VOL. LXX....No. 22,972. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1920. TWO CENTS

CARLTON PLANS TO USE CABLE DESPITE GOVERNMENT BAN

Declares Barbados-South American Line Will Be Operated From Havana Terminal.

ALSO PLANS MORE CABLES

Rival Company Asserts British Will Control Our Business and Diplomatic Messages.

DAVIS SHOWS OUR NEEDS

Secretary Tells Senate Committee Nation Is Handicapped by Loss of German Lines.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Newcomb Carlton, President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, told the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee today that his company intended to go ahead with the laying of a cable to South America, regardless of any action the State, War or Navy departments might pursue. This statement, said Mr. Carlton, was made not in defiance of the State Department, which had refused to permit a landing at Miami, Florida, as the American terminal of the new cable, but merely notice that the company intended to proceed on what it believed to be its rights. The revised plan, he said, would be to establish a new terminal at Havana, Cuba, and route the cable from there on to the Barbadoes and the east coast of South America.

Mr. Carlton explained that under such an arrangement, three short lines now in existence and laid under licenses obtained several years ago, would be used for transmission of press and other messages from Miami to Miami Beach and thence on to Havana, where the new cable would be available. The State Department, he said, had threatened to cut these lines if such a program was adopted, but he doubted this would be done as the lines carried a heavy percentage of the messages now entering South American countries.

The testimony of Mr. Carlton, in referring to the State Department, was often ironic and frequently caused laughter. While explaining tentative plans of his company for laying new cables to Europe and the Orient he said:

"We propose to undertake some of these projects in the not far distant future, but I think under the next Administration."

Advocates More Cable Lines.

The hearing today brought out for the first time a comprehensive discussion of the probable reasons why the State Department has refused to the Western Union permission to have a terminal for its proposed South American cable at Miami and has used torpedo boats and marines to see that the cable was not landed there. Secondly, there was a thorough discussion of the need for extending American cable facilities to Europe, South America and the Orient to "advertise" the United States and foster happy relations with nations.

Walter S. Rogers, a representative of the State Department at the International Communications Conference, described the United States as the "worst advertised country in the world" and to this Mr. Carlton agreed. He expressed the belief that satisfactory relations never would be established between the United States and Japan until cable facilities were established for the proper dissemination of news and diplomatic interchange. He also emphasized the necessity for the speedy construction of a cable to China and of direct cable service to Central and Northern Europe, Italy and South America.

There was an extended discussion also of the danger to American business interests because messages were transmitted over cables controlled by other nations.

Revelations concerning the differences between the Western Union and the State Department over the establishment of the Miami terminal came when Elihu Root Jr., as counsel for the All-America Cables, Inc., filed a brief in which the charge was made that by entering into an agreement with the Western Telegraph Company, a British concern, which has certain cable monopolies in Brazil as against American companies, the Western Union was aiding in bringing about a British controlled monopoly in the cable business to the most important points on the eastern coast of South America.

Alleges British Monopoly.

Mr. Root contended that the Western Union had agreed to give all of its messages from the United States to South America to this British-controlled company and that the establishment of a new cable with a landing terminal at Miami would make this possible.

The contention of Mr. Root was that unless the Western Union was permitted to establish its terminal for American messages at Miami and thus make effective its agreement with the British concern which holds monopolies in Brazil, that the chance of forcing a surrender of these monopolies would be defeated. On the other hand, he felt that the British company would surrender these monopolies, granted to it by the Brazilian Government, if the establishment of effective terminal in the United States at Miami through the Western Union was prevented.

It developed that the All-American Cables, Inc., held monopolies on the western coast of South America at several of the more important points.

An offer was then made to the All-American Cables, Inc., which formerly was the Central and South American Telegraph Company, that if it would agree to keep out of Brazil and all other ports of the east coast of South America, except the Argentine, subject to a

Continued on Page Two.

"HAVANA SPECIAL." Only Direct Through Train. Atlantic Coast Line. Office, 1246 Broadway. Tel. Longacre 3000.—Advt.

Public Oversubscribes New Certificates $200,000,000

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Secretary Houston announced tonight the oversubscription by $300,000,000 of the two issues of Treasury certificates offered last week. The total subscriptions aggregated over $700,000,000, the Secretary said, for the combined issue, which was for approximately $500,000,000.

The issues were offered to meet, in part, the $640,000,000 in maturities of certificates and interest payments due today and $300,000,000 maturing next month, as well as current expenses, which it is estimated the $650,000,000 due today from income taxes will not cover.

CHINA WINS PLACE ON LEAGUE COUNCIL

Successful Fight by Koo Puts Her in a Strong Position on Shantung.

FIGHT TRAFFIC IN WOMEN

Austria Admitted as a Member —Viviani Combats Plea for Germany.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Dec. 15.—A measure of transcendent political importance was taken by the League today when the Assembly elected China to the Council, thus crowning a brilliant fight by the youthful Wellington Koo to place his country in a stronger international position vis-à-vis Japan.

Koo has devoted himself to getting the Japanese out of Shantung. He hopes to have the League effect this. With China a member of the Council, which can act on all projects, Japanese as well as others, only by unanimity, it is conceded that she has won a very important success.

There are many factors in this result, but there is a single main one—it may be called sympathy for China or may be called anti-Japanese feeling. The result is the same. Tonight China belongs to the Council. A week ago tonight Baron Hayashi, head of the Japanese delegation, said he thought China might win a position of equality with Japan in the League in some ten or twenty years.

Spain, Brazil and Belgium were re-elected to their places as non-permanent members of the Council. China succeeds Greece.

On the first ballot Spain received 35 of the 40 votes cast. Brazil on the second ballot got 33 out of 40 votes. On the third ballot China got 19 and Belgium 16, there being no choice. On the fourth ballot Belgium got 24 and China 14. With 39 voting on the fifth ballot China got 21, a simple majority electing her.

Koo Waged Uphill Fight.

Three weeks ago the youthful Columbia University graduate began his fight and was scoffed at. As an honor given to him to keep him in good humor so that he would not bring up the Shantung question on the floor of the Assembly he was named as Chairman of the sub-committee to deal with the election of the four non-permanent members of the council. He succeeded in getting his sub-committee to report a project binding the Assembly to elect one member from a State not in North or South America or Europe.

This was adopted in the committee by 13 to 12. On the floor of the Assembly A. J. Balfour, head of the committee, fought Koo's project and it was watered down to the form of a recommendation.

Then Koo set out to get votes in true American style. It was while he was thus working that Hayashi gave out his now more or less famous interview casting grave reflections upon the worth of the Chinese Government. Koo replied gently and kept on working.

When the Assembly met this morning he had fourteen votes and needed twenty or twenty-one. They came to him from the smaller countries. It is not known tonight how Japan voted in the secret ballot, but England and France voted for China after Belgium had been elected, giving the allied powers control of the Council by five to three no matter who the three other members might be.

Gets Better Position on Shantung.

Koo is especially happy because he holds that when Shantung was assigned to Japan at the Paris Peace Conference the Chinese delegation was given to understand that the League would right any wrong that might come of it. Now as a member of the Council with a vote always necessary to unanimity, China,

Continued on Page Twelve.

OPEN SHOP HERE BETHLEHEM STEEL AIM, GRACE ADMITS

President of Corporation Tells Lockwood Committee It Is Better for Workers.

NO STEEL FOR UNION FIRMS

Wouldn't Care if New York Building Ceased for Lack of Material.

SUPPORTS NON-UNION MEN

Schwab Declines Invitation to Testify—Union Men Tell of Blacklist.

Eugene G. Grace, President of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, testifying yesterday before the Lockwood committee at the City Hall, admitted that his corporation was dictating to contractors and builders in New York and Philadelphia that they could buy fabricated steel only on condition that it be erected under open shop conditions. How far this policy would be extended throughout the country, he said, depended entirely on what effect he expected it to have "on our general labor situation."

Mr. Grace's admissions were made toward the close of a vigorous cross-examination by Samuel Untermyer, counsel to the Lockwood Committee, who, in an endeavor to force the witness to make a direct answer, repeated half a dozen times his question concerning the attitude of the fabricators toward the use made of their product after it was sold.

At first Mr. Grace said he did not believe in "dictation." Then he said he did not know whether such a condition was dictation or not. Finally he admitted his organization was not selling fabricated steel in the two great cities unless it was put up under "open shop" conditions.

The spectacle of Mr. Untermyer, credited with being the largest individual stockholder in the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, examining the President of the corporation, drew a great crowd which filled the aldermanic chamber. Mr. Grace, a wiry, alert man of the "live wire" type, took the stand briskly. There were audible comments from the crowd when it saw the steel magnate, who did not look his 58 years. The executive, said to be the highest-paid official in the world, whose annual salary and bonus several years ago were reported to be $1,000,000, was grilled by Mr. Untermyer for the better part of an hour.

Grace Defends "Open Shop."

Mr. Grace stanchly defended his corporation's "open shop" policy. Under the questions of Senator Abraham Kaplan, a member of the committee, the witness admitted that even if building construction in New York ceased as a result of the Bethlehem Corporation's "open shop" policy, the company would not give it up. Even if 95 per cent. of the 60,000 or 70,000 employes of the Bethlehem and subsidiary companies joined a union he would not recognize them as union men, but would treat with them as employes.

When asked by Mr. Untermyer whether he believed in collective bargaining, Mr. Grace said he did not know what collective bargaining meant, that he did not like the term, but said he knew what "employes' representation" was, as that was the system in vogue in the Bethlehem plants.

Mr. Grace was apparently cool and collected during the greater part of his experience. When Mr. Untermyer pressed him closely several times he mopped his face with a handkerchief and called for a glass of water. Only at one point did his quiet, businesslike demeanor desert him. That was when he made his admissions concerning the policy of his organization. The replies to the questions along this line he shouted angrily in a loud voice. Mr. Untermyer clapped his hands in glee and stroked his palms together gently, his face expanding into a broad smile.

Earlier in the day four union steel workers in the Pittsburgh district took the stand and told of being blacklisted by foremen in the steel mills because they were union men.

Letters read into the record during the testimony of Paul Starrett of the George A. Fuller Construction Company showed that Walter Drew, counsel to the National Erectors' Association, tried to prevent the Fuller company from obtaining a $3,125,000 contract for the erection of a building in Providence because the company used union men in

Continued on Page Three.

Deportation of Martens Is Expected; Secretary Wilson Said to Favor Step

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15 (Associated Press).—Deportation of Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, self-styled Russian Soviet Ambassador to the United States, is understood to have been virtually decided upon by Secretary of Labor Wilson, who has had the case under advisement since the conclusion a week ago in the deportation hearings.

Justification for Martens's deportation is understood to have been found by Secretary Wilson in the contentions of Immigration and Department of Justice authorities that the Bolshevist agent held office under the Soviet regime, which, they say, aims at the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force and violence. This, according to the expected ruling of the Secretary, brings Martens within the jurisdiction of the act of Congress of Oct. 16, 1918, providing for the deportation of any alien belonging to an organization whose purpose is the violent overthrow of the Government of the United States.

President Wilson, whom Secretary Wilson has consulted as to his opinion, is understood to have expressed himself as willing to approve the recommendation of the Secretary of Labor. The question of Martens's deportation is said to have been brought up at yesterday's Cabinet meeting and discussed generally.

PALL MALL—Russian coats to shield an Arctic chamois.—Advt.

SEE (6) MODEL CARS in a Little Home Theatre for INVESTIGATION. Open Sunday.—Advt.

Sixty Days' Grace for Tardy Taxpayers Provided in Bill Introduced in Congress

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Sixty days' grace for taxpayers who failed to present the last instalment of their income tax due today is provided in a bill introduced in the House this afternoon by Representative Edmonds of Pennsylvania. Mr. Edmonds says the purpose of his measure is to exempt from punishment those persons and firms unable to make the last payment of the tax because of stringent financial conditions.

Up to this time members of the House Ways and Means Committee have refused to take any action on the proposal to permit postponement of the last instalment of taxes and to reinstate the so-called "net loss" provision in the calculation of taxes. Some members are now understood to regard the Edmonds resolution with favor in as far as those who were able to pay their last instalment have already done so, while those who found it impossible are likely to suffer undue hardships if penalties are imposed. By the provision of this resolution they would be permitted to pay their taxes any time during the next sixty days plus 1 per cent. for each month of delay.

The resolution is as follows:

"Resolved by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, that all penalties from non-payment of taxes, excepting interest, enforceable under the act to provide revenue and for other purposes, approved Feb. 24, 1919, and due Dec. 15, 1920, shall and are hereby suspended for a period of sixty days, and shall be enforceable as of Feb. 15, 1921."

REPORT DE VALERA GOING TO ENGLAND

London Paper Says He Is Expected—He Left Here Three Days Ago.

PREMIER AIDS DISCUSSIONS

Permits O'Flanagan to See Griffith—Irish Priest Slain—Plots in Manchester.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—A rumor is current in London today that Eamon de Valera is likely to arrive here in a few days and that probably he will find no difficulty about landing. Inquiries in official circles tonight, however, tended to discredit the report altogether.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—A writer in The Evening Standard today says he learns from an authoritative source that Eamon de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," is expected to land in England in a few days.

The Home Office and officers of the Irish Self-Determination League say they have no information on the subject.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 15.—Eamon de Valera was not in Philadelphia tonight, according to local Irish leaders. He was not registered at any of the leading hotels and Joseph McGarrity, a close friend, said he was not in the city so far as he knew. Mr. McGarrity added that it was likely Mr. de Valera was in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Eamon de Valera was not registered tonight at the hotel at which he usually stops when in Washington. He could not be located at any other hotel in the city.

Eamon de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," who is reported by The London Evening Standard to be on his way to England, gave up his room here in the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel two or three days ago, hotel officials said, but they could give no information as to his present whereabouts.

When he left with his secretary, Harry Boland, de Valera gave instructions that all mail and telegrams should be sent to the Irish-American Club at 411 Fifth Avenue. There was no one at that address last night. Dr. W. J. Maloney, a friend of de Valera, declared last night that the Irish leader, who is in poor health, is believed to be in Philadelphia and that he intends going to Atlantic City to recuperate.

A statement by de Valera, supporting the stand of "Acting President" Griffith, advising the Irish people to hold fast, was given out at his office here last night. The statement said that Premier Lloyd George "surely does not think the world will take his peace offer seriously when the men who alone can speak for the people of Ireland are locked up in English prisons." It also said that de Valera fully endorsed the message of "Acting President" Arthur Griffith, advising the Irish people to hold fast: that he was ready to discuss a treaty of peace between the two nations, that he had full confidence in the men who still were "carrying on" in Ireland and that he had not asked for Premier Lloyd George's "permission to come to America" and would not ask for it "when the time came" for his return to Ireland.

Premier Permits Discussions.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—Premier Lloyd George today sent a reply to the recent request by the Rev. Michael O'Flanagan, Acting President of the Sinn Fein, that time be accorded in which to consult with Eamon de Valera and Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Fein and now under arrest, respecting the endeavors being made to bring about a truce in Ireland.

The Premier in his reply informed Father O'Flanagan that facilities would be afforded him for seeing Arthur Griffith. Regarding de Valera, the Premier wrote:

"The ordinary methods of communication with America are fully open to you.

"I sincerely trust," the Premier continued, "that as the outcome of the activities of all men of peace and goodwill, the policy of those who seek to attain their political ends by violence will be finally abandoned and the people of Ireland will be free to return to their constitutional methods by which alone their responsible legislatures can be obtained. I am hopeful as one who reads in human hearts that the coming season of Christmas will allay the passions which are provoking the present lamentable conflagration, and so pave the way for frank and peaceful discussion of all the elected representatives of the Irish

Continued on Page Twenty.

NAVAL BALLOONISTS ARE STILL MISSING

Rockaway Station Without Word of 3 Who Left Monday in a Free Balloon.

AIR OFFICERS YET HOPEFUL

Believe Descent May Have Occurred in Adirondacks or Canadian Wilderness.

Sixty hours after a free spherical balloon with three Lieutenants as passengers left the naval air station at Rockaway Point on an experimental flight to Canada, officers at the air station still were without information as to its fate last midnight and anxious inquiry all through the Adirondacks, where it was reported to have come to grief, brought no information as to what became of the craft after it was sighted near Wells, N. Y., Monday night.

Despite the fact that an object so large had not been seen and reported for such an extended period, officers at the air station maintained their optimism and reiterated their belief that the three aeronauts—Lieutenants Walter Hinton, veteran of the NC-4's pioneer transatlantic flight; Stephen A. Farrell and A. L. Klose—would turn up in good shape. At the station it was said no official report had been sent to the Navy Department at Washington and no official action had been reported from there.

Investigation of the report that the balloon had crashed into the side of Fork Mountain, near Wells, and that shortly thereafter its occupants had built a distress signal fire, but were cut off from aid by the height of the Sacandaga River, led to doubt being cast upon the accuracy of that version. It was reported last night from Gloversville that the inference the balloon was in distress had been drawn because it was flying low and one of the officers had shouted an inquiry as to the distance and direction of Albany. This later report said the balloon had continued toward Indian Lake, in Hamilton County, and that forest rangers held the opinion high winds would carry it to the wilderness northwest of Wells.

All day yesterday brother officers at the air station clung to the hope that a safe descent had been made in some isolated spot and that the men would work their way to some point of communication and send advice of their safety. No such message came.

Information from the Adirondacks was that the woods were deserted a few days ago by fire observers who keep vigil in the Summer and Fall and that there were very few persons in the woods except scattered lumbermen. The whole region is covered with more than two feet of soft snow and while the smaller lakes in which it abounds are covered with a thin crust of ice, the larger lakes are not frozen at all. None of them, it was said, could support the weight of the balloon. There has been a terrific gale sweeping the whole mountainous region for the past two days and old-time woodsmen believed if the balloon had kept aloft it was swept into Quebec or Ontario.

The airmen were supplied with several days' rations, including liquids in thermos bottles, and all wore fur-lined flying clothes. Because they were thus equipped and all were regarded as resourceful men who had battled their way before through the perils of their calling, no great anxiety was felt in the service over the possibility that they had been forced to descend somewhere in the wilderness far from human habitation. It was believed if such had been the outcome of the voyage the worst that would befall them would be severe hardship before they worked their way to safety.

The officers took with them three homing pigeons. One returned two hours after the flight started, reporting the balloon over the Brooklyn Navy Yard. Neither of the others came yesterday. Officers at the station still believed, however, that their non-arrival had no sinister meaning, but was due probably to their habit of not flying in rainy weather.

REPORTS MARKETS BY RADIO

Federal Bureau to Send Out Prices by Wireless Daily.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The Bureau of Markets began today an experimental distribution of a six hundred word market report by wireless. The service will be given daily at five o'clock in the afternoon through the wireless station of the Bureau of Standards. The service is designed for a radius of [illegible] miles and is said to associate operators for receiving it in every part, altogether [illegible] and experienced operators [illegible].

The report includes quotations on [illegible] Kansas City, Omaha, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Chicago, Milwaukee, Peoria, Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis, Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Boston, New York, Baltimore, Richmond, Norfolk, Atlanta, Memphis, New Orleans, Galveston, Houston, Fort Worth, Dallas, Denver, Portland, Seattle, San Francisco, Los Angeles and other principal markets.

EDWARDS FIGURES TAX PAYMENTS HERE $35,000,000 SHORT

Estimates Only Two-Thirds of Last Instalment Was Paid Yesterday.

MANY REASONS OFFERED

Some Say They Are "Broke," Others Claim Reductions in Old and New Returns.

BEHIND IN OTHER CITIES

Chicago Owes $10,000,000, New Jersey $7,000,000, St. Louis and Detroit Behind.

Payments of the fourth instalment of income and excess profits taxes for 1919, due yesterday, will be between $30,000,000 and $40,000,000 less than the $100,000,000 which was expected, the Manhattan district, William H. Edwards, Collector of Internal Revenue, estimated at midnight last night.

The falling off, the Collector said, was due not only to the confessed inability of hundreds of taxpayers, including some whose income last year ran into seven figures, to meet their obligations, but also to the claims for abatements and reductions on payments already made on tentative returns and to decreased payments on new returns filed, as the law allows, by some corporations at the end of their fiscal year and therefore affected by the business depression of the early part of 1920.

Mr. Edwards declined to estimate the total amount of revenue the Government would fall behind in this, its greatest revenue producing district, because of the present financial embarrassment of individuals and corporations who made great profits in 1918 and failed to set aside money to pay their taxes as they fell due in 1920.

Although the time limit expired at midnight, payments made by mail and postmarked before midnight will be accepted and the Collector said that he believed that many of those who had appealed to him for an extension of time, which he was powerless to grant, would resort to loans to raise the money.

The largest single payment yesterday was $120,000. Mr. Edwards said that the heads of the department present had told him from disclosing whether the taxpayers referred to Tuesday and during his inability to pay $700,000, a quarterly payment on a tax of $2,800,000, had managed to gather the money to meet the payment.

"I am Dead Broke," a Familiar Cry.

"I am dead broke," was a confession recurring again and again in the letters received by the Collector, pleading for more time. Others said that they were "short of available cash"; some pleaded that to pay their obligation to the Government they would have to sell stock and take a big loss; many pleaded that customers had not made good on contracts in cases where the purchase price declined.

One firm, owing $300,000 taxes, asked two months' extension on the plea that they "had no ready money." Another concern wrote that their business was largely with firms in South America, where conditions were bad, and that they were not receiving any remittances. Brokers pleaded that they could not afford to sell stocks now to meet the payment.

Some of the taxpayers, evidently attempting to give an appearance of good faith, sent promissory notes. One of the notes received yesterday was for a $50,000 payment, and was made out for a period of six months. Still others sent Liberty bonds, which are not legal payment for taxes.

"I will send the Liberty bonds to the office in Washington for decision as to whether to hold the taxpayers liable," said Mr. Edwards. "Those people have made an honest effort, apparently, to pay the tax."

Preferred to Pay Penalty.

From the letters and statements to the Collector, however, it appeared that many millions went unpaid because the taxpayers preferred to pay interest and penalties rather than sell securities on the markets or sacrifice other property. This attitude was encouraged by the interpretation of the clauses relating to penalties in Regulations 62 of the Internal Revenue Bureau, which provides that the delinquent taxpayer shall not be liable for the payment of his delinquency and ten days thereafter, but would be forced merely to pay interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum. The penalty of 5 per cent. and 1 per cent. a month, which the law imposes on delinquents, would, by this interpretation, not be operative during this period.

Collector Edwards said last night that it would probably be six weeks before these formal notices were sent out to the delinquents. If this interpretation of the law is correct, taxpayers, particularly those who are only a few days behind in their payments, will be able to pay their money for two months or ten days after the dates when they are ordered to pay. It is believed that a more favorable interpretation of their financial condition will be given to delinquent taxpayers.

Collector Edwards would not say whether the Department of Justice would prosecute delinquents.

Would Have President Take Office Quickly

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—A constitutional amendment to make the terms of Senators and Representatives begin the first Monday in December, following November elections, instead of March 4, was offered today by Representative McArthur, Republican, of Oregon. It automatically shortens the short session of Congress and legislation by defeated members.

Section 2 fixes the second Monday in December as the date for the new President to assume office, leaving the week between the opening of Congress and the inauguration for Congressional canvass of the vote for President. It provides also that in case no majority is given any candidate in the Electoral College, the House would elect a President by membership vote rather than by States.

MAY NOT CONFIRM WILSON NOMINEES

But Senate May Let Tumulty Through If He Is Appointed to Customs Court.

OTHER CIVILIANS DOOMED

No General Officers of Army Will Be Approved Owing to the Snarl Over Edwards.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The Republican Senators will decide soon in a formal way as to their attitude toward nominations sent in for confirmation by President Wilson, but they have already an informal understanding, that hundreds of nominations for civil offices will not be acted upon. What will be done about promotions and new appointments in the Army, Navy and Marine Corps is yet to be settled.

The only civil nomination mentioned as having a chance of confirmation is that of Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to the President, to be a member of the Court of Customs Appeals. If Mr. Tumulty should accept the President's proffer of this office, the nomination, it is said, might be confirmed as he was Secretary to the President.

The Committee on Military Affairs is to consider thousands of nominations for commissions in the Army under the selection law. Some Senators think that favoritism was shown in some selections, but hold, nevertheless, that it might be as well to permit confirmation. Others believe in holding up the entire list for re-examination of the qualifications of those eligible for promotion.

All the selections of Major Generals and Brigadier Generals, however, are to be held up until Harding assumes office. The New England Senators will oppose all confirmation of general officers on account of alleged discrimination against Brigadier General Clarence R. Edwards, who commanded the Twenty-sixth Division in the war. Edwards has been a Brigadier General since May, 1918, has been jumped several times in promotions to the rank of Major General. Two batches of officers, promoted to Major General as a consequence of the war, were jumped over Edwards, and all of a group of eleven nominations for Major General, now pending, are Edwards's juniors in the army.

It is probable that naval nominations that represent promotions in a routine way will be confirmed. Nominations of heads of bureaus are likely to wait. These places are filled by selection of the Secretary of the Navy, with the approval of the President, and each bureau chief is appointed for four years. There are vacancies now in the positions of Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, Paymaster General and Chief of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Surgeon General and Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.

These will probably be left for the Secretary of the Navy in the Harding Cabinet to fill.

No opposition appears to the nomination of Major Gen. John A. Lejeune as Commandant of the Marine Corps, despite the alleged summary method of displacing Brig. Gen. George Barnett as Commandant. General Lejeune is well thought of on account of his record.

TRAIN KILLS 3 IN AUTO IN EAST ORANGE CRASH

Car and Its Occupants Hurled 30 Feet—Gateman, Only Witness of Accident, Innocent.

Special to The New York Times.

EAST ORANGE, N. J., Dec. 15.—An eastbound passenger train on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad struck an automobile at the grade crossing at the foot of Main street here at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon, instantly killing three occupants, wounding two others and wrecking the machine. Those killed were Mrs. Edward [illegible] of 23 Maple Avenue.

In the crash their automobile was thrown thirty feet from the crossing and the engine and several cars of the train were derailed. The wreck delayed traffic on the line for several hours.

TWO GUNMEN HOLD BANDITS IN BATTLE IN THE HOTEL ASTOR

Room Wrecked, One Bandit Captured, Guest Injured, in Wild Melee at 8 o'Clock.

WOMEN FIGHT BY HUSBANDS

Policeman on Times Square Sees Combat Through Broken Window, Goes to Rescue.

WOMAN DAGGED AND ROBBED

Held-up Man Enters Home as "Detectives," Gets $7,000—Ten Days' Thefts Total $100,000.

Beaming through the upstairs corridors of the Hotel Astor in search of opportunities, three hold-up men last evening burst into a suite where two men and their wives were preparing for dinner and boldly attempted to carry out a hastily framed plan of robbery.

In the fight that followed one of the rooms was wrecked, broken glass tinkled down on the thronged sidewalk near Broadway and one of the guests was painfully injured. Before police and house detectives arrived, the men and their wives had routed two of the armed hold-up men and knocked the third unconscious—all within sight and sound of the lights and crowds of Times Square.

Credit for the sharp fight that swept the robbers to defeat was given to the two women by their husbands, who declared their wives more than once snatched them out of tight corners by harassing the hold-up men with slaps and loud screams. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Owen C. Linthgrate of 28 Riverside Avenue, Red Bank, N. J., and Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Worley of 18 Myrtle Avenue, Newark, N. J.

Mr. Linthgrate is President and director of the Linthgrate Oil Burner Company, Bayonne, and Mr. Worley is sales draftsman for the Wilmarth-Lewis Aircraft Corporation of Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.

Guests and Hold-up Meet.

The visitors came to the city early in the week, to attend the motorboat show at the Grand Central Palace, and were assigned to a suite on the second floor of the Astor, on the Forty-fifth Street side of the hotel, near Broadway. At 8 o'clock last evening the couples left the lobby of the hotel to go up stairs to dress for dinner. They left their key hanging on the outside of the door.

A few minutes after they had reached their suite Mrs. Linthgrate was startled by a shrieking noise at the door and thought some one was there with a message for her husband. While she was on her way across the room to admit the expected messenger the door was opened slowly at first, and then clung back with sudden motion.

Startled, the four persons in the room suddenly faced the door, where three masked and armed men were standing. One of the men, in a low voice, said:

"Throw up your hands. Don't move. We mean business!"

The command was emphasized with a menacing move of three pistols, and the two men in the room whispered warnings to their wives to obey the commands and to give up their jewels without commotion.

The armed men stepped cautiously into the room and carefully closed the door. Then the man who appeared to be the leader ordered one of his men to take Worley into the bathroom and "keep him there."

"No Noise, No Nervousness, or We Shoot."

"Hey," said he, "take that bird in there, and don't let him out. Don't let him out, I said. Take his stuff and if he yells, kill him.

"Now, ladies," glancing at his other victims, "no noise, no nervousness, or we'll shoot."

While the leader was delivering these warnings the third robber stepped on to Linthgrate and started to go through his pockets. As he finished he held up the pistol so the leader could see the gems women of their rings and jewels.

Talking a desperate streak, Linthgrate [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

blackjacks into action, the women came up close, screaming and slapping the robbers. One of them detached himself from the fighters and kicked at Mrs. Linthwaite, who was unable to get out of the way. She staggered across the room and fell against a window, smashing it.

Tinkling glass falling to the sidewalk caught the ear of Patrolman Thomas J. Tiffany of Traffic Squad B, who was on duty in Times Square at Forty-fifth Street. He looked up and saw the empty window frame, caught a glimpse of the battle and heard the cries. Hundreds of other persons in the theatre crowds also caught these signs of conflict and stood on the corner opposite the hotel, catching glimpses of the battle as it swayed to and fro in the second-story window.

Policeman Comes to Rescue.

Pistol in hand, Tiffany charged through the crowds to the Forty-fifth Street carriage entrance of the Astor and called to John J. Byrnes, the house detective, who was patroling the "Peacock Alley" there. They hurried upstairs, reinforced by a number of excited clerks, managers and bell boys.

Scenting danger, the leader of the gang called to his comrades to retreat. He led the way as fast as he could run and was out of the corridor before Patrolman Tiffany could get out. Nobody knows how he and his companion got out of the hotel without being seen, because every exit was closely watched, as the report of the robbery was scattered over the big hotel by the employes.

Linthwaite and Worley, both semi-dazed by the heavy blows they had received, were knocked down again as the robbers made a break for the door, but they got up in time to seize the feet of the last man, who was thrown to the floor. He was partly dazed, too, and when the rescuers reached the room they found him smothered by two determined men and two more determined women.

Captured Bandit Tells Story.

The captured robber was taken to the West Forty-seventh Street Station, where he told of the attempted robbery. He described himself as Clarence Handlabee, 26 years old, of Richmond, Va., and said he had worked as a bell boy in several hotels in this city. He denied the Astor was one of the hotels, but the police called in Astor employes in attempts to identify him.

This prisoner said he met two men in a saloon at Eighth Avenue and Forty-third Street early this week and they decided they would get some pistols and blackjacks and go into the robbery business. They decided, from their knowledge of hotels that they could find some easy money among careless guests, and their first week or a trip to Newark for pistols and blackjacks.

Ready for the first job he said he and his associates decided to try the Astor last evening. He said it was decided that the man known to him only as "Al" was to be the director of plotting and operations, and that he and "Shorty" were to carry out without question all commands of the leader.

He would not tell how he and his companions got by the elevator starters or tell whether they had used some back stairway.

"Oh, that's nothing—not important," he said. "That's easy enough to get up stairs."

According to the police, he and his companions roamed through the corridors, trying doors and looking for rooms left open by careless guests. They had not expected to find so many persons in Room 152—nor so many noisy and determined fighters. For all this trouble, the robbers escaped with only the $92 which one of them had taken from Mr. Linthwaite's pocket. All the other loot was scattered over the floor and was quickly recovered.

Neither Mr. Linthwaite nor Mr. Worley was seriously injured in the combat. They received only bruises. Their wives were not unnerved either, but referred to it as "some experience." Then they went to dinner—only thirty minutes late.

$100,000 IN ROBBERIES IN TEN DAYS REVEALED

Holdup Man Enters Apartment as "Detective," Gags Woman and Gets $7,000 in Gems.

Facts of about fifteen robberies and burglaries, with losses near $100,000, and all perpetrated in the last ten days, became known yesterday despite police warnings to the victims to keep their misfortunes to themselves.

Under circumstances similar to the robbery of Mrs. Charlotte King Palmer a month ago, a lone robber gagged and bound Mrs. Abraham Gettler in her apartment at 644 Riverside Drive last week and stole more than $7,000 worth of gems. The thief, described as a able and well-dressed, represented himself as a detective working on the theft of several thousand dollars' worth of jewels from Mrs. A. Lippman, Mrs. Gettler's mother, who lives at Riverside Drive and 157th Street. The police also had suspected the report of the Lippman robbery.

According to her friends, Mrs. Gettler returned from a shopping trip about noon last Wednesday and instructed the ice man to deliver ice at her apartment within a few minutes. When she came he heard suspicious noises in the apartment and no one answered the bell.

Mrs. Gettler had just taken off her coat upon entering the apartment when a man rang the bell and said to her:

"I have come to investigate the loss of your mother's jewels."

Threatened With Pistol.

"Well, detective or not, you can't come in here," replied Mrs. Gettler. "I haven't asked you to come."

"We'll see about that. Here I come," said the "detective," taking a pistol from his coat pocket and pushing her aside. "Now you scream and I'll kill you."

The robber pushed Mrs. Gettler into the kitchen, threw her to the floor, gagged her and bound her hands and feet with wire. This finished, he ordered her to a closet and locked her in. Her rings and bracelets were torn from her, and then the thief spent ten minutes more ransacking the house.

A few minutes after the man had departed the gag slipped from Mrs. Gettler's mouth and she screamed and managed to beat upon the door of the closet with her bound feet. The iceman heard these noises and called the Superintendent.

A report of the robbery was made to the police of the West 152d Street Station, who sent detectives to investigate. They advised silence, and, according to Mrs. Gettler's friends, have not been back since or made any report to the Gettlers of progress on the case. The police of the West 152d Street Station would not discuss the case, except to say "it happened a month ago."

Although Mrs. Lippman did not tell of her robbery, leaving the police free to work on the case unhampered by "publicity," her gems have not been recovered. The thief who visited Mrs. Gettler seemed familiar with the details of Mrs. Lippman's loss, and the family thinks the same man had a hand in both robberies.

Opera Singer Is Robbed.

It also became known that thieves had stolen a ring from Anna Fitziu, the opera singer, within the last ten days. At the home of Miss Fitziu, 246 West Seventieth Street, information about the loss was refused—under police instructions—but it was confirmed that nothing had been stolen. A robbery with small loss also was reported in the home of Duncan Sterling, a broker, at 42 East Seventy-second Street. The loss there was small.

More than $8,000 worth of furs were stolen from Meshekow Brothers of 36 West Twenty-fifth Street on Tuesday night. Thieves would have to use a motor truck or some other large conveyance to carry this much loot away. Similar robberies were reported unofficially to have taken place at the United Shirt Company, at 1,791 First Avenue, where $5,000 worth of goods were stolen; the Marton Manufacturing Company, of 15 East Thirtieth, the New Diamond Point Pen Company of 120 Lafayette Street, with $2,000 loss; the Kemlar Dress Company of 660 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn, $6,000 loss; William Jackman & Sons of 38 West Thirty-fifth Street, $6,000 loss; George Black of 12 East Forty-second Street, $800; B. Ratowsky of 21 West Thirty-fourth Street, and the Merit Fur Dyeing and Dress Company of 35 Delavan Street, Brooklyn, $5,000.

Several Homes Are Robbed.

Several jewel robberies in apartment houses and private homes also were reported. Some of them were, Edgar Bennett of 350 Crown Street, Brooklyn, $3,000; Samuel H. Cohen of 572 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, $1,500 loss, and J. Karp of 51 East Ninety-seventh Street, $3,000 loss.

Other daylight robberies also were reported. Benjamin Bobowski told the police of the Stagg Street Station, Brooklyn, that he had been chloroformed and robbed in the drug store of Dr. Simon Saffer, 45 Union Avenue, Brooklyn. He said three men, one in sailor's uniform, entered the store and asked for gumdrops. While he was getting the candy the men seized him, and one snatched a choloroform bottle from a shelf and applied a wet cloth to his face. He said about $33 was taken from the cash register.

In a similar robbery four men stole $1,000 from the Lincoln Pharmacy at Mount Vernon Tuesday evening. The men wore masks and took their time going through the safe and the pockets of the clerk and two men who were in the place. Valuable information on the robbery was furnished the police by two ten-year-old girls who entered the place to buy candy while the robbery was in progress. The masked men chased the children out. One arrest was made.

Shots Fired in Chase.

Shots were fired at Broadway and Flushing Avenue, Brooklyn, by detectives of the Vernon Avenue Station, who were trying to catch two men charged with theft. According to the complainants, the men had stolen overcoats from a synagogue at 22 Sumner Place, Brooklyn, and then fled with a couple of pursuers at their heels. Two detectives were in the throng of Christmas shoppers at Vernon Avenue when the crowd approached. They joined the chase, which led them through an elevated station, back down the stairs, and thence for several blocks. The two men were held without bail on grand larceny charges.

Edward Marks of 111 East 116th Street, who was arrested on Tuesday in a jewelry store robbery in Harlem, was identified by Henry Miller of 100 East 114th Street as the man who robbed and shot him in Central Park on Nov. 10. Marks was held in $75,000 bail on the two charges of robbery.

Pleading guilty to an indictment charging robbery in the first degree, Leroy Green, a negro, was sentenced to not less than ten years in Sing Sing in the Westchester County Court yesterday. He stole $30,000 worth of gems from Mrs. David S. Luke of Tarrytown.

MRS. O'GRADY DENIES NEAR-PANIC CHARGES

Says She and Her Police Women Were Careful to Avoid Disturbances in Theatres.

Mrs. Ellen A. O'Grady, who resigned last Monday as Fifth Deputy Police Commissioner in charge of welfare work, yesterday denied the statement of Sydney S. Cohen, President of the Motion Picture Exhibitors' League, that she and her police women nearly caused panics in motion picture theatres by interfering with men and women who took their children to theatres.

From the beginning of my work of compelling the motion picture theatre proprietors to live up to the law prohibiting the admission of children to motion picture houses unless escorted by their parents or lawful guardians I made it clear to the police women under me that they must not cause a scare in the theatres when making investigations.

"It is strange that no complaint against either myself or any of the police women ever was made to me by the Police Commissioner or any of the motion picture theatre proprietors. That should be proof against such a charge. It frequently was necessary for the police women to follow suspected men and women into theatres, but they always went about their work very carefully.

"The usual thing was to send an usher to the man or woman and request them to bring the child to the lobby, where they would be questioned."

Mrs. O'Grady said she had sent a formal, written resignation to Commissioner Enright by her daughter, Florence, earlier in the day. She said she had obtained an indefinite leave of absence as a probation officer when appointed Fifth Deputy Commissioner on Jan. 27, 1918, and it was necessary for her to file a formal resignation in order to return to that work.

"I was a probation officer for seventeen years," she said, "and in a few years I shall be entitled to a pension, which I don't intend to lose."

She said she had received hundreds of letters since she resigned, all of them praising her stand. Many of the letters were from civic organizations asking her to address them on her experiences in the Police Department, but she did not intend to avail herself of the invitations because she needed a rest.

William Jay Schieffelin, Chairman of the Citizens Union, issued a statement yesterday in connection with Mrs. O'Grady's charge that motion picture theatre proprietors were demanding immunity from arrest for welfare violations because of their contributions to the Police Hospital Fund.

"Mrs. O'Grady's statement of the reasons for her resignation as Fifth Deputy Police Commissioner contains several significant points," declared Mr. Schieffelin, "but nothing more important than her revelation upon actual knowledge that persons whose business is properly subject to police supervision have bought exemption therefrom by contributions to one or more of the numerous drives to which the activities of the police have been misdirected.

"The condition thus exposed is most serious in its consequences to the public safety and morale. And it makes no difference whether contributors actually purchase immunity or are merely led to believe they do. In either case the practice of using the police to solicit funds is a sinister abuse of official power."

POLICE KILL ROBBER.

Companion and Driver of Car Captured in South Norwalk.

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., Dec. 15.—Two men who were robbing a store here early today were shot by the police, one being killed. The wounded man gave the name of Thomas La Conte, 22, of East 103d Street, New York City.

The dead man was later identified as Fred Grillo of New Haven. He had served sentences in jail and State prison and at New Haven was regarded as a dangerous man. The two men were held by the police of this city and New Haven to be members of a gang which has been robbing stores and houses from New Haven to Greenwich for the last six months.

George Muldello, driver of the automobile in which the two men were to make their "get-away," was captured while asleep in a Stamford hotel. He had an automatic pistol beneath his pillow.

JAIL LORIMER'S PARTNER.

C. B. Munday Loses Last Appeal After Six-Year Fight.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Charles B. Munday, partner of ex-Senator Lorimer, convicted of wrecking the La Salle Street Trust and Savings Bank in 1914, entered the penitentiary at Joliet today. Since his conviction soon after the financial collapse Munday has been fighting to avert a prison sentence, but his last appeal was lost yesterday.

He was sentenced to serve three years. By good behavior this may be shortened by six months.

Van Reed to Die in Chair Jan. 24.

Harry Van Reed, a soldier, was sentenced to die in the electric chair during the week of Jan. 24, by Judge Crain in General Sessions yesterday, for the murder of Max Rabinowitz, a furrier and dealer in Liberty bonds at 223 West Thirty-fourth Street, on Sept. 15. Van Reed shot Rabinowitz, who resisted his attempted hold-up, and wounded Mrs. Rabinowitz, who was principal witness against the soldier. Sheriff Knott took him to Sing Sing yesterday.

ENRIGHT'S POWERS CLIPPED BY MAYOR

Authority to Reinstate Policemen Is Transferred to a Board of Review.

RETURNS TO MITCHEL PLAN

O'Brien, One Member of Board, Refers Questioners to Hylan, Who Refuses to Be Seen.

Power to reinstate dismissed policemen has been taken from Commissioner Enright by the Mayor and lodged in a board of three members—John P. O'Brien, Corporation Counsel; T. J. Drennan, Fire Commissioner, and W. J. Lahey, Chief Inspector of the department. Although this board was appointed several weeks ago, the fact became known only yesterday. So far as could be learned it has not yet begun to function.

The change came about because of many complaints that Commissioner Enright had made wholesale reinstatements. For a long time the Mayor ignored the complaints, but finally decided to restore a method used under Mayor Mitchel, who established a Board of Review to pass on all reinstatements. Mayor Hylan changed this when he took office and policemen and firemen seeking reinstatement had to apply to him. They were referred to the Police or Fire Commissioner, as the case might be, who investigated each complaint and reported back to the Mayor.

Corporation Counsel O'Brien was unwilling to discuss the new plan.

"You will have to see the Mayor about it," he said. "I am not familiar with the details. Why don't you write about something else? Take the electric rate case, for instance: I am willing to tell you all about that. You see, my relations with the Mayor are very much the same as the relations between lawyer and client, and until the matter has reached the courts I am not at liberty to discuss it. In regard to the raise in rates for electricity, to take effect on Dec. 1, it is different, for that matter has already reached the courts."

An attempt to discuss the matter with the Mayor ended in failure. He sent word from his office that he could not be seen.

The reinstatement of dismissed firemen has also been put into the hands of a board consisting of the Police Commissioner, the Corporation Counsel and Fire Commissioner. In regard to both policemen and firemen, the final decision regarding their reinstatement, it is said, lies with the Mayor.

POLICE 'INTIMIDATED,' VOTE 7-1 FOR HOSPITAL

Incomplete Returns Given Out by Enright Show 7,407 for Project to 1,116 Against.

Incomplete returns from the official "referendum" on the proposed $5,000,000 Police Hospital were announced yesterday in Commissioner Enright's office. Of the 8,523 votes counted, 7,407 policemen had approved the project, while only 1,116 opposed it—a vote of 7 to 1. The overwhelming results caused no surprise among members of the force.

"We had to favor the scheme," they said. "We had to sign our ballots. We had to give our shield numbers. It was a 'referendum under duress.' We had to vote 'Yes.' What else could we do?"

And they told of methods of intimidation. Policemen who had opposed the project were taken aside by superiors and significantly asked if they were going to "vote regular." They took this to mean that a vote against the hospital would incur distavor. And in proof of this, they point to stations where no electioneering was done.

At Bedford Avenue Station, Brooklyn, they declared, neither Captain Louis Kreuscher nor his subordinate officers spoke to the men, with a result almost unanimous against the scheme. Seventy-six men under Captain "Honest Dan" Costigan in the Brownsville Station voted against the hospital while only six favored it and in several precincts in Inspector Cahalane's district in Harlem the vote against the hospital was more than 15 to 1.

The policemen said that while the "official" vote indicated an overwhelming majority for the Commissioner's project, the action of the delegates of the Patrolmen's Benevolent Association Tuesday revealed the true sentiment of the force. They voted 105 to 5 against the scheme.

In announcing the incomplete returns Headquarters said approximately 2,000 more votes were to be recorded. Some of the men, it was said, were attached to the Detective Division and did not appear in precincts in time to vote; others were away on leaves of absence. But all, it was said, would have an opportunity to vote.

Commissioner Enright, it was learned, supervised the counting of the votes by policemen in his office. Soon after they were totaled R. A. C. Smith, a member of the Board of Directors of the proposed police hospital, and Bayron G. Collier, Chairman of the Publicity Committee, called on the Commissioner. A few minutes later Mr. Enright said he would make no statement on the result until all the votes were counted.

While some policemen were delivering the voting lists to headquarters in the morning others were observed with letters to be mailed to members of the Police Lieutenants' Association. The letters were written by Acting Captain John E. Ayres, in charge of the Missing Persons Bureau, who is understood to be the choice of Commissioner Enright for re-election as President of the organization. The annual election is to be held in the Police Club in Riverside Drive this afternoon.

The candidacy of Acting Captain Ayres is being opposed by Lieutenant Thomas P. Cummings of the First Inspection District, who openly opposed Mr. Enright a year ago when the Commissioner asked the organization to back certain police bills before the Legislature. Lieutenant Cummings, Recorder of the organization, was attached to the Chief Inspector's office at that time, but his transfer to desk duty in the First District soon followed.

Commissioner Enright for many years was President of the Lieutenants' organization, and the outcome of the election, it was said, would demonstrate whether he still held the sway in the organization.

WOULD IMPOSE LIFE TERM.

Boston Judge Says Robbery Should Be So Punished.

BOSTON, Dec. 15.—Men convicted of robbery should receive life sentences, Judge Dubuque said in the Superior Court today, adding that he had in the past imposed such sentences.

"Robbery stands next to murder in seriousness. Conditions are getting more serious and in large cities it has become unsafe for a man to walk at night," the Court declared. "The barbarism of these hold-ups knows no respect for law, morals or order. If I had my way I would send every man convicted of robbery to State prison for life."

Of four men before him on pleas of guilty of robbery at gun-point from an East Boston storekeeper of $70, two received reformatory sentences of three years. The sentencing of the other men was postponed.

THIRTY-SIX BOOKS CALLED WORTH WHILE

New York Public Library Selects a Shelf of Literature Upon Request.

The five-foot shelf of books, once considered a novelty, having become an accepted idea, the New York Public Library has now issued a list with a short statement, headed "Thirty-six Books." This list, it is explained, is not a list of classics, and does not pretend to include all the great masterpieces of literature. Some of the greatest books in the world—the Bible and Shakespeare, for example—were excluded at the start, "because everybody is supposed to know about them."

The New York Library compiled the list of thirty-six at the request of a news syndicate, which asked for the names of thirty-six good books which a man or a woman might read as a Winter program of self-development." Following is the list which was furnished in answer to the request:

"Kim," by Kipling.
"The Servant of the Native," by Hardy.
"The Call of the Wild," by London.
"Adventures of Huckleberry Finn," by Mark Twain.
"Tono-Bungay," by Wells.
"The House of Seven Gables," by Hawthorne.
"The Rise of Silas Lapham," by Howells.
"Tales," by Poe.
"Cricket and the Hearth," by Reade.
"Island Nights' Enchantments," by Stevenson.
"Vanity Fair," by Thackeray.
"A Tale of Two Cities," by Dickens.
"Leaves of Grass," by Whitman.
"The Golden Treasury of Songs and Lyrics," compiled by Palgrave.
"Verse," inclusive edition, 1885-1918, by Kipling.
"The New Poetry," an anthology, by Monroe and Henderson.
"Discovery of America," by Fiske. Two volumes.
"France and England in North America," by Parkman. Eight volumes.
"History of the United States from the Compromise of 1850," by Rhodes. Eight volumes.
"The American Commonwealth," by Bryce.
"Life and Letters of Lord Macaulay," by Trevelyan. Two volumes.
"Life of Benjamin Franklin," by himself.
"Life of Johnson," by Boswell.
"Life of Benvenuto Cellini," by himself, translated by Symonds.
"Mark Twain," a biography, by Paine. Three volumes.
"Letters to His Children," by Roosevelt.
"Walden," or "Life in the Woods," by Thoreau.
"The Book of a Naturalist," by W. H. Hudson.
"Alice's Adventures in Wonderland," by Carroll.
"Dissertations by Mr. Dooley," by Dunne.
"Ruddy Gringe," by Stockton.
"The Wind in the Willows," by Grahame.
"Interpretations of Literature," by Hearn. Two volumes.
"Essays," by Emerson.
"Essays of Elia," by Lamb.
"Three Plays for Puritans," by Shaw.

The number, thirty-six, says the Library, has no special significance but was the figure set by the syndicate. And it is not a list of the thirty-six "best" books.

"Nobody can say which are the thirty-six 'best' or the hundred 'best' books. It depends on the purpose of the books—'best' for what? Nor is this a 'well balanced' list; it is heavily weighted on certain sides," the Library authorities say.

American history, for instance, is the only history dealt with. And in no way can it be called a list of classics. While some of the books have stood the test of time, others are products of recent years. But each it is emphasized, is a good representative of its class. "The authors succeeded in the tasks they set themselves," is the way the Library puts it. "The great aim has been to include interesting, live reading in various fields."

"It could not be possible," to quote from a letter which accompanied the list to the news syndicate, "in so brief a list to include many of the great masterpieces of literature and at the same time to keep it live and interesting. There are great books in the list, but we hope all of them will be found interesting and most of them instructive."

"Boswell's Life of Johnson" is often considered a dull book which everybody recommends but few read," is one comment offered on the books included in the thirty-six. "It will be found readable if the reader does not make a task of it.

"To be unfamiliar with 'Alice's Adventures in Wonderland' is to remain ignorant of the constant quotations from and allusions to a book which is significant in the literature and life of the English-speaking people. A novel like 'A Tale of Two Cities' may not only give pleasure in itself and impel the reader to try others of Dickens's more characteristic novels ('Pickwick,' for instance), but may also interest him in a study of the great period of the French revolution. The reader of 'The American Commonwealth,' and of Rhodes's 'History of the United States,' will do well to supplement his reading with novels like 'Coniston' and 'Uncle Tom's Cabin.' One of the best qualities of Hearn's 'Interpretations of Literature' is that it creates a desire for the books and poems which it discusses."

DROPS FOODSTUFF EMBARGO

Ways and Means Committee Finds Plan to Check Imports Impracticable

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The proposal to declare an embargo on importations of foodstuffs was pigeonholed today by the subcommittee of the Ways and Means Committee, it is understood, the subcommittee not considering the plan feasible. The committee held an executive session to discuss various questions touching on the revision of the internal revenue laws and heard no witnesses.

Representative Green of Iowa, a Republican member of the Ways and Means Committee, introduced a bill in the House imposing a duty of 15 cents per bushel on wheat, 10 cents per bushel on corn and 2 cents per pound on beans. Cattle less than one year old would be taxed $2.50 per head and all others valued at not more than $15 each, 30 per cent. ad valorem. Sheep one year old or over would pay $1.50 tax, those less than one year old 75 cents. Representative Green also submitted in his bill a wool schedule reading:

"Wool commonly known as clothing wool, including hair of the camel, angora goat and alpaca, but not such wools as are commonly known as carpet wools; unwashed, 12 cents per pound; when imported washed, the duty shall be twice the amount upon unwashed wools; when imported scoured three times the duty to which it would be subjected if imported unwashed; all manufactures of wool, except manufactures of carpet wool, in addition to the rates and duties now in force, 12 cents per pound whether the same shall be wholly or only made in part of wool."

TWO POISONED BY SHRIMPS.

Police Investigating Supply of Restaurant Where Patients Lunched.

At noon yesterday Miss Marion Andy, a stenographer, living at 10 Pine Street, Flushing, entered a restaurant in Columbus Circle and ordered some shrimp salad, which she ate. She returned to her office across the street and resumed work. A little while later Frank Gerrene of Fishkill, N. Y., an instructor in the De Witt Clinton High School, also ate some shrimp salad in the same restaurant.

A few hours later Miss Andy was being carried by friends into the Roosevelt Hospital, where she was almost immediately followed by Dr. Gerrene. Dr. Toole, of the hospital staff, diagnosed their cases as ptomaine poisoning and notified the police, who are investigating the source of the restaurant's shrimp supply. Both patients are reported to be in a critical condition.

Vote for Daylight Saving.

A referendum in New Jersey shows that 106,670 persons of 147,225 who balloted are in favor of some form of daylight saving. This was announced at a luncheon of the Manufacturers' Council of New Jersey at the Robert Treat Hotel in Newark yesterday. The vote was in factories, stores, offices and banks in the State. The council asked Governor Edwards and the Legislature to champion a law providing for daylight saving for seven months each year.

PLANS TO USE CABLE DESPITE U. S. BAN

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

British monopoly, it would receive in return a monopoly of the business on the west coast. If this offer was refused, an exclusive traffic agreement for all South America was to be entered into between the Western Union and the British company. Mr. Root quotes this paragraph from a letter written by Mr. Carlton under date of March 20, 1919:

"The Western Union agrees to hand all traffic arising in its area in North America and destined for South America and not specially routed, as well as all unrouted European traffic for South America, to the Western company."

The All America Cables, Inc., refused the offer and declined to abandon its plans for extensions in South America, holding them necessary for the development and protection of American commerce. This course, Mr. Root said, was approved by the State Department.

Fears "Leaks" on British Lines.

"If the British company is given access to the United States without surrendering its monopoly, our only means of ending that monopoly will be gone," said Mr. Root's brief. "Its continuance will be an injury to the diplomacy and commerce of the United States. It is a matter of common knowledge that the highly efficient cable system of Great Britain is so closely coordinated with the diplomatic and commercial interests of the country that no message which might be of value either to the British Foreign Office or to the British Board of Trade is assured of secrecy if at any point of its journey it passes over a British line. American business men cannot compete on fair terms with Brazil if the prices which they quote and the offers they make are taken from the wires, transmitted to Great Britain and 'capped' by their British competitors. We should consider it impossible strategic advantage in case of war of having our direct connection with Brazil, American rather than British."

President Carlton, following Mr. Root, stated his dissatisfaction with the present governmental authority over cables and favored a law making all cable companies subject to inquiry by some such board as the Interstate Commerce Commission.

He then reviewed the action of the State Department in withholding decision on the application for a landing license at Miami and of the Navy Department in preventing by the use of destroyers and marines efforts to lay a permanent cable on the causeway. He also said an effort was made by the State Department to prevent the cable ship's sailing for the Barbados and effecting a landing there, but without success. "All the way to the Barbados does," said Mr. Carlton, "the ship was watched by United States destroyers."

Has Cuban Permission.

"Of course," added Mr. Carlton, "we don't intend to lay down under that sort of thing. And we have, therefore, sought the protection of the courts. Now this is what we propose to do. Land this Barbadoes cable in Cuba because we have not had the permission of our Government to land it at Miami. We have the permission of the Cuban Government. We have word from the State Department that if we do they will tear it up. Well, we propose to go to Havana and let them tear it up if they wish.

"Personally I don't care, and the Western Union doesn't care, whether Brazil is opened to other companies or not, for we are not going there. But we will not be coerced. We'll lay that cable next from Bermuda to the three-mile limit at Miami always if necessary."

Mr. Carlton said that if the State Department succeeded it would create a monopoly for the All America cables. He knew of no way under present conditions to obtain efficient service into Brazil except over the lines of the British company. He favored a cable to Southern Italy by way of the Azores, a direct cable to Northern Europe, a terminal at Holland was another project, and with a branch to serve Scandinavia. A cable to the Azores and many was also of great importance. South of the Azores there was little necessity for haste.

Need of News Distribution.

Extension of the cable service in the Pacific was essential. "At present," he said, "unless the wireless comes to our service, we are almost out of touch with the Far East." He proposed an independent cable to Japan from Seattle by way of the Aleutian Islands. This was impractical, he said, and so was another cable to China.

"We ought to have one to China, of large capacity and as soon as we can get it," he said, adding that these projects were being considered by his company.

A discussion concerning the value of news and the need for more facilities to distribute it abroad followed. Mr. Carlton spoke of the distribution of news by press associations.

"I have lived abroad long enough to know that there is only one influenced source of news, and that is the press associations of the United States," he said. "All the others are more or less colored by the Government influence."

Something should be done at once, Mr. Carlton said, to spread American news in South America, Continental Europe and the Orient. There should be, he said, co-operation with the cable companies to get a certain amount of the capacity of the cables used for news.

"Then get the wireless going as fast as you can," he said. "Keep up the impeccable reputation of the American news and you will see the difference in twelve months."

The importance of distributing more news in England, Mr. Carlton said, was not of such importance, as he did not believe the English people were influenced much by the news from America. He spoke of the inadequacy of the American news in London papers, however, asserting that The Daily Mail had the sensations, although it didn't even treat them adequately at all times, and characterized The London Times as "ponderous."

The important thing, he said, was to get the news distributed in South America, the Far East, middle Europe and Scandinavia.

"And especially in the Far East," interrupted Senator Kellogg.

"Yes," replied Mr. Carlton.

Mr. Carlton was asked about his observations concerning the theft of commercial and diplomatic information by foreign cable and telegraph companies and whether it would be possible to duplicate local land services in foreign countries. To the latter proposition, he said, it would be impossible economically to duplicate these distributing systems.

"I had men in South America, Norway, Sweden and Holland investigating the question of secrecy of commercial cables," he said.

Control of German Cables.

While the war-time censorship was on, he added, it appeared that all countries, including the United States, used information to aid its subjects. He had been in Holland personally this year and heard stories about messages being delayed. There may have been some instances.

"But," he said, "if I thought that situation was ingrained in the methods of any of the cable companies, of course I would not join them. I believe that there is any intent back of it. My answer to that is that the cables were being [illegible] it would be a moderate amount of [illegible] representation and, there [illegible]. I propose in South America [illegible] to the bottom of each complaint. I don't believe a foreign Government today or a foreign cable company is [illegible] properly divulging communications for their own benefit."

There was only one way in his mind to handle this matter, and that was by civilized treaty—an international agreement about telegraph and cable messages, he said.

Under-Secretary Davis reviewed the history of the cutting of German-owned cables after the beginning of the war, showing that every direct cable connection this country had with Germany was severed, and that it left the United States in a position where France and Great Britain were in control of all cables over which American messages went to Germany.

"Before the war we had direct cable communication with Germany," said Secretary Davis, which was considered highly desirable."

Secretary Lansing, he said, contended that the cables ought to be restored to Germany. Others said they should be bought from Germany and that she be given credit for them by the Reparations Commission. It showed that the United States had been completely isolated, as far as direct cable communication is concerned, from her former connections.

"We have made considerable progress in settling this dispute between the five powers involved," continued Under Secretary Davis, "as much as could be expected under the circumstances. So far as the United States is concerned, there are two vital questions:

"First, our right to the service which we had before these cables were seized from Germany, and, second, the extent of ownership of the cables by each of the powers. As to their [illegible] division, it is necessary to take into consideration the service furnished beforehand, and that is where we are trying to get together."

Handicap on United States.

"Does the United States have an interest in direct cable connection with Germany?" asked Senator Kellogg.

"It does, and under the present situation we would have to build a cable to connect," replied Secretary Davis.

Asked for a specific recommendation for legislation empowering this Government to have adequate control over cable landings, Secretary Davis said:

"Ample power should be conferred upon the President, who, of course, would act in conjunction with the State Department, since it is an international question."

Walter S. Rogers, American delegate to the Communication Conference, insisted that this country ought to have direct cable communication with every country of importance in the world. Other countries, he said, exercised rigid Governmental control over their cable lines, many of them being subsidized.

He confirmed the statement of Secretary Davis that the splitting of German cables to this country put us under a great handicap, and said:

"We have a fundamental interest in the restoration of these German-owned cables."

"Isn't it true that foreign countries controlling those cables have used them to help their own commercial interests, to the disadvantage of American concerns?" asked Senator Kellogg.

Mr. Rogers said he had heard this charge but never had verified it, though he intimated that he believed it, since the opportunity was afforded.

He recommended a system of Government licensing of radio receiving stations, as well as regulation of cable landings. The rules, he said, should be standardized, so that relatively unimportant stations should not be able, as they now are, to get the cream of the business" without giving any generally effective service. This situation, he said, greatly injured companies that ought to receive protection in the interest of the welfare of the Government and the public.

REFUGEE SHIPS CAPTURED.

Seized by Turk Nationalists When Forced to Port by Storm.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 14.—Two Russian refugee ships, bound for Bulgaria, have been held up in the Black Sea by Turkish Nationalist forces. The steamers were overtaken by a storm and sought shelter at the port of Zongudak. The Turks declared the passengers prisoners of war, but the civilian refugees were later released. It is presumed the soldiers on board will be turned over to the Bolsheviki.

ANGORA, Asia Minor, Dec. 14.—The landing of Russian Soviet troops at Trebizond, on the Black Sea coast, has been begun, according to reports here. The first contingent, it is said, comprised 400 Chinese and Letts.

The San Pablo Ashore at Havana.

HAVANA, Dec. 15.—The United States Fruit steamer San Pablo late tonight was still fast on the rocks at the mouth of Havana Harbor after twenty-four hours of futile efforts to dislodge her. Lighters are engaged in removing the cargo in the forward holds of the San Pablo in the hope that with the rising tide the vessel may be floated off the rocks. So far as can be ascertained the steamer has not been seriously damaged.

SEEK BLACK HAND ASSASSINS IN ITALY

New York Detectives There Will Aid in Running Down Thirty-two Wanted Here.

TWO ACCUSED MEN HELD

Pappaccio Accused of Shooting Two Girls—Granito Charged With Brooklyn Crime.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Dec. 15.—An alarming recrudescence of activity by the Black Hand in the United States has caused the Washington Government to dispatch to Italy Captain Michael Fiaschetti, chief of the Italian police in New York, with orders to demand from the Italian Government the capture of thirty-two assassins who have taken refuge in this country to escape the electric chair.

On the day Fiaschetti disembarked at Naples on his special mission, Lieutenant Giuseppe Monda was waylaid and shot dead a few yards away from his residence by two masked persons. The victim's valuable watch, gold chain, finger rings and a pocketful of bank notes were untouched. Monda returned to Italy for war service from America, where he had spent his youth and amassed a fortune, according to information furnished the police, on which it is hoped that Fiaschetti may throw light. The assassins were black-hand emissaries, who lately came from New York at the instigation of the relatives of a young American who, having learned of the Lieutenant's recent marriage, determined to wreak vengeance for a girl's betrayal.

ROME, Dec. 15 (Associated Press).—Captain Fiaschetti is continuing the task of bringing to justice the men who assassinated Lieutenant Joseph Petrosini of the New York police force in Palermo in 1909.

Fiaschetti has succeeded in arresting Vincenzo Granito, who is said to have committed a double murder in Brooklyn in 1913.

Detective Sergeant Michael Fiaschetti, head of the Italian squad, and Detective Sergeant Irving O'Hara, brother-in-law of Mayor Hylan, left for Italy on the steamship Roehambeau of the French Line, on Oct. 28 last, to bring back to this city Vincenzo Pappaccio, who was arrested by the Italian police on an indictment returned here, charging him with shooting and killing, on the night of March 7, 1919, Josephine Genaile, 19 years old, of 78 Mott Street, and Lena Spenelli, 20 years old, of 128 Baxter Street.

According to stories obtained from the witnesses to the killing, Pappaccio was infatuated with the Spenelli girl, and when he saw her talking to Giuseppe de Ceasare, 36 years old, of 167 Mulberry Street, and Salvatore Guerriero, 30 years old, of 218 Elizabeth Street, he pulled a pistol from his pocket and shot de Ceasare.

The two girls jumped in front of de Ceasare as he fell and Pappaccio continued to shoot, killing both of them. De Ceasare recovered. Detective Sergeant Fiaschetti learned that Pappaccio was connected with a Black Hand gang on the lower east side, and that members of the band aided him to obtain employment on a steamship and escape to Italy. Through letters sent by Pappaccio to this country he was located by the Italian police.

At the request of Mayor Hylan Fiaschetti was promoted to the rank of first grade detective for his work against the Black Hand organizations in this city, and it was said at the Detective Bureau last night that when he left for Italy he announced that he was going to run down members of the organization wanted in this country for many murders.

ESTABLISHED 110 YEARS

BLACK STARR AND FROST

Gifts of Distinction for the Holiday Season

PEARLS
DIAMONDS
JEWELRY
WATCHES
SILVERWARE
GOLD WARE
STATIONERY
LEATHER GOODS

Customers Served by Mail

FIFTH AVENUE CORNER 48th STREET



SHIRTS

THE PATTERNS IN SHIRTS PRESENTED BY FINCHLEY CONFORM TO THE CUSTOM STANDARD OF ESTABLISHED ENGLISH MAKERS.

IT IS SUGGESTED THAT THEY AFFORD A SUITABLE GIFT FOR MEN OF TASTE AND JUDGMENT.

$3.50 AND MORE

FINCHLEY
5 West 46th Street
NEW YORK

Peace of Mind

A subject for the consideration of Public Officials

OFTEN in the past many newly elected public officials, whose bonds the Fidelity & Deposit Company have written, have requested us to put the following in writing in order to insure their own peace of mind:

"It is understood and agreed that the Fidelity & Deposit Company have executed your bond as treasurer (any public office) under the condition that you do not become surety on any bond or endorse any notes of friends or office holders during your term of office."

The Fidelity & Deposit Company has always complied with requests such as the above. In doing so, we protect both the public and the office holder. Such an agreement is personal. It is not incorporated in the application for bond.

This added protection is as much a part of F & D Service as is our Prompt Execution of Bonds and our Prompt Payment of Claims without refuge behind technicalities.

F & D. Service.

Fidelity and Deposit Company
OF MARYLAND
120 BROADWAY

DISASTROUS TIMES

Says Closed Mill and Empty Dinner Pail, as in 1896, Face the Nation.

EXPECTS AID OF CONGRESS

People Are Taxed to Point of Destroying Sources of Revenue—Raps State Levies.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, Dec. 15.—Discussing the gravity of the questions confronting the Finance Committee of the Senate, of which he is Chairman, and the Ways and Means Committee of the House, which is holding its hearings, Senator Boies Penrose offered gloomy predictions for the future this afternoon.

A protective tariff, difficult as it will be to frame one at this juncture, must be enacted to save many American industries from extermination, he asserted.

"Soaring wages must come down to a sane basis as a necessary part of the solution of the problem of putting the country back on a sound business standing.

"The closed mill and empty dinner pail will be as conspicuous as in during the Wilson-Gorman tariff law. The future outlook is disastrous and I fear it will not be enduring. Prompt relief must be afforded by Congress," he continued.

Senator Penrose asserted the belief that it is generally conceded excess profits taxes will be abolished by Congress.

"We have nearly reached a point in the United States when we are being taxed to the point of destroying the sources of revenue," he said. While the Federal Government has been running hot, we must not forget that the several States have been laying a very heavy hand on industry, which reaches a astounding percentage of earnings and profits when taken into consideration with Federal taxes.

"The situation is appalling. It cannot be exaggerated. We are rapidly reaching the point where men must sit down by the cold light of reason, without any illusions, and reach a solid basis."

GEO. W. ALDRIDGE VERY ILL.

Republican State Committeeman Is Suffering From Pneumonia.

Special to The New York Times.

BOONTON, N. Y., Dec. 15.—George W. Aldridge, Republican State Committeeman, is dangerously ill at his home, 6 Prospect Street, from pneumonia. A bulletin issued this afternoon by Dr. Leslie Ude and this bulletin was issued following a visit of the physicians, Drs. Seeley W. Little and Joseph R. Guinan:

"Mr. Aldridge is resting. The pneumonia is clearing up and if his heart holds out he will recover."

His son, George W. Aldridge Jr., was notified today of his father's illness and arrived from New York this evening.

Mr. Aldridge had been in New York attending a series of political conferences with Judge Nathan L. Miller, Republican Governor-elect. He returned home Saturday ill. He took to his bed with a temperature of 104 degrees.

Judge Miller and Republican leaders in other cities were notified today of Mr. Aldridge's illness and telegrams received indicate that each expressed regret at the news and hoped for his speedy recovery.

IN THE COKE DISTRICT

$50,000 Loss Brings Total of Damage Near Uniontown Up to $500,000.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Dec. 15.—Fire early today destroyed the plant of the Fairchance Lumber Company at Fairchance, six miles from here, with an estimated loss of $50,000. State police patrolling the district believe it is another act of the gang of incendiaries who have been operating in Fayette County for the last few months.

Police investigators say the fire was cleverly planned. It occurred a short time after the night watchman had left his post for home and when a high wind was blowing over the mountain crest. It started in the planing mill, where, according to the authorities, there was not an electric wire or a fire of any kind.

Today's fire is the thirty-first in the coke region in the last few months, a number of the structures burned being schoolhouses. A man now under arrest has confessed to starting three of them and State police are searching for the accomplices. The man in his confession said that he was a member of an arson ring, with headquarters in Przemsyl, Hungary. He declared that the ring had agents throughout the United States, whose duty it was to destroy the existing order so that a new world, "free from disease and all other ills of mankind," might be formed.

Monday of this week armed men were sent to guard the home of Mrs. Mary Miller, aged mother of the District Attorney of Fayette County. She had received a written threat that her home would be destroyed if she failed to vacate it.

Yesterday State police were put on duty at a theatre here, where the annual institute of Fayette County teachers opened. They will remain there until the close of the session, Saturday. Rumors were prevalent that the teachers had received threats. The institute has 625 members.

Property losses to date aggregate about $500,000.

TWO KILLED BY GAS.

Mother and Child Found in Kitchenette With Burners Open.

Despondent it is believed because of marital difficulties, Mrs. Dorothy Gonzalez, 29 years old, locked herself and her two-year-old daughter, Dorothy, in her tiny kitchenette at 148 East Forty-fifth Street early yesterday and turned on both burners of a gas stove. Gilbert Gerard and other tenants on the second floor later smelled gas, and breaking open the door found Mrs. Gonzalez sitting upright on a chair in the closet, her child lying on the floor at her feet. Both had been dead about four hours, an ambulance surgeon said.

Dr. Thomas A. Gonzales, assistant to the Chief Medical Examiner, who was summoned, said the woman had evidently committed suicide. She left a note for a brother, Carl Wiberg of 529 Park Avenue, Hoboken, directing the disposition of her trunk and other personal effects, and bidding her brother "farewell." Dr. Gonzales learned that the dead woman had been separated from her husband, a Spaniard living in Washington, for about four months. The proprietor of the rooming house said Mrs. Gonzalez worked as a cook.

Dr. E. A. Park to Be Yale Professor.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 15.—Dr. Edwards A. Park, Associate Professor of Pediatrics at the Johns Hopkins University, has accepted the invitation of Yale University to become Professor of Pediatrics in the Yale Medical School, it was announced tonight. Dr. Park was graduated from Yale in 1899 and from the New York in 1905. He was a Major in the American Red Cross during the war.

$35,000,000 SHORT

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

the Commissioner of Internal Revenue by wire or by letter. "I have no power to grant extensions on payments," he declared, "but the law authorizes the Commissioner to grant them in certain circumstances.

Warned Two Weeks Ago.

Collector Edwards said that two weeks ago he gave publicity to the following statement which he received from William M. Williams, Commissioner of Internal Revenue:

"Dec. 15 is the last day for the payment of the fourth instalment of the income and excess profits taxes this year. To avoid penalty the tax must be in the offices of the collectors of internal revenue or branch offices by midnight of that date.

"Inquiries reaching the Commissioner of Internal Revenue indicate a belief that taxpayers have ten days' grace on this instalment. Such a provision was contained in the 1917 revenue act, but was removed by the revenue act of 1918."

"It is the first time that this office found some of the leading industries and individuals short of cash," said the collector. "Many of the large taxpayers told me that they were sorry that they didn't pay their taxes in full on the first due date. They had the cash then and are not able to raise it now. The silk and textile and cloak and suit industries seem to be the hardest hit. Depreciation in inventories and the inability to borrow caused serious inconvenience to some of Uncle Sam's biggest debtors, but I am sure all will weather the storm."

Although Collector Edwards would not give out any statement, it is said that during the day checks for amounts ranging from $1,000,000 to $5,000,000 were received.

The office was open earlier than usual and the office force worked until after midnight. As a result of Mr. Edwards's personal supervision of the work, the payments were made in an orderly and expeditious manner.

Many taxpayers took Collector Edwards's advice and sent in their payments by mail, and as a result sack after sack was received with letters containing payments, some as low as a penny, while others enclosed checks and certificates of indebtedness aggregating sums as high as eight figures.

Five cashiers' windows were opened at 9 o'clock and the cashiers worked at top speed until 4 o'clock taking care of the line of taxpayers that crowded the halls on the sixth floor of the Custom House. After that hour the rush eased down somewhat, and two windows were open until midnight to take care of eleventh-hour payments.

Sell War Bonds to Pay Tax.

Heavy selling of Liberty bonds yesterday was said to reflect, in more than a few cases, liquidation of holdings by corporations and individuals who had waited until the last minute in the hope of being able to borrow sufficiently to pay their taxes. Sales yesterday, unless for cash, could not be realized upon until today, and because of this forced sales for tax purposes probably were not excessive. Nevertheless, it was believed in some quarters that a fairly considerable volume of the war bonds sold on the Stock Exchange were for the account of persons who were making heroic efforts to straighten out their cash and tax positions.

There was a good deal of liquidation of this sort several days ago but it had eased off for two or three days until yesterday, when apparently it started up again. Bankers were of the opinion that corporations and individuals who had waited until yesterday, in the hope of obtaining belated loans, had been unduly optimistic, as the bankers had made it plain some time ago that they did not feel called upon to engineer any great "pool," or agreement to lend wholesale to taxpayers. Their attitude, as set for yesterday, was that the borrowers who wanted funds for tax payments would have to go to their customers.

JERSEYMEN FAIL TO PAY.

Newark Collector Reports $7,000,000 Still Due Last Night.

More than 200 letters from persons and corporations have been received by Harry Woodruff, Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue in Newark, in charge of the Income Tax Department, asking for an extension of time, which he has declared cannot be granted. More than fifty persons have made personal calls to make the same request.

More than $22,000,000 is due at the Newark office, which has jurisdiction over four-fifths of New Jersey, and only $11,000,000 had been received up to yesterday morning. About $5,000,000 more came in yesterday and Mr. Woodruff expects the overnight mail to be heavy. Whether it will amount to the $7,000,000 still due he does not know.

One woman who called at Mr. Woodruff's office said she could not pay her last instalment of $5. She gave up her work to marry, she said, and now her husband was out of work and she had to go to work again to support the family.

A man walked in and startled the employes by asking, "Well, when do I get arrested?" He explained that he couldn't pay and had nothing in the world to levy on.

The largest single amount which Mr. Woodruff has been informed cannot be paid is $10,000. The man who owes it is trying to borrow the money at 10 per cent. Many certificates of indebtedness have been received in Newark in payment of the taxes.

CHICAGO $10,000,000 BEHIND.

One-Seventh of Tax Due Unpaid at Close of Day.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Although exact figures cannot be determined for a day or two, Harry W. Mager, Collector of Internal Revenue, announced tonight that more than $10,000,000 of $70,000,000 due as the fourth instalment of the Federal income and corporation taxes in this district had not been paid. It was impossible yet to determine, he said, how much of this would be delinquencies and what amount was covered by abatement claims filed in the last few days.

Only $50,000,000 has been collected from this district this year. In comparison with $423,000,000 for 1918. More returns were filed this year, however, Mr. Mager said, and the decrease was due to the lowered income-tax rates for 1919 over 1918.

"Men with payments amounting to as small amounts as $5 have appeared for time along with those owing larger amounts," said Mr. Mager. "Many of these have said they would simply have to pay the 5 per cent. penalty for delinquency, for they did not have the money. One man whose fourth instalment amounts to $1,000,000 also applied for delay.

A smaller crowd than usual appeared to make tax payments today. This was attributed to the fact that many persons were so busy Christmas shopping that they mailed their payments.

BALTIMOREANS ASK DELAY.

$1,500,000 of $10,000,000 Income Tax Estimated as Still Unpaid.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 15.—Deputy Collector Lewis M. Milbourne estimated that $1,500,000 of the $10,000,000 income tax due from Baltimore citizens and corporations by midnight tonight would not be paid. Many persons, he said, have made appeals for extension or inquiries about such possibilities, or have fully declared that they are unable to pay the tax and are ready to take the consequences.

The amount due the Government for this quarter is $10,000,000, of which $3,000,000 has been paid and probably $500,000 more will be received in the mails tomorrow.

The taxpayers who ask delays say they are overstocked with goods that they cannot sell and that they are unable to obtain money enough to run their business.

BIG SUM DUE IN DETROIT.

Thousands Plead Inability to Raise Cash for Income Tax.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Dec. 15.—Thousands of Detroiters and other residents of the First District of Michigan, including many large manufacturers, are liable to prosecution if their final instalments on 1919 income taxes have not been mailed in time to be received tomorrow morning, John A. Grogan, Collector of Internal Revenue for this district, said today. He added that he had been swamped with pleas for extension of time from both business men and private persons.

"The manufacturers have said that the business depression has made it impossible for them to get the money to pay their instalment," Mr. Grogan said, "because it is all tied up in large stocks which, because of the depression, they have been unable to convert into money."

Approximately $25,000,000 was due in this district for the final quarter. Collector Grogan said he could not announce the amount received tonight.

MANY BEHIND IN ST. LOUIS.

Delinquency in Tax Payments Greater Than Ever Before.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 15.—Delinquency in payment of income taxes in this district will be greater than ever before, according to a statement made tonight by George H. Moore, Collector of Internal Revenue. It is thought, however, that the larger part of the $5,000,000 which remained unpaid at the close of the business day will be received by mail tomorrow morning.

Approximately $5,000,000 in taxes was paid in today, according to Frank M. Klieber, Chief Deputy Collector, in charge of the Income Tax Division. It was estimated this morning that 1,000 taxpayers in this district, which includes St. Louis and fifty-four counties in Eastern Missouri, had not made returns.

The chief reason given for the large number of delinquencies is shortage of money and inability of the larger concerns to borrow enough from the banks to meet their taxes. Many sent representatives to the Collector to explain their positions. They said it would be impossible to get enough cash in the allotted time, and they would have to bear the penalty of delinquency. Cancellation of orders and lack of business were given as other reasons.

There was no rush at the office today, and plans for keeping open until midnight were abandoned.

LITTLE DUE IN PHILADELPHIA.

Less Than 1 Per Cent. of Final Payment Outstanding, Says Collector.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 15.—Approximately $15,000,000 was paid today in the final instalment of 1919 income taxes in the First District of Pennsylvania with headquarters in this city. Ephraim Lederer, Collector of Internal Revenue, said tonight that he estimated $20,000,000 as the total day's receipts, including those of tonight's mail.

Less than 1 per cent. of the $38,750,000 due for the final quarter would be outstanding, said the Collector, and less than a score of corporations asked for an extension of time. Most of these the Collector said, would make

"Today's payments hold an average with the last few years," Mr. Lederer said, "and we don't expect any more delinquents than a year ago. The general financial depression is apparent, most of the large corporations and manufacturing plants have met payments when they fell due. We find most of our trouble with manufacturers and the smaller business concerns."

PITTSBURGH HAS NO COURT.

Will Wait for Tax Checks Mailed on Last Day.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 15.—All the clerks of the internal revenue office here, working overtime tonight checking up returns on the final payments of income tax, but it was impossible to ascertain definitely how payments compared with what was expected. It is known that there are many checks in the mail tonight which will be added to the total tomorrow.

Internal Revenue Collector C. G. Lewellyn said no computation had been made of the final payments today, as income taxpayers were allowed until tomorrow to make payments in case the checks were mailed today.

BOSTON COLLECTIONS DROP.

Less Than $18,000,000 Paid, Against $20,000,000 in September.

Special to the New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 15.—A marked shortage in local income tax payments, the last for which expired tonight, is expected, according to John J. Mitchell, Collector of Internal Revenue in this district. The Collector's belief is based on a comparison between a rough estimate of the taxes paid today and payments on the instalment of Sept. 15, and on the fact that several large business houses have asked for extensions.

While definite figures on the amount paid today will not be available until the 300,000 returns in this district have been checked over, the fact that only between $17,000,000 and $18,000,000 was paid today, as against $20,000,000 on Sept. 15, speaks for itself the Collector stated.

FEW CINCINNATI DELINQUENTS.

More Than $4,700,000 Collected of the $5,000,000 Due.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Dec. 15.—Practically all of the $5,000,000 income and excess profits tax due from this district had been paid in at the office of the Internal Revenue Collector when the last day of grace closed tonight. Although it will be several days before the accounts can be checked up, Collector McGrath said he did not expect to uncover many delinquents. Several thousand checks arrived at the office during the rush hours in the afternoon.

Officials estimated that the amount received when the office closed tonight was considerably more than $4,700,000.

Denver Payments Almost Complete.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., Dec. 15.—It was estimated by Chief Deputy McCauley this evening that approximately $2,500,000 income tax payments had been collected during the day, and that the amount named represented practically the entire last quarterly payment on 1919 incomes. There are a few delinquents, it is stated, but for small amounts, and of a class who, as a rule, are always tardy.

Five-Sixths Tax Paid in New Orleans.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 15.—Nearly $5,000,000 of the nearly $6,000,000 due on the fourth instalment of excess profits and income taxes for the last quarter of 1919 have been paid. Federal tax officials announced today that payments are being delayed in some quarters because of the slump in prices of cotton, sugar and rice.

TIFFANY & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET

PEARL NECKLACES AND PEARLS FOR ADDITIONS TO NECKLACES

SALE of KNOX OVERCOATS for Men

THE first sale we have ever had, and to insure a quick reduction of a large overcoat stock we have made this radical departure from our traditions of eighty-five years. Every overcoat owned by us is included. Every one has the quality and style expected in merchandise bearing the Knox Trademark. Prices have been reduced to a point even lower than could be expected in February, the month of Overcoat Sales.

At $40 Overcoats formerly $60 to $80
At $50 Overcoats formerly $75 to $90
At $75 Overcoats formerly $100 to $115
At $100 Overcoats formerly $125 to $150
At $125 Overcoats formerly $150 to $225

AT BOTH OUR STORES

Included in this sale are all weights: Great Coats, Ulsters, Chesterfields, Gabardines and leather reversible coats—all without reserve.

KNOX HAT COMPANY
Incorporated

UPTOWN
452 FIFTH AVENUE
AT 40TH STREET

DOWNTOWN
161 BROADWAY
SINGER BUILDING

Firm Wanted

Some clean-cut, congenial enterprise in which an interest is ultimately obtainable.

For 18 years I have shown a clean record for "putting over" everything undertaken or delegated to me.

Big things for big people, unique in diversity and national in scope.

There is some Man—so tied up to business that he has no time for rest—or some Firm that needs the experience and spirit of team-play responsible for records made.

And in which company, by virtue of sound accomplishment and integrity, the next twenty years may be happily spent.

Address Colonial American
P. O. Box 1007, City Hall Station, New York

The Colony Restaurant
667 MADISON AVE. at 61st STREET
Opens To-Night at 6 p. m.
Phone Plaza 3524 — A. Borgo, Manager

TREASURER WANTED.

An industrial corporation manufacturing a patented time and labor saving device offers an unusual opportunity to a man between the ages of 28 and 40 possessing forceful personality and keen business judgment. He must be a business executive of proven ability. Salary commensurate with ability. An investment of $50,000 in the Common stock, which paid a substantial dividend in 1918 and earned over 25% on its invested capital in 1919, is required. Also a place on the Board of Directors for the man who can qualify. Write, giving full particulars, which will be treated confidentially. Address V 732 Times Downtown.

LARGE RETAIL CHAIN STORE ORGANIZATION
HAS OPENING FOR TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVE
in its Real Estate Department. Must be qualified with experience for selecting locations. Continuous travel. Apply Thursday to B. M. OBERDORFER, Claridge Hotel, New York City.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
TREASURY DEPARTMENT
GOVERNMENT LOAN ORGANIZATION
43 Liberty St. (Near Nassau St.)
OFFERS FOR SALE
newly released office equipment, consisting of Underwood and Remington typewriters, Elliott-Fisher billing machines, Mahogany flat top desks and tables, leather seat revolving and typist chairs, legal, letter and standard card size filing cabinets of seven and eight drawers each. Also bentwood chairs, gooseneck and emeralite lamps, International time clock, 8x2½ and 4x2½ feet folding tables, dry goods trucks and miscellaneous office equipment.

GRACE ADMITS 'OPEN SHOP' CHARGE

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

reading the story. A copy of the letter was sent by Grace to Frank A. Vanderlip, then President of the National City Bank, one of the chief stockholders of the Fuller company.

Robert F. Hoxie, member of the Iron Trade Review, admitted that "open shop" means non-union and that, while he would not oppose collective bargaining by employes, he was opposed to it when it was used by employes.

Charles Kellogg, formerly field superintendent of the labor bureau maintained by the National Erectors' Association, told of efforts made by the Bethlehem Steel fabricators to have reports made of the union activity of employes. He denied there was a blacklist maintained by the Erectors' Association, but said that a card system of every structural steel worker was maintained and the reasons noted as to why men were discharged.

Mr. Untermyer announced that Captain Robert Foster, head of a detective bureau whose office adjoins that of Mr. Grace, had been served and was supposed to have gone to New Jersey.

It is improbable that the committee will call Charles M. Schwab, head of the board of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, whom prominent builders said they subpoenaed in vain against the decision of the Bethlehem Corporation to sell to none but those who would erect their open-shop conditions. Mr. Untermyer wrote to Mr. Schwab yesterday saying he would have the opportunity of appearing before the committee, but that any public statement he might make would be improper as it would not afford the opportunity for cross-examination. Mr. Schwab replied in a letter, which Mr. Untermyer read, saying that Mr. Grace was familiar with the policy of the corporation and would appear before the committee.

When Mr. Grace took the stand he was asked to give his occupation. He said he was President of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, but some of its subsidiaries. He said he did not know many stockholders there were nor give their names.

The witness said that the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, a subsidiary, was a member of the National Erectors' Association and the Association of Structural Steel Fabricators, but was not a member of the Iron Erectors' League, the New York City branch of the National Erectors' Association.

He said he took an active part in defining the policy of his corporation. He denied that his company ever made an agreement with any other fabricators to sell steel only on the open shop principle and through the Iron League. He admitted frankly that in the instance given by Mr. Horowitz he had said that his company would refuse to bid on steel for erection on a closed union basis.

Mr. Untermyer read a resolution adopted Nov. 26, 1919, by the National Erectors' Association, in which members went on record as "unequivocally and entirely in favor of the open shop in all the fabricating plants, and that it be recommended that the heads of the members of the association be so to adjust their business so that the steel fabricated by them is erected on a shop; that the Executive Committee be instructed to use all influences within its power with mills, fabricators, manufacturers and business associations to bring about that policy."

Mr. Grace said the resolution "is news to me, but I believe in that policy."

Mr. Untermyer sought to get an answer from the witness as to whether in the policy the Bethlehem Steel Corporation acted in accordance with the resolution. Mr. Grace maintained that the policy of his corporation was not followed in pursuance of any resolution.

"But you have observed it?" the examiner persisted.

"I have told you what our policy is," replied the witness.

"Then you will answer the question," said Mr. Untermyer sharply. "You are now in the office of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation. You are before a legislative committee."

The witness, after repeated the question, Mr. Grace said he did not understand what the resolution meant. He read it and then answered he did not know what "adjust their business" meant, but added: "If it means to put into operation the policy of selling fabricated material to the open shop only, yes."

The witness stoutly maintained that he did not follow the policy because his corporation was a member of the association and that his corporation would act as it had irrespective of membership in the association.

His firm observed the resolution because they believed in it, he said, and carried it out regardless of the association. Mr. Untermyer accused him of "fencing," and the witness denied it.

In New York and Philadelphia, said Mr. Grace, his corporation's interest was in prosecuting the "open shop." At this point Mr. Untermyer first asked the witness whether the steel fabricators were attempting to dictate to the builders of property in New York and Philadelphia that they could not get steel unless it was put up as the steel men dictated.

"No, I told them that they cannot have your fabricated steels," he answered.

Q.—And do you realize that when every other fabricator member of the association joins you in a resolution and tell them the same thing exactly, what that means to the City of New York and to its builders? A.—You don't care anything about my opinion.

Q.—Do you realize what it means? A.—I don't know what you mean.

Q.—I say, do you realize at all what it means? Do you, Mr. Grace? A.—I don't really know—

Q.—Let us suppose— What is worrying you? A.—I want to see what you want to know from me.

Hypothetical Question Asked.

Q.—I think you know what I want to know, and I think I am going to find out. Assuming that all manufacturers of fabricated steel in the United States joined together and say to all the men who use steel in construction in the United States that they can't have any steel unless they will erect it in a manner dictated by the manufacturers or steel fabricators, do you think that would be a proper thing? A.—I didn't know there was any such thing.

Q.—Won't you answer my question, Mr. Grace? I ask that that be stricken out as not an answer at all. Mr. Grace is so accustomed to having his own way. A.—Will you repeat the question?

Question was read by the stenographer.)

A.—I do not know what the results of that would be.

Q.—Do you think it would be proper? A.—It would depend entirely, I should say, on what they expected to accomplish by the purpose of getting together.

Failing to get what he considered a direct answer, Mr. Untermyer turned to Chairman Carson, who was acting in the place of Senator Lockwood, and asked that the witness be directed to answer the question. This was done, and Mr. Grace said he did not know whether there were two sides to the question of union labor and what you call the open shop." Mr. Grace readily admitted that there were two sides.

Mr. Untermyer asked whether it would be arrogant and inexcusable for the manufacturers to force their point of view regarding the "open shop" on other people, who might believe it to their interest to erect steel by union shop.

"If they thought it was to protect their interest, in line with what they considered the right policy for their interest, I would not consider it arrogant, but self-protection," said Mr. Grace.

At this point Mr. Untermyer announced the receipt of a letter from Mr. Schwab. He said he wrote to Mr. Schwab suggesting that the courtesies of the witness stand were open to him and hoped that he would not adopt the irregular and inexcusable course of exploiting them through the newspapers where there would be no cross-examination." The letter of Mr. Schwab said:

Dear Mr. Untermyer:

I have your letter. Mr. Grace, the President of the Bethlehem Steel Company, is to appear before the Lockwood committee this afternoon and will gladly give any information bearing on the subject of the inquiry that may be desired. As he is so much more familiar with the details of the company's business than I, I am sure that after he has testified there will be no occasion for any statement from me. With best wishes, yours very truly, CHARLES M. SCHWAB.

Mr. Grace knew nothing of the membership of his corporations in trade associations.

Because of the testimony on the previous day by Louis Horowitz, President of the Thompson-Starrett Company, that Mr. Grace had declared that to permit steel to continue being erected by union men would open the door to the demand by the unions for the unionization of the fabricating plants under penalty of refusing to erect steel made under open-shop conditions, Mr. Grace was examined on this phase of the situation.

No Ban on Bethlehem Steel Here.

Mr. Untermyer asked whether the witness knew of a case in New York where the structural steel union men refused to handle the Bethlehem corporation's product because the latter was a non-union shop. Mr. Grace did not know of a particular case.

Q.—Do you know of any case that has ever happened in the City of New York? A.—It may have happened.

Q.—Tell us if you know of any case in which it has happened? A.—No, I should need to think it over.

Q.—Now, you see that is quite gratuitous? A.—Well, I thought you wanted to get my views on this situation.

Q.—I don't care about your expectations. A.—But you want facts.

Q.—The fact is that no such thing has ever happened or you know that it ever has found an opportunity to happen.

Q.—I say, has it ever happened? A.—I say I don't know that it ever has.

Mr. Grace said he was not familiar with the members or the work of the Iron League and Mr. Untermyer said: "There is not much about this subject that you could tell us of, if there, Mr. Grace?"

"I can tell you our policy," declared the witness.

Mr. Untermyer asserted that the policy was one of the things he wanted, "and another thing we want is to have you change it." The witness said nothing. There was an awkward pause as the lawyer and the steel magnate took measure of each other. Then Mr. Untermyer asked, "Mr. Grace, you don't believe in collective bargaining, do you?" There was no answer. Mr. Grace mopped his face with his handkerchief.

"What is the matter?" asked Mr. Untermyer. "Why do you not answer?"

"I was just wondering where you got that idea," said Mr. Grace, slowly. "I believe in the system of employes' representation."

Q.—Do you believe in what is known as collective bargaining? Do you know what is known as collective bargaining? A.—I have never liked the term collective bargaining.

Q.—I don't know whether you like the term. You know what it means, don't you? A.—No, I don't know that it means.

Q.—Then why don't you like it? A.—Because I don't know what it means.

Q.—How many years have you been in business? A.—You mean in the steel business? Since 1896.

Q.—And you have been at the head of this great corporation since then? A.—No, I did not quite get that job to start with; I have been President since 1913.

Q.—And you have studied industrial economics, haven't you? A.—I have got my ideas and views on industrial economics, yes.

Q.—You have made addresses on the subject? A.—I am not much of a public speaker. I presume that I have.

Q.—But you say you don't know what collective bargaining is? All right, Mr. Grace, that is all. A.—I know what employes' representation is.

Q.—Is there anything else you want to say? A.—I want to be sure that you have all you want from me on that topic. We have a system of employes' representation.

Q.—Don't you know the War Board tried to put in the system of collective bargaining in your concern and you would not stand for it? A.—We did put in a system as employes' representation, if that is the same thing, in conjunction with the War Labor Board, of which I think you know, personally.

Q.—No, my understanding was that you did not put that in? A.—Yes, we did put in a system of employes' representation; they may have called it collective bargaining; if it is the same thing, all right.

Q.—What sort of representation do you allow? Tell us about what sort of representation you allow to employes. A.—I can send you a pamphlet.

Q.—No, or no; I get so many pamphlets. A.—But you would like to have that one.

Q.—Cannot you tell us briefly what representation is allowed your employes in formulating policies in dealing with the company? A.—They elect their representation to deal with the management of the company in all phases affecting the service rendered by them. Working very satisfactorily.

Q.—You take the liberty don't you, of joining trade associations and acting as a unit in other organizations with them jointly? A.—No, no, Mr. Untermyer.

Q.—Answer the question. A.—We have no association.

Q.—You deny your employes, don't you, the right of acting jointly with employes of other concerns in dealing with you and your association? A.—We would not recognize it.

Q.—But you expect other people to recognize dealings in which you enter as a member of trade associations, don't you, while denying your employes the same right? A.—I have told you the relations we have.

At this point Senator Kenyon took a hand in the questioning, asking how long the policy of selling to open-shop erectors had been the policy of the Bethlehem Corporation. Mr. Grace said the policy was adopted around September, 1919, when the American Federation of Labor attempted to organize the Bethlehem plant. It was discussed by the Board of Directors. No resolution on the subject was adopted.

So far as Mr. Grace knew, the matter was never discussed at a stockholders' meeting. In answer to a question the witness said there were "lots of union men" in the Bethlehem plant. Mr. Untermyer took up the questioning and asked whether President Grace ever saw a man with a union card.

"I should think I have," said the witness. "There is no discrimination against them."

"That is what everybody says," rejoined Mr. Untermyer.

"I say it sincerely," Mr. Grace declared.

"Whenever they want to destroy a union that is what they say."

"Not in our case," maintained the steel magnate firmly.

Mr. Untermyer informed the witness that Senator Kaplan's original question merely asked for a date and that his reply opened the gate to a discussion that would take hours. He suggested that the reply be stricken from the record, as to permit it to remain might necessitate hours of cross-examination. The witness had no fear of being examined on this subject. Mr. Untermyer said he would strike out the reply, "when the American Federation of Labor attempted to organize our plant," as he, the lawyer, did not want to examine on that question, since it "does not apply to this case." He chided Mr. Grace for giving the answer.

Grace Defines "Open Shop."

Asked by Senator Kaplan his definition of the "open shop," Mr. Grace said: "Where any man can work, where there is no discrimination against employment of any man to do any kind of work which he might have to do."

Q.—Don't you consider it discrimination for you to direct a person who is to erect your steel, that he shall discriminate against the union? A.—I don't think we say to him that he must discriminate against a union.

Q.—Don't you believe that when you direct him in the purchase of your steel, that he must see to it that other than union men, or at least in addition to union men, shall erect it, you are discriminating? A.—I think we are asking him not to discriminate; that is my interpretation. He is discriminating because he rules out the non-union man.

Q.—He rules out the non-union man? A.—Yes, when he won't employ him.

Q.—Isn't he discriminating against the union man as a union man, if he were to follow your directions? A.—No. I am not saying employ non-union men; I don't care how many union men he employs. Some of the best workers in the country are union men. We have lots of them, I am sure, in our employ.

Q.—Do you know you have? A.—Yes.

Q.—Do you know how many? A.—A number of our workmen.

Q.—You don't deal with them? A.—We deal with them as a part of our employes' representation system; they have a voice in that selecting the men who speak for them.

Q.—You don't deal with them as union men? A.—Not as union men, no.

Q.—You don't consider that discrimination against union men? A.—Not at all, because they have their voice in representation.

Stands by Non-Union Men.

Q.—With respect to the effort of the Thompson-Starrett Company to purchase steel to be erected by them under a closed-shop policy, would you still persist in your decision not to sell any steel to them? A.—Yes, unless it was willing to stop discriminating against the non-union men.

Q.—It would not make any difference to you whether they did not get any steel anywhere else? A.—Not as far as I am concerned, because I don't believe in the closed-shop principle.

Q.—You take the liberty don't you, of making make no difference if operations in the city of New York were caused to cease, you would continue in your policy to refuse to give them steel? A.—That is what I would recommend to my associates.

Q.—That is what you think your associates would follow? A.—I should hope they would.

Mr. Untermyer took up the examination and asked the witness concerning a union machinist named Eck, who, he said, was on a committee that appealed to the War Labor Board and received a promise of protection from the witness. Mr. Grace could not remember the man. Mr. Untermyer said that after President Grace promised the man protection he was discharged and came to New York, hired out as a strikebreaker under an assumed name, and returned to Bethlehem at twice the salary he received before. Mr. Grace knew nothing of the affair.

Asked whether the unions did not try to dominate the situation and exclude non-union men from plants where labor was scarce, Mr. Grace said union men were active at all times.

In answer to a question the witness said that in times of great depression when labor was plentiful and work scarce, was to the interest of the employer to eliminate union men, Mr. Grace said he did not discriminate. He started to explain, and Mr. Untermyer exclaimed:

"No, I know your theories; I know your claims. You know I am not in sympathy with them. We have had that out, have we not? But that has nothing to do with this. This is an inquiry for facts, you understand, and our own views have nothing to do with it."

"Quite so," said Mr. Grace.

Q.—If 70 per cent. of the men in your shop happen to be union men, they would not have anything more to say as union men than if there were no union men, would they? A.—No; we don't recognize—

Q.—Won't you answer my question? A.—No, under our method—

Q.—They would not have anything more to say? A.—Yes, they would have more to say.

Grace on Union Men's Rights.

Q.—As union men, would they have anything more to say? A.—They would have more to say as representing 70 per cent. of our employes.

Q.—But not as union men? A.—I don't know what you mean by that.

Q.—Do you mean to say you don't know what I mean? A.—I don't know what you mean by that, no.

Q.—The difference between dealing with a man as an employe of yours and dealing with him as a member of a union of organized labor, you don't know the difference? A.—Our system would provide for it.

Q.—I say you do not know what I mean. Do you mean to tell the committee that you do not know what I mean? A.—Maybe I don't get it.

Q.—You don't think you get it? A.—No, I don't think I do.

Q. You don't recognize the union as a union, or the men as union men, do you? A. That is right; we did not.

Q. You do not? A. No.

Q. And if 95 per cent. of your men belonged to a union you would not recognize them as union men or as members of a union? A. Not as union men or as members of a union. We would recognize them as employes.

Q. You know that is not an effective representation as if they were recognized as union men, as part of a great mass, constituting a union, don't you? A. That is where you and I would differ.

Q. You don't think that is as effective? A. I think it is better.

Q. You think it is better for the men, don't you? A. I do.

Q. Much better? A. I do.

Q. That they should not be banded together? A. I don't care whether they are banded together.

Mr. Grace stuck to his opinion that it was better for the men not to be recognized as union men. Asked whether that was the reason he was refusing the men recognition, he replied, "Naturally, I think it is better."

"It is not on your account, it is for their account?" Mr. Untermyer asked with a smile.

"It is better for them," the witness replied.

That ended Mr. Grace's examination. He stepped down from the witness chair and shook hands cordially with Mr. Untermyer, who spoke to him in a bantering manner about his testimony.

The committee will meet at 10:30 tomorrow at the City Hall.

de Corps

It is the "Spirit of the Hive," the working together, that makes the industry of the bee count, says Maurice Maeterlinck. So with the Knickerbocker Ice Company—it is the esprit de corps—the common devotion of *every member of the organization*—that has brought success.

More than 70% of Knickerbocker Employees are stockholders—the spirit is to work together to make a product as good as it can be made, and to give a delivery service without a parallel.

Knickerbocker ICE Company



The All-Year Gift—
A
CAMERA
One of Our Specials:
3 A Roll Film Camera
(Seneca Make)
Illustrated Above

Takes Pictures 3¼x3¼. Uses any standard roll film. Has rapid rectilinear lens and an automatic shutter with 5 speeds.



SPECIAL XMAS PRICE
$12.50

Get one at Kodak Headquarters
WILLOUGHBY
Cameras---Supplies
110 West 32d St. Opp. Gimbels



344—Black Glass Jar with silver decorations 10 in. high $5. 12 in. high $7.50

ISN'T it logical to assume that the shop which makes an all year round specialty of always having good gifts, is the shop which can most simply and most economically fill your needs for distinctive Christmas gifts?

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of 5th Ave"
314 Fifth Ave. nr. 32d St.

Final Announcement
Sealed Bid Sale
of
CAMP CUSTER
BUILDINGS & FIXTURES
Located Four Miles From
Battle Creek, Mich.
DECEMBER 22, 1920.

Sealed bids will be received up to 10 A. M. December 22, 1920, at this office, to be publicly opened and read, covering this sale of buildings and the fixtures therein.

The officer in charge will show the property to interested parties at their convenience. Further details, specifications and bidding blanks may be obtained from the Sixth Corps Quartermaster at Fort Sheridan, Illinois.

All bids are to be addressed to
CHIEF, REAL ESTATE DIVISION CONSTRUCTION SERVICE, QUARTERMASTER CORPS,
ROOM 2136, MUNITIONS BLDG., WASHINGTON, D. C.

Christmas Gifts
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry.
CASH OR CREDIT
ONLY RELIABLE, UP-TO-DATE GOODS
EASY PAYMENTS
No Employees' references necessary.
CALL, WRITE OR PHONE CORT. 5867
Will send representative if desired.
AM. WATCH & DIAMOND Co.
6 MAIDEN LANE, 4th FLOOR
Evenings Till 10 P. M.

MARK CROSS LONDON
Lined Gloves For Men and Women
The World's Greatest Leather Store
604 Fifth Av., N. Y. 353 B'way.
Boston—148 Tremont Street
London—58 Regent Street

A WELFARE OFFICIAL

Tells Marion Conference of Workers He Finds Strong Backing for New Department.

TALKS OF SOCIAL PROBLEMS

Has Doubts of Private Schools, Wants More Religious Faith, Hails Women's New Power.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 15.—Senator Harding made today his first public address since he returned home, speaking before a meeting of the Child Conservation League. He discussed the need of a welfare department in the Government and touched upon social problems of the day. In part he said:

"In my address to women voters last October I spoke of my desire that there shall be created in our Government a Department of Public Welfare. It is with some satisfaction that I am now able to say that since the election I have had opportunity to discuss that proposal with leaders of liberal public thought in and out of Congress with reference to crystalizing it into legislative accomplishment, and have found them eager to help in the constructive task. Its accomplishment will tardily place our Government on something like an equal footing in recognition of this set of problems with Governments which have long maintained Ministries of Education represented in their Cabinets.

"Whether we may esteem it wise, or unwise, the modern mother must realize that society disposes more and more to take from her control the training, the intellectual direction, the spiritual guidance of her children. Though we may view with misgivings, sometimes, this intrusion of community agencies into a realm once regarded as belonging to the home, yet we must recognize that under our system of increasing specialization in industry, crafts, professions, arts, all this is inevitable. The mothers have intellectual, social and industrial obligations that place them in a changed relation to the upbringing of their children. Whether we approve it or not, we must make it possible for a large proportion of women to be at once mothers in the home and industrial producers outside the home, or we must deny to them the service and the responsibility of motherhood.

"We may well plead with the mothers to make the most, for good, of the lessened opportunity they possess for molding the lives and minds of the children. Let no mother assume, when her baby of yesterday becomes the school boy or girl of today, that the responsibility is ended; that the teacher, the school, the college, the State, will henceforth assume it. Let her rather redouble her effort to co-operate wisely with these in order that her child may have the double advantage of specialized and technically correct instruction, and yet live in the atmosphere of a home that will help it to make the most of these advantages.

"For myself I confess to no great satisfaction in the good fortune of those families which, when they become sufficiently well to do, like to take their children away from the public schools and give them the doubtful advantage of more exclusive educational processes. I like the democracy of the community school and indeed I would like to see a greater measure of it enforced in the public schools by the elimination of those evidences of extravagance in dress and social indulgence, which make for the development of something like caste within our democracy.

"On the side of the teacher, and the responsible authorities back of her, there must be the same ready disposition to co-operate with the home and the mother. Our public schools system leaves to the home and its influences the great duty of instilling into the child those fundamental concepts of religion which are so essential in shaping the character of individual citizens and, therefore, of the nation. It would be an egregious, perhaps at last for our very civilization a fatal, mistake, if in surrendering to society a large part of responsibility for the child's intellectual growth and physical well being, we should forget the necessity for proper religious training. That duty remains to be performed at the hearthside and will always be peculiarly a prerogative of the mother.

"I could wish, indeed, that our nation might have a revival of religious spirit along these lines. There never was a time when the world stood in more need than it does now of the consolations and reassurances which only a firm religious faith can give. It is a time of uncertainty of weakened faith in the efficiency of institutions, of industrial systems, of economic hypotheses, of dicta and dogma in whatever realm. Yet we all know that there are certain fundamental truths of life and duty and destiny that will stand eternal.

"It has been demonstrated that a large proportion of school children and even of adults suffer from undernourishment. If society has permitted the development of a system under which the citizens of tomorrow suffer real deprivation today, then the obligation is upon society to right that wrong.

"If I have touched on a limited and restricted phase of the problem of bringing social justice into the world, it is because of a feeling that it is a problem whose solution will concern a long future and of which at best we of today may hope to deal effectively with only a few obvious features. The children of today will assume the responsibilities, all too soon, of a world which our generation must turn over to them. At least, we owe to them an endowment of physical and mental stamina.

"I am not of those who believe legislation can find panaceas for all ills, but, on the other hand, I am not of those who fear to undertake, through legislation, the formulation of new programs to meet conditions that manifestly exist and need correction. In the last two centuries the world has traveled far toward firm establishment of political democracy. It has placed in the hands of the people the weapons with which, if they be wisely used, a larger measure of social and economic justice may be wrought out.

"I firmly believe that our country, along with others that claim share in the world's leadership, has lately achieved one victory in behalf of a better understanding and more intelligent grasp of these problems. I refer to the bestowal upon women of full participation in the privileges and obligations of citizenship. I believe this participation will presently bring to men a better understanding of the interest of women and children, of the home, the school and all their relations, to the social structure, than they have had before; and likewise I believe it will bring to women larger and more adequate conception of the complex, difficult interrelationship between the problems of business, of politics, of finance, of material administration. I look forward to the time when we shall have a wider and deeper sympathy, understanding and co-operation between the two sexes, that will go very far in enabling the community to cope with all these questions that are raised when we discuss social justice.

"We will find means of conferring upon women, even though they serve as industrial producers, the great happiness and the supreme duty of motherhood; and we will preserve to them the blessed privilege of tending, rearing and wisely forming the characters and individualities of their children. We will devise means to insure to women equality of opportunity and compensation in whatever field of activity they may engage. With her large part and wider influence in the world of affairs, I think we shall see woman and her finer spiritual instincts at length leading mankind to higher planes of religion, of humanism and of ennobling spirituality."

LESS THAN A PAR

Smallest Currency Printed Is 10,000 Ruble Bill, Now Equal to About 20 Cents.

The plight of Samuel Hopwood, one of the Americans who finally gained release from Russia last October and who is now in England with one of his daughters recovering from illness caused by his sufferings, was told yesterday by Oscar L. Richard, a member of the firm of C. B. Richard & Co., 29 Broadway, who met Mr. Hopwood in the Hotel de Rome in Riga the day he arrived and helped him to get in touch with American officials.

One of Mr. Hopwood's daughters was left behind at the Russian frontier because the Soviet agents there said there was a flaw in her passport. Mr. Hopwood was so ill he had to go on and leave her to follow as best she could, and Mr. Richard does not know whether she has yet been able to leave the country.

"I met the Hopwoods in the hotel where the Bolshevist-Polish Peace Conference was being held," said Mr. Richard. "As I came down the stairs one morning I saw a young woman sitting on a pile of luggage, and some one told me she was an American. She and her father, both weak from their privations, had tried to get rooms in the hotel, but the place was so full of peace delegates and their retinues that they could not be accommodated.

"I offered them my services, and gave Mr. Hopwood letters to Evan E. Young, United States Commissioner, and to the American Consul, John B. Hurley. Mr. Hopwood had been trying to get out of Russia since 1918, but the Soviet authorities found pretexts for detaining him until he developed tuberculosis from lack of food.

"They told me that it made them perfectly dizzy to see all the shops open in Riga. Even though that formerly prosperous city has now been reduced almost to industrial stagnation, the contrast with Moscow was startling. The people all seemed dressed compared with those in Moscow, who went around in rags. The last Winter they were there the shoes Miss Hopwood wore were made out of a kodak case and a velvet scarf. Butter could only be had for 6,300 rubles a pound; clothes and furniture that could be spared went for food. In Winter they spent most of the time in bed to keep warm, for there was no coal and little wood.

"Miss Hopwood had been forced to take a pickaxe and chop ice from the rails, her protest that she was an American citizen being disregarded, as were the protests of other Americans and nasian women did.

"She showed me a 10,000 Soviet ruble note, on which was printed a stipulation that the person using it should make Soviet propaganda. She exchanged it at a bank for 30 Lettish rubles, which are worth about 20 cents. I learned in Riga that no bank notes under 10,000 rubles are now being printed by the Soviet because of the lack of paper and the fact that the paper is worth more than the face value of the note.

"While in Riga I called on the Premier, the Foreign Minister and other State officials. They are all hopeful that economic rehabilitation will come to the new Baltic countries. They are not Bolshevist; they hate Bolshevism. They hope to be recognized by the United States and to have credit granted them. The recently announced plan of economic aid by the League of Nations is the plan the Baltic States hope will be applied to them. They are willing to hypothecate their railroads, their customs, to get credit with which to buy raw materials. For, although their factories are dismantled, the homes of their workers in ruins and the workers themselves supported by the State, they believe that with raw materials they could get on a firm financial basis.

"Living for an American is ridiculously cheap. I had a large room in a hotel, splendidly furnished, with breakfast served in my room, for the equivalent of 45 cents of our money. And the Poles complained of the high cost of living, and said it was only half as much in Warsaw. I went to the national opera one night and occupied a box with three other persons for about one dollar."

WIFE GETS $225 ALIMONY.

Mrs. Marion Langshaw's Allowance Increased by Court.

Special to the New York Times.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Dec. 15.—Mrs. Marion J. Langshaw, divorced wife of Albert C. Langshaw, New York salesman for the Walter H. Langshaw Company, won today in her contention that her alimony of $100 a month is not sufficient for the support of herself and two little daughters. Judge Webster Thayer decided that Mr. Langshaw must pay the petitioner $225 a month. Mrs. Langshaw had asked for $250 a month.

Mrs. Langshaw must move to a place within one hour's ride from New York to enable Mr. Langshaw to see the children.

Mr. Langshaw is a son of Walter H. Langshaw, a wealthy mill President. The petitioner obtained a divorce Dec. 8, 1916, on the ground of cruel and abusive treatment.

Whitney Joins Kings Lighting Co.

The Kings County Lighting Company announced yesterday that Travis H. Whitney, former Chairman of the Public Service Commission, is to be associated with Ralph Eisman in conducting the affairs of the reorganized company. Recently a representative of the consumers and a representative of the employes have been placed on the Board of Directors.

You National Advertisers—Where can People Buy Your Goods Locally?

You may spend an immense amount of money in national advertising in an endeavor to influence people to buy your goods but—

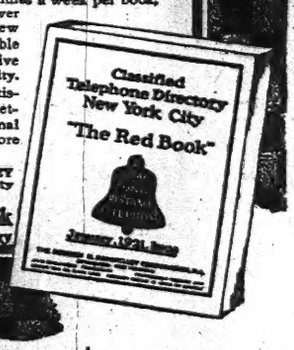
Where can they find where to buy them locally at the time they want to buy?

Your national advertising does not indicate this. But every telephone subscriber in the city of New York can find out easily and quickly through the use of D. R. B. if your local sources of supply are listed in this book. There's a D. R. B. in the home, office or place of business of every telephone subscriber in the city of New York. It is estimated that this book is used on an average of three times a week per book, which makes the book used over five million times a month by New York people. It is easily available to every customer or prospective customer that you have in this city.

Can you ask for a better advertising medium? Can you find a better way to back up your national advertising and make it more effective?

THE REUBEN H. DONNELLEY CORP., 227 Fulton St., New York City
Telephone Cortland Official 84.

Donnelley's Red Book
Classified Telephone Directory



Importers Since 1866
McGibbon & Co.
1 AND 3 WEST 37TH ST.
ONE DOOR FROM FIFTH AVENUE

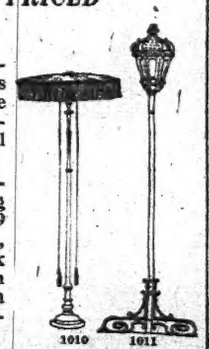
DISTINCTIVE CHRISTMAS GIFTS
MODERATELY PRICED

LAMPS


1009

No. 1009—Iron Reading Lamp 66 inches high, $23.00. Shade of 10 inch parchment, with metal decorations, $12.00.

No. 1010 — Polychrome Reading Lamp, Standard 59 inches high, $59.00, including tax. Silk Georgette 24 inch shade, lined, 6 inch fringe, $81.00, including tax.


1010 1011

No. 1011—Venetian Lamp, 78 inches high, Iron Standard, $91.00, including tax.
Table Lamps, Pottery Base, $76.00 up.
Table Lamps, Wrought Iron Base, $48.00, including tax.
Candelabra, Wood Polychrome, $65.00 each.
Candelabra, Wrought Iron, $45.00 each.

FURNITURE

Windsor Rocker or Arm Chairs, Brown Mahogany, $37.50.
Mahogany Rush Bottom Chairs, $21.00.
Mahogany Gateleg Tables, 25½ inches by 32½ inch top, $60.00.
Mahogany Hand-Carved Ash Receivers, with Glass Bowls, $17.50.
Mahogany Smoking Stands, $45.00.
STORE OPEN 9 A. M. TO 5:30 P. M.
McGibbon for Quality



They get what they want

ALL men, when they buy clothes, want just one thing: satisfaction If they get that, they get it all

If our clothes don't satisfy—money back

Hart Schaffner & Marx

Copyright, 1920, Hart Schaffner & Marx

Astonishing values in Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes here; money-savers for you

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

FARM COMBINATIONS

Southern and Western Senators Win Victory Despite Opposition.

OUTSIDE ANTI-TRUST LAW

Move in House to Drop Reference to Federal Reserve in War Finance Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The bill authorizing farmers, planters, ranchmen, fruit growers and dairymen to organize into associations, corporate or otherwise, for marketing their products in interstate and foreign commerce passed the Senate this afternoon. There was considerable opposition, but it was evident that the Southern-Western combination had the votes for a large majority, and in the end the measure was passed by a viva voce vote.

The measure, which now goes to conference, authorizes collective bargaining, preparing for market and the handling and marketing both in interstate and foreign commerce of everything grown by the farmers and ranchmen of the United States. They are authorized to organize and operate associations, with or without capital, and to make any contracts or agreements necessary to carry the provisions of the bill into effect, provided the associations are operated for the benefit of the members.

If prices are unduly enhanced by the associations, appeal for relief lies with the Federal Trade Commission and, in the event the orders of the commission are not obeyed, in the Federal Courts. It is stipulated that nothing in the bill shall be deemed to authorize the creation of any monopoly or to exempt the associations from the provision of the law passed in October, 1914, to prevent unfair methods of competition in commerce.

The bill exempts such associations from the provisions of the Sherman Anti-Trust law. No member of such an association can have more than one vote, irrespective of stock holdings or membership capital, and dividends are limited to 8 per cent. on the capital stock.

A move to eliminate the Federal Reserve section of the resolution revising the War Finance Corporation has begun in the House. When the Senate passed the resolution a few days ago the words "directing" the Federal Reserve Board to extend liberal credits to agriculturalists were altered to read that it was "the opinion" of Congress that this action should be taken.

Some House members now contend this clause is weakened and may as well not be in the bill. They will make an effort to amend the measure so that it will merely bring the War Finance Corporation into functioning anew and will say nothing else.

Secretary Houston and Eugene Meyer Jr., who was head of the War Finance Corporation, will appear tomorrow before the House Committee on Banking and Currency which considered the resolution today. At the same time a meeting of Representatives from all agricultural sections west of the Mississippi and Congressmen from some of the cotton States will be held to discuss the general outlook.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15 (Associated Press).—Cotton mills of the South and New England were declared by Senator Smith, Democrat, of South Carolina, in cotton when, he said, the profits of many mills amounted to 300 per cent.

The South Carolina Senator asserted that the mills had not reduced the prices of their products to correspond with the drop in the price of cotton and also in many cases in the wages of workers. The price of raw cotton, he said, had declined 200 per cent., while the prices received by the mills for finished products had fallen 33 1-3 per cent.

"Conditions in this country are frightful," Senator Smith declared. "Senators come in here with fine-spun theories instead of trying to do something to assist the farmers."

The Senator upbraided those who, he said, had declared "let the farmers take their medicine," in the form of falling prices. "Many millionaires were made during the war, but not one of them came from the farmers," he continued. "You stand here haggling about anti-trust laws breaking the hearts of the farmers when thousands are suffering."

Senator Smith asserted that there was as much or more profiteering today "in dollars" as there had been a year ago in "commodities," although no word of criticism was heard. He quoted Secretary Meredith to the effect that the farmers had lost over $5,000,000,000 this year through shrinkage in the values of their products.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 15.—At today's session of the New York Federation of Agriculture Convention here R. Ingalls, statistician on agricultural topics said:

"The Federal Reserve system does not serve the farmer, but serves the farmer's opponents. Operators of stock yards, packing plants, elevators and mills, warehouse men, cattlemen, and commission men or brokers habitually victimize the farmer."

Mayor George R. Lunn of Schenectady in discussing "the State food problem" called the farmers "the most exploited group in the United States." "If we are in earnest in wishing to solve the food problem," he added, "we must begin with the producer and see to it that he gets a square deal. What he receives for his labor production must be the basic consideration of all subsequent price fixing."

CARDINAL GIBBONS BETTER.

Recovering From a Cold and Overwork, It Is Announced.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 15.—"Continued improvement" in the health of Cardinal Gibbons, who has been recovering from a cold and overwork at Union Mills, was reported tonight by his physician.

It was said that Cardinal Gibbons has not yet made definite plans when he will return to his residence. When he went to the home of Robert T. Shriver at Union Mills, immediately after the fatigue of preaching a triduum at St. Joseph's College, it was announced that he would remain there until he had obtained a complete rest.

Several times within recent months the Cardinal has suffered slight attacks of weakness, which naturally caused anxiety owing to his advanced age—86 years. Members of his house attributed these attacks to a cold and too close attention to diocesan affairs.

HONORED FOR RESCUE OF S-5

Three Officers of the Gen. Goethals Receive Gifts From Daniels.

Three officers of the steamship General George W. Goethals, who assisted in rescuing the crew of the United States submarine S-5 last September, when the underwater craft was disabled off Cape Henlopen, Del., received presents yesterday from Secretary Daniels.

Captain E. D. Swinson and Second Engineer Robert A. McWilliams of the General Goethals were presented with binoculars and Chief Engineer W. G. Grace received a gold watch. The presentation was made by Rear Admiral J. H. Glennon, Commandant of the Third Naval District, acting for Secretary Daniels.

"Acid-Mouth" Drills Away Noiselessly

"Acid-Mouth" can exist in your mouth for years without your knowing it, although you wonder all the while what is causing those cavities in your teeth.

But make no mistake about the ever-threatening danger of "Acid-Mouth." It is estimated to be the chief cause of tooth decay—95 in every 100 persons are said to have it.

PEBECO

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

TOOTH PASTE

Counteracts "Acid-Mouth"

Pebeco Tooth Paste counteracts unfavorable mouth acids by *natural* methods. It simply stimulates the saliva to perform its complete daily work of keeping the teeth, gums and interior of the mouth thoroughly cleansed and free from harmful acids and deposits.

Have your dentist go over your teeth twice a year, and use Pebeco twice a day.

"OUR SIGN IS OUR BOND" Lehn & Fink

Pebeco is sold by druggists everywhere

An English Wife in Berlin

By EVELYN Princess BLUCHER

The Evening Post says "almost alone of the chronicles that have come out of the enemy country, her diary presents a portrayal of events that is neither envenomed by partisanship nor warped by propagandist intention. . . . Informal, racy of the moment, lively in mingling personal incident with political happening.

$6.00. It should be on sale in your bookstore; if not, can be had from

E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

Broadway At 34th Street

Saks & Company

Specialists in Apparel

New Store Hours, up to and including Dec. 24th—9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

New!

For the Evening Gown

A cluster of roses to fasten at the waist—a drop of gold stems—another cluster of roses—some more gold stem—and a shower of buds that meet the hem of the skirt—what more could any evening gown desire as a trimming?

Priced at **17.50**

A Gorgeous Sash

In the richest colorings—made of heavy satin in gay plaids, or soft crepe de chine lined with contrasting color.

Priced at **5.75 and 6.00**

A Bandeau

The laurel leaf furnished the inspiration—and a girl can find nothing lovelier for her hair—or more becoming—than this wreath of shining leaves in silver, gold and colors.

Priced at **2.25 to 3.75**

A Pure Silk Scarf

In plaids and stripes, so soft, so smart-looking, so luxurious, they are a joy to feel and wear.

Priced from **13.50 to 20.35**

NECKWEAR DEPT. Main Floor



A New Bag

Of Imported Crocodile Calf Leather

9.50

Made in England and imported direct by Saks & Company. Has inside compartment, moire silk lining, and gold-finished trimming. What would make a more acceptable or practical gift!

LEATHER GOODS SHOP Main Floor

Children's HOSE

Regularly 50c

Special **28c**

Superior quality lisle hose, in 1x1 ribbed effect. In black, white and dark tan. Sizes 6 to 9½.

Children's Sport Hose

Regularly 1.00

At **55c**

Made of heavy cotton that will withstand the hardest wear, wide rib, in black, with turn-over top in colored stripes. Sizes 7 to 9½.

SECOND FLOOR

Thursday

A Special Presentation of

WOMEN'S

SPORT COATS

At 39.50



Very smart indeed are these swagger sport coats in their trim styling—handsomely developed in tweeds, with natural raccoon collar, and warm lining of suede velour. They will serve you long and well.

A Collection of Women's

Fashionable **WRAPS and COATS**

at 45.00

Gracefully enveloping wraps and semi-wrap models, simple street coats that reflect the careful workmanship usually put into higher-cost models, developed in the materials of the hour:

Silvertone, Luella Cloth and Silvertip Bolivia

Warmly lined and interlined.

100 Women's

PURE SILK SWEATERS

REGULARLY 24.75 to 35.00

Thursday at **14.75**



They will move in a "flash" at this price, so gorgeously are they colored, so luxurious are the silks of which they are made.

Imported and Domestic Sweaters in Tuxedo Styles are included

in almost every coloring now in vogue, many prettily trimmed with glistening gold or silver.

None C.O.D., Exchanged or on Approval

THIRD FLOOR

The smartest of

WOOL JERSEY OVERBLOUSES

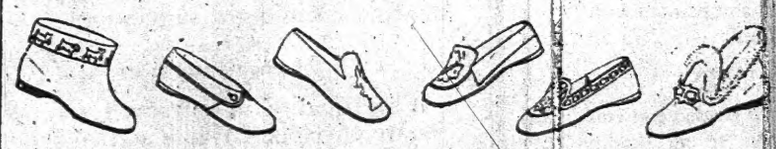
6.50



Very trig and comfortable for sports and tailleur wear are these pretty overblouses, developed in excellent quality wool Jersey, handsomely hand embroidered in gayly colored wools that lend a piquant touch of contrast.

In navy, brown, terra cotta and reindeer

THIRD FLOOR



Children's Slippers

—soft and cosy in the most pretty of juvenile styles are offered on the second floor at these very moderate prices:

Felt Comfy, trimmed with ribbon. All sizes and colors.	2.25
Felt Hilo, in all sizes and colors.	2.25
Felt Juliets, fur trimmed. With leather sole.	2.45
Felt Bootie, with comfy sole.	2.75
Felt Indian Moccasin, with comfy sole.	1.95
Felt Comfy, with top of nursery pictures.	1.85
Tan Leather Leggins	12.00
Children's Storm King Rubber Boots, Sizes 8½ to 2	3.75
Boys' Storm King Rubber Boots, Sizes 1 to 6	5.00

125 Women's Embroidered Serge and Wool Jersey Frocks

REDUCED

FORMERLY 25.00 to 39.50

Now 18.00

They are made of closely woven jersey and sturdy serge, in modish coat effects, overtunics and straight-line styles, lavishly hand embroidered in silk or soutache braid. Sizes from 34 to 44 in the assortment.

FOURTH FLOOR

Two Important Values in Women's Fashionable Suits

At Reduced Prices

At 19.75

Regularly 35.00—Smart suits for sports, street and business wear, carefully tailored in a number of swagger styles. Made in Winter weight wool jersey, fully lined and interlined. You will find nothing to equal them at the price.

At 34.75

Regularly 59.50 and 69.50—Suits that are in every way worthy of your critical attention. In straight-line and belted effects, developed in duvet de laine, yalama, velour, rayonier, oxfords and wool jersey, trimmed with nutria and French seal.

Thursday—An Extraordinary Opportunity to Secure

Handsome Fur Coats for Women At Half the Original Price

37 coats to be sold at one-half the original price—select any one of them and all you will be asked to pay is half the original cost.

3 Dyed Ringtail Oppossum Coats -in 27 inch model. Now marked at 285.00	Thursday at **142.50**
2 Dyed Ringtail Oppossum Coats—30 inches long. Now marked at 325.00.	Thursday at **162.50**
1 Dyed Ringtail Oppossum Wrap, Now marked at 450.00.	Thursday at **225.00**
1 Dyed Ringtail Oppossum Cape—38 inches long. Now marked at 375.00.	Thursday at **187.50**
4 Hudson Seal Coats in smart 28 inch models. Now marked at 410.00.	Thursday at **205.00**
1 Hudson Seal Coat in smart beaver trimmed model. Now marked at 750.00.	Thursday at **375.00**
3 Hudson Seal Coats in 36 inch models with beaver collar and cuffs. Now marked at 675.00.	Thursday at **337.50**
6 Hudson Seal Coats in 36 inch models, skunk trimmed. Now marked at 675.00	Thursday at **337.50**
5 Near Seal Coats—self trimmed—smart 30 inch model. Now marked at 285.00.	Thursday at **142.50**
6 Near Seal Coats, skunk trimmed. Stunning 30 inch model. Now marked at 285.00	Thursday at **142.50**
1 Kolinsky Cape. Now marked at 1,000.00	Thursday at **500.00**
1 Kolinsky Cape. Now marked at 850.00	Thursday at **425.00**
1 Fitch Cape. Now marked at 850.00	Thursday at **425.00**
1 Squirrel Cape Now marked at 675.00	Thursday at **337.50**
1 Mole Cape. Now marked at 595.00	Thursday at **297.50**

None C. O. D., exchanged or on approval *Sixth Floor*

GIRLS' RAIN COAT SETS

Special 8.95

Even a rainy day can be enjoyable if a girl owns one of these practical sets.

The outfit consists of a smartly belted coat, hat and school bag, all made of sturdy tweed. Sizes 6 to 16 years.



Many other practical gifts for girls—"Gym" Sets, Middies, school and party frocks, smart little coats, will also be found on the second floor, very modestly priced.

JEWELRY
WATCHES
PEARLS, PRECIOUS STONES
STATIONERY, SILVER PLATE

REED & BARTON
THEODORE B. STARR, INC
ESTABLISHED 1862
FIFTH AVENUE AT 47TH ST.
4 MAIDEN LANE

M. Knoedler & Co.
Announce a Special
EXHIBITION
of
Early English
Mezzotints
and
Sporting Prints
In Color
At Their Galleries
556 Fifth Avenue

Americanism
the Religion of Mankind
by Moses Steinberg

Not sold for money returns, but because Mr. Steinberg feels his pamphlet timely and vital. (25c)

The Norman, Remington Co.
Publishers
Baltimore - Maryland

six and Nine Submarines to Our Fifty-three.

COMMONS HEARS FIGURES

National Defense Committee Planning Navy's Future—Battleships' Value Disputed.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—Six destroyers and nine submarines are now under construction in this country, it was announced this afternoon in the House of Commons, whereas the United States is building sixty-six destroyers and fifty-three submarines, France one destroyer and six submarines, Italy nine destroyers and two submarines, and Japan eight destroyers and eight submarines.

Questions put to the Government showed the deep interest that has arisen rather suddenly in the future of the British navy. The Committee of National Defense, an important body on which sit leading Ministers and naval and military experts, has just begun to study the problem. It is considering not only the size but the type of the navy to be maintained in the future, and its deliberations are likely to continue for some time, perhaps for months, before a decision is reached.

Meanwhile a lively controversy is raging in the newspapers on the value of battleships. The experiences of the war, and particularly in the battle of Jutland, have proved, it is held, that revolutionary changes of design are necessary, and some experts of high standing declare that it would be foolish to build any more battleships at all in these days of air fighting and submarines.

Vice Admiral Sir Percy Scott has come out in support of the late Lord Fisher's "scrap the lot." He writes: "What is the use of battleships? This is a simple little question which I think I and the public are entitled to ask. I cannot answer it and I cannot get an answer from any one. Yet I am wrong, I did get one answer from a midshipman. He said 'They are no damned good at all.'"

He has the British Admiralty, Admiral Sir Doveton Sturdee, who won the victory of the Falkland Islands, and Admiral Sir R. H. Bacon, who commanded the Dover patrol, against him. The case for the battleship was humorously put in The London Times this morning by an anonymous naval officer who writes:

"The capital ship is the ship that sinks the enemy's capital ship, that protects cruisers that sink cruisers which protect destroyers that sink submarines that attack merchant ships that bring food that feeds people who build ships that transport the army that defends the House that Jack Built—the British Empire."

The economists would be delighted if a verdict could be given against the enormously costly battleships, but it will not be determined by that. The new orientation of world politics, the new strategic position of the naval powers and the feasibility of maintaining big ships in far-distant waters are factors which the Defense Committee will consider before deciding. Meanwhile it is in no hurry, as it realizes fully the advantage of having other nations' ex-British Empire.

Special to the New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—On the theory that airplanes and submarines may prove an even greater peril to merchant vessels in future wars than they were in the World War, Secretary Daniels today asked Congress to place under the Navy Department during a war emergency all vessels in Government service. Under the provisions of a bill sent to the Senate and the House by Secretary Daniels the navy would automatically take over, man, operate and repair for Government use all merchant vessels passing into marine danger zones.

Rear Admiral P. H. Huse and Rear Admiral Charles J. Badger recommended such action some time ago. Admiral Badger made the suggestion in behalf of the General Board of the Navy. Admiral Huse wrote in January, 1918, that such consolidation would place convoys under naval flag officers in taking ships across war zones where danger might be encountered.

In writing to Congress Secretary Daniels said:

"Your attention is directed to the imperative importance of having the management and direction of all vessels in use by the Government in time of war under single control and to the great advantage to be derived from unifying the disposition and operation of all vessels on war duty of any kind, including vessels for auxiliary purposes, under the Navy Department.

"The wisdom of such concentration of management would seem to go without saying, and many disadvantages of segregation in the control of maritime operations were emphasized with serious effect by situations that occurred from time to time during the European war.

"While the surpassing importance of unified control over the maritime activities of the Government in the general aspect cannot be overstated, it may be said that it is practically indispensable that the movements and operations of all vessels of every kind entering the war zones be under the control of the Navy Department."

The bill, which was referred to the Naval Affairs Committee of the House, would authorize a Presidential proclamation to demand that all the merchant ships be placed under the navy during the war and for six months afterward. All transports and merchant ships are to be officered and manned so far as practicable by the navy.

GAMBLING WITNESS MISSING

William H. Busteed Disappears on Eve of Nassau County Trials.

On the eve of the trial at Mineola, L. I., of the four Nassau County officials, Assemblyman Thomas McWhinney, Supervisor G. Wilbur Doughty, Sheriff Charles W. Smith and Postmaster Thomas H. O'Keefe of Oyster Bay, for conspiracy in connection with the gambling investigation, William H. Busteed, chief witness for the people, has disappeared.

Busteed pleaded guilty last October to maintaining a gambling house and was fined $1,000. He disappeared during the last few days, and detectives were told by his sister on Tuesday night at his apartment, Ninety-second Street and Broadway, that he had gone South, and she did not know his address. District Attorney Weeks was confident last night that Busteed would appear, as Clarence Galston, his attorney, had promised to produce the witness.

The trial is to be heard before Supreme Court Justice J. Addison Young, and the selection of jurors began yesterday.

She Will Welcome This Dainty Gift

This beautiful 14 kt. gold filled wrist-watch, 15 jewel, Swiss movement, guaranteed for 25 yeafs.

$20.00

Send for watch and silverware catalogue.

LEBOLT & COMPANY
534 Fifth Avenue
CHICAGO HOUSE, 10 S. State Stree

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue. 46TH and 47TH ST.

HOLIDAY FURS
AT
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

The following items are listed for *immediate sale* and in most cases comprise only *one of a kind*, therefore we cannot guarantee to furnish these particular pieces *after today; early selection* is accordingly advised.

DAY COATS

Black Russian Pony Coat $175
(Hudson Seal Collar and Cuffs, 34" length, $295 Value)

Leopard and Hudson Seal Sport Coat $250
(30" length, $450 Value)

Short Grey Squirrel Coat $295
(Sport Model, $550 Value)

Short Mole Coat $395
(Imported Model, $750 Value)

Hudson Seal Coat $500
($875 Value, 40" length, extra fine skins)

SCARFS

Natural Stone Marten Scarfs $35
(Single skin effects, $75 Value)

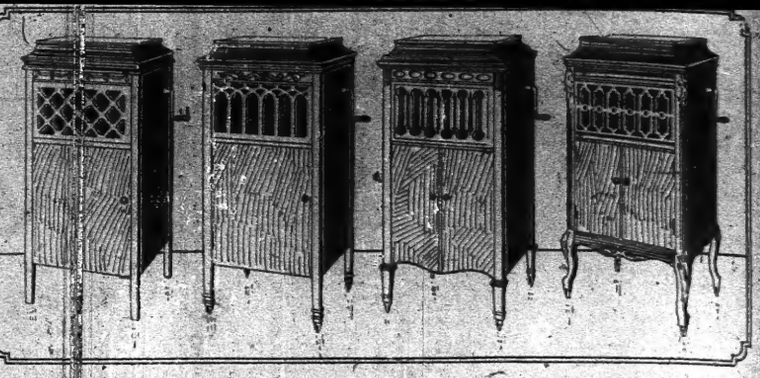
Natural Hudson Bay Sable Scarfs $65
(Single skin effects, $150 Value)

Cross Fox Scarfs $95
(Animal effects, $150 Value)

Russian Sable Scarfs $295
(Single skin effects, $550 Value)

EXQUISITE
FUR-TRIMMED WRAPS
of metallic brocades and velvets.
Formerly to $550—at $195—$245—$350

HANDSOME EVENING GOWNS
of lace, brocade, velvet and sequins.
Formerly to $295—at $95—$125—$195



All Pathe Phonographs now Half Price

Ready for Christmas delivery

This unexpected announcement will be a happy surprise to many homes that want a GOOD phonograph for Christmas. The PATHE is one of the standard phonographs of the present day; it has been numbered among the BIG SIX at this store; and our entire stock will be available, beginning today, at exactly half the present regular prices.

$325 Pathe phonographs will be $162.50
$150 Pathe phonographs will be $75
$175 Pathe phonographs will be $87.50
$200 Pathe phonographs will be $100
$225 Pathe phonographs will be $112.50
$500 Actuelle period models will be $250
$450 Actuelle period models will be $225
$300 Actuelle phonographs $150

The qualities of the various models vary; those who come first will have the best choice.

All PATHE Records at Half Price

This means every PATHE record in our regular stock. Nothing reserved. The phonographs and records will be on sale today in the Auditorium, First Gallery, New Building.

John Wanamaker
Broadway at Ninth, New York

Jay-Thorpe Inc.
24-26 FIFTY-SEVENTH STREET WEST

Gift Suggestions

VANITIES
of striped, embroidered, and beaded silk . . 8.75 up

IMPORTED NECKLACES
of Amber, Ivory, Amethyst, Lapis Lazuli, Jet, Topaz, and Quartz 12.50 up

BRACELETS
of Ivory with inlaid silver, colored Galalith . . . . . 4.50 up

TRINKET BOXES
an unusual variety in hand-painted Ivory with enamel finish; and hand-carved gilded silver 21.50 up

FRENCH BAGS
of Velvet, Silk, Tapestry, Brocade, beautifully designed Beads and in envelope style . 14.50 up

FEATHER FANS
of Ostrich, Vulture, and Glycerine; with handles of Amber, Tortoise, and Pearl . 19.50 up

HAND-MADE 'KERCHIEFS
of handkerchief linen, embroidered, and with filet lace. 1.45 up

CIGARETTE HOLDERS
of Ivory with inlaid silver 6.75

DESK SETS
of Ivory with handles of gilded silver . . . 23.50 up

PERFUME BURNERS
beautifully designed in hand-painted cloisonne . 22.50 up

PERFUME SETS
including all the noted French perfumes, and many of the rarer ones . . . 26.00 up

PERFUME ATOMIZERS
of cut crystal, hand-painted with push top and bulb . 2.75 up

BOUDOIR MULES
of plain Satin, brocaded and embroidered Satin, in all shades 4.85 up

HAND-MADE CAMISOLES
exquisitely embroidered in various materials . 4.95 up

FRENCH HAND-MADE BLOUSES
of Batiste, Voile and Linen 13.50 up

NEW YORK PARIS PALM BEACH

Fine Stationery
Attractively Priced

To meet the Holiday demand with a most acceptable gift suggestion—

French Parchment

Fine quality in attractive size with square envelopes. White and colors.

Plain Edge $1.10 quire box
Colored Border $1.35 quire box

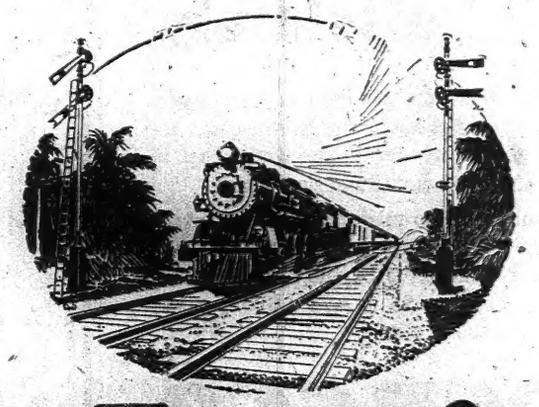
Ground Floor

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

The Kensico Cemetery
America's Burial Park

THE SPIRIT OF WEST POINT.

The kind of men produced by the mill-tary school at West Point described by Colonel Fitzhugh Lee Minnegerode in The New York Times Book Review and Magazine next Sunday. Points of interest beautifully illustrated by roto gravure.—Adv.



San Francisco

is brought into closer contact with the cities of the East and central West through the splendid train service of the Union Pacific System and Southern Pacific Lines.

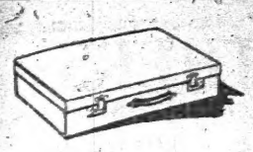
OVERLAND LIMITED
Via C. & N. W.—Union Pacific—Southern Pacific
Lv. Chicago (C. & N. W. Sta.) 7:10 p.m.
Lv. Omaha 9:00 a.m.
Ar. San Francisco 1:30 p.m. (3rd day)
Exclusively for sleeping car passengers. Observation drawing-room-compartment car, sleeping cars, buffet club car and dining car. Barber and Valet service.

PACIFIC LIMITED
Via C. M. & St. P.—Union Pacific—Southern Pacific
Lv. Chicago (Union Sta.) 10:45 a.m.
Lv. Omaha 1:20 a.m.
Ar. San Francisco 8:30 a.m. (3rd day)
Observation sleeping car, standard and tourist sleeping cars, reclining chair cars, dining car.

Over the Rockies and the Sierra Nevada—through the heart of the scenic West. Double track—automatic safety signals—rock ballast. For fares, reservations and information apply to

J. B. DeFriest, General Agent, Union Pacific System
309 Stewart Bldg., 220 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
A. J. Poston, Gen. Agt., Pass. Dept., Southern Pacific Lines
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

UNION PACIFIC
SOUTHERN PACIFIC

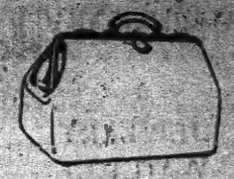


English Light Weight Leather Secretary Cases
—in genuine London leather. Splendid for salesmen and insurance men. **10.00**
Other styles at 12.50 to 25.00

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

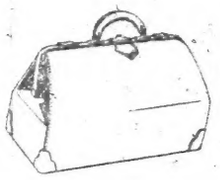
New Store Hours, up to and including Dec. 24th—9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Cowhide Traveling Bags
seal grained, and leather lined. Sizes 14, 15, and 16 inches. **15.00**
Other styles from 20.00 to 55.00



Thursday—at Special Prices—Gift Luggage and Umbrellas

From the Largest Stocks in the City of New York—Saks



Fine Cowhide Traveling Bags, with hand-sewed, English frames, and leather lining. Very light in weight. **22.50**
Other styles at 25.00 to 55.00



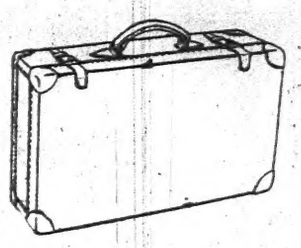
Men's Fitted English Bags—made of English grain cowhide leather, lined and fitted with ten-piece ebony toilet set. **75.00**
Others 80.00 to 150.00



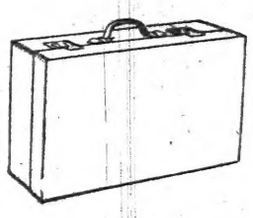
English Kit Bags made of genuine London leather. Hand-sewed throughout. Hand-sewed saddle leather handle. **45.00**



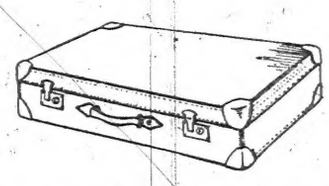
Women's Overnight Bags—of cowhide leather, all silk lined. Sizes 14 15 and 16 inches. **10.00**
Other styles at 15.00 to 25.00



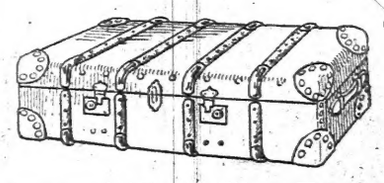
Cowhide Suit Cases of very fine construction, with heavy sewed-on corners. Made of selected cobra grain cowhide. Sizes 24 and 26 inches. **20.00**
Other styles 25.00 to 50.00



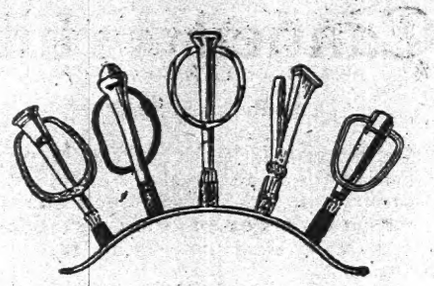
English Leather Suit Cases, all hand-sewed and fitted with dependable locks. Light of weight and convenient size. **31.50**
Other styles 35.00 to 98.00



English Leather Suit Cases with heavily protected corners. Hand sewed; trimmed with nickel. **35.00**
Other styles at 50.00 to 115.00



Imported Wood Fibre Trunks—known in Europe as the Peninsular Trunk. Very light of weight, and a convenient size for short trips. Will stand lots of abuse without appearing the worse for wear. **42.00**
Other styles up to 105.00



Fine Silk Umbrellas

For Men and Women

At 4.95

Women's Pure Silk Umbrellas with wide tape edges. Made over 8-ribbed Paragon frames. Handles are of hardwoods with bakelite rings and caps.

At 5.95

Pure Silk Umbrellas with tape edges, in blue, purple, green, garnet and black. Handles are of bakelite and leather, and tips and stub ends of bakelite.

At 7.45

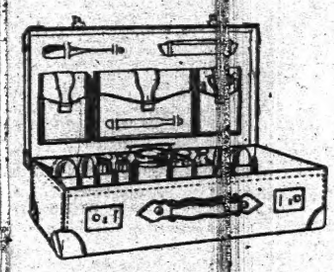
Women's Extra Fine Silk Umbrellas with heavy tape edges. Handles are of full length bakelite or leather. Tips and stub ends of bakelite. Wide range of colors.

At 9.85

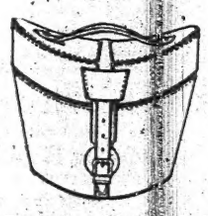
Women's Pure Silk Umbrellas of a very fine quality, with satin edges. Handles are in novelty effects of bakelite in combination with amber; tips and stubs entirely of amber. Excellent range of colors.

At 6.45

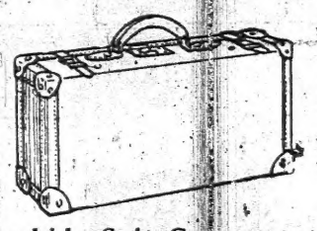
Men's Pure Silk Umbrellas with tape edges, and 8-ribbed Paragon frames. Straight and Prince of Wales handles in a large variety of hard woods.
Main Floor



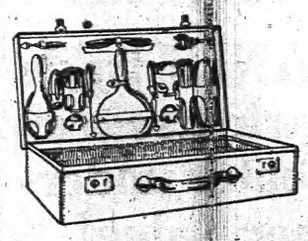
Men's English Fitted Suit Cases, of genuine English Butt leather, fitted with sterling silver toilet set. **300.00**
Other styles up to 450.00



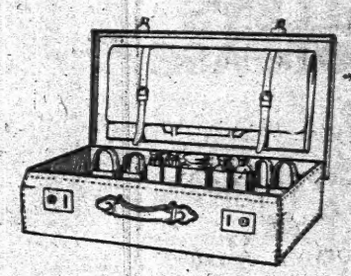
Men's Genuine English Leather Hat Boxes, made to hold two hats. Hand-sewed throughout. **32.50**
Other styles up to 50.00



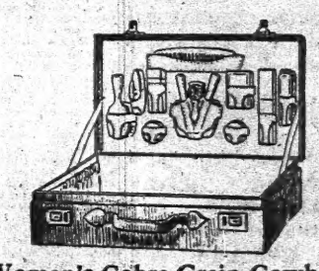
Cowhide Suit Cases with shirt pocket in lid. Reinforced at corners and fitted with reliable lock and catches. **15.00**



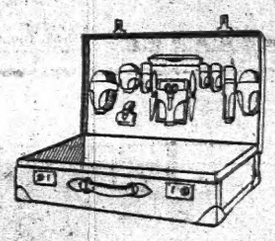
Women's Sterling Silver Fitted Suit Cases, made of cobra grain cowhide. Fitted with fourteen-piece sterling silver toilet set. **127.50**
Other styles up to 695.00



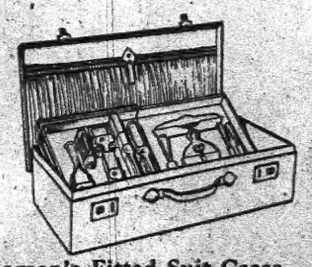
Men's Fitted Suit Cases made of cowhide leather, fitted with ten-piece sterling silver toilet set. **195.00**
Other styles at 225.00 to 300.00



Women's Cobra Grain Cowhide Suit Cases, fitted with 13-piece tortoise shell toilet set. Silk lined. **60.00**
Other styles 100.00 to 135.00



Men's English Fitted Suit Cases made of London Leather, pig grain leather lined. Fitted with genuine ebony toilet set. **75.00**
Other styles 85.00 to 146.00



Women's Fitted Suit Cases—with ten-piece tortoise shell or amber color toilet set. Case expertly made of seal grained cowhide. **100.00**
Other styles 115.00 to 168.00

Wardrobe Trunks

At 48.50

Saks Special Wardrobe Trunks. Very finely constructed, covered with hard vulcanized fibre, and trimmed with the finest hardware. Fitted with twelve hangers, five drawers, shoe pockets and laundry bag.

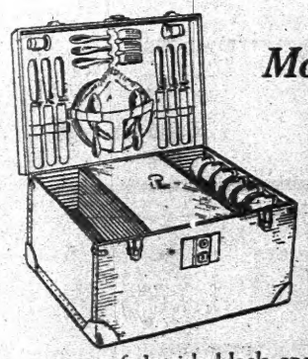
At 74.75

Women's Wardrobe Trunks, of five-ply veneer covered with hard vulcanized fibre and interlined with fibre. Open top model, with solid basswood drawers, twelve hangers, shoe pockets and laundry bag.



At 28.50

Wardrobe Trunks for Men and Women made especially for ocean travel and short trips. Has three drawers and patented swinging trolley of six hangers. *Illustrated.*
Other styles from 40.00 to 100.00



Motor Luncheon Cases

FOR FOUR PERSONS **16.00**

FOR SIX PERSONS **17.50**

The handiest of all motor requisites. Costs little, adds much to the joy of motoring. Made of 3-ply basswood, water proofed with black enameled duck. Fitted with white enameled plates and cups, tin plated sandwich box, salt and pepper shakers, knives, forks, and spoons. Space provided for three Thermos bottles.

English Wicker Lunch Baskets

22.50

Fitted with nickel-plated copper food boxes, Thermos bottles, wicker covered glasses, porcelain salt and pepper shakers, enameled plates and Sheffield cutlery.
Sixth Floor

Wardrobe Trunks

At 39.50

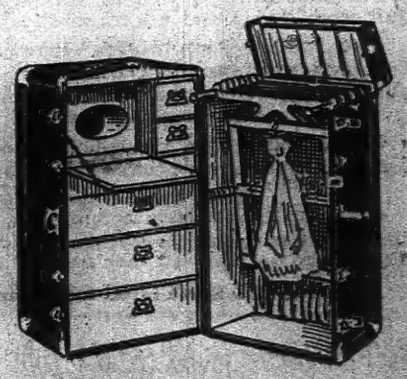
Men's and Women's Three-Quarter Wardrobe Trunks, for short trips, fitted with five drawers, nine hangers, swinging trolley, shoe pockets and laundry bag.

At 42.50

Three-Quarter Size Wardrobe Trunks for short trips—of very fine construction. Fitted with swinging trolley, eight hangers, shoe pockets and laundry bag.

At 74.75

Bachelor Wardrobe Trunks Made of five-ply veneer, covered with hard fibre, and equipped with nine hangers, five drawers, laundry bag and shoe pockets.
Illustrated



New Quarters

Our Trust Department in our New York Office has been provided with new quarters on the Broadway front of the Third Floor.

There are private rooms for consultation with clients wishing advice in trust matters.

Our Trust Officers are available at all times during business hours and are anxious to help you solve your problems.

There is no Company better qualified to render efficient service of a trust or estate nature.

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST Co

Capital $6,000,000
Surplus $11,000,000

176 Broadway, New York
175 Remsen St., 189 Montague St., Brooklyn
350 Fulton St., Jamaica, 67 Jackson Av., L.I.C.

Before Your Christmas Shopping

Shake Into Your Shoes

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE



It Sets the Pace in every WALK of Life.

It takes the friction from the shoe and freshens the feet. Get a package to-day.

"So Easy to Use"

And enjoy the bliss of Feet without an ache.

Over 1,500,000 pounds of Powder for the Feet were used by our Army and Navy during the war.

Ask TO-DAY for ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

DIAMONDS-WATCHES

Fine Jewelry Christmas Gifts

SELECT NOW

From our immense stock

DIAMONDS RANGING $25 TO $1,000

ON CREDIT

Strictly confidential *No red tape*
Small Weekly or Monthly Payments

CALL OR SEND FOR XMAS CATALOG

ROYAL DIAMOND & WATCH CO.

35 MAIDEN LANE, 6th FLOOR

OPEN EVENINGS TILL 9 O'CLOCK

CIVIL WAR IN IRELAND.

In this week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL appear three pages of striking action pictures illustrating the civil war in Ireland in different cities. These are historic graphic records. In the same issue are eight-two other etchings illustrating the news events of the whole world, including a splendid double-page etching of the League of Nations in session, ready for a frame. On news stands for 10c.—Advt.

TRIED TO SWAY HIM

Denman Asserts Sir Cannop Guthrie Was Elected as Shipping Board Official

BUT HE HAD HIM DROPPED

Offers to Disclose Phases of Negotiations "Which Approached the Realm of Secret Treaties."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Further testimony that Great Britain attempted to influence the wartime shipping policy of the American Government was given today by William Denman of San Francisco, First Chairman of the Federal Shipping Board, before the special House committee investigating operations of the board.

Mr. Denman charged that the British mission which came to the United States in April, 1917, and which was headed by Arthur J. Balfour, then British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, had undertaken to influence the Shipping Board and had succeeded in getting one of its members elected to an administrative board which Mr. Denman said he had attempted to organize in New York to function with the Shipping Board.

The member of the British Mission elected to this advisory board, he said, was Sir Cannop Guthrie. Mr. Denman told the committee that he did not know how Sir Cannop was elected—that it happened between noon and 3:30 one afternoon—but that he had learned that three or four members of the British mission were present.

"Afterward the Shipping Board had a warm session," he continued. "It lasted twenty minutes, and all that had been transacted at the previous session was wiped out."

The witness intimated that his insistence that the board be kept free from British influence had more to do with his resignation as Chairman "than anything else." He testified that while he wanted British co-operation he did not want Great Britain to influence the board.

Mr. Denman said he had frequent conferences with Mr. Balfour and that "certain phases of the conferences approached the realm of secret treaties." He indicated his willingness to disclose the nature of the negotiations if President Wilson would consent.

When Mr. Denman concluded the committee adourned the inquiry over until after the Christmas holidays.

Before adjournment, however, Representative Kelley of Michigan, a member of the committee, said that the board, while Mr. Denman was its Chairman, employed "persons of ordinary ability" to handle the board's accounts and that as a result "the board's accounting system has been in confusion ever since."

"It appears that there were no proper safeguards to prevent placing of large Government sums in the hands of persons inexperienced in the shipping business," said Mr. Kelley. "Evidently there was no protection to the Government against payment of excessive salaries and of unreasonable amounts for the construction of ships.

"One of the serious criticisms made of the Shipping Board during the early days of the war," Representative Kelley added, "was that the board's Treasurer had very little, if any, power, and that the board's Controller had no check on the Treasurer's handling of funds. A great deal of chaos was the result."

West Virginia Mills Close.

MARTINSBURG, W. Va., Dec. 15.—The textile mills of the Interwoven and Middlesex Companies here, employing a total of 1,600 persons, were closed today until the first of the year. Readjustment of the wage scale before the plants reopen is planned by the management, it was announced.

FOR ARMENIAN TASK

Chosen as President Wilson's Representative in the Proposed Mediation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Henry Morgenthau of New York, former American Ambassador to Turkey and an authority on the situation in the Near East, has been selected by President Wilson to act as his personal representative in the proposed mediation between the Armenians and the Turkish Nationalists.

Announcement of the appointment today is believed to demand an early response to the President's inquiries, addressed to the Council of the League of Nations, concerning the avenues through which his efforts should move.

The appointment was announced in this statement to the press by the State Department:

"The President today designated Mr. Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador to Turkey, to act as his personal representative to carry out his proffer of good offices and personal mediation in the matter of Armenia.

"Mr. Morgenthau is prepared to proceed with his duties as soon as practicable. He will wait, however, until the President has received advices from the Council of the League as to the avenues through which the President's proffer should be conveyed and the parties with whom he should get in contact."

For nearly a week, as a result of changed conditions in the Near East, there has been some doubt here as to whether the attempt to mediate would materialize. Immediately upon accepting the invitation of the League to mediate President Wilson addressed to the League Council an inquiry for information, which the League was to furnish, but which has not yet been forthcoming, and until it has been received the President can hardly act further than to appoint his representative.

ENDS LIFE WITH 2 BULLETS.

Manager of Shoe Service Corporation Asks Wife's Forgiveness in Note.

Monroe Koch, 52 years old, of 335 West 110th Street, manager of the Shoe Service Corporation at 1,151 Broadway, committed suicide in a bedroom in his home last night by shooting himself in the right side of the head and just over the heart. In a note addressed to his wife Koch asked forgiveness for his act and for any worry or trouble he had caused her during their eighteen years of married life.

For several weeks, Mrs. Koch said, her husband has been despondent, but refused to give any reason for his mood. Yesterday afternoon he returned from business at the usual hour and told his son Stephen, 13 years old, that he did not feel well and would lie down until dinnertime.

The 1921 *Cruisette*

On Exhibition at

Motor Boat Show

GRAND CENTRAL PALACE

(December 10-18 Inclusive)

Inspect this noble little craft—successor of the famous ELCO Submarine Chasers.

The Cruisette Has Made Good—Best Value Ever Offered

The Elco Works
Bayonne, N. J.



Elco MOTOR BOATS

JACQUES

The House of Distinctive Jewels

Gifts for the Holidays
Moderate-priced Diamond Bracelets, Brooches, Rings and Novelties

561 Fifth Ave., Corner 46th St

Macy's

New Luscious California Canned Fruits

At Reduced Prices

Packed expressly for R. H. Macy & Co., Inc., by packers of the highest quality California fruit. The fruits were picked when fully matured and tree ripened. They were canned the day picked and put up in extra heavy syrup, thereby preserving all the natural flavor.

Note regular and sale prices.

Yellow Cling Peaches, Jessamine brand, halves or sliced; they are of exceptionally fine flavor and color; every peach is perfect. No 2½ can, our usual price, 47c. This sale Case of 2 doz., **$9.74**; ea. 42c.

Apricots—No. 2½ cans, our usual price 44c. This sale Case of 2 doz., **$9.14**; ea. 39c.

Bartlett Pears—No. 2½ cans, our usual price 54c. This sale Case of 2 doz., **$11.44**; ea. 49c.

Cherries, Royal Ann—No. 2½ can. Our usual price is 54c. This sale Case of 2 doz., **$11.44**; ea. 49c.

Egg or Green Gage Plums—No. 2½ cans. This sale Case of 2 doz., **$7.84**; ea. 34c.

Sliced Peaches, Lily White Brand—No. 1 tall can. This sale Case of 2 doz., **$6.74**; ea. 29c.

Yellow Cling Peaches, Silver Flower Brand—No. 2½ cans. Case of 2 doz., **$9.14**; ea. 39c.

Macy's—Grocery Dept., Fifth Floor, 35th Street.

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

Macy's

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32nd STREET - BROADWAY - 33rd STREET NEW YORK CITY

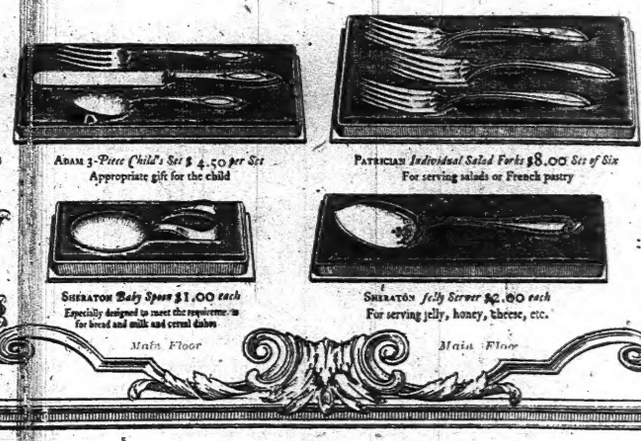


COMMUNITY PLATE

TO Her at Christmas—

A delightful compliment to a woman's discriminating taste is the gift of Community Plate. Each piece or set in a Community Gift Case of French gray lined with deep blue velvet.

It is our pride to have a distinctive showing of Community Plate always at your service.



ADAM 3-Piece Child's Set $4.50 per Set
Appropriate gift for the child

PATRICIAN Individual Salad Forks $8.00 Set of Six
For serving salads or French pastry

SHERATON Baby Spoon $1.00 each
Especially designed to meet the requirements for bread and milk and cereal dishes

SHERATON Jelly Server $2.00 each
For serving jelly, honey, cheese, etc.

Main Floor Main Floor



Trade HANES Mark
ELASTIC KNIT UNDERWEAR

"HANES" trade mark *assures* greater underwear value!

Read Hanes Guarantee:

"We guarantee Hanes Underwear absolutely—every thread, stitch and button. We guarantee to return your money or give you a new garment if any seam breaks."

YOU can depend on it that every garment bearing the Hanes label more than returns its cost in wear and warmth and comfort—more than you ever got out of any underwear at the price!

"Hanes" winterweight men's underwear is backed by this assurance of greater service. *Hanes guarantee is proof of the manufacturer's good faith!*

Men will be delighted with the wear and warmth put into Hanes heavy and medium weight union suits and heavy weight shirts and drawers. Hanes *new* medium weight, yellow label union suit is knitted from full combed yarn and silk trimmed. It is a marvel of quality.

You find in every "Hanes" garment flat unbreakable seams; reinforcements to strengthen strain points; buttonholes that last the life of the garment. Union Suits have snug-fitting tailored collarette; an extra gusset gives extra roominess at thighs; closed crotch stays closed.

Hanes shirts have shape-holding elastic knit collarette and wrists. Drawers have the wide comfortable 3-button sateen waist band.

Hanes Boys' Union Suits are real bargains

These wonderfully made union suits delight the youngsters for their warmth as their long-wearing qualities delight mothers. Sizes 20 to 34 covering ages 2 to 16. Two to four year sizes have drop seat.

P. H. HANES KNITTING CO., Winston-Salem, N. C. *New York Office 366 Broadway*

Warning to the trade: Any garment offered as "Hanes" is a substitute unless it bears the "Hanes" label.

Next Summer—You'll want to wear Hanes Nainsook Union Suits!

Order your special gift boxes of Huyler's today

THEY will be packed fresh and delivered to any address in perfect condition in time for Christmas.

By ordering now before the stores are crowded you will be sure of getting for each person just the box and the assortment you want, most attractively packed.

We shall do our best for last-minute customers, but frankly our salespeople can give you better service now.

Huyler's NEW YORK

$2.50 per pound $2.00 per pound $1.50 per pound



Originated by HORLICK



The Old Reliable Round Package

Get the ORIGINAL

Fresh, full-cream milk and the extract of selected malted grain, reduced to powder form.

The Food-Drink for All Ages

Used successfully for over 1/3 century.

Superior to tea, coffee, cocoa

A quick lunch readily digested.

Invigorating, Nourishing, Delicious

Ask for Horlick's at All Fountains

Prepared in a moment by briskly stirring the powder in hot or cold water. Keep at home or when traveling.

Ask For and Get Horlick's

thus Avoiding Imitations

SUBSTITUTES Cost YOU Same Price

Write for free sample to Horlick's, Dept. B, Racine, Wis.



Yankee Radiolite, $3.50
Plain Dial Model $2.50

Midget, $5.00
With Radiolite Dial $5.75

Waterbury Radiolite, $6.25
12-size Jeweled
Plain Dial Model $5.50

Reliance 7-Jewel
Nickel Case $8.00
Gold-filled Case $11.50

Radiolite 2 in-1, $3.75
For Desk or Bureau

Give Ingersolls for Christmas

WHAT can make Christmas time merrier than a gift of one of these cheerful, happy, faithful Ingersoll watches? Could anything please a small boy better than a Yankee Radiolite, whose face lights up in the dark?

And what would make a young girl more joyous on Christmas morning than to find one of those smart little Midget Radiolites among her gifts?

Then for big brother, that natty Waterbury Radiolite—jeweled and with a lot of style and distinction to it—ticking its Christmas message in his pocket.

Think how delighted mother will be when you give her the Radiolite Two-in-One, the watch-clock that will sit up on her bureau or desk and tell true time by day and night.

And even if father has a dozen watches, you'll find he's fairly beaming Merry Christmas when he sees the slim, jeweled Reliance you've given him.

These are only five of fifteen models; maybe you'll pick others as your gifts. Better see the dealer at once to avoid disappointment, for Ingersolls sell fast at Christmas time.

ROBT. H. INGERSOLL & BRO.
New York Chicago San Francisco Montreal

Ingersoll

Prices Include tax

TO SEEK NEW TREATY

Predicts at Marion a Peace Conference at Washington, With All Nations Taking Part.

SUPPORTS BORAH PROPOSAL

Assails Both Versailles Treaty and League—Raymond Robins Also a Visitor.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 15.—Views of the Senate irreconcilables were brought to Senator Harding's ear today by Senator Fall of New Mexico, who stopped on his way home. Except for Colonel George Harvey, who left today, Senator Fall is the first out-and-out opponent of the League to come to Marion.

Senator Fall told the President-elect that the time had come for the United States to "resume the moral leadership of the world" by the negotiation of a new treaty. Before leaving Marion he predicted that a new peace conference would be held in Washington, with delegates sent there by all the powers.

The Mexican situation was not discussed at today's conference. Nor did Senator Harding bring up Cabinet matters in his talk with him, Senator Fall said. "But whether I said anything about the Cabinet is another question," he added.

"I was an irreconcilable and I still am," Senator Fall said after his conference. "I believe we owe a duty to the other peoples of the world, but I always have thought we could do it without surrendering any part of our sovereignty." Concerning Colonel Harvey's proposal for a referendum by nations before engaging in offensive warfare, the Senator said:

"I proposed a referendum on peace in the Senate some time ago, so I don't see why I should object to a referendum on war. I certainly think it would be practicable, provided all nations agree to it.

"As for Senator Borah's proposal to seek an agreement with Japan and Great Britain to limit armaments; I heartily approve. I would even favor the Senate confirming the appointment of a representative to attend the League discussions on this subject. I see no reason against sending a representative to attend the League conferences, even with the United States out of the League. He would be sent there only for conference purposes, and would return home for his orders."

Senator Fall was confident that the League could be separated from the treaty, he said.

"The League and the treaty were unscrambled by some of the reservations we brought up in the Senate. My own impression is that Europe cares little for the League. I am against the treaty as it stands, for it commits us to enforce provisions that are no concern of ours.

"I don't believe the treaty is workable, and I would not be surprised if the European nations themselves negotiate a new peace treaty. With the conferences that Senator Harding is now holding I think it is reasonable to suppose that the next Administration can arrive at a new deal agreeable to all. I would not be surprised if the next peace conference could be held at Washington, with the other nations of the world seeking for invitations to send representatives.

"So far as the irreconcilables are concerned, all have expressed themselves as in favor of some association of nations. An association of nations would have to be the basis of a world court, for instance. There never has been any

Raymond Robins of Chicago spent two hours with Senator Harding this morning, discussing the general European situation. "It was a most satisfactory and gratifying experience," said Mr. Robins afterward. "To re-establish trade and to assist the people of Europe to get back to production and trade is the great task of the time."

Senator Harding discussed with William A. Pearis of Des Moines a plan put forward by the American Chamber of Commerce of Mexico for an interchange of college and university scholarships between the United States and Mexico. The President-elect expressed himself as much interested in the idea.

George Fred Williams of Massachusetts was another visitor today. Mr. Williams, who is a Democrat of the Bryan school, has a plan for an association of nations based on the establishment of the freedom of the seas. This he explained to Senator Harding.

Governor and Mrs. Calvin Coolidge are expected tomorrow to spend the day with Senator and Mrs. Harding.

BEDFORD WARNS ON TARIFF.

Standard Oil Chairman Says Europe Regards Increase as War Profit Grab

"No political phase of American activity is being watched with more attention by Europe than our disposition of the tariff," said A. C. Bedford, Chairman of the Standard Oil Company, just back from Europe, at a luncheon of the American Manufacturers Export Association in the Pennsylvania Hotel. "France, for example, would regard an increase there as further evidence of our wishing to retain our war profits. There are those in that country who think that our prohibition bill was aimed at the French wine industry. These countries may often be in the wrong, but we must not neglect the human element in our dealings with debtor nations. By an increased tariff, Frenchmen think that they would be deprived of their main medium of payment of debts to us, namely, the shipment of goods."

Mr. Bedford said he favored the removal of trade restrictions abroad, and any other steps which would enable Europe more easily to pay her debts.

William C. Redfield, who presided at the luncheon, praised the corporation formed recently to finance foreign trade operations.

"It is the best friend the export trade of this country has," he said. "You merchants will probably soon be asked to dig down into your pockets to support this great and powerful ally of trade and commerce, and I hope your help will be freely given."

MILLER AND GARRISON MEET

Governor-Elect Discusses Traction Affairs With Receiver.

Governor-elect Nathan L. Miller conferred for three hours yesterday afternoon on the traction situation with Lindley M. Garrison, receiver for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company. Mr. Garrison had been asked by the Governor-elect to call.

After his talk with Mr. Garrison, Governor-elect Miller said that he would invite Job E. Hedges, receiver for the New York Railways Company, to call in the near future and talk over traction matters.

"No conclusion has been reached with regard to the traction situation. I am merely seeking light on this and other subjects and gradually getting it," said the Governor-elect. "Mr. Garrison made no recommendations, merely told me about the situation as he had become familiar with it. I am not going to make up my mind until I have all the information obtainable. Then we may hope to work out a solution that will serve the best interests of the public, even though it may not please everybody at first."

Read This Statement

A Condition in the Clothing Manufacturing Trade That Commands Your Attention

Let all red-blooded Americans who favor fair play and the reduction of high prices read the following absolutely authentic facts:

Like numerous other manufacturers of men's fine clothing, we find our business at a standstill and our big factory loaded to the limit with thousands of men's fine overcoats and suits, which, due to the stagnation that exists in the retail store trade, remain unsold.

This has placed us in a serious position. We must either discharge our help, close down our factory and accept a tremendous loss or try and sell direct to the public. In this desperate situation we decided a week ago to let our entire stock go to the public at whatever it would bring, regardless of cost. Almost immediately we were told by a good part of our store trade to stop selling at retail or accept many cancellations and virtual extermination. Now we do not charge all the retail trade with this form of boycott. There are many, we feel, who are too fair to countenance such methods.

However, we need cash, and we have determined to dispose of our stocks to the general public at once, regardless of any threats. Therefore, you can now walk into our New York factory at 810 Broadway and select the finest men's overcoats and suits you ever saw at fr m 50% to 75% below regular retail store prices.

In other words, all wool suits and overcoats, beautifully hand-tailored and cut on advanced patterns, for which regular retail stores ask you $40 to $50, we will sell you at $20 and $25; those that retail at $60 and $70, we will dispose of at $30 and $35—absolutely no higher, and we guarantee the cloth and trimmings the finest used in any suits anywhere, as an inspection will prove.

And bear in mind, our garments are equal to fine custom work, with our guarantee to refund your money within three days if you can duplicate our values anywhere in New York.

Further, to prove that the above prices are not exaggerated one iota, you are privileged to see our books and actual contracts with retail concerns, showing that this offer is not only legitimate, but most remarkable and that we are really standing a big loss.

The above prices and actual savings will give you an idea of the tremendous opportunity that we now place before men and young men of this city who believe in a reduction of prices and demand fair play.

We ask your help and co-operation, guaranteeing every word in this statement the absolute truth. Do us the justice of at least investigating the facts herein stated.

Our factory—one flight up—will be open from 8.30 A. M. to 7 P. M. during this sale.

Finkelstein & Maisel,
FACTORY AND SHOWROOMS (TAKE ELEVATOR) ONE FLIGHT UP
810 Broadway, opp. 11th St., N. Y.

"The Trousseau House of America"

GIFTS OF UTILITY

MADEIRA ROSE SCALLOPED LUNCH SETS (25 pieces)	from 15.00
HAND MADE SILK COMFORTABLES	from 42.00
CHAISE LONGUE COVERS	from 35.00
EMBROIDERED BED SPREADS	from 17.50
FRENCH BATH GOWNS with bath sheet and towels to match	The Set 75.00

Prices No Higher Than Elsewhere

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC *Inc.*
FIFTH AVENUE, 44th and 45th Streets

The Annual **RUSSEKS** *Xmas Fur Sale*

FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th and 35th Street

UNRIVALLED for economy and of unquestioned value, every Russek High Type Fur Garment in this timely Christmas sale represents an absolutely remarkable opportunity to save from 30% to 50% on your Fur Investment. There is no time like the present to purchase a high-grade guaranteed Fur garment at the specially low prices which are now available.

Furs

36 in. *Hudson Seal Coats* $350
Collar and Cuffs of Skunk. Were to 575.00

36 in. *Scotch Mole Coats* $250
Formerly 375.00

48 in. *Scotch Mole Wraps* $395
Formerly 600.00

Plain Hudson Seal Wraps
45 inches to 48 inches long. $395, $495, $595
(Actual Values to 900.00)

Special
48 in. *Alaska Seal Wrap* $795
Formerly 1195.00

Furs

36 in. *Nat. Squirrel Coats* $465
Were to 750.00

48 in. *Nat. Squirrel Wraps* $695
Were to 950.00

48 in. *Broadtail Wraps* $1500
Were to 2250.00

48 in. *Royal Ermine Wraps* $1200
Formerly 1800.00

Special
Stone Marten Scarfs $25 Per Skin
Russian Sable Scarfs $75 Per Skin

32 in. *French Seal Coats* with Squirrel Collar & Cuffs.
36 in. *Marmot Coats* with Raccoon Collar & Cuffs.
$125.00 Values to $295.00
36 in. *Black Pony Coats* trimmed with Squirrel, Beaver or Fitch.
36 in. *Nat. Pony Coats* trimmed with Squirrel, Beaver or Fitch.

50% off Mink Wraps, Coats & Capes 50% off
Of Finest Selected Skins. All New Models.

Fur Sets

Which, at these savings of 30% to 50%, make Ideal Xmas Gifts

SCARFS		MUFFS	SCARFS		MUFFS
25.00 up	HUDSON SEAL	25.00 up	32.50 up	NATURAL SQUIRREL	35.00 up
16.50 "	NUTRIA	25.00 "	35.00 "	WOLF	35.00 "
29.50 "	BEAVER	39.50 "	35.00 " 1 skin	MINK	95.00 "
29.50 "	NATURAL SKUNK	35.00 "	17.50 "	AUSTRALIAN OPOSSUM	35.00 "

Hours 9 to 6:00

GIMBEL BROTHERS
32nd STREET—BROADWAY—33rd STREET NEW YORK CITY

Pennsylvania 5100

Another De Luxe Collection of

BEADED BAGS *at* AVERAGE HALF PRICES

422 imported hand-made bags, made of finest Venetian Beads, collected by a connoisseur and sold at an extreme sacrifice because he needed money. Our savings in the transaction are now *your* savings.

Only once before in the history of this store has a beaded bag sale of such broad scope been promoted. That sale made new retail history. The beauty of the bags deserves chapters—the coloring, the patterning, the fineness of the beads and the beading.

Most of the bags were collected in the Italian Alps and in small villages throughout France. But practically all of them are made of diminutive Venetian beads.

In cases where styles or grades were missing we included numbers of our own recently imported bags to make the collection complete in style and price ranges.

The least saving offered is 1-3: Some of the higher priced bags offer savings of 75% of their today's prices. We estimate the average saving a little higher than ½.

The exquisite patterns—fine as tapestry and colored like ancient masterpieces—include antique, Grecian, floral and character designs. Colors in charmingly varied combinations of the greatest artistry.

Drawstring and mounted styles. Frames of hall-marked silver in massive pattern, celluloid shell effect or all-over beaded styles.



NOTE—A Few Genuine Antiques Are Included.

47 Bags Reduced to	$5.00
108 Bags Reduced to	$8.95
57 Bags Reduced to	$10.95
91 Bags Reduced to	$15.95
111 Bags Reduced to	$25.00
56 Bags Reduced to	$35.00
83 Bags Reduced to	$50.00
27 Bags Reduced to	$65.00
31 Bags Reduced to	$100.00

And Many Others at Equal Reduction

Gimbels Beaded Bag Shop—Main Floor





In order that there may be no misunderstanding, we wish to make it plain that the prices quoted for the illustrated bags are the reduced sale prices.

Brooklyn, Long Island and New Jersey Customers Direct to Gimbels via Tubes and Subways

Does He Like History?

Give Him

THE OUTLINE OF HISTORY

By

H. G. Wells

"A great and interesting History, modern in the best sense, and yet well documented."—N. Y. Evening Post.

2 Vols., Ill., $10.50. *Of Your Bookseller or*

The Macmillan Company, New York

Maximum Insurance $100,000

$6,000—Annually if disabled from illness or accident.

$50,000—At death from disease.

$100,000—Accidental death.

Age basis 40—Rate $806.50

Particulars on request

William S. Blizzard

115 Broadway New York

Telephone Rector 4427

Why SPECULATE in Foreign Exchange

Use your present holding to buy Foreign real estate at 5 to 10 cents on the Dollar. Get same advantages PLUS safety and earnings. ALSO opportunity of re-sale at large profits. Write for our folder "European Real Estate as a Safe Investment?"

American Kreuger & Toll Corp.
Dept. B.
522 Fifth Ave., New York City.
Phone Vanderbilt 9455.



Trust Your Complexion To Cuticura

Many skin and scalp troubles may be prevented by using Cuticura Soap for all toilet purposes. On the slightest sign of redness, roughness, or dandruff, apply a little Cuticura Ointment. Do not fail to include the exquisitely scented Cuticura Talcum in your toilet preparations. 25c. everywhere.

Sample Book Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 19M, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c.

Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.



BACO RUBBERS

protect your health—and your pocket-book as well
They save your shoes

A. J. BATES & CO. NEW YORK

PLUMS FOR LEADERS, DAUGHERTY'S OFFER

Plan of Distributing Patronage Through Organizations Delights Republicans.

SPEAKS ONLY FOR HIMSELF

Glynn Says Harding Will Not Go Wrong if He Takes This Advice.

Republican leaders here were greatly pleased by a statement made yesterday by Harry M. Daugherty of Columbus, Ohio, pre-convention campaign manager for President-elect Harding, who said that in his opinion Republican organization leaders should be permitted to dictate appointments under the new régime at Washington and be made to assume full responsibility for the men appointed.

Mr. Daugherty, who started for his home in Columbus late yesterday afternoon, made the statement just before he boarded his train. He had been in this city for two days, conferring with Chairman Will H. Hays of the Republican National Committee and Republican State Chairman George A. Glynn, presumably with reference to the distribution of Federal patronage.

The statement followed an attempt to elicit from Mr. Daugherty something that would shed light on the make-up of the new Cabinet. Mr. Daugherty said he had no information to give on the subject. When asked whether there would be any New York man in the Cabinet, Mr. Daugherty intimated that there were more candidates from this State than there are portfolios. Elihu Root, Charles E. Hughes, George W. Wickersham, Nicholas Murray Butler and Republican National Committeeman Charles D. Hilles are reckoned among the eligibles from this State for positions in the Cabinet.

"Speaking for myself and from my own point of view, I favor putting the responsibility for the disposition of patronage squarely on the organizations. Let the organizations be held strictly accountable for their endorsements. After the appointment is made the appointee ought to fit the job, so that the appointing power can rest assured that the work entrusted to him will be done right.

"Seems to me that this is a very sensible statement, one pointing the only safe and sane system for making appointments under our form of government," said Chairman Samuel S. Koenig of the New York County Republican Committee, when he was told what Mr. Daugherty had said.

George A. Glynn, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, grunted with satisfaction.

"That's the stuff," he said. "President-elect Harding will not go very far wrong if he follows the advice of Mr. Daugherty."

Widow of Herman Sielcken Is Questioned by Prosecution.

At the trial yesterday of Dr. Edward A. Rumely and others on an indictment charging them with having concealed from the Alien Property Custodian the alleged German ownership of The Evening Mail, an effort was made by the prosecution to connect definitely the late Herman Sielcken with the group of men who had advanced money to buy The Mail.

Mrs. Claire Sielcken, widow of the coffee merchant, was recalled and questioned by Prosecutor Harold Harper, but nothing bearing directly on the trial was elicited save a statement from Mrs. Sielcken that her husband was at all times loyal to the United States and was a large contributor to charitable enterprises here. She did not know whether he knew Dr. Heinrich Albert or Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, but she said he and Count von Bernstorff were acquainted.

Dr. Rumley, recalled, was asked by his counsel if he knew Ray Douglas, who, it was explained, was May Beveridge, said to be a cousin of former Senator Beveridge of Indiana. It is alleged by the prosecution that May Beveridge was a German spy while she was in Germany. The communication cutting off her employment by The Mail was offered in evidence. Both sides rested late in the day and some time was spent in rebuttal. The trial will be continued today.

AGED CLUBMAN INDICTED.

Boston Commission Merchant Accused of Larceny of $300,000.

BOSTON, Dec. 15.—Edward D. Rice, head of the firm of Edward E. Rice & Co., dyestuff commission merchants at 620 Atlantic Avenue, was arrested today on an indictment charging larceny of $300,000. It is alleged that the sum was obtained from the New England Trust Company and the National Shawmut Bank on notes based on fraudulent statements.

Rice was held in bonds of $10,000. He is 70 years old. He is a member of many clubs and his houses in Jamaica Plain and Manchester are among the show places of those sections.

The transactions involved in the allegations, according to the police, include a loan on May 10 of $100,000 and another on May 27 of $50,000 from the National Shawmut Bank, and a loan on Aug. 15 of $150,000 from the New England Trust Company.

Bequeaths Pensions to Employes.

BROCKTON, Mass., Dec. 15.—The will of George E. Keith, shoe manufacturer, filed today, provides for a fund of $100,000 for pensioning and assisting worthy employes of the George E. Keith Company, which has factories in many cities. Among other public bequests amounting to more than $200,000 are $75,000 for the South Congregational Church, Brockton; $50,000 to the Brockton Hospital, and $20,000 to the Moody Schools at Northfield.

FOUNDED 1856



"MONEY saved is money earned." Reconditioned Prices 2,000 Winter Overcoats and Ulsters.

Coats that were $50 to $60, Now $40
Coats that were $65 to $95, Now $55
Coats that were $100 to $125, Now $75

1,400 pairs men's high shoes, all sizes, all leathers. Were $12 to $20. Now $8.

BROKAW BROTHERS
1457-1463 BROADWAY
AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

Alexander's Shoe Sale

For 64 years Alexander shoes have maintained **quality,** and their style is characteristic. When assortments break at the season's end, prices are reduced—**this** season without regard to cost.

Women's Boots
$4.50
including some of our finest grades—small sizes in all widths—all sizes in narrow widths.

Women's Low Shoes
$3.90
The smart lasts and leathers, but sizes are missing except in A, AA and B widths.

Men's Shoes
$5.65
Brown and black lace and blucher styles—some in black kidskin—solid leather shoes.

$7.50
Brown and black kidskin; patent leather; calfskin. All sizes represented, but not in each style.

$4.90
Pumps, Oxfords, Ties—in patent leather, black and brown kidskin and calfskin. All sizes in the lot but not in each style.

$9.65
Our finer grades in good size assortments—brown, tan and black calfskin on English lasts. Careful workmanship assures comfort.

All Sales Final—No Exchanges or C. O. D.'s

Sixth Avenue, Corner 19th Street

Merchant-tailored—Ready-to-wear!

Clemons
MERCHANT TAILOR
Established 1898
39TH & BROADWAY

Because of the small quantity

FOR TO DAY ONLY!

An exceptional offering of

55 Young Men's Double Breasted Suits

$46

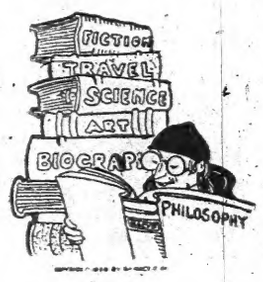
The last of our $75 grades!

Consider that they are Merchant-tailored, not machine-tailored—that they were reduced from $75—and that there are only 55 of them.

BROWNS · BLUES · OXFORDS
PLAIN COLORS AND STRIPES

Macy's Macy's

Give Books



HE may prefer to select his own neckties.

SHE perhaps already has handkerchiefs aplenty, and you know she will get many more.

GIVE Books. They are universal gifts, universally accepted—and one can't have too many.

MAKE your selections in Macy's Complete Book Department.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street, Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

Macy's Macy's

Unprecedented Sale of

INNOVATION
TRADE MARK

WARDROBE TRUNKS

The Ideal Christmas Gift

These famous Trunks are offered at prices equivalent to approximately

Present Wholesale Cost

$45, $52.75, $66.50, $80.25, $99.50, $110.50

representing savings from $21.50 to $49.50 per trunk

Every model in all sizes reduced.

Also substantial reductions on General Purpose Trunks, black enameled Week-End Cases and Hat Boxes and our High Grade Leather Goods.

INNOVATION LUGGAGE, INCORPORATED
329 Fifth Ave. at 33d St.

Store Closes at 5 P. M.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Women's Silk Stockings

Fine durable quality with lisle tops and soles—Black.

5,000 Pairs

Will Be On Sale Today Only

At the Extraordinarily Low Price of

$1.10

a pair.

Ground Floor

December 16th, 1770 December 16th, 1920

150th Anniversary of the Birth of BEETHOVEN

The Great Musician

In honor of the event we announce to the student, the amateur, the music-lover, the musician, beginning today—

First American Exhibit and Sale of Artist-made Violins, Viola, 'Cello, Bass, Bows, Violin Cases



Comprising the prize-winning collection of the STRASBURG EXHIBITION of 1919, fashioned by Lamberte-Humbert Freres, expert violin makers of Mirecourt, France, after Stradivarius, Guarnarius and Amati models.

NOTE: Many attempts have been made to secure this collection. It is our privilege to present it at special prices, which, we know, represent extraordinary values.

Mr. Jacques Kasner, the well known violinist, will demonstrate the instruments in front of the Auditorium from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M. each day this week.

First Gallery, New Bldg.

JOHN WANAMAKER
Broadway at Ninth, New York

The Traditions of Shoe Making

THE finer traditions of the shoe making craft have been preserved in the Edwin Clapp Shoe. Behind it is an Institution with more than half a century of experience in making high-grade shoes.

We have specialized for years in the production of shoes of Kangaroo—soft as Kid, serviceable as Calf and smart as Patent Colt. We also show desirable models in Calfskin, Cordovan and Patent Leather suitable for daytime or evening wear.



WOMEN:—At both our Shops you will find distinctive styles in Edwin Clapp Shoes for Women, embodying a fine feminine style with sturdy masculine service.

THE Edwin Clapp SHOE
ESTABLISHED 1853

New Down-Town Store
146 Fulton Street, near Broadway

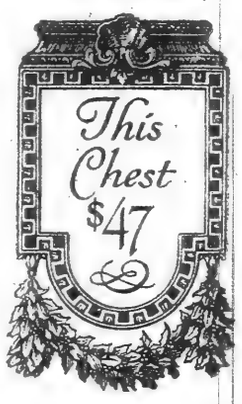
Up-Town Store
6 East 42d Street—3 doors from Fifth Av.

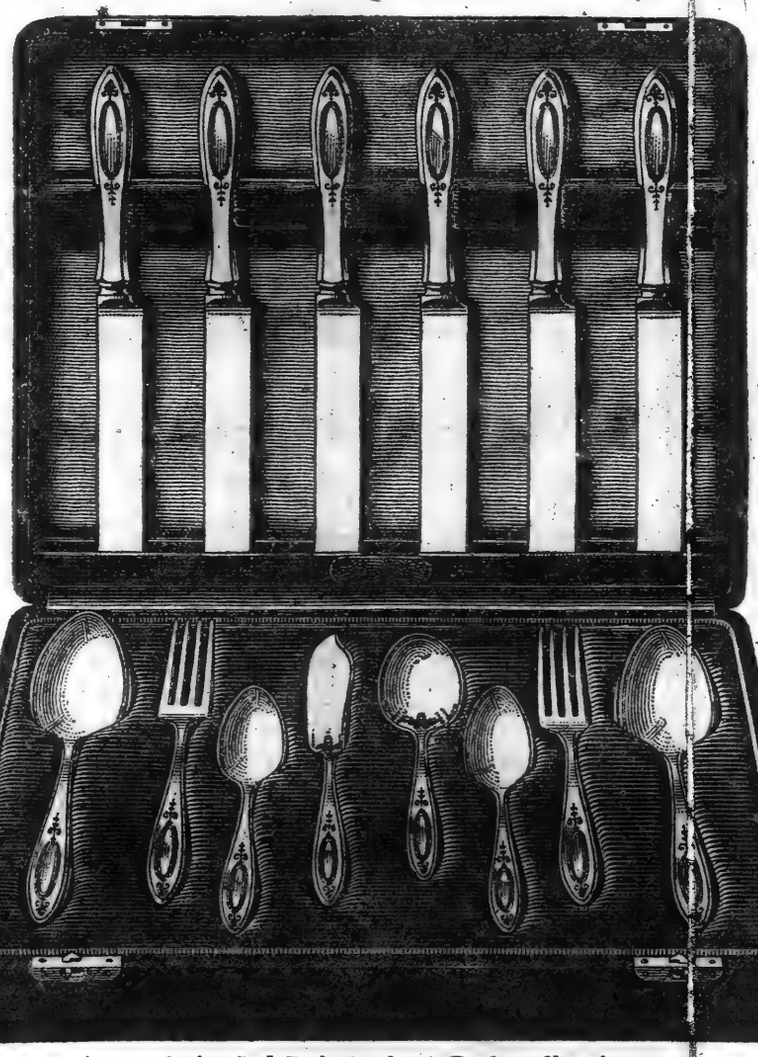
GIFT CASES

Containing Beautiful

COMMUNITY PLATE

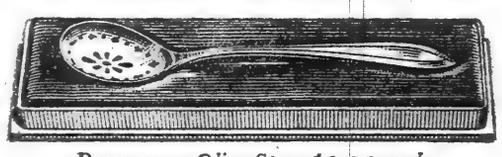




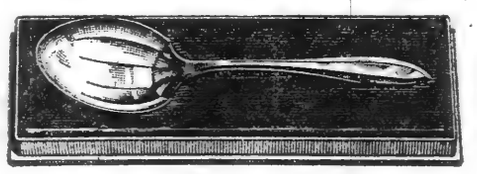


ADAM *26-piece Seal-Grain Leatherette De Luxe Chest,* $47.00

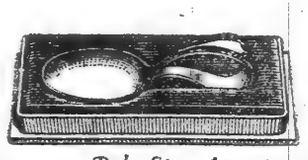




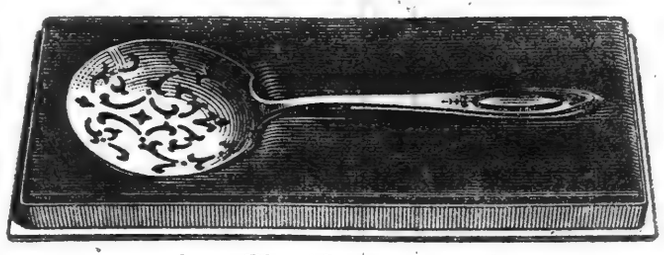
PATRICIAN *Olive Spoon* $2.00 *each*
For serving olives, salted nuts, etc.



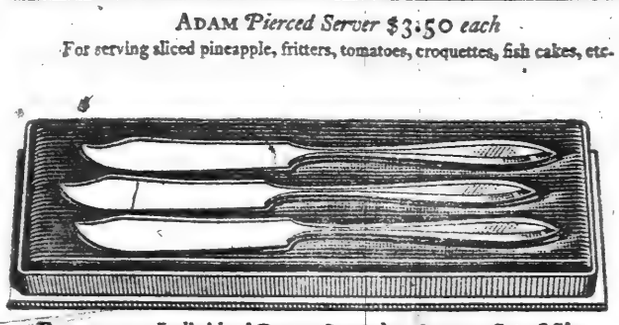
PATRICIAN *Berry Spoon* $3.75 *each*
For serving fruits, puddings, and especially desirable for casserole and baking dish service



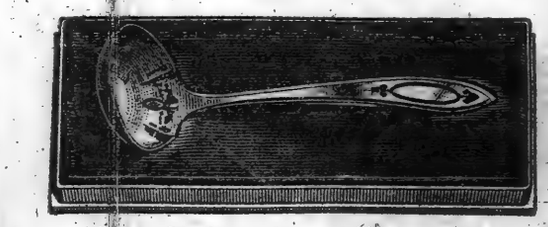
SHERATON *Baby Spoon* $1.00 *each*
Especially designed to meet the requirements for bread and milk and cereal dishes



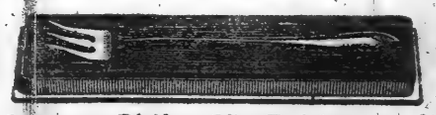
ADAM *Pierced Server* $3.50 *each*
For serving sliced pineapple, fritters, tomatoes, croquettes, fish cakes, etc.



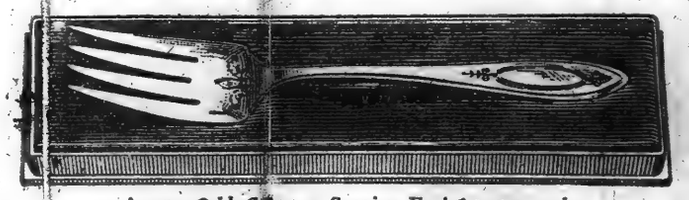
PATRICIAN *Individual Butter Spreaders* $7.00 *Set of Six*
Used with individual bread and butter plates



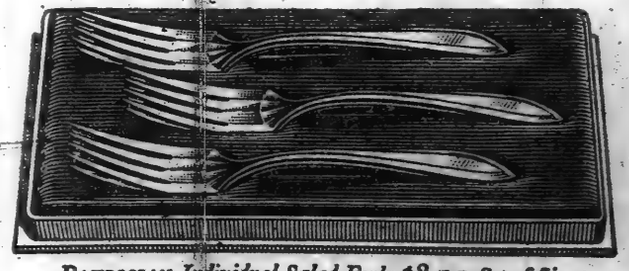
ADAM *Serving or Gravy Ladle* $3.00 *each*
For serving gravy, preserved fruits and sauces from a deep dish



SHERATON *Pickle or Olive Fork* $1.75 *each*
For serving pickles, olives and relishes



ADAM *Cold Meat or Serving Fork* $2.50 *each*
For serving sliced fowl, cold meats, fish, etc.



PATRICIAN *Individual Salad Forks* $8.00 *Set of Six*
For serving salads or French pastry



Christmas Gift de Luxe

NOTE: The gift pieces shown above are made in all COMMUNITY patterns, and can be bought at the prices quoted. ¶ *No extra charge for Gift Cases.* ¶ Many other attractive pieces in this $1 to $10 price range at your dealers.

PLAN IRISH REPUBLIC ON SOCIALIST BASIS

Laurence Ginnell Tells Villard Committee That Land Would Be Redistributed.

HINT OF INQUIRY'S PURPOSE

It Does Not Intend to "Go Back of Irish Republic," Ginnell Is Assured.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.--The system of government which Irish republican leaders propose to set up in Ireland was described as "an ideal co-operative commonwealth" by Laurence Ginnell, former Irish member of the British Parliament, in testimony today before the commission of the Villard Committee of One Hundred investigating the Irish question.

Mr. Ginnell declined to appear before the commission until he had been assured that it would not "attempt to go behind the present Irish Republic" in any of its recommendations and did not intend to recommend "home rule." Mr. Ginnell then presented a rough draft of the governmental system proposed by the Irish republicans.

The ancient Brehon laws, from which many of the present-day socialistic doctrines are derived, Mr. Ginnell said, probably will form the basis for Ireland's form of government should the efforts of the republican leaders to gain independence from Great Britain prove successful. He told the committee that he had written a book on socialism, obtaining his material from these laws.

Land in Ireland apportioned under the British Land act, for tilling, he said, has been leased to "favored cattle raisers," necessitating migration at intervals of a large part of the population in some districts to England to find work. The Governmental system which the Irish Republicans plan to put into effect, he said, contemplates "breaking up of the large tracts of land in Ireland, now used for grazing, and distributing them in smaller parcels to suitable persons to be tilled."

Mr. Grinnell, as well as Miss Ruth Russell, another witness, who last year investigated conditions in Ireland for The Chicago Daily News, declared that the religious issue in Ireland had been "artificially stimulated" and exaggerated.

Miss Russell went extensively into social, economic and religious conditions and endeavored to establish that mill owners in the province of Ulster had stirred up religious intolerance to prevent organization of their workers. This religious feeling had been submerged in a unanimity of opinion favoring self-determination for Ireland, she declared.

Miss Russell said that the British authorities, by making it more profitable for the large land owners to raise cattle than to lease their lands to small farmers, had brought about distressing economic conditions in Ireland. Small farms were turned into grazing lands, flour mills and other industries dependent on agriculture were idle, she said, adding that no employment for the people had taken their place, as the cattle were exported on the hoof.

Living conditions, Miss Russell said, were worse in Dublin than in any other city, with almost 40 per cent. of the city's population, or 25,000 families, living in one-room dwellings.

The commission will continue its hearing tomorrow with Padraic Colum, Irish writer and poet, and Paul Furnas, an American Quaker, who was in Ireland in connection with the Society of Friends investigation of Irish conditions, listed to appear.

CRITICISE PASSPORT REFUSAL.

Ten Senators Urge Colby to Protest to Great Britain.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—A protest against the action of the British Government in refusing to visé the passports of four persons who were designated by an unofficial committee investigating the Irish situation to visit England and Ireland was sent today to the State Department by ten members of the Senate, among them being George F. Chamberlain, Robert M. La Follette and George W. Norris. The signers say that unless the four delegates are permitted to visit England and Ireland the refusal may "seriously affect the friendly relations of the American and English peoples."

The letter, which is addressed to Secretary Colby, who is now on his way to South America, reads:

"On Wednesday last the British Embassy in Washington refused visés for passports regularly issued by the United States Government to four distinguished American citizens chosen by the unofficial, but representative, American Commission on Conditions in Ireland to visit England and Ireland to ascertain the facts with respect to present conditions in Ireland. It is our opinion that this refusal to admit to England and Ireland Americans seeking to serve the ends of truth and peace by an unobtrusive ascertainment of facts constitutes a violation of the right of free communication between the liberty-loving people of the democracies. Moreover, it is an instance of the kind of governmental suppression of truth and free speech that may result in serious danger to the friendly relations of Great Britain and the United States, because its effect is to foster misunderstandings between peoples whose continued friendship depends upon mutual knowledge and comprehension of the problems confronting each other.

"The Government of the United States has placed no obstacles in the way of British and other foreign missions, commissions and committees, official and unofficial, coming into this country for all kinds of purposes. While we were still neutral with reference to the great war, British missions were permitted to visit all parts of the United States to conduct active propaganda and investigate American industrial, economic and social conditions. Great Britain now denies to American citizens what the United States has fully granted to British citizens.

"It is therefore our opinion that this refusal of visés for passports regularly issued to American citizens by the Government of the United States calls for a protest to the British Government by the Government of the United States, together with a request for an explanation of the British Government's reasons for pursuing such a course.

"Consequently we wish to urge you to transmit a formal protest to the British Government, accompanied by a request that the British Government explain publicly why it refuses the right of travel in the British Isles to representative American citizens seeking to ascertain the truth as to a situation which if permitted to continue may seriously affect the friendly relations of the American and the English people.

"G. W. NORRIS.
" JOSEPH IRWIN FRANCE.
" JOS. E. RANSDELL.
" ASLE J. GRONNA.
" DUNCAN N. FLETCHER.
" T. J. WALSH.
" ROBERT M. LA FOLLETTE.
" DAVID I. WALSH.
" GEO. E. CHAMBERLAIN.
" JOHN N. SHIPPS."

It is announced that Senators Harrison of Mississippi and Nugent of Idaho will also write letters on the subject to Secretary Colby.

Stage Stars for Press Club Benefit.

Twenty theatrical stars have agreed to appear at an entertainment at the New York Press Club Saturday at midnight for the benefit of the Newspaper Man's Benevolent League. A few of the names are George M. Cohan, Victor Herbert, Louis Mann, Raymond Hitchcock, Delysia, and Frances White. As the actors intend to express freely their opinion of newspaper men, the following will be on hand to offer some defense in case of attack: Hugo Baer, Don Marquis, Harry L. Phillips, Charles Somerville and S. Jay Kaufman.

BLOCKS CALLING UP IRISH RESOLUTION

Speaker Gillett Prevents Minority Member Forcing Debate in Congress.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The Irish question popped up suddenly in the House late this afternoon when Representative Flood of Virginia, ranking Democrat on the Foreign Affairs Committee, tried to call up Representative Mason's resolution expressing sympathy with Ireland's aspirations. In the midst of confusion, while some members advocated the resolution and others objected to its consideration, Speaker Gillett ruled that a minority member of the committee could not call up the resolution.

The House was proceeding in its usual apathetic fashion to consider bills on "calendar Wednesday," generally a routine day. Without warning Mr. Flood asked for the Mason resolution, only to meet with quick protests from Representatives Mann of Illinois and Temple of Pennsylvania, both Republicans. Mr. Mann said that Chairman Porter of the Foreign Affairs Committee was the man to call up the resolution, and not Mr. Flood. Mr. Flood and Representative Garrett countered with the statement that this would leave the committee solely in control of the chairman.

"Men, women and children in Ireland are being——" began Mr. Flood, when Speaker Gillett interrupted him by pounding with his gavel and declaring him out of order.

It was obvious that the Democrats were trying to force the Mason measure, which has Republican authorship, and the Republicans were equally anxious to prevent its consideration.

Mr. Mann insisted that discussion on the resolution was not in order. Mr. Flood stoutly maintained that the Foreign Affairs Committee had the right to call up measures. He said he was anxious to get the Mason resolution up, and if he could not do so himself he hoped some majority member of the committee would ask for it.

"The efforts of the gentleman are political; he is trying to make trouble," interjected Mr. Mann. "I forced a vote on a similar resolution in a Democratic Congress when the gentleman was opposed."

"That is a great mistake, replied Mr. Flood. "I did nothing at any time to retard the passage of that measure, but on the contrary asked that it be called up." The ruling by Speaker Gillett closed the incident.

The Mason resolution asks Congress to express its sympathy "with the aspirations of the Irish people for a government of their own choice."

MRS. MACSWINEY AT CITY HALL.

Sees Mayor and Several Aldermen on Return From Washington.

Mrs. Muriel MacSwiney, widow of the Lord Mayor of Cork, returned from Washington yesterday, where she went to testify before the Villard Committee of One Hundred. She reached the city about 2 o'clock and spent most of the late afternoon calling on Mayor Hylan. She arrived at City Hall accompanied by Harry Boland, De Valera's secretary, Peter Brady and James O'Meara.

The Mayor was busy when Mrs. MacSwiney arrived and she held an informal reception in the anteroom while waiting. There she was greeted by several Aldermen, including Thomas M. Farley and William T. Collins. She spent twenty minutes in the Mayor's private office and later posed for photographers on the City Hall steps.

Mrs. MacSwiney said she had been much impressed by the warmth of her reception in this country, but that now she was anxious to go home to her child. She said she expected to remain here until after Christmas. Today she will leave for Providence, after which she will go to Boston.

CHINA WINS PLACE ON LEAGUE COUNCIL

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

he believes, is in a better position to talk diplomatic business to the council.

The opposition to Koo's project has been very indefinite and under cover, with the exception of Balfour's, and then he voted for China today. However, no one who has followed events here can fail to know that Japan was not in favor of electing China to the council.

It is admitted by all the delegates tonight that China has a great opportunity opened to her. She has been elected for only one year but may be re-elected. There can be no question that the European powers and Japan await with interest to see what use China will make of her new vote. Koo says:

"What China wants is the right to develop freely and work out her own salvation without foreign influence. That is fair. We have the right to that. We will try to get it through the League."

War on Traffic in Women

An international conference to draft a world-wide standard for the prevention of the traffic in women was decided upon at the morning session of the League Assembly. This conference, to which all nations, whether members of the League or not, will be invited, will be held before the next Assembly in September, 1921, as a prelude.

The Secretariat will submit to each Government a questionnaire asking what measures have been taken in the country to deal with the problem. This is intended to aid the conference in the preparation of a standard set of laws.

It was also decided to set up a commission of inquiry into the deportation of women of Armenia and Turkey. The United States will be asked to become a member of this commission.

At the same session it was voted to transfer from the Dutch Government to the League of Nations supervision of the enforcement regulations for the traffic in opium.

The debate on the traffic in women was marked by interesting speeches. For the first time a woman addressed the assembly. The speaker was Mme. Henni Forthammer, one of the advisers of the Danish delegation.

"It will come as a satisfaction to all women that the League has recognized its responsibility in this very grave question," she said. "This question cannot be settled without the co-operation of the League."

She asked that the investigation be greatly extended, saying that as a result of the war not only Armenian and Turkish women were being kept in captivity but thousands of Greek women and women of other nations were suffering a similar fate.

M. Jonescu, Rumanian delegate, in reply said that the inquiry had been limited to Turkey and Armenia because, under the Treaty of Sèvres, power had been given to investigate, but no power was obtainable with regard to women of other nationalities.

Ed Dowleh, the Persian delegate, asked that deportations by the Russians of women of north Persia be also investigated. The League, he said, was always thinking about Armenia, but other parts of the world were suffering from a similar evil.

Koo Says China Is Rid of Opium.

In the debate on the opium traffic, Wellington Koo made a brilliant speech which was well received. China, he said, had rid herself of the curse of opium smoking for good and all.

He thanked the United States for the aid it had given in the fight. Although there were sporadic and isolated cases, he concluded, "the opium habit has gone from China and will never return."

Despite reports to the contrary, I was informed tonight by a representative of the League Council that the plan for sending an international force to supervise the plebiscite in the region of Vilna is still going ahead. According to the latest report, France is undertaking the transport of this force.

It was announced today that the documents of the case were open to the public. They have grown at a rate which betrays the propaganda activities

GENEVA, Dec. 15 (Associated Press).—The assembly of the League of Nations elected today the first former enemy State as a member of the League without opposition. The vote for the admission of Austria came after an unexpected passage at arms between Giuseppe Motta, of Switzerland and René Viviani, representing France.

M. Motta, speaking on the report of the committee, recalled the rejection of Germany's application for admission by the Peace Conference, saying that Switzerland had always regretted it and that there were now three places vacant in the League, which ought to be filled by the United States, Russia and Germany.

At the mention of Germany M. Viviani sprang up and asked for the floor. Upon the conclusion of M. Motta's speech, in which the Swiss delegate appealed to the Assembly for justice, M. Viviani mounted the tribune and launched into a fervid defense of the French viewpoint. It was soon apparent that the Assembly was with him and his remarks were greeted with frequent applause. When he descended from the tribune he received the greatest ovation of the Assembly.

Peru will withdraw the Tacna-Arica case from the League tomorrow, Francisco Calderon of the Peruvian delegation informed The Associated Press tonight. In a note to be presented to the Assembly, Peru says that the matter will be brought up at the next session of the Assembly, with faith in the justice of the League to render a decision favorable to Peru.

Bolivia and Chile have agreed to withdrawal of the case inasmuch as Peru is chiefly interested. Señor Calderon expressed the hope that United States would be a member of the League when the case again came up.

Viviani Appeals to America.

"My distinguished colleague," said M. Viviani, "spoke of justice. We, too, believe in justice, and if we had not gone to the front to fight and shed our blood for it and for the liberty of the world, we would none of us be in Geneva tonight."

In reference to the United States, which was followed closely by the entire Assembly, M. Viviani said:

"All will agree that the United States must eventually join the League of Nations. We appeal to the United States. We appealed before and the United States came into battle and, in their disinterested attitude raised the standard of right.

"Their great President came over the sea to draw up the covenant of the League and it is regrettable that discussions, with which we have nothing to do, should for the moment have delayed her entry. We will give the United States any explanations which she may desire to enable her to come in. The United States has represented a

GENEVA, Dec. 15 (Associated Press).—The division on the armaments question last evening created a painful feeling throughout the League Assembly and this is very evident today by the fact that while M. Viviani is back M. Bourgeois has gone to Paris to consult his Government.

It was with a shock that the majority representing thirty nations saw the representatives of Poland, Greece, Rumania and three South American States, deliver a blue card indicating a vote in the negative.

This moral isolation of France in the only important conflict which the Assembly has witnessed is universally deplored. It is said to be due to rigid instructions which Bourgeois had received from Paris. If so, and it can hardly be explained otherwise, the incident proves again the importance of choosing statesmen of the very first class as delegates to the Assembly and then giving them a wide latitude in dealing with situations as they arise. Viviani's quicker mind would have escaped this predicament, but he was unfortunately absent.

history shows it.

With respect to the entry of Germany, M. Viviani said:

"As for Germany, she has only to qualify herself for admission. Article I of the covenant is quite clear on that point. When Germany has given the effective guarantee of her intention to fulfill her international obligations then let her come here and speak for herself."

Lord Robert Cecil agreed with M. Viviani that as applicant for admission must fulfill treaty obligations and give effective guarantees. It was because he found that Austria had complied with those conditions that he hoped the Assembly would admit her unanimously. He dared, nevertheless, to hope that in spite of those principles the Assembly would soon be able to admit Germany.

Sir P. A. Blankenberg, of the South African delegation, in discussing the report recommending the admission of Austria, Bulgaria, Finland, Luxemburg and Costa Rica, said he wanted to declare that whenever Germany was ready her application for membership in the League would be considered with favor by South Africa.

Prince Ed Dowleh, head of the Persian delegation, thought that other small States ought to be admitted. He hoped to find all the peoples of the world represented in the Assembly next year and uttered a warning against "the danger of a rival League, organized either in America or Russia."

Before taking up the applications individually the Assembly approved a recommendation to the Baltic and Caucasian States and Albania to take measures protecting the rights of minorities, as provided for in the treaties signed by Serbia, Rumania and Czechoslo-

for admission to the League.

The decision was taken in the interest of a harmonious ending of the present session of the Assembly, which found itself burdened with three responsibles had Bolivia and Peru continued to insist upon the hearing of the case by the present Assembly.

The voting for the admission of Austria was by nominal roll call, the delegates being asked whether they were in favor or against the admission, some answering in French and others in English. Thirty-five votes were cast in favor of Austria's admission, two members were absent and four abstained from voting.

Stormy Meetings Over Mandates.

A sub-committee of Commission No. 5, which has been considering the question of mandates, held stormy sessions yesterday and Monday, some of the members, including C. J. Doherty of Canada and Dr. Nansen of Norway, pushing for action, while others appeared to be indifferent. It appears that the Council of the League has encountered difficulties in securing satisfactory replies from the Supreme Allied Council and from mandatory Powers concerning the terms of mandates and the boundaries of territories placed under the supervision of various nations. In addition, the Council is said to have delayed the giving of information requested in relation to other matters.

There is a strong current of opinion in the assembly that the mandates under which the powers fix their own terms are not properly mandates, and there are indications that the question may be thrown back upon the Supreme Coun-

been secured before Thursday night. The committee in charge of the matter holds that it must have this information before it can make an intelligent report.

ARMAMENT RIFT DEPLORED.

Rigid Instructions Said to Have Guided French Delegates.

By G. H. FERRIS.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to The New York Times.

GENEVA, Dec. 15.—The division on

REPORT DE VALERA GOING TO ENGLAND

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

people, which are essential to a just and reasonable settlement."

The national executive of the Labor Party has called a party conference for Dec. 29, in London, for the purpose of inaugurating a national campaign in favor of an Irish settlement on the lines advocated by the British Labor Party and endorsed by the Irish Labor Party and the Trades Union Congress. The report on the Labor Commission's investigations in Ireland will be presented at this conference.

Lord Mayor O'Callaghan of Cork has sent a cablegram to the Irish-Americans of the United States urging them to organize a relief fund for Ireland, says a Cork dispatch to The Central News today.

The Lord Mayor has also appealed to the American Red Cross to send a contingent to Cork speedily, the dispatch adds.

Irish Priest Slain.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to The New York Times.

CORK, Dec. 15.—The Rev. Canon Magner, parish priest of Dunmanway, was shot dead yesterday afternoon. His curate has telegraphed to the Catholic Bishop of Cork that the tragedy was committed by an auxiliary policeman. Dunmanway is in the west of the county, about forty miles from Cork. Canon Magner was advanced in years, and was well known in Cork, where he spent many years. For a long period he was spiritual director of the Catholic Young Men's Society.

CORK, Dec. 15.—While taking a walk, Canon Magner of Dunmanway, came upon a bicyclist and a police officer engaged in an altercation. The policeman, it is alleged, was threatening the bicyclist, in whose behalf the Canon intervened, whereupon, it is asserted, the policeman shot the Canon dead, the incident being witnessed by local Resident Magistrate Brady.

The policeman was arrested and, it is understood, will be court-martialed. The affair has caused an immense sensation here and throughout the district.

Canon Magner, who was 70 years of age and well known, served in several parishes of the Cork diocese. He was a moderate Nationalist of the Redmond school, but in recent years had avoided politics.

A late dispatch to the Central News says that two civilians were killed when Canon Magner was shot.

Sinn Fein Plot in Manchester.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, Eng., Dec. 15.—What is alleged to be another Sinn Fein plot has come to light here, an attempt being made to destroy a large rubber works in the city. Before the plant was started in the morning it was found that the engine had been tampered with, bricks and blocks of timber having been pressed between the machinery. Some of the fire hoses, too, had been cut to pieces.

If the machinery had been started before the plot was discovered many lives must have been lost. The police are making inquiries into this and other plots in which Manchester works are concerned, for unlawful possession of firearms and cartridges.

William Hunt, an Irish farmer, was committed for three months at Halford yesterday. Five firearms, obtained on various pretexts, were traced to his possession.

IRISH RAIL BOYCOTT REPORTED NEAR AN END

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to The New York Times.

DUBLIN, Dec. 15.—All sections of the community are relieved at the prospect of an immediate settlement of the railway crisis. The Irish Labor Party has issued a manifesto advising the workers "to offer to carry everything that the British military authorities are willing to risk on the trains." The reasons specified for this change of front are "alleged interference of the Government with the plans which committees had devised to carry out for rationing schemes, rendered necessary by the paralysis of the railway communications; limitations imposed upon motor transport, institution of martial law."

A meeting of railway men is fixed to discuss the situation at the Mansion House on Tuesday. There is little doubt that they will agree to return to work. Nearly 4,000 men are affected by the disorganization of the railways, and I understand that negotiations for the reinstatement of those dismissed for refusing to convey armed troops and munitions are proceeding between the National Union of Railway Men and the Ministry of Transportation.

The dispute has extended over more than six months, and is said to have cost the country £5,000,000 and the Government £1,000,000. Only one line, the Great Northern, has remained throughout the whole period practically unaffected.

Profiting by the abnormal conditions in Dublin armed thieves are becoming very active and impudent. Checks have been presented for payment by strangers who have menacingly produced revolvers when a question of reference has been raised. Traders are helpless in the circumstances. Two armed men who, under pretence of making a search, entered the house of an athletic grocer named Mordaunt, in St. Albans Road, last night, met with a disconcerting experience, however. Closing with one of them and wresting from him his revolver, the grocer marched his prisoner to a police station. The second robber fled.

Other armed men have raided a widow's shop at Wood Quay, stole some stock and fired several shots at her two sons, but without effect.

An official report states that four shots were fired at an ex-soldier in Enniscorthy by three men, who called him aside and informed him that he had been court-martialed by the Sinn Fein and found guilty of being a spy. He dashed away from his assailants and escaped injury.

Domino Syrup

Rich and wholesome
A delicious Cane Sugar Syrup



American Sugar Refining Company

"Sweeten it with Domino"



Buy American-Made Toys for Christmas

Think of the joy of the children! They will have just the play-things of their hopes—the hopes that have kept them wide-eyed at night—peeping over the banisters every Christmas morning. Fill their hearts with everflowing bliss by placing in their arms *true* miniatures of real American things.

If it's a doll—it will be a real American "lady" or "kiddie." Her features will be American features—her dress will be American in style. If it is an automobile, a railroad train, a ship—it will be a reproduction of an American car, an American train, an American ship. Drums, coasters, books, games—all American in spirit. These are the toys that best train a child to meet the varied demands of modern American life.

Buy American-Made Toys. You will keep American money in this country—you will aid American stores—you will keep American factories open—you will assure employment for American men and women—you will aid in building America's prosperity and therefore your own.

Buy American-Made Toys. You are offered the widest range of selection in the best shops in the world. You are guaranteed quality and satisfaction at the right price.

Insist upon American-Made Toys. On every toy you inspect or in every package—look for the words "American-Made" or "Made in U. S. A."

TOY MANUFACTURERS OF THE U. S. A.
Flatiron Building, New York City

American Made Toys

IMMIGRANTS IN 1920

Caminetti's Report Shows an Increase of 13 Per Cent. Over 1919 Figures.

LABORERS SMUGGLED IN

The Commissioner-General Advises Changes to Check Frauds on Both Governments.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Immigration from Canada during the last fiscal year broke all records, and there was a tremendous increase in immigration from Mexico as well as from the European countries, according to the annual report of Anthony Caminetti, Commissioner-General of Immigration, which was made public today. Aliens from Canada admitted to the country, the report says, numbered 90,025, while aliens departing numbered 7,666, leaving an excess of 82,357.

Admissions of aliens from Mexico totaled 52,361, while the number of aliens going to Mexico from the United States numbered 6,606, leaving an excess of 45,755. During the previous fiscal year the admissions of immigrant aliens from Mexico numbered 29,818.

Europe sent a total of 246,295 immigrant aliens to the United States in the last fiscal year, while 256,433 emigrant aliens left the United States for Europe, causing a decrease in alien population of 10,138. Immigrant aliens admitted from Asia numbered 17,505, and emigrant aliens departing for Asia numbered 9,441, leaving an excess of 8,844.

"Chinese immigration," the report continues, "shows an increase over the preceding year, the number of admissions having risen from 3,340 coming for permanent residence in 1919 to 4,690 in 1920, these figures not including aliens of the Chinese race granted transient privilege. Of the citizen class of Chinese persons there were admitted in all 1,881, of whom 897 were of native birth, 843 were born abroad of native-born parents and 141 were foreign-born wives of American citizens of the Chinese race.

"Immigration from Japan to the continent of the United States shows an increase of 13 per cent. over the preceding fiscal year, while that to Hawaii shows a decrease of 6 per cent., the admissions in figures being 12,868 to the mainland and 3,306 to Hawaii, as against 11,404 and 3,500, respectively, in 1919.

"As stated in the last annual report, not satisfactory to the department, and the result was a new rule which promised a solution of the question. Contrary to this expectation the number of arrivals of such wives increased from 3,189 in 1919 to 3,816 in 1920. This tendency caused continued study of the subject. Finally Japan fixed by decree, Feb. 20 of this year, the last day upon which passports would be issued to so-called proxy brides, and as the holders of such documents had six months in which to apply for entry, Sept. 1, 1920, saw the end of this system.

"The granting of passports under the gentlemen's agreement, with the exception mentioned, will continue as heretofore by Japan. The immigration service finds difficulty in meeting the situation when subjects of Japan endeavor to impose not only on the United States, but sometimes also upon their own Government.

"The too general terms of the agreement itself and ex parte determination by officials of Japan of matters under its terms have not been conducive at all times to the results anticipated by both countries when the agreement was conceived. Not only is clarification of the agreement needed if its main purpose in keeping laborers from coming to the United States is to be effected, but systematic enforcement thereof by joint administrative effort should be brought about by both nations. Frauds against both would thereby be materially checked if not entirely prevented and the rights of all concerned protected."

JAPANESE SEE MENACE IN BIGGER U. S. NAVY

Disarmament Talk Called Futile While America and Germany Are Out of League.

TOKIO, Dec. 15. (Associated Press).—The recent speech of Representative Kahn of California in the House of Representatives in Washington, in which he declared that if "the statesmen, the publicists, the politicians, the agitators and the demagogues of Japan" really wanted war with the United States they would be the ones to bring it on and not the Americans, is attracting much attention in Japan.

The Osaka Mainichi Shimbun argues today that an extension of armaments, which Representative Kahn seems to think would prevent war, really would lead to a collision, and that if the Americans desire Japan's friendship they should eliminate the sources of trouble. The newspaper considers America's increased naval armaments dangerous and proposes that both the United States and Japan adopt former President Monroe's Canadian frontier policy.

The Osaka Asahi Shimbun says that disarmament discussions are useless while the United States and Germany remain outside the League of Nations. Japan, the newspaper declares, constantly is menaced by America's naval expansion and, being deficient in technique and material for war ships, Japan should concentrate on submarines and aircraft.

ONE OF THE MOST ATTRACTIVE SALES OF THE SEASON

Clarke's

42-44 East 58th St. (Between Madison & Park Aves.)

TO-DAY AT 2:30 P. M.

BY ORDER OF
Messrs. Kaye, McDavitt and Scholer,
Attorneys at Law, 149 Broadway.

THE VALUABLE ANTIQUE FURNITURE, TAPESTRIES, BROCADE, NEEDLEWORK AND ART OBJECTS

FORMING THE COLLECTION OF
ALBERT R. LOUIS & CO.
THE WIDELY KNOWN IMPORTERS AND ANTIQUARIES,
Retiring from the Retail Business.

Sale To Be Continued To-Morrow and Saturday

The Sale Will Be Conducted by MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE

A Xmas Gift Suggestion

Heavy Weight, Double Plush

Motor Robes

$8.94

Rich in appearance and heavy in weight, these serviceable plush robes are essential to comfortable winter riding.

The size is a popular one—large enough to be comfortable and warm, yet not cumbersome.

In the following desirable shades:

Blue *Beaver*
Brown *Green*

Size 54 x 72 inches

Macy's—Fifth Floor, 35th St., Front.

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

Macy's Macy's

Automatic Chassis Lubricator

Takes all the dirt, work and time out of chassis lubrication. Have it put on your car.

Write for Booklet

Chassis Lubricating Corp.
501 Fifth Avenue New York City

THE IDEAL XMAS GIFT.

SCHRADE SAFETY
PUSH-BUTTON KNIFE
NO BREAKING OF FINGER NAILS



Made Only by Schrade Cutlery Co. Walden, N. Y. Push button, knife opens. Locks open, locks closed. Finest cutlery steel blades. Fully guaranteed. With stag or fancy handle, $2.00; pearl, $5.00. At all Dealers or W. B. Lawrence, 66 Broadway, N. Y. Mail Orders Filled.

A Tremendous

Holiday Reduction Sale of Men's Furnishings

An after-Christmas event held before Christmas! New York's greatest holiday opportunity! The entire Joseph Hilton stock of Men's Furnishings reduced to prices far lower than today's actual replacement costs—giving an unprecedented opportunity not only for buying practical gifts, but stocking up at unequaled savings for the holiday wardrobe. These are only a few examples of the hundreds of similar savings that prevail:

Jacquard Satin Stripe SILK SHIRTS — $6.45 — Including Tax — VALUES $12 to $15

A splendid selection. All sizes, all colors—every shirt priced under present replacement cost!

SILK NECKWEAR 65c—95c—$1.35 — VALUES $1.50 to $2.50

All pure silk, durable and of finest quality. All colors and patterns including knitted silk scarves.

Imported Woven Madras SHIRTS — $1.95 — VALUE $3.00

Splendidly tailored, in a comprehensive range of colors, patterns and sizes.

Novelty Satin. SHIRTS — $3.50 — Including Tax — VALUE $6.00

Solid colors; all perfectly tailored. In every wanted size.

Our Complete Stock of Underwear, 50% Under Regular Prices.

The Convenience of a Charge Account Will Be Gladly Extended to You Upon Request to the Manager of Any of Our Stores

Joseph Hilton

Nassau & Fulton Sts.
Raymond's Corner—99 Nassau St

10 Cortland St.
Just West of Broadway

Fifth Ave. at 33d St.
Opposite Waldorf-Astoria

Sale Begins Today At 9 A. M.

47-49-51 West 42d Street

Renard

Sale Begins Today At 9 A. M.

SACRIFICING
OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

DRESSES & COATS

at prices lower than you ever expected—even less than they cost to produce

A speedy readjustment of present uncertain conditions depends entirely upon your consumption and expenditures. Buy now—and buy wisely, with an eye to economy, and you will be the greatest force in bringing things back to normal and will soon have the mills and factories running full time.

In wearing apparel we are blazing the trail. Our well known contention that "it is not necessary to pay high prices for high grade apparel" was never so forcibly demonstrated. We disprove the contention that retail merchants are delaying the inevitable fall in prices by making greater reductions than have thus far been offered.

DRESSES—Worth up to 25.00

Tricotine
Men's Wear Serge
Tailored Velour
Jersey—Velveteen

7.85

All Sizes for Women and Misses

DRESSES *WORTH TO 29.75*

Beaded Tricotine—Velveteen—Emb'd Tricotine—Satin—Poiret Twill—Wool Velour—Charmeuse.

12.85

DRESSES *WORTH TO 40.00*

Emb'd Tricotine—Rich Satin—Crepe Back Satin—Silk Duvetyne—Embroidered Velour—Charmeuse.

19.75

DRESSES *WORTH TO 50.00*

Chiffon Velvets—Canton Crepe—Finest Tricotine—Silk Duvetyne—Embroidered Velour—Finest Satin.

29.75

Embroidered Wool Velour Coats

Beautifully tailored and embroidered Lined with silk

16.75

Actual values to 35.00

COATS & WRAPS *Worth to 45.00*

Fine Bolivia—Emb'd Velour—Silvertone and Velour Coats with large fur collars, lined with silk and interlined.

25.00

COATS & WRAPS *Worth to 65.00*

Bolivia—Sardine—Duvette—Silvertip—Tinseltone—Large fur collars of nutria, opossum, raccoon and Bay seal.

35.00

COATS & WRAPS *Worth to 85.00*

Bokhara—Chamoistyne—Veldyne—Velour de laine, luxurious collar of squirrel, opossum, nutria, raccoon.

55.00

OTHER DRESSES, 39.75—45.00—57.50—75.00

Other Coats & Wraps, 75.00—95.00—125.00—175.00

No C. O. D. or Mail Orders Filled.

RENARD—West 42nd St.—RENARD

No Exchanges or Approvals.

This Girl had never worked before



Grace Levington had graduated from school with a good record. Circumstances at home made it necessary for her to do something toward self-support.

But she knew nothing about business, and could not afford to spend ten months or a year in preparing herself for a position.

She remembered that one of her classmates, Helen Haller, held an excellent position secured shortly after she left school, and to Helen she turned for advice.

Helen's response was made without hesitation — "Take a course in filing, my dear. A year ago I was in the same predicament and several people advised me to take up filing. After a month's instruction I was given a position by my school and am now earning $27.50 per week and a substantial bonus."

"I didn't know there was such a school," explained Grace. "Is it something new?" "Oh, no," explained Helen, "to my knowledge the New York School of Filing has been training and placing girls in filing and indexing positions for six years and has over five thousand graduates. Why don't you drop in and visit the school? The director or one of the instructors will be glad to show you just what they are doing for girls like you and me."

New York School of Filing

1170 Broadway at 28th Street (Formerly Singer Bldg.)

Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses

Business houses supplied gratis with our graduates, with or without previous business experience.

Booklet upon request. Dept. B. Telephone: Madison Square 8097.

Maximum comfort and service—at minimum cost.



Give Him One for Each Suit!



Look for this Mark

Marathon Belts are made in black, cordovan, silver grey and white to match various colored suits—and come with plain or initial buckles. Give him an assortment of Marathons for Christmas—each in an attractive Christmas Box.

At Men's-wear and Dep't Stores.

MARATHON
WASHABLE FLEXYDE
BELTS

S. M. WERTHEIMER & CO., Sole Distributers,
33 Union Square West, N. Y.

Give Him

THE OUTLINE OF HISTORY

By

H. G. Wells

"The book fills the same place for the reader of history that . . . the encyclopedia fills for the seeker after general information."—New York Call.

2 vols. Ill. $10.50. Of your bookseller or

The Macmillan Company, New York

IMPORTERS' SALE

Selling at wholesale prices a large assortment of

Imported, hand-made beaded bags, exquisitely embroidered linens, hand-made laces, collars, cluny and filet panels, hand-woven Serbian rugs, bead necklaces and beautifully colored antique glassware.

Czecho-Slovak Commercial Corporation of America

100 West 21st Street, N. Y. City.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Genuine

BAYER

Aspirin

Then It's Genuine

Aspirin is trade mark Bayer Manufacture Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

Hoyt's Service, Inc.

PLANNED ADVERTISING

116 West 32nd Street, N.Y.C.

BOSTON CLEVELAND SPRINGFIELD

DIES IN MEXICO

Obregon's New War Minister Succumbs to an Ailment of the Stomach.

WAS OF AMERICAN STOCK

He Was One of the Chief Leaders in the Revolution Which Ousted Carranza.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 15.—General Benjamin Hill, the Secretary of War, died early this morning. He had been critically ill for several days, and was operated on yesterday.

The death of General Hill caused great excitement here. In official circles it was declared that he was regarded as an important factor in the consolidation of the various factions which made the election of General Obregon to the Presidency possible. General Hill had an especially strong following in the North among the Yaqui Indians.

General Hill was the stanchest supporter of Obregon during the period preceding the revolution against the late President Carranza, and later was Obregon's chief military aide. When Mexico City surrendered he assumed charge of the forces in the Valley of Mexico and the Mexico City garrison. Obregon appointed General Hill Secretary of War on Dec. 1, and he arose from a sick bed to be sworn in.

It is rumored here that the portfolio of Minister of War has been offered to Manuel Pelaez, the Tampico district chieftain, who refused to accept, asserting that he intends to enter the Department of Commerce and Industry within the next few months as an under-secretary. General Enrique Estrada, Under-Secretary of War, at present is in charge of the War Office.

General Benjamin G. Hill was taken ill with a stomach ailment recently and planned to go to Los Angeles for treatment. His condition became worse, however, and his recovery had been despaired of for several days. On Tuesday night an operation was performed in a final effort to save his life.

General Hill is said to be of American ancestry.

Body Lies in State.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company. Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 15.—The body of General Benjamin Hill, Secretary of War, who died at midnight, was transferred to the War Department today, where it will lie in state for twenty-four hours. Thousands of people thronged the main street as the procession passed.

The burial will be attended by President Obregon on Thursday afternoon. Interment will be in the French Cemetery in Mexico City.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 15.—The telegraphers and station agents on the National Railways have ordered a general strike, effective immediately, which it is feared will paralyze all the lines.

The men's demands include recognition of the union, an increase in wages, indemnities for personal injury and shorter working hours.

DISMISSES OIL OFFICIALS.

Obregon's Action to Granters of Concessions Pleases Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Officials of the State Department are greatly pleased over news from Mexico City that President Obregon is making a wholesale dismissal of officials of the Bureau of Petroleum of the Department of Industry, who are charged with having issued the concessions for exploiting strips of Federal land running through American-controlled oil fields. The State Department considers this reported attitude of President Obregon as a complete vindication of their course in insisting upon full protection of American oil interests in Mexico.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Dec. 15.—Word has just been received at Sing Sing Prison that Governor Smith has granted a conditional pardon to Dominic Gerdvine, committed to the prison six and one-half years ago to be executed, but whose life was saved by Charles Becker, former police lieutenant, afterward executed.

Gerdvine will be released on parole within a week. He killed a chef in Middletown while he was intoxicated. He was sentenced to die, but got a new trial. In the death house Becker taught Gerdvine, who occupied the adjoining cell, the English language. As a result, Judge Mills said at the time, Gerdvine made a better witness at the second trial and the jury found him guilty of second degree murder. He got twenty years. Governor Smith reduced this to six and one-half, which he has served, on the recommendation of the Judge and District Attorney.

WOMEN CANDIDATES LOSE.

None Except School Committee Women Chosen in Bay State Cities.

BOSTON, Dec. 15.—Women candidates, except those for school committee places, fared poorly in the elections held in sixteen Massachusetts cities yesterday, according to the delayed returns. The result is attributed in part to stormy weather which kept many voters at home.

In Attleboro Mrs. Eliza Daggett, candidate for Mayor, received only 84 votes out of a total exceeding 5,000. There were three other candidates and Mayor Philip E. Brady was re-elected.

Sara Clark Mendum, Republican candidate for Alderman in Woburn; Mrs. William H. Kirby, candidate for Alderman at Large in Beverly, and Mrs. Arabella W. Wilson, who was on the Common Council ticket in Malden, were all defeated.

Thirteen cities voted to accept the State act, placing boxing under control of a State commission, and to permit amateur sports on Sunday afternoons.

NO CLUE TO BABY KIDNAPPER

Mrs. Malone Fears Abductor May Kill Boy to Escape Detection.

Efforts to find the Malone baby, kidnapped last Monday by a mysterious woman posing as a yuletide philanthropist, have been unsuccessful. Mrs. Malone, after going to Newark to see a baby found in a telephone booth there, returned to her home at 402 East Forty-eighth Street, discouraged and unnerved.

Mrs. Malone fears she will never see her child again, believing that the kidnapper will kill him rather than run the risk of returning him. She said she would not prosecute or "be angry with the woman if she would only return my baby, not yet weaned." What efforts, if any, the police are making to find the child are being kept secret.

It became known yesterday that the kidnapper made other calls upon poor families the day she stole the Malone child. She visited at least three families before she found a baby to her liking. At each visit she offered jobs, rent money, baskets of fruit, automobile rides and silk dresses.

Bandits Get 19-Year Sentence.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Dec. 15.—Eugene Ryer, John G. Verrie, Joseph D. Veprizio and Jim Carro, bandits who on Monday afternoon held up the proprietor of the Glenwood Inn at Newburgh and beat and robbed him, were indicted today by the Grand Jury at Newburgh on two counts for robbery, first degree. They pleaded guilty and were sentenced by Justice Morschauser to not less than nine years and six months and not more than nineteen years and six months, and at the expiration of that sentence must begin an additional similar sentence.

An Important Question

YOU'VE heard folks say "I can't digest milk," or "Milk makes me bilious." Read this statement from Prof. Larson's "Dairy Technology":

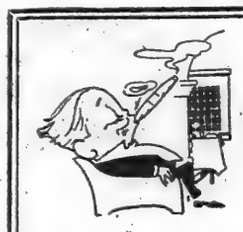
We gather and distribute 30 car loads of genuine Sheffield Milk every day.

"In regard to the use of milk with other foods.—In a series of digest on experiments conducted by Prof. Harry Snyder at the Minnesota Experiment Station, various foods were used at different times, milk constituting in many cases a considerable part of the diet. One fact of great practical importance brought out by this work was that the various foods showed a *higher digestibility* when milk was included in the diet than when fed alone."

When digestive disturbances follow the use of milk, don't blame the milk. Look to the other foods.

Sheffield Farms Co., Inc.

New York



The New Imported Havana Cigars

A Luxury—Yes
An Extravagance—No

Superlatively good while fresh—even better after ageing a year or two. For this we have to thank the 1920 crop of Havana Tobacco, finest since 1905.

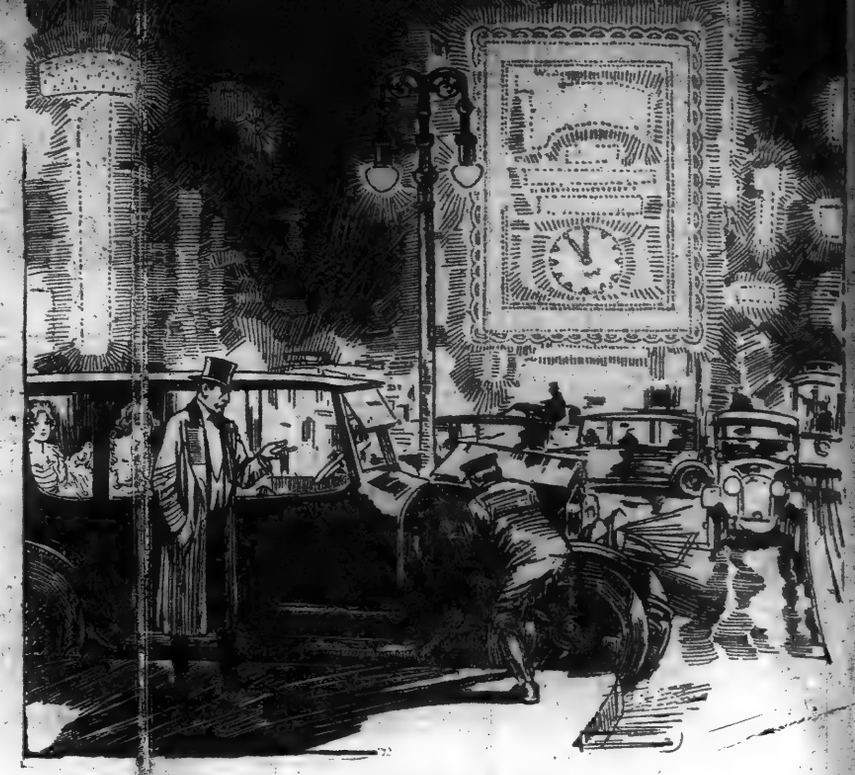
Prices of Imported Cigars are only about 40% higher than ten years ago. Other commodities—most domestic cigars among them—have advanced 100% in that period.

And please note: The present prices on Imported Cigars will not come down for another year at least—if then. You can't go wrong by putting in a large stock.

THE IDEAL CHRISTMAS GIFT

The 1920 Crop Havana Tobacco Best Since 1905

Cigar Manufacturers Association of the Island of Cuba



Delayed—
when you most depend on your car

AFTER the theater, when your car has stood until cold—do you wait at the curb, while your engine stutters and stumbles?

Other automobiles purr softly by in a smooth rush of air. Why does your car delay you?

Six times out of ten your trouble is sluggish gasoline that vaporizes slowly. It goes into your engine in drops like rain instead of a dry mist. It cannot ignite quickly in cold weather.

Avoid such delays. Tydol the Economy Gasoline sweeps into the cylinders in a dry mist. It *vaporizes fast.*

With Tydol your engine is off with the first turn, pickup and power snatch you quickly through traffic, mileage is high. With the famous lean 15 to 1 carburetor adjustment, Tydol gives winter drivers new satisfaction.

Look today for the orange and black Tydol sign.

TIDE WATER OIL

Sales Corporation

11 Broadway, New York *Telephone:* Bowling Green 8000

What really explodes in your engine



With low grade gasoline *8 parts of air to 1 part of gasoline*

With TYDOL, the Economy Gasoline *15 parts of air to 1 part of gasoline*

LOOK FOR THIS SIGN

TYDOL ECONOMY GASOLINE

Made by the makers of VEEDOL

JOHN DAVID

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES

Broadway at 32nd, Manhattan

Court Street at Montague, Brooklyn

Great For Gifts!

95¢

Neckwear Sale

Of Scarfs That Were Formerly $1.50 And $2.00

OTHER rich Scarfs appropriate for Holiday Gifts are $2.45, formerly $6, $5 and $4.50; $1.65 formerly $3.50, $3 and $2.50. Individual Gift Boxes without charge

COMPARE

GIFTS THAT PLEASE AT PRE-WAR PRICES

A COMPLETE LINE OF HIGH GRADE HAND-MADE LACES AND EMBROIDERIES MADE IN VENICE AND OTHER LACE CENTRES OF ITALY, CONSISTING OF TEA AND LUNCH SETS, CENTER PIECES, TABLE CLOTHS, SCARFS, BEDSPREADS, PILLOW CASES, PANELS, TRAYS, ETC.

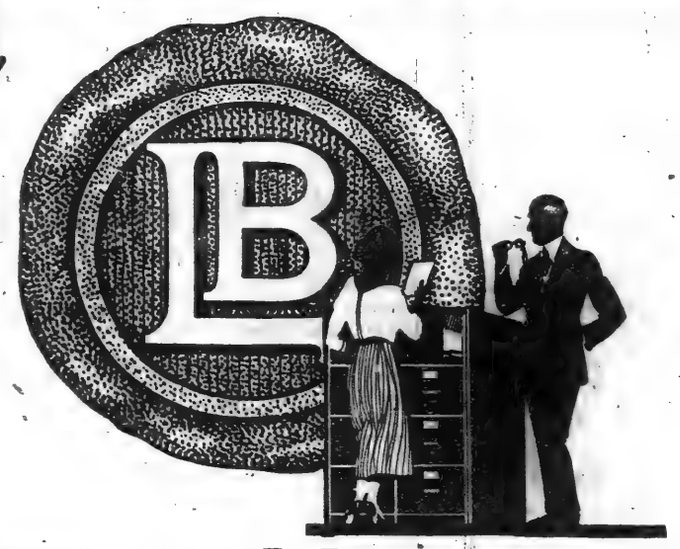
ARE ON EXHIBITION

DECEMBER 15TH—16TH—17TH—18TH AT ROOM 120, WALDORF-ASTORIA.

INSPECTION RESPECTFULLY INVITED AT YOUR CONVENIENCE

MRS. LORENZA MARIA GATTI

B



Here's a new L. B. filing service for you—

One of the most important things that Library Bureau has to sell is the specialized work of its Department of Indexing and Filing.

This department offers you a filing service which is not duplicated by any other filing organization.

L. B., with its Department of Indexing and Filing, actually installs a filing system for you as it should be installed, instructs your file clerks in the proper procedure and relieves you of the entire burden.

You will be interested in knowing more about this unique service, what it costs, and its practical value to your business. Write or 'phone.

Library Bureau

Card and filing systems

Founded 1876

Filing cabinets wood and steel

O. H. RICE, Manager

316 Broadway, New York

Salesrooms in 49 leading cities of the United States, Great Britain and France

TELEGRAPH or TELEPHONE TODAY

to Depot Quartermasters at the following addresses:

Brooklyn, N. Y., 59th St. & First Ave.
Boston, Mass., Army Supply Base.
Chicago, Ill., 1819 W. 39th St.
Atlanta, Ga., Transportation Bldg.
San Antonio, Texas.
San Francisco, Calif.

for

FREE CIRCULAR PROPOSALS

containing detailed information regarding items of reclaimed Clothing and Equipage stored in each zone which are to be sold by sealed bids.

CLOSING DATE DECEMBER 27, 1 P. M. EASTERN TIME

The merchandise offered consists of large and small lots of

MOSQUITO BARS—BARRACK BAGS—DRESS CAPS—COTTON BREECHES—WOOL COATS—BLUE DRESS COATS—JUMPERS—LEGGINS—OVERCOATS—BLUE DRESS TROUSERS—OIL SKIN TROUSERS—COTTON GLOVES—BREAST CORDS—KNIVES—FORKS—SPOONS — HAVERSACKS — CARTRIDGE BOXES—TENT PINS—SPURS—ETC.

Each Depot Quartermaster will send upon request complete list of all reclaimed clothing and equipage stored in his zone which is offered in this sale.

All goods will be sold "as is" f. o. b. point of storage. Sealed bid forms will be supplied by Depot Quartermasters. A deposit of 10% (checks to be certified) must accompany each bid.

NOTE: Since closing date of this sale is set for December 27, it is respectfully suggested that you wire or phone for sealed bid forms and list of merchandise offered. Such requests should be sent direct to the Depot Quartermasters. Addresses given above.

ACT QUICKLY

SURPLUS PROPERTY BRANCH

Office of the Quartermaster General,

Munitions Building, Washington, D. C.

Buy it from the Navy

U. S. NAVY SALE

New Wholesale Catalogue

Furniture

Now Ready

Mess Benches and Tables, ash with steel fittings.
Berths, single or double, pipe.
Bulletin Boards.
Chart Boards.
Rubber Bumpers or Tips.
Uniform Cases, fibre, galvanized iron.
Cabin Chairs, mahogany.
Dressing Chairs, mahogany, leather.
Bent-wood Chairs, leather seat and back.
Stretchers.
Desk Chairs, revolving.
Stateroom Chairs, oak, bent-wood.
Easy Chairs, cabin.
Metal Chairs, white enamel.
Chiffoniers, mahogany, oak or ash.
Cots, white enamel metal.
Cot Frames.
Mosquito-Net Frames, wire.
Mattresses, spring.
Mirrors, oblong or oval.
Refrigerators.
Camp Stools, folding.

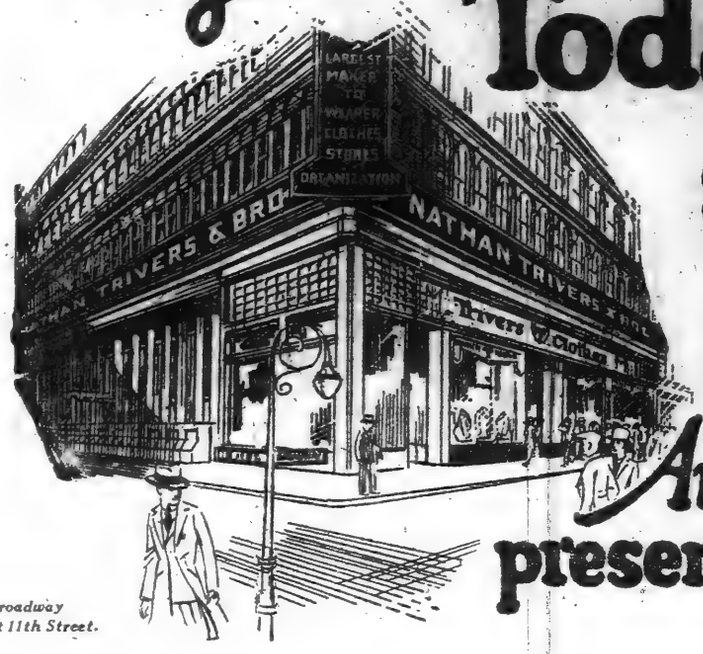
Many other articles of high quality at specially low prices. All New. TEN per cent. reduction on wholesale orders (over $250). Additional discounts up to 15% on large orders. Materials are at this Depot, Boston, Philadelphia, Charleston, Washington, Hampton Roads. Samples can be seen here. Write or phone for complete FURNITURE Catalogue. Call at Sample Room if possible, or phone Sunset 5100, Ext. 331. U. S. Navy Board of Survey, Appraisal and Sale, Navy Supply Depot, 8th Ave. and 3rd Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Eugene H. Tricou,
Lieut. Commander (S. C.), U. S. N.

Buy it from the Navy

Opening of Trivers 2nd New York Store

Today ~ 1600 Broadway corner 48th Street ~ Public inspection until 12 this evening



Broadway at 11th Street.

Smartest Metropolitan-Styled Clothes *for* Men and Young Men

An opening that bespeaks present accomplishment and faith in the future



Broadway, at 48th Street, Rector's Corner.

Radiant with optimism and with confidence born of sound merchandising, TRIVERS open their second New York store at Broadway and 48th St., linking the present enterprise at Broadway and 11th St., so that our forces are doubled in the *greatest* city in the *world*. We realized that our Institution of many Branches was not complete without a store in the heart of New York's Busiest Center; and now dedicate our New Store to the men of New York, with a Clarion Message of

GOOD TIMES—GOOD CLOTHES—AND SANE PRICES

SUITS–OVERCOATS–EVENING CLOTHES

$30 to $65

VALUES UP TO $125.00

FOR OUR UPTOWN PATRONS AND FOR THE NEW FRIENDS WE HOPE TO MAKE WE HAVE AN IMPORTANT MESSAGE. AS AMERICA'S LARGEST MAKER-TO-WEARER CLOTHIERS YOU HAVE A RIGHT TO EXPECT FROM US WONDERFUL VALUES, AND YOU WILL NOT BE DISAPPOINTED, FOR WE HAVE MANUFACTURED THOUSANDS OF SUITS, OVERCOATS, EVENING CLOTHES AND GOLF CLOTHES, EXPRESSLY FOR THIS STORE—OF WOOLENS RECENTLY PURCHASED AT OUR OWN FIGURES, AND WE WILL SELL THEM AT PRICES THAT WILL IMMEDIATELY PROCLAIM FOR US THE LEADERSHIP OF CLOTHES VALUE-GIVING IN NEW YORK.

IN SPITE OF REDUCTION SALES THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY WE HAVE ADHERED TO OUR ESTABLISHED POLICY OF ONE LOW PRICE ALWAYS, AND THE TRIVERS STORES HAVE ENJOYED A MOST PROSPEROUS BUSINESS DUE TO THE FACT THAT OUR GARMENTS AT THEIR MARKED PRICES ARE $10 TO $20 LOWER THAN EVEN THE LOWEST SALE PRICES ELSEWHERE. WE ARE CERTAIN THAT THIS METHOD OF MERCHANDISING WILL SURELY APPEAL TO THOUSANDS OF NEW YORKERS WHO HAVE BEEN ANNOYED WITH SALES FROM ALL DIRECTIONS.

EVENING CLOTHES—FULL DRESS AND TUXEDOS TAILORED OF FINE UNFINISHED WORSTEDS, SILK-LINED BODY, FACING AND SLEEVES, OUR PRICE—$40—READILY RECOGNIZED AS $60 VALUE. DE LUXE FULL DRESS AND TUXEDOS, IMPORTED MATERIALS, SILK COLLAR AND LAPELS—ALSO BODY AND SLEEVES—$65. NONE FINER MADE AT ANY PRICE. ALSO TRIPLE XXX CARR'S MELTON IN BLACK, BLUE, BROWN AND GREY OVERCOATS. LUXURIOUSLY SILK LINED—NO BETTER TAILORING IN AMERICA—$65.

You are cordially invited to come in to-day to get acquainted with the new store—and to know the most inviting Gentlemen's Clothing Shop in the City of New York—the pleasure of an acquaintance will be ours, and the home-like atmosphere that will prevail will certainly impress you of the true hospitality of the Trivers Organization.
Your visit will not obligate you to buy—but let it be said that our Clothes-Values and Service will have a power of their own to win you over to admiration—and perhaps selection.
We invite the ladies, too, for their good judgment is a foundation for your immediate action.

Trivers Clothes

1600 BROADWAY Corner 48th Street

Nathan Trivers & Bro. — 27 BRANCH STORES IN 26 CITIES — *From Maker to Wearer*

Factory, Executive Offices and Retail Store, Broadway at Eleventh Street

Broadway at Eleventh Street

MILWAUKEE, WIS.
MEMPHIS, TENN.
NASHVILLE, TENN.
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
LITTLE ROCK, ARK.
DALLAS, TEX.
NEW ORLEANS, LA.
LYNCHBURG, VA.
NORFOLK, VA.
COLUMBIA, S. C.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.
ASHEVILLE, N. C.
GREENSBORO, N. C.

Broadway at 48th Street

ALLENTOWN, PA.
LANCASTER, PA.
AUBURN, N. Y.
POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y.
FORT WAYNE, IND.
JACKSON, MICH.
BATTLE CREEK, MICH.
KALAMAZOO, MICH.
LANSING, MICH.
FLINT, MICH.

AMERICA'S LARGEST MAKER-TO-WEARER CLOTHIERS

B. C. Franck, Secretary.

OFFICES: (TELEPHONE BRYANT 1000)
TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
TIMES ANNEX, (44 St., w. of Broadway
DOWNTOWN.....7 Beekman Street
WALL STREET.....3 Hanover Street
HARLEM.....2,109 Seventh Avenue

BRONX.....2,914 Third Avenue
WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.....3,925 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Albee Building
CHICAGO.....1202-1204 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....613 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....405 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....743 Market Street
LONDON.....12 Salisbury Square, E.C.
PARIS.....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two Cents a copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 200 miles; Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn. Ten Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, postage paid.	One Year.	Six Mos.	One Mo.
*Daily and Sunday	$12.00	$6.00	$1.00
†Daily only	10.00	5.00	.85
Sunday only	4.00	2.25	.45
Sunday only, Canada	6.00	3.25	.55

*One week, 35c. †One week, 30c.

FOREIGN RATES

Daily and Sunday	$26.00	$13.20	$2.40
Daily only	17.40	8.70	1.45
Sunday only	9.75	5.12	.90

Binder, Picture Section, $2.50; Magazine, $1.50.

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNALIST (Mondays), per year, $5; Canada, $5.50; other countries, $6.
Binder for 53 issues (one vol.), $1.50.

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $3; Canada, $3.50; other countries, $2.

THE TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursdays), one year, $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.50.

THE CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $4; Canada, $4.50 (foreign $5). Per copy, 35c.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—22 volumes in the set—Illustrated—Cloth, $60; three-quarter morocco, leather, $100; full leather, $150—encyclopedia history European War.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it, or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, DEC. 16, 1920.

BORROWING FOR TAXES.

That many have found difficulty in procuring money to pay the last instalment of the income tax for 1919, due yesterday, is entirely credible. In case of large corporations and individuals with great incomes the sums called for were enormous, and where provision was not made by setting aside reserves for taxes the resort must be to borrowing, and borrowing at present has its difficulties. According to statements credited to Collector of Internal Revenue EDWARDS, there were some cases—"more than 100" is the only indication of their number—where money could not be procured through loans and the hard-pressed taxpayer was forced to ask what the Government, under the law, cannot grant, an extension of time for payment. This may indicate a want of foresight on the part of individuals and corporations; it certainly points clearly to a vice of the income tax laws.

The law practically requires that taxes on last year's incomes and profits should be paid out of this year's earnings. The fault of the law is here revealed in a startling way by economic conditions. Profits and incomes were very large in the year 1919, consequently the taxes to be paid in the calendar year 1920 are also very large. But heavy losses have been incurred in this calendar year. Trade has declined, inventory values have come down, receipts have diminished and profits with them. There is obviously something wrong with a system that demands that a lean year shall pay the tax costs of a fat year. This is the cause of the pressure brought to bear at Washington to secure legislation permitting a postponement of the due day of the taxes, of the demand that inventory losses be considered in abatement of profits and incomes returned, and it was the cause of the embarrassment of those taxpayers who had to throw themselves on the mercy of the Collector yesterday.

Some of those who at Washington and elsewhere are seeking to find a substitute for the excess profits taxes and the higher surtaxes refer now and then to the objections to a sales tax. They rarely specify the nature of the objections. It is pertinent and timely to point out that, whatever may be the objections to a sales tax, it could never cause such embarrassments as those which have been pretty numerously reported during the period of preparation for paying the final instalment of the income tax. A sales tax—we mean a final sales tax to the consumer, not the turn-over tax—would call for no borrowing. While the tax money would be actually paid to the Government monthly or quarterly, the fund would accrue to the credit of the Government multitudinously every minute of the business day. A small fractional part of it would be paid whenever a retailer sold goods to the consumer. The demand for funds to meet tax bills would never disturb the money market, embarrass the banks or keep the taxpayer awake o' nights contriving means to meet the requirements of the fatal 15th. The burden would be so uniformly distributed that it would cause embarrassment in no quarter.

Millions upon millions of dollars were taken by the Government yesterday, and on the other tax-payment days of the year, from funds urgently needed to promote the expansion of the country's trade and industries. That is the inevitable consequence of drawing the revenues from few sources. That policy cannot be continued without a harmful, even a disastrous, effect upon business. The difference between the policy of the excess profits tax and surtaxes running up to 70 per cent. of individual income and the sales tax may be presented by meteorological illustration. It is the difference between water stored in reservoirs to furnish the power that drives the wheels of industry. We may suppose that all the water would be returned in frequent rains, it would not be restored equally to the sources from which it was taken. The investment funds of the people cannot be seized upon in this way by the Government year after year without effects that will ultimately and surely become visible in diminished returns to capital, to labor and to the Government itself.

The hearings of the Ways and Means Committee of the House are not so far throwing much light upon the taxation problem. The committee appears to be pretty much agreed that the excess profits taxes must be removed. There is not the same agreement, apparently, respecting the higher surtaxes. Yet it is evident that they, like the profits taxes, absorb investment funds. There is a general feeling that the committee should seek all possible enlightenment upon a substitute for both taxes, not in their entirety, but for so much of them as experience has demonstrated to be excessive, burdensome and harmful. Uniform income taxes at reasonable rates joined to a tax upon final sales so small that it would not be felt as a burden by any consumer would undoubtedly provide the Government with all the money it ought to spend in any one year, and with an overplus sufficient to meet the requirements of the debt service. That system would be vastly more simple, more certain and less expensive in collection, it would remove one of the notable causes of increase in living cost, and it would free the industries of the country from the embarrassment of excessive and inequitable exactions.

THE NEEDIEST CASES.

THE TIMES must frankly confess disappointment at the rather lagging rate of contributions for The Hundred Neediest Cases. It is distinctly below last year's. Explanations are easily offered. Times are harder. People have less to give away. Heavy tax payments have to be met. A great many appeals are made to the charitable.

No excuses of this sort, however, are sufficient in so plain a case. There is money enough. When two prizefighters can take from the public $137,000 in one evening, there ought to be no difficulty in getting a smaller sum for a hundred families in peculiar need.

We believe that all that is necessary is knowledge of the emergency nature and the purposes of this relief undertaking. Study of only a few of the typical cases will show the aim of the whole. This is to help people over a temporary crisis, to keep families together, to provide aid where the wage earner is disabled or where sickness has crippled. No expense of administration is involved. The whole of every dollar given will go to the selected beneficiary. And we are confident that conscientious attention to the reasons for this special appeal will increase the flow of gifts for so urgent a charity.

REDUCING ARMY ESTIMATES.

Secretary BAKER wants $699,275,502 for the maintenance of the army in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922; for the present fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, Congress allowed the army $394,700,577. Secretary DANIELS has turned in an estimate of $679,515,731 for the navy in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922; Congress allowed the navy $433,400,998 for the present fiscal year ending June 30 next. Estimates are one thing, appropriations another. If the heads of the War and Navy Departments, who will retire on the coming March 4, are right about the needs of the two services for the coming fiscal year, the country should spend upon them the enormous sum of $1,378,791,233. It was not very long ago that total appropriations for all Government purposes were thought to be large at a round billion dollars. Now, in post-war time, they must greatly and unavoidably exceed that amount. Nevertheless, the people are not reconciled to the idea of spending almost a billion and a half of dollars on the military establishment alone.

In the House of Representatives, reflecting public sentiment, strong opposition has developed to increased appropriations for the army and navy more than two years after the armistice. The army chiefs desire a complement of 280,000 men, the maximum permitted by the Reorganization act. The present strength is 216,000. Secretary BAKER told the House Committee on Military Affairs that the army should be much larger than the maximum of 280,000 men. Appropriations were made for 175,000 men at the last session of Congress, and Mr. BAKER has defended the present complement of 216,000 men by saying that the law was mandatory in fixing the strength of the army, allowing him no discretion; to which Chairman KAHN has replied that it was the practice of former Administrations to keep recruiting down to actual needs. The Secretary may be technically right in construing the Reorganization act, but if Congress appropriates for 175,000 men why shouldn't the Secretary accept the cut from estimates to fit conditions.

Representative ANTHONY, Chairman of the Military Affairs Subcommittee, is for allowing the army $300,000,000, or less than half the estimated requirement. He would abandon many of the camps, withdrawing most of the troops from the Mexican border, sell surplus supplies and provide full strength for two divisions and not nine. Economy in Government expenditures is so imperative that no department, not even Army or Navy, should be permitted to dictate appropriations. Reducing the army to an expansible minimum nucleus, while keeping the officer strength intact if possible, may be a difficult problem under the Reorganization act, but it should be faced and solved. The American people will not approve of spending nearly three-quarters of a billion dollars on the army in one year of peace when a host of nearly 4,000,000 veterans could be called to the colors in an emergency.

MR. MORGENTHAU AS MEDIATOR.

For the difficult task of bringing about peace between the Turkish Nationalists and the Armenians, in the attempt to put an end to cruel warfare and atrocities, and to save what remains of the Armenian people, the President has appointed Mr. HENRY MORGENTHAU as his personal representative. In his term of service as Ambassador at Constantinople Mr. MORGENTHAU not only gained the qualifying experience for this undertaking, but he displayed qualities of tact and firmness and persistence, the power now and then to bring to reason the unreasonable Turk, which mark him as a man unusually well fitted for the business of establishing more peaceful relations between the Armenians and the Nationalists.

Mr. MORGENTHAU knows what may be called the politics of Turkey's former possessions in Asia Minor, the causes of strife, the racial antipathies, the old grudges and dislikes, and he understands the peculiar and varying temperaments of the men with whom he will have to deal. He will be backed up by the influence of the United States, of the League of Nations, by the sustaining opinion of the civilized world. He will succeed if anybody could.

THE STEEL REVELATION.

Before a definite judgment can be formed as to the attitude of the great steel corporations toward building contractors, as indicated in the recent hearing before the Lockwood committee, Mr. SCHWAB and Mr. GRACE will have to be heard from; but on the present showing the situation is significant. "Don't you imagine for a minute," Mr. GRACE is reported to have said to the head of the Thompson-Starrett Construction Company, "that we are going to let you fellows "build up an organization of union "men who can refuse to erect our "steel and force union conditions in "our shops." One result of this attitude was that the contractors were obliged to pay for the service of a middleman, and, furthermore, to employ non-union labor, which Mr. STARRETT estimates as 25 per cent. less efficient. Both items of expense were, of course, passed on to the public.

The transcendent consideration, however, is with regard to the fight for the closed or the open shop. At the time of Mr. STARRETT's interview with Mr. GRACE the great steel strike was a recent memory. The inhumanity of certain conditions of employment which it revealed should not blind us to the real nature of that struggle. While Mr. GOMPERS was in Europe, "borers from within" the American Federation of Labor obtained authority to organize the steel industry and affiliate it. The basic purpose of the organizers is evident to any careful reading of the Interchurch World report on the strike; in WILLIAM Z. FOSTER's recent book it is manifest. Under the traditional organizations of trade unions, twenty-four "internationals" have jurisdiction over the steel trade, and each is limited in the main to skilled workmen. To order the strike twenty-four different calls were necessary and the funds were contributed from twenty-four treasuries. In these facts lay the vital weakness of the strike. The purpose of the organizers was not merely to unionize the industry, but ultimately to consolidate it in a single union, including with skilled workers the vast majority of the unskilled. The leader of that one big union would then wield a power commensurate to that of the directors of the steel industry.

The strike failed; but it contributed mightily to the ultimate purposes of FOSTER and FITZPATRICK in that it roused tens of thousands of ignorant aliens to their cause, and to their power; it afforded, moreover, experience invaluable in the next contest, which FOSTER confidently predicts. An interesting detail of his plan, as indicated in his book, is to organize and affiliate the mine workers and the railway men who supply the raw material, and thus tighten his strangle hold. A significant sidelight is thrown upon the situation by the fact that the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, now on strike in New York, though at odds with the more conservative element, putting the organized working class "in actual control of the system of "production" to the end that they shall "be ready to take possession of it." The steel trade, in brief, more than any other of the basic national industries, is threatened with radicalism of the type that has been so widely advertised from Moscow.

There is no denying that conditions of labor in the steel industry have constituted a scandal. It is equally evident that action such as that described in the testimony which Mr. UNTERMYER has elicited is contrary to public interest. Conservative and reputable unionism also—which is to say the vast body of organized labor in America—has its grievance. Whatever defense the steel masters have lies in the fact that we are in the midst of a struggle between traditional American individualism and imported socialism. With thoroughly American unionism, compromise and conciliation are possible; but not with unionism that attacks our basic industries in the intent to "control" and "possess" them.

A SURPRISE IN THE RING.

There seem to be differences of opinion about Mr. DEMPSEY's display of the manly art of self-defense in his meeting with Mr. WILLIAM BRENNAN in the big Garden under the sign of Diana, who, had she been able to peep inside, could have seen ladies of high degree at the ringside. So respectable has slugging become in this centre of civilization, where money talks. It may be said without fear of contradiction that, if these gladiators had agreed to maul each other for a purse that in other days would have been judged opulent, but now would be a pittance, the exhibition would not have attracted so distinguished a throng of spectators, drawn from society, business circles and the professions as well as from the faithful sporting class. But by the terms of the contract the champion was to receive $100,000 for his work of minutes, and the challenger, of lowly fame and supposed to be a willing victim of infallible science, was to get $35,000, to him a fortune beyond the dreams of avarice.

Whether the champion underrated the powers of the minor pugilist or was not himself, prestige was dimmed in the one case and obscurity blazed effulgently in the other, for Mr. DEMPSEY went through twelve rounds to batter down Mr. BRENNAN, who was expected to fall early. Although disfigured, the champion retained the crown. Mr. BRENNAN of Chicago, rugged as a bear, was hard to stop, and almost stopped the champion in one round, leaving the ring with everybody who admired grit and pluck cheering for the loser. The champion caught a Tartar, but the most amazing thing was that he did not box like a champion, in fact not much better than the minor pugilist, who was not at all in the championship class. There are whispers that Mr. DEMPSEY, who is matched to fight the French champion for a purse of half a million dollars, sparred for the movies until it was time to put a quietus on the minor pugilist. This may be regarded as a calumny, because a beaten champion would not be a "drawing card" in the ring with GEORGES CARPENTIER. The business of being a champion evidently has its risks, comic risks, when the wrong man is selected to exhibit the prowess of the invincible one.

A NORMAL DAY.

Readers of yesterday's TIMES had the happiness of knowing that Tuesday was a perfectly normal day, with the normal amount of energy on the part of the violent annexers of other people's property. Only five daylight robberies were reported. The returns were only normally satisfactory, something more than $50,000. The normal citizen must have felt satisfied that the average of crime was not rising and that the theory and practice of Commissioner ENRIGHT was steadily and successfully justified and maintained. Rather should it be said that the disturbances in the city were subnormal, for one of the most striking of the armed expeditions of the day descended upon a saloon in Bayonne. This shows us that daring criminals are afraid of the city protected by Commissioner ENRIGHT and have to practice their profession in the Jerseys.

A Second Avenue saloon was robbed by three armed men, but a policeman appeared and made an arrest. The invaders escaped with the swag. This anecdote, like its companion from Bayonne, carries a moral encouragement and admonition: Keep out of saloons and avoid being robbed and shot at. A jeweler's shop in Madison Avenue was robbed of $5,000 worth of watches and diamonds. A civilian saw the robbers fleeing in a taxicab. He followed them till he came upon some policemen. The driver of the cab and one of the passengers were arrested. This occurrence seems to warn jewelers against the dangerous display of their wares, and it encourages thrift because it may imprint in the careless-minded the reflection that when they go into a shop to examine or purchase jewels, pearls and suches they run a normal peril of falling victims to stick-up men. The clerks in a drug store were "held up" by three collectors, who escaped with the treasures of the cash register. It is commonly said that people dose themselves with too many drugs. Postage stamps can be bought elsewhere than in drug stores. Will not some of our multitudinous reformers propose the closing of drug stores, an evident temptation to the powers that prey? Four gentlemen of the road descended from the inevitable automobile, went into a dairy, and with a beautiful simplicity for buttermilk, saw $2,000 in cash paid by the chief clerk to the collector. Then they "pulled their guns," stood the employés face to the wall, made off with the money, unharmed and undetected. Evidently milk should be delivered fresh from the cow or from the goat, as in Italy, at the door, and buttermilk should be peddled from carts. Dairies are a normal incentive of normal robbery with violence.

Indeed, if all the stores were shut and known to have no contents, would not a great advance be made toward the suppression or detection of normal crime? In the daytime, at least, the robbers would have to depend upon the public streets for the practice of their profession. Thus the Police Department would know, in a general way, where the criminals were. In the case of murders, as Commissioner ENRIGHT shows, this knowledge already exists to a considerable extent. He writes that "there are forty-two "cases in which no arrest has been "made, but the perpetrator in eighteen "of these is known and will be "finally apprehended, and in three "other cases the perpetrators have "committed suicide." At first sight, there is something novel in the system of letting known murderers go at large, but a profounder examination shows its subtle motive and impregnable strength. Driven to despair by a consciousness of the unerring location of Mr. ENRIGHT's detectives, the rest of the eighteen of the forty-two will be compelled to follow the example of the three. Suicide will be confession of the efficacy of Commissioner's methods.

A HUMORIST ABROAD.

It is denied at Marion, with something like irritation—almost asperity—that Senator MCCORMICK is in Europe as an "agent" of Mr. HARDING. This was scarcely necessary. On its face, the trip of the Illinois Senator is that of a merry jester. When he declared at Geneva that the proceedings of the League of Nations seemed to him "very stupid," he was simply testing the foreigners' sense of humor. If they could not see the broad joke of a United States Senator finding any debate wearisome, and fearing that the participants were carried away by their own verbosity, they are to be praised for.

And we should hope that the exquisite foolery of Senator MCCORMICK's flitting from capital to capital, to pierce to the centre of every situation at one glance of his eagle eye, would not be lost upon the dullest. He means it when he says that he is only feeling solely for pleasure. He must be indulging in constant "laughter of the intellect" as he sees how solemnly the European big-wigs take him. And what fun he will have when he comes home to explain to the listening Senate what Muscovy intends and what the Turk!

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

His Proofs Are Not Convincing.

THOUGH Commissioner ENRIGHT refuses to present detailed statistics in ten times the quantity he now offers, and though the tables all seemed to prove that there is no "crime wave" and that the police are more efficient now than ever before in the memory of man, his labors would be useless as long as the newspapers, in spite of police efforts to impose silence on people who are robbed, continue daily to print from six to a dozen accounts of armed men going around in automobiles and working their wicked will wherever they choose to select their trembling victims.

This is not exactly a new form of theft, but its wide prevalence is distinctly new, and while it may not constitute a "crime wave" in the opinion of the Commissioner and his well trained collectors of figures, it does so in the eyes of everybody else. The "Black Hand" bandits of a few years ago followed methods much like those that now have become so lamentably familiar, but their exploits were confined to a narrow field, tenanted by a single class.

Their successors are both bolder and more enterprising. They are no respecters of persons or races, and experience is teaching them that this form of robbery is almost without danger—that, as is said of wolves in the old proverb, "they do not have to count the sheep." Only in rare instances are their demands refused or their orders disobeyed, and this is true whether the demands and the orders are addressed to the lonely proprietor of a little shop or to 50, 100 or even 200 men gathered in what euphemistically is called a clubhouse.

Next to always the argument of the leveled pistol is decisive, and only now and then do the successors of DICK TURPIN encounter anybody whose motto is not "Safety first, at any cost in money or watches."

Biographic Clinics Are Needed.

In spite of the frequency with which hold-up men come, conquer and then escape in their swift cars, occasionally one or a group of them is caught by the police, with or without the aid of ununiformed citizens. In the aggregate—as Commissioner ENRIGHT does not let us forget—the number of

Payment of Wages by Checks.

Directly connected with the denial, existing, of the existence of a "crime wave," where, it is asked, is what seems likely to become a real "movement" on the part of employers with large payrolls. Already in several places the accustomed weekly disbursements of cash have ceased, and, instead, bank checks or certificates of deposit are given.

This is new, of course, only as regards the recipients of wages or salaries of the smaller sort, and for them it means what a good many consider the inconvenience of having an account in a bank other than one for savings. The inconvenience, however, is little or nothing more than unfamiliarity, and not only in most cases would it soon disappear, but experience would reveal decided advantages for the wage earner as for others.

Hitherto, a real objection to the paying of wages by check has been the fact that too many of the checks would be cashed by the saloon-keeper, always obliging, but not disinterested, person. Now, however, this is a vanishing race, and, in theory at least, the wares of the survivors are not sufficiently attractive to make serious inroads on the worker's resources.

Not all banks would welcome the wage earner's account, but not a few where his money would be quite safe would accept it, some with and some without a minute fee for the service rendered, and on a not enormous balance he might even get something in the way of interest.

NOT SPRINKLER PROFITS.

89 to 155% Was Erroneously Ascribed to the Companies.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In an editorial in your issue of Dec. 11, 1920, you stated that the testimony before the Lockwood committee shows that the sprinkler companies have been making profits of from 89 to 155 per cent. These profits are contrasted with architects' commission of 6 per cent., and the editorial concludes as follows:

The value of this excursion of the Lockwood committee lies in the contrast it draws between reputable and disreputable practice in the building world.

On the first page of THE TIMES for Dec. 10, 1920, you there correctly reported that the testimony as to profits of 89 to 155 per cent. related to the profits of the Empire Brick and Supply Company. In your editorial referred to, however, you have erroneously applied such profits to the manufacturers of automatic sprinklers.

Representing the New York Automatic Sprinkler Association, composed of these various sprinkler companies, we would ask you to retract this statement, as it does not conform with the evidence. There is no testimony before the Lockwood committee whatever showing any such profit on the part of sprinkler companies, or, in fact, showing what the profit was at all.

OLNEY & COMSTOCK.

New York, Dec. 15, 1920.

[THE TIMES is glad to correct this error with regard to the profits of the sprinkler companies and regrets that it was misled by a like error in the records consulted.—Editor TIMES.]

Bishop Broderick on the "Protocols."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Please permit me to express through the columns of your newspaper my abhorrence of the anti-Jewish campaign now being conducted in this country. Surely this attempt to stir up race and religious prejudices will meet with the failure that it so richly deserves.

I have carefully examined the "protocols" upon which the calumnies against the Jews are now being based, and I unhesitatingly pronounce these documents spurious and entirely unworthy of consideration. Moreover, I believe the statements made about the connection of Jews with the Russian revolution and with radical movements in this and other countries to be incorrect.

Our civilization owes much of its beginnings to the Jewish race. Take what the Jews contributed to it were taken away little would be left. History shows the Jews to have always been a constructive and not a destructive force. They were patient, industrious and thrifty. They were good citizens and their family life is exemplary. They are kind and generous to the helpless of their own race and their philanthropy extends to all humanity.

As a sincere admirer of the Jewish people for their many excellent qualities of head and heart, I take pleasure in assuring them that it is my belief that they will not suffer in the estimation of the American public because of the frantic and unjust attacks to which they are being subjected.

BONAVENTURE F. BRODERICK,
Titular Bishop of Juliopolis.

New York, Dec. 15, 1920.

AT CHRISTMAS TIME.

The little noises of the night
Keep watch with me, while I, awake,
Lie longing, vainly, for my right—
A young son's loving hand to take:

A creaking board, as if the feet
Of my dear Boy came back to me,
To comfort me, who cannot meet
His soul until my own is free.

The dropping of a burning coal,
Where the low fire sends forth a glow
Of genial warmth throughout the whole
Dim, quiet room. Ah, does he know!

The cracking of the wicker chair,
Where he would sit, while I, in bed,
Would listen to him talking there
Of things he hoped.—Now he is dead!

His old dog whimpers in his sleep,
As if he dreamt of him he knew
And loved, while I lie here and weep
The lonely, wakeful hours through.

For Christmas time is here again—
But Christ's own Mother shares my pain!

CAROLINE RUSSELL BISPHAM.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Charles E. Hughes appeared before the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations today to urge the return of the steamship Martha Washington to Italian claimants. The vessel, which before the war was under the Austrian flag, was seized by the United States and as a troopship transported 22,311 soldiers to France. A majority of the stockholders of the company, to which return of the ship is asked, are Italians of Trieste, which is now Italian.

In urging the return of the ship Mr. Hughes stated that the owning company had been recognized by the Italian Government, which had restored all the vessels of the line seized in Italian ports.

"As a result of the war," said Mr. Hughes in a brief he submitted, "territorial sovereignty over Trieste has passed to Italy and this transfer of sovereignty has not affected the status of the owners of the Martha Washington. It would seem to be most fitting that Congress should direct the redelivery of the Martha Washington and should direct that just compensation for the use of the steamship be determined and paid to the Italian owners."

Mr. Hughes also presented the case to the House Merchant Marine Committee.

URUGUAY TO HONOR COLBY.

He Will Be the First Foreigner to Speak in the National Senate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Secretary Colby will be the first foreigner to be honored with the privilege of the floor of the Uruguayan Senate. This privilege, in accordance with ancient rule, has been limited to members of that body, a few high Government officials and certain employes. A special rule just adopted provides for Secretary Colby's reception there, and an address will be delivered by him. It is stated that this constitutes a precedent.

SET VOTE ON PACKERS' BILL.

Senate to Dispose of Measure on Jan. 24.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—A final vote in the Senate not later than Jan. 24 on the Kenyon-Kendrick bill for Federal regulation of the meat-packing industry was agreed upon today by Republican leaders.

Postponement of action on the bill was taken largely to give Senator Sherman, Republican, of Illinois, an opponent who is ill, an opportunity to present his views next month. Senator Harrison, Democrat, of Mississippi, inquired whether the bill could be passed by the House and enacted finally during this session. Senator Kenyon, Republican, of Iowa, in charge of the measure, said he could give any assurances, but that the House could proceed with a similar measure meanwhile.

FIND A FINE "REMBRANDT."

Picture in a German Cottage Is Pronounced Genuine.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 15.—An interesting discovery has been made in a little half lost village in the Harz Mountains. In a house there a picture in oils of an aristocratic old gentleman has been hanging for many years. It was only a little while ago that the owner thought it might be of value, and made the discovery that the picture was by Rembrandt. Several experts say there can be no doubt that it is by the famous Dutch master.

The picture is painted on an octagonal piece of oak, about two feet high by one and one-half feet wide. It still is in its beautiful original frame and one of the experts, Dr. Hofstede de Groot, declares that the frame must have been made at Rembrandt's special instructions out of Scotch fir. The work dates from the time of Rembrandt's stay in Leiden and probably was painted in 1630 or 1631. The initials R. H. L., which stand for Rembrandt Harmenzoon Leiden, appear in a typical monogram above the shoulder. The discovery was made by Egon Mueller, a well-known art expert of Hamburg.

BUYS WASHINGTON RELICS.

Mount Vernon Association Pays $9,600 for Peale Miniature.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 15.—A miniature portrait of George Washington, painted at the request of Martha Washington by Charles Willson Peale, has been purchased at auction here by the Mount Vernon Association for $9,600. The miniature, one of a number of Washington relics from the estate of Dr. David Stuart, a kinsman of Washington, is a portrait on ivory in a gold frame, and reposes in the original leather case. It was presented by Martha Washington to Rosalie Eugenia Stuart, a daughter of Dr. Stuart.

Other relics purchased by the Mount Vernon Association include Washington's field telescope, which brought $4,000, and two mahogany chairs which he had in his dining room at Mount Vernon. One of the chairs brought $1,100 and the other $700.

Washington's shaving outfit, consisting of two razors, a hone, strop, brush, comb and mirror, in a morocco case, was sold to an anonymous purchaser from New York for $850.

HEINTZ SALE NOW $19,019.

Large Chinese Carpet Brings the Highest Price, $510.

Carpets brought the highest prices at the Henry J. Heintz sale at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon, a large 19 foot by 6 Chinese carpet with salmon field going to Ballozian for $510, the best price. Four XVIII. Century Chinese temple rugs, each 10 feet by 2 feet 6, with grounds of old red, went to P. Watson for $240; a Persian rug with mouse gray and mosque design field, 7 feet 2 by 4 feet 7, was bought by J. Offerman for $240; A. C. Hayden paid $320 for a Persian silk rug with brownish red field, 6 feet 7 by 4 feet 4.

Two tall clocks went to Henry Symons, one of walnut inlaid, Queen Anne period, and the second, walnut inlaid, William and Mary period, the first going for $410 and the second for $240. A mounted, inlaid hardwood desk went to Baumeister for $225 and a couple of armchairs, Louis XIII. style, with hunting scenes in gros and petit point, was purchased by C. C. Domerich for $440.

Returns for the day were $9,937, making a grand total to date of $19,019. Chinese and Japanese potteries, paintings bronzes, &c., will be sold today.

TRYING TO SAVE GOBELINS.

Austrian Art Societies Protest Against Pledging Them for Food.

VIENNA, Dec. 14.—Representatives of all the Austrian associations devoted to science and art have protested to Chancellor Mayr against the contemplated pledging of the priceless Gobelin tapestries owned by the Government as security for food supplies. It has been proposed that the tapestries be pledged for $1,000,000 to secure two months' flour rations from the United States.

Steamboat service on the lakes of Upper Austria and in the Salzkammergut region of Upper Austria, Styria, and Salzburg will be suspended Jan. 1 because of the excessive overhead expenses.

Asks Monument to 1st Division Dead

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Permission for the erection of a memorial in Washington for the dead of the First Division is authorized by a joint resolution introduced today by Senator Wadsworth, Republican, of New York.

Finance Committee Opens Hearings, With Legion Official Presenting Service Men's Case.

HINGES LARGELY ON COST

Two or Three Billion Dollars, Senator Estimates It All Are to Get Gratuity.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The Senate Committee on Finance began public hearings this morning, the purpose of which is to determine whether the present Congress shall vote a bonus to the soldiers of the World War, those who served at home as well as those who served overseas. Many of the Senators, among them Senator McLean of the Committee on Banking and Currency, made it plain to the veterans who were in the committee room that if a cash bonus bill is enacted it will mean a further drain upon the Treasury of perhaps two or three billions of dollars.

The question as to how many veterans might be expected to accept other than a cash bonus was one of the features of the proposed legislation discussed at some length during today's session of the committee. The ability of the Treasury to withstand the huge added burden also received serious consideration. Senator McLean favored discarding the provision for a cash bonus and recommended that the American Legion poll its entire membership in an effort to find out what proportion of its members want cash bonuses and what proportion is willing to be remunerated in some other way.

The only witness of the day was Gilbert Bettman of Cincinnati, Chairman of the Legislative Committee of the American Legion, who in response to Senator McLean's suggestion pointed out that the Legion membership includes only about 2,000,000 of the 4,500,000 men who were called into service between April, 1917, and the date of the armistice.

"It is important," said Senator McLean, "for Congress to know whether it has to raise two or three billion dollars or only some hundreds of millions. It would be futile to pass the bill without first finding a way to raise the money which would be needed to carry the provisions of the measure into effect. If it can be shown that these great financial demands will not be made upon the Treasury supporters of this measure would make a much stronger position for the bill."

Mr. Bettman replied that in his opinion not more than 50 per cent. of the veterans would ask payment of a cash bonus.

Senator Smoot interrupted to inform the committee that in more than 90 per cent. of the communications he had received from former soldiers regarding a bonus the writers made it plain that they would demand a cash payment, and that if the bill is passed the Government must be prepared to make payment.

Mr. Bettman said the Legion had pledged itself to carry on a campaign when the bonus bill should be enacted to have the veterans accept other than a cash bonus. The House bill, he added, had been ratified by the American Legion.

Under the bill as it passed the House a veteran would have the choice of receiving adjusted service pay, vocational training, farm or home aid, land settlement aid, or an adjusted service certificate. Under the adjusted pay provision a veteran would be eligible for a maximum cash payment of $500 for home service or $625 for service overseas. The service certificate, if chosen, would mean that the Secretary of the Treasury would be required to issue a certificate of the face value of the adjusted pay, increased by 40 per cent. plus interest thereon for twenty years at 4½ per cent. per annum.

REYNOLDS FOR CABINET?

Talk That Chicago Banker Will Become Secretary of Treasury.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—George M. Reynolds, President of the Continental and Commercial National Bank, the largest banking institution west of New York City, will resign his office at the annual meeting of the Board of Directors to be held Jan. 11, according to well founded reports in financial circles today. Mr. Reynolds is expected to become Chairman of the Board of Directors.

It is understood that his brother, Arthur Reynolds, now a Vice President, will be elected his successor as President. On his return to Chicago from New York today Mr. Reynolds would neither deny nor confirm the report.

There was revived talk in the Chicago financial district today that Mr. Reynolds is to become Secretary of the Treasury. Friends report that Mr. Reynolds is a close friend of President-elect Harding, who following his nomination invited the Chicago banker to Marion, Ohio, several times for conferences on political and financial matters pertaining to the government.

Friends of Mr. Reynolds were inclined to believe that President-elect Harding has decided on the Chicago banker as Secretary of the Treasury and has overcome his hesitancy toward accepting the place.

HELP WINE GRAPE GROWERS.

House Approves Experiments for Finding New Use for Vineyards.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—By a vote of 190 to 105, the House decided today to give encouragement to California grape growers by developing through experiments by the Agricultural Department new uses for wine grapes.

The purchase of a plot of land near Fresno and Oakville, where the experimental work is being done, was authorized.

The House also voted to continue experiments now being made by the department in the hope of discovering new products into which wine grapes can be manufactured.

DEFENDS STATE LABOR AID.

Sayer Puts Relief for Unemployed on Par With Education.

Finding employment for those out of work is just as much a function of the State as education of the young, Commissioner H. D. Sayer of the State Industrial Commission yesterday told the Joint Legislative Committee which is recodifying the State labor law and conducting an inquiry into the commission at the Bar Association rooms.

The work of the Employment Bureau was under scrutiny yesterday and Senator Knight, Chairman of the committee, wanted to know if the work of the Employment Bureau couldn't be more effectively done by the private agencies, thus relieving the State of expense.

"At a time when the State is demanding that every man do his best, and remembering the demands that were made of labor during the labor shortage, I feel that it is the function of the State to see that the laborer has a good opportunity to sell the only thing he owns in the world, the labor of his hands," said M. Sayer.

Commander Gade at the Elysee.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—Commander Gade, former United States Commissioner in the Baltic Provinces, was received by Mme. Millerand at the Elysée today. He is leaving Paris tomorrow on a trip through North Germany and Scandinavia.

ONE GIFT OF $2,010

Man Makes Up Nearly Half of Third Day's Contributions to 100 Needy Cases.

SUM FAR BELOW LAST YEAR'S

Money Stringency Presses Many, but Actual Starvation and Death Face the Poor.

AID DIRECT TO STRICKEN

Stories In The Times Tell How Badly Help Is Needed—McAdoo Sends $50.

Contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases yesterday totalled $5,630.50, bringing the amount received so far this year to $14,323.

Yesterday was the third day since the appeal was made. On the third day in 1919 contributions of $13,276 were received and the total for the three days was $31,419.65, or more than twice the amount received during the same period this year.

Nearly half of yesterday's total came from one man, B. F. Dawson, who wrote from the Blackstone Hotel in Chicago. In his letter to the State Charities Aid Association, he said:

Chicago, Dec. 13, 1920.

State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street, New York, N. Y.

Dear Sirs—In THE NEW YORK TIMES for Sunday, Dec. 12, I noticed an appeal for aid for the "100 Neediest Cases," among which the following especially appealed to me: Nos. 13, 27, 50, 52, 60, 79 and 91. I should like to undertake the care of these cases and am enclosing my check for $1,000 to this end. Will you please advise me whether the whole sum required should be paid at once or whether it can be made in installments? It would be more convenient for me if I could remit a check monthly.

I should also like to take a personal interest in the children in question, if this is feasible, and would be grateful to you if you would send me their addresses. I shall be in New York next week.

B. F. DAWSON,
Equitable Trust Company, Madison Avenue and Forty-fifth Street, New York City.

Mr. Dawson's Gifts Total $2,510.

Mr. Dawson also sent $1,000 to the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, $500 to the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities and $210 to the Charity Organization Society, making a total of $2,510. This is the largest amount given by an individual this year, the next being $1,000, contributed anonymously.

During the first three days after the appeal last year, five gifts of $1,000 or more had been received, including one contribution of $10,000, the biggest single gift ever made since the first publication of the Hundred Neediest Cases in 1912.

The falling off this year has not been confined to big gifts. There have been fewer gifts of all sizes. The small gifts which have made up a large part of the funds of previous years have come in a greatly reduced volume this time. There have been several small contributions from little boys and girls to the poor little children of the Hundred Neediest Cases, but contributions of this kind came by the hundred in former years.

One hundred per cent. of every gift to the Hundred Neediest Cases goes to buy the necessaries of life for those who are in the direst distress. Personal care and attention and all administrative expenses are all furnished by the four societies.

The number of families preserved, the number of sick men, women and children enabled to recover, the number of children provided with a better hope for the future depends on the total amount which is contributed for the Hundred Neediest Cases. Unless contributions come at a larger rate, the good to be accomplished this year will be only about half that of last year. The 1919 appeal brought $106,877.14. At the present rate the total this year would be only about half that.

100 Cases Promptly Aided Last Year.

Last year the first hundred families were promptly provided for, and then the public went ahead and gave enough for more than one hundred other families. That was the history of the appeal in 1916, 1917 and 1918 also. And, in all probability, it will be the history of this year also, in spite of an unpromising start.

Whatever justification there may be this year for tightened strings on the public purse, it may be safely assumed that the big and generous city will treat the most unfortunate and deserving of its people in a big and generous way. Children who are pleading for just enough aid to allow them to continue to live with their beloved mothers and with their own brothers and sisters will not be passed by indifferently, even if money is not running wild this year. The mother, recklessly spending her health and strength in the struggle to bear her children will be helped to recover and begin the struggle again under more favorable circumstances.

The small gifts have dwindled most in volume. The reader who is touched and feels called on to help any family should not refrain from giving because he can give but little. Thousands of small contributions should be forthcoming. This is the time when the Hundred Neediest Cases need the help of all their old friends and of as many new ones as may be.

Some of the typical cases are the following:

CASE 7.

Works Way Into the Night.

For four years Katherine M. has been mother and father to her seven children. In the mornings she stayed home getting them off to school; in the afternoon and evenings she went out to work to provide the food her growing children needed. The evening work sometimes lasted far into the small hours of the night. Her strength was slowly sapped, but she went on uncomplainingly. The blow came when the oldest daughter ran away and could not be found. Katherine collapsed. John, the oldest son, a boy of 16, has now taken the burden of support upon his shoulders. Sally, who is 14, will be able to help him in a year. All that Katherine asks for is help to keep her family together until she is stronger.

Total amount needed, $1,000.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8300.)

CASE 34.

Toil Breaks Mother's Strength.

Just as long as the five children were well, Mrs. J. was able to provide for them. Then the baby fell ill of pneumonia. Mrs. J. was worn out with nursing and worry when the baby died. That was the only way he could help his mother take care of his two little sisters. Mrs. F., though almost a cripple, got a job as janitress, and for a while things went comparatively well. The work was too much for her, however, and she broke down. At the same time it was discovered that Bert was not old enough legally to be employed. Medical treatment was given to Mrs. F. She has improved greatly and is now doing some work at home. Bert was sent to school. To keep his mind on his books instead of on his family additional help must be given until he is old enough to work.

Total amount needed, $720.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 100 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4068.)

CASE 53.

Must Louise Go?

One hundred and fifty dollars stands between Louise and a home. Six years ago the Hardys adopted Louise, who was then 9. They were fairly prosperous at the time. For the first time in her life the little girl knew what it was to have a home where she was wanted. Sickness and destitution have squeezed the family against the wall. There seems to be no way out but to send Louise away. Her parents do not want to give her up, and she doesn't want to go. It will be but a year before she will be able to support herself.

Total amount needed, $150.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

CASE 62.

Her Strength Is Going.

The women she works for say that Mrs. E. is not as good a washwoman as she used to be. Maybe she is not. Standing at the steaming tubs all day and keeping a home for her five fatherless children in the hours that are left her are not conducive to improvement at a job such as hers. While she is at work, the two oldest, Julius, 14, and Clara, 13, plan a future of ease and comfort for her. It may be that some day those plans will be brought to realization.

Total amount needed, $864.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 43.

Child Worries Over Family.

Bert is 14, but he looks older. It was therefore no difficult task for him to obtain a job in a drug store when his father died. That was the only way he could help his mother take care of his two little sisters. Mrs. F., though almost a cripple, got a job as janitress, and for a while things went comparatively well. The work was too much for her, however, and she broke down. At the same time it was discovered that Bert was not old enough legally to be employed. Medical treatment was given to Mrs. F. She has improved greatly and is now doing some work at home. Bert was sent to school. To keep his mind on his books instead of on his family additional help must be given until he is old enough to work.

Total amount needed, $720.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 100 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4068.)

CASE 53.

Must Louise Go?

One hundred and fifty dollars stands between Louise and a home. Six years ago the Hardys adopted Louise, who was then 9. They were fairly prosperous at the time. For the first time in her life the little girl knew what it was to have a home where she was wanted. Sickness and destitution have squeezed the family against the wall. There seems to be no way out but to send Louise away. Her parents do not want to give her up, and she doesn't want to go. It will be but a year before she will be able to support herself.

Total amount needed, $150.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

CASE 62.

Her Strength Is Going.

The women she works for say that Mrs. E. is not as good a washwoman as she used to be. Maybe she is not. Standing at the steaming tubs all day and keeping a home for her five fatherless children in the hours that are left her are not conducive to improvement at a job such as hers. While she is at work, the two oldest, Julius, 14, and Clara, 13, plan a future of ease and comfort for her. It may be that some day those plans will be brought to realization.

Total amount needed, $864.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 82.

Children Beg Meals.

She couldn't stand the sight of her 8-year-old little sister visiting the neighbors at the time she knew they were eating their meal, so Gilda put her hair up and her skirts down and went out to get herself a job. The $13 a week opened vistas of opportunities to her. She saw her invalid mother well, her two little sisters and the 3-year-old orphaned cousin who lives with them fairly bursting with the food they craved. The dream vanished with the coming of the officer of the law. Gilda was not old enough to be at work, although she was old enough to suffer because of lack of it.

Total amount needed, $900.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4068.)

CASE 84.

Father Sick, Baby Coming.

In spite of the fact that he is just recovering from one operation and is contemplating going under another, Edwin F. continues at his job as clerk at a downtown office. He works only a few hours a day, but it helps make him feel that he is doing something to keep his wife and three children, all under 14, from entirely going under. Mrs. F. under other conditions would help, but the coming of a new baby makes that impossible. The baby is expected Christmas week, and with the hope of those who have no hope Mrs. F. tells her husband that surely a change of luck will come with it. This family needs help for a year.

Total amount needed, $865.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 94.

Washtub's Earnings Too Small.

They live in a coke yard on the edge of Gravesend Canal. Hardly a soul passes there at night, and the children huddle closely together while the steady rub of the clothes on the washboard is heard. Every now and then the howl of the wind makes two-year-old Peter rush to his mother's skirts for protection. It is then that thirteen-year-old Timothy, the oldest of the seven, puts on his paternal air and gently pulls him away, so that his mother can go on with the work which means bread for the family. Last August Big Tim, who was watchman at the yards, died as the result of an accident. Mary wants to move away to a less lonely spot, but she hasn't the means. She has nothing except what she can earn over the steaming tubs.

Total amount needed, $300.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8300.)

McAdoo Contributes $50.

One of the contributions yesterday was from ex-Secretary of the Treasury William Gibbs McAdoo, who wrote:

Dec. 14, 1920.

Gentlemen:

I take pleasure in sending you herewith my subscription for $50 to the fund you are raising for the hundred most worthy cases of people who are in distress. Please let me congratulate you warmly on the splendid work you have heretofore done, and are now doing in the interest of suffering humanity.

Cordially yours,
W. G. McADOO.

The following are from other letters enclosing gifts to the Hundred Neediest:

Audrey W. Barnes, Plainfield, N. J.—Your appeals from day to day are most pathetic. I am truly glad you see fit to devote time and space to their publication. The little children who are utterly helpless are the sufferers, and our hearts go out to them especially at this time of the year. Our little Audrey is most anxious that you receive this at once, and I trust the fund this year will excel any and all others ever put forth, in the hope that a great deal of suffering may be speedily relieved.

A Sympathiser—I am doubling my subscription this year, small as it may seem, feeling that home needs should first be considered, even though one must respond to the various pathetic appeals made so constantly for aid abroad.

Helen L. Phillips, Whitestone, L. I.—Inclosed you will find two small checks for two cases of the 100 in The Sunday Times. I wish that they could have been much larger, but every little bit will help. I tried to pick out two cases that might not appeal to as many people and would need aid more on that account, but if they are filled apply the checks to two other cases. I hope that you will be most successful in raising more this year than last and be able to help 200 instead of 200, as you did last year.

Mrs. J. B. Minor, 57 Perry Street, Manhattan—"Please appropriate the dollar to the Christmas fund, and may the blessing of God go with it. There is so much sorrow in the world I hardly know which way to help. Still the Lord sees the heart."

Julie and Gloria May—"Please give this money to poor Tina, Case 26. It is not much, but it will help a little. Having two babies myself, my heart goes out to her. God help her. From my babies, Julie and Gloria May."

Anonymous—"I am trying to arrange the appeals I have in New York City and on Staten Island, which is still New York City, so as to distribute for a year what I have given to each. For, as I am an old lady, my head is bewildered and my heart made heavy by the 200 I try to help."

No one is authorized to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases. No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State Pension law.

Contributions are deductible from income tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessaries, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO FUND FOR NEEDIEST

Contributions for the 100 neediest cases received yesterday reached $5,630.50, making a total of $14,323 received so far this year. They were as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES	$1,933.00
Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	1,332.00
State Charities Aid Association	1,035.50
Charity Organization Society	912.50
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities	397.50
Total	$5,630.50
Previously acknowledged	8,692.50
	$14,323.00

Contributions received direct by THE NEW YORK TIMES.

A friend	10	Kepner, L. H.	10
A friend	5	Lamont, C. F.	10
Abro, G. A.	10	Lang, Mrs. C.	10
Allan, P.	25	Langston, L. H.	10
A mother	25	Laudenbach, I. J.	25
Anonymous	10	Leach, C. J. C.	5
Anonymous	20	Lesser, Mrs. L. J.	5
Anonymous	5	L. J.	10
Anonymous	5	Long, H. H.	50
Anonymous	2	L. N. M.	2
Anonymous	7	Lynch, S.	3
Anonymous	10	MacLean, M. A.	5
A sympathizer	20	McAdoo, W.	50
Barnes, A. W.	5	Mahy, L.	5
Bassoly, I.	5	Madden, K. V.	2
Beattie, H. L.	5	Meiom, J. C.	5
Bergman, J.	25	Mendelsohn, R.	5
Bird, Ruth	50	"Mirite"	58
Birkhahn, M. S.	5	Hoffman, M. and	
Brown, Mrs. S. S.	25	Mrs. H. S.	25
Burghelmer, G.	50	Newman, Mr. and	
Busk, Mrs. F.	10	Mrs. M.	30
Carter, A. T.	7	Nannburg, N. G.	25
Church, L. C.	10	Nesbit, E. C.	5
Clark, Mrs. C. H.	25	Nicholinton, L. T.	5
Cohn, M. A.	10	Oak, D. E.	10
Collins, Miss A.	10	Oshley, J.	2
Curtis, Mrs. H. H.	10	Page, Mr. and Mrs.	
Davidge, E. W. H.	25		50
Davis, Mrs. E. H.	3	Parsons, A.	10
D. B. L.	10	Pepper, M.	5
Demarest, E. S. N.	1	Perkins, J.	10
De Mont, O.	5	Perrine, Mrs. F. A. C.	100
De Moss, M. H.	5	Philip J. & George	5
Dimock, E.	10	Phillips, H. L.	10
Doremus, R. H.	10	R. H. B.	10
Dunk, H. W.	5	Richmond, E. C.	5
Evendell, W. Jr.	5	Richardson, J. M.	50
Goulé, P.	10	Romer, Mr. and	
Grose, F. A.	5	Mrs. J. L.	200
Guggenheimer, H. R.	25	S. B.	5
Hart, Mrs. J. W.	10	Smock, H.	10
Hartman, M. H.	5	Schwabacher Mrs.	
Hermann, M. A.	50	N.	5
Herman, Mrs. A.	5	Seidler, A. M.	5
Herzig, Mrs. G. H.	5	Seiig, A. L.	25
Heuhof, Dr. S.	5	Smith, Dr. H.	5
H. J. S.	5	Smyer, Mrs. M. A.	1
Hooper, G.	5	Steinhardt, M.	10
Hutchinson Club	25	Stern, Mrs. S.	2
In memoriam	100	Stix, O. L.	50
In memory F.V.S.	5	Tuthill, A. S.	5
In memory of Katherine H.	5	Wadsworth, W. M.	50
In memory of Little Sunny	10	Welch, Mrs. G. H.	10
In memory M.E.G.	10	Wolff, A. C.	25
In memory R.D.C.	10	Wray, J. A.	5
Janes, H. K.	5	W. W.	50
Jennings, D.	10	Wyckoff, M. D.	25
Jennings, Mrs. P.	10	Young, J. C.	5
J. H.	50	Total	$1,963

Contributions received through the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

Anonymous	$5	Kaplan, L.	$2
Brown, Mrs. F. G.	25	Langridge, Mrs. E. R.	5
Cohen, B.	10	M. S. H.	2
Dawson, B. F.	1,000	Nagel, Mrs. C.	5
Du Bois, Mrs. A. E.	100	Patterson, R. C.	25
Gilford, S. T.	10	Pearce, Mrs. J. E.	10
Glaser, L.	1	Porter, Mrs. G.	5
Gutman, J.	5	Seligman, C. G.	25
Jacobson, E.	25	Studdiford, Mrs. T. H.	5
J. M. L.	10	Sullivan, Mrs. C. A.	20
Juraschek, L.	2	Total	$1,332
Kahn, A.	10		

Contributions received through the State Charities Aid Association.

Baumgarten, Miss L.	$2	Polak, Miss C.	$2.50
Colson, Miss K. S.	5	Rogers, K. S.	5
Dawson, B. F.	1,000	Skillen, Mrs. J. H.	10
Dillman, Mrs. A. F.	5	Urch, Miss M. C.	2
Glaser, F. W.	1	Total	$1,035.50
Mehle, J. K.	1		
Nelson, Miss S. M.	1		

Contributions received through the Charity Organization Society:

Anderson, Miss C. F.	$100	Joyce, Mrs. E. R.	$10
Dana, H. M.	20	Krakenberg, Miss L. A.	10
Davis, C. L.	5	Maguire, Mrs. J. D.	100
Dawson, B. F.	1,000	Minor, Mrs. J. B.	1
Dengler, Mrs. W. L.	5	Neubeck, H. W.	5
E. V. F.	100	Payne, F. A.	10
Fedden, G.	5	Polak, Miss C.	2.50
Giesser, F. W.	1	Spofford, Mrs. J. L.	5
Harris, Miss G. M.	20	Strawn, W. H.	25
Hiltman, Mrs. J. W.	3	Van Raalte, Z.	150
Hurd, N.	5	W. C. B.	25
Jacobsen, E.	25	Wilkens, Mr. and Mrs. L. C.	10
Jaffrey, R.	50	Total	$912.50
Julie and Gloria May	3		

Contributions received through the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:

Adams, W. N.	$10	Pinsker, H.	$2
Dawson, B. F.	300	Polak, C.	2.50
Dykes, M. A.	30	Thorp, Mrs. F.	10
Guggenheimer, H. R.	10	Walden, S. S.	5
Hiltman, Mrs. J. W.	3	Total	$397.50
J. A. R.	15		
P. H. S.	10		

Mrs. Susan Colt Packer Bradford.

Mrs. Susan Colt Packer Bradford, wife of Edward Anthony Bradford, editorial writer on THE NEW YORK TIMES, died yesterday at her residence, 175 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn. Mrs. Bradford's father, Daniel Packer, was a pioneer coal merchant in this city and a descendant of early Connecticut settlers. She had lived in Brooklyn most of her life, and for the last thirty years in the house where she died. Mr. and Mrs. Bradford were married Dec. 29, 1890. Services will be held at the home tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Obituary Notes.

Judge H. H. CLAYTON, long Federal Judge for Eastern Oklahoma and on many Republican tickets during the territorial days of that State, died yesterday at his home in McAlester, Okla.

GEORGE W. GARDINER, for fifty years a member of the New York Produce Exchange, died Tuesday night at his home in Plainfield, N. J.

FRANK G. REX, President of the Canister Company of America at Philipsburg, N. J., and of the Republic Can & Metal Company, died Tuesday in Reading, Pa., after a long illness. He was born in Chester County, Pa., in 1872.

Mrs. MARY J. HARDWICK PARKER, widow of John Parker, a ship owner and broker of this city, died on Monday at her home, 125 Baltbridge Street, Brooklyn. She had been a resident of Brooklyn for more than fifty years.

WALTER C. O'DONNELL, 75 years old, manager of the cooperage works of M. & E. Connelly in Brooklyn, died at his home, 16 Sherman Street, Brooklyn, on Monday.

Polo Player to Bring His Bride, Who Was Mlle. Sernande M. Dupont, to New York.

MISS G. ANDREIS A BRIDE

Wed to Louis C. Wickersham, Nephew of Ex-U. S. Attorney General, in Municipal Building.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Gallatin Jr. were married on Dec. 4 in Paris. They will not arrive in New York until about the middle of next April. Mrs. Gallatin was formerly Mlle. Sernande Marguerite Dupont of Paris, daughter of Mme. Jean Henri Dupont, a member of an old French family. Mr. Gallatin is a well-known polo player, and the son of Mrs. James Gallatin of 119 East Thirty-eighth Street, and has been in Paris in business for the last eighteen months. He was in service in France during the war.

He will bring his bride here to reside after making an extended trip in southern Italy, Greece and other parts of the Near East.

Wickersham—Andreis.

Louis Charles Wickersham, nephew of former United States Attorney General George W. Wickersham, and Miss Giuseppina Andreis of 535 East Eighteenth Street, Brooklyn, daughter of Spirito Andreis of Italy, were married yesterday afternoon by Deputy City Clerk Michael J. Cruise at the Marriage License Bureau in the Municipal Building.

The bride is 34 years old and was born in Yokohama, Japan, her father being connected with the Italian Embassy. Her mother is Japanese.

Mr. Wickersham, who is a son of Robert O. Wickersham, former United States Consul at Naples, is 29 years old. He was born in Naples, leaving that city when he was 15 years old to go to Germany, where he remained eight years. At the entrance of the United States into the war, he enlisted in the American Army and served until the signing of the armistice, after which he returned to this city.

Wolf—Finklestein.

The wedding is announced of Miss Irene Finklestein, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Finklestein of 345 West Eighty-eighth Street, and Seamon Wolf, son of Mr. and Mrs. Simon Wolf of this city, which took place on Tuesday evening at the Hotel Astor, the Rev. Dr. Israel Goldstein officiating.

WEDDING AT LIBERTY STATUE

Miss F. C. Dunham and C. W. Williams to Marry Tonight.

The wedding of Miss Frances Charlotte Dunham, who makes her home with her sister, Mrs. H. Paddock, at Fort Wood, and Chester Wadsworth Williams, son of R. J. Williams, also of New York, will take place this evening at Bedloe's Island. The ceremony will be performed at the base of the Statue of Liberty. It is said that the license issued for the marriage is the first granted to a resident of Bedloe's Island.

Mr. Williams is an ex-service man, having enlisted from Colgate University. Upon his release from the army he immediately returned to college, where he was graduated with the class of '20. He was manager of the Colgate football team in 1919. He is now Professor of History at Blair Hall in Blairstown, N. J.

DIES AT HOOVER LECTURE.

Prof. Allen Clapp Thomas Stricken Suddenly in Haverford, Pa.

According to a telephone message received last night by a relative in this city, Allen Clapp Thomas, Professor of History at Haverford College from 1878 to 1912, died suddenly of heart disease last night while attending a lecture by Herbert Hoover at Haverford, Penn. Professor Thomas was born at Baltimore in 1846. From 1878 to 1915 he had been librarian of the college and retired with the title of librarian emeritus. He was the uncle of President M. Carey Thomas of Bryn Mawr and of Mrs. Simon Flexner of this city.

Professor Thomas took an active part in the affairs of the Society of Friends, being a minister of that denomination. For the last twenty-three years he had been presiding clerk of the Baltimore Yearly Meeting of Friends, was the editor of the Bulletin of the Friends Historical Society of Philadelphia for the same period, and he wrote, with Dr. Richard H. Thomas, the History of the Society of Friends in America. He was also the author of several works on American and English History.

WILLIAM J. LOGAN DEAD.

President of Logan Iron Works a Victim of Pneumonia at 67.

William J. Logan, President of the Logan Iron Works in Brooklyn, died yesterday at his residence, 315 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, after a two weeks' illness of pneumonia. He had been in bad health for more than six months and had made two trips to Europe in an effort to effect a cure. He was born in this city in 1853, the son of Farrell Logan, who founded the iron works that bear the family name. Originally the plant was in Manhattan, but fifty years ago it was removed to Greenpoint.

Dr. John Jay Rice.

Special to the New York Times.

FULTON, Mo., Dec. 15.—Dr. John Jay Rice, 78 years old, for fifty-one years professor of history and economics at Westminster College in this city, died tonight of pneumonia. Dr. Rice was a graduate of the medical department of New York University, and practiced in that city before coming to Fulton. Dr. Rice was acting President of Westminster at three different periods, and also served as Dean for a number of years. His father was the late Rev. Dr. Nathaniel L. Rice, former pastor of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church in New York City and later President of Westminster College here.

Mrs. Anna I. Van Rensselaer.

Mrs. Anna Ingland Van Rensselaer, a sister of the late E. H. Harriman, financier and railroad President, died Tuesday of old age at Los Angeles, Cal. She was the widow of James Fleming Van Rensselaer of Philadelphia, where she spent twenty years of her life. Mrs. Van Rensselaer was the daughter of the late Rev. Orlando Harriman, rector of St. George's Church in Hempstead, L. I. Of late years Mrs. Van Rensselaer had made her home in Dallas, Texas, only recently moving to Los Angeles. Mrs. Charles D. Simons of 525 West End Avenue, is a sister.

Henry Sheldon Germond.

Henry Sheldon Germond, a retired stock broker, and one of the oldest members of the New York Stock Exchange, died yesterday at his home, 12 Cambridge place, Brooklyn. In his eighty-seventh year, Mr. Germond served in the old Seventh Regiment, New York Volunteers, during the civil war and was a member of U. S. Grant Post 327, G. A. R., the Crescent Athletic Club and the old Union League Club.

Chauncey C. Hotchkiss, Novelist.

Chauncey Crafts Hotchkiss, novelist and writer of magazine stories, died of pneumonia on Tuesday at his home, 241 Clifton Place, Brooklyn. He was born in this city in 1852. His first book, "In Defiance of the King," came out in 1895, and his last novel, "The Ivory Ball," was published last year, and has since been placed on the movie screen.

Mrs. Roswell Miller of 998 Park Avenue is giving a dinner on Saturday for Miss Clara P. Workum, to be followed by a box party at the Princess Pat Triangle Club's performance at the Waldorf-Astoria. Mrs. Reginald Barclay is giving a débutante luncheon the same day for Miss Workum, who is to be formally introduced by her mother, Mrs. Julius F. Workum, on Dec. 28, at a tea dance at her home, 39 East Eighty-second Street.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Blair have come from Oyster Bay to the St. Regis to remain there for the Winter. Governor-elect and Mrs. Nathan L. Miller are also at the hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. George Thompson have issued invitations for a reception on Saturday afternoon, from 4 to 7 o'clock, for their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Aldolphe de Wenzell, who were married on Nov. 21.

Mrs. Pierre Mali is giving a dinner on Saturday at her town house, 8 Fifth Avenue, for her cousin, Miss Harriet J. M. Camac, the guests to include débutantes. Last evening Miss Camac entertained at dinner at her home, 138 East Sixtieth Street, taking her guests later to the St. Cecilia concert.

Mrs. Vincent Astor is opening her house this afternoon for the first of a series of lecture-musicales, to be given by the Schola Cantorum throughout the season.

Adolph Lewisohn has sent out invitations for a New Year's Eve celebration at his home, 881 Fifth Avenue. There will be vaudeville and dancing.

Sir Auckland and Lady Geddes have sent word that they will act as patrons of the first annual dance of the British Great War Veterans of America, to be held on Jan. 5, at the Hotel Pennsylvania.

Engaged.

GLUCKMAN—SIEGEL—The engagement has been announced of Miss Rose Siegel of 667 West 161st St. to Mr. Herman Gluckman of Philadelphia and New York.

KAESCHE—SCHARMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Herman F. Scharman, 150 West 58th St., New York, announce the engagement of their daughter, Alice Louise, to William C. Kaesche, son of Mr. and Mrs. Max B. Kaesche, 100 Riverside Drive.

Married.

GODDARD—LEMROE—At Mediator Church, 231st St., Kingsbridge, Mrs. G. W. Roberts, matron of honor.

WALLACE—DIMOND—On Dec. 14, at the First Baptist Church, by the Rev. Brewster Adams, Lillian W., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred J. Wright, to Charlton Wallace.

Died.

ALDEN—On Dec. 14, 1920, Edward, son of the late Hon. H. O. Alden and Emily Bingham of Belfast, Me., and beloved husband of Agnes Ronald Alden, at his residence, 593 East 19th St., Brooklyn. Funeral private. Belfast, Me., papers please copy.

ANKETELL—John B., husband of Mary Clark Anketell, on Dec. 15. Services the Funeral Church, Broadway, 66th St., Friday, Dec. 17, at 9 P. M. Interment private.

BARKER—Isabel Robinson Barker, daughter of the late Mary E. Chamberlain and Henry Robinson Barker, on Dec. 13, 1920. Interment at Nyack, N. Y.

BERRIAN—Dec. 15, 1920, at the Post Graduate Hospital, Franklin Moore Berrian, only son of the late Benjamin and Marion Hadley Berrian. Funeral service at the Cooks Home, 108 West 43d St., Friday evening, 8 o'clock.

BLACKWELL—Suddenly, Dec. 13, 1920, Clarence W. Blackwell, Sr. Funeral chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Company, 161 8th Av., corner 18th St.

BOWMAN—In Paterson, N. J., on Tuesday, Dec. 14, 1920, Margaret Hall, daughter of John Hall and Agnes Sibyl Bowman, in her 6th year. Relatives and friends invited to attend funeral services at her parents' home, 445 15th Av., on Thursday, Dec. 16, at 2 P. M. Interment at the convenience of the family.

BRADFORD—On Wednesday, Dec. 15, Susan Colt Packer Bradford, beloved wife of Edward A. Bradford. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 175 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, on Friday, Dec. 17, at 10 A. M. Interment at Plainfield, Conn.

BRITTAIN—Dec. 13, 1920, Nannie King, widow of Rev. J. R. Brittain, D. D. Funeral services at her late residence, 163 North 9th St., Newark, N. J., on Thursday afternoon, Dec. 16, at 3 o'clock. Interment at Greenville, Pa., Friday.

CHAPMAN—Fanny Lockwood, wife of David B. Chapman and daughter of Sarah R. and the late George Lockwood, at her residence, 404 Riverside Drive. Services at the Church of Zion and St. Timothy, 224 West 57th St., on Friday, Dec. 17, at 9:30 A. M. Interment Wingdale, N. Y.

CLARKE—Dec. 15, 1920, after a lingering illness, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. H. D. Atwater, Cambridge, Mass., Mary Hawkins, widow of the late William C. Clarke of New Canaan, Conn., in the 79th year of her age. Funeral private. Interment at Woodstock, Conn.

FLIESS—Dec. 14, William Maynard, beloved husband of Caroline Gillender Fliess. Funeral services Friday morning, Dec. 17, 10 o'clock, at late residence, 305 West 88th St. Kindly omit flowers.

FRANCHI—Angela, on Dec. 14, 1920. Funeral from her late residence, 21 Macdougal St., Saturday morning.

FRANCOLINI—Joseph N., after one day's illness, on Tuesday evening at his residence, 160 West 88th St., New York. Funeral Friday evening. Further notice later.

FRANCOLINI—Italian Savings Bank of the City of New York. The Board of Trustees has learned with deep and heartfelt sorrow of the death, on Tuesday, Dec. 14, 1920, of its beloved and honored President, Joseph N. Francolini.

Founder of this bank in 1896 and its President ever since, he devoted his whole life and strength to building up an institution founded upon just and wise business principles, safeguarded by the laws of this State and so conducted as to secure to its depositors, and especially to those of Italian birth or descent, the safety of their savings, the winning and keeping of their trust, and the strengthening of their faith and confidence in the good-will and efficiency of American institutions their behalf; and he lived to see his unselfish efforts crowned with success and the respect and affection of his countrymen.

Constant in his devotion, attentive to even the smallest details of his task, kind and courteous to all, he will ever be held in grateful memory by his associates and by all who had the good fortune to know him.

FRANK—On Dec. 14, Nathan, beloved husband of Julia (nee Sneudalra), and devoted father of Jesse, Henry, Ray Altman and brother of Rose Kalk. Funeral Chapel of Saul A. Rothschild, 159 West 120th St., Friday, Dec. 17, 10.30 A. M.

FRANK—Naphtali Lodge, No. 16, Brethren: You are requested to attend the funeral services of our late brother, Nathan Frank, on Friday, 10:30 A. M., from Rothschild's Funeral Parlors, 159 West 120th St. Max Schlacter, President.

FRENCH—Dec. 15, 1920, George B., beloved father of George N. and Mrs. Annie M. Maurache. Funeral service at his late residence, 135 Hamilton Place, at 8:30 P. M. on Thursday, Dec. 16, 1920. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

GALLAGHER—Dec. 15, 1920, at her residence, 200 West 107th St., Jennie, wife of William Gallagher. Services at Funeral Chapel, 351 Amsterdam Av., near 102d St., Saturday, Dec. 18, at 10 A. M.

GERARD—At Mount St. Ursula, Bedford Park, New York City, on Tuesday, Dec. 14, Sister Mary Gerard (Rosalia Berthold). Funeral at 9 o'clock Friday morning. Rochester papers please copy.

GERMOND—At his home, 136 Cambridge Place, Brooklyn, on Dec. 15, Henry Sheldon Germond, in the 87th year of his age. Services at St. Luke's Church, Clinton Av., on Saturday, Dec. 18, at 2 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

GORDON—In Washington, D. C., on Dec. 8, Heingham Gordon, son of the late Alexander Gordon of Baltimore and Elizabeth Harrison Gordon of Virginia.

GUEST—L. Ethel Guest, in Hackensack Hospital, on Wednesday, Dec. 15, 1920, beloved daughter of Alfred and the late Myra C. Guest of Bogota and late of Morrisania, New York City, in her 45th year. Funeral services will be held at the home of her sister, Mrs. Jesse Sidney Wheeler, 128 Orient Way, Rutherford, N. J., on Friday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

HALL—On Dec. 14, 1920, Mary C. Hall, beloved wife of Charles H. Hall. Services at her late residence, 317 West 119th St., Thursday, 8 P. M. Interment Mahwah Cemetery, Suffern, N. J., Friday, 1 P. M.

HANF—Hugo. Campbell Funeral Church, Friday, 9 A. M.

HARRISON—Mary E., aged 57 years. Services The Funeral Church, Broadway and 66th St., Thursday, 8 P. M.

HOOD—At White Plains, N. Y., Dec. 14, Locretia, widow of Henry James Hood. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 265 South Lexington Av., on Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

HOWES—Suddenly, Tuesday, Dec. 14, at her residence, 241 Clifton Place, Brooklyn, Alice Pecor, aged 67, widow of Dorothy Hiltz. Services Dec. 17, 11 A. M., at Hiltz's Place, Brooklyn. Interment Greenwood Cemetery after services.

JOSEPHT—On Dec. 14, Frances, dearly beloved wife of Erwin Josephy, devoted daughter of Mrs. Mary and the late David Schwartz. Funeral from late residence, 121 East 115th St., Thursday, Dec. 16, at 10 A. M.

KEAGAN—On Monday, Dec. 13, 1920, Martha Ambie Keagan, widow of the late James Keagan, in her 83d year. Funeral services at her late residence, 1 East 8th St., Bayonne, N. J., on Thursday, Dec. 16, 1920, at 2 P. M.

KOSAN-UEMURA—Dec. 15, Presbyterian Hospital, daughter of Rev. T. Uemura, Tokio. Services Chapel Madison Ave. Presby. Church, 41st St. and 5th Av., Saturday, 11 A. M., Rev. George Alexander, D. D.,

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Certificate B—110062, dated Feb. 17, 1920, for 10 shares Northern Pacific Ry.; Certificate N—23209, dated Feb 17, 1920, for 10 shares Chesapeake & Ohio Ry.; Certificate A—76519, dated Feb. 20, 1920, for 10 shares N. Y. Central R. R.; all in name of Harvey W. Wilmer; lost between City Hall P. O., New York, and First National Bank, Bridgetown, Pa., after stopped. If found, notify Atlantic National Bank, 257 Broadway, N. Y.

LOST—On Friday, Nov 26, a dark brown mink automobile rug, trimmed with pink tails; border three or four skins deep; 65 skins in rug, lined with brown broadcloth; $500 reward and no questions asked. Please address E. A. X., Automobile Club of America, 247 West 54th.

LOST—Red leather portfolio containing workings papers; name inscribed inside cover, at Coos Schieveen Straat 49, Rotterdam, on train Grand Central to White Plains; return Belle, Watson Co., Inc., 115 Produce Exchange Bldg.; reward.

LOST—Black leather brief case containing documents, &c., Wednesday evening, Dec. 15, about 6:30; left in "B" taxicab en route 6th Av. and 34th St. to West 72d St; Suitable reward for its return. Louis Mannheim, Room 1114, 1328 Broadway.

LOST—Last Friday night, in taxi, between West 79th St. and Astor Hotel, brown handbag containing keys, address book, &c., and small amount money. Finder keep money, return rest. Miss Mortimer, 207 West 79th St., Apt. 10 W.

LOST—Gentleman's Elgin gold watch, chain, Broadway surface car, between Grand Central, 111th St., slightly damaged knife attached. Liberal reward, no questions. Franklin 3649.

LOST—$10 reward for return of small black loose leaf memorandum book of no value, bearing name and address of owner, J. B. Frank, 90 Maiden Lane, or 221 West 113th St.

LOST—Cane, crooked handle, in Capitol Theatre, Tuesday night; has silver band engraved L. M. F., Aug. 18, 1920. Finder kindly call Cortlandt 5556.

LOST—Sunday evening, on Park Av., between 50th and 52d Sts., black beaded bag, valued as keepsake; kindly return. Collins, 460 Park Av.

LOST—Grey handbag, Tuesday morning, No. 6 bus; silver initials M. P. W. Watch, same initials inside. Return Priscilla Wilde, 514 West 55th. Schuyler 5808. Reward.

LOST—Pocketbook on 9th Av. "L," Dec. 14, containing keys, small sum of money and papers; liberal reward. Phone after 6:30, E. Vigreux, Morningside 5058.

LOST—$25 reward for return package of books, lost on C. R. R. of N. J. ferry, Monday, 6:30 P. M. boat, from Liberty St. B. M. Greatwalt Co., 45 John St.

LOST—Blue velvet bag containing money, tickets, &c., 11th Street Theatre, 5 P. M. Finder phone Greeley or Cortlandt 6666. Reward.

LOST—Liberty bond, $50, 3½%, in addressed envelope, near Broadway and 40th St., noon, Dec. 7. Reward. Phone Kornicker, Columbus 1278.

LOST—Dec. 15, lady's envelope purse containing about $100, on Mott Av., about 150th St.; liberal reward. Room 1106, 261 Broadway. Phone Barclay 6500.

LOST—Monday, spectacles, vicinity Times Square. Communicate Elting & Pickup. Reward.

LOST—Spectacles, tortoise shell rims, in long black case; suitable reward. Telephone Rector 4448.

LOST—Small gray purse containing $80, Saturday at 5 P. M., in front of 217 E. 61st; liberal reward if returned to above address.

LOST—Tuesday, shell rimmed spectacles, leather case, Haustetter maker, in Gimbels', Macy's or 34th St. F 596 Times.

LOST—Leather brief case containing books; suitable reward. Sakamoto, 109 West 116th.

$10 REWARD for return of man's silk scarf, dark blue, with white stripes, left in balcony of 39th St. Theatre Friday night last. Godfrey Turner, 1,400 Broadway. Phone Fitzroy 1[illegible].

AUTOMOBILE STOLEN.
REWARD.

Stutz, 1917 touring; motor or car number R4844; black body and red wheels, U. S. and Goodyear cord tires; N. Y. license 196853; stolen Dec 14 at 27th St. and Broadway. Communicate with E. H. Hegewood, 55 John St., city. Telephone Beekman 8087.

Jewelry.

LOST—Wednesday morning, vicinity Grand Central Terminal, 2d Av. elevated from 42d St. to Hanover Square, or Wall St. district, man's gold cuff link, made up of two old Greek coins; valued more for association than for intrinsic worth; liberal reward will be paid for return of one or both of above link coins. Telephone Hanover 5800.

LOST—Flexible gold bracelet, set with diamonds and sapphires, Wednesday afternoon, either in Biltmore Hotel, in shops or on 5th Av., between 34th and 42d Sts.; valuable for associations. Return to D. E. Walsh, Judson Hotel. Telephone Spring 5360. Reward.

LOST—Saturday evening, Dec. 11, ladies' open face gold watch, initials M. A. R., between subway, Times Square and Hudson Theatre, reward. Miss Roche, Bay Plaza Hotel, Cropsey Av., Bay 20th Sts., Brooklyn.

LOST—Gold mesh bag, about 10:30 A. M. Dec. 15, taxicab from 5th Av. and 84th St. to 160 West 80th; contained 4 opera tickets, American Express check for $10. K. A. N., 8 East 84th.

LOST—Dec. 12, in vicinity of Ritz-Carlton, square sapphire and diamond cluster ring; liberal reward, no questions asked. Return to Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av.

LOST—In or near Hotel Belleclaire, Dec. 14, diamond pendulum bar pin, 3 inches; $100 reward. Return manager hotel; no questions asked.

LOST—Dec. 13, at St. Regis or Altman's store, diamond bar pin set in platinum; $50 reward. Return to M. McMahon, care Vauchan's, 43 Barclay St.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, seven large stones in centre and small stones around it, between 72d St. and 81st St. Reward $500. Schuyler 8650.

LOST—Wednesday, Dec. 15, between 12 and 3, man's open-faced gold watch; makers Bunde & Upmeyer; black ribbon fob; liberal reward. 1 Chelsea Square. Chelsea 8457.

LOST—Platinum lavalliere, five diamonds, on platinum chain, Dec. 13, 6th Av. L or neighborhood Jefferson Market; reward. Bernhardt, 86 University Place.

LOST—At Ritz, Saturday noon, a gold cigarette case; liberal reward, no questions asked. Return to Cartier, 653 5th Av.

LOST—Bar pin, 13 diamonds, Monday afternoon, between Lexington Ave. and 31st St., 5th Ave. Reward. Plaza 6990.

LOST—Pearl necklace, on bus or vicinity Pennsylvania Station; reward. Phone Plaza 7483.

LOST—Diamond and ruby bracelet, between 156th St., Broadway and 157th St., Amsterdam Av.; reward. Bonnon, 601 West 156th.

LOST—Golf championship medal, owner's name on back. Return 18 Warren St., N. Y. City; reward given.

LOST—Elgin gold wrist watch; $10 reward. J. Prince, 24 University Place.

LOST—Gold wrist watch, vicinity Bleeker St. Call Spring 3207.

$400 REWARD

for return of gold meshbag, engraved A. W. S., and platinum and diamond bracelet containing 42 diamonds; lost Dec. 7, at or in vicinity of Hudson Theatre. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$100 REWARD

for return of diamond and onyx lorgnette, lost Dec. 4th at or in vicinity of Park Theatre, 39th St. and Columbus Circle. A. R. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St.

$75 REWARD

for return of cabochon sapphire scarf pin containing 18 small diamonds, lost Nov 28 between Hastings, N. Y., and N. Y. City. Charlton Co., 634 5th Av.

$150 REWARD

for return of square pin with double row of diamonds and round sapphire in centre; lost Dec. 10 between West 57th and 96th Sts. Marcus & Co., 8th Av. and 45th St.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—A box containing dress, en route from Grand Central to Port Chester, Friday evening, Dec. 10; liberal reward; no questions asked. Mrs. N. Greenberg, 25 Gramercy Place, New Rochelle.

LOST—Small brown fur neckpiece, on West 114th St., between Broadway and Riverside. Return to Mrs C. J. Kiger, 622 West 114th St. Reward.

LOST—Wednesday, Dec. 15, Erie ferry, Chambers St., noon, small brown fur neckpiece 57th St maker; reward. Telephone Ansell, 3069-M, Montclair, N. J.

LOST—Paradise feathers, Broadway local subway between 103d and 59th St. West stations or near stations; liberal reward. T. W., 103 West 57th St. Circle 957.

LOST—Blue fox fur, Wednesday afternoon, from 81st and Columbus Av. to 83d to Broadway; reward. Schuyler 6362.

LOST—Seal belt, near Broadway and 104th St. Y 2240 Times Annex.

LOST—Skunk collar, Loew's, 45th-Broadway; reward 116 West 72d, Apt. 5B.

LOST—Sealskin muff, round ring attached; suitable reward. Telephone Rector 4448.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Male Airedale; reward. O'Brien, 130 West 67th. Columbus 9990.

LOST—Big collie, black, brown and white, belonging to 514 West 142d St.; reward.

LOST—English bull, female; reward. Thomas, Broadway-Auto School, 213 W. 53d.

A GREEN CHRISTMAS.

Keep your memory green in the heart of a friend by entering a subscription in his name for The Annalist. If he is a business man, interested in knowing latest happenings in the world of finance, commerce and trade, he will be keenly appreciative of your remembrance. Sent to any address in the United States for $5 a year.—Advt.

OBJECT TO FEDERAL COAL REGULATION

Wholesalers Here Deny Calder Charges of Profiteering in the Trade.

REPORT PRICES ARE FALLING

Involuntary Bankruptcy Is Filed Against American Fuel and Shipping Company.

The coal trade here will protest against Federal regulation of the industry as urged by United States Senator William M. Calder, Chairman of the Committee on Production and Reconstruction, in the report of that committee which will be presented to the Senate. Exception is also taken to the statement that such regulation is necessary to check the greed of profiteers. These objections were voiced yesterday by the Wholesale Coal Trade Association, 90 West Street. The wholesalers allege that the trade has purged itself of profiteers and that prices are now dropping toward normal. The association asserts that the best bituminous coal is being offered at the mines at $4.35, while other grades are selling as low as $2.25.

Figures in a bulletin of the wholesale coal trade show a reduction of several dollars in anthracite prices within the last month. Wholesalers are now offering "independent" anthracite at the mines at from $11 to $14, while "company" anthracite remains at $8.10. The association predicted that anthracite prices would go lower before the first of the year, as production increases. It expects domestic sizes to drop to $12 retail. That, the association said, was normal when the production costs were taken in consideration.

"The wholesalers take the stand that they have driven the greater majority of profiteering and undesirables from the business in this city by the adoption of resolutions "eliminating resales and consequent pyramiding, and by limiting prices," a statement by the association continued. "This applies both to anthracite and bituminous.

"They will object to the regulation of the coal business also on the ground that such a move would but serve to create another opportunity for the illustration of Government inefficiency as disclosed by the Shipping Board inquiry and the services given by the railroads, telephone and telegraph under Government control."

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed in the Federal court yesterday against the American Fuel and Shipping Company by three creditors, the Davis Coal Company of Morgantown, W. Va., whose claim is $865,543; Rambough & Mayers of Greensburg, Pa., $53,579, and Frame, Friend & Steinman, Inc., of New Haven, $91,332. The members of the fuel company are Herman F. and Herman A. Willfuehr, Jose K. Codina and Edward E. Goate.

H. F. Willfuehr said that the company was solvent and was doing a large exporting business.

"The claim of the Davis Coal Company is founded upon an account," he said. "This company has paid the Davis Coal Company in excess of $2,700,000 for coal purchased from them at the prices billed by the Davis Coal Company and there is undoubtedly a balance due this company from the Davis Coal Company in excess of $100,000 on account of over-payment.

"The claim of Rambough & Mayers is based upon a bill for coal shipped by this company without its authorization. The claim of Frame, Friend & Steinman is based upon a bill for coal sold and delivered to this company. This company had a counterclaim for coal sold and delivered to Frame, Friend & Steinman amounting to approximately $30,000 which was tendered to Frame, Friend & Steinman and they refused to accept."

UNEMPLOYMENT EXTENSIVE.

300 Applicants for Every 45 Jobs, Department Reports.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 15.—There are at present approximately 300 applicants for every forty-five positions, while a year ago there was an average of twenty-five applicants for every 300 positions, according to Edmund F. Faber of the United States Department of Labor, regional director of the fourth (St. Louis) district.

A survey of unemployment in the district was begun today under Mr. Faber's direction. The survey is being conducted in each of the nine districts in the country.

TO READJUST STEEL WAGES.

Independent Firms Are Said to Plan Changes in January.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 15.—It was learned today that independent steel companies in an effort to compete for orders with the United States Steel Corporation are planning to readjust wages about Jan. 1 so as to keep their plants in operation.

No official announcement has been made by any one concern, but it is understood that the movement is general among independent companies.

The officials of the Coatesville, Pa., works of the Midvale Steel Company, and of the Lukens Steel Company at the same place, are informing their men the plants are not operating at a profit and suggesting to the workers that it would be wise for them to absorb some of the alleged losses to the companies in order to avoid suspension of operations. It was explained that the United States Steel Corporation is making plates at $2.65 a hundred pounds compared with $3 by the independents.

A report that the Lukens Steel Company had posted a notice reducing wages 25 per cent. effective Jan. 1 was denied by the company.

GREEN SENT TO SING SING.

Youth Who Robbed Luke Home in Tarrytown Gets Long Sentence.

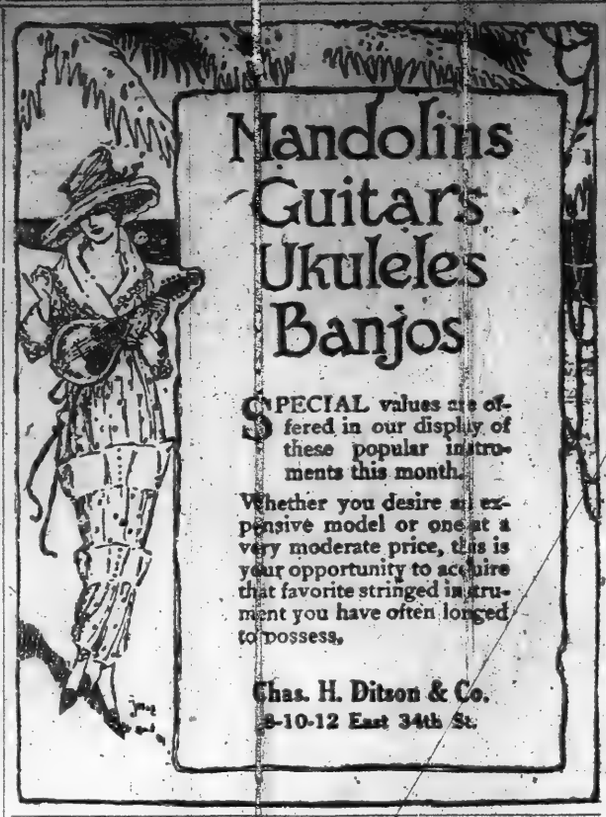
Special to the New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Dec. 15.—Leroy Green, burglar and ex-convict, was taken to Sing Sing Prison today, after County Judge Frank L. Young had sentenced him to an indeterminate term of ten to nineteen years and six months for robbing the country home of David L. Luke of Tarrytown.

Green, who came from San Francisco, is only 18 years old. He was accused of stealing about $50,000 worth of jewels from the Luke residence after forcing Mrs. Luke to open a private safe. More than $30,000 in jewelry was recovered in a safe deposit box Green had hired in Chicago.

Scotch Fishermen Vote "Dry."

LONDON, Dec. 15.—In the Scottish prohibition ballot which has been going on now for some weeks, Aberdeen has given a majority in favor of "no change" in eighteen wards. The exception to the general rule in Scotland was furnished by Rathen, where the fishing population of the place carried a "no license" majority by 548 to 205.



Mandolins
Guitars
Ukuleles
Banjos

SPECIAL values are offered in our display of these popular instruments this month.

Whether you desire an expensive model or one at a very moderate price, this is your opportunity to acquire that favorite stringed instrument you have often longed to possess.

Chas. H. Ditson & Co.
8-10-12 East 34th St.

A photograph to be reproduced in the Rotogravure-Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday shows the new German Zeppelin Bodensee, which, with her sister craft, the Nordstern, has been demanded by the Allies from the German Government to replace aircraft previously demanded but destroyed by the Germans.—Advt.



More than half the men who wear this button are enrolled in the greatest school in the world—the U. S. Army School

More than a hundred thousand students in it—about fifty per cent of the enlisted men—all studying something.

Some are studying general courses: arithmetic, spelling, geography, English, U. S. History.

Some are learning a trade: auto-mechanics, masonry, printing, plumbing.

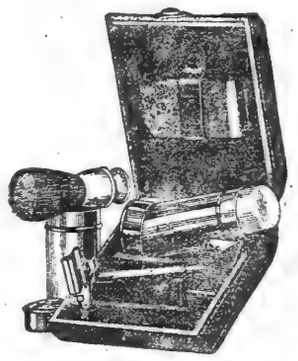
Some are learning to be radio operators: some bakers; some horseshoers; some truck-gardeners.

Some school—the U. S. Army School—that teaches a hundred trades. And the soldier earns a good living while he is learning.

Has a chance to rub elbows with folks from other than his own home town.

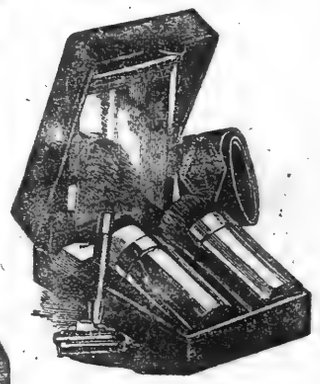
And live in new eye-and-mind-opening surroundings.

THE US ARMY TEACHES TRADES



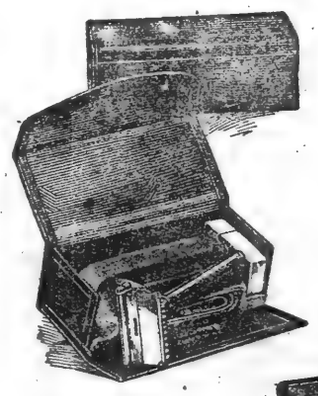
Combination Set

Silver-plated AutoStrop Razor; special shaving brush and shaving soap in silver plated tubes; twelve blades and selected leather strop, specially prepared. Eight and a Half Dollars.



Combination Set

Gold-plated AutoStropRazor; special shaving brush and shaving soap in gold-plated tubes; removable beveled plate mirror; twelve blades and selected leather strop, specially prepared. In black leather case. Thirteen and a Half Dollars.



Sterling Silver Set

Sterling silver AutoStrop Razor; twelve blades in sterling silver container; selected leather strop, specially prepared. In finest grade black or brown calfskin case, velvet lined. Twenty-five Dollars.



Flat Metal Set

Silver-plated AutoStrop Razor; twelve blades in silver-plated blade container; selected leather strop, specially prepared. In flat silver-plated case, handsome ribbon design, engraved top, velvet lined Ten Dollars.

Bring back his Christmas smile *every day*

OPENED with a word of thanks on Christmas morning—the next day put aside and forgotten. How often that is the fate of an ill-chosen gift! Don't let that happen to the Christmas presents you give him *this* year.

There is one gift that will save him discomfort day after day—that will eliminate the needless trouble so many men have in shaving.

Unstropped razor blades grow dull quickly and pull and scrape—cause aftersmart and burning. To end these shaving troubles once for all get him an AutoStrop Razor for Christmas. It will give him *every day* a shave as cool and clean as his first shave with a new blade.

Built right into the frame of the AutoStrop Razor is a simple, efficient stropping device which quickly sharpens the blade. It renews the edge in a few seconds without removing the blade or taking the razor apart.

This unique razor is a gift a man will enjoy day after day—a present that will bring back his Christmas smile *every* morning.

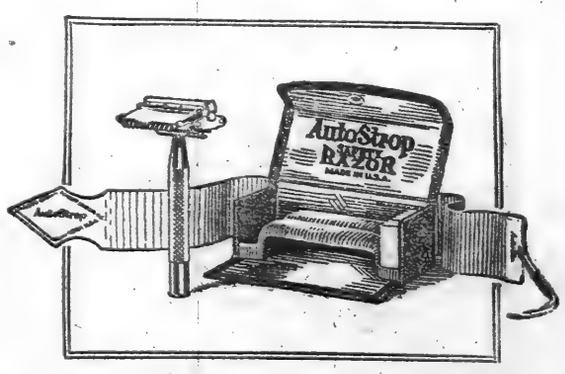
The new De Luxe AutoStrop Razor sets described on this page are especially appropriate for Christmas gifts. Any man will be happy to own one of these handsome, distinctive outfits.

Make your gift this Christmas an AutoStrop Razor. Ask your dealer today to show you the AutoStrop Razor sets shown on this page as well as others he may have in stock.



AutoStrop Razor

—a razor and stropping device combined —saves constant blade expense



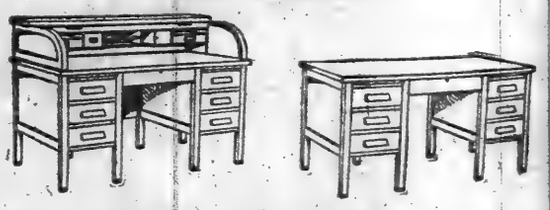
Standard Set

Silver-plated AutoStrop Razor; twelve blades and selected leather strop, specially prepared. In soft leather case, velvet lined. Case comes in black, maroon, red, green or blue. Five Dollars

On razors, strops, blades, etc., hereafter manufactured by us we shall apply the trademark "Valet" in addition to the trademark "AutoStrop" as an additional indication that they are the genuine products of the AutoStrop Safety Razor Company, New York.

Globe-Wernicke Office Desks

"Built-to-Endure"



You Choose from the Largest Stock of Office Desks in the City

The Globe-Wernicke Co.
John M. Dotter, Manager.
451 Broadway, near Grand St.
30 Church St., Hudson Terminal 50 Broadway, Standard Arcade
Uptown Store: 6 East 39th St.—5 East 38th St.

SHIP FOR ATHENS

Received With Royal Salute by Italian Gunners on Reaching Venice.

MILITARY AND CIVIL HONORS

Port Admiral, General of Garrison and Prefect of Venice Greet Him.

U. S. WARSHIP FLAG-DECKED

Admiral Andrews Makes Official Call—Constantine Sails for Home This Morning.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VENICE, Dec. 15.—In Venice this morning Constantine, on his way to Greece, received the first formal recognition by a foreign State of his restored status as a monarch. As "Tino" drove yesterday in a hotel omnibus to the railway station at Lucerne, with only a few friends to wave him farewell, As Constantine II., King of the Hellenes, he stepped from his train at Venice, passed through a guard of honor and boarded a Greek warship, while an Italian battery roared a royal salute of twenty-one guns and an American destroyer, lying by chance in the waterway, likewise did.

Dropped Correspondents at Frontier.

Although it was announced before he left Switzerland that Constantine would travel just like anybody else, on an ordinary train, all the way to Venice, the later course of events proved that this was a subterfuge, designed, perhaps, to avoid any possible unpleasant incident. Anyhow, the real train provided a little tragi-comedy for those of us newspaper men who were supposed to be accompanying his restituted Majesty. When we left Lucerne we knew he was safely on board the train, and we also thought we had him under our surveillance when we drew up at the entrance to the great St. Gothard tunnel, but, lo and behold, when we emerged from that dark milelong passage under the Alps Constantine had vanished just as if the earth had swallowed him up, suite, luggage and all.

The explanation was, of course, less tragic, but not less disconcerting for a journalistic sleuths. Some one—was it perhaps the Italian police authorities, with visions of bombs or stilettos?—had thought it best quietly to secrete the royal section of the train while all other passengers were gazing at the scenery or photographing the entrance to the famous tunnel and send it speeding on to Venice hours ahead, while the correspondents were left wearily waiting at every station.

So it was that Constantine arrived at 2 o'clock in the morning and slept in the train until 8.

Received by Italian Dignitaries.

Stepping on the platform at that hour, he was received by the Italian Admiral of the port, the General commanding the garrison and the Prefect of Venice, with a guard of honor composed of a detachment of marines and a detachment of Bersaglieri.

A launch took him, while a salute was fired, to the Greek cruiser Averof lying outside the entrance of the Grand Canal, almost opposite the Church of San Marco.

On his own floating territory the King was greeted individually by all the officers, and then he stood on the quarterdeck while the crew marched around the main deck in review order.

Later in the morning the Italian Admiral, the General commanding and the Prefect went on board the cruiser to pay a formal visit to his Majesty. It is reported here that the Italian authorities invited the British and French Admirals and the heads of the Adriatic Naval Mission to take part in the reception at the station, but they did not do so, and I am unable to corroborate the report of their absence for the rest of the day from Venice.

The Averoff will sail tomorrow morning for Phaleron, where Constantine will disembark for his triumphal entry into Greece.

Our Admiral Calls on Constantine.

VENICE, Dec. 15 (Associated Press).—The Greek contingent was jubilant tonight over the action of Rear Admiral Mario Andrews, Commander of the American warships in the Adriatic, in ordering the dressing of the destroyer Southard and the flying of the Greek flag in honor of Constantine's arrival here this morning. Some of the enthusiasts said they considered an official call made by Admiral Andrews as tantamount to recognition by the United States of the restoration of Constantine. The secretary of Constantine said Constantine and Sophia expressed gratitude for what was termed the significance of the action of Admiral Andrews and the Italian Government toward Constantine.

ENTENTE TO HOLD STRAIT.

Lloyd George Says Dardanelles Must Be Internationalized.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—Premier Lloyd George explained the British policy in the Near East tonight in his address to the House of Commons on the supplementary army vote of £38,750,000.

Recent occurrences in Greece, he said, would no doubt have a considerable effect on the allied position in that part of the world. He would not predict what the policy of the Allies would be.

"The powers are right," he said, "in waiting developments before they finally decide on what policy they will adopt in that quarter. But there are certain things we have to make up our minds definitely upon which have no real reference to the relations between Greece and Turkey.

"One is the guardianship of the Straits. This country, with others, has to make up its mind whether it is prepared to restore the guardianship of the strait to Turkey. If it does so it is inviting the same treachery that proved so perilous to the Allies and so very nearly proved disastrous to them."

Mr. Lloyd George said that after a great deal of hesitation and reluctance the Government had come definitely to the conclusion that it was advisable to keep Constantinople under the sovereignty of the Turks, while internationalizing the strait under the guardianship of Great Britain, France and Italy.

Referring to Persia, the Premier said it was the Government's definite policy to clear out of that country, but to have done it sooner would have meant leaving Persia completely to anarchy. British action, there had been very successful. The Turkish advance had been completely arrested and what might have developed into a most menacing move against the British Empire and might have lit a fire that would have devastated Asia had been prevented.

"We have had to tell Persia," he said, "that we could not stay, and they must make their arrangements by spring." This, he continued, was a definite statement. If the Anglo-Persian agreement was not ratified and if Persia did not take the necessary steps, it naturally fell to the ground, but the responsibility would be with Persia.

Great Britain, the Premier said, had accepted a mandate for Mesopotamia. That was what mattered. Somebody had to accept the responsibility for the League of Nations and Great Britain must discharge her obligations in a way worthy of her interests and prestige in the East, where prestige counted for so very much. The Government had shown clearly, he said, that if there were rich deposits of oil there it was to the benefit not merely of the British Empire, but of the whole world, that it should hold the balance evenly and fairly between all the nations of the world who came into that quarter.

FRANCE TO HAVE ARMY OF 800,000 MEN

Military Council Makes Assent to Reduce Term of Service Conditional.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—From the time he is twenty till he is fifty every Frenchman will be a soldier. That is the central fact of the new military law placed on the table of the Chamber of Deputies yesterday. Alterations in the terms of service are provided conditionally, and these are alterations in organization, but actually the same or even a larger number of men will be available for military service in time of war as was the case formerly, and practically the same number will be maintained in time of peace.

The principal immediate result is that the three years' military service law voted just before the war will be definitely abandoned when the new law passes. For the next two years the young men called up will serve two years. Thereafter the proposal is to make the military service term eighteen months.

To this suggestion the Supreme Army Council opposed certain formal conditions without which they state they are unable to consent to a reduction of the service term below the two-year limit. The first of these is that between 80,000 and 100,000 men annually be recruited as regular soldiers; second, that the army of native troops must be raised from 200,000 to 300,000 men, and, third, that civil employes who can replace army men in administration billets must be recruited and trained.

The object of these conditions is to ensure that the peace-time army does not fall below the present trained strength. Without a permanent nucleus of 100,000 re-enlisted men the Army Council feels the eighteen-month service period would be inadequate, and that the time of the demobilization of one class and the calling up of another nearly half of the men under arms would be unlimited.

It was only on condition of these three provisions being made that the Army Council gave its assent to the bill, and even now it is uncertain whether André Lefèvre will consent to defend the bill before the chamber or will resign.

Alterations have also been made in the terms of service in the reserve, and two years have been added to liability so that from 40 to 50 years of age all Frenchmen will be liable to incorporation in the territorial army in time of war.

If conditions imposed by the Army Council are fulfilled France will have in 1923 an army of over 800,000 men, composed as follows: Colonial black troops, 300,000; re-enlisted men, 100,000; recruits belonging to one yearly class and a half, 475,000. Lengthening the term of liability for service the reserve army will also be slightly increased.

At the same time it is considered that the cost of the new army with reduced service will be lower than formerly, and it is probable that several barracks in the centre of the country will have to be closed.

FIVE NON-FIGHTERS DINED.

American Civil Liberties Union Honors Freed Conscientious Objectors.

Five conscientious objectors just released from prison were the guests of honor at a dinner held by the American Civil Liberties Union in Yorkville Casino, East Eighty-sixth Street, last evening. They were hailed by the speakers as "the bravest of the brave."

The Rev. John Haynes Holmes declared that the conscientious objectors—the C. O.'s, they were affectionately called throughout the dinner—were even braver than men who had enlisted for active service.

"These brave men, the bravest of the brave," he said, "have sacrificed their reputation upon the altar of their own ideals, and we should give them our reverent salutation." Another speaker, Dr. Norman Thomas, said he was proud "to honor men who did what I myself would have wanted to do in their place."

A letter to President Wilson asking the general release by Christmas of men serving prison sentences under the Espionage act and those convicted of various crimes under the head of Federal conspiracy, including I. W. W.'s, was signed by the diners.

TO CUT AUTO ACCIDENTS.

Lyons, Secretary of State-elect, Wants All Operators Examined.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 15.—John J. Lyons, Secretary of State-elect, came here today and conferred with Secretary Hugo on plans for the inauguration of Governor-elect Miller.

Mr. Lyons said he hoped while in office to be able to accomplish something in the way of reducing automobile accidents. He believes every person who operates a motor car should first undergo an examination. It is likely the Legislature will be asked to enact such a law.

RULING FAVORS ARNSTEIN.

Judge Holds Evidence Obtained in Raid Can't Be Used Against Him.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—No evidence obtained by detectives who raided the New York apartment of Jules W. (Nicky) Arnstein can be introduced by the prosecution in the case of Arnstein and others on trial here on charges of conspiring to bring stolen securities into the District of Columbia, Justice Gould ruled today. The court characterized the action of the detectives as "clearly contrary to the Constitutional guarantees."

France to Keep German Ships.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—France will retain all the German ships which she has been managing provisionally under the terms of the Treaty of Versailles, says the Matin, which asserts that recent Franco-British conversations on the subject have resulted in an agreement. These ships aggregate 450,000 tons.

IN PASSAIC MILLS

Consumers' Leagues Condemn Textile Manufacturers for Hiring Women at Night.

MANY WITH YOUNG CHILDREN

Attack Alien Property Custodian for Not Stopping Evils Under Federal Control.

A report issued yesterday by the National Consumers' League and the Consumers' League of New Jersey severely condemns the textile manufacturers of Passaic, N. J., for adding the "black disgrace" of employing mothers on the night shift, to the previously condemned "evils of industrial espionage, violation of fundamental American rights of free speech and free assemblage, and a spirit of bitter hostility toward their 15,000 foreign employes." The conditions complained of, other than that of employing women, have been the subject of reports by the Federal Bureau of Education.

The document, signed by Agnes de Lima, Research Secretary, is based upon data gathered during the Spring and early Summer of this year, by visiting one hundred women selected at random: It is asserted that all but four were married, ninety-two of the married women had children, half of the children were under 7 years and most of the mothers had babies of 1, 2 and 3 years of age. Thirty-nine mothers had four or more children and nine had six or more. Women who were soon to be mothers, the report asserts, were prevalent on the night shift, "many confessing to working up to the last moment before the arrival of their babies."

In a statement accompanying the report it is explained that more than two-thirds of the women's husbands were earning $30 or less a week, when the lowest corrected estimate of the wage per year necessary to support a family of five was $1,716, attention then being drawn to this paragraph in the report:

"The conclusion therefore is inescapable that night work for women in the Botany, the Government controlled mill, as in other Passaic mills, is fostered by the low wage scale for men, coupled with a comparatively high wage level for women, which tempts them to enter the industry. Could a more ingenious device be contrived for lowering the vitality of the wage earners than to pay men so little that their wives, during their child bearing years, must spend their nights at the most exhausting kind of factory toil and their days at the no less exacting and insistent duties of motherhood?"

Though Secretary of War Newton D. Baker is President of the National Consumers' League, the report does not spare his fellow Cabinet officer, A. Mitchell Palmer, and his successor as Alien Property Custodian, Francis P. Garvan. The reference in the foregoing excerpt to the Botany mill grows out of its seizure and subsequent operation by the Government. In another place, the report, referring to the "shocking discoveries" of the United States Bureau of Education rather than to the present complaint about the evil of employing mothers, says:

"These infringements upon fundamental American rights were not wholly the work of Passaic manufacturers. They were sanctioned and upheld by the Alien Property Custodian, who for nine months of 1919 controlled four of the large woolen properties in Passaic, and in 1920 still holds the largest and most important of them. Obviously his veto at any time would have put an effective stop to these practices.

"The report of the Alien Property Custodian states that the Passaic mills are large, up-to-date establishments employing 15,000 persons and occupying a position in the trade of great prestige. Nothing is said about the conditions surrounding these 15,000 persons beyond the brief statement that the 'discipline among the employes was the typical military spirit of Germany.'

"Two inspections of the mill longest under the control of the Alien Property Custodian made by the National Consumers' League with an interval of two years, reveal an almost unbelievable disregard of the welfare of the 6,000 men, women and children employed therein and no noticeable improvement between 1918 and 1920.

Passaic mill owners said they did not care to reply to the report until they had examined its full text.

REPLY BY PALMER.

Former Custodian Says Mills Were Run by Board of Directors.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Attorney General Mitchell Palmer, formerly Alien Property Custodian, said tonight that the Alien Property Custodian did not have the care of the Passaic textile mills, but that they were administered by a Board of Directors appointed by the custodian.

Mr. Palmer said that in the case of the mills involved the board consisted of men of "very high character." Further than this, the Attorney General did not discuss the statement of the National Consumers' League.

ATTACKS EX-KAISER IN BISMARCK CASE

Bavarian Liberal Paper Denounces His Efforts to Stifle Iron Chancellor's Memoirs.

MUNICH, Dec. 15 (Associated Press).—The publication abroad of the concluding volume of Bismarck's memoirs, the appearance of which in Germany is still prevented by an injunction granted ex-Emperor William by the Stuttgart Court, prompted the Neueste Nachrichten, the leading moderate Liberal newspaper of South Germany, to make an attack today upon William, the Bismarck family, the Stuttgart publishers of the book and also public opinion in Germany for permitting what was "a German scandal to become an international scandal."

The newspaper said it considered it highly humiliating that the German nation should receive the farewell gift of her greatest statesman at the hands of her enemies. Discussing the rôle played by the former Emperor in the present controversy, the Neueste Nachrichten declared that the "case of Bismarck versus William II." long since had been lost by the former monarch.

"Notwithstanding his profuse apologies and varied interpretations," the newspaper continued, "only an act of gallantry could have modified the judgment of posterity. Instead, this William II. has permitted an ethical and historical problem to become the subject of private litigation, thus seeking in a picayunish manner to lay a hand on the great shadow of Bismarck."

In this attempt, the Neueste Nachrichten asserted, the former Kaiser succeeded in achieving exactly the opposite of what he set out to do. It also charged the Bismarck family and the publishers with having exceeded the limits of their competency.

"Whether or not the Bismarck heirs devote the proceeds from the sales of the concluding volume to charity," the newspaper said in conclusion, "is wholly immaterial. The outstanding fact is that his historic document is being withheld from the German people."

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 15.—Describing the contrast between distress and direst need among the masses and the orgies of extravagance of the newly rich, the Vorwärts prints the following among several reports furnished by a waiter at the Hotel Adlon:

"Room 279-80—The male guest, most offensive war profiteer type, wears only silk underwear, and diamonds on his fingers like an Indian Prince. He pays 250 marks daily for two rooms.

"His female companion, recently arrived from Switzerland, is even more extravagant, spending 130 marks every morning for perfumes mixed with her bath. Their luncheons and breakfasts, served in their rooms, comprise six or seven dishes, three kinds of wine at each meal, costing 100 to 1,000 marks.

"Her dog gets a perfumed bath every second day and a whole beefsteak every noon costing 45 marks. Evenings the dog gets a pint of milk and some chocolate.

"A few days ago the male guest bought his female companion a fur coat for 60,000, silk underwear for 35,000, and eight costumes for 92,000 marks."

The Vorwärts comments that such extravagance is typical at the large Berlin hotels and restaurants, and approves the authorities' drastic suppression of such scandal, which is only too well calculated in these times to incite the masses against the classes.

Nevertheless, some thirty of the best hotels and restaurants struck today, or will strike tomorrow, as a demonstration against the so-called cake law. The authorities, however, declare they will remain firm, because the unparalleled action of the hotel and restaurant keepers is only a fight for unlimited meat, milk and butter, the only three food articles still rationed, and that they cannot permit caterers to deprive children of milk to give to persons such as are described as living in Room 279-80.

JAPAN'S BIG NAVY DEFENDED BY GARY

Declares Criticism of Her Expansion Policy by Americans Is Unwarranted.

DECRIES "LOOSE WAR TALK"

Ambassador Shidehara Tells Japan Society World's Peace Depends on Spirit of Good Faith.

Complaints against Japan because of her efforts toward naval expansion are entirely unwarranted, according to Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, who spoke last night at a dinner in the Hotel Astor given by the Japan Society in honor of Baron K. Shidehara, Imperial Japanese Ambassador; Roland S. Morris, American Ambassador to Japan, and Mrs. Morris.

Judge Gary was applauded by more than eight hundred prominent American and Japanese business and professional men and their wives when he asserted that this and other complants were made by a minority who did not represent the true sentiment of the people of this country. He added that the jingoes in Japan did not represent the sentiment of the people of their own country in their efforts to stir up trouble.

"One of the things complained of," said Judge Gary, "is that the Japanese are increasing their navy, and they say that can mean only one thing—preparation for war with the United States. If that is a good argument for a war, I want to inquire what country there is in the world with a sea and with money to spend on ships that is not preparing for war with the United States and other countries.

"Isn't it fair and reasonable to judge Japan by ourselves? What are we doing? Is there any other nation in the world that is building as many instruments of warfare for conflicts unforeseen? Aren't we the chief offenders, if there are any?

"The American people who are finding fault with Japan are those who haven't been there and who are not acquainted with the real feelings and disposition of the Japanese. There is not one of those who has been there, including Mr. Vanderlip and others, who doesn't know that the leaders of Japan are eager and desirous of our friendship."

Resent Only Discrimination.

Judge Gary asserted that "it is easy to stir up trouble" by all kinds of loose talk, and he suggested that another complaint against the Japanese people was based on the assumption that they were seeking to force themselves in large numbers on this country with a view to taking up their abode here. He declared this was not so, and pointed out that the Japanese recognized, as we did, that any country had a right to exclude foreigners from its territory. Judge Gary asserted that what the Japanese in fact resented was being discriminated against.

Ambassador Shidehara said it was his opinion that the peace of the world depended not so much on the "niceties of diplomatic instruments as on the spirit of good faith and good-will between nations." He added:

"No treaty, no arrangement of any kind, can serve as an absolute assurance of peace, if nations are mutually suspicious or spiteful. By making these observations I have no intention of casting any reflection on the League of Nations. The League is, in my judgment, a splendid machinery. But the most magnificent machinery will not work without a motor, and the machinery of the League of Nations will not work without people working with it in the spirit of international good fellowship. Whether or not you accept the League, I trust you will accept the proposition that international peace rests on the sure foundation of international friendship."

The tendency of the people of one country to overestimate the intelligence of the people of another country, according to Baron Shidehara, was in many cases responsible for mutual suspicion and misunderstanding.

Urges Credit for Honesty.

"Many of the unnecessary international frictions can be avoided," he asserted, "if each nation gives to the other a little more credit for honesty of heart and purpose."

Baron Shidehara asserted it as his belief that the control of international relations had finally passed into the hands of the people, and that no more could war be waged without their consent. He condemned jingoism, from which, he said, all nations had suffered, and asserted that Japan, like the rest of the world, had been misunderstood and misrepresented in many ways.

Branded as a warlike nation, he maintained that Japan in her 2,500 years as an empire, including her entry into the family of nations, had engaged in only three foreign wars. Having fought three wars in the last thirty years, he said, his country was "proud to feel that in each of these struggles an overwhelming manifestation of sympathy and approval was so generously extended to her by the great mass of the American people."

Ambassador Morris said that the American people did not realize nor appreciate the importance of our commerce with Japan, otherwise they would not listen with credulity to the loose talk of a possible conflict between Japan and America.

BOYD SUPERSEDED AS DRY AGENT HERE

Transferred to Former Post in Washington and Succeeded by D. J. Chapin.

LATTER SENT FROM CHICAGO

Long Branch Police Find No Clue to Thieves Who Stole $48,000 in Liquor There.

Word came from Washington yesterday that D. J. Chapin, United States Revenue Agent at Chicago, will succeed Frank L. Boyd as Prohibition Agent for New York State, Mr. Boyd being transferred to his former position in Washington. There had been rumors for some time that Mr. Boyd would be transferred. Treasury officials said that no reflection on Mr. Boyd was implied, but that William M. Williams, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, was merely shifting men about in accordance with his announced policy. An official statement of the change read as follows:

"Frank L. Boyd, who has been acting Supervising Federal Prohibition Agent for the State of New York, has today been returned to his regular position as head of the field audit division of income tax unit, with headquarters in Washington. He will be succeeded by D. J. Chapin, who for some time past has been revenue agent in charge at Chicago. Mr. Chapin is an old-time revenue man, having been in the service for about fifteen years. He has occupied numerous important positions in the service at different places in the United States, and is believed to be unusually well qualified for the new duties which he will now assume."

August Miller, a bartender at Harrigan's café, 62 West Thirty-third Street, was held by Commissioner Hitchcock yesterday in $1,000 bail for the Federal Grand Jury on the charge of violating the prohibition law. Prohibition Agent Isadore Einstein testified that he bought two drinks of whisky across the bar from Miller, paying 75 cents a drink.

Emanuel Ornstein, of the Winter Garden Pharmacy, on Broadway, was cited by Einstein to appear before Commissioner Hitchcock today on the charge of selling him a quart of whisky for $8.

Federal Prohibition Director Charles R. O'Connor went to Washington yesterday to confer with officials. He said he expected to arrange for a two weeks' vacation while away.

John Ratjen, a saloonkeeper at 229 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn, pleaded guilty to selling liquor and was fined $100 by Federal Judge Garvin in Brooklyn. He told the Court he was going out of the saloon business.

Rye whisky and applejack to the value of $48,000 were stolen yesterday morning from the warehouse of David Lerner on Third Avenue, Long Branch, N. J. The Long Branch police have been unable to get any trace of the thieves or liquor.

ROSS GETS BOMB THREAT.

Federal Prosecutor 4s Warned to Cease Liquor Activities.

United States District Attorney Leroy W. Ross of Brooklyn received this anonymous warning signed "Death" on a postcard which was mailed at the General Post Office, in the same building where Mr. Ross has his offices:

"Look out for yourself. A man is going to drop a bomb in your office some day this week. I want to warn you to let up on the liquor sellers or it will mean death to you. Is this enough?"

The matter was reported to the police.

SIXTY JERSEYMEN INDICTED.

Mercer Grand Jury Charges 381 Violations of Dry Laws.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 15.—The Mercer County Grand Jury returned today 381 indictments against sixty hotel and saloon keepers and bartenders. The accused men will plead at a time to be set by County Judge Marshall. In charging the Grand Jury Supreme Court Justice Trenchard pointed out that many persons were saying there was a spirit of general lawlessness abroad in the land.

"If so," he continued, "there is need for a rigid enforcement of law—not merely some laws, but all laws. Many assert that this noticeable lawlessness is attributable, in part at least, to the imperfect enforcement of the prohibition amendment. Certainly it is true that the only way to cope with lawlessness is to justly and persistently enforce all laws, and a failure to enforce the law forbidding the sale of intoxicating liquors as beverages will finally result in a quite general loss of respect for law and order."

MacCulloch Fails to Show Crime.

Assistant District Attorney Alexander I. Rorke, who for several days has been investigating charges of a criminal nature brought before him by Campbell MacCulloch, formerly first reader of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Ninety-sixth Street and Central Park West, growing out of the alleged theft of papers bearing on controversial matters in the Christian Science Church from his desk, announced last night that he had found insufficient evidence on which to base any criminal action.

NEXT SUNDAY

NEW ITALY OF THE ITALIANS,
Anne O'Hare McCormick

THE SPIRIT OF WEST POINT,
Colonel Fitzhugh Lee Minnigerode

A CENTURY'S GROWTH IN EUROPE,
Dr. Maurice Francis Egan

All illustrated by rotogravure etchings.

The New York Times
Book Review and Magazine
Order at once from your newsdealer.

BRUSSELS PARLEY

French Delegates Anxious That Reparations Discussion Should Be Amicable and Businesslike.

QUESTIONNAIRE IS PREPARED

Teutons This Time Accommodated at Same Hotel as the Other International Envoys.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 15 (Associated Press).—The German delegation to the second Brussels financial conference to discuss German reparations arrived here this evening and immediately set to work unpacking documents and getting ready for the formal opening of the conference tomorrow.

Representatives of five allied powers are in Brussels, but the United States, which was invited to attend, will not have a representative present at the sessions. The delegates tomorrow are expected to deal only with the general outline how best to get at the heart of the matter immediately.

It is agreed by all the representatives that a single communication will be issued daily by the Secretary of the conference. The actual proceedings will not be revealed to the public for the present, it is explained, in order to avoid complicating matters by public criticism of tentative propositions under consideration.

The French delegates are confident that the Germans in the course of the meeting will propose some concrete ideas for the payment of reparations, regardless of the reported statement at Berlin that Germany is not yet ready to make a definite offer. If the Germans show reluctance in presenting their ideas, the allied experts hope to ascertain the German attitude through a questionnaire which they started upon today.

This questionnaire is said to be at present rather general in character, but the experts are prepared to elaborate it as the discussion with the Germans progresses, and may suggest some method of payment or financing that would seem most feasible.

At the session this morning of the allied delegates a program was agreed upon which, according to a reticent communiqué issued, demands two sessions daily, with the view of finishing by Christmas. Former Premier Delacroix of Belgium presided, and Belgian, French, British, Italian and Japanese delegates were present.

The French are particularly emphatic that the Brussels conference is to be an amicable and businesslike affair, with the Allies and the Germans "on almost an equality." Every effort will be made so that the Germans may feel that free and frank conversation is the best course. Headed by Dr. Walter Simons and Sigmund Bergmann, Under Secretary for Finance, they are quartered in the Astoria, the same hotel where the allied delegates are staying.

FRENCH PRESS CHANGES TONE TOWARD GERMANY

Drops "Stand and Deliver" Attitude on the Question of Reparations.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—French press comment in the eve of the Brussels Reparations conference marks the extent of the evolution that has taken place during the last three months in the attitude of the French Government.

Uncompromising insistence that Germany be made to "stand and deliver" at the sword's point has been succeeded by apparent readiness to discuss the possibilities of the reparations situation with the Germans calmly and without rancor. This change is not merely of persons—from Millerand and Paleologue to Leygues and Berthelot—but of ideas, the practical, common-sense system of dispatch advocated by Lloyd George instead of the chimerical plan of totaling up an unknown number of billions and bidding Germany to pay them or take the consequences.

As pointed out in a previous dispatch, the change of two official functionaries to represent France at Brussels and carry out orders of the Government, rather than delegating the French members of the Reparations Commission, who might wish to pursue a policy of their own, is typical proof of the difference of views between Premier Leygues and his predecessor. But it means more than that. It means that France is now prepared to look reality in the face and to abandon the pretense of strict adherence to the letter of the Versailles Treaty, whose revision, despite Premier Millerand's obstinate denials, was in fact begun at Spa.

The distance M. Leygues has covered can be measured by the fact that the Petit Journal, the newspaper with far the largest circulation in France, which usually abstains from political controversy, says editorially today:

"We must get it into our heads once for all that the use of force is not enough to make Germany pay."

Then follows the hardly less surprising statement—when compared with the French tone on the subject six months ago—that "in view of the gigantic nature of the task of reparation set Germany of the state of her exchange and finances, the effort she can and should make through the establishment of a vast plan of industrial co-operation."

In other newspapers there are comments in similar vein. It is hinted that France is willing to accept the viewpoint widely held in America and Great Britain, but hitherto spurned by the French, that Germany's capacity to pay, whether by payment in cash or otherwise, is after all the chief factor of the reparations problem rather than an evaluation of the total damage caused by the German attack.

It remains to be seen whether the French Parliament will be willing to follow the lead set by the Government and press. Hitherto the Parliament has stoutly opposed all idea of compromise with Germany. Recent events have shown, however, that the financial situation of the country is absorbing the Parliament's attention, and Leygues may be able to unlock the door for the Parliament shut against compromise by use of the economic key.

OLYMPIC SAILS, CROWDED.

New York-Bound Liner Has 2,300 Passengers and 5,000 Xmas Boxes.

SOUTHAMPTON, England, Dec. 15.—The White Star liner Olympic sailed for New York this morning, carrying 5,000 Christmas mail packages and 2,300 passengers.

The company was compelled to refuse 700 applications for berths.

Adriatic Due in England Christmas.

With 2,200 passengers and 5,000 sacks of mail for Great Britain and France the liner Adriatic sailed yesterday for Cherbourg and Southampton. Captain J. B. Ranson, O. B. E., said that the ship was due in Southampton Christmas Eve, probably in time for the passengers to disembark that day. Among the 160 first-class passengers were F. Huth Jackson, Privy Councillor, a Director of the Bank of England, who has been here six weeks on a financial mission; E. Fontaine, Attaché to the Swiss Legation; D. T. E. Holman and W. L. McCulloch, who has gone to Ireland to hunt.

BERLIN'S VISITORS FLEE AS HOTELS SHUT DOWN

Practically All the Restaurants Closing Also Because of Police Raids to Catch Profiteers.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 15.—The hotels of Berlin are emptying and the outgoing trains are crammed full. The reason is that the visitors' fear of the closing down of practically all the restaurants in the city has been justified.

Late last night at a meeting of the Berlin Hotel Proprietors' Association they decided to close their restaurants as from tomorrow morning. The decision affects 145 of Berlin's 300 hotels, and these include all the largest save one. Those not in the association are the very smallest, and many of them, it is believed, will follow suit. Sixty or seventy of the largest wine and beer restaurants apart from the hotels, will close at the same time.

The reason for this drastic move is the action of the police in raiding hotels and restaurants with a view to discovering if they are profiteering in foodstuffs. Thus far the police have been able to obtain little evidence of serious offences.

It is reckoned that thus far 10,000 persons have left Berlin on account of the prospect of the restaurants taking this step. Nearly 15,000 restaurant workers will become idle, although the proprietors hope to be able to continue to pay their wages. This will mean a tremendous loss to the city.

During the year the hotels of the city have housed no fewer than a million and a half of strangers. They are a source of wealth to the country and of revenue to the Government. The loss in taxation will be considerable.

Business also will be greatly interfered with. Meetings of numerous associations and companies which had been arranged to be held here have had to be cancelled, and they will meet elsewhere.

One hotel management company which runs several of the hotels and restaurants closed down several days ago. It has a contract to run the restaurant at the Reichstag, and it is proposed to close that together with others if controls, but it is pointed out that the contract did not permit such action, so it has been running the restaurant strictly according to the letter of the law. The numerous banquets that have been held finding their meats of a very humble description and they do not like it.

COURT SENTENCE SPOILS CHRISTMAS FOR 3 BOYS

Ordered to Bed at 6 P. M. and Deprived of All Presents as Penalty for Misdemeanors.

There are three disconsolate small boys in the West Orange hills who are looking forward to Christmas as a time of torment, because for an assortment of misdemeanors they have been sentenced by Recorder John Lander of West Orange to go to bed every night at 6 o'clock, to be deprived of all Christmas presents and to be barred from the trimming of the family trees on Christmas Eve. Their parents have promised to see that the order of the court is carried out as an alternative to sentences to the parental home.

Their activities started with a procedure unique in juvenile annals. They broke into the Public School in West Orange and stole $2.40 from one of the teacher's desks. On two other Sundays they ransacked the school. Then on the night of Dec. 5 they went to the St. Cloud Presbyterian Church, found the automobile of the Rev. Alfred Poyer Ehman, filled the gas lamps with dirt, tossed the tools around, jiggled the switches and levers, and put the car out of commission.

DUTCH DEPUTIES ANGRY.

Many Condemn Foreign Office for Secrecy in Dispute With Serbia.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Dec. 15.—There has been considerable dissatisfaction in the Second Chamber lately regarding the secrecy with which the foreign policy of Holland is carried on. The fact that the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the Second Chamber was never consulted, and that its members were confronted with facts accomplis through official communications to the press, has caused irritation.

Thus the official Dutch complaint against Jugoslavia, which came as a complete surprise, even to Parliament, has been a convenient peg on which to hang old grievances. The Foreign Minister on his return from Geneva found not only an unfriendly press, but letters from several deputies demanding an explanation. So today he gave the Second Chamber a long account of the whole incident. This gave rise to violent protests from the Social Democrats, who complained that, although the incident began in 1914, it had been kept secret until 1920, which, they held, was not in accordance with the Constitution.

A Communist member demanded a renewal of the interpellation, but his motion was rejected.

There is no doubt that the fact that Jugoslavia intended to dispense with her Legation to Holland for reasons of economy has served to lessen the importance of the incident, which is considered a tempest in a teapot. Het Volk asks why the Government makes a serious issue over a Consul who was an Austrian subject, formerly Serbia's enemy.

BELGRADE, Dec. 15.—The Cabinet headed by Dr. Milenko Vesnitch has resigned.

TO PROSECUTE ERZBERGER.

German Attorney General Accuses Him of Perjury.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

BERLIN, Dec. 13.—A political sensation has been caused in Berlin by the Attorney General asking the Reichstag permission to prosecute Matthias Erzberger, the leader of the Central Party, and the man who made the armistice with the Allies, on five charges of perjury. Erzberger, despite his setbacks in the recent elections, is still one of the biggest men in Germany.

It is understood the perjury charges are the outgrowth of the Helfferich-Erzberger trial, wherein the former was accused of libeling the latter. Although Helfferich was fined, the court made some peculiar statements. One of these was that Erzberger had informed Bethmann Hollweg of his peace move with America in 1917. Bethmann Hollweg denied this. Another perjury charge is an alleged falsification of income tax returns.

ATTEMPT UPRISING

Form Revolutionary Committees, Arm, and Seize Factories and Estates.

GENDARMES RESTORE ORDER

Fifty Per Cent. of Workers Show Sympathy by Response to General Strike Call.

ALARM FELT IN PRAGUE

Capital Was Without News—Communication With Berlin and Vienna Still Cut Off.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 14.—The Republic of Czechoslovakia has been having an undress rehearsal of revolution.

That something was wrong has been indicated during the last few days by the fact that telephonic communication between Prague and Vienna, as well as Berlin, has been interrupted. Telegrams have been held up and letters put under censorship.

A correspondent who crossed the German frontier this afternoon sends me an account of happenings there.

"The troubles," he says, "have their basis in social matters, the high cost of living, scarcity of houses and the dilatory carrying through of social reforms. Recently suppressed street troubles have been followed by what might be called an economic trial of strength on the part of the Communists, who, though they go by that name, do not regard Moscow as their headquarters, but are akin to the German independent Socialists.

"When the authorities cleared them out of their headquarters in Prague, the Volkshaus, they replied by proclaiming a general strike. The Right Socialist wing condemned this action. Though in Prague and its neighborhood the Communists had little success, practically all the textile and sugar factory workers, half the coal miners and many iron workers responded to their appeal. Public services were not interfered with. On the whole probably about 50 per cent. of the workers in the country sided with the Communists.

"In some districts the Communist rank and file got out of hand. They formed themselves into bodies with the romantic name of revolutionary committees. They armed themselves with pruning knives, which they took from peasants and farmers, and proceeded to occupy factories and estates and declare them socialised and the owners dispossessed.

"When the Government began to act. It sent gendarmerie into the troubled areas, and in all cases they succeeded in restoring order and the former condition of affairs, practically without bloodshed. Indeed, only one casualty is reported, one peasant being wounded.

Kronstadt was the main centre of trouble. The comic opera revolutionaries declared that as the Russian revolutionaries marched from their Kronstadt to Petrograd so the Czechoslovak revolution would spread from Kronstadt to Prague, but 300 gendarmes settled the matter easily.

"Meanwhile Prague, kept entirely without news, was highly alarmed, thinking itself in the midst of a country seething with revolution. Scores of the movement have been arrested, and altogether 200 persons have been thrown into prison. The Communists are now calling off the strike. They are probably content with the evidence as to their force which this trial trip has provided. They evidently had no very far-reaching plans or demands, save that social legislation should be speeded up.

My correspondent, who knows conditions in the country well, concludes by saying the result will probably be to unite the two sections of the Socialist Party, the Left wing of which calls itself Communist. This will lead to modification of the extremist views of the Left, but also to radicalization of the policy of the whole party. Though the matter is not tremendously serious, it will show the Government it has a movement to trade which it will not be able to disregard.

At a late hour tonight all communication with Czechoslovakia was still interrupted."

Casualties Reported High.

LONDON, Dec. 15.—A military dictatorship has been imposed in some of the industrial districts of Czechoslovakia, but a "proletariat dictatorship" has been established in several others, according to a Central News dispatch from Vienna today. Many casualties have occurred in conflicts at some points, it is declared.

At Brux, adds the message, five strikers were killed and fifteen others injured in a conflict with the military.

At Goeding, Moravia, the workers seized the post office and railway station and proclaimed a general str

CLOTHING FOES SEEK CONTRACTORS' HELP

Manufacturers and Workers Regard Aid of "Outside" Firms as Step Toward Victory.

SAYS LOCKOUT HAS FAILED

Factories Opening With Plenty of Men, Bandler Declares — Six Charge Union With Assault.

Both the Clothing Manufacturers' Association and the Amalgamated Clothing Workers are seeking the support of the "outside" contractor in the New York clothing market, it became evident yesterday, as a step toward victory. Conflicting statements as to which way the contractors were directing their sympathies were made by the union and the manufacturers, but both said that the other side had committed minor acts of violence.

The new piece-work wage scale was not announced by the Clothing Manufacturers' Association, as had been planned, but William Bandler, President of the association, said that three shops had reopened with plenty of workers, partly under the new system and partly under the old.

"In connection with the consideration of the problems confronting the manufacturing of clothing in this city through contractors," Mr. Bandler's statement said, "the association recognized the four parties who are vitally interested in their solution, namely, the public, the workers, the contractors and the employers.

"With a view to giving recognition collectively to the contractors in their dealings with the employers, and the establishment of uniformity, equality and fair dealing between the manufacturers and the contractors, the association has committed itself to a program which it is hoped and expected will establish the relationship between those parties on a constructive sound basis and which will assure their workers the same conditions of labor as will be guaranteed to the workers of the members of the association who maintain their own factories and inside shops.

"The claim of lockout by the union is now completely disproved. Those manufacturers who have found it impossible to offer employment to their workers under the new conditions have, during the early part of this week, opened their factories and the union is attempting in every way possible to deprive the workers of this opportunity to secure employment."

Although a statement by Sidney Hillman, General President of the Amalgamated, was issued at the Amalgamated offices, 31 Union Square, yesterday, Mr. Hillman was out of the city. In his absence, however, the union commented as follows upon Mr. Bandler's reference to the contractors:

"The statement of the manufacturers is another attempt to play an ancient stratagem which the Manufacturers' Association has tried time and again, that is, to play off the workers against the contractors, and the contractors against the workers. It is all of a piece with their talk of 'recognizing' the parties to the situation, including the workers."

Louis Brandman and Harry Lerner, two of six partners in the clothing firm known as the Eastern Knee Pants Company, appeared at the offices of the Clothing Manufacturers' Association and declared that the six partners had been "beaten up" in the offices of a local of the Amalgamated in Clinton Street. Brandman said that on Monday thirty members of the union went to his shop, at 117 Lewis Street, and insisted that all work be stopped, which demand was refused. Three business agents of the union then invited the partners to confer with the "Executive Council" at their headquarters. On their arrival there, Brandman said, the partners were locked in a room and severely beaten.

To Feed German Students.

BERLIN, Dec. 15 (Associated Press).—The American Friends Service Committee announced today that 30,000 hungry German students in thirty universities would receive a hot mid-day meal every day, the service beginning in January, immediately after the Christmas vacation. The committee is now feeding 13,000 men and women undergraduates in eighteen universities.

ATTACHES INSURANCE FUNDS

Mississippi Official Claims $1,000,000,000 in Anti-Trust Fines.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSON, Miss., Dec. 15.—Bank balances of fire insurance companies doing business in the State of Mississippi were garnisheed today by Stokes V. Robertson, revenue agent, as the second step in his effort to collect damages estimated at more than $1,000,000,000 for alleged violation of the State anti-trust laws.

More than 600 writs were served, balances being attached in every city in the State in which the companies do business. Fire insurance underwriters here who represent the larger companies say that the procedure will probably result in the withdrawal within forty-eight hours from Mississippi of all insurance companies doing business in the State.

The revenue agent has also summoned all local insurance agents to appear in Hines County chancery court the first Monday in January, with their office records since 1908.

Many of the larger agencies have already stopped writing insurance, and others will probably follow suit at an early date. Insurance men all over the State are aroused, and a meeting is to be held here to consider action.

DAKOTA BANK RELIEF PLAN.

Special to The New York Times.

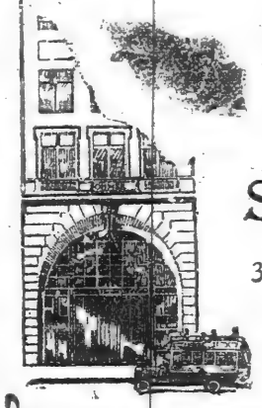
FARGO, N. D., Dec. 15.—Organization of a finance corporation with a capital of a million dollars, all stock to be owned by banks of North Dakota, was announced today by the Finance Committee of the North Dakota Banking Association. The purpose is to meet the situation created by the refusal of farmers to dispose of their products at prevailing low prices.

Through this corporation bankers propose to pool their securities, such as county, village, township and school warrants and farm mortgages and seek a market for them in Eastern money centres.

George Hollister of Fargo, Chairman of the committee created to handle the details of the plan, said tonight that about $15,000,000 in securities were held by the banks of the State, much of which it is expected to clear through the corporation. In addition to sale of securities, Mr. Hollister said, it is proposed to issue debentures against securities which the organization may handle.



The Truly Glorious Gift— The Cupid Grand



There are more Sohmer Pianos in use in Greater New York than any other Artistic Make

TO give a Cupid Grand at Christmas is to give a lifelong musical delight—a glorious gift—the gift of a discriminating giver.

Such a gift enriches the family life; and gives new inspiration to musical talent and appreciation.

This superb creation of the Sohmer genius, while diminutive in size possesses all the loveliness of tone and beauty of lines that characterizes the true Grand.

Convenient Terms of Payment. Your present Piano taken in exchange.

Sohmer & Co.
The Sohmer Piano
31 WEST 57TH STREET

In the Heart of New York's Most Exclusive Shopping District

Give him a box of

Interwoven
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
TOE AND HEEL
Socks

—a *useful* as well as a *pleasing* gift.

Their fine texture, snug fit, brilliant lustre and wonderful wear-resisting *Interwoven* toe and heel have made them famous the world over.

SURE TO PLEASE ANY MAN

Pure Silks Sport Wools
Fine Mercerized Lisles

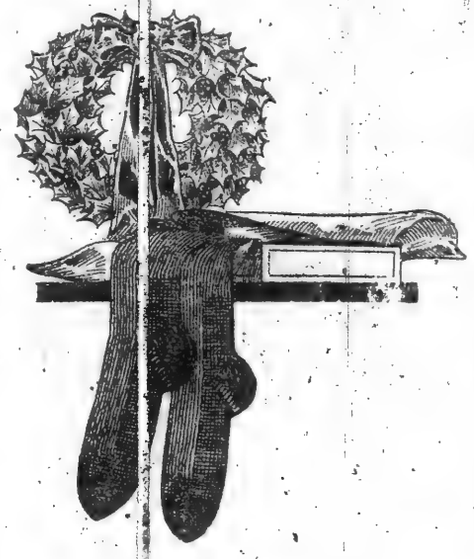
FLETCHER

CHAIN SHIRT SHOPS
Everywhere

Ring Out High Prices—Ring in the Old!

An Advance Christmas Offering
in All CHAIN SHIRT SHOPS

200,000 *Pairs of Men's* HOSIERY
AT HALF PRICE



35¢ to 95¢
Selling elsewhere at 65c to $2.00

These remarkable hosiery values—never intended for sale specials—have been culled from the famous **"NOTASEME"** and *"Onyx"* brands—and offer an endless variety of styles and colors.

5[illegible] pairs—Selected from the dependable **"NOTASEME"** family—fine [illegible] quality lisle—reinforced at heel and toe, with double sole. Black, Cordovan, Navy, Grey . . . . **35c pair—½ doz. pairs $2.00**
Price elsewhere, 65c

55,000 Pairs—Picked from the celebrated *"Onyx"* brand. Fine Silk Fibre—extra reinforced heel and toe with double sole. Black, Cordovan, Navy, Grey . . . . . **55c pair—½ doz. pairs $3.00**
Price elsewhere, $1.00

35,000 Pairs—*"Onyx"* brand—heavy quality—pure silk threads—high reinforced heel—double sole and extra woven toe. Black, Cordovan, Navy . . . . . **79c pair—½ doz. pairs $4.50**
Price elsewhere, $1.25

35,000 Pairs—*"Onyx"* brand—full fashioned, made from heavy quality pure silk. Double sole—reinforced heel and toe. Black, Cordovan, Navy, Grey . . . . . **95c pair—½ doz. pairs $5.50**
Price elsewhere, $1.75

25,000 Pairs—Imported ultra-quality wool, sport or street hose, in heather mixtures and plain color effects. Price elsewhere $2.00. **89c pair**

To Wise Women Shoppers:

This hosiery event is a man's party, at which women will be guests of honor.

We are confident that Madame will decide to lay in a store of these splendid hose as Christmas Gifts. They will insure "foot comfort" for a long time to come.

Our shops are laden with an endless variety of other useful gifts, at extremely reasonable prices

Buy at the Shop Nearest You

CHAIN SHIRT SHOPS
Largest Shirt Specialists in America

Downtown
26 Cortlandt Street
68 Nassau Street
136 Nassau Street
110 Chambers Street

Uptown
1407 Broadway (38th-39th St.)
1494 Broadway (43d-44th St.)

1656 Broadway
1943 Broadway (at 65th St.)

East Side
134 Delancey Street
2d Avenue (cor. 8th Street)

Uptown—West Side
97th & Broadway (N.W. cor.)
105 Lenox Avenue (Bet. 115th-116th St.)

3387 Broadway (at 137th St.)
1398 St. Nicholas Avenue (cor. 180th Street)
204 West 125th Street

Mid-Town
62 East 14th Street
200 Fifth Ave. (23d St.)
Breslin Hotel (cor. 29th St.)
Imperial Hotel (31st-32d St.)

McAlpin Annex (32d-33d St.)
Pennsylvania Hotel (32d St. side)
Pennsylvania Hotel (33d St. side)
Hotel Commodore (42d St.)

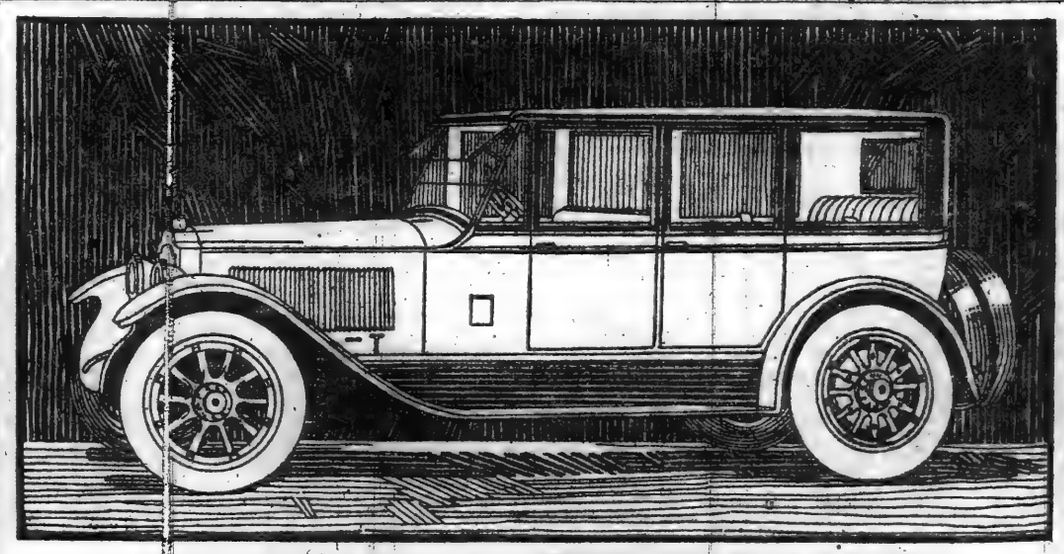
Bronx
2838 Third Ave. (149th St.)
843 Prospect Ave.

1011 Southern Boulevard

Brooklyn
367 Fulton Street
431 Fulton Street
716 Broadway
482 Fifth Avenue
879 Manhattan Avenue (Greenpoint)

Men's Shops in Which Women Like to Buy

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED FROM OUR CENTRAL OFFICE, 5 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK



PACKARD TWIN-SIX SPECIAL SIX-PASSENGER INSIDE-DRIVE LIMOUSINE
One of the distinctive models produced by our Custom Body Department

Now Ready for Immediate Delivery

PACKARD
MOTOR CAR COMPANY OF NEW YORK

Broadway at Sixty-First Street New York City

MAIN STREET
By Sinclair Lewis
"Ranks with "The Scarlet Letter."
—*William Allen White.*
Seventh large printing, $2.00.
Harcourt, Brace & Howe, 1 W. 47th St., N. Y.

BLASCO IBANEZ' Novel
The Enemies of Women
$2.15. If not on sale in your local bookstore, it can be had from
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

FOR CHRISTMAS GIVE
LEE WILSON DODD'S
Book of Susan
On sale everywhere or can be had from the publishers. $2.00
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

A REGAL CHRISTMAS GIFT.
The New York Times WAR VOLUMES, twenty in the set. Official records, history by eminent historians, richest literature. Over 1,600 illustrations, 1,000 international cartoons—A library in itself. Three bindings. Monthly payment plan. Endorsed by Army, Navy and chief American libraries. Appendices, complete index, gazetteer, digest included. Free booklet. New York Times War Volumes, Times Square, New York City.—Adv.

FORMED BY HIMMEL

To Develop Legitimate Theatre, He Says—Charter Shows Plan to Deal in Cameras.

HE NAMES HIS ASSOCIATES

Promises Details Later of Theatre Franco-American Cinematograph Corporation Is Said to Control.

At the same time that André Himmel, the well-known French promoter of the International Franco-American Cinematograph Corporation known as the Franco-American Artistic Corporation, was endeavoring to explain yesterday afternoon that the attacks on him were directed from Paris were due to business rivalry or jealousy, it was learned from him that the $100,000,000 corporation, of which the minimum of $10,000 was paid in, was not the only company to be organized in Delaware last July. The second concern incorporated at that time with an authorized capital of $2,000,000, of which $1,000 was paid in, was the Franco-American Artistic Corporation.

M. Himmel was asked what was the nature of that corporation and he said that it contemplated the development of the legitimate theatre in Europe and the United States. However, he was not to be associated with the affairs of the Franco-American Artistic Corporation, in view of the fact that his time is occupied at present chiefly with the completion of the details of organization of the larger combination. The smaller concern, he explained, would have nothing to do with the motion picture industry, but for the present its plans for the development of the legitimate theatre, M. Himmel said, would be held in abeyance.

M. Himmel was smiling when he asserted that he was not in the least discouraged as a result of the attacks made upon him in Paris. He was interviewed in the apartment at the Hotel Ritz-Carlton.

In order to set at rest reports that certain documents brought to the United States on the occasion of his first trip, especially to show that the French Government was behind his enterprise, were not genuine, M. Himmel produced either the original or in copy three letters showing that the Department of Public Instruction and Fine Arts had given an introduction to the French Government representatives in New York and requested to offer them governmental assistance as was considered advisable.

The first letter was from M. Himmel explaining that the Ministry of the Republic of France, Ministry of Public Instruction and Fine Arts, and bore the imprint of the "Reading Service of Public Instruction and Fine Arts, Paris." The second was from Royal, March 1, 1920, and was signed by the Director of Fine Arts, following in the request of M. André Dalimier. I have the honor to request you under this cover a letter addressed by the Minister of Public Instruction and Fine Arts to Mr. Foreign Affairs, recommending the Director of French Arts, &c.

Please accept, Monsieur, the expression of my sentiments of very distinguished consideration.

(Signed) PAUL LEON, for the Minister of Public Instruction and Fine Arts, authorized by the Director of Fine Arts.

The letter from the Ministry of Public Instruction and Fine Arts to the Minister of Foreign Affairs, on the other hand, is on stationery supplied by M. Himmel.

This letter, former Deputy Under Secretary of State at the Fine Arts, asks me to recommend André Himmel, delegate of the Société Cinématographique de France, who is going to the United States to study a certain number of questions relating to motion pictures industry, to the kindness of the Director of French Affairs.

In replying to this authorized passage I hasten to ask that you turn M. Himmel to the attention of our representative, leaving to him (indefinite the responsibility of judging the questions upon which it will appear to him to be most especially useful and opportune to call for his co-operation.

ANDRE HONNORAT."

On the stationery of the Minister of Public Instruction, under date of Nov. 3, 1920, the Minister of Public Instruction and Fine Arts writes the following letter to the Minister of Foreign Affairs:

"Through letter of Feb. 25, 1920, I had the honor to ask you to take into consideration the request of M. Dalimier, former Under Secretary of State of Fine Arts, expressing the desire to see you recommend the attention of the Director of French Service in New York M. Himmel, the administrative delegate of the Société Cinématographique de France. M. Himmel, intending to go to the United States again to continue his studies there in the motion-picture industry, I would be obliged to you to keep our representative of his arrival who will appreciate, as he did before, see what occasion it will be proper to make an appeal for his co-operation.

"ANDRE HONNORAT."

The copy of the last letter was certified by Paul Léon of the Ministry of Fine Arts.

Artistic Concern to Sell Machines.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Dec. 15.—The papers filed at Dover, Del., by the incorporators of the France-American Artistic Corporation show that this company was formed for the purpose of acquiring, purchasing, manufacturing, selling and otherwise disposing of moving picture machines, lanterns, cameras, film, slides, &c.

The minimum paid-in capital represented 200 shares of $5 each par value, of which twenty shares were held by Paul Payey, ito shares by M. Himmel and twenty shares by Mr. Wood. The corporation was incorporated on June 29 last.

Himmel Has Option on One Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 15.—In pursuance of their studies in the affairs of André Himmel-French cinematograph industry, which its central organization, has been interrogating members to try and find what exact Himmel's plans are had support here. In an interview published in THE NEW YORK TIMES a few months ago, Himmel stated that he already controlled 22,000 cinema theatres in Europe of which 2,200 were in France. It is the truth of the latter statement which the French industry is investigating, to begin with they state that he controls the 1,500 cinemas in France, including the houses of Pathé and Gaumont.

Of these two the Pathé companies declare that they never have had any dealings with Himmel and that he holds no option from them. Any person connected with the firm lunched with him some days ago only as the conclusion that neither Himmel nor his corporation are worth serious consideration. Similar replies have been received from others, and it appears that the only option Himmel has is an option to Himself in the Aubert Company, to which he has paid 300,000 francs. The firm is a reputable one, with several excellent theatres; but so far as the Committee of Industry can discover it is the only one which has given an option to Himmel. It does not represent the theatres of which he spoke in an interview last August.

Maude Fulton to Wed Robert Ober.

Maude Fulton, the actress and playwright, will be married in Boston next week to Robert Ober, well known as an actor, and now appearing in Boston in "Just Is West." Miss Fulton, who first came into prominence with Willie Rock in vaudeville, some years ago, was the author of "The Brat," in which she also acted the leading role. More recently she has been appearing in Boston in "The Humming Bird," another play of her own authorship.

MUSIC

By Richard Aldrich

Mr. Levitzki's Beethoven Recital.

Mr. Mischa Levitzki, one of the younger and more accomplished of New York pianists, made his contribution last night to the celebration of Beethoven's 150th birthday, by a recital in Carnegie Hall. It was devoted entirely to the music of Beethoven; the program was made up of the Thirty-two Variations in C minor; the Sonata Op. 53 dedicated to Count Wallstein; the Sonata Op. 101, and the Sonata Op. 57, called the Appassionata.

Mr. Levitzki in the few years that he has been before this public has very well established his claim to join fittingly in the celebration of Beethoven, and read his title clear last evening as an interpreter of the master's piano music. His style is serious and continent; and Mr. Levitzki is a true interpreter in that he is concentrated upon the music and has no thought for himself and the display of his powers.

His playing is lucid, beautiful in tone of delicate tints and gradations, abundantly powerful. His technique seemed last night finely developed in accuracy, finish and evenness; yet there were certain passages a few, that were singularly uneven. They left his listeners wondering why. Mr. Levitzki's conception of the pieces he played was thoughtful, well considered; it was touched with poetry and even, at times, with passion; with passion that never became uncontrollable.

The audience that occupied so much of the hall was friendly and admiring and applauded heartily. The applause was deserved; and the performance was a worthy tribute to a memory that is today present in the minds of all who love music.

SHUBERTS PREPARING VAUDEVILLE CIRCUIT

Several New York Theatres to Be Put in Opposition to Keith—Fox Likely to Be Partner.

Plans for the opening of a string of vaudeville houses in opposition to the Keith circuit are being actively carried forward by the Shuberts, and it is probable that a formal announcement of the new circuit will be made in the near future. The report that the Shuberts would enter the vaudeville field was first set in circulation some months ago, at which time Lee Shubert would neither affirm nor deny it. Mr. Shubert again refused to discuss the proposition yesterday, but it is known that daily conferences are being held, and that in all probability the project will be launched this season.

William Fox, the motion picture producer, is likely to be the partner of the Shuberts in the enterprise. Incorporation papers are now being drawn up and will be filed soon. Several of the Shubert houses in New York will be immediately turned into vaudeville houses, as will a number of the theatres which William Fox controls. It is considered likely that the Central Theatre, at Broadway and Forty-seventh Street, will become a vaudeville house on the theory that it will furnish opposition to the Palace, which is just across the street.

The Shuberts, it is understood, will be in position to open a string of vaudeville houses in ten or a dozen cities almost immediately. They have also signed many performers in recent months.

Geraldine Farrar Again Sings Zaza.

Leoncavallo's "Zaza," or the like-named play of Berton and Simon so neatly skeletonized and set in operatic form by the Italian, led the season's record at the Metropolitan last evening, when it was the first among a score of weightier works in current use to reach its third bearing. In "Zaza" the theatre gaily caricatures itself. Every goat with a view of the amusing mimic stage was accounted, and applause greeted Geraldine Farrar's entrance in Zaza's dressing room scene, herself a blaze of crimson hat, wig and gown. From the livelier to the more subdued episodes the performance ran the scale of expert theatricalism. The Misses Howard, Egener, Ada Quintana, Messrs. Martinelli, De Luca and others were in the case, and Mr. Moranzoni conducted.

Charles Cooper in Piano Recital.

Charles Cooper, a pianist of highly sensitive quality, one of few so young who yet find in the pianoforte an expression of personality, gave a recital yesterday afternoon at Aeolian Hall before an audience that might have been larger but for distractions of the holidays. He played Schumann's "Symphonic Studies" with tense zeal and at least one comfortably human false note; little classics of Scarlatti, Gluck and Brahms, some Chopin and Debussy. Two piece sof particular interest were "The Fountain of Acqua Paola" and a "Scherzo," Op. 6, by the late Charles T. Griffes.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Mecca" will end its engagement at the Century Theatre on Jan. 22, and will open at the Auditorium in Chicago on Tuesday, Jan. 25.

"Broadway Brevities" will close at the Winter Garden this week, and that house will be dark for a week prior to the opening of "The Passing Show of 1920."

Antoinette Walker has been engaged for her original role in "The Yellow Jacket," which the Coburns will present at the Cort for special matinees next week.

Edgar Allan Woolf is the author of the book of "Oh, Pat," in which Pat Rooney and Marion Bent will appear.

Lorna Volare, who played the child in "A Prince There Was," has been engaged for "Woman to Woman."

General Pershing will attend the performance of "The Tavern" at the Cohan tonight.

There will be a special matinee of "Welcome, Stranger," at the Cohan and Harris on Dec. 31.

MUSIC NOTES.

Nina Koshetz, soprano, will sing an unpublished song by Scriabin, among other novelties, brought by her from Russia, at the Schola Cantorum musical at Mrs. Vincent Astor's this afternoon.

The Community Service will enter in a party of children at the Rivoli on Saturday morning, when twenty-five young society women will serve as ushers, with Mrs. Lona Barber as Chairman.

The Philharmonic Society's contributing members will have their annual evening of light music by the Philharmonic Orchestra on Thursday evening, Jan. 6, at the Waldorf-Astoria.

THURSDAY BRINGS
That Treasury of Opportunities
The Billboard
America's Leading Weekly Theatrical Digest
Over 2000 Jobs for Actors Musicians,
Artists, Advance Men, Stage Carpenters, Operators, Stage Hands, Etc.
15 Cents. All News Stands

Sight Seeing Royal Blue Line
Seeing New York, up town, down town, over the great bridges to Brooklyn, 10 A.M. 2 P.M. Chinatown, New York After Dark, 8 P.M. Luxurious glass roof heated automobiles. Distinctive Service. Ask at hotels for our free map and guide.
ROYAL BLUE LINE CO. OF N.Y.
Office Starting Point, Hotel McAlpin

MECCA
Musical Extravaganza of the Orient. COMPANY OF 400—11 BIG SCENES.
Century Promenade Above Century Theatre
CENTURY MIDNIGHT REVUE
Opens at 12:30 for Dining and Dancing.

WINTER GARDEN LAST 5 TIMES. MATINEE TODAY
GEORGE LE MAIRE'S BREVITIES With EDGAR WILLIAM
BROADWAY

CENTRAL THEATRE, 47th & B'y. Evs. 8:30
Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present
The London and Paris Sensation,
DELYSIA in a Musical Show "AFGAR"
"Has taken New York by storm."—Telegram

BELMONT THEATRE, W. 48 St. Bry. 43
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat.
MR. & MRS. COBURN in FRENCH LEAVE
"Keeps Them Laughing All the While!"

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
THE BAT "KEEPS STANDEES ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World.
EXTRA MATINEES Thurs. & Fri., Dec. 23, 31. Seats Now on Sale.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S W. 39 St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
5TH MONTH SPANISH LOVE

LITTLE THEATRE 44 St., W. of B'way
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
THE 1st YEAR

SHUBERT Thea. 44 St., W. of B'y. Ev. 8:30
Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
THE BOHEMIANS, INC. ANNOUNCE
THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920

SHUBERT-RIVIERA. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Today & Sat. 2:15
ALICE BRADY in (Personality) ANNA ASCENDS
Next Week ME. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in "THE PURPLE MASK."

BEN-AMI
"SAMSON AND DELILAH"
PAULINE LORD

BOOTH Thurs., 45th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30.
Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
WILLIAM FAVERSHAM
in MARK TWAIN'S The Prince and the Pauper

PLYMOUTH 45th St., West of Broadway.
Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.
LITTLE OLD NEW YORK

FULTON West 46th. Evenings at 8:30
Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
GILDA VARESI—NORMAN TREVOR
ENTER MADAME
DAILY MATS. XMAS WEEK—SEATS NOW.

APOLLO West 42d St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
FRANCES WHITE
"JIMMIE"
with BEN WELCH and Star Cast

SELWYN West 42d St. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30
FRANK FINNEY
Hamm rstein's Musical Comedy
"TICKLE ME"

TIMES SQ. West 42d St. Evs. 8:30
Mts. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30
FLORENCE REED in "THE MIRAGE"

GARRICK 65 West 35th St. Fitzroy 1572.
Evs. 8:15. Mts. Today & Sat., 2:15.
HEARTBREAK HOUSE
A Comedy by Bernard Shaw

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. at 8:20.
Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
The Rejoicing Musical Comedy Success.
PITTER PATTER with Ernest Truex

COMEDY Theatre, W. 41st. Evs. 8:30.
Matinees Today & Sat., 2:30.
HOLBROOK BLINN
As a lovable, laughable bandit—
THE BAD MAN

FRAZEE West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. Phone 31 Bryant
MARGARET ANGLIN
in "THE WOMAN OF BRONZE"

NORA BAYES Thea., 48th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30
Matinees Wednesday & Saturday at 2:30.
"THREE LIVE GHOSTS"
"A SCREAMING COMEDY."—Telegram.

PLAYHOUSE 48th E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
"A BRILLIANT SUCCESS."
—Robert G. Welch, Eve. Telegram.
MARY NASH
in "THY NAME IS WOMAN"

Wm. A. Brady's 48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30
Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.
"BROKEN WING"
New York's Biggest Thrill!

BIJOU THEATRE, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30.
Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
THE SKIN GAME
By JOHN GALSWORTHY.

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:30.
Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30
Daddy Dumplins with MACLYN ARBUCKLE

ELTINGE Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
"LADIES' NIGHT"

CASINO 39th and B'way. Evenings at 8:30.
Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
ZIEGFELD'S PLAY WITH MUSIC.
HONEYDEW

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST.
2ND YEAR—THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT
IRENE
Seats 8 Weeks Ahead. Mats. Sat. & Wed.

"A VISION TO BEHOLD."—Times.
ASTOR THEATRE Broadway & 45th Street. Evenings, 8:26. Matinees Wednesday (Popular) & Sat., 2:26.
MADGE KENNEDY
(HERSELF) in a dual role in
"CORNERED"
"A REAL OLD TIME TRIUMPH."
—Journal.

TICKETS FOR ALL THEATRES 50c. ADVANCE THE ORIGINAL TYSON & CO. Established 1859 1472 B'WAY. 100 B'WAY. 4080 Bryant 9100 Rector

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40 St. Evs. 8:30. Last 4 Last Mat. Sat., 2:30. Times
"Call the Doctor"
Beg. NEXT WED. at 8:15. SEATS TODAY
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
Ruth Chatterton
in the New Play
MARY ROSE
By J. M. BARRIE.
FIRST MATINEE SATURDAY, DEC. 25.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Last 5 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. Times
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.
Frances Starr in "ONE"
By Edward Knoblock.
NEXT THURSDAY, 8:15. SEATS TODAY.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
Lionel Atwill in "DEBURAU"
by Sacha Guitry. Adapted by Granville Barker.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30.
Mts. TODAY & Sat., 2:20
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
INA CLAIRE "The GOLD DIGGERS" By Avery Hopwood.

NEW AMSTERDAM, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:20.
LAST 4 TIMES.
HITCHCOCK—SANDERSON—HUNTLEY.
"HITCHY-KOO 1920"
DOYLE & DIXON. MOSCONIS AND 100
LAST MATINEE SATURDAY, 50c TO $2.50.
SEAT SALE FOR FIRST 8 WEEKS TODAY
TUESDAY NIGHT, DEC. 21
F. ZIEGFELD, JR.'S PRODUCTION
MARILYNN MILLER
and
LEON ERROL
in
"SALLY"
A NEW 3 ACT MUSICAL COMEDY
FIRST MAT. WED., DEC. 22. Prices 50c to $2.50.
NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF—NEW.
Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic

GLOBE. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
FRED STONE "At his best" in "TIP-TOP"
Seats Now for Extra Holiday Mat. Fri., Dec. 31

LIBERTY THEATRE, W. 42d ST., EVS. 8:20.
MATS. WED. & SAT. (POP.)
"Better than she has ever been before."—N. Y. Times.
MITZI
in the Musical Romance
"LADY BILLY"
"Breaks away refreshingly from musical comedy traditions and furnishes an entertaining evening."—N. Y. Times.

BRAMHALL EVENINGS AT 8:20.
138 E. 27 St., nr. Lex'n Av.
Phone Madison Square 2051.
MIXED MARRIAGE
By St. John Ervine, author of "John Ferguson."

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d.
Evs. 8:30. MATS. TODAY & SAT., 2:20.
Patricia Collinge in A. E. THOMAS' NEW COMEDY JUST SUPPOSE

THE TAVERN — Vibrates your framework.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St.
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
GEO. M. COHAN'S Comedians
MARY
(ISN'T IT A GRAND OLD NAME?)

COHAN & HARRIS Th., W. 42 St. Ev. 8:15
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
WELCOME STRANGER
with GEORGE SIDNEY.

BABY PARK THEATRE Cols. Circle
Evs. 8:20.
Mats. Wed. & Sat.
with HELEN HAYES

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way, 43d St.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
GEO. M. COHAN'S PRODUCTION
THE TAVERN
GREATEST MYSTERY OF THEM ALL
ARNOLD DALY as the Vagabond.

3RD MONTH CORT West 48 St. Evs. 8:20.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
JIM JAM JEMS
The Smashing Musical Hit.

THE TAVERN—Digs under the skin—shakes the liver.

Punch & Judy Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w and Sat. 2:30.
A CLARE KUMMER Comedy ROLLO'S WILD OAT
OLAND YOUNG

PUNCH & JUDY Thea., Special Matinees Today at 3; Sat. 11 A. M.; Mon., Tues., at 3
TONY SARG'S MARIONETTES IN RIP VAN WINKLE

THE TAVERN — Means a wonderful night.

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. 8:30.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
GEO. M. COHAN'S production of
THE MEANEST MAN IN THE WORLD
MR. COHAN in the Title Role.

Manhattan OP. HOUSE, 34th St., W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15 Mat. Sat.
JOHN KELLERD in "JULIUS CAESAR"
Prices 50c to $2.00

THE TAVERN—Owns you 3 hours and wish it was 6.

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs 8:30
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
JOHN GOLDEN Presents
FRANK BACON LIGHTNIN'

PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
LEOPOLD STOKOWSKI, Conductor
CARNEGIE HALL TUESDAY EVENING Dec. 21 at 8:15
Assisting Artists: THE FLONZALEY QUARTET

GOOD TIMES "DON'T MISS IT. —IT'S GREAT!" —Bide Dudley.
Matinee Every Day At the HIPPODROME
Seats Selling 3 Weeks in Advance.

McBRIDE'S
THEATRE TICKET OFFICES
Have good seats for all performances of "Way Down East," also Special Seats for 200th Performance NEXT MONDAY EVENING.

Excellent "WAY DOWN EAST" Seats at
TYSON & CO.
All our ticket offices have choice seats for all bookings of the big Griffith picture, including special performance NEXT MONDAY NIGHT.

Opera Tickets PHONE BRYANT 7878
Seats for Caruso and all operas. For Sale Season Two Orchestra Seats Mon. & Two Fri. Subscriptions bought, sold or exchanged Metropolitan and Co...ique Opera Co Choice seats, all parts of the house, for Tetrazzini Concert, La Scala Orchestra CONSOLI, 1433 B'way (40-41 Sts.)

TOSCANINI OPERA TICKETS PHONE FITZROY 4189.
and LA SCALA ORCHESTRA
Metropolitan and Chicago Opera Subscriptions. Season, alternate or parts performances.
BOUGHT, SOLD or EXCHANGED
SEATS FOR ALL SUCCESSES.
Jacobs' Theatre Ticket Office.
Hotel Normandie, B'way & 38th St.

TWO subscribers' tickets for Metropolitan Opera, orchestra chairs, Friday evenings. Telephone Plaza 12.

DANCE TONIGHT
At that exquisitely beautiful "rendezvous" of Dance
ROSELAND
Broadway at 51st St.
Sat. and Sun. Matinees.
Evenings 7:30 to 1 A. M.
Private Instructions
Daily 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

Motor Boat Show
Grand Central Palace
TODAY AND ALL THIS WEEK
10 A.M. to 10:30 P.M.—Adm. 75c inc. war tax

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE Bryant 4300. Mats. Daily 25c-$1.
WM. A. GORDON DOOLEY & CO., GERTRUDE VANDERBILT, MAY WIRTH & CO., TOM PATRICOLA & CO., others & KITTY DONER & CO.

COLUMBIA, B'y & 47 St. Twice daily 2:15 & 8:15
Pop. Prices. ABE REYNOLDS REVUE.

BROOKLYN.
Brooklyn Academy of Music
SUNDAY AFTERNOON, DEC. 26
First and Only Recital in Brooklyn.
LUISA TETRAZINNI
Hardman Piano Used.
Seats at Box Office Now.

TODAY
By William Fox

SO GREAT WERE THE RECEPTIONS ACCORDED MRS. MARY CARR, DURING HER PERSONAL APPEARANCES AT THE LYRIC THEATRE, THIS WEEK, AND SO MANY OF THE AUDIENCE EXPRESSED THEIR DESIRE TO MEET PERSONALLY, THE BOY WHO PLAYS "JOHN" IN "OVER THE HILL," THAT ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE FOR JOHNNY WALKER'S APPEARANCE AT BOTH PERFORMANCES, EACH DAY BEGINNING NEXT SUNDAY AFTERNOON AND CONTINUING UNTIL THURSDAY NIGHT.

YOU WILL MEET ONE OF THE MOST ATTRACTIVE PERSONALITIES THE SCREEN HAS DEVELOPED.

THIS IS THE SIXTH WEEK OF "OVER THE HILL" AT THE LYRIC AND EVERY DAY I'M EXPECTING ORDERS TO MOVE TO SOME OTHER THEATRE. ALREADY "OVER THE HILL" HAS BEEN FORCED OUT OF FIVE THEATRES BECAUSE OF PRIOR CONTRACTS. IT WOULD NOT SURPRISE ME TO RECEIVE ORDERS TO PACK UP AND MOVE AGAIN. AS THE CROWDS HAVE FOLLOWED THE FILM, ONE MORE CHANGE WON'T ALTER THINGS MUCH.

NATIONAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA ARTUR BODANZKY COND'R.
CARNEGIE HALL TOMORROW EVE., at 8:15. SAT. AFT., DEC. 18, at 2:30.
OLGA SAMAROFF Solo Pianists HEINRICH GEBHARD
Program—Beethoven. "Eroica"; Mozart, Concerto 3 pianofortes E-flat; Beethoven, Leonore III. Dec. 25-26..... MOISEIWITSCH, Soloist
THE KNABE IS THE OFFICIAL PIANO.

CARNEGIE HALL. This Aft., Dec. 16, at 3.
VIOLIN RECITAL Eddy Brown
Knabe Piano. Mgt. National Concerts Inc.

FOURTH BILTMORE FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE
Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore.
Tomorrow (Friday) Morning at 11.
ANNA ITZIU
GIOVANNI MARTINELLI
RUDOLPH BOCHCO
Tickets at Biltmore Box Office (Balcony Floor) Mgt. R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, THIS AFTERNOON AT 3
Solo Recital—ALICE
MACONCHIE
CONRAAD V. BOS at the Piano.
Mgt. DANIEL MAYER. Steinway Piano.

MOTION PICTURES.

200TH PERFORMANCE of "Way Down East" at the 44TH STREET THEATRE

Next Monday evening at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre, Mr. D. W. Griffith will have as his guests of honor MISS LILLIAN GISH and MR. RICHARD BARTHELMESS, the occasion being the celebration of the 200TH PERFORMANCE of his latest production, "WAY DOWN EAST."

On Tuesday evening, December 21, Mr. Griffith will be host to Mr. Barr McIntosh ("Squire Bartlett"), Miss Vivia Ogden ("Martha Perkins"), Mr. Creighton Hale ("The Professor"), Mr. George Neville ("The Constable") and other prominent "WAY DOWN EAST" players whose work has endeared them to the public.

Mr. Griffith will speak a few words of appreciation, and at the close of each performance will be a reception in honor of the players.

"WAY DOWN EAST" is shown twice today and every day, at 2:15 and 8:15, with special orchestral and vocal accompaniment. All seats are served.

MARK STRAND B'way & 47th St.
"THE TRUTH ABOUT HUSBANDS"
Strand Male Quartette, Review, Comedy. STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

44TH ST. THEA. Twice Daily 2:15-8:15
GOOD SEATS FOR TODAY'S MATINEE.
The D. W. GRIFFITH Masterpiece
"WAY DOWN EAST"
With Orchestral and Vocal Accompaniment.
All Seats Reserved. Order In Advance.

CAPITOL B'way at 51st Street
POLA NEGRI in "PASSION"
Capitol Grand Orchestra.
Mats. 50-50. Nights 55-65.
World's Largest and Most Beautiful Theatre.

PLAZA BERT LYTELL in
Madison Ave. at 58th St. Plaza Orch. Symphonic Organ.

CRITERION Broadway at 44th Street.
Cont. Noon to 11:30 P. M.
WILLIAM DE MILLE'S PRODUCTION.
"Midsummer Madness"
A Paramount Picture
WITH LOIS WILSON, LILA LEE, JACK HOLT, CONRAD NAGEL.
Cecil Hamilton's Latest Novel, "His Friend and His Wife."

RIVOLI BROADWAY, FOUR DAYS at 49th St. MORE.
GEORGE MELFORD'S PRODUCTION
"The Jucklins"
WITH MONTE BLUE.
A Paramount Picture
RIVOLI CONCERT ORCHESTRA.

RIALTO DOROTHY GISH
TIMES SQUARE in "FLYING PAT"
A Paramount Picture
Famous Rialto Orchestra.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Twice Daily
Matinees 2:30. Evenings 8:30.
WILLIAM FOX Presents
OVER THE HILL
Direction Harry Millarde

Aeolian Hall, Tomorrow Night, 8:15.
ROBERT E. SCHMITZ
PIANO RECITAL. (Mason & Hamlin)
AEOLIAN HALL, TUES., DEC. 21, at 8:15
Only Recital This Season—GERMAINE
SCHNITZER
PIANO RECITAL. (Chickering Piano)
CARNEGIE HALL, Wed., Dec. 22, at 8:15
2D PIANO RECITAL—JACQUES
PINTEL
Seats at Box Office. (Mason & Hamlin)
AEOLIAN HALL, MON. AFT., DEC. 13, at 3.
ELSIE TEAL
PIANO RECITAL. (Mason & Hamlin)

PHILHARMONIC
BEETHOVEN FESTIVAL—CARNEGIE HALL
Tonight at 8:30 (on) Tom'w (Fri.) Aft., 2:30.
JOSEF STRANSKY, Conducting
HAROLD BAUER, Assisting Artist
"EROICA"—"Symphony"—"PASTORAL" Symphony—G Major Concerto—"EMPEROR" Concerto
FELIX F. LEIFELS, Manager

AEOLIAN HALL, Sat. Eve., Dec. 18, at 8:15
LADOS SHUK Cellist
With the kind assistance of
NADIA LEVITZKI
LENORE SPARKES (Soprano Met. Opera.)
Mgt. DANIEL MAYER. Steinway Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, SAT. AFT. at 3, DEC. 18
Pianoforte Recital by MAGDELEINE
BRARD
Tickets $1 to $2 at Box Office Now.
Steinway Piano. Mgt. Metro. Musical Bureau.

A Discriminating Appreciation
is gratified by the Shanley dinner and entertainment—the wider the experience of the diner-out, the greater his appreciation of Shanley cuisine and diversion.
Vaudeville de Luxe during dinner and after until 1 A. M.
TODAY'S TABLE D'HOTE LUNCHEON
12 TO 2:30—Music—$1.00
Blue Point Oysters
Celery Olives
Cream of tomatoes or Consommé printanière
Supreme of sole, bonnefemme
Roast spring lamb, mint sauce
Braised beef with celery au jus
Fricassee of chicken with rice
Broiled calf's liver and bacon
Mousseline potatoes
Hot Shanley pudding or Chocolate ice cream
Assorted cakes Demi-tasse
A la carte service all day.
SUNDAY EVENING TABLE D'HOTE DINNER—$2.50
SHANLEY'S
Broadway—45th to 44th St.

MURRAY'S
ROMAN GARDENS
42nd STREET, just WEST of BROADWAY Phone Bryant 4535
The distinctive atmosphere of Murray's Roman Gardens provides an unsurpassed setting for dining. Add excellent food and matchless service, and you have a combination irresistible and wholly charming.
Special Table d'Hote Dinner, $2.50, Saturday and Sunday, 6 to 9
Revolving Dance Floor Delightful Music
LUNCHEON (12 to 2), $1 A la Carte at All Hours
Buffet Lunch, Delicious Soda and Tempting Candies Served in Soda Rooms
M. H. COX, VICE-PRES. & GEN. MGR.

30th St. & Broadway The Famous Hofbrau Quaintest Place in America.
EXQUISITE LUNCHEON—SELECT TABLE D'HOTE, $1.50
Excellent Milk-fed Chicken Dinner with Waffles
Jansaen wants to see you.
Finest Sea Food, Game, Milk-fed Chickens Phone 4924
DANCING—FINE ORCHESTRA Longacre
MAKE YOUR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S RESERVATIONS NOW. TEL. 4924 LONGACRE BANQUET ROOMS

B'way & 47th St. STRAND ROOF Phone Bryant 7891
DINNER DE LUXE, $2.00 5:30 to 8 P. M.
A la Carte All Hours—After Theatre Specialties.
A Smashing Success THE ENTIRELY NEW AND ELABORATE REVUE
AT 7:20 & 11:30. SAME SHOW AT DINNER AS AFTER THEATRE—DANCING.

HOTEL THERESA
7th Ave., 124th to 125th St.
One block from "I" and Subway Sta. Trolley and bus lines at door.
A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES
Dining Room At Top of Building
Special Table d'Hote or A La Carte Meals
Tel. 7800 Morningside.
H. P. LEUBE, Manager.

Fourteen East Sixtieth St.
A luxurious Residential Hotel, opposite the Metropolitan Club and Fifth Avenue Entrance to Central Park. Easy access to the theatres, clubs and shopping centres.
EAGER & BABCOCK, New York City.

HOTEL ENDICOTT
COLUMBUS AVE., 81st to 82nd ST.
One Block From Central Park.
A Few Desirable Suites of 2 and 3 rooms on yearly lease

Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway Station at 86th Street Corner.
NEW YORK.
Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel, Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
For Transient or Permanent Residence.
Furnished or Unfurnished Suite
All the Comforts and Advantages of the Best New York City Hotels at Attractive Rates.
RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

HOTEL HAMILTON
73rd St., East of Broadway
A Luxurious Residential Hotel
ROOMS AND SUITES FOR TRANSIENT AND PERMANENT OCCUPANCY
Descriptive Booklet on Request

THE CAMBRIDGE
60 WEST 68TH STREET
The latest fireproof apartment Hotel now open.
SUITES OF 2 ROOMS OR MORE ON A YEARLY LEASE UNFURNISHED
Exceptional Low Rentals
Spacious closets.
SUPERIOR RESTAURANT.
Also Doctor Suite, 3 rooms, main floor. Under same management Hotel Langdon, 54 Est. & 55th St.
E. H. CHATILLON

"Of Homelike Atmosphere"
HOTEL CLENDENING
Comfort—Convenience—Accessibility
½ block from subway; residential section; family and transient accommodations.
Single Rooms, $1.50 Up. En Suite, with Bath, $4 Up.
202 West 103rd Street

good Home meals at fair prices
I'VE come to the conclusion that most people like simple, substantial, well-cooked meals. I don't think they really want the usual extensive menus.
So I am introducing at Hotel Bristol a new plan—cooking more nearly like good home fare than you ever tasted in a hotel. Fixed price meals—a simple, tasty luncheon at 50 cents and a good, substantial dinner at $1.00.
Bear in mind that these meals are inexpensive because they're simple—no pretense at elaborate menus. And because they're simple, we can afford to buy the best; and our cooks can do justice to it because they cook only these dishes on the menu.
Drop in some time and have luncheon or dinner. We believe that you'll like it. And while you're here let us show you some of the cozy two-room suites with bath that we have available as Winter homes.
J. Elliott Colson



HOTEL BRISTOL
129 West 48th ST.

Quality Food, At moderate price, Deliciously cooked, Tastefully served.
Honest-to-Good-ness Table d'Hote Dinner $1.50, Luncheon 90c, Upstairs.
BIG A LA CARTE MENU
Sea Food and Game in Season.
Homey, cheery. Music noon and eve'g.
WENNING'S
"THE QUALITY RESTAURANT"
121 W. 45th, bet. B'way & 6th Ave.
NO CHECK ROOM. NO COVER CHARGE.
Big Christmas Dinner, Treo, Favors.
Watch for big ad this page Dec. 24 and 25

HOTEL Manhattan Square
50 West 77th Street
A luxurious residential hotel opposite Museum of Natural History. Newly redecorated, furnished & unfurnished apartments. Transient and permanent accommodations.
Very attractive rates.

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 Broadway, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH STREET
TRANSIENT ACCOMMODATIONS
Telephone 2971 Riverside

Hotel Netherlands
5TH AVE. AT 59TH ST.
Great Northern Hotel
119 W. 57th St. and 109 to 121 W. 58th St.
HISTORY IN PICTURES.
The Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times Sunday edition is well worth keeping for the beauty and variety of its illustrations of passing events. Handsome strong binder to hold a year's issue sent by mail anywhere in the United States

Huggins Swaps Pratt, Vick, Ruel and Thormahlen for Four Red Sox Players.

GETS HOYT AND HARPER

Catcher Wally Schang and Infielder McNally Also Included in Deal—No Money Involved.

A great big dicker was effected yesterday between the Yankees and the Boston Red Sox, by the terms of which the two clubs exchange male quartets. Miller Huggins parts with Muddy Ruel, Herbert Thormahlen, Derrill Pratt and Sammy Vick, and acquires in return Wally Schang, catcher; Waite Hoyt and Harry Harper, pitchers, and Mike McNally, infielder. The swap was "even Steven," as they would say in Montpelier, Vt., and at other points along the Central Vermont Railroad. In other words, if either manager wanted any money to boot he didn't get it.

Huggins expressed himself last night as highly elated with the deal. He was particularly pleased over the prospect of adding young Hoyt to his roster. Hoyt, who is only 21 years old, was a crack twirler for the Erasmus Hall schoolboys in Brooklyn before being signed by the Giants. He seemed to McGraw to need seasoning and was sent to New Orleans. He was sent there, but he didn't arrive there, for he didn't care for the transfer. So he took the key of the fields, as we say in that dear Paris, and slipped over to Baltimore, where he pitched sensational ball for the Dry Docks, getting a trio of no-hit games. When he went to the Red Sox late in the 1919 season he seemed to have a lot of stuff, and early last season he was good, too, and much was expected of him. Then a slight physical trouble made an operation necessary, and his services were lost to the team. The manager of the Yankees is of the opinion that Hoyt will prove a pillar of needed pitching strength to the club.

Harper Once with Senators.

Harry Harper, the other twirler acquired from Frazee, is a port-side performer, while Hoyt uses the more normal flinging wing. Harper pitched for the Senators before going to the Hub, and was at one time considered the most valuable man on Griffith's staff of boxmen, save only the great Walter Johnson. He had a poor year in 1920, winning only five of nineteen games, but Huggins thinks he is likely to cut loose with a sterling line of wares this coming season. Hoyt won half of his twelve battles in the past season.

Wally Schang, a fairly reliable backstop, should, and does, help the Yankees' power with the added nudge. As for McNally, Huggins thinks he also will be found a valuable asset in an emergency. He can play at shortstop, second or third base effectively, and might be used to "spell" Pewster at second if the latter needed a lay-off, which, however, Huggins thinks unlikely. He has decided to play Pewster regularly at the pivotal bag, and says he will suggest to him that he wear a cap when playing, in view of his injury last Spring while training.

Huggins doesn't consider the trade a one-sided one, however. He thinks that Hugh Duffy has acquired in Ruel, Pratt, Thormahlen and Vick a group of players who will add strength to the Red Sox in spots where that strength is needed.

Derrill Pratt was acquired by Huggins in February, 1918, the first year of the latter's reign over the Yankees. Pratt came East from St. Louis in a deal which involved seven men and he now passes further eastward in a dicker which shifts eight players. Huggins originally turned over to the Browns Pitchers Shocker and Cullop, Catcher Nunamaker and Outfielders Gedeon and Maisel for Pratt and Flank. The latter never reported to the Yankees? In his three seasons with the team Pratt has regularly held down the second sack, and has done his work effectively. He was at his best in the course of last Summer. He has given a bit of trouble at times, however, through a lack of amenability to reason, or, at least, to the constituted authority.

Thormahlen Not Consistent.

Thormahlen was purchased from Baltimore in 1917, the final year of Bill Donovan's incumbency as manager, the deal taking Lamar and Fewster from the Orioles as well. Thormahlen has proved to be somewhat of an in-and-outer while with the Yankees. In one of his good streaks he looks like one of the foremost southpaws on the diamond, but when he strikes the morass he flounders badly.

Donovan brought Vick here in 1917, taking him over from the Memphis club of the Southern Association. For a while he held down a regular post in the outfield, but was forced into the position of utility man with the coming of Ruth, Meusel, Bodie and Lewis. Vick is a hard hitter and an improving fielder, but has failed to live up to his early promise hereabouts.

Ruel came here from Memphis also, in the Winter of 1917-18. He has been an active, gingery man behind the bat, but his hitting often reaches too near the zero point for comfort.

The deal was consummated yesterday at a conference among Colonel Jacob Ruppert, President of the Yankees; H. H. Frazee, owner of the Boston team, and Manager Huggins.

CITY A. C. WINS AT HANDBALL

Takes Series From Crescents at Both Singles and Doubles.

The City Athletic Club had all the better of a series of single and double handball contests with the Crescent Athletic Club players last night on the former's courts. In the singles, S. Frankel of the City A. C. defeated H. Gray, Crescents, 21—10, 21—16, and A. Woldman, City, followed it up by defeating E. Butler, Crescent, 21—18, 21—13, while the other single match, which brought together H. Sosa, City A. C., and Harry Vernon, Crescent A. C., called for three sets, the first going to Sosa, 21—18, and the second went to Vernon, 21—19, while the rubber was won by Sosa in a stiffly contended fray, which ended at 21—20.

In the doubles, A. Waldman and T. Dworsky, City A. C., defeated E. Butler and [illegible], 21—15, 21—12, while the second doubles added to the City A. C. string of victories as S. Frankel and H. Harris defeated J. Donohue and R. Taylor, 21—15, 15—21, 21—9. The final game had H. Harris and Dr. H. Goldberg as the City A. C. players, while R. C. Klein and O. Hintz [illegible] the Brooklyn organization. The Manhattan pair won, the score being 21—3, 21—18.

CLEVELAND PICKS DALLAS.

Indians Decide to Do Spring Training in the Texas City.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 15.—Dallas, Texas, has been selected as the Spring training camp of the Cleveland champions, according to President James C. Dunn. Nine exhibition games have been either definitely or tentatively arranged. Two are with the New York Giants and two with the Cincinnati Reds at Dallas, two with the Reds at Cincinnati, two at New Orleans and one at Indianapolis.

Braves to Train at Galveston.

GALVESTON, Tex., Dec. 15.—The Boston Nationals will train here next Spring, according to an announcement tonight by Bob Tarleton, business manager of the local Texas League club. Tarleton states a contract signed by Walter E. Hapgood, business manager of the Braves, was received this morning.

Although the National League meeting was completed yesterday, most of the club owners and managers plan to remain in New York for a few days in order to hold conferences with the American Leaguers, who will be here for a meeting tomorrow. It has been decided not to hold a joint conference, however, until next month. The delay in leaving will give the National Leaguers more time to work on some deals which have been under consideration for the past few days. One of the big trades under way is a three-cornered affair involving the Giants, Braves and Reds. If it goes through according to specifications the Boston club will get two or three players from New York, Heinie Groh will come to the Giants and Rabbit Maranville will go to the Reds.

DOYLE IS RELEASED TO MANAGE TORONTO

Giants' Second Baseman to Lead Maple Leafs—Brooklyn Gets Ruether for Marquard.

The annual meeting of the National League was continued and completed yesterday at the Waldorf-Astoria. There was only a brief session behind closed doors. The most interesting items of news that filtered out from behind the snugly buttoned vests of the magnates after they emerged among the commonplace mortals in the corridor were the facts that the league voted to recommend to the Advisory Council that the playing season of 1921 open on April 13, which falls on a Wednesday, and that the salary of President Heydler be fixed at $18,000, as against the previous figure of $12,000.

Other important doings in the baseball world developed, however, as sidelights to the meeting of the older major league. One was the news of an arrangement which puts the Maple Leafs, the Toronto Club of the International League, in the hands of Larry Doyle, the Giants' veteran second baseman. Manager John J. McGraw last evening, in token of appreciation of Doyle's long, faithful and brilliant service with the New York National Leaguers, gave Captain Doyle his unconditional release, so that he would be free to accept the proffered post without any dickering or any strings attached to him.

Another entertaining news fragment that bobbed up was the exchange of twirlers between Wilbert Robinson and Pat Moran. The manager of the Reds parts with Walter Ruether, and is enriched to the extent of Rube Marquard. President Heydler was asked after the close of the National League meeting whether Rube's connection with the ticket-scalping episode in Cleveland in the course of the last world's series had been considered by the conferees, and replied that it had not. He said that the officials felt that Marquard had already been punished enough, and that as far as the National League was concerned he could continue to inhabit the mound indefinitely.

The Pittsburgh club, which is a New Jersey corporation, held its annual meeting in Jersey City yesterday. The former officers, Barney Dreyfuss, S. S. Dreyfuss and S. E. Waters, were re-elected President, Vice President and Secretary, respectively.

It was bruited about in baseball circles last night that the International League had established a precedent in that body by electing to honorary membership Mayor T. L. Church of Toronto and Charles Chapin, who recently sold the Rochester club to Walter Hempstead and George Stallings. While Mr. Chapin owned the Rochester team it won three International League pennants under the management of John Ganzel.

The National League voted yesterday to come to the assistance of Willie Keeler, the one-time member of the famed Baltimore Orioles, who is ill and has had financial misfortunes. McGraw, Jennings and Robinson, who were his mates on that celebrated concoction of ball players, slapped down $100 apiece as soon as the project got under way. Keeler does not want charity and would not accept it, but wants his friends to take a mortgage on some lots he owns, and that is the way it will be arranged, it is understood.

Frank J. Navin, owner of the Detroit Tigers, wired Ty Cobb yesterday to come here from New Orleans. He will confer with the management of the team upon the coy and reluctant Ty when he arrives.

The Baseball Writers' Association of America held its annual meeting in this city yesterday and elected L. E. Sanborn of Chicago, President. Frederick G. Lieb of New York Vice President, and Joseph McGready of Philadelphia Secretary-Treasurer.

FORMER CHAMPION LOSES.

Sidney Brussell Defeated by Lewis in Class C Cue Contest.

In the continuation of the national Class C amateur billiard championship tournament at the Rational Recreation Academy in Brooklyn last night the last game of the preliminaries and the first two of the semi-finals were played. Claude Lewis met J. H. Clemens in the last of the preliminaries and defeated him by a score of 150 to 55. That left seven men to compete in the semi-finals, they being Claude Lewis, C. J. Steinbugler, J. R. Johann, F. A. Unger, George Spear, J. M. Lewis jr., and Sidney Brussell.

In the first semi-final game C. M. Steinbugler met and defeated George Spear by the close score of 150 to 142. It was a nip-and-tuck affair all the way. Both had high runs of 21 and the winner's average was 4 18-33, while his opponent's was 4 14-32. The other of the semi-finals brought together J. M. Lewis Jr. and Sidney Brussell, the former champion, who was easily defeated by Lewis, the score being 150 to 97. Lewis had a high run of 25 and an average of 3 30-40, while Brussell's high run was 17 and his average 2 18-30.

The easy defeat of the former champion was a decided surprise to many who have not followed the playing of the Class C amateurs during the last season.

J. COHEN CUE VICTOR

Wins Final Game in Three-Cushion Tourney From Garfunkel.

J. Cohen defeated San Garfunkel last night by 25 to 24 in the final game of Thum's annual three-cushion tournament and with it went the championship and the gold medal. Garfunkel won second and Mannis Leitner third place. The special prize for the best game for non-winners of the first three prizes went to Monroe Cohen.

J. Cohen played his best game of the tournament against Garfunkel right from the start and at no time was Garfunkel near him. He had but three called safeties and Garfunkel eleven. The latter's safety play had no terrors for Cohen, who turned the most difficult leaves into points. Cohen's best run was three, and Garfunkle's five. The game lasted but fifty-six innings.

Handless Cue Star in Matches.

George Sutton, the handless billiard player, will play exhibition matches at 18.2 balkline against George Cronin at the Fourteenth Street Billiard Academy this afternoon and tonight and tomorrow afternoon and tomorrow night. Sutton is conceded to be one of the wizards of the game. Although he is handless he has made runs of 100 and more at balkline.

West Gets Four Players, South Only One, on First All-American Football Team.

Eastern college football players still form the backbone of the All-American teams selected by Walter Camp for the season of 1920. In his selections, announced in the current issue of Collier's Weekly, the veteran football expert names thirty-three players grouped in a first, second and third team. Of this number twenty-one are named from Eastern colleges and universities, seven from middle Western institutions, three from Southern colleges and two from Pacific Coast universities.

Mr. Camp's first team selections follow: ends, Carney, Illinois and Fincher, Georgia Tech; tackles, Keck, Princeton and Scott, Wisconsin; guards, Callahan, Yale and Woods, Harvard; centre, Stein, Pittsburgh; quarterback, Lourie, Princeton; halfbacks, Stinchcomb, Ohio State and Way, Penn State; fullback, Gipp, Notre Dame.

George Gipp, the Notre Dame star, who was the choice for fullback, died on Monday at South Bend, Ind., after a long illness from pneumonia and throat disease. Several days before he died Gipp was informed that he had been picked for Camp's mythical eleven.

In his introduction Mr. Camp gives an outline of the necessary requisities for a player who measures up to an All-American standard, citing Stanley Keck, the Princeton tackle, as an example.

"The All-American team of 1920," writes Mr. Camp, "represents a far greater breadth of ability on the part of every one of its members than any team ever before selected. The startling development of the game has put additional requirements on each individual position, and this condition has reached a limit today undreamed of by the general rank and file, and only appreciated by the coaches and experts throughout the country.

Many Weapons for Lourie.

Following a detailed account of his reasons for selecting the particular players, Mr. Camp says:

"We thus put in that remarkable little general's hands, Lourie, all the weapons of an attack that we can possibly give him by the use of Way, Stinchcomb and Gipp. We put in front of him a line of supreme power, a line on which we can count upon three remarkable men for getting down the field under a kick—Fincher, Carney and Keck—men in Keck and Scott who are liable to outpunt any punter and very likely block a kick; men in Callahan and Keck who can alternate in roving defense; a tackle in Scott who can not only smash the interference, but who is quick enough to seize the runners, and in Callahan a cressly passer who feeds the ball well to his backs at all times.

"The stiffness of this line on defense—its speed to hurry forward passers, and its power to open holes and drive the opposition back on offense—is exceptionally high class, and opposing tackles who were menaced by Fincher and Carney at the time they were trying to get through at the runner would find their hands full with this line behind them, with this line there would be very little tackling left for the secondary defense, and in that way it would be kept fresh at all times.

"With Lourie and Gipp throwing forward passes, Stinchcomb and Way receiving them, a defense of the opponents would be well put to it to offer a tight resistance, and with this line opening holes and driving the opposing line back for these backs, the secondary defense of the opponents would have a very difficult time. And a great asset in its own defense to that now most dangerous menace to modern football, the forward pass, is that all these backfield men are of the keen-witted type that can diagnose the direction and can cover up quickly. On the whole, it is one of the most versatile teams on attack and stiffest on defense that has ever been put together."

Mr. Camp's Review of Season.

In discussing the highlights of the season and the ranking of teams Mr. Camp says:

"Outside of the development of the open play and forward pass, the most striking feature of the season was the great interest shown by coaches and enthusiasts in the East as to what the West and South were doing, and in the South and West as to what the East were teaching. This had been brought about by the great growth in favor of the intersectional game led by Harvard's trip to the Coast last New Year's Day, and by the signing up of agreements between Princeton and Chicago for games in 1921 and 1922. Perhaps the greatest factor of all, however, was the very definite increase, already referred to, in the knowledge of the game by the football public. The spectator in the stands now is an educated spectator.

"On the present schedules the ranking of teams is impossible. But there is one quality that goes for a great deal, and that is the ability to rise to the occasion when necessary, and when this test is applied, we find that the outstanding teams were Princeton, Harvard, Notre Dame, Pittsburgh, Penn State, California, Virginia Military Institute, Boston and Ohio State. They all came through and would be the ones selected to carry a game anywhere. Their methods differed largely. Princeton had the greatest variety and made the longest use of generalship. Ohio State took the greatest advantage of the modern rules. California ran up the largest scores. Harvard and Pittsburgh were the most cautious and calculating. Boston, Notre Dame and Virginia Military Institute were most aggressive."

ELECTS GULICK CAPTAIN.

Syracuse Selects Star Tackle for Leader of 1921 Eleven.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 15.—Bertrand Gulick, star tackle of the Syracuse football team for the last two years, today was elected captain of the Orange eleven for next year. He was the overwhelming choice of the twenty letter men who took part in the annual election and was chosen on the second ballot by a large majority.

Gulick, who is a member of the class of 1922, played his first football at Syracuse on the freshman team three years ago. He lives at Kingston, N. J., and prepared at Blair Academy. He was widely mentioned as an All-American possibility and was selected on several All-Eastern elevens.

Notre Dame Honors Gipp.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Dec. 15.—Classes were suspended at Notre Dame University today while the students accompanied the body of George Gipp, their football hero who died yesterday, to a train which will bear it to Laurium, Mich., the athlete's former home. Funeral services will be held in Laurium Thursday morning.

Bethany Elects Dunn Captain.

BETHANY, W. Va., Dec. 15.—Finis G. Dunn, a star of the 1920 Bethany College football team, has been elected Captain of the 1921 varsity.

Middies Announce Seven of Eight Games for Their 1921 Football Campaign.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Dec. 15.—Seven of the eight games, which will form the Naval Academy football schedule for 1920, were made public today and show the Midshipmen will have the hardest schedule in their history. The big games will be those against Princeton at Annapolis, Penn State at Philadelphia and West Point at New York. The only open date is Nov. 5. No contest is desired for Nov. 19, the week before the Army game.

There is a general satisfaction with the arrangements with Princeton and Penn State for annual games on the home-and-home basis. This insures a big game at Annapolis and another away from home, the latter being regarded as the finest kind of preparation for the Army game in New York. All things considered, it is believed that they are the two best opponents the Midshipmen could have picked.

Bethany appears on the Navy's schedule for the first time, and Penn State resumes relations after a lapse of many years. Georgetown was offered a date, but refused, and several teams are being considered for Nov. 5.

The schedule follows:

Oct. 1, North Carolina State; Oct. 8, Western Reserve; Oct. 15, Princeton; Oct. 22, Bucknell; Oct. 29, Bethany; Nov. 5, open; Nov. 12, Penn State; Nov. 26, United States Military Academy.

MORROW REFUSES OFFERS.

Retiring W. and J. Football Coach Declines Bids From Two Schools.

Special to the New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Dec. 15.—David C. Morrow, for two years W. and J. head coach, who announced his retirement at the end of the recent season, today refused two offers for next season. The first came from Creighton University, Omaha, Neb.; and the other was from the University of Cincinnati.

There were no strings attached to either offer. The Creighton authorities asked Morrow to name his terms and rendered him fully control of football activities at the Omaha institution. The Cincinnati offer came from Boyd Chambers, formerly coach and athletic director at Bethany College, now director of athletics at the Cincinnati school. Chambers and Morrow are close personal friends and the former Bethany College director is familiar with Morrow's ability.

Morrow rejected the Creighton offer as soon as received, sending back an answer to the effect that he would not accept a Western coaching job under any consideration. He also telegraphed Chambers that he would not accept the position at Cincinnati for the reason that he had decided to remain out of the coaching game permanently.

BOSTON POLO TRIO WINS.

Defeats Foxhunters, 3 Goals to 2½, in Close Match at Durland's.

Equestrian sports with a lot of merriment thrown in for good measure proved to be the magnet to attract a large crowd to Durland's Riding Academy last night. The event was officially known as a farm ride, and brought out many persons well known in New York's social, business and professional walks of life.

A polo game between the Boston trio and the local Foxhunters preceded the other events on the program. It was won by the Bostonians, the final score being 3 to 2½ goals. The half point which cost the home team the game resulted from a foul against one of the Foxhunters. It was a well-contested game throughout, the fine defensive work of the backs of both teams being the feature.

The high jumping contest proved to be a great surprise to many, and at the same time a well-contested event. The prize went to Donnelly, while Jack Hanley, up on Betty, took the second prize.

The line-up and summary:

BOSTON (3).	FOXHUNTERS (2½).
No. 1—M. Goodman.	No. 1—G. C. Sherman.
No. 2—G. H. Dempsey.	No. 2—Kinny.
Back—H. Winn.	Back—D. O. Nelson.

FIRST PERIOD.

Goals—Foxhunters: Kinny. (2).

SECOND PERIOD.

Goals—Foxhunters: Sherman. Boston: Dempsey, Winn (2). Penalty against Foxhunters for fouling, ½ goal. Final score—Boston 3, Foxhunters 2½. Referee—L. K. Berman.

VIOLET FIVE SCRIMMAGES.

N. Y. U. Has Hard Preparation for Game With Yale on Saturday.

Coach Ed Thorp has been putting the New York University basketball team through a hard course of practice this week in order to get his charges in trim for their meeting on Saturday night with the Yale five. The exhibition that the Violet team gave last week against the alumni was very encouraging.

Yesterday's session consisted of a long scrimmage for the varsity. The scrubs were the first opponents and a hot battle resulted. Coach Wall of the freshman five then sent his men against the varsity. Although both of these teams put up good games the first string men scored easily over them.

The Violet line-up has remained the same this week as started against the alumni. Holman seems to have the call over Edelstein for the forward place that was so hotly contested earlier in the season. Robertson has also stayed at the centre position. He has not as yet fully accustomed himself to the style of play used, but with a little more seasoning should fit in well.

Because of the limited seating capacity of the University Heights gymnasium plans were made to play the Yale game in one of the local armories, but the athletic authorities announced yesterday that it will take place on the home court. The attendance at the alumni game was greater than could be seated and a still greater crowd is expected on Saturday night. Special plans are therefore being made to accommodate more people in the gymnasium on Saturday night.

Penn State Awards Letters.

STATE COLLEGE, Pa., Dec. 15.—Seventeen members of the Penn State football squad have been awarded the varsity "S," the greatest number to receive the coveted letter for three years. Last year only ten men won their letters. Nine of this year's letter men will be lost by graduation.

Clason Point Wins on Court.

Clason Point Military Academy's basketball quintet defeated the St. James Technical School of Brooklyn yesterday in a keenly contested game on the former's court by a score of 30 to 20.

Walter Camp's All-American Selections for 1920

	FIRST TEAM.	SECOND TEAM.	THIRD TEAM.
End	Carney, Illinois	Urban, Boston	Ewen, Annapolis
Tackle	Keck, Princeton	Goetz, Michigan	Voss, Detroit
Guard	Callahan, Yale	Wilkie, Anhapolis	Breidster, West Point
Centre	Stein, Pittsburgh	Cunningham, Dartm'th	Havemeyer, Harvard
Guard	Woods, Harvard	Alexander, Syracuse	Trott, Ohio State
Tackle	Scott, Wisconsin	McMillan, California	Dickens, Yale
End	Fincher, Ga. Tech.	Legendre, Princeton	Muller, California
Quarter	Lourie, Princeton	McMillin, Centre	Boynton, Williams
Halfback	Stinchcomb, Ohio St.	Garrity, Princeton	Haines, Penn State
Halfback	Way, Penn State	Davies, Pittsburgh	Leech, Va. Mil. Inst.
Fullback	Gipp, Notre Dame	Frebch, West Point	Horween, Harvard

The last lingering hope that Centre College would meet Columbia in a football game at the Polo Grounds next Fall expired yesterday with the receipt of an official decision from the Danville athletic authorities. Columbia some time ago sent an invitation to the Kentucky College offering them the date of Oct. 22 for a Polo Grounds game. Centre was one of four elevens with which negotiations were opened for a game on that Saturday, and it was believed that the proposition was receiving favorable consideration at Danville. A telegram received by Graduate Manager Watt, however, stated that Centre had already scheduled a game with Harvard at Cambridge and could not see its way clear to make another football trip to the North. It was said yesterday that negotiations are still being carried on for a game with other big elevens.

NAMES GOLFERS FOR FOREIGN INVASION

P. G. A. Committee Draws Up First List of Eligibles for British Trip Next Year.

Plans for the proposed invasion of Great Britain next Summer by professional golfers of this country were discussed yesterday at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Professional Golfers' Association at its local headquarters. The committee drew up a list of about thirty names, and the ten or fifteen golfers who will make the trip overseas will be chosen from this list.

The P. G. A. officials who took part in the conference included President George Sargent of Columbus, Ohio; Secretary Alex Firle of the North Shore Country Club, William Ogg of Atlanta, Wilfred Reid of Wilmington, Jack Hobens of Philadelphia and Jack Mackie of Inwood. The only member of the Executive Committee who was not present was George McLean, a Vice President of the association.

Secretary Firle was instructed to communicate with all the golfers named on the list in order to ascertain who will be able to make the trip in the event of his final selection as a member of the team. A questionnaire also will be sent to each golfer, and the "pro" will be asked to answer all questions and return it to headquarters. On the satisfactory answers will depend to a great extent the final choice of team members.

The list includes all the leaders in the ranks of the home-bred pros, but it also takes in a number who did their first playing on foreign links. It is stipulated, however, that none except native Americans or men who have taken out first papers, will be eligible for membership on the team. It was also decided at the meeting that Tom McNamara would act as captain of the team, providing he is willing to go.

The list of "pro" golfers selected by the committee yesterday was as follows:

Patrick Doyle, Deal; Jack Hutchinson, Glen View, Chicago; Walter Hagen, New York; Gilbert Nicholls, New York; Willie Macfarlane, Fort Washington; Wilfrid Reid, Wilmington; Alex Cunningham, St. Joseph, Mo.; Tom Kerrigan, Siwanoy; Leo Diegel, Lochmoor, Detroit; M. J. Brady, Oakland Hills, Detroit; Jim Barnes, Pelham Country Club; George Fotheringham, Richmond County; Tom Boyd, Fox Chase; Fiachra Patterson, Clarendon Golf Club; Bob MacDonald, Bob o' Link; Fred Wood, Columbia, Washington, D. C.; Eddie Loos, Ruxsloe, Chicago; Jack Burke, Town and Country, St. Paul, Minn.; Jack Black, champion of California; George McLean, Cirgwin, Spravin; Tom McNamara, Siwanoy; Alex Ross, Detroit Golf Club; George Sargent, Columbus; Louis Tellier, Brae-Burn, Mass.; George Bowden, Commonwealth, Mass.; Emmet French, Youngstown, Ohio; Willie Melhorn, Tulsa, Okla.; McMorrow, Monterey Valley; Charles Hoffner, Piedmont, and Harry Hampton, Brookland, Detroit.

NAVY FIVE TAKES ANOTHER.

Midshipmen Swamp Washington, 37 to 6, in Basketball Tussle.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Dec. 15.—The fine shooting of Byerly featured today's basketball game in which the Naval Academy won from Washington College by 37 to 6. He netted the ball nine times. many of his shots being quick ones from difficult angles. The navy team as a whole put up a stiff defense and showed flashes of good team play, but was off in its shooting. As in the only other game played this season, the Midshipmen kept their opponents from scoring from the field, Washington's six tallies being made by Robbins's shots from the foul line.

NATIONAL CITY FIVE WINS.

Takes Game With Chemical in Bank Basketball Tourney.

In the basketball round-robin of the Bankers' Athletic League the quintet of the National City Bank won a rather one-sided game yesterday from the five representing the Chemical National Bank. The score of the game, which was played on the floor of the Ninth Regiment Armory, was 36 to 17. Guerdon of National City made several long passes, paving the way for many of the tallies.

The tournament now being staged by the Bankers' League comprises a series of eighteen games by teams from as many banks, and the outcome will be watched with interest. National City, having won two and lost one, stands at 1.000 per cent. The next match for yesterday's victorious five will be with Atlantic National.

ARMY TEAM HARD PRESSED.

St. Joseph's Loses Basketball Game, 30 to 20, After Stiff Fight.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Dec. 15.—Army found St. Joseph's College of Philadelphia a worthy opponent on the basketball court today. Although the visiting Pointers won 30 to 20, the college pressed them hard from the very start. Fouls were numerous on both sides offending frequently, but Army converted most of its chances into counters, Pfeiffer shooting an even dozen from the foul line. At half time, the Cadets led, 12 to 11.

YALE FIVE BEATS ALUMNI.

Varsity Basketball Team Trounces Grads in Opening Game.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 15.—Yale's basketball season was set under way tonight when the varsity defeated an alumni five by the score of 34 to 13. For the winners, Bailey and Alderman were in rare scoring form. The defensive game of Captain Charley Taft featured the play of the losers.

LAFAYETTE FIVE DEFEATEN.

Albright Noses Out Easton Team, 31 to 30, in Last Two Minutes.

Special to the New York Times.

EASTON, Pa., Dec. 15.—Lafayette College opened its basketball season tonight, losing to Albright College by the score of 31 to 30. With two minutes of play remaining and Lafayette leading, 30 to 25, Deeb, an Albright guard, shot a long field goal from the centre of the floor. Waltner's foul shot a minute later decided the game.

Conquers Dana in Close Match and Advances to Semi-Finals in Handicap Tourney.

F. S. Whitlock of the Harvard Club, E. Earl Fink of the Crescent A. C., Ralph G. Coburn of the Harvard Club and D. S. Baker of the Yale Club became the semi-finalists yesterday in the national handicap squash tennis tournament on the courts of the Harvard Club. They will meet in that order in the semi-finals. The unexpected happened in at least two of yesterday afternoon's four matches, the most sensational development of the afternoon being the defeat of Anderson Dana of the Harvard Club by Coburn, who won at 15—8, 1—15, 18—15.

Dana, who had the lowest handicap of any player remaining in the tournament, starting from minus 10, conceded eight points to Coburn. Even with this allowance to his opponent, Dana came within a hair's breadth of victory in the most brilliant match of the tournament and one of the most spectacular struggles of the entire season. After annihilating his handicap in the third and rubber game, and forging into the lead at 14—7, Dana became overcautious. He assumed the defensive, while his opponent adopted his most aggressive tactics of the match. That was the decisive element in Coburn's triumph. He set the game at 13, and then, after the stubbornest sort of resistance from Dana, ran out the game at 18—15.

Dana in Sensational Rally.

Coburn won the first of the three games by putting his rival on the defensive at every opportunity. Dana then started a sensational rally. He won 25 aces while Coburn was gathering 3 for a game score of 15—3. At this period, there seemed to be but one possible outcome, so completely had the higher ranking Harvard man outplayed his adversary in the second game. But in the rubber Coburn made a remarkable recovery, and the result was a ding-dong battle of hard hitting and skillful placing and wonderful getting that for sheer brilliancy surpassed anything else the young season has produced. This third game alone consumed three-quarters of an hour before a decision could be reached, and it was as much a test of endurance and court tactics as it was of brilliancy in the execution of shots.

Peer Coburn had set the game at 13, as already related, no less than seven hands were required before either man could score a point. Dana broke the ice first and got at 14—13, and again at 15—14. There were additional scoreless hands before Coburn could tie it at 15-all. This was the beginning of the end for Dana. Coburn showed an increased willingness to take chances while his opponent became over-careful. The result was that Coburn ran through the three points necessary for victory on two kills and an around-the-court shot that Dana was unable to reach.

Fink of Crescent, who now appears to have an excellent chance to win the tournament, gained his semi-final bracket by defeating E. H. Heminway of the Harvard Club, in two games, scores 15—8, 15—10. Fink started from minus 5 and Heminway from plus 4, and the Crescent man's victory was a decisive as the figures show. Heminway was no match for him in court-craft or smoothness in delivery of his shots.

Whitlock Beats Platt.

A surprising result of the afternoon was Whitlock's defeat of Livingston Platt, the Yale Club expert. Whitlock had an advantage of five points in the handicapping, but judging by the way the two played yesterday, he would have won even without that assistance. Platt made many more errors than he usually does, and, at times, was outmaneuvered and outpaced by his rival. Platt drew up to 8—9 in the opener, but made little further progress. Whitlock winning at 15—9. The Harvard man, playing with marked steadiness and displaying excellent form, then ran up the points rapidly in the second game, which he captured at 15—8, putting away the match point on a clean placement to Platt's feet.

Baker, the always dangerous Yale Club player, who started from scratch, defeated Harold Tobey of the Princeton Club, a minus 3 man, in a three-game session. Baker would have won the rubber even without the three points which Tobey conceded him. His fine getting ability and his hard and well-angled shooting for placements, he had the edge over his opponent.

The summaries:

Fourth Round—F. S. Whitlock, Harvard Club (scratch), defeated Livingston Platt, Yale Club (+11), 15—9, 15—8. E. Earl Fink, Crescent A. C. (+5), defeated E. H. Heminway, Harvard Club (+4), 15—8, 15—10; R. G. Coburn, Harvard Club (—2), defeated Anderson Dana, Harvard Club (—10), 15—8, 1—15, 18—15; D. S. Baker, Yale Club (scratch), defeated Harold Tobey, Princeton Club (—3), 15—11, 6—15, 15—7.

SPORTS SHOW A DEFICIT.

Harvard Athletics Lose Over $6,000 for All Branches.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 15. — For the third year in succession Harvard athletics have been run at a loss. The report made public tonight by Fred W. Moore, graduate manager of Harvard Athletic Association, showed that there was a deficit of $6,343.44 for the college year ending last June. The receipts from September, 1919, to that time were $168,224.84. The expenses of supporting the various athletic activities were $174,578.28.

Football attracted a gate of $115,-129.41 and the profit carried along every other varsity sport excepting baseball, which proved to be an exceptional money maker. The expense of developing the football team was $40,847.81, a modest sum considering the fact that the teams went to the Pacific Coast for a post-season game. The profits were $74,-881.60.

The baseball team, chiefly on account of a third game with Yale, drew $31,-000.75, while the expenses incurred reached $18,510.97. The financial showing was twice that made last year and five times that made during the 1918 season, Harvard's last year of normal athletics before the one just passed.

To run the major sports took $100,-826.29, the receipts from the same being $155,887.50. It cost $30,751.99 for the minor major sports.

The crew showed a deficit of $17,-558.75. Hockey receipts amount only to $898, whereas it took $4,367 to keep the team going. Track athletics, like rowing, lost money, the expense side showing an outlay of $13,240.88, whereas the receipts were only $2,531.99.

While the tennis team showed an unfavorable balance of about $400, some profit was made on letting the university's courts, but little money was paid out on improvements. The expense of running the Harvard Athletic Association offices was $15,069.79.

AWARDS TENNIS LETTER.

Columbia Announces Names of 11 Men to Wear Insignia.

Further insignia awards to Columbia athletes were announced yesterday by the University Athletic Association. The varsity tennis "C" was given to five members of last year's net team, and six freshman players in the same sport received class numerals.

The awards were as follows:

Varsity tennis "C"—Gerald Emerson, T. W. Raymond, E. T. Appleby, W. Feistiner and O. Contreras; Freshman tennis numerals—E. G. McLaughlin, M. H. Smedley, H. Springhorn, R. A. Bellinger, C. H. Garside and E. B. Salmon.

State Elects Football Manager.

STATE COLLEGE, Pa., Dec. 15.—L. M. Forncrook of Pittsburgh was elected manager of the Pennsylvania State football team for next year at a meeting held today.

FED ROAST LONG ISLAND

DUCKLING

(Pound and a Quarter to Portion)

Walnut Dressing
Virginia Sweets
French Peas
Cranberry Sauce

$1.15

SALTZMAN'S RESTAURANT

Where Quality Reigns Supreme

109 Nassau St. thru to 14 Thomas St. at Broadway Uptown at 120-122 West 72nd Street.

Sun-Dial Edition

With new prefaces by the author

18 VOLUMES

GABRIEL WELLS

489 Fifth Ave., New York

"Kid Klothes!" Sale!

We must bring down our stock, so we have brought down prices to do it. Reductions of at least one-third and as much as one-half on every Kid Klothes garment we have. Every one is regular stock—every one regularly sold for one-third less than any other boys' clothes.

Suits—Overcoats
Mackinaws—Reefers

Values up to $16.50

Now $6.75

Other Specials Now $10.75

Other Specials Now $15.75

Special Values for Boys

CAPS—Were $2 and $3.50 ..... Now 95c
BLOUSES—Were $2, $3 and $4 ..... Now 95c
STOCKINGS—Were 75c and $1 ..... Now 39c
NECKWEAR—Was $1 and $1.45 ..... Now 55c

Moe Levy & Son

Our Only Store — New York City

119-125 Walker Street

Every Subway — or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station, within sight of our store.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7—SATURDAYS UNTIL 10



Christmas bargains that are easy to mail!

10,118 plain white handkerchiefs—a markdown from our regular stock.

None of the skimpy kind now being offered so generally, but our usual good measure.

4,886 were 35c.
20c.

5,232 were 60c.
40c.

Speeding them on their way!

Motor gloves and gauntlets, both lined and unlined.

65 were $5.00
46 were $6.00
75 were $6.50
286 were $7.50
$3.75.

45 were $12.00
133 were $12.50
$7.50.

Men's Winter suits — ample variety at $50 to $60.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Broadway at 34th St. | Broadway at Warren | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

SLUMP AFTER BOUT

Champion's Showing in Garden Fight Disappoints Even His Closest Admirers.

BRENNAN CAMP IS JUBILANT

Chicago Boxer Wants Return Match Next Year—Rickard Estimates Profits at $15,000.

The world's heavyweight championship boxing match between Jack Dempsey and Bill Brennan has passed into ring history, leaving behind it Dempsey still in possession of his title, a conflicting atmosphere of mingled dissatisfaction and surprise, a decided slump in the Dempsey reputation and a corresponding ascent in the Brennan stock.

Out of all the maze of aftermath one fact stands out clearly—Dempsey was forced through the hardest battle of his career since he started on the pugilistic championship path. No one questions this, not even the champion himself or his manager. Brennan and his manager, Leo P. Flynn, proclaim without hesitation that the Chicagoan proved himself one of the best heavyweights in the country by standing off Dempsey for a greater distance than Carl Morris, Fred Fulton, Jess Willard and Billy Miske combined. This in itself, says the jubilant Leo Flynn, is a moral triumph for Brennan, who was not conceded a chance of lasting more than six rounds against the title-holder.

Brennan and his manager are by no means satisfied with the result. They want a return bout and think they are entitled to it on the strength of the Chicagoan's showing against the champion in the Garden bout. Manager Flynn stated emphatically yesterday that he will keep Brennan idle until after the Christmas holidays, but with the coming of the new year he expects to arrange a series of probably half a dozen bouts for his boxer, which will fit him competitively for a match against Dempsey. Manager Flynn said he has several offers for bouts under consideration and will begin active negotiations after the holidays. The Chicagoan's pugilistic director plans to arrange these bouts so that they will bring Brennan to his best form for a return meeting against Dempsey, probably next September.

Rickard Says He Is Satisfied.

Promoter Tex Rickard declared himself satisfied with the bout, all things considered, but his pleasure was not comparable to the feeling he had reflected following other important bouts at the Garden. From a competitive and financial standpoint, particularly the latter angle, Promoter Rickard's elation was not quite up to the standard. The "gate" fell far short of what had been expected, he said, attributing this unexpected adversity to the almost undivided opinion previous to the match that Dempsey would make short work of his rival.

Promoter Rickard, without a tabulated list of the financial returns and expenses available, declared it his opinion that the bout had attracted in the neighborhood of $150,000. This sum, the promoter said, would provide a profit, but not up to the expected figure. Dempsey received $100,000 and Brennan, instead of the $35,000 previously announced and supposed to be his end, received $25,000. The promoter estimated other expenses roughly at $10,000, and stated he expected the report to show a profit of $15,000 or so. It was brought to the attention of the promoter that the printed lists of the receipts made no mention of the $25 ticket sale whatsoever. Promoter Rickard declared that the lists were confused and irregular, and added that a revised and authoritative computation would be available today, when, at the same time, a report of the proceeds and disbursements will be sent to the Boxing Commission, in accordance with the law.

Both boxers were about the city yesterday, little worse for their strenuous argument. Dempsey was more affected by the bout visibly than Brennan. The champion's left ear was badly cut, and his lower lip, on the right side, was bruised and cut. Dempsey, extremely careful about his appearance, possessing a concern for his looks almost equal to that of the movie or stage star, had his injuries patched up as almost his first action of the day. The champion visited his physician and had three necessary stitches taken in the wounds, which are expected to disappear within a few days.

Dempsey Admits Surprise.

The champion reiterated yesterday that he had encountered a more serious battle than was expected and gave due credit to Brennan for the latter's showing.

"Brennan was tougher than I expected, and I had to work harder to accomplish the result," said Dempsey. "By this I do not mean to convey the impression that I underestimated Brennan. On the contrary, I had boxed him before and was familiar with his ability. I did not think, however, that he would furnish the battle he did."

Jack Kearns, the champion's manager, declared himself satisfied with the result, but, like the champion, said the battle had been tougher than was anticipated. "Brennan gave the champ a hard fight, there can be no denying that, and he deserves credit for his showing. At the same time, however, I wish to point out that at no time during the contest was Dempsey in serious danger. Brennan landed some pretty hard blows on the champion, but Jack took them and showed his ability in this respect. He demonstrated that he can go the route, as he has before demonstrated that he is a quick finisher. I am glad the bout went as long as it did," continued Manager Kearns, "for it will mean a lot more work for the champ, and that is what he wants—plenty of action. Without detracting from the performance of Brennan, I want to say that Dempsey was too finely drawn, was approaching staleness in his condition, when he entered the ring, and this interfered appreciably with his work, which was admittedly below his standard. The fact that Brennan lasted so long against the champ, however, will probably work a benefit in this respect. It will prove to the promoters and boxers throughout the country and to the followers of the sport that Dempsey is not invulnerable, as many believe. He is as susceptible to a knockout as is any other human, against the right man.

Will Encourage Promoters.

"This bout will probably induce promoters to increased efforts in arranging matches for Dempsey. It will dissipate the impression that Dempsey will make short work of any rival, a view which has been entertained by many promoters through the country, who, because of that view, refrained from arranging matches for the champion. If the contest had been short and decisive, people might have said it was a prearranged affair. They would have been disappointed, even as they are disappointed now that Dempsey did not knock Brennan out sooner. Like race horses, however, boxers have their off days, and Dempsey had one in the Garden ring."

Dempsey will leave New York this afternoon about 2 o'clock. The champion is returning to his folks in Salt Lake City for the purpose of spending the holidays at home. It will be the first Yuletide season Dempsey has had around the old home fireside in six years, and he is laying his plans accordingly. Dempsey will stop off in Chicago tomorrow morning, but his visit to the Windy City will be short. He leaves in the evening on another train to proceed home. Manager Kearns expects to follow the champion in a few days. After the holidays the champion and his manager will visit the coast and then they will return here.



As Man to Man—

That is the way in which you can talk to our Service Manager. He is competent and courteous and has under his control a staff of well-trained mechanics. He will promise you delivery on a definite date and is in a position to carry out his promises.

Stephens owners may secure the benefits of this man's experience by taking advantage of our free monthly inspection plan.

A. J. HIGGINS Automobile Co.
614-618 West 131st St.
Telephone Morningside 3859
Salesrooms 1690 Broadway
Telephone Circle 6567
DISTRIBUTORS
STEPHENS SALIENT SIX
Our Complete Service Open to All Car Owners
Service Series, No. 11.

Madison Sq. Garden, Wed., Dec. 22
PETE HERMAN vs. JOE LYNCH
12 ROUNDS TO A DECISION FOR WORLD'S BANTAMWEIGHT TITLE
SALE OPENS TODAY
Adm., $2. Res., $3-$7. Ringside, $10.

Meet Frank Moran in Ring

LONDON, Dec. 15.—Georges Carpentier, heavyweight champion of Europe, who left for Paris today after a visit to London to witness the bout between Frank Moran of Pittsburgh and Joe Beckett, the English heavyweight, on Friday last, declared flatly that he would not fight any one prior to his match with Jack Dempsey, the world's champion. This statement was made in answer to widely published reports that he was about to sign for a match with Moran and that he also would fight Tommy Burns, the former world's champion. Discussing the arrangements with Dempsey, Carpentier said it did not make the slightest difference to him where he tried for the championship. "Any place in the world suits me," he declared.

MITCHELL TO FIGHT LEONARD IN GARDEN

Profits From Title Bout on Jan. 14 Will Go to Fund for Devastated France.

Benny Leonard, world's lightweight champion, will defend his title in a return bout against Richie Mitchell, Milwaukee contender, at Madison Square Garden on Jan. 14, it was announced yesterday. Final arrangements for this bout, which has been hanging fire for the last several weeks, were concluded yesterday in the office of Arthur H. Shuloff. The purse is announced as $50,000, of which Leonard will receive $40,000 and Mitchell $20,000. The contest will be for fifteen rounds to a decision.

Billy Gibson, Leonard's manager, signed for the champion, and William Mitchell, brother of the Milwaukee lightweight, mailed in his contract with the signature affixed. Sums of $5,000 each have been posted for weight and appearance on behalf of both boxers. The weight will be 135 pounds at 2 o'clock on the day of the bout, in conformity with the Walker law.

The profits from the bout will go to the Fund for Devastated France. The American Executive Committee of this fund, consisting of Miss Anne Morgan, Chairman; Arthur B. Woods, former Police Commissioner; Louis Stoddard, international polo player, and Mr. Shuloff, is arranging the details and personally conducting the bout for the purpose of attracting funds to the work in which they are interested.

Promoter Tex Rickard has donated the Garden for the occasion free of charge. In addition he is supplying the help and providing other assistance as the committee officials request. Several attractive bouts to round out the card are under contemplation and will be announced soon by the committee. Promoter Rickard is also assisting in this task and expects to arrange three contests between prominent boxers to precede the Leonard-Mitchell match.

An auction of box seats for the bout will be held shortly in one of the city's foremost hotels. A scale of prices has not yet been adopted, but this, with other details, will be arranged before the end of the week, according to the present program. Mr. Shuloff has thrown open his offices at 136 Madison Avenue for the disposition of routine business in connection with the bout and, with Miss Morgan, who is intensely interested in the project, is prepared to make every effort to produce a huge success.

SIEGER IS BOUT WINNER.

Stops Tommy McMahon in Eight Rounds at Commonwealth S. C.

Sammy Sieger, former local amateur bantamweight champion, pounded his way to victory over Tommy McMahon, a Harlem lightweight, last night in eight rounds in their scheduled ten-round bout, which stopped the card at the Commonwealth Sporting Club of Harlem. The little east sider subjected McMahon to a terrific beating about the face and body, landing with monotonous regularity until Referee Harry Stout stepped between the pair and stopped the bout after the eighth round had gone about a minute.

Up to the time that Referee Stout intervened McMahon had not been floored. He was game and stood up under the withering fire without flinching. Nevertheless McMahon had been battered to such an extent that he could not turn the tide of battle in the short space left for the completion of the match, except by means of a knockout, and the Harlemite was too weak for this eventuality. Therefore, the action of the referee was justified.

McMahon, in defeat, was not disgraced. He took the bout on short notice, and under the circumstances showed wonderful courage and ability to assimilate punishment. Jimmy Sullivan was originally scheduled to engage Sieger, but Sullivan weighed in at 132 pounds at the prescribed time in the afternoon and left for his home. From the time Sullivan left the club, as Announcer Pete Prunty stated from the ring, nothing was heard of him. McMahon was offered the chance and accepted without hesitation.

From the start of the match Sieger demonstrated that he was McMahon's superior. The Harlem lad had little to recommend him except his unflinching gameness. He possessed this qualification in abundant measure, but it was not sufficient to stave off defeat. Sieger had his rival groggy and shaky on his legs in the first round from a succession of rights and lefts to the jaw and body alternately, but McMahon stood up under the battering, feebly but ineffectively trying to return the fire. Each round thereafter, up to the time the bout was stopped, found McMahon on the receiving end of an avalanche of blows which had enough power to topple over any ordinary boxer of his weight.

Though rocked from head to heel repeatedly, McMahon grimly stuck to his task. Sieger was weary from punching his rival when Referee Stout intervened in the eighth, with McMahon standing doggedly in his tracks, taking all that was coming his way and trying weakly to counter with blows which caused Sieger not the least concern.

The weights were: Sieger, 128 pounds; McMahon, 134.

In the ten-round semi-final Phil Delmont gained the referee's decision over Happy Smith of Yorkville, after a slashing session. The judges disagreed on the result, one voting for Delmont, while the other voted a draw; but Referee Stout promptly motioned to Delmont as the winner when Announcer Prunty disclosed the judges' vote. Delmont was clearly entitled to the verdict. He did all the forcing and battered Smith severely about the ribs and body with blows which sapped much of the Yorkville boxer's stamina. Occasionally Delmont shifted his attack to the face, trying for a knockout blow to the jaw; but he was wild and many of his leads in this direction missed their mark.

Jack Gritz, substituting for Mickey Brown in the opening ten-rounder, gained the judges' decision over Jack Hausner, former amateur, in a bout crowded with action. Glitz floored Hausner three times in the second round and once in the fourth, but Hausner weathered the storm and lasted to hear the final bell.

FLEET CHAMPION BEATEN.

Dick Bell of U. S. S. Arizona Knocked Out by Vincent Coffey.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Dec. 15.—Dick Bell of the U. S. S. Arizona, who won the middleweight championship of the Atlantic Fleet in Madison Square Garden two weeks ago, was knocked out in the fourth round of a scheduled ten-round bout at the Argonne Club here tonight by Vincent Coffey of Kingston

WHEN FIZER LOSES

Favorite Is Bad Fourth in Tensas Purse at New Orleans, The Wit Winning.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 15.—The form players today received one of the most severe jolts that have been dealt out to them since the Winter racing season opened here. A loud and raucous wail rose in Jefferson Park following the fifth race this afternoon. E. P. Summerfield's Fizer, which had shown such good form in his previous starts at the local track, was the cause. He was entered in the Tensas Purse, a test for three-year-olds and upward at a mile and a sixteenth, and stood out so prominently on past performances that the players flocked to his support. The result was that he went to the post a 1 to 2 choice in the betting and the four other horses entered were almost completely overlooked. Up to that time but one favorite had flashed in front, and the speculatively inclined thought they saw a chance to get out by backing Fizer. He finished fourth in the field of five, eight lengths behind the third horse.

The race, which was the featured event on the program, was captured by The Wit, which paid 8 to 1. J. J. Murphy's chestnut gelding won with consummate ease, finishing five lengths ahead of Summer Sigh, which, in turn, was six lengths in front of Chief. The form displayed by Fizer was one of the most startling upsets of the more or less well-known dope that has occurred here. Fizer, on the strength of his recent races, was regarded as a "sure thing" if there ever was one, but his running today was far below the best form he has displayed.

The Wit moved into the lead soon after the barrier was sprung and held the advantage all the way to the finish. At no time was the gelding in danger of being headed. J. McTaggart was never forced to urge his mount to the fullest after the first effort immediately following the start. For a time, right after the horses got away, Summer Sigh threatened to give battle, but The Wit soon opened a comfortable lead and kept increasing it to the end.

Fizer was slow to break and never succeeded in getting a better position than third. For a time it appeared as if the favorite might overtake Summer Sigh, but as the horses were turning into the stretch, Fizer began to drop back, and Chief moved up and passed him. Chief managed to close a big gap and was running gamely at the end. It was a very dull effort on the part of the popular choice and one that disappointed many a pocketbook.

The fourth race, a five and a half furlong dash for four-year-olds and upward, provided a full-grown upset. Roscoe Goose, which eventually won from Murphy by a head, was the rank outsider. G. Drumhiller's bay gelding had been conceded the least chance of any of the five horses to the post. When "boots and saddles" was sounded he was quoted as a 30 to 1 shot. The public's support was equally divided between Murphy and Toe The Mark, which ran second and third, respectively. They were 3 to 5 choices, and the opinion obtained that they held the race between them.

Roscoe Goose broke from the barrier in the van and managed to weather a stubborn challenge by Murphy all the way. It was a real race between them, Toe The Mark not joining in the issue until the horses had turned into the stretch, when the colt passed the rapidly tiring Lancelot and advanced to third place, finishing just a half length behind Murphy.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Two-year-olds; maidens; claiming; purse $600; five furlongs. Brown Bill, 107 pounds (Pollard), 10 to 1, 3 to 1, 6 to 5, first; Secretary, 112 (Rodriguez), even, 2 to 5, second; Elizabeth May, 108 (Wilds), 7 to 1, 2 to 1, even, third. Time—1:03. Home Guard, Martha Gray, Finger Bowl and Puzzle also ran.

SECOND RACE—Two-year-olds; maidens; claiming; purse $700; five furlongs. Reluctant, 112 pounds (Lyke), 1 to 2, 1 to 5, out, first; Tony Sutton, 112 (Collins), 15 to 1, 5 to 1, 3 to 2, second; Calithump, 106 (Garner), 15 to 1, 5 to 1, 5 to 2, third. Time—1:04. Echoland, American Maid, Sea Board, Magic Castle and Alice Atkin also ran.

THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. She Devil, 102 pounds (Roberts), 8 to 1, 5 to 2, even, first; Beau Brummel II., 102 (Murray), 10 to 1, 3 to 1, 1 to 2, second; Betsy, 107 (Heupel), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 7 to 5, third. Time—1:17 3-5. Ruvoco, Propaganda, Banyan, Annie Edgar, Dr. Shafer and Early Sight also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Roscoe Goose, 105 pounds (Rodriguez), 30 to 1, 6 to 5, 5 to 2, first; Murphy, 116 (Ponce), 8 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 3, second; Toe the Mark, 115 (Thurber), 11 to 5, 3 to 5, 1 to 5, third. Time—1:09 4-5. Iron Boy and Lancelot also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; Texas Purse, $800; one mile and a sixteenth. The Wit, 108 pounds (McTaggart), 6 to 1, 6 to 5, 1 to 3, first; Summer Sigh, 109 (Thurber), 6 to 1, 6 to 5, 1 to 3, second; Chief, 109 (Rodriguez), 7 to 1, 2 to 1, 3 to 5, third. Time—1:49 1-5. Fizer and Romeo also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and an eighth. Bar One, 106 pounds (Garner), 11 to 10, 1 to 3, out, first; Capital City, 111 (Mooney), 3 to 1, 1 to 2, out, second; Tags, 107 (Long), 15 to 1, 4 to 1, 2 to 1, third. Time—1:58. Great Gull, Austral and Harvey Smarr also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile. Speedster, 104 pounds (Mooney), 11 to 6, 7 to 10, 1 to 3, first; Waukeag, 106 (Roberts), 7 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, second; Berlin, 107 (Babin), 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 8 to 5, third. Time—1:43. Glen Well, Broom Pedler and War Club also ran.

Weather clear; track slow.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $800; claiming; for two-year-old fillies; five and a half furlongs. Segurola 105 pounds, Repent 100, Fading Star 110, Mary Heck 110, Dora W. 100, Gladys 105, Mary Fosse 107.

SECOND RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Pueblo 100 pounds, Murray 120, Nancy Ann 102, Royden 113, Gloom 106, Wild Flower 103, Adams 113, Gaulois 113.

THIRD RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Vangylania 104 pounds, Lloyd George 107, Tarrason 112, Kirstie's Cub 107, Lover's Lane 11. 104, Jack Straw 107, Burgoyne 107, Balarosa 105, Amackassin 115, Jock Scot 115, Parrish 107, Early Sight 106, Tiger Rose 90, American Rose 104, Old Sinner 104, Onbo 104. Also eligible: Oaklawn Belle 100.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for two-year-olds; one mile. Tom Roach 107 pounds, Pimlico 107, Tan Son 108, Ionia 102, Day Lily 109, Fantoche 114, Huen 107.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,000; Ouchita Handicap; for all ages; six furlongs. Smart Gus 98 pounds, Charlie Leydecker 100, Eddie Hickenbacker 120, Bunga Buck 105, Sterling 113, Vice Chairman 104.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Dancing Spray 90 pounds, Hindoostan 107, Madge F. 99, Young Adam 109, Trooper 102, Tantajus, 104, Tom McTaggart 113, Barry Shannon 102, Raider 102, Pastoral Swain 100, Phalaris 102.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Lieutenant Perkins 111 pounds, She Devil 101, Adelante 101, Circulate 106, Betsy 108, Harvey Smith 112, Lucilus 108, Sandy Mac 103, Russia M. 104, Lady Ward 106, Malvolio 111, Kingling II. 104, On High 92, Kebo 105, Billy Stuart 100.

Weather clear; track slow.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; 5½ furlongs. *Eastern Glow 102 pounds, *Jack Dawson 104, Grey Rump 107, *Stiletto 107, Ava R. 107, Sentry 110, *Twenty-seven 110, Durelia 112, Rora 112, Omame 115, Shasta 115, Sinn Feiner 115.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $700; 5½ furlongs. Creta 97 pounds, Perhaps 97, *Winall 97, *Sleepy Dear 100, Coomba 105, Tige 105, Get 'Em 109.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; 5½ furlongs. *Incinerator 103 pounds, *Punctual 102, *Vilion 107, *Juanita III. 107, Matrack 107, Slade 110, *Legutal 110, James M. 112, Snow Queen 115, Miss Sweep 112, Kernan 112, Bronco Billy 118.

FOURTH RACE—For all ages; handicap; claiming; purse $800; 5½ furlongs. Discussion 106 pounds, Assumption 106, Mumbo Jumbo 110, Osgood 111.

FIFTH RACE—For all ages; purse $800; 5½ furlongs. Lackawanna 105 pounds; Belle o' Elizabethtown 105, Helen Atkin 105, Purbelow 105, Different Eyes 109, American Ace 118.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and fifty yards. *Doublet II. 97 pounds, *Timothy J. Hogan 103, *Hunter Platt 103, *Black Thong 108, Blazonry 113.

*Five pounds apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track good.

BREADMAN COMES FROM REAR TO WIN

Game Sprinter, Off Last, Is Victor by a Nose in Chief Event on Havana Card.

HAVANA, Cuba, Dec. 15.—Favorites, second choices and long shots divided the card at Oriental Park today. The events were decided over a fairly good track.

There was no feature carded, but the chief interest centred in the running of the fourth event, a sprint at five and one-half furlongs. Breadman was returned the winner in this match. The horse ran a remarkable race, as he was off last, and was forced wide for the entire trip. But he closed gamely and won by a nose. Attaboy II., the odds-on choice, was always close to the pace, but tired badly at the end. Penelope was third.

Cabin Creek, neglected long shot, managed to win the first race by a nose, with Rama second, a head in front of Willow Tree.

The finish in the third race was very close, the first three horses finishing necks and heads apart. Slippery Silver gained the decision, with Red second and Kewassa third.

The fifth race went to the Blue Duke and the last race was won by Clip.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Purse $700; for two-year-olds; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Cabin Creek, 113 pounds (Eames), 6 to 1, 2 to 1, out, first; Rama, 116 (Kennedy), 6 to 5, 1 to 5, out, second; Willow Tree, 103 (McCoy), 8 to 5, 3 to 5, out, third. Time—1:09 3-5. Roseate, and Cigale also ran.

SECOND RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Military Girl, 97 pounds (McCoy), 1 to 2, 1 to 4, 1 to 8, first; White Crown, 109 (Crump), 4 to 1, 7 to 5, 7 to 10, second; Jack Healy, 109 (Connors), 12 to 1, 5 to 1, 2 to 1, third. Time—1:08 4-5. Cavan Boy, Princess Myrtle, Raven Sea, Lady Hester, El Coronel, Bungara and Garbage also ran.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Slippery Silver, 107 pounds (Pickens), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, first; Red, 104 (Francis), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, second; Kewassa, 102 (Penman), 3 to 1, 2 to 1, even, third. Time—1:09 3-5. Superior, Miss Clelland, Sain Rose, Abbess, Guardsman, Marty Lou and Paula V. also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $800; for three-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Breadman, 108 pounds (Garner), 3 to 5, even, 2 to 5, first; Attaboy II., 105 (Kennedy), 7 to 10, 1 to 3, 1 to 6, second; Penelope, 109 (Connors), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:08 3-5. Asurita, Hush and Drapery also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; six furlongs. The Blue Duke, 113 pounds (Crump), 6 to 5, 1 to 2, 6 to 5, first; Black Prince, 105, (Hunt), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, second; The Belgian II., 118 (Campbell), 12 to 1, 5 to 1, 5 to 2, third. Time—1:15 3-5. Darnley, Gus Scheer, Bierman, Brother McLean and American Soldier also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and fifty yards. Clip, 105 pounds (Kennedy), 8 to 5, 7 to 10, 1 to 3, first; Dragoon, 116 (Eames), 3 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, second; Semper Stalwart, 109 (Crump), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, third. Time—1:48 2-5. Leonara P., Bonna Grafton, Leinster, Short Change, Misericorde and Plantarede also ran.

BANTAM BOUT NEXT IN LINE.

Herman-Lynch Tilt Next Week to Be Third Title Clash in Garden.

With the heavyweight championship battle out of the way, local boxing enthusiasts will now turn their attention to the world's batamweight championship match, which will be held at Madison Square Garden next Wednesday night. On that occasion Pete Herman of New Orleans, title-holder, will defend his laurels against the crack west side boxer, Joe Lynch. The men will box fifteen rounds to a decision and will weigh in at the prescribed batamweight limit, 118 pounds, at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of the contest. To guarantee this weight and their appearance the managers of both boxers have posted forfeits of $5,000.

This match will mark the third world's championship battle in the Garden in the space of a month. Benny Leonard and Jack Dempsey, lightweight and heavyweight class leaders, respectively, were the other two champions to defend their laurels. Whether Herman will have as much success as his fistic contemporaries however, is a mooted question. In Lynch he will be tackling one of the most dangerous contenders for the midget crown. In addition to the title, a $2,500 championship belt, studded with diamonds, will be at stake.

ARRANGE BENEFIT BOUTS.

Star Boxers to Aid Widowed Mother of Mickey Shannon.

A quartet of bouts have been arranged as part of the extensive card of boxing matches which will be conducted at the Fourth Regiment Armory, Jersey City, Monday night, for the benefit of the widowed mother of Mickey Shannon, who died following a recent bout in the Jersey City drill shed. Three of the matches are six-round bouts and the other is a four-round contest. The six-round encounters will be between Charlie Pilkington and Artie Shick, Battling Reddy and Tommy Farrel and Earl Baird and Terry Davis. The four-round match will bring together Harry Mulcahey and Jimmy Carter.

NAVY ARRANGES MEETS.

Draws Up Formidable Swimming Schedule for Coming Season.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Dec. 15.—With a good schedule of matches arranged and plenty of good material from which to select its performers, Navy is looking forward to a particularly fine swimming season. It is altogether likely that the midshipmen will have a team in the intercollegiate association's event in the Columbia pool, New York, on March 19. The schedule follows:

Jan. 15, Johns Hopkins; 22, University of Pennsylvania; 29, Princeton; Feb. 5, University of Pittsburgh; 12, Columbia; 19, Massachusetts Tech.

Pacer Is Buried in Track.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 15.—John R. Gentry, world-famous pacer, dead here of old age, was buried today in the infield of the track at the State Fair Grounds, formerly Cumberland Park, with ceremonies befitting the King of the Turf.

Clark Five Beats Brunonians.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 15.—Clark College of Worcester defeated Brown University by the score of 36 to 35 here tonight in the first college basketball game of the season.

MOTORBOAT FANS

Exhibits Not the Only Magnet of Annual Show, Especially With Racing Contingent.

Although a majority of the many who visited the Motor Boat Show in the Grand Central Palace yesterday found their interest in the boats, motors and gear exhibited, still there were numerous others who proved to be even more interested in the meeting of the American Power Boat Association, which was held yesterday, and always is one of the features of Motor Boat Show week, particularly with the racing contingent.

Alfred L. Judson, President of the association, presided, and various sections were represented. A Racing Commission was appointed and so were the following committees: Advisory Technical, Standardization, Challenge Cups, Aids to Navigation and Legislative.

A challenge was received from Commodore Charles F. Chapman for the Cruising Championship Trophy, which is held at present by the New York Athletic Club, having been won last Summer by Harry A. Jackson's Victory. Commodore Chapman did not nominate the club through or with which he will contend for the trophy or name the challenging yacht. It is not necessary, according to the rules, to do either until ten days before the race. It is believed, however, that the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club will be the club and Chapman's power boat Farad the craft selected.

The Shelter Island Yacht Club applied for admission to the association, and was admitted yesterday at the meeting. The club's delegates suggested that Shelter Island be made the terminus of the championship race, and it is probable that it will be. The race is expected to be started on some Friday evening during the Summer, so that the yachts may arrive at their destination the following morning in time for the owners and their guests to enjoy the events the club proposes to hold on that day.

A challenge for the Harmsworth or International Cup, is expected within the next few days from England, several cabled communications having passed between the American and British power boating officials during the last few days. The British suggested that a challenge would be forthcoming on condition that certain inconsequential alterations were made in the conditions, and, as these were all for the best of the sport, they were changed at the meeting yesterday. Detroit is anxious to have the races for the Harmsworth Trophy held near that city, but as yet nothing has been decided upon definitely in that respect.

The annual meeting of the National Association of Engine and Boat Manufacturers is to be held this afternoon, and it is probable that, as a result of the success of the show this year, which is being held so much earlier than usual, the association may decide on a repetition of the early show next year.

The 1921 will be an unusually active one in motor boating, particularly in racing, as demonstrated by the appended schedule, which, to date, includes the following important events:

Feb. 10, 11 and 12, Fisher Trophy races at Miami, Fla.; July 9, New York to Block Island race; July 30, New York to Belmar race; Aug. 11, 12 and 13, Fisher Trophy races at Buffalo, N. Y.; Aug. 17, 18 and 19, Thousand Island Challenge Cup races on the St. Lawrence River; Aug. 20, Cruising Championship of America race on the St. Lawrence; Aug. 27, 29 and 30, Gold Cup, one-mile championship, and Wood Fisher Trophy races, off Detroit; Sept. 3, 5 and 6, (tentative), races for Harsworth Trophy, on Lake St. Clair off Detroit; Sept. 5, 6 and 7, races at Toronto.

HARLEY TO COACH NINE.

Former Major Leaguer Will Have Charge of Pitt Baseball Team.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 15.—Dick Harley, former major league baseball player, has again been engaged to coach the nine next season, according to a statement made public today by Pitt athletic officials.

The Pitt baseball schedule for 1921 is being drafted at the present time. On the Eastern invasion Pitt will meet Yale, Brown, Holy Cross and Rhode Island State. Gerald Brady of Yonkers, N. Y., is captain of the 1921 team, and E. W. Brown of Erie, Pa., manager.

Yes, Overcoat Prices Are Down, But—



—they have gone down to their lower levels "on their own"—haven't been accompanied by any lowered standards.

* * *

These stores have but one standard—a standard always and without exception devoted to highest attainable ideals in correct styling, superior fabric and expert tailoring.

* * *

That is why our present overcoat reductions are of such supreme importance—why the large savings are particularly compelling.

* * *

Every type of correct overcoat for every usage is included—you will find your requirements matched by the assortments.

* * *

Reduced prices $42.50 to $89.50—on which the savings run from $7.50 to $35.50. Burberry Overcoats also substantially reduced.

Satisfactory Wear Guaranteed

Weber and Heilbroner

Clothiers, Haberdashers and Hatters—Thirteen Stores

*241 Broadway | *1185 Broadway | 58 Nassau
345 Broadway | *44th & Broadway | 150 Nassau
775 Broadway | 1363 Broadway | 20 Cortlandt
*30 Broad | *42nd & 5th Ave.

*Clothing at these stores

*381 Fulton St., Borough Hall, Brooklyn | *800 Broad St., Newark



REDUCTIONS in Men's High Shoes DURING DECEMBER

Made by The John A. Frye Shoe

Lasts and patterns exclusively our own design.

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY
BROADWAY AT 40TH STREET
NEW YORK.
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE BUILDING



The Joker Runs Wild

You may have those good old "four-of-a-kind" that business scientists deem sufficient for success:—ability, reliability, energy, action.

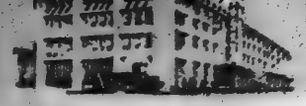
But life is a game where the joker runs wild—and you'd better fill your hand with that fifth essential—good appearance.

"G.G.G."-Clothes for men-young and old

are worn by the best appearing men in town—and by more of them than any other brand New York can offer.

at 68 stores, conveniently located—their names are yours for the asking

WILLIAM P. GOLDMAN & BROS., INC., NEW YORK
MAKERS OF "G.G.G." CLOTHES FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN
"Fashioned for Fifth Avenue—Famed Everywhere"



When we began business with our policy of "Speed with Economy" in building moderate-size factories and warehouses, we said "We'll confine ourselves to New York City and vicinity."

But pretty soon we found owners and architects from other cities calling us—they too wanted "Speed with Economy."

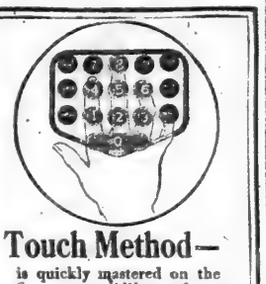
Now we build factories and warehouses anywhere in New York State, Northern New Jersey, Connecticut, Rhode Island and Western Massachusetts.

Going to build? Phone Bryant 2098, or write us—110 W. 40th St., New York.

Barney-Ahlers

Industrial Construction

"Speed with Economy"



Touch Method—

is quickly mastered on the SUNDSTRAND. All keys at finger tips—scientifically arranged in "one, two, three" order inspire phenomenal speed.

Sundstrand FIGURING MACHINE

combines the perfections that make it the greatest figuring machine you can buy.

We will demonstrate in your own office at your convenience.

U. S. ADDING MACHINE CO. 101 Park Ave., New York City, N. Y. Telephone Vanderbilt 8323



To Exporters *and all* Merchants *trading with* Mexico

The best and most effective advertising medium in the Republic of Mexico is an attractive card placed in each of the 350 electric street cars of Mexico City. For terms apply direct to the

PUBLICITY AGENT
MEXICO TRAMWAYS COMPANY
P. O. Box 490, Mexico, D. F.
or to the
CANADIAN ENGINEERING AGENCY, INC.
115 Broadway, New York City

WHITE SHADOWS IN THE SOUTH SEAS

I've Married Marjorie

By Margaret Widdemer

Author of "The Rose-Garden Husband."

Marjorie has spirit. Miss Widdemer has humor, and the story is delightful.

$1.75 *at bookstores or from*

Harcourt, Brace & Howe, 1 W. 47 St., N.Y.

Baby Coughs

require treatment with a remedy that contains no opiates. Piso's is mild, pleasant to take. Ask your druggist for

PISO'S

ASKED IN POKER SUIT

Coler Invokes Old Statute to Collect From Krohnberg Five Times His Winnings.

FIRST CASE OF ITS KIND

Public Welfare Department to Use Penalty, If Assessed, in Relieving Distress.

A unique suit was filed yesterday in the Supreme Court by Bird S. Coler, Commissioner of Public Welfare, through the Corporation Counsel, against Louis Krohnberg, a manufacturer, living at 879 West End Avenue, to recover for the benefit of the poor $231,000, representing, according to the complaint, five times the sums losers in stud poker games are alleged to have paid to Krohnberg. The suit is the outcome of stories told by players to the effect that Krohnberg, known as "Last Card Louis," had cheated by means of marked cards which he had introduced into the games.

So far as the Corporation Counsel has been able to learn this is the first instance where Section 889 of the Penal Code has ever been invoked under similar circumstances in the courts. The section reads:

"A person who acts or receives from another, directly or indirectly, any money or other valuable thing by reason of the same having been won by playing cards, faro or any other game of chance or any bet or wager whatever upon the hands or sides of the players forfeits five times the value of the money or thing so exacted or received, to be recovered by a civil action by persons charged with the support of the poor in the place where the offense was committed."

The complaint, drawn by Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien, sets forth that "between the 1st day of June, 1919, and the 31st day of December, 1919, the defendant at his home, Ninety-ninth Street and West End Avenue, at 782 West End Avenue, at the Hotel McAlpin, at the Palace Hotel and at Dessiaurs Hotel in the Borough of Queens engaged with J. M. Silverman, Henry Silverfield, Samuel Lewis, Charles Pillar, Hyman Karp, John Mack, Joseph M. Schenck and J. H. Mark at cards and thereby won, exacted and received from said persons the sum of $66,300.

The complaint alleges that "by reason of the premises the plaintiff is entitled to recover from the defendant the sum of $331,500, being five times the sum of defendant's winnings."

Commenting on the suit, Commissioner Coler said:

"We certainly could use the money right now in our work. If we win the suit, every dollar received will accomplish great good in alleviating distress among our poor."

Joseph M. Schenck, mentioned in the papers, is the film producer and husband of Norma Talmadge, the motion picture star. As the story of the now famous $300,000 stud poker series was told along the Rialto, it was at Schenck's Park Avenue home on New Year's night that the discovery of marked cards was made and the game ended in a row. At these parties, it was said, upwards of $15,000 was won and lost on the turn of a card. While $300,000 was the amount generally conceded to have been lost by the group of players, several of them have been reluctant to come forward and admit their losses, it was said.

Krohnberg, who is President of the Bijou Waist Company, 303 Fifth Avenue, was indicted by the Grand Jury in March under a section of the penal law relating to cheating in a game of chance. He pleaded not guilty and retained Max D. Steuer to represent him. In October Krohnberg sought to have the indictment dismissed, but the court reserved decision.

Small Profit Taken on Skirts.

An example of the very small margins taken by garment manufacturers in their desire to keep operating was furnished yesterday by a woolen salesman, who cited a recent transaction of a skirt maker. This called for a sale of some 2,650 skirts at a profit calculated to be 5 cents a skirt or $100 on the entire order. The purchase was first guaranteed by the buyer before the manufacturer bought his dress goods. Of the latter he took sixty-five pieces. It was explained that so small a profit as 5 cents a skirt would be difficult to estimate with any great certainty of arriving at just that amount. The instance was related, however, to indicate what close price marking is being done in the ready-to-wear trade.

Silk Exposition Plans.

The educational side of the International Silk Exposition to be held at the Grand Central Palace, Feb. 7 to 12, is receiving special attention from those who are preparing for the event. The process of manufacturing silks will be shown from the raw material stage to that of the finished product. Chinese girl reelers have arrived in Seattle on Jan. 3, and a similar group from Japan on Jan. 11. Printing machines capable of turning out 60 yards a minute in eight colors will be among the exhibits. Howard Greenley, the well known architect, has been placed in charge of the hall arrangement and decorations, and Alexander Leftwich, of the Frohman forces, will direct the pageant.

Raw Silk Price Maintained.

Rumors which have been heard in the silk trade, to the effect that the Japanese Raw Silk Syndicate was not maintaining the standard price, were dispelled by a cable received yesterday by the Silk Association of America. An inquiry was directed to the National Association of the Raw Silk Industry of Japan to which the following answer was received: "The management of the Raw Silk Syndicate will not be changed, and its policy is being carried out as planned. The standard price will be maintained absolutely in the future. There is no cause for any anxiety." The maintained price is 1,500 yen per picul, Sinshui No. 1.

Ostrich and Feather Features.

The present and Spring demand for flowers and feathers is rather quiet at the moment, but with several bright spots in the business. Ostrich fans, in both solid colors and two toned combinations, are quite active. A general range of colors is desired, with some emphasis placed on burnt orange, jade green and turquoise. Flowers are wanted at the moment for decorating silk hats of medium size. They are featured in applique or flat effects. The general demand is for goods wanted immediately and, following a temporary lull, the manufacturers and importers look forward to a steady volume of orders on the new basis of every day purchasing.

Willing to Pay More Later.

The buying psychology principally noted at present in the textile lines is that of being unwilling to make purchases now, even though prices are considered at bed rock. The attitude of clothing and garment manufacturers is one of awaiting developments, even though such developments may include paying higher prices. Another factor which is causing hesitation is the desire to see if the near future may not bring new styles. The style element, it is said, is becoming increasingly important as prices have declined to their natural levels and the markets begin to offer fewer bargains. Summed up, the idea of buyers of silk, dress goods and woolens is that it is better to wait for more settled conditions, even though small advances must be paid later.

Combines History With Millinery.

History is combined with millinery in some of the new Spring hats which are being offered to the trade here by a leading manufacturer. This manufacturer is showing a number of models developed in Cleopatra cloth, which is horsehair fabric interwoven with tinsel. In order to carry out the historical allusion—Cleopatra committed suicide by permitting a poison adder to sting her—the manufacturer has trimmed these hats with snakeskin ribbon. A swathed turban of Cleopatra cloth, in which orange-colored tinsel was used with the horsehair, is trimmed by having snake-

Drug Stocks Being Liquidated.

Liquidation in crude drugs is widespread, Drug and Chemical Markets will say today, owing to the continuance of heavy imports at low prices. Holders are sacrificing everything, and products which have had a semblance of firmness are weakening under the pressure of lots offered on the open market. Price movements in fine chemicals are still tending to lower levels. Trading in heavy chemicals is limited by the scarcity of lots in second hands and the stand taken by manufacturers against making reductions until there is likely to be an increase in business. Dealers in resale lots of dyes and intermediates have found that radical price cutting has had little effect on buyers and have stopped trying to get business in this way.

One Way to Get Goods Cheap.

A method of getting goods cheaply, which is said to be practiced by a combination of ready-to-wear stores, was explained here yesterday. According to the explanation, a buyer for one of the largest of the stores goes to "selected" manufacturers early in the season, and, under promise of large business to come later at full prices, induces them to sell him a quantity of goods at concessions. Not long afterward another buyer in the group will make the same promise for the same purpose. If the manufacturers demur, charges of discrimination are made by the buyer, and there is talk of taking the business somewhere else. The manufacturers usually give in. This is repeated four or five times, and the goods obtained are divided among the stores concerned. If enough manufacturers are caught an entire season may be gone through without any merchandise being bought at full prices.

SALE OF OVERCOATINGS.

Prices Ruling Low at American Woolen Company's Auction.

The high mark in prices established at the auction of overcoatings being held by Burling Dole & Co. for the American Woolen Company was reached yesterday afternoon when $4.22½ a yard was paid for some high grade plaid back materials. These brought approximately 60 cents on the dollar of the opening price. Both jobbers and manufacturers bought from the offerings, although the operators were not represented as well as they might be. The labor trouble in the local clothing industry has kept many large factors out of the sale. A large tailor-to-the-trade house was one of the most conspicuous buyers.

Values on all but the fancy back constructions suffered from a lack of interest, even though the quotations were considered less than those for which duplicate materials can be obtained in the market. One of the low marks was established by the sale of shetland overcoatings from the Globe mill. These went for $3.05 to $3.10, though they were opened last year for around $8.50. Following is a list of the price ranges on different lines offered: Burlington, $1.25 to $1.45; Sawyer, $1.12½ to $1.00; Assabet, $2.20; Chase, $1.10; Oakland, 91 cents to $1; Onnegan, 78 to 85 cents; Moosup, $1; Baltic, $1.17½ to $1.25, and frieze, $1.18 to $1.32½; Washington, $1.17½ to $1.47½; Ray, mackinaws, 87 to 95 cents, overcoating, 85 cents to $1; Assabet, meltons, $1.12½ to $1.40; Whitestones, 79½ to 83 cents; Waverley, contrasting backs, $1.72½ to $2.10, fancy backs, $2.25 to $2.42½; Foxcroft, fancy backs, $2.40 to $2.92½; Globe, meltons, $3.05 to $3.10, and shetlands, $2.67½ to $2.80; Beoli, melton, contrasting backs, $3.37½ to $4.22½.

The lively call for plaid back overcoatings was said to be due to the scarcity of such goods. During the war the mills did not bother much with worsteds, since these took longer, to make than wool goods. The result was that few worsteds or fancy goods were made, creating a dearth of these in the market. For this reason plaid back coatings have been in demand at better prices than for other constructions.

About two-thirds of the sale offerings have so far been disposed of at the auction, and it was felt at the closing time yesterday that the remaining lots could be sold in the session today.

Failures in Textiles.

Failures in the textile trades reported to R. G. Dun & Co. for the week ended yesterday were 14, against 15 the previous week and 12 in the corresponding week last year. Liabilities were $1,000,000, against $1,000,000 and $1,000,000.

Business Troubles.

Against Herman F. and Herman Fuehr.

Jesse K. Codling and Edward Keating as American Fuel and Shipping Co., 17 Battery Place, by Uhrbrock, Davis Coal Co., $865,543; Rumford Coal Co., $55,579, and Prime, Friend & Co., Inc., $91,852. The firm, operating registered trade style of American Fuel and Shipping Co., was a wholesale coke business and has been a large

COUNTRY PRODUCTS CORPORATION, Bankruptcy Has Been Filed—The Country Products Corporation, at 42 St., by these creditors: Penn Lab, $344; Compville Dairy Co., $95, and & Burns Co., $324.

PELZ, FRIEDMAN & HAUSMAN—Petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Pelz, Samuel Friedman and Hausman, copartners, trading as Hausman & Hausman, manufacturers of clothing at 714 Broadway, and conducting a retail store under the name of Man's Shop, at 401 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y., by these creditors: B. Ribens, $1,000; Arthur Greenberger, $1,000, and Abraham Weinstein, $1,000. An assignment was also made to Max Hellfund.

M. S. MUSLIN UNDERWEAR COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against M. S. Muslin Underwear Company, manufacturing underwear at 373 Broadway, by these creditors: Columbia Paper Company, $32; H. Greenstein, $147, and Epson, $300. An assignment was also made to Henry Lesser.

GOODWEAR RAINPROOF MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Aronstein and Jack Wiener, copartners trading as Goodwear Rainproof Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of raincoats, at 51 East Broadway, by George W. Peterson, a creditor for $1,251. Judge Knox has appointed Robert P. Stephenson receiver in $2,000 bond. It is stated that the liabilities may exceed $20,000 and that the assets probably do not amount to more than $4,000.

VINCENT PAPORA.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Vincent Papora, wholesale and retail grocer, at 250 Second Avenue, by these creditors: Robbins & Co., Inc., $816; Rockhill & Co., Inc., $675, and Austin, Nichols & Co., Inc., $1,047.40. It is stated that the liabilities are about $10,000 and the assets about $500.

SPIEGELMAN BROTHERS, a dealer in shoes, at 229 Rivington Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $2,687 and assets of $450, consisting of stock, fixtures. Among the creditors are A. Bates & Co., $1,760, and Salny & Rosen, $1,200.

PEERLESS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION, exporter to South America, 170 Fulton Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $468,270 and $50,504 is secured claims, and assets of $461,915, consisting of stock, $375; fixtures in New York and Japan, $1,070; accounts, $78,765; stocks, bonds, &c., and deposits, $1,302. Among the secured creditors are the National City Bank, $15,689; the Irving National Bank and Leon Israel & Brother, $9,520.

MERIT DRESS COMPANY, INC., trading as Merit Dress House, at 136 West Thirty-first Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $20,301 and assets of $6,711, consisting of stock in trade, $2,760; machinery, fixtures, &c., $1,009; accounts, $3,133; security for lease, $500, and disputed claim, $378.

L. K. SALES COMPANY, INC., dealer in dress goods, at 136 West Twenty-fifth Street and 1,037 Broadway, Brooklyn, N. Y., has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $20,301 and assets of $1,539, the main items of which are stock, $1,000, and cash in bank, $464.

MANBIZ & METZGER—Judge Knox has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Nov. 20 against Manber & Metzger, shoes, at 875 Forrest Avenue, on consent of creditors.

In Brooklyn.

ROSE H. HERSHAIN—A petition in bankruptcy was filed against Rose H. Hershain, 172 Utica Avenue, Brooklyn, by Tapkin, $62.62; Rubinowitz Bros., $45, and J. Haberman, $145.37.

STAG KNIT-WEAR MILLS.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed against Stag Knit-Wear Mills, 511 Abraham Honig, individually and as partners, trading as Stag Knit-Wear Mills, 511 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn, by Samuel and Louis Radlat, $756; Abraham Pinter, $450, and Isaac Becker, $160.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Anderson, Frederick W.—105 West 55th Street, Inc. $716.84
American Ry. Express Co.—H. Fabian 1,047.40
Brockdorff, Eric—M. C. Katz et al 582.29
Beacon Products Co., Inc.—P. Weiser et al. 1,467.20
Baker, George H.—Republic Laboratories, Inc. 10,735.55
Babcock, Harry G.—Brunswick Motor Sales Co., Inc. 160.42
Beiser, Robert G.—State Bank 332.77
Bennett, John W.—E. Reardon 1,237.92
Bossak, Jacob (J. Bossak & Co.) ..... [illegible]
Goodman 506.20
Biggins, John M.—McClaren Rubber ..... [illegible]
Williams ..... [illegible]
Carroll, Edw. L.—S. Goldberg 1,059.20
Cohen, Samoe)—Municipal Bank 144.90
Clarkson, Frederick G.—Brewster Tire Service, Inc. 174.10
Doyle, Sarah E.—E. Halle 400.91
Daly, Aloysius—S. Gabriel 157.44
Drukker, Echeverria & Co., Inc.—Mail and Express Co. 225.00
Di Stefano, John, and Angelo Grillo—C. Bosna 320.27
Dorfman, Mayer—L. Edlin et al. 10,693.48
De Ridder, Stanislaus and Peter H. Charles—E. B. Leary 12,602.32
Elbahtz, Chaim—Peterborough Rapid Transit Co., costs 108.05
Fox, Charles D.—F. Stigrin & Bros. Inc. 374.00
Five, Louis—State Bank 230.85
Friedberger, Morris—F. Fleischer 302.80
Frenz, George D.—E. Brower 363.85
Forster, Oscar C.—C. Goodbaum 118.50
Graf, Charles B. (Graphic Therapy Institute)—American Newspaper Publishers Association, Inc. 381.07
Graves, Thomas D.—C. D. Griffith et al. 948.70
Ghisladi, Raphael—L. Widder 170.15
Gerbauiet, Inc.—O. J. Costello 233.00
Garelik, A. Louis—First Nat. Bank of Edgewater 2,373.20
Goodwin, Arthur H.—H. P. Thompson 216.70
James, Raphael S.—Abraham & Straus, Inc. 209.28
Johansen, Ingovald, and Ole Olsen—Charles Gory & Son 184.43
Kern, Joseph H.—L. Newman 116.51
Keap Warehouse, Inc.—J. Reiss et al. 470.92
Kirby, Hugh L.—D. J. Andrea et al. 287.50
Kaplowitz, Cyrus—C. Silvasani 133.70
Katz, Charles, and Louis Zukerkandell (Katz & Zukerkandell), Max Schwartz and Jacob Lerner (Schwartz & Lerner)—Commercial Exchange Bank 1,323.60
Koppenhagen, Berna C.—L. C. Miller 1,912.45
Same—Same 1,912.45
Krakower, Max—A. S. Gogel 207.00
Kobren, Abe—Harrison High Grade Ice Cream Co., Inc. 121.65
Kaplan, Samuel—S. Wallach 117.83
Kosch, Harry C.—H. J. Lynch 413.68
Kantor, Samuel, and Abraham Blakeley (as Liquidating Committee)—Lincoln Mercantile Co., Inc. 4,167.91
Lise, Harry J., or Harry J. Loise and Solomon Biagalow—People, &c. 1,500.00
Loeb, George E.—Pomeroy Pearl and Diamond Co., Inc. 1,033.00
Levey, Clarence D.—W. F. Clare 1,016.96
Lange, Charles A.—W. A. Hoeland 1,266.17
Lyons, Michael—American Equitable Assurance Co. 130.20
Ludich, John (Astoria Hand Laundry) and Joseph Kosich—L. Godfish 120.20
Mirenburg, Herman—C. W. Hodell 4,804.80
McIntyre, Samuel—Mack Rubber Co. of N. Y. 871.45
N. Y. Life Ins. Co.—J. Schoenholz 1,606.20
Nyquist, Sven—Madison Tire and Rubber Co., Inc. 342.20
Perlongo, Marco (Co. Perlongo)—M. Pollifino 592.22
Parker, John—H. Milgrim & Bros., Inc. 183.70
Reynolds, Sophie—D. O'Rourke 3,025.89
Rottinger, William—Grant Industrial Savings Bank 2,361.78
Sokolic, Anthony—Lawson & Co. 4,278.25
Schultz, Max J.—G. Mawhinney 2,133.90
Schwartz, Angelo L.—A. Ehrenpreis 1,000.70
Same—G. F. Scagel 232.20
Schultz, Irene—E. J. Gould 264.20
Universal Transportation Co., Inc.—Marconi Wireless Telegraph Co. of America 2,712.33
Wade, Henry C., and Samuel Lichtenforf (Ideal Advertising Watch Co.)—W. K. Bedell 243.76
Warshaw, I.—S. Kesner 128.20
Warner, Norman—H. J. Lynch 232.00
Williams, John D.—Algonquin Hotel Co., Inc. 265.53
Zitenfield, Julius—L. Salting 277.90

In Bronx County.

Allessandro, Sebastiano—P. A. Zanello $24.41
Di Stefano, John, and Angelo Grillo—A. Bosna 320.27
Ertel, Mary—A. Palfy 344.50
Hurburt Motors, Inc.—National Assn. Bldg. Corp. 1,820.30
N. Y. Velodrome Co.—Inc.—Lewis Wrecking Co. 13,230.28
Ruehmkin, Jacob—W. Chaifin et al. 34.27
Stolberg, Joseph, and Max Sheiner—United Credit Union 79.94

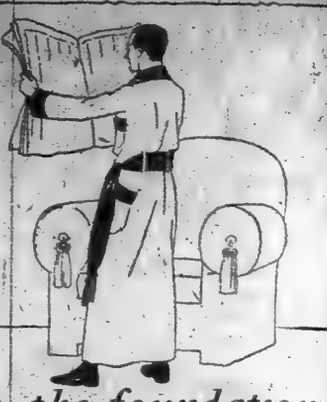
SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Lehrer, Max—Carl Schoen, Silk Corp., Nov. 27, 1920 ..... $723.45
Kirkham Co., Inc., and T. Hogan & Sons, Inc.—M. J. Coakley, Nov. 8, 1920 ..... 3,559.45
Norske Lloyd Ins. Co.—Columbia Trust Co., May 24, 1918 ..... 4,576.13
Prince, William S.—Bank of Europe, Oct. 26, 1917 ..... 332.07
Wyckoff, Richard D.—T. Ashbruner, May 23, 1918 ..... 3,220.67
Schaefer, Ethel E.—J. McLaurin, Dec. 7, 1920 ..... 238.20
Wyckoff, Richard D.—T. Ashbruner, Nov. 24, 1920 ..... 128.06

Brahl, John—Max Stiner & Co., June 16. ..... [illegible]



First, the foundation—then, the house

Good-dressers dress "from the skin out". They start with the *underwear*. For they know that the finest suit-of-clothes in the world hasn't a chance if it has to ride over baggy, bunchy underwear.

Reis Lavender Label Union Suits follow the curves of your body like insulation follows the wire. They fit, with an honest-John fit that hugs where you expect it to hug, and *makes way* wherever active muscles *want* way.

Personal liberty—that's Reis all over. Ask your dealer to tell you about the eight exclusive features of Reis Lavender Label Union Suits, or write us. Give your clothes a chance.

Medical authorities advise a *daily* change of underwear. Aside from any health-consideration, this is a real economy. The underwear lasts longer.

ROBERT REIS & CO., New York

Lavender Label

REIS

UNION SUITS

CHRISTMAS NEW-YEAR

McCue Bros. & Drummond

52 Broadway 1442 Broadway New York

Will deliver to bearer a Stetson of the value of _____ dollars as a *Christmas Greeting* from

No.— _____

A Xmas Gift Suggestion

GIFT that every man will appreciate—a

STETSON HAT

that he can choose for himself.

You buy the order
We deliver the hat

McCUE BROS. & DRUMMOND

High Grade Hats ONLY

52 Broadway Near Exchange Pl. 1442 Broadway Bet. 40 & 41 Sts.



The **Motrola**

A Christmas gift enjoyed every day in the year.

It winds any make o phonograph electrically.

Glorious freedom from hand winding! Just a touch of the button when changing a record, and the phonograph is electrically wound.

Records are far more enjoyable when the Motrola does the winding. Give a Motrola this Christmas. It will be appreciated every day in the year.

At any phonograph or electrical shop.

JONES-MOTROLA, INC., 29 W. 35TH ST.

Santa Fe

California

San Francisco Limited [exclusively] *California Limited* [first class]
Navajo
Missionary
Scout

"Santa Fe all the way"—
best of service

Grand Canyon on the way—
titan of chasms

Fred Harvey meals—
they set the standard

Faster time—
on the two Limiteds

The San Francisco Limited—first season.
The California Limited—twenty-second season.
Solid Sleeping-car trains—Faster time.
The other three trains carry tourist sleepers and chair cars in addition to regular Pullman equipment.

E. F. Burnett, Dist. Pass. Agent
A. T. & S. F. Ry.
Vincent Bldg., 302 Broadway
New York City, N. Y.
Phone Worth 3677

149

Count 'em

5 daily trains

"GEN—TUL—MUN!"



We Announce The

AUTOMOBILE NUMBER of

VANITY FAIR

EVERY MAN—

who ever owned, drove, saw, rode in, or swore at an automobile—or

who is directly interested in Art, Literature, The Stage, Celebrities, Clothes and Sports—or

who wants new view-points and fresh perspectives on the events of the metropolitan world—

IS GOING TO BUY THIS ISSUE OF VANITY FAIR

On Sale Now

This Issue Contains:

Over forty photographs of the new motor models, from the representative automobile builders of America. Cars that haven't been shown elsewhere, cars that won't be seen at all until the motor shows open, cars that show every new development in body building and every advanced idea in motor car construction. They're all in this issue of Vanity Fair.

Miscellaneous articles and essays by Hugh Walpole, Stephen Leacock, Walter Lippman, G. K. Chesterton, Simeon Strunsky, and other notable writers. Six new full-page portraits, including Thomas Hardy, Anna Pavlowa, and Charles Chaplin. An appreciation of Anders Zorn, the earliest photographs of Paul Manship's sculptures on the J. P. Morgan memorial, and the recent achievements of artists on the stage and screen. F. Scott Fitzgerald, Siegfried Sassoon, Thomas Burke, George St. Chappell—all contributors to this issue. Drawings by Fish, Ethel Plummer and Glenn Williams. And, to round out one of the best numbers of Vanity Fair ever published, there are four pages of good clothes for the well dressed man, and the usual accurate articles on Bridge and Finance.

Where's the Nearest News Stand?

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—Parr Bros.; J. L. Parr, shoes; impersonal.

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—Silverman & Silverman; Miss M. Silverman, hosiery, gloves. The Annex.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; A. A. Detective, linens, blankets, comforts; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Associated D. G. Co.; Mr. Plaut, shoes; dresses; 4 W. 37th.

BALTIMORE—Eight Style Cloak Co.; H. Braudenberg, misses' juniors' Spring coats, dresses; 1,161 B'way, Room 405.

BALTIMORE—A. J. Strauss & Co.; A. J. Strauss, pants materials; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Flower Cloak Mfg. Co.; E. Dessau, mfrs. cloaks, suits; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Isenberg Bros.; D. Rosenberg, ready-to-wear; 37 and 324.

BALTIMORE—Lazarus's Specialty Shop; M. Lazarus, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

BERMUDA, Hamilton—Joseph & Loeb, W. Vaughan, silks, cotton goods, woolens; 120 W. 32d.

Boston—Bowen Sons Co.; upstairs [illegible]

Boston—Miss [illegible] misses' dresses; Mrs. Millinery, New York, girls' beaver hats [illegible]

Boston—[illegible] upstairs; Miss E. Dresses, girls' jersey suits; 200 5th Av., Room 1010.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; [illegible] 48 4th Av.

CHICAGO—[illegible] Co.; G. J. Gerber, [illegible] W. Brodsack, [illegible] Co.; Mr. Bergman, [illegible] Co.; Mr. Bergman, [illegible] Co.; Mr. Bergman

City of Jersey City
New Jersey
Improvement 6% Bonds
Due 1923-1926
Tax exempt in New Jersey and free from all Federal Income Taxes. Legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Connecticut and other States. Eligible as security for Postal Savings Deposits.
Prices to yield from
5.50% to 5.75%
Circular on request for AG-358
The National City Company
Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: Fifth Ave. & 42d St.

City of Paterson
New Jersey
5½% Bonds
Due Nov. 1, 1930 to '59 Incl.
Prices to Yield
5.10% to 5%
Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York and New Jersey
Free of all Federal Income Taxes
Send for descriptive circular
E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston Philadelphia Albany
Buffalo Chicago San Francisco

W. F. Ladd & Co.
Investment Securities
New York

"European Financing in the United States."
Special circular D-50 sent on request
Merrill, Lynch & Co.
Investments
Commercial Paper
120 Broadway
New York
Members New York Stock Exchange

$50,000
Illinois Central R. R.
Purchased Lines 3½s
Due 1952
To Yield Over 5¾%
Blodget & Co.
34 Pine St.
New York
Boston Chicago Philadelphia

Irregular Movement of Stocks—Call Money Loans at 6 Per Cent.

Yesterday was the last day for some $700,000,000 of income tax collections; it was also the occasion for payment of $213,000,000 interest on the Victory bonds and for redemption of about $700,000,000 short-term Treasury certificates, offset by such part of the $500,000,000 new certificates as have been placed under the Treasury offering of a week ago. It might have been imagined that this large shifting of credits would have resulted in disturbance of yesterday's money market; but that did not occur. Loans for fixed periods went at the same rate as before and call money on the Stock Exchange, so far from indicating stringency, fell momentarily to 6 per cent., for the first time in December. The explanation is, first that the whole series of operations has been planned out with the utmost care, but second that the supply of funds on the open market has in the aggregate been increased by them.

The stock market's response to this and other developments of the day was an extremely irregular movement, in which some shares advanced, others declined, and still others ended the day with practically no change. On the whole the trend of prices, where any considerable activity existed, was downward; new declines of 1 to 3 points occurring in several stocks, including one or two railways. This was apparently nothing more than recognition of the general position of affairs, whose aspect was not made more cheerful to Wall Street's eye by some incidents of the day. Two dividend suspensions, one by a motor-car company whose shares have been active on the Stock Exchange, caused no surprise but illustrated the industrial conditions of the moment. The statements of the Internal Revenue Collector, regarding the impossibility of paying their December profits tax instalment which has confronted numerous companies, was itself a somewhat dramatic sidelight on the change of circumstances in these trades from those which existed when their first instalment of the tax levied on 1919 earnings was duly paid, last March.

Foreign exchange was higher; sterling rose 2 cents further and closed at an advance of 1⅞ cents. The price of cotton, after an early decline, moved above Tuesday's closing, but the wheat market broke 6 cents. Apart from the fact that each market was reacting from a recent movement in the opposite direction, there was something in the news to influence each. Yesterday's monthly Government report on cotton consumption showed a noteworthy increase in November exports. There were shipped abroad in that month 101,309 more bales than in October and 455,255 more than in September. Except for the period from November, 1919, to March, 1919, inclusive, when England was buying on an abnormally large scale, and for one or two earlier months of 1919, last month's exports were the largest since the United States went to war. The November takings by American mills, however, are the smallest since early in 1915 and they mark a continuous monthly shrinkage since March: the home consumption last month being only 57 per cent. of the March total and 68 per cent. of November, 1919.

As for the grain markets, the Government's final report of production, issued overnight, made a very unexpected increase in the estimated yield. The Department's estimate is interesting partly because of the decrease of $4,939,000,000, as compared with last year's crops, in the total value assigned for the twelve main agricultural staples. If accurate, this computation would mean 35 per cent. smaller revenue by our farmers than in 1919. But it is not accurate. Based, as the estimate of market values is, on prices as of Dec. 1, it takes no account of the fact that on that date in 1919 prices of grain and cotton were 10 to 30 per cent. above the prices at which the farmers had sold their produce earlier in the Autumn, whereas exactly the reverse comparison holds good today. The really impressive part of this final report is the estimate on yield of Winter wheat, corn and oats. To the corn crop, which even in October indicated the largest yield on record, this latest estimate adds 16,175,000 bushels; to wheat 39,230,000; to oats 78,623,000. There have been previous occasions when a final estimate of this nature, coming on top of a highly favorable crop season, would have inspired enthusiasm in the financial markets. Unfortunately this is a year in which traders, farmers and bankers had staked their credit months ago on short crops, inadequate supplies and the consequent abnormally high prices.

MONEY.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 15.

Money on call on the Stock Exchange Wednesday eased to 6 per cent., the lowest rate for demand funds since Nov. 30. The range was 7 per cent., with renewals going at that rate, low and last 6 per cent. New borrowing was small. The range for time funds showed no change, 4, 5 and 6 months' accommodations, both classes, ruling 7 bid, offered at 7½ per cent.; with the 60-90 days', both classes, 7½ bill, offered at 7¾ per cent. Business is quiet in market for bankers' acceptances, rates ruling unchanged, with 7⅝@⅞ per cent. the going rate for prime merchants' paper.

Call Loans.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Last.	Tuesday's Last.
6	7	6	6	6

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days	7⅛@7¼
4, 5 and 6 months	7 @7½
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	7⅛@7¼
4, 5 and 6 months	7 @7½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months	7⅛@8
Other names, 3 to 6 months	8 @8½

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days	6
Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days	6
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days	6

Open Market Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call	6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	6¼@6½
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days	6¼@6½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	6⅞@7

London Market.

Money on London market Wednesday unchanged at 4½ per cent.; short bills and three months' bills up 1-16d at 63¾ per cent. Gold bullion on the London market was down 1s 4d at 117s 3d per fine ounce. Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Wednesday's exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $870,624,363; balance, $76,639,276; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $68,978,753. Exchanges for the same day a year ago, $1,027,638,668.

Sterling Very Strong—South American Rates Lower.

Exchange on the principal European markets advanced again yesterday, sterling making an extreme rise of 2 cents, with some reaction later. France, Holland and Italy followed; Swedish exchange moved up from 15.25 cents per krone to 19.60, and Belgian from 6.14 cents per franc to 6.20.

Rates on Spain and Germany, however, closed lower and Argentine and Brazilian exchange lost ground slightly. The Hongkong rate advanced from 54½ cents per silver dollar to 56, and Shanghai from 72 to 74 cents per tael, in response to the day's rise of 2 pence per ounce in silver at London.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 15.
Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Tuesday's Final.
LONDON	3.48¼	3.47⅛	3.47⅝	3.46¼
PARIS	5.89¼	5.86¾	5.89¼	5.85¾
ROME	3.48½	3.46	3.48	3.44
AMSTERDAM	31.03	30.75	30.90	30.62
BERLIN	1.37	1.34½	1.35½	1.35
MADRID	15.08	15.05	15.05	15.10

Government 5½% Bond

A Philippine Government 5½% Manila Port Works and Improvement Bond. An obligation of the Philippine Government authorized by act of the United States Congress

Free from all income taxes, with principal and interest payable in gold coin of the United States.

Price to yield 5.05%

SUTRO & KIMBLEY
Members New York Stock Exchange
66 Broadway
New York

Grain and Cotton

Readjustment of commodity values is of special interest at this time. Daily market letters sent upon request.

Correspondence Invited.

E. W. Wagner & Co.
Established 1887

Members { New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade

33 NEW STREET, NEW YORK
208 SO. LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO

Branches { 14 East 44th St., Mad. Av. & 42d St., 26 Court St., Brooklyn

Government Bonds of Argentina Mexico Japan

In £20, £100 and £200 Pieces

We solicit inquiries

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT

Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co.
Members
New York Stock Exchange
165 Broadway, New York

BRANCHES
Hotel Belleclaire, B'way & 77th St.
Hotel Bresslin, B'way & 29th St.
3 East 44th St.

FOREIGN BONDS

$80 will buy 5,000 rubles		RUSSIAN INT. 5½s	
$70 " "	5,000 marks	BERLIN 4s	
$75 " "	5,000 marks	HAMBURG 4½s	
$150 " "	5,000 lire	ITALIAN 5s	
$210 " "	5,000 francs	FRENCH 4s	
$290 " "	5,000 francs	BELGIAN LOAN 5s	
$390 " "	200 pounds	MEXICAN TREAS. 6s	
$430 " "	200 pounds	CHINESE RWY. 5s	
$870 " "	200 pounds	JAPANESE 4s	
$700 " "	200 pounds	ARGENTINE 5s	
$490 " "	200 pounds	BRITISH FUNDING 4s	

The above quotations are subject to exchange fluctuations.

Write for Circular No. 555

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

Foreign Exchange

Closing Rates—

Quoted	Cable. $3.48½	Check. $3.47¾	Currency. $3.35	Sterling
France	5.91	5.90	6.30	Francs
Belgium	6.20	6.19	6.70	Francs
Italy	3.49	3.48	3.80	Lire
Germany	1.86	1.85	1.45	Marks
Switzerland	15.45	15.42	16.00	Francs
Spain	13.12	13.08	14.00	Pesetas
Greece	7.40	7.38	8.10	Drachmas
Roumania	1.54	1.53	1.45	Lei
Czecho-S.	1.13	1.12	1.46	Kronen
Jugo-Slav.	.73	.72	....	Kronen
Austria	.20	.27	.33	Kronen
Hungary	.21	.20	....	Kronen
Poland	.20	.19	.25	Marks
Russia	....	....	.70	Rubles

Call, Wire or Write for Rates.

MORTON LACHENBRUCH & CO
42 Broad Street, New York
Private Wires to CHICAGO-PHILADELPHIA-ST LOUIS
PITTSBURGH-DETROIT-CLEVELAND-GRAND RAPIDS

STANDARD OIL BONDS

California Subsidiary Sells $25,000,000 Ten-Year 7 Per Cents to Read & Co.

OFFERING TODAY AT PAR

New York Branch to Dispose of $30,000,000 Issue Soon for the 1921 Campaign.

Two of the most powerful of the former Standard Oil subsidiaries, Standard Oil of California and Standard Oil of New York, are about to issue securities totaling $55,000,000. The first-named has sold an issue of $25,000,000 ten-year 7 per cent. debenture gold bonds to William A. Read & Co., and the Standard Oil Company of New York is preparing to dispose of $30,000,000 in 7 per cent. serial debentures to a banking syndicate headed by the Equitable Trust Company and Blair & Co.

The Standard Oil Company of California's offering will be brought out today at par. The other issue probably will come within a few days.

With the exception of some relatively small equipment trust certificates, these issues will constitute the first fixed, interest-bearing obligations of any of the Standard Oil group. In the past year considerable financing has been done by the so-called Standard Oil companies, notably Standard Oil of New Jersey, Atlantic Refining and Standard Oil of Ohio, but all of it has been in the form of sales of preferred stock.

William A. Read & Co., in announcing its purchase and contemplated offering of $25,000,000 of Standard Oil of California ten-year 7 per cent. debentures, states that these bonds will constitute the only funded debt of the company, and while the issue will not be secured by a mortgage, the company has agreed not to issue any bonds ranking ahead of it. The company has further agreed to create a sinking fund of $500,000 a year to purchase the bonds in the market at or below par. The sinking fund will operate semiannually and will lapse if bonds are not so purchased.

Associated with William A. Read & Co. in the offering of these securities will be the Equitable Trust Company and Blair & Co. of New York, the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago and the Anglo, London and Paris National Bank of San Francisco.

It is stated that the company will have expended out of surplus and this year's earnings more than $35,000,000 for extensions and improvements in its refineries, additions to marine equipment and acquisition of oil-producing properties, and the proceeds of this issue will be used to provide funds for the 1921 program of expansion and for additional working capital.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 21, '22	89	90½	....
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 28, '25	90	93	7.75
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 28, '27	87½	91½	7.83
Am. Cot. Oil	6	Sep. 2, '24	88	88	10.30
A. T. & T.	6	Oct. 1, '22	99¾	99¾	5.10
A. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	91½	92½	8.90
Am. Thd. Co.	6	Dec., 1928	85	87	8.80
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1921	99¾	100¼	6.80
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1922	99½	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1922	99½	100	7.00
Anaco. Co.	6	Jan., 1920	80¼	80½	....
Anaco. Co.	6	Jan., 1921	87½	88	8.75
A. C. L. Dpfd.	7½	Apr., 1925	96¾	99¼	7.70
Armour & Co.	6	1921-1924	94	99	....
Arm. & Co.	7	July15,'30	93½	94½	7.80
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July15,'23	97	98¼	9.40
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July15,'22	97	97¾	8.70
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	92¾	93¾	8.35
Cr. Graph. Co.	8%	Aug., 1925	90	93	10.00
Cudahy Pack.	7	July15,'23	93½	97	....
Fed. Sug. Ref.	6	Nov., 1924	92	96	7.75
Cont. Arg. Ry.	6	Feb., 1927	77	79	10.80
C., B. & Q. R. R. (Joint)	4	July, 1921	95¼	95½	....
C., R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	94	95½	10.80
C., C., C. & St. L. Ry. Co.	6	July, 1929	89½	90½	7.56
The B. F. Goodrich Co.	7	Apr., 1925	85½	84½	11.50
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1921	99¾	99¾	7.00
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1922	95	96¾	8.50
Gulf Oil Corp.	8	July, 1923	94½	95½	8.00
Hocking Val.	6	Mar., 1924	90	92½	8.50
Int. Rap. Tr.	7	Sept., 1921	67	68½	....
Kan. C. Ter.	6	Nov., 1923	91	93	8.70
Kennecott Co.	7	Feb., 1930	83½	86½	8.60
Laclede Gas	7	Jan., 1929	87	88½	9.03
Ltg. & Myrs.	6	Dec., 1921	97¼	97¾	8.20
Nat. C. & S.	10-yr. 8	1930	90	96	8.50
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	99¾	99¾	7.50
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1924	91	92½	11.00
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1921	99¾	100¼	6.80
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1922	99½	100	7.00
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1923	99½	100	7.00
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J.	7	Mar., 1922	86	87½	....
R. J. Reids	7.6	Aug., 1922	96	98½	8.35
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15, '21	97¼	97¾	9.40
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15, '22	93¾	94¼	10.15
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15, '23	93½	94	9.70
Sinc. C. O.	7	May 15,'23	88½	89	10.60
Solvay & Co.	8	Oct., 1927	99	99¾	8.10
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	91¾	92¼	11.70
Sweet Ry.	7	Apr., 1923	92	93½	9.00
St. P. Un. Dep. guaran.	....	Dec. 15,'48	94	95¼	7.30
Swift & Co.	6	Aug. 15,'21	91	91¾	9.30
Swift & Co.	7	Oct. 15,'23	91½	92½	9.10
Utah Sec. Cor.	8	Sep. 15,'22	78	84	....
Westn. Elec. Co. conv.	6	Apr., 1925	97¾	98	7.50

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	$5.50	$5.75	$5.50	$5.75
Quicksilver	50.00	....	50.00	....
Aluminium	23.00	25.00	23.00	25.00
Iron, No. 2X Silic.	....	42.00	....	42.00

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 13¾, 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.	Tuesday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	13 10 0	13 13 0
Copper, futures	13 10 0	13 10 0
Tin, spot	217 5 0	212 10 0
Tin, futures	220 0 0	218 0 0
Spelter, spot	29 15 0	28 0 0
Spelter, futures	29 17 6	29 15 0
Lead, spot	22 10 0	23 0 0
Lead, futures	23 13 0	24 5 0

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
25 railroads	83.37	81.84	81.97	—.51
25 industrials	85.06	83.24	83.66	—1.14
50 stocks	69.18	67.57	67.81	—.83

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
Dec. 14	68.83	68.31	68.81	—1.04
Dec. 13	68.17	66.86	66.70	—1.59
Dec. 11	69.64	68.22	68.29	—1.39
Dec. 10	70.38	68.85	69.58	—.21
Dec. 9	71.04	69.44	70.09	—1.08
Dec. 8	72.21	70.67	71.17	—.81

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	73.73	Dec. 2	66.86	Dec. 13	67.81
1919.	90.40	Dec. 26	84.10	Dec. 12	89.69
1918.	76.34	Dec. 11	71.42	Dec. 28	73.89
1917.	66.28	Dec. 31	57.43	Dec. 20	65.85
1916.	99.28	Dec. 4	83.88	Dec. 21	88.22

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920	84.07	Apr. 8	66.86	Dec. 13	67.81
†1919.	90.59	Nov. 5	68.75	Jan. 21	87.13

Full Years.

1919.	90.59	Nov. 5	68.75	Jan. 21	89.69
1918.	80.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.89
1917	90.44	Jan. 4	57.41	Dec. 20	65.85
1916.	101.21	Nov. 29	80.91	Apr. 25	88.22

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues 68.07	+.23	—2.63	—3.00

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Dec. 14	67.76	+.12	Dec. 4	69.74	+.05
Dec. 13	67.63	—.31	Dec. 3	69.69	—.06
Dec. 11	68.14	—.20	Dec. 2	69.75	—.15
Dec. 10	68.34	—.14	Dec. 1	69.90	—.22
Dec. 9	68.48	—.41	Nov. 30	70.12	—.07
Dec. 8	68.89	—.29	Nov. 29	70.19	+.06
Dec. 7	69.18	—.32	Nov. 27	70.13	—.06
Dec. 6	69.50	—.24	Nov. 26	70.21	—.07

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	78.16	Oct. 21	65.07	May 21	68.07
†1919.	79.05	June 2	71.13	Dec. 13	71.16

Full Years.

1919.	79.05	June 2	71.05	Dec. 18	72.00
1918.	82.36	Nov. 12	73.65	Sep. 27	73.78
1917.	83.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	76.80

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES.

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Chinese Ry. 8s	7	73½	15	66	20	47	pur mon 4s	5	46¾	St P & Kan C B Line 1st 4½s	1	42½
1	40¾	3	75	2	66½	23	47	NY & Har 3½s	5	69¾	Sanan&AP 4s	1	56%
2	40	4	74½	1	65½	12	47¼	5	69¾	Sea A L ref 6s	1	58%
6	39½	16	74⅜	5	65%	24	47⅛	N Y & H & H conv deb 6s	1	47¾	1	58%
10	39¾	adj 4s	1	64½	5	47¾	6	60½	4	38¼
10¾	40	11.5	68%	5	64%	65	47¾	6	61¼	4	38¼
5	40¾	stamped	69¾	ref 6½s	20	48	6	62	1	39%
City Berne 8s, temp ctfs	2	69¾	5	57%	10	47¼	NYO&W ref 4s	5	81%	adj 6s	4	33¾
2	68¾	1	57%	12	47⅛	5	80%	1	34¼
1	68½	18	58	10	47⅝	NYRys adj 5s	1	34%
City Christ Rs, K I & Co. ctfs	10	68%	3	58¼	60	48%	2	34%
2	68¾	conv 4s, 1955	2	58½	22	49	6	4	10	33½
2	69	10	50f.	66½	2	58¾	10	48¼	ctfs of dep	2	24
1	69	25	81¼	C & P W 5s	13	49¾	6	35½	2	33¾
2	69	Rocky Mt. div 4s	5	90	1	48½	6	3¾	1	33¾
1	68	661	deb 5s, 1933	5	88	2	49	ref 4s, c dep	10	49¾	So. Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s	10	81½
City Cem. 5½s	1	68	Texas & L 4s	2	76½	5	48¾	1	16½	5	81½
1	68½	7s, temp ctfs	1	101¾	10	49¼	N Y State Rys con 4½s	5	49¾	5	81
City Marg. ss, temp ctfs	1	75¾	Atl & Char A L 1st 5s, Fr B	1	56%	5	49¾	5	49¾	So Pac col 4s	10	74
1	75¼	1	85¾	11	56	10	49¼	N Y Tel 4½s	1	16%	14	74⅜
City Paris 6s	1	85	C.R.I.&P. gen 4s	5	60½	5	49¾	s f deb 6s	1	74%	4	74⅜
12	90	Atl Coast L 7s	5	60½	10	49¾	2	85½	14	74⅜
1	94	4	101¾	C. R. & P. 5s, ref 4s	2	84%	5	49¾	14	83%	1	74⅜
1	93½	1	101¾	9	84¾	1	47¾	1	85%	4	74⅜
14	93¾	Atl Gulf & W I 1st 4s	1	61¼	7	85%	Int Mer Mar s f 6s	1	85½	12330f.	74⅜
City Toledo 5s	25	77¾	8	85%	1	85¾	5	74%
1	45	L & N col 4s	5	85%	15	77½	5	85%	3	74⅜
1	45½	8	85%	10	78	2	85½	conv 5s	5	74⅜
1	45¾	11	85	1	85%	12	77¾	1	85%	70	99
City Zurich 8s, receipts	10	70	2	85%	21	85½	Kan C So 5s	5	70	15	98¼
1	93¼	20	87¾	14	85½	3s	8	85¾	5	36	1st ref 4s	10	74⅜
Dom Rep 5s	1	85	Atlantic Prod'g 7s	10	85	2	86%	11	74⅜
1921	36	93¾	Chi Tel 1st 5s	1	90	1	70¾	2	86%	10	74⅜
36	93¾	3	87	Chi Un Sta 4½s, A	10	74½	2	86%	11	74⅜
15a10f.	99¾	10	87	1	90	3s	8	85¾	11	74⅜
1	99	Balt & Ohio pr lien 5½s	11	87	8	85¾	1	85%	51	74⅜
6½s, 1921	5	88%	5	87½	1	85%	N & W con 4s	1	85%	5820f.	73
5	88%	5	87¾	C&WI con 5s	1	85%	1	73%	South Ry 1st 5s	5	85%
6s, 1928	5	89%	6	87½	2	70%	8	73%	8	85%
15	90%	10	87½	8	73%	Kan C Ter 4s	2	74	Virgn Ry 1st 5s	5	78%
3	90%	50½ 4s	1	87¾	1	60%	North Pac 4s	4	84½	42	80
5	90%	1	87¾	Chile Copper coll tr 6s	1	65½	gen 4s	5	83¼	Wabash 1st 5s	2	85
6½s, 1920	1	87¾	1	65½	1	65¼	5	83¾	Westn Md 4s	1	51
1	87	10	87¾	1	65¼	Lack Steel 5s, 1923	17	91½	5	83¾	Wn N Y & P 1st 5s	6	83
2	87½	conv 4½s	1	65¼	5s, 1950	17	92½	10	74½	Westn Pac 5s	1	51
French Gov 8s	21	100	11	65¼	5	74	20	74	1	51
4	99¾	5	65¼	Lac G L of St L ref & ext 5s	3	71	gen 3½s	3	53¾	10	81½
6	99¾	ref 5s	4	65¼	L & M So 4s, 1928	2	82	Nor States Pr 1st & ref 5s	1	76½	West Shore 4s	4	68
5	99¾	1	65¼	4s, 1931	3	80½	4	76½	1	68
1	99¾	5	65¼	3	80½	Ore Short Line gtd ref 4s	3	78	Westingh E & M temp 7s	6	94¼
1	99¾	C. C. C & St. L gen 4s	2	68	10	80½	2	77¾	7	94¼
Gov Switz 8s, temp rects	5	102¾	1	68	Leh Val col tr 6s, temp rcts	5	77¾	Or-W RR&N 1st & ref 4s	12	77%	25	94¾
5	102¾	Col & So ref & ext 4½s	10	71	12	77%	6	69	1	94¼
52	102	10	60	Liggett & M 7s	2	87	Penn 4s, 1948	2	83	1	94¼
5	101¾	Col G & E 1st 5s, stpd	2	81½	7	103	4s, 1943	1	94¼
5	101¾	Col & 9th Av 1st 5s	2	87	Long Ist ref 4s	2	76	4	81½	1	94¾
10	102	1	85%	Lorilld Co 5s	1	74½	P R R gen 4½s	3	78	1	94¾
6s, 1921	5	100%	1	85%	Lo & Nash 7s	2	83	1	77½	8	78½	1	94¾
Jap Govt 4½s, ster loan	5	85%	1	85%	La&Ark 1st 5s	2	85	3	78	10	77½	2	94¾
47	73¾	1	85%	2	85	1	78¼	54	78	5	94¾
15	73¾	1	85%	Lou & Jeff Bdge 4s	1	64¾	2	78¼	10	77½	1	94¾
4s, ster loan	1	73¾	1	85%	So Mon 1t 4s	1	66¼	3	78¼	gen 5s	1	58	1	94¾
25	67¾	1	85%	St L div 4s	1	90¾	10	77½	1	58	5	94¾
King of Belg 7½s, rects	1	61¾	1	85%	Manh con 4s, tax exempt	1	52¼	11	78	5	88½	1	94¾
5	97	So-W div 6s	1	76	5	85%	Midvale Steel col tr 5s	1	71¾	17	85½	1	94¾
1	97¼	Tol-Cin div 4s	1	65%	1	71¼	5	71%	con 4½s	7	88	1	94¾
11	97	1	65%	Bell Tel of Pa 7s, 1st rects	1	71¾	5	71%	gold 5s	10	104	1	94¾
3	97¼	1	65%	10	71¾	9	72	4	104½	U RRs of San F 4s, Un tr cfs of dep	1	25¾
2	97¾	1	65%	11	72¾	10	71%	PG&C of Chi ref 5s	2	82%	5	26
6s, 1921	1	88½	D&H 1st ref 4½s	10	93¾	2	82%	2	82%	US R & Imp 5s	1	97¾
17	99¾	conv 6s	1	93¾	2	82%	Peo & E 1st 4s	1	55	4	90
1921	Rep Cuba 4½s	1	82	Beth Steel 1st & ref 5s	1	77	1	55	Pere M 1st 5s	8	80	U S Rubr 7½s	1	97¼
1	97¾	UnKofD&L 6½s, 1921	1	97%	pur mon 5s	5	84%	1	74%	1	87¼
514s, 1922	1	97%	1	97%	1	74%	2	84%	Phila Co cv 5s	2	80%	1	87¼
10	84%	Braden Copp s f 8s	3	82¾	1	74%	1922	1	88	1st & ref 5s	20	75¾
5½s, 1920	1	85%	3	82¾	13	82%	Pub Serv Corp s f 6s	18	90	13	73¾
1	85%	Brun'wick-Bal 1st con 5s	1	85%	13	42½	18	89	20	73¾
50	80	5	85%	con 4½s	1	86½	8	60	84	73¾
57	88¾	B R T 7s, 1921	1	61¾	Det Edison 1st & ref 6s	2	90	Reading gen 4s	3	79½	16	73¾
3	83	4	41	4	41¾	ET, Va&Ga con 5s	1	77½	1	79¾	10	73¾
2	88¾	cfs of dep	2	41	1	88¼	1	79¾	conv 5s
10	88¾	4	41¾	Erie 1st gen 4s	40	40½	6	79¾	70	99
10	88¾	stamped	3	41¾	86	40½	Rep I & Steel s f 5s, 1940	1	85%	15	98¼
5½s, 1937	5	82%	Bush Term 4s	1	71	10	40½	1	85%	1	98¼
9	82%	Bush Ter Bld gtd 5s	1	71¼	conv 4s, A	1	85	2	85%	1	98¼
14	82%	Cent of Ga Ry 1st 5s	1	71¼	1	85%	1	85%	1	98¼
18	82¾	3	92	13	85	5	85%	RioGdW 1st 4s	1	61	1	98¼
10	82¾	con 5s	5	85¼	Ser B	2	85½	col tr 4s	1	49½	1	98¼
10	82¾	1st 5s	3	82¼	conv 4s, D	4	41%	RI, Ark&L 4½s	1	52%	2	98¼
1	82¾	5	82¼	4	41%	27	41¾	4	64	2	98¼
11	82¾	Cent Leath 5s	1	82¼	FW&DC 1st 6s	1	92%	St L & SF pr l 4s, Ser A	6	63¾	25	98¼
5	82¾	CenPac gtd 4s	10	71¼	GenElec debs	11	100	8	63¾	Utah & Northern 1st 5s	1	85¾
US of Mex 4s	8	82¼	8	71%	10	100	4	63¾	1	85¾
6s	5	41½	14	71¾	deb 5s	5	86½	St L I M & S unif & ref 4s	5	63%	2	85¾
10	41½	C & O gen 4½s	52	71¼	GTrunkRy 1st rcts	10	100	10	70	Rlw & G 4s	1	66½	Utah P & Light	1	77
NYCity 4s, '58	2	82	2	72%	GtNor ref 4½s	3	78¾	1	70	Va-Carolina	1	76
4½s, 1960	10	81¾	2	73	1	78¾	2	70	2	90	1	73½
10	81¾	conv 4½s	1	71¼	1	78¼	6	70¼	Va Iron, Coal & Coke 5s	2	83
4s, 1960	10	81¾	45	71	5	78¼	2	70¼	2	83
10	81¾	conv 5s	1	80%	Hud & M 1st & ref 5s, A	3	78¼	20	42¾	Tol, StL&Wn col 4s, 1917	1	15
4½s, 1963	2	90½	2	80%	3	78¼	2	43	Un Fac 1st 4s	10	79%
10	80%	8	80½	2	57½	20	42¾	col 4s, 1917	1	51	4	79%
Allegh Val 4s	10	80%	2	57½	1	58	Tol, StL&Wn col 4s, 1917	15	10	81¼	2	79%
gen 5s	1	78½	10	80%	adj ino 5s	3	21¾	2	43	10	81¼
Am S & Ref temp 1st 5s	12	73	1s10f.	80	2	22½	20	42¾	1	81
1	73¾	6	81	15	22¾	Wabash 1st 5s	2	85	Un Fac 1st 4s	10	79%
8	73¾	Chi & Alt 3½s	3	81¾	25	22¾	Westn Md 4s	1	51	4	79%
3	73¾	5	85	14	22¼	Wn N Y & P 1st 5s	6	83	16	80½	10	81¼
4	74¼	C, R & Q gen 4s	10	77	8	22¼	Westn Pac 5s	1	51	1	81
4	73¾	8	77¾	25	22½	West Shore 4s	4	68
12	73¾	joint 4s	11	95¾	IllCent 4s, Sd	2	69¼	Westingh E & M temp 7s	6	94¼
8	73¾	1	85¼	11	68¼	7	94¼
5	73	1	85¼	4s, 1953	1	94¼
Am T&T col 4s	5	85¾	2	66¼	1	94¾
19	74	8	85¾	2	66¼	ref 4s	1	94¾
col tr 5s	12	86	reclistered	1	74	1	94¾
16	76	1	94½	1	80	1	94¾
1	75¾	5	95	temp 5½s	1	94¾
2	75¾	Ill div 3½s	1	90	Litch&Dav 5s	2	58	1	94¾
4	75½	5	70	IlCen&L 5½s	1	94¾
14	76	C & E rcts 4s	15	77	2	58	1	94¾
conv 4½s	1	80	5	78%	NO Jt 5s, A	8	81¾	Wheel & L E 1st con 4s	1	55
conv 6s	5	94	Chi Gt Wn 4s	8	50%	5	81	Wilson & Co 1st 6s	1	85%
13	83¾	2	51	Ill Steel 4½s	5	77½	1	85%
10	84	C, M & St P gen 4s, Ser A	1	65	Int-Met 4½s	17	12½	18	85%
2	85¾	8	66	2	13	10	85%
AmW'rksPap 7s	3	93	2	13	1	85%
6	93	1s10f.	85¾	con 4½s	20	14	1	85%
Armour 4½s	1	74½	gen 4½s, Ser B	7	68	40	15	1	85%
1	74½	2	58	1	14½	1	85%
5	75	4s, 1934	5	55%	12	14	1	85%
56	74½	4	55%	10	14	5	14%
5	74½	1	60	ctfs of dep	1	14%
1	74½	1	60%	2	12	7	11½
At T & S Fe gen 4s	1	60	10	13	10	11½
15	74½	gen 4½s	4	75½	4	13%
10	74½	conv 4½s	6	76	2	13¾
5	75	4	65½	2	13¾
10	75½	22	65½	Int Rap Tran 1st & ref 5s	10	46¼
1	75¾	1	64¾	10	46¼
10	74%	2	65%	N Y Dock 4s	1	64
28	75	1	64¾	NYG.EL.HAP	5	71

THE TREASURY STATE

A FIXED SELLING PRICE with DECLINING PRODUCING COSTS

apply to well established Public Utility Companies, which have received favorable rate increases, and are now benefiting by the general decline in operating costs.

The above are reasons why we are recommending a Power and Light Mortgage Bond which may be purchased at present to yield

7.85% for 20 Years

Letter X on request

J.G.WHITE & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
37 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

Parkinson & Burr
Members
N. Y. & Boston Stock Exchanges

Investment Securities

7 Wall St., New York
53 State St., Boston

An equal amount invested in the

First Mortgages
of certain
Railroad, Industrial and Public Utility Properties and in Foreign Government Bonds

will give at present prices an average yield of

8%

Inquiries Invited

Prince & Whitely
Established 1874
Member New York Stock Exchange
52 Broadway Tel. Broad 6323

Goodyear Tire and Rubber
Common & Pfd.
Bought—Sold—Quoted
(Specialists in Motor Securities)

Fast private wires to Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago, Youngstown, Grand Rapids and Rochester.

Merrill, Lynch & Co.
Trading Department
120 Broadway, New York
Phones Rector 7693 to 7697 Incl.

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway, New York

New York & East River Gas Co
1-5%, due 1944

N. Y. & Westchester Ltg. Co.
Gen. 4½, due 2004

Phones Rector 9080-5, 9723-7, 6922-3
Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
Corn Exchange Bank Rights
Home Insurance Rights
Nat. Park Bank Rights
Telephone 1111 Broad

STEEL OUTPUT CUT BY INDEPENDENTS

Trade Reviews Report United States Corporation Has Increased Its Operations.

WAGE REDUCTIONS COMING

Revision of Working Hours Noted—Market Is Drifting, With Prices Stationary.

The disparity in operations between the United States Steel Corporation and the independents is emphasized by the Iron Age in its weekly survey of conditions in the iron and steel industry. This publication reports that the Steel Corporation during last week was working at about 90 per cent. of capacity, an actual increase over the preceding week. On the other hand it is recorded that the slowing down process is becoming more pronounced at independent mills, scant orders being a cause for the curtailment in operations.

In discussing the situation the publication says:

"The slowing down of business is more pronounced at many steel plants and the problems of cost reduction are uppermost." Work is being rearranged to save the overtime resulting from the basic eight-hour day and reductions in wages amounting to 15 per cent. and in some cases more will be made on Jan. 1 by some important independent companies.

"There are reports of wage reductions already made at some plants and one case of an offer by employes to cooperate in plans for reducing labor cost.

"There is sharper contrast between the Steel Corporation's rate of operations and the average rate of independent mills. The Steel Corporation increased this week to 90 per cent. of steel works capacity and added a blast furnace at Edgar Thomson and another at Youngstown. The sixth furnace of its Youngstown, Ohio, group will go on next week. Steel Corporation shipments are about 5,000 tons a day, whereas the new business is not far from 10,000 tons per week.

"Making the country's steel capacity 40 million, probably 6 to 7 per cent. of active this week. This is a reduction from the record rate of 42,000,000 tons per week and 2,000,000 tons since the holidays began.

"The Pittsburgh district is operating at 90 per cent. of capacity, Youngstown at 95 per cent., Chicago at 90 per cent., Cleveland at 85 per cent., Wheeling at 80 per cent., Buffalo at 75 per cent., Detroit at 70 per cent., Cincinnati at 60 per cent., Birmingham at 50 per cent., Philadelphia at 90 per cent., Bethlehem at 95 per cent., Johnstown at 90 per cent., Lebanon at 90 per cent., Steelton at 90 per cent., Sparrows Point at 90 per cent., Reading at 90 per cent., Harrisburg

ERNEST
SMITH & CO.
20 Broad St., New York
Telephone Rector 6157
Direct Wire Connections to
Chicago, Detroit, Grand Rapids

Argentine Govt 4s & 5s
American Light & Traction 6s, 1925
Charleston, Cedar Rapids & No. 5s, 1934
Brazilian Traction 6s, 1925
Birmingham Ry., Lt. & Pr. 4½s & 6s
Consumers Power (Michigan) 5s & 7s
Detroit City Gas Gen. 5s, March, 1937
Edgewater Electric 6s, 1951
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s, 1924-26
General Gas & Electric 6s, 1929
Georgia Ry., Pr. & Lt. 5s
Grand Trunk Pac. 6s, 1962
General Gas & Elec. 6s, 1929
Grand Rapids & Ind., 2nd 4s
French Govt. 4s & 5s
International Traction 4s
Japanese Govt. 4s & 4½s
Laclede Gas 1st 5s & 7s
Mississippi River Pr. 5s
Mason City & Ft. Dodge 6s
Michigan United Ry. 5s, 1936
Northern States Pr. 5s & 6s
Ohio Cities Gas 5s, 1921-27
Province of Buenos Ayres 6s, 1926
Russian Govt. 5½s & 6½s
Kansas Purina 6s, 1925
Sears, Roebuck 5s, 1924-27
Standard Gas & Electric 6s
South Bethlehem 5s, 1926
Texas Power & Light 6s
United Light & Ry. 5s & 6s
Virginia Ry. & Pr. 5s, 1934
West Penn Pr. 5s & 6s
American Cyanamid
American Light & Traction
Borden's
Bowers & Waters
Curtis Lighting Inc. com.
Gulf Oil Corp.
Hudson & Manhattan
Independence Pr. Co. & Ltd.
Lone Star Gas Corp.
Mexican Petroleum Ltd. & Pfd.
Ohio Fuel Supply Co.
Pierce Oil Corp.
Prairie Pipe Line
Producers & Refiners Corp. & Pfd.
Standard Oil of Kansas
Standard Oil of Kentucky
Standard Oil of New Jersey
Standard Oil of New York
Texas Pacific Coal & Oil
Tidewater Oil
Transcontinental Oil
Ulen & Co. Pfd.
Vacuum Oil
Western Pacific Oil
Woodley Petroleum
Yale & Towne
Yukon Gold

Goodyear Tire & Rubber
New Orleans Ry & Lt.
4s 1935

General Motors

Anglo-American Oil
General Asphalt
Nipissing
Chile Copper
Salt Creek Producers
Southern Pacific

HUGHES & DIER
42 New Street, New York.
Telephone Broad 5140

Mexican Petroleum
One of the world's largest producers of crude oil and gasoline.
Current earnings double dividend requirements of $3.00 per share quarterly.
An expansion in earning power, present status and outlook for 1921 is covered and reviewed in current issue of our market letter.
Write for Letter T-410
KOHLER, BREMER & Co.
STOCKS - BONDS
32 BROADWAY (N.Y.) HAMPTON HOTEL ALBANY, N.Y.

Cities Service Common
Bought Sold Quoted
ALFRED A. COHEN & Co.
40 EXCHANGE PL. N.Y. Tel. Broad 3925

Guanajuato Power & Elec. 6s
Guanajuato Power & Elec. Pfd.
Guanajuato Power & Elec. Com.
Michoacan Power 6s
Central Mexico Lt. & Pr. 6s
Central Mexico Lt. & Pr. Pfd.
Guanajuato Reduc. & Mines 6s
Richmond Radiator Com. & Pfd.
HOTCHKIN & CO.
53 STATE ST.
Tel. Main 460. BOSTON Cable Tockin

Otis Elevator Pfd
Stone, Prosser & Doty
52 William St., N. Y. Hanover 7733.

CUT STEEL WAGES

Lukens Company Makes 25% Reduction—Lackawanna and Midvale Shave Pay.

COPPER CONCERNS CURTAIL

Utah, Chino, Ray Consolidated and Nevada Make Cuts—Falling Prices Forecast Action.

Many independent steel manufacturers seriously are considering reducing wages effective Jan. 1, according to reports in the financial district yesterday. It was reported from Lancaster, Pa., that the Lukens Steel Company had cut wages 25 per cent. and eliminated overtime; that the Lackawanna Steel Company was considering a 10 per cent. cut in wages, and that the Midvale Steel Company would effect a 15 per cent. cut with the beginning of 1921.

There is no intimation that the United States Steel Corporation contemplates reduction in its wage scale, rumors thus far being confined to independents. In the case of the latter, an awkward situation exists. Through falling off in demand for steel products, order books have been depleted and prices have receded to the Steel Corporation level. [illegible] for steel products in their wages [illegible] with the Steel Corporation [illegible] independent companies [illegible] Up to now [illegible] reductions have [illegible]

[illegible] special district is interested in [illegible] the men will resist [illegible] wage reductions [illegible] independent plants [illegible] situation and ar[illegible] entirely [illegible]

Wage cuts in the copper [illegible] been in prospect for [illegible] [illegible] signs of life since early in the [illegible] the price of the metal has been [illegible] at present selling between [illegible] 14 cents a pound. The [illegible] production, further cuts [illegible] with the turn of the year.

The plight of the copper [illegible] in full in the dividend record [illegible] disbursements being [illegible]

FINANCIAL NOTES

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

Quoted on a Percentage Basis.

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
[illegible] & Ohio	1920-27	4½	7.50	6.75
[illegible] Steel	1920-30	7	7.75	7.00
[illegible] R. & Pitts.	1920-23	4½, 5, 6	6.50	6.50
[illegible] Ohio	1920-32	4½@5	6.40	6.40
[illegible] Ohio	1924-35	6s	6.85	6.40
[illegible]	1920-27	4½	6.50	6.50
[illegible]	1920-27	4½@5	6.50	6.50
[illegible] & Ark.	1920-27	5	6.50	6.50
[illegible] & Ohio	1920-32	5 @6	6.85	6.25
[illegible]	1920-27	5 @6	6.50	6.50
[illegible]	1920-24	5	N.Q.	7.00
[illegible] Central	1920-32	4½@5	7.25	6.40
[illegible] Central	1921-35	7	7.15	6.40
[illegible] Western	1920-24	4½	6.00	6.25
[illegible]	1920-27	5	6.50	6.50
[illegible]	1920-27	5	6.50	6.50
[illegible]	1920-32	5	6.85	6.25
[illegible]	1920-23	4	6.85	6.25
[illegible]	1920-27	4½	6.50	6.40
[illegible]	1920-27	4½	6.50	6.40
[illegible]	1920-27	5	6.50	6.50

Colorado Power
Conn. Railway & Light
Dayton Power & Light
Duquesne Light
Electric Bond & Share
Illinois Traction
Mohawk Valley
N. Y. State Railways
Northern Ohio Electric
Pacific Tel. & Tel. Pfd
Utah Power & Light
Western Power

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
74 Trinity Pl. — Established 1888 — Tel. Rector 4340
PRIVATE WIRE CONNECTIONS
BOSTON, CHICAGO, PHILA., MONTREAL, PITTSBURGH

WE OFFER

Philadelphia Company

Sec'd Conv. 5% Gold Bonds Due May 1, 1922

To Yield over 13½%

Dividends of 6% or more on Common Stock have been paid continuously since 1901.

Circular on request

ABRAHAM & CO.
Investment Securities
27 William St., N. Y. Phone Broad 3785

J. K Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

50	Amer. Machine & Foundry
25	Bankers Trust Stock
100	Cinn.-Northern R. R.
500	E. W. Bliss Common
100	Jas. Butler Pfd.
50	Niles-Bement-Pond Com.
50	Midland Securities
50	Old Dominion S. S.
50	Realty Associates
100	Ward Baking Com. & Pfd.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

100	American Chicle Com.
25	Chase Nat. Bank Stock
100	E. W. Bliss Common
100	General Baking Com. & Pfd.
100	Jas. Butler Com. & Pfd.
100	Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
100	N. Y. State Rys. Com. & Pfd.
50	Rochester Ry. & Lt. 5% Pfd.
10	Victor Talking Machine
50	Westchester Insurance

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

FOR SALE

$50,000

New Orleans Rwy. & Lt.

4½s, 1935
@49¼

Bid Wanted

Ernest Smith & Co.
20 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 6157
Direct Private Wire Connections to Chicago, Detroit and Grand Rapids

J. R. & E. & Co.

American Hawaiian S. S.
Am. Typefounders Com. & Pf.
Canib Trading
Everett-Hoaney Co.
Un. Gas & Elec. (All Issues)
Western Power Pfd.

ROBERT E. HORTON & Co.
40 Wall Street — New York.
TELEPHONE: JOHN 4150

$100 BONDS

Argentine Government
5s, DUE 1945
To Yield About 9%
Price and description on application.
JOHN V. DUNNE & CO.
44 Broad St. (Est. 1865) Tel. Broad 2304.

Closing Prices Range From 5-Point Gain for December to 6-Point Loss.

Cotton went through another dull, irregular and uninteresting session yesterday, sagging off 20 to 30 points early in the day, rallying later to net gains of about as much, and then finally evening up at the close to prices which were 5 points above the previous day's closing for December, and unchanged to 6 points lower for the other months. Business was on relatively a small basis and there was neither keen outside interest nor any great manifestation of trade concern with the trend of prices.

The first part of the day developed selling. The Census Bureau's report on mill consumption for November showed only 332,057 bales taken, as against 389,837 in October and 457,647 in the month before that. Compared with November of last year, there was a falling off of about 160,000 bales, which is quite a sharp slump. This was disheartening, and the disappointment was not entirely offset by the export report, which gave the month's shipments at 683,328. A year ago 924,751 bales went out in November, and the exports then continued very large until April. They hardly will do as well this year, although there is the chance that they will improve over recent showings.

In the afternoon, after the early selling had sent prices down 25 to 27 points for December and January, and 10 to 20 for the later months, there was a rally, due almost entirely to short covering by Wall Street and some of the other speculative interests. It was not heavy buying, but the supply was scant and the demand proved sufficient to rally the list. The close was quiet and not greatly changed from Tuesday's final.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Dec.	15.05	15.55	15.05	15.35	15.30
Jan.	15.10	15.62	15.10	15.37@15.38	15.37
March	15.15	15.70	15.15	15.40@15.44	15.40
May	15.37	15.86	15.37	15.51@15.52	15.57
July	15.48	15.85	15.48	15.59	15.60
Oct.	15.50	15.80	15.50	15.57	15.60

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, unchanged at 15.80c for middling upland; sales 500 bales. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 15.25c, unchanged; New Orleans, 14.75c, unchanged; Savannah, 15.75c, unchanged; Augusta, 15.00c, unchanged; Memphis, 15.00c, unchanged; Houston, 14.25c, unchanged; Little Rock, 15.00c, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts ...	28,548	31,370	43,068
Exports	7,300	19,053	37,714
Exports, season	2,092,759	1,962,280	2,408,129
N. Y. stocks.....	24,587	26,572	61,993
Port stocks	1,406,832	1,333,401	1,550,010
N. Y. arrivals..	2,136	1,134	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 10.41d for middling. Sales, 4,000 bales, of which American 3,000. Imports, 31,400 bales, of which American 18,000. Futures opened quiet, 29 to 36 points up and closed steady, 30 to 45 points up on the day. Decembers, December 10.83d, March 11.02d, May 11.10d, July 11.11d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were dull.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Following is the range of prices in the important miscellaneous commodities in New York:

COTTONSEED OIL.

In the cottonseed oil market prices closed 13@41 points under Tuesday's close.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Last Bid.	Year.
Spot				8.50	8.60
January	8.79	8.65	8.65	8.65	8.81
February...	No sales.			9.00	8.85
March	9.28	9.03	9.06	9.20	9.03
April.....	No sales.			9.20	9.07
May	9.52	9.26	9.30	9.52	9.30
June.....	No sales.			9.52	9.30
July	9.65	9.65	9.65	9.72	9.50
Total sales, 20,400.					

COFFEE.

In the coffee market prices closed 3@46 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	6.75	6.68	6.70	6.75	15.42
May	7.14	7.08	7.10	7.15	15.42
July	7.60	7.60	7.60	7.46	15.62
Sept.	7.65	7.60	7.60	7.70	15.45

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market closed firmer with prices 19@21 points above Tuesday's close.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	4.30	4.11	4.30	4.09
May	4.29	4.11	4.29	4.08
July	4.67	4.50	4.65	4.46

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Per.	Pable.	Hold. of Record.
Am. Tops Found..	1	Q	Jan. 15	Jan. 10
do.	1½	stock	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Ashev. P. & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 16
Bell T. Ohio pf..	2	S.A.	Mar. 1	Jan. 15
Burn. Bros. & Spin. 1st and 2d pf.....	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 28
Beatrice Creamery	4	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 20
do. pf.....	1¾	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 20
Best-Clymer	1¾	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 20
Caro. P. & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 18
Canada Southern.	1	S.A.	Feb. 1	Jan. 3
Cities Service.....	1	Ex.	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
do.	1½	stock	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
do. pf. abd pf. B.	½	M	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
C. C. C. & St.L. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 20	Jan. 3
Creamery Package.	2	Q	Jan. 10	Jan. 1
do. pf.	1½	Q	Jan. 10	Jan. 1
Del. River Tunnel	1	S.A.	Jan. 15	Jan. 8
Equitable Trust....	4	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 21
do.		Ex.	Jan. 10	Dec. 21
Famous Players pf.	2		Feb. 1	Jan. 14
Kan. & Mich.	1¼	Q	Dec. 30	Dec. 23
Mahoning C. R. R.	$3	S.A.	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
do. pf.	$1.25	S.	Jan. 10	Jan. 3
Mann., Max. & M.	1½	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 18
do.	1½	Ex.	Dec. 31	Dec. 21
Mech. & Met. Bank	5	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 18
Merch. Des. Tran.	2½	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 21
Metropol. Trust..	4	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 17
Michigan Central..	2	S.A.	Jan. 29	Jan. 3
N. Y. Central.....	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 3
N. Y. State Realty	6		Jan. 3	Dec. 27
N. Y. Trust	8	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 18
Philad. Bourse pf.	6		Feb. 1	Dec. 31
Pitts. & L. E....	$2.50	S.A.	Feb. 1	Jan. 21
Prairie Pipe Line ..	3	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 21
Steel & Tube pf....	1¾	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 20
Troy Union Ry....	6	A	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Un. Shoe Mach....	40	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 20
do. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 20
Utah Pow. & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 16
Yadkin Riv. P. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 16
Youngs. St. & T...	$1.75	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 24
do. pf.	$1.75	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 24

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.	Bid.	Asked.	Belcher Exten.	Bid.	Asked.
Alpha	.60		Brougher	.10	
Andes	.50		Dividend	.03	
Best & Belcher...	.10		E st Divide	.02	
Challenge Con....	1.20		Extension	.25	
Concordia	.06		Florence	.03	
Confidence	1.80		Gold Reef	.04	
Con. Virginia	2.40		Harmill	.21	
Gould & Curry...	.09		Hasbrouck	.02	
Hale & Norcross..	.15		Kernick	.04	
Imperial	.70		Myra	.02	
Mexican	.16		Revert	.05	
Ophir	.27		Verdi	.03	
Overman	.20		Victory	.04	
Seg. Belcher	.15		Zone	.20	
Scorpion	.05		(GOLDFIELD)		
Sierra Nevada	.90		Booth	.02	
Union	.20		Consolidated	.06	
Utah	.08		Crackerjack	.03	
TONOPAH.			Florence	.11	
Belmont	1.30		Jumbo Exten.....	.04	
Belmont Shawmut	.05		Lone Star	.02	
Jim Butler	.14		Silver Pick	.04	
McNamara	.11		Sperhead	.03	
McNamara Cres...	.04		OTHER DISTRICTS.		
Midway	.17		Arrowhead	.06	
Monarch	.07		Black Mammoth..	.06	
North Star	.06		Broken Hills	.11	
Reserve	.19		Fullwhacker	.48	
Tonopah Exten....	1.30		Climax	.04	
Tonopah Tid.	.06		Genesis	.41	
West End	.88		Holly	1.42½	
West Tonopah	.04		Round Mountain..	.14	
DIVIDE.			Sterling	.03	
Alto	.04		White Caps	.03	
Belcher	.08				

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Creason	1¼	1½	Isabella	¾	
Dr. J'pot..	1½	2½	Mary McK.	3	5
Elkton	2	2¾	Portland ..	40	45
El Paso	8	10	U. Gold M.	9	10½
Golden C..	61	63½	Vindicator.	19	20
Granite ...	1	13	Ohio Steel.	4	5

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.
Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
125 Cent Tere pf	6¾	6¾	6¾	50 Cosden pf ...	87½	87½	87½
1,400 Calestine ...	85c	85c	85c	100 Davison Ch..	27	27	27
56 Con Power..	86	84½	85	5 Pa. Water P	80	80	80
15 Con Coal ...	83	82½	83	329 United Rys..	9¾	9¾	9¾

Bonds.

$2,000 Con Pow. 4½s	72¾	72¾	72¾
1,000 Con Gas 4½s	52½	52½	52½
1,000 Cosden 6s ...	91¾	91¾	91¾
$10,000 Un Rys 4s..	61	60¾	60¾
31,000 Do inc 5s..	43¼	42¾	42¾

BOSTON.
Mining.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
170 Ahmeek	45¾	45	45	170 Mohawk	44¼	43¾	43¾
85 Allouez	18¾	18¼	18¼	30 Nevada	85	85	85
50 Arcadian Con	2¾	2¾	2¾	100 New Corn'a..	14¾	14¾	14¾
100 Ancondia	57¾	57¾	57¾	9 New Pitts.. pf.	82½	82½	82½
963 Ariz Com'l..	6¾	6	6	445 Nipissing ..	7¾	7½	7½
1,810 Big Heart...	6¾	6	6	418 North Butte.	67	66	66
850 Butte & Bal.	3	3	3	120 Old Domin..	16	15¾	15¾
520 Cal & Ariz...	68	67	67	75 Osceola	24½	24½	24½
63 Cal & Hecla..	211	209	211	145 Pond Creek..	13¾	13¾	13¾
2,750 Carson	13¾	12¾	12¾	188 Quincy	86½	86	86
100 Chino	18¾	18¾	18¾	100 Ray	11¾	11¾	11¾
475 Cop Range..	26¾	26¼	26¼	5 Seneca	17½	17½	17½
100 Daly-West..	20	20	20	510 Shannon.....	9¾	9¾	9¾
563 Davis-Daly..	5	5	5	20 St Mary's L	30½	30	30
610 East Butte..	8	7¾	7¾	556 Sup & Bost.	12¾	12¾	12¾
300 Franklin	2¾	2¾	2¾	630 Trinity	90	85	90
310 Granby	15¾	15¾	15¾	40 Tuolumne	1¾	1¾	1¾
100 Helvetia	1¾	1¾	1¾	5,400 U S Smelt..	34¾	33¾	33¾
185 Island Creek	53	52	52	654 Do pf.....	41¾	40¾	40¾
25 Do pf.....	76	76	76	245 Utah Apex..	2¾	2¾	2¾
125 Isle Royale..	18	17¾	17¾	900 Utah Cons..	5¾	5¾	5¾
50 Lake Copper ..	17¾	17	17	1,000 Utah Copper	50¾	50¾	50¾
59 La Salle.....	1¾	1¾	1¾	5,775 Utah Metal..	85	75	80
370 Mass Cons..	2¾	2¾	2¾	5 Wolverine	10	10	10
250 May-Old C..	4	3¾	3¾	50 White Pine..	25	25	25
200 Michigan	1¾	1¾	1¾				

Railroads.

155 Bost & Alb..	123	122	122
143 Boston Elev.	62¾	62¼	62
280 Boston & Me	20¾	20¾	20¾
25 B S El pf...	1¾	1¾	1¾

Miscellaneous.

425 Am Agricul.	56¾	56¾	56¾
85 Do pf.....	79¾	79¾	79¾
12,200 Am Cit.....	10	9¾	10
500 Am Pn Serv	1¾	1¾	1¾
165 Do pf.....	7½	7½	7½
85 Am Sugar..	89	87½	88
61 Do pf.....	100½	100	100
713 Am T & T..	127¾	126¾	126¾
200 Am Wool...	63½	63¼	63¼
6 Art Metal..	12	12	12
1,800 Atlas Tack..	17	17	17
100 Beacon Oil..	4¾	4¾	4¾
1,600 Bos Mex Pet	75	69	69
50 Century	90	90	90
100 Eastern Mfg	24	23½	23½
400 Eastern S S..	17¼	17	17
162 Edison	155	153½	154
27 Gen Electric..	120½	120½	120½
1,525 Gray	11¾	11	11¾
150 Greenfield..	24½	24½	24½
100 Hood Rub..	15¾	15¾	15¾
5 Int C M pf..	82	82	82
77 Int Cement..	21½	20¾	21½
125 Int Products	7	6¾	6¾
450 Island Oil ..	5¼	5¼	5¼
74 J T Connor..	12¾	12¾	12¾
285 Libby	11¾	11¾	11¾
50 Lowe's	12	12	12

Bonds.

$3,000 A G & W I 5s	69¾	69¾	69¾
3,000 Cayson 7s...	90	90	90
$20,000 C J & S Se	77½	77½	77½
5,000 Swift 5s....	81½	81½	81½

CHICAGO.
Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
80 Am Rad	64	64	64	2,300 Mitchell ..	8	8	8
420 Armour L...	13	12¾	13	3,200 Nat Leather	8	7¾	7¾
125 Do pf.....	89¾	89¼	89¾	200 Orpheum	25¾	25	25
1,200 Armour pf..	83	83¼	83¼	100 Peck	22	21½	22
200 Booth Fish..	25½	25	25½	100 Pierce	19	19	19
150 Do pf.....	25¾	25	25¾	38 Pub Svc pf..	85	85	85
355 Briscoe	9¾	9¾	9¾	25 Peoples Gas	39	39	39
100 Bunte Bros..	12¾	12¾	12¾	40 Quaker O pf	85	85	85
250 Case Mach..	61¾	61¾	61¾	50 Rec Moto...	19¾	19¾	19¾
600 C C & C pf..	5	5	5	50 Root & Van..	18¾	18¾	18¾
50 Chi Elev pf..	83¾	83¾	83¾	2,600 Sears-Roe..	53½	53	53
25 Chi T & T...	205	205	205	65 Shaw	61	61	61
3,600 Comw Ed....	102	101½	102	1,500 Stewart	35¾	35¾	35¾
190 Cent Mfg....	3¾	3¾	3¾	5,000 Swift Int....	89¾	89¾	89¾
50 Diamond M..	96¾	96¾	96¾	900 Swift	100¼	99¾	100
200 Godchaux ..	20	20	20	300 Thompson ..	24	24	24
200 Hol St L....	84	84	84	500 Tenitor Prod	26	26	26
3,100 Hupp Motor.	10	9¾	10	4,000 Un Carbide.	50	48½	48½
200 Harrman	69¾	69¾	69¾	150 Un Fruit	104	104	104
30 Ill Brick....	65	65	65	280 Wahl	38¾	38	38
2,800 Libby	11¾	10¾	11	675 West Knit..	9¾	9¾	9¾
2,100 Mont Ward.	15	14¾	14¾	405 Wrigley	71	71	71

Bonds.

$2,000 C C & C 5s.	35	33	33
$14,000 ChiRyI 5s.	57	57	57

DETROIT.
Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,400 Cont Motor..	6	5¾	5¾	100 Noble Oil ...	110	110	110
110 Det Edison..	98	98	98	1,000 Packard Mot	19¾	19¾	19¾
75 Ford of Can.	215	215	215	33 Do pf	73	72½	72½
600 Line'n Mote.	18¾	18¾	18¾	5,900 Reg Motor..	18¾	18	18
950 Mich Sugar..	8¾	8¾	8¾				

PHILADELPHIA.
Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
90 Am Gas	29	29	29	64 Pa Salt	66	65½	65½
100 Am Rys pf..	18	18	18	878 Phila Elec...	21¾	21¾	21¾
377 Am Stores..	47½	47	47	210 Do pf	27½	27½	27½
10 Cramp's	50	50	50	210 Phila Trac..	52½	52½	52½
270 Elec Storage	33¾	33¾	33¾	150 Tono Belmt	1¾	1¾	1¾
300 Gen Asphalt..	41¾	84½	41¾	800 Tono Mining	1¾	1¾	1¾
40 Do pf	79	76½	79	50 Un Cos.N J..	169	169	169
80 J G Brill....	54	50	50	4,841 Un Gas Imp.	28¼	27¾	27¾
175 Keystone Tel	7¾	7¼	7¼	75 Do pf	49¾	49¾	49¾
2,440 L Sup Corp..	5	4¾	4¾	200 Union Trac..	30	29¾	29¾
65 Lehigh Nav..	71	70	71	2 W J & S S..	57	57	57
1,058 Phila R T...	14¾	14¼	14¾				

Bonds.

$4,000 Int'state Rys	26	26	26
6,000 Keyst'e Tel 5s	64	64	64
6,000 LSupCorp 5s	45	45	45
$21,000 LV annu 6s	109	109	109
40,000 Ph El 1st 5s	80	79½	80
20,000 Pub Serv 5s	60	59½	60

FITTSBURGH.
Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
175 Am W G M..	106½	106	106¼	245 Nat Firep pf	13¾	13¾	13¾
860 Do pf	85	85	85	110 Ohio Fuel Oil	19¼	19	19
4,000 Ark Gas	7¾	7¾	7¾	270 OhioFuelSup	47	46½	46¾
200 Barnsdall, B	36	36	36	540 Okla Gas ..	28¼	28¼	28¼
200 Carbonydro..	¾	¾	¾	50 Pitts Brew..	2	2	2
75 Do pf	2¾	2¾	2¾	225 Do pf	6	6	6
25 Col Gas	55¾	55¾	55¾	100 Pitts Oil & G	11	11	11
125 Guffey-Gil..	24¾	24¼	24¼	300 South Pac..	98	98	98
2,500 Kay Co Gas.	3¼	3¼	3¼	100 U S Steel...	79¾	79¾	79¾
370 Lone St Gas.	26	25¾	25¾	475 Wh'ouse AB pf	91½	91½	91½
40 Mfrs Lt & H	56¾	56¾	56¾	1,150 Wh'ouse Elec	41¾	41¾	41¾
2,700 Marland Ref	2¾	2¾	2¾	25 W Pa Rys pf	70	70	70
200 Nat Fireplg..	6¾	6¾	6¾				

Bonds.

$1,000 Pitusburgh & Birmingham 5s			61

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
680 Cities Service	237	231	236	*261
1,515 Cities Service pf.....	64⅜	64⅛	64¼	*64⅜
947 Cities Service pf. B.	6	5¾	6	*6¼
7,826 Cities Service bk. shares..	31⅝	31⅜	31⅝	*31⅝
$21,400 Cities Service deb. B.....	128	125	125	126
41,300 Cities Service deb. C.....	91	90	90	92
30,500 Cities Service deb. D.....	88	84	84	88
485 Empire Gas and Fuel pf..	84½	84	84	*86

*Ex dividend.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Gas & Electric....	38¾	101	Galveston-Hous Elec....	24	23
Am Gas & Electric pf....	95	96	Galveston-Hous Elec pf.	100	102
Am Light & Traction..	96	100	Miss River Power	10¾	13
Am Light & Trac pf...	76	78	Miss River Power pf...	59	62
Am Power & Light....	84	89	Northern States Power ..	76	78
Am Power & Light pf.	90	92	North States Power pf..	96	98
Am W W & Electric ..	2	5	Northern Texas Elec....	72	76
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	40	43	North Texas Elec pf....	65	70
Am W W & Elec pf'rd	4	6½	Pacific Gas & Elec pf.	78	80
Appalachian Power....	2	3	Puget Sound Pow. & Lt.	83	85
Appalachian Power pf.	15	22	Puget Sd Pow & Lt pf.	54	58
Carolina Power & Lt...	20	25	Republic Ry & Light..	8	9
Colorado Power	10	11½	Republic Ry & Light pf	18	22
Columbus Gas & Power	87	88	Southern Cal Edison....	84	87
Columbus Electric pf...	52	56	Southern Cal Edison pf	94	97
Com Power, Ry & Lt..	9	11	Standard Gas & Elec....	10¾	11½
Com Power, Ry & Lt pf	31	33	Standard Gas & E pf	31	34
Com Power pf.	97	100	Tampa Electric	108	111
Eastern Texas Electric	68	72	Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow....	1	1½
Eastern Texas Elec pf.	66	72	Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf.	15	18
El Paso Electric	84	87	United Light & Rys....	88	90
Electric Bond & Sh....	79	81	United Light & Rys pf.	82	84
Federal Light & Trac..	5	8	Western Power	17¾	18½
Federal Lt & Trac pf..	42	48	Western Power pf.....	54	61

Bonds.

Am W W & El col 5s...	49	51	Miss Riv Pow 5s, '51..	75	75
Appalachian 1st Con 5s	61	62	Nor States Pow 5s, '41.	85	85
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56.	80	85	Nor States Pow 6s, '28.	96	97
Col Gas & El deb 5s,'27	75	80	Seattle Electric 5s....	73	75
Col Gas & El 1st 5s,'61	90	93	Stand Gas & E 5s, '26..	63	70
Com Power 5s, '49.....	90	93	Stand Gas & El 5s, '31..	60	65
Dallas Electric 5s....	92	100	Stand Gas & E 5s, '50..	63	70
East Tex Elec 6s.....	72	75	Utah Securities	78	80
Empire Gas & El 6s....	84	86	West States G & E 5s,'41	76	81
Midwest Utilities 6s..	95	98			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Tues-day. Bid.
4½s July, 1967....	90½	91½	90
4½s June, 1965....	90½	91½	90
4½s Mar., 1963....	90½	91½	90
4½s Nov., 1967....	90½	91½	90
4½s May, 1957....	90½	91½	90
4½s Apr., 1958....	85	86½	84½
4½s Mar., 1961....	85	86½	84½
4½s May, 1962....	85	86½	84½
4½s Sept., 1960....	85	86½	84½
4½s Mar., 1960-50..	85	86½	84½
4½s May, 1959.....	85½	86½	85½
4s Nov., 1958.....	81½	82	81
4s May, 1957.....	81½	82	81
4s Nov., 1956.....	81	82½	80
4s Nov., 1955.....	81	82½	80
4s Oct., 1959.....	84	85½	84
3½s May, 1954.....	73	74½	72

	Yester-day.	Tues-day.
3½s Nov., 1954....	73	74½
3½s Nov., 1953....	73	74½

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1924-1932.....	5.25	4.90	5.25
4½s 1921-1923.....	5.50	4.90	5.50
4½s 1923-1924.....	5.50	4.90	5.50
4½s 1924-1931.....	5.25	4.90	5.25
4½s 1931-1939.....	5.50	4.95	5.50
4½s 1956-1956.....	5.50	4.95	5.50
4½s 1918-1930.....	5.40	5.00	5.40
4½s 1921-1923.....	5.50	5.00	5.50
4½s 1940-1940.....	5.25	4.95	5.25
4½s 1940-1953.....	5.50	4.90	5.50
4½s 1926-1930.....	5.50	4.90	5.50
4½s 1924-1925.....	6.25	5.85	6.25

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

| | Yester-day. Bid. | Yester-day.

WESTERN CARRIERS

Roads Plead for Application of Interstate Schedules in Seven States.

OPPOSED BY COMMISSIONS

Right of States to Fix Intrastate Rates Defended as Interstate Commerce Board Closes Hearing.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Investigation of the refusal of the railway commissions of seven States to increase intrastate rates to the level recently authorized in interstate traffic closed today with the Interstate Commerce Commission taking the evidence and arguments under advisement. The seven States were Ohio, Illinois, Michigan, Utah, Indiana, Florida and Nebraska.

During the hearings, which lasted three days, counsel for the railroads attempted to show that carriers were losing millions through the existence of state rates lower than those prevailing in interstate traffic. They also argued that unfair discrimination existed against competitive traffic with neighboring States, and that interstate tariffs authorized by the Interstate Commerce Commission were, in effect, being avoided by the re-buying of tickets within State limits on the basis of State rate schedules.

Counsel for the State commissions and for business interests argued that the fixing of State rates was a State right, and said that in some instances passenger rates within State limits had been fixed by the legislators of the states and not by the railroad commissions. They contended that the Interstate Commerce Commission had no right to interfere with rate schedules so adopted. Intimations were made that the states may carry the question to the courts for settlement.

Counsel for the State commissions also attempted to show that whereas State passenger fares were lower than interstate rates, freight charges had been adjusted as to reimburse the roads for this loss and provide a 6 per cent. return.

The Indiana case was the last heard by the commission, with N. S. Brown arguing for the carriers. Mr. Brown said that losses to the railroads in Indiana, due to low freight and passenger State rates, would total between $5,000,000 and $6,000,000. Of this amount, he said, $2,000,000 was credited to loss on passenger rates, $1,500,000 on low coal rates and $37,000 on low milk and cream rates carried on passenger trains. The entire loss in a year in freight, including coal, he said, would total $3,384,000. Indiana, he said, had granted only a 33 1-3 per cent. increase in State rates, as compared to a 40 per cent. increase in interstate freight rates.

NEW ENGLAND ROADS ASK RATE ADJUSTMENT

Blame Short Hauls and Quantity of Small Shipments for Low Earnings.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Costly short hauls, combined with many shipments of small lots of manufactured goods, were indicated by witnesses for New England railroads, in testimony before the Interstate Commerce Commission today for the inability of the carriers in that section to earn during the last four years more than 1.04 per cent. on their invested capital.

W. L. Cunningham, a statistician, told the commission that a study of the economic problems of freight shipments in New England had shown that the competitiveness of the territory and the close proximity of the stations had made the money costs of short trans-portation a great deal higher than in other parts of the East. Short hauls and small manufacturing shipments had caused the handling of goods one and a half times in New England where on other trunk systems they were handled only once.

Charles E. Cronin of Boston, called for the carriers, present d statistics to show that the traffics of the Anthracite coal mines in New England were interchanges between roads in Ame ica. Statistics submitted showed that the increase of the roads amounted to $51,000,000, of which $37,000,000 was on interchanged shipments.

Opinion in local railroad circles regarding the untenable position of many of the New England railroad systems is almost unanimous regarding the necessity for providing them with additional revenue. Opinions regarding the most satisfactory manner in which this may be effected, however, vary.

Some observers assert that the problem may be solved by dividing through rates with the trunk line roads which carry the bulk of the interchange business to the New England roads, while others say that a further increase in freight rates in the New England territory will aid in meeting the situation.

ASSAILS INDIAN AGITATORS.

Rustomjee Says Bolsheviki Pay and Sinn Feiners Inspire Them.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 15.—Rustom Rustomjee of Boston, speaking here tonight before the British Empire Club, declared that war between Great Britain and the United States would mean the end of Christian civilization.

"Malignant forces are at work in this country," he said, "striving to drive a wedge between them. I am not much concerned with the activities of Irish Sinn Feinism. I am concerned with a band of my own countrymen, mostly German and Bolshevist paid and Sinn Fein inspired, who are carrying on an intensive and extensive propaganda in this country. They have openly made common cause with the American Bolsheviki and are working to blacken the fair name of the British administrators of India.

"Should you have any doubt on this question, I ask you to go through the list of members of the Friends of Freedom for India with the head of the movement, the Irish Sinn Feiners, and some of its Indian officers are men who were proved guilty of crime against your own country when your sons were battling on the fields of Flanders."

Gale Sinks Lighter; Three Die.

Battered by a gale which swept Long Island Sound on Tuesday, the steam lighter Calvin Tompkins was sunk off Bridgeport, Conn., and two of her crew drowned, a third dying after being taken from the water. Nine men, including Captain Thomas Le Compte of New York, were rescued, three of them being picked up by the tug Colonel John F. Gaynor and brought here. Le Compte and Mate John Kane of Brooklyn are now in Bellevue Hospital, but Henry Arkeneau of Jersey City died on the tug on the way and his body is now in the morgue. The men lost from the lighter were George Blythe, a clerk, of Jersey City, and Michael Kaplesky, a deckhand, of Jersey City.

Peoples Commercial Bank Opens.

The Peoples Commercial Bank of New York opened for business at 150 Delancey Street yesterday with Sigmund W. Sarasch as its President, Morris Barach, Vice President; H. E. Slabe, Cashier, and Leo Bickel, assistant cashier. Sigmund Sarasch came to this country in 1884 as an immigrant boy. He entered the steamship ticket agency business and later became General Passenger and Ticket Agent for the Eastern lines of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

ductions—Biggest is 32½%.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 15.—The Jenckes Spinning Company, said to be the world's largest producer of tire fabrics, tonight announced the suspension of business in most departments until Jan. 3. Employes were asked to turn in their pay checks.

B. B. & R. Knight, Inc., operating seventeen cotton mills and bleacheries in this State and Massachusetts, today announced a reduction in wages of employes, effective next Monday. The amount of the reduction was not given, but is understood to be 22½ per cent.

WARWICK, R. I., Dec. 15.—The Elizabeth Mills at Hillsgrove and East Greenwich, and the Apponaug Company at Apponaug, today posted notices to their 2350 employes announcing a wage reduction Dec. 20. The Elizabeth Mills, thread manufacturers, employing 480, makes its first wage cut in forty years, amounting to 33⅓ per cent. The Apponaug Company, bleachers, gives no amount in the notice, but it is understood to be 22½ per cent.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Dec. 15.—Notices were posted today in the Hoosac Worsted Mills announcing a wage readjustment to go into effect Monday. The mills is a unit in the Arlington Mill system.

EASTHAMPTON, Mass., Dec. 15.—The West Boylston mills of this town today posted notices announcing a reduction in wages next week. The order affects about three thousand employes.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Dec. 15.—A shutdown from Dec. 24 to Jan. 3 was announced tonight by the Pacific Mills, employing 7,800 operatives. Business conditions and the semi-annual stocktaking were given as the reasons.

GIFT TO MRS. LIVERMORE.

Republican Women Present Silver Tray to Committee Chairman.

Mrs. Arthur L. Livermore, Chairman of the Republican Women's State Executive Committee, was the principal guest yesterday at a luncheon given by Mrs. Charles H. Sabin at her home, 14 East Sixty-second Street. Governor-elect Miller, State Chairman Glynn and the members of Mrs. Livermore's committee were other guests.

There was presented to Mrs. Livermore at the close of the luncheon a large silver tray on which was engraved: "To Henrietta W. Livermore, in recognition of her courageous leadership, her sense of fairness, her loyalty to her co-workers and to the cause of Republicanism, the Republican Women's State Executive Committee present this remembrance of the campaign of 1920."

Then followed the names of the committee members. The presentation speech was made by Mrs. Douglas Robinson.

NEW FUEL OF COKE DUST.

Pittsburgh Reports It an Efficient Heat Producer.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 15.—The gas conservation and smoke reduction campaign of the Pittsburgh station of the United States Bureau of Mines and Civic Organizations has developed a new fuel, composed of coke dust and particles of soft coal, officials of the bureau announced here today.

The new fuel has been tested and the Bureau of Mines officials urge that residents of the Pittsburgh district use it, not as a gas conservation and smoke reduction measure, but as a more efficient heat producer.

Awarded $15,000 for Dog's Bite.

The jury before Supreme Court Justice Mitchell that heard Elizabeth Henry's suit against Bradley Martin for $25,000 damages because she was bitten by the defendant's dog, gave her a verdict for $15,000 yesterday. Miss Henry was employed as housemaid in the Martin home at Westbury, L. I., and was dragged from a bicycle by a watchdog and bitten on the face.

Ship Brings 2,479 War Dead.

The largest number of American war dead to be returned from France on one ship, 2,479, arrived here yesterday in the army transport Wheaton from Bordeaux and St. Nazaire.

Suburban Buyers.

The two four-family dwellings on the corner of Central and Watson Avenues, Newark, a plot 125 by 100, have been purchased by Harry Stevens and William Benjamin. Feist & Feist were the brokers.

The Godfrey Corporation has sold a residence at Montclair to Mrs. Florence Chatellier. It is on Garfield Place. The Simpson Merritt Company were the brokers.

The Robert E. Farley Organization has sold for E. J. Stringham a plot in the Philipse Manor section of Tarrytown to P. J. Rogers.

Mrs. Dowd has sold the two-story house at 183 Jewel Street, Forest Hills, on a plot 87.6 by 100, for J. W. Beck to Lillian Waller Buschman. It was held at $25,000.

Realty Notes.

Thomas J. O'Reilly has recently negotiated mortgage loans aggregating more than $1,500,000. The larger ones include the northeast corner of Lexington Avenue and Seventy-third Street, $85,000; 39 and 41 East Broadway, $54,000; 86 and 88 Hester tStreet, $40,000; second mortgage on 605 Fifth Avenue, $100,000, and 539 West 112th Street, $144,000.

It is rumored that the New York Edison Company was the buyer of the warehouse at 159 and 161 Greene Street, just sold by the Straus estate.

Vanderbilt Deed Recorded.

A deed has just been recorded in the Register's office in which the late William K. Vanderbilt conveyed title to Harold S. Vanderbilt and Malcolm D. Sloane to the five-story residence at 647 Fifth Avenue, adjoining the southeast corner of Fifty-second Street. The house stands on a plot 37.6 by 100, and was transferred subject to a mortgage for $250,000.

Ritz-Carlton Alterations.

Plans have been filed for removing the fence, resetting the steps and moving back the revolving door five feet of the Ritz-Carlton Hotel at 370 to 384 Madison Avenue, to allow for the widening of Madison Avenue. Robert W. Goelet is the owner. Warren & Wetmore are the architects. The cost will be $25,000.

Red Cross Leases Offices.

The American National Red Cross has leased for its executive offices the entire ninth floor in the office building recently completed at 15 West Thirty-seventh Street by J. Tishman & Sons, Inc. The structure cost about $1,500,000 and occupies a plot 95 by 100. Several other large leases are pending. Albert B. Ashforth & Co. negotiated the lease.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By I. Lincoln Selde Co.

Rutgers Place, 19, n s, 104.6 ft w of Clinton St, 26x100, six-story tenement and stores; J. Herbert Carpenter et al. against David Davitch et al.; Butler, Wyckoff & Campbell, attorneys; due, $33,286.68; taxes, &c., $1,813.82; to the plaintiff for $30,000.

129th St, 62 and 64 West, s s, 125 ft e of Lenox Av, 41.8x96.11, six-story flat; Franklin Savings Bank against Hunterdon Realty and Construction Co. et al.; Wilson M. Powell, attorney; due, $12,080.51; taxes, &c., $1,080; to Harriet P. Wood for $36,000.

By Joseph P. Day.

224th St, 642 East; Mary A. Shirley, administratrix, etc., against Cecilia G. Ward et al.; Cornelius Doremus, attorney; due, $4,-720.47; taxes, &c., $2,705.45; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

Henry St, 137, n s, 100.10 ft w of Rutgers St, 25.9x100, four-story tenement; Lawyers Mortgage Co. against Mary E. Mullins et al.; Shearman & Sterling, attorneys; due, $22,385.37; taxes, &c., [illegible]; to the plaintiff for $20,000.

BANK WILL NOT BUY

Negotiations for Purchase of Block Front on William Street Broken Off.

PRICE DECLARED EXCESSIVE

Owners Ask $1,500,000 for Property Assessed at $400,000—Only Plot in Block Not Controlled by Bank.

Plans were filed yesterday with the Manhattan Bureau of Buildings for adding four stores to the Montauk Building, an eight-story structure occupying the block front on the west side of William Street, between Maiden Lane and Liberty Streets.

This building occupies the only plot on the block bounded by Maiden Lane, Nassau, William and Liberty Streets that the Federal Reserve Bank has not secured for the monumental structure which it proposes to erect at a cost of about $5,000,000. The Montauk Building, which occupies a plot fronting about 77 feet on William Street and 44 feet on both Maiden Lane and Liberty Street, is owned by the Ormond Realty Corporation, of which Alfred M. Bedell is President. According to the tax books the land alone has an assessed valuation of about $340,000 and the land with the building at about $400,000.

Negotiations for the sale of this particular property to the Federal Reserve Bank were pending until recently and the filing of the plans yesterday would indicate that they had been broken off definitely.

It was learned on excellent authority yesterday that the Directors of the Federal Reserve Bank refused to pay the price demanded by the owners of the Montauk Building on the ground that it was excessive.

The price is said to have been $1,500,000 or $1,100,000 more than its assessed valuation.

In the meantime it is understood that the Federal Reserve Bank has gone ahead with the preparation of plans for its new building, excluding the William Street frontage occupied by the Montauk Building.

An official of the Federal Reserve Bank stated yesterday that there were no negotiations on for the purchase of the Montauk property and that plans for the new bank as they existed at the present time did not include the William Street front.

When asked if the Federal Reserve Bank had authority to take property necessary for its building by condemnation proceedings, the official said it did not, to the best of his knowledge.

S. N. Polis, who filed the plans for the additional four stories to the Montauk Building, estimates the cost of the improvement at about $100,000.

When asked if the Ormond Company really intended to go ahead with the improvement or whether the filing of the plans was merely for the purpose of making an exposition of the property, its value and what could be done with it for a nominal sum, Mr. Polis said: "All I know is that I have been ordered to prepare plans for the work and will send out specifications for estimates as soon as they are ready."

Enlarges Brooklyn Warehouse Plot.

The Princess Construction Company has purchased from the Realty Associates a plot 150 by 100.2 feet on the north side of Thirty-first Street, 200 feet east of Third Avenue, adjoining the plot 100 by 100.2 recently purchased. The entire plot, 250 by 100.2, will be improved with a one-story warehouse building on the central fifty feet, the entire building, when completed, to be similar to the warehouse built within the last year by the company on the north side of Thirtieth Street east of Third Avenue. The facilities of property in the Tush Terminal of Brooklyn are making this section an active industrial and shipping centre.

Garment Union Buys Building.

The International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union has purchased the four story building at 3 West Sixteenth Street, through M. & L. Hess, as brokers, from the Three West Sixteenth Street Corporation. The plot, 33.4 by 92 feet, contains approximately 16,000

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of J. WEISSMAN & CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, December 16, 1920, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 1,182 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of pearl buttons, button cards, office furniture, fixtures, etc. Also the Receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of lease of said premises.

JACOB H. CORN, Receiver.
SHAINE & WEINRIB, 299 Broadway.
MAX J. LE BOYER, 308 Broadway.
Attorneys for Receiver.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy, 299 Broadway.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy—In the matter of YOUROVETA HOME & FOREIGN TRADE CO., INC., Bankrupt—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, December 16, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 15 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of coal cutters, saws, tea, mustard seed, tobacco, sides, office furniture, fixtures, etc. Also the Receivers' right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of lease of said premises.

JOHN MURPHY, Receiver.
JOSEPH A. ROSEN, Receivers.
ROSENBERG & BALL, Attorneys for Receivers, 74 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of A. ROSEN & SONS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, December 16, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 38 Greene Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' and children's coats, office furniture, fixtures, etc.

MAX ROCKMORE,
Ancillary Receiver.
N. L. BLEK, Attorney for Ancillary Receiver, 32 Court Street, Brooklyn, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York—In the matter of FAIR PRICE POULTRY CO., INC., Bankrupt—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, December 21, 1920, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 67 West 125th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, fixtures, etc.

HENRY W. GODDARD, Receiver.
ROBERT P. LEVIS, Attorney for Receiver, 42 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York—In Bankruptcy—In the matter of REICH & WEINSTOCK, Bankrupt—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, December 22, 1920, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 125 West 28th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, skins, fixtures, etc.

ELY ROSENBERG, Receiver.
ROSENTHAL & HEERMANCE, Attorneys for Receiver, 2 Rector Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy—In the matter of ISIDOR WESTREICH, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, December 16, 1920, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 90 Thompson Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of groceries, canned goods, fixtures, &c.

ARCHIBALD PALMER, Receiver.
H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 305 Broadway, New York.

Tenement Investments.

The five-story flat at 1,490 Madison Avenue, on plot 75 by 100, north of Ninety-ninth street, has been purchased by Morris Beredon from Samuel Stone.

The four-story flats at 430 to 436 Pleasant Avenue, comprising four buildings between 123d and 124d Streets, each on lot 16 by 74 feet, have been sold by Thomas Ford for James B. Hartzell to Harry Whelan.

Giovanni Ricco sold to Carolina Fumo 249 East 114th Street, a three-story tenement, 25 by 100.10.

The five-story tenement, 25.1 by 94.8, at 320 Henry Street, has been sold by the Lawyers' Mortgage Company to an investor.

Lawrence Davis sold to Philip Suffin the five-story flat 221 St. Nicholas Avenue, northwest corner of 150th Street, 25.10 by 100.

Business Property Deals.

The business building at 515 West Nineteenth Street has been sold through James N. Wells's Sons to Amos R. Cahoon, the tenant.

The three-story frame stable, 25 by 87.6, at 109 Ludlow Street, has been bought by Moses Schaeffer.

Edward Henderson of Henderson & Finley bought from Daniel B. Friedman the four-story loft building at 836 Eighth Avenue for investment. George Day negotiated the sale.

Brewery Property Leased.

An old lower west side landmark has been disposed of in the leasing of a large portion of the Empire Brewing Company's property at 156 and 158 Charles Street, two seven and eight story buildings, containing about 75,000 square feet to the Reynolds Whitney Warehouse Company, Inc. The lease is for twenty years at an aggregate rental of about $600,000. The same company has also secured an option to lease the buildings at 674 and 676 Washington Street and 287 to 303 West Tenth Street, also owned by the brewing company. The Durose Company negotiated the transaction.

Tenement Investments.

The five-story flat at 1,490 Madison Avenue, on plot 75 by 100, north of Ninety-ninth street, has been purchased by Morris Beredon from Samuel Stone.

The four-story flats at 430 to 436 Pleasant Avenue, comprising four buildings between 123d and 124d Streets, each on lot 16 by 74 feet, have been sold by Thomas Ford for James B. Hartzell to Harry Whelan.

Giovanni Ricco sold to Carolina Fumo 249 East 114th Street, a three-story tenement, 25 by 100.10.

The five-story tenement, 25.1 by 94.8, at 320 Henry Street, has been sold by the Lawyers' Mortgage Company to an investor.

Lawrence Davis sold to Philip Suffin the five-story flat 221 St. Nicholas Avenue, northwest corner of 150th Street, 25.10 by 100.

Business Property Deals.

The business building at 515 West Nineteenth Street has been sold through James N. Wells's Sons to Amos R. Cahoon, the tenant.

The three-story frame stable, 25 by 87.6, at 109 Ludlow Street, has been bought by Moses Schaeffer.

Edward Henderson of Henderson & Finley bought from Daniel B. Friedman the four-story loft building at 836 Eighth Avenue for investment. George Day negotiated the sale.

Brewery Property Leased.

An old lower west side landmark has been disposed of in the leasing of a large portion of the Empire Brewing Company's property at 156 and 158 Charles Street, two seven and eight story buildings, containing about 75,000 square feet to the Reynolds Whitney Warehouse Company, Inc. The lease is for twenty years at an aggregate rental of about $600,000. The same company has also secured an option to lease the buildings at 674 and 676 Washington Street and 287 to 303 West Tenth Street, also owned by the brewing company. The Durose Company negotiated the transaction.

W. E. Wheelock Buys East Side Home—Rockefeller Block Deal.

William E. Wheelock purchased for occupancy from the estate of Mary C. Kahl 147 East Sixty-third Street, a three-story dwelling on a lot 16x100. William A. White & Sons negotiated the sale.

The four-story residence at 17 West Fifty-fourth Street, in the Rockefeller home block, has been sold through William B. May & Co. to a buyers for occupancy. The house covers a plot 20x100.5 feet and stands in the name of Julia C. Bourne, who took title last March. It was held at $75,000.

The Brown, Wheelock Company, Inc., sold for the Clark estate 16 West Seventy-third Street, a four-story dwelling on plot 20x102.2 feet.

The five-story dwelling, 73 West Fifty-first Street, 16.8x100.5, has been sold by Daniel H. Jackson to the McDanten Realty Corporation.

James N. Wells' Sons have sold the dwelling at 455 West Twenty-second Street for a client to Frederick J. Liscombe and the dwelling at 347 West Twenty-first Street to Assemblyman Thomas F. Burchill for occupancy.

Charles F. Sear purchased from Margaret Delaney 306 West Nineteenth Street, a four-story dwelling on a lot 22x100. Edward S. Foley & Co. negotiated the sale.

Bronx Borough Sales.

The three-family frame house at 491 East 175th Street, on a lot 18 by 103, has been sold by J. Clarence Davies for Bridget Lamphear.

Alexander Selkin sold for A. Glazeroff the two-family dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100, at 1,167 Vyse Avenue.

The Realty Redemption Company sold to August Scheuermann the three-story house, on a plot 50 by 100, at 429 Wales Avenue.

Activity in Brooklyn.

The two-family house on the northwest corner of Clarendon Road and East Fifty-second Street, plot 60 by 100 feet, has been purchased by Elise

Commercial Leases.

Charles F. Noyes Company has leased for the Lawyers Realty Company the ninth floor at 4 and 6 Liberty Place to the Steel Producers Export Corporation for five years from May 1 as an aggregate rental of $60,000. The corporation is now in the Equitable Building.

Cushman & Wakefield, Inc., has leased for Douglas L. Elliman & Co., agent, an entire floor at 9-11 East Thirty-seventh Street to the International Time Recording Company of New York.

G. Montague Mable has leased for a term of years the garage at 209 West Ninety-fifth Street, adjoining the northeast corner of Broadway, for the Ninety-fifth Street Garage Company to the Delamater Motor Corporation.

George V. McNally has leased for the Osborne Holding Corporation, Walter J. Salmon, President, four stories in the Osborne Building, northwest corner of Fifty-seventh Street and Seventh Avenue, to Hope Motors, concessionaires in the United States and Cuba for Panhard Levassoir, Paris, France, makers of Panhard motor cars.

The Uneeda Pure Orange Drink Company has leased a store in the Montrose Apartment house, northeast corner of 150th Street and Lenox Avenue, from the Allied Investors' Realty Company for fifteen years.

Louis Schrag has leased for A. Hagadan the store at 266 Seventh Avenue for six years to Philip Krebs and Nicholas Collias.

Sale at Fieldston.

A plot of three lots at Fieldston, fronting on 245th Street, about 300 feet east of Waldo Avenue, has been purchased by George J. Puckhafer from the Delafield estate for improvement with a residence. George Howe was the broker.

Two lots, each 25 by 100 feet, on the south side of Fifty-seventh Street, 320 feet east of Twentieth Avenue, have been sold by William F. Jones for James S. Wave to Gottfried A. Sulfors.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

A market for used cars. All advertisements censored. Rate, 65 cents per agate line.

BUICK 1920 roadster.
CADILLAC 1919 touring; Victoria.
CADILLAC 1918 town landaulet.
CADILLAC 1917 limousine and touring.
HUDSON 1918 SEDAN.
PEERLESS 1918 SEDAN.
PACKARD 1918 suburban limousine.
PACKARD 1918 LIMOUSINE.
PACKARD 1917 2-35 LANDAULET.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO., 10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

BUICK 1919 five-pass. touring; used only few miles and like new throughout; CHEAP. Studebaker Corp'n, Broadway and 54th St.

BUICK 1920 ROADSTER, $875. Best buy in city, genuine model K-44 light 6; payments arranged; inspected, demonstrated. 400 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

BUICK little six 1918 touring 5-passenger; mechanically perfect; good tires; low mileage; financial circumstances compel sacrifice, $800 cash; no dealers. K 183 Times.

BUICK 1919 COUPE, 6-cylinder, in excellent mechanical condition; a new tires; a bargain. Stearns Co., 415 West 55th. Circle 7008.

BUICK coupe, 1920; first-class condition; can be bought at a bargain. West Side Auto Repair, 214 West 63th.

BUICK 1920 roadster; excellent condition; price $1,150. Call Mr. Quinn, Columbus 7100.

BUICK 1920 coupe, like new; price $2,250. 19 West 62d St., New York.

BUICK, 1920, roadster, slightly used; bargain. Call, examine, 123 West 64th. Meyer.

BUICK COUPES, TOURING, ROADSTERS. Mack Co., 238-240 West 54th St.

CADILLAC, type 57, Victoria coupe.
CADILLAC 1918 roadster.
HUDSON 1920 sport sedan.
OLDSMOBILE 1918 sedan.
LOCOMOBILE 1916 limousine.
REO 1918 sedan.
CHANDLER 1919 sedan.
BUICK 1920 coupe; like new.
BUICK 1918 coupe.
DORIS limousine.
BUICK 1920 7-passenger touring, extra convertible sedan top.
CADILLAC 1919 touring.
MERCER 1918 4-pass. sport.
HUDSON 1920 touring.
OLDSMOBILE 1920 touring.
CHANDLER 1920 touring.
LOCOMOBILE 1917 touring.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48" touring.
STUTZ 1918 touring.
MARMON 1918 touring.
REO 1918 roadster.
CHANDLER, 1919 model.
OVERLAND 1918 roadster.
Many others not listed above.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE, 18-21 West 62d St.
Phone 7441-7442 Columbus.

CADILLAC 1920 suburban sedan, model 59
CUNNINGHAM 1920 Imperial sedan.
COLE 1920 7-passenger sedan.
BUICK 1920 7-passenger sedan.
PIERCE-ARROW 1919 Imperial limousine.
CADILLAC 1919 suburban sedan.
HUDSON 7-passenger sedan and cabriolet.
MERCER 1920 runabout, elegant shape.
CHANDLER 1920 7-passenger touring.
BIDDLE 1920 sedan, custom body.
CADILLACS, 57-35, touring and runabouts.
CADILLACS 1919 7-passenger touring.
CADILLAC 53 limousine; beautiful shape.
PEERLESS 1918 sedan, fine condition.
MANY OTHERS.
HIGHEST CASH PAID FOR HIGH-GRADE CARS; UP-TO-DATE MODELS ONLY.
HYGRADE AUTO EXCHANGE, 800 7th Av., at 52d. Tel. Circle 2567.

CADILLAC 1920 "59" Victoria.
CADILLAC 1920 "59" Suburban Sedan.
CADILLAC 1920 "59" Touring.
CADILLAC 1918 Touring.
HUDSON 1918 Model M Coupe.
PACKARD 1918 3-35 Touring.
STUTZ 1920 Four-passenger.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,866 Broadway.

CADILLAC limousine, 1917, recently completely overhauled, repainted and reupholstered at cost of $700; in perfect shape; carefully driven since purchased by original owner; can be seen at Massapequa, L. I., or will be shown in city by appointment. B 708 Times Downtown.

CADILLAC Victoria coupe, as good as new; delivered June, 1920; run 6,700 miles; complete equipment, six cord tires; cost $5,300; will sacrifice $4,200. Y 2297 Times Annex.

CADILLACS, 1919, 4 and 7 passenger touring, fully equipped, exceptional rubber; Westinghouse shock absorbers; $2,500 cash each. Gotham, 1,604 Broadway.

CADILLAC closed cars, coupes, sedans, landaulets, limousines, town cars, 1917, 1918, 1919 models, at reduced prices; call, make offer. 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC limousine, latest 1919; used five months; very beautiful; had best mechanical attention. Full information. Tel. Schuyler 2943.

CADILLAC 1917 7 passenger suburban sedan; excellent condition; price $2,100. J. L., 240 Times.

CADILLAC 1919 touring; recently painted, overhauled; guaranteed; perfect condition; $1,850. Pennsylvania 6300.

CADILLAC 1920 VICTORIA COUPE. Same as new throughout. Bargain if sold at once. Owner, Schuyler 6080.

CADILLAC coupe, 1919; excellent condition; $2,050. Anderson, 387 Lexington Av. Plaza 6454.

CADILLAC, latest type, 4-passenger coupe; new cord tires; $1,600. Prospect 909.

CHEVROLET SEDAN, $775.
Biggest bargain ever bought; easy terms arranged. 351 East 149th. Melrose 7786.

COLE 1919 suburban sedan; slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CUNNINGHAM, suburban sedan, mechanically perfect; paint and tires new; will sell at sacrifice. Repetti, Inc., 14th St. and Ely Av., Long Island City.

CUNNINGHAM, 1919, suburban sedan, with partition. Seen 630 5th Av., Cook-Macconnell.

DODGE coupe, appearance like new; car has five wire wheels, extra tire, skid chains and other useful extras; may consider trade. See my chauffeur at garage, 415 East 54th.

DODGE 1920 touring, three months old, guaranteed perfect condition; $100 worth extras. Telephone Murray Hill 9271.

DODGE coupe, late model, mechanically perfect, Room 420, 1,777 Broadway, Circle 1417.

DODGE sedan 1918, fully equipped, perfect condition; sacrifice. Garage, 210 East 24th.

DORT 5-passenger touring, 1920 model, used only 3,000 miles; like new; extra equipment, $725. Goldberg, Phone Fitzroy 1812, from 9 to 10 A. M.

ESSEX 1920 sedan, 3 months old; like new; many extras; large discount. Brenner, 1,124 Broadway (74th). Columbus 4077.

FIAT 1918 touring; privately owned; must sacrifice. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

FORD sedan, 1920, practically new; excellent mechanically and appearance; fully equipped; demonstrated by appointment. A 1019 Times Harlem.

FORDS, touring, roadsters, suburban sedan, commercial. 20th Century Auto, 250 West 54th.

FORDS, all models; immediate delivery; time payments; Authorized Ford Agency. Wadsworth 5494.

FRANKLIN sedan, Series 9A, 1,777 Broadway, Room 420. Circle 1417.

FRANKLIN sedan, series 9; beautiful car; faultless; $1,850. Kaufman, 7 Lenox Av.

HAYNES SIX, $975.
Practically new touring; Sunimer, Winter tops; biggest bargain. 351 East 149th, Bronx.

HUDSON 17 SUPER, $500.
7 pass. touring, excellent mechanical condition, fully guaranteed 6 months; time payments arranged. 400 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

HUDSON town brougham for sale, just completely overhauled; excellent condition; can be seen at 13 East 58th St., Willian Motor Co.

HUDSON 1920 4 PASS. SPORT. Like new. Many extras. Bargain for immediate sale. Private owner, Schuyler 6080.

HUDSON 1920 speedster, like new; sacrifice. Scott, 138 West 52d. Circle 3222.

HUDSON 1919 Sedan; new in 1920; bargain. Cook-Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

HUDSON 1920, four passenger; slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

HUDSON town car, 1917 model; good condition; very cheap. Phone John 2058.

HUDSON sedan, 7-passenger, 1918 model; cheap. Chas. Esterson, Stuyvesant 7440.

KISSEL custom-built sedan, latest model, unused, will be sold at sacrifice price. Stuyvesant 6871.

LOCOMOBILE 1920 touring; like new; sacrifice. Scott, 138 West 52d. Circle 3222.

McFARLAN 1920, 7-pass. touring; 6 steel disc wheels, cord tires; guaranteed; bargain for cash. McFarlan, 1,060 Broadway.

MARMON, late model touring car; elegant mechanical condition; run very little; fully equipped and has many extras; like new; inspection invited; this is the best buy in Greater New York. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

MARMON closed limousine; elegant condition; can be seen by appointment only; no dealers; price $4,500. Wm. H. Nicholls, 1,823 49th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Tel. Main 6515.

MARMON, 1920, four-passenger coupe, run 1,600 miles, perfect order. Demonstration at 1,872 Broadway, or telephone Schuyler 2812.

MITCHELL 1918 chummy roadster, 6-cylinder, mechanically perfect; completely equipped, side curtains, mirror, searchlight, $650 to quick buyer. Phone Flushing 1091 or 3486.

NASH 1919 touring, in good operating condition; $725 to quick cash buyer. Studebaker Corporation, Broadway and 54th St.

OAKLAND sedan, 1919, first-class condition. Room 420, 1,777 Broadway, Circle 1417.

PACKARD, twin six, fleetwood, cabriolet, practically new, painted maroon and trimmed in tan upholstery, equipped with nickel, radiator and head lamps, two spare tires and tire covers slung in front fenders; has run only 7,500 miles; must be sold immediately; cost $12,000 when new. Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., Broadway at 61st St., Columbus 8940.

OLDSMOBILE—$475 buys late 1918 Oldsmobile, eight-cylinder, 7-pass., touring in good running condition; A SACRIFICE. Studebaker Corporation, 1,700 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE, light six; late model; fully equipped; looks like a new car; inspection invited. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

OLDSMOBILE sedan, 1919, five-pass.; sedan in excellent mechanical condition but needs paint; CHEAP. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

PACKARD 1916, 1-35 LIMOUSINE.
PACKARD 1917 TOWN BROUGHAM.
BUICK RUNABOUT.
STUDEBAKER CABRIOLET.
PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO., 1,010 Dean St., Brooklyn. Prospect 7142.

PACKARD 7-passenger limousine, in A-1 condition. 7-passenger limousine, in A-1 condition. Telephone between 10 and 12, Madison Square 5800.

PACKARD—Landaulette 1917, in good shape; any reasonable offer not refused. Hohl & Jaffe, 172 East 73d.

PACKARD 3-35 touring; Fleetwood body, latest design. Barclay 7466.

PIERCE-ARROW coupe, 38, late series; car has had exceptional care; mileage 9,270; appearance equal to new; complete equipment. Mr. Gill, Hotel Great Northern.

PIERCE-ARROW 1915, 38, special body limousine, in good condition. Andersen, 587 Lexington Av. Phone Plaza 6454.

PIERCE-ARROW late 1914, perfect condition, good rubber and starter; $1,500. Everready Garage, 4,502 Park Av., Bronx.

PIERCE-ARROW 1919 48 runabout; will sacrifice. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

PIERCE-ARROW, 1917, 48, landaulet; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

REO 1920 sedan, 6-cylinder; practically new; run 2,500 miles as demonstrator; original cord tires; new car guarantee. Bowman & Meyer, inc., Reo Agents, 2,428 Grand Concourse (187th).

ROAMER 1919 runabout, almost new; will sacrifice. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

STEARNS-KN

DAYLIGHT MANUFACTURING SPACE
Modern Fireproof Sprinklered Building.

110,000 Sq. Ft.—All or Part.

Dock Facilities. Free Lighterage Limits.
Adjoining Railroad Depot. Cheap Power—Live Steam.
Possession February 1st.

The Atlantic Macaroni Co., Inc., Owners
295 Vernon Ave., Long Island City.
Hunters Point 4046.
Or your own Broker.

DAYLIGHT WATERFRONT SPACE
Modern Fireproof Sprinklered Building.

110,000 Sq. Ft.—All or Part.

Dock Facilities. Free Lighterage Limits.
Adjoining Railroad Depot. Cheap Power—Live Steam.
Possession February 1st.

The Atlantic Macaroni Co., Inc., Owners
295 Vernon Ave., Long Island City. Hunters Point 4046.
or Cross & Brown Co., 18 E. 41st St., N. Y. Telephone Murray Hill 7100
or Your Own Broker.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.
New Jersey.

J. M. QUINBY & CO.'S PLANT
Over 60,000 Sq. Ft. of floor space on 1st & 3rd floors. Fully sprinklered. Large motor truck elevators. Opposite D., L. & W. R. R. Unlimited advertising value. Pressed brick exterior with large show room windows on 1st floor.
Suitable automobile show room or any kind of manufacturing. Will divide.
WALTER BAKER CO. Sole Agents.
754 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

FACTORIES WANTED.
MANUFACTURER
OF INTERNATIONAL PROMINENCE
will buy in "fee simple" factory of 50,000 to 200,000 Sq. Ft. of floor space within 60 miles of New York; Newark preferred.
All replies will be treated in greatest confidence.
Address: ROTTERDAM, Box V 714, Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

125 East 72d St.
MODERN 14-STORY APT.
6 Rooms
$4,500 per annum

THE WYOMING
S.E.cor.55th&7thAv.
MODERN 12-STORY APT.
8 Rooms
$3,600 per annum

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Julius Tishman & Sons, Inc.
18 East 41st St. Tel. Vanderbilt 1927

Jackson Heights
4, 5 and 6 Rooms
New Garden Apartments
unusual neighborhood advantages;
For Sale on Co-operative Plan;
Moderate Price—Liberal Terms.
Social and Business References Required
THE
Queensboro Corporation
50 E. 42d St., Cor. Madison Av.
Send for Views and Details

Furnished—West Side.

3 Large Rooms and Kitchen
All outside, overlooking Hudson. Elevator service. Vicinity of 72nd St. $200 a month to Oct. 1, 1921.
PEASE & ELLIMAN
165 West 72nd St.
Phone Columbus 8300

Unfurnished—West Side.

6-7 Room Apartments
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
All Outside Rooms, Unusual Closet Space; Elevator; Hall Attendants, Etc.
Rents $1,700 Up
220 West 107th St.
Near Broadway.
Superintendent on premises.

THE MIDDLETON
570 WEST 189TH ST.
CORNER ELEVATOR APARTMENT.
6 Rooms and Bath, Rent $135.
Apply Superintendent on premises, or
F. J. McMAHON CO.,
1438 St. Nicholas Av., at 182d St.
PHONE WADSWORTH 8919.

125 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
(at 84th St.)
11 Rooms, 3 Baths
Every room outside
LOUIS P. DOWDNEY
247 W. 72nd St. Col. 6446

Harperley Hall
1 WEST 64TH STREET
UNFURNISHED
7 Rooms and 3 Baths; Housekeeping
2-4 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette
ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
2, 3 and 4 Rooms, with Kitchenette
Refrigeration in all apartments
TELEPHONE "COLUMBUS 8400"

362 WEST 22ND ST.
Small Modern Apartments
LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS.
TILED BATH AND SHOWERS.
NORTH OR SOUTH EXPOSURE.
$1,050-$1,350.
JAMES N. WELLS' SONS
101 NINTH AV. CHELSEA 5266.

128 West 67th St. Near B'way
Apartments completely renovated;
Finished in white throughout;
steam heat; electric lights
6 ROOMS $125-$150
Apply on premises.

600 WEST 161st St.
6 ROOMS AND FOYER
2 BATHS, FIREPROOF
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920
INQUIRE MELROSE 0862.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.

Home Comfort
New Fireproof Building
Housekeeping Suites
of
3 and 4
Large Rooms
$1,800 To $2,300 | $2,500 To $3,000
Immediate Occupancy

240 West 75th St.
Bet. Broadway and West End Ave.
Tel. Columbus 4454.

117 West 58th St.
Hotel Sevillia
12-Story Fireproof Building
A Few Suites
2-3-4 Rooms
AND BATH, JUST COMPLETED, SEVERAL FURNISHED
EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RENTALS
Excellent Restaurant, Maid Service
Apply on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

Unusual Apartments in Building Just Completed
104TH ST.
208-210 West
Near Broadway
½ block from 103rd St. sub. station
3 Rooms and Bath
$1,200 to $1,600
Agent on premises

325 West 77th Street
Bet. Riverside Drive and West End Av.
NEW BUILDING
Highest class elevator apartments, 3 rooms and bath, showers, tiled kitchens.
Rents $1,600 to $2,000 yearly.
Tel. Schuyler 1089.

Unfurnished—East Side.

940 Park Ave.
CORNER 81ST ST.
Modern fireproof apartments ready for occupancy. 7 rooms, 2 baths, $3,900, one left; 3 rooms, bath, $1,700, one left; 4 rooms, bath, one left, $2,600. All housekeeping apartments.
Apply for Rental on Premises.

—Exceptional Apartments—
No. 846 Lexington Av.
(at 64th Street)
IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY
New 2, 3, 4 Rooms and Bath
One Apartment per Floor.
Can be arranged duplex.
Inspection invited.
M. MORGENTHAU, JR., CO., Agents,
206 Broadway. Cort. 3966.

1229 PARK AVE.
SOUTHEAST CORNER 96TH ST.
High-Class Elevator Apartment.
Seven and eight rooms, two baths.
Apply Superintendent or A. BRANDSTEIN, 133 East 118th St. Tel. Harlem 1518.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

JUST COMPLETED
186 Riverside Drive
Between 90th and 91st Sts.
1 AND 2 ROOMS, WITH TILE BATHS
Wonderfully large; maid service if desired; gas for light housekeeping; unobstructed view of the river; subway, buses and B'way cars all convenient. Rents $1,500-$2,500. Representative on premises, seen any time.
WOOD, DOLSON CO.,
Tel. Schuyler 1100.

NEW BUILDING
Ready for Occupancy
APARTMENTS OF
3-4-5 Rooms
Block Front, Concourse, 171st-172d Sts.
All Modern Improvements,
2 Blocks East of 170th St.
6th and 9th Ave. L Sta.
Lexington & Jerome Ave. Subway at 170th St.
Reasonable Rentals.
Agent on Premises.

NOW LEASING
MELROSE COURT
163d St. & Teller Ave.
1 block from N. Y. Central (Melrose Station)
4-5-6-7 Room Apartments, new buildings, ready Feb. 1. All latest improvements; ranging from $90 to $175.
Apply on premises, 1:30-5 P. M., or
NIEWENHOUS REALTY CORP.
316 East 161st St.

New Building, Ready for Occupancy,
4-5 Rooms
$62 to $115
199th St. and Valentine Ave.
Lexington and Jerome Ave. Subway, 6th and 9th Ave. "L." Three blocks from Bedford Park Station, New York Central and 3d Ave. "L." Moderate Rental. Agent on Premises.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

SUMPTUOUS
New Palais Royal APARTMENTS
Only two left; 4, 5 room suites. Every luxury found only in finer N. Y. residences; homelike, exclusive, restricted Benson-hurst; Summer bathing; ½ hour to Broadway. Corner Benson and 20th Aves.; one block 20th Ave. Sta. West End Sub.

68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS
3 and 5-Room Complete Apartments.
Beautiful water view; 5 minutes to Wall St.
G. GIRARD, 215 Montague St.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
$100,000 OR MORE to loan on first mortgages; also money for second mortgages, $25,000 upwards. Oppenheimer, 340 Bergen Av. (140th).

Mortgage Loans Wanted.
$7,000 loan wanted, fine residence, near Elberon, N. J. S 216 Times.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE
Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

BUILDER NEEDS MONEY.
Pelham Manor.—Solidly constructed brick and stucco Colonial dwelling; corner plot, 100x100; overlooking golf course; large living porch and glass enclosed breakfast porch; 3 spacious bedrooms and 2 tiled baths; 2 maids' rooms, 1 bath; garage; terms. L. B. Griffen & Co., 18 East 41st St. Telephone Murray Hill 9326.

FOR RENT
High-class suburban home in Pelham Manor, unfurnished, 7 rooms and 3 baths, every modern improvement and appointment; house practically new; immediate possession; $200 per month. M. Efron, 252 West 43d St., New York City. Tel. Murray Hill 791.

WRITE FOR LISTS
of
Homes in Westchester County
to
PRINCE & RIPLEY, INC.
437 5th Av., N. Y. City. Murray Hill 555.

BEAUTIFUL house, elegantly furnished; best location, New Rochelle; rent $200 a month; immediate possession; private family only. Barnett, 11 East 125th St., Manhattan.

ELEGANT two-family house; improvements; electric light; overlooking Hudson; convenient N. Y. C. Railroad. 117 Buena Vista Av., Yonkers.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.
Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

A REAL OPPORTUNITY.
A brick Colonial home, built in 1914; 10 rooms and 3 baths, with 2-car garage; plot 100x132; just four blocks from the station; wonderful sacrifice for $21,500; $7,500 cash required. Phone before 12 o'clock for appointment to inspect. F. H. HONBERGER, Fitzroy 2805.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.—House for sale, eight rooms, three baths; splendidly located; $24,000. Phone Boulevard 6345, or Schuyler 8390. Guyon L. C. Earle, 260 West 86th St.

FOR RENT—Seven room house, furnished, at Baldwin; improvements; garage; 43 minutes from Penn.; reasonable. Phone 1006-W Freeport.

OWNER leaving city will sell Colonial home, 7 rooms, 2 baths, sun parlor; 30 minutes out. H. G. Robinson. Fitzroy 6896.

GREAT NECK—Comfortable home, 6 rooms, bath, heat, garage, electric; plot 115x180. Hoffman, 776 9th Av.

JOHN CRAMPTON, SPECIALIST IN REAL ESTATE, PHONE 1805 HEMPSTEAD, L. I.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

MADISON, N. J.—In fine neighborhood, eight rooms and tiled bath; ready Jan. 1; oak floors, open fireplace, cold closet, toilet and laundry in cellar, steam heat, all gas kitchen; large, restricted plot; decorated to suit; residential town, one hour from New York; $14,000, easy terms. Apply Chas. Goldingay, 150 Orchard St., Newark, N. J.

FOR RENT, immediately, attractively furnished house, until Sept. 1; seven large rooms, sleeping porch; all improvements; piano, coal supply, garage; best neighborhood; easy commutation; $150 monthly; less to desirable people; owner going to Europe. Telephone today, 454R, Caldwell, N. J.

TO LET
New 6-room and bath bungalow, unfurnished, all improvements, finest section of Ridgefield Park, New Jersey; 30 minutes from 42d St., 8c commutation fare; immediate possession; $65 per month. William F. Ross, 25 West 43d St., New York. Tel. Murray Hill 780.

A thoroughly good house for discriminating buyer, hills northern New Jersey, 42 minutes; every modern convenience; high ground; best neighborhood; price low, easiest terms; immediate possession. Asahel Chapin, 52 Broadway.

COUNTRY HOME—6 ACRES.
The biggest bargain I know; just offered; every modern improvement; fine buildings; $8,000. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row. Tel. Beekman 2596.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

10 acres, 2 family house, barn, 2 block centre shore town; electric light, city water; good truck farming; $5,500, terms. Y 2208 Times Annex.

FOR RENT—Greenwich, Conn., furnished house; fine location; ten rooms, three bathrooms; garage; $200 per month. Phone 140 Rector.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WE HAVE several investment properties; wish the owner would consider exchanging for a residence at Far Rockaway, Lawrence and Woodmere. Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Av. Murray Hill 8300.

APARTMENT HOUSES wanted on west side of Manhattan in run-down condition, for 21-year lease or purchase with small amount of cash. E. C. H. Vogler, Amsterdam Av., corner 82d St. Phone Schuyler 8141.

PROPERTY, suitable for garage; will prepare plans, construct building and lease for long period. A 473 Times.

FOUR-STORY brick, 8-family, cold water flat, on East 73d St., between 1st and 2d Aves., can be bought for 1921 assessed valuation. P. L. Jones, Box 232, Philadelphia Park, Pa.

PRIVATE GARAGE
TWO STORY WITH LIVING QUARTERS
WEST 56TH ST.
POSSESSION 30 DAYS.
CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, Inc., 50 E. 42d.

ATTENTION—SPECIAL BARGAIN.
Four-story brick, 124 West 76th St.; $5,000 cash, balance arranged on mortgages; price $23,500. Alfred P. Coburn, 120 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 4356.

BARGAIN—8-story and basement apartment near West End Av. and 97th St.; electric light, parquet floors; house now vacant; sacrifice at $28,500, easy terms. Keys at M. H. Gallard & Co., 2,200 Broadway.

101ST, 267 WEST—Elegant 4-story American basement dwelling, electricity, parquet floors; small amount cash; suitable two families. Thomas J. Meehan, Attorney, 63 Wall St.

61ST ST., 307 EAST—Two blocks from Grand Central; 3 story and basement for sale; suitable for business; immediate possession. Arnold Levins, 2028 East 61st St. Telephone Murray Hill 4071.

11-ROOM HOUSE, bath, steam heat; excellent location in Greenwich Village; $30,000. WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC., 72 Greenwich Av. Watkins 7484.

TWO 5-story apartment houses, 20 families, (26 rooms each; West 176th St.; great investment; best offer; no brokers. Foley, 9 East 14th St.

808, WEST—4-story, 23x102, 14 rooms, 4 baths, all improvements; $31,000, cash $6,000; a bargain. Coughlan & Clisby, 200 West 72d.

A BARGAIN—4-story double flat in East 82d St.; cold water; lot 30x100; rent $2,600; first mortgage $14,500, 5 years, bank; $4,000 cash required. Haste, Box 40 Times.

$6,000 BUYS 4-story dwelling near Central Park West; 20x100.11. SHARUM, 170 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 7202.

LITTLE CASH buys excellent dwelling, 506 and 510 West 113th St., 25 flats; sell separately. SHARUM, 170 Broadway.

WE will finance purchase of New York City real estate if you lack sufficient cash. V 685 Times Downtown.

95TH, near Broadway—Beautifully furnished house; immediate possession; $450. Phone 825 Cathedral.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,694—3-story and basement private dwelling. Inquire S. Reinhardt, Owner, 239 West 110th St.

908, WEST—3-story, 10 rooms, 2 baths, elect., parquet; a bargain $19,000, cash $4,000. Coughlan & Clisby, 200 West 72d.

803, WEST—4-story, 22x102, 14 rooms, 3 baths, elect., parquet; $25,000, cash $3,000. Coughlan & Clisby, 200 West 72d.

FOR SALE—By owner, 18-room private dwelling, vacant, in the 70s, west. L 233 Times.

FOR LEASE—Private dwellings, excellent locations; reasonable rentals. Pierre, 220 West 42d.

EAST 61ST—Four-story 17-ft. dwelling; bargain $21,500. Owner, Murray Hill 4639.

34-FOOT house, 17 rooms, east side; rent $4,000. Murray Hill 4639.

HOUSES to rent, very desirable locations. Bauer, Milbank & Molloy, Inc., 42d St. Murray Hill 1936.

WEST 74TH ST., near Amsterdam—35 foot, vacant. Gerard Co., 488 5th Av.

$3,500 CASH will purchase brown dwelling near Madison Av., 127th Arthur, Room 46, 1 East 42d St.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

LOWER PART OF TWO-FAMILY HOUSE, CONSISTING OF FIRST FLOOR, PARLOR, DINING ROOM AND SPLENDID PORCH; SECOND FLOOR, FRONT PARLOR WITH THREE LARGE WINDOWS, TO BE USED FOR TWO BEDROOMS, A ROOM WITH TWO WINDOWS AND THE FRONT BASEMENT. LIGHT AND ELECTRICITY; RENTAL $60 MONTHLY WITH OWN HEATING AND $95 MONTHLY HEATED. 1,858 MORRIS AV. ON THE CORNER OF 176TH ST., TWO BLOCKS FROM SUBWAY STATION.

NEW ONE-FAMILY STUCCO
with garage; price right; 16ms reasonable. 3,811-3,823 Sedwick Av., north of Kingsbridge Road.
BUILDER ON PREMISES.
Telephone Kingsbridge 1063.

NEW law walk-up, 25 families; $20,000 cash required; good investment; principals only. A 1028 Times Harlem.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

FLATBUSH (near Brodaway-Brighton subway station and Prospect Park)—Near up-to-date detached stucco bungalow, 8 and 2 tiled baths; tiled kitchen; garage; all the latest improvements; willing to sacrifice to quick buyer; buy before you see this; $28,500. Phone Flatbush.

FOR RENT—Brownstone basement, parlor floor, five rooms, bath, electric light; rental $65; 179 Monroe St., between Ralph and Patchen Avs., Brooklyn, near Gates Av. "L" station via subway from New York. Call Thursday or Saturday, between 1 and 5 o'clock.

BEDFORD PARK SECTION—Suitable for one family; 10-room corner house, new roof; all improvements; room for garage; $15,500, cash $5,000. Firm & Connan, 2,658 Jerome Av. Kingsbridge Road Subway Station.

TO CLOSE an estate, Flatbush real estate near Nostrand Av. subway:
Beverly Road—One-family brick..... 10,500
Rogers Av.—Store and flats..... 12,000
Manefield Pl.—Modern detached house. 13,500
Executor. Telephone 798 Flatbush.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

NO CASH.
New six or seven room stucco Flatbush house, with garage; may be bought no down; only requirement is monthly payment equal to fair rental; will decorate to suit. WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC., 72 Greenwich Av., N. Y. C. Watkins 2434.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

LOT INVESTORS.
We buy and sell lots all over Long Island; before buying anywhere, see us and save money. C. C. Lewis & Bros., 47 West 34th St., New York. Phone Fitzroy 4610.

FARMS.
New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

FARMS, all sizes, located in the potato belt. Clifford G. Brown, Cranbury Station, Middlesex County, N. J.

HOMESEEKERS—Send for Virginia farm list. Dept. 234, Emporia, Va.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

FRAME dwelling, barn and 7½ lots; Woodhaven, Queens Borough; $15,000, free and clear; what's offered? Sharum, 170 Broadway.

100x100, vacant, 136th St., near Riverside Drive, equity $37,500; consider city or country property. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
We will rent for temporary executive offices and showrooms or exhibition purposes our entire fourth floor in the Gorham Building, 386-390 5th Av., also 36th St. entrance; or will lease for term of years; lowest price in the section; we also offer in the same building, ninth floor, 2,000 square feet of beautiful studio space. Apply Duane Co., 296 Broadway. Telephone Worth 248.

36,000 SQ. FT.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
GREENWICH, NEAR SPRING STREET.
Suitable for manufacturing, warehouse and garage; first floor contains 13,000 feet; concrete floor; driveway through from street to street; two elevators, steam and cold storage plant; lease for 21 years. Address W. A., 736 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE—Completely furnished offices at an attractive price on 43d St.; offices furnished throughout in mahogany, and green rugged; 3 private offices, general office, cashier's cage, &c.; 1,153 sq. ft.; lease to run for 4½ years; also switchboard with connections; ready for immediate possession. Harwell & Ebert, 23 West 43d, Room 801.

EXCEPTIONAL OFFICES.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, 1,350 SQ. FEET; POSSESSION FEB. 1, 4,000 SQ. FEET; reasonable rent; unexcelled light; at select Burrell Building, 171 Madison Av., corner 33d St. Apply superintendent, on premises, or phone Mr. Wilchins, Fitzroy 5989.

13,000 SQ. FT. (top, 3d floor) for rent for automobile shop, repairing, painting; in newly opened fireproof garage; two large elevators; exceptional light. Call southeast corner 64th St. and 3d Av., or apply G. Montague Mabie, Agent, 33 West 42d St. Telephone 836 Vanderbilt.

GRAND CENTRAL ZONE.
Most desirable for business; if you contemplate locating in this section let us know your requirements.
KEHOE & KERKMANN,
Realty Specialists in Grand Central Zone.
8 WEST 40TH ST MURRAY HILL 3786.

STORES AND LOFTS.
Light, suitable for offices, showrooms, light manufacturing, 1,200 to 2,400 square feet units; new elevator building; reasonable.
636-638 LEXINGTON AV., near 57th St.

CORNER STORE AND BASEMENT.
Northeast corner 3d Av. and 39th St.
25-FOOT FRONT; RENT $2,500.
Excellent business location.
JAMES KYLE & SONS,
38th St. and Lexington Av.

FOR RENT in Manhattan Life Building, 66 Broadway, a suite of nine offices, containing about 3,200 square feet, newly furnished; mahogany fixtures and furniture for sale; possession Jan. 1, 1921; low rental. Apply at Room 1701, 66 Broadway.

57TH Av., 500 (42d St.)—Seventh floor, suitable high-grade showrooms or executive offices, 3,000 square feet at $4; telephone switchboard, two trunk lines; immediate possession. F. J. Guilfoyle & Co., 165 Broadway. Cortlandt 7475.

700 SQUARE FEET
very light office space; partitions already installed; immediate possession; reasonable rent.
SCHWABACK & RAPHEL,
3 WEST 29TH ST.

TO SUBLET.
Corner loft, 11th floor; Madison Av. above 28th St., for balance of present lease; approximately 12,000 sq. ft. at less than $1.50 per sq. ft.; immediate or February 1st possession. B. M., 347 Times Uptown.

LOFT TO SUBLET.
50x100—37th St., between 5th and 6th Avs.
Reasonable
Phone Chelsea 7066.

FURNISHED DAYLIGHT OFFICES
with telephone, 1,000 or 300 square feet; reasonable rent; possession Jan. 1.; 5th Av., above 42d St. Ogden & Clarkson, 505 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1124.

SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, $7,500 net, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard C. Forbes, 66 Broadway. Rector 747.

OFFICES TO LET.
A few more desirable offices to let, $40 and up; newly decorated; opposite Manhattan St. subway station. Libby's Holding Co., 8,197 Broadway. Morningside 9064.

5TH AVENUE, 44TH STREET.
Office space, highest class buildings; units 400, 800, 1,000, 1,400 sq. ft.; furnished and unfurnished; immediate possession. Telephone Vanderbilt 834.

SEPARATE OFFICE, COMPLETELY FURNISHED WITH TELEPHONE, &c.; LOCATION, 103 PARK AV., NEAR GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL. B 375 TIMES.

23D ST. (At 5th Av. and Broadway)—Desk-room or office for rent; 23d St., Room 205; unusually light, pleasant office; telephone and conveniences; furnished or unfurnished. Gramercy 1076.

BROADWAY HOTEL LEASE.
9 years to run; small modern apartment hotel; gross income about $75,000; asking $30,000; submit offers; no brokers. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d St. Col. 1077.

OFFICES, Grand Central zone, several fully furnished; telephones installed. Bauer, Milbank & Molloy, Inc., 24 East 42d St. Murray Hill 1936.

STORES AND LOFTS.
Light, suitable for offices, showrooms, light manufacturing, 1,200 to 2,400 square feet units; new elevator building; reasonable.
636-638 LEXINGTON AV., near 57th St.

CORNER STORE AND BASEMENT.
Northeast corner 3d Av. and 39th St.
25-FOOT FRONT; RENT $2,500.
Excellent business location.
JAMES KYLE & SONS,
38th St. and Lexington Av.

FOR RENT in Manhattan Life Building, 66 Broadway, a suite of nine offices, containing about 3,200 square feet, newly furnished; mahogany fixtures and furniture for sale; possession Jan. 1, 1921; low rental. Apply at Room 1701, 66 Broadway.

5TH AV., 500 (42d St.)—Seventh floor, suitable high-grade showrooms or executive offices, 3,000 square feet at $4; telephone switchboard, two trunk lines; immediate possession. F. J. Guilfoyle & Co., 165 Broadway. Cortlandt 7475.

700 SQUARE FEET
very light office space; partitions already installed; immediate possession; reasonable rent.
SCHWABACK & RAPHEL,
3 WEST 29TH ST.

TO SUBLET.
Corner loft, 11th floor; Madison Av. above 28th St., for balance of present lease; approximately 12,000 sq. ft. at less than $1.50 per sq. ft.; immediate or February 1st possession. B. M., 347 Times Uptown.

LOFT TO SUBLET.
50x100—37th St.,
between 5th and 6th Avs.
Reasonable
Phone Chelsea 7066.

FURNISHED DAYLIGHT OFFICES
with telephone, 1,000 or 300 square feet; reasonable rent; possession Jan. 1.; 5th Av., above 42d St. Ogden & Clarkson, 505 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1124.

SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, $7,500 net, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard C. Forbes, 66 Broadway. Rector 747.

OFFICES TO LET.
A few more desirable offices to let, $40 and up; newly decorated; opposite Manhattan St. subway station. Libby's Holding Co., 8,197 Broadway. Morningside 9064.

5TH AVENUE, 44TH STREET.
Office space, highest class buildings; units 400, 800, 1,000, 1,400 sq. ft.; furnished and unfurnished; immediate possession. Telephone Vanderbilt 834.

SEPARATE OFFICE, COMPLETELY FURNISHED WITH TELEPHONE, &c.; LOCATION, 103 PARK AV., NEAR GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL. B 375 TIMES.

23D ST. (At 5th Av. and Broadway)—Desk-room or office for rent; 23d St., Room 205; unusually light, pleasant office; telephone and conveniences; furnished or unfurnished. Gramercy 1076.

BROADWAY HOTEL LEASE.
9 years to run; small modern apartment hotel; gross income about $75,000; asking $30,000; submit offers; no brokers. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d St. Col. 1077.

OFFICES, Grand Central zone, several fully furnished; telephones installed. Bauer, Milbank & Molloy, Inc., 24 East 42d St. Murray Hill 1936.

20TH ST., 143-145 WEST—Lofts, light four sides; passenger, freight elevators. Superintendent, or phone Fordham 1923. Brokers protected.

DESK ROOM with first-class mercantile house, facing Union Square; first floor; substantial surroundings. Phone Stuyvesant 2770.

LOFT, about 2,000 to 3,000 square feet; must have elevator, heat and electricity, suitable for rolling and shipping of wallpaper. A. H. Runk, 617 West 129th St., N. Y. City.

FIVE UNION SQUARE WEST.
1,600 to 2,400 square feet office space; sublease three years; high class; reasonable; 8th floor. Danelson, on premises.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SHOW ROOM, beautifully equipped, on West 36th St., between 5th and 6th Avs. Reasonable occupancy Jan. 1. Box T. 10 Union Square.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS; ALL SECTIONS. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 32 NASSAU ST. JOHN 1121. 51 EAST 42D ST. VANDERBILT 9175.

24TH ST., 17 EAST—Entire second floor, 25x100, desirable location for textile house; up to date in every respect. Inquire F. Fels, 17 East 24th.

OFFICE TO LET, about 250 sq. ft.; light and airy; accessible to all transportation lines; immediate possession. Room 207, 123 Liberty, New York.

ATTRACTIVE STORE, 7th Av., at 58th St., suitable florist, milliner, lingerie, jewelry shop or other high-class retail business; apply Superintendent, 200 West 58th St.

34TH ST., 136 WEST—Second floor store, show window front; immediate possession. M. & L. Hess, Inc., 907 Broadway, Stuyvesant 4200.

DESKROOM, with telephone and stenographer service, for rent from Jan. 1; location 5th Av., vicinity 42d St. Write J. Z. Wilson Building.

LOFTS AND OFFICES.
DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.
BILTMORE REALTY CORP., TIMES BLDG.
Phone Bryant 7758-1527.

FOR RENT, on completion, Jan. 1, 1921, new one-story garage, facing PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL, 52d. Phone OWNER, Longacre 2722.

OFFICES at 123 Liberty St., also one sub-divided; immediate possession; lease. For particulars apply The Seneca Co., World Building.

LOFTS, showrooms and store, 77 5th Av.; moderate rent; immediate possession; light manufacturing permitted. Loupe Keyser & Co. on premises. Phone Stuyvesant 6293.

IDEAL location for private school or studio; rooms; parlor and library floors in newly decorated house, facing Riverside; reasonable; references. 328 West 72d.

BROADWAY and 56th St., office or desk room; reasonable. Phone 6 Plaza. Mercantile Co., 1,755 Broadway.

STORES WITH BASEMENTS.
5,500 SQ. FT. EACH.
159 WEST 25TH ST.

DESK, WITH TELEPHONE SERVICE. Downtown, attractive, convenient office. Room 218, 15 Park Row. Tel. Barclay 3320.

LOFTS, 6 WEST 20TH ST.
Light, steam, elevator; possession Feb. 1. AMES & COMPANY, 20 WEST 31ST ST.

40TH ST., 61 WEST—Parlor floor, front floor, suitable physician or high-class business. Lewis, 11 West 40th St.

LIGHT office and showroom space, 375 square feet; low rent; immediate possession. Room 1201, 1,123 Broadway.

BUILDING, 196 Greenwich St., sale or lease; immediate possession Duross Broadway.

LOFTS, factories, within or beyond politan district. Factory Exchange, 44th. Vanderbilt 5610. Extension 7 or 9.

FURNISHED offices; use of phone; doors from 42d St., on 5th Av. Young, 489 5th Av.

39TH ST., 53 WEST—Large, light; telephones will remain; reasonable. derbilt 547.

PART of office or desk room, Madison Square district. For information Madison Square 1415.

LOFTS, fireproof, 6,500, 9,400 and 13,000 sq. ft.; 80c. ft. and up. Henry L. Nelsen Offices, 32 Court St., Brooklyn. Main 284.

LOFTS, 2x100 and larger; 14th to 57th St. Bauer, Milbank & Molloy, Inc., 24 East 42d St. Murray Hill 1936.

500-600 SQ. FT., suitable for office or showroom; possession Feb. 1. Levin & Weinstein, 3 West 29th St.

ALL LIGHT LOFT, 75x100.
Fireproof, sprinkler; $8,000. At 150 West 25th St.

RENT—Times Square, Candler Building, large offices furnished; reasonable. Bryant 9233.

DESK ROOM, telephone privilege; carry stock; $30 monthly. Room 1606, 5 Av. Stuyvesant 7445.

3,000, 16,000 and 100,000 feet, at less than $1; modern buildings; above 14th. K 191 Times.

5TH AV., 1426 St.)—Office 220 sq. ft.; immediate occupancy. Vanderbilt 6094.

LIGHT, cheerful office to sublet; furnished or unfurnished, 29 West 34th.

PART of loft to let to manufacturing American Made, 123 Bleecker St.

LOFTS—40 West 27th, 49 West 31, 137 St. Rhinelander 1837.

OFFICES to sublet, one large, one small, Oleck Advertising Service, 1,133 Broadway.

42D, 25 WEST—Room 223; light, furnished office with phone service.

STORE, 20x80, parlor floor, light, suitable for office; telephone service. 3 West 16th St.

21ST ST., 41 WEST—Lofts and showrooms, $40-$150. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

24TH ST., 131 WEST—Lofts, 25x106; desirable rents. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

STORES—Suitable any business; new building. 112-118 West 44th St.

LARGE, light room in office. Suit 116 Nassau St.

2,700 SQ. FT., third floor, $1.75 foot; divide. Hawley, 244 West 42d.

OFFICE to rent, $70. 396 Broadway, Room 612.

OFFICE and desk room, telephone and stenographer service. Apply 503 World Building.

PORTION OF ROOM, 1403, 95 Willis St., New York City, for rent.

20 WEST 34TH ST.—Three connected offices to sublet, with telephone; very desirable.

DESK ROOM, desirable light office. 1 P. M. Room 404, 303 Broadway.

56TH ST., 46 WEST—Stores; ground floor; good show window; also parlor floor.

DESK ROOM, with use of telephone. Room 412, 51 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 7676.

60 BROADWAY—Sunny furnished office, 14; also desk space. Room 1405.

DESKROOM for rent. Room 9, 45 John St.

PART of 5th Av. office to rent; telephone connections. Room 1206, 516 5th Av.

47TH ST., 215 East—Loft; will alter. J. S. Murphy.

Brooklyn.

LOFTS, 5,000 sq. ft. each; in modern factory; steam heat, electricity; fireproof. Apply Belmont and Georgia Avs., Brooklyn. Telephone Glenmore 7150.

FACTORIES.
Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

MANUFACTURERS,
SEE THIS OFFER.
52,000 square feet, full sprinkler service, automatic firealarm system, low insurance, four beautiful floors, three of which are 100x120 each; the ground floor, 100x120, located at 103-109 North 3d St., Brooklyn, near Eastern District terminals (all railroads), Williamsburg Bridge, all transportation lines, and in densely populated labor section. This space will be leased in its entirety to a manufacturing concern seeking maximum manufacturing advantages at minimum rental. Apply to G. P. BUTTERLY, 16 Court St., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE or Lease—Property known as Davis Oil Plant; running from 9th St. to 7th St. Basin. (Gowanus Creek), 380 feet deep, 146 feet wide; both on 9th St. and on the basin, one large brick building on the waterfront; brick building, three stories, on 9th St.; balance of land vacant; finest, largest and cheapest waterfront plot that could be assembled. G. P. BUTTERLY, 31 Court St., Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, Queensboro and Long Island factory properties, sale, lease; New Jersey factories built and built on easy terms. Walter Baker Co., Factory Brokers, 756 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

WEST New York, N. J., factory, 24,000 square feet; opposite 62d St., N. Y.; brick mill construction; sprinkler; elevator; heat; light on all sides; easy terms. Venco Corp., 410 Lewis St., Union Hill. Tel. Union 203.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Furnished—East Side.

4TH AV., Near 29th St. (4th Av. Hotel)—Two sunny rooms and bath, furnished; parquet floors; hotel service; $17.50 weekly.

15TH ST., 102 EAST (Union Square), Hotel Laclede—2 room suite with bath, $21 week; 3 room suite with bath, $165 month; hotel service.

27TH ST., 28 EAST (Hotel Benton)—Attractively furnished 2 rooms and bath, full hotel service; 1 block from subway; $17.50 up.

28TH ST., 28 EAST—Attractive furnished apartment, 2 rooms and bath; rent $130.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, 2 rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

31ST, Lexington Av.—Complete kitchenette apartment, two rooms, bath, $90. Stuyvesant 6728.

45TH, EAST—Charming suite for bachelor, every comfort; must see to appreciate; unusual opportunity. K 194 Times.

48TH, 19 EAST—Unusual two rooms, kitchenette; $165, $185, $200. Phipps.

52D ST. (corner Lexington Av., 593)—Sitting, bedroom, bath; conveniences; references. Foy.

53D ST. (near 5th Av.)—Two rooms and bath, unusually attractive house, for three or four months at $175 a month. Plaza 2493. Henry D. Winans, 846 Madison Av.

56TH ST., 14 EAST.
New, attractive two rooms, bath, kitchenette; $150. Inquire Superintendent or Bryant 2652.

60TH, 18 EAST—Double room, bath, 2 rooms, any size suite; sublet rooms, $250; special bargain sublet apartment, 2 rooms, $150. Alcuino Hotel.

60TH, 18 EAST—Sublet room, bath; $125. Apartment, Jacuino Hotel.

61ST ST., 154 EAST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette,

90TH, 146 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, entirely modern; $65; whole floor, four rooms, $110. Janitor, 10 Columbus.

97TH, 128 WEST—Exceptionally large and well-arranged two-room, bath, kitchenette apartment, with extraordinary closet accommodations.

97TH, 152 WEST (at Broadway)—Five and light rooms, bath, $75. Janitor.

97TH, 121 WEST, 2, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; two artist studios; all improvements; $660-$1,050.

97TH, 247 WEST—Seven rooms, studio effect; nicely appointed; elevator; all conveniences.

97TH, 137 WEST — Floor three rooms, kitchenette, bath, furnished, unfurnished; private residence.

97TH ST., 54 EAST—Modern elevator apt., 6 rooms, $2,500; January 1.

98TH ST., 301 (corner West End Av.)—Two, three rooms; exceptional; reasonable.

98TH ST., 149 WEST—Unfurnished apartment, 6 rooms and bath; $100 per month.

99D, 209 WEST (near Riverside Drive)—Large living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette, open fireplace.

99TH, 60 WEST—Entire floor, owner's home; real kitchen; steam, electricity; references exchanged. Riverside 1461.

104TH ST., 2 WEST—High-class, elevator apartment, 8 beautiful rooms; $125.

105TH ST., 230 WEST (The Overdene)—An exceptionally attractive 5-room apartment, 2 master's bedrooms; available Jan. 1, or sooner if desired. Apply Superintendent, Mr. Wagner.

107TH, 318 WEST—4 beautiful large rooms; entire floor, view of Hudson; modern.

106TH ST., 256 WEST—Eight rooms and two baths; rent $3,600; would sell furniture of same.

114TH, 331 WEST—Monterey Apartments; facing on 2 streets and 2 parks; 8-room apartments, all outside rooms; immediate possession. Supt. on premises or apply Howard G. Forbes, Rector 747.

127TH ST., 600 WEST (Corner Broadway, Near Riverside Drive)—Five-room apartment; $70.

128TH, 630 WEST (corner Drive)—High class elevator, 7 rooms, 2 baths; facing Hudson; immediate possession; rent reasonable.

131ST, 446 WEST—Five all light rooms, bath; $70. Janitor.

BROADWAY, 2,708—Three sunny rooms, kitchenette; improvements; lease $85; immediate possession. Superintendent.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 439—Just completed; thoroughly modern 4 rooms with real kitchen.

DOCTOR'S APT. TO SUBLET.

Three years' lease in one of the best modern buildings on West End Av.; 3 spacious corner rooms and bath on ground floor; southern exposure. Apply on premises, M. G Bernard, 485 West End Av.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.

Doctor's office, two rooms and bath. Hotel Heresford, Central Park West, 81st St.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.

Doctor's office, 3 rooms; private entrance from street. Hotel Revillia, 117 West 58th.

GROVE CHAMBERS, 84 and 86 Grove St. (block from Sheridan Square subway station)—Two and three large, light rooms, baths, kitchenettes, open fireplaces, elevator; all improvements; $1,200 to $2,000; smartest new studio apartments in Greenwich Village.

IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY.

BARGAIN.

Two rooms, bath and kitchenette; living room, with fireplace.

1.. M. THOMPSON, 52 West 57th St.

Unfurnished—West Side.

NATIONAL STORAGE, 146 West 90th St.—Storage $4 per month vanload; motor vans moving; moderate rates. 1762 Riverside.

REMODELED APARTMENTS.

references; $75 per month, security; five rooms, tiled bath, steam, hot water, electric lights, white enamel woodwork; for business couple; 117 Edgecombe Av., one block 140th st., 8th and 9th Av.. L.. stations.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 700 (corner 147th)—Two extra large rooms, facing Riverside Drive, foyer, kitchenette and bath; ample closet space; to sublet; rent $108 month. Tel Audubon 7393.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (148th St.)—Fireproof building; 6 room corner apartment; possession. Cortlandt 3661. Audubon 6801.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240—Two and three all outside front rooms, fireproof apartment; wonderful view; reduced prices.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362—High-class apartments, 150x100, four apartments on floor, now vacant. Agent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 700 (corner 147th)—Four rooms and bath, facing river; to let; rent reasonable. Apply 5D.

RIVERSIDE, 151 (87th)—Magnificent floor, one and two room suites; elevator; lease.

SIX ROOMS, bath, heat, electricity, fine street; Brooklyn 15 minutes Grand Central; rent $35. Telephone Greenpoint 2388.

TWO large, two small rooms, kitchenette, bath. Phone Bryant 4856.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION—Seven-room elevator apartment; immediate possession. 82 Washington Place, West.

WEST END AV., 367 (near 87th)—Attractive two large rooms, bath, kitchenette; private entrance; entire floor, fireplace; wee closet, will redecorate; furnished or unfurnished lease; $75. Phone Hanover 6893.

WEST END AV., 465, AT 8D.

Corner apartment, three rooms and bath, ideal doctor's office, sublet for three years. Apply on premises. M. G. Bernard.

WEST END AV., 410 (79th)—Light rooms, fourth floor, now vacant; $2,400 year. Dwight, Archibald & Perry, Inc., 137 W. 23d.

WEST END AV., corner 94th St.—Physician wanted to share apartment with dentist; Call Riverside 7302.

WEST END AV., 459 (Corner 81st St.)—Two rooms and bath. Apply Janitor.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

DOCTOR'S apartment in new building. Melrose Court, 160 East 169th St., Av. A. 3 rooms, one 3-room apartment; so situated to be convenient for two doctors with common waiting room; rents $90-$120. Apply on premises or 239-241 East 161st St.

BEAUTIFUL 4 rooms apartment, immediate occupancy, University Heights section, rent $75. Apply Harry T. F. Johnson, 219 East 188th St.

PROMINENT LOCATION—Corner apartment to let, Fordham section, West Bronx; desirable for dentist. Harry T. F. Johnson, 219 East 188th.

FOR RENT—KEW GARDENS.

Beautiful six-room apartment; elevator; large grounds; special opportunity. C. A. Nichols, 1 West 34th St. Phone Fitzroy 2905.

IRVINE ST., 883 (Near Hunt's Point Subway Station, between Garrison and Seneca Ave., Bronx)—1 or 3 rooms, housekeeping.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 1,408 (At 170th St.)—Five rooms in Crystal Dwellings. See agent.

1,130 FRANKLIN AV

near 169th St., 3 elegant, large, light rooms, all modern improvements; rent $80.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J.—4-room apartment; newly decorated; steam heat and hot water; $35. A 465 Times.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.

Two splendid new elevator buildings: 163 small apartments, selections of 3 and 4-room suites, $1,320 per annum up; some with immediate occupancy. Apply "The Gardens Apt.," by station, or phone Boulevard 6545. Guyon L. C. Earle, Agent, 269 West 86th St., N. Y. Tel. Schuyler 8390

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED—Furnished apartment, eight or nine rooms, vicinity Central Park, for two or three months, beginning Jan. 1, 1921; best references given. Mrs. Frenling Gray, 34 Park Av., Larchmont, New York. Tel. Larchmont 0836.

YOUNG business lady, two-room apartment, from Dec. 19 to Feb. 10, between 34th st. and 39th st., east or west side; $100 to $125 month. A 471 Times.

WANTED—Furnished apartment from Jan. 1 to June 1, containing 4 bedrooms and 2 baths; also maid's room and bath; do not require silver or linens; rent must be reasonable. P. O. Box 838, Woodmere, L. I.

AN EXCLUSIVE CLIENTELE.

List apartments with Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 129 W. 72d. Columbus 836.

THREE adults want 9-room furnished apartment, below 99th St., 4 months; around $700 month. Phone Vanderbilt 1450.

ONE or two rooms, bath, kitchenette, business girl, with references, below 72d St.; $75-$100. A 491 Times.

BACHELOR, refined; single room, private bath, kitchenette; preferably west side; state terms, telephone number. A 458 Times.

APARTMENT RENTING CO.

176 West 72d St. Columbus 1278.

EXCLUSIVE CLIENTELE WAITING.

DOCTOR desires two front rooms on ground floor, suitable for office. Write H. B., 1214 Wilson Building.

SEND details of your Fur. Apts. to rent. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

WANTED—Modern furnished apartment, reasonable. A 1029 Times Harlem.

WILL buy furnished apartment, lease, above 90th St.; no agents. H 362 Times.

Unfurnished.

FAMILY requires possession of unfurnished apartment Dec. 15; must contain four bedrooms and two baths, also maid's room and bath; three years' lease. B 1018 Times Annex.

SEVEN ROOMS, west side below 96th St.; specify rent. Y 2215 Times Annex.

CHRISTIAN GENTLEMAN desires large, sunny room, bath, small kitchen, unfurnished; location below 42d St. preferred, commencing Jan. 1 or earlier; rent about $75. K 28 Times.

WANTED, 3 rooms, bath and kitchen; Broadway subway, 72d to 200th St.; rent $50. Phone Beekman 1520.

SMALL unfurnished apartment, below 100th St., housekeeping; modern; lease; price. B 339 Times.

TWO ROOMS for lady at business, between 30th and 60th. A 484 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

11TH ST., 10 EAST—Large, steam-heated room; gentlemen only.

25TH, 132 EAST—Small, attractively, newly furnished; private baths, phone, electricity.

30TH (cor. Lexington Av., 183)—Exclusively for women; $13 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $14 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly and up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 53 EAST (near Park Av.)—Comfortable room; gentleman; steam heat; electricity; telephone.

60TH, 18 EAST—Rooms, adjoining bath, $40-$50 month; also room, bath.

86TH ST., 76 EAST—Exceptionally large modern room with private bath; convenient.

87TH, 15 EAST—Christian family has nice outside room, adjoining sitting room, for business woman. Best references. Phone Lenox 1113. Holzapfel.

ATTRACTIVELY furnished room, with small room adjoining, in small modern apartment, for business lady; kitchen privileges. All hot-water heat and 10:30 A. M. bell after 6. De Jong, 418 East 51st.

GENTLEMAN has beautifully furnished 3-room, bath apartment; share with gentleman; every conceivable improvement; $12 weekly. H 472 Times.

IRVING PLACE, 56—Charmingly furnished rooms, superior private house; all conveniences; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 246—Large, clean, sunny rooms, heat, electricity; washroom, closets.

MADISON AV., 785 (66th)—Attractive large rooms, running water, electricity; $12, gentlemen.

NEWLY furnished room, all comforts; reasonable; gentleman only. 2,005 5th Av., 125th St.

PER WEEK, SPACIOUS CLOSETS; LARGE PRIVATE RESIDENCE; ELEVATOR, ELECTRIC LIGHT, &C. BREAKFAST IF DESIRED. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 6758.

235, 146 WEST—LARGE, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOM, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

235, 142 WEST—Elegant 2-room suite, private bath; electricity; board optional.

247, 41 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; ELECTRICITY REASONABLE.

255, 25 WEST—Elegantly furnished single and 2-room suites, private baths. Wheeler.

256 WEST—Nicely furnished, double room, twin beds; suitable two men.

2, 2 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, ONE FLIGHT, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; PRIVATE BATH; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

116 WEST—Large and medium rooms; electricity, steam heat; permanent, gentlemen.

146 WEST—Handsomely furnished bachelor's suite; also small rooms. Columbus 7670.

241 WEST—Single room, clean, attractive; electricity; gentleman.

257 WEST—Newly furnished, sunny front, private bath, electricity, phone.

277 WEST—Comfortably furnished room; gentlemen references; reasonable.

232 WEST—Attractive, large front room, dressing room; convenient bath, electricity.

322 WEST—Large room, running water, bath adjoining, kitchenette privilege, phone.

131 WEST—Handsomely furnished rooms, private baths; $2-3 single room; reasonable.

Columbus Av. (Hotel Colonial)—Have completed 17 new single rooms, with use of bath, for men; complete hotel service; rates $10 weekly.

109 WEST—Front room and front bedroom; all conveniences. Koenig.

15 WEST—Large, attractive front room; refined, quiet home; business couple.

17 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOMS IN MODERN PRIVATE DWELLING, FOR MEN ONLY; HEAT, ELECTRICITY, PRIVATE BATHS AND WASHROOMS; ALSO LARGE FRONT ROOM FOR TWO; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

46 WEST—HANDSOME, MEDIUM FRONT ROOM, $10.

208 WEST—Attractive single room; high-class house; gentleman preferred.

218 ST., WEST—Gentlemen, couple, large, luxurious room, twin beds, open fireplace, highest type, private American home; breakfast, dinner, unusual opportunity; references. Columbus 8194.

128 WEST—Unusually large, sunny apartment, combination living room and dining room; two open fireplaces, piano, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; private phone.

53 WEST—One room and bath apartment, with maid service if wanted, for gentleman; $90 month.

328 WEST (Riverside)—Newly furnished room; wonderful river view; $25.

340 WEST — ATTRACTIVE ROOM WITH BATH, $23 PER WEEK; SPACIOUS CLOSETS; LARGE PRIVATE RESIDENCE; ELEVATOR, ELECTRIC LIGHT, &C. BREAKFAST IF DESIRED. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 6758.

340, 146 WEST—LARGE, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOM, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

340, 142 WEST—Elegant 2-room suite, private bath; electricity; board optional.

340, 41 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; ELECTRICITY REASONABLE.

340, 25 WEST—Elegantly furnished single and 2-room suites, private baths. Wheeler.

340, 256 WEST—Nicely furnished, double room, twin beds; suitable two men.

340, 2 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, ONE FLIGHT, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; PRIVATE BATH; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

340, 116 WEST—Large and medium rooms; electricity, steam heat; permanent, gentlemen.

340, 146 WEST—Handsomely furnished bachelor's suite; also small rooms. Columbus 7670.

340, 241 WEST—Single room, clean, attractive; electricity; gentleman.

340, 257 WEST—Newly furnished, sunny front, private bath, electricity, phone.

340, 277 WEST—Comfortably furnished room; gentlemen references; reasonable.

340, 232 WEST—Attractive, large front room, dressing room; convenient bath, electricity.

340, 322 WEST—Large room, running water, bath adjoining, kitchenette privilege, phone.

340, 131 WEST—Handsomely furnished rooms, private baths; $2-3 single room; reasonable.

340 ST., Columbus Av. (Hotel Colonial)—Have completed 17 new single rooms, with use of bath, for men; complete hotel service; rates $10 weekly.

340, 109 WEST—Front room and front bedroom; all conveniences. Koenig.

340, 15 WEST—Large, attractive front room; refined, quiet home; business couple.

340, 17 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOMS IN MODERN PRIVATE DWELLING, FOR MEN ONLY; HEAT, ELECTRICITY, PRIVATE BATHS AND WASHROOMS; ALSO LARGE FRONT ROOM FOR TWO; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

340, 46 WEST—HANDSOME, MEDIUM FRONT ROOM, $10.

340, 208 WEST—Attractive single room; high-class house; gentleman preferred.

340, 53 EAST (near Park Av.)—Comfortable room; gentleman; steam heat; electricity; telephone.

340, 18 EAST—Rooms, adjoining bath, $40-$50 month; also room, bath.

340, 76 EAST—Exceptionally large modern room with private bath; convenient.

340, 15 EAST—Christian family has nice outside room, adjoining sitting room, for business woman. Best references. Phone Lenox 1113. Holzapfel.

340, 30 EAST—Large, sunny room; excellent table; parlor dining; table guests.

340, 121 WEST—Large room, private bath; also hall room, nicely furnished; excellent table; continuous hot water; references.

340, 124 WEST (Graycourt) — Attractive, modern, steam heat; references; table guests.

340, 324 West End Av.)—West End Chambers, furnished suites and rooms; maid service; unusual cuisine; American plan.

340, 201 WEST—Attractively furnished 2-room suite; elevator; home cuisine.

340, 326 WEST—Very desirable large room, private bath; meals; references.

340, 326 WEST—Very desirable suite with bath; meals; references.

340, 247 WEST—Large front room, adjoining bathroom, in high class Jewish house. Riverside 6343.

340, 239 WEST—Front parlor apartment, single; continuous hot water; home cooking; 2 doors Broadway, facing Marseilles Hotel.

340, 306 WEST—Large double front room with bath; excellent table.

340, 329 WEST—Private hotel; beautiful room; also suite with private bath; Austrian cuisine; only permanent guests considered.

340, 414 WEST—Large, warm rooms, board; near Columbia College. Apt. 2.

West Side.

340 (corner Lexington Av., 183)—Room with meals, $18 weekly; good home cooking, hotel service, elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

340, 835—Large double front room, second floor; running water; excellent table; $20 per week, two persons.

340 AV., 233 (Near 38th)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

340 ST., 18 WEST—Suite, sitting room and bedroom; modern conveniences; excellent table board; reasonable.

340 ST., 54 WEST—Single and double rooms, with board; references.

340, 381 WEST (near Circle)—Large rooms; private bath; French table; electricity.

340 AND RIVERSIDE—Huge room, lavatory; overlooking river; magnificent new furniture; grand piano; cabinet victrola; steam heat; refined couple, two gentlemen; any length of time. 2,139 Columbus; excellent meals.

73D ST., 271 WEST.

Large room with or without private bath; refined small boarding house; references.

340, WEST—Charming and refined home; exceptional food and accommodations. Columbus 1645.

340, 149 WEST—Single, double, ideal location; electricity; purest foods; table guests.

340, WEST—Double front room for two, adjoining bath, $42; also single room, $22; including meals, home cooking, in Christian family. Phone 2139 Columbus.

340, 9 WEST—Elegant, large room; private bath; suitable two or three; refined boarding house; excellent cuisine; permit.

340, 129 WEST—Large, sunny room; excellent table; parlor dining; table guests.

340, 121 WEST—Large room, private bath; also hall room, nicely furnished; excellent table; continuous hot water; references.

340, 124 WEST (Graycourt) — Attractive, modern, steam heat; references; table guests.

340, 324 West End Av.)—West End Chambers, furnished suites and rooms; maid service; unusual cuisine; American plan.

340, 201 WEST—Attractively furnished 2-room suite; elevator; home cuisine.

340, 326 WEST—Very desirable large room, private bath; meals; references.

340, 326 WEST—Very desirable suite with bath; meals; references.

340, 247 WEST—Large front room, adjoining bathroom, in high class Jewish house. Riverside 6343.

340, 239 WEST—Front parlor apartment, single; continuous hot water; home cooking; 2 doors Broadway, facing Marseilles Hotel.

340, 306 WEST—Large double front room with bath; excellent table.

340, 329 WEST—Private hotel; beautiful room; also suite with private bath; Austrian cuisine; only permanent guests considered.

340, 414 WEST—Large, warm rooms, board; near Columbia College. Apt. 2.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

340, 250 WEST—Pleasant, desirable room, facing street. Apt. 2 north.

340, 63 WEST—Large, beautifully furnished, second floor, front room, private bath, electricity, telephone, $18; smaller, $5-$10.

340, 54 WEST—Large room, kitchenette privilege; electricity, telephone.

340, 306 WEST (Broadway)—Attractive, quiet room, running water; references. 3 West.

340, 230 WEST—Comfortable room, all conveniences; one, two; reference. Bunce.

340, 303 WEST—Large, cheerful front room; newly decorated; southern exposure; running water; private house; near Riverside Drive; convenient 103d St. subway station.

340, 306 WEST—2 connecting rooms, also one single room; electricity, heat, running water, bath; strictly private family.

340, 244 WEST—Handsome double room, private bath; small room, top floor, adjoining bath; excellent cuisine.

340, 247 WEST—Large connecting room, adjoining bath; hot water; electricity. Johnson.

340, 51 WEST—Single, double rooms; all conveniences; kitchenette privilege. Apt. 21.

340, 230 WEST (Apt. 32)—Attractive comfortable large room; gentleman; references. Cooder.

340, 220 WEST—Desirable room, large closet; refined surroundings; references. Apt. 46.

340, 260 WEST (Broadway)—Beautiful large room; running water; house; $14.

340, 324 WEST—Beautiful large room; river; lavatory; electricity.

340, 500 WEST (Apt. 1A)—Large beautifully furnished room, adjoining bath.

340, WEST—Large front, something choice; block Broadway subway. Telephone 8231 Cathedral.

340, 507 WEST—Large, attractive room with lavatory; for one or two; elevator. Apt. 53.

340, 511 WEST—Attractive, scrupulously clean rooms; private home; references. Apartment 6.

340 (Broadway)—Sunny room, by small Christian family. 7528 Cathedral, Apt. 8 D.

340, 300 WEST—Single outside room, elevator apartment; references; $7.50. Apt. 6A.

340, 501 WEST (Apt. 2 West)—Medium front room; southern exposure; conveniences.

340 (between 7th and 8th Avs.)—Delightful, large, double, front room, beautifully furnished. Telephone Cathedral 6159.

340, 621 WEST—Private house, large room, with private bath; $18; gentleman.

340, 416 WEST (Opposite Columbia)—Elegant unfurnished; electricity; running water; steam; best references required; gentlemen; reasonable. Harmon.

340, 411 WEST—Large comfortable, cheerful room, near bath; homelike; 1 or 2 gentlemen; refined, quiet family. Apt. 43.

340, 404 WEST—Newly furnished sunny room, first floor, elevator. Apt. 1A.

340, 616 WEST—Handsomely furnished, large room, private family. Apt. 55.

340, 616 WEST—Beautiful large room, adjoining bath. Apartment 24.

340, 210 WEST—HOTEL CECIL. ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

340—Two rooms, $8; near Drive, Columbia, subway; steam; ladies. Morningside 973.

340, 419 WEST (Apt. 41)—Single room, elevator apartment; gentleman; $6.

340, 527 WEST—Light, attractive rooms; kitchen privileges; single, double; reasonable. Seeler.

340, 514 WEST—Exceptionally attractive front suite; other outside rooms; southern exposure; modern apartment. Apt. 3E.

340, 541 WEST—Sunny front room for lady; near Columbia; $10. Duncan.

340, 212 WEST—Back parlor, elegantly furnished, business couple or gentleman.

340, 31 WEST (Apt. 2E)—Room; all conveniences; elevator; gentleman. Harlem 3024.

340 ST. (Riverside Drive)—Large double room, morning sun, private family, breakfast optional; elevator; all conveniences; home atmosphere. R., 3,925 Broadway.

340, 907 WEST—Clean, sunny room, private family, for gentleman; $7. 2 minute.

340, 356 WEST—Room, $10; private family; immediate, permanent. Osborne, Apt. 4N.

340, 452 WEST—Large room, adjoining bath; southern exposure; electricity; $8; gentleman.

340, 601 WEST—Outside room, southern exposure; running water; modern elevator apartment; gentlemen; references. Apt. 51.

340, 600 WEST—Outside room, running water; $7. Apt. 66, Wadsworth 5210.

340 (Overlooking Hudson)—Large, attractive, warm; private lavatory; exceptional home. Wadsworth 9312.

340, 695 WEST—Small, cheerful room, running water, lavatory; reasonable. Hess.

ATTENTION!—Refined family would rent large furnished room and bath; steam heat; newly renovated; private house, West 86th St.; gentleman only. Tel. Schuyler 6320.

COMFORTABLE, light room; select neighborhood; homelike, near subway. Morse, phone 211 Morningside.

DESIRABLE rooms, bath; no other roomers; gentlemen only need apply. Morningside 8183, between 9 A. M.-5 P. M.

GREATER NEW YORK RENTING CO., 167 West 135th St. Watkins 944; subway.

HAMILTON PLACE, 87 (141st-Broadway)—Attractive room; elevator, every convenience. Apt. 48.

HOTEL BRADDOCK.

126th St. and 7th Av.—Single rooms, $2 a day; double rooms, $3 a day; single room with bath, $3 a day; single by the week, $12 up.

HOTEL ABERDEEN—Rooms with private bath; telephone in rooms; modern hotel service; fireproof; $17.50 weekly. 33d St., bet. 5th Av. and Broadway. Penna. 1060.

LARGE, sunny room, nicely furnished, on top floor of elevated apartment house. Tel. Murray Hill 4633.

PENN POST HOTEL.

FIVE MINUTES FROM ANYWHERE.

31ST ST. AND 8TH AV.

OPPOSITE PENN STATION. GEN. P. O. 300 NEW, MODERN ROOMS, AIRY AND LIGHT; $1.00 PER DAY, $6 PER WEEK; TURKISH BATH IN CONNECTION. 500. TELEPHONE 514 CHELSEA.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 223 (94th)—Luxurious room, private bath; suitable two. Apt. 61.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

1082, 361 WEST (corner Broadway)—Large attractively furnished rooms, running water, electricity, Southern home table. Audubon 4078.

BROADWAY, 1,890 (corner 113th)—Double room, with board. 7807 Cathedral. Bogert.

EVELYN LODGE—Charming all-year residence, high location, 25 mins. to Wall St.; costly furnished; excellent chef and service; small tables; parlors, smoking room, comforts; weekly, $25 up, with meals; 75 guests; 12 years one management; booklet. 17 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Block from ferry.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 330 (corner 164th St.)—Southern exposure every room; private bath and telephone; elevator; Hungarian chef; refined Hebrew social surroundings. Mrs. Ida Marks.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 540—Attractive rooms, adjoining bath, lavatory; excellent board, $20. Payne.

WEST END, 449 (81st)—Bachelors' club, inexpensive, congenial, excellent cuisine; unusual proposition.

BOARD WANTED.

GENTLEMAN, bachelor, desires room and bath, breakfast and evening dinner; only those with first-class surroundings need reply, naming price. H 264 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, Christian, desires board and room in Brooklyn; private family; 2d Av., between 10th-45th Sts. Arsenian, 220 East 28th St.

MIDDLE-AGED woman, Christian, desires room and board with quiet, congenial family. E 563 Times.

YOUNG LADY, Christian, desires board and room with refined family south of 110th St.; references exchanged. L 225 Times.

ROOM and board wanted by Jewish gentleman, refined family. K 158 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

WIDOWER desires room, preferably with board, with private family; quiet surroundings essential, within commuting distance, Westchester or Connecticut; house with garage accommodation preferred; highest references given. K 191 Times.

COTTAGE on Board Walk; rooms with or without bath, single or en suite, with board; first-class location; reference, Caroline J. Seidell, 6,001-6,003 Board Walk, Atlantic City, N. J.

GREENWICH INN LODGE (Sound Beach, Conn.)—Sunny steam heated rooms, with or without baths; excellent menu; 50 minutes from New York; golf, saddle horses, fishing; reasonable rates.

NERVOUS AND MENTAL CONDITIONS. LYNWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

MIDDLE-AGED gentlewoman desires room and board, Westchester or New Jersey, with congenial family; willing to assist in care of home; state full particulars; reasonable. Address B. G. T., 113 Lexington Av.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (116TH ST.)—LARGE ROOM NEAR BATH; INDEPENDENT ENTRANCE; FAMILY THREE ADULTS. MORNINGSIDE 1654.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222 (94th)—Beautiful, large outside room, overlooking Drive; exceptional furnishings; two closets, running water. Apt. 32.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Magnificent room; modern conveniences; fireproof elevator apartment; $75 monthly. Tel. Schuyler 544, from 10 to 4.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575 (Apt. 1)—A large, handsomely furnished room and bath; $18 a week, $70 a month.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 92 (81st)—Wonderful front room, beautifully furnished, exceptionally large, suitable 2 or 3 gentlemen; $30.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 93—Handsomely furnished room, twin beds; facing Hudson. Riverside 1918.

RIVERSIDE, 151—Several single rooms, newly decorated; $10 weekly; reference.

ROOM, private family. Phone after 6 P. M., 6297 Cathedral. Apartment 63.

TWIN BEDS, private bath; exclusive home; several weeks; references. Academy 3412.

WEST END AV., 700 (94th)—Exceptionally attractive, sunny two-room suite, kitchenette, bath, five windows, piano, electricity, beautifully furnished; also large room, suitable two. Phone Riverside 9043, Britten.

WEST END AV., 787—Single room, hot water, electricity; immaculate house; moderate.

WEST END AV., 750 (97th)—Attractive double room; housekeeping; select private house.

WEST END AV., 754 (97th)—One, two light rooms; kitchenette privilege. Riverside 10071.

WEST END AV., 531—Nicely furnished rooms; refined Holland family; reference. Beesman.

Brooklyn.

LARGE front room, suitable two, all modern conveniences; centrally located. Prospect 4167.

Long Island.

TWO handsomely furnished rooms in private home, new, every improvement; together or separate; references. Phone 3598 Richmond Hill.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

72D, 111 WEST—Large and small front room suite; running water, private bath; suitable private business.

94TH, 60 WEST—Large front room, electricity, steam, water; owner's home; references.

112TH, 238 WEST—Two large rooms, three windows, front; bath; latest improvements.

Bronx.

UNIVERSITY AV., 2,460—Building just completed, 4 large, light rooms, with large foyers; all modern improvements. Inquire on premises.

BUSINESS WOMAN wants unfurnished room below 93d St.; reasonable. S 409 Times.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

GENTLEMAN wants attractive housekeeping room and bath, downtown; give details. K 160 Times.

NURSE wishes room below 90th St.; subway convenient; telephone; $30. B 327 Times.

THREE respectable Jewish boys want two rooms, west side. H 282 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ACCOUNTANT'S ASSISTANT, 5 years' bookkeeping experience; references; salary $25. K 159 Times.

BILLING CLERK—Underwood touch operator, 7 years' experience foreign and domestic invoices; salary $25. Bodine, 86 Wadsworth Av.

BILLING CLERK, Elliott Fisher, experienced; best of references. B 684 Times Downtown.

BILL CLERK, assistant bookkeeper, rapid typist, Christian, 10 years' experience; salary $25. B 703 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE MANAGER; EXECUTIVE ABILITY, THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE ACCOUNTANCY CREDITS; 14 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. 2 FIRMS; AGE 28. K 176 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, expert both; entire charge; correspondent; handle credits, collections; confidential assistant; responsibilities; $35. D 906 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and ledger clerk; competent; 5 years' experience; good at figures; moderate salary; references. H 827 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, no experience, knowledge of 6 months' accountancy, seeks position with reliable concern; "a willing worker;" age 18. K 174 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, 4 years' experience; full knowledge of office routine and typewriting; excellent references. A 1027 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. V 694 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, double entry, control accounts, trial balance. Telephone Bushwick 4397.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 4 years' practical experience; salary $22. B 734 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT seeks part time position; moderate rates. Z., 1019, Fulton Building.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, controlling accounts; references; salary $33. B 1062 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, experienced control accounts, trial balances; $20. H 922 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, conscientious and willing worker; good references. D 908 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, dependable, controls balances, knowledge typewriting, payrolls; $22. Phone Mount Vernon 857 J.

BOOKKEEPER—Double entry, cashier; accurate; part time; reasonable. Apply H 271 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; expert double entry, controller; accurate, systematic; $30. Address Controller, 1600 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, able to take full charge of office. M 239 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wishes position with reliable firm. Hirsch, 1,160 Pine St.

COOK, also a WAITRESS-CHAMBERMAID. Owing to giving up housekeeping I desire to secure placing our exceptionally competent and satisfactory maids. Over 2 years. Our apartments only are desired. Answer by letter only, A. D. Ladeau, Astor Court Apartments, 235 West 89th St.

COOK, competent, wishes position with private family; best references. Maple, 152 West 89th St., 1 flight up.

CLERICAL WORKER, experienced, conscientious; knowledge bookkeeping; highest references. B 1043 Times Harlem.

DRESSMAKER, expert interior decorator; curtains, draperies, cushions, bedcovers, re-covering furniture; $6 daily. Write Harriett, 207 West 80th.

DRESSMAKER, will work, by day; formerly with leading 5th Av. house. Miss Gottlieb, 538 Beck St. Phone Intervale 8524.

DRESSMAKER, colored, day or week; neat worker. Eckles, 303 West 130th St.

FRENCH LADY, refined, seeks position companion lady; travel only. K 106 Times.

GOVERNESS, competent, wishes entire charge of children, any age. H 276 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, working; good plain cook; competent, reliable. Address A. W., Congress, N. Y.

HOUSEWORK—Colored girl; sleep in or out. 1,621 West 2d St., Brighton Beach.

LADY'S MAID, English, American and European experience; efficient hairdresser, manicurist and packer; accustomed to travel; excellent references. P 370 Times.

LAUNDRESS, first class, wants family banger at home. 466 Amity St., Flushing.

MODEL—Young lady, 5ft bust, height 5¼, very attractive, desires position as model. F 590 Times.

NURSE, practical, German, English speaking, wishes position to nervous or insane; private or sanitarium. Mary U., care Janitor, 1,638 Topping Av., Bronx.

NURSE, graduate, registered, eight years' experience, permanent position; salary $100 and maintenance; references. L 195 Times.

PAYROLL CLERK and cashier, experienced; references. F 587 Times.

SECRETARY, executive, correspondent; composes sales-producing letters, circulars, advertisements; dictates correspondence; knows follow-up system; college graduate; advertising, wholesale, manufacturing experience. H 273 Times.

SECTY-STENO., qualified take charge small office for busy executive; expert stenographer; knowledge of bookkeeping; highest references; refined American; state salary. L 215 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience, high school graduate; expert stenographer; salary $30; downtown desired. F 589 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER—Exceptionally neat-appearing, wide-awake, cultured girl; 7 years' engineering, banking, export experience; highly educated; thoroughly experienced detail worker; $25. B 902 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Beginner, graduate of stenographic department and model office of Eastman School; one trial will demonstrate my ability and willingness to work; good references; will start at $20. Miss D., 36 West 123d St. Phone Harlem 518.

STENOGRAPHER — Young, well-educated, Christian woman; accurate and efficient; commercial and banking experience. B 606 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, experienced, Christian; legal work preferred; $35; downtown only; no agencies. H 904 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, two years' experience, good speller; references; $18. H 885 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, thoroughly experienced; executive ability; intelligent, refined; references. M 267 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, executive initiative, knowledge bookkeeping; moderate salary. F 177 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, reliable, good personality, as secretary. N 182 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, reliable; good personality; congenial; $33-$28. H 283 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, five years' experience; rapid, reliable; references; $35. D 989 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; 2½ years' experience; $18. B 695 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPH

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates.

Count six words to an Agate line. Per Agate
(Minimum space two lines.) Line.

Personal Notices and Resorts.....40c
Boarders and Board Wanted.....40c
Help Wanted.....40c
Real Estate, &c.....40c
Lost and Found (Sunday 60c).....40c
Apartments to Let and Wanted.....40c
Country Board.....40c
Mortgage Loans.....40c
For Sale.....40c
Automobile Exchanges.....40c
Agents Wanted.....45c
Employment Agencies.....75c
Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agents Cape 20c) 15c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers.. 15c

For insertion in the Sunday edition, advertisements of schools, sanitariums, hotels and resorts must be received in The Times Building by noon today. Real Estate and Apartment display advertisements by 6 P. M. Saturday. Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. Saturday. All other classified advertisements not later than 12 o'clock noon Saturday.

Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition must be received by 6 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

HELP WANTED—Female

ARTIST—Freehand letterer required; Christian firm. Hegone, 37 East 28th.

BILLER — Elliott-Fisher bookkeeping machine; experienced, accurate; full particulars; references held confidential; salary wanted. Y 278 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, able to take care of invoice register. Apply Metropolitan Electric Manufacturing Co., East Av. and 14th St., Long Island City.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, for wholesale dry goods and notion house; capable of taking entire charge of office and competent to handle all correspondence; prefer one with several years' experience in commercial lines; apply daily, stating experience and salary desired. L. O., 643 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, capable of assuming full charge; good salary. Call 9 to 12, L. Berger, Broadway at 146th St.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; must be experienced in the wholesale coal business; state age, experience, references and salary expected. S 615 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER FOR REAL ESTATE OFFICE; REPLY STATING FULL PARTICULARS, TO REAL ESTATE, 609 ST. PAUL BUILDING.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, experienced, accurate, quick, ability, fondness business; $25 start; 4-36; Christian firm. 437 Lafayette Av., bet. Collins & Barnard, 20 Harrison St.

BOOKKEEPER on customers' ledger, for Brooklyn bank; thorough experience necessary; state age, references and salary. Y 2205 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, knowledge of typewriting; Christian firm; salary $18; state experience. H 921 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT and typist for large uptown real estate office. Apply in own handwriting, T 528 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent, take full charge, double entry, trial balances. Strauss & Co., 806 West 52d.

BORROUGHS BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATOR for wholesale coffee house; only experienced, accurate and steady worker need apply; steady position and splendid opportunity for right party; reference required. Albert Ehlers, Inc., 224 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

CLERKS—Opportunity in progressive office for two bright girls, quick and accurate; good handwriting necessary; state salary required; state age, religion, education, experience if any. Y 2220 Times Annex.

CLERK, for indorsement and cancellation work in insurance broker's office; must be experienced; state salary. W 935 Times Downtown.

CLERK—Young lady to do clerical work. 225 5th Av., Room 910.

DRESSMAKER experienced finisher. Veniare, 128 West 91st St.

FOREWOMAN.
Experienced woman to take full charge of assembling and finishing department in manufacturing brass novelties. A growing corporation employing over 100 girls wants to bring into the organization a woman of exceptional ability. She must be a woman of wide experience in successfully managing a large force of girls, and, above all, she must have executive ability and fact. State full details of your past business experience, age and salary expected. All communications treated confidentially. T 322 Times.

GIRL, white, with reference, to care for three-room apartment for two gentlemen; good hours; $5 a week; no washing or linen; $7; permanent. Call 7 to 8 P. M., Thursday, 210 West 108th, Apt. 41. H 272 Times.

GIRL or woman wanted for general housework; good home for proper person. Phone or call. Dr. H. Wolin, 1,427 Madison Av. Lenox 3822.

GIRL wanted, in dental office. Call after 10 A. M., Dr. Whynman, 166 West 73d St., N. Y.

HOUSEWORKER, white, for Pelham, N. Y.; small family; good wages. Mrs. Bowne, 111 Loring Av. Phone 2148 Pelham.

HOUSEWORKER (white), small family Adults. Call before 3, Apartment 64, 622 West 113th St. Cathedral 7341.

HOUSEWORKER wanted for private apartment. Mr. Hughes, 835 5th Av.

INVESTIGATORS.

We require several competent and clever women of good personality to call on housewives and secure certain data for one of our sales department; nothing to sell whatever; easy hours; pleasant and agreeable work; salary $20 weekly and liberal bonuses enable right women to make from $30 to $75 a week; call for interview.

APGAR, HOFFMAN & SEARBARO,
SUITE 606-608,
41 BROADWAY.

JANITRESS—Young married couple, no children, must be neat, useful apartment house, Chelsea section; man handy with tools and tend fires; choice front $60 apartment, not basement, unfurnished two rooms and bath; free rent, steam heat, hot water, electric light, gas; hardwood floors. Apply Reynolds, 28 Harrison St. After 6 P. M., 447 West 22d.

LADY, cultured, refined, tactful, well educated, who is resourceful and ambitious, to introduce Circle of Knowledge School Plan for American Educational Association; guaranteed salary $1,800 with bonus. B 267 Times.

MILLINERY.

HEWLETT ROBIN CO.
417 Fifth Av.,
require the services of
COMPETENT
MILLINERS
AND COPYISTS.

MILLINERY DESIGNER,
medium priced trimmed hats; permanent position to right woman. Paradise Hat Co., 29 West 38th.

MODELS.
TALL, STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, SIZE 18, IN WHOLESALE DRESSMAKING HOUSE.
HEIMERDINGER, 141 MADISON AV.

MODELS—SIZE 18.
Costume and dresses; must have smart appearance; good salary. Heilman & Biotta, 221 5th Av.

MODEL wanted, size 16, for suits; must have smart appearance; steady position for right party. Philip Stromberg, 6 West 32d.

MOON-HOPKINS OPERATORS—Wholesale silk house requires the services of two operators; must come well recommended and must be rapid and accurate. R. H., 283 Times.

MOTHER'S HELPER—Refined and efficient young woman to help with the care of two children, ages 4 and 7, and to do other light household duties; personal city reference required. Apply Thursday, between 2 and 5, 35 Central Park West, Apt. 7, or Tel. Columbus 3480.

MOTHER'S HELPER; white girl to assist mother in taking care of baby; good home; sleep in. Apply Mindlen, 97 Fort Washington Av., or care of Stoll, 33 East 23d St.

MOTHER'S HELPER—Young, experienced white girl, with references; good home, excellent wages. Write Box 187, Cedarhurst, L. I.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR, experienced; permanent position. Manheim, Universal Film, 1,600 Broadway.

NURSE, trained, who speaks Spanish, needed for latter part January, 1921; engagement for a month. H 280 Times.

NURSE WANTED; EXPERIENCED NURSE TO CARE FOR TWINS 3 YEARS OLD; MUST HAVE REFERENCES; GOOD SALARY, GOOD HOME FOR THE RIGHT PERSON. PHONE WADSWORTH 5180 BEFORE 10 A. M. OR AFTER 6 P. M. OR CALL 967 WEST 161ST ST., APARTMENT 2D.

NURSE; take care of two children, ages 3 and 6, must assist mother with light details; must understand children; one with pleasing personality desired; good salary; excellent surroundings. Further particulars telephone Midwood 3345.

NURSE, GRADUATE,
to take charge of floor at night. Apply Superintendent of Nurses, People's Hospital, 203 2d Av.

NURSE, UNDERGRADUATE,
for floor duty. Write or apply Superintendent of Nurses, People's Hospital, 203 2d Av.

NURSE for two small children, 2 to 6 P. M.; also one or two evenings a week. Mrs. Flint, 2,225 Grand Concourse, 2 to 5.

NURSE, undergraduate, for night duty. New York Orthopaedic Hospital, 420 East 50th.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, with some high school education; must be bright and ambitious; $18 to start. Reply in own handwriting, stating age and amount of education. S 411 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT,
Large wholesale jewelry house; chance for advancement; state salary. Box 175, 906 Fitzgerald Bldg.

OFFICE GIRL, bright, ambitious beginner, small switchboard and simple filing; advancement; Gentile lawyer's office in forties; state salary. K 151 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, Christian firm; hours 8 to 5:30; $12 weekly. Call 231 East 57th.

SALESLADIES, 10,
experienced for following lines: Hosiery, underwear, infants' wear; good salary; also specials for holiday and part time; good references required; for Harlem and Heights stores. Inquire L. Berger, Broadway at 146th St.

SALESWOMEN—Sell Unikit during spare time; handsome commission; new patent, made in gold and silver, like expensive, small fountain pen; contains entire manicuring outfit; men and women buy it on sight; will furnish leads to reputable persons. Unikit Co., 96 Madison Av.

SALESLADY—Experienced and attractive girl for exclusive ladies' tailor. B. Weinstein, 20 West 56th St.

SALESLADY, refined, positions silks, $30 week; experience unnecessary; permanent. De Luse, 1,483 Broadway.

SCHOOL TEACHER TO TAKE CHARGE OF DICTAPHONE AND TYPING DEPARTMENT. EMPLOY OPERATORS, ASSIGN WORK, READ MAIL, GET RESULTS; AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY TO CONNECT WITH A FAST GROWING MANUFACTURING CONCERN; WRITE IN FULL, STATING AGE, COMMERCIAL EXPERIENCE, IF ANY, SALARY EXPECTED. H. J. KENNEDY, NATIONAL ASBESTOS MANUFACTURING CO., 118 HENDERSON ST., JERSEY CITY, N. J.

SECRETARY-BOOKKEEPER, educated executive, real worker, permanent; references; location; dentist's office. Y 2101 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER-CASHIER, experienced, accurate, quick, ability, fondness business; $25 start; 4-36; Christian firm. 437 Lafayette Av., bet. Collins & Barnard, 20 Harrison St.

STENOGRAPHER, WELL EDUCATED AND EXPERIENCED, FOR POSITION WITH COTTON CONVERTING HOUSE, TO TAKE DICTATION FROM ONE OF THE EXECUTIVES; SHOULD HAVE SOME SECRETARIAL TRAINING AND MUST BE POSSESSED OF INITIATIVE AND JUDGMENT; STATE AGE, SALARY, EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE IN FULL TO RECEIVE CONSIDERATION. B 723 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER—Are you looking for an interesting position where an intelligent, willing worker has chance of advancement? A large publishing house has an opening for a girl not afraid of work because she likes it and needs it; salary to start $17; hours 9-5; Saturdays, 9-12. Write fully, giving references. to S 403 Times.

STENOGRAPHER — Young woman, experienced and accurate; knowledge filing and general office routine; good position for right party; Christian firm; give age, experience and salary desired, telephone number; high school graduate preferred. Y 2105 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist wanted by secretary of large corporation; must be neat in appearance, accurate, willing and have knowledge of filing; Christian concern. S 200 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typist; high school graduate; must have had experience in tabulating, preferably in accounts, office; exceptional opportunity., Call Room 1503, 1,182 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER — Export office requires services of stenographer experienced in business; prefer one able to translate and write Spanish; state age, experience and salary desired. B 720 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by publishing concern; must be experienced; accuracy most essential, as well as ability to look after details; state experience and salary desired. S 380 Times.

STENOGRAPHER
with one or two years' experience; steady position; hours 8:30 to 5. Apply John S. Sills & Sons, Inc., 604 West 37th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; preference to one that has worked in insurance broker's office; salary to start $15; give details with application. Y 736 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, knowledge of bookkeeping; must be rapid and capable worker; salary to start $25. S 618 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS wanted; broker's office; must be capable of taking rapid dictation; proper salary to right person. Call or write Mason, 27 William St., 3d floor Annex.

STENOGRAPHER—Christian firm, in Fifth Av. Building; ideal position for girl from good home; $35; state full particulars. H 288 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, expert; high grade young woman, good health, for school office; applicant will be examined by mental and stenographic tests. Y 2230 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER—Capable stenographer for general office work; accounting; experience in latter unnecessary; salary to start $22.50 a week. F 588 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, in law department of large insurance company; state salary and experience. W 903 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; experienced only; state salary and references. F. W., Box 14, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE ASSISTANT; state experience and salary expected. S 404 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, Christian firm; state references and qualifications; salary $25. Box 901 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER, good education, Bedford branch Y. M. C. A., 1,121 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR in busy office of large manufacturing firm; must be rapid; commercial and central office experience; state salary and details. B. T., 105 Times.

TEACHER, grades; public school, away from city; state salary. A 488 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, to run board during lunch hour and from 3 to 6, balance of time in charge of filing; must be first class operator; knowledge of filing helpful but not essential; good position for conscientious, competent worker; hours 10 to 6. Rubber, V 716 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.
Experienced, accurate typist; permanent position; typing bills; publishing house; hours 9-5, 12:30 on Saturday; state details in replies. Box 171, 906 Fitzgerald Bldg.

TYPIST, Christian firm; must be rapid and accurate; excellent opportunity for bright girl. 3d floor, 119 West 40th.

TYPIST, experienced in engineering and architectural work. Lockwood, Greene & Co., 101 Park Av.

TYPIST, for plain copying. National Jewish Board of Trade, 16 Malden Lane.

TYPIST in law office; salary $15; advancement. Y 734 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, middle aged for unusually busy law office, wanted; act as managing clerk and chief stenographer; must have knowledge of bookkeeping and be energetic and tactful; good salary and excellent future; all replies treated confidentially; give full details. D 859 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, tactful, well educated, to present educational system in South; business experience not essential; $1,800 salary first year; bonus and transportation. T 524 Times.

UNDERWOOD BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATORS NEEDED BY LARGE DOWNTOWN BANK. EXPERIENCED; SALARY $1,200 A YEAR, PLUS LUNCHES; ADVANCEMENT. WRITE, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE, EDUCATION AND NATIONALITY. ADDRESS "M. A.," P. O. BOX 822, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK CITY.

YOUNG WOMEN,
between 18 and 35, to train as nurses, in a registered hospital; must have one year's high school education or equivalent; maintenance, uniform, board and salary while in training. Apply or write Superintendent of Nurses, 203 2d Av.

YOUNG women earn $25 weekly salary introducing men's and ladies' hosiery from manufacturer to consumer; experience unnecessary, steady employment. Room 1,907, 104 5th Av.

YOUNG GIRL, neat, refined, to learn to assist dentist. S 407 Times.

Instruction.

EARN MORE MONEY.
Be a filing specialist. File clerks trained by us are first to get the good positions, because they bring their employers specialized knowledge of all up-to-date filing systems, indexing and cataloging. That means increased office efficiency. You can enter a class now. In one month we'll prepare you and then place you in a position. Write for catalog. Better still, come in and talk it over.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL
FOR FILING,
125 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 6619.

ELLIOTT-FISHER TRAINING SCHOOLS.
102d Year—6,000 Graduates—10,000 Positions.
3 to 14 week courses in Mechanical Bookkeeping, Day or Evening Classes.
Profession pays $15-$40.
FREE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE.
Write for Booklet "T," or
Call for Free Demonstration.
ROOM 1703, 11 BROADWAY, N. Y. C.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN—Big demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

MOON'S SECRETARIAL SCHOOLS
for 30 and 60 day courses. Stenography, 30 days; secretarial, 60 days; standing contracts with largest firms for our graduates; free trial lessons. 50 East 42d St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHERS AND SECRETARIES
IN GREAT DEMAND.
Special low rates for half-day or evening instruction, between 6 and 7. Moon School, 50 East 42d St. Tel. Vanderbilt 3806.

COME ANY MINUTE after 8 P. M. for secretarial, bookkeeping, English, accounting. Phone Beekman 2722. Night-Day. Booklet. Drake Business School, Tribune Bldg.

$25-$75 WEEK through Prof. Rohrer's Hairdress, Manicure, Face, Electric, Scalp and Beauty School. 119 Wash 42d St. Pamphlet.

Employment Agencies.

PERSONNEL EXCHANGE,
26 John St.

STENO—Spanish, German, English, $35.
STENO—Spanish, English; salary open.
STENO—Take complete charge office, $30.
STENO—Export, $27.
Other stenos, $20-$25.
TYPIST—Must be able to do billing, $18.
BKPRS.—(3), thorough experienced P. and L. statements, $30.
ELLIOTT-FISHER BILLER — Salary open.
MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR — Salary open.
COLLEGE WOMAN—Thorough calculus, $30.
FILE CLERK—Export cross index and duplex filer; must know stenotyping; salary open.
CLERKS—Excellent surroundings; $15 up.

HAMILTON
EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
6 CHURCH ST.
One block west of Broadway.
One block below Cortlandt St.
STENOGRAPHER, importing house, $25.
STENOGRAPHER, neat type, uptown, $100 month.
STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience, $20.
TYPISTS (2), one with knowledge of bookkeeping, $85 month.
FILE CLERKS (3), $18-$20.
CLERKS, beginners, $65 month.
36 other openings for qualified office workers.
NO REGISTRATION CHARGE.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
1 BEEKMAN ST. 34 PARK ROW.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENOGRAPHERS, $30, $25, $20.
TYPIST, $22, $20; downtown.
BOOKKEEPERS, $30, $25, $20.
TELEPHONE Operator, engineering, downtown; $20.
TEL. OP., Reception Clerk, brokerage; $20.
TEL. OP.-Typist, $18.
CLERKS, $18, $16.

J. H. EARLY,
220 West 42d St.
STENOGRAPHER (Export) $25
STENOGRAPHER (Beginner) .....$20-$22
TYPISTS (Inexperienced) $15
TYPISTS (Christian firms) $18
CLERK (Experienced) $20

BLANCHE REID EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
104 Nassau St. Beekman 3551. Bookkeeper-stenog., full charge, $30; bookkeeper-typist, Harlem; stenographers, $20-$25; expert typists, $1,020 yearly; Underwood bookkeeping machine oper., $25; dentist's asst., typists, multigraph oper.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
154 Nassau St., 103 Park Av.
Bookkeeper-stenographer, $28-$35; stenographers, $25-$30; dictaphone, $25; switchboard-typist, $20.

BOOKKEEPER, prefer advertising experience, $35. Fulton Agency, 93 Nassau St. Legal steno., $30; others, $22-$25. Fulton Agency, 93 Nassau St.

GEORGE W GREGER, 101 WEST 42D ST.
Openings with CHRISTIAN FIRMS for
Bookkeepers, Stenographers, Typists.

FRENCH-English stenographers, $35; stenographers, $20-$25; typists, $20. Bureau Business Requirements, 170 Broadway.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY,
253 Broadway.—Spanish-English secretary, stenographers, typists, clerks; register free.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS.
seniors for permanent staff of certified accountants; salary, $4,000, with opportunity for advancement; certified public accountants given preference; extensive and varied experience unnecessary; call or write Mason, 27 William St., 3d floor Annex.

ACCOUNTANT wanted by C. P. A., with public accounting experience, or graduate of accounting school with broad bookkeeping experience; replies will be treated in confidence; state phone number. Y 2200 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANTS—Well-known firm of certified public accountants offers splendid opportunity to several semi-seniors and juniors; must be ready for leave town on long engagements; reply fully, stating salary expected. B 701 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, semi-seniors, experienced in public work, capable of completing small audits and reports; Christian firm; state experience and expectations. B 713 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Prominent firm certified accountants requires service of junior; capable of efficiently operating bookkeeping calculating machine; reply fully, stating salary expected. B 700 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, wanted by Newark certified firm; must be college graduate and have Federal and New York fullest details, including salary desired, age, &c., in confidence. Y 2235 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANTS, SENIOR—Well known firm of public accountants has vacancies for experienced seniors; salaries from $3,000 up; qualified men preferred; apply by letter only: "Accountant," Room 307, 135 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, cashier for large manufacturing firm; state religion, age, references and salary. K 169 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS, senior and junior, by C. P. A.; knowledge oil business preferred. A 490 Times.

ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVE.
The Jewish Tribune, with the largest net paid circulation of any English-printed Jewish weekly published in America, requires a high class, experienced advertising representative, with an acquaintanceship among advertising agencies and local advertisers; the rates are moderate, the attractiveness of the publication is evident and the subscription is concentrated in a profitable field; drawing account against liberal commission to the right party. For interview address, with references, qualifications and experience, direct by mail to The Jewish Tribune, 141 West 33d St.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR.
Daily has opening for man on ability proven by at least 2 years' experience selling advertising; knowledge of garment trade desirable; this is more than a mere "job" for the right man; this organization is young; the chances here are unlimited; for the present a satisfactory drawing, with large enough commission to enable a man to get into the "big earning" class; strong corporation; don't apply unless you have had the specified experience. Apply to Mr. Brown, Advertising Manager, 281 5th Av.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR wanted by high class semi-monthly periodical to be published in the interests of New York City development; the man we want should have personality, aggressiveness and an acquaintanceship among public institutions, banks, hotels, real estate brokers, &c.; the first issue of 25,000 will be published Jan. 1; drawing account against a liberal commission to the right party. Address with full information as to references, experience and qualifications, to S 385 Times.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.
Live-wire young man with department store experience; exceptional opportunity. Apply by mail or in person, Mdse. Office, THE GOERKE CO., NEWARK, N. J.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS, reliable, sober men who have made good; unusual edition; Metropolitan Building; commission basis. Room 1609A, World Building.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR — Experienced man for special department, high-class daily New York newspaper; state age, experience and salary. S 614 Times Downtown.

AGENT for taking orders of pictures painted from photographs; to be done in spare time; commission; write only. Cederstrom, 3 West 63d St.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, ledger clerk; good handwriting, accuracy and quickness essential; state age, education, religion and experience; salary to start $18. Y 2219 Times Annex.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANIC, competent, to take full charge of fleet of 25 trucks; one who has had experience and can furnish good city references. S 394 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR.
Daily has opening for man on ability proven by at least 2 years' experience selling advertising; knowledge of garment trade desirable; this is more than a mere "job" for the right man; this organization is young; the chances here are unlimited; for the present a satisfactory drawing, with large enough commission to enable a man to get into the "big earning" class; strong corporation; don't apply unless you have had the specified experience. Apply to Mr. Brown, Advertising Manager, 281 5th Av.

BANK—Experienced receiving teller; state age, qualifications and salary desired. S 389 Times.

BILLER, Elliott-Fisher bookkeeping machine, experienced, accurate; full particulars; references held confidential; salary wanted. Y 277 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.
Opportunity for ambitious, energetic accountant; Christian firm; apply by letter, state age, experience and salary.
KALT LUMBER COMPANY,
324 EAST 44TH ST.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT for sales office of large corporation; must be willing and neat worker; permanent position; advise experience and salary wanted. S 606 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, accustomed to lots of detail, able to take off trial balances; wanted for audit department of fire insurance company; write age, experience, salary. V 715 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, young man, in accounting department of large wholesale house; neat penman; rapid at figures; opportunity for advancement; state age and salary expected. V 712 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER — Competent, reliable bookkeeper and cashier wanted in law office; must understand control accounts; state age, experience and salary expected. B 715 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted with experience on accounts payable and general ledger accounts; state age, experience and salary expected. S 1032 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, wanted in hosiery and underwear house; answer by mail, giving references. Y 2229 Times Annex.

BOND MAN WANTED BY BOND AND MORTGAGE HOUSE; ONE FAMILIAR WITH ALL CLASSES OF BONDS AND CAPABLE OF HANDLING CORRESPONDENCE OF BOND DEPT.; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN. ADDRESS BONDS, V 733 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY wanted in office of large, old established downtown marine insurance company. Call 54 Stone St., 6th floor, after 9 A. M.

BOY wanted, wide awake, intelligent, to make himself generally useful; good prospects; give age and salary desired. F. W., Box 14, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

BOY for sales office of large corporation; must be neat and willing worker; chance for advancement; advise age and salary wanted. S 608 Times Downtown.

BOY, about 16, bright, honest, industrious, for office and errands; good opportunity. Apply 3d floor, 119 West 40th.

BOY in main office of corporation; in reply state age, experience and salary expected. W 986 Times Downtown.

BOY for wholesale silk house; one who is looking for a future. Pelgram & Meyer, 395 4th Av.

BOY; grammar school graduate, wanted in office of Anchor Silk Corp., 102 Madison Av., New York City.

BOY wanted, by wholesale silk house, to make himself generally useful. B 335 Times.

BOY, messenger, 16 to 18. First National Corporation, 14 Wall St.

BUYER for resident buyer's office to purchase hosiery, sweaters, underwear and boys' clothing; one thoroughly familiar with these lines; state age, experience and salary expected. A 481 Times.

CASHIER wanted in high-class retail store; salary $18 per week; address in own handwriting, giving age and experience; highest references required. V 731 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, good mechanic; Cadillac; state salary and references. W 997 Times Downtown.

CHIEF DRAFTSMAN wanted for established engineering office in connection with extensive construction program for sulphite mill development; give full detailed information with references first letter; single men preferred. Riordon Company Limited, Matawa, Ontario, Canada.

CLERK—First-class ex-Clearing House clerk wanted by Stock Exchange firm; must be good penman and correct calculator, also have experience as bookkeeper; state age, experience and salary expectations. Address L. X., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station.

CLERK—First class Clearing House clerk wanted by Stock Exchange firm; must be good penman; state age, experience and expectations. Address L. Y., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station.

CLERK, 21 to 31, used to handling telephone; financial institution; salary $100 per month; advancement on ability. Write, showing education and experience. S 615 Times Downtown.

CLERK for indorsement and cancellation work in insurance broker's office; must be experienced; state salary. W 936 Times Downtown.

CLERK, locker room; between 25 and 45; 4 P. M. to 12; bring references. Naval Y. M. C. A., 167 Lafayette St.

COLLECTION MANAGER
wanted by large group of magazines to handle collections by mail on large number of accounts; splendid opportunity for young executive who knows his business and is ready to take up a position outside of New York; salary to start $3,000. S 372 Times.

COLLECTOR for instalment accounts; must speak Yiddish; salary $25. Write Box 172, 200 Fitzgerald Bldg.

COPYWRITER wanted by large national advertiser; must be college graduate and have had experience along technical lines; give full particulars. K 164 Times.

COST ACCOUNTANT who has specialized in building construction work and who is familiar with methods of a large construction organization. Address, stating age, experience, salary expected. S 405 Times.

CREDIT MEN.

The credit department of a large downtown bank requires two young men who have had some business experience, credit work preferred; the position holds excellent future for the right man. Write, stating age, education, experience and salary expected, V. P., 742 Times Downtown.

DENTIST, gentleman; bridge worker; real ability at high prices associate; references. Y 2199 Times Annex.

ENGINEER-SUPERINTENDENT, licensed, operate a 10-story loft building; write stating salary required, references, experience and telephone number. Address C. F. N., P. O. Box 107, Times Square Station.

ESTIMATOR, solicitor for alterations; commission and salary; general contractor. L 210 Times.

EXECUTIVE WANTED.

We have an opening for a high-grade man to handle our eastern business in connection with a patented automobile accessory that is in demand by every car owner; the man we want must be in a position to establish an office and with sufficient knowledge of selling to be on the job himself and superintend salesmen and to promote sales through jobbers, retailers and department stores; applicant must be in a position to finance himself temporarily, and to such a man an offer will be given to connect himself with a strong Chicago institution where his earnings are unlimited; a member of our firm will be in New York within a few days to interview applicants. A 477 Times.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY
for 2 experienced stationery salesmen, by one of the leading jobbing houses in New York, to call on large corporations, banks, insurance and railroad companies; all communications treated strictly confidential; salary, commission, or both. Write full particulars to S 414 Times.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
WANTED BY A LARGE DOWNTOWN TRUST COMPANY, A CLERK FAMILIAR WITH RECORDS OF THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF EXCHANGE; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. S 617 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
WANTED BY A LARGE DOWNTOWN TRUST COMPANY, A JUNIOR CLERK FAMILIAR WITH DETAIL RECORDS OF COMMERCIAL LETTERS OF CREDIT AND DOCUMENTS; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. S 616 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GENTLEMAN who can rent small apartments in newly remodelled apartment building; excellent location on west side; salary $15 per week and commission. Apply stating experience. D. R., 60 Times.

HOUSEMAN, white, to wait on table; experienced; good references required. Apply 11 A. M., Room 404, 280 Madison Av.

INSURANCE AGENTS wanted, male or female, for New York and Pennsylvania; perfect policies and terms; service; experienced agents accommodated. Address M. O. Rini, Manager, 1,482 Broadway.

MAN—Gold pencil-case maker wanted for first-class manufacture gold and silver cases. Answer, stating age, past position and salary expected to start. W 982 Times Downtown.

MAN—Blue-print paper man wanted in charge of manufacture of blue-print paper; answer, stating age, past positions and salary expected to start. S 806 Times Downtown.

MAN, useful, part time, to do cleaning; vate house; personal reference requ Call Thursday, 9-11, 14 West 50th St.

MATHEMATICIAN and computer wa physicist preferred. Address by letter W. H. Meadowcroft, Orange, N. J.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER.
Man wanted to take full charge of heating department in typewriter comp must be an executive in every sense of the word, and experience is essential in duct and time-study work, for typewriter parts industries, together with full draf supervision of engineering routine; this an excellent opportunity for a high-c man. Address M. E., Box 66, Long Is City.

OFFICE BOY wanted in old establ banking house; splendid opportunity f boy about 16; other boys connected with house who have shown ability and wil good to work are now holding important tions. Address, giving age, personal ences and salary expected, Y. L., P. O. $77, City Hall Station, New York.

OFFICE BOY, 17 YEARS, ONE HAV EXPERIENCE; MUST COME WELL RECOMMENDED; GOOD SALARY. APPLY DEUTSCH BROS., 1,480 B'WAY, B'KLYN.

OFFICE BOYS, age 14 to 16; large d town concern; advancement. Address Box 825, City Hall Station, N. Y.

OFFICE MAN—Young man, 22-25, for al office work; one with textile stock stock record experience preferred; answ by letter only. Derryvale Linen Co., 23 22d St.

PORTER, experienced, and shipping c leaf tobacco; apply with references. Water St.

PRINTING SALESMAN.
Good position for a good man; a grade catalogue and color house; com sion or salary; all communications t confidentially, S 386 Times.

SALESMEN!
SALESMEN!
and more
SALESMEN!
Live wires wanted to sell disinf ant; good men can earn $25 and up, depe on initiative; drawing account against mission. Apply in person, Room 949, 5th Av.

SALESMEN—STUCK.
Strong local dirigetories; patent revolutio big industry contracts signed assure e tional dividends; hundreds direct live l guarantee receptive interview; phenor appeal; exceptional co-operation; men income; commission basis. 805, 220 5th Av. Ask for Mr. D.

SALESMAN, TRAVELING FROM DEN TO COAST, ACQUAINTED WITH NEEDLEWORK BUYERS, TO CARRY ATTRACTIVE LINE OF BEADS; COM SION BASIS; GOOD PROPOSITION RIGHT MAN. DRITZ-TRAUM CO., EAST 42D.

SALESMAN, Security—Strong local fi rate; financial institution; bonds; stocks leads; commissions only; unusual opp nity; permanent connection for depend ambitious man; salesman and the house attitude the team; idlers need not ap S 613 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, jobber; ladies' underwear; one who has experience, for the New England, York, Pennsylvania and Southern Stat handle a full line or side line of men's hats on commission basis. Call Saturday, Dec. 18, at 1 P. M., at 320 East 14th, New York City.

SALESMAN.
Representative handbag manufa wants experienced man for well estab territory in New York State, Pennsyl West Virginia and Ohio; commission substantial drawing account. Apply John Co., 7 East 17th.

SALESMAN—Nationally known firm opening for specialty men for Bro who with practically an overnight stud earn $25 to $25 a day; small priced se best seller; easy terms; drawing a against commissions. See Mr. Wilcox, 58, 7th floor, 4 Court Square.

SALESMEN—We want to get in touch several La Salle trained men for work of special line in foreign countr represent large corporation; ability to French, Spanish or German desirable not essential; age 30 to 40 years; s $4,000 to $5,000 and expenses. Call Cornelius, Manager, La Salle Pla Dept., Bryant 8920.

SALESMAN, man about 30 years of with real estate brokerage experien medium section with large real estate manage immediately; liberal drawing account and strict commission basis plication confidential. H. S. Beale 8th Av.

SALESMAN, resident, or selling agent represent manufacturer of men's and ladies' high-grade sweaters to the and department trade in New York commission basis. Gem Sweater Mill York Av., Philadelphia.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED IN AND INTERLOCKER LINE, TO CALL DEPARTMENT STORES AND JOBB DRAWING ACCOUNT, COMMIS STATE EXPERIENCE AND TERR COVERED. T 529 TIMES.

SALESMAN, securities, wanted, with to sell Dusenberg Automobile and Company, on commission, 8 per cent forfeit stock; exceptional sales record behind it. Dusenberg Automobile and Company, Inc., 5 Columbus Circle.

SALESMAN, commercial automobile manufacturers require services experienced salesman with established trade on built high grade product; also very plete line of stock bodies; excellent tunity; commission basis. S 399 Time

SALESMAN FOR SKIRTS.
We want a reliable man who has a following among the jobbers in New York State and Middle Western territ to handle a line of high grade skirts at p prices; commission. Write P. S. 49

SALESMEN Wanted—Experienced a bile and truck salesmen or inexpe young men with exceptional sales to sell Ford trucks, taxicabs and p cars on commission basis. 404 East 10

SALESMEN, experienced, vacuum cle with car preferred; sell sweeper cleaners in Brooklyn and Queens; lead plished; high commission. Phone Fl 5481.

SALESMEN to call with specialty nee every office and large institutions, o mission; experience unnecessary; be tween 10 and 12. Likmer Specialty Co 5 Beekman St., Room 527.

SALESMAN FOR TRIMMING.
We have a splendid opening for an experienced salesman in the braid and tr line; call upon the cloak, suit and dr trade; salary and commission. R. Times.

SALESMAN wanted to sell food to grocery and delicatessen trade; on men need apply; salary and commission basis. Call Vino Medical Co., 200 Houston St., City.

SALESMEN for one of the best lines of hair nets and braids in the various territory; commission basis; we have something interesting to offer to high-class men who may handle other non-conflicting notion lines. Slitroux Importing Co., 1,123 Broadway.

SALESMEN wanted; experience unnecessary; prospects furnished; can earn from $60 to $100 weekly; commission. Call between 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.; ask for Mr. Eggerott, 1 Beekman St., 5th floor.

SALESMAN, assistant, plugger, to cover New York City and suburban jobbing manufacturers selling hydrometers and thermometers; salaried position. Apply 10 to 11, Suite 1109, 185 Madison Av.

SALESMEN to sell automobile supplies in the Middle West; only those with previous experience need apply; state experience, salary and commission. S 402 Times.

SALESMEN, experienced

Army Orders and Assignments.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Infantry.

Hartl, Lt. Col. W. B., to 20th, Camp Dix.
Herrick, Maj. C. C., to 54th.
Cosgrove, Maj. J. J., Bedenger, Capt. A. G., Grant, Capt. G. H., Grantham, 1st Lt. B., hon. discharged.
DeCarr, 1st Lt. F., to 63d, Platteburg Bar.
Ferguson, 1st Lt. W. E., to War Dept. (Claims Bd., sup. Div., this city.
Heald, 1st Lt. T. J., to Camp Meade.
Greene, 1st Lt. J. F., to 1st, Camp Travis.

Quartermaster Corps.

Davis, Maj. C. W., to Ft. Sheridan as Asst. to 6th Corps Area Qm., relieving Lt. Col. G. E. Ball, who will proceed to and command Camp Holabird.
Edwards, Capt. L. M., to Ransom, W. Va.
Ingram, Capt. F. ed., Phelps, 1st Lt. M. hon. discharged.
Wagner, 1st Lt. R. J., to Camp Holabird.
Lieut. E. V. C., to Ft. Hill as Asst. Qm.
Rowbotham, 1st Lt. W. V. D., to Camp Holabird.
Canale, 1st Lt. G. D., to Brooklyn.

Medical Corps.

Jones, Maj. G. H., to Camp Sherman.
Ames, Maj. P. P., McNally, Maj. J. M.; Morse, Capt. A. G., Murray, Capt. M. Todd, Capt. M. H.; Harrod, 1st Lt. hon. discharged.

Ordnance Department.

Lieutenant Maj. W. K., to Ft. McPherson as Ord. Off., 4th Area.
Downing, Maj. W. F.; Torgerson, Maj. F.; Graff, Maj. S. D.; Phillips, Maj. E. W.; Wilson, 1st Lt. R. G., hon. discharged.
Taber, 1st Lt. T. H., to Travis.

Coast Artillery.

Saylor, Maj. H. B., to Augusta Arsl.
Clark, Capt. J. H., Hamilton, Capt. W. A., hon. discharged.

Cavalry.

Allen, Maj. T. DeLaM., report to Comdr. 6th Corps Area, for duty.
Miller, Capt. C. S., to 15th, Ft. Clark.

Field Artillery.

Jones, Maj. W. H. Jr., report to Comdg. 6th Corps Area, for duty.
Garrison, 1st Lt. W. M. B., to 5th, Camp Lewis.

Signal Corps.

Wood, Capt. C. R., to office Chief Sig. Off.
Van Deusen, Capt. W., to office of Sig. Officer, Camp Sheridan.

Miscellaneous.

Officer, Col. R. S., Fin. Dept., to Ft. Crook 7th Area, relieving Lt. Col. K. Cravens, Fin. Dept.
Ames, Lieut. Col. F. W., Engrs.; Hunt, Lt. Col. A. C. W., S. Johnson, Maj. J. P., U. S. A., Dorey, Maj. W. F., C. W. S., Kendal, Capt. W. M., U. S. A., and Waring, 1st Lt. W. E. Jr., U. S. A., hon. discharged.

Resignations.

Earl, 1st Lt. W. P., Q. M. C.
Lee, 1st Lt. W. M., C. A. C.

Leaves.

Capt. [illegible] W., Cav., 2 mo.
Jewell, Lt. Col. F. W., Inf., 10 days.
Cox, Maj. E. H., Cav., 15 days.
Shaw, Maj. J. T., F. A., 2 mos.
Lough, Maj. M. S., Inf., 1 mo.
Shuster, Maj. H. C., Vet. Corps, 15 days.
Noble, Maj. J. H., 2 mos.
Lyon, Maj. B. L., F. A., 2 mos.
Taylor, Col. F. E., Judge Adv. Gen's Dept., 30 days.
Taylor, Lt. Col. J. H., Inf., Res. Corps, 15 days.

The Civil Service.

State.

The commission will hold examinations on Jan. 15 for the following positions: Agent, Dir. of Farms and Markets, Dep. of Farms and Markets, $1,200 to $1,500; application, examiner, Motor Vehicle Bur., office of Secretary of State, $1,200 to $1,500; Hunter Inst., Buffalo, office secretary, $1,200 to $1,500; junior engineer, $1,600; operating room operator, $720 to $1,320; junior occupational therapist, $1,200 to $1,500 and maintenance; first assistant physician, Elmira Reformatory, $2,000; junior physician, Reformatories, $2,000; junior engineer, examiner of electrical cars and apparatus, 1st Dist., $2,700; junior engineer, Grade 7, $1,200 to $1,500; junior assistant (civil engineering) office of Transit Comr., $1,501 to $1,800; junior gas engineer, 1st Dist., $1,200 to $1,500; junior statistician, $1,201 to $1,500; junior stenographer and typist, State economy depts. and insts., $720 to $1,200; laboratory assistant in bacteriology (junior grade, State Dept. of Health, $900 to $1,020; junior assistant (civil engineering) office of Transit Comr., $1,501 to $1,800; junior engineer, Bur. of Works, $1,000; statistician, $1,200 to $1,500. Supervising [illegible] $1,500 to $1,800 [illegible] operator, [illegible] salaries $1,200 to $1,200. And [illegible] written examination for assistant director in Rehabilitation, State Dept. of [illegible], $6,000; assistant [illegible] engineer, State [illegible] assistant resident [illegible] tuberculosis hospitals, salaries vary; laborer, steam shovel and excavating machine operator, Bronx Parkway Commn., $2,400 to $3,000; general motion State insts., salaries vary, instructor domestic arts, State insts., salaries vary, Principal Keeper, State Prison Svce., $2,250; Superintendent of Grounds and Buildings, office of Health Officer, Port of N. Y., $1,400, and stenotype foreman, Comm. for the Blind, $1,500.

United States.

The commission announces for Jan. 22 examination for mimeograph operator, male or female, over 18 years of age, in the Federal service, New York City, at $800 to $1,200 a year. Appointees may be allowed for temporary increase provided by Congress of $20 a month. Competitors will be examined in spelling 30, arithmetic 10, letter writing 10, penmanship 10, copying from typewritten matter 30. Eligibles who have not reached their eighteenth birthday will be considered for employment while eligibles eighteen years of age or over are available for employment. Applications will be rejected in favor of those of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors and marines. Classified employees who have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years are entitled to retirement with an annuity.

U. S. SUPREME COURT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—In the Federal Supreme Court today A. S. H. Bristow of New York City was admitted to practice, and these proceedings were had:

No. 22 original—The State of Okla., compl't., v. the State of Texas—Argument continued.

No. 118—A. S. Cochran et al, &c., appits., v. the U. S.—Argument commenced for appits.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Dec. 16—Nos. 116, 118, 123, 125, 104, 130, 131, 132, 133 and 134.

SUMMONSES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York. ROYAL CARD & PAPER COMPANY, plaintiff, against DRESDNER BANK, defendant.

TO THE ABOVE NAMED DEFENDANT: YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the Plaintiff's ATTORNEYS, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment by default will be taken against you for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, December 15th, 1920.

SPIRO & ABRAMS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. Address, 135 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To DRESDNER BANK:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the District Court of the United States, for the Southern District of New York, dated December 15, 1920, and filed with the complaint in the office of the clerk of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Southern District of New York, at the Post Office Building, City, County and State of New York.

Dated, December 15, 1920.

SPIRO & ABRAMS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. Address, 135 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Henry Brady Sheriff's Auctioneer, sells this day, Thursday, Dec. 16, 1920, at 12:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at No. 138 Amsterdam Ave., resale for account of former purchaser (L. E. Sherwood), one Packard twin six automobile, Hollbrook body, 4 passenger. Bill amounting to $3,041, deposit $300. Terms of sale all cash. DAVID H. KNOTT, Sheriff.
CHARLES KRAMER, Deputy Sheriff.

STEAMSHIPS

CARIBBEAN LINE
FOR
KINGSTON,
Jamaica, CARTAGENA &
PUERTO COLOMBIA, Colombia
(Passenger and Freight Service)
American Steamship "CALDAS" Sails Dec. 18.
For Rates and Further Information Apply to
CARIBBEAN STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd.
8-10 Bridge St. Tel. Bowling Green 10004.

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN LINE
Denmark-Norway-Sweden.
Passenger Office, 1 Broadway, N. Y.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The storm over the region of the Great Lakes has remained almost stationary during the past twenty-four hours, and southwest and west gales have continued as far south as the Ohio and Lower Missouri valleys. Light snow and rain have fallen in the North Atlantic States, the region of the Great Lakes and the Ohio and Upper Mississippi valleys. In all other regions the weather was fair Wednesday.

The temperature has fallen somewhat in the Eastern and Southern States, and it has risen in the Northern Rocky Mountain region. Abnormally cold weather continues in the plateau and portions of the adjacent States.

The outlook is for snow flurries in the region of the Great Lakes, the Upper Ohio valley and the northern portions of New York and Northern New England Thursday and probably Friday, and fair weather elsewhere east of the Mississippi River. There will be no material change in temperatures.

The display of storm warnings on the Great Lakes was discontinued for the season at the termination of Dec. 15.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND FRIDAY.

New Jersey—Cloudy Thursday and probably Friday; not much change in temperature; fresh southwest winds.

Western New York—Snow flurries Thursday and probably Friday; little change in temperature, strong southwest and west winds, diminishing Friday.

Northern New England—Cloudy Thursday and Friday, probably snow flurries in northern portions of Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont; colder Friday; fresh southwest and west winds.

Southern New England—Cloudy Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature; fresh to strong southwest and west winds.

Eastern New York—Cloudy Thursday and Friday, with snow flurries in northern and central portions; not much change in temperature; fresh to strong southwest and west winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	42	21	4 P. M.	38	26
6 A. M.	41	19	6 P. M.	36	24
9 A. M.	42	20	9 P. M.	38	19
22 M.	44	24	11 P. M.	36	17

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 40; for the corresponding date last year it was 22; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 34.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 38; at 8 P. M. it was 38. Maximum temperature, 45 degrees at 1 P. M.; minimum, 36 degrees at 3:30 P. M. Humidity, 87 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 53 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.34 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.09 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
12:05—942 2 Av.; James Curry	Slight
1:27—2,537 Webster Av.; Novelty Silk & Woolen Co.	Slight
4:35—186 E. Houston St.	Not given
9:45—483 West End Av.	Not given
11:17—229 E. 88 St.; G. Vallelch	Not given
P. M.	
1:00—823 8 Av. car barns (trolley); New York Railways Co.	Slight
2:27—580 E. 140 St. (rubbish)	Slight
5:30—1,182 Broadway; Bernback Bros.	Not given
4:46—537 E. 101 St.; Wolf Blick	Slight
5:15—Front of 153 10 Av. (auto); Howard Trucking Co.	Not given
5:50—223 E. 66 St.; Fannie Horowitz	Not given
6:37—Front of 135 W. 42 St.	Not given
7:15—Christopher & Greene Sts. (taxi); John Ruth	Slight
8:15—8 Park Row (rubbish)	Not given
8:20—120 E. 60 St.; E. Bicker	Not given
8:34—150-154 W. 22 St.; L. Guross	Not given
10:25—1,013 Simpson St.; D. Klanowsky	Not given

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Clifford, Comdr. A. B.; Strine, Comdr. H. F.; Trible, Comdr. G. B.; Blaisdell, Lt. Comdr. H. W.; Sutton, Lt. Comdr. L. G., to the Relief and on board when commissioned.

Swasey, Comdr. G. T. to the Kennedy.

Crowell, Lt. Comdr. F., to the Vestal.

Tisdale, Lt. Comdr. M. S., to Div. Radio Offr., Battleship Div. No. 6, Pac. Flt.

McCauley, Lt. Comdr. C., to the New Orleans as Exec. Offr.

Andrews, Lt. E. W., to the sacramento as Engr. Off.

Erwin, Lt. M. C., to duty in elec. school, on receiving ship at Mare Is.

Havill, Lt. C. H., to duty in charge fleet balloon div. Nav. Air Sta., Hampton Rds.

Stumb, Lt. F. D., to Nav. Air Sta., Hampton Rds.

Webb, Lt. L. D., to command the R-17.

C P O S

CANADIAN PACIFIC — STEAMSHIPS

TO EUROPE

ST. JOHN—LIVERPOOL

Dec. 24 Jan. 28 Mar. 4.....Victorian
Dec. 30 Mar. 25 Apr. 22.....Emp. France
Jan. 6 Feb. 8 Mar. 19.....Metagama
Jan. 14 Feb. 11.....Emp. Britain
Jan. 22 Feb. 26 Apr. 2.....Minnedosa
Feb. 19 Mar. 23.....Melita

ST. JOHN—GLASGOW

Jan. 7 Feb. 18 Apr. 1.....Pretorian
Jan. 23 Apr. 15.....Sicilian

ST. JOHN—LONDON—HAVRE

Jan. 4 Feb. 12 Mar. 26.....Grampian
Apr. 28.....Tunisian

ST. JOHN—SOUTHAMPTON—ANTWERP

Dec. 21.....Scotian
Jan. 8.....Sicilian
Jan. 19 Feb. 27 Apr. 5.....Scandinavian
Jan. 29 Mar. 12 Apr. 19.....Corsican
*From St. John, N. B.

For all information apply to
1231 Broadway, New York City
Phone Longacre 4110

Direct Sailings for

PIRAEUS

By the following steamers of
THE GREEK LINE

S. S. THEMISTOCLES..Dec. 20
S. S. PATRIS.....Dec. 31
S.S.KING ALEXANDER.Jan. 13
(Ex. S. S. Cleveland of Hamburg-Am. Line)
S. S. MEGALI HELLAS.Jan. 21

N. GALANOS & COMPANY
29 Pearl St. Phone Bowling Green 9668.

ITALIAN LINES

NGI NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
TRANSOCEANICA

LA VELOCE
NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA
ALSO THROUGH RATES TO
TRIESTE, LEVANT, PALESTINE, SYRIA
AND BLACK SEA PORTS

F. PALASCIANO.....Dec. 21
**DUCA D'AOSTA.....Dec. 31
*AMERICA.....Jan. 11
F. PALASCIANO.....Feb. 12
**DUCA D'AOSTA.....Feb. 18
**From Philadelphia day previous.
*To Naples, Levant and Black Sea.
By New Large Twin-screw Steamers.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION APPLY
ITALIA-AMERICA, INC.,
1 State St., N. Y. Phone Bowling Green 9400
203 So. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

EGYPT-INDIA

AMERICAN & INDIAN LINE

NEW YORK direct to
PORT SAID, KARACHI, BOMBAY, COLOMBO, CALCUTTA
S. S. CITY OF BENARES, DEC. 30
S.S. CITY OF MARSEILLES, JAN. 15
10,000 Ton Twin Screw Steamer.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS
First and second class only.
For rates of passage, etc., apply to
NORTON LILLY & CO.
28 Beaver St., New York City
GEN. AGTS. FOR ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO. LTD.

SOUTH PERNAMBUCO BAHIA RIO DE JANEIRO SANTOS MONTEVIDEO & BUENOS AIRES
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE

Frequent sailings from New York by modern fast and luxuriously appointed passenger steamers.
For rates, etc., apply company's office.
42 Broadway, New York.

AMERICA

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	Rises. A. M.	Sets. P. M.
High water	11:36	11:52	11:15		1:11	1:24	7:35	4:39
Low water	5:06	5:22	5:30	6:27	7:30	7:47		

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Fernando Palasciano	Gibraltar	Dec. 3
Honolulu Maru	Colon	Dec. 6
Belvedere	Gibraltar	Nov. 24
Teca	S'to Domingo	Dec. 8
Clare	San Juan	Dec. 7
Soesilja	Rotterdam	Nov. 22
Wheaton	Bordeaux	Nov. 30
Santa Luisa	Colon	Dec. 8
Tajiaba	Christiania	Nov. 22
Joseph Keep	Rotterdam	Nov. 30
Themistocles	Piraeus	Nov. 23
H. R. Mallory	Vigo	Dec. 4
Chenapa	Marseilles	Nov. 24
Moux	Havana	Dec. 10
Edista	St. Thomas	Dec. 7
Munamar	Antilla	Dec. 10
Marengo	Hull	Nov. 27
Bradefield	Leghorn	Nov. 23

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Langdon Hall	Oran	Nov. 23
Rotsenthal	Havre	Dec. 3
Jomar	Piraeus	Nov. 27
Montana	London	Dec. 9
Braileigh	Leghorn	Nov. 26
Heffren	Trieste	Nov. 25
Fort Victoria	Bermuda	Dec. 14
Giuseppi Verdi	Palermo	Dec. 4
Santa Marta	Colon	Dec. 2
Madonna	Naples	Dec. 4
Eastern City	Leghorn	Dec. 1
Maracaibo	Curacao	Dec. 1

DUE TOMORROW.

Touraine	Havre	Dec. 7
Maracaibo	Curacao	Dec. 1
Kansas	Hamburg	Nov. 28

DUE SATURDAY.

Leopoldina	Havre	Dec. 7
Re d'Italia	Naples	Dec. 2
Caroline	Bordeaux	Dec. 8
West Grama	Bizerta	Nov. 25

DUE TODAY.

Norwich City	Barry	Nov. 28
Orient City	Barry	Nov. 28
Buenos Aires	Cadiz	Dec. 8
Rinlouski	Liverpool	Dec. 1

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For.
Mongolia, Hamburg	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Germany, Austria.
Oscar II., Copenhagen	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Denmark, Norway.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Hydaspes, B'nos Aires	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Argentina, Uruguay.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Zeeland, Southampton	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	France, England, Belgian Congo.
K. Aug. Victoria, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Great Britain, Europe.
Gdansk, Danzig	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Poland.
Canada, Varna	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Bulgaria, Rumania.
Asia, Piraeus	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Gibraltar, Greece.
American, Hamburg	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Germany, Austria.
Ft. Victoria, Bermuda	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Caldas, Kingston	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Central America.
Ulua, Colon	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Cuba, Costa Rica.
Roswell, Buenos Aires	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Argentina, Uruguay.
Virgil, Para	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	North Brazil, Iquitos.
Mexico, Havana	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Nassau, Mexico.
Mohawk, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Porto Rico.
Algonquin, Turks Isl'd	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Santo Domingo.
St. Michael, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	North Brazil.
Gen. Goethals, Haiti	12:00 M.	4:00 P.M.	Canal Zone, Central America.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Fort Denison, Australia	Dec. 16	12:00 M.
West Itarian, Greece	Dec. 16	12:00 M.
Waukau, Barcelona	Dec. 16	10:00 A.M.
Roswell, Buenos Aires	Dec. 16	11:00 A.M.
Riverside Bridge, Varna	Dec. 16	12:00 M.
Ohioan, San Francisco	Dec. 16	16:00 A.M.
Clan Macintyre, Java	Dec. 16	12:00 M.
Penkhal, Batavia	Dec. 16	11:00 A.M.
Calcutta Maru, Kobe	Dec. 16	12:00 M.
Suwa Maru, Manila	Dec. 16	10:00 A.M.
Bristol City, Bristol	Dec. 16	13:00 M.

By Wireless.

SS Giuseppi Verdi, incoming from Genoa, was signaled; due late Dec. 16 or early 17th. Transatlantica Italiana.

SS Carmania, incoming from Liverpool, via Halifax, was signaled; due Dec. 21, afternoon. Cunard Line.

SS Imperator, incoming from Southampton, was signaled; due Dec. 19, forenoon. Cunard Line.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At.	Date.
Frederik VIII	Copenhagen	Dec. 15
Ebro	Molendo	Dec. 12
Santa Ana	Callao	Dec. 13
Taurus	Rio Janeiro	Dec. 12

SAILED.

Steamer.	From	Date.
Holmegrea	Gibraltar	Dec. 13
Agwidale	St. Nazaire	Dec. 9
Braga	Marseilles	Dec. 10
Cannonier	St. Michaels	Dec. 13
Waterbury	Immingham	Dec. 13
Santa Teresa	Valparaiso	Dec. 10
Bramley Point	Oporto	Dec. 7
Westgrove	Manchester	Dec. 14
Vauban	La Plata	Dec. 13

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M. as follows:

New Zealand, via San Francisco	Waitemata	Dec. 17
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Wilhelmina	Dec. 17
Japan, Korea and China. (Specially addressed only) via Seattle	Eldridge	Dec. 18
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, French Indochina and Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra), via San Francisco	Nile	Dec. 19
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Lurline	Dec. 20
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, French Indochina and Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra), and Philippine Islands via Seattle	Ixion	Dec. 22
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand, via San Francisco	Ventura	Dec. 23

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Patten announces that mails of the following dates—Melbourne, Oct. 25; Sydney, Oct. 28; Wellington, Nov. 8, and Auckland, Nov. 8—which arrived per steamer Canadian Importer, were dispatched east from Seattle on Dec. 12, and mails dated Mukden, Nov. 20, and Yokohama, Nov. 26, which arrived per steamer Hawaii, were dispatched east from Seattle on Dec. 12. These mails are due in New York tomorrow.

CUNARD-ANCHOR

The value of frequent personal contact in business is incontestable. Now is an excellent time for a business trip to Europe. Travel on one of our steamers. Accommodations, general appointments and cuisine are unexcelled.

Passenger and Freight Services from New York.

K. A. VICTORIA	Liverpool	Dec. 18	Jan. 15 Feb. 10
IMPERATOR	Cherbourg and Southampton	Dec. 23	Jan. 20 Feb. 10
CARMANIA	Liverpool	Dec. 28	Jan. 22 Feb. 19
CALABRIA	Gibraltar, Naples, Patras, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Dec. 28	— —
VAUBAN	Liverpool	Jan. 4	— —
CARONIA	Mediterranean Cruise	Jan. 15	— —
COLUMBIA	Londonderry and Glasgow	Jan. 15	Feb. 19 Mar. 26
SAXONIA	Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg	Jan. 18	Mar. 1 Apr. 12
PANNONIA	Piraeus, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Jan. 22	— —
AQUITANIA	Cherbourg and Southampton	Jan. 25	Feb. 22 Mar. 22
ALBANIA (New)	Plymouth, Cherbourg and London	Feb. 1	Mar. 15 Apr. 19
SCYTHIA (New)	Liverpool	Mar. 5	Apr. 2 Apr. 23
CAMBRONIA (New)	Londonderry and Glasgow	Mar. 5	Apr. 6 May 4
MAURETANIA	Cherbourg and Southampton	Mar. 10	Apr. 7 May 12

List of Later Sailings on Request

THE R.M.S. "CARONIA" will sail on January 15th for a seven weeks' cruise to the MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT and the NILE

The most tempting opportunity to make this trip—a CUNARD LINER, CUNARD CUISINE, CUNARD SERVICE and an itinerary planned with only one aim—that of the passengers' enjoyment and comfort.

OFFICES: 21-24 State Street, New York



PORTO RICO

ALL-EXPENSE CRUISE
$180 AND UP

No lovelier spot for a winter's outing than this Island of Enchantment. Rates cover all necessary expenses of meals and stateroom accommodations for the entire trip to and around the island and return to New York. Sailings from New York Wednesdays and Saturdays for 16 and 20 day cruises respectively.

PORTO RICO LINE
11 Broadway, New York

SWEDISH AMERICAN LINE

Short Route to Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Finland, Russia, Germany, &c.
Direct to
GOTHENBURG—SWEDEN
LARGE MODERN STEAMERS
S. S. DROTTNINGHOLM..Dec. 30 Feb. 10
S. S. STOCKHOLM.....Jan. 22 Mar. 10
Superior Accommodations, 1st, 2d & 3d Classes.
Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

Australia

OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO.

Fast U. S. mail s. Sonoma, Ventura, 10,400 tons. Lloyds. All register. Delightful service. Sydney short time—Samoa, Honolulu. Quickest passage. Lowest Rates. Pacific Tours, $525, 1st Class. Ventura sails Dec. 28. Sonoma, Jan. 25.
R. E. Burnett, 17 Battery Pl., N. Y.
Oceanic Bldg., 2 Pine St., San Francisco, Cal.

NORWEGIAN-AMERICAN LINE
NORWAY—SWEDEN—DENMARK
Passenger Office 8-10 Bridge St., N. Y.



U.S. MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY Inc.
100% American
100% Service

NEW YORK to QUEENSTOWN (Westbound) —BOULOGNE—LONDON
First Class Only

Sailings:
PANHANDLE STATE.....Jan. 1 Feb. 5
OLD NORTH STATE.....Jan. 15, Feb. 19

NEW YORK to BREMEN and DANZIG direct
S. S. SUSQUEHANNA
Cabin and Third Class Only
Sailing Dec. 30
Passenger Dept., 45 Broadway, N.Y. Phone 1200 Whitehall
Freight Dept....120 Broadway, N.Y. Phone 6300 Rector.



FRENCH LINE

Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service

NEW YORK—HAVRE—PARIS

LA TOURAINE	Dec. 31	Jan. 15	Mar. 13
LA SAVOIE	Dec. 23	Jan. 29	Feb. 26
LEOPOLDINA	Dec. 28	Feb. 16	— —
BOCHAMBEAU	Jan. 4	Mar. 3	Apr. 13
LA LORRAINE	Jan. 6	Feb. 5	Apr. 3
FRANCE	Jan. 20	Feb. 17	Mar. 17
CHICAGO	Feb. 18	Mar. 19	Apr. 26

NEW YORK—BORDEAUX

CAROLINE	Dec. 29		

HAMBURG DIRECT

NIAGARA	Jan. 5		

COMPANY'S OFFICE, 19 STATE ST., N. Y.

Transatlantic Italiana

Largest and Fastest Steamers of the Italian Mercantile Marine
Direct Passenger Service Between NEW YORK—GENOA—NAPLES.
Giuseppe Verdi Sailing from NEW YORK Dec. 28
Dante Alighieri.....Jan. 29
For Cabin, $250 up; 2d Class, $160 up.
McDONNELL & TSUDA, General Agents, 5 State Street, New York.

WHITE STAR LINE

Frequent Sailings

BALTIC.....12 Noon Dec. 24 to Liverpool
OLYMPIC...1 P.M. Dec. 29 to Cherbourg and Southampton

NEW YORK—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON

New York—Liverpool				New York—Cherbourg—Southampton			
Baltic	12 Noon Dec. 24	—	—	Olympic	1 P. M. Dec. 29	Mar. 9	Apr. 20
Celtic	12 Noon Jan. 15	Feb. 26	Apr. 2	Adriatic	12 Noon Jan. 19	Feb. 16	Mar. 16
Vedic	12 Noon Jan. 26	—	—	New York via Boston—Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa			
Cedric	12 Noon	—	Feb. 5 Mar. 12	Cretic	3 P. M. Dec. 2	Feb. 19	
				Regina	3 P. M. Jan. 5	Mar. 1	

AMERICAN LINE

New York—Cherbourg—Southampton
(COMMENCING DEC. 31, N. Y., Plymouth and Cherbourg.)

*Zeeland	12 Noon Dec. 18	Jan. 22	Feb. 26
*Kroonland	12 Noon Dec. 31	Feb. 5	Mar. 12
*Lapland	12 Noon Jan. 8	Feb. 12	Mar. 19
*Finland	12 Noon Jan. 15	Feb. 19	Mar. 26

*Red Star Line Steamers en route Antwerp.

New York—Hamburg Direct Service

MONGOLIA	12 Noon Dec. 16	Jan. 27	Mar. 10
MANCHURIA	12 Noon Jan. 1	Feb. 24	

RED STAR LINE

New York—Cherbourg—Southampton—Antwerp
(COMMENCING DEC. 31, N. Y., Plymouth, Cherbourg and Antwerp.)

Zeeland	12 Noon Dec. 18	Jan. 22	Feb. 26
Kroonland	12 Noon Dec. 31	Feb. 5	Mar. 12
Lapland	12 Noon Jan. 8	Feb. 12	Mar. 19
Finland	12 Noon Jan. 15	Feb. 19	Mar. 26

New York—Danzig—via Hamburg
Third Class Passengers Only

Cathland	12 Noon Jan. 1	Feb. 26	

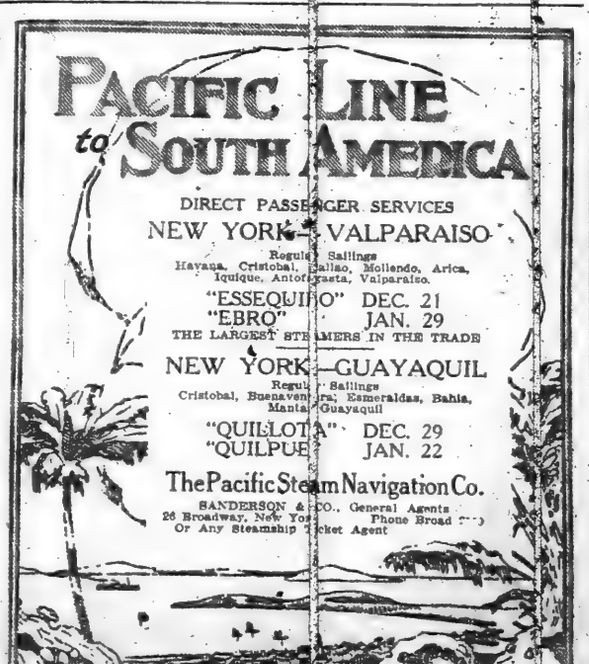
IDEAL WINTER CRUISES

January—February—March—1921
West Indies—Panama Canal—South America

WHITE STAR LINE S. S. "MEGANTIC"
20,740 Tons—Largest Steamer to Tropics
25-26 Days Specially Selected Ports of Call
Including Barbados—Cuba—Dominica—Grenada—Jamaica—Martinique—Panama Canal—Porto Rico—Trinidad—Venezuela—Virgin Islands, etc.
$400—UPWARDS—$400
International Mercantile Marine Company
8 Offices, 9 Broadway, New York. Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, 62 North River.
Telephone Bowling Green 8300.

PACIFIC LINE to SOUTH AMERICA

DIRECT PASSENGER SERVICES
NEW YORK—VALPARAISO
Regular Sailings
Havana, Cristobal, Callao, Mollendo, Arica, Iquique, Antofagasta, Valparaiso.
"ESSEQUIBO" DEC. 21
"EBRO" JAN. 29
THE LARGEST STEAMERS IN THE TRADE
NEW YORK—GUAYAQUIL
Regular Sailings
Cristobal, Buenaventura, Esmeraldas, Bahia, Manta, Guayaquil
"QUILLOTA" DEC. 29
"QUILPUE" JAN. 22
The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
SANDERSON & CO., General Agents
26 Broadway, New York. Phone Broad 5460
Or Any Steamship Ticket Agent



Europe's Warmest and Most Attractive Winter and Spring Resorts 'twixt the Glorious Alps and the Blue Sea.

Carnival at NICE
CASINOS
EXCURSIONS
POLO
TENNIS
GOLF
MONTE CARLO
MONACO
MENTONE
Hotels of the Highest Order

at Nice and on the wonderful links of Mont Agel, above MONTE CARLO; famous for its Classic Concerts, Grand Opera, and Theatres, with great Artists, the Sporting Club, Beaux Arts, and complete Hydrotherapic Establishment.
RIVIERA TRAINS DE LUXE from HAVRE, CALAIS, PARIS, BORDEAUX and MARSEILLES.
Booklets of full information from the
DORLAND BUREAU, 9 East 40th Street, NEW YORK.
or London Office, 16 Regent Street, S. W. 1.

SPANISH PORTS

Vigo—Coruna—Santander
Gijon—Bilbao
S. S. BLACK ARROW
Sails from Pier 13, East River,
Dec. 18th
Big, modern steamer; every facility and convenience. Choice first cabin accommodations.
Also Emigrant Passengers
For Reservations Apply to Authorized Ticket Agencies or GENERAL OFFICES
Foot of Wall Street New York

WARD LINE

PANAMA CANAL PERU and CHILE

S. S. Santa Luisa	Dec. 29
S. S. Santa Teresa	Jan. 12
S. S. Santa Ana	Jan. 26
S. S. Santa Elisa	Feb. 9

Calling at Cristobal, Callao, Arica, Iquique, Antofagasta and Valparaiso.

GRACE LINE
W. R. GRACE & CO., Agents.
Hanover Sq., N. Y., or Local Agent

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE

NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
Via Plymouth and Boulogne-Sur-Mer

N. AMSTDAM	Noon Dec. 28	Feb. 19	Mar. 26
RYNDAM	Noon Jan. 8	Feb. 12	Mar. 19
ROTTERDAM	Noon Jan. 25	Mar. 1	Apr. 9
NOORDAM	Noon Apr. 2	May 7	

General Passenger Office, 24 State St.,



Sloan's Liniment Paints away

relieves the aches that follow exposure

SUDDEN changes of weather or exposure to cold and wet, start rheumatic twinges and make your "bones ache." Sloan's Liniment brings warmth, comfort and relief to lame back, stiff joints, sprains, strains, soreness. *Penetrates without rubbing.* All druggists—35c, 70c, $1.40.

SEEKS TO PERPETUATE FAMILY NAME BY WILL

Eliza M. Abbe Leaves the Mahlon C. Martin Homestead to a Mahlon C. Martin.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Dec. 15.—Provisions that a large farm at Elliott, N. Y., known as "Bittersweet, the Mahlon C. Martin Homestead," is, if possible, to go to a Mahlon C. Martin, that the name must be kept permanently above the three entrances to the place, and the names of all roads and lanes on the homestead be retained as at present, are contained in the will of Eliza M. Abbe, probated today by Surrogate D. W. Clayton.

The farm is left to a nephew, Mahlon C. Martin, for life, and on his death, if he leaves a son of that name it will go to the latter, otherwise it will go to another nephew, Miles R. Martin, for life, and then to his son, if named Mahlon C. Martin, otherwise to go per-Martin.

The will also provides that the springs must be kept clear of polution and that no live creature is to be sold, given or loaned from the place, but must first be killed, and that no trees are to be destroyed by human agency.

All securities and evidences of debt in the name of the testatrix or, of Maria R. Martin or in their joint names are held as tenants in common, the will provides, and only the one-half interest of the testatrix is affected by the will.

Mahlon C. Martin, Miles R. Martin, Emma M. Meier and the 125th Street Garage Corporation of New York are released from all debts to the testatrix, and the balance of the estate is left to a sister, Maria R. Martin, for life. The sister died some time before the testatrix, however.

Miles R. Martin, a nephew, Belle M. Van Auken and Emma M. Meiser, nieces, receive legacies of $25,000 each, and Johnson Martin, another nephew, gets $20,000.

The residue of the estate, including "Shadycliff," on College Avenue, this city, is left to Mahlon C. Martin, a nephew, and he is required to pay all inheritance and other taxes from his share.

Mahlon C. Martin and Johnson Martin are named as executors and are required to serve without compensation. The will is dated March 3, 1917, and is witnessed by Dewitt V. D. Reilly and Rudolph Bucke.

THE MORRIS PLAN

$497.20 for You

SAVE

$5 a week for 95 weeks

The Morris Plan Way

You Save $475.00
You Receive $497.20

Interest starts at once at 5% on every dollar you save with us. Your money is withdrawable at any time under reasonable regulations.

If you invest $100, or more for yearly periods in our Morris Plan Trust Notes you receive 6% interest.

CALL TODAY OR SEND YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS TO

The Morris Plan Co. of New York

Resources over $8,000,000 Under Supervision of N.Y. State Banking Department

Main Office, 261 Broadway (Directly opposite City Hall) — Union Sq. Branch, 1 Union Square — Bronx Branch, 391 East 149th Street — Brooklyn Branch, 16 Court Street (Opposite Supreme Court)

Monroe Jr. Clothes

SALE STARTS TODAY AT 8:30 A. M.

Mothers!

SALE STARTS TODAY AT 8:30 A. M.

A SENSATIONAL BOYS' CLOTHING PURCHASE MAKES POSSIBLE THIS HISTORY-MAKING SALE

The entire stock of America's most widely known, NATIONALLY ADVERTISED LINE OF BOYS' CLOTHING (we agreed not to publish the brand, but the original labels are on garments) has been taken over by us, to be disposed of in addition to our regular stock of Monroe Junior Clothes.

We need only tell you that these Clothes sold at WHOLESALE from $13.50 to $27, and retailed at from $18.50 to $40, and will be sold by us in our UPSTAIRS MONROE CLOTHES SHOPS in TWO GROUPS at a price that will astonish the entire country. Values so great they would appear exaggerated if the *original price tickets* put on by the *makers* were not here for you to see.

Come and see the amazing values this Sale provides—See the SILK LINED OVERCOATS—See the splendid ALL WOOL TWO-PANTS SUITS—and then select the garments for your Boys' needs—in any size—in any combination—at LESS for TWO good garments than you will pay elsewhere for one. Sizes 8 to 18.

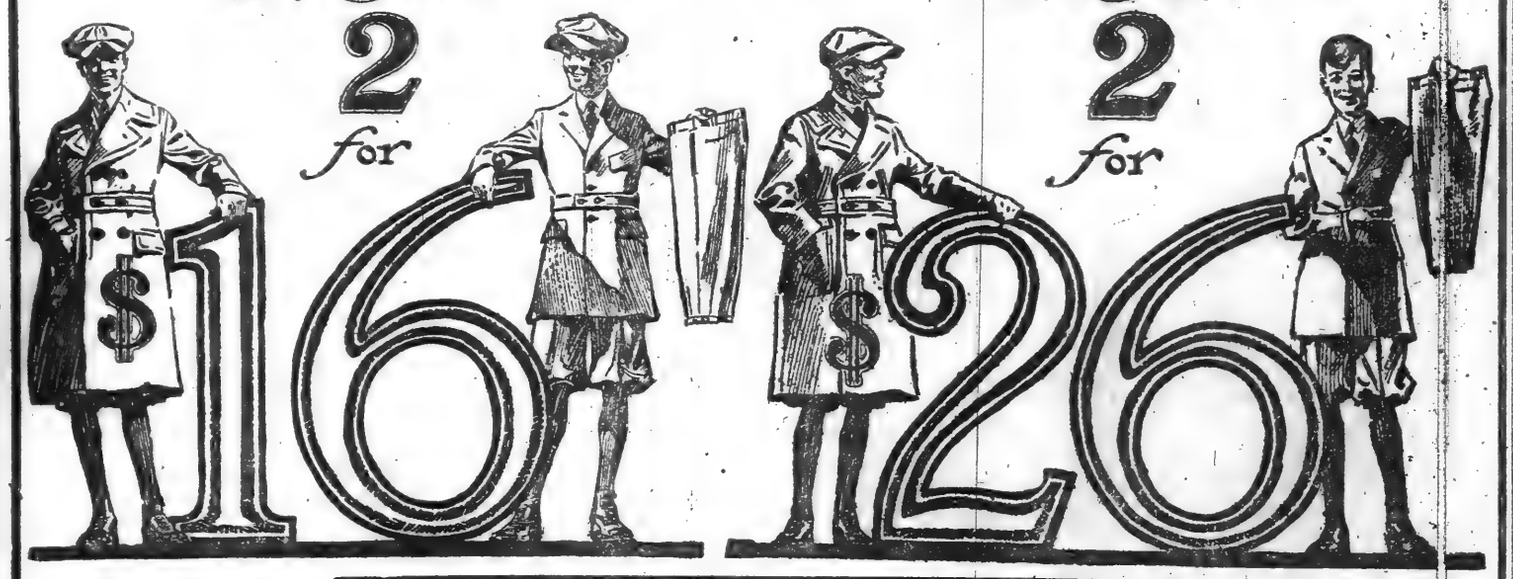
BOYS' TWO-PANTS SUITS
BOYS' ALL-WOOL MACKINAWS
BOYS' ALL-WOOL OVERCOATS
That Wholesaled at $13.50, $15 and $17.50
and Retailed at
$18.50—$22 and $24.75
(Makers' original price tags on garments)

BOYS' TWO-PANTS SUITS
BOYS' ALL-WOOL OVERCOATS
"THE FINEST IN AMERICA"
That Wholesaled at $22.50, $25 and $27
and Retailed at
$28.75—$30.75—$34.75—$40
(Makers' original price tags on garments)

NOW 2 for $16.00

SIZES 8 to 18

NOW 2 for $26.00





JUVENILE NOVELTY SUITS
$10, $12.50 and $15
Blue Serges, Browns, Greys, Greens, Heathers, Beautiful Mixtures and soft Corduroys, in Sailor, Russian and others of the best styles.

CHOICE OF THE HOUSE **$5.00** (Sizes 3 to 8)

This is the *Greatest Sale* of the *Most Satisfactory Values* ever offered ANYWHERE—ANY TIME.

Come Up and Get Your Boys' Xmas Clothes. *TWO* Suits, or Suit and Overcoat, or any *TWO* Garments in Any Sizes—*NOW BOTH FOR LESS* Than You Would Elsewhere Pay for *ONE.*

Only Two Garments To a Customer AND NONE TO DEALERS!

REMEMBER, ALL MONROE SHOPS ARE UPSTAIRS!

MANHATTAN

42nd Street, cor. Broadway
50 E. 42nd St., cor. Madison
Nassau Street, cor. Frankfort
5 Cortlandt Street, cor. B'dway
14th St., opp. Academy of Music
34th Street, cor. Broadway
46th Street, cor. Broadway
59th Street at Columbus Circle
125th Street, cor. 7th Avenue
181st St., cor. St. Nicholas Ave.



Bergen Ave., at 149th Street
413 Fulton Street, Brooklyn
587 Fulton St., at Flatbush Av.
NEWARK—151 Market Street
JERSEY CITY—Newark Ave. and Bay
PATERSON—220 Main Street
YONKERS—Getty Square
ALBANY, N. Y.—Cor. North Pearl and State Sts.
SCRANTON—308 Lackawanna Avenue
BALTIMORE—Cor. Light and Baltimore Sts.

For Dad —or "Him"

Men are funny ducks. They derive almost as much pleasure in telling you they don't want anything for Christmas as they do in receiving something. But it's empty pleasure when you take them at their word.

Neckwear—
He'd be tickled to death with one or two extravagantly luxurious scarfs that he won't "afford" to buy for himself. Beauties reduced to 55c, 85c, $1.35, $1.85, $2.65.

Travelo Jackets
Does he golf or motor? If so, a knitted Travelo vest or sweater Jacket is just the thing for him. Vests, $7.50; Sweaters, $10.50 and $12.

Smoking Jackets—
He is too "broke" buying presents for other folks to afford such an "outrageous" extravagance for himself. But, he wants one and you can get him one at $10.50, $12.50, $15 up.

Jewelry—
Scarf pins, cuff links, dress shirt sets, and all the et ceteras a man needs. No end of attractive possibilities from $1 to $65.

Silk Hats—
Faultless in every detail of style and make as becomes a Wallach Hat, $10 and $12.

Handkerchiefs—
You know he never has too many, so a dozen or half that many would be just fine. Special values at 6 for $1.50, and up.

Suits—
Does he need one? You know he does. Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes would make a wonderful present. Reduced prices, $35 to $65.

Gloves—
Always acceptable, especially if they are our Fownes or Wallach makes. $2.45 to $6.50.

Umbrellas—
A good ideal. Most likely he doesn't know who has his last one, $1.95 to $25.

Belts—
Probably his present one is a disgrace, so how about a new real leather belt with a silver buckle? Reduced to $3.95.

Canes—
He'd like one—and will compliment your taste if you select it here, $3 to $25.

Shirts—
An Empire "Loomcraft" Silk Shirt, custom tailored, would make him feel like an heir. All you need is his size. Special at $7.85.

Mufflers—
Any Wallach variety of knitted silk or fleecy wool will warm his heart toward you. Silk, $4.95 to $12.95; wool, $2.25 to $6.

Wallach Gift Certificates in amounts of your own choosing are also a very satisfactory way of wishing any man a Merry Christmas. Then he selects what he wants.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

The Biggest Boys' Clothing Opportunity in many, many years

948

Hart Schaffner & Marx Boys' Suits and Overcoats

$10.50

39 Overcoats were $30.00
42 Overcoats were $25.00
139 Overcoats were $23.50
97 Overcoats were $22.50

96 Suits were $30.00
302 Suits were $25.00
119 Suits were $20.00
114 Suits were $18.00

(Sizes: 8 to 19)

We can't buy these wonderful Hart Schaffner & Marx Boys' Suits and Overcoats for anything like $10.50; Hart Schaffner & Marx can't produce them for so little; but we offer them to you for $10.50 as new evidence of our sincere desire to lower the prices of good clothes.

All Wallach Stores open at 8:30 A. M. Come early to enjoy the widest selection

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Cloudy and probably snow flurries today; Saturday partly cloudy; fresh south to northwest winds.
☞ For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXX. . .No. 22,973. • • • • NEW YORK, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1920. TWO CENTS | In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

DECLARES BRITISH HIT TRADE RIVALS BY CABLE MISUSE

Naval Attache Says Americans' Messages to Brazil Over British Lines "Leaked" During War.

INSPECTION REQUIRED NOW

All Our Commercial Messages Sent by British Lines Are Subject to Official Examination.

CABLE CHIEFS DOUBT ABUSE

State Department Officials Contradict Carlton on Permit for Miami Landing.

[illegible] to The New York Times.

[illegible] Dec. 16.—Evidence before the subcommittee investigating the cable situation, that messages of American [illegible], sent over British [illegible] the possession of [illegible] who made use of the [illegible] The witness who gave [illegible] was Captain F. K. [illegible] attaché of the United [illegible] South America.

[illegible] was later told by Newton [illegible] President of the Western [illegible] Company, and John [illegible] Secretary of the Commercial [illegible] that commercial [illegible] a British cable offices [illegible] to the United States [illegible] being turned over to [illegible] Naval Intelligence for examination. Carlton was not sure [illegible] entering Great Britain cables met the same [illegible] to inquire about that [illegible]

Both Mr. Carlton and Mr. Goldhammer expressed the belief that no unfair use was being made by the British to aid one business through this practice. Mr. Goldhammer said the messages handled by the Commercial, were not subjected to examination by the British authorities until about ten days after their dispatch, while Mr. Carlton said that Western Union messages were turned over to the British authorities "after the messages have been in our office twenty-four hours, or time enough to give them a good start."

Tells of Leaks to British.

Captain Hill told the committee that while he was representing the Naval Intelligence Bureau at Rio de Janeiro during the war he received many complaints from American merchants who said that information was being turned over to British subjects.

One glaring case, he said, involved a bid for electrical goods. A firm in Brazil asked the General Electric Company to bid on certain articles. The next day, he said, a British firm submitted a bid for the very same goods at a lower price than was quoted by the American firm. Investigation, said Captain Hill, showed that there was no way the British firm could have obtained the information except by access to the cables.

The head of an English coffee firm in Brazil, continued Captain Hill, boasted that he could obtain quotations from the coffee market in New York in a single day when he (Hill) was unable to get important official messages through in less than two days.

Captain Hill said he received complaints every week about alleged abuses. Information contained in cable messages sent by the National City Bank concerning purchases of property, he stated, was published in newspapers in Brazil, and their only means of obtaining the information was from the cables.

He also stated that an English naval attaché who had nothing to do with censorship, had shown him "sheaves of messages" furnished by the cable companies.

"I saw them with my own eyes," said the captain, who added that these were messages, filed in Brazil for transmission, and they had been supplied to the attaché by the British cable offices.

"Oh, that's the usual way," interrupted Mr. Carlton.

As to British Examination Now.

Thereupon Senator Kellogg had Mr. Carlton recalled to the stand, when he gave evidence about the present British practice of examination. He told how messages were sent off and then added:

"The messages in their original form, many of them in code, are then taken to the Naval intelligence Bureau. They only hold them for a few hours and don't hold them long enough to carefully censor them.

"We complained to the British Government that the practice might be misunderstood. They replied that they wanted the messages only for such information as they could obtain concerning disorders. Irish unrest and the spreading of Bolshevist propaganda are included in this, I suppose."

"But is not the practice subject to abuse?" asked Senator Kellogg.

"Subject to misunderstanding, perhaps," replied Mr. Carlton.

He suggested that situated as they were in the "vortex" of many happenings, the British authorities probably wanted to obtain any information they could to protect the nation from danger.

Senator Kellogg asked if diplomatic messages were included in those sent to the British Intelligence Bureau.

"I believe diplomatic messages are excepted," replied Mr. Carlton.

"They are not supposed to touch anything in the nature of diplomatic mes-

Continued on Page Two.

AUGUSTA—CHARLESTON—SAVANNAH through service daily. Atlantic Coast Line. 4-6-8-1,240 Bway. Tel. Longacre 6360.—Advt.

Report 20,000 Steel Workers Facing Period of Idleness

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Dec. 16.—Heads of independent steel plants here indicated today that some mills will be practically idle from the end of this week until the first of the year, owing to lack of orders. The contemplated suspension would affect about 20,000 workers.

Blast furnaces and other units which would suffer heavily from suspension will be kept going, it was stated, but the main departments are expected to be idle. United States Steel Corporation mills in this district, however, are expected to continue at their present rate of about 90 per cent. production.

DENMAN SAYS CHINA WAS FORCED INTO WAR

Walsh Committee May Ask President to Let Him Tell About Secret Treaties.

ALLIES GOT SHIPS IN CHINA

After She Was Able to Seize Them as a Belligerent—Briand's Demand Quoted.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—President Wilson will probably be requested by the Walsh shipping investigation committee to grant permission to William Denman, former Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, to disclose certain features of his negotiations in the Spring of 1917 with the British Mission which was then in Washington. If such permission is granted by the President it is probable that important secrets relative to the quest for shipping for war use and the secret treaties between England, France and Japan relative to the entry of China into the war, the Shantung affair and the disposition of the former German islands in the Pacific will be disclosed.

During his testimony yesterday Mr. Denman told the Walsh commission that during the course of his conferences with the members of the British Mission in 1917 certain phases of it approached the "realms" of the secret treaties affecting Shantung. "My activities in that connection had," said Mr. Denman, "in my opinion, more to do with my departure from the Shipping Board than any other cause or influence which may have prevented my carrying out my own policies myself."

From this testimony the inference was drawn by some who heard it given that President Wilson had ousted him to aid Japan obtain Shantung, and also that President Wilson knew of the secret treaty deal by which Japan was to obtain that Chinese province.

In his conference at the White House in 1919 with members of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations President Wilson, in reply to a question from Senator Hiram W. Johnson of California, declared he was not aware of the existence of the secret treaties between England, France and Japan relative to Shantung until after his arrival at Paris. Former Premier Balfour has been credited with the statement that he informed the President of these secret treaties when he came to America in 1917.

Mr. Denman's Letter.

One of the stories carrying the inference that Mr. Denman had given testimony that was interpreted as making it appear that President Wilson had knowledge of the British-French-Japanese treaties in 1917 was printed in The New York American this morning. Today Mr. Denman telegraphed THE NEW YORK TIMES saying that the published story drew a broader inference from his testimony than that testimony warranted.

Mr. Denman's telegram to THE TIMES was as follows:

Washington, D. C., Dec. 16, 1920

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The American this morning, Dec. 16, drew a broader inference from my suggestion that I disclose certain features of my negotiations in April and May, 1917, with the British mission than my testimony before the Walsh committee warrants. So far as concerns the disagreements of memory between President Wilson and Mr. Balfour, regarding the Shantung secret treaties, my testimony, if permitted to be given, will support the American as distinguished from the British side of that case.

These secret treaties gave to the Allies the enemy ships in neutral Chinese waters. I was commissioned to discuss all such ships with the British Mission. The treaties provided that China was to be coerced into the war and the ships taken by Great Britain, France and Japan.

If the public desires to know of British commercial activities against us during the war, I suggest that you ask Congress to call the European Chairman of the War Industries, Finance and Supply Commission. His experiences in London and Paris were made public at a recent union of the War Industries Board in Washington. They paralleled mine in Cunard ships and Diesel motorboat matters, but they were more numerous.

It is even more important that these facts are known to liberal England than to Americans. I desire a lasting harmony between Great Britain and the United States. This can be realized only if liberal British public opinion forces a change in the policy of her administrators toward us. Such a change is possible only if liberal England knows the fact.

WILLIAM DENMAN.

A duplicate of this letter was sent by

Continued on Page Thirteen.

PALL MALL Rounds the cigarette with a free and easy draught. —Advt.

LEAGUE COUNCIL FORBIDS ASSEMBLY TO SEE MANDATES

Sharp Clash at Geneva Over Refusal to Heed Subcommittee's Plea.

SECRET DRAFT ON NEAR EAST

Committee Demands Bar on Militarism and Exploiting National Resources.

ADMIT FOUR NEW STATES

Bulgaria, Finland, Luxembourg and Costa Rica Raise Membership to Forty-six.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company. By Wireless and Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Dec. 16.—A really serious controversy, which may deeply affect the future of the League of Nations, has broken out through the refusal of the big powers to permit in the Assembly of the League a discussion of their rights, privileges and obligations as mandataries.

Technically it is a fight between the Council and the Assembly. Actually it is a fight by Great Britain, France and Japan against an airing at this time of their mandate plans. The immediate issue is the refusal of Great Britain and France to tell the Assembly what plans they have for the Turkish mandates—Mesopotamia, Syria, Lebanon and Palestine.

In a stinging report made public today the Committee of Six of the Assembly admits that it cannot move an inch in the mandate situation and cannot secure any discussion of the matter because of the opposition of the Council to this course. It sets forth that the Covenant says that the mandates are held under the League and the only proper way to deal with the matter is to discuss publicly the whole question.

The Council makes no public reply. Privately it is said in its behalf that the Covenant confers on the Council the mandate jurisdiction and furthermore, inasmuch as the Turkish treaty has not been ratified, it is no time now to discuss mandates under it. At the same time England and France have been administering mandates there for the last year or so.

Council Insisted on Secrecy.

It has been told in these dispatches how the Council, despite its apparent devotion to open diplomacy, has been tightening its hold on the mandates. The correctness of this interpretation has now become a question.

The Secretariat, prior to the meeting of the Assembly, wrote three letters to the allied Supreme Council asking for drafts of the mandates. It has not received them. The committee of six undertook to get them without success for three weeks. A week ago the Council informed the committee that it had received the drafts for Class A mandates, those in Turkey. No statement was made about Class B and Class C mandates under the Versailles Treaty.

The committee insisted for five days that it should have the mandate drafts to incorporate in its report and thus get discussion. Finally yesterday the Council told the subcommittee that it could look at the drafts if they agreed to pledge themselves to secrecy. They agreed, and read the drafts. Then they repeated the request to be allowed to publish the conditions under which Britain would hold Mesopotamia and Palestine and France would hold Syria and Lebanon. The Council refused.

Committee Admits Deadlock.

The committee then sat up until 3 o'clock in the morning drafting a report, which will go to the Assembly tomorrow. In this report for the first time an Assembly committee has come out from behind a camouflage of statements that the Council and the Assembly were working smoothly together. The report says, in fact:

"As to the mandates, the sub-committee finds itself in considerable difficulty. It feels that with regard to the mandates it could scarcely make any recommendations of value without being in possession of the draft of the mandates on which the Council is working. It was informed that the council had before them the draft of the mandates for Syria, Mesopotamia and Palestine, and it accordingly asked that these mandates be shown to it. As will be shown from the annexed correspondence, the Council refused to allow it to see the drafts except under the provision that it should make no reference to them in its report—a decision which the sub-committee regrets.

"The sub-committee does not know whether any drafts for Mandates B or C have been submitted to the Council. None has been furnished to the committee."

The committee then reviews the failure to get the Council, that is to say, the big powers, to give information about the former German colonies turned over to mandataries. It adds, with regard to mandates, it is evident that the theory on which they are based, namely, that of independent States assisted by a mandatary leaves room for a much greater variety of terms and the subcommittee felt that the only way it could be of assistance would be to criticize the drafts under consideration by the Council. As the Council has

Continued on Page Two.

55—WASHINGTON or BALTIMORE—55 Next Sunday, December 19. Penn. System, leave Penn. Station 12:10 A. M., Saturday night.—Advt.

Canada Disputes Figures Of Immigration Here

OTTAWA, Dec. 16.—Department of Immigration officials announced here today that statistics issued by immigration authorities at Washington, D. C., showing 90,025 persons entered the United States from Canada in the last fiscal year, compared with 7,068 from the United States to Canada, are misleading and do not represent the actual traffic.

The Washington figures, it was stated, are head tax statistics. Many Canadians entering the United States to work for a few months or on brief holidays are registered as having paid head taxes. Their departure, however, is not recorded unless they return to the immigration office for a rebate on the amount deposited.

ELEVEN MEN KILLED IN MANILA RIOTING

Constabulary Forces and Police Clash and Fight Out an Old Feud.

FOUR AMERICAN VICTIMS

Gov. Gen. Harrison Aids in Restoring Order—Hundreds of Shots Exchanged.

MANILA, Dec. 16.—Eleven men—four Americans and seven Filipinos—were killed here last night during a riot within the walled city between enlisted men of the Filipino constabulary and the Manila police.

The Americans killed were Captain of Police W. E. Wichmann, Patrolmen Albert H. Troge and John W. Driscoll, and Augustus Jacuman, field clerk of the United States Army. Fifty shots were fired when forty men of the constabulary sought to avenge the shooting of one of their number by the Filipino police.

The riot started at the Luneta police station, just outside the walled city, and then proceeded within the walled city, where promiscuous firing between the police and constabulary took place, and hundreds of shots were exchanged. The Filipinos killed a patrol wagon driver and six bystanders. Four Filipinos were wounded. There were no casualties among the constabulary forces.

The enlisted personnel of the constabulary forces is composed entirely of Filipinos officered by Americans and Filipinos. The organization numbers 6,000 and is stationed in various provinces of the Philippine Islands for police purposes.

Governor General Francis Burton Harrison and Brig. Gen. Rafael Crame, Filipino chief of the constabulary, took active steps to quell the rioting.

The Governor found the armed constabulary congregated at the walled city and advised them to return to their barracks and instructed General Crame to hold all the constabulary in the barracks. Disorders ceased upon the arrival of General Crame, who placed members of the Constabulary involved in the shooting under arrest and announced they would be tried before civil courts.

Mayor Ramon Fernandez declared the presence of the constabulary barracks in Manila was dangerous to the peace of the community, and announced he would ask the Governor to have the barracks removed outside the city limits.

The official police version of the shooting was that Policeman Mojica shot Constabulary Private Macasinag following trouble provoked by the constabulary men. The constabulary private was reported to have attacked the policeman with a knife.

Colonel Lucien R. Sweet, Inspector General of the constabulary, said trouble had been brewing for a long time and frequently reached acute stages.

Regular army troops were ordered into their barracks when the rioting broke out and the provost guard doubled and sent to the scene, but took no part in quelling the riot.

"Every precaution has been taken to prevent a repetition of the affair," said General Crame. "The constabulary men surrendered without a murmur when I appeared with Chief Bopp."

Colonel Lucien R. Sweet, Inspector General of the constabulary, declared that this latest trouble between the constabulary and the police resulted from the arrest Sunday of the wife of a constabulary private by the police.

"Her clothing was torn and the circumstances were such as to make any real man's blood boil," he said.

COOLIDGE AGREES TO SIT IN CABINET AT HARDING'S WISH

Yields to Senator's Insistence in Marion Conference That He Serve Ex Officio.

LAUDS HIS CHIEF'S COURSE

Says President-Elect Seeks to Bring National Mind Into Agreement on Foreign Policy.

OFFICESEEKERS PRESSING

Harding Is Being Flooded With Messages Urging Candidates for Office.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 16.—Senator Harding fulfilled one of his campaign pledges today by asking Governor Coolidge, as Vice President, to be an ex-officio member of his Cabinet. "I shall be very glad to serve in any way that I may be found useful," the Vice President-elect said before leaving Marion.

The Governor and Mrs. Coolidge arrived this noon and had luncheon with Senator and Mrs. Harding. After a reception at the Marion Club the President-elect and the Governor had a two-hour conference. The Governor and Mrs. Coolidge left for the East in the afternoon.

The proposal that the Vice President become an ex-officio member of the Cabinet was made by Senator Harding on July 10, when he said:

"The sort of government I have in mind ought to take advantage of the capacity and experience of a man like Governor Coolidge by bringing him into the councils. It would be a fine thing, and I don't see why it hasn't been done long ago. Governor Coolidge is an eminent American and has had experience as an executive and should be helpful. I think the Vice President can be a most effective agency in keeping the executive offices in touch with the legislative branch of the Government."

Senator Harding repeated this today in effect to Governor Coolidge, who first raised the objection that such a departure from precedent might arouse animosities which the President might avoid. Senator Harding pressed his point until the Governor finally gave his assent.

Governor Coolidge Pleased.

"Of course," said Governor Coolidge before leaving Marion, "it is gratifying to me, as it is to all Americans, to see the fashion in which Senator Harding is taking up the preliminaries of his administration. He is very plainly bringing the national mind to agreement as to a course that may be followed in our foreign policy with assurance that it will have the support of the whole people. That is, in this time of uncertainty, a prerequisite to success in the Administration.

"Quite aside from its relationship to my own status, I have been gratified at Senator Harding's declaration that he intends to make the Vice President a more significant part in the Administration. To whatever extent it may be possible for me to be helpful it will be great pleasure to aid him, and I will be very sure that my part can be played in all sincerity and all singleness of aim, because the developments of the campaign, and our interview of today, have made me certain that we will approach the problems of the next four years with harmonious purposes. I have found that he is deeply impressed with the gravity of the tasks before his Administration, determined to secure real unity of national effort that shall displace all possibilities of factional and partisan difference and eager to make the recent overwhelming majority of the nation's vote the pledge of a new era of good feeling and national unanimity."

Governor Coolidge said he was not in favor of the suggestion for providing a large establishment for the Vice-Presidential residence. He remarked:

"It seems to me that such things would be inappropriate at a time when

Continued on Page Five.

2 Killed, 3 May Die, in Race Riot in Kansas; Fight with Guns in Hunt for Negro Murderer

INDEPENDENCE, Kan., Dec. 16.—One white boy and one negro were killed and three men were probably fatally wounded in rioting here tonight, following an all-day search for a negro who held up and killed a suburban grocer. Late tonight Chief of Police E. N. Hall said he had the situation under control, but that he had already appealed to Governor Allen for State troops.

Realizing early that the situation was a difficult one, the authorities sent out emergency calls for members of the Home Guards and the American Legion. These responded promptly, and the combined efforts of the whites succeeded in dispersing the crowds and forcing the negroes back to their section of the city.

Tonight's rioting started when Mayor John L. Wadman and Chief of Police Hall approached a group of about twenty negroes on the street. The negroes were armed, according to the authorities, and when they were asked to go home they refused. Just then a group of white men came down the street and one of the negroes, according to the authorities, fired into them. A general fusillade then began, with the original forces augmented.

Lawrence Lennon, a white boy, was shot through the lungs and died forty minutes later. Arthur Harper, a negro, was instantly killed. Fred Kelly, white, was shot in the hip and Arthur Mibeck and F. S. McHenry, both received body wounds in the exchange of shots. The last three named men are not expected to live, according to physicians.

Rifles and shotguns were used in the fighting. Late tonight a posse brought in a negro and he was lodged in the Independence jail.

The grocer was killed in his store early today by a negro, who escaped with about $300. Shortly afterward the alarm was spread and hundreds of men gathered hurriedly, some of them armed, to search for the robber. The search kept up for hours without any definite results. Race feeling was stirred up by the insistence of the searchers in trying to find the slayer in the houses of other negroes.

Various minor clashes resulted from the aggressiveness of the man hunt and open violence broke out in the evening. Shots were fired in many of the streets and houses were punctured with bullets, the struggle becoming more violent with each succeeding volley.

All sorts of weapons were brought into play by both sides and the streets were lighted by the flames of firearms, while men and even women and children rushed through the thoroughfares in the negro quarter fighting and shouting.

Most of the population of Independence, which has 12,000 inhabitants, obeyed the orders of the police to remain in their homes to avoid stirring up further trouble.

LIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

BANDITS KILL FIFTH AVENUE JEWELER; BIND AND GAG 3 AND TAKE $50,000 GEMS; VIGILANTES PROPOSED TO HALT CRIMES

Silver Manufacturers Protest to Governor and Mayor Against Lack of Protection

Stirred by the murder of Edwin W. Andrews by robbers yesterday, the Sterling Silver Manufacturers' Association, at a meeting at the Waldorf last night, adopted the following resolution calling upon Governor Smith and Mayor Hylan for immediate action:

Whereas manufacturers of sterling silverware, in a meeting assembled at the Waldorf this 16th day of December, 1920, learn with horror of the robbery and murder of Edwin W. Andrews, of Andrews & Winsten, jewelers and silversmiths, in his office at Fifth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street this afternoon, during active business hours; and

Whereas numerous and increasing crimes are being perpetrated throughout this city, we respectfully but earnestly and emphatically protest to the Mayor of the City of New York against the lack of protection to life and property within this city;

Resolved, That the manufacturers and dealers of sterling silverware request his Excellency the Governor of the State of New York to recognize conditions existing in the City of New York, and that he take immediate and energetic steps to cause the proper authorities to furnish the necessary protection to life and property not only to manufacturers and dealers in silverware and jewelry, but of the entire public.

ANTI-STRIKE BILL PUT THROUGH SENATE

Passed Unexpectedly and Without a Rollcall While Opponents Were Absent.

RECONSIDERATION SOUGHT

La Follette Gives Notice of Motion—Measure Applies to Common Carriers.

Special to the New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Unexpectedly and without a record vote, the Senate this afternoon passed the Poindexter Anti-Strike bill, which makes it a felony for any person or persons by spoken, written or printed word or other means to advise, solicit, attempt to induce or persuade employes of a common carrier of the United States to quit their employment. The act as passed affects all carriers subject to the law to regulate commerce.

Senator La Follette, who was not in the Senate when the bill was passed, when he heard of the unexpected action of the Senate announced on the floor that he would make a motion to reconsider the vote. He has two legislative days in which to make the motion. It is understood that Mr. La Follette will have to his motion to get the bill back on the calendar the support of Senator Hitchcock Johnson, but it is considered very doubtful that the Senate will vote a reconsideration.

When the Poindexter bill was called none of the Senators present made a motion for it to go over, whereupon the bill and the amendments were read, and there being no objection to its passage the Vice President declared it passed.

The measure, which is entitled "A bill to prohibit interference with commerce," is very broad in its terms and affects not only employes but also officers, Directors, managers, attorneys and agents of common carriers, the penalties for which vary, ranging from fines of $500 to $5,000 and prison terms of from six months to fifteen years, according to the seriousness of the offense.

Section 1 provides that "Whoever with intent to obstruct, delay, hinder or prevent the movement of commodities in commerce with foreign nations or between several States shall by word of mouth or by the presentation, circulation of written or printed matter or otherwise, solicit, advise, induce, persuade, or attempt to induce or persuade any person or persons employed by any carrier subject to the act to regulate commerce, or amendments thereto, in any capacity, in the production, care, maintenance, operation or operation of any car, or agency of such commerce to quit such employment, shall be guilty of a felony and punished by a fine not exceeding $10,000 or by imprisonment not exceeding ten years, or by both such fine and imprisonment."

Section 2 deals with efforts to interfere with the operation of carriers by means of violence, threats or other means. This section states that "Whoever shall by force or violence, or by threats or menace of any kind, seek to prevent any person from entering in the employment in any capacity in the production, care, maintenance or operation of any carrier subject to the provisions of the act to regulate commerce, shall be deemed guilty of a felony and upon conviction be sent to prison for fifteen years, or subject to a maximum fine of $10,000, or both."

In Section 3, crimes involving the derailment or disabling of railways or other methods of transportation are covered. This section stipulates that "Whoever shall injure, disable or destroy any car, bridge, track, ship or other means or agency of commerce, or shall solicit, advise or persuade others to do so," shall be guilty of a felony and may be imprisoned for ten years, fined $10,000 or both.

The fourth section, which is the one that affects officials, provides "That it shall be unlawful for two or more persons, officers, Directors, managers, agents, attorneys or employes of any carrier or carriers subject to the act to regulate commerce, as amended, for the purpose of maintaining, adjusting, or settling any dispute, demand or controversy, which, under the provisions of this act, can be submitted for decision to the Committee of Wages and Working Conditions or to a regional board of adjustment, to enter into any combination or agreement with the intent thereby to hinder, restrain or prevent the operation of trains or other facilities of transportation for the movement of commodities or persons in interstate commerce, or in pursuance of any such combination or agreement and with the like purpose substantially to hinder, restrain or prevent the operation of trains or other facilities of transportation for the movement of commodities or persons in interstate commerce," violation of which section is to be punished by a fine of $500 or imprisonment for six months or both.

Section 5 stipulates that nothing in the proposed bill shall be taken to affect the rights of an individual to quit his employment.

LIEUT. HORTON SLAIN BY TAXICAB BANDITS

Former Aid of "Honest Dan" Costigan Shot When He Leaps Upon Fleeing Auto.

OFF DUTY, ON HIS WAY HOME

Hears Cries of "Police!" and "Stop Thief!" and Goes to Rescue—Dies at 2:45 A. M.

Lieutenant Floyd Horton, trusted aid of Captain "Honest Dan" Costigan in the days of the vice squad, was shot early today in a battle with taxicab bandits at Broadway and 146th Street, and died at 2:45 this morning in St. Lawrence Hospital.

The Lieutenant, just relieved from desk duty at the West 152d Street station, was on his way to the subway at Broadway and 145th Street to start for his home at 1,151 Fifty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, and was in plain clothes. As he reached the 146th Street corner he heard cries of "Police!" and "Stop thief!" and saw men, running and excited, pointing at a taxicab speeding past him with three men in it.

Horton, a veteran of difficult police work and often one of the men assigned to special tasks by Police Commissioners who have made special search for honest subordinates, jumped to the running board of the cab. By the time he had uncertain purchase there his right hand held his pistol and he was ordering the men within to stop.

Instead the chauffeur put on all speed. Horton opened fire and at least one of the passengers replied with a shot, the muzzle of his weapon, poked through the opened window, almost touching the policeman's coat. The lieutenant's clutch on the window loosened and he pitched into the street in front of the C & Z Restaurant, at the southeast corner of Broadway and 146th Street.

The bandits escaped and, though several persons got the number of the license, it proved at Headquarters to be fake.

A bullet either from Horton's pistol or that of the bandit smashed through the plate glass window of the restaurant narrowly missed one of the patrons with whom the place was crowded, and buried itself in a showcase.

Lieutenant Horton was still alive when he was taken to the St. Lawrence Hospital. The bullet had entered his chest just above the heart. He lived about two hours.

The men in the taxicab had drawn unobtrusively up to the apartment at 540 West 146th Street and one of them had entered and held up Tyler Hamilton, the negro elevator operator, taking his watch and a small sum of money. The police think they intended going through the house, but the Superintendent, E. H. Miller, heard the noise in the hallway.

At the same time two tenants entered the building. Miller, disdaining the command to throw up his hands, kicked the robber in the shins. The man fired once, missed and fled.

He jumped into the taxicab and it reached the corner, followed by the victim, the superintendent and the two tenants in full cry, just as Horton came along.

Friends of the dead Lieutenant last night commented upon the fact that he received his fatal wound when off duty as typical of his eagerness for police work. And then they recalled that when Commissioner Enright demoted Inspector Costigan and broke up his squad, Horton, who was first on the lieutenants' eligible list, was promoted from a sergeant because otherwise the others on the list would have been delayed.

At first Horton was assigned to duty in Brooklyn, but soon, when other members of the squad felt the new Commissioner's displeasure just as their chief had, he was sent to the West 152d Street Station, far from his home.

Lieutenant Horton was married and had several children. He has been a member of the police force twenty-five years and a Lieutenant three years.

HUYLER'S—Chocolate Cluster. Tree Ornaments. $1.50 a Box.—Advt.

SLAYERS ESCAPE POLICE NET

Score of Detectives on Avenue as Daylight Robbers Flee.

SILENCER IS USED ON GUN

Salesmen Robbed, Wriggle Free of Bonds and Give Alarm—Lahey Directs Inquiry.

LONG ISLAND BURGLAR SLAIN

Killed by Companion's Bullet in Battle With Officers in Auto —Three Wounded.

Edwin W. Andrews, President of Andrews & Winsten, Inc., jewelers, was shot and killed in his office on the eighth floor of the Marcus Building, 542 Fifth Avenue, by three bandits at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. After binding and gagging three men who entered the office during the holdup, the robbers fled with $50,000 worth of unset gems and jewelry, mingled with the thousands of shoppers that thronged Fifth Avenue and escaped through a cordon of police spread out along the avenue as a special protection to the holiday trade.

As a result of the murder and robbery, the Sterling Silverware Manufacturers' Association last night adopted resolutions condemning the police for their failure to cope with the crime wave and Cleveland A. Dunn, one of the Directors of the association, suggested that unless something was done to deal with the situation it would be necessary for New York's citizens to form vigilance committees.

Following so closely upon the Hotel Astor holdup of the evening before, it also stirred the police to unusual activity. William J. Lahey, Chief Inspector of the department, took personal charge of the investigation. Aided by Inspector John J. Coughlin of the Detective Bureau, he assigned more than twenty detectives to the case. They found the crime had been daringly planned and methodically executed.

Andrews Alone in Office.

Mr. Andrews had returned from lunch, and following a long-established custom of the partners Mr. Winsten had gone out. When the bandits entered the office Mr. Andrews was alone. There was evidence that he had offered resistance, but neighboring tenants had heard no unusual noise. This gave rise to the theory that the bandits used silencers on their weapons.

Shortly after 2 o'clock Luke Mulligan, an aged messenger for Shear & Co., 7-11 West Forty-fifth Street, entered the offices. As he opened the door he saw Mr. Andrews lying on the floor behind a railing. When he started to speak the three highwaymen seized him. He was thrown to the floor, his hands were bound, and before he could recover from his surprise at the attack, an armed assailant threatened to kill him if he made a sound. Then he was placed beside Mr. Andrews, his feet were bound and a gag made of a piece of wood wrapped with rubber was thrust between his jaws.

The bandits had hardly finished binding the messenger with telephone wire when Vincent Provenzano, a salesman for J. N. Provenzano, manufacturing jeweler, of 110 West Thirtieth Street, entered the office, closely followed by Arthur Mertz, of Mertz Brothers, jewelers, of Newark. Both salesmen carried sample cases. As in the case of Mulligan, both were seized and bound and gagged. Their sample cases were taken and, sweeping up all the gems in sight in the Andrews & Winsten offices, the robbers disappeared into the hall.

Whether they fled from the building by way of an elevator or the stairs could not be learned. The elevator operators could recall no passengers answering their descriptions.

Victims Struggle with Bonds.

The minute the door closed upon the robbers the men in the office began to struggle with their bonds. Wriggling and scrambling across the floor, Mr. Provenzano and Mr. Mertz reached the door. Working himself free from the gag and loosening the wire ropes sufficiently to arise to his feet, Mertz burst into the hall and shouted for help. He was followed by Mr. Provenzano.

A score of persons on the same floor heard the cries and ran to the rescue, among them several men and women from the offices of Rothkrug Brothers, diamond dealers, and the United States Diamond Company, jointly occupying offices next to Andrews & Winsten. The alarm was also heard by employes in Room 83, occupied jointly by M. J. Lorne, importer of silks and woolens, and William D. Bloodgood & Co., real estate.

One of the first men to go to their assistance was Claude D. Edgerton of Edgerton Son, manufacturers of jewelry, of 53 Fifth Avenue, who was in Rothkrug & Co.'s offices. As he ran into the hall Mertz and Provenzano, who had emerged from Andrews & Winsten, both motioned him into the office where his assistance was more sorely needed.

Mr. Edgerton found Mr. Andrews lying on the floor, a bullet wound in his abdomen and a gash in his head.

"Mr. Andrews was still breathing faintly," he said, "but I could not find his pulse. Within a few minutes he

died. His head was pointing to the window on the north side of the office, his feet toward the door. Opposite him stood the safe with its doors wide open. Empty jewelry trays were scattered near his desk, and in one of these I found a string of pearls worth about $25,000. The bandits apparently had dropped them in their flight. Other pearls, probably a part of this necklace, were on the floor. It seemed that Mr. Andrews must have been working on the necklace when attacked."

Mulligan was lying bound near Mr. Andrews, and Mr. Edgerton released him. The two salesmen were released by others.

Provenzano, his feet still bound, hopped into the office of Rothkrug Brothers, where he was unbound by John Horning, a jeweler in the neighborhood.

"Provenzano, with his hands still tied, came bounding into the office," said Mr. Horning. "I cut the cords that bound his hands and feet and removed the gag from his mouth. His jaws were so benumbed he could hardly speak."

The cries of the victims were also heard on the tenth floor by George J. Rivers, superintendent of the building, who got to the eighth floor in time to see the salesmen before their bonds were removed. The superintendent described the gags as strips of red rubber extending from the forehead to the chin. He said the hands of the messenger were bound behind him with pieces of cord and wire which were made still more secure by a padlock catching the looped ends of the wire. Mulligan was almost suffocated.

Police Order Building Locked.

When he found the victims were receiving proper attention, the superintendent went to the street and gave the alarm to Patrolman Quigley of the Traffic Squad, who was on duty at Forty-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue.

Traffic Policeman Quigley notified John P. Barron, Acting Detective Sergeant, of the Twenty-ninth Precinct, who was the first detective to reach the scene. Sergeant Barron is in charge of ten of the forty detectives assigned to patrol Fifth Avenue during the holiday season. His district includes the territory between Forty-second and Fifty-ninth Streets. He was in the office of Dreicer & Co. when the traffic policeman told him of the Marcus Building holdup. He went immediately to the building and gave instructions for the doors to be locked to prevent any escape.

Sergeant Barron said the two salesmen who had been tied and gagged helped each other to their feet after they heard the door slammed by the bandits. When they entered the office of Rothkrug Brothers, with the gags still covering their faces almost like masks, the employes mistook them for robbers and thought they were going to be held up. It caused an excitement bordering upon panic.

After hearing the hasty explanation of the two salesmen, one of the stenographers telephoned to Police Headquarters, from which the call presumably was relayed to the East Fifty-first Street Police Station

Jeweler Slugged and Shot.

In the meantime several calls were sent to physicians in the building, but when they arrived Mr. Andrews was dead. An examination of the body by Dr. Otto H. Schultze, medical adviser to the District Attorney, revealed that Mr. Andrews had been shot in the stomach and had received a blow on the head.

That he may have been felled with a blackjack and then shot was considered probable by the detectives when they discovered near his body a piece of plumber's pipe about eight inches long, wrapped with a thin layer of cotton.

The piece of pipe was only one of several clues. On the floor near the body the police found an empty cartridge. It had no markings and detectives thought it might have been a special size. It was considered rather long for use in a revolver, and likewise the bullet which was removed from the body of Mr. Andrews also suggested that a weapon other than a revolver might have been used. Some of the detectives believed that the bandits had a sawed-off rifle, and both Mulligan and Mertz asserted they had been threatened with such a weapon.

The crude handcuffs improvised with pieces of wire and cheap padlocks also are considered important clues, according to Inspectors Lahey and Coughlin. The fact that the two salesmen had been bound with these prepared manacles led to the belief that they were intended for Mr. Andrews and Mr. Winsten. In addition they found many fingerprints, which were taken to Police Headquarters for comparison.

Police Puzzled by Escape.

Although the police were apparently baffled by the escape of the criminals, they concluded the bandits were well informed of the movements of the members of the firm, and must have known it was the custom of Mr. Andrews to go to his lunch about 12:30 every day, and of Mr. Winsten to go out at 1.30 o'clock.

The detectives tried in vain to ascertain how the bandits escaped from the building. All the elevator operators were firm in their assertions that they had carried no passengers answering the descriptions of the holdup men after they had heard the cries for help. At intervals of less than a block Fifth Avenue is patrolled by policemen and detectives, who also saw no persons whose appearance tallied with that of the bandits.

Mertz told the detectives that he had gone to the office of Andrews & Winsten with a tan leather suitcase, marked with the letters "W. E.," in which he carried samples of gold and platinum settings. He estimated the value of these articles at about $25,000. The samples of jewelry that were taken from Provenzano, according to what he told the police, were valued at from $10,000 to $15,000. No definite estimate of the loss of Andrews & Winsten has been made. One jewelry drawer which alone contained between $3,000 and $4,000 worth of jewelry was found to have been emptied. The detectives were informed by Mr. Winsten that his company was covered by a $50,000 policy procured from Lloyd's.

Mertz Tells of Hold-Up.

Soon after the hold-up Mr. Mertz telephoned his brother, Emil Mertz, at their place of business, 359 Mulberry Street, Newark. From the brother it was learned that Arthur Mertz had started to Manhattan with $70,000 worth of jewelry for delivery to various jewelers. Over the telephone Emil Mertz described his conversation with his brother:

"I was about to open my case in the sample room of Andrews & Winsten," he said, "when I heard a shot. There were several jewelry salesmen in the room and all started in the direction of the report.

"Just then we saw the robbers coming toward us, and I ran back toward my case to hide it. 'Throw up your hands,' one of the robbers said, as he pointed his pistol at me. I did so, and then the robbers coolly bound and gagged the others in the same room as myself. They picked up my sample case along with other jewelry in the room and piled them in a heap. It was some time before I was released."

Chief Inspector Lahey refused to discuss the robbery with reporters, whom he referred for further information to Inspector Coughlin. Inspector Coughlin briefly outlined such facts as the reporters already had and gave them permission to see the notes of the stenographer who took the testimony of the three victims and other witnesses. Captain Arthur Carey, who had charge of these notes, however, refused to let the reporters have them.

Gags New to Police.

Captain Carey and several detectives remained at the Marcus Building until 7:30 o'clock, and on departing declined at first to discuss the case. After repeated questioning the Captain finally confirmed the facts and described the red rubber gags which had been used to silence the messenger and the two salesmen. From what he said it was inferred that this is a new type of gag with which the police are unfamiliar.

Captain Carey expressed the belief that Mr. Andrews was shot while seated at his desk. He thought a revolver was the weapon used. When questioned concerning a report that an automobile was waiting in Forty-fifth Street for the bandits, Captain Carey said he had not heard of this phase of the crime. At first Captain Carey denied Mulligan was one of the victims, but later he corrected this.

The body of Mr. Andrews was taken to the Morgue last night after a series of flashlight pictures of the surroundings had been taken for the police.

Mr. Andrews and his partner, it was learned, were both formerly connected with the jewelry firm of Marcus & Co., who occupy the ground floor of the building in which they had their offices. They established the corporation of Andrews & Winsten about five years ago and said to have catered to a high-class trade and developed a large business. Mr. Winsten is Secretary of the corporation, which was capitalized at $20,000. Its Directors are Albert Winsten and Edwin W. and Bertha Millen Andrews.

Hints at Vigilante Committees.

When Cleveland A. Dunn called at the offices of Andrews & Winsten on behalf of the Board of Directors of the Sterling Silverware Manufacturers' Association, he said that Mr. Andrews was one of the most liked members of the trade. He described the victim of the bandits as a man who had won the complete confidence and trust of the jewelry trade. When Mr. Dunn disclosed that his association would take action at its meeting last night, he was asked what, in his opinion, could be done by the citizens of New York to check the wave of crime.

"If you don't have more police action you may have vigilance committees," replied Mr. Dunn.

The holdup was the second in which the Provenzano concern has been a victim. J. N. Provenzano was robbed on Aug. 19 last when the store was entered, the safe opened with a "can opener," and $5,000 worth of jewelry taken.

The additional responsibility laid on the police by the murder and robbery of Mr. Andrews and the hold up of the messenger and the two salesmen did not interfere with the meeting last night of the Detectives' Endowment Association, held at the Police Club, 145 Riverside Drive, to elect officers. There are about 450 members of this association, and there was a goodly representation of the detective force at the meeting.

Commissioner Enright, who returned to Police Headquarters after a visit to the office of Mayor Hylan, was informed by newspaper men of the robbery and asked if he had any comment to make. He had none.

MAN MURDERED ON STREET.

Fusillade of Shots Arouses Dwellers Near 107th St. and 2d Av.

Dwellers in the neighborhood of 107th Street and Second Avenue were aroused early today by a noisy fusillade. Heads were poked from windows and one or two excited persons, fearing bandits were operating, fired pistols from windows to attract the police.

Patrolman Brown of the East 104th Street Precinct found an unidentified Italian about 35 years old lying dead on the sidewalk at the corner with five bullets in his head and body. The police believe he was murdered in an Italian feud. No arrest was made.

BELLBOY AT ASTOR HELD IN $10,000

Lawrence Handiboe, Arrested After Hotel Robbery, in Town Only Ten Days.

TWO HELD FOR ROBBERY

Spanish Restaurateur Assaulted by Thieves Who Took $150 From Him.

Lawrence Handiboe, who was arrested on Wednesday evening at the Hotel Astor at the end of a lively fight Mr. and Mrs. Owen C. Lindthwaite of Red Bank, N. J., and Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Worley of Newark, N. J., had with three alleged robbers, was placed in the lineup at Police Headquarters yesterday morning, when records were found, according to the police, showing that the young man, under the name of Lawrence Hawthorne, had been arrested in May, 1919, when employed as a bell boy at the Hotel Commodore, on suspicion of going through the rooms of guests there and robbing them.

The prisoner told the police that he came to this city about ten days ago, and met two men with whom he went to the Hotel Astor. He explained that he was in need of money, according to the police, and had concluded that the Hotel Astor would yield rich returns. According to the police the prisoner was formerly employed at the McAlpin and Breslin Hotels in this city, and also at hotels in Kansas City and Cleveland. When arraigned before Magistrate McQuaid in the West Side Court Handiboe was held in $10,000 bail for further examination next Monday.

Carmelo Cedar and Peter Navarro of 16 East 132d Street were held in $10,000 bail for the Grand Jury yesterday when arraigned before Magistrate Francis X. Mancuso in Washington Heights Court, charged with having assaulted and robbed Cruz Castro, a Spanish restaurateur, of $150 while the latter was ill in bed at his home, 121 West 137th Street. The amount of bail was fixed at the request of Deputy Assistant District Attorney Henry Goodman, who called attention to the large number of robberies that had been committed recently.

On the complaint of David Hess, a tailor of 225 East 110th Street, who charges that the youth entered his place of business on March 29 last, pointed a revolver at him and fired a shot into his right eye, destroying its sight, John Barduce, 15 years old, of 213 East Tenth Street, was sentenced to an indeterminate term in the House of Refuge yesterday on a technical charge of juvenile delinquency before Justice Franklin C. Hoyt in the Children's Court. It was disclosed that a few days before Mr. Hess was shot the youth was arrested in Brooklyn for carrying a revolver and that he also had been arrested previous to that time for having thrown a stone which injured the eyesight of a little girl. It was further shown that he was once arrested in connection with the theft of woolen goods.

Leon Cuvier, 333 East Fifty-eighth Street, was found guilty of burglary in the third degree and grand larceny in the second degree yesterday in the Richmond County Court, Staten Island. The defendant was one of two men arrested at Forest Hills, L. I., several weeks ago, when the prisoners were charged with having burglars' tools in their possession. The detectives alleged that Cuvier, when arrested, had a revolver which was found to have been taken from the home of Henry Woods, brother of former Police Commissioner Arthur Woods, at Four Corners Road, Douglas Hills, S. I. He was further charged with having broken into Mr. Wood's home and stolen an oil painting valued at $50 and other articles valued at $200. Cuvier will be sentenced today.

SILVER MEN TALK OF VIGILANTES HERE

May Be Forced to Act if Protest to Governor Is Ineffective, Says Manufacturer.

The addition of one more outrage to the long list of crimes perpetrated against jewelers and silversmiths in this city led a representative body of the leading silverware manufacturers of the country to make a formal protest yesterday to the authorities of the city and State against the laxity of police protection in New York. So incensed were the members of the Sterling Silver Manufacturers' Association, who were meeting yesterday in the Waldrof-Astoria Hotel, against the killing of Mr. Andrews, whom all regarded as a fine type of manhood, that a resolution calling upon Governor Smith and Mayor Hylan for immediate action was passed unanimously. It is printed on the first page of today's TIMES.

The resolution, which was proposed by Cleveland A. Dunn of Graff, Washbourne & Dunn of this city, was immediately seconded by H. B. Dominick of Dominick & Haff. A brief discussion followed in which the fine quality of Mr. Andrews's character was touched upon as well as the speakers' beliefs that it is only because of the bad police system in this city that so many bold hold-ups and murders are being committed. When H. A. Macfarland of the Silversmiths Company, President of the organization, called for a vote on the resolution the forty men who were present jumped to their feet without hesitancy and voted in the affirmative. No one remained seated.

Discussing the resolution, Mr. Macfarland declared that the jewelers and silversmiths have been hardest hit in the present crime wave of all the various industries. He added that if no immediate action is taken in response to the resolution, which will be forwarded to Mayor Hylan and Governor Smith this morning, vigilance committees would have to be formed to cope with the situation.

PRISONER KILLED, 3 HURT IN BATTLE

Deputy Sheriff, Chauffeur and Alleged Burglar Wounded in Fight in Auto.

SUSPECT FIRES ON CAPTOR

Shoots Companion Dead—Arrest of Three Sequel to Many Long Island Robberies.

Special to The New York Times.

HUNTINGTON, L. I., Dec. 16.—One man was killed and three injured in a pistol battle between two officers and three alleged burglars in the heart of this village shortly before midnight. The dead man was identified by cards in his pocket as Wilbur E. Severance, 23 years old, of 1 Church Street, New Rochelle, N. Y., a veteran of the Meuse-Argonne offensive in the World War. The injured were Deputy Sheriff Amza W. Biggs, Russell Cisco, chauffeur of an automobile in which the alleged burglars and police were riding, and James Van Norma, alias James Scott, one of the suspects.

Severance was killed by a shot aimed by one of his companions at Constable Charles Wenzel, who escaped injury in the crossfire, according to the police. Deputy Sheriff Biggs was shot in the right chest, the bullet taking a downward course and emerging from the back. Another bullet struck two fingers on his left hand. Cisco received a wound in the right shoulder and Van Norma was injured by a bullet in the face. The three were taken to the Huntington Hospital for treatment.

Early last night Tang Jorgenson, a contractor, reported to the police that four suspicious looking men accosted him on the main road to Huntington and asked for a ride, saying that they were seeking work here. He said he was unarmed at the time and feared to decline their request. Later a citizen telephoned the police that he had seen three strangers loitering near the summer home of Thomas Roulston, who controls a chain of grocery stores.

In the belief that possibly these men might have participated in a number of robberies of wealthy residents of this section, Deputy Sheriff Biggs and Constable Wenzel started in an automobile, driven by Cisco, to look for them. In front of the entrance to the cemetery, the Summer home of Mrs. Julianna Ferguson, the officers said they discovered Severance, Van Norma and a third man, who said he was James Summers of 111 East Thirty-third Street, Manhattan, leaning against Van Norma, according to the police, who wore a woman's coat.

The trio made no resistance when placed under arrest on a charge of vagrancy and took seats in the automobile, Summers and Van Norma sitting in the rear, with Biggs and Constable Wenzel. As the car, driven by the village Wenzel, left the village Wenzel noticed a pile of leaves which appeared to have been disturbed by the weight of recent gathering. He stopped the machine and discovered underneath the pile five suitcases, all of heavy weight.

"When I lifted the cover flew open and a bottle of whisky dropped out," he said. "There were also a number of valuables and articles of wearing apparel stolen from the home of Mrs. Thomas E. Jevans at East Neck.

Deputy Sheriff Biggs told a TIMES reporter tonight at his bedside that as the auto was turning from New York Avenue to Main Street Van Norma suddenly whipped out a pistol and fired at him at such a short range that the powder burned his clothing. This bullet lodged in the chest of the Deputy Sheriff. Biggs, still in the rear seat of the auto, returned the fire, but the bullet missed and Van Norma aimed a second bullet, which struck Biggs's hand.

At the first shot Wenzel, in the front seat, covered Severance with his pistol, at the same time trying to aid his brother officers. Biggs and Van Norma struggled with each other, both firing. Then came a bullet from Van Norma, according to Biggs, which killed Severance, and another wounded Cisco. Finally, Van Norma emptied his gun and was subdued by Wenzel, Biggs and Night Watchman Ireland, who ran to their assistance.

Severance's body was removed to the local morgue, while Biggs and the other wounded were taken to the hospital. In Severance's pockets were found two honorable discharges, one from Battery B, Eleventh Field Artillery, on June 14, 1919, and the other from the Fourth Company, Motor Train, Camp Holabird, Md.

Constable Wenzel described Van Norma as a walking jewelry shop. He said that among the articles of value found on his person were eight ladies' watches, all of apparently expensive make, several rings, fountain pens, stickpins and a cameo. He also had a flashlight, two revolvers and a Spanish folding dagger.

Wenzel said the other suitcases would be opened tomorrow and that residents of the section who had lost property would be invited to inspect the contents as well as the articles found on Van Norma.

SAYS MOTHER WAS ROBBED.

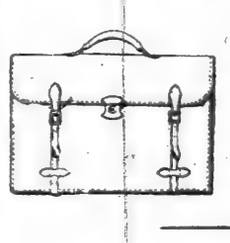
Young Man Tells Police Highwaymen Imprisoned Her in Cellar.

A well-dressed young man, who refused to tell his name to reporters, rushed into the West Forty-seventh Street police station last night and told the desk lieutenant his mother had been robbed on Wednesday night of $195 and valuable diamond jewelry in the vicinity of Eighth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street. He went on to say the robbers had dragged his mother into a cellar, beaten her and kept her a prisoner until yesterday morning. He explained that his mother was unable to tell a coherent story.

The complainant was sent to the Detective Bureau upstairs. Detectives questioned him for two hours, meantime making two journeys with him to the vicinity of the alleged crime. Neither the complainant nor the police would reveal any names or details and, so far as was learned, no record of the complaint was made in the Detective Bureau.

TIFFANY & CO.
FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET
HALL, TRAVELING AND MANTEL CLOCKS

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street
Offer Exceptional Values in
Cowhide Brief Cases
At 8.50



Sturdily made Brief Cases, with two or three pockets, extension lock, and heavy outside straps. The leather used is genuine cowhide and of good weight. Tan and Cordovan.

The Best Values in New York City
"American"
Thermos Bottles
Regularly 6.75 and 7.25
At 3.95 and 4.75



Full quart size Thermos Bottles in plain and corrugated nickel, splendid for gifts to school children and to those who do much touring.
Main Floor





OVERCOAT SALE
KNOX
At Our Uptown and Downtown Stores

Overcoats formerly priced from $70 to $85	$40
Overcoats formerly priced from $75 to $100	$50
Overcoats formerly priced from $100 to $125	$75
Overcoats formerly priced from $125 to $160	$100
Overcoats formerly priced from $150 to $225	$125

This sale includes every overcoat in our stock without reserve—Great Coats, Ulsters, Chesterfields, Gabardines and leather reversible coats.

KNOX HAT COMPANY
Incorporated
UPTOWN 452 FIFTH AVENUE AT 40TH STREET
DOWNTOWN 181 BROADWAY SINGER BUILDING

DECLARES BRITISH HIT TRADE RIVALS

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

sages," interrupted Captain Hill. "I don't suppose they do. At any rate they are all in code."

"But there is no code that can't be deciphered," said Senator Kellogg.

The Senator asked if it was possible to prevent the practice of handing over commercial messages to the British authorities.

"No," replied Mr. Carlton. "We said that we would not be responsible for the acceptance of messages and their delivery to the United States, unless certain messages were not censored. We said we would shut down the cables as a protest, and we went so far as to instruct our representative in London not to deliver messages. Then the British authorities gave us their assurance that the messages were not being deciphered and the reason why they wanted them was to keep track of who was cabling and that no information was being used for commercial advantage.

They challenged us to produce a single instance where information had been used, and we could not."

"But wouldn't the very fact that an American merchant was cabling, say, to Norway, be important information?" asked Senator Kellogg.

"Yes," said Mr. Carlton, "but if such information was being used, not many days would pass before we would hear about it."

Mr. Carlton explained that permitting the messages to go to the Naval Intelligence Bureau was simply submitting them to the "secret service," which was in honor bound not to divulge any information obtained.

Goldhammer Doubts Abuses.

Mr. Goldhammer of the Commercial Cable Company said that in July, 1919, the British Government by the terms of a landing contract granted to the Commercial Cable Company, ordered that all commercial messages be turned over to it ten days after sent. He said that he had received no complaint that the British Government was taking advantage of any information thus obtained and did not believe there was any abuse.

Quotations were read from the landing contract which provided that it was within the power of one of the Secretaries of State of Great Britain to request that messages to be turned over or that his representative should inspect the offices of the cable company.

Senator Kellogg asked Mr. Goldhammer if there was any British interest in the Commercial Pacific cable.

"I would prefer not to go into that question," said Mr. Goldhammer.

Senator Kellogg asked for the documents showing the ownership of the company.

The fact that messages sent to South America by way of the Azores over the Commercial lines, had been subject to both British and German inspection, was brought out in Mr. Goldhammer's testimony. Under the contract for a landing at the Azores, he said, his company agreed to turn over its messages to a German company, which, in turn, passed them on to the British company, which carried them to South America. In most cases the Commercial Cable Company did not actually hand the messages to the German company, Mr. Goldhammer said, but sent them to the British company and accounted for them to the German company.

After hearing more testimony on this line Senator Kellogg remarked:

"I notice that the British rights, which are retained, are far more comprehensive than those which we exercise. I don't say they go too far, but they certainly go the limit. There would seem to be some question whether our Government not only in self-defense but as a protection for the people should not exact additional requirements. It may be necessary to revise our system of granting these licenses, both as to existing cables and projected cables. Great Britain seems to grant licenses about every five years, each one more strict."

Aside from this evidence about British oversight of the cables the hearing was notable for a flare-up between Mr. Carlton and representatives of the State Department wherein direct contrary statements were made about the negotiations for the landing of the cable at Miami, Fla.

The row, which also involved Elihu Root Jr., counsel for the All-American Cables, Inc., started at the beginning of the session. Mr. Root was testifying about the struggle in progress to control the world's cable systems.

"It comes," he said, "with a background of years of study and it seems to me that we might forget that great struggle and that we should not be blinded to it by any controversy which is going on between the Western Union and the State Department."

Mr. Carlton asked: "Do you feel that the best interests of American commerce is in an American monopoly in South America?"

"I think," retorted Mr. Root, "that the best thing would be to have the Western Union and the All-America Cables go in and develop the service in opposition to the British. I don't admit that the combination of the Western Union and the British Company would put us out of business, but it is a blow to the American company to have the Western Union join with the British. To have our old allies, the Western Union, join with the British is a blow to the hope of having the American companies predominate."

In earlier testimony Mr. Carlton said: "I want to correct a statement of Elihu Root Jr., counsel for the All-America cables, to the effect that the Western Union proceed with its operations for the landing in disregard of a State Department warning. The fact is that two weeks before the landing was to be made a high official of the State Department told me that our application was coming through and that he expected the license to be in hand shortly.

"We are not down here throwing ourselves upon the ample bosom of the Senate seeking justice. We are proceeding in orderly way through the courts. If the courts fail us, of course you may find us about your legs begging for mercy."

Mr. Carlton suggested that Secretary Colby gave him assurances about the license.

"I left the conference with Mr. Colby," he said, "confident that the landing license was coming through, and that no conditions were to be attached to it, though some fugitive things were said about it."

F. K. Nielsen, a solicitor of the State Department, was a witness in the afternoon and denied the statement made yesterday by Mr. Carlton that the State Department attempted to get the British authorities at Barbados to interfere with the plans of the Western Union to carry its cables there.

The action of the State Department in calling for destroyers and marines to prevent the landing of a cable at Miami, Mr. Nielsen characterized as a meeting force with force."

He took exception to statements by Mr. Carlton that the State Department had not made known its reasons for opposing the plans of the Western Union. Work on the improvement of existing cables between Miami and Havana, said Mr. Nielsen, was stopped because "the State Department felt that the Western Union would take the course it announces it will take," and rou its proposed cable by way of Cuba in the event of being refused a landing permit for Miami. The contracts under which the existing cables were laid years ago, he said, were altered to prevent the combination of the Western Union with a foreign-owned company.

Mr. Carlton replied with a show of anger, saying he would provide information about Barbados which Mr. Nielsen did not possess.

"The State Department," Mr. Carlton went on, "did send, wor to Cuba and the American Minister went to the Cuban Government and said: 'If you permit the Western Union to land on your shore we will regard it as an unfriendly act.'

"The subject of our landing has been in the hands of the President for some time. We have made efforts to get an audience with the Executive, to get our case before him for some time. We were unableand so our only recourse is the State Department. And that school of diplomacy, which looks at you sternly and says nothing, is incomprehensible to me. They have never told us that the Western Union Company must surrender its monopolies in South America."

Mr. Nielsen made quick retort to this. "I am astonished," he said, at the statement of Mr. Carlton that the State Department directed the American Minister in Cuba to make representations to that Government, for a conversation this morning. Mr. Davis (Under Secretary of State) said to me: 'We could have struck him much harder than that had we wished to do something in Cuba which I could not do.'"

Mr. Nielsen and William R. Wallace, Assistant Solicitor, then stated that H. F. Taff, Washington representative of the Western Union, was informed definitely of the attitude of the State Department in regard to the Miami landing at a conference as early as April 28 and that Mr. Carlton attended a conference with Secretary Colby and others in

FORBIDS ASSEMBLY TO SEE MANDATES

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

declined to avail itself of this assistance the subcommittee do not think it could usefully make any detailed recommendations and advises the Assembly to leave to the Council the full and sole responsibility for whatever these mandates may contain."

Condemns Militarism in Mandates.

The conclusion of the report is rather stinging, in view of certain known mandate plans. It says:

"In the first place, the committee feels very strongly that mandates should contain no trace of militarism and that a mandatory should not be allowed to make use of its position in order to increase its military strength. Secondly, they feel quite as strongly that a mandatary must not be allowed to use its power under a mandate in order to exploit for itself or its friends the natural resources of a mandatory territory. Thirdly, they are of the opinion that the objects of the Covenant can only be fully achieved by the proper working out of mandates under organic law. They therefore think that such laws should be passed in the mandated territories as soon as possible and that before coming into force they should be submitted to the League for examination.

"Finally, they regret that owing to the position the Council has taken there has been no opportunity to publish the contents of the draft of mandates before they come into force, and they trust that if any further delay should unfortunately take place the drafts of the mandates will forthwith be published."

This shows that the committee scoffs at the reason of the Council, namely, that the Turkish treaty not being in force, mandate plans should not be discussed. What this final part of the report means may be grasped by remembering that France proposed to raise black troops in a mandate area and England has been accused of trying to monopolize the oil and other resources of Mesopotamia. The report of the committee supports the stand which President Wilson always took on mandates.

Dr. Nansen, Chairman of the subcommittee, told me tonight that he regarded as a colossal blunder the decision of the Council not to permit the Assembly to hear, as to mandates, Lord Robert Cecil, asked for a reason, replied: "There is but one reason—the stupidity of the Council."

The Council is, of course, taking its order from Paris and London. As the matter stands, the mandates are held under the League, but the Assembly, the only representative body of the League, as proved at Geneva, has no say about them. The Council, the instrument of the big powers, has sole control. Even the mandates commission to receive reports has been so shaped that it is in the firm control of the powers holding mandates.

The League thus not only has no power to give mandates, it being held that the power resides in the allied powers, but has no power to lay down the conditions of the mandates, that being done by the big powers and reported to the Council.

From conversations with many delegates I believe that nothing that has been done since the Covenant was signed has so hurt the League as this action of the big powers.

Britain and France Helped China.

Next to the mandate row at present going on, the most talked of matter here today is the election of China yesterday to the Council of the League. It has now developed that even though Balfour opposed on the floor of the committee Wellington Koo's project to get China represented, it was really England and France which in the end obtained the votes he needed. Further, even Japan voted for China on the last ballot. This is explained by the fact that England and France having voted for China, Japan could not oppose her Asiatic rival's aspirations.

There is still a great deal that is closely guarded and secret about the election which places China in so strong a diplomatic position with regard to Japan. But it seems generally agreed among the representatives of the nations not directly involved that the election of China was a notice on the part of England, France and other countries to Japan that she could not pose as the absolute dominator of the Orient.

Japan enjoys a great deal of international respect. She does not enjoy the same amount of international affection. There are other nations which have interests in China. There are nations to whom the increasing power of Japan does not bring confidence.

If this explanation of the accession of China to the Council is correct, it is evident that the election means a great deal over, above and outside the League of Nations. It may mean a new attitude by the powers of Europe toward Japan. Certainly one must be impressed by the general expression of satisfaction from so many quarters today that the nations represented have bestowed on China what appears to be a much better world position.

One must not forget that it was young Koo who engineered the plan, even if he was helped at the finish, and Koo's one idea is to get the Japanese out of China. Further, he hitches to that proposition ridding China of all foreign influence, and Koo is most friendly to the United States, where he was educated, where he was Ambassador and which he regards as by far the greatest nation in the world.

Four More States Admitted.

GENEVA, Dec. 16 (Associated Press).—The League of Nations increased its membership to forty-six States today by the admission of Bulgaria, Finland, Luxembourg and Costa Rica. None of them met with opposition, but there were some abstentions from voting on their admission, led by the French delegates, who explained that although they held no grievance against Bulgaria they lacked sufficient information and preferred not to act either way.

Armenia came up again to trouble the Assembly. To do something for Armenia has appeared to be the slogan of several members since the beginning of the meeting, including leading figures such as Lord Robert Cecil. The committee on the admission of new States having decided that Armenia could not be admitted now, Lord Robert asked the assembly at least to hold out the hope that Armenia would be adopted into the family of nations next year and to wish well to President Wilson in his mission of mediation between the Armenians and the Turkish Nationalists.

Hope in Wilson's Undertaking.

A resolution presented by Delegate N. W. Rowell of Canada, was passed expressing the hope that President Wilson's efforts would result in the saving of Armenia and the establishment of a stable Government so that she might be admitted to the League in the not far distant future.

The entire afternoon session was occupied in holding out hope to Esthonia, Lithuania and Latvia, whose applications for admission were rejected by the committee. These States found advocates in Delegates Restrepo of Colombia, Schanzer of Italy and Prince Rowleh of Persia. M. Viviani said:

"I join all those who express sympathy with or hope for the Baltic States, but there is a grave question involved. There is an article in the covenant which has made some noise in the world—Article X.—which requires the members of the League to go to the aid of a fellow member who is attacked. Now, who is ready to aid in the defense of those Baltic States? Let those who vote to admit them first make sure their Governments are ready to send troops to defend them."

On the roll call, Esthonia was rejected by 27 votes out of the 35 cast, while Latvia and Lithuania each received 5 votes out of 29.

In discussing the admission of Georgia, Lord Robert Cecil, replying to M. Viviani, said:

"South Africa will not send troops to help Austria, Bulgaria or Finland. If we have admitted these States we think Article X. should be interpreted with the risk involved. It is no obstacle to the admission of small nations, but should not be exaggerated."

Canada Watchful of Pacific.

Delegate Rowell gave notice to the Committee on New States that Canada, as a Pacific Ocean power, took a special interest in the Russian question. He declared that the question had been raised in its entirety by the proposed relations between the League and the States carved out of the former Russian Empire. Although the Baltic States had the full sympathy of Canada, he asserted, the situation in Russia might change, and the League might find itself faced by a new Government claiming access to the sea, in which eventuality the League would incur grave responsibility.

WILSON TELLS LEAGUE OF NAMING MORGENTHAU

Message Asks for Advice as to the Procedure Regarding Armenia.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16. President Wilson has notified the Council of the League of Nations that Henry Morgenthau, former American Ambassador to Constantinople, who has been designated as the President's representative in the proposed mediation between the Armenians and the Turkish Kemalists, is ready to proceed as soon as possible to carry out his mission.

This notification was sent today in a message from Acting Secretary of State Norman H. Davis to Paul Hymans, President of the Council of the League at Geneva, reading:

"The President directs me to advise you that he has designated the Hon. Henry Morgenthau as his personal representative who is prepared to proceed as soon as practicable to carry out his proffer of good offices and personal mediation in the matter of Armenia. The President, however, is still awaiting advices from the Council of the League as to the avenues through which his proffer should be conveyed and the parties with whom his representatives should get in contact as well as assurances that he may count upon the diplomatic and moral support of the principal powers represented on the Council of the League."

The President has been waiting for more than a week for the information which he desires to obtain before going ahead with the plan of mediation. It is expected that the message sent today will be met with a prompt reply from the League Council.

AUSTRIA WANTS AMERICA IN.

Mensdorff Says That Is the Deep Concern of the League.

GENEVA, Dec. 16 (Associated Press).—"Austria hopes to regain a position of prominence in the world through her entrance into the League of Nations," said Count Mensdorff-Pouilly-Dietrichstein, former Austro-Hungarian Ambassador to Great Britain, and at present Austria's chief representative in Geneva, today.

"Austria is fond of having been elected a member of the League without opposition and ready to share in the responsibilities imposed by the League," Count Mensdorff added. "The League, proving itself a sound instrument for the settlement of future difficulties among nations. The first Assembly has been characterized by seriousness and hard work.

"It is to be hoped that the great nations now remaining outside soon will be included in the membership of the League.

"Without the United States the League would fall short of its high aims. Germany also should be included in the League, so that the League may add to its influence the large part of Central Europe, thereby eliminating a possible source of discontent.

Your surplus income
Deposit it, once a week, with our Special Interest Department. Our convenient location and prompt, courteous service make systematic thrift easy.
MERCANTILE Trust Company
115 BROADWAY
(Opposite Equitable Building)
Member of Federal Reserve System

The Little Gallery
Four East Forty-Eighth Street
Special Exhibition of Handwrought Silver by ARTHUR J. STONE and OTHER MASTER CRAFTSMEN
Fine Examples of Handwrought Tea Services, Flat Silver, etc.
December 8 to 18

STEEL ERECTORS' COUNSEL ORDERED MINUTES FALSIFIED

No Record Made of Meeting to Arrange Wage Conference.

SPIES WATCHED UNION MEN

Aggressive and Defiant Detective in Contempt for Refusal to Answer.

3 SPECTATORS EJECTED

Combination of Open Shop Manufacturers to Fix Wages Admitted at Lockwood Hearing.

[illegible] handling features of a [illegible] of the Lockwood Committee's City Hall yesterday [illegible] by C. E. Cheney, [illegible] National Erectors' Association, [illegible] Drew, its counsel, [illegible] plan to falsify the Executive Committee [illegible] vision was reached [illegible] to confer with the [illegible] Steel Corporation regarding [illegible] the steel industry. Drew [illegible] Cheney, he said, to omit [illegible] names of three men who were present at the meeting. Cheney confessed he omitted all reference to the meeting.

Testimony was given concerning the [illegible] of the United States Steel [illegible] with the policy of other [illegible] who refused to sell [illegible] steel to any but those who [illegible] it under shop conditions. [illegible] President Joshua A. Hatfield of the American Bridge Company, subsidiary of the United States Steel Corporation, testified that with possibly [illegible] exceptions all its steel erection in the metropolitan territory was [illegible] done by Post & McCord, a member of the Iron League Erectors' Association, an open shop concern.

Evidence was recorded that Mr. Drew consulted with Eugene G. Grace, President of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation and James A. Farrell, President of the United States Steel Corporation, concerning a publicity campaign to prevent the unionization of the steel mills.

Three spectators were summarily ejected by Mr. Lockwood for interrupting the proceedings repeatedly, and W. W. Corlett, general solicitor, and A. L. Davis, engineer both of the American Bridge Company on the accusation of prompting witness President Hatfield, of the same organization.

Espionage System Revealed.

The espionage system practiced by steel corporations in the mills and in the ranks of the unions was thoroughly revealed. Robert J. Foster, a private detective, [illegible] maintaining an office in the same suite in the National Erectors Association [illegible] Drew, denied two [illegible] destroying record of his [illegible] and was [illegible] the inklings of the [illegible] investigation. For refusing to [illegible] the reports he [illegible] was twice adjudged in contempt, and his evidence [illegible] before the Grand Jury [illegible].

[illegible] of Indianapolis, [illegible] Bricklayers, Masons' International Union, [illegible] Slide from the Marshalltown, Iowa, [illegible] a little put "that [illegible] arranged to [illegible] his friends [illegible] the union in [illegible] $10,000-a-year [illegible] handled as "ab[illegible] of William [illegible] of the employers [illegible] last week and [illegible] that he paid $8,500 to [illegible] secretary William [illegible] Dobson for [illegible] expenses" in coming [illegible] number of occasions [illegible] expenses were paid by [illegible] Mary Dobson was en[illegible] he Posting said Dobson had advanced to [illegible] as a "brazen falsehood" [illegible] charge that he shared [illegible] between Samuel [illegible] marked yesterday. [illegible] The audience [illegible] the Aldermanic Chamber [illegible] objected the objection of Drew, and a [illegible] blows fell when he proceeded [illegible] E. M. Barstow up the [illegible]

Effort to Prove Conspiracy.

When the hearing opened with Mr. Cheney on the stand, Mr. Untermyer placed in evidence a letter tending to show that the United States Steel Corporation and the National Erectors' Association acted hand in hand. It was sent to Cheney by John W. Bouchet, [illegible] manager of the association's open shop labor bureau. The letter informed Cheney that at an executive meeting of the association in Pittsburgh a committee of which Mr. Drew was a member was delegated to see the officers of the Steel Corporation "to explain to them [illegible] relative to notifying [illegible] association before making any changes in the rate of wages, &c., on erection work in the future."

It was afterward suggested that this should not appear in the minutes," the letter continued. "Mr. Drew was instructed to see Mr. Zissing, President of the American Bridge Company, so as to arrange to take the matters up with Mr. [illegible].

The letter was dated Dec. 15, 1916. Cheney [illegible] following instructions from Bouchet, he submitted the letter to Drew, who made the following memorandum:

Memorandum from Mr. Cheney, Dec. 19, 1916. As to the minutes of the Pittsburgh meeting Dec. 14. I suggest that you merely have it appear after a general discussion of conditions, a resolution similar in form to the one sent out in my circular letter was proposed by Mr. Dean and adopted by unanimous vote. There were present at the meeting Mr. Mitchell, Mr. McClintock, Mr. McKenzie, Mr. Dean, Mr. Trotter, Mr. Earle. Mr. Hay was also present on invitation.

WALTER DREW.

Asked whether he complied with the instructions in making up the printed minutes of the meeting, Cheney said the letter would show.

Asked to see whether you complied with the instructions as to garbling and falsifying the minutes of that meeting, [illegible] what appeared up under those instructions, no minutes? A.—I made no minutes. It was sent out by a circular.

Q.—Is it true that you made no record of that meeting in the books of the National Erectors' Association? A.—There are the minutes of the Executive Committee held at Pittsburgh.

Q.—I ask you whether you complied with Drew's instructions? A.—I made no minutes of that meeting.

Q.—You absolutely eliminated the whole thing? A.—I made no minutes.

Q.—Why did you not make any minutes of that meeting? A.—Isn't that falsifying your records?

A.—Not that I know of.

Under the questioning of Mr. Untermyer the witness said that the three men present at the meeting whose names Mr. Drew instructed him to omit were Mr. Miller and Mr. Heyl of Heyl & Patterson and Mr. Drew.

Cheney denied that he had also been instructed to keep off the records all references to the United States Steel Corporation. Mr. Untermyer took him back to the "distorted" transactions and pointed out that a committee had been appointed to confer with officers of the United States Steel Corporation and that Drew, instead of having that fact noted in the minutes, ordered it eliminated.

Admits "Transparent Lie."

"That was a transparent lie, wasn't it?" asked Mr. Untermyer. "That is the record," said Cheney.

"I didn't ask you that. What he asked you to do was to perpetrate a transparent sham and falsehood and to falsify the minutes," Cheney did not answer.

"Won't you answer?" urged the examiner. "Apparently it was," admitted the witness.

"And instead of doing that you did nothing and made up no minutes; is that correct?" Mr. Untermyer asked. "That is correct."

Cheney further admitted that the Executive Committee of the association was fixing the wages of the constituent concerns, but denied they were doing it in conjunction with the United States Steel Corporation. He asserted that when the United States Steel Corporation fixed wages for its employes it became necessary for the other concerns to follow. Mr. Untermyer, disclaiming a desire to "offend," Cheney, asked whether he did not know that this was not true, but that the wage scales for structural steel workers were fixed not after the American Bridge Company fixed them but in consultation between the officers of the company and the National Erectors' Association. Cheney did not know whether this was so or not.

When Cheney persisted in denying that the National Erectors and the American Erectors had any direct relation Mr. Untermyer drew out a minute book and read a resolution showing that the National Erectors adopted a resolution calling on the American Erectors to pay $5 000 a year to pay its share of the labor bureau's costs. The American Erectors is composed of concerns erecting structural steel in the oil fields of the West and Southwest.

Another report of a meeting was read, and it was shown that Vice President Earle of the Bethlehem Bridge Corporation, was head of the National Fabricators' Association, consisting of the large steel fabricators, was present, among others.

Open-Shop Combination Fixed Wages.

Q.—So that in this open-shop, non-union organization, the employers, the erectors and the fabricators, got together and fixed standard sums for wages? A.—Yes.

Q.—By combination between the different members of the association? A.—Yes.

Q.—And they indignantly protested against the employes of the different associations getting together for the purpose of doing the same thing they themselves did, didn't they? A.—Yes, that's right.

Subsequently Cheney denied mutilating the minutes.

"I will admit it was an omission," he said. Asked whether he had a choice between writing false minutes and not writing any at all he answered: "That is apparently so."

Mr. Drew, who was sitting in the second row, arose to a point of order. Mr. Untermyer said that if Mr. Drew arose for many more questions he would ask the Sergeant at Arms to put him out. Drew attempted to speak again, and make an explanation. Mr. Untermyer called on the Sergeant at Arms to eject the lawyer.

Chairman Carson, acting instead of Senator Lockwood, who is ill, called for Sergeant at Arms Bartow. Again the lawyer attempted to get the attention of the committee. Mr. Untermyer interrupted to say that Mr. Drew's answers would be given before some other tribunal "when we get through with him." He insisted that the steel attorney be ejected.

Drew Defiant, but Is Ejected.

"Let him come and put me out," declared Drew, defiantly.

"I direct the Sergeant at Arms to remove the man from the room," said Acting Chairman Carson. Bartow approached Drew, who gathered up his brief case and overcoat and smilingly left the room.

The casting out of Mr. Corlett and Mr. Davis was more dramatic, and took place during the testimony of Mr. Hatfield, the next witness.

Senator Abraham Kaplan, who sat in a chair on the dais usually occupied by the President of the Board of Aldermen, suddenly jumped to his feet, and, pointing his finger at a gray-haired man in the third row, exclaimed, "Mr. Untermyer, that man is coaching the witness. I mean you, with the black hair and black tie, sitting next to Mr. Grace. This man today pointing to the witness and Mr. Grace yesterday have been taking their answers to every one of your questions from the man to whom I am pointing."

"Everything here tells me the same thing," said Mr. Untermyer.

Mr. Hatfield said the man was Mr. Corlett. "He has been forming 'yes' and 'no' with his lips after every question," Senator Kaplan declared. "I have been watching him all the morning."

Mr. Corlett arose, quite disturbed by the attention he was attracting.

"I think he had better leave the room," said Mr. Untermyer. "He is not wanted as a witness and he is unsatisfactory as a spectator."

Corlett and Davis started to walk toward Mr. Untermyer. The latter would not listen to Mr. Corlett. "There is no argument about it. You are to go," he said firmly.

Sergeant at Arms Bartow drew near and the American Bridge Company's solicitor and engineer left the room.

Continuing his examination of Mr. Hatfield, who asserted that he did not know of any policy to sell steel only to concerns putting it up on the open-shop plan, Mr. Untermyer obtained the admission that the American Bridge Company did little, if any, erecting in the metropolitan area, but gave the work to Post & McCord, an open shop concern. This admission was considered highly important by Mr. Untermyer in view of the information that the United States Steel Corporation's subsidiary acted on wage matters with the National Erectors Association and also arranged publicity plans with that organization.

Captain Foster, a short, pudgy man, was an aggressive and defiant witness from the beginning. He admitted employing about forty-five operatives, some of whom went into the steel mills to report on union activities. He did work for the National Erectors Association and others whose names he refused to give. He based his refusal to furnish any of the reports he made to Drew or others, on the ground that to do so would endanger the lives of his operatives. There were not more than 500 reports, he said, although at first he asserted there were only about twenty.

Foster declared in a loud voice that there was nothing in his life he was ashamed of, as he was a patriotic American.

"Have you served a term in jail—a year?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

Foster became confused and agitated. "Me, sir?" he asked.

"Yes."

Mr. Untermyer demanded an answer. Foster said that twenty-one years ago he was court-martialed in the Philippines on a drunk and disorderly charge and was sentenced to a year's imprisonment. Since then he lived a life "without fear of reproach from any one."

Mr. Untermyer produced a sheet containing Foster's alleged record and read it. It included a dishonorable discharge from the army after a year of hard labor in the Philippines, discharge from the police force at Panama for drunkenness and trying to collect money from saloonkeepers and gamblers, malicious shooting in Louisville in 1907, also contempt of court, disorderly conduct and indictment for assault and battery in Louisville in 1909; fined $200 for assault, discharged from the Louisville police force five times for conduct unbecoming an officer.

Foster asserted that the alleged record was "false and malicious." Asked to state at what respect, he denied he had been discharged from the Panama police force for drunkenness and attempting to collect money from saloon keepers. He shouted that in Louisville he was arrested on "trumped-up charges by Democratic saloon keepers who had always been in the habit of stuffing the ballot boxes and making Kentucky safe for the Democratic Party." He was a father of six children, he said, and added: "I don't give a rap for you or for any other living being. And you cannot blackmail me into answering questions in this room. I am willing to go to jail for my ideals."

Subsequently Foster admitted that Bessie L. Crocker, an employe of the Iron League, was also employed by him in the office he rented from the association. He told about the work of his operatives in the mills, persisting in his refusal to divulge their identities. Six men, he said, were in New Jersey doing work on election fraud cases.

In response to one question, he asserted that the investigation was merely a "fishing expedition."

The members of the committee took offense at the volunteered statement, and Acting Chairman Carson ordered the remark stricken from the record at the request of Mr. Untermyer.

"There is nothing he would have any respect for," commented the examiner.

"Not for you, sir," shouted Foster, rising from his chair.

"I am very much complimented," retorted Mr. Untermyer. "I don't want the respect of your kind."

Refuses to Name Operatives.

Adjournment was taken until the afternoon session, when Foster still refused to deliver the reports he had been subpoenaed to take to the committee. He was twice adjudged in contempt for refusing to answer questions and refused to purge himself even though notified that his evidence of contumacy would be placed before the Grand Jury.

The first of the Indianapolis labor men to testify was Secretary Dobson, who denounced as a "brazen falsehood" the charge of Secretary Fertig of the Marble Industry Employers Association that he had received money gifts for "expenses" from the association. The union paid traveling expenses of the officers, he said.

Dobson was followed by Preece, a stout, jovial man about 50 years old, who immediately acknowledged receiving from Fertig a cashier's order for $1,500. It was brought out that of the half a dozen or more transactions involving checks the cashier's check was the only one made out to Preece, and it was also the only one which he admitted receiving.

Preece said he took the check "for what it was given, to pay expenses at the biennial convention of the union at Cleveland Oct. 11, 1920." The money "went fast," he said, and was used "for refreshments and entertaining my friends."

President Bowen then took the stand and Mr. Untermyer showed that an alleged payment of $1,000 was made to him at about the same time in December, 1919, when Fertig asserted he paid the union official $3,000 "for expenses."

The committee will resume its hearings at 10:30 this morning at the City Hall.

Following his testimony yesterday before the Lockwood Committee, Robert J. Foster issued a statement in which he admitted he was court-martialed in the Philippines and declared he was honorably discharged from the Panama police force, and had letters from General George W. Goethals and other officials to prove it.

He made public a character testimonial from Mayor J. F. Grimstead of Louisville, dated Nov. 12, 1909, and other Louisville officials.

"There are times in any man's life when he may be arrested or indicted when he is absolutely guiltless of the crime with which he is charged," he said. During the war, he asserted, he obtained evidence against German plotters implicated in blowing up a powder plant and who planned to poison foodstuffs going to American soldiers.

RENT LAWS UPHELD BY FEDERAL COURT

Judges Hough, Mayer and A. N. Hand Sustain Constitutionality of Measures.

The United States District Court here decided yesterday that the State housing laws were constitutional and would remain so as long as the emergency which caused their creation remained. The decision was in a suit brought by the Marcus Brown Holding Company of Newark, N. J., to restrain public officials from preventing the expulsion of Marcus Feldman and Benjamin and Frank Schwartz, who occupy rooms in property belonging to the plaintiff in West Ninety-first Street, so that they could be let to other tenants at an increased rental.

Because a constitutional question was involved the case was heard by three judges, Hough, Mayer and A. N. Hand. It was stated that the plaintiff would carry the case to the United States Supreme Court.

Judge Hough wrote the opinion, which held that the State was justified in exercising its police power whenever an emergency existed and that shelter was as necessary as bread, and tenants should not be placed at the mercy of landlords.

The decision explains that the plaintiff has a right to institute the proceedings because if any attempt had been made to eject the tenants civil suits might have followed and the plaintiff be subjected to liability. Part of the opinion reads:

"A knowledge of pre-existing law and the words of the statutes are enough to prove that the legislative desire is to maintain for about two years the September status of the kind of dwellings in which, by common knowledge, lives the major portion of the population of the metropolitan district. This status is to be maintained against the landlords' will if necessary, but at the option of the tenants, for the landlord cannot select his tenants, but must accept what may be called the statutory tenants. Every such tenant will be as free to depart and choose another landlord as he was before September, 1920.

"To prevent owners from rendering their apartments uncomfortable for, if not uninhabitable by, the unwelcome statutory occupants," it reads, "any intentional diminution or denial of the ordinary facilities or conveniences of apartment house life is made a misdemeanor on the part not only of the owner but substantially of every person connected with the management of the building, if intentional failure to furnish such facilities can be proved against him."

Concerning the reasons for the enactment of the housing laws the opinion recalled the fact that the war hindered the erection of dwellings sufficient to meet the growing demands of the people and stated that it was the province of the Legislature to make provision for the comfort or general welfare of the community.

"We must hold," the opinion reads, "that the business of renting out living space is as suitable for statutory regulation and as much affected with a public interest as fire insurance."

In conclusion the opinion states that nothing is left of the plaintiff's contention except the claim of inequality in legal protection which is answered by the statement that an emergency existed, that the resultant evils threatened to spread, and that the legislative remedy, although new in America, was properly applied.

TREBLE CITY'S RENT FOR COURT CHAMBERS

Controller Craig Suggests Paying $100,000 Instead of $125,000 Demanded.

Supreme Court Justices Leonard A. Giegerich and Philip J. McCook appeared before the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund yesterday and requested that action be taken regarding the Justices' chambers, which are now in the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank Building, opposite the court house on Chambers Street. The lease for the chambers expires on May 1, 1921, and some months ago the agent for the premises notified the commission that the rent would be increased from $47,418 a year to $125,000.

The Justices declared the rent entirely too high and said they would move to any other building if one could be found. Park Commissioner Gallatin offered to move his department from the Municipal Building to the Arsenal Building in Central Park, where it was formerly located, but it was found that legislation would be required to establish the Justices' chambers in the Municipal Building and the plan was abandoned.

Controller Craig declared he saw no way out except to renew the lease for the present rooms for two years at a yearly rental of $100,000 with a ninety-day cancellation clause. The Mayor told the Justices that if the Commission took action on the matter "the World and some other newspapers will call for a Legislative investigation."

"No they won't," replied the Controller. "They will call for the completion of the new court house."

The Controller's resolution was adopted.

CALDER TO EXTEND BUILDING INQUIRY

Senate Allows Committee to Employ Counsel to Expedite Investigation.

WOULD COVER THE COUNTRY

Kenyon Says They Plan to Do for Nation What Lockwood Committee Is Doing for New York.

Special to the New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—The Senate Committee on Reconstruction, of which Senator Calder of New York is Chairman, is to continue its nation-wide investigation of the housing problem, the investigation to include the building trades situation in practically every State in the union. For the purpose of expediting the investigation the Senate today voted, without division, permission to the committee to employ counsel, with the limitation that the salary to be paid shall not exceed $5,000.

The position of the Senate in the present building trades situation was outlined by Senator Thomas of Colorado.

"I am not," said Senator Thomas, "in favor, as a general proposition, of the investigating committees because they accomplish very little and promote the tendency to investigate everything, well founded or otherwise, but the purpose of the Senator from New York in asking for this is prompted by, and is certainly justified by, the disclosures which have been made by the New York legislative investigating committee under the direction of Mr. Samuel Untermyer.

"This committee has disclosed the existence of one or two ironclad combinations or conspiracies against trade and against social and economic conditions that may surprise some, but which seem to me to be the direct outgrowth of the tendencies of the time. The remarkable and startling fact disclosed by that committee is that this combination is not peculiar to New York.

See Same Conditions Elsewhere.

"There seems to be in every city sufficiently large to justify it a similar coalition between a few owners of certain classes of material, a few building concerns and a few labor unions; and the combination enables the beneficiaries of it to work their will in every community where they exist, to dictate prices, to determine who shall and who shall not receive contracts and at what figures, to declare strikes and to create at any time differences between employe and employer and to levy blackmail by the hundreds of thousands of dollars.

"Now, I am an open shop man. I believe in it thoroughly and must believe in it as long as I believe in equality of opportunity in a country like this. But the combination of steel producers which proposes to dictate to purchasers what course they shall pursue with regard to employment and to refuse to supply material, at whatever cost, to those who will not comply with their requirements, discloses another combination quite as vicious and unholy, as indefensible as any combination I ever heard of.

"I have reason to believe that this committee, if given authority to investigate, will bring these things to the attention of the public and thereby set in operation the machinery of the courts of justice and punish this system of profiteering, which is little short of infamous because housing conditions everywhere are not up to the demand for shelter, and the one justification which the landlords of the country now have lies in the fact that they must pay an enormous excess price in the shape of blackmail for every brick that is laid, every column of steel that is erected and every bag of cement that is used in construction.

"I should like to have the Senator's idea," Senator Kenyon interjected, "as to how the steel people, for instance, can be compelled to sell steel to any particular person."

"I do not know," Senator Thomas replied. "I know that the Supreme Court of the United States has held frequently that whenever a concern grows so large as to affect the public seriously it is charged with public interest."

"That is exactly what I have been contending for the last week or two as to the packers, and I have not been able to get very much support," Senator Kenyon added.

Wants Corporations Licensed.

The alleged practice of many corporations taking State charters in a State and then extending their operations to other States with less rigorous laws was condemned by Senator Thomas in vigorous terms. He concurred in the recommendation made by President Wilson in his recent message to Congress for legislation requiring all corporations engaged in interstate commerce, "either to incorporate or secure licenses from the Federal Government."

Senator Kenyon, a member of the Calder committee, said that the situation in New York as developed by the State investigation "has been such as to shock the conscience of all citizens who have read the proceedings of the committee."

"They cannot extend their work beyond the State," he added. "I have no authority to state that our committee will co-operate with them in any way, but we shall try to see whether this same plan of blackmail that has gone on in New York has been carried into the other States and resulted, through this building trust, in preventing the building of homes."

PUNISH DRAFT EVADERS, THE LEGION DEMANDS

House Committee Is Told War Department Neglects Prosecuting 150,000 Offenders.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Charges that the War Department is taking no action looking to the prosecution of draft evaders and deserters were filed with the House Judiciary Committee today by representatives of service men's organizations. The committee is considering a bill to extend the statute of limitation from three to six years for prosecution of violators of the Selective Service act.

William C. Murdock, Department Adjutant of the American Legion for Pennsylvania, and H. H. Raege of the Legion's legislative committee declared that the War Department "has done nothing but promise prosecutions" of more than 150,000 draft evaders and deserters under military regulations. They also charged that the Department of Justice was making little progress in dealing with another 150,000 men who, they claimed, had violated the service act, but were punishable under criminal statutes rather than military laws.

Mr. Murdock submitted a letter signed by Adjt. Gen. Harris to former Provost Marshal General Crowder, in which he said that the War Department had records of 489,003 deserters falling under military regulations. Of these, the letter said, 163,738 had been dealt with under military regulations prior to Feb. 28, 1919. There remained, however, 173,911 individual cases of which the War Department had made no disposition prior to last Sept. 1, according to the letter.

Chairman Volstead of the committee said he believed the War Department should be called upon for information concerning its disposition of these cases. The committee, however, left the matter in the Chairman's hands, and he said later that he expected to write to Secretary Baker for the information.

AUSTRIAN FOOD CREDIT.

Assembly to Consider Granting 4 Billion Crowns for 3 Months.

VIENNA, Dec. 15.—The Finance Commission of the National Assembly today authorized a bill granting the Government an additional credit of 8,000,000,000 crowns to cover extraordinary expenses for the first three months of 1921, of which sum 4,000,000 000 crowns will be used in payment for foodstuffs which will be sold to the public at a loss. Last week a credit of 6,000,000,000 crowns was granted the Government.

Newspapers of all shades of political opinion make pessimistic prophecies as to the future of the country. The Neues Abendblatt says: "How long will this shower of billions last? The State will soon collapse. The Entente must hurry and furnish credits, otherwise it will be faced by chaos, causing the collapse of all its neighboring countries."

WARSAW LEGATION ROBBED.

Thieves Get $5,000, Chiefly Belonging to United States Government.

WARSAW, Dec. 14.—It was learned today that the American Legation here was robbed Monday night of approximately 3,000,000 marks, or about $5,000, and several valuable documents. Chests and safes in a large room on the second floor of the old palace occupied by the legation were broken open.

The theft was not discovered until Tuesday morning. The stolen money belonged chiefly to the United States Government, but various attachés of the legation also lost some money. The robbery was preceded by a series of petty thefts from individual members of the legation staff some weeks ago. A Polish employe of the legation has been arrested in connection with the robbery.

COURT REVERSES HARRISS.

Frees Man Summoned When Taxi Door Bumped Commissioner's Auto.

The swinging door of a taxicab bumped the automobile of Special Deputy Police Commissioner John A. Harriss while he was threading his way through the Broadway traffic jam on Monday night and made him angry. So he had the taxi passenger, Arthur Ettlinger, a real estate man of 317 East Eighteenth Street, summoned to the Traffic Court for blocking traffic, a charge which Magistrate Cobb did not think justified. Ettlinger was discharged and went away threatening to sue the Commissioner for false arrest.

PENSION FOR KING NICHOLAS

Jugoslav Cabinet Grants Ex-Ruler of Montenegro 300,000 Francs a Year.

BELGRADE, Dec. 14.—The Cabinet today granted a yearly allowance of 300,000 French francs to ex-King Nicholas and his wife. Previous to their deposition the King and Queen had reigned over Montenegro for more than fifty years.

Mercantile Marine Gives Dividend.

The International Mercantile Marine Company's Directors, at a meeting held at 9 Broadway yesterday, declared the regular 2 per cent. semi-annual dividend on the company's preferred stock, payable Feb. 1, 1921, to stock of record at the close of business Jan. 14, 1921.

HELD INDIAN PLOTTERS.

United States Court Sustains Jail Conviction of Illegal Work Here.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—The United States Court of Appeals today affirmed the three sentences of Hasarnbs Lal Gupta, George Paul Boehm, Albert A. Wehde and Gustav H. Jacobson, convicted of fomenting a revolution in India and organizing a military expedition against England. They were tried before Judge Landis.

The four, with Baron von Reiswitz, former German Vice Consul in Chicago, were indicted June 2, 1917. The Baron had returned to Germany prior to that date and escaped trial. The plan for the proposed revolution was concocted in Chicago in 1915, the Government contended. Wehde received funds from Baron von Reiswitz here and started to India by way of Siam and Manila. At Manila he with several other defendants is said to have chartered a boat and obtained arms and ammunition from an interned German vessel.

SOVIET ORDERS FOR CANADA

"Many Millions of Dollars' Worth" Reported by Montreal Man.

MONTREAL, Dec. 16.—F. A. Boyer, a Montreal business man who has just returned from England, where he was in close touch with Leonid Krassin, special trade envoy of the Russian Soviet Government, stated today that many millions of dollars worth of Russian orders had been obtained for Canadian manufacturers.

Mr. Boyer's visit to London was for the purpose of consolidating the position of the $6,000,000 contract obtained by his firm from Ludwig C. A. K. Martens last June in New York, where Martens was endeavoring to buy supplies for the Russian Soviet Government in the United States.

WARNED BY KU KLUX KLAN.

Foes of Anniston Vice Crusade Had Threatened Governor Kilby.

ANNISTON, Ala., Dec. 16.—Typewritten notices signed "Ku Klux Klan" and purporting to have been issued by the local branch of that organization, warning "Reds, undesirables and anonymous letter writers" that the Klan stood ready to back up constituted authority in a vice crusade launched a week ago, were found posted today in different parts of the city.

The action is believed by city and State officers to have been taken because of anonymous letters received this week by George W. Rutledge, Chief of Police, in which not only he but Governor Kilby were threatened if there was not a decrease in the activity of Anniston officers.

Dollar at 84% Premium in Brazil.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Dec. 15.—The continued drop in the exchange rate is causing much concern in financial and commercial circles here. The dollar on sight was quoted today at the equivalent of $1.34.

THE TWO MOST IMPORTANT PAPERS

THE two most important uses to which paper is put are for making currency and securities.

Currency is money, the circulating medium, passed from hand to hand, folded and re-folded, worn by pocket and wallet, yet outlasting all vicissitudes, and turning up triumphantly at the end of its career with its engraved message intact.

Securities are promises to pay money. While their wear and tear are not so great, the time they must endure is frequently greater. It is highly necessary that they should have that crisp, valuable, responsible look. A single piece of paper is frequently sponsor for the payment of one thousand, and even ten thousand dollars.

The Crane mills are successful in making paper for both these exacting purposes.

More of CRANE'S Bank Note Paper is used in making paper money than any other paper in the world. More of CRANE'S Bond is used in making government and other securities than any other paper in the world.

100% selected new rag stock
119 years' experience
Bank notes of 22 countries
Paper money of 438,000,000 people
Government bonds of 18 nations

Crane's

BUSINESS PAPERS

WHICH DO YOU WANT?
A STOCK THAT MAY GO UP!
OR A BOND THAT WON'T GO DOWN?

DIRECTORS:

FRANK BAILEY, Vice-Pres., Title Guarantee and Trust Company
ANDREW D. BAIRD, Pres., Williamsburg Savings Bank
CHAS. S. BROWN, Trustee, Mutual Life Insurance Co.
CLINTON D. BURDICK, Second Vice-Pres., Title Guarantee and Trust Co.
EDWARD C. DELAFIELD, President, The Bank of America.
WILLIAM M. GREVE, Vice-Pres., Realty Associates Investment Corp.
CROWELL HADDEN, Pres., Brooklyn Savings Bank
LOUIS J. HOROWITZ, Pres., Thompson-Starrett Co.
EDWARD T. HORWIT, Secty., Williamsburg Savings Bank
CLARENCE H. KELSEY, Pres., Title Guarantee and Trust Company
CLIFFORD S. KELSEY, Vice-Pres., Realty Associates.
FREDERICK POTTER, Pres., O. B. Potter Properties, Inc.
JAMES G. WENTZ, Director, Realty Associates
WM. H. WHEELOCK, Pres., Brown-Wheelock Co., Inc.

Prudence Bonds
A FORM OF INVESTMENT AS OLD AS THE PYRAMIDS AND AS STRONG

Denominations $1000, $500 and $100

MOST securities are bought in the hope that they may go up. Prudence-Bonds are bought with the assurance and a guarantee that you will get back every dollar you invest in them, and that you will get your interest meantime.

They are not a speculation, but an investment. They do not fluctuate with sentiment, they stand firm as a rock with safety.

Behind them are selected first mortgages on income-earning properties of a high type, these mortgages being systematically reduced by serial payments, while the buildings themselves remain in their entirety as protection for the loan until every dollar has been repaid and the mortgage is discharged.

But that is not all!

The guarantee behind Prudence-Bonds pledges every dollar of our capital and surplus as additional security for Prudence-Bondholders.

Put your January funds into any of the following maturities:

		July 1925	January 1928
		January 1926	July 1928
July 1921	July 1923	January 1926	January 1929
January 1922	January 1924	July 1926	July 1929
July 1922	July 1924	January 1927	January 1930
January 1923	January 1925	July 1927	July 1930

Write for Booklet K-108

WE PAY THE 4% NORMAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX

REALTY ASSOCIATES INVESTMENT CORPORATION

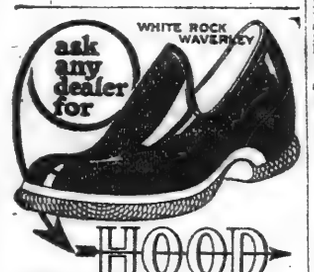
31 Nassau Street, New York 162 Remsen Street, Brooklyn

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY, Trustee of this Issue

Offices
AND
Floors
Bush Terminal Building
130 West 42nd Street
CROSS & BROWN CO.
16 E. 41st St. Murray Hill 7100

Entirely Devoted to Art
EHRICH BUILDING
707 FIFTH AVE. at 55th Street
KAZANJIAN STUDIOS
Art Photography
at your home or in our studios
KOUCHAJKI FRERES
EXHIBITION OF
Rakka and Persian Faiences, Miniatures, Greek and Roman Bronzes, Ancient Glass and other Art Objects
JOHN SPARKS of LONDON
Chinese Works of Art
Small curios in jade and porcelain suitable as Christmas Gifts
EHRICH GALLERIES
Old Masters
Paintings of the Madonna by Early Masters
Crayon Portraits by F. T. Weber
Art Jewelry by F. G. Hale

Handwoven Novelties Moderately Priced
Bags Purses
Table Runners
Luncheon sets of linen
Luncheon sets of raffia
Girdles Tea Trays
Cushions Sandwich Trays
Sashes Baskets
The Lighthouse Salesroom
111 East 59th Street
(Established 1906)
THE NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR THE BLIND



HOOD
White Rock Rubbers
Gray TIRE TREAD Soles
PRESSURE CURED
Outwear any other color sole in all kinds of hard service
HOOD RUBBER PRODUCTS CO. INC.
134 DUANE STREET
(WHOLESALE ONLY)


Xmas Tree OUTFITS
8 Lights Beautiful Colored Lasting Tungsten Lamps. Reg. Value $4.00 SPECIAL $2.75
For Battery, $2.50
VICTORY IRON
Special Guaranteed Suitable Xmas Gift
Reg. Value $7.50 OUR PRICE $4.75


PERCOLATORS
(Hot Point)
Heavily Nickeled and Durable. Unusually Fine Xmas Gift. Reg. Value $15.00. Extra Special $12.50
Variety Electric Trains and Other Electrical Specialties at Reduced Prices.
Electrical & Engineering Corp.
716 8th Ave. (45th) Bryant 6874

DIAMONDS-WATCHES
Fine Jewelry
Christmas Gifts
SELECT NOW
From our immense stock
DIAMONDS RANGING $25 TO $1,000
ON CREDIT
Strictly confidential No red tape
Small Weekly or Monthly Payments
CALL OR SEND FOR XMAS CATALOG
ROYAL DIAMOND & WATCH CO.
25 MAIDEN LANE, 6th FLOOR
OPEN EVENINGS TILL 8 O'CLOCK

DEPORTED TO RUSSIA

Belongs to Body Seeking Overthrow of This Government, Decision Holds.

NOT "ACCREDITED OFFICIAL"

Announced Aims of Soviet and Third Internationale Accepted as Sufficient Evidence.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The United States Government today ordered the deportation to Russia of Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, so-called Ambassador of the Russian Bolshevist Government to the United States, on the broad general grounds that he is affiliated with an organization that seeks the "overthrow of the United States Government by force and violence."

The organization of which he is a member and because of which he has been ordered deported, is the Soviet Government of Russia. In announcing the decision of the United States Government, William B. Wilson, Secretary of the Department of Labor, whose action has the approval of President Wilson, declared it could not be controverted that Martens was an official of the Russian Soviet Government and that it advocates the overthrow of the American Government.

It was claimed in behalf of Martens that he was a citizen of Germany. Although the question of whether Martens is a Russian or a German citizen does not affect the consideration of his presence in the United States in violation of law, the Department of Labor decided that Martens was a Russian.

The decision made public today directs that the Commissioner General of Immigration take Martens into custody and deport him to Russia at the expense of the United States Government. Orders were further given that Martens be treated with the utmost courtesy and have the best available accommodations in transit.

Improper Propaganda Admitted.

"The Soviet Government," Secretary Wilson decided, "conducts a propaganda in the United States for the purpose of creating an insurrection to overthrow the Government of the United States by force and violence.

"It is further shown," the decision says, "that Lenin has proposed to withdraw the propaganda in turn for political and commercial recognition and intercourse between Russia and the United States. If there was no improper propaganda being conducted, there would be nothing to withdraw.

"Martens is an official of, and therefore a member of, or affiliated with, the Soviet Government, an organization that entertains a belief in, teaches or advocates the overthrow by force of the Government of the United States, and this fact, taken in conjunction with his expressed belief in and personal approval of the Third Internationale, proves that he believes in the overthrow by force or violence of the Government of the United States."

The Martens case has been pending a year. A warrant for his arrest was issued Jan. 2, 1920, but was not served for some time because of the fact that Martens was in charge of the Senate Committee investigating Bolshevist propaganda. The Senate hearing was concluded on March 20. Martens surrendered himself immediately upon conclusion of the latter through his counsel, former Senator Thomas W. Hardwick of Georgia. Martens continued in custody of ex-Senator Hardwick upon agreement of the latter to produce him at any time upon request of the department. Preliminary hearing of the case was held on March 31 by Louis F. Post, Assistant Secretary of Labor. At that hearing Inspector A. P. Schell, law officer at Ellis Island, was assigned to conduct the case. Testimony was taken upon thirteen different occasions in New York and in Washington between March 31 and Oct. 13. Oral argument in the case was begun by counsel on Dec. 7.

The decision in the Martens case, which was announced by Secretary Wilson, begins by quoting the law of Oct. 16, 1918, which is applied. The question whether Martens can claim standing as an "accredited representative" of a foreign government is discussed at length and precedents cited.

The decision says:

"No one can be accredited official of a foreign government within the meaning of the law unless he be accredited, authorized and received as such by the President of the United States before his status as an accredited official is complete."

Application of the Law to Martens.

Having dismissed this contention, the decision goes on:

"We may therefore proceed to a consideration of the facts in the case, bearing in mind that there is nothing in our immigratino laws that require the deportation of any alien because he believes in, teaches or advocates socialism, communism, syndicalism, a Soviet form of Government, a dictatorship of the proletariat, abolition of property rights, or any other change in our political or social structure, or who belongs to an organization that believes in, teaches or advocates these things, if he does not entertain a belief in, teach, or advocate the use of force or violence to overthrow the Government of the United States or belong to an organization that does so. The essence of the deportation provisions of the immigration laws in their application to this class of cases is the belief in, teaching or advocacy of the use of force or violence to overthrow the Government of the United States.

"The essential facts in the case of Martens are these: He was born, raised and educated in Russia, of German parents long resident in Russia but who were never naturalized. He was recognized by the laws of Russia as being a German subject. He was imprisoned in Russia for three years and then deported to Germany because of revolutionary activities against the Czar's Government. He continued his revolutionary activities after deportation. He was a German subject at the time of his arrival in the United States in 1916. He testifies that he was made a Russian citizen by the Provisional Government in May or June, 1917, while he was residing in this country. In the certificate by G. Tchicherin, People's Commissar for Foreign Affairs, dated Jan. 2, 1918, announcing Martens's appointment as its representative. This language is used: 'That Russian Citizen Ludwig Christian Alexander Karlovitch Martens, who resides in the United States of America, is appointed the representative of the People's Commissariat of Foreign Affairs in the United States of America.'

Soviet Preaches Violence.

"The Soviet Government of Russia believes in, teaches and advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States by the use of force and violence, not by the process of military invasion but by conducting propaganda to stir up insurrection. It has appropriated money for that purpose. In the decereee of December, 1917, the Soviet Government said:

"'The Soviet of the People's Commissaries considers it necessary to come to the assistance of the left international wing of the labor movement of all countries, absolutely independent from the fact whether these countries are at war with Russia or in alliance, or are maintaining a neutral condition. With these aims the Soviet of the People's Commissaries desires to assign for the needs of the revolutionary international movement for the disposition of the foreign representatives of the Commissariat for Foreign Affairs, 2,000,000 rubles.'

The platform of the Third International is quoted and the call wor worldwide revolution by violence. The decision continues:

"With such definitions before us of what is meant by the revolutionary struggle, every reference to the revolution takes on the significance of force and violence against the existing machinery of government. There is an abundance of evidence showing the use of the term by Martens, Lenin, Trotzky, many other officials of the Soviet Government, the Russian Communist Party, and the Third International."

An order to the Red Army and Red Fleet, issued by Trotzky, is quoted to show close co-operation between Soviet Government and the International.

"It will thus be seen," continues the decision, "that the Soviet Government itself claims to be a dictatorship of the proletariat, through its Minister of War officially accepts the Third International as the highest and authoritative institution of the world working class, and pledges the Red army and navy not to deceive the expectations and hopes of the Third International, and orders them forward under the flag of the world working class.

Martens's Activity Here.

"There is no evidence to show that Martens has personally made any direct statement of a belief in the use of force or violence to overthrow the United States, nor is there any evidence that he has ever distributed or caused to be distributed any literature containing any propaganda of that character, except the evidence to the effect that he attended meetings where revolutionary sentiments were expressed, employed people in his office who had been convicted under the Espionage act, avowed his belief in the Third International, published a statement ending with the words 'Long live the Third International!' and signed himself 'Representative of the Russian Soviet Government.'

"Martens asserts that he is a revolutionist, has always been a revolutionist, but by that he means a Russian revolutionist, and that he never touched upon internal conditions of America. He has been absent from Russia since 1909, a date long before the Russian Communist Party or the Third International was organized. He could not have presented himself physically for admission to the Russian Communist Party, and there is no evidence to show that he has ever been otherwise admitted or that he is connected with any organization affiliated with the Third International other than the fact that he is an official of the Soviet Government. It is therefore concluded that he is not a member of or affiliated with the Russian Communist Party or the Third International.

"That he is an official of the Soviet Government of Russia is not controverted. The Soviet Government conducts a propaganda in the United States for the purpose of creating an insurrection to overthrow the Government of the United States by force and violence, as has already been pointed out. It is further shown that Lenin has proposed to withdraw the propaganda in turn for political and commercial recognition and intercourse between Russia and the United States. If there was no improper propaganda being conducted there would be nothing to withdraw.

MARTENS TO INFORM MOSCOW.

Attorney Says Soviet May Decide to Carry Case Through Courts.

Charles Recht, attorney for Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, said last night that no action would be taken to contest the order for the deportation of Martens until Martens had communicated with the Moscow Government, informed them of the decision and asked for instructions.

"It is possible that the Soviet Government will decide to take no steps to resist the decision," said Mr. Recht. "We will do nothing until I have received the decision and it has been communicated to Moscow. I am going to Washington shortly, and it is probable that I will be asked to surrender Mr. Martens, and that arrangements will then be made for his deportation. That is the usual procedure, I believe.

"If, however, it is decided to contest the decision, the procedure will be to sue out a writ of habeas corpus in the District Court and carry it if necessary up to the Supreme Court."

Department of Justice officials here had heard of the deportation order last night, but said that no action by them would be necessary because Martens had been paroled in the custody of his counsel, and that when he was wanted demand would be made upon his counsel that he be produced.

"HOOTCH" RESTORES VOICE

"Fine Stuff," Remarks Man, Silent for a Year.

Special to The New York Times.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Dec. 16.—When one loses the power of speech "hootch" will restore it. At least this is what happened in the case of George Smith. As a result of exposure Smith lost his power of speech and for more than a year had found it necessary to use pencil and pad to express his thoughts. A friend offered a "lil shot o' hootch." Smith nodded assent, swallowed a portion and was nearly strangled, for the moonshine had a recoil like a ton of TNT.

"Fine stuff, wa'nt it?" remarked Smith's friend.

"D—d fine," commented Smith, with a strong voice.

The 1921 *Cruisette*
On Exhibition at
Motor Boat Show
GRAND CENTRAL PALACE
(December 10-18 inclusive)
Inspect this noble little craft—successor of the famous Elco Submarine Chasers.
The Cruisette Has Made Good—Best Value Ever Offered
The Elco Works
Bayonne, N. J.

Elco MOTOR BOATS

FRANKLIN SIMON MEN'S SHOPS
2 to 8 WEST 38th STREET
ECONOMY!
SOME men are ruined by reductions. They save so much money that it keeps them broke replacing the inferior things they save it on. Quality without economy is extravagance, but economy without quality is wanton waste. Some importance attaches to what one buys as well as to what one pays for it. Reductions are a good thing for the customer, but he who buys nothing else is a good thing for the house. Buy quality. By all means get reductions, but not if you have to pay for them. Inferior things are always expensive. Good things are always worth while. Franklin Simon Clothes continue to be strictly hand-tailored, and no hysteria of price-cutting can cause us to abandon our hand tailored standards.
Men's Hand-Tailored Suits . . . . . $48 to $85
Men's Hand-Tailored Overcoats . . $55 to $95
Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE


Copyright 1920, Hart Schaffner & Marx
Women's coats
tailored like a man's
Women like the fabrics and the fine tailoring that men get in clothes; they've never been able to get these things until now
We're making coats for women; tailored like men's clothes, from the same fabrics; with special style designing for women
And they cost less
You'll pay less for them than you do for other coats made for women; you get quality that you never could get before. Satisfaction or money back.
Hart Schaffner & Marx
We'll show you the Hart Schaffner & Marx coats for women. They're very stylish and very economical.
Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

No

—do not send us work from which you don't care a rap whether you get a good engraving or not.

Only *good* work interests us.

That's the only kind we do.

Color Process, Ben Day, Half Tone, Line or Combination.

Phone or write and have a representative call.

Sterling
Engraving Co.
New York

TWIN PLANTS
200 William Street
Telephone: Beekman 3000
10th Avenue at 36th Street
Telephone: Longacre 820

TODAY,—AT 2.30 P. M.

Unrestricted Sale
AT PUBLIC AUCTION
CONTINUING TOMORROW
FOR YOUR OWN HOME
The Collection of a Foreign Connoisseur
DATING FROM THE PERIODS OF
THREE FRENCH KINGS
Also Illustrating the
SPLENDOR OF OLD SPAIN
Selected with Exquisite Taste and is of Unusual Design and Gorgeous Coloring.
57TH STREET ART GALLERIES, Inc.
Alfred F. Gusweiler, Auctioneer
33 W. 57th St., N.Y. City
Plaza 6467.

Buy it from the Navy

U. S. NAVY SALE

Reduction
15%

New Wholesale Catalogue

Pipe Fittings Valves

Cocks, Crosses, Couplings, Elbows, Locknuts, Nipples, Plugs, Tees, Unions
(Brass, Iron or Steel)

Now Ready

These materials are at this Depot, Brooklyn Navy Yard, Boston, Philadelphia, Norfolk, New Orleans, Chicago, Charleston, S. C.

FIFTEEN per cent. reduction on wholesale orders (over $250). Additional discounts up to 13⅓ on large orders. These goods are all new, by well known makers; accepted by the Navy after stringent inspection.

Write or phone for price list of VALVES, etc. U. S. Navy, Board of Survey, Appraisal and Sale, 8th Floor, Navy Supply Depot, 58th & 3rd Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Telephone Sunset 8100, Ext. 385. Call at Sample Room if possible.

Eugene H. Tricou,
Lieut. Commander (S. C.), U. S. N.

Buy it from the Navy

SKATING OUTFITS FOR MEN & WOMEN

EXTRA SPECIAL
Ladies' & Boys' high grade, all leather shoes with hardened steel skates attached. (Ps to 5). Reg. $10..... **$6.75**
Men's outfits of all leather shoes, with hardened steel skates. Reg. $12. Special.. **$8.95**
TUBULAR SKATE OUTFITS....$12.50
All Other Sporting Goods at Reduced Prices
Everlast Sporting Goods Co.
275 BOWERY At Houston St. "L" Station.
OPEN EVENINGS

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw

Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.
No payment accepted unless successful
Frederic N. Whitley, Inc.
Engineers and Contractors
147 Duffield St., Brooklyn

INAUGURAL PLANS

Harding Names Publisher Chairman of Committee for Arrangements.

BALL MAY BE REVIVED

Last Was Held When Taft Became President in 1909, Wilson Refusing Twice.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Clarence R. Miller, Secretary of the Republican National Committee, announced today on behalf of Will H. Hays, Chairman of the committee, that President-elect Harding had chosen Edward Beale McLean of Washington to be Chairman of the Inaugural Committee. Chairman McLean is in favor of reviving the inaugural ball, which President Wilson refused to sanction at either inauguration.

The members of an Executive Committee besides Mr. McLean are Edward F. Colladay, Republican National Committeeman for the District of Columbia; Samuel J. Prescott, Vice Chairman of the Republican Committee of the District of Columbia; Frederick W. Upham of Chicago, Treasurer of the Republican National Committee, and Jesse L. Smith of Ohio, personal representative of the President-elect.

The position of Chairman of the Inaugural Committee carries with it great local prestige and has always been much sought after. At the inaugural ball, according to tradition and practice, the wife of the President.

Mr. McLean is 31 years old. He is the son of the late John R. McLean, owner of The Cincinnati Enquirer and of The Washington Post, to which properties the son succeeded, and is now active in The Post's management. He and his wife, who was the daughter of the late Thomas F. Walsh of Denver and Washington, are close friends of the President-elect and Mrs. Harding. They accompanied Senator and Mrs. Harding on their recent vacation jaunt to Point Isabel, Texas, and Mrs. McLean went with the Hardings on their subsequent visit to Panama.

The last inaugural ball was held on the night of President Taft's inauguration March 4, 1909.

KILLED WHILE AIDING GIRL.

Prof. R. H. Williams Struck by Speeding Auto at Scarborough.

Professor Roland H. Williams of Scarborough School, Scarborough, N. Y., was instantly killed by an automobile yesterday afternoon while helping a 13-year-old girl, Florence Merriam, cross the street in front of the school. Before the machine struck the professor he was able to throw the girl to one side. She was seriously injured, but is expected to recover at the Ossining Hospital, where she was taken.

The driver of the automobile was taken to Ossining Police Headquarters and questioned, and then to Briarcliffe, where an investigation is being conducted by Coroner Mills. The police refused last night to divulge the name of the driver, who, according to witnesses, was going at fifty miles an hour at the time of the accident.

Professor Williams formerly was an instructor in chemistry in the Horace Mann School in the Columbia University Summer School.

Arlo P. Campbell, an insurance broker, of 490 Riverside Drive, died last night in Bellevue Hospital from a fracture of the skull after falling from his automobile at Twenty-fifth Street and Third Avenue. A slight rut in the road caused the car to bounce, and Campbell, who was seated beside the chauffeur, fell to the street.

COOLIDGE AGREES TO SIT IN CABINET

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

we are all giving our thoughts to enforcing economies in both Government expenses and private living."

Asked whether he discussed Cabinet appointments with Mr. Harding, the Governor said:

"Yes, of course, that came up when Senator Harding talked with me about some of the people he was considering in that connection. Without intruding my views, I have been glad, when they were asked for by Senator Harding, to make my ideas plain to him."

A delegation of fifty business men from Hendersonville, N. C., headed by a band, came here today to invite the President-elect to spend his rest period in their section. They came blazed with badges. "Hendersonville, the all-year-round resort, the land of the skies." And their trip to Marion was made on a $4,000 subscription raised for the purpose.

Senator Harding told them that he would take their invitation under consideration and then returned to his correspondence.

Pressure From Patronage Seekers.

About one-third of the 400 or 500 letters arriving daily at Harding headquarters are begging letters from all parts of the world. Congratulatory messages are diminishing and appeals for or by office seekers are taking their place.

The President-elect has received many messages from party leaders, recommending friends for diplomatic appointments. The pressure is the stronger this year, it is thought, because many former diplomats are available for appointments.

It is said that intimations have been received from men in France that Myron T. Herrick would be welcomed back as Ambassador. He is reported to look with hesitancy on returning to France in view of doubt as to her attitude toward this country in the next two or three years. Friends say that Mr. Herrick would prefer to be Ambassador to Great Britain.

Raymond Robins has been mentioned for a diplomatic mission to Russia if a stable Government should be established there.

Friends of Governor Lowden have been endeavoring to have him made Secretary of Agriculture, but, failing that, an Ambassador.

William Hayward has friends who have brought his name before Senator Harding for appointment as an Ambassador.

Friends of Frank A. Vanderlip have approached Senator Harding asking that he appoint him Ambassador to Japan. They point out that Mr. Vanderlip has visited Japan often and is highly regarded by the Japanese. Another name mentioned for the Tokio post is that of Lloyd C. Griscom, former Ambassador there.

Charles H. Sherrill of New York, who was formerly Minister to Argentina, is being urged by his friends for appointment to a European post or to Japan.

Another New Yorker, William M. Collier, has been spoken of for Minister to Spain.

Friends of Edwin V. Morgan, now representing this country in Brazil, have approached Senator Harding urging his retention in the diplomatic service.

Senator Harding will have conferences tomorrow with William J. Bryan, Chairman Hays and Senator New.

"It is only the Arabs of the desert that affect to despise fish," runs a proverb of the far East.

Which is just another way of saying, "Sour grapes," for the Arabs affect to despise only what they cannot obtain.

Could they but taste the delicious fish cakes so temptingly served at CHILDS, they would quickly drop their affectation.

For CHILDS fish dishes with piquant sauces served at luncheon and dinner Friday treat.

Childs

Does He Like Real Style?
Give Him
THE OUTLINE OF HISTORY
By
H. G. Wells

"There is eloquence in the very chapter heads."—New York Herald.

2 vols. Ill. $10.50. *Of your bookseller or*
The Macmillan Company, New York

An Oakes Kersey.

If your Overcoat is made of an Oakes kersey, the question of another coat will not arise in years. In these days of poor materials seek safety in one of these coats. Silk lined, dark grey, in a conservative model, $65. It was worth $100.

G. N. VINCENT, 524-526 6th Ave., near 31st St.

A MYSTERY STORY with as quaint and lovely a heroine as ever graced the pages of a novel. No wonder Eugene Buckhannon realized that he had met his fate as soon as he saw Melissine Tyrone step through the door of the mysterious house. "The House with a Bad Name."—At all bookstores!

No Connection With Any Other Establishment In the World

WORTH

THIRTY-FOURTH STREET — BROADWAY-FIFTH AVENUE



REMARKABLE REDUCTION SALE

DAINTY AFTERNOON FROCKS

FOR WOMEN AND MISSES

AT UNUSUAL PRICE CONCESSIONS

HUNDREDS OF LOVELY AFTERNOON FROCKS, SELECTED FROM OUR UNUSUALLY LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK, INCLUDING TUNIC AND STRAIGHT LINE MODELS, BEADED, EMBROIDERED AND PLAIN TAILORED

CREPE GEORGETTE
TRICOTINE

CREPE SATIN
VELVETEEN

25.00

JOHN WANAMAKER

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.

The Christmas Store

Broadway at Ninth New York

One of the Greatest Compliments a Man Could Pay

to a good woman is recorded in the life of Albert, the Prince Consort, during his last illness, when he looked up into the sympathetic face of Queen Victoria, and said:

"Good little wife"

These Christmas days and nights can be made dearer and more memorable to families and friends, if we let go the best that is in us, in messages and deeds of kindness and affectionate remembrance.

Many men and women without realizing it become fossilized with come day-go days duties that they neglect to express to each other their true feelings.

Christmas times and the New Year so near are new wheels to start us again.

Many a good wife and mother will be better and happier if she hears now and then some one say:

"Good little wife," "Precious little mother"

Do try it on.
(Signed)

John Wanamaker

December 17, 1920.

Order your Christmas CAMEE Candy now

We will send it wherever you wish, wherever you wish.

It is now $1.75 pound instead of $2—delicious chocolates, caramels, candied fruits and nuts.

Decorative boxes.

Main floor, Old Building
Eighth Gallery New Bldg.

Christmas Gifts in the Lamp Store

Italian polychrome candlesticks with old gold candles, $4 pair.

Blue and antique polychrome candlesticks with blue candles, $10 pair.

Electric boudoir lamps in old ivory finish with tinted rosebuds in decoration with rose or gold silk shades, $9.

Attractive boudoir lamps in marbeleine with silk shades, $12.50, $20.50, $36.50:

Floor lamps adjustable for reading; may be raised or lowered, giving light at any angle; in finishes of old brass, bronze and Verdi green, $12, $13.50, $15, $22.

Wrought iron, polychrome-finish floor reading lamps with parchment shades, $30, $36, $55.

Solid mahogany floor lamps, $15, $22.50 up to $40.

Well made silk shades, $15 to $35.

Lovely wax candles in orange—old gold, blue—all favorite colors. 85c to $1.20 a dozen.

Second Gallery, New Bldg.

A Sale of Fine Quilts without duplicate

Searching through Central Europe last Spring we found the finest grade of down we have seen for years—so fine that it has been out of the market since before the war. (Poke your hand into the quilts when you come to the store and see how billowy they are!).

In France we procured the finest silks and satins that we could get—in old rose, pink, cardinal, blue, delft, gold, green and ivory in light and dark combinations of rich colors.

In our own sanitary factory we had this down and the silks and satins made up into the richest down quilts we could fashion—all according to American sizes, and brocaded without seam in the center; some plain appliqued and some others lace appliqued.

Into some of the quilts we placed the finest grade of wool instead of down because some people prefer wool.

These rich, soft, warm, light, luxurious quilts, without duplicate in America, are now offered in a special Christmas sale at the following prices:

Down Quilts	*Wool Quilts*
$72.50—were $115	$62.50—were $90
$112.50—were $175, $185	$72.50—were $112.50
$137.50—were $190, $235	$82.50—were $135
$183.50—were $265	

What wonderful gifts they will make!

Fourth Gallery, New Bldg.



An Exquisite Antique Italian Louis XV. Commode, $200.00
AU QUATRIEME

The gift opportunities among the fine old furniture *Au Quatrieme*, the things with atmosphere and charm, beautiful of design and rare of wood, are really astonishing.

This Italian Louis XV commode is only a single instance of the very conservative prices of these wonderful old pieces. It would be difficult to find a modern piece as lovely as this for as little—and this piece has the added beauty of the fine personality of old things.

It is made of walnut, with the three drawers veneered with *radica*, the walnut root that is so beautiful and so difficult to procure. The effect of this veneered front is one of singular richness and charm, and is emphasized by the fine old brasses.

Fourth Floor, Old Building

A PICTURE is a pleasing gift

Artists of England and France, as well as our own artists, have contributed to the large holiday collection assembled in the Picture Gallery.

Colored Etchings from France

Very wee ones, and intermediate sizes up to a large, formal size.

Subjects include quiet scenes in the provinces, rivers, canals; small town and city scenes. $2 to $60.

Quaint prints reminiscent of Fragonard, Boucher, Watteau have the feeling of the gay and formal, affected eighteenth century life. $3.50 to $75.

The frames have the same quality of feeling which is characteristic of the picture.

Sporting Prints from England

The color and spirit of the hunt, the steeplechase, and coaching parties, which have been English traditions for centuries, have been caught in these prints which are so fitting for many a man's own room. $3.50 to $25.

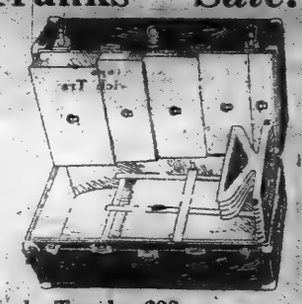
Mezzotints

have the feeling of the eighteenth century portrait painters. Pretty women and children, and quiet country spots were particularly pleasing to the English of that time, and they are copied in these gentle mezzotints. $25 to $85.

Maxfield Parrish and Wallace Nutting

—are Americans whose work has a great appeal. We have collected their pictures in very good, colorful reproductions in many sizes:
—Parrish, $1.50 to $30.
—Nutting, $1 to $40.
Eighth Gallery, New Bldg.

Wardrobe Trunks --- *Sale!*



And wouldn't you like to receive, yourself, a wardrobe trunk for Christmas? Wouldn't anybody?

The Wanamaker Special Trunks

Made of 3-ply veneer, covered and lined with vulcanized fibre; all hardware riveted; heavy draw bolts; snap lock. Trunks we sell by the thousands the year 'round.

$51.37 Wardrobe Trunks, $33
Full size; five drawers; ten hangers and shoe pockets; locked top drawer; the two bottom drawers can be converted into a hat box. 14 trunks only.

$45.75 Wardrobe Trunks, $30
Three-quarter size with same arrangement as the full size; only eight hangers. 15 trunks only.

$39.25 Steamer Wardrobe Trunks, $26
Six hangers; two drawers; large drop compartment; removable partition and laundry bag. 35 trunks only.

Seventh Gallery, New Building.

First sale of its kind since pre-war days—

365 Imported Handbags of fine leathers at $12.50

$15 to $20 grades—and even higher

Last summer when we visited one of the best known and largest distributors of handbags in Europe, he offered us this surplus of bags—only a few of a model—at a concession of price. We accepted, because we knew that there were many women that would be glad to get these

Smart, yet practical Bags of vachette, morocco, tapier calfskin, buffed alligator, walrus-finished goatskin

Many models, but—
the envelope bag with straps, the smart conventional bag with handle, the swagger and the carriage are the dominating styles.

All of the bags are fitted with purses and mirrors; and a few also with toilet fittings.

Black bags are in the majority—also some of dark green, brown, tan, gray and navy blue.

365 bags are not many when the price is so absurdly low!

Main floor, Old Building.

More than 2,000 pieces of Czecho-Slovakia

Decorated Glassware at Half Price

Vases, rose bowls, bon bon dishes, baskets, compotes, bowls, cologne bottles, etc.,—beautifully decorated.

Price range—

25c for a small vase reduced from 50c; to $5.25 for a basket reduced from $10.50

Very, very attractive pieces, with dainty dots of color. One would make a very pleasing Christmas gift.

Second Gallery, New Building

What many Men will like—

Shaving Sets and Mirrors

Shaving sets—many styles in nickel, with mirror, cup and shaving brush, $3 to $12.

High standing and round mirrors—plain and magnifying, $2 to $11.

Traveling mirrors — oblong easel back, $1.15 to $3.25.

Triplicate mirrors—gilt frames real tapestry backs, $10 to $12.75.

Main floor, Old Bldg.

20 per cent. off all "Comfy" Slippers

And on all our best grades of felt slippers for men, women and children.

Men's—Burlington Arcade floor, New Bldg.

All others—First floor, Old Building.

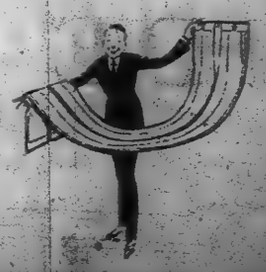
Give HIM two or three pairs for Christmas

White Trousers --- imported flannel

Less than today's lowest-priced American flannels **$7.35**

Even before the war white flannel trousers of quality were $15 a pair. Next spring the wholesale price for trousers like these of IMPORTED English flannel will be more than this sale price.

Finely made; sewed with silk; lined and trimmed in keeping with the quality of the flannel. Fine for southern wear, indoor athletic sports; for Christmas gifts, and well worth laying away until next summer.



Burlington Arcade floor, New Building.

Their Steel Disc Wheels

$10 a year will cover the lubrication of a Walker Truck that runs every day.

That's one of the small points that—added to other small and big advantages—goes to make the Walker Electric the most economical truck to operate.

WALKER VEHICLE COMPANY
Grand Central Terminal
20-58

"Your Department Store"

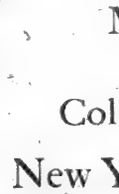
BloomingdaleS

Lexington to 3d Av.—59th to 60th St.

PEARL BEAD
Necklaces
$3.95

White or cream-tinted, in neck or opera lengths, beautifully graduated and mounted on a solid gold spring ring clasp.

Open Evenings
Until Christmas Beginning Saturday, December 18th



156—Antique Gold Duplex Photograph Frame, $12.75

YOUR friends may have everything you can give them except your photograph, but you can't very well give them your photograph unless you enclose it in an Ovington frame.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of 5th Ave"
314 Fifth Ave. nr. 32d St.

Consider "Dilution" by Ex-Service Men.

GOVERNMENT AID DEMANDED

Labor Party's Plan Calls for £5,000,000 Expenditures—Unions Block Relief Efforts.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—The National Federation of Building Trade Operatives today decided not to accept the invitation to Thomas J. MacNamara, the Labor Minister, on Monday to discuss a scheme for absorbing 50,000 unemployed ex-service men in the building industry. In view of the fact that the building trade is in need of many many thousand more workers, the Government has been negotiating with the unions concerned with the purpose of arranging for the "dilution" of labor by the introduction of unemployed ex-service men. The Government's plan has been readjusted several times to meet the objections raised by the unions, and its "final proposals" were to have been discussed at Monday's meeting.

Today's decision of the operatives brought matters to a head and it is understood that if the hitch in the negotiations is not quickly overcome the Government is prepared with plans for proceeding with direct building work in which thousands of unemployed ex-service men will be absorbed.

The operatives have given no official reason for their refusal to meet the Labor Minister, but it is stated that they took particular objection to the suggested finality of the proposals, which they contend should have been submitted to them for consideration before any meeting took place.

LONDON, Dec. 16 (Associated Press).—Unemployment in Great Britain, which has been steadily growing, has created a serious problem, which during the last few days has become more urgent owing to the advent of severe weather. There is general anxiety over the situation, as nearly every trade in the country is effected. Unemployment is common among clerks and those in the middle class occupations as well as among manual laborers, and official statistics show that about 500,000 are without occupation at present. It is admitted, however, that this is far below the real figure, as there are many without work who have not been reached by State or other organizations.

In labor circles it is declared that the actual number of men out of employment is fully 1,000,00. A majority of these have dependents, and the total number of persons suffering from the present conditions is placed at from 3,000,000 to 4,000,000, a large proportion being former soldiers.

There is a general tendency on the part of trades unions and local authorities to rely upon the Government to solve the problem, but in several places municipalities and other organizations have begun improvement works, the cost of which will be paid out of local taxes. The National Executive of the Labor Party yesterday passed a resolution declaring that the "present scandal of

MAYOR AND ENRIGHT CONFER ON REFERENDUM

Hylan Also Said to Have Questioned Commissioner About Mrs. O'Grady's Resignation.

Mayor Hylan summoned Police Commissioner Enright to the City Hall and conferred with him for more than an hour yesterday. The Police Hospital project and the resignation of Mrs. Ellen A. O'Grady as Fifth Deputy Commissioner in charge of welfare work were reported to have been discussed. Mr. Enright was said to have laid before the Mayor complete returns from Monday's police "referendum" on the hospital scheme.

Neither the Mayor nor the Commissioner would discuss what took place at the conference, but Mr. Enright's usual smile after a talk with his superior was noticeably absent. It was said most of the conversation between the Mayor and the Police Commissioner was devoted to Mrs. O'Grady's resignation and her assertion that the Commissioner forced her out of the department by placing subordinates in charge of motion picture theatre welfare work.

MAY QUITS MONON ROAD.

General Superintendent Was a Witness in Reynolds Suicide Case.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—H. C. May has resigned as General Superintendent of the Monon Railroad. His name was prominently mentioned in connection with the suicide of Mrs. Minnie Viola Reynolds, a pretty widow, who was found dead of gas in her luxurious apartments. Mr. May was called as one of the witnesses at the inquest, but was exonerated of any part in the tragedy.

In announcing his resignation today, Mr. May says that he will leave his home in Lafayette, Ind., on Sunday, and that he and his family will live in California.

Mr. May testified that he had known Mrs. Reynolds for two years in a business way, and that he was helping her finance a hotel deal when he last saw her, the day before her death. He testified that she was much depressed at that time because one of her real estate deals had collapsed.

HUNGARY INTERNS JEWS.

500 Alien Families Have Been Removed to a Concentration Camp.

VIENNA, Dec. 16 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).—The Hungarian authorities are taking steps to intern all alien Jews, says a dispatch from Budapest today. In the last few nights, the dispatch adds, 500 Jewish families have been dragged from their beds and removed to an internment camp.

Holy Office Bans New Book.

ROME, Dec. 16.—The Congregation of the Holy Office, which has replaced the Holy Roman Inquisition, has put on the Index Expurgatorius a book by Galarati Scotti on the life works of Fogazzara.

Board of Standards and Appeals, Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner, said yesterday.

"Should the proposal be adopted, it would apply particularly to the thousands of old frame buildings along the waterfront," Dr. Copeland said. "It would mean that the owners would have to fill in with concrete the spaces between the studding from the top of the foundation walls to the beams of the first floor. It is proposed that owners who do not comply be required to vacate their buildings. I understand the board will take up the matter early in January."

Dr. Copeland said that the Health Department had already taken the precaution of employing a force of expert rat catchers who meet every ship arriving from Europe and catch from two to ten rats, which are then submitted to bacteriological examination. Hundreds of rats had been subjected to bacteriological tests, he said, but none had been found so far to be infected.

Boston Woman Must Register Again

BOSTON, Dec. 16.—So that the list of all voters may be sufficiently descriptive, women in this city will be compelled to register again if they wish to vote next year. A statement issued by the Election Department today said that the new list would include the height and weight of all registrants. For the recent elections women were required to give only their age.

daily wounded in a revolver b[attle] with the policeman at Clark and [Jackson] Streets. The bandit was one of [four who] a few minutes before had held up customers in the Ashland pha[rmacy at] the intersection of the two st[reets.]

One flourished two revolvers [while] another dragged two women who [were] phoning out of the booths a[nd lined] them up with six or seven c[ustomers.] The woman cashier refused t[o give up] the cash drawer keys. A crowd gathered outside and when [a police] car appeared the bandits jacked the[ir] wounded. The bandit staggered [Clark] Street entrance. Conlon pursued. The fugitives separated and the policeman followed one who ran north [on Clark] Street. Both began firing at the same time. After six or seven shots had been exchanged, Conlon fell, mortally wounded. The bandit staggered a few steps and lay quiet.

Bulgaria Recalls Minister Here.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16. Stephan Panaretoff, Bulgarian Minister to the United States, was recalled today by his Government and will leave for home within a short time. Until his successor is designated and arrives here Dr. P. Lessinoff, Secretary of the legation, will act as Chargé. Mr. Panaretoff has been Minister from Bulgaria since Dec. 22, 1914.

Women's Gloves

REYNIER

Reduced

To put the finest French Gloves Made on an appealing Price Basis

Suede and Glace Gloves
Three-Clasp Overseam
All Wanted Colors, also Black and White

$3.50

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

FOUNDED·1880·LONDON

CLOTHING FOR COLLEGE AND "PREP" SCHOOL STUDENTS MODERATELY PRICED

College and "Prep" school students in New York for the holidays will be pleased to know that our winter suits, overcoats, evening clothes and sports clothing may now be had at the lowest prices at which equal values have been obtainable in many years.

English overcoats.
Lounge suits.
Four-piece English sport suits.

Evening dress clothes.
All the appropriate accessories for day and evening wear.

DE PINNA
Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

TO BE SOLD BY THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

30 Debenture Bonds
of
HEINE & COMPANY
(A Corporation of the State of New York)
and
Conversion Privilege.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Francis P. Garvan, as Alien Property Custodian, will offer for sale at public sale to the highest bidder at the office of Heine & Company, 7 Platt Street, New York City, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. on the 29th day of December, 1920:

30 debenture bonds of Heine & Company, a corporation of the State of New York, of the par value of $1,000 each, out of a total original issue of 50 such bonds, of which 20 have been exchanged for 200 shares of the common capital stock of Heine & Company, together with the right to convert the bonds hereby offered for shares of the common capital stock of Heine & Company at par.

Full description of and information concerning the property to be sold, the terms and conditions of inspection and sale, and the order thereof, may be obtained by application to JOSEPH F. GUFFEY, Director, Bureau of Sales, 110 West 42d Street, New York City.

FRANCIS P. GARVAN,
As Alien Property Custodian.

Here is what Mitchell Kennerley, a publisher of rare taste and judgment, thinks about

Potterism

December second 1920

Dear Mr. Liveright;

I congratulate you on "Potterism." I read it on the way to Chicago, and immediately on arrival bought two copies to give to friends. It is the most engaging novel I have read in years:—as good as Bennett, Wells, and Leonard Merrick, rolled into one.

Yours faithfully,
Mitchell Kennerley

For the last month one of the three best-selling novels in New York
$2 everywhere

Soon somebody will ask you "Are you a Potterite?"—and you won't know what to say. Better buy a copy today.

Special
"Victrola for Christmas" Offers



Special
VICTROLA XI OUTFIT

Victrola XI	$150.00
2—10 inch Albums, 85c each	1.70
2—12 inch Albums, 95c each	1.90
5—10 inch double face records, 85c each	4.25
2—12 inch double face records, 1.35 each	2.70
2—10 inch Red Seal records, 1.25 each	2.50
1—12 inch Red Seal record	1.75
200 Needles	.15
	$164.95

$8.50 Down — Balance small monthly payments.



Victrola IX $75.00
Cabinet 24.00
$99.00

$6.00 Down
Balance in small monthly payments.

Victrola XVI $275.00
Records to amount 15.00
$290.00

$15.00 Down
Balance in small monthly payments.
(Mahogany or Oak Finish)



(Fifth Floor)

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue *34th Street*

BRILL BROTHERS

A New Low Price Level

We've faced the situation squarely, realized that only by ignoring costs—recognizing only what the public demanded as a selling price—could the clothing situation be stabilized. Hence we offer

Kuppenheimer Overcoats and SUITS

$45 at

Formerly $60, $65, $70 and $75

Sixty days ago these garments were on our racks marked $60, $65, $70 and $75, and those prices represented a very closely figured margin. In other words, these are not sale goods nor a "special purchase." They exemplify the House of Kuppenheimer at its best. Higher praise is impossible.

Brill Brothers

279 Broadway
125th St. at 3d Ave.
Broadway at 49th Street
47 Cortlandt Street
44 East 14th Street

Men's English

Wool Dressing Robes, 21.25

Tax included. Made by Lloyd, Attree & Smith, of London, in double faced cloth, oxford grey, tan and camel's hair effect. *Second Floor*

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

New Store Hours, up to and including Dec. 24th—9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Men's

Silk House Jackets, 29.50

Tax included. Made of fine quality neckwear silks and matlase silk, all silk lined, some with black grosgrain silk facing. Sizes 34 to 46. *Second Floor*



The Saks Boys' Clothing Dept., Announces These Special Items for Friday and Saturday—

BOYS' SUITS WITH EXTRA KNICKERS

Reduced to 18.95

Smart single and double-breasted models, so carefully tailored that they must give excellent service. Developed in a wide range of very dependable fabrics in all the new colorings. Sizes 9 to 18 years.

BOYS' CORDUROY SUITS

With Extra Knickers

15.95

For hard wear, nothing can equal these sturdy suits. Carefully made of finest quality corduroy in all the desirable colors. Sizes 8 to 16 years.

BOYS' MACKINAWS

10.95

Some have shawl collars, others have convertible collars that button snugly under the chin when cold winds start blowing. Splendidly tailored in an excellent range of mackinaw cloths and heather mixtures. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

BOYS' JUNIOR COATS

10.95

Smart convertible collar model with full belt. Warmly lined and developed in a comprehensive variety of heather mixtures. Sizes 5 to 10 years. *Second Floor*

HEAVY GLOVE SILK VESTS

in regulation or ribbon shoulder strap models

Regularly 5.95	3.95
Regularly 3.95	2.95

1000 WOMEN'S

SILK PETTICOATS

Special at 3.95

Every petticoat new and fresh—made of excellent peau de cygne or wool jersey with peau de cygne. Cut very liberally in two pretty styles and obtainable in all the wanted colors.

Friday and Saturday—An Interesting Collection of Women's

DAINTY UNDERTHINGS

Very Specially Priced—Suitable for Gift Giving

Washable Satin Bodices 1.00
Made of flesh color satin, tastefully trimmed with top of filet lace, and shoulder straps of lace to match.

Washable Satin Bloomers 2.95
Made of flesh color satin, cut full and sturdily reinforced. Double elastic at knee for longer service.

Boudoir Caps 1.85
In really bewitching models, trimmed with lace insertion and ribbon in wheel effect.

Porto Rican Nightgowns 2.95
Made entirely by hand of fine nainsook in five different models, adorned with exquisite hand embroidery, finished with hand scalloping or hemstitching. *Third Floor*

Misses' Frocks of Canton Crepe

—the most favored of all fabrics for present and Spring wear—

At 45.00



The frock pictured has taken for its basis soft, lustrous Canton Crepe—added to it is the delicate charm of gold stitchery and long gold beads—a gorgeously embroidered sash of contrasting Georgette and Canton Crepe—and the result is one of the smartest frocks that anyone could wish. In these fashionable combinations:

Navy with Henna — Brown with Henna
Navy with Grey — Jade

And there are other frocks at this price equally as charming in Canton Crepe, Swiss Taffeta, Satin Charmeuse, fine Tricotine and Velvet. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

MISSES'

Fur-Trimmed and Tailored Suits

Selling until today up to $79.50

Reduced to 35.00

Fashioned of duvet de laine, silvertone, yalama and other modish fabrics — straight-line effects, belted and ripple models — strictly tailored or fur trimmed. *Fourth Floor*

We Have Arranged for Friday and Saturday a Special Presentation of Women's

Fashionable Wraps and Coats

at very moderate prices

At 45.00

Smart practical coats for street wear, sturdily tailored to give excellent service — loosely draped wraps and swagger sport models, with collars of softly crushed self material, furs, or the trig throw scarfs that add an ultra-smart touch. Developed in bolivia, luella, silvertone. Silk lined and interlined.

At 55.00

A comprehensive collection of dressy wraps and tailored street coats, developed in soft bolivia, silvertone, luella, frost glow; with collars of self material or Australian oppossum, taupe nutria or mole. The newest Winter shades are represented, and every coat is beautifully silk lined throughout.

At 69.50—Coats and Wraps of unusual style distinction each reflecting marked care in the character of its workmanship. From the Winter fabrics, you may choose veldyne, bolivia, frost-glow and luella cloth—of the furs, there are Australian oppossum, taupe nutria, squirrel and mole. Many are handsomely embroidered, and each is fully silk lined. *Fourth Floor*

We Will Place on Sale Friday and Saturday



Women's

Beacon Blanket Robes

REGULARLY 8.95

At 4.95

Very soft and comfortable, made of Beacon blanket cloth in pretty plaids and floral effect, with tailored seams. Collar, cuffs and pockets are edged with braid, and the robe is held together at the waistline by a girdle of cord. In rose, Copenhagen, raspberry, brown and green.

Women's

Corduroy Velvet Robes

Special, 11.95

In practical breakfast coat model, silk lined throughout. Made with large collar, pockets and belt of self material. In these colors:

Copenhagen, Cherry, Wisteria and Rose. Sizes 36 to 44.
Third Floor

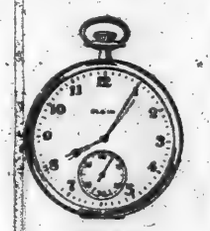


Women's White Gold

Bracelet Watches

29.50

Made of 14 karat white gold, with 15 jewel lever movement. In engraved oval, octagon, cushion, tonneau designs, mounted on ribbon bracelet.



Men's

Elgin Watches

19.50

20 year gold-filled 12 size pocket watches, with 7 jewel Elgin movement.



Women's Solid

Gold Watches

15.00

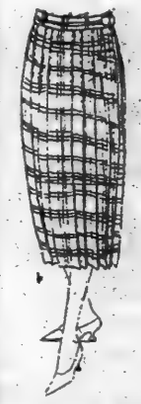
14 kt. solid gold case, fitted with 15 jewel lever movement, on ribbon bracelet.

Men's Solid

Gold Chains

6.50

Solid gold Waldmar chains in green gold finish, engraved and engin-turned designs. In bar and chain effect.



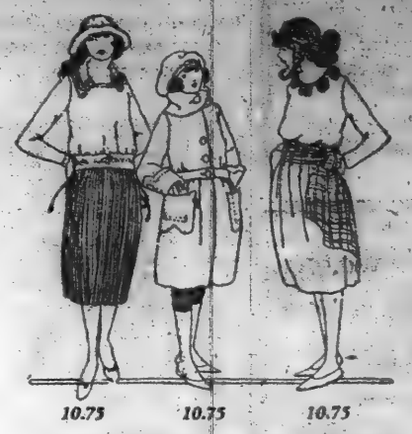
Women's and Misses'

Wool Plaid Skirts

Special, 11.75

For sport and street wear, one can find nothing more attractive than these very smart skirts at $11.75

In colorful variety of all the dull and vivid Autumn shades—in perfectly tailored or modishly pleated models. One style *pictured*.



10.75 *10.75* *10.75*

Two Special Items in Girls' Apparel of Rare Charm

GIRLS' SERGE FROCKS

At 10.75

Frocks of all wool serge, with full gathered and pleated skirts, so delightfully trimmed, they will appeal to every girl who sees them.

Some have plaid sashes to supply the touch of color—or gay embroidery that adds distinction—or pretty collars that are very becoming to Miss 6 to 16 years. Really wonderful values.

LITTLE GIRLS'

WINTER COATS

At 10.75

Coats that show at a glance how well they will withstand hard usage—the fabrics are warm and sturdy, the workmanship very carefully done, and there are three models, made with large collars, patch pockets and smart belts. Sizes 6 to 10 years. *Second Floor*

Glove Silk BLOOMERS

of fine quality, sturdily reinforced, and made to match vests

Regularly 6.95	4.95
Regularly 4.95	3.95

Third Floor



DECORATED

IVORTUS TOILET SETS

47.50

Set consists of large mirror, hair brush, puff box, hair receiver, nail polisher, comb, file, shoe hook and shoe horn, handsomely hand-engraved and decorated in colors. Encased in fancy box.



WOMEN'S STERLING SILVER SETS

31.50

Beautifully hand-engraved sterling silver sets, of comb, brush and mirror.

MEN'S STERLING SILVER SETS

29.50



Five useful pieces are included—pair of military brushes, clothes brush, hat brush and comb.



NICKEL-PLATED SHAVING STANDS

5.00

Very useful for the man who shaves at home—set includes brush, cup and mirror mounted on one stand. *Main Floor*

CONTRACTS

Contracts are good and necessary instruments. The danger is in looking solely to the contract for protection, rather than to the contractor's reputation and abilities.

Put it up to us to put it up for you!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

CONCLUDING SESSIONS AT THE

AMERICAN ART GALLERIES

MADISON SQUARE SOUTH — NEW YORK CITY

BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS

THIS FRIDAY

and Saturday Afternoons at 2 o'clock

THE MOST IMPORTANT ITEMS OF THE

HENRY J. HEINZ COLLECTION

WHICH INCLUDES

A Remarkable Gathering of European and Oriental Ivory Carvings, Many Beautiful Chinese Jades and Crystals.

A Large Collection of Netsukes and Inros, Antique Soapstone Statuettes, Cinnabar and other Lacquers, Chinese Palace and Temple Hangings, Fuchien China, and Numerous Other Objects of Antiquity and Artistic Interest.

The Sale Will Be Conducted by
MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY
and his assistants of the
AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION,
Managers,
6, 4 and 6 East 23d St., Madison Sq. South.

Executive

Well-rounded administrative experience; organization, finance, negotiation, commercial law, personnel, tax matters, investments, trusts, realty, etc.

American, in thirties, well educated, a careful observer, analytically inclined, deliberate judgment; accustomed to responsibility and equal to it.

Desire position as assistant to executive head of large business or departmental manager. Salary of secondary importance if your proposition looks promising. Highest credentials from present connection as well as legal, banking and mercantile houses. A 486 Times.

HOME FOR STUDENTS

Will Erect a Building on Claremont Avenue Near Grant's Tomb to House 200.

FOREIGNERS ARE WELCOME

One Object Is to Bring Them Into Closer Relations With American Students.

A twelve-story building is to be erected in Claremont Avenue near Grant's Tomb by the Young Men's Christian Association to provide living quarters, social and recreational facilities for college students and to enable foreign students to familiarize themselves with American customs.

The site for the new building was acquired last Summer, but it was not until yesterday that Frederick Osborn, chairman of the Committee of Management of the Intercollegiate Cosmopolitan Club, which is a part of the intercollegiate branch of the Y. M. C. A., announced the exact purpose of buying this valuable piece of property.

According to Mr. Osborn, the six lots, each 25 by 100 feet, located on the west side of Claremont Avenue near 124th Street, forming a plot 150 by 100 feet, will be used for the erection of a twelve-story building with living rooms for 200 students, and to provide social and recreational facilities for several times that number. It is to serve as a home centre for students, both American and foreign, and enable foreign students to meet with Americans in ways not possible at the present time.

The club's Committee of Management is composed of Frederick Osborn, Chairman; Hamilton Holt, Treasurer; Dr. William Seaman Bainbridge, Lowell H. Brown, Jeremiah W. Jenks, Frederick Lynch, Paul Monroe, Herbert Parsons, D. H. McAlpine, Samuel Thorne Jr., and Harry E. Edmonds, Executive Secretary."

ASK TRUST DECREE CHANGE.

Lehigh Valley Companies Want Part of Separation Dropped.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The Lehigh Valley Railroad Company and the Lehigh Valley Coal Company filed today with the Supreme Court a petition asking that its decision in the recently decided anti-trust suit be modified so as to omit the requirement that the Lehigh Valley separate itself from the Delaware, Susquehanna and Schuylkill River Company.

Officials of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company yesterday declined to discuss the motion made by counsel for the company at Washington for modification of the Supreme Court decree ordering the divorce of the coal from the railroad properties.

Mrs. Harrison Is Held to Force Dealings With Red Government, Says Trade Official Here.

Mrs. Marguerite E. Harrison, who went to Russia as the correspondent of several American newspapers, and who is now imprisoned there on a charge of espionage, is in no danger of execution or even of hardship, according to the Soviet trade headquarters at 110 West Fortieth Street. Neither is she being held as a hostage, as was intimated yesterday in a newspaper account of her difficulties.

Moscow hopes to build propaganda on Mrs. Harrison's case, just as it has in other cases of foreign nationals held under charges of spying, by showing the need of some official communication with the Soviet Government for the settlement of such affairs, according to Kenneth Durant, spokesman for the trade bureau.

Mrs. Harrison is the daughter of Bernard N. Baker, former member of the United States Shipping Board, and a sister-in-law of Governor Albert C. Ritchie of Maryland. She is credited with being the first woman newspaper correspondent to enter Berlin after the armistice, and went to Russia ten months ago.

VOTING MACHINES FAVORED.

Elections Commissioner Heydt Addresses Republican Committee.

Voting machines for use in the city elections were recommended by Elections Commissioner Charles E. Heydt at a meeting last night of the Republican County Committee at Bryant Hall. The committee voted to recommend to the Aldermen the re-election of Commissioner Heydt and in response the Commissioner said he had been working for some time on a number of proposed election reforms.

Besides the use of voting machines he recommended changes in the election law to provide for earlier closing of the polls on election day, increased pay for election clerks, a decrease in the number of electors required to establish an election district, larger polling places, curches to be used if necessary, and a simpler form of ballot.

The committee named three subcommittees for the study of political affairs. Albert E. Ottinger was chosen Chairman of the Committee on State Affairs, Harold G. Aron Chairman of the Committee on City Affairs and Collin H. Woodward Chairman of the Committee on Election Law.

Chairman Samuel S. Koenig announced that unofficial figures concerning this year's enrolment would show that the Republican enrolment of the city would exceed the Democratic enrolment by about 150,000 and that henceforth New York City could properly be called a Republican city.

Food Products Co. Passes Dividend.

Directors of the United States Food Products Company yesterday passed the quarterly dividend on the common stock. This was in line with the recommendation of the Executive Committee announced several days ago.

L. & C. HARDTMUTH'S

"KOH-I-NOOR" PENCILS

Supplied in all degrees—9 H to 6 B
by Drawing Material Dealers and Stationers everywhere.

Macy's

More Genuine Cowhide Bags



at

$9.94

Usual price $17.74

Lowest verified price elsewhere $20.00



A most extraordinary value, as pleased purchasers of the first lot can testify.

Genuine oak-tanned cowhide. Leather lined, three divided pockets. Corners reinforced, locks and clutches brass finished.

Size 16x11½x8 inches
Size 18x13 x9 inches
In Brown or Black

A Most Welcome Christmas Gift for Either Man or Woman

Macy's—Fourth Floor, Centre.

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE *Inc.* NEW YORK

Macy's

Will You Choose a Guaranteed Mortgage or a Guaranteed Mortgage Certificate?

So far as you are concerned, there is no difference. Ordinarily the certificates are for the smaller investors, but we have also large certificates for larger investors.

Both bear the same rate of interest and both are guaranteed by the Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Company.

Either one is an ideal investment for you.

Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Co.
176 Broadway, New York City
175 Remsen Street, Brooklyn

"The Broadway Shop Where Fashion Reigns"

Hagedorn's

Broadway, Corner of 81st Street

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

our entire stock of

Superb WRAPS & COATS

At the Most Extreme Reductions of the Year

$89.50	$125	$150
were 169.50	were 195 to 215	were 225 to 265

Styled in every timely material including Veldyne, Evora, Marvella, Bolivia.

Trimmed in every popular fur, including mole, nutria, opossum, squirrel, beaver.

No C. O. D.'s. No Exchanges.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564 566 and 568 Fifth Avenue. 46th and 47th Sts.

Beautiful Fur-Trimmed Coats and Coat-Wraps

Particularly suitable for Holiday Gifts to one's *Mother, Wife or Sister*—What could be more acceptable or more useful than one of these *Rich Fur-Trimmed Wraps*, fashioned in the season's most desirable fabrics and furs?

Prices Range From
$195—$245 to $295
Formerly selling to $500

French Stationery

Greatly Reduced

$3.50 box

Distinctively Parisian and wholly unique writing paper, developed in effective color schemes and charmingly boxed. Paper has colored borders. Envelopes lined with tissue to match.

"They are different."

Ground Floor

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops

FIFTH AVENUE—*37th and 38th Streets*

TODAY

Satin is Smart in Afternoon Frocks for Misses

At the New Price Level



39.50

A NEW MODEL THAT SUITS HOLIDAY PURPOSES AT A PRICE THAT SUITS EVEN HOLIDAY PURSES

The tunic, fashioned like the unfolding calyx of a flower, has its "petals" outlined with narrow ruffles; chenille flowers adorn the girdle, and net combined with lace adds softness at the neck and sleeves . . . . . .

Brown, Navy Blue or Black

Sizes 14 to 20 years

MISSES' GOWN SHOP—*Second Floor*

A STORE OF INDIVIDUAL SHOPS — FIFTH AVE., 37TH AND 38TH STS.

Franklin Simon & Co.

TODAY

Gray Squirrel or Genuine Beaver Fur Collars Adorn

MISSES' NEW MODEL . . . SLEEVED COAT-WRAPS



95.00

At the Point where the Rise of Winter Fashions meets the Drop of Winter Prices

With wrap lines and sleeves for smartness, chamoistyne and fine furs for quality, lining and interlining for warmth, these coats provide for winter weathers as their price anticipates winter values.

Sizes 14 to 20 years

MISSES' WRAP SHOP—*Second Floor*

Remember New York's Own Kiddies this Christmas. Send Christmas check to Charity Organization Society, 105 East 22nd Street

Men's Imported Golf Hose
2.95 Pair
Made of good quality wool yarn in heather mixtures with smart turn-over top.

Broadway **Saks & Company** off 34th Street
SPECIALISTS IN APPAREL

Men's Scotch Golf Hose
3.95 Pair
Very fine quality, in heather mixtures and camels hair effects. All sizes.

At Revised and Most Attractive Prices

Practical Christmas Gift Suggestions for Men

Silk Neckwear, Silk Mufflers and Leather Belts



Men's Imported Silk Cravats, made of fine silks woven in Swiss, Italian, French and English mills. The patterns are in two-tone moire effects and embroidered figures in light colors against dark grounds . . . **1.95**

Men's Silk Cravats in the season's most beautiful colorings. Made of soft lustrous silks of exceptional beauty **95c**

Men's Silk Neckwear in a large variety of floral, sport and striped designs **65c**

Men's Knitted Cravats. Every knitted silk cravat in our stock included, in plain colors and novelty stripings **2.65**

Men's Shirts of fine Printed Madras and Percales that will give splendid service. Each made over prefect-fitting measurements, assuring highly satisfactory wear. Good selection of striped and novelty patterns **1.65**

Men's Woven Madras Shirts and a large collection of English and domestic cord shirtings. Each made over perfect measurements. Patterns in striped effects and rich jacquard designs . . **2.95**

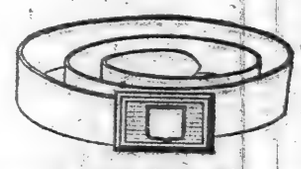
Men's Madras Shirts and many in closely woven fabrics. Very carefully tailored so as to fit perfectly. Patterns are quite uncommon, and shown in a large variety of colorings. . . . **3.50**

Men's English Cashmere Mufflers—the smartest of all for general wear. Made of good quality cashmere in white with polka dot in black, blue or red . . . **2.50**

Men's Imported English Mufflers made of a very high grade fibre silk, in white, black, grey, with contrasting borders **2.95**

Men's Fine Silk Mufflers, so beautifully woven they will appeal to the most critical taste. Accordeon style, in a host of tasteful colorings **5.50**

Men's Accordeon Knitted Mufflers of heavy weight two-tone silks with contrasting borders, black with red, black with blue, black with green **6.95**



Men's Sterling Silver Buckles attached to fine leather belts. Buckles shown in a variety of very tasteful designs with space for initials **1.85**

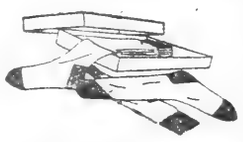
Men's Sterling Silver Buckles and leather belts complete. Very fine quality leather in the belt—bridle or tubular style—with good weight buckles . . . **2.95**

Men's Extra Heavy Sterling Silver Buckles and leather belts, the buckles in a variety of new and exclusive designs **3.50**

Men's Gold Inlaid Buckles—in very beautiful designs. Made of sterling silver inlaid with 14 karat gold . **5.50**

Men's Hosiery

Of Fine Quality, Remarkably Priced



Full Fashioned Silk Hose, made of heavy ingrain silk. Black, white, cordovan and navy blue . **1.65**

Men's Full Fashioned Pure Silk Socks of excellent quality. Black, white, cordovan and tan **1.25**

Men's Imported Silk Plaited Hose in rich looking plaids and novelty stripes. . . **1.35**

Men's Woolen Socks of excellent quality, in rich heather mixtures. Every pair perfect, and certain to give excellent service . . . **65c**

Men's Full Fashioned Lisle Hose in black, white, cordovan, navy, and grey **75c**

Men's Full Fashioned Lustre Lisle Hose in black, white, cordovan, navy blue and grey **95c**

MEN'S GLOVES



Nowhere in New York will you find a more extensive selection of men's gloves than at Saks. Prices are at the lowest—quality considered.

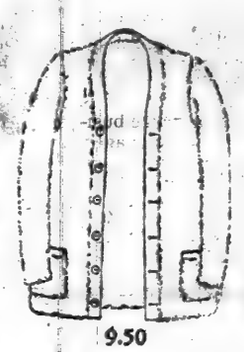
A Few Gift Suggestions:

Men's Suede Leather Gloves, grey fur lined	$5.95
Men's Glace Leather Gloves—with separate knit lining—Without a Glove / With a Glove	5.95
Men's Grey Mocha Gloves	3.95
Men's Cordovan Color Capeskin Gloves	2.95
Men's Buckskin Gloves of excellent quality	5.95
Men's Woolen Gloves	1.00
Men's Chamoisette Gloves	1.50
Men's Silk Gloves	2.00
Men's Double Silk Gloves	2.50
Men's Capeskin Gloves	4.95

Men's Sweaters

for Sports and All Outdoors

Men's Heavy Brushed Mohair and Worsted Sweaters in V-neck style. Colors: camel's hair, brown, grey, navy and heather mixtures. **9.50**



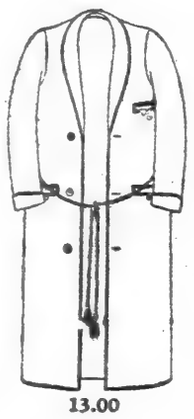
9.50

Men's Imported Pure Wool Sweaters, knit in a very fine quality yarn that is as soft as silk. V-neck style, in heather mixtures and camel's hair colorings. . . **10.50**

Men's Scotch Golf Sweaters—imported direct from Scotland by Saks & Company. Great variety of shades to select from . . **16.50**

Men's Pure Zephyr Wool Sweaters in slip-over style with sleeves. Colors: navy, seal brown, rich heathers, and white. All sizes from 34 to 46. . **10.50**

Men's House Coats, Bath and Lounging Robes, Vests and Slippers



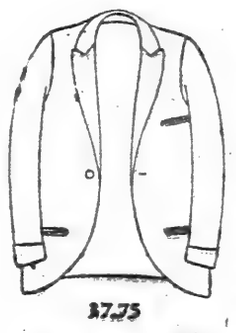
13.00

Men's Silk Dressing Gowns, all silk lined, made of fine neckwear silks in floral and rich Persian designs. Silk cord edges on cuffs, and pockets, and all silk girdle. Tax included . . . **37.75**

Men's Beacon Blanket Robes in a large variety of designs. Cut in robe model. All sizes . . **6.95**

Men's Wool Kelly Blanket Robes in shawl or convertible collar models, with silk cord edges, cuffs and pockets. Including tax **13.00**

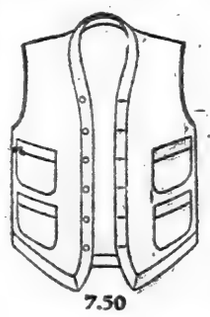
Second Floor



37.75

Men's Wool Smoking Jackets of good quality, with contrasting collar, cuffs and pockets. Without question the best values in New York City. Blue, green, brown and oxford. Sizes 34 to 48 . **5.95**

Men's Silk Velvet House Jackets in smart Tuxedo model with notched collar. Made of superior quality silk velvet with grosgrain silk facing and cuffs. Silk lined, and may be had in sizes from 34 to 44 . . . . . **37.75**



7.50

Men's Knitted Vests with self edging in grey with black stripe. Sizes 34 to 46. **3.50**

Men's Jersey Knit Vests of fine Australian wool, braid edged, splendid for golfing or motoring. Pearl grey, tan, blue, heather, oxford and green heather . . . **7.50**

Also 7.50—Men's Vests of imported Alpaca yarn, in two shades of brown heather.

Men's Vests, knit just like a sweater in fine quality wool. Oxford grey, navy blue, and several shades of heather **4.50**



Men's Slippers

Men's Opera Slippers in patent leather, red, green and grey leathers $6.50
Men's Black and Tan Opera Slippers . . 3.75
Men's Everett Slippers in black or tan . . 4.50
Men's Romeo Slippers in black or tan . . 4.50
Men's Felt Cavaliers, with leather soles . . 3.75
Men's Cosy Toe Slippers with soft soles. Grey, blue and wine color 1.75

Men's Imported English Canes

3.50 to 12.50

—by Howell, and Lloyd Altree & Smith, London, England. Made of selected ash, malacca, green ebony, and whangee hard woods, sterling silver trimmed. Others from 2.00 to 25.00.

Men's Linen Handkerchiefs

55c. each

Fine count linen handkerchiefs with white initial, imported from Ireland. Nothing would make a more acceptable gift than six of these fine handkerchiefs.

Men's Handkerchiefs with White or Colored Initials

6 for 1.50

Soft, closely woven cotton handkerchiefs with initials in contrasting color. They launder as well as linen and will give lasting service.

Men's Two-Piece Pajamas

2.95

In a great variety of plain colors trimmed with silk frogs. Made over comfortable fitting measurements and carefully finished.

SENATOR SUGGESTS DEFERRING BONUS

McCumber Asks Whether Legion Would Agree to Payment in 1922 or 1923.

VETERANS APPEAR OPPOSED

While Not Proposing Methods, They Insist That "Equalization" or Adjustment Is Necessary.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The Senate Committee on Finance appears to be of the opinion that if a bonus is to be passed for the soldiers of the World War, a provision should be made that the benefits conferred by such a law should be postponed until 1922 or 1923. As passed by the House the benefits to the ex-service men would be available in April, 1921.

When Gilbert Bettman of Cincinnati, Chairman of the Legislative Committee of the American Legion, resumed his testimony this morning, Senator McCumber, acting Chairman of the Committee on Finance, called the witness' attention to the fact that it is estimated that the Treasury deficit in June of next year is expected to exceed $2,200,000,000. He then put the following question to Mr. Bettman:

"If it should be the conclusion of Congress that it is impossible to float the necessary bonds to meet this additional demand, would there be objection on the part of the American Legion if action were postponed so as to have the benefits begin, say, in 1923?"

Mr. Bettman, when he began his argument in favor of the bonus, said that what the ex-service men seek is really an "adjustment."

"It is not a bounty such as was paid in the Civil War nor is it a gratuity for military service," he said.

"An equalization?" suggested Senator McLean.

"Yes," Mr. Bettman replied, "an equalization to remedy an injustice, to correct an economic disadvantage. Every time the question has come up it has been voted on favorably by the people. There are soldier settlement boards in twenty-nine States now, and in twelve States aid for ex-service men has been voted."

Mr. Bettman called attention to bonus legislation in other countries, calling attention to Canada's action in voting an average of $600, Great Britain $140 and France $233.36 to each of their ex-soldiers.

SWISS ELECT SCHULTHESS.

New President Was Vice President of the Confederation for 1920.

BERNE, Dec. 16.—Edmund Schulthess, Vice President of Switzerland for 1920, was today elected President for 1921 by Parliament. He received 126 of the 185 votes cast.

Federal Councilor Haab was elected Vice President. He received 163 votes.

Warsaw Jews Want Passover Food.

WARSAW, Dec. 15 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).—The Jewish community of Warsaw has appealed to the Joint Distribution Committee for American Jewish Relief for the special food required for the Passover, because conditions in Poland make it impossible to supply the 3,000,000 Jews here. The chief requirement for Passover Week is unleavened bread.

OUR ENVOY DECLINES TO MEET GERMANY'S

Ambassador Wallace Refuses to Be Presented to Mayer von Kaufbeuren in Paris.

PARIS, Dec. 16.—Hugh C. Wallace, the American Ambassador, last night refused to meet Wilhelm Mayer von Kaufbeuren, the German Ambassador, because the United States was still technically in a state of war with Germany.

The incident occurred at an official dinner to the diplomatic corps given by Raoul Peret, President of the Chamber of Deputies, and his wife. Ambassador Wallace, dean of the diplomatic corps in the absence of the Italian Ambassador, and Mrs. Wallace were the guests of honor.

Pierre de Fouquières of the Foreign Office, known as the "introducer of Ambassadors," approached Ambassador Wallace in the reception room before the dinner and said:

"The German Ambassador desires to be presented to you."

"Can't you forget it?" inquired Mr. Wallace, who knows M. Fouquières very well.

"He is standing just behind me," replied M. Fouquières. "He was very persistent. I did not wish to embarrass you."

"Tell him," said Mr. Wallace, "that I refuse to meet him."

The German Ambassador was standing so near that he heard Mr. Wallace's reply, and M. Fouquières repeated the response to him.

News of the incident spread rapidly among the 115 guests, who included many of the most notable men in the public life of France. Ambassador Wallace was surrounded by persons congratulating him, among whom were Philippe Berthelot, Political Director of the French Foreign Office, and Baron Hardinge, the new British Ambassador to France.

The episode was much talked of in political circles in Paris today, where it was admitted that the American Ambassador could not yet meet socially the Ambassador of a country with which the United States was at war.

President Millerand and Mme. Millerand dined tonight at the American Embassy as the guests of Hugh C. Wallace, the American Ambassador, and Mrs. Wallace. Among the other guests were the President of the Senate, Léon Bourgeois, Raoul Peret, President of the Chamber of Deputies, and Mme. Peret, Premier Leygues and Mme. Leygues, Baron Hardinge, the British Ambassador, M. François-Marsal, the Minister of Finance, and Mme. François-Marsal; M. Zamoyska, the Polish Minister, and Mme. Zamoyska, and Brigadier General Henry T. Allen, commander of the American forces in the Rhineland, and Mrs. Allen.

WIDOW ACCUSES BROKER.

Seeks to Recover $20,000 Given to Glen A. Stuart to Invest.

Glen Alywn Stuart, a broker, of 125 West Ninety-fifth Street, charged with larceny of $20,000 by Mrs. Emilie H. Maynard, a widow, of 28 West Seventy-fifth Street, was held in $10,000 bail by Magistrate Simms in the Tombs Court yesterday pending action by a Grand Jury. It was brought out in the short hearing that Stuart was formerly a Colonel in the British Army and a veteran of the Egyptian campaign of the '80s, in which he lost a leg. Mrs. Maynard said she was the daughter of a former secretary of the King of Denmark.

The complainant said she had deposited the money with Stuart in August, 1919, and on July 16, 1920, giving him a power of attorney to invest the funds in securities for her account. She revoked the power of attorney on Oct. 15, demanded an accounting, and says she succeeded in recovering only $731.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564 568 and 566 Fifth Avenue. 46th and 47th Sts.

Will Hold Today and Saturday

A Sale of Hats
at $10 and $15

Formerly selling to $35

Of Velvet, Duvetyn and Velour

Tailored and Semi-Dress Blouses
at $12 and $18

Formerly selling to $35

Of Georgette, Satin and Chiffon
Mostly Suit Shades

The RELIGIOUS BOOK SHOP — *A wonderful place CHRISTMAS for Book Shopping*

People are thoroughly enjoying it—they like being able to browse over the new and old RELIGIOUS, SOCIAL and ETHICAL books of so many publishers in ONE place; they appreciate the freedom of having as MUCH or as LITTLE attention as they wish.

Special books and special editions of special books, including many Bibles and Testaments—a splendid line of GIFT books, for Christmas with a great range of price.

We have the latest American and English books on social and world questions.

Christmas Cards — An unusual and most attractive display.

Children's Books — A splendid selection of beautiful and interesting ones.

349 Madison Avenue, at 45th St.

FOR CHRISTMAS GIVE
LEE WILSON DODD'S
Book of Susan
On sale everywhere or can be had from the publishers. $2.00
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

? ? ?
San Francisco Chicago New York
THE ONE QUESTION when intelligent people meet:
"Have YOU read
CAIUS GRACCHUS
By Odin Gregory?"
$2 everywhere. Boni & Liveright, N. Y.

Store Hours: 9:00 A. M. to 6:00 P. M.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY

Store Hours: 9:00 A. M. to 6:00 P. M.

M-E-N

DRASTIC REDUCTIONS ON HUNDREDS OF WINTER

OVERCOATS

$28.75

EVERY COAT MARKED AT LESS THAN HALF ITS ORIGINAL RETAIL PRICE

GREAT SOFT ROOMY ULSTERS---MIGHTY WARM TOWN ULSTERS---A FEW SMART CHESTERFIELDS---EVERY ONE TAILORED SPLENDIDLY

Fabrics All Wool Pockets Very Deep Linings ¼ or ⅛ Silk
Sizes 34 to 48 Collars Generous Values Unmatched

OXFORD GREYS—BROWNS—HEATHERS AND MANY NEW FANCY PATTERNS

THIS GREAT EVENT FOR GENTLEMEN WHO WANT MAXIMUM VALUES CONTINUES TODAY ON THE FOURTH FLOOR.

Brooklyn, Long Island and New Jersey Customers Direct to Gimbels via Tubes and Subways

"Happiness in Every Box"



OPEN NOW
5 NEW
United Candy Stores

13 Park Row — Broadway and Canal — 135 West 42d St., nr. Broadway
59th St. at 3rd Ave. — Broadway at 103d St.

Better to Serve Christmas Candy Buyers

THIS addition of five more stores in one week breaks even our own past records for growth. We are now dispensing "Happiness" from fourteen stores in New York, three in Philadelphia, two in Newark, as well as four in New Orleans.

This rapid development has been made possible only through the whole-hearted appreciation of our efforts by the public. This appreciation has its source, we believe, in four well defined reasons:

The quality of our candy;
A belief in our sincere desire to provide the best possible service;
Our policy of "Full Weight—16 ounces of CANDY in Every Pound Box";
Our stand for fair prices

Shop Sunday — avoid the week-day Rush — All our Stores will keep open on Sunday for your convenience.

United Xmas Candy

A box of fine Candies from the Happiness Stores —what could be more appropriate? Assorted Chocolates are most in favor at this season.

Rosemary Chocolates — One, two, three and five pound boxes. Compare them with the usual $2.00 kind.	$1.50	A POUND
Vogue Chocolates — One and two pound boxes. Compare with the usual $1.50 kind.	$1.25	A POUND
Evangeline Chocolates — One, two, three and five pound boxes. Compare with the usual $1.25 kind.	$1.00	A POUND
Club Chocolates — One, two, three and five pound boxes. Compare with the usual $1.00 kind.	80c	A POUND
Arcade Chocolates — One, two, three and five pound boxes. Compare with the usual 80c kind.	65c	A POUND
Jersey Milk Chocolates — One and two pound boxes. Compare with the $1.00 and $1.25 kind.	89c	A POUND
Home Made Assortment — A two pound box containing a selection of our choicest "Home Made" Confections.	$1.50	2 POUNDS

Milk Chocolate Covered Nut Meats, Assorted — One and two pound boxes—extra fine.	$1.50	A POUND
Bitter Chocolate Butter Creams — An original creation for those who like a bitter chocolate best.	75c	A POUND
Viennese Crystal Mixed — Our finest assortment of hard gloss candies. Pure sugar, fruit flavored, satinettes, buttercups, dainties, chocolate straws and stuff confections. Packed in decorated tin boxes.	75c	A POUND
Glace Fruits, Assorted — In five pound boxes. Usually sold for five dollars a box.	$3.90	5 POUNDS

SPECIALLY FOR YOUNGSTERS
Pure Sugar Hard Candies and Stick Candies, Molasses Candies, Nut Candies of All Kinds, Mints and Everything You Can Imagine, Per Pound
50c 60c 70c 80c

Full Weight—16 Ounces of Candy in Every Pound Box

Happiness Stores

32 Cortlandt St.—Hudson Terminal.
90 Nassau Street—Corner Fulton.
13 Park Row.
416 Broadway—Corner Canal.
64 East 14th Street—Near Union Square.
42 East 23rd Street—Near 4th Avenue.
203 Fifth Avenue—Fifth Ave. Building.
25 West 42nd Street—Bet. 5th and 6th Aves.
135 West 42nd Street—Near Broadway.
272 Broadway—Near 32nd Street.
1343 Broadway—Bet. 35th and 36th Sts.
2249 Broadway—Near 80th Street.
2690 Broadway—Near 103rd Street.
3rd Ave., Corner 59th Street.

UNITED RETAIL CANDY STORES

DANIELS PROPOSES DISARMAMENT STEP

Wants Harding to Call Conference of Nations if America Keeps Out of League.

BUT ASKS FOR 17 NEW SHIPS

Aims to Round Out Fleet.—Declares Defects Found In New Submarines.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Secretary Daniels today, in continuation of his testimony before the House Naval Committee considering the naval estimates, advised that Senator Harding, when he becomes President, call a conference of the nations to consider disarmament if the United States fails to enter the League of Nations. Until a world-wide agreement was reached, he insisted, this country could not afford to stop progress on its naval building program.

The League of Nations invited President Wilson to appoint an American commission of nine to confer on disarmament," said Mr. Daniels. "The President had no authority to appoint a commission. This does not mean that the United States is unfavorable to a plan of disarmament through agreement, but the agreement should be a common one among a majority of the nations and should be permanent.

"I should be opposed, for instance, to any agreement that omitted any considerable number of nations, like those of South America. That would be a slight.

"I do not know what conditions will be as to our world relations. Last year, when I recommended no building program for the navy, I had the sublime belief that we would be in the League of Nations. But that has not come. If conditions come about where there will be an agreement with all nations, we shall not go ahead with our navy building program. Otherwise, we should go ahead.

"Of course, it would not be wise to call a conference on disarmament at this time. That I think, would be for the new President. I am not here now urging a three-year building program. If this country decides to go its way alone, joining no League or association of nations, we must keep on building up our navy."

"If we should go into a conference on disarmament our country would be better off for having gone ahead with its navy building program," suggested Representative Britten of Illinois.

"I would not care to go into such a conference unless I was able to say that we had a navy as strong as the strongest," replied Mr. Daniels. "I think it would be fatal for the United States to go into any such agreement on disarmament or to take a holiday on ship building with any limited number of nations. Great Britain can well afford to have such a holiday. She has the dreadnoughts now. I favor completing the program of construction now under way. Under no circumstances would I stop building at this time."

Secretary Daniels recommended the authorization of an appropriation for the following ships to round out the fleet: five 10,000-ton cruisers, four gunboats, five mine laying submarines, two cruiser submarines and one airplane carrier.

Discussing submarines with Representative Britten, the Secretary said that this class of war craft had given the Navy Department more trouble than any other. He characterized the submarine builders as the fairest promisers and worst performers he knew. He said he was having trouble with the Electric Boat Company, contractors for twenty-five fleet submarines, its boats under the [illegible] will come up to specifications, he said.

Admiral R. E. Coontz, Chief of Naval Operations, said that in addition to the program submitted by Secretary Daniels Congress should authorize the construction of one battleship and one cruiser.

MAIL RUSH LACKING, POST OFFICES REPORT

Department Wonders if There Is Delay or a Slump in Giving Presents.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Whether the people of the country are ignoring the "mail early" slogan of the Post Office Department or have experienced a strong subsidence of the Christmas spirit of giving is a question over which the department today expressed considerable concern. There has been practically no increase in the volume of mails due to Christmas mailing up to the present time, according to an announcement by the department, whereas by Dec. 15 last year the mails had increased 50 per cent. above normal.

"The people of the United States either have curtailed their Christmas mailing this year or are putting it off until the last minute," the announcement set forth. "Until last Tuesday reports throughout the country showed no sign whatever of an increase in the volume of mail and the increase shown by reports on that day's movement of mail was so little as to be negligible."

LOT OF FUN IN THIS WILL.

Makes Merry at Expense of Husband, Son and Executor.

"I leave my money the way I do," wrote Mrs. Hattie N. Van Tyn Jacoby in her will offered here yesterday for probate, "because, although I feel my husband has a deep affection for me, still I believe he has figured on my money in the marriage game, and I feel what I have worked so hard for, I will give to those who were good to me when I needed them—and I do not believe he would ever deprive himself of any pleasure which would please me, if it cost him any money out of his own pocket."

To the husband she left a bank book good for $170, and to a son, Elliot, she awarded $5.25 in the "hope that he will buy some book relating to how to cure selfishness and how to do unto others as you would have them do unto you."

The will directs that her diamonds be distributed among nieces. A brother-in-law is directed to use a small deposit in the Empire Savings Bank to pay the undertaker's bill, and is instructed to "keep the change, as I want the cheapest funeral that can be gotten, and to be cremated."

Mrs. Jacoby lived at 470 West 146th Street and died Sept. 3 last. She left no real property, and her personal estate is listed as valued in excess of $2,000.

BERLIN HOTELS PROTEST.

Cease to Serve Food to Force Nullification of Rationing Regulations.

BERLIN, Dec. 16 (Associated Press).—The guests of Berlin hotels today searched the streets for restaurants which were still supplying food, or else they bought tinned meats and fruits and munched cold lunches in their rooms.

With the closing of the kitchen department of the Hotel Adlon this afternoon, every important hotel in Berlin had ceased serving food, and a majority of the large restaurants had shut down as a protest against the Government's measures to enforce the rationing regulations.

The hotel proprietors by their actions are seeking to force the Government to abandon its policy of raids and arrests for violations of the bread, butter and sugar rationing regulations, which for a year and a half generally have not been observed. These articles tonight had disappeared from every small café that was still operating. The proprietors also desire that cases pending against all offenders be dropped.

While the State authorities have remained silent to the protest, the hotel and restaurant proprietors have telegraphed to the hotel associations of other towns asking co-operation to force the nullification of the rationing regulations.

HOLIDAY CIGARS

Specially Selected Importations
Highest Grade Havana Cigars

H. Upmann	Ramon Allones	Romeo y Julieta
Por Larranaga	Punch	Partagas
Fernandez Garcia	Belinda	Castaneda
Rey del Mundo	Mi Necha	Calixto Lopez

CORTEZ FINEST KEY WEST CIGARS
MEDALIST IN ALL SIZES
JOHN COTTON'S CELEBRATED ENGLISH MIXTURES
TREBOR LONDON MADE PIPES.

GROSVENOR NICHOLAS & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
60 BROAD ST., NEW YORK
FORMERLY BEAVER & 50. WILLIAM STS.
TEL. BROAD 3108 3109—1866.

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th and 35th Streets

Elegant Xmas Modes
FOR HOLIDAY GIVING OR PERSONAL USE

Appropriate and Appreciated Gifts That Express the Spirit of the Season.

Wraps & Coats
SUMPTUOUS, MAGNIFICENT MODELS. NOW MARKED AT 50% OF THEIR ACTUAL COST

150 Wraps
of Superior Materials, Elaborately Fur Trimmed. Formerly $500 — $250.00

125 Wraps
of Rich Materials, Some Fur Trimmed. Formerly $325 — $150.00

185 Wraps
of Evora or Bolivia, Trimmed with Beaver or Squirrel Collars. Formerly $150 — $85.00

Best
MADE
CLOTHES FOR MEN

Today—New York's Best Overcoat Event Featuring

At the Season's Greatest Reductions

Best-made Models in the finest woolen fabrics produced here and abroad

MEN'S & YOUNG MEN'S OVERCOATS

Heretofore		SALE
50.00 to 60.00	. . .	43.00
65.00 to 75.00	. . .	53.00
80.00 to 85.00	. . .	63.00
90.00 to 105.00	. . .	73.00

Single and double-breasted box coats, ulsters and ulsterettes, single-breasted chesterfields.

Lower prices—better values than exist today in New York

Single and Double breasted Chesterfield Overcoats
29.50
Heretofore 40.00 to 45.00

Best & Co.
Fifth Avenue at 35th Street—N. Y.
Established 1879

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO
34th Street—New York

Furs *Sale Continued Today (Friday)* **Furs**

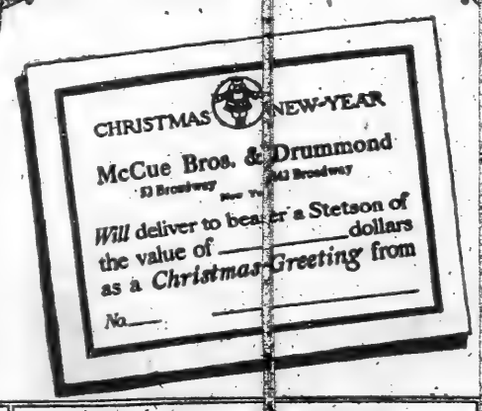
Entire Fur Stock Without Reserve

Reduced from 40% to 60%

Of Our Former Extremely Moderate Prices

Hudson Seal Coats (35 inch)	Formerly to 475.00	Reduced to	225.00
Hudson Seal Coats (36 inch)	Formerly to 695.00	Reduced to	335.00
Persian Lamb Coats	Formerly to 895.00	Reduced to	350.00
Hudson Seal Coats (40 inch)	Formerly to 850.00	Reduced to	375.00
Hudson Seal Coats (45 inch)	Formerly to 895.00	Reduced to	425.00
Beaver Coats (36 inch)	Formerly to 750.00	Reduced to	425.00
Hudson Seal Wraps (45 inch)	Formerly to 975.00	Reduced to	425.00
Beaver Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats	Formerly to 850.00	Reduced to	450.00
Mole Wraps	Formerly to 895.00	Reduced to	450.00
Hudson Seal Wraps	Formerly to 795.00	Reduced to	450.00
Hudson Seal Wraps	Formerly to 1025.00	Reduced to	475.00
Beaver Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats	Formerly to 925.00	Reduced to	475.00
Mole Wraps	Formerly to 1095.00	Reduced to	495.00
Hudson Seal Coats	Formerly to 1295.00	Reduced to	595.00
Hudson Seal Wraps	Formerly to 1450.00	Reduced to	750.00
Hudson Seal Wraps (48 inch)	Formerly to 1450.00	Reduced to	750.00
Caracul Wraps (European Dye)	Formerly to 1800.00	Reduced to	750.00
Natural Squirrel Wrap	Formerly.....1500.00	Reduced to	795.00
Mink Coat (36 inch)	Formerly.....1975.00	Reduced to	925.00
Mink Wraps	Formerly to 3250.00	Reduced to	1250.00
Mink Wrap Coats	Formerly to 4500.00	Reduced to	2250.00

Quantities Are Limited. No Garments Sent C. O. D. No Approvals. No Credits.



A Xmas Gift Suggestion

GIFT that every man will appreciate—a
STETSON HAT
that he can choose for himself.

You buy the order
We deliver the hat

McCUE BROS. & DRUMMOND
High Grade Hats ONLY
52 Broadway, Near Exchange Pl.
1442 Broadway, Bet. 40 & 41 Sts.

Unprecedented Sale of

INNOVATION
TRADE MARK

WARDROBE TRUNKS

The Ideal Christmas Gift

These famous Trunks are offered at prices equivalent to approximately

Present Wholesale Cost

$45, $52.75, $66.50, $80.25, $99.50, $110.50

representing savings from $21.50 to $49.50 per trunk

Every model in all sizes reduced.

Also substantial reductions on General Purpose Trunks, black enameled Week-End Cases and Hat Boxes and our High Grade Leather Goods.

329 Fifth Ave. at 33d St.



Acheson-Graphite Company,
Niagara Falls, N. Y.
C. A. Tyron, Engineer.

"Turner for Concrete"

This five story factory containing about 35,000 sq. ft. floor area can be satisfactorily built in four Winter months at not to exceed 7% above Summer cost.

13% of Turner's work is Winter-built.

TURNER
Construction Co.

POWERS

Our Scope—

As wide as the entire field of pictorial printing and completely embracing those factors whose excellence is vital to the final result.

Likely the engraving you admire in divers reproductions is a combination of our dry-plate photography, our art work and our plate making.

Every day Powers superior *quality* and *service* is proved to millions.

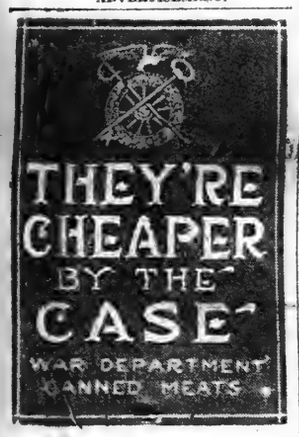
Three Separate Powers Plants

POWERS PHOTO-ENGRAVING CO., 154 Nassau Street
POWERS REPRODUCTION CORP., 127 West 37th Street
POWERS COLORITYPE CO., 115 East 23rd Street

A Salesman Will Call

EVERYTHING IN PHOTO-
ENGRAVING

ADVERTISEMENT.



TAXPAYERS STILL MILLIONS SHORT

Twenty Bags Bulging With Checks and Money Orders Came Yesterday.

EDWARDS HOLDS TO FIGURES

Other Officials Believe Total Default in This District Will Be Less Than $30,000,000.

Although twenty mail bags, bulging with letters carrying checks and money orders for the fourth quarterly payment on the income and excess profits taxes, were received yesterday at the offices of William H. Edwards, Collector of Internal Revenue for Manhattan, the total was estimated as still many millions below the amount expected. Exactly how far below, officials said, would not be known for several days, which will be required to assort the mail payments and check the returns.

Mr. Edwards had no revision to make to his estimate that the total would fall from $36,000,000 to $40,000,000 below the amount expected the first of the year, but other officials were inclined to be more optimistic. While many cases are known of persons who owe large sums to the Government for taxes and who have failed to pay, many others have been noted of payments made within the time limit by persons who have said that they were "dead broke" and who have pleaded with the Collector for more time.

The Collector said that definite figures on the collection for the district would have to come from Commissioner Williams, head of the Internal Revenue Bureau in Washington. Inquiries relating to penalties for delinquents would also have to be directed to Washington, he declared. Mr. Edwards said that the interpretation of the law was up to Commissioner Williams and he would not discuss the provisions of Regulation 45 of the bureau, which are interpreted by many as meaning that delinquents may escape the 5 per cent. flat penalty and the additional penalty of 1 per cent. a month until ten days after the formal notices and demand are sent by collectors to delinquent taxpayers. During that period, which the Collector said would probably be two months, many hold that the delinquents may escape merely by paying 6 per cent. interest on their payments.

Article 1006 of the Regulations says: "If any tax or installment thereof remains due and unpaid for ten days after notice and demand by the Collector, a penalty of 5 per cent. is added. When, however, upon an assessment of a tax and demand made for payment, a bona fide claim for its abatement is filed, within ten days after such demand, no penalty is imposed." Article 1003 provides that "where the time for payment of any instalment of the tax is postponed at the request of the taxpayer, interest at the rate of 6 per cent. is added." Since the Collector has no power to allow postponement of payments, that article is, by the same interpretation, taken to mean that the Commissioner has such power.

Payments filed by corporations for new fiscal years, as the law allows them to do, indicate a marked falling off in the excess profits tax due to business depression. "If conditions get much worse," one official said, "those who are trying to have the excess profits tax repealed won't need to go to the trouble. There will be no excess profits tax." Corporations are permitted to file returns within sixty days after the close of their fiscal years and payments are made at different periods during the year, not necessarily at the time of other quarterly payments.

What part of the $30,000,000 to $40,000,000 estimated shrinkage in the final quarterly payment would be due to the failure of persons who owe large sums for taxes to pay them and not to decreases in revenue because of abatements, decrease in excess profits and other such causes, Mr. Edwards declined to hazard a guess. The letters which he had received, he said, apparently reflected a general condition, but there were undoubtedly many persons, he said, who had decided to defer payment even if they had to pay the penalty, who had not written to him at all.

Only three requests for time extensions on payments were received by the Collector of Internal Revenue in Brooklyn. One of them was from a man whose tax was $40, and who had paid $30. He wanted extra time, he said, to raise the other $10.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—A request for prompt action on the resolution of Representative Edmonds (Rep.), Pennsylvania, providing that no penalties for taxes due yesterday was taken under advisement today by the House Ways and Means Committee.

Representative Edmonds appeared to press his proposal. Chairman Fordney asked how soon the Treasury could give accurately the number of defaulters and was told not before Jan. 10. The Chairman said the committee would act at the earliest opportunity.

WARN CHICAGO DELINQUENTS.

Notices Covering $10,000,000 in Taxes Due to Be Sent Out Soon.

Special to the New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—Notices of delinquency covering $10,000,000 in taxes, due and assessments of 5 per cent. penalty for failure to pay the last installment of their income tax on time will be sent to corporations and individuals within the next few days, according to Harry W. Mager, Collector of Internal Revenue.

"An incomplete audit of the tax drive that closed at midnight Wednesday shows that fully $10,000,000 due from taxpayers this quarter has not been received by the department on time," said Mr. Mager. "Just how many of these taxpayers are delinquent and how many have failed to pay because they have filed abatement claims, cannot be determined until the claims are adjusted."

Collections for the drive totalled $80,000,000, bringing the total for 1919 to $350,000,000, compared with $423,000,000 for 1918. The decrease, it was declared, is due to the lowering of the tax rate more than to any reduction in profits by corporations and earnings of individuals in 1919 as compared to 1918.

SEE GOOD MEAT TRADE HERE

Englishmen Expect New Zealand Shipments to Increase.

Copyright, 1919, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—Great expectations are entertained here of the future of the trade in New ealand meat which recently sprung up between that country and America. It began last April, when the British Government found itself pledged to buy far greater quantities of Australian meat than it could get rid of in peace time, causing a glut of meat in the London docks, which was actually hampering shipping by congesting the warehouses, and it was impossible to put more on the British market. The Food Ministry then decided to find new outlets and send an experimental shipment to America.

Canterbury lamb, a New Zealand product that is reckoned here to be as good as the home-grown, was selected for trial and it was so successful that now a considerable trade has grown up in direct shipments, which is already valued at millions of pounds. This is welcomed here. It has lightened the Government commitments, does something to support the very weak exchange and bids fair to provide New Zealand with a permanent, profitable market for one of her chief products.

NOW URGE FARMERS TO SELL

Non-Partisan Leaguers in North Dakota Wish to Save Banks.

Special to The New York Times.

FARGO, N. D., Dec. 18.—Non-Partisan League officials of North Dakota, who have heretofore admonished farmers to refuse to sell their products at prevailing prices, today joined hands with bankers in urging a policy of "orderly marketing," suggesting that the farmers sell 10 per cent. of their products monthly.

"This policy will not result in dumping great quantities of farm products on the market at one time, but will result in an orderly marketing over a period so extended that it is believed the farmers will be just as able to accomplish their purposes as by refusing to make any sales," said George Hollister of Fargo, representing the banking interests.

This policy was adopted at a conference in which the State was represented by Governor Lynn J. Frazier, John N. Hagan, Commissioner of Agriculture; William Lemke, Attorney General-elect, and F. W. Cathro, manager of the Bank of North Dakota. Permanent cure for the State's present financial crisis, which has resulted in the closing of twenty-two banks, is the object sought in the advice to the farmer. Bankers informed State officials that even a small movement of farm products would open the way to liquidation that would probably prevent the closing of additional banks.

O. E. Lofthus, State Bank Examiner, appealed to the farmers today to take every possible step to protect the banks by selling part of their products.

DOBBS

Useful articles of refined taste will be unusually popular for *Holiday Gifts* this year. Dobbs & Co, New York's leading *HATTERS*, suggest a selection from the following list. The name of Dobbs is a guarantee of correctness and quality.

For Men
at 620 Fifth Avenue & 244 Fifth Avenue

Dobbs Derbies — Dobbs Velour Hats
Dobbs Soft Hats — Dobbs Cloth Hats
Dobbs Caps — Dobbs Mufflers
Dobbs Canes — Dobbs Umbrellas
Dobbs Gloves — Dobbs Hat Boxes
Dobbscoats — Dobbs Motor Rugs

For Women
at 620 Fifth Avenue & 2 West 50th Street

Dobbs Sweaters (models exclusive)
Dobbs Mufflers — Dobbs Umbrellas
Dobbs Waists — Dobbs Skirts
Dobbs Sport Hats — Dobbscoats

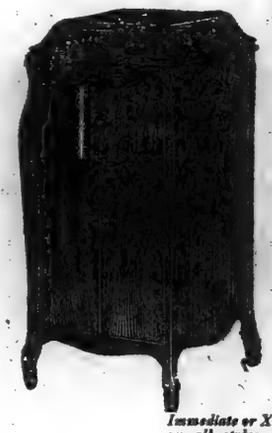
DOBBS HOLIDAY ORDERS *afford the opportunity for personal selection of specific Gifts, or of articles of specified value*

Exclusive Representatives in Many of the Principal Cities

Sohmer

This Popular Victrola Only $150

—on convenient terms



Immediate or Xmas delivery on all styles of Victrolas

WE recommend the Style XI Victrola to those desiring a Victrola that will give perfect musical satisfaction, and present an attractive appearance.

We have this Style in various woods and finishes.

Our record stock is unusually varied, containing many records not obtainable elsewhere.

Our 57th Street location—In the Heart of New York's Most Exclusive Shopping District—is most convenient for the selection of your Xmas Victrola and Records.

Sohmer & Co.

The Sohmer Piano
31 WEST 57th STREET

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

Men's Quality Overcoats

(Altman standard)

are a tremendously advantageous offering

at **$78.50 & 95.00**

All of the garments comprised in the assortment are from the regular stock, are made of selected fabrics imported direct by B. Altman & Co., and represent the most skilful tailoring. The yoke and sleeves are lined with satin.

The prices quoted have been made regardless of cost

(Sixth Floor)

A Special Offering

of

Men's Blanket Bath Robes

with convertible collar and cord trimming

at **$6.75 & 9.75**

and

Men's Cloth House Coats

of double-faced wool material, trimmed with silk braid and cord

at **$9.75**

will be continued to-day (Friday) on the Sixth Floor

These House Garments for men offer remarkable values at the prices quoted

(The prices above $6.75 are subject to tax)

Brill Brothers

Save from $40 to $55 at this

Sale of Overcoats

from **Overseas.**

Big roomy ulsters built of British fabrics and clearly indicating their origin in the exclusive English patterns and elusive English drape.

$135 and $150 Ulsters

for **$95**

Warm fleeces, Scotch mixtures, knit fabrics, fancy rough meltons which exhibit all that wonderful wearing power suggested by the phrase "British woolens."

Brill Brothers

Broadway at Forty-Ninth Street.



The Bimini—Ten Dollars

THE Bimini, at ten dollars, woud hav been impossibl six weeks ago. A modl of great refinement, it is setting new standards of value

In red-brown calfskin, the Bimini is a fit exemplar of good taste and good faith. Its lines ar slendr but with a sugjestion of squareness at the toe: its wing tip, perforations, and heel trimmings ar distinctiv but convey no hint of the extreme

Designd and bilt for the wel-drest city man, this shoe is worthy of the name John Ward

John Ward Shoe Servis includes: careful cobbling, custom and orthopedic shoemaking, expert chiropody, and a painstaking attention to mail orders

John Ward Men's Shoes

80-82 *Nassau st* — 21-23 *Cortlandt st* — 348 *Fulton st*
1401-1403 *Broadway* — 131-133 *West 38 st* — *Brooklyn*



SIXTY DOLLARS

FINCHLEY MAKES THE EMPHATIC STATEMENT THAT IT IS DOUBTFUL IF AN OPPORTUNITY WILL PRESENT ITSELF AGAIN FOR A LONG TIME WHEREBY ONE CAN SECURE AN OVERCOAT OF THE CHARACTER, ELEGANCE AND VALUE TO BE HAD NOW IN THE VARIOUS STYLES SHOWN AT SIXTY DOLLARS.

CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON
READY-TO-PUT-ON TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

FINCHLEY

5 West 46th Street
NEW YORK

Fontaine, Inc.
223 5th Av., Bet. 26th & 27th Sts.
Table Dishes, Window Boxes, Floor Baskets & Vases, filled with beautiful
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS

"THE House With a Bad Name" is enveloped in a secret which grows denser and more baffling with each succeeding chapter with its weird happenings. A fascinating mystery story of an entirely novel kind, by Penley Deare Sheehan. All booksellers.

REVOLUTIONIZING THE ELECTRO-PLATING INDUSTRY.

In this week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL appear three interesting etchings illustrating the process involving the use of the airbrush in electroplating, which betters the entire revolutionization of that process. These are but three of the eighty-two etchings illustrating the news events of the whole world, including a splendid double-page etching of the League of Nations in session ready for a frame. On news stands for 10c. each.

HOUSE COMMITTEE FAVORS WAR FINANCE

Recommends Corporation's Revival After Hearing, Despite Houston's Opposition.

SAYS IT WILL BE USELESS

Secretary of Treasury Indicates Authority of Body to Refuse Loans Would Defeat Purpose.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16 (Associated Press).—The Senate resolution directing revival of the War Finance Corporation and extension by the Federal Reserve System of more liberal credits for exportation of farm and other products was ordered favorably reported tonight by the House Banking and Currency Committee. Prompt consideration of the measure by the House also was recommended.

Republican and Democratic members of the House from agricultural districts met today in joint conference to consider what action by Congress would best serve to meet the needs of farmers. The conference was called by Representative Knutson, Republican, of Minnesota, and it was said that it would be continued as a Congressional organization created to aid the farmers not only in the present situation but in the future.

The conference planned to consider all measures relating to farmer relief, some one hundred of which have been introduced at this session. These will be collected by a special committee appointed today by Representative Knutson and receive careful study. The committee was instructed to prepare a report recommending a policy for Congress to be presented next Monday, when the conference will hold its next meeting.

Members of the committee are Representatives Young, Republican of North Dakota, Chairman, Green of Iowa, Sinnott of Oregon, Timberlake of Colorado, Ayres of Kansas, Smith of Illinois, Tincher of Kansas, and Riddick of Montana, all Republicans, and Hudspeth of Texas and Martin of Louisiana, Democrats.

Special to the New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Secretary Houston expressed strong opposition to the Senate resolution proposing relief to the farmers by reviving the War Finance Corporation, in appearing today before the House Committee on Banking and Currency. He indicated that the resolution, even if approved by the President, would be ineffective, as the corporation of which he is a Chairman ex-officio, had full authority under existing law to exercise its discretion and refuse loans.

"If this resolution should become effective," continued the Secretary, "funds would have to be obtained, either by a loan by the Treasury or by bonds offered to the public. Such bonds would come into competition with the Treasury certificates, and the tendency would be to compel the Government to pay higher interest. The Government had the greatest difficulty in floating the loan of $200,000,000 for the old War Finance Corporation.

Mr. Houston read reports to show that Europe was unable to handle more exports, inasmuch as it had no products to exchange or credits to offer. This condition, he said, made it impossible for any Government or any agency to overcome a condition that could be remedied only by the laws of commerce. There was a trade balance today of more than $10,000,000,000 in favor of the United States, and until this balance became more evenly balanced export trade would suffer.

"Rather than see the Government embark on an unsound fiscal policy, such as the revival of the Finance Corporation," concluded Mr. Houston, "I would

DENMAN SAYS CHINA WAS DRIVEN TO WAR

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

Mr. Denman to William Randolph Hearst, New York American.

The Situation in 1917.

Mr. Denman was interviewed by the correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES and asked for a further elaboration of the situation covering his testimony. As Mr. Denman would not furnish certain information to the Walsh committee except with the permission of the President, he said tonight that he could not in an interview disclose what he would only relate to the committee with the President's assent. In response to inquiries, however, Mr. Denman did throw much additional light on the subject.

"The Pacific Coast shipping men," said Mr. Denman, "were watching the Japanese and Chinese relations very closely. This is generally true of Californians.

"The latter part of April and early in May, 1917, I had purchased for the President certain enemy ships and there were others in China, both Austrian and German, and the possibility of making further purchases of vessels there was under consideration.

"The submarine sinkings for the month of April exceeded 1,100,000 deadweight tons and in eight months at this rate Great Britain would have been compelled to sue for peace and the war would have been over.

"Naturally, as Chairman of the Shipping Board, I was considering the utilization of any ships anywhere that could be procured. The Hamburg-America Line was in financial straights and tentative suggestions had been made that a purchase could be had of their ships or some of them. The Austrians had made similar tenders leading to the purchase of the first eight Austrian ships. This was not the Kerr & Clegg fleet, but another one.

"In these circumstances the program of the American conferees contained a clause stating as a subject for discussion '(E) enemy ships in neutral ports.' You will find the whole program stated at page 3,509 of the transcript of the Walsh committee hearings. The names of the British negotiators and the United States conferees there appear.

Aim of the Secret Treaties.

"China was then a neutral country. The secret treaties between Japan, Great Britain and France, contained in an exchange of notes between the diplomatic representatives of the three countries, provided:

"First—That China should be forced into the war as an enemy to Germany to give her enemy control over German property under her jurisdiction. This included enemy ships.

"Second—Japan was to receive Shantung and certain islands.

"Third—England's consideration was Japanese and French consent to England's acquisition of German South Pacific islands.

"Fourth—France and the rest of the Allies were to receive the German ships in Chinese ports.

"Fifth—China, of course, was unconscious of these treaties and was in fact forced into the war, as I understand it, without their existence being disclosed to her. Shantung, to which China could claim title by virtue of her alliance with the three parties to this secret agreement, and also these ships, were taken from her.

"The Walsh committee were questioning me as to British interference with our shipping program looking to a retardation of our commercial development, and I had pointed out the British propaganda against my project for building Diesel motor ships of the type Lord Pirrie was building in England at that time. I had also pointed out the episode of the British Government's attempt to procure a million tons of shipping on our stocks through the Cunard contracts, blocking my own plans to spend the Shipping Board's money in construction in these same stocks.

"This was after Congress had appropriated $50,000,000 with such construction in view, a fact in itself which should have caused the British diplomatic representatives to ask whether their contracts would interfere with our national project. It is of minor significance that I had discussed our plan to build ships in these yards with Sir Richard Crawford, British Minister of Shipping and Trade, at Washington, before or early in the making of the Cunard contracts.

"After describing this, in response to a question from a member of the committee, I told them about the conference with the British Mission and said to them: 'Now, in the course of that conference, certain phases of it approached the realms of the secret treaties affecting Shantung. My activities in that connection had, in my opinion, more to do with my departure from the Shipping Board than any other cause or influence which may have prevented my carrying out my own policies myself. If you can obtain the permission of the President—which I have always procured prior to any statement that I have made concerning any activities in my behalf—I believe that one of the sources of interference with my administration as Chairman of the Shipping Board may be clearly disclosed.'

Ready to Tell More.

"If," continued Mr. Denman in his interview, "the committee will procure the permission of the President I will state the facts. One of the New York newspapers drew an incorrect inference from the above language. I do not know that I can complain of this, because as I reread the statement it will sustain various inferences. This was the occasion of my telegram which explains itself.

"I have felt ever since my experiences in Washington that there would be no lasting friendship between the two English-speaking peoples until liberal England has a clear picture of the actual occurrences in the activities of her diplomatic and other representatives in this country.

There can be but one bond between us—the unity of liberal public spirit in both countries. Political and commercial pocket-picking of China and the United States will not create that unity of sentiment."

Mr. Denman was asked about the character of the secret agreements between England, France and Japan, and he said that the pertinent clause in their bearing on the ships in Chinese ports, as given in a letter by the French Ambassador at Tokio on March 3, 1917, to the Japanese representative was as follows:

"Mr. Briand demands, on the other hand, that Japan give its support to obtain from China the breaking of the diplomatic relations with Germany and that it give this act desirable significance. The consequences of this act in China should be the following:

"(3) The internment of German ships in Chinese ports and the ultimate requisition of these ships in order to place them at the disposal of the Allies, following the example of Italy and Portugal. According to the information of the French Government, there are fifteen German ships in Chinese ports, totaling about 40,000 tons."

After dictating this extract from one of the diplomatic letters embraced in the so-called secret treaties, Mr. Denman said to THE NEW YORK TIMES representative:

"I did not make the translation."

In Mr. Denman's telegram to THE NEW YORK TIMES today, Mr. Denman suggested that Congress be asked to call the European Chairman of the War Industries, Finance and Supply Commission if the public desired to know of British commercial activities against us during the war. This European Chairman was Lee Summers, who was in Washington last week. The American Chairman of the War Industries Board was Bernard M. Baruch.

Farmers' Chain Stores Urged.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 16.—The retail price of farm products could be reduced 50 per cent, and the agriculturists would realize a greater profit if the farmers sold direct to the consumer, C. S. Barrett of Union City, Ga., told the conference of the National Board of Farm Organizations, which opened here today.

Mr. Barrett said the purpose of the conference was to work out plans for a more direct method of marketing. He recommended the establishment by farmers of a chain of retail stores to sell direct to the consumer. He asserted farmers would lose "approximately $5,000,000,000," about one-fourth the amount of the national debt," if they sold wheat, cotton and other staple crops at present prices.

ARNSTEIN WINS POINT.

Sworn Statements of Brokerage Firm Are Struck Out.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Statements made under oath by members of the Washington brokerage firm of David W. Sullivan & Co. regarding the alleged connection of that concern with the Wall Street bond thefts were stricken from the evidence today at the trial of Jules W. (Nicky) Arnstein and others in the District of Columbia Supreme Court on charges of bringing stolen securities into this city. Justice Gould said he was forced to the conclusion that the defendants had received hope of clemency, if not immunity, if they made the statements.

T. Morris Wampler of the counsel for the defense took the stand and described at length his conferences with Assistant District Attorney Dooling of New York and representatives of surety companies regarding the making of the statements which had been submitted by the prosecution as "confessions."

The Government rested its case and on application of the defense the trial was adjourned until Monday.

LAUNDRESS LEAVES $32,000.

Boston Woman Living in Humble Section Earned It at Washtub.

BOSTON, Dec. 16.—Savings bank books, showing deposits of $32,000, were found today in the room of Catherine Kelleher, a laundress, who died recently. The amount represented the savings of a lifetime.

She lived in the Fields Corner section and her neighbors in humble circumstances never suspected that she had such an amount. She became ill while at the washtub in the home of an employer and died there. A sister, Mrs. Mary Henry of Westboro, who had not seen her in thirty-five years, was the only relative at the funeral.

RUMELY TRIAL EVIDENCE IN.

Jury May Get Evening Mail's Ownership Case Tonight.

The taking of testimony in the trial of Dr. Edward A. Rumely, S. Walter Kaufmann and Norvin R. Lindheim, charged with having concealed the alleged German ownership of The Evening Mail, was concluded yesterday in the Federal court, and Harold Harper, the Government prosecutor, began summing up. It was arranged that each side should have six hours in which to address the jury.

Max D. Steuer, attorney for Kaufmann and Lindheim, followed Mr. Harper, and after him will come Stephen Baldwin and Assistant Attorney General Hugh Alcorn, representing Dr. Rumely and the Government. The case may be submitted to the jury tonight.

Pre Inventory Sale

Entire Stock of Suits and Overcoats reduced without reserve!



Our stocks must be reduced before we take inventory, so down go prices! Every Suit and Overcoat in our immense stock is radically reduced—every one is regular Moe Levy stock—every one was originally priced one-third lower than any other stores'. Reductions are at least one-third and as much as one-half—the greatest we have ever made in our history.

564 Suits were $50
356 Suits were $55
656 Suits were $60

Now $33.50

487 Overcoats were $50
321 Overcoats were $55
593 Overcoats were $69

486 Suits were $35
641 Suits were $40
275 Suits were $45

Now $23.50

371 Overcoats were $35
543 Overcoats were $40
211 Overcoats were $45

Unrestricted Choice of Any Suit in Our Store

754 Suits were $65
533 Suits were $75
201 Suits were $85

Now $47.50

801 Overcoats were $65
457 Overcoats were $75
196 Overcoats were $85

Men's Pants Formerly selling at $8, $9 and $10 ..... Now $5.00

Overcoats (Only) The best that money can buy—formerly priced up to $125 .... Now $63.50

"Kid Klothes!"

Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Reefers and Mackinaws Reduced!

Values Up to $16.50

Now $6.75

Other Specials Now $10.75

Other Specials Now $15.75

Follow the Crowds to

Moe Levy & Son

Our Only Store

119-125 Walker Street New York City

Every Subway or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station, within sight of our store

OPEN
Evenings Until 7
Saturdays Until 10

Coordinated Effort

The combination in one construction company of the functions of architect, engineer and builder eliminates the mistakes and misunderstandings resulting from different conceptions of a building project.

Walter Kidde and Company's success in industrial construction is predicated upon Unity of Control.

Walter Kidde & Company
Incorporated
Engineers and Constructors
140 Cedar Street, ... New York



Your Heirs

As executor under your will the Fulton Trust Company of New York will serve your heirs with careful, individual consideration.

Our officers would like to talk things over with you.

FULTON TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
Member Federal Reserve System
149 Broadway

JOSEPH HEINRICHS



Christmas Gifts
948 Broadway
Near 23d Street
FINEST
Copper & Bronze Ware
IN EXISTENCE
Electric Specialties

$10,000 OF WHISKY SEIZED IN GARAGE

Big Catch in Perth Amboy Signalizes First Day of New Dry Supervisor Here.

MOVED ON FORGED PERMIT

D. J. Chapin, Who Succeeds Boyd, Says He Does Not Expect to Use Sensational Methods.

The first day in office of D. J. Chapin, the new Supervising Prohibition Enforcement Agent, was signalized yesterday by the seizure of 600 cases of whisky, valued at $75,000, in a garage at Perth Amboy, N. J., and the arrest of one of the owners of the garage, Philip Halpern, partner of the Halpern Express and Storage Co.

The seizure and arrest were made by Prohibition Enforcement Agent Michael Phillips, who was especially assigned to try to get evidence against the alleged Staten Island "bootlegging ring," following the murder of Robert Eckert last August. Agent Phillips in applying for a warrant said the whisky was moved from New York City on a forged permit.

Mr. Chapin, who assumed formal charge of the office late Wednesday night, said he did not expect to do anything sensational.

"I have just arrived from Chicago and necessarily do not know the exact situation here," he said. "Obviously my policy will be guided by what I find the situation to be."

Mr. Chapin said it was sometimes difficult to enforce a law not sustained by local sentiment, but easy to enforce it where popular sentiment supported it. "Enforcement of the narcotic law is comparatively easy," he said, "because sentiment is generally in favor of it and information is easy to obtain. I suspect I may find it different in regard to the enforcement of the prohibition law in New York City."

TRY JUSTICE FOR MURDER.

Cleveland Jury Hears Opening Statements in McGannon Case.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 16.—The jury that will try William H. McGannon, Chief Justice of the Municipal Court, on a second degree murder charge, was completed today. It was taken to the spot where Judge McGannon is alleged to have shot Harold C. Kagy, a garage owner, on May 8. Prosecutor Baskin declared he would prove that Justice McGannon shot Kagy following an argument.

Counsel for the defense claims to have thirteen witnesses who will testify the Justice was not near the scene when the shot was fired. The jury was taken to a hotel where, for the duration of the trial, they will be locked up at night.

Impressive Ceremonies Mark Obsequies of General Hill.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 16.—Impressive military ceremonies marked the burial today of General Benjamin G. Hill, the War Secretary, who died yesterday. Twelve thousand soldiers lined the route from the National Palace to the French Cemetery.

George T. Summerlin, United States Chargé d'Affaires here, attended the funeral with the other members of the Diplomatic Corps as an act of courtesy.

The body, on a caisson under a military escort commanded by General Calles, the chief of the Cabinet, was taken from the Palace down the Avenida Madero to the Department of Foreign Relations, where it was transferred to the funeral car. Meanwhile four airplanes circled overhead, dropping flowers. President Obregon attended the ceremonies, as did the members of the Cabinet and the entire membership of the Congress.

Two days of public mourning have been decreed by President Obregon.

A general strike of railway telegraphers and station agents which was called yesterday has been averted. Several demands made by the men have been granted and others will be submitted to arbitration. These demands include recognition of the union, wage increases, shorter working hours and indemnities for personal injury. Paralysis of the National Railway lines was threatened by the proposed strike.

BIG FIRE IN NEW ORLEANS.

$2,650,000 Estimated Damage and 30 Casualties at Ship Plant.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 16.—Fire caused by an electric feed wire snapping and dropping into a pool of water, causing a short circuit, did damage estimated at $2,650,000 to the $3,000,000 floating drydock of the Jahncke Drydock and Shipbuilding Company here today.

It destroyed three vessels undergoing repairs, damaged six others and caused a casualty list of at least thirty.

ADVERTISEMENT.



GIMBEL BROTHERS

32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY

INNOVATION

TRADE MARK

Wardrobe Trunks

At Close to Cost Prices

While these reductions hold: a trunk of ever increasing satisfaction, a gift of lasting service—at a fraction of its usual cost. The Innovation sells at uniform prices throughout the country. This great sale, which opened with such a swing on Monday, is the first in the history of our trunk business in which this trunk of quality has been sold at such reductions. Changing conditions have induced the maker to co-operate with us in staging the event. Gimbel Brothers is the only department store in Greater New York permitted to sell this trunk of world renown.

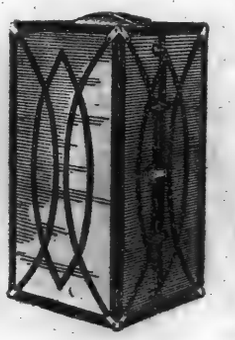
All models are included **Each trunk is perfect**

FULL SIZED WARDROBES
In strong fiber construction

$45.00 $52.75

FULL SIZED WARDROBES
In corrugated fibre construction

$58.25 $66.50



INNOVATION WARDROBE "DE LUXE"
The finest quality Innovations made

$80.25 $99.50

Showing the wonderful construction and scientifically planned reinforcements of the "Innovation Wardrobes de Luxe" at $99.50.

Steamer and Three-Quarter Wardrobes Included at Equally Sensational Prices.

GIMBELS TRUNK SHOP—Fifth Floor.

Telephone Fitz Roy 2400

Stewart & Co.

Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

Fifth Ave. at 37th St.

Remarkable Values in Undergarments

Opportunities to Solve your Xmas Gift-giving Perplexities

Prices Are Emphatically Low

Hand-Made and Hand-Embroidered

Philippine Nightgowns and Chemises

The values would be unusual at 2.95 to 7.95

2.00 2.95 3.95

Exquisitely hand-made and hand-embroidered Philippine Nightgowns and Envelope Chemises of fine quality white Batiste. Round, square or V-shape necks.

Crepe de Chine Nightgowns **3.95**
Silk Crepe de Chine Nightgowns; tailored, lace trimmed and embroidered.

Glove Silk Vests **2.95**
Fine quality Glove Silk Vests; elastic tops.

Crepe de Chine Chemises **2.95**
Chemises of fine Silk Crepe de Chine, with lace trimmings, embroidered organdie medallions. Flesh color.

Washable Satin Bloomers **2.95**
Made of fine heavy Silk washable Satin; tailored models with elastic shirring at knee. Flesh color only.

Washable Satin Camisoles **1.95**
Dainty Camisoles of soft, washable Satin trimmed with embroidered Organdie medallions, ribbons and laces.

Belding's Satin or Silk Jersey Underskirts

3.95

Exquisite underskirts of Belding's guaranteed Satin or of finest quality Silk Jersey; also Silk Jersey with taffeta flounces. All colors.

JOHN DAVID

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd, Manhattan
Court Street at Montague, Brooklyn

The John David

Gift Bond

In Morocco Case

IF you are puzzled what to choose, simply sign a John David Gift Bond in favor of the recipient. Each Gift Bond comes, without extra charge, in Black Morocco Case and is permanently useful as Commutation Ticket Container or Automobile License Holder

COMPARE

JOHN FORSYTHE

20 West 34th St. (Near Waldorf-Astoria)

Semi-Annual

REDUCTION SALE

MEN'S EXCLUSIVE SHIRTS

A rare opportunity to procure men's holiday gifts of a practical character at an exclusive men's shop

At Extraordinary Price Concessions

HIGHEST GRADE SILK SHIRTS
Formerly selling up to 16.50

8.85

Included are highest grade shirts of imported and domestic heavy Satin-stripe Silk Broadcloth and Empire Silk. Also English Flannel Shirts in plain colors. The excellent materials, fine workmanship and perfection of fit are usually embodied only in custom-tailored shirts of the very highest order.

HEAVY QUALITY SILK SHIRTS
Formerly selling up to 10.50

6.95

An unusual assortment of fine, heavy quality Silk Shirts. Rare color blendings, neat and conservative patterns in variegated stripings.

IMPORTED MADRAS SHIRTS
Formerly selling at 5.00 and 6.00

2.95

Carefully made of fine imported English and Domestic Madras in an unusual variety of attractive patterns, including plain white.

Forsythe's Exclusive Neckwear

No gift is more suitable or more appreciated than a Forsythe Cravat

Fine Silk Neckwear
Formerly 1.50 and 2.00
95c
Fine quality silk neckwear in a variety of unusual colors in plain and two tone effects, at a decidedly low price.

Imported Neckwear
Formerly 2.50 and 3.00
1.65
Imported and domestic heavy quality Silk Scarfs including Italian hand-loomed Grenadines and Irish Poplins.

Finest Silk Neckwear—**2.35**
Formerly selling at 4.00 and 5.00
A large collection of handsome Cravats created of exquisite Silks loomed in America and foreign lands. Artistic color combinations.

Stern Brothers

West 42nd Street and West 43rd Street

DRESS SILKS *and* VELVETS

Special for Friday and Saturday

At prices representing extraordinary values—in some instances half the original.

Black Silks **White Silks**
Metallic Silks **Satins**
Silk Crepes **Crepe Chiffons**
Georgettes **Novelty Silks**
Velvets **Velveteens**

Arranged in lengths suitable for all purposes.

REDS STILL MENACE CZECH REPUBLIC

Most of Country Under Martial Law and Prague Strongly Held by Troops.

NEW CABINET IS EXPECTED

Soldiers Fail to Resist in Some Cases —Clashes, With Casualties, Reported at Various Places.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PRAGUE, Dec. 15 (via Bodenbach).—The danger of a Communist Government throughout the Republic of Czechoslovakia, which twenty-four hours ago appeared to be at an end, has suddenly flared up again. The greater part of the country is under martial law and Prague is strongly held by troops.

Parliament met this afternoon, the building and the immediate neighborhood being guarded by a large contingent of mounted and unmounted soldiers and police. When Prime Minister Czerny appeared to make a statement on behalf of the Government, the Communist Party, which numbers about 30 out of a house of 350 members, began to create a tumult, which continued during the whole time the Prime Minister was on his feet. His speech, therefore, could not be heard. The Communist deputies kept shouting "Buffoon! Old Austria lives!" "Murderer of the workers!" &c.

The other party leaders declared against a strike and all forms of dictatorship, though the Government came in for some criticism.

A communication regarding the events at Brüx was read to the House. It stated that at a Communist gathering the speakers assured the meeting that the soldiers would allow themselves to be disarmed. When afterward the mob endeavored to take the soldiers' arms, the troops opened fire and five demonstrators were killed and eighteen wounded.

After hearing this news the House adjourned.

It is the general opinion in political circles in Prague this afternoon that the Government will resign and its place will be taken by a Parliamentary coalition Cabinet with a mandate to settle matters.

The most serious aspect of the trouble throughout the country during the past twenty-four hours has been the pascountry.

At Goeding, for instance, the local force allowed the Communists to seize the Post Office, the railway station and two factories. Another force of military was sent to the town, but it allowed itself to be disarmed. The resident commandant was so badly assaulted that he lost consciousness and was saved with difficulty from being hanged on a lamppost. Armed with rifles and machine guns, the mob then began to plunder until a third military force arrived and occupied one of the factories. It took a fourth contingent, however, to restore order. Many people were more or less badly wounded.

At Kladno and Brunn, where the Communists are strong, soldiers also refused to act, even though at both places they were fired upon by demonstrators.

From other disturbed centres come reports of fighting between troops and strikers.

Fearing that most of the trouble would be encountered in Slovakia, the Government when the disturbances first broke out had dispatched most of the troops there. Now they are being rushed into the trouble centres in Bohemia, 20,000 men being directed on Kladno, Melniy and Reichenberg.

The Communists and the Right Socialists have been conferring with a view to settling matters, but these discussions have been broken off without result. Telephone service over the frontier is completely shut down and telegraphic messages are being held up for a considerable time and mutilated by the censor.

Spread of the trouble is feared and late this afternoon all public buildings in Prague were occupied by troops.

Masaryk Tries Mediation.

PRAGUE, Dec. 16.—Martial law has been declared at Brüx, a town in Bohemia fourteen miles north of Saatz, by the Czechoslovakian Government. This measure was decided upon in consequence of a clash between troops and strikers during which six workmen were killed and fifteen wounded.

Martial law also has been declared in Brünn, capital of Moravia, and in the Moravian towns of Boskowitz, Hodonin (Goeding) and Trebitsch.

Representatives of the Union of Czechoslovak Legionaries were received by President Masaryk yesterday and explained their standpoint on the crisis. They expressed their willingness to serve as mediators between the Right and Left wings of the Social Democratic Party, the clash of which over control had resulted in rioting and precipitated the general strike order.

President Masaryk then received the leaders of the Left wing, Deputies Skalowa and Vanek. Deputy Skalowa declared in the Chamber yesterday that President Masaryk was the only person the Left wing could trust as a mediator.

Government Shows Strength.

PARIS, Dec. 16 (Associated Press).—Attempts which have been made by Communists in Czechoslovakia to overthrow the Government and seize power in that nation have failed entirely, according to the latest dispatches to the French Foreign Office. The Czechoslovak Government, it is declared, is emerging from the turmoil of the last fortnight in a strong position.

The Communist leaders have been imprisoned, the advices state, and the Communist newspapers have been suppressed.

QUITS FRENCH CABINET ON ARMY ISSUE

Lefevre, War Minister, Disapproves Bill to Cut Conscript Service to 18 Months.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 16.—The first split in the Leygues Cabinet came tonight. After having unwillingly and after long and stubborn opposition given his consent to the new army law which was laid before the Chamber two days ago, André Lefevre, Minister of War, has resigned. His intention to do so has been rumored almost every day in the last week, during which it was well known that he was strongly opposed by the rest of the Cabinet on the question of army reorganization.

The other Ministers, more swayed by the considerations of expense and the popular demand, were anxious to have an immediate reduction of the term of military service for French conscripts to eighteen months. This M. Lefèvre opposed, on the ground that the Rhine bridgeheads couldn't be held with safety with so few trained men as would be available. Especially since the protest against the use of black troops on the Rhine has compelled their withdrawal the position has been very difficult for the Minister of War. With difficulty, when backed by the Army Council, he obtained from his colleagues their consent to the reduction of the period of military service being postponed for three years, and to its being then conditional on the re-enlistment of 100,000 men, the increase of the black forces by 100,000 men and the appointment of a number of civilians to take the place of soldiers in administrative billets in case of mobilization.

Formal as these conditions of their consent were made by the Army Council and the Minister of War, it is felt that when the three years are completed popular clamor may result in the eighteen months' service being adopted, whether the conditions are fulfilled or not. It is for that reason that M. Lefèvre, who has also the excuse of very bad health, has resigned. He is unwilling to introduce the bill, though he has given his consent to it, and prefers to reserve the right of criticism as a private Deputy, in which position he will endeavor to obtain an absolute pledge by the Government and Chambers for the maintenance of the two years' service term unless the conditions of the Army Council are fulfilled.

M. Lefèvre, it is understood tonight, will be succeeded by Flaminius Raiberti, who is now President of the Parliamentary Budget Commission. His admission to the Cabinet, it is thought in Parliamentary circles, will be rather to the latter's advantage, and for the moment no disturbance of the political situation is looked for.

CRIMEAN EXILES AT PIRAEUS

American Red Cross Sends Supplies for Stormbound Party of 1,100.

ATHENS, Dec. 16.—Eleven hundred Crimean refugees arrived at Piraeus, the port of Athens, today, when the ship on which they were bound for Cattaro encountered bad weather, sprung a leak and was forced to put into port.

The American Minister, Edward Capps, immediately telegraphed an appeal to the American Red Cross in Paris for aid for the refugees. His message read: "No provision has been made for food, clothing or care and their needs are desperate. Can the American Red Cross help them?"

The Paris headquarters of the Red Cross ordered supplies forwarded to Piraeus from Constantinople.

Thousands of Greek refugees from Macedonia have been in ships in the Black Sea for two months in a starving condition. The Government is aiding them.

STRIPLING PROOF AGAINST GIANTS

French Strong Men Cannot Budge Johnny Coulon When He Works "Magic."

DOCTORS ALSO PUZZLED

They Think It Is More Than the Japanese Trick Which the Strong Men Allege.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 16.—Johnny Coulon, former American bantamweight champion, has the Paris doctors puzzled, as well as heavy weight lifters. The latter, who can pick him up and throw him across a room when he consents, can't get him the one-hundredth part of an inch off the floor when he refuses and takes his little precautions.

Yves le Boulanger, or in English Yves the Baker, tried it last night before a company of doctors. He looked Johnny over first with a scornful eye and refused to believe that he couldn't pick up the little Canadian when and how he pleased, for Yves has been all his life a strong man and proud of his strength. Johnny weighs only forty-nine kilos (118 pounds), and Yves looked at him with less respect for his weight than a nurse has for a new-born babe.

He had heard stories of Johnny's magic, but he couldn't believe them. The doctors who were witnesses to the test wanted to make quite sure that the little boxer hadn't concealed a ton of lead about his person, so they made him strip into the original costume of the babe in whom Yves had likened him. When he had further shown that there was no deception, Johnny didn't work his magic at first. He let Yves do whatever he liked with him, and the giant baker lifted him above his head and handled him in the air without the least apparent effort. To a man who a few weeks ago had lifted more than two hundred and fifty-two kilos it seemed ridiculous that he shouldn't be able to do whatever he liked with a little boxer, magic or not.

Then Johnny announced that he would work his miracle. Standing in front of Yves in exactly the same position he had been in before, he placed his right hand lightly on the latter's neck in the region of the carotid artery and his left hand as lightly on Yves's right arm, in the region of the radial artery. Then he told Yves to lift. The giant pulled all the muscles together with a jerk and every one expected to see Johnny fly through the roof. But he still stood there on the floor, smiling like David in front of Goliath. Again the giant tried to swing up the little man, but the soles of his feet never left the floor. For all the difference the muscles of the weight lifter could make, Johnny might have been two tons weight and tied to the floor with chains.

At last Yves gave up and others took his place. In every case the history was repeated. When Johnny consented they could throw him where they liked. When he laid his magic fingers on them they couldn't move him a half a breadth from the ground. In the end the weight lifters were only less puzzled than the doctors, who had been watching the experiment. The former declare simply that it is Japanese magic. The latter want to know just what it is.

Johnny, who declares that he found out the little trick by accident, has only one complaint to make. That is that his body is a mass of bruises as a result of the efforts of the strong men. Three professors, Richet, Henbleu and Langelos, are reserving their judgment and want to make a new experiment.

Wm. Hall Walker Estate $5,950,000

An accounting filed in the Surrogates' Court yesterday in the estate of William Hall Walker, one of the largest stockholders in the Eastman Kodak Company, values the estate at $5,950,000, of which $3,500,000 is in common and preferred stock of the Eastman company. The estate has received $750,000 in dividends on the Eastman stock since 1918. The Federal inheritance tax was $113,908 and the State transfer tax $115,000.

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

The Men's Furnishings Dep't

suggests, for appropriate Christmas gifts

Men's Belt Sets

Belts with detachable buckle of sterling silver
(engraving to order included)

$4.20 to 9.50 the set

Belts with detachable buckle of gold
(engraving to order included)

10-karat gold $22.50 14-karat gold $50.00

War Revenue tax of 5 per cent. additional.

(First Floor, Thirty-fourth Street side)

Men's Slippers

always an acceptable Christmas gift, are assembled on the Sixth Floor in selections that offer a choice of the popular Cavalier, Faust or Opera models, in glazed kidskin, suede or pebble calfskin.

Included are

Men's Balta Slippers in various leathers and colors

$7.75 to 9.75 per pair

Men's Wool Felt Slippers, with soft soles, in a number of pleasing colors

$2.00 to 3.00 per pair

Also, as a very special feature

Men's Cavalier Slippers

in the wanted leathers and colors

at the greatly reduced price of

$8.75 per pair

Joseph Hilton

A Tremendous
Holiday Reduction Sale of Men's Furnishings

An after-Christmas event held before Christmas! New York's greatest holiday opportunity! The entire Joseph Hilton stock of Men's Furnishings reduced to prices far lower than today's actual replacement costs—giving an unprecedented opportunity not only for buying practical gifts, but stocking up at unequaled savings for the holiday wardrobe. These are only a few examples of the hundreds of similar savings that prevail:

A Wonderful Collection of Silk Shirts

Jacquard Satin Stripe SILK SHIRTS — $6.45 Including Tax — VALUES $12 to $15
A splendid selection. All sizes, all colors—every shirt priced under present replacement cost.

White Pleated Silk
One of the most extraordinary values in this holiday event. Pure tub silk, wearable for every occasion. In all sizes.

Italian SILK SCARVES — $1.65 — Value $4.00
Hand-made, of finest quality Italian silk, in a resplendent variety of patterns and colors. Hundreds of patterns to select from.

SILK NECKWEAR — 65c—95c—$1.35 — VALUES $1.50 to $2.50
All pure silk, durable and of finest quality. All colors and patterns. Hundreds to select from, including knitted silk scarves.

Imported Woven Madras SHIRTS — $1.95 — Value $3.00
Splendidly tailored, in a comprehensive range of colors, patterns and sizes.

Silk Lined Gloves — $3.50 — VALUE $5.50
Gray mocha, of excellent quality. Splendid workmanship. Gloves that could not be duplicated in value today.

Satin Stripe Woven Madras SHIRTS — $2.85 — Value $4.00
Well-fitting, well made, perfect in every detail. A wide variety of desirable colors and stripes.

Imported Silk Umbrellas — $7.50 — VALUE $12.50
Umbrellas of the finest quality imported English silk; tight roll. A value unequaled even at present replacement cost.

Novelty Satin SHIRTS — $3.50 Including Tax — VALUE $6.00
Solid colors; fit perfectly tailored. In every wanted size.

Pure Silk *Pajamas* — $7.45 Including Tax — VALUE $15.00
Custom made, by the best makers of men's nightwear. In every desirable color and style. A value surpassing any offering recently made.

Gloves, Hosiery, Underwear, 50% Under Regular Prices

Entire Men's Clothing Stock

33 1-3 to 50% Reduced — $24.50 $29.50 $34.50 and other record values

Every Suit and Overcoat in every Joseph Hilton Store included. Every one ALL WOOL, benchtailored, custom styled. Every purchase backed by the Joseph Hilton guarantee of "Satisfaction, or Money Back."

The Convenience of a Charge Account Will Be Gladly Extended to You Upon Request to the Manager of Any of Our Stores

Joseph Hilton

Nassau & Fulton Sts. — Raymond's Corner—99 Nassau St.

Fifth Ave. at 33rd St. — Opposite Waldorf-Astoria

10 Cortlandt St. — Our Fifth Store in New York

***243 Broadway** — Opposite City Hall Park

**At 243 Broadway, Men's Clothing Only. Both Men's Furnishings and Clothing at Other Stores.*

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Published Every Day in the Year by the New York Times Company.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President
B. C. FRANCE, Secretary.

OFFICES: [TELEPHONE BRYANT 1000]
TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
TIMES ANNEX, 144 to 148 W. 43d St., Broadway
DOWNTOWN.....7 Beekman Street
WALL STREET.....8 Exeter Street
HARLEM.....2,109 Seventh Avenue
BRONX.....2,014 Third Avenue
WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.....3,525 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Albee Building
CHICAGO.....1202, 1204 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....613 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....603 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....13 Salisbury Square, E.C.
PARIS.....Au Matin, 9 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two Cents a copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 200 miles; Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn; Ten Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, postage paid.	One Year.	Six Mos.	One Mo.
*Daily and Sunday	$12.00	$6.00	$1.00
†Daily only	9.00	5.00	.85
Sunday only	4.00	2.25	.45
Sunday only, Canada	6.00	3.25	.55

*One week, 35c. †One week, 20c.

FOREIGN RATES

Daily and Sunday	$26.00	$13.20	$2.40
Daily only	17.40	8.70	1.45
Sunday only	9.75	5.12	.85

Binder, Picture Section, $2.50; Magazine, $1.50.

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNALIST (Mondays), per year, $5; Canada, $5.50, other countries, $6.
Binder for 52 issues (one vol.), $1.50.

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $3; Canada, $3.50; other countries, $5.

THE TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursdays), one year, $2; Canada, $3; other countries, $4.50
Binder for 52 issues, $1.50.

TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $4; Canada, $4.50 (foreign $5). Per copy, 35c.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $3; per year, $8

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes in the set illustrated—Cloth, $80; three-quarter leather, $100; full leather, $130—encyclopedic history European War.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it, or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, DEC. 17, 1920.

WITHOUT HONOR IN PHILADELPHIA

We regret to see The Public Ledger of Philadelphia decrying the great man of that city. It asks irreverently if Senator PENROSE, now issuing daily oracles at Atlantic City, thinks that perchance it was he who was elected President. Is the Boardwalk to displace the Front Porch? The Pennsylvania Senator is calmly undertaking to say who shall enter the Cabinet and who shall not. He talks magisterially about Republican policies. He oozes gloomy forecasts, both political and industrial. It is these "verbal activities" of his that move The Ledger to flippant scorn.

The really significant thing is that Senator PENROSE has taken to talking so freely. He has never been a garrulous gentleman. An old political maxim of Pennsylvania politics enjoined "addition, division and silence." Mr. PENROSE has long been one of the most silent of Senators. Is it a sign, as some of his Philadelphia backbiters say, of his losing his grip that he has found his tongue?

Probably not. Senator PENROSE doubtless has method in his volubility. He finds it not inconvenient to remind all concerned that he is still the master of forty legions. Recalling the fact that both ROOSEVELT and TAFT consulted him about Cabinet appointments, he points out how natural it would be that he should have the final voice with HARDING. Anyhow, conscious of being one of the best minds, Senator PENROSE, in his magnanimous soliloquies which the reporters overhear, refuses to give up to Marion what was meant for mankind.

RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT.

It is a comfort to know that the Republican promises of a responsible and efficient administration of the Federal Government are to be fulfilled. The Republicans constantly pointed fingers and full hands of scorn at the wretched Democratic incapacity and ineffectiveness. All that is to be changed if "Republican leaders" here and elsewhere have their hearts' desire, which has been feelingly expressed by Mr. HARRY M. DAUGHERTY of Columbus, who carried Mr. HARDING and his fortunes in the campaign up to the Chicago Convention. After consultation with Chairman HAYS and Mr. GLYNN, Chairman of the State Republican Committee, Mr. DAUGHERTY spoke strongly for responsible government secured by a responsible system of appointment. He would put "the responsibility for the disposition "of patronage squarely on the organizations. Let the organizations be "held strictly accountable for their "endorsement. After the appointment is made, the appointee ought "to fit the job, so that the appointing power can rest assured that the "work intrusted to him will be done "right."

Mr. DAUGHERTY said that he spoke only for himself and gave his own point of view; but it was cordially approved by gentlemen representative of the proposed and only responsible system of appointment. Chairman KOSKOFF of the New York County Republican Committee held that this is "the only safe and sane system for "making appointments under our "form of government." "That's the stuff!" cried Chairman GLYNN; "President-elect HARDING will not go "very far wrong if he follows the advice of Mr. DAUGHERTY." Every State, every county and town and district Republican organization will grasp the great idea with as warm a hand of welcome. It is a good old idea that has been too long in abeyance. The party comes back at last to the "old moorings." Who can know as well as the organization what "the boys" want? Of course, an appointee so selected "ought to fit the job." This is a practical way of looking at executive offices. They are "jobs" with which to reward the faithful. A tolerably just pro-rata distribution according to Republican votes in each district is easy. Mr. HARDING shouldn't be bothered with such details. The organization will send him the approved names. He will have merely the clerical work of ratifying nominations made by dependable political boards of appointment.

The passionate interest of Republican politicians in the disposal of the "patronage" seems to indicate that it will be more than a little hard for the Republicans in the next Congress to carry out the too rashly declared purpose of reducing by some 200,000 the number of Federal employés. With a large and genial view of civil service reform, and the power of appointment lodged in the right hands, would not such reductions be inadvisable, and indeed impossible? Republican employés selected by the safe and sane system of appointment must be regarded with far different eyes than the creatures of Democratic circumlocution and incapacity. It is possible, of course, that Mr. DAUGHERTY and the other Republican brethren are sending up a trial balloon. Such a counsel of old-fashioned Republican perfection may be too high for a degenerate and reformed time. Still, there is a beautiful simplicity about Mr. DAUGHERTY'S proposal. It makes old age young again for a moment. This must be 1870, not 1920.

THE NEEDIEST CASES.

It is pleasing to note in the letters accompanying contributions to the Hundred Neediest Cases, as printed in yesterday's TIMES, that it is the special plight of a given family that chiefly calls forth the gifts. This is true whether the sums are large or small. The man who drew his check for $1,000, with more to follow, was particularly interested in cases of which he specified the numbers. But the same interest was in the mind of the children who gave up half their Christmas money to the fund. It is the individual appeal that tells, and this it has been the hope of THE TIMES to enhance by the manner of printing the separate cases.

Charity of this kind may properly be thought of as an investment. Certainly it is such in a large social and community sense. "It costs far less," declared Count CAVOUR in an address to the Senate of Piedmont, "to give a good start to a hundred "children than to repair the misfortune of a single man who follows "the paths of vice." There must be at least a hundred children in the Neediest Cases, and the aim of the relief asked is not only to give them a good start, but to prevent its being impaired by a temporary family emergency.

THE HALT IN BRITISH NAVAL CONSTRUCTION.

The British people, who have been brought up on the assurance that England will always be mistress of the seas, are beginning to have their doubts, because the Admiralty has stopped building capital ships and, besides finishing minor cruisers, is merely tinkering, as anxious critics would put it, with six new destroyers and nine submarines. According to the Annapolis service publication, the United States has fifty-two destroyers and forty-nine submarines under construction, and twelve more destroyers and seven submarines have been authorized. This American activity in building hornets and "subs" must excite Vice Admiral Sir PERCY SCOTT, who agrees with the view of the late Lord FISHER that capital ships, now so vulnerable to the torpedo, should be scrapped. "What is the use of the battleship?" is Sir PERCY'S disdainful question. He has many supporters, most of them outside the navy, as he is now, and they wonder why Great Britain, since she is taking a "holiday" in big ship construction, does not at least compete with the United States in turning out destroyers and submarines. The destroyers mastered the submarine in the great war, and with their torpedoes they may be a greater menace, in battle at any rate, to the capital ship.

An Admiralty that builds no more dreadnoughts for the present and lags far behind the United States in new construction of not only dreadnoughts but destroyers and submarines naturally has many angry critics in England. SCOTT and his adherents would be jubilant if the Admiralty expanded the navy by rushing the cheaper surface and subsurface torpedo carriers into the water. There is a school in England that puts its faith in seaplanes armed with bombs and torpedoes, and who is more enthusiastic about the torpedoplane than our own Admiral FISKE? But here, as in England, the naval authorities stand by the capital ship as indispensable to control of the seas and supreme in battle. The General Board has lately affirmed its confidence in that type. The British Admiralty, in a statement given out early in the year, agreed with our General Board:

> There has been some criticism of the maintenance in commission of the present type of vessels, especially in regard to the capital ship. A contrary policy has been openly advocated, this policy being based, it is presumed, on the idea that the battleship is dead and that submersible and air vessels are the types of the future. The naval staff has examined this question with extreme care, and as a result we profoundly dissent from these views. In our opinion the capital ship remains the unit on which sea power is built up.

Japan also adheres to the capital ship, as her building program demonstrates. The three greatest naval Powers are of one mind about this type. But with the dreadnought, to screen it in battle and protect it in retreat, must go the destroyer. A navy that is rapidly building 16-gun battleships and battle cruisers and providing them with large numbers of stanch, swift and heavily gunned destroyers, at the same time not-neglecting the submarine — that is what the United States Navy is doing today—bids fair to take the sceptre away from England, which is planning improved Hoods without laying down a single capital ship. In gun power there is not much to choose between the two navies today, and the United States has an advantage in that valuable unit in battle, the destroyer of latest design.

POLITICAL BANKING.

The Senate's second thoughts are wiser. It dropped the proposed "directions" to those intrusted with the highest and most delicate financial functions. It also dropped the limitation of the inflationary accommodations to our agricultural producers. The Secretary of the Treasury is still "directed" to revive the activities of the War Finance Corporation, and the Federal Reserve Board is informed of the opinion of Congress that the board should act so as to permit "liberal extensions of credit to farmers" by rediscounts upon agricultural collateral. Naturally the yeas came from the States where the farms are the dominant interests and the nays from the manufacturing States. The vote is one of interests rather than parties, but the issue is one which should be, must be, settled by economics rather than politics. Votes in or out of Congress are but an idle wind in effect upon markets, and we are in a position where markets need help more than producers. In the presence of a surplus of exportable products it is unwise to assist any interest to keep the goods off the market.

The resolution recites that the farmers are unable to sell at prices which will cover their costs of production and that the foreign importers are unable to buy for lack of purchasing power. The indicated remedy is not to help the farmers to hold their crops out of reach of those who are starving, but to help those who are willing to sell at the market to trade with those who are willing to buy at the market, taking precautions that the markets are free and that the credits are made on banking principles. The farmers are no more distressed than the retailers and are less distressed than those foreign buyers who still are taking our products by billions, without the help of Congress or the War Finance Corporation. Buyers and sellers will be helped more by the $100,000,000 Foreign Trade Financing Corporation, and others like it, than by any measures designed to help either party to the bargain of purchase and sale to coerce the other.

It is no better for the War Finance Corporation to hold the crops than for the farmers to hold them. It is as bad for banks to enable retailers to hold their surpluses as to help the farmers to do so. But even the revised Senate resolution favors enabling the farmers to hold their crops until the market suits them, and there are pending other Senatorial resolutions which if passed would tend to put our banking facilities generally in the condition of those of North Dakota. The Senate banking is political banking, even if it is not partisan banking, and wherever that pest raises its head it should be firmly met. The Senate resolution must yet run the gauntlet of the House. The prospect of the President's signing it may be remote, in consideration of the position of the Secretary of the Treasury that private banking is able to deal with the situation better than Government banking. These views are not unsympathetic toward the farmers, but the country should no more be sacrificed to the farmers than the farmers to the country. Even assuming the passage and signature of the resolution, its effect would be tempered. It is not to be supposed that the Federal Reserve Board or the War Finance Corporation would resign its functions to Congress, or would alter its discretion by directions. It is not a case of military discipline and the officials concerned are not of the calibre of top sergeants.

"UNADVERTISED" AMERICA.

The State Department is endeavoring by the aid of torpedo boats and marines to prevent the Western Union Telegraph Company from laying a cable from Miami to South America, and the Western Union declares that none the less it will lay it; but on one point Mr. WALTER S. ROGERS, representing the State Department, and President NEWCOMB CARLTON of the telegraph company are in dulcet agreement. The United States is "the worst advertised country in the world." The situation is more curious in view of the fact that, with or without torpedo boats and marines, something over one hundred millions of Americans would violently disagree with them both. Have we not overrun civilization with our moving pictures? Who was it that astonished the world by uplifting it into a League of Nations and then amazed it by refusing to follow? Are we not the people that answered the question of who won the war by the simple process of putting it? There are matters in which we acknowledge a certain modesty, but not in advertising.

Yet there is something to be said for the idea that brought harmony into the milieu of torpedo boats and marines. There is a kind of advertising little thought of in our familiar walks of life, but highly prized by cable companies and State Departments. It does not particularly profit us to be known as the modern Miles Gloriosus, nor yet as the great international jilt. To the multitudinous movie public abroad we figure as a people half composed of Pollyanna maidens, bedecked with hair-ribbons and uplifted in optimism, and for the other half composed of desperadoes in cowhide boots who are uplifted in crime. There may be truth in this, but not the whole truth. Like other nations, we live by our commerce, which is vaster than that of most; with us as with them, the knowledge and wisdom upon which we rely to guide us through the great issues of peace and war reside in the State Department. To both commerce and diplomacy a prime requisite is quick and sure communications with the outer world—above all a wide interplay of knowledge concerning the soberer facts of the time. That is where the telegraph company comes in, and the State Department—not to mention torpedo boats and marines.

Mr. CARLTON says: "I have lived "abread long enough to know that "there is only one uninfluenced "source of news, and that is the press "associations of the United States." But owing very largely to the lack of cables the whole truth does not appear in the foreign press. Few exercises in modesty are more strenuous than for an American to read home news in the papers of London or Paris. What he finds is mainly tales of romance and of crime, roughly substantiating the pictures of us in the movies. It would help our trade and pave the way for general international understanding if the truth about us could be made whole. In the outposts of civilization we cut an even humbler figure. Mr. CARLTON added that it is essential to our prosperity and peace to make ourselves really known in Middle Europe and Scandinavia, in South America and the Far East. "Especially in the Far East!" Senator KELLOGG interrupted.

The reason for the gunboats and marines at Miami is that the proposed cable will be mainly owned and controlled by a foreign Power, and therefore liable to a censorship harmful at times perhaps to our trade and diplomacy. The point is well taken and will be thoroughly threshed out. Mr. CARLTON seems confident that the decision will ultimately be in his favor. All these cable disputes—some of them seriously involving relations with our foremost friends and allies—are being considered by Under-Secretary DAVIS with great wisdom and firmness. Our communications must be kept open and they must be kept free of all such influences as vitiate the foreign news services. No nation, great or small, can endure tampering with its avenues of communication.

GERMAN RECOVERY.

The German dye industry is enlisting great quantities of capital, and its leaders hope to be able to recover most of the markets which they lost during the war. This will be bad news for competing manufacturers and for those who fear the general revival of German competition, but it will encourage those who expect to collect the German indemnity. With this news comes Professor F. W. FOERSTER'S warning that the Germans will have to be fed before they will have the physical or nervous power needed to go to work. FOERSTER is an honest man and doubtless there is a great deal in what he says, but it does not look as if the leaders of the German dye industry were undernourished.

All Central Europe, of course, is living under worse conditions than the men of 1913 could ever have supposed would come again in Europe. Western Europe and America have an interest in improving those conditions for their own benefit, if for no other reason. If Central Europe is to become a breeding ground of disease, the world will suffer; if Germany will not or can not work, France will never get the indemnity. At the Peace Conference, and long after, there were optimists who hoped to have it both ways—to get a big indemnity out of Germany and to prevent Germany's economic recovery. Most of them have since seen the light. The Germans have paid up a good deal of the reparation in kind demanded under the Treaty, and if they are to pay up the whole indemnity they must in all probability have some help.

But why has not that help been given already? The answer is that the Germans have frightened it away. They so frankly refuse to pay anything they are not compelled to pay that those who might help them hold back for fear their money will be wasted. The Argentine demonstration at Geneva may not be of much importance in the history of the League, but it evoked some interesting comments in the German press. Fr[illegible] reactionary to Socialist, all sorts of papers set up the triumphant, if premature, cry that this meant the death of the League and the clearing of the way for "the true league" in which Germany is to be a powerful, honored and non-paying member. Complaints of governmental extravagance are frequent in Germany itself; multitudes of needless jobs, waste of money on all sides—this from the moderates now in power. Such money as the reactionaries are able to get hold of they spend on arming counter-revolutionary organizations for the war of revenge. The private extravagance of which so much is made is no doubt confined to very limited circles, but it seems clear that the Germans would rather do anything with their money than pay it to France.

The Germans, like the French, cannot have it both ways. If they want help to get on their feet, they must prepare to pay the price. In the work that Germany is to do there must be profit for Germany, France and the other recipients of the indemnity are partners in the profit and must not be cheated of their share. It is a matter of educating the temperament of a nation, which is slow work; but the sooner the Reparation Commission fixes the total of the bill the better. That has been far too long delayed, but it would be better to fix it in the next few weeks than to wait till the Treaty limit of May 1. When the Germans know what is expected of them they may realize that it will pay them to try to carry out their obligation.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Injudicious and Yet Magnificent.

Perhaps the guests at the Astor who resisted the robbers would have been wiser if they had submitted quietly to demands for their property that were backed by levelled pistols, presumably loaded. Doubtless they did, they certainly risked death; for such bandits as attacked them are always ready to commit murder if it is necessary either for the getting of booty or to escape capture. From at least half a dozen points of view of the sort called practical, it is not worth while to put life in deadly risk merely to save—or try to save—a little money and a few jewels. It is for reasons like these that it probably would not be justifiable to advise other people, when confronted by a like emergency, to imitate the example of Mr. LINTHWAITE and Mr. WORLEY or that of their wives. After saying that, however, one is free to express the warmest admiration for the courage and vigor displayed by the four representatives of New Jersey culture, and to declare that if their course were generally followed—well, there probably would be a few to pay a heavy penalty for "rashness" thus displayed, but the human race could hold up its head more proudly, and the present "crime wave" very promptly would be as nearly flattened out as the humorous Commissioner ENRIGHT says it already is.

And those two things are highly desirable.

Not Criminals of Any High Degree.

Of the three who caused so much excitement in Hotel Astor two succeeded in making their escape—a fact that deserves to be carefully investigated—but one of them was captured. Under the questioning of the police this less lucky member of the evil trio has told a fairly plausible story of how the adventure was planned and carried out.

It started, as might have been expected, in a saloon. There a chance meeting resulted in a sufficient acquaintance—not much was needed—to serve as basis of an agreement to have a try together at the getting of wealth in the way so many of late have proved to be easy. Weapons were obtained without trouble across the Hudson—New Jersey officials and legislators should take notice—and former service as a bellboy provided one of the three with the special knowledge as to hotel possibilities that not only determined the scene of their first attempt at the fashionable crime, but made the possessor of the knowledge the leader and the "master mind" of the little band.

It is unlikely that the other groups now thus engaged have an organization of longer standing or more formal nature than this one did. Still more unlikely is it that in any of the groups there is anybody of enough intelligence or courage to rank in criminal annals with the famous bank robbers of other days, or with the storied highwaymen and coaching times in Europe. All, or the great majority, of our so-called bandits are probably small villains of pickpocket grade, but without pickpocket skill—mere amateurs in villainy, bold only when standing behind a loaded pistol and fighters only, as rats are fighters, when cornered.

None the less is every one of them ready for murder as for theft—an enemy of the human race to whom the law, when it can, should show a particular severity.

His Feeling is Shared by Others.

In his speech to the members of the Child Conservation League, Senator HARDING touched upon a question often raised, but as yet never settled—the question of the public and the private school, the place of each in a democracy such as ours, and the quality of their respective products.

Like most men of rearing like his in the smaller American towns, that is, and not in large cities—he expressed, not antagonism, exactly, for the private school, but a strong and instinctive preference for the public school—the community school, as he called it. "For myself," he said, "I confess to no great satisfaction in the good fortune of those families which, when they become sufficiently well to do, take their children away from the public schools and give them the doubtful advantage of more exclusive educational processes."

Many parents will contend, with truth as well as with sincerity, that the "advantage" to which the Senator referred is not "doubtful," but when they are able to prove the real superiority of certain private schools to certain public schools—and they never can do more than that—are they also able to prove that by personal interest and efforts they have tried in vain to make the public schools of their vicinage good enough for their own children as well as good enough for the children of the poor?

Until parents can do that they are on the defensive, and the "no great satisfaction" with them of men like Senator HARDING is fully justified. The public school is not the bulwark of democracy if, or while, it is the school of a class.

MR. PALMER AND THE ALIEN.

A Defense of the Loyalty of the Foreign-Born.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of THE NEW YORK TIMES for Dec. 7, Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer states that 90 per cent. of the Communist and anarchist agitation during the last year is traceable to aliens. As we have been able to observe in the past the Attorney General is more than likely to trace anything coming within the scope of his activities to "aliens." Indeed this appears to amount, on his part, to a mania, and it has been carried to such lengths that the resultant deductions have been anything but accurate.

A few of the outstanding facts as to the situation are as follows:

The foreign-born of this country bought bonds of the Third Liberty Loan amounting to $243,886,000. A few of the figures on the Fourth Liberty Loan can be taken as follows: Hungarians $3,500,000, Italians $150,000,000, Jugoslav $3,000,000, Lithuanian $12,000,000, Russian $40,000,000, Ukrainian $1,000,000. A partial estimate of the foreign-born of this country serving in the United States army during the war shows 125,000 Czechoslovaks, 7,000 Hungarians, 300,000 Italians, 20,000 Jugoslavs, 35,000 Lithuanians, 170,000 Poles, 20,000 Russians and 8,000 Ukrainians.

Criticism may be made, however, that these are war figures. Let us carry the matter further. Mr. Palmer states in the same article that "the foreign language press has been particularly noticeable for its strong ultra-radical movements." This statement is unqualifiedly false. There is in existence a national organization previously governmental, and now attached to the Government as an auxiliary branch, which deals with the foreign language press of this country. The figures from this organization show that within the eight months from February, 1920, to October, 1920, the foreign language press of this country used over three-quarters of a million words a month of Governmental and semi-Governmental material supplied them by this agency. This may be analyzed as follows:

	Words.
Department of State releases	292,416
Federal Reserve	9,471
Public Health	907,004
War Risk Insurance	90,120
Internal Revenue	72,970
Savings Division	110,033
Miscellaneous	160,583
Department of War	168,736
Post Office Department	47,018
Department of the Interior	257,349
Department of Agriculture	545,033
Department of Commerce	133,998
Department of Labor—	
Naturalization	21,595
Children's Bureau	149,109
Miscellaneous	140,861
American Red Cross	1,796,625
National Security League	13,400
Council of National Defense	157,606
U. S. Railroad Administration	16,488
American Relief Administration	148,723

Many instances have been observed where the whole front page of foreign language papers has been devoted to matter of this kind.

Attorney General Palmer, in his article in THE TIMES, has made wild general statements which he cannot prove. I am glad to be able to say, on irrefutable evidence, that his statement is absolutely and unquestionably false in tenor, in implication and in statement of fact. No officer of our Government should be allowed to libel a fifth of our population without offering incontrovertible evidence to prove his statements.

The actual results of the Red-Radical raids have been: Aliens arrested, 3,000; per cent. of which (I am told by percentages) are entirely innocent of guilt either in thought or deed; to break up the educational systems provided for our immigrant population; to drive these people from our shores. The actual increase in male immigration for the last year being only about 70,000 owing to the heavy departures; and to un-Americanize more efficiently than any other agency, even the German. The paltry few foreign-born and native press of foreign language press it can shown, individual against individual and paper against paper, that, if there is any loyalty, it can be most readily found with those defendants who have made this country, rather than with those who have come here seeking the fundamentals of democracy.

EDWARD HALE BIERSTADT.
New York, Dec. 13, 1920.

In Devastated France.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am moved, by your fine and effective editorial in today's TIMES about the work of Miss Morgan's Committee for Devastated France, to ask you to add a word of my own, which comes from personal knowledge of pathetic Soissons, of the battle ground of Juvigny, and of the cemetery of Ploisy. No praise can be too high for the devotedness shown by the young women over there engaged in this work. Soissons, sacred ground as it is to Americans and French alike, is nevertheless an awful place for an American woman to live in now; no hotels, no restaurants or chateaus, no society, no amusements, no canteen with dancing, no beauty of gardens; just plain drudgery, no soldier boys, no romance; just plain drudgery of war, no romance; just plain drudgery along dirty streets, amid toppling walls, among poor people, whose homes are temporary wooden shacks.

Among the present multitudinous appeals for help, we are frequently puzzled to know the worthy ones. But there, in devastated France, still lies the open sore. The evidence is plain, before your eyes, of the present need and of the blasted German crime. One who helps here, both ministers to the need and execrates the crime. In an easy-going world both are being forgotten.

SALTER STORRS CLARK.
Westfield, Dec. 14, 1920.

THE YOUNG GIRL.

"Did you see an old woman going down the path?—I did not, but I saw a young girl and she had the walk of a queen."
—W. B. Yeats, "Cathleen-ni-Houlihan."

How did you look to see her come—
A poor old woman, bent with years,
Beneath her load of sorrow dumb,
And stumbling through a mist of tears
Along her way of martyrdom?

They said who struck her lovers dead,
"If lonely through the world she go,
A beggar woman, poor, widowed,
All men will weary of her woe
And she remain uncomforted."

Long time she walked the roads forlorn,
Pursued by a malignant fate,
Her proud, bruised heart with passion torn;
Then lay across their threshold gate,
A byword for their wrath and scorn.

A tumult in the world began—
One raised for her mid hot and fire
No wailing keen, but a battle rune—
She stood up in her mean attire
And took unto herself a man.

Then rang the cry of wars and alarms,
The sky above her home flamed red—
She held it safe from all their harms,
Her pledge with the beloved dead—
The young Republic in her arms!

A woman fair and sweet and young,
Self-risen from her old anguish;
Her story soft upon her tongue,
With all the future in her eyes
That patriots loved and poets sung.

America, she turns to thee!
O Mighty Mother, by whose side
Strong children sentinel the sea;
Honor and riches, power and pride—
Think of thy first-born—Liberty!

Remember now the dolorous way,
The travail and the bitter scourge,
The faith, with only God to stay,
That watched the night through Valley Forge
And bore the child on Yorktown's day.

ROSALIE M. MOYNAHAN.

HEINZ SALE NOW $24,234.

Kwanyin, "Thousand-Armed" Goddess, Sold at $110 Bid.

Kwanyin, the "thousand-armed" goddess, a Fuchien statuette of the Ming period, 7¾ inches high, of brilliant cream-white glaze and wearing a crown and jeweled headdress, with other jewels, from the Yamanaka sale, was one of the features at the third day of the sale of the Henry J. Heinz collection at the American Art Galleries yesterday, going to F. Williams for $110. A little eight-inch porcelain statuette of Kwanyin, seated, went to S. Ormond for $110.

An eighteenth century enamel bowl, the interior decorated with trellised cherry blossoms and sprays of growing bamboo and the exterior with dragons, all on blue grounds, went to H. Howard for $105, and two Cloissonné temple lanterns of the Ch'ien-lung period, fitted with painted glass panels, the domed cover with embroidered and fringed silk valance, was bought by C. W. Feigenspan for $120. An elaborate eighteenth century Anglian needle painting, a large bowl of flowers on a table with a bowl of fruit, pastel colors on a tawny ground, was bought by Dr. Tinne for $170.

The total for the day was $5,442, making a grand total to date of $24,234. Netsukes, Chinese chop sticks, inros and European ivories will be sold today.

URGES STATE ECONOMY.

State Senator Sage Would Abolish the Labor Bureau.

ALBANY, Dec. 16.—Necessity for the strictest economy in the conduct of the State's business was emphasized by State Senator Henry M. Sage of Albany, for six years Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, who appeared today as a witness before the Joint Legislative Committee on Labor and Industry, which is considering proposals to reorganize the State Industrial Commission.

After telling the committee that requests for appropriations for the use of the various State departments totaled more than $200,000,000 and were approximately $75,000,000 in excess of estimated revenues, Senator Sage declared that "the people of the State of New York are overtaxed."

The only remedy for the situation, he said, is to "eliminate activities where the State does not get the worth of the money they cost."

Regarding the Industrial Commission, he suggested that the work of factory inspection be done by the various localities under State supervision, provided the supervision was proper and that the work could be well done. He also favored the abolition of the Bureau of Employment on the ground that the cost of the bureau, which, he said, benefited only one or two classes of the people, was assessed against all classes.

U. M. O'Hanlon, Legislative Agent of the State Federation of Labor, told the committee that the Executive Council of the Federation, at a meeting here today, opposed any substantive changes in the Industrial Commission law. He advocated the retention of the Bureau of Employment, opposed any fees for services rendered by the bureau to employers and employes, and declared in favor of the continuance of the Bureau of Mediation.

POSTAL TREATIES SIGNED.

They Call for Reciprocal Domestic Rates With Spain and Latin America

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Negotiation of postal treaties providing for reciprocal domestic postage rates on letters, postal cards and printed matter between the United States and the countries of South and Central America, Mexico and Spain, was announced today at the conclusion of a meeting of the Governing board of the Advisory Committee on International Parcel Post.

The treaties are to take effect as soon after Jan. 1 as they are ratified by the several signatory countries. They provide that letters and postal cards shall be sent from the United States to the signatory countries at the prevailing domestic rate in the United States, and that letters and postal cards shall be sent from the signatory countries at the domestic rate in effect in those countries.

CALL IMMIGRATION HEARING.

Senate Will Take Up House Restriction Bill Next Week.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The House bill barring nearly all immigration for a period of one year will be taken up by the Senate Immigration Committee next Tuesday under a call issued today by Chairman Colt. The committee has received many telegrams and letters requesting hearings and urging prompt action.

Senator King, Democrat of Utah, in a brief address in the Senate favoring immediate action to restrict immigration, said he understood that the Senate committee would hold hearings, but that it was not planned to have them begin until after the holidays. The Senator said he would urge immediate hearings.

WOULD OVERRIDE VETO.

Senator King Wants Budget Bill Passed as Before.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Demanding an opportunity to have the National Budget bill passed over President Wilson's veto, Senator King, Democrat, of Utah, blocked a vote today on the measure which came to the Senate from the House amended to meet the objection raised by President Wilson that it would encroach on the powers of the Executive.

"I don't consider there is much merit in the constitutional objection the President made," said Senator King. "Let the bill go over until after the holidays and we may get a two-thirds vote to enact it in the strengthened form."

DISSENSION AT SAN JOSE.

Separatists Call Friends of Central American Union "Adventurers."

SAN SALVADOR, Dec. 16.—A serious split in the conference of representatives of the Central republics, called in San José, Costa Rica, to plan a union of the five countries, is indicated in advices received from San José today.

During the discussion today of the covenant of the proposed union, submitted by the drafting committee, Alberto Mas Ferrer, leader of those favoring a Central American union, denied an imputation of opponents of the union that his followers were "adventurers."

While urgent efforts are being made to constitute the Central American union, the separatists have announced they will call a popular meeting to protest against its formation.

SHEA TO REPRESENT WILSON

Ambassador to Chile Will Attend Inauguration at Santiago.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Dec. 16.—Announcement of President Wilson's selection of Ambassador Joseph H. Shea as the President's personal representative at the inauguration of Arturo Alessandri as President of Chile on Dec. 22 has been received here. The announcement was contained in a message from President Wilson to President-elect Alessandri. The message embodied an expression of friendship from the President and the people of the United States to Chile.

Ambassador Shea is now at Punta Arenas attending the Magellan celebration. He is expected to return to Santiago within a week.

PLAN TARIFF TO BAR ALL FARM PRODUCTS

House and Senate Leaders Meet Today to Consider Bill for Prohibitive Imposts.

NEED SAID TO BE DESPERATE

Movement for Direct Embargo Disappears, Fearing Reprisals by Foreign Governments.

Special to the New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Immediate enactment of a duty on agricultural products so prohibitive that it would amount to an embargo is urged by Chairman Fordney of the House Ways and Means Committee and other members of that committee. Mr. Fordney and Representative Longworth arranged a conference today to take place tomorrow with the Senate Finance Committee on such a bill.

The legislation, says Mr. Fordney, is necessary as a temporary expedient to prevent the importation of foreign products at far below American prices and at a time when the farmer is in desperate plight. Backers of the bill believe that all members of the House from the agricultural sections will rally to its support, even the Southerners, some of whom have constituents asking now for a tariff, and others because of the general demand of the agricultural interests.

Whether the Senate Finance Committee will agree to such legislation is a question. Senator Penrose, Chairman of the committee, has been generally credited with objection to piecemeal tariff laws, especially if they do not include manufactured as well as agricultural products. Senator Walsh of Indiana, a member of the Finance Committee, was expected to confer with Senator Penrose tonight.

The idea of passing a resolution through Congress placing an embargo on all agricultural products seems to have disappeared. Senator McCumber, who favored such action, is now said to concede that a prohibitive tariff would serve the same purpose. Representative Young of North Dakota, who presided today at a conference of House members from agricultural sections, has abandoned his bill for an embargo and today introduced an emergency tariff bill, to be effective for twelve months. This bill would place a 33 per cent. per pound duty on wool and make high levies upon other farm products.

Fear Reprisals by Other Countries.

The fact that the State Department held that an embargo bill would violate treaties has had some effect, Mr. Young being one of those who gave this as a reason for withdrawing his own measure. Some members of Congress fear reprisals by foreign Governments in the event of an embargo.

Chairman Fordney said this afternoon that he believed that an emergency tariff could be passed by the House within three or four hours, and that it would meet with great favor. If Congress is passed such a bill Mr. Fordney would advise sending it to the White House at once, whether the President intended to veto it or not. Various other Republicans take the stand that "the responsibility" for such a veto should be put up to the President.

When asked this afternoon whether manufacturers would be afforded relief in the proposed bill, Mr. Fordney said that manufacturers and farmers were in a different position, for the manufacturer could not plant, therefore as the farmer might have to sell or kill his sheep if he could not sell his wool. The farmer's would be a permanent loss, he argued, against a temporary loss on the part of the manufacturer.

"The wool situation is desperate, said Mr. Fordney, and in substantiation of this statement he alluded to the testimony this morning before his committee of George E. Thurman, representing the Sheep and Goat Growers' Association of Texas. Mr. Thurman told the committee that an embargo was the most effective and the "only sure" way to help the wool men at this time. He said later, however, that a high protective tariff would save the situation.

Banks, factories and merchants in Texas who had advanced 35 to 40 cents per pound on wool were now calling for remittances, he said, and yet the wool growers could not get this price in the market. He attacked the alleged policy of deflation of the Treasury Department.

"The ewes are now being sold," said Mr. Thurman, "and unless something is done quickly, the breeding ground of this country will be devastated not only of sheep but also of cattle."

Introduces Emergency Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16 (Associated Press).—To give "quick relief to those suffering from a flood of importations," Representative Young, Republican, North Dakota, introduced an emergency tariff bill today effective for a period of twelve months and assessing heavy duties on agricultural items. He said this would take the place of an embargo.

The bill provides for duties on cattle ranging from $5 to $7.50 per head; hogs, $2.50 per head; horses and mules, $50 and upward, and a 50 per cent. ad valorem duty if the value of the animal is over $150; sheep, $1.50 to $2.50 per head; rye, 30 cents per bushel; corn, 30 cents per bushel; cornmeal, 80 cents per hundred pounds; rice, 2 to 3 cents per pound; flax, 25 per cent. ad valorem, but not less than 50 cents per bushel; rye, 30 cents a bushel and rye flour, 2 cents per pound; wheat, 50 cents per bushel; wheat flour, 50 per cent. ad valorem; beans, 3 cents per pound; fresh beef, veal, mutton, lamb, pork and game, 3 cents per pound, and wool, 33 cents per pound.

A one-year embargo on imports of potatoes is proposed in a bill introduced today by Representative Hersey, Republican, of Maine.

Recommendation that sections of the Food Control act be made a permanent law to prevent hoarding of food, fuel, clothing and building material was made today by the Federal Trade Commission in a report of its inquiry made by direction of Congress into the recent sugar situation.

The commission said the market advance in sugar prices late in 1919 and early this year could have been prevented in part by a continuation of Government control until more stable trade conditions had been reached.

"The chief difficulty in the sugar trade, with the Government no longer directing distribution, lay in speculation and hoarding," the report said. "When the Food Administration became defunct there was no organization adequately equipped to discover and punish speculators."

Fifteen sugar companies refused to supply the commission with information pertinent to its inquiry,

$2,610 TO NEEDIEST IS 4TH DAY'S TOTAL

Amount Is Less Than One-Third of $9,259.50 Received Same Day Last Year.

FUND NOW $23,736 BEHIND

Small Gifts Show Encouraging Increase, for a Single Dollar May Save a Life.

MANY CASES GROW WORSE

Christmas Gift May Bring Some Poor Soul Through Illness—Clubs and Schools Aid.

Contributions to the Hundred Neediest Cases yesterday, the fourth day since the appeal was made, amounted to $2,610.83. This is less than one-third the amount received on the fourth day last year which was $9,259.50.

The contributions for the four days total $16,933.83, as against $40,670.15 in the first four days a year ago. Help for the Hundred Neediest Cases is thus coming at a rate considerably less than half that in 1919. Since the appeal was first made in 1912 this is the only year in which the response has not exceeded that of the year preceding.

The help of all the old friends of New York's most unfortunate families and children is needed now more than ever, and hundreds of new contributors must be found. If relief and happiness are to be provided this year on a scale comparing at all with that of 1919.

The best hope for a quick change for the better is in the multitude of small contributions which would pour in if all who are touched by the Hundred Neediest Cases and are alive to the opportunity thus presented to them, would give what they can, no matter how small. One encouraging sign yesterday, in a day of general disappointment, was the increase in the number of small gifts. The problems of the Hundred Neediest Cases and of many more would be solved if the thousands of readers who appreciate the keenness of distress of these families would contribute their dollars or small change.

100 Per Cent. Direct to Stricken.

One hundred per cent. of every dollar buys the necessaries of life. Spent economically and wisely, every dollar does a maximum of service. The smallest gift may be the very one which saves a tottering family from going to pieces. One dollar may mean an extra day of family life for a mother and children. That day may be the one which brings a lucky turn in their fortunes and puts a brightening future before them. The lack of the dollar may mean the breakup of the family, the mother collapsing and possibly dying from grief, and the children, never previously out of reach of one another's voice, being sent to institutions and growing to be strangers.

Christmas gifts to the Hundred Neediest Cases provide food for hungry mothers and children and for crippled or sick fathers, and medical care for those sick from overwork and undernourishment, and in some cases a brief technical education for a youth or a girl just coming to womanhood. It gives them a roof and warmth. The constructive work done by such gifts is in helping the family through a crisis—not always of short duration—until some member is restored to health or a child becomes a bread-winner. The family tie, which is thus preserved, is a stimulus to ambitious, self-respecting people and is generally the source of great moral advantage to the children.

The Hundred Neediest Cases thus make it possible to give Christmas gifts of a finer quality than any which can be purchased in the shops. It makes it possible, reader, to make a present to a mother of the chance to bring up her own children and to make a Christmas present to the children of the right to grow up by their mother's side, to hear her voice and feel her hand and to play and live with their own little sisters and brothers.

The smallest gift, or two or three of them, may mean everything in the world to some little family now in danger of losing everything that is dear to it.

The following are some of the typical cases among the Hundred Neediest:

CASE 1.

Family Broken Up.

Hester Rogers earns $14 a week working in a hotel. She has five children, but she had to let two-year-old Billy and five-year-old Jack go to institutions because the food she could buy would not feed six. Mrs. Rogers now has her two oldest boys, fifteen-year-old Mark and eleven-year-old Henry, and a seven-months-old baby in a day nursery. Her husband is in jail.

Total amount needed, $360.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4068.)

CASE 8.

Deserted Young Mother.

Susan, at 18 years old, is a deserted wife with a year-old baby, and she is temporarily helpless because of an operation on her feet made necessary by infantile paralysis from which she suffered years ago. There is nobody to take care of her until she is in a condition to move about without pain and get work. Eventually she will be self-supporting, but months or even a year may elapse first.

Total amount needed, $500.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

CASE 24.

Black-Eyed Little Strangers.

Eleven-year-old Dolores and five-year-old José were sent from Spain to an uncle here who wanted them to become Americans. But the uncle had troubles and soon was scarcely able to keep his own family. The little undefed, home-sick Spaniards had to be taken away from him. They still have each other left, which saved them from utter misery. But help is needed to prevent them from being separated and sent to different institutions.

Total amount needed, $728.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

CASE 28.

Dying Mother Exacts Promise.

The father and mother of these four little children were stricken by disease at the same time. The father died first and the mother died less than an hour later. With almost her last breath she exacted a promise from her mother to bring up the four children as brothers and sisters and not to let them be sent to institutions, where they would forget each other. The grandmother assumed the task. She has been a mother to the four children and has borne all burdens courageously, but her circumstances have changed and she needs more help if she is to carry out her assurance to the children's mother.

Total amount needed, $680.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 34.

Toil Breaks Mother's Strength.

Just as long as the five children were well, Mrs. J. was able to provide for them by cleaning offices in the early morning and working in a laundry the rest of the day. A bad accident to 10-year-old Bob made it imperative for her to stay at home and nurse him. It was then that the accumulated strain of five constant years' toil began to tell on her. It is no longer possible for her to rate. Ralph, the oldest, now has his continue at the former life-breaking first job. He is willingly placing his shoulder to the wheel, but the burden is heavy and he can't move it very far.

Total amount needed, $480.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 56.

Father Insane, Mother Ill.

When Mr. T. was removed to an insane asylum his wife quietly took her place as breadwinner for the family. Work in the factory, worry over the man who will never come back and the thought of her four children left at home in the care of the oldest girl soon broke her strength. She can do part time work, which will enable her to be with her children when they are home from school. Her earnings cannot, however, meet the needs of their growing little bodies.

Total amount needed, $732.

Cases reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 80.

Love Can't Feed Children.

When both parents died of tuberculosis the children were sent to their grandmother. With her lived an older brother. The two old people clinging to each other just managed to get along on the man's small earnings as a general helper in a small store. The coming of the two children seemed to emphasize their growing feebleness. If love alone could keep them, there would be no appeal for them at this Christmastide. But it can't, and the wise but helpless little old lady has had to appeal to the charity organization to help get the food and clothing that a nine-year-old boy and a seven-year-old girl need.

Total amount needed, $600.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 90.

Worries Over Winter's Needs.

Walt earns $10 a week as clerk. Walt is only 15, so that isn't very bad. Walt's mother earns on an average $7 a week in the odd moments that she can get sewing at the factory. Seventeen dollars is not enough to feed, house and clothe five people. Walt is the oldest of four children. He has been the father of the family ever since the death of the man who had always filled the well-supplied house with his big, kind-hearted laugh. There used to be a laugh in Walter's eyes, too, but that has gone. Just now he is wondering how in the world the family is going to get through the Winter.

Total amount needed, $300.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

Four of the orphan children among the Hundred Neediest have had more trouble since the appeal was made in their behalf. One of them is seven-year-old Nancy Evans of Case 4, the little girl who has a faint memory at times of a beautiful woman that she thinks was her mother. This little girl was left with the State Charities Aid Association by a man of unprepossessing appearance, who said that she was his stepdaughter. The association could not find out much about her past, but the little child is filled with delight by the highly colored dreams built upon her earliest recollections. Poor Nancy has had a succession of illness, and she is now in a hospital again in a serious condition.

The two little Ware girls of Case No. 17 also are seriously ill. Both of them have been under treatment for a long time. They are the two of the three children who were deserted by their father and mother, which was strange, because one of their grandfathers and one of their great-grandfathers were fine men who died fighting for their country. One of their grandfathers was an Englishman who was not too old to die in France in the great war. The great-grandfather was killed in the civil war. There has been a generous number of contributions for these two children, but their illness has made a large total necessary for them.

14-Year-Old Boy Is Ill.

Fourteen-year-old Tommy, the stepchild of Case 71, who was badly treated by his stepmother and finally thrown out of her home, is also very sick. He was operated on for adenoids, which were impeding his development, but his vitality has been so sapped by harsh treatment and poor nourishment that he is not making a good recovery.

The following are expressions from some of the letters of contributors:

"In Memory of Grandma Ballin"—"Kindly apply enclosed check for $10 to any case least provided for by other contributors. We sincerely hope you will more than fulfill the quota reached in former years."

W. A.—"Enclosed please find check for $10 for the Hundred Neediest. Don't forget the boy who had to go to school when he was needed to support his mother and brothers. Education is a good thing, but food is necessary for everybody alive."

E. A. G.—"Enclosed I hand you check for $3 for One Hundred Neediest Cases to be applied according to your judgment. I wish with all my heart that I might send much more."

Clarence E. Hogg, Waterbury, Conn.—"I enclose $2 to apply on some one of your needy cases. I am a veteran of the World War and request it be given to some family among those who may have lost a loved one over there."

"A Friend"—"Enclosed please find my small contribution toward relief of whatever case is least responded to." I wish I might help all. They are heartrending."

E. B. S., New Milford, Conn.—"I am sending you my small annual contribution to your fund for the Hundred Neediest Cases and only wish as I do each year, that I could send much more. I should like it to go to Case 45 to help plucky little Mazie, who is assuming bravely burdens so much beyond her years."

Kate Stevens, East Orange, N. J.—"For the worthiest of charities, I send my small check, wishing it was ten times more."

Anonymous.—"Will you kindly use the enclosed check for $500 as you see fit to complete those cases where the necessary contributions are not received by you and acknowledge under the names 'From Henry and Mickey.'"

Anonymous.—"For any of the Hundred Needies where some lonely little child will be helped. Wish it might be more. If listed, please only as from 'One Who Loves Children.'"

G. C. Oakley.—"I am enclosing a check for $10, and I wish you would apply it to Case No. 83—'The Little Old Lady' of the One Hundred Neediest Cases. Somehow one feels that there is an answer to the problems which the young have to meet, but old people's troubles touch my heart very deeply."

A number of contributions have come from clubs, schools, card parties, groups of other employes and other organizations. The Horace Mann School for Boys at Fieldston, where an annual collection has been taken for the Hundred Neediest Cases, doubled its gift this year, sending $50 contributed by the pupils.

No one is authorized to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State Pension law.

Contributions are deductible from income tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessaries, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO FUND FOR NEEDIEST

Contributions reported yesterday for the Hundred Neediest Cases amounted to $2,610.83, bringing the total since the 1920 appeal was made to $16,933.83. Contributions were as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES	$1,634.00
Charity Organization Society	416.45
Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	308.38
State Charities Aid Association	252.00
Total	$2,610.83
Previously Acknowledged	14,323.00
Total	$16,933.83

Contributions received direct by THE NEW YORK TIMES.

A friend	$3	Lederer, R. M.	25
A friend	1	L. Y. M.	10
Anonymous	50	McHutchison, J.	10
Anonymous	25	McNaughton, M. J.	1
B. A. G.	3	Marx, L.	100
Bates, Miss J.	5	M. B. and W. G.	2
Brainard, Mrs. C. T.	10	Morristown friend	2
Brown, I. M.	10	M. M. T.	2
Deering, R.	100	Muldoon, A. S.	10
Dollfinger, A. S.	10	Myers, C. H.	25
Dolmetsch, Mrs. R.	10	Neumaier, E.	10
Dreyfus, I.	15	No name	5
E. B. S.	5	No name	2
Ehevington, W. F.	100	No name	1
"Every little helps"	1	Oakley, G. C.	10
Ferguson, H. S.	25	Odell, Miss F. E.	10
Flood, C. P.	5	"One who loves children"	5
Fogg, C. E.	2	Polak, Mrs. J. R.	5
From a real Duncan and Mrs. W.	5	Rheinfrank, M. L.	50
From "Dan"	10	Rollins, E. A.	10
From Henry Mickey	500	Rosenbaum, H. J.	5
In mem. of A. M.	5	Shaw, D.	3
In mem. of Grandma Ballin	10	Sternberg, C.	5
J. C.	3	Stetson, E. W.	10
Kelly, W. M.	10	Stevens, K.	20
		Tilden, F.	10
		Townsend, W. R.	40
		Tucker, Mrs. G. S. Jr.	1
		Ver Planck, J. L.	10
		W. A.	10
		Wadsworth, H. B.	5
		Wilcox, W. G.	100
		Winburn, M.	25
		Wood, M. P.	10
Total	$1,624		

Contributions received through the Charity Organization Society.

Barnum, Miss A. L.	$5	J. A. S.	$5
Benedict, Miss J. F.	5	Myers, L.	1
Browning, Miss F. E.	10	Rochat, L. A.	25
B. W.	10	Satterlee, Mrs. R. S.	10
Doane, S. T.	3	Seymour, H. T.	25
Elmore, E. F.	6	Squires, E. L.	5
Firkins, O. W.	7.20	Thomas, Mrs. H. B.	10
Friend	5	Van Wagenen, Mrs. B.	25
Gardiner, Miss L. A.	5	Well, Dr. I.	10
Gwynne, Miss E. W.	5	Whittelsey	20
H. E. F.	2.25	Worcester, Mrs. H. E.	200
Howell, Mrs. W. A.	5	Total	$416.45
Howle, Mrs. H. M.	20		

Contributions received through the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:

Anita H.	$2	McClosky, Mrs. A. D.	$2
Anonymous	10	McClosky, Miss M.	5
Blum, Miss E. B.	3	M. S. C. S.	2.38
F. L. C.	10	Satterlee, Mrs. R. S.	10
Gibbs, Mr. and Mrs. W. E.	10	Sforza, B. J.	10
Hervie, Mrs. H. M.	20	Spafford, C. H.	10
Hughes, Mrs. A. L.	10	Thompson, Mrs. W. B.	5
Jones, T. Buchanan	15	T. B.	2
Keller, Mrs. W. A.	10	Wood, Mrs. K. H.	1
Kernochan, Miss E.	20	Total	$308.38
Kruttschnitt, J.	100		
Lefferts, S. J. Jr.	10		

Contributions received through the State Charities Aid Association:

Anonymous	$150	Foote, E.	$5
Anonymous	50	Mitchell, Mrs. C. H.	5
Cheney, Miss K. J.	15	Liebmann, R.	5
In loving mem. of another boy who fought the good fight	10	Liebmann, Miss H.	5
		Margolin, Miss E.	2
A friend	1	A friend	1
A mother	1	Total	$262

DANCE FOR MISS DOUBLEDAY

George Doubleday Entertains for Debutante Daughter at the Ritz.

George Doubleday of 28 East Seventy-third Street gave a dance last evening at the Ritz-Carlton for his débutante daughter, Miss Marguerite Doubleday, which was preceded by a dinner for twenty that Miss Doubleday gave at her home. The dancing was in the large ballroom at the Ritz and a seated supper was served after midnight in the large restaurant.

The guests included the Misses Millicent M. Rogers, Fannie Billings, Jane Sanford, Katherine Kemp, Katherine Billings, Adelaide Kip Rhinelander, Phyllis Brooks, Caroline Prentice, Muriel Vanderbilt, Louise V. Schieffelin, Lillian Remsen, Helen Trevor, Martha Ottley, Marion Tiffany, Helen Bull, Virginia de Haven and Adele Ryan, Mr. and Mrs. S. Bayard Wing, Mr. and Mrs. Felix Doubleday, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Littleton, Mr. and Mrs. L. Stuart Wing.

Also Thomas and Sherman Ewing, H. G. Trevor Jr., Alan Harriman, Herbert Platt, Jay Schieffelin, Wyllis Betts, Maurice Roche, Edward Stettinius, Harvey Ladew, J. Benson Rose, James Thompson, Philip Simson, Hampton Lynch, Ryland Siser, Gordon Hamersley, Livingston Burrill, Arnold Wood, Robert Duane, Theodore Condon, Collis J. Coe.

WM. S. HOWELL TO MARRY.

Prague Legation Secretary to Wed Miss Barth in London Today.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—William Smith Howell of Texas, formerly Second Secretary of the American Embassy in London and now Secretary to the Legation in Prague, Czechoslovakia, will marry Miss Charlotte A. Barth of Denver, Col., in St. Margaret's, Westminster, tomorrow afternoon.

John W. Davis, the American Ambassador, will give the bride away, and J. Butler Wright, Counselor of the Embassy, will be best man.

Schola Cantorum at Mrs. V. Astor's.

A large audience assembled at the home of Mrs. Vincent Astor yesterday afternoon at the first of the series of the Schola Cantorum lecture-musicales, this being the occasion of the American début of the new Russian soprano, Nina Koshetz. Among the patronesses, many of whom were present, were Mrs. Edward S. Harkness, Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, Mrs. V. Everit Macy, Mrs. Newbold Le Roy Edgar, Mrs. J. Mortgomery Sears, Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, Mrs. Elliott F. Shepard, Mrs. J. Frederick Tams, Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James, Mrs. J. Todhunter Thompson, Mrs. Paul D. Cravath, Mrs. George Draper, Mrs. Townsend Burden, Mrs. Alonzo Potter, Mrs. John Alfred, Mrs. Charles A. Stone, Mrs. B. Aymar Sands, Mrs. Reginald Finke, Mrs. William P. Draper, Mrs. George C. Clark and Mrs. Bradish Johnson.

G. W. Aldridge Has Comfortable Day

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 16.—George W. Aldridge, Republican leader of Monroe County, who has been dangerously ill with pneumonia at his home here since Monday, passed a comfortable day according to his physicians; but they said that he could not be considered out of danger until he had made a continued and marked improvement.

Refined Sugar Drops to 8c a Pound.

Refined sugar dropped to 8 cents a pound yesterday, this quotation being made by Arbuckle Brothers and the Federal Sugar Refining Company.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Hamilton R. Fairfax and Mrs. Anson P. Atterbury are giving a reception for Mrs. Joseph R. Lamar, President of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, tomorrow afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Atterbury, 145 West Eighty-sixth Street. Mrs. Fairfax is President of the Colonial Dames of this State.

Mrs. William de Haven and Miss Virginia de Haven gave a luncheon yesterday at their residence, 113 East Fifty-third Street, for Mrs. Adolphe H. Wenzell, formerly Miss Zilah Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul M. Warburg of 17 East Eightieth Street will give a musicale at their home on Sunday afternoon, Jan. 2, at 4 o'clock.

Mrs. Josiah Kingsley Ohl of this city, who has been visiting her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Garnett Andrews, in Chattanooga, has gone to Summerville, S. C., for Christmas and will remain there until early Summer, when she plans to return to New York.

Mrs. Maxwell W. Ross of 449 Park Avenue will give a dinner on Dec. 21, taking her guests afterward to the Navy ball at the Commodore.

Mrs. Craig Biddle has come from Philadelphia and has been staying at the Vanderbilt.

The Misses Alice T. and Frances Davison, who have been at Baltimore, where their mother, Mrs. Henry P. Davison, is recovering from an operation, have gone to Georgia on a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen B. Forbes entertained at dinner last night at the Plaza, where the Japanese Ambassador, Baron Kijuro Shidehara, is staying. Lady Williams-Taylor of Montreal is also at the hotel on a visit.

Mrs. Harry Arnold Day will give a reception and dance for her débutante daughter, Miss Elizabeth Day, on Monday afternoon, Dec. 27, at 205 West Fifty-seventh Street.

Brig. Gen. W. S. Graves, U. S. A., who has just returned from Manila, P. I., and Mrs. Graves are at the Astor, prior to going to Camp Dix.

Mr. and Mrs. Luis John Francke and Miss Ada Francke, who recently returned from Europe, will be at 2 East Forty-fifth Street for a month before going to California.

Mrs. Belmont Tiffany is giving a dance at the Ritz-Carlton tonight for her débutante niece, Miss Mary Cameron; Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Coppell will give a dance at the Colony Club for their daughter, Miss Susan B. Coppell, where Mrs. Pennington Satterthwaite is to entertain at dinner for her débutante niece, Miss Eleanor E. R. Peabody. Mrs. Edward Martin Stout will give a luncheon at the Ritz for her daughter, Miss Margaret L. Stout.

Artemus L. Gates, Henry L. de Forest, George F. Baker Jr., Walter N. Stillman, Morgan J. O'Brien and Bertrand L. Taylor are among those in charge of a dance to be held tonight at Delmonico's for the alumni of the Hotchkiss School.

Arthur Williams gave a dinner last night at the Ritz for the Duke and Duchess de Richelieu. Mr. and Mrs. Preston P. Satterwhite, Mr. and Mrs. James Lowell Putnam, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Graves, Mrs. Charles H. Senff and Mrs. William L. Davis were among the guests.

Princeton Triangle Play Tomorrow.

The Princeton Triangle Club will present the musical farce, "They Never Come Back," tomorrow afternoon and evening at the Waldorf-Astoria. Seven New Yorkers have parts in the show, including Edwin C. Wever '21, the President of the Triangle Club and author of the book and most of the lyrics, who will appear as Sir Rollover Doyle. Frank T. Cooper '23 has one of the leading female parts as Lady Rollover Doyle. Others in the cast are J. B. Darby, Eddie Singleton, Kenneth Drummond, Reginald Foster and Robert Buechner. Thirteen of the season's débutantes will usher at the performances.

BRITAIN TO AID EXCHANGE.

Government Proposes Measure to Stabilize Values.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—The Daily Chronicle's political correspondent says:

"The Government contemplates a measure next session to try to stabilize exchanges. Sir R. Horne is now conferring with representative men on the subject. The intention is that the measure should in no sense be one of protection. At the same time its effect no doubt would be to restrict, during a temporary period, imports of goods from countries where exchange is much down as in Germany or Austria.

"One suggestion which is being examined is that the value of the goods imported from such countries should be priced at the pre-war value of their currency."

Clayton Sponsler Dies In Vienna.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 16.—Clayton Sponsler, a prominent business man of St. Joseph, Mo., died in Vienna. Mr. Sponsler was in Europe six months visiting his stepson, Eugene Shoecraft, Secretary of the American Mission.

Dr. Hyman Climenko.

Dr. Hyman Climenko, a specialist in neurological diseases, died yesterday at the Mt. Sinai Hospital following an operation for an abdominal ailment. He was 46 years old, a graduate of the Long Island College Hospital. His home was at 232 East Broadway. He was the chief neurological clinician at the Mt. Sinai Hospital and attending neurologist at the Neurologist Institute, the Beth Moses, Central Neurological, Beth David, Brownsville and East New York Hospitals.

Charles H. Babcock.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 16.—Charles H. Babcock, member of the State Forest Preserve Board under Governors Black, Roosevelt and Odell, President of the Lincoln National Bank of Rochester until its merger this year with the Alliance Bank, and well-known coal dealer, died at his home here today, aged 72 years.

Obituary Notes.

Rev. ISAK L. P. DIETRICHSON, for the last twenty-two years pastor of the Scandinavian Evangelical Lutheran Trinity Church, in Jersey City, died yesterday at Greenville Hospital, Jersey City, at the age of 77.

FREDERICK BOSTWICK, County Clerk of Dutchess County from 1901 to 1907, dropped dead at his home in Pine Plains last night at the age of 71.

ERNEST H. RIPLEY of White Plains, of the firm of Prince & Ripley, real estate, died yesterday in the White Plains Hospital following an operation for appendicitis. He was 39 years old.

Colonel STEPHEN ELLIS SHOURDS, a civil war veteran and for many years a hardware merchant in this city, died at his home in Woodhaven, L. I., on Wednesday. Colonel Shourds was 76 years old, and during the war took part in seven important battles, and was wounded six times.

EDWARD ALDEN, for forty years an accountant for the Postal Telegraph Company and a descendant of John and Priscilla Alden, Mayflower Pilgrims, died on Tuesday at his home, 593 East Nineteenth Street, Flatbush. He was 75 years old.

Mrs. CHRISTINA B. SWENSON, 58 years old, wife of John O. Swenson, a retired Brooklyn florist, died at her home, 2,325 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, on Tuesday.

PAUL COHEN, a retired merchant tailor and a resident of Brooklyn for thirty years, died on Wednesday at his home, 509 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn.

DANIEL J. CRONIN, 41 years old, a stationary engineer, died on Tuesday at his home, 812 Knickerbocker Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. CLARA DEL SOLAR DE TORRES, an accomplished musician and singer and a former resident of Brooklyn, died at her home in Malaga, Spain, on Sunday, according to a cable received in Brooklyn.

WILLIAM H. SMOCK, for nineteen years a city salesman for Redding Bros. & Co., silk merchants in Manhattan, died on Wednesday at his home, 1,013 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, aged 53 years.

HENRY BADENHOOP, 66 years old, a cafe proprietor in Brooklyn and a resident of that borough for fifty years, died on Tuesday at his home, 858 Gizamore Avenue, Brooklyn.

MISS GUGGENHEIM WEDS LORD STUART

Nuptial of Daughter of Solomon Guggenheim of New York a Brilliant London Event.

MRS. ELISE VOLCK, BRIDE

Wed to Edwin Paul Wanner at the Home of Her Parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jabish Holmes.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—Viscount Stuart, son and heir of the sixth Earl of Castlestewart, and Miss Eleanor May Guggenheim, daughter of Solomon R. Guggenheim of New York City, were married here today. The ceremony was performed by Canon David of Coventry, assisted by the Rev. L. S. Stewart, rector of Stewartstown, County Tyrone, Ireland, and was witnessed by more than 100 relatives and intimate friends of the couple.

The bridesmaids were the Misses Edith MacGeorge of Glasgow and Janet Rowell of Newcastle-on-Tyne, school friends of the bride, and the best man was Hugh Greer.

The bride, whose father gave her in marriage, wore a gown of the Charles II. period. It was a hand-woven, pearl white satin brocade, embroidered with seed pearls and diamonds, and had a rose point lace collar, an underskirt of cloth of silver and a long court train of the same material. It was the bridal gown of her mother, who was Miss Rothschild. The bridesmaids were gowned in white satin veiled with chiffon, with sashes of crimson velvet and silver lake capes.

The wedding was one of the most brilliant events of the London season. During her several years of study in England the bride cultivated a wide circle of friends, and she is declared to be one of the most popular Americans recently to enter the British peerage. She and the Viscount first met at a social function in this city.

The couple will spend their honeymoon in Spain.

Wanner-Volck.

The marriage of Edwin Paul Wanner, son of Albert Wanner, and Mrs. Elsie Holmes Volck was celebrated at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jabish Holmes, 114 East Seventy-eighth Street, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Dr. Harris E. Adriance of Englewood, who officiated, also at the christening of the bride twenty-odd years ago. The bride, who had no attendants, was in orchid-colored satin with silver lace, and her flowers were orchids.

Poirier-Healy.

The wedding of Miss Una G. Healy of Dungarvan, Ireland, and Philip A. Poirier of Duluth, Minn., was solemnized on Wednesday morning at the Paulist Church, this city, the Rev. Father Hoey officiating.

The bride is the daughter of the Hon. Thomas Healy, Member of Parliament for Waterford, Ireland. Mr. Poirier was a Captain overseas, in the American Expeditionary Forces, and spent several years in service in France. Their marriage was the culmination of a war romance.

Barrett-Smith.

Miss Lois Genevieve Smith, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Elton Allen Smith of Smithville, N. J., was married yesterday morning in the presence of a few relatives and friends, to Edmund E. Barrett, son of Mr. and Mrs. William M. Barrett of 272 West Eighty-sixth Street, by the Rev. Walter Drum, at Eltondale, the home of the bride at Smithville.

Married at Statue of Liberty.

The marriage of Miss Frances Charlotte Dunham, whose home is at Fort Wood, and Chester Wadsworth Williams, son of R. J. Williams of this city, took place at 9 o'clock last evening at the base of the Statue of Liberty on Bedloe's Island. Chaplain Edmund Banks Smith of Governors Island performed the ceremony in the presence of a small gathering of relatives and friends of the couple. It has been stated that the license issued for the marriage is the first granted to a resident of Bedloe's Island. There were no attendants and no reception.

Jaros—Poklop.

Charles W. Jaros and Miss Olga Poklop, both of this city, were married yesterday in the Church of St. Jan Hus. Mr. Jaros has been a member of the advertising staff of THE TIMES for seven years. After a short honeymoon, Mr. and Mrs. Jaros will reside on Long Island.

Burroughs-Pettis Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Hammet Burroughs of Woodland, Irvington-on-Hudson, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Florence Burroughs, to William Montrose Pettis, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Clifton L. Pettis of this city and Chicago. The wedding will take place in the Spring.

The Debutante, a New Magazine.

A new society magazine, The Débutante, will make its first appearance in January. The magazine will embody, in addition to news items and social happenings, dramatic and art departments, and a special feature of the first issue will be photographs of the débutantes most active in the social world. C. Mortimer Wilmerding will be the editor in chief of the new publication.

Chemical Bank Dinner-Dance Tonight

The Chemical National Bank will give a dinner and dance at the Hotel Commodore to its employes this evening. Among the officers attending will be Percy H. Johnston, President; Edwin S. Schenck, Herbert K. Twitchell, Frank K. Houston, Francis Halpin, Isaac B. Hopper, Clifford P. Hunt, Jesse M. Smith and Edward H. Smith.

Born.

FEINBERG—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Feinberg of 767 Tinton Av., New York City, announce the birth of a son, Dec. 14.

FINKELSTEIN—Mr. and Mrs. Herman Finkelstein (nee Anna Rod) of 170 West 75th St. announce the birth of a son, on Dec. 16.

HIRSCH—Mr. and Mrs. Ben. B. Hirsch of Far Rockaway announce the birth of a son, Dec. 14.

Married.

JAROS—POKLOP—On Dec. 16, 1920, Charles W. Jaros to Olga Caroline Poklop, at the Church of St. Jan Hus, New York City.

BOGGE—COLE—Marilla Rathbun Cole, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harold W. Cole of Upper Montclair, N. J., to Jan Hendrik Rogge-Goeswinszoon of Sourabaya, Java, on Dec. 16, 1920.

ZEIMER—SHIRK—Mr. Iselin Zeimer to Mrs. Bessie Shirk, Thursday, Dec. 16, 1920, by Rev. Dr. Krass, at the bride's residence, 780 Riverside Drive.

Died.

ANKETELL—John E., husband of Mary Clark Anketell, on Dec. 15. Services at the Funeral Church, Broadway, 66th St., Friday, Dec. 17, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

AUERBACH—Dec. 15, 1920, Rikeka G., widow of Hayman Auerbach. Funeral services at her late residence, 960 Aldus St., Bronx, 10 o'clock Friday morning. Interment Mount Hebron Cemetery.

Died.

BALLENBERG—On Thursday, Dec. 16, Julia, beloved wife of Samuel BalRenberg and devoted mother of Florence Gimbels, Marjorie Stegmaster, Milton and Jerome Ballenberg and the late Blanche Silberstein. Funeral from her late residence, 1362 St., Sunday, Dec. 19, at 11 A. M.

BECKER—Dec. 16, 1920, Anna Becker. Services at Stephen Merritt's Harlem Chapel, 125 West 125th St., Saturday, 3 P. M.

BENNERY—Suddenly, on Thursday, Dec. 16, Michael Bennery, beloved husband of Ann Bennery. Funeral from his late residence, 164 Bergen St., Brooklyn, on Monday, Dec. 20, at 9:30; thence to St. Gregory the Great Roman Catholic Church, where a solemn requiem mass will be offered. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

BRADFORD—On Wednesday, Dec. 15, Susan Carr Packer Bradford, beloved wife of Richard A. Bradford. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 178 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, on Friday, Dec. 17, at 10 A. M. Interment at Litchfield, Conn.

BROWN—At Biltmore, N. C., Dec. 15, Emma Dyke Brown. Notice of funeral later.

CHAPMAN—Fanny Lockwood, wife of David R. Chapman and daughter of Sarah and the late George Lockwood, at her residence, 404 Riverside Drive. Services at the Church of Zion and St. Timothy, 57 West 25th St., on Friday, Dec. 17, at 9:30 A. M. Interment Wingdale, N. Y.

CLENENKO—Dr. Hyman, on Dec. 16, in his 44th year. Funeral Friday, Dec. 17, from his late residence, 252 East Broadway, at 11 A. M.

COOK—Mary Elizabeth (Bessie), daughter of William A. and Josephine Hurst Cook, suddenly, at her home, 960 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn. Funeral services will be held at 2 P. M. Saturday at the home of her parents.

COWHILL—Thomas, husband of Leila Cornish Cowhill, on Thursday, Dec. 16, 1920. Funeral from his late residence, 377 Kenilworth Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., on Saturday, Dec. 18, 1920, at 3:30 P. M.

CRAWFORD—Suddenly, on Thursday, Dec. 16, 1920, Alonzo, husband of the late Harriett A. Crawford. Funeral services at the home of his daughter, Mrs. George R. Hawthorne, 31 North Grove St., East Orange, N. J., on Saturday, Dec. 18. Interment in Fairmount Cemetery.

DIEFENBACHSON—At Jersey City, N. J., on Dec. 16, 1920, Rev. Isak L. P. Dietrichson, husband of the late Laura Dietrichson, aged 71 years. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral service on Monday, Dec. 20, at 1:30 o'clock P. M., at his late residence, 236 Summit Av., and at 2 o'clock at the Grand Army Hall, Belmont Av., Jersey City.

FLISS—Dec. 14, William Maynard, beloved husband of Caroline Gilfender Fliss. Funeral services Friday morning, Dec. 17, 10 o'clock, at late residence, 305 West 88th St. Kindly omit flowers.

FRASCHI—Angela, on Dec. 14, 1920. Funeral from her late residence, 238 MacDougal St., Saturday morning.

FRAGOLINI—Joseph N., after one day's illness, on Tuesday evening, Dec. 14, at his residence, 160 West 88th St., New York, in his sixty-fifth year. Funeral services Friday morning, 11 o'clock, at his late residence.

Italian Savings Bank of the City of New York—The Board of Trustees has learned with deep and heartfelt sorrow of the death on Tuesday, Dec. 14, 1920, of its beloved and honored President, Joseph N. Francolini.

Founder of this bank in 1896 and its President ever since, he devoted his whole life and strength to building up an institution founded upon just and wise principles, safeguarded by state laws and conducted always to the profit of its depositors, and especially to those of Italian birth or descent, the safety of their savings, the winning and keeping of their trust, and the strengthening of their faith and confidence in the good-will and efficiency of American institutions in their behalf; and he lived to see his unselfish efforts crowned with success and the respect and affection of his countrymen.

Constant in his devotion, attentive to even the smallest details of his task, kind and courteous to all, he will ever be held in grateful memory by his associates and by all who had the good fortune to know him.

GALLAGHER—Dec. 13, 1920, at his residence, 209 West 107th St., Jennie, wife of William Gallagher. Services at Funeral Chapel, 851 Amsterdam Av., near 92d St., Saturday, Dec. 18, at 10 A. M.

GERARD—At Ursula, 41 Bedford Park, New York City, on Tuesday,

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Certificate No. E-11705 for ten shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company common stock, registered in the name of Alexander M. Isaacsohn, probably lost in or about No. 120 Broadway, New York City; transfer stopped; appropriate reward. If found please notify Leonidas Dennis, 61 Cedar St., New York City.

LOST—On Friday, Nov. 26, a dark brown mink automobile rug, trimmed with mink tails; border 4ths or four skins deep; 28 skins in rug, lined with brown broadcloth; $500 reward and no questions asked. Please address M. A. N., Automobile Club of America, 241 West 54th.

LOST—Liberal reward for black bag containing securities and letters; name "Regan"; lost between Pennsylvania Hotel and 28th St.; no value except to owner. Phone Harlem 6864.

LOST—Dec. 15, lady's envelope purse containing about $100, on Mott Av., about 150th St.; liberal reward. Room 1106, 261 Broadway. Phone Barclay 6500.

LOST—Wednesday evening, between 103d St. and 65th St., in limousine, a velvet bag. Chauffeur kindly call up Lesser Bros., Morn. 2840.

LOST—Person finding package Superior taxicab Wednesday evening, Dec. 15, kindly return, even if opened? Reward. A. L. Steinfeld, 44 West 18th St., 10th floor.

LOST—Pennsylvania R. R. 7% ten-year gold bond 25,45, due April 1, 1930; payment stopped; reward. Goldman, 31 East 31st St.

LOST—Hard working girl left purse in booth 434, 6th Av.; card in same; reward. K 236 Times.

LOST—Will gentleman who found white alsatian at 137th subway kindly phone 6384 River? Reward.

LOST—Tortoise shell glasses, vicinity Gimbels. Notify Allen, 41 West 34th St.

LOST—Small envelope with money; liberal reward. B. Lowenfels, 38 Cooper Square.

Jewelry.

LOST—Flexible gold bracelet, set with diamonds and sapphires, Wednesday afternoon, either in Biltmore Hotel, in shops or on 5th Av., between 34th and 42d Sts.; valuable for associations. Return to D. E. Walsh, Judson Hotel. Telephone Spring 3360. Reward.

LOST—Platinum, filigree bar pin, oval ends, 6 diamonds, 2 centre stones, large; neighborhood 44th St. and Broadway Theatre; liberal reward, no questions asked. Preferred Accident Insurance Company, 80 Maiden Lane.

LOST—Saturday evening, Dec. 11, ladies' open face gold watch, Illinois M. A. E., between subway, Times Square and Hudson Theatre, reward. Miss Hoehe, Bay Plaza Hotel, Cropsey Av., Bay 20th St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Gentleman's Elgin gold watch, chain, Broadway surface car, between Grand Central, 111th St.; slightly damaged knife attached. Liberal reward, no questions. Franklin 3649.

LOST—Gold mesh bag, about 10:30 A. M. Dec. 15, taxicab from 5th Av. and 84th St. to 169 West 86th; contained 4 opera tickets, American Express check for $10. K. A. N., 3 East 84th.

LOST—Lady's gold wrist watch, small diamonds around face, initials "S. L. D." on back, at Capitol Theatre last Tuesday night; reward. Finder please return 27 West 52d St.

LOST—Dec. 12, in vicinity of Ritz-Carlton, square sapphire and diamond cluster ring; liberal reward, no questions asked. Return to Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av.

LOST—Small white gold diamond ring, Wednesday afternoon, in uptown Broadway subway. Finder kindly phone Chelsea 9646. Reward given.

LOST—Brooch, black cross with diamond border on night Dec. 15, Broadway subway, Winter Garden or taxicab. Reward if delivered Apartment 2F, 347 West 111th St.

LOST—Heart-shaped diamond ornament, Dec. 15, between Palace Theatre and Sherry's and Savoy Hotel, liberal reward. Gosts, 10 East 32d St.

LOST—In or near Hotel Belleclaire, Dec. 14, diamond platinum bar pin, 3 inches; $100 reward. Return manager hotel, no questions asked.

LOST—Diamond barpin, seven large stones in centre and small stones around it, between 72d St. and 81st St. Reward $500. Schuyler 6850.

LOST—Wednesday, Dec. 15, between 12 and 3, man's open-faced gold watch, makers Bunde & Upmeyer; black ribbon fob; liberal reward. 1 Chelsea Square. Chelsea 8407.

LOST—Earring, cartooned, diamond centre, 82d St. and 118th St., 8th Av. car.; reward. Hauser, 253 West 118th. Morningside 2146.

LOST—Gold brooch, topaz centre, surrounded diamonds; reward. Willard Hotel, 254 West 76th.

LOST—At Ritz, Saturday noon, a gold cigarette case; liberal reward, no questions asked. Return to Cartier, 653 5th Av.

LOST—About three weeks ago, platinum diamond bar pin with small sapphire; liberal reward. Telephone Cortlandt 4045.

LOST—Wrist watch, Thursday morning, from 23d to 18th St., on 3d Av.; reward. Phone Stuyvesant 2681. Strauss.

LOST—Lady's gold wrist watch, black ribbon, initials on back "L. H. H."; reward. Telephone Whitney, John 5850.

LOST—Dec. 15, pearl bar pin; reward. Dorion, 383 Central Park West.

LOST—A pearl horseshoe pin north of 42d St.; reward. Phone Rhinelander 1199.

LOST—Diamond fob, initials "I. E."; reward. Berg Bros., 509 Broadway.

$2,500 REWARD

for return of necklace containing about 128 graduated pearls, lost Dec. 10th, between East 11th St., W st 49th St. and Selwyn Theatre, or in B. R. T. subway. I. H. & B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

$100 REWARD

for return of gold mesh bag, engraved A. W. S., and platinum and diamond bracelet containing 42 diamonds; lost Dec. 7, at or in vicinity of Hudson Theatre. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$75 REWARD

for return of cabochon sapphire scarf pin containing 18 small diamonds, lost Nov. 26, between Hastings, N. Y. and New York City. Charlton & Co., 654 5th Av.

$25 REWARD

for return of gold and blue enamel wrist watch, lost Dec. 13, between 34th and 70th Sts. A. R. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Wednesday evening, fisher neckpiece, between Globe Theatre and Montmartre; liberal reward, no questions. Please return to Mr. King, 49 Wall St., care of Taylor, Smith & Hard.

LOST—Skunk muff, Dec. 14, A. M., 42d St. crosstown car, going west, between 3d and 4th Avs.; suitable reward. Telephone Vanderbilt, Wadsworth 8421.

LOST—Small brown fur neckpiece, on West 114th St., between Broadway and Riverside. Return to Mrs. C. J. Kiger, 622 West 114th St. Reward

LOST—Black fur neckpiece, on 158th St., between Amsterdam Av. and Broadway; reward. Return to Groshut, 546 West 156th (Apt. 20).

LOST—Thursday evening, brown fur, Lincoln Theatre; reward. Return to 230 West 60th.

LOST—Silver fox scarf, on Broadway car, Thursday evening, going north. Return Mrs. Joseph Basch, Ansonia Hotel. Reward.

LOST—Blue fox fur, Wednesday afternoon, from 81st and Columbus Av. to 83d to Broadway; reward. Schuyler 6382.

LOST—Sable neckpiece, Tuesday night. Finder please return to office of Ritz-Carlton Hotel; reward, no questions.

LOST—Seal belt, near Broadway and 104th St. Y 2231 Times Annex.

LOST—Skunk muff, vicinity of 113th St. and Drive; reward. Ross, 344 West 72d St.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Thursday morning, French bulldog, 15 pounds, between 6th and 7th Av., at 58th St.; reward. Return to 37 West 56th.

LOST—Airedale dog, female, between 42d and 59th Sts., 8th Av. and Broadway. Alexander, 234 West 49th. Reward.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—Information concerning Mike Fiskas, who disappeared October, 1915. Wife. Address Mary Fiskas, 306 West 43d St., care Felaretus.

Among the chief features of this week's issue of

Mid-Week Pictorial

is a double-page etching of the Assembly of the League of Nations in Session. A historic picture, 1¼x1¾ feet, ready for a frame. There is also a beautiful page etching of a great French artist's tribute to the "Unknown Poilu"; a picture to be framed. There are 85 etchings in the number presenting big news events the world over. Three pages are filled with superb etchings of beautiful young American women.

Mid-Week Pictorial

On News Stands

Times Bldg., Times Sq., N. Y. City. 10 cts. a copy. $5 a year postpaid.

EARTHQUAKE WAVES PASS OVER COUNTRY

Instruments Record Most Severe Shock in Years, but Location Is Unknown.

THINK IT WAS UNDER OCEAN

Scientists Place It All the Way From Alaska and Southern Pacific to Iceland and Azores.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Somewhere, perhaps leagues beneath the rolling blue of the Atlantic and forever hidden from the eyes of man, the earth's crust was torn and twisted today by a titanic convulsion. For hours the earth's surface shuddered under the feet of its heedless millions. Force waves thousands of miles in length swept outward from that storm centre like ripples on a pool. Yet only the unsleeping seismograph noted it and inscribed a mute record for watchful scientists.

First word of the disturbance came from Georgetown University here. When the Rev. Father Francis A. Tondorf, director of the seismographic observatory, peered at his delicate mechanism this morning it told him of a shock more severe than any recorded in the past two years. Somewhere the power beneath the surface was still bulging at the earth's crust.

Father Tondorf sent out word of the shock, thinking it might be another great disaster. As the day went by, however, no word came back over the cables or telegraph wires to indicate the scene and exact nature of the disturbance.

Experienced observer that he is, Father Tondorf classed the record of his instruments as that of a "terrible" shock. It began soon after 7 o'clock this morning here, reached its greatest intensity toward 8 o'clock and was still leaving a wavering, diminishing trail after noon, as the earth slowly settled down again.

The chart indicated an east-westerly direction. Father Tondorf estimated the distance from Washington at 2,800 miles. First impressions were indistinct, he said, while records of great disturbances in South or Central America have been recorded sharply and clearly at the observatory. It might have been, the scientist said, a submarine disturbance—a new mountain peak flung up under the waves. There was no way to judge, he added. The distance eastward would place the scene not far from the Azores, but no word of an earthquake came from any quarter.

The seismograph at the American Museum of Natural History recorded yesterday morning at 8:33 o'clock a pronounced earthquake shock which lasted one hour. The absence of any preliminary tremore and the large amplitude of the main shock indicated, according to the report from the museum, that the shock had occurred near by, while the general characteristics of the curve were those of a distant disturbance.

Dr. C. A. Reeds, in charge of the seismograph, said yesterday afternoon that as far as could be estimated the shock was about 2,500 miles from New York, probably on the Pacific Coast. As nothing had been heard of any disaster, he assumed that the shock took place at sea.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—An earthquake, the severest recorded here in two years, was registered today on the seismograph at Chicago University. The centre of the disturbance was estimated at 3,080 miles from Chicago. The first shock was recorded at 6:21 A. M. (Central time), and maximum intensity was reached at 6:54. At 9 o'clock the seismograph was still recording waves of decreasing intensity.

Special to the New York Times.

DENVER, Col., Dec. 16.—An unusually severe earthquake was recorded between 5:30 and 6:45 o'clock this morning on the seismograph at Sacred Heart College, Denver, according to the Rev. Father Forstall, in charge of the instrument. "The wave lengths recorded were most remarkable," declared Father Forstall. "The wave was slow, and it reached its maximum about 6:26 o'clock. For fifteen minutes the quake was exceptionally heavy, according to the record of our instrument."

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 16.—The seismograph at St. Louis University indicated the recorded earthquake was 3,700 miles northeast, in the vicinity of Iceland, according to the Rev. Joseph H. Goesse of the university.

SEATTLE, Dec. 16.—An earthquake shock so severe that it temporarily put out of commission two instruments, was recorded on seismographs at the University of Washington here today. The disturbance, estimated to have centred about 2,800 miles in an east-westerly direction from Seattle, began at 4:24 A. M. and reached its maximum intensity at 4:48, when two recording needles were displaced.

ITHACA, N. Y., Dec. 16.—An earth shock of prolonged duration was recorded this morning for several hours on the seismograph at Cornell University. The first shock was recorded at about 7:30, and the waves continued to be recorded until after 9 o'clock.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 16.—The photographic seismograph at the Sproul Observatory, Swarthmore College, was still recording today's earthquake when the film was taken from the instrument at noon. When the film was developed this afternoon, it revealed that the quake started about 10 o'clock last night and reached its greatest intensity at 8 A. M. today.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 16.—An earthquake that was termed a "smasher" was registered on instruments at the Harvard University Seismographic Station today. The gong in the station that is rung by a shock in far-off China or in nearer places was started before 8 o'clock and the seismograph was still recording shocks of unusual intensity two hours later. Late today Professor Woodworth said the disturbance was apparently to the South but whether East or West was uncertain. Two instruments at the Harvard station agreed in this indication, he said.

HALIFAX, N. S., Dec. 16.—A series of shocks recorded at Dalhousie University between 7 and 9 o'clock, this morning were considerably heavier than anything previously recorded here, including the Halifax explosion, according to Dr. J. H. L. Johnson, director of the observatory. Dr. Johnson expressed the opinion that the disturbance was centred south of Halifax.

TORONTO, Dec. 16.—Officials of the Toronto Observatory today "located" the centre of earthquake disturbances registered on their seismographic instruments as about "2,500 miles from Toronto, probably in the southern part of the Pacific Ocean."

MILLER MAY NAME O'BRIEN.

Governor-elect Said to Favor Special Traction Commissioner Plan.

Continuing his study of the traction situation in this city, Governor-elect Nathan L. Miller conferred at the Hotel St. Regis yesterday with Job E. Hedges, receiver of the New York Railways; James R. Sheffield, receiver of the Interborough-Metropolitan Company, and John H. Delaney, Chairman of the Public Service Commission. Another caller was Morgan J. O'Brien.

It was declared that the Governor-elect may appoint a Commissioner, under the powers of the Moreland law, to study the traction problem and report to him the financial condition of the various transportation lines. It was also said that former Judge O'Brien may be selected as the Commissioner if such a plan is decided upon.

Dr. Park Named Radcliffe Dean.

It was announced last night by the New York Radcliffe Club that Dr. Marion E. Park, the present Dean of Simmons College, has been appointed Dean of Radcliffe College, and would take that position next Fall. Dr. Park took an A. B. degree at Bryn Mawr in 1898 and a doctor's degree at the same college in 1913.

Crocker to Run City Trolleys.

Captain Calvin T. Crocker, the engineer in charge of the Municipal Ferries, has been placed in charge of the municipal trolley lines on Staten Island. Commissioner Grover A. Whalen, in making this announcement yesterday, stated that Captain Crocker's headquarters would be in the ferry house at St. George.

Aid Asked for Missionaries in China.

Because of distressing cable messages received from its missionaries in China, the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions yesterday issued an appeal for financial aid, signed by the Rev. Dr. Arthur J. Brown, the Secretary, under whom the Presbyterian missionaries in China labor.

FOUNDED 1856



HOLIDAY whisperings—Things men appreciate at prices considerably reduced.

English, French and American Scarfs

Were $1.50 & $2. Reduced to $1.35
Were $2.50 & $3. Reduced to $2.15
Were $3.50 & $5. Reduced to $2.65

Swiss and English Mufflers
Specially priced $10, $18.

Interest continues in our offering of Winter overcoats at reduced prices

Were $50 to $60. Now $40
Were $65 to $95. Now $55
Were $100 to $125. Now $75

Men's high shoes, all sizes, all leathers, were $12 to $20, Now $8.

BROKAW BROTHERS
1457-1463 BROADWAY
AT FORTY-SECOND STREET



Make Your Little Girl the Happiest Child in this Town. *Bring Her* AMBERG'S WALKING DOLL

Please note that the quality of this doll (which is of composition and which is fully jointed) is the very highest. Yet the price is very moderate indeed.

In order that you may be sure of getting the original which is nationally famous, look for the maker's name.

Louis Amberg & Son
Makers of AMBERG DOLLS *The World Standard*

Amberg makes a marvelous line of dolls and animals which can be bought from
R. H. MACY, STERN BROS., McCREERY, B. A. O. SCHWARZ, HEARN'S, ABRAHAM & STRAUS

THE ONLY FINE MERCHANT-TAILORED READY-TO-WEAR CLOTHES IN NEW YORK

Clemons
MERCHANT TAILOR
Established 1898
39TH & BROADWAY

All Silk Lined
Evening Clothes
Ready-to-Wear
$50

No outside manufacturer plays an intermezzo of profit in our establishment! Hence, $50 for our Merchant-tailoring as compared with $85 to $100 for the machine-made stuff of Clothing and Department Stores!

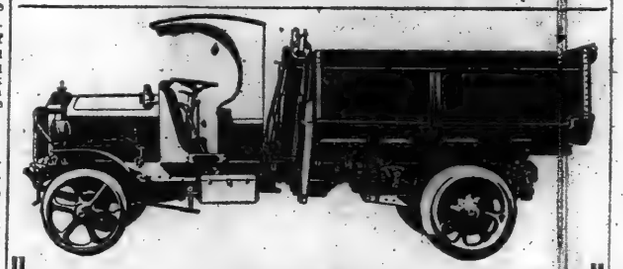
Tuxedo or Full Dress at the same price!



REDUCTIONS
in Men's High Shoes
DURING DECEMBER

Made by The John A. Frye Shoe Co.

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY
BROADWAY AT 40TH STREET
NEW YORK
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE BUILDING



Selden Trucks

THE profits of a truck are established by its operating cost and the years of its service.

THE experience of SELDEN owners will convince you of their lasting qualities and low cost of operation.

MANHATTAN MOTORS CORPORATION
"It's ALL Service"
238-256 West 19th Street, New York Phone Watkins 6515

LAST LONGER
Ask the driver

Remington
GOOD AS THE NAME
PHONOGRAPH
IS GUARANTEED TO IMPROVE THE TONE OF ANY RECORD
25% to 30%
MAKE US PROVE IT

"The Tone Is Best By Every Test"

Demonstrated at
1604 BROADWAY, (near 52nd St.)
941 Intervale Ave. 386 Grand St.
201 W. 145th St. 21 W. 30th St.
NEW YORK
73 FLATBUSH AVE.
798 Franklin Ave.
BROOKLYN



"THE TOILET OF VENUS."

This famous picture, painted by Francois Boucher for Mme. de Pompadour in 1751, and which has now passed to the Metropolitan Museum of Art, through the bequest of W. K. Vanderbilt, will be reproduced next Sunday in The New York Times Rotogravure-Picture Section.—Advt.

Monroe Clothes
"New York Styles for America" Monroe *Clothes* New York



Ex-Service Men
who are sick or disabled will learn something to their advantage by calling at the Ninth Regiment Armory
Sixth Ave. and Fourteenth St.
Any Day This Week

Overcoats

$35 —*Were $50*
$27 —*Were $40*
$40 —*Were $60*

When we tell you our original prices were from $10 to $20 less than elsewhere for the same good quality Overcoats—you don't have to do much price figuring to see that your cost price to-day is just one-half.

WHY?—Well, there never was a more bewildered, upset, crazy market; not only in Clothing, but everything. All we know is that your price when you buy Monroe Clothes will NOW, AS ALWAYS, BE LESS than anywhere else on earth. Come up and see.



Monroe
2
Pants
Suits

$35 —*Were $50*
$27 —*Were $40*
$40 —*Were $60*

The same story applies to all Monroe Suits (including TWO PANTS SUITS)—You can buy Suits here to-day at considerably *less than they cost us to produce.* Funny condition, isn't it? But facts. So take good advice, don't try to study out the economic situation that has brought this about—instead take advantage of it and *buy your Clothes HERE—TO-DAY* and you'll have your other Christmas Shopping money from the Savings.

COME UP TO-DAY. SAVE HALF ON YOUR CLOTHES

MANHATTAN
42nd Street cor. B'way
50 E. 42nd " " Madison
Nassau " " Frankfort
5 Cortlandt " " B'way
14th St. opp. Acad. Music
34th Street, cor. Broadway
46th Street & Broadway
59th " at Col. Circle
125th " cor. 7th Ave.
181st " cor. St. Nick's Av.



BRONX
Bergen Ave. at 149th St.
BROOKLYN
413 Fulton Street
587 Fulton at Flatbush
NEWARK—151 Market Street
JERSEY CITY—Newark Ave. & Bay
PATERSON—220 Main Street
YONKERS—Getty Square
PHILADELPHIA—16th and Market Streets
ALBANY, N.Y.—Corner N. Pearl and State Sts.
SCRANTON—309 Lackawanna Ave.
BALTIMORE—Cor. Light and Baltic Sts.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR YOUR MONEY BACK

Monroe Clothes
"New York Styles for America" Monroe *Clothes* New York

FAVORS BUDGET CUT TO $3,250,000,000

Mondell, House Leader, Holds Estimates Can Be Sliced by a Billion and a Half.

WOULD FUND VICTORY NOTES

Put Most of War Debt on Future Generations, He Urges, Forecasting Tax Reduction.

ATTACKS ARMY INCREASE

Sharp Criticism of Baker's Course Brings Democrats to Secretary's Defense.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 16.—Urging rigid economy in Government expenditures, Representative Frank W. Mondell, Republican leader, in a speech in the House today, said that the total of department estimates, $4,653,856,759, should be cut to $3,250,000,000.

Mr. Mondell suggested that the Victory notes, which become due in 1923, be refunded into long term bonds and that part of the floating debt also be refunded. Treasury certificates and war stamps, he stated, could be paid out of current revenues.

Mr. Mondell took up the matter of the thirteen regular appropriation bills and said:

"It is difficult at this time to estimate how much the items in these various bills may be properly reduced, but taking into consideration all of the services estimated for, there ought to be a reduction by the amount of excess of estimates over current appropriations and of at least $200,000,000 below the present total of appropriations for these services, or a total reduction of at least $1,350,000,000. These reductions should reduce the total regular annual appropriations to about two billions and together with certain reductions in permanent annual and indefinite appropriations ought to bring the total of our regular annual, permanent annual and indefinite appropriations very near to $3,250,000,000.

"This does not include deficiencies, the total of which, if the present policy of the War Department is continued, may be swollen indefinitely. At the last session of Congress provision was made for the reorganization of the army with a maximum of approximately 280,000 men. It never has been contemplated under any of our army acts that the army would be recruited to the maximum in time of peace. Congress appropriated for an army of about 178,000 men, with the understanding that the War Department would recruit the army only to the strength contemplated by the appropriations. Notwithstanding this action on the part of Congress, the Secretary of War has carried on an expensive and questionable system of recruiting until the army has reached a maximum now estimated at 298,000 and the Secretary of War has stated before the Military Committee that he expects to continue to recruit the army to its maximum strength.

"The very large savings, if they be accomplished, must be in items carried on three appropriation bills—the Army, the Navy, and the Sundry Civil. The excess of estimates over current appropriations for service, provided for by these measures, total over $914,000,000 or if we add to this the Military Academy and fortific. dons estimate, the total is more than $925,000,000 of estimates in excess of current appropriations.

Attacks Big Estimates.

More than $615,000,000 of this enormous increase of estimates over appropriations is for the military and naval establishments and the construction of army posts and works of defense. In other words, the administration is asking Congress for $1,414,467,768.06 for the army, navy and fortifications, more than two years after the close of the war, at a time when the world outside of our borders is largely bankrupt and everybody is praying for a reduction of armaments. The sum asked is about 5½ times the appropriation of $260,000,000 for all these services in 1916, our highest pre-war appropriation for these purposes.

"The appropriations for the army and the navy for the present fiscal year are higher than they otherwise would have been because the services were in a state of transition. The army was being reorganized; the navy was still carrying certain war burdens. The current appropriations for these services are, in round figures—army $392,000,000, fortifications $16,000,000, navy $433,000,000, military academy $2,000,000, or upward of $843,000,000 for these services."

Mr. Mondell continued:

"If we can and shall effect the economies I have suggested, we may, in my opinion, substantially lighten the sum total of the internal revenue tax burdens on the business and incomes of the calendar year 1921. If we do not effect these reductions then the best we can hope for is a more or less unsatisfactory shifting and readjustment of these tax burdens.

Against $4,000,000,000 Budget.

"The Secretary of the Treasury, while urging in his annual report a revision of the internal revenue laws, recommends a variety of new or modified taxes in order to accomplish a 'revision without reduction of revenue.' The Secretary states that the internal revenue receipts may not greatly exceed $4,000,000,000 for the fiscal year 1921, and he would revise, with a view of raising that amount through internal revenue taxes to the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1923. In my opinion we are not justified in laying any such internal revenue burden on the people and the business of the country for two years after January 1, next—or for one year.

"The Secretary of the Treasury does not base his recommendation for a continuation of heavy tax levies wholly, or in the main, on anticipated increases of appropriations, but rather not only to meet current bills, including interest and sinking fund charges, but also to retire the present floating indebtedness and a considerable part of the Victory notes before the close of the fiscal year 1923.

"On Sept. 30 there were outstanding loan and tax certificates, maturing within a year in the sum of $2,347,000,000; $900,000,000 war savings certificates will mature Jan. 1, 1923, and $4,500,000,000 of Victory notes become due May 20, 1923. All the tax and savings certificates, totaling $3,147,000,000, and a half billion of the Victory notes, or a grand total of $3,647,000,000, the Secretary would pay out of current revenues before Jan. 30, 1923.

"If we are to continue to pay off our war debt at the rate of more than a billion and a half a year, in addition to approximately a billion and a quarter for interest and sinking fund charges, we must maintain a high rate of taxation; but I am of the opinion that by the end of the fiscal year we shall have reached a point in the reduction of our war debt from which the further reduction, except through the sinking fund operations and returns from salvage, should not continue to improve wartime burdens.

Would Put War Debt on Future.

"We reached the peak of our gross war debt on Aug. 31, 1919, when it amounted to a total of $26,596,000,000, of which about $4,000,000,000 was in short time loan and tax certificates. On Sept. 30, this year, the debt had been reduced to $24,087,000,000, of which $3,347,000,000 was in certificates. We have thus accomplished a reduction of about two and a half billion in the public debt in a little more than a year out of the proceeds of taxation, salvage and, to a limited extent, by reduction of Treasury balances.

"The Secretary of the Treasury anticipates a further reduction of the public debt through the payment of certificates as they become due to the extent of perhaps $800,000,000 by the end of this fiscal year. If this reduction is accomplished the public debt at the close of the fiscal year June 30 next will amount to about $23,250,000,000, of which about $1,500,000,000 will be represented by tax and loan certificates.

"The reduction of the total debt by the payment and reduction of the floating debt has up to this time been highly important, in fact, almost imperative, for when the total of the floating debt amounted to over $4,000,000,000 the vast volume of certificates was a disturbing factor in business affairs, seriously curtailing the loaning capacity of our financial institutions. On the other hand, with the reduction of the floating debt represented by certificates to about one-third of the former total, the fact that we will still have a certain amount of the floating war debt that should have been converted into Victory notes will not present a situation warranting the maintenance of the war level of tax burdens with a view of its immediate extinction.

"In his report for 1920 the Secretary of the Treasury estimates that up to June 30 last we have paid 32 per cent. of the net cost of the war, including foreign loans, out of current revenues, or 44.57 per cent. if we exclude the foreign loans. Estimated reductions of the war debt up to June 30 next will raise these percentages to at least 35 and 48 per cent., respectively.

"This remarkable showing of war-burden bearing need not be improved upon by a continuation of tax levies of war magnitude. In due course we shall proceed to the refunding of the Victory notes, which mature May 20, 1923, and at that time, no doubt, we shall want to make a general survey of our total indebtedness with a view of taking such action as may seem wise in the maintenance of the national credit. In the meantime I see no reason why we should keep up the war rate of taxation for the purpose of reducing the public debt at a rate greatly in excess of the sinking fund rate applied to the entire debt."

Mr. Mondell added that the payment of war debt out of current taxation should stop and "the greatest portion of the remaining war debt placed on future generations."

Democrats Assail Mondell.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16 (Associated Press).—The declaration in the House today by Representative Mondell that Congress should cut departmental appropriation estimates, especially those from the War and Navy Departments, by nearly $1,500,000,000, started a round of political debate.

Representative Mondell's criticism of army and navy estimates brought defense from Representatives Hardy and Connally, Democrats, of Texas, for Secretaries Baker of the War Department and Daniels of the Navy Department. This led to charges by Representative Mondell, Representative Blanton, Democrat, Texas, and others that the War Department head "was spending money not authorized by Congress" and that the Navy Department chief had presented estimates "so extravagant that they cannot be described."

Representative Connally, replying to Mr. Mondell, cited the Republican leadership's vote for the Army Reorganization bill under which the Secretary recruited the army to a strength exceeding that possible under the appropriated funds.

Representative Hardy accused the majority leader of voting for the measure requiring funds, and then making it impossible for the Secretary to obey the law by refusing to give him the necessary funds.

When they concluded, Representative Mondell renewed his attack. He declared that Secretary Baker's attitude was "so utterly at variance and so contemptuous of Congress" that all rules had been "disregarded."

"From now on," Mr. Mondell said, "so long as we deal with officials of this Administration it will be necessary to add to all bills passed a warning not to act contrary to the views of Congress."

PRUSSIA MAY SEIZE FOOD.

Warns Farmers That She Will Act If Deliveries Do Not Improve.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 16.—The Prussian Government has issued notice to the Junkers that as deliveries of wheat by them so far have been insufficient, it will, unless matters improve, requisition the remainder of the harvest by force. The notice says the amount of wheat delivered so far is only sufficient to provide the population with bread until the middle of March and that great difficulties stand in the way of obtaining additional supplies from abroad.

Requisition commissions will be formed which will inspect every farm and all supplies above a reasonable amount will be seized. In order to give these commissions adequate authority, forces of military police will be so placed throughout the farming regions that they can be called on immediately to enforce the requisition.

RED PROPAGANDA IN MILLS.

Thousands of Pamphlets Appear in Lawrence, Mass.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Dec. 16.—Thousands of circulars purporting to have been drawn up by the Central Executive Committee of the Communist Party of America were found scattered through the mill and tenement districts here today. They referred to conditions of unemployment, wage reductions and mill shutdowns.

The way out was said to lie in mass action, including the general strike, "culminating in open collision with the capitalistic State armed insurrection and civil war." The authorities were unable to find the exact source of the circulars.

McCormick Meets President And Chancellor of Austria

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Co.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 16.—Senator Medill McCormick arrived today in Vienna and lunched with Colonel Causey, American technical adviser to the Austrian Government, and Colonel Smith, American member of the Reparations Commission.

This afternoon the Senator was received by the President of the Republic, Dr. Michael Hainisch, and Chancellor Mayr.

FIGURES KAISER'S AGONY IN DEFEAT

Rosner, His War Historian, Likens It to Sacred Scene in Gethsemane.

WILLIAM HERO OF 'THE KING'

New Book Describes Ludendorff's Contempt for His Sovereign When All Was Lost.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 16.—Karl Rosner, who served the Kaiser as "body historian and journalist" during a considerable period and till the end of the war, has just published a book entitled, "The King," reflecting his observations of the finale of the world tragedy and striving to uphold William as a man moved by high, if not modern or intellectual, ideals. Indeed, Rosner sometimes goes so far as to compare William to Jesus.

On the night of Sept. 18, 1918, we see William, overwhelmed by the staggering news from the front, in his workroom at Grand Headquarters. Rosner is trying to picture his thoughts, swaying between hopefulness and hysterical despair.

"Those over there [meaning the members of the General Staff], however hard their lot, maybe have at least one or two who are their equals to whom they may unburden their sorrow without losing dignity. I, William, have nobody and must not, because there is that insurmountable barrier: I am King over them all; I have the highest office, overburdened with responsibilities, but also endowed with power to find the right way, proceed and lead. I should be nothing but a vain fool, an irresponsible adventurer, had I not this faith in God's grace and holy knowledge of my mission.

"No, I have no right to spread my sorrows before men. In this black hour I am alone in my sorrow and must pray, like Christ on the Mount of Olives, while around Him his Apostles slept: 'Father, if it be possible, take this cup of bitterness from me; but not as I will, but as Thou wilt.'"

Another chapter shows the demigod in quite a different light. Hindenburg and Ludendorff are acquainting his Majesty with the necessity of a retreat from the Marne. Hindenburg, still the unbroken Field Marshal, seems to consider the events of July grave but not irremediable. The General, as Ludendorff is known, has not even taken the trouble to meet the Kaiser at the door as the Field Marshal did. Now the General looks gray in his face, plays with maps and drops his monocle as usual when greeting any ordinary visitor. There is wrath in the King's eyes. He thinks: "Did his cold conceit prevent him from meeting me at the door, or did it lack consciences or shame over the failure of his plans prevent him?"

But the General has no time for the King's ill-humor. The King's displeasure is no more to him than the hum of a passing fly.

There are unpleasant explanations, the catastrophic events being pictured without any attempt at disguise. William urges that the interest of the Crown must be the chief factor in determining the next step to be taken.

Thus far Hindenburg has been leading the conversation. Ludendorff speaks up: "I may mention to your Majesty that it was a painful surprise to Grand Headquarters—this sudden disruption of our most exposed lines."

The King snaps out:

"Yes, it is true. We have been regularly surprised."

It sounds like a challenging stroke; there seems to be thunder in the air.

The General continues his report coldly, as though he had never noticed the King's emotion, concluding with the remark that a retreat from the Marne is not improbable.

A hundred thoughts chase one another in the King's brain.

"What? Another retreat from the Marne? What humiliation for our concept!"

The King sees himself on the stage with all the nations of the world as a hostile audience; and to offer them the spectacle of another retreat! Where shall the new front be established? On the Aisne? On the Meuse, perhaps? Finally on the Rhine. The King's mind sees a red flood of millions that have only waited for this moment, submerging all Germany, and forces a few stern words from his lips:

"No, I must insist earnestly that not another foot of ground be surrendered."

A depressing silence. The Field Marshal's eyes seek those of the General, who bowed over his maps, he continues explaining where his armies shall make another stand. He thinks the line will hold.

Suddenly the King interrupts, saying, dryly:

"Well, your Excellency, that sounds quite different from your tales four days ago."

The thin ribbon tying these two men is torn. The General's blood rushes to his head, but he keeps his temper and and says with a hard voice:

"Reverses are within the range of possibility in every war; but if your Majesty has lost confidence——"

No, the King does not want that and tries to make it up.

Enter a messenger bearing a paper with the text by which the Wolff Bureau is to acquaint the German people with the catastrophic events of the last few days. The Field Marshal signs it. The King reads:

"Official—Berlin, July 18, 1918—Between the Aisne and the Marne the French attacked with large forces of tanks and gained some little ground. Our reserves have already been thrown into the battle."

Speechless, the King returns the sheet. How harmless it sounds! But, if God works no miracle, it is the end of everything.

The book is entitled "The King" because the author assumes to define the Kaiser's thoughts, or which he certainly ought to know something, having been in his immediate entourage for many months. Rosner tries to be impartial, but obviously errs in favor of the Kaiser.

QUAKERS FIND IRISH RULE COUNTRY WELL

British Government Has Ceased to Function in 80 Per Cent., Witness Asserts.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The commission of the unofficial Committee of One Hundred investigating conditions in Ireland heard two witnesses today and adjourned until other witnesses arrive from England and Ireland early next week.

Miss Nellie Craven of Washington described the killing of her cousin, Michael Walsh, which she said was done by the Black and Tans while she was visiting at Galway, Ireland, on Oct. 19. She also declared that her 19-year-old brother had been stripped and beaten by British soldiers on Sept. 20.

Paul J. Furnas of New York, a member of the Society of Friends (Quakers), presented a report of the British branch of the society on conditions in Ireland. The report said: "The English Government has ceased to function over at least 80 per cent. of Ireland. The Sinn Fein Government could and would run the country," the report declared, "and at present order and safety are only found in districts from which the English military and police have been withdrawn."

Will Take No Profit on Prescriptions

Prescriptions compounded in all the stores throughout the country operated by the National Drug Stores Corporation will be filled at the actual cost of the ingredients used. This announcement was made yesterday following a meeting of the Board of Directors, attended by R. B. Wattley, President; W. K. S. Griswold, attorney for Percy Rockefeller; Richard R. Hunter, Vice President of the Equitable Trust Company; Henry Lockhart Jr., Vice President of the Union Oil Company, and other prominent New York business men.

Mr. Wattley explained that there was an unnecessary discrepancy in the price of drugs used in compounding physician's prescriptions. He said there was an old theory that if a man could pay $2 for a doctor's fee he could afford to pay a little more for the druggist's services. Whether this theory was well founded he did not know, but he said that the filling of a physician's prescription taken to a drug store cost more than the same ingredients purchased without a prescription.

The corporation has sent letters to all the physicians in fifteen cities in which National stores are located, stating that patients will be charged "absolutely no profit" on their prescriptions. The letters further state that when a patient is in dire need prescriptions will be delivered entirely gratis, if the physician will so certify at the time of writing the prescription. Letters will not be sent to physicians in New York and Chicago, for it is felt they will be informed of the offer through medical publications.

CONSTANTINE SAILS, BOUND FOR HOME

His Departure From Venice on Greek Cruiser Attended by No Ceremony.

CHURCH SCHISM IMPENDING

Premier Rhallis Threatens an Open Rupture With the Patriarch of Constantinople.

VENICE, Dec. 16 (Associated Press).—Ex-King Constantine, Queen Sophia and their children sailed from Venice this morning on board the Greek cruiser Averoff for Phaleron. The Averoff weighed anchor at 8:40 o'clock and proceeded immediately on her voyage to Greece with the returning royal party. A destroyer preceded the cruiser out of the harbor.

A steamship carrying the newspaper correspondents and Greek officials left the harbor immediately before the Averoff sailed.

There was no excitement along the waterfront, the departure of the vessels being as unceremonious as the sailing of the American cruisers Pittsburgh and Olympia at various times since the sojourn of the American vessels in the Adriatic. The Olympia is now outside the harbor waiting to take the position vacated by the Averoff, which is considered the pet anchorage, facing as it does the Doge's Palace and St. Mark's Square.

ATHENS, Dec. 15.—A schism in the Greek Church is threatened by a dispute between the Greek Premier, Demetrios Rhallis, and the Patriarch of Constantinople over political questions, one of which is the removal of the Metropolitan of Athens.

Premier Rhallis stated that he would break off relations if the Patriarch maintained his attitude.

Constantine will ride into Athens from Phaleron in a chariot drawn by six horses. Dowager Queen Olga with the Princes and Princesses will meet Constantine at Phaleron. It will be the first public appearance of Princess Christopher, who was formerly Mrs. William B. Leeds of New York.

A decree issued today reinstated 1,000 former officers with three years' salary.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—If Rear Admiral Philip Andrews, commanding the American naval forces in the Adriatic, paid an official call on ex-King Constantine of Greece at Venice yesterday, as reported in press dispatches, naval officials said today that such a call was unusual. These officers, as well as those of the State Department, suggested that the call very probably was on the commander of the cruiser Averoff.

SAYS 'DOLLAR PRINCESS' WILL RULE GREEK 400

London Daily Hears She Plans to Make Greece a Super-Monte Carlo.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—The Evening News prints a dispatch from Athens saying that with the return of Constantine, the former Mrs. W. B. Leeds, who married Prince Christopher, Constantine's brother, will take her place at the head of Greek society. The dispatch continues:

"She drew up an ambitious scheme for reimbursing the Greek exchequer for the loss it was threatened with when the Allies first issued the warning that they would withdraw their advances. It contemplated the conversion of Greece into a super-Monte Carlo, with casinos and hotels on a scale hitherto undreamed of. With the country's climate and her influence in the United States she believed she could attract to Greece the American millionaires who now Winter on the Riviera.

"Princess Christopher, as she now is, has for some time been preparing for her triumphal entry into Greece and has ordered an elaborate trousseau of purple and white from Paris."

BEFRIENDS MME. MANOS.

Princess Christopher Visits the Late King Alexander's Widow.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, Dec. 14.—A Greek court has granted the probate of the will of the late King Alexander, recognizing his morganatic wife as heir, with her unborn child, of the King's estate, which in money and valuables is worth about $175,000.

Mme. Manos has been in straitened circumstances since her husband's death. She was the recipient of a small income of 200 drachmas monthly, which she generously settled upon her aged grandfather, who, ill and impoverished, is now an inmate of an Athens hospital. She lives in seclusion in Athens, occupying temporarily the former residence of the Greek Crown Prince.

Her sorrow has softened the hostility of the royal family to the morganatic union, and already several of the returned royal exiles have called on her. Princess Christopher, formerly Mrs. Leeds, has shown special solicitude for her.

ENTENTE EXPERTS HEAR GERMAN PLEA

Havenstein Paints a Gloomy Picture as Reparations Discussion Begins.

TALK OF ENDING PARLEYS

Delegates Demand Some Constructive Plan on Reparations From Germans.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 16 (Associated Press).—At the first day's session of the second Brussels financial conference, which has taken up the question of the payment of reparations by Germany, the experts merely raised the framework for the real discussion, which the Germans are expected to begin tomorrow. Five of the principal allied powers, as well as Germany, are represented at the series of meetings which will probably last a week or ten days.

Rudolph Havenstein occupied most of the afternoon in depicting the gloomy prospects of his country's financial and economic future. He emphasized the deadening effect upon German industry of the demoralized exchanged situation. He contrasted the flourishing past with what he seemed to regard as an almost hopeless present, but did not give the contructive ideas the members of the conference hope to hear later.

As one delegate put it, "It is entirely proper that the Germans should have one day to tell their story, but no new facts have been developed on the actual subject, and reparations have not yet been considered."

The financial survey given by Herr Schroeder, the German Under Secretary of Finance, at the morning meeting was generally commented upon as thorough and clear. The address of Herr Havenstein, who is President of the Reichsbank, was regarded as a depressing appeal, not altogether within the province of the experts to consider, according to the allied delegates.

Herr Schroeder's statement concerning the financial situation of Germany was pessimistic, but was not shaped in such form, in the opinion of the allied experts, as would render discussion of a final understanding impossible. This is considered in the light of progress as compared with former meetings.

The German delegation is composed of twenty-seven delegates, headed by Sigmund Bergmann. Rudolf Havenstein, President of the Reichsbank, replaced Karl F. von Siemens. One of the German representatives, Herr Silberschmidt, is a new representative, will arrive later in the meeting.

The first meeting was called to order at 10 o'clock with former Premier Delacroix of Belgium presiding. The arrival of the delegates at the Palais des Académies, where the sessions are being held, attracted no attention on the part of the public.

Besides the official delegates, Herr Bergmann and Herr Havenstein, the session was attended by the German experts of Herr Schroeder's department, who occupied most of the session in discussing financial questions and answering the queries of the allied delegates. There were present also Dr. Carl Melchior, Director of the Hamburg-American; Director von Sauss of the Deutsche Bank, and Herr von Meinel of the Bavarian Ministry of Commerce.

URGES HOOVER TO AID CORK.

Hibernian Official in Indianapolis Appeals for Relief.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 16.—James E. Deery of this city, National President of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, has sent a telegram to Herbert Hoover, President of the European Relief Council, urging relief measures for the women and children in Cork, who are reported to be suffering from the conflagration there last Sunday.

Mr. Deery said to THE NEW YORK TIMES representative tonight that his action was prompted by press dispatches saying that 100,000 people are out of employment, an appeal for help from the United States by the Lord Mayor of Cork and the official report of the United States Consul to the State Department of a property loss of $15,000,000.

"If these statements are true," said Mr. Deery, "regardless of the merits of the Irish political cause, it is no more than right that if we collect money for women and children in Europe, Ireland, being a part of Europe, should not be discriminated against merely because it is Ireland. It might be recalled that at the time of the Galveston flood the city of Cork was one of the first to respond and send money to the people in the flood district."

Mr. Deery's telegram to Mr. Hoover follows:

"Press dispatches indicate that women and children have been rendered homeless in Cork, Ireland, and that thousands are suffering and in want as a result of a terrible catastrophe last Sunday. Will the European Relief Council render assistance to the starving, homeless women and children in Cork?"

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The American Red Cross cabled to Lord Mayor O'Callaghan of Cork today, in response to his request for relief for fire victims in that city, that the request had been referred to the British Red Cross as a "matter of regular procedure" and that recommendation of the British organization had been sought.

Hapsburg Gobelin Tapestries

A full page of beautiful reproductions of the most famous of the Gobelin tapestries of the Hapsburg dynasty, recently pawned to Dutch financiers for American wheat to feed starving Austrians, will be reproduced with exquisite fidelity.

ROTOGRAVURE PICTURE SECTION

The New York Times

NEXT SUNDAY

Order from your newsdealer in advance.

OF IRISH POLICE

Eight Constables Are Attacked in County Tipperary—Bombs Thrown in Dublin.

PRIEST'S ASSASSIN HELD

Cadet Will Be Court-Martialed—Greenwood Expresses Regret in the Commons.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Dec. 16.—Information has come from Tipperary that at Kilcommon, near Newport, just before noon today, a police patrol of eight was ambushed, four constables being killed and one seriously wounded. The party of attackers is estimated to number 100. Two rifles belonging to the police are missing.

Late yesterday afternoon in Dublin it is alleged that a bomb was thrown at a detail of auxiliaries in Trinity Street, but although the police fired their rifles in the direction from which they judged the grenade came no casualties occurred.

It is announced tonight that the military authorities have commandeered the show grounds of the Royal Dublin Society at Ballsbridge. In conjunction with the confiscation of the municipal buildings this is apprehended in certain quarters as a prelude to an extension of martial law to Dublin; on the other hand, strenuous efforts are being made to secure the extension of the curfew hours over the Christmas period.

Bishop Cohalan, whose strong action on Sunday with respect to the present campaign of violence excited world-wide comment, in a letter to the press expresses horror and condemnation of the shooting of the Rev. Canon Magner.

"This," he says, "is the latest move in what I call the devil's competition in crime which is taking place in our midst. I was apprehensive of some such terrible tragedy since the Kilmichael ambush, which took place on the Macroom-Dunmanway Road, and I had reason to fear that a priest's life would be taken in reprisal.

"Whether that would be an explanation of Canon Magner's murder I do not know, but it involved the murder of sixteen Englishmen, the death of three of the ambushing party and several other deaths since. How much nearer has it brought us to our republic?

"I offer my deepest sympathy to the relatives of Canon Magner and the people of Dunmanway."

Priest's Slayer Under Arrest.

DUBLIN, Dec. 16.—The frank admission that the Rev. Canon Magner, killed yesterday at Dunmanway, County Cork, was shot by an auxiliary cadet was made by Dublin Castle today. A statement issued by the Castle says that the cadet was one of a lorry party which was ambushed near Cork on Saturday night and intimates that he became insane from the experience. It confirms the report that the cadet also killed Timothy Rowley, a farmer's son. R. S. Brady, a magistrate, who witnessed the tragedy, came near suffering a similar fate.

"The auxiliaries left Dunmanway at 1 o'clock yesterday for Cork to attend the funeral of a colleague killed a few nights ago," says the statement. "They were in charge of an auxiliary cadet and proceeded in two motor lorries. Some distance along they encountered Canon Magner and Timothy Crowley walking. The cadet ordered the parties to halt. He jumped out and demanded that Crowley show him his permit for the cycle he was trundling."

At this point a Castle official explained that his report was not clear as to just what led to the shooting. The statement continues:

"The cadet then shot Crowley dead with his revolver and then turned to the priest and shot him dead. After the cadet had done this the party decided to return to Dunmanway, where they reported the occurrence to the Colonel in charge. The Colonel promptly arrested the cadet.

"Crowley was respectable, 24 years of age and not engaged in politics. Canon Magner was a highly respected priest and always exerted influence for good in the district."

The statement does not mention the cadet's name.

Scene in the Commons.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—Sir Hamar Greenwood, Chief Secretary for Ireland, expressed profound regret in the House of Commons today at the death of the Rev. Canon Magner and Timothy Crowley and announced that the cadet who had shot them was in custody and would be court-martialed.

"In view of the murder of this innocent priest and this innocent peasant boy," the Chief Secretary prepared to withdraw the cadets altogether," demanded Joseph Devlin.

The Chief Secretary replied emphatically that he was not. Mr. Devlin retorted: "Then you are the murderer."

This brought cries of "Withdraw" from the House.

Warn Cork Newspapers.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CORK, Dec. 16.—Notice from military headquarters has been served on the editor of Cork newspapers, informing them that all newspapers printed and circulated in the martial law area will not be interfered with so long as nothing is published calculated to cause disaffection among his Majesty's subjects, or to interfere with the enforcement of martial law. Any offense will be dealt with by suspension or suppression.

GRIFFITH WITHSTANDS PLEAS TO NEGOTIATE

Tells Intermediaries That He Will Not Assist While He Is Imprisoned.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—The Irish envoy who conducted the recent negotiations with the British Government looking toward a peace settlement in a letter to The London Times today supplements the story of The Chicago Tribune representative and makes minor corrections.

He also supports the statement I conveyed in a "suggestion to a certain quarter" when I went last in Ireland. He spitified the "salmon trout" story. (The "envoy," during a conversation with a British Cabinet Minister in London, was asked if Ireland would insist on the full "republican" demand, to which question he replied, "I am a fisherman. I fish for salmon, but never reject a trout." The Minister then said, "Suppose we give you a salmon trout.")

The envoy" points out that the spell of Kireat[illegible] carried out the tentative agreement to cease activities better than the British and says this indicates that the Sinn Fein has the better discipline.

I have learned that Archbishop Clune of Australia and Bishop Fogarty of Ireland, together with one of Sir Hamar Greenwood's secretaries, have been calling on Arthur Griffith in Mountjoy Prison, but so far they have not been able to get him to enter into negotiations, as he is determined not to do anything until he is released.

DUBLIN, Dec. 16.—Peace negotiations have been resumed in Ireland, it is learned tonight on good authority. It is difficult to ascertain the lines on which the intermediaries are operating owing to the reticence of all engaged, but it is understood that high Church dignitaries, including Archbishop Clune of Perth, Australia, and the Bishop of Killala, Dr. Fogarty, are prominent among those continuing their efforts to bring about a settlement.

Sharp Rise in Exchange Will Not Last, Says Vanderlip

Frank A. Vanderlip, in an interview with THE NEW YORK TIMES today, said that the sharp rise in foreign exchange which has occurred in the last few days is not likely to last. He said:

"The rise in exchange is due to the fact that the banks have been buying foreign bills to cover the payments for the goods which they have financed for export. Now that the banks have covered their commitments, the demand for foreign bills will fall off and exchange will drop back to its former level."

Paris Bourse Rises Sharply on Report of Peace Plan

PARIS, Dec. 16 (Havas).—The Bourse was greatly excited today by reports that a peace plan had been drawn up by the Supreme Council. Rentes rose 3 francs, foreign exchange fell and the Bourse closed strong.

DEMOBILIZATION OF ARMY ENDS

Only 200,000 Men Left in Service, Mostly Volunteers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Demobilization of the army has been completed, with the exception of 200,000 men, mostly volunteers, it was announced today by the War Department.

TO FACTORIES REOPEN, SAY CLOTHING MEN

Are Running Full Force, They Assert—Union Declares Eight Firms Have "Settled."

PICKET FINED FOR ASSAULT

Pays $10 for Beating Worker at Factory Door—State Mediators Call Conference.

MANUFACTURERS MAY BALK

Likely to Stay Away Unless Their Ultimatum on Return to Piece-Work Is Met.

At least fifteen clothing factories reopened with a full complement of workers yesterday, according to the Clothing Manufacturers' Association of New York, and Harry A. Gordon, general counsel for the association, declared that a break in the ranks of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America was indicated. The union, on the other hand, named eight manufacturers, employing about 1,000 workers, who "settled" with the union yesterday. Charles W. Endel of the firm of Cohen & Endel, independent manufacturers, one of the firms which "settled," is a former President of the Clothing Manufacturers' Association.

These and similar announcements, an attempt at mediation by the State Industrial Commission and the arrest and conviction of a union picket for disorderly conduct marked the tenth day of the deadlock in the New York men's and boys' clothing market. The picket, Louis Rosner, 31 years old, of 249 East Seventeenth Street, a member of a shipping clerks' local, was fined $10 by Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan in Jefferson Market Court upon the complaint of Benjamin Wolf, who charged that Rosner assaulted him and warned him that if he entered the factory where he worked he would "split his head open."

Mediators of the State Industrial Commission made their first effort yesterday to bring employers and the heads of the union together at a conference at which the controversy could be discussed and a solution reached. Colonel Michael J. Reagan and John J. Bealin, special agents of the commission, it was announced, had written Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated, and William Bandler, President of the Clothing Manufacturers' Association, inviting them to attend a conference at the commission's offices, 126 East Twenty-eighth Street, on next Monday morning at 11:30 o'clock. Both Colonel Reagan and Mr. Bealin have been studying the correspondence exchanged by the union and the employers.

In view of the ultimatum of the manufacturers' promulgated recently, demanding a return to the piecework system before negotiations could proceed as to the other matters in dispute, it was thought last night that the Industrial Commission's invitation would not be accepted unless the union concedes the piecework system. When Rabbi Nathan Krass of the Central Synagogue offered to act as mediator last Sunday and this was referred to Mr. Bandler, the latter replied that the problem was one which could be worked out by the opposed forces without outside interference.

The Amalgamated's list of the firms which are alleged to have "settled" follows:

Ben Weiner Company, 100 Fifth Avenue (Association House); Munves & Berlin, 713 Broadway (Independent); M. & S. Clothing Company, 94 East Twelfth Street; Royal Novelty Company, 708 Broadway; Big Four, 833 Broadway; Gordon & Hyarsky, 107 Bleecker Street; Bodleman & Herbsman, 94 Fourth Street; Cohan & Endel, 100 Fifth Avenue.

Officers of the association said that they had had no opportunity to ascertain the truth of the union's claim.

SAYS DE VALERA IS NEAR NEW YORK

Sinn Fein Chief Is Resting in a Private Residence, His Secretary Asserts.

TO SEND FLOUR TO IRELAND

Shipment of 4,200 Sacks to Be Made Following Appeals for Assistance.

Eamon de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," is in seclusion at a private residence in the immediate neighborhood of New York City and will resume his speaking tour when he has regained his health, said Harry Boland, de Valera's secretary, at the offices of the "American Committee for Irish Independence," 411 Fifth Avenue, yesterday.

His chief might consider returning to England if granted a safe conduct by Premier Lloyd George, Mr. Boland said, denying reports from London that de Valera was to land in England within a few days.

"The chief is all fagged out," Mr. Boland declared, "and he is at a private residence not far from New York resting up. He has been working hard and his health is run down. I saw him yesterday, and, so far as I know, the persons whose guest he is and I are the only ones who know where he is stopping."

When he was asked to make known the whereabouts of de Valera Mr. Boland declined.

"He doesn't want to be bothered, and that is one of the reasons why he has hidden himself away. While he was lying ill in the Waldorf he was being constantly disturbed by visitors, all of whom came on important business, of course."

De Valera has a number of speaking dates which he will fill in the United States within a few days, his Secretary said. He treated lightly all references to the proposed return of de Valera, but insisted that the trip to England would not be considered until safe conduct was guaranteed.

A steady stream of callers was waiting when the "Presidential Secretary" arrived. The telephone "busy" signal was given almost invariably to those who sought that method of communication with him.

Mr. Boland said that 4,200 sacks of flour would be shipped to Ireland on the steamer Honolulu, which sails on Dec. 22.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—The report that Eamon de Valera is coming to England is discredited in official circles, where it is stated that he has technically offended against the law and is liable to be arrested in this country. Officials call attention to the fact that he escaped from prison in 1919 and was smuggled out of the country.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 16.—Mrs. Catherine Wheelwright, mother of Eamon de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," said at her home here tonight that her son was not with her that she did not know where he was and had not recently heard from him.

COMMONS TRIMS LORDS' AMENDMENTS

Accepts Establishment of Senates, but Rejects Delay in Applying Home Rule Bill.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—During proceedings on the Home Rule Bill when it was first before the Commons the Labor Party and Irish Nationalists refused to take part in its consideration. The bill came back from the Lords to the Commons today and the Nationalists suddenly changed their tactics. They decided that the bill should be denounced on the ground that it was repudiated by everybody in Ireland. When, therefore, Andrew Bonar Law moved that the Lords' amendments be considered, Mr. Devlin resisted and demanded that the Government should first declare its Irish policy. Mr. Bonar Law replied that it would be impossible to state the Government's course more frankly than it was stated by the Prime Minister. The Government, he added, was more sanguine than some Home Rulers that the bill would satisfy the legitimate demands of the Irish people who, he boldly asserted, were recognizing that the Sinn Fein was a mistake and a failure, and that a return to Constitutional lines would alone give them what they wanted. The Government intended to go on with the bill.

The motion to consider the Lords' amendments was carried by 195 to 28. Those amendments creating Senates for northern and southern Ireland were agreed to after Sir Edward Carson had accorded them tardy toleration and Mr. Devlin had protested with vehemence against the introduction of a Senate into either Parliament.

The House then proceeded to discussion of the Lords' plan for the constitution of the Council of Ireland. This was disagreed with, Sir L. Worthington Evans preferring the Government's own plan.

The period after which either Parliament might alter the qualification and registration of electors, which the Peers had fixed at six years, was put back to the original three years by 170 votes to 33.

The Lords' amendment defining procedure in cases of disagreement between the Commons and Senate in either

56,250,000 POUNDS
(The Total Surplus)

BRASS CARTRIDGE CASES

Analysis: 70% Copper, 30% Zinc

(Not warranted—read conditions of sale)

Size.	Length.	Amount.	Location.
2.24"	12.00"	320 lbs.	Chicago, Ill.
37 m/m	3.90"	300,250 lbs.	Philadelphia, Pa.
75 m/m	12.92"	5,711 lbs.	Chicago, Ill.
"	"	44,646 lbs.	Cleveland, Ohio
"	"	6,139,361 lbs.	New York
"	"	23,743,92[illegible] lbs.	Philadelphia, Pa.
"	"	2,117,795 lbs.	Rochester, N. Y.
"	"	94,625 lbs.	Toledo, Ohio
3.00"	10.8"	1,361,046 lbs.	Baltimore, Md
"	"	37,664 lbs.	Chicago, Ill.
"	"	2,701,312 lbs.	New York
"	"	16,514,949 lbs.	Philadelphia Pa.
"	"	769,823 lbs.	Rochester, N. Y.
3.8"	7.34"	28,037 lbs.	New York
"	"	225,000 lbs.	Philadelphia Pa.
4.7" Gun	14.6"	680,856 lbs.	Philadelphia, Pa.
4.7" Howr.	6.96"	961,381 lbs.	Baltimore, Md
6."	9.93"	490,500 lbs.	Philadelphia, Pa.

This material may be inspected at points of storage. Apply:
Baltimore, Md., Richmond Market Armory, Howard & Biddle Sts.
Chicago, Ill., 74th & Ashland Ave.
Cincinnati, Ohio, Walsh Bldg., 3rd & Vine Sts.
New York, 1167 Broadway.
Philadelphia, Pa., 1710 Market St.
Rochester, N. Y., 1048 University Ave
Toledo, Ohio, Toledo Storage Depot.

CONDITIONS GOVERNING THIS SALE

No bids will be considered for less than entire lot. Sold "as is" f.o.b. present location. Condition or analysis not warranted. Successful bidder, on notification of award, must deposit cash or certified check for 10% of total amount. U. S. Government Bonds accepted at face value. All material must be paid for as removed, either by sight draft with bill of lading or cash against shipping papers. Approved "bankers acceptances," 30 or 60 days, accepted.

Purchaser must remove and pay for not less than 3,000,000 pounds, a month, all to be removed and paid for within one year.

Purchaser to accept certified weights submitted by U. S. representative at loading.

Weights given above are estimates, no guarantee as to amounts stated.

Government reserves right to reject any or all bids or any part thereof.

Bids considered for either:
(a) Outright purchase at a stated price.
(b) Purchase at percentage of market price to be adjusted monthly.

No propositions other than outlined above should be submitted at this time, except those under (a) bids will be considered for outright purchase, payments as removed or total price in advance.

Bids will be received up to 12 o'clock noon, January 5, 1921, Eastern Standard Time.

Submit all bids to:
Chairman:
Ordnance Salvage Board,
War Trade Bldg.,
Washington, D. C.

BLASCO IBANEZ' Novel
The Enemies of Women
$2.15. If not on sale in your local bookstore, it can be had from
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

THE REVOLUTION IN ITALIAN INDUSTRIES.
The important official correspondence, official pronouncements, and the Government declaration, in their full text, with relation to the extraordinary industrial Revolution that recently occurred in Italy, are published for the first time in their complete form in the country in the December CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, profusely illustrated, on news stands.—$4[illegible].

WEDDING REVEALS EX-MONK'S ROMANCE

James C. Biddle Marries Two Years After Renouncing Trappist Faith and Cell.

EXPECTS TO JOIN MINISTRY

Scion of Wealthy Philadelphia Family Takes Miss Mary L. Gaines of Virginia as Bride.

Special to the New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 10.—Two years after he had left a Trappist monk's cell at the Abbey of Gethsemane in which, as Father Alberic, he had spent twenty years of his life, James Cornell Biddle, scion of one of Philadelphia's oldest and wealthiest families, yesterday married, in Washington, Miss Mary Lena Gaines of Warrenton, Va., daughter of one of the Old Dominion's first families. The bride is 48, the bridegroom 52. They met a year ago, one year after Mr. Biddle had left the monastery, having made up his mind to embrace the Protestant faith and having become convinced that celibacy was not obligatory on the clergy.

The future home of Mr. and Mrs. Biddle, in contrast to the bare cell and austere surroundings which framed his life for twenty years, will be "Paradise," one of the Colonial show places of Virginia, near Warrenton, which has been in the bride's family for genrations.

James Cornell Biddle is the son of Thomas Biddle, former United States Minister to Ecuador, who died in Philadelphia in 1875. A. J. Drexel Biddle is his cousin. The late Colonel Caldwell Keppel Biddle was one of his brothers, and the late Cadwalader Biddle, known as a penologist, was his uncle. He obtained his middle name, Cornell, from his great-grandmother, Rebecca Cornell of Rhode Island who became the wife of Clement Biddle of General Washington's staff.

Mr. Biddle's first meeting with Miss Gaines occurred one year ago in the Jefferson Hotel, Richmond, Va., a year after he had left the monastery. She was at the hotel with her invalid brother, C. Fairfax Gaines, a member of Richmond society, introduced Mr. Biddle to Miss Gaines. The former monk fell swiftly in love with her.

Mr. Gaines and his sister left Richmond soon after the meeting and went to Atlantic City where, it was hoped, the invigorating air would aid the invalid. Mr. Biddle also went to the shore and continued his courtship. Later, when the brother and sister went to Pinehurst, N. C., Mr. Biddle followed. The brother died there last May. His sister returned to her Warrenton home. Mr. Biddle followed, took up his residence at Carter Hall, Warrenton, and was a frequent visitor at "Paradise," the stately Colonial mansion where his bride lived.

This was a little more than six months from the time yesterday when the couple were married by the Rev. Dr. H. Allen Griffiths, chaplain of the Soldiers' Home, in St. Matthew's Church.

When Mr. Biddle first appeared in Warrenton the word was passed around that he was a former monk, a priest of the Trappist Order. He stayed at one of the hotels, was a guest at the Fauquier Club and also at the Country Club, and was a welcome visitor in several prominent homes. The fact that he was a member of the Biddle family of Philadelphia was sufficient to give him standing in the community.

As his many visits to the Gaines home became known, word was passed around that he and Miss Gaines were engaged, and this became accepted as a fact. Although he was never a house guest, he was there more than at any other place.

The Trappist monastery at Gethsemane, forty-eight miles south of Louisville, stands on a knoll with broad acres of farming land surrounding it. There Mr. Biddle, as Father Alberic, performed a certain amount of manual labor every day, in addition to his studies and his time devoted to prayer and meditation. The Trappist order is one of the most ritualistic and strictest in observance of any of the monastic brotherhoods. Life at the Abbey of Gethsemane is primitive in its disregard of physical comforts. On entering the order, members pledge themselves to a life of perpetual silence, seclusion, penitence and prayer. Graves for the members are ready and marked, and the daily thought of death is a tenet of the creed.

Mr. Biddle told today of his life in the monastery and the reasons that had induced him to retirement and celibacy. The couple are occupying luxuriously furnished apartments in Washington until New Year's, after which they will go to "Paradise."

"I entered the Catholic Church in California when I was about of age," said Mr. Biddle. "Later I went to Gethsemane at the age of 30 for further study of the early Christian writers. Because of my studies I was led to believe that the Protestant or evangelical form of church government was the primitive form. I have made this a life study. With me this is a conscientious belief. I had to make the change. I was influenced in particular by the writings of St. Paul. I also became convinced that celibacy was not obligatory on the clergy.

"About two years ago I left the monastery and the church. Since then I have passed my time in Washington and in Warrenton, with occasional trips to other cities.

"I think the Presbyterian form of church government is the most democratic. I am strongly in favor of the movement toward church unity according to the broad church—Anglican movement—which recognizes the rights of others and other church government and desires to unite essentials, leaving full freedom in form of worship and sacrament. I am very glad of this opportunity to say this because so many people have asked me for my stand.

"I may take up the ministry here. I am in some doubt. At present I am not affiliated with any church. I am in great sympathy with the work of my cousin, A. J. Drexel Biddle. He is one of the persons of whom I am most fond. He has used his great wealth well. His Bible class has spread almost like a church denomination.

"My plans now are rather indefinite. Mrs. Biddle and I probably will go to Warrenton after the first of the year. We probably will spend Christmas Day in Washington. Sir Auckland Geddes, the British Ambassador, and Lady Geddes, have been very gracious to me. I would like to state here that I believe the good of the world depends on firm friendship between America and Great Britain."

He justified the step he had taken, a step which meant excommunication from the church to which he had once sacrificed everything the world offered him.

"It is not like 'The Garden of Allah,'" he said over and over again, referring to the novel. "In that case the man took his step against his conscience. In my case I am absolutely at peace with my conscience."

Mrs. Biddle has three brothers—Thomas Foster Gaines of New York City and Colonel Grenville Gaines and John Smith Gaines, both of Warrenton. She has one sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Foster Gaines Smith, widow of Colonel Thomas Smith, who was the son of one of Virginia's Civil War Governors.

STATE DEPARTMENTS WANT $201,644,292

Budget Committee's Report Shows Demands for $56,424,385 Over 1920 Figures.

ALBANY, Dec. 10.—Requests by State departments for appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, total $201,644,292, according to the report of the Legislative Budget Committee, made public today. This is an increase of $56,424,385 over the appropriations made by the 1920 Legislature, and does not include $20,375,500 asked for by the Superintendent of Public Works, $12,500,000, of which is estimated to be necessary to meet Barge Canal damage claims and what money may be needed to provide for the soldiers' bonus as approved by popular vote at the last election. Should it be decided to issue the full issue of $45,000,000 in bonds thus authorized it would be necessary to provide an additional $4,050,000, $1,800,000 for redemption and $2,250,000 for one year's interest.

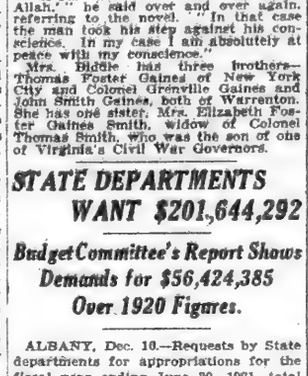
The total income of the State for 1921-22, including an estimated surplus of $18,745,505 on July 1 next, is only $142,581,836. The report merely transmits the requests for appropriations and does not recommend either the reduction of the requests or methods of raising additional revenue.

The total amount of requested appropriations, with the increases and decreases from appropriations made by the 1920 Legislature, is divided as follows:

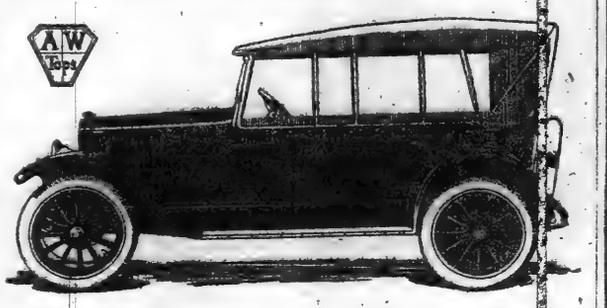
	Amount.	Increase.
Personal service	$33,788,081.30	$5,377,783.80
Maintenance and operation	87,068,531.44	8,960,717.67
Deficiencies	9,717,158.13	2,854,972.02
Construction	51,502,470.50	34,651,018.91
Unclassified	1,326,812.53	*455,634.26
Highways & bridges	34,500,000.00	6,868,000.00
Debt service	18,702,343.53	*1,882,473.31
Total	$201,644,292.43	$56,424,385.83

*Decrease.

ADVERTISEMENT.







Your One Man Top *plus*

The Cunningham Enclosure

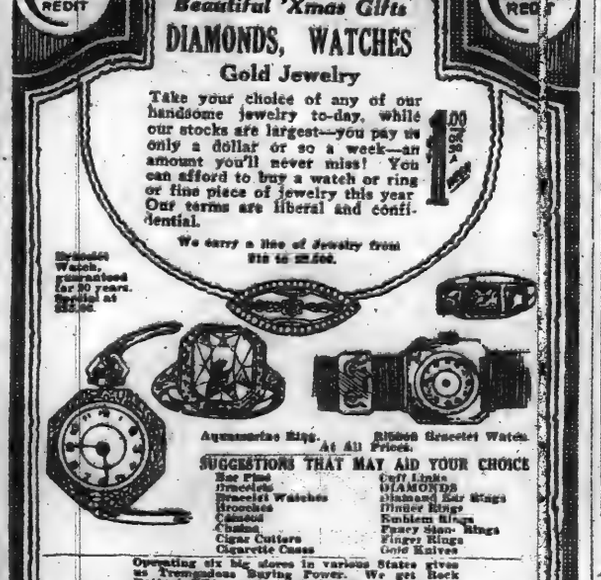
WILL give you all the essential features of the *de luxe* sedan. It has all-glass windows, permits clear vision all around, fits your top and is inexpensive to install. The light-weight windows are enclosed in slender steel frames. The glass door panels open with the doors. All windows are quickly removable and are carried in a small three-inch receptacle fitted to the car. The Cunningham Enclosure, while adding but about 50 pounds to the weight of your car, makes you as warm and comfortable as do the most expensive sedans.

Besides saving wear and tear on motor and springs, eliminating the annoyance and expense of mounting, demounting and storing a heavy extra top or body, it utilizes the top with which your car is already equipped. Being of steel, it cannot shrink, swell or work out of adjustment.

Manufactured by the makers of the well-known A-W Roadside Convertible Top. Ride in comfort this winter.

Phone Circle 6670 for representative, or come to see us

ADAMS-WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CORP.
351 West Fifty-second Street
New York City



GIFTS

LIGGETT'S usually solve the gift problem. Shopping is made easy without the annoyance of long delays for packages to be wrapped or change to be returned. Everything on one floor.
Most Liggett stores are open evenings.

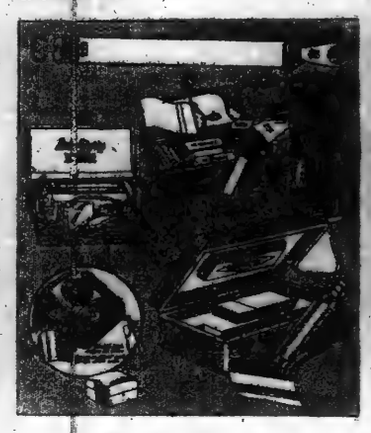


Imported and Domestic Perfumes

Imported and domestic perfumes and toilet waters—individual packages, sopze in sets:

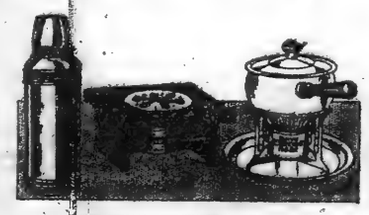
Langlois Cara Nome	$3.50 to $10.50
Liggett's Jonteel	$1.50 to $10.00
Vivaudou Lady Mary	75c to $6.50
Vivaudou Mavis	75c to $6.00
Arly, Lilas	$1.50 to $12.00
Djer-Kiss	$1.75 to $7.50
DeVilbiss Perf mizers	$1.00 to $10.00

Also Sold Well-Known Imported Perfumes as: Coty's, Houbigant's, Guerlain's, Piver's, Roger & Gallet's Etc.



For the Man

Gillette Safety Razors	$3.75 to $10.00
Auto Strop Safety Razors	$5.00 to $10.00
Gem & Ever-Ready Razors	$1.00
Rubberset Shaving Brushes	55c to $7.50
Twinplex Blade Sharpeners	$5.00
Nev-a-hone Razor Strops	75c to $5.00

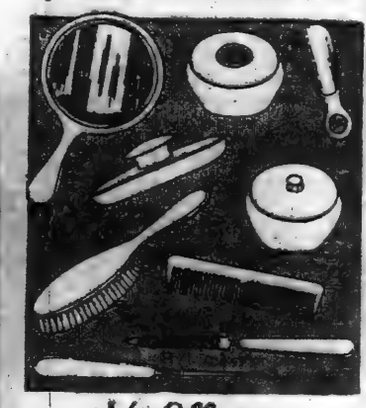


Thermos - Sterno

Thermos Bottles (*pint and quart sizes*)	$2.75 to $7.25
Stanley Vervostat—*The unbreakable Vacuum Bottle*	$10 to $16.00
Sterno Cooking Outfit	$2.00
Sterno Single Burner Kitchenette	$2.00
Sterno Double Burner Kitchenette	$2.50
Sterno Canned Heat, *per doz.*	$1.00

Writing Needs, Clocks and Watches

Stationery of distinction, in attractive boxes	65c to $2.70
Waterman Fountain Pens	$2.50 to $6.00
Eversharp Pencils	$1.00 to $3.50
Alarm Clocks	$2.95 to $5.65
Ingersoll Watches	$3.50 to $10.95

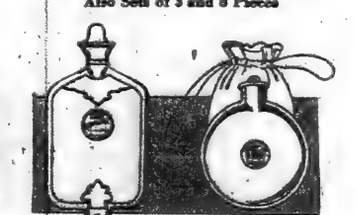


¼ Off on Pyralin Toilet Articles

You deduct 25% from our regular prices quoted below:

Mirrors	$6.00 to $8.00
Hair Brushes	$4.75 to $9.00
Nail Buffers and Files	70c to $3.75
Combs	60c to $1.50
Cream Boxes	90c and $1.00
Cloth and Bonnet Brushes	$2.60 to $4.50
Hair Receivers	$1.40 to $3.25
Puff Boxes	$1.40 to $3.25
Shoe Hooks and Horns	60c to $2.50
Trays	60c to $5.50
Cuticle Knives	75c to $1.50
Glove Stretchers	$1.50 to $2.75
Picture Frames	$1.50 to $4.00

Also Sets of 3 and 5 Pieces



Hot Water Bottles

Kantleek Rubber—*None better—guaranteed for two years*	$2.75 to $3.25
Other Rubber Water Bottles	$1.39 to $3.00
Cello Metal Water Bottles	$2.00 to $5.00
Bestonia Metal Bottle	$2.00

2 Day Sale of Cigarettes in Carton Quantities for Gifts

A timely sale, offering an opportunity to buy a really sensible gift for the Cigarette smoker.
Friday and Saturday, December 17th and 18th

200 Camel	$1.65	100 Murad	$1.59
200 Chesterfield	1.65	100 Mogul	1.59
200 Lucky Strike	1.65	100 Melachrino No. 9, plain and cork	1.59
200 Piedmont	1.65	100 Natural	1.59
180 Lord Salisbury Foil	1.65	100 Pall Mall	2.16
200 Fatima	2.10	100 Egyptian Deities No. 3	2.16
200 Omar	2.10	100 Philip Morris Cambridge Plain and cork	2.16
100 Egyptian Straight	1.17		
100 Helmar	1.17		
100 Turkish Trophies	1.17		

Liggett's
The Safe Drug Stores

230 stores in the United States. 75 stores in Greater New York, including Yonkers, Mt. Vernon, New Rochelle, White Plains, and Stamford, Conn.

Will you save $48

by relying on the word of a 50-year-old concern?

WE have been making and selling musical instruments for half a century. And for half a century it has been our rigidly scrupulous policy not to overstate, not to exaggerate. So we are not likely to depart from this policy now.

As you know, we ourselves manufacture phonographs. It should therefore take a pretty good sort of phonograph to make us go into raptures over it.

A "Discovery"

Now we think a very great deal of the phonograph illustrated. We have "discovered" it, in a way. Though we are intimately acquainted with pretty nearly every phonograph on the market, we must confess that we have yet to hear a machine capable of rendering a more flawlessly beautiful piece of music. We have never come across anything like it, as far as "realism" and tone-color are concerned. And we are quite certain that the name of this phonograph will soon be on the lips of people wherever music is loved.

The tone arm is universal, playing all records. The mahogany cabinet is a splendid piece of work. Considered from every angle, this is an instrument that will bring the most solid kind of pleasure—and pride—in its possession.

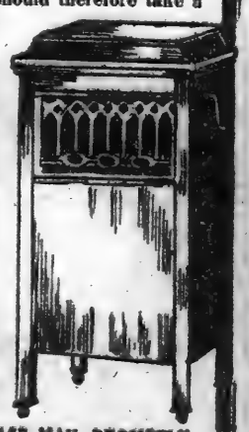
Offered at $87

We know that this phonograph has been selling at $135. We believe it is worth more. You would certainly have to spend $135 to $150 to get a machine that could at all be compared to this instrument. But the manufacturers haven't the capital to advertise heavily. So the instrument and the price have to be their only advertisement.

We have agreed to sell this phonograph on weekly payments of $1. And we have gladly agreed to GUARANTEE it.

Will you act?

Will you buy this phonograph that can mean so much to your home—that can save $48 of your good money? Call at our Showrooms to-day or mail the coupon promptly. Should you buy this phonograph, you will have good reason to be glad that you visited us or mailed this particular coupon.



PLEASE MAIL PROMPTLY

Open Evenings Till Christmas

JACOB DOLL & SONS, Inc.
112 West 42nd Street, New York
NEWARK: 607 Broad St.
JERSEY CITY: 146 Newark Ave.

JACOB DOLL & SONS, Inc.
112 West 42nd St., New York.
Gentlemen:—You may send full details about your rather unusual phonograph.
Name.....
Address.....
.....
(T)

A FASCINATING MYSTERY!—Who is the Lady in Black who tries to separate Melissine and Eugene, who blackmails the old butler Partridge until he becomes her weapon? And stranger still—who was her father? Who was her mother? What do they threaten for Melissine? Read "The House With a Bad Name."—At all booksellers.

MAIN STREET
By Sinclair Lewis
"Ranks with "The Scarlet Letter."
—William Allen White.
Seventh large printing. $2.00
Harcourt, Brace & Howe, 1 W. 47th St., N. Y.

December Exhibition
INTIMATE PAINTINGS
by the leading
AMERICAN ARTISTS
Small pictures of fine quality have a real place in any collection
The prices range from about one hundred dollars
Illustrated priced catalogue will be mailed free on request
WILLIAM MACBETH
INCORPORATED
450 Fifth Ave. at Fortieth Street New York City

SAFE INVESTMENT
at 8 to 10 Cents on Dollar
Everything in Central Europe is high priced except real estate, because rents are still restricted. The cost of erecting new buildings is prohibitive, resulting in a great shortage of housing facilities. In spite of this you can buy city property at bargain prices. As rents and values go up you make profits. As exchange goes up you make profits. You can deduct your sales dollar before by reason of good title. You can buy abroad as you sell here. Shares in co-operative company. Very large profits possible. Send for folder, "Investment Property as a Safe Investment."
American Kramer & Tell Corp.,
Dept. B,
522 5th Ave., New York City.
Phone Vand. 9018.

PURITAN SUNDAY

Five Floats Move Up Fifth Avenue Depicting Dismal Blue Law Possibilities.

CONDEMN INDECENT MOVIES

Speakers Favor Sunday Theatres, but Demand Housecleaning in Motion Pictures.

The first of a series of public demonstrations in derision of the Puritanical Sunday agitated by blue law crusaders was held yesterday by the International Sporting Club. Without previous public announcement the club treated luncheon hour crowds on Fifth Avenue and Broadway to a "mournful parade," designed to depict vividly the horrors that would be meted out to unoffending citizens if the advocates of the sunless Sunday once had their way.

The procession was formed at Broadway and Twentieth Street at 11:30, headed by a band blaring the saddest funeral dirges in the bandmaster's repertory; it moved up Fifth Avenue to Seventy-second Street, west to Broadway and down to Fourteenth Street, where it disbanded. Similar parades, it was announced at the club's headquarters, 147 West Forty-first Street, will be held every day next week in furtherance of the policy announced recently by the organization of waging active warfare against those who want to clamp down the Sunday lid.

The parade consisted entirely of five floats, there being no marchers. Each represented one of the punishments of Pilgrim times being meted out to a modern offender against the threatened blue laws. The "victims" were living human beings who had a hard time concealing their mirth and simulating the sufferings they were supposed to be enduring.

The mass meeting in the Apollo Theatre yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the Motion Picture Theatrical Association, was attended by 117 persons. Mrs. Ellen O'Grady, who just resigned as Fifth Deputy Police Commissioner, had been announced as a speaker, but did not appear. The meeting was called to protest against the blue law agitation. The speakers devoted themselves more largely to condemning movies for indecency and dullness and warning them to clean house unless they wanted the present agitation to succeed.

Charles A. McMahon of Washington, Chairman of the National Catholic Welfare Council, said he would rather have pictures abolished than continued as they are now, his attitude being not a judgment for or against blue laws, but in favor of the law of public decency. He condemned the presentation of the lure of sex and indecent dressing or undressing. He favored Sunday pictures if they were clean.

The Rev. Dr. Thomas E. Clark of Plainfield, N. J., Mrs. John F. Yawger, former President of the New York City Federation of Women's Clubs, and Mrs. Marshall Darrach were the other speakers.

HIMMEL DIRECTORS TO MEET

Will Decide Tomorrow Future Steps of $100,000,000 Movie Corporation.

Just what efforts will be made by the Franco-American Cinematograph Corporation, the $100,000,000 company organized by André Himmel, to obtain control of American moving picture companies and theatres will be decided at a meeting of the Board of Directors tomorrow. It is probable also that a statement will be issued then as to the manner in which the corporation was formed and the purpose of its promoter.

It was learned last night that, aside from the first issue of $10,000 of stock, disposed of to pay for the expenses of incorporation and to meet the State tax on the authorized capitalization, not a share of stock has been sold in this country. Whether stock will be sold to the public has not yet been decided, but some of those familiar with the company's affairs do not think that will be done because, they say, there is no market for such securities at anything near their par value.

Frank Dunlop Pavey, the attorney who drew up the incorporation papers for Himmel, said yesterday that at no time did Himmel ever intimate to him that the French Government was financially interested in his venture.

"No intelligent person would have believed him if he had," said Mr. Pavey.

"From what Mr. Himmel told me I gathered that he had been employed at some time, possibly for the French Government, in making a survey of the cinematograph industry in France, Italy and Spain, and that, as a result of the knowledge gained in that undertaking, had determined to use it for his own benefit. He believed that the greatest drawback to the development of the industry was the tremendous overhead expense, and that, by the formation of a large corporation to take over a number of producing companies and many theatres, it would be possible to reduce this overhead to a reasonable charge. He never intimated to me that he had control of a large number of moving-picture houses at that time.

"I think he decided to form his corporation in this country, because of the protection that would be given an American corporation abroad.

"It has been reserved for jealous Frenchmen to attack Mr. Himmel and attempt to discredit his enterprise. Whether they have injured the future of the enterprise is doubtful, but upon one point there is no doubt. They have seriously and permanently injured any other French commercial or financial enterprise which attempts to establish business relations in the United States or seeks to incorporate under the laws of the United States."

SMITH REPRIEVES WALKER.

Will Allow Incoming Governor to Decide Youthful Murderer's Case.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 16.—Governor Smith today granted to Jesse Walker of Evansville, Ind., a former sailor, sentenced to die Jan. 23, 1921, in the electric chair at Sing Sing Prison for the murder of a man in this State, a respite until Feb. 7, 1921, so that Nathan L. Miller, the incoming Governor, will have an opportunity to study the case.

The Indiana Service Star Legion at its conference in Indianapolis recently asked Governor Smith to grant clemency to Walker.

Jesse E. Walker, 19 years old, was convicted of murder in the first degree on March 21 by a jury in the Brooklyn Supreme Court for killing Samuel Wolchock, an aged jeweler, of 206 Wyckoff Avenue, Brooklyn. The jeweler put up a fight when Walker and two former shipmates tried to rob him and shots were fired by both Walker and a pal named Nichols.

When arraigned for sentence Walker interrupted Justice Fawcett, who dwelt on the enormity of the crime and the youth of the slayer, by saying: "I am not here for a lecture. I am here for sentence." He laughed loudly as he was walking out of the courtroom after being sentenced to die in the electric chair.

SOLD AS WASTE PAPER

Senate Committee Is Told of Lost Ballots—Newberry and Aids Go to Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Preparatory to beginning a recount of the ballots cast in the Michigan Senatorial election contest of 1918 between Truman H. Newberry, Republican, and Henry Ford, Democrat, the Senate Elections Committee heard testimony today relative to alleged accidental destruction of 17,000 ballots cast in the election.

Election officials from two of the townships were called before the committee to give their version of the manner in which the missing ballots were destroyed while attorneys for Ford, whose contest of the seat now held by Newberry is before the committee, traced through witnesses the approximately 7,700 ballots cast in the city of Saginaw from their sale as waste paper by a City Hall janitor to a junk dealer, from whom Fred R. Dolsen, assistant secretary to Mr. Ford, purchased them.

Coincident with the beginning by the Senate committee of its hearings, counsel for Senator Newberry and others convicted with him on charges of conspiring to violate Federal laws in the Senatorial election filed briefs in the Supreme Court supporting their appeal from the lower court. The briefs contended that the Corrupt Practices act, under which the convictions were made, was inapplicable to the case. The contention also was made that the act deals with amounts spent by the candidate himself, and not with amounts voluntarily contributed by supporters.

MINE FOREMAN'S HOME BURNED IN MINGO

Threats Had Been Made by Strikers—State Rests in Murder Trial.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., Dec. 16.—Information of the burning last Saturday night of the house occupied by Mont Williamson, foreman of Border Mine No. 2, at Borderland, W. Va., in the Mingo coal strike district, was received here tonight by A. L. Armentrout, Vice President and General Superintendent of the Borderland Coal Company mines.

Mr. Armentrout said an investigation led him to believe the fire was incendiary. Threats had been made to burn the house, Mr. Armentrout said. The wife of Williamson boarded non-union miners, the Superintendent stated, and this also had been the cause of threats. The Borderland mine has been the scene of several acts of violence.

The State this afternoon rested its case against Taylor Cole, charged with the killing of E. Lee Ripley, State policeman, a few days before the arrival of Federal troops. State witnesses gave testimony similar to that given yesterday regarding the way Ripley and William Hatfield met their deaths in a pistol fight. L. L. Tinsley testified that apparently resentment existed on the part of Cole and Hatfield against Ripley for arresting them prior to the shooting for alleged gambling.

Mat Steel, a State witness, demonstrated the manner in which the three men were standing while the fight was in progress, employing spectators and attorneys to show their relative positions.

Three men, charged with assault and battery, were arrested today in relation to the beating of Elwood Simpkins, an employe of the Alma Cedar Coal Company, near Matewan, on Monday last. They were released under $200 bonds each. They were Ira Phillips, Robert Bandy and Roscoe Lee.

LEWIS 'CARELESS,' COAL MEN ASSERT

Wholesale Association Declares Untrue His Charge That One Man Made $7 Profit.

Coincident with an announcement that the coal trade intended to purge itself of profiteers and "fly-by-night" speculators, the Wholesale Coal Trade Association sent out a statement yesterday that District Attorney Harry E. Lewis of Kings County was "careless" in his employment of documents and there was no ground, save a clerical mistake, for his recent charge that a wholesaler or middleman took a $7 profit on coal sold in Brooklyn. It is alleged that Mr. Lewis knows now that his statement was not true but has not retracted it.

William J. Healy of Wilkes-Barre, who is, the Association says, the man who made the $7 profit, has written to the committee that investigated the Lewis charge that he had "established to the satisfaction of the District Attorney that the charges were without foundation." He added that though he had requested retraction not a word had been said to give publicity to the fact that the charges were untrue.

FLIERS ALARM LAGUARDIA.

Will Be Necesary to Regulate Them by Ordinance, He Says.

In a letter to General Charles T. Mencher, Chief of the Air Service in Washington, Major F. H. LaGuardia, President of the Board of Aldermen, declared yesterday that it would be necessary for the Aldermen to pass an ordinance regulating aircraft flying. He wrote in part:

"Flying conditions in New York of late have been such that it will be necessary to pass regulating ordinances. I am desirous of conferring with your department in order to agree upon the altitude limitations and nature of flying over the City of New York. Would you be good enough to detail such officers who have the subject well in hand to confer with me?

"Permit me to suggest that Colonel Hickman has given this matter some study and I believe that the information he has would be very useful to me. I hope you will write to Major Christy, commanding officer of Mitchel Field, to give me such information as he has obtained from actual flying conditions."

ACTS ON RAIL STRIKE VOTE.

Labor Board Will Hand Down Decision Today on Its Legality.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—Decision as to whether railroad unions are permitted under the transportation act to take strike votes among their men without first submitting their grievances to the Railway Labor Board for adjustment will be handed down tomorrow by the board, it was announced today following a hearing in the case of two unions which took such a vote on the Norfolk & Western lines.

Chicago Has 109,594 Negroes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The negro population of Chicago increased 65,491 in the last decade and now is 109,594, the Census Bureau announced today. The percentage of increase was 148.5. The total white population is 2,589,104, an increase of 450,047, or 21 per cent., and all others numbered 3,007.

The AEOLIAN COMPANY

AEOLIAN HALL *in* MANHATTAN—*29 West 42nd Street*

In BROOKLYN *11 Flatbush Ave.* | *In* THE BRONX *367 East 149th St* | *In* FORDHAM *270 E. Fordham Rd.* | *In* NEWARK *895 Broad St.*

All Aeolian Stores Open Evenings Until Christmas

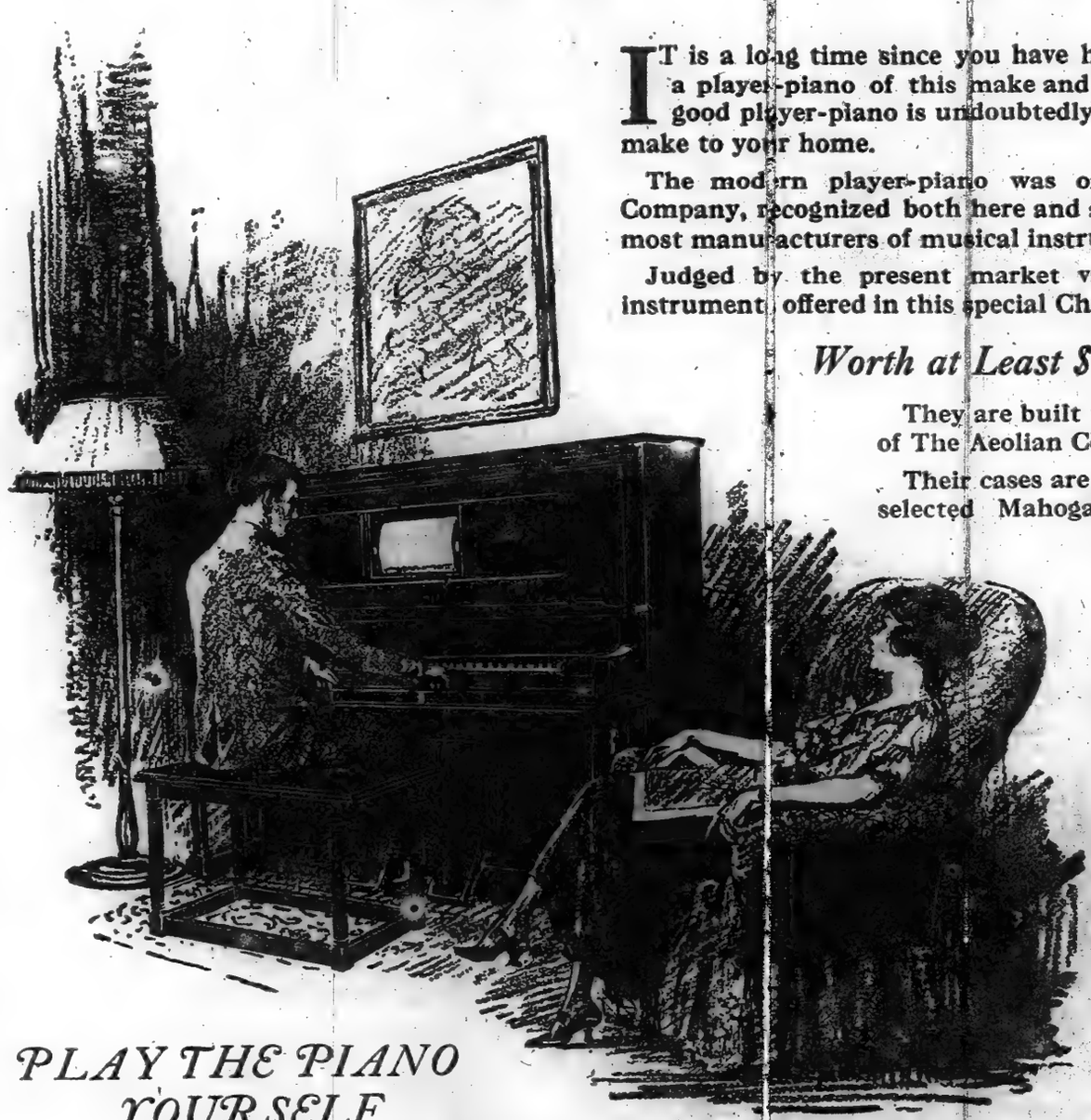
An Extraordinary Christmas Offer

A Splendid Aeolian-built

PLAYER PIANO

Made by the World's Most Famous Manufacturers of Musical Instruments

for Only **$595** *Payable* **$15** *Monthly*



IT is a long time since you have had an opportunity to buy a player-piano of this make and quality at such a price. A good player-piano is undoubtedly the finest addition you can make to your home.

The modern player-piano was originated by The Aeolian Company, recognized both here and abroad as the world's foremost manufacturers of musical instruments.

Judged by the present market value of player-pianos, the instrument offered in this special Christmas opportunity are

Worth at Least $150 More

They are built throughout in the factories of The Aeolian Company.

Their cases are superb. Made of the finest selected Mahogany veneer, they compare favorably with the highest-priced pianos.

Their musical quality is extraordinarily fine, reflecting the tremendous strides made by The Aeolian Company in their development of pianoforte tone.

The player action they contain is the Aeolian specially made and exclusive action. It is the best to be obtained regardless of price and has many patented features which make it the simplest, easiest and most artistic of all player actions.

PLAY THE PIANO YOURSELF

LEARN the fascination of producing music—of playing the piano yourself. Seated at this player-piano with your hands on the "expression" levers, you are just as much a ***pianist*** *as though you had years of training and your fingers were actually touching the keys. Put in the roll of Dvorak's "Humoresque." Start the music softly, swell it toward the end of the phrase, and then end it softly with a slight slowing of the time. Do the same thing as the phrase is repeated and then play the next with a little different spirit, giving it the variety which is the soul of music. Do you realize the fascination of this? Do you realize that there is no pleasure in* ***hearing*** *music, even the finest, which can compare with the pleasure of personally producing it?*

Act Now, the Number Is Limited

Those who appreciate the significance of this unprecedented opportunity should act *at once.* While the instruments have been provided for Christmas selling, their number is limited.

If you want the instrument delivered for Christmas, we will hold it for you on a small deposit. But *do not wait until near Christmas before coming in.*

Remember this genuine Aeolian-built Player-Piano, guaranteed by the world's largest manufacturers of musical instruments, may be bought for a moderate down payment

balance $15 per month

MEETS HERE TODAY

Younger Circuit Expected to Ratify National Agreement at Annual Conclave.

NEW SCOUT FOR YANKEES

Huggins Adds Paul Krichell, Veteran Catcher, to Staff—Giants Buy Kane, Hartford Infielder.

New York's epidemic of baseball meetings is positively under control. It will end today, when the American League magnates sing "Blessed be the tie that binds" over their compact with the National League. The Directors of the younger major league will gather this morning at the Hotel Belmont, and the annual meeting of the organization will be convened in the afternoon at the same inn. In addition to ratifying the new covenant, the league is expected to coincide with the older body in recommending to the Advisory Council that the pennant chase begin on Wednesday, April 13.

In view of the profound peace that now enfolds organized baseball, wars and rumors of war will have a very small place on the program, if any at all. The magnates will have to pinch themselves, or each other, to realize that they are really attending an American League meeting. Possibly, in deference to the feelings of some of the hardened veterans of many a war, and to make them feel at home, a mimic battle will be staged, but the shells will all be blanks.

There will be plenty of trades and rumors of trades, however, with the rumors far outnumbering the realities. No league meeting would be the genuine article without an atmosphere filled with reports that the Indians' outfield would go to Sacramento in exchange for a promising first baseman, or that Washington would get Babe Ruth in a trade for Frank Brower.

The Yankees engaged another scout yesterday in the person of Paul Krichell, the veteran catcher, formerly with the Browns and later with minor league teams. Krichell will have as his special mission to comb rough diamonds from the college pools and the semi-pro hayknows.

It was reported—and it is also denied, so take your choice—that Jimmy Burke, who managed the Browns last season, will go to Boston to help Duffy look after the welfare of the Red Sox. At any rate, Duffy has been on the outlook for a capable coach, and so has Bill Donovan at Philadelphia.

Roger Bresnahan has taken on Bill Clymer as manager for his Toledo team of the American Association. Clymer has filled many such posts, his latest connections being with Louisville, Columbus and Seattle.

The final announcement, following the semi-final and fourth-round announcements from other points that the Yankees would train at Shreveport, was made yesterday at the offices on Forty-second Street. Some little uncertainty regarding the scheduling of pre-season games held up the official decision until now. The Yanks will leave New York for the South on March 8 and will start back northward from Shreveport on April 1

The Giants yesterday announced the purchase—beg pardon, some of the minors object to the verb "purchase" in regard to acquiring a player. Let's start over again. The contract of Kane, an infielder, held by the Hartford Club, was reassigned yesterday to the Giants.

Frank Navin, President of the Detroit Tigers, received a telegram from Ty Cobb yesterday, saying that he was leaving Augusta for New York and would be here today. Upon his arrival Ty will be amazed to learn that Navin wants him to manage the team.

Buck Herzog signed a contract yesterday to help George Stallings manage the Rochester team of the New International League. It is possible that this move may lead to a preferment for Herzog, for Ty Cobb is known to be strongly in favor of getting Stallings at the helm of the Tigers. In view of Cobb's increased prominence in the Detroit councils he may be able to bring this to pass, in which case Buck would probably get the management of the Rochester club.

Dick Rudolph, the twirler who was largely guilty of hoisting the Braves into a world's championship back in 1914, was authorized yesterday to negotiate his own trade. Rudolph, if he can get the assent of all the National League teams—and last night he had received the O. K. of all except one—will talk with Ty Cobb, it is understood, about a berth on the Tigers.

The latest authentic report—authenticated by several persons who didn't know whether it was so or not—bearing the home address during the coming playing season of one Rabbit Maranville, is to the effect that the Pirates and Braves have practically reached agreement on a dicker.

Bobby Quinn, business manager of the St. Louis Browns, is here to represent that club at the American League meeting in place of Phil Ball, the owner, who is laid up with a broken ankle. Quinn said last night that no manager had yet been obtained for the team.

The American League is expected to give its approval today to the plan which the National League indorsed at its meeting, allowing the spitball veterans to continue in business at the old stand.

FAVORS LANDIS CONTROL.

Pacific Coast League Mogul Wants to Enter New Tribunal.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 16.—"Landis government" for the Pacific Coast Baseball League is favored by President Edward R. Maier of the Vernon Club, according to his statement just before he left to attend the annual meeting of the league directors in Sacramento today. Maier said he would like to see the minors as well as the majors within the jurisdiction of the new tribunal headed by Judge K. M. Landis. "I am in favor of going in," he said. "The plan may not be perfect and it will not bring about a baseball millennium, but, if the minors are conceded one crumb of comfort under the new order of things, that will be more than they ever got before."

Cubs Secure Pertica.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 16.—Bill Pertica, pitcher of the Los Angeles club of the Pacific Coast Baseball League, has been traded to the Chicago Nationals for an infielder and an outfielder, according to word received here today from Wade Killefer, Los Angeles manager, now in the East.

Clymer to Manage Toledo.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Dec. 16.—Bill Clymer, who piloted the Columbus team of the American Association last season, has been signed by Roger Bresnahan to manage the Toledo American Association team the coming season. Bresnahan and Clymer signed in New York yesterday.

Ban Johnson on His Way Here.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—B. B. Johnson, President of the American League, left today for New York to attend the annual meeting of the league opening there tomorrow. Because of illness, Charles A. Comiskey, owner of the Chicago Americans, will not attend the meeting.

Life at Jersey City as far as baseball is concerned is just one Donovan after another. Wild Bill Donovan recently resigned as manager of the Skeeters to become leader of the Phillies, and yesterday it was announced that another of the same Irish family, Pat by name, would hold the reins next season. In his day Pat Donovan was one of the greatest outfielders of all time and he won the appointment at Jersey by over a flock of candidates who wanted to be chief custodian of the destinies of the Jersey club. Pat will have to be a good custodian, for the Skeeters need a lot of cussing.

YALE GRIDIRON LIST HAS MANY CHANGES

Bates, Vermont, Army and Maryland Newcomers on Eli 1921 Football Schedule.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 16.—Yale will play a trump football card next Fall in presenting the Army eleven in the bowl. Sanction has been given by the War Department for the innovation.

This is the first time the West Pointers have received permission to leave the Hudson for a game, except for the annual match with the Navy in New York City. For years the Army and Navy were not allowed to leave home even for their annual game, but consent for them to play this in New York City has been followed by permission for the Army to come to New Haven. Yale believes that this game will fill the bowl to overflowing, as will the Brown match here a week later.

Yale has made two other general changes in gridiron policy. The first is a return to the plan of booking most of its games with New England college-elevens, the second of not meeting any Southern opponents in an early season game except North Carolina. Brown has been given a place near the middle of the schedule. The Brunonians almost defeated the Elis last Fall and Yale has decided to name an easier opponent for its game just before the Harvard matches. The position Brown has held for two decades.

Bates, Vermont and Williams are the other New England opponents on the schedule. The University of Maryland has been given the date just before the Princeton game. Yale invited Colgate and West Virginia to play next year, but these teams had no place on their schedule for Yale on the dates submitted.

The season will open earlier than usual, Yale playing Bates four days before the college Fall term starts. All except the Harvard game are in the bowl.

The schedule:

Sept. 24, Bates; Oct. 1, Vermont; Oct. 8, North Carolina; Oct. 15, Williams; Oct. 22, Army; Oct. 29, Brown; Nov. 5, Maryland; Nov. 12, Princeton; Nov. 19, Harvard, at Cambridge.

NO PENN STATE GAME.

Bezdek's Eleven Is Unable to Arrange Meeting With Columbia.

The Penn State athletic authorities yesterday sent word to Columbia that they could not schedule a football game with the Blue and White at the Polo Grounds next October. Graduate Manager Watt had offered the Centre County team the date of Oct. 22, when Columbia hopes to stage a game at the Brush Stadium with some nationally known eleven. Centre College and the University of Illinois, with which negotiations had also been conducted, were unable to make the trip East. Penn State's reason for declining the proposal is the fact that Hugo Bezdek's aggregation has completed its schedule and has already booked a game at the Polo Grounds with Georgia Tech on Oct. 29.

Trinity, which was Columbia's opponent in the opening game this Fall, will not appear on next year's schedule. No reason was given at Columbia for the action. It will be recalled that the Hartford team was taken on this year after a lapse of several years, following the Brickley episode in which the brother of Charley was accused by N. Y. U. and Columbia of professionalism. Both New York schools severed relations at once and did not bring Trinity back to their schedules until the season just ended.

DOBIE DENIES REPORT.

Not Going to University of West Virginia, Says Cornell Coach.

ITHACA, N. Y., Dec. 16.—Denial of a published report to the effect that Gilmour Dobie, coach of the Cornell University football team, will become coach at the University of West Virginia next season was made here today. Both Graduate Manager Romeyn Berry of the Cornell Athletic Association and Coach Dobie declared that the report was "news" to them. Coach Dobie has a three-year contract at Cornell, effective for two years more, and Graduate Manager Berry stated that the coach has been in consultation with him relative to plans for the 1921 Cornell football schedule.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Dec. 16.—H. A. Stansbury, Athletic Director of the West Virginia University, today declined to say whether the university was negotiating with Gilmour Dobie, coach of the Cornell football team, as coach of the 1921 team, but added that a 1921 coach had not yet been selected.

SAYS PRATT WILL QUIT.

Michigan Athletic Director Declares Ex-Yank Is Out of Big League.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Dec. 16.—P. G. Bartelme, Athletic Director of the University of Michigan, announced tonight that Derrill Pratt, former second baseman with the New York Americans, who was traded to Boston yesterday, would not play league ball the coming season. Pratt is the Michigan baseball coach. Bartelme held that Pratt's contract here precluded his joining the Boston club. Pratt could not be located here tonight.

WRAY IS ELECTED CAPTAIN.

Clever U. of P. Quarterback Chosen to Lead 1921 Eleven.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 16.—Rex D. Wray of Monmouth, Ill., was today elected Captain of the University of Pennsylvania football team.

Wray, who played quarterback the last season, is 24 years old, and though nominally a senior in the School of Finance, has a junior standing in scholastic work due to interruptions in study during the war.

N. H. College Football Schedule.

DURHAM, N. H., Dec. 16.—New Hampshire College today completed its football schedule with the exception of one date for a game with the Army to be played at West Point on Oct. 1. Other games follow: Oct. 8, Dartmouth at Hanover; 22, Vermont at Burlington; 29, Bates at Lewiston; Nov. 5, Colby at Waterville; 12, Massachusetts Agricultural College at Durham; 19, Holy Cross at Manchester or Haverhill, Mass.

LICENSES GRANTED TO MITT WIELDERS

List of 154 Permits Issued to Mitt Wielders, Seconds, Managers and Officials.

The work of licensing boxers, seconds, managers and officials of boxing bouts in this State, to work under the provisions of the Walker law, was continued yesterday at the joint meeting of the Boxing Commission, of which Joseph Johnson is Chairman, and the License Committee, headed by Larry McGuire. The ranks of licensed operatives through the Empire State was swelled by 154 individuals, the number of applications approved as disclosed by a statement issued after the session.

In the list of licenses issued appear but few names of prominent boxers. For the most part the applications approved came from embryo ring stars whose work in the squared circle has not yet reached a stage where they are entitled to inclusion in pugilism's select circles. Gene Tunney, the Greenwich Village light-heavyweight, who has not yet appeared in a bout under the Walker law here, and Eddie McGoorty, veteran Wisconsin middleweight, are the most imposing names included in the list. McGoorty, in submitting his application, gave a Chicago address. Benny Coster, east side veteran, is another who gained a permit entitling him to follow his profession in the ring.

A division of the license awards shows that permits were granted to eighty-five boxers, forty-five seconds, thirteen managers, one judge, seven timekeepers, one referee and two physicians. The lone judging license went to George H. McMonagle of Syracuse, and the single referee permit was awarded to Frederick Hulsmann, a local applicant.

Following is a complete list of the licenses issued:

Boxers.

Johnny Adames, Joe Alton, Jimmie Betz, Kid Brady, Chubby Brown, Kid Clark, Al Cook, Benny Coster, Paul Dixon, Billy Douglas, Fred Glover, Ritchie Gordon, Leo Griffin, Jack Holland, Al Howes, Joe Hurley, Jimmie Kirk, Pinkie Lewis, Rube Lundy, Larry McCoy, Johnny Maguire, Billy Marlow, Kid Moore, Smiling Harry Nolan, Billy Prince, Joe Reilly, Young Rogers, Young Joe Rose, Artie Ryan, Frank Sair, Johnny Shepard, Jack Smith, Charles Spielman, Charley Steele, Jimmy Sullivan, Nick Talby, Gene Tunney, Frank Vivian, Johnny Walker, Bert Williams, Young Angelo, Fighting Dick Atkins, Frank W. Bear, Allie Berman, Jack Billings, Eddie Buhler, Walter Brooks, Danny Burns, Mickey Carroll, George Fox, Joe Garnet, Tommy Harvey, Martin Judge, Johnny Keller, Louis Kreger, Young Harry Lewis, Frank Lippy, Young Lippy, Larry Lundy, Tim Lynch, Johnny Mack, Tommy Martin, Eddie McGoorty, Charles Mullen, Al Murphy, Pete Murphy, Steve Neland, Kid O'Brien, Sammy Parks, Freddy Pleres, Johnny Ritchie, Tommy Ritchie, Billy Roche, Stanley Russell, Johnny Saxon, Kid Shamrock, John J. Thomas, Mack Turner, Joe Kid Wagner, Mike Wallace, Young Warren, Frankie Williams, Mike Wilson, K. O. Mueller, Young Shebby.

Judge.

George H. McMonagle, Syracuse, N. Y.

Managers.

Abe Appletbaum, William J. Bagley, Harry Heckinger, William C. Jaconetta, Louis Link, Robert Martin, Joseph Conway, John Curran, Lew Klein, Philip Levy, Robert Minott, James C. Mullen, Albert Wolf.

Timekeepers.

John F. Brady, Edmond F. Dunn, Charles W. Bubltz, Jack Livingston, Adam Rohrey, Robert Stoll, William H. Tilton.

Referee.

Frederick Hulsmann.

Physicians.

Jacob Kramer, John F. Mars, M. D.

Seconds.

Harry W. Balogh, William F. Blute, Charlie Burke, Morris Cohen, Frank Comparato, George Colombo, James F. Delghan, Thomas Kerr, Lew Klein, Philip Levy, Lawrence Lundy, Frank Markey, Fred Martens, Herbert K. Marx, Eddie Mayo, Woolf Midda, James C. Mullen, Alfred Robinson, James Sarno, Otto Schultz, Edward Seery, Jack Singer, John F. Bresnahan, Gus Brown, Thomas Joseph Cullen, Jack Donning, James C. Eagan, Francis A. Flanagan, Max Goldman, Samuel Goldman, Almerino Hart, Joseph Hittner, Edward F. Hopkins, Charles Ledoux, William L. McCarney, Daniel H. McKetrick, Charles D. McMahon, Harry Maxwell, M. E. Murray, Anthony Polezzio, James Presse, Joseph Rice, James Sala, Marcel Thomas, James J. Tunney.

DEMPSEY ON WAY HOME.

Champion Will Not Return to New York Until After Holidays.

Jack Dempsey, world's heavyweight champion, and his manager, Jack Kearns, left this city yesterday afternoon on the Twentieth Century Limited for Chicago. The pair are en route to Salt Lake City, where the champion will visit his folks for a short time before proceeding to the Coast. It was not expected that Manager Kearns would accompany Dempsey on the trip west, but at the last minute Kearns decided to make the trip. Dempsey and his manager plan to return here shortly after the holidays.

Before leaving Manager Kearns declared that plans for Dempsey's future, in the ring and otherwise, were unsettled. It is probable a tour of the country will be arranged for the title holder, starting from the time he leaves the Coast to return here. No definite plans in this direction have as yet been arranged, Manager Kearns said, adding that he is considering several offers for bouts in which Dempsey will defend his title in different sections of the country. Kearns would not disclose the identity of Dempsey's prospective opponents.

JOIN NAVY BOXING SQUAD.

King and Frawley, Football Linemen, to Seek Glove Honors.

Special to the New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Dec. 16.—Two of the Naval Academy's football players, Right Tackle King and Frawley, a powerful substitute guard, have reported to Coach Webb and will try for heavyweight boxing honors. Mission, last year's intercollegiate champion at the weight, will take care of the 175-pound class this year.

King is regular tackle of the eleven and was stroke of the Olympic crew at Antwerp last Summer. He weighs 183 pounds. Frawley is ten pounds heavier and is also a football player and oarsman.

BOGASH TO MEET COFFEY.

Welterweights Head Boxing Card at the Pioneer S. C. Show.

A promising card of bouts is scheduled for this evening at the Pioneer Sporting Club. The principal fifteen-round bout will bring together Lou Bogash, Bridgeport, Conn., contender for the welterweight championship title, and Vince Coffey of Harlem. Bogash recently competed in a bout at Madison Square Garden, where he made a decided impression by the easy manner in which he beat Marty Cross. The Bridgeport boxer is regarded as a dangerous contender for the title now in the custody of Jack Britton.

Earl Baird, Tacoma lightweight, will appear against Lew Snyder of Bayonne in the semi-final ten-round bout. In a six-round contest Pete Bogash, brother of Louis, will exchange blows with Al McRay.

Navy-Georgetown Game in Doubt.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Dec. 16.—It is possible that the Navy and Georgetown football teams will not meet next year. Navy is willing to schedule a game, but it is understood Georgetown is inclined to hold out on the arrangement of a series on the home and home basis.

TO RETURN PRIZES

A. A. U. Committee Takes Action Because Sprinter's Name Was Not on Program.

Bernie Wefers Jr. of the New York A. C., local 60-yard and 300-yard champion, was ordered to return two prizes last night at the meeting of the Metropolitan A. A. U. Registration Committee when a protest on the Mercury Footer's participation in a recent meet was upheld. The tokens were captured by young Wefers at the games of the Montclair A. C., Nov. 23, when he raced to victory in both the 100-yard and 220-yard handicap tests, competing from scratch. Chairman Jacob W. Stumpf of the Registration Committee announced that a protest had been entered by Tim Sullivan, who charged that Wefers was not eligible to compete in view of the fact that his name did not appear upon the printed program.

In announcing the Registration Committee's decision, Chairman Stumpf declared that the officials had not confined their consideration alone to the technicality that Wefers's name was not included in the printed list of starters. Chairman Stumpf said the committee was of the opinion that Wefers should have been penalized distance instead of being permitted to start on scratch against athletes whose records entitled them to handicaps. The Registration Committee leader therefore instructed Wefers to return both prizes.

S. Mallon, Yorkville Catholic Club harrier, was set down for a period of thirty days. Mallon was found guilty of competitive irregularity, in that he started from the 4-minute handicap mark in the recent Hugh J. McGrane Memorial Handicap, conducted by the Yorkville C. C., when he had been handicapped at 3:30.

Charges of professionalism brought against Andrew F. Ince, middle-distance runner of the Jersey Harriers' A. A. were dismissed. Ince, in a complaint submitted to the Registration Committee, was charged with boxing in the professional ring under the name of Young Tiger. An investigation, Chairman Stumpf declared, failed to produce any evidence to substantiate the charge, and Ince was, accordingly, exonerated.

Al Hulsebosch, Paulist A. C. track captain, appeared before the committee in behalf of one of the club's leading boxers. Hulsebosch lodged a protest against the action of the American Legion in refusing to award a prize to William O'Connell, local flyweight champion, at a recent tournament in the Ninth Regiment Armory. Hulsebosch submitted that O'Connell was prevented by injuries from competing in the final bout of his class after being victorious in his previous matches. An investigation by the committee, Chairman Stumpf said, disclosed that O'Connell had claimed an injury to his hand when summoned for the final bout, but that a physician, after examining the hand claimed to be injured, had pronounced O'Connell fit to go on with the final. Hulsebosch's protest was disallowed.

St. Anselm's A. C. and the United Post Office Clerks' Association submitted applications for sanctions on the same date, March 12, and the problem was referred to the committee for solution. St. Anselm's officials made the task easy by withdrawing their application for sanction, giving the letter carriers the March 12 date and agreeing to hold their meet some time in February. The application of D. Parker, a native of Scotland, who is making his home in Newark, for registration as an amateur athlete was approved. Parker's application was presented to Frederick W. Rubien of the National Committee, who referred it back to the local body for action. The lad from the Highlands is a half-miler.

DARTMOUTH FIVE VICTOR.

Defeats Middlebury in Basketball by Score of 31 to 19.

Special to the New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Dec. 16.—Dartmouth opened its basketball season here tonight with a 31 to 19 victory over Middlebury. Although both teams were inclined to be wild at basket shooting, the Green was greatly superior in the floor work. Captain Nelson Browne was the individual star of the game, scoring fourteen points for Dartmouth during the first half.

Middlebury found it difficult to break through the defense of Heep and Millar, and for this reason was forced to attempt most of its shots from mid-floor. Leonard was the outstanding star in the Middlebury line-up, scoring all but five of the visitor's nineteen points.

The summary:

DARTMOUTH (31).		MIDDLEBURY (19).
Browne	L. F.	Heath
Yuill	R. F.	Lacy
Conley	C.	Davis
Heep	L. G.	Hardy
Millar	R. G.	Leonard

Goals from floor—Browne (4), Heep (3), Millar (2), Cullen (2), McDermott, Heath, Leonard, Hardy. Goals from fouls—Browne (6), Millar, Leonard (12), Heath.

Substitutions—Dartmouth: Cullen for Yuill, Yuill for Browne, Tracy for Yuill, McDermott for Conley, Moore for Heep. Middlebury: Siborski for Lacy.

Referee—Kelly. Timer—McKay. Time of halves—20 minutes.

CATHEDRAL FIVE VICTOR.

Noses Out All-Hallows Team, 26 to 24, in Fast Basketball Game.

The Cathedral College Prep five defeated All-Hallows Institute yesterday afternoon in a basketball game on the latter's court. The score was 26 to 24. O'Connell of Cathedral was the individual star of the battle. He tossed six goals from field. At half-time All-Hallows led by 12 to 4, but the Cathedral quintet uncorked a spurt in the second period that swept the home players off their feet. Fitzsimmons's guarding was the feature of the winners' defensive play.

The line-up:

CATHEDRAL (26).		ALL-HALLOWS (24).
Hayes	L. F.	W. O'Connell
Finn	R. F.	Mulldoon
D. O'Connell	C.	Brennan
Biesch	L. G.	O'Rourke
Fitzsimmons	R. G.	Culhaine

Goals from field—Finn (4), Hayes (3), D. O'Connell (6), Mulldoon (4), W. O'Connell, O'Rourke, Brennan (2), Culhaine (2). Goals from foul—D. O'Connell, Finn, W. O'Connell.

Referee—Joseph Nagle. Time of halves—15 minutes.

YALE PLAYERS SELECTED.

Coach Sharpe Names Varsity Basketball Squad for First Game.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 16.—Coach Al Sharpe of the Yale basketball team tonight picked the team and substitutes for the opening game of the season at the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute tomorrow night and the game Saturday with New York University at New York City. The selections follow: Forwards, Keck, Alderman and Bailey; centre, Conklin; guards, Cooper, Basher and Captain Flynn.

Will Lead Penn State Harriers.

STATE COLLEGE, Pa., Dec. 16.—C. U. Cooper of Oakmont, a junior, has been elected captain of the Pennsylvania State cross-country team for next year, succeeding Romig, intercollegiate titleholder. Two members of this year's squad, Romig and Orr, will be lost by graduation.

Women Plan Ice Hockey League.

BOSTON, Dec. 16.—Plans for an ice hockey league composed of women players were announced today by the Back Bay Hockey Club of this city. It is proposed to have teams from Philadelphia and Pittsburgh in the circuit.

Demonstrating that not all of the ability of the Gould family at indoor court games is confined to its stellar member, Jay Gould, a younger brother, George Gould Jr., made a successful entry in squash tennis circles this week and showed remarkable promise. Gould played his first tournament match as a member of the Columbia Club's Class B team and won it against H. S. Thorne of the D. K. E. Club, a player who is ambidextrous, using either hand with almost equal facility. Young Gould's principal asset is his hard hitting, and it was his smashing that won him his initial match. He has apparently been able to assimilate a good deal of his brother's great cleverness in wrist manipulation and, with added experience, should become one of the most valuable members of the Columbia Club team.

PENN IS VICTOR IN SOCCER TITLE GAME

Quakers Make Strong Finish Against Princeton Team and Win by 4 to 2 Score.

Special to the New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 16.—The University of Pennsylvania won the intercollegiate soccer championship for the second successive season when it defeated Princeton on the field of the Merion Cricket Club here this afternoon by the score of 4 goals to 2. Pennsylvania was outplayed in the first half which ended 2 goals to 1 in Princeton's favor, but came back and electrified a truly large crowd by completely outclassing its opponent.

High-pitched rivalry occasioned by two former draw games lent the play a tenseness that communicated itself with the spectators that backed the field. Never has a soccer match in Philadelphia been so cheered or harder fought. The Penn Band gave the atmosphere a football touch and the snake dance after cessation of play further resembled the celebrations of the gridiron.

The first meeting of the teams resulted in a scoreless tie. On second meeting each team tallied three goals and no more, although four extra periods were played. Hence today's game was for blood, and the play was lightning fast at times. Miraculous saves on the part of each goalkeeper probably were featuring plays, for each in turn was bombarded viciously, Cooper in the last half and Darrow in the first.

Princeton's early scores were made by Stinson and Woodridge. The Tiger's kicking against the wind, but singularly enough, instead of a disadvantage, in its case is quite a success. In its kicking against the wind, but singularly enough, instead of a disadvantage, in its case is quite a success. This seemed almost a help. Penn turn against the breeze, which before the half ended.

stiff, played with increased success. Spencer scored for Penn just before the half ended.

In the final period Dowlin, Lee and Bingham tallied. Penn appeared far superior in this session, just as Princeton had in the first. It was revelation to the watchers, who, much as they disliked the thought, for the majority were loyal to Penn, expected a Tiger victory. The line-up:

PENNSYLVANIA (4).		PRINCETON (2).
Bingham	O. L.	West
Pennell	I. L.	Thomas
Spencer	C. F. B.	Stinson
Lee		Woodridge
Dowlin	O. R.	Moore
Neall	L. H. B.	Wood
Binns	C. H. B.	Hunt
Balderston	R. H. B.	McIlvain
Amelia	L. H. B.	Keyes
Darrow	R. F. B.	Fisher
Haywood	G.	Cooper

Goals—Spencer, Pennell, Bingham, Lee, Stinson, Woodbridge.

Substitutions—Trevorbridge for Moore.

Referee—Scofield. Linesmen—Jones and Addison. Time of halves—45 minutes.

WILL FORFEIT ICE TITLES.

McGowan Not to Defend Skating Laurels at Newburgh.

With the announcement from St. Paul, Minn., that Everett McGowan, international and national speed skating champion, would not compete in the national outdoor speed skating championships at Newburg, N. Y., because of lack of condition due to mild weather, indications are that the competition for the titles on New Year's Day will resolve itself into a struggle between Jack Moore of New York, international sprint champion; Charles Jewtraw of Lake Placid, Eastern champion; Leslie Boyce, metropolitan indoor and outdoor champion; Edmund Horton of Saranac and Roy McWhirter of Chicago. McGowan will forfeit his titles by non-appearance. Between seventy-five and 100 exponents of the steel blades will compete in the nationals, weather permitting. Archie Rogers of Arlington, N. J., after being absent from the game since 1917, when he established a world's record for the marathon at Cohoes, N. Y., will compete at Newburg on New Year's Day.

Skating clubs from New York City, Brooklyn, Saranac, Lake Placid, Schenectady, Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Yonkers, Chicago, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Newburg and Canada will be represented in the meet.

YALE HOCKEY TEAM NAMED.

Eleven Men to Comprise Squad for Holiday Trip.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 16.—Yale's hockey seven which will make the Christmas holiday trip will, it announced tonight, include the following men: Bob Carson, captain, left wing; Shiraako, left centre; Bulkley, right centre; Carbon, right wing; Balt, defense; Griscom and Vanigan, defenders. Foster, Reid and Bagg will be taken along as substitutes.

The team is to leave tomorrow for Philadelphia to practice for its game at the Ice Palace next week on Tuesday and Wednesday with the Quaker City seven and the St. Paul School team. The remainder of the revised schedule was tonight announced as follows: Dec. 31 and Jan. 1, Carnegie Tech, Pittsburgh; Jan. 22, Princeton, at Philadelphia; Jan. 29, University of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia; Feb. 5, Harvard, at Philadelphia; Feb. 12, Dartmouth, at Hanover; Feb. 19, Princeton, at Boston; Feb. 26, Harvard, at Boston.

The experiment of playing in Dartmouth and the trip to Hanover for the ice carnival there are novelties of the 1921 campaign.

BREYER WINS CHESS TITLE.

Hungarian Is Victor in International Tournament.

BERLIN, Dec. 16.—Julius Breyer of Hungary today won the international chess masters' tournament held here. He scored 6½ points out of a possible 9 points. Bogol Juboff and Tartakower tied for second and third place, while Reti finished fourth.

Maroczy, Mieses and Tarrasch will divide fifth prize money. Those unplaced in the tournament include Spielmann, Leonhardt and Saemisch. The last named is a Berlin professional who made his debut in the masters' tournament.

McFALL CHOSEN CAPTAIN.

Veteran Harrier Will Lead Lafayette's Cross Country Team.

EASTON, Pa., Dec. 16.—Jesse McFall was re-elected captain of the Lafayette College cross-country team at the cross-country banquet here today. McFall is a veteran of three years and is a graduate of Easton High School. His election marks the third time a Easton High School graduate now captain of Lafayette teams, as Joe Lehecka, the football captain, and Wolbach, the baseball captain, are also former Easton High athletes.

In consideration of their wonderful record in winning every race competed in, Captain McFall, Crawford, Montgomery, Tracey and Heisler were granted a varsity letter.

Edward Kearney, a substitute halfback, has been granted a varsity football letter by the Varsity Club.

N. Y. U. ATHLETES TO MEET.

Letter Club Will Hold Annual Conclave Tomorrow Evening.

The New York University Letter Club will hold its annual meeting before the Yale basketball game tomorrow evening, at the Violet Hut, University Heights, at 7:30 P. M. Important matters relating to the extension of gymnasium facilities at the university will be brought up for discussion. Howard G. Cann, well-known Violet oarsman, is President of this newly formed organization, the purpose of which is to bring New York University to the fore in intercollegiate athletics.

CLUBS ARE WINNERS

Defeat Columbia and Princeton Teams, Respectively, in Class A Squash Tennis.

METROPOLITAN LEAGUE, SQUASH TENNIS STANDING, CLASS A.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Harvard Club	3	0	1000
Yale Club	2	1	.667
Columbia Club	2	1	.667
Crescent A. C.	1	2	.333
Princeton Club	0	4	.000

The Yale Club defeated the Columbia Club in seven straight matches, and the Crescent A. C. beat the Princeton Club five matches to two in the Class A tournament of the Metropolitan League in squash tennis yesterday afternoon. The Harvard Club, which is leading the league with a clean slate of three victories and no defeats, did not play yesterday. The effect of the day's events was to bring about a tie between the Columbia and Yale Clubs for second place, each having two victories and one defeat.

In the Yale Club's 7 to 0 victory over the Columbia Club at the Yale Club courts the sweep was made possible to a large extent through the absence of the Columbia Clubs squash champion and principal star, Jay Gould, who, preparing for his court tennis encounter next Sunday with Walter Kinsella, the pro champion, is not playing any squash this week. The best match of the Yale-Columbia session was furnished in the meeting of C. J. MacGuire of the Yale Club and Frank Kidde of the Blue and White organization. MacGuire won, but he had to travel at his best speed to accomplish the feat.

Kidde looked like a winner in many stages of the opening game, but MacGuire outsteadied his opponent and won by a score of 15—12. In the second game Kidde hit the stride that in previous years has made him one of the cleverest squash players in the league. He won at 15—9, displaying admirable ability to change his pace and regulate his shots so as to get his opponent out of position. In the rubber, however, MacGuire returned to his form of the opener and won at 15—6, though Kidde made him work for every point and there were many scoreless hands.

Thomas Coward, the Yale Club star, who started the season as a Class B player, was not only promoted to the Class A ranks yesterday, but was given the position of honor as the first man on the Yale seven. He defeated E. W. Putnam two games to one, scored 6—15, 15—8, 15—4, starting slowly but reaching his best form in the second and third games and winning them with ease. The national champion, Auguste J. Cordier, made his first appearance in several weeks and won his match from Lyle E. Mahan, more familiarly known as a lawn tennis player.

Cordier has recovered from his long and serious illness, but he has been ordered by his physician to go slowly in his squash practice. Yet he showed traces of his best form yesterday and won his match in straight games, both at 15—8. Stern and Baker won for the Yale Club, 3 games to 2, while Wainwright and Walker added their points in straight games.

The Crescent A. C. presented its best line-up in its match with the Princeton Club on the Crescent courts and won without difficulty. Bull and Fink, the Crescent topnotchers, won in straight games, as did Messrs. Dingee. Doig had greater trouble defeating Harris. The two Princeton Club points were scored by O. DeGroot Vanderbilt and E. C. Olds. Vanderbilt, formerly one of the leading experts at the game, made his first appearance in tournament play in a long time and defeated Dingee, 15—10, 15—12. Olds won from McVaugh at 15—10, 15—9. Monks, who has been playing on the Princeton Club's Class B team, made an encouraging appearance in the more select circles, though he lost to Dingee by 15—9, 15—11.

The summaries:

Yale Club 7, Princeton Club 0.

Thomas Coward, Yale, defeated E. W. Putnam, Columbia, 6—15, 15—8, 15—4; C. J. MacGuire, Yale, defeated Frank Kidde, Columbia, 15—12, 9—15, 15—9; A. J. Cordier, Yale, defeated Lyle Mahan, Columbia, 15—8, 15—8; H. R. Stern, Yale, defeated F. S. Keeler, Columbia, 8—15, 17—14, 15—12; Stuyvesant Wainwright Jr., Yale, defeated A. L. Marvin, Columbia, 15—6, 15—12; D. S. Baker, Yale, defeated Duncan Bulkley, Columbia, 8—15, 15—7, 15—2; John Walker, Yale, defeated R. L. Strabeigh, Columbia, 15—12, 15—10.

Crescent A. C. 5, Princeton Club 2.

C. M. Bull Jr., Crescent, defeated John Taylor, Princeton, 15—7, 15—3; T. E. Fink, Crescent, defeated H. D. Harvey, Princeton, 15—12, 15—12; Andrew Baxter Jr., Crescent, defeated J. F. Neely, Princeton, 15—8, 15—8; O. DeGroot Vanderbilt, Princeton, defeated C. W. Dangler, Crescent, 5—15, 15—12; E. C. Olds, Princeton, defeated K. F. McVaugh, Crescent, 15—10, 15—9; James Doig, Crescent, defeated R. H. Monks, Princeton, 15—9, 15—11.

AMATEURS IN TITLE BOUTS.

Seven Metropolitan Champions Will Compete for State Honors.

Final details of the New York State amateur boxing championship tournament, which will be held at Madison Square Garden, Jan. 3 and 4, will be arranged Monday evening at a meeting of the Metropolitan A. A. U. Boxing Championship Committee. At this session officials for the tournament, together with other details in connection with the competition will be decided.

The tournament has attracted the leading boxers of the district, including seven who carried off titles in the recent metropolitan championship tournament held at the Garden. Gordon Munce, winner of the heavyweight title, is the only district champion not entered. Munce is ineligible because of the fact that he resides in Bayonne, N. J.

The champions entered include William O'Connell, Paulist A. C., 108 pounds; W. Singer, Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A., 115 pounds; Al Stark, Bronxdale A. C., 125 pounds; B. Ponteau, St. Christopher Club, 135 pounds; Milton Weiss, Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A., 145 pounds; Nick Florio, Paulist A. C., 158 pounds, and Dan Shannon, Bronxdale A. C., 175 pounds.

The new type of smoker

THE type of smoker who asks vaguely for "a cigar" is giving place to the type of smoker who asks definitely for "Robt. Burns."

As more and more men get acquainted with Robt. Burns' *full Havana filler*, the habit of asking for Robt. Burns *by name*, is becoming crystallized, more and more, as a *national* habit.

Cigar dealers declare "Robt. Burns" customers are practically "substitute-proof." Robt. Burns not only *makes* friends—he *keeps* them.

General Cigar Co., Inc.
NATIONAL BRANDS
NEW YORK CITY

NATIONAL SIZES:
Priced from 2 for 25c *to* 3 for 50c

Robt. Burns Cigar
HAVE YOU TRIED ONE LATELY?

GIFTS THEY'LL LIKE
Something for their favorite Athletic Sport

SKIS $3.00 to $15.00
SKATES $2.50 to $20.00
TOBOGGANS $10.00 to $50.00
SLEDS $3.00 to $5.50
SKATING SHOES Men's and Women's $6.50 to $22.50
SKATING COMBINATIONS $10.00 to $20.00
BICYCLES $50.00 to $83.50



OR GIVE TAYLOR XMAS CERTIFICATES

SWEATERS $6.00 to $22.50
MUFFLERS $3.00 to $15.00
NECKWEAR $1.50 to $2.50
MACKINAWS $16.50



Listing some of our Christmas bargains!

Sheeplined coats and leather coats.

21 were $17.50
37 were $24.00
$13.50.

4 were $38.00
64 were $40.00
91 were $42.00
16 were $45.00
$25.

23 were $60.00
39 were $65.00
33 were $70.00
17 were $80.00
$45.

Soft leather and cloth jackets with knitted collar and wristlets; for golfers, trapshooters, hunters and motorists.

Were $19 to $28
$12.

Mackinaws.
Were $13.50 to $20
$9.

Were $22 to $32
$15.

Outdoor sleeping suits and bags.

Adult sizes that were $30 and $33.50
$20.

Smaller sizes that were $20 to $25
$15.

Children's outfits for outdoor schools.

Brushed wool sweaters.
Were $13.50 and $17
$8.50.

Parkas.
Were $7.50 and $8
$4.75.

Bags.
Were $8.50 to $10
$5.

Zip go boys' Bi-plane flyers.
Were $5.50
$3.85.

Bye! Bye! to Bicycles.
Pierce models.
Were $57.50 to $67.50
$45.

Snowshoes slide!
Were $8.00 and $9.50
$5.

Were $10.50 to $13.50
$7.

A touchdown in footballs!
Were $8.50
$4.50.

Men's handkerchiefs.
Were 60c
40c.

Not forgetting men's suits.
Plenty now $50 to $60.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Broadway at 34th St. | Broadway at Warren | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

DON'T SMOKE PAINT

Our pipes are made of the finest imported well seasoned BRIAR ROOT. We use NEITHER PAINT NOR VARNISH. The color like meerschaums. Absolutely NO BREAKING IN. Each pipe perfect and guaranteed



WE MAKE THEM
Mail Orders Filled
PIPES REPAIRED PROMPTLY
BARCLAY PIPE SHOP
41 Barclay St., Cor. Church

THE NEW ITALY.

Anne O'Hare McCormick will contribute to The New York Times Book Review and Magazine next Sunday an article describing Italy as that country is today. Her description of Naples will be found especially interesting.—Advt.

Is Hard Pressed to Defeat Sterling in Featured Race at New Orleans.

FANTOCHE FIRST IN MILE

Leads Field by Small Margin in 2-Year-Old Event—Barry Shannon Scores Victory in Sixth.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 16.—Eddie Rickenbacker just managed to hold his lead to the finish here this afternoon in the Ouachita Handicap, an event for all ages, which was the feature of the racing card at Jefferson Park. Capably ridden by Jockey King, the Skinker entry had to be urged hard to outstay Sterling, the favorite and apparently the best horse in the race.

Rickenbacker showed a high order of speed at the start, and moved into the lead before the second furlong pole had been passed. Sterling, after a poor start, came along at a good pace, but lost too much ground before going into the stretch. At the finish, however, Murray had his mount coming along at a fast pace, so fast, in fact, that he probably would have been the winner in a few more strides. As it was, the lead which Rickenbacker had picked up earlier in the race lasted just long enough to bring him home in first place by the margin of a half length.

Smart Guy, the real outsider in the race, saved much ground throughout and held third place from the half way mark to the finish, finishing six lengths behind Sterling. Jungs Buck was allowed to run wide throughout the trip and did not figure seriously in the competition throughout the race.

The first event for two-year-olds resulted in a victory for Fantoche, which was the favorite in a field of seven. Fantoche, ridden by Lawrence Lyke, moved up strongly just before reaching the stretch, was forced back, and then responded well in the last eighth to win by two lengths from Day Lily, with Hewen third. Day Lily showed good form and held on fairly well at the stretch after being passed out by Fantoche. Hewen lost ground as a result of being carried wide, but tired in the last eighth and finished a length behind Day Lily.

Barry Shannon Takes Sixth.

An energetic ride by Jockey Roberts played a big part in the victory of Barry Shannon in the sixth event on the program, a one-mile race for three-year-olds and upward. Four of the nine starters in this event were rated more highly than the winner, and the chances of the two others were regarded as just as good. After starting poorly, Roberts soon brought his mount up into a contending position, raced ahead of Dancing Spray at the three-quarter post and came along to win by a head. Dancing Spray also began slowly, but managed to close up a big gap and was going strongly at the end. Trooper showed plenty of speed, but tired at the end and finished third, six lengths behind Dancing Spray. Tom McTaggart, the favorite, got away very poorly and was far back most of the way, never being able to make up the ground which had been lost.

Ablaze had a fairly easy victory in the second race, a dash at five and a half furlongs for three-year-olds. The Lowenstein filly ran at her best form, was capably ridden by Stack and drew out steadily in the stretch to win by two lengths from Murray, which in turn led Pueblo over the finish line by a head. Murray ran prominently from the stretch, came along fast under hard urging and wore down Pueblo in the final strides. Pueblo had led most of the way and showed plenty of speed, but tired near the finish and barely saved third place by a head from Royden. Four other starters were grouped almost the entire trip, but at some distance behind the leaders.

The first event of the program resulted in a victory for Mary Head by a half length over Segurola, which finished the same margin ahead of Repent. Mary Head ran as if she was much the best in the race. She lost ground by going wide, but moved up in the stretch to outstay Segurola in the last seventy yards. The latter showed much speed at the start, but was not able to stand off the closing rush of Mary Head. Repent came along fast near the finish, passed out Mary Fonso in the stretch run and was going fast at the end.

Lieutenant Perkins Easy Winner.

The final event resulted in an easy victory for Lieutenant Perkins, which jumped into the lead at the start and led the entire trip. Sandy Mac closed a good gap and was coming fast at the end, but was two lengths behind Lieutenant Perkins at the finish. Lady Ward, which finished third, fought gamely to the end, but was beaten out of the place by Sandy Mac in the stretch run.

Kirstie's Cub showed much improvement in the six-furlong dash, which was the third event of the program. The winner moved up with a rush and drew away in the last seventy yards, to win by a half length from Burgoyne. Roberts kept his mount under restraint in the early stages of the race and was in good position when the time arrived for his final spurt. Burgoyne was away fast, showed good speed, but tired rapidly in the stretch. Old Sinner was going fast at the finish and might have overtaken Burgoyne with a little more distance to go.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Mary Head, 110 pounds (Jarvis), 7 to 5, 1 to 2, first; Segurola, 105 (King), 5 to 2, even, 2 to 5, second; Repent, 100 (McLernon), 7 to 1, 3 to 1, 2 to 1, even, third. Time—1:09. Gladys, Dora W., Mary Fonson and Fading Star also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Ablaze, 113 pounds (Stack), 9 to 5, 3 to 5, 1 to 4, first; Murray, 120 (Heupel), 1 to 1, 6 to 1, 2 to 1, second; Pueblo, 100 (Roberts), 4 to 1, 6 to 5, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:07 3-5. Gloom, Royden, Le Gaulois, Nancy Ann and Wild Flower also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Barry Shannon, 102 pounds (Roberts), 10 to 1, 4 to 1 and 2 to 1, first; Dancing Spray, 100 (Gregory), 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, second; Trooper, 102 (Mooney), 4 to 5, third. Time—1:39 4-5. Pastoral Swain, Tom McTaggart, Tantalus, Raider, Young Adam and Madge F. also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile; purse $700. Lieut. Perkins, 111 pounds (Garner), 11 to 5, 4 to 5 and 2 to 5, first; Sandy Mac, 105 (Corbitett), 6 to 5 and 3 to 5, second; Lady Ward, 106 (Wida), 4 to 5, third. Time—1:42. Kingling II., Betsy, Susan M., Circulate, Lucius, Billy Stuart and Kebo also ran.

Repeals Two-Sport Rule.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—Repeal of the two-sport rule, at Northwestern University, permitting athletes to engage in only two branches of sport, was voted today by the Faculty Athletic Committee. This action will place Northwestern teams on equal terms with other Western Conference teams.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 16.—The Rev. Burleigh Cruikshank, former all-American football centre, has accepted a call as assistant pastor of one of Pittsburgh's largest Presbyterian churches, and, in addition to his regular duties, will promote athletic activities, it was announced here today by Dr. Maitland Alexander, pastor of the First Church. Mr. Cruikshank, a graduate of Blair College, Washington and Jefferson College and Princeton Theological Seminary, will begin his new duties the first of the year.

MUMBO JUMBO WINS IN HAVANA FEATURE

Celebrates Appearance on Cuban Track by Taking Claiming Handicap by a Head.

HAVANA, Cuba, Dec. 16.—Mumbo Jumbo, making his initial appearance in Cuba, scored today in the Claiming Handicap, the feature event at Oriental Park, leading Discussion, the well-played good thing, to the finish by a head, with Assumption third. Osgood, the favorite, and the only other starter, was a poor last.

Mumbo Jumbo followed the fast early pace set by Discussion to the last furlong pole, where the black gelding made a determined bid, and in a hard, long drive won by a head.

Durella, popular choice, won the first race rather easily, defeating Stiletto by a length, while Sinn Feiner was third, a head back. Get 'Em, with Butwell up, won the second race, leading Win All by three lengths. Juanita III. won the third race in a drive by a neck. The fifth went to Belle of Elizabethtown. Doublet II. was a surprise winner in the last event.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Purse, $7,000; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and one-half furlongs. Durella, 112 pounds (Carmody), 2 to 1, 4 to 5 and 2 to 5, first; Stiletto, 107 (Barnes), 4 to 1, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, second; Sinn Feiner, 115 (Butwell), 7 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, third. Time—1:10 1-5. Eastern, Glow, Jack Dawson, Gay Romp, Sentry, Twenty-seven, Rora and Shasta also ran.

SECOND RACE—Purse, $700; for two-year-olds; claiming; five and one-half furlongs. Get 'Em, 111 pounds (Butwell), 8 to 5, 3 to 5 and 1 to 5, first; Win All, 106 (Robinson), 8 to 1, 3 to 1 and 8 to 5, second; Figo, 105 (Boyle), 8 to 5, 3 to 5 and 1 to 2, third. Time—1:11. Chefa, Perhaps, Sleepy Dear and Coomus also ran.

THIRD RACE—Purse, $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and one-half furlongs. Juanita III., 107 pounds (Fletcher), 5 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, first; Inclinator, 102 (Wilson), 6 to 1, 2 to 1 and 6 to 5, second; Miss Sweep, 112 (Carmody), 20 to 1, 8 to 1 and 4 to 1, third. Time—1:10 3-5. Punctual, Vision, Hatrack, Legatol, James and Kernan also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Purse, $900; handicap; for all ages; claiming; five and one-half furlongs. Mumbo Jumbo, 110 pounds (Boyle), 5 to 2, even and out, first; Discussion, 106 (Kennedy), 2 to 1, 4 to 5 and out, second; Assumption, 106 (Garner), 2 to 1, even and out, third. Time—1:09 2-5. Osgood also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse, $700; for all ages; five and one-half furlongs. Belle of Elizabethtown, 108 pounds (McDermott), 9 to 2, 7 to 5 and 3 to 5, first; American Ace, 118 (Kelzay), even, 2 to 5 and 1 to 5, second; Helen Atkin, 105 (Boyle), 5 to 1, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, third. Time—1:11 1-5. Lackawanna, Furbelow and Diffident Eyes also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Purse, $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; mile and fifty yards. Doublet II., 97 pounds (Fletcher), 6 to 1, 2 to 1 and out, first; Timothy J. Hogan, 105 (Lancaster), 5 to 1, 8 to 5 and out, second; Blazonry, 113 (Eames), 5 to 2, 2 to 5 and out, third. Time—1:47. Hunter Platt and Black Thong also ran.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs; claiming; purse $700. *Ed Garrison, 99 pounds; Golden Chance 102, Foster Embrey 104, *Riverside 105, Sea Prince 107, Darnley 107, *American Eagle 111.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; five and a half furlongs; claiming; purse $700. *Waking Dream, 96 pounds; Just Fancy 104, John J. Riley 104, Superior 104, Ramesu 107, *Driffield 107, *Laughing Eyes 109, Bulger 112.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; five and a half furlongs; claiming; purse $700. *Lady Ione, 99 pounds; *Count Boris 104, *Lithelick 104, Langhorne 109, *Goldstone 109, Avion 109, Liberty Bond 109, Snow Queen 114.

FIFTH RACE—For two-year-olds; five furlongs; purse $700. Cubanita, 100 pounds; Dahzig 104, Voorim 104, Aunt Deda 104, Queen of Trumps 109, Light Fantastic 109, Kama 109.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; mile and fifty yards; purse $700. *Waterford, 103 pounds; *Bucknall 107, Assign 108, Jack Healy 108, Mackenzie 108, Fly Home 108, Thornbloom 111, Semper Stalwart 112, Dragoon 115.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather cloudy; track good.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Maiden two-year-olds; five furlongs. Toss Up 115 pounds, Secretary 115, Tarantula 115, Philanderer 115, Elizabeth May 112, San Grecque 115, *Wireless 115, Bally Gihen 112, John Arbor 115, Tony Sutton 115, Martha Grey 112, *Domino 112, Rose of Picardy 112, Cortez 115, Ace 115, Calithump 112, Voormir 115.

*Coupled.

SECOND RACE—Claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs. Justice Gebel 110 pounds, Harry Burgoyne 105, Wealthy Ann 102, The Portuguese 110, Balarosa 103, Maiden Voter 101, Arch Plotter 106, Liberator 115, Marmite 110, Comacho 110, Princess Lou 111, Brunette Lady 102, Larghetto 106, Adrianne R. 102, Valerie Wast 107. Also eligible: Dr. Hall 100, Caroline S. 106.

THIRD RACE—Claiming; two-year-olds; colts and geldings; five and one-half furlongs. Salesman 115 pounds, The Moor 112, Sea Court 115, Reluctant 112, Brown Bill 107, Machine Gunner 115, Silver Springs 115, Kinetic 110, Tutt 115.

FOURTH RACE—Allowances; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Hagamore 104 pounds, Panaman 107, Archie Alexander 107, Uncle Lasalle 106, Fortlight 107, Talisman 101, Columbia, Tenn., 107, Fluzey 104, Lad's Love 112, Mahony 107.

FIFTH RACE—Allowances; Calcasieu purse; three-year-olds; one mile. Cecil O'Reast 112 pounds, Brotherly Love 100, Sea Sinner 104, The Wit 112.

SIXTH RACE—Claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. Brookland 114 pounds; Madras Gingham 106, Highland Lady 114, Willigan 106, Beaucia 106, Salista 100, Aztec 108, Lorena Moss 100, Capitonia 114, Dottas Best 114, Carson 109, Ben Hampson 109, John I. Day 109, Lady Ward 111, Jack Straw 104. Also eligible: Albena 114, Blue Bannock 114.

SEVENTH RACE—Claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and three-sixteenths. Paddy Dear 110 pounds, Austral 113, Tugs 108, She Devil 106, Neenah 107, Under 104, Aurum 110, Puts and Calls 110, Pit 103.

Weather clear; track fast.

De La Salle Leads Manhattan Prep.

De La Salle's basketball team took the measure of Manhattan Prep, 17 to 12, in a basketball game on the former's floor yesterday afternoon. The home team was leading, 6 to 3, at the end of the first half, but was hard pressed to win in the second period. The game was one of the most exciting ever played on the De La Salle floor and the result was in doubt during most of the closing moments of the contest. McCarthy and Knapp starred for the winners.

Cusack and Dailey in Final.

Harold Cusack, a United States Navy welterweight, and Joe Dailey of Bay Ridge will be opponents this evening in the feature fifteen-round bout at the East New York A. A., Brooklyn. A ten-round semifinal will bring together Happy Hayes and Silent Regan. Marty Williams and Jack Schaefler will furnish the action in a six-round bout.

Wins First Match in Final Round of National Class C Title Tourney.

F. A. Unger, former holder of the title and a strong contender for another jog on the championship cup, emerged victorious last night in his first final round match in the national amateur Class C 18.2 balkline billiard championship tournament at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn. Unger clashed with Claude R. Lewis and after thirty-four innings of keen and interesting playing, the former title-holder completed his string, winning by a margin of 150 to 110. Unger made a high run of 34 and averaged 4 14-34. Lewis returned a high run of 14 and had an average of 3 13-38.

In another game, productive of a brand of competition which equaled that in the Unger-Lewis match, George Spear defeated J. Johann by the score of 150 to 120. This contest required thirty-nine innings before the issue was decided. Spear made a high run of 28 and had an average of 3 33-39. Johann's best individual cluster was 16, and he averaged 3 6-38.

The Unger-Lewis conflict was the most keenly contested of the two. The result of this game was in doubt up to within a few innings of the time the former champion completed his allotted string. For twenty-eight innings they clicked off their points in nip-and-tuck fashion Unger holding a lead from the start, but being pressed hard by his rival throughout. In the end the consistency of the former champion brought him victory, for in the closing innings he went away on an admirable burst, which ended with his possession of a thirty-one point margin in victory.

The count favored Unger by a small margin up to the twenty-third inning. Here the ex-champion contributed his great run of thirty-four buttons before missing. The cluster was marked by splendid play, and gave Unger the distinction of making the highest run of the evening. When he went to the table Unger was leading by 76 to 72, but his run of thirty-four put him in front by 110 to 72. Lewis, however, showed a spurt of consistency, and in the next five innings, in which his work included runs of fourteen and eleven, he advanced to within thirteen points of his rival. The score at the twenty-eighth inning was 113 to 100 in favor of Unger. After this stage the latter proceeded to click the ivories in improved form and gradually pulled away from his rival.

In the Spear-Johann match a similar condition existed over the greater part of the time required for the game. Spear was in front almost from the start, but his advantageous margin at no time was what might be termed comfortable. Johann pecked steadily away and always kept within striking distance of his opponent until the thirty-third inning. Here the score stood in Spear's favor by 111 to 104, and Spear went out in a surprising display of ability which ended with his negotiating an unfinished run of fifteen in his thirty-ninth inning.

WINS 32 CHESS GAMES.

Capablanca Demonstrates His Skill in Simultaneous Play.

Thirty-five players sat down at as many boards to face José R. Capablanca, the new world's chess champion, in the exhibition of simultaneous play last night at the rooms of the Manhattan Chess Club in the Hotel Sherman Square, which were crowded to capacity by players, members and visitors. Many expert opponents were in line when shortly before 9 o'clock the famous Cuban made his appearance and, after introduction by Robert Raubitschek, Chairman of the Tournament Committee, began his rounds.

Prominent among the opposing players were W. P. Shipley, President of the Franklin Chess Club of Philadelphia; Victor Ettinger of San Juan, Porto Rico; L. J. Van Gelder of Amsterdam, Morris Schapiro and Orrin Frink, Jr., of Columbia University; G. L. Beecher of Detroit, Toscha Seidl, noted violinist; E. S. Maddock, Vice President of the Manhattan Chess Club, and F. E. Parker, champion of the Marshall Chess Club.

There was much variety in the choice of openings, of which there were eighteen altogether. Capablanca was most partial to the Ruy Lopez and developed nine of the games with the help of the Spanish attack. There were four each at the queen's gambit declined and French defense.

The list of opponents follows: G. L. Beecher, E. L. Barnes, Dr. J. B. Alvarez, A. Ettinger, Victor Ettinger, Albert Ettlinger, Albert L. Wechsler, M. Heineman, G. Somersalo, Dr. A. Pimienta, H. L. Wynegar, E. S. Maddock, A. Chasins, F. E. Parker, Professor L. S. Stillman, G. Ackom, J. W. Barnhart, W. Malowan, I. Witkin, R. L. Blaikie, N. L. Lederer, J. C. Meyers, S. Ullman, D. Auerbach, W. P. Shipley, H. Schroeder, L. J. Van Gelder, O. Frink Jr., Toscha Seidl, B. Colle, B. Buss, L. Steinberg, August Sarli, E. E. Lejeune and S. Katz.

Shortly after 10 o'clock Capablanca scored his first victory at the nineteenth board, where I. Witkin, a club member, had conducted a French defense. A dozen moves were scored.

By midnight Capablanca had finished twenty-four games and had won twenty-two of them, with two drawn. Toscha Seidl, the violinist, was the first to gain a draw, which he did after twenty-six moves. Capablanca made the offer to draw. Walter Malowan drew his game after thirty moves.

Capablanca's final score was thirty-two victories, no defeats and three drawn games. In addition to the two others just mentioned, Ralph L. Blaikie drew his match with the famous Cuban in forty-five moves.

YALE VS. BROOKLYN POLY.

Basketball Game Is Added Feature to Cycle and Track Events.

A program of track races, bicycling and basketball will be conducted this evening at the Thirteenth Regiment Armory, Brooklyn. The basketball contest, the principal event on the card, will be between Yale University and Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute. This contest has aroused considerable interest and it is expected a large crowd will journey to the Brooklyn drill shed to witness the two teams in action.

The bicycle race will be a five-mile event in which leading amateurs will participate. For the purpose of providing added incentive for the riders the armory athletic officials have agreed to distribute four prizes among the successful riders, instead of the customary three. In addition a special lap prize will be awarded to the cyclist showing the way over the greatest number of laps.

Three closed events and a one-mile Military Athletic League relay race complete the card. The M. A. L. relay event has attracted entries from the Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Twenty-second, Twenty-third and Seventy-first Regiments. The closed program includes a two-mile road run in which twenty harriers will participate; 300-yard run, in which sixty-nine members of the regiment will start, and an inter-company relay, which has attracted twelve teams.

Williams Defeats French Boxer.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 16.—Kid Williams, former bantamweight champion, was awarded the decision here tonight at the end of a sensational twelve-round fight with Charlie Ledoux, bantamweight champion of France.

California Starts a Stadium.

BERKELEY, Cal., Dec. 16.—Announcement that they had started a fund of $1,000,000 to build an athletic stadium on the University of California campus similar to the Yale Bowl, was made by the Chamber of Commerce and the Manufacturers' Association here today.

Metropolitan Swimmers Best in Every Division During the 1920 Campaign.

With the holding of the last women's aquatic championship for 1920 on the Coast recently the year's important contests for mermaids came to an end and it is possible now to make the customary selection of an American all-star team, including the leading fair representatives for every event on the national championship list. The task is particularly interesting from the local point of view because of the conspicuous rôle played by New York's mermaids in the year of competition.

The outstanding feature of the year in water sports for women was the truly sensational work accomplished by Miss Ethelda Bleibtrey, the eighteen-year-old swimming marvel of the New York Women's S. A. She not only won every championship in which she started, and the two Olympic title swims for women at Antwerp besides, but she shattered records for free style and back stroke swimming virtually each time she competed under normal conditions. Her single defeat came at the hands of her teammate, Miss Charlotte Boyle, in a 220-yard race in Honolulu, but she outswam the latter at the same distance shortly after and beat her consistently on other occasions.

In picking the annual all star team, therefore, it is unavoidable to name her for all the free style and back stroke classics, including the indoor swims at 50, 100, 220 and 500 yards, the outdoor ones at 100, 440, 880 yards, one mile and long distance, and the 100 yard back stroke event. Circumstances made it impossible for her to take part in some of the national title fixtures, but her long list of record reats served to establish her all around supremacy conclusively and quite beyond question.

Breast Stroke Competition.

Deserving of consideration for the 100-yard breast stroke post are the Misses Eleanor and Ruth Smith of the Morningside A. C. of New York and Miss Essie Harrison of the Detroit A. C. All three covered the distance around world's standard time, but under different conditions, so it is difficult to estimate accurately the actual speed represented. Miss Eleanor Smith won the national championship, however, so she must be granted precedence.

In plunging for distance there can be no argument over the nomination of Miss Charlotte Boyle of the Women's S. A. In addition to capturing national title laurels she displayed a glide of 66 feet in the regulation time limit of sixty seconds, the best ever credited to an American mermaid.

The choice of a representative for the high fancy diving must necessarily be somewhat arbitrary, for the best candidates were abroad for the Olympics during the Summer, the season when this event is featured. But there is good reason to vote in favor of Miss Helen Meany of the Women's S. A. She won the plain high dive at the Olympic tryouts, figured prominently in springboard diving at the same meet and showed superb form in variety work from the standard high platforms at other carnivals. No rival can point to better achievements.

Fancy Diving Stars.

For springboard fancy diving are in line Miss Helen Wainwright and Miss Aileen Riggin, the fourteen-year-old prodigies of the Women's S. A., and Miss Thelma Payne of the Multnomah A. A. A. of Portland, Ore. There is title to choose between them. Miss Wainwright won the American Olympic tryout, Miss Riggin the international event in Antwerp, and Miss Payne the national championship, all three competing in each, while in the Olympic test they finished within 1¼ points of one another. Miss Wainwright is entitled to premiership, however, for in the three contests in which all took part she defeated both Miss Riggin and Miss Payne twice, while the others beat her once apiece only.

Among the teams available for the 400-yard club relay swimming fixture, that of the Women's S. A. ranks foremost. The leading sprinters of the organization, the Misses Ethelda Bleibtrey, Charlotte Boyle, Helen Wainwright and Aileen Riggin demonstrated by means of their individual performances at 100 yards that they can defeat any rival club four in the country by no less than eight to ten seconds.

It will be seen from the foregoing that New York provides the entire all-star mermaids' team for 1920. Of the fifteen championship events on the A. A. U. card, fourteen find representatives among the girls of the Women's S. A. and the other in the ranks of the Morningside A. C.

REMOUNT WORK ADVANCES.

Horse Show and Endurance Test Stamp Venture as a Success.

That the American Remount Association is making rapid strides as the result of the widespread interest that has been aroused in its work was made quite evident in recent exhibitions and tests in which the horsemanship and the quality of the mounts reflected the influence of wartime conditions. The fine showing made in the military classes in the Horse Show at Madison Square Garden as well as in the endurance test held in New England point to the fact that the adoption of the thoroughbred sire in its nation-wide breeding venture is already showing promise of good results.

The position of the organization was considerably strengthened by the showing made by the thoroughbred gelding Allahmande, from Fort Myer, Va., which swept everything before him in the classes for troopers' mounts at the Horse Show. Though only a four-year-old, this sturdy son of the Duke of Ormonde and Garden of Allah, which was bred by Edward B. McLean, was so admirably molded that he was adjudged the best of his kind in the exhibition.

Another proof that the remount authorities are working along the right line was furnished by the result of the 300-mile endurance test in New England, when Mlle. Denise, a seven-eighths bred mare by Arch Oldham and descendant of the great English stallion Galopin, defeated a big field of contestants.

It is not generally known that Mlle. Denise was an eleventh hour selection for the endurance test. As a result she had but a brief preparation for the long journey. She was trained in company with a half-bred, Bunkie. Major Stanley Koch, who owns Mlle. Denise, rode her in the test and is authority for the statement that she lost but twenty-five pounds during the test.

In commenting on the endurance test as a factor in the establishment of a proper remount type, Colonel F. S. Armstrong, chief of the Remount Service, said:

"No test of this sort can show conclusively the best horse for the cavalry. The selection of the individual, his preparation and care en route are bound to be determining factors. However, the Remount Service, which advocates the half-bred horse as the cavalry horse, started two horses of this breed in this test and finished first and third. If the test does mean anything, it would show that the Remount Service is working along the right lines.

Friends' Seminary Wins on 'Court.

The basketball team from the Friends' Seminary of New York went to Hoboken yesterday afternoon and took the measure of Hoboken Academy, 31 to 13. The visiting five took a comfortable lead in the first half and was leading, 11 to 7, at the half-way mark. The Hoboken team was never in the running during the second period.

Gildea to Captain Holy Cross.

WORCESTER, Mass., Dec. 16.—Dennis Gildea of Boston, a junior at Holy Cross College, was elected captain of the 1921 football team today. Gildea played centre on the team.

The Talk of the Town!



The Royal Tailors' Annual Pre-Inventory Clearance of "limited yardage" woolens & worsteds

every remnant we have—regardless of its original cost—many suitings and overcoatings from our regular $50 to $75 grades

—offered this month to clean them out quickly —and keep our shops busy during the usual December dull season

$30

Suit or Overcoat to Measure



—tailored to your own taste
—tailored for quick delivery
—tailored to satisfy or money back

A discount of 10% for very small sizes. Slight extra charges for sizes 45 inches breast and above.

AT OUR 3 WHOLESALE SALESROOMS

UPTOWN
Fifth Ave. and 42nd St.
N. W. Corner, Behind Bldg.
Opp. N. Y. Pub. Library—One Flight Up

DOWNTOWN
Park Row and Beekman St.
South East Corner
Opp. City Hall Post Office—One Flight Up

UNION SQUARE (14th St.)
14th St. and University Pl.
South East Corner
One Flight West of Broadway—One Flight Up

Hours: 8:30 A.M. to 6:00 P.M.
Daily—Including Saturday



THE ROYAL TAILORS
CHICAGO · NEW YORK

Royal tailoring is sold throughout the world —dealers in over 10,000 cities and towns

AND FELLED BY A DOG

Scared by Burglars, Star of 'Afgar' Seeks Home Guard and Is Attacked at Kennel.

SUFFERS SEVERE SHOCK

Performance Last Night Is Called Off, but She Is Expected to Appear Tonight.

Mme. Alice Delysia, star of "Afgar" at the Central Theatre, was knocked down and painfully bitten at the Palisade Kennels, Rosedale, L. I., yesterday by a police dog she was about to purchase to guard her home at 58 East Fifty-first Street, against burglars. Mme. Delysia was under the care of her physician, Dr. Henry C. Fleming of 535 Park Avenue, at her home last night and there was no performance of "Afgar." Dr. Fleming said his patient would probably be up and about today.

Accompanied by F. Ray Comstock, Mme. Delysia motored to Rosedale yesterday and was petting the year and a half old dog when it sprang and sank its teeth in her left side. Mr. Comstock thought last night that the dog's teeth had not penetrated Mme. Delysia's undercoat, but Dr. Fleming said the actress had suffered a painful though superficial wound. He did not consider it serious, and said that Mme. Delysia probably would be able to appear in tonight's performance.

Miss Dawn O'Neill, the actress's secretary, said Mme. Delysia had been told by man, friends that her home was situated in a neighborhood in which many depredations had been committed by burglars recently, and that either a watchman or a police dog was needed to guard the house. A few days ago Mme. Delysia bought a three-months-old puppy at an animal shop in West Forty-sixth Street, but became alarmed at the increasing number of burglaries she had read about and could not wait for the tiny "Afgar" to grow. So yesterday she set out with Mr. Comstock to select a larger dog.

Mme. Delysia was especially taken with one of the police dogs and was petting it when she was bitten." Miss O'Neill said, after she had informed visitors that Mme. Delysia had suffered a severe shock and that none of her friends could see her.

"In some way her fur coat fell from her shoulders—the dog had not liked this coat anyway—and when the proprietor of the kennels stopped to pick it up and return it to Mme. Delysia the dog sprang and knocked Madame down."

Mr. Comstock said last night: "Mme. Delysia did not appear very seriously injured as a result of the dog's attack. To spring was considerable force—fairly flew at her—when he thought the proprietor of the kennels was in danger, and then became very docile when he saw what he had done. Mme. Delysia did not scream. On the way home she ordered her chauffeur, who was hurrying back to her home, to stop at what we thought was a kennel to see whether there were any Pekingese dogs in stock. She had given up the idea of buying a police dog."

Dr. Fleming said that since the dog was not mad no complications should result.

REPUBLICAN WOMEN TO EDUCATE VOTERS

State Executive Committee Decides to Study Further Before Condemning Direct Primary.

With women leaders from thirty-one of the sixty-two counties present, the Republican Women's State Executive Committee met yesterday at the National Republican Club, adopted a scheme for the political education of women, which is expected to reach every election district; indorsed Governor-elect Nathan L. Miller's program for economy in State expenditures, decided to make further study before declaring for the abandonment of the direct primary, as favored by the male members of the party organization, and deferred action on a proposed club house for Republican women until a meeting to be held in Albany in January.

Mrs. Arthur L. Livermore, Chairman of the committee, explained the political educational scheme, which, it is expected, will be adopted by the women's organization in the eight States which make up the Eastern region in the Republican national organization.

George A. Glynn, State chairman, spoke on the proposed return to the State convention system. Mrs. Livermore said she believed the women should study with open minds to determine whether they favored the retention of the direct primary or its abandonment.

Mrs. Charles H. Sabin, chairman of the Advisory Committee, failed to report on the plans to establish a National Women's Republican Club, in which the New York women will take the initiative. She explained that difficulty had been met in getting a suitable clubhouse.

Mrs. Rossiie Lowe Whitney, chairman of the Legislative Committee, spoke on legislation. It was decided that the Executive Committee should keep watch on legislation, particularly that affecting women and children. Mrs. George L. Diven of Elmira was elected a member of the committee.

BRITAIN TO REAFFIRM STAND

Answer to Our Mesopotamian Oil Note Expected Soon.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—Great Britain's answer to the most recent note of the United States Government concerning the Mesopotamian oil fields probably will be little more than a reaffirmation of the viewpoint of Great Britain, couched in the most courteous of terms, it is said here.

The dispatch of the reply to the United States is contingent on the determination of a few points in the Government's Mesopotamian policy, which it is expected the Cabinet will clear up shortly.

URGES REPRIEVE CHANGE.

Governor Favors Putting Power in Hands of State Pardon Board.

ALBANY, Dec. 16.—Governor Smith today went on record as favoring an amendment to the State Constitution by which control over electrocutions would pass from the Executive to a Board of Pardons.

The Governor, speaking at the annual meeting of the Hudson Valley Federated Chambers of Commerce, said he would urge the adoption of such an amendment.

N. Y. U. Honors H. E. Huntington.

New York University yesterday conferred the degree of Doctor of Laws on Henry Edwards Huntington, a financier and railroad official, who has one of the finest collections of English and American literature in the world, including the original manuscript of Benjamin Franklin's autobiography and a number of Washington and Lincoln letters. The guests included Dr. Charles B. Alexander of the State Department of Education, Dean James E. Lough, Dean Charles Snow and Dean Horace Hoskins of the university.

Rockaway Still Hopes Three Missing Officers May Be Alive in Isolated Spot.

The naval radio yesterday carried "Q S T" messages asking all ships and stations to keep watch for the three Lieutenants missing since they went aloft in a free spherical balloon at the Rockaway Point Naval Air Station Monday for an experimental journey to Canada. Recruiting offices through the northern part of New York also were asked to keep a lookout for information of the men, and to relay it at once.

When eighty hours had elapsed last midnight and no word had been received since the information that the craft passed near Wells, N. Y., about eight hours after it started, officers at the air station admitted they were "uneasy, but not alarmed." They still backed the courage, ability and resourcefulness of the three, Lieutenants Walter Hinton of NC-4 fame; A. L. Kloor and Stephen A. Farrell, but admitted there was almost no possibility of the balloon, with its limited cruising radius, still being aloft.

Belief grew that the men were somewhere in the mountain wilderness of the Adirondacks or stranded in some little-inhabited part of Canada and that clad in their warm flying clothes they slowly were making their way toward some point of communication.

MRS. BRADLEY MARTIN WILL.

Estate Left to Her Son and Daughter, the Countess of Craven.

The will of Mrs. Cornelia Sherman Martin, widow of Bradley Martin, was filed here for probate yesterday. Mrs. Martin died on Oct. 24 last at Newberry, England. She leaves the estate to her son, Bradley, of Westbury, L. I., and her daughter, the Countess of Craven, who lives at 4 Chesterfield Gardens, London.

The value of the estate is not disclosed. The petition says Mrs. Martin left no real estate in this State, but had personal property worth "more than $50,000." It is understood that she disposed of her property in Great British in an English will. The will refers to stocks and bonds in safe deposit vaults here which go to the son and daughter. The Countess of Craven gets all her mother's jewelry except the Sevigne brooch from the collection of French Crown jewels, which is left to her son.

Mrs. Martin canceled an indebtedness of £10,000 owed by the Earl of Craven, her son-in-law, and gives to her daughter the mortgages she took on property owned by the Earl of Craven. The Countess inherits her mother's residence in London and her son gets the contents of her country place in Scotland.

JEWISH PLEA AT COLUMBIA.

Rabbi Wise and Miss May Tell European Students' Plight.

Appeals for relief for Jewish students and teachers in Central Europe were made at a mass meeting of the Columbia University Jewish Relief Council in University Hall last evening by Rabbi Stephen S. Wise and Miss Irma May, fiancée of Dr. Bernard Cantor of Columbia, when he was killed last Summer while on relief work in the Ukraine.

Dr. Wise said he wished he could appeal for all classes of students in Central Europe, but asserted that the position of the Jewish students was worst of all. Miss May said that the hatred for Jews in some parts of Central Europe was greater than ever. No students were now admitted to the universities of Poland, Galicia and Hungary, she said, and Jewish professors were being expelled from the universities of Poland.

A committee was appointed to obtain subscriptions for a proposed relief fund of $10,000.

STATE EXECUTED 16 IN 1920.

John Hulbert, Sing Sing Electrician, Received $2,400 as Year's Fees.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Dec. 16.—John Hulbert, the State executioner, has received $2,400 in fees it was announced today, for his grim work in the Sing Sing death chamber during 1920, which has been an unusually profitable year for him. When Andrew Di Carlo, whose death was to have been the last this year, was taken from the death house today after Governor Smith commuted his sentence to life imprisonment it was announced that there would be no more work for Hulbert until 1921.

Hulbert has officiated at sixteen executions this year at $150 per execution. In addition to his execution fees, Hulbert receives a salary of $1,000 a year for doing other electrical work for the State.

FEARS CRISIS FOR WORKERS.

United Neighborhood House Told Unemployment Situation Is Serious.

In anticipation of a serious unemployment situation in the city this Winter, the United Neighborhood House held a dinner and conference in the Pennsylvania Hotel last evening. Former City Chamberlain Henry Bruce declared that a crisis, equaled only by that of the Winter of 1914, was being brought about by the closing of mills and factories. John Shillady, Secretary of the Municipal Committee on Employment at that time, urged that the emergency workrooms then organized be revived, and that more effort be made to obtain cooperation between employers and the unemployed.

Other speakers were Commissioner of Immigration F. A. Wallis and Mrs. V. G. Simkhovitch of Greenwich House.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The date set for the revival of "Erminie" at the Park Theatre is Monday night, Jan. 3. Francis Wilson and De Wolf Hoppers will head the cast.

"When We Are Young" will end its engagement at the Broadhurst Theatre next week, and the Fox film, "Over the Hill," will be transferred to that house from the Lyric on Dec. 27.

The new Winter Garden production, announced to open on Dec. 27, will be known as "The Passing Show of 1921," instead of bearing the 1920 date.

"Concerning Claudia," a comedy by Harry Chapman Ford, has been acquired by Walton Bradford for production later in the season.

"Tickless Time," by Susan Glaspell and George Cram Cook, will be presented by the Provincetown Players as a curtain raiser to "The Emperor Jones" during their forthcoming matinee engagement at the Selwyn Theatre.

George M. Cohan will produce "Love and Learn," by Vincent Lawrence and Edgar Selwyn, in Baltimore, on Dec. 27. The cast will include Wallace Eddinger, Ruth Shepley, Enid Markey, James Gleason, Margery Booth, Fraser Coulter and Edwin Barry.

Burton Holmes will give the first of a series of five travelogues at Carnegie Hall on Sunday night, Jan. 9. He will talk on Constantinople and Jerusalem for the first time.

MUSIC NOTES.

A chorus of 300 self-supporting young women from the New York League of Girls' Clubs gave a concert last evening at De Witt Clinton High School.

An evening of Irish song and story is announced in the Green Room of the Hotel Majestic on the coming Sunday by Cahill O'Byrne.

Fritz Kreisler, it is understood, has consented to play a violin solo in the Christmas services at the Church of the Ascension.

Serge Radamsky, a Russian pianist, and Millo Picco, baritone of the Metropolitan, will give Sunday night, Dec. 26, at Madison Square Garden.

The People's Liberty Chorus will hold an old-time Christmas party for 100 disabled service men on Dec. 27 at the High School of Commerce.

Toscanini and the Scala Orchestra are to make their only Brooklyn appearance at the Academy of Music on New Year's night.

Eddy Brown's Violin Recital.

Eddy Brown at his recital in Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon showed the best of his qualities as a violinist in a program comprising Vivaldi's concerto in A minor, Max Bruch's "Scottish Fantasy," the chaconne from Bach's D minor unaccompanied suite for violin and a group of smaller pieces containing two of Mr. Brown's own arrangements: Rimsky Korsakoff's "Hindoo Chant" and a rondino by Cramer; a minuet, once "the" minuet, by Paderewski, and Baxzini's "Ronde des Lutins."

Among those qualities are to be remembered a sweet and caressing tone that can be both tender and powerful, a style often dashing and brilliant, a sincere and straightforward method of playing, such as he exemplified in Bruch's "Scottish Fantasy." In Vivaldi's concerto the accompaniment was given by a string quartet and organ, as arranged by Nachez.

Mr. Brown, though he be not among the most highly imaginative and deeply poetical performers on his instrument, holds his own well in the group of younger violinists of all nationalities that are now claiming so much attention in the concert rooms. He is an American and makes no appeal to a sentiment narrower than a love of art and predilection of the violin. Other things being equal, Americans do not habitually throng concert halls to encourage and stimulate their fellow countrymen in music with a patriotic enthusiasm.

But apparently there were many stirred yesterday by a love of music and predilection for the violin, for there was a large audience in Carnegie Hall in the afternoon eager to applaud, though not always judicious in the opportunities it took for doing so.

Philharmonic's Beethoven Program.

The Philharmonic Society continued its celebration of the 150th anniversary of Beethoven's birth by the second concert of the Beethoven Festival last evening in Carnegie Hall. This concert fell on the day itself of Beethoven's birth. The program consisted of the overture to "Fidelio," the G major concerto for piano and orchestra, and the "Eroica" symphony. Harold Bauer was the pianist.

The concerto was perhaps the least familiar item of the program. For some reason not easy to understand it has of late years been considerably neglected in favor of its more brilliant and perhaps on the whole, greater younger brother, the concerto in E flat; perhaps for this reason of its greater brilliancy and its more imposing effect. But the fourth concerto has qualities of romantic beauty and intimate poesy that set it apart from all else of its kind, that give it an appeal peculiarly its own. Mr. Bauer played it with a full appreciation of its spirit.

The orchestral numbers were among the most familiar pieces in the Philharmonic Society's repertory. The "Eroica" symphony, in fact, is closely bound up with the society's early history. Its performance last evening was such as Mr. Stransky has made familiar in recent seasons. The concert was heard by as large an audience as the hall would hold.

The Beethoven celebration will be continued this afternoon by the Philharmonic Society, when Mr. Bauer will again play, this time the fifth concerto in E flat, the orchestral numbers being the "Pastoral" symphony and the third "Leonore" overture.

McCORMACK FOR RESORT.

American Tenor Will Be Heard in Monte Carlo Opera House.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 16.—John McCormack, American tenor, who was in Paris with his family, has signed a contract with Raoul Gunzbourg to sing at the Opera House, Monte Carlo, during the months of February and March. He will give as well several concerts at Nice and other Riviera resorts during the season. Mr. McCormack is also considering an offer for a few special guest performances with the Paris opera.

When seen today he denied all rumors that he intended to make his home in Europe and said he was returning to America in April.

Alice Moncrieff, Contralto, Heard.

Alice Moncrieff gave a matinee at Aeolian Hall yesterday uncommonly rich in modest discovery of songs for contralto, the "ultra-violet" among voices, and, if it isn't forcing the metaphor, uncommonly matched in "self-toned" accompaniments played by Coenraad Bos. Without dramatic or wide vocal variety, the singer was content with a single Italian air, Caldara's "Mirti, Faggi"; a last Latin encore, the Bach-Gounod "Ave Maria," and a brief French group, disclosing her finest, most sincere interpretation in Lalo's "L'Esclave." Two novelties of century-old Americans were Hallnäs's "Dry Those Eyes" and the polyglot, pre-revolutionary Taylor's "L'Amour Interrege." The house redemanded "a Garden" of quaint stanzas from the Manx pastor, Brown, and the West Irish prose, "I Know My Love" indeed, had the artist not declined to make it unanimous, all the later pieces might have been encored.

G. S. Madden, Baritone, Appears.

George S. Madden, baritone, appeared last evening at Aeolian Hall, singing ten American and ten foreign songs, all in English. Mr. Madden is one of many Americans, perhaps whom the early example of the Reneclis influenced to become song interpreters, but he is also one of few to centre his present efforts on proper English delivery. This he did last evening in Beethoven's fine air translated "Nature's Adoration," Allison's own words from Handel's "Samson," and Mozart's gossamer "Violet." Unusual here were Valverde's "Red Carnation" and Augusta Holmes's "An Irish Noël"; Mr. Madden's native airs included several by MacDowell and by his accompanist, C. G. Spross, with others of Cadman, Dunn, Scott, Brail, Treharne, and a "Requiem" with words and music by himself.

Caruso Again Sings Samson.

Caruso and Mme. Matzenauer sang the love scene of "Samson et Dalila" for the third time this season to a house sold out at the Metropolitan last evening, a performance of rare refinement and beauty on this occasion winning its deserved ovation in the second act. Earlier it appeared that the tenor was more cautious, owing to his recent throat trouble, but the dramatic epilogue of Samson's captivity and vengeance was carried through with a crescendo of power. M. Saint-Saëns's oratorio-opera has become in the hands of its present artists one of the chief ornaments of this theatre. Mr. Wolff again conducted the music and Messrs. Whitehill, Rothier and others sang and acted the Biblical drama.

Spence Alumnae to Give "Forty Winks."

The Spence Alumnae Society's musical comedy for this season "Forty Winks" is to be put on in the Plaza ballroom on Monday and Tuesday, Jan. 10 and 11. Mrs. Connor Lawrence has written the book and lyrics and Mrs. John Tonnèle Jr. has written the music. Miss Mary P. Wells, a daughter of Mrs. Brooks H. Wells, is this season's President.

Sight Seeing Royal Blue Line

Seeing New York, up town, down town, over the great bridges to Brooklyn, 10 A.M., 2 P.M. Chinatown, New York After Dark, 8 P.M. Luxurious glass roof heated automobiles. Distinctive Service. Ask at hotels for our free map and guide. ROYAL BLUE LINE CO. OF N.Y. Office Starting Point, Hotel McAlpin

F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present THE MOST SENSATIONAL SUCCESS EVER KNOWN IN THE WORLD MECCA Musical Extravaganza of the Orient. COMPANY OF 400—11 BIG SCENES.

Century Promenade Above Century Theatre CENTURY MIDNIGHT REVUE AT 11:30 Opens at 10:30 for Dining and Dancing.

WINTER GARDEN LAST 3 TIMES. MATINEES TOM'W & SAT. GEORGETTE LE MAIRE'S BREVITIES With IRENE WILLIAMS BROADWAY AT 50TH

CENTRAL THEATRE, 47th & B'y. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. Mat. Tom'w TODAY 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2 SEATS F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present The London and Paris Sensation, In a Musical Show DELYSIA in "AFGAR" "Has taken New York by storm."—Telegram

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30. The Reigning Musical Comedy Success. PITTER PATTER With Bryant Truss

LITTLE THEATRE 44 St., W. of B'way. Mats. Wed. & Sat. THE 1st YEAR

CASINO 39th and B'way. Evenings at 8:20. Tom'w & Wed. (Pop.), 2:20. ZIMBALIST'S PLAY WITH MUSIC. HONEYDEW

Excellent "WAY DOWN EAST" Seats at TYSON & CO. All our ticket offices have choice seats for all showings of the big Griffith picture, including special performance NEXT MONDAY NIGHT.

SHUBERT Tues., 44 St., W. of B'y. Ev. 8:30 Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. THE BOHEMIANS, INC., ANNOUNCE THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920

SHUBERT-RIVIERA. Evs. 8:35. Mat. Tomorrow. ALICE BRADY (Personally) in Next Week MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in "THE PURPLE MASK."

BELMONT THEATRE, W. 48 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. "Keeps Them Laughing All the While!" MR. & MRS. COBURN in FRENCH LEAVE

PAULINE LORD in SAMSON AND DELILAH

COMEDY Theatre, W. 41st. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30. HOLBROOK BLINN in a lovable, lamentable bandit THE BAD MAN

NORA BAYES Theatre, 44th St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Tomorrow & Wednesday 2:30. "3 LIVE GHOSTS" "A SCREAMING COMEDY."—Telegram.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S W. 39 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 5TH MONTH SPANISH LOVE

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. THE BAT "KEEPS ON THE TIPS OF THEIR TOES." —World. EXTRA MATINEES Thurs. & Fri., Dec. 30, 31. Seats Now on Sale.

ASTOR THEATRE, B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:35. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:35. MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2:35. "A VISION TO BEHOLD." —Times. MADGE KENNEDY (HERSELF) in a DUAL ROLE in "CORNERED"

PLAYHOUSE 48th E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. SEASON'S SENSATION! MARY NASH in "THY NAME IS WOMAN"

Wm. A. Brady's 48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:30. "THE BROKEN WING" New York's Biggest Thrill!

BIJOU THEATRE, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. THE SKIN GAME By JOHN GALSWORTHY.

BOOTH THEATRE, 45th St., W. of B'way. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. WILLIAM FAVERSHAM in MARK TWAIN'S The Prince and the Pauper

APOLLO 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. FRANCES WHITE in JIMMIE with BEN WELCH and Star Cast.

SELWYN West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. FRANK TINNEY in (his Musical Comedy) TICKLE ME

TIMES SQ. Thea., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. FLORENCE REED in THE MIRAGE

McBRIDE'S THEATRE TICKET OFFICES have good seats for all performances of "Way Down East." Special Seats for 200th Performance NEXT MONDAY EVENING.

PLYMOUTH 45th St., West of Broadway. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30. LITTLE OLD NEW YORK

FULTON West 46th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed., 2:30. BROCK PEMBERTON Presents GILDA VARESI—NORMAN TREVOR in ENTER MADAME DAILY MATS. XMAS WEEK—SEATS NOW.

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20 with MACLYN ARBUCKLE Daddy Dumplins

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30. "LADIES' NIGHT"

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Fb. Bryant 184. 2ND YEAR—THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT IRENE Seats 6 Weeks Ahead. Mats. Tom'w & Wed.

GARRICK 65 West 35th St. Fitzroy 1522. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:15. HEARTBREAK HOUSE A Comedy by Bernard Shaw

Full subscription price, including war tax, allowed on OPERA TICKETS The Original TYSON & CO. ESTABLISHED 1885 1472 B'WAY. 4080 Bryant 100 B'WAY. 9100 Rector

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40 St. Evs. 8:30. Last 3 Last Mat. Tom'w, 2:30. Times "Call the Doctor" Beg. NEXT WED. at 8:15. SEATS NOW CHARLES FROHMAN Presents Ruth Chatterton in the New Play MARY ROSE By J. M. BARRIE. FIRST MATINEE SATURDAY, DEC. 25.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Last 3 Last Mat. Tom'w, 2:30. Times Frances Starr in "ONE" NEXT THURSDAY, 8:15. SEATS NOW. DAVID BELASCO Presents Lionel Atwill in "DEBURAU" by Sacha Guitry, Adapted by Granville Barker.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:20. DAVID BELASCO Presents INA CLAIRE in "The GOLD DIGGERS" By Avery Hopwood. HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TOM'W & THURS., 2:20. Patricia Collinge in A. E. THOMAS' NEW COMEDY JUST SUPPOSE

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. GEO. M. COHAN'S Comedians MARY (ISN'T IT A GRAND OLD NAME?)

BARRYMORE PARK THEATRE Cols. Circle Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. with HELEN HAYES "A Worthy Successor to 'Clarence.'"—Sun.

MANHATTAN OP. HOUSE, 34th, w. of 8 Av. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w. JOHN E. KELLERD in "Julius Cæsar" Prices 50c to $2.00. Wednesday Eve., Dec. 22, and Thurs. Eve., Dec. 23—First Performance in America of "Die Sovadan Sjecke" (The Sin Bell). Christmas Day Afternoon and Evening. Marie Mattfeld, "Naomi" Monday Evening, Dec. 27 Frans Lehar's Operetta, "We Die Laehe Sieg!" (Where the Lark Sings). New Year's Evening, Dec. 31, revival of Lecocq's "Giroflé-Girofla" Prices 50c to $2.50. Week Dec. 27, 3 Daily Mats. "Snow White and the 7 Dwarfs" and "Cinderella" Prices 35c to $1.00 Seats Now Ready for All Performances.

LIBERTY West 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:20. "PERFORMANCE THROUGHOUT IS REALLY DELIGHTFUL."—World. HENRY W. SAVAGE OFFERS MITZI IN "LADY BILLY" A NEW MUSICAL ROMANCE

MOTION PICTURES.

CRITERION Broadway at 44th Street. Cont. Noon to 11:30 P. M. WILLIAM DE MILLE'S PRODUCTION. "Midsummer Madness" A Paramount Picture WITH LOIS WILSON, LILA LEE, JACK HOLT, CONRAD NAGEL From Cosmo Hamilton's Latest Novel, "His Friend and His Wife."

RIVOLI BROADWAY, at 49th St. TWO DAYS MORE. GEORGE MELFORD'S PRODUCTION. "The Jucklins" With MONTE BLUE. A Paramount Picture RIVOLI CONCERT ORCHESTRA.

RIALTO TIMES SQUARE DOROTHY GISH in "FLYING PAT" A Paramount Picture. Famous Rialto Orchestra.

44TH ST. THEA. Twice Daily 2:15-8:15. GOOD SEATS FOR TODAY'S MATINEE. The D. W. GRIFFITH Masterpiece "WAY DOWN EAST" With Orchestral and Vocal Accompaniment. All Seats Reserved. Order in Advance.

MARK STRAND B'way & 47th St. "THE TRUTH ABOUT HUSBANDS" Strand Male Quartette, Review, Comedy. STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Twice Daily Matinees 2:20. Evenings 8:20. WILLIAM FOX Presents OVER THE HILL By Will Carleton. Directed by Harry Millarde.

CAPITOL B'way at 51st Street POLA NEGRI in "PASSION" Capitol Grand Orchestra. Mats. 30-50. Nights 55-85. World's Largest and Most Beautiful Theatre.

PLAZA MARY PICKFORD in "SUDS" Madison Ave. at 59th St. Antonio Moreno, "The Veiled Mystery" Plaza Orchestra, Nows, Symphonic Organ.

Loew's New York Theatre & Roof Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. LOUISE LOVELY, "The Little Grey Mouse." "THE RIPPLE OF DIAMONDS."

NEW AMSTERDAM, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:20. LAST 3 TIMES. HITCHCOCK—SANDERSON—HUNTLEY. "HITCHY-KOO 1920" DOYLE & DIXON. MOSCONIS AND CO. LAST MATINEE TOMORROW. 50c to $2.50 SEAT SALE FOR FIRST NOW 8 WEEKS TUESDAY NIGHT, DEC. 21 F. ZIEGFELD, JR.'S PRODUCTION MARILYNN MILLER and LEON ERROL in "SALLY" A NEW 3 ACT MUSICAL COMEDY. FIRST MAT. WED., DEC. 22. Prices 50c to $2.50.

NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF—NEW. Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic

GLOBE Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. FRED STONE "TIP-TOP" Seats Now for Extra Holiday Mat. Fri., Dec. 31

3RD MONTH CORT Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. JIM JAM JEMS The Smashing Musical Hit. BEGINNING NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT

Frank Fay's INTIMATE STAR CONCERTS POPULAR PRICES Seats Now at Box Office.

Punch & Judy Evs. 8:30 Mts. T'dy & T'mw 2:30. A CLARE KUMMER Comedy. ROLLO'S WILD OAT OLAND YOUNG

TONY SARG'S MARIONETTES IN REPERTOIRE VAN HOEKLE Sq'l Mats. Tom'w, 11 A. M. Next Week Mon., Tues., Wed., Thurs., 3 P. M.; Wed., Thurs., Fri. and Sat., 11 A. M.

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. GEO. M. COHAN'S production of THE MEANEST MAN IN THE WORLD MR. COHAN in the Title Role.

COHAN & HARRIS Th. W. 43 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. WELCOME STRANGER with GEORGE SIDNEY.

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. JOHN GOLDEN Presents FRANK BACON in LIGHTNIN'

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way & 43 St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. GEO. M. COHAN'S PRODUCTION THE TAVERN GREATEST MYSTERY OF THEM ALL ARNOLD DALY as the Vagabond.

DANCE TONIGHT At that exquisitely beautiful "rendezvous" of Dance ROSELAND Broadway at 51st St. Sat. and Sun. Matinees Evenings 7:30 to 1 A. M. Private Instructions Daily 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

CARNEGIE HALL, 57TH ST. NEWMAN TRAVELTALKS SUNDAY EVE. 8:30 IRELAND Prices 50c to $2.00

GOOD TIMES "RUN" "NINE" "IT'S A" "EAT" "Sides" Matinee Every Day At the HIPPODROME Seats Selling 3 Weeks in Advance.

"ICELAND" ICE SKATING BROADWAY-52D ST. ADMISSION 75c. COLUMBIA, B'y & 47 St. Twice daily 2:15 & 8:15. Pop. Prices. ABE REYNOLDS REVUE.

Opera Tickets PHONE BRYANT 7878 Seats for Caruso and all Fly Save Season, Two Seats Subscriptions. Season, single performances. BOUGHT, SOLD or EXCHANGED SEATS FOR ALL MUSICAL SHOWS. Jacobs' Theatre Ticket Office, Hotel Normandie, B'way & 38th St.

OPERA TICKETS PHONE FITZROY 4189. TOSCANINI and LA SCALA ORCHESTRA Metropolitan and Chicago Opera Subscriptions. Season, single or single performances. BOUGHT, SOLD or EXCHANGED SEATS FOR ALL MUSICAL SHOWS. Jacobs' Theatre Ticket Office, Hotel Normandie, B'way & 38th St.

Two subscribers' tickets for Metropolitan Opera, orchestra chairs, Friday evenings. Telephone Plaza 12.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE Tonight at 8, Double Bill. LUCIA, Garrison, Egener; Gigli, De Luca, Harrold; Ballo, Hardones, Bada—foll'd by CARILLON MAGICO, Galli—Papi. SAT. at 2. AIDA. Destinn, Matzenauer; Martinelli, Danise, Martino. SAT. at 8:15. Pop. Prices. TOSCA, Farrar; Chamlee, Scotti, Malatesta, Angelus, Bada—Moranzoni. Sun. Eve. Concert. Piccolo, Violinist; Garrison, Gordon; Chamlee, Orch., Bamboschek. Mon., Dec. 27—Special Matinee—$1 to $5. The Blue Bird Seats Now Next Mon. at 8. FAUST, Farrar, Delaunois; Harrold, Danise, Rothier, Wolff. WED. at 8:15. ELIXIR. Garrison, Ellis; Caruso, Scotti, Malatesta—Papi. THURS. at 8. DON CARLOS. Ponselle, Matzenauer; Martinelli, De Luca, Didur—Papi. FRI. MAT. at 2. BUTTERFLY. Farrar, Fornia; Chamlee, Scotti, Bada—Moranzoni. FRI. at 8. LA JUIVE. Easton, Scotney, Galli; Caruso, Harrold, Rothier—Bodanzky. Mon., Dec. 27—Special Matinee—$1 to $5. The Blue Bird Seats Now

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC Tues., Dec. 21, at 7:45. TRISTAN. Easton, Gordon; Sembach, Whitehill; Gustafson—Bodanzky. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

AEOLIAN HALL. TONIGHT AT 8:15. ROBERT E. SCHMITZ PIANO RECITAL. (Mason & Hamlin)

AEOLIAN HALL, TUES., DEC. 21, at 8:15. Only Recital This Season—GERMAINE SCHNITZER PIANO RECITAL (Chickering Piano)

CARNEGIE HALL, WED., Dec. 22, at 8:15. 2D PIANO RECITAL JACQUES PINTEL Seats at Box Office. (Mason & Hamlin)

AEOLIAN HALL, MON. AFT., DEC. 13, AT 3. ELSIE TEAL PIANO RECITAL. (Mason & Hamlin)

CARNEGIE HALL, Sat. Aft., Dec. 25, at 3. HIPPOLITO LAZARO Assisted by Mercedes Pedrosa, Spanish Pianist; Hector Cabral, Peruvian Violinist.

Three Informal Piano Recitals by Alfred Cortot at Saturday Afternoons, January 22d, February 12th and 19th, at three o'clock. In the Recital Hall of the David Mannes Music School, 157 East Seventy-fourth Street. Subscriptions, $8.00 Seating Capacity Limited to 250.

FOURTH BILTMORE FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE Grand Ballroom, Hotel Biltmore. This Morning at 11. ANNA FITZIU GIOVANNI MARTINELLI RUDOLPH BOCHCO Tickets at Biltmore Box Office (Balcony Floor). Mgt. R. E. Johnston. Knabe Piano.

NATIONAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA ARTUR BODANZKY COND'R. CARNEGIE HALL. TO-NIGHT at 8:15. TO-MORROW AFT., at 2:30. OLGA SAMAROFF Solo Pianists HEINRICH GEBHARD Program—Beethoven. "Eroica"; Mozart, Concerto 2 pianofortes E-flat; Beethoven, Leonore III. Dec. 23-26. RACHMANINOFF, Soloist. THE KNABE IS THE OFFICIAL PIANO.

PHILHARMONIC BEETHOVEN FESTIVAL—CARNEGIE HALL This Afternoon at 2:30. JOSEF STRANSKY, Conducting HAROLD BAUER, Assisting Artist "Pastoral" Symphony—"Emperor" Concerto. FELIX F. LEIFELS, Manager.

JOINT RECITAL AT CARNEGIE HALL Thursday Evening, Dec. 23, at 8:15 Mischa Levitzki Jacobsen Sonatas by BRAHMS, CESAR FRANCK Solo Groups by Both Artists Tickets by mail from M. H. E. Fiss, 510 Carnegie Hall. Box Office sale now open.

CARNEGIE HALL SUN. AFT. AT 2. Dec. 19 CONCERT OF MUSIC FOR PIANO Rachmaninoff TICKETS NOW AT BOX OFFICE Direction C. J. Foley. Steinway Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, TOMORROW AFT. AT 3. Pianoforte Recital by MAGDELEINE BRARD Seats 75c to $2 at Box Office Now. Steinway Piano. Mgt. Metro. Musical Bureau.

AEOLIAN HALL, Tomorrow (Sat.) Eve. at 8:15. LAJOS SHUK Cellist with the kind assistance of MISCHA LEVITZKI LENORA SPARKES (Soprano Met. Opera.) Mgt. DANIEL MAYER. Steinway Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, THIS AFTERNOON AT 3. 3d Piano Recital by KATHERINE BACON Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Mason & Hamlin Piano

AEOLIAN HALL, Mon. Eve., Dec. 20, at 8:15. Song Recital by John Pierce, tenor. Mgt. Ellis Davis. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

Don't Miss The Sixteenth National MOTOR BOAT SHIP AND ENGINE SHOW

GRAND CENTRAL PALACE ALL THIS WEEK 10 A. M. TO 10:30 P. M.

See all that is most modern in powercraft and accessories

Adm. 75c, including war tax

Loew's American Roof 42 St. W. of B'way. "Sweeties." Bawles & Von Kaufman. Marconi Bros., 6 others. In the Thea., "The Furnace." Excellent Vaudeville. Every Eve. at 8:15 All Seats Reserved

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE Bryant 4300. Mats. Daily 25c-$1

Yesterday—2¾ to 3 per cent. for the best grades.
Wednesday—2¾ to 3 per cent. for the best grades.
These quotations are for six months' paper.

Printcloths Sales Larger.

Although some scattered trading in printings was reported in the local gray goods market yesterday, printcloths really led in the business that was done. There was a somewhat larger volume than recently were sales of 38-inch 68-72s and 39-inch 64-60s, which brought 9½ and 8 cents respectively, for December-February deliveries. For shipment during the remainder of this month, buyers took 39-inch 68-72s at 9 cents. Sales of fine yarn goods and specialties were limited both in number and importance.

Willing to Buy on Visits.

One of the peculiar buying traits which has developed in the ready-to-wear trade is the willingness of retailers to place orders when they visit the market for merchandise they have turned down when offered by road salesmen. Such action is evidence of the desire of purchasers for themselves just what the wholesalers offer in their showrooms. Representatives from even the cities on the Pacific Coast are following this practice, although traveling expenses are high and just as good terms could be had with salesmen.

Dress Goods for Next Fall.

Representatives of some of the largest dress goods factors have been active in the last week sounding out the largest garment operators regarding values and plans for next fall. Reports of these canvasses have been tentatively framed, the manufacturers apparently not prepared to consider the present staple bedrock prices as a permanent proposition, which has so long been the case, but willing to meet buyers rather than the other way about, which has so long been the case.

Fabrics for Skirts.

Buyers of skirting materials are about evenly divided on the subject of the patterns considered most desirable for spring garments between stripes and plaids. Plaids have enjoyed quite a fair "run," and, therefore, the skirt trade looks on the outlook for something a little different. For this reason stripes have been taken up. Plaids, however, have not been dropped, and the new combinations get full response. Tan, blue, gold and green are the favorite colors, and are mostly used.

Raw Silks Marking Time.

The Yokohama raw silk market is dull, and there is practically no quotation for export purposes, remaining nominally unchanged. As a result of the lack of export and prospective purchases by Imperial Silk Syndicate, Japanese spinning is gradually declining to 11 to 12 per cent. of capacity, as against 18 to 20 per cent. at the end of October. Stocks of raw silk at Yokohama are 66,250 bales, as against 66,000 bales on Nov. 1. Stocks of cocoons are 5,000 piculs, as against 4,000 piculs on Nov. 1.

Woven Against Knitted Fabrics.

There seems to be a rather general feeling among woolen and worsted operators that something is needed in the way of a woven fabric to combat the competition offered by knitted materials. The latter have made tremendous strides and have taken quite a respectable amount of business away from the woven constructions. Tweeds were introduced to meet the competitive demand and made fair progress. It is the opinion of some mill representatives that a fabric on the homespun order should be able to compete successfully with the knitted materials.

See Good Business Ahead.

An optimistic survey of the business outlook for Spring by Samuel A. Lerner, President of the United Waist League of America, has been sent to members of that organization. Following an outline of prospects for general business, Mr. Lerner says in part: "The waist manufacturer should work with the point in view that buyers will be in the market and will seek merchandise at stable prices. Waist manufacturers should therefore put themselves on a normal basis. Prepare for a normal Spring business. We, in our industry, have passed through the danger period. Do not speculate, but also do not be afraid to do business. Work for a good Spring season and you will have it."

Will Be No Fur Sale Next Week.

Rumors current in the local fur trade concerning the auction which had been scheduled by Funsten Brothers & Co. of St. Louis to start on Monday of next week were definitely set at rest yesterday by a letter sent to the trade by the Funsten Company from its local office. The letter follows: "This is to inform you that our auction sale previously announced for Dec. 20 has been postponed. The definite date on which the same will be held will be announced later." The announcement was well received in the trade, the consensus being that to have put additional merchandise on the market at this time would have depressed prices and further retarded the "come back" of the fur business.

Have Not Met the Cut.

Other prominent handlers of prints and percales did not meet yesterday the cut of a cent a yard that waas made in percales here on Wednesday by one of the best-known of those concerns. At the new price of 12½ cents made by the latter, no business will be done on memorandum. In the case of two of the selling agencies which did not follow suit yesterday it was said that no action had been taken. In a third instance it was said that no definite price would be made at this time because it was not considered the proper thing to do. It was asserted, however, that the goods sold on memorandum by this concern, which will continue to sell on that basis, would not be "charged" in excess of the price in question. The intimation would likely be done before the expected revisions in ginghams took place.

Overcoatings Sale Continued.

The sale of surplus overcoatings of the American Woolen Company was concluded yesterday by the auctioneers, Hurling, Dole & Co. Style 5230, a blue in nation of the Assabet mill, brought the day's highest price at $2.90. Values were not quite so well maintained as on the previous day. The price average for the entire auction was described as fair, in consideration of the present circumstances of the market. It was stated by one of the company executives that the auction prices would not be those established for the opening of the next-weight season. In the trade, however, it is felt that the new quotations will approximate those set by the auction. The company has made no announcement concerning a wage reduction, but it is understood such an adjustment will be made in order to lower costs to a point where operation at the prevailing price rates is possible. The trade also expects to hear soon the announcement of an auction of surplus suitings owned by the company.

JAPANESE TRADE REACTION.

Review of the First Half of 1920 by a Tokio Bank.

Reviewing the incidents in the Japanese market during the first half of the present year, the Industrial Bank of Japan (Nippon Kogyo Ginko) has this to say: "Economic disaster seemed overwhelming and imminent. Among others, those who were engaged in stock, sugar, cotton, raw silk and mining businesses were in dire need of money and clamored simultaneously for accommodation with necessary funds. The Government, perceiving the condition impending, announced that adequate means would be devised for their relief. Accordingly, under the leadership of the Bank of Japan, the principal banks in the country formed syndicates for the purpose of furnishing liquidation funds to stock and sugar dealers, cotton exchange funds to smaller banks and cocoon-purchase funds to reeling concerns. This co-operation also did much to support the money market in general.

"From the beginning of the period under review the rate of interest was continually on the upward trend. Banks deeming it necessary to raise their rate of interest on deposits carried the revision into effect on Feb. 1. This same tendency was greatly strengthened by the economic disturbance which ensued. Only at the end of the period under review, when the reasons of the banks grew abundant on account of inactive business, the interest on call money suffered a remarkable decline, but the market rate on loans and discounts still remained high, this being mainly attributable to precautions on the part of banks in giving credit."

Says American Tobacco Profiteers.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 16.—An extraordinary Parliamentary Commission has ordered the Public Prosecutor to arraign the American Tobacco Company on a charge of violation of the Danish profiteering act.

New Counterfeit.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York yesterday announced that the Secret Service Division of the Treasury Department had discovered a new counterfeit $5 Federal Reserve note. The description of the note follows:

"On the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, check letter "D"; face plate No. 142; W. G. McAdoo, Secretary of the Treasury; John Burke, Treasurer of the United States; portrait of Lincoln.

"This counterfeit is printed from photo-mechanical plates, of poor workmanship, on fair quality of paper, without silk threads or imitation of them. The number of the specimen at hand is G30612A. The figures of this number are larger than the genuine, and more widely separated. The portrait of Lincoln is much darker than the genuine. The seal is green, instead of blue. The back of the note is more deceptive than the face."

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BALTIMORE—Hecht Bros. & Co.; F. S. Deutsch, women's furnishings; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; C. F. Tucker, coats, suits, wraps, dresses; Mrs. D. Dotterweich, women's, misses' dresses; 9 West 37th.

BOSTON—Chandler & Co., Inc.; Miss J. Canty, cotton waists, underwear, kimonos; 200 5th Av.; McAlpin.

BOSTON—Oxford Dress Co.; L. Wadman, serges, silks; 141 West 33d.

BOSTON—Goldberg Bros.; B. Goldberg, clothing materials; Breslin.

BOSTON—The Essex Cloak and Suit Co.; H. Schneider, cloaks, suits; Breslin.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; H. D. Johnson, boys' clothing, toys, sporting goods; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; T. J. Quinn, short lengths, remnants; 72 Leonard.

CHICAGO—D. B. Fisk & Co.; M. J. Betz, W. Jackson, mfg. dept.; 411 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Greene's, Ltd.; B. Green, jobs suits, wraps, dresses, capes; 1,182 B'way.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; Mrs. G. Sandwall, misses' dresses; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; F. Breitmayer, G. B. Jacobs, wholesale curtains; W. F. Browning, men's tailored trimmings; 1,107 B'way.

CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; Miss E. Cohen, jobs better dresses; 1,263 B'way.

CLEVELAND—McQueen Co.; E. H. Strauss, skirtings; Pennsylvania.

COLUMBUS—The Fashion; W. L. Payne, cloaks, suits; 227 5th Av.; Collingwood.

COLUMBUS—F. & R. Lazarus & Co.; G. Doyle, jobs women's ready-to-wear millinery; A. V. Rees, jobs wiists, children's dresses; J. F. Doody, jobs men's, boys' clothing, shirts; Mr. Porter, jobs hosiery, muslin, knit and silk underwear, house dresses, aprons, petticoats, basement; 223 5th Av.

DALLAS, Texas—Baron Bros. Millinery Co.; L. Baron, ribbons, flowers, feathers; 579 B'way.

DEFIANCE, Ohio—Crone's, Inc.; J. Buchsbaum, jobs dresses, skirts; 43 W. 27th, Room 405.

DETROIT—Crowley, Milner & Co.; Miss A. Golding, waists; 220 W. 32d.

INDIANAPOLIS—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss A. Simon, dresses; Miss R. Wagoner, girls', juniors' ready-to-wear; 129 W. 32d.

MERIDEN, Conn.—A. S. Thomas; J. J. Killeen, neckwear, furs, goods, hosiery; 229 5th Av.; Somerset.

OMAHA, Neb.—Byrne & Hammer D. G. Co.; J. F. Byrne, hosiery, underwear; 43 Leonard.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Miss A. Schaffer, art needlework; 120 W. 32d.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; J. H. Frank, silk, muslin underwear; 16 W. 36th, 9th floor.

PITTSBURGH—Philip Ginsburg & Co.; P. Ginsburg, hosiery, underwear, sweaters; McAlpin.

PITTSBURGH—Lewin-Neiman Co.; Miss N. O'Brien, skirts, children's wear; 1,261 B'way; McAlpin.

PROVIDENCE—J. Samuels & Bro.; Miss R. Schinasky, gloves; 120 W. 32d.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—J. Knopf & Son; J. Knopf, clothing materials; Pennsylvania.

SAN FRANCISCO—Leon Segall; J. Buchsbaum, jobs dresses, skirts; 43 W. 27th, Room 405.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Weinberg's; L. Weinberg, jobs cloth dresses, fur-trimmed coats; 1,182 B'way, Room 401.

SPRINGFIELD, N. Y.—J. Superbe Millinery Co.; L. J. Hammelberg, J. A. Ring, millinery; Bristol.

ST. LOUIS—Finkelstein's; M. Finkelstein, dress materials; Pennsylvania.

ST. LOUIS—Reinfeld, Goorman & Mann; V. Mann, Spring silk dresses, coats, suits; 3 W. 29th, Room 905.

ST. LOUIS—Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney; T. J. Querbach, white and wash goods; 225 5th Av.

ST. LOUIS—King-Brinsmade Merc. Co.; H. B. King, ribbons, silks; 621 B'way; Lathan.

TOLEDO, Ohio—Crone's, Inc.; J. Buchsbaum, jobs dresses, skirts; 43 W. 27th, Room 405.

TOLEDO—Lasalle & Koch Co.; B. F. Tully, mdse. mgr., dresses; Mr. Freedman, children's dresses; 225 5th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; H. C. Koch, millinery; 206 5th Av.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Blum Brothers; J. Blum, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av.

BUSINESS RECORDS

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor.

In New York County.

ABING MILLINERY CO., INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the above manufacturer of blouses, at 9 West 22d Street, by these creditors: A. Sussman, $50; Sara Meyers, $800; Rosenberg & Co., $1,000. Judge Knox has set Dec. 22 for the first meeting of creditors. It is stated that the liabilities will exceed $5,000, and assets about $3,000.

ALBERT WAIST MANUFACTURING CO., INC.—Marx M. Le. Holander Co.....$582.74
Frederick W.—H. T. Alexander, Inc.—J. Keiser & Co.....327.20
Rosenman Co., Inc.—J. Keiser & Co.....136.14
Barbizon Dress Co., Inc.—H. Licht.....1,383.62
Bennett, Samuel—C. C. Weiss.....177.14
Bernstein, Paul—P. J. Durham Co., Inc.....244.55
Brown, Mary J. M. Gidding & Co.....252.59
Chapman, Arthur J.—C. H. Pepper, Inc.....33.47
Bakes, Robert O.—Faultless Fur Mfg. Co.....2,591.37
Book Literature Press, Inc.—C. M. Co.....658.60
Callahan, Eugene W.—G. Patterson.....525.91
Composite Metal Lath Co.—Tuthill Advertising Agency, Inc.....163.61
Comon, Pauline—S. Goldsman.....224.90
Cuneo, Juan, and Giuseppe Spinelli—Peopic, &c.....500.00
Cohen, Benjamin—Standard Knitting Co., Inc.....4,443.50
Commercial Co.—T. Stevens.....2,055.90
Davis, Phillip—State Industrial Comm.1,056.52
De la Rosa, Rosales—Butler Bros.....2,058.19
Eidenberg, Joseph, adm.—C. Moglia.....122.54
Finkelstein, Mary—Joseph Stern & Sons, Inc.....147.78
Engel, Fred L.—K. M. Jamgothcian.....294.28
Edwards, John H.—W. L. Gardiner.....484.54
Finkelstein, Sam—H. Wolfson.....538.87
Fleck, Harry L.—Pre Catelan, Inc.....131.72
Gibson, Andrew—S. Murray.....1,500.00
Golchrist, Robert—American Exchange Nat. Bank.....25,957.81
Gutterman, Max, and Isider. Tabnik (Wear Well Waist Co.)—N. Rashkind.....1,018.24
Importers and Exporters Ins. Co. of New York—E. Gelson.....2,100.55
Kellough, John—People, &c.....500.00
Kotler, Max—A. M. Kirschner.....798.70
Kennedy, William Jr.—C. Hibson.....363.35
Kaufman, Paul F.—Park & Tilford.....387.03
Kalker, Bernard—U. S. Mortgage and Trust Co.....277.70
Kuperman, Max—J. Elshorn.....303.02
Kahane, Emil—N. Y. Independent Meat Corp.....293.60
Ko-Ko Remedies, Inc.—E. A. Quintella.....2,037.72
Kowalsky, Ben—Continental Guaranty Corp.....380.46
Lee, Franklin N.—E. K. Ralph.....114.31
McFarlane, Elizabeth—Peggy Hoyt, Inc.400.20
M. Rosenberg Co.—Printers' Mutal Service.....504.40
Meirowitz, Philip—W. Brindle.....252.00
Mackenzie, William T.—Gilman, Collamore & Co., Inc.....146.80
Moslin, Oscar H. I. Goldsmith.....770.70
National Auto Products Co.—Penn. Brass and Rivets Works.....461.56
Park, Barron & Lester—M. S. Wallach.....1,039.58
Payne, John B., Director General—Royal Cheese and Paper Co.....1,014.65
Palazza, Domenick—L. Di Gennaro.....340.42
Packer, Ida—News Syndicate Co., Inc.543.05
Perrugal, Leo—C. and E. Chapel, Freres & Co.....250.80
Rosenfeld, Nathaniel J.—Best & Co.....172.30
Sloan, James T.—110 West 39th St. Holding Co., Inc.....870.94
Steiner, Samuel—J. Auerbach et al.....210.68
Scott, Clara and Frank Eilenio—People, &c.....100.00
Speyers, James B., and Katherine V. V. Spayers—A. Stonelegh.....2,828.73
Sheridan, Walter F.—F. C. Schwenfurth.....1,272.76
Steam Packet Corp.—E. Safer.....547.95
Steudler, Percival J.—Edouard.....$353.79
Siegel, Samuel G. and Michael Goodman—H. M. Hullshman, coats.....132.86
Schwartz Arnold L. (Hudson Button Co.)—Marx & Rawolle, Inc.....728.23
Smith & Terry, Inc.—F. S. Fole.....5,066.39
T. May & Co., Inc.—Smith & Wessis Co., Inc.....151.10
3,549 Broadway Restaurant Co., Inc.; Leopold Soral, Rose Ritter and Samuel Ritter—Wm. Sinowitz, Inc.....846.97
Terry, Raymond M.—People, &c.....1,000.00
Van Rood, Simon—J. Fried.....1,212.74
W. E. Elliott & Sons, Inc.—K. G. Welding and Cutting Co., Inc.....200.10

In Bronx County.

Byrne, Helena L.—J. F. Byrne et al.....$165.00
Brenner, Max; C. H. Brown Paint Co.209.52
Casper, Gabriel G.—N. Y. Telephone Co.25.34
Grand Concourse Realty Co., Inc.—Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co.....918.00
Intrater, Emanuel and Louis—N. Y. Telephone Co.....23.19
Joseph, Solomon J.—G. Field.....113.80
Lynch, Daniel E.—S. Ribler.....459.72
Lipschutz, Samuel—J. Bondik.....385.86
Melrowitz Philip—W. Brindley.....250.00
Nelson, William; Clem J. Schweitzerman, George Knoll and Nelson Tool Co.—W. O. Stokes.....135.00
Neary, Alicia—C. A. Purchase.....543.89
Same—C. E. Ogilvie.....68.90
Same—F. A. Wilson.....68.90
Same—S. A. Purchase.....68.90
Pollak, Benjamin—E. H. Sagre et al.....180.55
Quirk, John H.—R. V. Schoonmaker.....122.05
S. & P. Mfg. Co., Inc.—Hauser Agency.....1,779.68
Schlein, Charles & Max—A. Goldenberg.435.72

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Riley, Margaret—A. S. Cochran, Aug. 20, 1912.....$243.26
Same—Same, Nov. 13, 1912.....238.14
Fermanides, Aristotle—Crandall & Godley Co., Dec. 14, 1911.....235.53
Etinberg, Harry—H. Knobler, et al., Nov. 25, 1920.....320.01
Hallenback, William—J. Brouther, May 28, 1920.....233.90

In Bronx County.

Berlin, Julia—J. Bandler, Nov. 6, 1920, vacated.....$193.53
Politatschek, Jacques—O. J. Stephens, Inc., April 11, 1919.....65.42
Szabo, John—M. Stimer & Co., Nov. 30, 1920.....191.18

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

15 cents per word. Two business and one bank reference required from advertisers.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

WANTED,

SUCCESSFUL BUSINESSES,
TO SELL QUIETLY
CONFIDENTIALLY, WITHOUT PUBLICITY.
KEEN, DIPLOMATIC BROKER
WILL SELL YOUR BUSINESS
OR CONTROLLING INTEREST.
CAPITAL IS TIMID
AND FREQUENTLY DEPENDS
UPON THE PROTECTION
AND JUDGMENT OF
THE BROKER.
BUYERS WILL UNHESITATINGLY
QUESTION THE BROKER,
BUT WILL NOT ASK
THE SAME QUESTIONS
OF THE SELLER.
FOR FEAR OF GIVING
OFFENSE, AND CONSEQUENTLY
THE SALE IS LOST.
THE BROKER ELIMINATES
CURIOSITY SEEKERS AND
THOSE WHO ARE GLAD
TO LOOK BUT HAVEN'T
THE LEAST INTENTION OF BUYING
AND KNOWS HOW TO
PRESENT MOST ADVANTAGEOUSLY
THE MERITS OF YOUR
BUSINESS.
PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE HAS
TAUGHT US HOW TO LEAD
UP TO AND RECOGNIZE
THE PSYCHOLOGICAL MOMENT
TO CLOSE THE DEAL.
NO DEAL INVOLVING LESS
THAN $100,000 CONSIDERED.
REFERENCES:
R. G. DUN & CO., 298 BROADWAY, N. Y.

JOHN E. RANSON,
30 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.

BUILDER—Man of broad experience and with some capital seeks partnership with individual established in Manhattan. K 199 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

EXECUTIVE MANAGER—Firm having a subsidiary company manufacturing an article used in one of our large industries, desires to find a man of good business ability, to take over the management of this subsidiary company and invest a substantial amount of capital; the product manufactured is imported in the United States to the extent of $6,000,000 annually; this company serves an industry consuming this material to the extent of $16,000,000 annually; the demand is constantly growing; only a man of prudence, integrity and good business judgment will be intrusted with the operation and expansion of this subsidiary company. Y 2252 Times Annex.

PARTNER with $10,000 to $20,000 to take active interest and manage well established New York City machinery business where stock is carried; present owner has other interests requiring entire time out of city; one having practical knowledge preferred, but good executive would answer; splendid opportunity for right man. Apply Y 2216 Times Annex.

PARTY having prosperous business, full ownership, would like partner; big income monthly; will share; investment $2,500 or $4,000 required; with or without services; bank references; receipts show profits; security. Address: Phone 3321 Riverside, Apt. 32.

LIBERAL interest and bonus paid on a loan of $10,000, collateral $40,000 merchandise; excellent proposition for private party desiring safe and profitable investment for 6 months or 1 year. F 376 Times.

PARTNER, $10,000 to $25,000, lighting fixtures, appliances and supplies. K 201 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

PROMINENT dry goods broker desires cooperation; can submit good proposition. S 903 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

FOREIGN BUYER and importer, with successful record, thoroughly familiar with European markets, represents, first class American manufacturers abroad for wearing apparel and textiles, will consider additional firms for representation; sailing end of December; would transact business of confidential nature; highest credentials. K 184 Times.

ST. LOUIS REPRESENTATIVES with an established office with following lines from reputable firms: Men's, young men's and boys' clothing for St. Louis and immediate territory. Address L. & S., 510 Odd Fellows Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

ST. LOUIS REPRESENTATIVES with an established office with following lines from reputable firms: Cloaks, suits, waists and dresses for St. Louis and immediate territory. Address L. & S., 510 Odd Fellows Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

COMMERCIAL.

An out of town concern, nationally advertised, well tailored sport suits, wishes to make connections with a reliable concern as selling agents for their line for visiting buyers and New York City. Apply full details, Y 2201 Times Annex.

DISTRIBUTORS wanted, for territorial rights throughout States for newly patented automobile accessary; excellent opportunity for man able to organize. Mitchell & Livingston, Mohawk Bldg., 180 5th Av.

AM GOING OUT WEST.
Will undertake special commission; 32, Christian, honest, well educated. F 224 Times.

WELL-RATED manufacturers' agent wants lines for Chicago and vicinity; jobbing or commission basis. Y 2222 Times Annex.

FOR SALE.

WE ARE SPECIALISTS IN GARAGES.
LARGEST SELECTION; BONA-FIDE PROPOSITIONS FROM $2,500 TO $75,000;
MONEY ADVANCED WHEN REQUIRED.
L. SCHLEIFFER CO., TIMES BLDG., B'WAY AND 42D ST. 156 RIVINGTON ST., NEAR WILLIAMSBURG BRIDGE PLAZA.

FOR SALE—Light manufacturing proposition; hand propelled miniature merry-go-round for children; 4, 6 and 8 passengers; patent patterns, drawings and material; $3,000, terms, $1,000 cash. H. E. Zifferman, Dayton, Ohio.

MONEY advanced on notes and trade acceptances, open accounts and other good securities. V 660 Times Downtown.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EXCEPTIONAL opportunity, retail 24-floor store for shoes, millinery, retail silk shops, piece goods, ladies' wear, trunks, men's clothing; has been retail silk shop 15 years. Apply 366 5th Av., Room 712.

BUSINESS LOANS.

STRICTLY LOANS only on commercial paper and other collateral; no partnership will be considered, no attention given unless full particulars are submitted. S 315 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

PATENTS—Over 75 years' practice; all communications strictly confidential; handbook on patents free on request; special facilities for office consultations. Munn & Co., patent attorneys, 615 Woolworth Building, New York.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 16.—The Pennsylvania Gasoline Company, Inc., of Bradford, Pa., and Bolivar, N. Y., has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities aggregating $148,147.40 and assets totaling $61,628.66, consisting of machinery and equipment, $250,000.44; debts due on open accounts, $115,580.10; 662 acres of unproved

Same—F. A. Wilson.....68.90
Same—S. A. Purchase.....68.90
Pollak, Benjamin—E. H. Sagre et al.....180.55
Quirk, John H.—R. V. Schoonmaker.....122.05
S. & P. Mfg. Co., Inc.—Hauser Agency.....1,779.68
Schlein, Charles & Max—A. Goldenberg.435.72

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Riley, Margaret—A. S. Cochran, Aug. 20, 1912.....$243.26
Same—Same, Nov. 13, 1912.....238.14
Fermanides, Aristotle—Crandall & Godley Co., Dec. 14, 1911.....235.53
Etinberg, Harry—H. Knobler, et al., Nov. 25, 1920.....320.01
Hallenback, William—J. Brouther, May 28, 1920.....233.90

In Bronx County.

Berlin, Julia—J. Bandler, Nov. 6, 1920, vacated.....$193.53
Politatschek, Jacques—O. J. Stephens, Inc., April 11, 1919.....65.42
Szabo, John—M. Stimer & Co., Nov. 30, 1920.....191.18

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor.

In New York County.

ABING MILLINERY CO., INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the above manufacturer of blouses, at 9 West 22d Street, by these creditors: A. Sussman, $50; Sara Meyers, $800; Rosenberg & Co., $1,000. Judge Knox has set Dec. 22 for the first meeting of creditors. It is stated that the liabilities will exceed $5,000, and assets about $3,000.

ALBERT WAIST MANUFACTURING CO., INC.—Marx M. Le. Holander Co.....$582.74
Frederick W.—H. T. Alexander, Inc.—J. Keiser & Co.....327.20
Rosenman Co., Inc.—J. Keiser & Co.....136.14
Barbizon Dress Co., Inc.—H. Licht.....1,383.62
Bennett, Samuel—C. C. Weiss.....177.14
Bernstein, Paul—P. J. Durham Co., Inc.....244.55
Brown, Mary J. M. Gidding & Co.....252.59
Chapman, Arthur J.—C. H. Pepper, Inc.....33.47
Bakes, Robert O.—Faultless Fur Mfg. Co.....2,591.37
Book Literature Press, Inc.—C. M. Co.....658.60
Callahan, Eugene W.—G. Patterson.....525.91
Composite Metal Lath Co.—Tuthill Advertising Agency, Inc.....163.61
Comon, Pauline—S. Goldsman.....224.90
Cuneo, Juan, and Giuseppe Spinelli—Peopic, &c.....500.00
Cohen, Benjamin—Standard Knitting Co., Inc.....4,443.50
Commercial Co.—T. Stevens.....2,055.90
Davis, Phillip—State Industrial Comm.1,056.52
De la Rosa, Rosales—Butler Bros.....2,058.19
Eidenberg, Joseph, adm.—C. Moglia.....122.54
Finkelstein, Mary—Joseph Stern & Sons, Inc.....147.78
Engel, Fred L.—K. M. Jamgothcian.....294.28
Edwards, John H.—W. L. Gardiner.....484.54
Finkelstein, Sam—H. Wolfson.....538.87
Fleck, Harry L.—Pre Catelan, Inc.....131.72
Gibson, Andrew—S. Murray.....1,500.00
Golchrist, Robert—American Exchange Nat. Bank.....25,957.81
Gutterman, Max, and Isider. Tabnik (Wear Well Waist Co.)—N. Rashkind.....1,018.24
Importers and Exporters Ins. Co. of New York—E. Gelson.....2,100.55
Kellough, John—People, &c.....500.00
Kotler, Max—A. M. Kirschner.....798.70
Kennedy, William Jr.—C. Hibson.....363.35
Kaufman, Paul F.—Park & Tilford.....387.03
Kalker, Bernard—U. S. Mortgage and Trust Co.....277.70
Kuperman, Max—J. Elshorn.....303.02
Kahane, Emil—N. Y. Independent Meat Corp.....293.60
Ko-Ko Remedies, Inc.—E. A. Quintella.....2,037.72
Kowalsky, Ben—Continental Guaranty Corp.....380.46
Lee, Franklin N.—E. K. Ralph.....114.31
McFarlane, Elizabeth—Peggy Hoyt, Inc.400.20
M. Rosenberg Co.—Printers' Mutal Service.....504.40
Meirowitz, Philip—W. Brindley.....252.00
Mackenzie, William T.—Gilman, Collamore & Co., Inc.....146.80
Moslin, Oscar H. I. Goldsmith.....770.70
National Auto Products Co.—Penn. Brass and Rivets Works.....461.56
Park, Barron & Lester—M. S. Wallach.....1,039.58
Payne, John B., Director General—Royal Cheese and Paper Co.....1,014.65
Palazza, Domenick—L. Di Gennaro.....340.42
Packer, Ida—News Syndicate Co., Inc.543.05
Perrugal, Leo—C. and E. Chapel, Freres & Co.....250.80
Rosenfeld, Nathaniel J.—Best & Co.....172.30
Sloan, James T.—110 West 39th St. Holding Co., Inc.....870.94
Steiner, Samuel—J. Auerbach et al.....210.68
Scott, Clara and Frank Eilenio—People, &c.....100.00
Speyers, James B., and Katherine V. V. Spayers—A. Stonelegh.....2,828.73
Sheridan, Walter F.—F. C. Schwenfurth.....1,272.76
Steam Packet Corp.—E. Safer.....547.95
Steudler, Percival J.—Edouard.....$353.79
Siegel, Samuel G. and Michael Goodman—H. M. Hullshman, coats.....132.86
Schwartz Arnold L. (Hudson Button Co.)—Marx & Rawolle, Inc.....728.23
Smith & Terry, Inc.—F. S. Fole.....5,066.39
T. May & Co., Inc.—Smith & Wessis Co., Inc.....151.10
3,549 Broadway Restaurant Co., Inc.; Leopold Soral, Rose Ritter and Samuel Ritter—Wm. Sinowitz, Inc.....846.97
Terry, Raymond M.—People, &c.....1,000.00
Van Rood, Simon—J. Fried.....1,212.74
W. E. Elliott & Sons, Inc.—K. G. Welding and Cutting Co., Inc.....200.10

In Bronx County.

Byrne, Helena L.—J. F. Byrne et al.....$165.00
Brenner, Max; C. H. Brown Paint Co.209.52
Casper, Gabriel G.—N. Y. Telephone Co.25.34
Grand Concourse Realty Co., Inc.—Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co.....918.00
Intrater, Emanuel and Louis—N. Y. Telephone Co.....23.19
Joseph, Solomon J.—G. Field.....113.80
Lynch, Daniel E.—S. Ribler.....459.72
Lipschutz, Samuel—J. Bondik.....385.86
Melrowitz Philip—W. Brindley.....250.00
Nelson, William; Clem J. Schweitzerman, George Knoll and Nelson Tool Co.—W. O. Stokes.....135.00
Neary, Alicia—C. A. Purchase.....543.89
Same—C. E. Ogilvie.....68.90

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

BAUM, Harry, 1 Union Square; petition filed Dec. 14; no schedules; no meeting called.

BERGER, Max, 1 Union Square; petition filed Dec. 14; no schedules; no meeting called.

BERNSTEIN, Samuel, 1 Union Square; petition filed Dec. 14; no schedules; no meeting called.

BLUMENTHAL, Jacob, 1 Union Square; petition filed Dec. 14; no schedules; no meeting called.

BRAUNSTEIN, Abraham

Canada

6% Bonds due Dec. 1, 1930
90% and interest,
yielding 7.35%

Principal and interest payable in New York City.

Winnipeg is the Capital of the Province of Manitoba and is the most important commercial and financial city in Canada west of Toronto.

Circular on request.

Harris, Forbes & Co

Fine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

Ten - Year Note
Yielding 8.60%

Net earnings applicable to interest charges on the total issue over five times requirements.

Company has large number of customers located in one of the most prosperous districts of the United States.

Value of prope ty and volume of business have shown satisfactory increases.

Write for circular.

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street, New York

Federal Income Tax Exempt

CITY OF
Fort Dodge, Ia.
6% Coupon Bonds

Due Dec. 1, 1925 to 1930

YIELDING
5.75% to 5.40%
According to Maturity

Send for descriptive Circular T-155

R. M. GRANT & CO.
31 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK
Boston St. Louis Chicago

Trunk Line Railway and Rate Zone
MAP
of the United States

This map, which is intended primarily for investors, shows in distinctive colors the main lines of the more important systems, and the different railroad rate zones as defined by the Interstate Commerce Commission. The map is accompanied by a Pamphlet in which we discuss in a comprehensive manner the improved position of the Railroads under the new Transportation Act.

Write for Map No. 1309

Spencer Trask & Co.
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange
Members Chicago Stock Exchange

We Offer, Subject to Prior Sale,

$50,000
City of Jersey City
Improvement 5s, due Aug 1, 1925
to net 5½%

$25,000
County of Hudson, New Jersey
5s, due May 1, 1924
to net 5½%

$25,000
Town of Montclair, N. J.
5s, due June 1, 1924
to net 5½%

B. H. & F. W. Pelzer
Members New York Stock Exchange.
12 Broadway New York City

Sharp Recovery in Foreign Exchange—Silver Lower.

The movement of real importance in yesterday's financial markets was not the irregular weakness on the Stock Exchange nor the recurrence of a 6 per cent. rate for call money—though the money rate again indicated that yesterday's large financial operations had actually eased the credit market—but the very decided recovery in foreign exchange. On top of its considerable rise of Tuesday, sterling advanced yesterday no less than 3⅝ cents, reaching a rate nearly 7 cents above Monday's lowest and closing at the best. Rates on all important Continental markets moved similarly; French exchange, which also closed at the highest, gaining nearly ¼ cent per franc over Monday.

It is impossible to ascribe this recovery to anything else than the relaxing of our own money market tension, which has now during several weeks removed the urgent inducement to call in balances from abroad, even at the heavily depreciated values. In the closing weeks of 1919 and at the opening of the present year, the European exchange rates did not recover; on the contrary, they declined continuously and thereby correctly foreshadowed the state of continued abnormal money stringency which prevailed on the New York market throughout the traditional period of returning ease. At the present moment the exchange market is giving a different and more favorable indication. The multitude of independent influences which affect the course of international exchange, especially in this period of depreciated values, makes it often unsafe to generalize from a single positive movement; but the present action of rates, like their action in advance of the severe November stringency, is a sign of the markets that is worth considering.

Uncertainties regarding dividends and perplexity as to the industrial future were again more dominant influences on the Stock Exchange than money market considerations. Opening with irregular changes, different stocks moved in opposite directions and there were advances as well as declines during the day. But the general trend was downward and, notwithstanding numerous recoveries toward the last, the day's market resulted in a fairly long list of 1 to 2 point net declines. It was noticeable that railway shares held much steadier than industrials. Total trading was again considerably reduced from that of Monday and Tuesday. There was no change in the general bond market, although one or two well-known investment issues showed some signs of good buying.

Yesterday's weekly statement by the Bank of France indicated continuance of the very noteworthy movement to reduce the inflated paper currency. During the past week 410,800,000 francs of the Bank's outstanding notes have been called in; which makes a total reduction of 2,125,000,000 francs, or $427,000,000 at the old rating of the franc, during the past six weeks. The machinery of this contraction process seems to have been the holding or cancellation by the Bank of the paper currency paid it as the Government's agent by subscribers to the new 6 per cent. loan, which was offered on Oct. 20 for continuous subscription. The Government does not appear to have reduced its loans at the bank as it did in 1918.

Successful floating of the French Victory Loan, in November of that year, resulted in 2,500,000,000 francs reduction of such "advances to the State" and in simultaneous recall of 2,000,000,000 francs of bank currency; but the present contraction of the currency has occurred with no change in the recent reports of the Government's indebtedness to the bank. That the return flow of currency to the Bank of France is simply a consequence of trade reaction does not seem probable. Whatever effect that reaction may hereafter exert on the people's use of circulating money, it is unlikely that it would have operated with such force at the height of autumn activities. After this month we shall presumably see some very extensive automatic contraction from that cause, in the currencies both of Europe and the United States.

MONEY.

TUESDAY, DEC. 16.

Money on call on the Stock Exchange Thursday opened at 7 per cent., which was high for the day, low and last 6 per cent. Renewals were made at 7 per cent. The lower rate was made in the afternoon. The time money market still continues nominal, with quotations for both classes ranging from 7½ to 7¾ per cent. for long time accomodation, to 7 to 7¾ per cent. for short time. The market for commercial was slow, with 7¾ per cent. ruling for choice names, 8 per cent. on others. There was no change in rates on bankers acceptances.

Call Loans.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Last.	Wednesday's Last.
7	7	6	6	

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days	7½@7¾
4, 5 and 6 months	7 @7½
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	7½@7¾
4, 5 and 6 months	7 @7½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months	7¼@8
Other names, 3 to 6 months	8 @8¼

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 7 16 to 90 days	6
Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days	6
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days	6

Open Market Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call	6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	6%@6¼
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days	6%@6¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	6 @7

London Market.

Money on the London market on Thursday unchanged at 4½ per cent; short bills and three months' bills unchanged at 6⅝ per cent. Gold bullion on the London market was up 3d at 117s 6d per fine ounce. Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Thursday's exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $1,068,949,613; balance, $141,069,240; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $114,157,997. Exchanges for the same day a year ago, $935,500,346.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London ⅛d lower at 41⅞d per ounce. New York prices for bar silver unchanged at 99⅛c per ounce, the Mint price; for foreign silver 1⅛c lower at 94⅛c.

Range of prices for silver bullion this month:

	—Highest.—	—Lowest.—
London	44⅝d Dec. 3	35¾d Dec. 10
New York	101c Dec. 3	89¼c Dec. 10

Range for the present year to date.

London	89⅛d Feb. 11	35¾d Dec. 10
New York	$1.37 Jan. 11	89¼c Dec. 10

Oil Company Offers Serial 7 Per Cent. Gold Debentures at Par.

The $30,000,000 serial 7 per cent. gold debentures of the Standard Oil Company of New York, which Blair Co., in conjunction with the Equitable Trust Company and William A. Read & Co., have purchased, will be offered today at par and interest. The bonds will mature in seven instalments, from Jan. 2, 1925, to Jan. 2, 1931, inclusive.

The debentures will constitute the company's sole funded indebtedness, and among the provisions of the new issue requirements of the company have been supplied almost entirely from earnings, and it is pointed out that in the five years ended Dec. 31, 1919, about $115,000,000 from surplus earnings has been reinvested in the business.

The new quick assets as of June 30, 1920, adding the proceeds of the present issue, exceed $150,000,000, or over five times the total of the debentures. Net earnings for 1920, before taxes, are officially estimated at $60,000,000.

Other financing announced yesterday was the sale at par of $5,000,000 Cerro de Pasco Copper Corporation ten-year convertible sinking fund gold bonds, bearing 8 per cent. interest. The banking syndicate which handled this transaction was headed by J. P. Morgan & Co., and included the First National Bank, the National City Company, the Bankers Trust Company, Charles D.

PARIS, Dec. 16.—Prices were steady on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 70 centimes lower at 58 francs 70 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, unchanged at 85 francs 20 centimes.

Exchange on London, 40 centimes lower at 38 francs 80 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 16 francs 90¾ centimes, against 17 francs 7 centimes yesterday.

Brazil Orders 20 Locomotives.

The American Locomotive Company has received an order for twenty 60-ton Mikado engines from the Rio Grande del Sol Railroad of Brazil.

Authorize Rail Bond Issue.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—Authority was given by the Interstate Commerce Commission to the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Company today to issue trust certificates to the amount of $4,500,000. The money is to be spent for twenty freight locomotives, five switching locomotives and 1,000 steel cars, making a total to be expended on the road for equipment of $8,118,650. The company is required to finance the balance of the amount from its own treasury.

Approves Loan to Western Road.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The Interstate Commerce Commission approved today a loan of $1,920,378 to the Chicago Great Western Railroad Company for freight cars and betterment of roadway.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

THURSDAY, DEC. 16, 1920.

Day's Sales.	Wednesday.	Tuesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1919.	Same Period 1918.	Same Period 1917.
703,944	827,229	1,271,963	869,929	401,940	212,306,128½	303,047,637	137,783,256	179,379,406

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
13½	15½	500	Advance Rumely	15¼	15⅝	15½	15⅝	...
26	27½	300	Ajax Rubber	26⅞	27	26⅞	27	— ½
1	1½	800	Alaska Gold Mines	1	1	1	1	...
1½	1¾	1,800	Alaska Juneau	1½	1	1	1	— ⅛
47	47¾	1,500	Allied Ch. & D., w.i.	47	47½	46⅝	47⅛	+ ⅛
30	30¾	1,200	Allis-Chalm. Mfg	29	30	29	30	+1
70	74½	100	Allis-Chalm. pf	71	71	71	71	...
53⅜	57	1,800	Am. Ag. Chemical	56	56	55½	55⅞	— ⅛
77½	79½	100	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	79⅜	79½	79½	79⅝	— ⅛
45½	46¼	1,200	Am. Beet Sugar	46	46	45½	46	— ⅜
23	23¼	2,300	Am. Can	23½	23½	22¾	23¼	— ⅛
70	75	500	Am. Can pf., Cl. d	75¾	75¾	75	75	— ⅜
121¾	123	2,200	Am. Car & Foundry	122	122	120½	122	+ ⅜
107	108	200	Am. Car & F. pf	107¼	107¾	107¼	107¾	+ ½
17½	17¾	700	Am. Cotton Oil	17½	17⅞	17½	17¾	+ ⅛
7⅞	7½	1,700	Am. Drug. Synd	7⅝	7⅝	7	7¼	...
110	120	200	Am. Express	116	116	115	115	— 5
6⅜	7	300	Am. Hide & Leath	6⅞	6⅞	6¾	6⅞	+ ⅛
38⅜	40	2,600	Am. Hide & L. pf	41	41½	39	39	— 2½
39	40	100	Am. Ice	40	40	40	40	+1
37	37¾	2,300	Am. International	37	37½	36⅝	37¼	— ⅛
9⅝	10	100	Am. La. & Fire En.	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	...
52½	53	100	Am. Linseed	53	53	53	53	— ⅛
81	81¼	1,400	Am. Locomotive	81¼	81½	81	81¼	— ⅜
100	...	300	Am. Locomot. pf	101	101¼	100½	100⅝	— ⅛
66½	...	200	Am. Radiator	66½	66½	66½	66½	+ ⅝
8⅝	9	1,100	Am. Safety Razor	8⅝	9	8⅝	9	...
8⅞	9	1,200	Am. Ship & Com	8⅝	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	— ⅛
40⅝	40¾	5,300	Am. Smelt. & Ref	40½	40¾	39⅝	40⅛	— ⅜
83¼	83¾	700	Am. Sm. & Ref. pf	83¾	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	— ⅛
67	68½	200	Am. Sm. Sec. pf., A	68	68	68	68	— 1
100	100	100	Am. Snuff	90½	90½	90½	90¾	...
29¼	29½	700	Am. Steel Found	29¼	29½	29⅜	29½	+ ⅛
81	82½	300	Am. Steel F. pf	80½	81⅛	80½	81⅛	+1⅛
85¼	86	4,800	Am. Sugar Ref	85⅝	87	85	85½	— 1
99⅝	100	000	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	100	100	99¾	100	...
69¼	70	1,000	Am. Sumatra Tob	70	70	68⅝	68⅝	— 1½
97⅛	98¼	2,500	Am. Tel. & Tel	97⅛	98⅜	96	96	+ ⅞
112	113	1,000	Am. Tobacco	114⅜	114⅜	113⅛	113	— 1
108	109½	685	Am. Tob., Class B	107½	109	107½	109	— 1
87½	88	300	Am. Tobacco pf	87⅝	87⅝	87½	87⅝	...
62½	63	5,000	Am. Woolen	62	63½	61½	62½	+ ½
90	93	100	Am. Woolen pf	90½	90½	90½	90½	+ ½
32½	34	400	Am. Writ. Paper pf	33	33	33	33	— 1
6¼	6¾	300	Ann. Zinc, L. & S	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	...
36⅛	36⅞	10,300	Anaconda Copper	36⅝	36⅝	35⅜	36⅜	— ⅛
2½	2⅝	600	Assets Realization	2½	2½	2½	2½	...
18	20	100	Assoc. Dry Goods	18½	18½	18½	18½	— ⅝
79⅝	80	3,900	At., Top. & S.F.	80¼	80¼	79¾	79⅞	— ⅛
74⅜	75	600	At., Top. & S. F. pf	75	75¼	74⅝	74⅝	— ⅞
5½	6	900	Atlanta, Birm. & At	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
85¼	86	500	Atlantic Coast Line	85½	86	85	85½	+ ⅝
7⅞	8½	200	Atlantic Fruit	8	8	7½	7⅞	...
107½	108¾	2,400	At., Gulf & West I.	107⅛	108	106	108	+ ⅜
54¾	57	200	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	53½	54½	53½	54½	+1
18	18¾	100	Atlas Tack	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	...
103¼	105	200	Atlantic Ref. pf	103	103	103	103	+ ¼
10½	11¼	200	Austin-Nichols	11	11	11	11	+ ½
3	4	200	Auto Sales	3	3	3	3	...
86⅝	86⅞	20,500	Bald. Locomotive	87	87⅜	85⅞	86⅜	— 1
94	100	500	Bld. Locomot. pf	94½	94½	94½	94½	— ¼
32	32¼	4,800	Baltimore & Ohio	32⅜	32⅜	32	32⅛	— ⅛
47	47½	900	Balt. & Ohio pf	47⅜	47⅜	47	47½	— ⅛
35⅜	36	100	Barnsdall, Class A	36	36	36	36	...
30	36	200	Barnsdall, Class B	36	36	36	36	...
23	24	300	Barnet Leather	23	23½	23	23	— ¼
108	109	100	Barrett C. con.cof d	108	108	108	108	— 2
⅞	1	300	Batopilas Mining	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	...
2⅞	3	400	Bethlehem Motors	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	...
51	52	1,000	Bethlehem Steel	50¾	50¾	50¾	50¾	— ¾
51⅝	52	5,200	Beth. Steel, Class B	51⅝	52⅜	51	52	...
102	104	200	Beth. Steel 8% pf	105	105	103	103	...
3¼	3⅝	300	Booth Fisheries	3	3⅝	3	3⅝	+ ⅛
9⅜	10	1,200	Brooklyn R. T.	9⅜	10	9⅜	9⅞	+ ⅛
6⅝	7½	400	B'klyn R. T.cfs.of d.	6⅝	7	6⅝	7	+ ⅛
3⅜	4½	300	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S.	3⅜	3⅞	3¾	3⅞	+ ⅛
81	81½	200	Burns Brothers	81½	81½	81½	81½	— ⅛
4½	5	300	Butte Cop. & Zinc	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	...
8⅝	9¼	1,200	Butte & Superior	9⅛	9⅛	8⅞	9	...
10½	11	400	Butterick Co.	10⅝	10½	10⅝	10½	+ ⅛
13½	13¾	400	Caddo Cent. O. & R.	13⅜	13⅜	13½	13½	— ¼
61	61½	800	Cal. Packing	62	62	61½	61½	— ⅝
23⅝	24	400	Cal. Petroleum	24	24	23⅝	24	...
67½	68½	600	Cal. Petroleum pf	68	68	68	68	+ ½
42	42½	200	Calumet & Arizona	42	42	42	42	— 1
40	40¼	600	Canada Southern	40	40¼	40	40¼	+ ¼
112	112¾	3,100	Canadian Pacific	112¾	112¾	112	112¾	+ ⅝
80	84	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	80½	80½	80½	80½	— 2½
35½	35⅞	3,700	Central Leather Co	36	36⅛	35½	35⅞	— ⅛
83¾	86¼	200	Cent. Leather Co.pf	86¾	86¾	85¾	85¾	— 2½
190	210	300	Cent. R. R. of N. J.	190	192½	190	192½	+1
25	25¼	1,500	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	25⅜	25½	25	25¼	— ¼
73	74	900	Chandler Motor	72⅝	73½	72⅝	73½	+ ½
56½	57¼	1,200	Chesapeake & Ohio	57¼	57¾	56⅝	56⅝	...
7⅝	9¼	100	Chi. & Alton	9¼	9¼	9¼	9⅜	— ⅛
5	6	200	Chi. & E. I.pf.eq.t.r.	5	5	5	5	— ⅛
7½	7¾	200	Chi. Gt. Western	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
17½	17⅝	400	Chi. Gt. West'n pf	17⅛	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
26⅝	27	3,600	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	27	27¾	26¾	27½	— ⅛
39½	40¼	4,200	Chi. M. & St. P. pf.	41	41¾	39⅝	39½	— 1⅜
67	67½	4,900	Chi. & Northwest'n.	68	68⅝	67½	67½	— 1
101½	102½	200	Chi. & Northw'n pf.	103	103	102½	102½	— 1
63	65	100	Chi. Pneu. Tool	63	63	63	63	— 1½
24⅞	25¼	4,300	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	25½	25¾	24¾	25	— ⅛
67½	68½	1,000	Chi., R. I.& P.7% pf.	67⅝	67¾	68	68	— 1⅜
57	57½	800	Chi., R. I.& P.6% pf.	57⅝	57⅝	57	57⅛	— 1
9	9¼	8,800	Chile Copper	9¼	9¾	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
18⅝	18⅝	2,100	Chino Copper	18½	18½	18⅜	18⅜	— ⅛
46¾	48	400	Cluett, Peabody	47½	47	47½	47	+ ⅜
80	86	100	Cluett, Peabody pf	85	85	85	85	— 2
20½	20⅝	3,100	Coca-Cola	20¾	20½	20¼	20¼	...
26¾	26⅞	1,100	Col. Fuel & Iron	26⅞	26⅞	26½	26½	— ⅝
25⅞	26	600	Col. & Southern	26	26	26	26	— 1
54	55	200	Columbia Gas & El	54⅝	54⅞	54⅝	54⅞	— ⅛
10½	10⅝	4,400	Columbia Graph	10⅝	11	10½	10⅝	— ⅛
34½	36	100	Computing Tab R.	34⅜	34⅝	34⅜	34⅝	...
78½	79¼	900	Consolidated Gas	78	78½	77¾	78½	— ⅛
5⅝	6	100	Con. Int. Cal. Min.	5⅜	5⅞	5⅜	5⅞	— ⅛
60⅜	62	300	Continental Can	61¾	61¾	61	61	— 1
5⅝	5½	100	Continental Candy	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	...
65¼	65¾	4,800	Corn Products Ref	65⅝	65¾	64¾	65½	+ ⅛
94	100	200	Do pf	98	98	98	98	...
27⅞	28⅝	6,400	Cosden & Co	29¼	29¼	27¾	28¼	— ⅝
80¼	81	33,500	Crucible Steel	81⅛	82	78⅝	80⅜	— 1¼
82	100	100	Do pf	82	82	82	82	— 2½
18⅛	18⅝	4,700	Cuba Cane Sugar	20	20	18½	18⅝	— ⅝
60	62	2,500	Do pf	64½	64½	60¾	60¾	— 4
26¾	27	1,100	Cuban Am. Sugar	28⅝	28⅞	26	26¾	— ⅛
25½	27	700	Davison Chemical	27	27	25¾	26	— ½
16	16½	100	De Beers Mine	16	16	16	16	+ ½
94	96	400	Del. & Hudson	94⅝	95¾	94	94	— 1
	⅝	500	Den. & Rio Grande	⅝	⅞	⅝	⅝	— ⅛
1⅝	1¾	1,100	Do pf	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
10	10¼	100	Dome Mines	10	10	10	10	— ¼
500	520	16	Eastman Kodak	515¼	515¼	515	515	...
15	15¼	700	Elk Horn Coal	15⅞	15⅞	15¼	15¼	— ⅛
35	37	100	Do pf	35	35	35	35	+2½
6	6	300	Emerson Brant	5¾	6	5¾	6	+ ⅛
50⅜	52⅜	500	Endicott-Johnson	52⅜	52¾	52⅛	52⅝	—1
85	88	300	Do pf	85	85½	85	85½	...
12⅝	12¾	2,500	Erie	12¾	12¾	12⅜	12⅜	— ⅛
19	19	2,500	Do 1st pf	19	19	18½	18⅝	— ⅛
13⅜	14	900	Do 2d pf	13⅜	13⅜	13¼	13½	— ⅛
48⅜	49½	1,900	Famous Players-L.	48⅜	49½	47⅞	48⅜	—1
72⅜	72¾	200	Do pf	72⅜	72¾	72	72	— ⅝
84⅜	84⅝	300	Fisher Body	84⅜	84⅝	83⅝	83⅝	—1⅝
97½	98	300	Do pf	97½	97½	97½	97½	— ½
10⅜	10½	2,600	Fisk Rubber	10½	10⅝	10¼	10½	...
14½	14⅝	500	Freeport-Texas	15	15	14⅜	14⅝	— ⅛
2	2¼	2,400	Gaston, W. & W	2	2¼	2	2⅛	+ ⅛
49	50	100	Gen. Am. Tank Car	49	49	49	49	—2
39	39½	12,400	General Asphalt	40½	41⅛	38¾	39¼	—1⅝
75	78	100	Do pf	77	77	77	77	—1
122	128	100	Gen. C.C.Con.c.of d.	129	129	120	120	—2
54⅜	54½	300	General Cigar	54⅝	54⅝	54	54	— ⅝
81½	82	200	Do deb. pf	82	82	82	82	...
119¼	119½	3,800	General Electric	120	120¾	119¼	119½	— ¼
13⅝	13¾	14,000	General Motors	13⅜	13⅝	13⅜	13⅝	— ¼
70¾	71½	1,400	Do 7% deb	70¾	71	70¾	70⅞	+ ⅛
60	61¼	1,500	Do 6% deb	60¾	60⅝	60	60	—1
34	34½	1,300	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	34	34⅝	33⅝	34½	— ⅛
74½	76¾	600	Do pf	75	75	74	74	...
18	19	100	Granby Consol	18¾	18¾	18¼	18½	...
73⅜	73½	4,000	Great Northern pf	73¼	74	72⅝	73⅝	...
25⅞	26¼	3,000	Do ctfs. for ore p	26½	26⅝	26	26	— ⅛
17½	18	600	Greene Can. Copper	18⅝	18⅝	18	18	— ⅛
14	14½	400	Guantanamo Sugar	14½	14½	14½	14½	— ⅛
32½	33	300	Gulf States Steel	33	33	32½	32½	— ⅛
9	9¾	100	Gulf, Mob. & Nor	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	...
21	22⅝	100	Do pf	21½	21½	21½	21½	— ⅝
54½	60	400	Haskell & Barker	54⅝	54½	54⅜	54½	+ ⅛
...	...	70	Hav. El. Ry. & L.	95	95	95	95	...
14½	15	400	Hendee Mfg.	14⅜	14⅝	14½	14½	+ ⅛
48	50	100	Homestake Mining	50	50	50	50	...
76	77	300	Houston Oil	78½	78½	77¼	77½	—1⅛
9⅝	9⅞	1,500	Hupp Motor Car	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
83⅝	84	1,500	Illinois Central	84¼	84¼	83⅝	83⅝	— ⅜
6	6½	700	Indiahoma Refin	6½	6⅝	6	6	— ⅛
30	30½	1,800	Inspiration Copper	30⅝	30⅝	30⅜	30⅜	...
3⅝	3¾	1,400	Interboro Con	3⅝	4	3½	3⅞	...
10	10⅞	1,000	Interboro Con. pf	10½	10½	10	10	...
10¾	12	300	Int. Agricultural	10¼	10¾	10¼	10¾	— ⅛
46½	47	300	Int. Agricul. pf	46¾	46¾	46⅜	46⅝	...
95⅜	96	400	Int. Harvester, new	96¼	96¾	95½	95⅝	+ ⅛
101	102	100	Int. Harv. pf., new	100¾	100¾	100¼	100¼	— ⅜
11⅜	11¾	400	Int. Mer. Marine	12⅛	12⅜	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅜
48¾	49	1,800	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	48¾	49	48¾	48⅝	— ⅛
29⅜	30	700	Int. Motor Truck	30	30½	29	29⅝	+ ⅜
12½	12¾	4,300	Int. Nickel	12⅝	12¾	12⅜	12½	— ⅛
48½	49	800	Int. Paper	48½	48¾	48¼	48½	— ⅛
21½	22	4,400	Invincible Oil	21⅝	22	20¾	22	+ ⅛
...	...	100	Iron Products	30½	30½	30½	30½	—1
5	5	7,100	Island Oil & Trans	4⅝	5	4⅝	5	...
3¼	3½	200	Jewel Tea	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼	...
8⅝	8⅞	900	Jewel Tea pf	8½	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
15⅝	16	300	Jones Bros. Tea	16½	16½	16	16	— ⅛
18⅝	18⅞	400	Kansas City South	18⅝	18⅞	18¼	18½	+ ⅛
35¾	35⅞	1,000	Kelly Springf. Tire	36⅛	36⅛	35¾	35⅞	—1¼

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
16⅝	16⅞	7,400	Kennecott Copper	16½	16⅝	16⅜	16⅝	— ⅛
7	⅞	2,300	Keystone Tire & R	7¼	7½	7	7½	+ ⅛
50	50½	2,100	Lackawanna Steel	50¾	50¾	49⅝	50¼	— ⅛
40½	41¼	500	Laclede Gas	41⅛	41⅜	41	41	— ⅛
16⅝	17¼	700	Lee Rubber & Tire	17¼	17¼	16⅛	16⅝	— ⅜
53½	54	2,100	Lehigh Valley	54¾	54½	53⅝	53½	— ⅜
130	136	500	Liggett & Myers	130	130	130	130	— ¼
16⅝	16⅞	900	Loews Incorporated	16⅞	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
10	10⅝	1,500	Loft Incorporated	10⅛	10⅝	10	10⅛	— ⅛
95	97½	100	Lorse-W. B. pf	95	95	95	95	...
125	130	100	Lorillard (P.) Co	127	127

Preferred Stocks

of sound public utility companies are particularly desirable investments under existing conditions. Gross earnings of such companies are relatively stable, they have no large inventories to mark down and declining commodity prices will reduce operating expenses.

We are recommending for investment several preferred stocks of this type which yield

8% to 9%

Offerings will be submitted upon request.

Stone & Webster
INCORPORATED
120 Broadway, New York
Telephone Rector 6020
Boston Chicago

LEE, HIGGINSON & CO.

Established 1848

BOST N NEW YORK CHICAGO

HIGGINSON & CO,
London

Lockport (N. Y.)
Light, Heat & Power Co.

First (Closed) Mortgage
5% Gold Bonds

Due 1938

To Yield over 7.25%

Closed First Mortgage on all the property of the Company. Net earnings over 3¼ times bond interest. Franchises extend to 2005.

Send for information

BODELL & CO.
115 BROADWAY
Providence Boston

McClave & Co.
Members { N. Y. Stock Exchange / N.Y. Cotton Exchange

Investments
in
Cotton Futures

A letter on this subject will be mailed you on request.

67 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone 2810 Rector
UPTOWN OFFICE
Royal Anschutz, 72nd St. & B'way
Telephone 1618 Columbus

Investment Suggestions

GLIDDEN, DAVIDGE & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
20 Broad Street, New York — City Bk. Bldg., Syracuse, N.Y.

IN CLEARING HOUSE

Exchanges Reach Total of $1,068,949,613, Due to Tax and Debt Payments.

The big turnover of funds for tax payments, settlement of Treasury certificate maturities, interest on Liberty bonds, &c., was reflected yesterday in the exchanges at the Clearing House, which were $1,068,949,613, as compared with $570,624,363 on Wednesday, while balances at the Clearing House yesterday were $141,069,240, against only $76,-039,276 the day before.

Clearings today, while hardly likely to be as large as those of yesterday, nevertheless are apt to be relatively large, for the great mass of checks and drafts paid in to the Collector of Internal Revenue to liquidate the tax dues of Wednesday is not expected to be entirely cleared for several days. In the past it has required considerably more than one day to get all this business sorted and cleaned up, and on some of the big tax dates it has taken the better part of a week.

The big turnover of funds for tax payments, settlement of Treasury certificate maturities, interest on Liberty bonds, &c., was reflected yesterday in the exchanges at the Clearing House, which were $1,068,949,613, as compared with $570,624,363 on Wednesday, while balances at the Clearing House yesterday were $141,069,240, against only $76,-039,276 the day before.

Clearings today, while hardly likely to be as large as those of yesterday, nevertheless are apt to be relatively large, for the great mass of checks and drafts paid in to the Collector of Internal Revenue to liquidate the tax dues of Wednesday is not expected to be entirely cleared for several days. In the past it has required considerably more than one day to get all this business sorted and cleaned up, and on some of the big tax dates it has taken the better part of a week.

The credit of the Federal Reserve Bank at the Clearing House yesterday was $114,137,897, which is unusually large. The institution's credit balance on Wednesday was little more than half of this, amounting to $56,978,703. However, despite the size of the credit yesterday, there is no way of estimating the amount of tax payments represented in it, because of the vast number of other transactions which the Reserve Bank handles in the ordinary course of business every day.

The Federal Reserve Bank, which has superseded the Subtreasury as depositary for the Government's tax collections, now receives all of the moneys paid to the Collector of Internal Revenue. It also makes disbursements for the account of the Treasury, and usually the disbursements over a tax date exceed the receipts for the first day or so. This is because the debts which the Government has to meet on these dates, mainly made up of maturities of Treasury certificates of indebtedness, have to be paid on the day they fall due, while, because of the physical limitations in collecting against all the checks which are sent to the Collector of Internal Revenue, it requires two or three days to obtain full payment of taxes. Sometimes it takes even longer. To accommodate the Treasury over these dates, the practice has been instituted of having the Reserve Bank make advances to the Treasury.

6 Long Term Bonds
5 Preferred Stocks
7 Short Term Issues

comprise the subject matter of our

Christmas Investment List

One group out of this list combines three safeguarded issues to return an average yield over a long period of years of almost **9%**

This list of Eighteen selected securities and the particular "Group of Three," above referred to, will be mailed upon request.

Write for Christmas List 195

MORTON LACHENBRUCH & CO.
42 Broad Street, New York
Private Wires to CHICAGO-PHILADELPHIA-ST. LOUIS-PITTSBURGH-DETROIT-CLEVELAND-GRAND RAPIDS

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, DEC. 16, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$26,556,500	$23,598,800	$20,262,000
Year to date	3,635,378,200	3,474,460,035	1,880,417,500

GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales $1,000.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Yield.
1,662	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	90.14	90.14	89.84	89.90	—.20	89.96	90.00	4.12
15	Liberty 3½s, reg	89.90	89.90	89.90	89.90	+.90	....	....	....
....	Liberty 1st 4s, 1932-47	....	....	....	....	....	85.50	87.00	4.86
55	Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42	85.36	85.40	85.20	85.20	....	86.00	85.30	5.02
185	Liberty 1st con. 4½s, 1932-47	86.20	86.30	86.12	86.12	....	86.14	86.26	5.22
4,088	Liberty 2d con. 4½s, 1927-42	85.36	85.60	85.10	85.14	—.12	85.10	85.16	5.44
2,760	Liberty 3d con. 4½s, 1928	87.98	88.04	87.78	87.78	—.12	87.76	87.80	5.24
3	Liberty 3d con. 4½s, reg	88.00	88.00	88.00	88.00	....	....	....	....
6,852	Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	85.82	85.92	85.68	85.78	—.12	85.72	85.78	5.44
49	Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg	85.70	85.80	85.64	85.76	+.28	....	....	....
1,065	Victory 4¾s, 1922-23	95.06	95.10	95.00	95.02	+.03	95.00	95.02	6.08
1,098	Victory 4¾s, 1922-23	95.00	95.08	95.00	95.00	....	95.00	95.02	6.08
200	Victory 3¾s, reg	94.82	94.82	94.82	94.82	—.18	....	....	....

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

C of Berne 8s, temp ctfs: 3..... 94½; 10..... 95¾; 2..... 96; 1..... 96¾; 1..... 96½; 2..... 96; 1..... 94¾; 1..... 94½; 5..... 94½; C of Bord 6s, temp ctfs: 10..... 79; 9..... 78½; C of Chris 8s, K.L&Co ctfs: 2..... 86; 6..... 94¾; C of Copn 5½s: 16..... 71; 2..... 70¾; 1..... 71; 10..... 71½; C of Lyons 6s, temp ctfs: 3..... 79¼; 3..... 79; 16..... 78¼; C of Mars 8s, temp ctfs: 9..... 79; C of Paris 6s: 1..... 93¾; 1..... 92½; 1..... 92½; 2..... 93; C of Tokio 5s: 4..... 65; C of Zurich 8s, rcts: 3..... 93¼; 6..... 93¾; Dom of Can 5½s, 1921: 1..... 98⅞; 8s, 1928: 10..... 90¾; 31..... 90¾; 5½s, 1929: 13..... 88½; 10..... 87; 12..... 87¼; 20..... 88; 2..... 88¾; 1..... 88; 5s, 1931: 5..... 86¼; French Gov 8s: 112..... 100; 22..... 99¾; 28..... 100; Gov of Switzld 8s, temp rcts: 3..... 102; 1..... 101¾; 1..... 102; Jap Gov 4½s, sterling loan: 50..... 75¾; 2d series: 2..... 73½; 104..... 73¼; 4s, ster loan: 1..... 56¼; 10..... 58½; 10..... 58; 20..... 56½; 10..... 56¾; 5..... 55¾; King of Belg 7½s, rcts: 1..... 97¼; 5..... 97; 1..... 96¾; 1..... 97; 11..... 96¾; 6s, 1925: 11..... 87¼; Un King of G B & I 5½s '21: 136..... 97¾; 5½s, 1922: 60..... 94¾; 4..... 95; 4..... 94¾; 5½s, 1929: 20..... 88¾; 22..... 88¼; 154..... 88½; 20..... 88¼; 1..... 89; 5½s, 1937: 25..... 82¾; 25..... 82½; 1..... 82¾; 1..... 82¾; 10..... 83¼; 49..... 83; 10..... 82¾; 35..... 82¾; 31..... 83; 9..... 83½; 87..... 83¾; 1..... 83¼; 4..... 83¾; U S Mex 5s: 5..... 41¾; 5..... 41¾; 5..... 41¾; 4..... 41¾; 4s: 8..... 21¼; N Y City 4½s, 1963: 10..... 91; 20..... 91½; 8..... 91; Adams Exp 4s: 1..... 53¾; Am Cot Oil 5s: 15..... 75; Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s: 8..... 73½; 2..... 73; 5..... 73¾; 1..... 73¾; 1..... 73½; 10..... 73½; Am Tel & Tel col 4s: 25..... 73¾; 10..... 73¾; 15..... 73¾; col tr 5s: 5..... 75¼; 20..... 75; 8..... 75¾; 1..... 75¾; 1..... 76; 5..... 75¾; conv 4s: 11..... 94; 2..... 93¾; 2..... 94; 9..... 93¾; 13..... 93¾; conv 4½s: 21..... 90; Arm & Co 4½s: 2..... 74; 10..... 74¾; 13..... 74; 11..... 74½; 1..... 74½; 2..... 74¼; 6..... 74½; 3..... 74½; 9..... 74½; At. Top & S F gen 4s: 1..... 74¾; 18..... 75; 10..... 74¾; 5..... 75; 11..... 74¾; 21..... 74½; adj 6s: 1..... 68; stamped: 1..... 69; 1..... 68½; conv 4s, 1955: 1..... 87½; 1..... 86¾; 1..... 86½; 49..... 86½; 10..... 86¾; 1..... 86½; 10..... 86¾; Atlantic Fruit temp 7s: 15..... 63½; 15..... 63½; 1..... 62¾; 9..... 63; Bald Locó 5s: 5..... 92; B & O gold 4s: 1..... 65; 1..... 65¾; 1..... 65¾; 1..... 65¼; 4..... 65¼; 3..... 64¾; 7..... 64¾; 10..... 65; prior lien 3½s: 1..... 50; 1..... 50¼; 3..... 50; conv 4½s: 1..... 93; 7..... 65¼; 5..... 65; 2..... 65; 1..... 65; 1..... 65¼; 4..... 65¼; 2..... 65¼; 10..... 65; ref 6s: 3..... 63¾; 17..... 64; 4..... 64¾; 1..... 65; C Un Sta 6½s, interim ctfs: 2..... 104¾; 1..... 104¾; deb 5s: 4..... 97; Cal & W Ry 7s, interim rcts: 1..... 100⅛; 15..... 100; Chile Cop 7s: 1..... 91⅞; 4..... 91¾; 6..... 91½; col tr 5s: 20..... 65; 10..... 64⅝; 14..... 65; 1..... 65¼; 14..... 65; C, C C & St L, ref & imp 6s: 14..... 88; C, L & W 1st 5s: 3..... 82½; C & So 1st 4s: 1..... 77½; 9..... 77½; 9..... 77½; Ill Cent 4s, '52: 2..... 70; 4s, 1953: 6..... 66½; ref 4s: 1..... 73¾; 9..... 71; Con G cnv 7s: 1..... 98½; 6..... 99; C C S cnv 7s: 2..... 79½; 5..... 79½; 2..... 79¾; 1..... 79½; 3..... 79¾; 7..... 79; 4..... 79; 2..... 79¾; 3..... 79¾; 2..... 79½; 7..... 79½; Del & H cv 5s: 8..... 82¾; D & R G 4s: 2..... 61½; 2..... 62¼; 1..... 62¼; 5..... 62¼; 1st & ref 5s: 1..... 62¼; 5..... 62¼; Det Riv T 4½s: 5..... 74; Det Un Ry cv 4½s: 6..... 59; Erie 1st g 4s: 40..... 40½; 5..... 40½; 1..... 40¾; conv 4s, S A: 4..... 35; 2..... 36¾; 1..... 36½; cv 4s, Ser D: 12..... 42¾; 3..... 42¾; Gen El deb 6s: 4..... 100¾; 1..... 100; deb 5s: 4..... 87; Gt Nor Ry 7s, interim rcts: 1..... 100⅛; 15..... 100; Gt N ref 4½s: 2..... 79¾; 10..... 78; G B & W deb ctfs A: 5..... 70; H Val 1st 4½s: 4..... 71¾; H & M 1st & ref 5s, Ser A: 1..... 58½; 1..... 58; 6s, Ser B: 1..... 68; adj inc 5s: 15..... 23; 10..... 22¾; 11..... 22; Ill Cent 4s, '52: 2..... 70; 4s, 1953: 1..... 73¾; ref 4s: 1..... 73¾; temp 5½s: 4..... 89¾; 1..... 87¾; I C & C, St L & N O 5s, Ser A: 2..... 81; Ill Steel 4½s: 6..... 77½; Ind Steel 5s: 2..... 87½; 10..... 87½; 10..... 86¾; Int-Met 4½s: 9..... 14; 2..... 14½; 1..... 15; 16..... 14½; 2..... 14½; 1..... 13½; 1..... 14; 2..... 14½; 1st & ref 5s: 1..... 14½; ctfs of dep: 5..... 12½; 43..... 12½; Int Rap Tran 1st & ref 5s: 25..... 27¾; 20..... 40; 9..... 41½; 15..... 41½; 14..... 41½; con 4s, A: 21..... 66; 10..... 66½; 7..... 66¾; conv 4s: 1..... 62½; 1..... 62¾; 1..... 62¾; 1..... 62¾; 1st & ref 4s: 10..... 48; 7..... 47¾; 25..... 48; 1..... 47¾; 1..... 48; 13..... 48¼; 6..... 48; 12..... 48¼; 6..... 48¼; 10..... 48¼; 15..... 48; 28..... 48½; 10..... 48¼; Int Mer Mar 6s f 6s: 17..... 77½; 2..... 77¾; 8..... 77½; 2..... 77¾; 20..... 77¾; 10C..... 78½; 5..... 77½; 10..... 77½; 15..... 77¾; Kans & M 1st 4s: 5..... 84; KC,Ft&M 4s: 1..... 63; 1..... 62¾; 4..... 62; Kan C So 5s: 6..... 70¾; 1..... 70½; 5..... 70½; 22..... 70; 2..... 70½; 2s: 1..... 52¾; 9..... 52¼; 1..... 52¾; 18..... 65; 17..... 64½; 4..... 64¾; 1..... 65; Lacg Steel 5s, 1950: 1..... 73¼; 5..... 73¾; LS & MSo 3½s: 1..... 69¾; 1..... 69¾; 4s, 1928: 1..... 82; 1931: 3..... 80¼; 1..... 80; Leh Vy of Pa con 4s: 1..... 68¾; 4..... 68½; 5..... 68; Leh V col tr 6s, temp rcts: 6..... 98; Lex & Eastn 1st gtd 5s: 3..... 84; Liggett & M 7s: 1..... 103; 9..... 102¾; 5s: 1..... 79¼; 7..... 79; 1..... 79¼; Longisl ref 4s: 20..... 67; Lorill's Co 6s: 6..... 78; Louis & Nash gold 5s: 5..... 92½; unified 4s: 2..... 78½; 13..... 79½; col tr 6s: 1..... 87; 7s: 5..... 104½; M & M 4½s: 5..... 80; So Mon 1st 4s: 1..... 68; Manh con 4s, tax exempt: 2..... 52¾; Mich St Tel 5s: 10..... 82; Midvale Steel col tr 5s: 1..... 71¾; 28..... 71¾; 1..... 72; 10..... 72½; 8..... 73; 3..... 72¾; 8..... 72¾; 6..... 72½; Minn & St L ref & ext 5s: 2..... 46; 1st & ref 4s: 1..... 43; 2..... 41¾; M,StP & SSM 1st con 4s: 5..... 77; 10..... 74½; Mo, Kan & Ok 1st 5s: 5..... 67; Mo, K & T 1st 4s: 1..... 54; 1..... 55¾; 6..... 53¾; 2d 4s: 3..... 33; ctfs of dep: 20..... 33; Mo Pac gen 4s: 5..... 82¾; 25..... 83; 10..... 82¼; 5..... 81¾; 7..... 82; 1931: 33..... 82¼; 1st & ref 5s, 1965: 1..... 72¾; Mon Power 5s, Ser A: 2..... 90; 2..... 89¾; 4..... 90; 4..... 91; 15..... 90; Morris & Ess 1st & ref 3½s: 1..... 67¾; 1..... 67¾; Natl Tube 5s: 15..... 93; N O Term 4s: 2..... 80¾; unified 4s: 2..... 78½; col tr 5s: 5..... 87; N Y Air Br 1st 6s: 1..... 88½; N Y Cent 7s: 1st rets: 13..... 101; 2..... 100¾; 1..... 101; NYCent deb 6s: 2..... 98½; 13..... 99; 2..... 99; 3..... 99¼; 3..... 99¾; 3..... 99½; 1..... 99¾; 2..... 99¾; 1..... 99¾; 1..... 99¾; 1

Deposit Accounts

Investment Securities

Foreign Exchange

Letters of Credit

Winslow, Lanier & Co.

~ Bankers ~

59 Cedar Street New York

Established 1849

F & Co

Safe

Profitable

Investments

FRAZIER & CO.

65 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Tel. Bowling Green 5

PHILADELPHIA

WASHINGTON BALTIMORE

PITTSBURG

Increased Security for Railroad Bonds

Recent statements of earnings for the past ten months indicate that many railroads are spending large amounts for upkeep and for new equipment. The security of their bonds therefore is increased as this money is put back into the properties.

This class of bonds may be purchased at very low prices and affords, we believe, excellent opportunities for investment

Write for our suggestions contained in Letter No. I-150

Herrick & Bennett

Members New York Stock Exchange

66 Broadway 51 E. 42nd St.

New York New York

Rector 9050 Vanderbilt 8674

Peekskill, N. Y.

Security Record

COMPLETE records of all Stock and Bond transactions aid materially in making Income Tax returns.

TO assist you in this respect we have prepared a Record of Securities which we will gladly send upon request

Ask for Security Record S-10

HORNBLOWER & WEEKS

Established 1888

Members of New York, Boston and Chicago Stock Exchanges

42 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

BOSTON PROVIDENCE PORTLAND ME CHICAGO DETROIT

AMERICAN LIGHT & TRACTION CO.

COMMON STOCK

To Net About 11%

(Has paid quarterly dividends since 1906. Lower operating costs should increase earnings. Particulars on Request)

MAC QUOID & COADY

Members N. Y. Stock Exchange

16 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 9870

City of Copenhagen 3½%

Loan of 1902

SPOT BONDS

HUTH & COMPANY

36 Pine Street, New York

Telephone John 6214.

IN 1921 REVENUE

Counsel for Investment Bankers Sees Income Tax Defaults as Foretaste of Future.

FAVORS GROSS SALES LEVY

Robert R. Reed Differs From Secretary Houston—Wants Excess Profits Law Repealed.

Robert R. Reed, counsel for the Investment Bankers' Association, in a statement issued yesterday, predicts the failure of 1921 revenue in so far as it is based on 1920 business profits. The situation disclosed by the failure to meet the Dec. 15 tax payments is described as simply a foretaste of what is to come. In discussing the situation he says:

"The 'soap bubble' has burst and a revenue based on corporate excess profits and high business incomes is tending substantially to disappear. The decline of taxable incomes in excess of $200,000 by approximately $800,000,000 from 1918 to 1919 was not due chiefly to investments in tax-free securities, as the Treasury experts would have Congress believe. It represents broadly the sum of the accidents and conditions by which a confiscatory tax causes the disappearance of the object of the tax. The taking of losses and the refraining from taking profits represent a very large part of this change. The figures for 1919, and particularly for 1920, will prove the proposition and establish the vicious fallacy of our present tax laws, that is, of the confiscatory taxation of profits and income.

"We are now in the final stage when the profits, taxable and non-taxable, tend to disappear, and we face a year when the revenue provided by existing law will not be realized and prompt action is required both to produce revenue and to protect the business stability of the country. The experimental and contentious proposals now made by the Treasury lead nowhere. They include first new profit taxes which it is hoped will produce in 1922 a revenue out of 1921 incomes and undistributed profits and second special excises on semi-luxuries based on mid-Summer conditions of 1920.

"It is clear that the imperative needs of 1921 will not be met by such measures. What the 1922 revenue may be from such sources, it is idle to predict. Undistributed profits are in a sense excess profits, excess over normal distribution. They offer a new soap bubble no more substantial than those that have burst. The situation calls for the simplest, most certain and most productive sales tax, a tax on all merchandise. [illegible] sales tax will produce an [illegible] and meet the needs of the Government.

"What is needed and immediately available, both to produce a revenue and to give business a chance to revive, may be summarized under three heads: First, the immediate levy of a straight tax of 1 per cent. on the monthly sales of manufacturers, producers and merchants, wholesale and retail, payable either monthly or quarterly; second, the immediate repeal of the excess profits tax and third, the substantial elimination of the equivalent surtaxes on partnership and individual businesses by a readjustment of the present law. Businesses subject to these taxes will be protected against confiscation.

"A general revision both of the tariff and of the internal revenue laws should follow, but the revenue and relief measures suggested are immediately necessary and can be put into very simple form. With the sales tax in operation, the amount of additional revenue to be derived from tariff and income taxes can be more accurately determined."

General Advance in Rates on the European Markets—Sterling Exceptionally Strong.

A very general upward movement occurred yesterday in exchange rates on European points. It was led by sterling, which advanced 3⅝ cents, with smaller advances in rates on Rome, Berlin, Amsterdam, Paris and Madrid. The closing was quite uniformly at the best.

Scandinavian rates rose one-tenth to a quarter of a cent per krone. Exchange on South America was weak, the Argentine rate falling from 34⅞ cents to 34¼ and the Brazilian rate from 15¾ cents to 14¼.

THURSDAY, DEC. 16, 1920.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Wednesday's Final.	Year ago.
LONDON	3.51¼	3.44¾	3.51½	3.47¾
PARIS	6.04	5.91¾	6.04	5.80¾
ROME	3.55	3.49	3.53	3.48
AMSTERDAM	37.75	37.00	37.75	39.00
BERLIN	1.57½	1.55	1.57	1.85¼
MADRID	13.15	12.95	13.15	13.05

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver

Europe.

	Thursday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅝ per sovereign.			
Demand	3.51¼	3.44¾	3.74¾
Cables	3.52¼	3.45¾	3.75¾
Com., 60 days	3.46⅛	3.39⅛	3.69⅛
Com., 90 days	3.44⅛	3.37⅛	3.67⅛
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	5.84	5.81¾	5.82
Cables	5.84¾	5.85⅛	5.83
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.53	3.51	7.56
Cables	3.56	3.52	7.57
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.24	6.20	9.40
Cables	6.35	6.21	9.43
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.37	1.30½	2.10
Cables	1.37¼	1.37	2.11
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.22	.21¼	.10
Cables	.22	.22	.12
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.11	1.07	1.90
Cables	1.12	1.07	1.93
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.20	14.65	13.30
Cables	15.25	14.70	18.45
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand	2.85	2.80	2.85
Cables	2.90	2.85	3.09
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	7.45	7.00	15.55
Cables	7.50	7.05	15.63
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	31.87½	30.50	37.375
Cables	31.50	30.50	37.50
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.19½	.21	
Cables	.19½	.22	
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.77	.70	.90
Cables	.77	.70	.95
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	14.55	14.60	20.25
Cables	14.60	14.65	20.40
POLAND—Par 28.3 cents per mark.			
Demand	.12	.11½	.55
Cables	.11¾	.11	1.27
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Demand	1.24	1.55	3.30
Cables	1.25	1.40	2.33
SERBIA: Belgrade—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	2.90	3.00	5.00
Cables	2.95	3.05	5.00
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	13.15	12.80	19.40
Cables	13.17	12.82	19.59
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	19.70	19.25	21.85
Cables	19.75	19.30	21.50
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	15.27	15.17	15.28
Cables	15.40	15.50	18.31

Far East.

	Thursday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking			
Hongkong, demand	50.00	55.00	99.00
Hongkong, cables	50.10	55.10	99.50
Peking, demand	80.30	76.00	176.00
Shanghai, demand	74.60	72.50	164.00
Shanghai, cables	74.80	72.60	164.50
INDIA—Calcutta. Cents per rupee, stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	26.00	26.00	45.00
Cables	26.50	26.50	45.25
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: cents per silver peso.			
Demand	45.50	45.50	49.00
Cables	46.00	46.00	49.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	31.50	31.50	
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	48.875	50.375	50.50
Cables	50.00	50.625	50.75

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44c per gold dol.			
Demand	34.25	35.375	43.15
Cables	34.375	35.50	43.25
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.			
Demand	14.50	16.00	28.25
Cables	14.625	16.125	28.40

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100c per Canadian dollar.			
Demand	85.2	86.3	92.6

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par 51.40 cents per ruble:

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, par ruble	.62½	.72½
100 ruble notes, par ruble	.57½	.62½

FOREIGN BANK STATEMENTS.

Further Reduction in French Note Circulation.

The statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes for the last week:

	Increase.
Total reserve	£634,021
Reserve of notes and gold	100
Notes in circulation	700
Loans on Government securities	*3,000,000
Loans on other securities	2,400
Public Deposits	*4,000,000
Other Deposits	*12,000,000
Bankers'	

Proportion of the bank's reserve to deposit liabilities this week is 9.64 per cent; last week it was 9.24 per cent.; two weeks ago 7.88 per cent. Highest reserve percentage of the year was 20⅜, on March 17; lowest 7⅞, on Dec. 2, which was also the lowest of the war period. Until the last-named date the lowest reserve ratios reported by the Bank of England were 8¾ per cent., on Dec. 6; 8⅛ on July 30 and 9¾ on Dec. 1919. The ratio in the war panic week of August, 1914, was 14⅛ per cent.

The statement compares as follows with the corresponding week one year and two years ago:

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Holdings	£125,511,000	£91,408,547	£78,504,711
Reserve in bank			
Circ. gold	14,063,660	10,649,227	28,001,311
Notes in circ.	131,250,000	90,269,820	68,963,400
Public dep.	15,400,000	21,538,293	23,688,235
Other dep.	126,069,600	125,811,507	143,884,583
Gov't secur.	77,125,000	66,183,592	89,255,515
Other secur.	72,208,000	78,860,193	93,217,685
Rat. of res.	9.64%	13.40%	16.30%

The Bank of England's official minimum discount rate was left unchanged at 7 per cent., at which it has stood since April 15. A year ago it was 6 per cent., having been advanced to that rate on Nov. 6, 1919. At this date of 1913 and 1917 it was 5 per cent., against 6 per cent. in 1918 and 5 per cent. in 1915 and 1914.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Decrease.
Gold in hand	*982,000
Silver in hand	1,121,000
Notes in circulation	*410,579,000
Treasury deposits	42,506,000
General deposits	325,883,000
Bills discounted	81,973,000
Advances	*32,223,000
*Increase.	

The principal items in the statement compare as follows with the same date one and two years ago:

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Gold	f5,499,000,000	f5,577,825,800	f5,473,432,260
Silver	264,400,000	272,139,526	818,501,391
Circulation	37,509,100,000	37,378,431,403	29,371,224,475

The highest point which the French Bank's outstanding note circulation has ever reached was the 39,644,392,000 francs of Nov. 9; the lowest point of the present year to date was 36,914,857,000 francs, on April 1.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Charles F. Noble, President of the Charles F. Noble Oil and Gas Company, who has just returned from a business trip to England, France and Italy, is confident those countries will take increasing quantities of petroleum products. In the industrial recovery from war conditions, he points out, railway facilities abroad are being found inadequate, with the result that there is a big development of motor transport in prospect.

West & Co. have prepared a special analytical circular on the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Miller & Co. have issued an interesting list of investment suggestions, with comparative statistical data.

The history and business, capitalization, earnings and dividend record of the MacAndrews & Forbes Company is described in a circular issued by Stock Frazer & Doty.

Richard L. Cowan, for twenty years an officer of the Canadian Bank of Commerce in New York, Toronto, Dawson City, Yukon, and Skagway, Alaska, is now associated with Harvey A. Willis & Co., members of the Consolidated Stock Exchange.

The regular semi-annual installment of interest represented by coupons Nos. 43 and 44, for $12.50 each, due Feb. 1, 1921, on Seaboard Air Line Railway adjustment mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, was declared and ordered paid on and after Feb. 71, 1921.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	52.83	51.58	51.90	— .37
25 industrials	83.81	82.06	82.11	— .36
50 stocks	68.07	66.96	67.45	— .36

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High:	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Dec. 15	69.18	67.57	67.81	— .83
Dec. 14	68.88	66.51	68.64	+1.94
Dec. 13	68.17	66.39	66.70	—1.59
Dec. 11	69.64	68.22	68.29	—1.56
Dec. 10	70.38	68.52	69.86	— .21
Dec. 9	71.04	69.44	70.08	—1.08

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Dec.	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1920.	73.72	Dec. 2	66.96	Dec. 12	67.45
1919.	99.40	Dec. 26	84.10	Dec. 13	89.69
1918.	76.34	Dec. 11	71.42	Dec. 26	73.39
1917.	66.26	Dec. 31	57.43	Dec. 20	65.83
1916.	99.26	Dec. 4	83.83	Dec. 21	89.22

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1920.	94.07	Apr. 8	66.96	Dec. 12	67.45
†1919.	99.39	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	89.66

Full Years.

1919.	99.39	Nov. 5	69.74	Jan. 21	89.69
1918.	80.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917.	90.46	Jan. 4	57.67	Dec. 20	65.83
1916.	101.51	Nov. 20	80.81	Apr. 22	88.22

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	87.94	—.13	—2.77	—3.11

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Dec. 15	87.07	+.32	Dec. 6	86.50	—.24
Dec. 14	87.75	+.12	Dec. 4	89.74	+.06
Dec. 13	87.63	+.31	Dec. 3	89.69	—.06
Dec. 11	88.14	—.20	Dec. 2	89.75	—.15
Dec. 10	88.34	—.14	Dec. 1	89.90	—.22
Dec. 9	88.43	—.41	Nov. 30	70.12	—.07
Dec. 8	88.38	—.22	Nov. 29	70.19	+.06
Dec. 7	89.18	—.32	Nov. 27	70.13	—.08

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	—High.—		—Low.—		Last.
*1920.	78.14	Oct. 21	65.67	May 21	87.94
†1919.	79.05	June 2	71.05	Oct. 18	71.05

Full Years.

1919.	79.05	June 2	71.05	Dec. 18	72.00
1918.	82.56	Nov. 12	75.63	Sep. 27	73.78
1917.	89.46	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	78.80

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 21, '22	89	90½	...
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 28, 25	90	95	7.75
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 28, '27	87½	91¾	7.83
Am. Cot. Oil	6	Sep. 2, '24	88	88	10.30
A. T. & Tr.		Oct., 1922	93¼	94¼	9.20
A. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	91¼	92¾	9.00
Am Th'd Co.	6	Dec., 1923	92¾	94½	6.90
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1921	99½	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1922	99½	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1923	99¼	100	7.00
Anaco. Co.	6	Jan., 1929	90¾	91	9.00
Anaco. Co.	7	Jan., 1920	59¾	89¾	8.80
A.-A. O., Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	99	99½	7.00
Armour & Co.	6	1921-1924	94	99	...
Arm. & Co.	7	July15,'30	94½	95¾	7.70
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July15,'23	94	94½	9.50
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July15,'23	97	97½	8.70
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	92¾	93¾	8.55
Col. Graph. Co.					
8%		Aug., 1925	80	90	10.25
Cudahy Pack.	7	July15,'23	93	93½	9.05
Fed. Sug. R.		Nov., 1924	92	94	7.75
Cont. Arg. R.	8	Feb., 1927	77	79	10.80
C., B. & Q. R.					
R. (Joint)	4	July, 1921	93½	96½	...
C., R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	94	95¼	10.80
C., C., C. & St. L. Ry. Co.	6	July, 1925	88½	90½	7.50
The B.F.Goodrich Co.	cv.7	Apr., 1925	86½	84½	11.50
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1921	97¾	98¾	7.00
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1922	96	98½	8.50
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1923	94½	95¾	8.00
Hocking Val.	6	Mar., 1924	90	94½	8.50
Int. Rap. Tr	7	Sept., 1921	68½	69¼	...
Kan. C. Ter.	6	Nov., 1923	91	93	9.70
Kennecott C.	7	Feb., 1930	89¾	90¾	8.00
Lacleda Gas.		Jan., 1929	87	88½	9.05
Lig. & Myers.	6	Dec., 1921	97¾	97¾	8.20
Nat. C. & S.	10-yr.	8	1930	99	99	8.00
Penn. Co.	4½	June	13,'21	98½	98¾	7.50
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	91	92½	12.00
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1921	99¾	100½	6.80
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1922	99½	100	7.00
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1923	99¾	100	7.00
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J.	cv.7	Mar., 1922	86	87½	...
P. R. T. Rytic	T.	Aug., 1922	96	96¾	8.35
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'21	97½	97¾	9.40
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'22	93¾	94¼	10.15
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'23	93½	94¼	9.25
Sinc. C.O. C.	7	May 15,'25	88¾	88¾	10.75
Solvay & Co.	8	Oct., 1927	99	103½	8.10
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	92	92¾	11.40
S'west B. T.	7	Apr., 1925	99	99¾	9.00
St. P. Un. Dep. guaran.	6½	Dec. 15,'28	94	95½	7.20
Swift & Co.	6	Aug. 15,'21	91	91½	9.10
Swift & Co.	7	Oct., 15,'25	92½	93	8.75
Utah Sec. Cor.	6	Sep. 15,'22	78	84	...
West'n Elec. Co. conv.	6	Apr., 1925	97¼	98	7.50

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Rights Expire.	Yester. day's Bid.	Yester. day's Ask.	Wednesday's Bid.
Corn. Exch. Bank	Feb. 3	42	44	42
Detroit Edison	Jan. 10	...	¾	...
General Electric	Jan. 20	3⅝	3¾	3⅝
General Asphalt	Dec. 20	...	⅛	...
Goldwyn Picture	Jan. 15	...	⅛	...
Home Insurance		175	178	172
Landers, B. & Clark	Dec. 20	¼	½	¼
Nat. Park Bank	Feb. 3	70	75	70
Pacific Development	Jan. 10	...	¾	...
Shaw (W. W.)		17½	20	17½
So. N. E. Tel.	Jan. 12	...	¼	...
Southern Pacific	Mar. 1	22½	23¾	22½
Tidewater Oil	Jan. 19	13¾	14¾	13½
Un. Zinc Smelt. Co.	Jan. 6	...	⅛	...

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
City of Berne 8s	94	94½
City of Christiania 8s	94¼	94½
City of Zurich 8s	95	95¾
Argentine 5s		89¾
Belgium 6s, 1921	90½	90¾
Belgium 6s, 1925	86½	86¾
Belgium 7½s	96¾	96¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98¾	98¾
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	98¾	98¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	90	90¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1929	88	89¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	86¾	86¾
Chinese Government 5s	40¾	41¾
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	76½	77
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	61¾	62
Dominican Republic 5s	74¾	75
City of Lyons 6s	78	80
City of Marseilles 6s	79	79¾
City of Bordeaux 6s	75½	76
City of Copenhagen 5½s	71¾	72
French Government 8s	99¾	100
City of Paris 6s	92½	93¾
Government of Switzerland 8s	101¾	102
Japanese 4½s	75¼	75¾
Japanese 4½s, second series	75¾	
Japanese 4s	56¼	56¾
City of Tokio 5s	45	46
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	97½	98
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	94¾	94¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1929	85¼	85¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	82¾	83¼
United States of Mexico 5s	41¼	41¾
United States of Mexico 4s	30	32¾
Italy 6½s	84	84½

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
4s, c, 1925	106		Pan 3s, c, 1961		90
Pan 3s, r, 1961	89		P I 4s, '35	84¾	90
			P I 4s, '35	81½	90

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	28	29	Atl Ref.	950	1,000
Ad Rumely pf	46	47	Aus N pf.	64	65½
A. C. & D pf.	65	68	Auto S pf.	9	20
Alb & Sus.	120	150	Bar L pf.	60	90
A. & Cables	94	100	Barrett Co pf cfts	98	104
All Realty.	71	...	Bch Cr'k.	29	...
Am S 1st pf.	98½	...	Beth S 7% pf.	90	95
Am Bk N.	43	45½	Boots Fish pf.	16	27
Do pf.	40	43	B'klyn Ed.	88	95
Am B Sug pf.	70	75	B U Gas.	51	52½
Am B M.	55½	57½	Brown Sh.	35	37½
Am B S & Fdy	45	48½	Bush Ter.	35	38
Do pf.	81	87½	Buff & S.	72	...
Am Cot Oil pf.	60¼	63	Do pf.	...	54½
Am Ice pf.	50	56	Burns Bros pf.	96	115
Am Lin pf.	80	88	Bush Ter.	...	85
Am R pf.	101	...	Cass P Con.	7	8½
Am Shipb.	80	...	Cr'n-Ireland.	80	...
Do pf.	80	...	ex div.	37	53
Am Sm pf.	81½	82	Do 1st pf. ex div.	78¼	...
Am S Tob pf.	93	82½	Do 2d pf.	...	...
Am T & C.	47	65	ex div.	...	75
Am Wh pf.	89	88¼	C & A pf.	10	15
Am Z pf.	93	81	C & E Ill.	6	8
Ann Arbor.	13	...	Chi. St P. M & Om.	63	68
Do pf.	21	...	Do pf.	88	95
Asso D G 1st pf.	50½	53	C. C. C & St L.	54¼	56
Do 2d pf.	38	40	Do pf.	98	99
Assoc Oil.	98¼	91			

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
C & S 1st pf.	49⅞	54	Nat A & C pf cfts	84	86
Do 2d pf.	45	47½	Nat Enam.	48	49
Col Gr pf.	55	63	Nat L pf.	100	102½
Con Cigar.	54	57	Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	8	13
Do pf.	72	75	N. O. T & Mex.	53	58
Con Textile	18¾	19¾	N. St. L & 1st pf.	60	68
Cont C pf.	98	100	Do 2d pf.	53	65
Cont Ins.	66	68	N. Y. L & W.	81	88
Crex Carp.	...	57	Nort So.	13	19
C-Am Sug pf.	92	96	N & W pf.	64½	67½
D & Co pf.	80	92	Nunnally.	11½	12
D, L & W.	210	220	Ohio F S.	44	50
Det Ed.	90	98	Otis Elev.	123	125
Det U Ry.	...	85	Do pf.	...	90
Dul S Tra	...	17	Otis Stl pf	75	101
D. S S & A pf.	3	3½	Owens B pf	95	100
Dur Hos'y.	35	37	Pac Coast.	20	35
Do pf.	86	88	Do 1st pf	60	100
Elec S B.	90	110	Do 2d pf.	43	60
Em B pf.	20	40	Penney pf.	75	86
E Kod. pf.	100	103	Peo & E.	9	12½
Erie & P.	45	55	Pere M pr pf.	...	20½
F M & S pf.	5	7½	Pierce-Arrow cfts	84½	90
Do pf.	25	30	Pitt Coal pf.	75	85
Gen Cig pf.	76½	78	Pitts C pf.	85½	88½
Gen M pf.	67	70	Pitts S pf.	...	88
Gray & D.	11	11½	P & W Va pf.	71	76
Habir Elec	11	15	C Stk cfs.	...	59
Hartman.	69	70½	Ry Stl Spr	83	88
Hyd Steel.	19	21	Do pf.	98¼	102
Ill C I.	54¼	59	Ream Type.	29½	31
Indian Ref.	15	16	Do 1st pf.	...	83
Do pf.	82	...	Do 2d pf.	...	83
Int Mer. Tr 1st pf.	63	71	Rens & S.	98	...
Do 2d pf.	55	57	R Rels.	6	10
Int N pf.	78	85	St L S F pf.	29	35
Int Pa. pf.	65	70	Seab A L.	6¼	7
Do pf.	71	72	S-S S & I pf.	81½	87½
Int Salt.	56½	...	Sou P R S pf.	...	103
Iowa Cent.	...	9	Stern B pf.	...	94½
K C. Ft S & M pf.	53	61	Stand Mill.	104	115
Kan C. Sc pf.	43¼	43	Do pf.	72	85
Kayser (J) pf.	70	78	Sup Stdel.	42½	43
Do 1st pf.	100	120	Do 1st pf	85	97½
Kelly Sp T pf.	70	74	T P L Tr.	215	315
Do 8% pf.	72	85	Third Av.	13¾	14
Kelsey Wh	40	42	Tide W O. ex r.	170	180
Do pf.	70	95	T. St L & W cfts.	6	10
K & D M.	4	10	Do pf.	c. 15	20
Do pf.	25	...	Und Type.	120	150
Kress (S H)	76	90	Do pf.	100	120
L E & W.	11	14	U B & P.	66	70
Do pf.	19¼	24	Un Cig Stat.	126	150
L & M.	B. 125	133	Do pf.	96½	101
Do pf.	90	100	U D 1st pf.	43	46¾
L-W Elec.	27¼	30	U S C I P.	12	12½
Do 2d pf.	103¼	105¾	U S Exp.	6¼	7
Mah Coal.	530	700	Va I, C & C.	85	88
M'kay Cos.	57	59½	Va R & P.	...	43
Do pf.	57	67¼	Wab pf. B.	13¾	15
Mallinson.	18½	19	W Md. 2d	...	...
Man Elch.	7	7¼	pf.	16	16¾
Man Pf S.	50	53¾	W B & M 1st pf.	56	61
Man S pf.	54	93	W'wire Stl	15	22
Math Alk.	17	28	Wilson pf.	79	85
M Dep Sts.	68	70	Wis Cent.	30	38
Do pf.	93¼	100	Woolworth	106¼	107
Mex P pf.	92	96	Do pf.	102	105
Mich Cent.	90	...			
M St P & S M.	69

American Tobacco Scrip

RIGHTS
General Electric
Southern Pacific
Tidewater Oil
Nat'l Park Bank
Corn Exchange
Home Insurance

SCRIPS
Tobacco Products
Porto Rican Am. Tob.
Willys Corporation
Panhandle

SPECIALISTS IN RIGHTS AND SCRIPS

McDONNELL & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
120 Broadway Tel. Rector 7860
Direct Private Wire to San Francisco

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS
THE GLIDDEN CO.
Common and Preferred

Through our Cleveland office we are able to give prompt and satisfactory service in the execution of your orders for the sale or purchase of these stocks.

OTIS & CO.,
49 Broad St., N. Y.
Phone Broad 2120
Members N. Y. and Cleveland Stock Exchanges

Attractive Equipment Issues.

LARGE working capital facilitates financing of new business, which promises well for next year.

Situation discussed in our Stock Market Review T-12

Lamborn & Co
Specialists in Sugar Stocks
Seven Wall St. New York
Tel. Rector 6310.
MEMBERS
N. Y. Stock Ex. N. Y. Produce Ex.
N. Y. Cotton Ex. Chic. Bd. of Trade
N. Y. Coffee and Sugar Ex., Inc.
London Prod. Clearing House, Ltd.

Corn Exch. Bank "Rts."
Home Insurance Stock "Rts."
Everett Heaney
Empire Steel & Iron
U. S. Finishing

Moyse & Holmes
Members New York Stock Exchange
Telephone Rector 2968-9-10
67 Exch. Place New York

Cities Service All Issues
Wayne Coal 6s 1937
Kilbourne & Jacobs Mfg. Com.
Great Falls Power 5s 1940
Charles E. Brickley & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
61 Broadway. Bowling Green 8700.

AMES, EMERICH & CO.
Investment Securities
111 Broadway, New York
Telephone Rector 2631
CHICAGO MILWAUKEE

Magnolia Petroleum
Gulf Oil Corporation
Douglas Fenwick & Co.
Members Pittsburgh Stock Exchange
DIRECT WIRE TO PITTSBURGH
61 Wall St., New York. 923 Fourth Ave. Pittsburgh, Pa.

National Park Bank Rights
Bankers Trust Co.
Guaranty Trust Co.
McCLURE, JONES & REED
Members New York Stock Exchange
13 Broadway Phone 3321 Rector

MONTGOMERY & CO
Bonds ~ Notes ~ Preferred Stocks
Philadelphia — New York — Chicago

WHEN IN DOUBT BUY
U. S. Government Bonds
C. F. CHILDS & Co.
Specialists

Mark A. Noble — Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
35 Broad St. New York
Guaranty Tr. — S. O. California
Bk. Commerce. — Curtiss Aero Pfd
Telephone 1111 Broad

SEEK LARGER SHARE OF FREIGHT RATES

New England Roads Say Unequal Distribution Is Crippling Them.

BIG LOSS IN TWO MONTHS

Choate Tells Commerce Commission September-October Deficit Was $3,591,000.

Special to the New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—New England railroads are asking the Interstate Commerce Commission to grant them a larger share in the division of the freight rates on products to and from their territory. They contend that the inclusion of the New England railroads in the Eastern group of carriers gave this group an addition of $25,000,000 in the amount necessary to bring their earnnings to 6 per cent. on their property investment, out of which the New England roads themselves get nothing. The New England roads maintain that the $25,000,000 would go to the Eastern group if the rates are made in accordance with the law.

In November an informal conference was held with the Interstate Commerce Commission on the matter, and now a hearing is in progress at which the New Englanders are making their claims, and the trunk line representatives are resisting them.

Charles F. Choate Jr., attorney for the New England interests, said today to the commission that in September and October the net revenue of the New England roads fell $3,591,000 short of meeting fixed charges, and that estimates showed that the revenue this year would be $23,900,000 short of the amount necessary to pay the 6 per cent. return. An increase of $100,000,000 in the payrolls, an added coal bill of $13,000,000 and other increases would account for the loss, he said.

The first witness today, H. L. Brigham, assistant to the President of the Boston & Maine, said the seven chief roads in New England had a property investment (dated Oct. 31, 1919,) of $838,-274,769, which included the New Haven's interest of $40,213,406 in the New York City terminals of the New York Central. Mr. Brigham contended that, while a 6 per cent. return on that investment would mean $50,296,485, the revenue for the year ended June 30, 1920, was only $8,696,868, or only 1.04 on the property value.

Morris McDonald, President of the Maine Central, said that his road demanded enough money to secure 5 per cent. on the preferred and 6 per cent. on the common stock. The coal bill for the year had been increased by $2,916,000, and wage increases were $9,-000,000, besides a 75 per cent. increase over 1918 rates in taxes imposed by the State of Maine. He said the excise tax would amount to $1,121,000.

The Bangor & Aroostook would receive an award of from $900,000 to $1,000,000 if the New England roads obtained a further division of the rates, amounting approximately to $25,000,000, said Percy Todd of that system.

Opposition to the plan of the New England roads comes from the trunk line systems. Daniel Willard of the Baltimore & Ohio said the matter was a New England problem to be settled by the New England carriers.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

Quoted on a Percentage Basis.

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1920-'27	4½	7.50	6.75
Bethlehem Steel	1920-'30	7	7.75	7.00
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1920-'32	4½, 5, 6	6.90	6.30
Canadian Pac.	1920-'32	4½@5	7.25	6.40
Ches. & Ohio	1924-'35	6½	6.85	6.40
Chi. & N'western	1920-'23	4½	6.95	6.35
Chi., R. I. & P.	1920-'27	4½@5	7.50	6.75
Chi., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	7.15	6.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	7.00	6.25
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	7.40	6.90
Erie Railroad	1920-'27	4½@5	8.00	7.00
Grace Steamship	1920-'24	6	7.75	7.10
Illinois Central	1920-'27	4½@5	6.95	6.30
Illinois Central	1925-'35	7	6.70	6.40
Int. Prod. S'ship	1920-'28	7	8.25	7.25
Louis. & Nash.	1920-'23	5	6.90	6.35
Michigan Central	1920-'32	5 @6	6.85	6.25
Minn. & St. L.	1920-'27	5 @6	7.50	6.75
Mo., K. & T.	1920-'24	5	8.00	7.00
N. Y. Central	1920-'32	4½@5	7.25	6.40
N. Y. Central	1921-'35	7	7.15	6.40
Norf. & Western	1920-'24	4½	6.90	6.25
Northern Pacific	1921-'30	7	7.12	6.40
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'26	4½, 5, 6	8.00	7.25
Pac. Fruit Exp.	1925-'35	7	6.87	6.40
Penn. Gen. Fr't.	1920-'23	4 @4½	6.85	6.25
Pitts. & L. Erie	1921-'35	6½	6.85	6.40
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	6.95	6.25
Seaboard A. L.	1920-'27	4½, 5, 6	8.00	7.00
Shattuck Refining	1920-'21	6	8.00	7.00
Southern Pacific	1920-'35	4½	6.95	6.25
Southern Pacific	1924-'35	7	6.80	6.35
Southern Ry.	1920-'26	4½@5	7.50	6.62
Union Pacific	1924-'35	7	6.80	6.30
Virginian Railway	1920-'30	6	7.50	6.75
White Oil-Corp.	1920-'23	6	8.50	7.50

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.		Divide Tonopah	1.20
Alpha	.60	Dividend	.03
Andes	.50	East Divide	.02
Best & Belcher	1.00	Extension	.28
Challenge	1.20	Florence	.02
Concordia	.06	Gold Reef	.04
Confidence	1.50	Grimes	.02
Con. Virginia	2.40	Jarmill	.20
Gould & Curry	.08	Jim Butler	.02
Hale & Norcross	.18	Kernick	.06
Imperial	.70	Myra	.02
Mexican	.16	Rev Ert	.03
Ophir	.27	Reward	.03
Overman	.20	Victory	.04
Seg. Belcher	.13	West	.04
Scorpion	.03	Zone	.22
Sierra Nevada	.04	GOLDFIELD.	
Union	.28	Booth	.02
Utah	.03	Consolidated	.06
TONOPAH.		Crackerjack	.03
Belmont	1.25	Florence	.11
Cash Boy	.05	Jumbo Ext	.04
Jim Butler	.15	Lone Star	.04
MacNamara	.16	Silver Pick	.04
MacNamara Cres.	.04	Spearhead	.03
Midway	.14	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Monarch	.03	Arrowhead	.06
North Star	.05	Black Mammoth	.01
Rescue	.18	Bokee Hills	.11
Tonopah Ext.	.50	Bullwhacker	.50
Tonopah, 76	.07	Climax	.04
West End	.06	Croesus	.41
West Tonopah	.04	Holly	1.40
DIVIDE.		Round Mountain	.13
Alto	.04	Simon	.88
Belcher	.03	Sterling	.03
Belcher Ext.	.04	Whitecaps	.05
Brougher	.11		

COLORADO SPRINGS.	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	1¼	1¾	Isabella	3¾	4¼
Doctor	1½	2	Mary McK.	3	5
Elkton	2¼	2¾	Portland	25	45
El Paso	5	7	U. Gold M.	8	10¼
Gold Cycle	61½	62¼	Vindicator	11	18
Granite	7	11	Rose Nicol.	4½	5

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Atl. Coast Line	5½	SA	Jan. 10	Dec. 27
Balt. Tube pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 20
Brooklyn Trust	6	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 20
Chase Nat. Bank	4	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 27
Chase Securities	$2	..		
Columbia Trust	4	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 20
Do	2	Ex	Dec. 31	Dec. 20
Detroit Edison	2	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Duquesne Lt. pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 1
Eastern Tex. Elec.	$2	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 20
Do	$3	SA	Jan. 3	Dec. 20
Fulton Trust	3	SA	Jan. 3	Dec. 20
Do	2	Ex	Jan. 3	Dec. 20
Lawyers Mtg.	2½	Q	Dec. 3	Dec. 20
Louis. & Nash.	3½	SA	Feb. 10	Jan. 18
Major Cem.	$1	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 24
Do	$2	Ex	Dec. 31	Dec. 24
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 24
Metropolitan Bank.	2½	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 24
Do	10	Ex	Jan. 3	Dec. 24
Penn. Cent. L. & P.	80c	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 22
Ridge Av. Pass. Ry.	$3	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 15a
Underwd. C. M. pf.	$1.75	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 18
Vanadium Corp.	$1	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Va. Iron, C. & C.	3	SA	Jan. 24	Dec. 27
Wabash Co. pf.	3½	SA	Dec. 31	Dec. 20
W. Penn. Power pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 21
W. Penn. T. & W. P. pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 15	Jan. 17

EARNINGS.

KEYSTONE TELEPHONE COMPANY—

	1920.	1919.	Inc.
November gross	$144,404	$139,634	$4,700
Net after taxes	43,324	40,629	$7,695
Sur. aft. int. chgs.	5,271	14,667	$9,396
11 mos. gross	1,588,600	1,490,515	$98,085
Net after taxes	529,302	491,559	37,743
Sur. aft. int. chgs.	121,836	122,543	$721 11

*Decrease.

EVANS REORGANIZES FIRE INSURANCE COS.

American Eagle, Continental and Fidelity-Phenix to Have Separate Heads.

Plans for the reorganization of management of the American Eagle, Continental and Fidelity-Phenix Fire Insurance Companies were announced yesterday. Henry Evans, with whose name the three companies are associated and who has been President of the three companies, under the new arrangement becomes Chairman of the board of each of the companies.

In the new organization each company will have its individual President, who will in each case supply the individual initiative and leadership for his own company. All the companies, however, will continue their close co-operation, since Mr. Evans will be Chairman of the board in each case. The insurance career of Mr. Evans started when he became a runner for the cashier of the Continental on March 1, 1878. He advanced rapidly and became President of the Continental in January, 1903.

The changes in organization which become operative with the first of the year are:

Henry Evans, President of the three companies, becomes Chairman of the board of each company. Norman T. Robertson, Secretary of the Fidelity-Phenix in the Western Department, comes to New York as President and a Director of the American Eagle Company. J. E. Lopez, Second Vice President and Secretary of the three companies, becomes President and a Director of the Continental Company. Charles R. Street, Vice President of the Fidelity-Phenix, in charge of the Western Department, comes to New York as President and a Director of the Fidelity-Phenix Company. James J. Hoey, Second Vice President of the three companies in charge of the Metropolitan Department, becomes First Vice President of the Continental Company. J. R. Wilbur, Secretary of the Continental, becomes its Second Vice President and will continue supervision of the Western Department.

Alfred Stinson, Secretary of the American Eagle in the Western Department, is made Secretary of the Fidelity-Phenix and will succeed Mr. Street in charge of the Western Department. E. A. Henne, Agency Superintendent in the Continental Western Department, becomes Secretary of the American Eagle and will succeed Mr. Stinson in charge of the Western Department. Ernest Sturm, who has been Financial Secretary and was recently elected Secretary and Treasurer, continues in this capacity for the three companies.

Gommer H. Rees, Assistant Secretary and Counsel of the three companies, becomes their Secretary and Counsel. Paul L. Hald, Assistant Secretary and Assistant to the President, is promoted to Secretary and Assistant to the Chairman of the boards. Curtis W. Fierce, Chief Engineer for the three companies, becomes Secretary in charge of their Engineering Departments. R. L. Dougherty is made Auditor of the three companies.

"Trade Balance" of France.

During the first ten months of 1920 the export trade of France increased 11,157,118,000 francs over 1919, while the import trade increased 2,336,746,000. The excess of imports over exports which, in the ten months of 1919, was 19,664,620,000 francs, was reduced in the similar period of 1920 to 10,894,-253,000.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argent. (unlisted)	5	Sept., 1945	61¼	62
Belgium (Restor'n).		1954	55¼	55½
Bel. Prm. Ln., 2046.			63¼	64½
British Victory	4	1960	257	261
British Fund	4	1960	232	243
Brit. Nat. W. L.		1922	348	353
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1927	335	345
Brit. Nat. W. L.		1920	335	345
Canada 6	5½	Dec., 1922	92½	94¼
Canada	5½	Nov., 1923	82	84
French Gov. Vic.	5	1931	60¼	62¼
French Loan, '17	4	1943	39½	42¼
French Prem.	5	Loan of '20	56¾	59¾
French Loan, '20	6	1961	67¼	69¼
Italy Treas.		1923	34	37
Italy Treas.	5	1925	23	26
Russia, ruble bds.	5½	Feb., 1926	7	11
Russia	6½	1921	8	12
Sweden	6	June, 1939	77	78½
Switzerland	5½	1929	79½	80½

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Ariz. Ext.	2	3	Iron Bloss.	20	30
Ariz. Silver.	17	19	Iron Cap.	6	7
Ariz. Tip Top	7	8	La Rose	15	22
Black Hawk	15	17	Majestic	8	11
Boston Mon.	41	42	Mex. Metals	30	35
Calaveras	1	1⅛	Midway Mosa		80
Chief Con.	2¼	2⅝	narch		13
Crown Res.	20	21	Nat. L. & Z.		2
Crystal, new	41	45	Nixon	6	8
Denbigh	14	16	Rainier	7	8
Eagle B. B.	2¼	2⅜	Seven Metals	11	13
Eureka Cro.	44	45	Silver Reef	4	6
Fortuna		8	U. V. Ext.	23¼	23⅝
Gadsden	21	30	Yukon	1	1½
Homa	6	8			

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	$5.50	$5.75	$5.50	$5.75
Quicksilver	50.00	..	50.00	..
Aluminium	23.00	25.00	23.00	25.00
Nickel, 2X Silic.	..	45.00	..	42.00

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 13.50c, 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	75	5	0	76	10	0
Copper, futures	75	5	0	75	10	0
Tin, spot	215	0	0	217	5	0
Tin, futures	218	0	0	220	0	0
Spelter, spot	25	15	0	25	15	0
Spelter, futures	27	10	0	27	10	0
Lead, spot	21	10	0	22	10	0
Lead, futures	23	0	0	23	13	0

SECURITIES AT AUCTION

Following securities were sold at auction salesrooms on Wednesday:

683 Shawmut Clay Manufacturing Co., pf., $57.50.
400 Shawmut Clay Manufacturing Co., common, $2.50.
31 Oriental Bank, $10 lot.
62 Metropolitan Surety Co., $5 lot.
1 Social Reform Club, $1 lot.
10 Water Works Construction Co., $1 lot.
10 Mahler Restaurant Co., $1 lot.
1 Automobile Co-operative Association, $1 lot.
1,400 King Edward Silver Mines, $40 lot.
21 Waxement Co., Inc., $5 lot.
1 Valsement Co., Inc., $1 lot.
50 Deep Well Water Co., $10 lot.
7,400 Quebec Development Co., Ltd., of Canada, $40.
$10,000 Carmen-Guanajuato Gold Mining Co., 1st mtge. 8 per cent. coupons from 1911, $100 lot.
$15,000 Guanajuato Consolidated Mining & Milling Co. 7 per cent. debenture bonds for their conversion into stock; deposit receipt, $150 lot.
2,000 The United Mines Co. of Guanajuato, $100 lot.
$17,500 Bering River Coal Co., 1st mtge. 10-year 6 per cent. gold bonds, $1,000 lot.
One-tenth interest in Cayuna Exploration Co. Syndicate, par value $7,500, $500 lot.
50,000 Marks, German Government 5 per cent. bonds, dated April 17, 1915; January, 1921, coupon on, $900 lot.
110 Ranger Royalties, Inc., pf., $1.
500 Magdalena Oil Corp., 25c.
1,000 West Virginia Consolidated Oil Co., $80 lot.
50 American Foreign Trade Corp., pf., $15.
250 American Foreign Trade Corp., com., $1.
$50,000 Central New York Southern R. R. Corp. 1st and coll. trust mtge. bonds and stock accompanying same deposit receipt for subscription receipt of Ford, Bacon & Davis; 215 shares Central New York Southern R. R. Corp. pf. V. T. C. deposit receipt of Ford, Bacon & Davis, $3,000 lot.
500 Welte Mignon Corp. 7 per cent. pf., $46.
119 Interboro Rapid Transit Co., $43.
1,000 Knickerbocker-Wyoming Oil Co. pf.; 1,000 Knickerbocker-Wyoming Oil Co. common, $230 lot.
50 Deany-Renton Clay & Coal Co., $100 lot.
405 Ionia-Meeker Realty Co., $35.
$15,000 Laurel Coal Mining Co. 1st mtge. 6 per cent. s. f. bonds, due 1946, $50.
50 the British-American Oil Co., common, $50 lot.
2,000 Candelaria Mines Co., 11c.
100 Connecticut Silica Corporation, $1.
100 Protection Co., Inc., pf., $5 lot.
100 Protection Co., Inc., common, $5 lot.
12 Sibiel Corporation, $5 lot.
2,000 Winnemucca Mountain Mining Co., $5 lot.
5,500 Cerro Gordo Mines Co., $50 lot.
5,000 Cerro Gordo Mines Co., $80 lot.
10 Theatre Parisien, Inc., New York, $5 lot.
300 Garborne-Annapolis Ferry, 25c.
53 Black Hawk Petroleum Co., pf., $8.
287½ Black Hawk Petroleum Co., common, $100 lot.
3,000 Burknett Van Cleave Oil Co., 50c.
500 Northern Texas Oil Co., 20c.
500 Northern Texas Oil Co., 20c.
$1,000 International Garden Club 5 per cent. registered bonds, due 1945, $50 lot.
$1,000 West Caddo Oil Syndicate 6 per cent. note, due 1922, May, 1920, coupon on with 10 shares stock as bonus, $50 lot.
$2,000 West Caddo Oil Syndicate 6 per cent. note, due 1922, May, 1920, coupon on with 20 shares stock as bonus, $50 lot.
$2,000 West Caddo Oil Syndicate 6 per cent. note, due 1922, May, 1920, coupon on with 25 shares stock as bonus, $50 lot.
$1,000 West Caddo Oil Syndicate 6 per cent. note, due 1922, May, 1920, coupon on with 10 shares stock as bonus, $50 lot.
1,000 Maxwell Motor Co. 1st pf. certificates of deposit, $8,200 lot.
1,000 Mayfair Oil Co., 10c.
5 Ptolemy Corporation, $100 lot.
30,000 Triumph Gold Mining Co., $100 lot.
400 Tiffin Products, Inc., preferred B, $50 lot.
150 New Haven Hotel Co., $100 lot.
5,884 Granville Mining Co., Ltd., $45 lot.
75 Security Bank of New York, $10 per share paid in liquidation, $5.
$24,000 Chicago Utilities Co. 1st mtge. 5% bonds, due 1942; Oct., 1915, coupon on, $150 lot.
200 Mirror Films, Inc., pf., $20 lot.
1,100 Iona Gold Mining Co., Inc., $10 lot.
100 Plymouth Oil Co. 7% pf.; 50 Plymouth Oil Co., $130 lot.
4,000 Loma Prieta Mines Co., $31 lot.
50 Bijur Motor Appliance Co. 2d pf., $20 lot.
5,000 the Petrogas Corp., $21 lot.
14,500 the Petrogas Corp., $21 lot.
$10,000 Union Dye and Chemical Corp. 5% adj. mtge. bonds, due 1923, Dec., 1918, coupon on; 52 Union Dye and Chemical Corp., V. T. C. and $8.75 scrip, $30 lot.
34½ Stillwell Building Co., Inc., $28 lot.
12,500 Rexoline Petroleum Co., $50 lot.
2,500 Rainbow Oil and Gas Co., $10 lot.
25 Price-Campbell Cotton Picker Corp. pf.; 50 Price-Campbell Cotton Picker Corp. com., V. T. C., $50 lot.
100 Acme Harvesting Machine Co. com., $3 lot.
975 Hughes Petroleum Co., $50 lot.
100 International Fur Exchange pf., $5.
120 Green Motors, Inc., $8 lot.
200 Cornelia-Ajo Copper Co., $17 lot.
1,000 Dayton Coal, Iron & Railway Co. pf., $105 lot.
3 Units Producers Development Co., $7 lot.
1,000 American Recording Laboratories, $5 lot.
166,000 Crews-McFarlan Mining Co., $60 lot.
1,000 American Recording Laboratories, $9 lot.
5,000 Crews-McFarlan Mining Co., $5 lot.
1,000 American Recording Laboratories, $5 lot.
5 Units Producers Development Co., $10 lot.
80 Lo Zacualpa-Hidalgo Rubber Co., $1 lot.
376 New England Fuel Oil Co. com., $13.
166 2-3 Chalmers Motor Corp. pf. assented, $6.
1625 Chalmers Motor Corp. assented, $1.
100 Montana Farming Corp. pf., $20.
584 National Tire and Rubber Co. com., $1.
50 Waldes & Co., Inc., pf.; 50 Waldes & Co., Inc., com., $100 lot.
50 D. C. Disbrow Co., Inc., pf.; 150 D. C. Disbrow Co., Inc., com., $100 lot.
20 American Sumatra Tobacco Co. pf., $79.
50 Southern and Atlantic Telegraph Co., $15.
45 Sixth Avenue R. R. Co., $10.50.
11 42d St. and Grand St. Ferry R. R., $20.
23 Federal Utilities Co. pf., $50.
18 Federal Utilities Co. common, $3.
15 Broadway and 7th Avenue R. R. Co., $20.
20 Christopher and 10th St. R. R. Co., $10.
25 Federal Utilities Co. pf., $51.
17 Federal Utilities Co. common, $3.50.
$4,000 Nassau Electric R. R. Co. 4% cons. mtge bonds, $18.
10 42d St. & Grand St. Ferry R. R. Co., $15.
5 New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R. Co., $16.75.
55 Sixth Avenue R. R. Co., $10.50.
$1,500 Third Avenue R. R. Co. 4% ref. bonds, $43.
120 United National Utilities Co. pf., with 60 shares common bonus, $60 lot.
300 Smith Motor Truck Corpn. common temporary ctfs., $25 lot.
40 Martini & Hunaka Co. of America, $10 lot.
71 2-5 Industrial Technics Corpn., $5 lot.
400 Spicer Mfg. Co. common, $1.
125 Spicer Mfg. Co. pf., $40.
5,000 Wawa Company, $100 lot.
100 Rock Island Co. pf., $2 lot.
300 Biograph Company, $4.
82 Villa Park Assn. of Great Neck, 44 Villa Park Assn. of Great Neck, $28 lot.
34 Elmhurst South Realty Co., $6 lot.
5 Bronx Exposition, Inc., pf., $5 lot.
250 Bronx Exposition, Inc., common, $6 lot.
75 South Heights Corpn., $10 lot.
$10,387.50 Sound Heights Corpn. 6% notes, various date, $10 lot.
$5,605.25 Sound Heights Corp. 6 per cent. notes, various dates, $5 lot.
25,282 American Silver Corp., $100 lot.
555 Nina Mines Co. pf., 1,118 Nina Mines Co. common, $100 lot.
10 Theatre Parisien, Inc., $2 lot.
91 Wilhurst Oil Co., Inc., common, $1 lot.
50 Wilhurst Oil Co., Inc., 1st pf., $3 lot.
13 Reorganization Finance Corp., $1 lot.
,000 Atlantic Coast Fisheries first preferred, $2.10.
250 Gum Cove Oil and Refining Company, $1.
1,298 Aime Dupont Studios, Inc., $35 lot.
250 W. W. Boyer Company, common, $50.
400 Federal Bakery Co. common, $10.
10 Gallaudet Aircraft Corp. common, $5 lot.
40 Gallaudet Aircraft Corp. common, $9 lot.
40 Gallaudet Aircraft Corp. preferred, $10 lot.
500 United States Chicle Refining Co. common, $40 lot.
$5,200 Metropolitan By-Products Co. third mortgage 6 per cent. bonds, series A to I, $75 lot.
$17,500 Mexican Government 3 per cent. internal silver bonds, 10¼.
74 Sound Heights Corp., $9 lot.
1 Sound Heights Corp., $1.
$18,618.76 Sound Heights Corp. notes various dates, $15 lot.
100 American Auto Accessories Co., $13 lot.
20,000 Crews McFarlan Mining Co., Ltd., $10 lot.
$5,000 National Co. (N. J.) first lien 7 per cent. serial bonds, due 1925, 90.
2,000 North Butte Extension Development Co., 2 Chatham Creek Mines, Inc., common; 2 Chatham Creek Mines, Inc., preferred; 1,500 Comanche Co. Oil, 5 Tex-La-Homa Oil Corp. preferred, 10 Tex-La-Homa Oil Corp. common, 4,000 Louisiana California Mining Co., 100 The Republic Rubber Corp. common, $210 lot.
172 R. L. Rose Co. preferred, $1.
170 R. L. Rose Co. preferred, $1.
250 R. L. Rose Co. preferred, $1.
500 Building Operation Co. common, $15 lot.
80 Houser Royalty Syndicate, $5 lot.
20 The Esta Co. preferred, 16 The Esta Co. common, $5 lot.
10 Bestol Co. common, 73 Bestol Co. preferred, $5 lot.
75 General Bond and Share Co., $5 lot.
1,000 Eastland County Royalty Syndicate, $7 lot.
1,994 Florida Plantations Co. preferred, with 991 shares common, $40.
1,506 Florida Plantations Co. preferred, with 1,190 shares common, $40.
239 Costilla Estates common, 250 Costilla Estates preferred, $1,500 Costilla Estates 6 per cent. sinking fund bonds, due 1917; $390 Costilla Estates, 6 per cent. Series B scrip, $415.45 Costilla Estates 7 per cent. Series A scrip, $100 lot.
12 San Luis Construction Co. common, 4 San Luis Railway Co. preferred and $83.34 scrip; 14 shares San Luis Southern Railway Co. common and $47.87 scrip, $10 lot.
61 Multiple Speed and Traction Co. common, $134 Continuous Transit Securities Corp. common, $1,120.90 Continuous Transit Securities Corp. note, $10 lot.
10 Inter-Ocean Submarine Engineering Co., preferred, 20 shares Inter-Ocean Submarine Co. common, $50 lot.
600 Mays Oil Co., 100 Bowie County Oil Co. preferred, 2,000 shares Bowie Oil Co. common, $25 lot.
$9,000 Metropolitan By-Products Co. preferred note, 6 per cent. interest, dated Oct. 23, 1917, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. certificate of deposit, $16 lot.
$47,000 Republic of Panama 5 per cent. bonds, due Nov. 1, 1944, $77.
$50,000 County of Hudson, N. J., 4 per cent. park bonds, due May 1, 1926, $85.
50 West Virginia Traction and Electric Co. 7 per cent. cumulative preferred, $5.
$4,000 United Public Utilities Co., first lien 6 per cent. collateral bonds, due 1943, $50.
$16,000 Savoid New England participating 33 per cent. paid, leaving balance of 67 per cent., amounting to $10,050, $50 lot.
$32,000 Raritan Refining Corp., 7 per cent. participating 10-year gold bonds, $20.
50 Savoid Tire Corp., $6 lot.
200 Caloris Manufacturing Co., $6 lot.
154 Renova Fire Brick Co., $7 lot.
15 Cohansey Glass Manufacturing Co., $14 lot.
482 Alaska Securities Corp., $4 lot.
900 Smith Motor Truck Co. common, $8 lot.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Revenue receipts and expenditures at close of business Dec. 14

	This Month.	Corresponding Month. 1919.	*Fiscal Year. 1921.	*Corresponding Fiscal Yr., 1920.
Customs	$9,438,683.33	$12,004,143.11	$141,630,394.41	$125,936,214.96
Internal revenue:				
Income and profits tax	68,742,934.54	64,533,649.12	1,024,075,685.54	2,162,549,888.07
Miscellaneous	80,917,402.41	74,735,680.46	728,317,335.87	692,517,709.23
Miscellaneous revenue	10,967,785.40	18,015,275.40	307,324,709.28	320,335,403.28
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	767,971.06	767,971.06	3,465,782.82	2,371,734.53
Total ordinary	$168,684,277.76	$170,459,444.15	$2,204,214,137.92	$2,307,830,940.44
Excess of ord. receipts over ord. disbursements	$1,127,881.51	.....	.....	.....
Excess of ord. disb. over ordinary receipts	.....	46,378,033.17	38,781,530.85	1,263,481,881.00
Expenditures	137,556,426.25	212,838,477.82	2,240,995,668.37	3,571,312,921.44

* Receipts and disbursements for June reaching Treasury in July are included.

The Long Swing Upward

Which, from all indications is to be the next movement in the cycle of stock market values offers unlimited possibilities for profitable investment.

We have prepared a careful survey of present market conditions, covering the general situation and in particular the position of six high-yielding dividend-paying stocks that appear undervalued at prevailing quotations.

Copy of this special bulletin will be sent without charge or obligation.

Write Dept. T-37

CHARLES H. CLARKSON & Co.
66 Broadway—New York
TELEPHONES: RECTOR 4643-4

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway, New York

Republic Rwy. & Lt. Co.
Common & Preferred Stocks

Phones Rector 9080-5, 9723-7, 6923-8
Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston

IRE & H
Amer. Thread Pfd.
Amer. Hawaiian S. S.
Am. Typefounders Com. & Pf.
Everett Heaney Co.
Todd Shipyards
Van Raalte Co.

ROBERT E. HORTON & Co.
40 Wall Street — New York
TELEPHONE: JOHN 4181

Cities Service Common
Bought—Sold—Quoted

ALFRED A. COHEN & Co
INCORPORATED
40 EXCHANGE PL. N.Y. Tel.-Bowl. 3935

STANDARD OIL INDIANA — OLD STOCK — NEW STOCK "When Issued"
ISSUES
CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
Phone 4809-1-2-3-4 Bread. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Specialists in Foreign Government Securities
Max Hesslein & Co.
60 Broadway New York
Telephone Bowling Green 4277

Everett Heaney & Co., Inc.

Bought—Sold—Quoted

H. J. KANE & CO
60 Broadway, New York
TELEPHONES
Bowling Green 4200 & 2923

Am. Hawaiian S. S.
Old Dominion S. S.
Old Do.S.S.5's, 1927
Todd Shipyards
Garland S. S.
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Stone, Prosser & Doty
52 William St., N. Y. Hanover 7733

Goodyear Tire & Rubber
Com. & Pfd.
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Gwynne Bros.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Tel. Broad 5270 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Standard Oil Stocks
Bought, Sold & Quoted
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Rector St., N.Y. Phone 6760 Rector

Seaboard Air Line
1st Consolidated
6s, Due 1945
To yield about 13 per cent.
Circular on request for E-73
HUGHES & DIER
Members { Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Stock Exchanges, Chicago Bd. of Trade, N. Y. Produce Exch.
42 New St., New York
Telephone Broad 5140

Western Maryland
1st Pfd.
Wheeling & Lake Erie
Prior Lien Pfd.
Car. Clinchfield & Ohio
Preferred
Wm C. Orton & Co
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 7160-1-2 Broad

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
100 American Chicle Com.
25 Chase Nat. Bank Stock
100 E. W. Bliss Common
100 General Baking Com. & Pfd.
100 Jas. Butler Com. & Pfd.
100 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
100 N. Y. State Rys. Com. & Pfd.
50 Rochester Ry. & Lt. 5½ Pfd.
10 Victor Talking Machine
50 Westchester Insurance
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phone 4600 to 4619 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Goodyear Tire & Rub.
Com. & Pref.
Amer. Tobacco Scrip
UNGER and COMPANY
Unlisted Securities Dept.
30 Pine St. N.Y. John 5210

Internatl. Gt. Nor. 7s '22
Internatl. Gt. Nor. 5s '14
Wolff & Stanley
Tel. Rector 2020. 72 Trinity Pl.

Adams Express 4s, 1947
Brooklyn Union Gas deb. 7s, 1929
Lehigh Pow. Securities 6s, 1927
Utah Securities 6s, 1922
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
74 Broad NY — Tel. Rector 6960
BOSTON, CHICAGO, PHILA., MONTREAL, PITTSBURGH

Wise Investors Use
Moody's
RATING BOOKS
To Protect Their Investments. Ask your Bank or Banker, or write
MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE
33 Nassau Street, New York
Boston Philadelphia Chicago

COTTON PRICES RISE IN DRIFTING MARKET

Trading Confined Almost Wholly to Evening-Up Operations of Professionals.

The cotton market was even duller and less interesting yesterday than it had been on Wednesday. The business was flat for the most part with what trading there was confined almost exclusively to the evening-up operations of the professionals. There was nothing in the over-night news to inspire trade activities and during the day nothing of consequence developed. This left the market entirely in the hands of the traders and the local houses appeared inclined to do only the lightest kind of business.

Under the circumstances, the market naturally became irregular. There was no uniformity among the options and only the vaguest sort of a trend. The start was from levels down 3 points to up 12 points, and after that there was an unward drift which, by the late afternoon, had taken prices to net gains of 46 points in January, the greatest for the day, to 22 to 25 for the others. A slight reaction followed just before the close and in this the months acted entirely independently of one another. The final figures showed January up 36, March up 21, and the late months were up 6 to 15 points.

Spots here were up 20 points to the basis of 16 cents for middling. In the Southern spot markets prices generally were unchanged, but there were a few advances of 12 to 25 points. Spot business was as light as that for futures.

Liverpool did rather better than expected, turning an opening loss of 7 to 13 points into a closing net gain of 15 to 20 points and spots there, which were in somewhat better demand, were up 28 points to 10.67d.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Dec.	15.30	15.55	15.23	15.45	15.33
Jan.	15.43	15.83	15.38	15.72@15.73	15.37
March	15.53	15.73	15.40	15.61@15.64	15.40
May	15.60	15.78	15.49	15.69@15.84	15.51
July	15.63	15.81	15.55	15.64@15.67	15.58
Oct.	15.66	15.79	15.60	15.72	15.57

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 20 points higher at 16c for middling upland; sales 500 bales. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 15.25c, unchanged; New Orleans, 14.75c, unchanged; Savannah, 15.75c, unchanged; Augusta, 15.13c, up .13; Memphis, 15c, unchanged; Houston, 14.50c, up .25; Little Rock, 15c, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	23,134	45,129	55,709
Exports	26,240	19,902	24,915
Exports, season	2,128,999	1,982,191	2,431,044
N. Y. stocks	23,642	20,590	61,025
Port stocks	1,397,427	1,375,048	1,559,584
N. Y. arrivals	780	857	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was in better demand at 10.67d for middling. Sales, 6,000 bales, of which American 4,000. Imports, 7,000 bales, of which American 1,000. Future opened quiet but steady 7 to 13 points down and closed steady, 15 to 20 points up on the day. Prices, December 10.98d, March 11.21d, May 11.27d, July 11.29d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were dull.

Declines Continue in Most Staples—Eggs Drop 7 Cents.

Price declines continued in yesterday's wholesale markets. Wheat was the only exception to the general weakness, however, advancing 2 cents per bushel. Corn dropped 5⅝ cents per bushel, with oats and flour unchanged. In the groceries and dairies, coffee, sugar and butter were unchanged, but eggs dropped 7 cents per dozen on heavy receipts and warm weather.

Lard declined 15 cents per 100 pounds, beef and pork unchanged.

In the metals, Iron No. 2X Philadelphia declined $2.50 per ton, but lead and steel billets showed no change. Copper declined ¼ of a cent per pound, tin advancing ½ of a cent per pound.

Spot cotton was better, advancing 20 cents per 100 pounds, with printcloths unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Thursday, a week before and a year ago:

	1920. Dec. 16,	1920. Dec. 8,	1919. Dec. 16,
FOODSTUFFS:			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.93	$1.98¾	$2.08
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.92	1.03½	1.74
Oats, No. 2 white	.62	.65	.94
Flour, Minn. patent	9.25	9.75	15.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.06¾	.06⅞	.14⅝
Sugar, granulated	.08¼	.08¾	.09
Butter, cream., 92 score	.54½	.52	.73
Eggs, fresh gathered firsts, per dozen	.74	.90	.81
Lard, prime	13.00	15.85	23.25
Pork, mess	30.00	31.00	47.00
Beef, family	28.00	28.00	29.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2X, Phila.	34.00	39.50	41.10
Steel billets, Pitts.	43.50	43.50	43.00
Lead	4.85	5.00	7.15
Copper	13.50	14.85	18.75
Tin	34.00	35.00	54.00
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	.16.00	16.25	39.10
Printcloths	.05¾	.06	.13¾

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	—Highest.—		—Lowest.—	
Wheat	$3.25	Jan.	$1.79	Nov. 27
Corn	2.31¾	May 15	.94¾	Nov. 27
Oats	1.50	May 7	.60	Nov. 22
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	9.00	Dec. 1
Coffee	.19¾	Jan. 11	.06⅜	Nov. 28
Sugar	.23	July 12	.06¼	Dec. 14
Butter	.77	Apr. 24	.51⅝	Dec. 4
Eggs	.89	Dec. 10	.42½	Mar. 13
Lard	23.50	Jan. 9	13.70	Aug. 17
Pork	47.00	Jan. 2	30.00	Oct. 1
Beef	28.00	Oct. 19	20.00	May 12
Iron	53.51	Aug. 31	36.50	Dec. 9
Steel	65.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 2
Lead	9.50	Mar. 15	4.85	Dec. 13
Copper	19.50	Jan. 5	13.50	Nov. 29
Tin	63.25	Jan. 11	32.00	Dec. 14
Cotton	43.75	July 12	15.50	Nov. 27
Printcloths	.16¾	Apr. 13	.05½	Nov. 30

WESTERN EGG PRICES DROP.

Fall 5 to 8 Cents a Dozen in Wholesale Market.

Prices of fresh Western eggs dropped 5 to 8 cents a dozen in the New York market yesterday, to the basis of from 72 to 75 cents per dozen wholesale.

This represents a decrease of about 15 cents from prices quoted a week ago. Storage eggs showed little change in an unsteady market.

Local wholesalers explained that the decrease was due to heavy receipts from the West and Southwest, caused by unusually warm weather for this season.

Export Sales Fail to Bolster Market—Corn and Oats Touch New Low Levels.

Special to the New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—Despite buying of around 5,000,000 bushels wheat futures to remove hedges against export sales via the Gulf, in addition to 750,000 bushels Manitobas, wheat closed ¼ to 1 cent lower today; while the deferred deliveries of corn and oats sold at a new low on the crop and closed in new ground for the season, with corn off 1½ to 1⅝ cents, and oats ½ to ⅞ cents lower. There was immense short covering in corn by pit traders early, and many went long on the bulge, only to sell out toward the last and caught the market without support other than that furnished against the bids.

The big export demand for wheat was taken as indicating that further credits had been established at New York, but the sales had little effect on premiums for cash grain, which were the same as of late. It was estimated that 27 cents Chicago March would be paid for March loading at the Gulf, the first bid mentioned for that month so far.

In some quarters it was regarded as extremely significant that Europe should continue to buy wheat in undiminished volume, immediately after the close of navigation, whereas normally business is very quiet then until February. Offers of No. 2 and No. 3 Northern from Chicago were not accepted, but export brokers say that it is simply a question of time before Europe commences to take these grades.

Were the general business outlook to change for the better even in the slightest, it is believed that it would be very easy to start a bull market in wheat, as the news from a cash standpoint is decidedly in favor of holders. It is understood that the British commission is long millions of bushels of December wheat at Winnipeg and is waiting for a delivery. This would seem to be confirmed by the great strength shown in that market, which closed 4½ cents higher for the day, and numerous messages of a bullish character were received from there.

It is estimated that Canada has 60,000,000 bushels left for export and that 20,000,000 of it will be moved out, all rail. Australian cables estimate the surplus of that country at 88,000,000 bushels or 12,000,000 less than recently, showing the effect of bad storms. The Argentine crop is now privately reported at 202,000,000 bushels, against 214,000,000 last year and suggests around 125,000,000 bushels for export, which is about in line with recent estimates.

Students of economics say that the present situation is due entirely to the fact that this is a bear market in commodities the world over—the first time this has been witnessed by the present generation—and that, for this reason, statistics should be ignored for the time being. General sentiment at the last indicated that grains were to seek lower levels, with corn ultimately to sell under 60 cents for May.

Primary receipts of wheat, so far this week aggregate 5,172,000 bushels compared with 6,129,000 the previous week and 5,885,000 last year. Shipments were 3,332,000 bushels, against 4,168,000 the previous week and 4,587,000 last year.

Arrivals of corn have been 2,678,000 bushels, against 2,118,000 last week and 3,830,000 last year; shipments, 1,216,000 bushels, against 1,177,000 last week and 2,014,000 last year.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close
December	$1.68½	$1.63	$1.63	$1.63
March	1.62¾	1.56	1.58	1.58¼
May	1.56¾	1.50¾	1.52¼	1.52¾

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	69¾	67	67	67¾	1.45
May	70¼	67¾	67¾	68¼	1.35
July	71¼	69	69	70¾	1.33⅛

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	46	44¼	44¼	45	81⅞
May	48¼	46¾	47	47⅝	83⅜
July	47¾	46¾	46¾	47⅝	83

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close	Last Year
December	$1.50¼	$1.52	$1.52	$1.52	$1.67½
May	1.41	1.36½	1.36½	1.35¼	1.73⅛

PROVISIONS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
Jan.	13.17	12.96	13.17	13.10	23.45
May	13.50	13.12	13.12	13.35	24.00
Ribs—					
Jan.	11.42	11.20	11.20	11.35	13.70
May	11.85	11.62	11.62	11.70	19.23
Pork—					
Jan.	22.40	21.90	22.40	22.10	36.85

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Following is the range of prices in the important miscellaneous commodities in New York:

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market closed 14@20 points net lower on a smaller volume of trading.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.
Spot				8.73
Jan.	8.75	8.60	8.75	8.85
Feb.	No sales			8.88
March	9.17	8.90	9.15	9.12
April	No sales			9.14
May	9.38	9.21	9.33	9.35
June	No sales			9.35
July	9.61	9.55	9.55	9.54

Total sales, 12,100.

COFFEE.

The coffee market closed 7@10 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	6.65	6.50	6.63	6.70	16.28
May	7.01	6.90	7.00	7.10	15.42
July	7.32	7.20	7.32	7.40	15.05
Sept.	7.55	7.50	7.55	7.65	15.42

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market was firmer, closing 9@15 points net higher.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	4.45	4.40	4.45	4.30
May	4.55	4.50	4.55	4.44
July	4.74	4.65	4.74	4.65
Feb.	4.38	4.35	4.38	..

LIBERTY BOND SALES HEAVY

Continued Selling Believed to Be for Income Tax Purposes.

Sales of Liberty bonds and Victory notes, which have been rather heavy of late, continued in large volume yesterday. Transactions on the Stock Exchange yesterday were $19,807,500, compared with $15,799,000 the day before.

This selling, it is believed, reflects largely the activities of many holders to register their losses against next year's income tax returns. Under the law, an individual or corporate holder of securities may record a loss only by actual sale. Only dealers in securities may inventory their holdings, without actual sale.

In the recent heavy selling prices have fluctuated very little, which would seem to indicate that "switching" is going on; in other words, persons who want to record their losses are selling their bonds and immediately buying them back. In yesterday's market the changes in price were particularly small, the First 3½ per cent. declining only .20, while the Third and Fourth 4¼s lost only .12 each. In the Victories, the movement was even smaller. The 4½ per cent. Victory notes, with a total turnover of $1,965,000, lost only .02 on the day, while the 3½ per cent. Victories, with a turnover of $1,906,000, were unchanged from the closing price of the day before.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 16.—Forty-four new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $1,395,000, were chartered today. They include:

Wepco Fuel Co., Manhattan, $5,000; W. E. and R. Paine, A. A. W. Shonels, 42 Broadway.

Ar-Zo-La Laboratories, Binghamton, drugs and chemicals, $30,000; G. L. Long, E. P. Frost, E. E. Kirkland, Binghamton.

Queen Dress Co., Manhattan, women's apparel, $50,000; M. and L. Stern, J. Weisman, 33 East 33d St.

Samuel Morrison, Manhattan, real estate and brokerage, $20,000; S. Handel, M. and S. Morrison, 1,624 45th St., Brooklyn.

J. J. Vandyke & Co., Manhattan, merchandising, stocks and bonds, $50,000; S. Schuss, H. Fridenreich, I. Dobkin, 855 Sutter Av., Brooklyn.

137 West 45th St., Manhattan, hotels and restaurants, $50,000; E. R. Mead, H. G. Armington, A. L. Bobbs, 137 West 45th St.

Fallon & Denly, Manhattan, coal and coke, $100,000; R. T. Mackey, T. J. Taaffe, J. J. Carroll, Long Island City.

Exclusive Towel Service Corp. of New York, Manhattan, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital $5,000; C. Hollender, P. W. Everts, M. H. Hartmann, 32 Nassau St.

Panzirer & Schreiber, Brooklyn, make dairy products, $20,000; C. and L. Panzirer, M. Schreiber, 1,522 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

Perloc Service Corp., Manhattan, make coin controlled lockers, $15,000; M. C. and R. B. Buzzaird, C. R. Ferris, 4 West 43d St.

Frank & Shore, Manhattan, mercantile, 500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 400 common, no par value; active capital, $52,000; S. Gross, J. O. Shore, S. H. Frank, 385 Broadway.

245 West Broadway, Manhattan, realty, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $5,000; S. and A. and M. Stiefel, 7 Wall St.

A. Isaacs & Co., Manhattan, chamois and sponges, $100,000; W. Schongalla, R. J. Buckley, M. Cohn, 58 Beekman St.

John A. Murray & Sons, Manhattan, plumbing, $200,000; J. M. and J. A. and J. A. Murray Jr., 53 Hamilton Terrace.

Superior Home Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; E. A. and F. E. Karelsen, S. Katz, 1,378 College Av.

Scots Shop, Manhattan, silver and novelties, $100,000; R. L. Mitchell of Barrs, W. H. Wright, B. L. Fletcher, 654 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn.

Twenty-ninth St. Market, Manhattan, $70,000; A. L. Dalta-Bellotta, G. Auselmo, R. Iselli, 417 3d Av.

Superlative Clothes Shop, Manhattan, clothing and haberdashery, $5,000; L. and S. W. Smith, C. Friedman, Jamaica.

Shafer, Inc., Manhattan, auto business, $15,000; T. J. Nigham, C. A. Shafer, W. H. Ellis, Rochester.

Hotel Hudson, Manhattan, $5,000; H. Portner, S. and L. Wolf, 278 3d Av.

834 East 155th St. Holding Corp., Bronx, $10,000; W. Pomerants, I. Scheskewits, L. Schachter, 672 Tinton Av., Bronx.

Stern & Heinz, Manhattan, women's suits, $5,000; L. Herman, M. Stein, M. H. Hoenig, 64 Pitt St.

Powell Wire Co., Rochester, furniture, $50,000; W. M. and M. H. Powell, F. J. Wise, Rochester.

Johnson Associates, Manhattan, advertising, $10,000; E. F. and E. B. Johnson, E. H. Nicoll, 2,107 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Troxell Stores, Buffalo, department, $50,000; J. C. Szymanski, B. B. Halsted, C. E. Staff, Buffalo.

Nilsen Rives Realty Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; R. C. and H. W. Rives, N. Nilsen, 32 Martins St., Brooklyn.

G. C. Haste, Manhattan, cereal products, $5,000; L. M. and G. C. Haste, F. P. Walsh, 505 West 148th St.

John T. S. Kelles Realty Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. D. Stephanidis, W. J. Foster, J. T. S. Kellos, 223 East 40th St.

119 Franklin St., Manhattan, realty, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $5,000; S. and A. and M. Stiefel, 7 Wall St.

P. Schehr Co., Manhattan, auto fabrics, $10,000; S. Medina, A. Weiss, F. Schehr, 250 Bay 22d St., Brooklyn.

Maryland Hotel Corp., Manhattan, $80,000; J. Freiberg, R. C. Wigand, U. D. Marquardt, 1,681 Broadway.

N. F. Mallakey Pk. G., Brooklyn, drugs, $5,000; R. A. and M. and N. Hollinsky, 844 Georgia Av., Brooklyn.

Nanuett Worsted Co., Manhattan, merchandise, $100,000; J. L. and L. Rubenstein, J. A. Gamewell, 315 4th Av.

Leo Damrauer & Co., Manhattan, women's suits, $10,000; A. Lewis, J. Kutler, L. Damrauer, 970 Prospect Av., Bronx.

Price's Rehibald, F. W. Themson, R. S. Marvin, Delhi.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Kazan Carpet Co., Manhattan, $808,900 to $1,000,000.

Home Insurance Co., Manhattan, $6,000,000 to $12,000,000.

Albert C. Field, Manhattan, $255,000 to $1,000,000.

Manahan Moth Paper Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $150,000.

Megarel Realty Co., Manhattan, $63,000 to $70,000.

Suffolk County Trust Co., Riverhead, $100,000 to $200,000.

Nerlew Realty Corp., Queens, $20,000 to $80,000.

Co-operative Foundry Co., Gates, $200,000 to $600,000.

Vanburgh Silver Plate Co., Rochester, $150,000 to $300,000.

Bausch & Lomb Optical Co., Rochester, $600,000 to $6,000,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Chemcraft Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $600. Thomas L. Fowler Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $1,000.

NAME CHANGES.

Schwartz & Frank Co., Manhattan, to Schwartz's Art Shops.

Cohen-Fisher Co., Manhattan, to Cohen, Bagal Co.

MERGERS.

Muriel Dress Co., Manhattan, with Rosenthal & Targoff.

Castelli Carpet Co., Manhattan, with Kazan Carpet Co.

DESIGNATIONS.

Bretacher Sales Co., N. J., sell patented products, $250,000; rep., F. A. Slater, 59 4th Av.

Roy Products, Del., paper drinking cups, &c., $1,000,000; rep., C. Rosenthal, 19 East 9th St.

J. V. Bruck Co., Del., importers and exporters, $20,000; rep., J. von Bruck, 154 Nassau St.

Lake and Export Coal Corp., W. Va., $100,000; rep., H. E. Moran, 32 Broadway.

Roosevelt Steamship Co., Del., 10,000 shares common stock, no par value; rep., K. Roosevelt, Oyster Bay.

Brooklawn Co. of New Jersey, N. J., realty, $30,000; rep., N. B. Barr, 302 Broadway.

Jarvis Corp., Ill., bread and bakery products, 1,000 shares common stock, no par value; rep., A. J. Kemper, 105 West 42d St.

Mauch Chunk Hosiery Mills, Del., $250,000; rep., H. L. Watt, 288 4th Av.

Anglo-American Farm Mortgage Corp., Virginia, $2,000,000; representative, L. H. Graham, 16 Exchange Place.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Rockland Erie Realty Corp., Manhattan.

Bearfort Corp., Manhattan.

Brighton Beach Park, Manhattan.

Bridge Cafe, Manhattan.

Apollon & Wasserman, Manhattan.

Egleston Brothers & Co., Manhattan.

Half Globe Hat Frame Co., Manhattan.

Brooklawn Co. of New York, Manhattan.

Rochester Navigation Corp., Manhattan.

Tenibac Realty Co., New Rochelle.

E. H. Crawford Co., Buffalo.

Woodhead, Olsen & Riley Co., Jamestown.

Minneapolis Dry Goods Co., Rochester.

Delaware Charters.

Special to the New York Times.

DOVER, Dec. 16.—Charters filed:

Seaboard Refineries, $1,000,000; Samuel B. Howard, Arthur W. Britton, New York.

Hemisphere Securities Corp., $1,000,000; Robert E. Quirk, Henry Alexander, New York City; K. L. Herts, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Falmouth Oil Co., $500,000; Arthur W. Britton, Samuel B. Howard, Robert K. Thistle, New York.

Heat and Eat Corp., $500,000; A. W. Britton, Samuel B. Howard, Robert K. Thistle, New York.

Shale Oil Co. of America, $300,000; M. L. Rogers, T. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

Valley Oil Refining Co., $150,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

Dutchess Oil Co., Inc., $100,000; G. P. Grover, George S. Moseley, P. L. McLachlin, New York.

Hastings, $10,000; H. S. Hastings, New York; Lilla Ormond Norris, Francis Norris, Worcester, Mass.

Catherine Coal Co., $100,000; John Krobelaf Catherine Krobelaf, George J. Chling, Mocassport, Pa.

Megee-Steer Co., $100,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Cooperstown Investment Co., $100,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

American Railway School, Inc., $500,000; M. M. Lucey, V. P. Lacey, M. D. Kylin, Wilmington, Del.

Profit Sharing Candy Mfg. and Retail Stores Co., $1,000,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington, Del.

Peoples Drug Stores, $1,500,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Hydro-Carbon Gas Generator Corp., $2,000,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Mexican Navigation and Machinery Corp., $5,000,000; Alexander Wolf, Frederick Latter, Maurice Deutsche, New York.

CAPITAL INCREASE.

Meyer-Heiberger Ice Cream Co. change to Meyer Dairy Co., Bethlehem, Pa., $50,000 to $300,000.

NAME CHANGE.

Security Pulp Corp. to Paper Pulp Regenerating Corp., New York.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Dec. 16.—New charters:

Newark Foundry Co., Newark, $250,000; Eugene Edwards, Jr., Boston; Mitchell C. Wright, Arlington; Oliver F. Taylor, Newark.

Schwartz Realty Co., West Hoboken, $100,000; Pauline Paul, Weehawken; Joseph Briody, Jersey City; John Sheridan, Edgewater.

Horse Shoe Realty Co., Newark, $104,000; Gustav Seyfarth, Carl G. Haug, John L. Bruck, Newark.

Henclar Realty Co., Jersey City, $100,000; Clarence G. Rohweddar, Henry Peters, New York.

S. R. Gidding Co., Trenton, dry goods store, $50,000; Simon R. Gidding, Gertrude Gidding, Ruth Gidding, Trenton.

Haddon Heights Lumber Co., Haddon Heights, $40,000; Cyrus D. Marter, Stanley L. Bennett, Camden; John D. Barr, Haddon Heights.

United Warping and Winding Co., Paterson, silk weavers, $50,000; Solomon Spitz, Julius Spitz, Sarah Siegel, Paterson.

Outlet Stores, Trenton, clothing, $10,000; Gilbert A. Mahler, Laura Rockefeller, Ruth Bernstein, Trenton.



An Argentine-American bank, the Banco Mercantil y Agricola de Buenos Aires, has been organized in cooperation with a prominent Argentine group.

The new bank will not only assist in cementing the ties of finance and trade of Argentina and the United States, but will also supplement and round out the services of our affiliated banks and branches in other parts of Latin America and Europe.

This association of financial interests of both countries is an important step in the development of Argentine-American trade.

A booklet describing our facilities will be sent on request.

MERCANTILE BANK OF THE AMERICAS
An American Bank for Foreign Trade
44 PINE STREET ~ NEW YORK
New Orleans Paris Barcelona Madrid Hamburg
BANCO MERCANTIL Y AGRICOLA DE BUENOS AIRES
Bartolomé Mitre, 363 Buenos Aires
Affiliated Banks also in
Brazil Colombia Costa Rica Cuba Honduras Nicaragua Peru Venezuela

The First National Bank of Boston

Transacts commercial banking business of every nature. Make it your New England Bank.

Capital, Surplus and Profits, $37,500,000.

Bankers Acceptances
To Net 6%—6½%
Affords a combination of
Safety, Liquidity and Yield
Unequalled by Any Other Form of Investment

We have issued a new pamphlet describing acceptances and explaining the transactions which underlie them, and will be pleased to mail copies on request.

The First National Corporation
30 Federal Street Boston
14 Wall Street New York

Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates
Guaranteed as to safety of principal and income.
From $100 Up.
Send for Booklet.
New York Title and Mortgage Co.
135 Broadway, New York

Central Union Trust Co.
of New York
80 Broadway
BRANCHES
5th Avenue at 60th Street
Madison Avenue at 42d Street
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $30,000,000

CHATHAM & PHENIX NATIONAL BANK
Years of Commercial Banking
Capital & Surplus $12,000,000
Resources $150,000,000
149 Broadway, Singer Bldg.
And 13 Branches

THE DOMINION BANK
Head Office, Toronto, Canada
New York Agency, 51 Broadway
C. S. HOWARD, Agent.

Railroad bonds which offer a business man's risk:
4½ Bond at 95; and 5½ bond at 99—both 1st mortgages
A conservative investment without risk:
6% Public Utility bond to net 5½% and a 7% bond to net 7.40%.
A. S. H. JONES
56 Wall St., N. Y. Phone Hanover 8966

S. E. HENDERSON & CO.
Constructive and Consulting
ACCOUNTANTS
Audits
Systems
Finances
Tax Service
Reorganizations
32 UNION SQ., N. Y. CITY.
Telephone Stuyvesant 2841
Branches: New Orleans, Charleston, Columbia, Spartanburg, S. C.

LOST ARTICLES.
There is a better chance for recovery of lost articles by advertising in The New York Times than in any other newspaper. Telephone 1800 Bryant.—Adv.

DIRECT RADIO SERVICE TO EUROPE

DO you know that the Radio Corporation of America has been serving the American public with effective radio service between the United States and European countries for many months?

Radio *means* Wireless. It has become a potential factor in International Communication. The World Wide Wireless organization of the Radio Corporation of America is prepared to handle your European traffic with:

Accuracy · Economy · Reliability

MARCONIGRAMS TO

Great Britain	17 cents per word
Norway	24 " " "
Sweden	26 " " "
Denmark	25 " " "
Finland	29 " " "
Germany	36 " " "
Poland	32 " " "
And on January 1st a new service	
To France	20 cents per word

For quick service, telephone our nearest office. Uniformed messengers will call for and deliver Marconigrams to any part of the City

WORLD WIDE WIRELESS

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Edward J. Nally *President*
ALWAYS OPEN
64 BROAD STREET Telephone Broad 2900
8 A.M. to 8 P.M.
233 BROADWAY Telephone Barclay 7610
500 FIFTH AVE. Telephone Vanderbilt 8354
933 BROADWAY Telephone Ashland 7413

Pocket Manual
Statistical Records

Just issued. Latest statistical information, high and low records of stocks and bonds listed on principal exchanges of United States and Canada. Of inestimable value to the investor and trader for ready reference.

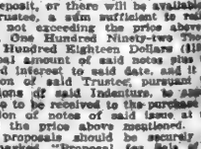
Copy sent gratis on request to Dept. "B"

Thos. H. Cowley & Co.
Stocks and Bonds
115 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 8180

GRAIN
Provisions

For the benefit of those interested in commodities we maintain a complete wire service, our offices being furnished with Chicago Board of Trade and New York Produce Exchange quotations. Information or statistics may be had upon request.

HUGHES & DIER
Stocks—Bonds—Grain
Members { Chicago Bd. of Trade, New York Produce Exchange, Phila. and Pittsburgh Stock Exchanges
42 New Street, New York
Telephone Broad 5140
800 Fifth Ave. Tel. Vanderbilt 8033
67 W. 125th St. Tel. Harlem 8451
Philadelphia Pittsburgh Cleveland



How Peabody Service Increases the Value of Coal Property Investments
(One of a Series)
—*As Consulting Engineer*

Drawing on practical knowledge based on experience, we are often able to recommend changes which increase output or lower cost.

We examine and appraise, prepare plans for opening and developing. At every step our opinions represent the mature judgment of 37 years' success.

Service Based on Ownership Experience

Our complete service in coal property management includes Financing, Operating and Selling—every phase the practical development of our long experience as owners and managers in virtually all important bituminous fields.

Write for Booklet

PEABODY COAL COMPANY
Founded 1883
332 So. Michigan Ave. - CHICAGO
Operating 36 bituminous mines in 11 fields with annual capacity of 18,000,000 tons

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To the Holders of
EMPIRE GAS AND FUEL COMPANY
Bond Secured Sinking Fund Convertible 6% Per Cent. Notes, Dated June 15, 1918.

Proposals are invited to be made to Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, New York City, as Trustee under the Indenture between Empire Gas and Fuel Company and said Trustee securing the above notes, for the sale on February 1st, 1921, to said Trustee for the account of the Sinking Fund provided for in said Indenture of notes of said issue at prices not to exceed 105% of the principal of said notes plus unpaid accrued interest thereon to February 1st, 1921. On or before February 1st, 1921, this Company will deposit, or there will be available, with the Trustee a sufficient amount to retire, at prices not exceeding the price above mentioned, One Hundred Ninety-two Thousand Eight Hundred Eighteen Dollars ($192,818), principal amount of said notes and the accrued interest to said date, and it is the intention of said Trustee, pursuant to the provisions of said Indenture, to apply the fund so to be received to the purchase or redemption of notes of said issue at not to exceed the price above mentioned.

All proposals should be securely sealed and marked "Proposal for Sale of Bond Secured Sinking Fund Convertible 6% Per Cent. Notes of Empire Gas and Fuel Company, dated June 15, 1918," must be for all or any part of the notes offered, must state the aggregate face value and the denominations of the particular notes offered for sale, and must be received by the Trustee at its Corporate Trust Department at or prior to three o'clock P. M., on December 20th, 1920.

Advices as to notes accepted will be mailed on or before December 20th, 1920, by Bankers Trust Company, Trustee.

Federal Income Tax ownership certificates covered accepted interest, should accompany all accepted notes.

EMPIRE GAS AND FUEL COMPANY,
By FRANK W. FRUEAUFF, President.
Dated, December 17th, 1920.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION.
THE CAMBRIA FUEL COMPANY.
Purchase Money Mortgage Six Per Cent. Fifteen Year Gold Bonds Due 1935.

Holders of bonds of the above issue are hereby notified that the undersigned Company has called for redemption on January 1, 1921, at principal and accrued interest, bonds bearing Serial Numbers—280, 288, 366, 367, 378, 383, 385, 389, 390, 391, 395, 522, 625, 633, 637, 640, 643, 636, 783, 784, 785, 784, 788, 807, 771, 852, 853, 869, 870, 872, 873, 876, 922, 923, 924, 927, 928, 930, 940, 944, 945, 950, 951, 952, 954, 962, 968, 970, 973, 974, upon such date, from the proceeds of the Mortgage redemption fund provided with respect to said issue, the bonds bearing such Serial Numbers will become so due and payable at the office of Bankers Trust Company, Trustee, 16 Wall Street, New York City, upon surrender thereof, together with January 1, 1921, and all unmatured coupons. Thereafter interest will cease to accrue th

Holt & Company
71 Broadway. Tel. 7060 Bowling Green.

Six Solvent Stocks

selling at insolvent prices featured in circular No. 38.

Sent on request

M. S. WOLFE & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1906
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of NY
41 BROAD ST., NEW YORK
Phone Broad 25

K & Co.

Am. Pr. & Lt. Com. & Pfd.
Am. Gas & Elec. Cm. & Pf.
Colorado Power Common
Consumers Power Pfd.
Elec. Bond & Share Pfd.
Lehigh Power Securities
Northern Ohio Elec. Pfd.
Republic Ry. & Lt. Com.
United Lt. & Rys. Pfd.

Cedar Rapids Mfg. 5s, 1953
Idaho Irr. Adj. 6s, 1928
United Lt. & Ry. 5s, 1932
United Lt. & Ry. 6s, 1926
Utah Securities 6s, 1922

KIELY & CO.
40 Wall Street. — New York
Phone John 6330

Atlantic & Yadkin 4s, 1949
Butte, Anaconda & Pacific 5s, 1944
Cincinnati Gas Transportation 5s, 1933
Empire Refining Corp.
L. & N. St. Louis Div. 2d, 3s, 1980
Louisville & Jeff. bridge 4s, 1945
Magnolia Petroleum 6s, 1934
Mason City & Ft. Dodge 4s, 1955
Oregon, Wash. R. R. & Nav. 4s, 1961
Atlantic Lobos Com. & Pfd.
Buffalo & Susquehanna Pfd.
Pennsylvania Coal & Coke

DUNHAM & Co.
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place, New York
Telephones 5100-16 Hanover.

Guanajuato Power & Elec. 6s
Guanajuato Power & Elec. Pfd.
Guanajuato Power & Elec. Com.
Michoacan Power 6s
Central Mexico Lt. & Pr. 6s
Central Mexico Lt. & Pr. Pfd.
Guanajuato Reduc. & Mines 6s
Richmond Radiator Com. & Pfd.

HOTCHKIN & CO.
53 STATE ST.
Tel. Main 660. BOSTON Cable Teaklin

American Hawaiian S. S.
Celluloid Co.
New Mex. & Arizona Land
Singer Manufacturing
National Fuel Gas

DAWSON & Co.
2 Rector St. Tel. Rector 9541

Reading General 4s Reg. 1997
Central Vermont 4s & 5s
Car. Clinch. & Ohio 1st 5s, 1938
Car. Clinch. & Ohio Elk. 6s, 1922
Seaboard Air Line 6s, 1945
Denver & Rio Grande Adj. 7s, 1932
Shaffer Oil & Refining Pfd.
Ft. Dodge, Des Moines & South. Pfd.
Willys Corporation Pfd.
Packard Motor

VANDERHOEF And ROBINSON
34 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 6495-6-7-8-9

Home Ins. 'Rights'

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 30 Wall St., N. Y.

United Gas & Elec.
All Issues

Stone, Prosser & Doty
52 William St., N. Y. Hanover 7733

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Wednes-day. Ask.	Yester-day. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd.	17½	18	17½
Atlantic Lobos	24	26	27
Do pf	89	90	89
Borne-Scrymser	400	420	400
Buckeye Pipe Line	82	84	82
Chesebrough Mfg.	190	205	190
Do pf	97	98	97
Continental Oil	108	111	109
Crescent Pipe Line	27	28	28
Cumberland P L	125	135	125
Eureka Pipe Line	85	86	86
Galena Signal Oil	44	46	45
Do pf, new	92	96	92
Do pf, old	93	97	93
Illinois Pipe Line	150	155	150
Imperial Oil, Ltd.	72	98	83
Indiana Pipe Line	83	85	83
Int. Pet Co., Ltd.	16	16½	16½
National Transit	25	26	27
New York Transit	138	143	140
Northern Pipe Line	90	95	92
Ohio Oil	285	290	280
Prairie Oil & Gas	465	473	470
Prairie Pipe Line	185	190	190
Solar Refining	350	375	350
Southern Pipe L	97	100	97
South Penn Oil	235	240	235
South W P T Line	58	62	60
Stan Oil of Cal	310	313	318
Stan Oil of Ind			
Do, $25 par	68	70	70
Stan Oil of Kan	580	600	580
Stan Oil of Ky	425	430	420
Stan Oil of Neb	410	430	410
Stan Oil of N Y	320	325	335
Stan Oil of Ohio	405	415	405
Do pf	102	105	102
Swan & Finch	45	90	45
Union Tank Car	98	102	98
Do pf	94	97	94
Vacuum Oil	290	300	295
Washington Oil	30	35	30

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Wednes-day. Ask.	Yester-day. Bid.
Am Brass	160	167	160
Am Chicle	92	98	93
Do pf	63	67	64
Amal Leather	7	29	40
Do pf	30	60	40
Am Light & Trac	93	96	96
Do pf	80	83	80
Atlas Powder	120	130	129
Do pf	74	77	74
Babcock & Wilcox	104	106	104
Borden's & Co	78	83	82
Do pf	79	82	79
Childs Co	76	80	76
Do pf	88	90	88
Crocker-Wheeler	90	95	90
Draper Corp	125½	128½	128½
Du Pont	150	180	158
Do pf	76	78	76
E W Bliss	250	300	250
Do pf		60	
Gil Safety Razor	122	135	132
Hercules	193	200	193
Do 1st pf	91	93	91
Illinois Trac	10	15	10
Do pf	55	60	55
Ingersoll-Rand	135	165	155
Do pf	96	99	98
Merck		80	
Merrimac Chem	78	80	78
New Jersey Zinc	134	137	135
Niles-Bem't-Pond	68	72	68
Do pf		100	
Northern Securities	80	90	80
Royal Bak Powder	100	108	102
Do pf	78	80	78
Scovill Mfg	300	330	300
Singer Mfg	148	152	148
Stand Screw Co	220	240	220
Van Raalte	15	20	10
Do pf	52	55	50
Valvo Oil 1st cv pf	97	100	97

SUGAR STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Wednes-day. Ask.	Yester-day. Bid.
Caracas Sugar	40	45	40
Central Aguirre	56	60	58
Central Sugar	15	16	16
Do pf	35	45	35
Fajardo	85	95	85
Federal Sugar	100	104	100
Do pf	100	104	100
Godchaux	16	23	21
Do pf	67	73	67
Great Western	260	290	275
Do pf	100	112	106
Holly	30	34	30
Do pf	87	91	87
Nat Sug Ref	118	123	118
Santa Cecelia	45	55	45
Savannah	10	35	10
Do pf	43	55	43
West India	83	88	82

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Wednes-day. Ask.	Yester-day. Bid.
Am Cigar	85	90	85
Do pf	78	83	77
Am Tob, scrip	93	99	94
Geo W Helme	150	160	150
Do pf	88	97	88
Do pf, new	85	90	85
J S Young	130		
Macs. & Torres	105	111	105
Do pf	78	84	78
Porto Rico-Am	90	100	90
PrtoRico-Am scrip	80	90	80
R J Reynolds, A, new	80	87	80
Do B, new	80	83	80
Do pf	97	100	99
United Leaf Tob	140	160	145
Do pf	94	98	94
Weyman-Bruton	150	160	150
Do pf	88	92	90

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
175	Cities Service	256	250	256	261
1,220	Cities Service pf	64⅝	64	64	64½
891	Cities Service pf. B	6	5½	6	6¼
3,124	Cities Service bk. shares	31¾	31	31¾	32⅛
8,550	Cities Service deb. B	128	123	123	128
28,300	Cities Service deb. C	91	90	90	92
23,100	Cities Service deb. D	86	85	84	86
125	Empire Gas and Fuel pf	84½	84	84	86

	Bid.	Asked.
Am Gas & Electric	99	101
Am Gas & Electric pf	34½	35⅜
Am Light & Traction	117	123
Am Light & Trac pf	76	78
Am Power & Light	44	46
Am Power & Light pf	59	62
Am W W & Electric	3	4
Am W W & E 1st pf	35	38
Am W W & E partic	4	6½
Appalachian Power	1	5
Appalachian Power pf	15	24
Carolina Power & Lt	20	25
Colorado Power	10	17
Colorado Power pf	82	86
Columbus Electric pf	52	58
Com Power, Ry & Lt	11	13
Com Power, Ry & Lt pf	31	33
Conn Power pf	72	77
Eastern Texas Electric	68	72
Eastern Texas Elec pf	66	70
El Paso Electric	23	25
Electric Bond Sh pf	79	81
Federal Light & Trac	5	8
Federal Lt & Trac pf	43	48
Galveston-Hous Elec	24	29
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	63	67
Miss River Power	11	13
Miss River Power pf	59	62
Northern States Power	45	47
North States Pow pf	75	80
Northern Texas Elec	72	76
North Texas Elec pf	67	70
Pacific Gas & Elec	78	80
Puget Sound Pow & Lt	15½	17½
Puget Sd Pow & Lt pf	54	58
Republic Ry & Light	5	7
Republic Ry & Light pf	21	23
Southern Cal Edison	85⅜	87½
Southern Cal Edison pf	93	97
Standard Gas & Elec	10½	11
Standard Gas & E pf	30	33
Tampa Electric	108	112
Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow	¾	1
Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf	50	70
United Light & Rys	19	23
United Light & Rys pf	50	55½
Western Power	17½	18½
Western Power pf	59	61

Bonds.

Am W W & E col 5s	49	51	
Appalachian 1st 5s, '41	62	67	
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	80	85	
Col Gas & El deb 5s, '27	75	80	
Col Gas & El 1st 5s, '52	85	90	
Conn Power 5s, '53	72	76	
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	100		
East Tex Elec 6s, '42	73	77	
Empire Gas & El 6s, '42	66	69	
Midwest Utilities 6s, '25	85	90	
Miss Riv Pow 5s, '51	74	75	
Nor States Pow 5s, '41	75	78	
Nor States Pow 6s, '26	80	85	
Seattle Electric 6s, '29	78	82	
Stand Gas & El 6s, '35	70	74	
Stand Gas & El 7s, '21	94	99	
Stand Gas 6s, '26	83	87	
Utah Securities	78	80	
West States G & E 5s, '41	76	81	

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yester-day. Bid.	Wed's-day. Ask.	Bid.
4½s	July, 1967	90½	91½	90½
4½s	June, 1965	90½	91½	90½
4½s	Mar., 1963	90½	91½	90½
4½s	Nov., 1957	90½	91½	90½
4½s	May, 1937	90½	91½	90½
4½s	Apr., 1966	85	86½	85
4½s	Mar., 1964	85	86½	85
4½s	Mar., 1962	85	86½	85
4½s	Sept., 1960	85	86½	85
4½s	Mar., 1960-30	85	86½	85
4s	May, 1959	81½	82½	81½
4s	Nov., 1958	81½	82½	81½
4s	May, 1957	81½	82½	81½
4s	Nov., 1956	81	82½	81
4s	Nov., 1955	81	82½	81
4s	Nov., 1936	85	87	84
3½s	May, 1954	73	74½	73

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Arundel Sand	24	24	24
85	Cent Tere pf	5½	5½	5½
3,420	Celestine	90c	85c	85c
125	Con Power	86	85½	86
40	Con Coal	85	85	85
300	Davison Ch	27	26¾	26¾
5	Mt Ver M pf	58	58	58
13	NAmsterGas	22½	22½	22½
2	Pa Water P	80	80	80
530	Union Ry	9½	9½	9½

Bonds.

$4,000	Chi Ry 5s	56	56	50
4,000	Con Pow 4½s	72¾	72¾	72¾
2,000	Con Gas 4½s	72	72	72
$12,000	Un Rys 4s	60¾	60	60
7,000	Do 5s	43	42¾	42¾
10,000	Do 8s	85	85	85

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
140	Ahmeek	45	44	45
1,425	Anaconda	37	35¾	36¾
3,150	Ariz Comb	7	6¾	6¾
2,800	Big Heart	8¼	7¾	8
6	Bonanza	2	2	2
1,415	Cal & Ariz	42½	42	42½
120	Cal & Hecla	212	207	212
395	Carson	13½	13	13
75	Centennial	6¾	6¾	6¾
200	Chino	18½	18½	18½
200	Cliff	30	30	30
1,185	Cop Range	26¼	26	26
1,320	Davis-Daly	2⅝	2½	2½
115	East Butte	7¾	7½	7¾
18	Franklin	2½	2½	2½
440	Granby	18	18	18
50	Hancock	3	3	3
125	Indiana	50	50	50
60	Inspiration	30	30	30
300	Island Creek	53	52	53
136	Do pf	77½	77½	77½
10	Isle Royale	17½	17½	17½
175	Keweenaw	1¼	1¼	1¼
100	Lake Copper	2	2	2
60	May-Old C	4½	4	4½
25	Michigan	2¾	2¾	2¾
200	Mohawk	44½	44	44½
30	New Corn'a	14½	14½	14½
1,000	New Idria	78	78	78
10	New Riv pf	82	82	82
200	Nipissing	7¾	7¾	7¾
2,050	North Butte	9¾	9¾	9¾
885	Old Domin	16	15½	16
137	Osceola	71	70½	71½
1,035	Shannon	35	35	35
100	South Utah	6	6	6
1,090	Sup & Bos	1¾	1¼	1¾
365	Trinity	55c	55c	55c
100	Tuamunn	40	40	40
1,780	U S Smelt	33	32	32⅜
295	Do pf	41	40	40½
101	Utah Apex	2¾	2¾	2¾
185	Utah Cons	3¼	3	3
1,500	Utah Metal	90	75	86
100	Winona	40	40	40
635	Wolverine	10	10	10

Railroads.

225	Bost & Alb	121	120¾	121
333	Boston Elev	62	61¾	62
8	Do pf	80	80	80
335	Boston & Me	20¼	20¼	20¼
39	C & P pf	63	63	63

Miscellaneous.

82	Am Agricul	56½	56	56
50	Do pf	80¾	79	79¾
65	Am Sugar	73¾	73¼	73¼
85	Am Woolen	56½	56½	56½
1,115	Am Pn Serv	1⅝	1½	1⅝
10	Am Sugar	87¾	87½	87¾
97	Do pf	100	100	100
650	Am Tel & T	98¾	98	98¾
50	Am Wool	61¾	61¾	61¾
20	Do pf	90¼	90¼	90¼
200	Anglo-Am	1	1	1
168	Atlas Tack	18	17¾	18
80	Beacon Choc	4¼	4¼	4¼
250	Century	90c	90c	90c
190	E Boat Ld	1	1	1
200	Eastern Mfg	23¾	23½	23¾
247	Edison	158	154	156
40	Elder	16	16	16
43	Gen Electric	120	119½	120
330	Gen Stor	11	11	11
14	Greenfield	35	35	35
10	Int C M pf	82	82	82
300	Int Products	7¾	7¾	7¾
200	Island Oil	10½	10¼	10½
150	J T Connor	12¾	12¾	12¾
160	Libby	11¾	11	11¾
370	Island Oil	4¾	4¾	

Bonds.

$1,000	Chicago Tel 5s			89

DETROIT.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Col Sugar	12⅝	12¾	12⅝
600	Cont Motor	6	5⅞	5⅞
200	Det Edison	95	94½	94½
100	Ford of Can	216	215	216
500	Lincoln	18¾	18¼	18½
1,275	Mich Sugar	8½	8¾	8½
400	Noble Oil	110	106	110
125	Packard	10¾	10¾	10¾
125	Paige	16½	16½	16½
3,600	Reo Motors	17¾	16¾	17
300	Timken	26½	26½	26½

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
323	Am Gas	20	20	20
10	Am Rys pf	18	18	18
30	Am Sugres	47	46½	46½
583	ElStor'geBat	94½	92½	92½
280	Gen Asphalt	41	39½	39½
65	Ins of N A	28¼	28	28¼
510	Keystone Tel	8¼	7¾	8¼
475	LSuperCorp	8¾	8¾	8¾
147	Lehigh Nav	71	70	70
700	Phila R T	14½	14¼	14½
135	Pa Salt Mfg	66	65¾	65¾
1,391	Phila Elec	21¾	21¼	21¾
28	Phila El pf	27¼	27¼	27¼
75	Phinsu Wire	51½	51½	51½
40	Phila Trac	52	52	52
100	Tono Mining	1½	1½	1½
200	Tono Belmont	1¾	1¾	1¾
30	Un Cos, N J	169	169	169
2,722	Do pf	27¾	27½	27¾
110	Un Trac	29¾	29	29
77	W J & S S	36	36	36

Bonds.

$1,000	AmGas&E 5s	70	70	70
29,000	Allegheny 4s	77	77	77
21,000	City Pl 4s, '46	53¾	53¾	53¾
$20,000	Ph El 1st 5s	72¾	72½	72¾
1,000	P, W & B 4s	97¾	97¾	97¾
10,000	Market 5s		Elev 4s	71½

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
66	Am W G M	109	107½	109
2,750	Ark Gas	7¾	7¾	7¾
100	Barnsdall, B	36	36	36
35	Carbo-H pf	2¾	2¾	2¾
300	Cal & Ariz	42½	42½	42½
410	Guffey-Gil	28¼	28¼	28¼
50	Ind Bwrg pf	35	35	35
490	Lone S Gas	25½	24½	25
4,270	Marland	2¾	2¾	2¾
85	Mfrs L & H	51	50¾	51
370	Net Fire pf	13¾	13¼	13¾
50	Ohio Fuel O	19	18	19
70	Ohio Fuel S	46¾	46¾	46¾
100	Okla Gas	38	37	38
700	Pitts Coal	57	57	57
2,500	Pitts Jerome	4	3¾	4
3,340	Pitts O & S	13	12	12
25	Pitts P G	115	115	115
450	West A W B	92	90½	92
185	West Elec	41¼	41	41¼
$28,000	Miss R P 5s	75¾	75	75¾
1,000	N E T 5s	80	80	80
5,000	Pond Cr 6s	96	96	96
6,000	Swift Co 6s	91¼	91¼	91¼
3,000	West Tel 5s	78½	78	78

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
250	Armour L	14¾	14¾	14¾
88	Do pf	89¾	89½	89½
1,500	Armour pf	84	83	83½
85	Booth F pf	35	35	35
50	Beaver Bd	35	35	35
400	Briscoe	9¾	9	9
100	Case	65	64	64½
50	C C & C Ry	½	½	½
2,200	Do pf	48¾	47¾	48
30	Ch Elev pf	35	35	35
280	Ch Ry Ser 1	11	10	10
600	Cudahy	58½	58½	58½
3,100	C W Edison	102	101½	102
675	Cont Mot	5¾	5¾	5¾
50	Deere pf	89	89	89
80	Diamond M	96¾	96¾	96¾
325	Godchaux	21	20	21
263	Gt Lakes	60	57	57
570	Hupp Mot	9¾	9¼	9¾
50	Hartman	63½	63½	63½
350	Hol St L	8¾	8¾	8¾
700	Inland Steel	43¼	43¼	43¼
640	Libby	10¾	11	11
100	Lindsay Lt	5¾	5¾	5¾
1,200	Mont Ward	14¾	14¼	14¾
173	Do pf	92¾	92¼	92¾
220	M W Util pf	24¾	24¾	24¾
250	Mitchell	5	5	5
1,675	Nat Leath	7¾	7¾	8
75	Orpheum	24½	24½	25
75	Peck	22	21	21
800	Pig Wks	11¾	11	11
110	Pub Service	68	68	68
200	Pure Oil	32	32	32
100	Quaker O pf	85	85	85
175	Reo Mot	17	17	17
100	Do pf	100½	100½	100½
1,400	Shaw	61¾	60¾	60¾
200	Do rights	18¾	18¾	18¾
480	Stewart W	27	26¾	26¾
1,300	Swift Int	26	25½	25¾
500	Swift & Co	100½	99½	100
200	Temtor P	21¾	21	21
2,700	Union Carb	49¾	49	49¼
1,850	United Bren	12¾	12	12
1,385	West Knit	9½	9¾	9½
370	Wrigley	70¾	70	70

Bonds.

$1,000	Chicago Tel 5s			89

DETROIT.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Col Sugar	12⅝	12¾	12⅝
600	Cont Motor	6	5⅞	5⅞
200	Det Edison	95	94½	94½
100	Ford of Can	216	215	216
500	Lincoln	18¾	18¼	18½
1,275	Mich Sugar	8½	8¾	8½
400	Noble Oil	110	106	110
125	Packard	10¾	10¾	10¾
125	Paige	16½	16½	16½
3,600	Reo Motors	17¾	16¾	17
300	Timken	26½	26½	26½

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
323	Am Gas	20	20	20
10	Am Rys pf	18	18	18
30	Am Sugres	47	46½	46½
583	ElStor'geBat	94½	92½	92½
280	Gen Asphalt	41	39½	39½
65	Ins of N A	28¼	28	28¼
510	Keystone Tel	8¼	7¾	8¼
475	LSuperCorp	8¾	8¾	8¾
147	Lehigh Nav	71	70	70
700	Phila R T	14½	14¼	14½
135	Pa Salt Mfg	66	65¾	65¾
1,391	Phila Elec	21¾	21¼	21¾
28	Phila El pf	27¼	27¼	27¼
75	Phinsu Wire	51½	51½	51½
40	Phila Trac	52	52	52
100	Tono Mining	1½	1½	1½
200	Tono Belmont	1¾	1¾	1¾
30	Un Cos, N J	169	169	169
2,722	Do pf	27¾	27½	27¾
110	Un Trac	29¾	29	29
77	W J & S S	36	36	36

Bonds.

$1,000	AmGas&E 5s	70	70	70
29,000	Allegheny 4s	77	77	77
21,000	City Pl 4s, '46	53¾	53¾	53¾
$20,000	Ph El 1st 5s	72¾	72½	72¾
1,000	P, W & B 4s	97¾	97¾	97¾
10,000	Market 5s		Elev 4s	71½

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
66	Am W G M	109	107½	109
2,750	Ark Gas	7¾	7¾	7¾
100	Barnsdall, B	36	36	36
35	Carbo-H pf	2¾	2¾	2¾
300	Cal & Ariz	42½	42½	42½
410	Guffey-Gil	28¼	28¼	28¼
50	Ind Bwrg pf	35	35	35
490	Lone S Gas	25½	24½	25
4,270	Marland	2¾	2¾	2¾
85	Mfrs L & H	51	50¾	51
370	Net Fire pf	13¾	13¼	13¾
50	Ohio Fuel O	19	18	19
70	Ohio Fuel S	46¾	46¾	46¾
100	Okla Gas	38	37	38
700	Pitts Coal	57	57	57
2,500	Pitts Jerome	4	3¾	4
3,340	Pitts O & S	13	12	12
25	Pitts P G	115	115	115
450	West A W B	92	90½	92
185	West Elec	41¼	41	41¼

Bonds.

$3,000	West Penn Rys			78

FINANCIAL NOTICE

To the Holders of Dominican Republic 5% Bonds, Issue of 1918, Due 1938

In accordance with Executive Order 272 sealed proposals will be received by the Secretaria de Estado de Hacienda y Comercio until 10 o'clock A. M. of February 1, March 1, and April 1, 1921, for the purchase for retirement of bonds of the Dominican Republic dated January 1, 1918, due 1938, without regard to series, to an amount estimated at THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS ($320,000) on each of the above dates, a total for all three dates of $960,000. All proposals shall be submitted in triplicate and shall specify the number of the bonds offered, the series, the par value and the price at which offered and shall be signed by an official duly authorized to act for the bidders. Upon the outside of the sealed envelopes containing proposals shall appear the words "Proposals opening of" (fill in date). Said proposals will be opened in public in the office of the undersigned on February 1, March 1 and April 1, 1921, unless such date or fall upon a Sunday or legal holiday, in which case the bids will be opened on the following day.

Arthur H. Mayo,
Lieutenant Commander (SC), U. S. N.
Officer Administering the Affairs of the Secretaria de Estado de Hacienda y Comercio for the Military Government.

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND.
New York, December 15, 1920.

A regular quarterly dividend of two and one-half per cent. (2½%) on the issued and outstanding COMMON Capital Stock of American Gas and Electric Company has been declared for the quarter ending December 31, 1920, payable January 2, 1921, to stockholders of record on the books of the Company at the close of business December 17, 1920.

FRANK B. BALL, Treasurer.

AMERICAN GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
EXTRA DIVIDEND COMMON STOCK.
New York, December 15, 1920.

An extra dividend of two per cent. (2%) on the issued and outstanding COMMON Capital Stock of American Gas and Electric Company has been declared out of the surplus net earnings of the Company, payable in COMMON stock January 2, 1921, to stockholders of record on the books of the Company at the close of business December 17, 1920.

FRANK B. BALL, Treasurer.

COLUMBIA-KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
Beneficial Certificates.
60 Broadway.
New York, December 15, 1920.

The Board of Directors of the Columbia Trust Company have authorized the Trustees of the Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Company Beneficial Certificates to pay a dividend of Fifty Cents per share from the Income of the Trust on December 31st, 1920, to Certificate Holders of record as of the close of business December 20th, 1920.

The Transfer Books will not close.

A. W. HUTCHINS, Secretary.

BATTERY PARK NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK
December 17, 1920.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of 3% on the Capital Stock of the Bank and an extra dividend of 3%, both payable January 3rd, 1921, to Stockholders of record at the close of business, December 18th, 1920.

A. H. MERRY, Cashier.

CITY INVESTING COMPANY,
61 Broadway.
New York, December 16, 1920.

The Board of Directors have declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. upon the preferred stock of this company

BUY LOFT PROPERTY

Sixteen-Story Building on Fourth Avenue Corner Resold to Joseph Schenck.

VALUED AT $1,250,000

Harry Aronson Increases His Holdings by Purchase of Grand Street Buildings.

Speculative buying was a strong feature of yesterday's real estate market. Several big deals were closed aggregating close to $2,000,000 and another transaction in the midtown loft zone is reported pending that will involve over $1,000,000.

The most important of the day's sales was the purchase by Joseph Schenck, the well-known operator, of the northwest corner of Twenty-eighth Street and Fourth Avenue, held at $1,250,000.

The property consists of a sixteen-story modern loft and commercial structure at 404 to 412 Fourth Avenue, northwest corner of Twenty-eighth Street, on a plot fronting 94.1 feet on the avenue and 78 feet on Twenty-eighth Street. The building returns an annual rental of about $160,000. About a month ago it was taken over by the selling company (J. J. Ascher, A. A. Hess and M. D. Schmaltz, Directors) from Samuel Wacht.

It was erected four years ago by the Hasco Building Company from plans by Walter Haefeli, and was considered one of the best constructed and designed buildings along that thoroughfare. The builders sold it from the plans to Willam T. Evans, former head of Mills & Gibb, who subsequently turned it back to the builders. They later sold it to F. Monroe Dyer. I. Reis & Co. and H. Feinberg negotiated the sale.

Operator Buys Canal St. Buildings.

Harry Aronson, operator, who early in the week made a $500,000 purchase of five buildings in Platt and Gold Streets, bought from the Du Bois estate, represented by Homer Foote Jr., the old six-story buildings, on plot 49.7 by 96.5 irregular, at 264 and 266 Canal Street, together with the abutting four-story building, 24.1 by 93.10, at 84 Walker Street.

Possession of the buildings, which were valued at $180,000, may be had next May. It is understood that extensive alterations will be made. William H. Whiting & Co. negotiated the sale.

SUBURBAN ACTIVITY.

Buyer for $200,000 Bernardsville Estate—Purdy Rye Farm Sold.

The country estate formerly owned by William P. Bonbright at Bernardsville has been purchased by Charles A. Dana of Southampton, L. I. The property contains about fifty acres with a large residence, stables and garage. It was held at $200,000. Fred W. Jones was the broker, and he also sold the property owned by Whitney Kernochan at Gladstone, to J. H. Colt.

Edgar C. Price has purchased the Purdy property at Rye, consisting of about sixty acres extending from the Weyman property on Ridge Street and northerly across the Old White Plains Road to Westchester Avenue. It was valued at $75,000. George Howe negotiated the sale.

The Robert E. Farley Organization has sold a corner plot at Bryn Mawr Park, Yonkers, to Harry Woodhouse for improvement with a residence.

S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman sold for Mrs. J. L. Averill her residence on Sherwood Road, Ridgewood, to Mrs. Julia Jackson, and for Mrs. Harriet S. Baird, 173 Upper Boulevard, to David O. Decker of Passaic, also to Arthur Walbancke, 250 Hillcrest Road.

A two-acre plot at Bayswater and Mott Avenues, Far Rockaway, has been sold for Jay & Cardler by Herman Frankfort as broker.

The Batson Farm Agency has sold the Evans Farm at Pearl River, N. Y., to L. Polrano.

Sales of Business Property.

The six-story commercial building at 23 West Thirty-sixth Street, plot 18.9 by 98.9, has been purchased by Marion L. Stevens from Elizabeth A. Bend.

The property at 248-250 West Sixty-first Street, 50 by 100, partially improved with a one-story building, has been purchased by the Hickey Contracting Company from the Barnes Realty Company.

The four-story garage, 50.9 by 95, at 215 and 217 Lexington Avenue, southeast corner of Thirty-third Street, has been bought by Lucius Beebe & Sons.

G. Joseph & Co. sold to Mabel Rosenbaum the 2½-story building at 22 East Second Street, 18.2 by 68.5.

Bronx Borough Sales.

The two four-story flats at 2,073 and 2,075 Mapes Avenue have been sold through the S. L. Aronds Company for Julia Plaue and Clara Cohen. The holding price was $45,000.

The six-story apartment, 673-675 Morris Avenue, northwest corner of 153d Street, plot 50 by 100 feet, has been purchased by Julius Stiain from Emil Stein.

Charles Schimek sold to Louis Schumer the two-story house at 630 Coster Street, 20 by 100.

John G. Schull sold to John H. Colwell the two-story dwelling at 214 East 179th Street, 17.6 by 78.11.

Ruth A. Stevens sold to Louis Waldman the two-story dwelling at 527 Trinity Avenue, 17.8 by 82.4.

New Brokerage Firm.

Burgoyne Hamilton, formerly manager of the country department of Douglas L. Elliman & Co., and Adrian Iselin 2d have formed a copartnership under the firm name of Burgoyne Hamilton and Adrian Iselin 2d, with offices at 8 East Forty-fifth Street. Associated with them are G. B. Merritt, Ranaselaer R. Dayton, Roland I. Hopper and Robert W. McAdam, all formerly with Douglas L. Elliman & Co.

Tenement Investments.

The five-story tenement house at 400 Madison Street, plot 25 by 100, has been sold by the Maiden Lane Savings Bank to the Therell Realty Corporation.

The five-story flat, 25 by 100.11, at 76 East 113th Street, has been sold by Otto Timme to Martha E. Suitan.

Bessie Silberberg sold to the Leyback Company the five-story tenement, 25 by 94.9, at 616 East Eleventh Street.

Florist in Big Harlem Lease.

Mary A. Kocher has leased for John N. Gardner to the Massas Floral Company the five-story apartment, with stores, at the northeast corner of Lenox Avenue and 125th Street, 38.10 by 75, for a term of twenty-one years at an annual net rental of $10,500.

John E. Berwind Sells Former Murray Hill Residence.

The three-story residence at 102 East Thirty-ninth Street, plot 21 by 98.9, adjoining the Park Avenue corner, has been sold by John E. Berwind to George S. Whitman. Mr. Berwind bought last June the former home of the late George W. Perkins at 78 Park Avenue.

The three-story dwelling at 316 West 115th Street plot 14.8 by 100.11, has been sold by Sidney L. Warnawar for the Sineval Realties Corporation to a buyer for occupancy. It is between Eighth and Manhattan Avenues, and is the ninth house in the row recently sold by the same broker.

The three-story house at 119 West 123d Street, plot 18.9 by 100, has been purchased by Willis Bartlett from Annie W. Ulman. The Pierre & Golden Company acted as brokers.

Harris & Maurice Mandelbaum resold to Joseph A. Gruten the three-story dwelling at 344 East Eighty-fourth Street, 20 by 102.2.

Catherine Loughran sold to Jane Griffin the three-story dwelling at 25 East 120th Street, 16 by 100.

G. Joseph & Co. sold to Mabel Rosenbaum 22 East Second Street, a two and one-half-story dwelling, 18.2 by 68.5.

Commercial Leases.

Harris, Vought & Co. have leased for Robert W. Goelet the building at 3 East Fifty-second Street to the D. G. Eldridge Company for a term of years.

Huberth & Huberth have leased a store in the American Circle Building at 1,830 Broadway and 5 Central Park West to the von Kattengell Motor Sales Corporation, distributers of the H. C. S. motor cars, Harry C. Stutz, President.

A store on the Forty-second Street side of the Knickerbocker Building has been leased from the Astor estate by Whitehouse & Hardy, retail shoe dealers. Harry N. Moore and Harlo J. Sparks were the brokers.

Robert J. Coverdale has leased for M. M. Hayward, as agent, the front basement in the Broadway Central Building, on the northeast corner of Fifty-first Street and Broadway, for a term of year to a restaurant company. The aggregate amount of the lease and fittings will amount to about $250,000.

Charles F. Noyes Company has leased for Herman P. Suerken and the estate of John P. Suerken the three-story building at 59 Bleecker Street, northwest corner of Lafayette, to the United Cigar Stores of America.

Jersey City's New Bank.

The cornerstone of the new building to house the First National Bank of Jersey City, at the corner of York and Hudson Streets and Exchange Place, Jersey City, will be laid at 11 o'clock this morning by Governor Edwards. The new structure, which was designed by Alfred C. Bossom, is to be ten stories high and cost about $2,000,000.

City Buys Uptown Corner.

The vacant plot, 100 by 100, at the southwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 189th Street has been purchased by the city for $36,000. The sellers were Bayard Tuckerman and another as trustees.

Home for House of Learning.

The Congregation House of Learning, Remnant of Israel, Inc., bought for $15,750 from Charles M. Wimpfheimer the three-story building at 120 Columbia Street, 21.8 by 75.4, near Stanton Street.

In the

U.S. Food Products Building

56-58 PINE STREET

A SPACE of 1,400 square feet with wonderful light, sunshine and unobstructed view of lower Manhattan will be available FOR RENT FEBRUARY 1st, 1921. This building has been remodeled and equipped with Otis electric elevators.

Management of

Wm. A. White & Sons

Established 1868

46 Cedar Street

Tel. 5700 John

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY

Real Estate Auctioneer

149 Broadway. Cort. 1547

WILL SELL

To-Morrow

At 2 P. M. at Philipsburg Hall

YONKERS, N. Y.

One block from Getty Square.

Supreme Court Partition Sale

YONKERS INVESTMENTS

Estate of

Rudolph Eickemeyer, dec'd

By order of

HON. WILLIAM J. WALLIN, Referee

WILLIAM H. SWENY, ESQ.,

Attorney for Plaintiff...

9 Improved Parcels

and

22 Vacant Lots

On Maple, Oak, Poplar & Linden Sts., Yonkers, N. Y.

Arthur C. Sheridan, Auct'r

Arthur C. Sheridan, Inc., will sell at

ABSOLUTE

AUCTION

NEXT SATURDAY

3 P. M. ON PROPERTY

"The Maples"

2 FURNISHED COUNTRY ESTATES ON 5 & 1 Acre Plots

BAYPORT, L. I.

LOCATED ON OCEAN

Avenue, opposite the residence of Hon. Martin T. Manton and facing the residence of W. Kinnaird Post, which was recently occupied by Bernard M. Baruch.

Booklets of Sale at Auctioneer's Offices, 162 B'way, N. Y.

Fully Equipped Offices Immediate Possession

MODERN BUILDING IN THE 40's CLOSE TO 5th AV.

Ideal proposition for new business, or one requiring uptown location or branch.

We are authorized by a concern about to liquidate its business to offer their completely equipped office, occupying an entire floor of over 3,300 sq. ft. net, in modern building one door from 5th Avenue.

Floor is equipped with fixtures, telephones and unusually well-furnished offices, including accounting room and general office, cashier's cage, stock section with steel shelving, filing section, etc. There is also a suite of executive offices and directors' rooms handsomely fitted up with Doten-Dunton mahogany furniture, carpets and hangings.

Telephone Murray Hill 7820

CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC., 50 East 42d Street

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE

NO. 319 WEST 74TH ST.

5-Story American Basement Dwelling.

17 rooms, 3 baths, immediate possession. For particulars apply to

CLARK T. CHAMBERS

389 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 7820

BUSINESS HESS PROPERTY

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Furnished Room House

FOR SALE.

Wonderful opportunity to purchase house, furniture, linen, good will and established business bringing $76.00 weekly. Hill section (Fort Greene Place). 18 rooms, brownstone; steam, electricity; owner's supply coal; price $16,000 to quick buyer.

S. E. GREEN

887 Flatbush Av. Phone Flatbush 208

FOR SALE

30,000 square feet

Building 158x87 feet, 5 stories, heavy construction, high ceilings, cement floors. Asking $6 square foot. Enterprise Brewery, Inc., 912 Cypress Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

HIGHLAWN HOMES! Don't fail to see them. 90 sold; only 8 left. Charming surroundings; convenient terms. 100% value guaranteed. (Pamphlet). JOHN F. CHURLO Corp., 70 Avenue R, Brooklyn Sea Beach Subway to Kings Highway Station, Avenue R End.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOMES AT MOUNT VERNON

(35 minutes from Grand Central Sta.)

ANDERSON REALTY Co

22 East 1st St. Tel. 1844-5 Mount Vernon.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

GREAT NECK

Furnished Home

Furnishings unusually attractive; 5 minutes' walk to station, 10 minutes to golf club; 6 bedrooms and 3 baths; all improvements; 2-car garage; Winter supply of coal included; January 1 to June 1. Full particulars, L. G. Wolf, 1,270 B'way, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

4th Ave. Corner Loft.

461 FOURTH AVE.

N. E. COR. 31ST ST.

4200 SQ. FEET

MODERN BUILDING

29 Windows, No Columns on Floor.

Possession Feb. 1, 1921

APPLY

Wright Barclay, Inc.,

320 5th Av. Tel. Penn 6890.

TO LET

5-7-9 West 37th St.

12th Floor Top, 7500 Sq. Ft.

Excellent Light

Also SHOWROOM, 7th Floor

Possession February 1st, 1921

H. J. SACHS & CO., 38 West 21st St.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

19-21 West 57th St.

NEW BUILDING

ENTIRE FLOORS

TO LEASE

Also Studio Suitable for Photographer

Apply on premises or

THOMAS V. McLAUGHLIN

2 Rector St. Rector 1980.

124-126 White Street

Loft, Excellent Light

About 8,000 sq. ft.; heavy construction. Especially suitable for lithographic business. Elevators, steam heat and electric light.

Possession Feb. 1, 1921.

CRUIKSHANK COMPANY

141 Broadway

6TH AVENUE NEAR 35TH ST.

BUILDING TO LEASE

FOR 21 YEARS

or will lease single floors.

NOTE—This elevator building is 44 by 85, adjoining "L" station; best location in New York.

Inquire of OWNER,

J. AARON,

682 6th Ave. (4th floor)

FIRST LOFT.

ABOUT 7000 SQ. FEET.

263 SIXTH AVENUE, CONNECTING WITH 194-6 WEST 17TH ST. HEAT, FREIGHT AND PASSENGER ELEVATOR SERVICE. MANUFACTURING PERMITTED. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

MERCER, 246 WEST 23D ST.

FOR SALE—EQUIPPED

MOTION PICTURE STUDIO

Suitable any business, dead storage, etc. POSSESSION JULY 1, 1921

FLUSHING, L. I.

75 feet frontage by 174 feet deep, running through from street to street; high ceiling. Modern throughout.

Joseph T. Mulligan, 30 Broad St., N. Y.

STORE AND BASEMENT

263 Sixth Ave., at 17th St.

ABOUT 14,000 SQ. FT. RECEIVING AND SHIPPING ENTRANCE ON 17TH ST. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

MERCER, 246 WEST 23D ST.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

5TH AVE. & 15TH ST.

Northwest Corner

2 LOFTS

No Manufacturing

5000 to 8000 Sq. Ft.

Rates $1.40 & $1.25 per sq. ft.

OFFICES

225 to 3800 Sq. Ft.

Rates $2.60 to $3.00 per sq. ft.

For Net Space

Two Modern Buildings

100% sprinkler

100 5th Ave., cor. 15th St.

104 5th Ave., near 16th St.

All space offered has excellent light.

Edgar A. Levy Leasing Co.

505 Fifth Av. Tel. Murray Hill 6960

OR YOUR OWN BROKER

STORE

AND BASEMENT

116-118 Wooster St.

Newly Reconstructed Building

Size 50x100 Feet

85c per Square Foot

100% Sprinklers

Immediate Possession

Apply premises or Phone Canal 5401.

EAST 44TH STREET

N.Y. CENTRAL OFFICES

LEXINGTON AVE.

FOR LEASE

OWNER WILL ADVANCE MONEY TO ALTER

CROSS & BROWN CO. 18 EAST 41ST STREET

To Lease—Floors

WEST END AVE., 67th ST.

Northeast Corner

ABOUT 10,000 SQ. FT. PER FLOOR

2 Large Elevators

100% Sprinkler System

POSSESSION MAY 1ST

HERBERT HECHT-H. C. KOPP CO., 373 5th Ave. Tel. Vanderbilt 0811

CHOICE LIGHT CORNER OFFICES

LIBERTY BLDG., AT 123 LIBERTY ST. SINGLE, EN SUITE, OR ENTIRE FLOOR SUBDIVIDED.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—LOW RENT

TANKOOS, SMITH & CO.

11 John St., corner Broadway. Telephone 0938 Cortlandt. Or Your Own Broker.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Sale COMPACT FACTORY For Sale

Farmingdale, N. J. 3 acres adjoining railroad; 1-story saw tooth; 11,000 sq. ft.; completely equipped with low pressure boiler, power lines; electric light; plumbing and complete woodworking machinery. Will sell with or without machinery; price and terms right.

KRAEMER, 176 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

FACTORIES WANTED.

MANUFACTURER

OF INTERNATIONAL PROMINENCE will buy in "fee simple" factory of 50,000 to 200,000 Sq. Ft. of floor space, within 50 miles of New York; Newark preferred.

All replies will be treated in greatest confidence. Address: ROTTERDAM, Box V 714, Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Jackson Heights

4, 5 and 6 Rooms

New Garden Apartments

unusual neighborhood advantages; For Sale on Co-operative Plan; Moderate Price—Liberal Terms.

Social and Business References Required

THE

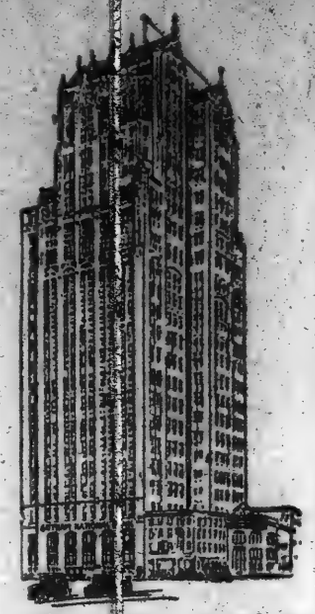
Queensboro Corporation

90 E. 42d St., Cor. Madison Av.

Send for Views and Details

Gotham National Bank Building

Now 70% Rented



24-STORY OFFICE BUILDING

BROADWAY AT COLUMBUS CIRCLE

10 TRANSIT LINES AT THE DOOR

Entire Floors—6668 Sq. Ft. Net at $3.25 per sq. ft.

WITH PARTITIONS TO SUIT

PERPETUAL LIGHT ON FOUR SIDES

POSSESSION FEB. 1, 1921

GOTHAM NATIONAL BANK

Renting Department

1823 BROADWAY AT COLUMBUS CIRCLE

TELEPHONE—COLUMBUS 1425

Or Your Own Broker.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.



Opposite the Schwab Mansion

"305 West End Avenue"

AT SEVENTY-FOURTH STREET

A RESIDENTIAL HOTEL

Just Completed

Towering fourteen sunny stories above the neighboring private residences with superb sweeping view over the Hudson—

Suites of two or more rooms with complete and Superior Service.

also A few One Room Apartments

RESIDENT MANAGER - Columbus 4200

Furnished—West Side.

New Fireproof Building

Home Comfort Suites of

3 and 4

Large Rooms

$1,800 To $2,300 | $2,500 To $3,000

Immediate Occupancy

240 West 75th St.

Bet. Broadway and West End Ave. Tel. Columbus 4454.

Unfurnished—West Side.

Central Park West

81st to 82d St.

Hotel Beresford

A Few Suites of

1-2-3 Rooms

AND BATH

Several Furnished

EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RENTALS

Excellent Restaurant. Maid Service

APPLY ON PREMISES OR BING & BING, 119 W. 40th St.

Farnerley Hall

1 WEST 64TH STREET

UNFURNISHED

7 Rooms and 3 Baths; Housekeeping 2-4 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED

2, 3 and 4 Rooms, with Kitchenette

Refrigeration in all apartments

TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 4500

362 WEST 22ND ST.

Small Modern Apartments

LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS; TILED BATH AND SHOWERS; NORTH OR SOUTH EXPOSURE

$1,050-$1,350.

JAMES N. WELLS' SONS

191 NINTH AV. CHELSEA 6300

600 WEST 161st St.

8 ROOMS AND FOYER

2 BATHS, FIREPROOF

ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE

POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920

INQUIRE MELROSE 1962.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS

JUST COMPLETED

The Wheeler & Van Loo

559-565 W. 188th St.

Near 191st Subway Station

5th Ave. Bus Passes Property

4 ROOMS, $80 to $105

Rental Representative on Premises.

F. J. McMAHON CO., Agents

1,433 St. Nicholas Av., corner 188th St. Phone Wadsworth 3910.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS

3 and 5-Room Completely Apartments.

Beautiful water view; 5 minutes to Wall St. G. GIRARD, 315 Montague St.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

BUILDING AND PERMANENT LOANS COMBINED; $50,000 AND UPWARDS; QUICK ACTION. COLUMBIA DISCOUNT CORPORATION, 8 WEST 40TH ST., NEW YORK.

Mortgage Loans Wanted.

FIRST mortgage wanted on very desirable Westchester building plot. 9,685 Times Downtown.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

LARGE quantity galvanized and black iron pipe fittings; full particulars on application. Lewis Wrecking Company, Pelham Bay Naval Station. Tel. Westchester 1313-1314.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

½ ACRE HEART OF WHITE PLAINS, an interesting home, 9 rooms, gas, electric, steam heat; 4-car garage; fine garden, fruit trees, berries, &c.; will take $13,000 for quick sale; easy terms. J. Clarence Davies (Homes within one Hour), 51 East 42d. Vanderbilt 9175.

NEW ROCHELLE.

8 rooms, tile bath, gas and electric light; lot 50x100; fine condition, nice section; price $9,500, terms; act quick.

DRUMMOND, 17 WEST 42D ST. Telephone Murray Hill 7323.

7 ROOMS AND BATH.

gas and electric lights, newly decorated, near school and station; bargain; $10,500; terms.

DRUMMOND, 17 WEST 42D ST. Telephone Murray Hill 7323.

CHESTER HILL—Reduced for quick sale, 9 rooms and bath, electricity; fine location; only $16,000 if sold at once; terms. L. T. Carroll, broker, 4 North Second Av., Mt. Vernon. Tel. 274.

REDUCE from $11,000 to $9,000 if sold this month; stucco house, 6 rooms, bath; hot water heat; 30 minutes Grand Central. Burke Stone, Inc., Pelham, N. Y.

SCARSDALE—House, 8 rooms, bath, completely furnished, garage; rent $150 monthly; immediate possession. $10,500; terms; Telephone Scarsdale 823.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

OWNER leaving city will sell Colonial home, 7 rooms, 2 baths, garage; 26 minutes out. H. G. Robinson. Fitzroy 2264.

FOREST HILLS—KEW GARDENS—HOLLIS "The better class" of American houses and apartments in restricted sections. Mrs. Dowd, 22 East 53d. Murray Hill 1439.

LONG BEACH WEST—Bungalow holds $2,500 bungalow which after Jan. 1 sells $2,250. Call on Walsh-Farrell.

DOUGLASTON—Artistic cottage, two-family or otherwise; two baths. Murray Hill 3940.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

AM compelled to sell my beautiful home, 7 very large rooms, tiled bathroom, shower, 2 fireplaces, laundry and toilet in cellar, glassed porches; every improvement; the most complete and tasteful home in town; $7,000 paid for improvements this Fall; value $30,000; sacrifice at $14,500; immediate possession; coal in cellar. Phone Circle 4424.

SALE or rent; comfortable year-round bungalow in residential suburb, 30 minutes from N. Y.; 6 rooms, bath, open fireplace, all improvements; within station, schools, stores; immediate possession. $65 monthly. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 730.

TO RENT—Flat, new, four modern improvements; small family; all rent $40 monthly; fine view, near R. R. station. C. R. Rueger, 581 Mooachie Av., Grand-Ridge, Berrien Co., Mich.

FIVE-ROOM apartment, minutes 130th St. ferry; require Superintendent, 19 Edgewater; electricity; $33 monthly. In Edgewater Place.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

PRETTY COLONIAL HOME NEAR NEW YORK—Will sacrifice new, artistic, year-round delightful home; only $5,500 buys it, balance of $7,500 can remain on mortgage; has eight large rooms, tiled bath, fine garage, steam heat, parquet floors, electric light, running water, every convenience; beautifully situated, on plot 100x130 ft.; fine garden space, close to pretty lake, stocked with fish; select, congenial neighbors; good markets, school and churches nearby; this is the chance of a lifetime to obtain a home at fraction of real worth; could not be duplicated at less than $14,500; ideal commutation to New York City. Address Suburban, Post Office Box 1,107, City Hall Station, New York City.

MADISON, N. J.—In fine neighborhood, eight rooms and tiled bath; ready Jan. 1; oak floors, open fireplace, cold closet, toilet and laundry in cellar, steam heat, all gas kitchen; large, restricted plot; decorated to suit; residential town, one hour from New York; $14,000, easy terms. Apply Isaac L. Geldinsay, 190 Orchard St., Newark, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FOR RENT—Greenwich, Conn., furnished house; fine location; ten rooms, three bathrooms; garage; $200 per month. Phone 140 Rector.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

APARTMENT HOUSES wanted on west side of Manhattan in run-down condition, for 21-year lease or purchase with small amount of cash. E. C. H. Vogler, Amsterdam Av., corner 82d St. Phone Schuyler 9141.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

FARMS—All sizes, located in the potato belt. Clifford G. Brown, Cranbury Station, Middlesex County, N. J.

HOMESEEKERS—Send for Virginia farm list. Dept. 254, Emporia, Va.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

38,000 SQ. FT.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

GREENWICH, NEAR SPRING STREET.

Suitable for manufacturing, warehouse and garage; first floor contains 11,000 feet; concrete floor; driveway through from street to street; two elevators, steam and cold storage plant; lease for 21 years. Address W. A., 736 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE—Completely furnished offices at an attractive price on 43d St.; offices furnished throughout in mahogany, and green rugged; 3 private offices, general office, cashier's cage, &c.; 1,153 sq. ft.; lease to run for 4½ years; also switchboard with connections; ready for immediate possession. Marwell & Ebert, 23 West 43d, Room 801.

EXCEPTIONAL OFFICES.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, 1,900 SQ. FEET; POSSESSION FEB. 1, 3,000 SQ. FEET; reasonable rent; unexcelled light; at select Burrell Building, 171 Madison Av., corner 33d St. Apply superintendent on premises, or phone Mr. Wilchins, Fitzroy 5060.

CORNER STORE AND BASEMENT.

Northeast corner 3d Av. and 20th St.

25-FOOT FRONT; RENT $2,500.

Excellent business location.

JAMES KYLE & SONS,

58th St. and Lexington Av.

5TH AV. OFFICE

(approximately 600 square feet, with 3 broad windows and 2 skylights) at exceptionally low rental, can be leased for one or more years in our building at 520 5th Av., New York. Call or phone Vanderbilt 3500.

5TH AV., 500 (42d St.)—Seventh floor, suitable high-grade showrooms or executive offices, 3,000 square feet at $4; telephone switchboard, (two trunk lines; immediate possession. F. J. Guilfoyle & Co., 105 Broadway. Cortlandt 7475.

700 SQUARE FEET

very light office space; partitions already installed; immediate possession; reasonable rent.

SCHWABACK & RAPHEL,

3 WEST 29TH ST.

DESIRABLE OFFICE SPACE.

Tilden Building, 105 West 40th St.; possession May 1, 1921, $3.50 per square foot; 300-1,800 square feet. Apply to Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 1100.

TO SUBLET.

Corner loft, 11th floor; Madison Av. above 28th St., for balance of present lease; approximately 12,000 sq. ft. at less than $1.50 per sq. ft.; immediate or February 1st possession. B. M., 347 Times Uptown.

17 WARREN ST.

Immediate possession, four upper floors, 25x75; building completely reconstructed, elevator, &c.; will rent long term, together or separately. E. B. Ittelson, 160 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 567, or your own broker.

TO LET—Suite of offices, located on West 46th St., between 5th and 6th Avs.; partially furnished; telephone connections; two-year lease. Apply Room 334, 522 5th Av. or phone Murray Hill 1962.

LOFT TO SUBLET.

50x100—37th St.,

between 5th and 6th Avs.

Immediate

Phone Chelsea 7088.

PART OF LOFT TO SUBLET, 1,400 SQUARE FEET, AT 906 BROADWAY, IN THE HEART OF BUSINESS SECTION, AT MODERATE RENTAL. ENCORE, 6TH FLOOR, 906 BROADWAY.

FURNISHED DAYLIGHT OFFICES

with telephone, 1,000 or 300 square feet; reasonable rent; possession Jan. 1; 5th Av., above 42d St. Orgen & Clarkson, 600 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1126.

OFFICES TO RENT.

Company moving offices uptown have for rent approximately 12,500 square feet light space; high class building, vicinity city hall, desirable term; principles only. S. 420 Times.

DESIRABLE OFFICE SPACE, 366 5th Av., corner of 35th St.; possession Feb. 1 and May 1, 1921. Apply to Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 1100.

OFFICES TO LET.

Corner store, highest class buildings; units 400, 800, 1,600, 2,500 sq. ft.; furnished and unfurnished; immediate possession. Telephone Vanderbilt 254.

SUITABLE FOR OFFICE, CONFIDENTIAL PUSH, FINISHED WITH TELEPHONE, &c.; LOCATION, 703 PARK AV., NEAR GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL. B 870 TIMES.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

We will rent for temporary executive offices and showrooms or exhibition purposes our entire fourth floor in the Gorham Building, 386-390 5th Av., also 36th St. entrance; or will lease for term of years; lowest price in the city; we also offer in the same building, ninth floor, 2,000 square feet of beautiful studio space. Apply Durnell Co., 296 Broadway. Telephone Worth 249.

SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, 67,500 net, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Howard C. Forbes, 66 Broadway. Rector 747.

33D ST. (At 5th Av. and Broadway)—Desk room or office space, 10 West 33d St., Room 205; unusually light, pleasant office; telephone and conveniences; furnished or unfurnished. Gramercy 1076.

BROADWAY HOTEL LEASE.

9 years to run; small modern apartment hotel; gross income about $75,000; asking $50,000; submit offers; no brokers. E. E. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d St. Col. 1077.

20TH ST., 143-145 WEST—Lofts, light two sides; passenger, freight elevators. Superintendent, or phone Fordham 1923. Brokers protected.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSE, SHOWROOMS; ALL SECTIONS. CLARENCE DAVIES, 52 NASSAU ST. JOHN 1311. 37 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 9175.

STORES, OFFICES, SHOWROOMS READY FOR OCCUPANCY. VARIOUS SIZES AND PRICES. EARLINGTON BUILDING, 91 WEST 27TH ST. PHONE 6213 CHELSEA.

34TH ST., 158 WEST—Second floor store, show window front; immediate possession. M. & L. Hess, Inc., 907 Broadway, Stuyvesant 4200.

LOFTS AND OFFICES.

DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.

BILTMORE REALTY CORP., TIMES BLDG. Phone Bryant 7738-1537.

FOR RENT, on completion, Jan. 1, 1921, new one-story garage, facing PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL, 52nd. Phone OWNER, Longacre 2722.

OFFICES at 125 Liberty St. also one floor sub-divided; immediate possession; long lease. For particulars apply The Bowne Co., World Building.

LOFTS, showrooms and store, 77 5th Av., moderate rent; immediate possession; light manufacturing permitted. Meltzer & Co. on premises. Phone Stuyvesant 6295.

IDEAL location for private school of dancing; rooms; parlor and library floors in newly decorated house, facing Riverside; rent reasonable; references. 538 West 726.

800 MADISON AV., (67TH ST).

Parlor floor; extra large rooms; business and living; rental now $2,000, formerly $4,200.

57TH ST., 329 WEST (Columbus Circle section)—Large single store, $1,500 per annum; also store, 19x29, $2,000. Inquire Superintendent, 330-332 West 58th St.

TO LET—Top floor loft, 50 West 33d St.; all improvements; no elevator; excellent for manufacturing. Inquire T. Robbs, 7 West 30th St.

OFFICES NEAR 57TH AV.

in modern building; immediate possession; moderate rental. Osgood Pell & Co., 9 West 40th St. Tel. Vanderbilt 5610.

GARAGE—50x80—GARAGE.

Modern, 8-story and basement, fireproof; good location, above 42d St.; principals only. Room 512, 665 5th Av.

FIREPROOF GARAGE.

Above 42d St., 8-story and basement, 21.8 by 87.6; priced right. Mr. Bylund, Room 501, 5th Av.

ALL LIGHT LOFT, 22x100.

Fireproof, sprinkler; $6,000. At 139 West 28th St.

DESK ROOM, telephone privilege; gas in stock; $30 monthly. Room 1804, 7 W. 34th St. Stuyvesant 7445.

5TH AV. (453 St.)—Office 220 sq. ft. Immediate occupancy. Vanderbilt 8900.

LIGHT, cheerful office to sublet; furnished or unfurnished. 29 West 34th.

PART of loft to let as manufacturing. American Made, 123 Bleecker St.

LOFTS—40 West 27th, 49 West 24, 137 Grand St. Spring 1862.

OFFICES to sublet, one large, one small. Quick Advertising Service, 1,133 Broadway, 42D, 25 WEST—Room 225; light furnished office with phone service.

30TH ST., 46 EAST—Loft, 22x23; fine manufacturing allowed, low rent.

OFFICE SPACE with stenographic service; best in city. Temperance 1620.

3D ST., 53 WEST—Corner loft, 50x80; heat, featuring. See Supt.

LOFTS to let, suitable studio, light manufacturing; 1,000 feet. 12 West 19th St.

GARAGE, West 30th, 125x100; principals only. Hofmann, 1,265 Broadway. Phone 3224.

HALF of loft to sublet. B & P Dress Co., 152 West 23d, 10th floor.

STORAGE—Suitable any business; low rent; 112-118 West

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

STORES WITH BASEMENTS.
5,000 SQ. FT. EACH.
150 WEST 25TH ST.

DESK, WITH TELEPHONE SERVICE. Downtown, attractive, convenient office. Rooms 219, 18 Park Row. Tel. Barclay 3320.

49TH ST., 61 WEST—Parlor floor, second floor, suitable physician or high-class business; Lewis, 17 West 45th St.

[illegible] SQ. FT. suitable for office or showroom, possession Feb. 1. Levin & Weinstein, 3 West 29th St.

47TH ST., 214 East—Loft; will alter to suit. J. S. Morphy.

Bronx.

FOR RENT—Garage, 10,500 square feet, just completed east side of Webster Av., near 173d St. Apply in August F. Schwarzler, 2,436 Grand Concourse, cor. 187th St. Tel. 4060 Fordham.

Brooklyn.

LOFTS, 5,000 sq. ft. each, in modern, light factory, steam heat, electricity; fireproof. Apply Belmont and Georgia Avs., Brooklyn. Telephone Fitzroy 7100.

LOFTS, fireproof, 6,500, 9,400 and 13,000 sq. ft. to suit and up. Henry L. Nielsen Offices 32 Court St., Brooklyn. Main 8284.

Long Island.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
5,000 to 100,000 square feet space; early occupancy will build to suit.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
Bridge 17-18. LONG ISLAND CITY.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

I WANT a loft or basement for storage only, between 30th and 42d Sts., on west side, about 5,000 square feet; possession May 1 or earlier. Give location and price. T 350 Times.

WANTED—INDEPENDENT OFFICE, furnished, 350-400 sq. ft., with three rooms; phone; strictly in financial district; immediate possession; not more 86 sq. ft. J. Clarence Davies, 32 Nassau St. John 1171.

LOFT, or part, about 1,200 square feet, Chambers to 14th St., Broadway, or vicinity; for manufacturing, state terms. Textile, T 374 Times Downtown.

VICINITY 14th to 42d, west side—Wanted, part of a loft or office space about 350 sq. ft. from which light shopping can be done. Jane Bree, 33d Lafayette St.

TWO nicely furnished or unfurnished offices, financial district, Broadway or Wall; must be reasonable. H 375 Times Downtown.

FACTORIES.

FACTORY and equipment for sale, located 16 miles from Newark on Lackawanna; concrete factory, 10,000 square feet, electric power, steam heat, detached office, garage, barn, 2 acres inland; rent station and trolley; railroad switch space, machinery, consisting presses, buffing lathes, nickeling apparatus, &c., alone worth $15,000; entire plant with machinery 50 per cent. below cost; suitable for novelty, metal, or jewelry manufacturing, open shop locality; terms reasonable. Address Y 2223 Times Annex.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

BROOKLYN, Queensboro, New Jersey factory properties, sale, rent and built on easy terms. Walter Baker Co., Factory Brokers, 756 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

WEST New York, N. J., factory, 24,000 square feet; corner 52d St., N. Y.; brick mill construction, sprinkler; elevator; heat; light on all sides; easy terms. Venco Corp., 410 Lewis St., Union Hill. Tel. Union 203.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

67TH AV., Near 29th St (4th Av. Hotel)—Two sunny rooms and bath, furnished; parquet floors; hotel service; $17.50 weekly.

135TH ST., 102 EAST (Union Square), Hotel Laclede—2 connecting room suite with bath, $21 week; 3 room suite with bath, $165 month; hotel service.

25TH ST., 35 EAST (Hotel Senton)—Attractively furnished 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; 1 block from subway; $17.50 up.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women, corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished, $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

45TH, 19 EAST—(Unusual) two rooms, kitchenette, $165, $185, $200, lease. Phipps.

45TH ST., 19 EAST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, refrigerator, new. Lady Jane (Store).

52D ST. (corner Lexington Av., 593)—Sitting, bedroom, bath; conveniences; references. Fox.

25TH ST., 64 EAST.

Beautifully furnished three-room housekeeping elevator apartment; under Douglas Elliman management; $100.

46TH, 18 EAST—Double room, bath, 2 rooms, any size suite; sublet 3 rooms, $250; special bargain, sublet apartment, 2 rooms, $150. Jacinto Hotel.

60TH, 14 EAST—Sublet 2 rooms, bath, $125. Desirable. Apartment Jacinto Hotel.

61ST ST., 154 EAST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $275 for 2 months. Telephone E. Baldwin, Madison Square 9470.

MADISON AV., corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; $45 per room, bath, up. Hotel Ashton.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON,
Madison Av., southwest corner 93d St.—Newly-decorated apartment, 1 room and bath, $45 up; 2 rooms, bath, $100 up; hotel service, extraordinary value; block from park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED apartments, choice localities, long, short leases; east and west side, 4-12 rooms.
CLARK REALTY COMPANY,
247 Madison Av. (45th St.) Vanderbilt 1450.

COZY 4-room furnished apartment for sale; $450. East 54th St.; rent $56. Appointment, Plaza 3171.

DOUGLAS GIBBONS & CO.,
6 East 45th St. Tel. Vanderbilt 628.
Choice selection of apartments and houses, furnished and unfurnished; season or year.

PARK AV., 1107 (79TH ST.)
GRAMERCY PARK (126 East 19th St.)—Exceptional opportunity to secure, at reduced rental, exquisitely furnished 3-room apartment, living room, 18x24, with brick open fireplace, Pembroke mantel, twin beds, Sheraton furniture, exceptional kitchen; maid service; will rent or sell; long lease. Inquire Housekeeper, Mr. DeFlores's apartment.

GRAMERCY PARK, EAST—10 rooms, 4 baths, 4 master bedrooms; 8 months or longer, $600 per month. E. S. VAN WINKLE, 152 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

GRAMERCY PARK SOUTH, 26 (Hotel Irving)—Two rooms and bath, facing beautiful Gramercy Park; all hotel service; table service; excellent; reasonable rates. Phone Gramercy 6284.

MADISON AV., 416 (near 48th St.)—Living room, bath; well furnished; day bed, elevator, telephone; maid service included.

RAILING REALTY COMPANY, 270 Park Av., Tel. Murray Hill 7914, offers furnished apartments at great sacrifice; Park, Madison, 5th Avs.; others east, west side sections.

UNUSUAL
artistically furnished two-room, bath and kitchenette apartments; cosy, comfortable, light, spotlessly clean; for refined people only; furnishings by New York decorator; in hotel and theatre districts; $100 to $200 monthly. Office 159 East 51st St. Phone Plaza 845.

Furnished—West Side.

107TH ST., 60 WEST—Three rooms, bath, kitchen, all improvements; $150.

113TH (just off 5th Av., Hotel Van Rensselaer)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service Stuy 1410.

24TH ST., 424 WEST (CHELSEA COTTAGE) SIX ROOMS, BATH, SLEEPING PORCH, FIREPLACE, CONVENIENCES; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. WATKINS 7892.

107TH—ONE, TWO, THREE ROOMS, KITCHENS, BATHS. CHELSEA 6065.

20TH—ONE, TWO, THREE ROOMS, KITCHENS, BATHS. CHELSEA 6065.

45TH ST., 36 WEST, Apt. 27—Two rooms and bath, for six weeks; immediate possession.

44TH ST., 44 WEST (Hotel Royalton)—Two rooms, fully furnished, and bath, service $150 per month, bachelors only.

47TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, tiled bath, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes, unquestionable applicants; high-est references essential; $65-$125 up monthly Longacre 3300.

45TH, 137 WEST—Beautifully furnished 2 rooms with private bath; complete hotel service; weekly rates. Bryant 574.

47TH, 135 WEST—To sublet, two rooms, bath; special rates for the balance of season. Mr. Sanborn, Hotel Flanders.

48TH, 61 WEST—2-room apartment, beautifully furnished, all improvements; $175. Apply Superintendent, or Chelsea 5229.

49TH, 310 WEST—Three rooms, heated; complete housekeeping; private bath; telephone.

80S—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; handsomely furnished; $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

42D ST., 223 WEST, COR. BROADWAY.
High-class elevator apartments, newly furnished; full hotel service.
ONE ROOM AND BATH, $90 UP.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $140 UP.
REFERENCES REQUIRED.

44TH ST. (At Broadway)—Hotel Albemarle; parlor, bedroom and bath; reasonable rates. Vanderbilt 1000.

50TH, 126 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, especially desirable for bachelors. Kent.

50TH, 43 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, especially desirable for bachelors. Kent.

54TH, 350 WEST—Furnished apartment, 4 rooms, neatly furnished. Apply Supt.

56TH, 63 WEST—Two rooms, bath; southern exposure; elegantly furnished; service; telephone.

Furnished—West Side.

64TH, 63 WEST—Two rooms, bath; southern exposure; private phone service. Morgan.

57TH ST., 240 WEST

MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND VALET SERVICE; TWO AND THREE ROOMS AND BATH; $110 TO $200; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

57TH, 150 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED TWO ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE APARTMENT; OPEN FIREPLACE; IDEAL FOR BACHELORS. BOYLE.

57TH, 100 WEST—Studio, parlor chamber, bath; telephone, elevator; 10 A. M. to 10 P. M. Chamberlain.

57TH, 54 WEST—Parlor, chamber, bath; elevator, telephone; new. Lady Jane (Store).

57TH—5 rooms, bath; handsomely furnished; $200 month. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

58TH, 21 WEST (5th Av.)—Beautifully furnished 2 large, sunny rooms, kitchenette, bath; new building; maid, valet; restaurant service; sublet furnished or unfurnished, or will lease with furnishings. Apartment 74. Telephone 6690 Plaza.

58TH, 21 WEST (5th Av.)—Beautifully furnished 2 large, sunny rooms, kitchenette, bath, apartment; new building; maid, valet, restaurant service. Apartment 74. 6690 Plaza.

58TH, 57 WEST—3 well-furnished rooms housekeeping, 8th floor; immediate possession.

58TH, 131 WEST—Apartment, 2 large, well furnished rooms; bath, kitchen. Wahl.

59TH, 21 WEST.
NEXT PLAZA HOTEL.

Exquisitely furnished front apartment, facing 58th St.; very large parlor with two wide windows and open wood fireplace; done by decorator in old gold and Chinese blue; grand piano, handsome floor lamp; bedroom in blue and white; kitchenette with oven big enough to roast a duck; restaurant in building; maid and valet service. Plaza 9680, ask for Mrs. Prescott's apartment; open any time.

59TH, 58 WEST—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; also sublet apartment for Winter; $250 month. Stein.

60S (Park)—Six rooms, duplex studio apartment; elegantly furnished three master's bedrooms; hotel service; lease, October, $400; June, $450; immediate possession. Cathedral 5825.

61ST, 10 WEST (The Pasadena, Corner Broadway, Near Elevated and Subway)—Newly decorated, two, three, four rooms, bath, light, linen, maid service included; rate, $30-$55 weekly; $5, $10, $15 daily; restaurant in building. Columbus 4400.

64TH ST., 1 WEST (HARPERLEY HALL). Two rooms, bath and kitchenette apartments; attractively furnished; overlooking Central Park; available from Dec. 18 to April 1; rental $300 a month.

65TH, 7 WEST—High-class three-room apartment (kitchen), $160 month, lease. Tracey.

68TH, 14 WEST—Two rooms, bath, hotel accommodations, $150; also unfurnished apartments.

69TH ST., 3 WEST—Beautifully furnished, three large rooms, high-class house, one flight up; lease; maid service; $225.

69TH ST., 245 WEST (The New West End)—Two-three room apartments, bath, kitchenette; $95-$130; references required.

70'S—5 rooms, baths; handsomely furnished; $225. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

72D ST., 210 WEST (Corner Broadway)—Three rooms, living room, bedroom, real kitchen and bath; elevator; restaurant in building; southern exposure; long or short lease. Telephone Columbus 9301. Apt. 2A. Smith.

72D ST., WEST (Near RIVERSIDE DRIVE). A wonderful furnished apartment in modern, exclusive building, consisting of ten rooms and four baths; will lease from Jan. 1 to July 1 for $1,200 per month only. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

72D ST., 122 WEST—Unusually large, 2-room apartment, kitchenette; Oriental rugs, handsome furnishings; long or short lease. Phone Columbus 7864, or call after 10:30.

72D ST. (Broadway)—Beautiful furnished three-room apartment, kitchen, $250. Cathedral 5825.

72D ST.—We have a selected list of furnished and unfurnished apartments. Louis P. Dowdney, 247 West 72d St.

72D ST., 210 WEST—Two rooms, light, neatly furnished. Apply Apartment 6E.

73D ST., 102 WEST (Hotel Nicholson)—Several beautiful furnished two-room suites, with bath; moderate monthly and weekly rates; $100 monthly up; $25 weekly up.

73D, 142 WEST—Elegant 2-room apartment; high-class; monthly; board optional.

74TH, 251 WEST—Two-three rooms, bath, kitchenette; sacrifice. Tel. Mur. Hill 7014.

75TH, 67 WEST—Six elegantly furnished rooms, three master bedrooms, modern elevator apartment; rooms furnished with discriminating taste, Turkish rugs, silver, linen, Steinway Duo-Art player-piano; must be seen to appreciate; $400 monthly. Mornings only. Apartment 81, Schuyler 1266.

76TH (344 West End Av.)—Luxuriously furnished two-room apartment; high-class; sublease.

77TH ST., 338 WEST (corner Riverside Drive) Overlooking beautiful Hudson; suite of 3 large rooms and bath expensively furnished; piano, &c.; $275 per month, including maid service. Apply Superintendent.

77TH (Columbus Av.)—Three or four rooms, including large kitchen, in apartment, home of private family. Schuyler 6182.

79TH ST., 213 (near Broadway)—Entire floor, open fireplaces, or unfurnished.

80TH, 102 WEST—Apartments, one, two rooms, furnished; unfurnished; full hotel service.

80'S—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; piano; $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

81ST, BROADWAY—Elegantly furnished corner apartment, 7 rooms, 3 baths. Schuyler 818.

81ST ST., Columbus Av.—Apartments, beautifully furnished, 3 and 5 rooms, bath, $125 per month up. Hotel Colonial.

81ST, 203 WEST (7 F)—Charming 3-room, attractively furnished apartment; kitchen; elevator; immediate.

82D ST., 57 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchen, modern apartment, completely furnished, to sublet. Gilhalm.

89TH, 305 WEST—Beautiful large suites, 2d floor, bath, kitchenette; $75-$100.

92ND ST., 324 WEST, END AV., WEST END CHAMBERS—UNFURNISHED SUITES AND ROOMS, MAID SERVICE; UNUSUAL CUISINE; AMERICAN PLAN.

85TH, 159 WEST—5 rooms, bath, beautifully furnished; long, short lease. Wool.

86TH, 331 WEST—An apartment de luxe; whole floor; four rooms, bath, beautifully furnished, including baby grand piano, maid service, gas, electricity; $275 monthly.

86TH, 319 WEST—3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, handsomely furnished; every improvement; maid service, electric light free; entire floor; tenants: rental $1,500 and $1,800.

45TH, 203 WEST—Entire floor, private house, three rooms and bath; possession Jan. 1; rent $90. Anderson.

90'S—Apartment, 6 rooms, bath; piano; $180. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

90S (West End)—Five rooms, two bedrooms; exceptionally furnished; $225. Columbus 3974.

97TH, 142 WEST—Beautiful floor, grand piano, small kitchenette; $150 month. Professor.

97TH, 250 WEST (Apartment 1C)—Private suite, 2 rooms and bath. Phone Riverside 9431.

97TH, 308 WEST—Six rooms; southern exposure; elevator house; excellent transit facility.

96TH AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE—8 rooms, 2 baths; baby grand, library; $400. Beresford. Riverside 3308.

100S (Riverside Drive Mansion)—Two huge rooms; real kitchenette; eight windows, facing river; beautifully furnished; ivory bedroom; grand piano, Orientals, elevator; $283. Cathedral 5825.

101ST ST., 311 WEST—Completely furnished, five outside rooms, elevator, apartment; nine months' lease; $175. River 7550. Apt. 41. Leaving town.

106TH, 320 WEST—High-class two-room, bath, kitchenette apartment. Inquire janitor.

107TH, 203 WEST—Attractive 5-room apartment; exceptionally furnished; select fireproof house, telephone, elevator, shower bath; complete kitchen.

111TH ST. (372 Manhattan Av.)—Six beautiful rooms, facing Park. Cathedral 8711.

118TH, 210 WEST—HOTEL CECIL, ATTRACTIVE 1 ROOM APARTMENTS, WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

129TH, 640 WEST—3 rooms and bath, heat, electricity; housework. Morningside 8060. Apt. 4.

140S (near Drive)—4 rooms, bath; piano; $120. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

164TH ST., 562 WEST (Apartment 8D.)—Going South; 6 beautiful rooms, 2 baths, furnished, Jan. 1 to June 1; best references required. Telephone Wadsworth 5020.

A FEW DESIRABLE APARTMENTS.
Rental $100 to $150 monthly.
Clark Realty Co., 347 Madison Av.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY. Exclusive listings. Consult Mrs. DINGLEMAN, renting specialist, 129 W. 72d. Col. 838.
AVAILABLE NOW.
Two to six room, kitchen and kitchenette apartments; elevator, non-elevator; rates $80 up; references essential. Office (open Sunday), 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1047

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 335 (Between 93d-94th)—Will sell furniture 9-room front apartment, 2 baths, modern 12-story building, for $2,500, give my lease $150 month; rooms overlook Park and lake; 8th floor; wonderful view; new, elegant furniture; bargain; leaving for South; immediate possession; or will rent for $350 month. Apt. 62.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 386—Eight large, light rooms, newly decorated, magnificently furnished; beautiful view; elevator; immediate possession; $300.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 100—Eight rooms, two baths; $500 month, including service. Apt. 5A.

CONVENT AV., 349—Large room, dressing room, bath, kitchenette; two; private dwelling.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

CROSBY FURNISHED APARTMENTS,
E. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d. Col. 1077.

DOCTOR'S APARTMENT, two rooms, bath; furnished, unfurnished; hotel service. 125 West 30th St.

EXCEPTIONALLY WELL FURNISHED 9-room and 3-bath apartment, complete in every detail; finest location on Riverside Drive; wonderful view of Hudson River; possession to Sept. 15, 1921.
Apply WOOD, DOLSON & CO., INC., Broadway and 80th St. Phone Schuyler 1160.

FURNISHED or unfurnished apartment, four rooms, bath; bright and cheerful. Apply Esler, 234 West 79th St.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS SPECIALIST, Wickliffe Gray, 240 West 72d. Columbus 2074.

GREENWICH VILLAGE, 31 (Barrow St.)—Living room with 3 large windows, beautiful open fireplace, bedroom, bath; electricity; rare color scheme, attractive and comfortable furniture; $185, 1 or more years' lease.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT, SEASON OR LONGER, IN SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

NEW FURNITURE in five-room apartment; rent, $70; bargain if taken at once. Wadsworth 2756J.

POST AV., 70—Will sublet my handsomely furnished 4-room apt., immediate occupancy, $110. See superintendent. Greenwood.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 350—Five rooms, two bedrooms, exceptionally furnished; splendid view; immediate possession; $225. Morningside 620, Apt. 31.

SMALL, housekeeping apartment to rent for holidays; good location; near 5th Av. Berlock Co., 46 West 49th St. Bryant 8656.

WASHINGTON SQUARE—Large, four rooms, bath; regular kitchen, piano, Victrola, sewing machine, linens, silver, sunlight; suitable two or three adults; three to six weeks; $30 or $40 week; responsible; private telephone. 2327 Spring.

WEST END AV.—DELIGHTFUL APARTMENT, magnificently furnished, eight rooms, three baths; piano, Orientals, period furniture, &c.; rent only $290 month for remaining three years of five-year lease; furnishings alone worth $30,000; will sell complete with lease, $11,500, account family changes. J. Clarence Davies, 51 East 42d. Vanderbilt 3175.

WEST END AV., 412—Six unusually large outside rooms, bath, maid's lavatory; rooms luxuriously furnished, Oriental rugs, electric grand piano, phonograph; owner leaving city, will sublet January to October, $375 month, or January to May, $125 month. Telephone Schuyler 1862, or call at Apartment 3 north.

WEST END AV., 839 (corner 101st)—Six rooms, bath, handsomely and completely furnished; phone, piano; light, cheerful rooms, overlooking Hudson River; first-class building and service; $350 per month, or will consider selling for $4,800. Apartment 7F. Phone Riverside 4083 after 7 P. M. week days or all day Sunday.

WEST END AV., 646—Unusual 3-room furnished apartment, real kitchenette, facing West End; $175. Riverside 10015, Supt.

WEST END AV., 681—Completely furnished 2-room, bath, kitchenette apartment. Janitor.

WEST END AV., 819 (90th St.)—Two large rooms, kitchenette, bath, handsomely furnished, inspection 2 to 5 daily. Thomas.

WEST END AV., 8 ROOMS, 3 BATHS. Handsomely furnished; 4 months. Vand. 1400

WILL sublet, Jan. 1, handsomely furnished apartment, large living room, grand piano, bedroom, bath, shower, kitchenette, 2 large closets, 127 West 70th St., 2d floor; $250 month. Apply L. J. Phillips, 148 W. 72d St.

Furnished—Bronx.

FURNISHED FLAT, five rooms and bath; bathroom heated, hot water supply; rent $65 per month. Franklin Av. near 168th St.; references required. V 744 Times Downtown.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

THREE adjoining rooms, studio apartment, near subway, 9,850 Elliott Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. Tel. Prospect 5000.

BAY RIDGE AV., 321 (half block Broadway subway)—Completely furnished, $60 up.

Furnished—New Jersey.

NINE-ROOM apartment, finest section East Orange, furnishings highest modern type; easy commutation, train or tube; immediate possession or Jan. 1 to March 15. Phone Orange 1947-R.

Unfurnished—East Side.

21ST, 141 EAST (Gramercy Park)—Two rooms and bath; non-housekeeping; $1,400. WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

27TH, 39-43 EAST (between Madison and 4th Avs.)—High-class apartments, 3-4-7 rooms; possession; agent on premises.

30TH, 32 EAST (adjoining Hotel Martha Washington)—Beautiful, newly decorated apartments, high ceilings, splendid light, also two stores for rent. Apply to Manager Martha Washington Hotel.

36TH ST., 168 EAST—Murray Hill Section; roof bungalow; 5 rooms, 2 baths, roof gardens, elevator; immediate possession; $5,000.

38TH ST., 135 EAST.
Two and 3 room roof apartments, all modern improvements, open fireplaces; $100-$125. Shown today, 1 to 4.

60TH, 42 EAST—Apt., unfurnished, 2 rooms and bath, $135 month. Phone Plaza 2974.

62D, 17 EAST (Near 5th Av.)—Attractive 3 large rooms, bath, foyer, fireplace; lease furnished or unfurnished; $185; lease; will redecorate; open for inspection. Phone Hanover 6895.

BEEKMAN PLACE, 28 (East 50th)—Elegant back parlor; private bath, kitchenette; all improvements. Telephone Plaza 4801.

MADISON AV., 715—Three rooms and bath; recently decorated, non-housekeeping, $1,500. WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

800 MADISON AV. (68TH).
Beautiful floor, 2 extra large rooms, bath, kitchen; was $225; now $185 month.

909 MADISON AV.
Three small rooms, bath and kitchenette; top floor; $75 month. Telephone Plaza 1827.

PARK AV. AND 82D ST.
Will sublet unfurnished my 7 rooms, 2 baths, corner apartment, fine sun. Jan. 1 to Oct. 1, 1921, at $200 per month. Seen by appointment with T. J. S. Flint, 7 East 42d St. Phone 6445 Murray Hill.

PROMINENT LOCATION—Corner apartment to lease, 10 rooms, 4 baths, section. West Bronx; desirable for dentist. Harry T. F. Johnson, 210 East 188th St.

Unfurnished—West Side.

107TH (Washington Square)—Apartment, five rooms, bath; $145. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

113ST ST., 315 WEST—Strictly high-class fireproof apartments of two rooms and bath; maid service optional; desirable tenants; rental $1,500 and $1,800.

203 WEST—Entire floor, private house, three rooms and bath; possession Jan. 1; rent $90. Anderson.

47TH, 47 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, $1,200. Donovan, premises. Cortlandt 4269.

49TH ST., 126 WEST.
Newly renovated, attractive apartment, six rooms and bath, kitchen, steam heat, electricity, rent, $1,200 to $1,400; rooms with immediate occupancy. Apply "The Gardens Apt." by station, or phone Boulevard 6545. Guyon L. C. Earle, Agent, 260 West 86th St., N. Y. Tel Schuyler 8399.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

APARTMENT, high class, six rooms and bath, all modern improvements; elevator service; three minutes' walk from Brick Church Station, one block from trolley. Inquire janitor, 81-83 Harrison St., East Orange, N. J.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED—Furnished apartment, eight or nine rooms, vicinity Central Park, for two or three months, beginning Jan. 1, 1921; best references given. Mrs. Prentiss N. Gray, 34 Park Av., Larchmont, New York. Tel. Larchmont 0836.

YOUNG business executive wants independent apartment of two rooms, bath, kitchenette, well furnished; preferably with maid service; West 59th to 86th St.; Jan. 1 possession; rental up to $150 monthly. S 628 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Furnished apartment from Jan. 1 to June 1, containing 4 bedrooms and 2 baths; also maid's room and bath; do not require silver or linens; rent must be reasonable. P. O. Box 538, Woodmere, L. I.

WANTED—By 3 adults, 4-5-6 room furnished apartment (2 bedrooms); $175 to $200 rent to October. L 242 Times.

MODERN 3-room, furnished, wanted by young married couple; Wadsworth section. Blumenfield, 927 Av. St. John.

BACHELOR wants 7-8 room furnished apartment; bath, kitchenette; $100-$150 monthly. K 200 Times.

FIVE or six well furnished rooms; elevator; 3 adults; full particulars; moderate; immediate possession. Responsible, H 290 Times.

ADULTS want 7-8 room apartment; below 96th; $800. Columbus 1278.

COUPLE want 5-6 room apartment; below 116th; around $250. Columbus 1278.

SEND details of your Fur. Apts. to rent. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

Unfurnished.

FAMILY requires possession of unfurnished apartment Jan. 15; must contain four bedrooms and two baths, also maid's room and bath; three years' lease. B 1019 Times Annex.

WANTED—3-room apartment with kitchen; east or west, between Washington Square and 90th St.; not over $75. M 280 Times.

SEVEN ROOMS, west side below 96th St.; specify rent. Y 2215 Times Annex.

BONUS—Couple want 5-6 rooms, west side; $40. Watkins 6000, Hogman.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

14TH ST., 6 EAST—A beautiful large front room, suitable business or living; finely furnished; references. De Spotie.

30TH cor. Lexington Av., (163)—Exclusively for women; $11 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $14 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly and up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH ST., 125 EAST—Large room; two gentlemen; twin beds; permanent; references.

60TH, 55 EAST (near Park Av.)—Comfortable room; gentleman; steam heat; electricity; telephone.

60TH, 18 EAST—Rooms, adjoining bath, $40-$50 month; also room, bath.

EXCEPTIONAL light room, two blocks from 176th St. and Jerome Av. station, for refined young man, with young Jewish couple. Harlem 6278.

GENTLEMAN has beautifully furnished, 3-room, bath apartment; share with gentleman; every conceivable improvement; $15 weekly. H 192 Times.

LARGE PARLOR and bedroom; steam heat, hot water; beside Grand Central; suitable two gentlemen. Phone Vanderbilt 5629.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,476—Room for gentleman; all conveniences; two flights up. Tuthill.

LEXINGTON AV., 682 (54th)—Large rooms, newly decorated; running water; $10; gentlemen.

MADISON AV.—One or two rooms, together; private family; elevator apartment; comfortable, artistic; kitchen privileges. Phone 0673 Lenox.

MADISON AV., 785 (66th)—Attractive large rooms, running water, electricity; $12; gentlemen.

MADISON AV., 1,185—Large front room, elevator, one flight up; cooking privileges.

West Side.

9TH ST., 41 WEST (Vanderbilt Studios)—High-class resident studios; private bath; $100-$125; one small single studio, $45; furnished studio rate, $15 and $25 additional; references exchanged.

16TH ST., 51 WEST.
"OLD CHELSEA."
Charming, immaculate, with or without bath; electricity; restaurant, delicious meals, connected.

44TH, 126 WEST—Large front room, private entrance; gentlemen; $60 monthly. Green.

47TH, 108 WEST (Raleigh Hall)—A residence for men; attractively furnished rooms, with and without baths or showers; writing, smoking, lounge, billiard rooms.

61ST, 27 WEST—Room for bachelor; electricity, steam, bath; accessible; private "client" block, on parlor floor; $10 Columbus 0078. Call morning or evening.

81ST, 110 WEST—Comfortable large and medium room, electricity, select house; references.

67TH, WEST—Single room, studio apartment; bath adjoining; business woman. Columbus 1123.

70TH, 28 WEST—Large, attractive room, private bath, electricity, steam, coal, hot water; medium size room; gentlemen; references.

70TH, 135 WEST—Select house; second floor front, suite two rooms, bath; attractively furnished in blue and ivory; other rooms, with bath; $18, $20.

70TH, 59 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

70TH, 317 WEST—Large, front room, running water, electricity, adjoining bath; $18.

70TH, 200 WEST (Apt. 7 E)—Desirable room in most convenient locality, price $10 weekly; references. Phone Columbus 5557.

(7TH, 219 WEST—SUNNY FRONT PARLOR; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

70TH, 60 WEST—Large, cheerful room, southern exposure, heat, bath floor.

71ST ST., WEST—Gentlemen, couple, large, luxurious room, twin beds, open fireplace, highest type, private american home; breakfast, dinner; unusual opportunity; references. Columbus 8194.

71ST, 61 AND 63 WEST—BEAUTIFUL DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $18-$25 EACH.

71ST, 110 WEST—Large, sunny room; private bath, electricity; smaller room; references.

71ST, 147 WEST—Desirable room, large closet and washroom; bath adjacent.

71ST, 340 WEST—Well furnished single room; private home; reference.

72D, 328 WEST (Riverside)—Newly furnished room; wonderful river view; $25.

72D, 344 WEST—Double room, bath, electricity; southern exposure; refined household.

73D, WEST — ATTRACTIVE ROOM WITH BATH, $25 PER WEEK; SPACIOUS CLOSETS; LARGE PRIVATE RESIDENCE; ELEVATOR, ELECTRIC LIGHT, &C.; BREAKFAST IF DESIRED. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 658.

73D, 152 WEST—Exclusive bachelor suite, 2 large rooms, bath, high ceilings, hardwood floors, large closets; elegantly furnished; Oriental rugs, silk hangings, &c.; maid, linen service, phone, breakfast.

73D, 140 WEST—LARGE, SUNNY DOUBLE ROOM, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

73D, 142 WEST—Elegant 2-room suite, private bath; electricity; board optional.

73D, 156 WEST — Handsomely furnished large front room; references.

74TH, 45 AND 8 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES.

75TH, 56 WEST—Room with bath, electricity; references. Tel. 8017 Columbus.

76TH, 237 WEST.
Newly furnished residence, large, private bath; also small; reasonable.

76TH, 116 WEST—Large, warm rooms, running water, electricity, phone; $12.

76TH, 305 WEST—Attractive rooms, with, without bath; high class house.

77TH, 127 WEST—Desirable medium room, gentlemen; references; reasonable.

79TH, 224 WEST—Beautifully furnished large room, running water, adjoining bath, all modern conveniences; gentleman.

81ST ST., Columbus Av. (Hotel Colonial)—Have completed 17 new single rooms, with use of bath, for men; complete hotel service; rates $10 weekly.

82D, 222 WEST—Large front room, tiled bathroom, shower, electricity; gentleman preferred.

82D, 100 WEST—Front room and front bedroom; all conveniences. Koenig.

82D, 15 WEST—Large, attractive front room; refined, quiet home; business couple.

84TH ST., 120 WEST—Attractive, adjoining front rooms for gentleman or couple; references. Hernando, third floor.

84TH, 55 WEST (3d floor back)—Adjoining bath; well heated; $15 per week; no cooking; house well kept.

85TH ST., 524 WEST END AV., WEST END CHAMBERS—FURNISHED SUITES AND ROOMS; MAID SERVICE; UNUSUAL CUISINE; AMERICAN PLAN.

85TH, 253 WEST (Berkley Chambers)—Attractive large room, adjoining bath; references.

86TH ST., 160 WEST—Refined family would rent large furnished room and bath; steam heat; newly renovated; private house; gentleman only. Tel. Schuyler 8235.

86TH, 338 WEST—Attractive large, double room, private bathroom and use kitchen.

87TH, 50 WEST (half block Central Park)—Well furnished large front room and dressing room with hot and cold water; all modern conveniences; references exchanged. Schuyler 7767.

87TH ST., 139 WEST—Large room, twin beds, electricity, phone.

88TH, 344 WEST—Owner will rent large front room, lavatory; also small room; gentlemen; absolutely first class.

89TH, 72 WEST—Refined couple will sublet two lovely connecting rooms, high-class apartment; mahogany furnishings, steam heat, electricity, parquet; reasonable. Ille, Schuyler 3334.

89TH, 330 WEST (Riverside)—Attractive room, southern exposure, kitchenette privileges; adjoining bath.

89TH, 320 WEST—Large rooms, with or without bath, kitchenette privileges.

91ST ST., 50 WEST—Large room; southern exposure; adjoining bath; electricity; $16.

91ST, 304 WEST—Large rooms, private baths, $16-$22; small room, $8.

92D, 202 WEST—3 large housekeeping rooms, attractively furnished; every convenience. Riley.

96D, 4 WEST—Attractive front suite, parlor and bedroom; independent entrance; elevator apartment; gentlemen; reference. Tierney, Apt. 5E.

93D, 120 WEST—Large, front, well-furnished room with bath, electric light, telephone; also large room adjoining bath.

93D, 216 WEST—Pretty furnished bed and living room; also single; couple or gentlemen; reference. Apt. 4I.

93D (Opposite Central Park)—Beautiful room, housekeeping optional; elevator; reference. River 6908.

96TH, 54 WEST—Splendid second floor, sunny room; well kept house; twin beds; electricity; kitchen privileges; housewife surroundings.

96TH, 34 WEST—Comfortably furnished room; heat, hot water; gentlemen; very reasonable.

97TH, 64 WEST—Large room, kitchenette privilege; electricity, telephone.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

Unfurnished.

FAMILY requires possession of unfurnished apartment Jan. 15; must contain four bedrooms and two baths, also maid's room and bath; three years' lease. B 1019 Times Annex.

SIX rooms, front, elevator, west side; adults; $1,800 annually. L 242 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED

45 years a firm.

West Side.

57TH (corner Lexington Av., 153)—Rooms with meals, $15 weekly up; cooking, hotel service, elevator; for women exclusively. Hotel Ellington.

37 EAST 36TH ST.
Rooms, private bath; table board; references.

MADISON AV., 213 (near 38th)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

74TH ST., 18 WEST—Suite, 2 elegant bedrooms;

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

FINANCE EXPERT—Ex-army officer, college graduate, employed at present; expert correspondent, organizer, promoter, comptroller, auditor, editor, investigator; twenty-five years' business experience; well established or well-financed institutions considered; will "deliver the goods" or retire; minimum salary $4,000. H 295 Times.

GARDENER, single, take charge, well trained herdsman, poultry, private; thorough, capable; a real expert. K 218 Times.

MAN, 47, American, active and energetic, desires to procure a position of an outside nature, rent collections, installments accounts or anything of like nature; twenty-three years' last place; references and bond if required. H. A. Kesler, 220 Park Place, Brooklyn.

MAN, farmer, aged 31, single, desires position as foreman; experienced farming, orchard and dairy, also use of up-to-date and modern farm machinery; excellent references. Address J. E., care of Klenzle, 543 West 180th St.

MAN—West Indian, excellent address, exhibitor offers services to party sailing for Europe for part expenses of passage. B 741 Times Downtown.

NURSE, practical, companion to elderly woman. Riverside 6878.

OFFICE MAN, EXPERT.

Young man, 26, married, good education, desires permanent position; six years' office experience; capable assistant to executive; at present employed; $36 per week. K 207 Times.

OFFICE MAN, finance work, young man, experienced in bookkeeping, auditing and payroll work; had charge of finance office out of town, seeks position; A1 references. A 475 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, &c.; experienced man, high class assistant, college education, seeks engagement now or first year; expert stenographer, accountant and penman; residential position country estate, yacht or institution acceptable; no investment; highest credentials as to character, loyalty and ability. K 145 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE—ENERGETIC BUSINESS MAN, 37, SPENDING THE WINTER IN FLORIDA, SEEKS TO REPRESENT FIRM MANUFACTURING AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES OR NOVELTIES; HIGHEST CREDENTIALS FURNISHED; ONLY BONA FIDE PROPOSITIONS DESIRED. M. C. STEES, GENERAL DELIVERY, JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

REPRESENTATIVE.

Ex-army officer, thoroughly familiar with customs and languages of and well known in South America, seeks position as representative. K 219 Times.

SALESMAN, present employed, large jobbing house, wall paper, decoratives, fruit stores in city, desires position with concern selling to this trade; preferable wholesale grocery house; salary and commission. K 180 Times.

SALES PROMOTER, systematizer, stenographer, lady, pleasing appearance, convincing talker, desires position, any line; 14 years' successful experience; age 27; Christian. H 747 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 5 years' experience selling woolens, automobile fabrics and rubber goods, wishes to connect with reliable house handling stable line. J. 233 Times.

SALESMAN, with large silk house 10 years, having large following, wishes to connect with mill making silks. A 460 Times.

SALESMAN-COLLECTOR, live wire, cash bond, desires substantial connections; can handle canvassing crews; good references. K 434 Times.

SALESMAN 26, experienced, best references, desires position with reliable concern; salary or salary and commission. L. 226 Times.

SALESMAN, qualified drug, chemical, pharmaceutical, perfumers, specialties, also open for the sale of fully established houses considered. K 148 Times.

SALESMAN, young man, knowing the automobile, tire and accessory business, seeks connection. B 283 Times.

SECRETARY, personally competent, experienced, eligible; verifiable; references; salary commensurate. A 453 Times.

SECRETARY, experienced and of wide acquaintance in city, not a stenographer. B 1095 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY, private, office manager, correspondent; general office routine; refined. M 283 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, textile and warehouse experience; take entire charge. M 288 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, knowledge of Spanish, experienced, seeks position; references. K 158 Times.

SILK MAN who has worked with largest of silk mills for number of years as inside man, who has knowledge of business and is well known amongst trade, desires connection. B 734 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. 4 years' experience, high school education. Desires responsible position; salary $25. K 72 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, experienced, capacity, interity, seeks desirable position. B 746 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience, quick, accurate; good references. H 749 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, desires position where refinement and tact are requisites. H 944 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, efficient, executive training, desires position. K 208 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, good personality. H 943 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK—Young man, 23, six years' experience as stock clerk and salesman, desires position with importing or commission house; best references. Hector Reid, 115 Franklin St., New York, N. Y.

WRITER, 33, wishes any kind of employment; quick, imaginative, willing to start and learn. L 240 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 27, five years' steamship experience, freight and passenger department, also clerical duties, wishes connection with steamship company. Box 192 Times, 1 Rector St.

YOUNG MAN, willing, experienced stenographer, knowledge of bookkeeping; high school graduate; good reference; ability. H 906 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18, high school education, 2 years' business experience, willing worker, wishes position in office of large mercantile concern; excellent references. M 281 Times.

YOUNG JAPANESE, college graduate, wishes position as gentleman's secretary or accompany gentleman traveling. Y 2227 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN wishes position as companion for boy of 10-14 or elderly gentleman; references. L 237 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, willing to learn good trade. S. Singer, 349 East 84th St.

YOUNG MAN wishes clerical, stenographic work, mornings, till 1. A 493 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, ambitious and conscientious, wants position; references. H 942 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, cartoonist, desires position in his line. K 204 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position anything; no office experience. M 276 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires clerical position; experience: 2½. B 1008 Times Harlem.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ARTIST—Freehand letterer required; Christian firm. Higgins, 37 East 28th.

ATTENDANT in dispensary; experience unnecessary; hours 12:30 to 5:30; $6 week y. Call 231 East 57th.

BILLING CLERK,

accurate, advertising experience preferred; reference held confidential; state salary. S 486 Times.

BILLER — Elliott-Fisher bookkeeping machine; experienced, accurate; full particulars; references held confidential; salary wanted. V 278 Times.

BOOKKEEPER,

ASSISTANT, in LARGE DRESS HOUSE; ONLY THOSE HAVING EXPERIENCE IN THIS LINE NEED APPLY; NEATNESS ESSENTIAL. WITH OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. BEAUKART DRESS CO., 24 WEST 33D ST.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER—State experience and if employed at present; also salary expected; office located at Bush Terminal, Brooklyn. Y 2240 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, EXECUTIVE, office manager, cashier, long experience, full charge; loyal, punctual and energetic; references; bond. K 187 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, efficient and experienced; state qualifications. V 733 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER with general experience. L. L. STRAUSS, 360 7th Av.

CLERK, neat and accurate, for tire company near Columbus Circle; salary $18. M 279 Times.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.

HARPER'S BAZAR has an opening for a thoroughly experienced and competent dictaphone operator; applicant must be a high school graduate, have a practical working knowledge of the Spanish language and be capable of meeting people gracefully. Hours 9-6, half day Saturday.

INTERNATIONAL MAGAZINE CO., 119 WEST 40TH ST., MRS. HUBACH, 11TH FLOOR.

HELP WANTED—Female.

GIRL wanted, bright and capable, of neat appearance, for temporary work, to take in money; must be well recommended; hours 9:30 to 5:30; $16 per week. Call before 10:30 A. M. at 91 Vaughan, 265 Ramsen St., Brooklyn.

GIRL, bright, for office work; some knowledge of typewriting desirable; call Friday, 12 to 1, or Saturday morning. Room 1040, 225 5th Av.

HOUSEWORKER, white, for Pelham, N. Y.; small family; good wages. Mrs. Bowne, 111 Loring Av. Phone 2143 Pelham.

LEDGER CLERK—Mail order experience preferred; must be able to take trial balance and over 17 years of age; good salary and position. Apply 37th St. entrance, Supt. Office, Stewart & Co., 37th St. and 5th Av.

MILLINERY DESIGNER and practical milliner, who can impart her knowledge to others; write and tell your whole story; position salary. S 423 Times.

MILLINERY DESIGNER,

medium priced trimmed hats; permanent position to right woman. Paradise Hat Co., 29 West 29th.

MODELS—SIZE 18,

COSTUME AND DRESSES; MUST HAVE SMART APPEARANCE; GOOD SALARY. HELLMAN & BLOTTA, 321 5TH AV.

MODEL FOR SUITS,

SIZE 16. APPLY A. GARFUNKEL & ISAACS, 39 WEST 26TH ST.

MOTHER'S HELPER; white girl to assist mother in taking care of baby; good home; sleep in. Apply Hinden, 97 Fort Washington Av., or care of Steil, 33 East 32d St.

NURSE, GRADUATE,

to take charge of floor at night. Apply Superintendent of Nurses, People's Hospital, 203 2d Av.

NURSE, UNDERGRADUATE,

for floor duty. Write or apply Superintendent of Nurses, People's Hospital, 203 2d Av.

NURSEMAID—Will give refined woman or girl home, wages for helping with child. Mrs. Durand, 54 Vermilyea Av.

NURSES, graduates, general day, night duty; good salaries. Superintendent Nurses, Melrose 3285.

NURSES, graduates; surgical nurses for hospital; immediate duty; day, $70; night, $75. 231 East 57th.

NURSES—Graduates and undergraduates for general duty in hospital. Call Superintendent of Nurses, Stuyvesant 3084.

NURSE, undergraduate, for night duty. New York Orthopaedic Hospital, 420 East 59th.

NURSE, practical, for infant, country. Bayside 455.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, Christian firm; hours 8 to 5:30; $12 weekly. Call 231 East 57th.

PHOTOGRAPHIC RETOUCHERS on fine portrait work. Underwood & Underwood, 417 5th Av.

SALESWOMEN,

JAMES McCREERY & CO.

REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF

SALESWOMEN

FOR HOLIDAY DEPARTMENT;

EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY;

LIBERAL SALARY.

APPLY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, 5TH FLOOR, 35TH ST. EMPLOYES' ENTRANCE.

SALESWOMEN, TRAVELING,

wanted; saleswomen who can carry as a side line, on a commission basis; nationally advertised, well-tailored ladies' suits and coats; all territory open; small cities particularly and schools. Apply, full particulars and reference, Y 2202 Times Annex.

SALESWOMEN—Sell Unikit during spare time; handsome commission; new patent, made in gold and silver, like expensive, small fountain pen; contains entire manicuring outfit; men and women buy it on sight; will furnish leads to reputable persons. Unikit Co., 95 Madison Av.

SALESLADY—Experienced and attractive girl for exclusive ladies' tailor. B. Weinstein, 20 West 36th St.

SECRETARY—STENOGRAPHER,

educated, experienced in the importation of high-grade woolen piece goods; good salary, refined surroundings; excellent opportunity offered by important corporation; state qualifications fully, references. Y 725 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-BOOKKEEPER, educated executive, real worker, permanent; references; religion; dentist's office. Y 2101 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED

by old-established Gentile advertising agency of high standing; must be competent correspondent, experienced in drug or toilet goods or similar line; also in a lesser degree; high school or college education; also one good dictaphone operator desired. S 421 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Long established export-import corporation offers a real opportunity to a capable, experienced young woman, not afraid of hard work; give full details first letter to receive consideration. T 780 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, and office assistant in Christian office of five doctors; must be efficient and reliable, capable of taking medical dictation. Address, Executive Secretary, Ground floor, 360 Park Av.

STENOGRAPHER and typist wanted by secretary of large company; must be neat in appearance, accurate, willing and have knowledge of filing; Christian concern. S 269 Times.

STENOGRAPHER for very fine position; must have considerable experience; good salary and permanent position. Ruder Bros., 110 West 34th.

STENOGRAPHER—Christian firm, in Fifth Av. Building; ideal position for girl from good home; $25; state full particulars. H 288 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, metal and celluloid novelty showroom and office; must have sales experience in similar line; start $18; permanent employment. P 258 Times.

STENOGRAPHER — Experienced, well-educated woman, over 30 years old; opportunity for advancement in publishing office. M 291 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, expert; high grade young woman, good health, for school office; applicant will be examined by mental and stenographic tests. Y 2230 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER—Capable stenographer for general office work and accounting; experience in latter unnecessary; salary to start $22.50 a week. F 588 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Must be able to write perfectly in French and English. Apply stating experience, references and salary desired; French. S 432 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, legal; salary $30; Christian firm. Berghardt, Room 214, 368 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER,

must be experienced, neat, accurate worker; salary $25. Hygeia, 150 West 14th.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in engineering office preferred. H 930 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, law. Call Room 501, 302 Broadway.

TEACHER, grades; public school, away from city; state salary. A 468 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, to run board during lunch hour and from 5 to 6, balance of time in charge of filing; must be first class operator; knowledge of filing helpful but not essential; good position for conscientious, competent worker; hours 10 to 6. Rubber, V 716 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR—Call after 9 A. M., A. R. Stern Hospital, 363 West End Av.

TYPIST.

Experienced, accurate typist; permanent position; typing bills; publishing house; hours 9-5, 12:30 on Saturday; state details in replies. Box 171, 206 Fitzgerald Bldg.

UNDERWOOD BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATORS NEEDED IN LARGE DOWNTOWN BANK, EXPERIENCED; SALARY $1,200 A YEAR, PLUS LUNCHES; ADVANCEMENT. WRITE, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE, EDUCATION AND NATIONALITY, ADDRESS "M. A.," P. O. BOX 922, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK CITY.

WOMAN

BY MANUFACTURER OF HIGH GRADE FOOD PRODUCTS; REFINED WOMAN, BETWEEN 28 AND 45, TO TAKE CHARGE OF AN EXHIBIT AT A WINTER RESORT ON ATLANTIC COAST; WILL HAVE CHARGE OF SEVERAL DEMONSTRATORS; MUST HAVE AN ENGAGING PERSONALITY; ABLE TO INTEREST ALL TYPES OF PEOPLE AND WORK IN HARMONY WITH OTHER EMPLOYES; PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE DESIRABLE, BUT NOT NECESSARILY ESSENTIAL; POSITION PERMANENT; STATE FULL PARTICULARS, AGE, HEIGHT, MARRIED, SINGLE OR WIDOW, PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. V 743 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG GIRL, neat, refined, to learn to assist dentist. S 407 Times.

YOUNG LADY to assist in office part time from 1 to 3. T. L. McCready, 18 East 41st.

HELP WANTED—Female.

YOUNG LADY FOR STOCK WORK IN MAIL DEPARTMENT. APPLY CAGE 8808, A. & CO., 3 WEST 35TH.

YOUNG WOMAN, 25 to 30, high school graduate, for educational work, who would like to spend Winter in the South; splendid salary; opportunity to develop into executive position. K 211 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, refined, for book and stationery store. Apply Womrath, 21 West 45th.

Instruction.

EARN MORE MONEY.

Be a typing specialist. File clerks trained by us are first to get the good positions, because they bring their employers specialized knowledge of all up-to-date filing systems, indexing and cataloging. That means increased office efficiency. You can enter a class now, in one month we'll prepare you and then place you in a position. Write for catalog. Better still, come in and talk it over.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FILING, 125 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 6619.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY.

1 Beekman St., 34 Park Row.

NO REGISTRATION FEES.

STENOGRAPHER, manufacturing, downtown $30.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY; position Woolworth Building; $35.

STENOGRAPHER, uptown, $22-$25.

TYPIST, detail clerk, downtown; hours 9-5; $18.

TYPIST, uptown position; $20.

TYPIST, downtown; $16-$18.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, Long Island City; $30.

OFFICE BEGINNER, downtown; $12.

BLANCHE REID EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 154 Nassau. Beekman 3351—Bookkeeper, 5th Av., $25; bookkeeper-typist, Harlem, $25; stenographers, $20-$25; typists, $20; Underwood bookkeeping machine operator, $25; tpists; dentist's assistant, Washington Heights.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN—Big demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.

THREE MONTHS' COURSE. Students entered on probation at once.

35 West 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

INDEPENDENCE FOR EVERY WOMAN—Learn how Marinello Methods of Beauty Culture can raise your income. Call or write today. Marinello, 366 5th Av., 4th floor.

$25-$75 WEEK through Prof. Rohrer's Hairdress, Manicure, Face, Electric, Scalp and Beauty School, 110 West 42d St. Pamphlet.

Employment Agencies.

DON'T BE A "JOB-HUNTER."

With our school back of you positions are always available. Over 5,000 graduates holding positions in which we have placed them after a brief course of instruction.

Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses. Call for particulars or send for catalog.

NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING, 1,170 Broadway, at 28th St. Phone Madison Square 6097.

AMERICAN VOCATIONAL EXCHANGE, 152 BROADWAY.

REGISTRATION FREE.

REFINED temporary workers for Christian employers.

STENOGRAPHERS, $16-$17 per day.

TYPISTS, $15 per day.

Several permanent openings, $25, $35.

J. H. EARLY, 220 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, export.....$25

STENOGRAPHER, publication firm.....$20-$22

TYPISTS, inexperienced.....$15

TYPISTS, Christian firms.....$18

CLERK, experienced.....$22

EQUITABLE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, 158-160 West 45th, at Times Square.

WANTED FRIDAY:

Stenographers, secretaries, typists, file clerks, bookkeepers, clerks.

Equitable Industrial Relations Service, Inc.

HELP WANTED—Male.

COLLECTION MANAGER.

wanted by large group of magazines to handle collections; mail in large number of accounts; splendid opportunity for young executive who knows his business and is ready to take up a position outside of New York; salary to start $2,000. S 372 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS wanted; call John E. Hanson, 20 Church St., New York.

COPY WRITER with spare time wanted by a printing shop; good opportunity for an aggressive advertising writer with pep. S 424 Times.

DENTIST, gentleman; bridge worker; real estate as high-class associate; references. Y 2169 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced on automatic machinery, for responsible position with large manufacturer; must have technical training and some shop experience; location New York City; give experience, education and salary wanted. K 222 Times.

EDITOR'S ASSISTANT on trade journal. Room 1,201, 373 4th Av.

ESTIMATOR plastering; experienced; good opening for live man; no other need apply. S 428 Times.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY

for 2 experienced stationary salesmen, by one of the leading jobbing houses in New York, to call on large corporations, banks, insurance and trust companies; all communications treated strictly confidential; salary, commission, or both. Write full particulars to S 414 Times.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

WANTED BY LARGE DOWNTOWN TRUST COMPANY, A CLERK FAMILIAR WITH RECORDS OF THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF EXCHANGE; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. S 617 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

WANTED BY A LARGE DOWNTOWN TRUST COMPANY, A JUNIOR CLERK FAMILIAR WITH DETAIL RECORDS OF COMMERCIAL LETTERS OF CREDIT AND DOCUMENTS; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. S 616 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

HALF-TONE OPERATOR wanted, highly experienced; must be willing to work; open shop; 48 hours per week; satisfactory references must be furnished; to such a man we will pay exceptional wages. Suffolk Eng. & Elec. Co., 394 Atlantic Av., Boston, Mass.

LEDGER CLERK, one accustomed to handling large number of accounts; permanent position; chance for advancement; state experience, references, age, salary. A 496 Times.

MAN—Blue-print paper man wanted to take charge of manufacture of blue-print paper; answer, stating age, past positions and salary expected to start. S 806 Times Downtown.

MANAGER for metropolitan district sales of truck owners' cost accounting system; nationally used; big chance for high-grade live wire; give telephone address. H 293 Times.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER.

Man wanted to take full charge of engineering department in typewriter company; must be an executive in every sense of the word, and experience is essential in design and timestudy work, for typewriter or allied industries; must have ability and kind of supervision of engineering routine; this is an excellent opportunity for a high-class man. Address M. E., Box 66, Long Island City.

OFFICE BOY wanted in old established banking house; splendid opportunity for a boy about 16; other boys connected with this house who have shown ability and willingness to work are now holding important positions. Address, giving age, personal references and salary expected, Y. L., P. O. Box 377, City Hall Station, New York.

OFFICE MANAGER, one with credit experience preferred; wholesale house; state age, salary and experience. S 627 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS, age 14 to 16; large downtown concern; advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y.

OFFICE MANAGER and accountant, with wide experience; large corporation; state age, salary, experience. R. K., 284 Times.

OFFICE BOY, bright, for a brokerage firm. S 624 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, in law office. Apply 6th floor, 55 William St.

PHOTOGRAPHIC RETOUCHERS on fine portrait work. Underwood & Underwood, 417 5th Av.

POCKETBOOK or leather specialty maker wanted; one who has executive ability and a thorough knowledge in this line; factory located in Newark; in replying state age, past experience and salary expected. Address Pocketbook, Box Y 2234 Times Annex.

PURCHASING AGENT

wanted by large metal manufacturer; give full particulars regarding education, experience, age, nationality, salary expected and when available. B. O., 227 Times.

SALESMEN and sales managers, real estate, excellent opportunity for working a new system of getting prospects; experience unnecessary; prospects furnished; big commission. Apply all day, Broadway Development Corp., 1 Beekman St., 6th floor.

SALESMEN WANTED TO SELL JAPANESE SILK HANDKERCHIEFS FOR CHRISTMAS TRADE; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE LARGE COMMISSION EARNINGS; DEPOSIT REQUIRED. CALL 240 BROADWAY, ROOM 16.

SALESMAN, man about 30 years of age, with real estate brokerage experience in midtown section with large real estate companies; immediate employment; liberal drawing account and profit sharing basis; strictly confidential. H. S. Beale, 505 5th Av.

SALESMEN WANTED.

Several high powered auto salesmen to connect with leading Ford distributor just completing half million dollar service station at Queensboro Bridge; commission. Hellman Motor Corporation, Ford Building, at 560 Jackson Av., Long Island City, N. Y.

SALESMEN-STOCK.

Strong local directorate; patent revolutionizes big industry contracts signed assure exceptional dividends; hundreds direct live leads; guarantee receptive interview; phenomenal appeal; exclusive co-operation; men making large incomes; commission basis. Suite 805, 220 5th Av. Ask for Mr. D.

SALESMAN, Security—Strong local directorate; financial institution; bona fide live leads; commission only; unusual opportunity; permanent connection for dependable, ambitious man; salesman and the house constitute the team; idlers need not answer. S 612 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, hat, wanted; one who has had experience in New England, New York, Pennsylvania and Southern States to handle a full line or side line of men's felt hats on commission basis. Call Saturday, Dec. 18, at 2 P. M., at 826 East 149th St., New York City.

SALESMAN—Nationally known firm has opening for specialty men for Brooklyn who with practically an overnight study can earn $15 to $20 a day; small priced article; fast seller; easy terms; drawing account against commissions. See Mr. Wilcox, Room 56, 7th floor, 4 Court Square.

SALESMAN, TRAVELING FROM DENVER TO COAST, ACQUAINTED WITH ART NEEDLEWORK BUYERS, TO CARRY ESTABLISHED LINE OF BEADS; SALARY OR COMMISSION; GOOD PROPOSITION TO RIGHT MAN. DRITZ-TRAUM CO., 37 EAST 22D.

SALESMAN WANTED who has had some experience in chain store wholesale grocery organization; prefer married man under 30 who knows Middle West; must have earned not less than $5,000 yearly; salary and commission. Write particulars to S 422 Times.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED IN BEAD AND NECKLACE LINE, TO CALL ON DEPARTMENT STORES AND JOBBERS; DRAWING ACCOUNT, COMMISSION; STATE EXPERIENCE AND TERRITORY COVERED. T 539 TIMES.

SALESMAN, securities, wanted, with ability to sell Dusenberg Automobile and Motors Company, on commission, 8 per cent. preferred stock; exceptional sales record established. Dusenberg Automobile and Motors Company, Inc., 5 Columbus Circle.

SALESMEN wanted who can carry as a side line on a commission basis nationally advertised well-tailored ladies' suits and coats; all territory open, small cities particularly. Apply full particulars and reference Y 2203 Times Annex.

SALESMAN FOR SKIRTS.

We want a reliable man who has a large following among the good trade in New York State and Middle West territory to handle a line of high grade skirts at popular prices; commission. Write P. S. 49 Times.

SALESMEN Wanted—Experienced automobile and truck salesmen or inexperienced young men with exceptional sales ability to sell Ford trucks, taxicabs and pleasure cars on commission basis. 404 East 108th St.

SALESMAN, cordage; experienced man for city; must have positive record of achievement; exceedingly attractive proposition; commission and drawing account to the right man; give complete particulars. T 527 Times.

SALESMEN, experienced, vacuum cleaners, with car preferred; sell sweeper back cleaners in Brooklyn and Queens; leads furnished; high commission. Phone Flatbush 5481.

SALESMAN, silk; city salesman wanted for cutting-up trade by excellent silk piece goods manufacturer; salary or commission; splendid opportunity; must have thorough experience. S 433 Times.

SALESMEN for one of the best lines of hair nets and kindred line; various territory; commission basis; we have something interesting to offer to high-class men; may handle other non-conflicting notion lines. Sitroux Importing Co., 1,123 Broadway.

SALESMAN—Wanted a responsible salesman in a retail pants store, with references; good salary. Call after 9 o'clock A. M., 03 34 Av., corner 11th St.

SALESMEN, for late books, with some legal education and selling experience; liberal compensation; organization nationally known. Apply Box 590, 200 Cable Bldg.

SALESMEN, selling to offices, stationery, leather goods stores; salary, commission; side line. H 940 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, experienced, for office specialties; exceptional opportunity for producers; commission basis. Call 604 East 9th.

SECURITY SALESMEN.

Because of our genuine leads and introductions, we offer an unusual opportunity for live-wire, high calibred men of pleasing personality and refinement to connect with one of the fastest growing businesses in New York.

Established several years, excellent banking and business endorsement, present status attained through its merit and profits as a partnership; now steadily expanding to take care of increased business and enlarging its manufacturing department, therefore offering its capital stock.

We want men who are desirous of increasing their income; ability and work will be rewarded with net commissions far above the ordinary, these times, by volume of business on average sales, due to exceptional co-operation; you operate direct from the firm's own office.

Give name, address and phone, also references; strictly confidential. Address Box 15, Station D, New York.

SECURITY SALESMEN.

Due to increased business, rapid growth and big expansion, a substantial firm is offering its preferred and common stock to a limited enterprise.

In business ten years, first class standing, with strong bank endorsement.

Genuine leads and direct introductions furnished; experienced salesmen; you would need from your own headquarters; four average sales per week nets you $200 commission, but real salesmen who work should get a great deal more.

You will appreciate our sincere and co-operation, leads and introductions.

For appointment, phone Mr. Larsen, Rector 1700.

SHIPPING CLERK, thoroughly experienced in coat and suit house; must know how to handle goods and contractors. P. Times.

STENOGRAPHER.

The Beaver Board Companies has an opening for an experienced stenographer; must be able to take dictation in Spanish. Apply, giving full information as to education and experience to

Employment Office,
The Beaver Board Companies,
Buffalo, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER—Accurate, rapid stenographer wanted in law office; state experience and salary expected. H 714 Dewitt ave.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for office work, giving references, commission basis. R. L., 286 Times.

SALESMEN for well-known motor truck, 1-5-ton capacity; good proposition for producers; commission basis. Call 604 East 9th.

SECURITY SALESMEN.

Because of our genuine leads and introductions, we offer an unusual opportunity for live-wire, high calibred men of pleasing personality and refinement to connect with one of the fastest growing businesses in New York.

Established several years, excellent banking and business endorsement, present status attained through its merit and profits as a partnership; now steadily expanding to take care of increased business and enlarging its manufacturing department, therefore offering its capital stock.

We want men who are desirous of increasing their income; ability and work will be rewarded with net commissions far above the ordinary, these times, by volume of business on average sales, due to exceptional co-operation; you operate direct from the firm's own office.

Give name, address and phone, also references; strictly confidential. Address Box 15, Station D, New York.

SECURITY SALESMEN.

Due to increased business, rapid growth and big expansion, a substantial firm is offering its preferred and common stock to a limited enterprise.

In business ten years, first class standing, with strong bank endorsement.

Genuine leads and direct introductions furnished; experienced salesmen; you would need from your own headquarters; four average sales per week nets you $200 commission, but real salesmen who work should get a great deal more.

You will appreciate our sincere and co-operation, leads and introductions.

For appointment, phone Mr. Larsen, Rector 1700.

SHIPPING CLERK, thoroughly experienced in coat and suit house; must know how to handle goods and contractors. P. Times.

STENOGRAPHER.

The Beaver Board Companies has an opening for an experienced stenographer; must be able to take dictation in Spanish. Apply, giving full information as to education and experience to

Employment Office,
The Beaver Board Companies,
Buffalo, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER—Accurate, rapid stenographer wanted in law office; state experience and salary expected. H 714 Dewitt ave.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, BOOKKEEPER.

Young man, 24, college graduate, desires position where there is opportunity for advancement; can furnish best of references; salary $25 per week. Address Box 1, 1 Beekman St.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, CLERK

The Civil Service.

United States.

The commission announces an examination for senior dairy herdsman, open under 45 years of age, in the Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture, for duty at Jeanerette, La., at $1,500 a year. Applicants may be allowed the increase granted by Congress of $20 a month. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on education, training, experience, ability, 10. Applicants must reside and be engaged in dairying within the United States at the time of examination. Applicants must be in good physical condition and fully capable of performing manual labor. Age limits do not apply to persons entitled to preference because of military or naval service. Chapman engineers who have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years are entitled to retirement. Time, an annuity

FOR SALE

FANCY packed boxes California raisins or figs to send to your friends or relations; a gift that will be appreciated; send for illustrated circular. D. L. Newman, P. O. Box 1809, Fresno, Cal.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 472 Broadway.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES. New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments. THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 39 West 32d St., near Broadway.

METROPOLITAN OPERA subscription ticket — every Wednesday night, beautiful season seat Q 12, original cost $7.15 per event; make best offer. J. G. P., Room 73, 1 Hour st., Brooklyn.

ANCIENT spiked helmet, French period; antique mahogany chairs, desk, andirons, firearms, china. O'Callaghan, 24 Mountain Av., Ridgefield, N. J.

BRANDNEW 30-power multigraph, attachments and half price. Robertson, 355 Broadway.

BLANKS in family, one or both orchestra season tickets alternate Wednesdays. Metropolitan Opera. Schuyler 3566.

SIX wardrobe trunks for sale. Joseph Jonassen & Co., Madison Square 2913.

INVENTORY TAGS for sale, any quantity. Aircraft Equipments, 35 West 39th.

PHONOGRAPH, like new, $15; sacrifice, sailing; 300 West 107th, Apt. 5W.

Furniture.

ALL PRICES REDUCED.

THE HUNT "A" FURNITURE WORKS, 787th "A" AV., NEW YORK.

LOWEST PRICES have come, we have decided to depend upon the large volume of business which will come from lowered prices to compensate for the loss of profit.

TODAY'S MANUFACTURING COST.

Your present needs may be satisfied with the assurance that the prices will not be lower for some time.

EVERYTHING FOR EVERY ROOM

DIRECT FROM FACTORY.

"A" WHOLESALE PRICES.

Parlor suites, value from $195 to $1,200. Library suites from $75 to $450. Bedroom suites from $165 to $1,000.

All these following lines

Cash only

at wholesale factory prices.

The entire Hunt assortment has

BEEN REPRICED

LIBERTY DISCOUNTED

AT FULL FACE VALUE

AT TIME OF PURCHASE.

CATALOGUE ON 47th REQUEST.

Showroom open daily, except P. M. Saturday and Sunday.

THE HUNT "A" FURNITURE WORKS,

30 E. 42d St., East 787th St.,

Just a step east of the "L" station.

COMPLETE OUTFIT OF HOTEL EQUIPMENT. Everything from a teaspoon up to the largest range, refrigerator or cook; will sacrifice; must clean out in one lot. Room 1, 111 Nassau.

READY to write names for all homes direct from factory; most practical Christmas present; 4 sizes orders or sets. Long Box, 1 West 125th to East 41st.

PIANOS, all styles, new and second-hand, mahogany and fumed oak, large, small, cheap, high, low, grand, upright, player, boudoir, cabinet, bench, scarf, duet, stool, lamp, bolt, electric motor, etc. THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 39 West 32d St., near Broadway.

METROPOLITAN OPERA subscription ticket — every Wednesday night, beautiful season seat Q 12, original cost $7.15 per event; make best offer. J. G. P., Room 73, 1 Hour st., Brooklyn.

NEW 3-room and bath apartment for sale; $500 cash; will consider part cash. Address Room 1115, 200 5th Av.

Office Furniture.

OFFICE APPLIANCES. OAK TYPEWRITER DESKS, DICTATORS' TABLES, FILING CABINETS. Big ROOM 352-354 Fifth Av.

Clothing.

HUDSON SEAL COATS SACRIFICED. Well-known manufacturer prior to inventory is closing out evening coat regardless of cost; grande garments in latest styles, worth $450, now offered $195; guaranteed. Lunga to-night.

WILL dispose of magnificent sable dolman coat, is size, new model, elegantly lined, for $450. Call Friday 2166 for appointment. Address Miss Roberts.

FOR SALE—Number of evening gowns, Hudson seal coat, all real shape and practically new. Room 1107 East 44th, St. Ap. 8M.

Pianos and Organs.

PHONOGRAPH FOR SALE.

New large Edison phonograph with 50 of the best records; bargain if taken at once. Schuyler 7061.

CREDITORS' SALE. Few beautiful players and grands at factory prominent make. K. L. Tinney.

STEINWAY baby Model, ebony color, like new, $750 delivered. 1 333 East 86th St.

MASTER and ladies' violin for sale. 54 Gotherdt St., Newark, N. J.

Cats and Dogs.

POMERANIAN PUPPIES.

Black and cream, 4 months old, private family, 149 East 62d St., Rhinelander 4550.

GERMAN POLICE DOGS.

Have some thoroughbreds for sale. G. Sommer, Box 12, Westbrook, Conn.

Wanted to Purchase.

HIGHEST cash prices paid for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments, pianos, books, carpets, works of art, J. Jones, 961 East 125th St., Tel. Harlem 2787.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 1.0 University Place Stuyvesant 3781.

PAY top prices for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments, pianos, works of art, &c. Telephone Harlem 1280. Merle's, 335 East 125th.

HIGHEST cash prices for furniture, contents houses, apartments, pianos, china, rugs, bronzes. Tyson, 101 E. 17th. Murray Hill 195.

PAY highest cash prices for contents of houses, apartments, works of art, pianos, bronzes, bric-a-brac. J. Rongeparth, 1651 East 125th. Phone 9070 Harlem.

WANTED, for child, English bull pup, or large type Boston bulldog. Y 2221 Times Annex.

PAY 25% more than any one for your furniture, rugs, pianos, paintings. Griffin, 113 University Place Stuyvesant 2298.

WANTED—Studios' showroom racks. Address Room 1115, 200 5th Av.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: I, Morris Kresel of Kresel & Newhouse, hereby announce that I am in no way connected with the Milady's Chain Stores Corp., as announced in some publications.

MORRIS KRESEL
of Kresel & Newhouse, Inc.

WANTED, FOR ALTERNATE MONDAYS, Metropolitan Opera House, three seats in orchestra, rear of small box. Address terms to adjt and terms, Opera, Box 379, Madison Square Post Office.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL BRANSTEIN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, December 17, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 158 West 31st Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, fur skins, &c.

SILVER & MOSKOWITZ, Attorneys for Trustee, 280 Broadway, New York.

HON. PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy, 68 William St.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PHILIP SILVER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, December 17, 1920, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 154 East Houston Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of jewelry, tableware, manicure sets, toilet sets, inkstands, clocks, showcases, safe, fixtures, &c.

CORNELIUS J. SMYTH, Receiver.
EIGEL BROTHERS, Attorneys for Receiver, 120 Nassau Street, New York.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16—The War Department published the following orders today:

Infantry.

Barker, Lt. Col. C. C., to 9th.
Grant, Maj. C., to 56th.
May, Capt. T. E., to 47th, Camp Lewis.
Cheney, Capt. F. W., to 45th, Douglas, Ariz.
Ransom, Capt. P. L., to 22d, Ft. Niagara.
Fahey, Capt. S. B., to Camp Dix, with 1st Div.
Bennett, Capt. H. L. jr., to this city and report to Chief of Inf.
Dickson, Capt. C. W., to 53d, Camp Grant.
Knight, Capt. P. R., to 23d, Ft. Jay.
Ellis, Capt. L. E., Wells, Capt. F., hon. discharged.
Burke, 1st Lt. S. K., as Asst. Prof. Mil. Sci., Atlanta High Schs., Ga.

Quartermaster Corps.

Bailey, Maj. N. E., as Asst. to depot qm., San Juan.
Hyams, Maj. J. B., hon. discharged.
Womack, Capt. J. W. jr.; Bentley, Capt. C. A., to Washington, D. C.
Martin, Capt. L., to Ft. Keough, as asst. to Comdg. Offr., Remount Depot.
Sleeper, Capt. E. H., to New York, Recr. duty.

Coast Artillery Corps.

Harrison, Maj. R. C., to Univ. of Idaho, as Asst. Prof. Mil. Sci.
Halbert, Maj. H. O., to Huntington, W. Va., as Asst. to Recru. Offr.
Cole, Capt. J. M., to 30th Art. Brig., Camp Eustis.
Epling, 1st Lt. F. G., to Manila.

Medical Corps.

Whitcomb, Lt. Col. C. C., to this city as offr. in charge, Field Med. Sup. Depot.
Mitchell, Maj. W. H., to New York, report to attending surg.
Wilson, Capt. D. R., relieved from active duty.
McCarley, 1st Lt. T. R., report to Cmd'g Gen., 8th Corps Area, Ft. Houston, for assignment to station.

Ordnance Department.

King, Maj. G. L.; Erwin, Capt. H.; McClaflin, 1st Lt. F. M., hon. discharged.

Air Service.

Stevens, Capt. A. W., to Dayton, O., Engr'g. Div.
Vogel, Capt. H. J., hon. discharged.
King, 1st Lt. A. F., to Carlstrom Field.

Cavalry.

Carl, Capt. G. C., to 8th.
Williams, 1st Lt. A. W., to Johns Hopkins Univ., Baltimore, as Asst. Prof. Mil. Sci.

Miscellaneous.

Miller, Lt. Col. F. J., U. S. A., retired, relieved from further active duty.
Farr, Maj. C. W., retired, to St. Louis as Asst. Insp. Offr.
Penrose, Maj. T. W., relieved from active duty.
Messer, Capt. T. H., to 3d Engrs.; to Honolulu.
Rodriguez, Capt. F. E., Dent. Corps, to U. S. from San Juan and report to Comdt. Army Med. School.
Sebald, Capt. M., Phifer, Scouts, retired, is relieved from further active duty.
Dickson, Capt. R. A., Med. Admve. Corps, will report to offr. in charge Field Med. Supp. Depot, this city.
Crossman, Capt. E. C., U. S. A., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.
McAleer, 1st Lt. C. T., F. A., to 8th, Camp Funston.
Johnson, 1st Lt. H., Vet. Corps, to Panama.

Resignations.

Giddings, Capt. E. M. C.
Chapline, 1st Lt. G. L., C. A. C.

Leaves.

White, Lt. Col. A. R., Dent. Corps, 21 days ext.
Catron, Maj. R. C., Inf., 10 days.
McDowell, Maj. R. McK., Dent. Corps, 15 days.
Porter, Capt. T. G., Cav., 10 days.
Magruder, Capt. P. H., Judge Adv., 10 days.
Johnson, 1st Lt. W. O., Cav., 12 days.
Page, 1st Lt. L. A. A. M., 10 days.
Mallory, 1st Lt. J. S., Inf., 15 days.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Doyle, Lt. Cmdr. Walter E., to the Chicago.
Johnson, Lt. Cmdr. L. P., to command the Bushnell.
Martin, Lt. Cmdr. C. K., to the Birmingham.
Bailey, Lt. E. L. R., to Sup. Offr. Destroyer Div. 25, Atl. Fit.
Baugh, Lt. H. W., to Air Force, Atl. Fit.
Fiske, Lt. A. P., to the New Mexico.
Furry, Lt. B. G., to command the N-4.
Kelly, Lt. F. L., to the Stribling.
Patterson, Lt. T. P., to the Nevada.
Smith, Lt. F. M., to Naval Insp. of Aircraft, Detroit, Mich., reporting Jan. 1, 1921.
Thomas, Lt. W. A., to Asst. to Sup. Offr. Naval Sta., New Orleans.
Griffin, Lt. M., with Cmdr. Res. Div.
Gompf, Lt. S. L., to Air Force, Atl. Fit.
Halsted, Lt. D. F., to Nav. Air Sta., Coco Solo, C. Z.

U. S. SUPREME COURT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The record made in the Federal Supreme Court today was this:

1—The U. S., applt., v. Lehigh Valley R. R. Co. et al.—The motion to amend decree submitted for applees. and consented to for applt.

11a—A. S. Cochran et al., applts., v. the U. S.—Argument continued.

11b—A. L. Brecht, petr., v. San Antonio & Aransas Pass Ry. Co.—Argued.

11—H. B. Payne, Sec. of Int., et al., plffs., v. the U. S., ex rel. A. L. Newton—Argued.

12—Valentine B. Deale Co., plff., v. G. A. Schmidt et al., &c., et al.—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until tomorrow.

Nos. 10, Nov. 17; Nos. 105, 104, 150, 131, 124, 134, 135, 137, 139 and 143.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16—The storm over the region of the Great Lakes has decreased in intensity and the gales have subsided. Light snow has fallen within the last twenty-four hours in the region of the Great Lakes, the Ohio Valley and the Middle Atlantic and North Atlantic States, and rain in the North Pacific States. In all other regions the weather was fair.

The temperature was somewhat below normal Thursday night in the Middle Atlantic and South Atlantic States, above in the Middle West and approximately normal elsewhere.

The outlook is for snow flurries Friday and Saturday in the region of the Great Lakes and the upper Ohio Valley and in portions of the North Atlantic States Friday. Elsewhere east of the Mississippi River the weather will continue fair.

There will be no material change in temperature except that somewhat colder weather will overspread the middle and lower Ohio Valley, Tennessee and the East Gulf States Friday night.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Washington and Oregon coasts.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND SATURDAY.

Northern New England—Cloudy Friday and Saturday, with light snow Friday night; colder Saturday.

Southern New England—Cloudy and unsettled Friday; Saturday, partly cloudy and somewhat colder.

Eastern New York—Cloudy and unsettled Friday, probably snow flurries. Saturday, partly cloudy; colder in the interior.

New Jersey—Cloudy and unsettled Friday. Saturday, fair.

Western New York—Snow flurries Friday and probably Saturday; not much change in temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	35	16	4 P. M.	35	21
6 A. M.	32	14	6 P. M.	34	23
9 A. M.	36	15	9 P. M.	32	25
12 M.	39	20	11 P. M.	31	22

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 37; for the corresponding date last year it was 18, average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 34.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 34; at 8 P. M. it was 34. Maximum temperature, 42 degrees at 12:30 P. M.; minimum, 30 degrees at 10 P. M. Humidity, 64 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 68 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.59 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.59 inches.

Fire Record.

A.M. Thursday. Loss.
12:01—166 Columbus Av.; D. Reeves... Slight
4:20—Burke Av. & Boston Road (auto); G. Greco ..... Not given
6:17—212 W. 46 St.; T. Coogan..... Not given
7:33—72 La Salle Av.; F. Montiro.... Slight
10:10—Bowery & Houston St.; "L" station ..... Not given
P.M.
12:15—57 Morris Av.; Paula Brucato.. Not given
12:45—449 W. 48 St.; Mrs. Wippe.... Slight
12:45—122 Hudson St.; H. Metz Co..Not given
12:50—1,221 Washington Av.; M. Meisner. Slight
4:20—60 E. 110 St..... Not given
4:45—4,201 Keppler Av..... Not given
5:30—181 Greenwich St., Imperial Hack Corporation ..... Slight
5:50—96 Willett St..... Not given
6:15—211 E. 94 St..... Slight
6:46—400 E. 137 St..... Not given
7:15—In front of 131 45 St. (auto); Auto Trucking Co..... Not given
7:00—9 W. 32 St.; J. T. Leonard.. Not given
8:30—109 St. & Columbus Av. (shanty). Not given
8:50—402 Broome St..... Not given
9:40—625 W. 20 St.; M. Alexander..Not given
10:05—252 Canal St.; Posner & Co.... Slight

Estates Appraised.

KIMBEL, ELEONORE M. (Dec. 3, 1919)—Total assets, $77,133. Cash, $3,188; personal, $6,171; stocks and bonds, $35,797; two deeds of trust, $31,976; net estate, $73,953. Her husband, Anthony, of 180 Riverside Drive, receives one of the two trusts of $15,842; her daughter, Elsie K. Clarke, of Santa Barbara, Cal., a life estate in the other trust, $14,134; a son, William A., of 190 Riverside Drive, bequest of $6,717 and cash $15,000, which is prorated to $11,067; two other daughters, Eleonore K. Taylor, of 17 Sound View Av., New Rochelle, and Frances K. Putney, of 411 West 114th Street, cash $15,000, which is prorated to $11,067.

LEFFERTS, WILLIAM P. (Nov. 18, 1919)—Total assets, $391,507. Real estate, $17,158, equity in the home, 308 Lexington Av., valued at $37,500; cash, $18,529; personal, $6,526; stocks and bonds, $348,968, which includes $31,600 in Liberty bonds; net estate $369,888. His wife, Edith C., receives a bequest of $6,756 and a life estate in $363,096.

RHINELANDER, THOMAS J. OAKLEY (Dec. 10, 1918)—Leaving a will as to his personality but intestate as to his real estate. Total assets, $65,882, plus an undistributed tenth share of the estate of Cornelia B. Kip, $242,995, exact amount not yet determined. Real estate, $15,528; cash, $249; personal, $4,705 from the estate of Adelaide K. Rhinelander, $41,372. His father, Philip Rhinelander, of 18 West 48th St., receives the decedent's personality of $37,-941, the personality received from the estate of Cornelia B. Kip, $225,246, and courtesy in the real estate of $17,749; a third interest in the real estate goes to his brothers and sister, Philip K., of 15 East 38th St., Leonard K., 17 years old, and Adelaide K. Rhinelander, both of 18 West 48th St.

Coast Guard Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—These Coast Guard orders have been gazetted:

Dorris, Lt. Cmdr. J. F., to Southern Div.
Ferry, Lt. Comdr. J. C., to New York Div.
Van Boskerck, Lt. Cmdr. F. S., to command the Yamacraw.
Lucas, Lt. Comdr. R. L., to the Gresham.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Gravesend Inlet.		East Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Rises. A.M.	Sets. P.M.
High water	11:40	...	0:07	12:27	1:05	1:10		
Low water	5:37	6:05	6:44	7:11	7:16	8:01	7:14	4:36

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Norwich City	Cardiff	Nov. 27
Marengo	Hull	Nov. 27
Porto Arolas	Havana	Dec. 13
Charles Pratt	Tampico	Dec. 9
Santa Marta	Cartagena	Dec. 4
Langdon Hall	Calcutta	Oct. 29
Stanley Prince	Manchester	Nov. 23
E. L. Doheny III	Tampico	Dec. 6
Maimi	Fort Lobos	Dec. 9
Munamar	Antilla	Dec. 13
Persian May	Port Antonio	Dec. 9
Ruth	Philadelphia	Dec. 12
Wearbridge	Philadelphia	Dec. 13
Eastern City	Cardiff	Nov. 30
Hankow Maru	Singapore	Sept. 18
Fort Victoria	Bermuda	Dec. 14
Jonsy	Piraeus	Oct. 22
Heffron	Trieste	Nov. 19
Munaredon	Calharien	Dec. 11
Bisoper Aires	Barcelona	Nov. 23
Gref Khuen Hedervary	Leghorn	Nov. 15
Reaper	Fort Arthur	Dec. 7
Rousselton	Havre	Dec. 3

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Touraine	Havre	Dec. 1
Orient City	Barry	Nov. 28
Rimouski	Liverpool	Dec. 3
Monowai	London	Dec. 1
Raleigh	Leghorn	Nov. 30
Giuseppi Verdi	Palermo	Dec. 4
Madonna	Naples	Dec. 3
Eastern City	Leghorn	Dec. 1
Maracaibo	Curacao	Dec. 1
Kansas	Hamburg	Nov. 26

DUE TOMORROW.

Lapplidina	Havre	Dec. 3
Re d'Italia	Naples	Dec. 3
Caroline	Bordeaux	Dec. 3
West Grama	Piscria	Nov. 23

DUE SUNDAY.

Baltic	Liverpool	Dec. 10
Nieuw Amsterdam	Plymouth	Dec. 10
Drottningholm	Gothenburg	Dec. 10
Tolos	Cristobal	Dec. 12

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Hydaspes	B'nos Aires	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Argentina, Uruguay.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Zeeland	Southampton	8:00 A.M.	France, England, Belgian Congo.
K. Aug. Victoria	Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	Great Britain, Europe.
Gdansk	Danzig	9:30 A.M.	Poland.
Canada	Varna	10:30 A.M.	Bulgaria, Rumania.
Asia	Piraeus	10:30 A.M.	Gibraltar, Greece.
American	Hamburg	12:00 M.	Germany, Austria.
Ft. Victoria	Bermuda	7:30 A.M.	Bermuda.
Caldas	Kingston	8:00 A.M.	Central America.
Ulua	Colon	8:30 A.M.	Cuba, Costa Rica.
Boswell	Buenos Aires	8:30 A.M.	Argentina, Uruguay.
Mexico	Havana	8:30 A.M.	Nassau, Mexico.
Mohawk	San Juan	8:30 A.M.	Porto Rico.
Algonquin	Turks Isl'd	9:30 A.M.	Santo Domingo.
Gen. Goethals	Haiti	12:00 M.	Canal Zone, Central America.

SAIL MONDAY.

F. Palasciano	Naples	8:00 A.M.	Italy.
Touraine	Havre	8:30 A.M.	France.
Virgil	Para	8:30 A.M.	North Brazil, Iquitos, &c.
Delfina	Rio Janeiro	9:00 A.M.	South Brazil.
St. Michael	Para	12:00 M.	North Brazil, Iquitos, &c.

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M. as follows:

New Zealand, via San Francisco	Waitemata	Dec. 17
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Wilhelmina	Dec. 17
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only) via Seattle	Eldridge	Dec. 18
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, French Indochina and Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra), via San Francisco	Nile	Dec. 18
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Lurline	Dec. 20
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, French Indochina and Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra), and Philippine Islands via Seattle	Ixion	Dec. 22
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand, via San Francisco	Ventura	Dec. 23

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Patten announces that mails of the following dates—Melbourne, Oct. 25; Sydney, Oct. 28; Wellington, Nov. 8, and Auckland, Nov. 8—which arrived per steamer Canadian Importer, were dispatched east from Seattle on Dec. 12, and mails dated Makfen, Nov. 20, and Yokohama, Nov. 26, which arrived per steamer Hawaii, were dispatched east from Seattle on Dec. 12. These mails are due in New York today.

Postmaster Patten announces that mails of the following dates—Melbourne, Nov. 23; Sydney, Nov. 24, and Honolulu, Dec. 7—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Ventura, were dispatched east on Dec. 14, and are due in New York on the morning of Sunday, Dec. 19.

CUNARD-ANCHOR

The value of frequent personal contact in business is incontestable. Now is an excellent time for a business trip to Europe. Travel on one of our steamers. Accommodations, general appointments and cuisine are unexcelled.

Passenger and Freight Services from New York.

K. A. VICTORIA	Liverpool	Dec. 18 Jan. 15 Feb. 10
IMPERATOR	Cherbourg and Southampton	Dec. 23 Jan. 20 Feb. 17
CARMANIA	Liverpool	Dec. 28 Jan. 22 Feb. 19
CALABRIA	Gibraltar, Naples, Patras, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Dec. 28 — —
VAUBAN	Liverpool	Jan. 4 — —
CARONIA	Mediterranean Cruise	Jan. 15 — —
COLUMBIA	Londonderry and Glasgow	Jan. 15 Feb. 19 Mar. 26
SAXONIA	Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg	Jan. 18 Mar. 1 Apr. 12
ITALIA	Vigo, Patras, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Jan. 20 — —
PANNONIA	Piraeus, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Jan. 22 — —
AQUITANIA	Cherbourg and Southampton	Jan. 25 Feb. 22 Mar. 22
ALBANIA (New)	Plymouth, Cherbourg and London	Feb. 1 Mar. 15 Apr. 19
SCYTHIA (New)	Liverpool	Mar. 5 Apr. 2 Apr. 23
CAMERONIA (New)	Londonderry and Glasgow	Mar. 5 Apr. 6 May 4
MAURETANIA	Cherbourg and Southampton	Mar. 10 Apr. 7 May 12

List of Later Sailings on Request

THE R.M.S. "CARONIA" will sail on January 15th for a seven weeks' cruise to the MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT and the NILE

The most tempting opportunity to make this trip—a CUNARD LINER, CUNARD CUISINE, CUNARD SERVICE and an itinerary planned with only one aim—that of the passengers' enjoyment and comfort.

OFFICES: 21-24 State Street, New York

"CREOLE STATE" Sails Dec. 27, 1920 From Baltimore

FOR SAN FRANCISCO

A new steamer, 20,610 displacement tons—14½ knots

Via Cristobal, Balboa, San Pedro (Port of Los Angeles), reaching San Francisco January 15, 1921.

For Reservations, Tickets, or other information apply to Thos. Cook & Son, Raymond & Whitcomb Co., American Express Company, any Tourist or Railroad Agent, or to

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

75 years in steamship service

400 Exchange Place Baltimore, Md.

NEW PASSENGER SERVICE

TO HAVANA

By the fast and modernly equipped

S. S. "CUBA"

Sailing from JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

Every Saturday

(Sailing of Dec. 25 changed to Dec. 27)

From HAVANA every Tuesday

FIRST CLASS ONLY

RATE $35 and up, according to location; includes berth & meals.

For Further Information Address

MIAMI STEAMSHIP CO.

PASSENGER DEPT. Ft. Catherine St. Jacksonville, Fla. | GENERAL OFFICES 32 B'way. N. Y. C. Tel. Broad 172-3283

FRENCH LINE

Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service

NEW YORK—HAVRE—PARIS

LA TOURAINE	Dec. 21	Jan. 16	Mar 13
LA SAVOIE	Dec. 22	Jan. 19	Feb. 26
LEOPOLDINA	Dec. 28	Feb. 14	.....
ROCHAMBEAU	Jan. 4	Mar. 5	Apr. 12
LA LORRAINE	Jan. 6	Feb. 5	Apr. 2
FRANCE	Jan. 29	Feb. 17	Mar. 17
CHICAGO	Feb. 16	Mar. 19	Apr. 26

NEW YORK—BORDEAUX

CAROLINE ..... Dec. 29

HAMBURG DIRECT

NIAGARA ..... Jan. 5

COMPANY'S OFFICE, 19 STATE ST., N. Y.

U.S. MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY Inc.

100% American 100% Service

NEW YORK to QUEENSTOWN (Westbound) —BOULOGNE—LONDON

First Class Only

Sailings:

PANHANDLE STATE..... Jan. 1, Feb. 5
OLD NORTH STATE..... Jan. 15, Feb. 19

NEW YORK to BREMEN and DANZIG direct

S. S. SUSQUEHANNA

Cabin and Third Class Only

Sailing Dec. 30-Feb. 19

Passenger Dept. 45 Broadway, N.Y. 'Phone 1290 Whitehall

Freight Dept. 120 Broadway, N.Y. 'Phone 6900 Rector.



SPANISH ROYAL MAIL LINE

COMPANIA TRANSATLANTICA

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICE

To VIGO, CADIZ & BARCELONA

R. M. S. Montserrat ..... Dec. 29

To CADIZ and BARCELONA

R. M. S. Buenos Aires ..... About Jan. 27

R. M. S. Isla De Panay ..... About Dec. 31

To VIGO, CORUNA, GIJON and BILBAO

R. M. S. Alfonso XIII ..... Jan. 8

To HAVANA and VERA CRUZ

R. M. S. Buenos Aires ..... Dec. 21

For Further Particulars Apply to LUIS LLANSO, Agent.

Pier 8, N. R. Telephone Bowling Green 8139

Special Cruise De Luxe



To the

West Indies

23-Day Cruise

Sailing January 22

New S. S. TOLOA (13,500 tons)

One of the newest and largest of the GREAT WHITE FLEET, visiting

Havana, Santiago, Port Antonio, Kingston, Panama, Port Limon, Costa Rica

Rates, including shore excursions and all expenses, $450 and up.

Most luxurious steamer, especially built for pleasure travel to the tropics; many rooms with bedsteads, private bath and suites. Palm gardens, deck games, music, etc.

For particulars address Dept. G

FRANK TOURIST CO.

(Established 1875)

489 Fifth Ave., Bet. 41st and 42d Sts., New York

Telephone Vanderbilt 7300

Other Tours and Cruises to Japan, China—South America—Europe, Mediterranean—California, Honolulu—Bermuda—Florida, Cuba.

Send for Booklet of Tour Desired.

WHITE STAR LINE

Nearby Sailings

BALTIC..... 12 Noon Dec. 24 to Liverpool

OLYMPIC.... 1 P. M. Dec. 29 to Cherbourg and Southampton

NEW YORK—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON

OLYMPIC ...1 P. M. Dec. 29 Mar. 23 Apr. 20
ADRIATIC .12 Noon Jan. 19 Feb. 16 Mar. 16

New York—Liverpool

Baltic .....12 Noon Dec. 24 — —
Celtic .....12 Noon Jan. 15 Feb. 26 Apr. 2
Vedic .....12 Noon Jan. 26 — —
Cedric .....12 Noon — Feb. 5 Mar. 12

New York via Boston—Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa

Canopic .....3 P. M. Dec. 28 Feb. 19
Cretic .....3 P. M. Jan. 5 Mar. 24

AMERICAN LINE

New York—Cherbourg—Southampton

(COMMENCING DEC. 21, N. Y., Plymouth and Cherbourg.)

*Zeeland ...12 Noon Dec. 18 Jan. 22 Feb. 26
*Kroonland .12 Noon Dec. 31 Feb. 5 Mar. 12
*Lapland ...12 Noon Jan. 8 Feb. 12 Mar. 19
*Finland ...12 Noon Jan. 15 Feb. 19 Mar. 26

*Red Star Line Steamers en route Antwerp.

New York—Hamburg Direct Service

MANCHURIA .....12 Noon Jan. 13 Feb. 24
MONGOLIA .....12 Noon Jan. 27 Mar. 10

RED STAR LINE

New York—Cherbourg—Southampton—Antwerp

(COMMENCING DEC. 9, N. Y., Plymouth, Cherbourg and Antwerp.)

Zeeland ...12 Noon Dec. 18 Jan. 22 Feb. 26
Kroonland ..12 Noon Dec. 31 Feb. 5 Mar. 12
Lapland ...12 Noon Jan. 8 Feb. 12 Mar. 19
Finland ...12 Noon Jan. 15 Feb. 19 Mar. 26

New York—Danzig—via Hamburg

Third Class Passengers Only.

Gothland .....12 Noon Jan. 12 Feb. 26

IDEAL WINTER CRUISES

January—February—March—1921—$400 upwards

West Indies—Panama Canal—South America

WHITE STAR LINE S. S. "MEGANTIC"

20,740 Tons Disp.—Largest Steamer to Tropics

25-26 Days Specially Selected Ports of Call

Including Barbados—Cuba—Jamaica—Martinique—Panama Canal—Porto Rico—Trinidad—Venezuela—Virgin Islands, etc.

International Mercantile Marine Company

Offices, 9 Broadway, New York. Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, North River.

NASSAU

BAHAMAS

Perfect climate. All outdoor sports. Excellent hotels.

Sailings from New York

Dec. 31 Fortnightly Thereafter

For Reservations apply to authorized Ticket Agencies or

WARD LINE

Foot of Wall St., New York



HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE

NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM

Via Plymouth and Boulogne-Sur-Mer

NOORDAM .....Noon Dec. 28 Feb. 19 Mar. 26
RYNDAM .....Noon Jan. 8 Feb. 12 Mar. 19
ROTTERDAM .Noon Jan. 25 Mar. 1 Apr. 9
NOORDAM ...Noon Apr. 2 May 7 — —

General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

SPAIN

Compania Trasmediterranea

REGULAR PASSENGER SERVICE TO CADIZ—BARCELONA

To Tarragona—Valencia—Alicante—Cartagena—Malaga

S. S. COLOMO ..... Jan. 1
Manuel Romani, Agt. Tel. Hanover 6869

AUSTRALIA

NEW ZEALAND—SOUTH SEAS

Via Tahiti and Rarotonga. Mail and Passenger Service from San Francisco, sailing every 28 days. UNION STEAMSHIP CO. OF NEW ZEALAND.

311 California St., San Francisco, Cal., or 28 S. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, N. Y.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

JAPAN, CHINA, MANILA

Passenger and Freight Services

160 Broadway, New York.

Westbound, Central and South America.

GREAT WHITE FLEET

United Fruit Company

Pass. Traffic Department, 17 Battery Pl., N. Y.

NIAGARA TO THE SEA.

For illustrated guide, address John F. Pierce, Dept. 161, Canada Steamship Lines, Montreal, Canada.

BERMUDA

Two Days from New York

Here you are free from the snow, ice and chill winds of the North, and in a quaint, old-world setting of incomparable loveliness you may lazily rest or play your favorite sports of golf, tennis, riding, driving, motor-boating, sailing, bathing and fishing or dance at

Your January Dividends

New Issue of Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates at 5½% net.

Shares in an exceptional guaranteed mortgage secured by 35-37 Broad Street, Manhattan, in the heart of the Financial District.

Appraised value $420,000.

Selections made now may be paid for after January 1st.

Send for Circular E 16720.

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President.
Capital & Surplus $9,000,000
59 Liberty St., N. Y. Telephone 7965 Cort
149 Montague St., Bkn. Telephone 7686 Main

Taxation Present and Future

THE *Income and Excess Profits Tax for* 1920 *and the Future of Federal Taxation*" was the subject of an address by our Mr. Frank E. Seidman before a Manufacturers' Association.

The address included such facts on the application of the 1920 Income Tax regulations as are usually discussed at personal conferences.

Only a limited number of reprints are available. These will be distributed to executives if request is made on business stationery.

SEIDMAN & SEIDMAN
Certified Public Accountants
41 PARK ROW
NEW YORK
Washington Grand Rapids Newark

A FIVE MILLION DOLLAR A WEEK APPETITE BUY WAR DEPARTMENT CANNED MEATS

RESIDENT
SALESMEN
FOR
BRITISH WOOLENS

An important corporation requires conscientious representatives to sell highest grade English woolen piece goods on commission basis in the following sections:

PHILADELPHIA	CHICAGO
BALTIMORE	BOSTON
NEW ORLEANS	PITTSBURG
SAN FRANCISCO	CLEVELAND
LOS ANGELES	DETROIT
MILWAUKEE	ST. LOUIS
KANSAS CITY	DENVER
INDIANAPOLIS	SEATTLE
MONTREAL	WINNIPEG
TORONTO	OTTAWA

Only those who can guarantee results. Reference & exchange gives all details in first letter to H. RENNELS, Suite 1116, Woolworth Building, New York

KELLOGG'S BRAN
105 Hudson. Phone Lispenard 5959

Christmas Gifts
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry.
CASH OR CREDIT
ONLY RELIABLE UP-TO-DATE GOODS
EASY PAYMENTS
No Employers' references necessary.
Will send representative if desired.
AMERICAN WATCH & DIAMOND CO.
6 MAIDEN LANE 4TH FLOOR TAKE ELEVATOR
Open Evenings Till 10 P. M.

Tax-Accounting Problems

The rapidly approaching close of the current accounting period demands that you promptly employ professional aid in the proper solution of your tax accounting problems.

Expert tax-accounting advice by a staff of FORMER INCOME TAX EXAMINERS and a certified accountant is available to you.

Consult us before closing your books for the year 1920

Gerard Tax Service Co., Inc.
Suite 1098
299 Broadway, New York City
Tel. Worth 6238.

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS IN SESSION.

A conspicuous feature of this week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL is a large double-page [illegible] of Nations in session. [illegible] ing picture which is a [illegible] ing and is [illegible] of the prominent [illegible] vidual delegates' [illegible] of the number, which [illegible] separate [illegible] events of the world. [illegible]
10c.—Advt.

4-CITY RADIO CIRCUIT OPENED BY HYLAN

Mayor Presses Key Inaugurating Service With Cleveland, Detroit and Chicago.

FELLOW-EXECUTIVES REPLY

Hope Expressed That System Is Forerunner of One Encompassing the World.

Pressing a key on an instrument in his reception room in the City Hall, Mayor John F. Hylan yesterday opened a direct intercity radio service between New York, Cleveland, Detroit and Chicago. The ceremony marked the establishment among the four cities, the same system, in fact, that applies to overseas service, and by which messages can be sent at greatest speed and least cost, according to the inventor, Professor Emil J. Simon, than by wire.

Representatives of various civic associations and scientific bodies were present as were also Professor Simon, Michael I. Pupin, professor of electrical engineering at Columbia University, and Dr. Lee de Forest, inventor of the wireless telephone. The Mayor, after a brief speech, sent a message to the Mayors of the three other cities, who sent return messages.

Mayor Hylan's message of greeting to the Mayors of the three cities said:

"Permit me to extend to you and through you to the people of your municipality the cordial greetings of the City of New York.

"The opening of an efficient and practical wireless service suitable for the pursuit of commercial affairs between four great cities of this country is a step in the communication system of the United States which cannot be overestimated.

"Conquering the air for the useful purposes of mankind is making rapid progress and each new success still further demonstrates its feasibility.

"May this message of greeting which I am sending to my fellow-Executives of Cleveland, Detroit and Chicago be but the forerunner of messages which shall continue to link us together and

The Mayor of Chicago in his reply to Mayor Hylan's message said:

"The Mayor of Chicago congratulates those who have worked out the wonderful advancement which makes possible this exchange of messages between New York and Chicago by a commercial radio circuit. On behalf of the people of this city I extend to New York's Mayor and the people of the City of New York cordial greetings and best wishes for their health, happiness and prosperity in the new year. May the spirit of genuine Americanism bind the people of New York and Chicago and our beloved country in a fraternal union that shall continue ever strong in the years to come."

Detroit's Mayor answered:

"On behalf of the citizens of Detroit I accept your greetings by radio telegraph and sincerely trust that this new means of communication may further strengthen the commercial relations which have so long existed between those four great American cities."

From the Mayor of Cleveland came this message:

"Your courteous message by wireless telegraphy received. Permit me to express my appreciation and to extend to you my official greeting on behalf of the City of Cleveland. The receipt of your message and my reply through this medium is in my judgment an important epoch in the advancement of American institutions."

MONEY to LOAN
In substantial amounts

Phone or write, if unable to call. Courteous service to all inquiries regarding loans. Large or small amounts on *jewelry only*, for duration of a year or less. Strictest confidence.

Phone Watkins 4128

One of New York's oldest, staunchest institutions.

Established 18
J. E. LEMON & CO.
478 SIXTH AVE. at 29th St.

Wallach Gift Certificates
Purchasable in any amount from $1 up. Give them to your friends; let them do their own selecting.

Buy Christmas Seals



$135 $125 and $100
Overcoats—luxuriously fine!
$72.50

handsomely tailored by Hart Schaffner & Marx

A certain weaver, whose overcoatings are much sought after by the best custom tailors, recently found himself much overstocked on account of cancellations. In this undeserved predicament, he offered Hart Schaffner & Marx his entire surplus yardage below cost, if they would take all of it. They did! Hence, these many fine Ulsters, Ulsterettes, Great Coats, Box Coats, Formfitting Coats, Raglans and Chesterfields at only $72.50.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
$100, $90 and $85 Suits
$65

Your pick of the very choicest suits in our stores; positively the finest made.

Est. 1887 **Wallach Bros.** Est. 1887

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

2d Floor 15 W. 34th St.

LARGEST 2D FLOOR SHOP OF ITS KIND IN THE WORLD

THE HOME OF 40 FAMOUS NATIONALLY ADVERTISED BRANDS OF CLOTHES FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN


"SENIOR"

Georges


"JUNIOR"

OPPOSITE WALDORF HOTEL Between Fifth Av. and Broadway

An Astounding Offer Which We Positively Guarantee No Store in New York, Bar None, Can Duplicate, or Your Money Refunded

A Sale of 2080 Overcoats & Ulsters

For Men and Young Men

Marking the Most Extraordinary Underprice Purchase Ever Made By Us

MADE TO RETAIL AT

$50 $55 $60

The Price for the Entire Lot While It Lasts

$25

What You Get for Your $25 in This SALE?

Swagger Ulsters and Great Coats—some have half belts while others have full belt. Single and double breasted form-fitting Coats, Ulsterettes, Raglans, Box and Chesterfields. Every conceivable model, from the most extreme to the most conservative. All sizes, all colors, all fabrics, including the newest plain and fancy effects, as well as plain black and gray Meltons and kerseys.

For the past two years we have set the pace in value giving in New York, upsetting all the traditions of the clothing business and forcing competition to exert itself as it has never been forced to exert itself before. In these two years we have been rewarded for our enterprise by building our business from one of less than a half-million dollars annually to one of almost three millions!

Today and tomorrow we shall furnish clothing buyers with another spectacular demonstration of our value-giving power by offering 2,080 sumptuous, smartly styled and elegantly tailored Overcoats and Ulsters at $25 each, that were made to retail at $50, $55 and $60, and which we purchased last week in one of the best spot-cash transactions ever engineered by us in the present unsettled wholesale market. Come today or tomorrow, and you will see Overcoat buying done on a scale never before witnessed by you in any store anywhere.

Over 3000 Suits in This Sale Made to Retail at $40, $45, $50, $55 Now **27.50**

Georges

Opposite Waldorf Hotel, Between Fifth Avenue and Broadway

2d Floor 15 W. 34th St.

OPEN DAILY TILL 6 P. M.—SATURDAY TILL 9 P. M.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today; Sunday, fair; strong northwest winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,974. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

KAPLAN LOSES FIGHT TO GET JAIL TERMS FOR CONTRACTORS

Lockwood Committee Votes No Recommendation to Court and the Firms Are Fined $80,000.

UNTERMYER IS SUSTAINED

He Accuses Murphy's Friend of Trying to Sow Dissension.

IRON ERECTORS PAID I. W. W.

Suspected of Hiring Them as "Agents Provocateur" — "Open Shop" Closed to Union Men.

Samuel Untermyer, counsel to the Lockwood committee, had excused the last witness at the committee's public session at the City Hall yesterday, and was about to leave for the Criminal Courts Building on the case of the limestone men who pleaded guilty to indictments and were fined $5,000 each—$80,000 in all—when Senator Abraham Kaplan, Democrat, precipitated a tumultuous scene. His attempt to have the committee, by a formal vote, bind Mr. Untermyer to insist on maximum jail sentences for the contractors was bitterly attacked by Mr. Untermyer. Kaplan was hissed and booed by the crowd of several hundred spectators in the Aldermanic Chamber. His stand was repudiated by a six-to-one vote at the executive session which followed the abrupt adjournment of the committee. Charles F. Murphy, Tammany Hall leader, supported Kaplan in his recent primary fight for the leadership of the Eleventh Assembly District against James J. Hines. Kaplan was defeated.

Senator Kaplan moved that the committee go on record as favoring that counsel request the court to impose maximum jail sentences on all defendants pleading guilty to indictments.

Mr. Untermyer hoped that no such motion would be put. The committee, as a committee, was not concerned with proceedings in a criminal court. The responsibility for dealing with the disposition of the indictments rested with the court. Kaplan, he said, could not possibly know anything about the conditions confronting counsel, or the court or the prosecuting officers.

Untermyer Defies Critic.

"In the absence of any such knowledge it would be a monstrous thing for the committee to go on record as asking any such direction from counsel," he continued.

"I have received notice through the editorial column of a newspaper in this city this morning of just the sort of attack that would be sought to be made upon the counsel for this committee, and I propose to do my duty regardless of any such attacks. What value any man who is under indictment may be in leading to the conviction of other more guilty men, what evidence we may have against any of these men whom we can convict, how weak or how strong our evidence may be, what the various considerations may be affecting any man or set of men or corporations, are matters that cannot possibly be within the purview of the knowledge of this committee, and, therefore, the committee could not intelligently pass upon it.

"Furthermore, it may or may not be known to the gentleman who makes this motion, whether these defendants are corporations, and you can't impose a jail sentence on corporations. You can only impose a fine.

"If any such suggestion as that is considered in order by the committee it should have been made in executive session, and it should not have been made here, whatever its ulterior purpose may be. If its purpose be to sow dissension in the committee I don't think it is going to have that effect, but whatever its purpose may be, I suggest that the committee now go into executive session and there discuss the motion that has been made by this member of the committee.

"It has nothing to do with our investigation. It does not bear upon the evidence here, and therefore it is not a subject for this sort of discussion. It is simply intended, I think, to precipitate discussion in the committee."

Kaplan Appeals to Chair.

Kaplan demanded an opportunity to make a reply. Chairman Lockwood rapped for order. Kaplan insisted on being heard, and the Chairman ruled the motion out of order on the ground that the responsibility for the indictments rested with the Court and the prosecuting officers.

Kaplan jumped to his feet and appealed from the decision of the chair. The Chairman said the appeal would be heard in executive session. Mr. Untermyer offered to explain to Senator Kaplan at the executive session why his request was against the public interest. Kaplan tried to force the explanation by Mr. Untermyer to be made in public.

"No, you have got away with noise long enough," rebuked Chairman Lockwood.

The remark was applauded and cheered by the several hundred spectators that jammed the Aldermanic Chamber.

"It's not a question of noise," Kaplan started to say when the pounding of the gavel cut him short.

"That is the very reason why I left a sickbed to come here today," said Chairman Lockwood, "because I anticipated this thing was going to happen. I was told so last night. We will take it up in executive session, and Senator Kaplan can have his appeal."

Again Kaplan sought to have the argument heard in the chamber. The members of the committee started moving to the door. By this time the room

Continued on Page Three.

When you think of writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

Wholesale Commodity Prices Show Further Decreases

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Wholesale prices of commodities were lower last month than at any time since the war, according to figures announced today by the Department of Labor. The wholesale scale dropped 8 per cent. more in November than in the preceding month, and 24 per cent. below the peak of high prices last May, the bureau says.

Building materials registered a drop of 12½ per cent. in November, and farm products were second with a drop of 9¼ per cent. Clothing costs dropped 9 per cent., while food products dropped 4½ per cent.

Within the last year wholesale food prices have dropped 11 per cent., the bureau reports, and clothing has gone down 28 per cent., while farm products show a drop of 31 per cent. An average decrease of 10 per cent. in the wholesale prices of all commodities was registered, as compared with November, 1919.

INSPECTOR KILLED, RAIDS IN DUBLIN

Fusillade in Streets Follows Slaying of Officer, Walking With His Fiancee.

HOME RULE READY TO SIGN

Lords and Commons Agree on Amendments—Elections When Country Is Settled.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Dec. 17.—District Inspector O'Sullivan, of the Royal Irish Constabulary, attached to the County Cork force, was shot dead in Henry Street at 6:10 o'clock this evening. The inspector who was in civilian attire, had just met his fiancée outside of the general post office and was walking away with her when he was approached by a tall young man.

"Hullo. Are you ready?" asked the stranger, and pointing a revolver fired point-blank at his victim. The bullet entered O'Sullivan's left eye and killed him instantly.

It is stated that four men were concerned in the attack and that before disappearing up the side streets they fired a number of shots over the heads of the crowd at a time when the thoroughfare was thronged, and when the shots were heard the people stampeded in all directions.

Inspector O'Sullivan was employed in the Inspector General's office in Dublin Castle, and has been in the habit of meeting in the evening Miss Moore, to whom he was engaged.

Another story of the shotting says that a few days ago Miss Moore received an anonymous letter, saying: "You are walking with a Black and Tan. Beware!"

As Miss Moore was waiting for her fiancée tonight she noticed two men standing in a doorway who looked very hard at her. O'Sullivan met her, and as they were walking along, one of the two men fired at him. Miss Moore pluckily closed with the assailant and seized his revolver. The second man fired at the inspector as he lay on the ground. Both men escaped.

O'Sullivan was only 22 years of age. He had a distinguished career in the army. He was also a solicitor.

Extensive raids have taken place about the scene of the shooting. There has been more firing, but no casualties are reported.

Raids Follow Assassination.

DUBLIN, Dec. 17 (Associated Press).—The entire business section of Dublin was raided by the police this evening following the shooting of District Inspector O'Sullivan of Dublin Castle.

The Inspector was passing a fancy fair today in Henry Street, accompanied by a Miss Moore, to whom he was engaged to be married, when he was fired on by two masked civilians. He died an hour later in a hospital.

Two Monasteries Raided.

Two priories in the city were raided by military forces last night and Father Dominic, who was chaplain to the late Lord Mayor of Cork and attended the latter during his hunger-strike in Brixton, was arrested. Another priest, Father Aldert, also was arrested, but was later released. These arrests occurred at the Capuchin Monastery in Church Street, where soldiers gained an entrance to the grounds by scaling the walls with ladders. Some gates were also pried open. Father Dominic was engaged with the monastery on research work. The rooms at the institution were minutely searched, the raid occupying nearly four hours. It was not generally known that Father Dominic was in Dublin.

The Administering Church Hall was also visited and the caretaker arrested.

The Carmelite Church and Monastery in Clarendon Street was simultaneously raided, but no arrests were made.

A second raid on the Dublin mails within a week was made this morning at Fairview. A horse van containing

Continued on Page Seventeen.

HARDING HAS PLAN FOR WORLD PEACE ALREADY IN MIND

He Has Broached It to Root, Hughes and Hoover—It Has Fall's Approval.

DETAILS ARE NOT DIVULGED

Bryan and Reed Are Day's Conferees With Senator on International Questions.

COMMONER READY TO HELP

Presses His National Referendum Plan—Speyer, Gerard and Jessup Other Marion Visitors.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 17.—William J. Bryan and Senator Reed of Missouri were callers upon Senator Harding today to discuss international relations and the question of the League of Nations or a substitute. In addition, James Speyer of New York had a talk with the President-elect about Mexican affairs, while Henry W. Jessup and James W. Gerard conferred about conditions in Armenia.

In connection with the talk about the League, Senator Harding admitted today that he had in mind an outline of an international agreement which, he thinks, will be acceptable to both League adherents and bitter-enders. He is not prepared yet to make the details public, but he has broached the plan to Messrs. Hughes, Hoover and Root, and it received the approval Wednesday of Senator Fall.

Mr. Bryan was Senator Harding's guest at luncheon. The suggestion of an international agreement to take national referendums before engaging in offensive warfare, a plan attributed to Mr. Bryan and Colonel Harvey, was one of the topics the President-elect discussed with Mr. Bryan.

Bryan Still for Referendum.

Mr. Bryan declined to discuss his talk with the President-elect, but told newspaper men that he had not changed his belief that the League of Nations question was not a partisan matter. He still adheres, he stated, to the feasibility of a national referendum before declaring war.

"I am here to give whatever assistance I can," he said, "and I do not think it proper to promulgate my views. Until it became apparent that the League of Nations could not be ratified without reservations I spoke for ratification without reservations, although there are some things in the treaty I do not approve. One of these is Article X. But I felt that time was an important thing and that ratification should not have been delayed by a discussion of controversial questions. I thought that with the right to withdraw within two years and the wide influence this country had, we could have gained any changes we thought necessary after we entered the League. My position in this respect remains unchanged.

"I never have believed that the League should have been made a political question. I think that the overwhelming majority of American people favors an international association to promote peace. I believe that the people as a whole were very little concerned with reservations. Both sides, it seems to me, magnified the importance of these reservations.

"Four-fifths of the Senate voted at one time or another for ratification with some form of reservation. They should have been brought together upon reservations to which all could agree and then ratify the treaty.

"After all, the big things in the treaty stand entirely above controversy. I believe that Senator Harding is not only an honest and conscientious man, but one whose whole purpose is to do what he thinks best for the American people. If a man wants to do that, and I realize that in doing it he cannot please all, the American people will trust him and will be hopeful of accomplishment."

Senator Harding and Mr. Bryan spoke from the same platform at the Laymen's Convention of the Marion Presbytery at the First Presbyterian Church this afternoon.

Declaring that he and the President-elect stood for the same fundamentals in politics and religion, Mr. Bryan said:

"I will stand back of a man who wants the best for his country, no matter to what party he belongs. I would rather stand behind a man of that kind than one of my own party whose errors might hurt the country."

In his speech Senator Harding said:

"I rejoice in the inheritance of a Christian belief, and I don't mind saying that I gladly go to God Almighty for strength in confronting the responsibilities that face me. I want America to be reconstructed to the religious revival that was apparent in the early days of the Republic.

"I am trying to give my conception of what government ought to be and to bring into practice in American government the thoughts that emanate from

Continued on Page Five.

Ex-Banker, Taking a Night Photograph, Killed by a Fall From the Tenth Story

Edward V. Gambier, formerly Vice President of the Atlantic National Bank, last night fell from the window of his office, on the tenth floor of the Home Life Insurance Company Building, 257 Broadway, and was instantly killed. Mr. Gambier, an expert in amateur photography, was arranging to take a night photograph of the City Hall. It is believed that he lost his balance in arranging a camera and fell through an open window.

William Ogden, night watchman of the building, was sweeping the sidewalk, when he heard a sudden scream and the body of Mr. Gambier fell at his feet. In his fall Mr. Gambier struck the flagpole which protrudes from the third story, breaking it and throwing a fragment of the pole into the street.

Investigation showed that Mr. Gambier had placed a camera on a chair in front of an open window, and apparently was engaged in focusing it on the lighted cupola of the City Hall, when he lost his balance or was attacked by vertigo.

FALL MALL Rounds—You'll like the idea—a free and easy draught.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS is a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

Court Upholds Hazing In a Military School

NEWBURGH, N. Y., Dec. 17.—A military academy is not a Sunday school and light hazing should be expected at the former, Supreme Court Justice Morschauser officially decreed here today.

The decision was made in a suit for tuition brought by the New York Military Academy of Cornwall against Dr. Emmett Hoa, father of Helmer P. Hoa of Troy, who left the school after six days' attendance because an upper classman had made him his "orderly" with instructions to take his clothes to the tailor every Saturday. The court awarded the academy full tuition with interest.

TO INCREASE HOUSE TO 483 MEMBERS

Republican Caucus Votes to Add 48 to the Present Total So No State May Lose.

25 STATES WILL MAKE GAIN

Census Bureau Reports Revised Population Total of 105,708,771 for Continental States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The House Republicans in caucus tonight voted 106 to 61 to pass at this session a reapportionment law, which would increase the membership of the House from 435 to 483. This would give the States one representative for about every 219,000 of population as opposed to one for about 211,000 under the present apportionment.

A bill for reapportionment on this basis has already been introduced by Representative Siegel of New York, Chairman of the Census Committee. Twenty-five States will have increases and no State will lose.

Practically all the large gains in representation will be in States which went heavily Republican in the last election. These include five added in California, four in Michigan, four in Ohio, four in New York, four in Pennsylvania and two in New Jersey and Illinois. It is estimated that at least thirty of the forty-eight new Congressmen provided for will come from what is regarded as Republican territory.

The banner gain in Democratic territory is three in Texas, while two are added in North Carolina. Other gains in Democratic States do not exceed one member.

Representative Tinkham of Massachusetts spoke in favor of his resolution to inquire into the alleged denial of the vote to the negroes in the South, with a view to reduction of representation in that section, but Representatives Slemp of Virginia and Kahn of California opposed action as likely to hurt Republican prospects in the South, and the caucus voted 95 to 42 against Tinkham.

The representation of each State under the new reapportionment will be as follows:

State.	Rep.	Gain.	State.	Rep.	Gain.
Alabama	11	1	Nevada	1	..
Arizona	2	1	New Hamp.	2	..
Arkansas	8	1	New Jersey	14	2
California	16	5	New Mexico.	1	..
Colorado	4	..	New York	47	4
Conn.	6	1	N. Carolina	12	2
Delaware	1	..	N. Dakota	3	..
Florida	4	..	Ohio	26	4
Georgia	13	1	Oklahoma	9	1
Idaho	2	..	Oregon	3	1
Illinois	28	2	Pennsylvania	40	4
Indiana	13	..	Rhode Isl.	3	..
Iowa	11	..	So. Carolina	8	1
Kansas	8	..	So. Dakota	3	..
Kentucky	11	..	Tennessee	11	1
Louisiana	8	..	Texas	21	3
Maine	4	..	Utah	2	..
Maryland	7	1	Vermont	2	..
Massachus.	18	2	Virginia	11	1
Michigan	17	4	Washington.	5	1
Minn.	11	1	W. Virginia.	7	1
Miss.	8	..	Wisconsin	12	1
Missouri	16	1	Wyoming	1	..
Montana	2	1	Total	483	48
Nebraska	6	..			

As a means of providing a basis for action by the House on reapportionment, the Census Bureau sent to the Speaker early in the day the revised figures of population for the country.

The total for the continental United States is 105,708,771, an increase of 25,663 over the preliminary figures. The increase since 1910 is 13,738,505, or 14.9 per cent., as compared with an increase from 1900 to 1910 of 15,977,691, or 21 per cent.

The population of outlying possessions of the United States, according to the revised figures, is 12,148,738, giving a total for continental United States and its possessions of 117,857,509, as compared with 101,146,530 in 1910.

The detailed figures are as follows:

State.	1920.	1910.	Increase.
Alabama	2,848,174	2,138,093	210,081
Arizona	332,903	204,354	128,549
Arkansas	1,752,204	1,574,449	177,755
California	3,426,861	2,377,549	1,049,312
Colorado	939,629	799,024	140,605
Connecticut	1,380,631	1,114,756	265,875
Delaware	223,003	202,322	20,681
Dist. of Col.	437,571	331,069	106,502
Florida	968,470	752,619	215,851
Georgia	2,880,832	2,609,121	286,711
Idaho	431,866	325,594	106,272
Illinois	6,485,280	5,638,591	846,689
Indiana	2,930,890	2,700,876	228,514
Iowa	2,404,022	2,224,771	179,250
Kansas	1,769,257	1,690,949	78,308
Kentucky	2,416,630	2,289,906	126,725
Louisiana	1,798,509	1,656,388	142,121
Maine	768,014	742,371	25,643
Maryland	1,449,661	1,295,346	154,315
Massachusetts	3,852,356	3,366,416	485,940
Michigan	3,668,412	2,810,173	485,940
Minnesota	2,387,125	2,075,708	311,417
Mississippi	1,790,618	1,797,114	*6,496
Missouri	3,404,055	3,293,335	110,720
Montana	548,889	376,053	172,836
Nebraska	1,296,372	1,192,214	104,158
Nevada	77,407	81,875	*4,468
New Hampshire	443,083	430,572	12,511
New Jersey	3,155,900	2,537,167	618,733
New Mexico	360,350	327,301	33,049
New York	10,384,829	9,113,614	1,271,215
North Carolina	2,559,123	2,206,287	352,836
North Dakota	645,680	577,056	68,624
Ohio	5,759,394	4,767,121	992,273
Oklahoma	2,028,283	1,657,155	371,128
Oregon	783,389	672,765	110,624
Pennsylvania	8,720,017	7,665,111	1,054,906
Rhode Island	604,397	542,610	61,787
South Carolina	1,685,724	1,515,400	168,324
South Dakota	636,547	583,888	52,659
Tennessee	2,337,885	2,184,789	152,096
Texas	4,663,228	3,896,542	766,686
Utah	449,396	373,351	76,045
Vermont	352,428	355,956	*3,528
Virginia	2,309,187	2,061,612	247,575
Washington	1,356,621	1,141,990	214,631
West Virginia	1,463,701	1,221,119	242,582
Wisconsin	2,632,067	2,333,860	298,207
Wyoming	194,402	145,965	48,437
		1920.	1910.
Outlying possessions		12,148,738	9,174,264
Alaska		54,899	64,356
American Samoa		8,056	a2,251
Guam		13,275	11,806
Hawaii		255,912	191,909
Panama Canal Zone		22,858	a62,810
Porto Rico		1,299,809	1,118,012
Military, naval, &c., service abroad		117,258	55,908
Philippine Islands		b10,350,640	c7,635,426
Virgin Islands		656,051	27,066

*Loss.
a Population in 1912.
b Population in 1918.
c Population in 1903.
d Population in 1917.
e Population in 1911.

MORE HOLD-UPS, ONE VICTIM DYING; FIFTH AV. ORGANIZES FOR DEFENSE; MAYOR SUGGESTS ARMING MESSENGERS

PARK BANDITS ROB WOMAN

Tear Gems From Ears and Rings Off Fingers of Doctor's Wife.

TAXI DRIVER AIDS HOLD-UP

Salesman Shot at St. Nicholas Avenue and 193d Street When on His Way Home.

MEETS PISTOL WITH FISTS

Recently Wed Veteran Winning in Battle With Robber When Wounded Twice.

There were two serious hold-ups in New York last night and several minor ones. An automobile salesman was shot and probably mortally wounded by a bandit in West 193d Street, and a woman in a taxicab was robbed by highwaymen in Central Park.

Two well-dressed men, aided by the chauffeur of the taxicab in which she was riding through Central Park at 7 o'clock last evening, held up Mrs. Thomas W. Edgar, wife of a physician at 766 West End Avenue. With pistols pointed at her head they forced Mrs. Edgar into the road, tore two diamond earrings from their fastenings, ripped two diamond rings from her fingers and fled in the taxicab, leaving her standing in a dinner gown in the west drive opposite West Eighty-first Street.

Mrs. Edgar was the Chairman of the committee in charge of the dinner dance of the American Criterion Society at the Commodore Hotel. A few minutes before 7 o'clock she requested Dr. Edgar to send a taxicab to their home to take her to the hotel. Dr. Edgar told detectives he saw a white taxicab, trimmed with green, going south in Broadway, between Ninety-seventh and Ninety-eighth Streets. He flagged it and told the chauffeur, who wore a brown army coat, to call for his wife.

The man went to the address and sent word to Mrs. Edgar that the taxicab was waiting. As she entered the cab, Mrs. Edgar told the man she was late for the dinner dance, and asked him to hurry.

"All right, madam," genially replied the chauffeur. "I'll get you there in jig time."

Car Slows, Bandits Appear.

The chauffeur wheeled his car around and went to 100th Street and West End Avenue, thence to the entrance to Central Park. As he reached a point near West Eighty-first Street on the West Drive, Mrs. Edgar said, he slowed down, and as she leaned forward to ask the trouble, two men, one wearing a fedora, stepped from a clump of bushes, and, without a word to the chauffeur, opened the door and pointed two pistols at Mrs. Edgar's head.

"Don't make an outcry, madam," said the taller, who appeared to be about 35 years old. "Step into the road. We are going to take all the money and jewelry you have, but we don't want to harm you."

Mrs. Edgar stepped into the road without a word, and then the shorter of the two bandits took her earrings from their fastenings. Mrs. Edgar said the man was very rough. She appealed to the taller bandit to ask him to be more gentle. The earrings were of filagreed turquoise, valued at $400.

"Take it easy; don't hurt the lady," commanded the taller robber, as he continued to hold his pistol at her head. Then:

"I see you have some nice rings on your fingers. Take them off. You'll save us the trouble of doing it for you."

Mrs. Edgar said she had on silk gloves and couldn't understand how the robber knew she wore rings. She started to comply with his command, she said, but she was too nervous to get her gloves off.

Robber Tears Off Rings.

The second robber became impatient.

"We haven't got all night for this job," he said. "I'll take her rings off," and, grabbing Mrs. Edgar's hand, he ripped off one glove and then the other, after which he tugged at both hands until he had taken a diamond ring off each of them. One was her engagement ring, valued at $3,000, the other a dinner ring worth $700.

When he started to take Mrs. Edgar's wedding ring, she appealed to the taller robber.

"Don't take that," he commanded of his confederate. "a wedding ring is sacred with a woman. I'm a married man and I know how they feel. But you'll have to hand over your money," he added.

Mrs. Edgar had about $15 in a velvet handbag. She handed that over to the robbers, saying it was all she had.

"Search her stockings," said the taller bandit. "Women usually keep the big roll there."

The second robber then reached down, ripped Mrs. Edgar's silk hose and tore the tulle and lace trimmings of her evening dress.

The chauffeur of the taxicab remained mutely in his seat, not once looking in the direction of the hold-up. When the second bandit announced that Mrs. Edgar had no money in her stockings the two highwaymen jumped into the taxicab and said to the chauffeur:

"Now beat it as fast as you can."

The taxicab went south on the West Drive, Mrs. Edgar said, leaving her

Continued on Page Two.

Mayor Hylan Defends the Police Department; Suggests to Public Aid That Could Be Given

Mayor Hylan issued the following statement last night, defending the Police Department and suggesting to the public, aid that should be given to the police to frustrate criminals:

"The police of the city are using every possible effort for the protection of life and property. There is throughout the country at the present time a great criminal army, who care not what means they use to ply their nefarious trade. Life means nothing to them in their pursuit for ill-gotten wealth.

"As the outgrowth of the war many persons of criminal tendencies have been educated in the use of firearms and have little regard for human life. The criminal class has unfortunately been augmented from those who seek the easy method of getting money in preference to daily labor. This condition applies not only to New York, but to every city throughout the United States.

"I urge upon the citizens of New York to give their full co-operation and aid to the Police Department of the city. The department is fully capable to meet and compete with the crime that is prevalent throughout the city.

"Let me urge upon the Judges of the criminal courts prompt and speedy trial of the criminals brought before them, and where found guilty prompt and severe sentences should be imposed.

"The professional criminals find it too easy a matter to be admitted to bail. I am informed that there are cases pending and awaiting trial of criminals who have been arrested, released on bail and then rearrested for other crimes whose cases are still awaiting trial.

"Merchants of this city, who, in the course of their daily business, are compelled to handle large sums of money and other valuable property which must be transported through the streets of the city should notify the police precincts in which they do business of the transmission of such money or valuables, and the time and place of delivery of same. They should see that their messengers are armed, and if they have not a permit they should apply at once to the Police Department for permission, which will be promptly granted.

"Extraordinary precaution should be taken at this time with regard to suspicious persons in or about their buildings, and where it is possible in the delivery of sums of money or valuables while delivery is being made out of doors should be locked to prevent the entrance or exit of persons during that period.

"The hotel people of our city should impress very strongly upon their guests the necessity of keeping the doors to their various apartments locked. It is an impossibility for the police to determine what is going on in the interior of hotels or in large business houses where the public has free and easy access, and it is for these reasons that I urge that every precaution be taken by the business and hotel men of the city."

JEWELERS FORM VIGILANTES

Merchants' Association Calls Meeting to Deal With Violence Here.

$25,000 REWARD FOR SLAYER

Hylan Defends Police, but Urges Arming of Messengers and Aid of Citizens.

JUDGES PROPOSE REMEDIES

Rosalsky Suggests 25,000 Vigilantes—McIntyre and McAdoo for Life Sentences.

Fifth Avenue began yesterday to arm itself against criminals.

Twelve principal jewelers' organizations have formed a vigilance committee. Heavily armed guards have been placed in and about their leading stores. In many shops an extra supply of weapons is placed in full view and in easy reach of clerks and attendants, and the committee has offered a $25,000 reward for the arrest and conviction of the slayers of Edwin W. Andrews, who was robbed and murdered Thursday in his Fifth Avenue office.

Other civic, trade and political organizations are taking up the campaign for protection. The Executive Committee of the Merchants Association has been called into special session to consider the situation next Monday. The Fifth Avenue Association commented the crime wave yesterday and plans to take definite action later. The Broadway Association, likewise, contemplates action.

The judiciary has taken official cognizance of conditions. Three Judges from the bench declared relentless war upon highway robbery and murder. Judge Otto A. Rosalsky in General Sessions said it was high time for the organization of 25,000 vigilantes, and Judge John F. McIntyre coincided with Judge Rosalsky and Chief Magistrate McAdoo in urging life sentences for all holdup men.

Protests Continue to Pour In.

Protests against the failure of the police to cope with the situation continue to pour in upon State and city officials. Governor-elect Miller intimated the State would act unless the city suppressed crime. Mayor Hylan issued a statement saying the police were "capable to meet and compete" with the crime, and at the same time he urged the arming of all money messengers and the full co-operation with the police of all law-abiding citizens.

Practically every Fifth Avenue jeweler who was asked whether he had increased his force of detectives replied in the affirmative. All, moreover, have weapons within easy reach of the guards. They were not reluctant to let the criminal world know they were prepared for any eventuality. Black, Starr, Frost & Co.; Reed & Barton; Dreicer & Co., Marcus & Co., were among the concerns that had resorted to self-protection against the wave of crime.

Mr. Marcus said he not only had employed additional detectives, but that he had placed weapons in convenient places for other employes, among whom were several former service men, adepts at handling firearms.

Jewelers Offer Suggestions.

It was in the Marcus Building, 542 Fifth Avenue, that Mr. Andrews, President of Andrews & Winsten, was slain. It was to discuss this murder and to bring the murderers to justice that the twelve jewelry organizations met and added $15,000 to the $10,000 reward offered by the Jewelers Security Alliance. In addition they appointed several committees in connection with the crime situation.

One of these committees will wait upon Commissioner Enright today with a request that the uptown district be protected by the same system of police zones that have been established in the Maiden Lane section. The members of this committee are: De Witt A. Davidson, President of the Jewelry Crafts Association, Chairman; Walter P. McTigue, representing the Jewelry Crafts Association; Emil Kohn, President of the Retail Jewelers of Greater New York and Vicinity, and Robert S. Tipping, Secretary of the Jewelry Crafts Association.

Another committee of ten was created to take charge of the present crime investigation, and the investigation of future holdups, with a view to procuring funds to bring criminals to justice.

A third will take up with protective agencies methods of safeguarding members of the trade by installing in jewelry establishments fast signaling devices, such as are used to protect banks.

Jewelers Adopt Resolutions.

The decision of the jewelry trades organizations to offer a reward in the Andrews murder was reached at a meeting under auspices of the Jewelers' Vigilance Committee, in the rooms of the 24-Karat Club, 25 Maiden Lane. Harry C. Lauter of Lauter & Sons, and Chairman of the Vigilance Committee, presided. Details of the conference were

RAID BANDITS' CAR, ARREST 3 WITH LOOT

Citizen Volunteers Join Paterson Flying Police Squads and Capture Hold-Up Men.

GOT $4,900 IN SILK MILL

Teamwork of New Jersey Police Forces Put Into Successful Operation.

The police of near-by New Jersey, with civilian aid, staged an exciting robber chase yesterday afternoon, with results which, they said, offered a brilliant proof of what vigilant authority, fully prepared, can do against marauding automobile bandits.

Three men walked into the office of the Paterson Silk Dyeing and Finishing Company in Paterson yesterday afternoon, covered with revolvers Miss Jennie Kreditz, the cashier, and two other employes, and escaped with a wooden box in which was the payroll money, $4,900, distributed in envelopes. They ran out and jumped into an automobile and put on all speed for Passaic.

Friday is pay day in many Paterson silk mills and extra police protection had been furnished to all establishments which requested it. No call had come from the one selected by the robbers, and it was three minutes later when the alarm was telephoned to Paterson Police Headquarters.

After that it was a matter of seconds for Chief John Tracey to set in motion the machinery which he had worked out in co-operation with the departments of Passaic, Clifton, Hackensack, Ridgewood, Newark and a dozen other towns. While the general alarm was being flashed over the town's own police signal system, word was sent to all the other cities.

Fifteen minutes after the crime was committed patrolmen on motorcycles and others in patrol wagons and fast touring cars were converging on Paterson from every direction. At the same time automobile loads of Paterson policemen and a dozen men on motorcycles were racing along every road leading out of the city. Several of the pursuing squads being armed with riot guns capable of discharging seven rounds of man-killing slugs without reloading.

Meanwhile several employes of the Paterson concern had to run to the street walk, although they were unarmed, and jumped into an automobile owned and driven by John Gillispie of 19 Fifth Avenue, Paterson. They shouted a quick explanation to Gillispie and he started after the bandits.

Rammed Bandits' Car.

The chase led to Clifton, through which the robbers had to pass on their way to Passaic. Gillispie's car was ahead in Piaget Avenue he overtook the car. The bandits menaced him with pistols, but Gillispie, undaunted though unarmed, like his companions, crowded closer and closer. Finally, with a burst of extra speed, Gillispie rammed the lighter car and forced it into a ditch, where it overturned.

Lieut. Marsh and Patrolman Jordan and Gros of the Clifton police force were on guard, awaiting the coming of the car. They reached it a second after it overturned. As the three men crawled out one of them began shooting. A bullet sped between the arm and the side of the civilian pursuers, piercing his coat. Others went wild and the police succeeded in seizing Jos

Continued on Page Three.

ENRIGHT OPENS NEW HUNT FOR BANDITS

Picks Fifty Detectives to Patrol City in Automobiles Day and Night.

SEES NO NEED FOR POSSES

Commissioner Insists "the Police Are Absolutely in Control of the Situation."

Fifty of the most experienced detectives in the Police Department have been organized into an emergency flying auto squad to aid in hunting down New York's desperate criminals and to prevent repetitions of the recent series of robberies and other violent crimes. With ten speedy cars these men will travel throughout the city in relays of day and night patrols, working in cooperation with every member of the force.

Police Commissioner Enright told a reporter for THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday that every member of this special squad was a man picked for his particular experience and ability in the work he is expected to accomplish. Some of the detectives have been chosen from precinct squads. All have been sent to the Detective Bureau and their methods of work have been mapped out with careful detail.

"This is no time for talk; it is a time for action," declared the Police Commissioner, when he was asked for an opinion on the suggestion of Judge Rosalsky of General Sessions that crime in this city had reached a situation that called for the organization of vigilance committees or posses, aggregating 25,000 citizens, if necessary, to curb and suppress crime.

Commissioner Enright said he had been consulted about a similar suggestion, made to him by representatives of large business interests immediately after the war, in which it was proposed that he approve of the arming of all of their employes with rifles for private protection. He could not approve the plan at that time, he said, and for the same reason he could not now sanction the organization and arming of any body of citizens, because it would mean placing arms in the hands of persons who would not be directly under the control of the police, while any wrongful act that might result by any member of such a private organization would be a liability against his department and the municipality, or both.

Declares Police Control Situation.

"There is no crime condition that warrants the organization of private citizens to meet it, as the police measures are ample to cope with it," asserted Commissioner Enright. "The police are absolutely in control of the situation."

He said there was no cause for alarm because several recent spectacular robberies and assaults had occurred. Conditions in other cities were far worse, he averred, and he mentioned conditions reported in Chicago, Philadelphia and Boston. Crime was not increasing, and the police measures taken and now in progress would cope with the situation successfully, was his prediction.

"There is no organized crime in this city," contended the Commissioner. "The criminals are individuals or small groups, some of them criminals who have come from other cities, as for example the one taken in the hold-up of guests at the Astor the other night."

A much better showing would be made in police work if the department had sufficient men for adequate patrol service, the Commissioner went on. From precincts 200 policemen had to be sent

Continued on Page Two.

given out by Fred C. Backus, Secretary of the National Jewelers' Board of Trade, who acted as secretary. These resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, there is overwhelming evidence of widespread lawlessness and crime resulting in murder, robberies and other acts of violence, which have become a menace to the business and to the life of the citizens of New York; and

Whereas, these crimes are becoming every day more numerous and more flagrant, and their execution bolder; and

Whereas, as a climax to these conditions as far as they affect our trade we learn with horror of the robbery and murder yesterday of one of our most esteemed members, Edwin W. Andrews of Andrews & Winsten, at his office, 542 Fifth Avenue, New York; therefore,

Be It Resolved, that we, as merchants and citizens, publicly protest to the Mayor and other authorities of New York against these conditions and against the lack of proper protection to life and property in this city, and demand that immediate and effective attention be given to this protest; and be it further

Resolved, That the manufacturing jewelers, gem merchants and dealers in jewelry and silverware, individually and collectively, invoke the assistance of the Police Commissioner of the City of New York, his Honor, the Mayor, his Excellency, the Governor of the State of New York, as well as the Hon. Nathan L. Miller, Governor-elect of this State, urging that immediate and drastic steps be taken to furnish adequate protection to the life and property of the merchants and the public of this city; and to this end, we, the following organizations of the jewelry trade offer the authorities our fullest co-operation:

Jewelers Vigilance Committee, Jewelers Security Alliance, Jewelers Protective Union, Jewelers Safety Fund Society, American Jewelers Protective Association, National Jewelers Board of Trade, Sterling Silver Manufacturers Association, Jewelry Crafts Association, New York Wholesale Jewelers Association, Retail Jewelers Association of Greater New York and Vicinity, Brotherhood of Traveling Jewelers, Southern Jewelry Travelers Association.

Letter Accompanies Resolutions.

Copies of the resolutions were sent to Commissioner Enright, Mayor Hylan, Governor Smith and Governor-elect Nathan L. Miller with the attached letter:

"Enclosed herewith you will find resolutions unanimously adopted at a meeting of twelve of the leading jewelry organizations held this afternoon.

"We feel that under the unusual circumstances and the horrible conditions under which our trade has to operate at the present time, that your attention should be called officially to the necessity for taking immediate steps to give to us and other citizens in New York the adequate protection required, as suggested by these resolutions. We feel that we have expressed the conditions in the mildest terms that the circumstances permit.

"We assure you that we stand ready to co-operate with you and every other officer of the State and City Government in taking any steps necessary to ameliorate the conditions of which we complain, and our organizations are accordingly at your disposal for any advice, suggestions or assistance."

$359,000 Robberies in Six Weeks.

The meeting was told that the National Jewelers Board of Trade had received reports showing twelve robberies had been committed in this city from Nov. 1 to Dec. 17, the value of the loot being $359,000. This meant an average loss of $30,000 for the concerns involved, and was equivalent to a $60,000 hold-up every week for six weeks.

The call for the crime session of the Merchants' Association's Executive Committee was issued by William Fellowes Morgan, the President. His announcement reads in part:

"The many instances of robbery and violence which have occurred recently in the city have been under consideration by the officers of the association. The murder of Edwin W. Andrews during business hours in his Fifth Avenue office, the looting of his safe and the escape of his murderers, convinced them that some prompt action should be taken, if possible, to insure better protection.

"One of the objects of the Merchants' Association is to protect and promote the interests of this city. The publication throughout the world of a series of crimes from which no portion of the city seems to be immune inflicts the gravest injury upon the city in many ways.

"New York's reputation is suffering from this cause, and the Merchants' Association is determined, if a means can be found, to restore normal conditions of safety."

The Fifth Avenue Association is particularly exercised over the Andrews murder, which occurred in the same building it occupies. The attitude of the Broadway Association was expressed by Jefferson De Mont Thompson, its President, who said:

"All the crooks in the world seem to be coming to New York, and we have got to do something. We have the finest police in the world, but we haven't half enough of them. We should have a force of 20,000 instead of 11,000. The present trouble is due to our failure to provide enough police. We have got to pay them for their services and the taxpayers will have to meet the expense."

Rosalsky Would "Blot Them Out."

Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, in proposing life sentences for highway robbery, refused to accept a lesser plea from Michael McDonough, indicted for robbery in the first degree.

"In my opinion every man convicted of robbery should be sentenced to imprisonment for life, because a highwayman is a potential murderer," said Judge Rosalsky. "I do not feel justified in taking a reduced plea in this case. We will try this man, and if he is found guilty he will have to suffer the consequences. If innocent, let him be honorably acquitted."

Subsequently Judge Rosalsky suggested a vigilance committee of about 5,000 men to work independently of the Police Department and the Detective Bureau. To its personnel he suggested that every big organization could contribute.

Vigilance committees should include men who are familiar with the habits of criminals. When crooks arrived in town they could be picked up immediately, before they had time to begin to ply their trade.

In imposing sentence of twenty years on George Vassos, 150 Park Row, following his conviction on a charge of highway robbery, Judge McIntyre asserted his belief that New York was suffering from "an avalanche" of out-of-town crooks. He said:

"The men committing hold-ups in this city are not New Yorkers. This city is a magnet at the present time for all the crooks of the universe, it appears. Dilly-dallying with them is useless. When caught red-handed they should be sent to prison for life.

"You are a type of the hold-up man who is running amuck in this city.

"You come from out of town, live at a Bowery lodging house, sleep all day, and go out at night hunting for prey. The courts will have no consideration for men of your kind."

Chief Magistrate William McAdoo diagnosed the crime situation in a formal statement in which he says:

Police Club Law.

"The late Inspector Williams said there was more law in a policeman's club than in the statute books. This sounds brutal and lawless, but there is a good deal of truth in it. When the leader of one of these gangs is beaten up by a cop in the presence of his mates so that he will follow him like a lamb to the station house or go in an ambulance to a hospital, he is disgraced forever in the eyes of his fellows. I have not the slightest doubt that one of these toughs would rather take six months in the workhouse than have such a humiliating thing happen to him.

"They are well organized. They get any amount of bail before the ink is dry on the paper on the complaint against them in these courts. Surety company agents come in with them and bail them within five minutes for any amount the Magistrate sees fit to impose. This ready and quick bailing by the surety companies and cash bondsmen is facilitating and encouraging these lawless ruffians and savage outlaws. The bar associations have taken up the matter and are going to ask for legislation to regulate this matter of bail, because we are all satisfied it is at present the greatest encouragement to this kind of crime.

"If the United States Congress wants to do something real serviceable, let them prohibit the manufacture of the drug heroin and put a heavy tax on the production and sale of pistols. Narcotic drugs and pistols are the curses of the United States. Strengthen the vagrant law so as to bring these loafers within its terms. They are all degenerates and ought to be on a big custodial farm working at manual labor. They are more dangerous now than the red Indians were to the early settlers.

"The savage outlaw who shot Lieutenant Horton knew well enough what he was doing and is thoroughly responsible, and all the psychologists in America if I had the sentencing of him would not influence my judgment that he should go to the chair."

Protective Organization Needed.

Captain Thornhill of the Pinkerton Detective Agency in charge of the Andrews murder investigation for the jewelers organizations said the difficulty of apprehending criminals was increased by the fact that they were novices and the police had no records of them. He added:

"The situation is due to many things, not the least to the state of mind of many men recently released from the army after harrowing experiences under conditions where human life was held cheap. Then, too, the mills and manufactories are cutting wages and discharging men who become a sort of floating population. Many of them gravitate to New York. The high price of necessities must also be counted in."

An organized effort to procure more adequate police protection is being planned in Brooklyn. The movement will be formally started at a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce on Monday evening when Clarence B. Smith, a realty broker, will ask the Chamber to instruct one of its committee to investigate the crime situation and suggest remedies.

No Progress in Andrews Case.

If the police made any progress during the day in their investigation of the slaying of Mr. Andrews and the robbery of his firm and two jewelry salesmen, Vincent Provensano, representing his uncle's concern, J. N. Provensano, jeweler, 110 West Thirtieth Street, and Arthur Mertz, a member of the Newark firm of Mertz Brothers, it was impossible to learn, from any of the large number of detectives or their superiors who are working on the case.

While the higher police officials, following the robbery, said the hold-up men had procured only $50,000, it was learned from a reliable source that the figure would be nearer $150,000. Albert Winsten, partner of Mr. Andrews, said he had not made a complete inventory of the firm's losses, and could not venture an estimate. It was learned, however, that the company's supply of unset gems and pearls was practically wiped out. The concern usually carried more than $100,000 worth of these gems.

ENRIGHT'S POLICE HOSPITAL PLAN OFF

Sponsors Announce That Project Is Deferred—Permanently Abandoned, Is Belief.

The $5,000,000 police hospital project, under fire ever since it was revived by Commissioner Enright last October, has been "deferred," according to broadside announcements published in this morning's newspapers.

"Because of the extraordinary financial and business conditions which have developed in the last few weeks," says the announcement, "it has been decided to defer any active campaign for the Police Hospital Fund, and it is due to the people of New York to give them a presentation of the facts about the police hospital."

The signers of the advertisement include T. Coleman du Pont, President, a long list of Directors, and members of the honorary committee, with Elbert H. Gary as their Chairman, and Jefferson DeMont Thompson, Chairman of the Greater New York Committee.

No hint is given as to whether the plan for a $3,000,000 site and plant and a $2,000,000 endowment fund, all to be supplied by public subscription, is to be revived. A long description of the plans and purposes of the sponsors, however, is worded in the past tense, many times phrases occurring as "members of the force were not to be required to go to the police hospital"; "it was planned that the designing equipment of the hospital would be in the hands of architectural and engineering experts"; "members of the force, whether on active or retired list, and their immediate families were to be entitled to free surgical, medical and clinical service."

In police circles generally last night the announcement, following upon the heels of the cessation of the soliciting campaign in theatres, was taken as marking the permanent abandonment of the scheme.

The Patrolmen's Benevolent Association, through its delegates, representing more than 10,000 patrolmen, voted overwhelmingly against it. A subsequent poll of all policemen resulted in a vote of 7 to 1 in favor, but many policemen charged the Commissioner's anxiety to prove the men favored the project resulted in their being "intimidated" to casting favorable ballots. Mayor Hylan recently prohibited the police from taking any part in the drive for the fund.

PARK BANDITS ROB WOMAN

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

standing in the road. She looked for a policeman, but could find none. She appealed to several automobile parties to take her home, but none paid any attention to her. So she walked along the West Drive to the entrance at Central Park West and Seventy-second Street.

Sent to Station to Report.

At the Majestic Hotel she asked several chauffeurs to find a policeman. They didn't know where one could be found and advised her to telephone to Police Headquarters. She went into the hotel and started to telephone for a policeman, when one of the employes, learning that the robbers had taken all her money, advised her to hurry to the West Sixty-eighth Street Station in a taxicab, and gave her $5.

At the station she reported the robbery and gave detectives a good description of the robbers. The bandit who wore the Fedora, she said, was about five feet ten inches tall, while the other, who also was about 34 years old, was about five feet six inches tall.

Then she went to the dinner dance at the Commodore because, she explained, Mrs. Leonard Hill, the President of the Criterion Society, and other members of the committee were waiting for her to arrange for the dinner which preceded the dance. After recounting her experience to the members, she went home to tell her husband about the hold-up.

Dr. Edgar said he did not pay any particular attention to the chauffeur when he sent him to take his wife to the dinner-dance, and he believed the man was cruising up and down Broadway waiting for victims to take to the two hold-up men in the park.

NEW BANDIT VICTIM DYING IN HOSPITAL

Young Salesman, Going Home, Held Up at St. Nicholas Av. and 193d St.

A. Carl Tiedermann, a young ex-soldier not long married, tried with his bare fists to resist the demands of an armed bandit who held him up at St. Nicholas Avenue and 193d Street at 6 o'clock last evening and is dying in Columbia Hospital.

While police reserves were beating through the woods about Fort George Hill and the Speedway and detectives were pressing a hunt for the bandit, who escaped, Tiedermann lay unconscious in Columbia Hospital with one bullet in the chest over his heart and another in his left kidney. It was expected he would die before morning.

The general alarm sent out for Tiedermann's assailant described him as about 35 years old, 5 feet 10 inches tall, weight 140 pounds, dark complexion, smooth shaven, dark overcoat and black fedora hat. No one saw the man run away after he had sent two bullets into his victim's body, and Tiedermann himself lost consciousness after he had managed to murmur that much of a description.

So far as the police and the hospital authorities were able to learn, the bandit's attack netted him nothing. Tiedermann's watch, $7 which he had in his pockets and the inexpensive jewelry he wore were intact.

Tiedermann, who was 25 years old and lived with his wife at 2,350 Davidson Avenue, the Bronx, had been employed as a salesman by the Republic Motor Truck Company of 1,832 Broadway since he was discharged as a Sergeant in the Aviation Corps, having acted as an instructor at Kelly Field during the war.

He went last evening to visit his sister, Mrs. Edith Spies, at 598 West 191st Street. Returning, he started for the Dyckman Street subway station, taking his lonely way along the winding path St. Nicholas Avenue describes down Fort George Hill, though Mrs. Spies had advised him to avoid "Snake Hill" because it was dangerous. The region is not much frequented and its gloom is intensified by clusters of bushes and patches of woods.

As Tiedermann was opposite 193d Street, the bandit stepped from the bushes with an arresting gesture and said:

"Halt and throw up your hands, I'm a detective."

Whether Tiedermann found time to demand the robber's credentials was not learned. At any rate within a few seconds he became aware that the man was not a detective and that his real purpose was robbery. Loth to give up the little sum he had in his pocket, Tiedermann replied to the command with a smashing blow to the jaw.

The assailant staggered and the two clinched. For a few seconds they struggled there alone, Tiedermann holding his own very well. Then the other man wrenched himself free, drew his pistol, fired twice, paused just long enough to see that his victim was sprawling at his feet and raced into the bushes, running down hill in the direction of the Speedway.

Tiedermann lay a moment, struggling against the wave of oblivion that seemed hovering over him. No one came to help him, and he managed to drag himself to his feet. Stumbling and staggering he contrived to reach 200th Street. There he collapsed. A passing soldier saw him and supported him while the two slowly made their way to a nearby police booth. There Patrolman John Barran called an ambulance.

Captain John Routh of the West 177th Street Station took the reserves to search for the man, while Lieutenant Cennoli, in command of the detectives assigned to the station, sent every available man to help in the hunt.

LIEUT. HORTON DYING KILLED HIS SLAYER

Brother of Dead Hold-up Man and a Woman Companion Held for Murder.

DEATH CAR QUICKLY FOUND

Purpose of Visit to 146th Street House Was Not Robbery, but to Beat Up a Negro.

Police Lieutenant Floyd Horton's brave attempt to prevent the escape of a hold-up man in an automobile, even after he had been mortally wounded, resulted yesterday in the arrest of a man and a woman who are charged with Horton's murder. Another man who was in the car was found dead in a hallway, killed by a shot from Horton's revolver, and the automobile was found a few hours after the murder, its number having been written down by the dying Lieutenant, lying in the street.

The man held for the murder is Nicholas Loresch of 303 East Sixth Street, Brooklyn. He drove the automobile and is a brother of Joseph Loresch, who shot Horton and was himself killed. The woman is Mrs. Lucille Emma Brooks, who moved a few hours before the shooting from the apartment house at 540 West 146th Street, where the holdup occurred, to 52 Hamilton Place.

John Cavanagh, who with the Loresch brothers and Mrs. Brooks had been riding about town from saloon to saloon earlier in the evening, and who also lives at 52 Hamilton Place, was arrested charged with aiding in the concealment of the crime. Michael Loresch, another brother, in whose home at 289 West 142d Street the body of Joseph was found, was held as a material witness.

Planned to Beat Elevator Boy.

Mrs. Brooks, who was wounded in the right arm by a bullet from Horton's revolver as the Lieutenant clung to the running board, exchanging shots with Joseph Loresch, was taken to Bellevue Hospital last night and placed in the prison ward, suffering from hysteria.

The death of Horton, a man praised by Arthur Woods, former Police Commissioner, as one of the ablest and most courageous on the force, was the finale of a series of sordid incidents culminating in a joy ride in the Loresch automobile. Loresch went into the apartment house on West 146th Street, not with the intention of holding up the negro elevator boy, Peter Hairston, but to beat him for having made himself objectionable to Mrs. Brooks.

When Hairston saw him coming with a revolver he became so frightened that he thrust his hands up in the air and handed over his watch and a few dollars. Edward Miller, the superintendent, heard the row and ran out and was shot by Loresch. Then Loresch ran out and jumped into the automobile.

Horton was on his way to the subway to go to his home in Brooklyn after being relieved from duty, when he heard the shot. He jumped on the running board of the automobile as it started. Joseph and Mrs. Brooks were inside, with Nicholas driving. A shot was fired by Joseph Loresch which entered Horton's chest, and he thrust his own revolver through the glass and exchanged shots with Loresch. One struck Mrs. Brooks, and another went through Loresch's heart, killing him instantly. Then Nicholas shoved Horton from the running board, and the Lieutenant, lying in the street, fired the remaining bullets in his revolver at the car.

Dying, Writes Number of Car.

Two men dashed up to him and partly lifted him from the ground while Horton wrote down the number of the car. Then he was taken to the Columbus Hospital, where he died after making a short statement. Mrs. Horton arrived at the hospital just after the Lieutenant died.

After shaking off Horton, Nicholas Loresch put on speed and turned down Broadway. He dodged in and out of side streets, working away from a few automobiles which were following him, and in St. Nicholas Avenue finally lost his pursuers. During this wild ride Mrs. Brooks sat in the car, sobbing hysterically and trying to get away from the body of Joseph, who she had discovered was dead. When the car finally stopped she and Nicholas debated what to do and decided to take the body to the house where his brother Michael lived.

The street was deserted, and he carried the body inside and up to the first landing, where he left it. Then he drove the car downtown, left it in front of a garage at 36 Beach Street, and took Mrs. Brooks to her home by way of the subway.

In the meantime Acting Captain Diefenthaler, in charge of the detectives of the 152d Street station, an old friend of Horton's, had sent out a general alarm for the car. Policeman Frank Bankler found it, and when he saw the bullet holes and blood word was sent to Police Headquarters. Detectives Englander and Birmingham were sent down and watched until Nicholas, who had been wandering nervously about, showed up and attempted to drive the car away.

Mrs. Brooks Tries to End Life.

Shortly before Nicholas was found Michael Loresch went home and stumbled over the body of his brother in the hall and carried it to his own apartment. He notified the West 163d street station and Diefenthaler went to the apartment and found in the dead man's clothes the watch and money which had been taken from the elevator boy.

At about this time Nicholas was driving detectives uptown to the Hamilton Place house, where they found Mrs. Brooks. When she went in earlier in the night Cavanagh heard her, and soon went to her room. He found her ransacking her trunk and she told him she was looking for cartridges with which to commit suicide.

On a table was a note she had scribbled, almost illegible because of the wound in her arm, in which she said that she had made a mess of life and was going to end it all. They were both in the room when Englander and Birmingham arrived and arrested them.

All three were taken to the 152d Street Station and questioned by Diefenthaler, Inspector Coughlin, Assistant District Attorney Dineen and detectives until late in the afternoon. All three made confessions as to their parts in the crime, after which they were taken to Police Headquarters. Brooks was hysterical most of the time.

Cavanagh told the police that he had not been working since he left the 146th Street apartment house. Mrs. Brooks was somewhat indefinite about her occupation. She said that her husband was a traveling salesman, and was ill in a hospital in the West. Joseph Loresch, the dead man, worked until recently in a laundry in Brooklyn. His wife, Antoinette, was asked to identify a picture in the Rogues' Gallery as that of her husband. She did so, although she said she had no idea he had a criminal record. They were married a year ago and have a two-months-old baby.

The police records show that Joseph Loresch was arrested in 1914 in Ossining for assault and was sent to the reformatory. In 1915 he was arrested charged with grand larceny, but was discharged. A charge of assault was made against him in February, 1916, but was dismissed. As the result of another charge he was again sent to Elmira Reformatory. Cavanagh admitted having served a sentence in the reformatory.

Tributes were paid yesterday to Lieutenant Horton by Arthur Woods, "Honest Dan" Costigan, Magistrate Corrigan and other officials who had known him. He was born in Hortontown, N. Y., April 29, 1880, and joined the police force on Sept. 3, 1903.

Grant Williams and Horton built up the Missing Persons Bureau, under the Woods régime, and made it a useful department. His record in cleaning up poolrooms resulted in promotion to a sergeancy, and he was made a member of the Vice Squad by Police Commissioner McAdoo.

Pay Tributes to Horton.

At the request of Commissioner Woods he investigated the Police Lieutenants' Association, of which Lieutenant Enright, now Commissioner, was the head. When he in turn became a Lieutenant and applied for membership in the association he was blackballed. When Commissioner Enright took office Lieutenant Horton was assigned to duty in the West 152d Street and West 177th Street stations, a double duty.

"I have known Floyd Horton for thirteen years," said Mr. Woods yesterday. "I have seen him do police work of the greatest difficulty and involving all sorts of danger, always without flinching, always with intelligence, and always with absolute honesty and loyalty. He was an incorruptible man and as brave as he was honest. The sacrifice of a public servant like this brings home to us vividly what we should always remember—the physical bravery of every policeman, the risk to which their jobs expose them, and the tremendous latent power in such a body of men for law and order."

"I knew Lieutenant Horton for more than seventeen years, and deeply deplore his death," said Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan. "In the 100 or more cases with which I know he was connected, convictions were obtained in every case."

Captain Costigan, who was one of Horton's closest friends, spent most of the day with Mrs. Horton. The latter said she had often felt her husband would be killed, because he was fearless when he saw an opportunity to do good police duty.

The funeral of Lieutenant Horton will be held at his late home, 1,139 Fifty-first Street, Brooklyn, tonight, the Rev. John Dean of the Thorough Park Christian Church officiating. The body will be taken on Sunday to Hortontown for interment.

ENRIGHT OPENS NEW HUNT FOR BANDITS

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

to the traffic divisions to meet emergencies.

"While the population has increased approximately 1,000,000 since 1913, and traffic demands have been greater than ever before, the total force of the department today is the same as it was in 1913," said Mr. Enright. "I asked for 1,260 more men for the next year, the minimum number that is absolutely needed, and I was given 500. The first of these new men, 125 of them, will not be in uniform until March 1. The admission of the others will be spread out over the year, 125 more then coming in every two months.

Says Patrols Are Weakened.

"There are now about 1,000 men in the traffic divisions, and every one of them is needed there. There are 708 men in the Detective Bureau. Because of the necessary increase of 300 to the traffic service the precinct patrols are weakened almost to that extent, but not quite, because we have abolished some details—all that it was possible to dispense with—to maintain as far as possible the maximum patrol work with a force less than it was five years ago."

Judge Rosalsky advised that the "fixed post," established by Major Rhinelander Waldo when Police Commissioner, be restored. Commissioner Enright agreed with the Judge, but held that the fixed post to a limited degree probably would be desirable if the department had sufficient men for that and the regular patrol at the same time. To attempt to man fixed posts at present with the shortage of available men he thought would be a blunder.

Referring to the scores of raids against gangsters, suspicious characters and weapon carriers, and the confiscation of thousands of guns and other weapons, the Commissioner repeated that the police had dispersed all kinds of organized lawlessness and that there were no organized gangs of robbers.

"What we lack is the power to arrest on suspicion and to hold for investigation," he added. "Even known criminals of the worst type cannot be detained very long unless we are able to make and to maintain a definite charge against them. That is a weak point in police work that handicaps the prevention and suppression of crime.

"In years past there have been high officials in this town who were so concerned over the possibility that some innocent person might be arrested in a criminal hunt that they were willing to have ten criminals escape by putting handicaps in the way of effective service. They would arm the policeman with a feather duster instead of a nightstick."

Instead of organizing and arming private citizens for mutual protection, the Commissioner remarked, they would do a better service for themselves by taking extra precautions during the holidays, looking to the protection of their stores and property by seeing to it that doors and safes are locked at night and by immediately reporting any suspicious circumstances or the presence of suspected characters in any vicinity.

WOMEN ASK HYLAN FOR MARTIAL LAW

Head of Woman's Republican Club Sends Letters to Mayor and Enright.

SAYS NO ONE IN CITY IS SAFE

Streets Dangerous for Women, Asserts Mrs. Wentz, Urging Soldiers for Patrol Duty.

In letters sent yesterday to Mayor Hylan and Police Commissioner Enright on behalf of the Woman's Republican Club, Mrs. James G. Wentz, President of the organization, which has a membership of 500, declared the prevalence of crime had brought about a condition "where no person is safe in this community" and requested that the Mayor "call out the militia and put this city under martial law until law and order are assured."

Mrs. Wentz said last night that at her home, 335 West End Avenue, that the letters were not authorized by the members of the club as a whole, but that under the rules of the organization she is empowered to take such action when she is of the opinion conditions in the city justify it.

She said she had conferred with several members of the Executive Board of the club before she wrote the letters, and that they were in accord with her views on the necessity of placing the city under martial law as a result of the series of crimes culminating in the killing on Thursday afternoon of Edwin W. Andrews, a jeweler, in his office at 542 Fifth Avenue, and the holding up of two men and two women in their apartment in the Hotel Astor the night before.

The letters to the Mayor and the Police Commissioner were delivered at their offices yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Everett Hamilton of 630 West 116th Street, a member of the Executive Board of the club, who said that she did not see the Mayor or the Police Commissioner and left them waiting for a reply.

The letter to the Mayor was delivered before Mr. Hylan left his office and read:

To His Honor the Mayor.

My Dear Sir: One awful crime after another is being committed in this city, until the time has come when no person is safe in any part of the community. The murder of Edwin W. Andrews yesterday in the middle of the day in his office is appalling. The members of the Woman's Republican Club request you to call out the militia and put this city under martial law until law and order are assured. Respectfully yours,

Mrs. JAMES G. WENTZ, President.
356 West End Avenue, Dec. 17, 1920.

Mrs. Hamilton said she delivered the letter addressed to Commissioner Enright to one of the policemen in Mr. Enright's office, who asked her to remain until he could learn whether the Police Commissioner desired to make a reply. She said she informed him that she did not expect the Police Commissioner would reply to Mrs. Wentz's letter immediately, and that as she was about to walk out another policeman hurried after her and demanded her name and address. "It's legitimate," she said she was told by a request, and left.

Mrs. Wentz's letter to the Commissioner read:

To Commissioner of Police, City of New York:

My dear Sir—The appalling crimes that are being committed by day and by night in this city have reached such a point that no one is safe at home or abroad. The hold-up in one of our leading hotels Wednesday at the dinner hour and the murder in the middle of the day of Mr. Edwin W. Andrews in his office yesterday are types of lawlessness that the public will not submit to any longer.

Will you as the head of the Police Department request the Mayor to proclaim martial law and call out the militia for patrol duty until law and order are secured?

This is the proposition of the Woman's Republican Club, of which I am President. I beg to remain,

Very truly yours,
Mrs. JAMES G. WENTZ.
335 West End Avenue, Dec. 17, 1920.

Mrs. Wentz said that she was a friend of Mr. Andrews and that he became acquainted with his wife at a meeting class of which Mrs. Wentz was a patroness.

"The time is ripe for the people of the city to raise their voices in protest against any department of the administration that is so inefficient that the public community is in danger," she said. "If soldiers were assigned to police the city for one month I am certain this reign of terror would be ended. Criminals now have no fear of the police and it is dangerous for women to walk the streets without carrying revolvers.

"The resignation of Mrs. Helen A. O'Grady as Fifth Deputy Police Commissioner proves that we are in need of a change in the administration of the Police Department and is one other one of the many reasons why the people to protest against present conditions."

The Woman's Republican Club was organized twenty-one years ago and has in its membership some of the most prominent women in the city, including Mrs. Charles S. Whitman, wife of the former Governor; Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt 2d, Mrs. Nicholas Murray Butler, Mrs. John Iselin, Mrs. William Jay Hamilton, Mrs. Arthur Woods, Miss Juliana Cutting, Miss Emily Cass Bertron, Miss Sarah Butler, Mrs. Nelson Henry, Mrs. Ruth Hill Ott, Mrs. Emlie Glogg, Mrs. Alfred E. Ommen, Mrs. John Vance, Mrs. Stuart Duncan and Mrs. William M. V. Hoffman.

MAYOR STANDS BY ENRIGHT.

Governor's Power to Remove New York Police Commissioner Cited.

Mayor Hylan has no intention of removing Police Commissioner Enright, City officials who have discussed the crime wave with him have been told, has the utmost faith in the ability of his Police Commissioner to handle this or any other situation that may arise. The Mayor, it was said, had been advised by close friends and by others who had this interest of the city at heart to make a complete shake-up of the department and include Enright in the list of those demoted.

According to one official, the Mayor has not the slightest idea of following such a course. He was quoted as saying that he would stick to Mr. Enright to the end. The official said the Mayor took the attitude that the Commissioner's enemies alone were responsible for reports of crime increase, and that they were furthering their own ends in an effort to force his removal.

In discussion of the possibility of Enright's removal, the appeal of the Sterling Silverware Manufacturers' Association to Governor Smith to place important part. The Governor refused to discuss either the crime wave or the silver men's resolution. But persons, commenting on the above-cited provisions of law to show the Governor's authority.

The Mayor and Mr. Enright had another long conference yesterday, Commissioner Enright arrived at the City Hall at 9:45 o'clock, and was closeted with the Mayor until 10:30. When he left Commissioner Enright went immediately to Headquarters and refused to make any statement. The Mayor was equally reticent.

Aldermanic President LaGuardia declared the morale of the Police Department had departed. Asked if he believed Commissioner Enright should be removed, President LaGuardia declined to mention names. He said he would take hold of the department and run every crook out of town in three days.

"Radical changes must be made before there will be any improvement," he added.

"Do you mean that Commissioner Enright should be removed?" he was asked.

"When a commander in the field fails to make good, he is removed," was the reply. "He is not asked why he failed to make good. Results alone count. The Police Department is like an army. It needs rejuvenation and new blood. The whole system of the proper surveillance of the underworld has broken down."

COURT SAFE BLOWN OPEN, $3,000 TAKEN

Tenants Besieged Harlem Court in Fear Rent Funds Had Been Stolen.

$1,300 DEPOSIT OVERLOOKED

Police Believe Robbers Hid in Building—Used Office Coats to Muffle Explosion.

In the small hours of yesterday morning, safeblowers arrested at the Seventh District Court, broke into the building, only a stone's throw from a police station, and blew open the safe in the clerk's office. According to Police Headquarters the robbers were experts, and escaped with more than $3,000 in currency and bonds.

The clerk's office and courtroom is on the second floor of a three-story building at 360 East 125th Street. Eight large windows in the room where the crackamen operated open on the well-lighted shopping district of Harlem. Office coats belonging to the employes and the leather seat taken from the Judge's chair were used to cover the vault, 6 feet high and 5 feet deep, to muffle the noise. The robbery was not discovered until the first court attaché reached the office yesterday morning.

John P. Burns, chief clerk, and his assistants, had been working late as the court has been flooded with rent dispute cases. Last night was the first in seven weeks that the office force left at 10:30. It is believed that the thieves hid themselves in the building.

The Seventh District Court, presided over by Justices Stanley P. Crane and Leopold Prince, is one of the busiest municipal tribunals in the city. Its jurisdiction extends from 110th Street to Spuyten Duyvil Creek, west of Fifth Avenue, and sometimes the Justices in the course of a day's proceedings receive as much as $2,000 in rental deposits.

Mr. Burns had about $1,300 in rent money which had accumulated after the banks closed. Instead of placing this money in the strong box he hid it behind books in the safe. The robbers did not disturb the books and the money was found where it had been placed.

Detectives were unable to find any fingerprints. The blacksmen are believed to have worn gloves. The police think that the men were familiar with the Court's practice of accepting money deposited from rent litigation and knew where the valuables were usually stored.

The news of the robbery spread quickly. Tenants who had made deposits hurried to the Court seeking information as to whether they would have to stand the loss. They were assured that their money was not taken. Clerks of other municipal courts holding deposits transferred their funds to banks when they learned of the burglary.

CAPTURES ROBBER ON A ROOF.

Brooklyn Apartment Thief Admits Previous Robbery.

Mrs. Fannie Fosk saw a man trying to get into the apartment of Samuel Dunn, on the fourth floor of 165 McKibben Street, Brooklyn, yesterday. The apartment was robbed a week ago, so Mrs. Fosk told Policeman John Coulter. Coulter chased the man to the roof and arrested him. He gave his name as Joseph Katz, 23, of 1 Cook Street, Brooklyn, and admitted the previous robbery of $1 and jewelry.

James O'Hara, 29, of 1 Bogart Street and Andrew Cretellie, 21, of 84 Knickerbocker Avenue, Brooklyn, were arrested yesterday, charged with beating and robbing Antonio Dentato, a grocer, of 999 Flushing Avenue, of $40.

A man jumped out of a cab in front of 205 East Ninety-ninth Street early in the morning, and after a few minutes ran out again and got in the cab. Policeman John Zipp thought he seemed in an unusual hurry, so searched him and found a revolver. He said he was Joseph Harman, 25 years old, and that, after getting into a quarrel with a man at the Manhattan Casino, he had gone home to get his revolver. He was held by Magistrate Nolan in the Harlem Court, in $1,000 bail for examination Monday.



CRAVATS

THE RECENT IMPORTATIONS BY FINCHLEY OF SILK CRAVATS AND MUFFLERS SHOULD INTEREST THOSE DESIRING TO MAKE GIFTS OF DRESS ACCESSORIES.

THEY ARE STRICTLY IN KEEPING WITH THE CHARACTER OF THE ESTABLISHMENT.

$2 AND MORE

FINCHLEY.
5 West 46th Street
NEW YORK

James Whitcomb Riley Gift Books $1.00
American Art Gallery Park-Lexington 46th St.

9 columns of advertisements are crowded out of today's issue of The New York Times.

TIFFANY & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET

PEARLS FOR NECKLACES AND PEARL NECKLACES

Centenary Sale

ENTIRE STOCK AT EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS

COATS

SCARF AND MUFF SETS

For Holiday Gifts



Grey Squirrel Wrap..... $975.00
reduced from $1275.00

Hudson Seal Coat, Grey Squirrel Collar, Cuffs and Border (36 inch)..... 675.00
reduced from $875.00

Hudson Seal Coat, Mink Collar (40 inch).. 1175.00
reduced from $1475.00

Hudson Seal Coat, Kolinsky Squirrel Collar, Cuffs and Border (42 inch)..... 875.00
reduced from $1175.00

Hudson Seal Coat, Kolinsky Collar and Cuffs (36 inch)..... 595.00
reduced from $725.00

Hudson Seal Coat, Australian Opossum Collar and Cuffs (48 inch)..... 595.00
reduced from $725.00

Raccoon Coat (45 inch)..... 595.00
reduced from $725.00

Civet Cat Coat (46 inch)..... 350.00
reduced from $450.00

Natural Fisher Scarf and Muff..... 330.00
reduced from $450.00

Blended Sable Scarf and Muff..... 745.00
reduced from $1075.00

Cross Fox Scarf and Muff..... 330.00
reduced from $450.00

Colored Sitka Fox Scarf and Muff..... 220.00
reduced from $300.00

Mole Scarf and Muff..... 195.00
reduced from $260.00

Beaver Scarf and Muff..... 195.00
reduced from $260.00

Skunk Scarf and Muff..... 160.00
reduced from $205.00

White Fox Scarf and Muff..... 170.00
reduced from $250.00

Prices quoted are for Sets—Muffs and Scarfs may be puchased separately.

C. G. Gunther's Sons
391 Fifth Avenue
Furriers Exclusively for One Hundred Years

IN MANY CITIES

Philadelphia Finds Auto Police Squads and Detective Patrols Check Robbers.

BALTIMORE THIEVES BUSY

Cincinnati and Pittsburgh in Grip of Robbers—Former Soldiers Are Blamed.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 17.—Detectives and police in high-powered automobiles on the alert for auto bandits and squads in plain clothes patrolling the city's main thoroughfares have minimized crime here. Before these precautions there were as many as six automobile holdups in a day and robberies were numerous.

It was found that thieves kept such close tabs on policemen patrolling their beats that they knew when each man would "ring in" from patrol boxes. It was then that they committed crimes free from police interference. The limited number of policemen made it comparatively easy for the criminals to work in safety.

Traffic squad policemen at busy street corners are soon to be allotted telephone connecting with headquarters.

THIEVES BUSY IN BALTIMORE.

Many Women Victims in Hold-Ups —Laid to Former Soldiers.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 17.—More than a hundred hold-ups and burglaries in the last two months have kept Baltimore police and detectives busy, but their efforts have been largely futile. Few of the guilty have been apprehended.

No murders have taken place in connection with the burglaries or hold-ups. Numerous women were robbed on the streets and many of the crimes traced to discharged soldiers. No special steps have been taken to protect citizens.

CRIME GROWS IN CINCINNATI.

Two Victims Murdered as Hold-Ups and Burglaries Increase.

Special to The New York Times

CINCINNATI, Dec. 17.—With the exception of murders, general crime has increased in this city. Burglaries have been averaging three a day recently as against two a day under ordinary circumstances, due to the Ohio State law providing life imprisonment for burglary.

During the last thirty days there have been sixteen hig holdups and about ten times as many of lesser importance. Bandits working alone have predominated, three are under arrest.

Holdups started about one month ago with twenty the first week, gradually increasing to as many as fifty in one week. There have been two murders in connection with these holdups. Only seven murders have been committed this year.

Drastic orders have been issued to police by the Safety Director and Chief of Police, and redistricting of many members of the police and detective departments is under way.

PITTSBURGH ROBBERIES GROW.

Police, Dissatisfied With Low Pay, Seem Unable to Check Crime.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 17.—This city seems to be in the hands of robbers who have the police bewildered by bold and successful attacks upon Christmas shoppers, on storekeepers and in burglarizing private homes in the wealthy section. No less than six of these robberies were committed here tonight, and in only one instance were the police able to capture the assailants.

A murder was committed last night in the outskirts, a well-known woman being the victim. Robbery was the motive. Added to the anxiety of citizens is the fact that the police are demanding a larger raise than the Council is willing to pay, and the heads of the Department of Public Safety are having trouble in getting men. Many policemen are leaving the force and going into other vocations, and there is hardly a district in the city sufficiently patrolled.

City officials place the blame on unemployed men coming here from other cities. Work at many of the mills is plentiful, but in outlying districts men are being laid off by the thousands.

SCOUR CHICAGO FOR BANDITS.

Police Are Instructed to Shoot in Search for Heavey's Confederates.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—Three police rifle squads scoured Chicago tonight searching for the confederates of Thomas Heavey, who early this morning shot and killed Policeman Charles R. Conlon and who was in turn shot to death after an attempted hold-up of a drug store at Clark and Randolph Streets. The rifle squad were under orders to "shoot to kill."

Seven suspects, including Mrs. Minnie Robinson, Heavey's sweetheart, are held

On the body of Heavey were found five

2 HOLD UP TAILOR IN SHOP.

Police Arrest Pair Identified by Victim as His Plunderers.

Benjamin Feigel, a tailor, was in his shop at 300 East Seventy-second Street last evening when two young men entered, pointed a revolver at his head and forced him back into a room at the rear of his store. There they bound and gagged him, and left him lying on the floor, while they took $11 from his cash register and two suits from his rack.

After Feigel worked himself loose from his bonds he ran out and found Patrolmen Wendell and Rueschler of the East Sixty-seventh Street Station, who went on a tour of the neighborhood. At Third Avenue and Sixty-eighth Street they found two men who answered Feigel's description, standing on a corner. In a bundle carried by one of them were two suits of clothes.

Feigel identified the suits and the men, who said they were John O'Neill, 20 years old, living at the Florence Hotel, Twenty-first Street and Eighth Avenue.

RAM BANDITS' CAR, ARREST 3 WITH LOOT

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

Plava, 20 years old, of 63 North Main Street, Paterson. The others temporarily made their escape, running down the road when the pursuers were engaged with Plava.

By that time Detective Captain Benjamin F. Turner of Passaic, with an automobile load of men armed with riot guns, had reached Richfield, a part of Clifton. There they spied two men hiding in a cornfield. These two, who had thrown away their weapons, if they had any, offered no resistance. They were placed under arrest, the police saying they recovered $2,327 in pay envelopes in their possession. They gave their names as Cornelius Struyk of 1,048 East Twenty-fourth Street, and Peter Tansley of Spring Srteet, both of Paterson.

These two, with Plava, on whom the police say they found two pay envelopes, were taken to Paterson Police Headquarters. There they were questioned all night by detectives, who decided not to prefer charges against them until this morning, hoping in the meantime to catch the fourth member of the group. They sent out a general alarm for him last night, describing him as an American of Polish or Italian parentage, about 21 years old, 5 feet 6 inches tall, weighing from 150 to 160 pounds, dark hair, swarthy complexion, wearing dark clothes and a dark gray cap or shapeless soft hat.

The police said they recovered all but $1,500 of the money and believed the rest would be found on the fourth man.

The night before the man hunt was undertaken thirty-four representatives of municipalities in Bergen County conferred in Jail House with Prosecutor A. C. Hart and Sheriff Joseph Kingley concerning some such method of reducing highway robberies.

It was proposed to link all the police headquarters with one telephone system and establish motorcycle boothes, so that an alarm could be sent throughout the county by any one of the police stations. This would permit a quick shutting off of all roads leading out of a district in which a crime has been committed. It was suggested that men be maintained constantly at the Sheriff's office, to go out immediately when any reports are received. Representatives of some small places were not sure their people would be able to stand the expense, so no decision was taken last night. There will be another meeting.

BANDITS LOOT TRAIN, HALTED BY AUTO

Six Outlaws Execute Hold-Up Near Milwaukee and Carry Off Their Booty in Trucks.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 17.—Placing a stolen seven-passenger automobile on the tracks to stop a fast westbound freight train on the St. Paul Railroad, a few miles from Milwaukee, six armed bandits looted the train of several thousand dollars' worth of merchandise, which they carted away in two large motor trucks.

A passenger train, the Minneapolis Flyer, ran into the machine on the tracks. The stopping of this train caused block signals to operate and a fast freight train was stopped two miles back.

A coupling broke, and while the freight crew were recoupling the cars they were surrounded by the bandits. One of the robbers jumped into the cab and cowed the engineer and fireman, while three of his companions ran down to the road that runs parallel to the tracks and backed up the motor trucks.

The bandits then went from car to car and chose their loot. Railroad officials say that the train carried liquor, clothing, shoes, tobacco and silks.

MILLER DISCUSSES CRIMES.

Hints State May Act Unless Police Meet Situation Here.

The crime wave is giving serious concern to Governor-elect Miller. While his annual message may embody no specific recommendation on the subject, he intimated last night that if the city authorities continued powerless to deal with the situation the State might step in. He refused to comment on proposals for the removal of Commissioner Enright.

The Governor-elect said he was aware of the seriousness of conditions here, but added:

"As I understand it, it is a condition that prevails elsewhere as well as here."

"Will your annual message contain any recommendation on the subject?" he was asked.

"I have not decided that point yet," he replied. "It requires a great deal of thought. Perhaps I may not touch on that in my first message."

Among remedies that have been suggested, short of a change in the city administration by drastic action from Albany, has been the policing of the city by the State either through the State Constabulary or through some agency to be provided by new legislation.

Under the act creating the existing State Constabulary, that force, except in times of riot or insurrection, or at the explicit request of the local authorities, cannot take over the policing wholly or in part in any city of the first class. This, however, is purely a statutory provision.

HOLD TWO BANDITS FOR KILLING THIRD

First Degree Murder Charge Against Robbers in Long Island Battle.

Special to The New York Times.

HUNTINGTON, L. I., Dec. 17.—An unusual working out of the law, which makes any homicide in connection with the commission of a felony a capital offense was demonstrated here today when James Van Norma and James Selser were committed without bail to Riverhead Jail on the charge of murder in the first degree. These two and Wilbur E. Severance, an ex-soldier of New Rochelle, were being taken to jail late Wednesday night on an ostensible charge of vagrancy, but really on suspicion of burglary, when they attempted to escape from their captors. Deputy Sheriff Amza W. Biggs and Constable Charles Wenzel. In the course of the resulting pistol battle in the automobile in which they rode with the officers, Severance was killed and Biggs and Russell Cisco, chauffeur of the car, were injured.

The two were arraigned before County Judge Hendrickson yesterday, and Constable Wenzel testified that a bullet meant for him struck Severance and that his death therefore was due to one of his companions and not to the officers. Judge Hendrickson decided that under the law both men were responsible for Severance's death and that their guilt was the same as though they had meant to shoot him.

Constable Wenzel declared yesterday that a partial confession showed that Severance, Van Norma and Selser had robbed about twenty-one places in neighboring Long Island, many of them wealthy estates. The Constable learned that the men probably had gathered in about $300,000 worth of jewelry, silverware and costly apparel. One of their victims, it was said, was Colonel Charles Ellberson of Haleath, near here. How much he lost was not disclosed. The names of others robbed were not made public.

Some of the loot was recovered in five suit cases unearthed just after the men were seized. This loot came from the home of Mrs. Thomas E. Jevons, Bay Crest. A hunt will be started in the pawnshops of New York, Boston and Philadelphia, following the alleged confession today.

Constable Wenzel said he learned that Severance, while a private at the Brindley Field, Commack, aviation camp made a specialty of being included in week-end parties with which well-to-do persons on Long Island were wont to entertain such enlisted men as could get leave. They believe Severance took advantage of this hospitality to make careful researches into the interior of the homes he penetrated and to determine whether they offered easy objectives for burglars and if profitable hauls were in prospect.

THUGS GET $800 PAYROLL.

Hold Up Messenger in Long Island City and Escape.

Two men held up a messenger of the Bayer-Gardner-Hines Company at the factory, 85 Sunswick Street, Long Island City, yesterday, and stole the week's payroll of over $800. The messenger was Samuel Wale of 880 Tenth Avenue, this city, who has been a trusted employe of the company for more than twenty years.

The messenger got the money and on his return had reached the second landing on the stairs when two men seized him. He was struck over the head and knocked down. He made an outcry, but was knocked partly unconscious. The hold-up men grabbed the money package, ran out of the building and disappeared.

Bernard Kleinschmidt of 9 Beech Street, Elmhurst, telephoned the Newtown precinct late yesterday afternoon that on reaching home he found it had been ransacked by burglars. Detectives arrested three boys. According to the detectives, clothing and jewelry valued at $1,100, which was identified by Kleinschmidt, was found on the boys, who were held for examination in the Children's Court.

STONE FIRMS COURT, PAY $80,000 FINES

Untermyer Favors Omission of Jail Penalties Because of Aid Given by 16 Defendants.

HETTRICK FAILS TO PLEAD

Accused as Author of the "Code of Practice," He Will Go to Trial Next Month.

Sixteen individuals and fourteen corporations, members of the New York Cut Stone Contractors' Association, the organization which, according to evidence brought out at the Lockwood committee's investigation, John T. Hettrick built up to stifle competition, pleaded guilty yesterday to indictments charging them with violation of the Donnelly Anti-Monopoly act. Fines of $5,000 for each firm, a total of $80,000 for the sixteen firms represented in the indictments, were imposed by Justice John A. McAvoy in the Criminal Term of the Supreme Court, with the alternative of one day in the Tombs for each dollar.

The stone men have twenty-four hours to pay their fines and, according to their attorney, ex-Justice Clarence J. Shearn, all will pay. "I guess we can raise the money," one of the contractors said as he left the court room. "Let's see. A day for each dollar would be about fifteen years apiece, wouldn't it?."

The maximum fines, without jail penalty, were imposed on the recommendation of Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the Lockwood committee, and the plea of Mr. Shearn, who said that he advised his clients to acknowledge that their methods were illegal and to accept such consequences as the Court might deem just.

Hettrick Doesn't Plead.

Of all the persons and corporations indicted, John T. Hettrick, who evolved the "code of practice" under which the stone men operated, alone failed to plead. Mr. Hettrick will go to trial next month.

Those who pleaded guilty were Edward Shuttleworth, Rudolph Seus, James Gillies, Pierre J. Horner, George G. Barr, E. J. Kelly, Herbert D. Brown, Gilbert C. Brown, James McLaren, Edwin R. Spurr, Henry Hanlein, John Davidson, John E. Miller, Clarence P. Smith, James Nelson and Frederick J. McCann, and the following corporations: Edwin Shuttleworth Company, James Gillies & Sons, Inc., H. J. Horner & Sons, Barr, Thaw & Fraser Company, James Gillies & Stone Company, William Bradley & Son, B. A. & G. N. Williams, Inc., George Brown & Co., James McLaren & Son, J. J. Spurr & Sons, Durie & Davidson, David Miller Company, John R. Smith's Son, Inc., and Nelson Brothers Company.

Ex-Justice Shearn, in appealing for his clients, said:

"The indictment of these contracting concerns and their officers charges them with the misdemeanor of violating Section 341 of the Business Corporation's law. It is alleged that they have been parties to an arrangement whereby competition has been restrained.

"While there is ground to question whether such a business as this, consisting of cutting stone according to special plans and specifications, is within the prohibition of the Donnelly Anti-Trust act, which is aimed, as I see it, only at combinations affecting the price and supply of articles in common use that are bought and sold in the market, it has seemed reasonably clear to me that the methods employed were in violation of law.

"In this situation, I have concluded that the best service I could render my client at the same time serving a public interest—was to advise them to acknowledge that these methods were illegal, definitely and publicly abandon them, and accept such consequences as seemed just and proper to the court under all of the circumstances.

"My advice has been ungrudgingly accepted and fully carried out. The combination or group complained of has been broken up and permanently disbanded. All information sought by the Lockwood Committee has been frankly placed at the disposal of its counsel without reserve. So far as possible the committee has been assisted in its important work. All of the defendants who have been asked to do so have gone before the Grand Jury and stated the facts, waiving any claim of immunity. They knew that they were absolutely innocent of any criminal intent, that they had relied implicitly on what they believed to be competent legal advice, and felt that in passing judgment, both the Court and the public would take these facts into consideration.

"This has been no combination of prosperous concerns to boost prices or profiteer. On the contrary, it has been a desperate and ill-advised effort on what they thought competent legal advice to keep a failing business going. Not one of these concerns shows a net profit for the period of the last five years.

"The situation was this. Due to a great excess of plant capacity and to the competition of artificial stone and terra cotta, these concerns had been forced to cut-throat competition and taking on work at cost, and often at less than cost, to meet their overhead and keep the yards going. Many of these companies, employing thousands of workmen within the metropolitan area, were actually threatened with bankruptcy. More than twenty concerns gave up the struggle and went out of

THREE MASKED BANDITS ROB A NEW JERSEY CAR

Obstruction Throws Trolley Pole Off Wire and Many Passengers Hide Their Money.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Dec. 18.—Three masked men held up a Morris County Traction Company car between Elizabeth and Springfield early this morning, robbing the twenty passengers of approximately $500.

The men stopped the car by placing an obstruction in such a way as to throw the trolley pole off the wire.

The holdup took place at a point where the tracks pass through a field on a private right of way. As the lights in the car went out several passengers secreted their money, as there have been several robberies of cars recently. As soon as the car stopped one man jumped aboard with drawn revolver and ordered the motorman-conductor to keep quiet. A second man, also armed, stood in the entrance of the car and watched the passengers, while the third man announced that he wanted all the money they had.

"Give me cash only," he said, as he started walking slowly up the aisle, collecting as he went along, but searching no one.

Perfect order was maintained by the passengers, the one woman among them apparently enjoying the experience.

Having collected the cash—silver going into his pockets while he carried the paper currency between his teeth—the "collector" backed slowly to the front of the car and the three men dropped off into the dark and disappeared.

Running his car into Unionville, the operator immediately notified the other police chiefs in Union County, who sent men to the scene and placed others on nearby roads.

From Elizabeth nine men with three riot guns set out in a touring car and two motorcycles, but no arrest has been reported.

Supervising Iron and Steel Directors Association of America. Cheney was examined closely on the purpose of the organisation.

Q.—In all frankness, laying aside all subterfuge and looking at these minutes that you yourself have written at these conferences, you know, do you not, that the constant struggle and effort on the part of this association was to equip each member with a non-union force? A.—Practically.

Q.—That is what I have always said and we have always believed. Now, we will go to another subject. That kind of effort effectually does away with this open-shop pretext, doesn't it? A.—(No answer).

Charles H. Parson, formerly head of the Pekay Construction Company, said because he permitted a firm employing non-union men to use his machinery, his "doom was sealed" and he was "hounded out of business" by the employers' association, who prevailed on the union not to supply him with men.

The entertaining manner in which Joseph Cardello described his troubles with the Marble Industry Employers' Association and the marble men's union amused the spectators. Cardello, a vivacious man, short and stout, told of being fined $125 by the employers' association for accepting a contract that was to go to some one else.

Cardello accepted another contract for $2,200. The other bids ranged from $2,800 to $3,300, but when he started to do the work his men were called off, and the owner had to give the job to the firm which put in a bid at $2,800.

The marble work was divided up by three rings of marble men. One controlled the work in Manhattan, one in the Bronx, and the third in Brooklyn.

Marble Bid Raised $3,500.

On one occasion, the witness said, four of the contractors got together and estimated that $7,000 would be a fair price for a piece of work and would yield a fair profit. They decided the lowest bid would be $9,500 in order that the difference, $2,500, might be divided among the four firms. The bids were $9,500, $10,000, $10,500 and $11,000.

The Aetna Marble Works was the lowest bidder and, according to the rules of the association, was "entitled" to the work, but the owner gave the contract to the Culo Marble Works. For this breach of the rules the Culo concern was fined $1,500. Subsequently the builder failed and the Culo company also lost the value of the work it had completed.

One job which the witness estimated to beworth $6,300 was arbitrarily increased to $7,500. There were five bidders. The successful one paid the others $250 each.

The union delegates forced him out of business, he said, but a few months ago he obtained a small job. He managed to get some union men for this work, but the delegates heard of it and called them off.

The committee will meet on Tuesday in the City Hall at 10:30 A. M.

SCHOOL CONTRACTS

Board of Estimate Acts Hastily on Three Jobs Worth $330,000.

FIRM DEALT WITH HETTRICK

"Code of Practice" Members Fall Under Municipal Ban—Up to School Board Now.

The Board of Estimate approved yesterday the recommendation of Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien for the cancellation of three public school heating and ventilating contracts held by Gillis & Geoghegan, and transmitted the recommendation to the Board of Education, with the request that it cancel the contracts at once.

The grounds for the cancellation were that the firm through its membership in the John T. Hettrick "Code of Practice" was in collusion with other bidders in violation of the law. The three contracts were for Public School 20, Brooklyn, $155,894; Public School 29, Brooklyn, $118,666, and Public School 11, Richmond, $58,700.

George N. Mahaney of Terrain, Mahaney & Monroe, who are low bidders on the heating contract for School 79, Brooklyn, yet to be awarded, and who successfully on two other school-heating contracts during the last year, furnished a new fight on Hettrick's operations at yesterday's session of the board of investigation. Mr. Mahaney, who was the chief witness, said he had not joined the Hettrick arrangement when the firm made the two unsuccessful bids and had left it when it submitted the bid for School 79. Asked how he came to retain Hettrick, he said two competitors had advised him that Hettrick could get him labor, and that he had to see him.

Mr. Mahaney said it was a further requirement of the "code" that each contractor should pay Hettrick 1 per cent. of any contract he might get. He said he never had paid the usual 5 per cent. fee and all that he had paid Hettrick was a bill for $29. "I was expecting a bill for $250," he said, "and when one for $29 came along I didn't ask Rick. I sent the check, right along. I didn't ask what it was for." He said you, of course, that part of the requirements was to give him figures in order to check them off with other figures on the job," Mr. Carswell asked.

"No," replied Mr. Mahaney. "He was a pretty crafty fellow and he didn't put it just that way. He simply told me that he had to have a second bid and the bid had to be approved as to its correctness before we submitted it to any concern. He didn't say how many clients he had whom he was trying to check it up with or anything like that kind."

Q.—What did you ask him? A.—I asked him if I didn't think it was crooked, and he said no. He said that he had a representative of the United States Department of Justice here, and they went all over the figures after they went all over the thing they had checked it off and said it was legal.

Q.—Was not impressed you at the time, as the outset, as being crooked—this business of submitting figures? A.—Yes; that didn't look good to me; but when he told me that he had it from the stone men for four years and the papers for six years and that it was checked over with a representative of the Department of Justice, why, then, when he told me all that it looked all right.

Mr. Mahaney said his firm never had any trouble with the labor unions on account of failure to inform Hettrick of bids.

Meyer Steinbrink, associate counsel, who was named to investigate the suggestion of Samuel Untermyer, counsel of the Lockwood committee, that the firm bring suit against Holland & Co. and Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plants and Structures, for the amount the city has contracted to pay for the removal of ashes from the Court House site, said he would not be ready to report on Monday as expected. Mr. Steinbrink said he was personally checking every record, and would be busy all day Monday in the Street Cleaning Department. The hearing was adjourned to Monday.

DETECTIVES INSPECT CAFES.

Round Up of Suspicious Characters Begins in All-Night Restaurants.

Detectives from the Bronx precincts early today began a nightly systematic inspection of all night restaurants and cabarets where suspicious characters are in the habit of congregating.

The inspection extended in many cases to women as well as to men. Muffs and coats were searched for concealed weapons as were all unoccupied automobiles standing at the curb outside such restaurants.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 34th to 35th Streets. 46th and 47th Sts.

Feature For Saturday

Handsome Coats and Wraps

at $145—$175—$195

Formerly selling to $300

What could be more acceptable or more useful than one of these *Rich Fur-Trimmed Wraps* for one's *Mother, Wife* or *Sister*—fashioned as they are of soft new materials and combined with the season's most desirable furs.

Rich Fur-Trimmed Evening Wraps

The Gift Luxurious

at $175—$225

Formerly selling to $375

Of chiffon velvet and metallic brocades, with fashionable fur trimmings—particularly suitable for *Gift Purposes* or *Personal Wear*.

SALE OF KNOX OVERCOATS for Men

All overcoats in the Knox Stock are included with no reservations—coats of the highest type made of the finest woolens produced at home and abroad.

Overcoats formerly priced from $70 to $85	$40
Overcoats formerly priced from $75 to $100	$50
Overcoats formerly priced from $100 to $125	$75
Overcoats formerly priced from $125 to $160	$100
Overcoats formerly priced from $150 to $225	$125

Overcoats of heavy and all-year-around weights and leather reversible coats for motoring.

KNOX HAT COMPANY
Incorporated
UPTOWN 452 FIFTH AVENUE AT 40TH STREET
DOWNTOWN 161 BROADWAY SINGER BUILDING

KAPLAN LOSES FIGHT TO JAIL CONTRACTORS

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

was in confusion. Spectators left their seats and crowded down to the counsel table.

"It is contrary to the public interest that these things should be discussed in open session," Mr. Untermyer exclaimed. "It is an outrage upon the public interest."

Kaplan waved his arm toward Mr. Untermyer and declared he was not going into executive session. "You can go as far as you please, but you are not going to run this committee in this way," he angrily remarked to the examiner. "We are going to run it regularly."

Spectators Boo Senator.

A wave of boos and hisses from the spectators leaped across the chamber. The demonstration increased in volume and cut off Kaplan's attempt to make another statement. When the manifestations of disapproval subsided, Kaplan, shaking with anger, shouted: "You are not going to get away with any effort to put fines on the people who have mulcted the people of New York out of millions of dollars."

A small group in the gallery applauded.

"The Senator's charges that the committee is trying to get away with anything are absolutely false," retorted Chairman Lockwood. Kaplan and the Chairman kept up a bitter verbal exchange as the members made for the door leading into the anteroom of the chamber for the executive session. In the uproar the meeting was declared adjourned.

Six of Kaplan's colleagues, three Republicans and three Democrats, entered the anteroom with Mr. Untermyer and Samuel Wallstein, associate counsel to the committee. It was rumored that any vote taken by the committee would be a stalemate. Kaplan remained in his seat for about ten minutes and then went into the committee room, giving the Democrats the advantage of one at the executive meeting.

For half an hour Kaplan attempted to carry his point at the executive committee meeting. A resolution was drawn up vindicating Mr. Untermyer's stand and expressing full confidence in him and in the lawyers associated with him.

The resolution was adopted by a six to one vote. Those in favor were: Republicans, Senators Lockwood, Abeles, and Assemblyman Pette; Democrats, Senator Dunnigan and Assemblymen Hammill and Leininger. Senator Kaplan voted against the resolution, saying he approved of that portion of it which expressed confidence in counsel, but he maintained his attitude on the matter of recommendations in criminal proceedings.

The resolution praised the lawyers associated with the committee for the results obtained through their efforts.

When Senator Lockwood reached his home last night he sent the following telegram to Mr. Untermyer:

Dear Mr. Untermyer: We continued in executive session after you left and passed a resolution similar in form to the one you suggested, with Abeles, Dunnigan, Pette, Hammill, Leininger and Lockwood voting "yes," and Kaplan voting "no." Three away; Caulfield ill; Parson home in northern part of State visiting his mother, and McWhinney actually engaged in court, but all voted in favor of it.

Wallstein handed us his resignation, but he tore it up and came round in good shape. He looked all tired out today and I marvel at the way you have stood the work. I wanted you to know this evening that the great majority, yes, every man on the committee, with one exception, is for you through thick and thin; that personally, while I believe we should have nothing to do with the criminal end as a committee, you did wonderful work in getting the pleas of guilty and you should be highly complimented and congratulated. Your great work done without fear or favor is the best public service rendered in the country in my time. With much respect. Sincerely,

CHARLES C. LOCKWOOD.

Kaplan States His Position.

Senator Kaplan early this morning issued a statement with regard to his opposition to the action of Mr. Untermyer, as counsel for the committee, in asking that twenty-nine defendants who pleaded guilty be fined.

"Mr. Untermyer," said Senator Kaplan, "did not present to the committee at any time before his announcement that he was going to leave for the criminal court or before my motion was made that he was going to ask that a fine be imposed against the limestone ring. This information came to me immediately after the adjournment of the committee at 1 o'clock. I could not conceive that it was possible that counsel for the committee would take the position of requesting that this wealthy limestone ring, which had mulcted the people of the City of New York out of millions of dollars, should on a plea of guilty be let go with a fine. The subsequent developments before the committee indicate clearly that there was no political motive behind the motion.

"At the time the motion was put the committee consisted of four Democrats and three Republicans, and if there was any political significance to the motion the motion would have been carried.

"It was my opinion that if any one of the combination was let off with a fine the people would lose confidence in the work of the committee and the investigation would degenerate into a farce and a whitewash. Nobody approached me and asked me to make the motion, nor did I read any editorials in any newspapers of Friday morning.

"If counsel is to continue to request that these wealthy self-confessed trust creators are to be fined and permitted to walk out of court where they could laugh at the people and where they could, if they desired, enter into a new combination, I wanted it specifically understood that those were not my views, and that I was absolutely opposed to them in every way—then repeat that I had absolute confidence in the court which acted on the statements of counsel. My motion was not put with a view of creating any dissension. I still have absolute confidence in everything the committee has developed and the work it has done, and in the results obtained by counsel in presenting the evidence before the committee, but I have stood for a jail sentence for all of those who violated the law in connection with the situation, including anybody who might be convicted as a result of the testimony of any of the limestone or bluestone gang."

Evidence Turned Over.

Earlier in the day Mr. Untermyer asked the committee to turn over the evidence regarding "a series of flagrant violations of both State and interstate laws" by the great steel corporations to the Federal and State authorities. The Chairman gave orders that this request be carried out. As soon as the mass of evidence can be arranged in systematic order, it will be submitted to Federal District Attorney Francis G. Caffey with a view to indictments by the Federal Grand Jury. The same memoranda will also be furnished to the Extraordinary Grand Jury convened by Governor Smith for State action.

It was reported that Mr. Untermyer was hardly likely to accept the offer of becoming counsel to the Calder committee. His work with the Lockwood committee will keep him occupied until the middle of January, after which he will go South to remain several months. In the meantime the State Legislature will meet and will consider asking him to act as counsel in the forthcoming State investigation of the city departments.

Walter Drew, counsel to the Iron Erectors' Association, who was ejected from the meeting the previous day, appeared at the City Hall yesterday and attempted to explain to Mr. Untermyer that he meant no discourtesy in interrupting. Mr. Untermyer told the lawyer he had better go out before he was put out.

"And you had better disband the National Erectors' League, the Iron League and the National Association of Steel Fabricators," he added. "Otherwise you are all likely to be indicted." Drew left the room after insisting that he came in response to a subpoena calling for his attendance as a witness.

As a climax to the committee's exposure there was disclosed yesterday a mysterious payment of $106.55 to the I. W. W. by the National Iron Erectors' Association, predecessor of the National Erectors' Association. No light was thrown on the payment by C. E. Cheney, Secretary of the National Erectors' Association, and after a few questions interrogation along this line was dropped. The entry in the minutes of the Executive Committee meeting held on June 4, 1912, indicated that the association made an "unpaid advance" to the Industrial Workers of the World. The payment caused considerable speculation among counsel as to whether or not I. W. W. members had been encouraged to act as "agents provocateur" in shops employing union men.

Another item of mystery entered on the minutes at the same under "unpaid advances" was $175.59 to "Bureau of Information." Whether the items had anything to do with each other was not evident.

"Open Shop" Closed to Union Men.

Minutes of a meeting in 1916 of the Iron League Erectors Association showed that Milliken Bros., a member, made a rule that any foreman joining a union "must be laid off."

"That is what you call the open shop?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"That is the record there," replied Cheney.

The records of the same meeting showed that an organization of non-union foremen was formed by the Iron League, and that the league advanced $1,300 to the organization for the purpose of paying a "field agent" $50 a week. His duty was to see to it that foremen did not hire union men in the shops of the members.

The following item appeared in the minutes: "No foreman is expected to employ card men."

The witness was asked if he did not consider this a paradox.

"Does that sound like the open shop?"

"Yes, that is the open shop."

"That is what you mean by the open shop, that there should be no card men?" "Yes."

Cheney said a "card man" meant a "union man."

The nation-wide organization of non-union foremen is known as the United

$25,000 Reward

THE JEWELERS' SECURITY ALLIANCE OF THE UNITED STATES

offers a reward of $25,000 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of the robbers who, on December 16th, murdered Edwin M. Andrews, of the firm of Andrews & Winston, Jewelers, 542 Fifth Ave., New York City; or a proportionate amount will be paid for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any one or more of them. Information furnished, strictly confidential.

Notify
Jewelers' Security Alliance of the United States,
15 & 17 Maiden Lane,
New York City, N. Y.

Or
Pinkerton's National Detective Agency,
Tribune Building,
New York City, N. Y.

Endorsed by

Jewelers' Safety Fund Society
Jewelers' Protective Union
National Jewelers' Board of Trade
National Federation of Manfg. Jewelers
American Jewelers' Protective Association
Sterling Silver Manufacturing Association
Jewelry Crafts Association
Jewelers' Vigilance Committee
New York Wholesale Jewelers' Association
Retail Jewelers' Association of Greater New York and Vicinity
Brotherhood of Traveling Jewelers
Southern Jewelry Travelers' Association

Save It With Knickerbocker Ice Sausage

Daintily packed farm sausage—the kind that makes the buckwheat cake worth while—is now arriving "fresh daily." This is the caution on one of the best brands: *"Take the sausage out of the box and put on plate loosely, direct on ice, if not used immediately."*

Of course, in New York and environs this means on Knickerbocker Ice—the purity of which is fully appreciated by those who buy the purest of foods.

Knickerbocker ICE Company

AMBERT EST. 1849

"BETTER APPAREL FOR MEN"

The Joy of Giving

is doubled at Lambert's, where dollars buy double as much as a year ago, because January Markdown Prices are now in effect in all departments.

For Gift Giving
Gloves, Neckwear, Shirts
Specially Boxed

Our Gift Certificate buys Holiday Haberdashery but enables the man who gets it to select for himself.

LAMBERT

250 FIFTH AVE. Bet. 28th & 29th Sts.
39 CORTLANDT Bet. 6th & 7th Avs.
124 NASSAU ST. (And New Haven Conn.)

CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE
Lexington Ave. at 55th Street
SUNDAY, DEC. 19, AT ELEVEN
DR. KRASS
"If a Jew—Why?
If a Jew—Why Not?"

This lecture will attempt to discuss the question whether the Jew has still a reason for existing as a separate group, particularly in a country like America, which has been called the Melting Pot.

Written Questions answered by Dr. Krass.

Better Apples At Lower Prices

We sell our apples direct from the orchard, and are able to reduce the price by cutting out several middlemen's profits. Our Stayman Winesaps for eating raw, and Rome Beauties for cooking, have a taste that will be new to you if you depend on fruit-stand sorts. Sent by express prepaid for $2.70 per bushel. $1.40 per half bushel.

HENRY H. ALBERTSON
GREEN HILL FARM
Box A, Burlington, N. J.

WARNS OF RISING FEDERAL EXPENSES

Senator Warren Says Appropriations Must Be Cut or Burden of Debt Increased

SEES $5,000,000,000 NEEDED

Fears Big Drop in Income and Profit Tax Collections Next Year.

TREASURY IN DIRE NEED

Must Be Action "If This Nation Is to Remain Solvent," He Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—That the funds needed to meet Government obligations in the immediate future will total at least $5,000,000,000 and are not in sight, and that if taxes are not to be increased appropriations must be greatly reduced, was the warning given the Senate today by Senator Warren of Wyoming, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations.

Senator Warren added that it now seems certain that thousands, if not millions, of persons who in 1919 were prosperous and paid their taxes into the Treasury will not report much more than an even break as to profits and losses, and that as a result the Government's tax income will be reduced accordingly.

"The Treasury," said Senator Warren, "is harder pressed now than at any time since the days of the Civil War. If there ever was a time when the Treasury needed friends, that time is now, if this nation is to remain solvent."

Senator Warren's speech, in which he emphasized the seriousness of the financial situation facing the Government, was made during the debate on Senator France's bill "for the public protection of maternity and infancy, and providing a method of co-operation between the Government of the United States and the several States. The France bill calls for graduated annual appropriations which will reach a maximum of $4,000,000 annually in 1926. The bill, which appears certain of passage, will be voted on tomorrow afternoon.

"I feel it incumbent upon me," said Senator Warren, "to say that in my opinion we are going to be without credit in this nation, our bonds are going much lower, and we are going to have to pay larger interest upon these certificates of indebtedness, unless we are able to retrench very sharply, and not branch out in any new lines, no matter how desirable they may be under ordinary circumstances.

"The condition of the Treasury is something like this: During the war, of course, it was easy to obtain funds because every patriotic, loyal citizen was anxious to support the Government. They subscribed for funds readily at a low rate of interest, many of them, in fact, I might almost say, a majority of them, being compelled to borrow money to buy the bonds. They have since had to call upon the banks to relieve them, to take the bonds from time to time, at a reduction of from 5 to 17 per cent. They have had to dispose of many of them to pay their Government taxes. You will find the last payment of taxes was largely made by those who had no other funds available and had to sell their bonds.

Indebtedness $27,500,000,000.

"During a part of the war period we had almost $30,000,000,000 of indebtedness, perhaps sometimes more. We had nearly $4,000,000,000 of certificates at the highest tide. We have now $24,000,000,000 of funded debt and something over $3,500,000,000 of floating debt, which is two or three times as much as we paid immediately after the passage of the bill authorizing the sale of certificates in peace times. When we had occasion to borrow some money we could then borrow it at 2 and 3 per cent. on the certificates. The Government is now in a position that we all would think unsound for a business man who was borrowing from day to day on the street, selling his paper where he might.

"The Government now, from month to month, is appealing to citizens and bankers to buy these certificates that it may buy up others.

"We had a prosperous year in 1919. Nearly every one engaged in business then made money. Hence when they made their returns for taxation they made liberal returns, and the tax to be collected for 1919 was ample to meet expectations. That, with the help of temporary borrowings, which are being replaced from time to time, has carried us through, but I think every Senator in this body knows that 1920 has not been altogether a prosperous year. It certainly is not expected that thousands and tens of thousands, it might be said millions, who in 1919 reported an ability to pay taxes, and who actually paid considerable amounts, are going to be able for the year 1920 to report more than an even break, and most of them will have to report losses.

"I know very well from the information which comes from various directions that the live stock men, the growers of wheat cotton, corn, and in fact the farmers as a class, will lose much money on the present year's production. Consequently no tax is to be expected from them.

"The Secretary (of the Treasury) has sent us the regular estimates, excepting of course the deficiencies and miscellaneous, which we know are going to be huge. Under the regular estimates the amount called for is $4,653,856,000. There will have to be added to that, more or less half a billion dollars for contingencies and for miscellaneous expenditures in the regular lines of Governmental business. We know that we cannot find funds enough to cover a sum near this $5,000,000,000 or more to be asked for without raising the present rate of taxation and we must greatly reduce amounts to be appropriated or else increase our present load of indebtedness."

WANTS JUDGE REMOVED.

Chicago Chief of Police Accuses Him of Leniency to Criminals.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—The Illinois Legislature, which assembles Jan. 5, will be asked to remove Judge Joseph B. David from the Superior Court Bench in Chicago. Announcement to this effect was made today by Corporation Counsel Ettelson and Chief of Police Fitzmorris.

This is the climax to the controversy between Judge David and the Police Department. Chief of Police Fitzmorris made the direct charge that Judge David this afternoon released desperate criminals on writs of habeas corpus, among them members of the alleged band that early in the morning staged the sensational hold-up of the Ashland Pharmarcy, during which Traffic Policeman Conlon and one of the bandits were killed.

MRS. WILLARD GETS DIVORCE

Appellate Division Grants Interlocutory Decree.

The Appellate Division in Brooklyn yesterday reversed a decision of Justice Russell Benedict of the Brooklyn Court, who denied a motion to confirm the referee's report recommending that a divorce be granted to Mrs. Ella Guthrie Willard, daughter of William D. Guthrie, from Eugene Sands Willard. The Appellate Division directed that the case be returned to the Special Term of the Supreme Court and that an interlocutory decree be granted to Mrs. Willard forthwith.

Mrs. Willard lives at 33 Park Avenue, Manhattan and has a Summer home at Locust Valley, L. I. She alleged that her husband had lived with a woman in an apartment on Madison Avenue. She asked for no alimony, but Mr. Willard agreed to give her $250 a month for the support of their two children.

Diamond Jewelry at Half present prices

Just 14 pieces—no more

People who came too late for the diamond jewelry sold at half during Stewart Week have been asking whether another such offer would be made for Christmas. In answer to these inquiries we announce for Saturday the following, with the important statement that these 14 pieces comprise the entire offer, but that each was selected from our superb collection of diamond jewelry with the idea of making a complete variety, although one of a kind.

Who will be the fortunate 14 individuals to get a gift of so great intrinsic value at so little a cost?

$112—was $225
Ruby and diamond ring in platinum, gypsy setting.

$112—was $225
Diamond and aquamarine bar pin.

$240—was $480
Bar pin of diamonds and calebra sapphire in bow-knot design.

$262—was $525
Diamond and platinum bow-knot brooch.

$350—was $700
Platinum ring with seven diamonds.

$667—was $1335
Platinum, diamond and calebre sapphire brooch.

$925—was $1850
Man's platinum gypsy ring with emerald cut diamond and calebre sapphire.

$825—was $1650
Diamond and sapphire bangle bracelet.

$742—was $1485
Diamond tassel pendant and chain.

$1080—was $2160
Diamond and platinum circle brooch.

$1400—was $2800
Diamond and pearl tassel on cord.

$220—was $440
All diamond and platinum ring.

$500—was $1000
All diamond and platinum ring with large center stone.

$445—was $890
Fancy all diamond and platinum ring with large center stone.

Jewelry Store, Main Floor, Old Building.

John Wanamaker
Broadway at Ninth, New York

CHRISTMAS SPECIALS *for Gifts*

Entire Stock
Combination Tapestry and Velour
SOFA CUSHIONS and TABLE SCARFS
Half Price

LAMPS 1/3 OFF
Exquisite designs; individually chosen

Latest Imported and exclusive American
HAND BAGS
Considerably Under Prevailing Prices

Sale of $4.50 Hte Jouvin
GLOVES $3.00
All wanted shades: Plenty of Black and White

Daniel Green's Quilted Satin
COMFY SLIPPERS
Leather Soles and Heels
Very Special $3.50
Pink, Old Rose, Baby Blue, Alice Blue, Lavender, Orchid and Black

OPEN EVENINGS
Saturday Dec. 18th to Friday Dec. 24th

OLIVER A. OLSON COMPANY
"The Store of Service"
BROADWAY AT 79TH ST.
SUBWAY STATION

Stern Brothers

West 42nd and 43rd Streets

Christmas Gift Suggestions in

Books for Boys and Girls

$1.75 Each

The Boy Scouts of Lakeville High.....Quirk
The Mark of the Knife.....Ernst
Treasure Mountain.....Turpin
Soolook Wild Boy.....Snell
Adventures of Dal Hamilton, Prospector....Kessel
The Sheldon Six Anne.....Remick
Honor Bright.....Richards
Happy House.....Abbott
Peg's Freshman.....Catrevas
The Head Girl at the Gables.....Bro[illegible]
Sergeant Jane.....Matla[illegible]
Elizabeth, Her Folks.....K[illegible]

BROADWAY **Saks** *At 34th ST.*
METROPOLITAN CLOTHES *for* MEN

We Are Now Offering the Best Clothing Values in New York in a

SPECIAL PRESENTATION OF

Men's Overcoats

at this greatly revised price

$45

Every Coat in the collection made by Saks & Company *this season* to sell at a much higher figure. Ulsterettes, Ulsters, Button-through and Fly-front models, in a variety of woolens altogether too extensive for detailed description.

Every Coloring from New Greens to Conservative Oxford Greys

Wraps and Coats

For Misses and Women

Exclusive models made to our order and exceptional values at these prices

$55.00
Suede Velours with lavish cape collars of Nutria and Australian Opossum.

$85.00
Corduval and Cashmere Bolivia, with huge collars of Beaver, Mole or Australian Opossum.



Luxurious draped models, adaptations from Paris importations, or straight-line, smartly designed styles—all beautifully tailored and silk lined throughout. A range of fashionable shades.

Third Floor.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

STORE OPEN: 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

HEARN

Fourteenth Street ESTABLISHED 1827 West of Fifth Avenue

CHEERFULLY LOOKING AHEAD TO THE NEW YEAR

Business Better Here Than Ever

Let's all look ahead with Optimism--
Prepare and Co-operate

FOR our part we've arranged a remarkably attractive programme of Sales from Christmas to New Year's. Then our Great January Sale. The offerings planned are certain to make thousands of new friends for the House of Hearn (now in its 93rd year, the busiest one in its history, and now under the daily management of the third and fourth generation).

Our Co-workers are just as optimistic as the Executives of the Concern. All our organization is linked together in friendly and loyal effort to make BETTER TIMES—all enjoying the benefits of a Co-operative Sharing Plan which has been and will continue to be a splendid incentive to BETTER SERVICE.

Here is a forward-looking organization appreciative of the favor of our public and its faith in our printed word.

Let's all try for a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

JAMES A. HEARN & SON.

A FASCINATING MYSTERY!—Who is the Lady in Black who tries to separate Mellaine and Eugene, who blackmails the old butler Partridge until he becomes her weapon? And stranger still—who was her father? Who was her mother? What do they threaten for Mellaine? Read "The House With a Bad Name."—At all bookstores.

For repairing china, glassware, furniture, meerschaum, vases, tipping billiard cues: USE MAJOR'S CEMENT
Major's Rubber and Leather Cement are good. All dealers.
MAJOR MFG. CO., N. Y. C.

NORMAN ANGELL
Author of The Great Illusion, etc.
will lecture tonight on
THE MALTHUSIAN DRAGON and INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS
Lecture begins at 8 P. M.
Tickets at entrance, $1.50
NEW SCHOOL FOR SOCIAL RESEARCH
465 West 23d St. New York

ESTABLISHED 110 YEARS

BLACK STARR AND FROST

Gifts of Distinction for the Holiday Season

PEARLS
DIAMONDS
JEWELRY
WATCHES
SILVERWARE
GOLD WARE
STATIONERY
LEATHER GOODS

Customers Served by Mail

FIFTH AVENUE
CORNER 48th STREET



The All-Year Gift—

A CAMERA

One of Our Specials

3 A Roll Film Camera
(Seneca Make)

[illegible] has rapid rectilinear lens and automatic shutter [illegible]



SPECIAL XMAS PRICE
$12.50

Get one at Kodak Headquarters

WILLOUGHBY
Cameras---Supplies
110 West 32d St. Opp. Gimbels

TODAY, AT 2.30 P. M.

Unrestricted Sale
AT PUBLIC AUCTION
FOR YOUR OWN HOME
The Collection of a Foreign Connoisseur
DATING FROM THE PERIODS OF
THREE FRENCH KINGS
Also Illustrating the
SPLENDOR OF OLD SPAIN
Selected with Exquisite Taste and is of Unusual Design and Gorgeous Coloring.
57TH STREET ART GALLERIES, Inc.
Alfred E. Gunsweller, Auctioneer
3 W. 57th St., N.Y. City
Plaza 6467.

RESIDENT MANAGER.

Southern accounting firm desires the services of a certified public accountant as resident manager in a city of fifty thousand inhabitants; state age, education, professional training, and whether married or single; give chronological account of business and professional experience, present and expected salary; replies will be held in strict confidence, and no inquiries made of present or past employers, or references, without your express permission; salary commensurate; exceptional prospects.

Crawford, Stull & Company
Accountants and Auditors
207-208 Strickland Bldg.,
Roanoke, Virginia.

THE SOVIETS IN GERMAN SHOPS. The new law establishing a sort of workman's co-operative management in German factories is printed in full; the first time it has been published in this country. One of 40 features in December CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, now on news stands, profusely illustrated. Advt.

URGES SALES TAX AS PRINCIPAL LEVY

Jules S. Bache, New York, Tells House Committee It Would Raise $3,000,000,000.

CANADA AND FRANCE TRY IT

In Both Cases It Is Reported a Success—Call for Emergency Relief.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The sales tax found a warm friend in Jules S. Bache of New York when he appeared this afternoon before the House Ways and Means Committee, which is considering revision of the internal revenue laws. Mr. Bache urged a 1 per cent. sales tax, which, he said, would produce an annual revenue of $3,000,000,000 to $5,000,000,000, "without proving a hardship."

France and Canada had both tried the sales tax with great success, he told the committee, the French Government raising $1,000,000,000 annually through this source. Study of the sales tax, he asserted, led him to believe it the best system that could be put into use in this country.

Under Mr. Bache's plan no manufacturer producing less than $5,000 annually would be subject to the tax. He admitted freely that the tax would be passed on to the ultimate consumer, but said that no matter how many times the manufactured article was turned over the tax would never pyramid more than 3¼ per cent. to the consumer on original cost.

In answer to members of the committee Mr. Bache said the best tax program he could suggest would be to have a protective tariff raising $600,000,000 to $700,000,000, the "old style" excise taxes on tobacco, &c., raising $300,000,000; a 5 per cent. normal direct tax raising $500,000,000, and the rest of the necessary revenue to be derived from a sales tax of 1 per cent. Mr. Bache based his estimates on the idea that the Government budget would run to $3,500,000,000. He was so confident of the success and popularity of the sales tax that he predicted it could be reduced to ½ per cent. after its first year's trial.

Would Pay Debt by Taxes.

Mr. Bache advocated paying the floating debt by taxation and refunding all the bond issues except the securities paying 3½ per cent., with new fifty-year bonds which would pay 6 per cent. for the first five years, 5½ per cent. for the next five years, 5 per cent. for the following five years and 4½ per cent. for the succeeding life of the bond. By the time Congress passed such legislation the outstanding bonds would be at par, he said.

"It can't do business any harm to try the sales tax," he said. "You must remember that we have tried other kinds with a result which you see."

Sales taxes, he asserted, were easily collectable because the Government could afford, at its salaries, to pay men mentally capable of doing the necessary collection work, whereas today the experts developed to collect the existing taxes soon left the Government to go to salaries three and four times as great as they had received.

The objection that "self-contained" companies, that is, concerns which control different processes of manufacture, would have the advantage over "middlemen" who handle various processes of manufacture, could be met by taxing the "self-contained" concerns on their turnovers in their production, Mr. Bache argued.

Farmers, he declared, in reply to Southern members of the committee, would be largely exempt because they would not usually produce $6,000 worth of salable articles.

"A sales tax," said the witness, "would work almost automatically. You would not have merchants going around with their hair hanging down, as they did yesterday in New York when their taxes came due."

After quoting the Canadian Prime Minister as saying that his country expected to depend upon the sales tax for the main portion of its revenue, Mr. Bache said France was equally pleased.

Mr. Joseph McCoy (the Actuary of the Treasury Department), whose estimates have been marvelously accurate during the last two years, estimates that less than $2,000,000,000 would be produced in this country by the sales tax," Representative Longworth said to Mr. Bache.

"Senator Smoot told me he would stake his reputation that it would raise $4,500,000,000," replied the witness.

All through the testimony the questions and answers revolved to whether the sales tax could be successfully passed on.

"I'm a heretic; I believe every tax in the world can be passed on," said Mr. Bache.

The present tax system was declared by Mr. Bache to be driving companies out of business and responsible to a large extent for the unemployment problem. He said that if the recent price slump had come three months later hundreds of business houses would have been bankrupt?

"I'm getting out of business and putting my money into municipal bonds as fast as I can," he asserted.

"I think the super income taxes are the mistakes we have made," he testified at another time.

The sales tax, Mr. Bache asserted with emphasis, would raise the largest amount of money with "less misery." He said that there was no perfect system of taxation, and that taxation was "slavery."

Chairman Fordney of the Ways and Means Committee gave his endorsement to the sales tax at the committee meeting this morning when he stated that it was the most "economical and simple that could be put on the statute books." This was while Dr. Joseph J. Klein of New York was testifying. Dr. Klein did not favor a sales tax, but he did say:

"I am afraid you will have to come around to such a tax, not because you like it, but because it affords an absolutely certain method of raising revenue that must be obtained."

Relief to business through legislation that would aid the depression due to low stock values was strongly urged by Dr. Klein.

"The situation as it will be shown by the balance sheets on Dec. 31 will be vastly different from last year," he said. "You have heard that numerous taxpayers will be forced to default in the payment of the last instalment of taxes. I am convinced that you will find the situation in that regard even worse than was predicted.

"Action on emergency relief legislation is not taken apparently because it is believed that the President would veto such a measure. Frankly I know of no man in or out of Congress who can speak for the President. The President has sometimes been known not to be in accord with all official acts of Cabinet members. Let Congress grant the relief so urgently needed—relief almost universally admitted to be based on principle of equity—and I venture the hope that no executive veto will follow. Congress should put the matter squarely up to the President and let him veto it if he desires to do so, but Congress should not give fear of a veto as the excuse for not taking action that is greatly needed.

"The financial and industrial condition is bound to be worse early next year. When borrowers present their new balance sheets it is quite probable that the Federal Reserve Banks will find it unwise to renew many notes now under rediscount. The result may be forced liquidation on even a broader scale than is now in operation and more."

Would Exempt Firms in China

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Repeal of excess profits and other taxes applied to American corporations doing business solely in China was asked today by H. H. Arnold of Shanghai, President of the American Chamber of Commerce of China, before the House Ways and Means Committee, considering tax revision.

The witness argued that competing foreign firms were not taxed by their Governments. Freedom from such taxation also would aid the Americans in obtaining Chinese credit, he added.

Williams Fixes Deductions Allowed Persons Traveling on Business.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—A decision today by Commissioner of Internal Revenue Williams provides that persons who travel on business will be permitted to deduct as expenses for tax purposes only the sums spent in excess of the amount which they would spend if at home. Railroad fares are legitimate deductions, but meals are not, except where the sum spent for them is in excess of the amount at home.

Congressmen and others who are paid mileage must pay income on all of the allowance in excess of their actual expenses for such fares. The decision in part reads:

"Traveling expenses, as ordinarily understood, include railroad fares and meals and lodging. If the trip is undertaken for other than business purposes, such railroad fares are personal expenses and such meals and lodging are living expenses. If the trip is on business, the reasonable and necessary traveling expenses, including railroad fares, and meals and lodging in an amount in excess of any expenditures ordinarily required for such purposes when at home, become business instead of personal expenses.

McCORMICK VISITS HAINISCH.

Austria Wants His Help for Changes in St. Germain Treaty.

VIENNA, Dec. 16.—Senator Medill McCormick of Illinois, who is making a tour of Europe, arrived here today and paid a visit to President Michael Hainisch. The Senator said that he came in an unofficial capacity to learn the extent of the misery in Central Europe in order to be able to co-operate with Herbert Hoover in relief measures.

It is learned that the Austrian Government will draw Senator McCormick's attention to certain alleged anomalies and injustices in the treaty of St. Germain in an endeavor to obtain the backing of the United States in a request for boundary corrections and plebiscites in certain purely German-Austrian district lost to Czechoslovakia and Jugoslavia under the treaty.

HARDING HAS PLAN FOR WORLD PEACE

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

leading minds. I don't think a government can be wholly just that does not come into contact with omnipotence.

"I know how you were aroused to a great ideal of world relations, and how unhappy many of you were that we all could not see it that way. But you did not stop to think that in the conception of Versailles there was no recognition of God Almighty. I could not hope for a very happy relationship among nations unless there was a common thought among them in recognition of a Supreme Being. I believe we will be able to answer every desire of the American people without the surrender of a thing we hold dear as a heritage of the American people."

Senator Harding's talk with Mr. Reed, who arrived tonight, will be resumed tomorrow. He apparently feels that the opinion of the Missouri Senator will reflect the attitude of the irreconcilables toward a modified association of nations.

Mr. Speyer, whose firm has floated a large amount of Mexican securities, expressed hope of better times for Mexico under the Obregon régime. He said:

"Mexico has very great resources whose development the world needs. Of one thing at least we may be comfortably assured, and that is that no other nation than the United States is likely to project itself into Mexico and complicate relationships, simply because none other than the United States has any real money that it could advance. It is, of course, a great misfortune for Mexico that, during a time when the world needed its greatest productivity, internal disorder prevented it from accomplishing so much as would otherwise have been possible. Had it been able to take advantage of the opportunity afforded by the World War, in which it was at no time engaged, it might have accomplished very wonderful economic advances. As it is, that opportunity was largely lost, but I believe there is justification for hope that a new and better era is about dawning."

Talk on Armenian Conditions.

Former Ambassador Gerard and Mr. Jessup, who represented the American Committee for the Independence of Armenia, expressed hope after their conference with Senator Harding that measures might be possible soon to ameliorate conditions in Armenia. Mr. Gerard said of the situation:

"Moscow holds directive influence over the present Armenian Government and Mustapha Kemal, who is working in close alliance with the Constantinople Government, and very likely will force the Armenians to effect some sort of a settlement with the Turks, and then invite the Turks and the Armenians to say that they have already composed their differences. Granting, however, that Turkish and Armenian representatives would meet the American mediator, the first thing that the Turks would ask him is what he has to offer in consideration of their recognizing the Armenian claims. The American mediator has no power or authority to offer the Turks any concessions at the expense of Great Britain, France, Italy and Greece, who are the principal beneficiaries under the Sèvres treaty, and all that he will be able to achieve as a result of his effort will be to learn the Turks' terms for a settlement, which we already know."

Another visitor today was Harry M. Daugherty.

Dr. Butler Goes to Marion.

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, left New York yesterday to spend today by invitation with President-elect Harding. It is said that international affairs will be discussed. Dr. Butler is accompanied by Judge John R. Davies of New York.

LOST BALLOONISTS

To Make Cross Flights Over the Adirondacks in Search for Missing Airmen.

Army fliers, equipped with land planes, will start this morning to search the Adirondacks wilderness for the three navy Lieutenants who have been missing since Monday night, when the free spherical balloon in which they left the Rockaway Point Naval Air Station on an experimental flight to Canada was last sighted near Wells, N. Y. Lieutenants Lucas V. Beau and George C. McDonald will hop off from Long Island and fly to Albany in De Havilland planes. From there they will make daily cross-country flights over the mountainous region, endeavoring to spy out the craft or any trace of it or its occupants.

The British Embassy has asked Canadian authorities for such assistance as they may be able to render. Many navy fliers, after a study of the winds in connection with the point at which the balloon last was sighted, believe the craft, with no motive power other than the propulsion of air currents, drifted into the wilds of Ontario or Quebec.

An announcement made public in Washington by Secretary Daniels said:

"The balloon was traveling in a northwesterly direction from Rockaway, and it is the opinion of Rockaway that if the balloon continued in the air her drift would be somewhat to the westward of the line drawn from Rockaway to Wells, N. Y.

There was no trace yesterday of the two carrier pigeons which, of the three the fliers took with them, have failed to reappear.

It was believed for a time that an exhausted bird found in Parishville, St. Lawrence County, offered a "live tip," but officers at the Rockaway Point station were disappointed that it bore neither the navy identification band on one leg nor the aluminium message carrier on the other.

Miss Helene Simon Recovering.

Miss Helene Simon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Simon of 95 Riverside Drive, who is at present convalescing at the Roosevelt Hospital, will be moved to her home tomorrow. After her full recovery Miss Simon will leave for Palm Beach.

Give Him "An Order on Young's"



Hats and Other Gifts

He always says: "Give me nothing but sensible gifts." This suggests an order on Young's, with which he can select something useful. And he's bound to have fun in selecting it.

With an order on Young's he can choose—

Soft Hats, $4 up. Derbies, $5 up. Velours, $6 up.

Gloves Neckties Umbrellas Caps
Canes Mufflers Novelties Wallets
Leather Goods

By our plan, the price need not appear on the order.

149 Broadway 605 Broadway 903 Broadway 1361 Broadway
231 Broadway 849 Broadway 1197 Broadway 1455 Broadway
610 W. 181st Street 2823 Third Avenue
Brooklyn Branches:
371 Fulton St. 716 Broadway
Newark Branch:
851 Broad Street, opposite C. R. R. Station

TO-DAY AT 2:30 P. M.

Clarke's

42-44 East 58th St. (Between Madison & Park Aves.)

Important Sale by Auction

By Order of Messrs. Kaye, McDavitt and Scholer, Attorneys at Law, 140 Broadway.

THE VALUABLE ANTIQUE FURNITURE, TAPESTRIES, BROCADE, NEEDLEWORK AND ART OBJECTS

FORMING THE COLLECTION OF
ALBERT R. LOUIS & CO.

Note:—All the Features of Special Decorative Value in To-Day's Sale.

The Sale Will Be Conducted by MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE

POLICE HOSPITAL FUND 1920

The FACTS about the POLICE HOSPITAL

POLICE HOSPITAL FUND 1920

Because of the extraordinary financial and business conditions which have developed in the last few weeks it has been decided to defer any active campaign for the Police Hospital Fund, and it is due the people of New York to give them a presentation of the facts about the Police Hospital:

THE Police Hospital was officially approved by the State Board of Charities.

THE Police Hospital was given a Charter of Incorporation August 12, 1920, for the following purpose:

"TO establish, support, manage and maintain a hospital for the purpose of affording medical support, aid and nursing to sick or disabled persons, primarily to sick or disabled persons who are on active or retired list of the Police Department of the City of New York and their immediate families and dependents."

THE Police Hospital is wholly independent of any control of the Police Department, its Commissioner or any of its membership.

THE officers, directors, honorary committee and honorary members include the names of many men prominent in the business and social life of the city and nation. These names in themselves should be an assurance of the successful and efficient management of any undertaking.

THE chairmen of the various Trades Committees are men representative of the industries with which they are associated.

THE project is non-political and non-sectarian.

NEW YORK has approximately 11,000 policemen.

THE Police Hospital was considered a necessity long delayed, and of the five million dollars estimated as necessary to provide it approximately three million dollars would be required for the site, the buildings and the equipment; the remainder to be used as an endowment for the maintenance of the hospital.

IT was determined that this fund would be raised by subscriptions and contributions from the public; no added burden of taxes to fall on the citizens of the city.

IT was planned that the designing equipment of the hospital would be in the hands of architectural and engineering experts, consulting with medical authorities and scientific specialists in this line of work. The architect to be chosen from a competition of prominent architects.

THE services of all persons in connection with the raising of funds, purchase of property, purchase of publicity, were to be rendered free and without any charge, crediting any and all commissions to the fund.

MEMBERS of the force, whether on the active or retired list and their immediate families were to be entitled to free surgical, medical and clinical service.

MEMBERS of the force were not to be required to go to the Police Hospital when they were sick unless they desired to do so.

FROM the inception of the hospital idea it was decided that the members of the force should not be asked to make house to house canvass for funds or solicit any subscriptions.

THE hospital has been formally endorsed by the Honor Legion (composed of the honor men of the Police Department); Patrolmen's Wives' Benevolent Association; Patrolwomen's Benevolent Association; Policewomen's Benevolent Association; Policemen's Widows' Benevolent Association; Policemen's Widows' Headquarters Canteen; Detectives' Endowment Association; and by eighty per cent. of the entire force.

THE thought which prompted the originators of this idea was that the hospital would be tendered the Police Force as an expression of the high appreciation, respect, and affection which the citizens of New York hold for one of the finest and best organized bodies of men in the world.

IT was believed by the originators of the hospital idea that the people of the largest and richest city in America desired to safeguard the guardians of their own welfare, who stand ready without hesitation and without fear to risk their very lives in upholding the law and order of the municipality.

BELOW is the list of Committeemen and officials who had generously proffered both their time and money to this cause.

OFFICERS.

COLEMAN DUPONT, *President*
R. A. C. SMITH, *First Vice-President*
JEFFERSON DEMONT THOMPSON, *Second Vice-President*
HERMAN A. METZ, *Third Vice-President*
WALTER SCOTT, *Fourth Vice-President*
CHARLES THORLEY, *Fifth Vice-President*
LOUIS G. KAUFMAN, *Treasurer*
HENRY W. DEARBORN, *Secretary*

DIRECTORS

Vincent Astor
Barron G. Collier
Joseph P. Day
Victor J. Dowling
Coleman du Pont
William M. English
Richard E. Enright
Samuel W. Fairchild
Walter E. Frew
Michael Friedsam
E. A. Guggenheim
S. R. Guggenheim
Joseph W. Harriman
John A. Harriss
Charles Hayden
Lansing C. Holden
Alfred J. Johnson
Louis G. Kaufman
Alfred W. Liddle
Dr. Robert Lunnifer
George W. Loft
Herman A. Metz
Maynard Meyer
Frank A. Munsey
James H. Post
Allan A. Ryan
Walter Scott
John M. Shaw
Harry F. Sinclair
R. A. C. Smith
Jefferson deM. Thompson
Charles Thorley
William H. Todd
Albert H. Wiggin

HONORARY COMMITTEE

ELBERT H. GARY, *Honorary Chairman*

HONORARY VICE-CHAIRMEN

Maj. Gen. Robert Alexander
Gen. Daniel Appleton
Lt. Gen. Robert Lee Bullard
Bishop Charles S. Burch
William M. Calder
Frederick Cunliffe-Owen
Chauncey M. Depew
Rev. Edward Duffield
Richard E. Enright
Admiral John J. Glennon
Archbishop Patrick J. Hayes
Francis M. Huge
John F. Hylan
George McAneny
Maj. Gen. John F. O'Ryan
Gen. Horace Porter
Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman
Alfred E. Smith
Bodman Wanamaker
Frederick A. Wallis

HONORARY MEMBERS

Edward F. Albee
Allison V. Armour
Julius S. Bache
LeRoy W. Baldwin
George Gordon Battle
David Belasco
C. K. G. Billings
Henry Birrell
Robert D. Blackman
Robbins W. Bonygne
L. M. Boomer
John McE. Bowman
Edward W. Browning
Dr. Nicholas M. Butler
Frank G. Carrie
Emily Crane
Lewis L. Clarke
Robert Grier Cooke
Seymour L. Cromwell
Benjamin DeN. Cruger
Henry W. Dearborn
Anthony de Segurola
William C. Demarest
Col. George de Mosain
Alfonso de Navarro
Michael Dreicer
George B. Dyer
Abram I. Elkus
Miss Elkus
Max Erlanger
Henry Evans
Patrick Fitzgibbons
Horace Foot, Jr.
William Fox
Paul Fuller, Jr.
Rudolph Gans
Henry A. Gildersleeve
August Goldsmith
Thomas D. Green
William L. Green
Leon G. Godley
Maj. G. M. Hammond
Oliver Harriman
George G. Haven
Alexander J. Hemphill
Percival S. Hill
Frank H. Hitchcock
George L. Ingraham
R. E. Johnston
W. W. Jermane
Col. Morris Joseph
Otto Kahn
Albert Keller
Adrian H. Larkin
Philip Lehman
Adolph Lewisohn
Louis K. Liggett
Paul L. Longone
George MacDonald
William McCarroll
Walter H. Marshall
C. E. Mitchell
John H. Murphy
Fred A. Muschenheim
Virgil E. Neal
Lewis Nixon
Herbert Noble
Francis K. Pendleton
Samuel T. Peters
R. P. Pforr
Dallas B. Pratt
Henry C. Quimby
Thomas J. Quinn
Percy Rockefeller
Felix T. Rosen
Howard J. Rothschild
Arthur Rubenstein
Titta Ruffo
A. F. Schermerhorn
Alvin Schmoeger
Lorillard Spencer
Nathan Strauss
Charles Strauss
Andrew T. Sullivan
William Thomer
F. D. Underwood
F. W. Vanderbilt
Harold S. Vanderbilt
Wm. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.
J. Mayhew Wainwright
James H. Wallace
Charles Elliot Warren
W. Lanier Washington
Archibald R. Watson
Harry Payne Whitney
H. K. S. Williams
John Williams
Richard H. Williams
John M. Willys
Howard Willets
Dr. Stephen S. Wise

GREATER NEW YORK COMMITTEE

JEFFERSON DE MONT THOMPSON.....*Chairman*
JANE THOMPSON BAUMAN.....*Secretary*

The Chairman and Vice Chairmen of the Honorary Committee will serve on this committee with the following:

Edward F. Albee
Max Baumann
L. M. Boomer
Charles S. Boyd
E. T. Caldwell
J. W. C. Campbell
J. A. Chipperfield
H. Cobo
Harold Cole
Barron G. Collier
M. Epstein
William Fox
W. A. Garvigues
August Goldsmith
Mark Goodstein
Charles A. Hirschberg
Lansing C. Holden
Edward C. Hopson
Edward E. Huber
R. E. Johnston
John S. Karpen
John L. Knight
Leo Leipziger
George W. Loft
Selah B. Masten
H. L. McElroy
Maynard Miller
David N. Messersohn
M. Messersohn
Henry G. Opdycke
William C. Pearmer
Louis J. Robertson
Mrs. Chas. Cary Rumsey
A. Samstag
Sol. D. Silberstein
August Silz
John Slater
Garrett H. Smith
Elisha Steffen
Leonard L. Stein
Otis J. Stephens
D. R. Szakvary
W. A. Thompson, Jr.
Charles Thorley
M. F. Westergren
Edward Wise
Milton Weil
Paul R. Vernon

SUPPORTS MOVE TO AID TAXPAYERS

House Committee Reports Bill to Give 50-Day Delay on Dec. 15 Instalment.

BUT WOULD EXACT INTEREST

Officials Expect Payments to Reach Estimates—Put Delinquencies Here at $10,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Relief for taxpayers unable to meet the last instalment of excess profit and income taxes Dec. 15 is provided by the Edmonds bill, reported favorably by the Ways and Means Committee tonight. The bill would extend the time for paying the instalment fifty days, from Dec. 15 to Feb. 5, without the imposition of the penalty for non-payment. This penalty is a fine of $1,000 and 5 per cent. on the amount due. The interest of 1per cent. per month, as provided in the revenue law, is continued in Edmonds's proposed amendment to that law.

Mr. Edmonds said tonight that he had positive information that more than 8 per cent. of the taxpayers had been unable to pay the last instalment of taxes. The imposition of this penalty, he said, would add to their burdens, and the Government would lose nothing by the terms of his bill because of the requirement that interest at the rate of 1 per cent. per month was imposed on the taxes due.

Representative Joseph W. Fordney, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, said that he would call up the Edmonds amendment promptly, probably tomorrow.

Secretary Houston announced today that the total amount of subscriptions received for the two issues of Treasury certificates of indebtedness dated Dec. 15, 1920 (Series TJ2-1921, maturing June 15, 1921 Series TD-1921, maturing Dec. 15, 1921), was $790,449,500, and that the total amount of subscriptions allotted was $589,680,500. The subscriptions allotted in New York, Boston and Philadelphia were as follows:

	Subscriptions Received.	Subscriptions Allotted.
New York	$412,866,000	$266,907,000
Philadelphia	59,882,000	45,148,000
Boston	48,742,500	45,490,000

Put Tax Default Here at $10,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17 (Associated Press).—Treasury officials declared tonight that there was every indication that collections of the Dec. 15 instalment of income and profits taxes would approximate Secretary Houston's estimate of $850,000,000, notwithstanding reports of the inability of individuals and corporations in various parts of the country to meet their obligations.

Up to last night a total of $430,000,000 had been reported to the Treasury as collected, and officials asserted that today's returns would probably add another $100,000,000 to that amount. Reports are coming in steadily, but in some cases slowly, and officials said it would be nearly a week before final returns were received.

Many unofficial reports from different sections of the country which have estimated defalcations in tax payments have been to a great extent exaggerated, in the opinion of Treasury officials. Returns so far do not indicate any heavy shortage, it was stated, and as an instance officials declared that in New York tax receipts already were within $10,000,000 of the amount estimated for that district.

Oversubscription of the new certificates was regarded at the Treasury as successfully rounding out the policy of meeting the heavy maturity payments for which the Government was called upon to provide this month and in January. On Dec. 15 $700,000,000 in maturities was due and $140,000,000 in interest on Liberty bonds, while by Jan. 15 further maturities of $300,000,000 become due, making a total of $1,140,000,000.

To make these payments and at the same time provide for the current requirements of the Government the Secretary said an issue of $500,000,000 in addition to the estimated tax receipts of $650,000,000 was decided upon the basis of the best estimates available, making a total of $1,150,000,000. But with nearly $290,000,000 obtained from the new certificates officials said approximately $160,000,000 leeway was left the Government with which to meet current requirements and absorb any shortage in tax payments if no unexpected drain is made on the Treasury.

Spent $1,103,207,000 in November.

Government expenditures for the month of November amounted to $1,103,207,000, which was an increase of more than $396,764,000 over the October total of $717,442,000, according to the statement issued tonight by the Treasury. From the beginning of the fiscal year the Government's expenditures amounted to $5,448,000,000.

The War Department led the Government agencies in expenditures for the month with a total of $134,736,000, the Navy Department was second with $50,001,000 and $40,806,000 was charged to Federal control of railroads. Of the payments of the public debt $649,008,000 was charged to the redemption of certificates of indebtedness.

More than $72,128,000,000 has been paid out by the Treasurer of the United States up to Oct. 31 on checks drawn by the six Government corporations and the Railroad Administration against their accounts on deposit with the Treasury, according to a report of these transactions made public today by Secretary Houston. Nearly half of the total checked out was on the account of the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

GUTHRIE CHALLENGES DENMAN ON 'COERCION'

Says He Was Invited to Join New York Board to Help in Shipping Matters.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—Statements made by William Denman, former Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, before the House investigating committee in Washington with regard to conferences with A. J. Balfour which approached the realm of secret treaties and the suggestion that the British Government sought to "coerce" China into war were submitted to a Government official here today.

Mr. Balfour is at present attending the Geneva conference of the League of Nations, and in his absence no one here will attempt to reproduce the trend of his personal and private conversations with Mr. Denman. It is pointed out, however, that the question of the disposal of the German ships in Chinese waters in the event of China entering the war on the side of the Allies would arise naturally and was bound to be discussed like every other possible eventuality of the war.

The use of the term "coercion" in regard to the influence which the Allies might bring to bear upon China is a question of terminology, and the impression here is, considering Mr. Balfour's diplomatic experience, that Mr. Denman's choice of the word is what Winston Churchill once described as "terminological inexactitude."

With regard to Mr. Denman's definite charge that "Mr. Balfour attempted to influence the Shipping Board and secured the election of Sir Counop Guthrie to the administrative board which tried to organize in New York to function with the Shipping Board," this statement was obtained by THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent from Sir Counop himself:

"Sir Counop Guthrie was invited by Mr. Hurley of the American Shipping Control Board to join the board on Jan. 1, 1918. This was many months after Mr. Balfour had left America. The Shipping Control Board had, of course, the full consent of the American Administration to issue the invitation to Sir Gounop Guthrie and Sir Counop had to telegraph to London to the British Shipping Board, in whose service he was, for their consent to the appointment."

It was recalled here that the American Shipping Control Board was reorganized in January, 1918, after the resignation of Mr. Denman consequent upon his disagreement in policy with Generals Goethals.

Japanese to Honor German Envoy.

TOKIO, Dec. 16.—Two hundred Japanese scientists will entertain the German Ambassador and his staff at a banquet tomorrow as a "tribute to Germany's contributions to science and as encouragement of her future efforts."

BISMARCK ALMOST BURNED MEMOIRS

Fact Is Brought Out at Ex-Kaiser's Suit to Prevent Publication Now.

DISCLOSURES ARE FEARED

Monarchists Tell Publishers Edition Would Hurt Their Cause—Decision Expected Soon.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 17.—How Bismarck came near to burning the manuscript of his third volume of his memoirs was told in court here yesterday afternoon. This was when the case was resumed by which the ex-Kaiser is endeavoring to obtain a legal judgment preventing Messrs. Cotta from publishing the book, as it contains private letters which he claims cannot be published without his sanction.

The Judge said that in "the tragic conflict betweeen the old statesman and the young ruler" there was bound to be much straight talk, but as the substance of the volume was now generally known he suggested that publication should be permitted and the proceeds given to charity. This suggestion, however, did not appeal to either side.

Counsel for Messrs. Cotta said the book was written while Bismarck still felt his dismissal deeply and when he was in an understandable bad temper, so it was easy to see why the ex-Kaiser and his partisans did not wish publication. Bismarck made no condition that the book should not be published till after the ex-Kaiser's death. As for the claim of the ex-Kaiser regarding his letters counsel said the letters were not always actually written by him. They were not private letters but State documents. Counsel for the ex-Kaiser charged Messrs. Cotta with being privy to the publication of extracts from the book, the object being to arouse interest and bring about big sales.

The ex-Kaiser claimed the letters as his. They were, said counsel, "written in that well-known style which is peculiar to his Majesty."

Bismarck on one occasion, when talking about the matter with his son, expressed doubts as to the wisdom of publishing the book during William's lifetime and wondered if the best thing to do was to burn the manuscript.

On another occasion he said that if the third volume were published people would say, "Ah, there it all comes out from the grave; what a repulsive old man Bismarck was."

An interesting point in the proceedings was the admission by the ex-Kaiser's counsel that monarchists recently approached Messrs. Cotta with a view to persuading them not to publish the book at present. "They laid special stress," said counsel, "on the fact that publication would do great harm to the monarchist cause."

ITALIAN SENATE PASSES TREATY WITH SLAVS

Vote Is 262 to 22 in Favor of the Settlement—Fighting Breaks Out in Zara.

ROME, Dec. 17.—The Senate today passed the Treaty of Rapallo, settling the Adriatic question between Italy and Jugoslavia. The vote was 262 in favor of and 22 against the proposal.

Addressing the Senators before the adoption of the treaty, Count Sforza, the Foreign Minister, followed the main lines of the speech he made before the Chamber of Deputies on the same subject recently. He declared Italy was emerging from war through the Treaty of Rapallo a great power, having secure boundaries, and being free to dispose of her own future and proceed along her own road, which was the road of peace.

"But," he continued, "this is so not only because we obtained a wonderful natural frontier, which makes Italy a sort of continental England, but also because we had the courage not to annex land or a population which would have created irredentism against us."

Dispatches from Zara report that 200 troops, by order of Rear Admiral Millo, commander of the Italian naval forces in Dalmatia, marched to the barracks of the Dalmatian Volunteer Corps for the purpose of disarming the volunteers. The Dalmatians resisted. Rifle shots were exchanged and several on both sides were wounded. The commander of the carabineers intervened and the troops were withdrawn.

Wrist Watches



You will find at our Watch Department the largest assortment in New York of this year's most popular Christmas Gift.

Watch illustrated is one of the new model, an 18-K. white gold case. Looks and wears like platinum; hand engraved, with 15 jeweled dependable Swiss movement; has appearance of $250 watch. Price, $75.

Write for Watch and Silverware Blue Book

The House of Pearls

LEBOLT & COMPANY

CHICAGO HOUSE 101 S. State Street — *NEW YORK HOUSE* 534 Fifth Avenue

J. M. Gidding & Co.

564-568 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46th and 47th Sts.

Offer Today

Smart Street Hats at $10

Formerly selling to $30

Of Velvet, Duvetyn and Velour

Also Offer

Tailored and Semi-Dress Blouses

at $12 and $18

Formerly selling to $35

Of georgette, satin and chiffon—mostly suit shades

RUSSEKS

FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th and 35th Streets

SPECIAL

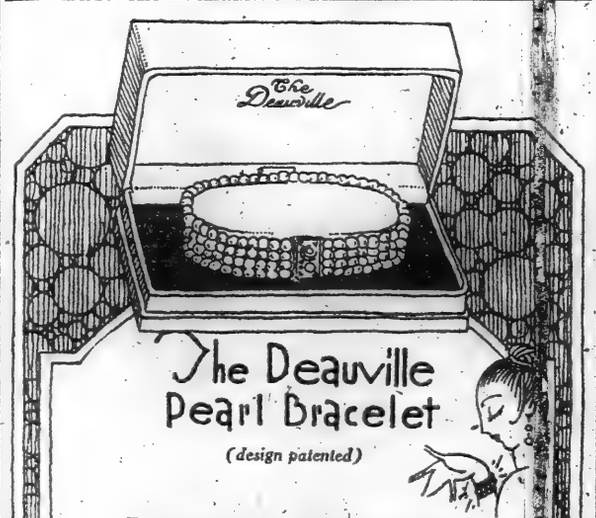
Beaver or Squirrel Collared

WRAPS

of EVORA or BOLIVIA

$85.00

Value $150



The Deauville Pearl Bracelet

(design patented)

Every woman will be delighted with this distinguished and exclusive, perfectly matched bracelet of fine French indestructible Pearls—smart, durable, dainty and inexpensive, mounted with three bars in solid gold.

In green gold or platinum finish.

Look for the name on the blue and gold silk-lined box.

Sold by all good jewelers and Department Stores.

MILLER BROTHERS,
Importers
230 Fifth Ave., N. Y.
Sole distributors for United States.

Diamond Jewelry

At Greatly Reduced Prices

A wonderful opportunity to secure gifts of permanent value and beauty at considerable price savings —"There is no Christmas Gift like a Diamond."

Platinum Bar Pins

With 3 diamonds.....$165.00
With 13 diamonds and 8 sapphires—$235.00
With 21 diamonds.....$295.00
With 13 diamonds.....$350.00
With 22 diamonds.....$350.00
With 13 diamonds and 8 sapphires—$375.00
With 9 diamonds and 12 sapphires—$400.00
With 34 diamonds.....$400.00
With 24 diamonds.....$450.00

Platinum Brooches

With 33 diamonds.....$400.00
With 25 diamonds.....$450.00
With 41 diamonds.....$450.00
With 23 diamonds.....$500.00
With 23 diamonds.....$650.00
With 46 diamonds.....$650.00

Platinum Rings

With 2 diamonds and 7 sapphires—$235.00
With 2 diamonds and 9 sapphires—$275.00
With 13 diamonds.....$275.00
With 18 diamonds.....$325.00
With 15 diamonds.....$350.00
With 22 diamonds.....$350.00
With 9 diamonds.....$400.00
With 22 diamonds and 10 sapphires—$400.00
With 26 diamonds.....$400.00
With 30 diamonds.....$400.00
With 25 diamonds and 12 sapphires—$500.00
With 37 diamonds and 24 sapphires—$500.00
With 35 diamonds.....$550.00
With 29 diamonds and 4 sapphires—$650.00

Flexible Bracelets

With 45 diamonds.....$1,000.00

Platinum Wrist Watches

With 32 diamonds.....$450.00
With 39 diamonds.....$575.00
With 20 diamonds.....$725.00
With 28 diamonds.....$775.00

Tax Additional
Ground Floor

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Stern Brothers

West 42d St. *(Between Fifth and Sixth Aves.)* West 43d St.

A SWEEPING PRICE REVISION ON

All Our $55, $60, $65 & $70

KIRSCHBAUM

SUITS & OVERCOATS

NOW

$39.50

Savings of $15.50 to $30.50

EVERY Kirschbaum suit and overcoat formerly priced at $55 to $70 is now reduced to $39.50.

The garments priced below $55 are not included. In other words, this sale offers men of New York the very finest of our clothing stock at the greatest reductions of the year.

THE SUITS — Worsteds, Unfinished Worsteds, Cheviots, Serges, Young Men's and Men's Models.

THE OVERCOATS—Ulsters, Motor Coats, Ulsterettes, Box Coats, Chesterfields, Dress Overcoats.

Slight Charge for Necessary Alterations

MEN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT—THIRD FLOOR

JOHN FORSYTHE

20 West 34th St. (Near Waldorf-Astoria)

Semi-Annual

REDUCTION SALE

MEN'S EXCLUSIVE SHIRTS

A rare opportunity to procure men's holiday gifts of a practical character at an exclusive men's shop

At Extraordinary Price Concessions

HIGHEST GRADE SILK SHIRTS
Formerly selling up to 16.50

8.85

Included are highest grade shirts of imported and domestic heavy Satin-stripe Silk Broadcloth and Empire Silk. Also English Flannel Shirts in plain colors. The excellent materials, fine workmanship and perfection of fit are usually embodied only in custom-tailored shirts of the very highest order.

HEAVY QUALITY SILK SHIRTS
Formerly selling up to 10.50

6.95

An unusual assortment of fine, heavy quality Silk Shirts. Rare color blendings, neat and conservative patterns in variegated stripings.

IMPORTED MADRAS SHIRTS
Formerly selling at 5.00 and 6.00

2.95

Carefully made of fine imported English and Domestic Madras in an unusual variety of attractive patterns, including plain white.

Lined Gloves For Men and Women

CROSS LONDON

The World's Greatest Leather Store
484 Fifth Av., N. Y. 253 B'way.
Boston—145 Tremont Street
London—60 Regent Street

THE IDEAL XMAS GIFT.

SCHRADE SAFETY PUSH-BUTTON KNIFE

NO BREAKING OF FINGER NAILS



Made Only by Schrade Cutlery Co. Walden, N. Y. Push button knife opens. Locks open, locks closed. Finest cutlery steel blades. Fully guaranteed. With stag or fancy handle, $2.00; pearl, $3.00. At all Dealers or W. B. Lawrence, 66 Broadway, N. Y. Mail Orders Filled.

For Christmas Give a Novel by MERRICK. His

Conrad in Quest of His Youth or the later **House of Lynch**

are certain to be enjoyed. On sale at any bookstore, or if not, they can be had from

E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Ave., N. Y.

Gimbels
Phone Number
Pennsylvania
5100

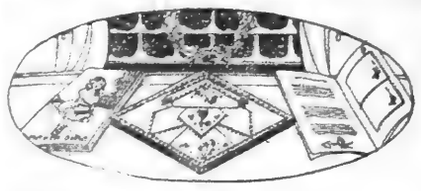
Early Any Morning—
8 to 9 o'clock—on your way to work—right at the head of the subway stairs, at our 33rd street entrance—there's a desk. That's for your convenience, if you're too busy to shop between 9 and 6. We'll take your order at the
GIMBEL SPECIAL SERVICE DESK.

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY
The Store of a Million Gifts

Buy Christmas Seals
Just one penny added to the price of every letter you send—a negligible amount—for you. But a far from negligible sum total if we all pull together. The fight against Tuberculosis is a worthy fight. Won't You help?
Just One Penny On Every Letter

Store Hours:
9 to 6
These are the Special Store Hours Until Christmas.



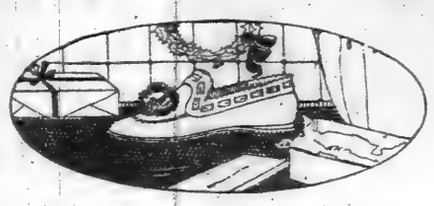
Dainty 'Kerchiefs

Three in a Box Make a Mighty Good Gift for **$1.00**

Edged with imitation crochet in color—gaily embroidered—and arranged as gift handkerchiefs should be—to set them off prettily.

Kiddie Handkerchiefs—two in a paper-dolly cut-out book. Little 'kerchiefs with animals embroidered in one corner. Book of two.....25c

GIMBELS HANDKERCHIEF SHOP—Main Floor.



"Comfy" Slippers

For Women—Lower Priced **$2.25**

A gift which is sure to hit the mark—The favorite model of the many attractive styles in Daniel Green's famous "Comfy" slippers.

Reduced to a lower price than even our low one of yesterday.

In felt, in many colors, ribbon trimmed and with a gay pompom. Other gift slippers in silk and quilted satin up to $6.00.

GIMBELS WOMEN'S SHOE SHOP—Second Floor.



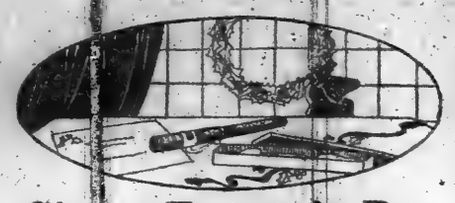
Children's Hose

4,000 Pairs of Pure Wool Golf Hose—REDUCED **$1.25**

Half price and less on these fine all-wool stockings with fancy tops. Reduced *before* Christmas to help you choose practical gifts.

And Silk Stockings for Children—pure thread silk. Seconds—but marked at about half price—65c.

GIMBELS HOSIERY SHOP—Main Floor.



Give a Fountain Pen

Self Filler With 14K Gold Point **$1.03** *Including Federal Tax*

Business man—busy woman—boy or girl at school—nothing they'll find more practical than a good self-filling fountain pen.

Others $1.52 and $2.07
Waterman's Ideal $2.63 to $36.75

And a full line of EVERSHARP pencils—nickel, silver and gold, $1.05 to $3.75. Federal Tax included in Prices.

GIMBELS STATIONERY SHOP—Main Floor



A Chinese Rug

Wonderful in Color: Coveted as a Gift **$37.50**

Rich, glowing blue and gold—a soft, deep, silky pile—the sort of rug 'most every woman dreams she'll have some day. Size: 2.3x4 feet.

2x2.5 Feet	$22.50
2x2.10 Feet	27.50
3x4.10 Feet	67.50
3x5.4 Feet	75.00

And many other sizes up to 9x12 feet—all moderately priced—as these are priced.

GIMBELS RUG STORE—Sixth Floor.

Mohair Sweaters for Santa's Pack

$5.95



Real mohair sweaters—yes, real ones at a lower price than we sold 'em for in 1914. That's the Sweater Shop's way of wishing some fortunate little ladies a Merry Christmas.

Tuxedo style with braided belt; navy, corn, jade, rose, pink, Copen. Women's and Misses' Sizes 36 to 46.

GIMBELS SWEATER SHOP—Third Floor

Wide Wale Corduroy House Robes

$8.99



A splendid model which combines warmth, comfort and charm—with deep, becoming collar, with cuffs and girdle—lined throughout with "Seco" silk—a pretty soft cotton—in rose, wistaria, lavender, pink, turquoise blue and Copenhagen blue.

This, with a pretty pair of slippers in the same color, priced at $2, is a delightful gift.

GIMBELS NEGLIGEE SHOP—Second Floor

Glove Silk Jersey Ankle Length Bloomers

$3.95



A graceful garment which takes the place of the petticoat and offers freedom of movement and greater warmth as well. An exceptionally smart model with pleated ruffle at cuff, in glove silk Jersey. In street colors, navy and black.

Boxed for Christmas giving upon request.

GIMBELS PETTICOAT SHOP—Second Floor

Reductions of 25% to 50% on Silk Underwear

Now---Before Christmas---Bring Prices Based on Their Next Spring's Replacement Value

A new schedule of prices on all our Glove Silk Underwear! And a new schedule now when Christmas shopping is the order of the day and silk underwear is in universal demand. Truly an achievement!

Vests, bloomers, camisoles, envelope chemises and union suits—all are included. So any woman's name may quickly and satisfactorily be crossed from your list. She will be delighted—and so will you when you see the savings!

$2.95 Glove Silk Vests with either tailored band tops or bodice tops. In flesh color.

$2.95 Glove Silk Camisoles in an interesting variety of fancy and plain styles. Some lace trimmed.

$5.95 Glove Silk Envelope Chemises in a variety of novelty designs. Medium or heavy weight silk.

$3.95 Glove Silk Bloomers; cut well, cut generously, sturdy and comfy. Extra gusseted seat.

$4.95 Glove Silk Envelope Chemises in any number of styles—plain tailored top.

$1.95 Silk Top Union Suits—upper part glove silk—lower of fine lisle. Regular and extra sizes. Pink only.

GIMBELS KNIT-UNDERWEAR SHOP—Main Floor

Closing Out at Great Concessions Our Entire Stock of Children's FURS

And Here Is a Partial List From Which You May Choose Gifts of Great Value and Small Price

For the Tot of Two

Natural Coney Sets	$2.00
Grey Coney Sets	4.50
Lamb Angora Sets	3.95
Squirrel Sets	18.50

For Little Miss 4 to 8

Squirrel Belly Sets	$8.50
Imitation Red Fox Sets	10.00

MUFFS—moline, ermine, coney or red fox - - - $8.50 to $19.50

And For Miss 8 to 12

White Coney Sets	$10.00
Fluffy Badger Sets	15.00
Moline Sets	12.95

And other odd sets.

And Warm Fur Coats, Too
Savings 30% to 50%—Sizes 3 to 6

Spotted Coney Coats Reduced to	$49.50
Silver Coney Coats Reduced to	45.00
White Coney Coats Reduced to	$45.00
White Caracul Coats Reduced to	$45.00

And Carriage Robes Are a Fine Gift for a Wee Infant

Big reductions have been taken on every one of our carriage robes. Goat, coney, moline, white coney and red fox robes at - - - - - - - - - - $3.50 to $42.50

* * * * * * *

And Furs for Mother Are Sale-Priced, Too
Savings of 30% to 50% on These Smaller Gift Furs

Fox Choker Scarf	$18.50	Muff	$35.00	Beaver Scarf	$29.50	Muff	$35.00
Wolf Scarf	22.50	Muff	22.50	Natural Skunk Scarf	39.00	Muff	39.00
Black Skunk Scarf	18.50	Muff	18.50	Australian Opossum	29.50	Muff	24.50
Nutria Scarf	24.50	Muff	18.50	Hudson Seal Capelet	32.50	Muff	22.50
Grey Squirrel Scarf	29.50	Muff	45.00	Black Fox Scarf	22.50	Muff	22.50

GIMBELS FUR SHOP—Third Floor.

Raincoats for Girls of 6 to 16

$3.95 and up to $12.50



Raincoats and capes in several models—plain or plaid back materials. The coats all have separate fisherman's hats—the capes have hoods attached. So, either way, the little lady will be well protected.

Red, tan, brown and navy—in these attractive shades. And they're all warm as well as waterproof.

GIMBELS COAT SHOP—Third Floor.

Half Price on Boys' Mackinaws

$7.50



Good, warm, comfy mackinaws of plaid or plain materials. Good for school wear, for play-time, for every wear when warmth is wanted. Deep pockets and generous collars.

Good shades and patterns in all sizes up to 18 years. And priced at just about HALF.

GIMBELS BOYS' CLOTHING SHOP—Fourth Floor

Men's Socks at Less than Today's Wholesale

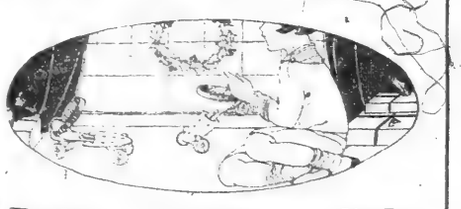
45c



5,000 pairs of fine black lisle socks that would have been priced more than double just three months ago. Every pair perfect and made of high grade mercerized yarns.

Reinforced heels and toes to make them wear even better. All sizes, black only.

GIMBELS HOSIERY SHOP—Main Floor



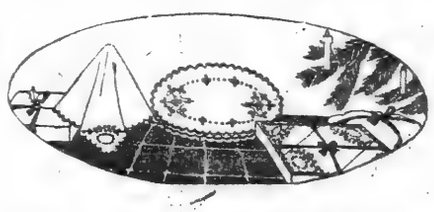
Roller Skates : Sale

Here's Good Christmas News for You **$3.15**

They're the well known Union Hardware ball bearing skates—leather backed for the girls—steel for the boys—adjustable to any size. A good sport gift from the sporting goods shop.

A mighty little price for the skates—just a one-day price—and a still littler price for the heaps of fun and the rosy cheeks they'll bring.

GIMBELS SPORTING GOODS SHOP—Fourth Floor



Madeira Napkins

Daintily Boxed in Gifty Groups of Six **$4.50**

Real Madeira hand-embroidery and hand-scalloped on fine round thread Irish Linen. Prettiest we've seen!

Bread Tray Doylies with real Madeira hand embroidery and scalloping; 6x12 inches, 50c.

GIMBELS LINEN SHOP—Second Floor.



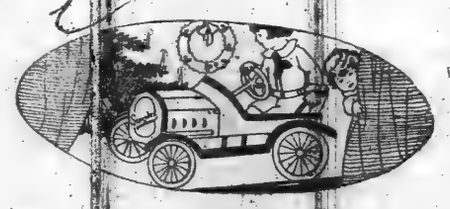
Cut Class Water Set

Even 5 Years Ago It Would Have Been a Sensation at **$17.50**

Seven-piece set, with 6 glasses and jug as sketched. Fine heavy blanks; rich floral cutting. "Best value in town!" says the buyer.

Make a wonderful gift? Why naturally. But come as early as you can. There are just 50 to go at the price.

GIMBELS CHINA SHOP—Fifth Floor



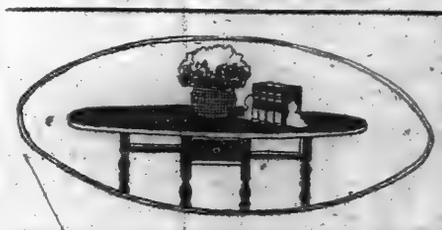
A Great Big Auto

To Be Buddies' Very Best Christmas Yet **$13.95**

Yep-pee! Santa wrote the price tag. That's why it's ever-so-special—this auto to make kiddies' dreams come true.

3 styles; lots of colors; speediest little car in town. And that's that.

GIMBELS TOY SHOP—Sixth Floor



Gate-leg Tables: Half

A One-Day Santa Claus Special at **$24.00**

Yes—really HALF PRICE—the very gift for Mother at a littler sum than you ever, ever thought to pay for it.

60 Oak Gate-leg Tables in fumed, Jacobean or golden oak finish; 32x44 inches when opened. Others priced from $32.50 to $95.00.

GIMBELS FURNITURE SHOP—Seventh Floor

Brooklyn, Long Island and New Jersey Customers Direct to Gimbels via Tubes and Subways

ENDING IN CLASH

Assembly Will Adjourn at Geneva Today With the Mandates Dispute Acute.

COUNCIL REASSERTS POWER

Announces Class C Terms to the Press, but Is Silent on Assembly Demand.

JAPAN DEFERS RACE ISSUE

Albania Admitted as a Member Despite Veto by Premiers' Conference.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Dec. 17.—The Assembly of the League of Nations which had succeeded during several weeks in brushing up the quarrel with the Council over their relative powers, is ending its first session with that row in full blast. Most of the delegates are going away after the final session tomorrow imbued with a determination to make the Assembly the supreme body of the League, a position which it certainly doesn't occupy now.

It is this fight over mandates that has brought the matter to a head and produced some unlooked-for results. In last night's dispatch I told how the Council refused to give the Assembly Mandate Commission its draft of the Class A mandates, whic hare those conferred under the Turkish treaty, and the only ones that the League Council had received then from the Allied Supreme Council. The League Council gave two reasons for its refusal: first, that the covenant confers on the Council the exclusive right to fix mandate terms, and second, that the Turkish treaty has not yet been ratified, and that therefore mandates under it should not be discussed in public now. The latter argument was the one advanced most. The Assembly Commission last night published a report sharply criticising the Council.

When the Council met today it found before it a draft of the mandates for former German colonies given as mandate territory to South Africa and Australia. These mandates are of Class C and were conferred under the Treaty of Versailles, which, unlike the Treaty of Sèvres, is in force. The Council also found a request from the Assembly Commission for them.

Class C Mandates Made Public.

Bearing in mind that Lord Robert Cecil, representing South Africa, and Delegate Mellin of Australia had led the fight to get the Class A mandates, it is easy to see the diplomatic play. The Council hastily approved the drafts, not only for the mandates to go to South Africa and Australia, but for all Class C mandates, and instead of sending them to the Assembly Commission sent them to press headquarters, saying that they represented the decision of the Council, were henceforth in effect and were to be changed only by a decision of the Council.

Thus Lord Robert and his fellow progressives forced publicity but failed to get for the Assembly any say in framing the mandate terms, which was what they were after.

The mandate drafts incidentally show another defeat for Japanese diplomacy, for Australia retains the right to shut out the Japanese from doing business in the South Pacific islands because the Class C mandates are administered under the laws of the country holding them and the Australian laws discriminate against the Japanese.

The Japanese have carried on their fight over this point for the last year. They issued a statement tonight saying:

"From the fundamental spirit of the League and as a question of interpretation of the covenant, his Imperial Japanese Majesty's Government have a firm conviction of the justice of the claim they have hitherto made for the inclusion of the clause for equal opportunity of trade and commerce in Mandate C. But from a spirit of conciliation and co-operation and reluctance to see the question unsettled any longer they have decided to agree to the issue of the mandates in the present form.

"That decision, however, should not be considered as acquiescence on the part of his Imperial Japanese Majesty's interests enjoyed by Japanese subjects in these territories in the past be fully respected."

Assumes Distribution is Pacific.

The Council's decision announces that Samoa goes to New Zealand, New Guinea and other German islands south of the equator to Australia, Nuru to the British Empire, German Southwest Africa to the South African Union and the Pacific islands north of the equator to Japan.

The decision sets forth that under the Treaty of Versailles Germany renounces her colonies to the allied and associated powers, and gives the terms on which the mandates are conferred. The rules are the same for all mandates in Class C. Taking German Southwest Africa as an example, Article II. of the rules says:

"The mandatary shall have full powers of administration and legislation over the territory subject to the present mandate as an integral part of the South African Union, and may apply the laws of the Union to the territory subject to such modifications as circumstances may require. The mandatary is to promote to the utmost the moral and material well-being of the inhabitants."

Article III. says that the mandatary shall allow no slave trade or forced labor except on public works. The mandatary is to control the traffic in arms and the supplying of liquor to the natives is prohibited. Article IV. prohibits the military training of the natives save for internal police and local defense. No military or naval bases or fortifications are allowed. The mandatary must respect the free exercise of conscience and all forms of worship and must allow missionaries belonging to States that are members of the League free access to the territory. The mandatary is to make an annual report to the League Council.

Article VII. enjoins that the Council's consent is required for any change in the mandate terms. Any dispute between the mandatary and another State is to be referred to the League International Court.

The Council is still holding the Class A mandate drafts and does not say whether it has received those of Class B from the Allied Supreme Council.

Cecil Wins Fight for Albania.

Smarting under the treatment accorded them yesterday by the Council the "progressive" leaders of the Assembly made a coup today by securing the admission of Albania to the League after the commission had reported against it. When the matter was under discussion by the commission, M. Viviani of France and Mr. Fisher of England drew the attention of the commission to the veto of the Premiers' conference in London against the admission of Armenia and Albania to the League. The majority accordingly voted against admission.

As it had appeared probable that but for the intervention of the Premiers Albania would have won the commission, Lord Robert Cecil declared that he would bring the matter up on the floor of the Assembly. Last night he and Delegate Rowell of Canada drummed up votes for Albania. When the commission's report was read in the Assembly today Lord Robert declared that Albania ought to be admitted, and said that its status was different from that of Armenia, as it is surrounded by friendly nations. Rowell and Millen of Australia supported him, and half a dozen South Americans were evidently anxious to follow suit.

Fisher went and talked with Viviani. They saw that Cecil had outplayed them. Fisher rose and said that after reconsideration Great Britain would vote for Albania. Viviani then declared that the French would do the same, as they had been converted by Cecil's eloquent speech. Once these two leaders were aboard the band wagon the doubt ended and Albania was admitted by a unanimous vote.

The Rumanian delegation announced on the floor this afternoon that it had been instructed by its Government to recommend the sending of a League army of 40,000 men to the aid of Armenia. It proposed that the nations contribute men and money as required in proportion to their strength, and declared that Rumania was ready to do her share. The matter was referred to a committee, but it is not thought likely that a recommendation will be voted.

Needed Colby on Baltic States.

GENEVA, Dec. 17 (Associated Press.)—In the League Assembly debate on Albania today, Delegate Inman of India dwelt upon the excellent impression which he said the admission of Albania would make upon Mohammedans throughout the world.

The applications of Azerbaijan, the Ukraine and Liechtenstein for membership in the League were rejected. The action of the committee recommending the rejection of the applications of the Baltic States and Georgia was due largely to American influence. The committee had before it a document containing the note sent on Aug. 10 to the Italian Ambassador by Bainbridge Colby, the American Secretary of State, who said that the United States policy was that decision should be held in abeyance concerning territories carved out of the former Russian Empire.

Representatives of the six States newly elected to the League will attend the final session of the Assembly tomorrow in response to an invitation. Austria will be represented by Count Mensdorff-Pouilly-Deitrichstein, former Austro-Hungarian Ambassador to Great Britain; Bulgaria by M. Pomenow and M. Meneoff, Finland by M. Enckelu, Minister to France; Albania by Bishop Fannoli, Costa Rica by Manuel de Peralta, Minister to France, and Luxembourg by her consul at Berne. All the representatives, except Luxembourg's, to honorary membership. States too small for active membership.

British Empire Votes Divide.

During yesterday's voting the British Empire was divided on nearly every question, South Africa and Canada voting against Great Britain on the admission of Georgia; Canada voting against South Africa and Great Britain regarding Armenia, and Australia abstaining from voting when the application of Bulgaria was before the Assembly.

FEARED ARMAMENT CONTROL.

Tardieu Quotes Wilson as Saying Our Constitution Forbade.

PARIS, Dec. 17.—The League of Nations discussions in Geneva are essentially of the same character as those which occupied the Peace Conference in Paris, Captain André Tardieu, former French High Commissioner in the United States, writes today in his weekly article in l'Illustration.

Captain Tardieu says that the same difficulties are being met in the attempt to find a solution in reconciling the absolute necessity of creating an international organization with the safeguarding of national sovereignties. He quotes President Wilson's and Lord Robert Cecil's opposition to the amendments proposed by Léon Bourgeois before the special commission of the Peace Conference in January, 1919, when President Wilson was present.

President Wilson, according to Captain Tardieu, said at that time:

"No nation will consent to the control of armaments. We Americans cannot consent, owing to our Constitution. The construction of a unified military machine in time of peace cannot be thought of. If we now organize an international force, we should seem to be substituting international militarism for national militarism. We cannot accept formulas contradictory to our Constitution.

"The argument most used against the League of Nations has been that the army of the United States would be at the disposal of the international council and that American troops would be expected to fight at any moment for far-away causes. Such a risk alarms our people. We can only adopt a system compatible with our Constitution and public opinion."

APPROVE WALLACE'S REBUFF TO GERMAN

French Agree He Acted Correctly in Refusing to Meet Berlin Ambassador.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 17.—The fact that a state of war still exists between Germany and the United States has been so completely forgotten in France that it has come as a surprise to the French official and general public that Ambassador Hugh C. Wallace would refuse the request of the German Ambassador here to be presented. The incident, which took place on Wednesday evening at a dinner given by Raoul Peret, President of the Chamber of Deputies, to which all Ambassadors and foreign Ministers had been officially invited, was as follows:

Among the guests were the German Ambassador and Ambassador Wallace. At the reception after the dinner the Director of Protocol approached Mr. Wallace and said: "Your Excellency, the German Ambassador has asked me to present him to you."

The Ambassador in his usual quiet speech replied:

"Will you kindly forget that request and I'll forget that you made it to me."

The French official replied that it would be very difficult and an interesting feature was added to the situation by the fact that the German Ambassador was standing at his elbow. Mr. Wallace was well aware of the fact and did not take any trouble to lower his voice as he replied in English, which Dr. Mayer understands perfectly:

"I do not know the German Ambassador and do not desire to make his acquaintance."

Mr. Wallace bases his action on the fact that the United States and Germany are still at war and that he could not do otherwise. The Ambassador's punctilious observance of etiquette in such a position has pleased the French, and surprise is expressed that the German Ambassador should have laid himself open to such a rebuff.

BALAKOVITCH TO BE TRIED.

Polish Government to Punish Him for Pogroms of His Troops.

DANZIG, Dec. 17 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)—The Polish Government has decided to court-martial General Balakovitch, former head of the anti-Bolshevist forces in the Minsk area, and will in the meantime confine him in the fortress of Brest-Litovsk, says a Warsaw dispatch received here today.

The Polish authorities decided on this course as a result of the progroms instituted by General Balakovitch's troops, details of which still are being reported.

The 42nd Annual Meeting

OF THE

Brooklyn Hebrew Orphan Asylum

Ralph Avenue and Dean St., Bklyn.

will be held on Sunday Morning

December 19th, at 10:30 A.M.

A BRIEF survey of the activities of the society will be presented and there will be an actual demonstration of the work of the vocational classes.

The Board of Trustees respectfully invites all members and contributors, likewise officers and members of kindred institutions, City Officials and the public at large, to be present.

Band selections will be rendered by our justly famous Boys' Band under the leadership of

Mr. Edwin Franco Goldman

Louis L. Firuski, Pres.

21-23 W. 38th St. **Lane Bryant** Just W. of 5th Av.

Slenderizing Fashions for Stout Women

Gifts for your Stout Friend

A lovely Blouse or Sweater for Christmas is particularly appreciated by the stout woman who is hard to fit

At Extraordinary Price Concessions



Georgette Crepe Blouse, 10.00 formerly 16.75

BLOUSES

Heretofore 15.00 to 19.50

$10

Exquisite new models of finest quality Crepe de Chine, Pussy Willow Silk, Taffeta, Canton Georgette, and plain and printed Georgette. Some tailored, some lace-trimmed, beaded, fringed, embroidered. *Sizes to 56 Bust.*

Other Blouses in a wide variety of fabrics, sharply reduced, from 3.95 to 8.75, 14.50 up.

SWEATERS

Heretofore at 17.50

$12.50

Many pleasing designs in this collection of Knitted Wool and Shetland Wool Sweaters. All with extra size sleeves and full patterned hips for the large woman. *Sizes to 56 Bust.*

Other Sweaters and Scarfs of Mohair, Alpaca, Tricolette, Fibre Silk, Pure Silk, Brushed Wool and Camel's hair, reduced to 8.50, 14.40, 22.50, up.



Knitted Wool Sweater, 15 formerly 17.50

21-23 W. 38th St. **Lane Bryant** Just W. of 5th Ave.

Slenderizing Fashions for Stout Women

Appropriate and Useful—Always Sure to be Appreciated by the Woman Who is Hard to Fit

Practical Gifts for Stout Women

at tremendously reduced prices



8.95
formerly 11.50
Lounging Robe of fine quality Corduroy, cut full and roomy. In all sizes. An ideal gift for large women.

19.95
formerly 29.50
Exquisite Negligee of dainty Crepe de Chine, elaborated with insertions of Val. Lace. A charming Gift. Sizes to 56.

9.95
formerly 12.50
Unusually attractive Robe of Blanket Cloth in effective flowered design. An assuredly useful Gift. In All Sizes to 56.

These are only a few of the hundreds of Gifts seen on our Mezzanine Floor. Other Bathrobes, 12.50, 14.50 to 19.85—Negligees, 12.50, 19.50 to 165.00. In a great variety of styles suitable for all ages.

Other Gift Suggestions

FRENCH HAND-MADE UNDERWEAR 6.95, 11.50 up to 29.75		PHILIPPINE NIGHTGOWNS 4.95, 6.95 to 9.25
CHEMISES 2.50 to 29.75	PETTICOATS 1.95 to 14.50	CAMISOLES 2.75 to 6.95
HOSIERY 1.95 to 3.50	BLOUSES 6.95 to 24.50	SWEATERS & SCARFS 8.50 to 49.50

? ? ?

San Francisco Chicago New York

THE ONE QUESTION when intelligent people meet:

"Have YOU read

CAIUS GRACCHUS

By Odin Gregory?"

$2 everywhere. Boni & Liveright, N. Y.

FOR CHRISTMAS GIVE

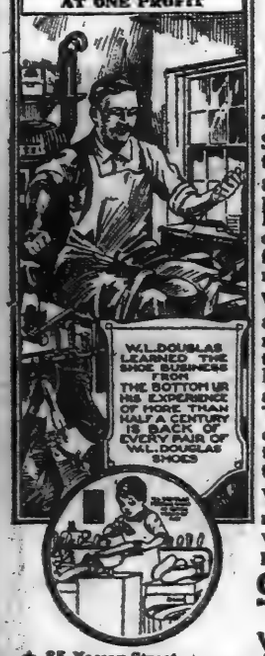
LEE WILSON DODD'S

Book of Susan

On sale everywhere or can be had from the publishers. $2.00

E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

YOU CAN ALWAYS SAVE MONEY BY WEARING W.L. DOUGLAS SHOES SOLD DIRECT FROM FACTORY TO YOU AT ONE PROFIT



W. L. DOUGLAS

$6.00 $7.00 $8.00 $9.00 & $10.00 SHOES

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

THE STAMPED PRICE IS W. L. DOUGLAS PERSONAL GUARANTEE THAT THE SHOES ARE ALWAYS WORTH THE PRICE PAID FOR THEM



BOYS' SHOES $4.50 $5.00 $5.50 $6.00

They are the best known shoes in the world. Sold in 107 W. L. Douglas stores, direct from the factory to you at only one profit, which guarantees to you the best shoes that can be produced, at the lowest possible cost. W. L. Douglas name and the retail price are stamped on the bottom of all shoes before they leave the factory, which is your protection against unreasonable profits.

W.L.Douglas $8.00, $9.00 and $10.00 shoes are absolutely the best shoe values for the money in this country. They are made of the best and finest leathers that money can buy. W.L.Douglas $6.00 and $7.00 shoes are equally as good values for the price. They combine quality, style, workmanship and wearing qualities equal to other makes selling at higher prices. They are the leaders in the fashion centers of America. The prices are the same everywhere; they cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York.

W. L. Douglas shoes are made by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

CAUTION Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. The name and price is plainly stamped on the sole. Be careful to see that it has not been changed or mutilated.

If not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from factory. Catalogue free. 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

W. L. Douglas, President

W. L. DOUGLAS STORES IN GREATER NEW YORK

★ 85 Nassau Street.
847 Broadway, near 14th.
★1852 Broadway, cor. 36th St.
1495 Broadway (Times Sq.)
★ 984 Third Avenue.
★1452 Third Avenue.
★2202 Third Av., cor. 120th St.
★2722 Third Av., bet. 149th & 147th Sts.
347 Eighth Avenue.
★ 250 West 125th Street.

BROOKLYN

★ 706 Broadway, near Thornton St.
★1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Ave.
★ 478 Fifth Ave., cor. 11th St.
★ 859 Manhattan Ave. (Greenpoint)
★ 449 Fulton Street.

JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.
★HOBOKEN—120 Washington Street.
★UNION HILL—276 Bergenline Ave.
★NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
★PATERSON—192 Market St., cor. Clark
★TRENTON—29 East State Street.

Stores marked with a ★ carry complete lines of W. L. Douglas Shoes for Women.

PERSONAL—But Not Confidential

This Is Letter No. 2 of a Series Written to All of You About a Matter Which Is Vital to Your Success

If you missed Letter No. 1 and would like to have a copy, write to me and I will mail it to you.

* * *

When Henry L. Doherty, head of Henry L. Doherty & Company, 60 Wall Street, asked me to write a series of letters to you on thrift, I told him very frankly that I needed to be taught the lesson of thrift as much as anybody in the whole world.

When he unfolded his plan to me at our first conference, I never felt so ashamed of myself in my whole life. I did not want to undertake the work he asked me to do without telling him my own situation. I put all the cards on the table.

His decision was that I ought to be able, in the light of my own experiences, to talk about thrift better than somebody who has always been thrifty, because I could picture the tragedy of not saving, which he thinks is vital to arouse the people to the necessity of saving.

He did not suggest that I tell my own story, but when I told him that I would be willing to do so to help the cause along, he said:

"It will be a wonderful thing for you to do, because most men want to keep their mistakes hidden; it will not do you any harm to tell the truth; besides, I think your frank statement will influence thousands of people to begin saving money; furthermore, you yourself now appreciate how necessary it is to save money, so it is not too late for you to begin."

Then what do you suppose Mr. Doherty said? He told me he intended to pay me a retainer fee, the same as people pay to retain lawyers who undertake cases for them, and he named a fee the amount of which nearly made me fall off my chair. Mr. Doherty appreciates the value of services, which is the reason the people associated with him "come through" so splendidly.

* * *

"Now instead of paying you this retainer fee cash down," he continued, "I am going to invest it for your wife and daughter in equal parts. I am going to start you on a career of saving right now. The work you are going to do for us you can do better than anybody I know. There is going to be a lot of it to do. You will be well paid for it as you go along.

"You must not feel that you have been a failure altogether because you have not saved money. I think you have been very successful professionally, but you would have been more so had you saved some of your money. With part of your savings safely invested and bringing you in a good income, you could have done a much greater work, which I know you would have enjoyed.

"I do not save money for money's sake, but I save it because it is the right thing to do. Besides, it enables me to do the things I like to do, and which I couldn't do if I had not saved all my life.

"It is a real joy to me to be able to help put deserving enterprises on their feet and make money for a lot of people. My suggestions about taking over a business and putting life and enterprise into it would not be considered for a moment if I had not proven myself to be a safe, careful business man—always saving something out of my earnings."

* * *

How well I know the truth of this last statement of Mr. Doherty's, for no man ever had a better chance or more chances to make money out of investments in sound enterprises than myself. Numerous friends wanted me to get in at the start of some enterprises, supposing, of course, that I had saved some money. When they discovered that I was wasting my earnings, they lost interest in me, and so I missed several opportunities to make money with money. It is always so with the improvident. The savers are the ones who succeed.

* * *

As I look back over the many years I have worked hard and now realize what would have happened to me had I saved as little as 10 per cent. of my earnings, it makes me feel very much ashamed of myself, but it does not discourage me, for my earning power is greater to-day than it ever was, and I am going to make the best of it for the balance of my life. It is never too late to mend one's ways.

* * *

In order that you may know what I have missed during my life time by not saving a little money, I called on Mr. F. L. Blackburn, the statistician of Henry L. Doherty & Company, 60 Wall Street, and asked him how much money I would have to-day if I had saved only 10 per cent. of my earnings and allowed principal and interest at 6 per cent., compounded semi-annually, to accumulate during the 42 years I have worked.

I gave Mr. Blackburn a statement showing my earnings every year since I started to work. From it he prepared the following table:

$3 per month for 42 years	$6,585.80
2 additional per mo. for 41 yrs.	4,115.55
5 additional per mo. for 40 yrs.	9,640.84
20 additional per mo. for 33 yrs.	24,139.41
70 additional per mo. for 28 yrs.	59,284.34
50 additional per mo. for 14 yrs.	12,829.24
	$116,595.18

* * *

Explanatory of the above table, Mr. Blackburn started me off with the $3 a month I could have saved the first year I worked. The $2 represents the increase in my monthly savings the second year (I could have saved $5 a month the second year).

The next period I could have saved $5 a month more than the second year—or $10 a month. The next period I could have saved $20 a month more, or $30 a month. The next period I could have saved $70 a month more, or $100 a month. The final period I could have saved $50 a month more, or $150 a month.

During each period, please remember, I am credited with saving only 10 per cent. of my earnings, which is a ridiculously small sum when it is taken into consideration that I was averaging $1,000 a month, when I was supposed to save $100 a month, and did not—and that I was averaging $1,500 a month when I was supposed to save $150, and did not.

Any man working on a salary and who spends it all, as I did, is just as foolish as I have been all my life.

* * *

I wish to call particular attention to the fact that the $36 I might easily have saved the first year I worked, would now amount to $6,585.80. Think of it!

Look at the big total of the savings I might have today!

Does it not make one stop and think?

Suppose you start now to save as little as $1.00 a week and keep it up for 25 years.

Mr. Blackburn tells me that at the end of 25 years, provided you do not dip into your savings, you will have in cash the sum of $2,932.71!

If you save $2.00 a week you will have twice this amount, and if you are able to save $5.00 a week all the way through, you will have five times as much, or a nice little fortune—approximately $15,000.

Worth doing—isn't it?

* * *

Of course, opportunities will come to you as they did to me to invest in enterprises that will earn for you a larger return than the regular rate of interest. There are always wonderful opportunities in this country for those with ready cash, and one can get a very good start toward success by investing small sums at a time.

Mr. Doherty's idea about this thrift campaign is first to induce people to save, and second, to give them a chance to invest their savings, no matter how small, in good securities, backed by good, going enterprises.

* * *

A little booklet—very timely, very helpful—that a man can carry in his vest pocket or a woman in her vanity case, will be mailed to you without charge if you will write for it to Henry L. Doherty & Company, 60 Wall Street, New York City. This little book, by the way, is a fine example of thrift in the cost of its printing and distribution.

* * *

Letter Number Three will appear in the evening newspapers tonight, December 18.

Sincerely yours,

WILLIAM C. FREEMAN,
117 West 46th St.,
New York City.

JELLICOE PRAISED GERMAN GUNNERY

Speed of Foe's Ships One of Surprises of Jutland, Admiral's Report Says.

VITAL SIGNAL LOST IN AIR

This Enabled von Scheer to Cross Rear of British Fleet to Safety of Mine Fields.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—Official despatches dealing with the Battle of Jutland were issued today by the British Admiralty in a volume of over 600 pages. The publication does nothing to settle the controversy whether Jellicoe was too cautious and whether Beatty was prevented from pursuing the fleeing foe on that 31st of May, 1916.

Seeing that the Jellicoe and Beatty schools divide naval opinion almost equally, it is surmised that the Admiralty in issuing the despatches endeavored to steer a middle course between the two. The Beattyites claim that the omission of a special report drawn up by Captain Harper shows unfair prejudice in favor of Jellicoe.

The first new point brought out by the dispatches is that the Admiralty was aware the German fleet was proceeding to sea and ordered the Grand Fleet out on May 30, 1916. The text of Beatty's much-talked-of signal to Jellicoe dispatched at 7:47 P. M., May 31, was as follows:

"Urgent. I submit that the van of battleships follow the cruisers. We can then cut off the whole of the enemy's battle fleet."

This had been preceded at 7:22 by the signal from Jellico ordering the much disputed turn away from the torpedo attack. Beatty's signal was received on the Iron Duke at 7:54 and at 8:14 Jellicoe signaled Admiral Jerram's battle squadron to follow Beatty's battle cruisers, but by that time, according to Beatty's partisans, the cruisers were out of sight and Jerram could not get in touch with them.

Apart from this controversial point, the main interest in the publication lies in Jellicoe's confidential account of the battle, which states that the German, König and Kaiser class had an unexpected turn of speed. The fact that the Queen Elizabeth class, nominally 25-knot vessels, could not increase their distance from the German Third Squadron, nominally 20.5-knot vessels, came as an unpleasant surprise.

"It is quite evident," Jellicoe says, "that all the German ships possess speed much in excess of that for which they were designed. A disturbing feature of the battle cruiser action was the fact that five German battle cruisers engaging six British vessels of this class, supported after the first twenty minutes, although at great range, by the fire of four battleships of the Queen Elizabeth class, were yet able to sink the Queen Mary and Indefatigable. It was true that the enemy suffered very heavily later and that one vessel, the Lützow, was undoubtedly destroyed, but even so the result could not be other than disquieting.

"Unalterable facts which contributed to the British losses were, first, the indifferent armor protection of our battle cruisers, particularly as regards the turret armor and deck plating, and, second, the disadvantage under which our vessels labored in regard to light. Of this there can be no question.

"But it was also undoubted that the gunnery of the German battle cruisers in its early stag was of a very high standard. They appeared to get on their targets and establish hitting within two or three minutes of opening fire in almost every case, and this at the very long range of 18,000 yards. The German vessels appeared to use some sort system of fire as the salvo method, as the guns did not go off directly together, and it unquestionably gave excellent results.

"Once we commenced hitting, the German gunnery fell off, but as shown by the rapidity with which the Invincible ran away from the Derfflinger, the latter's gunnery, even when they had received severe punishment."

Jellicoe holds that the German recognition signals at night were excellent, while the British were nil, and that he was "reluctantly compelled to the opinion that under night conditions we have a good deal to learn from them."

A typical commentary on the report by a Beatty partisan, Commander Carlyon Bellairs, M. P., appears in The Evening News, one of the Northcliffe papers, all of which have been using the Jutland battle controversy as a whip to chastise the Admiralty and Government. Commander Bellairs says:

"Both the English and German accounts are now confirmed in this particular, that we lost at Jutland the greatest opportunity of the war. Both the English and German accounts agree that it was the High Seas Fleet that stood behind the submarine menace, and that it was its existence which prevented our entry into the Baltic and the clearing up of the mine fields.

"It is therefore not too much to say that the war might have been very much shortened and the Russian army, which Ludendorff has revealed that he felt so much and which was crippled by lack of supplies, would have been successful if Jutland had been a decisive victory. It follows, therefore, that both our great debt and Bolshevism are legacies of Jutland."

Another naval expert, writing in The Daily Chronicle, sums up in favor of Jellicoe. He suggests that the primary error was due to a "mistake in the reckoning of the battle cruiser fleet, which was about twelve miles to eastward of the Iron Duke's reckoning. Thus the enemy were found on the starboard bow, and owing to the uncertainty of their position it was not possible to redispose the guides of the columns on any different bearing. Consequently deployment was carried out under disadvantages and deployment to port took place.

"This is a matter which has been much discussed, but everything goes to show that Lord Jellicoe acted most wisely in that manoeuvre. The deployment as conducted relieved Jellicoe from probably the disastrous position of finding his headmost ships under the concentrated fire of the enemy's line.

"Unfortunately no sufficient light is thrown upon the enemy's escape during the night, but we can see that it was brought about mainly through influence upon the battle fleets of torpedo and mine and by obscurities of position at the time. But the evidence is palpable that during the whole action the enemy was constantly turning away from the superior forces that were brought against him, and that he escaped from the terrible situation aided by his material means with extraordinary dexterity and not a little by favor of fortune."

All Torpedoes Dodged Save One.

LONDON, Dec. 17 (Associated Press).—Commenting in his report on the torpedo phase of the Battle of Jutland, Admiral Jellicoe says:

"One feature was the large number of torpedoes crossing our line without effect, except on the Marlborough. All were avoided by skilful handling except that single one."

The Marlborough dodged seven torpedoes before being struck.

The report said it was of extreme importance to keep from the knowledge of the enemy the fact that the British ships were able to avoid the torpedoes by observing their track, as "it would not be beyond the ingenuity of the Germans to devise means of preventing any track being left."

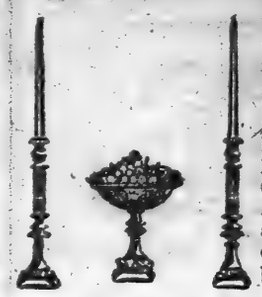
Answering criticisms that he should have continued the battle when he had the Germans at a disadvantage at nightfall Admiral Jellicoe said:

"I rejected at once the idea of a night action between heavy ships as leading to possible disaster, owing, first, to the presence of torpedo craft in such large numbers and, second, the impossibility of distinguishing between our own and the enemy ships, and, further, that the result of a night action under modern conditions must always be very largely a matter of pure chance."

Commander S. M. J. Rundel of the Royal Navy, writing in The Evening Standard in explanation of the situation, says Jellicoe had turned his fleet south in order to intercept Admiral von Scheer, the German Commander, when the latter tried to return to his base at daybreak. Jellicoe had expected that von Scheer would attempt to cross his rear. This actually happened, and the Faulkner wirelessed the fact to Jellicoe.

"Owing, however, to other wireless interruption," continued Commander Rundel, "this one essential report failed to reach its destination. Von Scheer thus reached the shelter of his mine field."

What Do You Lack In Xmas Gifts?



MAKE out a Xmas list to-day. Bring it down to Ovington's and you will be surprised to find how easily you have solved most of your gift problems. And you will be almost as delighted with the cost as your friends will be with the gifts.

Table Decorations from $15.00 to $30.00

Gifts are arranged on special tables at $5.00, $7.50, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00, $20.00, $25.00, and each table contains unusual values.

OVINGTON'S

"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"

312-314 Fifth Ave. Near 32nd St.



Originated by HORLICK



The Old Reliable Round Package

Get the ORIGINAL

Fresh, full-cream milk and the extract of selected malted grain, reduced to powder form.

The Food-Drink for All Ages.

Used successfully for over 1/3 century.

Superior to tea, coffee, cocoa

A quick lunch readily digested.

Invigorating, Nourishing, Delicious

Ask for Horlick's at All Fountains

Prepared in a moment by briskly stirring the powder in hot or cold water. Keep at home or when traveling.

Ask For and Get Horlick's

thus Avoiding Imitations

SUBSTITUTES Cost YOU Same Price

Write for free sample to Horlick's, Dept. B, Racine, Wis.

Free Synagogue

CARNEGIE HALL, 57th Street and Seventh Ave.

SUNDAY MORNING AT 10:45

DR. WISE

"WHAT DOES THE JEW BELIEVE ABOUT JESUS?"

ALL ARE WELCOME.

MELISSINE TYRONE is an quaint and lovely a heroine as ever graced the pages of a novel. Eugene Buckhannon loses his heart to her the moment she steps through the doorway of the mysterious house on Cinnamon Street—"The House With a Bad Name," which grows denser and more baffling with each chapter.—At all bookstores.

BEAUTIFUL GOBELIN TAPESTRIES.

Famous Gobelin tapestries of the Imperial family of Austria, including "The Flight of Aeneas and Dido into the Cave," "Louis XIII. of France Taking Equestrian Lessons" and "Triumphant Return of the Roman Victor," reproduced in the Rotogravure-Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

MEN'S SUITS At Half Price

Original price tickets remain on each suit and a reduction of 50% will be taken at time of purchase.

Entire Stock	48.50	Suits Now	$24.25
Entire Stock	55.00	Suits Now	$27.50
Entire Stock	60.00	Suits Now	$30.00
Entire Stock	65.00	Suits Now	$32.50
Entire Stock	75.00	Suits Now	$37.50
Entire Stock	85.00	Suits Now	$42.50
Entire Stock	95.00	Suits Now	$47.50
Entire Stock	110.00	Suits Now	$55.00

No C.O.D.'s, Returns or Exchanges

Last Day of Our Second Annual Sale

Men's Imported and Domestic

Ulster Type Overcoats

$55 Formerly $65 and $75

$85 Formerly $95 and $155

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue—34th Street

Second Floor

JOHN DAVID

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES

Broadway at 32nd, Manhattan

Court Street at Montague, Brooklyn

25 Holiday Gifts For A Man

Dress and Fancy Waistcoats
Initial Handkerchiefs
Tan Capeskin Gloves
Silk Handkerchiefs
Wool Knit Jackets
Knitted Neckwear
Fur Lined Gloves
Madras Pajamas
Lounging Robes
Smoking Jackets
Walking Sticks
Madras Shirts
Leather Goods
Comfy Slippers
Silk Neckwear
Wool Mufflers
Mocha Gloves
Wool Hosiery
Silk Pajamas
Silk Mufflers
Silk Hosiery
Bath Robes
Silk Shirts
Umbrellas
Jewelry

4 Holiday Gifts For A Woman

Mufflers
Umbrellas
Silk Hosiery
Mannish Wool Hosiery

Gifts Of Phoenix Hosiery Will Delight The Heads Of The House; Also The Feet

FOR MEN

Fine Quality Silk	$1.00 and $1.35
Full-Fashioned Heavy Silk	$1.50
Hand-Embroidered Clocked Silk	$2.50
English Hand-Clocked Wool	$2.50
Silk-And-Wool	$2.00
Cashmere Wool	75c to $2.00

FOR WOMEN

Fine Quality Silk	$1.35
Heavy Full-Fashioned Silk	$2.35 and $2.80
Wool Drop-Stitch	$2.15
Plain Full-Fashioned Wool	$3.00
Fine Quality Silk-And-Wool	$3.50

INDIVIDUAL GIFT BOXES WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE



Order your special gift boxes of Huyler's today

THEY will be packed fresh and delivered to any address in perfect condition in time for Christmas.

By ordering now before the stores are crowded you will be sure of getting for each person just the box and the assortment you want, most attractively packed.

We shall do our best for last-minute customers, but frankly our salespeople can give you better service now.

Huyler's NEW YORK

$2.50 per pound | $2.00 per pound | $1.50 per pound



The **Motrola**

A Christmas gift enjoyed every day in the year.

It winds any make of phonograph electrically.

Glorious freedom from hand winding! Just a touch of the button when changing a record, and the phonograph is electrically wound.

Records are far more enjoyable when the Motrola does the winding. Give a Motrola this Christmas. It will be appreciated every day in the year.

At any phonograph or electrical shop.

JONES-MOTROLA, INC., 29 W. 35TH ST.

Does He Admire Wells?

Give Him

THE OUTLINE OF HISTORY

By

H. G. Wells

"His own hand writes and his own voice speaks on every page."—Boston Transcript.

2 vols. Ill. $10.50. *Of your bookseller or*

The Macmillan Company New York

Brick Row Book Shop, Inc.

19 EAST 47TH ST.

Across from the Carlton House

Choicest Christmas Gift Books and Fine Sets in Holiday Bindings.

Open Evenings Till Christmas

THOSE who love a strange mystery and a beautiful romance should beseech Santa Claus to bring them "The House With a Bad Name." A fascinating mystery story of an entirely novel kind, by Perley Poore Sheehan. All bookstores.

FRENCH ARMY BILL WINS IN CHAMBER

Deputies Vote Confidence in Cabinet, 469 to 69, Despite War Minister's Resignation.

FRANCE SAFE, SAYS LEYGUES

Gives Figures on German Disarmament to Prove It—Supported by Military Chiefs.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 17.—A sharp attack was made on the Leygues Cabinet in the Chamber of Deputies this evening by the more reactionary and militarist party of the House, who are out to nip in the bud any inclination towards a policy of compromise with Germany. They took as a basis for their attacks the attitude and opinions of former War Minister Lefèvre as shown by his letter of resignation. The letter was a veritable cry of warning against Germany. He wrote: "For a long while the rest of the Cabinet and myself have not had the same ideas about Germany, about the dangers with which she may threaten us and about the military strength we must maintain to enforce application of the treaty, to defend ourselves if need be, and to guarantee from a stab in the back States like Poland, Czechoslovakia and Rumania, whose existence is indispensable to our security."

The real point at issue between the War Minister and his colleagues was not the duration of service—about which something in the nature of a compromise had been reached—but how to bridge over the gap in France's military strength that would result from the adoption of eighteen month's service. Advocates of the shortened term proposed to do this by calling up the class of 1921 six months earlier, at the age of eighteen and a half instead of twenty.

M. Lefèvre pointed out that owing to their extreme youth and lack of military training France would be exposed to very grave danger during the first year of their incorporation. He insisted that this would give Germany the opportunity for which she was secretly preparing. He is said to have gone so far as to say that if the Government system were changed he would not be responsible for the consequences.

Today's debate was opened by General de Castelnau, who called solemnly on Premier Leygues to tell the country the truth about German disarmament.

"If she is not disarmed," he cried, "we must disarm her immediately. If M. Leygues says Germany has been disarmed or is on the straight road to disarmament we can accept a reduction of the military effectives without danger."

Premier Leygues at once rose to reply. He declared that while Germany was not yet completely disarmed, she was "on a steady and progressive way to disarmament." He then quoted figures showing reduction of the German Army and armaments. The real question was, he said, was Germany sufficiently armed to be a danger to France with 800,000 men in the army and very powerful material. "The country may feel confident," he said. "It runs no risk."

Amid general applause he emphasized the financial burden of military expenditure and asserted that the Government was determined to reduce expenses to a minimum, but would not allow the army to fall below the safety level.

Then M. Daudet launched the real attack. His was the voice of all the military reactionaries, even those who oppose the reduction of garrisons "lest there be no troops to awe the Bolsheviki into submission." M. Lefèvre's was the right attitude toward Germany, he cried, and the Government was wrong in its judgment.

He was followed by former Premier Barthou. In what was Germany showing good faith, he wanted to know. What was she doing with the gold premium for coal, which was supposed to be devoted to feeding the miners on the Rhine? In Upper Silesia all talk was of revenge, and revenge against France alone.

Military Chiefs Favored Bill.

PARIS, Dec. 17 (Associated Press).—The Chamber of Deputies voted confidence in the Government today, 469 to 69, after discussing the resignation yesterday of André Lefèvre, the War Minister.

Of those voting lack of confidence, sixty-six were unified Socialists. Thirty-three members abstained from voting.

Premier Leygues had explained that the military bill which caused the resignation of M. Lefèvre as insufficient to protect France had been endorsed by Marshals Foch, Joffre and Pétain, and Generals Mangin, Buat, Fayolle, Franchet d'Espérey, Debeny, Degoutte and Weygand. "These eminent chiefs, to whom we owe victory, see no danger for the national defense in the Government bill."

The Premier added that Germany had surrendered 30,000 guns and destroyed 28,000; surrendered 65,000 machine guns and destroyed 50,000; surrendered 97,000 machine gun tubes and destroyed 52,000; surrendered 2,500,000 rifles and destroyed 2,320,000.

"France's position is secure against German aggression," M. Leygues declared, "and France also is capable of enforcing execution of the treaty."

BRITAIN TO CONSULT DOMINIONS ON NAVY

Premier Hopes Overseas Portions of Empire Will Take Part in Future Construction.

LONDON, Dec. 17 (Canadian Press).—Premier Lloyd George, replying in the House of Commons today to a question by Percy Hurd, member for the Frome Division of Somerset, said it was hoped to summon those having a special knowledge of the overseas dominions' point of view to the investigation into the question of naval construction which will be held by the Committee on Imperial Defense.

"That is, of course, very important," added the Premier, "because in any future naval construction I trust the dominions will take a fair part."

BUDAPEST DOCTORS STARVE

Have to Sell Their Instruments as Patients Cannot Pay.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—Evidence of distress in Central European countries continues to pour into the office of the American Relief Administration here. A cable received today from Budapest says physicians there are in such desperate circumstances that many are forced to sell their instruments, as the people are unable to pay for their services. The situation is complicated by the presence of many refugee doctors from the lost territories.

Recently a penniless patient, filled with gratitude to the doctor who had saved his life, took the physician's overcoat from his office, sold it and returned to pay the medical man his fee.

After the recent heavy snowstorms in Budapest, among those applying for street cleaning jobs were many Government and city officials anxious to earn 50 crowns, the equivalent of 10 cents, for a day's work. Ashamed of being in such a plight they requested to be put on the night shift.

Peter Kossuth, aged 62, grand-nephew of the famous Hungarian patriot, is living in an unheated and unfurnished room without bedding. His wife is an epileptic. He cannot go out to hunt food, as his wife wears the only pair of shoes they possess.

Hungary is short of coal. Her mines produce only 4,000,000 tons per annum, and her people need 8,000,000. The high cost of foreign coal and the low value of Hungarian currency make imports impossible.

Responsible persons state that Hungarian town-bred cats are now so unaccustomed to milk that they have lost taste for it and refuse to drink it.

Merchant-tailored—Ready-to-wear!

Clemons

MERCHANT TAILOR

Established 1898

39TH AT BROADWAY

ON SALE THIS MORNING!

The last of our $100 Large and Luxurious

ULSTERS

Reduced to

$54

In other words—

A machine-made price for a merchant-tailored product! The only apology we have to offer is the limited quantity—but that's because a man takes more time (and hence more pains) than a machine!



Kid Klothes SALE!

BOYS:—tell your Mother to get you a Kid Klothes Suit or Overcoat for Christmas. You will like them for their manly style—Mother will like the way they wear. Besides we have just reduced the prices of Kid Klothes from one-third to one-half. And they *always* sold for one-third less than any other boys' clothes.

Suits—Overcoats Mackinaws—Reefers

Formerly Selling up to $30.00

Now **$10.75**

Other Specials *Now* **$6.75**

Other Specials *Now* **$15.75**

Special Values for Boys

BLOUSES *Were $2, $3 and $4* *Now* **95c**

CAPS *Were $2 and $3.50* *Now* **95c**

NECKWEAR *Was $1 and $1.45* *Now* **55c**

STOCKINGS *Were 75c and $1* *Now* **39c**

Moe Levy & Son

Our Only Store *New York City*

119-125 Walker Street

Every Subway *or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station, within sight of our store.*

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7—SATURDAYS UNTIL 10



Electric Iron
From $5.75 up



Electric Chafing Dish
From $21 up



Electric Grill
From $12.50 up



Electric Percolator
From $13.50 up



Electric Clothes Washer
From $55 up



Electric Vacuum Cleaner
From $36 up



Electric Curling Iron
From $3.50 up



Electric Hair Dryer
From $16.50 up



Electric Vibrator
From $10.50 up



Electric Immersion Heater
From $4 up



Electric Radiator
From $12 up

Something Electrical for Christmas



These are some of the "Little Servants of the Home" so much in demand in modern housekeeping

They are on sale at the thousand electrical shops throughout the city and may be seen in operation at our Show Rooms

The New York Edison Company

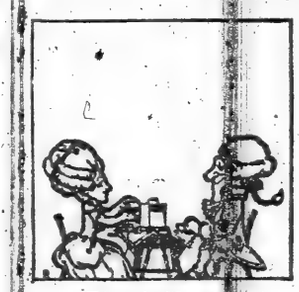
At Your Service

General Offices: Irving Place and 15th Street

Branch Offices where Electrical Appliances are displayed and demonstrated for the convenience of the public

* 20 Norfolk St	corner Hester St	*151 East 86th St	bet Lexington & 3rd Aves
°424 Broadway	near Canal St	* 15 East 125th St	near 5th Ave
† 10 Irving Place	corner 15th St	*362 East 149th St	near Courtlandt Ave
*124 West 42d St	bet B'way & 6th Ave	*555 Tremont Ave	corner Monterey Ave

*Open until 10 P M †Open until 7 P M °Open until 6 P M



Electric Toaster
From $6 up



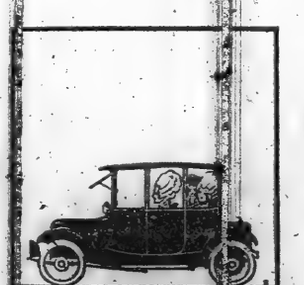
Electric Heating Pad
From $4.25 up



Electric Refrigerator
From $500 up



Electric Sewing Machine
From $39 up



Electric Automobile
From $4200 up

"We Have Seen the Worst"

Says Bernard M. Baruch

Former Wall Street leader gives his opinion that industrial crisis is about to be followed by better conditions.

The New York Times

TOMORROW

Order from your newsdealer today.

Tucker Agency

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST OR MISLAID—Policy No. 615,452, issued by The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, on the life of Robert M. Maclay. The finder will please return it to the undersigned. An application has been made for the issuing of a duplicate. M. J. Maclay, 680 5th Av.

LOST—Bunch of keys on key ring, at 10th St. and 5th Av., Friday, the 17th; key ring had gold string attached. Reward if returned to the Crane Chocolate Co., 18 West 23d St.

LOST—Left in Green and White taxi, package from London, with owner's name on outside; liberal reward. S. W., 42 Broadway, ground floor.

LOST—Suitable reward for return of lady's blue velvet bag lost last Wednesday, Dec. 10, on bus, 61st St. and Broadway. Phone Plaza 9267.

LOST—Left in taxi going to Flatbush, a picture frame; reward. Greenfield, 9 West 42d St., New York.

LOST—Pocketbook, tan, Wall and Fulton or Broadway. Box 2,757, Times Downtown.

LOST—Opera glasses with monogram "L. M. G." Reward, return, Riverside 4158.

$250 REWARD for information or return of Buick 1920 touring, New York license 142,-, motor 583,240, stolen from 41 Bennett Av., N. Y. C., Thursday evening. Phone Bryant 8123. W. J. Hanna, 25 West 45th St.

Jewelry.

LOST—A VERY GENEROUS REWARD will be paid and positively no questions asked for return of gold mesh bag, with platinum frame, sapphire clasp, one side of top completely studded with sapphires and diamonds; lost Dec. 16, between 320 Park Av. and 20 E. 57th St., New York. Communicate with E. B. Hopwood, 55 John St., New York City. Telephone Beekman 8087.

LOST—Square onyx pin, surrounded by small diamonds, with a point on each end of small diamonds and one small onyx in centre. Liberal reward offered if returned to Mrs. A. R., Apt. 230, Sherman Square Hotel, Broadway and 70th St. Private phone Columbus 7804.

LOST—Platinum, filigree bar pin, oval ends, 6 diamonds, 2 centre stones, large; neighborhood 77th St. and Broadway Theatre; liberal reward, no questions asked. Preferred Accident Insurance Company, 80 Maiden Lane.

LOST—Flexible gold bracelet, set with diamonds and amethyst, Wednesday afternoon, either in Biltmore Hotel, in shops or on 5th Av., between 34th and 42d Sts.; valuable for associations. Return to D. E. Walsh, Judson Hotel. Telephone Spring 5360. Reward.

LOST—On Lexington subway, between 51st St. and Fulton St., sapphire and diamond ring, address of party in New London, Conn., on back of envelope. Reward if returned to Aug. F. Dejonge, Inc., 49 Maiden Lane, N. Y. City.

LOST—String of pearls with platinum clasp, consisting of diamonds, sapphires and rubies, between Rector's and 16th St.; liberal reward to finder. Box 234, 1628 St. James Building.

LOST—Gold mesh bag, about 10:30 A. M. Dec. 15, taxi ab from 5th Av. and 84th St. to 102 West 80th; contained 4 opera tickets, American Express check for $10. K. A. N., 3 East 84th.

LOST—Diamond bracelet, between Broadway and Riverside, on 108th St.; bride's wedding gift, generous reward for return. Jackson, 360 Riverside Drive. Telephone Academy 81.

LOST—Between 31st St. and 48th St., 5th Av. or bus, blue and gold enameled bracelet with French babies' sentiments; reward. Cashier Hotel Hargrave, 112 West 72d.

LOST—Dec. 12, in vicinity of Ritz-Carlton, square sapphire and diamond cluster ring; liberal reward, no questions asked. Return to Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av.

LOST—Dec. 16, gentleman's solitaire pearl scarf pin, gold prongs holding pearl; liberal reward. J. Schechter, 468 Riverside, Apt. 8I. Phone 520 Morning.

LOST—Wednesday, Dec. 15, between 12 and 3, man's open-faced gold watch; makers Bunde & Upmeyer, black ribbon fob; liberal reward. 1 Chelsea Square, Chelsea 8407.

LOST—$100 reward for return of diamond and platinum bar pin lost in Biltmore, Booth Theatre, taxi from theatre, or Little Club. Telephone 771 Plaza. M. B. Armstrong.

LOST—On Wednesday, ladies' yellow gold, French enamel, open-faced watch. If found please notify J. L. Fletcher, 8 Bridge St. Telephone Bowling Green 9220. Reward.

LOST—Lady's gold wrist watch, Dec. 15, 4th Av. subway or Bergen Av., Broadway; suitable reward. Hilson, 230 5th Av., N. Y. C. Madison Square 1192.

LOST—At Ritz, Saturday noon, a gold cigarette case; liberal reward, no questions asked. Return to Cartier, 653 5th Av.

LOST—Mason's Shrine fob, name of owner on back. Suitable reward if returned to 141 West 38th St.

LOST—Pin, gold buttercup, diamond centre, Wednesday; reward. 69 East 77th. Rhinelander 4988.

LOST—A pearl horseshoe pin north of 42d St., reward. Phone Rhinelander 1199.

LOST—Diamond fob, initials "I. E."; reward. Berg Bros., 599 Broadway.

$2,500 REWARD

for return of necklace containing about 128 graduated pearls, lost on 10th, between East 11th St., West 40th St. and Selwyn Theatre, or in B. R. T. subway. I. H. & B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av.

$300 REWARD

for return of bar pin containing three large and 40 small diamonds, lost about Dec. 9, between West 111th St. and 5th Av. shopping district. Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

$100 REWARD

for return of diamond pendant earring, lost Dec. 15, between 10th and 66th Sts. A. R. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St.

$300 REWARD for bead necklace, with Marquise diamond clasp, lost Dec. 16. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Hudson Seal coat left on Ford delivery truck, on Lexington Av., between 77th and 96th Sts., about 11:30 A. M., Friday, Dec. 17. Liberal reward if returned to E. Hartwig, Furrier, 11 West 45th St.

LOST—Small brown fur neckpiece, on West 114th St., between Broadway and Riverside. Return to Mrs C. J. Kiger, 622 West 114th St. Reward.

LOST—Sable neckpiece, Tuesday night. Finder please return to office of Ritz-Carlton Hotel; reward, no questions.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—In Washington Square, Thursday, Dec. 16, French bulldog, male; reward. Telephone Spring 195, before 11 A. M.

Found.

FOUND—Thursday, small diamond brooch. Apply Supt. Hebrew Orphan Asylum, 1,560 Amsterdam Av.

Entertaining Christmas Present

THERE is no better way to pay a compliment to a friend or relative than to give a subscription for The New York Times as a Christmas Present.

Such a gift will enable one to keep informed on news of events and will be greatly appreciated, especially by a person living in a remote locality or abroad.

A Christmas letter announcing the name of the giver will be mailed to the person to whom The Times is to be sent, on the day the first copy is forwarded.

Subscription Rates for One Year Daily and Sunday Editions

United States and Possessions.....$12.00
Canada.....$12.00
Foreign Countries.....$26.00

The New York Times
Times Square New York

GERMANY OFFERS PAYMENT IN GOODS

Suggestions Made by Delegation at Brussels Favorably Received by Allied Experts.

HINT OF U. S. ARMY'S RECALL

May Come as a Result of Efforts to Reduce Cost of Occupation to Germany.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 17 (Associated Press).—Definite progress was made today by the Second Financial Conference toward a solution of the reparations problem, and out of the discussion grew the suggestion that the American troops might possibly be recalled from the Rhineland.

Concrete proposals for reparations payments made by the Germans thus far were examined this afternoon by the allied experts in the absence of the German representatives. Some of these propositions were agreed upon as likely to be acceptable to the allied Governments. The Germans will be requested tomorrow to develop those suggestions further and abandon propositions which were considered undesirable.

The exact nature of these plans were kept secret, but in general they concern reparations by deliveries of goods and the rendering of services. The Germans have said frankly they are ready to make heavy deliveries if details are agreed upon, explaining it would be impossible to pay a cash indemnity without heavy foreign credits and a great improvement of Germany's financial situation is beyond the hopes of her delegates.

In their separate meeting this afternoon the allied delegations found the German propositions were in harmony with their ideas.

The possibility of American withdrawal from the occupation area developed out of the German request that a military commission be appointed to try and reduce expenses of the occupation armies. American withdrawal was not specifically mentioned, but all the delegations had in mind the fact that the American troops required several times the maintenance of the soldiers of other nations patrolling the Rhine.

Sigmund Bergmann, one of the German delegates, promised the allied representatives during the forenoon session that the Germans would soon give details of their plan to pay the reparations due from Germany. This plan, he said, would in general be similar to the ideas offered at the Spa Conference, but which the Spa meeting did not discuss.

Herr Bergmann added that payment in merchandise or labor was the most promising plan.

The allied experts then gave the Germans the questionnaire that had been prepared, comprising a half-dozen typewritten sheets, asking specific questions on economic, financial and foreign trade matters.

Herr Bergmann, in his address, distinguished between cash payments and deliveries of goods, and explained the difficulties in the way of making large payments unless, as he put it, "Germany was aided by credit operations on a large scale."

The German delegate reminded the Allies that the Germans could not now pay cash even for essential imports, and declared an improvement in the situation was necessary before they could meet their reparation obligations. In explaining his assertion that Germany was already doing more than the public and even the allied Governments realized, he said 4,500,000,000 marks had already been paid to the allied armies of occupation, and that the amount probably would reach 15,000,000,000 marks by the end of next June, this figure representing only a part of the cost of the forces of occupation.

Acting on representations of Herr Bergmann, the Allies are now preparing a statement for the conference giving the total value of the coal, dyes, livestock and money that should be credited to Germany as reparations already paid.

PARIS, Dec. 17.—Premier Leygues, replying today to an interpellation in the Chamber of Deputies concerning disarmament and reparations, said:

"The French representatives at Brussels have received clear and concise instructions. France is not desirous of compelling Germany to pay her reparations in gold marks. France asks only the execution of the Peace Treaty within reasonable limits. Whether Germany's debt is paid in gold or goods matters not, so long as the debt is paid.

"We do not wish France to appear before the world as a nation which abuses its strength. Propaganda is going on, especially in the United States, to picture France as a militarist and imperialist power. Against such propaganda France must reply by a conciliating attitude."

"ONE LIFE FOR ANOTHER."

Jewish Art Theatre Presents Peretz Hirschbein's Folk Drama.

A new play by Peretz Hirschbein is an event whose ripples may well extend beyond the local confines of the Jewish Art Theatre into that world outside which has come to look for vivid and remarkable expression from the author of "The Idle Inn" and "Green Fields." "One Life for Another," which was presented for the first time last night at the Garden, is of the same school of folk drama. It draws upon the rich accretion of folk feeling which long years of enforced communal living have bred in the Jew of the small Russian village. It has in the poetry of a people forever alien in the land they inhabit, whose physical and spiritual longings have gradually merged into a deep folk tradition.

"One Life for Another" lacks the limpidity of "Green Fields" or the vividness of "The Idle Inn," though both qualities emerge intermittently. It stheme is deeper than either of those other simple genre plays. It tells the story of a man who has longed greatly for a son during the seven years of his marriage. He has come to believe the thing he desires so greatly is to be granted only after a great sacrifice. So he pledges himself to a task of piety, the building of a synagogue, in which he ruins himself. His belief is in the ancient Hebraic blood penalty—that the child's life may be bought only with his own. And in deepening notes of disaster the play works out that archaic tragedy.

There are moments of great and moving tenderness in the play. The aspirations, the superstitions, the inarticulate longings of a simple people are in it. For all it is a theme alien to the modern world, it seems to come from a remoter and simpler time, it contains the perceptions of emotion which gives it more than parochial significance.

The play is well produced by Mark Arnstein. Rudolph Schildkraut endows a small part with his skill. The leading rôle is enacted by Joseph Scheingold. Henrietta Schnitzer plays with great sensitiveness and power the part of the mother. Others of an excellent cast are Bina Abramowitz, Anna Appel, Jochiel Goldsmith, Hyman Meisel and Lazar Fried.

Alice Delysia Reappears in "Afgar."

Alice Delysia, the French actress, reappeared in "Afgar" last night at the Central Theatre. Mme. Delysia was bitten by a dog at a Long Island kennel on Thursday, and was unable to give a performance Thursday night. It was said at the theatre last night that the actress had entirely recovered.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Louise Closser Hale will play the role of the grandmother in "Miss Lulu Bett," opening at the Belmont a week from Monday.

Jeanne Danjou, a French singer, will make her American debut in "The Passing Show of 1921," coming to the Winter Garden.

Two Belasco productions, "One" and "Call the Doctor," will end their New York runs tonight. Frances Starr, in "One," will begin a Boston engagement in another week, and "Call the Doctor" will be seen in the neighborhood houses.

THE OPERA

By Richard Aldrich

Lucia di Lammermoor.

The first performance this season of Donizetti's "Lucia di Lammermoor" at the Metropolitan Opera House took place there last evening, although a performance had been announced previously for one of the Saturday "popular" nights and the bill was subsequently changed. That the bill was not again changed last evening was due to the fact that Miss Mabel Garrison "obliged the management" by singing the part of Lucia, despite the fact that she was suffering from a cold. The kind indulgence of the audience was therefore asked, and given, in her behalf.

The cold was in truth evident in the voice, but Miss Garrison's attempt to cope with it was praiseworthy. In the mad scene of the third act she was, of course, seriously handicapped, but her effect in the florid music was not lost, though there was sometimes an uncertainty of intonation.

Beniamino Gigli, the new Italian tenor, appeared as Edgardo. The chief excellence of his performance was in the quality of voice he displayed, which is so excellent as to arouse lively hopes that he will some time learn to use it to the greatest advantage, and what an excellent singer he will be then!

One of his needs is to acquire a true legato; he needed this, for one thing, in his elaborate air at the tombs of his ancestors in the last act. The voice and many of his effects were admirable. When he indulged in fortissimo, which he did to a degree unnecessary for his artistic results, he found a prompt and vigorous response from that portion of the audience that reacts most vigorously to loud, high notes. Mr. Gigli is true to the type of the Italian operatic tenor in his never-failing consciousness of the audience, in the besetting notion that he must sing to it, without regard to the dramatic situation or the characters he is supposed to be addressing. If Mr. Gigli had not so great possibilities as an artist, and were not in so many respects so interesting an artist, the mention of his defaults would have no point.

Mr. De Luca as Ashton, Mr. Mardones as Raimondo, were the other more important members of the cast. Mr. Papi conducted.

H. Carillon Magico showed its value in combination last evening by forming the other member of a "double bill." Mr. Pick-Mangiagalli's little "mimetic symphonic comedy" was presented in the same way and with the same people as it has been before.

The National Symphony Orchestra.

The National Symphony Orchestra did not forget Beethoven's 150th birthday in its concert of last evening, the day following the anniversary. There was no "Beethoven festival" and no "all-Beethoven" program. The "Eroica" symphony and the third "Leonore" overture, both of them given in the same hall twenty-four hours before by the Philharmonic Society, were the orchestral numbers. The symphony was played with great vitality and energy, with strong contrasts of light and shade, with rhythmic power, and with a tone that was sometimes rather harsh and cold.

A charming novelty, 140 years old, was offered to the listeners in the shape of Mozart's concerto for two pianos in E flat. It was played by Mme. Olga Samaroff and Heinrich Gebhard. The music is of a fine and bracing quality; the composer has ingeniously used opportunities for varied antiphonal and interwined effects by the two players, and has given an invigorating accompaniment to the orchestra. The two players presented a performance not so perfect in ensemble as some of the two-piano specialists have presented, but brilliant. They played an elaborate double cadenza in the first movement.

E. R. Schmitz, Pianist, Plays Again.

E. Robert Schmitz gave rare classic flavor to his second piano recital last evening in Aeolian Hall, where the "Aeolian" étude with which he encored a Chopin group was a touch not lost on the thoughtful. A Ben-Ami of the pianoforte, the French artist is a musical radical; it was a novelty to his followers here to listen to Bach's G minor fantasy and fugue, in Liszt's version, or to lesser classics of Scarlatti and Couperin, in his crisp, Paris fashion of playing. The Chopin, from "Revolutionary" study to "Military" Polonaise, was a Poland under French guidance, as in these latter days. A distinguished audience chose to prefer his later French pieces, double encoring the "Sonatine" of Ravel and asking for more at the close of Debussy's "Gardens in Rain," his "Toccato" and Le Flem's novel "Avril."

Philharmonic Completes Festival.

The Philharmonic Society completed the Beethoven festival of many orchestras lately with a program for its matinee subscribers yesterday in Carnegie Hall. Harold Bauer again was the solo performer in the master's concerto for pianoforte, No. 5, in E flat, the so-called "Emperor." Josef Stransky conducted the "Pastoral" symphony and in conclusion the "Leonore" overture No. 3, which, as it happened, was on another orchestra's program in the same hall last evening.

NEW WILSON HOME BOUGHT FOR $150,000

President to Make the Fairbanks House, Washington, His Permanent Residence.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Announcement was made today that President Wilson had purchased the residence of Henry P. Fairbanks, 2,340 S Street, Northwest, where he and Mrs. Wilson will make their permanent home. The purchase price is understood to have been $150,000.

R. Wilmer Bolling, brother of Mrs. Wilson, arranged the purchase through Arthur Browne of the real estate firm of Randall H. Hagner & Co. The President and Mrs. Wilson will receive possession on Feb. 15, and the house will be ready for them to move into when they leave the White House on March 4.

The Fairbanks house was built about four years ago, and like many of the residences in the neighborhood is of Colonial design. S Street, at the place where the house is situated, is just north of Massachusetts Avenue, a fashionable residence street, and both of these thoroughfares come together a short distance beyond the new Wilson home. The neighborhood has been developed as a residence section in recent years and many handsome dwellings have been erected.

The residence which President Wilson will occupy is of Colonial brick and Indiana limestone. It stands well away from the street on a level with the grounds, which cover nearly half of the block. The Colonial feature is preserved throughout in the large rooms and spacious entrance hall. A lawn 20 feet deep and 70 feet wide is in front of the house, while in the rear is a formal garden extending back to Decatur Street. Box hedges and flagstone paths are found in the garden, which is surrounded by a stone balustrade.

On the first floor a large entrance hall is flanked by dressing or retiring rooms. A broad Colonial stairway leads to the second floor, on which is the library, a drawing room and the dining room, together with a sun parlor overlooking the city southward toward the Potomac River. On the third floor are six large bedrooms and four baths. Quarters for servants and a laundry are on the fourth floor.

Children May Play in the Streets.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court ruled yesterday that children have a right to play in the streets, and that it is not negligence for one of them to be on a street-car track, since the child might well suppose that a motorman would not run over it on a clear day without a warning.

DRY CHIEF USES FISTS TO STOP OFFICE LEAK

Captain Merrill Tells of Pummeling One of His Federal Agents in Brooklyn.

A new method in the disciplining of a Federal prohibition agent was revealed yesterday by Captain Eugene E. Merrill, Chief Prohibition Enforcement Agent in Brooklyn. Captain Merrill fought with the marines in France. Before that he was a Lieutenant Commander in the navy. He has been in charge of the prohibition office in Brooklyn since Nov. 15, and some things that have happened have not been to his liking. He told how he undertook to remedy matters.

"There were leaks in my office," the Captain said. "Not leaks from seized evidence, but leaks as to the serving of search warrants. When my most trusted men arrived at a suspected place with a search warrant the place was always clean. It became so that I quit the use of search warrants. The climax came when some of my men went to a restaurant in Flatbush this week after a complaint had been made against it. When they arrived there they found that another of my men had preceded them by ten minutes.

"On Wednesday evening I was in a restaurant in Brooklyn looking things over when this same man came in. He sat at another table, and immediately began to tell the people who ran the place that the thing he desired most was to get me in a room with himself and prove to me that he was the better man. I decided to give him a chance to do so.

"Yesterday morning, when the entire force of men was in the office, I locked the door leading to the office of several clerks on the fourth floor of the Federal Building in Brooklyn). A young lady stenographer and a young lady stenographer and a young lady stenographer and a

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Published Every Day in the Year by the New York Times Company.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

OFFICES: [TELEPHONE BRYANT 1000]
TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
TIMES ANNEX, 456 St., w. of Broadway
DOWNTOWN.....7 Beekman Street
WALL STREET.....9 Rector Street
HARLEM.....2,589 Seventh Avenue

BRONX.....2,914 Third Avenue
WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.....2,535 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Albee Building
CHICAGO.....1202-1204 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....613 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....403 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....12 Salisbury Square, E.C.
PARIS.....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two Cents a copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 200 miles. Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn. Two Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, postage paid.	One Year.	Six Mos.	One Mo.
*Daily and Sunday	$12.00	$6.00	$1.00
†Daily only	10.00	5.00	.85
Sunday only	4.00	2.25	.45
Sunday only, Canada	3.00	1.25	.25

*One week, 25c. †One week, 20c.

FOREIGN RATES

Daily and Sunday	$26.00	$13.30	$2.40
Daily only	17.40	8.70	1.45
Sunday only	9.75	5.12	.86

Binder, Picture Section, $2.50; Magazine, $1.50.

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNALIST (Mondays), per year, $3; Canada, $3.50; other countries, $4.
Binder for 52 issues (one vol.), $1.50.

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.

THE TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursdays), one year, $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50.
Binder for 52 issues, $1.50.

TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $4; Canada, $4.50 (foreign $5). Per copy, 50c.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $3, per year, $8

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes of the best illustrated—Cloth, $30; three-quarter leather, $100; full leather, $150—encyclopedic history European War.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it, or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DEC. 18, 1920.

THE POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Violent and desperate crime continues in this city. Intelligent and serious men and organizations propose a return to the old last remedy of the Vigilance Committee. Self-protection and self-arming seem necessary when the Police Department in so many cases is unable either to protect or to detect. It is true that these lawless armed incursions are general, not local; that some part of them at least must be attributed to a recklessness and knowledge of firearms born of the war. Whatever the conditions elsewhere, however, there is a strong conviction in this community that the incapacity of the police administration, an incapacity too characteristic of too much of the present municipal Administration, fills the criminals with a feeling of reasonable security. So many criminals have escaped punishment, so many acts of violence have been safely done, that the terror of the law hardly exists.

The New York policemen are as intelligent, brave and faithful men as can be found in any public service anywhere, but they are not competently directed. While the crime of today is more daring than the usual earlier type and has the automobile as an auxiliary and resource, one can scarcely help believing that, if men like "ALECK" WILLIAMS and "TOM" BYRNES were in charge, they would deal with it much more sternly and effectively. It is true that the number of policemen is too meagre. Successive Commissioners have asked for its increase, and it should be increased. The traffic squad also diverts necessarily, in fact, a considerable amount of energy; but whatever the size of the force, there must be brains, determination and strong will at the head of it, or its efforts and its morale will be enfeebled and a sort of disorganization and discouragement will prevail. It is the general belief that Commissioner ENRIGHT does not possess the qualities of an effective head of the police, and that he is regarded as easy game by the criminals. He is not the person most to be blamed. He is only the agent of a Mayor the careful consideration of whose fitness for continuance in office will be one of the first duties of Governor MILLER next year. Meanwhile, the public may have to defend itself to a considerable extent. It has confidence in the individual policeman, confidence in itself. Criminals are not wise persons. They have abused their comparative impunity. They are inviting disaster, and they will get it.

INDUSTRIAL WAR.

The books and public utterances of the men who organized the recent steel strike declare repeatedly that industry must be dominated and controlled by the workers. They openly urge Syndicalism and Bolshevism. The deeds of FOSTER and FITZPATRICK are astutely adapted to achieve those ends. Now the Lockwood committee is revealing a purpose on the part of the steel corporations, perhaps equally uncompromising, to keep unionism out of their works. The manufacturers refuse to sell structural steel to builders in New York and other cities who employ union labor. It is not strictly true that they insist upon a shop that is closed to union labor, but it is obvious that they neglect no means to prevent the spread of the closed union shop.

Mr. UNTERMYER is right in emphasizing the fact that the conditions he is revealing constitute industrial war. A question of mastery is at stake and all that really matters to either side is which shall come out on top. Meantime the public, as usual, pays the chief cost of the warfare. Our schoolhouses are too few, our supply of housing is woefully inadequate. Yet as a result of this industrial war the already formidable cost of building is thrust higher still. In brief, the public has fallen into the plight of the "neutral" in the World War, and it must eventually learn that, in this as in other modern wars, there is no such thing as neutrality.

It is as a representative of the public that Mr. UNTERMYER is acting. The evidence he has elicited is to go before the United States Attorney and the Grand Juries now in session. But whatever crime is revealed, and however just the punishment, the result can only be a scratching of the surface of the problem. Under some new guise slightly different, the industrial war will continue. Before we get down to the fundamentals of harmony between labor and capital a means must be found to free the great and mainly beneficent unions from the perverting leadership of a minority of radicals; some means must be found by which the captains of our basic industries may continue to control them in freedom and efficiency, without resort to measures that are at best unworthy and that tend to oppression.

THE NEEDIEST CASES.

Though there was a quickening yesterday in the flow of gifts for the relief of the Hundred Neediest Cases, the money is not coming in as it should. The total is far behind what it was on the corresponding date last year. Another week remains, and in it there is nothing for it but to redouble efforts. THE TIMES has set forth the facts and the peculiar needs, as certified by the leading charitable organizations of the city. It is for the public to do the rest. Small contributions are desired as well as large, and will help to swell the total.

We know that many feel cramped in their benevolence this year; but there is money enough to spend for pleasure, and there is enough to meet this appeal. If only half of our readers would take pains to add something to the fund, the amount raised last year would easily be surpassed. Let there be no thought of failure.

LIVING ON THE GOVERNMENT.

A sidelight is thrown upon the difficulties of German public finance by the report on the gross overmanning of the Government offices. Employés fairly swarm, yet the pressure to get on the payroll becomes fiercer every day. It used to be said that every German workingman had to carry a soldier on his back. Now he has to carry a Government clerk.

It is really a world-wide abuse. Soviet Russia is rapidly becoming a government of, by and for bureaucrats. In England there is an increasing demand for the lopping off of needless official heads. France has long known the disease, which shows no sign of abating. Nor does it at Washington, despite all the talk of economy and efficiency. Senator REED SMOOT is, indeed, most emphatic on the need of taking an axe and cutting superfluous employés out of the appropriation bills; but few are rallying to his support. It is a job that has got to be done, and the sooner it is tackled the better, let the dispensers of party patronage groan as they may.

THE DIESEL ENGINE SHIP.

When WILLIAM DENMAN, first Chairman of the United States Shipping Board, appeared before the Walsh committee on Monday, he declared that unless Diesel engine motorships were used in the American merchant marine—not merely experimented with, but employed on many trade routes—maritime supremacy would never be won. It is to Mr. DENMAN'S credit that he early recognized the value of the internal combustion oil-engine for shipping purposes. While he was still Chairman of the Shipping Board he planned its application to a certain number of vessels with a view to giving the American merchant marine a fair start in this means of economical power after the war. The opportunity came to his successor, Chairman HURLEY, to accomplish something with the Diesel engine ship, at least in the latter part of his service when the demand for shipping "to win the war" had given way to an entirely merchant marine program, but Mr. HURLEY was not impressed with the importance of the motorship.

The Diesel engine ship has long since ceased to be an experiment. Briefly, its advantages are: a great saving in oil fuel as compared with the steam boiler ship using such fuel; elimination of boilers and weight of water carried; greater cargo capacity; reduction of labor in the engine room; increased cruising radius without dependence upon bunkers—Diesel engine ships can go round the world with the oil in their tanks; and, last but not least, cleanliness in operation. It would not be wise, some shipping experts have contended, to abandon the steam boiler ship altogether, because the world is not sure that the oil supply will stand the drain on it for more than a generation, and coal is a fuel that will not soon be exhausted. But if oil is to be generally used in the engine room—and more and more ships in all countries are adopting it—then the Diesel type should play a leading part in conservation. There are owners who balk at the Diesel, which is a name for a growing number of designs, because of the first cost, but that promises to decline; moreover, economies in operation must be set over against the original greater cost. The Diesel engine ship is in many ways a much cheaper carrier than the steam boiler ship, which is a glutton for oil fuel.

Great Britain, France, Italy and the Scandinavian countries, particularly the first named, are building motorships rapidly, because, as WILLIAM A. HARRIMAN has said, "they have carefully calculated the economy in operation and are convinced that this economy will enable them to pay dividends even with fuel at high prices." It is worthy of note that larger internal combustion oil ships are taking the sea every month. The Swedish-American Line, for instance, is now building a 600-foot "motor liner." In a paper lately read before the American Petroleum Institute GEORGE OTIS SMITH, Director of the United States Geological Survey, said that "the tremendous economy possible in the marine consumption of fuel-oil demands the immediate adoption of internal combustion engines if the world wants to make the largest use of its oil resources for the longest time." The United States produces 70 per cent. of the oil of the world, and it should have more Diesel ships on the sea than any other nation. As a matter of fact, it is lagging far behind Great Britain, its only real competitor.

AN ALIEN INSURRECTIONIST.

The decision of the Government to deport the so-called Ambassador of the Soviet Government, Mr. MARTENS, is stated in language admirably clear and conclusive. He had no diplomatic status here, because he was never received or recognized by the President. He is to be treated exactly like any other alien temporarily within our jurisdiction. This makes his deportation not only legal but compulsory under the act of Congress. The authorities are not ordering Mr. MARTENS to leave the country because of his opinions. He may be a Communist or anarchist, may believe in Syndicalism or the abolition of private property; but he cannot, in accordance with our laws, remain in this country if he belongs to an organization which teaches and advocates insurrection against our Government, and its overthrow by force.

This is Mr. MARTENS'S offense by the very fact of his being an employé and agent of the Soviet Government. Its program is universal revolution. Its avowed tactics are to promote insurrection in all non-Soviet countries. Even while the order for Mr. MARTENS'S deportation was being issued, TROTZKY in Moscow was defending the temporary grant of concessions to wicked foreign capitalists, on the ground that it was necessary in order to get money to consolidate the Soviet Government so as to enable it to prosecute revolution throughout the entire world. There has never been any concealment of this intention. LENIN has repeatedly declared that the revolution in Russia could not maintain itself unless all other nations were made to burst into flames. So that it is merely a recital of unquestioned fact which is made in the order of Secretary WILSON, approved by the President, that "the Soviet Government conducts a propaganda in the United States for the purpose of creating an insurrection to overthrow the Government of the United States by force and violence."

This country is not the only one to suffer from the presence of these ostensible diplomatic agents of the Soviet Government. In Germany, in England, in Sweden and elsewhere they have carried on their revolutionary activities, and have been expelled in consequence. There is no trusting their professions. They come in the guise of friendly envoys, but at once turn themselves into revolutionaries and inciters to crime. A self-respecting Government cannot tolerate such a course. It is more than a violation of the comity of nations, which of itself would be sufficient to warrant the sending away of the offending diplomat; it is a breach of the criminal laws.

It was, in a way, a piece of effrontery for Mr. MARTENS to stay in this country after the Colby note of last August. That made it certain that this Government would not enter into diplomatic relations with the Moscow Soviets. Now comes the order of deportation in logical sequence to the Colby note. Stripped of all pretense of diplomatic standing, Mr. MARTENS became simply an alien insurrectionist. As such, he is, in pursuance of the statute, bidden to go home to his own people.

RELIEF FOR THE CORK SUFFERERS

The fire that destroyed or damaged so many private and public buildings in the City of Cork a week ago tonight, whoever or whatever may have caused it, left a large number of the people of that city in need of shelter, food and clothing. The relief of human suffering is a matter altogether apart from the strifes and contentions of which the Cork fire was supposed to be a manifestation. HERBERT HOOVER, President of the European Relief Council, has been urged to take measures for the relief of these sufferers and the Lord Mayor of Cork has asked the American Red Cross to help them. This application, as is customary, has been referred to the British Red Cross, which has been asked to make suggestions in regard to measures to be taken. It is certain that in this country a generous response would be made to these appeals for aid as soon as a plan of relief has been devised and contributions requested. It is plain that action should be prompt.

There has been no official report and finding as to the cause of the fire. It was natural that suspicion should be directed toward the British Constabulary forces, notably the "Black and Tans," for some of their comrades had been slain and a considerable number wounded in the fire directed against them from ambush at Dillon's Cross; the charge was made that they started the conflagration as an act of reprisal. The British Labor Commission, which has been conducting an inquiry into conditions in Ireland, has made a report in which it is stated that eyewitnesses "are unanimous in stating that the fires were caused by Crown forces." If that is true, it would indicate the same bad state of discipline that has been disclosed at other points where those forces have been employed. The murderous proceedings of the Sinn Feiners, however dastardly, cannot justify the destruction of private property and the imperiling of human life by attempts at lawless reprisal, and men worthy to be employed in police service, under military conditions, would not be guilty of so serious a breach of discipline. Men under orders are not excusable on any ground for such displays of individual passion. The Secretary for Ireland at once ordered an inquiry into the facts and General STRICKLAND undertook that duty. He has withdrawn from the vicinity of Cork the forces against which complaint was made. The Government must necessarily see to it that the investigation is thorough and that it shall have only the purpose of getting at the truth. General STRICKLAND'S report ought to settle the question of responsibility.

THE SQUARE DEAL IN MEXICO.

American holders of oil lands in Mexico with valid titles were alarmed during the last days, indeed the last hours, of the administration of President DE LA HUERTA, when an enormous business was done in granting new concessions along non-navigable streams to "coyotes" or intermediaries who were acting for development companies, some of which had sprung up over night. Some of these streams run through territory owned and developed by Americans. Under Mexican laws enacted since the new Constitution was adopted, the Government claimed title in sub-surface minerals for a distance of ten meters on both sides of navigable rivers. The rule was illegally made, it is charged, to apply to non-navigable streams.

It is obvious that any one holding one of the new concessions by transfer of title would be in a position to strike a lead worked further back by an American individual or company and perhaps drain his territory. The concessions obtained by Mexicans who had a "pull" with officials of the department in charge of petroleum matters as President DE LA HUERTA was retiring were, in most cases, turned over to promoters as well as to foreign companies other than American. Some of the promoters, there seems reason to believe, were Americans who have been warring upon their own countrymen in Mexico who have been in the oil business for a long time and whose titles should be unassailable. The right of the Mexican Government to make a zone system along navigable rivers has not been seriously contested, but when the attempt is made to claim zones along non-navigable water courses running through concessions legitimately acquired there must be a challenge, for the letter and spirit of the law are defied. The competition for oil has become so intense in a world that sees its oil needed in the industries and for naval uses failing, that illegality in the disposal of oil territory by any Government cannot be endured.

Happily the Obregon Administration is showing a desire to deal fairly with foreign concession owners and operators whose titles are sound and who are developing their lands in good faith. It is welcome news from the City of Mexico that a clearance is being made of officials in the petroleum department suspected of irregularities in granting concessions as President DE LA HUERTA was going out of office. The head of the department has been asked to resign, and two of his assistants who were engaged in giving the "coyotes" what they wanted have been requested to go. There is to be a reorganization of the department, and it is announced that in future concessions will be granted only to responsible applicants. Furthermore, the doubtful concessions are to be looked into. If there is anything wrong about them, they will be suspended. All that Americans who have invested in Mexican oil lands ask is a square deal and no favoritism. It is so much to the advantage of the Obregon Administration to act within the law that disregard of it with injustice to honest men would endanger recognition by the United States, and would make it difficult to obtain loans for reconstruction in Mexico.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Individual Police Efficiency. There is, of course, basis, and only too much basis, for the talk now going on about our police force. Commissioner ENRIGHT tries in vain to convince us that this year and time are marked by no unusual amount of crime—that the amount, indeed, is rather less than usual. The daily record, though his policy of silence when he can prevent publicity makes the record far incomplete, refutes his contention, and everybody knows that in many cases murders go unpunished, stolen property is not recovered, and hold-up men ride away in swift automobiles from the scenes of their exploits, never to be seen again—not in court or prison, at any rate.

In spite of all this, there is something of exaggeration, injustice and even of falsity in the accusations against the police as a force. Surely Lieutenant FLOYD HORTON proved himself a good policeman and an efficient one when, without a moment of hesitation, he rushed in pursuit of four armed men and a close quarters engaged with them in a desperate pistol battle. He knew well the risk he took—the risk of the fatal wound that brought him to the ground. But before he fell he had killed one of the bandits, wounded another, and, by getting the number of the car, had done what he could to effect the capture of the remaining two.

Were he still alive he would disclaim the title of hero—at most would admit that he saw his duty as a policeman and did it. But Lieutenant HORTON was not exceptional among the members of the force for courage or devotion. He represented, of course, its very best element, but it is by no means a small element that he represented. There are hundreds—yes, thousands—of New York policemen, under this Administration as under every other, who in like circumstances would do and have done, not infrequently at the same cost, exactly what he did.

What is wrong with the police force is not the policemen—it is something else.

Old Methods Fail in New Conditions. Another thing is worth considering before decision as to the efficiency of the New York police force. For one reason or another—possibly, but not very probably, because of the war and recent military service—what is in effect a new form of crime is prevalent here and all over the country—all over the world, for that matter. The succession of murders that attract so much attention are different from most of the murders of other days in the important detail of motive, and the thefts differ from those of other days in the equally important detail of means.

Police training hitherto through all the years has been in the finding of murderers who killed in passion, to avenge a real or fancied wrong, or because of mental disorder. Almost always the search for the guilty man was in a narrowly restricted field. The detectives knew where to look. At present, in these typical crimes, though the motive is obvious, it gives no indication at all as to identity—no hint as to the locality where the criminal can be found.

On the other hand, the new thieves, trusting to the pistol instead of the saw and the jimmy, and working in the light instead of the dark, are for those very circumstances the harder to catch when once they have dropped out of sight.

Because the task of the police has become more difficult than it used to be is no excuse, of course, for not performing the task; it is, however, an explanation of imperfect performance.

An Excellent Place for Earthquakes. Guardians of seismographs all over the country announce the recording by those mysteriously delicate machines on Thursday of an earthquake exceptional in its violence. Doubt as to the truth of the record is impossible, according to scientific authority that cannot be questioned, but this piece of news is not confirmed, as yet, through any one of many other channels of information, and it is not the habit of earthquakes, especially those of unusual vigor, to pass unnoticed by the inhabitants of the region they affect.

Evidently the world is not "covered," to use the word favored by city editors and reporters, quite as nearly as completeness as has been claimed, and really large things can happen and at least for a while remain the secret of a few people.

In this instance the probability seems to be that the few are islanders in the South Pacific, unless, as may have been the case, the commotion occurred under one of the vast stretches of water down in that region that have no islands and therefore no islanders. In that case we never may know what harm the poor old world suffered from what one of the seismograph readers described as a "smasher."

Representation at the Vatican.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

At intervals we read a news item to the effect that some European Government has resumed relations with the Vatican, by that some sovereign, whose ancestors had refused to visit the Pope during half a millennium, had at last found his way thither.

A few days ago your editorial article on the French resumption of relations and the advantages such action had for France was read by many with great interest. It appeared that Rome, i. e., the Vatican, not the Quirinal, was a great nerve centre of the world; that the French lack of representation there during the war was a serious loss to France, of which Germany took full advantage.

Some twenty Governments, unrepresented there before the war, including Great Britain, have established embassies or legations. France holds back a little from what might be considered a trip to Canossa—but she'll arrive again and be again the Eldest Daughter, and be glad of it.

I have wondered if representation at this "crossroads of civilization," established at the Vatican, is so valuable to other countries, why our country should not take the step also. England, for its advantages, threw aside her scruples (a very English and sensible proceeding), violated a four-hundred-year-old act of Parliament still unrepealed and sent a Minister to the Pope. We, with no scruples or acts of Congress that I know of, may profit by her example.

ROBERT P. GREEN.
New York, Dec. 16, 1920.

NEW MOON.

A little plum-pudding in a silver dish
And under it the star of "I-wish-my-wish!"

And the little plum-pudding is slipping, slipping,
And long black fingers of night are nipping

The star—black fingers of sorrow and night.
Shine, little star, shine true, shine bright!

Bring all the children in the world their wish—
Whether a pudding on a silver dish

Or a ring or a doll or a racing sled
Or a roof or a loaf of new rye bread—

Shine, little star, through the nipping night
And tell that pudding to hold on tight!

DOROTHY LEONARD.

STATE COMPULSORY DRILL.

Present Law Held to Be a Military Failure and a Waste of Money.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A recent Albany dispatch states that Governor-elect Miller and his advisers consider abolishing the Military Training Commission, which cost the State $350,000 this year and will require a much larger amount for next year, in view of the possibility of a Federal military training plan as a means of cutting down the expenses of the State.

This is an excellent reason for the proposed action, but there is another equally compelling, namely, the unavoidable futility and ineffectiveness of the training under the law in question. This law is a hasty, incomplete and ill-considered measure, passed presumably under the excitement of the great war in 1916. Every youth between 16 and 19 years must register and attend drills either at school or at evening classes. No uniforms, arms or equipment are provided. The majority of the classes are therefore necessarily confined to the school of the soldier without arms, that is, briefly, plain infantry drill in the squad, platoon or company. Now, infantry drill in close order under such circumstances is not very interesting, even when the participants are armed and uniformed so as to give at least the semblance of a military organization. There is no war now to stimulate the interest of youth in matters military. The lads who must walk about in order in their civilian clothes for an hour or so inevitably become bored and disgusted. They cannot get up any enthusiasm in a game where all they learn of it is the dryest and dullest elements. Their instructors, no matter how efficient, are driven to endeavor to keep up interest and provide variety by games and the like. Their companies soon learn all they can teach in the absence of material.

Speaking from long experience in the National Guard and as company commander during the war, I may say that any officer knows that one cannot get very far in training men as soldiers by a mere process of drills without arms, uniforms, &c. Variety is necessary. Interest must be awakened and maintained. No instructor can train his men unless he can get and keep them interested, which he cannot do unless they are convinced that they are soldiers and are learning something really worth while for some real purpose.

After watching these drills in a local armory for over a year, and various inquiries, I am convinced that so-called training of this nature is all but useless as preparation for the duties of a soldier and that it indirectly does harm. The young men do not like it or enjoy it, as is evinced by the fact that they take any means or excuse to escape drills. Three years of this boredom is appalling. They learn practically nothing that a week or so in the army for a corresponding period in the National Guard would not teach them. And what is worse, they contract a disgust with the whole business that will prevent their ever wanting any more of it. The ultimate effect on recruiting for the National Guard, not to mention the army, is obvious.

Unless and until the Federal Government provides some plan for universal training, the best and only means at hand for those who would prepare themselves for national defense is the organized militia. Anything which discourages recruiting by creating a distaste for soldiering is pernicious. It follows that as a measure in support of its Guard and to prevent the expenditure of funds in a futile, self-defeating and useless system, this stupid and undesirable training should be promptly abolished. Governor Smith, who is in a position to be fully informed on the subject, has, it seems, twice recommended to the Legislature its elimination, but the latter merely increased the appropriation, instead of taking his recommendation. From the military as well as the economic point of view it is hoped that Governor Miller will be more successful.

CARLETON S. COOKE,
First Lieutenant Cavalry, N. G. N. Y.,
late Captain Infantry, A. E. F.
New York, Dec. 10, 1920.

Forged Documents.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was pleased to read in your issue of today the letter written by the distinguished Catholic Bishop Bonaventure F. Broderick, in which he states that he had carefully examined the "so-called protocols" upon which the calumnies against the Jews are being based and then pronounces these documents as "spurious" and entirely unworthy of consideration.

The manufacture of forged documents has for centuries been a method of carrying on persecutions by bigotry and slander. Instances can be readily pointed out in history in which the same cowardly methods were used against other races and religions. The early Christian Church suffered from this method of assassination, and certain of these forged documents, notwithstanding complete exposure, have survived and are believed in to this day by narrow-minded bigots.

It was also good to see the Bishop pointing out the many wonderful traits of the Jewish race throughout recorded history. The adoption by a very small minority of the people of a destructive economic heresy or theory cannot be accepted by fair-minded people as a cause of condemnation against the whole race or nation. If such a standard were set up, "who would escape whipping?" Certainly, no one can call himself a good American who adopts methods of slander and race and religious bigotry which tend to divide our people and to bring about social and civil strife.

The people of this country will not "stand for it" and those who attempt to carry on such tactics will find that they injure only themselves. JOHN JEROME ROONEY.
New York, Dec. 15, 1920.

The Sales Tax.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The objection made by Professor Adams to the sales tax—the advantage it would give to an integrated company such as the Steel Corporation—may be overcome by including intercompany sales, as you suggest, or by allowing the taxpayer to deduct from his sales the amount of purchases included in such sales on which the tax has been assessed against prior vendors.

Perhaps the following illustration (assuming a sales tax of 2½ per cent.) will make the second plan clear:

A jobber sells a ton of steel for $70. He bought it from a mill for $65 and the mill, in order to manufacture it, bought supplies (ore, coal, &c.) from others at a cost of $30. The tax would be assessed:

Against the vendors of the supplies	$30	@ 2½%	$ .75
Against mill ($65—$30)	35	@ 2½%	.875
Against jobber ($70—$65)	5	@ 2½%	.125
Total			$1.75

It is apparent from the foregoing that if the Steel Corporation acts as its own jobber (as it does in some cases through its warehouses) and sold the steel for $70, it would pay the same tax as the aggregate was paid by its competitors. And in this particular matter integration would be of no advantage to it.

I believe this plan preferable to including intercompany sales, because to define these exactly is difficult, and Congress ought to keep in mind it is to write the law so clear that the average business man will feel no assistance to construe it.

ACCOUNTANT.
New York, Dec. 8, 1920.

CAMPS FOR ARMY RESERVE.

Six Weeks' Training for Officers in Several Sections.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Plans for the reserve officers' training camps to be held by the War Department during 1921 were announced by Secretary Baker today. There will be an infantry camp in each corps area, including the Second Corps headquarters at Governors Island, embracing the States of New York, Pennsylvania and Delaware. There will be one field artillery camp at Camp Knox, Ky., to be attended by field artillery units from all over the country. Two cavalry camps will be provided, one at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., for cavalry units in the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Corps areas, and one at the Presidio of California for cavalry units of the Seventh, Eighth and Ninth Corps areas.

There will also be two coast artillery corps camps, one at Fort Monroe, Va., for units of the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Corps areas and from Washington University at St. Louis; the other at Fort Winfield Scott, California, for units from the Seventh, Eighth and Ninth Corps areas. There will be only one engineer camp, at Camp Humphreys, Va., for units from all parts of the country; also one signal corps camp, at Camp Alfred Vail, N. J., for all signal corps units in the United States.

The Motor Transport Corps will have two camps, one at Camp Holabird, Md., for units in the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh Corps areas, and another at the Presidio, California, for units of the Eighth and Ninth Corps. There will be one ordnance camp at Aberdeen Proving Grounds, Md., for all ordnance units. There will also be two junior division camps.

SET SHIPBUILDING RECORD.

American Yards Turn Out 3,880,639 Gross Tons in Last Fiscal Year.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—American shipbuilders broke the world's pre-war record of launching during the last fiscal year, according to figures given in the annual report of the Commissioner of Navigation made public today. American ships built and documented during the year aggregated 3,880,639 gross tons, the report said, adding that British ships under construction June 30, 1920, aggregated 3,808,056 tons.

American shipyards reached a rate of 4,253,141 gross tons a year to the end of December, 1919, the report shows. At the end of March, 1920, they had built steel ships alone at the rate of 3,679,283 tons a year, a small portion of this being foreign tonnage.

American tonnage sufficient to carry 60 per cent. of the foreign trade of the United States had been registered July 1. During the year they actually carried 45 per cent. in value of the exports from the United States and 39 per cent. of the imports, the report said. In 1914 American ships carried but 10 per cent. of this country's exports and imports.

One-half of the officers and crews of American ships engaged in foreign trade are American citizens.

IN THE TRAIL OF HUMBOLDT.

Dr. Britton and a Party of Botanists Will Go to Venezuela.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Following the botanical trail of Humboldt across the northern part of South America, Dr. N. L. Britton, Director of the New York Botanical Garden, is preparing to leave with a party of five other scientific plant explorers for Venezuela in the near future, it was announced today at the National Museum.

The work which Dr. Britton and his fellow botanists will do is part of a comprehensive series of investigations into the plant life of northern South America being carried on co-operatively by the New York Botanical Garden, the United States National Museum and the Gray Herbarium of Harvard.

TO RUSH NEWBERRY INQUIRY

Senate Committee Wants to Clear Up Missing Ballots Before Recount.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Inquiry into the disappearance of 17,000 Ford-Newberry ballots will be rushed by the Senate Elections Committee. Chairman Spencer informed attorneys for Henry Ford, who is contesting the election of Senator Truman H. Newberry, that any witnesses they desired to examine must be on hand Monday, as the committee intended to close the present inquiry, which is preliminary to the actual ballot recount set for Jan. 4.

Counsel for Ford submitted a list of twenty-four townships in which they said the ballots were destroyed. In six of these, they said, the destruction had been accounted for, either through accidental or other means.

BAKER CLEARS RED CROSS.

Says Goods on Sale Bearing Label Were Sold to France by Oversight.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Secretary Baker issued a statement today declaring that the American Red Cross was in no way responsible for the appearance for sale in this country of articles bearing Red Cross labels which were contributed by American women for American troops during the war.

The articles to which he referred, Mr. Baker said, had been included by oversight in the non-inventoried contents of army warehouses sold to the French Government after the armistice.

FOR HIGHWAY OVER HUDSON.

Gustave Lindenthal to Submit Plans to Poughkeepsie Business Men.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, New York, Dec. 17.—Gustave Lindenthal, bridge builder, is coming to Poughkeepsie in January to present two plans before the local Chamber of Commerce in regard to the highway across the Hudson River about which there has been so much agitation.

The first plan will be how Poughkeepsie may secure the desired highway over the river and the second will be suggestions for the conversion of part of the bridge into a motor highway.

In a recent issue of the the American Magazine Mr. Lindenthal criticised the Poughkeepsie bridge, which is the second highest of its type in the world, as a "monument of foolishness." He qualifies his statement, saying that he meant they lacked foresight thirty years ago in not building the highway at that time.

ROOT GETS PARIS LL. D.

Honorary Degree Conferred by the Council of University.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws has been conferred upon Elihu Root by the Council of the University of Paris, according to a cable dispatch received by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University.

The dispatch also tells of the installation in the Sorbonne of a collection of books on American history and institutions, presented by the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace.

The signers of the dispatch, M. Honorat, M. Appell and Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, Senator of France, conveyed to the trustees of the endowment the sincere thanks of the university for the gift, which was received as fresh evidence of the friendship of the American people.

Hog Island Force Going.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 17.—From the high water-mark of 36,000, the Hog Island Shipyard force of workers has been reduced to 3,500, and in about a month these men also will be gone.

EMERGENCY TARIFF ON FOOD IS PLANNED

Republican House and Senate Conferees Favor Temporary Relief for Farmers.

DECIDE AGAINST EMBARGO

Attitude of President Wilson and Senator Penrose Leaves Final Action in Doubt.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Indications are that the House Ways and Means Committee will begin without delay the writing of a temporary tariff bill placing prohibitive duties upon wool, wheat and other food products. These indications resulted from a conference held today by members of the Ways and Means Committee with members of the Senate Finance Committee.

The policy the Republicans in Congress will follow to afford temporary relief to the farmers, suffering from falling prices, is rather uncertain, due to the attitude of Senator Penrose, Chairman of the Finance Committee, who does not believe that a piecemeal tariff bill can be safely enacted and the further fear that President Wilson would not approve tariff legislation containing Republican policies, even though such laws were to be operative for only one year.

In the conference today many diverse views were expressed. Senator Smoot and the other Republican Senators present, McCumber and Watson, pointed out that an embargo would be the easiest sort of legislation to enact, and the one that would more readily win the approval of President Wilson. Representative J. W. Fordney, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, informed the meeting that the House would not accept an embargo, and was inclined to relieve the farmer by the enactment of high duties upon farm products that were now coming into competition with importations.

As a result of this explanation the Republican Senators pledged themselves to support any tariff bill that might be sent to the Senate that would have the effect of an embargo by the imposition of prohibitive rates.

Fear End of Wool Industry.

Senator Smoot told the conferees that unless something was done very promptly for the wool growers the industry would be wiped out, as the market was oversupplied at present from importations and the home product. With sufficient wool to last the country another two years Australia and Argentina, he said, were sending more wool and further reducing the price. The result, he said, was to force the American grower to sell his sheep in order to pay his bills. If the situation continued, Senator Smoot stated, there would be no wool industry in another year.

There will be a final conference of Ways and Means Committee members tomorrow, when, judging by the best information available tonight, it will be decided to write a tariff bill to be effective for one year which will impose high prohibitive duties on wheat, wool, livestock, beans, beets, potatoes, peanuts and dairy products.

Even though the House should adopt such a measure there is no assurance that the Senate would do so, as there would be a demand from all those wishing protection for inclusion even in a temporary bill.

Senator Penrose said that, as a tariff bill is naturally evolved by some understanding between different parts of the country and different industries and activities, it becomes almost impossible to, protect one class without affording the others relative protection against foreign markets.

The situation confronting the Republicans is very puzzling, and, unless assurance is given by President Wilson that he would approve of a temporary relief measure, it is not certain that this session of Congress will be able to do anything in the direction of tariff revision.

Wants Tax on Bank Deposits.

Representative Allen T. Treadway of Massachusetts introduced a bill today to impose a tax of one-quarter of 1 per cent. on bank deposits subject to withdrawal by check. His bill reads:

"That there shall be levied, assessed, collected and paid monthly to the Collector of Internal Revenue in the district where located, by every national bank, trust company, private banker, broker, institution, firm or corporation receiving money on deposit subject to withdrawal by check, draft or other method, and by mutual savings banks, co-operative building and loan associations and similar associations which are organized and operated exclusively for the benefit of their members, a tax of one-quarter of 1 per centum upon all moneys deposited by depositors in the above-named institutions. This tax shall be charged by the institution receiving the same to the depositor and proper record thereof shall be made on the books of the bank and voucher given to the depositor at the time the deposit is made."

"The latest report of the Controller of the Currency shows that the amount of exchanges of Clearing Houses of the United States for the year 1919 was $367,091,941,000," said Mr. Treadway. "Assuming that 25 per cent. of the transactions of the country did not go through clearing houses, there should be added to this amount $96,772,963,000, making the total transactions for the year $463,864,926,000.

"A tax of one-quarter of 1 per cent. of this amount would have brought in revenue of $1,209,662,310. Doubtless the year 1919 showed more than normal transactions, but it would probably be safe to assume that the aggregate of transactions in years of average business would be at least $400,000,000,000. This would produce at one-quarter of 1 per cent. revenue of $1,000,000,000."

HEINZ IVORY CARVINGS SOLD

A Tusk, Renaissance Style, With Scrolled Medallion, Brings $210.

Lacquers and ivory carvings brought the highest prices at the Henry J. Helps sale at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon. Two beautiful heart-shaped cinnabar lacquer boxes of the Chien-lung period, with beautiful decorations of wooded landscapes and wreaths of flowers, went to T. Nikevich for $240.

A carved ivory group, 9½ inches high by 8 wide, "The Flagellation," was bought by Harding for $130; J. Peters paid $105 for a ten-inch carved ivory group in Directoire costume, and Belle ——, to Dr. A. Kahenovics went a carved and inlaid ivory triptych, three scenes with the Madonna and Child and Saints for $125, and a second larger triptych, of ivory, of the Spanish Gothic style, the arched case with a cost of arms, the Crucifixion in the centre of the triptych, went to the same buyer for $175, and for a 30-inch carved ivory tusk, Renaissance

FUND FOR NEEDIEST REACHES $23,757

Contributions Take a Spurt on the Fifth Day and Total $6,797.80.

DOLLAR GIFTS RECEIVED

Success of the Appeal Depends on Number Responding With Small Donations.

EACH WILL AID A FAMILY

One Hundred Per Cent. of Every Gift Goes to Help Stricken Persons.

Contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases yesterday amounted to $6,797.80, bringing the total to $23,757.63.

The figure yesterday, which was the fifth day since the appeal was made, was considerably larger than that of any of the four preceding days. It was nearly as large as the total of the fifth day last year, which was $6,972. The contributions were large on the first four days after the 1919 appeal, and then fell off sharply. They have been unexpectedly small on the first four days this year, but the change for the better yesterday was encouraging.

The total of $23,757.63, however, is a little less than half of $47,612.15, which was received in the same number of days in 1919. It is more than $83,000 below last year's grand total of $106,967.14.

The largest gift yesterday was one of $840 from Mrs. James Barber of Englewood, N. J., who has been for years a large contributor to the Hundred Neediest Cases. Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, sent a check for $500. Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff was another contributor.

The improved showing yesterday was largely due to the increased number of small gifts. The fate of the appeal this year will be determined by the response from those who can afford but little. Yesterday was the first day on which many one-dollar gifts were received.

Urges Drive for Single Dollars.

One of the dollar gifts was accompanied by the following pertinent letter:

"For the Hundred Neediest Cases:

"It is only a dollar, but it is the best I can do.

"I wish every one who possibly could would send just a dollar—there are loads who could do it.

"Perhaps if you mention it in your paper, many dollars might come forth. There are people who think a small sum is no use sending. Make a drive for single dollars. ANONYMOUS."

The following are from other letters enclosing small amounts:

E. H. B.—"Enclosed is a dollar from a little boy to help out in Case 14 mentioned in your Sunday edition."

A Stenographer—"I sincerely regret that existing conditions will not permit of my contributing a larger amount to this worthy cause, but I trust some good will be accomplished with this mite."

A Smith College Girl—"Enclosed please find check for $1 to be applied to Case 79 of the Hundred Neediest Cases. I greatly regret that I am unable to send more."

J. F. E. M.—"I am enclosing my mite, $2, for the A. I. C. P. I think this is a wonderful work. May I suggest that, however small the amount, it will be acceptable, as many small amounts make large sums. Even 50 cents in stamps."

A contribution of $5 came yesterday with the following:

"Dec. 17, 1920.

"Sir: I am a barber, have a wife and three children to support, am in good health, and have steady work and we are all happy.

"I have read in your paper about the 'Hundred Neediest Cases' and I could not resist the temptation to help one of them. Enclosed you will find a small donation for Case No. 5. Wishing you success in your great work, I remain, yours, "A. S."

Families Get 100 Per Cent. of Gifts.

One hundred per cent. of every gift, from that of a dollar or less up to thousands of dollars, goes to help New York families and orphans who have in the last year been struck the heaviest blows by death and disease and other misfortunes which they were powerless to prevent. There is none who better deserves to be helped.

Each gift will relieve immediate suffering, or nourish underfed children back to health, or help a stricken family until it can move ahead again on its own power, or provide some unlucky child with education enough to give it a new and fairer start. Many of the gifts do a three-fold work of mercy, giving immediate physical aid such as food, care and medicine, saving mothers and children from the anguish, both violent and long-drawn-out, of being taken from the arms of one another and placed in institutions, and providing constructively for the future by enabling a hurt family to have a breathing spell until some of its members can make it self-supporting.

Each additional dollar enlarges the scale of the work. Each reader who could give a dollar, or more or less, but decides against it, limits the chances of some family to obtain relief and happiness and a brighter prospect for the future.

Some of the typical stories among the Hundred Neediest Cases are the following.

CASE 14.

Father in Hospital, Mother Works.

When Hiram D. was taken away to the hospital with tuberculosis his wife, who had formerly been well taken care of by him, uttered never a word of complaint, but gathering her two boys and little girl to her, the oldest of whom is but 10, she told them that they must help each other get along until their father was well. She then moved them to an apartment where she accounted for half the rent by acting as janitress. During the long evenings she employed herself by cutting gold leaf. For months she kept this up with nobody knowing the extent of her needs. An increase in the rent finally brought her to the offices of the charity organization. She could not meet the added burden. The reports from the hospital are very hopeful. Next year Hiram will be back in his place as bread winner.

Total amount needed, $300.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

CASE 22.

Husband and Son Die.

Until Fred became of working age Mrs. K. took care of the family of four left her at the death of her tuberculous husband. After six years of what appeared to be an endless struggle Fred took his place beside her as breadwinner of the family. Without apparent warning he suddenly sickened and died of the same disease that took his father. The second shock was more than Mrs. K could stand. She suffered a physical and mental collapse, and was removed to the country. She is back again today, greatly improved but fearful of the problem of taking care of the three remaining children, the eldest of whom is 13.

Total amount needed, $240.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4068.)

CASE 43.

Invalid Mother Needs Sons.

Any mother would be proud of three such sons as Duncan, Malcolm and James. Mrs. W. feels that the years she gave to their care were well spent even though it means that today she sits in her chair a helpless invalid. The home is neat and clean, plants growing in cigar boxes on her windowsill are tokens of her sons' care. Duncan is 15. In another year he will be able to do more than the odd jobs after school. He will become the breadwinner for the family. Malcolm, 13, will soon follow in his footsteps. There is a bright future ahead for this hardy little family provided they can be held together for another year.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4068.)

CASE 47.

Can't Stand on Feet.

Were it not for serious foot trouble which makes every moment spent on her feet a period of agony, Martha M. would not be applying for help. She is alone in the world with her two boys, Bob, 8, and Dick, not quite 2. Bob suffers from the same kind of affliction as his mother. Both need braces and a supply of specially constructed shoes. The whole family of three need clothes for the Winter. A position as seamstress where she can bring her two boys is ready for Martha just as soon as she is in condition to take it, but she has no hope of this unless some kind Providence watches over her this Christmas.

Total amount needed, $400.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

CASE 89.

Grief-Burdened Mother.

Theresa thinks that the English word for death is anthrax. For that is what the doctors said when they took her in to see the body of her Salvatore. In time she will know better, but just now Theresa is too stupefied to care. A fourth baby has just arrived. His name is Salvatore. With him to comfort her and the knowledge that he and the three other little ones will not be taken from her, Theresa may wake up from her grief. At best, however, she needs a year's care and help before she can take her place in the line of those who "finish on pants."

Total amount needed, $720.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4068.)

CASE 92.

Would Starve With Them.

With the knowledge that his wife and the two babies, both under 2, will surely starve while he is gone, Dick cannot be induced to go to a sanitarium, which is the only hope there is for his bad lungs. He would rather stay and die with them, he says. Dick is not past the curing stage. A year's sojourn in the country will put him on his feet. What good is that, he asks, if he will come back to an empty home. The assurance of a fund of $15 a week for a year will save this family from dire suffering or worse.

Total amount needed, $720.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040).

CASE 99.

Aid Gone, Family Suffers.

Mac G. was employed in one of the city's civil service departments. Last January he fell desperately ill. For several months his benefit society helped support the good American home that he and his wife had built up for their three young children. He is no longer eligible for this aid. His wife goes out twice a week to do the kind of work that others used to do for her. The rest of the time she spends nursing Mac and taking care of the home. In six months it is expected that he will be able to return to his duties.

Total amount needed, $450.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040)

CASE 100.

No Money for Bread.

Fresh eggs and milk for the whole family were the doctor's orders when he examined Mrs. J. and her five children after Malcolm J. was removed to the sanatorium for the tuberculous. Mrs. J. looked at the doctor with a slow, pitiful smile. She nodded her head in agreement. Fearful lest the children would be removed to an institution, she did not tell him that there was no money in the house for even a loaf of bread. A neighbor reported them to the charity offices. It was then that their wretched plight was discovered. The children, all under 11, are weak and undernourished. They have no clothes with which to face the Winter's cold. With the care that he is getting Malcolm ought to be well before the end of next year. The thing that will most tend to hasten his recovery is the knowledge that his family is being taken care of during his absence.

Total amount needed, $500.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

Donations From Places Far Away.

Some of yesterday's contributions traveled long distances. One came to the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor from Denver, Col. The first contribution from outside of the United States came yesterday to THE NEW YORK TIMES from Mrs. Charles B. Speer Jr. of Cobourg, Ontario, Canada. Another long-distance contribution was from "F. A. S." of Aiken, S. C., who wrote:

"Kindly use this small amount for which you will find check enclosed toward any one of the Hundred Neediest Cases that may not be getting as much attention as some of the others. Your appeal makes me long to give more, but I am giving in many other directions and can do no more. Allow me to thank you for bringing these cases before the public."

Some of the other letters accompanying contributions were the following:

Baldwin Schlesinger, Executor—"Enclosed please fid my check, which is to be divided between cases 35 and 37. This is to be credited to Mr. Charles Landsman, who died two years ago and left a certain amount the interest of which was to be divided between two of the worthy families as published in your valuable paper every year. This is the second instalment paid."

Roger B. Wood—"I am sending check for $150 for the Hundred Neediest Cases. I am sure the people will not fail to provide the necessary money for this wonderful charity."

Civil War Veteran—"May I trouble you to pay the enclosed order to those you consider most in need?"

E. Maud Walker—"I am enclosing check for $5 for you to please add to the fund for the Hundred Neediest Cases. As I have a young son of my own, I realize how hard it would be if I were forced to go out and earn a living and leave him with indifferent care or no care at all. I hope you will receive the full amount you wish without much trouble."

"Richard's Mother"—"This is Richard's first Christmas—he is 7 months old—and he thinks the nicest way to celebrate it is to help some little boy less fortunate than he. So he is sending this check to be used for little David—Case 66."

Surrogate Mortimer B. Patterson of Rockland County—"I enclose you herewith my check for $25 to be devoted to the one of your Hundred Neediest Cases which receives the least response."

Sends Cost of Seat at Fight.

Anonymous—"Sixteen dollars was the cost of a good seat at the Dempsey-Brennan fight. It ended in a knockout. I think I would just as ilef spend $16 to help in the everyday fight so many needy families are making, and an uphill, gamie fight, too. May it help knock out a little of their trouble."

A Farmer's Wife, Warrenton, Virginia, Va.—"I think that faithough I ought to give a larger amount to the poor nearer home) I owe you a part of my Christmas money and I enclose my mite."

Arthur R. Gould—"I enclose herewith my check for $10 toward helping the Hundred Neediest Cases. They are all so deserving. I leave its distribution to your judgment. The small amount is donated in behalf of my daughter, 4 years old, who had saved her pennies and who is more fortunate than some others."

Amelia—"Enclosed find small amount, which I wish you would apply to whichever case receives the least attention. I trust that your campaign of 1920 will be very successful and will surpass that of 1919."

No one is authorized to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State pension law.

Contributions are deductible from income tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessaries, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.

Checks may be drawn to the order of THE NEW YORK TIMES or to the order of the Hundred Neediest fund.

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO FUND FOR NEEDIEST

Contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases yesterday amounted to $6,797.80, making a total of $23,757.63 received so far this year. Contributions came yesterday as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES	$4,860.80
Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	694.00
Charity Organization Society	634.00
State Charities Aid Association	363.00
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities	246.00
Total	$6,797.80
Previously acknowledged	16,959.83
Total	$23,757.63

Contributions received direct by THE NEW YORK TIMES:

A. M. C.	$2
A. M. D.	10
Amelia	10
Aananielf, Baby	10
Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. E. B.	6
Anonymous	25
Anonymous	5
Anonymous	5
Anonymous	10
Anonymous	20
Anonymous	5
Anonymous	50
Anonymous	2
Anonymous	10
Anonymous	2
Appleton, Frank	1
Armstrong, A. G.	10
A. S.	2
A. S.	5
Audrey	1
Baer, Hugo	2
Baldwin, M. E.	5
Ball, W. L.	25
Bame, Joseph	10
Barber, Miss G.	100
Barber, Mrs. J.	600
Barbour, M. W.	10
Barnard, Miles H.	10
Bedinger, Margery	2
Bender, W. A.	10
Bernkesser, H.	5
Bernstein, David	25
Bernstein, Norma and Arthur	5
B. G. G.	5
B. L., P. O. Box 388	5
Boese, Edwin	25
Britisher	1
Brown, M. L.	20
Buckbee, L. R.	10
Bullock, Grace	10
Burchell, T. H.	10
Bush, A. P.	5
Butler, Virginia	50
Campbell, V. W.	5
Carter, E. T.	25
Cash	10
Chamamky, Mrs. L.	10
Chata, K.	2
Conried, M. L.	10
Cooper, A. L.	5
Costa, A. Arbib	5
Delanty, E.	5
Didymus	5
Douglas, M. A.	5
Drucker, Misses	1
E. H. B.	5
Ehrlich, B. H.	10
E. L., Lieut. and Mrs.	10
Elaine	1
E.L.Y. and L.S.Y.	50
Employe Consolidated Gas Co. of N. Y.	3
Employes Tidewater Paper Mill Co.	17
Englishman, City	10
E. O. L.	5
Eppstein, Helen	5
E. R. R.	5.50
E. T. L.	10
E. W. H.	2
E. W., Vet. Civil War	5
Farmer's Wife	25
Farr, James W.	10
Field, L. S.	10
F. M. A.	10
Ford, Ella P.	5
Fox, Mrs. H. H.	5
Francis, F. E.	5
Franck, Lucien	10
Frank, Eli B.	10
Frank, Ethel M.	10
Frank, Robert C.	1
Frankel, Max	5
Friend	5
Friend	10
Friend	5
From Three	30
Fuld, Gus	25
Gail, H. M.	25
Gary, Judge E. H.	500
Gaskell, Bertha C.	25
Genung, F. M.	5
Georgiade, E.	5
Gettner, C. H.	15
G. G.	2
G. H. C.	5
G. H. R. and M. A. R.	20
Giles, Lidia	5
Glass, G. L.	10
G. N. Jr.	10
Gold, Sigmund	10
Good, Mr. and Mrs.	10
Gould, A. R.	10
Grace, G.	1
Grace, G.	1
Haas, Ira	25
Hannah and Rae	5
Hansman, W. L.	10
Hartman, C. A.	5
Hartshorn, Mrs. S. H.	50
Harvey, Mr. and Mrs. Penn	10
Hayes, Maude	10
Hayward baby	5
H. D. T.	5
Hendrie, M.	5
H. H. V. B.	2
Hughes, E. W.	2
Hutchins, G. F.	10
In memoriam	5
In memory of C. L.	10
In memory E.K.E.	10
In memory J. S. A.	3
In memory of Mary King, Mrs. E. F.	10
Marks, Sadie V. P.	12
Meeller, Annie	25
Nisbet, Mrs. T. S.	5
Ray, Mrs.	2
Redfern, Mrs. C. H.	5
Schlatar, Mr. W.	5
Scudder, Anna E.	5
Seymour, Mrs. E. W.	5
Soule, Miss Helen	5
French	5
Spies, Mrs. W. A.	25
Steele, Mrs. W. C.	5
Stone, Mrs. E. S.	5
United Pub. Corp.	200
Wiebusch, C. F.	10
Total	$894

Contributions received through the Charity Organization Society:

A. A.	$100
Alvator, Lillie J.	2
Biddle, Mrs. E. R.	25
Butler, Mrs. Chas.	25
Condit, E. A. Jr.	100
Dessaint, Mrs. B.I.F.	25
Falk, Mrs. A. E.	6
Gimbel, Mrs. Isaac	25
Goldburg, Mrs. C.	1
Hiller, Mrs. E.	1
In memory of G. H. Chickering	100
Total	$334

Contributions received through the State Charities Aid Association:

Dery, D. G., Allentown, Pa.	$100
Penoger, Mrs. C.W.	100
Innis, Mrs. W. R.	50
Wise, Miss Edna E.	5
Westfield, N. J.	30
Choate, Miss H. A., North'm'ton, Mass.	25
Pupils Miss Wickham's School	22
Grumbach, Mrs. N.	10
Howell, A. V., Dayton, Ohio	$10
S. O. R., East Orange, N. J.	5
Watson, Miss A.	5
O'Neill, Miss M. P., Loomis, N. Y.	2
Heavenrich, Mrs. Sel H.	2
Moog, Mrs. C. T., Irvington, N.J.	1
Total	$383

Contributions received through the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:

Alt-Muller, H. K.	$5
Anonymous	10
E. M. S.	1
Fisher, Florence T.	5
Hall, Mrs. R.	2
In Memory	2
Keller, George H.	10
L. S.	5
Lockwood, Geo. W.	1
Nash, Mrs.	20
M. A. W.	20
Otis, Mrs. Morton	25
Otley, Helen M.	2
Wells, Miss M. F.	4
Van Raalte, Z.	5
(From C. O. S.)	30
Armstrong, E. F.	25
Bullwinkel, I. T.	10
Cooper, F. L.	10
Dodge, Mrs.	2
Elmore, E. F.	3
A Friend	5
Joerg, Mrs. T. N.	5
Jones, F.	5
King, Mrs. E. A.	10
Memory of M.B.C.	5
Maxon, D. N.	5
The Widow's Mite	15
Total	$246

LOLITA ARMOUR TO WED J. J. MITCHELL JR.

Packer's Daughter, Cured of Childhood Deformity by Dr. Lorenz, Engaged to Banker's Son.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Ogden Armour tonight made formal announcement of the engagement of their only daughter, Lolita Armour, to John J. Mitchell Jr., son of the Chairman of the Board of Directors of three of Chicago's largest banks. The date for the wedding has not been set.

While the announcement of the engagement came unexpectedly, the two young people have known each other practically all of their lives. Miss Armour is the heiress to a fortune which is conservatively estimated at $60,000,000. Young Mitchell will share in a fortune estimated at $10,000,000.

Young as they are, both Miss Armour and young Mitchell have been the victims of unkind fate, and both are living today after their lives had been almost despaired of.

From her birth, in 1897, Miss Armour was the victim of a congenital dislocation of both hip joints. Her parents appealed to specialist after specialist for aid, but they were able to do nothing for her until she was 8 years old. Then word reached the city of the marvelous cures that were being made by Dr. Adolf Lorenz of Vienna, inventor of a system of "bloodless surgery." Dr. Lorenz was brought to Chicago in 1902. He performed a number of operations in Chicago hospitals, and finally operated upon Miss Armour. Six months later she cast in which her limbs were retained for that time was removed, and the operation was pronounced a success.

In 1908 Miss Armour made a visit to Dr. Lorenz in Vienna and received additional treatment. Since then there has been no noticeable effect of her childhood misfortune.

WEDDINGS.

Miss Olive Ogden the Bride of Douglas Robinson Gray.

The wedding of Miss Olive Ogden, daughter of the late Mrs. Guy Minton by a former marriage, and Douglas Robinson Gray, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Tifft Gray of this city, took place yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's stepfather, Guy Minton, in Chatham, N. J. A reception followed the ceremony.

The bride was attended by Miss Marion L. C. Gray, sister of the bridegroom, as maid of honor. William C. Arnold of Orange served as best man.

Mr. Gray is a graduate of Harvard University, class of '15, and also of the Columbia Law school. He is a member of the New York Bar and belongs to the Harvard Club and to the Society of Mayflower Descendants. During the war he was in the Naval Armed Guard Radio Service.

Moran-Titus.

The marriage of Miss Winifred Post Titus, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Titus, and Donald Nelson Moran, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Leon Moran, took place yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's parents at Plainfield, N. J., the Rev. E. Vicare Stevenson officiating. Mr. Moran is connected with the Federal Reserve Bank of this city.

Thompson-Walker.

The marriage of Miss Helen B. Walker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar B. Walker of East Orange, N. J., and C. Harlan Thompson of San Antonio, Texas, took place last evening in Grace Episcopal Church, Orange. The ceremony was performed by the rector, the Rev. Charles Thomas Walkley. Mr. and Mrs. Thompson will make their home in San Antonio, where the former is in business.

HORATIO W. SEYMOUR DEAD.

Editorial Writer on The World Dies at 66 After Two Days' Illness.

Horatio Winslow Seymour, for many years an editorial writer on The World, died yesterday at his home, 530 West End Avenue, after a two-days' illness of angina pectoris. He was born in Cayuga County, New York, in 1854, and worked as a printer before entering the city room of The Milwaukee News. From 1875 to 1883 he was with The Chicago Times as telegraph editor and then night editor. There followed twelve years on The Herald of the same city, as editor and later managing editor.

Then Mr. Seymour became the editor and publisher of The Chicago Chronicle. On its suspension in 1907 he came to this city as editorial writer and editorial supervisor of The World, leaving that paper for a few months in 1911 to edit The St. Louis Republic, then returning to The World as an editorial writer. He was at his desk as late as Wednesday of this week. He was married in 1876 to Miss Annie E. Jones of Racine, Wis.

The Rev. Dr. Arthur T. Guttery.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 17.—The Rev. Dr. Arthur Thomas Guttery, President of the National Free Church Council, died today.

The Rev. Dr. Guttery, who was born in Birmingham in 1862, entered the ministry in 1883. He was pastor of the Primitive Methodist Church of Liverpool and formerly was President of the Primitive Methodist Conference. He was a constant writer on religious subjects for publications both in England and the United States.

Contributions received through the

In memory of J. S. E.	50
In memory of Marian B.Gutherson	24
In memory L.T.W.	15
In memory of G. Sol	25
In memory Charles H. Lehman	25
In memory mother	5
In memory Fanny Ronvant	25
In memory of a sister	5
J. D. C.	5
J. E. C.	5
J. F. E. M.	2
Jones, Mrs. S. H.	2
Kafka, Victor	2
Kane, Mary	5
Kellam, Lillie H.	5
Klauber, Arthur	25
Klein, Mrs.	5
Kohler, Arthur W.	25
Kreeger, S. G.	100
Kuh, J.	2
K. Y. R.	5
Langadorf, Mrs. J. E.	15
Lanzit, M.	5
Lawrence, E. & R.	25
Lehnson, R. J.	5
Ley, F. A.	25
Ley, Mignin	25
Ley, T. M.	20
Lincoln	25
L. McK.	2
L. M. H.	5
Loewstein, S. C.	50
Lowe, Mary E.	15
Lowe, Mary E.	10
Mackellar, Mrs. G. M.	5
Marian	100
Mary Estell	5
Mathewson, Alice	5
Mrs. M. B.	10
M. C. H., in memory of C. J. P.	5
M. D. C.	2
M. E. L.	5
Merwin, Mrs. B. R.	10
Michaelis, Wm.	5
M. McK. P.	2
Montclair, N. J.	2
Moore, E. H.	10
M. O. W.	5.30
M. S. R.	4
Munves, E.	10
Nelson, Mrs. H.	2
Noel	1
N. M. H.	1
No Name	1
No Name and Address	2
Norton, Mr. and Mrs. E.	5
Nostrand, Mrs. D. O. H.	5
Owsley, Margaret	12
Parkinson, J. G.	10
Patterson, M. R.	25
Peck, F. W.	2
Pete	2
Peters, J. R.	50
Phelps, M. B.	10
Porter, Mrs. J. M.	5
Porter, R. A.	1
Ransom, Alice	1
Reybolds, F. C.	5
R. L. A.	2
Robinson, E.	10
Rosenf'ld, Mrs. E. L.	25
Rosenheim, Mrs. P.	5
Rose, F. J.	50
S. W. L.	10
Sachett	25
Sauvage, Mrs.	3
Scheer, Mrs. A.	25
Schiff, Mrs. Jacob	100
Schwarz, Emil	5
S. G. M.	500
Shasken, E. F.	5
Shasken, Lincoln	5
Shasken, Paul	5
Shasken, Rosalind	5
Sherman, Katherine H.	5
Smith College girls	30
Smith, E. D.	10
Smith, Florence	1
Snow, Mrs. F. A.	50
Speer, Mrs. C. E.	25
Steele, Mrs. A. W.	25
Stenographer	1
Sterling, M. M.	10
St. George	25
Strasburger, B. L.	25
Standish, Mrs. D.H.	10
Strong, W.	10
Taylor, H. L.	10
Taylor, W. S.	5
T. H.	1
Thompson, H. C.	30
Thompson, H. L.	10
Thompson, D. S.	5
Vivian	5
Y. M.	5
Walker, E. Maude	10
Walter, Mrs. M.	10
Walsh, C. V.	10
Walsh, Mrs. M. D.	10
Warren, Mrs. A.F.	5
Washing Woman	5
Waterman, F. M.	10
Weill, I.	50
Welcke, Wm.	10
Wheeler, H. W.	10
White, A. L.	15
White, E. L. R.	5
Wiedermann, F.	2
Williams, A. K.	20
Woerishoffer, Mrs.	100
Wood, R. B.	150
Woodward C.	50
W. T. W.	100
Yates, B.	10
Zelenkovs, Mrs. E.	10

GREET DEBUTANTES AT MANY PARTIES

Mrs. E. M. Stout Entertains for Her Daughter Margaret at Luncheon at the Ritz.

DINNER FOR MISS PEABODY

Miss Coppell Introduced at Dinner-Dance at Colony Club and Miss Mary Cameron at Ball at Ritz.

Yesterday's society program was well filled with débutante events, including luncheons, dinners, theatre parties and dances.

Mrs. Edward Martin Stout of 117 West Fifty-eighth Street entertained at the Ritz-Carlton for her débutante daughter, Miss Margaret L. Stout, with a large luncheon. The guests, seated at three tables, included the Misses Isabella Wood, Mary Davis Landstreet, Jane Monson, Aileen Flannery, Gertrude Ogden, Cynthia Bigelow, Constance Nash, Corolyn Ferriday, Dorothy Clemens, Katherine Morris, Nathalie Hanna, Isabel McMillin, Charlotte Demorest, Mary Luke, Barbara Hooker, Katharine Hagerty, Grace Dietrich, Ethel Hayes, Genevieve Cawthra, Frances Drury, Louise Tripp, Marjorie Hughes, Shirley Hellen of Pittsburgh and Mrs. Carroll L. Wainwright.

Mrs. Pennington Satterthwaite gave a danner at the Colony Club, followed by a party to the play, for her niece, Miss Eleanor E. R. Peabody, the débutante daughter of Mrs. Archibald Peabody, who is in mourning. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. George Russell Peabody, Mr. and Mrs. Grenville Temple Emmet, the Misses Juliet D. Longfellow, Katherine Morris, Helen Trevor, Betty Thompson, Katharine Post, Eleanor King, Katherine Emmet, Hester Emmet, Margaret Warren, Harriet Camac, Ralph Ingersoll, Alfred Norris, Alfred Hyde Clarke, Albert Francke, Alan Merritt, Temple Emmet Jr., Waldron P. Belknap Jr., R. McAllister Lloyd Jr., R. W. Wood, William P. Wainwright and Donald Sexton.

Miss Susan Bowers Coppell, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Coppell, made her début last evening at a dinner and dance that Mrs. Coppell gave at the Colony Club. The dinner was one of several preceding the dance, and was at the town house of Mr. and Mrs. Coppell, 123 East Fifty-sixth Street. The dinner guests numbered about thirty-five and were the Misses Eliza Seymour Parish, Margaret Phelps, Sarnia Marquand, Frances Isham, Lee Dodge, Katharine Francis, Barbara Hooker, Jodie Feder, Helen and Gertrude Ogden, Dorothy Clemens, Clara Workum, Helen Coppell, also William McAplin, Lea Luquer, John McKernan, William Maddox, Murray C. McComas, Joseph Crowell, Donald Lamb, Laurence Seymour, Dudley and John T. Mills Jr., Sampson Smith, John Thomas, Russell Lowell, John Holmes, Arthur Titus, Meredith Wood, Archibald Savory, John Lewis, Anthony McKim, Purdy Hall and Edward Pattison. Among other dinner givers were Mrs. Laurence Ellimap and Mrs. Louis Watjen.

Miss Mary Cameron, a granddaughter of the late Sir Roderick Cameron, daughter of Duncan Cameron, and a niece of Mrs. Belmont Tiffany and Mrs. Judah Howe Sears of Washington, was presented to society by Mrs. Tiffany, with whom she is living, at one of the largest balls of the season at the Ritz-Carlton, which was preceded by many dinners, including one that Miss Cameron gave. The dinner hostesses numbered twenty or more, and among them were Mrs. Pennington Satterthwaite, whose dinner and theatre guests went on to the ball. Mrs. William Woodward, Mrs. F. Burrall Hoffmann, Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt 2d, Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Mrs. Mary H. Wiborg, Mrs. William A. Delano, Mrs. J. W. Gerard and Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed.

Mrs. Tiffany and her niece received alone near the ballroom entrance, and the seated supper was served in the main restaurant. The débutantes and other young girls who accepted included the Misses Muriel Vanderbilt, Grace Vanderbilt, Margaret Kahn, Annie B. Auchincloss, Eleanor S. Towne, Helen Trevor, Ellen Randolph, Mary Van R. Cogswell, Marion K. Hoffman, Georgina L. Wells, Margaret Davidson, Esther Waudern Matthews, Marion Taylor, Mary Wistar Morris, Laura Harding, Cornelia Vanderbilt and Elsie Parsons. There were also many older girls, young married couples and a number of older married people, some seven hundred in all.

ABRAHAM LEVY, LAWYER, DIES AT 58

Counsel for Defense in Many Famous Criminal Trials Underwent Two Operations.

Abraham Levy, who appeared as counsel for the defense in some of the most famous criminal trials of the last thirty years, died Thursday night at his home, 57 West Seventy-third Street, of a combination of ailments that became serious in September. An operation for gall stones was followed by another for a gathering in the throat.

"Abe" Levy was born in England fifty-eight years ago, came here as a child and earned his living while obtaining an education. In his first big criminal case, in 1890, he defended Frenchy the Algerian, later declared insane, who had killed a woman of the underworld called "Mother Shakespeare." He was defending counsel for Fayne Moore, whose husband received a nineteen-year sentence for fleecing a hotel proprietor in the badger game.

Perhaps the best remembered of the many important trials in which he acted for the accused was that of Nan Patterson, the chorus girl charged with murdering in a hansom cab the bookmaker Caesar Young. She was freed after the jury disagreed a second time. Levy's battles with Prosecutor William Rand occupied many columns of the papers at the time. His last notable appearance was when he went to the aid of Charles E. Chapin, The Evening World city editor, who shot his wife.

Services will be held at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning at Temple Rodeph Sholom, Sixty-third Street and Lexington Avenue.

Wilfred Earl Youker.

Wilfred Earl Youker, for three terms an Assemblyman from the Twenty-first Assembly District in Brooklyn and since 1919 Assistant Director of the State Income Tax Bureau, in charge of the Brooklyn district, died yesterday in the Carson Peck Memorial Hospital after an operation for appendicitis. He was in his forty-fifth year.

Obituary Notes.

WALTER GRAHAM, millionaire land promoter of Florida, who two years ago was host at a dinner at the Hotel Sherman, Chicago, which cost $26,000 and lasted two weeks, died last night of apoplexy at that hotel, while in Chicago to complete the sale of 200,000 acres of land in De Soto County, Florida.

BEN HANO, fifteen years a manufacturing stationer, died yesterday of uraemic poisoning at his residence, 539 West 112th Street, aged 61.

Mrs. BERTHA B. CHITTENDEN, widow of Horace H. Chittenden, died yesterday at her residence, St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.

PETER ANDERSON, for over forty years with the Jacob Ruppert Brewing Company, for which firm he made fifty trips to Denmark, died yesterday at his home in Caldwell, N. J. He was born in Denmark in 1867.

Mrs. MARY ANGELINA GODDARD, widow of Ira Goddard, for fifty years a wholesale jeweler in Manhattan, died yesterday at her home, 694 Willoughby Avenue, Brooklyn, in her seventy-second year.

Mrs. MARY LOUISE JOHNSON CASE, widow of Clinton F. Case, formerly Vice President of the Woolworth Company, in charge of all its stores in Greater New York, died yesterday at her home, 1,182 Dean Street, Brooklyn.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt will entertain at dinner, followed by a dance, on next Monday evening at her residence, 640 Fifth Avenue.

Mrs. Sackett M. Barclay and Mrs. Thornton Chanler will give a débutante reception for Miss Ethel Chanler on Tuesday, Dec. 28, at 10 West Fifty-third Street, from 4 to 7 o'clock. On the 28th Mrs. William Constable of 11 West Forty-eighth Street is giving a large luncheon for Miss Chard.

Mrs. S. Osgood Pell, Mrs. and Mrs. Reginald Rosalds and Mrs. William Loyd Rice entertained dinner parties last night at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Knox are now occupying their new home at 300 Madison Avenue.

Mrs. John C. Mallery has returned from the Virginia Hot Springs and is at the Vanderbilt for the season.

Mrs. Schuyler N. Warren is receiving this afternoon at her home, 17 West Fifty-third Street, for the British Consul General and Mrs. Armstrong.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Herbert Jones of 16 East Ninety-sixth Street and Cold Spring Harbor, L. I., are rece

JOHNSON'S FORCES RULE A. L. SESSION

Rotation Plan Is Ignored in Election of Big Ban's Supporters to Directorate.

RUPPERT DECLINES OFFER

Refuses to Sit on Board Without Frazee and Comiskey as His Associates—Peace With Variations.

After the magnates of the American League had closed yesterday the four or five hour session which constituted their annual meeting, and had descended to the lobby of the Hotel Belmont, where they were immediately surrounded by long-suffering war correspondents and commanded to surrender, they announced first of all that they had been having a swell little love feast. One gathered that the place where they met had been tastefully draped with streamers of pure white, adorned with cupids, and that a cooing dove perched upon each brawny shoulder. If anybody brought a wound or sore spot to the gathering, it is understood that the application of plenty of salve effected a complete cure.

Anyhow, every baseball chieftain emerged from the elevator wearing a blissful and becoming smile. Whether the smiles had been practiced in front of the mirror before descending or whether they were the spontaneous effect of bubbling spirits is not known. That is, it is not known absolutely, but one may be pardoned his little conjecture.

In forming each his private opinion the war correspondents considered various matters not covered in the scant data given out after the session. They reflected that it had taken many weary hours to transact business which a woman's literary society could have covered easily, under wraps, in ten minutes, unless some obstacle, such as a tidy scrap, had arisen to break the monotony. They pondered upon the election, as announced, of a Board of Directors representing St. Louis, Cleveland, Washington and Philadelphia, all clubs loyal to Ban Johnson's wavering fortunes, although New York, Boston, Chicago and Cleveland should have had the Directors under the rotation plan that prevails under placid, amiable conditions.

Peace Dove's Wings Frayed.

If that was a sample of peace yesterday at the Belmont, then one touch of real war would coalesce the baseball world into a molten mass. What happened was that the famous five little Johnsonites, gathered in platoon formation behind their ponderous leader, undertook to wreak consoling vengeance on the trio of American League owners who united with the older league in forcing Big Ban and his quintet to accept the plan of baseball reformation with Judge Landis as the highest constituted authority.

Johnson and his supporters gave three rousing cheers for Judge Landis, and for the new code, and for the new era, and for everything else in sight after their surrender, but they didn't cheer for the surrender. In fact, they didn't care for it at all. So they just lay back waiting for the annual confab of the league, where they would be in the majority, to offer themselves the consolation prize of a wallop at their three pet enemies.

The majority offered, it is understood, to seat Colonel Ruppert on the Board of Directors with Messrs. Ball, Dunn and Griffith, but the doughty New Yorker would have none of it. He wanted Frazee and Comiskey to sit with him, as they were ethically entitled to do. So he turned down the stupendously generous offer and Tom Shibe became the fourth member of the board.

However, it wasn't all honey for Mr. Johnson at that. He wanted to be reimbursed by the league for money expended by him in investigating the Mays case, this source of perpetual irritation. He insisted that he had poured out his coin inhis capacity as head of the league and not in his less noteworthy rôle as a private citizen. There were objections made, strangely enough, and the matter was laid over for consideration when the clans reach Chicago in January.

The club owners went on record as opposing the interleague waiver rule, except on drafted players. Under the present rule which desires to send a player to a minor league must first secure waivers from all other clubs of both major leagues, and a club refusing to waive on the player may claim his services for the waiver price. If the rule is changed clubs of one league would have to ask only the waivers of clubs in the same league, while drafted players would be subject to claims from all major league clubs.

Aid Prosecution of Gamblers.

The Directors voted a sum of money, amount not disclosed, to be devoted to assisting the State's Attorney in prosecuting the players and gamblers indicted by the Grand Jury in Chicago in connection with the world's series of 1919. By means of a ouija board and a set of poker dice, it was decided to award the 1920 pennant to the Cleveland Indians.

The agreement between the two major leagues, to which the National League gave official endorsement the other day, was ratified by the younger body. Frank Navin, the only offical whose term expired, was re-elected Vice President.

The league voted to continue the recognized and certified spitball pitchers in service indefinitely, without allowing their ranks to be augmented. This was in distinction to the action of the National League, which approved such a move, but merely recommended it for joint action in Chicago. The American League decided to go it alone in the matter. The proposed opening date for the scheduled games, April 13, was approved.

In some respects New York seems to have made a hit with the magnates. At least, that is a reasinable inference, for they voted that all their regular annual meetings should hereafter be held in this city.

Ty Cobb did not get his appointment today as manager of the Detroit club, because he missed train connections coming to New York and did not arrive until early tonight. President Navin of Detroit arranged to confer with Cobb tomorrow.

Harry H. Frazee, owner of the Boston Red Sox, said last night that Jimmy Burke has been engaged to coach the Red Sox pitchers during the coming season. Burke was manager of the St. Louis Americans last year, and it is generally believed that he will be succeeded in that position by Lee Fohl.

Two club owners, Charles A. Comiskey of Chicago and Phil Ball of St. Louis, were unable to attend the meeting because of illness. Harry Grabiner, Secretary of the White Sox, represented President Comiskey, and Robert Quinn, business manager of the Browns, sat in the meeting for Mr. Ball. Other clubs were represented as follows: New York, Colonel Jacob Ruppert; Boston, Harry H. Frazee; Washington, Clark Griffith; Philadelphia, Thomas Shibe; Cleveland, James C. Dunn, and Detroit, Frank U. Navin.

SPRING GAMES FOR CUBS.

Seventeen Baseball Matches Will Be Played During Trip.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—Seventeen games are scheduled for the Chicago Cubs on their Spring training trip.

The itinerary and games include the following:

March 12 and 13, at Los Angeles; March 14, Pasadena merchants' team; March 16 and 20, Vernon at Los Angeles; March 22 to 28, Portland, Seattle and Salt Lake teams in Southern California; March 24, at Los Angeles; March 27, Vernon at Los Angeles; March 28, at Sacramento; March 29 and 30, at San Francisco; March 31, at Oakland; April 1 and 2, at San Francisco; April 3, at Oakland (morning), at San Francisco (afternoon); April 6, Wichita at Hutchinson, Kan.; April 7, Wichita at Wichita; April 9 and 10, at Kansas City.

Coakley to Coach Columbia Nine for Three More Years

Andy Coakley, the old major league pitcher, who returned to Columbia last Spring as baseball coach, yesterday signed a three-year contract to handle the Blue and White diamond team. Coakley has coached at Columbia for a number of years. In 1916 he developed his best aggregation, which, captained by Robert W. Watt, now Graduate Manager of Athletics, made an impressive record in the East and laid claim to the Eastern college championship. In 1918 and 1919 Coakley was displaced by Fred Dawson, the latter taking charge of baseball and basketball in addition to football. When Dawson resigned last year because of illness Coakley was engaged immediately as baseball coach and coached the nine last Spring.

MATTY IS MAKING BATTLE FOR LIFE

Noted Pitcher Has Had Relapse, but Is Fighting Hard to Regain Strength.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., Dec. 17. — Christy Mathewson, former Giant twirler, suffered a serious relapse two weeks ago, but is making a hard battle for his life, according to private advices received tonight by local friends of Mathewson and his wife from Saranac Lake, where the noted moundsman has been receiving treatment for tuberculosis for months.

Matty suffers great pain while coughing, and is unable to leave his bed. He reads one hour daily, scanning the headlines only of newspapers, but makes no comment on them.

He has nothing to say about baseball reorganization, and his wife allows him no news which might cause worry. The doctors still exclude visitors. Matty is doing everything in his power to regain his strength. He sends Christmas greetings to former friends in the baseball world.

Matty Junior is within reach of his father and reads occasionally to him.

"There is absolutely nothing to the reports that my husband is sinking rapidly," declared Mrs. Mathewson. "He is not, nor is he recovering rapidly. It will be a long hard fight to win, but I feel he will eventually. Two weeks ago he did not feel up to his usual condition but he is now coming along nicely."

OPPOSED TO LONG TERM.

American Association Hesitates Joining Agreement for 25 Years.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—The American Association is willing to enter into the new national baseball agreement with Judge K. M. Landis as supreme commissioner, but does not feel as though it should go in for the provided twenty-five-year period, stated President Tom Hickey on his return here from New York.

"Judge Landis's term is for seven years," he said. "We would have no say about the new commissioner at the termination of Judge Landis's term. This is what the American Association is debating about."

Hickey declared that he believes the movement of the Class AA Leagues to withdraw from the present National Association for the purpose of forming a separate and distinct body to affiliate with both the major and smaller minors would result in the ironing out of a lot of wrinkles.

"Such an arrangement would result in benefit to all parties concerned and would tend to solve the problem of the draft," he said.

QUAKER CITY WINS ON ICE.

Defeats St. Nicholas Hockey Team in Philadelphia by 4 to 3.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 17.—Ashton Souder, on a sensational shot against the St. Nicholas nets in the final period off the ice hockey match tonight at the Ice Palace, broke what had been a tie and won the game from the New Yorkers with a 4 to 3 score for the Quaker City.

Bierwirth, less than two minutes after the start of the first period, recorded a goal for St. Nick. The teams then contested for more than seven minutes before Henriques drove the puck through the St. Nicks for the Quakers' first goal. The first period ended in a deadlock and six minutes or more of the second period had passed before Henriques connected again. He was ably assisted on long skating sprints down the ice by Captain Eddie Hill.

Cushman then contributed one for the New Yorkers. This was followed by another from Henriques's stick, leaving the score 3 to 2 at the end of the second period. The game was well along in the last period when Bierwirth evened the count with a goal. Souder, who had been substituted for Wanamaker, took Hart's puck from a down-ice position, skated through the St. Nicks' points and registered the goal deciding the match.

The line-up:

QUAKER CITY.		ST. NICHOLAS.
Wanamaker	R. W.	Bierwirth
H. Henriques	C.	Huntington
Crawford	L. W.	Jewett
Hill	C.	Von Bernum
Dexter	P.	Morgan
Hart	G.	Small

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Quaker City	1	2	1—4
St. Nicholas	1	1	1—3

Goals—First period, Bierwirth (St. Nicholas), 1:42; Henriques (Quaker City), 7:05. Second period—H. Henriques (Quaker City), 0:14; Cushman (St. Nicholas), 1:50; H. Henriques (Quaker City), 12:20. Third period, Bierwirth (St. Nicholas), 12:40; Souder (Quaker City), 13:30.

Substitutions—Cushman for Morgan. Burgess for Jewett, B. Henriques for Cushman, Cushman for Huntington, Souder for Wanamaker, J. Gilmore for Hart.

Referee—Jack Devine. Goal Umpires—Jack Huhn and M. A. Cross.

Nack-Conifrey Bout Tonight.

Two ten-round bouts are the features of this evening's card at the Commonwealth Sporting Club. The principal match will be between Allie Nack, Harlem lightweight, who recently returned from the Coast, and Frankie Conifrey, the "Fighting Fireman." In the semi-final ten-round bout Pete Slane and Tommy Geary will try conclusions. Matchmaker Tom McArdle has arranged three six-round bouts and two four-round encounters, to precede the main contests.

Pioneer Has Good Card.

The most attractive Saturday night card of boxing bouts offered by the Pioneer Sporting Club since its opening is scheduled for this evening. The principal fifteen-round bout will bring together Georgie Ward of Elizabeth and Paul Doyle, east side welterweight. In a ten-round semifinal contest Tommy Tobin of the east side will engage Sammy Smith, an English bantamweight, who recently arrived in this country seeking ring activity.

To Use Museum for Shooting.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—The old Field Museum in Jackson Park, built as the Fine Arts Palace at the World's Columbian Exposition, will be turned over to the American Legion to be used as a rifle range, the South Park Board has decided. At the time of its erection, in 1893, the Fire Arts Palace was heralded as the most beautiful structure in America.

RICE SETS A NEW FIELDING RECORD

Establishes Highest Figure Ever Reached in Big Leagues for Accepted Chances.

An all-star team of American Leaguers, picked from the standpoint of the official fielding averages alone, would consist of: McInnis, first base; Eddie Collins, second base; Scott, short stop; Gardner, third base; Strunk, Felsch and Jacobson in the outfield, Schalk behind the bat and Mays in the pitching box. All these players except Mays were the fielding leaders in their positions among players taking part in 100 or more games. Mays, who took part in 45 games during the season, handled 123 chances and made but a single error, thereby qualifying as the leader among the pitchers who did any great amount of work. The high light in fielding, however, was furnished by Sam Rice of the Senators, who set a new major league record for chances accepted, 476.

When Sam Rice accepted 478 chances—454 put outs and 24 assists—for an average of .960, he established a new major league record. The nearest approach to this phenomenal performance is: Max Carey, Pittsburgh, 468, 1917; Oscar Felsch, Chicago, 464, 1917, and Tris Speaker, Boston, 455, 1914. This season Rice is far in advance of his nearest rival, William Jacobson, St. Louis, who handled 394 put outs and 18 assists. Felsch, Chicago, is third with 385 put outs and 25 assists and leads in percentage with an average of .981, being charged with but 8 errors.

Boston led the clubs in fielding with a mark of .972. Cleveland was second with .971 and New York third with .969. The figures for the other clubs were as follows: Chicago .968, Detroit .964, St. Louis .963, Washington .963, Philadelphia .959. The White Sox led in double plays, and both Boston and Philadelphia made triple plays during the season. The Red Sox led in number of putouts, while the Mackmen showed the way in both assists and errors. Boston had the low mark in errors, 183.

The averages follow:

First Basemen.

	G.	PO.	A.	E.	P.C.
Ellison, Detroit	58	503	26	5	.997
McInnis, Boston	149	1,586	91	7	.996
Johnston, Cleveland	147	1,427	91	12	.992
Judge, Washington	124	1,104	62	10	.992
Pipp, New York	153	1,649	100	13	.991
Griffin, Philadelphia	128	1,232	96	13	.991
Sisler, St. Louis	154	1,477	140	16	.990
Burrus, Philadelphia	31	252	16	3	.989
Collins, Chicago	117	1,146	63	13	.989
Hellman, Detroit	142	1,320	90	19	.985
Jourdan, Chicago	48	369	18	7	.982

Second Basemen.

Collins, Chicago	153	449	471	26	.976
Brady, Boston	53	111	193	8	.974
Pratt, New York	154	354	515	26	.971
Shannon, Wash.-Phil.	16	39	56	3	.970
Young, Detroit	154	405	436	27	.969
Gedeon, St. Louis	153	363	421	29	.964
Wambsganss, Cleve.	153	414	489	38	.960
Harris, Washington	135	343	401	33	.958
Dugan, Philadelphia	31	70	103	8	.956
Dykes, Philadelphia	98	278	334	29	.955
Vitt, Boston	21	38	60	5	.951
Foster, Boston	21	28	47	4	.949
McNally, Boston	76	168	238	30	.930

Third Basemen.

Vitt, Boston	64	61	148	3	.986
Gardner, Cleveland	154	150	362	8	.978
Ward, New York	44	43	103	3	.963
Thomas, Phila-Wash.	63	75	148	9	.962
McMullin, Chicago	29	23	58	3	.962
Foster, Boston	58	60	133	15	.954
Pinelli, Detroit	110	103	250	18	.950
Shanks, Washington	63	102	131	12	.951
Dugan, Philadelphia	59	76	126	17	.948
Austin, St. Louis	75	106	171	17	.943
Jones, Detroit	44	50	146	14	.932
Ellerbe, Washington	75	101	167	19	.934
Weaver, Chicago	126	153	276	31	.933
Dykes, Philadelphia	44	75	124	16	.928
Smith, St. Louis	76	73	120	20	.910
Shannon, Wash.-Phil.	15	16	32	5	.898
Meusel, New York	45	34	75	13	.893
Hale, Detroit	16	8	31	5	.886

Shortstops.

Lunte, Cleveland	21	28	64	2	.979
Scott, Boston	154	330	496	23	.973
Weaver, Chicago	153	360	475	21	.975
Peckinpaugh, N. Y.	137	263	441	28	.962
Chapman, Cleveland	111	243	371	28	.959
O'Neill, Washington	80	130	251	23	.943
Gerber, St. Louis	150	252	443	42	.942
Sheean, Detroit	140	258	421	45	.938
Risberg, Chicago	124	238	400	45	.934
Shannon, Wash.-Phil.	55	90	154	18	.931
Galloway, Phila.	84	184	252	34	.928
Dugan, Philadelphia	33	79	90	13	.928
Pinelli, Detroit	18	32	40	8	.900
Sewell, Cleveland	22	44	70	15	.884
Ellerbe, Washington	19	25	43	9	.883

Outfielders.

	G.	P.O.	A.	E.	P.C.
Shanks, Washington	35	74	2	0	1000
Heilman, Detroit	29	57	2	0	1000
Shorten, Detroit	99	168	14	2	.989
Wood, Cleveland	54	71	6	1	.987
Bailey, Boston	40	67	3	1	.986
Strunk, Phil.-Chicago	150	193	11	3	.986
Walker, Philadelphia	24	57	1	1	.983
Felsch, Chicago	142	385	25	8	.981
Schang, Boston	40	92	7	2	.980
Jacobson, St. Louis	154	386	18	9	.979
Speaker, Cleveland	150	363	18	9	.977
Leibold, Chicago	106	190	18	5	.977
Milan, Washington	123	291	16	9	.971
Smith, Cleveland	129	217	8	7	.970
Jackson, Chicago	145	314	12	9	.968
Bodie, New York	129	264	12	9	.968
Veach, Detroit	154	357	26	13	.967
Flagstead, Detroit	52	164	13	6	.967
R. Cobb, Detroit	112	246	8	9	.966
Jamieson, Cleveland	98	183	14	7	.966
Evans, Cleveland	43	79	6	3	.966
Hendryx, Boston	98	208	6	8	.964
Hooper, Boston	139	263	22	11	.963
Menosky, Boston	141	291	17	12	.961
Williams, St. Louis	133	331	17	14	.961
Lewis, New York	90	182	14	3	.961
Rice, Washington	153	454	24	20	.960
Tobin, St. Louis	147	292	18	13	.960
Witt, Philadelphia	50	70	2	3	.960
Roth, Washington	126	134	15	10	.952
Vick, New York	35	56	3	3	.949
Meusel, New York	64	116	10	7	.947
Graney, Cleveland	47	76	4	5	.941
Walker, Philadelphia	149	318	28	22	.940
Walsh, Philadelphia	97	194	14	14	.937
Ruth, New York	139	250	21	19	.936
Johnson, Philadelphia	18	26	2	2	.933
Smith, St. Louis	15	34	4	3	.927
Myatt, Philadelphia	87	47	7	6	.900
W. Bower, Wash.	20	23	4	4	.900
Murphy, Chicago	19	23	3	4	.886
High, Philadelphia	17	27	3	4	.882
Gleich, New York	15	19	0	3	.864

Catchers.

	G.	PO.	A.	E.	Pct.
Lynn, Chicago	15	27	5	0	1000
Woodall, Detroit	90	536	83	3	.995
W. Schalk, Chicago	151	581	138	10	.986
Ruel, New York	80	317	62	6	.984
Severeid, St. Louis	117	480	111	10	.980
Walters, Boston	85	281	54	6	.982
Perkins, Philadelphia	146	524	179	15	.979
Picinich, Washington	45	183	41	5	.978
O'Neill, Cleveland	146	676	122	17	.976
Billings, St. Louis	40	138	36	6	.967
Nunamaker, Cleve.	17	42	10	2	.968
Hannah, New York	78	306	64	15	.961
Stanage, Detroit	77	248	75	14	.958
Schang, Boston	73	285	78	16	.958
Ainsmith, Detroit	61	219	85	12	.955
Manion, Detroit	30	83	27	7	.940
Myatt, Philadelphia	21	86	15	4	.927
Hoffmann, New York	15	17	2	2	.905

Pitchers.

	G.	P.O.	A.	E.	Pct.
Uhle, Cleveland	27	6	21	0	1.000
Hoyt, Boston	22	3	35	0	1.000
Niehaus, Cleveland	19	0	5	0	1.000
McGraw, New York	15	2	8	0	1.000
Mays, New York	45	19	106	1	.992
Kerr, Chicago	43	8	81	1	.989
Rommel, Philadelphia	33	13	66	1	.988
Shocker, St. Louis	38	13	58	1	.986
Dauss, Detroit	38	7	114	2	.984
Shawkey, New York	38	15	48	1	.982
Pennock, New York	37	6	53	1	.983
Shaw, Washington	27	3	48	1	.980
Naylor, Philadelphia	42	13	70	2	.976
Mogridge, New York	26	3	37	1	.976
Zachary, Washington	44	5	74	2	.975
Bagby, Cleveland	40	8	82	3	.973
Coveleskie, Cleveland	41	17	90	3	.973
P. Johnson, Wash.	21	5	28	1	.971
Wilkinson, Chicago	34	3	27	1	.968
Hasty, Philadelphia	19	3	27	1	.968
Ehmke, Detroit	38	20	33	2	.966
Collins, New York	36	7	44	2	.962
Leonard, Detroit	28	7	41	2	.960
Bush, Boston	35	24	68	4	.957
Williams, Chicago	39	8	57	3	.956
Oldham, Detroit	39	6	78	4	.954
Schacht, Washington	22	8	32	2	.953
Davis, St. Louis	33	13	47	3	.952
Burwell, St. Louis	33	14	34	2	.950
Bayne, St. Louis	18	3	16	1	.950
Cicotte, Chicago	37	13	81	5	.949
Quinn, New York	41	14	75	5	.947
Wellman, St. Louis	30	16	52	4	.944
Perry, Philadelphia	42	10	70	7	.941
Jones, Boston	37	8	68	5	.938
Moore, Philadelphia	24	5	45	3	.938
Keefe, Philadelphia	51	4	89	3	.935
Vangilder, St. Louis	34	1	57	2	.933
Ayres, Detroit	46	4	55	4	.923
Okrie, Detroit	21	0	41	1	.953
Harris, Philadelphia	31	5	64	5	.932
Erickson, Washington	39	9	64	4	.950
Thormahlen, N. Y.	29	6	45	3	.927
Myers, Clev.-Boston	28	10	39	4	.925
Acosta, Washington	17	2	10	1	.923
Karr, Boston	23	5	18	2	.920
Caldwell, Cleveland	34	6	40	5	.917
Harper, Boston	27	1	31	3	.914
Faber, Chicago	40	15	78	10	.903
Russell, Boston	16	3	14	4	.862
Courtney, Washington	37	3	36	7	.846
Shaute, Washington	16	0	11	2	.846
Morton, Cleveland	29	2	25	6	.818
Rotheram, St. Louis	30	12	40	14	.811

SIX FAVORITES LOSE AT NEW ORLEANS

Only One Public Choice Is Returned Victor—Brotherly Love Takes Feature Race.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 17.—It was a rather mediocre card that was offered the racegoers at Jefferson Park this afternoon, but the clear skies and balmy temperature combined with a fast track to make it a tempting day for the sport and a large crowd turned out. From a financial standpoint the experiment of time and money was a poor investment, for no weeping bookmakers were seen around the place after the close of the proceedings. One lone favorite among seven capsized across the finish line ahead of the others. That was Pit, which showed the way home in the final race of the day, and he wasn't such a glowing favorite that he carried any oceans of coin.

The featured event of the matinee was the Calcasieu Purse for three-year-olds, at one mile, which was run as the fifth race on the program. There were only four starters and they were of dubious class considering that the burden was upon them of furnishing the pièce de résistance of the menu. The public money went on Sea Sinner for the most part, while the educated greenbacks drifted to Brotherly Love. The wise money prevailed, as is often the case.

Cock o' the Roost had speed in large clusters and was perfectly willing to spend it in making the pace very merry for the others. Sea Sinner, the favorite, lay in second place during the early stages of the voyage, but had had plenty when six furlongs had been covered, and retired to the extreme rear, where he remained during the rest of the proceedings.

Meanwhile Lyke had been finding Brotherly Love averse to extreme effort and had had to urge his mount to keep him up in the running. He got him under way, but was forced wide and lost so much ground that he had to call for the horse's very best to move up to the leaders at the stretch turn. Thereafter Brotherly Love seemed to realize that he wasn't out merely for a pleasure jaunt, and he drew out in the final sixteenth to a two-length victory over Cock o' the Roost, which tired in the stretch run, but lasted long enough to save the place by a neck from The Wit.

The third event of the card, a five-and-a-half furlong race for two-year-old colts and geldings, resulted in one of the prettiest finishes of the day when The Moor closed out Sea Court in a great dash to the wire. The winner, a Von Tromp gelding, got away well at the start, and Stack, who had the mount, kept him under restraint to the stretch turn, where he moved into the lead and managed to outstay Sea Court. The latter was probably the best youngster in the field, but got a weak ride from Hamilton. Silver Springs showed the greatest early speed, but tired badly, although saving third place by a wide margin.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Maidens; two-year-olds; purse $600; five furlongs. Trantula, 115 pounds (King), 11 to 5, 7 to 10, 1 to 3, first; Ace, 115 (McGraw), 7 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 4, second; Tony Sutton, 115 (Collins), 20 to 1, 7 to 1, 3 to 1, third. Time 1:01 3-5. Thomas, Phila-Wash. 63 75 148 9 .962
McMullin, Chicago 29 23 58 3 .962
Foster, Boston 58 60 133 15 .954
Pinelli, Detroit 110 103 250 18 .950
Shanks, Washington 63 102 131 12 .951
Dugan, Philadelphia 59 76 126 17 .948
Austin, St. Louis 75 106 171 17 .943
Jones, Detroit 44 50 146 14 .932
Ellerbe, Washington 75 101 167 19 .934
Weaver, Chicago 126 153 276 31 .933
Dykes, Philadelphia 44 75 124 16 .928
Smith, St. Louis 76 73 120 20 .910
Shannon, Wash.-Phil. 15 16 32 5 .898
Meusel, New York 45 34 75 13 .893
Hale, Detroit 16 8 31 5 .886

Shortstops.

Lunte, Cleveland	21	28	64	2	.979
Scott, Boston	154	330	496	23	.973
Weaver, Chicago	153	360	475	21	.975
Peckinpaugh, N. Y.	137	263	441	28	.962
Chapman, Cleveland	111	243	371	28	.959
O'Neill, Washington	80	130	251	23	.943
Gerber, St. Louis	150	252	443	42	.942
Sheean, Detroit	140	258	421	45	.938
Risberg, Chicago	124	238	400	45	.934
Shannon, Wash.-Phil.	55	90	154	18	.931
Galloway, Phila.	84	184	252	34	.928
Dugan, Philadelphia	33	79	90	13	.928
Pinelli, Detroit	18	32	40	8	.900
Sewell, Cleveland	22	44	70	15	.884
Ellerbe, Washington	19	25	43	9	.883

Outfielders.

	G.	P.O.	A.	E.	P.C.
Shanks, Washington	35	74	2	0	1000
Heilman, Detroit	29	57	2	0	1000
Shorten, Detroit	99	168	14	2	.989
Wood, Cleveland	54	71	6	1	.987
Bailey, Boston	40	67	3	1	.986
Strunk, Phil.-Chicago	150	193	11	3	.986
Walker, Philadelphia	24	57	1	1	.983
Felsch, Chicago	142	385	25	8	.981
Schang, Boston	40	92	7	2	.980
Jacobson, St. Louis	154	386	18	9	.979
Speaker, Cleveland	150	363	18	9	.977
Leibold, Chicago	106	190	18	5	.977
Milan, Washington	123	291	16	9	.971
Smith, Cleveland	129	217	8	7	.970
Jackson, Chicago	145	314	12	9	.968
Bodie, New York	129	264	12	9	.968
Veach, Detroit	154	357	26	13	.967
Flagstead, Detroit	52	164	13	6	.967
R. Cobb, Detroit	112	246	8	9	.966
Jamieson, Cleveland	98	183	14	7	.966
Evans, Cleveland	43	79	6	3	.966
Hendryx, Boston	98	208	6	8	.964
Hooper, Boston	139	263	22	11	.963
Menosky, Boston	141	291	17	12	.961
Williams, St. Louis	133	331	17	14	.961
Lewis, New York	90	182	14	3	.961
Rice, Washington	153	454	24	20	.960
Tobin, St. Louis	147	292	18	13	.960
Witt, Philadelphia	50	70	2	3	.960
Roth, Washington	126	134	15	10	.952
Vick, New York	35	56	3	3	.949
Meusel, New York	64	116	10	7	.947
Graney, Cleveland	47	76	4	5	.941
Walker, Philadelphia	149	318	28	22	.940
Walsh, Philadelphia	97	194	14	14	.937
Ruth, New York	139	250	21	19	.936
Johnson, Philadelphia	18	26	2	2	.933
Smith, St. Louis	15	34	4	3	.927
Myatt, Philadelphia	87	47	7	6	.900
W. Bower, Wash.	20	23	4	4	.900
Murphy, Chicago	19	23	3	4	.886
High, Philadelphia	17	27	3	4	.882
Gleich, New York	15	19	0	3	.864

Catchers.

	G.	PO.	A.	E.	Pct.
Lynn, Chicago	15	27	5	0	1000
Woodall, Detroit	90	536	83	3	.995
W. Schalk, Chicago	151	581	138	10	.986
Ruel, New York	80	317	62	6	.984
Severeid, St. Louis	117	480	111	10	.980
Walters, Boston	85	281	54	6	.982
Perkins, Philadelphia	146	524	179	15	.979
Picinich, Washington	45	183	41	5	.978
O'Neill, Cleveland	146	676	122	17	.976
Billings, St. Louis	40	138	36	6	.967
Nunamaker, Cleve.	17	42	10	2	.968
Hannah, New York	78	306	64	15	.961
Stanage, Detroit	77	248	75	14	.958
Schang, Boston	73	285	78	16	.958
Ainsmith, Detroit	61	219	85	12	.955
Manion, Detroit	30	83	27	7	.940
Myatt, Philadelphia	21	86	15	4	.927
Hoffmann, New York	15	17	2	2	.905

Pitchers.

	G.	P.O.	A.	E.	Pct.
Uhle, Cleveland	27	6	21	0	1.000
Hoyt, Boston	22	3	35	0	1.000
Niehaus, Cleveland	19	0	5	0	1.000
McGraw, New York	15	2	8	0	1.000
Mays, New York	45	19	106	1	.992
Kerr, Chicago	43	8	81	1	.989
Rommel, Philadelphia	33	13	66	1	.988
Shocker, St. Louis	38	13	58	1	.986
Dauss, Detroit	38	7	114	2	.984
Shawkey, New York	38	15	48	1	.982
Pennock, New York	37	6	53	1	.983
Shaw, Washington	27	3	48	1	.980
Naylor, Philadelphia	42	13	70	2	.976
Mogridge, New York	26	3	37	1	.976
Zachary, Washington	44	5



Suggesting a "Merrie Christmas" in something all-wool!

Winter weight *Scotch Mists — all-wool overcoats that laugh at all weathers—rainproofed.

What handsomer gift from Dad to son, or son to Dad!

So he can do his own selecting—a Christmas Gift Order in a Christmas envelope.

Winter suits make good gifts, too. Plenty now, $50 to $60

Many Christmas bargains in Sporting Goods!

Among the items for men — soft leather - and - cloth jackets: were $19.00 to $28.00—now $12.

Among the items for boys — rubber-wheeled skooters: were $5.50—now $3.85.

*Registered Trademark.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Broadway at 34th St. / Fifth Ave. at 41st St. / Broadway at Warren

Does He Read the Newspaper Chiefly?

Give Him

THE OUTLINE OF HISTORY

By

H. G. Wells

"This seems to me much like a big News Story . . . getting the immediate attention of the City Desk . . . than a mere adventure into Literature."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Two Vols. $10.50 At your bookseller or

The Macmillan Company, New York

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St.

Short Stiff Bosom Shirts



All neat patterns, including the ever popular Black and White, at the remarkable low price $2.45

USEFUL GIFTS FOR MEN

Splendid Assortment

Silk & Knitted Ties 55c to $2.50

FANCY HOLIDAY BOXES FREE

Bath Robes Reduced to $8.00

Smoking Jackets Reduced to $10.00

Umbrellas $3.00 to $10.00

Christmas Gifts

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry.

CASH OR CREDIT

ONLY RELIABLE, UP-TO-DATE GOODS

EASY PAYMENTS

No Employers' references necessary.

CALL, WRITE OR PHONE Cor. 37 5867

Will send representative if desired.

AMERICAN DIAMOND & WATCH CO.

6 MAIDEN LANE 4TH FLOOR TAKE ELEVATOR

Open Evenings Till 10 P. M.

The Imperial Orgy By EDGAR SALTUS

A vivid and colorful book, describing the lusts and madnesses of the Russian Tsars, from the First to the Last.

Finely illustrated. A memorable, beautiful, holiday gift-book. $3.00.

DIAMONDS-WATCHES

Fine Jewelry

Christmas Gifts

SELECT NOW

From our immense stock

DIAMONDS RANGING $25 TO $1,000

ON CREDIT

Strictly confidential No red tape

Small Weekly or Monthly Payments

CALL OR SEND FOR XMAS CATALOG

ROYAL DIAMOND & WATCH CO.

25 MAIDEN LANE, 6th FLOOR

OPEN EVENINGS TILL 9 O'CLOCK

FINK IS FINALIST IN SQUASH TOURNEY

Crescent A. C. Man Defeats Whitlock in National Handicap Event at 15-6, 18-14, 15-4.

EARNS VICTORY DECISIVELY

Outplaces Harvard Club Player and Makes Far Fewer Errors—To Meet Winner of Coburn-Baker Match.

R. Earl Fink of the Crescent A. C. became a finalist yesterday afternoon in the national handicap squash tennis tournament at the Harvard Club, defeating F. S. Whitlock of the Harvard Club in three straight games, scored 15—6, 18—14, 15—4. The other semi-final round match, between Ralph G. Coburn of the Harvard Club and D. S. Baker of the Yale Club, will be played this afternoon, and the final will be contested on Monday.

Fink allowed Whitlock five points in accordance with the handicapping, starting from minus 5, while the Harvard man was placed at scratch. The result of the match was at no time in serious doubt, though Whitlock made a good fight, particularly in the second game, which was the only one of the three to be extended into extra points. Both men hit the ball with marked severity, but Fink's shooting was far more accurate, and he excelled in manoeuvring for position. He displayed splendid form in getting the ball back from all sorts of awkward positions, and some of his recoveries of well-placed shots must have been highly discouraging to his opponent. Fink forced his opponent to defensive tactics through all three games.

Whitlock Makes Many Errors.

The analysis of points reveals Fink's superiority in impressive fashion. He earned 25 points, while Whitlock could total but 13. In errors the count was even more one sided. Fink's mistakes numbered 11, while Whitlock had 38, more than three times that number, chalked up against him. The Harvard man showed cleverness on numerous occasions in keeping the ball in play, but sooner or later, in the majority of the rallies, an error was almost sure to creep in.

In the opening game Fink canceled his handicap early and drew up on even terms with his opponent at 6—all. He did not allow Whitlock another point in the game, and scored fifteen straight points without allowing the Harvard man a single ace. In the second game many more hands were required before Fink could even the count, which he finally did at 9. Whitlock in his next inning compiled three aces for a score of 12—9 in his favor. Ten scoreless hands followed before Fink again counted. After he had set the game at 13, a few moments later, Fink continued on his way to victory. He kept his shots close above the telltale and made good use of the angles and corners. He won the final point of the game on a service ace.

Third Game Quickly Over.

The second game represented the high-water mark of Whitlock's resistance, and in the finale the only question was how quickly Fink would be able to complete his triumph. Fink made fourteen points for a score of 9—0 before Whitlock was able to manufacture a single ace. Whitlock's first point came after he had gone through fifteen scoreless innings. The final score was 15—4, the Crescent athlete taking the match point when Whitlock slammed the ball high above the back line.

The summary and analysis of points follow:

Semi-Final Round—R. Earl Fink, Crescent A. C. (minus 5), defeated F. S. Whitlock, Harvard Club (scratch), 15—6, 18—14, 15—4.

FIRST GAME.

Fink	1	2	1	1	0	4	3	0	4	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
Whitlock	1	0	4	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Tell-tales.	Place-ments.	Outs.	Misses.	Aces.	Service
Fink	7	7	0	1	0	
Whitlock	7	4	5	1	0	

SECOND GAME.

Fink	0	1	4	0	3	2	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	4	2	2	23
Whitlock	0	3	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	14

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Tell-tales.	Place-ments.	Outs.	Misses.	Aces.	Service
Fink	9	2	0	1		
Whitlock	9	7	2	2	0	

THIRD GAME.

Fink	0	1	0	0	2	1	1	0	1	4	0	1	3	0	0	1	1	2	—	20
Whitlock	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	—	—	—	—	4

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Tell-tales.	Place-ments.	Outs.	Misses.	Aces.	Service
Fink	2	6	0	0	2	
Whitlock	8	1	2	2	1	

RECAPITULATION.

	Tell-tales.	Place-ments.	Outs.	Misses.	Aces.	Service
Fink	8	22	2	1	3	
Whitlock	24	12	9	5	1	

BOAT SHOW TO CLOSE.

Motor Craft Exhibition Will Come to an End Tonight.

The Motor Boat Show at Grand Central Palace, one of the best that has ever been staged in New York, will tonight come to a close. It was the sixteenth event under the auspices of the National Association of Engine and Boat Manufacturers, and record crowds attended every evening. Sales were made right off the floor in many instances, and it was evident that next year will be a big one in the motorboat world. Races are scheduled for Florida, Detroit, the St. Lawrence River and Long Island Sound, and these will bring to New York, as well as to other points, the best racing craft in commission.

Two boats that will make history in motorboat racing circles, at the Florida regattas and also at the events to be staged at Detroit and on the St. Lawrence River next year, will leave in special cars next Monday for the scene of their triumphs or defeats. One of these is the Rainbow, owned by Commodore H. C. Greening of the Hamilton Yacht Club, at Ontario. The other is the Tarpon, built by an American company which has challenged the Rainbow for the right to hold the Fisher Trophy, the first race for which the Rainbow won off Detroit last Summer.

TIGERS THROW POLY TECH.

Princeton Wrestlers Score Victory Over Brooklyn Mat Team.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Dec. 17.—Princeton won a wrestling meet from Brooklyn Polytechnic here tonight. The Tigers won five bouts, tied one and lost another, the 145 class, in which Rubien of the visitors defeated Mayo of Princeton in a hard-fought battle.

The summary:

113-Pound Class—Coach of Princeton threw Daniels, Brooklyn Poly, in 2 minutes.

125-Pound Class—Draw between Cover, Princeton, and Corlew, Brooklyn Poly, in 9 minutes and 2 extra periods of 3 minutes each.

135-Pound Class—Morrison, Princeton, threw Kurlz, Brooklyn Poly, in 5 minutes 15 seconds.

145-Pound Class—Rubien, Brooklyn Poly, threw Mayo, Princeton, in 6 minutes 40 seconds.

158-Pound Class—Sterns, Princeton, threw Geilman, Brooklyn Poly, in 9 minutes, and one extra period of 4 minutes.

175-Pound Class—Wilson, Princeton, threw Seiken, Brooklyn Poly, in 6 minutes 45 seconds.

Unlimited Class—Carpenter, Princeton, threw Riegger, Brooklyn Poly, in 7 minutes 45 seconds.

60,000 Seek Tickets for Football Game at Pasadena

PASADENA, Cal., Dec. 17.—Sixty thousand applications for tickets for the California-Ohio State football game here Jan. 1 have been received by the Tournament of Roses Association, it was announced today. This is approximately 24,000 more applications than seats, and the association is experiencing difficulties making equitable allotments of tickets. Only by decreasing the width of the seats has the association been able to provide room for approximately 56,000 spectators. Of this number 12,000 will go to members of the association, 6,000 have been set aside for the University of California student body and 2,000 for Ohio State alumni and admirers.

PENN NOT TO PLAY COLUMBIA IN 1921

Quakers Drop Blue and White From Football Schedule—Will Meet Dartmouth Here.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 17.—The resignations of Dr. John W. Adams, Chairman of the University of Pennsylvania Athletic Council, and Dr. Thomas McCutcheon, the Secretary, were announced today at a meeting of the council at which the football schedule was ratified.

Dr. Adams said that poor health and pressure of professional duties in the Veterinary School caused him to relinquish the chairmanship of the council. No reason was given for Dr. McCutcheon's resignation. The appointment of George W. Orton as hockey coach was ratified.

The football schedule shows that three colleges on this year's list, Bucknell, Columbia and Pennsylvania State, have been dropped. All but one game, that with Dartmouth on the Polo Grounds at New York, will be played at home.

The schedule follows: Sept. 24, Delaware College; Oct. 1, Franklin and Marshall; Oct. 8, Gettysburg; Oct. 15, Swarthmore; Oct. 22, Virginia Military Institute; Oct. 29, University of Pittsburgh; Nov. 5, Lafayette; Nov. 12, Dartmouth, at Polo Grounds, New York; Nov. 24, Cornell.

Rowing dates for the crew also were announced. They include a race with Yale on April 16, at New Haven; the Childs Cup Regatta, with Princeton and Columbia, at Philadelphia, May 7, and the Intercollegiates at Poughkeepsie.

WILL MEET W. AND J. TEAM.

Syracuse Approves Football Game to Be Played on Oct. 29.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Dec. 17.—Washington and Jefferson and Syracuse will meet in football in 1921, according to announcement made today by Graduate Manager R. M. Murphy of the Red and Black. Murphy announced that approval for a game to be played in the Archbold Stadium, Syracuse, had been secured from the Athletic Committee of both institutions and that contracts would be signed within the next few days, calling for the contest on Oct. 29. This is one week earlier than that of the contest of 1920, which the Presidents lost.

Some surprise was manifested here over the schedule of Syracuse, as reports coming out of the Salt City had stated that the Presidents were to be dropped for some other Eastern team. The reason advanced was that inasmuch as Syracuse plays Pitt and the latter annually meets Washington and Jefferson for the sectional championship, nothing is to be gained by Syracuse's playing W. and J. as well.

GIPP FUNERAL TODAY.

Parents of Noted Football Player Receive Nationwide Sympathy.

LAURIUM, Mich., Dec. 17.—Messages have been received today from football players and others in all parts of the country expressing sympathy to the parents of George Gipp, Notre Dame football star, whose funeral will be held here tomorrow. Floral offerings have been sent by colleges and universities. As a mark of respect business houses here and in Calumet, will close Saturday afternoon during the funeral. Members of the Notre Dame football team will be pall-bearers.

Alumni and students of Notre Dame today announced their intention of starting a movement to erect a monument and tablet at South Bend, Ind., in honor of the dead athlete.

RIVAL COLLEGES SPLIT.

Johns Hopkins and Maryland Will Not Play Football in 1921.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 17.—The University of Maryland, winner of the State intercollegiate football championship for four consecutive times, does not appear on the 1921 schedule of Johns Hopkins University. This is the outcome of the dispute this season between the two institutions over the playing of Roy Mackert, protested by Hopkins on the ground of ineligibility.

The schedule calls for nine games, as follows:

Oct. 1, Mount St. Mary's; Oct. 8, Delaware; Oct. 15, Dickinson; Oct. 22, University of Virginia; Oct. 29, Western Maryland; Nov. 5, Haverford; Nov. 12, Columbia or Swarthmore; Nov. 19, St. John's of Annapolis; Nov. 24, Washington and Lee.

TO HOLD CYCLE MEET.

Five-Mile Pro Race and 30-Mile Amateur Event Brooklyn Features.

A five-mile professional scratch invitation race, an unlimited Australian pursuit race and a thirty-mile team race for amateur bicycle riders will be decided this evening at the Forty-seventh Regiment Armory, Brooklyn. The starters in the professional event will include Harry Kaiser, Tom Bello, Joe Kopsky and Larry Gaffney. The team race for amateurs, in which ten teams will start, will be determined on a point basis, awarded in sprints which will be held every three miles. A silver loving cup, donated by Major Walter Corwin, will be presented to the club whose cyclists score the greatest number of points. In the Australian pursuit race, Joe Kopsky and Tom Bello will be paired against Harry Kaiser and Larry Gaffney.

FLAVIN TO LEAD ELEVEN.

Star Quarterback Elected Football Captain at Georgetown.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—John A. Flavin, Georgetown's star quarterback, today was elected Captain of the universities' 1921 football team. Flavin has played three seasons at Georgetown and was the almost unanimous choice of sport writers for the position of fullback on the All-South Atlantic team this year. His home is in Bangor, Me.

Maine.

JOE STECHER WINS ON MAT.

Former Heavyweight Champion Twice Throws Farmer Bailey.

ROCHESTER, Dec. 17.—Joe Stecher of Dodge, Neb., defeated Farmer Bailey of Battleboro, Vt., here tonight in a wrestling match, winning two straight falls. Stecher scored the first fall in 1 hour and 12 minutes with a head scissors and double armlock, and the second in 4 minutes and 30 seconds with a toe hold.

KANE IS ELECTED HARVARD CAPTAIN

Left End Chosen to Lead Crimson's 1921 Football Team—Many Veterans Will Return.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 17.—Harvard's varsity football forces next season will be led by R. Keith Kane, last year's left end and who in 1919 was the regular right tackle on the Crimson. Today the varsity players met Coach Fisher to have their group picture taken, the election being held at the same time. Kane was the unanimous choice. The only other player who was thought to have a chance for the captaincy was Wyant Hubbard, one of the tackles. Captain-elect Kane lives in Newport and entered Harvard from St. George's School of that city.

Besides playing football Kane was a member of last year's winning varsity crew. He rowed No. 7, but it is doubtful whether he will do any rowing next Spring. He is only 20 years old, being one of the youngest players ever elected to lead a Harvard eleven. Kane will have a good array of veteran material for his team next Fall.

Among the seasoned rushline candidates will be Brown, Tolbert, Tierney and Crocker, and Buell, Fitzgerald, Owen and Churchill for the backfield. Coach Bob Fisher, who undoubtedly will be at the helm at Harvard again next Fall, is much pleased over Kane's election. He considers him one of the best players on the varsity team of the last two seasons.

BOGASH SCORES KNOCKOUT.

Completely Outclasses Coffey and Ends Bout in Third Round.

Lou Bogash, Bridgeport, Conn. middleweight, made short work of Vince Coffey, a welterweight of Kingston, N. Y., last night in their scheduled fifteen-round bout which was the feature of the card at the Pioneer Sporting Club. Bogash, with a powerful, well-directed right delivered as his rival came tearing in wildly, sent Coffey down for the count of ten in the third round. The blow felled Coffey like a ton of brick, and he lay out at full length, his head in his own corner, as Referee Andy Griffin toiled off the monotonous ten-second count.

The knockout ended a comparatively uninteresting bout. Bogash clearly was superior in all departments of boxing, and after the first round it was only a question of just when the squat, broad-shouldered little Bridgeport middleweight would topple his rival. The answer to the problem was deftly supplied by Bogash after the third round had gone 2 minutes 50 seconds.

The weights were: Bogash, 152 pounds; Coffey, 144.

The ten-round semi-final, in which Earl Baird, Seattle lightweight, and Lew Snyder of Bayonne, N. J., were the principals, provided more action to the round than was produced in the entire time taken up by the principal go. Baird in his seventh visit to the green-covered of the tenth round, but in battling his way to the award the Seattle lightweight encountered opposition of the sternest sort. At the final clang of the gong Baird was wailing away with both hands to the face and stomach alternately, but he knew he had been in a battle and was a weary boxer.

DALY VICTOR IN BOUT.

Knocks Out Sailor Cusack in Ninth Round of Their Battle.

Sailor Harry Cusack, one of Uncle Sam's bluejackets, went down to defeat before the powerful right-hand drives of Knockout Joe Daly in the ninth round of a scheduled fifteen-round bout last night at the East New York A. A., Brooklyn. Twice before he was actually counted out Cusack was sent crashing to the canvas. In the eighth session Daly delivered a crushing right to the jaw which toppled the sailor, but the bell saved him. Again in the ninth Daly sent his opponent down with a terrific right to the jaw, and this time Cusack took the benefit of a count before arising. Almost immediately after the sailor regained his feet, however, he was sent down again, and this time he was counted out.

Two other knockouts were scored. The only bout to go the limit was the semi-final contest of ten rounds, in which Johnny (Kid) Lewis and Sammy Burns, a pair of lightweights, were the combatants. Burns gained the judges' decision in this mill.

In a scheduled six-round bout Marty Williams flattened Jack Schaeffer for the ten-second count in the fourth round, and in a scheduled four-round bout, which opened the show, Mike Wallace administered the sleep punch to Kid Shamrock in the second round.

POLICE BOXERS DUE TODAY.

English Bobbies Will Meet the Champions of New York's Force.

Great Britain's champion heavyweight and middleweight "bobbies," in charge of Inspector Spriggs of Scotland Yard, are expected to arrive here today, on board the Imperator. The British policemen are coming to this country to engage the champions in their respective divisions among New York's finest, as part of an international amateur boxing tournament to be conducted at one of the leading hotels in this city next month under the auspices of the International Sporting Club. The London policemen won the opportunity to represent their department through victories in a series of elimination bouts in London.

It was expected that Tex O'Rourke, matchmaker of the I. S. C., would arrive with the British policemen, but O'Rourke delayed his departure from the other side in order to bring the middleweight and heavyweight champions of the British Army and Navy to this country for bouts against Uncle Sam's champion bluejacket and doughboy. These bouts will be held in conjunction with the international police matches.

Deputy Police Commissioner John A. Harriss, President of the New York Police Club, is Chairman of a Reception Committee which will welcome the invading bobbies upon their arrival. Commissioner Harriss and his reception party will go down the bay on the police boat Patrol to greet the Britons at Quarantine. The visitors will be quartered at the New York Police Club on Riverside Drive during their visit to this city.

DEMPSEY DENIES REPORTS.

Champion Gives Knockout to Rumor of Deafness From Bout.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—A score of newspaper reporters tonight put Jack Dempsey through a series of tests, many patterned after those used in the war in examining applicants for the Air Service, in an effort to confirm the heavyweight champion's claim that neither of his ears had been seriously injured by the blows of Bill Brennan in their fight at New York.

Reports that one ear virtually was torn off and that Dempsey had stopped in Niles, Mich., to consult a specialist as to deafness, which was reported to have set in after the fight, at first amused the champion, but when he learned the reports were taken seriously he volunteered to go through any tests desired.

Dempsey said he got off the train at Niles, Mich., to go to Benton Harbor to see Floyd Fitzsimmons fight promoter, and that he never had any intention of consulting a specialist there, because he "had no need for one." Dempsey and his manager, Jack Kearns, left tonight for Salt Lake City.

National Collegiate Track And Field Meet Is Urged

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—The question of holding a national collegiate track, field and relay meet will come before the National Collegiate Athletic Association here in its annual meeting, Dec. 29, it was learned today.

The proposed meet was discussed informally at the meeting of the organization in New York a year ago, but did not find great favor. Since that time the idea has become popular, according to General Palmer Pierce, President of the association. Coaches and officials of the midwest approve of the plan, it was said, and the first meet may be held some time during the Spring.

Winners of sectional meets would contest for the national championships in some centrally located city, under the plan.

UNGER IS VICTOR IN EASY CUE MATCH

Balkline Expert Conquers Johann in Brilliantly Played Game in Amateur Tourney.

New tournament high average and high run records were established last night in the continuation of the final round play for the national amateur Class C balkline billiard championship, at the Rational Recreational Academy in Brooklyn, by Ferdinand A. Unger, former holder of the title. Unger, competing against Joseph R. Johann, in his second match of the final round, scored a one-sided victory, and in attaining the triumph, flashed a brand of billiards which would have done credit to a player of Class B rating, and some of the top billiardists ranked in the top division of the amateur balkline game. The former title-holder ran out his string of 150 points in the remarkably short stretch of seventeen innings, while Johann was gathering 51 tallies. This surprising display of ability gave Unger an average of 8 14-17 and he had a high run of 43 for his best single session at the table. Both marks made records for the tournament.

The contest held little of competitive interest from the start. It was simply an exhibition in which Unger delivered himself of perhaps the most brilliant playing of his career. His delicate touch, superb control of the ivories and his consistency furnished the most spectacular display of the tournament and one of the greatest exhibitions by a Class C balkliner in local billiard circles.

For seven innings Johann kept within striking distance of his rival. Unger started in his accustomed form and steady work, including runs of twelve in the second inning and seventeen in the third, giving him an early lead which he gradually increased. At the sixth inning he was leading Johann by sixteen points in a score of 45 to 29. In his seventh visit to the green-covered table Unger produced his most consistent effort of the game, and, in a remarkable display of delicate cue work, clicked off forty-three points before missing. This remarkable run put Unger in front by 88 to 29 and settled the issue then and there. Unger continued his excellent work, scoring monotonously in an unusual demonstration of ability, and in the twelfth inning a cluster of thirty-six brought him near his victory.

This contest was one instalment of a double-header, but the brilliant playing it produced almost overshadowed the other half of the twin bill. J. M. Lewis Jr. defeated Charles J. Steinbugler in the second clash, by the score of 150 to 139, in forty innings. Lewis made a high run of 28, and averaged 3 30-40. Steinbugler's best run was a cluster of 18, and he had an average of 3 22-39.

This game resolved into a close tussle in which the winner was in doubt up to within a few innings of when Lewis completed his necessary tally. The victor played a steadier game and enjoyed better form than Steinbugler, but the latter in fitful spurts played brilliantly and always hovered within a few points of his opponent. His run of 28, together with another gathering of 24 tallies, were big factors in Lewis's victory.

The standing:

Player.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
F. A. Unger	2	0	1000
J. M. Lewis Jr.	2	0	1000
George Spear	1	1	.500
C. J. Steinbugler	1	1	.500
Claude R. Lewis	0	1	.000
S. M. Brussel	0	1	.000
J. R. Johann	0	2	.000

Heavyweights to Meet on Mat.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Dec. 17.—John Pesek of Shelton, Neb., and Earl Caddock of Walnut, Iowa, former heavyweight wrestling champion of the world, will meet in a finish match here Dec. 28, it was announced today.

Tremaine Beats Burman in Bout.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 17.—Carl Tremaine of Cleveland shaded Joe Burman of Chicago in a ten-round bout here tonight by a whirlwind finish in the final round. Up to that time each had taken three rounds, with three even. They are bantamweights.

BOHLAND IS STAR OF ATHLETIC MEET

Scores Victories in Two Featured Events on Program at 13th Regiment Armory.

Max Bohland, former national cross-country champion, represents the Tenth Company of the Thirteenth Coast Artillery last night in the organization's athletic events held in the Bedford Armory, and monopolized the individual honors. Bohland raced to victory in the mile and one-half Military Athletic League handicap race, in which he started from scratch, and also showed the way in a two-mile intercompany road race, in which he showed his heels to some of the leading distance runners of the district.

Bohland captured the mile and a half M. A. L. event in 7:01, enjoying a comfortable margin on Harry Rosen, a regimental mate, who was allowed a start of 150 yards. Andy Craw of the Forty-seventh Regiment, another scratch man, finished third. In the road race for members of the Thirteenth Regiment, Bohland's victory was a factor in bringing team honors to his company. The Tenth Company captured the point prize in this test with the low score of 29 points, placing runners first, second, fourth, ninth and thirteenth. Bohland's time for the distance was 11:32 3-5.

Another victory for the Thirteenth was registered in the only other Military Athletic League test on the program when the outfit's relay quartet captured the one-mile invitation relay in 3:33 4-5. The Fourteenth Regiment finished second and the Seventy-first Regiment was third.

The members of the victorious team were Louis Windmuller, Sid Leslie, Phil Hausner and Jack Sellers. Windmuller ran the first leg and finished about twenty-five yards back of Nelson of the Twenty-third Regiment. On the second leg Sid Leslie supplied a superb quarter mile, overhauling Crunden of the Twenty-third and finishing with an advantage of about ten yards. Hausner took up the running on the third relay and held this margin to within 150 yards of the final touch-off, when he went away in a burst of speed which gave the Thirteenth team a margin of about thirty yards. Sellers, running anchor for the Thirteenth, romped over the closing quarter and finished with an advantage of ten yards, looking over his shoulder at the efforts of Homer Baker, Fourteenth Regiment, to overhaul him.

The summaries:

Two-Mile Intercompany Road Race (Closed to Thirteenth Regiment)—Won by Tenth Company (M. Bohland, H. Nosen, J. Milofsky, J. Sherman and H. Lederman); 29 points; Second Company (Sawley, Abrams, Lamond, Fischer and Cook), 71 points, second; Fifth Company (Shaffer, Jekal, Edelson, Stewart and Kosser), 98 points, third. Individual winner—Max Bohland, Tenth Company. Time—11:32 3-5.

One and a Half Mile Run, Handicap (Open to Military Athletic League)—Won by Max Bohland, Thirteenth Regiment (scratch); Harry Rosen, Thirteenth Regiment (150 yards), second; Andy Craw, Forty-seventh Regiment (scratch), third. Time—7:01.

One-Mile Invitation Relay Race (Open to Military Athletic League)—Won by Thirteenth Regiment (Windmuller, Leslie, Hausner and Sellers); Fourteenth Regiment (Swenson, Uschof, Homer and Baker), second; Seventy-first Regiment (Georgi, Brundage, Richman and Cunningham), third; Twenty-third Regiment (Nelson, Crunden, Anderson and Hedberg), fourth. Time—3:33 4-5.

Five-Mile Bicycle Race—Won by Stephen City Wheelmen; A. Meuligr, City Wheelmen, second; I. Markoe, Empire City Wheelmen, third. Time—13:0[illegible] Lap prize won by W. Sherry, Empire City Wheelmen.

300-Yard Run, Handicap (Closed to Thirteenth Regiment)—Won by T. Foran, Third Company, (19 yards); I. Buckley, Sixth Company, (23 yards), second; J. Cravine, Third Company, (25 yards), third; C. Thompson, Fifth Company, (20 yards), fourth. Time—0:33 3-5.

Inter-Company Relay Race (Closed to Thirteenth Regiment)—Won by Sixth Company; First Company, second; Third Company, third; Fourth Company, fourth. Time—1:39 3-5.

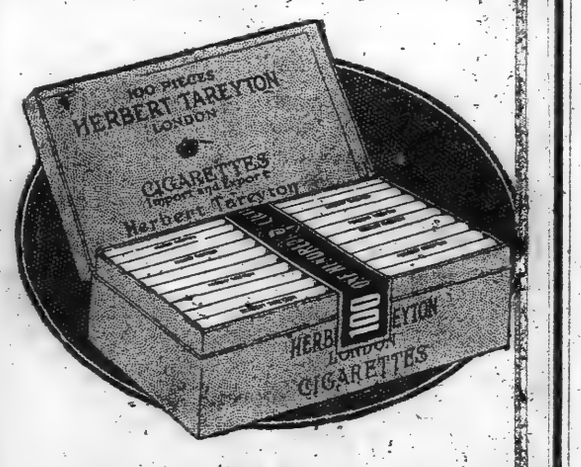
MEET FOR SCHOOLBOYS.

Two Thousand Youthful Athletes Will Compete Today.

About 2,000 of Father Knickerbocker's schoolboy athletes, students in the city's elementary schools, will struggle for supremacy this afternoon at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, in the annual track and field championships under the auspices of the Public Schools Athletic League. A program of eighteen events, including sprints, relay races and field competitions will be contested, and keen rivalry exists among the schools entered for the championships.

Public School 62, Manhattan, has for years been foremost in striving for the title and has won it on more than one occasion. The school's team is promised plenty of opposition this afternoon from teams representing Public Schools 10, 14, 27, 40, 134 and 186, Manhattan; 8, 28, 37, 40, 44, 52 and 55 in the Bronx; 9, 44, 64, 109 and 128, Brooklyn, and 83, 85 and 89, Queens. Several other schools have also entered teams.

Dr. A. K. Aldinger, Secretary of the P. S. A. L., has issued invitations to attend the meet to many individuals prominent in civic, social and educational life. Among those expected to attend are Rear Admiral N. R. Usher, General John F. O'Ryan, George Gordon Battle, S. R. Guggenheim, Anning S. Prall, President of the Board of Education, and Dr. William L. Ettinger, City Superintendent of Schools.



Give Him a Merry Christmas, and

—a happy New Year. A Club Package of Herbert Tareyton Cigarettes will do it. If he's already a Tareyton smoker he'll be grateful—if your gift is his introductory box he'll be more than grateful ever after.

"There's Something About Them He'll Like"



Club packages of one hundred, $1.45
Club packages of fifty, $.75
Your dealer or Club has them

Fatk Tobacco Co., Inc.
1790 Broadway, New York



Your Hands are a Mirror

Like the face, they reflect personality; character; breeding. Good grooming really begins with the hands. And correct manicuring is a requisite to those who value culture.

The Terminal Perfect Manicure

As you enter you are pleasantly greeted; and at once impressed by the immaculate surroundings and perfect quiet. You are served by an attentive young woman whose very presence marks her proficiency. You are pleased by her interest; and you are glad that her courtesy does not become over-deference.

When you rise from your chair you know that your hands reveal the gentleman or gentlewoman; and you feel an innate sense of well-being. For you have been uncommonly well manicured. Your nails are of the proper length; the curve is just right; the cuticle is unbroken; the surface velvet-smooth.

As performed at the Terminal shops, manicuring has developed into a *fine art*. And like all other services rendered at these shops it is hygienically given.

1. Every instrument sterilized in boiling water before being used; for the fingers are even more liable to infection than the face.
2. Every operator thoroughly trained; two years successful experience elsewhere required of manicures previous to their engagement by us.
3. For each patron an individual nail brush, which has been thoroughly sterilized before using.
4. Clean, inviting surroundings make our operators content with their work; they remain permanently with us; efficiency is thus maintained.

The Terminal *Perfect Manicure* taken once each week will keep your hands in the best possible condition. Today is as good a time as any to prove to yourself its benefits.

The world's largest barber shop—now under way.

TERMINAL
Where the Customer is Performer
BARBER SHOPS

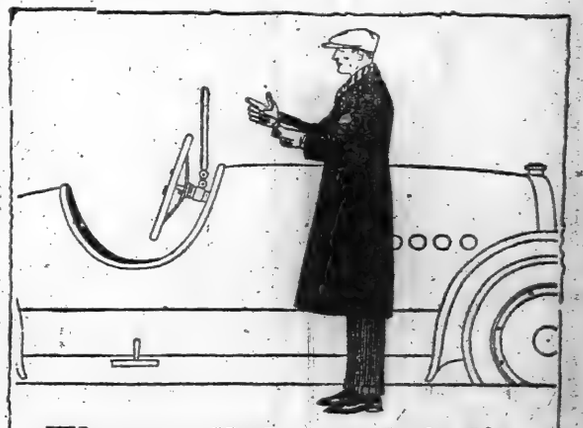
HOTEL COMMODORE† — TEL. & TEL. BLDG. 195 B'way (Downstairs). — 26 CHURCH ST.

WALDORF-ASTORIA — EQUITABLE BLDG. 120 B'way. — HUDSON TERMINAL.

HOTEL PENNSYLVANIA† — LONGACRE BLDG. 42d St. & Broadway. — 26 CHURCH ST.

Hairdressing Salons — Hotel Pennsylvania — Waldorf-Astoria

†Open Evenings Until Ten.



That well-dressed feeling starts with the underwear

Being well-groomed is largely a matter of starting with the *right underwear*. For, make no mistake, upon the fit of the underwear depend the hang and set of top-clothes.

Reis Lavender Label Union Suits trace the lines and curves of the body as naturally as the meadow-brook follows its course. No wrinkles here or bunches there to pucker the over-garments.

The 8 exclusive features of Reis Lavender Label Union Suits are shown in a pamphlet you can get at your dealer's, or by writing us. You ought to have that pamphlet. Yes, Sir!

Medical authorities advise a *daily* change of underwear. Aside from any health-consideration, this is a real economy. The underwear lasts longer.

ROBERT REIS & COMPANY

NEW YORK

Lavender Label REIS UNION SUITS

CAST FOR HARDING

Official Canvass of All States Except New York Give Him 7,039,539 Plurality.

9,141,750 VOTES FOR COX

Debs Polls 941,827 in the Forty States Canvassed—This State Gave Him Most.

THE TIMES prints herewith tables giving the popular vote for Presidential candidates in the November election.

The figures contained in the tables are those of the official canvass which has been completed in all States, except New York. The totals for this State are made up of official figures from all counties except New York, Kings, Bronx and Queens. In these four New York City counties the official canvassers have not yet completed their work, owing to tangled returns, which will require a recount in some election districts. For these counties corrected, but unofficial, returns have been used which, according to election officials, will vary only slightly from the official returns when available.

Tables have been previously published, based on unofficial and in some instances erroneous figures, which have placed the majority for Harding at a figure in excess of 7,300,000. In one such table the Republican candidate was credited with 2,267,157 votes in this State, for instance, where returns at present available show that his vote was only 1,870,796, a total which will be changed only slightly—probably by less than 1,000—when official returns from the four counties in this city, where the canvass has not been completed are available.

Mr. Harding, according to THE TIMES's figures, received a popular plurality of 1,089,000 in this State. THE TIMES's estimate on incomplete returns available election night was that his plurality would be approximately 1,080,000.

The figures received by THE TIMES give a popular plurality of 7,039,539 to Warren G. Harding, the Republican candidate for President. His popular vote was 16,181,289, against 9,141,750 for Governor James M. Cox of Ohio, the Democratic candidate for President. Eugene V. Debs, the Socialist candidate, received 941,827 votes in forty States, the official canvass which embody returns of the vote cast for the Socialist Electors. The eight States from which Socialist returns are lacking cast an aggregate vote of 23,582 for the Socialist candidate for President four years ago.

G. O. P. Vote Nearly Doubled.

The returns show that the Republican vote this year was almost double that cast for Presidential Electors of the party in 1916 when the women from some twenty States had not yet acquired the right to vote—exercised generally throughout the country this year under the Federal Suffrage Amendment. The increase in the Democratic vote was slightly in excess of 12,000.

The following figures show the popular vote for Presidential Electors of the three leading parties this year and in 1916, together with the increase:

	Rep.	Dem.	Soc.
1920	16,181,289	9,141,750	941,827
1916	8,538,221	9,129,606	585,113
Increase	7,643,068	12,144	356,714

Here follows a table showing the popular vote for Harding and Cox by States, together with the popular plurality:

States.	Harding.	Cox.	Pluralities.
Alabama	74,630	183,254	†108,564
Arizona	37,016	29,546	*7,470
Arkansas	71,117	107,440	†36,292
California	624,162	298,191	*295,971
Colorado	173,248	104,935	*68,313
Connecticut	220,258	120,721	*108,517
Delaware	52,858	39,898	*12,960
Florida	47,357	90,175	†42,818
Georgia	41,083	107,162	†66,073
Idaho	88,975	46,579	*42,396
Illinois	1,420,480	534,395	*886,085
Indiana	696,370	511,364	*185,006
Iowa	534,674	227,921	*306,753
Kansas	280,195	185,447	*183,748
Kentucky	452,480	436,497	†15,917
Louisiana	30,990	86,994	†48,004
Maine	124,355	58,961	*65,394
Maryland	236,117	180,626	*55,491
Massachusetts	681,153	276,691	*404,462
Michigan	702,885	253,470	*229,415
Minnesota	443,147	142,804	*300,427
Mississippi	11,576	69,277	†57,701
Missouri	727,162	574,780	*152,382
Montana	78,506	57,733	*20,773
Nebraska	251,093	119,808	*131,485
Nevada	17,452	9,503	*7,949
New Hampshire	65,198	62,862	*2,336
New Jersey	611,341	236,887	*374,453
New Mexico	48,571	40,368	*8,203
New York	1,870,796	‡781,031	*1,089,765
North Carolina	242,848	305,447	†62,599
North Dakota	180,072	57,462	*122,610
Ohio	1,182,022	550,477	*631,545
Oklahoma	244,329	216,390	*27,939
Oregon	143,592	80,060	*63,532
Pennsylvania	1,218,215	503,202	*715,011
Rhode Island	107,405	58,062	*52,401
South Carolina	7,632	83,490	†60,858
South Dakota	110,692	35,938	*74,754
Tennessee	219,834	206,558	*13,275
Texas	373,153	220,086	*140,553
Utah	81,555	56,629	*24,916
Vermont	68,212	20,919	*47,293
Virginia	87,456	141,670	†54,214
Washington	223,157	84,229	*138,939
West Virginia	282,407	220,788	*61,619
Wisconsin	498,576	113,443	*385,154
Wyoming	35,891	17,429	*17,962
Total	16,181,289	9,141,750	

Popular plurality for Harding.....7,039,539
*Republican. †Democrat.

This State gave the biggest vote of any to the Socialist electors, or a total of 204,148, as compared with 45,944 cast for the Socialist candidate for President in 1916. Wisconsin, Illinois, Pennsylvania, California, Colorado and Minnesota came next in the order named, with big votes for the Socialist candidates. Here is a table giving the Socialist vote in States from which it was embodied in the official canvass:

SOCIALIST VOTE.

Alabama	2,369	Nebraska	9,600
Arkansas	5,111	Nevada	1,858
California	84,076	New Hampshire	1,234
Colorado	47,319	New Jersey	21,461
Connecticut	10,355	New York	204,148
Delaware	1,002	North Carolina	446
Florida	6,182	North Dakota	3,283
Georgia	465	Ohio	57,407
Idaho	38	Oklahoma	23,695
Illinois	74,747	Oregon	9,801
Indiana	24,703	Pennsylvania	70,021
Iowa	18,981	Rhode Island	4,351
Kansas	15,510	South Carolina	28
Kentucky	969	Texas	8,104
Maine	2,219	Utah	5,159
Maryland	8,376	Virginia	807
Massachusetts	32,267	Washington	8,103
Michigan	28,947	West Virginia	5,618
Minnesota	58,106	Wisconsin	80,653
Mississippi	1,639		
Missouri	20,...	Total	941,827

The minor parties, it appears from the official returns, did not have an electoral ticket in every State and failed to nominate electors in a number of States. The Prohibitionists had a column on the ballot in twenty-four and the newly formed Farmer-Labor Party in eighteen States. Here are some figures showing the vote for Presidential Electors of minor parties:

NATIONAL PROHIBITION—Alabama, 757; California, 25,204; Colorado, 15,153; Connecticut, 1,771; Delaware, 998; Florida, 3,124; Illinois, 11,216; Indiana, 13,462; Iowa, 4,197; Kentucky, 3,352; Michigan, 9,646; Minnesota, 11,489; Missouri, 8,142; Nebraska, 5,947; New Jersey, 4,794; New York, 18,303; Oregon, 3,595; Pennsylvania, 42,612; Rhode Island, 516; South Dakota, 900; Vermont, 774; Virginia, 836; West Virginia, 1,528; Wisconsin, 8,647.

FARMER-LABOR—Colorado, 11,585; Connecticut, 1,947; Illinois, 49,630; Indiana, 16,498; Iowa, 10,337; Maryland, 1,178; Michigan, 10,373; Minnesota, 5,828; Missouri, 3,291; Montana, 12,204; Nebraska, 88,905; New Jersey, 2,200; New York, 4,727; Pennsylvania, 15,642; South Dakota, 34,217; Utah, 4,475; Virginia, 240; Washington, 17,246.

SOCIALIST-LABOR—Connecticut, 1,401; Illinois, 3,459; Iowa, 932; Massachusetts, 3,583; Michigan, 2,539; Missouri, 2,164; New Jersey, 923; New York, 2,987; Pennsylvania, 733; Rhode Island, 405; Washington, 1,521.

SOCIAL PARTY—Florida, 39; Illinois, 775; Indiana, 586; Maine, 310; New Jersey, 517; Pennsylvania, 803; Rhode Island, 100.

The Farmer-Labor vote in Nebraska was swelled by the Non-Partisan League,

SAYS BONUS WILL COST ABOUT $1,350,000,000

Veterans' Official Makes This Estimate—Privates' Organization Opposes Present Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—If the bill to grant a bonus to ex-service men passes the Senate in its present form, and is approved by the President, it will mean an additional tax burden on the people of approximately $1,350,000,000, according to Edward H. Hale, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Veterans of Foreign Wars organization, who was one of the witnesses who appeared today before the Senate Committee on Finance. Mr. Hale said he based his estimate on the fact that the average service of the men enlisted or drafted during the war was 300 days.

Continuing, Mr. Hale explained that he had arrived at his estimate by taking into consideration the probable claims of all the men who served in the enlisted ranks, both at home and overseas, of whom 2,000,000 served in Europe and more than that number in the United States. The men who saw foreign service would receive under the bill $1.25 and those who served in the United States $1 a day for each day of service. The witness said he favored the passage of the bill.

BANKER IS ACCUSED OF $200,000 THEFT

William Bush of Wilmington, Del., in Workhouse Awaiting Grand Jury Action.

WILMINGTON, Del., Dec. 17.—William Bush, widely known resident of this city and well connected socially, is in the New Castle County Workhouse tonight charged with the embezzlement of $200,000 in securities of the Wilmington Savings Fund Society, of which he was Secretary-Treasurer. Bush had a hearing today and was committed to the workhouse in default of $100,000 bail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

According to officers of the Savings Fund Society the securities were hypothecated with a Wilmington brokerage firm to cover stock market speculations. Bush, the bank officials say, made a statement admitting his irregularities.

Discovery of the alleged embezzlement was made a week ago by auditors, according to a statement issued by Frederick M. Stone, President of the society, which is nearly 100 years old, and has sound assets of more than $15,000,000.

The securities alleged to have been taken were three United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness for $50,000 each, and fifty $1,000 Mobile & Ohio Railroad equipment trust bonds.

George L. Medill, Banking Commissioner of Delaware, issued a statement in which he said the alleged theft in no way affects the soundness of the institution. "The surplus of the society is twenty-three times any possible loss from the theft," he said. "Aside from that, we expect to recover the greater part of the bonds and we also hold a bond of indemnity."

Bush had been Treasurer of the society for three years, and prior to that for nine years had been a minor officer in the concern.

MANILA CONSTABULARY HAS BEEN DISARMED

Seventy-eight Constables Are to Be Prosecuted Following Riots With Soldiers.

MANILA, P. I., Dec. 17 (Associated Press)—The entire constabulary garrison here has been disarmed and placed under arrest, and complaints were being prepared today for the prosecution of seventy-eight constabulary soldiers who admitted participation in the riot on Wednesday, resulting in deaths of four Americans and seven Filipinos.

The body of the American police captain, W. E. Wichmann, will be cremated and the ashes scattered on the ocean. Wichmann leaves a widow and seven children, the oldest 11 years of age.

DELAY IN SETTLING CABLES.

Modus Vivendi Agreement Made Because of Change in Regime Here.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The agreement reached by the International Communications Conference before it recessed this week that a new modus vivendi must be found before March 15, was planned with reference to the change in Administration here, according to statements today in diplomatic circles.

The Ambassadors of the four allied powers have been empowered to represent their Governments in further negotiations with representatives of the United States with regard to the disposition of the former German cables, but it is their understanding that conversations will not be begun until after the delegates to the conference have had time to reach home and consult their Governments.

The next step would be for the allied Governments to send instructions to their Ambassadors, but it was said in informed circles that if instructions sufficiently broad to ensure agreement between the powers were not received by Feb. 15 the delegates of at least one of the great powers and perhaps others would not return to Washington. In such case it would be the duty of the Ambassadors to find a new solution of the problem.

SPROUL OUT FOR ATTERBURY

Indorses Pennsylvania Railroad Official for Secretary of War.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Dec. 17—General W. W. Atterbury, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad system, and in charge of railroad transportation in France during the World War, was tonight endorsed by Governor William C. Sproul, for Secretary of War in Harding's Cabinet.

Several days ago Senator Boies Penrose mentioned the name of General Atterbury as a probable appointee for the Cabinet position.

Mrs. Van Wyck Left $75,947 Estate

The estate of Mrs. Lelia Gordon Van Wyck, wife of ex-Justice Augustus Van Wyck, was appraised yesterday at $75,947 net, of which $69,777 was in cash, $9,990 in stock of the Butterick Publishing Company, and $22,058 in personalty. She gave $41,004 to her husband, and the rest of the estate to her son William, and daughter, Mrs. James W. Osborne, with the exception of $1,000 each to her grandson, James W. Osborne Jr., and the Church of the Incarnation in Brooklyn.

WITH PARTY CHIEFS

Governor-Elect Goes to Syracuse Today to Remain Until He Takes Office.

STUDIES DIRECT PRIMARIES

Confers With Hughes and B. R. T. Counsel on Public Utilities and Other Issues.

Conferences on the legislative and administrative program of the new régime at Albany, which have been conducted in this city for several weeks by Governor-elect Miller, ended last night. Mr. Miller will go to his home in Syracuse today, and does not expect to visit New York again before he takes office on Jan. 1.

His final callers yesterday were Charles Evans Hughes and William N. Dykman, counsel for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit and some of the Brooklyn lighting corporations. With Mr. Dykman the Governor-elect discussed the traction and public utilities situation. With Mr. Hughes he talked on traction, direct primaries and other phases of State administration.

Mr. Hughes was the first Governor to recommend to the New York Legislature a direct primary law, but he was defeated after a long and hot fight. The plan he recommended provided for continued party responsibility by a clause under which nominations were made by committees, with subsequent primaries at which candidates could be nominated by direct vote of party members as a check and a tribunal to which party men not satisfied with the action of the nominating committees could appeal.

While it is known that Governor-elect Miller is in favor of doing away altogether with direct primaries and having all nominations made in convention, it is probable that something akin to the Hughes plan will be recommended if a compromise should be found expedient.

Mr. Miller said he had not made up his mind on any of the many subjects discussed in conferences.

According to Senators Charles J. Hewitt of Cayuga and John B. Mullan of Monroe, who have been in touch with a majority of their colleagues in the Senate, the way has been cleared for Senator Clayton R. Lusk of Cortland to assume the powers and responsibilities of Republican floor leader when the new Legislature meets.

Senator Hewitt will succeed Senator Henry M. Sage of Albany as Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee. Senator Mullan will continue as Chairman of the Cities Committee. Senator Charles M. Walton of Ulster will remain Chairman of the Committee on Codes.

Senator Hewitt said last night that the proposed State budget of $222,000,000 would be pared down to last year's total, which was approximately $145,000,000 "exclusive of the carrying charges for the $45,000,000 bond issue for bonuses to soldiers."

FEAR MORE RACE RIOTS IN INDEPENDENCE, KAN.

300 Ex-Soldiers and Citizens Patrol Town and Two Compahies of State Guard Are Expected.

INDEPENDENCE, Kan., Dec. 17.—Kansas National Guardsmen were reported on their way to this little oil city tonight to take charge of the situation growing out of last night's race trouble, which resulted in the killing of two persons and the wounding of five others.

Following a day of apprehension over the possibility of another attempt to lynch Noble Green, a negro accused of the shooting of R. R. Wharton, a white grocer, Mayor John I. Wadman announced he had been promised two companies of guardsmen and they would arrive early tomorrow.

A tense situation prevailed tonight, with the town under patrol by more than 300 home guardsmen, American Legion members and citizens sworn in as Deputy Sheriffs, and all armed.

TUMULTY DECLINES COURT NOMINATION

He Announces That He Will Practice Law in Washington After March 4.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to President Wilson, announced today that he had declined the appointment as a Chief Justice of the Court of Customs Appeal, which had been offered to him by the President, and that he would begin the practice of law in Washington after March 4.

Mr. Tumulty said he had no doubt of his confirmation by the Senate, as he "had received assurances from leading Republicans that there would be no impediment placed in the way of it."

EXPECT GIBBONS TO RECOVER

Physicians Say Cardinal's Condition Is Serious, but Not Alarming.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 17.—Cardinal Gibbons, who has been ill at the home of Robert T. Shrives, at Union Mills, Md., during the last ten days, was very restless all last night, but was in good condition today. The Cardinal it was said, will not return to Baltimore for several days.

Dr. Wetzell of Westminster and Dr. Charles O'Donovan of Baltimore, following a consultation this afternoon, said that while the Cardinal's condition was serious, it was not necessarily alarming. They said his age was against him, but that there was every indication that he would recover from his indisposition.

Brooklyn Favors State Bonus.

The completed figures on the vote in Brooklyn on Nov. 2 on the question of a $45,000,000 soldiers' bonus to be paid by the State, as announced yesterday by the Kings County Board of Canvassers, show that Brooklyn gave a plurality of 138,988 in favor of the proposal. The vote was: In favor, 268,157; against, 127,171; blank, 82,361. By a plurality of 100,171, Brooklyn also approved the amendment to the Constitution having to do with the finances of the State and making the plan of serial bonds a fixed policy. The vote on the amendment was: For, 216,461; against, 116,290; blank, 142,938.

To Unveil Tablet to Dr. Martin.

A tablet memorial to the Rev. Dr. Daniel Hoffman Martin will be unveiled tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Fort Washington Presbyterian Church, Broadway and 174th Street. Dr. Martin, who was the founder and pastor of the church for six years, died on Jan. 2 last after months of illness due to being run down by an automobile. The tablet is of marble with letters in bronze.

Adventist

SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTIST TEMPLE, 120th St. and Lenox Av. CARLYLE B. HAYNES, Pastor. Sabbath Services—Saturday: 9:30 A.M.—Sabbath School. 11:00—Sermon by Pastor. Sunday Night—7:45—Subject: "Counterfeit Christianity; or, Changing the Truth of God Into a Lie," a Bible Prophecy of Anti-Christ.

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, West 57th St., between 6th and 7th Avs. Rev. JOHN ROACH STRATON, Pastor. 10:30—EVANGELIST AMY LEE STOCKTON will tell Henry van Dyke's famous Christmas story: "THE OTHER WISE MAN." 12—Sunday School and Adult Bible Classes. 8—Dr. Dean: "The Source of Christmas Joy."

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, S. E. Corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Av. FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor. 11—"THE VIRGIN BIRTH OF CHRIST." 8—Lantern Lecture. "PREPARATION FOR THE PILGRIMS" in recognition of Forefathers' Day.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 4 to 8 West 48th Street. Sunday School and Women's Class, 9:40 A.M. Mr. JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, JR., will teach men's class, 9:40 A.M. subject: "THE CHRISTMAS MESSAGE FOR YOUNG MEN." 11 A.M., Dr. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, Minister, will preach on "THE PROPHECY OF CHILDHOOD." Young People's Service, 6:30 P.M.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, Broadway and 79th St. PASTOR I. M. HALDEMAN, D.D.

11 A.M.—"ARE THE OTHER WORLDS INHABITED? THE PROOF THAT THEY ARE. THE VISIT AND MESSAGE FROM AN INHABITANT OF ONE OF THESE WORLDS TO THIS. THE MARVELLOUS SIGN IN THE HEAVENS." Christmas Sermon. 8 P.M.—"WAS ALMIGHTY GOD BORN INTO THIS WORLD AS A BABE? DID GOD BECOME A MAN THAT MAN MIGHT BECOME A GOD?" (A Christmas Sermon.) Christmas Music all day.

Friday Night, December 24th, 8 o'clock—"Lame on Both Feet."

JUDSON MEMORIAL, WASHINGTON SQ. Rev. A. RAY PETTY, Pastor. Preaching Services 11 and 8.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, MADISON AV. at 31st St. GEORGE CALEB MOOR, D. D., Minister. Every Sunday, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. A series of Sunday Eve. Sermons on "STUMBLING BLOCKS." Sun., Dec. 19, "JOSEPH AND THE PIT."

MOUNT MORRIS BAPTIST CHURCH, 5th Av., between 123th and 127th Sts. CARL WALLACE PETTY, D. D. 11 A.M.—"On Getting Ready for Christmas." 8 P.M.—"The First Santa Claus," or "The Inspiration of a Worthy Illusion."

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St. and Convent Av.—Rev. HAROLD PATTISON, D. D.—11 A. M. Christmas Sermon; 8 Christmas Carols, Special Musical Service.

Christian Science

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES, BRANCHES OF THE MOTHER CHURCH, Sundays, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesdays, 8 P. M.

First Church, Central Park West & 96th St. Second Church, Central Park West and 68th St.
Third Church, 58th St., just east of Park Av., Sundays, 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Fourth Church, 178th St. and Fort Washington Av.
Fifth Church, Aeolian Hall, 24 West 43d St.
Sixth Church, 1,301 Boston Road, Bronx.
Seventh Church, 112th St., east of Broadway. Sunday, 11 A. M., 4:30 P. M.
Eighth Church, 103 East 17th St.
Ninth Church, Park Avenue Hotel, 4th Av. at 32d St.
Tenth Church, 163 West 57th St.
Eleventh Church, 2,562 Briggs Av., 11 A. M.
Twelfth Church, Anderson Galleries, Park Av. and 59th St.
Christian Science Society, 547 West 146th St., Sundays, 11 A. M.; Wednesdays, 8 P. M. FREE READING ROOM, 38 West 42d St.,

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE LECTURES will be delivered as follows:
Each Lecturer is a member of the Board of Lectureship of the Mother Church, the First Church of Christ Scientist in Boston, Mass.
FIFTH CHURCH OF CHRIST SCIENTIST, Aeolian Hall, 34 West 43d St., Dec. 23, at 8 P. M., by Bicknell Young, C.S.B., of Chicago, Ill.
SIXTH CHURCH OF CHRIST SCIENTIST 1,301 Boston Road, Bronx, Dec. 20, at 8 P. M., by Bicknell Young, C. S. B., of Chicago, Ill.
THIRTEENTH CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, Leslie Hall, 260 West 53d St. Services: Sun., 11 A. M.; Wed., 8 P. M. Sunday School, 11 A. M. Reading Room, 365 B'way. All Christian Science Literature on Sale.

Community Church

THE COMMUNITY CHURCH OF N. Y. 11 A. M.—Lyric Theatre. Mr. RANDALL, "THE REAL JESUS." Christmas Service, Special Music. 8:15 P. M.—High School, 185 West 63d St. Forum, GEORGE CHALMERS RICHMOND, "THE DOWNFALL OF CAPITALISM." 10 A. M.—Lyric Theatre. Mr. BROWN, Psychoanalysis, "Christianity as a Myth."

Congregational

BROADWAY TABERNACLE, Broadway and 56th Street. The Pastor, DR. JEFFERSON, will preach at 11 A. M. Subject, "SAINTLY FATHERS." 8 P. M.—DR. JOHN H. FINLEY, Commissioner of Education, N. Y. State, "THE PILGRIM TER-CENTENARY." Tuesday, 5 P. M.—Taylor Chapel. Dr. Jefferson will read the Courtship of Miles Standish. Wednesday, 8 P. M.—Midweek Service. CHRISTMAS, SATURDAY, DEC. 25th, 11.—Service and Sermon by Dr. Jefferson.

MANHATTAN CHURCH, Broadway near 76th St. Christmas Service, 11 A. M. Rev. CHARLES H. PARKHURST, D. D., Acting Pastor, will preach.

Disciples of Christ (Christian)

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH, 142 West 71st St. Dr. Finis S. Idleman, 11 A. M. Sacred Xmas Concert.

Divine Science

Rev. W. JOHN MURRAY of the FIRST CHURCH OF DIVINE SCIENCE, Grand Ballroom, Waldorf-Astoria, Sunday, 11 A. M. Subject: "POSTPONING OUR BLESSINGS." The Bible Class and Sunday School will meet together at 9:45 A. M. for a Christmas Entertainment. The Gloria Trumpeters Will Assist. A Healing Service Is Conducted by Dr. Murray daily at 12 o'clock at the Waldorf. The public is cordially invited to all meetings.

Ethical Culture

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE. Founded 1876. Meeting House, Central Park West & 64th St. Sunday morning, Dec. 19, promptly at 11. Speaker, MR. HARRY SNELL of London. Subject, "The Religious and Political Outlook in England After the War." The Public Are Invited.

Interdenominational

THE NEW ENGLAND SOCIETY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK. The Annual Sermon will be preached by REV. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., in Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, Madison Avenue and Seventy-third Street, at four-thirty o'clock. Sunday, the Nineteenth of December. DARWIN P. KINGSLEY, President. HARRY A. CUSHING, Secretary.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 692 EIGHTH AV., AT 44TH ST. FOUNDED BY REV. A. B. SIMPSON. (Rev. Elmer B. Fitch, Asst. Pastor.) DR. W. LEON TUCKER, AUTHOR AND TEACHER, WILL SPEAK SUNDAY MORNING AND EVENING AT 10:45 AND 7:30. ALSO THE FOLLOWING TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY EVENINGS AT 8 O'CLOCK.

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE, Broadway and 104th Street. Rev. Wm. Allan—11, "Does It Pay to Walk?" 8, "A Woman's Choice." Thursday, 8 P. M., Midweek Bible Lecture, "The Day When God Shall Laugh."

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY. Service in the Chapel, Claremont Avenue, between 120th and 122d Streets, at 11 o'clock. Preacher, the Rev. Professor ALBERT PARKER FITCH, D. D., of Amherst College.

Jewish

TEMPLE EMANUEL, Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street. Saturday, 10:30 A. M.: Dr. Silverman on "The Place of Woman in the Synagogue." Sunday, 11:15: A. M., Dr. Silverman on "The Jews and Religious Liberty." Monday, 11 A. M. sharp: Dr. Enelow on "The Most Beautiful Idyll in Literature." Friday Evening Service, 5:30 o'clock. Daily Noon Service, 12:30 P. M. All are welcome.

JEWISH, BETH-EL TEMPLE, 8TH AV. AT 76TH ST. SUNDAY MORNING AT 11. REV. DR. SAMUEL SCHULMAN, "THE MANY SIDED QUESTION OF SUNDAY OBSERVANCE." ALL ARE WELCOME.

FREE SYNAGOGUE, Carnegie Hall—Sunday Morning at 10:45 DR. WISE: "WHAT DOES the JEW BELIEVE ABOUT JESUS?" All Are Welcome.

CENTRAL SYNAGOGUE, Lexington Av. at 55th.—Dr. Kraus preaches today at 10:30. Sunday, 11 promptly, Subject: "IF A JEW—WHY? IF A JEW—WHY NOT?"

Lutheran

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway at 93d St. Rev. AUGUSTUS STEIMLE, D. D., Pastor. Twenty-fourth Anniversary Services. 11 A. M. Sermon by the Rev. SAMUEL G. THEXLER, D. D. 8 P. M. Special Musical Service. The Choir will Sunday. The Nativity by Adams. Christmas Day Service at 11 A. M.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, 65th St. and Central Park West. The Rev. Paul E. Scherer, Pastor. 11, "The Way Out"; 8, Bible Hour.

ST. JAMES'S LUTHERAN CHURCH, Madison Av. at 73d. Dr. Remensnyder, 11 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal

GRACE, WEST 104TH ST. FREDERICK BROWN HARRIS, MINISTER. 11 A. M.—Sermon, "A Faded Madonna, Retouched." 7:45 P. M.—Van Dyke's "The Other Wise Man," dramatized. The story by the minister; 25 participants, 20 scenes depicted; also views and colored lights.

MADISON AVENUE CHURCH, 66TH ST. Dr. RALPH W. SOCKMAN, Pastor. 11—Unveiling memorials to General and Mrs. Clinton B. Fisk. Speakers: Bishop Luther B. Wilson, Dr. Wallace MacMullen, Mrs. May Leonard Woodruff. 8—Music, Handel's "Messiah"; violins, Dr. Sockman, "The Herald of Christmas." 6—Social Hour, Miss Ruth Crawford.

METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St., 7th Av. Rev. Joseph W. Chasey, B.D., Minister. 11 A.M.—"The True Blue Sunday." 8 P.M.—"An Oasis in the Desert."—Series.

ST. ANDREW'S METHODIST-EPISCOPAL 76th Street and Columbus Avenue. 11—Allan MacKenzie will preach. 8—Christmas Musical Service. Quartette, chorus, stringed instruments, Mildred Dilling harpist.

ST. JAMES, Madison Av. and 126th St. DR. GEORGE L. NUCKOLLS, Pastor. 11 A.M.—"Pilgrims—Yesterday and Today." 8 P.M.—"A Coward's Return to Courage."

WASHINGTON Square, West 4th, Pilgrim Sermon, 11; Christmas Community Chorus, 7:30 choral Service, Washington Park Band Stand, Christmas, 7 A. M.

New Church

NEW CHURCH, 35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs. The Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor. Bible Classes, 10:15. Service 11. Rev. Chauncey Giles Hubbell will preach.

BROOKLYN SOCIETY of the NEW CHURCH Monroe Place, Corner of Clark St. Take Interborough Subway to Clark St. Service at 11 A. M. Rev. Charles T. Cutting will preach.

New Thought

MIRACLES TODAY IN NEW YORK. FREE LECTURE ON MENTAL SCIENCE AND HEALING FENWICKE L. HOLMES Assisted by KATHERINE EGGLESTON HOLMES MOROSCO THEATRE, 45th St., 8 P. M. Free Mental Science Class 2:00. Instantaneous Healing Treatment Week Day Lectures OMITTED Tuesday and Friday This Week Owing to Christmas Holidays. Graduate Class conferring diplomas begins Monday, Dec. 26, McAlpin Hotel. Number limited, and students desiring course should register tomorrow.

UNITY. SOCIETY OF PRACTICAL CHRISTIANITY. HOTEL ASTOR. RICHARD LYNCH, Speaker. SUNDAY, address by Mrs. Maud Pratt Messner. "A DEATHLESS RACE." Sunday School, 1:45 P. M. Wednesday, 8 P. M., "Sons of God," followed by Healing Meeting. Classes, Tuesday, and Friday at 2:30, Harriet Hale Rix. The Public Is Cordially Invited.

FIRST SOCIETY OF JEWISH NEW THOUGHT meets every Sunday at 4 o'clock Genealogical Hall, 226 West 58th St. Lucia Holt Levy speaks on "How to Demonstrate Success." Midweek meeting every Wednesday, Carnegie Hall, at 8:15, Room 837. Readings and discussions from our textbook, "Jewish Science," by Rabbi A. Moses. Attend our meetings and "Put Joy Into our Daily Life."

MRS. MARY CHAPIN Sunday Morning Services, 11 o'clock. COMMODORE HOTEL (42d St.) All welcome. Subject: "THE GREATEST GIFT—Prized more than any other in the world." CONCENTRATION—PROSPERITY CLASSES Monday, 3-8 P. M. Carnegie Hall Room 807. ARE YOU SUCCESSFUL? IF NOT, WHY NOT?

ALAN RATHBUN Beethoven's 150th Anniversary. The Spiritual Aspect in Music. Soloist, EVELYN FINN who will play Beethoven's Sonata, Op. 14, No. 2. Sunday, 8:15, at Genealogical Hall, 226 West 58th St. Admission Free.

LEAGUE FOR THE LARGER LIFE, 226 WEST 7TH ST. Sun., 8:15 P. M., Mrs. Shaw, "Mr. Eugene Del Mar; Mon., 8:15 P. M., "The Spiritual Vibration of India," Mr. Edmund Russell; Wed., 8:15 P. M., Miss Harriett Hale Rix, from Home of Truth, Los Angeles. Sat., 8:45 A. M., CHRISTMAS SILENCE.

MISS VILLA FAULKNER PAGE, Fellowship of the Life More Abundant. Every Sunday, 11 A. M., Brooklyn Masonic Temple, Cor. Clermont and Lafayette Avs., Brooklyn, N.Y. Subject, Dec. 19: "CHRIST, THE WORLD MADE FLESH." Congregational Singing. All Welcome.

MRS. ID'ORA GREENE TILLMAN, "The Significance of Your Name." Analyzed by Number Vibration. Hotel Astor, Times Sq., Sun. 3 P. M. Wed. & Fri., 8 P. M., 333 West 57th.

ANNA C. NOLLE, HOTEL ASTOR, SUNDAY, 11:15 SHARP. "HOW TO VISUALIZE FOR SUCCESS."

Presbyterian

BRICK CHURCH, Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street. Ministers, { William Pierson Merrill, Theodore Ainsworth Greene. DR. MERRILL will preach at 11 and 4. Subject, 4 P. M.: "Christ's Coming to the Individual." Bible School at 9:45. General Bible Discussion Class at 10:00 Leader, Professor Charles Thaddeus Terry. Young People's Society Social and Supper Meeting, 5:30-7:30. NOONDAY SERVICE daily, (except Sat.) at 12:30.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Broadway and 114th Street. Rev. Walter Duncan Buchanan, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Madison Av. and 57th St. Rev. DWIGHT W. WYLIE, D.D., LL.D., PASTOR. 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. Preaching by the Pastor. Full choir and instrumental soloists at both morning and afternoon services. Cantata (The Christmas Rose), 4:30 P. M. Wednesday, 8 P. M.—Devotional Meeting.

Eglise Evangelique Francaise, 126 W. 16th. Dimanche 10:30 et 8 P.M. Rev. P. D. Eliesser.

FIFTH AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street. Ministers { Rev. JOHN KELMAN, D. D. Rev. JAMES PALMER, Ph. D. Dr. KELMAN will preach at 11 and 4:30—Subject: "Industry and Religion." Bible School at 9:30. Men's Class at 10 A. M. At 4, Organ Recital by Harry Gilbert. Tuesday, 8 P. M., in the Chapel, Dr. Kelman's Bible Class, "Christ the Poet." At 8:15 P. M.—Wednesday, in the Chapel, Midweek Service conducted by Dr. Palmer.

Presbyterian

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 8th Av., 11th and 12th Sts. Ministers: Rev. Henry Sloane Coffin, Rev. Henry Emerson Fosdick, D.D. Rev. Thomas Guthrie Speers. 9:45 A. M., Sunday School. 11 A. M., Dr. Fosdick. 8 P. M., Mr. Speers. Wednesday, 8 P. M., Mid-week Service. Friday, at 8 P. M. Christmas Eve Service.

FORT WASHINGTON, Broadway, at 174th St. Rev. JOHN McNEILL, Pastor. Preaches at 11 A.M. and 8 P. M. At 4 P. M. Unveiling of a Tablet in memory of Rev. Daniel Hoffman Martin, D. D.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, West End Av. and 91st St. Edgar Whitaker Work, D. D., Pastor. 11 A. M.—Christmas Music and Sermon. 8 P. M.—Singing of Christmas Carols.

HARLEM-NEW YORK CHURCH, Mt. Morris Park West and 123d St. Dr. FREDERICK LENTE EVANS, Pastor. 11 A. M. "Vicarious Sanctification." 8 P. M. "Love Covereth."

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Northeast corner 73d St. 11 A. M.—Rev. Reginald Sloane Coffin, D.D. 4:30 P. M.—Dr. Coffin. 8 P. M.—Rev. Paul Dwight Moody. All Seats Free.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 326 West 86th St. Rev. John

CLOTHING MAKERS WONT ARBITRATE

State Industrial Commission's Offer to Mediate Rejected by Manufacturers.

SOVIET CHARGE RENEWED

Want Grand Jury to Consider Alleged Grafting by Union's Delegates.

The Clothing Manufacturers' Association yesterday refused to submit its dispute with the Amalgamated Clothing Workers to the arbitration of the State Industrial Commission, and officials of the association admitted that they were gathering facts of alleged grafting by walking delegates with the idea of submitting them to District Attorney Swann. They said it was their intention to ask the District Attorney to call a Grand Jury to consider the evidence.

Defying the manufacturers to submit the controversy to a Grand Jury, the union accepted proffered mediation of the State Industrial Commission. Sidney Hillman, President of the clothing workers, asserted that "we have done nothing but urge the deepest possible inquiry, to formulate constructive plans, and the manufacturers, fearful of what the inquiry would show, have done nothing but run away.

"Finally the manufacturers are making vague threats of 'evidence' for Grand Jury investigation. We are ready for that, too, but we have no expectation of finding the manufacturers eagerly testifying. We shall have evidence to offer on the notorious malpractices of the New York manufacturers. We urge any investigation which will make public the outrageous profiteering by which the manufacturers have nearly ruined the New York market."

In its letter to the State Industrial Commission the Manufacturers' Association renewed its charges that the union was trying to "sovietize" the clothing industry, wreck the manufacturers and take over the shops.

The union yesterday increased the number of its pickets to 200 and lines were put around four new factories—Zeeman & Grossman at Thirteenth Street and Broadway, Spear, Michaels & Co., and W. P. Goldman at Fifth Avenue and Fourteenth Street and H. Cohen at 58 Bleecker Street. The picket committee denied that any manufacturers were operating.

The Manufacturers' Association said that the union had made separate settlements with members of the organization, and contended that several factories were running.

"Sailor" Ryan Succeeds Col. Woods.

BOSTON, Dec. 17.—Henry J. ("Sailor") Ryan, who served as an ordinary seaman in the navy during the war, announced today that he had accepted the directorship of the Americanization Department of the American Legion. He succeeds Colonel Arthur Woods, formerly Assistant Secretary of War, and will assume his duties at the legion national headquarters at Indianapolis next week.

GOVERNOR THREATENS TO SHOOT EDITOR

Florida's Clergyman Executive Warns Palm Beach Man to Stop Attacks or Face a Shotgun.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Dec. 17.—In an open letter given out today the Rev. Sidney J. Catts, Governor of Florida, threatened to go to West Palm Beach with a "double-barrel shotgun loaded with buckshot" and have a "final settlement" with Joe L. Earman, President of the State Board of Health and publisher of The Palm Beach Post. The Chief Executive wrote that he was tired of Earman's "tyranny, arrogance and big-stick bossing," and that "this is the last warning."

The letter followed publication in Earman's paper of an article attacking the Governor in connection with the reinstatement of Edgar Thompson as State's Attorney at West Palm Beach.

"I am not going to let you rule and boss me at your whim and pleasure," the Governor's letter said. "I am a man and stand in a man's place and I do not run away from any West Palm Beachers when they hang me in effigy as you did when they hung you.

"If you publish one more page in your paper like this last one or bother me or my business or my children any more I will go to West Palm Beach, Fla., with my double-barrel shotgun loaded with buckshot and have a final settlement with you."

MIAMI, Fla., Dec. 17.—"When is he coming?" asked L. L. Earman of West Palm Beach today, when informed of Governor Catt's threat to go to West Palm Beach "with his double barreled shotgun and have a final settlement" with him. Earman said that he would not "run away," but would remain in Palm Beach to "welcome" the Governor.

RAIL BOARD WARNS CARRIERS AND UNIONS

Tells Both Roads and Men They Must Obey the Law in Letter and Spirit.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—A warning to railroads and railroad unions, subject to the Esch-Cummins Transportation act, "to obey it in letter and spirit," was issued today by the Railway Labor Board. "Certain carriers" and "certain organizations of railroad employes" had violated the law by refusing to confer in wage disputes, the board stated.

The warning followed yesterday's hearing, at which officers of the Order of Railway Conductors and Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen were called upon to explain why they had taken a strike vote on the Norfolk & Western Railroad. The board today set the hearing in the Norfolk & Western dispute between employes and company for Jan. 3, but announced that it had no objection to the parties continuing discussions in the meantime.

Hearing of the request for changes in rules and working conditions, submitted to the board in April in connection with the wage demand covered by the $600,000,000 wage increase, granted July 20, was set for Jan. 10.

Women Can Hold Office, Court Rules

DETROIT, Dec. 17.—The right of women to hold elective office in Michigan was upheld by Judge Henry A. Mandell, in Circuit Court, here today. Under the Michigan law, the Court held, the only qualifications for an officeholder are citizenship and electoral rights, and the extension of suffrage to women makes them electors.

RAIL LABOR CHIEFS MEET LEGISLATORS

Hold Get-Together Conference With "Liberal" Members of Senate and House.

PLAN INFORMATION BUREAU

Action Result of Passage, Unknown to Opponents, of Poindexter Bill Against Strikes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The first of a series of meetings between prominent labor leaders and certain Senators and Representatives who are described in a statement by William E. Johnston, President of the International Association of Machinists as "liberal members" of Congress, was held today in the Machinists' Building.

The statement, which was issued from the office of Senator La Follette of Wisconsin, did not name the Senators and Congressmen present, but they are understood to have been Senators La Follette, Walsh of Massachusetts, Norris of Nebraska, France of Maryland, and Dr. Ladd, Republican Senator-elect from North Dakota, who comes to Washington with the endorsement of the Non-Partisan League, and Representatives Voight and Browne of Wisconsin, Sinclair of North Dakota, and Carss of Minnesota. With the exception of Senator Walsh and Mr. Carss, who are Democrats, all were Republicans.

The statement issued by Mr. Johnston read:

"A number of members of the House and Senate met this morning in the Machinists' Building with the heads of the railroad labor organizations and the leaders of the other progressive organizations to discuss the general legislative situation.

"The conference grew out of the fact that the leaders of the railroad labor organizations were meeting at this time in Washington to discuss various problems, and the time was thought to be opportune for a general

Failures of the Week.

BRADSTREET'S reports 414 failures in the United States for the week, against 337 for the previous week, and 125, 130, 256, 280 for the corresponding weeks 1919 to 1916. The New England States had 50; Middle, 106; Western, 71; Northwestern, 32; Southern 128; Far Western, 270. Canada had 27, against 43 for the previous week. In the United States about 74.8 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had $5,000 capital or less, and 13 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

In Town.

SHEFFIELD IRON CORPORATION—Judge Knox has appointed Joseph H. Weeks and Roger B. Wood receivers, in joint bond of $25,000, for Sheffield Iron Corporation in a suit brought by Harbison-Walker Refractories Company, a creditor for $3,311. It is stated that the defendant is a New York corporation, with executive offices in New York and with plants for manufacturing of pig iron in Sheffield, Ala., and branches in Tennessee; that it has outstanding 7,500 shares of preferred stock, par value of $100 each, amounting to $675,000, and 20,500 shares of common of no par value. The defendant is said to have outstanding notes, open accounts and other liabilities in excess of $350,000. Some of this is now due, and in addition thereto it is alleged to be indebted on $585,000, principal amount of first mortgage 6 per cent. fifteen-year gold sinking fund bonds, issued under a mortgage. It is further stated that the defendant's assets are largely in excess of its liabilities; but that it lacks money to meet its obligations. Defendant admits the allegations.

HOLLISTER, LYON & WALTON.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against George C. Hollister, Cecil Lyon, J. McLean Walton and Francis S. Marden, co-partners, trading as Hollister, Lyon & Walton, stock brokers, at 7 Wall St., by these creditors: Ellworth, D. Gosling, $4,000; Walter A. Brady, $50, and Frank Hughes, $55. It is stated that the liabilities are approximately $800,000 and the assets about $450,000.

PREMIER INCANDESCENT LAMP WORKS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Premier Incandescent Lamp Works, manufacturer of electric bulbs, at 45 East 17th St., by these creditors: Specialty Bulb Blowing Works, $1,399; Sigmund Mendel, $4,000, and Maurice S. Haynes, $665. Judge Knox has appointed Max Rocknore receiver in $7,500 bond. It is stated that the liabilities exceed $50,000 and that the assets are probably about $10,000.

UNITED WOOD WORK CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Alexander Waldman and Max Schnapp, co-partners, trading as United Wood Work Co., manufacturers of furniture, at 165 Attorney St., by Louis Hirch, a creditor, for $535. An assignment was also made to Benjamin Eskowitz.

LEON JAFFESS, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Leon Jaffess, Inc., retail auto tires, at 252 West 55th St., by these creditors: Firestone Tire & Rubber Co., $2,318; M. J. Cahn, $25, and H. E. Pelikan, $3.

ISIDOR NAGEL & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Isidor Nagel, trading as Isidor Nagel & Co., manufacturer of cloaks and suits, at 247 West Thirtieth Street, by these creditors: C. A. Barrett, $160; I. Nash, $500, and A. O'Neil, $6,000. An assignment was also made to Reginald P. Boyd.

CLASSY COSTUME AND DRESS COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Mindel and Heyman Stetian, co-partners, trading as Classy Costume and Dress Company, at 238 Sixth Avenue, by Moe Smith & Co., a creditor for $500.

KING SWEETS CORPORATION—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against King Sweets Corporation, candy manufacturers at 404-412 East 104th Street, by these creditors: American Peanut Company, $1,461; H. Greenstein, $30, and Klein Chocolate Company, $330.

HERBST & KAZAN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Alexander C. Herbst and Louis Kazan, co-partners, trading as Herbst & Kazan, manufacturers of furs at 149 West 28th Street, by these creditors: David Merkin, $300; M. A. Dooling, $200, and K. L. Abbott, $200.

WORKMAN & SILVER—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Meyer S. Workman and Louis Silver, copartners, trading as Workman & Silver, furs and skins, at 167 West Twenty-fifth Street, by these creditors: F. Freedman, $85; E. Friedlander, $1,468, and B. R. Jacoby, $500.

PHILIP KAHN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Philip Kahn, ready-to-wear store at 1,062 Southern Boulevard, by these creditors: Brucker Brothers, $290; Porsty Brothers, $220, and Helena Dress Company, $178.

JENO S. FRIEDMAN—Judge Knox has appointed Morris Israel receiver, in $2,500 bond, for Jeno S. Friedman, dry goods, at 38 East Fordham Road. It is stated that a fire occurred in Friedman's place of business on Dec. 14, and that it has since been closed.

PRINCIPIA WAIST COMPANY, INC.—Judge Knox has appointed William Jasie receiver, in $10,000 bond, for Principia Waist Company, Inc., at 286 Fifth Avenue.

CHARLES J. HIRSCH & Co., INC.—Judge Knox has appointed Jacob S. Maxwell receiver, in $7,500 bond, for Charles J. Hirsch & Co., Inc., manufacturer of dresses, at 32 East Thirty-first Street. It is stated that the liabilities are about $50,000 and the assets about $10,000.

ARTHUR NEWMAN—Judge Knox has appointed Henry V. Brady receiver, in $3,500 bond, for Arthur Newman, dresses, at 32 West Thirty-second Street.

ABRAHAM REGAL, trading as S. B. Frame Company, at 656 Broadway, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $35,296, and assets of $16,500, consisting of stock and fixtures, $500, and accounts, $16,000. Segal is said to have suffered from a fire on Aug. 26, 1920, and fire insurance policies amounting to $14,000 are listed in the schedules.

MEYER ALTSCHULER, dry goods, at 85 East 113th St., has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $6,067, and assets of $2,743, main items of which are stock, $2,000, and cash in bank, $225.

KALISH & MILLARD, hats, at 53 Bond St., have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $10,843, and assets of $1,702, consisting of stock, $1,000; accounts, $202, and cash in bank, $500.

PHILIP P. SMITH CO., INC., metals, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $193,790, of which $15,000 are secured claims, and assets of $179,296, main items of which are stocks, $1,100; automobiles and other property, $26,750; boat, $12,000; furniture and fixtures, $5,000; unliquidated claims, $61,000, and fire, theft, liability, &c. insurance, $73,000.

BESSIE MILSKY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Jessie Milsky, 174 Sumner Avenue, Brooklyn, by Max Cottin for $800.

STANLEY TIRE AND RUBBER COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Stanley Tire and Rubber Company, 108 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, by Miller Rubber Company, $2,200; B. F. Goodrich Rubber Company, $150, and the Federal Rubber Company, $100.

LOUIS FAGNANI—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Louis Fagnani, Inc., a builder and real estate operator at 45 Fifty-fourth Street, Brooklyn, by Harry Lister for $1,918, Frederick F. Ruschmann, $1,160, and Schnabel & Knoche, $2,198.

WILLIAM T. BURTIS, a general contractor of Glen Head, L. I., has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $11,775.04 and assets of $1,078.08.

MAX LUBLIN—A petition in bankruptcy was filed by Max Lublin, 473 Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn, with liabilities of $10,171.03 and assets $50.

AERO BATTERY COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy was filed against Joseph Tisdale, trading as Aero Battery Company, 198 Roebling Street, Brooklyn, by Emin Kokon for $300, Solomon Levy, $153, and Nissin Levy, $317.50.

TIP BOUNDARY MANUFACTURING COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Rouder Manufacturing Company, 1,361 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, by J. O. Forster for $267 each, Jos. Palmer, $350, and Willidig & Fischer, $200.

B. AND F. COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Isaac Baum and Jacob Diner, individually and as co-partners, doing business under the name of the B. and F. Company, 120 Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn, by Abraham J. Rosen for $180, Solomon Spielglas, $108; Ruben Stalzer, $126; Louis Solomon, $55.50, and N. Zwierbel & Son, $42.50.

JOHN PETERSON—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by John Peterson, 214 Vorris Avenue, Long Island, with liabilities of $12,568.75 and no assets.

LUCY PETERSON—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Lucy Peterson, 214 Morris Avenue, Long Island, with liabilities of $55,934.89 and no assets.

MILFORD SHIRT COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Henry Cohen and Samuel Berkowitz, individually and as co-partners, doing business under the name of the Milford Shirt Company, 1,000 Buchman Street, Brooklyn, by Century Woven Label Company, $5,399; B. Zuckerman Brothers, $776.10, and Morris Goldstein, $1,274.20.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

American Home Builders, Inc., and Henry Gold—S. Nelson.....$214.41
American Standard Shipfitting Corp. and Montrose K. Newman—C. Smith 587.84
Bernstein, Millie—Chatsworth Apartments, Inc. 291.27
Blumenfeld, Julius—Halo Realty Co., Inc. 253.85
Brady, Rose—Bernheimer & Schwartz Pilsener Brewing Co.....2,045.97
Barton, Todd & Bertye—Mawson & Swan 389.88
Corn, Sidney P.—Van Buren & Heimler, Inc. 184.13
Commercial Advertiser Assn.—W. S. Bennet, comptr. 271.20
Carl H. Schultz, Inc.—D. R. Faulkner et al. 1,040.00
D. Horwitz & Co., Inc.—H. Samson.... 197.00
Debrest, Harold—M. Simon.....586.41
Darby, Chas. F.—Dimock & Fink Co. Co. 250.09
Delfall, Chas. A.—I. L. Hill.....370.00
Dodd, Charles—Amiton Mfg. Co., Inc. 174.70
Dixos Co., Inc.—L. W. Crandell.....1,230.89
De Forrest, Lee—L. B. De Forrest.....1,000.00
Eichhold, Harry—F. C. Malcolm.....170.20
Egar, Samuel—P. J. Testan.....459.20
50 East 61st St. Co., Inc.—J. E. Casale 1,159.47
Goodwin Lithographing Corp.—H. F. Roe 1,040.07
Granitex Co., Inc.—Meurer Steel Barrel Co. 1,418.10
Gilbert, Samuel—Dyson & Co.....271.10
Hermann, Christopher—U. S. Fidelity & Guaranty Co. 128.45
Hackel, Barney—N. Y. Theatre Program Corp. 105.20
Heller, Albert S.—H. Monness et al....1,011.33
Hedges, Job E., rec'r.—H. Dean.....595.33
Horowitz, Max H. and Mary—F. R. Feibel 100.20
Hipkins, Clifton—A. Abraham et al.....422.22
Johnson, Julian—C. Levy et al.....186.80
Johnston Dryden & Co.—Western Union Telegraph Co. 4,157.59
Kishoff, Theo.—Sidney Nat'l Bank of Sidney 1,006.27
Kessler, Samuel—Bank of U. S.....791.51
Kreiman, Charles—Breslin Shirt Co., Inc. 616.07
Levine, David—P. Putterman 1,299.13
Lee, Vern W. and Wm. W. Gay (Lee & Gay)—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co..171.41
Leonard & Levintan Co., Inc.—E. H. Hanlon 422.65
Llata & Co., Inc.—Faria Costa & Co., Inc. 812.59
Littauer, Nathan C.—N. E. Berzon....1,186.58
Lubin, Herbert—B. H. Brown.....5,548.95
Lang, Jennie and Miriam Tashman—People, &c. 500.00
Morgenroth, Jacob—Breakstone Bros. Inc. 129.35
Middleton, Wm. T.—D. A. Kennedy et al 100.29
Miriam Dress Co, Inc.—P. Mamross....120.41
Malvin-Herzog Fur Co., Inc.—Schwartz Bros. 1,246.82
Mordano, Leonard—G. Merz.....548.46
Mandola, Jack S.—Gillette Tire Co. Inc. 541.40
Meyer, Bernard D.—Lexington Shoe Co., Inc. 5,889.15
O'Connell, James H.—H. D. Fasteman.114.03
Owl Wet Wash Laundry Co., Inc.—Allied Sprays Corp. 169.03
Pontalone, Daniel—Derryvale Linen Co. Inc. 347.13
Petroleum Producing & Refining Co., Inc.—Western Union Telegraph Co...516.80
Rodney Sales Co., Inc., Frank Selder and Murray Serman—L. T. Wartz..1,085.26
Rapp, Frederick—Southern Hardwood Flooring Corp. 190.72
Rothman, George—L. Kommel.....610.78
Rauchwerger, Max—Public National Bank of N. Y. 224.46
Rappol, Philip—I. Fleit.....162.65
Streep & Hill, Inc.—N. Y. Printers' and Bookbinders' Mutual Ins. Co. 253.20
Snyder, Herbert—Steinhardt Bros. & Co., Inc., costs 196.85
Simson, Emily J.—Orinoco Realty Co., Inc. 263.90
Silver, Agnes—76 Irving Place, Inc....615.26
Schaper, Herman J. (White Printing Co.)—Robert Wilson Paper Co.,....385.75
Service, Products, Inc.—Amesto Paint Co., Inc. 1,409.30
Schieh, Charles, and Max Spiegel—H. Foldenberg 985.72
Stewart, Wm. C., W. F. Sulzterm, Ferdinand Gambre and Autter & Chambers, Inc.—C. V. Norton.....5,717.80
Spanbach, Esther—B. Govern.....110.05
Simpson, Elliott E., and David P. (Simpson & Simpson),—S. Levenson 1,066.20
Schwartz, Henry—Goosman Manufg. Brightman, Inc. 1,085.46
Thompson, James—Dolphin Products Co., Inc. 148.83
Towns, Chas. A.—J. W. Hill.....10,598.20
Triangle Trading Corp.—I. E. Bates & Co. 224.70
Tatanis, Petros P.—Hazel Atlas Glass Co. 2,488.18
Vermilyea, Frank B.—C. I. Carroll....2,155.16
Weisbarth, Benjamin, David Weisbarth and Morris Weisbarth—E. Gutman, costs 190.25
Walker, Geo. H.—T. Warney, costs....148.97
Walpin & Krug, Inc.—A. A. Cole & Co., Inc. 333.54
William J. Dunn Co., Inc.—Manhattan Desk Co. 448.20
Wilson, Dorothy, and Geo. A. Sperling—People, &c. 100.00
Ziegfeld, Cinema Corp.—Manhattan Desk Co. 235.50

In Bronx County.

Flake, Selim E.—L. S. O'Hanlon, admx. $36,367.80
Geib, Emil—State Industrial Commission 279.90
Handman, Samuel—L. M. Kohn et al.1,653.46
Krelman, Charles—Breslin Shirt Co., Inc. 616.07
Kahana, Emil—N. Y. Independent Mat. Corp. 298.00
Strauss, Jacob—M. Feuerstein.....34.22
Wenk, Martin—H. A. Kalisky.....87.72
Woods, Frank J.—W. E. Andrews.....30.75
Zwicker, Harry—M. Rubenstein.....174.20

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Rock, James, and Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md.—People, &c., June 10, 1920 (canceled) $1,500.00
Stern, Harry, and Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md.—Same, June 10, 1920 (canceled) 1,500.00
N. Y. Life Ins. Co.—T. Schepa, Dec. 14, 1920 .....1,114.73
H. & N. Carburetor Co., Inc.—H. M. Studner, Nov. 2, 1917.....866.07
Baxter, Chas. M.—T. M. Daly, June 12, 1911 (released).....2,342.63
Gilchrist, Robert—American Exchange National Bank, Dec. 14, 1920 (vacated) 15,957.81
Schloss, Miriam G. and Arthur S. Miltenberg, Inc., Nov. 4, 1920.....2,239.50
Mott, J. Varnum—M. E. Depierris, Oct. 22, 1918 .....2,970.00
Altfather, Nathan, and Elias Cohen—B. Richman, Feb. 24, 1920.....518.85
Creston Co.—R. Joseph, June 9, 1919 .....2,386.87
Prosser, Jessie—G. I. Skidmer, Jan. 14, 1918 .....5,013.62
Mott, J. Varnum—Morewood Realty Holding Co., Sept. 16, 1918.....1,606.11
Pasternak, Isaac E.—L. Grenberg, Nov. 6, 1920.....900.00
Brock, Charles—R. W. Poor et al, June 26, 1920 .....122.47
James-Roth Co., Inc., Samuel Roth and Anna Roth—John Simmons Co., Sept. 16, 1920 .....271.92
Houghton, James T.—Brooks Bros., Feb. 27, 1920 .....426.50
Creston Co.—R. Joseph, Nov. 22, 1920 .....121.65
Tiffany, Gerald W. — Browning, King & Co., June 19, 1920.....155.78
Raymond, Sidney and Irving C. Sloss—J. D. Jacobs et al, Dec. 1, 1920.....440.48
H. & N. Carburetor Co., Inc.—M. M. Studner, Dec. 12, 1918.....290.60
Same—Same, Nov. 24, 1920.....126.43
Gesson, William—D. Kahn, Feb. 24, 1920 .....131.23
Wolf, Charles and Meyer J.—E. Rosenbaum; Dec. 9, 1920.....164.41
J. Dames Co., Inc.—Edwards Electrical Construction Co., Oct. 7, 1920.....143.61
Tobias, Richard D.—B. Turbel et al., June 20, 1917 .....163.45
Frock, Charles—R. W. Poor et al., July 14, 1919.....138.22
Same—Same; July 14, 1919.....138.22
Same—Same; July 14, 1919.....138.22
Ryan, Marie N.—Lord & Taylor; Sept. 12, 1918 .....285.01
Advertising and Selling Co., Inc.—Imperial Printing Co., Dec. 6, 1920 (vacated) 1,404.15
Kimball, Irene—Maison Maurice, Inc., Dec. 13, 1918.....700.43
Friedman, Abraham—M. H. Newman, May 7, 1920.....2,120.40
Bikoff, Isidore — M. Gordon, Jan. 4, 1918 .....$58.20
Funingollo, Angelo—A. Natalo, April 23, 1917 .....3,110.38
Ekman, Harry—M. Gordon, Jan. 4, 1918.195.85
Rochester Pickle Works, Inc., Sarah and Max Adler—J. Mesibov, Feb. 27, 1919 .....343.28

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New York, New York County.—FREDERICK KERR, plaintiff, against FREDERICK TANINI TAGLIAVIA, defendant.—Trial desired in New York County.

To the Above Named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service and, in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, October 13, 1920. Signed JOHN H. HAZELTON, Plaintiff's Attorney, Office and Post Office Address, 220 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

To Frederick Tanini Tagliavia:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Henry D. Hotchkiss, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 10th day of December, 1920, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York.

Dated New York, December 10, 1920.

JOHN H. HAZELTON, Attorney for Plaintiff. Office and P. O. Address, 220 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday 7½ to 8 per cent. for the best names. Thursday 7½ to 8 per cent. for the best names. The quotations are for six months' paper.

Gray Goods Have Fair Day.

A fair amount of business was done in the local market for gray goods yesterday, although most of the attention of the buyers was given to printcloths. In these goods 39-inch 80 squares brought 10½ cents for December-January shipment. For the same delivery 39½-inch, 64-60s and 60-48s went at 8 and 7 cents, respectively. Not much of importance was done in the sheetings. For 39-inch 64-104, 4.25-yard sateens buyers paid 13½ cents. It was said of these goods that they are now one of the strongest items in the market, due to the fact that a number of mills have stopped making them and that they are growing scarce in consequence.

Less Tension in Coal Trade.

Each week sees some lessening of the tension in the hard coal trade, Saward's Journal will say today. An acute shortage, such as existed recently, is not quickly overcome, even under favorable conditions, but a combination of heavy production and what is casually referred to as "this kind of weather" has made the outlook much less serious. A sudden cold "spell" or midwinter will find the country fairly well prepared, and nothing like famine conditions are to be feared except in spots. There is still an urgency to the demand, but buyers are becoming much more discriminating as to size and quality. A comparison of current bituminous prices with those prevailing a week ago shows losses of 50 to 75 cents a ton right through the list.

Dresses Had a Big Season.

Apropos of recent comments concerning the good dress season enjoyed by most of the retail trade, regardless of what might have been the case with other ready-to-wear apparel, it was asserted here yesterday that one of the biggest retail concerns in the Middle West did fully 75 per cent. of its Fall ready-to-wear business on dresses alone. This it was said, was the result of careful buying on the part of the store in question and co-operation between the manufacturers and the retailer in giving the public the best possible values. Were more retailers willing to co-operate, it was said, a generally improved business in garments of all kinds would result.

How to Do Well for Spring.

Pointing out the peculiar situation which faces all trades at the present time, and which promises to continue throughout the coming Spring season, a prominent local manufacturer yesterday advocated a change in methods in going after business for the new season. "The manufacturer who does not watch his step this season is going to find himself in a bad way," he said. "If he does not sell his products as carefully as he should buy his materials he will have trouble. The surest way of getting to the people in the various parts of the country who cannot do a big business at this time, notably the agricultural sections. Large sales might be made there, but the chances are they would result in heavy cancellations or returns. Even less than normal selling effort might be advisable in these districts, with extra pressure put upon territories that are in better condition in order to bolster up business.

Garment Collections Back Yard.

Accurate information concerning collections in the women's ready-to-wear garment trades is to the effect that they could be a great deal better than they are. Practically all accounts are said to be "slow." Among those whose bills are more than sixty days old are included several stores regarded financially as "first class." In the case of certain cutters-up the amounts outstanding on their books are the largest since the panic year of 1907.

Gray Looks Good for Spring.

Considerable interest has been taken by women's wear factors in the color developments of the new Spring season. Gray has secured quite a following, so much so in fact that it promises to be the leading novelty shade for Spring. A wider call has been noted for black, but it seems to be usurping some of the favor bestowed on navy, rather than cutting in on the field of fashionable colors. Brown is still a leader, but so much of it has appeared that the color experts look for it to lose ground.

Use of Auctioned Goods.

In view of the fact that the most active operators at the auction of overcoatings during the week were small concerns, it is thought quite likely that a large amount of the goods sold will be carried over to the next season. On the contrary, the materials will probably be converted immediately into garments to be disposed of as end-of-the-season sales. Some of the clothiers who bought small yardages at the sale told of trimming stocks with which they wished to use up. The activity of the smaller concerns supported the theory put forward a while back that houses of this character would be the first to readjust their affairs to the new basis of values.

Tailors Considered Fortunate.

Although the common understanding in the clothing trade was that the so called book houses, or tailors to the trade, were losing ground in competition with the ready-to-wear manufacturers, it is to be noted that they have been more fortunate in respect to cancellations than the other types of wholesalers. Since their merchandise is usually cut and made up only to order, no accumulations occurred as in the case of the manufacturers. When men stopped buying high priced clothes, their business stopped without the creation of surpluses. It is thought that the position of the tailors is at present an enviable one from which they may be able to build up some of the business lost to the manufacturing branch of the trade.

Close to Outlet Sales, Too.

While the location of large stores in this city, so close to the wholesale sources of supply, has in the past been deemed a fortunate one, local retailers are not so apt to value this proximity now. Jobs of goods not available to more distant stores can be picked up at any time by the local buyers, but at the same time their establishments have to suffer from the competition of outlet sales used by manufacturers to sell their accumulated stocks. The situation is therefore reversed, and, though the cut of town stores may be longer in securing bargain merchandise, their distributing territories have not been invaded by manufacturers' sales to the extent of the New York district.

Silk Travelers' Meeting.

Through the Marshall Stillman Movement, the Silk Travelers' Association has secured some excellent boxing talent for the entertainment of those who will attend the annual meeting and election of officers on the evening of Jan. 30. Jack Dempsey will referee the bouts, and among the contenders will be Benny Leonard, Benny Valgar, featherweight champion of France; Willie Jackson, Bob Fitzsimmons Jr., William Spangler and Eddy Hogan. The grand ballroom of the Hotel Astor has been engaged. The Non-Boxing Committee has named the following candidates for office for the ensuing year: President, Ernest R. Augustin, Schwarzenbach, Huber & Co.; First Vice President, Walter F. Taylor, Emilee Silk Company; Second Vice President, John B. Taylor, Phoenix Silk Manufacturing Company; Secretary, H. W. Smith, Clifford & Hawton; Treasurer, William C. Leopoldt, Bentley & Toohey Silk Company.

Notable Declines in Price Foodstuffs Were a Marked Feature.

A marked excess of declines over advances featured wholesale commodities prices this week, as reflected by Dun's list. It was particularly true of the foodstuffs, in which only one item was shown to have advanced, whereas 16 declined. In the whole list of more than 300 revisions, 98 were downward this week and only 4 were upward. Last week there were 11 decline and 17 advances.

The following table gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on standard commodities selected from the list mentioned above. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for this week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.	$3.00	$3.00	$4.50
Beans, m., c., 100 lbs.	9.00	9.00	12.00
Butter, prem., sc. lb.	.55½	.53	.73
Butter, St., c. to f. lb.	.52	.53	.52
Cabbage, per bbl.	1.25	1.25	3.00
Cheese, w., fl., sc., lb.	.27½	.27½	.23
Codfish, Box, 100 lbs.	12.50	12.50	13.00
Coffee, Santos 4s, lb.	.09½	.10	*.24½
Eggs, nearby, f., doz.	.84	1.02	.91
Eggs, West., ldrs, doz.	.72	.83	.60
Onions, bag.	.75	1.25	3.00
Peas, Scotch, 100 lbs.	4.75	4.75	6.50
Potatoes, bu.	4.00	4.25	5.50
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.09½	.09½	.14
Tea, Formosa, f. to fc. lb.	.75	.75	.24
Tea, Japan, best, lb.	.75	.75	.50
Bacon, 14@s down, lb.	.13½	.16½	.21
Beef, live, 100 lbs.	7.25	7.00	8.38
Hams, big, in tcs., lb.	.20½	.20½	.26
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	8.25	9.00	13.85
Sheep, live, Ch., 100 lbs.	8.50	8.50	11.50
Barley, malting, bu.	1.00	1.00	1.72
Hay, pr. Tim., 100 lbs.	1.40	1.50	1.70
Rye, No. 2, bu.	1.73	1.73	1.98½
Aluminum, plg, lb.	.22½	.22½	.33
Copper, electro, lb.	.13¾	.14	.18¾
Spelter, lb.	.06½	.06½	.09
Brown sheetings, yd.	.14	.14	.29
Cloths, 48x60, yd.	.08	.08	.19½
Hides, pack., lb.	.19	.20	*.40
Hides, cows, hvy, lb.	.18	.18	*.40
Leather, blk. sole, lb.	.40	.40	.54
Leath, upper, L.r., lb.	.50	.50	.55
Rubber, up-riv., f., lb.	.19¼	.20½	.47½
Rubber, Plan., 1st latex cr., lb.	.17¼	.18½	
Silk, Cant., st., lb.	6.50	6.50	13.85
Silk, Japan, fil. No. 1, Sinshiu, lb.	8.40	8.40	13.30

*Nominal.

The sharp declines in eggs were easily the features of the changes in the foodstuffs this week. Nearby fancy eggs dropped 19 cents a dozen to a price well below that of 1919 at this time. The best Western eggs declined 12 cents to a figure also below last year's. The same reason was advanced for the easing off of both grades—the continuance of warmer than normal weather and the resultant increased supply. The dairy products list was also distinguished by having in it the only foodstuff item which advanced. This was creamery extra butter, which rose a cent and a half a pound, but which is still a good deal lower than it was at this time a year ago.

Breaks of 50 cents a barrel in Winter straight and Spring patent flours took place in this market, where bacon also went down. So did Middle Western lard. At Chicago live sheep and mess pork did not change, but live beef, live hogs and short ribs all declined. Although no changes were shown in the listed fresh fruits, several of the dried ones were quoted lower this week. The changes in the vegetables were all downward, the most important ones including a break of 25 cents a barrel in potatoes and a drop of 50 cents a bag in onions. The list for teas was again bare of changes, after several weeks of ups and downs, but both the basic grades of coffee fell off again. Nutmegs, cloves and the Singapore peppers were all cheaper among the spices, and further declines were seen in both raw and refined sugars. Fine granulated got down to 8 cents a pound, against the fixed price of 9 cents that was in effect last December.

Cheaper building materials were seen in several directions, the declines for the week including domestic Portland cement and common Hudson River brick. Poplar, ash, birch, beech, chestnut, maple and yellow pine were among the lumber certificates in the metals there were eleven declines and no advances. Among the revisions were drops in furnace and foundry coke, electrolytic copper, spelter, lead and tin. In the grain list prime timothy hay was higher, but lower prices were quoted on wheat, corn, oats and malting barley.

Only two of the twenty-six changes in the combined lists for drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils were upward. Among the few features was the further break in Norwegian codliver oil and foreign refined camphor. The former is now held at $40 a barrel, against $110 last year, and the latter is quoted nominally at 90 cents a pound, against $3.60 last year. A general easing off in the listed leathers was shown, and some of the hides were also cheaper. Resin and turpentine declined in the naval stores, and there were several price recessions in the paints. The Eastern and Brazilian rubber dropped. Tallow and hops were cheaper. M. F. book paper advanced.

In the textile markets here burlaps continued their downward way and are well back toward pre-war levels. In the cotton goods prices were a bit irregular, but showed no marked changes from last week.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BALTIMORE—Shapiro Waist Co.; H. Shapiro, high-grade cotton, silk waists; 1,370 B'way, Room 911.

BOSTON—Blank's Specialty Shop;

Houston Lighting & Power Company

1905
First Mortgage 5%
Sinking Fund Gold Bonds

Due April 1, 1931

This company serves a rapidly growing industrial district. Its gross earnings have increased 280% in the last 10 years. Net earnings five times interest charges on these bonds.

Price to Yield
7½%

Ask for Circular T H

A.H.Bickmore & Co
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

Phone Rector 5000

Josephthal & Co

120 Broadway, New York

Members New York Stock Exchange

Foreign Exchange

Private Wires to Principal Cities

We Offer
Subject to Sale

New York, Philadelphia & Norfolk
Stock Trust Certificate 4s
Due June 1, 1948
Price to yield about 5.65%

New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio
Prior Lien 4½s
Due March 1, 1935
Price to yield about 7.10%

Western New York & Pennsylvania
First Mortgage 5s
Due January 1, 1937
Price to yield about 6.40%

Correspondence Solicited

List of Selected Bonds mailed on request

STROUD & CO.
52 Broadway, New York
1429 Walnut St., Philadelphia

Combining
Security
Yearly Maturities
High Yield

As a well-secured short-time investment, we recommend the Five-Year Serial 8% Gold Notes of a well-known New England manufacturing company.

These notes are:
1. Secured by net quick assets of 2½ times, and net tangible assets of 5½ times, the amount of these notes.
2. Followed by capital stock having a current market value over 6 times this issue of notes.

Prices for various maturities to net from
9.08% to 9.42%
Ask for descriptive folder T-309

Hollister, White & Co
115 BROADWAY
NEW YORK
Boston Philadelphia

Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co.
14 Wall Street The Rookery
New York Chicago

Welch Grape Juice Cm. & Pfd.
Bankers Trust Co.
National Park Bank Rights
McCLURE, JONES & REED
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway Phone 3421 Rector

We Buy and Sell
Home Insurance Rights
LIBAIRE & COOKE
Members New York Stock Exchange
25 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 1266.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Tendency on Stock Exchange Still Downward—Noteworthy Wheat Crop Estimate.

On the financial markets yesterday was a period of continued uncertainty. Call money failed to reach the 6 per cent. rate, but loaned all day at 7. Exchange on Europe, after another sharp advance, declined to the neighborhood of Thursday's closing rates, and the stock market, with still further decrease in activity, was generally weak. It was again noticeable, however, that the railway shares held relatively firm, the day's important declines occurring almost entirely in the industrials.

Even in that part of the market yesterday's movement was erratic, with alternate advances and declines. The particular weakness of midday was apparently a result of professional activities directed at certain groups of shares of producing and trading companies, in the sugar, oil and mercantile industries especially. Net changes as a rule were not large. At its best figure of the day sterling sold at the highest rate since the third week of September, but it ended ¼ of a cent below Thursday.

For many reasons yesterday's Department of Agriculture estimate on the acreage planted to the new Winter wheat crop is peculiarly interesting. The impression created by the attitude of the farmers' associations toward the fall in wheat was that very drastic reduction would be made in the area sown for the new crop. The department's estimate does indeed show reduction; its figures are 1,152,000 acres less than were actually planted under the Government's guaranteed price of $2.26 a year ago. But this reduction is from the figures as revised and increased long after last December. Compared with the estimate given out that month, there is an increase of nearly 1,000,000 acres.

The Government always underestimates in December, and there was strong personal reason for the farmers to help in doing so this month. Even as it stands, the estimate is above the actual area planted to the great Winter wheat crop of 1914, and it is noteworthy that, as compared with last year's estimate, the acreage has increased substantially in Kansas, Nebraska and Oklahoma, where the fight against lower wheat prices has been angriest. As for the new Winter wheat crop's condition, a highly favorable growing season up to date has made that higher than the December condition in any but one of the last five years.

There is considerable matter of interest in the impressions of the business community as reported this morning by the mercantile agencies. The discouraging elements in the situation which have influenced Wall Street sentiment this week are fully recognized—the lack of orders, slowness of collections, shutting down of mills, wage reductions and unemployment—but nevertheless there is a disposition to find ground for reassurance. Bradstreet's review of the week sees a possibility that "the bad news is nearly all out," and lays stress on the facts that some idle textile mills have resumed operations; that the woolen auction of the week has at least developed real demand at a price (contrary to previous experience this season), and that "materials of other lines of manufacture have been bought more freely than for some months past."

This is perhaps no unnatural response to the admitted relaxation of the credit tension since the middle of November, and it is very far from indicating that a normal buyers'-and-sellers' market can be restored in the near future. But it will mean a good deal when business at large can feel that the worst of the season's critical developments are over and that plans for trade and production can be resumed on the new, though very much lower, basis of average values. It is not without interest, in its bearing on the public's purchasing power as affected by cost of living, that Bradstreet's weekly average of wholesale food prices has reached this week the lowest figure in three years and ten months. Every one knows that retail food prices continue far above those of 1916, and without even the excuse, alleged by retail shoe and textile merchants, that the goods now on their shelves were bought at the high prices of last Spring. But the public, though it could not stop buying food as it stopped buying clothing, will nevertheless find a way of dealing with this inequitable situation.

MONEY.

FRIDAY, DEC. 17.

Money on call on the Stock Exchange ruled at 7 per cent. Friday. This is an advance in the low and last rates of 1 per cent. over Thursday's quotation. New borrowing was of small proportions. In time money the quotation put out by the money brokers showed a drop in both classes and for all dates. On mixed collateral the range was 7@7½ per cent., and on all industrials 7¼@7½ per cent. The market is quiet, with most of the business going to renewals. No change was noted in rates for either bankers' acceptances or commercial paper.

Call Loans.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Last.	Thursday's Last.
10	10½		10	10
500	510		20	20
	15½		15½	15½
	6		6	7

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days.....7 @7¼
4, 5 and 6 months.....7 @7¼
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days...7¼@7½
4, 5 and 6 months.....7¼@7½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months.....7¼@8
Other names, 3 to 6 months.....8 @8¼

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days 6
Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days.....6
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days..6

Open Market Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call....6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6½
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6 @7½

London Market.

Money on the London market on Friday unchanged at 4¾ per cent.; short bills and three months' bills unchanged at 4¾ per cent. Gold bullion on the London market was down 1s 4d at 116s 2d per fine ounce. Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Friday's exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $899,597,679; balance, $156,454,734; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $155,284,529. Exchanges for the same day a year ago, $938,462,006.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London ¾d lower at 41d per ounce. New York prices for bar silver unchanged at 99½c per ounce, the Mint price; for foreign silver ¼c lower at 64c.

Range of prices for silver bullion this month:

	—Highest.—	—Lowest.—
London	44¾d Dec. 3	38¾d Dec. 10
New York	70c Dec. 3	59½c Dec. 10

Range for the present year to date.

London	89¼d Feb. 11	38¾d Dec. 10
New York	$1.57 Jan. 11	59½c Dec. 10

Rapid Advance in European Rates, With Subsequent Reaction—South American Rates Lower.

A very sharp advance occurred in yesterday's sterling market, under which rates rose to $3.53¾ as against $3.51¼ at Thursday's closing and $3.44¾ on Monday. The rates on Continental points followed sterling, but an abrupt reaction under heavy selling of bills brought the English, French and Italian rates in the later hours below the previous day's closing.

Exchange on Scandinavia and on Central Europe closed, however, quotably higher, even the rate on Hungary ending at .19¾ as against .18¾. A further, fractional decline occurred in Argentine and Brazilian exchange.

FRIDAY, DEC. 17, 1920.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Thursday's Final.	Thursday's Final.
LONDON	3.53¾	3.51¼	3.51¼	3.51½
PARIS	6.13	6.03	6.03	6.04
ROME	3.58	3.46	3.46	3.50
AMSTERDAM	31.63	31.40	31.40	31.375
BERLIN	1.42	1.37	1.40	1.37
MADRID	13.13	13.06	13.06	13.15

Europe.

	Friday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅝ per sovereign.			
Demand	3.51¼	3.44¾	3.75½
Cables	3.53	3.45¾	3.76
Com., 60 days	3.46	3.40	3.69¾
Com., 90 days	3.44	3.38	3.67½
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.03	5.88¼	5.08
Cables	6.03¾	5.87	5.04
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.46	3.30	3.56
Cables	3.47	3.31	3.57
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.24	6.20	5.40
Cables	6.25	6.21	5.42
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.40	1.36	2.08
Cables	1.41	1.36½	2.09
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.22½	.21	.10
Cables	.23½	.21¾	.12
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.15	1.14	1.80
Cables	1.16	1.16	1.85
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.50	14.67	18.80
Cables	15.25	14.78	18.85
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand	2.25	2.20	2.82
Cables	2.40	2.35	2.89
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	7.60	6.95	15.85
Cables	7.80	7.00	15.65
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	31.40	30.40	37.35
Cables	31.50	30.50	37.375
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.19¾	.20¼	...
Cables	.20	.20¾	...
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.72	.74	.90
Cables	.73	.75	.95
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	14.90	14.58	20.05
Cables	14.95	14.65	20.25
POLAND—Par 19.3 cents per mark.			
Demand	.17	.17¼	1.25
Cables	.17¾	.18	1.27
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Demand	1.18	1.20	2.30
Cables	1.20	1.58	3.35
SERBIA: Belgrade—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	2.88	2.92	5.00
Cables	2.93	2.95	5.05
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	13.08	12.90	19.55
Cables	13.10	12.92	19.65
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.			
Demand	19.80	19.28	21.40
Cables	19.85	19.33	21.25
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	15.07	15.47	18.05
Cables	15.10	15.50	18.11
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong, Yokohama and Tientsin.			
Hongkong, demand	51.00	54.00	99.00
Hongkong, cables	51.10	54.20	99.50
Peking, demand	51.50	77.00	176.00
Shanghai, demand	51.50	70.50	164.00
Shanghai, cables	51.60	71.00	164.50
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	26.00	26.00	46.00
Cables	26.50	26.50	46.25
PHILIPPINE ISLAND—Manila, Par 50 cents per silver peso.			
Demand	45.50	45.50	49.00
Cables	46.00	46.00	49.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	31.50	31.50	....
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	50.50	50.375	51.50
Cables	50.625	50.625	51.75
South America.			
ARGENTINA—Par 42.4 cents per Arg. paper dol.			
Demand	38.25	38.50	43.15
Cables	38.25	38.625	43.25
BRAZIL—Par 32.46 cents per paper milreis.			
Demand	15.375	15.375	28.25
Cables	15.50	15.00	28.375
Canada.			
MONTREAL—Par 100c per Canadian dollar.			
Demand	87.0	88.5	93.2
Russian Currency.			

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par 51.40 cents per ruble:

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per bale	.65½	.67½
500 ruble notes, per bale	.57½	.63½

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

FRIDAY, DEC. 17, 1920.

Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
664,522	703,914	827,229	1,132,395	499,653

Year to Date.	Same Period 1919.	Same Period 1918.	Same Period 1917.
212,970,650½	304,180,062	138,282,909	179,975,237

Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
26	27¼	200	Adams Express	26½	26½	26½	26½	+ ½
15⅜	15½	200	Advance Rumely	15½	15½	15⅜	15⅜	— ¼
43½	45	1,350	Advance Rumely pf	46	46	45	45	— 4½
26	26½	300	Ajax Rubber	26	26½	26	26½	— ½
⅞	1	800	Alaska Gold Mines	1	1	⅞	⅞	— ⅛
⅞	1	4,200	Alaska Juneau	1	1⅛	⅞	⅞	— ⅛
47	47½	900	Allied Ch. & D., w. i.	47½	47½	47	47¼	— ¼
29	30	1,600	Allis-Chalm. Mfg	30	30	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅛
70	75	300	Allis-Chalm. pf	75	75	70	70	—1
55⅝	56½	1,100	Am. Ag. Chemical	55¾	56⅝	55½	55⅝	— ¼
39	40	5,100	Am. Beet Sugar	40½	40½	38½	39¼	— 6¾
55⅝	57	500	Am. Bosch Magneto	55¾	56½	55¼	55⅝	— ⅜
22⅝	23	2,700	Am. Can	22½	23⅛	22½	22⅝	— ⅜
73½	75	1,200	Am. Can pf	74	75	73	73½	+ ½
121½	122¾	2,900	Am. Car & Foundry	121¾	122¾	120¾	122	....
106¾	109	500	Am. Car & F. pf	107½	107½	107	107	— ¼
17⅝	17½	1,400	Am. Cotton Oil	17¾	17¾	16½	17	— ¾
7	7⅛	1,100	Am. Drug. Synd	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛
6¼	6⅝	500	Am. Hide & Leath	6⅝	6⅝	6¼	6¼	— ⅛
36¾	37¼	3,100	Am. Hide & L. pf	38	38⅛	36½	36½	— 2⅜
39	42	500	Am. Ice	39¼	39¼	39	39	—1
36	38¼	4,900	Am. International	36⅝	37⅝	36	36¼	—1
9¼	9⅝	400	Am. La F. Fire En	9⅝	9⅝	9½	9⅝	— ⅛
50	52	500	Am. Linseed	52½	52⅞	51⅝	51⅞	—1⅛
81¾	81⅞	1,100	Am. Locomotive	81½	81⅞	81	81⅛	+ ⅛
100	100⅝	100	Am. Locomot. pf	100¼	100½	100½	100½	+ ⅝
8¾	9	600	Am. Safety Razor	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
8¾	8⅞	5,100	Am. Ship & Com	8½	8⅝	8⅜	8⅜	— ⅛
39¾	39⅞	3,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref	40⅜	40⅝	39½	39½	— ⅝
82	83	1,300	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	83	83½	82½	82½	—1¼
67	68½	100	Am. Sm. Sec. pf., A	68½	68½	68½	68½	+ ½
79	82	100	Am. Snuff pf., new	81½	81½	81½	81½	+1½
28⅝	29¼	2,200	Am. Steel Found	29¼	29⅝	28½	28½	— ⅝
84	84⅞	7,800	Am. Sugar Ref	85⅜	86¼	83½	84½	—1⅝
99¾	100	300	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	100	100	99¾	99¾	— ⅛
69½	70	500	Am. Sumatra Tob	68	69	68	69	+ ⅞
97⅞	98	3,850	Am. Tel. & Tel	98	98	97⅝	98	....
111	112	200	Am. Tobacco	112½	112⅝	112½	112⅝	— ⅛
87⅞	88	100	Am. Tobacco pf	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	— ⅛
61½	62	13,800	Am. Woolen	62¼	62¼	60½	61½	—1
31	32½	400	Am. Writ. Paper pf	33	33	32½	32½	— ½
6¾	6½	700	Am. Zinc, L. & S	6¾	6½	6⅜	6¼	— ⅛
35¼	35⅝	9,000	Anaconda Copper	36⅛	36⅝	35½	35⅝	— ⅜
2½	2⅝	100	Assets Realization	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
15	18½	2,400	Assoc. Dry Goods	18½	18½	18	18	— ½
50	52	100	Assoc. D. G. 1st pf	50	50	50	50	....
38	40	200	Assoc. D. G. 2d pf	40	40	40	40	+1
79¼	79⅝	4,100	At., Top & S.F.	79⅝	80	78	78	— ⅝
73¾	73¾	300	At., Top. & S. F. pf	74¾	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝	— ⅛
5⅞	5¾	400	Atlanta, Birm. & At	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5½	— ⅛
84⅜	86	200	Atlantic Coast Line	85½	85½	85	85	— ½
8	10	1,400	Atlantic Fruit	8	8	7	7	— ⅛
107¼	107¾	1,700	Atl., Gulf & West I	107⅛	108	106¾	107½	— ⅝
17⅝	17⅞	100	Atlas Tack	18	18	18	18	— ⅛
10	11	260	Austin-Nichols	10½	10½	10½	10½	— ⅛
87	87⅞	6,900	Bald. Locomotive	87	87¾	86½	87	+ ½
32	32¼	4,900	Baltimore & Ohio	32¼	32½	32	32	— ⅛
47½	48	300	Balt. & Ohio pf	47¼	47½	47¼	47½	....
36	36	100	Barnsdall, Class A	36	36	36	36	....
35⅞	36	100	Do. Class B	36	36	36	36	....
20	23	100	Barnet Leather	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼	+1
109	112	200	Bar. Co.,Ch.C.c.of d	109	109	109	109	....
2¾	3	600	Bethlehem Motors	3	3	2⅞	2⅞	....
49	50	1,100	Bethlehem Steel	50¼	50¾	50	50	— ¾
51½	51⅝	4,700	Do, Class B	51¾	52	51	51⅝	— ⅝
102	102	100	Do. 8% pf	102	102	102	102	—1
3¼	3½	700	Booth Fisheries	3⅜	3¼	3⅛	3¼	— ⅜
80	90	400	B'klyn. Edison Elec	85	85	83	83	—3
9¾	10	400	B'klyn. Rapid Tran	10	10	9⅞	9⅞	....
6½	6¾	200	Do ctfs. of dep	6¾	6¾	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅜
51	52	200	B'klyn Union Gas	51½	51½	51½	51½	+ ½
3½	4	300	Bruns. Ter. & R. S	3⅝	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
80	81	600	Burns Brothers	81	81	81	81	— ½
4⅜	5	1,500	Butte Copper & Z	4½	4½	4⅜	4⅜	....
8⅞	8¾	1,600	Butte & Superior	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8⅝	— ⅛
10½	15	200	Butterick Co	10½	10½	10½	10½	....
12⅜	13	1,300	Caddo Cent. O. & R	13¼	13¼	12¾	12¾	— ⅜
61½	62	600	Cal. Packing	61½	62	61	62	+ ½
24	25	1,500	Cal. Petroleum	24	24⅜	23¾	24⅜	+ ⅜
68	68	100	Do pf	68	68	68	68	....
42½	42⅝	600	Calumet & Arizona	42½	42⅝	42	42⅝	+ ⅛
112¾	113	1,600	Canadian Pacific	112¼	112⅝	112½	112½	— ⅜
8½	8¾	100	Case (J. I.) Plow	8½	8½	8½	8½	+1¼
80	89	100	Do pf	81	81	81	81	+ ⅛
35¼	35⅝	400	Central Leather Co	35¼	35½	35¼	35⅜	....
85½	86¾	700	Do pf	85¼	86¼	85¼	85⅝	....
185	190	100	Cent. R. R. of N. J	190	190	190	190	—2½
24	26½	2,000	Cerro de Pasco Cop	25½	25	25½	25½	— ⅛
72½	73½	2,100	Chandler Motor	73½	73½	73¼	73¼	— ⅛
53¼	53½	1,200	Chesapeake & Ohio	56½	56⅝	55¾	56⅝	— ⅛
5	5½	900	C. & E.I.pf.,Eq.Tr.r	5	5	5	5	....
16⅝	17	700	Chi. Gt. West. pf	17⅛	17⅛	17	17	— ⅛
26½	27½	4,100	Chi., Mil. & St. P	26⅝	27¼	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅝
30¼	40	4,200	Do pf	40½	40½	38	39½	....
66½	67½	4,000	Chicago & N. W	67½	67⅝	65¾	65¾	—1¾
101½	102½	200	Do pf	102½	102½	102½	102½	....
63	65	100	Chi. Pneu. Tool	63	63	63	63	....
25	25¼	3,300	Chi., R. I. & Pac	24⅛	25½	24¾	25	....
65½	66½	500	Do 7% pf	65⅝	66⅝	65⅝	66⅝	....
56	57	800	Do 6% pf	57	57	56½	56½	— ½
8¾	9	11,100	Chile Copper	9	9	8⅝	9	+ ⅛
18¼	18⅜	1,500	Chino Copper	18¼	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜	— ⅛
31	38	200	C., C., C. & St. L	36	36	36	36	—8
50	70	200	Do pf	62	62	61½	61½	—2½
46	47½	200	Cluett, Peabody	46¼	47	46¼	47	....
208	208	500	Coca-Cola	208½	208½	208½	208½	+ ½
26¼	27	400	Col. Fuel & Iron	26½	26⅞	26½	26⅞	+ ⅛
25½	26	100	Colorado Southern	26⅞	26⅞	26½	26⅞	+ ⅛
54¼	55½	300	Columbia Gas & E	54½	54½	54¼	54¼	— ⅜
10⅜	10¾	8,000	Columbia Graph	10⅝	10¾	10	10¾	+ ⅜
60	70	300	Columbia Graph. pf	63	63½	63	63½	+ ½
34	37	100	Consol. Tob. Reg	34½	34½	34½	34½	— ⅛
77¾	78½	700	Consol. Gas	78½	79	77⅝	77⅝	— ⅜
5⅜	6	500	Consol. Inter.Cal.M	5⅜	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
18⅜	19	800	Consol. Textile	18⅜	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝	— ⅛
61½	63	100	Continental Can	62	62	62	62	+1
5¼	5½	700	Continental Candy	5⅜	5½	5⅜	5½	....
64½	65	5,300	Corn Prod. Ref	64½	64¾	63	63⅜	—1
28	28½	3,000	Cosden & Co	28	28⅜	27½	28½	— ⅛
81¼	81⅜	19,500	Crucible Steel	80½	83	79¾	81¼	+ ½
81	81	200	Crucible Steel pf	82	82	82	82	....
17⅜	18	7,200	Cuba Cane Sugar	18⅝	19	17¼	17½	—1⅛
57	58	6,000	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	61½	61⅝	54	58	—2½
26¼	26½	2,200	Cuban-Am. Sugar	27	27	26½	26¼	— ½
16	17½	100	De Beers Mines	16½	16½	16½	16½	+ ½
1	1	200	Den. & Rio Gde	⅞	1	⅞	1	+ ⅛
1⅛	1⅜	1,600	Den. & Rio G. pf	1⅛	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜	+ ⅛
10	10½	100	Dome Mines	10¾	10¾	10¼	10¼	+ ¼
510	510	20	Eastman Kodak	513	513	510	510	— 3
15	15½	300	Elk Horn Coal	15	15	15	15	— ½
6	6¼	200	Emerson Brant'h'm	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	+ ⅛
52⅜	53	700	Endicott-Johnson	52⅝	52⅝	51⅞	51⅞	— ⅝
85	85⅜	800	Endicott-Johnson pf	85¼	85½	85	85	— ⅛
12½	12⅝	1,300	Erie	12⅝	13	12½	12⅝	— ⅛
18½	19	1,500	Erie 1st pf	18⅞	18⅝	18½	18½	— ⅛
13	14	400	Erie 2d pf	13¼	13¼	13¼	13⅜	....
46	46¾	2,700	Famous Players L	48	48	45¾	46	—2½
71	72	300	Famous Play. L. pf	72	72	71¾	71¾	— ⅝
5	5¾	200	Fed. Mining & S	5	5	5	5	—1
23	23½	700	Fed. Mining & S. pf	23¼	23⅝	23	23⅜	— ⅛
80	85	50	Fisher Body	82	82	82	82	....
10⅜	10⅝	900	Fisk Rubber	10⅜	10½	10⅜	10½	....
14½	14⅝	800	Freeport-Texas	14½	14⅝	14	14	— ⅝
2⅛	2⅜	700	Gaston, Wm. & W	2⅛	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜	....
48	52	200	Gen. Am. Tank Car	50	51	50	51	+2
40¼	42	9,400	Gen. Asphalt	40¼	42	38⅜	42	+2¾
74½	78	500	Gen. Asphalt pf	74½	78	74½	78	+1
122	128	200	Gen. Ch. con. c.of d	122⅜	122⅜	122¼	122¼	+2¼
84	90	100	Do. pf., ex d	84½	84½	84½	84½	....
54	54½	100	Gen. Cigar	54	54	54	54	....
119	119½	3,000	Gen. Electric	119¾	119¾	118¾	119¼	— ⅜
13	13⅛	23,000	Gen. Motors	13¾	13¾	13	13	— ⅜
67	70	300	Gen. Motors pf	68½	68½	67	67	+ ½
70½	70⅝	1,200	Gen. Motors 7% deb	70⅝	71	70½	70½	— ⅛
60	60½	700	Gen. Motors 6% deb	60⅝	60⅝	60	60½	+ ⅛
33½	33⅞	1,300	Goodrich (B. F.)	34	34⅜	33⅜	33⅞	— ⅜
18	19	100	Granby Consol	18¼	18½	18¼	18½	....
72⅜	72⅞	5,600	Gt. Northern pf	73	73⅛	72⅛	72⅞	+ ⅝
26	26¼	2,900	Gt. Nor.Certs.,ore p	26	26⅜	26	26¼	+ ⅛
17¼	18	600	Greene-Can. Copper	18	18	17½	17½	— ⅛
13	14	100	Guantanamo S.,ex d	14	14	14	14	+ ⅜
30	34	700	Gulf States Steel	32½	32½	30½	30¼	—2
....	....	300	Gulf, Mobile & Nor	9	9¼	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
....	....	300	Gulf, Mobile & N.pf	21½	21½	21¼	21¼	+ ⅛
54½	56	400	Haskell & Barker	54½	55½	54½	55	+ ½
48	55	100	Homestake Mining	50	50	50	50	....
70⅜	71	7,324	Houston Oil	73	76¼	70¼	71	—6½
9⅞	9¾	2,500	Hupp Motor Car	9⅝	9⅞	9¼	9¼	....
82½	83	4,000	Illinois Central	83½	84	82¾	82¾	—1½
....	....	300	Indiahoma Refin	6½	8½	6	6	....
29⅝	30	7,200	Inspiration Copper	30¼	30½	29⅜	29⅜	— ⅜
3¾	4	700	Interboro Consol	3⅝	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
9½	10	100	Interbo

LARGE NEW WHEAT ACREAGE PLANTED

Area 2⅞ Per Cent. Below Last Year's Planting, but Not Far From the Average.

ABUNDANT YIELD POSSIBLE

Condition of the Crop Is Higher Than Any Recent December Except 1918.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The area sown to Winter wheat this Fall, as estimated today by the Department of Agriculture, is 40,605,000 acres, which is 2.8 per cent. less than the revised area sown last Fall. The condition of the crop on Dec. 1 was 87.9 per cent. of a normal, compared with 85.2 a year ago, 94.5 on Dec. 1, 1918, and 88.4 the ten-year December average.

The area sown to rye this Fall is 4,653,000 acres, which is 11.4 per cent. less than the revised area sown in the Fall of last year.

The condition of rye on Dec. 1 was 90.5 per cent. of a normal, compared with 85.8 a year ago, 89.0 on Dec. 1, 1918, and 91.2 the ten-year average on Dec. 1.

The acreage and condition of Winter wheat in the principal producing States, as estimated by the department, is as follows, comparison of acreage being made with the estimate of last December:

States.	Acreage—1920.	Acreage—1919.	Condition.
Pennsylvania	1,462,000	1,597,000	93 per cent.
Ohio	2,253,000	2,476,000	81 per cent.
Indiana	1,953,000	1,960,000	82 per cent.
Illinois	2,870,000	2,464,000	90 per cent.
Missouri	2,820,000	2,380,000	90 per cent.
Nebraska	3,301,000	3,083,000	90 per cent.
Oklahoma	3,100,000	2,811,000	86 per cent.
Kansas	10,343,000	9,196,000	89 per cent.
Texas	1,854,000	1,077,000	89 per cent.
Washington	1,107,000	910,000	97 per cent.

In the grain market it was calculated yesterday that the acreage and condition of Winter wheat as stated yesterday by the department indicated on their face, and assuming a season of average character between now and harvest, a yield ranging between 550,000,000 and 580,000,000 bushels. The higher of these two figures would be equal to the actual yield of Winter wheat from the crop planted a year ago and would substantially exceed the actual harvest of the crop of 1919. The average estimate was considerably larger than had been predicted by the grain trade, but the condition of the crop was one or two points lower than wheat trade experts had predicted. All the Government bulletins regarding weather conditions in the crop belt have reported thus far in the season that the weather has been ideal for the growth of Winter wheat.

The grain trade had awaited the Department of Agriculture's estimate on planting of Winter wheat for the crop of 1921 with unusual interest, because of the prevalent belief that the decline of wheat prices from $2.75 per bushel to the neighborhood of $1.50, since the middle of the Summer, would discourage the planting of acreage for the next crop. The Washington figures indicate a decrease of 1,157,000 acres from the 41,757,000 acres which the revised estimates have shown to have been planted in the Autumn of 1919. This would be a reduction of slightly less than 3 per cent. in planted area. As a matter of fact, however, the December estimates of acreage have in late years almost invariably underestimated the actual amount planted, the addition to the December estimate by the later revised estimates having ranged from 1,600,000 to 2,000,000 acres. Last December the acreage as then estimated by the department, 38,770,000, proved to be nearly 3,000,000 acres below the department's own subsequent revised figures.

Accepting the present estimate of planted acreage, it would show a considerably larger planted area than those of 1913, or 1915, or 1914, but would be 2,200,000 acres below the 1914 plantings and about 1,700,000 below the acreage sown in the Autumn of 1917. The planted acreage, however, is necessarily little guide to the actual yield of crop, since the planted acreage destroyed by adverse Winter weather is often very large. Last Winter the department's estimate showed 4,605,000 acres to have been "winter-killed," and in 1917-18 the winter-killing rose to the high record figure of 13,277,000 acres. In the Winter following the plantings of 1919 however, the loss from winter-killing was only 584,000 acres.

The grain trade points out that although the estimate of winter-killed acreage from the area planted a year ago was a very considerable figure, a large part of the acreage supposed to have been destroyed was saved by the farmers through careful cultivating and an extremely propitious season, this work on their part having been largely due to the scarcity of labor last Winter, which discouraged them from following the usual practice of abandoning the wheat acreage and plowing it up for corn.

The average condition given for the growing Winter wheat crop is regarded as of more immediate importance. This condition, 87.9 per cent., is 2¾ per cent. above the condition of a year ago, and higher than in any December estimate since 1914, except that of 1918, which was unusually high. The question whether the December condition is or is not maintained into the Spring depends on the character of the Winter season. Last April the estimated condition was 75.6 per cent., as against 85.2 in the December estimate; the year before the April percentage was 99.8, as against the previous December's 98.5.

Condition and acreage of Winter wheat compares as follows with condition as reported in December of previous years and with acreage planted to Winter wheat as reported in the department's revised estimate. Actual production in bushels of Winter wheat from the crops to which the December estimate applied is also given:

December.	Condition.	Acreage Estimate.	Actual Yield, bu.
1920	87.9	40,605,000	.....
1919	85.2	41,757,000	580,513,000
1918	98.5	50,489,000	781,686,000
1917	79.8	42,301,000	565,099,000
1916	85.7	40,534,000	412,901,000
1915	87.7	30,236,000	480,538,000
1914	88.8	42,881,000	673,947,000
1913	97.2	37,128,000	684,990,000

For rye the comparison is as follows:

December.	Condition.	Acreage Estimate.	Actual Yield, bu.
1920	90.5	4,653,000	.....
1919	89.8	5,330,000	69,318,000
1918	99	7,232,000	88,478,000

Yesterday's wheat market was not greatly influenced by the Winter wheat estimate; it advanced on a large export demand.

Bankers to Hold Dinner Tonight.

The eighth annual dinner of the Bankers' Forum, in co-operation with the Trust Company and Savings Bank Forums of New York Chapter, American Institute of Banking, will be held at the Pennsylvania Hotel, tonight. At this time a reception will be tendered to John S. Drum of San Francisco, newly elected President of the American Bankers' Association. Gehard Dahl, Vice President of the Chase National Bank, will deliver an address.

Great Northern Declares Dividend.

The Board of Directors of the Great Northern Railway Company declared yesterday the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. on the capital stock, payable Feb. 1, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business Jan. 3.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 17. Forty-two new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $40,865,375, were chartered today. They include

Blindstators of the World, Manhattan, for making pictures, $10,000; A. Rosenberg, M. Weissman, W. L. Foley, 2,008 Briggs Av., Bronx.

Puritan Machine Co., Manhattan, make auto parts, $5,000; A. C. Dunk, O. R. Taylor, F. W. Henry, 442 61st St., Bay Ridge, Brooklyn.

Topics of the Day, Manhattan, moving pictures, $10,000; A. J. Vanbouren, A. E. Siegel, c. J. Isermance, 2 Rector St.

Allied Chemical and Dye Corp., Manhattan, 573,264 shares preferred stock, par each; 2,146,455 common, no par value; active capital, $48,043,676. W. H. Nichols Jr., W. H. Childs, C. F. Weber, 40 Burling Slip.

Safety Garage Parking Co., Binghamton, $250,000. H. J. Wolfe, H. C. Clarke, C. Wilber, Binghamton.

L. Rodra Cigar Co., Manhattan, $10,000; G. A. Quiroz, L. Honigman, P. J. Candeau Jr., 95 Liberty St.

Fords Garage and Taxi Co., Harrison, Westchester Co., $6,000; F. F. Teno, 37 A. Morehand St. Stevenport, Harrison.

Elsler Drug Co., Bronx, $10,000; E. Liebowitz, A. and I. Elsler, 509 East 173d St., Bronx.

Editors Assn., Manhattan, printing and publishing, $100,000; L. and C. M. Tully, J. L. Moody, 303 5th Av.

Argyle Cloak and Suit Co., Manhattan, $20,000; S. Schneider, H. Bushlowitz, J. Meyers, 51 Chambers St.

Durham Co., Manhattan, textiles and perfumes, $50,000; C. F. Bedell, G. F. Roesch, A. C. Lopez, 225 West 86th St.

Academy Press Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J. G. Balsam, S. Rosenfeld, A. J. Tabacsnick, 334 East 184th St.

Rott Construction Co., Queens, $5,000; J. Rott, S. N. Goldman, D. M. Cohen, 53 Lenox Av.

Silver Garter Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; C. A. Leins, G. and J. Schmitt, 599 West 178th St.

Schoen Hat Co., Manhattan, $20,000; E. Max, E. Goodman, A. Werner, 51 Chambers St.

Binghamton Electric Garage, Binghamton, $30,000; E. D. Clark, A. R. Sherman, B. H. Chernin, Binghamton.

Albert Silberberg Silk Corp., Manhattan, broad silks and textiles, $25,000; A. Silberberg, 19 Murray St., Bronx, 258 Broadway.

Mackie Motors Corp., Manhattan, general mercantile business, $20,000; W. F. and G. M. Taylor, T. H. Mackie, 34 East 52d St.

Joan Underwear Corp., Manhattan, women's, $50,000; J. Goodman, J. S. Rutkin, H. Lubetkin, 730 Riverside Drive.

Covenant Corp., Brooklyn; stocks and bonds, 5,000 shares, no par; L. Lotze, W. G. Lotze, P. C. Butterfield, 30 Church St.

Lowell Realty Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; A. Gross, L. O. Gust, H. S. Berlin, 261 Broadway.

Advance Fanty Leather Goods Co., Manhattan, $6,000; T. Taub, B. Rudnick, S. Manse, 223 East 8th St.

Rochester Electric Carbon Brush Corp., Rochester, make graphite, paints and stove polish, $10,000; B. Ferris, J. P. Thompson, A. P. Hixson, Rochester.

Household Ice Co., Brooklyn, $250,000; C. Attabile, E. J. Russell, E. Bryde, Woodhaven.

B and C. Auto Repairing Co., Manhattan, $4,000; C. Royal, A. Zoppel, J. Stolper, 141 West 117th St.

M. Levey, Manhattan, make optical goods, $100,000; L. Kohnstamm, M. W. Hartmann, B. M. Levey, 57 West 42d St.

Ferne & Co., Manhattan, stock brokers, $5,000; C. Laplace, E. Einstein, B. D. Vineberg, 261 Broadway.

Bedford Real Estate Exhibitions Co., Brooklyn, promote boxing, $10,000; J. Hann, D. Douglas, D. J. Donovan, 518 Herkimer St., Brooklyn.

Candle Lamp Corp., Manhattan, $9,500; A. L. Burchell, G. W. Loper, G. C. Hertz, 100 Broadway.

Werner-Disken Co., Brooklyn, contracting, $50,000; R. Lorsck, J. F. Disken, W. Werner, 16 Court St., Brooklyn.

Kensington Finance Corp., Buffalo, realty and insurance, $250,000; H. C. Bickford, G. F. Wallace, G. H. Gleseke, Buffalo.

Monson Roofing Tile Co., Brooklyn, $25,000; M. C. Beach, O. A. Samuels, G. Brown, 412 58th St., Brooklyn.

Screw Lock Co., Manhattan, $20,000; S. Schoenfeld, M. and C. Lieberman, 1,732 Madison Av.

Kalmis & Raskin, Manhattan, women's apparel, $5,000; I. Kalmis, S. Raskin, L. Pugach, 217 Rodney St., Brooklyn.

Metropolitan Dye Works, Bronx, $150,000; F. A. Funke, E. M. Berliner, F. Spungin, 962 Jackson Av.

Fitzroy Lunch Co., Manhattan, $15,000; M. Rosenzantz, M. Lubliner, L. Ehrlich, 494 Central Av.

Royal Securities Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; M. W. Tuttle, W. J. Stewart, C. MacGregor, 215 West 85th St.

No. 51 Broad St., Manhattan, construction, $20,000; W. R. Bayes, C. V. S. Mitchell, A. S. Hester, 40 Wall St.

Charles Froelich, Troy, make stoves, furnaces and radiators, $10,000; F. C. Filley, A. V. and C. Froelich, Troy.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Independent Dairy Products Co., Manhattan, $2,000 to $24,000.

Gelman, Muslmer & Brightman, Manhattan, $300,000 to $800,000.

C. R. B. Cloak Co., Manhattan, $1,000 to $10,000.

Pusey Press, Manhattan, $6,000 to $100,000.

Hanneman Jess Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $50,000.

William Vanderkoogh & Co., Manhattan, $15,000 to $25,000.

Robert Teller, Sons & Donner, Manhattan, $10,000 to $120,000.

F. L. Powers Co., Manhattan, $2,000 to $40,000.

Whitehouse & Hardy, Manhattan, $75,000 to $100,000.

Mirrophone Talking Machine Co., Brooklyn, $20,000 to $40,000.

Robert Porter Co., Albany, $10,000 to $40,000.

Kinwood Realty Corp., Albany, $100,000 to $250,000.

Alpha Brush Co., Troy, $60,000 to $80,000.

Gowling-Dietrich Co., Syracuse, $50,000 to $100,000.

Albany Evening Union Co., Albany, $50,000 to $500,000.

Bank of Niagara, Niagara Falls, $200,000 to $500,000.

Nassau Lumber Co., Hempstead, $150,000 to $350,000.

United Port Service Co., Millbrook, $50,000 to $500,000.

NAME CHANGE.

Richardson Cook & Co., Manhattan, to Richardson, Cook & Seixas.

DESIGNATIONS.

Crane Packing Co., Bklyn., $50,000; rep., J. N. Walton, Park Row.

Houdaille Co., Del., autos and accessories, 1,500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 2,000 common, no par value; rep., H. S. Gould, 37 Wall St.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Wickware Film Corp., Manhattan.

Julian Knitting Co., Manhattan.

Fogliasso Cement Building Co., Manhattan.

Religious Novelties, Manhattan.

Royal Securities Corp., Manhattan.

High Art Productions, Manhattan.

George Rector, Manhattan.

Jamin Realty Co., Brooklyn.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Dec. 17.—New concerns chartered:

Erie Newark Realty Co., Newark, $10,000; Arthur W. Britton, Samuel W. Britton, Robert K. Thistle, Newark.

Associated Mills Export Co., Newark, $200,000; Percy C. Hopkins, Woodhaven, L. I.; Edith V. Brooks, East Orange; Charles Pattengill, Glen Ridge.

Henry B. Cooke Co., Newark, real estate, $125,000; Henry B. Cook, S. C. Deixel, H. V. Jackson, Newark.

Interlocking Cast Stone Co., Elizabeth, construction materials, $25,000; Constantine J. Gotti, Michael Feld, Edward J. Ludwig, Elizabeth.

Irvington Development Corp., Irvington, real estate, $200,000; F. C. Mesa, W. E. Turton, Irvington; William Banta, Newark.

May Department Stores, Camden, $100,000; Charles M. Weber, David H. Goff, Thomas P. Curley, Camden.

Newark Spring and Bed Company, Newark, $150,000; Jacob Gebbetten, Samuel Wenstein, Paul R. Bookbinder, Newark.

United Butchers Fat Rendering Co., Jersey City, fats and fertilizers, $150,000; Fred C. Henn, Helen B. Watson, Montague N. Bergen, Jersey City.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Dec. 17.—Charters filed:

Keller Brothers Oil Co., drill, $6,000,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, M. M. Nichols, Wilmington.

Olovic Products Corp., manufacture automobiles and parts, $2,000,000; Harry Emmons, Kenneth L. Emmons, A. L. Dorsey, Wilmington.

Mutual Advertising Corp., $2,000,000; Gregor Millick, Henry R. Tipperhauer, Roy Garriseman, New York.

American Rubber Holding Co., manufacture, $1,000,000; M. Lacey, M. B. Reese, V. P. Lacey, Wilmington.

Union Basic Products Co., food products, $250,000; W. L. R. Lofland, Frank Jackson, Mark W. Cole, Wilmington.

Kitchenola Cabinet Corp., manufacture hardware supplies, $250,000; Rose Nerenstone, Adolph Buschbaum, Charles Buschbaum, New York.

Benort Auto Skid Appliance Corp., manufacture aircraft, $500,000; A. V. Britton, Robert K. Thistle, Samuel B. Howard, New York.

Benachs, permanent marcel waving, $200,000; P. R. Hansel, E. M. MacFarland, J. Vernon Pimm, Philadelphia.

Overlook Development Co., real estate, $200,000; W. E. Rodgers, J. D. Longley, Orlando Ducker, Washington.

Leanan's Guide Board Corp., manufacture radium luminous guide boards, ouija boards, &c., $100,000; C. T. Cobbs, C. E. Outten, E. M. Closkey, Wilmington.

Whitcomb Specialties Co., manufacture novelties, $100,000; W. L. N. Lofland, Mark W. Cole, Wilmington.

Unionetown Printing Co., $50,000; M. M. Lacey, V. P. Lacey, M. D. Kyline, Wilmington.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Petroleum Co., Bradford, Pa., $50,000 to $500,000.

John J. Greer & Co., Baltimore, $200,000 to $500,000.

General Typewriters' Corp., Wilmington, $10,000 to $500,000.

STERLING EXCHANGE TAKES SUDDEN JUMP

Demand Bills on London Advance to Highest Point Since Nov. 22.

TWO FACTORS IN STRENGTH

Rise Attributed to Year-End Settlements and Suspension of French Account Offerings.

The sterling exchange market was aggressively strong in the early trading yesterday, when demand bills on London got up to $3.53¾, a gain of about 5½ cents from the low of Thursday, and of 11 cents from the low of last week. In the afternoon there was a reaction to around $3.52 at 3 o'clock, when some of the larger banks ended business for the day, and then a further slump to $3.51¼ late in the afternoon. This price, while fractionally below the closing of Thursday, still was well above any previous price of the past fortnight. The day's high was the best since Nov. 22.

The recent strength in sterling exchange is attributed by the large dealers to two factors—preparations for the year-end settlements and the suspension of offerings of sterling here for French account. The former, which is purely a seasonable affair, has been rather heavy in the last few days and has accounted for the absorption of a good volume of offerings. The market, it is said, has been somewhat broader the past week than it was for several preceding weeks.

Selling for French account continued on a large scale until with a few days ago, when it ceased suddenly. As this selling vanished the market started to climb, both here and at London, and the speculative element, which had been pretty much out of the market, came back and started bidding rates up. This created an apparent demand, the dealers say, which frightened many legitimate users of exchange into filling their requirements a little earlier than would be the usual time for such buying, and between the speculative and the commercial buying rates rose easily.

The advance, according to some of the leading exchange bankers, has gone somewhat further than actually warranted by conditions, and late yesterday the prediction was made that rates had seen their high prices for the time being. Part of the rise, they explained, was due to speculative buying here and in London. The operation, they said, was for the speculators to enter buying orders here at one price and buying orders in London for execution at the same time at a slightly higher figure, in this way they created an appearance of urgent demand, designed to confuse the legitimate commercial buyers and cause them to rush into the market with bids at a time when, ordinarily, they would be making their year-end purchases in a more conservative manner.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	82.97	81.30	81.90	— .40
25 industrials	83.20	81.98	82.46	— .65
50 stocks	67.63	66.64	66.88	— .92

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Dec. 16	68.07	66.94	67.45	— .26
Dec. 15	69.18	67.57	67.81	— .53
Dec. 14	68.51	66.64	67.34	+1.94
Dec. 13	68.17	66.86	66.70	—1.59
Dec. 11	69.04	68.22	68.29	—1.50
Dec. 10	70.38	68.52	69.88	— .21

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Dec.	High.	Dec.	Low.	Last.
*1920.	73.72	Dec. 2	66.39	Dec. 13	66.92
1919.	90.40	Dec. 26	84.10	Dec. 12	85.89
1918.	76.34	Dec. 11	71.42	Dec. 26	73.29
1917.	66.28	Dec. 31	61.45	Dec. 20	61.86
1916.	90.26	Dec. 4	85.84	Dec. 11	88.22

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1920.	94.07	Apr. 8	66.39	Dec. 13	66.92
†1919.	90.39	Nov. 3	60.73	Jan. 21	84.23

Full Years.

1919.	90.59	Nov. 5	60.74	Jan. 21	89.09
1918.	80.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.39
1917.	70.46	Jan. 4	57.47	Dec. 20	63.63
1916.	101.51	Nov. 20	80.81	Apr. 22	88.22

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

40 issues	—Net Change— Day.	Month.	Year.
	67.78	—.16	—2.82	—3.61

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Dec. 16	67.94	—13	Dec. 7	69.13	—.22
Dec. 15	67.97	—.22	Dec. 6	69.30	—.24
Dec. 14	67.75	+.12	Dec. 4	68.74	+.06
Dec. 13	67.63	—.51	Dec. 2	69.69	—.06
Dec. 11	68.14	—.20	Dec. 2	69.75	—.16
Dec. 10	68.34	—.14	Dec. 1	69.90	.22
Dec. 9	68.48	—.41	Nov. 30	70.12	—.07
Dec. 8	68.89	—.29	Nov. 29	70.19	+.06

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1920.	78.14	Oct. 21	66.57	May 21	67.76
†1919.	79.05	June 5	71.05	Oct. 15	71.29

Full Years.

1919.	79.05	June 2	71.03	Dec. 15	71.76
1918.	82.36	Nov. 13	76.65	Sep. 27	78.75
1917.	89.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	76.89

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 1,'22	98	99½	
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 23, '25	90	93	7.14
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 25,'27	87½	91½	7.53
Am. Cot. Oil	6	Sep. 2, '24	96	98	10.36
A. T. & T.		Oct., 1922	96½	94¼	9.20
A. T. & T.	6	Feb.,1924	91½	92	9.00
Am Th'd Co.	6	Dec., 1923	92¼	94½	6.90
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1921	99¾	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1922	99½	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.	6	Nov., 1923	99½	100	6.00
Anaco. Co.	7	Jan., 1922	80¾	81½	9.30
Anaco. Co.	6	Jan., 1923	80¾	81½	8.30
Anaco. Co.	7	Jan., 1929	89¾	90	8.70
A.-A. O., Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	99¾	99¾	7.60
Armour & Co.	6	1923-24	94	98	
Armour & Co.	6	July15,'30	94½	95	7.15
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July15,'23	94	94½	9.50
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July15,'24	97	97½	8.70
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	92½	93½	8.25
Col. Graph. Co. 8%		Aug., 1923	89	92	10.25
Cudahy Pack.	7	July15,'23	93	95½	9.05
Fed. Sug. Re.		Nov., 1924	92	94	7.75
Cont. Ca. R. & R. (Joint)	6	Feb., 1927	77	79	10.80
C. B. & Q. R. (Joint)	4	July, 1921	95¾	96¼	
C. R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	94	95½	10.80
G. C. & S. F.					
L. Ry. Co.	6	July, 1929	89½	90½	7.50
The B.F.Goodrich Co. cv.	7	Apr., 1925	83½	84¾	11.60
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1923	97¾	98¼	8.60
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1922	95	96¼	8.60
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1928	95	96¾	7.70
Hocking Val.	6	May, 1924	90	92	8.70
Int. Rap. Tr.		Sept.,1921	68½	69½	
Kan. C. Ter.	6	Nov., 1923	91	95	8.70
Kennecott C.	7	Feb., 1930	89	90	8.65
Laclede Gas.		Jan., 1929	86½	88	9.10
Lig. & Myers.	6	Dec., 1921	97¾	97¾	8.23
Liv. & Myers.	6	1919	99	99	8.60
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	98¾	98¾	7.50
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	91½	92½	13.00
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1921	80¾	100¾	6.80
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1922	99½	100	7.00
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1923	99¾	100	7.00
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J.	cv. 7	Mar., 1922	86	87½	
R.J. Rvids T.	6	Aug., 1922	96	96¾	8.35
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'22	97	97½	9.70
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'23	94	94½	10.10
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'23	93¾	94½	9.10
Sinc. C.O. C.	7	May 15,'25	98¾	98¾	10.75
Solvay & C.	6	Oct., 1927	99	99½	8.10
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	92	92½	11.60
S'west Bs. T.	7	Apr., 1925	92	93½	8.80
St.F.Un.Dep.					
guaran.	5½	Dec. 15,'23	94	95½	7.20
Swift & Co.	6	Aug. 15,'21	97½	98	8.80
Swift & Co.	7	Oct. 15,'25	93¼	94½	8.40
Utah Sec.Cor.	6	Sep. 15,'25	78	84	..
Wat'n Elec. Co. conv.	6	Apr., 1923	97¾	97¾	7.70

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argent. (unlisted	5	Sept., 1945	61¾	63
Belgium (Restor'n)		1934	56½	58½
Bel. Prm'Ln.,		2045	62¾	63¾
British Victory	4	1960	230	260
Britigh Fund	4	1960	234	244
Brit. Nat. W. L.		1922	351	361
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1927	337	347
Brit. Nat. W. L.		1920	344	354
Canada 6	5½	Dec., 1922	82½	84½
Canada	5½	Nov., 1923	82	84
French Gov. Vic.	5	1931	49½	53½
French Loan, '17	4	1943	40¾	43¾
French Prem.	5	Loan of '20	50½	52½
French Loan, '20	6	1931	59½	62½
Italy Treas.	5	1923	34	37
Italy Treas.	5	1925	33	36
Russia, ruble bds.	5½	Feb., 1926	7	11
Russia	5½	1921	9	14
Sweden	6	June, 1939	77	78½
Switzerland	5½	1929	79½	80¾

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
City of Berne 8s	94	95
City of Christiania 8s	93¾	94
City of Zurich 8s	85¼	90¾
Argentine 5s	..	69¾
Belgium 8s, 1921	90¾	91
Belgium 8s, 1925	80¼	81
Belgium 7½s	86½	87
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98¾	99¼
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	98¾	99¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	89¾	90¼
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	87½	89¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	..	85¾
Chinese Government 8s	40	45½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	76½	77
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	61½	62
Dominican Republic 5s	74	74½
City of Lyons 6s	78¼	79
City of Marseilles 6s	78¾	83¾
City of Bordeaux 6s	78½	78¾
City of Copenhagen 5½s	72	73
French Government 5s	99¾	100¾
City of Paris 6s	82½	83
Government of Switzerland 8s	101½	102
Japanese 4½s	73¾	75¾
Japanese 4½s, second series	73¼	75¾
Japanese 4s	56	58¾
City of Tokio 5s	45	47¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	97¾	98
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	94¾	94¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1929	88¾	88¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	83¾	83¾
United States of Mexico 5s	40¾	40¾
United States of Mexico 4s	31	32¾
Italy 6½s	84	85

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
4s, c. 1925	..	103¾	Pan 3s, r.	..	90
Pan 3s, r. 1961	..	89	P I 4s, '24	81½	90
			P I 4s, '35	81½	90

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
A. C. & D pf.	86	93	A, G & W pf.	54½	57½
Alb & Sus.	150	160	Aus N. pf.	62	65
A. A. Cables	95	100	Auto Sales	3	5¾
All Realty	71	..	Do pf.	9	20
Am S 1st pf.	98½	..	Bald L pf.	94	94½
Am Ag Ch pf.	77½	79½	Bar L pf.	60	90
Am Bk N.	41	43½	Barett Co	..	..
Am Bk pf.	40	45	B'ch Cr'k	29	..
Am B Sug pf.	67	75	Beth S 7% pf.	90	93
Am B S & Fdy	43	49½	Booth Fish pf.	20	26
Am Cot Oil pf.	80	85	Br Shoe	35	40
Am Exp.	115	120	Do pf.	80	90
Am Ice pf.	50	54	B. R & P.	60	85
Am Lin pf.	80	88	Do pf.	85	105
Am Rad.	66	..	Buff & S.	72	..
Do pf.	101	..	Do pf.	..	54½
Am Shipb.	80	..	Burns Bros pf.	98	105
Do pf.	80	..	Bush Ter.	..	80
Am Snuff.	90	100	Can So.	40	..
Am St Fds pf.	81	82	C'tral-teed.	37	39
Am S Toe pf.	81	..	Do 1st pf.	78½	..
Am T & C.	47	52	Do 2d pf.	75	..
Am Tob, B	108	..	Chi & Alt.	7½	9½
Am Wh pf.	90	93	Do pf.	10	15
Am Wt pf.	80	93	C & E Ill pf.	6	7½
Am Z pf.	29	30	Chi Gt W.	7½	7¾
Ann Arbor.	12	..	Chi, St P, M & Om.	61	65
Do pf.	31	91	Do pf.	87	90
Assoc Oil.	87	91	Clu-P pf.	80	85½
All Ref. pf.	950	1,000	C & S 1st pf.	84	88
Do pf.	105¼	106½	Do 2d pf.	48	53

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Revenue receipts and expenditures at close of business Dec. 15:

	This Month.	Corresponding Month, 1919.	*Fiscal Year, 1921.	*Corresponding Fiscal Year, 1920.
Customs	$10,009,051.87	$12,197,378.98	$141,551,822.85	$190,215.45
Internal revenue:				
Income and profits tax	92,655,646.92	103,806,651.57	1,050,188,297.62	1,201,8
Miscellaneous	83,837,224.20	79,252,288.17	731,227,050.68	807,0
Miscellaneous revenue	11,417,994.38	13,486,421.44	107,774,238.24	320,91
Panama Canal tolls, &c	767,971.08	277,711.06	2,145,776.62	2,724,93
Total ordinary	$198,687,472.46	$218,071,049.20	$2,234,217,852.62	$2,522,44
Excess of ord. receipts over ord. disbursements	32,078,858.01	.....	.....	.....
Excess of ord. disb. over ordinary receipts	.....	12,675,289.05	85,630,305.35	1,239,97
Expenditures	166,608,614.45	230,746,338.25	2,319,848,157.97	3,762,41

*Receipts and disbursements for June reaching Treasury in July are included.

T., A. & G. R. R. GETS RECEIVER.

Road Owned by Russell Sage Estate —Operation Expected to Continue.

Charles Hicks, General Manager of the Tennessee, Al

NOTED IN BUSINESS

Trade Reviews Report Improvement in Buying and the General Outlook.

AGGREGATE TURNOVER HUGE

Farmers Selling Their Wheat and Showing More Disposition to Dispose of Corn.

Some improvement is noted in general business conditions by the weekly trade reviews. Buying in certain lines is beginning to pick up and, while the improvement is slight, it is regarded as an encouraging sign. There are still many unsatisfactory factors, but they appear to be diminishing.

In commenting on the situation, Dun's Review says, in part:

"The signs of betterment in business, if outnumbered by the unsatisfactory features, are becoming more distinct. A change is seen in certain primar, textile branches, where the movement is freer, and some buyers in the leather trade are showing renewed interest. Whether the indications of improvement mark a definite turning point in the lines affected is not clear at the moment, but the symptoms are encouraging. It is not to be expected that revival will come suddenly, or in all quarters simultaneously.

"The economic readjustment has been irregular, having gone further in some directions than in others, and the process of recuperation will probably be gradual and checked. That a solid basis for recovery exists is a conviction strengthened by the week's crop estimates, disclosing unusually abundant harvests, and the powerful banking resources and better transportation facilities are important constructive factors.

"Even with recent shrinkage, the business of the country bulks large in the aggregate, and prices are working toward a basis where goods will seem more attractive to consumers. After liquidation has been completed, and it apparently still has some distance to go in retail channels, buying may conceivably develop to an extent where orders will flow freely again to producers, thus putting in action machinery that is now idle. When this demand appears, it will not be marked by a repetition of the former extravagance, because the purchasing power has been lessened by unemployment and wage reductions, and retrenchment is necessary."

Bradstreet's notices this same drift toward better conditions. In speaking of the situation with regard to the farmers, this review says:

"Wheat producers in the Winter wheat section have sold about 60 per cent. of their crop and secured better prices for the majority of it than last year. A liberal percentage of the Spring wheat crop has been sold, and farmers are selling wheat more freely than recently. In one day the past week 1,000,000 bushels were bought in the Southwestern farmers' markets and resold for export at the highest premiums of late.

"Farmers are showing more disposition to sell corn in Iowa, parts of Illinois and the Northwest. The main difficulty with the farmers at present is the low price of corn, the Government report making the farm price Dec. 1 67.7 cents per bushel, compared with $1.390 last year. Western farmers, however, are not getting an average of the price quoted, since it applies to the entire country. Feeders are buying corn in Nebraska at 50 cents and in Iowa around 60 to 64 cents.

"Hogs and cattle have dropped to the lowest point of the year, and are lower than at any time since 1916. There is a loss to the packer in killing hogs, as pork is selling $2 a barrel below production cost."

BROKERAGE FIRM SUSPENDS.

Bankruptcy Petition Filed Against Hollister, Lyon & Walton.

The suspension of the New York Stock Exchange firm of Hollister, Lyon & Walton was announced yesterday. This is the first suspension that has come about as a result of the decline in the stock market under way for some weeks. Inability of several of the firm's large customers to meet margin calls were stated as the reason for the failure.

In the late afternoon the firm put out the following statement:

"The firm of Hollister, Lyon & Walton was forced to announce its suspension on the floor of the Stock Exchange, owing to the fact that several of its larger customers were unable to meet their margin calls. This inability resulted in the suspension of the firm.

"Bankruptcy has been, or is about to be, instituted, and when the receiver has been appointed he will make a complete statement showing the assets and liabilities of the firm. Until he has been appointed and conditions ascertained any statement would be premature."

This statement was signed by the members of the firm, George C. Hollister, Cecil Lyon, J. McLean Walton and Francis S. Marden. The floor member was Mr. Lyon.

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed in the Federal Court yesterday against the firm by three creditors whose claims aggregate $4,085. One of the creditors is Ellsworth D. Gosling, a customer of the firm, whose claim amounts to $4,000. It was stated that the liabilities amounted to about $800,000 and the assets to about $450,000.

EXCHANGE MEN ELECT HEAD

Kretz of National Park Bank Honored by Foreign Money Brokers.

George H. Kretz of the National Park Bank has been elected President of the Foreign Exchange Club of New York, succeeding North McLean of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank, who had held the position two years and becomes a member of the Executive Committee.

George L. Le Blanc of the Equitable Trust Company and B. A. Duis of the National City Bank were elected Vice Presidents of the club, and Robert B. Raymond of the Chemical National Bank, Secretary and Treasurer.

The Executive Committee includes Mr. McLean, Fred I. Kent, Bankers Trust Company; Ralph Dawson, Guaranty Trust Company, and C. J. Stephenson, Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Foreign Trade Financing Board.

John McHugh, Vice President of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank and Chairman of the Organization Committee of the Foreign Trade Financing Corporation, yesterday announced the following Executive Committee of the Organization Committee: Fred I. Kent, Vice President of the Bankers Trust Company; Paul M. Warburg, Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of the Board of the Irving National Bank, and George E. Smith, President of the Royal Typewriter Company, all of New York; Julius H. Barnes of the Barnes-Ames Company of Duluth, Minn.; Thomas E. Wilson, President of Wilson & Co., Chicago; Herbert Myrick, Treasurer of the Orange Judd Company, Springfield, Mass., and Charles A. Hinsch, President of the Fifth-Third National Bank of Cincinnati.

Canadian Car Declares Dividend.

The Canadian Car and Foundry Company, Ltd., has declared a dividend of 2½ per cent. on the preferred stock on account of back dividends. This is payable Dec. 31 to stock of record Dec. 24. The dividend is payable in negotiable interest-bearing scrip, the principal amount being payable Dec. 24, 1927. It carries interest at 6 per cent., payable half yearly on June 24 and Dec. 24.

COTTON EXPORTS IN NARROW MARKET

Day's Trading Moves Within a Thirty-Point Limit—Ginning Report Proves Bearish.

It was another day of dullness and restricted price movements in the cotton market yesterday. Prices started slightly lower, bulged in the early afternoon, and then sold off again at the close, but the whole range of the day was within a limit of 30 points for the late months, while December fluctuated only 25 points. The volume of business was in entire keeping with this narrow movement.

Throughout the morning the market was wholly professional. There was some selling by Wall Street houses, and the local commission houses participated in this to a very limited extent. In the early afternoon profit-taking in January turned the list upward for a short time, but it broke again after publication of the National Ginners Association estimate of ginnings up to Dec. 13, which placed the total amount of this year's crop ginned to that date at 10,520,000 bales, contrasted with 10,040,000 bales estimated by the association up to Dec. 1.

This estimate was interpreted as bearish and as indicating an unusually large amount of cotton passing through the gins, which it might well have been had it not been for the very high final crop estimate of the Government on Monday. Under those circumstances the ginning report should have lost much of its pertinency.

Liverpool also was quiet and slightly lower. There was nothing new in the situation there. Southern spot markets were dull and generally unchanged, with only a few slight declines reported. Neither the pressure of sales nor the demand for the staple was heavy.

Exports for the week totalled 122,218 bales, about the same as last week, but considerably below the week before that.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Dec.	15.35	15.60	15.23	15.40	15.45
Jan.	15.60	15.80	15.43	15.43@15.48	15.72
March	15.50	15.65	15.35	15.37@15.38	15.61
May	15.58	15.70	15.40	15.40@15.44	15.60
July	15.63	15.75	15.45	15.45@15.47	15.64
Oct.	15.63	15.72	15.50	15.50	15.72

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, unchanged, at 16c for middling upland; sales nil. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 15.25c, unchanged; New Orleans, 14.75c, unchanged; Savannah, 15.75c., unchanged; Augusta, 15c, down .13; Memphis, 15c, unchanged; Houston, 14.25c, down .25; Little Rock, 15c, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	30,854	32,324	48,727
Exports	16,851	41,424	27,609
Exports, season	2,145,830	2,023,612	2,458,653
N. Y. stocks	23,751	20,590	62,129
Port stocks	1,406,073	1,555,482	1,368,407
N. Y. arrivals	1,356	.....	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 10.58d for middling. Sales, 4,000 bales, of which American 3,000. Imports, 19,000 bales, all American. Futures opened quiet, up to 6 points up, and closed quiet but steady, 7 to 16 points down on the day. Prices: December, 10.82d; March, 11.10d; May, 11.17d; July, 11.20d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were dull and irregular.

BARRETT COMPANY CHANGES

W. N. McIlravy Elected Chairman of Board and T. M. Rainhard President

Eversley Childs, Chairman of the board of the Barrett Company, and William Hamlin Childs, President, offered their resignations at a meeting of the Directors of the company yesterday. William N. McIlravy was elected Chairman and Thomas M. Rainhard President. William Hamlin Childs was elected Chairman of the Executive Committee.

The following Directors of the company presented their resignations: Harry W. Croft, J. H. Fulton, William S. Gray, Alexander C. Humphreys, Isaac B. Johnson, Powell Stackhouse, Hamilton Stewart, J. Harry Staats, H. D. Walbridge and Horace S. Wilkinson. The following Directors were elected: E. L. Pierce, President Solvay Process Company; Walter H. Nichols Jr., President General Chemical Company; Orlando F. Weber, President National Aniline and Chemical Company; Walter B. Harris, Sales Manager the Barrett Company; M. H. Phillips, New York Manager the Barrett Company; D. W. Payne, Manager Chemical Department the Barrett Company; Clark McKercher, General Counsel the Barrett Company; E. J. Steer, Secretary and Treasurer the Barrett Company.

A.A. RYAN SETTLEMENT NEAR

Dropping of His Stock Exchange Suit Said to Be a Condition.

The final agreement adjusting the affairs of Allan A. Ryan, it was learned yesterday, will be signed early next week and a statement setting forth the conditions is expected at that time. The agreement, in its principal aspects, has been subscribed to, and only a few details remain to be settled. The settlement has now progressed to a state where no hitch is anticipated.

The settlement agreement, it was reported, provides for the Ryan indebtedness to be funded for a term of two years, with the assets held as collateral placed in the hands of trustees. It was reported in financial circles that Mr. Ryan's indebtedness totaled approximately $16,000,000 about a month ago. Whether any of this has been liquidated since then could not be learned.

One report in circulation said that one of the developments in conjunction with the settlement would be the dropping by Mr. Ryan of his suit against the Stock Exchange and its members, but this could not be verified.

Neither Alvin Untermyer of counsel for Mr. Ryan nor the bankers concerned in the settlement of his affairs would comment on the reports.

TELEPHONE EARNINGS UP.

Profits of Major Companies Show Large Increase Over a Year Ago.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The sixty-five major telephone companies of the United States operated at a profit of $7,525,913 during September, an increase of $3,024,179 over the corresponding month of 1919.

The income of the companies for September amounted to $41,736,621, while the operating expenses amounted to $31,-030,887.

For the nine months ended with September the total revenue of the companies amounted to $350,287,217 and the expenses $274,888,930.

The total operating income for the ten months was $46,324,636.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Frank J. Maguire has been made Assistant Treasurer of the National City Company.

Charles Wesley, formerly Vice President of Hollister, White & Co., Inc., will conduct a general investment business under the firm name of Charles Wesley & Co., Inc.

Edward Froede has been elected an Assistant Secretary of the Columbia Trust Company.

The Lincoln Trust Company has been appointed depositary for funds of receivers in bankruptcy.

Jacques Huber, formerly with Montgomery & Co., is now associated with Moore, Leonard & Lynch.

Blair & Co., Inc., and the Equitable Trust Company announce that subscription books have been closed on Standard Oil Company of New York 7 per cent. serial debentures, the issue having been heavily oversubscribed.

Joseph McCurrach, New York agent of the Banco Nacional Ultramarino, announces that this institution has opened branches at Chaves and Regoa, Portugal.

BELOW EXPECTATION

Class 1 Roads Receive $91,761,090 in October of $112,435,000 Forecast.

FAIL OF 6 P. C. DIVIDEND

Eastern Traffic Is Reported 29.7 Per Cent. Below Required Amount, South 16, West 9.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The Association of Railway Executives issued the following statement tonight:

"A tabulation from figures reported by the railroads to the Interstate Commerce Commission shows that the net railway operating income for October of the Class 1 carriers totals $91,761,090, which is approximately $20,674,000, or 18.4 per cent. below the amount expected to be earned under the increased rates fixed by the commission in accordance with the transportation act. The compilation is based on reports received from 203 railroads with a total mileage of 245,837.

"On the basis of the net operating income from October the railroads of the country would earn annually 4 9-10 per cent. on the value of their properties as tentatively fixed for rate-making purposes at $18,900,000,000 by the Interstate Commerce Commission. This is an increase of three-tenths of 1 per cent. over that for September as computed from the net operating income for that month.

"To realize a return of 6 per cent. on their valuation, as provided by the act, the railroads should have earned $112,435,000 in October.

"Total operating revenues for the 203 railroads totaled $642,341,119, or an increase of 26 per cent. over October, 1919, while operating expenses were $522,877,-098, or an increase of 53.8 per cent. compared with the same month last year. The net income is an increase of 20.2 per cent. over that for October last year.

"Compilations show that the net operating income in every district fell below a 6 per cent. basis, the Eastern district being 29.7 per cent. below, the Southern district 16 per cent. and the Western district 9.2 per cent.

"For the Eastern district, total operating revenue for October were $295,-506,618, or an increase of 31.8 per cent. over the same month last year, while operating expenses totaled $247,460,209, or an increase of 32.3 per cent. over the same month in 1919. The net operating income was $32,687,265, which is an increase of 38.1 per cent. compared with that for October, 1919.

"Reports from the Southern district show that the total operating revenues during October were $93,156,679, or an increase of 22.1 per cent. over one year ago, while operating expenses were $79,-232,515, an increase of 22.9 per cent. compared with the same month last year. This left a net operating income of $11,424,904, which was an increase of 24.9 per cent. over October, 1919.

"Total operating revenues for Class 1 roads in the Western district were $255,-677,822, which was an increase of 21.2 per cent over those for October last year. Operating expenses were $196,-184,574, or an increase of 26.9 per cent. While the net operating income was $47,648,921, which was an increase of 9½ per. cent over the same month in 1919.

"On the basis of their net operating income for October, the annual earnings of the carriers in the Eastern district would be of the annual rate of 4.22 per cent., those in the Southern district 5.04 per cent., in the Western district 4.45 per cent. Combining the net operating income for both September and October, the percentage for the Eastern roads would be 3.78 per cent., Southern 4.97 per cent. and the Western 5.15 per cent.

"Reports show that the net operating income of the 203 carriers for October was 81.61 per cent. of the amount expected to be earned them under the rates fixed by the commission, while the net income for both September and October was 75.37 per cent. of the amount anticipated for both of those months.

"Compared with September, the net operating income for October of the Class 1 railroads is an increase of $16,-450,779, increases being shown for the Eastern district of $6,576,668, Southern district $1,809,564 and the Western district $8,064,547."

EXPECTS EXCHANGE TO RISE.

Brazilian Minister Assures Banks There Conditions Will Improve.

RIO JANEIRO, Dec. 16.—Resolutions requesting an audience with the Minister of Finance for the purpose of discussing the attitude of the Government toward commerce were passed at the weekly meeting of the Commercial Association of this city today. There was a further drop in the exchange rate, the dollar on sight being quoted at the equivalent of from $1.40 to $1.46.

At a conference between the Minister of Finance and the Inspector of Banks the exchange situation was discussed, and the latter announced that he expected an improvement in conditions because of larger exports and decreased imports.

COMMODITIES IRREGULAR.

Wheat and Corn Show Good Advances—Others Irregular.

There was an improved tone in some of the grains yesterday, wheat advancing 4 cents and corn 7½ cents per bushel. Oats, however, were unchanged, but flour advanced 25 cents per barrel. In the groceries, coffee was unchanged, with sugar down ¼ of a cent per pound, to the low price of the year. Butter advanced ½ of a cent per pound, with eggs unchanged. In the provisions, lard advanced 20 cents per hundred pounds, with beef and pork unchanged. In the metals, the only change noted was a drop of 15 cents per hundred pounds in lead. Spot cotton and printcloths were unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Friday, a week before and a year ago:

FOODSTUFFS:	Dec. 17, 1920.	Dec. 10, 1920.	Dec. 17, 1919.
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.97	$1.88½	$2.35
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.99½	.99	1.72
Oats, No. 2 white	.83½	.83½	.93
Flour, Minn. patent	9.50	9.50	15.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.06¾	.06¾	.14¾
Sugar, granulated	.09	.09¼	.09
Butter, cream, fancy	.62	.53½	.73
Eggs, fresh gathered firsts, per dozen	.74	.69	.81
Lard, prime	14.10	14.75	22.25
Pork, mess	30.00	31.00	47.00
Beef, family	28.00	28.00	29.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2X, Phila	34.00	36.50	41.10
Steel billets, Pitts	43.50	42.50	48.00
Lead	4.70	4.90	7.15
Copper	13.50	13.75	18.75
Tin	34.00	34.50	54.25
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	16.00	16.25	39.25
Printcloths	.06¾	.06¾	.13½

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$2.25	Jan. 7	$1.79	Nov. 27
Corn	2.81¾	May 15	.94½	Nov. 27
Oats	1.50	May 7	.60	Nov. 22
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	9.00	Dec. 1
Coffee	.18¾	Jan. 31	.06¾	Nov. 22
Sugar	.22	July 12	.06	Dec. 17
Butter	.77	Apr. 24	.51½	Dec. 4
Eggs	.80	Dec. 16	.43½	Mar. 12
Lard	23.50	Jan. 9	13.70	Aug. 17
Pork	47.00	Jan. 2	30.00	Oct. 7
Beef	28.00	Oct. 19	20.00	May 12
Iron	53.54	Aug. 21	36.50	Dec. 9
Steel	65.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 2
Lead	9.50	Mar. 15	4.85	Dec. 13
Copper	19.50	Jan. 5	13.50	Nov. 29
Tin	65.25	Jan. 11	32.00	Dec. 14
Cotton	43.75	July 22	15.50	Nov. 27
Printcloths	.19¾	Apr. 13	.05¾	Nov. 30

CHICAGO GRAINS

Prospect of Helpful Legislation at Washington Sends Prices Up Again.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—Grain markets reversed their action of the previous day, and, with immense short covering in coarse grains and heavy buying of wheat to remove hedges against export sales, prices advanced steadily from the opening and closed about the top. Net gains were 5½@7¾ cents on wheat, 2¾@3¼ on corn and 1@1¼ on oats.

A belief that Congress would impose an import duty on wheat before Jan. 1, combined with the move to rush the War Finance Corporation bill through the House and the understanding that the Foreign Trade Finance Corporation would commence to function shortly, was responsible for the buying and the advance. There was enormous covering by shorts in corn, and, at times, that grain showed independent strength. The bulk of the buying of both corn and oats was credited to the Armour Grain Company, covering shorts.

Government report on the Winter wheat acreage for the crop of 1921 attracted little attention. It made the total 40,605,000, against the revised figures of 41,759,000 acres last year, suggesting a crop of 678,000,000 bushels on a par of 19 bushels per acre, the same as used by the Government in its July report.

Condition was 87.9, against 85.2 last year, and a ten-year average of 88.4. Based on the Government's method of estimating the crop, which allows for average abandonment of acreage and uses a low par, the report suggests 580,-000,000 bushels.

Export sales of hard Winter wheat via the Gulf were estimated at 1,500,000 to 2,000,000 bushels, in addition to business in Manitobas. Total sales reported so far this week in all positions have been 8,000,000 bushels. Southwestern producers, however, have been selling wheat heavily, so that the export demand has been taken care of without advancing premiums. "There is an impression in the trade that part of the buying of wheat credited to the British Commission is for the account of other countries, the financing having been arranged through London.

Bids at the Gulf were advanced 1 cent to 3¢ cents over March for first half January loading, and Omaha had inquiries for grain as far ahead as the first half of April. Winnipeg December continues to act very tight, reflecting the holdings credited to the British Commission. Reports to the effect that the United States and Canada have sold their exportable surplus are not regarded as true by Western traders, and there are some who believe that the export sales of late have been materially exaggerated. However, people in a position to know say that if anything the reported sales today were under rather than over estimated.

The ease with which the wheat has been bought to remove hedges this week causes some traders to believe that lower prices will be witnessed before long, especially in case the buying lets up for a day or so. At the close tonight wheat was only 1¼ to 2 cents higher than at the finish Monday.

Country offerings of corn are increasing and next week is expected to show a material enlargement of receipts. It is estimated that around 5,000,000 bushels of corn have been sold for export for January and February shipment. General business conditions remain unchanged and sentiment is rather pessimistic.

Primary arrivals of wheat are falling off, being 984,000 bushels, against 1,153,-000 a week ago and 1,184,000 last year. Shipments were 891,000 bushels, against 388,000 a week ago and 1,085,000 last year.

Corn receipts were 646,000 bushels, against 473,000 last week and 491,000 last year; shipments 310,000 bushels, against 276,000 a week ago and 321,000 last year.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	$1.70	$1.63½	$1.70	$1.64
March	1.64¾	1.59¼	1.64	1.58
May	1.59	1.52½	1.58	1.52¾

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	69¾	67	69¾	67	1.40¾
March	.....	.....	.....	.....	1.39¾
May	71¼	68	71	67¾	1.34¾
July	72	69¼	72¼	69	1.33¾

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	.46	45¼	45¾	44¾	.82½
May	48½	46¾	48¾	47	.82¾
July	.48	47	47¾	46¾	.76½

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	$1.51	$1.53¾	$1.53¾	$1.52	1.75
May	No sales.				1.77
May	1.43	1.38	1.38	1.36½	1.76½

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	.....	.....	.....	.....	22.87
Jan.	13.42	13.27	13.27	13.17	23.07
May	13.67	13.47	13.47	13.12	23.87
Ribs—					
Jan.	11.55	11.37	11.37	11.20	18.55
May	12.05	11.90	11.90	11.62	19.05
Pork—					
Jan.	22.80	22.62	22.62	22.40	36.85
May	.....	.....	.....	.....	36.40

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts, yesterday, 5,211 packages. Top qualities gained ½c. Secondary grades, moving out somewhat better; storage creamery, dragging; Danish, moving firmer; ladies, steady; packing, easy. Creamery, higher than extras, 1b., 55½@56c; extras, 92 score, 55c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 47@53½c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 43@46c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 38@41c; lower grades, 33@35c; unsalted, higher than extras, 58@59c; extras, 57@57½c; firsts, 44@55½c; seconds, 38@43c; held on storage, high scoring, 50½@51½c; extras, 49@50c; firsts, 41@48c; seconds, 34@40c; lower grades, 30@33c; Danish cakes, fresh, 49½@52c; State, dairy tubs, finest, 51@52c; good to prime, 49@49c; common to fair, 32@42c; renovated, extras, 40@41c; ladles, current make, firsts, 27@28c; seconds, 24@26c; lower grades, 22@23c; packing stock, storage, 23½@24c; current make, No. 2, 22@23½c; lower grades, 20@21½c.

EGGS—Receipts, yesterday, 8,300 cases. Fresh, steadier at the recent decline; storage, generally held steady; whites steady but not moving freely. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 76c; extra firsts, 75c; firsts, 72@74c; seconds, 70@72c; dirties, No. 1, 53@55c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 46@52c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, 62c; firsts, 60@61c; seconds, 57@59c; State, Pennsylvania and near-by Western hennery whites, extras, 84@85c; extra firsts, 82@83c; firsts, 80c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 80@83c; under-grades, 72@78c; pullets, 70@72c; Pacific Coast, white, extras, 84@85c; extra firsts, 82@83c; firsts, 80c; under-grades, 76@78c; pullets, selected small eggs, 75@76c; small, 70@72c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 70@82c; State, Pennsylvania and near-by Western, hennery brown, extras, 77@78c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded extras, 76c; firsts to extra firsts, 73@75c.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Aris. Ext.	2	3	Iron Bloss.	20	30
Aris. Silver	17	19	Iron Cap.	6	7
Aris. Tip Top	8	10	La Rose	18	20
Black Hawk	15	17	Majestic	3	10
Boston Mon.	41	42	Mex. Metals	30	35
Calaveras	1	½	Midway Moss	...	30
Chief Con.	2½	3	Monarch	...	16
Crown Res.	20	21	Nat. L. & Z.	...	2
Crystal, new	41	43	Nixon	4	5
Denbigh	14	16	Rainier	7	9
Eagle B. B.	2½	3	Seven Metals	11	12
Eureka Cro.	44	46	Silver Reef	4	6
Fortuna	...	...	U. V. Ext.	21½	21¾
Gadsden	21	22	Yukon	1¼	1½
Home	6	7			

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Thurs-day. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd.	17¾	18	17½
Atlantic Lobos	24	26	20
Do pf	60	80	60
Atlantic Refining	950	1000	950
Do pf	102	104	102
Borne-Scrymser	400	500	400
Buckeye Pipe Line	82	84	82
Chesebrough Mfg	190	205	190
Do pf	97	100	97
Continental-Candy	108	111	105
Crescent Pipe Line	27	29	27
Cumberland P L	125	135	125
Eureka Pipe Line	85	95	85
Galena Signal Oil	44	46	44
Do. pf. new	92	96	92
Do pf. old	93	97	93
Illinois Pipe Line	158	168	158
Imperial Oil, Ltd.	23	24	23
Indiana Pipe Line	85	88	85
Int Pet Co, Ltd.	16	16½	16¼
National Transit	23	25	23
New York Transit	158	163	158
Northern Pipe Line	90	95	90
Ohio Oil	225	230	225
Penn-Mex Fuel	35	38	35
Prairie Oil & Gas	465	475	460
Prairie Pipe Line	196	200	190
Solar Refining	350	375	350
Southern Pipe Line	97	100	97
South Penn Oil	235	240	235
S W Pa Pipe Lines	56	62	58
Stand Oil of Cal	310	313	305
Stand Oil of Ind	225 @ 66	70	67
Stand Oil of Kan	580	600	580
Stand Oil of Ky	425	450	420
Stan Oil of Neb	410	430	410
Stand Oil of N J	300	315	300
Do pf	103	104	103
Stand Oil of N Y	320	325	320
Stand Oil of Ohio	405	415	405
Do pf	102	105	102
Swan & Finch	45	60	45
Union Tank Car	98	102	100
Do pf	94	97	94
Vacuum Oil	280	290	280
Washington Oil	30	35	30

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Thurs-day. Bid.
Am Brass	160	163	160
Am Chicle	27	28	23
Do pf	63	67	63
Amal Leather	4	20	...
Do pf	30	60	30
Am Light & Trac	91	93	91
Do pf	83	86	83
Atlas Powder	120	130	120
Do pf	74	77	74
Babcock & Wilcox	104	106	104
Borden & Co	82	85	83
Do pf	79	81	79
Childs Co	76	80	76
Do pf	88	90	88
Crocker-Wheeler	87	95	90
Draper Corp	123½	126½	125½
Du Pont	145	155	150
Do pf	76	78	78
E W Bliss	250	260	250
Gil Safety Razor	135	145	140
Hercules	188	195	193
Do 1st pf	91	93	91
Illinois Trac	10	15	10
Do pf	55	60	55
Ingersoll-Rand	155	165	165
Do pf	96	99	96
Mack	30	33	30
Merrimac Chem	75	80	78
New Jersey Zinc	134	137	134½
Niles-Bem't-Pond	68	72	68
Do pf	100	105	80
Northern Securities	80	90	80
Royal Bak Powder	100	108	100
Do pf	78	80	78
Scovil Mfg	300	320	300
Singer Mfg	145	155	150
Stand Screw Co	220	240	220
Van Raalte	15	20	15
Do pf	52	55	52
Valve Oil 1st cv pf	97	100	97

SUGAR STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Thurs-day. Bid.
Caracas Sugar	40	45	40
Central Aguirre	52	56	56
Central Sugar	10	15@	16
Do pf	35	45	35
Fajardo	85	95	85
Federal Sugar	98	104	100
Do pf	96	104	100
Godchaux pf	17	23	18
Do pf	67	73	67
Great Western	250	300	260
Do pf	106	112	106
Holly	20	32	30
Do pf	82	85	82
Nat Sug Ref	115	122	118
Santa Cecelia	45	55	45
Savannah	40	50	40
Do pf	85	93	85
West India	84	88	84

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Thurs-day. Bid.
Am Cigar	85	88	86
Do pf	78	82	78
Am Tob scrip	86	90	85
Do B new	86	90	85
Do pf	88	93	88
MacA & Forbes	105	111	105
Do pf	78	84	80
Do pf	85	90	88
P & Young	115	...	...
Porto Rico-Am	90	100	90
PortoRico-Am scrip	80	90	80
R.Reynolds,A,new	80	87	80
Do B, new	80	85	80
Do pf	97	100	97
United Leaf Tob	140	160	140
Do pf	90	98	94
Werman-Bruce	150	160	150
Do pf	115	...	...

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	ArundelSand	23¾	23¾	23¾
300	Celestine	85c	85c	85c
245	Coh Pow	85	85	85
30	Con Coal	83	83	83
500	Cosden pf	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
500	Davison Ch	26	26	26
55	Mt Vern pf	58	58	58
15	N Amst Gas	23¾	23¾	23¾
30	Pa W P z ex	77¼	77¼	77¼
985	United Rys	9¼	9¼	9¼

Bonds.

$7,000	Chi Rys 5s	56½	56½	$3,000	Un Rys 4s
2,000	Con P 4½s	72	72		

60½	60	60¾	
72	72	72	

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Am Zinc, pf	30	30	30
50	Ahmeek	44¼	44¼	44¼
250	Alaska	1	1	1
65	Allouez	18¾	18¼	18¼
25	Canadian Con	2¾	2¾	2¾
145	Anaconda	36⅜	35¼	35½
30	Big Heart	6	5¾	5¾
884	Butte & Bal	3	3	3
100	Cal & Ariz	42¾	42¾	42¾
50	Calumet & Hecla	217	209	215
200	Carson	13¼	13¼	13¼
10	Centennial	7	7	7
100	Chino	18½	18	18¼
265	Cop Range	26	25¾	25¾
125	Davis-Daly	5¼	5¼	5¼
160	East Butte	7¾	7¼	7¼
200	Franklin	2¾	2¾	2¾
50	Greene	17¾	17¾	17¾
400	Hancock	1¼	1¼	1¼
10	Helvetia	1¼	1	1
150	Indiana	50	50	50
215	Inspiration	30¾	29¾	30
100	Island Creek

ADVISES NO STRIKE IN TEXTILE MILLS

Executive Council of Workers' Organization Says It Would Aid Open-Shop Movement.

ASSAILS EMPLOYERS' ACTS

Congress Asked to Investigate Situation in Industry Following Cuts in Wages.

There will be no strike of textile workers in any part of the country at this time because of a reduction in wages, if the advice of the Executive Council of the United Textile Workers of America is heeded. Acceptance of the cut in wages is not specifically advised in resolutions adopted here yesterday, but the workers are urged not to strike now. It is asserted that strikes would be very satisfactory to the employers and would "greatly assist them in the establishment of their so-called 'open shop' propaganda." Preparations, it is said, are being made for a "battle" at the "opportune time."

Congress is called upon by the Executive Council to "make a thorough investigation of the whole situation now existing in the textile industry." It is charged that manufacturers have conspired together to lower wages. John Golden, President of the organization, said a committee probably would go to Washington today to take up through the proper channels there the proposal that Congress investigate the industry.

Mr. Golden said that the action of the manufacturers in reducing wages would act as a boomerang, in that it would greatly strengthen the union.

The council will continue in session today.

WAGE CUTS CONTINUE IN NORTH AND SOUTH

Independent Steel Mills Join Textile Firms in Announcing New Reductions.

COATESVILLE, Pa., Dec. 17.—The Coatesville works of the Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company and the Lukens Steel Company, independent concerns, today posted notices reducing wages, effective on Jan. 1. Common labor is to be reduced from 40 to 30 cents an hour and other classes of workers, including salaried men, will receive a cut of about the same proportion.

Time and a half for overtime will be eliminated. It was said that men receiving very high wages will be cut more than 25 per cent.

The Midvale Company in its announcement said that the reduction was due to "the excessive decline in the selling price of iron and steel." The Lukens Company announced that the reduction was made so as to keep the plant in operation. About seven men are affected.

UXBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 17.—Notice was posted this noon announcing a 2½ per cent. reduction in wages of the employes of the Wautaucut, Elmdale, Stanley Woolen, Uxbridge Worsted and Davis & Brown mills in Uxbridge. This includes all the mills in town except that of the American Woolen Company at Hecla.

SPRINGVALE, Me., Dec. 17.—The Sears-Roebuck shoe factories here announced a wage reduction of 20 per cent. today, effective on Dec. 27. Normally 660 are employed, but the factories have been running with short crews of late.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., Dec. 17.—Spartan Mills, one of the largest in this section, employing about 1,000 operatives, announced today an additional cut of 20 per cent. in wages, effective next Monday, making a total of 30 per cent. in the last ninety days. Other mills in this city are making similar wage cuts. Spartan Company officers said their operatives understood the situation and had agreed to accept the wage cut rather than be thrown out of employment.

$80,000,000 BACK TAXES DUE

Controller Craig Makes Statement of City's Uncollected Balances.

New York City has an uncollected balance in taxes and arrears of more than $80,000,000, according to figures submitted to the Board of Estimate yesterday by Controller Craig. There were many items on yesterday's calendar of proposals to take title to property and the Controller warned the city to go slow in such matters as many citizens fail to meet the damages assessed against them. He aid there was no need to act for at least ninety days.

According to the Controller, the uncollected balances for assessments, special franchises and real estate total $61,494,821, to which must be added at least 35 per cent. for accruals and interest. The figures up to Nov. 20 follow:

	Assessments.	Real Estate.
Manhattan	$1,127,240.81	$3,995,739.71
Bronx	12,538,752.16	4,876,201.94
Brooklyn	4,278,377.27	6,063,848.20
Queens	7,277,181.89	5,462,190.66
Richmond	337,340.99	4,650,077.95
Total	$26,150,093.12	$24,048,147.86

	Special Franchise.	Corporation Real Estate.
Manhattan	$13,779,742.01	$1,256,645.90
Bronx	504,158.47	397,165.97
Brooklyn	3,011,906.14	904,044.20
Queens	950,960.72	300,115.87
Richmond	177,851.70	6,045.04
Total	$8,424,360.04	$2,872,019.98

All action on assessment matters was laid over until Jan. 14.

NEW CLUES TO KIDNAPPER.

Woman Who Took Malone Baby Believed to Be Unbalanced.

Detectives working on the kidnapping of eleven-months-old Charles Malone of 462 East Forty-eighth Street said yesterday that they had found new leads in another part of the city visited by the woman who obtained possession of the baby, posing as a special investigator. The police believe that she is unbalanced.

Before visiting the Malone home the woman called on Mrs. Bertha Rogers, 653 Tenth Avenue, and told her to send her husband to the Greenwich Branch Bank, at Thirty-fifth Street and Sixth Avenue, where a Mr. Russell was to give him a position. She said he was a director of the bank, and wanted a trustworthy man as bodyguard. Mr. Rogers saw Mr. Russell, who proved to be the janitor, and needed no bodyguard. The woman also called on a Mr. Barry and directed him to the Hotel McAlpin, to tell the manager that Mrs. Pratt had sent him there for a job. Mr. Barry thanked "Mrs. Pratt," and then read in the papers that the woman was the supposed kidnapper.

An Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges receipt of $2 from Mrs. L. M. Joobinson, Port Murray, Washington, N. J.; $3 from M. S. R., and $3.15 from M. O. W. for the starving in China. This money has been turned over to the China Famine Fund, in care of The Christian Herald, 95 Bible House, New York.

BARS UNION PICKETS IN WELINSKY CASE

Amalgamated Had Patrolled Retail Store of Clothier Who Stopped Manufacturing.

A decision that a labor union could not send pickets to attempt coercion of a manufacturer in a question which did not involve wages or working conditions was made yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Leonard A. Giegerich in the injunction proceedings brought by Max Welinsky to prevent interference with his retail clothing business at 89 Canal Street. An injunction was granted.

Welinsky closed his manufacturing shops at 34 Allen Street in October, after fire had destroyed them at the place, and he decided not to reopen. Fifty employes objected to Welinsky's decision, and complained to the Amalgamated Association of Clothing Workers.

Despite Welinsky's pleas that his financial condition did not permit him to reopen his manufacturing shops, the union called out the union busheimen in his retail store and sent pickets there. Fourteen pickets were arrested, and finally Welinsky filed injunction proceedings. There was a hearing in the case on Nov. 12 and Justice Giegerich told both Welinsky and counsel for Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated Union, to file briefs. Welinsky also wrote a letter to THE TIMES charging the unions with Sovietism and attempts to dictate a course that was impossible for him to pursue.

"It is quite clear from the papers, and I do not understand it to be disputed," said Justice Giegerich's decision, "that the purpose of the strike and of the picketing and other interference with plaintiff's business, is not to secure any advance in wages or any improvement in working conditions; but to induce the plaintiff to continue the manufacturing department of his establishment, which he has determined to abandon.

"Of course, the right of the employes in other departments of the business to cease work for this or any other reason cannot be questioned, but neither they nor the other employes, or the union to which they belong, can be permitted to take affirmative action, injurious to the plaintiff's business, for the purpose of compelling him to continue a department of the business which he wishes to abandon. To hold otherwise would be to sanction coercion in support of a demand which the employer had no right to make."

HOST TO CRIPPLED CHILDREN

S. S. Rosen Entertains Metropolitan Hospital Patients at Dinner.

One hundred and fifty crippled children from the Metropolitan Hospital on Blackwell's Island were entertained at dinner yesterday as the guests of S. S. Rosen, a New York business man. At Macy's grocery department each child received a box of crackers and at Gimbels' games and toys were given to the boys and dolls to the girls.

Following the dinner at Drake's Restaurant, the children were taken to a "five and ten cent store" and thence to the Hippodrome.

For several years Mr. Rosen has been giving semi-annual parties for the children of the Metropolitan Hospital.

SUBURBAN ESTATES SOLD.

$150,000 Sale at Ossining — Mrs. Robert Edson Sells Strongheart.

Valued at $150,000, the estate of Seymour G. Detchon, situated on Cedar Lane, Ossining, has been sold to Mrs. Hilda W. Stroock. The estate is one of the finest in the Sleepy Hollow section of Westchester County, and adjoins the attractive properties of prominent New York families. The residence is of Italian Renaissance design, constructed of stucco on hollow tile. George Howe was the broker in the sale.

Samuel M. Seymour purchased from Mrs. Robert Edeson her residence, known as Strongheart, at Sag Harbor, L. I., with six acres of land directly on the water. Arthur C. Sheridan, Inc., negotiated the sale.

OLCOTT ESTATE SELLS HOUSE

Site to Be Improved With Seven-Story Commercial Building.

As a site for a seven-story commercial building, Samuel H. Stone, operator and builder, who has improved several properties in the midtown section, has purchased from the estate of Mary B. Olcott 4 East Fifty-third Street.

The property, which was held at $200,000, consists of a four-story private dwelling, on a lot 25 by 100 feet, adjoining the Frances Building, on the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue. The Brown-Wheelock Company, Inc., negotiated the sale.

Private Dwelling Buyers.

Sutton Square, Inc., sold to Rose M. Sprague the three-story dwelling at 502 East Fifty-eighth Street, 17.2 by 51.11.

Michael Fleck sold to George Thompson the three-story dwelling at 628 West 147th Street, 16.6 by 100.

Mrs. E. Wallach sold the three-story and basement dwelling at 165 West Eighty-seventh Street, on a lot 20 by 100.8.

James L. Van Sant sold to K. A. Galgean 452 West 145th Street, a three-story dwelling, 16 by 100.

Edwin R. Van Deusen sold to William Watt of the three-story dwelling at 352 West Twenty-seventh Street, 22 by 98.9.

James Van Alst resold to Cornelius H. Tanzeman the three-story and basement dwelling at 162 East Sixty-sixth Street, 18.6 by 100.5.

Hugh Armstrong Jr. sold to Lucille Pugh the three-story dwelling at 31 East Ninety-third Street, 17 by 68.

James N. Courtade sold to Frederick Vasku the three-story dwelling at 526 East Eighty-seventh Street, 15.3 by 82.9.

Isabella Mace sold to Lena Tschinkel the three-story dwelling at 54 West 120th Street, 19.6 by 100.11.

Business Property Deals.

William D. Kilpatrick, operator, resold through E. H. Ludlow & Co. the five-story store and tenement building at the southwest corner of Murray and Greenwich Streets, size 27 by 78, to a buyer who will occupy the store floor for his own business. The seller recently purchased the property from the Eugene Hoffman estate through the same brokers.

Woolley, Watkins & Jordan, Inc., sold for the Keewis Realty Company the one and one-half-story brick stable on a plot 50 by 100, on the north side of West 133d Street, 125 feet west of Broadway. The buyer will make extensive alterations.

The Bleecker-Grove Company sold to the Polidoro Restaurant Company the five-story building at 163 West Forty-eighth Street, 25 by 108.

Max Singer sold to the Philmar Realty Corporation the five-story garage at 518 and 520 West 147th Street, 50 by 100.

Yonkers Auction Today.

Bryan L. Kennelly will sell at auction for the estate of Rudolf Eichemeyer, deceased, nine investment properties and twenty-two vacant plots at Yonkers today at 2 P. M. The sale will be held in Philipsburg Hall, on Hudson Street.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of MILLER CLOAK & SUIT CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, December 24, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 11 West 20th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of suits, machinery, furniture, forms, partitions, safe, fixtures, etc. Also the Receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of lease of said premises.

GEORGE W. ELKINS, Receiver.

COHEN, ROSENTHAL & SHAPIRO, Attorneys for Petitioning Creditors and Receiver, 31 Union Square, New York.

WALLSTREETREALTY IN $1,000,000 TRADE

Operators Sell Twelve-Story Commercial Structure to Colonel Delancey Kountze.

ASSESSED VALUE $500,000

Buyer Gives in Part Payment Delbarton, a 350-Acre Estate at Morristown, N. J.

The twelve-story modern office building at 30 Wall Street and Delbarton, a 350-acre country estate at Morristown, N. J., figured in a realty transaction yesterday involving over $1,000,000.

The Wall Street property, which occupies a plot fronting 50 feet on Wall Street and about 76 feet on Pearl Street, was sold by Klein & Jackson, operators, to Colonel Delancey Kountze. The property is leased to the Pacific Development Corporation for eighteen years on a net basis and the lessee occupies the larger portion of the building.

In part payment the buyer gave the property known as Delbarton in Morristown, N. J., consisting of an old English country estate of 350 acres, with 30 acres of lawn and 81 acres of pasture. There is a substantial three-story and attic Colonial mansion of white granite containing about forty rooms and measuring 150 by 125.

There are also numerous outbuildings, including a farm cottage, stables, &c. Part of the grounds are laid out in Italian gardens, 300 by 250 feet, including a lake of eight acres. On the grounds also are eight Spanish cannon and five mortars, 200 years old, brought from Morro Castle at Havana.

The Wall Street building is diagonally opposite the site of the Munson Steamship Line's twenty-five-story building. The remainder of the Wall Street block front on which the building just purchased stands is occupied by the Tontine Building, sold recently to the Federal Sugar Refining Company. Byrne & Bowman and Jones & Martin were the brokers in the transaction.

Trading in Tenements.

Forest Hall, a seven-story elevator apartment house with stores at the northwest corner of Forest Avenue and 158th Street, on a plot 100 by 87.7, has been sold by Dorothy D. Blake to William A. Lincoln. It carries a mortgage for $87,250.

Mary A. Quish purchased for investment from the Scheer-Ginsberg Realty and Construction Company the two five-story triple flats 104 and 106 West Eighty-ninth Street, on a plot 50 by 100. The Rooney Realty Company negotiated the sale.

Sigmund Hirschberg sold to the P. D. R. Realty Company the five-story flat at the northwest corner of Seventh Avenue and 147th Street, 40 by 100.

Marjorie G. Singer sold to Dominick Campagna the six-story flat at 242-244 East 115th Street, 37.6 by 100.

Aaron Weiss resold to Theodora M. Hodgson the five-story flat at 452 West 151st Street, 21 by 100.

Bernado di Liberto sold to Salvatore Orlando the two four-story tenements at 229-231 East 105th Street, 50 by 100.

Louis Maebach sold to Charles J. Reisinger the four-story tenement at the southeast corner of Second Avenue and 105th Street, 25.11 by 75.

Commercial Leases.

The F. W. Woolworth Company has leased for a long term of years from the Levi P. Morton estate the ground floor and basement in the Morton Building, at 116 Nassau Street. Frederick Zittel & Sons and E. J. Hogan were the brokers.

Ames & Co. leased for the Samuel W. Peck Company the store and basement at 130 West Thirty-fourth Street to Weiser & Roffwarg, for a term of years; also, for Samuel Shainberg and Joseph Schoenfeld, the store and basement at 31 to 35 West Thirty-fourth Street to the Krentzman Knitting Mills.

M. & L. Hess, Inc., leased for the National Drug Stores Corporation, for a term of years, the store and basement in the Emmet Arcade Building, at 52 East Fifty-ninth Street, to Samuel Elron.

Pease & Elliman leased for Emil Kaufman the four-story stable property, on a lot 51 by 85, at 215 and 217 Lexington Avenue, the southeast corner of Thirty-third Street, to W. E. L. Muller, who will remodel the building.

Buys $150,000 Garage Site.

The Bud Realty Company sold to a client of Jacob Berman, attorney, 304 to 316 East Forty-fifth Street, seven four-story tenements, on a plot 185 by 100.5, near Second Avenue. The new owner is having plans prepared for a garage by George McCabe, architect. The asking price was $150,000. John P. Peel Company were the brokers in the transaction. Negotiations are under way for a lease of the garage.

Brooklyn Sales.

In the Flatbush section, R. S. Fisher, Inc., sold a one-family house at 1,978 Troy Avenue for Mr. Farrey to a client, and 478 East Eighth Street, a one-family frame house, for F. Davila to Susan R. Stewart.

The Bulkley & Horton Company sold 2,220 Pitkin Avenue, between Van Sicien and Miller Avenues, a one-story and store brick building, 20 by 100, for Matilda Behre to a client for investment.

Metropolitan Bank to Open Branch.

The Loton H. Slawson Company leased for a long term of years the corner store and basement in the Armion Building, now under construction at the southeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street, to the Metropolitan Bank of 1 Madison Avenue, for a branch to be known as The Seventh Avenue Branch. This location was selected by the officials of the bank by reason of the development of Seventh Avenue as a business thoroughfare.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

6% GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

I have for sale at attractive prices several first mortgages on improved suburban property, guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest, in denominations of $8,000, $10,000 and $15,000. Liberty bonds accepted at par. Splendid investment. GARDINER WATKINS, 665 5th Ave., N. Y. C., Suite 312. Tel. 374 Plaza.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
NO. 319 WEST 74TH ST.
5-Story American Basement Dwelling.
17 rooms, 3 baths; immediate possession. For particulars apply to
CLARK T. CHAMBERS
253 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 7520

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Two Unusual Bargains
1323-1326 Southern Boulevard

Two 3-story and basement apartment houses with stores, each house 33'4"x186. Ground floor has two stores and 2-2 room apartments. Upper floors have 2-2, 2-4 room apartments. Houses have new roofs and newly renovated, and rent for over $6,000 annually each house. 1323 has $25,000, first mortgage 5½% open for the last six years. 1326 has $20,500 first mortgage 6%, 3 years to run. Houses are built about 9 years. Price $42,000 each. Terms can be arranged. Apply to

VALHALLA CORPORATION
800 Willis Ave., Bronx. Tel. Melrose 616.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET. NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

COUNTRY-SUBURBAN HOME BARGAIN

Because the purchaser for whom it was finished cannot complete the financial part of his contract, this very attractive, pretty Colonial type of suburban home, located in a beautiful strictly residential section, near New York, specially built for comfortable year-round occupancy, can be bought for ⅓ less than cost today. The desires of the neighbors as to personality of buyer will be respected. The house itself is in perfect condition, ready to occupy immediately, and contains ten very large rooms and two tiled baths. The price includes an electric range, electric fixtures and shades. There is also a completely equipped garage, corresponding to the house in architecture. The plot consists of about one-third acre, with 100 ft. street frontage. Unusual care and taste have been used in landscaping the grounds, which are beautifully shaded and contain many shrubs and flowers. The elevation is about 700 ft., wonderful scenery, very healthful living conditions. Water rights on chain of beautiful lakes run with the title. The railroad station is within easy walk. Commuting facilities to the city are of the best. Immediate occupancy and title can be had on payment of $4,000, and the balance of $11,100 may remain on mortgages at convenient terms. Special discount for cash. Complete details and pictures can be obtained from GEO. C. BLACKWELL, Sherman Sq. Hotel, 71st and Broadway, N. Y. City. Tel. 8400 Columbus.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
30,000 square feet
Building 158x87 feet, 5 stories, heavy construction, high ceilings, cement floors. Asking $6 square foot. Enterprise Brewery, Inc., 912 Cypress Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

HIGHLAWN HOMES! Don't fail to see them: 90 sold; only 8 left. Charming surroundings; convenient terms. 100% value guaranteed. (Pamphlet). JOHN F. CHURLO Corp., 70 Avenue R, Brooklyn. Sea Beach Subway to Kings Highway Station, Avenue R End.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AN OLD HOMESTEAD

Just remodelled and provided with running water, tiled bathroom, electric light, steam heat, and complete modern kitchen equipment, is offered for immediate sale. $1,750 cash secures title, balance on easy term mortgage. Nine fine rooms; grounds of almost an acre, with 150 ft. frontage on Old Turnpike. Property includes garage, stable, chicken house and well of cool spring water. The quaint, old fashioned beauty of the place has been unspoiled with its lilacs and hollyhocks and memories of earlier days. Elevation almost 1,000 ft. Markets, schools and churches near by. Bathing, boating and fishing right at beautiful lake run with the land. D., L. & W. R. R. Express station within easy walking distance. 52 minutes on the train to New York. Fine commuting service. Further particulars from OLMUTERS FARM HOME, Post Office Box 748, City Hall Station, New York City.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Penn. Terminal Building
7th Ave., 30th to 31st Sts.
NEW
17-Story Fireproof Building
ADJOINING
PENNSYLVANIA HOTEL & STATION
NEAR MAIN POST OFFICE
ESTHE
FLOORS
20,000 SQ. FT.
OFFICES
600 SQ. FT. UPWARD
STORES
SUBDIVIDED TO SUIT
FOR EXECUTIVE OFFICES OR SALESROOMS
NO MANUFACTURING
Occupancy Jan. 1, 1921
REGENT REALTY CO.
33 W. 42 ST. TEL. 5606 VANDERBILT
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

6TH AVENUE NEAR 38TH ST.
BUILDING TO LEASE
FOR 21 YEARS
or will lease single floors.
NOTE—This elevator building is 44 by 85, adjoining "L" station; best location in New York.
Inquire of OWNER,
J. AARON,
462 6th Ave. (4th floor)

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Brooklyn.

20,000 square feet, brick building, near Borough Hall and all subways; steam heat, elevator, good light; close to freight station; low price; good terms.
Baffa & Dixon 139 Remsen St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone Main 147-148.

FACTORIES WANTED.

MANUFACTURER
OF INTERNATIONAL PROMINENCE
will buy in "fee simple" factory of 50,000 to 200,000 Sq. Ft. of floor space within 50 miles of New York; Newark preferred.
All replies will be treated in greatest confidence. Address: ROTTERDAM, Box
V 714, Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Jackson Heights
4, 5 and 6 Rooms
New Garden Apartments
unusual neighborhood advantages;
For Sale on Co-operative Plan;
Moderate Price—Liberal Terms.
Social and Business References Required
THE
Queensboro Corporation
80 E. 42d St., Cor. Madison Av.
Send for Views and Details

Unfurnished—West Side.

Harperley Hall
1 WEST 64TH STREET
UNFURNISHED
7 Rooms and 3 Baths; Housekeeping
2-4 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette
ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
2, 3 and 4 Rooms, with Kitchenette
Refrigeration in all apartments
TELEPHONE "COLUMBUS 8500"

360 Riverside Drive
Cor. 106th Street
New fireproof building, exceptional apartments of 5 large, light rooms with 2 baths; all rooms southern exposure, overlooking Riverside Drive. Apply on premises or
Sharp & Co., 2489 Broadway.

Geo. Washington Hotel
116 WEST 73D ST.
Unfurnished suite, 2 rooms and bath; $125 per month to September 30, 1921. Restaurant and hotel service supplied.
WAITT CORPORATION
2 West 45th St. Vanderbilt 4041.

309 West 86th Street.
Unfurnished suite, 2 rooms and bath; $125 per month to September 30, 1921. Restaurant and hotel service supplied.
WAITT CORPORATION
2 West 45th St. Vanderbilt 4041.

600 WEST 161st St.
5 ROOMS AND FOYER
2 BATHS, FIREPROOF
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920
INQUIRE MELROSE 4781.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

Unusual Apartments in Building Just Completed
104TH ST.
208-210 West
Near Broadway
½ block from 103rd St. sub. station
3 Rooms and Bath
$1,200 to $1,600
Agent on premises

362 WEST 22ND ST.
Small Modern Apartments
LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS.
TILED BATH AND SHOWERS.
NORTH OR SOUTH EXPOSURE.
$1,050-$1,350.
JAMES N. WELLS' SONS
101 NINTH AV. CHELSEA 5300.

Unfurnished—East Side.

Exceptional Apartments
No. 846 Lexington Av.
(at 64th Street)
IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY
New 2, 3, 4 Rooms and Bath
One Apartment per Floor.
Can be arranged duplex.
Inspection invited.
M. MORGENTHAU, JR., CO., Agents, 366 Broadway. Cort. 3966.

APARTMENT.
Lexington Ave., near 28th St., 8 rooms, 2 baths; all modern conveniences; suitable light business and living. Bronger & Co., 132 Lexington Ave. (20th.)

Unfurnished—Bronx.

PINEHURST AV., 10-12
Corner 178th Street.
Elegant seven-room elevator apartment, with 3 bathrooms.
Immediate possession.
Rental $150.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS
2 and 5-Room Complete Apartments.
Beautiful water view; 5 minutes to Wall St.
G. GIRARD, 215 Montague St.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

LARGE quantity galvanized and black iron pipe fittings; full particulars on application. Lewis Wrecking Company, Pelham Bay Naval Station. Tel. Westchester 1313-1314.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

SALE OR RENT—New England Colonial home in Pelham Manor; 7 spacious rooms; 3 baths, open fireplaces; verandas, perfect appointments; all improvements; ¼-acre plot; immediate possession; $200 per month. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Tel. Murray Hill 789.

CHESTER HILL—Reduced for quick sale, 9 rooms and bath, electricity; fine location; only $16,000 if sold at once; terms. L. T. Carroll, broker, 6 North Second Av., Mt. Vernon. Tel. 274.

REDUCE from $11,000 to $9,000 if sold this month; stucco house, 6 rooms, bath, hot water heat; 30 minutes Grand Central. Burke Stone, Inc., Pelham, N. Y.

SCARSDALE—House, 8 rooms, completely furnished, garage; sale $10,500; terms; rent $150 monthly; immediate possession. Telephone Scarsdale 628.

HOUSES, choice location, New Rochelle, $12,500 up; terms. Barnett, 11 E. 125th.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

"A REAL BARGAIN."
Moving to Toledo, owner must sell immediately fine seven-room home at Bayside, Long Island, in fine neighborhood, near shore; 28 minutes to New York City by electric trains; steam heat, hardwood floors throughout, tile bath, new screens, awnings, storm windows, recently painted and decorated, brick fireplace; for quick sale will sacrifice at $10,500, worth $12,000; only a few thousand dollars cash required. Telephone Miller, Fitzroy 5250, Room 806, 1 West 34th St.

A REAL SACRIFICE.
Handsome brick Colonial home of 10 rooms and 3 baths, with 2-car brick garage, on beautifully shaded corner plot, 100 ft. x 182 ft., built in 1914; eastern exposure, with large screened porch facing south; living room 18x24, dining room 15x18; hot water heat and all improvements; $21,500; could not be replaced for $30,000; phone, ask owner for appointment to inspect. F. H. Honbergh, Fitzroy 5250, 1 West 34th St.

BEST AT KEW GARDENS.
Unusually attractive residence; Colonial farmhouse type, 10 rooms and 2 baths; beautiful corner plot, fine shrubbery; priced very below reproduction value. John T. Mungovan, 1 West 34th St. Phone Fitzroy 5218.

LONG BEACH WEST—$50 holds $2,300 bungalow which after Jan. 1 sells $2,550. Call on Walsh-Farrell.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

AM compelled to sell my beautiful home, 7 very large rooms, tiled bathroom, shower, 2 fireplaces, laundry and toilet in cellar, glassed-in porches; every improvement; the most complete and tasteful home in town; $7,000 paid for improvements this Fall; value $20,000; sacrifice for $14,500; immediate possession; coal in cellar. Phone Circle 3319.

MADISON, N. J.—In fine neighborhood, eight rooms and tiled bath; ready Jan. 1; oak floors, open fireplace, cold closet, toilet and laundry in cellar, steam heat, all gas kitchen; large, restricted plot; decorated to suit; residential town, one hour from New York; $14,000, easy terms. Apply Chas. Goldingay, 150 Orchard St., Newark, N. J.

SALE or rent; comfortable year-round bungalow in residential suburb, 30 minutes from N. Y.; 6 rooms, bath, open fireplace, all improvements; near station, schools, stores; immediate possession; $65 monthly. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 789.

MODERN six-room house, bath, every improvement; corner plot; garage; excellent location; 5 minutes station; 35 minutes out. E. Pretch, Rochelle Park, N. J.

FIVE-ROOM apartment, gas, electricity; 2 minutes 129th St. ferry; $33 monthly. Inquire Superintendent, 79 Edgewater Place, Edgewater.

REAL ESTATE—Other Cities and Towns.

ALABAMA ALFALFA LAND.
The real "Argentine of America," fertile, rolling, beautiful; cheap. Full information, write McClure's Good Land Agency, Demopolis, Ala.

CITY REAL ESTATE

50 cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

UNIQUE GROUP OF DWELLINGS in old Chelsea, in a fair block near 8th Av. and 14th St., and convenient to 7th Av. subway; seventeen four-story, basement and cellar, high stoop dwellings of 15 rooms; the unusual depth of the lots, admits of the creation of an immense garden, 82½ feet; unobstructed north light; price $17,000 each. William D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway, owner.

50% NET
8728 St., West—For sale, 5-story garden apartment, showing 50% net on investment; price $60,000; one-half can remain on mortgage; all leased; principals only. For particulars address Y 743 Times Downtown.

WONDERFUL GARAGE PLOT.
45,000 square feet ground area, street frontage of 325 feet; in fine block in vicinity of 9th Av. and 14th St.; price low. Owner, William Douglass Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway. Telephone Building.

ATTENTION—SPECIAL BARGAIN.
Four-story private house, West 70th St.; $3,000 cash, balance arranged on mortgages; price $28,500. Alfred P. Coburn, 2139 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 4356.

ROOMING HOUSES.
Good location; 12th St., 8th and 9th Avs.; four-story dwellings, 14 and 13 rooms; price $17,000 each. Samuel Kilpatrick, owner, 149 Broadway.

2-FAMILY house, best section of Harlem, suitable for doctor; every modern improvement; must be seen to be appreciated. Box 83, 163 East 125th.

11-ROOM HOUSE, bath, steam heat; excellent location in Greenwich Village; $20,000. WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC., 72 Greenwich Av. Watkins 7434.

WE will finance purchase of New York City real estate if you lack sufficient cash. V 685 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANT TO BUY, in New Rochelle or Larchmont, a 8 or 7-room house, with all improvements; private neighborhood; price not to exceed $10,000. Mail full particulars to Henry Thoesen, 26 West 43d St.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

THREE five-story 2-fs. bath, hot water; best colored section, 184th St., near 7th Av.; rents $18,000; price $90,000; mortgage on each, $16,000; 5 per cent. due 1923; will add cash in exchange; west side Heights; new law. Jos. M. Shmauser, 200 5th Av.

WILL exchange two suburban houses on Long Island for acreage in Westchester County, providing it is near good transportation and within 20 miles of Grand Central station. Box T. R., 44 Times.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

HOMESEEKERS—Send for Virginia farm list. Dept. 254, Emporia, Va.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
We will rent for temporary executive offices and showrooms or exhibition purposes our entire fourth floor in the Gorham Building, 586-590 5th Av., also 360 5th Av. entrance; or will lease for term of years; lowest price in the section; we also offer in the same building, ninth floor, 2,000 square feet of beautiful studio space. Apply Gorham Co., 286 Broadway. Telephone Worth 48.

FINEST LOFT IN CITY.
8,600 SQUARE FEET.
Suitable for any kind of manufacturing business; exceptionally light; elevator, steam heat, sprinkler; new building fronting Pennsylvania Railroad; sign publicity with thousands; low rental; long lease. CHAS. F. GILLEN & CO., sole agents, 623 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

LEASE FOR SALE, 14th St., West of Union Square—Large, light store, 18 feet high, about 4,000 square feet; large stable; desirable for sales, sample room, musical instruments, textiles; 9 year lease, low price; possession Jan. 1; act immediately. Write Lamchick, 554 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

THREE-STORY factory building, steam heat and electric elevator, high ceilings; immediate possession; driveway; rent $11,500 per year; location 580 East 80th St.; 75x100 or 22,500 square feet. Apply Dry Dock Sheet Metal Works, 140 West 42d St.

STORES AND LOFTS.
Exceptionally light, suitable for offices, showrooms, light manufacturing; 1,200 to 2,400 square feet units; new elevator building; reasonable; 636-638 Lexington Av., near 57th St.

SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, $7,500 net, or will sell; suitable for office or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard C. Forbes, 66 Broadway.

BROADWAY HOTEL LEASE
(9 years to run) small modern apartment hotel; gross income about $75,000; asking $30,000; submit offers to broker. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d St. Col. 1077.

700 SQUARE FEET
very light office space; partitions already installed; immediate possession; reasonable rent.
SCHWABACK & RAPHEL,
3 WEST 29TH ST.

TO SUBLET.
Corner loft, 11th floor; Madison Av., above 28th St., for balance of present lease; approximately 12,000 sq. ft. at less than $1.50 per sq. ft.; immediate or February 1st possession. E. M., 347 Times Uptown.

LOFTS and SHOWROOMS, light manufacturing, 25x300 and 23x100; steam heat; modern building. Inquire in store, 143 5th Av., or telephone Worth 8200. Daniel Birdsall & Co., Inc., 56 Worth St.

TO LET—Suite of offices, located in West 40th St., between 6th and 7th Avs.; partially furnished; telephone connection; two-year lease. Apply Room 324, 522 5th Av. or phone Murray Hill 1062.

OFFICES TO LET.
A few more desirable offices to let, $40 and up; newly decorated; opposite Manhattan St. subway station. Libby's Holding Co., 3,197 Broadway, Morningside 9064.

FURNISHED DAYLIGHT OFFICES
with telephone, 1,000 or 300 square feet; reasonable rent; possession Jan. 1. 1921. 506 5th Av., above 42d St. Ogden & Clarkson, 506 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1124.

5TH AVENUE, 44TH STREET.
Office space, highest class building, units 400, 800, 1,000, 1,400 sq. ft.; furnished and unfurnished; immediate possession. Telephone Vanderbilt 834.

SEPARATE OFFICE, COMPLETELY FURNISHED, TELEPHONE AND LOCATION, 103 PARK AV., NEAR GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL. 8 375 TIMES.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS; ALL SECTIONS. J. CLENDENING DAVIES, 32 NASSAU ST. JOHN ST. 81 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 9177.

850 SQUARE FEET of space (or part of it) for office or sample room; light manufacturing no objection; ideal location. 1,263 Broadway.

LEASEHOLDS bought, buildings remodeled; will finance new buildings for responsible parties. Apply Richard Carvel, 1 West 59th St. Tel. 4832 Columbus.

34TH ST., 136 WEST—Second floor store, show window front; immediate possession. M. & L. Hess, Inc., 907 Broadway, Stuyvesant 4200.

FOR RENT, on completion, Jan. 1, 1921, new one-story garage, facing on 64th. PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL. Phone OWNER, Longacre 2700.

OFFICES at 122 Liberty St., also store floor sub-divided; immediate possession; long lease. For particulars apply The Seneca Co., World Building.

LOFTS, showrooms and store, 77 Av.; moderate rent; immediate possession; light manufacturing permitted. Meltzer & Co. on premises. Phone Stuyvesant 6293.

47TH, 329 EAST—Bright loft, second floor, 25x100, suitable for heavy manufacturing, heat, electricity. Murray Hill 3900.

LARGE ROOM, very light, first floor, above street, opposite St. Paul's Church, Vesey St.; rent reasonable; immediate possession.

TO SUBLET—Loft or modern equipped factory of 2,000 square feet, with Singer machines. Call Watkins 7249.

ALL LIGHT LOFT, 75x100.
Fireproof, sprinkler; $8,000. At 250 West 25th St.

TIMES SQUARE, Candler Building, furnished offices; reasonable. Room 2, 220 West 42d.

5TH AV. (42d St.)—Office 220 sq. ft.; immediate occupancy. Vanderbilt 9094.

LOFTS—40 West 27th, 49 West 24, 17 Grand St. Rhinelander 9837.

OFFICES to sublet, one large, one small. Clock Advertising Service, 1,133 Broadway.

20TH ST., 40 EAST—Loft, 25x80; light manufacturing allowed. See janitor.

OFFICE SPACE with stenographic service; best in city. Pennsylvania 1620.

3D ST., 35 WEST—Corner loft, 50x

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates.

Count six words to an Agate line. Per Agate
(Minimum space two lines.) Line.
Situations Wanted..... 40c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted.... 45c
Boarders and Board Wanted..... 45c
Help 55c
Real Estate, &c..... 55c
Lost and Found (Sunday 60c)..... 55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted..... 55c
Country Board..... 55c
Mortgages Loans..... 55c
For Sale 65c
Automobile Exchange..... 65c
Agents Wanted..... 75c
Employment Agencies..... 75c
Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c) 15c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers... 15c

For insertion in the Sunday edition advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and resorts must be received in The Times Building by noon Thursday, Real Estate and Apartment display advertisements by 6 P. M. Friday. Business opportunities by 11 A. M. Saturday. All other classified advertisements not later than 12 o'clock noon tomorrow.

Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition must be received by 4 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 73d Col. 1077.

CLAREMONT AV. AND 125TH ST.—Furnished, for sale, west side, 6 light, airy rooms, piano, rugs, victrola, all modern improvements. D 5 Times.

DOCTOR'S APARTMENT, two rooms, bath; furnished, unfurnished; hotel service. 102 West 80th St.

EXCEPTIONALLY WELL FURNISHED 8-room and 3-bath apartment, complete in every detail; finest location on Riverside Drive; wonderful view of Hudson River; possession Sept. 15, 1922.
Apply WOOD, DOLSON & CO., INC., Broadway and 80th St. Phone Schuyler 1100.

FURNISHED or unfurnished apartment, four rooms, bath; bright and cheerful. Apply Janitor, 234 West 75th St.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS SPECIALIST. Wickliffe Gray, 282 West 73d. Columbus 3974.

GORGEOUSLY furnished three rooms, shower bath, reasonable on lease. Academy 4533.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS 9 FOR RENT, 2 FOR SUBLET OR LONGER. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

PARLOR, two bedrooms, bath; business men appreciating comfort, independence. Cathedral 10371.

PART or all of well furnished five-room elevator apartment to let. Call cigar store, 1,375 St. Nicholas Av.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 350—Five rooms, two bedrooms, exceptionally furnished, splendid view; immediate possession; $225. Morningside 620, Apt. 51.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 640—Beautiful front room, 2 windows on Drive; $10 per month. Apartment 9.

ROCKLEDGE HALL, 102d St. and Riverside Drive—Beautifully furnished apartment, 4 rooms and foyer hall, including 2 bedrooms, every convenience. Apply Superintendent on premises or W. Y. Connor, Rector 9036.

SEVEN large rooms, southeast corner, immediate possession; June, $300. Cathedral 8826.

SEVEN-ROOM furnished apartment to Oct. 1; $250 month. Phone Academy 342.

SIX ROOMS, TWO BATHS.
(Furniture for sale; $1,200.) Will rent furnished for six months or longer. Wood Dolson Co., Broadway, corner 80th.

SMALL housekeeping apartment to rent for holidays; good location; near 5th Av. Berlock Co., 46 West 49th St. Bryant 8856.

THREE LARGE ROOM
AND KITCHEN
ALL OUTSIDE, OVERLOOKING
HUDSON; ELEVATOR SERVICE;
WEST 70TH ST., $200 A MONTH TO
OCT. 1, 1922.
PHONE COLUMBUS 8260

VERMILYEA AV., 157 (207th St. subway station)—Three-room apartment for couple. Schmitt, Apt. 20.

WASHINGTON SQUARE—At once, 4 rooms, bath, kitchen, piano, victrola, sewing machine, linens, silver, sunlight; suitable two or three adults; three to six weeks, $60 or $40 week; responsible; private telephone. 232 Spring.

WEST END AV., 830 (corner 101st)—Six rooms, bath, handsomely and completely furnished; phone, piano, &c.; all light, cheerful rooms overlooking Hudson River; first-class building and service; $250 per month, or will consider selling for $4,500. Apartment 7F. Phone Riverside 4005 after 7 P. M. week days or all day Sunday.

WEST END AV., 442—Six unusually large outside rooms, bath, maid's lavatory; rooms luxuriously furnished, Oriental rugs, electric grand piano, phonograph; owner leaving city, will sublet January to October, $375 month, or January to May, $425 month. Telephone Schuyler 1862, or call at Apartment 5 North.

WEST END AV., 439 (corner 81st)—Artistically furnished apartment, two rooms, bath and kitchenette. Schuyler 2502.

WEST END AV., 681—Completely furnished 2-room, bath, kitchenette apartment. Janitor.

WEST END AV., 619 (90th St.)—Two large rooms, kitchenette; bath, handsomely furnished, inspection 2 to 5 daily. Thomas.

WILL transfer lease of five-room apartment, unfurnished; parquet floors; 2nd floor. 1 month. 1,375 St. Nicholas Av.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

TWO beautiful rooms, kitchen, bath, 'phone, electricity, complete housekeeping, $10 to $12 per week; refinement; references exchanged. Write F 585 Times Downtown.

Furnished—Westchester County.

FIVE-ROOM, high-class elevator apartment, southern exposure; possession Jan. 1; $120 per month. J. Romaine Brown, 498 South Broadway, Yonkers, N. Y.

Unfurnished—East Side.

27TH, 39-43 EAST (between Madison and 4th Avs.)—High-class apartments, 3-4-7 rooms; possession; agent on premises.

20TH ST., 101-103 EAST (Hatfield House)—Elevator apartment hotel; desirable, 1, 2 and 3 room suites, maid and hall service; attractive rentals. Inquire on premises or Spotts & Starr, Inc., Times Building. Telephone Bryant 4000.

40TH, 32 EAST (adjoining Hotel Martha Washington)—Beautiful, newly decorated apartments, high ceilings, splendid light; also two stores to rent. Apply to Manager, Martha Washington Hotel.

34TH ST., 168 EAST—Murray Hill Section; roof bungalow; 8 rooms, 2 baths, roof garden, elevator; immediate possession; $5,000.

88TH ST., 135 EAST.
Two and 3 room housekeeping apartments, all modern improvements, open fireplaces; $100-$125. Shown today, 1 to 4.

41ST ST., 41 EAST—3 rooms, bath and kitchenette. Herbert A. Sherman, on premises.

60TH, 42 EAST—Apt., unfurnished, 2 rooms and bath, $135 month. Phone Plaza 2974.

62D ST., 141 EAST—Two and 3 rooms, corner apartment, $1,200 to $1,800. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

87TH ST., 36 EAST—Modern elevator apt., 6 rooms; $2,500; January 1.
800 MADISON AV.
Three small rooms, bath and kitchenette, top floor; $75 month. Telephone Plaza 1827.

MADISON AV., 601 (58th St.)—Two rooms, kitchen, bath, elevator; until October; $150.

Unfurnished—West Side.

12TH ST., 44 WEST—Duplex apartment, consisting of 8 rooms and 2 baths, foyer hall, living room, 20 by 30; large dining room with breakfast porch overlooking garden, and kitchen on first floor; 3 master's bedrooms with baths, and two servants' bedrooms with bath and private entrance on second floor; will decorate to suit tenant on five-year lease; $8,000 yearly.

17TH ST., 44 WEST—Entire floor, consisting of six rooms and bath, beautifully decorated, bright and airy; also large skylight studio, with bath.

16TH, 144 WEST—Large living room, bedroom bath, utility closet; new, modern, unusually comfortable; rents reasonable; immediate possession.

13TH ST., 158 WEST—3 rooms and bath; modern in every respect; $75. Apply Superintendent.

16TH ST., 37 WEST—2-room suite, running water, closets; gentlemen, $60.

16TH, 5 WEST—One and two room apartments; all improvements, skylights.

31ST ST., 19-21 WEST—Strictly high-class fireproof apartments of two rooms and bath; maid service optional; desirable tenants; rental $1,500 and $1,800.

40TH, 104 WEST—Newly renovated, 2 rooms, studio apartment; kitchenette, elevator, shower.

43TH, 262 WEST—Entire floor, private house, three rooms and bath; possession Jan. or Feb.; rent $90.

44TH ST., 42 WEST—THREE ROOMS, LARGE BATH, KITCHENETTE. APPLY GULDEN, 542 8TH AV.

59TH ST., 3 WEST—Studio two rooms, bath, kitchen; attractive; reasonable.

33D ST., 59 WEST—Attractive two room and bath apartments, electric lights, hardwood floors, hot water heat and supply; ample closet room. Jas. A. Dowd, 574 6th Av.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

54TH, 33 WEST (Near 5th Av.)—Attractive 3 large rooms, bath, kitchenette; large closets; redecorate; furnished or unfurnished; fireplaces; entire floor; open for inspection; lease, $160. Phone Hanover 6845.

56TH ST., 318 WEST—Two-room suites with bath and pantry; new, modern and unusually comfortable. Apply Superintendent.

57TH, 52 WEST—Parlor, chamber, bath; elevator, telephone; new. Lady Jane (Store).

58TH, 138 WEST—Attractive 7-room apartment, high class building. Apply Superintendent.

58TH, 30 WEST—Apartments, 2 rooms and bath, very desirable locality.

66TH, 9 WEST—Studio to sublet, unfurnished; north skylight; large dressingroom, bath; exclusive; beautiful; new; $108 monthly.

66TH, 155 WEST (at Broadway)—Five and light rooms, bath, $75. Janitor.

69TH ST., 306 WEST.
2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; rental $1,200.
SHARP & CO., 2,480 BROADWAY.

72D, 226 WEST; 74TH, 313 WEST—APTS. 2, 3, 4, ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE; NEWLY REMODELLED; ALSO STUDIOS. PLEASE INQUIRE AT 226 WEST 72D ST.

72D, 117 WEST—Large and small front room suites, private baths; subway, elevator; running water.

72D, 38 WEST—2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; southern exposure; all improvements.

73D ST., 273 WEST—Three rooms, bath and kitchenette; every improvement; new parquet floors, electricity.

74TH, 131 WEST—Beautiful new modern front house, elevator apartment, $105; splendid very large two-room duplex apartment, $125; every convenience; refined surroundings.

74TH, 131 WEST—Attractively furnished two-room, bath; modern elevator apartment; quiet, refined surroundings; select clientele; $123 monthly.

77TH, 110 WEST—2 sunny rooms, bath, kitchenette, new; $1,450; immediate occupancy.

79TH, 121 WEST—1, 2, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; two artist's studios, all improvements. $900-$1,650.

81ST, 123 WEST—One room, bath and kitchenette.

83D ST., 46 WEST—Sublet, 5 front rooms; new, high-class elevator apartment; immediate possession; reduced rental.

84TH, 31 WEST—Exceptionally large, newly appointed three-room, bath, kitchenette apartments; latest improvements; also parlor floor, suitable for doctor or studio.

87TH, 207 WEST—Seven rooms, studio effect; nicely appointed; elevator; all conveniences.

89TH, 325 WEST—New, sunny, beautifully decorated apartments; $100-$200; river view.

94TH ST., 104 WEST—Beautiful three-room apartments; large kitchen. Irving T. Smith, Singer Building.

94TH, 203 WEST—5 rooms, elevator apartment. Superintendent on premises.

103D, 12 WEST—Three rooms and bath; all modern improvements; immediate occupancy.

109TH ST., 253 WEST—Eight rooms and two baths; rent $3,600; would sell furniture of same.

114TH, 351 WEST—Monterey Apartments; facing on 3 streets and 2 parks; 8-room apartments, all outside rooms; immediate possession. Supt. on premises or apply Howard C. Forbes, Rector 747.

121ST ST., 414 WEST.
4 rooms and bath, $1,400.
SHARP & CO., 2,480 Broadway.

122D, 506 WEST—Four-room apartment, rent furnished, or lease and furniture to sell; immediate possession. Superintendent.

127TH, 600 WEST (Cor. Broadway, near Riverside Drive)—5-room apartment, $70.

139TH AND HAMILTON PLACE, 51 (near Broadway)—Five-room apartment, elevator; reasonable.

144TH, 365 W.—7 rooms, elevator, all improvements; immediate possession; $150.

151ST, 446 WEST—4, 5 all light rooms, bath, $60-$70. Janitor.

158TH ST., 625 WEST—Elegant apartment, nine rooms, three baths; $3,000; immediate possession. Fischer, Worth 4400.

174TH ST., 500 WEST—Four rooms and bath, modern new law apartment house; only one left; rent, $70.

227TH ST., WEST (Corner Marble Hill Av., at Broadway subway station and N. Y. Central Station)—Healthiest, most picturesque and countried section of city; 4 and 5 light rooms now available; elevator apartment house. Superintendent on premises, or phone Gramercy 3303.

APARTMENT FOR SALE

in the Prasada, 50 Central Park West; eight rooms and three baths; on twelfth floor; also two rooms, bath and roof garden on floor above, connected by private stairway. Horace G. Knowles, 50 Central Park West.

BRONX, 2,706—Three sunny rooms, kitchenette; improvements; bargain; $85; immediate possession. Superintendent.

BROADWAY, 2,852.
2-3 rooms, bath; rental $1,100 to $1,200.
SHARP & CO., 2,480 BROADWAY.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 439—Just completed; thoroughly modern 4 rooms with real kitchen.

DESIRABLE floor to let, six rooms, bath, steam heat, electricity; near Van Cortlandt Park, 246th (Fieldstone Road, Riverdale, at Mosholu Av.

DOCTOR'S APT. TO SUBLET.
Three years' lease in one of the best modern buildings on West End Av.; 3 spacious rooms, kitchen and bath on ground floor; southern exposure. Apply on premises. M. G. Bernard, 465 West End Av.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
Doctor's office, two rooms and bath, Hotel Beresford, Central Park West, 81st St.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
Doctor's handsome private entrance from street. Hotel Sevilla, 117 West 58th.

EXCEPTIONALLY large two rooms and bath; parlor floor; front; suitable for studio or doctor; $2,500 per annum. Apply on premises, 74 Riverside Drive between 73th and 80th Sts.

FOUR ROOMS, 5th floor apartment, in building on 160th St. between Fort Washington Av. and Riverside Drive. Apply of-fice, Riverside Apartments, 600 Riverside Drive. Phone Wadsworth 6355.

GENTLEMAN leaving city will sublet at sacrifice entire floor beautiful private dwelling. Academy 3357.

GROVE CHAMBERS, 84 and 86 Grove St. (block from Sheridan Square subway station)—Two and three large, light rooms, baths, kitchenettes, open fireplaces; elevator; all improvements; $1,200 to $2,000; smartest new studio apartments in Greenwich Village.

ONE ROOM AND BATH.
114 West 58th; large front parlor; business or living; $55 month. Plaza 9547.

PINEHURST AV., 90—Five and six rooms; beautiful, modern elevator apartments; convenient to subway, trolleys and buses; immediate occupancy; decorations to suit. Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 700 (corner 147th)—Two extra large rooms, facing Riverside Drive; foyer, kitchenette and bath; ample closet space; to sublet; rent $108 month. Tel. Audubon 7393.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (148th St.)—Fireproof building; 6 room corner apartment; possession. Cortland 5861, Audubon 8801.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240—Two and three all outside front rooms, fireproof apartment hotel; wonderful view; reduced prices.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 834 (north of 158th St.)—High-class house; non-elevator; four rooms and bath, $90; immediate possession.

RIVERSIDE, 151 (87th)—Magnificent floor, three and two room suites; elevator, lease.

SEVEN-ROOM modern apartment, including garage; immediate possession; rent $12,000 per month. Apply Sophie L. Rahe, Waldo Av., between 238th and 242d Sts.; Broadway subway.

SIX ROOMS, two baths, unfurnished, in modern elevator apartments; immediate possession; 125 West 86th St. Apply to J. Irving Walsh, 73 West 11th St.

WASHINGTON SQUARE—Three-room apartment, $1,800; NEW, ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF house; elevator and hall service; business and social references required. See Superintendent on premises, Van Voorst Apartments, 147 Waverly Place.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 126 (Duplex apartment)—Large living rooms, kitchen, bath; also smaller apartment. Appointment by telephone. Spring 6516.

WEST END AV., 465, AT 82D.
Corner apartment, three rooms and bath, ideal doctor's office, sublet for three years. Apply on premises. M. G. Bernard.

WEST END AV., 567 (near 87th)—Attractive two large rooms, bath, kitchenette; private entrance; entire floor; fireplace; large closets; will redecorate; furnished or unfurnished; lease; $95. Phone Hanover 6835.

WEST END AV., 410 (79th)—Eight rooms, fourth floor, now vacant; $2,400 year. Dwight, Archibald & Perry, Inc., 137 W. 52d.

WEST END AV. (corner 94th St.)—Physician wanted to share apartment with dentist. Call Riverside 7362.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

ELEGANT 6-ROOM APARTMENT, FACING PROSPECT PARK; LIGHT, PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH ALL LATEST IMPROVEMENTS; PRIVATE ENTRANCE; EXCELLENT LOCATION IN HIGH-CLASS NEIGHBORHOOD. PHONE SOUTH 4981 FOR APPOINTMENT.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.
Two splendid new elevator buildings; 168 small apartments; selections of 3 and 4-room suites, $1,320 per annum up; some with immediate occupancy. Apply "The Gardens Apt.," by station, or phone Boulevard 6343. Guyon L. C. Earle, Agent, 260 West 86th St., N. Y. Tel. Schuyler 8720.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

THE BELNORD,
1,057 HOE AV.
High-class, fireproof, elevator apartment.
DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE.
VERY DESIRABLE.
THREE ROOMS AND FOYER, $960.
To lease to responsible tenant; all windows to the street. Superintendent on premises, Tel. Intervale 807.

BOSTON ROAD, 1,505—New building, three blocks south of 174th St. subway station; four elegant rooms; all improvements. RENTAL, $90.

PROMINENT LOCATION—Corner apartment to lease, Fordham section, West Bronx; desirable for dentist. Harry T. F. Johnson, 219 East 188th St.

PROMINENT LOCATION—Corner apartment to lease, Fordham section, West Bronx; desirable for dentist. Harry T. F. Johnson, 219 East 188th St.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 1,463 (At 170th St.)—Five rooms in Crystal Dwellings. See agent.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

APARTMENT, high class, six rooms and bath, all modern improvements; elevator service; three minutes' walk from Brick Church Station, one block from trolley. Inquire janitor, 81-83 Harrison St., East Orange, N. J.

FOUR and five room apartments; strictly high-class; references required. 101 29th St., Woodcliff-on-Hudson, N. J. Oscar Hogrelius, Inc.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED—Furnished Apartment, eight or nine rooms, vicinity Central Park, for two or three months, beginning Jan. 1, 1921; best references given. Mrs. Prentiss N. Gray, 34 Park Av., Larchmont, New York. Tel. Larchmont 0836.

TWO foreign navy officers wish to rent for the next four or six months a furnished apartment of three or four rooms and bath, west side, between 54th and 72d Sts. Replying full particulars, to B 782 Times Downtown.

WANTED—By two refined young women, small apartment, partially or wholly furnished, in or near 50s preferred, location; rent not to exceed $100; references furnished. B 388 Times.

WANTED—Furnished apartment from Jan. 1 to June 1, containing 4 bedrooms and 2 baths; also maid's room and bath; do not require silver or linens; rent must be reasonable. P. O. Box 538, Woodmere, L. I.

TWO BEDROOMS, bath, dining room, kitchen; Christian family; near Central Park; January to April; references. K 217 Times.

BACHELOR wants 1-2 room furnished apartment; bath, kitchenette; $100-$150 monthly. K 200 Times.

TWO gentlemen want small furnished apartment, exclusive kitchenette or kitchen, around $80 month. B 340 Times.

SEND details of your Fur. Apts. to rent. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

11TH, 10 EAST—Two medium rooms to let; steam heat; gentlemen only.

30TH (cor. Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; $11 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $14 weekly and up; room with private bath, $18 weekly and up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH, 125 EAST—Large room; two gentlemen; twin beds; permanent; references.

60TH, 55 EAST (near Park Av.)—Comfortable room; gentleman; steam heat; electricity; telephone.

60TH, 18 EAST—Rooms, adjoining bath, $40-$50 month; also room, bath.

68TH ST., 232 EAST—Desirable room, reserved surroundings, very convenient; gentlemen, references.

GENTLEMAN has beautifully furnished 3-room, bath apartment; share with gentleman; every convenience. Moderate. $15 weekly. H 192 Times.

LARGE ROOM, select apartment, $15 weekly; gentlemen. Tel. Madison Square 8677.

LEXINGTON AV., 632 (54th)—Large rooms, newly decorated; running water; $10; gentlemen.

LEXINGTON AV., 175 (31st). Apt. 15—Single outside rooms; permanent; gentlemen; elevator.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,335—Furnished rooms, suitable for two business men; electric lights and bath.

MADISON AV., 640 (59th St.)—Extra large, elegantly furnished room, bay window, elevator, for 1 or 2, $100 month; kitchen privilege. Hoffman Arms, Mrs. Yost, Plaza 2422.

MADISON AV., 785 (66th)—Front suite, convenient bath; electricity; single beds; gentlemen.

West Side.

9TH ST., 41 WEST (Vanderbilt Studios)—High-class resident studios; private bath; $100-$125; year, $1,200; small single studio, $45; furnished studio rate, $15 and $25 additional; references exchanged.

38 WEST 12TH ST.
Elegantly furnished room; private bath.

16TH ST., 51 WEST.
"OLD CHELSEA."
Charming, sunny room, immaculate, with or without bath; electricity, restaurant, delicious meals, connected.

44TH, 126 WEST—Large front room, private entrance; gentlemen, $60 monthly. Green, 52D, 224 WEST (Apt. 40)—Sunny room, bath; electricity; home surroundings; gentlemen.

52D ST., 206 WEST, 4B—Two newly decorated rooms; suite or single; elevator.

57TH, 344 WEST—Beautifully furnished rooms; private bath; electricity; all modern conveniences.

61ST, 27 WEST—Room for bachelor; electricity, gas, bath; exceptionally private; "silent" block, on parlor floor; $10 Columbus 9578. Call morning or evening.

62ND, 66 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES.

70TH, 28 WEST—Large, attractive room, private bath, electricity, steam, coal, always hot water; medium size room; gentlemen; references.

70TH, 59 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED FRONT BASEMENT, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE COMPLETE; ALSO SINGLE ROOM; REASONABLE.

70TH, 135 WEST—Select house, second floor, two rooms, bath, attractively furnished in blue, ivory; other rooms with bath.

70TH, 210 WEST—SUNNY FRONT PARLOR; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

71ST ST., 153 WEST—Gentlemen, couple, large, luxurious room, twin beds; open fireplace, highest type, private American home; breakfast, dinner; unusual opportunity; references. Columbus 8194.

71ST, 278 WEST—Large, comfortable room, with bath; electricity, attractively furnished; references.

71ST, 61 AND 62 WEST—BEAUTIFUL DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $15-$10.

71ST, 340 WEST—Exceptionally well-furnished room; private house; references essential.

71ST, 147 WEST—Desirable room, large closet and washroom; bath adjacent.

73D, WEST—ATTRACTIVE, WARM, COMFORTABLE ROOM WITH BATH; $20 PER WEEK; SPACIOUS CLOSETS; VERY HIGH-CLASS HOUSE, ELEVATOR, ELECTRIC LIGHT, &C. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 858.

73D, 152 WEST—Exclusive bachelor suite, 2 large rooms, bath, high ceilings, hardwood floors, large closets; elegantly furnished; Oriental rugs, silk hangings, &c.; maid, linen service, phone, breakfast.

73D, 140 WEST—LARGE, SUNNY DOUBLE ROOM, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

73D, 255 WEST—Large, beautifully furnished parlor, running water, electricity, telephone.

73D, 106 WEST—Well heated large rooms, bath; electricity; telephone. $14-$20.

74TH, 139 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED TWO ROOMS AND BATH, BASEMENT SUITE, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, ELECTRICITY; $15 WEEKLY.

74TH, 45 AND 3 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES.

74TH, 108 WEST—Large front room; twin beds; running water; suitable 2.

75TH, 114 WEST—Large and medium rooms; electricity; steam heat; permanent; gentlemen.

76TH, 2 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, BATH, TWIN BEDS, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE.

76TH, 102 WEST—Perfectly appointed room, refined home surroundings; gentlemen. Apartment 55.

77TH, 149 WEST—Well-heated, large rooms, connecting bath; electricity; $14-$16.

76TH, 237 WEST.
Newly furnished residence, large, private bath; also small; reasonable.

76TH, 118 WEST—Large, warm rooms, running water, electricity, phone, $12.

76TH, 205 WEST—Attractive room with, without bath; high-class house.

76TH, 241 WEST—Single room; clean, attractive, electricity; gentleman; $6.

77TH AND RIVERSIDE—Huge room, lavatory, overlooking river; magnificent new furniture; grand piano, cabinet Victrola; steam heat; refined couple, two gentlemen. 2,139 Columbus.

77TH, 127 WEST—Desirable medium room, gentlemen; references; reasonable.

78TH (near Riverside)—Desirable modern room, single or double; gentlemen; private home. Phone Schuyler 8720.

BOARDERS WANTED

Best Side.

80TH (corner Lexington Av., 163)—Room with meals, $18 weekly up; good home cooking, hotel service, elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

MADISON AV., 839—Large double front room, second floor; running water; excellent table; $60 per week, two persons.

MADISON AV., 213 (near 34th)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

85D ST., 64 WEST—Single and double rooms with board; references.

87TH, 351 WEST (near Circle)—Large rooms; private bath; French table; electricity.

72D ST., 271 WEST.
Large room with or without private bath; refined small boarding house; references.

73D ST., WEST—Charming, refined home; exceptional food and accommodations. Columbus 1631.

76TH, 9 WEST—Elegant large room; private bath; suitable 2 or 3; refined boarding house; excellent cuisine. Berger.

76TH, 133 WEST—Large front room; 3d floor; 2 persons; references; reasonable.

80TH, 123 WEST—Large, nicely furnished room; private bath; board optional; references.

82D ST., 123 WEST—Large, attractively furnished front room (private house), steam, lots hot water, private bath, electric; unusually good food, congenial home; suitable one or two.

82D, 5 WEST—Newly furnished room; excellent cuisine; conveniences; refined surroundings. Jay.

82D, 134 WEST (Graycourt)—Attractive, modern, steam heat; references; table guests.

102D ST., 247 WEST—Large front room, adjoining bathroom, in high class Jewish house. Riverside 6343.

103D, 239 WEST—Front parlor apartment, singles; continuous hot water; home cooking; 2 doors Broadway, facing Marseilles Hotel.

107TH, 308 WEST—Large front room, bath; accommodate 3 gentlemen; excellent table.

120TH, 128 WEST—Nice double room; excellent Jewish table. Brody. Morningside 2123.

121ST, 414 WEST—Large, warm rooms, board; near Columbia College. Apt. 2.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

78TH, 168 WEST—Large room, private bath, twin beds; steam, electric; reference.

79TH, 131 WEST—Large, handsomely furnished room, private bath; single room; reasonable.

79TH (411 West End Av.)—Comfortable room; gentlemen. Apt. 8 West.

80TH, WEST—Front suite, steam, electricity, bath adjoining; gentlemen or business couple; $75. Telephone Sunset 8100, Extension 361.

80TH, 124 WEST—Front room; all conveniences; suitable 1 or 2; reasonable.

81ST ST., Columbus Av. (Hotel Colonial)—Have completed 17 new single rooms, with use of bath, for men; complete hotel service; rates $10 weekly.

81ST ST., 263 WEST (West End)—Large front, sunny rooms; together or separate; running water; shower; apartment. Pearson.

81ST, 120 WEST—Attractive double room, running water, electricity; front; $10; references.

81ST, 110 WEST—Attractive, large rooms; suitable 2; electricity; $10-$18; references.

82D ST. AND BROADWAY—Elegant bedroom, running water; all conveniences; private family; $12 weekly; gentlemen; references. Schuyler 4205.

82D ST., 20 WEST—Large, attractively furnished double room, second floor, adjoining marble tiled bath; with owner; references required.

82D, 62 WEST—Large front room, tiled bathroom, shower, electricity; gentleman preferred.

82D, 100 WEST—Front room and front bedroom; all conveniences. Koenig.

84TH ST., 120 WEST—Attractive, adjoining front rooms for gentlemen or couple; references. Hernando, third floor.

84TH, 38 WEST—Large, light room; modern conveniences; private family.

85TH, 42 WEST—Beautiful, large, sunny room, private bath, electricity; business people.

85TH, 253 WEST (Berkley Chambers)—Attractive large room, adjoining bath; references.

85TH, 78 WEST—Large front room, neatly furnished; conveniences. Apt. 10.

86TH ST., 160 WEST—Refined family would rent large furnished room and bath; steam heat; newly renovated; private house; gentlemen. Call Schuyler 6320.

86TH, 132 WEST—Beautifully furnished room and bath; also basement room; references.

86TH, 329 WEST (near Riverside)—Large, cheerful room, $14 week. 6982 Schuyler.

86TH, 338 WEST—Front parlor, handsomely furnished, suitable for studio; other rooms.

87TH, 40 WEST—Connecting large warm room, adjoining bath, electricity, telephone; references.

87TH, 38 WEST—Open for inspection; large and small rooms; newly furnished.

87TH, 342 WEST—Attractive room, private bath, $20; other room, $10.

88TH ST., 132 WEST—Desirable, medium, sunny room; all conveniences; gentlemen; references.

88TH, 132 WEST—Desirable, sunny room; all conveniences; gentlemen; references.

89TH, 45 WEST—Large, rooms; modern improvements; private house; references exchanged.

89TH, 320 WEST—Large rooms, with, without bath, kitchenette privileges; reasonable.

89TH ST., 321 WEST—Large, comfortable room, running water; private residence.

91ST ST., 50 WEST—Large room; southern exposure; adjoining bath; electricity. $10.

91ST, 604 WEST—Large rooms, private baths, $16-$22; small room, $8.

96D, 202 WEST—Two connecting front rooms, bath adjoining, heat, electricity. Riley.

93D, 263 WEST—Large, sunny room, adjoining bath; private home; clean, comfortable.

91TH, 816 WEST (Near Drive)—Cozy, heated room, for gentleman. Apt. 4.

93TH, 62 WEST—Well heated, large and small rooms; electricity; doctor's house.

96TH, 54 WEST—Splendid second floor, sunny room; well kept house; twin beds; electricity; kitchen privileges; homelike surroundings.

97TH, 229 WEST (Apt. 1C)—Private suite, two rooms and bath. Phone Riverside 9431.

99TH, 306 WEST (Broadway)—Attractive, quiet room; running water; references. 5 West.

102D, 303 WEST—Large front room, southern exposure; also large rear room; private house; near Riverside Drive; convenient to 103d subway.

103D, 2 WEST—Front room, facing park; $6; business men; phone, Robinson.

104TH, 247 WEST—Large connecting room, adjoining bath; hot water; electricity. Johnson.

105TH, 71 WEST—Large, clean, front; suitable two gentlemen; $12; electricity, phone.

107TH, 324 WEST—Beautiful large room; river view; $15; steam, electricity.

108TH ST., 253 WEST—Beautiful, large room; suitable couple, 1 or 2 gentlemen.

110TH, 309 WEST (Apt. 4 D)—Large, newly furnished, running water, steam, electricity, telephone; suitable one or two gentlemen. Cathedral 7271.

111TH, 503 WEST—Attractive, light, pretty room, adjoining bath; modern elevator apartment; convenient "L" subway, bus. Apt. 61.

112TH, 542 WEST—Furnished room, private bath; business gentleman. Phone Cathedral 5865.

112TH, 504 WEST—Large front room, all conveniences; piano; refined family. Caldwell.

112TH, 511 WEST—Attractive, clean rooms; refined, quiet home; references. Apt. 6.

113TH ST., 821 WEST—Private house, large room, with private bath; $18; gentleman.

114TH, 622 WEST—Choice room, adjoining bath; (no other roomers or suitable for couple). Apt. 21.

114TH, 610 WEST—HOTEL CECIL.
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

118TH, 419 WEST (Apt. 41)—Single room, elevator apartment; gentlemen; $6.

123D, 547 WEST (Apt. 1)—Comfortable, sunny room; couple, two, three gentlemen.

124TH ST., 503 WEST (Apt. 4B)—Business woman has extra room; conveniences; kitchen privileges; lady; $7. Morningside 6050.

124TH, 31 WEST—Comfortable room; private family; elevator apartment. Crepeau, Harlem 5024.

124TH, 538 WEST—Two connecting front rooms, elevator; business people. Apartment 40.

126TH, 52 WEST—Beautifully furnished, heated room, twin beds; conveniences; no housekeeping.

135TH, 622 WEST—Comfortable, convenient; subway; private family; business woman. Apt. 4.

146TH ST. (Near Broadway)—Elegant outside room, one, two; references. Phone 2405-W Audubon.

141ST, 605 WEST—Attractive room, facing street; elevator building; 1D; $8.

145TH (Broadway)—Pleasant, outside room; private home. Apart. 43. Aud. 3799.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

177TH, 611 WEST—Refined Japanese gentleman who would appreciate delightful, simple home; homelike surroundings; American family; no other roomers. Tel. Wadsworth 166. Lang.

179TH, 561 WEST—Desirable room for 2; cooking conveniences if desired. Riggs.

180TH ST., 561 WEST—Large outside room, all improvements, with private family, for gentleman. Apartment 53. Wadsworth 127.

189TH, 559 WEST (Apt. 23)—Large, nicely furnished room for one or two women with small Jewish family; reasonable; references. Phone Madison Square 170.

ARTISTIC ROOM, single or couple, 97th, West End; exclusive. Telephone, Riverside 301.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 223 (82d)—Large, handsome room, front, steam, electricity; suitable 2 gentlemen. First floor bell.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 225 (83d)—Beautiful room, overlooking park; running water. Davis.

COLUMBUS AV., 85—Single 2-3 room suite, extremely clean, elegantly furnished, piano, phone; subway, "L"; refined, respectable.

GRAND CONCOURSE, Fordham section; one-room suite, with bath; separate entrance in private dwelling; Park and Drive exposure; accessible; garage space; piano, parquet, fireplace; $60 monthly. A 1043 Times Harlem.

GREATER NEW YORK RENTING CO., 167 West 125th St. Watkins 544; subway.

HOTEL NOMIS, 650-652 West 125th St.—All light, airy, outside rooms; every convenience; transient, $1 up; permanent, weekly, $5 up; with bath, transient, $2.50 up; weekly, $15 up; all cars pass door; one block from subway station. Tel. Morningside 640 and 708.

HOTEL ABERDEEN—Rooms with private bath; telephone in rooms; modern hotel service; fireproof; $17.50 weekly. 52d St., bet. 5th Av. and Broadway. Penna. 1600.

MANHATTAN AV., 2—Large, newly furnished room, suitable 1 or 2; refined, homelike surroundings; no other roomers. Apt. 2.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (145th St.)—Exquisitely furnished front corner room, four windows, beautiful view; adjoining bath; private family, congenial home; excellent service; $75 per month. Phone Canal 8139 for appointment.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 321 (104th)—Exceptionally elegant large rooms; overlooking beautiful Hudson; parquet, chandeliers, fireplaces. Inn, Schuyler 6320.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 110 (83d)—Large, sunny; directly on Drive; running water; twin beds; elevator; $12 single, $18 double. Howard, Apt. 2 west. Schuyler 6382.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552—Two rooms, private family, in modern elevator apartment. Burlingame.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Private family, luxurious room, modern fireproof elev

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALES MANAGER.

Man acquainted with the distribution of automobile accessories; thorough specialty equipped distributors preferred, must be qualified to make Chicago his headquarters; only men of high caliber need apply; good salary and profit sharing basis given, full particulars and past record to date; information given will be held strictly confidential. Y 2265 Times Annex.

SALES MANAGER—Two Philadelphia well-known houses, one making coats and the other dresses and skirts, desire to engage the services of a man to take charge of their New York salesroom, to a live wire, with a large acquaintance with the resident buyers and incoming trade, an unusual opportunity is offered if you are the man answer, stating full particulars, which will be held in confidence. Y 2260 Times Annex.

SALES MANAGERS WANTED.

District sales managers for 10 district territories, men with experience, to develop an aggressive sales force for a labor saving machinery organization, applications will be received from salesmen also, liberal commission arrangement. Telephone for an appointment Mad. 5070.

SALESMEN, experienced, who have made good in general stationery, school supplies, sporting goods, fireworks, seasons' goods, toys, novelties, &c., to the trade in Rochester and surrounding country; salary and commission basis; exceptional opportunity for high-grade salesmen to connect with progressive established house in Rochester, N. Y. Apply 537 Singer Building.

SALESMEN—THE TWO BEST SWEATER SALESMEN IN THE BUSINESS. Please apply at once for a most exceptional opportunity to represent a manufacturer specializing in men's and ladies' knit goods organization in New York; a real proposition; held strictly confidential; liberal opening commission. Y 2256 Times Annex.

SALESMEN,
experienced or inexperienced, to represent established concern of account banking institutions; handling six banks; carried over one year; excellent leads; requires some commission basis. Mr. Shafer, 1482 Broadway Building, Passaic, N. J.

SALESMEN—Managers, real estate, to handle new building for investment; exceptional opportunity for working prospects; experience unnecessary; reports furnished; big money. Apply Monday, Broadway; Delicatessen, 1 Bedford St., 5th floor.

SALESMEN WANTED TO SELL JAPANESE SILK HANDKERCHIEFS FOR CHRISTMAS TRADE. EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE LARGE COMMISSION EARNINGS. DEPOSIT REQUIRED. CALL 240 BROADWAY, ROOM 16.

SALESMAN, for Western territory, to carry a good line of ladies' hand bags; liberal commission with drawing account for a beginner. 8 416 Times Annex.

SALESMAN on highclass motor trucks; excellent opportunity; commission basis. Apply C H Motors Corp., William and Henry Sts., Long Island City.

SALESMEN TO SELL FORD CARS ON COMMISSION BASIS. COUCH-HAAS CO., 1500 BROADWAY AND EASTERN PARKWAY, BROOKLYN.

SALESMEN to sell well-known motor trucks, 1-ton capacity; good proposition for producers; references. Call 894 East 180th.

SALESMEN for line to offices, stationery, leather goods stores; salary, commission; side line. Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, experienced, with following in novelty trade only; first-class men need apply; commission. W 245 Times.

SALESMEN FOR EXTRACTS; COMMISSION BASIS. HAROLD 21 EAST 14TH.

STENOGRAPHER

The Bear er Board Companies have ... experienced stenog- ... able to take dictation ... fifty words; full infor- ... as to education and experience.

... Bear er Board Companies, ... Office—N Y

STENOGRAPHER—Accurate, rapid law stenographer wanted by law office; state age, experience and salary expected. B 714 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, must readily ... Weeks Hand Corp., 383 ...

STOCK CLERK
Learn valuable information; youths 17. ADDRESS STOCK, BOX 195, MAD. SQ.

YOUNG MAN wanted in the stock rooms ... clothing department of a manufacturer; ... about 18 years of age, to make himself generally useful; references required; state experience, if any, salary $14. D 983 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, HOUSE SALESMAN, WITH WHOLESALE DRY GOODS; STATE SALARY. ADDRESS WHOLESALE, BOX 195, MADISON SQUARE.

YOUNG MAN wanted immediately to solicit ... orders and steel bars, one that ... trade; salary. Phone Broad ...

YOUNG MAN by wholesale glove house, ... experience in the line. S. M. Hohl, 45-49 St. and Fifth Ave. Open 8:30 to 5. Apply Room 1002.

Instruction.

SHALL I STAY?
SHALL I GO?

Before making a change, find out if you are on the right track. To know what your life work should be is a start in the right direction. The trained analyst will know from a study of your face the vocation for which you are best adapted. Booklet "K" on request.

PHRENOLOGY INSTITUTE, INC.,
54 5th Ave. at 15th St., New York.
Tel. Watkins 9795.

AUTO ENGINEERING INSTITUTE.
16th Year. 2,000 Students. 5,000 Graduates.
NEW $200,000 EQUIPMENT.
Auto Shop, Starting, Lighting, Driving, Oxy-Welding, Battery, Machine Shop, Vulcanizing, Overhauling.
60 OTHER COURSES. Free Pass.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1,317 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

SIGN CARD WRITERS.
$60 to $75 a week made in show card writing, theatrical poster work, decorative designing, class under supervision of expert teachers; day or night courses; classes just starting, reasonable terms; apply at once. Y. M. C. A. School of Commercial Art, 157 East 86th St., New York. Phone Lenox 6051.

BOOKKEEPER—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly. Learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 328 Fulton Bldg., New York.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN—Big demand for high salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

LEARN ELECTRICITY as applied to the automobile; evening courses, elementary and applied; folder and pass to one session of class free on request. Education Department, West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St., New York. Tel. Columbus 7920.

ACCOUNTANCY
As taught in our intensive courses brings quick results. Ask for prospectus. Drake Accountancy Institute, Tribune Building, 154 Nassau St., telephone Beekman 2723.

ACCOUNTANCY—New classes are now forming, day or early evening sessions; write for helpful booklet, "Making Good," and Bulletin 23. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

AGENTS WANTED.

SOMETHING PERMANENT
IS WHAT YOU WANT IN TIME
OF CHANGE.

We have a crackerjack proposition to offer you if you are a good canvasser in the book line or would like to be trained in this work.

First-class leads will be furnished you.

Liberal commission. An order a day will make your income exceed $7,500 a year.

GOOD NOW AND GOOD FOR TEN YEARS.

New York City or out of town territory, as you prefer.

Write or call. MR. C. R. CORBETT or MR. W. J. CROWLEY, 23 East 41st St., New York.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

A market for used cars. All advertisements censored. Rate, 65 cents per agate line.

Buick 1920 Coupe, $1,850.
Essex 1920 Sedan, $1,850.
Cadillac 1915 Sedan, $2,200.
Lodge 1916 Coupe, $850.
Dodge 1920 Tour., $825.
Chevrolet 1919 Sedan, $750.
Harry Brenner, 2,124 B'way (74th). Col. 4077.

BUICK 1919 five-pass. touring; used only few miles and like new throughout; CHEAP. Studebaker Corp'n, Broadway and 54th St.

BUICK little six 1918 touring 5-passenger; mechanically perfect; good tires; low mileage; financial circumstances compel sacrifice, $800 cash; no dealers. K 165 Times.

BUICK 1920 coupe, like new; price $2,250. 19 West 62d St., New York.

BUICK cabriolet, 6-cylinder, 3-passenger; like new; $775. 208 West 128th.

BUICK COUPES, TOURING, ROADSTERS. Black Co., 238-240 West 54th St.

BUICK coupe, 1919, like new car; many extras. Phone Morningside 9055.

BUICK 1920 roadster; 5,000 miles; perfect condition; $1,200. Owner, Shore Road 2567.

BUICK 1916 touring, good condition. Lincatur 6751. 1,065 Herkimer St., Brooklyn.

BUICK 1920 roadster, slightly used; bargain. Call, examine, 123 West 64th. Meyer.

BUICK 1921 touring; exceptional opportunity. Schoonmaker-Jacod, 1,866 Broadway.

BUICK Coupe, 1920, excellent condition; see mine before buying. Phone Wadsworth 9422.

CADILLAC 1920 suburban sedan, model 59.
CUNNINGHAM 1920 imperial sedan.
CUNNINGHAM 1920 cabriolet.
COLE 1920 7-passenger sedan.
BUICK 1920 7-passenger sedan.
PIERCE-ARROW 1919 Imperial limousine.
CADILLAC 1919 suburban sedan.
HUDSON 7-passenger sedan and cabriolet.
MERCER 1920 runabout, elegant shape.
CHANDLER 1920 7-passenger touring.
BUICK 1,7 1920 sedan, custom body.
CADILLAC, 57-55, touring and runabouts.
DANIELS 1919 7-passenger touring.
PEERLESS 1918 sedan, fine condition.
MAXWELLS.
HIGHEST CASH PAID FOR HIGH-GRADE CARS; UP-TO-DATE MODELS ONLY. UPGRADE AUTO EXCHANGE, 800 7th Av., at 52d. Tel. Circle 2867.

CADILLAC, 1920 "59" victoria.
CADILLAC, 1920 "59" suburban sedan.
CADILLAC, 1920 "59" touring.
CADILLAC, 1918 touring.
HUDSON, 1919 model M coupe.
PACKARD, 1919 3-35 Fleetwood touring.
STUTZ, 1920 four-passenger.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,866 B'way.

CADILLAC Victoria coupe, as good as new; delivered in June, 1920; run 6,700 miles; complete equipment, six cord tires; cost $5,300; will sacrifice $4,200. Y 2207 Times Annex.

CADILLAC Sedan, 57 8-35; 7,500 miles, excellent condition; slip covers, extra shoes, all cord tires. May be seen on appointment. George L. Townsend, 624 East 21st St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Telephone 9516 Flatbush.

CADILLAC Victoria Coupe, first-class condition, wire wheels, cord tires and new spare tire and wheel; $1,750 cash. For demonstration, address Owner, Room 559, 47 West 34th St.

CADILLAC closed cars, coupes, sedans, landaulets, limousines, town cars, 1917, 1918, 1919 models, at reduced prices; call, make offer. 123 West 64th. Myer.

CADILLACS, 1919, 4 and 7 passenger touring, limousine, equipped; exceptional rubber, Westinghouse shock absorbers; $2,500 cash each. Gotham, 1,804 Broadway.

CADILLAC, latest model, Healy landaulet; 1,000 miles; rare opportunity. Private owner, Columbus 4010. Stanford, 251 W. 99.

CADILLAC landaulet for sale; private owner; like new; reasonable. Telephone Webster 4050.

CADILLAC, Amesbury sedan; late 1919 model, perfect condition; will sacrifice. Cigar Store, 948 Broadway, New York City.

CADILLAC coupe 1919, like new; owner must sell, going abroad. L. Burghardt, 606 Amsterdam Av.

CADILLAC 1919 AMESBURY SEDAN. Harry Brenner, 2,124 B'way (74th). Col. 4077.

CADILLAC 1918, seven passenger limousine, $3 hour, day, week, month. Columbus 5079.

CHANDLER 1920 model touring car, in perfect order; purchased last March, bargain to quick buyer. Ask for Mr. Miller or Mr. Stanley, Amerio Bosch Magneto Corporation, 223 West 46th St.

CHEVROLET ROADSTER, $190.
Royal mail, electric starter, lights, demountable rims. 499 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

CHEVROLET ROADSTER, $190.
Royal mail, electric starter, lights, demountable rims. 499 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

CHEVROLET SEDAN, $775.
Biggest bargain ever bought; easy terms arranged. 251 East 149th. Melrose 7786.

COLE 1919 suburban sedan, slightly used; bargain. Call 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CUNNINGHAM sedan, bought new November, 1919; perfect condition and run very little; bargain if sold at once. Telephone Jansen Roberts, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., 1677, or Mahopac, N. Y., 111.

CUNNINGHAM, suburban sedan, mechanically perfect, paint and tires new, will sell at sacrifice. Repetti, Inc., 14th St. and Ely Av., Long Island City.

DODGE Sedan, 1920 model, four door type, velour upholstery, all wire wheels; has been used privately by owner, who bought car new; only reason for selling sailing for Europe. See Walters car, Garage, 415 E. 54.

DODGE Sedan, 1918, fully equipped, perfect condition; sacrifice. Garage, 210 E. 24th.

FIAT 1918 touring, privately owned; must sacrifice. Seen 121 West 45th. Meyer.

FORDS, all models, immediate delivery; time payments; Authorized Ford Agency. Wadsworth 5494.

FRANKLIN sedan, 1919, velour upholstery. Packard Auto Ex. 10 West 60th St.

FRANKLIN sedan, Series 9A. 1,777 Broadway, Room 426. Circle 1417.

HAYNES SIX, $975.
Practically new touring; Summer, Winter tops; biggest bargain. 351 East 149th, Bronx.

HAYNES sedan, 7 passenger, like new; fully equipped $1,250. 203 West 128th.

HUDSON touring limousine, used one week; run 1,000 miles, model 120, car like new; cost me $4,200, will sacrifice for $3,200. Inquire 1,127 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Decatur 161.

HUDSON CABRIOLET 1918, $1,285.
Buick Coupe 1918, $1,185.
Dodge Coupe 1918, $1,075.
Chevrolet Sedan 1919, $745.
Warehouse, 1,533 West 54th.

HUDSON limousine, model H, mechanical condition and paint unusually good; excellent equipment; selling for customer's account, $1,000. G. R. Ruckett Co., 1,763 Broadway. Circle 1357.

HUDSON town brougham for sale, just completely overhauled; excellent condition; can be seen at 13 East 58th St., Willan Motor Co.

HUDSON 1920 4 PASS. SPORT.
Like new. Many extras. Bargain for immediate sale. Private owner, Schuyler 5080.

HUPP, 1920, 4-PASSENGER, SPORT; SACRIFICE. CIRCLE 3222.

HUDSON 1920 four-passenger, slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

HUDSON 1919 Sedan; new in 1920; bargain. Cook-Maconnell, 630 5th Av.

HUDSON 1920 4-passenger coupe, almost brand new, $2,300. Prospect 909.

KISSEL sedan, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger; like new; $850. 203 West 128th.

LOCOMOBILE, 1920 touring; like new; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 8222.

MARMON, late model touring car; elegant mechanical condition; run very little; fully equipped and has many extras; like new; inspection invited; this is the best buy in Greater New York. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

MARMON closed limousine; elegant condition; can be seen by appointment only; no dealers; price $4,500. Wm. H. Nicholls, 1,828 49th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Tel. Main 6813.

MAXWELL DE LUXE TOURING, $350. Painted Rolls Royce blue, guaranteed 6 months. 499 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

MERCER 1918, 4-passenger, sport; fine condition. Spring 8252.

NASH 1919 touring, in good operating condition; $725 to quick cash buyer. Studebaker Corporation, Broadway and 54th St.

NASH, latest model, 6-cylinder, fully equipped; $850. 203 West 128th St.

OAKLAND Sedan, 1919, perfect condition, nothing broken, new tires. Hyland-Jencks Garage, 164 W. Fordham Road, inquire for M. Gray. Tel. Fordham 1075. Take subway W. 207th St.

OAKLAND sedan, 1919, first-class condition. Room 420, 1,777 Broadway. Circle 1417.

OLDSMOBILE—$475 buys late 1918 Oldsmobile, eight-cylinder, 7-pass., touring in good touring condition; A SACRIFICE. Studebaker Corporation, 1,700 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE, light six; late model; fully equipped; looks like a new car; inspection invited. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

OLDSMOBILE sedan, 1919, five-pass.; sedan in excellent mechanical condition but needs paint; CHEAP. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

PACKARD 1920 twin-six coupe, never used; stream-line aluminium body, one-piece top, two-color moleskin paint, distcol wheels, automatic oilers, special brake and shift levers, velour upholstery, double curtains, enameled silver fittings; superfine throughout; $3,000 below cost. Barclay 7446.

PACKARD 3-35 7-passenger, recently overhauled and painted in Packard shops; like new. Roberts. Barclay 2389.

PACKARD—Limousine; private appearance, $75 to $125 weekly; desirable party. Circle 1868.

PACKARD 1918 touring, fully equipped, perfect condition. Clevenger, Hohokus, N. J.

PACKARD 1917 touring; reasonable. Waldron, 132 West 60th St.

PACKARD 3-35 touring; Fleetwood body; latest design. Barclay 7446.

PACKARD Twin Six brougham, for Christmas delivery; $4,500. This enclosed, luxury passenger car is fresh from the paint shop; it is the latest series Twin Six, and is equipped with the famous Packard fuelizer for easy starting and economical use of low-grade gas; driven slightly over 16,000 miles; has been thoroughly overhauled and is in the pink of condition; this is the same model which is bringing $6,500 new today. Phone Simmons Market 681, Newark, N. J.

PACKARD, twin six, fleetwood, cabriolet, practically new, painted maroon and trimmed in tan upholstery; equipped with radiator and head lamps, two spare tires and tire covers slung in front fenders; has run only 7,500 miles; must be sold immediately; cost $12,000 when new. Packard Motor Car Co. of N. Y., Broadway at 61st St., Columbus 8666.

PACKARD twin sixes, limousines, landaulets, for rent by hour, day, week, month; reasonable rates; excellent service. Champion Garage and Auto Co., Columbus 9078.

PAIGE sedan, like new; 7-passenger, fully equipped; $950. 203 West 128th.

PEERLESS coupe, brand new, only been driven 2,000 miles; many extras; will sacrifice for $3,500 to quick buyer; reason for selling going West, ill health. Y 2247 Times Annex.

PIERCE-ARROW, beautiful 1919 touring, dual valve; can't be told from new; condition guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 48 touring car, Westinghouse shock absorbers; first-class condition; any demonstration. Gear. 823 E. 44th.

PIERCE-ARROW limousine, 48 h. p.; no reasonable offer refused; owner going to Europe. 200 West 54th. Apt. 2C. Circle 1130.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 48 landaulet; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

PIERCE-ARROW 1919 48 runabout; will sacrifice. Seen 121 West 64th. Meyer.

REOS, Stewarts, Autocars, Macks, Dodges, Buicks, Fords, Ford extensions and others; ½ to 2 tons; also rebuilt Raniers, ½ to 1½ tons. Ranier Motor Corp., 5th and Webster Avs., Long Island City. Telephone Astoria 3485.

REO 1920 sedan, 6-cylinder; practically new; run 2,500 miles as demonstrator; original cord tires; like new. Bowman & Meyer, Inc., Rep Agents, 2,428 Grand Concourse (CNth).

REO, TOURING, BARGAIN $250.
Excellent condition, electric starter, lights demountable rims, 4 new shoes; guaranteed 6 months. 499 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

REO TOURING, BARGAIN, $250.
Excellent condition, electric starter, lights demountable rims, 4 new shoes, guaranteed 6 months. 499 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

REO sedan, perfect condition; complete $1,850; see to appreciate. Horner, Audubon 7111J.

ROAMER 1919 runabout, also 4-passenger; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

S. G. V.; taxi ready to work; $700. Arrow Garage, 142 West 50th St.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, late model touring car, in good running condition; fully equipped and many extras; $485. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STEARNS 1920 ROADSTER,
4-cylinder; only driven 600 miles; new car guaranteed; price right. Stearns Co., 415 West 53d. Circle 7603.

STEARNS sedan, 1918, 4-cyl., 6-pass.; in A1 mechanical condition, appearance like new; a bargain. Stearns, 415 W. 56th. Circle 7603.

STUDEBAKER, 1919 light small touring car, factory rebuilt; guaranteed; refinished and like equipped, with tire new wheels. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER, 1920 big "6" demonstrator; run less than 5,000 miles; guaranteed to be in perfect running condition; rare bargain. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER sedan, 1919. Special Six, 5-pass. sedan, reconditioned like new and factory guaranteed; $1,785. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

STUDEBAKER coupe; $550 buys 1918 Studebaker 4-pass., custom built coupe; a real bargain. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

STUDEBAKER, late model touring car; in good running condition; bargain at $885. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER roadster; comfy for Winter, snappy appearance; cord tires; some Christmas present. Telephone Stuyvesant 150. No dealers.

STUDEBAKER, 1919 Club roadster; fully equipped; many extras; this car is a very snappy model. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER 1920 four-pass. club roadster, used only few miles and factory guaranteed. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ 4-pass. sport model, only used 3 months; run about 5,000 miles; tonneau wind shield car, like new. Must sacrificed to be sold to best offer; dealer's opportunity. Inquire 1,127 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Decatur 161.

WHITE limousine; fine condition; bought late 1919 for $6,200; most of time in dead storage; owner going South will sell $3,800; mileage 4,500. The White Co., Long Island City.

WILLYS-KNIGHT touring car; used very little; extra slip covers and shoes; looks like new; $385. Studebaker Corporation, 1,945 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

WILLYS-OVERLAND, late 1918 4-pass. chummy roadster, in wonderful condition throughout; $650. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

WILLYS-KNIGHT touring, 5 pass. 1920; slightly used; 6 cord tires; bargain. Stearns, 415 West 56th. Circle 7603.

BIG BARGAINS.
Chandler Tourings, 1920 (3).
Chandler Roadster, 1918 (3).
Kissell Sedan (small), 1918, Continental motor.
Reo Roadster, 1918, 4 passenger.
$7.50 to $850.
Some of these cars reconditioned and repainted.
BENNETT MOTOR CAR COMPANY, 139-68 Hillside Avenue, Jamaica, New York.

SELL YOUR CAR—Highest price paid for export; save garage expenses; investigate co-operative plan. Trans-Marine Motor Corporation, 507 West 50th St. Write today.

Automobiles Wanted.

PACKARDS WANTED, 1918, 1919 AND 1920 MODEL PACKARD CARS; MUST BE STANDARD PACKARD EQUIPMENT. O'TOOLE'S MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE, 115-117 WEST 52D ST.

AUTO WANTED—4-passenger Cadillac 57 double or Packard 1919; no dealers. Post Office Box 83, Jamaica, L. I., N. Y.

AUTOMOBILES—1,000 WANTED.
Highest prices paid; bring car or phone. 409 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

Unused Cars.

OLDSMOBILE contract for sedan or coupe; will sacrifice $300. 3325 Audubon.

Automobiles to Rent.

HUDSON, late model landaulet limousine, just out of paint shop, by month; also Cadillac limousine. Swartzell. 9916 Riverside.

CADILLAC, limousine, beautiful appearance; will rent to private party by month; price $450. W. Hall, 3,223 Astoria.

ROLLS ROYCE, Locomobile limousine; prompt service; reasonable rates. Darrin, 6818 Murray Hill.

PACKARD Twin Sixes for hire; reasonable rates; monthly, specialty. Muldoon. Columbus 2151.

PIERCE-ARROW and Cadillac; special rates on all work; hour, day, week or month. Thompson, Circle 2309.

CADILLAC Private Renting Service, 143 West 54th St. Circle 2809; first-class service at reasonable rates, monthly specialty.

RENAULT town car, beautiful appearance; will rent to private party monthly. Phone Spring 6634.

PACKARD special limousine; monthly only. Waldron, Circle 4187.

PIERCE late model limousine, day, month. Shapiro, 159 East 77th. Rhinelander 0600.

Automobile Accessories.

SIX 37x5¼-inch clincher tires, with inner tubes; $25. 523 West 148th St.

Automobile Storage.

AUTOMOBILE DEAD STORAGE IN FIREPROOF GARAGE. GRAND BOULEVARD GARAGE OR POE GARAGE, INC. We issue negotiable receipts for distributors. 2,436 Grand Concourse, corner 187th St. TELEPHONE 5000 FORDHAM.

AUTOMOBILES, DEAD STORAGE, $6 UP. LEE BROS., INC. 212 EAST 125TH ST. PHONE HARLEM 2710.

Automobile Bodies.

CADILLAC SEDAN BODIES, INCLUDING MOUNTING; ALLOWANCE ON OLD BODIES. TEL. BROAD 5367.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTO INSTRUCTION.
4 and 8 weeks' courses for Owners, Chauffeurs, Mechanics, Salesmen. WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St., New York. Get booklet and pass. Special ladies' classes.

AUTOMOBILE TRAINING BY EXPERTS. Complete shop courses, $65, with driving, $80; weekly payments. Ask for catalogue L. STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 West 57th St., at Broadway. Leading School—Founded 1902.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—Pressure remained low Friday over the middle and north sections east of the Mississippi River and there were snow flurries in the region of the Great Lakes, the Middle and Upper Ohio Valleys and the North Atlantic States. Pressure fell Friday over the mountain and plateau regions and the North Pacific States. Light snow fell in the North Rocky Mountain regions and rain along the Middle and North Pacific Coasts.

An area of high pressure and fair weather extended from the Canadian Northwest southeastward over the Plains States, the Missouri Valley and the Gulf States.

The temperature was lower Friday from the Plains States eastward to the Appalachian region, and readings were below normal Friday night over the middle and eastern sections, except New England and New York.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Northern New England—Cloudy Saturday; probably light snow in northern portions of Maine. New Hampshire and Vermont. Sunday generally fair and colder.

Southern New England—Partly cloudy Saturday. Sunday fair and somewhat colder.

Eastern New York—Partly cloudy in southern, unsettled, probably snow flurries in northern portions Saturday. Sunday generally fair; colder in the interior.

New Jersey—Partly cloudy Saturday. Sunday fair; not much change in temperature.

Western New York—Snow flurries Saturday. Sunday cloudy; not much change in temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	29	22	4 P. M.	36	15
6 A. M.	28	20	6 P. M.	34	10
9 A. M.	29	19	9 P. M.	33	6
12 M.	37	30	11 P. M.	31	3

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 34; for the corresponding date last year it was 12; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 34. The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 28; at 8 P. M. it was 33. Maximum temperature, 41 degrees at 1:40 P. M.; minimum, 27 degrees at 7:10 A. M. Humidity, 83 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 82 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.87 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.56 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.
12:15—4,242 Park Av.; Sonderdille Auto Repair Co.....Not given
12:20—544 W. 56 St.; B. McGreery....Slight
7:30—827 E. 156 St.....Slight
9:30—950 Longwood Av.; Thomas Haben.....Not given

P. M.
12:56—168 E. 127 St.; E. Ginieris....Slight
12:44—241 2 Av.....Not given
1:00—1,953 2 Av.....Not given
2:00—1,729 2 Av.; H. G. Leist.....Slight
3:40—319 W. 45 St.; Mrs. Chido.....Slight
4:10—40 E. 84 Av.....Not given
4:45—57 Vandam St.; T. Greene.....Not given
5:00—107 Bleecker St.; Franklin Cloth Co.....Not given
5:25—300 W. 53 St.; T. Burns.....Not given
6:20—606 Park Av.; J. Howard.....Not given
6:50—410 Lafayette St.; Powalds Cap Mfg. Co.....Not given
7:30—30 Walker St.; Novelty Leather Co.....Not given
7:30—17 Crosby St.; Howard Specialty Co.....Not given
8:10—514 W. 57 St.; Schoeks & Co.....Not given
10:55—198 S Av., G. Romas.....Not given

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Engineers.

Ropes, Maj. E. H.; Smith, Capt. R. L.; Post, Capt. H. B., to 24. Travis.
Cummings, Capt. L. W., to 12th, Grant.

Quartermaster Corps.

Hittinger, Capt. J. J., hon. discharged.
Farmer, 1st Lt. H. A., to Ft. Robinson.

Miscellaneous.

Winterburn, Lt. Col. G. W., to San Fran. Gen. Sup. Depot, relieving Col. C. H. Hilton, Qm. C., who will proceed to Atlanta as Asst. to Depot Qm., relieving Lt. Col. W. C. Gardenhire, Qm. C., who will proceed to Camp Pike as Qm., 3d Div.
McDowell, Maj. R. McK., Dent. Corps, to duty at Walter Reed.
Marquette, Capt. J., Air Svce.; Kent, Capt. R. C. Sr., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., hon. discharged.
Saul, 1st Lt. S. H., retired, relieved from further active duty.

Resignations.

Webster, 1st Lt. W. C., Sig Corps.
Johnson, 1st Lt. H. V., Inf.
Morton, 1st Lt. C. W., Phil. Scouts, for the good of the service.

Leaves.

Kerrick, Lt. Col. H. S., C. A. C., 1 mo.
Hodges, Maj. C. H., Inf., 1 mo.
Davenport, Maj. E. F., M. C., 1 mo.
Jay, Capt. H. D., F. A., 13 days.
Eldson, Capt. C. G., Air Ser., 30 days.
Rogers, 1st Lt. H. L. Jr., Inf., 3 mos.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Gleeson, Capt. M. C., to Navy Yd., N. Y.
Trout, Capt. F. A., to command the Utah.
Wood, Capt. D. M., to duty Asiatic Sta.
Colby, Cmdr. F. B., to Nav. Det. in Turkish waters.
Miller, Lt. Cmdr. J. CeC., to instruction Bethlehem Steel Co., Pa.
Beatty, Lt. F. E.; Carlson, Lt. M. O.; Christie, Lt. R. W.; Hussey, Lt. G. F.; Joy, Lt. W. T., Jr.; Kitts, Lt. W. A. 3d; Mayer, Lt. A. D., and Moon, Lt. D. P., to Post Grad. Course, in Ord. Nav. Acad.
Benson, Lt. J. F., W., to the New York.
Chambers, Lt. J. L., to command the tl-6.
Cooper, Lt. L., to the Sproston.
Joslin, Lt. R. K., to instruction Nav. Med. Sch., Washn.
Kennedy, Lt. R. N., to command subm. Div. 4.
Parker, Lt. L., to command the K-8.
Phelps, Lt. H. L., to command the O-5.
Yancey, Lt. L. A., to the Fulton.

The Civil Service.

City.

The following eligible lists are announced: Laboratory assistant (chemical laboratory)—Martin H. Greenfield, 81.30; Harry Kalmenoff, 79.70; Samuel Segal, 75.90. Telegraph operator (dispatcher)—Fire Department: Joseph F. Gaynor, 94.80.

United States.

The Commission announces an examination for chemist, male, age 20 to 70, in the office of the Depot Quartermaster, New York, N. Y., at $1,800 a year. After six months' satisfactory service appointees may be allowed the increase granted by Congress of $20 a month. Applicants must qualify in at least one of the following optional subjects: Analytical chemistry, industrial chemistry, food chemistry, pharmaceutical chemistry. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on general chemistry and elementary physics, 30; optional subject, 40; education and experience, 30. The prerequisites are: Graduation from a full four years' high school course or the completion of fourteen units of high school work accepted for college entrance. In addition, applicants must show that they have been graduated with a degree or certificate from a course in a college or university, or have completed three years' work therein with one year subsequent post-graduate work, with the completion of at least 118 additional credit hours, 30 credit hours of which must have been in chemistry and 6 credit hours in general college physics.

Estates Appraised.

FAY, HENRY H. (in Falmouth, Mass, March 14)—Total estate, $1,072,837; taxable in New York, $113,683. The largest holding being General Electric Company, $108,558. His wife, Elizabeth M., of Boston, receives a legacy of $5,000, and a life estate in the New York property and in the residuary estate. His son, daughters and grandson, all of Boston, receive small legacies and certain interests in the remainder.

KING, MARGARET (Sept. 4, 1919)—Total assets, $199,652, and real estate, $103,928. The appraised value of the home, 1,088 Park Av., being $75,000; cash, $8,421; personal, $43,005; stocks and bonds, $44,547; net estate, $194,743. Her sister, Ellen King, 52 William St., receives all but $500, which goes to St. Ignatius Loyola Church, for masses.

LOEWENTHAL, LUCIEN B. (May 1, 1918)—Total assets, $80,578—real estate, $8,264; cash, $2,180; personal, $41,117; stocks and bonds, $43,286; net estate, $50,187. His wife, Stella, of 140 West 71st St., receives $24,218 and a life estate in $24,218; his mother, Mrs. Frances Loewenthal, $8,000; seven nephews and nieces receive $1,000 each.

U. S. SUPREME COURT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 17.—In the Federal Supreme Court today these proceedings were had:

125—Vandalia R. R. Co., pltf., v. G. A. Schnull et al., &c.—Argument continued.
104—Economy Light and Power Co., appit., v. the U. S.—Argued.
180—E. H. Gackson, receiver, &c., petr., v. J. L. Smith et al.—Argued.
Adjourned until Monday next.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CREDITORS—ERICH HOFFMAN WILL sell his bakery at 467 2d Av., Manhattan, to Carl Bartell on Dec. 18, 1920, at 2:30 P. M.; mail bills to Grossfield Bros., 116 Nassau St., Manhattan, N. Y. C.

AARON AND HARRY METTER HAVE withdrawn from Metter, Ensler & Metter, Dec. 13 last, and have discontinued all connections.

MY WIFE, AUGUSTA POMERANZ, having left my bed and board, I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her. EDWARD POMERANZ.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governor's Island.		Hell Gate.		Sun.	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	Rises.	Sets.
High water	6:40	12:44	1:00	12:54	3:52	3:01	A. M.	P. M.
Low water	6:34	7:14	7:44	7:38	9:10	9:20	7:21	4:31

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Touraine	Havre	Dec. 7
Rousellion	Havre	Dec. 8
City of Marseilles	Aden	Nov. 19
Panama	Haiti	Dec. 12
Giuseppi Verdi	Genoa	Dec. 3
Roman Prince	Havre	Dec. 4
Medina	Havre	Dec. 3
Rio Picato	Barry	Nov. 23
Conrad Mohr	Bergen	Nov. 17
Black Sea	Southampton	Nov. 27
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Dec. 14
Bernal	Philadelphia	Dec. 15
Bulgaria	Cherbourg	Nov. 21
Agwesua	Port Lobos	Dec. 9

DUE TODAY.

Rimouski	Liverpool	Dec. 1
Montana	London	Dec. 1

DUE TOMORROW.

Madonna	Naples	Dec. 1
Maravilla	Curacao	Dec. 7
Lafayette	Havre	Dec. 2



LINK TELEPHONES WITH RADIO SERVICE

Wireless Company Transmits Messages Direct From Britain to Inland Points Here.

AUTOMATIC REPEATER USED

Official Predicts That System Will Be Extended to Other European Countries.

"Carnarvon, Wales, sending," said the operator of the Radio Corporation of America, in the Woolworth Building yesterday afternoon and as he laid down the telephone receiver the droning dots and dashes were audible in the little room.

In answer to inquiries it was learned that the transatlantic radio stations in this country have been connected to special telephone wires and messages from overseas are automatically relayed to offices in any part of this country as they reach the aerials on the Atlantic coast of America. The corporation in its experiments had now reached the point when it was only a matter of detail before the commercial world would benefit by its technical achievement, it was said. It was only in the last three weeks that messages had been received at this end without going through the hands of the operators at Belmar, the wireless receiving station, it was explained.

"The only real difficulty," said one of the corporation's officials after the experiment had finished, "is the telephone line itself. You must have a line that is absolutely clear and has no other sound, even ever so slight, traveling along its length. That is why, although it is quite feasible for each office to have a line connecting it to the wireless station, actually it would be impracticable, because the ordinary telephone wires are too noisy and it would mean a thousand wires, each separate, for every thousand offices, and when the thing is properly developed the number of wires would be impossible to keep in order.

"What will happen is this: Instead of the messages being deciphered at Belmar, put on the wires to us, and then delivered in the usual way, they will be relayed by the automatic instruments at Belmar on to wires for New York, Chicago or San Francisco without being interfered with at all. I do not see why there should be any limit to the distance. You see how much quicker it will be, and it will also mean that the messages will pass through fewer hands and so will have fewer errors. A short time back the corporation handled some of its cables for a few days by this system, and incoming messages passed through Belmar and New Brunswick, respectively, without an operator, having anything to do with them until they arrived in our office in Broad Street.

"Undoubtedly we shall do the same thing with France and other European countries. In a short time an operator ought to be able to tap an ordinary telegraph key at Seattle, and his flashes speed across the continent, be relayed onto the wireless station at New Brunswick and away over the Atlantic to Europe. An amplifier is used at the receiving end, so that the sounds may be as clear as possible.

"In any case, it is a great jump forward and its commercial possibilities are well worth the time spent on it. When we really get the system in working order, we shall be able to deal with as many cables as are handed to us, and the rates will be exactly the same as they are now."

ENRIGHT'S TICKET WINS.

The Police Lieutenants' Association Elects Officers Backed by Him.

The ticket backed by Police Commissioner Enright at the annual election of officers of the Police Lieutenants' Association, held in the Police Club in Riverside Drive yesterday, was elected, according to a statement made by officers of the club last night. Lieutenant John H. Ayres, head of the Missing Persons' Bureau at Police Headquarters, was re-elected President of the organization over Lieutenant Thomas P. Cummings, head of the opposition faction, by a vote of 270 to 168.

Lieutenant Harry Eason was re-elected First Vice President, defeating Lieutenant Thomas F. Wynne, a strong supporter of Lieutenant Cummings, by a vote of 254 to 181, and Lieutenant Francis J. Finn was re-elected Recorder, defeating Lieutenant Thomas J. McCormick by a vote of 241 to 192. Other officers re-elected were unopposed.

WOMAN FOUND $150,000 OF CERTIFICATES IN CAB

Couldn't Discover Owner, Says Husband—Quarrel Now Over Their Disposition.

GARY, Ind., Dec. 17.—Publication here today of a story concerning a dispute between Charles S. Jagger, Herman Faber, a dry goods merchant, and Justice of the Peace Benjamin Laube over the ownership of several thousand dollars' worth of United States certificates of indebtedness brought to light the fact that Jagger had nearly $150,000 of the certificates, which he said his wife had found, loosely folded, in a Chicago taxicab last March.

Jagger said he had advertised in Chicago and New York papers in an effort to find the owner of the certificates, but without avail." He charged that Faber had obtained three ten-thousand-dollar bonds from Mrs. Jagger, on the ground that he wanted to examine them. Jagger said also he had given a five-thousand-dollar certificate to the Justice of the Peace, who was investigating it, with a view to finding the owner.

Faber and Laube, in statements tonight, declared the certificates had been given to them by Jagger with a request that they be cashed, and they asserted sums of money had been paid over.

Laube said that Jagger told him he would pay a certain amount to handle the cashing of a $10,000 United States certificate of indebtedness. "I accepted his proposition," said Laube, "and obtained a loan on the bond at the First National Bank of Gary and gave the money to Jagger."

MRS. SPRECKELS IN RENO.

Takes Up Residence There, but Attorney Refuses to Reveal Her Plans.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Dec. 17.—Mrs. John D. Spreckels Jr., second wife of the son of the sugar man, is now making her home in Reno. She arrived two weeks ago with her four-year-old daughter and her sister, Mrs. Griggs. On registering at the Riverside Hotel on her first arrival she gave the name of Mrs. Smith.

Her attorney, A. N. Salisbury, made arrangements for the party to occupy a private residence on Hill Street. He refuses to state her plans.

Mrs. Spreckels was Miss Sidi Wirt, daughter of Edward Wirt of Kansas City, a cattle man and real estate operator. She was married to Mr. Spreckels in 1915, soon after Mr Spreckels's first wife obtained a final decree of divorce. They had met a few months before in Chicago, where Miss Wirt was staying with friends. Miss Wirt had been a pupil of Leandro Campanari, studying for a stage career.

Mr. Spreckels is 38 and his wife eleven years his junior. Mr. and Mrs. Spreckels had been abroad for some time, returning in October.

While she was living at a West End hotel in London and Mr. Spreckels was in Norway her solicitors asked the London police to start extradition proceedings against William Barrett, an American and husband of Alice Drexel of Philadelphia, on a charge of stealing jewels worth $100,000 which she had intrusted to him last June. On her arrival here in October she said that she intended to continue the proceedings against Barrett. She also said at that time that her husband would return here from Norway to join her and that they would return to London together.

Barrett was arrested in California and released after an investigation.

MARTENS AWAITS ORDERS.

Has Referred Deportation Decision to Bolshevist Chiefs.

Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, the Soviet representative in America, whose deportation was ordered by the Department of Labor, gave out a statement yesterday in which he said his action would be determined by instructions received from the Bolshevist authorities at Moscow, to whom the decision has been communicated.

Martens added that the decision means that no representative of the Soviet will be allowed to enter the United States, but he expresses doubt that the precedent will stand.

Gives Dinner to Charles S. Davison.

The American Defense Society gave a dinner last night at the University Club, Fifty-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue, to the retiring Chairman, Charles Stewart Davison, who had charge of all its activities during the war. Huntington Hooker, the new Chairman, spoke of the necessity that the lessons of the war were properly learned, and urged that good relations be maintained with America's two great war allies, France and Great Britain.

BARBEY HOME BURNS; FIRE A MYSTERY

Residence, One of the Finest in Tuxedo Park, Is Totally Destroyed.

FAMILY AT PALM BEACH

Flames Bursting Through Roof When Firemen Arrive—Loss Put at $200,000 to $300,000.

Special to The New York Times.

TUXEDO PARK, Dec. 17.—The home of Pierre Lorillard Barbey, one of the largest in this section, burned tonight, only part of the walls remaining. The firemen were helpless, because of the start the blaze had; when they reached the scene the entire building was in flames.

Just what caused the fire is not known. There was no caretaker, and the family is in Palm Beach. Two men were engaged in laying a porch, but they quit work before the fire was discovered at 6 o'clock. So far as is known there was no fire in the building, the heating plant being out of service while the family was absent, but it is thought possible that some one might have gained entrance and started a fire after the workmen had left—either a tramp or a burglar.

The fire was first noticed breaking out of one of the lower windows. It spread rapidly, and when the Fire Department reached the grounds the blaze was through the roof. A strong wind was blowing and fanned the flames fiercely. Fortunately the wind blew over the lake, or other houses might have been set on fire from the showers of sparks.

Lines were stretched and a few streams thrown on the fire, but they made no impression. By midnight nothing was left but some of the brick walls and a mass of charred and smoldering beams. The furnishings and building were valued at between $200,000 and $300,000.

Structural steel work on quick order is another feature of McClintic-Marshall service. Small work is handled by a separate department through a separate shop, in order to facilitate execution and delivery.

McClintic-Marshall Company
General Offices: Pittsburgh, Pa.
New York Chicago San Francisco
Paris London

McClintic-Marshall
Steel Bridges & Buildings

ADVERTISEMENT.



CUTICURA
PROMOTES THICK HAIR

Cuticura Soap shampoos preceded by touches of Cuticura Ointment to spots of dandruff, itching and irritation are most successful. These fragrant emollients help save the hair, clear the skin and meet every want of the toilet and bath.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 6M, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

MAIN STREET
By Sinclair Lewis
"Ranks with "The Scarlet Letter."
—William Allen White.
Seventh large printing. $2.00.
Harcourt, Brace & Howe, 1 W. 47th St., N. Y.

JUST LIKE PICKING UP MONEY!

YOUR CHANCE TO BAG A BIG SAVING



ULSTERS & ULSTERETTES
AT LESS THAN THE COST OF MAKING.
The finest of fleecy fabrics, smart, snappy styles and tailoring that is a monument to the perfection of American work in fit, finish and fashion.

THESE GARMENTS WERE MADE TO SELL from SEVENTY to NINETY dollars.

YOUR CHOICE NOW $42

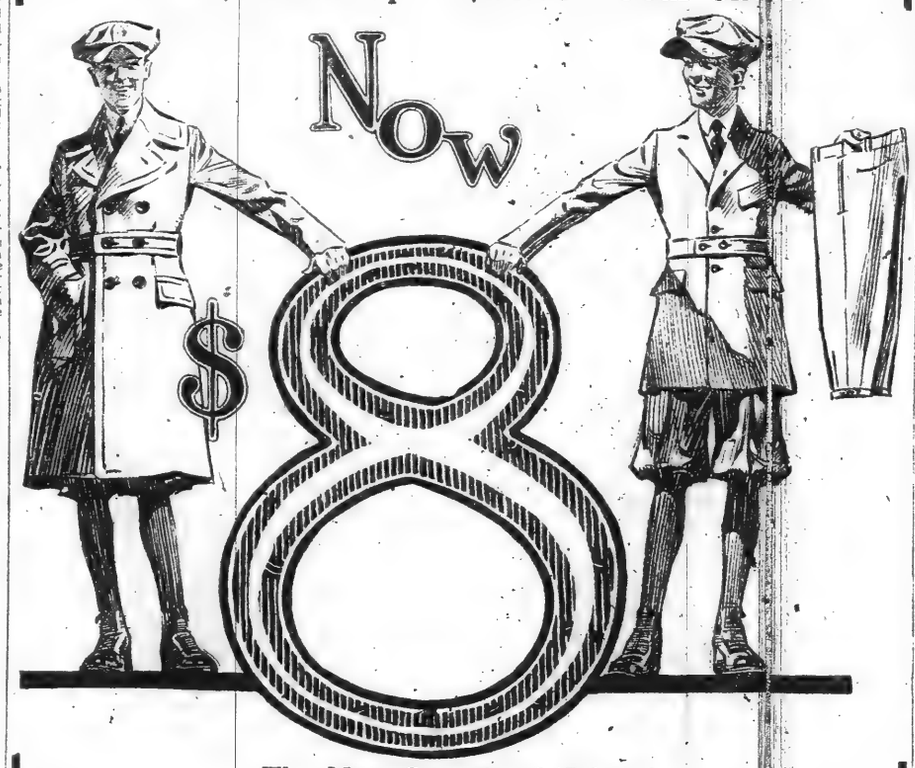
Specially designed for the most critical of men. Satin lined, quilted lined, quarter lined or full lined. Plaid back, belted back or belts all round. Some with raglan shoulders

B'way & 51st St.
B'way & 9th St.
Arnheim
30 East 42d St.
19 East 41st St.

Monroe Jr. Clothes

MOTHERS: 6000

BOYS' ALL WOOL OVERCOATS
BOYS' ALL WOOL MACKINAWS
BOYS' 2 PANTS SUITS
Were $15 and Up to $24.75---Your Choice



The Most Sensational Sale of Boys' Clothings EVER Known.

4000 BOYS' ALL WOOL OVERCOATS and TWO PANTS SUITS
(Sizes 8 to 18)
That were $28.75, $32.50 and $34.75.
Now $13

2000 CHILDREN'S NOVELTY SUITS
(Sizes 3 to 10)
That were $10.00, $12.50 and $15.00.
Now $5

REMEMBER, ALL MONROE SHOPS ARE UPSTAIRS. COME UP AND BUY YOUR YOUR BOY'S XMAS CLOTHES TODAY AT LESS THAN HALF.

OPEN TONIGHT UNTIL 10.

MANHATTAN
42nd Street cor. B'way
50 E. 42nd " " Madison
Nassau " " Frankfort
5 Cortlandt " " B'way
14th St. opp. Acad. Music
34th Street, cor. Broadway
46th Street & Broadway
59th " at Col. Circle
125th " cor. 7th Ave.
181st " cor. St.Nich's Av.



BRONX
Bergen Ave. at 149th St.
BROOKLYN
413 Fulton Street
587 Fulton at Flatbush
NEWARK—151 Market Street
JERSEY CITY—Newark Ave. at Bay
PATERSON—229 Main Street
YONKERS—Getty Square
ALBANY, N.Y.—Corner N. Pearl and State Sts.
SCRANTON—Cor. Lackawanna Ave.
BALTIMORE—Cor. Light and Baltn. Sts.

Phenomenal Values
in Men's High-Character
OVERCOATS & SUITS

WHILE other firms are still stocked with merchandise bought during the high-price period, our recent Removal Sale cleared ours entirely. This puts us in a position to take advantage of the big break in the woolen market and to out-value all other stores.

You save from $12 to $39 Per Garment

$45 & $40 Suits and Overcoats, $27.50
$55 & $50 Fashionable Models, $33.50
$75 & $60 High-grade Overcoats, $44.50
$95 & $80 Imported Styles, $55.50

The finest domestic and foreign fabrics. Every smart, refined, desirable style. Excellent tailoring. Money back with a smile. Alterations free.

EXTRA! Merino Underwear 95c

Matthews

Brushed Wool MUFFLERS $2.45

1181 Broadway, Cor. 28th St.

Astonishing Savings!
Hart Schaffner & Marx
$135, $125, $100 Overcoats
$72.50

Luxurious Meltons, Vicunas, Shetlands, Elysians, Fleeces, Kerseys, Duffle-friezes, and Camel's hair weaves.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Fine All-Wool Suits
$35
Values up to $65

They are mostly broken lines of fine suits resulting from the tremendous buying that greeted our recent sales announcements.

Greatest Boys' Suit and Overcoat Sale in Years!
$10.50
Originally priced up to $30

Hart Schaffner & Marx made them; they are the finest boys' clothes made—priced now at much less than it cost to make them! Sizes: 8 to 19.

Full Dress or Tuxedo
(Coat and Trousers)
$58
Made to sell at $85 and $75

Scrupulously tailored by Hart Schaffner & Marx; correct down to the last detail that constitutes fine Dress Clothes tailoring.

Fine Overcoats
$50
Made to sell at $85, $80, $75

These beautiful Hart Schaffner & Marx Overcoats at $50 afford another shining instance of what we are doing to provide good clothes at less money.

Ladies' Overcoats
only at Broadway, cor. 29th
$49.50
Made to retail at $85 and $75

Guaranteed to satisfy you in every particular or your money back. As finely tailored as our Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes for men.

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

THE MORRIS PLAN
Save Now
The Safe Way—The Easy Way
The Morris Plan Way
5% on $1.00 or more—money withdrawable at any time under reasonable regulations
6% on $100 or more invested for yearly periods in our Morris Plan Trust Notes
Residents of New York saved more than $300,000 last month on The Morris Plan
CALL TODAY OR SEND YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS TO
The Morris Plan Co. of New York
Resources over $8,000,000 Under Supervision of N.Y. State Banking Department
Main Office 261 Broadway (Opposite City Hall)
Union Sq. Branch 1 Union Square
Bronx Branch 391 East 149th Street
Brooklyn Branch 26 Court Street (Opposite Borough Hall)

"THE House With a Bad Name" is enveloped in a secret which grows tenser and more baffling with each succeeding chapter with its weird happenings. A fascinating mystery story of an entirely novel kind, by Perley Poore Sheehan. All bookstores. Boni & Liveright, N. Y.

If You Are Tired or Need a Change YOU WILL FIND THE WELDON HOTEL GREENFIELD, MASS. One of the most comfortable in New England. It affords all home comforts without extravagance.

A CHRISTMAS APPEAL! NEW YORK'S 100 NEEDIEST FAMILIES—SEE SECTION 7

Section 1 | "All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Generally fair today and Monday; no change in temperature; fresh west winds.
For full weather report see Page 28.

Section 1

VOL. LXX....No. 22,975. NEW YORK, SUNDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1920. In Eight Parts, Including Rotogravure Picture Section, Book and Magazine Section. FIVE CENTS In Manhattan, Bronx, and Brooklyn | Elsewhere TEN CENTS

LEAGUE ASSEMBLY ENDS; DELEGATES PRAISE ITS WORK

Closing Marked by Expressions of Confidence as Well as Clash on Mandates.

BALFOUR DEFIES ASSEMBLY

Announces That Its Views on Mandates Will Be Ignored—Cecil Takes Him to Task.

CALL LEAGUE A SUCCESS

Now a Living Organism, Says Hymans—"Satisfied Friends, Disappointed Enemies," Canadian Adds.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Dec. 18 (By telephone to Paris).—The first Assembly of the League of Nations adjourned tonight after five weeks' work. It will meet again the first Monday in September, 1921.

At the closing session today M. Hymans, President of the Assembly, and M. Motta, President of the Swiss Republic, and the Assembly's hosts made congratulatory speeches stating that the work of the Assembly had made the League a living, working organization.

The last day's session marked the climax of the fight between the Assembly and Council as to which was the controlling body in the League. The Assembly lost. The Council stands as the controlling power in nearly every matter except the admission of members, appropriation of money, making agreements and the passing of vocus resolutions. The admission is privately made that the amendment commission will be rushed between now and the next meeting with amendments intended to clip the Council's wings. But unanimous consent of the Council and member nations composing the Council is needed for any amendment to pass. Only the force of public opinion can change the present arrangement, which does so much to increase the sympathy of the United Nations.

Balfour Claims a Free Hand.

The climax came in the Assembly was in the act of passing a resolution that powers holding territory under mandates should not exploit them or raise armies therefrom. Mr. Balfour of England rose and said that the British proposed to retain entire freedom of action in this respect as a member of the Council regardless of what the Assembly did today or any other day. This was at least a clear statement of the case, in previous dispatches I have tried to tell how the commission attempted not to hand over Class A mandates to the Assembly and succeeded in preventing public discussion on what the big powers intended to do with the territory held under mandates.

The Assembly Commission, not being able to make recommendations as to what the big powers should do, made a report on what they should not do. Presenting it, Dr. Nansen, Chairman of Commission No. 6, said that the mandate question was a real test of the League's sincerity. The enemies of the League had said that mandates were just a new name for hypocrisy and to disguise annexations. He said the difficulties in the way of public discussion raise doubt and he wished to warn the Council that it was skating on thin ice in appearing to fear publicity.

Lord Robert Cecil then spoke. He had led the fight against the old-time diplomacy of the big powers as exemplified in the conduct of the Council. This good friend of the League wished the last day to pass smoothly, but Mr. Balfour apparently could not resist the temptation to register the Council's victory in big letters.

"There is controversial aspect and constructive aspect," said Cecil. "I don't wish to emphasize our controversies. Controversy is a barren thing, and I don't think it useful to occupy the Assembly's time with controversy."

Cecil Demands Mandate Publicity.

Lord Robert Cecil reviewed the situation of the Class A mandates and made the recommendation that the big powers should throw off the veil of secrecy over the mandates.

"I have consistently urged on the League the wisdom of publicity," he said. "I know, unhappily, that some members consider my view unpractical. That does not change my mind. The League is about to enter the most difficult period of its existence. Until now we have been setting up the organization machinery. We are now to be called on to act in many great international questions. I know the danger in trying to do too much. There is also danger in trying to do too little. If we fail into the latter the League will sink into anemia and inanition. It will lose the confidence of the world and sink into that limbo which contains so many efforts at the improvement of the human race.

"We have enemies, bitter enemies. There are the militarists, who believe there is only one way to settle human disputes—war. There are the bureaucrats, who can't believe that the system in which they were brought up is unfit for modern conditions. There are the reactionaries, frightened at anything new. There are the revolutionaries,

Continued on Page Six.

Looking for a Furnished Room?
Every furnished room appearing in THE EVENING MAIL'S daily "Certified" list has been inspected and approved as being clean, sanitary and respectable.—Advt.

Make your Xmas Dinner a complete success. Serve BELL-ANS after eating. Advt.

Villa Appeals to Obregon To Guard Him From Bandits

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Francisco Villa, once the leading Mexican rebel leader, who made his peace with the de la Huerta Government last Summer and retired to a large estate at Canutillo, in Durango, given him by the Government, has complained to President Obregon that bandits robbed him of 200 head of horses.

Villa asks for more adequate protection from marauding bands.

RUMELY CONVICTED; JURY ASKS MERCY

Verdict Finds German Government Furnished Money to Buy The Evening Mail.

HIS CODEFENDANTS GUILTY

Kaufmann and Lindheim Declared in Conspiracy to Defraud the United States.

After being out nearly twenty-four hours, the jury before whom Dr. Edward A. Rumely, former publisher of The Evening Mail, and S. Walter Kaufmann and Norvin R. Lindheim, of the law firm of Hays, Kaufmann & Lindheim, have been on trial in the United States District Court, returned a verdict of guilty on two of the five counts in the indictment charging them with conspiring to defraud the Government by concealing the alleged German ownership in The Mail. The jury maintained that no money used in the purchase of The Evening Mail was sent to Dr. Rumely by the Imperial German Government and disagreed the contention that the Government owned stock in the paper, as was charged in the first to five counts in the indictment. The jury made a strong recommendation for mercy for the defendants.

There were probably a hundred persons in the courtroom when Judge William I. Grubb took his seat and the jury entered. The jurors went out at 5:45 o'clock Friday afternoon and, except for the time spent in the Hotel McAlpin during the night, had been occupied in considering the evidence and going over the many exhibits. They returned to the courtroom nothing at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, and as soon as court opened the exhibits of checks and the notes containing various entries were sent into the jury room. It was 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon when the jurors agreed.

When the defendants stood up to listen to the verdict they were calm, but Mrs. Rumely, who was seated near her husband, gave way to tears. The maximum penalty for the offenses of which they were held guilty is said to be two years' imprisonment and a fine of $10,000.

Dr. Rumely and Kaufmann were indicted on Aug. 2, 1918. It was charged that on Dec. 8, 1917, eight months after this country entered the war, Dr. Rumely made a false statement to the Alien Property Custodian. He had purchased The Mail in June, 1915, for $750,000, and he alleged that the late Herman Sielcken, the "coffee king" of Germany, an American citizen, who was then residing in Baden-Baden, had put up the money.

The Government contended that the amount involved in the transfer of the paper to the control of Dr. Rumely was $1,451,700, and that the money came from the German Government. In a deposition made in Switzerland this year by Dr. Heinrich F. Albert, the German fiscal agent in this country, he declared he gave Dr. Rumely $750,000 for Sielcken to purchase the newspaper, and later gave him other sums.

In April, 1919, a new indictment was found against the two defendants and in this Mr. Lindheim was included.

HIS MIND A BLANK FOR EIGHTEEN MONTHS

Patient at Dubuque Only Remembers Leaving Canadian Army in July, 1919.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, Dec. 18.—Efforts on the part of psychoanalysists to make the normal mind of a stranger at Finley Hospital function, have been fruitless, according to Dr. A. M. Pond, who has had charge of the amnesia case since the young man entered his office here a week ago and asked to be taken care of.

Link by link the chain of identity is being established. Amnesia, scientists assert, is the strangest affliction of the human race.

Descriptions of the stranger state that he is about 25 years of age, has brown eyes, dark complexion, black hair, black moustache, five foot six inches in height and wears clothing of fine texture. He carries a sterling silver cigarette case with W. G. D. on it, initials on his cuff links are A. D. He has a Geneva watch.

Although he remembers he was discharged from the army at Toronto, Canada, in July, 1919, and a railroad wreck that occurred two days prior near Amherst, Canada, the last several months have been a blank.

He came to Dubuque from Chicago, where it is thought he spent several hours. The youth is conversant with the East and West and remembers distinctly the Overland Trail of the Yukon in Alaska. He is well educated, and speaks French as fluently as English and with all the idioms acquired only when taught in childhood.

Pinehurst, N. C.—Golf and all other sports. Many championship events. Thru Pullman, Penn., 3:48 P. M. daily.—Advt.

PALL MALL Reduce round in shape—a better class shape.—Advt.

IRISH TRUCE FAILS, PREMIER REJECTING REPUBLIC DEMAND

Father O'Flanagan Finally Asserts That Only de Valera Can Make Peace.

CALLS BRITAIN FIENDISH

And Accuses Lloyd George of Bad Faith—Latter Says This Closes the Door.

INTENSIFIED WARFARE ON

Police and Sinn Fein Activities Increase—Home Rule Bill Is Still Unsettled.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The correspondence which has been going on between Premier Lloyd George and the Rev. Father Michael O'Flanagan, Vice President of the Sinn Fein, in an effort to secure a truce between England and the Sinn Fein organization, apparently has been brought to an end.

Father O'Flanagan, in his latest message to Mr. Lloyd George, declares that the only way to reconciliation is by direct negotiations with the official head of the Irish nation—President de Valera."

In his reply, sent today, the Prime Minister said: "This attitude closes the door to those counsels of good-will which you invoked by beginning this correspondence."

Father O'Flanagan's message read:

"While sending, through a message, peace and good-will to the people of Ireland, your Government have intensified their fiendish attacks upon our lives, our liberty and our property.

"How hollow your fair words read in the newspapers, sandwiched in between the burning of Cork and the murder of Canon Magner and Timothy Crowley.

"If you really wish for peace, allow the constitution adopted by the Irish people at the last general election to perform its legitimate functions, and acts of violence will soon become as rare in Ireland as in any of the most peaceful nations of the world. Then arrange the terms of a treaty by direct negotiations with the official head of the Irish nation—President De Valera. This is the only possible road to that reconciliation which vitally interests both nations."

Mr. Lloyd George replied as follows:

"I had hoped that with moderation and common sense on both sides it might have been possible to reach an understanding which would put a stop to strife in Ireland and pave the way to a reconciliation. You now imply that in your judgment the only road to peace is the recognition of an Irish republic and the negotiation of a treaty with some one you designate as the official head and president of that republic.

"I have never failed to make it clear that there is no possibility of a settlement so long as the Sinn Fein demands an Irish republic, and that though I am willing to explore every avenue toward an honorable, constitutional settlement, there is no road to peace so long as the Sinn Fein persists in trying to compel any settlement by means of assassination and violence.

"The only way to peace is that the leaders of the Sinn Fein should recognize these fundamental facts. Their present policy is only leading Ireland ever nearer to chaos and ruin.

"I deeply regret that you should close the door to those counsels of goodwill which you invoked at the beginning of this correspondence."

Resume Intensified Warfare.

DUBLIN, Dec. 18.—Intensified warfare marked the close of an eventful week in Ireland. Extensive raids and wholesale arrests by the police and military and the increased activity of the Irish republican army in attacking the crown forces will make up the news in the Irish papers tomorrow. Little will be published about the efforts of the peacemakers to bring about a settlement.

Martial Law Circular No. 1," issued over the signature of General Sir Nevil Macready today, says that all the forces of the Crown may rest assured that so long as in trying to restore order they do not exceed what is reasonably necessary for the purpose, they will have full approval and support. But all are warned against the commission of offenses against the person or property of any resident, the breaking into any house in search of plunder or the molesting of a sentry protecting a person or property.

Any person subject to military law committing any of these offenses will be liable to court-martial and sentence of death.

A lorry with military and police was ambushed this morning a mile from Ennistimon, County Clare. Fierce fighting ensued, lasting several hours. Four soldiers and two policemen were wounded and some Lewis guns were captured.

A large unexploded bomb was picked up in Merrion Square yesterday.

Revolvers, ammunition, gunpowder and eighty-eight sticks of gelignite were captured in a combined police and military raid on a rebel ammunition store at Templemore today.

The ambushing of two military lorries yesterday between Mitchelstown, County Cork, and Galbally, County Limerick, was officially announced today. Two

Continued on Page Three.

THREE ROOMS AND BATH, just completed, all new furnishings, at the most attractive rates in town. Hotel Manhattan Square, 59 West 77th Street.—Advt.

Water Fronts, Factories and Factory Sites. Floyd S. Corbin, 10 Wall St. Rector 8181.—Advt.

Stephens Calls West Outpost Of White Civilization

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Dec. 18.—Governor Stephens today sent to Pacific Coast members of Congress a letter accompanying a copy of the State Board of Control report on alien land property and asking their support in anti-alien legislation or discussion in Congress.

The letter declares the West is "the outpost of white civilization and must stand as a unit to resist the encroachment of the Japanese and other Oriental races."

NAVY COURT CLEARS MARINES IN HAITI

Finds Only Two Unjustifiable Homicides and Asserts Guilty in Each Were Disciplined.

GEN. BARNETT IS CENSURED

'There Were No Proper Grounds' for Charges, It Is Said, and Work of Corps Is Praised.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The Naval Court of Inquiry sent to Haiti to investigate charges by Brig. Gen. George Barnett, former commandant of the Marine Corps, that "practically indiscriminate killing of natives has been going on for some time," a charge that was repeated by Senator Harding in his campaign for President, has given a clean bill of health to the marines in Haiti. It finds that "there were no proper grounds" for General Barnett's statement, praises the work of the marines in Haiti, and declares that where unjustifiable "homicides" were committed the cases were isolated and due to individuals who were subjected to disciplinary action.

The report and findings of the court were made public by the Secretary of the Navy today shortly after he received them, with the announcement that they had been approved by him and Major Gen. Lejeune, commandant of the Marine Corps. The members of the court returned to Washington recently and concluded their sessions at the Navy Department.

No statement as to what course he would take on the basis of the findings was obtainable from Secretary Daniels, but it is gathered at the Navy Department that no disciplinary action will be taken against General Barnett or any other person. The understanding at the Navy Department appears to be that the critical references of the court to General Barnett's charges are sufficient to meet the case.

General Barnett Is Criticised.

The impression was gathered in naval circles today that the Navy Department held the opinion that General Barnett had made an error of judgment in permitting a personal letter containing his reference to the alleged "indiscriminate killing of natives," which he had addressed to the commanding officer of the marines to Hayti, to become part of the official records of the Marine Corps. In testifying before the court General Barnett modified his original charge contained in the personal letter.

The court was composed of Rear Admiral Mayo, former Commander in Chief of the Atlantic Fleet; Rear Admiral Oliver and Major Gen. Neville of the Marine Corps. Major Jesse I. Dyer of the Marine Corps was judge advocate of the court.

The court's conclusions, as given to the press by the Navy Department, were as follows:

"The court, having thoroughly inquired into all the facts and circumstances connected with the allegations contained in the precept and having considered the evidence adduced, finds as follows:

"1. The court finds that two unjustifiable homicides have been committed, one each, by two of the personnel of the United States naval service which has served in Haiti since July 28, 1915, and that sixteen other serious acts of violence have been perpetrated against citizens of Haiti during the same period by individuals of such personnel.

"2. The court finds further that these offenses were all isolated acts of individuals and that in every case the responsible party was duly brought to trial before a general court-martial, convicted and sentenced.

"3. The court has found no evidence of the commission of any other unjustifiable homicides or other serious unjustifiable acts of oppression or of violence against any of the citizens of Haiti or unjustifiable damage or destruction of their property caused by any of the personnel in question.

Urges No Further Action.

"4. In view of the fact that the only unjustifiable acts found by the court to have been committed are those wherein disciplinary action has already been taken and where no further proceedings could be had in the matter, the court has not deemed it necessary to report further upon the question of responsibility.

"Referring to paragraph 2 of the precept, it is the conclusion of the court that there have been no proper grounds for the statement that 'practically indiscriminate killing of natives has been going on for some time,' as alleged in the letter from Brigadier General George Barnett, U. S. Marine Corps, to

Continued on Page Fourteen.

FLORIDA INFORMATION AT Atlantic Coast Line Railroad office, 1346 B'way (32nd St.) Tel. Longacre 8883.—Advt.

With BELL-ANS your Xmas Dinner will be a success.—Advt.

KAPLAN REVEALS LOCKWOOD SPLIT; ASSAILS COUNSEL

Declares Untermyer Resolution for Clemency to Contractors Had Been Defeated.

INSISTS WALLSTEIN QUIT

Resignation Torn Up and "Camouflage" Motion Adopted, Senator Asserts.

SAYS RESULTS WERE LOST

Chairman Denies Committee Was Responsible for Fines—Only One Democrat Against Leniency.

Internal dissension in the Lockwood committee, of which indication had been given the preceding day by the insistence of Senator Abraham Kaplan that the committee go on record in favor of prison terms for guilty contractors instead of fines, continued in evidence yesterday. Senator Kaplan, saying he considered himself released from a pledge not to discuss what took place in the executive meeting of the committee by Senator Lockwood's action in making public a telegram to Samuel Untermyer, declared that a resolution, proposed by Mr. Untermyer, indorsing the recommendation to fine the cut-stone contractors, was beaten by a vote of 4 to 3, and that Leonard M. Wallstein, associate counsel of the committee, had advocated prison terms instead of fines as a method of punishment and had handed in his written resignation.

Senator Lockwood said that the cut-stone contractors had already given valuable information concerning men "higher up." Mr. Wallstein, who was still functioning as one of the committee's counsel, declined to discuss his resignation except to say that what took place at an executive session was not a proper matter for public discussion and that the resolution, passed by the committee expressing confidence in its counsel, was satisfactory to him.

Senator Kaplan said that Senator Lockwood was one of those who voted against the resolution first presented, and which specifically endorsed the arrangement for recommending leniency for the cut-stone contractors in return for information, which the committee was said to expect to use in a further investigation of the Court House limestone contract. In view of the charge that Senator Kaplan attempted to use the temporary Democratic majority on the committee to get through his resolution, his assertion that he was the only Democrat to vote against the resolution endorsing the alleged Untermyer program was considered of interest.

Says Lockwood Violated Rules.

Senator Kaplan said:

"The telegram of Chairman Lockwood sent to Samuel Untermyer last night is a violation of the rules of the committee which make executive sessions secret. It does not state what occurred in executive session yesterday.

"Since Senator Lockwood has seen fit to make this statement as to what occurred, it is my duty to state the facts. It must first be remembered that I fought to have the hearing held in open and public session and that my motion was overruled and my right to appeal cut off without reason.

"When the committee went into session, after a discussion, Mr. Untermyer insisted upon obtaining a resolution supporting him in his desire for a fine against the limestone ring. He drafted the resolution in his own handwriting and it was put to a vote.

"Mr. Untermyer's resolution was defeated by a vote of 4 to 3, at least two Republicans voting against the resolution. Senator Lockwood voted against Mr. Untermyer's resolution and his was the fourth vote necessary to defeat it. I voted against the resolution.

"Up to this time Mr. Wallstein had not engaged in the discussion, but he finally stated that he wanted to express his views. He said he was opposed to a fine against the limestone ring and was in favor of a jail term. He then wrote out his resignation and gave it to Senator Lockwood. At this time Mr. Untermyer left and Senator Lockwood redrafted a resolution which was neutral in form and substance. It simply sidetracked the defeat of the Untermyer resolution.

"I voted against this camouflaged resolution, but stated that I approved of that part of its substance which expressed confidence in counsel, the court and prosecuting authority, and which congratulated counsel on the wonderful results produced.

Calls It "Window Dressing."

"This I declared to be the window dressing part of the resolution and said what I was opposed to was to see the limestone ring walk out of court with a fine when its members had mulcted the people out of millions of dollars and seriously hampered and interfered with the building situation during the crisis. I said that I was willing to offer my services to convict these men and all other violators of the law, including those against whom they could testify, without charge to the State or city.

"If these men had anything of value by way of information, counsel should have asked for a postponement of sentence until this information could be used and its value weighed. I urged

Continued on Page Eight.

Seaboard Florida Limited—Train De Luxe. Solid Pullman with Club and Observation Cars Lv. N. Y. 4:30 P. M. daily, commencing Jan. 3. Make reservations now. 1184 B'way.—Advt.

ADOPT POLICE ZONES, CALL RESERVES TO REDUCE THE CITY'S CRIME WAVE; ONE HOLD-UP YESTERDAY, ROBBER CAUGHT

Enright Sends Hylan List of 12 Precautions Taken in Effort to Suppress Wave of Crime

Mayor Hylan received the following letter from Police Commissioner Enright yesterday:

Dec. 18, 1920.

Hon. John E. Hylan, Mayor:

My Dear Mr. Mayor: I have the honor to report to you precautions which have been taken to cope with crime conditions confronting the people of this city:

1. Thirty-five automobiles have been secured, and many of the most experienced detectives in the department have been organized into an emergency auto squad to aid in hunting down the desperate criminals who are attempting to operate in this city.
2. Detectives will travel throughout the city on day and night patrol, on foot and in automobiles, working in co-operation with members of the uniformed force.
3. I have ordered all men on vacation to return to duty.
4. Officers in various precincts have been requested to do an extra tour in uniform, or in plain clothes after their regular tours of patrol.
5. Special Deputy Police Commissioner Wanamaker, in charge of the Police Reserves, has been requested to have as many members of the Police Reserves as possible report for duty on the streets in uniform, for day and night tours.
6. Pending the delivery of eighty motorcycles with side cars, for which funds were recently granted by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, motorcycle men have been directed to keep up an intensive patrol in all parts of the city.
7. Police Inspectors and Captains have been ordered to remain on active duty continuously in their district and precincts.
8. Officers in uniform or in plain clothes are directed to stop and investigate all automobiles and their occupants of which they have the slightest suspicion. Good citizens who may be stopped should take no offense at this procedure.
9. Fifty additional men of experience have been placed in the Detective Bureau.
10. There has been a considerable increase in the number of men in uniform and plain clothes stationed along Fifth Avenue and in the financial district.
11. The existing working schedules for all ranks have been suspended, and we have returned to the working schedules in use several years ago, which exacted more hours of duty. The return to these duty schedules will mean substantially an increase in the number of men on duty at all hours of the day and night of approximately 600. While this will require more service, the members of the department will willingly make the necessary sacrifice.
12. I have requested the Judges and District Attorneys in the different boroughs to bring to speedy trial all criminals, especially those out on bail and who have been rearrested for other crimes. It has been the custom in the courts to give preference to prison cases and permit bail cases to wait until the prisons are cleared. Many men on bail have committed other serious crimes.

The clever and vicious professional criminals can secure bail much easier than others, and when they are out they continue their operations. They not only continue their operations, but influence and direct others to commit crimes.

Surety companies giving bail make it comparatively easy for many of the vicious element to secure bail, when bail could not be obtained from responsible citizens. Before these cases are tried witnesses die, disappear or sometimes their memories become blank, and as a result many of the vicious criminals go unwhipped of justice.

If the District Attorneys and Judges will co-operate with this department by providing for speedy trials, and more severe sentences, it will greatly aid in ridding the city of this criminal element.

There seems to be a concerted action on the part of certain newspapers to embarrass this department and to destroy its morale, in the face of the dangerous conditions which have confronted us for the last three years.

This department has energetically engaged in the suppression of vice, gambling and like crime, and we are carrying on an effective campaign against these vicious elements.

Very truly yours,

R. E. ENRIGHT, Police Commissioner.

ASKS HIGHER BAIL TO CUT DOWN CRIME

District Attorney Swann Believes This Will Prevent Many Present Offenses.

'NONSENSE,' SAYS CORRIGAN

Magistrate Wants Sentiment and Probation Dropped and 'Crooks Treated as Crooks.'

Defects in the present bonding system, which permit criminals to operate while out on bail awaiting trial, and the apparent need for higher bail in cases of crimes of violence, were brought to the attention of the public yesterday when Judge John F. McIntyre in General Sessions held Lawrence Hawthorne, the Hotel Astor burglar, in $100,000 bond for trial. This is one of the largest bonds for a crime of this kind in the history of the criminal courts.

It was hailed with approval by the police and the District Attorney's office, and as part of the same movement to make it harder for criminals awaiting trial to get out and repeat their crimes District Attorney Swann instructed his assistants in the Magistrates' Courts to ask for high bail in all cases of robbery and burglary.

"That's the stuff!" exclaimed George A. Lavelle, Assistant District Attorney in charge of the bail bond bureau, who for ten years has been waging a fight against bail abuses. "A few more like that will have a marked effect on the crime wave."

There was a strongly dissenting opinion, however, from Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan. He characterized the statement that much of the present crime is committed by men out on bail, and is due to the low bail so often fixed in crimes of violence, as "stuff and nonsense," and said the way to stop a crime wave is to cut out sentimentality about criminals and "treat them rough."

Few Professional Bondsmen.

There are only a few professional bondsmen now in New York, not more than five or six, Mr. Lavelle believes. Most of the bonding which used to be done by professional bondsmen using real estate—the bonding of crooks with

Continued on Page Two.

Aiken, S. C., Augusta, Ga., Asheville, N. C. Daily through sleeping cars, Penn. R. R. and Southern Railway System. 216 Marbridge Bldg., B'way & 34th. Pe. Plaza 8411.—Advt.

GETS HOLD-UP MAN WITH $10,000 LOOT

Brooklyn Policeman Captures Fugitive After Chase Over Back-Yard Fence.

FINDS HIM IN A CLOSET

Bag with Cash and Jewelry Taken from Factory Messenger by Armed Highwaymen.

A daylight holdup in Brooklyn yesterday resulted in the capture of one of the bandits by a policeman and the immediate recovery of all the booty, amounting to $10,000. The policeman who made the arrest was Sergeant Patrick Curran of the Poplar Street Station, who caught his man with the plunder after a chase over back-yard fences.

The scene of the robbery was at Pearl and Prospect Streets, Brooklyn, at noon. William McCann, a negro, and George Geoiz, messengers employed by J. B. Bowden, a manufacturing jeweler at 15 Maiden Lane, carrying a locked bag containing $2,000 in cash and $8,000 in jewelry, left the office of the concern to go to the Bowden factory, at 81 Prospect Street. The money was to be used to pay off the hands at the factory.

As McCann and Geoiz, the latter carrying the bag, approached the building, two men stopped them and, drawing revolvers, ordered them to put up their hands. One of the robbers struck Geoiz on the wrist with the butt of his revolver, and then tore the bag from his grasp. In the act the weapon was unintentionally discharged, but no one was struck by the bullet.

Heading in opposite directions, the robbers then fled. McCann started in pursuit of the man with the bag, blowing a police whistle as he ran. Hearing the shot and the whistle, Sergeant Curran, who was on Pearl Street, ran into Prospect Street just in time to see a man with a bag cart into the hallway of a tenement house.

Curran, revolver in hand, dashed after the man, following him into the back yard and over a fence into a house at 64 Adams Street. There the man vanished. Curran was looking around for him when he heard a scream from up-

Continued on Page Two.

THE GREENBRIER offers every comfort and sport during holiday season. Bookings Plaza.—Advt.

ASK (8) BELL-ANS in a Little BOY Where the DICKENSONS Quick relief.—Advt.

MANY SHIFTS MADE IN FORCE

Enright Adopts Woods's 9-Squad System, Adding 600 Men.

MORE WORK FOR OFFICERS

Patrol System to Be Reorganized to Put Lieutenants and Sergeants on Active Duty.

TO ISSUE PISTOL PERMITS

Fifth Avenue Banks Follow Example of Jewelers in Guarding Their Buildings.

While police and citizens were holding conferences to devise means for suppressing the crime which has swept over the city, bandits in Brooklyn held up two jewelry store messengers, taking money and gems valued at $10,000. One of the robbers was captured.

Banks in or near Fifth Avenue followed the example of the jewelers in stationing armed guards in and about their buildings.

Following a conference with a committee of five, representing twelve leading jewelry trades organizations, Police Commissioner Enright readily agreed to the establishment of police zones in the district between Thirty-second and Fifty-seventh Streets, and Madison Avenue and Broadway, similar to the zones in the Maiden Lane district. He likewise decided to abolish the tap-platoon system put into effect on Oct. 1 last, and revert to the old nine-platoon system, established by Arthur Woods. This arrangement, by reducing the off-duty time of policemen and detectives will be equivalent to the addition of between 500 and 600 members of the forces to continuous duty.

Commissioner Enright also expressed a willingness to cut out all red tape in the issuance of permits for persons to carry firearms. By this arrangement, about 500 former service men employed in the jewelry trades alone, will be able to procure such permits on the day they make their applications.

Jewelers' Plans Approved.

Plans for protection submitted by the jewelry trades were considered jointly by Commissioner Enright and Inspector William Lahey. They were approved, and orders were issued to assign a patrolman to each block in the section between Thirty-second and Fifty-seventh Streets and Madison Avenue and Broadway. In addition to the uniformed force sixty-five additional plain clothes men will be distributed throughout this district. Altogether there will be more than 200 members of the police and detective forces on duty in that area.

Along Fifth Avenue there will be a policeman at practically every corner, or at such short intervals that they will remain within hailing distance of each other. Likewise, the members of the plain clothes squads will be assigned along the side streets to intercept suspicious persons. Other detectives have been assigned to the district with roving commissions.

To facilitate the work of the police and the detectives the committee representing the jewelers promised to furnish Commissioner Enright tomorrow with detailed maps of the entire district showing the location of the principal buildings and their layout in which most of the members of the jewelry trade are housed. The police and detectives are expected to familiarize themselves with these maps to such an extent that they can be ready at a moment's notice to render aid in case of a hold-up or an attempted robbery.

Other Protective Steps Taken.

The results of the conference with Commissioner Enright were disclosed by De Witt A. Davidson, of Davidson & Schwab, jewelers, 128 West Forty-sixth Street, who was Chairman of the committee. He was accompanied by two representatives of the Jewelry Crafts Association, Robert L. Pisping, Secretary, and Walter P. McTigue, and by Captain William J. Fedrick Jr., Assistant Secretary of the Fifth Avenue Association. It was explained that representation on the committee was given to the Fifth Avenue Association because its membership included business men outside the jewelry trade.

Mr. Davidson said the committee of the jewelry trades, which is prepared to develop other defensive measures in the warfare on criminals, had arranged to co-operate to the fullest measure with the Police Department. The committee will meet again tomorrow or Tuesday, and meanwhile the members of the jewelry trade are rapidly arranging for their own protection by the installation of electric foot alarms similar to those used in banking institutions, and by procuring permits for their employes to carry firearms.

The committee arranged with Commissioner Enright for the rapid arming of their employes. The Commissioner was informed by the committee that many members of the trade had in their employ numerous former service men, and these will be the first to get firearm permits. The Commissioner

agreed to dispense with the formalities of having witnesses sign the applications. The indorsement of any one of the twelve jewelry trades organizations will be recognized by the Police Department.

When Mr. Davidson was asked whether any arrangement had been made to arm the employes of banking and other institutions, he said this matter had not been discussed, but concluded from Commissioner Enright's attitude that he would be willing to extend similar accommodations to other lines of business.

A conference between Mayor Hylan and Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, gave rise to a rumor that Commissioner Enright was to be replaced, but so far as could be learned the Mayor is entirely satisfied with the manner in which Commissioner Enright has handled the administration of the police.

Florello H. La Guardia, President of the Board of Aldermen, it is said, would be willing to undertake the reorganization of the Police Department at any time. The two Republican members of the City Administration, La Guardia and Henry H. Curran, Borough President of Manhattan, are closely watching the situation.

The need for better organization against criminals was formally recognized by the New York Chapter of the Military Order of the World War, which held a conference on the crime situation yesterday. It was decided that this organization, composed of commissioned officers of the army and navy and the Marine Corps, who served in the European War, should tender its services to the city. Most of the members served in France or on ships engaged in active naval service.

An emergency meeting of the entire membership of the organization will be held at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory tomorrow evening at 8:15 o'clock. The Mayor and Police Commissioner have been invited to send representatives to the meeting.

That the judiciary is aroused to the necessity of taking drastic action was demonstrated by Judge John F. McIntyre, in the Court of General Sessions, who fixed bail of $100,000 in the case of Lawrence Hawthorne when the prisoner was arraigned following his indictment for robbery. Hawthorne was arrested in the Hotel Astor on Wednesday evening, when three bandits attempted to rob two couples from New Jersey.

Mayor Hylan has been requested by the Judges of the Court of General Sessions, it was learned, to instruct the Police Department to furnish them with a list of all burglars, gunmen and other dangerous criminals, together with the records of each. The Judges also desire to procure the records of all criminals now out on second bail, explaining that it is their intention to round up all these men as soon as possible, give them a speedy trial and send them to prison if they are found guilty.

From an official in authority at Police Headquarters it was learned that there probably would be no objection to supplying the Judges with the information they desired. The practice of admitting criminals to bail was discussed and criticised by a police official connected with the Detective Bureau. He also deprecated the custom of fixing bail in such small amount that criminals could gain their freedom without difficulty. Highwaymen and burglars, it was pointed out, committed burglaries and hold-ups immediately after they got bail in order to procure money to pay their attorney fees.

It was the belief of this police official that the crime wave would soon subside if all the Judges of New York City would follow the course of Justice Morehauser of Westchester County in dealing with hold-up cases. Justice Morschauser imposed sentences of nineteen years and six months each on three criminals recently convicted of a hold-up at Newburg.

To this end District Attorney Swann instructed his assistants and deputies to request magistrates to fix higher bail for criminals following their arraignment. That easy bail permitting criminals to roam at large, plays no small part in the perpetration of crime is also the opinion of a high official of the Police Department, who advocates that heavier bail be fixed, particularly when prisoners are charged with robbery, burglary and allied crimes.

Mayor Hylan yesterday sent the following letter to Mrs. Lloyd Horton, 1,159 Fifty-first Street, Brooklyn, wife of the police lieutenant who was killed on Thursday night in his attempt to prevent the escape of a hold-up man:

"Accept my sincere sympathy in the untimely death of your brave husband. Lieutenant Horton's courage in the performance of his duties is an exemplification of the courage and bravery of the police of this city."

WAR VETERANS AS GUARDS.

Colonel Pearson to Call in Reserves to Stop Robberies.

Colonel Fred C. Pearson, who lives at Bayside and commands the Thirteenth Regiment of Police Reserves, is also foreman of the December Grand Jury which has been sitting in Queens and which has been taking evidence concerning the hold-ups and robberies in Queens. What he has heard has led him to come to the conclusion that it is time to call in the reserves in this section to assist the regular police. A week ago, just after he had undertaken his duties on the Grand Jury, Colonel Pearson's home at Bayside was entered and the burglar got away with a quantity of jewelry.

Three battalions are under the command of Colonel Pearson, who has recruited a number of World War veterans. Among the number are Captain George U. Harvey, who was a member of the "Lost Battalion"; Lieutenant A. P. Layton and E. W. Holmes, formerly of the Air Squadron, and Major C. B. Laney.

The reserves are to be called out and they will make regular rounds in cooperation with the regular police as soon as a plan of action can be determined upon.

THIEVES GET $500 FROM BOY.

Mother Sent Jersey City Lad to Have Check Cashed at Store.

Mrs. Salvatore Pecoraro yesterday sent her son Neal, 11 years old, with a check for $500 to be cashed by Loori & Reniers of 364 Fourth Street, Jersey City, a firm of merchants who have acted as bankers for Pecoraro. The check was cashed and the money wrapped in paper.

When Neal was a few steps from his home at Twelfth and Monmouth Streets, with the package of bills under his arm, two men seized him, took the money and escaped.

HELD IN JERSEY MURDER.

Farm Hand Is Jailed Following the Killing of Civil War Veteran.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCKAWAY, N. J., Dec. 18.—Robbery is believed to have been the motive for the slaying of William M. Lewis, 80 years old, a veteran of the civil war, who was found dead in his shack at Beach Glen, two miles from here, last night, his head having been crushed with an axe. Soon after the finding of the body by his son, James Lewis, Sheriff Byram arrested Walter Heddy, 22 years old, a farm hand, on suspicion of being connected with the murder, and he was locked up in the Morris County Jail until a microscopical examination is made of stains found on his clothing.

Lewis several days ago received a check from the Pension Bureau at Washington for three months' pension, amounting to $150. His son told the police that he had about $100 of the money when he was slain. The police found only 13 cents in his clothing.

LESS SAN FRANCISCO CRIME.

Police Heads Boast of 50% Decrease Compared With Last Year.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 18.—There has been a gradual decrease in crime in San Francisco during the year 1920, according to Duncan Matheson, Captain of Detectives. Crime has been decreased 50 per cent. during the Winter months, he said, as compared with the records of last year.

As a result of a recent attack on two girls by gangsters a general order to take into custody all those with no visible means of support was issued by Chief of Police Daniel J. O'Brien. It resulted in the arrest of more than two hundred vagrants. This had aided greatly in lowering the crime record, said Matheson.

HORTON CASE BARES WOMAN'S ESCAPADE

Mrs. Brooks, Held Without Bail on Murder Charge, Is Wife of Wealthy Man.

LIVED HERE UNTIL YEAR AGO

Her Former Family Physician and Other Friends Shocked by Her Predicament.

After Mrs. Lucille Emma Brooks had been held without bail yesterday in connection with the murder of Police Lieutenant Floyd Horton, it was said by several persons who had known her, and by her attorney, Frank Hendrick of 120 Broadway, that she was a woman of wealth whose husband, John Walter Brooks, is a well-known insurance man, and that there had never been anything until this present trouble to suggest that she was not a woman of the highest character.

They were amazed at her predicament and could not explain her entanglement with the Loresch brothers, with whom she went on the automobile ride that ended with the murder of Horton and the death of the man who shot him. Her friends had not known she was in the city until recently. More than a year ago she and her husband moved to Chicago to live.

One who had known her for fifteen years is Dr. Herbert L. Constable of 72 West Forty-eighth Street, who had been the Brooks family physician.

"I am shocked beyond words," said Dr. Constable last night. "When Mr. and Mrs. Brooks lived here they had an apartment at 616 West 116th Street, and were apparently a most devoted and domestic couple. They had very simple habits of life, and I do not think either of them ever drank. At least it was not apparent to me, their physician, and I had treated Mrs. Brooks for years. They were the kind of people who go out to dinner occasionally, go to the movies and then go home. Neither seemed to care for excitement.

Husband a Man of Wealth.

"The last time I saw Mrs. Brooks was during the blizzard last Spring. Her brother was operated on in St. Luke's Hospital and died, and she came on here. At that time she seemed well and happy, told me about their life in Chicago, and went back there after her brother's funeral. They have not separated, so far as I know.

"Mr. Brooks was a successful insurance man. He formed small insurance companies and then sold out his interest in them, I understood, and he was a man of great wealth. He was a member of the Montauk Club. She always had everything she desired. I would go to see her if I were not ill with the grip."

Mrs. W. Comerford of 318 West Fifty-eighth Street also said she had known Mrs. Brooks and had found her a charming woman of quiet ways of living. She met her through a dressmaker. Mrs. Comerford met Mrs. Brooks on the street a few days ago, and was told that Mrs. Brooks had come back from a trip to the Coast and was temporarily stopping in the city.

Mr. Brooks is said to be ill in a Chicago hospital with a gangrenous growth in his foot, and does not know of his wife's predicament. Neither Mr. Hendrick nor Dr. Constable knew Mr. Brooks's address or what hospital he was in.

"I am sure there will be a very simple explanation of Mrs. Brooks's connection with these men," said Mr. Hendrick last night at the Union League Club. "She is a woman of undoubted respectability and of wealth. She has not told me about her husband, but I judge they are both well-to-do. I am exceedingly sorry for her and sure the affair will be cleared up.

Two Others Held Without Bail.

"There is nothing to show, is there, that Mrs. Brooks expected to be one of a murder party, or that she did not become unconscious just after the first shot was fired between Horton and Joseph Loresch, and remain so the rest of the night. She was still dazed when I saw her."

An old negress, who went to Police Headquarters yesterday and asked to see Mrs. Brooks, added to the impression that she is or was a woman of means. The negress was asked if she knew Mrs. Brooks, and answered:

"'Deed, yes, I been a servant in her house for years."

Mrs. Brooks was supposed to have been a poor woman, the former servant was told, and she exclaimed indignantly that Mrs. Brooks was wealthy, that her husband had made money in oil, and that they had moved to Chicago a year ago.

Nicholas Loresch, brother of Joseph, who was killed, and the driver of the automobile, and John Cavanagh, who had been superintendent of the apartment house in West 146th Street, where Mrs. Brooks lived, were also held without bail on a charge of homicide. Michael Loresch, in whose hallway the body of his brother Joseph was left, was released after he had been questioned.

The death of Lieutenant Horton was officially announced yesterday in the last paragraph of a special police order. It read:

"The following death is reported: Lieutenant Floyd Horton, Fifth Inspection District, died at 2:40 A. M., Dec. 17, 1920, at Columbus Hospital from gunshot wounds received by being shot at 146th Street and Broadway. Funeral services at residence, 1,150 Fifty-first Street, Brooklyn, 8 P. M., Dec. 19, 1920. Funeral from his late residence at 9 A. M., Dec. 20, 1920. Interment Brownsville, Dutchess County, N. Y.

"RICHARD E. ENRIGHT,
"Police Commissioner."

That was all. Mayor Hylan sent the following telegram to Mrs. Horton yesterday:

"Accept my sincere sympathy in the untimely death of your brave husband. Lieutenant Horton's courage in the performance of his duties is an exemplification of the courage and bravery of the police of this city."

Police Pension of $600 Voted.

The Police Committee on Pensions, of which Special Deputy Police Commissioner Edmond Guggenheim is Chairman, met at headquarters and voted a pension of $600 a year to Mrs. Horton. It was said that the committee may later provide for a full pay pension, such as was given to the widow of Lieutenant Joseph Petrosini, who was murdered in Italy in 1908. Special legislation would be required for this. The Riot Relief Committee of the department will also grant Mrs. Horton $1,000.

A suggestion that a fund be raised for Lieutenant Horton's family is made by the Fidelity International Trust Company of New York in a letter sent to THE NEW YORK TIMES by Samuel S. Conover, President, who makes an initial contribution of $100.

"In view of the serious crime conditions prevailing in New York at this time," writes Mr. Conover, "the Fidelity International Trust Company feels that the action of Police Lieutenant Floyd Horton, who gave up his life yesterday to preserve the city's peace, should be recognized, and that a fund for Horton's family should be started at once.

"We very willingly contribute $100 to such a fund, and have already received a contribution of $25 from one of our customers who desires thus to commend the action of such a brave officer.

"The Fidelity International Trust Company will be glad to receive other contributions to this fund and turn the same over to Horton's family."

The time of the funeral has been changed to this evening at 8 o'clock. There will be a police funeral from the house with the police band.

Horton's List of 22 Faults of the Police To Prove That Enright Was Incompetent

The Evening World published yesterday what it characterized as "a remarkable summary of police demoralization" made for the newspaper by the late Lieutenant Floyd Horton a few days before he was shot by a bandit whom he shot and killed while the bandit was fleeing in an automobile from a holdup in an apartment house at 540 West 146th Street. Here it is:

"CASE CLOSED":

(1) There are fifty Lieutenants and Sergeants doing so-called welfare work. They are known in the Police Department as the Order of the Crutch and Order of Public Nuisance. Some can hardly put one foot before the other, and others don't even try to.

(2) Police Band and Glee Club, about 150 strong; never work; just play and sing, even going to outside cities.

(3) One thousand useless details could easily be abolished.

(4) Some twelve or fifteen Lieutenants recently detailed to Traffic Squad as observation officers. Not one reports to new head of the force. Of course, it is to provide soft berths.

(5) Inspector Henry was convicted of a felony and is under sentence to State prison. He is still a member of the force. This violates Section 284 of Greater New York Charter.

(6) The Detective Bureau is demoralized. Look at the first-grade detectives! Only influence counts. About every detective feels that hard work will bring nothing. Only a "pull" counts, and that is what the detective figures he has.

(7) Lahey, known as the "Grouch" and the "Bull."

(8) The Detectives' bill—Enright's pet measure—threw consternation into the ranks of all. It was the climax to the time when everybody got Enright's number.

(9) Indictments of Porter—Henry—Solovei.

(10) The athletic funds, or a large part of them, seem to be a conundrum, and "Who got it?" is a frequent question.

(11) Burglaries and robberies reported as petit larceny wherever possible. This done to camouflage and befog reports to public. In spite of it, according to their own figures, hold-ups have jumped to a staggering state.

(12) Over 90 per cent. of the force is opposed to Enright and all he stands for.

(13) Due to so many useless details and excuses, precincts have been left for hours and hours without a single patrolman on post. It is so serious a policeman dare not tell his best friend of true conditions.

(14) Every competent former Police Commissioner says we need no additional legislation to manage the department. All we need is management—that's all.

(15) The police as a whole never want to see another policeman as the nominal head of the force. The Mayor is the real boss, and his job and the police job are too big for any one man to properly handle.

(16) Enright's Secretary, Hackett, got into a jangle and had to get out.

(17) Private letters sent out by the Police Commissioner tell force of laxity of the police force. Also one letter stated a captain hadn't called the roll for several months.

(18) A $10 collection for Enright recently. An Lieutenant Schlunsen, now retired, tried to get $25 more from the lieutenants.

(19) Various high police officials, close to Enright, and serving their master's bidding, worked very hard to get Hugo nominated. Enright and Hylan, being afraid of Miller, and Enright very friendly to Hugo.

(20) Repairs and supplies—at times various stations didn't have ink or pens and had to either buy or borrow them. Gasoline for patrol wagons, very often none at stations.

(21) Volstead Act—Letters of district inspector sent by order headquarters Sept. 18 and Nov. 17, stating rumors of policemen dealing in same; also same sent out from Chief inspector's office.

(22) Entire Bureau of Supplies silently and strangely managed or mismanaged.

The expression "case closed" is a cynicism used in the Police Department when policemen, either through lack of interest or perplexity, decide to drop further investigation of a crime.

HUNT CHAUFFEURS WHO AID HIGHWAYMEN

Police Inspect List of Licensed Taxicab Drivers in Search for Criminals.

The hold-up in Central Park on Friday night of Mrs. Thomas W. Edgar of 766 West End Avenue by the chauffeur of a taxicab and two assistants has again called public and police attention to the increase in the number of cases in this city in which the taxicab is employed in the commission of crime. The robbery has also directed attention to the need of better safeguarding of the public who travel in taxicabs, and the establishing of some sort of character requirements for those who are licensed to drive them.

Detectives working on the Central Park robbery yesterday turned their attention to the list of licensed taxicab operators as recorded in the Bureau of Licensed Vehicles in West Fifty-seventh Street. The police, it was said, intend to "look into" the history of these men, as it has been charged that some of those driving taxicabs there have police records in New York and elsewhere.

Among the noted cases of crimes in which taxicabs figured were the holdup of William K. Burroughs, 237 West Thirty-fourth Street, in April last, when $2,000 was taken; robbery of $1,100 from a paymaster of a power house in East Seventy-fourth Street; robbery of a United Cigar Store, 1,770 Madison Avenue; holdup of Abraham Guryum's restaurant, 548 Eighth Avenue, and the attack by robbers on Oct. 12 in a taxicab on Randolph Rose, a broker, when he was thrown to the street, dazed, in 100th Street, near Third Avenue.

BOSTON HOLD-UP MEN BUSY.

Even Ships in the Harbor Invaded by Petty Thieves.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—Holdups cropped out again tonight after several days in which the police campaign against criminals apparently had turned back the crime wave.

In the West End two armed men called a woman to the door of a lodging house and beat her severely in order to reach her purse.

Earle Goodnough, a bakery driver, was held up in the Mattapan district by two men at pistol point and robbed of his day's collections.

The prevalence of petty crime has gone from shore to sea, according to announcement by local marine underwriters, who said that thefts on ships in the harbor had become so numerous protective measures were being considered.

SYSTEM USED BY WOODS RESTORED BY ENRIGHT

Commissioner Adds 600 Men to Active Duty by Re-establishing the Nine-Squad Patrol Plan.

In an effort to cope with the abnormal increase in crime Police Commissioner Enright yesterday abolished the ten-squad police patrol system established Oct. 1, 1918, and restored the old nine-squad system employed by Arthur Woods.

Under the ten-squad system the men got a day-off every six days, whereas under the nine-squad system they worked nine consecutive days without a day off. In establishing the ten-squad system Mr. Enright said it would decrease the effective patrol force by 300 men. Chief Inspector Lahey said the restoration of the nine-squad system would increase the active patrol force by approximately 600 men.

Persons familiar with police conditions recalled that the police force has not increased since the ten-squad system was adopted and were unable to reconcile the statement of Commissioner Enright with that of the Chief Inspector. One policeman said it looked as if the Commissioner were "painting the lily" when he said the ten-squad system would decrease the patrol force only 300 men.

Mr. Enright maintained his usual attitude of silence concerning the change, but it was learned that the restoration of the nine-squad system at 4 o'clock also affected conditions under which Lieutenants and Sergeants have been working since he became Commissioner.

More Work for Lieutenants.

Mr. Enright, who still holds the rank of Lieutenant, was for many years head of the Police Lieutenants' Benevolent Association, and when appointed head of the department he said he intended to "lighten the labors" of his former associates. Lieutenants at that time were required to do reserve duty in addition to desk duty every alternate day. Mr. Enright eliminated the reserve work.

Now, however, the Commissioner has decided to get more actual police duty out of the Lieutenants. An order providing that hereafter one Lieutenant will be on patrol duty during each of the three eight-hour periods of patrol work in every precinct. This means an increase of more than 100 men in the patrol force.

The Commissioner also contemplates using the Police Reserve, an organization of 5,000 civilians, for the protection of business and residential sections.

The Commissioner told a committee of five representatives of twelve jewelers' associations of the city he had provided a special force of forty picked detectives to patrol the section bounded by Thirty-second Street on the south, Fifty-ninth Street on the north, Madison Avenue on the east and Broadway on the west. They protested that forty detectives would not be sufficient and Mr. Enright then increased the number to sixty-five, and promised the committee he would assign additional policemen to the cross streets.

Policemen to Be Shifted.

It is understood the Commissioner will shift policemen from precincts not yet seriously affected by the wave of crime. To provide for a possible crime increase in the precincts so stripped, it is said, the Police Commissioner is considering a plan of patrolling the suburban districts with policemen on motorcycles and in automobiles.

Chicago Salesman Robbed on Train.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 18.—Diamond rings and unmounted gems worth approximately $20,000 were stolen from Alvin Bernstein, Chicago jewelry salesman, while he was asleep in a berth on a train from Chicago which arrived here this morning, according to his report to the police. A search of the train by the police failed to reveal the missing gem case.

CRIMES PROVE WAVE HAS NOT ABATED

Thieves Cut Through Iron Door in Brooklyn and Carry Off $5,000 in Goods.

THREE HELD IN HOLD-UPS

Negress Is Held as Robber—Man Hides Hundreds in Bills From Footpad.

Further indication of the non-abatement of the wave of crime was evidenced yesterday in the number of small depredations reported to the police as well as in the arraignment of criminals in the Magistrates' Courts of the city.

Some time Friday night, burglars cut a hole 3 feet by 3 in the iron door leading to the Franklin Skirt and Waist Company at 657 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, and stole a truckload of dresses, waists and other goods, valued at $5,000.

Isadore Solomon, one of the proprietors, found the section of the door in the yard of his establishment when he opened his place early in the morning.

It was the opinion of detectives that the robbers carried their loot over a fence to an adjoining yard and then to a motor truck waiting in the street. The thieves also took three chickens from a coop in the yard of the firm.

Magistrate Schwab in the Yorkville Court yesterday held Andrew Sullivan, 20 years old, of 400 West Fifty-seventh Street, and John O'Neil, 21 years old, of Eighth Avenue and Twenty-first Street, in $25,000 bail for the Grand Jury on a charge of holding up Benjamin Seigele in his clothing store at 300 East Seventy-second Street the night before and robbing him of two suits of clothing and $11.

The Magistrate also complimented Policeman Rinschler of the East Sixty-seventh Street Station, who captured the bandits after a chase of several blocks, during which he discharged his pistol several times.

When Detective Herbert of the Sheriff Street Station arrested early yesterday morning William Metz, 17 years old, an office boy of 631 East Twelfth Street, on suspicion of trying to rob the cigar store at 113 Avenue D, he was alleged to have told the detective that he desired to be sent to prison to join two companions.

The boy was taken to the station, where, according to the detective, he said he had participated in several robberies in the lower part of the city. He was held in $1,000 bail when arraigned before Magistrate Frothingham in the Essex Market Court.

Detectives arrested three men early yesterday morning believed to be connected with crimes committed near Police Headquarters and in Harlem. Felix Schoenberger, 22 years old, of Seventh Avenue and 115th Street, was held in $5,000 bail when arraigned before Magistrate Corrigan on a charge of taking part in the hold-up of Melvin Feinberg, a manufacturer, at 605 Broadway, who while playing cards in his place of business on the night of Dec. 4 with several friends was robbed of $2,000 by robbers who held pistols to their heads. Feinberg identified Schoenberger as one of the robbers. The latter declared he knew nothing about the hold-up.

Bruno Klein, 38 years old, of 1,385 Avenue A, and Fred Wagner, 25 years old, of 233 East Eighty-eighth Street, were held in $25,000 and $10,000 bail, respectively, by Magistrate Bobb in the Washington Heights Court when arraigned on a charge of participating in the theft of $5,000 worth of goods from the Hygrade Clothing Company on the night of Dec. 11 last. Assistant District Attorney Goodman told the Magistrate that Klein was under $2,500 bail in connection with another robbery. Wagner, he declared, wore a coat when arrested which resembled one of the coats stolen on the night of the burglary.

Max Pfeffer, a salesman of 41 Third Avenue, appeared as complainant in the Washington Heights Court yesterday against Mary Jones, 26 years old, a negress, of 2,069 Madison Avenue, whom he accused of having aided two other negresses to rob him of $300 in an apartment at 16 West 137th Street a few days ago. He said he called at the address to sell some clothing, and the three negresses dragged him into an apartment on the fourth floor, beat him and robbed him. She denied the charge.

STEAL $3,800 PAYROLL.

Bandits Hold Up Office Force of Cincinnati Contractors.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 18.—Three bandits held up five men this afternoon in the office of the D. P. Foley Contracting Company of Columbus, Ohio, which is constructing one part of the Cincinnati subway and stole $3,800.

The payrolls were being made up when the three unmasked men entered the office, held up the five men, swept the payroll money into a bag and escaped.

GETS HOLD-UP MAN WITH $10,000 LOOT

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

stairs. On the second floor he was met by a woman, who excitedly pointed to a room, saying:

"He's in there!"

Curran entered the room, but saw no one. Opening the door of a closet, he found a man standing inside and seized him. The man, who, according to the Sergeant, was still clinging to the stolen bag, offered no resistance, dropping a loaded revolver to the floor.

At the station the prisoner said he was Vincent Pariscandola, 20 years old, of 526 Henry Street. The police say that he gave the name of his accomplice in the robbery. Detectives were immediately sent out to run down the second man.

The bag was found to be still locked and its contents undisturbed.

AUTO SQUADS IN RAIDS ON SALOONS ARREST 30

Two Prisoners Charged With Robbery, Others Accused of "Disturbing the Peace."

Commissioner Enright's special squad of automobile detectives began its work last night, and detectives from all precincts began a round up of suspicious characters. As a result thirty-eight men were arrested on charges of disturbing the peace.

Ten men were arrested in a coffee house at 144 Mott Street. The specific complaint was that they had annoyed the neighborhood with loud and boisterous language. Similar complaints were lodged against fourteen others arrested when playing cards in the rear of a restaurant at 96 Essex Street, and another fourteen playing cards in the rear of a restaurant at 32 Norfolk Street.

In the Chinatown district and the lower west side, the automobile squads lined up customers in saloons and coffee houses, searching them for fire arms or other incriminating evidence. Protests were made to the police by the proprietor of these places, and some threatened to take their complaints directly to Commissioner Enright.

"We have never suffered anything like this since Becker was Captain of the Strong Arm Squad," said one.

In the Harlem District Auto Squads and plain clothes men also made a thorough search of pool rooms, restaurants and other places.

John Canning, 24, of Steelton, Pa., and Edward Bruno, 24, of 61 Mott Street were arrested on a charge of robbery by automobile detectives from Inspector Belton's district, who saw the two men running out of the New York Lodging House, 99 Bowery, just before midnight. When an attempt was made to intercept them, they offered to fight. Finally subdued, the prisoners were taken into the lodging house, where they were positively identified by Marcus Kudelski, a tailor, living at the place, who said they had robbed him of $16.

Detectives of the Bronx, under Captain Andrew Wines, made a tour of all the resorts of that borough, and in the Hunts Point section arrested one of the patrons of a restaurant who objected to being searched by the detectives and created such a disturbance that he was charged with disorderly conduct.

To cover the ground more completely, the automobile squads were followed in many cases by precinct detectives. Special activity was noted in the Tenderloin district, where the force worked under the direction of Inspector William Boettler of the Third Inspection District.

Police from Brooklyn were transferred to Manhattan in accordance with an order sent out earlier in the evening for all men in Brooklyn available for duty in Manhattan to report immediately.

The quarters assigned to the detectives in the various police stations throughout the city were deserted last night, and furnished further evidence of the exceptional activity of the police force. Automobiles were provided for the detectives of the different precincts.

SIMON SAYS DRUGS CAUSE CRIME WAVE

Declares Prohibition Has Driven Criminals From Whisky to Narcotics.

Special Deputy Police Commissioner Dr. Carleton Simon, in charge of the narcotic squad, last night in an interview declared that "the peak in crime is not yet reached. He blamed the present abundance of criminals on existing drug conditions, which, he said, were brought about in a small measure by prohibition.

"I don't believe prohibition has produced a greater number of criminals," said Dr. Simon, "but it has closed up the 'dives' and rendezvous where the underworld element was able to receive their usual 'Dutch courage whisky.' Since those places have closed up the criminal element has been driven into the streets and other places, and being unable to obtain the Dutch courage they resort to the use of drugs. An increase in the use of drugs has been noticed in a large degree in the morning line-ups at Police Headquarters.

"It seems as if the criminal element all over the United States is about insane from the use of drugs. A crime wave exists in cities outside of New York," Dr. Simon said.

MYSTERY IN JEWEL THEFT.

Heirlooms Worth $800 Disappear From W. W. Eastman's Apartment.

Detectives from the East Thirty-fifth Street station are investigating the mysterious theft of $800 worth of jewelry from the apartment of Webster W. Easton on the fourth floor of the old Hopkinson Smith residence at 150 East Thirty-fourth Street. The jewelry disappeared from a drawer in the chiffonier the evening room Friday afternoon while the maid was engaged in housework in the rear of the apartment.

A few hours before the theft was discovered employes from a telephone company installed a telephone in the apartment, but they told the Magistrate in the Yorkville Court yesterday that they saw no stranger enter the place. The detectives are puzzled, because the robber evidently was familiar with the apartment, and used a duplicate key to open the drawer.

The loot consisted of three watches, a necklace of rose coral set in pearls, a cameo pendant, set in pearls, and several bar pins of pearls and sapphires, all heirlooms.

ASKS HIGHER BAIL TO CUT DOWN CRIME

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

known records—is done, it is said, by several small bonding concerns which have sprung up since the bail bond bureau in the District Attorney's office became a live institution. But there are some larger companies that also do a criminal bonding business.

Across the street from the Criminal Court Building and around the corner in Franklin Street are three offices which are conducted solely for bonding in criminal cases, it is declared. They handle 15 per cent. of the bonding done in the higher criminal courts, which amounted this year to $4,600,000 up to Nov. 1. It is the largest amount of bail given in any one year in the history of the courts, according to Mr. Lavelle.

It is much more difficult to get a real estate bond now than a surety bond, because of the careful inspection of such bonds by the bonding bureau. But any cash bond from a surety company must be accepted, and the companies are generally secured by cash and, nowadays, Liberty bonds.

It is not often that a crook goes back on his bond. It is declared, for it is recognized that for their protection the next time they get into trouble they must rely again on the bonding agents and the entire underworld crowd helps to protect the bondsman.

"It only costs these men a few hundred dollars to get even a big bond," said a detective in the District Attorney's office. "The charge made by the bonding company is usually 2 per cent., only $200 for a $10,000 bond, and if the broker gets a 2 or 3 per cent. rake-off that doesn't make it out of the reach of the successful crook. And then, when we have these fellows packed away as we think for a few months awaiting trial, we run up against them doing another job. We can't keep them in jail. They won't stay put."

Mr. Lavelle told of a case which had recently come to his attention in which a man held in the lower court and awaiting trial, committed another crime while he was on bail, was tried for this second crime and got a disagreement, and then went out and committed a third offense.

"Then I heard of it, and managed to get the bail put up so high that he was kept until wanted," said Mr. Lavelle. "I have never yet asked higher bail that the court did not grant my request. Bail can be fixed high for second bail is apt to be nominal, and that they have committed another and offenders, but the trouble is that crime before the case comes again to my attention."

Whatever the reason, it is certain that, despite all the vigilance of the officials, many crooks are held in low bail, which permits them to roam the city and collect enough by further depredations to pay the price of their bail bond.

"Stuff and nonsense!" exclaimed Magistrate Corrigan when he was asked what he thought was the effect of permitting criminals to obtain bail in nominal amount. "Any attempt to show that low bail is the cause of crime, or even a partial cause, is ridiculous. The real cause of crime is foolish sentimentality and 'sob stuff' over crooks who should be treated as if they are crooks."

The only effect raising the bail bonds will have will be to increase the fees of the bonding companies and to increase the opportunities of the police to graft. For if a criminal finds it is expensive to buy a big bond, he will be more inclined to give up to the policemen for protection.

"There is altogether too much sob stuff and sympathy for the crook, and the only way to stop crime is to forget the probations and suspended sentences and treat them rough. Since Tom Osborne first messed things up there hasn't been a decent enforcement of the law. All these suspended crooks have to do is write a letter to the probation officer once a week, telling all the lies that occur to them. I have had men come before me for all kinds of crimes who had been writing these letters telling how good they were.

"It is true that the bonding companies are a source of evil. They have almost a monopoly of the bonding in the lower courts, for any one can form a company and get permission to do business. But so long as there are certain sentimental things, such as bail, which a criminal is entitled to, there are going to be abuses. The theory of bail is that it will cause a man to appear in court. Bail of $2,000 or $2,500 in the Magistrates' Courts will generally bring that about, and the imposition of any higher bail is in the nature of punishment which is contrary to the theory of the law. Of course, if you want to have a law passed that criminals are to be held without bail, that is another thing, and then people would cry that the criminal was being hounded. There are plenty of laws to bring about order if there were men capable of enforcing them. This condition makes me sick."

The instructions issued by District Attorney Swann to his assistants directed them to urge heavier bail in all cases of robbery and burglary, giving as his opinion that in no case of that character should the bail be less than $10,000. On Monday he will ask the Court of General Sessions to take from the court's calendar every case of burglary and robbery and place it on a special calendar for immediate trial out of its order. He has instructed his assistants to be ready in such cases as soon as they are reached. Prison cases are heard first, and the cases of those on bail come after the others are disposed of.

TODAY'S SUNDAY TIMES

I. General News Section, Sports.
II. Editorial, Financial, Business.
III. Book Review and Magazine (in Rotogravure).
IV. Rotogravure Picture Section, First Part.
V. Rotogravure Picture Section, Second Part.
VI. Drama, Music, Fashions, Art.
VII. 100 Neediest Cases, Automobiles, Steamships, Tours.
VIII. Real Estate, Classified Advertisements.

WANTED

An Assistant Women's Suit Buyer

Who knows how to handle Merchandise and People

A man or a woman.

Must have retail experience.

Somebody who knows by instinct the salient selling features of merchandise and who can sense and satisfy the demands of an individual clientele.

Will also be required to manage and direct the personnel of the shop, and to stimulate its selling activities both by merchandise and by personality.

A splendid opportunity for one who is a dynamo of energy and purpose, who has a knack of knowing merchandise and people, and who can handle both.

A liberal financial arrangement to the right party.

Apply by letter stating full particulars.

All communications will be held in strict confidence.

Franklin Simon & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE—37th and 38th Streets—NEW YORK

BERGDORF GOODMAN
616 FIFTH AVENUE

FINAL REDUCTIONS

Sale of Tailor Suits, Street Coats and Evening Wraps priced less than cost of labor and materials

SPECIAL LOT OF GOWNS
$50
were two or three times as much

IN all the constellation of jewels worn by beautiful women pearls hold easily the first place — acknowledged rulers in the world of loveliness and charm.

There is no beauty to equal the beauty of a strand of pearls.

Twenty to Four Hundred Dollars the Strand

Lord & Taylor
FIFTH AVENUE
NEW YORK

Lortay Pearls

may be had in any variation of size or hue, in strands of varying lengths, with gold or platinum clasps, plain or jeweled

Henry Collins
Fifty-Seventh Street and Park Avenue

First and Final

Clearance

of this season's

Wraps---Suits---Dresses

Beginning Tomorrow

While Substantial Concessions

are made in the matter of price every model is representative of the pre-eminence enjoyed by Collins Art in Dress.

WAGES 25 PER CENT.

Declines in Steel and Iron Prices Also Make Two-Week Suspension Necessary.

OTHER WORKS WILL FOLLOW

Lawrence Workers Plan Resistance —Naval Yard Releases Men and Lead Mine Shuts Down.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Dec. 18.—A general wage reduction of 25 per cent., effective Dec. 23, was announced here today by the Cambria Steel Company. L. H. Custer, Vice President of the company, who announced the wage reduction, said that in addition all but a few of the smaller departments of the Cambria works would be closed down for at least two weeks.

Extensive declines in the selling prices of iron and steel made necessary the wage reduction, according to notices posted on all bulletin boards in the big plant here today. These notices said that all Cambria workmen, whether employed by the hour, day turn, tonnage or piece work, are included in the wage revision, as well as all salaried employes.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 18.—Executive officers of the principal independent steel companies here tonight, when informed of the wage readjustment in the mills of the Cambria Steel Company at Johnstown, frankly stated that while the rate of pay had not yet been touched in Pittsburgh mills, drastic reductions would be announced for the beginning of the new year.

They took the position that while production costs were on the present basis there could be no stability in the steel market, and it was proposed to bring about the complete readjustment of wages as soon as possible.

Independent mills, they said, were operating about 50 per cent. of capacity and they expressed the opinion that with the new wage scale in force buyers would no longer stay out of the market.

Wage reductions, affecting 8,000 men, were announced in the Wheeling, W. Va., steel district during the past week.

The mills of the United States Steel Corporation, it was stated here, were operating above 80 per cent. of capacity. There have been no rumors here of a new scale of wages in the steel corporation plants.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Dec. 18.—Designers, engravers and printers at the Pacific Print Works, about eighty in number, went out on a strike today against a wage cut of 22½ per cent., which is to go into effect Monday. Should the strike continue it would eventually affect the entire plant, employing about 2,000.

Representatives of the strikers said they would attend a meeting in Providence at which print workers from various sections of New England would discuss the wage question.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 18.—The Rolls-Royce of America automobile factory closed today for two weeks, affecting between 500 and 600 employes. It was stated that the shut-down was for inventory purposes and that no wage cut had been contemplated. H. C. Beaver, Treasurer, said that the plant had been turning out its full capacity.

A wage reduction of 15 per cent., affecting 2,000 employes of the Celluloid Corporation, manufacturers of celluloid products. The factory also will close for two weeks. The factory now employs about 600, though the normal force is 900. Overproduction and business slackness are the reasons given for the cut. It was said today that the cut had been anticipated by employes and that no opposition was expected.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Dec. 18.—The industrial department of the Navy Yard here laid off 200 employes today due, according to Captain L. E. Adams, to lack of funds. Ship fitters, riveters, drillers, machinists and joiners were among those suspended.

SALT LAKE CITY, Dec. 18.—The Utah-Apex Mine, one of the largest lead producers of the State, closed down today, throwing 200 men out of work. The present low price of lead, high freight rates and inability to secure satisfactory contracts with the smelters were assigned by the management as reasons for the action taken.

TROY, N. Y., Dec. 18.—The knit goods manufacturers of Troy, Cohoes and Waterford announced this afternoon a reduction of wages to take effect Jan. 3. The percentage is not stated, but the grounds for the reduction are given as the downward trend of living costs. About thirty mills are affected.

USED CHURCH FUNDS TO COVER HIS MARGINS

Wilmington Man Also Admits Taking Company's Bonds— $71,000 Involved.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., Dec. 18.—It was announced today that Charles F. Eastman, Assistant Treasurer of the Hercules Powder Company and Treasurer of the First Central Presbyterian Church, had taken something less than $50,000 from the Hercules Powder Company and $21,000 from the church. Eastman admits that he took bonds to aid him in carrying stock which he had bought on margin and which had dropped in price. The officials of the Powder Company and the officials of the church both stated that Eastman had confessed. The matter is in the hands of the company which bonded him and the church and Powder Company will lose nothing. Whether warrants will be issued for Eastman is wholly in the hands of the bonding company. Some of the bonds have been recovered.

Eastman is 40 years old and has a wife and one child. His father was a well-known teacher here. He was a member of the church of which he was the Treasurer and was interested in church work.

WOULD NATIONALIZE OIL.

Daniels Says Adequate Supply Might Turn Tide of Naval Battle.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—A plea for nationalization of oil for future protection of American interests on the sea was made here tonight by Secretary Daniels, speaking at the annual dinner of the American Society of Naval Engineers.

"Other nations are conserving their oil in the ground and buying American oil," he said. "We have been prodigal to the point of injury to American interests on the sea.

"This country should not put an absolute embargo upon oil, but there is crying need for such restrictions as will not jeopardize the future needs of the merchant marine and the navy.

"In an emergency an adequate supply of oil for our fighting ships might turn the tide of battle."

OF INSURANCE MAN

Friends of Ario Campbell Scout the Theory That He Was Killed in Auto Accident.

NO CLUE FROM POLICE

Rumor of Arrest Is Unconfirmed— Medical Examiner to Reopen Inquiry Today.

The mystery in the death of Ario P. Campbell, insurance broker, of 490 Riverside Drive, who was picked up early Thursday morning at Third Avenue and Twenty-seventh Street, remained unsolved yesterday despite the efforts of several of his friends to find out the exact circumstances that led to his fatal injury.

After the funeral services were held yesterday Charles Norris, the Chief Medical Examiner, said that he would reopen the case today in an attempt to determine the exact cause of death. Relatives have objected to an autopsy, and they and the Medical Examiner denied that an autopsy on Thursday had shown that death was caused accidentally in an automobile collision.

"I understand that there has been an arrest made in this case on a charge of homicide," said Dr. Norris. "But I'll not say anything more about the case now."

The police of the East Twenty-second Street Station denied that they had a report on any accident or case involving the name of Campbell, although it was learned that patrolman 6142 had found Campbell unconscious on the sidewalk early Thursday morning, and had taken him to Bellevue in an ambulance that happened to be passing at that time on a return trip to the institution. The name of this patrolman is Joseph Rudolph, who said yesterday that he had merely found the man and sent him to a hospital.

No confirmation of an arrest in the case could be obtained at the Yorkville Court, where any man detained in connection with the case would have been taken. None of Mr. Campbell's friends knew that an arrest had been made in the case. Mrs. Campbell herself was not at home yesterday.

The last seen of Mr. Campbell by any of his friends was at midnight Wednesday, when he left Mr. and Mrs. Robert S. Galston at their home at 314 West 100th Street after spending the evening with them and other friends. Mr. Galston, whose home is near Riverside Drive, saw Mr. Campbell drive west on 100th Street and turn northward toward his home on Riverside Drive. He was in the habit of keeping his car in a garage in 129th Street.

Americans Ordered From Erivan.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 18.—The Armenian Government, acting on orders from Moscow, has notified the administration of the American Commission for Relief in the Near East to withdraw from Erivan, the Armenian capital, it is declared in advices reaching here today.

TO TELL OF TREATIES

Cables Former British Premier Concerning His Alleged Disclosures Here.

Special to the New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—William Denman, former Chairman of the Shipping Board, sent this cablegram tonight to Arthur J. Balfour:

Dec. 18, 1920.

Hon. A. J. Balfour, care of Foreign Office, London, England:

The London correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES refers to a British official's remarks on the personal and private conversations between us when we conferred on international war shipping in the Spring of 1917. I am concerned with word "private."

It is attributed to you that you stated that you informed the President and your conferees in the Spring of 1917 of the existence of the secret treaties affecting Shantung, the German ships in China and the division of the islands of the North and South Pacific and the coercion of China into the war. This statement is generally believed in America to have been made by you, and so far as I am informed it has not been denied by you.

Will you kindly dispel this American belief concerning your alleged disclosure to us of the secret treaties by stating the facts?

WILLIAM DENMAN.

Mr. Denman said with reference to the London cable in THE TIMES, giving the views of a British official:

"The conversations with Mr. Balfour are described as having been personal and private. The published statements in all the newspapers of Mr. Balfour's assertion that he disclosed to us the secret treaties affecting Shantung, the German ships in China and the division of the islands of the North and South Pacific is neither private nor personal.

"There is a sharp conflict between the public statements of the President and Secretary Lansing, on the one hand, and Mr. Balfour on the other, on this subject. I have sought permission to make public my knowledge concerning this controversy. I believe its lesser value should be contributed to the American case. If Mr. Balfour will deny that he made the alleged disclosure it will not be necessary for me to procure the desired permission."

Mr. Denman said the alleged statement by Mr. Balfour that he informed officials here in 1917 about the secret treaties was contained in a cablegram printed in this country in the Fall of 1919.

23 COMMUNISTS MUST GO.

Will Be Deported to Russia Via Latvia Thursday.

Twenty-three Communists, who have been out on bail since their warrants of deportation were issued last Winter, will surrender to the immigration authorities at Ellis Island on Wednesday and sail the next day on the Cunard steamship Imperator for Russia. The order for their deportation is the result of diplomatic arrangements made by the State Department with the Government of the new republic of Latvia, which has agreed to co-operate with the immigration authorities in making it possible to send undesirables back to Russia via Libau and Riga.

The twenty-three would have been deported long ago had the authorities had any way of sending them back to their own country.

IN ITALIAN CHAMBER

Socialists Throw Themselves on Nationalists and a Furious Fight Ensues.

ROME, Dec. 18.—For two days there has been great excitement in the Chamber of Deputies over the discussion of interrogations presented by the Socialists concerning disorders which recently occurred at Lucca and in which the Socialists were beaten in an encounter with Nationalists.

Signor Corradani, Under Secretary of the Interior, attempted today to describe the events at Lucca as they had been reported to the Government, but the Socialists would not allow him to speak, hurling all sorts of insults at him.

The tumult reached a climax when the Socialist, Brunelli, read a telegram saying that the Socialists, Bentini and Ciccolai, on their arrival at Bologna, had been beaten by Nationalists.

"Well done! Well done!" cried several Deputies of the Nationalist ex-combatant groups. One of the Nationalists added, "We told you you wouldn't be allowed to return to Bologna."

This infuriated the Socialists, who left their benches and threw themselves against the Nationalist Deputies. Although many members tried to separate them, a terrible fight ensued. There were ten Socialists to each of the Nationalists.

House Passes First Supply Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The first supply bill of this session was passed today by the House. It carried an appropriation of $19,840,012 for the District of Columbia, or $5,200,000 less than was requested by the District Commissioners.

The Tailored Woman INC.

A Shop of Tailor-mades



"To exclude rigidly the bizarre"

Tailored Blouses at SEVEN-FIFTY

Presenting two new models in striped dimity which have the distinction that comes only from real quality. Tailored as custom-made shirts and ready to put on.

A Peter Pan model with the flair of youth and a V neck model for the tailored woman.

There are just no such shirts at seven-fifty!

Exclusive New York Shop for Wooltex Tailormades

622 Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

IRISH TRUCE FAILS; REPUBLIC PLEA LOSES

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

soldiers were killed and two others wounded in close fighting.

More Ambushes and Attacks.

BELFAST, Dec. 18.—Constable Shannon was killed and a Sergeant was wounded by armed men who attacked two constables while they were on patrol last evening at Swanlinbar Village. Another constable was wounded when armed men visited his home. The military later made three arrests.

WEXFORD, Dec. 18.—The barracks at Foulkenmill, County Wexford, was attacked early this morning with bombs and rifle fire by seventy men who arrived in three motor cars. A twenty-five-minute battle resulted. The police occupying the barracks finally repulsed the raiders, who lost one motor car and a quantity of arms.

The police, according to the authorities, sustained no casualties.

CORK, Dec. 18.—The military inquiry into the Cork fires and looting opened at the military barracks today. It was strictly private, witnesses being admitted only one by one.

Maurice Healy had been instructed by the Chamber of Commerce and the Employers' Federation to represent them at the inquiry, but was informed last night that no lawyers would be admitted. In consequence these two bodies have declined to give assistance to the court.

Home Rule Bill Hangs Fire.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—When the amended Irish Home Rule bill reached the House of Commons from the House of Lords this afternoon it was announced by Sir Laming Worthington-Evans, for the Ministry, that the Government accepted the proposal framed by the Upper House regarding the Irish Council. This removed the only outstanding difference between the houses and indicated the speedy adoption of the bill.

The House of Lords last night agreed to virtually all the amendments to the bill made by the House of Commons, changing them only to provide that the Irish Council should not be elected by proportional representation and that the Lord Lieutenant should retain the right of nominating the President of the Council.

The lower house today amended the Lords' proposal that if either area in Ireland refused to set up a Parliament the Executive could not make the offer a second time unless within two years both houses of the British Parliament passed a resolution asking for it. On motion of the Government the House passed an amendment, by a vote of 175 to 12, making the time limit three years after June 1 next.

The bill this afternoon was returned to the House of Lords, which will consider it on Monday.

Premier Lloyd George, speaking concerning the time limit amendment, said that to accept the Lords' proposal for two years was placing the whole chance of the experiment being brought into operation upon the possibility of the Government being able to succeed at the first go-off. While he was not altogether confident that when the Government made the offer to the southern area of Ireland in the next few months it would be accepted, the Prime Minister asserted that he thought it was a good thing to try. It would be a means of beginning to rally the population against the forces of disorder, he said. Even if the Government got only 25 or 30 per cent. to commit themselves to constitutional methods Lloyd George went on, it would be of advantage.

The Prime Minister declared that Sir Hamar Greenwood, Chief Secretary for Ireland, had achieved remarkable success in the direction of restoring order in Ireland, and there was a greater desire to try the experiment of constitutionalism in Ireland again.

PICKETS AFTER GEDDES.

British Ambassador Sees Placards Arriving in Philadelphia.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 18.—When Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador to the United States, arrived at the Bellevue-Stratford tonight, he was greeted by 150 placards telling of conditions in Ireland during occupancy by the "Black and Tans." The pasteboard banners were carried by 150 women describing themselves as American citizens.

As the Ambassador stepped from his limousine at the entrance he had to break his way through a slowly marching column of Irish sympathizers who failed to recognize him as he climbed the steps with his luggage. Several women, members of the Irish Relief Society, under whose auspices the demonstration was held, solicited him for money.

Sir Auckland was one of the principal speakers at the annual banquet of the New England Society held tonight in the ballroom of the Bellevue. He stood in the receiving line with General Pershing and Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus H. K. Curtis and greeted members of the society. Mr. Curtis is President of the society. Sir Auckland was interrupted for a moment and asked if he had read the placards which were making a silent protest for Irish freedom on the pavement outside.

"What, you mean those people carrying [illegible] paper. Oh, no, I didn't bother. Just a waste of time, you know."

Mrs. Jean O'Dougherty, a member of the Irish Relief, who had charge of the demonstration, said tonight that its purpose was to give a real knowledge of conditions in Ireland to those attending the banquet, people who could afford to give liberally for the relief of the thousands of homeless and starving women and children.

SAY CADET WAS DRUNK WHEN HE KILLED PRIEST

Constable Witness Describes Condition and Actions of Canon Magner's Slayer as "Absolutely Mad."

CORK, Dec. 18.—It was brought out by an auxiliary policeman at the military court which is holding an inquiry into the shooting of Canon Magner and Timothy Crowley at Dunmanway that Cadet Harte, who fired the shots, had been drinking steadily and that he was "absolutely mad" at the time.

The auxiliary policeman, who was in the car of which Harte was in charge, said Harte had stopped the car, got out, walked 200 yards and addressed the civilian and searched his pockets. The cadet, presenting a revolver, according to the policeman, then assaulted the civilian, who later proved to be Timothy Crowley, a farmer's son. He fired and the man fell.

Harte next went to the priest. Meanwhile two other cadets stepped out of the car, but were waved away by Harte, who is declared to have snatched the priest's hat from his head and, throwing it on the ground, made him kneel. He fired twice, killing the clergyman. Afterward he went through Canon Magner's pockets and scattered the contents on the road. Harte finally was prevailed upon by the District Inspector to re-enter the car.

Other auxiliaries who were in the party led by Cadet Harte, corroborated this testimony. The result of the inquiry is to be announced later.

DE VALERA TO REAPPEAR.

Secretary Says He Will Resume Speaking and Ask New Funds.

Eamon de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," will come out of retirement here on Christmas Day, according to his secretary, Harry Boland, who recently denied reports that de Valera had gone to Great Britain.

Mr. Boland said that the Sinn Fein leader, who he previously announced had been resting in seclusion after a slight illness, would leave for Spokane, Wash., the day after Christmas to resume his speaking tour.

After the holidays the Irish "President" will start a drive for funds to relieve sufferers in Ireland, Mr. Boland announced. De Valera, he said, does not contemplate ending his long stay in America in the near future, as he wishes to avoid "taking chances on being locked out" of Ireland. Mr. Boland characterized as "bunk" reports that the Irish Republicans will continue parleys with the British Government.

Hickson INC.

Holiday Gifts

APPEALING WITH CERTAINTY TO WOMEN OF DISTINCTION

On all the selling floors of their building there is being presented the coming week beginning tomorrow a wealth and diversity of the things most appreciated by smart women; particularly suitable for Christmas presents.

Rich and Beautiful FURS

SMART ATTIRE

Sports and Pastime CLOTHES

Exclusive and Standard PERFUMES

COMBS - FANS

VANITY CASES - PURSES

PARIS DRESS ACCESSORIES

CIGARETTE HOLDERS

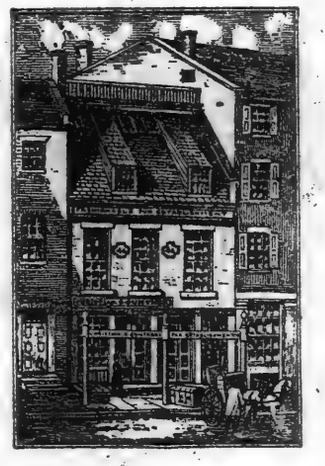
BAGS - UMBRELLAS

and a splendid collection of FRENCH NOVELTIES

YULETIDE PACKING AND DELIVERIES

Fifth Avenue At Fifty Second Street New York

PARIS BOSTON



A Sale Out of the Ordinary

A Sale Out of the Ordinary

OUR CENTENARY SALE

will close on December 31st, the time when our January reductions customarily go into effect. We have therefore decided to combine both.

For the Final 10 Days

in addition to the present substantial reductions which the Centenary Sale offers, will be added further reductions which we ordinarily make in January.

This Applies to the Entire Stock

COATS, WRAPS AND CAPES

	Former Price	Centenary Sale Price	Final Price
Broadtail Wrap with Silver Fox Collar (European dye)	$6500.00	$4500.00	$3750.00
Broadtail Wrap with Russian Sable Collar	5500.00	4250.00	3250.00
Mink Wrap	6250.00	4250.00	3500.00
Mink Wrap	3500.00	2750.00	2250.00
Alaska Seal Wrap, Natural Hudson Bay Sable Collar	3500.00	2675.00	2375.00
Russian Sable Cape	6500.00	3750.00	3250.00
Russian Sable Scarf	7250.00	4500.00	3750.00
Hudson Bay Sable Cape Coatee	8500.00	5250.00	4500.00
Hudson Bay Sable Cape	5500.00	3500.00	3000.00
Ermine Wrap	3000.00	2250.00	1975.00
Kolinsky Cape	2475.00	1750.00	1475.00
Silver Fox Scarf	1500.00	1000.00	875.00

The more moderately priced furs proportionately reduced

C. G. Gunther's Sons

391 Fifth Avenue

Furriers exclusively for one hundred years

ON FARM PRODUCTS

House Committee Proposes Imposts Above Those in Payne-Aldrich Law.

EMERGENCY IS EMPHASIZED

Leaders Expect Bill to Pass Wednesday, but Fear Senate Will Insert Other Articles.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Agreement on the protective tariff rates to be imposed on agricultural products was reached this afternoon at a meeting of the Ways and Means Committee. The rates in some instances are declared to be higher than those in the Payne-Aldrich Tariff act of 1909. The committee intends to perfect a bill Monday morning and introduce it in the House that day. Chairman Fordney of the committee said he would call up the bill on Wednesday and if the rules were suspended it could be passed in two hours.

The tariff rates decided upon are wheat, 30 cents per bushel; flour, 20 per cent. ad valorem; corn, 15 cents per bushel; beans, 2 cents per pound; peanuts, 2 cents per pound; cottonseed oil, soy bean oil, cocoanut oil and peanut oil, each 20 cents per gallon; potatoes, 25 cents per bushel; onions, 40 cents per bushel; long staple cotton, 7 cents per pound; cleaned rice, 20 cents per pound; uncleaned rice, 1½ cents per pound; cattle, 30 per cent. ad valorem; sheep over one year old, $2 per head; sheep under one year old, $1 per head; mutton (including lamb), 2½ cents per pound; wool in the grease, 15 cents per pound, and "skirted" or partly cleaned wool, 20 cents per pound.

It is understood that there will be another classification for "scoured" or finer wool, which may equal 35 to 40 cents per pound. Committee members said, when their meeting ended, that no other articles than those mentioned would be included in the bill, and that attempts to inject other staples would be resisted.

Democrats Oppose It.

While the bill was agreed upon by the committee, there was plenty of opposition on the part of some of the Democrats present. After the meeting Representative Rainey of Illinois, ranking member below Claude Kitchin on the Democratic side, expressed himself as absolutely opposed to any protective tariff. It was also said that Representatives Hull of Tennessee, Collier of Mississippi and Oldfield of Arkansas, all Democrats, objected to the measure.

Despite this, Representative Garner of Texas, Democratic whip in the House and a committee member, said it was necessary to afford relief to the farmers by forcing foreign products to sell at prices which could be met by present American competition. He said that, while the Democrats would undoubtedly be divided when the vote came in the House, a "very good sprinkling" of them would support the bill as a temporary expedient.

Mr. Garner said he believed the bill would have no trouble whatever in passing the House. Republicans are sanguine of success. They fear, however, that the Senate will delay action on the bill by trying to include protection for manufactured products. Chairman Fordney said:

"I am afraid this bill will fall if the Senate tries to load it down."

Definite opposition was shown by Senator Hitchcock, Democrat, who declared:

"I for one will oppose any tariff legislation at this session, even though I stand alone."

Senator Pat Harrison of Mississippi, another Democrat, put in:

"So will I. The South will never stand for a protective tariff."

At the request of Senator Simmons of North Carolina Senator Hitchcock, in the absence of Senator Underwood, the Democratic floor leader, has called a conference of Southern Senators for Monday morning, at which their policy toward the bill will be outlined. Senator Simmons seems inclined to vote for a bill that would impose a temporary tariff on agricultural products, but, like other Southerners, would be flatly opposed to the inclusion of manufactured articles, on the ground that that would put the Southern Senators in the position of supporting a straight protective tariff.

There will be another conference tomorrow to discuss the bill, this one to be bi-partisan in character and to be attended by Western, Central Western and Southern members of the House, who will try to compose their views under the leadership of Representative Knutson, Republican whip, and Representative Young of North Dakota.

It developed after the Ways and Means Committee meeting that instead of writing the bill to extend over a twelve-month period, sentiment seemed to favor of four or five month time limit. This change was probably due to the insistence of Southern members that the bill should show plainly it was only temporary in character. Republicans hoep to pass permanent legislation in the meantime. The statement was made that the country must not accept the bill as scientific legislation, but as designed hurriedly to meet the emergency.

As compared with rates in the Payne tariff, Representative Young said that in the new bill wheat was 5 cents higher, corn 5 cents higher, mutton 1 cent higher and sheep more than a year old 50 cents higher. Republicans generally agreed that the duties were as severe as they could be made in the circumstances.

At the committee meeting efforts were made to impose a duty on several important staples not mentioned in the completed list. Among these were sugar, flax, rye and barley. The committee made up its mind not to admit these to its list, one member declaring "We have now closed the door and there will be no new items in the bill."

The proposal to equalize foreign exchange rates was not embodied in the bill, the committee deciding to put the protective rates high enough to make up the difference in the valuation of American and European moneys.

Fears Foreign Retaliation.

Representative Rainey minced no words in expressing his displeasure over the bill. He said he would not fight it on the floor, as that would not avail him much. He added, however, that immediate retaliation on the part of foreign countries would follow the passage of the measure.

"It's an unfortunate thing, just when we are reaching out for foreign markets," he said. "The bill is unfair to every consumer, every manufacturer and every farmer in the United States, and it will hurt the farmer worst of all. The farmers must export their surplus to foreign markets, and now they will be deprived of this by retaliation.

"The country has been seized in a spasm of fear. It's mass psychology, and Congress has fallen over itself to cater to this fear."

It was said this afternoon that Republican leaders in the Senate realized that amendments to include manufactured articles would greatly endanger the bill's success, and that they wished to prevent this. Stories went about the Senate corridors that already [illegible] and placed it on those of the House, saying:

"If the Senate doesn't see fit to pass the bill, the responsibility will rest with it, and not with the committee."

It was said today that J. S. Wannamaker, President of the American Cotton Association, had asked for a duty on vegetable oils, including the cottonseed product, with cottonseed oil included, otherwise the Democrats would not have agreed, on the ground that these oils came under the head of manufactured products.

THINKS YAP MAY CAUSE JAPAN TO FIGHT US

But German ex-Governor of Carolines Looks for Japanese-Australian Clash First.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 18.—Constantly recurring rumors about strained relations between Japan and the United States arouse great interest here. The Liberal press constantly points out that America will not forcibly seize the Yap cable, nor will Japan risk war with America for the benefit of some immigrants in California, but that both powers will surely come to an understanding on both questions.

The reactionary press, however, welcomes even another world catastrophe, holding that somehow in the maëlstrom Junkerdom or Kaiserdom might come on top again, and joyously records every bad omen seemingly portending a coming clash between the yellow and white races. Germans who know the East believe the tension between Japan and Australia to be more dangerous than any misunderstanding with America. Privy Councillor Emil Krauss, till 1914 German administrator of the Caroline Islands, residing in Tomil and Yap, told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent that the Japanese are now about to fortify the harbor of the larger of the forty-four islands comprising the West Caroline archipelago, not so much against American as Australian aggression.

"The Australians," said Herr Krauss, "have always acted with the most provocation against the Japanese, and are, doubtless, the best-hated people in Japan. What galls the Japanese most is that Australian officialdom discriminates against the Japanese even in favor of the Chinese. All yellow merchants visiting Australia are compelled to give a certain money security that they will leave again after a fixed time. While this rule is harshly enforced where the Japanese are concerned it is made much easier for the Chinese.

"Somehow the fact that Yap is among the islands to be fortified might be regarded as a provocation by Americans who desire possession of the German cables leading from Tomil or Yap to Shanghai, Guam and Menado. One can easily understand America's interest seeing that possession of Yap island will place the Japanese in control of American cable messages to China and the rest of East Asia, and American trade secrets would be at Japanese mercy. To the Japanese however, possession of Yap island and cable lines is not only of mercantile, but also political and strategic importance, because these islands, fortified, would secure her from any aggression by any two countries that could ever be expected to fight her with any chance of success. The German inheritance in the South Sea may thus be destined to play a fatal part in the future for America and Japan, who will find it mighty difficult to come to an agreement over Yap.

"Shortly before I left Tomil the wireless station connecting with Nauen, near Berlin, had been opened. By this means the possessor of Yap will remain in connection with all the world, even if the cables should be cut, which fact, of course, makes the island the more valuable."

As a colonial possession, the ex-Administrator said, the Carolines had no value. The inhabitants of the forty-four islands, called Micronesians, numbered only 15,000 altogether. The German Government had never had any trouble with them, except to feed them several years when a plant plague destroyed almost all the fruit-bearing vegetation.

K. OF C. DENOUNCES BLUE LAW CAMPAIGN

Declares It Is an Effort to Restore More Tyranny—Condemns Prohibition Act.

The Knights of Columbus yesterday issued a statement opposing the campaign for blue laws, laws which the organization said formerly constituted a moral tyranny over citizens living in certain States of the Union.

"Blue laws mean red laymen," said the statement. "It is not only impossible to make people good by act of Congress; it is more than probable that an act of Congress aimed to make people good will make them indifferent to legal definitions of good and evil or else provoke them into a positive contempt for what is legally defined as sinful. Mr. Volstead has demonstrated this. The ultimate danger of all extremists is that they force rensonable citizens to go more than half way.

"Liquor traffic has long been regarded as a public evil to be prohibited, but the reformers understood and succeeded in their undertaking to prohibit the good in alcoholic beverages as well as the bad. Instead of creating a temperate nation, they have reared overnight our sixth largest national industry—bootlegging.

"If the people of the United States are ever so purblind or puerile as to permit the blue law advocates to put over their program of compulsory misery the inevitable reaction will be moral indignation that may be beneficial. It would probably lead an outraged electorate to restore at one sweep the liberties of the American people and add avenues for license as the full measure of that restoration.

"The Knights of Columbus will oppose the movement for blue laws because the movement is an attack on the Constitution. It aims to pursue the pursuers of happiness. We stand solidly against extremism of all kinds—red or blue. We stand solidly for all sane reforms, but the blue-noses are not reformers, they are plain nuisances."

AMERICAN KILLED IN MEXICO.

Mining Man a Victim, Embassy There Reports.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—John Berens, an American mining man, of San Francisco, was killed about Nov. 29, in the State of Mexico, Mexico, according to information received today by the State Department from the embassy at Mexico City. The embassy said that it had asked the Mexican Foreign Office to investigate and take such steps as were necessary to punish those responsible.

Mr. Berens obtained a passport to Mexico on June [illegible] and he went into the Temascaltepec district soon after his arrival in the southern republic. No details regarding the manner of his death were contained in the report.

MORGENTHAU TAKES A REST

Awaits at Atlantic City Final Instructions for European Mission.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Dec. 18.—Henry C. Morgenthau, ex-Ambassador to Turkey, now preparing to go to Europe as special envoy of President Wilson, arrived at the Ambassador Hotel here tonight. He joined Mrs. Morgenthau and expects to remain for several days.

While the former Ambassador, who is one of the leading authorities on the troubled questions of Southeastern Europe, is coming for a rest, he will keep in communication with Washington, and may receive an envoy bearing final instructions from President Wilson.

FRANKLIN SIMON & CO

A STORE OF INDIVIDUAL SHOPS — FIFTH AVENUE, 37th AND 38th STS., NEW YORK

MONDAY

The Biggest Reductions We Have Ever Made in

MEN'S SILK SCARFS

$1.00 Scarfs .65
$1.50 Scarfs .95
$2.00 Scarfs 1.35
$2.50 Scarfs 1.85

The town is so filled with "sale" scarfs, recruited from all sorts of sources for Christmas selling, that we thought you might be interested in an offering from our regular stock wherein only the prices are sacrificed, not the scarfs.

Similarly Liberal Reductions in House Coats and Dressing Gowns

$20.00
CROCHET SILK MUFFLERS
Reduced to 15.00
CARMOOR LONDON

The Biggest Reductions We Have Ever Made in

MEN'S SOX and GLOVES

RIBBED CASHMERE SOX, broad ribbed, in two-tone effects. *Regular price $2.00* — 1.25

IMPORTED CASHMERE SOX, in heather colorings. *Regular price $2.50* — 1.75

IMPORTED CASHMERE SOX, heather colorings, novelty designs. *Regular price $3.25* — 2.25

PURE THREAD SILK SOX, black with white hand embroidered clox. *Regular price $3.75* — 2.75

SUEDE GLOVES, One clasp: slate or brown with spear backs. *Regular price $4.50* — 2.75

CAPESKIN GLOVES, one clasp: tan or butternut. *Regular price $5.00* — 3.75

BUCKSKIN GLOVES, one clasp: olive, gray or butternut. *Regular price $5.50* — 4.25

MEN'S IMPORTED FRENCH LINEN NOVELTY HANDKERCHIEFS
1.00
Regular prices $1.25 to $1.75
Hand-blocked patterns: variety of colorings; hand-rolled or hemstitched hems.

MONDAY

Women's and Misses'

WEARABLE GIFTS

Lose nothing in sentiment by gaining in practicality and spare nothing in quality by reduction in price.

Our Regular Stock at Extraordinary Price Reductions—in many instances below actual cost

PARFAIT SILK STOCKINGS

PARFAIT PURE THREAD SILK STOCKINGS, our most widely known heavy quality silk, black only. *Below actual cost* — 1.90

PARFAIT PURE THREAD SILK STOCKINGS, excellent quality, silk garter top; black only. *Below actual cost* — 2.00

PARFAIT OPENWORK PURE SILK STOCKINGS, pure thread silk, silk sole and silk garter top; black only. *Below actual cost* — 3.95

HOSIERY SALE—*First Floor—Take Elevators*

GIFT GLOVES

CAPESKIN GLOVES, one clasp, brown, tan, gray or beaver. *Regular price $2.75* — 1.95

GLACE KIDSKIN IMPORTED FRENCH GLOVES, one or two clasp; white, black, champagne or gray. *Regular price $3.50* — 2.75

CAPESKIN SLIP-ON GLOVES; white, black, tan, beaver or mode. *Regular price $4.50* — 3.75

FEMININE GLOVE SHOP—*Street Floor*

GLOVE SILK UNDERWEAR

GLOVE SILK VESTS, extra length; bodice model, hemstitched top and shoulder straps; flesh or white. *Regular price $3.75* — 2.85

GLOVE SILK VESTS, extra length; hemstitched regular top; flesh or white. *Regular price $4.25* — 3.50

GLOVE SILK BLOOMERS, full cut and reinforced to knee; flesh, white or black. *Regular price $4.95* — 3.75

UNDERWEAR SALE—*First Floor—Take Elevators*

SILK NEGLIGEES AND BOUDOIR COATS

SILK NEGLIGEES AND BOUDOIR COATS, many becoming models of taffeta, satin or crêpe meteor in dark or light colorings. *Regular prices $12.75 to $29.50* — 9.75

NEGLIGEE SHOP—*First Floor—Take Elevators*

IMPORTED SILK UNDERTHINGS

IMPORTED CRÊPE DE CHINE NIGHTGOWNS, hand embroidered; flesh color. *Regular price $8.95* — 4.75

IMPORTED CRÊPE DE CHINE CHEMISES, envelope model, hand embroidered, flesh color *Regular price $4.95* — 2.75

LINGERIE SHOP—*First Floor—Take Elevators*

Franklin Simon & Co.

REED AND BUTLER TALK WITH HARDING

Senator and College President Declare Against the Bryan-Harvey Peace Proposal.

NO ASSOCIATION FOR REED

And Dr. Butler Says We Must Make New Arrangement on Judicial Lines.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 18.—Opposition to the Bryan-Harvey proposal for a national referendum before engaging in offensive warfare was voiced today by two of Senator Harding's callers, Senator Reed, Missouri irreconcilable, and Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University.

The President-elect was particularly anxious to win Mr. Reed to his plan for a modified association of nations. He felt that if the Missouri Senator gave his approval, the rest of the bitter-enders would fall in line.

Senator Reed intimated that if Senator Harding's proposed association contained no more obligations than The Hague tribunal, the project would have his support. As Senator Harding has not told publicly the fundamentals of the plan for an association which he has discussed with his visitors, there is no evidence as to what extent the Bryan-Harvey war referendum plan is adopted. Press comment upon the proposal, reaching Marion is regarded as generally unfavorable.

Outside of Mr. Bryan and Colonel Harvey, Senator Fall is the only one of the visitors who has endorsed the plan. Others with whom the President-elect has been in conference, such as Messrs. Root, Hughes and Hoover, have issued statements, interpreted here as hostile to the proposal. Two of today's visitors, Reed and Butler, were hostile, while a third, Senator New of Indiana, was noncommittal.

In a talk with correspondents, Senator Reed declared that an association of nations, based on a national referendum before engaging in offensive warfare, was "wholly impracticable."

"Just to illustrate my point," he said, "suppose the United States and Japan become involved in a controversy that almost reaches the stage of war. Japan could seize the Philippines and Hawaii and land an army on our shores or destroy our fleet while we were submitting the matter to a referendum."

Causes and conditions, not Governments, force war, the Senator asserted. He expressed the opinion that there are how many ways to promote peace and prevent war through the agencies of treaties and such a body as The Hague Tribunal. He spoke against any governing association of nations.

"The country has given its decision concerning a governing league," he added, "and any man failing to be guided by that would be breaking faith with the American people."

Butler Criticises Referendum.

Dr. Butler gave out a statement in which he expressed his opposition to the peace referendum proposal thus:

"The suggestion that a declaration of war be made dependent upon a popular referendum overlooks both the psychology of the crowd and the fact that war is not an affair of one nation alone, but of two or more nations. It also carries us back to the customs of ancient Greece, where the people voted on peace and war, and almost uniformly voted for war.

"Any modern people lashed into a fury of anger or hate by skillful and clever demagogues in the press or on the platform would vote for two wars where a responsible representative government would venture to declare one. The notion that wars are forced by Governments upon unwilling peoples has no foundation in fact. Nothing is more certain that the peoples of Germany and Austria would have voted overwhelmingly for the late war had the question been submitted to them during the last week of July, 1914.

"Moreover, such a plan would tend to weaken and discredit representative government at a time when it should be strengthened and improved by all possible means. No, the only protection against war is to extend the rule of right and closely educate the people that call themselves civilized up to the point where they and their Governments consciously prefer the rule of the right to the appeal of force."

On the general subject of a peace arrangement, Dr. Butler said:

"There are only two known forms of international co-operation: the political and the judicial. The judicial form of international co-operation, accompanied by stated international conferences for declaring, revising and carrying forward the rules of international law, is the form to which the people and the Government of the United States are committed by tradition and by many formal acts.

"Unfortunately, the influence of President Wilson at the Peace Conference was thrown against making this form of international co-operation fundamental, and in favor of that form which is political in spirit and which may easily develop into that super-government which every free and independent nation justly fears and dislikes. Our task now is to get back upon the right track with the least possible delay and the least possible friction.

"The high cost of living and the high cost of doing business are due primarily to the high cost of government. The high cost of government in turn is due in no small degree to the fear of another international war. To lead the way in removing this fear is for the people of the United States both an opportunity and an obligation. It can be done without involving us in any of the complexities and complications of the League of Nations, as now organized, and yet without losing the advantages of close international association and co-operation."

Would Help Europe Recover.

Dr. Butler spoke of foreign and domestic problems as "one and the same thing." Conditions in this country could not improve, he said, so long as Central Europe and the Balkans were in economic chaos. On this general subject he said:

Quack remedies for the distress of our farmers, cotton planters and manufacturers will not avail so long as the economic situation remains what it is in Europe. What ails the American farmers, cotton planters and merchants cannot be remedied by acts of Congress, but only by restoring Central and Southeastern Europe to a sound economic basis and enabling them to become purchasers of our raw materials which we in turn enable them to sell through extension of credits.

"Europe cannot begin to buy largely from us until the present demoralization of the exchanges is in part at least overcome. This will depend upon such production and thrift on the part of the European peoples as will enable them to withdraw the excessive volume of paper money now in circulation and get back to a gold basis. Just at present everything waits upon making definite the burden to be borne by Germany under the terms of the Peace Treaty. So soon as that amount is fixed, if it be an amount which the German people can by proper exertion and thrift meet in a term of years, then the economic machinery of the world will begin to move."

Concerning the President-elect Dr. Butler said:

"Senator Harding is taking up the grave problems which confront him, both domestic and international, with open mindedness, sagacity and fine patience. The confidence of the country in his leadership will be fully justified."

New Wants to Remain Senator.

Senator and Mrs. New arrived soon after the departure of Senator Reed and Dr. Butler. They will be guests of Senator and Mrs. Harding until tomorrow night.

"I have nothing to take up with Senator Harding," Senator New said. "I was invited here to answer any questions he may care to put to me. I have nothing to volunteer; there is nothing that I want. I prefer to keep my present status in the Senate and stand for re-election two years from now. My only desire is to help make the coming Administration successful."

Senator New declined to discuss the referendum proposal. He did say, however:

"I approve Senator Borah's proposal for Japan and Great Britain to agree with this country to limit their armaments. This, it seems to me, is where international relationship should begin. With only a few, but the most powerful, nations pledging reduced armaments, the rest of the world necessarily would have to follow. In this manner the result would be speedily accomplished without the delays, debates and misunderstandings that are unavoidable in more unwieldly international conferences."

Senator Wadsworth of New York and Colonel R. R. McCormick, editor of The Chicago Tribune, are expected to confer with Senator Harding tomorrow.

BERNSTORFF VIEWS HARDING FAVORABLY

Thinks Our Policy for Next Four Years Will Be Complete Political Isolation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Count Johann von Bernstorff, former German Ambassador to the United States, who is now President of the German League of Nations Society, has been telling his people about political conditions in America and advising them to enter into cordial relations with this country. Copies of a speech he delivered recently at Frankfort, which have been received in Washington, contain comments on President Wilson and President-elect Harding. He represents the President-elect as favoring complete political isolation for America and welcomes Harding's attitude toward the League of Nations as favorable to Germany.

Count von Bernstorff advocated better German press representation in the United States and suggests that German newspapers make arrangements with American newspaper correspondents in Germany so that "the truth about Germany may become known in America." The address was warmly applauded by an audience of 4,000 persons.

Among other things Count von Bernstorff said:

"If in nine German newspapers there appeared articles friendly toward America and in one German newspaper an unfriendly article, one might reckon with surety that the one article would be cabled to America, while the nine others would be disregarded. Unfortunately, it is to be feared that now, after the war, on account of the unfavorable rate of exchange the matter will be worse. On the other hand, the great French and English newspapers constantly maintain good representation in America. At the very least, it should be recommended that the German press now make connections with American correspondents in Germany, in order to provide that through their mediation the truth about Germany may become known in America.

"In regard to politics, we should not expect much from America. This may be inferred from the brief statement of former American Ambassador Hill in Berlin, who believed that for America there is only one foreign policy—the Monroe Doctrine. America's interest in Europe rests only on economic and humanitarian considerations. Wilson's failure in foreign politics followed upon his recognition that a policy of isolation could not harmonize for any length of time with an American economic alliance with European States. Therefore Wilson attempted a reconciliation between the contending parties in which neither victor nor vanquished should be recognized, and for the avoidance of future wars he sought the formation of a League of Nations. After Wilson's failure the idea of America's political isolation was successfully revived and, simultaneously, the idea of the formation of an economic alliance. Therefore, since in America it has been considered impracticable to assume the obligations arising under the Versailles Treaty, the recent Presidential election resulted in the defeat of Wilson who, four years ago, had been chosen peace President.

"Now, the Republican Party has achieved victory upon the issue of a foreign policy without any regard to the domestic struggle between the conservatives and the radicals and the disreputable social elements. This conclusion will continue in force for four years. Wilson had declared the alternative 'for or against the League and the Versailles peace.' Yet there are many groups in America in favor of the League, but against the Versailles Treaty. Therefore, Harding, while against the present League, advocated the revival of the principle in The Hague Court of Arbitration and of a plan for the free association of nations without endangering the sovereignty of any of the participating States.

"In answer to objections relative to the lack of power of The Hague tribunal to enforce its decisions, Harding explained: 'If The Hague tribunal has no teeth, we can supply them.' Thereby Harding has declared for the principle of America's complete political isolation. It is certain that Harding will not accept the Versailles Treaty without the well-known Republican reservations, and it is even possible that by means of a resolution of the Congress the state of war with Germany will be declared ended.

"This attitude of the United States can only be welcomed by us. It corresponds also with the attitude on this question of the Pacific Congress and of the German Government which desire, in place of the present League of Nations, the establishment of adequate legal maxims. Again, the explanations of the American representatives at the Brussels finance conference make it clear that there can be no question of the complete political isolation of the United States.

"Germany must then accept the American policy of an economic alliance with Europe, even if it will not have the same economic independence as formerly. We will always proceed in the best manner if we carry on our work of reconstruction with American aid, because in that way we will be forming no political alliances, as so many European States which require assistance are doing.

"When Russia has freed herself from Bolshevism America will, with a special interest, share in the reconstruction of that country. For that purpose it will provide only the necessary capital, but not the labor. This latter Germany must supply."

Count von Bernstorff recommended the resumption of relations with the German-Americans upon whom, he declared, "we must also depend for the revival of our export business with the United States."

BE SURE SANTA REMEMBERS NEW YORK'S OWN KIDDIES THIS YEAR
Send Christmas Checks to Charity Organization Society, 105 East 22nd St.

BONWIT TELLER & CO.

The Specialty Shop of Originations
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

Christmas Gifts at Greatly Reduced Prices

LEATHER ARTICLES FOR VARIOUS USES

Pullman slippers and case; polished leather "Hasty Line" pads; sewing rolls.
1.95
Formerly 2.25 to 5.00

Manicure and sewing kits; novelty purses and pocketbooks in various leathers.
3.95
Formerly up to 6.95

Engagement pads, travel writing pads, desk blotters, brief cases, music rolls, cigarette boxes.
7.50
Formerly 12.50 to 16.50

HANDBAGS of VELVET, SILK, BROCADES, BEADS

Bags of striped silk, metal brocade, evening bags of silk and beads.
7.50
Formerly 15.00 to 25.00

Beaded bags; also bags of brocade silk with gold knobs, metal brocade, velvet, silk with shell frame or leather.
15.00
Formerly 25.00 to 45.00

Beaded bags, velvet envelope vanities with solid gold corners; decorated duvetyn; velvet and brocade; beaded mocha; beaded sac bags and various leathers.
23.00
Formerly 32.50 to 50.00

Fine bead bags; silk and beading; velvet and beading; embroidered velvet; embroidered silk and various leathers.
32.00
Formerly 40.00 to 75.00

Real Coral Graduated Bead Necklaces
19.50
Formerly 25.00 to 35.00
White coral of perfect finish, mounted ready for clasp.

Steel Bead Sautoirs
15.00
Formerly 20.00 to 32.50
A variety of unusual designs in light and dark colorings of fine steel beads.

Real Jade, Coral, Lapis, Amber Necklaces
At Greatly Reduced Prices

At Greatly Reduced Prices

COTY, GUERLAIN and HOUBIGANT PERFUMES and TOILET WATERS

CONTINUATION TOMORROW OF THE

ANNUAL DECEMBER

FOR WOMEN SALE OF FURS FOR MISSES

Trimmed Marmot Coats
36 inch long, box model. Natural raccoon collar and cuffs.
Formerly 195.00 *125.00*

Trim'd Hudson Seal Coats
30 inch long model, made from fine quality selected skins.
Formerly 295.00 *195.00*

Hudson Seal Coats
36 inch long, full box model of selected skins, belt to match.
Formerly 395.00 *245.00*

Trim'd Hudson Seal Coats
36 inch long, box model; natural skunk or beaver collar and cuffs.
Formerly 550.00 *350.00*

Hudson Seal Wraps
40 inch long model, very full cut coat of fine selected skins.
Formerly 695.00 *450.00*

Genuine Leopard Coats
32 inch long, sport model, large collar and cuffs of raccoon.
Formerly 495.00 *350.00*

Natural Squirrel Coats
36 inch long, full flare model, made from fine blue skins.
Formerly 695.00 *495.00*

Sable Squirrel Wraps
45 inch long, enveloping model of fine dyed selected skins.
Formerly 950.00 *695.00*

Natural Squirrel Wraps
48 inch long model, made of finest clear blue Siberian skins.
Formerly 1150.00 *785.00*

Trim'd Hudson Seal Wraps
45 and 48 inch long models, in graceful, draped styles.
Formerly 850.00 *550.00*

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF WOMEN'S

EVENING WRAPS & DAYCOATS

At Greatly Reduced Prices

Among the evening wraps are sumptuous metal brocades, the finest velvets, steel studded and embroidered effects, the majority with luxurious combinations of furs.

The day wraps are of the most elegant qualities of duvetyn and kindred fabrics designed in the most distinguished modes and combined with fur. Included are the new slim silhouette blouse back coats. Plain or richly embroidered and accentuated with fine furs.



AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

WOMEN'S PURE LINEN

HANDKERCHIEFS

Handkerchiefs of the finest French and Irish Linen and of exquisite handspun linen in a variety of designs.

At 85c.
Formerly 1.00 to 1.50
Hand embroidered corners; hand hemstitched; plain; 1-16 inch hem double row spoke. Also Madeira hand kerchiefs.

At 1.15
Formerly 1.50
Madeira with rose sacllop edge and embroidered corners. Also hand embroidered handkerchiefs.

At 1.45
Formerly 2.95
Hand drawn filet edge and corner decoration in pure white linen.

At 1.95
Formerly 2.50 to 3.25
French linen with hand embroidery and spoke stitching. Also Swiss glove kerchiefs.

At 2.95
Formerly 5.00
Fine French linen hand embroidered corners and all around borders.

At 4.75
Formerly 5.00 to 9.00
Regular and glove size in fine hand spun linen, with color and hand embroidery.

Christmas Gifts at Greatly Reduced Prices

WOMEN'S "BONTELL" SILK HOSIERY
FULL FASHIONED, FIRST QUALITY

Medium-weight Silk Hose
1.50
Formerly 2.00
Extra reinforced lisle garter top and soles. In black, taupe, brown, beige.

Superfine Silk Hose
2.50
Formerly 3.95
In black, white, African brown, taupe, beige. All silk garter top and soles.

Openwork & Clox Silk Hose
3.75
Formerly 4.95
Various patterns in finest pure thread silk. Black, white and African brown.

Corduroy House Coats
10.00
Formerly 18.50
Wide wale corduroy lined throughout with China silk; large collar and pockets.

Corded Silk Negligees
16.50
Formerly 39.50
Graceful draped model of two tone striped corded silk, finished with silk tassel and touches of French flowers.

Zanana Cloth Negligees
23.50
Formerly 39.00
Made of fine quality Zanana lined throughout with China silk; large pockets; cord girdle. Various colors.

House Robes & Gowns
39.00
Formerly 69.00 to 89.00
Distinctive models made in the Bonwit Teller & Co. workroom of chiffon, crepe meteor and brocades. Only one or two of a kind.

WOMEN'S GLOVES of PERFECT QUALITY

Medium & Extra Long French Suede, Mocha & Cape Gauntlet Gloves
5.50
Formerly 7.50 to 8.50
Perfect fitting gloves of finest skins in fashionable street shades.

White French Kid Gloves
1.95
Formerly 2.95
Fine quality two clasp gloves—overseam sewn, Paris point stitched backs.

IMPORTED FRENCH HAND-MADE BLOUSES

10.00
Formerly up to 22.50
A collection of about three hundred blouses including a large variety of styles in white voile and batiste.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.
Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

who see, and rightly, in the League a barrier against revolution. But we have friends; first, all the forces of religion; second, the mass of public opinion, which loves right and hates evil, which loves peace and hates war. We must rely on it, we must not disappoint it, we must not work in darkness.

"I suggest that the leaders should always bear in mind what the Congress of Vienna would have done and do the opposite. They cannot use the old methods in a new experiment. You cannot put new wine into old bottles nor confine the spirit of the League in the fetters of ancient diplomacy. That is doomed to failure. We must take the people into our confidence. We must frankly publish not only what has been done but what is being done. That is why I regret so profoundly the decision of the Council reached not frankly to give the world the draft of the mandates on which it is engaged. I am sure they would have lost nothing by doing so. I am sure they would have been strengthened. I hope they will reconsider their decision. I hope they will realize in this and other cases that publicity is the League's greatest friend and that without it we risk the worst disaster and failure that ever attended human effort."

Sweden Supports Mandate Move.

Mr. Lofgren of Sweden said it was never intended by the framers of the covenant that the Assembly should not have anything to say about mandate terms. The small nations were interested in the mandates because they wished to protect the League, he said.

"Let competition about colonies and selfish ambitions give room to freedom and equity," he added, and then declared that the mandate system would never work until the mandatories were responsible to the whole League.

Mr. Doherty of Canada said the whole world was following with attention the manner in which the mandate plan was being applied and declared that there would be keen disappointment because it had not been discussed before the Assembly." President Hymans then called for a vote on the report, of which the conclusions are as follows:

Mandates Generally—(1) Members of the Mandate Commission should not be dismissed without assent of the majority of the Assembly. (2) The Commission should have one woman member. (3) Mandatories should report on their conduct in the areas occupied up to the present time. (4) Mandatories should not make use of their position to increase their military strength. (5) Mandatories should not make use of their position to exploit for themselves or friends the natural resources of a country. (6) Organic laws should be passed for mandated territory as soon as possible and before coming into force should be submitted to the League for consideration. General Recommendations: Future drafts of mandates should be made public before they are decided on by the Council. "A" Mandates are those under the Turkish Treaty where the mandatory nations act as advisers to the native governments.

After the report was read Mr. Balfour took the floor. He said he agreed with the spirit of the report, but that a big mistake had occurred in some minds. He said:

"Behind the action and recommendations of the commission there is the danger of a conflict between the two bodies of the League. If such catastrophe should arrive I would feel that the future was profoundly in peril.

Now, if this is true, and I think it is, that the whole responsibility lies with the Council and with the Council alone, I think you are running considerable danger in bringing to these proposals as to a matter in which neither the commission nor the Assembly is responsible, but the Council. Speaking as a member of my Government, I consider that I and those who succeed me as Great Britain's representatives on the Council are free to regard each mandate proposal on its merits. I cannot allow it to be presupposed that I or any one who succeeds me in any way limits our freedom of action by anything the Assembly does at this or any other meeting."

Cecil Answers Balfour.

Cecil at once rose to reply. The Assembly, he declared, did not seek to take away from the Council any of its powers.

"What we desired to do," he said, "was to furnish the Council, which perhaps after all is not infallible, with some suggestions. How have we offended? What have we done to be exposed to the harsh language of the representative of Great Britain? We have committed no offense. This Assembly has the right to discuss any question within the competence of the League. We have only tried to do so and have not succeeded. I agree there should be harmony, but I submit harmony is not promoted by the Council putting the worst possible construction on what the commission does.

Leon Bourgeois said that, as a member of the Council, he was willing to consider the suggestions of the Assembly; but they did not bind the Council, as Article XXII. gave to the latter the power of drawing up mandate terms. He made an appeal for harmony and said he did not think there was anything but harmony.

Mr. Millen, the Australian delegate, had declared his intention to vote against the report on the ground that the proposals had not been sufficiently considered; but when M. Hymans put the report to a vote he did not rise, and the report was adopted.

Wellington Koo who is likely to take the place newly given to China on the Council of the League read a statement at this morning's meetings with which it was apparent he intended to clear the ground for future action. He said there were certain subjects of vital importance to China affecting international relations, which the representatives of China had intended to bring before the attention of the Assembly and Council. The delegation, however, had considered that the first assembly of the League was not the right place and time to do so. He specifically declared, in the name of the Republic of China, that in refraining to bring these matters before the Assembly he reserved full right, as the representative of China, to bring them before the Assembly or Council at a more appropriate time.

Delegates Depart Satisfied.

GENEVA, Dec. 18 (Associated Press)—The first meeting of the Assembly of the League of Nations closed this evening in a burst of eloquence after passing through one of the fullest days of its existence in a rather agitated and not always clear debate.

In farewell speeches Paul Hymans, President of the Assembly, and Dr. Nansen, the Assembly is that it has done all that could be expected of it, if not more.

A number of pet projects have met with disaster, yet there are few, if any, delegates who remained for the entire Assembly who will leave dissatisfied with the work of that body.

Esperanto fell a victim to a sharp assault by Gabriel Hanotaux when the committee reported in favor of an expression by the Assembly with the object of encouraging the general teaching of Esperanto in the public schools with a view to making it eventually an international language and the language of the League. After a debate the Assembly voted against the proposal.

M. Hymans, in his closing speech, dwelt upon the fact that the session of the Assembly demonstrated to all the value of the League of Nations.

"The League has developed a consciousness," he said, "and now resolves to live, and will live. Through the setting up of an International Court of Justice the Assembly has established a house of rights and a palace of peace."

The activities of the Assembly respecting typhus he declared to be a magnificent demonstration of human solidarity. When the Assembly spoke of disarmament, M. Hymans said, the members of that body displayed keen anxiety to lift the weight of armaments from the shoulders of the world, but at the same time realized that in the present unsettled condition of Europe nothing better could be done than had been.

He referred to the fraternal spirit shown by the Assembly, the members of which were separated only by shades of opinion, not by principles. He appealed to the youth of the world, the men of tomorrow, those who fought in the great war, to construct a moral world, indispensable to the future of mankind, and concluded:

"Let us continue our ascending march toward the stars."

M. Viviani of the French delegation said to The Associated Press respecting the work of the Assembly:

"The League cannot but congratulate itself on its action. Evidently, it has not been able to regenerate and revolutionize the world. Only the silly formed such hopes for it. It has cleared the ground before it of many questions and can next year in the shortest space of time accomplish its labors. It has proved its vitality by action."

Speaking of the United States, M. Viviani said that country showed a sympathy which made it evident that a closer union was possible.

N. W. Rowell of the Canadian delegation, who has been prominent in the sessions of the Assembly, said:

"The first assembly of the League of Nations has satisfied its friends and disappointed its enemies. Its most significant feature is the fact that for five weeks representatives from forty-one different nations have found it possible to co-operate on a great variety of matters and international concerns and that as the Assembly progressed it has developed in an increasing measure a corporate consciousness, a sense of power and authority, and the conviction that it serves a great purpose. That guarantees its future.

"Its greatest achievement was a permanent court of international justice. This was in itself a great step, substituting reason for the sword as a means for settling international disputes.

"In the space of five weeks the Assembly has accomplished more business than any parliament of any one of the nations represented in the same space of time.

"The League has become more truly a world organization by the admission of former enemy and neutral States. The League will live because humanity needs it."



For Her—The Ideal Gift

Rectangular Swiss movement, 18-jewel, hand engraved, on black silk ribbon.

In White Gold.....$150

In Platinum.....$275

Others in White Gold as low as $45

In Platinum and Diamonds up to $1800

Send for Watch and Silverware Catalogue

LEBOLT & COMPANY

534 Fifth Avenue

CHICAGO HOUSE 101 S. State Street

Stanley & MacGibbons

5TH AVENUE AT 36TH STREET

Second Floor—Take Elevator

Sale!

Dresses & Coats

New Model Dresses in Fashionable Weaves for afternoon and evening wear.

Values to $89.50

$69.50 $45

Wrap Coats With Big Squirrel Collars

Values to $150

Entire Stock of Dresses, Coats and Suits, at ½ or More Off Former Prices

HENNING

Custom Made Boot Shop

679 Madison Ave. at 57th St.

FITTED BY CRAFTSMEN

EXPANSION SALE

DUE to the fact we have found it necessary to open an additional store for the comfort of our patrons at

577 MADISON AVE.

To open JANUARY 15TH

We have revised prices to effect an immediate clearance of current styles, preliminary to the introduction of a very much enlarged stock. We therefore will dispose of

996 *Pairs of Shoes*

Odds and ends—all sizes in assortment but completely broken in styles

8.75

525 *Pairs of Shoes*

of regular stock shoes, shipped in advance of promised date of delivery

11.75

715 *Pairs of Shoes*

of styles that will prevail the coming spring, which we discontinued for minor details, such as heel and length of vamp but absolutely correct in style

13.75

These shoes originally were $16 to $22

Black Satin, White Satin, Silver, Silver Brocade, Patent Leather, Grey Suede with patent trimming, Patent Leather with grey trimming, Pink Satin, Tan Russia Oxford, Black Russia Oxford, Tan and Black Spat Pumps, Grey Kids

"Henning Fits the Narrow Heel"

Pittsburgh
Brooklyn
Philadelphia

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO

Cleveland
Buffalo
Newark

34th Street—New York

Furs **Furs**

Sale Continued Monday

Entire Fur Stock Without Reserve

Reduced 40% to 60%

From Our Former Extremely Moderate Prices

This Sale Unquestionably Affords the Most Extraordinary Opportunity to Purchase High Class Fur Garments at a Fraction of Their Actual Value.

Hudson Seal Coats (35 inch)	Formerly to 475.00	Reduced to 225.00
Hudson Seal Coats (36 inch)	Formerly to 695.00	Reduced to 335.00
Persian Lamb Coats	Formerly to 895.00	Reduced to 350.00
Hudson Seal Coats (40 inch)	Formerly to 850.00	Reduced to 375.00
Hudson Seal Coats (45 inch)	Formerly to 895.00	Reduced to 425.00
Beaver Coats (36 inch)	Formerly to 750.00	Reduced to 425.00
Hudson Seal Wraps (45 inch)	Formerly to 975.00	Reduced to 425.00
Beaver Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats	Formerly to 850.00	Reduced to 450.00
Mole Wraps	Formerly to 895.00	Reduced to 450.00
Hudson Seal Wraps	Formerly to 795.00	Reduced to 450.00
Hudson Seal Wraps	Formerly to 1025.00	Reduced to 475.00
Beaver Trimmed Hudson Seal Coats	Formerly to 925.00	Reduced to 475.00
Mole Wraps	Formerly to 1095.00	Reduced to 495.00
Hudson Seal Coats	Formerly to 1295.00	Reduced to 595.00
Hudson Seal Wraps	Formerly to 1450.00	Reduced to 750.00
Hudson Seal Wraps (48 inch)	Formerly to 1450.00	Reduced to 750.00
Caracul Wraps (European Dye)	Formerly to 1800.00	Reduced to 750.00
Natural Squirrel Wrap	Formerly 1500.00	Reduced to 795.00
Mink Coat (36 inch)	Formerly 1975.00	Reduced to 925.00
Mink Wraps	Formerly to 3250.00	Reduced to 1250.00
Mink Wrap Coats	Formerly to 4500.00	Reduced to 2250.00



Wrap of Hudson Seal Skunk Trimmed Formerly 795.00

Reduced to 475.00

Quantities Are Limited. None Sent C. O. D. No Approvals. No Credits.

SACRIFICING OUR ENTIRE STOCK

DRESSES and COATS

at prices lower than you ever expected—
even less than they cost to produce

47-49-51 West 42d Street

Renard

Featuring Tomorrow

Smart Velour Dresses

Tailored and Embroidered

12.85 Values to $25

The latest straightline silhouette models splendidly tailored of a superior quality velour in

NAVY—REINDEER—BROWN—TAUPE

Some are trimmed with buttons, and others with dainty silk and gold combination embroidery.

All Sizes for Misses and Women



Velour Tailored 12.85

ALSO

300 Dresses worth to 20.00 — 7.85

350 Dresses worth to 27.50 — 15.85

395 Dresses worth to 30.00 — 19.75

290 Dresses worth to 40.00 — 29.75

RENARD—West 42d Street—RENARD

CLOTHING MAKERS WANT STATE INQUIRY

Charge Brindell Was Outdone in Extortion by Union Agents in Their Line.

TELL $5,000 STRIKE GRAFT

More Workers Beaten — Amalgamated Promise Answer to Charge Today.

Charging that clothing manufacturers and contractors paid tribute to officials of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America in much the same manner as building contractors are alleged to have done to Robert P. Brindell, Harry A. Gordon, general counsel for the Clothing Manufacturers' Association of New York, said yesterday that he would call for a legislative investigation of the clothing market in New York soon after Governor-elect Miller is inaugurated.

Mr. Gordon added that the manufacturers were eager for an investigation by a committee similar to that now investigating the housing situation, with power to subpoena and take testimony. His charges were made at a general meeting of manufacturers held at the Hotel Pennsylvania.

"There is no doubt," Mr. Gordon said, "that walking delegates and business agents of the clothing unions have been collecting tribute from clothing manufacturers by threatening to call out their workers unless the manufacturers 'came across.' The graft in this industry has been more extensive than that disclosed in the building trade. Some of these agents and delegates I have referred to have been drawing from $80 to $200 a week as employes of clothing manufacturing concerns while secretly engaged in collecting graft."

Gordon said he knew of one instance in which a contractor paid $5,000 to prevent a strike. Reporters who asked whether this was in connection with a war contract received an affirmative answer.

No comment upon Mr. Gordon's charges could be obtained at the union headquarters, 31 Union Square, last night. It was said that the charges probably would be answered in a public statement today.

The manufacturers' association issued a "casualty list" telling of an assault upon two clerks of Schwartz & Jaffee on Thursday. The two clerks were attacked and badly beaten while on their way to work. Yesterday morning a foreman of one of the departments of the same firm, whose shop is at 568 Broadway, was attacked by "gangsters" as he was about to enter the building. One of the alleged gangsters struck the foreman on the head with a bale hook, while another ripped his coat up the back from collar to skirt. The foreman escaped by running into an elevator. Twenty pickets were on duty in front of the building and twelve on the Crosby Street side.

A busheiman employed by the S. Grossman Company, manufacturers of children's clothing at 10 East Twelfth Street, was halted and beaten on his way to work. It was reported that employes of Cohan & Lang, 707 Broadway, and J. Friedman, at 708 Broadway, two of the firms the union listed as locking out their workers, had been attacked and roughly handled.

At the close of a general meeting of the Executive Board of the Amalgamated the following statement was issued:

"The General Executive Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America canvassed the general situation in the industry. It was found that while in the large markets of Chicago and Rochester manufacturers were holding to their agreements with the union, in New York and Boston manufacturers were taking advantage of unemployment to create a lock-out and strike a blow as deadly as possible at the organization as a whole."

A statement as to the situation, including a report as to what financial support the union may expect, will be made this afternoon, it was announced.

PICKETS IGNORE COURT.

Parade in Front of Welinsky's Despite Judge Giegerich's Decision.

Although Supreme Court Justice Giegerich in injunction proceedings brought by Max Welinsky rendered a decision on Friday that a labor union could not send pickets to attempt coercion of a manufacturer in a question which did not involve wages or working conditions, eight pickets of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America paced the sidewalk, heavily placarded, in front of Welinsky's clothing store at 89 Canal Street yesterday.

The pickets have been on duty since shortly after Welinsky closed his manufacturing shops at 34 Allen Street in October, after fire had destroyed part of the place. He decided not to reopen the factory because of the clothing market situation, so the fifty men who had been employed there picketed his retail clothing store. Welinsky applied for an injunction and got it on Friday.

"The pickets are still on duty, but my attorney tells me they will go away on Monday," Welinsky said.

It was explained that the pickets appeared as usual because the order restraining the union probably had not been signed by Justice Giegerich.

AUSTRIAN PRESIDENT ASKS CO-OPERATION

Hopes America Will Uphold the Culture of Europe—League Good Common Sense.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 18.—Dr. Michael Hainisch, President of the Austrian Republic, received me today, saying as follows:

"From the beginning America has occupied a prominent rôle regarding relief action for Austria. I need only mention Mr. Hoover, whose name will be ever remembered in Austria. Many thousands of Austrians are indebted to transoceanic help for health and life. This will sufficiently account for my position toward America, to which, like every Austrian citizen, I feel deeply grateful. In the past I have traveled in America with unforgettable impressions. I hope that the great American Republic may not neglect relations with countries which for centuries served to develop the culture which now brings forth such splendid fruits in another continent.

"Vienna is one of the oldest European centres of culture and the Austrian people are striving with all their might to rescue the city and Staat from destruction and decay. Believe me, it would mean, not only for little Austria, but for western countries, a great loss if the anarchic conditions caused by the war should condemn our State and capital to lose influence in all questions concerning human progress. In spite of the extremely grave times I hope that we shall live to see better conditions in the not too distant future.

"Whatever attitude America may take toward the League of Nations, the idea in itself is valuable. I believe that by means of a real League of Nations in which peoples are represented it will be possible to bring about the victory of humanity over disruptive nationalism.

"Tell the American people that it is good common sense and their well known energy that will lead to practical steps toward the reconciliation of nations. It is yet a long stage to the attainment of this ideal of perpetual peace."

SAYS CIDER MAKERS CAN LET IT FERMENT

Within Bounds of Prohibition Enforcement Act if Used in Home, Palmer Holds.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Use of cider in the home by its manufacturer, even after it has become intoxicating by fermentation, is lawful and without the bounds of the Prohibition Enforcement act, according to an opinion submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury by Attorney General Palmer, made public today.

The opinion is in direct conflict with the regulations of the Bureau of Internal Revenue, which state that home made cider must be "non-intoxicating in fact" although not necessarily containing less than one-half of 1 per cent. of alcohol.

Secretary Houston asked for an opinion as to whether the term "non-intoxicating cider and fruit juices" means non-intoxicating in fact or containing less than one-half of 1 per cent. of alcohol. The phrase occurs in Section 29 of the Prohibition act, which permits the manufacture of non-intoxicating cider for use in the home without a permit.

While the opinion is binding on the Treasury, prohibition enforcement officials intimated tonight that Mr. Palmer might be asked to reconsider his decision, in view of the conflict between his contention and the existing regulations.

REAPPORTIONMENT BILL WILL BE HURRIED UP

Leaders Accept Enlargement of House to 483 Members to Insure Passage.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The next House of Representatives will contain 483 members, an increase of forty-eight over the present membership, according to a tentative agreement reached by Republican leaders today following last night's caucus when sentiment as to reapportionment was sounded. Leaders recognize that it would be impossible to pass a bill in the short session, which reduced the representation of any State, so adopted the 48S basis.

Representative Siegel of New York, Chairman of the Census Committee, will promptly report a bill making the ratio of population 218,979 for each member. These States will gain members: Alabama 1, Arkansas 1, California 5, Delaware 1, Georgia 1, Illinois 3, Massachusetts 2, Maryland 1, Michigan 4, Minnesota 1, New Jersey 2, New Mexico 1, New York 4, North Carolina 2, Ohio 4, Oklahoma 1, Oregon 1, Pennsylvania 4, South Carolina 1, Tennessee 1, Texas 3, Virginia 1, Washington 1, West Virginia 1 and Wisconsin 1.

If the House kept its present membership of 435 members Missouri would lose two members, while Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Mississippi, Nebraska, Rhode Island and Vermont would lose one each. California would gain three members, Michigan and Ohio two each, and Connecticut, New Jersey, North Carolina, Texas and Washington one each.

LONG PRISON TERM FOR KIDNAPPING SON

Stagg Pleads Guilty and Case Against Alleged Accomplice Is Dismissed.

TACOMA, Dec. 18.—George T. Stagg, former Tacoma and Seattle newspaper man, pleaded guilty today to having kidnapped his son, Robert Stagg, on Sept. 14. He was sentenced to the State penitentiary for a term of from ten to fifteen years.

The case against Miss Betty Brainerd, charged as an accomplice in the kidnapping, was dismissed.

Miss Brainerd, a Western newspaper woman, had been arrested in New York, charged with the kidnapping, and her trial was to have begun next Tuesday. The Stagg boy was kidnapped from his mother, Stagg's divorced wife.

Stagg, until he appeared in court, had eluded the authorities.

Miss Betty Brainerd, former society editor of The Seattle Star, was arrested in this city on Oct. 10 on the charge of complicity with George T. Stagg in stealing the 21-months-old son Robert from the boy's mother. Captain of Detectives John S. Strickland of Tacoma came to this city seeking to arrest Stagg and recover the child, but received a telegram on Oct. 21 saying that the baby had been returned to the mother at Vancouver. The child had been turned over to two women, Miss Marie Smith and her mother, at Albany, and they took him back to the mother.



BOUÉ SOEURS

9 Rue de la Paix, Paris

Dear Madame:

In anticipation of Christmas, we have received direct from our Paris house a collection of most fascinating lingeries, especially created for that occasion.

A selection from these beautiful lingeries presents an unusual gift.

An early visit assures a preferential choice. Awaiting the pleasure of seeing you soon and extending you our holiday greetings, we remain,

Very sincerely yours,

Boué Soeurs.

New York Establishment
13 West 56th Street

The Only Rue de la Paix House in America

Maison Camas
623 Madison Avenue,
Near 59th Street

Manufacturer's Sale
of Hand-Made Real-Lace-Trimmed
French Lingerie
AT HALF COST

OUR regular prices, which are always about 40% lower than elsewhere, have been reduced to half, simply because we are abandoning our Lingerie Dep't. and we desire to dispose of our $20,000 stock in record time.

CHEMISES & ENVELOPE CHEMISES, *Half-Priced,*
$6.50 to $20

NIGHT GOWNS, *Half-Priced,*
$12.50 to $30

A profusion of charming, inimitably French models in Crepe de Chine, Georgette, Batiste and Kerchief Linen. Trimmed with Real Filet, Valenciennes, Binche, Bebe Irish. Hand-made throughout. Pale flesh or snow white. All sizes. Admirable as Christmas gifts.

40% Savings on
Hand-Made, Real-Lace-Trimmed
BLOUSES
$7.50 to $30
FROCKS
$20 to $40



1,100 Choicest SAMPLES
Half-Priced —and Less

EXCLUSIVE, no two-alike creations of great charm and superlative quality. Many magnificent Parisian copies. Were they not samples, they would cost twice or thrice as much!

All Occasion GOWNS $24 to $129
Elsewhere about $50 to $350
50 Smart SUITS $39 to $89
Regularly about $90 to $250
24 Superb WRAPS $69 to $189
$160 to $560 Values

MAXON MODEL GOWNS
1587 Broadway cor 48 St
One flight up—elevator or stairway

Mothers—Fathers

should realize the danger to their children in allowing rats or mice to share their homes.

Vermin carry disease germs from unthinkable places to every part of the house.

Our trained men destroy every pest that runs or crawls in a few hours and at LOW COST.

Ask for particulars—NOW.

GUARANTEE EXTERMINATING COMPANY
500 FIFTH AVENUE at 42nd Street New York
Telephone Vanderbilt 2710-2717-2718-4133
GUARANTEED VERMIN EXTERMINATION

Opposition to "Farmers' Relief."

A survey of the status of the proposed "Farmers' Relief" bill in The Annalist (out tomorrow). Published by The New York Times Company. Ten cents a copy at news stands; $4 a year by mail.—Advt.

NO MAIL ORDERS — NO PHONE ORDERS.

Best & Co.
Fifth Avenue at 35th Street N. Y.
Established 1879

MONDAY—*Good News. Here is a partial list of our many*

CHRISTMAS BARGAINS

Enormous savings on gift purchases and every article new, fresh and in perfect condition.

The Most Drastic Reductions Yet Announced on
Women's and Misses' Gift
GLOVES
4500 Pairs
of famous French and domestic makes. Every wanted length, style, shade and size.

Capeskin Gloves in street shades, 1 clasp. *Heretofore 2.00 and 2.50* — 1.95

French washable kid, glace and suede in white and pongee, 2 clasp. *Heretofore 4.00*

French glace kid in white, black and colors. 2 clasp. *Heretofore 3.25 to 3.75* — 2.95

Gray Mocha, some silk-lined, 1 clasp *Heretofore 4.50*

Capeskin Riding Gauntlets in tan, beaver or black. *Heretofore 5.50*

8-button French glace kid or suede gloves in white, black and colors, *Heretofore 5.95* — 3.95

8-button Capeskin gloves, gauntlet style with strap wrists in beaver or tan. *Heretofore 5.75 and 7.25* — 4.95

12-button French glace kid, or suede in black, white and colors. *Heretofore 7.50 and 8.50* — 5.95

16-button French glace, kid, or suede in black, white and colors. *Heretofore 8.00 and 9.00* — 6.95

20-button French kid, glace gloves in black and white. *Heretofore 10.00 and 12.00* — 7.95

Prices Down *on*
Gift Handkerchiefs

Women's hemstitched linen initial handkerchiefs. Box of six . . . *Heretofore 3.25 and 3.50* — 2.50

Women's hemstitched linen initial handkerchiefs. Linen handkerchiefs with hand-rolled colored hem and medallion initial. Assorted colors in box of six . . . . . *Heretofore 5.00 and 5.65* — 4.00

Women's hemstitched and hand-embroidered linen handkerchiefs. *Heretofore 1.00* — 75c. *Each*

3400 pr. New Wool Hosiery
for Women, Girls and Boys

1.25 *Regular 2.50 Grade*
Brown, green, blue and mulberry heather mixtures—sheer wool hose for women and misses.

1.15 *Regular 2.50 Grade*
Brown, green, gray and heather mixtures, plain turnover tops. Sizes 5½ to 9, for girls and boys.

1000 Pairs Women's Comfy Slippers
In Assorted Colors 1.45 — *Hylo Gray Felt Slippers* 2.50

500 Velvet and Duvetyn Pouch Bags
Velvet and Duvetyn 2.95 - Silk Duvetyn 5.50

Imported Worsted Sweaters
with Scarf
regular 22.50 grade 16.95

500 Worsted and Mohair Tams
For Women and Children
1.75

300 Children's Ribbon-Bound Blanket Robes
Sizes 4 to 8 years 3.75 — *Sizes 10 to 12 years* 4.85

400 Women's Lined Corduroy Robes
Several Styles, Rose, Copen, Wisteria
9.98
Including Tax

500 Glove Silk Vests and Bloomers
Flesh color vests 2.75 — *Flesh color bloomers* 3.75

1000 Men's Patterned Silk Cravats
.95 - 1.35 - 1.85

500 Pairs Men's Woolen Gloves
Small and medium sizes. Heretofore 1.75
1.00

BE SURE SANTA REMEMBERS NEW YORK'S OWN KIDDIES THIS YEAR—SEND CHRISTMAS CHECK TO CHARITY ORGANIZATION SOCIETY, 105 EAST 22d ST.

SEEKS RECEIVERSHIP FOR GOODYEAR TIRES

Frank S. Monnett, Former Ohio Attorney General, Applies for a Court Order.

PRESIDENT DENIES CHARGES

He Asserts That the Firm Is Entirely Solvent and Will Oppose the Application.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 18.—Frank S. Monnett, former Attorney General, owner of forty-five shares of preferred stock in the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company of Akron, filed suit today in the Franklin County Court against that company, all of its directors and subsidiary companies, both domestic and foreign, asking for an accounting and the appointment of a receiver.

He charges the directors of the company with malfeasance in office. The main burden of the petition is placed upon the organization of the Goodyear Investment Company, which Mr. Monnett states is owned by the directors and members of the Executive Committee of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company and which he alleges has been used by them as a means of making enormous profits.

He alleges that through this investment company the Ohio corporation has made extravagant purchases, among which was the purchase of the Ford Motor Company Building in Long Island City, which it bought for $2,000,000, in addition assuming a mortgage of $1,750,000.

The petition charges that the company also bought through the investment company a cotton plantation near Bakersfield, Cal., at a loss to the rubber company of $15,000; that it organized a Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company in California, and the Pacific Cotton Mills Company of California and purchased the entire common stock of $5,000,000 at a loss to the rubber company of approximately $4,000,000; that through the investment company the Directors purchased 24,000 acres of land for cotton cultivation in Arizona and lost approximately $500,000

He also states that the Directors purchased 20,000 acres of rubber land in the Island of Sumatra and lost approximately $500,000; that the Ohio company, through its directors and Executive Committee, organized ten foreign Goodyear Tire and Rubber Companies, to the personal profit of the investment company of $5,000,000.

He alleges that the company, in a financial statement issued last Summer, stated that its assets were $176,410,900, and later admitted that this was $18,000,000 too high, and Mr. Monnett contends that it was $32,000,000 too high; that upon this financial statement the company issued $27,000,000 of stock, representing that it had $43,00,000 of surplus. He states that this issue was illegal, since there was no surplus.

He also states that the Directors issued a 2½ per cent. dividend last Fall when they had no surplus at hand with which to pay the same; that they derived means through the borrowing of money or the sale of stock. As to the sale of $27,000,000 worth of stock, he declares that the company received less than 85 per cent. and that brokers received the remainder; that the issuing of this stock was in violation of the terms of other preferred stock, which provides that 200 per cent. of the net tangible assets and of 10 per cent. of the net current assets must remain at all times subject to the payment of this preferred stock.

He claims that the issuing of that stock damaged the preferred stockholders to an extent of $31,000,000 and the common stockholders to the extent of $48,000,000. He states that on July 1, 1920, the Directors issued a 150 per cent. stock dividend or $31,137,600 in common stock, and he states that there was no legal authority for such issuance as the company was without a surplus to authorize the same.

He also declares that the company recently borrowed $25,000,000 at usurious rates and lost thereby $500,000. He also claims that the Directors now seek to authorize a further loan of $25,000,000, which he asks the court to enjoin them from consummating.

President Says Firm Is Solvent.

AKRON, Ohio, Dec. 18.—F. A. Seiberling, President of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company, in making a statement on the suit filed today at Columbus by Frank S. Monnett asking a receivership and accounting, tonight declared that the company is absolutely solvent. He added that steps will be taken immediately to obtain a hearing in court on a motion for dismissal of the suit. Mr. Seiberling's statement follows:

"Neither the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company nor its attorneys have as yet received a copy of the petition or complaint filed by Mr. Monnett, of Columbus, and consequently do not know the nature of the averments made by him as a basis for his suit.

"I understand that Mr. Monnett is the owner of forty-five shares of the preferred stock of the company, and that it is as such a stockholder that he brings this suit. This action on his part comes as a great surprise both to myself and the other officials of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company.

"The company is absolutely solvent, having not only sufficient assets to pay every dollar of its indebtedness, but enough to cover its entire outstanding preferred stock, leaving many millions of dollars for the common stockholders.

"The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company will, as soon as the court can hear the same, and at the earliest possible time, move for a dismissal of this unwarranted action."

Not the New England Company.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—The "Pacific Cotton Mills Company" referred to in a suit against the Goodyear Tire & Rubber Company filed at Columbus, Ohio, today has no connection with the Pacific Mills which employs 110,000 persons at mills in Lawrence and Dover, N. H., Edwin Farnham Greene, President and treasurer of the latter organization, said tonight.

"As a matter of fact," he said, "the 'Pacific Cotton Mills Company,' which has a plant in California, changed its name some time ago to the Sierra Cotton Mills when it was represented that confusion might arise because of the resemblance in name to the old Massachusetts corporation."

RUBBER CO. IN BANKRUPTCY.

Reduced Demand and Values Cripple Massachusetts Concern.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—The Plymouth Rubber Company, a corporation capitalized at $1,500,000, with factories at Canton, was the subject of a petition in bankruptcy filed in the Federal court today.

The claims of the petitioning creditors were small, aggregating only about $3,000, but prior to the filing of the petition, it was learned, United States Deputy Marshals had attached funds of the company amounting to $100,000 in four local banks in connection with a suit by A. D. Juilliard & Co. of New York, claiming $75,000 damages for alleged breach of contract.

The company's troubles were said to be due to a tremendous shrinkage in inventory values with a reduced demand for its products. An official of the company who made this statement said he could not at this time give any figures on aggregate assets and liabilities.

The Manatiquot Rubber Works Company of Braintree, with a claim for $2,984, was the principal creditor behind the petition.

Jews to Present Pilgrim Pageant.

The first pageant of the Pilgrim Fathers to be presented in this country by a Jewish organization will be produced next Sunday evening by 125 members of the Educational Alliance in its auditorium, 197 East Broadway. Seven other performances will be held. Admission will be free, but tickets must be applied for at the alliance.

KAPLAN REVEALS LOCKWOOD SPLIT

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

that the penalty be made to fit the seriousness of the crime and said that, if these men were let off with a fine, this investigation would not have accomplished any substantial results and would be a travesty on justice. I stood out for a jail sentence for all law violators. It was pointed out by me that this committee could compel men to testify before it without granting any immunity and that after conviction they could be compelled to testify before a Grand Jury without securing immunity.

"Mr. Wallstein did not tear up his resignation. It was taken by Assemblyman Leininger from the Chairman and, while Senator Lockwood urged the counsel for the Citizens Union to reconsider, Mr. Leininger tore it up.

"I am in accord with Wallstein's views, as expressed at this executive session. However, I have no desire to create any dissension in the committee or to prolong this dissension. The results obtained by counsel to the committee have been wonderful, but I have been unable to bring myself to the point of view of seeing these results lost by fining the violators."

Lockwood Defends Committee.

Senator Lockwood, in a reply to Senator Kaplan, said the latter was trying to make it appear that the committee was responsible for the limestone contractors getting off with fines instead of jail sentences. "I do know this fact," he continued, "that, as the cut-stone contractors have suddenly pleaded guilty, turned State's evidence and have been instrumental in bringing witnesses into the State, their action is causing some people considerable worry.

"There are some people who would prefer to have the matter drag along in the courts for years. These cut-stone contractors have already testified before the Grand Jury and have given valuable testimony against men 'higher up.' I, as Chairman of the Legislative Committee, have had a big job in conducting the investigation and have had no time for court matters, which are intrusted to a Special Assistant District Attorney and a Special Deputy Attorney General. I chose to yield to their judgment in the circumstances and also to the judgment of Justice McAvoy.

"Senator Kaplan's offer to prosecute the cut-stone contractors was made rather late, ten minutes before their plea was taken and after they had already testified before the Grand Jury against men higher up."

Senator Lockwood's Version.

Senator Lockwood gave a different version of the executive session from that of Senator Kaplan last night at his home, 954 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn. Senator Lockwood said Mr. Untermyer had not insisted upon any particular form of resolution and had felt that it was not the function of the committee to interfere with the Justice presiding at the Extraordinary Term of the Supreme Court or with the officials prosecuting cases growing out of disclosures before the committee. Senator Kaplan's attempt to have the committee declare for jail sentences made Mr. Untermyer feel, Senator Lockwood said, that the adoption of some resolution by the committee expressing confidence in its counsel was advisable.

Senator Lockwood said the first resolution, which Senator Kaplan called the Untermyer resolution, was proposed by Assemblyman Fette and that he did not know whether Mr. Untermyer wrote it or not. He said he voted against it because of its form, as he was opposed to any attempt to tie the committee to the criminal prosecution. He said he then proposed a resolution expressing confidence in counsel, which was passed with only Senator Kaplan dissenting.

Assemblymen Caulfield and McWhinney, members of the committee who were not present at the executive meeting, informed Senator Lockwood that they approved the adoption of his resolution.

"The committee stands nine to one for a square deal for everybody," said Senator Lockwood; "nine to one for Mr. Untermyer and Leonard M. Wallstein, nine to one for non-interference with the Supreme Court, the Extraordinary Grand Jury and the Attorneys General and District Attorneys. If Senator Kaplan doubts this, I challenge him to test it at the meeting of the committee next Tuesday."

Work Still Before Committee.

It was learned yesterday from one of the counsel for the committee that the committee expects to have at least two weeks more work before it can hope to begin the banking and insurance company phase of the investigation. Among the matters yet to be taken up before this time, are the Building Trades Employers' Association and its connection with organized labor, and alleged combinations of dealers and contractors in glass, plumbing supplies, terra cotta, pipe, electrical supplies and lumber.

United States Senator William M. Calder, who has obtained authority for the employment of a counsel to the Senate Reconstruction Committee, of which he is Chairman, called upon F. H. LaGuardia, President of the Board of Aldermen, at City Hall yesterday. Senator Calder said his committee would take up its housing inquiry soon after Jan. 1, as soon as its coal investigation was out of the way. The Senator said he would like to have Mr. Untermyer conduct the investigation, and added that, whether the latter did or not, the Senate committee wished the co-operation of the Lockwood committee and would work in harmony with it.

Senator Calder said the Senate Committee had the power to grant immunity to witnesses. The Lockwood committee does not directly possess this power.

MANN SEES A 'JOKER' IN TAX EXEMPTION LAW

Believes, However, City Can Adopt Ordinance Limited to New Buildings.

Belief that there is little likelihood of activity in new building construction under present conditions was expressed yesterday by Tenement House Commissioner Frank Mann, who urged immediate action by the Board of Aldermen on a tax exemption ordinance to stimulate building. Mr. Mann said that the Legislature in passing a law permitting local authorities to exempt new building construction had intended to bring about relief in the housing crisis, but, unfortunately, the bill contained a "joker" which, he said, had caused controversy and had caused embarrassment to the Board of Aldermen in its endeavor to make effective the Legislature's action.

"The joker is the clause which provides for the exemption of existing buildings completed since April 20, 1920," Commissioner Mann said. "A great many advocates of this tax exemption law insist that the city authorities, in order to make the tax exemption law effective, must swallow the whole of it or do without it. They set up the claim that otherwise the law would be declared unconstitutional and void.

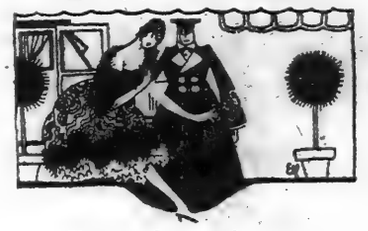
"I take issue with the logic of this claim and contend that a law may be so enacted through an ordinance passed by the Board of Aldermen that it will give tax exemption only to such buildings as will be newly erected and planned after the law becomes effective. That is the only method that I can see to induce builders to start operations."

"The Broadway Shop Where Fashion Reigns"

Hagedorn's

Broadway, Corner of 81st Street

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE



Exclusive GOWNS & WRAPS for Evening Wear

in Brocaded Satin and nets sold originally from 87.50 to 127.50.....Now	$50.00
Satin, chiffon, nets, georgettes and novelty silks that sold originally up to 145.....Now	89.50
Highest type and most exclusive models in sequin and beaded effects that sold up to 275.....Now	150.00

A Special Close-out

assortment of high type models of sequins, nets, laces, jet and beaded models, some slightly soiled from handling, that sold up to 225 and 300.....Now $79.50 / 100.00

Richly Styled Evening Wraps

$97.50 were up to 165 — $150 were up to 250 — $250 were up to 375

No C. O. D.'s. No Exchanges.

SALE

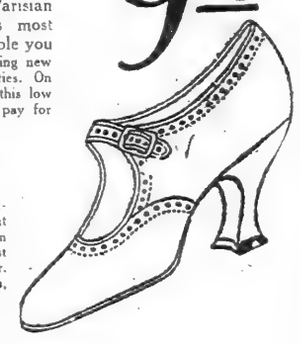
French Footwear 9.85

THIS sale of new Parisian models at $9.85 is most timely, for it will enable you to supply yourself with captivating new footwear for the holiday festivities. On each pair of shoes you buy at this low price, you will save enough to pay for several Christmas gifts.

Former prices were from $16 to $25.

The Shoes are the same fine quality and graceful, well-fitting cut that have made William Bernstein famous as America's foremost maker of Short Vamp Footwear. Exquisite new designs in leathers, fabrics and gorgeous brocades.

No C. O. D.'s, No Exchanges.



William Bernstein

SHORT VAMP SHOES (Reg. U. S. Pat.)

6 West 37th Street

Off Fifth Avenue

IMPORTED CIGARS

Hoyo de Monterrey
Romeo y Julieta
Flor de Partagas
H. Upmann
Belinda
Por Larranaga
Calixto Lopez
Castaneda
Punch
Fernandez Garcia
Rey del Mundo
Ramon Allones
La Escepcion

KEY WEST (CLEAR HAVANA) CIGARS

Mi Favorita
Telegrafo
Rey Eduardo

WHY NOT GIVE HIM A BOX OF PARK & TILFORD CIGARS

A woman will find congenial atmosphere, expert service and the certainty of quality at the Park & Tilford cigar counters. Also, the name of Park & Tilford, largest importers of fine Havana Cigars, makes your gift right in the eyes of any man.

PARK & TILFORD

The Store is closed daily at 5 P. M.

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Thirty-fourth Street — TELEPHONE 7000 MURRAY HILL — Thirty-fifth Street

The Annual Sales of

Household and Decorative Linens

and

Blankets and Other Bed Furnishings

are now being held on the Fourth Floor

and will be continued uninterruptedly during the month of January

EXTRAORDINARILY PROFITABLE PURCHASING OPPORTUNITIES

are presented in these great Sales

Extraordinary Values

which should especially appeal to those considering the bestowal of really beautiful Christmas gifts, are now being offered in the Fur Department.

Among them are

Fur Garments of the finer type

and

Smaller Furs of Russian Sables, Hudson Bay Sables and Silver Foxes

There is also a generous assortment of

Fur Garments, Fur Muffs

and

Fur Neckpieces

of the furs and qualities having a more general appeal; now marked

at greatly reduced prices

Furs for Children

are offered at attractively moderate prices

(Third Floor; Madison Avenue section)

The Department for

Catalogue and Folder Merchandise

(on the Sixth Floor)

displays a very unusual assemblage of moderately-priced articles of real worth and attractiveness, especially appropriate for gift purposes.

Important Sales

for to-morrow (Monday)

Over 1,000 Women's

Blanket & Eiderdown House Robes

of the better qualities, at phenomenally low prices.

Blanket Robes . $5.90, 9.50

Eiderdown Robes, 7.75, 9.85

Over 500 Women's

Corduroy Robes

of excellent qualities, lined throughout; remarkably low-priced at

$9.75 & 13.50

Some of these prices are subject to tax.

(House Gown Dep't, Third Floor)

Women's

Silk Georgette Blouses

at the exceptionally low prices of

$6.85 & 9.75

Some of these new models are trimmed with hand embroidery, others with hand-made filet lace. They may be obtained in white, flesh-tone or bisque.

(Second Floor)

These are Busy Days

for the holiday shopper—and every minute is brimful of action

It is an economy of time and energy to do all one's gift shopping under one roof—and there is no more commodious roof in the city than this, which shelters all manner of beautiful and much-to-be-desired things, suitable for every member of one's family, friendship circle and "benevolence list"

Triumphal Entry.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The Government has decided to instruct the British Minister to Athens to have no official relations with Constantine, according to an announcement made today.

It was stated in official circles this evening that Great Britain was anxious to maintain co-ordinated action with France and Italy, and that conversations concerning the situation were proceeding.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—The French Foreign Office announced this evening that the French Minister in Athens would leave the Greek capital Sunday and that it was probable that the British Minister also would depart from Athens.

The Foreign Office announced earlier this evening that the French Minister in Athens would leave the Greek capital Sunday and that it was probable that the British Minister also would depart from Athens.

The Foreign Office announced earlier message from the cruiser Averoff, on which Constantine is returning to Athens, saying that rough seas had been encountered and that all the members of the royal family, including Constantine, were seasick. Because of this, the message said, the vessel had slackened speed, and the arrival at Phaleron, on the coast four miles from Athens, would be delayed. Constantine sent a personal message saying he was anxious to land.

Prince George, the Crown Prince, has already arrived on the Island of Porus, at the mouth of the Gulf of Aegina, from Kustendje, Rumania.

A Government decree today calls upon the Bishops to meet and attempt to regulate disputes growing out of the elections and revoke appointments made under former Premier Venizelos. Premier Rhallis has notified the Patriarch of Constantinople, who recently demanded that Constantine abdicate, that military police were compelled to intervene. Crowds paraded the streets singing the Venizelist anthem, acclaiming the allied officers and shouting derisive epithets at Greek sailors, whom they called "traitors."

The angry mob snatched the sailors' caps from them and tore them to pieces. The incidents continued for several hours, much to the surprise of the allied policemen, who were unable to maintain order, notwithstanding the fact that they menaced the crowds with their swords and loaded revolvers.

A crowd created a noisy demonstration in front of the headquarters of the Greek military mission. It attempted to break into the headquarters for the declared purpose of lynching Colonel Couzis, chief of the mission, who does not dare to appear in public because of the threats against him. The military mission was protected by a strong bodyguard. The crowd denounced Colonel Couzis as a German spy.

Modify Peace Treaty.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 10 (Associated Press).—The second financial conference to discuss German reparations adjourned at noon today until Monday to enable the allied and German experts to give all their time to private conversations on the points raised in the conference, with the expectation of finally formulating a list of changes in the treaty provisions considered necessary by the Germans if they are to pay a satisfactory amount of reparations.

The business-like attitude of Sigmund Bergmann and the other German experts and their apparent disposition to reach a compromise have created a favorable impression. It is remarked that the German attitude contrasts favorably with that displayed at former conferences. One of them, for instance, will try to [illegible] that the Germans think ought to be done with Germany [illegible] at 52,000,000,000 gold marks secured in other countries, 4,000,000,000 marks worth of which is in the United States. Another will [illegible] the enormous amount of shipping the Germans will ask the Allies to leave with them instead of compelling delivery of it.

One point made by Von Strauss was that the treaty compelled the Germans to pay debit balances of their nationals abroad, while the Allies retain the balances their nationals owe to Germans.

BREMEN, Germany, Dec. 18.—Herr Schols, Minister of Economics, speaking today to the Bremen Chamber of Commerce with regard to the reparations conference at present in session in Brussels between allied and German delegates, said Germany's principal demand [illegible] "Industrial England," he added, "fears the advancing threat of Bolshevism, and recognizes Germany can bear the necessary wall against this advance only if she is on firmly established economically. The [illegible] of Bolshevism cannot remain within her boundaries. There cannot be a compromise with the French policy, which seeks to weaken or destroy the German nation, with the Rhineland Federation leaning on France, or with Bavaria separated and armed against the Northern German states."

Turks and British to Negotiate.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 18.—The Turkish Nationalists have accepted the British proposal for a conference regarding the [illegible] of prisoners, according to advices received here today. The date of the conference has not yet been fixed.

Telephone Fitz Roy 2400

Fifth Ave. **Stewart & Co.** At 37th St.

Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

Ever Persistent in Presenting the Newest in Fashion, Always Insistent on Superb Workmanship and the use of the Finest Fabrics—

NEW MID-WINTER APPAREL

At Our Consistently Low Prices

SMART CREPE-BACK SATIN DRESS

39.50

Who could help but admire this simple, yet distinctive dress, fashioned of soft Crepe-Back Satin, elaborated with lustrous wooden beads on skirt, bodice, sleeves and collarless neck? The attractive self girdle is lined with contrasting Georgette Crepe.

EMB'D GEORGETTE CREPE DRESS

55.00

One's charm is greatly enriched when wearing this smart dress of Georgette Crepe, with softly draped panels ending in points, exquisite silk embroidery on bodice and sleeves, and pointed cuffs.

CHIC SILK CANTON CREPE DRESS

69.50

Elaborate silk embroidery on tunic, bodice and sleeves is but one of the features you will admire in this clever dress of finest Silk Canton Crepe with tunic ending in draped folds at sides and the clever open bodice revealing a dainty lace vestee.

DAINTY SILK LACE DINNER GOWNS

69.50

Radiating a compelling fascination, this exquisite gown of dainty silk lace over soft Creped-Back Satin creates an instant appeal. Smartly modelled, with tiers at side and embellished with Satin roses on skirt and bodice. Creped-Back Satin girdle and long sash in back is another smart feature.

EXQUISITE NEW EVENING GOWNS

98.50

Many admirable glances are assured the wearer of this entrancing Evening Gown with its circular skirt of net ruffles, edged with silver thread and trimmed with colorful flowers. The novel Silver cloth bodice with points at sides is a new feature which strikes a note of smartness and distinction.

ECONOMY OPPORTUNITIES TO SELECT PRACTICAL & APPRECIATED

Christmas Gifts

At Decidedly Low Prices

Ostrich Fans
Beautiful three to six stick fans of curled and straight Ostrich feathers. All colorings — 8.50

Ostrich and Peacock Fans
Exquisite fans with five to eight sticks of beautiful Ostrich feathers or Ostrich combined with Peacock — 19.75

Washable Satin Camisoles
Dainty Camisoles of soft, washable Satin trimmed with embroidered Organdie medallions, ribbons and Val. laces — 1.95

Crepe de Chine Chemises
Satin or Crepe de Chine Envelope Chemises, with lace trimmings, embroidered organdie medallions. Flesh color — 2.95

Crepe de Chine Nightgowns
Silk Crepe de Chine Nightgowns; tailored or lace trimmed models. Flesh color — 3.95

Brocaded Corduroy Robes
Smart slip-over House Robes or Breakfast Coats of fine brocaded corduroy — 5.00

Crepe de Chine Negligee
Exquisite negligee of superior Crepe de Chine, pleated and embellished with trimmings of laces, buds and ribbons — 14.75

Real Filet Lace T'd Blouses
Dainty blouses of excellent quality Georgette adorned with real Filet lace and trimmed with tucks — 5.00

Pussy Willow Silk Blouses
Frills on collars and cuffs and pretty tucks enhance these Blouses of Pussy Willow Silk. In shirt effects or with Peter Pan collars — 8.75

Pure Silk Sweaters
Luxurious Silk sweater in fancy weaver effect with smart Tuxedo collar, cuffs, pocket and sash — 29.50

Real Filet Lace Set
Collar and Cuff Sets of real Filet lace in Tuxedo collar effect — 2.95

HANDSOME FUR COLLAR WRAPS

59.50

Unusually handsome wraps of fine Duvet de Velour or Bolivia, embellished with deep collars of Australian Opossum or Scotch Mole fur; others have self collars and are beautified with Silk stitchery and button trimmings. Silk lined and interlined.

BEAVER OR SQUIRREL TR'D WRAPS

79.50

The lustre of genuine Beaver or the suppleness of Natural Squirrel lend their rich beauty to accentuate the charm of this handsome wrap of fine quality Bolivia Superior. Silk lined and interlined.

FUR-TRIMMED AND EMB'D WRAPS

98.50

Instant delight fills the wearer of this beautiful wrap-cape of luxurious Bolivia Superior, with its deep collar and cuffs of silky Scotch Mole fur and cape-effect tier at back, elaborately trimmed with lustrous silk embroidery. Silk lined and interlined.

SLYNX OR CARACUL TR'D WRAPS

149.50

The brisk walk or motor ride is ever welcome to the wearer of this extremely handsome wrap of soft, suple Cashmere Duvetyne or rich Marvella, embellished with large collar and deep cuffs of beautiful Slynx or Gray Caracul fur. Luxuriously Silk lined throughout and heavily interlined.

FUR-TR'D EVORA SUPERIOR WRAP

179.50

Who could resist the compelling charm of this sumptuous wrap of rich Evora Superior, with deep collar of Natural Squirrel fur? Disc motifs and alternating stripes of wool embroidered knots outlined with silk thread stitching add rich embellishment. Richly Silk lined and warmly interlined.

These Ideal Qualifications of the Perfect Gift are wonderfully met by the selection of—

A Luxurious Mink or Sable Wrap

OR ONE OF ERMINE, BROADTAIL, MOLE or SEAL

A Scarf of Silver Fox or Sable

A Smart Fur Street or Motor Coat

A Stunning Evening Wrap

A Marvelous Brocaded Evening Gown

A Charming Youthful Dance Frock

An Exquisite Hand Made Blouse

A Dainty Camisole, a Negligee

—or personal accessories from our choice and diversified collection of rare imported Novelties such as—



ANTIQUE BEADED BAGS

VELVET OR SILK BAGS with gold or silver mountings

BEAUTIFUL FEATHER FANS

WONDERFUL NECKLACES—of Jade—Pearl—Amber and White Coral

COMBS—VANITIES AND GOLD BAGS.

The Christmas Gift of a Lifetime—a Necklace of Técla Pearls

THE gift of a necklace of Tecla Pearls is more than a gift for one Christmas—it is literally a garland of gifts, counting the rosary of sentiment, pearl by pearl, December by December, tying many Yuletides together in a Necklace of Christmases, as intriguing as mistletoe, and as perennial as holly!

Técla Pearl Necklaces with Genuine Diamond Clasp
$100 to $350

Técla

398 Fifth Avenue—New York

10 Rue de la Paix, Paris
7 Old Bond Street, London

MAKES TWO AMENDMENTS

Strikes Out Preamble on Conditions and Recommendation to Federal Reserve Board.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The House today, by a vote of 215 to 61, adopted the Senate resolution reviving the War Finance Corporation to afford relief to the farmers and cotton and wool growers, but amended it to eliminate the preamble, declaring the situation among the farmers to be unprecedented, and to eliminate Section 2, which recommends to the Federal Reserve Board an extension of credit to farmers.

This action was not accomplished until after a prolonged but hopeless fight, in which Representative F. W. Mondell of Wyoming, Republican floor leader, supported the proposal, and Representative Madden, Republican, of Illinois, strenuously opposed it. Mr. Madden asserted that if the resolution should become effective through the approval of the President, the only result would be to check falling prices and to increase taxation. He warned his party against such legislation.

"I am told that next week a proposal will be offered in the House to give Germany a loan of $1,000,000,000," he added. "These things cannot go on. What are you going to do for the idle who are suffering under the high prices? What are you going to do for the business man who cannot pay his taxes?"

Constitutional Objection Raised.

Opposition developed early today to the passage of the resolution. This opposition was largely among the representatives of Eastern States, and was led by Representative Luce of Massachusetts and Representative L. T. McFadden of Pennsylvania. It was overcome by a combination of Southern and Western States. The same influences that forced the adoption of the resolution in the Senate were powerful enough to overcome the attempts of Representative Luce to prevent action on the resolution on the ground that it was essentially a revenue raiser and therefore must originate in the House, under the Constitution, and not in the Senate.

This point of order, raised by Mr. Luce, was argued for nearly two hours, but [illegible] sidetrack considerations was blocked by a vote of 142 to 38. Following this action the House quickly adopted a rule limiting debate to three hours. Virtually the same arguments as those advanced in the Senate were made. The House took very little interest in the debate, and a quorum was maintained with difficulty.

Representative Luce, who joined with Representatives McFadden, Dale, Brooks and Echols in presenting a minority report against the resolution, immediately raised his constitutional objections to the resolution and prevented consideration of the special rule for a long time. Representative J. R. Mann of Illinois, former Republican floor leader, made a point of order against Mr. Luce's contention. Speaker Gillett refused to decide the point, and submitted the issue to the House which rejected it.

Fears Re-Entry Into Banking.

Representative McFadden, who is Chairman of the Banking and Currency Committee, said the action proposed by the resolution represented unsound financing, and that rehabilitation of the War Finance Corporation would mean further inflation.

"The re-entry of the Government into banking business," he declared, "is to be accomplished at the cost of embroiling still further a most delicate and financial situation.

Mr. McFadden said that the resolution, intended solely to aid the farmers, was pure class legislation and represented a most unwise attempt by the Government to aid a special class. Representative Stevenson of South Carolina said that class legislation had only recently been passed by Congress in giving relief to the railroads to the amount of $2,000,000,000.

The resolution now goes to a conference for adjustment with the Senate minority.

FARMERS WAR ON MIDDLEMEN.

Conference in St. Louis Starts Program for Co-operative Marketing.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 18.—Preliminary arrangements for launching a national system of co-operative markets and financial institutions designed to rehabilitate the farming industry in this country were completed here this afternoon at the concluding session of the agricultural conference inaugurated by the National Board of Farm Organizations.

The conference endorsed a plan to establish nine grain-handling centres and will seek the united support of all farmers' co-operative grain-marketing organizations in carrying out the project, which is designed to eliminate the middlemen and end speculation.

These terminals are to be located in Kansas City, Chicago, Omaha, Sioux City, Oklahoma City, Minneapolis, Seattle, Buffalo and St. Louis.

Representatives of agricultural interests in the territory contiguous to these points will meet Jan. 4 to arrange for a convention at which the grain-marketing organizations in the various sections will be invited to send delegates to arrange for financing the project.

The financial system advocated by the delegates provides for a national union of farm loan associations. The resolution covering this project said 4,000 farm loan bodies at present have no opportunity of getting proper representation at Washington and charged that the policy of the Federal Farm Loan Board has been to discourage attempts by the associations to form State federations.

Another resolution protested against the Poindexter Anti-Strike bill just passed by the Senate. The conference recognizes the harmful affect of strikes, the resolution stated, but considers that under certain circumstances united protest is the only means of self-preservation for the workers.

Federal control of the packing industry and passage of the Kenyon-Kendricks bill was advocated in another resolution.

FORBID DECOLLETE DRESS IN ZION CITY

Women Censors Are Armed With Shawls to Cover Offenders.

ZION, Ill., Dec. 18.—Two censors, armed with one dozen woolen shawls, were appointed today by Wilbur Glenn Voliva, overseer of Zion, to enforce an order against the wearing of low neck dresses in the Zion tabernacle.

The censors, Mrs. W. H. Clendinen, wife of the Mayor, and Mrs. T. C. Pihl, are to place a shawl around any woman who violates the order, conduct her from the tabernacle and surrender her to a waiting policeman. A sign has been posted across the front of the tabernacle warning Zion women against wearing dresses without collars, skirts more than three inches above the ankle, open work stockings, "X-ray" sleeves or transparent blouses.

Right Now—Not Eventually

Because Imported Havana Cigars are a better "buy" today than ever. They have advanced only about 40% as against 100% for most commodities—many domestic cigars for instance.

Because these cigars are of the rare kind that improve when laid away and allowed to age. They are made of the 1920 Havana Tobacco Crop—the best since 1905.

Because there is no chance that their prices will come down—not for another year at least. Imported Havana Cigars are a luxury—but not an extravagance.

THE IDEAL CHRISTMAS GIFT

The 1920 Crop Havana Tobacco Best Since 1905

Cigar Manufacturers' Association of the Island of Cuba

REGULAR SEMI-ANNUAL

SALE

Offering an Unusually Large Assortment of

THE SMARTEST

SHOES

FOR

Women and Men

PRICES ARE VERY DEEPLY REDUCED

8.50 9.50 10.50 11.50

Previously Priced from $12 to $20

Extraordinary Reductions on Hosiery. Buckles and Accessories.

ALFRED A. KOHN

505 Fifth Ave. at 42nd

ESTABLISHED 1856

W. H. HALL

FURRIER

18 West 38th Street

NEAR FIFTH AVE.

Since the foundation of this business in 1856 Hall's Furs have combined the three essential factors that enter into the buying of Furs—
Dependability — Style — Lowest Price.

Our Holiday Sale of

FURS

With Its Great Price Reductions

affords a tangible opportunity to practice REAL Economy in the Selection of

Fur Coats, Wraps, Capes and Smaller Furs for

Christmas Gifts

Purchases will be held for later delivery upon payment of deposit.

W. H. HALL, 18 W. 38th St.

Telephone Fitz Roy 2707 Formerly 6th Ave. and 22nd St.

LEONARD'S

Formerly 24 West 39th St.
Now
11 & 13 EAST 35TH ST.

Exclusive

MATERNITY APPAREL

Specially priced for this week

Afternoon and Dinner Gowns

Mme. Leonard in personal attendance.

XMAS

Cards
Calendars

An Unusual Assortment.

BRENTANO'S

Fifth Avenue, New York

Stern Brothers

Remarkable Values Monday in a

Sale of French Kid Gloves

A recent importation of extra fine qualities.

12-Button Length; ($7.50 Values) **$5.50**
16-Button Length; ($9.00 Values) **6.50**
White, Pongee and Cream

Overseam or Pique Sewn French KID GLOVES

Black, Brown, Tan, Mode, Grey Beaver. White and Champagne, also White Washable Kid Gloves.

$2.75 Regularly $3.50 and 4.50

Extensive Christmas Assortments of

Women's & Misses' Negligees

Providing for every particular need of the discriminating Christmas shopper at exceptionally moderate prices.

VERY SPECIAL for MONDAY:

Breakfast Coats—
Two-toned Satins or Taffetas, ruching or rosebud trimmed; all colors, **$9.75**

Dainty Tea Gowns
In lustrous Crepe Meteor, Crepe de Chine or Chiffon; rosebud or ribbon trimmed; all desirable colors, **18.50**

High-grade Assortments of HOSIERY at Extraordinary Savings

Women's All Silk Hose—Heavy weight; plain Black; also fancy open work clox effects; Black only.
$2.85
Regular Value $3.95 pair

Women's Imported Lisle & Cotton Hose—Several weights; plain or embroidered clox. Black only.
$1.75 Value $2.50

—Pure Thread Silk Hosiery—
All Silk tops and lisle soles, Black only. Navy Blue, Cordovan, White or Black with mercerized tops,
$1.65
($2.50 and 2.95 Values)
Also IMPORTED FIBRE SILK HOSIERY—Lace effects or open work side clox. Black only.

Women's Imported Wool Hose—In several combinations of shot effects; serviceable quality.
$1.50
Regular Value $2.95 pair

Women's Hose—Domestic Lisle and Cotton; full fashioned; heavy, medium or light weight; Black or White.
60c Value $1.00

Phenomenal Price Concessions on

Women's Glove Silk Undergarments

Superior quality assortments—all taken from our regular stock.

Italian Silk Vests and Bloomers—Some are extra heavyweight; Vests with French band tops; others trimmed with fine lace and ribbon. Values $9.00 to 10.95, ea **$5.95**

French Milanese Vests and Bloomers—Vests with hand-embroidered fronts; hand crochet silk tops. Bloomers trimmed with ribbon. Value $15.50, each **$9.75**

Heavy Italian Silk Combination Suits—Bodice tops; also regular shoulder straps, only. Value $12.95, each **$8.75**

Noteworthy Prices Monday on

Men's and Women's Leather Goods

Men's Solid Gold Mounted Pin Seal Bill Books; $10.00 values at
$6.75

Women's Solid Gold Mounted Hand Bags of Velvet or Duvetyn; $28.50 values
$19.75

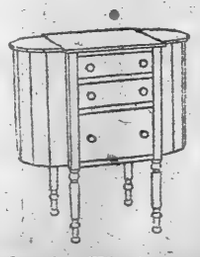
Women's Leather or Suede Novelty Hand Bags, with set-in Swiss watch; $12.95 value at
$9.85

Special Groups of Women's Leather, Velvet and Duvetyn Hand Bags at
$5.00 to $8.95

Manicure Sets, Suit Cases, Plain or Fitted Cases for Men or Women at Substantial Savings

NOVELTY FURNITURE

Specially selected gifts of enduring worth offered at decisive price reductions.



Martha Washington Work Tables, Mahogany
$25.00 Reg. $33



Mahogany Tea Wagons
Formerly $33.00,
$22.50

Gate Leg Tables—48 inch top; Mahogany; formerly $65.00
$49.75

Mahogany Bookcases
Formerly $115.00
$86.25

Mahogany Secretaries
Formerly $225.00
$168.75

Library Tables—In Mahogany; formerly sold at $85.00,
$63.75



Smokers Stands
Solid Mahogany
Formerly $12.50
$9.75

Writing Desks
In Mahogany; formerly $275.00
$205.00

Wing Chairs and Rockers
In Solid Mahogany and Cane; formerly $35.00,
$23.50

Windsor Side Chairs
In Mahogany finish; formerly $12.75
$9.75

Gold Mirrors
Formerly $15.00
$11.75

Lazy Susans
Mahogany; reg. $15.00,
$11.75



Mahogany Wing Chairs and Rockers; reg. $37.50
$25.00



Mahogany Spinet Desks
Formerly $55.00
$39.50

Macy's — Herald Square — Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

December 27th-December 31st.

Detailed announcements will appear in our advertisements of Sunday, December 26th.

month of January.

Detailed announcements will appear in our advertisements of Sunday, January 2d.



An Exceptional Sale of

Beaded Bags

Savings of $15.00 to $150.00

These are not bags bought for a sale but are desirable patterns out of our regular stock.

Beautiful designs are worked out in lovely colors on backgrounds of grays, tans, browns, black or white. The workmanship is supreme,—the silk linings, the neatly crochet tops, bead balls or tassels are evidence of exquisite handwork. The colors and designs make these bags suitable for evening or street wear.

Big Reductions in Prices

	Were	Sale Price
25 bags	$47.50 to $49.50	$29.75
12 bags	$49.50 to $56.50	$34.50
37 bags	$57.50 to $84.50	$49.50
50 bags	$84.50 to $96.50	$59.50
17 bags	$96.50 to $139.00	$74.50
12 bags	$124.00 to $159.00	$94.50
2 bags	$194.00	$124.00
4 bags	$224.00 to $324.00	$174.00

These prices do not include tax.

Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St.



New prices on some of our most popular numbers which will prove most acceptable as Christmas gifts.

For Women

47c each

Women's Spanish hand embroidered white linen and Irish hand blocked colored linen hemstitched handkerchiefs. Were 59c each.

29c each

Japanese silk crepe de chine handkerchiefs in pretty colored effects. Were 39c each.

23c each

Irish linen hand embroidered hemstitched handkerchiefs. Were 29c each.

3 in a box—**23c**

Children's white cotton initial handkerchiefs, with colored stitched hems and colored initials.

For Men

Box of six for **$1.49**

White cambric initial handkerchiefs with elongated initial. Were $1.89 for six.

Box of 6—**98c**

Cotton initial handkerchiefs both plain and corded hemstitched in broken assortment of initials. Were $1.39 and $1.49.

49c each

Irish linen hemstitched initial handkerchiefs, of fine quality and good size. Were 59c each.

6 for **$3.79**

Irish linen hemstitched handkerchiefs. Fine quality with block initial. Usually $4.29.

The gift that is always acceptable

A House Coat

$8.87

including tax



When you give "him" one of these comfortable house coats, watch his face light up with pleasure—the true sign of a gift that is appreciated. In double faced fabric; shawl collar and two frog model. Colors: blue, brown, gray and green.

Sizes 34 to 48.

Other House Coats

of brocaded silks, lined with silk throughout.

reduced to

$30.88

including tax

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front.

Worthwhile Savings on

Seamless Domestic Rugs

Seamless Wilton Velvet Rugs

Seamless Velvet Rugs *Seamless Axminster Rugs*

This sale, now in its second week, embraced over $50,000 worth of good quality rugs to be sold at prices that mean *real* saving. The public has been quick to recognize the savings on these slightly imperfect rugs.

The imperfection is barely apparent to the eye and will not affect the wearing qualities of the rugs. A very good range of patterns and colors. This season's stock.

Seamless Worsted Wilton Velvet Rugs

GRADE 1:

27 in. x 54 in. $6.84 9 ft. x 12 ft. **$76.75**

Our price on perfect rugs (9x12) already ordered will be **$93.50.**

1st GRADE AXMINSTER:

9 ft. x 12 ft. **$60.25**

Our price on perfect rugs (9x12 ft.) already ordered will be **$73.25.**

2d GRADE AXMINSTER:

9 ft. x 12 ft. **$57.50**

Our price on perfect rugs (9x12) already ordered will be **$69.75.**

3d GRADE AXMINSTER:

9 ft. x 12 ft. **$54.50**

Our price on perfect rugs (9x12) already ordered will be **$66.25.**

Also a line of seamless Chenille Axminster rugs (perfect) at about half regular selling prices.

Sizes	Usual Prices	Special Prices
6x 9	$40.25	$20.24
8x10	53.50	26.75
9x12	64.25	32.25

Macy's—Fourth Floor, Front.

Just received from our Paris office, in time for Santa's visit!

1000 Children's Printed Mull Handkerchiefs, 47c



A little boat with a real Jack Tar aboard, with a cargo of two dainty little hankies. The small printed figures of blue or tan go gaily on their way around the edge of the handkerchiefs and the sailor is very proud of his load, as his broad smile will testify.

Macy's—Main Floor, Centre.

To Solve the Gift Problem for Men

Gloves — *Cape* *Mocha Buck* *Skin*

Men's Cape Gloves, $3.19

Seamless wool lining, prix seam sewn, double draw back; in street shades of tan.

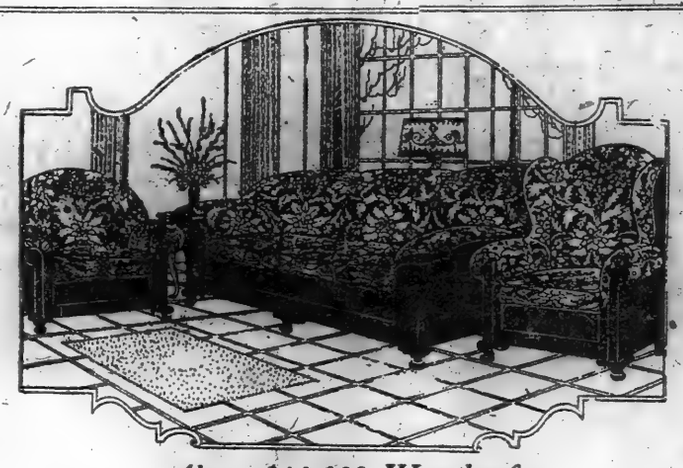
Men's Imported Mocha Buck Gloves, $4.74

Seamless wool lining, prix seam sewn, gussetted fingers; in tan or gray.

Men's English Elk Skin Gloves, $5.44

Hand sewn, one button; in reindeer and gray.

Macy's—Main Floor, Front.



About $44,000 Worth of

Good Living Room Furniture

at ⅓ off our lowest-in-the-city prices

Christmas Brides Attention!

This sale of about $44,000 worth of Good Living Room Furniture to be sold for about $30,000 should interest every homemaker in New York.

Taken from our regular stock, every piece and every suite is of lasting Macy quality. *Save ⅓ in addition to our regular savings while this sale is in progress.*

In This Sale

56—Three piece suites
10—Two piece suites
1—Four piece suite
52 odd pieces

consisting of davenports, chairs and rockers covered in tapestries, velours and damasks.

A Few Suggestions Below:

1—Queen Anne design all upholstered living room suite, as illustrated, consisting of davenport, arm chair and wing chair with loose cushion seats, spring edge fronts of seats. The davenport has two loose pillow arms covered in a combination of black and gold damask and black velour. Originally $641.00. Sale **$427.00**

2—All upholstered living room suite covered with tapestry. Suite consists of davenport, arm chair and wing chair with loose cushion seats, and spring edge fronts of seats. Originally $296.00. Sale **$197.00**

1—Queen Anne design all upholstered living room suite of three pieces—davenport, arm chair and rocker with spring arms and spring edge fronts of seats. Loose cushion seats are covered with good quality of tapestry. Originally $681.00. Sale **$454.00**

1—All upholstered living room suite consisting of davenport, arm chair and wing chair covered in a combination of tapestry and velour. Loose cushion seats and spring edge fronts of seats; excellent workmanship. Originally $868.00. Sale **$578.00**

1—All upholstered living room suite consisting of davenport, wing chair, ottoman and arm chair; loose cushion seats, except ottoman, covered in a combination of damask and velour. Two patterns. Originally $1024.00. Sale **$682.00**

1—All upholstered living room suite covered with taupe colored velour. Suite consists of davenport and 2 arm chairs. Loose cushion seats and spring edge fronts of seats. Excellent workmanship. Originally $958.00. Sale **$638.00**

Furniture bought to-morrow will be delivered before Christmas.

Macy's—Sixth Floor.

Silk Petticoats

In the Misses' Own Section

$3.74



Three specials in petticoats for misses and small women.

One is changeable taffeta, another is all Jersey with a fluted Van Dyke flounce, and the third is changeable messaline.

In the most desirable suit shades.

Lengths 28 to 34

Macy's—Third Floor, Centre.

155 Imported Italian Silk Scarfs

$7.44

Lowest Verified Price Elsewhere $12.50



These silk scarfs are a combination of unusual colors, shading from the most brilliant orange to a dull red, or from the palest blue to a deep royal purple, or in gray, white or black effects.

They are very smart when worn with the dark tailored costume.

Macy's—Sweater Department, Third Floor, 34th St.

Greatly Reduced for Quick Clearance

Electric Table Lamps

$16.89 each



70 lamps
Formerly
$31.78

Those whose natural desire for artistic home furnishings is handicapped by limited income will find in this sale the opportunity to gratify such desire.

Shades 18 inches, of silk with stretched silk lining and covered frame; trimmed with puffed braid and double row of silk fringe. To be had in all colors. Base of solid mahogany, with two pull chain sockets. Shades slightly damaged.



35 lamps
Formerly
$31.73

Shades 20 inches, of taffeta with silk lining; edged with taffeta ruching and triple skirt.

Also included in the lot are shades of plainer type with puffed braid and fringe trimming.

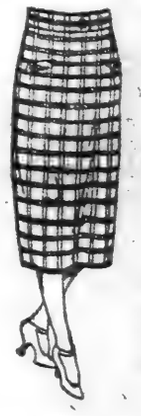
Base of mahogany finish with two pull chain sockets.

Shades slightly damaged.

All of these table lamps are equipped with two 40-watt bulbs.

Also greatly reduced for clearance a number of slightly soiled table lamp shades.

Macy's—Basement, 34th Street Front.



Closing Out Sale of

Women's Skirts

$6.94

Smartest styles in fashion's newest shades are being offered at a remarkable price.

Materials are imported tweeds, plaids, checks, velveteens, corduroys.

Macy's—Third Floor, 34th St., Rear.

See Our Grocery Ad in To-day's American, World, Herald, Brooklyn Eagle and Staats-Zeitung

Drove Craft Far Into Canadian Wilderness.

AIRPLANES SENT IN SEARCH

Two Machines From Rockaway, Damaged in Landing at Albany, Delayed Until Tomorrow.

The fifth day has passed without word from the three naval lieutenants who sailed on Monday last from the Rockaway Air Station in the naval balloon A-5568, and it is now the belief of officers that the craft has been hurled by a storm far into the Canadian wilderness.

The last reported glimpse of the balloon was had last Monday by inhabitants of Wells, a village in the Adirondacks, and since that time the State Police and the entire force of the State Conservation Commission have been watching for them over the mountains and searching for any possible wreckage in the hidden valleys.

On the theory that airplanes might be able to scout out the wreck if the balloon fell in the mountains, the State police recommended that airplanes be sent from the army fields at Mineola, and two planes left Mitchel Field early yesterday morning for Albany. From that city, as a base, they were to scour the territory between the capital and the Canadian border.

But the airplanes had trouble at Albany, and it is not expected that the aviators will be able to start their reconnoissance until tomorrow. Both machines were damaged in landing on the mud of Westerlo Island, and they will not be able to take to the air again until repairs have been made and until the ground has become harder. The repairs are being rushed.

One of the machines buried its nose deep in the mud, but Lieutenant L. V. Bean and Sergeant John W. White were not hurt, although they were badly shaken up. The second plane landed all right, but turned over in the mud. All four of the army pilots went to work on the machines and last night were studying maps of the Adirondacks with Warwick W. Carpenter, Secretary of the Conservation Commission.

Officers at the Rockaway Air Station said they had received scores of reports from citizens who were eager to help in finding the lost balloonists, but not one had been of any use. Neither has there been any authentic report on the carrier pigeons, which were carried by the balloon and would have been released if the craft was in distress.

It is the information at Rockaway that the army airplanes have a cruising radius of about 400 miles and, when they are repaired, will search as far north as the Canadian boundary. Officers said it was likely that the balloon had been driven into the depths of the Canadian wilderness by the heavy winds.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Navy Department experts estimated today that if the navy free balloon, which has not been heard from since it left the Rockaway Air Station Dec. 13 remained in the air all that night, it was carried to some point north of the Canadian National Railroad in St. John or Abitibi Counties, Quebec.

OTTAWA, Dec. 18.—The missing American naval balloon A-5568, with three officers on board, is supposed to be in the triangle formed by Lake St. John, Lake Mistassini and Lake Abitibi, according to a communication received today by the Canadian naval service from authorities in Washington.

The Air Board has no machines in the section indicated, and an official stated that it was difficult to do anything beyond keeping a lookout for the missing craft. The Naval Department is anxious to receive any information in regard to its whereabouts.

13 DROWN IN RIVER.

Government Launch Sinks Three Miles Below Augusta, Ky.

AUGUSTA, Ky., Dec. 18.—Thirteen persons were drowned in the Ohio River when the United States steam launch Margaret sprang a leak and sank three miles below Augusta at 6 o'clock tonight.

Those who perished are:

The wife and two baby daughters of Major H. Y. Pittman, in charge of the Government dam at Chilo, Ohio, all trapped in the upper cabin.

Captain George Hart of the Margaret, his daughter, Mrs. James Coffee, and her husband, James Coffee, also trapped in the upper cabin. All three are residents of Augusta.

Dewey Smith, Augusta; Thomas Eilers, Augusta; Wellon Hiles, Augusta.

William King, 45 years old, Chilo, Ohio.

William Hines, Nashville, Tenn.

Two unidentified men employed on the dam.

The boat, which was used at the Government dam at Chilo, was bringing a crowd of twenty-one persons to Augusta. The launch was in sight of Augusta when the engineer, Dan Dykes, discovered a leak in the side of the craft. He started the pumps to working, but the water came in too fast.

Within less than five minutes, and before the passengers were aware of their peril, it was said, the boat listed and went under.

NO CABINET POST FOR BECK.

Gov. Sproul Says Atterbury of Pennsylvania Road Would Refuse Offer.

ATLANTIC CITY, Dec. 18.—James M. Beck, former Assistant Attorney General, is not being seriously considered Marion to confer with Senator Harding for a post in the Cabinet of President-elect Harding, and W. W. Atterbury, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, will hardly consider such a post, according to Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania. He will leave tomorrow for as a result of the closed meeting the Governor had yesterday with Senator Penrose here.

The Governor and Atterbury have been spending some time at the Seaview Golf Club, and Governor Sproul's opinions are regarded as official for both General Atterbury and Senator Penrose.

Governor Sproul intimated that General Atterbury, who directed transportation of the American troops in France, considers his opportunities with the Pennsylvania Railroad of greater importance than a Cabinet post. Governor Sproul also said that he had talked to Senator Harding and others and is positive no coalition Cabinet will be appointed.

LEAPS OFF ROOF TO DEATH.

Machinist Ends Life While Friends Are Discussing Sending Him to Hospital.

Stephen Molensky, 43 years old, a machinist, last night jumped from the roof of a seven-story tenement house at 313-315 East Fourteenth Street and was killed. His body fell in the back yard.

The police say Molensky had been out of work for eleven months because of an injury to his hand, and became so depressed that his friends suggested that he go to Bellevue Hospital. He was a guest yesterday of a family on the third floor, and while his friends were discussing the advisability of sending him to a hospital, Molensky slipped out of the apartment and ran to the roof.

The police say the compensation Molensky had been receiving for his injury was shut off last September.

Since Friday.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—Menaikas, the son of Raymond Duncan, the apostle of Greek culture, has disappeared, and the Paris police are looking for him. Every one sympathizes with the father and shares his anxiety, but there is ground for hope that nothing untoward has happened to the youth.

Menaikas is now 15 years old and, like other members of the little colony in the Rue Bonaparte, he wears his hair to his shoulders, has his arms and legs bare, and for garments has a smock of fine cloth embroidered with chaste designs.

Friday evening Menaikas went out to buy some household provisions, for the members of the colony take turns in marketing and cooking. Menaikas, therefore, had money in his pocket—if he had a pocket—when he disappeared. It was a particularly cold, frosty night, when a smock and bare legs might well prove trying. What happened to him is unknown. There are roughs and rogues enough in Paris just now to give rise to his father's fear that he may have been waylaid.

But another theory gives hope. Some time ago Menaikas, unknown to his father, made the acquaintance of some youngsters a little older than himself who were not members of the Rue Bonaparte cult. With them a week ago he escaped from the paternal eye and it was not till very late in the night that, tired and subdued, he returned to meet the paternal wrath. Perhaps he was tempted to repeat his recent outing and feared to return.

GERMANY BEGINS SEARCH FOR ARMS

House-to-House Visit in Berlin to Enforce Compliance With Disarmament Order.

BERLIN, Dec. 17.—The time for the voluntary surrender of weapons having expired, the German Disarmament Commission has ordered the beginning of the military search of every house in Germany for firearms.

The carrying out of the order in Greater Berlin was begun today in the Bavarian quarter, once a fashionable residence district and still the home of many prominent persons, including Dr. Peter, a disarmament commissioner. The district derives its name from the fact that the streets are named after various Bavarian notable personages and Bavarian towns and villages.

Although a strong force of the security police was thrown around the entire section the Chief of Police of Berlin, who directed the search, cautioned every one to proceed politely. Men and women, leaving or entering the district while the search was on, were asked whether they had any rifles, revolvers, machine guns or similar weapons but otherwise traffic went on uninterruptedly.

Knocking at the doors of apartments the police invited the occupants to turn over their guns, if they had any. When weapons were forthcoming a note was made that these persons were subject to penalty for failing to make the surrender earlier, but no arrests were made. All apartments from which no guns were delivered were searched minutely, but the occupants were courteously handled.

The search was carried out under the provisions of the law passed by the Reichstag intended to compel the disarmament of civilians.

PROTEST CROWDED HARBOR.

Navigators of Big Liners Say Anchored Liners Menace Ships.

Captains and pilots who bring the big ocean liners up the harbor complain that the number of freighters now anchored in the lower bay between the Battery and Staten Island is a menace to navigation. The liners have to zigzag in and out in a narrow deep water channel and the commanders have to risk putting their vessels ashore to prevent sinking some of the anchored craft.

They point out that in foreign ports all vessels at anchor have to hoist in the daytime a black ball twenty feet above the deck in place of the riding light at night, to denote that they are not under way. With the steamships swinging with the tide here it is difficult now for the captains and pilots to know whether a steamship ahead is under way or not and serious accidents through this cause have been narrowly averted recently.

WILSON VISITS NEW HOME.

Sees House in Washington for the First Time Since Buying It.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—President Wilson visited today for the first time the home which he has purchased as his residence after his retirement from office on March 4. The visit was understood to have been for the purpose of considering alterations to the building.

He was accompanied to the building in S Street by Mrs. Wilson and her two brothers, John Randolph Bolling and W. R. Bolling. They remained at the house an hour examining it in detail and also viewing the attractive garden in the rear.

NEWBERRY RECOUNT JAN. 4.

Senate Committee Concludes Taking of Verbal Testimony.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The taking of verbal testimony relative to the missing ballots in the Ford-Newberry Senatorial contest in Michigan in 1918, was concluded today by the Senate Elections Committee and the recount of the ballots cast in the election will begin Jan. 4. Counsel for both Henry Ford and Senator Newberry were warned to be ready to proceed when the committee meets on that date. Counsel said they would be ready.

LIBERTY DAY IN JERUSALEM.

Third Anniversary Celebrated by People of All Faiths.

LONDON, Dec. 18 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).—Jerusalem today celebrated the third anniversary of its liberation by General Allenby, says a dispatch from Jerusalem.

Sir Herbert Samuel, the High Commissioner for Palestine, and all the leaders of the various faiths participated in a review and service held in St. George's Cathedral. The celebration concluded with a reception given by Acting Governor Lake.

SAVED BY CHINESE TROOPS.

Japanese Detachment Nearly Wiped Out by Koreans.

TOKIO, Dec. 17.—Korean insurgents in the Chentao district, on the Korean-Manchurian borders, recently attacked and surrounded a Japanese detachment, killing eighteen and wounding thirty-five of the Japanese troops, according to a Peking dispatch.

The Japanese, it is added, were excoriated by Chinese troops.

NEW JAPANESE LAND LAW.

Will Permit Ownership by Foreigners, According to Tokio Report.

TOKIO, Dec. 17.—The Jiji Shimbun prints a report today that new legislation, providing for foreign land ownership in Japan, is being drafted "to meet the provisions of the treaty now being negotiated in Washington."

state Commerce Committee Has Authority.

STATE TO CONTINUE FIGHT

Railroads Affected Do Not Indicate When 20 Per Cent. Increase Will Be Exacted.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Dec. 18.—State Supreme Court Justice Hasbrouck vacated today an injunction granted by State Supreme Court Justice Cropsey restraining railroads operating in this State from putting into effect the new passenger rates, providing for a 20 per cent. increase, as authorized by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

In vacating the injunction, Justice Hasbrouck held that the Interstate Commerce Commission had the power, to authorize the 20 per cent. increase in State passenger rates affecting trunk line railroads. The railroads are permitted to put the new rates into effect at once.

The roads affected by the order of Justice Hasbrouck are the New York Central, West Shore, Boston & Albany, Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, Lehigh Valley, Erie, Delaware & Hudson and the New York, New Haven and Hartford, with their various subsidiary lines.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 18.—The vacating of the injunction, restraining the railroads of New York State from putting into effect the 20 per cent. increase in passenger rates, by Supreme Court Justice Hasbrouck at Kingston today does not mean that the State's efforts to prevent the roads from charging the increased rates is ended. It was indicated by Ledyard P. Hale, counsel for Public Service Commission for the Second District, upon his return to Albany from Kingston this afternoon.

"Of course, we intend to take further action," said Mr. Hale, "but I cannot talk about it now."

Executives of the various railroads affected by Supreme Court Justice Has-

FIND ELECTRIC LINES OUT OF JURISDICTION

Rail Labor Board Members Deny Appeal of Brotherhoods on This Ground.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—The United States Railroad Labor Board handed down a decision today interpreting the Esch-Cummins Transportation act to mean that the board does not have jurisdiction over any interurban or electric lines.

Appeals from employes on various electric lines asking the board to hear their grievances were denied.

The decision affects every electric interurban line in the country, and many city transportation systems owned by interurban companies.

Arguments in the case were heard several months ago. Members of the board stated at the time their belief that, regardless of which side won, the matter would be appealed to the United States Supreme Court for interpretation of the Transportation act.

The board held that the meaning of Congress in the Transportation act was to exempt all electric lines "not operating as a part of a general steam railroad system of transportation." The fact that some electric lines haul freight, exchange cars with steam lines, operate in interstate traffic, or use in part the tracks of a steam line does not bring those lines within the provisions of the law, the decision says.

The board also points out that the Interstate Commerce Commission granted the interurbans a freight rate increase, but decided that it had no ojurisdiction over the passenger business.

Cummins Says Power Was Intended.

MIAMI, Fla., Dec. 18.—Senator Cummins of Iowa, Chairman of the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee and one of the framers of the Transportation act, said today that the decision of the Railroad Labor Board that the act did not apply to interurban electric lines was not in accord with the intention of the framers of the measure.

Senator Cummins said the measure would have to be amended to speak more clearly the intention of Congress.

Federal and State Authorities Gives $1,480,000 Annually.

ALL THE STATES MAY SHARE

Children's Bureau to Direct All Agencies to Promote Care of Mothers and Infants.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The bill for "the public protection of maternity and infancy," which provides for co-operation between Federal and State Governments, was passed by the Senate this afternoon in a much amended form.

The bill carries an annual authorization of $1,480,000 for the next and subsequent years. Of this, $480,000 is to be apportioned equally to the States and the remaining $1,000,000 will be apportioned to them in the proportion which the population of each State bears to the population of the United States. As introduced from the Committee on Public Health and National Quarantine, the appropriations were graduated, increasing annually until a maximum of $4,000,000 would have been reached in 1926.

In order to obtain its share of the money appropriation a State may create or designate an agency which shall have power to co-operate with the National Children's Bureau in the administration of the act. The children's bureau has the authority to recommend the appointment of Advisory Committees, State and local. At least half of the members of these committees are to be women, and all will serve without salary.

It is further stipulated that in order to provide "popular, non-technical instruction to the residents of the various States, particularly to those to whom such facilities are not accessible, on the subject of the hygiene of infancy, hygiene of maternity and related subjects, the State board, described in Section 4, is authorized to arrange with the State University, land-grant college, or other public educational institution for the provision of extension courses by qualified persons."

Senator Thomas, who has been one of the most active opponents of paternalistic legislation, stated after the passage that had he been in the Senate when the measure passed he would have voted against it. The bill passed without a record vote, and now goes to the House.

ASKS HELP FOR CHILDREN.

Dr. Manning Points to Need of Sufferers in France.

An appeal to aid the children of France through the American Committee for Devastated France was made yesterday by the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity.

"The children who suffered the horrors of war are suffering untold hardships, living, many of them, in cellars and similar quarters," said Dr. Manning. "What will their Christmas be? Children elsewhere are suffering, and we will give to them also, but let us give now to the children of France.

"It is said sometimes that because New York is big it is also indifferent and heartless. That statement is, as we know, untrue. There is no city in the country which gives so generously to meet any real need of which it is convinced. And now New York will certainly not fall short in this case. We are feeling the pressure of increased costs, but few of us will suffer hardships or want this Christmas time. Whatever other claims there may be upon us, irrespective of creed or of racial stock, let all of us who have the true, large-hearted spirit of our city make some gift, large or small as our ability may be, to help the children of France."

SEIZE $20,000 IN LIQUOR.

Police Raid Brooklyn Saloon and Cart Away Big Stock.

Detectives yesterday afternoon conducted one of the biggest liquor raids that has been made by the Police Department. Eight barrels of whisky, 16 barrels of wine, 32 bottles of whisky and 40 bottles of sherry were seized in and taken from the cellar of the saloon operated by William M. Kaltsening, at Lafayette Avenue and Broadway, Brooklyn. The value of the liquors is between $15,000 and $20,000.

The owner of the saloon was held in $1,000 bail for his appearance tomorrow before a United States Commissioner.

For Xmas

$50

puts this

Opera Grand

in your Home



Only 4 Feet 6 Inches Long.

Equally Attractive Monthly Payments

THIS is just the little Grand you have longed for — the Opera Grand — the smallest made. It takes practically no more space than an Upright. Come and hear it in our special booth arranged to show how little space is required.

Open Evenings until Xmas

MATHUSHEK

37 West 37th Street

Telephone Fitz Roy 976-977

RUSSEKS

FIFTH AVENUE

Between 34th and 35th Streets

TOMORROW—MONDAY

Year-End Clearance

HIGH-COST

DRESSES

&

GOWNS

AT UNDER COST PRICES FOR IMMEDIATE CLEARANCE

REMAINING TRICOTINE & SATIN

92 *DRESSES* $29.50

Clearance Without Regard To Cost

SMART TAILLEUR

165 *DRESSES* $49.50

Clearance Without Regard To Cost

EXQUISITE DINNER & EVENING

165 *FROCKS* $49.50

Clearance Without Regard To Cost

SUMPTUOUS DINNER & EVENING

52 *GOWNS* $89.50

Clearance Without Regard To Cost

UP TO $400.00 ORIGINAL MODEL

69 *GOWNS* $150.00

Embroidered and Beaded and Aglitter with Sequins and Ornature

Clearance of 200 High-Cost RUSSEK-ORIGINAL HATS $7.50

RUSSEKS

FIFTH AVENUE

Between 34th and 35th Streets

Fur Notice

TOMORROW—MONDAY

Year-End Clearance

WITHOUT RESERVE

OF EVERY HIGH-TYPE FUR GARMENT IN OUR SUPERB STOCK OF NEWEST MODELS

At Extraordinary Reductions

CHRISTMAS is but a few days off and the coming week will be one of hasty buying. Everyone has been waiting for Fur prices *to go lower* and now we have forced them down to their *lowest* notch. We have added, at our own cash purchase price, several hundred high-type 1921 model COATS and WRAPS of finely matched superb quality furs. We have joined these with our own exceptional stock of smart quality—guaranteed models. We have greatly re-priced downward for a complete clearance *until further notice.*

COATS & WRAPS

of

HUDSON SEAL

NATURAL SQUIRREL

SCOTCH MOLE

BROADTAIL, ERMINE

CARACUL, ETC.

At Extraordinary Reductions

Announcing the Advance Exhibit of Fashions for the Sunny Southland

PRESENTATION December 28th

RUSSEKS

FIFTH AVENUE

Between 34th and 35th Streets

TOMORROW—MONDAY

Year-End Clearance

HIGH-COST

WRAPS

&

COATS

AT UNDER COST PRICES FOR IMMEDIATE CLEARANCE

115 BOLIVIA

WRAPS & COATS $59.50

With Mole or Opossum Collars

210 EVORA OR BOLIVIA

WRAPS & COATS $85.00

With Deep Squirrel or Beaver Collars

76 MARVELLA & ORLANDA

WRAPS $125.00

With Rich Fur Collars & Cuffs

62 SILK & WOOL DUVETYNE

WRAPS $175.00

Lavishly Trimmed With Beaver or Squirrel

14 MODEL

WRAPS $375.00

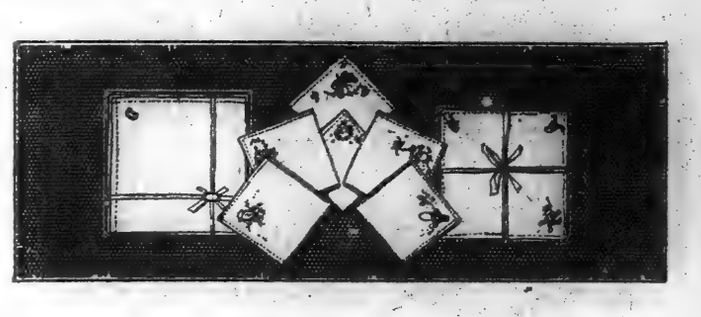
Elaborately Trimmed With Squirrel, Beaver, Mink or Sable

Clearance of 136 High-Cost RUSSEK-ORIGINAL SUITS

Fur-Trimmed and Plain

$49.50

With Christmas But Five Days Away



Handkerchiefs

For Men, Women and Children

There is nothing whatsoever in Handkerchiefs which may not be obtained at McCreery's—all of the usual fine McCreery Quality. There are those of masculine severity, dainty lace and embroidered bits, Colored Novelty Handkerchiefs so much in evidence at the Horse Show and the cutest "hankies" for Kiddies with Mother Goose pictures in the corners.

For Men

Linen Handkerchiefs, Hemstitched. regularly 9.00 doz. **7.20**

Initial Handkerchiefs..... doz. **6.00, 9.00 and 18.00**

Tape Border Handkerchiefs, turned hem. doz. **15.00** regularly 18.00

Serviceable Cambric Handkerchiefs, hemstitched or corded edge. doz. **3.00**

For Women

Handkerchiefs — Sheer Tape Edge. regularly 9.00 doz. **6.00**

Linen Handkerchiefs with Block Initial. box of 6 **1.50**

Handkerchiefs — Medium Weight 1/16 hem. doz. **4.20** regularly 6.00

Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs. box **1.50**

Novelty Colored Handkerchiefs, each **25c** to **50c**

Children's Picture Handkerchiefs, box 50c

(Main Floor)

"McCreery Silks"

Famous Over Half a Century

Specials for Monday

Imported Printed Chiffons in exquisite color combinations; 45 inches wide. regularly 6.50, yard **3.95**

Printed Georgette Crepes in handsome and elaborate styles; 40 inches wide. regularly 5.00, yard **1.95**

1500 yards of White Trousseau Satin; 36 inches wide. regularly 4.50, yard **3.00**

Printed Silks, rich and highly attractive, suitable for robes and handsome fur lining; 40 inches wide. regularly 5.50, yard **3.95**

Silk Shirtings of a superior grade; 36 inches wide. yard **2.50** and **3.50** regularly 3.50 to 5.50

Crepe Georgettes of a heavy dependable quality in a new color range; 40 inches wide. regularly 2.00, yard **1.25**

Heavy Tricolette Silk Suiting of the better grade; 36 inches wide, yard **2.25** regularly 5.50

Rich Black Chiffon Dress Velvet of a superior quality 40 inches wide, yard **6.75** regularly 10.50

(Second Floor)

Women's "Comfy" Slippers and Children's "Cosy Toes" Slippers

Reduced to Lowest-in-the-City Prices by Actual Comparison

Daniel Green "Comfy" Slippers in all wanted colors; ribbon trimmed or slashed collar effect with silk pompon.

1.85 and **1.95**

Children's "Cosy Toes" Slippers with soft soles in bootee effect or with picture ornamentations.

1.35 to **2.10**

Imported Japanese Slippers

95¢ and **1.25**

They are charming! Most of them are made of Quilted Satin and embroidered in Tinsel. All colors—all sizes. *(Second Floor)*



Exquisite Ecru Net Blouses

Special **5.95**

One would have to pay as much for merely a Vestee of Net as fine as these Blouses are made of! Yes, these are entire Blouses with turn-back cuffs, Tuxedo collar and a beautifully embroidered Vestee. Two rows of frilled Valenciennes Lace edge the collar, cuffs and trim the vestee.

(Fourth Floor)

Seek No Further For

GIFTS to Please HIM

The Quest Ends Here

Is it not true that men, as a rule, prefer the useful to the artistic where Gifts for themselves are concerned? When a woman does succeed in getting a male member of her family to commit himself on the subject he will invariably say: "O-o-h, a good-looking Cravat," or "A Shirt—something neat," or "Gloves will do." So why go on searching for a Gift that may be unusual but will not please him half as much as one of the following?

Silk Shirts
6.45

The sort he is certain to like—neat, smart patterns and colors and excellent materials.

Cravats
1.65

Four-in-hands, of course, made of Imported Silks and Satins in those dark, rich mixtures men invariably select.

Gloves
pair **3.50**

Tan Capeskin Gloves with spear-point backs—soft and pliable, yet "mannish."

Madras Shirts
3.55

A wide assortment from which to choose. Many feature the narrow, close stripes so much in vogue.

Silk Plaited Hose
pair **95c**

Silk plaited Lisle Half Hose in two-tone effects — various colors.

Dressing Gowns
26.75 to **139.50**

They are, indeed, handsome! Many are rich-looking, conservative styles — others quite novel.

(Main Floor)

Women's Sterling Silver Wrist Watches



14.75
regularly 24.75

This is without doubt an extraordinary offering.

They are Importations from one of the finest watch makers abroad. The price at which we obtained them cannot possibly have covered the cost of material and workmanship.

They are exceptionally small in size, in either cushion, octagon, oval, tonneau or regulation style; neatly chased cases of sterling silver fitted with guaranteed 15 jeweled lever movement, and ribbon bracelet, as illustrated. *(Main Floor)*

No C. O. D.'s No Approvals No Returns

McCreery Quality Hosiery

Specially Priced

Those who purchase McCreery Quality Hosiery for Holiday Gifts may be assured of three things: That they have obtained the best quality, and the latest mode in hosiery at a price so low it would be difficult to duplicate. They may be given with confidence in their reception.

Women's Thread Silk Hose, hand embroidered Clox, Black or White, **3.95**

Women's Thread Silk Hose, superior quality, Silk or Lisle tops, Black only, **2.50**

Women's Thread Silk Hose, "Outsize," Black only. Lisle tops and soles, **2.50**

Women's Sport Silk and Wool Hose. Heather Mixture, **2.95**

Women's Sport Woolen Hose. Heather Mixture, **1.95**

Women's full-fashioned Fine Gauge Lisle Hose, Black or White, **95c**

(Main Floor)

Women's Gloves

At Reduced Prices

These Gloves are certain to delight matron or miss.

The strap wrist glove will add chic to her tailleur, the eight-button length for her loose wrap and the lined glove for sport and cold weather wear.

Eight-button length French Suede Gloves, overseam sewn and Paris point embroidered—in ecru or mode, pair, **5.50** formerly 6.50

Eight-button length mousquetaire French Suede Gloves, pique sewn, in ecru, beaver or mode. formerly 8.00, pair **7.00**

Women's French Glace Gloves, two-clasp, overseam or pique sewn, in tan, mode, grey, white, black or pastel, pair **4.50** formerly 5.00

Strap Wrist Capeskin Gloves, pique sewn, in tan or brown, pair **4.95** formerly 5.50

One-clasp Grey Suede Gloves, warmly lined with fleece. formerly 5.00, pair **4.00**

Strap Wrist Doeskin Gloves, in natural or white, pique sewn, pair **2.50** formerly 3.50

(Main Floor)

Holiday Sale of Furs

Never have women had such an opportunity to buy Furs, for perhaps never have weather conditions been so phenomenal. Here it is approaching Christmas time and the need for Furs has not yet been acutely felt. Hence we find ourselves overstocked and are obliged to sacrifice profit on our Furs. We have reduced them to prices for which we could not now buy them, for manufacturers' prices have not come down to this level.

The following is a select assortment of Coats of which there are, in most instances, but one of a kind as each is an exclusive model.

Hudson Seal Coat, 45 inches long, made of selected skins, Skunk collar and cuffs, **535.00** formerly 1050.00

Hudson Seal Coat, 40 inches long, of selected skins, Beaver collar and cuffs, **565.00** formerly 945.00

Hudson Seal Coat, 45 inches long, of selected skins, self trimmed. formerly 845.00, **525.00**

Hudson Seal Coat, 36 inches long, of selected skins, Natural Squirrel collar and cuffs, **435.00** formerly 825.00

Hudson Seal Wrap, 50 inches long, of superior quality skins, large shawl collar, **515.00** formerly 985.00

Natural Squirrel Wrap, 50 inches long, choice Siberian Squirrel; graceful model, **845.00** formerly 1450.00

Mole Coat, 40 inches long, of selected skins with taupe Squirrel collar, cuffs and border. formerly 785.00, **445.00**

Natural Squirrel Coat, 36 inches long, choice Siberian Squirrel, self trimmed, **450.00** formerly 695.00

Hudson Seal Coat-Wrap, made of selected skins, large shawl collar of Natural Beaver. **685.00** formerly 1350.00

Beaver Coat, 50-inch model, made of finest Beaver, handsomely lined and finished, **395.00** formerly 685.00

Leopard Coat, 40 inches long; Skunk collar and cuffs, **345.00** formerly 685.00

Mole Coat, 50 inches long, of choice pelts with collar, cuffs and border of Dyed Opossum. formerly 525.00, **285.00**

(Fourth Floor)

Pay Less for Gifts of

Crepe de Chine and Satin Underthings

Special Prices Prevail Here for the Holidays

They are as dainty and pretty as the most finical could desire, yet every piece is priced noticeably lower than regularly.

Night Gowns trimmed in unusual ways with fine Lace, or smartly tailored, **4.95**

Night Gowns elaborate with lace and ribbon, **5.55, 5.95** to **12.95**

Envelope Chemises—ultra-refined types with feather stitching and lace trimming, **2.95**

Envelope Chemises and Step-ins of Crepe de Chine and Satin, **3.95, 4.95** and **5.95**

Bloomers of Satin, elaborately Lace trimmed, **3.95**

Butter-fly Drawers of Crepe de Chine, prettily lace-trimmed, **2.95**

Bodices of Washable Satin, tailored and Lace trimmed, **1.95**

(Third Floor)

A Sale of Gift Negligees

Beautiful Models

At Prices Greatly Reduced—



A beautiful Negligee is the gift supreme. It never fails to thrill and delight. As a special Holiday offering we have marked some of our most exquisite Negligees way below former prices.

Negligees and Tea Gowns of costly fabrics such as Brocades, Satin Meteors, Batiks, Georgettes and delicate Laces. formerly 55.00, 75.00, **39.95**

Silk Lounging Robes of Zanana, interlined with Wool and lined with Silk, adorned with hand-embroidered collar, cuffs and pockets or Satin trimmed. All have Silk Braid Girdles. formerly 42.50, **29.59**

Negligee of heavy quality Crepe Meteor with long, straight lines, flowing sleeves of Georgette and adornment of Tassels and French Flowers. Various shades, **15.75** formerly 19.75

House Coats of Radium Satin or Shot Taffeta in beautiful subtle or vivid shadings. formerly 19.75, **12.50**

(Third Floor)

PARIS POLICE INVESTIGATING

Picture Whose Authenticity Is Challenged Brought 80,000 Francs a Year Ago.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—A picture of some flowers in an earthenware jug and some fruit on a table, which a poor artist says he painted in 1905 and sold to a second-hand bookstall keeper for 85 francs, was exhibited for sale in a Paris art dealer's rooms some days ago at the price of 150,000 francs. It bore the signature of Whistler and the date 1899. Further, the reproduction and description of this same picture were published in Theodore Duret's work on Whistler, published in 1914. It was then accepted as Whistler's work, and, according to the dealer who recently exhibited it, its authenticity has never before been challenged.

As the result of the artist's charge a police inquiry has been ordered, and all the art experts in Paris are likely to be called in to help decide whether the Whistler is really a Whistler or the work which the painter sold for 85 francs.

The history of the picture as given by the dealer, M. Piquet, is this:

He bought it as a Whistler from a French amateur, M. Didier, for 90,000 francs. M. Didier in his turn bought it for 30,000 francs from a German art dealer in Paris named Strobling, who had bought it from a collector in London for 3,000 francs in the early months of 1911. At present it is not known who that collector was or what was the early history of the painting as one of the works of Whistler.

The other story of its origin is much more humble. The man who says he painted it is Stany Sassy, who lived with a fellow-artist, Bebin, in a modest studio in the Rue Bonaparte. One day in 1905 the two then, having no other model, painted companion pictures of the fruit and flowers on their tables in 1906 Sassy sold his painting with some others to one of the many small dealers in second-hand art objects, who have in Paris a particularly astute eye for anything good. The dealer, he says, seemed very much pleased with his purchase.

Eleven years passed, and Bebin, Sassy's companion, back from the wars, decided to have an exhibition of his works in Toulouse. It was not a very successful exhibition from a financial point of view, for the only picture that was sold was the picture he had painted at the same time with Sassy of the fruit and flowers on their studio table. Even that did not bring a great reward, for the sale was followed some days later by an angry letter from the purchaser asking his money back because the picture was a copy of a painting by Whistler.

Immediately Bebin rushed to the studio of his friend, and together they went to purchase Duret's book, which had been cited as evidence that the picture was by Whistler. There they found the photograph and were stupefied, they declare, to see that it was Sassy's painting with two cherries painted out and the signature of Whistler and the date painted in.

The two artists left the matter alone till they discovered that the picture was being exhibited for sale in Paris. Then they went to see it and were more than ever convinced that it was the picture Sassy had painted. As proof they invoked what seems almost conclusive evidence, that at least it was not the work of Whistler. On the left hand of the canvas is shown the corner of another picture which the artist introduced to give balance to the painting. This picture was a photogravure of a well-known landscape by Corot, "Goat Below Big Trees," which, now in the Louvre, was painted between 1865 and 1870. But the "Whistler" picture bears the date of 1899.

"How," Sassy asks, "could the American artist, wizard though he was, paint into his pictures part of another picture that was not in existence till six years later."

Another proof seems to exist. The two cherries which Sassy declares he put into his picture have been so badly peeled out that they are still traceable.

Theodore Duret, who is among those who have been interrogated by the police, contented himself with saying this afternoon in an interview that the whole business was really too complicated for him to give an opinion. He had always believed that picture was by Whistler, but was prepared, he said, for proof that it was not.

The art dealer is not so philosophical, for he stands to lose the 80,000 francs he paid a year ago.

CZECH REVOLUTIONISTS HAVE BEEN PUT DOWN

Work Was to Be Resumed Yesterday—Agricultural Workers Try to Seize Town.

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, Dec. 18.—Normal conditions now prevail here following the recent revolutionary movement and it is expected work will be resumed throughout Czechoslovakia today.

The attempt to set up a revolutionary government was met by resolute measures on the part of the authorities, including the declaration of martial law in six localities where public order was threatened. Consequently the attempt to inaugurate a general strike was frustrated.

Representatives of all the Czech Socialist Parties, including the Right Wing of the National Socialists, met here yesterday for the purpose of securing concessions for labor.

The Control Committee of the Left Wing of the Social Democratic Party, which ordered a general strike as a result of the clash in front of the Parliament Building on Dec. 10, during which the police fired on a crowd of demonstrators, called off the strike on Thursday. The demands put forward in connection with the strike, however, gained such popularity among the working classes belonging to all the Socialist groups that the conference was called to endeavor to attain them.

VIENNA, Dec. 18.—A Pressburg, Czechoslovakia, dispatch says that a Revolutionary Strike Committee in Verebely, near Pressburg, yesterday incited 2,000 striking agricultural workers in the district to an attempt to seize the town. In the subsequent combat with the constabulary three strikers were killed and many wounded. The revolutionary committeemen were arrested.

No disorders are reported from other parts of Slovakia.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Affairs in the Czechoslovak Republic, recently upset by a Communistic effort to seize power, are completely under control of the Government, according to cable advices received today by Dr. Bedrich Stepanek, Minister of the republic to this country.

"The situation in Czechoslovakia, as a result of the failure of the Communistic effort," a dispatch said, "is most wholesome for the general European situation as it contributes greatly to the ease of stabilizing post-war conditions."

LONDON, Dec. 18.—A handsome young woman, widely known in pleasure-seeking circles of London as Baba Taylor, was shot last night in her flat in St. James's Street, in the West End, by George Augustus Kelly, who is understood to be an American who came over here with the Canadian first expeditionary forces.

Kelly, immediately after killing the woman, blew out his brains in the presence of a frightened maidservant, who had entered the bedroom on hearing her mistress scream.

Kelly was recently manager of a dancing establishment known as the Palais de Danse at Hammersmith, which advertised as having the best floor and best jazz band in London, and which was having a great vogue.

Jealousy is believed to have been the motive of the murder. The affair has made a considerable sensation, as both the Taylor woman and Kelly had achieved considerable reputation as dancers and gave exhibitions of their proficiency in the latest steps imported from America.

Miss Taylor, who had a private fortune of some £30,000, left her by one of her admirers, was frequently seen in fashionable restaurants in the later stages of the war, entertaining or being entertained by batches of American officers.

Kelly is said to have hailed originally from Omaha, Neb. One report has it that he had recently been supplanted in the affections of Miss Taylor by an army Captain.

Special to The New York Times.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 18.—George Augustus Kelley, found shot to death in company with a dancer in London, was a son of the late George Augustus Kelley, formerly a pioneer dry goods merchant of Omaha, who failed in business here twenty years ago and went to Brooklyn, N. Y., where for many years he was connected with Frederick Loeser & Co. of that city. Kelley's mother and sister reside in Brooklyn, where they have lived since the family left Omaha. The sister, Anne Kelley, is a teacher in the public schools of New York City or of Brooklyn.

Young Kelley was 36 years old. He had been in London for an American advertising agency for several years. He gave away $100,000 two years ago. At that time his uncle, in Brooklyn, died and left him that amount. The young man handed the entire sum over to his mother with the remark, "I don't need it."

At the time of the Kelley failure in Omaha twenty years ago the older Kelley told his friends that he wanted his son to inherit honor rather than riches.

Isaac D. Clarke, a banker of Papillion, Neb., who is an uncle of young Kelley and a brother of the young man's mother, will leave for New York tonight. The dead youth is said to have served in the British air force during the war, having enlisted in Canada.

FOUND HE WAS 'ONLY CLAY'

"Only a Coward Would Do What I Am Doing," He Wrote—Curses Another Woman.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 18.—Lieutenant Pat O'Brien, veteran of the British Royal Flying Corps, killed himself in a hotel room here early today shortly after he had talked over the telephone with his wife, from whom he had been estranged. Mrs. O'Brien, through friends, today said she was convinced that her husband was unbalanced mentally and that his act was due to that condition.

Lieutenant O'Brien left a note addressed to his wife in which he spoke of himself as "like the rest of people—a little bit of clay."

In a letter he bade farewell to his wife, mother and sisters, and continued: "And may the just God that answered my prayers in those seventy-two days that I spent in making my escape from Germany once more answer them.

"And bring trouble, sickness, disgrace and more bad luck than any one else in this world has ever had, and curse forever that awful woman * * * that has broken up my home and taken you from me, the woman that stood in my home and gave (several words blurred). She caused this life of mine that just a few moments ago was happy to go on that sweet adventure of death."

Mrs. O'Brien denied that any third person had interfered in the family affairs and said the woman named by O'Brien as responsible had been introduced to her by her husband and had joined her at her request because she did not wish to live unprotected.

Mrs. O'Brien was a bride of a few months. She declined to give her former name or any facts concerning herself and she was secluded under a physician's care. Friends of O'Brien said his wife was formerly a newspaper woman in Washington, where he met her, and that she wrote under the name of Virginia Dale or Virginia Dare. While O'Brien was engaged in motion picture work here last Summer his wife did [illegible] and that he had planned to kill her had she responded to his telephonic request for her to meet him.

Mrs. Ottis, it developed later, was the woman mentioned in the message O'Brien addressed to his wife as having interfered in their family affairs. She said she could attribute the aviator's statements only to his mental condition.

Mrs. O'Brien declared Mrs. Ottis never had interfered between her husband and herself.

"Mrs. Ottis has been more of a mother to me than anything else," said she. "Mrs. Ottis came out here from Chicago two months ago to visit us," Mrs. O'Brien continued. "Last Tuesday, after Mr. O'Brien had given way to a terrible fit of temper, in which he broke my finger, I left our home and engaged a room at a hotel.

"Mrs. Ottis joined me at my request. She had nothing to do with my leaving home. I simply decided I could no longer live with my husband.

"Mr. O'Brien found out where we were and engaged rooms in the same hotel. I believe he intended to kill me as well as himself."

Mrs. Ottis added, "I was staying with Mrs. O'Brien because I was afraid damage would be done by her husband. He has been irrational for several weeks."

O'Brien's sister, Mrs. Clara Clegg, came here recently from Momence, Ill. His brother, Merwin, is expected here soon from San Francisco to assume charge of the body and its removal to Momence for burial.

Lieutenant Pat O'Brien, a native of California, but whose home was at Momence, Ill., when he first took up aviation, was one of the first American flyers to win distinction in the war. Early in the war, before the entrance of the United States, he went to Canada and enlisted in the Royal Flying Corps and soon gained fame for many daring exploits.

In the Summer of 1917 he fell several thousand feet in a battle between six British and twenty German aviators and landed behind the enemy lines. He recovered consciousness in a German hospital. Lieutenant O'Brien was held for several weeks at Courtral, Belgium, and was started for a prison camp in Germany.

He escaped by jumping from a train going at a rate of thirty miles an hour while sixty miles inside of Germany and wandered for seventy-two days through that country, Luxemburg and Belgium before he reached the neutral country of Holland and reported to the nearest British consul.

Lieutenant O'Brien was acclaimed as a hero both in England and the United States. He was received by King George at Buckingham Palace. Upon his return to the United States he was enthusiastically received and appeared in public as a lecturer and a monologist. After the war he gave exhibition flights at most of the flying fields in the country in connection with his lecture tours.

Two years ago Lieutenant O'Brien fell 2,000 feet at Kelley Field, San Antonio, Texas, and escaped with a broken nose.

For Child Feeding in Germany.

BERLIN, Dec. 18.—More than 9,000,000 marks have been placed at the disposal of the American Quakers' Committee for continuation of the work of child feeding in Germany, the Tageblatt announced today.

NAVY COURT CLEARS MARINES IN HAITI

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

Colonel John H. Russell, U. S. Marine Corps.

"Referring to the amendment to the precept, calling for the conclusions of the court as to the general conduct of the personnel of the naval service in Haiti since 28 July, 1915, the court does not consider that the small number of isolated crimes or offenses that have been committed by a few individuals of the service during the period in question are entitled to any considerable weight in forming a conclusion as to the general conduct of such personnel. It was inevitable that some offenses would be committed. However, considering the conditions of service in Haiti, it is remarkable that the offenses were so few in number and that they all may be chargeable to the ordinary defects of human character, such defects as result in the commission of similar offenses in the United States and elsewhere in the best regulated communities.

"The general conduct of our troops of occupation can be fairly judged by the results of that occupation.

First Peace in 100 Years.

"Now for the first time in more than a hundred years tranquillity and security of life and property may be said to prevail in Haiti.

"The Haitian people themselves welcomed the coming of our men and are unwilling to have them depart.

"The establishment and maintenance of tranquil conditions and then of security of life and property all over the Republic of Haiti has been an arduous and dangerous and thankless task. That task our marines have performed with fidelity and great gallantry.

"The Court cannot refrain from recording its opinion of much, and that the most serious part, of the reflections which have been made upon the officers who have served in Haiti.

"The outstanding characteristic of those officers, from the brigade commander down, has been their sympathetic attitude toward every step that would lead to betterment of the country and improvement in the mental, physical and moral conditions of the population.

"With slender resources and inadequate administrative authority they have accomplished much, where anything more than suppression of organized insurrection seemed impossible.

"The above remarks apply with particular force to those officers and enlisted men of the Marine Corps who have been serving as officers of the gendarmerie of Haiti.

"After a careful study of the matters in issue, based not only on the evidence in the record, but also upon other original and reliable sources of information and the court's own observations while in Haiti, the court regards the charges which have been published as ill-considered, regrettable and thoroughly unwarranted reflections on a portion of the United States Marine Corps which has performed difficult, dangerous and delicate duty in Haiti in a manner which, instead of calling for adverse criticism, is entitled to the highest commendation."

NEW SHOCKS IN ALBANIA

Twenty-two Lives Lost at Saseno, Where a Tidal Wave Overwhelmed the Island.

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 18.—It is estimated, according to reports from Mendoza Province, received late tonight, that 150 persons perished in the earthquake of Friday.

The earthquake was felt in several provinces, where considerable damage which has not yet been estimated, was caused. La Valle apparently was the centre of the disturbance. The houses of the village collapsed, and a number of crevices were opened in the streets, through which hot water is gushing.

Mendoza City experienced a shock of some violence which lasted thirty seconds. The tremor was repeated with less intensity half an hour later. No details as to property damage have been received. The earthquake was also felt in the city of La Rioja, capital of the province of the same name. There were no casualties there.

Telegraphic communication with some sections has been interrupted. Late messages indicate that the provinces of Mendoza, San Juan, La Rioja, San Lis and Cordoba all felt the shocks.

ROME, Dec. 17.—New earthquake shocks have completed the destruction of the Albanian village of Tepelani, thirty-two miles southeast of Avlona, according to reports from Brindisi. Twenty-two persons are known to have lost their lives. Exact details of the situation have not been learned owing to the interruption of communications between Avlona and the stricken village. Serious earthquakes took place in the Tepelani district early this month, an area of forty square miles having been shaken and many villages reduced to ruins.

Advices state that Commander Pagliaro, his two daughters, seventeen sailors and two non-commissioned officers lost their lives on the island of Saseno, at the entrance of the Bay of Avlona, when the latest earthquake took place. The tremor was accompanied by a tidal wave, and landslides buried the house in which the Commander lived. It is said that the hospital on the island of Saseno has disappeared.

The disasters at both Tepelani and Saseno have caused considerable agitation in Italy, owing to the many Italians working in this district. Two tugs and a destroyer were hastily dispatched, carrying doctors, medicine, clothing and other necessaries, including water, as those who brought the first news of the disaster reported that the lack of drinking water was augmenting the gravity of the situation.

some violence which lasted thirty seconds. The tremor was repeated with less intensity half an hour later. No details as to property damage have been received. The earthquake was also felt in the city of La Rioja, capital of the province of the same name. There were no casualties there.

Telegraphic communication with some sections has been interrupted. Late messages indicate that the provinces of Mendoza, San Juan, La Rioja, San Lis and Cordoba all felt the shocks.

THE FOUR SEASONS
58 East 53rd Street
Clearance Sale
GOWNS, SUITS and WRAPS
From $35 Up

E. M. GATTLE & CO.
Platinumsmiths 630 FIFTH AVE. Jewelers
Gattle Jewels for Christmas
Assure pleasing economy because our extensive purchases of gems were made prior to the radical advances in cost.
Rings, Brooches, Bracelets, Wrist Watches, Pendant Watches, Sautoirs, Jade Necklaces, Lorgnettes, Vanity Cases, Gold Bags, Dorine Powder Boxes, Lip Rouge Cases, Over Night Bags.
Men's Watches, Vest Chains, Cuff Links, Evening Dress Sets, Cigarette Cases, Match Safes, Cigarette Holders, Gold Belt Buckles, Knives, Wallets, Gold Pencils, Flasks, Cigar Cutters, Seal Rings.
We Urge Comparison of Values.
Opposite St. Patrick's Cathedral

P. J. CAREDE & CO.
Furriers
Fifth Avenue—Between 35th & 36th Streets



Christmas Suggestions
For Christmas gifts, or personal use, Furs are most appropriate.
Our Entire Stock of Furs repriced at a saving of 20% to 40%
Scarfs and Muffs in Sets
Especially desirable for Christmas Gifts. Including Foxes in the popular shades; Skunk; Taupe and Black Lynx; Mink; Beaver; Hudson Seal; Australian Opossum; Squirrel; and Mole.
Wraps, Capes, Coats and Dolmans
Of Mink, Broadtail, Caracul, Mole, Hudson Seal, Squirrel, and Natural Muskrat.
Neckpieces, Stoles and Capelets
Silver Fox, Fisher, Baum Marten, Stone Marten, Hudson Bay Sable, Mink, Skunk, Black Lynx, Dyed Foxes, Squirrel and Mole.
Men's Fur-Lined Coats—Women's Motor Fur Coats

Ideal Christmas Gifts
CHINESE RUGS
Importers' direct-to-Consumer Sale
A comparison of our qualities and designs with the many offers made since this unprecedented sale was inaugurated will at once demonstrate the superior value of our rugs at the following low prices
2x3 feet $19 | 3x6 feet $55 | 6x9 feet $125
2x4 feet $25 | 4x7 feet $85 | 8x10 feet $245
9x12 feet $325
Other Sizes Proportionately Priced
We unqualifiedly guarantee our rugs to be genuine and perfect merchandise—hand-made in China under our personal supervision of the finest wool obtainable.
S. W. BRIDGES & CO., Inc. Importers
MOLLOY-SKELLY CARPET CO Representatives.
5 East 40th Street

SHORT VAMP SHOES
SPECIAL HOLIDAY REDUCTIONS
Save $3, $4, $5
ON HOLIDAY FOOTWEAR



All Our Exquisite Parisian Models Selling Regularly From $18 to $20
$14.95 TAX EXTRA
BROWN SUEDE VAMP, BEAVER SATIN PANEL AND STRAP INLAY.
BLUE SUEDE VAMP, BLUE KID PANEL AND STRAP INLAY.
BROWN KID VAMP, BROWN SUEDE BACK AND INLAID STRAPS.
BLACK SUEDE VAMP, BLACK SATIN BACK AND INLAID STRAPS.
BLACK SUEDE JACKETS.
This special uniform price is the privilege of customers responding to this advertisement; otherwise regular prices.
ALL HAND TURNED, MEDIUM VAMP, SEMI-ROUND TOE
J. GLASSBERG 225 W. 42nd St. New York

Ideal Location for
JEWELERS!
in the New
LANE BRYANT BUILDING
21-23 West 38th St.
(East Off Fifth Ave.)
Windows on all sides—perfect north light—high ceilings—excellent lighting—100% sprinkler system—iced water on all floors—services of night watchmen—highest grade service.
AT REDUCED RENTALS
Call 7th Floor or apply Floors 6 to 8

Legislative Committee Won't Approve Special Appropriation of $27,000,000.

NEW YORK MUST FIND FUND

Senator Mullan Says City Can Get Only Pro Rata Share of State Money.

Following an executive meeting of the Joint Legislative Committee on Education at the Murray Hill Hotel, State Senator John B. Mullan of Rochester, its Chairman, said yesterday that the committee would not recommend that the Legislature come to the aid of New York City in finding money to supply the $27,000,000 deficiency in the city budget for the Board of Education. Senator Mullan declared that the problem was a local one and the solution a matter for local authorities.

The announcement was considered a blow at the contention of Controller Charles L. Craig, who caused the Board of Education's estimate to be cut upon the ground that the increase was caused by mandatory legislation raising teachers' salaries. Controller Craig has contended that, having increased the salaries, the Legislature is bound to provide the money.

Senator Mullan said that Henry H. Curran, Borough President of Manhattan, told the committee recently that the city would take care of the matter. He also said that a representative of Mayor Hylan had made the same statement. This representative, Senator Mullan said, had told the committee that the $50,000,000 appropriation for the Board of Education was "on account," and, when asked on account of what, replied "on account of the budget."

Senator Mullan said that in view of these statements the committee did not see why it should advise the Legislature to make any educational allowance for New York City beyond its proportionate share of the State educational fund, to be provided by a tax levy of 1½ mills.

Amendment of the law to provide for the election of boards of education in cities of the first and second classes, including New York City, would be recommended by the committee, Senator Mullan said. He affirmed that this would make the educational boards directly responsible to the people and in New York City would take away the present power of appointment by the Mayor and relieve the Board of Estimate from the necessity of providing money for the support of the schools in the annual city budget.

Senator Mullan added that this plan would have the effect of divorcing each municipality from control of the schools. He said that it had not been determined whether there should be a recommendation that members of such boards should be placed on a salary basis.

Senator Mullan said that the committee would recommend a continuation of the present 1½ mills school tax, which is in effect up to June 30, next, and an attempt made to equalize matters so that more money would be received by rural school districts.

Hearings will be held in Albany next month, before the committee makes its report, and representatives of the State Grange, the State Farm Bureau and the Dairymen's League have been asked for information concerning rural schools.

MOTHER LOSES PLEA FOR HER CHILDREN

Court Refuses to Take Two Frank Girls From Father's Custody.

Supreme Court Justice Giegerich denied yesterday an application by Mrs. Betty Loeb of the Hotel St. Regis, wife of Walter L. Loeb, head of the Walter L. Loeb Company, exporters, for the custody of her two children by a former marriage to Jesse Frank, member of Kahn, Grayson & Co., cotton brokers, whom she divorced in Nevada in 1918 on the ground of cruelty. The children are Nancy Amelia Frank and Jessie Frank Jr.

Justice Giegerich granted a request by the attorneys to seal the papers on the ground that since the two children are chiefly concerned in the case undue publicity would be detrimental to their interests. When Mrs. Loeb got her divorce she consented to a provision in the decree that she would not attempt to communicate with them in any way. The Nevada court order also restrained her and her family from attempting to communicate with or see the children.

In asking their custody Mrs. Loeb said that she married Mr. Frank in 1910 and that during seven years of married life he abused and maltreated her and "never extended the clean or spiritual element of affection and love." She said that she was compelled to agree to give up her children absolutely because of Mrs. Frank's insistence that the divorce would not be valid here unless he appeared voluntarily in the Nevada action, and the price of his appearance was the custody of the children. She said that after she was divorced she married Mr. Loeb, with whom she is living happily, and that he wants her children to be members of his household.

Mrs. Loeb also explained that she understands her former husband has married again and that his wife was formerly a model at Lucille's, and since Mr. Frank is away a great part of the time she does not want her children to be in the sole care of Mrs. Frank so much of the time.

Mr. Frank denied the allegations of his former wife as to his mistreatment of her and submitted a long affidavit which the court decided justified Mr. Frank in insisting on the custody of the children. He said that Mr. Loeb was divorced by a former wife just before his marriage to Mrs. Frank. He also stated that his present wife is a woman of estimable character to whom his children are attached and who is devoted to them.

In his decision Justice Giegerich said: "It will be in the best interest of the children to have the Nevada decree undisturbed."

ASKS GIFTS FOR PATIENTS.

Copeland Issues Christmas Appeal for the Ill in Hospitals.

A Christmas appeal for useful gifts for children and other patients in the hospitals was issued yesterday by Dr. Royal S. Copeland, the Health Commissioner.

"This will be the last Christmas on earth for many of the patients in our hospitals," said Dr. Copeland, "and the department desires to make it as happy for them as possible."

The Commissioner said that among those to be cared for at Christmas were thirty patients suffering from chronic croup, aged 3 to 17 years, who would like shoes, stockings, gloves and wool dresses. About 137 men suffering from tuberculosis would like sweaters, gloves, woolen cars and shaving outfits. Twelve women suffering from tuberculosis need warm clothing, gloves and stockings. Seventy-four women suffering from various ailments need clothing and candy. There are 180 children in the hospitals ill with contagious diseases and 100 adults in the contagious wards. Gifts of candy and cigarettes would also be appreciated, the Commissioner said.

May we help you in selecting your gifts? Telephone Fitzroy 1900 and ask for telephone order desk.

Buy Christmas Seals

Lord & Taylor

38th Street · FIFTH AVENUE · 39th Street

We are ready with an experienced mail order staff. Address all letters to Lord & Taylor, Mail Order Service.

Buy Christmas Seals

Women's Gloves

REYNIER

Reduced

To put the finest French Gloves Made on an appealing Price Basis

Suede and Glace, two clasp, pique sewn. All wanted colors, also Black and White. **$4.00**

Suede and Glace, three clasp, overseam. All wanted colors, also Black and White. **$3.50**

Glace Walking Gloves. Heavier quality, two clasp. Tan, White and Black..... **$4.50**

Ground Floor

Handkerchiefs

Of Fine Irish Linen

Reduced

FOR WOMEN	FOR MEN
Embroidered Corners 50c each, 75c each	Assorted hems $6.00 dozen, $7.50 dozen, $9.00 dozen
Fine Madeira Embroidered Corners $1.00 each	Tape Edge or Cord Edge $10.00 dozen
Initial Corners $2.50 dozen	

Ground Floor

Women's Slippers

Charming Christmas Gifts

Made for comfortable house wear, in dainty, attractive styles; all moderately priced.

Satin Slippers
$3.75 to $6.00
In several styles, and many colors.

Fur-Trimmed Juliets
$3.00 to $3.50
A warm, cosy slipper, made in all colors.

Comfy Slippers
$2.00 to $3.50
Variety of styles and colors.

Carriage Boots
Large Assortments $8.75 to $12.00

Second Floor

Georgette Blouses

$12.00

Charming long-sleeved model in flesh-color and white, silk-embroidered, and with collar and vestee of Filet lace; crochet buttons.

Ideal for Christmas Gifts and Excellent Values

Third Floor

Coat Sweaters

$12.00

Gift Suggestions in a model that has been much more.

A value extraordinary in a splendid Mohair Sweater, plain weave, Tuxedo effect but convertible into a snugly buttoned coat. Beautifully tailored, with smart lined pockets, narrow belt or braided sash.

Henna, Navy, Brown, Buff, Rose, White and Black, Heather Brown

Third Floor

Diamond Jewelry

At Greatly Reduced Prices

Platinum Bar Pins
With 3 diamonds.....$165.00
With 13 diamonds and 8 sapphires—$235.00
With 21 diamonds.....$295.00
With 22 diamonds.....$350.00
With 13 diamonds and 8 sapphires—$375.00
With 34 diamonds.....$400.00
With 24 diamonds.....$450.00

Platinum Brooches
With 33 diamonds.....$400.00
With 41 diamonds.....$450.00
With 23 diamonds.....$500.00
With 23 diamonds.....$650.00
With 46 diamonds.....$650.00

Platinum Rings
With 2 diamonds and 7 sapphires—$235.00
With 2 diamonds and 9 sapphires—$275.00
With 13 diamonds.....$275.00
With 18 diamonds.....$325.00
With 22 diamonds.....$350.00
With 9 diamonds.....$400.00
With 22 diamonds and 10 sapphires—$400.00
With 30 diamonds.....$400.00
With 25 diamonds and 12 sapphires—$500.00
With 35 diamonds.....$550.00
With 29 diamonds and 4 sapphires—$650.00

Flexible Bracelets
With 45 diamonds.....$1,000.00

Platinum Wrist Watches
With 32 diamonds.....$450.00
With 39 diamonds.....$575.00
With 20 diamonds.....$725.00
With 28 diamonds.....$775.00

(Tax additional)

Ground Floor

The Finest French Perfumes

Very Much Reduced in Price

An opportunity to buy one of the daintiest of gifts at a considerable price saving.

Gravier
Extracts in Lilas, Violette, Heliotrope, Chypre, individually boxed.....$1.50
Eau de Cologne in Lilas, Violette, Fleur d'Or, Rose, Chypre.....75c
Toilet Water in Heliotrope, Lilas, Chypre, Violette.....$1.75

Aschal
New French extracts in Chypre, Muguet, Amber, d'Origan..$2.75 and $4.00

Bourjois
Atir extract—$3.00, $4.50, $7.50

Gabilla
Chypre extract.....$3.00

Fontani's
French extract—$3.00 and $6.75

Houbigant
D'Argeville toilet water and extract.....$9.50

Fioret
New French extracts—$5.75, $9.75

Coty
Cyclamen extract.....$5.00
Oeillet extract.....$5.00
Violette Toilet Water.$6.75

Piver's
Combination boxed three-piece set—Azurea or Floramaye.....$6.25
Envelope Sachet, Violet—85c

Pinaud's
Lilac Vegetal.....85c

Ground Floor

Furs—Entire Stock Reduced

Hudson Seal Coats (dyed muskrat)

36 inch length, deep collar, $295

36-inch length, collar and cuffs of beaver, skunk, or natural squirrel.....$345

40-inch length, deep cape collar and cuffs of natural skunk....$425

Black Pony Coats—36-inch length.
Natural raccoon collar and cuffs, $145

Beautiful Small Furs

Natural Mink, two skin scarf	$34.50	Black Lynx Scarfs	$69.50
Natural Mink, three skin scarf	$69.50	Black Lynx Muffs	$69.50
Skunk animal shaped scarf	$39.50	Natural Squirrel Scarfs	$24.50
Skunk cape shaped animal scarf	$89.50	Natural Squirrel Muffs	$42.50
Skunk Muffs	$49.50	Australian Opossum Muffs	$39.50
Hudson Seal Scarfs	$59.50	Fox animal shaped Scarfs	$55.00
Hudson Seal Muffs	$29.50	Wolf animal shaped Scarfs	$29.50

Fourth Floor

Philippine Lingerie

Another Special Purchase—at Extraordinarily Low Prices

Night Gowns
Beautifully hand embroidered, high neck and set-in sleeves. $3.95
Scalloped and embroidered models. $1.95 and $2.95

Chemises
Envelopes, hand embroidered, $1.95, $2.95
Straight Chemises, elaborately embroidered, $1.95

Corset Covers
Embroidered, scallops round the neck and down the front, $1.50
Elaborately embroidered model, $1.95

American-Made Lingerie
Fine Batiste and Nainsook, daintily trimmed.

Night Gowns	Envelope Chemises
$1.50, $1.95, $2.95, $3.95	$1.50, $1.95, $2.95

Lovely Undersilks in Crepe de Chine, Satin and Radium

	Crepe de Chine	Washable Satin
Night Gowns	$4.95, $5.95, $6.95 & tax	$5.75, $8.75, $9.75 & tax
Envelope Chemises	$1.95, $2.95, $3.95	$2.65, $2.95

Radium Silk Underwear. Beautifully soft and very durable, tailored or lace-trimmed.

Night Gowns	Bodices	Envelope Chemises
$7.50 and $9.75 and tax	$1.95	$5.45 and tax

Second Floor

Silk Hosiery

Annual Sale Continued

Women's Silk Hose, full fashioned, with lisle top and sole. Black, White, Brown, Suede, Navy, Silver, Gold and a variety of colors, pair.....$1.65

Women's All Silk Hose, in seasonable weights. In Black, pair.....$1.95

Women's All Silk Hose. Black, White, Brown and Evening shades, pair $3.95

The latest "ONYX" creation—"Sheresilk"—a hose of the lightest weight and fine texture. Black, White, Brown and Evening shades, pair $3.65

Ground Floor

Men's Silk Half Hose
THE MAN'S SHOP

Men's heavy weight pure Silk with Lisle cuff, heel and toe. Black, White and colors, pair.....75c

Pure Silk, Full Fashioned, with Lisle top and sole. Black, Cordovan, Navy, Grey and White, pair.....$1.00

All Silk, extra good quality. Black and colors, pair.....$1.94

Heavy weight Black Silk with self or White Clocks. Also English Shot Silk, Ribbed, pair.....$2.60

Fancy Leather Goods

At Decided Price Reductions

Splendid values in serviceable and attractive gift suggestions.

Desk Sets
$9.50

Moire, rose or blue, covered with Mica, hand painted with dainty roses.

Book Ends
$4.25 pair

Striped leather in all the popular shades, well made and durable.

Ground Floor

Glove Silk Underwear

Considerably Reduced

Undergarments of an unusually fine, heavy quality, that will give splendid wear.

Vests—$2.25
Bodice style

Bloomers—$2.75

Union Suits—$6.50

Envelope Chemise $3.95

Camisoles—$1.45
Trimmed with georgette crepe.

Knit Underwear
Medium weight cotton

Union Suits—$1.45
Wool and Cotton Union Suits $3.95

Ground Floor

Breakfast Coats and Robes

Attractive model in chiffon over Crepe de Chine, in combination of colors.....$12.75

Embossed Corduroy Robes, full model with roll collar, silk lined throughout.....$12.75

Blanket Robes in attractive designs..$4.95 to $12.75

Negligees or Dinner Gowns
High Class Imported and American-Made
At Greatly Reduced Prices

Silk Petticoats

A Special Purchase

Satin of splendid quality with deep shirred flounce. $7.45

Radium Taffeta, changeable effect, tailored flounce. $7.95

Taffeta of excellent quality, in plain and changeable effects.....$3.95, $4.95, $5.95

Bloomers

Washable Satin, flesh tint, reinforced, tailored seams.....$2.95, $3.95

Silk Jersey ankle-length, in black and street shades. $3.95, $5.95 and tax

Second Floor

THE TRUTH ABOUT GORKY

And the Answer to Wells's Argument That the Bolshevist Regime Should Be Aided and Encouraged.

[Dmitry Mereshkovsky, the famous Russian writer, well known to American readers as the author of "The Death of the Gods," "The Forerunner," "Anti-Christ" and other historical novels, escaped from Bolshevik Russia after great sufferings. He is now in Paris, and on Nov. 16 wrote the following letter to H. G. Wells in answer to the latter's articles on the Soviet régime printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES.]

AN OPEN LETTER TO WELLS.

By Dmitry Mereshkovsky.

Mr. Wells: An admirer of yours these many years, accustomed to seeing in you the rarest combination of mathematical accuracy of mind and imaginative genius, I joyously awaited what you would have to say of my unhappy native land, but what you did say has filled me with astonishment and grief.

"Father Abraham! Have mercy on me and send Lazarus that he may dip the tip of his finger in water and cool my tongue, for I am tormented in this flame." You did not refuse me this mercy, like Abraham, but to cool my tongue you have upon it poured molten lead.

At this moment not we Russians alone, but all the peoples of the earth, are divided into two camps—for the Bolsheviki and against them. You have joined the former. And, however much much you may assert that you are not a communist or a Marxist or a Bolshevik, you are not to be believed, for between the two camps there is no middle ground—he who is not against the Bolsheviki is for them.

What you saw in that land, which we Russians no longer call Russia, is interesting to us to learn, but what is still more interesting is what you wish for her. Your observations may be open to question, but as to your wish there can be no doubt. For Russia you wish Bolshevism.

You maintain that "there can be no other Government in Russia except the Soviet Government." What does this mean? Is it that every people gets the government that belongs to it, just as every child has its own mother? You have seen a child in the arms of a gorilla and have decided that that is its mother; but because, Mr. Wells, it may be that the gorilla has stolen a human child. You looked upon the face of Russia for sixteen days, but I—for fifty years. Russia to you is a stranger; to me she is a mother. And believe me, I can distinguish the face of my mother from the face of the gorilla.

If it were always the case that every people had the Government that really belonged to it, then would not a single revolution take place. But as to the deserts of peoples the standard is not constant: today they are worthy, tomorrow not. And if a Government is bad, then one must wish that the morrow come as quickly as possible. You account Communism folly. Why, then, are you unwilling that the Communist Government in Russia be overthrown?

A certain man fell among thieves, which stripped him of his raiment, and wounded him and departed, leaving him half dead. A priest and a Levite passed by; both decided that this man was deserving of his fate. Is it not thus that you decided, that the Russian people deserved their government?

Not long since I received a letter from Russia, from a woman near to me, a teacher in a Soviet school. Here are some lines from it:

"This happened in Moscow, and it is an actual fact. Some children, 10 and 14 years of age, cut the throat of a schoolmate, hid the body and ate of the flesh. In court the 10-year-old ringleader showed no remorse, but said 'the meat tasted all right, but afterward it smelt.' This was related in the Commissariat of Public Education."

Russia at the present moment cannot help having the Soviet Government any more than the starving child could help eating the flesh of his schoolmate. Do you not find, Mr. Wells, that these two facts are equally indisputable and equally deplorable?

In any case, I venture to assert—and this, by the way, you may be able some time to learn by personal experience—that the making of peace with the Bolsheviki, to which you counsel us, "tastes all right at first, but afterward it smells."

What Gorky Is Really Doing.

You assume that if there be one righteous man it is enough to redeem a million sinners, and you see such a righteous man in the person of Maxim Gorky. Gorky, as it were, is saving Russian culture from Bolshevist barbarism.

I myself once thought the same. I myself was deceived, like you. But when I experienced in my own person what the "saving" by Gorky signified I fled from Russia. Rather than be saved thus, I preferred to take the chance of being captured and shot.

Do you know, Mr. Wells, the price of being "saved" by Gorky? The price is infamy—utter degradation—oh, not the coarse and outward, but the inner, subtle, almost untraceable degradation. He, perhaps, does not realize himself how he degrades men. He does it perhaps "innocently."

I could tell you many tales of those "saved" by Gorky, but I fear to endanger those who still remain in the hands of the "saviour."

I will speak only of myself. It seems that he had not forgotten my book, "The Forerunner." When I had the weakness or the stupidity to write to him that I was dying of hunger, he did not answer me, he only directed one of his underlings to say that he would throw to me, as a sop to a dog, a Red army ration. In order to remain alive I had had to accept such sop from other Bolsheviki, but I had no mind to take them from Gorky.

He surrounded himself with a retinue of sycophants and parasites and all the rest he did not even trouble to shove aside; he simply let them fall, and the people fall into the black pit of hunger and cold. He knows that with a crust of bread or a bundle of wood he can do what he pleases with the starving and freezing—and he does it.

"Universal Literature," "Magnificent Edition," "Founded by Gorky," this snapatured you as the torch of an enlightenment such as has never been known before. I myself worked on this edition, and I know what it is—a wholesale swindling of the authors and a shameless speculation. Gorky's chief agent, Gerhebin, was buying for a song the rights for all Russian literature, in an underhanded manner, as a crook: one writer even he paid, not in money, but with a frozen potato. The "Home of Science" and the "Home of Art" which Gorky founded arouse your admiration, but me they move to horror—these two tombs in which the great Russian scholars and writers are thrown in a heap, like the bodies of the hapless bourgeoisie, and left to die in slow agony. Better far had they killed them at once, had they stood them up against the wall and shot them.

Gorky—our "benefactor"! Not I alone, but all the Russian writers, artists, scholars, who, when they free their necks from the rope, will cry with me: "Accursed, thrice accursed, the 'benefactions' of Gorky!"

No, Mr. Wells, pardon me, but your friend Gorky is not better, but worse than the Bolsheviki—worse than Lenin,

SHOWS $5,272 PAID TO CAPTAIN RUSPINI

Testimony Taken Before Trial in Suit Against Aaron Hecht for War Sales Commissions.

Testimony that Aaron Hecht of the Hotel Gotham, Vice President of the American Hide and Leather Company, made a payment of $5,272 to Captain Angelo Ruspini, head of the Royal Italian Commission sent here during the war to buy supplies, out of his profits on the sale of steel plates, was given by Mr. Hecht in an examination before trial. The testimony has been filed in the County Clerk's office. The testimony was taken under an order obtained by Mark Ash, attorney for Lester M. Livingston of 420 Riverside Drive, head of the importing firm of Lester M. Livingston & Co.

In his suit Livingston claimed that under an agreement with Hecht he was to have one-third of the profits on the sales of any property to Captain Ruspini because of introducing the Captain to Hecht. The plaintiff contends that the defendant made a profit of $450,000 and that he is entitled to $150,000, of which only $4,339 has been paid.

Mr. Hecht alleged in his answer that the plaintiff was to get only one-tenth of the profits on all export sales to Captain Ruspini, and that he received a check for $2,839 as his share of the profits on the sale of the steel plates.

The testimony and papers in the case show that an effort will be made by counsel for the plaintiff to prove that Frank Egan, who was introduced to the defendant by Captain Ruspini, and who bought four oil tankers for $4,733,750 net, was acting for Captain Ruspini's company, the Navigazione Nationale Italiene, and that under the plaintiff's agreement he should get a share of the profits on the transaction. It is admitted that Hecht's net profit was $590,885.

CHALONER MUST PAY $12,000

Virginia Lawyer Wins Claim for Legal Services in 1911.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Dec. 18.—After a two-day hearing, a jury in the Circuit Court in the case of W. Gilmore Dunn, a local attorney, against John Armstrong Chaloner, for a claim of $16,850 for legal services rendered since June, 1911, awarded the plaintiff $12,000.

Chaloner had as his attorneys of record during the maturing of the case Judge Duke and Thomas J. Randolph of this city, and M. Sherrad of New York, but when court was opened he signified his desire to conduct his defense in person and the attorneys retired from the proceedings. Argument to set the verdict aside will be made Tuesday.

WIDOW IN ROOSEVELT ROLE.

Presides at Christmas Tree Where He Played Santa Claus.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Dec. 18.—The Cove Neck schoolhouse here was the scene of another Theodore Roosevelt Christmas tree today when the Colonel's widow, for the first time since his death, found herself able to take his place in the distribution of sweets and presents to upward of three hundred small pupils. Many of their fathers and mothers had received the same kindly treatment in past years from Colonel Roosevelt. For twenty-five years he had donned the red suiting and snow-white beard of the children's patron saint and taken the lead in Christmas festivities.

Mrs. Roosevelt was assisted by Dr. Richard Derby, husband of Ethel Roosevelt, who with Archie, Kermit and Quentin, was at one time a pupil at the school.

POLAND SEEKS COTTON HERE

Wants 400,000 Bales on Credit—Has Year to Pay for British Wool.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Poland is seeking to buy between 300,000 and 400,000 bales of American cotton, according to information given today by Prince Casmir Lubormiski, the Polish Minister, to Senator Hitchcock, Democrat, of Nebraska.

Polish interests are seeking to arrange long-time credits, which are imperative, the Polish envoy said.

Prince Labormiski has received advices that Great Britain and Poland have concluded an arrangement under which Poland is to have a year's time to pay for substantial purchases of Australian wool.

INDIANA HUMORIST LAUDED

Says His Farmhand Thought Dinner Given Because He Didn't Go Into the "Movies."

Speaking last night at a dinner in honor of George Ade at the Lotos Club, Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, made a plea for clean and "patriotic politics." He advocated repeal of "taxes that are killing the initiative of the country" and declared that President-elect Harding would see to it that the Government received an efficient business administration.

Other speakers at the dinner included Chester S. Lord, President of the club; F. P. Adams, John Palmer Gavit, Julian Street and Melville E. Stone, and except for the few serious remarks of Mr. Hays, who appealed to the "aristocracy of intellect," which he said had assembled before him, the addresses were addressed to Mr. Ade and were eulogistic of his work as an author.

After Mr. Hays had declared that George Ade could be elected Governor of Indiana "if he but spoke the word," and that he probably was the most popular man in his native State, Mr. Hays said:

"I am about to ride my favorite hobby for a moment. I say to you that we need more men in politics for what they can give rather than for what they can get. We need a patriotism in peace as we had a patriotism in war—a patriotism in politics, in the Government of this country, as we had when the drums were beating.

"The new Administration must seek to adjust the differences of capital and labor, not forgetting at the same time that all-important third party, the public. Your next President will see that these things are brought about and you may depend on him for it. There are dark days ahead, and the manhood and womanhood of this country must keep moving on for higher and better things."

In the course of his response to the members of the club, Mr. Ade said:

"Perhaps you have heard of Will Hays. He is the ninety-pound Hoosier heavyweight. You may not know that during the war Will Hays and I kept the Germans out of Indiana. In fact, it may not be generally known in New York that Indiana was involved in the war at all."

When he received the invitation of the club Mr. Ade said that with mingled emotions he asked Charles W. Price, secretary of the club, what he should talk about.

"I inquired of Mr. Price and he told me not to say too much about my war record or the club might withdraw the invitation. He said the war stuff was cold.

"It occurred to me that possibly the members of the Lotos Club had cultivated their memories by the new magazine methods so that they could remember away back to the time when I was a playwright. A man who works for me on the farm said he thought they were giving me a dinner because I had never gone into moving pictures."

mittee of the Real Estate Board of New York.

"No better reason could be given, so far as their voting power is concerned," a statement by the committee said, "than their action at last Friday's meeting of the Board of Estimate.

"In spite of the protest of the Controller and his statement that there are $26,000,000 of unpaid assessments on the books of the city, they persisted in successfully urging passage of resolutions providing for millions of dollars of appropriations for assessment improvements. They did this knowing that cement is $4.50 a barrel and common labor $9 a day."

The statement quoted the Controller's financial report which showed that in addition to the unpaid assessments of $26,000,000, there was owing to the city $24,048,147 in unpaid taxes on real estate, $8,424,500 in unpaid special franchise taxes and $2,872,019 in unpaid corporation real estate taxes, a total of $61,494,819.

The committee said that it had prepared a plan to reorganize the City Government, details of which will be distributed among civic and taxpayer organizations, and a meeting called in January to suggest a program for presentation to the Governor and the Legislature.

COLD WAVE IN FRANCE.

11 Degrees Above Zero at Strasbourg—Marseilles and Nice Suffer.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—France is suffering from an unusually severe cold wave, thermometers at Strasbourg showing 11 degrees above zero Fahrenheit, while Belfort, Bordeaux and Marseilles report temperatures almost as low. Several canals in the Midi district have been frozen over, and snow has caused considerable damage in the region of Nice. In this city the cold has been severe for several days.

CAMINETTI LEAVES WARSAW.

Immigration Commissioner Will Visit Prague and Jugoslavia.

WARSAW, Dec. 17 (Associated Press).—Anthony Caminetti, American Commissioner General of Immigration, who has been here for several days inspecting conditions affecting the tide of emigration to America, left Warsaw this afternoon with his staff. He will go to Prague and from that city will proceed to Jugoslavia.

ENGLISH OIL NOTE READY.

Reply to Colby's Protest Will Be Delivered in a Few Days.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Great Britain's reply to the recent American note protesting against the Anglo-French oil agreement will be delivered in a few days, the British Embassy has informed the State Department. Unofficially officers of the department have been informed that every contention contained in the note prepared by Secretary Colby has been answered.

VALIDITY IS QUESTIONED

Charge of Profiteering in New Zealand Lamb Is Called Unfair —Decision Reserved.

Argument was heard yesterday by Federal Judge A. N. Hand on the demurrer to the indictment of Armour & Co., J. Ogden Armour, its President, and other officials of the company, accused of violating the Lever act by profiteering in New Zealand lamb.

Charles E. Hughes, for the defendants, challenged the constitutionality of the act and the validity of the indictment. The act, he said, makes an arbitrary classification, and is discriminatory and, therefore, invalid under the Constitution.

He also contended that enforcement of the act is difficult because it neither creates, defines nor suggests a standard. Because of this lack, he said, excessive prices must be taken to mean some standard set up by law.

Mr. Hughes said that in considering what is an unjust or unreasonable rate or charge, reference might be made to the question of profit which was discussed at the time of the war. At that time regulations allowed packers doing a large business a profit of 9 per cent. on their investments or a profit of 3½ per cent. on the gross sales for the year, provided there was no discrimination or unfair practices in relation to competitors.

Each one of the counts in the indictment sets forth a particular sale and Mr. Hughes said it was necessary for the Government to show the standard which it is alleged was violated, because it was not fair to take the profit made on a certain sale and declare it to be unreasonable and unfair. No man, he said, could run his business on the profit of a single sale. A fair profit, he contended, is the normal profit made prior to July, 1914, in a free and competitive market.

Lester S. Kafer, representing the Government, told the court that the indictment was properly drawn and should be allowed to stand. He said that the question involved as to the reasonableness of the price charged by the defendants for the lamb was one for a jury to decide.

In reserving decision Judge Hand said that he might delay deciding the issue until after the decision of the United States Supreme Court has been given in the cases of Weed vs. Lawler and nine other cases, all of which challenge the constitutionality of the law. Argument on these cases was heard on Aug. 15 and a decision is expected within a fortnight. If it is delayed longer and a demand is made for Judge Hand to decide the Armour case he probably will do so.

The defendants were indicted on Oct. 20. It is charged that Armour & Co. sold New Zealand lamb in this city and surrounding territory for prices varying from 23 to 35 cents a pound and that the lamb, including dressing, shipping and overhead charges, cost the corporation only 18.46 cents a pound.

Jersey Supreme Court, is a charge to the Grand Jury about two months ago, gave a sensational opinion.

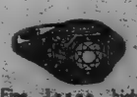
Prohibition Agents Armstrong and Cosgrove Friday night raided a "candy

gency address: Thomas Kelly (brother), Butte, Mon.; and John W. Briggs, Staff Sergeant, Quartermaster Corps, died Dec. 12. Home address, 311 Sherman Avenue, Albany, N. Y., where his mother, Mrs. L. B. Briggs, lives.

ceived no application from Rayness-Denegri; that the men were not to be executed during his term, but that the matter would be turned over to Governor-elect Miller.

Lambert Brothers

MAKERS OF FINE JEWELRY



Fine large high grade diamond, 20 smaller cut diamonds in all platinum ring....$565.00



Platinum bar pin, 23 diamonds.....$420.00



14-karat green gold signet ring, conventional design, with 2 raised fancy block letters $25.00

Kris Kringle's Last Jingle

OLD KRIS KRINGLE jingles his merry little bells and announces that this is his last invitation to Sunday Times readers to make their selections of *Christmas presents that last* at the House of Lambert, for half a century the Mecca of all that is best in precious stones and gold and platinum jewelry at the lowest prices.

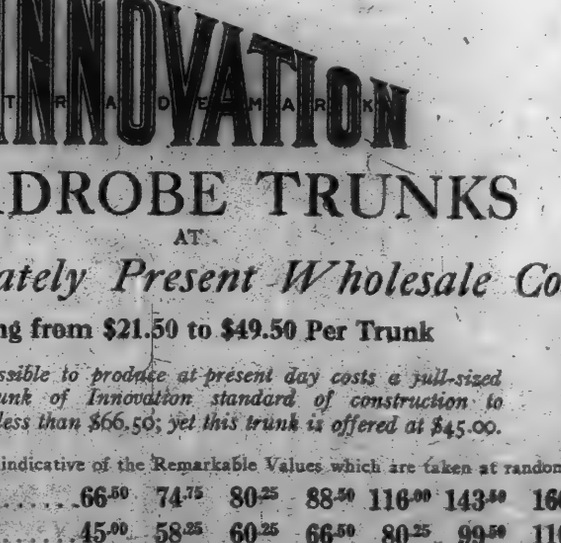
The Lambert store will remain open every evening until ten o'clock up to and including Christmas Eve, for the accommodation of those customers whose Christmas shopping has been delayed.

Some Lambert Christmas Offerings

DIAMOND ENGAGEMENT RINGS



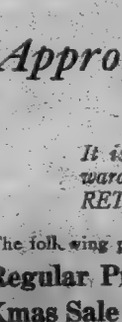
Green gold invallere, platinum faced; fine diamond, $65. Platinum neck chain, $16.50



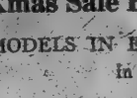
$100 $250 $450 $1000 $675 $350 $200
Others from $25 to $3,500



14-karat gold ring with sapphire and 2 diamonds set in platinum $110



Grotesque 14-karat gold ring, rose finish, lion design, ruby doublet eye, one diamond with 2 raised Japanese letters....$32.50

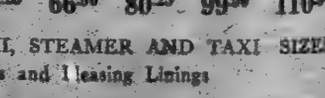


3 diamonds with black enamel border set in platinum ring..$560

Map's extra heavy 14-karat gold open face case, newest model, 15 jewelled Waltham movement.....$75.00

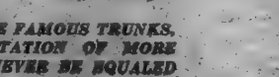
Other Walthams in 14-karat gold cases, $40.00 up. Same style in gold-filled case with 7 jewelled Waltham movement, $23.00; others $18.50 up. Men's 14-karat gold Waldemar chains, $12.00 up; 14-karat vest chains, $23.00 up.

14-karat green gold Wrist Watch, with beautiful chasing; serviceable works; 14-karat gold extension bracelet and steel springs.$75.00



14-karat green gold Wrist Watch, round, polished, accurate Swiss timekeeper, mounted on ribbon bracelet with 14-karat gold snap, $45.00

Gold-filled Wrist Watches, mounted on ribbon, $21.00 up.



14-karat Green Gold Brooch, platinum top, engraved and pierced, 1 fine diamond....$50
Others from $25.00 to $250.00

Third Avenue Corner 58th Street

FOUNDED 1760 LONDON

Clearance Sale

Young Men's Suits and Overcoats

(sizes 33 to 40 chest measure)

that have been formerly priced up to $70

Sale Price

$39.50

All other sack suits, including our standard blue, and all other overcoats, including those made for us in London

Formerly priced from $75 to $110

Sale Prices

$49.50 and $59.50

"Prep" suits for young men from 14 to 18 years. Formerly up to $85. *Sale Prices* $34.50 and $49.50.

DE PINNA

Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

An Unprecedented Christmas Sale

INNOVATION

TRADE MARK

WARDROBE TRUNKS

AT

Approximately Present Wholesale Cost

Saving from $21.50 to $49.50 Per Trunk

It is not possible to produce at present day costs a full-sized wardrobe trunk of Innovation standard of construction to RETAIL at less than $66.50; yet this trunk is offered at $45.00.

The following prices are indicative of the Remarkable Values which are taken at random:

Regular Price	66.50	74.75	80.25	88.50	116.00	143.50	160.00
Xmas Sale Price	45.00	58.25	60.25	66.50	80.25	99.50	110.50

MODELS IN EXTRA DEEP, REGULAR, DEMI, STEAMER AND TAXI SIZES
in Corrugated or Flat Fibre Exteriors and Leasing Linings

HERE IS AN OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE THESE FAMOUS TRUNKS, WHICH ENJOY AN INTERNATIONAL REPUTATION OF MORE THAN 22 YEARS, AT PRICES WHICH MAY NEVER BE EQUALED

Sale Also Includes High Grade Leather Goods and Enamel Cases

Innovation Products Make Ideal Christmas Gifts

INNOVATION INGENUITIES INCORPORATED

329 FIFTH AVENUE AT 33rd STREET

ONLY FIVE MORE SHOPPING DAYS 'TIL CHRISTMAS

STORE OPEN: 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

HEARN

Fourteenth Street ESTABLISHED 1827 West of Fifth Avenue

BIGGER AND BETTER THAN EVER

FOLLOWING ON SALE BOTH MONDAY and TUESDAY

The December Bargains
The Number of Customers
The Quick Service
The Assortments
The Number of Co-workers
The Store Building

HERE MONEY GOES FAR

and both Customers and Co-workers happy because we are, and have been, Meeting the New Conditions with greater success than we ever thought possible.

This Week's "Sales" promise to be Bigger and Better than Ever

GIFT GLOVES

$2.00 Chamoisette Gloves, 12-Button...1.50
Beaver, sand and white.

$2.96 Women's Suede Gloves.....2.00
Fleece lined, gray and brown—faced with leather—Meyers' make.

$2.25 Women's Silk Gloves.....1.00
Cotton lined—2 clasp—contrasting embroidered backs—fleece lined—tan.

$7.96 Capeskin Gauntlets.....3.00
Spear and embroidered backs.

$4.46 Men's Washable Kid Gloves.....3.45
Spear backs—several shades of tan.

$1.68 Children's Kid Gloves.....1.10
Fleece lined—tan.

$6.50 Men's Mocha Gloves.....5.00
Genuine—gray and beaver.

USEFUL GIFTS

$10.97 Wool Mixed Blankets.....7.38
White with contrasting colored borders—single—three-quarter and full size.

$12.95 Handsome Comfortable Blankets.....9.96
Eiderdown finish—variety of color combinations, with center or border designs.

$7.95 Bath Robe Blankets.....5.96
Also Jacquard comfortable blankets—eiderdown finish—full size.

$2.27 Crib Blankets.....1.74
Jacquard pink or blue—eiderdown finish—stitched or silk bound.

54 ct. Domet Flannel.....28
30 inches wide—heavy fleecy nap.

50 ct. Domet Flannel.....24
Good quality, 36 inches wide.

47 ct. Bleached Canton Flannel.....36
25 inches wide.

$1.75 Silk Mixed Madras.....95
For smart tailored blouses, men's shirts, boys' blouses.

98 ct. to $1.37 Fine Dress Voiles.....72
Large and small floral effects on various colored grounds.

73 ct. Fancy Dress Voiles.....38
Light and dark colorings.

$1.15 Finest Imported Scotch Ginghams .95
Large and small checked patterns in plain and two-toned colorings in pink, lavendar, blue, red, green, tan.

SILVERWARE AND CUTLERY

75 ct. Pepper and Salt Shakers.....58
Sterling silver tops.

$9.95 Sterling Silver Pepper and Salt Shakers.....7.95
Graceful design—large size.

$5.95 Sheffield Plate Fruit Bowls.....4.25
Grape design border.

Full Assortments of
Rogers' 1847 and Community Plate

$18.50 Sterling Silver Candlesticks...15.95
Wreath design—10 inches high.
Eight inches high—were 16.50.....12.75

$9.95 Quadruple Plated Bread Trays...7.50
Well-known make—pierced design and handles.

$9.95 Three-Piece Coffee Set with Tray 7.45
Wreath design—Rogers make.

75 ct. Imported Steel Pocket Knives.....50
2 blades—pearl and stag handles—each in box—an opportunity for teachers to buy remembrances.

$1.68 Imported Steel Pocket Knives....1.00
Pearl and stag handles—three blades—in boxes.

$2.25 Boy Scout Knives.....1.85
Stag handles—in holly boxes.

$1.97 Pearl Handle Sets for Children..1.50
Sterling silver ferrule—knife, fork and spoon.

$12.47 Three-Piece Carving Sets—Special.....8.97
G. Wostenholm Sheffield steel—stag handles—in lined case.

$9.00 Steel Knives and Forks.....7.50
Well-known make—celluloid handles—set of six knives and six forks.

Finer Steel Knives and Forks to.....14.97

$1.07 and $1.37 Pearl Handled Serving Pieces.....87
Sterling silver ferrule—pie servers, cold meat forks, gravy ladles and berry spoons.

Full Assortment of
Gillette, Gem, Ever-Ready Razor Blades
Razor Straps.....75 to 3.00
Rubberset Shaving Brushes.....68 to 3.00

GIFTS FOR BABY

$5.97 Satin Carriage Quilts.....3.94
Beautifully embroidered.

$1.50 Infants' Crepe de Chine Moccasins—pink and blue.....97
Daintily embroidered.

$7.97 Little Tots' Fine Sweater Coats...5.84
Good range of season's best shades—sizes 2 to 6 years.

Babies' Four-Piece Toilet Sets...3.97 & 4.97
Hand decorated—pink and blue.
Finer sets to $8.97.
Good range of colors and white.

$5.97 Little Tots' Blanket Cloth Bathrobes.....4.74
Beautifully trimmed with satin ribbon—an exceptional assortment of colors—sizes 2 to 6 years.

$1.97 (Special Purchase) *Little Tots' Dresses*...1.24
Gingham and chambray—sizes to 6 years.

$3.97 Little Tots' Fine White Dresses..2.95
Yoke, empire and belted models—sizes to 6 years.

$3.97 Baby Boys' Dresses and Suits.....2.95
Repp, pique and linelle—Oliver Twist, middy and belted styles—sizes to 4 years.

GIFTS FOR CHILDREN

$1.38 Children's Dr. Denton Sleeping Garments.....1.00
With feet—sizes 1 and 2 years.
3 to 5 years, were $1.58.....$1.18

$1.38 Children's Flannelette Petticoats..96
With waist—scalloped ruffle—6 to 12 years.

$1.96 Children's Flannelette Nightdresses.....1.17
Good quality—double yoke—1 to 14 years.

$1.28 Misses' Fine Nainsook and Cambric Drawers.....68
Trimmed with lace and embroidery—1 to 16 years.

$3.96 Misses' Princess Slips.....1.96
Yoke and skirt daintily trimmed with fancy lace—6 to 16 years.

$3.96 Misses' Billiebirke Pajamas.....1.96
Pink or white crepe—6 to 16 years.

GIFT HOSIERY AND UMBRELLAS

$2.50 Girls', Boys' and Men's Golf Hose...95
All-wool heather mixtures—sizes 9½ to 12.

Men's Imported Wool Hose.....*Special* .95
Fancy heather mixtures—brown, green and dark red ribbed.
Other Imported Wool Hose for Men up to 1.85

Children's Mercerized Hose.....*Special* .42
Fine quality—reinforced heel, sole and toe—black, cordovan and white.

$2.85 Women's Wool Sport Hose.....2.50
Fancy heather mixtures in green and brown.

$2.97 Women's Silk Hose.....2.14
Extra size—full-fashioned.

$6.37 Women's Silk Lace Hose.....4.24
Various designs in cordovan, navy and black.

$1.37 Women's Silk Hose.....88
Mock seam—excellent quality.

$4.57 Glove Silk Vests.....3.38
Daintily embroidered—white and flesh.

$4.87 & $5.47 Glove Silk Bloomers.....3.92
Well reinforced—white and flesh.

$5.07 Gloria Umbrellas.....4.50
Various styles for men and women.
Others that were $7.27.....6.50

$11.67 Silk Umbrellas.....9.50
Smart handles, for men and women.

GIFTS FOR HIM

Men's Fine Silk Shirts.....5.73
Tax 27c extra.
Large, attractive variety of satin stripes.

Men's Shirts.....1.88
Repp, madras and other desirable fabrics.

$2.65 Men's Starch Cuff Shirts.....1.88
Various colored stripes on white.

Men's Suspenders.....85
Also leather belts—plain or initialed.

Men's Bathrobes.....5.95
Jacquard pattern, in blue, gray and brown colorings.

$9.95 Men's Smoking Jackets.....7.50

Men's Fine Neckwear.....85
Silks, satins, etc.—splendid variety.

MORNING SPECIALS—Monday and Tuesday Until 1 P. M.

To prevent dealers buying, quantities restricted. No Mail or Telephone Orders.

$58.50 Seamless Axminster Rugs.39.66
Size 9x12 ft.—deep pile, in rich Oriental and small designs, on rose, blue and tan grounds.
RUGS—THIRD FLOOR.

$9.74 and $11.94 Boys' Overcoats.6.75
2½ to 9 years—navy or brown cheviot overcoatings—full belted, buttoned to neck model.
BOYS' CLOTHING—THIRD FLOOR.

$1.95 and $2.94 Boys' Trousers—4 to 17 years.....1.57
Fancy cheviots, corduroy and serge.
BOYS' CLOTHING—THIRD FLOOR.

$1.97 Little Tots' Tub Dresses...1.00
Plain and fancy gingham and chambray—in Empire and belted styles—sizes to 6 yrs.
INFANT'S WEAR—SECOND FLOOR.

$2.58 French Serges.....1.54
All wool—40 and 42 inches wide—colors are brown, garnet, navy and black.
DRESS GOODS—MAIN FLOOR.

$1.95 Dress Satins, 35-in......1.48
Fine close face—desirable light and dark colors—including black.
SILKS—MAIN FLOOR.

$1.00 White Madras.....83
32 in. wide—figured and striped effects—for men's shirts and boys' blouses.
WHITE GOODS—MAIN FLOOR.

34 ct. Huck Towels.....22
Soft finished bleached cotton—hemmed white damask borders.
TOWELS—MAIN FLOOR.

$6.95 Linen Table Cloths.....4.44
70x70 inches—bleached linen damask weft.
8x72 22-in. Napkins to match, 5.75
TABLE LINENS—MAIN FLOOR.

54 ct. All Linen Toweling.....31
17 ins. wide, firm weave, red bordered.
TOWELING—MAIN FLOOR.

$1.87 Women's Underwear.....1.37
Part wool—vests and drawers in various styles—extra sizes—were $2.07.....1.47
KNIT UNDERWEAR—MAIN FLOOR.

$1.17 Girls' Union Suits.....97
Well made cotton fleece garments—high neck—long sleeves—ankle length.
KNIT UNDERWEAR—MAIN FLOOR.

38 ct. Men's Socks.....27
Fine mercerized cotton—double heel and toe—colors are navy, cordovan, smoke and black.
HOSIERY—MAIN FLOOR.

27 ct. 32-in. Outing Flannel.....13
Blue and white and pink and white stripes.
WASH FABRICS—BASEMENT.

79 ct. Sheetings.....46
2 yards wide—soft finish.
SHEETINGS—BASEMENT.

$6.49 Full Size Spreads.....4.47
Satin finish—Marseilles designs, lovely patterns.
SPREADS—BASEMENT.

$4.12 Silkoline Comfortables.....3.17
Flowered silkoline, with plain border—full size—cotton filled.
COMFORTABLES—BASEMENT.

$3.75 Scrim and Voile Curtains...2.44
Fine quality—hemstitched edge—white or Arabian tint.
CURTAINS—BASEMENT.

48 ct. New Scrim Curtaining.....27
Yard wide—dainty borders—artistic designs and colorings.
CURTAINING—BASEMENT.

$8.95 Men's Cardigan Jackets....7.50
Excellent quality worsted—fast black—all sizes up to 50.
MEN'S WEAR—MAIN FLOOR.

$5.00 Men's Silk Fibre Shirts...3.50
Various colored styles on light and dark grounds.
MEN'S WEAR—MAIN FLOOR.

$5.95 & $6.95 Beacon Cloth Bath Robes.....4.58
For children and misses, light and dark colorings—Satin trimmed sailor collar, finished with silk girdle, 6 to 16 yrs.
CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR—SECOND FLOOR.

Special Values in

OVERCOATS

Ulsters, Ulsterettes and Conservative Styles

About 81 Coats in All of Finest Quality $60.00, $65.00 and $70.00 Values

48.50

Remember, Only 81 of These,

—ALSO—

150 OVERCOATS

Priced to Clear at 20.00

Majority of these coats were purchased from a Fifth Avenue concern and are samples or surplus stock. They are of high class, medium weight models in sizes 35 to 38

Georgette Dresses

Were $49.75 **39.75**

Charming dresses of georgette, made on straight lines and ornamented with an iridescent leaf pattern of bugle beads which trails its graceful wave over waist and skirt. Are becoming and suitable for smart afternoon and informal evening affairs. Models are in cocoa, pearl grey, navy blue and white.

Other Georgette Dresses to **110.00**

Chiffon Velvet Dresses for Afternoon or Evening

Were $59.75 & $64.75 **47.50**

Two models come at this value. One for evening wear has spangled shoulder straps and draped side panniers. It may be had in black and French blue. The other style, for smart afternoon wear and semi-dress, comes in black and brown chiffon velvet and beautifully beaded with turquoise and garnet beads.

Other Evening Dresses in spangled, net and lace models to $8.50.

Just Arrived from France

Beautiful Spangled Tunics and Allovers

48 Inches Wide

It's a piece of good fortune that these spangled materials came in time to be fashioned into glittering evening gowns for the festivities of New Year's Eve. They are our own importation and exceptionally beautiful, sparkling with light and color, and reflecting the favored mode from Paris.

Spangled Allover Tunics—figured design—black, with blue, pink, green or opalescent combinations, special.....each 29.50

Spangled Allovers—blue and opalescent stripes, yd., special..29.50

Spangled Allovers—black with opalescent or pink stripes, special, yd.....32.50

Black Spangled Allovers—special, yd.....33.50

Women's Warm Underwear *at Special Prices*

Women's Medium Weight Underwear—vests, various styles—knee and ankle length—drawers and tights—well-known brand—regular sizes were $1.61....1.34
extra sizes were $1.81....1.45

Women's Fine Cotton Union Suits—medium weight—low neck—sleeveless—knee or ankle length—regular sizes were $2.87....2.37
extra sizes were $3.37....2.87

Women's Part Wool Black Tights—open or closed models—knee or ankle length—regular sizes were $2.57....1.97
extra sizes were $2.87....2.27

Also another—value of the same model—regular sizes were $3.77....2.97
extra sizes were $4.27....3.37

A Unique Rug Size Much in Demand

9x10.6 Ft. (3x3½ Yards)

Value $118.00.....104.00

In this popular but hard-to-obtain size we have a splendid stock of **Figured Wilton Rugs in richest Chinese, Persian and other Oriental designs and in most artistic combinations of rose, blue and antique ivory.**

Axminster Rugs—
9x12 ft.; value $52.00.....41.97
Small well covered designs in all desirable colorings.

Seamless Brussels and Velvet Rugs—
9x12 ft.—values $45.00 and $49.50.....36.44
Persian and floral effects in a large selection of patterns and colorings.

Finest Grade Seamless Axminster Rugs
9x12 ft.....Special value 67.00
Splendid specimens from several leading manufacturers. Choicest of styles and colorings.

Reversible Chenille Rugs—Seamless—
9x12 ft.—value $87.50.....67.00
Extra heavy grade, in a unique assortment of figured and plain designs in rose, blue and green colorings.

Extra Large Size Rugs

11.3x12 ft. Axminster Rugs—val. $98.50.....81.44
9x15 ft. Wilton Rugs—val. $148.50.....127.50
11.3x12 ft. Velvet Rugs—val. $89.50.....69.50
11.3x12 ft. Axminster Rugs—val. $87.50.....69.50

Small Scatter Rugs

36x72 in. Axminsters—were $12.97.....10.34
36x63 in. Fringed Wiltons.....17.97 to 28.50
Axminster and Velvet Rugs—were $5.97 & $6.97 3.97
27x54 Wilton Rugs—11.97 to 17.94

Combination Vacuum Brush Sweepers
Best quality—metal body and mechanical parts—durable and inexpensive—will make a splendid gift—value $8.97.....6.97

$28,475 TOTAL AID FOR 100 NEEDIEST

Fund at End of First Week Falls $25,576 Short of That of Last Year.

SMALL GIFTS STILL GAIN

Two Hundred Worthy Cases Were Cared For in 1919 Through The Times Appeal.

OLD AND AFFLICTED HELP

Little Children and Those Who Have Felt Distress Also Contribute—Continuous Relief Needed.

The Hundred Neediest Cases received $4,717.46 yesterday, bringing the total for the first week since the appeal was published to $28,475.09. In the first week after the appeal last year the Hundred Neediest Cases received $54,061.93. Yesterday's total of $4,717.46 compares with $3,439.78 on the same day last year.

Small gifts were again on the increase yesterday. A flood of small gifts on the remaining days before Christmas may yet make the total an unexpectedly big one. One of yesterday's contributions came with this letter:

Dec. 17, 1920.

Sirs:

Enclosed find $1.50 sent by me. I am sending it to the poor little babies so that they may have some nice Xmas too. I am only a little boy four years old, so my Nannie is writing this for me. A merry Xmas to all people.

JUNIOR SIMON.

The Hundred Neediest Cases and more than 100 additional cases were provided for last year. Two hundred or more cases were relieved in 1918 and in several years preceding. Thousands of others were indirectly benefited in those years. The charitable organizations, which have been heavily brudened by rising costs and the multitude of appeals, were able to help the more unfortunate and to help them morre liberally because 200 or more of the extreme cases of affliction were cared for by the fund for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

Times Stories Recite Despair.

The appeal for the Hundred Neediest Cases is carried on solely by the publication of the stories, showing the variety of ways in which good industrious families have suddenly been overwhelmed and showing exactly what each contribution will do to take away despair, relieve sickness and anguish and help a family to make a new start in life.

The response in contributions depends entirely on the extent to which these stories awaken the sympathy of the reader. There is no other solicitation and none of the usual "drive" methods is used in connection with the appeal. The spur and stimulation which make the contributor translate his good impulse into a deed by writing a check and sending it have to come entirely from within himself.

Where the good impulse is translated into fact, it becomes the finest of Christmas gifts, the gift which helps a mother to have her own children about her and to bring them up decently herself, which enables brothers and sisters to have one another to play with and their own mother to love them; which helps others to have a good father come back to them with recovered health.

Where the good impulse dies, the contribution that is lost and other contributions that are lost in the same way combine negatively to produce the opposite results, insuring that some of the families will suffer the dreaded fate of being separated, that some sick and helpless father, mother or child shall be stinted, or that some child shall start life badly handicapped. One has heard a cry of distress, has felt a glow of sympathy, has let it fade away and has passed on.

The following is one of yesterday's letters:

Dec. 17.

Dear Sirs:

Today is Richard's sixteenth birthday, and a week ago he died suddenly in his pleasant happy home; an only son, a high school student, looking forward to an active, helpful life. I send his birthday present to "Carl, aged 16"—to help him in his need. I am 84 and growing blind, after a busy life, full of blessings. I send $5 to the blind mother with the 15-year-old crippled son, with a Christmas greeting. I have doubled my mite this year and hope others will do the same.

One Growing Blind.

The Hundred Neediest Cases have received hundreds of dollars this year and thousands in the past from collections taken at schools, from the "kitty" and from winnings at card clubs, from groups of employes and various other organizations. One gift of $23 came yesterday from "Employes of the British-American Tobacco Company, Ltd.," with a letter saying:

"Enclosed find check for $23, realized from raffle of a home-made apple pie and a home-made chocolate cake by the employes of this company."

Appeal Moves Many Readers.

The following are from other letters from contributors:

Lola M. B. Green—"Herewith please find enclosed check for $25, which the young women of the filing room of the legal department of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company wish to be used for Case No. 32."

Anonymous—"From a small boy whose had a little luck to make Christmas happier for some fellow whose out of it."

H. R. Johnson—"I am sending you a check for $10 and hope you may succeed in raising as large if not a larger amount than last year."

Mrs. Henrietta Howard, Charlottesville, Va.—"Enclosed find check for $5. Please apply it to Case 71, or if this poor little boy doesn't need it give it somewhere else. I wish it could be more."

C. H. MacDougall—"In behalf of Baby Nancy, please accept the enclosed check for $10 and would ask, if possible, to apply same to one of the cases wherein a little girl is helped to a merrier Christmas."

Maud A. Shoemaker—"Enclosed please find small check to be used as deemed best for any of the Hundred Neediest Cases, with a prayer in my heart that enough to enable you to care for a second hundred."

"Leigh"—"Enclosed please find $5 for your fund for the neediest. It is only a drop in the bucket, but I cannot afford any more."

Anonymous, Freeport, L. I.—"Enclosed please find check for $20 for the Hundred Neediest Cases. I would like it to go for Case 53, if not already provided for, but in case it has, please use it for any of other cases which have not been so fortunate. They all seem worthy and I sincerely hope they will all be amply provided for.

"In Memory of C. W. R."—"Enclosed pleased find $2 for the little old lady, Case 83. I wish it was more."

Happy Hour Club Aids.

The Happy Hour Club—"The Happy Hour Club begs to contribute the enclosed check for $16 toward THE NEW YORK TIMES Fund for the Hundred Neediest Cases."

A. F. Mack—"I enclose check for $50 for the Hundred Neediest Cases. I would like to have this money apply for aged people in distress."

Lagerlof Trading Co., Inc.—"You have a drive to collect money to distribute among the Hundred Neediest Cases in New York City for Christmas. To further your good work this company is enclosing its check for $100. Good luck."

Nell Duncan—"Kindly accept this small contribution in memory of Lieutenant Caradoc Prinsep, Royal British Navy, lost at sea October, 1918. Please let it apply to the case of some one who has experienced that sense of hopelessness and futility and who may be spared the further ache of actually losing those they love. Thank you for this opportunity of doing a little good."

"Another Old Lady"—"A small contribution for the Little Old Lady."

"A Friend"—"Enclosed find $2 toward your very worthy cause in helping the poor."

When more than enough money has been received for a given family, or more than enough for all in the first 100 for whom the appeal is made, the further contributions have been used for others in a plight not less desperate. Where specific instructions are given by a contributor, of course his wishes are followed. Sometimes a family needs more than the amount estimated and sometimes less, as it has bad luck or good after the appeal is made. This is explained as follows in the report of the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities on the use of its share of the fund for the Hundred Neediest Cases in 1919:

"A detailed examination of the amounts of money we have spent on our families appealed for last Christmas in THE TIMES shows that in some cases we have not had to send nearly as much as we estimated, while in others the amount has been greater.

"This is accounted for by the human factor which prevails in all such cases. One widow, for example, who was in great need when we appealed was married a few months later, and the financial worries of herself and family ended. Such cases as this, and others where needy families may move out of the city, and even out of the country, to join relatives who are willing to help them, are things that no organization can foresee at the time of the appeal."

Shows Constructive Use of Gifts.

The constructive use to which gifts for the Hundred Neediest Cases are put is described as follows by Bailey B. Burritt, Director General of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:

"With other organizations, the A. I. C. P. has undertaken to see that families in New York who have met with the misfortune of loss of the breadwinner through death and sickness shall have that simple and fundamental opportunity without which democracy means little—the opportunity to live a family life.

"It has labored to demonstrate to the public that this involves adequate relief; that a scanty and penurious relief of a family, that makes it merely possible for it to eke out a drab existence, is not intelligent relief; that this relief must not only be adequate in amount, but regular in its provisions; that it is as important for the family to have the assurance that goes with the assurance of definite provision at definitely stated times, as for any other families to have an adequate and regular income; that attention to the problems of the physical condition and health of the children in those families is of even greater importance than in normal families—this because they have already endured so much before they have become wholly dependent that it has frequently resulted in undernourished children. Children whose resistance has thus been reduced become victims of tuberculosis and other chronic diseases that have their origin in privation.

"The Hundred Neediest Cases has been, as it were, a sounding-board in which these facts have been proclaimed. It has been the means of pointing out that the relief of the neediest families is something more than Christmas dinners; that it has a deeper significance than spasmodic giving, however useful that may be. To make life worth while in such families is a problem calling for long-continued and persistent effort, requiring an intimate knowledge of family life and in intimate and sympathetic acquaintance with the members of the family, and a constructive plan for securing the best human results."

Several typical cases from the Hundred Neediest are reprinted on another page in today's paper.

No one is authorized to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State pension laws.

Contributions are deductible from income tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessaries, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.

Checks may be drawn to the order of THE NEW YORK TIMES or to the order of the Hundred Neediest Cases.

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO FUND FOR NEEDIEST

Contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases yesterday amounted to $4,717.46, making a total of $28,475.09 for the first week of the appeal. The contributions were received as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES	$3,418.96
Charity Organization Society	504.50
Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	370.00
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities	219.00
State Charities Aid Association	205.00
Total	$4,717.46
Previously acknowledged	23,757.63
Total	$28,475.09

Contributions received direct by THE NEW YORK TIMES:

Almond, E. H.	$10	F. L. B.	100
Alsberg, Mrs. W.	25	Fletcher, John	5
Anonymous	50	Fool, O. J. A.	10
Anonymous	2.40	F. R. C.	5
Anonymous	20	Friend	2
Anonymous	5	Friend	100
Anonymous	10	Friend	2
Anonymous	2	Friend	1
Anonymous	10	Friend	2
Anonymous	70	Friend, Mrs. W.	1
Anonymous	250	Fullager, J. K.	10
Anonymous	1	R. J. Gauley	5
Anonymous	10	Gude, F. M.	5
Anonymous	1	H., Jane J.	10
Another old lady	1.06	Hahn, Mrs. A. W.	10
A. O. E.	1	Hano, Alfred Jr.	2
Appreciative reader	2	Happy Hour Club	16
Arnheim, A. A.	25	H. C.	5
Ashburn, Julia	2	Hendricks, Evelyn M.	5
Austin, F. D.	5	H. G. N.	10
Baby Nancy	10	Hood, J. K.	25
Bates, K. C.	5	Howard, Mrs. H.	5
Beers, Isaac	20	H. R. S.	1
Benedikt, Fannie	1	Huxley, E. H.	25
Bentley, John B.	10	In Memory A. J. G.	5
Blain, I.	10	In Memory C.W.R.	2
Box 12 F. Hotel Alexandria	2	In Memory Lieut. C. Prinsep	1
Buechner, Louise	5	In Memory M. B. F.	5
Burchard, L. S.	1	Inslee, H. C.	10
Burnett, W.	10	Isaacson, C. W.	10
B. W. S.	3	Ittleson, Henry	25
Cadmut, Elinor F.	10	Jaeger, L. & Son	2
Chambers, R. S.	5	J. C.	1
Coffin, Alice F.	5	Jeffries, W. W.	5
Coleman, L. B.	2	Jennings, Mrs. P. R.	10
Costello, J. G.	100	J. K. V.	5
Crane, J. Irving	10	Johns, W. H.	10
Crawford, Edith F.	5	Joyner, M. W.	10
Cumisky, Elizabeth W.	5	Johnson, H. R.	10
Cunningham, Miss Abby	6	J. W. S.	1
C. W. H.	5	Kane, Ruth S.	10
De Coppet, W. H.	20	Kelliher, N. E.	5
Dodson, Martha E.	10	Kramlich, E. F.	5
Eichenberg, J.	25	Lagerleaf Trad. Co.	100
E. K.	20	Langsdorf, H. R.	5
Employes of Brit. Am. Tobacco Co.	23	Lee, Carolina	150
Etten, Mrs. K.	5	Leigh	5
F. A. C.	10	Liebman, Mrs. A.	25
F. H. M.	500	Livingston, G. R.	2
Flies, F. A.	25	L. and R. P.	25
Fisher, Mrs. C. H.	5	Lucas, Sam	10
		L. T. W.	25
		Maas, L.	10
		Mandel, H.	10
		Marks, Leo J.	100
		McClaughan, Hugh	5
		McElroy, V. B.	25
		Meager, F. K.	10
		Meyer, Mrs. I. H.	10
		Miles, S. A.	100
		Miller, D. F.	5
		Miller, O. S.	50
		M. L. S.	5
		M. M. F.	5
		Morse, Mrs. W. D.	10
		Moshkoff, O. V.	15
		No Name	100
		No Name	2
		No Name	2
		No Name	1
		Novak, Capt. and Mrs. M. F.	5
		Noyils, K.	5
		Olmstead, H. R.	10
		One Who Loves Children	1
		P. B. P.	5
		Pels, Mrs. J.	5
		Phillips, H. I.	10
		Pierson, M. Heron	5
		Polack, A. M.	50
		Pontecorvo, G.	5
		Post, M. L.	5
		Preston, Mrs. F. F.	5
		Cleveland	25
		Proudfoot, J. A.	10
		Quaid, William	10
		Roberts, Mrs.	2.50
		Rushmore, G.	10
		Russell, J. W.	50
		Russomanno, G.	2
		Samuels, Sam	10
		Sanborn, E. C.	5
		Schey, Ira M.	5
		Selligman, R. S.	10
		S. H. F.	10
		Shoemaker, M.	10
		Shull, George E.	10
		Smith, Miss A. W.	5
		Southworth, M. T.	5
		Stanton, Lillian E.	5
		Sternberger, Eunice F.	10
		Stern, J. P.	5
		Stewart, E. J.	2
		Strauss, Charles & John	50
		Strocck,	100
		Strocck, Pauline S.	100
		Swinger, Eva and Doris	2
		Trottel, Mrs. T. V. A.	4
		Trumble, A. R.	2
		Untermeyer, W.	15
		Van Buren, I. B.	2
		Vandeputta, Mrs. P.	5
		Vaudegnft, E. L.	5
		Waldridge, R. R.	25
		Walton, Mrs. H.	5
		Warfield, Peter	50
		Watkins, A.	10
		Wertheimer, Mabel	2
		Wheeler, Alice M.	5
		Whitehouse, E. A., Mfg. Co.	5
		Wilber, Eleanor A.	25
		Wilson, Captain	5
		Wilson, S.	2
		Wood, K. H.	2
		Young woman of filing and legal depts. of Amer. Tel. & Tel. Co.	25

Contributions received through the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:

A friend	$5	Jackson, R. V. W.	$10
Anonymous	25	Kobbe, M. W.	5
A thoughtful friend	5	Kruskal, Mrs. E.	20
Barlow, Mrs. F. C.	100	Liddell, Miss O. C.	5
Billy and Gerry	10	Miss A. M. H.	10
Blake, Miss Alice	5	Moore, Mrs. C. de R.	5
Blake, Miss C.	2.50	Morgan, Gene	2
Cash	25	Morgan, Ruth	2
De Loffre, Col. and Mrs. S. M.	5	Pough, H. H.	5
"English"	3	Post, Miss E. M.	15
Flatauer, Ethel	2	Pugh, W. J.	10
Flatauer, Helen	2	Rogge, Mrs. R.	10
Flatauer, Jane	2	Thompson, Miss M. B.	15
From one growing blind	10	Wells, Mrs. U.	5
G. D. D.	5	Williams, Mrs. J.	2
Hoyt, Mrs. Allen	12.50	Yankauer, Doris	2
Hughes, George	25	Total	$370
In memory of A. Yankauer	3		

Contributions received through the Charity Organization Society:

Anonymous	25	Ink, Katherine	10
Avery, Mrs. B. G.	5	Joyne, Mr. and Mrs. D. W.	50
Baird, Mrs. Julia	1	L. H.	84
Brown, Mrs. S. J.	2	Nondes, Jose F.	10
Burton, Miss A. D.	5	Simon, Junior	1.50
Condit, Miss C. M.	100	Schreitmiller, Mrs. M.	10
Crawford, E. B.	10	Sackett, C. A.	50
Curtis, Miss E. G.	15	Stewart, Dorothy	10
Dana, Mrs. R. K.	15	Waller, Dr. N. B.	5
Franklin, Dr. W.	10	Webb, E. G.	20
G. B. J.	100	Wilcox, Mrs. P.	10
Hickman, Miss F.	1	Total	$504.50
Holt, Sarah A.	5		
Holmes, Mrs. K.	20		
H. H. D.	10		

Contributions received through the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:

Allen, Harriet W.	$5	Jardsire, Gertrude V.	$5
Anonymous	5	Lucas, W. A.	10
Bailey, Jessie C.	5	McElheny, V. K.	10
Baird, Mrs. Julia	1	Pearce, Gussie M.	1
Bruen, Charles C.	5	Post, Miss E. M.	15
Carter, Z. B.	5	Pugh, W. J.	30
Faith	5	Smith, Katherine H.	100
Ginzburg, Mathilde	5	Turpin, R. E.	2
Heidke, Mary E.	5	Total	$219
James, Misses E. M. and A. F.	5		

Contributions received through the State Charities Aid Association:

Balch, Mrs. A. M. C. M. S.	10 5	Morse, Mrs. Mary C.	5
Compton, Mrs. R.P.	10	McKnight, Miss E. B.	$2
Condit, Miss C. S.	$100	Payne, Teddy and Betty	2
From two little girls	1	Post, N. A., Treas.	10
Leicht, Mr. and Mrs. G. H.	10	Roys, Alden T.	1
McElheny, V. K.	30	Saunders, Mrs. Mary A.	2
M-ching, Mrs. H.C.	10	Williams, Mrs. J.	2
Moore, Mrs. C. de R.	5	Total	$205

DR. MANNING ASKS AID FOR FRENCH CHILDREN

Appeals to New York to Help Spread Christmas Cheer in Devastated Regions.

No other city is so generous as New York in giving to worthy causes, the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church, said yesterday in an appeal for support of the work of the American Committee for Devastated France. In asking for contributions to brighten the Christmas of French children and to carry on the committee's child hygiene and public health nursing program among them, Dr. Manning said in part:

"We owe this help to France because of what she has done and suffered for us. The children who survived the horrors of war are suffering untold hardships, living, many of them, in cellars and similar quarters. What will their Christmas be? Children elsewhere are suffering. Give to them also, but let us give now to the children of France.

"It is said sometimes that because New York is big it is also indifferent and heartless. That statement, as we know, is untrue. There is no city in the country which gives so generously to meet any real need of which it is convinced. And now New York will certainly not fall short in this case. We are feeling the pressure of increased costs, but few of us will suffer hardships or want this Christmas time. Whatever other claims there may be upon us, irrespective of creed or racial stock, let all of us who have the true, large-hearted spirit of our city now make some gift, large or small as our ability may be, to help the children of France."

BERLIN HOTELS WEAKEN.

Their Strike Has Had Ruinous Effect on Own Business.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 18.—The hotel strike has had a catastrophic effect on the business of the strikers themselves. More than two-thirds of the guests in the first class houses have left since no meals except coffee in the morning are served.

This result has rapidly undermined the energy and courage of the bellicose hotel keepers, who will probably offer a compromise with the Government on the basis that past offenses shall be pardoned and the hotel keepers undertake to no longer procure their butter, flour, milk and sugar through illicit trade, but purchase such supplies in foreign countries.

It is not impossible that the Government will accept these terms, which would end the strike tomorrow.

That the Government's rigid measures are fully justified may be seen from the fact that in the case of the Hotel Bristol alone fully 700 denunciations reached the authorities, mostly from guests or employes.

WAITERS STRIKE IN VIENNA.

Causes Closing of All Hotels, Restaurants and Cafes.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 18.—William B. Poland, director of American Child Relief, arrived in Vienna today. Mr. Poland and Senator McCormick are to be guests of the President of the Austrian Republic Saturday at luncheon.

All Vienna life was disorganized today by a general waiters' strike. All the hotels, restaurants and cafés closed causing great hardship to strangers. The waiters are striking for the closed shop idea, which the employes are unwilling to admit.

New Pastor for Historic Church.

The Rev. Marion T. Conklin of Middletown, N. Y., has been installed as pastor of the Reformed Church at Tappan, N. Y. This church was erected in 1716, and was used as a Military Hospital, and also as a military prison during the Revolutionary War. It was the scene of the court-martial of Major John André, the British spy, who was executed near by. The church had been without a pastor for more than a year.

TELL OF POISONING THREATS

Witnesses Say Woman Told Plans to Murder Rich Georgian.

MACON, Ga., Dec. 18.—Testifying at the preliminary hearing of four persons charged with fatally poisoning Fred D. Shepard, a wealthy Georgia peach grower, J. J. Peterson, a tenant on the farm of Eldredge Cutts, in Wilcox County, said he had been told by Mrs. Cutts, one of the defendants, that the dose of poison for Shepard "was fixed and given" in her kitchen.

Mrs. J. A. Turner, whose husband also is a tenant farmer on the Cutts place, testified that Mrs. Cutts had told her of plans to poison Shepard and that, producing a bottle of poison tablets, she had said: "And these will do the work. And old Cutts will get a dose of it himself, some day," the witness said Mrs. Cutts had added.

Mrs. Cutts's husband is of counsel for the defense and cross-examined some of the witnesses heard today, particularly J. A. Turner Jr., who said Mrs. Cutts had asked him to poison Shepard and that he had refused.

JACQUES

The House of Distinctive Jewels

Gifts for the Holidays
Moderate-priced Diamond Bracelets, Brooches, Rings and Novelties

561 Fifth Ave., Corner 46th St.

Vantine's

The Oriental Store

Fifth Avenue and 39th Street

BUY CHRISTMAS SEALS

Unusual Gifts

SALE!

Entire Stock of

LAMPS and SHADES

at 1/3 OFF!



Regularly $10.00
Reduced to $6.67

A number of Carved Wood Lamps in polychrome or antique gold finish; with silk shade in rose or gold, and heavy fringe. Lamp and Shade

Regularly $10.00
Reduced to $6.67

Other Lamps of carved wood, in polychrome finish; have hand-painted parchment shades. Lamp and Shade

Regularly $20.00
Reduced to $13.34

Fine Chinese Powder Blue Porcelain Lamps; a beautiful, mirror-like surface and a blue that will harmonize with almost any color hangings; cast mountings; fitted for 3 lights; 30 inches high.

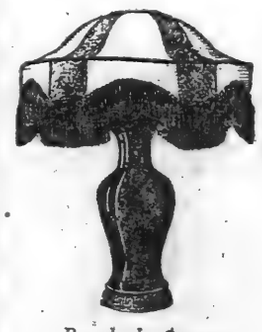
Regularly $95.00
Reduced to $63.34

Black Chinese Porcelain Table Lamp (illustrated below), a lustrous, mirror-like quality makes these artistic lamps invaluable as an accent to any interior scheme; have cast mountings; fitted for 3 lights; 30 inches high.

Regularly $95.00
Reduced to $63.34

The Shade illustrated below is of gold silk with figured panels and silk fringe.

Regularly $47.00
Reduced to $31.34



Regularly $95.00
Reduced to $63.34

VANTINE'S collection of Oriental Lamps has long enjoyed the distinction of being the most complete in the city. *Now*, for the Holiday Season, we have reduced the price of every lamp by one-third. The lamps are valuable as gifts that will be gratefully received and the reductions make for savings that are worthwhile.

And Shades! Rich Oriental colors harmoniously blended make these shades important additions to the beauty of a lamp and the success of the decorating scheme. Shades, from $3.50 to $80.00; all reduced One-Third!

A Carved Bronze Floor Lamp (as illustrated below), with inlaid designs in Cloisonne effect; has cup shaped base surmounted by graduating cups and a slender column; extension top; 6½ feet high.

Regularly $137.00
Reduced to $91.34

Other Floor Lamps
$110.00 to $294.00 less 1/3

The Shade (sketched below) has black and gold brocaded top; blue and rose panel and fringe; lined with rose silk.

Regularly $80.00
Reduced to $53.34



Regularly $137.00
Reduced to $91.34



Regularly $15.00
Reduced to $10.00

Gray Crackle Porcelain Lamps (as illustrated above), with raised dragon design in bronze color, parchment shade to match; wood base. Lamp and Shade

Regularly $15.00
Reduced to $10.00

Japanese Bronze Table Lamps, hand carved and inlaid with silver in a copy of an old antique design; has dragon-shaped handles in relief; 27 inches high and fitted for 3 lights.

Regularly $40.00
Reduced to $26.67

Other Bronze Table Lamps, inlaid with old Cloisonne designs.

Regularly $50.00
Reduced to $33.34

Flat Empire Shades of rose and fawn colored silk have heavy fringe and black tassels, tipped with gold.

Regularly $19.00
Reduced to $12.67

Yellow Chinese Porcelain Lamps (illustrated below), with dragon and cloud design in blue; has parchment shade to match; wood base; fitted for 2 lights. Lamp and shade

Regularly $25.00
Reduced to $16.67



Regularly $25.00
Reduced to $16.67

WAR TAX ADDITIONAL

THIRD FLOOR—Entirely Devoted to Lamps

STORE HOURS 9 TO 5:30

Lane Bryant BABY SHOP



Gifts for Baby

Delightful little Gifts, assuring pleasure and satisfaction to giver as well as receiver.

Specially Reduced Prices

CAPS 59c to 10.95	COATS 3.95 to 29.95
DRESSES 89c to 35.00	GERTRUDES 69c to 7.50
KIMONOS 95c to 16.50	BOOTIES 29c to 2.25
LAYETTES 12.95 to 95.00	SWEATER SETS 4.95 to 16.50
BLANKETS 1.10 to 23.50	ROMPERS 98c to 4.95



Also a complete line of Nursery Accessories and Nursery Furniture, Carriage Covers, Toilet Baskets, Cribs, Scales, Wardrobes, Bassinettes, Chairs, etc. Many specially reduced for the Holidays.

SECOND FLOOR

21-23 West 38th St. Lane Bryant Just West of Fifth Avenue

21-23 W. 38th St. Lane Bryant Just West of 5th Ave.

Slenderizing Fashions for Stout Women

Gifts for your Stout Friend

A lovely Blouse or Sweater for Christmas is particularly appreciated by the stout woman who is hard to fit

At Extraordinary Price Concessions



Georgette Crepe Blouse, 10.00 formerly 16.75

BLOUSES

Heretofore 15.00 to 19.50

$10

Exquisite new models of finest quality Crepe de Chine, Pussy Willow Silk, Taffeta, Canton Georgette, and plain and printed Georgette. Some tailored, lace-trimmed, beaded, fringed, embroidered. *Sizes to 56 Bust.*

Other Blouses in a wide variety of fabrics, sharply reduced, from 3.95, 5.75, 14.50 up.

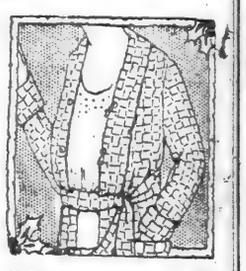
SWEATERS

Heretofore at 17.50

$12.50

Many pleasing designs in this collection of Knitted Wool and Shetland Wool Sweaters. All with extra size sleeves and full patterned hips for the large woman. *Sizes to 56 Bust.*

Other Sweaters and Scarfs of Mohair, Alpaca, Tricolette, Fibre Silk, Pure Silk, Brushed Wool and Camel's hair, reduced to 8.50, 14.40, 22.50, up.



Knitted Wool Sweater, 12.50 formerly 17.50

MAIN FLOOR

21-23 W. 38th St. Lane Bryant Just West of 5th Ave.

Slenderizing Fashions for Stout Women

Appropriate and Useful—Always Sure to be Appreciated by the Woman Who is Hard to Fit

Practical Gifts for Stout Women

at tremendously reduced prices



8.95 formerly 11.50

Lounging Robe of fine quality Corduroy, cut full and roomy. In all sizes. An ideal gift for large women.

19.95 formerly 29.50

Exquisite Negligee of dainty Crepe de Chine, elaborated with insertions of Val. Lace. A charming Gift. Sizes to 56.

9.95 formerly 12.50

Unusually attractive Robe of Blanket Cloth in effective flowered design. An assuredly useful Gift. In All Sizes to 56.

These are only a few of the hundreds of Gifts seen on our Mezzanine Floor. Other Bathrobes, 12.50, 14.50 to 19.85—Negligees, 12.50, 19.50 to 165.00. In a great variety of styles suitable for all ages.

Other Gift Suggestions

FRENCH HAND-MADE UNDERWEAR 6.95; 11.50 up to 29.75		PHILIPPINE NIGHT-GOWNS 4.50, 6.95 to 9.25
CHEMISES 2.50 to 29.75	PETTICOATS 1.95 to 14.50	CAMISOLES 2.75 to 6.95
HOSIERY 1.95 to 3.50	BLOUSES 6.95 to 24.50	SWEATERS & SCARFS 8.50 to 49.50

MEZZANINE FLOOR

TY COBB SIGNS AS MANAGER OF TIGERS

Accepts Position for One-Year Term at a Salary Said to Be $32,500.

IS CONFIDENT OF SUCCESS

Veteran Star Satisfied That New Responsibility Will Not Affect His Playing Ability.

Tyrus Raymond Cobb, brightest luminary among the stars of baseball until Babe Ruth came on to usurp the throne of the Georgia gem, will be manager of the Detroit Tigers during the season of 1921. Following a conference yesterday morning with President Frank J. Navin of the Detroit club, Cobb attached his signature to a contract that covers one playing season. He succeeds Hugh Jennings, manager from 1907 until he gave up the reins a few weeks ago.

Cobb as leader of the Tigers had been predicted for several years, and ... committedly mentioned as ... was one, or, but few believed ... Navin would care to ... inability on the shoulders ... his star player. Cobb had often declared in the past that he did not intend ... baseball duties until he ... a player, and for that ... believed that another ... Clarence Rowland ... to take charge, even ... friends of ...

... however, that ... the post to ... of the Georgia gem, ... with the big ... 1907, 1908 ... pennant winning ... decide to put ... Cobb was one ... Tigers yesterday.

... Cobb's ... to ... Hot ... to Detroit ... for a confer- ... Navin in regard to ... campaign.

Joined Tigers in 1905.

DETROIT, Dec. 18.—Appointment of Tyrus Raymond Cobb as manager of the Detroit baseball club to succeed Hughey Jennings, who resigned Oct. 15 last, puts ... most spectacular and ... baseball players ... a managerial berth ... by 1905, coming ... of the South At- ... into the outfield ... batted for at ...

... developed ... His play-style of ... the plate ... batting records ... baseball. ... batting ... he led the batters of ... League, with marks well ...

... Boston, Ga., in ... had his first professional ... baseball at the close of the 1904 season. He joined the Detroit Club ... Jennings, ... Cobb ... Cobb ... Cobb

WINS TRACK MEET

Boy Athletes From the Bronx Capture Team Championship After Keen Contest.

THREE RECORDS BROKEN

Old Marks Fall in 40-Yard Dash for 75-Pounders, 440 Relay for 100-Pounders and 8-Pound Shotput.

Athletes of Public School 37, the Bronx, carried away the elementary schools indoor track and field championship title yesterday for the first time in the history of the school, when they led twenty-three rival schoolboy athletic teams in the annual titular meet held under the auspices of the Public Schools Athletic League at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory.

The lads from the upper end of Manhattan, coached by Lawrence R. Shapiro and William P. Sullivan, outscored Public School 62, Manhattan, by a margin of eleven points in one of the keenest duels ever carried on in this annual scholastic event. P. S. 37 finished with a total of 41 tallies, and the lads from Hester and Essex Streets, representing P. S. 62, winners of the title last year, had to be content with second laurels, with 30 tallies. P. S. 10, Manhattan, finished third with 25 points, and P. S. 40, Manhattan, was fourth with 23 markers. A deadlock existed for fifth honors between the youngsters of P. S. 72, Manhattan, and P. S. 184, Manhattan, whose teams each scored 9 points.

Previous to the start of the athletic competitions the lads made an imposing spectacle as they marched over the engineers' drill shed in an Olympic parade, which was followed by a recitation of the pledge of allegiance to the flag, and the singing of "The Star-Spangled Banner" and "The Battle Hymn of the Republic." More than seven thousand young, sturdy-lunged voices took part in the impressive ceremonies, and produced a thrilling demonstration of the excellent training given under the auspices of the P. S. A. L.

The first record of the afternoon fell in the 40-yard sprint, H. Lang, a speedy youngster from P. S. 51, Bronx, battled through seemingly never-ending trials and semi-final heats to the medal race in this event and then spurted like the wind over the smooth armory floor to a victory in the exceptional time of 5 4-5 seconds. This performance clipped one-fifth of a second off the best previous elementary school mark, credited to P. Novick, P. S. 25, Bronx, who covered the distance in 6 seconds in the title meet two years ago.

The next new mark came in the 8-pound shot-put, unlimited weight class, in which R. McDonald, a husky youngster, contributed one of "37's" surprising number of victories. McDonald heaved the leather-encased weight the remarkable distance of 41 feet 5 inches, more than three feet further than the put of his nearest rival, and displacing the old mark of 40 feet 5 inches, which was made in 1917 by A. Leiken, P. S. 164, Brooklyn.

Public School 40's speedy little relay quartet supplied the other record of the meet when they captured the 440-yard event for 100-pound youngsters in the fine time of 54 2-5 seconds, eclipsing the old mark of 55 seconds, made six years ago.

The summaries:

Track Events.

40-Yard Dash, 75-Pound Class—Won by H. Lang, P. S. 51, Bronx; W. Wagner, P. S. 10, Bronx, second; R. Young, P. S. 25, Brooklyn, third; J. De Herdt, P. S. 165, Manhattan, fourth. Time—0:05 4-5.

40-Yard Dash, 85-Pound Class—Won by B. Felix, P. S. 62, Manhattan; R. Unger, P. S. 184, Manhattan, second; H. Mattes, P. S. 37, Bronx, third; A. Schlesinger, P. S. 51, Bronx, fourth. Time—0:05.

40-Yard Dash, 100-pound Class—Won by J. Roberts, P. S. 10, Manhattan; J. McAravey, P. S. 37, Bronx, second; C. Arnopol, P. S. 52, Manhattan, third; I. Mantin, P. S. 87, Bronx, fourth. Time—0:07 2-5.

40-Yard Dash, 115-Pound Class—Won by A. Roman, P. S. 40, Manhattan; B. Larra, P. S. 10, Manhattan, second; J. Tarranzo, P. S. 184, Manhattan, third; S. Kaufman, P. S. 40, Bronx, fourth. Time—0:47 2-5.

100-Yard Dash, Unlimited Weight Class—Won by A. Manning, P. S. 5, Manhattan; R. Miroglia, P. S. 40, Manhattan, second; S. Cypress, P. S. 52, Manhattan, third; Margolies, P. S. 16, Brooklyn, fourth. Time—0:12.

Field Events.

Standing Broad Jump, 100-Pound Class—Won by E. Deutsch, P. S. 37, Bronx; with 8 feet 8 inches; A. Kugal, P. S. 109, Brooklyn, 8 feet 6 inches, second; R. Rubin, P. S. 62, Manhattan, 8 feet 1 inch, third; B. Schair, P. S. 40, Bronx, 7 feet 11 inches, fourth.

Running High Jump, 85-Pound Class—Won by I. Kaplan, P. S. 10, Manhattan, with 4 feet 7 inches; R. Campbell, P. S. 3, Bronx, 4 feet 7 inches, second; C. Higgins, P. S. 37, Bronx, 4 feet 3 inches, third; A. Silverman, P. S. 37, Bronx, 4 feet 4 inches, fourth.

Standing Broad Jump, 115-Pound Class—Won by F. Carl, P. S. 37, Bronx, with 9 feet 10 inches; R. Goldstein, P. S. 62, Manhattan, 8 feet 9½ inches, second; L. Kay, P. S. 62, Bronx, 8 feet 8 inches, third; H. Silverman, P. S. 40, Bronx, 8 feet 4¾ inches, fourth.

Running High Jump, Unlimited Weight Class—Won by I. Slonek, P. S. 10, Manhattan, with 5 feet; J. Fort, P. S. 10, Manhattan, 4 feet 10 inches, second; L. Friedrichson, P. S. 37, Manhattan, 4 feet 10 inches, third; H. Wisnensky, P. S. 25, Manhattan, 4 feet 9 inches fourth.

Putting 8-Pound Shot, 115-Pound Class—Won by V. Apollo, P. S. 37, Bronx, with 38 feet 8 inches; C. Reilly, P. S. 9, Brooklyn, 32 feet 7¼ inches, second; G. Gulgaski, P. S. 40, Manhattan, 32 feet 7 inches, third; I. Novoshelsky, P. S. 10, Bronx, 31 feet 11¼ inches, fourth.

Standing Broad Jump, 85-Pound Class—Won by W. Applebaum, P. S. 62, Manhattan, with 8 feet 1¾ inches; I. Klug, P. S. 87, Manhattan, 8 feet 1 inch, second; W. Mackey, P. S. 37, Bronx, 7 feet 10½ inches, third; J. Moller, P. S. 37, Bronx, 7 feet 4 inches, fourth.

Running High Jump, 100-Pound Class—Won by J. Hayes, P. S. 37, Bronx, with 4 feet 6 inches; J. Tarnowsky, P. S. 53, Queens, 4 feet 5 inches, second; R. Kessler, P. S. 62, Manhattan, 4 feet 3 inches, third; G. Coster, P. S. 37, Bronx, 4 feet 2 inches, fourth.

Putting 8-Pound Shot, Unlimited Weight Class—Won by R. McDonald, P. S. 37, Bronx, with 41 feet 5 inches; E. Ercolano, P. S. 10, Bronx, 38 feet ¼ inch, second; A. Seidman, P. S. 44, Bronx, 37 feet 7½ inches, third; J. McFarlance, P. S. 43, Manhattan, 35 feet 6 inches, fourth.

Relay Events.

800-Yard Relay, 85-Pound Class—Won by P. S. 40, Manhattan (R. Vaccarelli, J. Schiff, M. Dubner and J. Deady); P. S. 184, Manhattan (J. Marcus, B. Frank, R. Granot and G. Hare), second; P. S. 62, Manhattan (H. Charkes, I. Feldman, R. Grant and J. Gitter), third; P. S. 37, Bronx (F. Benedetti, M. Friedner, R. Kennedy and L. Orkin), fourth. Time—0:47 2-5.

220-Yard Relay, 70-Pound Class—Won by P. S. 14, Manhattan (F. Joyce, R. Sempereo, M. Fuerder and N. Tussa); P. S. 43, Manhattan (J. Mosaif, S. Hurt, J. Seeback and T. Smith), second; P. S. 10, Manhattan (E. Rubin, J. Fronkess, P. Scarlino and L. Schwartz), third. Time—0:32.

440-Yard Relay, 100-Pound Class—Won by P. S. 40, Manhattan (E. Ferillo, C. Smith, J. Stephenson and H. Tellari); P. S. 42, Manhattan (J. Sandack, S. Goldstein, M. Klein and G. Raiken), second; P. S. 10, Manhattan, (N. Lyrop, E. Quinn, J. Carr and G. Beizer), third; P. S. 43, Manhattan (H. Bergman, H. Fischer, J. Goodsend and E. Graaberg), fourth. Time—0:54 4-5.

440-Yard Relay, 115-Pound Class—Won by P. S. 10, Manhattan (A. Moskowitz, P. Novick, R. Silverstein and M. Strauss); P. S. 62, Manhattan (I. Ladowitz, S. Hecht, J. Schwartz and M. Korn), second; P. S. 40, Manhattan (I. Maliga, A. Axelrod, J. Rosa and J. Novellino), third; P. S. 184, Manhattan (H. Cainer, I. Kossoy, P. Freund and J. Wolfe), fourth. Time—0:54 4-5.

880-Yard Relay, Unlimited Weight Class—Won by P. S. 37, Manhattan (C. Burrese, J. Flanagan, J. Rosenfrigo and R. Celentano); P. S. 108, Manhattan (M. Steinthal, G. Carhart, C. Miller and E. Lolse), second; P. S. 43, Manhattan (R. Townsend, C. Davis, C. Singer and S. Hartman), third; P. S. 23, Bronx (S. Borock, G. Hunt, J. Webster and D. Barnard), fourth. Time—1:54.

Point Score.

P. S. 37, Bronx, 41 points; P. S. 62, Manhattan, 30; P. S. 10, Manhattan, 25; P. S. 40, Manhattan, 22; P. S. 52, Manhattan, 9; P. S. 184, Manhattan, 9; P. S. 10, Bronx, 7; P. S. 43, Manhattan, 4; P. S. 51, Bronx, 0; P. S. 14, Manhattan, 5; P. S. 27, Manhattan, 5; P. S. 40, Bronx, 3; P. S. 109, Brooklyn, 3; P. S. 3, Bronx, 3; P. S. 9, Brooklyn, 3; P. S. 97, Manhattan, 3; P. S. 53, Queens, 2; P. S. 166, Manhattan, 2; P. S. 20, Brooklyn, 2; P. S. 23, Bronx, 2; P. S. 62, Bronx, 2; P. S. 44, Bronx, 2; P. S. 18, Brooklyn, 1; P. S. 25, Manhattan, 1.

CHICAGO SCHOOLBOYS TO STRIKE

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—Seventy students, including both boys and girls at Hyde Park High School, compose an investigating committee which will be asked to determine the status of members of the school's 1920 football eleven who played a "ringer" in a game at Lansing, Mich., Dec. 4, and tied Lansing High School, 7 to 7. This was the plan drawn up today by H. B. Loomis, Principal at the Hyde Park School. Roy (Wop) Simons, former Hyde Park fullback, who graduated last June and was an outstanding player on the University of Chicago freshman eleven this year, is said to have replaced the regular Hyde Park fullback soon after the game started. Coach Al E. Pressler has been dismissed and members of the eleven have been suspended from sports at the school.

HOCNIR SHOWS FAST HEELS AT HAVANA

Winner of Fourth Race Goes Six-Furlong Route in 1:14 2-5 —Many Form Reversals.

HAVANA, Cuba, Dec. 18.—A very ordinary program of seven events was decided at Oriental Park today, and the racing was marked with many upsets and form reversals. Three long shots, three favorites and a second choice divided the purses. The track, for the first time since the meeting opened, was really fast. Hocnir, in winning the fourth race, ran the six furlongs in the fast time of 1:14 2-5.

Sister Susie was returned the winner of the fifth race, leading to the finish Black Prince and the receding public choice, Discussion. Sister Susie rushed into a long lead, and was at one time six lengths in front, but tired badly, and just managed to last to win by a nose.

Hocnir, in winning the fourth event, showed improvement over recent efforts. He ran a remarkable race today. He was last and badly outrun to the stretch. But he gradually worked his way up, and, wearing down the early pacemaker, Blazeaway, won going away by a length. Marion Hollins was third.

Kathleen K. won the first race in a gallop by five lengths. The second event went to Perhaps. The third was won by Assign. Sol Glisey won the sixth, and the last event went to Dewit.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For two-year-old maidens; purse $700; five furlongs. Kathleen K., 105 pounds (Hoffler), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, first; Scotty, 105 (Pickens), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, second; Mr. Jiggs, 108 (McDermott), 6 to 1, 2 to 1, even, third. Time—1:03 1-5. Ver Mayford, Scintillate, Wishing and Bridesmaid ran.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-old maidens; purse $700; five furlongs. Perhaps, 105 pounds (McCoy), even, 1 to 2, 1 to 5, first; Bess Hick, 105 (Kennedy), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, second; Bertha Mintz, 105 (Pickens), 5 to 1, 3 to 5, 4 to 5, third. Time—1:03 1-5. Lotta Speed, Helen Lucas and Seven Seas also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and up-ward; purse $700; claiming; six furlongs. Assign, 109 pounds (Boyle), 8 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, first; Wright James, 106 (Coombs), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, second; Legatal, 101 (Kennedy), 6 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 3, third. Time—1:15. Ava R., Salu Rose, Raven Sea and Major Pisk also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Hocnir, 112 pounds (McDermott), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, first; Seawaza, 110 (Hunt), 7 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 4, second; Marion Hollins, 107 (Kennedy), 7 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 4, third. Time—1:14 2-5. Kewassa, Cy Merrick, Doctor D. and Frasculo also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Sister Susie, 109 pounds (Connorl), 7 to 5, 1 to 5, 1 to 3, first; Black Prince, 102 (Hunt), 7 to 2, 6 to 5, 2 to 5, second; Discussion, 104 (Kennedy), 2 to 1, 4 to 5 and 2 to 5, third. Time—1:08. Korian, Ina Wood and the Belgian II. also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming, purse $700; one mile and seventy yards. Sol Glisey, 103 pounds (McCoy), 7 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, first; All Square, 103 (Hunt), 7 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, second; La Balafre, 108 (Kennedy) 2 to 1, 4 to 5 and 2 to 5, third. Time—1:45 4-5. Rhymer, Miss Sweep, Plantarde and Razonry also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and fifty yards. Dewit, 101 pounds (Garner) 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, first; Constantine, 106 (Wilson), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, second; El Coronel, 108 (O'Mahoney), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, third. Time—1:47 3-5. Little Russ, Donna Grafton, Jack Dawson, Lady Hester and Cadillac also ran.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; for all ages; claiming; purse $700. *Coonbs 88 pounds, *Yokel Jane 103, *Princess Myrtle 105, *Cavan Boy, *Ben Butler, *Homan, *Timothy J. Hogan, *Twenty Seven 107 each; Noble Man, Bucrana, Jack Healy 112 each; Tenard 115.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; for all ages; claiming; purse $700. *Incinerator 103 pounds, *Okemus 104, *Clark M. 107, Harry Glover 111, View, James, Stiletto, Frank Burke 113 each; Bronco Billy 115.

THIRD RACE—Five and a half furlongs; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700. *Polar Cub 99 pounds, *Military Girl 102, Elmont, *Juanita III., Elga 107 each; Gus Scheer 109, Sinn Feiner 112.

FOURTH RACE—Five and a half furlongs; for two-year-olds; claiming; purse $700. *Whippett 102, George C. 106, Scarlet Lee 107, *Natural 105, Jacobean 107, Civic Munoz 108, Grattan 112.

FIFTH RACE—Five furlongs; for all ages; purse $800. Furbelow 106 pounds, Runnyven 105, All Aglow, Belle of Elizabethtown, Helen Atkin, The Blue Duke 107 each; Step Son 110, Right Angle 111, American Ace 117.

SIXTH RACE—Cuba Mile Championship; $3,000 added; for three-year-olds; one mile. Penelope, Hush 101 pounds each; Breadman 104, Moss Kit 111, Atta Boy II. 118.

SEVENTH RACE—One mile and fifty yards; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700. *Mildred, *Tie 98 pounds each; *Sea Prince 101, *Candle Light 103, *Durella, Faux Col 107 each; Jack Hill, Duke of Shelby 110 each.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear; track fast.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Claiming; two-year-old maidens; six furlongs. Secretary 107 pounds, Obstinate 104, Mabel Josephine 99, Sheka 104, Contrott 117, Joe Whipple 107, Pimlico 110, Plato 102, Martha Gray 104, Toss Up 107.

SECOND RACE—Claiming; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Philippic, 108 pounds, Oaklawn Belle 110, Lancelot 111, Opportunity 113, Valerie West 106, Henry Hargreaves 108, Midian 101, Puritan 103, Rainbow Girl 113, Approval 108, Lonely 107, Malvolio 113, Enos 103, Track Star 110, David Craig 108, Old Sinner 113, Pullux 113.

THIRD RACE—Claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Madras Gingham 108 pounds, Doctor Campbell 114, Dalwood 114, Judge Price 100, Harvey Smarr 109, Oid McKenna 104, Bounding Through 106, American Rose 106, Pindar 104, Belarosa 109, Brickley 109, Larghetto 106, Colonel Lit 114, Eleve 101, Salute 109, Walter Turnbow 114, Galway 116.

FOURTH RACE—Allowances; all ages; six furlongs. Tipo Sahib 109 pounds, Crystal Bird 115, Bobby Allen 109, Frederick the Great 110, Archie Alexander 105, Sagamore 102, Jock Scot 105, Hadrian 105, Portlight 105, Vice-Chairman 112, Panaman 105, Smart Guy 102. Assume 105, Mahony 105.

FIFTH RACE — Allowances; Chalmette Purse; two-year-olds; one mile. Day Lilly 105 pounds, Fanteche 112, Petrarch 108, White Star 105, Bunga Buck 108.

SIXTH RACE—Claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Cheer Leader 103 pounds, Gain de Cause 102, Young Adam 108, Brotherly Love 111, Baladin 109, Romeo, 108, Kimpalong 103.

SEVENTH RACE—Claiming; three-year-old and upward; one mile and a quarter. Dahlbiah II. 107 pounds, H. G. Basch 98, Adelanta 103, Pit 101, Paddy Dear 103, Dottas Best 103, Jack Reeves 113, Billy Stuart 103, Capital City 110, Solid Rock 100.

Tulane Eleven to Play Detroit.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 18.—The 1921 football schedule of Tulane University calls for a game with the University of Detroit at Detroit on Oct. 29.

BEATS GOOD FIELD

Scores Impressive Victory In Beauregard Handicap at New Orleans.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 18.—Tippity Witchet, the Bauer Stable's fast gelding, took the measure of a good field in the Beauregard Handicap, the featured race at Jefferson Park this afternoon, and drew away at the half-way mark to win handily. The field included such horses as Eddie Rickenbacker and Johnny Dundee's War Mask, both of which have contributed several impressive performances so far in the meeting here.

Tippity Witchet, which went to the starting line the favorite, was kept up from the start and for the first half mile trailed Eddie Rickenbacker and Rapid Day, which got out in front. Rapid Day was the first to show in the lead and then Rickenbacker, a winner here a few days ago, poked his nose in front to lead Tippity Witchet for a distance of about two furlongs. Shortly after passing the half-way mark Tippity Witchet disposed of Rickenbacker, drew out in front and won well in hand. Dancing Spray showed a good effort in the stretch, but was unable to keep up with the pace of the leaders. Rapid Day, after being prominent throughout the race, finished strongly; but Rickenbacker quit in the stretch run. War Mask was never a contender.

In the six-furlong dash for two-year-olds G. L. Blackford's Muskallonge clearly outclassed the small field. Moving into the lead from the start, Muskallonge was hard held for the entire trip and won by two lengths from Undine, with Petrarch third. Undine finished gamely and Petrarch was moving strongly near the end. Lady Stella, the only other starter, quit badly after going five furlongs and finished last.

Summer Sigh Wins Sixth.

Summer Sigh accounted for a victory in the sixth event on the program, a one-mile event for three-year-olds and upward. The son of Ormondale began slowly, but moved up with a rush in the last quarter and overhauled Hindustan in the last seventy yards, winning by a length and a half. Hindustan showed good speed, but tired near the end and was hard pressed to save the place from Lively, which finished a half length behind. Bombast suffered interference, but was able to close up a big gap before the finish.

The Bauer stable scored another victory in the third race, a five and a half furlong dash for three-year-olds and upward, when Tableau d'Honneur ran away from a field of ten. The winner got away fast and moved into a good lead at once, leading Hidden Jewel by a length and a half in the first furlong and keeping the advantage to the end. Tableau d'Honneur held to the pace well and finished well in hand. Hidden Jewel showed good form and finished gamely, but was never able to overtake Tableau d'Honneur, who in turn impressed in style. Youneed took third place, a little more than two lengths behind Hidden Jewel. Title, which got away well, was carried wide and lost much ground in the stretch.

Murphy Shows High Speed.

The six furlong dash for three-year-olds and upwards, the second event of the afternoon, was a comfortable triumph for Murphy, which showed his customary high speed and moved into a good lead at once. Jack Scot, showing greatly improved form, was in the race all the way but could not overtake Murphy in the final stages, the winner holding Jack Scot safely in the final drive. Madrono, which finished third, was never with a rush through the stretch and was going fast at the end. With more distance to go Madrono might have done better than third. Back Bay made a brave effort for third honors but tired in the last furlong and finished a head behind Madrono.

Tan Son, which chalked up a victory in the first event on the program, won the race from Rolo only in the last few strides. Tan Son was kept well up in the early stages and moved into the rush when urged hard in the last sixteenth, overhauling Rolo, which held on gamely and was beaten by only a neck. Rolo showed the most speed in the early part of the struggle. Winchester made a good effort and nearly managed to snatch third place from Louise Wynn by a length and a half. Louise Wynn was going well at the end after getting away poorly and trailing for some distance.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; two-year-olds; claiming; purse $600. Tan Son II., 110 pounds (King), 20 to 1, 8 to 1, 4 to 1, first; Rolo, 100 (Coulietti), 3 to 1, 8 to 5, second; Winchester, 106 (Mentry), 8 to 1, even, third. Time—1:08. Also ran: Doric, Charles A. Byrnes, Peppery Polly, Ring Rose, Thornbedge, Omar K., Oraieggo and Louis Wynne.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800. Murphy, 100 pounds (Ponce), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 3 to 5, first; Jack Scot, 112 (Rodriguez), 7 to 1, 3 to 1, 1 to 3, second; Madrono, 114 (King), 5 to 1, third. Time—1:15 1-5. Also ran: Back Bay, Tan II., Bond, Ophelia W., Mose, Mandalay, Brisk, Toe the Mark and By Heck.

THIRD RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700. T. d'Honneur, 112 pounds (Helnisch), 8 to 1, even, first; Hidden Jewel, 103 (King), 4 to 5, 2 to 5, second; Youneed 108 (Ponce), 3 to 5, third. Time—1:07 2-5. Also ran: Lady Luxury, Kuklux, Gold Gossip, Lord Farrell, Frederick the Great, Title, Smart Guy.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs; two-year-olds; Mississippi Handicap; purse $700. Muskallong, 120 pounds (McGraw), even, 1 to 3, first; Undine, 90 (McDermott), 2 to 1, second; Patriarch, 102 (Wright), 3 to 1, third. Time—1:15 2-5. Lady Stella also ran.

FIFTH RACE—One mile; three-year-olds and upward; Beauregard Handicap; purse $1,500. Tippity Witchet, 124 pounds (Rowan), 7 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Dancing Spray, 96 (Gregory), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, second; Rapid Day, 110 (Garner), even, third. Time—1:39 4-5. War Mask, Eddie Rickenbacker and Sterling also ran.

SIXTH RACE—One mile; three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700. Summer Sigh, 112 pounds (King), 8 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Hindustan, 116 (Thurber), even, 2 to 5, second; Lively, 103 (Jarvis), 8 to 5, third. Time—1:42. Sugar Mint, Bombast, Madusan and Nellie Yorke also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—Capt. Burns, 107 pounds (King), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Cockroach, 104 (Mooney), 5 to 2, 6 to 5, second; Peggy C., 95 (Long), 2 to 5, third. Time—1:50. Scorched, Adelante, Malvello, Scourgeman, Guy Fortune and She Devil.

CHESS PAIRINGS ANNOUNCED

Columbia, Harvard, Yale and Princeton to Meet Dec. 28 to 30.

Columbia, Harvard, Yale and Princeton have determined upon the schedule of matches for the twenty-eighth annual chess tournament of the "C. H. Y. P." League, to be held at the rooms of the Manhattan Chess Club on Dec. 28, 29 and 30. The pairings will bring Columbia against Harvard and Yale against Princeton on the opening day, Columbia against Yale and Harvard against Princeton on Dec. 29, and Columbia against Princeton and Yale against Harvard on Dec. 30. The sessions will be from 2 P. M. to 6 P. M. and 8 P. M. to 10 P. M., with a time limit of thirty-six moves in the first two hours and eighteen moves an hour thereafter.

Excepting Harvard's, all the varsity players have been named. The personnel of the other three teams was given out yesterday by Alfred A. Link, Columbia, '05, manager for the Intercollegiate Chess Association. These lists follow:

Columbia—M. A. Schapiro, '23; C. B. Isaacson, '21; E. O. Frink Jr., '22, and P. Wolfson, '22.

Yale—J. C. Cairns, '22; T. H. Banks, graduate; A. Strout, graduate, and F. T. Paine, '22.

Princeton—S. E. Hall, '21; C. T. Smith, '22; P. S. Olmstead, graduate, and C. E. Koetter, '23.

Harvard—K. O. Mott-Smith, '22 (captain); other three places to be filled.

On the morning of Dec. 30, at 9 o'clock, the annual breakfast and meeting, at which the contestants will be the guests of the Graduate Committee, will be held at the Hotel Sherman Square. Lieutenant Arthur Hass, faculty adviser at the De Witt Clinton High School, has consented to act as director of the tournament, with Julius Finn and H. Helms as referees.

SWIMMING RECORD

Belin, Manual Training, Sets New P. S. A. L. Mark in 100-Yard Indoor Race.

Standing of the Schools.

	Won.	Lost.	Tie.	Pts.
Townsend Harris	6	1	0	12
Stuyvesant	6	1	0	12
Erasmus Hall	6	1	0	12
De Witt Clinton	5	1	1	11
H. S. Commerce	4	3	0	8
Manual Training	2	4	1	5
Flushing	2	5	0	4
Evander Childs	2	5	0	4
Boys' High	1	6	0	2
Richmond Hill	0	7	0	0

A new 100-yard indoor swimming record for the Public Schools Athletic League was established yesterday in the seventh installment of the dual meet series in the Columbia University pool, when Herb Belin, crack Manual Training H. S. swimmer, covered the distance in the remarkable time of 59 1-5 seconds. Belin made his performance in winning the century swim for his team in the meet against Stuyvesant H. S. Using a strong, steady stroke, he went through the water on an even lane to a convincing victory over his field of rivals. The performance eclipsed the best previous P. S. A. L. mark by three seconds. Ted Cann, then swimming for the High School of Commerce, made the old record of 102 1-5 in 1915.

Through his victory Belin maintained unblemished a record for victories over this distance which started with the first of the dual meet tournaments. The Manual Training swimmer has competed in seven meets for his school and has yet to taste defeat over this stretch. Despite the superb work of Belin in this event and as anchor on his school's relay quartet, Manual Training went down in defeat at the hands of Stuyvesant by the comparatively one-sided score of 39 to 14.

As a result of yesterday's five meets three schools are deadlocked in the battle for supremacy, Townsend Harris Hall, Stuyvesant and Erasmus Hall, each with six victories and one defeat for a total of 12 points. De Witt Clinton H. S. is next with 11 tallies. The Clintonians defeated Flushing by a margin of 39 to 14 and Evander Childs H. S. defeated Richmond Hill H. S. by 38 to 15. In the other meet High School of Commerce scored the closest victory of the day when it defeated Boys' High School of Brooklyn by the slim margin of 29 to 24.

The summaries:

ERASMUS HALL VS. TOWNSEND HARRIS HALL.

50-Yard Race—Won by Lewis, Erasmus Hall; Clifford, Townsend Harris, second; Gardner, Erasmus, third; Harvey, Townsend, fourth. Time—0:27 3-5.

100-Yard Race—Won by Rossetti, Erasmus; Miller, Townsend, second; Beardsley, Townsend, third. Time—1:05.

220-Yard Race—Won by Lord, Erasmus; Miniand, Townsend, second; dead heat for third place between Roth, Townsend, and Benedict, Erasmus. Time—3:08 4-5.

Fancy Diving—Won by Miller, Townsend, 34.5 points; Reynolds, Erasmus, 33.5 points, second; Sevis, Townsend, 33 points, third; Thomas, Erasmus, 26 points, fourth.

Plunge for Distance—Won by Moriales, Townsend, with a plunge of 65 feet 5 inches; Talamini, Erasmus, 56 feet, second; Ruhl, Townsend, 43 feet 6 inches, third; Benedict, Erasmus, 47 feet, fourth.

200-Yard Relay—Won by Erasmus (Tomkins, Reynolds, Rossetti, Gardner); Townsend (Gernsbach, Calvin, Clifford, Pelsi), second. Time—1:52 2-5.

Point Score—Erasmus Hall H. S., 30½ points; Townsend Harris Hall H. S., 22½.

STUYVESANT VS. MANUAL TRAINING.

50-Yard Race—Won by Kennedy, Stuyvesant; dead heat for second place between Fanning, Manual Training, and Smith, Stuyvesant; Allwork, Manual, fourth. Time—0:27 4-5.

100-Yard Race—Won by Belin, Manual; Shore, Stuyvesant, second; Crossman, Stuyvesant, third; Ferguson, Manual, fourth. Time—0:59 1-5. New record.

220-Yard Race—Won by Hellson, Stuyvesant; dead heat for second place between Davenport, Manual, and Hastings, Stuyvesant; Sheets, Manual, fourth. Time—3:06 4-5.

Fancy Diving—Won by Perry, Stuyvesant, with 34 points; Packenham, Manual, 30.5 points, second; Quatlander, Manual, 29.5 points, third; Stevenson, Stuyvesant, 23.5 points, fourth.

Plunge for Distance—Won by Loewy, Stuyvesant, with a plunge of 61 feet; Huber, Stuyvesant, 57 feet, second; Norseen, Manual, 58 feet, third; Packenham, Manual, 50 feet, fourth.

200-Yard Relay—Won by Stuyvesant (Truell, Shore, Perry, Kennedy); Manual (Allwork, Fanning, Gilmore, Belin), second. Time—1:59 4-5.

Point Score—Stuyvesant H. S., 39 points; Manual Training H. S., 14.

DE WITT CLINTON VS. FLUSHING.

50-Yard Race—Won by Brown, Flushing; Wacker, De Witt Clinton, second; Bergman, Clinton, third; Butler, Flushing, fourth. Time—0:28 1-5.

100-Yard Race—Won by Fitzgibbon, Clinton; Brown, Flushing, second; Hammel, Flushing, third; Shoulf, Clinton, fourth. Time—1:05.

220-Yard Race—Won by McNulty, Clinton; Young, Flushing, second; Horowitz, Clinton, third; Gladding, Flushing, fourth. Time—3:01 4-5.

Fancy Diving—Won by Dowling, Clinton, 30.5 points; Copeland, Clinton, 25.5 points, second; Hammel, Flushing, 24.5 points, third; Young, Flushing, 20.5 points, fourth.

Plunge for Distance—Tie for first place between Rosenstock, Clinton and Blatt, Clinton, with 46 feet; Nash, Flushing, 36 feet, third; Gladding, Flushing, 35 feet, fourth.

200-Yard Relay—Won by Clinton (Waterbury, Dorman, Wacker, Fitzgibbons); Flushing (Hammel, Garland, Nash, Butler), second. Time—2:04 1-5.

Point score—De Witt Clinton H. S., 38 points; Flushing H. S., 14.

COMMERCE VS. BOYS.'

50-Yard Race—Won by Steinhal, Commerce; Herschel, Commerce, second; Paiton, Boys' High, third; Franks, Boys' High, fourth. Time—0:29 4-5.

100-Yard Race—Won by Braisted, Boys' High; Barere, Commerce, second; Kalisch, Boys' High, third; Epifamia, Commerce, fourth. Time—1:08 2-5.

220-Yard Race—Won by Quigley, Boys' High; Kraus, Commerce, second; Blum, Commerce, third; Gold, Boys' High, fourth. Time—3:21 1-5.

Fancy Diving—Won by Susskind, Commerce, 34.5 points; Quigley, Boys', 33 points, third; Mendelsohn, Boys', 26 points, fourth.

Plunge for Distance—Won by Lieberman, Commerce, 53 feet 6 inches; Pickel, Commerce, 50 feet, second; Avery, Boys', 46 feet 6 inches, third; Frankel, Boys', 45 feet, fourth.

200-Yard Relay—Won by Boys' (Franks, Patton, Kalisch, Braisted); Commerce (Epifania, Herschel, Barere, Steinhal), second. Time—2:04 4-5.

Point score—H. S. of Commerce, 29 points; Boys H. S., 24

EVANDER CHILDS VS. RICHMOND HILL.

50-Yard Race—Won by Hopton, Evander Childs; Bachman, Evander, second; Orr, Richmond Hill, third; Schmolze, Richmond Hill, fourth. Time—0:31.

100-Yard Race—Won by Hobson, Evander; Baker, Evander, second; Cook, Richmond Hill, third; Armstrong, Richmond Hill, fourth. Time—1:10 1-5.

220-Yard Race—Won by Schell, Evander; Burnell, Evander, second; Webber, Richmond Hill, third; Martin, Richmond Hill, fourth. Time—3:05 1-5.

Fancy Diving—Won by Armstrong, Richmond Hill, with 26.5 points; Buckbee, Evander, 25.5 points, second; Webber, Richmond Hill, 23 points, third; Acker, Evander, 21 points, fourth.

Plunge for Distance—Won by Elmore, Richmond Hill, 46 feet; Buckbee, Evander, 43 feet, second; Schmolze, Richmond Hill, 40 feet, third; Yoeckel, Evander, 34 feet, fourth.

200-Yard Relay—Won by Evander (Hobson, McGrath, Bachman, Hopton); Richmond Hill (Cook, Bailey, Schlight, Orr), second. Time—2:14 4-5.

Point Score—Evander Childs 38, Richmond Hill 15.

Boston A. A. Annual Games.

The thirty-second annual invitation handicap track games and relay carnival of the Boston Athletic Association will be held in the New Boston Arena on Feb. 5, 1921, according to an announcement just received at local A. A. U. headquarters. A large number of New York athletes take part in these games, which attract stars from all sections of the country.

GENTILE STAR OF STUYVESANT MEET

Captures Half and One Mile Open Races at Twenty-second Regiment Armory.

Louis Gentile of Stuyvesant High School, Public Schools Athletic League cross-country champion, held the limelight last night in the annual indoor athletic meet of Stuyvesant H. S. at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory. The scholastic hill and dale title holder, with a display of ability which would have done credit to older track veterans, raced to victory in both the half-mile and one-mile open races.

The little east side Italian threw a crowd of about 4,000 enthusiastic spectators into a frenzy. Gentile first captured the half-mile run, in which he showed the way to William Peak, Commercial High School star; S. Baronovsky of De La Salle Institute and F. Clancy, Dickinson H. S. Gentile recorded this victory in sensational manner, taking the lead from Baronovsky in the last sixty yards and, in a terrific closing burst, working up an advantage of ten yards at the tape. The time for the race was 2:08 1-5.

Later Gentile returned to the track as one of twenty-four starters in the one-mile race, in which his rivals included the pick of local schoolboy circles. A similar spectacular dash for victory, this time over the closing half lap, brought the cross-country titleholder out victorious by a margin of about seven yards on A. Sulzbach, Flushing High School's star, who set the pace up to the time Gentile went away on his closing bid. Gentile's time for this race was 4:53 2-5.

Four other victories were recorded by Stuyvesant representatives, giving the team a commanding lead in the score for the point trophy. The east side schoolboys through the victories of Gentile and Sussman by Dawkins in the 70-yard junior dash, Reini in the 70-yard high hurdles, McDonough in the 600-yard novice run, and the school's midget relay quartet in the quarter

AT N. Y. A. C. TRAPS

Wins High Scratch Honors at Travers Island After Shoot-Off With Spotts.

MONTHLY TOURNEYS END

Dalley Captures Haslin Cup for December and Club Trophy Goes to Timmons.

T. H. Lewis and R. L. Spotts tied for the high scratch prize at the Travers Island traps of the New York Athletic Club yesterday. They led a field of fifty gunners with scores of 94 out of a possible 100 targets each. On the shoot-off, Lewis, who has not been shooting very often at Travers Island this year, came through and won the trophy. A shoot-off also was necessary to find the winner of the high handicap prize. It finally was taken by A. P. Palmer.

L. C. Dalley, who generally shoots at the Larchmont Yacht Club, won the Travers Island Trophy. A leg on the Huermeyer Cup was taken by F. A. Siebert with a card of 49 out of a possible 50 targets. There also was a scratch special which was taken by A. E. Ranney with a straight score of 25 targets.

As Christmas Day falls on the final Saturday of the month and as the committee has decided that there will be no shooting on the holiday, the nimrods brought to an end all their monthly fixtures yesterday. The Haslin Cup for December was won by L. C. Dalley. J. W. Timmons took the Club Cup, and the Monthly Cup went to R. L. Spotts.

The weather condition was not particularly good yesterday. There was a high wind that made it impossible for the gunners to "kill" the tiny blue rocks. Still there were the usual number of straight scores. F. B. Stephenson, J. P. Donovan, H. K. Curtis and P. A. Raymond all ran straight in the shoot for the Travers Island Cup.

In the shoot for the Haslin Cup, straight scores were made by T. H. Lewis and J. P. Donovan. The Club Cup had only one straight. It was made by F. W. King. In the shoot for the Monthly Cup, a straight was made by F. A. Siebert and R. L. Spotts.

The score.

	T. H. Haa.	Club Cup.	Mo. Cup.	Sc. & Hdc.	Cups.
Brown	.22	.22	.22	88 10— 98	
Anderson	.23	.22	.22	88 0— 88	
Bruce	.25	.22	.25	86 18—104	
Stephenson	.25	.20	.24	90 4— 94	
Wood	.24	.21	.24	89 6— 95	
Curtis	.24	.21	.24	84 6— 90	
Martin	.23	.21	.22	90 4— 94	
Raymond	.24	.22	.23	89 4— 93	
Lee	.23	.20	.22	89 4— 93	
Kane	.24	.21	.24	88 6— 94	
Hendrickson	.24	.22	.24	90 6— 96	
Hubbard	.24	.22	.24	87 6— 93	
Sanderver	.24	.22	.24	89 4— 93	
Lee	.23	.20	.22	89 4— 93	
Hoffman	.24	.22	.24	87 6— 93	
Kane	.24	.21	.24	86 6— 92	
Kane	.24	.21	.24	86 6— 92	
Kane	.24	.21	.24	86 6— 92

AGNES DE SELDING WEDS W. L. VAN LEER

Bishop Morris of Panama, the Bride's Cousin, Officiates at Ceremony.

MISS MARION FISH, BRIDE

Married to Weyland Pfeiffer at Scarsdale—Miss Rhoda Higgins Weds E. W. Warren.

The wedding of William Leicester Van Leer of Philadelphia and Miss Agnes de Selding, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joel Shrewsbury de Selding of this city, took place yesterday afternoon in St. James's Church, Madison Avenue and Seventy-first Street, the ceremony being performed by Bishop Cralk Morris of Panama, a cousin of the bride, and the Rev. Frank W. Crowder, rector of the church. The bride was in satin and wore a point lace veil.

Miss Josephine de Selding was the maid of honor and the Misses Eleanor Fales Coward, Catherine Okie, Dorothy Hamilton, Esther Smith, Josephine Primrose Reeves and Mrs. Alfred Clark Bedford, in pale pink batik frocks and American Beauty hats, carried roses and mauve flowers.

Pfeiffer-Fish.

Miss Marion Seton Fish, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius B. Fish of this city and Scarsdale, N. Y., and Weyland Pfeiffer were married at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Church of St. James the Less at Scarsdale by the Rev. William Oscar Jarvis, brother-in-law of the bride. The bride's father gave her in marriage.

Mrs. William Oscar Jarvis and Mrs. Bern Budd attended the bride as matrons of honor and there were no bridesmaids. Edward S. Lloyd served as best man and the ushers were Karl Pfeiffer, brother of the bridegroom; Rutgers Fish, brother of the bride; Arthur McCann and Dr. George King.

Warren—Higgins.

Edward Willard Warren of Scranton, Pa., and Miss Rhoda Anderson Higgins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard H. Higgins of 470 Park Avenue, were married yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Brick Presbyterian Church by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. W. Payson Merrill, and the reception followed at the Ritz-Carlton.

McCormick—Trowbridge.

The marriage is announced of Miss Kathryn Parker Trowbridge, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Parker Trowbridge, and Paul J. McCormick, which took place last Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents, 539 West 164th Street. Miss Martha Devine was the bride's only attendant.

Bernstein-Hirsch.

The marriage is announced of Miss Helen Ida Hirsch, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Aaron H. Hirsch of Brooklyn, and Nathan Carlisle Bernstein, which took place on Tuesday evening at the Hotel St. Regis. The bride is a granddaughter of Mrs. Helen M. Baum and the late Gabriel Baum. She is a graduate of Adelphia College. Mr. Bernstein was graduated from the Yale Sheffield School, class of '16, and served as an ensign overseas during the war.

TAPESTRIES AND ROYALTY.

Gobelins Have Always Figured in Field of Post-War Activities.

One of the pages in the picture section of THE NEW YORK TIMES today is given to reproductions of the Gobelin tapestries belonging to the Austrian imperial family, reported to have been offered in pawn to Dutch financiers for 60,000 tons of wheat.

It is just the moment to expect tapestries to appear in the field of post-war activities. They always have followed as the day the night the conclusion of great wars. They always have been the gifts and spoils of kings, and the open books on whose pages have been written the royal triumphs in war and peace. They have smoothed the way for treaties and agreements. The Coronation set, shown in San Francisco, is lined up in a typical way with the history of its time, having been given early in the seventeenth century by the French king to Cardinal Francesco Barberini when he came as representative of the Pope to adjust the vaticine controversy, and having immediate reference to the tragic history of Coriolanus at almost the moment when Shakespeare's tragedy was having its premiere.

"I loved two much," is the confession attributed to Louis XIV, on his deathbed. It crumbled for the heritage of France, he loved tapestries enough, and the Gobelins celebrating his martial deeds are celebrated examples. Tapestries proclaiming the glories of peace are less acceptable to royal taste, but they exist. Some churches have them were made at Fontainebleau in which the artist emphasized almost to the danger point of satire the dignity of the royal personages looking on at fêtes arranged by themselves in their own honor. Those great artists, Raphael and Francis I, they were past masters in combining art with diplomacy and getting out of it all the fun that was safe.

The imperial Austrian collections are rich in weavings ranging from the sixteenth to the eighteenth century, all representing what quite literally is defined as "the golden age of tapestry," the age, that is, when the weaver's craft was highly developed and made him more or less the slave of the artist who designed the cartoons; when the simple color scale and strong flat designs that hugged the wall and seemed a part of it in the earlier ages were replaced by rich and varied color schemes, elaborate designs imitating artistic pictures, and subjects expressing the vast pride of the Renaissance in its scholarship. These Gobelins shout gold and whisper art but they are wonderfully made and are mines of historical and classical allusion. Moreover, the Austrian examples are said to have been preserved with an exacting ideal of thrift and care-taking. They are well worth their 60,000 tons of wheat.

In all its phases and periods the art of pictorial weaving is intensely interesting. Even in its last decline it had a story-telling charm, and during the Renaissance it shared, of course, in the opulence of the new intellectual life. It is fortunate that the United States was prompt in responding to the twentieth century revival of interest in ancient tapestries. Much earlier we had started our collections, and now our museums own fine examples, and it would be a long task to count those that hang in the houses of private collectors. No one can say what new channels may be formed for the dispersal of the famous European collections. During the war, while it was raging most fiercely, reports came from abroad of the sensational rise in the price of Gobelins. That very Vienna, now offering her treasures for wheat to feed the hungry, was buying with avidity. A Gobelin rose in price almost 300 per cent. in a single week.

EDITOR ANSWERS GOVERNOR

Palm Beach Man Calls Issue Good Government vs. Demagogy.

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla., Dec. 18.—Joe L. Earman, President of the State Board of Health and publisher of The Palm Beach Post, declared today that the controversy between himself and Governor Sidney J. Catts was one between "good government and demagogy."

His statement was made in reply to a letter received last night from Governor Catts, who threatened "to visit Palm Beach with a shotgun loaded with buckshot" and have "a final settlement" with the Health Board President.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Wheeler Francis of 119 East Fifty-sixth Street will give a dance for their daughter, Miss Katharin Wharton Francis, on Wednesday, Dec. 22, at the Colony Club. Several dinners will precede the dance, the largest to be given for Miss Francis by Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Damrosch of 146 East Sixty-first Street are giving a reception for Mr. and Mrs. Albert Coates of London, on Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Andrew J. Miller and her daughter, Miss Frances Miller, of 14 East Seventy-eighth Street, will spend the holidays with Mrs. Miller's mother in Cleveland.

Mrs. Edward Spencer of 11 West Sixteenth Street will give a luncheon for her débutante niece, Miss Barbara Spencer, on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Duthil Smith Jr. are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son on Dec. 12 in London. They will shortly return to this country. Mrs. Smith is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Mason Brehm of this city.

Mrs. William J. Smyth and Miss H. Agnes Smyth have closed their country home, Tidewater Cottage, at Tokeneke, Darien, Conn., and are at 507 Madison Avenue for the Winter.

Mrs. Joseph Talbot Maclean of 34 Gramercy Park sailed yesterday for Bermuda, where she plans to remain until after Easter.

Mr. and Mrs. George Thompson gave a large reception yesterday afternoon at their town house, 182 East Sixty-first Street, for their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Adolphe Heick Wangell, who were married on Nov. 21. Mrs. Thompson, in black lace and jet, and the bride in ivory white satin and pearls, received the 500 guests who called between 4 and 7 o'clock.

Mrs. Colgate Hoyt and Miss Anita Blaine Damrosch will be among those giving dinners tomorrow before the Christmas dance to be given by Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rumsey Marvin and Mr. and Mrs. Frederic E. Church for their son and daughters at the Plaza.

Mr. and Mrs. Bjornstrom-Steffanson entertained at dinner last night at their home, 59 East Fifty-seventh Street, for Baron and Baroness Gerard de Geer of Stockholm. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Post Wheeler, Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, Dr. and Mrs. Frederick Peterson, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Littleton, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Goddard Leach and Mr. and Mrs. Amos Pinchot.

Mrs. Charles Hughes and Miss Catherine Hughes entertained the New York Wellesley Club yesterday afternoon at their home, 32 East Sixty-fourth Street. Tea was served.

Miss Elizabeth Warren Murphy, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard F. Murphy of 115 East Eighty-second Street, is one of the season's débutantes. Mrs. Isaac McConihe, her grandmother, will give a tea dance for her on Jan. 1 at the Plaza. Miss Murphy is the niece of ex-Judge Warren McConihe of the Plaza.

DEBUTANTES HAVE A DAY OF GAYETIES

Parties for Misses Randolph, Camac, Workum, Rockefeller, Whitman and Others.

Yesterday was another full day for débutantes, beginning with luncheons and ending with dancing.

Edmund Randolph was the host at the Ritz-Carlton at a dance for his débutante daughter, Miss Ellen Randolph, at which the guests were the season's buds and some of Mr. Randolph's old friends. He received with his daughter. The dancing in the large ballroom was followed by a seated supper in the main dining room. There were several hundred guests. A number of dinners preceded the dance.

Mrs. Pierre Mali entertained at her town house, 8 Fifth Avenue, with a dinner for her cousin, Miss Harriet Camac, daughter of Mrs. C. N. Bancker Camac, the guests going on to the dance at the Ritz.

Mrs. Reginald Barclay of 5 East Seventy-eighth Street entertained with a luncheon for Miss Clara F. Workum, the débutante daughter of Mrs. Julius F. Workum. The guests included besides Miss Workum and Mrs. Barclay's daughter, Miss Bertha Barclay, Miss Julia Carter, a friend from college for the holidays, the Misses Emily S. Hammond, Eliza S. Parish, Elizabeth Meeker, Dorothy Clemens, Gertrude Ogden, Barbara Hooker, Lucy Bulkley, Helen Armstrong, Susan Coppell, Mary Vail Coppell, Elizabeth Bagley, Eleanor S. Towne, Virginia Fox, Katherine Morris, Isabella Wood, Betty Barber and Susan B. Coppell. Mrs. Roswell Miller gave a dinner last evening for Miss Workum.

Miss Isabel Rockefeller, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, made her formal début at an afternoon reception at the Colony Club, which Mrs. William G. Rockefeller and the débutante's mother gave for her. Those who assisted in receiving included the Misses Katherine Beale Crawford, Eleanor Hurd, Katharine Townsend, Marjorie Hughes and Harriet Pratt.

Mrs. Alfred A. Whitman of 124 West Fifty-ninth Street introduced her daughter, Miss Carman Machado Whitman, yesterday afternoon at a dancing class she gave at the Cosmopolitan Club, which was followed by a dinner. The Misses Helen Hagen, Alleen Webster, Rosamond Upham, Katharine Strauss and Jean Moffat were among those receiving with the débutante. The Misses Elsie Morgan, Marion Whitman, Marjorie Benson and Mrs. Oswald Knauth poured tea. The dinner was for the receiving party and a number of young men. The latter were George Soper, Donald Grosart, Fraser Moffat, Frederick Kneesley, José Machado and Roger W. and Alfred M. Whitman.

Mrs. Oliver B. Bridgman entertained at her residence, 383 Park Avenue, with a luncheon for Miss Rose Bullard, daughter of Major General Robert Lee Bullard and Mrs. Bullard. The luncheon guests were the Misses Margaret Davison, Margaret de Forest, Dorothy Field Sherman, Laura Mabon, Helen Stotesbury, Margaret Dorothy Green, Helen Outerbridge, Catherine Hall, Virginia de Haven, Eleanora Lee Flagg, Almeda Conrad, Margaret White and Mildred Biddle.

Miss Aileen Flannery, the second daughter of Mrs. Ellie Madeiman, made her début at a tea dance her mother gave at her residence, 612 Fifth Avenue. The débutante and her mother received alone.

Another dance, not a débutante, was that Mrs. Cass Gilbert gave at her home, 42 East Sixty-fourth Street for her daughters, Mrs. Charles Morgan Post and Miss Emily Gilbert. It was an informal affair and the guests numbered less than a hundred.

Christmas Bubble Party.

A Christmas bubble party was given yesterday morning at the Rivoli Theatre under the auspices of the New York Community Service. The theatre was filled with children, with a sprinkling of grown-ups, many of the former attending in groups from the different institutions.

A miniature theatre was arranged on the stage in which the well-known characters of the nursery rhymes appeared, while the rhymes set to music, were sung from a phonograph. Miss Julia Carter, as Mother Goose, acted as interlocutor and explained the scenes to the children. A dance of the fairies was given by Miss Margaret Severn.

Following the tableaux Santa Claus, in the person of Frederick Gunther, presented to each of the children participating in the program a balloon.

President Wilson Married 5 Years.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—President and Mrs. Wilson received many good wishes yesterday on the fifth anniversary of their marriage. The wedding ceremony took place at the home of the bride, then Mrs. Norman Galt, 1,308 Twentieth Street, N. W. The honeymoon was passed at White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., the bride and bridegroom only returning to the White House in time to receive at the first state reception in the following January.

There was no celebration of the anniversary yesterday except by a small family party dining at the White House. Miss Margaret Wilson arrived in time to join the family.

MUSIC

By Richard Aldrich.

Miss Magdeleine Brard's Recital.

Miss Magdeleine Brard, who played the piano here last season, was supposed then to be of such a tender age that her public appearance caused apprehension in the minds of some. Now she returns and plays again, as a matron, and gave her recital yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall.

Though there seemed less cause for apprehension yesterday, there was nothing as yet matronly about her playing. It is that of a young and ardent musician, almost an impatient one, with an unusually ample technical equipment in facility, strength, clearness, scintillating brilliancy. What she still lacks is the ripeness, the wisdom and the insight of a mature artist. As the mature artist is produced only by maturity, it may be hoped that Miss Brard will gain those estimable qualities in the fullness of time. At present her playing is interesting more for what it promises than for what it actually is.

In music that does not demand poetic vision and deep feeling she is at present most successful. Her performance of a "sonata" in E by Domenico Scarlatti, the Liszt of his time, who used the term sonata with a freedom that recked not of the severe definitions of a later period, was fascinating in its crisp volubility, its dynamic gradations. In three pieces by Chopin her performance was feverish rather than poetic. The B minor prelude can stand it, being of itself a little feverish; but not the C minor nocturne nor the A flat waltz. She undertook also Schumann's "Etudes Symphoniques" and pieces by Saint-Saëns, Debussy, Wormser—"Les Violons de M de Coucy," new—and Liszt. The audience was large and interested.

PRINCETON BOYS IN BRIGHT MUSICAL PLAY

Triangle Club Acts 'They Never Come Back,' a Fanciful Yarn of Peru, at the Waldorf.

"They Never Come Back," a musical farce-comedy in three acts, was presented at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday afternoon and last evening by the Princeton Triangle Club. The plot proved to be a fanciful story of intrigue against the Inca Indians of Peru, and was cleverly worked out.

The comedy and most of the lyrics were written by E. H. Weaver, '21, who is President of the Triangle Club. Admirable staging, splendid costuming and acting which seemed complete, in spite of the bass voices of the dainty female characters, combined to make the performance a success. E. H. Weaver as Sir Rollover Doyle, a psychic researcher, gave a very good interpretation of a difficult character part. Lacy Rollover Doyle, taken by F. T. Corbett, '22, was the leading female character, and proved to be quite necessary as a chaperon for her husband.

Larry Brewster, who was J. R. Forgan, '22, an American rolling stone, who rolled into Cuzco in time to complicate the plot, was typical of his part and his acting was buoyant and unforced.

Besides P. Lloyd Smith's impersonation of Adeline Roget, others who appeared to advantage were Mr. Cowell, who played Barbara, daughter of Lady Doyle; R. Foster as Paul Roget, a famous French chemist; F. M. Chapman as Firewather, a sentimental Inca chief, and W. F. Polinc, who was well chosen for the part of Albert Hastings, the British Consul. L. Tilden as Reginald, an esthetic bellboy, was not only clever in his part, but his playing of the accordion received many rounds of applause.

The bellboys, parlor maids and girl reporters helped to keep up the action, and the mummies and Inca guards added decorative color to the scene.

The musical numbers, which were by A. Nathan Prince, F. T. Corbett, H. F. McCormick and H. R. Walley, were for the most part original, the dances being unique, the costumes attractive, and the scenery artistic and colorful.

The appearance of the club in New York is the second in a series which it will make while on an extended tour of the West, going as far as Omaha, Neb., and returning to Princeton on Dec. 30. On the tour the company is taking its own orchestra of fifteen, a staff of ten, chorus of twenty-nine and cast of seventeen.

The grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria was well filled at both performances.

Special "Parsifal" Matinee Dec. 31.

A special "Parsifal" matinee will be held at the Metropolitan on Friday afternoon, Dec. 31, the day before New Year's, instead of the holiday itself, which falls in the regular Saturday subscription this season. Miss Easton, Messrs. Sembach and Rothier will be new in the current cast, while Mr. Whitehill and others heard three weeks since will reappear and Mr. Bodanzky will conduct.

Two sold-out houses, completing five weeks of record crowds at increased rates, greeted the repetitions of "Aida" and "Tosca" yesterday. Verdi's was the matinee bill, sung by Destinn, Matzenauer and Harvard, Martinelli, Dainse, Martino and Gustafson. Mr. Morancini conducted, as he did again last night, when Farrar, Chamlee and Scotti gave Puccini's work to one of the greatest audiences of the popular series.

Lajos Shuk Displays Versatility.

Lajos Shuk, the 'cellist, a new member of the Letz Quartet, introduced himself as composer and pianist also in a recital last evening at Aeolian Hall, where Lenora Sparkes, the Metropolitan soprano, sang his songs, "Summer Night" and "Through the Snow," accompanied by Mr. Shuk at the piano. Mischa Levitzki was the pianist in an opening number, Rachmaninoff's G minor sonata for 'cello and pianoforte, and Mr. Shuk later gave, with Emanuel Balaban, the 'cello variations on a "Rococo" theme by Tschaikovsky, and pieces by Glazounow and Popper.

HEINZ ART SALE, $53,766.

A Chinese Jade Tripod Brings $500 as Auction Ends.

Returns for the sale of the art collection of the late Henry J. Heinz, which was concluded at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon, were $53,766, the afternoon's sale having brought $23,851. Some of the higher prices of the day were paid by Parish Watson, who gave $500 for a Chinese jade tsui jade, $400 for an urn-shaped Fei-ts'ui jade vase, and $800, the highest price of the afternoon, for a green jade covered urn, with a Dog Foo finial to the cover and standing on four legs.

A green mottled jade incense burner went to Olivotti & Co. for $360; Roland Moore paid $525 for a dark Turaestan jade writer's circular jar, Chien-lung, two citron trees, with leaves of green jade, in Peking enamel vases, went to Lernet, agent, for $380 each.

A Chinese carved ivory and lacquer bird cage was purchased by E. F. Hudson for $360. A large Japanese lacquer panel was bought by W. R. Hearst for $500 and one of Japanese ivory and lacquer for $700. A Chinese carved jade panel with a landscape, "The Isles of the Blest," in relief, went to Mr. Pope for $410.

MUSIC NOTES.

Members of the New York Post-Graduate Hospital surgical and nursing staff will give a musical play, "There's a Reason," written by Dr. Marvin Jones and directed by Dr. Vaughan Godfrey at Delmonico's tomorrow evening, for the hospital's endowment fund. The ticket sale is in charge of the Misses Margaret Thompson and Elizabeth Flint.

Otto H. Kahn has accepted the Honorary Chairmanship of a committee of the National Bureau for Advancement of Music, which will conduct New York's second annual "Music Week." Berthold Neuer is Chairman and C. M. Tremaine Secretary for the various activities planned to occupy the week of May 1 to 7, 1921.

CARDINAL GIBBONS BETTER.

Bishop Corrigan Urges Daily Prayers for His Recovery.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 18.—Cardinal Gibbons today said that he was feeling better than at any time since he was taken ill, according to word from the residence of Robert T. Shriver, near Union Mills, Md., where he is now confined.

The Cardinal passed a comfortable night, and it is thought that the improvement in his condition is actual and that it will continue. It is understood that he has deferred to the wishes of his friends and physicians and will not return to Baltimore before Christmas. The uncertain condition of the weather and the long journey, it is realized, make it inadvisable for him to attempt the trip at this time.

In The Catholic Review today the following official bulletin, signed by Bishop O. D. Corrigan, Vicar General of the diocese, appears:

"The faithful of the arch diocese are most anxious about the many reports concerning the health of our beloved Cardinal.

"It is gratifying to announce that he is under the best of medical care at the home of Robert T. Shriver, Union Mills. His condition varies from hour to hour, but those in attendance are hopeful of early recovery. His devoted people are urged to offer daily prayers for him."

VATICAN SHOWN IN FILM.

Ceremonies of Canonization of Joan of Arc Portrayed at Plaza.

A large assembly saw the screening of a film portraying the scenes and ceremonies attending the Canonization of Joan of Arc last night at the Plaza.

It is the first time in the history of the Roman Catholic Church that any sacred ceremonies have ever been filmed, and this film was made with the approval of the Pope, and shown for the first time here.

The prologue of the picture gives a story of the French peasant girl in the reproduction of famous paintings, and the interest begins pictorially when it portrays the brilliant ceremony. The scenes are artistically done and show the arrival of all the church dignitaries, the formation of the various guards in the courtyard of the Vatican, then the actual ceremony itself. A brilliant sunlight on great stairway makes the interior scenes possible, and a close view is given of the Pope in his gorgeous robes.

One of the pleasing flashes is a view of the famous hall of Raphael, showing its world-famous frescoes and paintings. The picture was shown in connection with an entertainment and tableteoe dance given for the building fund of the College of New Rochelle. The Paulist Choristers also appeared in a program of songs.

Mrs. Gertie Amelia Gorman.

Mrs. Gertie Amelia Gorman, an old resident of the Murray Hill section of the city, died suddenly Thursday in her apartment in the Hotel Gotham in her sixty-first year. Until this Autumn Mrs. Gorman had resided all her life in the house built by her father, the late Edmund A. Smith, at 226 Madison Ave., where services will be held tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. Mrs. Gorman was the owner of many valuable parcels of New York City real estate.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. MARIE LOUISE FELS, wife of Arthur C. Fels, a curb stock broker in Manhattan, died on Friday at the home of her parents, 933 Seventieth Street, Brooklyn.

LUTHER C. JOHNSTON, 43 years old, connected with the Kings County Gas Company, died on Friday in St. Luke's Hospital. He was a member of Prosperity Lodge No. 962, F. and A. M., and Independence Council No. 17, Jr. O. U. A. M. His home was in Richmond Hill, L. I.

CHARLES R. STURGES, a stationary engineer, died from heart disease on Friday at his home, 263 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, in his sixty-sixth year. He was born in Dudley, England.

Miss JOSEPHINE LYONS, a teacher in Public School 160, died on Friday at the home of her brother, Dr. John J. Lyons, 485 Clinton Street, Brooklyn, aged 38 years.

HENRY A. PHILLIPS, 60 years old, of 2,713 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, died suddenly yesterday of heart disease after greeting a policeman coming out of the West Thirtieth Street Police Station. He was in the custody of his son, Jack Phillips, at 157 West Thirtieth Street.

ALBERT WINTER, for many years a member of the clothing firm of Schepflin, Baldwin, Tweedy & Co. and later connected with the Central Chemical Company of this city, died yesterday at his home in Plainfield.

MICHAEL BERKERY, for ten years a member of Hoggson Brothers, architects, died Thursday at his home, 1,136 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, having lived in that borough fifty years.

JOHN FRANCIS HEANEY, for twenty-six years an Inspector for the Department of Highways of the city and a Democratic Captain of the Twentieth Assembly District, died Thursday at his home, 769 Monroe Street, Brooklyn.

Captain CHARLES HALL, 104 years old, Eau Claire's oldest citizen, who was steamboat pilot on the Chippewa River in the early steamboat days, died in Eau Claire, Wis., yesterday.

Born.

FEIG—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Feig (nee Pearl Stahl), 1,850 Washington Av., Bronx, announce the birth of a son, Dec. 8, 1920, Alexander Bertram Feig.

FINKELSTEIN—Mr. and Mrs. Herman Finkelstein (nee Anna Rod), of 170 West 73d St. announce the birth of a son, on Dec. 16.

FRIEDWALD—Mr. and Mrs. Paul Friedwald (nee Hedwig Schiff), of 960 Prospect Av., Bronx, announce the birth of a daughter, Dec. 8, 1920. The miss has been named Beatrice.

GERSCH—Mr. and Mrs. Lou Gersch (nee Alice R. Levy) of 101 West 112th St. announce the birth of a daughter, Elaine Phyllis, on Dec. 7.

GOTTESMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Gottesman (nee Belle Tannenbaum) announce the birth of a daughter, Dec. 14, at Long Island College Hospital.

GUTTENBERG—To Mr. and Mrs. Joe Guttenberg, 1,154 President St. (Florence Ottenberg), a daughter, Bernice Ruth, Dec. 13.

HEINEMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Heineman (Ida Healing), a son, Harry Robert Heineman, Dec. 12, 1920, at 714 West 181st St., New York City.

HELLER—Born, Dec. 18, a son, to Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Heller (nee Lucie Hirschfeld).

HIRSCH—Mr. and Mrs. Ben. B. Hirsch of Far Rockaway announce the birth of a son, Dec. 14.

JACOBUS—Mr. and Mrs. William E. Jacobus announce the birth of a daughter, Virginia Lucel, Dec. 17, 2,764 Creston Av.

JURIST—Mr. and Mrs. B. Jurist announce the birth of a daughter, Vera, Dec. 16, 1920.

LASSER—Mr. and Mrs. Maurice E. (nee Carrie Piaut) announce the birth of a son Dec. 17, at Long Island College Hospital.

LOWENBEIN—Mr. and Mrs. S. Willman (nee Cecelia Parnass) of 547 West 136th announce the birth of son, on Dec. 13, Manuel Square Sanitarium.

MENDELSON—Mr. and Mrs. Berthold S. Mendelson (nee Martha R. Hirsch), 200 Nagle Av., announce the arrival of a daughter, Helen Marjorie, Dec. 14, 1920.

PLOTKIN—Mr. and Mrs. Albert Plotkin (nee Lilli Klein) announce the birth of a son, Dec. 16, 1920, at Boyce Sanitarium.

WEILL—Mr and Mrs. J. Weill (nee Fannye Greenbaum) announce the birth of a daughter, Dec. 18, at Union Hospital, 188th St. and Valentine Av., Bronx.

WOLF—Mr. and Mrs. Ira A. Wolf (nee Wachtel) of 601 West 141st St. announce the birth of a son, Dec. 13.

Confirmation.

MESTER—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Mester, 723 McDonough St., Brooklyn, announce the bar mitzvah of their son, Matthew, Saturday morning, Dec. 25, at the Congregation Shaari Zedek, Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

SCHILLER—Mr. and Mrs. Lou J. Schiller, 610 West 141st St., announce the bar mitzvah of their son, Jerome, on Saturday, Dec. 25, at Temple Shaari Zedek, 21 West 118th St., 9:30 A. M.

Engaged.

BAUER — OBENDORFER — Mrs. Jennie J. Obendorfer announces the engagement of her daughter, Edith, to Mr. Felix U. Bauer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bauer of 17 East 97th St. At home, 306 West 93d St., on Saturday, Dec. 25, 1920.

BIRNBAUM — ROCHINGER — Mr. and Mrs. Marcus S. Rochinger announce the betrothal of their daughter Sadie Estelle to Mr. Adolph Birnbaum of Manhattan. At home Sunday, Dec. 26, 1920, after 8 P. M., 294 11th St., Brooklyn. No cards.

BUHLER—MISKALL—Mr. and Mrs. Paul E. Miskall of 2,416 Webb Av., New York, announce the engagement of their daughter Louise to Walter C. Buhler of 1,193 Fulton Av., this city, on Dec. 19, 1920.

COHEN—MILLER—Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Miller announce the engagement of their daughter, Edith, to Mr. Elliot Cohen, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Cohen of 448 Marlborough Road. At home Thursday, Jan. 6, 1921, from 3 to 6 P. M., 600 East 5th St., Brooklyn. No cards.

FRANK—ROSENTHAL—Mr. and Mrs. Mark Rosenthal of 100 Amity St., Brooklyn, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Constance, to George Frank of Newark, N. J. Reception at home Jan. 30, after 7 P. M. No cards.

FRANKLIN—FRIED—Mr. Joseph Fried announces the engagement of his daughter, Jeanette, to Mr. Moe Franklin, 544 West 172d St.

FRUCHT—FRANK—Mrs. Lester Frank of 226 West 78th St., city, announces the engagement of her daughter, Ruth H., to Mr. Joseph Frucht.

GINZBERG—LEVENSOHN—Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Neugroschl of 420 West 119th St. announce the betrothal of their sister, Sarah, N. Levensohn, to M. Nahum Ginzberg.

GLUCKMAN—SIEGEL—The engagement has been announced of Miss Rose Si gel of 667 West 161st St. to Mr. Herman Gluckman of Philadelphia and New York.

GOLDBERG—EPSTEIN—Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Epstein of 1,250 Central Park West announce the engagement of their daughter Miriam to Dr. Maurice Goldberg of Pittsburgh, Pa. At home to receive their friends Sunday, Jan. 2, from 2 to 6. No cards.

GOLDSTEIN—WEINSTEIN — Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Weinstein of 5,000 Drexel Blvd., Chicago, announce the engagement of their daughter Pearl Pauline, to Mr. Harold Gordon Goldstein, son of Mr. and Mrs. Abraham J. Goldstein of 745 Riverside Drive.

GOTTESMAN—GARFUNKEL—Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Garfunkel of 145 West 119th St. announce the engagement of their daughter, Esther, to Mr. Benjamin Gottesman. At home Sunday, Dec. 26, from 3 to 6 P. M. No cards.

GREENBERG—HYMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Julius Hyman of Hazleton, Pa., announce the engagement of their daughter Reba to Meyer Bernard Greenberg of New York City.

HARRIS—ALEXANDER—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Alexander of 700 Riverside Drive announce the engagement of their daughter, Sylvia, to Mr. Milton Harris, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Harris of Lawrence, Mass.

HARRIS—BUCKSBAUM—Mr. and Mrs. Robert S. Hecht of 341 West 112th St. announce the engagement of their niece, Hilda W. Bucksbaum, to Mr. Leslie D. Harris, son of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Harris, of New York City. Baltimore papers please copy.

HILLER—ALPER—Mr. and Mrs. Adolf Alper of 785 Cauldwell Av. announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Clara Alper to Aaron L. Hiller, Nov. 25, 1920.

HORN—FRIEDMAN—Mrs. Barbara Friedman, 143 West 113th St., announces the engagement of her daughter Carrie to Mr. Louis Horn. Reception 3-6, Sunday, Dec. 26, 2,384 Creston Av., Bronx. No cards.

JACOBSON—EPSTEIN—Mr. and Mrs. Max Epstein of 201 West 112th St. announce the engagement of their daughter Hortense to Mr. Nathanhall Jacobson.

KAHN—SINGER—Mrs. Fannie Singer announces the betrothal of her daughter, Gladys, to Mr. Philip Kahn. Reception Sunday afternoon, Dec. 26, 3 to 6, Hotel Commodore, New York.

KIEVE—STEINER—Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Steiner of Prague, Bohemia, now residing 59 Oakwood Av., Bogota, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter Leonoir to Mr. Caesar Kieve.

KLANG—GOTTLIEB—Mr. and Mrs. Herman Gottlieb of 53 St. Nicholas Av., New York City, beg announce the betrothal of their daughter Helen to Mr. Nathan Klang, son of Mrs. Mollie Klang of 414 Carlton Av., Brooklyn.

KRAUS—MAILMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Mailman of 1,000 Park Av., N. Y., announce the betrothal of their daughter Bessie to Mr. Otto E. Kraus of New York City. At home Saturday, Dec. 25, from 3-6 P. M., at 8 Amy Av., Utica; Sunday, Jan. 9, from 3 to 6 P. M., at 242 Tremont Av., New York.

LANGNER—ROTHLEIN—Mr. and Mrs. I. Langner of 700 Trinity Av., announce the betrothal of their daughter, Ethel, to Lewis S. Rothlein. At home from 3-6, Dec. 26, 1920.

LEVY—SEGALL—Mr. and Mrs. Louis S. Segall of 600 West 141st announce the engagement of their daughter, Annette, to Adolph R. Levy, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Levy, of 1,061 St. Nicholas Av. Reception later.

LEVY—WEIL—Mrs. Helen Weil, 1,093 Gates Av., Brooklyn, announces the engagement of her daughter, Dora, to Mr. Leo Levy of Brooklyn.

MAKOW—KLIMKELSTEIN—Mrs. Mollie Klimkelstiel of 1,116 Hoe Av., Bronx, announces the betrothal of her daughter, Berenice, to Mr. Max M. Makow of New York. Reception Sunday, Jan. 9, 1921, 8:30 P. M., at The Royal, 58 West 120th St., New York City. No cards.

MAYER—RESIDOR—Mr. and Mrs. Julius Residor of 88 Avon Av., Newark, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter Naomi to Max Reginald Mayer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Mayer of the St. Francis Hotel, Newark. A reception will be given at the Washington Rooms, N. J., on Sunday evening, Jan. 30. No cards.

MENDEL—SHAPIRO—Mr. and Mrs. Z. Shapiro of 1,159 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their daughter Augusta to Sidney Mendel, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Mendel of 488 East 89th St., New York. Reception Sunday, Dec. 26, between 4 and 6 P. M.

MEYER—DRIESEN—Mr. and Mrs. David Driesen of 640 Riverside Drive announce the betrothal of their daughter Mildred to Mr. Jay Meyer, son of Mr. and Mrs.

MILLER—HABER—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Haber of 152 Lenox Av. have announced the engagement of their daughter, Hannah, to Mr. Samuel Miller. Reception Hotel McAlpin, Sunday, Dec. 26, from 3 to 6 o'clock.

OSINOFF—KAYDEN—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel E. Kayden of 726 East 181st St. announce the engagement of their daughter, Rose E., to Herman Osinoff. Reception Sunday, Dec. 19, at Hotel Ansonia, from 2 until 6 o'clock.

ROSH—BECK—Mr. and Mrs. David Beck of 835 Castle Point Terrace, Hoboken, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Ida, to Mr. Samuel S. Rosh of New York City.

SAKOWITZ—ROSENCRANS—Mr. and Mrs. J. Rosencrans of 134 West 117th St. announce the engagement of their daughter, Lottie, to Nathan Sakowitz.

SARZIN—MAYER—Mr. and Mrs. Max Mayer of 380 West 161st St. announce the engagement of their daughter, Carolyn L. Mayer, to Mr. Ira Sarzin. At home Sunday, Jan. 2, from 3 to 6.

SCHECHNER—ROLLNICK—Mr. and Mrs. Morris Rollnick of 75 North 10th St., Flushing, announce the engagement of their daughter Minnie to Manny Schechner of 16 South 14th St., Flushing.

SCHLESSINGER—ABRAHAMS—Miss Jessie Abrahams of 103 West 114th St. announces her engagement to Mr. Harry Schlessinger of Brooklyn, Dec. 26.

SELIG—FRANK—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Frank of 1,322 Madison Av. have announced the engagement of their daughter Adele to Mr. Sigmund Selig. Reception Sunday, Dec. 19, from 3 until 6 o'clock at the Commodore Hotel. No cards.

SHAMSKY—RADINSKY—Mr. and Mrs. Harris Radinsky announce the engagement of their daughter Anna E. to Ruben Shamsky.

STARK—COSTELLO—Elizabeth Costello and Louis Stark announce their engagement, Dec. 19, 1920.

WEINMAN—BROOK—Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Brook announce the engagement of their daughter, Bertha, to Mr. Ira Weinman of 106 West 113th St., Manhattan. Reception Dec. 26, after 7 P. M., 228 17th St., Brooklyn. No cards.

Married.

BERNSTEIN—HIRSCH—Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Hirsch announce the marriage of their daughter, Helen Ida, to Mr. Nathan Carlisle Bernstein, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Bernstein of Brooklyn, on Dec. 14, at St. Regis Hotel.

BLOCH—SANFT—Mr. and

SEEKS TRUE POLICY IN TRANSPORTATION

Illinois Central President Denies Railroads and Waterways Need Compete.

FREIGHT WANTS BEST ROUTE

Mr. Markham Tells of Effects of Waterway Development on Railway Rates.

That railroads and waterways are not necessarily or naturally competitors, but should work together, the one transporting traffic most suitable for it to carry on rails to the benefit of the public and the other transporting traffic better moved on water, is the contention of Charles H. Markham, President of the Illinois Central Railroad.

Mr. Markham says that the public's welfare demands that transportation shall be rendered in any particular territory, or between any particular points, by that means which can render it most economically, due allowance being made for differences in the speed, regularity and other features of the service.

"There are many parts of the country," he says, "in which water transportation cannot be provided. There are others in which it can be provided, but not under conditions that would render it desirable or even feasible to have the freight business transferred from the railways to the waterways.

"There are still other parts where transportation by water has such great advantages over transportation by rail that the railways stand no chance of getting any considerable part of the business. Take, for example, the supplying of coal to the Northwest. The advantages of water transportation on the Great Lakes for bulky commodities moving in large volume are so great that the natural source of the Northwest's coal supply is the mines in the Pittsburgh district, in Ohio and West Virginia, and the natural route for it is by rail from the mines to Lake Erie ports and by boat to the head of the lakes. Only a small part of the coal going to the Northwest moves entirely by rail.

"There are, however, many parts of the country in which it is still debatable whether, if the waterways were developed, transportation by rail or by water would have the advantage in cheapness and efficiency. I do not wish to say anything against the governmental waterway policy which has been followed in the past. There is, however, one point regarding it on which I think all will agree. This is that it has not been carried out in such a way as best to determine where transportation by water, and where transportation by rail, are preferable. If the nation is to continue to spend many millions of dollars upon waterway development, the greatest immediate need seems to be the formulation of a definite and constructive policy under which waterway expenditures will be concentrated where physical and commercial conditions are favorable to the development of a large water borne traffic."

Mr. Markham's next attention to the fact that the development of waterways has often been urged to regulate railroad rates. He says that in many instances this has aroused the antagonism of railroad operators because of the effect they feared such development would have on the earning power of their companies. Since the rate of return on the aggregate value of the roads has been fixed at a minimum of 6 per cent. by the law, it is his opinion that executives now may take a more detached viewpoint.

"For the first time in the history of the country," he says, "there is recognition of the fact, not only by the general public, but by the law regulating railways, that to take care of the country's business the railroads must be enabled to provide adequate facilities, and that to provide adequate facilities they must be enabled to earn adequate returns.

"The Transportation act directs the Interstate Commerce Commission to so fix the rates as to enable the railroads of each group, if efficiently and economically managed, to earn a return of 5½ to 6 per cent. on their aggregate valuation. It follows that if waterways should be so developed in some parts of the country as to take freight business from certain lines of the railways, the Interstate Commerce Commission would have to make the rates high enough on the business left to yield the returns specified in the law.

"While, therefore, the development of waterways in certain parts of the country might make the cost of transportation lower to shippers located on the waterways, it might, because of the diversion of business from the railroads, actually make the rates of shippers located exclusively on the railways higher than they otherwise would be. However, as I have said, the Government should consider the policy adopted in relation to its effects on the public as a whole and not in relation to its effects on only part of the public.

"You may be sure that any competition would force the railways to reduce their rates, at least between points where the competition existed. I think there is a good deal of misunderstanding regarding competition between railways and waterways. My observation is that there never has been for any considerable time actual competition between them. When freight may move between certain points by either rail or water it always is but a short time until either the rail route gets it all or the water route gets it all.

"Transportation is one of the most important factors in industry and commerce. Therefore, upon the adequacy, efficiency and economy of our transportation service will largely depend the future welfare of our people. I know that many persons, including many advocates of the development of inland waterways, are disposed to regard with suspicion and questionings the policy of the railroads and any suggestions concerning a national transportation policy which may come from a railroad source. Undoubtedly, there have been reasons for this. I am not contending that the policy pursued by the railroads in relation to waterways or many other matters always has been right. I admit there have been abuses in their management, and that some of these have risen in their relations with the water carriers. I also believe, however, and think you will agree with me, that many millions of dollars have been wasted in efforts to promote navigation on some of our inland waterways which would not have been wasted if a constructive policy in dealing with this important question of transportation had been pursued; and what I am now advocating is the adoption of a policy of developing and using the waterways which will recognize the fundamental principle that traffic should be permitted to move by that route, whether highway, rail or water, which is, in fact, the most efficient and economical."

COARSE GRAINS HOLD TIGHT IN CHICAGO

But Wheat, Erratic, Closed 1-2c Lower on Nearby and Cent Higher on May.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—While the wheat market was erratic and finished half a cent lower on the nearby deliveries and 1 cent higher on May, coarse grains were strong and finished with corn ¾ cent lower to 1⅛ cents higher and oats ⅝@⅞ cents higher. With the British Commission out of the market as a buyer of wheat the local element were able to depress prices after March had advanced 2⅛ cents to $1.66⅛ and the finish was at $1.63½.

Some selling through commission houses was attributed to a local professional, but there has been considerable change in sentiment in quarters that have been excessively bearish on all grains for some time past and they were now expressing the belief that there is little money to be made on the bear side.

Export demand was kept under cover with sales of 250,000 bushels at the Gulf at 31 cents over Chicago March for January loading. Inability to secure round lots of cash wheat tends to check business, but the country offerings Southwest have been sufficiently ample to prevent any advance in premiums. No. 1 hard here has declined 1@2 cents in the last few days and sells at 3@5 cents over December. Little is heard regarding offerings of Manitobas and until supplies can be accumulated in the East business, except for forward shipment, is expected to be light.

The trade had a rumor today that an embargo was to be placed on exports, but this was quickly denied. The trade here believes that an import duty is almost certain to be imposed, however. Flour demand continues slow. Just before the close a sale of 150,000 bushels of wheat was made to go to store. Exporters have been taking a little No. 3 Northern from here on the basis of 4 cents under December, f. o. b. compared with a May price of 8 cents under. There were 70,000 bushels No. 3 Spring sold at 2 cents over December, track, Baltimore.

One of the leading local professionals who has been very bearish on corn has covered his lines and expresses the belief that there is little if any short side under 70 cents for May, regardless of the size of the crop or the movement. The latter is expected to be materially larger next week. In the sample market, cash corn lost ⅛@¼ cent, and oats ¾ as compared with the futures. Eastern demand continues slow. Some reduction in the visible supply of corn and oats is expected to be shown in Monday's statement.

Primary receipts of wheat for the week of 7,365,000 bushels compared with 8,496,000 last week, and 8,197,000 last year. Shipments were 4,852,000 bushels, against 5,634,000 the previous week, and 6,602,000 last year.

Corn receipts were 3,935,000 bushels, against 3,602,000 the previous week, and 3,310,000 last year. Shipments, 1,889,000 bushels, against 1,703,000 the previous week, and 2,077,000 last year.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	$1.67	$1.63½	$1.63½	$1.70	
March	1.66½	1.62½	1.63½	1.64	
May	1.61½	1.58	1.59¼	1.58	

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	70	68¾	69	69¾	1.43
May	73¾	71	84	73	1.34
July	74½	72¾	73¾	72¼	

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	47¾	46¾	46¾	45¾	81¾
May	49¾	48¼	48½	47¾	82¼
July	48¾	48¼	48½	47¾	78

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year
December	$1.58¾	$1.58¾	$1.56¾	$1.53¼	$1.73½
May	1.44½	1.42	1.42	1.38	1.79

PROVISIONS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year
Lard—					
Jan.	13.42	13.02	13.02	13.27	28.00
May	13.70	13.22	13.25	13.47	23.82
Ribs—					
Jan.	11.40	11.20	11.20	11.37	
May	12.05	11.80	11.80	11.90	19.00
Pork—					
Jan.	22.00	22.00	22.40	22.62	36.85

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 3,930 packages. Fine grade, prices firmly maintained; secondary qualities, fresh and held, wide range in values; ladles and packing, barely steady. Creamery, higher than extras, 1b, 35½@36c; extras, 92 score, 55c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 47@53½c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 45@46c; seconds, 43 to 87 score, 84@41c; lower grades, 33@35c; unsalted, higher than extras, 58@30c; extras, 57@57½c; firsts, 44@55½c; seconds, 38@43c; held or storage, high scoring, 50@51c; extras, 49c; firsts, 41@48c; seconds, 34@40c; lower grades, 30@33c; Danish casks, fresh, 49½@52c; State dairy tubs, finest, 51@52c; good to prime, 43@49c; common to fair, 32@42c; renovated, extras, 40@41c; ladles, current make, firsts, 27@28c; seconds, 24@25c; lower grades, 22@23c; packing stock, storage, 23½@24c; current make, No. 2, 22@22½c; lower grades, 20@21½c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 8,818 cases; fresh gathered, offerings ample at unchanged prices; Pacific Coast whites also, but accumulations are larger than of other kinds, gathered; storage, unchanged; fresh-gathered, extras, dozen, 76c; extra firsts, 75c; firsts, 73@74c; seconds, 70@72c; dirties, No. 1, 65@66c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 46@63c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, 62c; firsts, 60@61c; seconds, 57@58c; State, Pennsylvania and near by Western, hennery whites, extras, 84@85c; extra firsts, 81@83c; firsts, 80c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 80@83c; under grades, 72@79c; pullets, extra, 82@83c; Pacific Coast white, extras, 84@85c; extra firsts, 81@83c; firsts, 80c; under grades, 74@78c; pullets, selected, small out, 75@76c; unusual size, 68@72c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 70@82c; State, Pennsylvania and near by Western, hennery browns, extra, 77@78c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded extras, 76c; firsts to extra firsts, 73@75c.

Week's Mill Stock Sales in Boston.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—Sales of manufacturing and miscellaneous stocks in Boston this week:

2,187	Aeolian Webster Piano and Pianola Co.	12¾
1,558	Aeolian Webster Piano and Pianola Co. pf.	65
500	All Sugar Products Company	2
25	American Felt Company pf.	70
50	Bay State Fishing Co.	72
100	Decker Milling Machine Co.	7½
50	Decker Milling Machine Co. pf.	45
6	Boston Belting Co. pf.	50½
3	Gillette Safety Razor Co.	130
70	Gorton-Pew Fisheries Co. pf.	45@50
63	Hood Rubber Co. pf.	93¼
18	Kap Mfg. Co.	10
50	Kap Mfg. Co. voting trust ctfs.	10
200	Logan Johnson	10
85	Merrimac Chemical Co., ex div.	75
400	National Tool and Machine Co.	1
1	Naumkeag Steam Cotton Co.	195
2	Nyanza Mills	104
6	Snell & Simpson Co. pf.	20
545	U. S. Worsted Co.	1¾
100	U. S. Worsted Co. pf.	54
5	Walker Potash Co.	1½

FEDERAL RESERVES HAVE A BUSY WEEK

Government Operations Result in Large Reductions in Discounted Paper.

$19,000,000 GAIN IN GOLD

Decline of $10,300,000 in War Notes and Earning Assets Fall Nearly $93,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Large reductions in the holdings of discounted bills and a commensurate decrease in deposit liabilities are indicated in the Federal Reserve Board's weekly consolidated bank statement, issued as at close of business on Dec. 17, 1920. These changes reflect largely the week's heavy Government operations, including the redemption of the principal and the semi-annual interest coupons of about $700,000,000 of tax certificates issued at the beginning of the year, the payment of semi-annual interest on First Liberty bonds and Victory notes, the issuance of two new series of tax certificates aggregating about $590,000,000, and the handling of the last quarterly instalment of income and excess profits taxes due on the 15th of the month.

Redemption of large amounts of tax certificates enabled member banks to reduce considerably their indebtedness to the Reserve banks. As a consequence the Reserve banks' holdings of paper secured by Government war obligations show a decrease of $10,300,000; other discounts on hand, a decrease of $100,000,000, and holdings of acceptances purchased in open market, a decrease of $10,100,000.

An increase of $37,800,000 in Treasury certificate holdings represents approximately the difference between the total of $93,000,000 of special certificates taken by three reserve banks to cover temporary advances to the Government and the amount of tax certificates held among their assets and presented for redemption by the reserve banks. Total earning assets are given as $3,223,800,000, a decrease of $92,900,000 for the week.

Of the total holdings of about $1,189,000,000 of paper secured by Government war obligations $860,300,000, or 67 per cent., were secured by Liberty bonds; $295,400,000, or 25.5 per cent., by Victory notes, and $208,300,000, or 17.5 per cent., by Treasury certificates, as against 54.9, 27.5 and 17.6 per cent. of a corresponding total of $1,169,000,000 reported on the preceding Friday.

Discounted paper held by the Boston, Philadelphia and Cleveland banks includes about $111,000,000 bills discounted for five other reserve banks in the South and Middle West, compared with $125,400,000 held on the previous Friday for the same five banks and the reserve bank of New York, which redeemed, during the week, a total of $6,400,000 rediscounted with the Cleveland bank. Acceptance holdings of the San Francisco bank are given inclusive of $6,900,000 of bank acceptances purchased from the New York bank.

Government deposits show an increase for the week of $24,800,000. Members' reserve deposits fell off $20,100,000, while other deposits, composed largely of foreign Government credits and non-members' clearing accounts, increased by about $14,000,000. In connection with the large volume of tax checks and drafts received by the Reserve banks the "float" shows an increase of $126,300,000. Net deposits, as a consequence, were $107,700,000 less than the week before.

Federal Reserve note circulation shows an increase for the week of $52,500,000—all Reserve banks, except those at Cleveland, Minneapolis and Dallas, reporting substantial increases in their circulation figures. There was also an increase of $2,900,000 in Federal Reserve bank note circulation.

Gold reserves show a further gain for the week of $19,100,000, and total reserves a gain of $22,100,000. The banks' reserve percentage shows a rise from 44.5 to 45.6 per cent.

FEDERAL RESERVE STATEMENT.

The following table shows the total gold holdings and other chief items in this week's report of each of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks:

District.	Gold Reserve.	Bills on Hand.	Total Resources.	Due Members' Reserve Acct.	F. R. Notes in Circulat'n.
Boston	$190,674,000	$177,796,000	$503,873,000	$117,120,000	$293,067,000
New York	444,262,000	942,603,000	1,843,386,000	883,866,000	871,522,000
Philadelphia	199,451,000	180,894,000	490,290,000	103,174,000	278,521,000
Cleveland	281,467,000	200,981,000	633,081,000	152,340,000	348,252,000
Richmond	91,253,000	117,551,000	302,258,000	58,828,000	150,399,000
Atlanta	84,880,000	137,296,000	278,947,000	45,635,000	172,551,000
Chicago	304,843,000	470,860,000	938,985,000	230,834,000	547,[illegible]
St. Louis	80,065,000	119,119,000	268,521,000	63,293,000	136,374,000
Minneapolis	49,797,000	84,530,000	168,786,000	44,710,000	81,501,000
Kansas City	75,516,000	117,278,000	277,506,000	76,007,000	110,768,000
Dallas	44,148,000	70,456,000	181,645,000	48,583,000	81,256,000
San Francisco	199,208,000	212,396,000	470,495,000	114,928,000	271,851,000

Consolidated statement of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks compares as follows:

RESOURCES.

	Last Week.	Previous Week.	Year Ago.
Gold coin and certificates	$211,497,000	$194,869,000	$241,320,000
Gold settlement fund, Federal Reserve Board	353,565,000	410,917,000	390,338,000
Gold with foreign agencies	67,745,000	67,745,000	137,717,000
Total gold held by banks	$633,106,000	$673,531,000	$778,977,000
Gold with Federal Reserve agents	1,269,725,000	1,210,583,000	1,201,834,000
Gold redemption fund	151,525,000	151,177,000	115,182,000
Total gold reserves	$2,054,368,000	$2,035,271,000	$2,095,813,000
Legal tender notes, silver, &c.	180,100,000	177,136,000	59,096,000
Total reserves	$2,234,468,000	$2,212,407,000	$2,154,911,000
Bills discounted:			
Secured by Government war obligations	1,158,974,000	1,169,244,000	1,414,950,000
All other	1,487,775,000	1,547,395,000	980,162,000
Bills bought in open market	254,209,000	244,690,000	564,366,000
Total bills on hand	$2,831,358,000	$2,961,329,000	$2,561,378,000
United States Government bonds	26,859,000	26,857,000	26,846,000
United States Victory notes	69,000	69,000	44,100
United States certificates of indebtedness	385,555,000	328,294,000	303,558,000
Total earning assets	$3,223,841,000	$3,316,749,000	$2,891,836,000
Bank premises	17,952,000	17,658,000	12,886,000
Uncollected items and other deductions from gross deposits	890,042,000	666,505,000	1,140,224,000
Five per cent. redemption fund against Federal Reserve Bank notes	12,530,000	11,387,000	13,833,000
All other resources	8,430,000	8,332,000	11,314,000
Total resources	$5,387,263,000	$6,223,038,000	$6,224,804,000

LIABILITIES.

Capital paid in	$99,275,000	$99,176,000	$87,049,000
Surplus	164,745,000	164,745,000	81,087,000
Government deposits	63,173,000	38,394,000	64,459,000
Due to members—reserve account	1,738,826,000	1,756,967,000	1,733,613,000
Deferred availability items	614,186,000	715,854,000	846,807,000
Other deposits included for Govt. credits	38,471,000	24,511,000	106,069,000
Total gross deposits	$2,444,636,000	$2,328,808,000	$2,751,148,000
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	3,344,332,000	3,311,842,000	2,983,894,000
Federal Reserve Bank notes in circulation, net liability	217,434,000	214,523,000	259,975,000
All other liabilities	113,648,000	113,504,000	56,451,000
Total liabilities	$5,387,263,000	$6,223,038,000	$6,224,804,000
Ratio of total reserves to net deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	45.6%	44.5%	44.5%
Ratio of gold reserves to Federal Reserve notes in circulation after setting aside 35 per cent. against net deposit liabilities	50.5%	49.2%	53.2%

Gain of $600,000,000, in the Week, In New York City's Individual Debits

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Aggregate debits to individual account, as reported by 150 of the country's leading clearing house associations for the week ending Dec. 15, were $9,649,000,000, or $893,000,000 more than for the immediately preceding week.

Larger totals are reported for all the important centres, except New Orleans, Minneapolis, Kansas City and Dallas. The increase in debits for New York City alone, where the volume of Stock Exchange transactions was much larger than the week before, amounted to more than $600,000,000.

As compared with the corresponding week in 1919, which ended on Dec. 17 and saw the collection of a large volume of tax checks, debits for the week under review are $1,422,000,000 smaller, decreases being reported for all the important centres, except Pittsburgh and San Francisco.

The table which follows enters into details:

DEBITS TO INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNTS.

Comparative figures for centres reporting for week ending—

	Dec. 15, 1920.	Dec. 8, 1920.	Dec. 17, 1920.
New York	$5,152,512,000	$4,625,710,000	$5,944,952,000
Boston	464,772,000	410,923,000	606,811,000
Philadelphia	446,929,000	404,483,000	496,080,000
Cleveland	224,228,000	556,822,000	240,193,000
Richmond	189,900,000	189,677,000	215,175,000
Atlanta	209,062,000	217,908,000	293,870,000
Chicago	1,108,322,000	1,014,228,000	1,223,778,000
St. Louis	213,492,000	201,897,000	274,129,000
Minneapolis	177,803,000	180,564,000	153,277,000
Kansas City	285,013,000	253,057,000	336,128,000
Dallas	122,700,000	145,682,000	163,557,000
San Francisco	559,568,000	524,140,000	595,956,000
Total	$9,649,384,000	$8,656,453,000	$10,970,934,000

Eastern Cotton Mill Stocks Quoted.

Special to the New York Times.

FALL RIVER Dec 18—Following are the latest quotations of cotton mill stocks:

	Bid.	Asked.	Sold.
American Linen Co.	110	135½	..
Arkwright Mills	90	..	..
Barnard Mfg. Co.	200	..	..
Border City Mfg. Co.	130	..	..
Chace Mills	185	185	..
Charlton Mills	..	185	..
Cornell Mills	200	..	..
Connecticut Mills	155	..	..
Davol Mills	..	160	..
Davis Mills	..	..	165
Flint Mills	190	..	200
Granite Mills	140	157	..
Hargraves Mills	..	55	..
King Philip Mills	..	150	..
Laurel Lake Mills	..	150	..
Lincoln Mfg. Co.	130	..	..
Merchant Mfg. Co.	190	..	..
Mechanics Mills	..	145	..
Narragansett Mills	185	..	..
Osborn Mills	..	150	..
Parker Mills	50	44	..
Pilgrim Mills common	..	210	..
Do pf.	104	..	..
Pocasset Mfg. Co.	100	..	..
Sagamore Mfg. Co.	850	..	..
Seacomet Mills	..	80	..
Shove Mills	..	101	..
Stafford Mills	..	135	125
Tecumseh Mills	..	210	..
Union Cotton Mfg. Co.	200	..	..
Wampanoag Mills	..	165	..
Weetamoe Mills	..	150	..
King Philip Rights	70	75	..
Davis Rights	35	..	..
Arkwright Rights	10	..	..

Reserve Ratio at New York.

The highest reserve ratio of the New York Federal Reserve Bank was 43.7 per cent. on Sept. 25, and the lowest 37.1 on Feb. 21. During the last few weeks the percentage has been considerably nearer to the February minimum than to the September maximum.

Manufactures of France.

Import of raw materials into France during the first ten months of 1920 increased 3,067,788,000 francs over 1919, whereas export of manufactured goods increased 7,407,986,000.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.

Alpha	.60	Dividend	.02
Andes	.50	East Divide	.02
Best & Belcher	.15	Extension	.27
Challenge Con	1.20	Florence	.03
Concordia	.08	Gold Reef	.04
Confidence	1.80	Harmill	.20
Gould & Curry	.07	Hasbrouck	.02
Hale & Norcross	.19	Kerrick	.06
Imperial	.70	Knox	.06
Mexican	.16	Myrtle	.02
Ophir	.23	Revert	.02
Overman	.20	Verdi	.03
Seg. Belcher	.10	Victory	.04
Scorpion	.03	West	.06
Sierra Nevada	.11	Zone	.21
Union	.25	GOLDFIELD.	
Utah	.03	Booth	.08
TONOPAH.		Consolidated	.06
Belmont	1.30	Crackerjack	.04
Cash Boy	.05	Development	.02
Jim Butler	.14	Florence	.12
MacNamara	.15	Fraction	.03
MacNamara Cr.	.04	Jumbo Extension	.04
Midway	.13	Lone Star	.04
Monarch	.03	Silver Pick	.04
North Star	.05	Spearhead	.04
Rescue	.19	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Tonopah Ext	1.30	Arrowhead	.06
Tonopah, Tel	.06	Black Mammoth	.05
West End	.85	Broken Hills	.14
West Tonopah	.04	Bullwhacker	.51
DIVIDE.		Climax	.04
Alto	.04	Crossus	.21
Belcher	.03	Holly	.145
Belcher Ext	.03	Round Mountain	.14
Brougher	.10	Simon	.87
Divide Tonopah	1.17½	Sterling	.08
		White Caps	.04

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	1¼	1¾	Mary McK.	3	5
Elkton	2	2¼	Portland	35	45
El Paso	7	9	U. Gold M.	8	10¼
Gold Cycle	90	91	Vindicator	12	16
Granite	7	8	Rose Nicol	4	6
Isabella	3¾	4¼			

Discount on Canadian Exchange.

The discount on Canadian exchange in the New York market reached toward the close of last week the lowest figure of the year, when the exchange value of the Canadian dollar was 85 cents. The most favorable quotation reached by Canadian exchange in 1920 was on March 30, when the Canadian dollar sold at 92⅛ cents.

PAYS BIG STOCK DIVIDEND.

Magnolia Petroleum Authorizes 100 Per Cent. Distribution Dec. 23.

DALLAS, Texas, Dec. 18.—The trustees of the Magnolia Petroleum Company at a meeting here today ordered paid on Dec. 23 the $60,000,000 authorized capital stock increase, heretofore unissued, to the stockholders of the company as a 100 per cent. stock dividend.

The stock dividend is to be paid to the stockholders based on the company's record of their issued and outstanding stock on Dec. 27, according to announcement by W. C. Proctor, Treasurer of the company.

The usual quarterly cash dividend of 1½ per cent., plus a special additional cash dividend of one-half of 1 per cent. also was ordered paid on Jan. 5 to stockholders of record on Dec. 27.

THE AVERAGE OF PRICES.

Bureau of Labor's Estimate for November and Previous Months.

The estimate of the Bureau of Labor on the average price of 326 commodities for November (figures being given on the basis of par for the 1913 general average) is 207, as compared with 225 in October, 242 in September and 272 in May, the high point of the year. The average for the same commodities in November, 1919, was 230. The decline from the high point of the year is slightly in excess of 24 per cent. and from a year ago is 10 per cent.

The report of the bureau remarks that out of the 326 commodities included in the computation 198 showed decrease in November, 41 showed increase and 87 indicated no change in price. As compared with November, 1919, the index number for the separate groups of products compares as follows:

Groups.	1920.	1919.
Farm products	165	240
Food, &c.	196	210
Cloths and clothing	234	322
Fuel and lighting	258	179
Metals and metal products	170	164
Building materials	274	236
Chemicals and drugs	207	176
House furnishing goods	369	296
Miscellaneous	220	220
All commodities	207	230

Boston Slow on Copper Mine Talk.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—The Mohawk Mining Company will soon drift and cut new stops in No. 1 shaft, recently opened. Sinking will also be resumed. The company's November output was 760,567 pounds of copper, against 650,788 in October. Wolverine reduced 195,379 pounds, against 257,765.

Fire Record.

A. M.

6:40—Pier 1, North River (SS. Belvidere); United States Shipping Board ..... Loss. Not given

8:45—Front of 107 Varick St. (auto); Empire Carting Co. ..... Not given

7:45—15 E. 21 St.; Hotel Courte ..... Not given

8:15—2,138 3 Av.; Sam Sherman ..... Not given

8:15—2,140 3 Av. ..... Not given

8:20—1,035 Morris Av.; Henry Schuber ..... Not given

10:15—681 6 Av. (awning); Louis Bernstein ..... Not given

10:15—102 W. 38 St.; Mrs. David Fields ..... Not given

11:00—47th St. & North River (boat); O'Brien Brothers ..... Slight

P. M.

12:15—502 W. 182 St. (roof) ..... Not given

1:35—1,812 1 Av. ..... Not given

2:40—Front of 76 Bowery (wagon); D. & C. ..... Slight

3:20—49 E. 124 St.; Peter Gayor ..... Not given

4:40—210 W. 51 St.; Hecht Magneto Co. ..... Slight

5:10—15 to 29 St.; Harry Williams ..... Slight

5:30—22 W. 34 St.; Bazard Coal Co. ..... Slight

5:45—446 W. 37 St. ..... Not given

5:50—301 E. 118 St.; A. Gantano ..... Not given

6:15—224 W. 53 St.; Mary McCarthy ..... Slight

7:15—Pilot St., & City Island Av. ..... Slight

10:20—18 Av. A; Eli Clothing Co. ..... Slight

10:35—528 E. 142 St.; M. Cosholi ..... Slight

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Pressure was low Saturday over the region of the Great Lakes, the North Atlantic States, Texas and from the Rocky Mountain region westward, and it was high from the Canadian Northwest, southeastward over the Missouri and Mississippi Valleys and the Southeastern States.

Snow flurries cestered Saturday in the region of the Great Lakes, the Upper Ohio Valley and the interior of New York, and rain fell in the Lower Mississippi Valley and in the Pacific States from Central California northward. Light snow fell in the North Rocky Mountain region and portions of the Central Plains States.

The temperature was below normal Saturday night in practically all sections east of the Rocky Mountains except New England and Texas, and readings were zero or below in North Dakota and the Canadian Provinces to the northward.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND MONDAY.

North New England—Partly cloudy Sunday and Monday; not much change in temperature, moderate to fresh west winds.

South New England—Fair Sunday and Monday; not much change in temperature.

Eastern New York—Generally fair Sunday and Monday, except probably snow flurries in extreme north portion; not much change in temperature.

New Jersey—Fair Sunday and Monday; little change in temperature.

Western New York—Cloudy weather Sunday and Monday, probably light snow; not much change in temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows.

1920.		1919.		1920.		1919.	
3 A. M.	32	3	6 P. M.	33		12
6 A. M.	32	0	6 P. M.	32		13
9 A. M.	32	1	9 P. M.	30		11
12 M.	35	7	11 P. M.	31		12

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 32; for the corresponding date last year it was 7; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 24.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 27; at 8 P. M. it was 32. Maximum temperature, 39 degrees at 3:20 P. M.; minimum, 27 degrees at 8:15 A. M. Humidity, 66 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 56 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.71 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.98 inches.

Weather in Grain and Cotton States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—Forecast:

N. C.—Fair Sun., probably becoming unsettled Mon.; not much change in temp.

S. C. and Ga.—Cloudy Sun.; Mon. unsettled, probably rain; not much change in temp.

Fla.—Increasing cloudiness, somewhat warmer Sun.; Mon. unsettled, probably rain.

Extreme N. W. Fla., Ala. and Miss.—Unsettled Sun. and Mon., probably rain; not much change in temp.

Tenn.—Increasing cloudiness Sun., probably rain by night in s. w.; Mon. unsettled, probably rain; not much change in temp.

Ky.—Partly cloudy Sun.; Mon. probably unsettled; not much change in temp.

Ohio—Generally fair Sun. and Mon., except possibly snow flurries near Lake Erie Sun.; not much change in temp.

Ind.—Fair Sun.; Mon. cloudy, somewhat unsettled; not much change in temp.

Lower Mich.—Cloudy Sun. and Mon., with snow flurries in w.; not much change in temp.

Upper Mich.—Cloudy Sun. and Mon., probably snow in n. w.; not much change in temp.

Ill.—Generally fair Sun. and probably Mon.; not much change in temp.

Mo.—Cloudy and unsettled weather Sun. and probably Mon.; not much change in temp.

Wis., Minn. and N. Dak.—Generally fair Sun. and probably Mon.; continued cold.

Iowa—Cloudy, unsettled weather Sun. and probably Mon.; probably light snow flurries in w.; not much change in temp.

S. Dak.—Unsettled weather Sun. and Mon., probably light snow in s. and w.; not much change in temp.

Neb.—Unsettled weather Sun. and Mon., probably light snow; somewhat colder Sun. in s. w.

Kan.—Generally fair Sun. and probably Mon.; not much change in temp.

Mont.—Light snow probably Sun. and Mon.; not much change in temp.

Wyo.—Partly cloudy Sun. and Mon., with occasional light snow; somewhat colder Sun. in n. e.

California Bank Closed.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Dec. 18.—The First National Bank of Gridley, Butte County, with deposits estimated at $75,000, did not open its doors for business today, says a dispatch to The Bee. Officers of the bank refused to make a statement. Two National Bank Inspectors are in charge.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

The following companies announced dividends during the last week:

STEAM RAILROADS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Books Close.
Albany & Sus.	2	—	Jan. 3	*Dec. 20
Ashland Coal & Iron Ry.	1	—		*Dec. 25
All. C. L. R.R.	2½	S	Jan. 10	*Dec. 27
Balt. & Ohio pf.	2	S	Mar. 1	*Jan. 15
Can. Southern	1½	S	Feb. 1	Jan. 3
Chi., B. & Q.	2	Q	Dec. 27	Dec. 20
C., C. C. & St. L. pf.	1¼	Q	Jan. 20	Jan. 3
Det. R. Tunnel	3	Q	Jan. 15	Jan. 3
Gt. North. pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 1	*Jan. 3
Kan. & Mich.	1½	Q	Dec. 30	Dec. 23
Lit. Schuyl. N. R. & C.	$1.25	—	Jan. 15	Dec. 17
Louis. & Nash.	2½	S	Feb. 10	Jan. 18
Mahon. C. R.R.	$5	S	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Do pf.	$1.25	S	Jan. 3	Dec. 24
Mich. Central	2	S	Jan. 20	Jan. 3
N. Y. Central	1¼	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 3
Nor. Central	$2	S	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Nor. Pacific	1½	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 11
Pit

Gimbels
Phone Number
Pennsylvania
5100

9 A. M. to 6 P. M.
These are the special store hours until Christmas. Try to shop early in the morning.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY
The Store of a Million Gifts

Thousands of Dollars Half-Price Christmas Tree Ornaments
Half-Price: Many Toys: Reduced
GIMBELS TOY SHOP—Fourth and Sixth Floors.

For Other Gimbel News See Sections 1 and 2



Big Savings in This Sale of 1331 Blouses
---in Supremely Well Tailored Styles and Costume Models

Heavy Crepes de Chine
Excellent Lustrous Satins
Fine Georgettes
Smart New Taffetas
Men's Wear Silks

Over forty styles in this sale—and only five of them shown here. Every one excellently made—finely fabriced—designed for wear with the best of tailored costumes. You will realize the price concessions only when you see the blouses.

$3.95

AVERAGE LESS THAN HALF REGULAR PRICE

The Wanted Navy Blues
Becoming Browns and Beiges
Plenty of Black Blouses, too
A Few of the High Shades
And Flesh or White, of Course

And, not illustrated, but worth attention are a group of 200 EXTRA SIZE BLOUSES in two specially designed models. Both are made of good Georgette—one braided, the other beaded and embroidered. Sizes range from 48 to 54.

Christmas Boxes If You Want Them.

Gimbels Blouse Shop—Third Floor

LINENS to Go Into Christmas Bundles
And Subtract a Pretty Penny from Christmas Bills

Real Mosaic Tea and Luncheon Napkins
$4.50 for 6 — Hemstitched, with mosaic hand-embroidered corners; boxed.

Real Madeira 13-Pc. Luncheon Sets
$5.75 — Hand-scalloped and embroidered on fine Irish linen. Others up to $14.50.

Real Madeira Guest Room Towels
$1.50 — Hand-scalloped and hand-embroidered on good huck. Others $2.50.

Pure Irish Linen Huck Towels
$1.49 — Fine quality; damask borders; daintily hemstitched. 18x32 inches.

Real Madeira Tea or Luncheon Napkins
$4.50 for 6 — Fine Irish linen; hand-embroidered and scalloped. Others $5.50.

7-Pc. Turkish Towel Sets
$7.50 — 1 Bath Mat, 2 large Towels, 2 small Towels and 2 Wash Cloths.

GIMBELS LINEN SHOP—Second Floor.

Chinese Mandarin Coats
Gorgeous for Wraps
For Tea Gowns: For Negligee

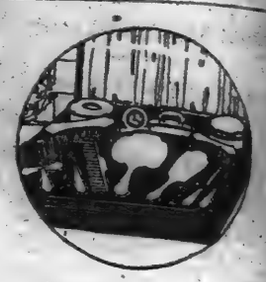
at 20% off The Former Low Prices

This is a very beautiful collection of these wonderfully embroidered garments—gathered together by a connoisseur, a few at a time, from the little villages throughout China, from the larger cities—many, of course, coming from Pekin.

The colorings are beyond description—gorgeous designs in hand embroidery, on beautiful gauze silks and satins—many rich with threads of gold.

Reduced Prices: $12.00 to $59.22

GIMBELS NEGLIGEE SHOP—Second Floor.



Gift List
For the Thrifty Christmas Purse: for Men and Women

Ivory Pyralin Toilet Set Reduced to $60.00
18 pieces in a large leatherette case, hinged and effectively lined. Hair brush, comb, mirror, puff box, hair receiver, cloth brush, hat brush, buffer, clock, bonnet brush, cuticle knife, nail file and button hook. *(Illustrated.)*

Ivory Pyralin La Belle Set, consisting of eleven pieces. Sale price (monogrammed free), $35.00

Lady Betty Toilet Set, consisting of fourteen pieces, monogrammed, $48.00

Beautiful Ivory Pyralin Toilet Sets in Colortone, red, red and gold, black, black and gold; sets from $34.75 up

Betsy Ross Toilet Articles, 85c to $7.50

Picture Frames, Du Barry style, each, $2.25

Roll-Up Manicure Sets, in leather cases, $6.50 to $45.00

Standing Shaving Mirrors, $1.50 to $18.00

Standing Shaving Sets, $5.00 to $20.00

Military Brushes, pair, $6.50 to $25.00

Rubberset Shaving Brushes, $1.50 to $25.00

Hair Brushes for Women, fine bristles, wooden back, $1.50 to $14.00

Cutex Manicure Set, $1.50 to $6.00

Manicure Scissors, pair, 85c

Professional Nail Buffers, $1.25

Perfume Sets Holiday-Boxed

Mavis Perfume Set, 3 pieces, $2.50

Hudnut's Perfume Set, 5 pieces, $7.50

Miro-Dena Perfume Set, 6 pieces, $75.00

Bradley Perfume Set, 5 pieces, $7.75

Colgate Perfume Set, 4 pieces, $6.00

Spiehler Perfume Set, 4 pieces, $4.50

Djer-Kiss Perfume Sets, $2.75 to $7.50

Coty's Perfumes

Lilas Poupre	$6.75
Chypre	5.50
L'Effleurt	4.75
L'Origan	4.75
Lilas Blanc	3.85
Ambre Antique	10.00
L'Or	4.75

GIMBELS—Main Floor.

FURS So Fine That Any Mere Man May Safely Choose Them

His Wife Will Like the Furs And He Will Like the SAVINGS Which 35% to 50% Reductions Bring



Eight Coat Items Sure to Strike the Heart of Any Woman's Fashion Desires

Hudson Seal Coats in a sports model. Either self collars or squirrel trimmed. **$179**

French Seal Coats, three-quarter length—with skunk, beaver or squirrel collar and cuffs. **$195**

Australian Opossum Coats, three-quarter length. Of excellent pelts. **$245**

Grey Squirrel Coats in a smart trotteur model. Generously large collars. **$275**

Hudson Seal Coats, three-quarter length—or short Hudson Seal wraps. **$275**

Moleskin Wrap—long and exceedingly graceful. Made of choice skins. **$369**

$425 Hudson Seal long cape-wraps of fine skins, finely lined and finished.

Grey Squirrel Wrap, full length. Of exquisitely shaded Siberian skins. **$589**

Six Best Sellers in Small Furs

Taupe Wolf Scarfs	$39.50	Skunk Muffs	$37.50
Australian Opossum Collars	24.50	Hudson Seal Muffs	12.50
Skunk Collars	39.50	Nutria Muffs	18.50

GIMBELS FUR SHOP—Third Floor

54 Inch Kayser Fibre Silk
Tricolette
$2.25 a yd.

Below Cost Price

A heavy winter weight, closely woven tricolette and—one and one-half yards wide!

We are closing out our last 1500 yards of this beautiful fabric at far below cost.

In pink, white, Copenhagen blue, tan, seal brown, henna, old rose, navy and black.

GIMBELS—Second Floor.

PAY HALF
or Less on Wearpledge Clothes for Boys

Splendid assortments still available in the great sale—because every single garment was a wonder.

$7.50 is the Price at Which Overcoats, Suits and Mackinaws Start in This Great Sale



* * *

AND THE ENTIRE GIMBEL STOCK OF SUITS, OVERCOATS, MACKINAWS, RAINCOATS, SWEATERS AND NOVELTY SUITS AT EXACTLY HALF PRICE

GIMBELS BOYS' CLOTHING SHOP—Fourth Floor.

Milanese Glove Silk Jersey Petticoats

Offer Wonderful Values at **$5.95**

These petticoats, in a beautiful quality silk Jersey, are in straight line pleated model, handsomely trimmed with three rows of one-inch satin ribbon—an exceptional value and a most desirable gift item.

In Black and Street Shades

Other Silk Petticoats..$3.95 to $26.00
Cotton Petticoats.....$1.00 to $3.95

GIMBELS PETTICOAT SHOP—Second Floor

Hair Bows and Ribbon Novelties

Ready for Christmas Giving

Hair Bow Sets, three pretty ribbons in a box, $1.25

Hair Bows for Parties, a beautiful brocaded ribbon bow, made up with clasp; prettily $1.00

Slipper Trees, ribbon covered and gay with little rosebuds, 75c

Sewing Bags, in pretty designs made up in plain and flowered ribbons, $1.25

GIMBELS—Main Floor

Embroidered Bordered Serges

Offer Wonderful Values at Greatly Reduced Prices **$5.50** a yd.

These beautiful fabrics offer a saving of several dollars on every yard bought. Richly embroidered designs in one, two and three tone color combinations in silk and in tinsel—on a fine quality all wool navy blue serge.

GIMBELS WOOLEN FABRIC SHOP—Second Floor.

Save 40% to 50% In This GIFT FURNITURE SALE

$200,000 worth of bookcases, desks, tables, ferneries, chairs, and other odd pieces taken from regular Gimbel stocks and REDUCED.



Lacquered Trousseau Chest. Reduced to $275

Arm Chair in Tapestry and Velours. Reduced to $66

Spanish Umbrian Drop Leaf Table. Reduced to $47.50

Lacquered Decorated Curio Cabinets. $76.50

Arm Chair in Mission Design. Reduced to $24.00

Colonial Living Room Tables. Reduced to $32.50

Lacquered Movable Toilet Mirror. Reduced to $31

Toilet Table in Walnut triplicate mirror. Now $57.50

Chest of Drawers in mahogany. Reduced to $50

Queen Anne Settee covered in cretonne. Reduced to $70

GIMBELS FURNITURE SHOP—Seventh Floor

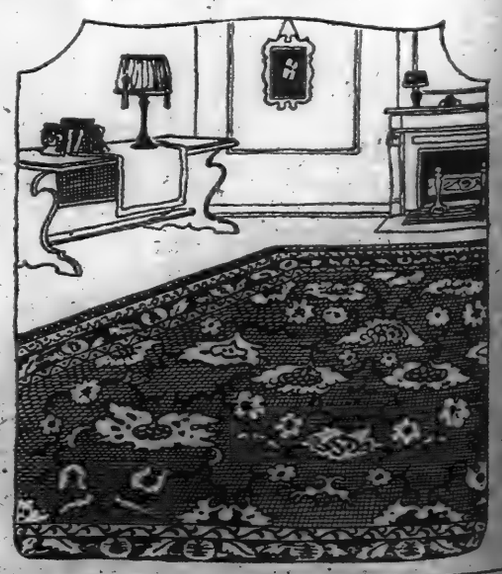
Sale of $25000 Worth of the Famous Whittall Rugs : Greatly Underpriced

An Event That Breaks All Precedent With A Sweeping Christmas Sale Reduction

9x12 ft. Anglo Persian Rug . . . $127.50
9x12 ft. Royal Worcester Rug . . $106.00
9x12 Teprac Wilton Rug $93.50

AND a limited number of other room sizes; 6x9 feet to 11.3x15 feet—at equal reductions.

WHITTALL'S THE MARK OF QUALITY



Taken right from our stocks

Whittall Rugs—with all that the name of Whittall means as to quality—as to beauty, color and patterning. An unexpected opportunity—made more potent because it's a Christmas opportunity. Over 150 of the 9x12 ft. size alone—and very few of any one pattern—probably the widest choice of patterns ever offered. A sale that includes $25,000 worth of rugs—mostly 9x12 foot size—of discontinued patterns. Wiltons of the finest grades. Anglo Persians fully a third less than the price for which they were made to sell—Royal Worcesters and sturdy Tepracs one-quarter under their original prices. A saving you can quickly calculate—and as quickly take advantage of.

Sale Starts at 9 A. M. Tomorrow
Gimbels Rug Store: Sixth Floor

Brooklyn, Long Island and New Jersey Customers Direct to Gimbels via Tubes and Subways

Section 2 EDITORIAL SECTION

The New York Times.

EDITORIAL SECTION Section 2

E + SUNDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1920. E

LAWYERS WHO FACED WAR PERIL WIN FEES

Obtain Judgment for $20,500 for Services in Strange Will Contest.

ONE CAPTURED BY U-BOAT

Referee Says They Accomplished Their Purpose, but Allows Nothing Extra for Risk.

$1,000,000 ESTATE AT STAKE

Attorneys, at Client's Request, Sought Testimony of Witnesses in Holland and Belgium.

In one of the most unusual suits ever heard here, involving the right of attorneys to collect from a client for service rendered under dangerous conditions, ex-Justice Edward Hatch, as referee, has awarded $20,500 to Henry Bennett Leary and William U. Goodbody, members of the former law firm of Leary & Goodbody, against Stanislaus P. M. C. de Ridder. The opinion of Referee Hatch, whose decision is appealable only to the Appellate Division, shows that both attorneys made trips abroad at the time German submarine warfare was being prosecuted and that Mr. Goodbody was taken by a German submarine to an internment camp in Belgium, while Mr. Leary, who made a later trip narrowly escaped death both by a submarine attack on a passenger vessel and by a Zeppelin raid on London.

The decision is interesting in view of the fact that while Referee Hatch awards to the attorneys all they asked, he does so on the ground that it was the reasonable value of their services and not because of the dangers involved in rendering the service at the client's request. On this point the referee says concerning the claim of Mr. Goodbody:

"I see no reason why this lawyer, having gone at the request of de Ridder to Holland, is not entitled to reasonable compensation for his services. The compensation here spoken of is embraced within the time he was necessarily absent from New York while engaged in the business of the defendant. This, I think, fairly embraces the time he was waiting for the boat in Holland, also the time when he was taken by the submarine to Zeebrugge, his internment and his subsequent presence in Holland awaiting an opportunity to sail for home. Under the then disturbed conditions such experience may be said to have been fairly within the reasonable contemplation of the parties.

Not Paid for Perils He Faced.

"He is not entitled to any compensation for the dangers which he encountered or for the character of the perils with which he was confronted, or might be; that was not legal service, and if he desired to make any claim for that he must have made a special contract concerning it. * * * He made no such agreement."

The facts of the case were that the defendant was a brother of Eugene de Ridder, a Belgian refugee who died in Holland on April 2, 1916. He left an estate estimated at $1,000,000, the bulk of which he inherited from his uncle, Guillaume A. Reusens, who died in Westchester County in 1915, leaving a fortune largely in Westchester real estate. After de Ridder's death a will was offered for probate here by which he devised three-quarters of his estate to a Mrs. Eloise Walter and the other quarter to Stanislaus de Ridder, the client of Leary & Goodbody, against whom they brought the suit.

The defendant in the absence of the will would have inherited his brother's entire estate, and in opposing probate of the will he asserted that Mrs. Walter was not a relative of his brother and that she with others was responsible for his brother's death. The alleged will was in the possession of a notary in Holland and in connection with the contest of the document the defendant desired to obtain all facts available in the Dutch internment camp surrounding his brother's death, and to interview the witnesses.

After many legal moves had been made in behalf of the defendant, his attorney, in the Fall of 1916, got an order to make an oral cross-examination of the witnesses of the will in Holland, and it was suggested that one of the attorneys ought to go abroad and investigate the circumstances in Holland.

Client Consented to Trip.

The referee finds that the defendant consented to the trip taken by Attorney Goodbody for that purpose and for that reason he is liable to the lawyer for reasonable compensation for his services. The referee says that when he sailed the passage of Dutch vessels was not greatly interfered with, but before he returned the German submarine policy was in full effect. When Mr. Goodbody had talked with witnesses in Holland and got such information as he could he learned that a number of Belgian refugees who might have facts he wanted were in England, and he got passage to go there while de Ridder, the defendant, returned to New York on the vessel that took him over.

Attorney Goodbody's steamer was intercepted in the North Sea. He was taken to the internment camp and while held there tried to get permission from the German occupation authorities to prosecute his inquiries in Belgium, but was refused. Finally, through the intercession of the American Minister, he was released, then returned to Holland for two weeks, and finally landed safely in England. He interviewed refugees who had known de Ridder and returned home.

The referee says that, although the attorney did not obtain any evidence of great value to the defendant, yet as a result of his activities the commission to take the testimony necessary to prove the will was never executed.

Attorney Leary's trip was made in an attempt to reach Holland in the Fall of 1917 for an examination of the witnesses. He sailed at the request of the defendant, the referee says, at a time when

Continued on Page 3, This Section.

"MOVIE" WILL SHOW HOW NEW YORK IS FED

Prepared by State Division of Foods and Markets to Educate Public.

A motion picture showing how New York gets its food has just been completed under the direction of Dr. Eugene H. Porter, State Commissioner of Foods and Markets, and it will be shown for the first time this week at the Rialto Theatre, it was announced yesterday at the office of Dr. Porter in this city. Arrangements are being made, it was said, to have the entire film shown in other parts of the city later. Prints of the film will be loaned without cost to motion-picture theatres, schools and civic organizations, upon application to the New York office of the State Division of Foods and Markets, 90 West Broadway.

The picture was taken in the Summer under the personal direction of Herschel H. Jones, director of the New York office of the division, and is intended to give both farmers and city people an idea of the channels of transportation and distribution through which fresh fruits and vegetables pass before they reach the consumer. Dr. Porter announced that it was purely an educational film, without any propaganda for any particular scheme of improving present conditions. He considers that the picture will be of great help in bringing about a better understanding of the marketing problems of the city and State.

"Those who see the film are saved the discomforts of being out all night to observe the night life of New York wholesale markets," a statement from Dr. Porter's office said. "Many will realize for the first time what a volume of produce is moved through the congested market section of lower Manhattan in a few hours after midnight in order that the vast population of the city and environs may be fed each day. The rushing to and fro of longshoremen unloading freight cars on floats, the crowd of jobbers and storekeepers pushing into the railroad pier building as the doors open at 5:30 A. M., the hurrying of trucks and wagons to take the goods away half an hour later, all lend to the film one with a sense of the activity that goes on while most of the city sleeps.

"The picture includes the New Jersey freight yards, floats crossing the river, unloading at the piers, exciting scenes at the California fruit auction, views of congested West Street and West Washington Street, the various farmers' markets and jobbing section and finally a retail store and an apartment breakfast table.

"The breakfast table, in fact, appears all through the picture, for the story is in the form of a description to a family at breakfast of the places through which the fruits and vegetables purchased that morning at the corner store before breakfast, have passed in the course of the night."

MILK WAGE DECISION SOON.

Arbitration Board Expected to Act on Drivers' Demand This Week.

Decision in the arbitration of the wage demands of the Milk Drivers' Union, involving about 12,000 workers, is expected the latter part of this week. Evidence to support the contention of the drivers that conditions in the milk industry and the continued high cost of living justify an increase in wages has been presented, and the distributers are now presenting their side of the controversy to the arbitration board, of which Federal Judge Edwin L. Garvin of Brooklyn is the impartial chairman.

The distributers have asked the distributers of other cities to come here this week to testify as to wages and hours in their respective territories. The testimony of these outside men, local distributers contend, will show that conditions here are highly favorable to the workers. The distributers announced yesterday that they will present figures minutely covering the cost of distribution, showing precisely the margin of profit to them. Figures prepared by statistical departments of the city, State and nation have already been offered in evidence, showing that the cost of living reached its peak in July and has since shown a marked downward tendency.

Payrolls and other documentary evidence have been introduced, the distributers say, showing that the average wage of workers is $45 a week—$35 flat salary and $10 commissions. Some workers have made as high as $50 and $80 a week, but these were exceptionally industrious.

The distributers announced themselves satisfied with Judge Garvin's ruling that no decrease in wages would be considered. The union is demanding an increase of $10 a week for all workers. The employers told Judge Garvin they would be willing to continue to pay the present scale and hold the same price to the consumer for January, unless the price to the producers dropped, in which event the benefit would be given to the consumer.

WANTED—OWNER OF GUN.

American Soldier Who Borrowed 10 Francs Can Get His Pledge Back.

Somewhere in France an American soldier wanted to borrow 10 francs—and succeeded. He was young, this soldier, so, with one of youth's typical gestures, he would not take the money without leaving some form of security. He left his gun, a Colt.

That was back in France, in 1918, in Hesdin, Pas de Calais, to be exact. Now there's a British ex-sergeant, Walter Smith Sr., demobilized, late Sergeant 116184, G. H. Q. M. T. Co.—which signifies General Headquarters Motor Transport Company—who is anxious for the owner to claim the gun which he pledged as security for the loan, or, if he does not want to redeem it, at least to release the sergeant from his promise to keep it "till he comes."

The boy to whom I lent the 10 francs," writes Mr. Smith Sr., parted with his beloved gun reluctantly, but would not accept the loan otherwise, and he begged me not to part with it until he came for it. Unfortunately, he never came."

Sergeant Smith worried a lot as to what happened to the owner of the Colt. "To fulfill a promise to a soldier comrade," as he puts it, he has not disposed of the gun, but he would like to return it to its owner, and he would be very much relieved to have that American soldier get in touch with him, at No. 5 Valley Street, Windhill, Shipley, England.

"The number of notches on the butt will show the rightful applicant," cannily adds the sergeant, by way of discouraging anybody with more enterprise than scruples who might possibly wish to acquire a perfectly good Colt. Ex-Sergeant Smith was four years with the British Expeditionary Force in France.

Play and Dance for Hospital Fund.

A play and dance at Delmonico's Monday night is planned by the nurses and doctors of the Post Graduate Hospital as their share in the final drive for a $2,000,000 fund for the hospital. The management of Delmonico's has contributed the use of the large ballroom. A feature of the entertainment will be a song for which Olga Petrova has written the words and Ward Stephens the music. Vaughan Godfrey is coaching the company.

FRENCH OIL PLAN FAVORS AMERICANS

Return to Pre-War Basis Gives the Standard a Good Position for the Expected Battle.

BRITISH TO ENTER CONTEST

Proposed Measure Allows for Government Control and Makes Way Hard for Newcomers.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—"The French ring is now cleared for the fight between the Standard and British oil interests," said an insider in the lobby of the Chamber of Deputies, commenting on the new oil law proposal put before the House a few days ago.

"The new measure is devised," he continued, "to take the place of the war-times system of monopoly, which is scheduled to expire on Dec. 31. That the Government has decided not to continue the monopoly is an element in favor of the Standard. Without being a point in the fight against the British competitor, which really has not begun, it at least enables the Standard to enter the ring, that is, the French market, from which it was virtually excluded under the monopoly system. I will explain why.

"Early in 1919 the Standard's rival, the Anglo-Dutch combine, made a most attractive proposal to the then Premier Clemenceau. It included not only an unlimited supply of oil at attractive rates to the French Government, but a guarantee to maintain very large stocks in this country for naval and military purposes, and to undertake all the business of production—with all the vast installation that implies—right from the well to the consumer throughout France and the French colonies or spheres of interest.

"In June of last year Clemenceau did tentatively accept this offer; that is to say, he accepted it in principle, but made it clear that the acceptance was conditional and dependent on maintenance of the monopoly system. Had the measure now before the House proposed to continue the Government monopoly for a term of years, it would mean, no doubt, that the French acceptance of the Anglo-Dutch offer had become definite and the Standard was excluded from the French field. This is not the case now, which is what I mean by saying the abandonment of the monopoly is an element in the Standard's favor.

No Free Trade in Oil.

"The new law, however, is very far from establishing anything like free trade in oil, although at first sight its provisions may appear to be aimed in that direction. Indeed, it has already been hailed as such by a section of the press and the public, misled by the desire to see a limitless competition—and consequent price cutting—between the Standard and the Anglo-Dutch group. The recent formation of daughter companies in France by both the British and American oil interests has greatly interested the people here. But if the public looks for anything in the nature of a spectacular struggle between them I think it will be disappointed. A struggle there may be, but most of the real fighting will be carried on underground and only its results will be apparent to the public.

"The first article of the new measure states that a permit is necessary from the Ministry of Labor for all who wish to import oil, whether for their own use or for the purpose of trade. This is already a restriction on private modes of trade. It places the French end of the oil business under the veto of the State. The second article defines the grounds on which a permit can be asked. The third article compels the persons or companies to whom a permit is given and those engaged in the French oil business, whether importers or refiners, to maintain stocks up to a certain quota and arranges for strict Governmental control of the same.

"Here is another restriction. Its purpose is to provide permanent stocks of oil in France which the Government may requisition if needed for naval and military purposes. It thus corresponds to the clause of the Cartel made last year by the Anglo-Dutch. It might be suggested that this purpose could be achieved more simply by the direct purchase of the stocks required by the Government. That is true, and there is a joker in this article which I will refer to later.

"The fourth article merely makes precise the conditions of the third. The fifth article is very important, especially if viewed in connection with the joker in the third. It enjoins that all permit holders may be called on by the State to set up plants, ships, tankcars and the rest of the expensive material of oil installation in proportion to the size of their business. Like the third article the fifth has the ostensible purpose of developing the French oil industry, but both of them will have the result in practice of making the entry into the oil business of newcomers an exceedingly costly and hazardous undertaking. Right at the start the entry of newcomers is limited by the State permit. That obtained, the newcomer finds that he is expected to lock up big capital in maintaining oil stocks up to the quota for Government requisition. Thirdly, there is a possible call on him to purchase expensive installation.

Restricted to Old Firms.

"In each of the three articles there is really one and the same joker. It is nothing less than a restriction of the oil trade in France to those who have already had experience, in other words to the old cartel of ten firms which had a virtual monopoly up to 1917. As explained before, this cartel found itself unable to meet the war demands in that year. The Government accordingly put the entire oil business into the hands of a petrol commission and established a monopoly which expires on Dec. 31. There was no great change in the mechanism. The importation and distribution of oil was operated through a 'consortium,' as in the case of the other controlled trades formed of the leading firms in each line instead of through a cartel. In point of fact, however, the cartel was only 'the leading firms' engaged in the oil business. So of course they formed a consortium. It was just a change of name.

"But there were two important differences. Firstly, the lion's share of profits which formerly were divided by the Cartel was now transferred to the Government, only a comparatively small percentage being allowed to the consortium. Secondly, the petrol commission placed orders in any market, that is with the Anglo-Dutch as well as with the Standard, whereas the Cartel had since the 1870's been bound by exclusive contracts to the Standard. The British interests took advantage of the wedge thus introduced into the French market and of the immense call on the Standard's activities by the American Government during the war to usurp the position in France that the Standard had formerly occupied. Had the monopoly continued their grip on France it would, as stated, have been unbreakable. But the return to the Cartel system, for that is what the new law really amounts to, redresses the balance in the Standard's favor. It is only reasonable to suppose that the Cartel, whose relations with the Standard were always satisfactory, will return to the old allegiance.

"Summing up my opinion of the new law I should say that Mr. Bedford ought not to consider his recent trip to France as time wasted."

N. Y. Women to Be Eligible for All Juries, Under Bill to Be Submitted to Legislature

The question of amending the law to permit women to sit as jurors in this State was discussed yesterday at a conference attended by Sheriff Knott, Commissioner of Jurors Frederick Byrne and Mrs. Pauline C. Field, attorney and President of the Criminal Bar Association. It was decided to submit a bill to the Legislature in January amending the law to make women eligible for service on all juries as they already are in New Jersey.

The section of the judiciary law relating to the qualifications of jurors now provides that the juror must be a "male citizen of the United States." The amending bill drawn up by Mrs. Field and approved by Commissioner Byrne eliminates the word "male."

In a statement issued yesterday concerning the conference it was said that the purpose is not merely to qualify women by giving them further share in the affairs of Government and justice, because under the law women will be obliged to serve just as men are now. It will make them subject to punishment for contempt of court if they do not obey the jury notice, which usually carries a fine of $100 with it. There is no doubt that the present daily amusement of many women will be interfered with if the bill becomes a law and the judges will not be likely to excuse tardiness because the women jurors were detained at a bargain sale on the way to court.

In behalf of Commissioner Byrne it was said yesterday that his office would be lenient in the matter of excusing women called to give reasons why they should not serve, but that the addition of a few thousand names to the jury list will facilitate the workings of the court system, and there is an urgent need for more jurors. It was said that children at home needing attention would be valid excuse for non-service.

Sheriff's juries are selected by the Sheriff alone, and Sheriff Knott expressed strong sympathy with the plan of having women jurors in his office. He said that as soon as the law is amended he will appoint women members on the three panels of the Sheriff's juries and in this way business and professional women who would be unable to spare the time during the usual court hours could report at 4 P. M. as do the male members of the Sheriff's jury.

COULON SETS PARIS PLAYING HIS GAME

Resisting Strong Weight Lifters Enlivens the Holidays, Replacing Politics.

RIVAL BOXER HAS NEW ONE

He Also Puzzles the Doctors in Lifting Prostrate Men, Using Finger Tips Only.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 18.—All the young and strong in Paris are today playing the Johnny Coulon game, and discipline in every office is being wrecked by experiments in lifting the youngest office boy. During the Christmas holidays there is likely to be no more popular parlor game, and Johnny Coulon has successfully turned men's minds everywhere from political speculation at the festive season to experiment and argument as to how it is that a man's strength can be short-circuited by another who places his finger tips on his neck and wrist.

Johnny had another hard day yesterday, giving experiments before a group of doctors who are trying to solve the why and wherefore of his discovery. Among them are men like Charles Richet, former Nobel Prizeman for medicine, who has had Coulon in his laboratory and examined his performance with scientific care. Among those whom the doctors got to try to lift the little boxer was Cadine, weightlifting champion of the last Olympic games. When Johnny permitted, Cadine picked him up and held him above his head, but when he placed the fingers of his right hand lightly on the other's neck just below the corners of the jawbone, and the fingers of his left hand on Cadine's wrist, the champion struggled in vain to get his great muscles to work. He seemed as powerless as if he had been bound with ropes instead of with the light touch of the boxer.

The doctors have come to three conclusions about the phenomenon. First, that there is no kind of trickery about it; second, that there is no trace of psychic suggestion between one man and the other; third, that the phenomenon produced does not consist in any increase in weight of the "subject," but in diminution of the muscular strength of the lifter.

One of the most extraordinary features discovered by Dr. Richet was that the diminution in muscular force was greater in proportion to the strength of the man making the test. That is to say, the stronger the lifting force the man has, the more easily he is resisted by the short circuit action which Coulon has discovered.

Others Perform the Trick Also.

One experiment made by Dr. Richet showed that if other people than Johnny himself put their fingers on the neck and wrist of the lifter he was just as powerless as when Johnny did so. Other people who have tried the experiment have found that it works with them in the same way as with the boxer, provided they succeeded in getting their finger tips on the proper spots. These spots seem to be on the surface of nerve centres correlated in some way.

There are many curious features of the whole business, however. In one experiment with a boy it was found that while one man succeeded in getting him off the ground no matter what he did, any other man found the weight almost too much for him, though he be far the stronger of the two.

For those who wish to try the experiment it should be mentioned that the two spots, which need only be lightly touched, are just below and behind the corner of the jawbone and just above the wrist joint of the arm.

Johnny has had so much success with his discovery that another boxer, Maurice Lefevre, has introduced another weight-lifting puzzle for the scientific and holiday-making world. His game is this: A man is laid on his back on a table and two others on each side try to lift him with the index fingers of their hands, placed below the shoulders and knees. The subjects selected should be above the ordinary strength. Then the game begins. Each lifter takes a deep breath and, keeping the fingers in position, blows in below the body on the table in a long rhythmic blow, which should begin at the shoulders and go down toward the feet. This has to be done twenty times. At the twentieth time the two lifters exert themselves together and the body, which they couldn't raise before, is picked up with extraordinary ease and can be kept in the air for five or six seconds.

One doctor before whom the experiment was shown declared that probably the twenty breaths produces an exactly synchronized energy. But a curious thing is that the experiment doesn't succeed with inanimate objects.

The Man Who Gave Away Eleven Millions

One day he received a check for $1,000 from John D. Rockefeller, but he gave that away, too. Then Mr. Rockefeller sent him another $1,000 and asked him please to keep it.

This remarkable man and how he earned his $11,000,000 will be the subject of an article in

The New York Times

NEXT SUNDAY

Order in advance from your newsdealer.

B. R. T. ANNOUNCES MORE HIGH FARES

Files Schedules Providing Double Payments and No Transfers on Several Lines.

TO TAKE EFFECT JAN. 14

Public Service Commission Expected to Suspend Order and Force Appeal to Courts.

New schedules filed with the Public Service Commission by the surface lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit and the Brooklyn City Railroad Companies increase the fares for long riders by eliminating transfers or by restricting the single-fare zones. This action is based on the decision of the Appellate Division that the Flatbush Avenue line has the right to charge a double fare. The decision followed the disorder which attended the effort of the Brooklyn City Company to charge two fares for a through trip.

The Public Service Commission restrained the company from making the double charge and the company, appealing to the courts, won the fight. Since then two fares have been charged on this line, and the Brooklyn City and B. R. T. Companies are preparing to increase fares on fourteen more of their lines.

The companies announce that the increased fares will take effect Jan. 14. It is likely that the commission will suspend the new schedules until after an inquiry. What action the commission will take will be decided at a meeting on Tuesday. It was suggested yesterday that the commission would compel the companies to apply to the courts, as was done in reference to the Flatbush Avenue line, to the end that the precise status of the companies may be judicially determined.

Under the new schedules filed by the companies the easterly terminal of the Broadway line is at Broadway and Alabama Avenue, East New York, instead of Crescent Street and Jamaica Avenue, Cypress Hills, and the several transfers are discontinued, making the fare 10 cents for passengers destined beyond the junction of Broadway, Fulton Street and Jamaica Avenue in either direction.

The Reid Avenue line's southerly terminal is at Utica and Church Avenues, instead of Church and Crescent Avenues, and transfers are discontinued.

The southerly terminal of the Franklin Avenue and Smith Street lines is at Park Circle and transfers are discontinued.

A new line is proposed to be operated from Park Circle to Surf Avenue, Coney Island, via Coney Island Avenue, Neptune Avenue and West Fifth Street, the present route of the Smith Street line. The fare will be five cents.

The Park Slope line, operated jointly by the B. R. T. and Brooklyn Railroad Companies, is to terminate at Park Circle instead of Cortelyou Road, making the fare ten cents for passengers destined beyond Park Circle in either direction.

The southerly terminal of the Wilson Avenue line is at Rockaway and New Lots Avenues, instead of Canarsie Shore, and a new line is to be operated over the present route of the Wilson Avenue line between Rockaway and New Lots Avenues and Canarsie Shore, making the fare ten cents for passengers destined beyond Rockaway and New Lots Avenues in either direction.

It is proposed to establish a second-fare point on the Graham Avenue line at Broadway. Between Long Island City and Broadway the fare will be 5 cents, and between Broadway and any point west a separate five-cent fare will be charged.

The Brooklyn City Company explains that the two-fare charge on the Graham Avenue line is based on the decision of the Appellate Division, the two zones being divided by the line separating Brooklyn and Williamsburg. The court held that the Brooklyn City Company had the right to consider that the line dividing Flatbush and Flatlands made two zones, in each of which a full-fare charge might be made.

BARS GOLD ISSUE FOR GIFTS.

Treasury Requests Banks to Hold Metal in Reserve.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—National and other banks have been requested by John Burke, Treasurer of the United States, not to distribute gold coins for holiday purposes. The request is in line with the policy of the Treasury to conserve the gold reserve, it was explained today, but when gold is demanded upon gold obligations the demands will be met.

Old gold will be paid, however, and no $2.50 gold pieces will be issued, as the coining of these pieces has been stopped.

$33,000,000 RELIEF CAMPAIGN ON TODAY

Eight Organizations Unite in Effort to Save 3,500,000 Starving Children in Europe.

HERBERT HOOVER TO SPEAK

Mass Meeting Will Be Held This Afternoon at the Metropolitan Opera House.

The eight charitable organizations in the European Relief Council today will begin a campaign to raise $33,000,000 as a "national collection for 3,500,00 sick and starving children of Eastern and Central Europe."

Churches of all races and creeds in New York and in all sections of the country will join in the appeal. The day here will begin with a mass meeting at 3 o'clock this afternoon in the Metropolitan Opera House. The audience will be composed entirely of women, representing practically every important woman's organization in the city. The speakers will be Herbert Hoover, the Rev. Harry E. Fosdick and Mrs. August Belmont.

John H. Love, Chairman of the New York State Committee of the council, will be aided in New York City in the national collection by Charles H. Sabin, George F. Baker Jr., Clarence H. Kelsey, Samuel A. Lewisohn, William Fellowes Morgan, John D. Ryan, Jules S. Bache, Paul D. Cravath, Colonel Michael Friedsam, Horace Havemeyer, Elon H. Hooker, Adrian Iselin Jr., Ogden Mills, Charles E. Mitchell, James Speyer, E. R. Stettinius, Felix M. Warburg, Charles A. Coffin and H. D. Walbridge.

The program of the council calls for the $33,000,000 for use until the harvest of 1921. Public feeding stations, maintained for 3,500,000 children under the age of 15 in Austria, Hungary, Czechoslovakia and Poland are to be kept open this Winter. This calls for $23,000,000. Approximately $10,000,000 is needed to relieve the most serious cases of illness, largely from diseases incident to malnutrition.

"Every dollar of American money contributed for food relief reaches a hungry child," says the announcement. "For the American contributions actually represent only one-third of the total expense. The remainder two-thirds is provided by the native Governments in the shape of salaries of workers, rent, transportation and clerical help.

"President Harding has responded to the appeal with a contribution of $2,500. President Wilson has adopted twenty undernourished children, contributing $10 for each one to provide American food until September. Pope Benedict offered his heartiest co-operation in a recent letter to Mr. Hoover.

"Mr. Hoover has asked that every prosperous dinner table in the United States include an 'invisible guest' this Christmas. The plan for the 'invisible guest' calls for an empty chair and plate, symbolic of one or more children's lives saved. One dollar provides a meal a day for a month. Ten dollars will assure a child a place at an American feeding station until next September."

The eight charitable organizations are the American Relief Administration, American Red Cross, American Friends' Service Committee (Quakers), Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, Knights of Columbus, Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A. The collection will be carried on throughout the holiday season in the churches, theatres and public places, and through the newspapers, civic organizations, women's and men's clubs and societies. Franklin K. Lane, 42 Broadway, is Chairman.

A gift of $5,000 to the fund was made yesterday by the Knights Templar of the United States through Joseph Kyle Orr, Grand Master.

EX-AMBASSADORS ASK AID FOR NEAR EAST

Morgenthau and Elkus Join With Dr. Finley in Appeal for 200,000 Children.

Appeals for funds for the relief of 200,000 starving children were made public yesterday through the Near East Relief by ex-Ambassador Henry Morgenthau, ex-Ambassador Elkus, Dr. John H. Finley and Cleveland H. Dodge. The last three sent theirs in a joint letter, as follows:

Christmas Week, 1920.

Dear Friend:

You are thinking of Christmas; of toys for the children; gifts for friends; of the glowing tinseled tree; of merry shouts of little ones as they come trooping down the stairs on that glorious morn; of the Christmas feast, of music, song, laughter!

You are thinking of these, yes—and of Him, that other little Child, whose Star the Wise Men sought as it shone over the humble manger of Bethlehem—Him whose birthday so many earnest millions for centuries have celebrated.

And outside your door the snow may be falling, the chill winds blowing—outside your door this very morn, hungry and shivering and sad, other little children stand, dumbly pleading:

Can't you hear them there, tapping timidly at your door? Pause a moment at this merry hour; draw aside the curtain and look out: there, there, at your door—see the wraiths of the little ones, the starving, homeless, helpless waifs of the Near East, thousands of them perishing of cold and hunger—while you and yours, in the warm shelter of a happy home, feast and are gay.

Children of sorrow!

Five dollars a month will feel one of these children; will mean life itself. Ten dollars a month will feed and clothe a child. Fifteen dollars a month will feed, clothe and educate one.

Near East Relief now has over 100,000 children in its care. Thousands more are waiting—outside the door. Only America can save them. Only you are their hope. Would you fail them? Must they knock in vain?

Already, see—your heart has opened its door! Let them in, friend; let the children in!

Make your Christmas perfect by sharing your joy even with the "least of these."

For Near East Relief.
Yours faithfully,
CLEVELAND H. DODGE,
ABRAM I. ELKUS,
JOHN H. FINLEY,
Committee on Christmas Appeal.

In his appeal Mr. Morgenthau said that hundreds of thousands of lives had been saved by American aid, and continued:

"Large numbers of refugees have again been dispossessed from their temporary homes. Recent cables state that the roads leading to various places of safety are crowded with refugees. The hard Winter has begun. Snow is knee deep in many places. These helpless refugees are again thrown on our mercy. Unless we heed their cry they will perish this Winter by the thousands.

"The situation today is worse than it was last year.

"Large numbers of orphans, deprived of both father and mother, do not even know their names and are now in more than 200 orphanages maintained by Near East Relief. They are totally dependent upon American philanthropy for the simplest necessities of life."

46,000 EX-SERVICE MEN RECEIVE RETRAINING

Vocational Board Reports Increase From 3,606 During the Present Year.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The number of ex-service men entered in training during the last fiscal year has increased from 3,606 to over 46,000, it was announced today by R. T. Fisher, Chief of the Rehabilitation Division of the Federal Board for Vocational Education, in commenting upon the board's fourth annual report to Congress.

"This is a record of conscientious endeavor," he declared, "to fulfill the nation's duty to our disabled soldiers, sailors and marines.

"There has been much adverse criticism," he continued, "but it is only fair to say that much of this has originated either from lack of knowledge on the part of critics or from conditions over which the board had no adequate control, and that these conditions have now been largely corrected."

The work of the board, he said, has been conducted on the theory that "these men, who had offered their lives in defense of the nation, and who returned disabled, should not be abandoned to unthinking charity, but should be instructed in such trades, professions or commercial pursuits as would completely re-establish them in civil life."

There are at the present time, he said, about 1,700 schools and colleges throughout the country giving training to men in courses approved by the board. Selection of men for training now rests entirely with the 100 district and local officers, he said, and there is rarely occasion for referring cases to the central office here. This decentralization policy has greatly eliminated the "red tape" formerly attendant upon these selections, he claimed.

On Dec. 1, he said, the records showed that 94,000 men had been approved as eligible for training, with maintenance pay, and 66,000 without such aid.

BETTER GAS SERVICE FOR BROOKLYN COMING

Kings County Company Rushing Work on Equipment—Travis Whitney to Aid.

Ralph Elsman, President of the Kings County Lighting Company, has issued a statement in which he promises to build up the company to a point where it will have facilities for supplying its entire area even when the many building schemes now under way are completed. For several years the company was under fire because its finances were unequal to meet the demands made by newcomers in its district.

Recently the Public Service Commission gave permission to issue $2,000,000 in stock, the greater part of which is to be offered to the company's customers to the end that the consumers will have a personal interest in the company's welfare. Part of Mr. Elsman's statement reads:

"Over one million dollars of work is now under way. Of this over $800,000 is now under way at the plant so as to increase the gas output. Over 10,000 feet of gas mains and services are being laid. Meters are being set as fast as the plant work justifies the adding on of new consumers. This work is being rushed night and day so that the public shall benefit at the earliest moment.

"As a part of my plan I intend to have on the Board of Directors of the Company a representative of consumers and a representative of the employes. To help me in thus making the Kings County Lighting Company a real public service corporation I have secured the aid of Travis H. Whitney of recognized experience in utility matters and in the relationship between utility companies and the public, gained as the result of twelve years as Secretary, Commissioner and Chairman of the Public Service Commision of the First District. I am confident that, with his point of view of service to the public, he will add greatly to the mutual confidence and co-operation that I want to bring about between our company and the public of Brooklyn."

TELLS OF AUSTRIAN PLIGHT.

97 Per Cent. of Children Underfed, Returned Worker Says.

Elmer G. Burland of San Francisco, one of four Americans in charge of child feeding in Austria, returned on the steamship Aquitania, bringing with him an appeal from Dr. Alfred Gruenberger, Austrian Food Administrator, who said the position of his country is almost hopeless. Mr. Burland is director of Vienna Warehouses for the European Relief Council.

"Today Austria stands in as precarious a position as she has ever stood in her present struggle for the barest existence," Dr. Gruenberger wrote under date of Nov. 27. "The country was saved from disaster at a most critical time early in 1919 by the food credit of $48,000,000 originating in the United States. It was saved again in 1920 by the sale, on credit, by America of $25,000,000 worth of flour. On the ration possible Austria has barely managed to subsist.

"Today American credits are exhausted. There exists no contracts on which foodstuffs are coming into Austria. We have no grain, no flour, only maize, and maize alone is almost inedible."

Mr. Burland said that a survey had shown that out of more than 900,000 children examined 97 per cent. were underfed. As it was impossible to feed all of these, only the worst cases were taken. Now about 300,000 are being fed.

As an illustration of conditions in Austria, Mr. Burland instanced high prices. A suit of clothes, he said, costs from 2,000 to 2,500 kronen, while the salaries of the former officers now doing relief work is from 1,500 to 3,000 kronen.

Near East Relief now has over 100,000 children in its care. Thousands more are waiting—outside the door. Only America can save them. Only you are their hope. Would you fail them? Must they knock in vain?

Already, see—your heart has opened its door! Let them in, friend; let the children in!

Make your Christmas perfect by sharing your joy even with the "least of these."

For Near East Relief.
Yours faithfully,
CLEVELAND H. DODGE,
ABRAM I. ELKUS,
JOHN H. FINLEY,
Committee on Christmas Appeal.

STATE SAVES WHITEFACE.

Famous Adirondack Peak Added to Forest Preserve.

Whiteface Mountain, one of the most imposing and famous peaks of the Adirondack region, is to be added to the State Forest Reserve, according to the announcement made by Conservation Commissioner George D. Pratt, at the close of a meeting of the Commissioners of the Land Office last Wednesday.

Nearly 4,500 acres of land are included in the purchase, much of it covered with the original stand of virgin spruce forests. Two years ago extensive lumbering operations were commenced on the northern side of the mountain with the resultant "slash," which constituted a serious fire hazard. Acquisition of this property by the State will prevent further lumbering and insure the preservation of the Whiteface forests. Not only will the scenic beauty of this conspicuous peak, which dominates the Lake Placid region, be secured forever by its acquisition by the State, but the whole area will be thrown open to the people for public recreation purposes as in the case of other parts of the Forest Preserve.

The north half of the mountain is to be purchased from the J. & J. Rogers Company of New York; the south half from Calvin Pardee of Philadelphia.

UNION LEAGUE CLUB MAY DROP POLITICS

Majority of 2,000 Members Said to Favor Purely Social Organization.

TO TAKE VOTE NEXT MONTH

Chairman Guthrie Favors Continuation of Past Policy—Republican Party "On Trial."

HOPE TO BEAT TAMMANY

Rescue of City From Present Officials Regarded as Possible With Good Nominees.

The question of making the Union League Club a purely social organization has again come up for discussion among the members, it would appear from a report of the Committee on Political Reform which was submitted at the December meeting of the club. According to the report indications that a majority of the 2,000 members favors a policy under which the club would avoid the discussion of any controversial political questions at its meetings or in the reports of its committees.

An incident during the recent campaign had led the Committee on Political Reform to bring the question before the club for action. The committee formulated and prepared to submit to a meeting of the club while the campaign was in progress a report reviewing questions arising in connection with the League of Nations. Upon the advice of certain influential members to whom the report was shown it was never submitted as a report of the committee, but as a review of those questions by its Chairman. The objection to it being submitted as a committee report was that it was a controversial subject and that the distribution and publication of the report might invite disagreement and lead to public reports that dissension existed within the club on the League of Nations question.

"This incident," the report says, "has brought to a point the question of policy for the future. It may be true, as has been suggested to us, that it is now the sentiment of a majority of the club that it should become more and more a social organization, and avoid the discussion of any controversial political questions at its meetings or in reports of its committees. If this be so, the wishes of the majority should and must control. But your committee ventures to submit that any such attitude and decision would be a clear departure from the traditions of the club and from the declared objects of its existence.

"In no large and influential organization (there are more than 2,000 members in this club) could it reasonably be expected to find all members of one mind and of uniform views. Indeed, it is ever by the friction of differing and conflicting minds that progress is made and wise conclusions are reached. There probably never has been a time since the organization of the club in 1863 when there was not more or less difference of opinion upon most questions presented for discussion; but that fact has never before silenced the voice of the club in a national political campaign."

Club to Vote on Policy.

The committee suggests that the question be submitted for a vote at the regular meeting of the club in January. William D. Guthrie is Chairman of the committee. The other members who signed the report are Charles F. Brooker, Job E. Hedges, J. Van Vechten Olcott, Martin L. Stover, Robert C. Morris, James R. Sheffield, Charles E. Rushmore, William Skinner and Charles Thaddeus Terry.

Congress must promptly take up and revise the tariff, both for the purpose of providing additional revenue for the Federal Government and to protect American industries, according to other recommendations made by the committee. Care must be exercised, however, the report states, in the adjustment of the tariff not to make the increases in import duties so large to shut off Europe from the American market. Europe, in order to restore her industries and thus be placed in a position to pay her ten billion dollar debt to this country, must depend largely on exports to the United States.

The report gravely reviews the problems that will confront the incoming Administrations, both at Washington and Albany.

"It is no exaggeration to assert that the constructive problems before the Republican Party are unprecedented in difficulty, and analogous only to those which confronted the Federalist Party 130 years ago," the report states. "The Republican Party will again be on trial and it must again demonstrate its fitness for government."

Discussing international problems, the report refers to "the alleged wanton slaughter by our marines in Haiti" and to "the insistence by President Wilson that the United States must take the Treaty of Versailles 'without changes which alter its meaning,'" saying that "the unfortunate consequences of

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Published Every Day in the Year by the New York Times Company.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.

B. C. Franck, Secretary.

OFFICES: [TELEPHONE BRYANT 1000]

TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
TIMES ANNEX.....42d St., w. of Broadway
DOWNTOWN.....7 Beekman Street
WALL STREET.....2 Rector Street
HARLEM.....2,109 Seventh Avenue

BRONX.....1,2,914 Third Avenue
WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.....4,625 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Albee Building
CHICAGO.....1302-1304 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....613 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....405 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....12 Hallsworth Square, E. C.
PARIS.....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two Cents a copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 200 miles; Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn. Ten Cents elsewhere.

By Mail postage paid.	One Year	Six Mos.	One Mo.
*Daily and Sunday	$12.00	$6.00	$1.00
†Daily only	10.00	5.00	.85
Sunday only	4.00	2.25	.45
Sunday only, Canada	6.00	3.25	.55

*One week, 55c. †One week, 20c.

FOREIGN RATES

Daily and Sunday	$26.00	$13.30	$2.40
Daily only	17.40	8.70	1.45
Sunday only	9.75	5.12	.98

Binder, Picture edition, $2.50; Magazine, $1.50.

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNALIST (Monday), per year, $3; Canada, $3.50, other countries, $4.
Binder for ... $1.50

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $1; Canada, $1.50, other countries, $2.

THE TIMES MID WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursday), one year, $3; Canada, $4; other countries, $5.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.50.

TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $4; Canada, $4.50 (foreign, $5). Per copy, 35c.
Entered as second-class mail matter

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR HISTORY. 20 volumes in the set—Illustrated Cloth, $30; Sheep, $40; Half Leather, $100; Full Leather, $150—Every Epochal History of European War.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, SUNDAY, DEC. 19, 1920.

THE PILGRIMS.

The May-flower, as the ship is called in the Colonial records, where the name first appears in 1623, "loosed from Plymouth" Wednesday, Sept. 6, 1620, old style; Sept. 16, new style. She should have been accompanied by the Speedwell, of seventy-five tons. The Speedwell was overmasted in Holland. Her captain, finding it out, put on all possible sail to strain her. He thought that the Mayflower, a giant of 180 tons, would have better luck than the smaller craft and be better provisioned. So the Speedwell leaked and had to be mended, put to sea and went back, and finally was decided to be too weak to make the voyage. The Mayflower and Speedwell should and might have left Southampton some time in August and they might have arrived at the Hudson in late September or early October.

It was the Hudson that the Separatists from Holland sought. Experiments at colonization on the New England coast had been unfortunate. That coast and country were regarded as a "hideous "and desolate wilderness full of wild "beasts and wild men." The Indian medicine men were thought to have laid a curse upon it. The Separatists had negotiated with the Dutch Government. They sought a region where they would have neighbors, though they afterward found the Dutch of New York too near. Their patent, never used, from the Virginia Company, then tottering into bankruptcy, was for the northern parts of Virginia. Their narratives show them seeking the Hudson, which they thought was thirty miles from Cape Cod. It was the Cape Cod shoals, and not any wickedness on the part of Captain JONES of the Mayflower, sometimes confused with JONES the pirate, that prevented them from reaching their goal.

Of the Separatists from Holland and miscellaneous persons, some of them uncongenial, picked up in the English ports, who sailed on the Mayflower, there were 102. WILLIAM BUTTEN died and OCEANUS HOPKINS, gloriously named, was born. So there were 102 still when the Mayflower made her first anchorage in Cape Cod Harbor on Nov. 11. Some time in early December EPENTURE (Pilgrim) WHITE was born, so that 103 persons "landed" in New England.

With a few exceptions, such as CARVER, WINSLOW, BRADFORD, BREWSTER, the Mayflower's passengers were mostly humble folk. That may help to explain why the theocratic and aristocratic tradition, so strong in the Massachusetts Bay Colony, scarcely obtained in Plymouth, which was more democratic. One knows not how many millions of Americans, in the long procession of marriages and intermarriages and ancestors of 300 years, plant their genealogical tree on Plymouth Rock. It is an honorable pride to be sprung from such a stock, but we must never forget that the Mayflower was essentially a plebeian boat.

Passengers in the little ships of those days had trouble enough even if the weather was on its good behavior. The Mayflower, Governor BRADFORD tells us, "met with many fierce storms, with "which the ship was shrewdly shaken "and our upper works made very "leaky," and one of the main beams buckled. The Pilgrims were "afflicted with seasickness." They were also afflicted with a "proud and very profane" young sailor who sneered at them in their sickness, cursed them daily with grievous execrations, and hoped to have the happiness of throwing "half of them "overboard before they came to their "journey's end." He made "merry with what they had," their poor goods; and if anybody remonstrated he "would curse and swear most bitterly." Such a case called for a particular judgment, according to the belief of the time. The young man was smitten with a "grievous disease," "died in a desperate manner" and was himself the first to be thrown overboard. Whereas JOHN HOWLAND, manservant, a good young man, was pitched overboard by the motion of the ship, "but it pleased GOD "that he caught hold of the topsail "halliards which hung overboard" and was hauled up by a rope and boathook, and lived to be an ornament of Church and State.

These contrasted fates are mentioned in no spirit of derision. They represent a serious, if mistaken, belief; and surely there must have been something strengthening in that high pious fatalism which made GOD intervene continually to punish the wicked and the scoffer and to protect the good man. If the facts seem to be against it, still it must have added a certain moral dignity—not without peril of Pharisaism—to the humblest religious man. At dawn of the sixty-fourth day they sighted the Cape Cod sand banks. After consultation among themselves and the captain of the ship they tacked about and stood for the South and "some place about Hudson's River for their habitation"; but "dangerous shoals and roaring breakers" entangled them, the wind failed and they bore up again to Cape Cod. On Nov. 11, "observing some not well af-"fected to unity and concord; but gave "some appearance of faction: it was "thought good there should be an asso-"ciation, an agreement that we should "combine together in one body; and to "submit to such Government and Gover-"nors as we should by common consent "agree to make and choose." Hence the Compact. This was signed by forty-one of sixty-five adult passengers on board. A discontented, mutinous spirit seems to be naturally stimulated by the sea. They had to have a civil government before they landed.

They passed the next few weeks in exploring. They saw their first Indians, found a basket "with some thirty-six "good ears of corn, some yellow, some "red and others mixed with blue." This was a godsend to them and was kept for seed. FRANCIS BILLINGTON, grandson of JOHN, hanged for murder in 1630, shot off squibs and a fowling-piece near a barrel of powder. The Mayflower, "by GOD'S mercy," escaped being burned to amuse this little Pilgrim boy. On Dec. 11 (21) they sounded the harbor of Plymouth, and marched into the land. This is Forefathers' Day, though almost any other day would have done as well. There was a good deal of stormy and wet weather. They suffered fatigue and cold, want of food, scurvy. Often "as many as could" went ashore or did this and that. MILES STANDISH and his friends killed an eagle, "which was excellent meat." They had seals "and excellent good cod." FRANCIS BILLINGTON climbed a tree on a high hill and discerned a pond still known as Billington Sea. Two men wandered away in the snow, heard "two lions roaring exceedingly," and a third lion was near, they thought. So they climbed a tree to escape the wolves. The famous Indian "King," SAMOSET, bade them "welcome" in fine English, a man of "seemly carriage," tall and straight, his black hair long behind and short before, a leather about his waist. A Tawny one has always loved. We observe with pain that "he asked some beer; but we gave him strong water." Governor JOHN CARVER, accompanied with drum and trumpet and musketeers, kissed SAMOSET'S hand, SAMOSET his. Down they sat. "The Governor called "for some strong water and drank to "him; and he drank a great draught "that made him sweat all the while "after. He called for a little fresh "meat; which the King did eat willingly "and did give his followers." He had a bag of tobacco behind his neck, a great long knife in his bosom. Peace was treated of. On March 23 SQUANTO of Patuxet caught fat eels with his hands for the Pilgrims, and the Pilgrims, who had been kept busy by the savages, "con-"cluded both of Military Orders and of "some Laws and Orders as we thought "behovful for our present state and con-"dition," and re-elected Governor CARVER, "Master JOHN CARVER, a man well approved among us."

All the pleasant color one can see in these chronicles is needed, for it was a black time. Constant exposure and insufficient food brought on sickness. Almost half the company died in four months, from December to March, inclusive. At one time there were only about half a dozen strong enough to nurse the living—huddled on the infected ship or in rude, unfinished cabins, all but covered by the snow—and to bury the dead. The indomitable men didn't despair. When they were dying at the rate of one every other day they organized a military company, commanded by Captain STANDISH, and mounted cannons on the little fortification on the hill looking down on their poor houses. In the next seven years, though more than once near starvation, through many vexations and perils the Colonists, strengthened by new arrivals, slowly won a modest comfort and prosperity. The communist system, imposed upon them as it had been on the first Virginia Colonists, was a constant hamper. There was no incentive to individual effort. It was not till 1627 that a settlement was made with the Adventurers in London, and the stock and lands that had been jointly owned by the Adventurers and the Colonists were equitably divided. This experiment of communism, tried by an essentially homogeneous people in almost a primitive economic State, failed miserably. BRADFORD'S account of its workings is worth reading now, when this sure recipe of economic and social disaster is proposed as the universal panacea and Philosopher's Stone:

> This communitie (so farre as it was) was found to breed much confusion and discontent and retard much imployment that would have been to their benefite and comforte. For the yonge men that were most able and fitte for labor did repine that they should spend their time and strengthe to work for other men's wives and children without any recompence. The strong, or men of parts, had no more in devission of victuals and cloaths than he that was weake and not able to do a quarter the other could; this was thought injustice. The aged and graver men to be ranked and equalised in labours and victalls, cloaths and so forth with the meaner and younger sorte thought it some indignite and disrespecte to them. And for men's wives to be commanded to doe service for other men, as dressing their meate, washing their cloathes, they deemd it a kind of slaverie, neither could many husbands well brooke it * * * and would have been worse had they been men of another condition.

The Mayflower Compact was the beginning of representative self-government in New England. The body of freemen elected their own officers. The time of universal suffrage was long distant, but the democratic principle, capable of growth, was the foundation of the Plymouth institutions. The existing body of freemen chose what members should be added to it. While church membership was not necessary, as in Massachusetts Bay, persons of godly conversation were usually chosen. The chief officials were the Governor and assistants. First the whole body of freemen, then, as new settlements were formed, Deputies of each town served as a Legislature, though the Deputies were not originally a co-ordinate branch. Any freeman of any town was eligible to be a Deputy from any other. The first Colonial body of statutes was formed according to the general principles of jurisprudence, suited to the practical needs of the colony rather than imitated from the English precedents. The voters of each town, managing their own affairs through officers selected in annual town meetings which discussed and determined the appropriations for the next year, practiced the one unassailable form of direct democracy.

In 1643, when Plymouth Colony had about 3,000 inhabitants, it joined Massachusetts, Connecticut and New Haven in a league too often forgotten, in which lay a significant prophecy of the future, the United Colonies of New England. They retained their internal independence, bound themselves to raise money, supplies and armies according to their population, formed "a firm and perpet-"ual league of friendship and amity for "offense and defense, mutual advice and "succor for all just occasions." The fear of external enemies, of the Dutch, the Indians, the growing perception of a solidarity of interest, were to bring about the consolidation of Connecticut and New Haven; and Plymouth was consolidated with Massachusetts in 1691. Thus the seventeenth century in New England was gradually shaping the compact enlarged State of the future and the future Confederation and United States.

Religious tolerance was comprehensible by only a few persons in that age. Just as the Huguenots, while enjoying toleration under the Edict of Nantes, were unwilling to tolerate the Catholic religion in Béarn, so the Pilgrims did not include in the freedom which they sought for their own religion the freedom of religious beliefs and practices opposed to their own. They disfranchised and banished the Quakers, they seized their books, fined them for going to their meetings, fined persons that harbored them—fined them, set them in the stocks, imprisoned them, whipped them. If they put no Quakers to death, that was presumably because the more violent manifestants went to the larger colony, where the stage was larger and their enemies were more numerous. By the Plymouth code of 1636 "Solemn Compaction "or conversing with the devil by way of "witchcraft, conjuracion or the like" was a capital offense. The Pilgrims believed in witchcraft, as almost everybody else did in their day, and a large part of the world still believes. Not till the last century were the curious pathological and psychological states loosely grouped as witchcraft made intelligible. The Pilgrims put nobody to death for witchcraft, however. Possibly they were less under clerical influence than their Boston neighbors, and they were fortunate in possessing no MATHERS. Our own age, steeped in credulities, superstitions, racial and religious bigotries, should be the last to rebuke the New Englanders of the seventeenth century.

The "timber fort, both strong and comely," was the first meeting house. Those early meeting houses of logs stopped with clay were military as well as ecclesiastical. Often the powder was stored in them. In Hanover it was kept in a steeple. In the rude early times the heads of wolves grinned from the side of church doors and windows, and the logs were red with their blood. Every man went to church armed. Armed sentinels sat near the door. The men sat at the end of the bench or pew "on the aisle," so that they would be ready in case of Indian visitors. For the same reason the men went out before the women. Deadly cold in Winter, even when footstoves were allowed, were those rude meeting houses; glaring hot in Summer. In time pews with hinged seats to lean against during the interminable "long prayer" came in. How the Pilgrim boys used to love to bang those seats down! The little limbs of Satan were often condemned to sit on the pulpit or the gallery stairs, where they were a constant terror to their enemy, the Tythingman, who was busy enough besides in waking up the snorers and driving out the dogs. Then there was the sounding board, held in heaven over the pulpit by an iron rod thirty feet long or so. Sunday in and Sunday out those small sons of Belial watched the sounding board in the awful-guilty hope that it would fall. As the farmsteadings spread out and the town grew, the steeple was a landmark to wanderers in the woods; sometimes, as at Truro, a far-seen beacon and seamark.

One would like to dwell on the social customs of the Pilgrims. They brewed their own beer, as the wicked do now. Destined to become sailors on all seas, their first external commerce was with the West Indies, whence they brought rumboose, rumbullion, rum, affectionately known as "killdevil." One can almost smell the red-hot iron loggerhead plunged into the mug of flip, mosaic of "home made," Jamaica rum and sugar. A modern Massachusetts auctioneer preserved the great tradition, which perhaps has not died with him. A sober folk, but hard-headed, the Pilgrims. They had more intellectual pleasures. The number of books among them was remarkable. In some cases an eighth or even a fourth of a man's estate was in books. WILLIAM BREWSTER had 400, of which sixty-two were in Latin. Early marriage was common and encouraged, as in all such settlements. An ordinance of the town of Eastham in 1635 provided that "every unmarried man in the town-"ship shall kill six blackbirds or three "crows while he remains single; as a "penalty for not doing it he shall not "be married until he obey this order." It has been said that Pilgrim men, like French girls, married to be free. Of good example to our looser times was the exertion by parents—not then a subordinate race—of authority over their children. Thus we find JONATHAN COVENTRY of Plymouth prosecuted for proposing to KATHARINE DUDLEY without her parents' consent. Young girls were not to be "inveigled" into thoughtless marriages. Governor PRINCE of Plymouth carried parental authority a little too far. In 1660 he brought suit against ARTHUR HOWLAND for "disorderly and "unrighteously endeavoring to gain the "affections of Mistress ELIZABETH "PRINCE." ARTHUR paid his fine of five pounds, of five more in 1667. One is glad to know that ELIZABETH stuck to him and married him. If father consented, he couldn't revoke without good cause, and the once authorized suitor could sue him. Beloved of many Old Colony store loungers is the legendary Romeo who sued the father of his beloved for loss of time in courting her.

If we dwell on some of these lighter aspects, it is because the Pilgrims are too often misrepresented as solemn prigs and fanatics. Their descendants on the same soil must have inherited from them their dry, ironic humor as well as their individualism, independence and public spirit. In the seventeenth century about the best a farmer or fisherman could hope to do was to make a living. For a hundred years or more most New Englanders of whatever colony breakfasted and supped on "boiled Indian meal and "milk or on porridge or broth made of "peas or beans and seasoned by being "boiled with salted beef or pork"; the latter the cheapest meat; combined with beans, the cheapest vegetable, it made a dish which recalls those frugal times. The Pilgrims lived hardy lives. They never neglected military training. They were equal to their duties as citizens. Their political thought and action were clear. It is for us who eat of the fat and drink of the sweet to remember these pioneers, these establishers of ordered freedom and self-government. They were not alone in establishing them, but as Forefathers' Day draws near it is right to commemorate these men and women who rank in BACON'S first category of greatness, among the "founders of empire." Their descendants and the descendants of men of other strains carried to the ultimate frontier, careless of hardship and death, the principles of American polity and liberty and civilization. Hard workers and hard fighters, they well deserved the lasting remembrance that is theirs, and so we "leave them to their rest and their renown."

THE LEAGUE WORKS.

The first meeting of the Assembly of the League of Nations came to a close at Geneva yesterday. In estimating its achievements, first place must be given to the mere fact of its emerging from these weeks of testing stronger and more promising than when it convened. When the Abbé SIEYES was asked what he had done during the French Revolution, he replied: "I lived." For the League to have lived through the hostile criticism and cynical prophecies that dogged it at Geneva, as well as the inherent difficulties of its work, is in itself a triumph. Its break-up was confidently predicted. When hoity-toity Argentina withdrew there was a chorus of cries that this meant the beginning of the end. The forty-one nations were about to fly apart like so many mutually repellent atoms. But that flurry quickly passed; new member States were admitted, so that the League closed its sessions, having weathered all storms, with forty-seven nations now adhering to it. Not even in the irreconcilable camp at Washington has anybody longer the hardihood to speak contemptuously of the League as "dead."

The actual work done at this first meeting may not seem large in bulk, but it was admirable and hopeful in spirit. Many questions of procedure were settled. The relations of the Assembly and the Council were more clearly defined. A beginning was made in the matter of disarmament. Such a task could not, in the nature of the case, be rushed. The project of an international court was adopted, though, for the present, compulsory jurisdiction was denied it. This limitation has been made the subject of some Republican jeers in this country. But only short memories will have forgotten how the Republican Party prevented its own President, Mr. TAFT, from securing the submission of all justiciable controversies to an international tribunal. If this court plan, with a compulsory feature, had been laid before the Senate last Winter, it would have been raged against by Republican Senators horrified at such an impairment of our sovereignty. Mr. ROOT is for compulsory jurisdiction, but there is no certainty that two-thirds of the Senate could be got to approve it. The League itself had doubts whether the world is yet ready for it.

It would be possible to enumerate other minor labors got through by the League at the Geneva meeting. They are covered in the telegraphed summaries of the correspondents. But the main thing is that the Assembly which came together a month ago, uncertain of its strength and of its future, adjourned with the utmost confidence in its own power and of the place which it must hereafter hold in the great affairs of the world. Moreover, one thought was in the minds of all the delegates. It was frequently expressed. The League is not yet complete. Until it is made so, it cannot be expected to function with perfect ease and authority. Two enemy States in the great war were admitted at Geneva. Germany must be in time, after she shows that she is qualified. But, of course, the one nation that was conspicuous by its absence was the United States. Till this country joins, the League must necessarily appear incomplete.

Thus the chief question left over by the League meeting is how long the United States will continue to halt between two opinions. It is plainly just one thing that will cause the incoming Administration to hesitate. That is the apparent committal of the Republican Party during the last two years. If the proposal to join the League were to come up next March as absolutely fresh, there can be no doubt what Senator HARDING and his advisers would do. They would hail it. They would bid the country rejoice at its great opportunity. But now the shadow of the Senate debates and of the campaign speeches hangs over the party leaders. They fear that they will be charged with inconsistency. Their own words may be used to taunt them. Hence their present anxiety to find some alternative, some new organization—at least some new names for old things—in order to avoid accepting what the rest of the world has accepted.

All this fumbling and wriggling are unnecessary. The Republicans can go into the League with every precaution taken to save their faces. They can join on their own terms. This had before been made abundantly clear; it was put beyond doubt by the speeches and committee reports at Geneva. The League holds out its arms to the United States. It works as best it can without us, but it needs and implores our assistance. How long is America going to deny its own? How long shall we make the League wait for us?

A CHEERING FORECAST.

The interview with Mr. BERNARD BARUCH published in today's TIMES is notable both for its source and its substance. No one has enjoyed a reputation superior to Mr. BARUCH'S for sensing coming changes in the economic weather. His judgment on a given industrial or financial situation is based on long experience and wide and minute observation. So that when he gives it as his mature opinion that the worst of the depression is over, and that we may look for a gradual but steady improvement, it must be regarded as a cheerful sign of the times.

Nor does Mr. BARUCH fail to give the reasons for the faith that is in him. For them the reader must be referred to his own words. We merely remark, in general, that he thinks the point has been reached where the lower prices, which were inevitable, will lead to larger consumption and so stimulate production. Mr. BARUCH would not see his problem so clearly as he does if he did not see it whole; and his survey of foreign conditions, along with the inevitable connection between our markets and our customers abroad, involving the entire question of international credits, is really one of the most significant and hopeful parts of his interview. That it will be widely read goes without saying.

THE COAST GUARD.

There is probably more reading matter in the Coast Guard report of Commandant W. E. REYNOLDS than can be found in that mastodonic fiction "Les Miserables," but in the account of what the Coast Guard men performed, suffered and endured in the fiscal year ended June 30 there is no fiction. Fiscal suggests statistics, and statistics suggest DOUGLAS JERROLD'S summing up in his delightfully irresponsible manner that there were three kinds of untruths—the lie common, the lie that is damned, and statistics. The statistical part of the Coast Guard report, however, is in the background and does not obtrude. The rest is mainly a human record.

To the Summer visitor on the Atlantic seaboard a coast guardsman is a robust and ruddy person who has a perpetual vacation and yearns for sociability, with occasional opportunities to be a hero by fishing bathers out of the undertow. As a matter of fact, the men enrolled in this sea and land service in coastal waters from Alaska to Key West and Port Isabel live a life of toil, adventure, danger and hardship that cannot be matched by either the army or navy, except when the country is at war. Yet the public knows little about the Coast Guard. It hides its light under a bushel.

How many of us know what superheroes the officers and men of the cutter Unalga were when they fought the influenza at Unalaska? The Unalga lay at Akun Island waiting for a storm to blow over when wireless word came that the "flu" was epidemic at Unalaska. Captain DODGE at once weighed anchor and was off to fight the plague—a queer seaman's job. Soon after he arrived at the bleak spot he sent this message to headquarters:

> Seventy new cases influenza developed since yesterday; three deaths. At present 150 cases and seven deaths. Every house in Unalaska affected; several expected to die hourly; situation very serious; no news from villages to westward since last year; men [Unalga's men] digging graves and carpenter making coffins. All natives and nearly all white population down and helpless.

Day after day went tragically by, and each day the men and officers of the Coast Guard cutter fed and fueled Unalaska, cleaned houses, kept up fires, nursed the sick, removed the dead, put them in coffins made by the Unalga's carpenter and buried the plague victims. An orphans' home was established. There is this item of a June day: "An-"other band of orphans was picked up "and taken to the orphans' home and "five bodies were interred." After many strenuous and terrible days the cutter Bear came to the relief of the Unalga's plague-worn crew, followed by the U. S. S. Marblehead and Vicksburg, the Unalga going on to Nushagak to supply medicines and render help. Horrors were cumulative at Nushagak. A party sent to Coffee Point "ministered to "numerous sick and discovered a number "of bodies that had long remained un-"buried. Several of the latter had been "partly eaten by dogs. The relief party "buried the dead and shot all dogs seen." The dogs of Alaska where the influenza raged were neglected and starving. At other times they drew sleds through the snow and were often four-footed heroes. But now they were perishing from hunger. In the Wood River district the dogs, "as ravenous and ferocious as wolves," attacked the Unalga's men and were summarily executed. "Valiant service," Secretary CARTER GLASS called the work of the Unalga's crew, in a letter of thanks to Captain DODGE. They had added, said the Secretary, "another "brilliant chapter of endeavor to the "annals of the service."

In looking over Commandant REYNOLDS'S report one wonders how the Coast Guard at sea and ashore could have crowded so much brave, heroic and useful work into one year and a little more, for it was the end of May, 1919, when the Unalga steamed into Unalaska. On all our coasts, from the Bay of Fundy round to Bering Sea, the coast guardsmen are saving life at sea and on land wherever men and women are in peril. They saved 2,417 lives during the "fiscal year"; they assisted 8,427 persons on board vessels, and they cared for 561 persons along the surf line. There are a hundred stories stranger than fiction in the exacting work of the Grand Banks ice patrol.

REYNOLDS says that "there was not a "day throughout the year when service "was not performed by cutter or by sta-"tion crews designed to assist, relieve or "comfort humanity in one way or an-"other." Read about the rescue of the crew of the schooner Cape Horn, or about the wreck of the H. E. Runnells, or the sinking of the Sunbeam with her unlawful freight of Chinamen from Cuba (nearly all perished), and the feeling will be that CLARK RUSSELL or MORGAN ROBERTSON never wrote anything more thrilling. The pen of REYNOLDS is mightier than any fiction written for "best sellers."

There is nothing too humble for a coast guardsman to do alongshore if it is useful. They must be a kindly, human sort of folk, for they are ever helping the lost and strayed, and relieving vagabonds, and even wanderers "half seas over." It is this active spirit of comradeship that accounts for some amusing or curious items in the long record—for instance: "Rescued a teamster who had "fallen into the water with his mule; "intoxicated man found by patrol down "in water, patrol carried man on his "back to station; removed fishhook from "finger of small boy; put out in boat "and picked up a calf swimming; drove "cattle out of cornfield; rescued a "horse that had fallen through the ice; "removed tablet from memorial building "erected to memory of MARGARET FUL-"LER, building undermined by surf."

And here is a simple statement of duty performed that tugs at the heart-strings: "Made coffin, dug grave and buried body of small child of neighbor." What a splendid, often heroic, and always unselfish round of duty is that of the United States Coast Guard! Wherever they may be on patrol or on shipboard under the flag, may a Merry Christmas be theirs!

THE NEEDIEST CASES.

Unexpected touches of nature slip into the letters enclosing contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases. A barber has a wife and three children to support, but reflects that they are all happy and that he has steady work to keep them so; and therefore he encloses $5. A patron of the Dempsey-Brennan prizefight reflects that his seat cost him $16. It was a good contest and he evidently enjoyed it to the knockout; but having read our brief chronicles of want at Christmastide he realizes that there are others who are "making an uphill, game fight"; so he encloses $16. "May it help knock out a little of their trouble." Many contributions are made in memory of friends and relatives who have succumbed in the struggle of life. One steady contributor, who died two years ago, provided in his will for a regular annual contribution by his executor. Whether in sorrow or in happiness, few who pause to consider the bare facts of the cases can resist the human impulse.

The fund, which languished at the outset, has shown a marked improvement, mainly due to an increased number of small gifts. "It is only a dollar," writes an anonymous benefactor, "but it is the best I can do." Another, who spares $2, suggests that we make a plea for sums of less than a dollar to be sent in postage stamps. Need we say that they would be more than welcome? Quite aside from the need of the cases in hand, we all have the need to engender a generous and human impulse, and that may be done with small contributions as heartily as with large ones.

LUDENDORFF ON THE 77TH.

General Alexander's Reply to the Comments in Reference to the Division.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read over the review of Ludendorff's recent book, which recently appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES for Dec. 5, 1920, and my attention was especially attracted therein to his remarks in reference to the Seventy-seventh Division. He says: "The Seventy-seventh Division, the personnel of which was recently established, showed distinctly bad morale and inferior spirit. Its deficient training points to its having been put in too soon." As this particular reference seems to be an estimate of the division in July, 1918, I can, of course, express no personal opinion as to the justice thereof, as I did not join and assume command of the division until Aug. 27, something over a month later than the date of this report. In war many things may happen in a month, and this report was doubtless based upon the showing made by the division in its first entry in the line, which was in the quiet Baccarat sector on the eastern French frontier in the Vosges. When I first intimately saw the division it was in line on the Vesle. It had encountered some disagreeable surprises in the course of instantaneous transition from a very quiet sector to an extremely active one. It was, however, holding its own and after the date to which I have referred (Aug. 27) it advanced against hostile opposition a distance of seventy-one and one-half kilometers, the greatest distance of any division in the A. E. F. It was in active battle sixty-six days out of the ensuing seventy-seven which intervened between that date and the date of the armistice (Nov. 11), and its losses had amounted to 11,956 men, killed and wounded, it standing ninth on the list of all the divisions in France in battle losses. The territory over which it was called to advance was certainly at least as difficult as that assigned to any other division, it having been referred to by the commander-in-Chief in his preliminary report as "theretofore considered impregnable."

That the training of the Seventy-seventh Division left much to be desired in July, 1918, there can be no doubt. In this respect it was no worse off than were any other of our divisions with the possible exception of the First and Second, but the spirit demonstrated by the division, at least while I had opportunity to observe it, was certainly as good as any, and it was that spirit which carried the division forward in the face of obstacles, natural and artificial, until it stood, on the afternoon of Nov. 6, 1918, on the hills south and southeast of Sedan, first of all the American divisions engaged to reach and cut the railroad which, running Montmedy-Sedan-Mezières, was vital to the continued enemy occupation of Northern France and Belgium. That it paid more dearly for its successes than would have been the case had its instruction been begun along different and better lines, probably very greatly more than would have been the case had the previous military instruction of the American people in the mass been provided for, goes without saying. But apparently those losses must be expected every time we go to war. We will insure our property against theft, fire and disaster, but we are willing to send our sons to battle unprepared.

So far as the morale of the Seventy-seventh Division was concerned, during the period while I had opportunity to observe it, it was at least sufficiently good to carry it forward over all the obstacles which the enemy could put in its path, and it is believed that the sacrifices and devotion of the division assisted in their results very greatly toward the downfall of the enemy.

ROBERT ALEXANDER,
Colonel, Sixty-third Infantry,
Formerly Major General, Commanding Seventy-seventh Division.
Madison Barracks, N. Y., Dec. 10, 1920.

SUNDAY LAWS AND HEALTH.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The present wave of hysteria which is sweeping over all communities has evidently reached New York and apparently has taken into its whirlpool some of our well-meaning citizens.

Our social unlifters, not satisfied with the great moral victory which they have obtained by adding the Eighteenth Amendment to our Constitution, and demonstrating to the world at large that the greatest nation on earth can survive in a "dry" state, are now seeking to undo all the good prohibition has presumably accomplished or will accomplish by trying to inflict upon the people additional laws which will even prevent the most innocent form of amusement on the only day of rest.

They do not seem to understand that rest in itself is very often the most tiring thing for the individual; it is only when rest is combined with relaxation that the greatest amount of benefit is derived by those who are busily engaged during the six days of the week.

Do our friends, the uplifters, think that by imposing a puritanical Sunday on the most densely populated district of this country they are going to improve the moral status of the people?

Do they think that they will improve the health of the community? I fear that the contrary will happen. Every medical man or psychologist knows that when the ordinary vehicles of enjoyment of a given community are suddenly curtailed or stopped the reaction to such restriction is very unfavorable, and that instead of improving the general morale of the community it has a deteriorating effect which not infrequently may assume a dangerous aspect.

A. J. RONGY, M. D.
New York, Dec. 6, 1920.

UNTO HIM.

What shall we bring to the Holy Child—
What can we spare from our store?
Magus or shepherd or king or hind,
All who follow the star shall find
Surely the stable door:
Gold and spices some brought of yore,
Those who had nothing, hearts to adore;
But the shepherd knew, as well as the sage,
The joy of that star-led pilgrimage,
When the Christ upon him smiled.

What do you say?—"Long since the Child
Left earth for His heavenly throne;
Mother and Joseph are sainted now,
Though at the manger the knee we bow
The cattle wait there alone;
The little Babe to a King has grown,
What can we give that is not His own?
Though He humbled Himself at birth,
His are the riches of all the earth,
Who once on man's treasures smiled."

Though it is true that in mortal guise
Christ takes not, with His own hands,
The gifts that our willing hearts would bring,
He asks no less for our offering—
Asks for the children of lands
Held in the torture of famine's bonds
Of the remotest of earth's far strands
Has He said, "To the least of these ye
ye,
And know ye have done it unto Me."
Then give, and the star in the east shall rise
And the Christ shall look from the children's eyes.

BASIL E. EDDS.

SOVIET TRADE CALL FAILS TO ALLURE

Washington Unswayed by the Considerations Which Have Moved Lloyd George.

HAS NO EMPIRE AT STAKE

Sees No Chance of Great Production Under Communism, and Business Takes a Like View.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The latest note of Georg Tchitcherin, Commissary for Foreign Affairs of the Soviet Government of Russia, offering to the Greeks the protection and support of the Soviets of Moscow in any stand which the newly returned Constantine may be willing to make against the Entente, has aroused interest and amusement in Washington. Both officials and diplomats see in it new corroboration of reports, accepted by Lenin to engage in what might be characterized as "Great Power Politics."

Lenin, as is now often stated, admitted, within the confines of Soviet benefit [illegible] circulating throughout Europe. Especially [illegible] is to utilize [illegible] many may be at [illegible] with the Entente, so as to rally [illegible] interest around Moscow, thus becoming the leading figure in a vast political coalition directed against the existing [illegible] of things in Europe. Wells street [illegible] the decisions of the Genoa Conference. His ultimate purpose, of course, is believed to be to use these [illegible] combination [illegible] Allied governments [illegible] the Soviet [illegible] Another [illegible] part of Lenin [illegible] Bolshevist [illegible] Moscow [illegible] London Explains Weak Spot.

[illegible] good humor has [illegible] to his hoped-for [illegible] dealing with the [illegible] character [illegible] Bolshevist [illegible] as the [illegible] maneuvering [illegible] himself [illegible] and [illegible] British [illegible] London [illegible] speeds an [illegible] maneuvering [illegible] to [illegible] himself [illegible] charge [illegible] and [illegible] Soviet [illegible] Moscow [illegible] tions with [illegible] Soviet [illegible] pearance in [illegible] de facto [illegible] government [illegible]

[illegible] somewhat in the dark as to what actually is the practical [illegible] agreements so far reached between Downing Street and the Kremlin. In one respect, however, opinion is almost unanimous—that Lenin has won a diplomatic victory over Great Britain, and that the understanding and [illegible] recognition of Soviet Russia by England will open vast and promising avenues to Lenin for more [illegible] Diplomatic [illegible] would be as embossed.

No Guarantee of Peace

[illegible] upon offering a part of [illegible] by the cooperation of [illegible] George's Russian program has been that the first thing necessary to obtain was peace, that as soon as hostilities could be ended and more normal conditions of life restored in Russia Bolshevism would be undermined and a hopeful change come about. So far as peace is concerned, there is no doubt, in the minds of [illegible] that [illegible] would be beneficial to Bolshevist power. The basic [illegible] would be [illegible] Soviet army, and, [illegible] its [illegible] Soviet rule would come to an end. While agreeing on this main principle, however, observers in Washington are doubtful, from what they know of the way in which "relations" and "agreements" have developed in the negotiations between Great Britain and Lenin, that any provisions have materialized which would lead to or guarantee the establishment of peace.

Great Britain remained silent when Secretary Colby, in his note of Aug. 10, proposed an international guarantee by the Allied Powers of the territorial integrity of Russia. No protest came from England against the Riga peace, and she has since sanctioned the disannexation of Bessarabia. All this is directly opposed to the restoration of a strong and unified Russia, and favors rather her weakening by the establishment of a series of new independent States, especially along the littorals of the Baltic and Black Seas.

Moreover, the proposed trade agreement between the British and the Bolsheviki has not, so far as is known, called the disarmament of Soviet Russia, a condition precedent to the resumption of trade relations, nor does it exact any promise from the Bolsheviki not to initiate military offensives with revolutionary purposes. All that was stipulated is that Lenin shall abstain from activities directed against the safety and the peace of Great Britain and her dependencies. Practically no well-informed observers here expect Lenin to keep even this agreement. As a matter of fact, he only recently affirmed in a public speech the scant consideration he attaches to agreements made with the enemies of communism.

But even temporary abstention from propaganda and revolutionary incendiarism in British dependencies would be a cheap price to pay for the enormous moral and political advantages which Lenin would obtain from amicable relations with England. The very fact that the greatest national power in Europe—a power that has been a champion of constitutional government and individual liberty—has deemed it possible to treat with the Soviet power would open wide opportunities for political maneuvres elsewhere.

Quite a new combination, in particular, might be opened with respect to Germany. Germany was naturally reluctant to join with the Soviets in their military ventures and her abstention, therefore, from joining the Red armies at the moment of the invasion of Poland is explainable. Most tempting avenues, however, would be offered to Germany to affiliate herself with Moscow in a common drive against existing treaties, whenever the international status of Soviet Russia was strengthened by a de facto recognition of the Soviet Government by England.

The Chances For Trade.

As for trade, the opinion of close observers here is that the forms which ostensibly this trade between England and Russia would assume will strengthen Soviet power without helping the Russian people as a whole, or assisting the economic exchange between the former Slav Empire and the rest of Europe. The importance of resuming economic intercourse with Russia is universally admitted. Herbert Hoover, for instance, while at Marion, emphasized especially the importance of the Russian people settling down once more into habits of production, and Mr. Hoover is generally regarded as knowing, from personal experience, almost better than anybody else, with what serious economic consequences the absence of Russian production and exchange with the rest of Europe is affecting the general welfare and economic status of the world.

Economic relations between Russia and the rest of the world are regarded here as just as necessary for the restoration of Russia herself as they are imperative for the welfare of the peoples of Europe. The paramount element in the situation, however, in the opinion of men who ought to know, is not whether such relations are desirable but whether promising and fruitful relations are at all possible. It is clearly understood that what the world needs is raw products from Russia, and there is universal acknowledgment of the probable desirability of trading with the Russian people themselves.

Practically all countries have raised the blockade and allowed their citizens to resume trade with Russians. But no real results have taken place from such trading. The Bolshevist régime itself plainly admitted that trade is impossible with the people themselves. M. G. Wells stated that the only avenue open is the Soviet Government itself. But the nationalization of Russian industries and of the financial system, the suspension of freedom of enterprise, and the militarization of labor have brought industrial and agricultural production to a standstill. Not only is Russia dead in so far as production is concerned, but its status of mortification seems like to continue while the Soviet is in power and as long as Communistic principles control.

The Poison is Communism.

For this reason the best informed Washington opinion is that economic relations with Russia cannot at present revive production within Russia nor lead to promising exchange. It is believed that the only transactions possible would be the selling to the Soviet Government of a certain quantity of articles for which the Bolshevist leaders could pay with the gold they have seized, or with such small stock of previously produced materials as they may still have on hand from better times. Resumption of trade with the Soviet power therefore cannot bring real relief to the starved and distressed world. All it could do would be to give a certain amount of profit to a few foreign merchants.

There being no reason to believe that production will revive in Russia under communism, as one of the rather small stock of gold is exhausted trade would cease. As a matter of fact, the rather insignificant quantity of material which could be purchased by the Soviet, it is believed, would be used primarily for establishing its own hold on Russia and fostering its main enterprises. Even if part were used in an attempt to enhance production, the result, it is thought here, would be nil. Three years of experience have now convinced officials in Washington that it lies in the very principles and practices of communism that there lies the deadly poison which has paralyzed the economic system of the former Slav Empire.

If gold were accepted, therefore, trade with Russia would be on a cash basis, with the sole result, of temporary galvanization of the dying giant and eternal jangles for European peace, furthermore, by depriving Russia of the last remnant of her resources, such a parasitic kind of trade would defer rather than relieve difficulties and would new barriers against the future restoration of Russian economic life. In particular, the total loss of her gold reserves would render the restoration of her financial system practically hopeless, and it is in such a restoration, together with industrial revival, that there lies not only the promise of Russian production but also the possibility of Russia's meeting the extensive liabilities she owes the United States and other countries as the result of foreign loans.

Same Government First.

A short-term economic transaction with the Soviet is, therefore, looked upon as similar to the practice of killing the goose that lays the golden eggs. Lenin and his communist organizat on [illegible] economic relations, and their removal is considered the essential prerequisite to any relations of real value and consequence. Although the Soviet Government is developing its greatest efforts to swing public opinion in the United States toward advocacy of trade agreements, so far it has not succeeded in any influential quarter.

American business leaders are unwilling to embark on an adventure which, while possibly serving the interests of a few traders, will merely tighten and prolong the grip that holds back the economic rebirth of Russia, and which, without leading to real revival of production or export, will supply new weapons for revolution and disturbance.

TO HEAD SCHOOLS OF PERU.

Frank Crone's Appointment as Director of Education Is Praised.

It was announced in this city yesterday that Frank Crone, former superintendent of education in the Philippines, had been appointed Director of Public Instruction in Peru and would sail for the South American Republic next week, accompanied by F. B. Spaulding, former head of the Marine Department of the American Library Association, who goes to Peru to become Director of School Libraries and Museums.

It was said that Mr. Crone's first task would be the development of schools and school sites and buildings. He is now in Washington mapping out a program for the reorganization of Peru's educational system. American naval officers are already at the head of the Peruvian navy during its reorganization, and others are directing the naval academy of the Latin-American republic.

Members of the Pan-American Society yesterday expressed gratification at the selection of Mr. Crone to the office of Director of Public Instruction. They said that his work among the Filipinos had been extremely valuable to the United States from a standpoint of friendly relations. In his new post Mr. Crone could do much toward further cementing the bonds of friendship between Peru and the United States, members of the Pan-American Society pointed out.

CO-OPERATIVES ASK CONTROL OF AUSTRIA

Think They Can Beat Government in Feeding and Employing the People.

VIENNA CZECHS COMPLAIN

Want Children Instructed in Native Tongue—Tchicherin Again Threatens Hungary.

Failure by the Austrian Government to make material headway in the task of feeding its 6,000,000 citizens and providing them with useful and productive work was emphasized by a number of speakers at the second convention of the Austrian Consumers' Co-operatives held in Linz Nov. 13 and 14. Io resolutions adopted by the convention a bold bid was made for control of the business of feeding the people by the co-operatives, with the aid of the State and the labor organizations. Dr. Karl Renner, former Socialist Premier, was elected President of the co-operatives' association in place of Matthias Eldersch.

The report read by Secretary Wilhelm showed that the new association already embraced at the end of last year 151 co-operatives, of which 112 were consumers' organizations, 17 building associations, 16 producing societies and 4 credit associations. Data furnished by 103 consumers' organizations, with a membership of 371,000, showed a turnover of 372,000,000 crowns, an increase of 400 per cent. in a year, but a small part of which was to be attributed to the fall in the value of the crown.

Fraternal delegates from England, Germany, Italy, Sweden, Czechoslovakia and Hungary attended the meeting, and promised to do their best to help the Austrian co-operators carry out their ambitious program, which included the establishing of manufacturing plants and the founding of a co-operative banking institution.

At a meeting of the representatives of the Wholesale Purchasing Society for the co-operatives, held Nov. 15, the turnover of its central office for 1919 was given as $86,742,247 Austrian crowns, and that of the main branch in Prague as 151,737,880 Czechoslovak crowns. After hearing Director Hesky's report the society decided to raise its capitalization from 2,500,000 to 12,000,000 crowns, with the possibility of a further raise to 20,000,000.

In a statement sent by the National Czech Committee in Vienna to the Czechoslovak envoy in Vienna and to the Entente Missions, and quoted in the Arbeiter-Zeitung of Nov. 22, the charge is made that the Austrian Government is not living up to Article 68 of the Treaty of St. Germain, which provides that primary education in their native tongue shall be given to the children of considerable groups of citizens of other than German speech. It is asserted that there are more than 7,000 Czech-speaking children now not receiving any instruction at all because their parents, disgusted at the prolonged delay in establishing schools with Czech-speaking instructors, have withdrawn them from the German schools. There are private Czech schools now existing for some 2,000 children, but they are not yet recognized as part of the regular school system. The committee insists that it would not be difficult to find room for the Czech schools, as the number of school children in Austria has fallen 40 per cent. since the end of the war and many schoolhouses are being used for other purposes and could be reclaimed if necessary.

The protest issued by the Hungarian Socialists against the sentencing to death on Nov. 1 in Budapest of Joseph Glatter, former President of the Hungarian Locomotive Engineers' Union, because he was caught in Hungary with $2,000 contributed by workers in America for the relief of the survivors of the victims of the Horthy régime and accused of having brought money into Hungary to further a political plot, has aroused echoes in both Amsterdam, the headquarters of the moderate International Federation of Trade Unions, and Moscow, the home of the Communist International. Edo Fimmen, Secretary of the International Federation, has appealed to the railroad unions of all countries to urge their governments to put pressure upon Hungary to save Glatter, and George Tchicherin, Soviet Foreign Minister, has sent a message, according to a Moscow dispatch of Nov. 12, printed in the Berlin Freiheit, to the Hungarian Government reminding it that, besides the ten highly placed Hungarian officers that the Soviet Government is holding as hostages for the ten Bela Kun commissioners being tried in Budapest, there are many other Hungarian officer-prisoners of war in Russia "whose fate cannot fail to be influenced by the measures adopted toward the political hostages of the Hungarian Government."

The Deutsche Tageszeitung, organ of the Agrarian Junkers of Germany, in its issue of Nov. 21, proffered the following explanation of the stories that much of the gold being exported by the Soviet Government to pay for goods procured in the Baltic and Scandinavian countries had been found to contain about 25 per cent. alloy: "The Bolsheviki have simply stolen enormous quantities of church utensils and melted them down. The goldsmiths, especially in the olden days, were accustomed to add bismuth to their metals so as to attain the hardness necessary to make the tools efficient. At all events, the origin of this gold is now certain. It is the gold of the consecrated utensils of the orthodox church of Old Russia which the New Russia is shipping abroad with its bloodstained hands."

Reports from Helsingfors, via Moscow, to the German papers of Nov. 15, said that the Finnish Socialist Democratic Party had decided to leave the Second International and to adopt a benevolent attitude toward the Third (Communist) International. The Finnish Socialists have 80 of the 200 members of the National Assembly. A Reval report told of the founding in Helsingfors of a newspaper devoted to the propaganda of the Finnish Communists.

The National Committee of the Norwegian Labor Party was reported on Nov. 16 in the Paris Humanité as having voted 20 to 3, to accept the twenty-one points laid down for admission to the Communist International. The anti-Communist section of the party has left the organization and will organize a new group.

At a convention held in Zagreb on Oct. 24 and 25 the tailors and building workers of Jugoslavia effected national organization of their crafts, according to Belgrade reports to the Berlin papers. Both of the newly organized unions declared for affiliation with the Moscow International Council of Trade Unions.

A Rome dispatch of Nov. 25 to the Frankfurter Zeitung reported the organization in Italy of a committee to take charge of the work of caring for some of the German children being looked after by Switzerland and bringing them to Italy. The Pope was said to have contributed 200,000 lire to help the committee. During the past two years Italy has fed and clothed many thousands of Austrian little ones sent to her by their famishing parents to escape for a time the misery prevailing in Vienna and the other large cities.

Lettish newspapers report that Germany is about to demand 200,000,000 marks for railroad construction and industrial development done for the new republic. These papers remark that the Lettish counterclaims against Germany for damages done by the notorious Baltic Division will more than balance the account.

LOUVAIN LIBRARY FUND IS LAGGING

Only $151,000 of the $500,000 Promised by America Has Been Raised.

Less than $151,000 of the promised $500,000 for the restoration of the library of Louvain University has been raised to date, although more than a year has passed since the beginning of the campaign to raise the necessary funds. With Whitney Warren selected as architect and preliminary plans already prepared for the erection of a new and splendid library, to replace the famous structure destroyed by the Germans, the university authorities are beginning to wonder where the money is coming from for the work.

America undertook to furnish the needed half million. A National Committee of the United States for the Restoration of the University of Louvain was formed, and an executive committee headed by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, started a campaign to raise the fund. Associated with him on the executive committee were Thomas W. Lamont, Alexander J. Hemphill, E. H. Outerbridge and Herbert Putnam, Librarian of Congress.

Cardinal Mercier, on his visit to America, told of the pressing need for a library at Louvain and in his address at Columbia, where he received the honorary degree of doctor of laws, he described the sack of Louvain as the greatest sorrow of his life. Leading members of the national committee, including Cardinal Gibbons, President A. T. Hadley of Yale, President A. Lawrence Lowell of Harvard, Henry Watterson, Melville E. Stone, Chief Justice Edward D. White, Elihu Root, William H. Taft, Thomas A. Edison, J. P. Morgan, Thomas F. Ryan, President J. G. Hibben of Princeton, the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, John H. Finley, James M. Beck and Henry A. du Pont, appealed for subscriptions in the name of education and humanity.

Leading churchmen of all denominations, including Bishops Hayes, Burch, Gailor and Gabriels, joined in the appeal. Bankers in several cities, among them J. P. Morgan of New York, William H. Crocker of San Francisco, George H. Prince of St. Paul, George M. Reynolds of Chicago, Alfred L. Aiken of Boston, William H. Lee of St. Louis, Clifford B. Wright of Cincinnati and J. A. Graves of Los Angeles, co-operated, and the institutions with which they are connected acted as depositaries. Scholars, business men and public officials warmly endorsed the movement.

This was more than a year ago. To-day a little less than $151,000 has been raised and, according to the members of the committee, the remainder is not in sight. The rector of Louvain, F. Ladeuze, and his associates are frankly worried over the prospect of America's failure to provide the half million and have written Dr. Butler saying that if the money is not to be had in this country Louvain must turn to war-torn Europe. The site has been picked and all preparations made for the construction of the library. Books are being received from all parts of the world to replace the treasures stolen by the invader. Students are thronging the classrooms and the Belgian intellectual revival is under way—but without a library.

Yesterday Dr. Butler and his fellow-members of the executive committee made an appeal to all classes to contribute toward the library fund. Describing how the wanton destruction of Louvain in 1914 shocked the civilized world, the appeal told of the formation at Paris of an international committee for the restoration of the university. The National Committee of the United States was one of a number of national committees formed in various countries to aid in the work of restoration. To the American committee, the appeal reminds the public, fell the task of building the library. This task has not been completed.

If the regeneration of Belgium is to go on as it should, the appeal asserts, the library should be erected without delay. The American people are called upon to contribute, so that this nation may not prove delinquent in the work which it set out to do, and which, when started, it is said, thrilled Belgium as did no other project of reconstruction. Contributions may be sent to Dr. Butler at Columbia or to J. P. Morgan & Co.

It was said yesterday that, notwithstanding the terms of the Versailles Treaty, Germany has not yet restored a single book or manuscript taken by her soldiers during the pillage of Louvain. A money value can be fixed, but this, of course, does not even remotely make up the loss.

The committee headed by Dr. Butler was cheered yesterday by the receipt of several hundred dollars from the Club of Odd Volumes of Boston, transmitted through Alfred L. Aiken, President of the National Shawmut Bank.

ADVERTISEMENT.

KI-MOIDS
(GRANULES)
For INDIGESTION
DISSOLVE INSTANTLY
on the tongue, or in hot or cold water, or vichy. Try at soda fountains.
QUICK RELIEF!
ALSO IN TABLET FORM
MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE
MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION
10c

BRENTANO'S
5th Avenue and 27th Street, New York
Holiday Gifts
Our Stationery Department offers a fascinating variety — attractive as well as practical. Stationery in every pleasing form and variety. Beautiful Desk Sets, Book Ends, Writing Portfolios, Diaries, Address and Telephone Books, Fountain Pens in large assortments.
To assist you to select a Gift we offer the above suggestion.

SILESIAN AUTONOMY OFFERED BY BERLIN

If Inhabitants Vote Against Poland, They May Form a Federal State.

REICHSTAG DEFENDS DEPUTY

Orders Release of Socialist Arrested in Munich for Violent Speech.

With the avowed object of inducing the inhabitants of Upper Silesia to vote in favor of remaining German in the February plebiscite, the German Government has obtained the ratification by the Reichstag of an amendment to the National Constitution providing that within two months following the resumption of authority by German officials in Upper Silesia the people be allowed to decide by referendum the question of having Upper Silesia organized as an independent State of the republic.

During the debate on this law, previous to its passage on Nov. 25, the only opposition was raised by the German Nationalists, who were greatly grieved at the idea of promoting any move which might lead to the eventual dismemberment of Prussia as the leading political entity of the nation, and the Communists, who cared nothing about autonomy on general principles. The other deputies agreed with Chancellor Fehrenbach, who pointed out the great propaganda value of such a move by the National Government and voiced the hope that the loyal Germans of Upper Silesia would resist the blandishments of the Poles and save the rich coal district so necessary to Germany's industrial life.

Under the provisions of the new law, if the Silesians remain German and then vote for autonomy, the new State must be organized at once, without any further legislation.

Following the arrest by the Munich police on Nov. 30 of Hermann Remmele, an Independent Socialist Deputy to the Reichstag, on a charge of having incited to class warfare by a speech in which he had told a meeting of extreme Socialists that there was no occasion to weep over the imminent disarmament in Bavaria, as the proletariat would free itself with the arms turned over, the Reichstag passed a resolution demanding his immediate release. This was made possible through the absence from the session of many of the members of the conservative parties, who were willing to see their fellow-Deputy's right of immunity from arrest violated. Only a few days before this occurrance, the German papers reported the sentencing of Gustav Streidel, a Bavarian Communist, to twelve years imprisonment for complicity in high treason.

According to a report found in the Berlin Vorwärts of Nov. 21 giving details of the progress of the disarmament of the German civilians ordered last Summer, the number of weapons turned in to the authorities, or seized by them, since Sept. 15, was divided as follows: Cannon, 101; mine throwers, 84; flame throwers, 21; mortars, 334; machine guns, 5,195; machine pistols, 1,209; rifles, carbines and tank guns, 692,481; pistols and revolvers, 67,340; rifles without locks, 51; parts of weapons, including barrels and locks, 471,123, and 333,890 kilograms of rifle parts. There were turned over 17,402,183 rounds of small arms ammunition, 53,002 grenades, 9,805 kilograms and 2,241 pieces of artillery munitions, and huge quantities of shell fuses and detonators for hand grenades, as well as one airplane. Organizations for self-defense, manufacturers and dealers reported the possession of 6,786 machine guns and 834,000 rifles and carbines.

The new Board of Aldermen of Greater Berlin has approved an increase in the water rate to private consumers to 90 pfennigs per cubic meter and to 70 pfennigs for that used for public purposes. The gas rate has also been raised to 1.35 marks per cubic meter, effective from November. At present exchange rates a mark, which is composed of 100 pfennigs, equals about 15½ cents. The Board of Aldermen decided to take steps toward making special allowances in the matter of the new rates to the poorer members of the community.

During the fiscal year ended June 30 last the net profits of the great German General Electric Company were 44,675,805 marks, against 25,990,380 in the preceding year, according to the company's annual report, quoted from in the Frankfurter Zeitung of Nov. 24. The dividend rate was raised from 10 to 16 per cent., and 28,000,000 marks were paid out on the 200,000,000 marks in stock entitled to dividends at the end of the period. Gross profits were 80,205,553 marks, against 38,306,542 in the previous year, but expenses rose from 4,653,152 to 19,018,285 and taxes from 7,077,732 to 15,062,498, while 3,418,907 marks were written off, against 1,185,278. The report telling of the acquisition of several allied enterprises says that the company is selling a number of electric locomotives in Norway and mentions the capital increase of 100,000,000 marks put through last May and the issuing of 250,000,000 marks in preferred 6 per cent. stock in September. It notes that the 25,000,000 marks in stock sold to American interests were covered "by ample measures of precaution." In November, 1919, the company put out 100,000,000 marks in 4½ per cent. bonds.

The German Shoe Supply Company, the Government organization which is supposed to furnish the poorer citizens with footgear at prices within their reach, announced in the papers of Nov. 23 that it was ready to make its third distribution at the rate of one pair of shoes for each 100 inhabitants, but that where the local organizations of distribution could show special need, because of unemployment, demands by war invalids, &c., their quotas could be increased. The retail prices of the shoes are from 90 to 125 marks for men, from 90 to 110 for women, from 70 to 90 for boys, from 50 to 70 for girls, and from 25 to 50 for children. These prices are far below the regular store rates for shoes of the same quality.

At a meeting of agricultural and fertilizer experts with the sub-committee of the German National Economic Council for Foodstuffs and Agriculture reported in the Frankfurter Zeitung of Nov. 26 it was brought out that it would be necessary to import some 40,000 tons of raw phosphates in order to enable the German fertilizer makers to supply the needs of the farmers during the coming season. It appears that arrangements had been made to import this amount, but the Ministry of Finance had interfered and delayed the delivery. The experts agreed that unless the raw phosphates were had in time there would be a serious crop shortage next year.

Because he published an article in the Christian Nationalist paper, the Betheler Aufwärts, accusing Phillip Scheidemann, the Majority Socialist leader and Mayor of Cassel, of having smuggled millions of marks into Switzerland and bought a fine estate there, Dr. Wagner, the managing editor, has been fined 1,000 marks by the lower court in Bielefeld.

When the forty singers making up the chorus of the operetta "The Faithful Peasant" went on strike in the Municipal Theatre in Halle the evening of Nov. 11 for an immediate advance payment of 1,000 marks apiece out of the wage raise they were expecting from a board of arbitration, the manager asked the audience if it wanted its money back or would rather have the show go on without the chorus. The audience was almost unanimous in favor of the show sans chorus.

Asks Fund to Aid Poor Pupils.

The Junior Society of Temple Emanu-El, Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street, has issued an appeal for $10,000 to keep in school children who are compelled by poverty to go to work. The appeal says the children are only 14 years old, "little, immature, inexperienced and often physically weak and just in the years when they should be building up strong, healthy bodies and training their minds and hands. These are the children who get the so-called 'blind alley' jobs and are forced to keep on year after year without any hope of advancement." The society last year gave nine scholarships to children, enabling them to obtain training and giving them opportunity of developing during the adolescent period.

FRENCH DEAN LIKES LAW TEACHING HERE

Leon Duguit Compares Methods of Schools in France and United States.

WOULD JOIN TWO FACULTIES

Lecturer at Columbia Surprised That University Excludes Women From Law Courses.

Leon Duguit, Dean of the Law Faculty of the Université de Bordeaux, at present lecturing at Columbia on comparative French and American constitutional development since the year 1789, expressed to a NEW YORK TIMES reporter yesterday the deep impression made upon him by what he characterized as the wonderful organization of the university. He dwelt particularly on the provisions made for the physical well-being of students. He also thinks these students are very much under discipline—like a regiment, he says—and have not the freedom enjoyed by the French scholar. He regrets "vivamente," as he puts it, that women are excluded from the Columbia School of Law. He is not able to reconcile this with the fact that these women have the vote.

Dean Duguit is very much interested in the organization which he finds here. What impresses him greatly is what is done for the sake of the students, their actual comfort, the provisions made for feeding them, the airy dining room. Then, also, having to do with their material well-being, the sports, the big South Field, and everything that has been provided to take care of their actual physical welfare.

The question of discipline in the classes also interests him greatly. He says the students here are good students, that they work very hard, but that he feels there is a great deal of discipline. French students have more independence, more freedom, than the American students.

"Here they seem like a regiment of soldiers under discipline. They are more watched than they are in France," says Professor Duguit.

The Columbia Library strikes the Dean as being remarkable. He considers it a very "wealthy" library and very well organized. "The periodical room, with its reviews and current publications from all over the world—I am very much impressed with that," he said. "I noticed with great pleasure that all the French works in law and political science are to be found in the library."

When asked if the students made good use of them, Dean Duguit said that remained to be seen.

"It is a little difficult to compare one library with another," said the Dean, "without going into considerable detail. But I do wish to say that I think the system here is truly remarkable. It is a real pleasure to work in this library.

Notes Difference in Methods.

"I find that here in Columbia there is a great difference in the organization of the teaching of the studies in which I am most interested. In France there is a Faculty of Law, which is, at the same time, a Faculty of Political Science. We do not separate the two departments. The same corps of teachers handle both subjects, and the Faculty is not called the Faculty of Law and Political Science, except at Strasbourg, where the two names are used jointly. Otherwise, in France it is called simply the Faculty of Law. Here I find there is a Faculty of Political Science and a School of Law.

"It is not only a difference of words. There is a difference in fact. The school of law is a practical school and not an institution for the teaching of "superior"—advanced—law, in the sense we use the term. This expresses the capital difference which exists, I think, between the teaching of law in France and here. In France we aim to give a scientific understanding of law, and here the teaching is purely practical. The case-method in use in teaching law here can make good lawyers, but not jurisconsults. The jurist-consult must be one who has specialized in the study of law, one who thoroughly knows and understands the general theories of law and can apply them to specific cases.

"I was surprised by their teaching by the case-method in the law school, but I admire very much the teaching given in the political science school. I was present recently at a discussion of a doctor's thesis in which I especially admired the talent and learning of the jury.

"I wish to say that I am pleased with and grateful to my faithful audience, which seems to be much interested in the sometimes rather arid abstracts that I am dealing with. Their interest is keen. After Christmas there will be two distinct series of lectures, on Tuesday for the general public and on Friday for those who are especially interested in law and political science. The latter will be the more technical lecture. The lectures will deal with comparisons between public law in France and Germany."

Asked for his opinion on the exclusion of women from the Columbia school of law, which whole subject has recently been brought to the fore by the presentation of a petition from Barnard seeking that the bars be let down and women admitted to the school of law, he said that he was at a loss to understand their exclusion.

"I regret it excessively," said the Dean, "and it is more surprising to me, inasmuch as it is in direct contradiction to the fact that here women may vote. Historically, of course, I realize that the right to vote has been only recently acquired, and that the regulations governing the exclusion of women students are of older origin.

Many Women Students in France.

"Many women study law in France now, and we have some very famous women lawyers, although it is a matter of a comparatively few years there, too. Women are more especially studying law since the war. It would seem to me that the fact that women have been excluded from the law school here comes from the conception of the actual teaching of law, which is the practical or case method, and which therefore aims to prepare the student directly for a career. In France we have many women who study law who do not intend to be lawyers, but who wish to understand law so that they may administer their own affairs.

"Many more study law simply to complete their general education or culture. You cannot know the history of your country unless you understand something of the history of law in that country, and in the Faculty of Law in France special attention is paid to the study of the history of law.

"It seems to me desirable that there should be a fusion of the Faculty of Law and the Faculty of Political Science, for law—both private and public law—is but one of the political sciences, although perhaps one of the most important. Private law comprises cases of litigation between individuals. Public law covers municipal, constitutional and international law. But I do not understand the separation made here between the teaching of the two—the scientific or theoretical and the practical.

"In spite of these reservations, however, I have the profoundest admiration for the very fine teaching that is done in this wonderful institution, and I consider it the greatest honor in my career that I have been invited to lecture here."

Dean Leon Duguit is one of the foremost law writers and teachers of France. In explanation of the French title "Dean," it may be said that the Dean in France is elected by all the professors of the Faculty for a period of three years, which is considered a very high honor indeed, expressing the opinion of those who know him best. At the end of the three-year term he may be re-elected, and this may be repeated indefinitely. Here the Trustees name the Deans.

THONET-WANNER
FURNITURE



Three-piece living-room suite, consisting of Davenport, arm chair and wing chair with loose cushion spring seats, covered in figured denim.
Former Price, $241.00 Sale Price, $179.00

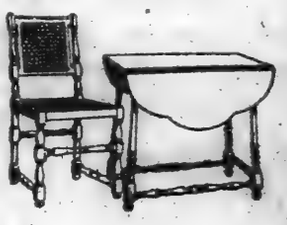
The same suite in figured velour.
Former Price, $385.00 Sale Price, $295.00

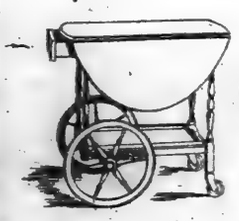
The same suite in mohair
Former Price, $505.00 Sale Price, $375.00

The Last Chance

Our prices have always been the lowest in the city. The reductions we made some time ago meant loss to us. We are making another and final cut this week—as much as fifty per cent. We know we can't continue business at these prices. We must end the sale December 24, therefore, and find out where we stand.

Walnut drop-leaf table. Size of top, 42 in. x 31 in.
Formerly $45.00
Now $36.00
Chair to match. Cane seat and back.
Formerly $48.00
Now $24.00

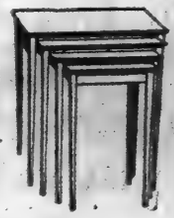




Mahogany drop-leaf tea wagon.
Formerly $45.00
Now $39.50



Ritz day-bed, finished in mahogany, complete with combination day-bed springs, covered in figured denim.
Formerly $100.00
Now $75.00



Nest of four tables, mahogany finish. Size of top, 15 in. x 26 in.
Formerly $27.00
Now $19.75

THONET-WANNER
FURNITURE
MADISON AVENUE AT 47TH
STREET ENTRANCE TO VAST STORES

LAWYERS WHO FACED WAR PERIL WIN FEES

Continued from Page 1. This Section.

the submarine warfare was in full [illegible] and sinking of vessels of all kinds was a daily occurrence, without regard to the safety of passengers or any provision made for their rescue. He spent two weeks in London trying to get permission from the British authorities to go to Holland, but the authorities refused permission because they didn't see that his presence in Holland was necessary.

The referee says: "There can be no question but that his journey was surrounded by perils at every stage and was extremely hazardous to life at all times." But the referee holds, as in the case of Mr. Goodbody, that "hazard, however great, does not constitute legal service, and it is for legal service and that alone that this action is brought."

The defendant contended that he should pay nothing for Attorney Leary's perilous trip because the attorney should have known before he started that he could not get to Holland, and that the trip could not benefit the defendant, but the referee says that could not have been discovered until the attorney got to England. As to a contention by the defendant that the services of both attorneys were of little or no value, the referee said:

"To defeat that possibility (the probate of the will) was the job which the defendant presented to the plaintiffs. They have succeeded. The petition for the probate of the will in the City of New York down to the time of the commencement of this action, has been defeated. It is not unfair to say that it has been defeated in a large degree by the efforts of these plaintiffs."

The referee awards $17,000 for the services of the attorneys in the de Ridder will contest, $3,047 for services to the defendant as administrator of the Reusens estate in addition to payments already made, and $452 for disbursements.

The judgment, filed in the Supreme Court yesterday, with costs, was for $23,802.



Sterling Silver

MESH BAGS

38.50

Cathedral model frame, with fine baby reversible mesh and strap handle. Finished with mesh pendants. *Main Floor*

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

New Store Hours, up to and including Dec. 24th—9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Green-gold finish

MESH BAGS

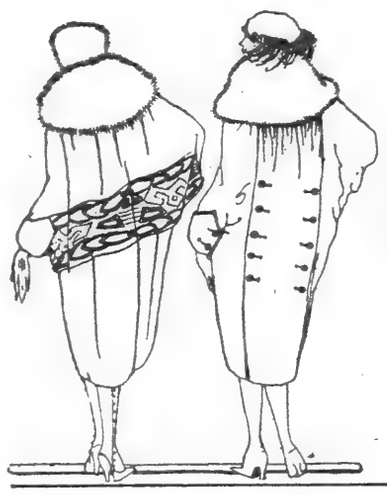
48.50

Crescent frame model, with fine baby mesh skirt, in tunic effect. Mesh is bordered in fine lace designs and bag is completed with cord handle.



We Will Offer Most Exceptional Values Monday in a Sale of

Women's Distinctive Wraps, Coats and Wrap Coats



REGULARLY 145.00 TO 165.00

At 95.00

The cleverest models that Paris originated this season, all displaying the chic for which "she" is justly famous—have been expertly reproduced in these exquisite coats and wraps. The fabrics are the most favored for present wear—

Velour de Nord, Evora, Bolivia, Vel de Cygne, Chamoistyne and Frost Glow

adorned with handsome embroidery or mole, squirrel, beaver, taupe nutria, Australian and ringtail oppossum.

Fourth Floor

Misses' New

TAFFETA AFTERNOON FROCKS



Monday at 35.00

Refreshingly youthful is the modish basque waist that ties so jauntily in back.

The deep collar and flarecuffs are of bisque silk stitched in silver—and the skirt displays the extended hip effect trimmed with four narrow strips faced in bisque to match the collar.

Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Colors: navy, brown and black. *Fourth Floor*



4.75 2.50 3.75 2.00 4.75

Our Entire Stock of Women's Slippers

GREATLY REDUCED

—every pair of slippers in our stock is included, affording you an unprecedented opportunity to

Save Fully One-Third on Every Pair

Felt "Comfy" Slippers, ribbon trimmed	Reduced to 2.00
Felt Everett with leather soles	Reduced to 1.75
Felt Mules with "comfy" soles	Reduced to 1.50
Felt Juliets with leather soles and fur trimming. Colors: Rose, Lavender, Copenhagen Blue and Oxford	Reduced to 2.75
Felt Juliets with leather soles and braid trimming.	Reduced to 2.50
Felt Hylos with comfy soles	Reduced to 2.50
Satin Quilted Slippers with leather soles	Reduced to 2.50
Satin Quilted Slippers with comfy soles	Reduced to 2.75
Satin Quilted Mules with leather soles.	Reduced to 3.75
Satin Quilted D'Arcys with leather soles	Reduced to 4.50
Satin Quilted Juliets—fur trimmed	Reduced to 4.75
Satin Quilted Cavaliers—fur trimmed.	Reduced to 4.75
Plain Satin Slippers with pom-pom	Reduced to 3.25
Black Velvet Carriage Boots	Reduced to 7.00

Children's Slippers—Greatly Reduced

Felt Slippers with comfy soles	1.35
Felt Slippers with soft soles and ribbon trimming	1.75
Felt Hylo Slippers, with soft soles	1.75
Felt Juliets with leather soles	1.75
Felt Booties with leather soles	2.25
Felt "Puss in Boots" with comfy soles	2.25
Felt Mocassins with comfy soles	1.45
Fleece Lined Mocassins	1.45
Boys' Felt Slippers with soft soles	1.85
Boys' Hylo Slippers with soft soles	1.85
Boys' Felt Mocassins	1.45

Second Floor

Three Gift Items in Women's

SILK UNDERWEAR

Very Specially Priced

Bodices of soft washable satin, with bands of lace insertion and lace shoulder straps 1.00

Bodices of washable satin in pointed shoulder effect, of lace insertion and edging 1.50

Envelope Chemise of silky Crepe de Chine, with top of lace insertion combined with embroidered Georgette Crepe 2.95

Third Floor

An Ideal Gift!

Women's and Misses

Satin Baronette

SKIRTS

Special 9.75

Lovely, shimmering Baronette satin fashioned with the greatest care into skirts of appealing beauty. The colors are lovely, too!

Maize, turquoise, brown, navy, sapphire, white and black.

Fourth Floor

Women's

CREPE de CHINE FROCKS



— a remarkable value at

29.50

The original of this modish frock was designed by Patou, and very faithfully has it been reproduced here.

Heavy, lustrous Crepe de Chine has been modeled into a smart straight-line effect, with elongated waistline, pleated skirt and panels.

The dainty Georgette Crepe collar is edged with Irish crochet, and you may choose from these new Spring shades:

Cherry, silver grey, beige and Copenhagen. Sizes 34 to 44.

Fourth Floor



The Blouse Dept. will offer Monday

WASHABLE SATIN BLOUSES

—suitable for gift giving—

At 3.95 and 5.00

Soft satin fashions these delightfully tailored blouses—and, besides being good-looking, they may be laundered with the certainty that they will come out like new.

In convertible collar model—**3.95**

Peter Pan model with frilling—**5.00**

In flesh and white. Sizes 34 to 46. *Third Floor*



Men's Cigarette Cases—Sterling silver inlaid with solid gold on both sides. Made in extra heavyweight thin model with knife edge 29.50



Sterling Silver Strap Watches — Made for men. Fitted with 15-jewel lever movement and radium dial 8.50



Boys' Pocket Watches —Nickel pocket watches with 7 jewel lever movement. Unusual value 5.00

Main Floor

Boys'

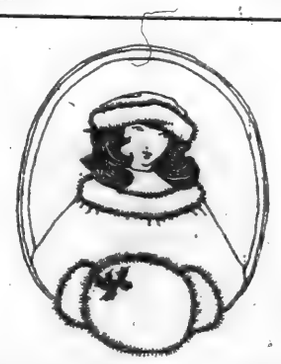
PARTY SUITS

8.95



Smart little suits, with embroidered or frilled blouse of White Washable Silk and Knickers of fine quality velvet in brown, black or navy blue. Sizes 3 to 8 years.

Second Floor



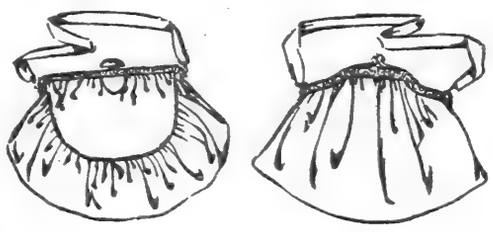
CHILDREN'S FURS

For Christmas Giving

A child will be more proud of one of these little fur fashions than any other thing that you may think of giving. Sets consist of scarf and muff.

Coney Sets, white, dyed or natural color	5.50 to 12.50
Raccoon Sets	39.50
Squirrel Sets	59.50
Grey Fox Sets	57.50
Nutria Sets	30.00
Separate Coney Scarf	2.75 and 2.95
Natural Muskrat Scarf	6.50 and 12.50

Fourth Floor



An Interesting Presentation of

CHIFFON VELVET and DUVETYNE BAGS

At 5.00

Equally appropriate for tailleur or dressy wear, in so many fascinating styles that selection is easy. Every bag is mounted on a liberty silver frame, and fitted with one inside compartment and hanging mirror. Two *pictured*

Main Floor

Handsome Fur Coats and Scarfs

at Greatly Reduced Prices

—these are by far the lowest prices quoted in New York for furs of strictly first quality

Hudson Seal Coats in smart 36 inch model with self collar and cuffs. Regularly $395.00 Reduced to **245.00**

Hudson Seal Coats in 36 inch model with large collar and cuffs of skunk, squirrel or self fur. Regularly $450.00 Reduced to **295.00**

Hudson Seal Coats in 40 inch model with large skunk or self collar. Regularly $575.00 Reduced to **395.00**

Hudson Seal Coats in 45 inch model with skunk or self collar and cuffs. Regularly $765.00 Reduced to **495.00**

Handsome Mole Dolmans, made of choice quality skins. Regularly $500.00. Reduced to **395.00**

Brown Pony Coats with large collars and cuffs of beaver, squirrel, and Australian Oppossum. Regularly $295.00. Reduced to **195.00**

Near Seal Coats in 36 inch model with self collar and cuffs. Regularly $185.00. Reduced to **145.00**

Beautiful Squirrel Dolman of exceptional quality skins. Regularly $1,350.00. Reduced to **850.00**

Beautiful Squirrel Coats in 36 inch models. Regularly $750.00. Reduced to **550.00**

Luxurious Mink Coat of selected dark skins; 30 inch model. Regularly $1,100.00. Reduced to **850.00**

Handsome Mink Coat in 42 inch model, of fine dark skins. Regularly $1,850.00. Reduced to **1,250.00**

Full Length Mink Dolman made of the choicest dark pelts. Regularly $2,850.00 Reduced to **2,000.00**

Dyed Blue Fox Scarfs. Regularly $110.00. Reduced to **89.50**

Hudson Bay Sable Scarfs—1 skin. Reg. $75.00. Reduced to **59.50**

Hudson Bay Sable Scarfs—1 skin. Reg. $60.00. Reduced to **42.50**

Baum Marten Scarfs—1 skin. Regularly $95.00. Reduced to **65.00**

Fox Scarfs in taupe or brown. Regularly $65.00. Reduced to **49.50**

Fox Scarfs in taupe or brown. Regularly $49.50. Reduced to **37.50**

Sixth Floor

Store Hours 9 to 6:00

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY

For Other Gimbel News See Sections 1 and 2



Here's the Way to a Merry Christmas!

A Real Musical Home-Time With The Best Of Music

Brunswick, of course! Records that run the whole gamut of musical delight—frivolous, jazziest dance—wonderful records of violin, piano, solo and symphony reproduced with a sweetness and *truth* that only the Brunswick can give. No secret back of the Brunswick's wonderful tone. The Ultona that plays every make of record with exactly the contact intended when that record was made; the oval amplifier of moulded holly wood—true to acoustic laws—source of that violin toned quality. They're talk of the town—and they're the *reason why* you'd better come at once to Gimbels—hear this Brunswick phonograph among those that claim to be its peers—make your Christmas selection from a full stock. There's no Christmas gift more lasting in its joy-giving—no worthy gift easier to pay for than the Brunswick on Gimbel terms.

Brunswick

On Terms as Low as $5.00 a Month

Gimbels Music Salons: Eighth Floor: Open Evenings. *Use 33rd St. Entrance, Near Broadway*

GIMBEL BROTHERS, MUSIC SALONS
33rd Street and Broadway, N. Y. City

Please send me full information with regard to the Brunswick phonograph and Brunswick records.

Name .....

Address .....

TI-12-19-20.

RESCUED FROM JUNK

Volume on Witches, Published in London in 1682, Has Notes by Cotton Mather.

ONCE BOUGHT FOR A DOLLAR

Lathrop C. Harper Purchased It Here Last Week—Reminder of Salem Hangings.

The most interesting book in the library of American and British history owned by Dr. Frank P. O'Brien, and sold last week at the Anderson Galleries, was the copy of Joseph Glanvil's "Sadducismus Triumphatus; or, Full and Plain Evidence Concerning Witches and Apparitions," published in London in 1682. It belonged to Cotton Mather and is annotated by him. It was bought by Lathrop C. Harper for $510.

It had disappeared and was thought to be among the lost books of the world. About two years ago, however, it came to light once more. It was found amid the discarded junk of an attic and was bought by Dr. O'Brien, among hundreds of other volumes. He sold the book soon afterward for a dollar. The new purchaser, a historian, who quickly discovered what it was, sold it back to Dr. O'Brien for the same sum.

The work is in two parts. The first treats of the possibility of witches and apparitions; the second of their real existence. It was used by Cotton Mather in making his witchcraft accusations and in the writing of his "Wonders of the Invisible World," which appeared in 1692. Even in 1688 Cotton Mather was anchored in the delusion that must always be connected with his name. In that year he examined the Goodwin child in Boston, pronounced her bewitched and brought about the hanging of the woman Goody Glover.

In 1689 he published his account of that case under the title of "Late Memorable Providences Relating to Witchcraft and Possession." The execution and book spread the alarm of witchcraft through the whole colony, and the Salem horror was the outcome of it. So when Governor Phips in 1692 sought some one to justify the things that had been done in Salem, he turned to Mather, who was the acknowledged authority on the subject. Mather was ready for the task and produced "Wonders of the Invisible World."

Increase Mather used and quoted the Glanvil book in his "Cases of Conscience Concerning Evil Spirits Personating Man," published in 1693. Even after all others saw more clearly, Cotton Mather persisted in his belief. In 1700, in his "Magnolia," he repeated his former views and showed no regret that through his influence many innocent men and women had died on the scaffold. In 1723, five years before his death, he again asserted the same attitude. In his diary of 1724 he declared himself martyred by the contumely of his fellow men, and, so far as is known, he died in the conviction long avowed.

The volume is scarred by fire, as if some one had thrown it into the flames and it had been rescued from the burning.

METHODIST CHARITIES RECEIVED $15,489,000

Last Year's Total Disbursed to Boards of the Church and Other Interests.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—Dr. Morris W. Ehnes, Treasurer of the Council of Boards of Benevolence of the Methodist Episcopal Church, announced today that the total receipts for the year ending Nov. 1 were $15,489,762, or about 72% of the amount pledged. May was the smallest month, $628,552 being received, while $2,880,334 was paid during the month of September. The disbursements to the several boards of the Church and other centenary interests were:

American Bible Society, $150,000; General Deaconess Board, $45,000; Board of Education, $750,000; Board of Foreign Missions, $6,612,123.05; Board of Home Missions and Church Extension, $6,613,945.04; Board of Sunday Schools, $300,000; Board of Temperance, Prohibition and Public Morals, $150,000; Freedman's Aid Society, $350,340.34; Board of Education (additional), $100,000; Freedman's Aid Society (aditional), $237,623.62; Kansas Wesleyan University, $2,200.50; Syracuse University, $14,887.06; Troy Conference Academy, $7,586.24; Wyoming Seminary, $3,574.27; Albion College, $6,666, and Wesley Foundation of Illinois, $147,771.74.

Dr. Ehnes said revised figures of the amount subscribed, payable in five years, was $106,089,963. Deducting the estate notes, valued at $1,311,170, as being at present uncollectable, the balance subscribed for the centenary fund is $106,769,635, payable in five years, which is $21,353,927 annually.

Dr. Ehnes in his report recommended a far-reaching campaign of education through the religious and secular press, the institute and conference, the reading circle and study class, the use of pageants, lantern slides, charts, maps and graphs, humanized by the personal message of the missionary, the pastor and the laymen, an dthe centenary campaign must be spiritualized.

He also says:

"We cannot go back to our former standard of giving—that would be disastrous. We must advance our standard of giving beyond the present plane, if we are to meet our obligations at home and abroad with an adequate Christian program."



CUCKOO, QUAIL, CHIME, KITCHEN CLOCKS.
Large assortment in all prices.

CHRISTMAS ANGEL CHIMES.
The best in the market.

WEATHER-HOUSES
Large variety up to $6.00, all tested.

WAGNER CONCERT
The best musical instrument for a child.

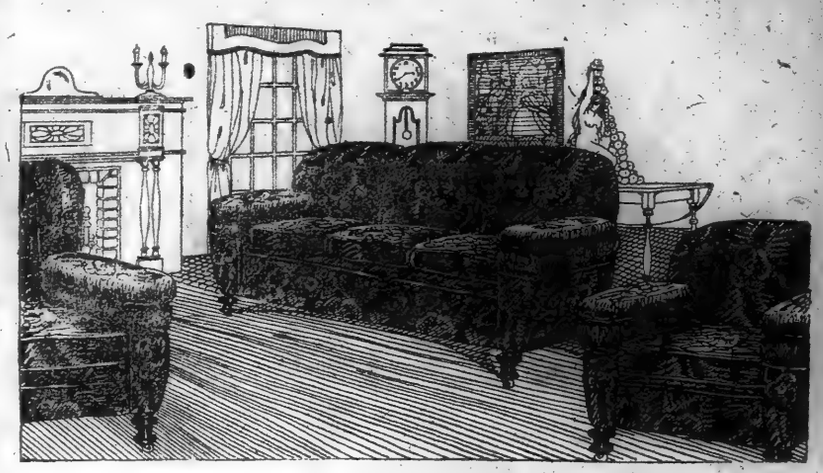
SWISS WOOD HAND CARVINGS
The finest assortment.

SWISS CLOCK COMP.
85 Barclay Street, New York City
Store open to-day from 10 to 4 P. M.

KOCH & CO. INC
Established 1880
125th STREET WEST

ENDURING GIFTS
KOCH Furniture of Distinction

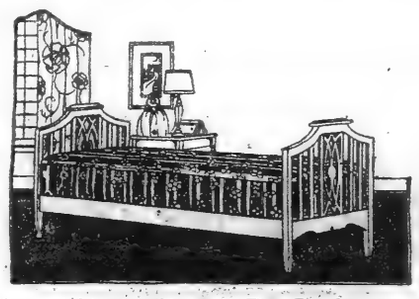
Combining Stability, Sturdy Construction and Attractive Pricing. Some Examples:



$450 Karpen Special Spring-Arm Suite 3 Pieces, Covered in Tapestry or Velour $347.00

Sofa is 85 inches long, armchair and wing chair are deep and roomy. All have spring edge and Karpenesque removable spring cushion seats. Outside backs are covered in material to match.

Your choice of tapestry or velour from a wide assortment of patterns.



This $75 Day Bed $49.00
Mahogany frame, dull finish, with mattress-top box spring. Your choice of cretonne. Fully guaranteed.



Exceptional Showing of
Gate-Leg Tables 39.00 to 69.00
Solid mahogany, dull finish. Sizes 36x48 to 48x54.

25 to 40% Reductions on all Suites

The Koch Plan of Deferred Payments
is conceded to be the only Extended-Payment System now in successful operation in any department store.

Lamp Gifts for Christmas



FLOOR LAMP
Has a handsomely carved base in gold and black velour. Shade is of Mulberry silk, beautifully embroidered; with deep fringe.

Our Introductory Sale of ***25% off*** *on all Lamps will continue until January 1*

We carry the largest assortment of Lamps in New York City. Parchment, Silk and Decorated Shades; also Pottery, Wrought Iron, Marble, Polychrome, Mahogany, Cloisonne and Bronze Lamps.

FLOOR LAMPS : READING LAMPS
TABLE LAMPS : BOUDOIR LAMPS
and Lamps of every design

A VISIT TO OUR SHOWROOMS WILL CONVINCE YOU OF THIS WONDERFUL OFFER



TABLE LAMP
With Polychrome base, of hand scroll design. Handsomely decorated shade of parchment and high grade of silk.

ILLUMINATING SALES CO.
47 West 46th Street, New York

IMPORTER'S SACRIFICE

$1,000,000.00 Stock

CHINESE ORIENTAL RUGS

The Orient Sales Co., Inc., large importers of rugs from the Orient, discontinue operating and offer their entire stock to the consumer

Below Import Prices Paid by the Orient Company—You Save Both Importer's and Retailer's Profits

9x12	Rugs that retail for $400.00—Our Price	$175.00
8x10	Rugs that retail for $350.00—Our Price	150.00
6x9	Rugs that retail for $225.00—Our Price	85.00
2x4	Rugs that retail for $50.00—Our Price	20.00

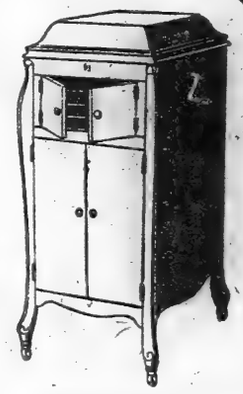
All Sizes Up to 20x30 Feet Reduced in Proportion
Other grades higher priced reduced accordingly
on Exhibition in our Showrooms

THE ORIENT SALES CO., INC.
No. 34 in the Arcade of the Fifth Ave. Building
23D STREET AND FIFTH AVENUE
(next to the entrance of the Fifth Avenue Restaurant)

The reputation and guarantee of this Company gives assurance that only genuine Chinese Oriental Rugs are included in this Sale, which will be continued only until this merchandise is sold.

Select Your Christmas Victrola NOW!
At one of the
FOUR DAVEGA SHOPS

Be sure of a timely delivery and assure yourself of the satisfaction of choosing from the unbroken assortment of Victrolas now at the four Davega Shops, and further assure yourself of the desired wood finish.



Model No. XI—$150
(Illustrated)

$5 DOWN will Place in Your Home a genuine Victrola
$125 or $150 Model
Balance in convenient weekly or monthly payments

to be delivered immediately or on the day *you* specify, and do away with the annoyance of uncertain last minute delivery.

HEAR VICTOR CHRISTMAS RECORDS—sacred and merry. Let the Victor world-famed vocalists entertain your guests. Let the Victor Dance Bands inject a little "jazz" into the holidays.

Davega Service does not end with your selection of a Victrola and Records. We keep your Victrola in perfect condition—during the life of your contract with us.

DAVEGA
The Sportsman's Paradise

125 WEST 125TH STREET
Near Lenox Avenue
111 EAST 42D STREET
Commodore Hotel
831 BROADWAY
Near 18th Street
15 CORTLANDT STREET
Near Broadway
All stores open every evening until Christmas

S. B. Davega Co., 831 Broadway, N.Y.
Please send me new Victor Catalog and information about your Special Christmas Victrola Offer. This places me under no obligation.
T. 12-15.
Name.....
Address.....

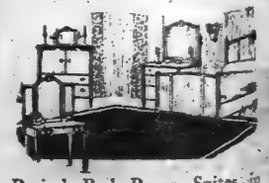
D. T. OWEN CO.
34 EAST 23D ST.

BARGAINS
in
BED ROOM
and
DINING ROOM
FURNITURE

Owen prices reduced before inventory—on a line of quality furniture that was marked very low even before the cut.



Your ideal Dining Room Suite is here at a price—and on terms—that will delight you. Prices have reached the bottom in this Pre-Inventory Clearance.



Period Bed Room Suites in Walnut and Mahogany as low as you can ever expect to buy them. The opportunity, naturally, will be short-lived.

Convenient terms during pre-inventory sale.

D. T. OWEN CO.
34 EAST 23D ST.

German Market

Firms capable of large transactions—Buying or Selling, can connect with American who had 14 years experience in Europe. Selling this month.

S. T. M. 287 Times

IN BRICKNER LIST

Letter by Button Gwinnett, One of Signers of Declaration of Independence.

LONGEST EVER PUT ON SALE

Early Bidding for It Expected at Auction Next Month—Other Treasures Listed.

An American autograph of great rarity is in the collection of Mrs. W. M. Brickner of this city, which will be sold at the Anderson Galleries on January 10, 11 and 12. It is a letter written by Button Gwinnett of Georgia. His autograph and that of Thomas Lynch Jr. of South Carolina are the rarest of the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

The letter, which is in the third person, is a small quarto, split in the folds. It is a longer specimen in the hand of Button Gwinnett than was in either the Danforth Thacher or Joline collection. In fact, it is probably, say the Anderson people, the longest letter in his hand which has ever been offered at public auction. It was written by him for his wife, and is addressed to Benjamin Sheftal of Savannah, whose descendant Mrs. Brickner is. The letter reads as follows:

Mrs. Gwinnett begs leave to present compliments to Mr. and Mrs. Sheftal; hopes Mrs. Sheftal is recovered. She wishes Mr. Sheftal and Miss a pleasant journey and hopes they will see Betsey Gwinnett there. Mrs. Gwinnett begs it as a particular favor to hear from them on their return from Charles Town (Charleston, S. C.). She has sent the maker's name and number of her watch to Mr. Levy Sheftal—Mr. Jackson, London, 2468. Hope he will please to do me the kindness to buy it, having a letter from Mr. Foley where to apply for it."

The autograph will undoubtedly bring a high price. There are Button Gwinnett signatures and documents in some of the more valuable of the American collections, but no letter, and there will probably be a sharp contest to obtain this specimen. Dr. Thomas Addis Emmet had a Thomas Lynch Jr. letter in his collection which is now in the New York Public Library. Lynch was drowned in 1779 while aboard a vessel bound for St. Eustatius, where he expected to take passage in some neutral ship for the South of France. He was only thirty years of age when he died.

Gwinnett was born in England about 1732, and was killed in a duel with General Lachlan McIntosh in May, 1777. He was in mercantile pursuits for a time in Bristol, England, and emigrated to Charleston. After a while he removed to Savannah, where in 1765 he was established as a general trader. In 1770 he purchased a plantation on St. Catherine's Island, Ga., and gave his attention to agriculture. It seems very strange that there should not be letters of Gwinnett in existence. He was a man of education and wrote a good hand. He was prominent for many years in public life in Georgia.

Another item in the collection is an orderly book of the American Revolution, laws of many states, rare broadsides, including two Maryland ones printed at Annapolis in 1761, unrecorded tracts and books together with other material, of which the item offered is the only one known, or one of but a few copies located.

MANY GIRLS HUNT FOR HOLIDAY JOBS

Unusually Large Number Seeking Night Work to Eke Out Christmas Cheer.

"Christmas won't be Christmas without any job," is a timely paraphrase of Joe's Christmas plaint in "Little Women" this year, according to Miss Eugenia Wallace, Director of the Central Branch, Employment Bureau of the Y. W. C. A., which during the first nine months of this year placed 5,151 girls in positions. The bureau reports that the present demand for night work from girl applicants exceeds any previous record.

The present unemployment situation is augmented, Miss Wallace said, by students and those laid off at the holidays, who, because of slender funds or enforced idleness in their families, seek to make extra money at night work. In addition, there are foreign-born girls and women, who, alone in a strange land, their small funds exhausted, seek work to eke out Christmas cheer. All of these young women, Miss Wallace said, whether for office or other work, are available through the bureau at 610 Lexington Avenue.

"Girls from families whose members are out of work are coming in for extra work nights to help out their small pay envelopes to keep the family together," Miss Wallace said yesterday. "One such girl, an Italian, who said her stepfather and sisters had been laid off, she being the only office worker, was a case in point. 'I like to work,' she wrote on her application card. 'I like to study the interests of my employer and have him satisfied.'

"One young girl from Czechoslovakia, studying in this country, yesterday begged for a position in an American home. 'I would like to take back to my country ideas from a real American home,' she explained. 'I would willingly go as a domestic,' adding wistfully, 'I hope I can get it in time to help out with their Christmas cheer. It is so lonely to be here at Christmas, away from my people.'

"A campaign to provide part-time and evening work for these students, now under way, asks that employers as well as housekeepers avail themselves of this opportunity during the holiday season.

"At this time of the year many women as well as men are unnecessarily overloading themselves with duties and responsibilities that might just as well be shared by others, highly trained and fitted to take over the work. Incidentally, temporary work in many cases will mean a happier Christmas. Now, at the end of the year, is the time to put your house in order—files, household accounts, indexing libraries and other details. Hostesses already feeling the strain of chaperoning débutante daughters have expressed their relief at finding at the bureau well-bred, medium-aged women who will share with them the responsibility of accompanying them.

"In addition to highly trained and professional women in all lines we can offer women and girls who are willing to do any odd jobs temporarily at home or in an office. Those who avail themselves of these services will not have that tired-out feeling that too often follows the holidays."

21-23 W. 38th St. **Lane Bryant** Just West of 5th Ave.

Slenderizing Fashions for Stout Women

Clearance Sale of

Winter Apparel for Stout Women

At their original prices the values represented were extraordinary, to-day they are truly phenomenal.

COATS

65 Were Selling to 75.00 ..... 47.50
85 Were Selling to 94.50 ..... 59.50
51 Were Selling to 115.00 ..... 79.50

SUITS

45 Were Selling to 79.50 ..... 39.00
36 Were Selling to 110.00 ..... 65.00
26 Were Selling to 165.00 ..... 95.00

DRESSES

54 Were Selling to 75.50 ..... 39.00
38 Were Selling to 94.50 ..... 59.50
28 Were Selling to 145.00 ..... 79.50

All garments from regular stock, "made the Lane Bryant Way," in sizes from 39 to 56, proportioned to fit stout women with large hips, long waist, small hips or short waist.

SALE ON MAIN FLOOR

IMPORTANT SALE

AMERICAN ART GALLERIES NEW YORK CITY

To-morrow (Monday) and Tuesday, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoons and 8:15 o'clock in the evenings.

A Highly Important Collection of

BOOKS, MANUSCRIPTS, LETTERS

FROM SEVERAL PRIVATE COLLECTIONS

INCLUDING A PORTION OF THE LIBRARY OF THE LATE

H. S. MARLOR

OF NEW YORK CITY

ENGLISH LITERATURE, EARLY PRINTED BOOKS, ILLUMINATED MANUSCRIPTS, RARE EDITIONS OF THE BIBLE AND BOOK OF COMMON PRAYER, 15TH and 16TH CENTURY MISSALS, NOTABLE ISSUES OF THE BOOK OF HOURS, AUTOGRAPH LETTERS OF CELEBRATED MUSICAL COMPOSERS AND ORIGINAL MANUSCRIPTS OF ENGLISH AND AMERICAN AUTHORS.

The Sale Will Be Conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY and his assistants of the AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers, 6 and 8 East 23d St., Madison Sq. South.

Silk Hosiery

A Most Acceptable CHRISTMAS GIFT BUY DIRECT FROM US

Note the exceedingly low cost for this guaranteed perfect quality hosiery to be had in black, white and cordovan, with money back guarantee, if you are not pleased.

Ladies' All Silk Full Fashioned Hose... $5.95 per box

Ladies' Full Fashioned Heavy Silk Hose ..... $4.50 per box

Ladies' Sport Wool Hose, Green or Heather Mixture.. $3.00 (Seam Back) per box

Ladies' Pure Thread Silk Hose ..... $2.75 (Seam Back) per box

Ladies' Fine Quality Mercerized Hose, $1.25 (Seam Back) per box

Each special Christmas Gift box contains 3 pairs as quoted above. Your order, stating color and size desired, accompanied by money order or check, will be shipped immediately, parcel post prepaid.

THE WHOLESALE HOSIERY CO.

596 Broadway New York City

Extraordinary Phonograph Offer For Christmas

This Splendid "Graduola" Model

AEOLIAN-VOCALION

Special Price, $135

An Actual Saving of $30



This Handsome Phonograph with $10 Worth of Records of Your Own Choice and $5 Worth of Albums

Price, Complete, $148

Delivered to Your Home for a Moderate Down Payment

Balance **$6** *Monthly*

The former price of this famous 430 Vocalion was $165. It is now specially priced at $135, representing an actual saving of $30. This extraordinary opportunity comes to you as a result of our discontinuing the manufacture of Model 430 and desire to dispose quickly of all these instruments before the publication of our new 1921 catalog.

GRADUALLY, tenderly, toward the end of the verse, the lovely voice melted away as if the singer, having lulled her little one to sleep, was moving slowly out of the room. Fascinated, almost doubting that so flexible a tone could come from a phonograph, I noticed that Marjorie, by simply moving the Graduola back and forth, was actually playing the record herself; accenting a note here, modulating a phrase there, making of this remarkable phonograph a responsive medium for the expression of her own musical thought."

This Special Offer includes any $10 worth of records you may select. The following list is simply a suggestion:

Silent Night, Holy Night, *Nevada Van der Veer and quartet*	$1.00
Aloha, *May Peterson and Sasha Culbertson*	1.25
Little Girls, Goodbye, *John Charles Thomas*	1.00
Songs My Mother Taught Me, *May Peterson*	1.25
Elegie (Massenet) *Maurice Dambois*	1.25
La ci darem la mano (from Don Giovanni) *Rosa Raisa and Giacomo Rimini*	$1.25
Whispering (Fox-Trot) *Yerke Dance Orchestra*	1.00
Avalon (Fox-Trot) *Starke's Orchestra*	1.00
Cohen the Politician (Monologue) *Monroe Silver*	1.00
Total	$10.00

Playing the Phonograph

PEOPLE are so accustomed to hearing the phonograph simply play itself, that it is not always easy to picture someone playing it. And it is practically impossible to realize the fascination of doing so without actual experience.

Yet the immense advantage the Graduola gives to the Aeolian-Vocalion is obvious.

Artists never sing twice with exactly the same feeling. Without changing their individual conceptions of their songs and compositions they vary their interpretations in detail.

This is exactly what anyone can do by using the Graduola. Without actually changing the interpretations (tempo and phrasing always remaining the same) it can be *varied in tone color*, thus giving it a freshness and spontaneity which the ordinary phonograph performance never possesses.

And it is the fact that even when the player knows nothing of music, these changes sound well and add to the musical result, the explanation being that the arbitrary elements of interpretation, namely: tempo, phrasing and basic expression, are unaffected by the Graduola.

The Sum Total of Phonograph Satisfaction

Though the Aeolian-Vocalion has been upon the market only about three years, it is today recognized as the leading instrument of its type, not only in this country but also abroad.

This is because the Vocalion offers everything possessed by the best phonographs of ordinary type, and adds its own exclusive and important advantages as well.

For example—you may search the market over and you will hear no phonograph with so rich, mellow and beautiful a tone; you will see no phonograph that reflects such genuine art in the simple elegance of its cases; and you will find no phonograph that allows you the great privilege of taking an active part in the playing of its records.

The AEOLIAN COMPANY

AEOLIAN HALL *in* MANHATTAN *29 West 42nd Street.*

In BROOKLYN *11 Flatbush Ave.* ❁ *In* THE BRONX *367 East 149th St.* ❁ *In* FORDHAM *270 E. Fordham Rd.* ❁ WASHINGTON HEIGHTS *181st Street & Wadsworth Ave.* ❁ *In* NEWARK *895 Broad Street.*

All Aeolian Stores Open Evenings Until Christmas

Scant Staff Does Its Best to Keep Quarters Clean, but Job Is Hopeless.

CLEANING STATION NEEDED

Hot Baths and Clothing Disinfecting Plant Would Help.—Troubles of Interpreters.

Complaints have been made recently by immigrants arriving from Northern Europe and Ireland that the dormitories at Ellis Island were infested with vermin and that they were obliged to throw away their clothing after landing in New York. Immigrants have also stated that they could not understand the man who called out the names in the great hall of the main building, and in consequence they did not answer and go up to the desk, which caused much loss of time. The food was complained of too and the dirt on the floor of the dining room. When a Times reporter visited Ellis Island yesterday and walked through the various buildings crowded with immigrants from every country in Europe, and some from Asia and Africa, he was impressed with the fact that the immigration officials, who feel that they are overworked and underpaid, were doing their best to keep the clearing house for the population of the Old World clean. Men and women helpers with brooms and mops were going around every hour sweeping and swabbing the white-tiled floors, and as fast as they did so untidy immigrants would litter them up again with paper, pieces of bread, orange peel and banana skins, especially in the big room used by the "T. D.'s," short for "temporarily detained," where the people seemed more careless than those in the other halls.

Immigration officials who had been many years on Ellis Island and served under various Commissioners, said that it was not possible to keep the buildings on the island perfectly clean, because they were kept packed with immigrants all the time. This was due, they pointed out, to the delay in handling aliens under the present system by which it takes much longer to pass the immigrants than it did before the war. As an instance of this one of the senior officials said that in March, April and May 3,000 immigrants passed through Ellis Island daily for 100 consecutive days, and even then the staff did not have to work after 4:30 P. M.

Same Quarters for All.

In regard to the suggestion that the immigrants from Northern Europe should be segregated from the people from other parts of the continent, sleeping in different dormitories, &c., the immigration officials said yesterday that Congress so far had not allowed a single cent to furnish accommodation for the cabin passengers who were sent to the island to be detained. There is only one class of accommodation for all comers, and it is through the efforts of the officials themselves that other quarters have been arranged with bedsteads in place of the usual canvas standees, three in a tier, used in the steerage dormitories. Congress did not wish to grant any money for increasing the facilities for handling the tide of humanity landing on these shores, although the head tax of $8 collected from them now amounts to $9,000,000 a year.

With regard to the complaint that immigrants could not understand the names shouted out by the interpreters in the main hall, the officials said the trouble was that many of the newcomers were word deaf. That is, they could understand certain guttural sounds uttered by people living in their own villages but persons living twenty miles away would have to make themselves

lack of money. On Friday night there were 1,730 temporarily detained in the dormitories in the main buildings and another 500 in the hospitals. Only 2,000 immigrants can be handled each day and after that number the others have to remain on board their ships. Officials admit the presence of vermin in the buildings, which they say cannot be removed entirely. During the war, when the sailors occupied the buildings, they tried fumigation and scrubbing until all hands nearly had rheumatism through the dampness of the place, but the vermin remained.

Before the war the big German steamship companies carrying immigrants from Bremen and Hamburg had properly equipped stations for handling the people who had never been used to the use of soap and water. As they left

by electricity, and old rags were thrown into the furnace. The change in the appearance of these people was so marked, when they emerged into the big hall, that members of families had some difficulty in recognizing each other. There was no doubt, however, that they went on board the ships clean.

Officials said yesterday that immigrants who came here before the war were in some cases even dirtier than those who are arriving new from Central and Southern Europe, and cited as an example the arrival of 140 gypsies in 1913, who were so covered with dirt, rags and whiskers that it was almost impossible to distinguish their features.

They are fed 700 at a time in the big dining hall at a cost of 17 cents per meal for plain, wholesome food, and all the expenses have to be paid by the

the places can be properly clean and sized.

The Rev. Father Anthony J. Grogan of 7 State Street, who has been a daily visitor at Ellis Island for many years, said yesterday that, in his opinion, the staff was trying to do the best it could under the circumstances, but that it was impossible to keep the buildings clean with the continuous stream of aliens passing through, because there was no let up. The place was jammed day and night, and was likely to be so until the present rush was over. Immigration officials believe that the total emigration in 1921 will be fully 600,000 unless Congress passes a restriction law and that in any event immigration will fall off soon when it is learned in Europe that work has dropped off in this country.

FRANK RIDGEWAY SMITH

114 West 39 Street *Just off Bway* New York

Furniture of the Better Kind

Interior Decorations

JUST READ THIS

WHO SAID THE PEOPLE ARE NOT BUYING?—WE'LL JUST SHOW THE INTELLIGENT PUBLIC VALUES AND SEE—

THEY WANT THEIR MONEY'S WORTH—VALUE RECEIVED—

WE SIMPLY CAN'T HELP CONTINUING THESE EXTREME VALUES — IT HAS BECOME A HABIT WITH US—IT IS OUR WAY. OUR PREVIOUS ADS HAVE PROVED THIS CONTENTION—

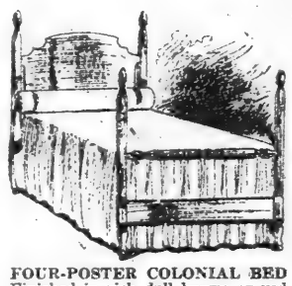
HERE THEY ARE: READ ON—



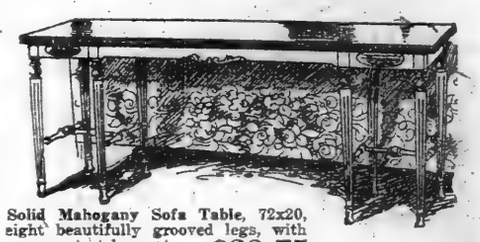
Stratford Sleepy Hollow Wing Chair, separate loose cushion, a large, luxurious, comfortable chair, covered in fine tapestry, damask or velour **$42.75**



25 more of these Mahogany Wing Chair or Rocker to match **$15.75**



FOUR-POSTER COLONIAL BED Finished in rich dull brown or red mahogany, single size only..... **$29.75**



Solid Mahogany Sofa Table, 72x20, eight beautifully grooved legs, with cross stretchers to match **$38.75**

An exceptional lot of Windsor Chairs of different patterns, ranging in price from $10.75 to $28.75, and a varied assortment of gift pieces. No C. O. D.'s. Positively None to Dealers. No Credits

Southern Wear



Fashion Follows the Flight of Feathered Songsters to the Southlands and Borrows the Brilliance of Their Plumage

Never were day-time Frocks for women so dainty and so feminine! There are alluring affairs of Crepe de Chine, Georgette and French Voile in pastel or vivid tones with the inevitable bit of hand-work which all Frocks must flaunt to be fashionable, striking Combination Costumes with Black and White most favored, and charming modes of Linen. The beloved Sport Skirt is, of course, much in evidence, displaying glorious new fabrics and colors, as is the Sweater of Silk or Wool. Wraps show a preference for White Polo Cloth combined with Fur or Filet, but occasionally take to neutral shades.

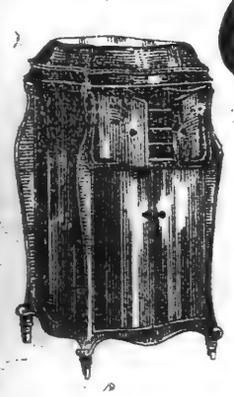


And such Evening Gowns! Scintillating affairs in silvery shades that glow and glimmer like moonlit waters vie with those of vivid hue for highest favor.

Dashing Hats, Gay Parasols, Shoes and all the Other Accessories Await Your Choosing

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue *34th Street*



Where to buy your VICTROLA

IT may be a last-minute selection, but you couldn't do better if you took a month to decide. There is more thorough pleasure in a Victrola than in a Christmas tree full of other gifts.

Among talking machines it is the one instrument about which there is never any doubt. You can't buy it at a half-price sale, it is never "marked down," but it is worth every cent it costs. There's less profit on it for the dealer than any other make, but when it's sold it *stays* sold.

By ordering from one of the exclusive Victrola dealers listed below you are assured **convenient terms,** an unhurried selection from the newest models, prompt delivery, unexcelled record service and the dealer's permanent friendly interest in your enjoyment of your purchase.



After ages of Music -the Victrola
After years of experience -Victrola Service

NEW YORK CITY

Trinity Talking Machine Co.
52 Broadway
Ideal Music Co.
29 John Street
Kay Talking Machine Co.
97 Chambers Street
O. Pagani & Bro.
289 Bleecker Street
Matthew Levin
407 Lexington Ave. (at 42d St.)
E. Leins Piano Co.
304 West 42nd Street
M. Rothstein Victrola Shop
590 Tenth Ave., near 42d St.
Schick Music House
956 3rd Ave., bet. 57th & 58th Sts.
M. Goldsmith
1525 First Avenue
Arison's Music House
45-47 West 116th Street
Rooney Company
St. Nicholas Ave. & West 183rd St.
Bronx Talking Machine Co.
2976 Third Avenue (cor. 153d St., N. Y. City).

BROOKLYN

Koch & Droge Piano Co.
1096-98 Broadway
Michnoff Talking Machine Co., Inc.
1239 Broadway
E. A. Schweiger, Inc.
1525 Broadway
Schweiger Bros., Inc.
2421 Myrtle Ave.
Graham Talking Machine Co.
75 Graham Ave.
Whalen Brothers
227 Grand Street
H. Kahansky
3173 Fulton Street
S. Kjeldsen
5403 Fifth Avenue
Crescent Hill Music Company, Inc.
7725 Third Avenue
Manor Music Company
1774 86th Street, Bensonhurst
Kings Highway Music Shop
1408 Kings Highway (Brighton L. Sta.)

VICTROLAS  EXCLUSIVELY

12,500 Still Left from Our Wholesale Surplus Stock Also **32,000 yards**

RUGS

Best Grade WILTON CARPETS

SAVE $10. to $50. ON EACH RUG DURING THIS DIRECT SALE

From Wholesaler to Consumer

This is merely a partial list of the extensive values

Wholesale Rug Merchants' Surplus Stock Offered Direct to Consumers

This is the first time in their career that Robbins Brothers, Inc., wholesale only for 25 years, and largest distributors for Alexander Smith & Sons Carpet Co., have launched a direct-to-the-public sale of their surplus stock of rugs. Judging by the response to their announcements, you are advised to come at once in order to get the benefit of a larger selection.

Three floors in the ROBBINS BUILDING are set aside especially for this merchandising sale. You will find an assortment comprising all sizes, all qualities, in the largest range of patterns and colorings. The opportunity offered you to buy at these low prices will be *positively* withdrawn on December 24th.

Seamless TAPESTRY BRUSSELS RUGS, 9x12	$24 to $36
Seamed AXMINSTER RUGS, 9x12	$34
Seamless VELVET RUGS, 9x12	$30 to $50
Seamless AXMINSTER RUGS, 9x12	$40 to $60
Seamed and Seamless WILTON & FRENCH WILTON RUGS, 9x12	$70 up
37,000 yards WILTON CARPETS In plain and Two-Toned Colorings	$3.50 to $5.50 per yd.
3,000 AXMINSTER RUGS, 27x50 in.	$2.80
3,500 TAPESTRY BRUSSELS RUGS, 27x50 in.	$2.60

OPEN SATURDAY UNTIL 6 P. M.

ROBBINS BROS. INC.

Established Wholesale 25 Years

12 West 23rd Street, N.Y.

2 Doors West of Fifth Avenue

TROTZKY PRESENTED IN A NEW LIGHT.

This is a startling revelation of an entirely new aspect of the Soviet War Minister by a British officer, after personal contact, himself a pronounced anti-Bolshevik. One of 40 features in December CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, on news stands; profusely illustrated.

RESIDENT MANAGER.

Southern accounting firm desires the services of a certified public accountant as resident manager in a city of fifty thousand inhabitants; state age, education, professional training, and whether married or single; give chronological account of business and professional experience, present and expected salary; replies will be held in strict confidence, and no inquiries made of present or past employers, or references, without your express permission; salary commensurate; exceptional prospects.

Crawford, Stull & Company
Accountants and Auditors
207-208 Strickland Bldg.
Roanoke, Virginia.

GRAHAM-BROTHERS SPEED TRUCK

1½ Ton

Complete with Body and Cab

$2885

GRAHAM BROTHERS FACTORY BRANCH
617 W. 57th St.

Phone Circle 6500 for demonstration

W. & J. SLOANE

Christmas Gifts in the Readjustment Sale

Real Reductions up to 40%

WE are pleased to state that our belief that the public would respond to a movement toward lower prices has been justified. We said that the sale we inaugurated would be the greatest event of its kind in recent years. It has so proved.
Further additions from our reserve stocks have increased the selections so that PURCHASES CAN TODAY BE MADE AS SATISFACTORILY AND ADVANTAGEOUSLY AS IN THE BEGINNING OF THE SALE.
Many of the articles offered form very suitable Christmas gifts, at prices exceedingly attractive at a time when the judicious expenditure of money seems to be the sane approach to more normal conditions.

Free Delivery to all Shipping Points in the U. S. **Come Prepared to Buy** *No Approvals or Exchanges*

ORIENTAL RUGS



The conditions prevailing in the East indicate a continuance of high prices for desirable rugs. The unusual values represented in this sale will appeal to those who desire the best, but are economically inclined.

Size—Feet	Description	Formerly	Sale Price
8. 8x 5.11	Chinese....	$285.00	$175.00
8. 8x 6. 2	Chinese....	300.00	180.00
8. 2x 5. 6	Asia Minor	360.00	235.00
11.11x 9. 1	Gorevan...	435.00	285.00
8.10x 6. 0	Chinese....	460.00	290.00
10. 7x 7. 6	Khanbah..	400.00	300.00
11. 1x 8. 0	Khanbah..	450.00	315.00
9.11x 6. 6	Asia Minor	515.00	345.00
13. 6x 9. 8	Gorevan...	525.00	350.00
9.10x 6.11	Asia Minor	550.00	395.00
12. 2x 9. 1	Khanbah..	550.00	400.00
12. 4x12. 0	Khanbah..	675.00	400.00
11. 7x11. 3	Chinese....	700.00	420.00
11.11x 9. 0	Khanbah..	620.00	420.00
13. 8x10. 9	Khanbah..	695.00	475.00
10. 6x 8. 1	Asia Minor	675.00	475.00
16. 8x11. 1	Gorevan...	740.00	495.00
11. 7x 9. 5	Arak.....	985.00	740.00
12. 6x10. 1	Chinese....	1060.00	750.00
17. 7x11. 9	Khanbah..	1050.00	790.00
13.11x10.10	Anatolian..	975.00	795.00
13. 8x10. 6	Arak.....	1200.00	875.00
16. 0x 6.11	Serebend..	1200.00	875.00
12.11x 9. 9	Meched....	1200.00	900.00
14. 4x10. 0	Hamadan..	1250.00	925.00
11. 7x 9. 9	Akbar.....	1350.00	954.00
12. 3x 8. 7	Hamadan..	1200.00	975.00
11. 6x 9. 3	Kirm'shah.	1500.00	1050.00
14. 4x11. 5	Anatolian..	1325.00	1075.00
11. 8x 9. 1	Chinese....	580.00	370.00
11. 8x 8.10	Khanbah..	575.00	405.00
13. 5x10. 3	Chinese....	765.00	480.00
11. 8x 8.10	Khanbah..	575.00	520.00
14. 0x 9. 6	Anatolian..	1075.00	835.00
12.11x11. 0	Khanbah..	$1100.00	$525.00
11. 8x 8. 1	Mahal.....	775.00	570.00
11.10x 9. 2	Chinese....	945.00	600.00
12. 0x 9. 1	Anatolian..	875.00	625.00
10. 1x 7. 7	Ke han....	850.00	650.00
12. 5x 9. 1	Asia Minor	925.00	675.00
15. 1x11. 3	Anatolian..	900.00	675.00
11. 7x 9.10	Arak.....	920.00	690.00
18. 5x10. 0	Asia Minor	1075.00	700.00
13. 0x 9. 3	Elvend....	1450.00	1075.00
15. 8x11. 5	Asia Minor	1450.00	1100.00
16. 1x10. 7	Arak.....	1550.00	1150.00
19. 5x12. 0	Khanbah..	1550.00	1160.00
17. 4x11.11	Khanbah..	1750.00	1200.00
12. 5x 9. 7	Kirm'shah.	1700.00	1200.00
12. 8x 8.10	Kirm'shah.	1600.00	1200.00
16. 3x10. 5	Arak.....	1550.00	1250.00
17. 2x10. 6	Hamadan..	1850.00	1250.00
18. 1x 9. 6	Elvend....	1850.00	1400.00
13. 1x 9. 0	Sarouk....	2100.00	1550.00
15. 0x10. 0	Ismidt....	2250.00	1650.00
9. 9x 6. 1	Anatolian..	475.00	325.00
11. 5x 9. 0	Chinese....	565.00	360.00
8. 0x 5. 0	Khanbah..	200.00	150.00

Small Oriental Rugs

No article in the East is so generally esteemed and valued as a good rug.

In some instances it is almost the sole possession of its owner, inseparable in his travels and a companion in his daily devotions.

The sturdy and lasting character of the fabric, coupled with its charm of Eastern design and colorings, make it a peculiarly attractive and long lived gift.

We offer over 1000 of these very desirable rugs in mat and hearth sizes. Moussols, Pergames, Beloochistans, Lilehennas, Sarouks and Kirmanshahs, in Mat and Hearth sizes.

Hearth sizes

$35.00 to $75.00 values—now $26.00 to $57.00
65.00 to 105.00 values—now 38.00 to 60.00
$180.00 to $365.00 values—now $110.00 to $210.00
250.00 to 500.00 values—now 175.00 to 350.00

Mirrors and Small Tables

		Regularly	Sale Price
D-8946	Table	$60	$44
D-1879	Table	165	115
D-1508	Table	85 to 150	65 to 110
D-7943	Telephone Table	75	50
D-8880	Table	90	64
D-1666-A	Smoking Table	60 to 65	40 to 50
D-10085	Nest of Tables	110	80
D-8033	Gate Leg Table	125	85
D-2092	Sofa Table	275	225
D-8996	Reading Stand	85	60
D-2213	Lacquer Nest of Tables (various colors)	175.00	125.00
D-8953	Mahogany Table, 18 in. x 16 in. x 12½ in. high	75.00	52.50
D-4400	Mahogany Reading Stand	110.00	75.00
D-6444	Gate Leg, Drop Leaf Table, 20½ x 29½ x 27 in. high	75.00	52.50
D-5919	Walnut Drop Leaf Sofa End Table, 28 x 26 x 26 in. high	165.00	140.00
A-1926-X	Walnut Martha Washington Sewing Table, 14 x 24½	60.00	45.00
A-2285-X	Three fold imitation leather Screen, floral decoration	150.00	90.00
A-13207-X	Green Chinese Lacquer Lamp Base	22.50	15.00
A-13207-X	Silk Lamp Shade for above base	9.50	3.00

		Regularly	Sale Price
A-1683-X	Mahogany Toilet Mirror, with drawer in base	$60.00	$40.00
A-2053-X	Gilt Carved Mirror, Chippendale Period, 29 x 48 in.	125.00	95.00
A-2047-X	Mahogany Queen Anne Mirror	50.00	40.00
A-2232-X	Small Sofa Table, 13x26 in	25.00	20.00
A-2225-X	Small Sofa Table in mahogany, 13x22 in.	25.00	20.00
A-2074-X	Enamel Bridge Lamp Base	50.00	30.00
A-2046-X	Silver Mirror, 22 in. x 33 in.	60.00	45.00
1241-X	Mahogany Dressing Table, 21x 52 in.	225.00	150.00
A-1923-X	Oak Telephone Set, 16x20 in.	50.00	30.00
A-2281-X	Mahogany Tea Wagon; glass tray, 17x25 in.	60.00	45.00
A-1921-X	Mahogany Night Table	20.00	12.00
12869	Colored print with Gilt Frame	45.00	29.00
6329	Colored print with Mahogany Frame	25.00	15.00
12765	Colored print with Gilt Frame	30.00	17.00
12552	Colored print with Hogarth Frame	60.00	24.00
12691	Colored print with frame	40.00	20.00
12552	Colored Print—Black Frame	60.00	24.00
5445	Black Print—Hogarth Frame	10.00	2.00

Furniture Modern and Antique

The market generally offers all kinds of Furniture—some good, some bad, and unfortunately, much that is indifferent.

The standard we have set for ourselves embraces the artistic spirit of the old masters, as well as the dependability of the article. Haste, with its attendant vice of carelessness, is never permitted to lower our standard of quality.

If you have not yet visited our Furniture Division, you will be agreeably surprised to find that this highly desirable Furniture, priced originally on a fair and reasonable basis, is doubly attractive at the special sale prices now prevailing.

Bed Room Suites and Pieces

		Regularly	Sale Price
A-620-X	Bedroom Suite, 9 pieces, walnut finish	$900.00	$560.00
A-620-X	Bedroom Suite, 9 pieces, gray enamel	900.00	560.00
A-1156	Mahogany Bedroom Suite, 6 pieces	1000.00	850.00
A-2328-X	1 Mahogany Day Bed	70.00	55.00
A-2307-X	Mahogany Day Bed	50.00	35.00
A-1114-X	Mahogany Bed—4' 6" wide	160.00	110.00
A-1507-X	Mahogany Day Bed	80.00	65.00
1419-X	Mahogany Colonial Bedroom Suite, 9 pieces	800.00	650.00
A-1535-X	Mahogany Heppelwhite Bedroom Suite, 10 pieces	1070.00	850.00
A-1543-X	Mahogany Sheraton Period Bedroom Suite, 10 pieces	1200.00	1000.00
A-1800-X	Mahogany Heppelwhite Period Bedroom Suite, 8 pieces	1500.00	1200.00
A-1918-X	Bench, Mahogany, 20x30 in.	60.00	45.00
A-48-X	Chaise Longue, Mahogany	225.00	170.00
A-43-X	Pink Slip Cover, for above	45.00	35.00
A-56-X	Easy Chair, Mahogany	120.00	80.00
A-56-X	Slip Cover, for above	27.00	20.00
820-X	Black Enamel Set, decorated, trimmed with cane	1350.00	825.00
D-3663	Blue and White Enamel Suite, fifteen pieces	5120.00	3750.00

Dining Room Suites and Pieces

		Regularly	Sale Price
A-1616-X	Oak Dining Suite—Jacobean Period, special antique finish, 9 pieces	$550.00	$375.00
A-1858-X	Colonial Set—9 pieces	1400.00	950.00
A-2310-X	Walnut Dining Suite—American Walnut, hand-carved ornaments and fine selected Burl Panels, 10 pieces	1650.00	1250.00
A-1863-X	Adam Suite—9 pieces	1350.00	865.00
A-1387-X	Mahogany Heppelwhite Suite, 9 pieces	1000.00	875.00
A-2321-X	Oak Dining Suite—Elizabethan Period, including Extension Gate Leg Table, 10 pieces	1350.00	1000.00
D-1782	Mahogany Heppelwhite Suite, 10 pieces	2605.00	2000.00
D-3751	Mahogany Suite, with Pedestal Sideboard and Urns, 16 pieces	4170.00	3350.00
D-3361	Mahogany Adam Suite, 21 pieces	6500.00	5200.00
D-9679	Inlaid Walnut Suite, 20 pieces	7500.00	5000.00

Genuine Antique Pieces

		Regularly	Sale Price
S-1614	Mahogany and satinwood side table	$750.00	$550.00
S- 212	Queen Anne bureau	425.00	300.00
S-2201	Black paint stool covered in needlework	150.00	100.00
S- 387	Red damask screen	175.00	125.00
S- 17	Italian arm chair	350.00	210.00
S- 406	Antique painting	335.00	200.00
S- 883	Oak chest	300.00	200.00
S- 314	Pair Italian pottery jugs	57.50	40.00
S-1568	Louis XVI. arm chair	325.00	225.00
S-1877	Sheraton mahogany table	385.00	285.00
S-1444	Black frame and cane bergere	150.00	90.00
S-1684	Painted console table	550.00	385.00
S- 526	Pair black painted arm chairs	650.00	400.00
S- 523	Pair decorated arm chairs	600.00	400.00
S- 6	Gilt Mirror	85.00	65.00
S- 696	Antique walnut clock	1055.00	725.00
S- 107	Walnut cabinet	3000.00	2000.00
S- 44	William and Mary sofa	900.00	625.00
S-1019	Tapestry fire screen	350.00	250.00
S- 426	Lamp base in Italian pottery	190.00	140.00

Living Room Pieces

		Regularly	Sale Price
S-1452	Arm Chair in brocatelle	$375.00	$285.00
S-1467	Arm Chair, antique brocade	600.00	410.00
S- 511	Mahogany open arm Easy Chair in brocade	425.00	320.00
S-11303	Mahogany Sofa, purple velvet	700.00	535.00
S-1198	Pair Gilt Wood Torcheres, pr.	1850.00	800.00
S-13085	Pair Mahogany Side Tables—Marble Top, pair	2000.00	1400.00
S-1742	Blue and Gold Lacquer Table	300.00	225.00
S- 25	Pair Flower Paintings, pair	1335.00	850.00
S- 80	Pair Chippendale Gold Mirrors, pair	1150.00	700.00
S-11999	Pair English Wall Appliques pair	300.00	200.00
S-13212	Rococo Leather Screen	600.00	450.00
S-12601	Embossed Leather Screen	500.00	400.00
S-11344	Walnut inlaid Cabinet on stand	1500.00	1000.00
S-1982	Turquoise Persian Mirror	350.00	250.00
S-1125	Mahogany Secretary Bookcase	1750.00	1200.00
S-12601	Embossed Leather Screen	500.00	400.00

THE SLOANE IMPROVED VACUUM CLEANER

"It Gets the Dirt—Not the Carpet"

Very light in weight, simple and strong in construction, efficient in operation.
All essential parts cast in one piece in aluminum.
No steel, nickel or welded parts to deteriorate.

	Regular	Sale Price
Cleaner	$48.00	$40.00
Attachments	11.00	8.00

10,000 Yards of Hand-Blocked Linens and Cretonnes

All 50 inches wide, are offered in this sale.
Former Prices $3.00 to $7.50,
Sale Prices $2.00 to $4.50

7,000 Yards Velveteen

26 inches wide, in a range of 5 colors
Former Price $4.50, Sale Price $3.00

2,000 Yards Pongee Silk

Heavy weight, 50 inches wide, in both plain and woven figure in the natural ecru tones.
Former Price $4.50, Sale Price $3.00

Wool Tapestries and Gainsborough Cloth

In exclusive designs, reproductions of old patterns in NEEDLEWORK patterns and VERDURE effects.
1,800 yards of 26 and 50 inch widths.
Former Prices $11.00 to $45.00 per yd., Sale Prices $6.00 to $26.00 per yard.

ANTIQUE HOOKED RUGS

Collected from the Farm Houses and Cottages of New England and Nova Scotia, these quaint rugs, laboriously made by hand with all the care and individuality which attaches to those articles intended for one's personal use and gratification, find appropriate and pleasing settings in a great variety of rooms and spaces.

The sizes range from 1.3x2.6 to 5.0x8.0.

Former prices from $15.00 to $150
Sale prices from $7.50 to $95.00
A very large selection is offered at $7.50, $15.00 and $25.00

DOMESTIC RUGS, CARPETS, LINOLEUMS



An extensive collection of very fine rugs, some imported, tasteful in patterns and rich in coloring. Our regular merchandise, distinguished in character, choice in every way. The variety is much greater than is indicated by the partial list given below, and all sizes are included from 27x54 inches to 11.3x15.0 feet.

Wilton Rugs

Size	Regularly	Sale Price
9.0x12.0 feet	$225.00	$180.00
9.0x12.0 feet	195.00	150.00
9.0x12.0 feet	194.00	135.00
9.0x12.0 feet	157.50	122.50
9.0x12.0 feet	150.00	107.00
9.0x12.0 feet	133.00	105.00
9.0x12.0 feet	115.00	90.00
9.0x15.0 feet	250.00	175.00
8.8x10.6 feet	100.50	72.50
9.0x15.0 feet	195.00	155.00
11.3x13.6 feet	$153.00	$
8.3x10.6 feet	174.00	
8.3x10.6 feet	145.50	
8.3x10.6 feet	163.00	
8.3x10.6 feet	134.00	
8.3x10.6 feet	110.00	
6.9x 9.0 feet	87.50	
6.9x 9.0 feet	64.50	
36x63 inches	18.50	
27x54 inches	11.00	

Axminster Rugs

Size	Regularly	Sale Price
9.0x12.0 feet	$140.00	$112.00
9.0x12.0 feet	105.00	82.50
9.0x12.0 feet	61.50	49.00
11.3x15.0 feet	175.00	140.00
11.3x15.0 feet	160.00	128.00
9.0x15.0 feet	290.00	195.00
9.0x15.0 feet	$175.00	$
9.0x10.6 feet	69.50	
8.3x10.6 feet	69.50	
8.3x10.6 feet	54.00	
6.0x 9.0 feet	37.50	
4.6x 7.6 feet	72.50	

Imported and American Carpets

Greatly reduced in price and so varied in pattern and color that a proper selection is assured for every room.

Hand Braided Rugs and Mats

These sturdy rugs, oval in shape, are reminiscent of the plicity and eminently practical habits of the Colonial days. often afford just the touch necessary to complete a simple pleasing ensemble. Sizes 2x3 to 9x12, also—

Machine Braided and Crocheted Rugs in Great Variety of Colorings.
Former prices ..... $6.00 to $95.00
Sale price ..... $4.50 to $70.00
A large selection at $5.25, $7.50 and $13.50

Plain Linoleums

In five qualities
Colors: Brown, Green and Terra Cotta
Regular price sq. yd. ..... $1.45 to
Sale price sq. yd. ..... $1.10 to

Odd Pieces and Accessories

Our Number	DESCRIPTION	Regularly
S- 847	Black Lacquer Book Blocks	$35.00
S- 1900	Decorated Glass Bordered Easel Mirror	150.00
S- 1110	Sang de Poulette bottle and stand	57.50
S- 1307	Blue and White Kien Lung vase and stand	80.00
S-10604	Chinese black Lacquer Bird Cage	25.00
S-11846	Old Chinese Green Vase and Stand	115.00
S- 683	Large Antique Sheffield Silver Plated Tray	225.00
D- 5319	Parobawood Waste Basket	40.00
S- 856	Old Nottingham Pottery Vase Electric Lamp, without shade	80.00
S-13277	Antique finished silver and gold electric Lamp, without shade	235.00
S-11287	Red and white etched Glass Vase	140.00
D- 4193	Small Oak Tabourette	45.00
D- 8880	Walnut Library Two Step Tabourette	90.00
S- 1177	Electric ornamental iron Floor Lamp, without shade	360.50
S-923-4	Antique Finish Polished Brass Table Electric Lamp, with metal shade	162.50
S- 1796	Pair small ornamental silver plated Candle Sticks	60.00
D- 2213	Lacquer nest of 4 tables	175.00
D- 5287	Walnut and Cane Waste Basket	40.00
D- 2968	Mahogany and Cane Rocking Foot Rest	45.00
S- 409	Maple Wool Winder	20.00
S- 719	Silver and glass globe electric Table Lamp, without shade	30.00
S-13348	Pair Silverplated small Candle Stands	30.00
S-13352	Silver and glass Ink Stand	60.00
A- 869-X	Enamel Chest of Drawers	165.00
A-2280-X	Oak Book Rack	20.00
A-2135-X	Lacquer Day Bed	65.00
A-1295-X	Enamel Chifforobe	225.00
A-2004-X	Windsor Side Chair	25.00

FIFTH AVENUE AT FORTY-SEVENTH STREET, NEW YORK

r E. Brockman will speak on "The ern Question" at the Bronx Y. M. H. 270 East 161st Street, at 3:30 P. M. "Wagnerians will lecture on "The ia Company and the Art of Europe" etropolitan Museum of Art at 4 P. M. A. Baldwin will give a free organ the Great Hall of City College at and another consisting of Christmas the same place and hour on P. M.

M. Kenabey will speak on "Com- in the United States," under the of the Fine Arts Guild, at the Labor Fourteenth Street and Second Ave- P. M.

ciety of Arts and Sciences will give " of information and protest " the agitation for blue laws at the dair in the evening.

ers will be a symposium on "Religious s and the State" at the Brooklyn rum, Public School 84, Glenmore and nues, Brooklyn, beginning at 8 P. M. ish Religious Conditions in New York" ill be discussed at a mass meeting e auspices of the Association of Jew- orgs Conregations at its Temple, 3d, Forty-third Street and Fifth Av- P. M.

Herbert S. Goldstein will deliver a ddress on "What Are You Waiting efore the Institutional Synagogue" at ipest 181, 116th Street, near Fifth at 8:15 P. M.

will be a concert of folk music of utumn season under the auspices of ty's Music League at Cooper Union, at 8:15 P. M.

Chalmers Richmond will speak on ewspaper of Capitalism" at the Com- orum, High School of Commerce, Thirty-fifth Street, at 8:15 P. M. K. Ansprecher will lecture on "Mu- " at the Stuyvesant Neighborhood Stuyvesant and Ninth Streets, at M.

Boone will deliver a Board of Educa- ture on "Records and Romance of outh Pilgrims," and a motion The Courtship of Miles Standish." hown at Public School 103, 111th ar Lexington Avenue, beginning at M.

Tomorrow.

Alfred Sackville Stoner will speak "Are You a Genius, a Prodigy, a Fool, Criminal?" at a dinner of the Sun- at the Cafe Boulevard, beginning P. M.

nual dinner of the New York Acad- Sciences will be held at the Delta Pellon Club, 30 West Forty-fourth eginning at 7:30 P. M.

Harold Baynes will deliver an il- lecture on "Our Animal Allies in " under the auspices of the So- the Prevention of Cruelty to Ani- the Lexington Theatre, in the eve-

d Ramirez will deliver an illustrated Spanish on "Vida y Civilizacion under the auspices of Instituto de ana, at 200 W. seventy-fifth Street, niversity, at 8:15 P. M.

rederick Schlatter will speak on velopment of Science" at the Peoples' School of the Manhattan Trade school, Street and Lexington Avenue, at

Boone will deliver a Board of Educa- ture on "Records and Romance of outh Pilgrims," and a motion The Courtship of Miles Standish." hown at Public School 103, 111th ar Lexington Avenue, beginning at M.

Wednesday.

Boone will deliver a Board of Educa- ture on "Records and Romance of outh Pilgrims," and a motion The Courtship of Miles Standish." hown at Public School 83, 168th Street and Teller Avenue, the Bronx, beginning at 8:15 P. M.

Dr. Alexander Hamilton Rice will speak on "The Rio Negro, the Casiquiare Canal and the Upper Orinoco" before the American Geographical Society at the Engineering Societies Building, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street, at 8:30 P. M.

Dr. Will Durant will resume his lectures under the auspices of the Educational and Cultural Society at the Park View Palace, 110th Street and Fifth Avenue, speaking on "Health" at 8:30 P. M.

Wednesday.

Boone will deliver a Board of Educa- ture on "Records and Romance of outh Pilgrims," and a motion The Courtship of Miles Standish." hown at the High School of Com- Sixty-fifth Street, near Broadway, at 8:15 P. M.

Cora Tenlon will lecture on "Split Per- ities" under the auspices of the Fine ciety at the Labor Temple, Fourteenth Second Avenue, at 8:30 P. M.

Thursday.

Dr. Richard A. Kellen will speak on ...ment of Warfare," under the auspices of Public School of Philosophy at the ...ington Irving High School, at 8:15 P. M.

Boone will deliver a Board of Educa- ture on "Records and Romance of outh Pilgrims," and a motion The Courtship of Miles Standish." hown at the Brunswick High School Fifty-second Street and Wyckoff Street, Brook- at 8:15 P. M.

Comptroller of Accounts Hirshfield will ...ss "The Administration" at the ...ic Club, 1,086 Park Avenue, at 8:30 P. M.

Friday.

Eugene Dean Merrill will speak on ...Nineteenth Century Philosophy" under the auspices of the People's Institute at Cooper Union at 8 P. M.

Saturday.

Dr. Bernard Ashbee will speak on "Remarkable Architecture of the Problem of ...ssion" at the Metropolitan Museum of Art at 4 P. M.

Cora Chase, Soprano, Here From Naples.

Miss Cora Chase, American lyric so- prano, arrived yesterday from Naples on the Italia liner Giuseppe Verdi to ...ke her debut in this country with ...te Metropolitan Opera Company in February.

Miss Chase was born in Haverhill ... and has studied for eleven years ... under the auspices of Instituto de ... when she was 12 years ... Other American singers made ... debut in the last September in ... Metropolitan Opera's own little ... Geraldine Farrar, Lucrezia Bori, Frances Alda, Carrara ... Amato, Giuseppe de Luca, Pasquale ... and Antonio Scotti. Miss Chase's ... in the operas ... Mefistofele" signed

OHIO-TUEC
MASTER OF ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS

Look for the Cleaner with the Red Band



An OHIO-TUEC is an ideal Xmas present—an every-day reminder of your thoughtfulness. It saves HER Energy and Strength—Reduces Her Work Hours and adds years to Upholstery, Draperies and other House Furnishings.

Be sure you buy the CLEANER that you know will perform its every duty perfectly—One that not alone depends upon the claims of its manufacturer, but one that is proven best by test.

More than half a million (500,000) housewives chose this MASTER CLEANER in a field of wide rivalry. There is an excellent reason for that choice. The OHIO-TUEC also has the endorsement of Good Housekeeping Institute—the much-sought testimonial.

"It Sweeps as It Cleans, and Cleans Without Beating and Pounding."

Buy from your nearest dealer. Any one of the following will gladly demonstrate the OHIO-TUEC in your own home, on your own work, and point out its many points of superiority.

MANHATTAN—Downtown—Below 34th St.

BERKOWITZ, JOSEPH J., 316 Grand Street.
BUNNELL CO., THE J. H., 52 Park Place.
BOZART LIGHTING CO., 8 Warren Street.
BLEYLE ELEC. CO., 84 Cortlandt Street.
EAST COAST ELEC. SUP. CO., 309 Pearl Street.
LIGHTOLIER CO., 569 Broadway.
M'CARTY, J. C., & CO., 29 Murray Street.
MALUGANI, A., 16 East Eighth Street.
MANHATTAN ELEC. SUP. CO., 17 Park Place.
MORRILL, CHAS., 100 Lafayette Street.
MONTGOMERY & CO., 105 Fulton Street.
MATZEN, O. M., & CO., 178 West Broadway.
NEAL, B. B. HARDWARE CO., 117-119 Leonard Street.
PATTERSON BROS., 27 Park Row.
SCHUNCK & OGG, 233 Canal Street.
STANLEY & PATTERSON, 23 Murray Street.
WHITELEY, ALFRED, INC., 84 John Street.
WATERSIDE ELEC. CO., INC., 23 New Chambers Street.
CENTRAL ELEC. SUP. CO., 4 West 16th Street.

MANHATTAN—Uptown—34th St.-110th St.

BEIDELMAN, H. A., 2343 Broadway.
BURCHMANN, A. J., CO., 250 West 42d Street.
BELMONT, R. A., & CO., 996 Sixth Avenue.
BOHN, C. C., ELEC. CO., 620 Sixth Avenue.
CROCKER ELEC. CO., 22 West 30th Street.
CHRISTENSEN, CHAS. J., 121 West 52d Street.
DISBECKER & CO., 57 West 35th Street.
ECONOMIC PRODUCTS CO., 15 West 44th Street.
FOX ELEC. SUP. CO., 110 West 42d Street.
FREUND, LOUIS, 23 West 31st Street.
FLINT, JOHN W., 947 Sixth Avenue.
GILMARTIN, P. F., 294 Columbus Avenue.
HENDLEY, THOMAS, & SON, 810 Sixth Avenue.
GEAR, JAMES, 68th Street and Third Avenue.
HOYT ELEC. CO., 480 Fourth Avenue.
IRISH, W. F., CO., 130 West 32d Street.
JONES, CHAS., 902 Sixth Avenue.
KAYSER & ALLMANN, 2 West 45th Street.
KALKAU & CAWEIN, 1021 Third Avenue.
KURZON, JOSEPH, 54 West 31st Street.
KEEDWELL, A. U., & CO., 503 Fifth Avenue.
LEWIS & CONGER, 45th Street and Avenue.
LUND, J. L., MFG. CO., Lexington Avenue and 34th Street.
M'CREERY & CO., JAMES, Fifth Avenue, 34th Street.
MANHATTAN ELEC. SUP. CO., 110 West 42d Street.
N. Y. ELEC. INSTALLATION CO., 147 West 35th Street.
PREMIER EMERGENCY CORP., 767 Third Avenue.
ROYAL EASTERN ELEC. SUP. CO., 114 West 27th Street.
RUSSELL & CO., 56 West 45th Street.
SILVERMAN, M., 803 Third Avenue.
STRAUSS, L. L., 560 Seventh Avenue.
STARBUCK & HUNT, 10 East 47th Street.
SHEARN, S., 1122 Madison Avenue.
WALTER & ZWILLING, 286 Fifth Avenue.
WALLER, H. M., 75 Fifth Avenue.

MANHATTAN—Harlem

MANHATTAN ELEC. SUP. CO., 127 West 125th Street.

BRONX.

ADAMS, FLANIGAN CO., 150th Street and Third Avenue.
BLACKMAN & SON, 146th Street and Third Avenue.
BRONX ELEC. SUPPLY CO., 812 Melrose Avenue.
CANNOLD, S., 860 Freeman Street.
DESSNER, A., 1327 Southern Boulevard.
DISTRICT APPLIANCE CO., 1835 Bathgate Avenue.
FORDHAM ELEC. SUPPLY CO., 2787 Webster Avenue.
GRODENBLATT, A., 972 Longwood Avenue.
HERMAN, A., 1941 Southern Boulevd.
HIRSCH, FRED, 804 Melrose Avenue.
JOSEPHSON, J. B., 3154 Third Ave.
KRENDEL, MORRIS, 758 East 180th Street.
NONPAREIL GAS & ELEC. CO., 575 East Tremont Avenue.
MATHIAS, J. J., 413 Willis Avenue.
ROGERS, FRANCIS, & SONS, Third Avenue and 143d Street.
ROYAL ELECTRIC SHOP, 796 Westchester Avenue.
USEFUL ELEC. APPLIANCE CO., 1953 Morris Avenue.
WEBER SUPPLY CO., INC., 358 East 149th Street.
WE-LEKTRIFY-U CORP., 3103 Third Avenue.

WESTCHESTER.

BYRNE, EDWARD P., 20 Division Street, New Rochelle, N. Y.
FARRELL, JOHN, 8 Lawton Street, New Rochelle, N. Y.
GOOD HOUSEKEEPING SHOP, 157 South Fourth Avenue, Mount Vernon, N. Y.
GILCHRIST, M., 135 Main Street, New Rochelle, N. Y.
WESTCHESTER ELEC. SUP. CO., White Plains, N. Y.
WESTCHESTER LIGHTING CO., New Rochelle, N. Y.
WESTCHESTER LIGHTING CO., Tarrytown, N. Y.
WESTCHESTER LIGHTING CO., White Plains, N. Y.
WESTCHESTER LIGHTING CO., Mount Kisco, N. Y.
WESTCHESTER LIGHTING CO., Port Chester, N. Y.
WESTCHESTER LIGHTING CO., Mount Vernon, N. Y.
WESTCHESTER ELEC. EQUIP. CO., 44 Main Street, Yonkers, N. Y.
YONKERS ELEC. LIGHT & POWER CO., 9 Manor House Square, Yonkers, N. Y.

OHIO ELECTRIC CO., INC., 145 W. 45th St., New York City
Telephone Bryant 5295

REMARKABLE AND UNUSUAL CHRISTMAS GIFT

is an opportunity to give something out ne ordinary. Men and women of in- gence have read these remarkable books and again. Nothing so interesting, ing so fascinating, nothing so enjoyable ver been written by an American, ac- ng to hundreds of readers. Brann was Iconoclast—an image smasher. He d neither position, nor fame, nor fortune. rever he discovered fraud or hypocrisy, or pretense, injustice or imposition, ness or deceit, there he loosed the derbolts of his fury, heedless of con- nces, careless of the devastation he ght, regardless of the reprisals he at down upon his head. Society was ked at his merciless exposures. The hung their heads in dishonor. The world blushed for shame.



Brann, the Iconoclast

BRANN
the Iconoclast

is a veritable treasure trove nius—here is a phenomenon of ge such as the world has seen before—nor will ever see . Brann's wizardry of words— agic of expression—his power nguage, are unmatched in ican Literature. He fights the fury of an avenging Angel. ughs with the joy of a barefoot And now for the first time his lete writings are available.



On Approval

t our office and see the set, or send it to you on approval. nstallment price is $27.00 for volumes. For gift purposes, ash price is $24.30. The es are handsomely bound, ifully printed, and securely d in a wooden box. Mail the n now, or call at

BRANN PUBLISHERS, INC.
DNEY HERR, President.
t. 497, 130 East 25th St., New York.

FREE EXAMINATION COUPON

Brann Publishers, Inc., Dept. 497
East 25th St., New York.

ase send me the complete works of Brann, the Iconoclast, in 10 volumes, $24.30. m not completely satisfied I will return the set and you are to refund my in full.

.....

.....

.....

te: If you wish the set sent to a friend we will enclose a card bearing your name. wish the set for your own use we will be glad to extend you our credit terms of $1 nstration and $2 a month for 18 months.

Special
"Victrola for Christmas" Offers



Special
VICTROLA XI OUTFIT

Victrola XI	$150.00
2—10 inch Albums, 85c each	1.70
2—12 inch Albums, 95c each	1.90
5—10 inch double face records, 85c each	4.25
2—12 inch double face records, 1.35 each	2.70
2—10 inch Red Seal records, 1.25 each	2.50
1—12 inch Red Seal record	1.75
200 Needles	.15
	$164.95

$8.50 Down — **Balance small monthly payments.**



Victrola IX $75.00
Cabinet 24.00
$99.00

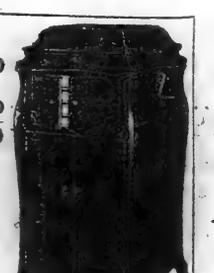
$6.00 Down

Balance in small monthly payments.

Victrola XVI $275.00
Records to amount 15.00
$290.00

$15.00 Down

Balance in small monthly payments.
(Mahogany or Oak Finish)



(Fifth Floor)

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue ..... *34th Street*

Of Gift Luggage and Leather Novelties

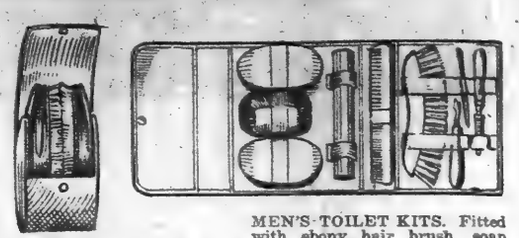
A large importation of Christmas fancy leather goods, long delayed, has just arrived from London. We have only a short time in which to dispose of them and are consequently offering them at greatly reduced prices.

A few of the articles are illustrated below, but in order to appreciate the beauty and quality of the articles and their suitability as gifts you must come and see them.

GIFT SUGGESTIONS FOR MEN



BRIEF AND SECRETARY CASES made of genuine cowhide and Walrus leather, various makes and styles ..... $3.50 up

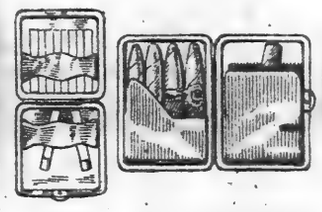


MILITARY BRUSHES put up in attractive leather case. Extra fine quality bristles, Ivory or Ebony backs. $3.75 up

MEN'S TOILET KITS. Fitted with ebony hair brush, soap box, tooth brush holder, comb, clothes brush and manicuring articles. A large variety in fine leathers..... $5.00 up



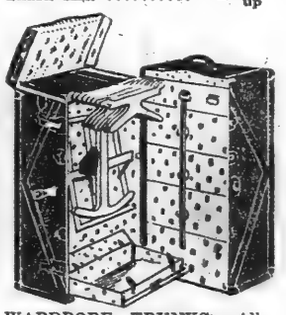
HIP WALLETS and IDENTIFICATION CASES. Very large selection of plain and gold mounted in Cowhide, Pinseal, Pigskin, Walrus and Shark skin ..... $1.50 up



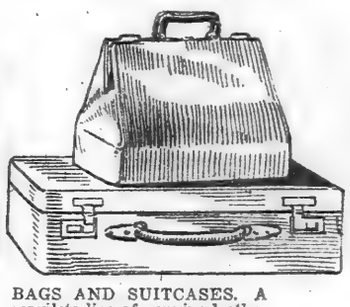
CIGAR AND CIGARETTE CASES. Imported, made of finest leather. A very appropriate gift for smokers ..... $6.50 up



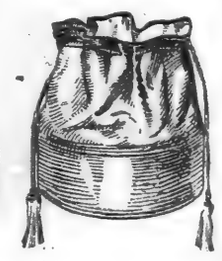
ENGLISH KIT BAG. Made of the finest quality genuine saddle and Walrus leather. Hand sewed, English plaid lined. Straps all around. Exceptionally strong construction ..... $35.00 up



WARDROBE TRUNKS. All best makes such as Hartman's Neverbreak, Indestructo and Belber. Fitted with the most modern devices and beautifully lined. One thousand of them. Greatly reduced.



BAGS AND SUITCASES. A complete line of genuine leather articles Expertly made, every one guaranteed. You must see them to appreciate their value. Prices $3.75 to $225.00

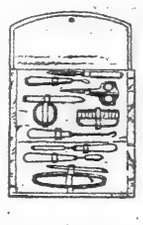


COLLAR BOXES. Stiff and collapsible models. Made in a variety of high grade leathers, neatly lined.. $3.50 up

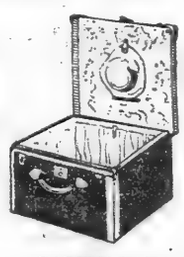
GIFT SUGGESTIONS FOR WOMEN



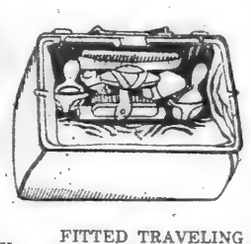
FITTED SUIT CASES. Richly finished and fitted. Made of fine grained leather. Each with complete set of Ivory or Tortoise-shell fittings ... $37.50 up



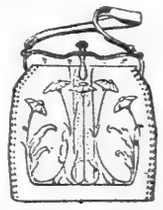
MANICURING SETS. A most complete selection of French Ivory and Pearl Sets ..... $4.00 up



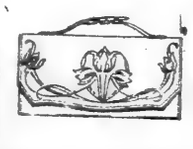
LADIES' HAT BOX. A large stock in black enamel, strongly built, fully lined with cretonne. Removable hat forms, as illustrated... $6.25



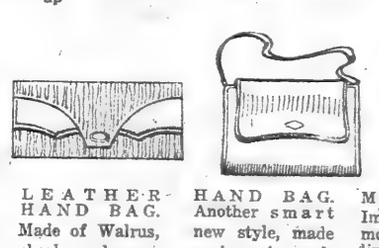
FITTED TRAVELING BAGS. Made of genuine cowhide and seal leather. Fitted with complete toilet sets of attractive make and finish ..... $37.50 up



LADIES' REEDCRAFT AND HAND-TOOLED imported Leather handbags. A large variety of the latest models. Beautifully designed and colored, of exquisite workmanship. A most charming gift..... $10.00 up



LEATHER HAND BAG. Made of Walrus, shark and cowhide leather. A variety of styles. $5.00 up



HAND BAG. Another smart new style, made up in various colors and grades of leather. $10.00 up



MESH BAGS. Imported French models, in Sterling Silver, Gold-filled and Gun Metal. A most wonderful selection. $12.50 up



TOILET SETS. A large and varied assortment of beautiful sets in French Ivory and hand-carved fittings ... $10.00 up



VELVET BAGS. A varied selection in all the wanted shades. Exquisite styles ..... $4.00 up



MUSIC ROLLS. A large assortment. Made of genuine leather in black and brown. Also Chinese leather ..... $1.90 up



BOSTON BAGS. Genuine cowhide, well made, no paper backing. Very flexible ..... $2.25 up
Out of town, $2.75.



WOMEN'S AND MEN'S FINE SILK UMBRELLAS.
A large variety of Ladies' Umbrellas, made of the finest silks in all the leading shades. Beautifully designed handles of Hardwood, Bakelite, Amber and Silver..... $8.50 up
A complete line of Men's Umbrellas, Umbrella-Canes and Canes.

LONDON LUGGAGE SHOPS

Broadway at 75th St.
Madison Ave. at 48th St.
One Block East of Fifth Ave., and 2 Minutes from Grand Central Station.
(Stores Open Till 10 P. M. During Sale)
Mail Orders given special attention
Prompt Deliveries assured. No C. O. D. orders.
PLEASE CALL EARLY.

Carefully Chosen Gifts *from the* Jewelry Shop

Charming and Useable Remembrances for Santa's Children of All Ages — Presented at Prices That Will Make the Very Thriftiest Santa Smile

Most of the Items Listed Have Been Deeply Reduced — Many Priced as Low as Half

Diamonds for Her

Solitaires, gold set, platinum crown	$70 to $900
Diamond Rings with platinum tops	33 to 150
Diamond Rings with platinum settings	110 to 500
Diamond Guard Rings	120 to 345
Solitaire Cluster Rings	95 to 425
Fancy Sapphire and Diamond Rings	95 to 475
Platinum Bar Pins, diamond set	175 to 485
La Vallieres	95 to 225
Flexible Barcelets, gold and platinum	185 to 1,200
Diamond Mounted Wrist Watches	145 to 700

And Diamonds for Him

Diamond Rings in attractive settings	$95 to $750
Diamond Scarf Pins that He'll *wear*	27 to 120
Diamond Mounted Cuff Links	38 to 125
Diamond Lockets in various sizes	25 to 87

Sterling Holloware

Tea Sets of five pieces	$225.00 to $427.00
Coffee Sets of 3 Pieces	60.00 to 108.00
Fruit Bowls for many uses	15.00 to 25.50
Bread Trays in attractive designs	27.00 to 41.50
Sandwich Trays	30.00 to 36.00
Flower Baskets of great beauty	25.00 to 39.00
Bon Bon Dishes, always useful	8.50 to 22.50
Sugar and Cream Sets	18.00 to 37.00
Mayonnaise Sets	15.00 to 22.50
Candlesticks of many sizes and styles	7.50 to 60.00
Flower Vases in various sizes	7.50 to 120.00
Demi-Tasse Sets	50.50 to 52.75
Parfait Glasses in sets of six	55.75 to 62.50
Sherbet Glasses in sets of six	50.50 to 96.00

Golden Gifts— for Women

Gold Bags,	$95.00 to $500.00
Gold Dorine Boxes,	25.00 to 60.00
Gold Vanity Cases,	65.00 to 210.00
Sewing Cases,	40.00
Gold Thimbles,	4.50 to 13.00
Wrist Watches,	27.00 to 98.00
Wrist Watches (gold filled),	11.50 to 52.00
Bangle Bracelets,	4.50 to 16.00
Flexible Bracelets,	27.00 to 42.50
Gold Bead Chains,	5.75 to 23.00
La Vallieres,	7.00 to 95.00
Cigarette Cases,	5.00 to 165.00
Bar Pins,	2.50 to 25.00
Brooches,	4.75 to 30.00
Cameo Brooches,	13.50 to 65.00
Seal Rings,	7.50 to 15.00
Stone Set Rings,	6.95 to 40.00
Cigarette Holders,	7.50 to 27.50
Cuff Pins,	1.75 to 6.50
Gold Crosses,	1.25 to 8.00
Gold Lockets,	3.50 to 16.50
Lingerie Clasps,	2.50 to 8.50
Lorgnettes,	15.00 to 31.50
Lorgnette Chains,	7.50 to 28.00

Pearls

L'Opera Pearls at Half Price

These exquisite and indestructible pearls of rare sheen—mounted in graduated strands with solid gold clasps. 16 to 30 inch necklaces.

Half Price
$6.75 to $15

* * *

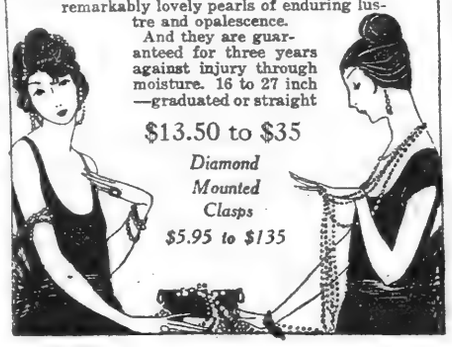
Lutece Pearls

Only at Gimbels can you purchase these remarkably lovely pearls of enduring lustre and opalescence.

And they are guaranteed for three years against injury through moisture. 16 to 27 inch —graduated or straight

$13.50 to $35

Diamond Mounted Clasps
$5.95 to $135



Golden Gifts— for Men

Gold Watches,	$50.00 to $175.00
Belt Buckles,	12.75 to 60.00
Cigar Cutters,	4.50 to 24.00
Cigarette Cases,	180.00 to 225.00
Match Cases,	35.00 to 65.00
Scarf Pins,	3.95 to 19.00
Cuff Buttons,	5.50 to 23.00
Pocket Knives,	3.50 to 19.50
Pencils,	7.75 to 27.00
Fobs,	21.00 to 35.00
Ribbon Fobs,	8.00 to 60.00
Waldemar Chains,	6.00 to 32.50
Signet Rings,	4.00 to 19.00
Stone Set Rings,	10.50 to 50.00
Masonic Rings,	8.00 to 42.50
Soft Collar Pins,	1.25 to 4.00
Collar Buttons,	1.25 to 2.25
Pearl Dress Sets,	23.25 to 36.50
Platinum Edge Dress Sets,	52.50 to 114.50

for Babies

Gold Baby Rings,	$1.75 to $2.00
Gold Pin Sets,	2.75 to 3.50
Gold Lockets,	75c to 1.25
Gold Chains,	1.00 to 1.75
Gold Bracelets,	3.75 to 4.75
Gold Baby Pins,	1.75 to 6.60
Gold Crosses,	1.25 to 2.00
Gold Fork, Spoon, Pusher,	50.00
Gold Beads,	4.50

Sheffield Plate Holloware

Five-Piece Tea Sets,	$65.00 to $130.00
Serving Trays,	20.00 to 50.00
Vegetable Dishes,	12.50 to 35.00
Meat Platters,	11.50 to 28.00
Well and Tree Platters,	18.00 to 39.50
Sandwich Plates,	4.25 to 13.00
Bread Trays,	4.50 to 24.00
Crumb Trays and Scrapers,	4.75 to 18.50
Fruit or Flower Baskets,	8.75 to 33.00
Fruit Bowls,	13.75 to 22.00
Carets,	9.50 to 30.00
Casseroles,	7.50 to 13.00
Vases,	7.50 to 41.00
Centrepieces,	25.00 to 87.50
Toast Racks,	1.50 to 5.50
Cruet Sets,	12.00 to 25.00
Pitchers,	20.00 to 42.00
Coffee Sets,	39.50 to 59.50
Teapotes,	7.75 to 10.00

Sterling Silver Toilet Ware

Brush and Comb Sets,	$15.25 to $19.50
Brush, Comb and Mirror Sets,	37.75 to 46.50
Manicure Sets, 4 pieces,	9.00 to 13.50
Manicure Sets, 11 pieces,	26.00 to 36.00
Shoe Horns, Files, etc.,	1.75 to 2.50
Cold Cream Jars,	.75 to 2.50
Powder Jars,	9.75 to 16.50
Hair Receivers,	9.75 to 16.50
Smelling Salts Bottles,	1.00 to 12.50
Perfume Bottles,	4.00 to 24.00

Sterling Silver Gifts for Babies

Knife, Fork and Spoon,	$8.00 to $11.50
Sets of Cup, Napkin Ring, Fork, Spoon,	17.00 to 25.00
Baby Spoons, bent handle,	2.00 to 3.25
Pap Bowls,	6.00 to 45.00
Baby Rattles,	1.50 to 4.75
Cups,	4.00 to 19.50
Brush and Comb Sets,	4.00 to 13.25

Genuine Jade and Other Novelties

Genuine Jade Necklaces,	$35.00 to $150.00
Genuine Jade Pendants,	19.50 and 25.00
Real Amber Necklaces,	5.95 to 132.50
Real Ivory Necklaces,	7.50 to 16.50
Real Ivory Pendants,	7.50 to 16.50
Flexible Rhinestone Bracelets,	5.95 to 15.00
Silver Plated Mesh Bags,	4.75 to 51.00
Rhinestone Bar Pins,	1.95 to 15.00
Rhinestone La Vallieres,	3.95 to 20.00
Rhinestone Bandeaux,	5.00 to 9.75
Rhinestone Rings,	5.00 to 12.00
Gold Filled Bracelets,	2.00 to 5.75
Jeweled Bracelets,	2.95 and 3.95
Celluloid Bracelets,	95c to 4.95
Sports Rings, real stones,	1.95 to 3.95
Real Stone Pendants,	1.50 to 3.95
Real Crystal Necklaces,	10.50 to 35.00
Real Stone Necklaces,	10.50 to 47.00

And Ostrich Feather Fans



Glorious Plumes mounted on inlaid mother-of-pearl sticks. Jade, carrot, sapphire, shell pink, French blue and yellow.

Reduced to $121.09
Other Fans reduced to $71.40 to $82.40
Including Federal Tax.

And an interesting collection of Fans of rare grace and radiant shading. The featured colors are jade, carnation, carrot, American Beauty. Black, too, is favored.

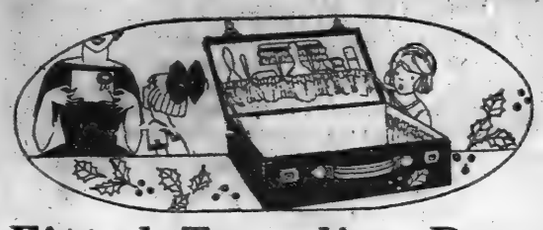
Prices Range from $3.57 to $48.30
Including Federal Tax.



THE GIMBEL JEWELRY SHOP—Main Floor

Brooklyn, Long Island and New Jersey Customers Direct to Gimbels via Tubes and Subways

9 A. M. to 6 P. M. | GIMBEL BROTHERS 32nd STREET - BROADWAY - 33rd STREET NEW YORK CITY | See Sections 1 and 2



Fitted Traveling Bags

And Fitted Suit Cases for Women **1/3 Off**

In walrus, seal, vachette and cowhide, fitted with white celluloid, nickel, brass, silver and "shell" toilet articles. About 50 pieces reduced one-third of their usual prices.

Two bags in 15 and 16 inch sizes. The suit cases in 18 and 20 inch sizes. The reduced prices:

$20.00 : $25.00 : $30.00 : and up to $75.00

GIMBELS LEATHER SHOP—Main Floor



Men's House Coats

Lower Priced for Christmas Shoppers **$8.88**

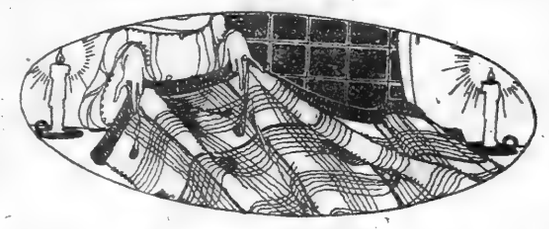
Tax Included

Warm, comfortable, shawl collared smoking jackets, nicely tailored; with pockets, with good looking frog fastenings, with cord edge finishings—

Sizes 34 to 48

Other House Coats and Bath Robes for men in wide assortment ..... $8.88 to $46.00

GIMBELS MEN'S ROBE SHOP—Fourth Floor.



All-Wool Blankets

72x84 Inches: Clan Patterns, Cheery as a Holly Berry **$16.50**

Yes—true blue all-wool to keep young America cosey-warm; and true blue ALL-WOOL priced thriftily enough to gladden even the canny Scot whose plaid it wears.

Selected extra-fine all-wool stock; wide satin bindings:
60x84 inch.....$15.00 Pr.
72x90 inch.....$20.00 Pr.

GIMBELS BLANKET SHOP—Second Floor



A Gift Baby Bunting

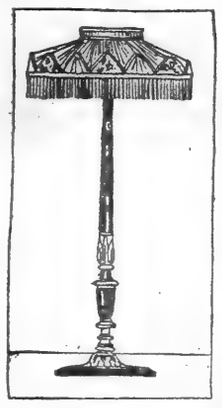
All the Way from Japan — Has Been Little-price Tagged **$7.95**

And even that very nicest of babies—your baby—couldn't have a lovelier Christmas than this shell-pink or blue tufted crepe de chine cosiness with its delicate hand-embroidered posies.

Jap Carriage and Crib Quilts of china silk.....$4.95
Mandarin Robes, sizes 2 to 8 years.....$2.95

GIMBELS BABY SHOP—Second Floor

Wonderful Sale Floor Lamps and Shades



At Average Savings of ½ Usual Prices **$45.00**

COMPLETE

One of the largest makers of beautiful lamps in the country was forced, through changing conditions, to sell out immediately, at whatever cost, a large part of his wonderful stock. He chose Gimbel Brothers as an outlet. As a result:

Very handsome lamps in gold polychrome finish, many worth *more* than twice this price, ... $22.50

Very beautiful silk shades, silk lined and double silk fringed in delightful and original designs, many worth *more* than twice this price, $22.50

In many styles, and usually only a few of a kind.

GIMBELS LAMP SHOP—Fifth Floor

Miss 14 to 20: Her New Party Frock Sale-Priced

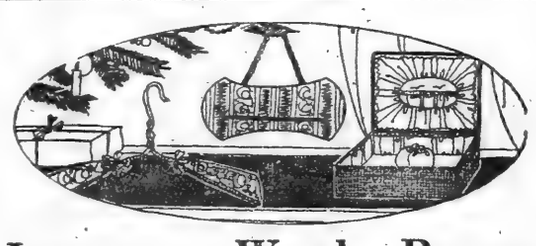
$35.00



Gay as the first spring jonquil will she be who dances Christmas Eve away in the glinting silver-brocaded frock—sketched. The frock—taffeta. The modesty piece and belt—silver.

In blue, rose, pink, black and green. Other frocks in taffeta, silk net, chiffon velvet, lace, $19.75 to $49.50.

GIMBELS—Third Floor.



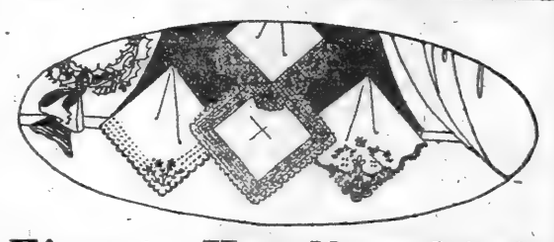
Lacquer Work Boxes

Very Handsome Ones: A Charming Gift for Mother **$6.50**

Handsomely ornamented lacquered boxes—lined with colored China silks, prettily shirred—hand painted, trimmed with tiny roses—with pocket and pin cushion. Others $4.50 to $10.00

Pompadour Silk Coat Hanger $1.00
Cretonne Covered Tie Racks 39c
Bureau Scarfs, trimmed with imitation filet, 18x52 ins. $1.95

GIMBELS ART EMBROIDERY SHOP—Second Floor.



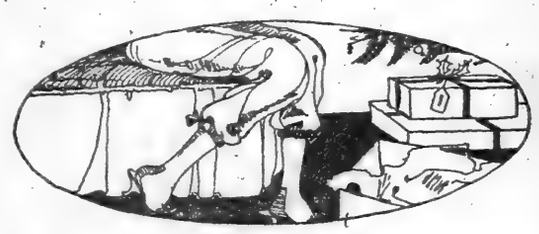
Finest Handkerchiefs

All These Prettiest Gift Ones at **$1.00** EA.

Sheer handkerchiefs edged with daintiest Val. or imitation filet. Others with a corner of point Venise, or scalloped edge and Madeira embroidery. Wide choice at $1.00 each.

Fancy Swiss lace trimmed handkerchiefs. Each 50c
Fine Irish linen, with hand embroidered initial. Box of 6 ..... $2.90

GIMBELS HANDKERCHIEF SHOP—Main Floor.



Pantalette Bloomers

Fine Glove Silk Bloomers —Great Gifts **$4.95**

More comfortable than a petticoat and warmer than bloomers—these ideal winter-time undies are fast becoming the accepted vogue. You'll find they are very welcome gifts.

In petticoat shades—with shirring and elastic at the ankles. Reinforced to assure durability.

GIMBELS KNIT UNDERWEAR SHOP—Main Floor



Women's Silk Umbrellas

200 very specially priced at **$10.00**

Very fine quality umbrellas of extra quality silk, each made with long amber or white tips and club tops.

The handles are in unusually fine assortment: in full length Bakelite in white and in colors—many in full length amber color.

Men's Walking Sticks in fine assortment: some with 14k gold mountings, others with engraved silver hooks, with silver inlay, and other styles.....$2.50 to $50.00

GIMBELS UMBRELLA SHOP—Main Floor.

Brooklyn, Long Island and New Jersey Customers Direct to Gimbels via Tubes and Subways

Despite Reductions Last Week Dealers Expect Thanksgiving Prices to Prevail.

BIG DROP IN EGG QUOTATIONS

State Hennery Product 23c a Dozen Lower—Butter Higher, but Beef Is Cheaper.

Although there was a reduction in the wholesale prices of most commodities last week, dealers expect the Thanksgiving price level to prevail this week, according to the weekly review of the State Division of Foods and Markets. Prices, however, will depend upon several unknown factors, including the weather, the quantity arriving and the demand.

The egg market probably showed the greatest decline. The wholesale price of State hennery white eggs dropped 23 cents a dozen, while the State hennery brown eggs and Western mixed dropped 20 cents a dozen, as compared with the week before. This striking reduction applies only to fresh eggs. Storage eggs have declined only 1 cent a dozen, the present wholesale price being 62 cents.

All grades of butter advanced 1 cent during the week. Creamery, extra to high score, sold for 53½ to 56 cents a pound on Friday. State dairy, fine to fancy, sold for 48 to 53 cents.

A comparison of present wholesale prices and those of last year indicates that almost all products are now lower than a year ago. At this season last year trading was limited, due to extreme cold weather, which forced dealers to minimize their purchases, as much of the produce showed signs of frost.

Comparison of Prices.

A comparison of prices on Dec. 17 this year with the same date last year follows:

	1920.	1919.
Apples, gr. A, bbl.	$3.00@$6.00	$4.00@$9.00
Celery, large crate	2.50@ 3.50	7.00@ 8.50
Cabbage, Danish seed, ton	10.00@13.00	65.00@80.00
Carrots, unwashed, 100 lb. bag	.75@ 1.00	1.50@ 2.25
Onions yellow globes, No. 1, 100 lb. bag	1.00@ 1.25	5.75@ 6.25
Potatoes, L. I., 165 lb. bag	4.25@ 4.50	6.00@ 6.50

"Christmas trees are arriving in large quantities and are being sold through the regular food-distribution channels," continues the weekly review. "Bundles of from two to six Christmas trees are selling for from $1.25 to $2. The latter price was paid for extra fancy bundles. Large trees sold for as much as $15. Holly sold for $4.50 to $6 per case, or for $2 to $2.50 a dozen wreaths. Five to ten dollars was the price of mistletoe per barrel.

"The fresh receipts of black walnuts, butternuts and hickory nuts were comparatively light throughout the week. The demand and movement were fairly active. The best black walnuts sold for $2.50 to $2.75 a bushel of fifty pounds. The best butternuts brought $2.50 to $2.75 a bushel.

"Receipts of celery from up-State and California were liberal, especially at the end of the week. The market closed weak, with prices about $1 to $1.50 per crate lower than early in the week. The best full-sized crate, containing about eight to ten dozen stalks, brought $3.25 to $3.50. California golden self-blanched brought from $4 to $5 per large crate.

"Fresh receipts of potatoes have been fairly liberal. Extra fancy sound potatoes of good color and size were in small proportion to the general supply. The demand has steadily become less active, causing the market to close with prices lower, and irregular. Extra fancy stock continued to hold fairly steady, with prices practically unchanged.

Beef Prices Lower.

"Trade in the live poultry was dull, as buyers were looking for prime fat stock only, of which little was received. Prices advanced slightly in the middle of the week, but closed at the same level as at last week-end. The dressed poultry market also was dull. Although there were very few dressed turkeys in the market, trading was dull, owing to the scarcity of buyers."

Beef prices showed a substantial reduction at wholesale, according to the Federal Bureau of Markets. The demand was poor. "Good steers," says the bureau, "have sold at a range from $17 to $20 a hundred, while the bulk of the sales was around $18. The trouble apparently has not been the price so much as the demand, as it has been slow selling, regardless of price. Cows have not sold as well as last week and bulls have been a drug on the market. Kosher beef has been in liberal supply, with chucks and plates showing a little lower at close with light demand.

"The price of hogs on the live market in Chicago," continues the bureau's review, "for the bulk of sales on Tuesday was $8.80 to $9.10, while at Omaha the bulk of sales the same day was $8.25 to $8.90, the lowest price for hogs in four and one-half years."

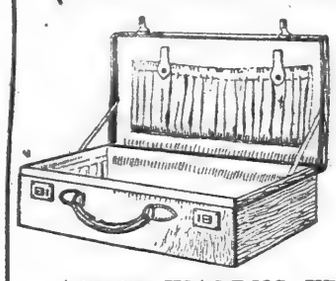
You will appreciate our values more if you visit other stores first.

Most Phenomenal Christmas Sale of High Grade Luggage and Leather Novelties

A cash purchase at bargain prices of the entire stock of the Century Bag & Suit Case Co., formerly at 457 Broome St., enables us to offer you values never before equalled.

This extraordinary savings opportunity comes to you just in time for your Christmas shopping.

$35.00 LADIES' DRESS SUIT CASES



Reduced to $18.50

135 on Sale

This suit case is made of a very fine quality black, long grained cowhide leather over veneered frame. Light weight, hand sewed, silk lined, three ruffled pockets; ornamented with two brass locks and hand made English handle. A very beautiful case. Assorted sizes.

$60.00 WALRUS TRAVELING BAG



Reduced to $29.25

60 on Sale

A very handsome bag. Made of the finest quality genuine walrus leather, hand sewn to heavy English frames. Leather lined throughout. Reinforced bottoms, hand made handles, solid brass locks and catches. Size 18 inches.

$12.50 HAT BOX

300 on Sale



Reduced to $6.25

Good size black enameled Ladies' Hat Boxes. Strongly built over steel frame, lined with cretonne, two removable hat forms, brass lock and catches.

$30.00 COWHIDE BAG

545 on Sale



Reduced to $14.50

This bag is guaranteed genuine cowhide NOT SPLIT. Hand sewed to heavy English frame. Full leather lined, inside pockets, some with entire bottoms reinforced, others with sewed-on corners. These bags were formerly wholesaled at $20.

COWHIDE BOSTON BAG

11,000 on Sale



made of Heavy Genuine Cowhide Leather. No paper backing; soft and flexible. Two leather handles sewed and riveted to steel frame. Regular size. Guarantee stamp on bottom "Genuine Cowhide." $2.25

Out of town, delivered, $2.75.

$7 COWHIDE BAG

1,500 on Sale



This bag is made of Genuine Cowhide Leather, Walrus Grain, reinforced with sewed-on corners. English inside lock frame, cloth lined, inside pockets. Size 18 inches. Guarantee stamped on bottom. $3.75

Out of town, delivered, $4.50.

1,000 Wardrobe Trunks Will Also Be Offered at a Great Reduction

LONDON LUGGAGE SHOPS

Broadway at 75th St.
407 Madison Ave. at 48th St.

(Stores Open Till 10 P. M. During Sale)
One Block East of Fifth Ave. and 2 Minutes from Grand Central Sta.

Mail Orders given special attention. Prompt deliveries assured. No C. O. D. Orders.

Please Call Early.

205 Retail Branches

This sale of the well-known brand of Del Monte Canned Goods should attract the attention of all housekeepers, as the quality is the finest packed, and the price is below the cost of production. Make purchases by the dozen or by the case.

A Christmas present of assorted Del Monte Goods is bound to be welcomed by any family.

Del Monte Asparagus	Large can	39c
Del Monte Spinach	Large can	19c
Del Monte Corn	No. 2 Can	19c
Del Monte Peaches	No. 2½ can	39c
Del Monte Peaches	No. 2 can	29c
Del Monte Peaches	No. 1 can	25c
Del Monte Pears	No. 2½ can	45c
Del Monte Pears	No. 2 can	35c
Del Monte Plums	No. 2½ can	31c
Del Monte Plums	No. 2 can	25c
Del Monte Cherries	No. 2½ can	45c
Del Monte Cherries	No. 2 can	35c
Del Monte Cherries	No. 1 can	27c
Del Monte Apricots	No. 2½ can	35c
Del Monte Apricots	No. 2 can	25c
Del Monte Pineapple	No. 2½ can	39c
Del Monte Pineapple	No. 2 can	31c
Del Monte Grated Pineapple	No. 2 Can	27c
Del Monte Marmalade	15 oz. jar	35c
Del Monte Currant Jelly	15 oz. jar	40c
Del Monte Strawberry Preserves	15 oz. jar	49c
Del Monte Raspberry Preserves	15 oz. jar	49c
Del Monte Apricot and Pineapple Preserves	15 oz. jar	39c
Del Monte Apple Sauce		23c
Del Monte Pimentos		17c
Del Monte Mince Meat		17c
Del Monte Prunes	No. 2½ can	39c
Del Monte Baked Beans	3 cans	23c
Del Monte Tomato Sauce		8c
Del Monte Catsup	Pint Bottle	27c
Del Monte Catsup	½ Pint Bottle	18c
Huyler's Cocoa	½ lb. can	22c
Maillard's Chocolate	½ lb. cake	25c
New Crop Rice	3 lbs. for	25c
New Crop Prunes	2 lbs. for	25c
Palm Olive Soap	3 cakes for	25c
Log Cabin Syrup	can	35c
Pompeian Pure Olive Oil	quart can	$1.35
Borden's Evaporated Milk	2 large cans for	25c
Seeded Raisins	15 oz. package	25c
None Such Mince Meat		15c

RAINCOATS

Entire Colossal Stock of Waterproof Apparel Now Offered

Below Wholesale!

A sacrifice of merchandise without parallel! Tens of thousands of fine guaranteed waterproof coats—all at mere fractions of retail prices. A profusion of fabrics and styles impossible to describe.

16 Big Lots for Quick Disposal

FOR MEN and YOUTHS

Lot 1—**Raincoats**
Double Texture fabrics. Tan, oxford and mixture effects. Plain and Belted models. Seams strapped, cemented. *Below wholesale* 4.98

Lot 2—**Double Texture Tweed Raincoats**
Smart styles. Plain and Belted models. Large variety colors. Seams strapped, cemented. For rain or shine. *Below wholesale* 6.98

Lot 3—**Rainproof Wool Tweeds**
Gabardine and Two-Tone Twills. Splendid assortments, in raglan and box shoulders. Belted effects. *Below wholesale* 9.98

Lot 4—**Single and Double Breasted Effects**
in Belted models, inverted pleats. Finely tailored. Yokes trimmed with satin and Venetian lining. Great variety of materials. *Below wholesale* 14.98

Lot 5—**All-Wool English Tweed Paramatta and Suedes**—Double and single breasted. Belt all around. Splendid tailoring. Light and heavy weights. Insides satin trimmed. A smart coat for any weather; adapted for Winter wear. *Below wholesale price* 19.98

Light, Medium, Heavy Weights
All Sizes.

FOR WOMEN and MISSES

Lot 6—**Single Texture Raincoats**
in great variety materials and shades. Belted models. New designs. *Below wholesale* 4.98

Lot 7—**Beautiful Changeable Materials**
Handsome models. Belts all around. Plaids, navy, tan. Fancy collars and cuffs. *Below wholesale* 6.98

Lot 8—**Mohairs, Reps, Twills, Raglans**
Plain sleeves. Great variety of Belted models. Gray, blue and fancy effects. *Below wholesale* 9.98

Lot 9—**Silks, Paramattas, Scotch Tweeds**
Large selection loose backs. Mannish effects and Belted models. Large variety colors. *Below wholesale* 14.98

Lot 10—**Large Variety of Fine Plain and Fancy Silk Coats**
Beautiful fabrics, smartly styled. Selection of plain and fancy color effects. *Below wholesale* 19.98



PREPAID MAIL ORDERS promptly filled. Give CHEST and Length.

FOR BOYS and GIRLS

Lot 11.
Child's Cape
Handsome Sateen and Plaid effects. Wide assortment of red, blue and tan shades. Plaid lined Hoods. Thoroughly rainproof. *Below wholesale* 2.29

Lot 12.
Girl's Raincoat and Rain Hat
To match. New, smart models. Large selection rainproof materials. Checks, plaids and plain models. Age 6 to 16. New style buckles. Built for rough weather. Will delight any girls. *Below wholesale* 3.49

Lot 13.
Girl's Raincoat, Hat to Match
Fine quality materials. Large selection beautiful color effects. New models. *Below wholesale* 5.69

Lot 14.
Boy's Raincoat and Hat to Match
Double texture materials. A smart, durable coat that will please your boy. *Below wholesale* 3.89

Lot 15.
Boy's Best Quality Black Rubber Coat
New style buckles. Built for rough weather. Will delight any boy. *Below wholesale* 4.49
Sou'wester Hat to Match, 69c

Lot 16.
Boy's Rubberized Raincoat & Hat
Fine selection materials. Stylish, but designed to stand hard usage. Reinforced seams. New shades. For rain or shine. *Below wholesale* 5.89

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL NINE O'CLOCK DURING THIS SALE

NEMOURS TRADING CORP.
SIEGEL-COOPER B'LD'G

CHAS. W. MILLS, Vice-Pres. and Gen'l Mgr.

6th Ave., 18th & 19th Sts.

SILK SALE

DIRECT FROM THE MILLS TO YOU

SILK JERSEY $1.75 PER YARD

TAFFETAS $1.95 Highest Grade. Value $3.50.

TRICOLETTES $1.50 All colors. Reduced from $2.95.....

TINSEL CLOTH $7.95 Gold and silver colored. Reduced from $12.50..

CREPE SATIN $2.95 All Shades—40 inches. Extra quality. Special this week only

Dress and Wash Satins, Silk Shirtings, Crepe de Chines, Georgettes..... $1.00 Per Yd. WIDTHS 36-40 INCHES. All Silk.

Also Big Reductions in Pussy Willow Linings, Velvets, Charmeuse, etc.
Mail Orders Filled Promptly at 28th Street Store.

M. B. S. STORES

55 West 28th St., 6 Doors East of 6th Ave.

Look for No. 55. Do not confuse this store with any other.

Brooklyn Store.. 405 Bridge St. Two Doors from Fulton Street

A Farm Xmas Special Fresh from the Country

Spring Chicken, average weight 4 to 5 lbs., or Spring Turkey, average weight 9 to 10 lbs., one-third dozen fresh eggs, small basket onions, one and one-half pounds Home-made farm sausage, small basket fancy Baldwin apples. Chicken order, $5.00. Turkey order, $10.00. Every item fresh from farm. All orders delivered in New York City Friday upon receipt of price. Reference: Oysterman's National Bank, Sayville, N. Y.

FAIRACRES FARM
SAYVILLE, LONG ISLAND, NEW YORK

DIAMONDS-WATCHES ON CREDIT

Will Be Most Appreciated for



CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

EVERY ONE is beginning to realize that the easy payment plan, when as we handle it, is really nothing more or less than a charge account. We make this Christmas one of joy, rather than a time for worry about your bills.

Diamonds, Watches, GOLD JEWELRY

Buy Now—Pay Later

Full purchase price allowed in exchange. No security. No publicity. No embarrassing references. Goods guaranteed. Lowest prices. The firm where courtesy and satisfaction reign supreme.
Call, write or phone (Certlanut 3600). Will send salesman if desired.

MEET US WEAR DIAMONDS

American Watch & Diamond Co.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY. CASH OR CREDIT

6 MAIDEN LANE—FOURTH FLOOR

Open Evenings Until 10 P. M.

THE FRENCH CONCEPTION OF THE UNKNOWN SOLDIER

A leading feature of this week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL is a full-page etching of the French conception of the unknown soldier, portraying a dying poilu holding close to his heart the Tricolor—a powerful conception and a picture well worth a frame. There are 82 other etchings in the same issue, illustrating the news events of the whole world, including a splendid double-page etching of the League of Nations in session ready for a frame. On news stands for 10c.

Process Out Water and Gas, Briquette the Dust, and Gets Hard Product.

DEVELOP LIGNITE FIELDS

Extensive Deposits in the West Become Available for Use by the New Process.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Dec. 15.—A new Canadian industry that may have far-reaching effects on the development of the lignite fields of the Canadian West has been established at Estevan, Saskatchewan, by the Government, and is now in successful operation. The process by which lignite is converted into briquettes has been discovered by Dr. Bergius of Germany, and the Canadian rights have been secured by the Canadian Government. The plant at Estevan has been established by the Government, and has already demonstrated that the deposits of lignite in that district can be made to produce a fuel which is equal to the best anthracite, and at half its cost.

The plant, which has been established at Estevan by the Government, has already demonstrated that the deposits of lignite in that district can be made to produce a fuel which is equal to the best anthracite, and at half its cost.

The process by which lignite is converted into briquettes has been discovered by Dr. Bergius of Germany, and the Canadian rights have been secured by the Canadian Government. The plant at Estevan has been established by the Government, and

and

Cotton

Readjustment of commodity values is of special interest at this time. Daily market letters sent upon request.

Correspondence Invited.

E. W. Wagner & Co.

Established 1887

Members { New York Stock Exchange / New York Cotton Exchange / Chicago Board of Trade

33 NEW STREET, NEW YORK
208 SO. LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO

Branches { 14 East 44th St. / Mad. Av. & 42d St. / 26 Court St., Brooklyn

Prices on the Stock Exchange Decline Again—$3,025,000 Decrease in Bank Surplus.

It was typical of the precision with which the banking machinery for last week's huge transfers of credit were conducted that the Federal Reserve Bank, on which much of the shifting of balances converged, should have reported at the end of the week exactly the same reserve percentage as a week before. Reserve credits held for private banks by the Reserve Bank showed so singularly slight a change as an increase of $60,000, and they vary only $2,200,000 from the same account a year ago. Rediscounts by the Federal Bank decreased $106,000,000, which is safe indication of the extent to which the week's numerous large payments to and by the Government had the net result of increasing the New York market's supply of credit.

The Reserve Bank's cash holdings decreased moderately, chiefly because of loss to other reserve districts of credits in the system's central gold fund, but rediscounts of New York paper with other Reserve Banks were wholly paid off, for the first time since Oct. 15. The private banks did not maintain their position, in the face of the week's transactions, as absolutely as the Reserve Bank, but the decrease of $3,025,000 in surplus reserves reported by the Associated Banks was unimportant. That decrease resulted wholly from reduction of reserve credits at the Federal Bank, and it occurred in spite of $115,500,000 expansion of their loan account. But the increase in loans was entirely based on an increase during the week of $159,600,000 in Government deposits, against which no reserve has to be kept. Those deposits naturally represent the leaving of tax-collection funds temporarily with the banks, by which means the bank borrowings incident to such payments were easily provided for.

All the circumstances considered, the character of these bank statements at the week-end is proof of an extremely sound banking position, and it gives promise for a smooth passage through the fortnight of large trade settlements which is immediately ahead of us. The bank figures were not published until after the Stock Exchange was closed and the day's market had again taken a downward course. Net declines in some of the industrial stocks ran as high as 2 to 4 points, the weakest of them closing at or near the lowest. Even with the industrial group, however, the movement was highly irregular, with slight declines in some of them and net gains in a very few. Railway shares lost ground with the industrials.

The striking fact about yesterday's market was the absence of the familiar "week-end covering of shorts" after so persistent a fall in prices. The recovery of Tuesday after the previous day's decline, and with exceptionally large transactions on both days, has been followed by so continuous a fall that comparison of Saturday's final prices with those of a week before show net losses ranging all the way from 1 to 9 points in active shares, the number of 2-point or 4-point declines being large. Industrial stocks have been in the forefront of weakness, but active railway shares also are 1 to 3 points lower. The week's bond market does not show quite the same uniformity of movement; a considerable proportion of investment bonds have gained ground during the week, but against these scattered cases of improvement are many losses running from 1 to 4 points, and bonds of companies in high standing are now selling 5 to 10 per cent. below the high prices of last month. This is a situation which cannot fail to add interest to the approaching test of the "January reinvestment demand."

MONEY.

SATURDAY, DEC. 18.

No transactions reported in call money on Saturday. The range of rates for the week was a high of 7 per cent., made on Monday, and prevailing every day of the week, with a low of 6 per cent., made in the final business hour on Wednesday, and continued on Thursday. However, the bulk of the loans were made at the higher rate. The market for time funds moved rather narrowly, the quotations put out by brokers showing but little change from the first business day of the week to the close. The market for fixed period money is quiet, consideration being given to the end-of-the-year settlements. Commercial paper ruled quiet and steady, rates ranging from 7¾ per cent. on choice names to 8 per cent. on others. Bankers' acceptances were quoted unchanged.

Following is the range of call money rates for this week for a series of years:

	High.	Low.	Rul'g.
Call Loans.			
1920	7	6	7
1919	6	4	6
1918	6	3½	4½
1917	6	4%	6
1916	2½	2	4
1915	2	1%	1%
1914	3%	3	3½
1913	4	3	3½
1912	5½	3½	4%
1911	4	3	3½
1910	3½	2½	3%
1909	5	3	4%
Time Loans.			
Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days	7		6@7½
4, 5 and 6 months	7		6@7½
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	7½		6@7½
4, 5 and 6 months	7½		6@7½
Commercial Paper.			
Best names, 3 to 6 months	7½		@8
Other names, 3 to 6 months	8		@8½
Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.			
Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days	6		
Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days	6		
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days	6		
Open Market Rates.			
Prime eligible acceptances, on call	6		
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	6½		@6¾
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days	6¾		@6½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	8		@7½

London Market.

Money on the London market on Saturday unchanged at 4½ per cent.; short bills and three months' bills unchanged at 6¾ per cent. Gold bullion on the London market was unchanged at 116s 9d per fine ounce. Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Saturday's exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $798,148,140; balances, $84,710,928; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $80,002,959. Exchanges for the same day a year ago, $919,557,855.

Total exchange of checks for the week, $5,081,133,725, as compared with $4,149,675,395 for the preceding week. Following is the comparison with exchanges for the corresponding week in previous years:

1920	$5,081,133,725	1916	$3,920,631,246
1919	5,875,331,227	1915	2,288,657,686
1918	3,909,308,340	1914	1,244,775,437
1917	3,450,327,197	1913	1,573,439,468

Total exchanges of checks, for the country as a whole, for last week and corresponding weeks in previous years, as reported by The Financial Chronicle:

1920	$8,973,687,328	1916	$6,257,859,222
1919	10,315,136,835	1915	4,710,661,936
1918	7,850,698,735	1914	2,989,519,108
1917	6,307,343,909	1913	3,316,194,191

Nor.Pac.-Gt.Northern Joint 4%

Due July 1, 1921

(Chicago, Burlington & Quincy stock as collateral)

Selling to Yield 11%+

Analysis upon application

BOND DEPARTMENT

Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

165 Broadway, New York

BRANCHES
Hotel Belleclaire, B'way & 77th St.
Hotel Breslin, B'way & 29th St.
3 East 44th St.

COCHRANE HARPER & CO.

111 Broadway, NEW YORK — 60 State St., BOSTON

Invincible Oil Corporation

Latest circular on request.

WEEKLY LETTER

Giving current news and development of

INDEPENDENT & STANDARD OILS

Furnished upon request.

Columbia Gas & Electric Co

First Mortgage Sinking Fund 5s

Due January 1, 1927

Price at Market to Yield Over 8.60%

Circular on Application

COGGESHALL AND HICKS

Members New York Stock Exchange

128 BROADWAY
203 WEST 79TH STREET
NEW YORK

MEXICO

Under the New Regime

ASK for our Weekly Mexican Quotation List and Market Letter which records important events affecting the financial situation.

Foreign Securities

Bought–Sold–Quoted

Phone Broad 7490

Einstein, Ward & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

MAIN OFFICE — UPTOWN BRANCH
25 Broad St. — Delmonico's
Broad Exchange Bldg. — 44th St. & 5th Av.

Lower, Sterling Down 1½ Cents for the Day.

With light demand for remittances, European exchange rates declined irregular yesterday under moderate sales. Sterling went 1½ cents lower and closed at the day's lowest; there were small fractional declines in French, Belgian, Italian, Dutch, German, Spanish and Scandinavian exchange. The rate on Switzerland, which on Friday was quoted nearly at the year's low rate, improved slightly yesterday.

Argentine exchange recovered from 34.125 cents to 34.50. Brazilian was unchanged. The rate on Montreal touched the lowest level of the year, the New York quotation for Canadian funds closing at 84.6 cents per Canadian dollar against 85 Friday and 86.5 a week ago.

SATURDAY, DEC. 18, 1920.

RANGE OF RATES, SIGHT EXCHANGE.

	High	Low.	Final.	Friday's final.
LONDON	3.58½	3.49¾	3.49¾	3.51¾
PARIS	5.95½	5.89	5.90	5.93
ROME	3.46	3.38	3.39	3.46
AMSTERDAM	31.25	31.17	31.20	31.40
BERLIN	1.38	1.37	1.38	1.40
MADRID	13.06	13.00	13.00	13.08

Bureau.	Saturday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.			
Demand	3.49¾	3.45	3.86⅝
Cables	3.50¾	3.45¾	3.87¼
Com., 60 days	3.44¾	3.39¾	3.84⅝
Com., 90 days	3.43¾	3.37¾	3.83⅝
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	5.89½	5.93	9.31
Cables	5.90½	5.97	9.32
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.39	3.49	7.56
Cables	3.40	3.50	7.57
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.31	6.19	9.40
Cables	6.33	6.20	9.42
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.33	1.36	2.13
Cables	1.35½	1.38½	2.13
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per krone.			
Demand	.12¾	.11	.70
Cables	.12¾	.11½	.72
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.15	1.14	1.90
Cables	1.16	1.16	1.95
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.05	14.95	16.25
Cables	15.10	14.90	16.40
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand	2.40	2.30	2.85
Cables	2.45	2.35	3.00
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	7.35	6.95	15.35
Cables	7.45	7.00	15.65

JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.73	.74	.90
Cables	.73	.75	.95
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	14.85	14.80	20.25
Cables	14.90	14.85	20.40
POLAND—Par 19.3 cents per mark.			
Demand	.19	.17½	1.28
Cables	.19½	.18	1.27
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Demand	1.19	1.26	1.39
Cables	1.20	1.28	1.53
SERBIA! Belgrade—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	2.00	2.00	5.00
Cables	2.03	2.05	5.05
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	13.00	13.03	19.55
Cables	13.02	13.04	19.65
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	19.70	19.35	21.25
Cables	19.75	19.30	21.40
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	15.17	15.42	18.18
Cables	15.20	15.45	18.25

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; par tael for Shanghai and Peking.			
Hongkong, demand	56.00	54.00	99.00
Hongkong, cables	56.10	54.10	99.50
Peking, demand	80.50	77.00	178.00
Shanghai, demand	74.00	70.50	164.00
Shanghai, cables	74.50	71.00	164.50

For Imports to Bulgaria.

A cablegram from Consul G. H. Kemper, Sofia, states that, in order to secure benefits of the minimum customs tariff rates, granted to "most-favored nations," all goods shipped to Bulgaria must be accompanied by certificates of origin.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Par 50 cents per silver peso.			
Demand	45.50	45.50	49.00
Cables	46.00	46.00	49.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	32.50	31.50	
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	50.50	50.875	51.50
Cables	50.625	50.625	52.75
South America.			
ARGENTINA—Par 42.44c per Arg. paper dol.			
Demand	34.50	33.50	63.15
Cables	34.625	33.625	63.27
BRAZIL—Par 32.46 cents per paper milreis.			
Demand	14.375	14.375	28.35
Cables	14.50	14.00	28.375
Canada.			
MONTREAL—Par 100c per Canadian dollar.			
Demand	84.6	83.8	92.8

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par 51.40 cents per ruble:

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.32¼	.67¼
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.57½	.83½

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

SATURDAY, DEC. 18, 1920.

Day's Sales.	Friday.	Thursday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
474,917	664,522	703,914	451,650	231,000

Year to Date.	Same Period 1919.	1918.	1917.
213,445,567½	304,631,716	138,513,909	180,145,696

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
14½	15	600	Advance Rumely	15	15	14⅞	15	— ⅝
43½	45	800	Do pf	40¾	45¾	45	45	— ⅝
25¾	28	200	Ajax Rubber	26	26	26	26	— ½
⅝	1	400	Alaska Gold Mines	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	
1	1½	300	Alaska Juneau	1	1⅛	1	1⅛	+ ⅛
46¼	46⅞	1,100	Allied C. & D. w. I.	47	47	46½	46½	— ⅝
86	87	100	Do pf. w. I.	86⅜	86⅜	86⅛	86⅛	+1⅛
28¼	28⅝	2,200	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	28	28⅝	28	28⅝	— ⅛
68	70	100	Do pf	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼	+ ¼
98½		100	Am. Agricultural pf	98½	98½	98¼	98¼	—1½
77⅝	79½	100	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	79⅞	79⅞	79¼	79½	+ ⅛
41	43½	400	Amer. Banknote	42¾	42½	42¼	42½	—1
40	43	100	Do pf	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼	— ½
36½	38½	2,900	Am. Beet Sugar	38¼	39½	38	38	—1½
54	54½	600	Am. Bosch Mag	55⅜	55⅝	54½	55	— ⅝
22½	23	700	American Can	22⅝	23	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
73	74	1,200	Do pf	73	73¾	72¾	73¾	— ⅛
120¼	120⅝	2,800	Am. Car & Fdy	122	122	120¼	120¼	—1½
106½	109	100	Do pf	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	— ¾
16¾	17¼	100	Am. Cotton Oil	17	17	17	17	
60	66	100	Do pf	60½	60½	60½	60½	—3½
7	7⅛	100	Am. Drug. Synd	7	7	7	7	
112	115	100	Amer. Express	115	115	115	115	
6½	6¾	200	Am. Hide & Leath	6½	6¼	6¼	6¼	— ¼
36	36¾	1,100	Do pf	36¾	36¾	36½	36½	— ⅝
38	39	100	American Ice	39	39	39	39	
50	56	30	Do pf	55½	55½	55½	55½	
35½	35¾	2,600	Am. International	36½	36½	35	35¼	—1½
9½	9¾	2,700	Am. La F. Fire En	9¾	9¾	9½	9½	
79	79½	8,500	Am. Locomotive	81½	81½	78½	79	—2¾
66½	68	100	Am. Radiator	67	67	67	67	— ½
8¼	8¼	3,600	Am. Safety Razor	8½	8¼	8	8¼	— ⅛
8¾	8¾	3,000	Am. Ship & Com	8½	8⅝	8⅜	8⅝	+ ⅛
39½	39¾	3,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref	39⅝	39¾	39½	39⅝	— ⅛
68	68½	100	Am. Sm. S. pf. A	68½	68½	68½	68½	
28½	29	300	Am. Steel Found	28¾	28¾	28½	28½	— ⅛
80	81	200	Do pf	80¾	80¾	80½	80½	— ⅛
83¼	83¾	1,800	Am. Sugar Ref	83½	83⅞	83¾	83¾	— ⅛
99¼	99⅝	500	Do pf	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼	— ⅛
68	68½	600	Am. Sumatra Tob	68¾	68¾	68	68	—1
80	86	100	Do pf	80	80	80	80	—2½
97¾	98	1,000	Am. Tel. & Tel	97¾	98	97¾	98	—1⅛
111	112	300	Amer. Tobacco	110⅝	111	110⅝	111	— ⅛
105	109	200	Do, Class B	109	109	109	109	
87	87½	900	Do pf	87⅜	87⅜	87	87⅜	
86	92	200	Am. Wholesale pf	90	90	89½	89½	—1½
61⅛	61½	2,500	American Woolen	61½	61½	60¾	61¼	— ⅜
31	32	200	Am. Writ. P. pf	32½	32½	32½	32½	
6	6¼	200	Am. Zinc, L. & S	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	
29	31	100	Do pf	29	29	29	29	—2
35	35¼	6,400	Anaconda Copper	35¼	35⅜	35	35	— ⅝
2½	2¾	200	Assets Realization	2½	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
18	18¼	900	Asso. Dry Goods	18	18	18	18	
48	50	10	Do 1st pf	50	50	50	50	
85	95	100	Associated Oil	87	87	87	87	—1
79⅛	79⅝	1,400	Atl., Gulf & S. F	79⅛	79¼	79	79	
75	75½	100	Do pf	75	75	75	75	+ ⅜
5	5⅛	500	Atl., Birm. & At	5¼	5¼	5	5	— ⅛
84	84⅜	100	Atlantic Coast Line	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾	— ¼
6	7	500	Atlantic Fruit	7	7	7	7	
103¼	104¼	6,700	Atl., Gulf & W. I	106½	106¼	103	103½	—3¾
17⅛	18⅝	400	Atlas Tack	17⅜	17⅝	17⅜	17⅝	— ⅜
9	10	300	Austin, Nichols	10	10	10	10	— ⅛
2¼	4	400	Auto Sales	3	3	2½	2½	— ⅛
86	86¼	6,200	Baldwin Loco	87	87¼	86	86¼	— ⅛
31¼	31½	4,400	Baltimore & Ohio	32	32¼	31⅝	31⅝	— ⅝
47¼	48	100	Do pf	47½	47½	47½	47½	— ⅛
		100	Barrett Co	108½	108½	108½	108½	+1½
107⅜	109	800	Do., Ch. C. of d	109	109	109	109	
2⅝	2⅞	200	Bethlehem Motors	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
51¼	51⅝	1,600	Beth. Steel Class B	51⅝	51⅞	51¼	51½	— ⅛
101½	102	600	Beth. Steel 8% pf	101½	101½	101½	101½	— ⅛
3¼	3½	100	Booth Fisheries	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	+ ⅛
9¾	10	400	Brooklyn R. T.	9¾	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
6¼	6⅝	500	Do., ctfs. of dep	6⅜	6⅝	6½	6½	— ⅛
50	51	400	Brooklyn Union G	51	51⅝	50	51	— ⅛
3½	4½	100	Bruns. T. & R. Sec	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
4½	5	500	Butte Copper & Z	4⅝	4⅝	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
8½	8¾	300	Butte & Superior	8½	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
11⅝	12¾	1,400	Caddo Cen. O. & R	12	12⅝	11⅝	11⅝	—1½
61	61¾	200	California Packing	61½	61⅝	61½	61⅝	— ⅛
23⅞	24	600	Cal. Petroleum	24¼	24¼	24	24	— ⅛
58	58½	100	Cal. Petroleum pf	58½	58½	58½	58½	+ ⅛
42	42¾	400	Calumet & Arizona	43	43	43	43	— ⅛
111⅝	112	2,000	Canadian Pacific	112⅝	112⅝	111⅝	112	— ⅜
79	80	200	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	80	80	79½	79½	—1½
35¼	35½	1,300	Cen. Leather Co	35¼	35¼	35	35	— ⅛
26½	27	900	Cerro de Pasco Cop	26⅝	26⅝	25⅝	26⅜	— ⅛
37	37	100	Certain-Teed Prod	37	37	37	37	—3
73	73	1,800	Chandler Motor	73¼	73½	72½	72½	— ⅛
54¼	54½	3,000	Ches. & Ohio	55½	55⅝	54½	54⅝	—1⅝
7	9	300	Chicago & Alton	9½	9½	7¾	7¾	—1⅝
5	7	300	C.& E. I. pf. eq. to r.	5	5	5	5	
7¼	7⅞	800	Chi. Great Western	7½	7¾	7¼	7¼	— ½
16¾	17	300	Chi. Great Western pf	17	17	17	17	
25	25½	7,800	Chi., M. & St. P	26	26	25	25⅛	—1
38¼	38½	2,300	C., M. & St. P. pf	39½	39½	38¼	38¾	—1¼
66½	67	2,300	Chi. & Northwest	67	67	65¾	66¾	— ⅞
24¾	25	1,500	C., R. I. & P.	25	25	24¾	24⅞	— ⅛
65½	66¼	200	C., R. I. & P.-7% pf	66	66	66	66	+ ⅞
55¾	56¾	300	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	56	56	56	56	+ ⅞
8	8⅜	7,200	Chile Copper	8⅞	9	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
18	18¼	2,300	Chino Copper	18⅜	18⅜	18	18⅛	— ⅛
32	33	600	C., C., C. & St. L	33	33	31⅝	32⅜	—3½
20	20¼	3,200	Coca-Cola	20¼	20¼	20	20	— ⅜
25	26	4,100	Col. Gas & Elec	26	26	25	25	—1½
25	25½	500	Colorado Southern	26	26	25	25	—1½
10	10⅜	1,700	Columbia Graph	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	
	63¼	100	Columbia Graph. pf	62½	62½	62¼	62¼	—1
33	36	100	Comp.-Tab-Rec	34	34	34	34	— ½
52	53	100	Consolidated Cigar	52½	52½	52½	52¼	—1½
77½	79	400	Consolidated Gas	77⅜	77⅜	77⅜	77⅜	
5⅝	5⅞	800	Con. Interest Cal. M	5½	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
18½	19	500	Consol. Textile	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18⅝	— ⅛
60½	61	200	Continental Can	61½	61½	61	61	—1
5¾	5¾	400	Continental Candy	5¼	5¼	5½	5½	— ⅛
64	64½	2,500	Corn Products Ref	64½	64½	64	64	— ⅛
27¼	27⅝	2,200	Cosden & Co	27¾	27¾	27¼	27½	— ⅛
81¼	81¾	7,000	Crucible Steel	81¾	82⅜	81¼	82⅛	— ⅛
17⅞	17⅞	2,700	Cuba Cane Sugar	17⅞	17⅞	17¼	17⅜	+ ⅛
56½	57	1,400	Cuba Cane S. pf	56	58	56⅝	57	—1
26½	26	600	Cuban-Am. Sugar	26¼	26¼	26	26	— ¼
22	27	300	Davison Chemical	25½	25½	25	25⅜	— ⅞
15	16½	100	De Beers Mines	16	16	16	16	— ⅞
93⅝	95¼	800	Delaware & Hudson	94	94	94	94	
210	215	100	Del., Lack. & West	215	215	215	215	—6¼
1	3	800	Den. & Rio Grande	1	1	1	1	
1¾	1⅝	800	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
10	10⅝	100	Dome Mines	10	10	10	10	— ⅛
490	505	10	Eastman Kodak	505	505	505	505	
14½	15½	800	Elkhorn Coal	15	15	14⅜	14⅞	— ⅛
6	8	100	Emerson Brant	7	7	7	7	+ ⅞
51¾	52	600	Endicott-Johnson	52¼	52¼	51½	51½	— ⅝
84½	85	100	Endicott-John. pf	85	85	85	85	— ⅛
12¾	13	1,000	Erie	12½	12½	12½	12⅝	— ⅛
17¾	18¼	900	Erie 1st pf	18¼	18¼	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
12½	13½	100	Erie 2d pf	13	13	13	13	— ¼
43½	44	4,400	Fam. Play.-Lasky	45⅝	45⅝	43	43⅝	—2⅝
70¼	71	300	Fam. Pl.-Lasky pf	70¼	70⅝	70¼	70¼	—1
24⅝	25½	300	Federal M. & S. pf	25½	25⅞	25	25	— ⅝
97	100	100	Fisher Body pf	97¼	97½	97¼	97½	
10⅝	10⅝	1,000	Fisk Rubber	10⅝	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅛
2	2½	300	Gaston, Wm. & Wig	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
48	50	100	Gen. Am. Tank Car	50	50	50	50	—1
40½	41	4,300	General Asphalt	41¾	42	40¾	40¾	—1⅝
74	80	100	General Asphalt pf	78	78	78	78	
81½		1,400	Gen. Cigar deb. pf	81½	82	81½	81½	— ⅛
118⅝	118⅞	900	General Electric	119	119	118½	118⅝	— ⅜
13	13⅛	13,200	General Motors	13	13⅛	13	13	
66½	71	100	General Motors pf	67	67	67	67	
70	71	700	Gen. Motors 7% deb	70½	70¾	70	70	
60	62	600	Gen. Motors 6% deb	60	60½	60	60¼	— ½
32½	33	3,800	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	33¼	33½	32¾	32¾	— ¼
74	77	100	Goodrich pf	75½	75½	75½	75½	+1½
72	72¼	2,200	Great Northern pf	72½	72½	72	72	— ½
25½	26	900	Gt.N.cfs., ore props	26¼	26¼	25½	25⅝	— ⅝
16½	17¼	100	Greene Can. Cop	17¼	17½	17¼	17¼	
28½	31	600	Gulf States Steel	30	30¾	29⅝	30¼	
8	10	100	Gulf, Mob. & North	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	— ⅛
21	22⅜	200	Gulf, Mob. & N. pf	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	— ⅛
54½	55¼	100	Haskell & Barker	54½	54½	54½	54½	— ½
14	14½	500	Hendee Mfg	14	14	14	14	— ⅛
67½	69	3,000	Houston Oil	72	73	65	67½	—3½
98	99	1,100	Hupp Motor Car	98	98¼	97½	97⅝	+ ⅛
82¾	83½	900	Illinois Central	82	83	81¾	83	+ ¾
6	6¼	1,700	Indiahoma Refin	6	6	6	6	
28⅜	30	1,000	Inspiration Copper	29⅜	29⅝	29½	29⅝	
3¾	4	300	Interboro Con	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
9¾	10	200	Interboro Con. pf	9½	9½	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
10	10½	200	Int. Agricultural	10¼	10¼	10½	10¾	— ⅛
96¼	96	1,400	Int. Harvester, new	96½	96½	96	96	—1½
11¾	11¾	400	Int. Mer. Marine	11¾	11¾	11¼	11¼	— ⅜
48	48¼	2,900	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	49⅜	49	47⅞	48	— ⅜
29¾	30	800	Int. Motor Truck	30	30	28	28⅝	— ⅞
12¾	12⅝	2,200	Int. Nickel	12½	12½	12¼	12½	
79	83	100	Int. Nickel pf	79	79	79	79	+1
47½	48	2,100	Int.-Paper	47½

Long Term Bonds of Canadian Railway Companies

Exchange rate makes it possible to purchase investments of this type yielding unusually high returns in proportion to the high degree of safety which they enjoy

Many were originally issued in London, payable in either sterling or dollars and a number are guaranteed by either the Canadian Government or the Canadian Provinces.

Write for Our Special Offerings of the Above Bonds.

BLODGETT HART & CO. INC

115 Broadway, New York

134 S. La Salle St. Chicago — 60 State St. Boston

974 Ellicott Sq. Buffalo — 246 Genesee St. Utica

Direct Private Wires

The many good points of

Bonds in $1,000, $500, $100 Pieces

as practical Christmas gifts are obvious to thoughtful persons.

We have prepared a specially selected list of sound bonds adapted to this purpose which we will send upon request.

W. E. HUTTON & CO.

Established 1886

MEMBERS

New York Stock Exchange
New York Cotton Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade
Cincinnati Stock Exchange

60 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Telephone Bowling Green 4140

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BLDG., CINCINNATI

Direct private wire connections to Chicago, Cincinnati and Cleveland.

Long Term Bonds

offer an opportunity to obtain a liberal income for many years. Well secured, seasoned and readily marketable issues are available to yield:

6.50% to 8%

Ask for Circular T

Investment Departments

LYMAN D. SMITH & CO

Members N.Y. Stock Exchange

54 Pine St. Tel. John 4100

Branch Office 367 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 6780

CONVENIENT BRANCH OFFICES IN MIDTOWN SECTION OF *New York Stock Exchange Firms*

STOCKS AND BONDS

BOUGHT FOR CASH OR ON CONSERVATIVE MARGIN

Crawford, Patton & Cannon

HOTEL ST. ANDREW, B'way at 72d

Main Office, 61 Broadway.

Wasserman Bros.

547 5TH AV., Cor. 45th

240 4TH AV., Bet. 18th and 19th Sts.

Main Office, 42 Broadway.

C. D. Halsey & Co.

HOTEL MARIE ANTOINETTE,

Broadway at 67th St., Junction of Subway, Elevated, Bus and all West Side Surface Lines.

Main Office, 15 Broad.

W. W. Lanahan & Co.

Investment Securities

Members { New York Stock Exchange. Baltimore Stock Exchange.

Calvert Building, Baltimore

Telephone St. Paul 3778

Investor's Folder

For pending investments, dividend dates, income tax data, etc.

Free Upon Request for D.

HEYWOOD BROOKS & CO.

149 Broadway, New York

We Buy and Sell

Home Insurance Rights

LIBAIRE & COOKE

Members New York Stock Exchange

31 Broad St. N. Y. Tel. Broad 1966

HARTSHORNE, FALES & CO.

Members N. Y. Stock Exchange

71 BROADWAY

Telephone 7810 Bowling Green

AT STOCK EXCHANGE

Annual Christmas Party Held Yesterday in Produce Exchange Building.

GREAT TREE IS A FEATURE

Each Boy and Girl Received a Gift and the Seasonal Gratuities Are Distributed.

Just as dark was settling yesterday around the Produce Exchange Building at the lower end of Broadway, the wind blew a great gust and there was a cheery jingle of sleighbells. At the same time a cloud of vapor—you could easily see your own breadth yesterday—came from the roof of the big red building, and a moment later boys and girls, both young and old, welcomed Santa Claus on the trading floor. There wasn't any visible chimney for the elderly gentleman to come through from the roof, but come he did to the annual Christmas celebration by the members of the New York Stock Exchange to their employes.

It may seem strange that the New York Stock Exchange Christmas party was held in the Produce Exchange, but Santa himself cleared up the mystery when he explained that the dust which is being raised from alterations in progress in the Stock Exchange was bad for his reindeer team. Therefore the brokers who arranged the long program, consisting of singing, dancing, a playlet and a circus, knew that a Christmas party wouldn't carry the spirit of the season unless Santa was on hand, and arranged with the brokers of the Produce Exchange to hold their reception there.

The big room was decorated with Christmas greens, and over in one corner where every one could see it stood a Christmas tree, loaded with glittering tinsel and dolls and toys. Santa Claus gave each boy and girl appropriate gifts and then gratuities for employes were distributed.

Some big boys who had reached the "I don't believe" age tried to say that it wasn't Santa Claus, but was H. C. Foster, a broker, dressed up to look like him, but you couldn't make any real fellow believe that, because after the party when everybody was going home there was another cloud of vapor from the roof of the Produce Exchange Building, and there was the sound of bells which made it seem like Christmas and reindeer and all that, even though traffic was thick and the Broadway surface cars were clanging to keep the streets clear.

GERMANY'S FOREIGN TRADE.

Remarkable Movement of Exports and Imports This Year.

A report issued by the German Ministry of Economics and republished by our own Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, shows that in the first five months of 1920 Germany's exports amounted to 23,688,000,000 marks, as against 1,169,000,000 for the same five months of 1919, whereas imports in the same period amounted to 28,480,000,000 in 1920, as against 3,339,000,000 in 1919. The following comment is made that "the disproportion between imports and exports had been lessening gradually since October of 1919; in April, 1920, the exports exceeded the imports for the first time, the excess amounting to 576,000,000 marks. In May, 1920, the last month for which trade statistics are available, the excess of exports rose to 1,110,000,000 marks.

"The reversal of the trade balance in April and May of 1920 is explained in part by the fact that the goods exported in those two months were free from the ausfuhrabgaben, or export duties. The manufacturers and the merchants naturally made haste to fill current orders as soon as possible in order to obtain the benefit of the exemption."

THE FALL IN FRENCH PRICES.

Range of Declines, Compared With Last Spring and Summer.

The Situation Economique et Financière of Paris publishes the following comparative table to show the variations in prices of merchandise on the French market since the high prices of the year were touched between January and May. The prices as given are in francs and are calculated for the various units of quantity as applied in the French market.

	HAVRE. Highest	Aug. 17	Nov. 15
Cotton	1,715	1,170	890
Wool	425	225	205
Cocoa	330½	163½	165½
Coffee	PARIS.		
Copper	762	613½	607½
Tin	2,362	1,565¼	1,584
Lead	307¼	216½	230
Zinc	340	255	236
	MARSEILLES.		
Colza oil	685	510	465
Linseed oil	625	560	520
Olive oil	1,300	1,012	1,025
Hides	925	775	562
Tallow	550	410	330
Alcohol	1,330	960	890
	LYONS.		
Silk	500	385	225
	BEZIERS.		
Wine	118½	80	85

Heavy Business at Clearing House.

The total of checks exchanged at the Clearing House last Thursday and representing the settlement of Wednesday's large transactions in connection with income tax payments and other Government operations, did not reach a record. The largest exchanges of any day in the history of the New York Clearing House were those of Jan. 2, in the present year, when $1,385,807,180 in checks were cleared. The next largest were those of Dec. 16, 1919, when checks to the value of $1,384,614,036 passed through the Clearing House; and the next largest those of June 17, 1919, with a total of $1,138,652,116.

An Influence on Greek Exchange.

Remittances to their own country by Greeks living abroad, as reported by our Consul General at Athens, surpassed all records during 1919. From the United States alone there were sent through the National Bank of Greece no less than 350,000,000 drachmas, or at the par value of the drachma, $17,500,000. The similar remittances in 1918 were 114,761,740 drachmas, whereas in 1914 they were only 32,991,587. The great increase was apparently due to the fact that a much larger sum in drachmas could be purchased for a given amount of American money in 1918 and 1919 than in 1914.

The Crops of 1920.

Tuesday's final report on production of the leading crops by the Department of Agriculture shows the largest corn yield in our history, the fifth largest yield of wheat (it was exceeded in 1919, in 1918, in 1915 and in 1914), the fourth largest yield of oats, the fifth largest yield of barley, the second largest yield of potatoes, the second largest yield of hay and the largest crop on record for tobacco and rice.

Our Steel Trade's Exports.

In the nine months ended with September, the value of our total exports of iron and steel manufactures was $781,361,542, as against $758,039,712 for the same period in 1919, and $780,900,305 in 1918. In the first nine months of 1913 the total value of such manufactures was $226,481,976; in 1912 it was $213,690,572.

Curtailment of Speculative Loans Similar to Our Own.

Curtailment of credit in France has been due, according to a Paris correspondent writing to London, to "the prudent action of many of the great banks, which have rigidly set their faces against extending further credit in connection with what were obviously speculative ventures, in order to bring about a healthier trade situation." This, it is stated, "has had an enormous effect in forcing stocks of manufactured goods upon the market."

The adoption of this policy is believed to be largely due to the action of M. Millerand, when he assumed office last January, as Premier, and to his successor, M. Leygues. The latter "advised the banks not to refuse all credit, as has been asserted, but to 'ration' credit, by extending facilities only to sound concerns, working on honest commercial lines but temporarily in need of help of this kind, while depriving known speculative firms of all further advances, which would be only utilized as a means of enabling them to force prices still higher."

Cost of Living in England.

The Labor Gazette of England, reporting on the average cost of living—in which calculation not only the price of food, clothing, fuel and light is included, but also that of rent—states that on Nov. 1 the average was approximately 176 per cent. above that of July, 1914, whereas on Oct. 1 the increase had been only 164 per cent. This increase, which would appear inconsistent with the movement of average prices on the wholesale markets during October, is ascribed in London to the increase in retail prices of flour and bread, due to the partial withdrawal of the Government subsidy; also to advance in the price of butter, milk and eggs. The Labor Gazette's average for retail food prices alone shows that on Nov. 1 the increase over 1914 was 191 per cent., whereas on Oct. 1 it had been 170 per cent.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London unchanged at 41d per ounce. New York prices for bar silver unchanged at 99½c. per ounce, the Mint price; for foreign silver ⅝c lower at 63¾c.

Range of prices for silver bullion this month:

	—Highest.—	—Lowest.—
London	44¼d Dec. 3	38⅝d Dec. 10
New York	70c Dec. 3	59½c Dec. 10

Range for the present year to date.

London	89½d Feb. 11	38⅝d Dec. 10
New York	$1.37 Jan. 11	59½c Dec. 10

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle...6	Oct. 21,'22	90	90½		
Am. Chicle...6	Oct. 23, 23	90	95	7.75	
Am. Chicle...6	Oct. 26,'27	87½	91½	7.80	
Am. Cot. Oil.6	Sep. 2, '25	98	98	10.30	
A. T. & T....5	Oct., 1922	95¾	96¼	9.20	
A. T. & T...8	Feb., 1924	91½	92¾	9.00	
Am Th'ad Co.6	Dec., 1928	92½	94½	6.90	
Am. Tobacco.7	Nov., 1921	99¾	100	7.00	
Am. Tobacco.7	Nov., 1922	99½	100	7.00	
Am. Tobacco.7	Nov., 1923	99½	100	7.00	
Anaco. Co....6	Jan., 1929	80¾	81½	9.30	
Anaco. Co....7	Jan., 1929	88¾	90	8.70	
A.-A.-G., Ltd.7½	Apr., 1925	99¼	99¾	7.80	
Armour & Co.6	1921-1924	99			
Arm. & Co. c.7	July15,'30	94½	95	7.75	
Beth. St. Cor.7	July15,'23	94	94½	9.50	
Beth. St. Cor.7	July15,'22	97	97¾	8.70	
Can. Pac. Ry.6	Mar. 2,'24	92½	93¼	8.35	
Graph. Co					
8%	Aug., 1925	89	92	10.25	
Cudahy Pack.7	July15,'23	93	95¼	9.85	
Fed. Sug. Re..	Nov., 1924	92	94	7.75	
Cont. Arg. R.6	Feb., 1927	77	79	10.00	
C., B. & Q. R.					
R. (Joint)...4	July', 1921	95¾	96¾		
C., R. I. & P..6	Feb., 1922	94	96½	10.80	
C., C., C. & St. L. Ry. Co...6	July, 1929	89½	90½	7.50	
The B.F.Goodrich Co. cv..7	Apr., 1925	83½	84¾	11.60	
Gulf Oil Corp.8	July, 1921	100	102	7.00	
Gulf Oil Corp.8	July, 1922	95	96¼	8.50	
Gulf Oil Corp.6	July, 1926	85	86¾	7.70	
Hocking Val..6	Mar., 1924	90	92	8.70	
Int. Rap. Tr.7	Sept.,1921	98¼	98¾		
Kan. C. Ter.6	Nov., 1923	91	93	8.70	
Kennecott C..7	Feb., 1930	89	90	8.65	
Laclede Gas..	Jan., 1929	86½	88	9.10	
Lig. & Myers.6	Dec., 1921	97¾	97¾	8.25	
Nat.C.&S.10-yr.8	1930	100	101	8.60	
Penn. Co. 4½	June15,'21	98¾	99¾	7.50	
Phila. Co....6	Feb., 1922	91½	92½	13.00	
Proc. & G...7	Mar., 1921	99¾	100⅛	6.80	
Proc. & G...7	Mar., 1922	99½	100	7.00	
Proc. & G...7	Mar., 1923	99¾	100	7.00	
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J. cv.7	Mar., 1922	86	87¼		
R.J. Rvids T.6	Aug., 1922	96	96⅝	8.35	
Sears, R.& C.7	Oct. 15,'21	97	97¼	9.70	
Sears, R.& C.7	Oct. 15,'22	94	94½	10.10	
Sears, R.& C.7	Oct. 15,'23	93¾	94½	9.10	
Stnd. C.O. C.7	May 15,'25	86¾	88¾	10.75	
Solvay & Co..8	Oct., 1927	90	92½	8.10	
Southern Ry..6	Mar., 1922	92	92½	11.80	
S'west B. Tr.7	Apr., 1925	92	93½	8.80	
St.P.Un.Dep., guaran. 5½	Dec. 15,'23	94	95¾	7.20	
Swift & Co..8	Aug. 15,'21	97½	98	8.80	
Swift & Co..7	Oct. 15,'25	93½	94¼	8.40	
Utah Sec.Cor.6	Sep. 15,'22	78	84		
West'n Elec. Co. conv....6	Apr., 1925	97¾	97¾	7.70	

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argent. (unlisted.5	Sept.,	1945	61¾	63
Belgium (Restor'n).		1934	56⅝	59⅝
Bel. Prm. Ln., 2045.		....	62⅝	65⅞
British Victory....4		1960	256	269
British Fund.....4		1960	234	244
Brit. Nat. W. L...		1922	351	361
Brit. Nat. W. L...5		1927	337	347
Brit. Nat. W. L...		1920	344	354
Canada 6.....5½	Dec.,	1922	82¾	84½
Canada 5½	Nov.,	1923	82	84
French Gov. Vic...5		1931	49½	52½
French Loan, '17..4		1943	40⅝	43⅝
French Prem.....5	Loan of	'20	50½	53½
French Loan, '20..6		1931	59¼	62¼
Italy Treas. 5		1923	34	37
Italy Treas. 5		1925	33	36
Russia, ruble bds..5½	Feb.,	1926	7	11
Russia 5½		1921	9	14
Sweden 6	June,	1939	77	78½
Switzerland 5½		1929	79½	80½

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

Quoted on a Percentage Basis.

Name	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio....	1920-'27	4½	7.00	6.75
Bethlehem Steel....	1920-'30	7	7.75	7.00
Buff., R. & Pitts..	1920-'33	4½, 5, 6	7.00	6.35
Canadian Pacific..	1920-'32	4½@6	7.37	6.40
Chesapeake & Ohio.	1924-'35	6½	6.70	6.40
Chicago & Norw..	1920-'23	4½	6.95	6.35
Chi., R. I. & Pac..	1920-'27	4½@6	7.50	6.75
Ch., St.L., & N. O.	1920-'24	5	7.15	6.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	7.00	6.25
Delaware & Hud....	1920-'22	6	6.90	6.00
Erie Railroad	1920-'27	4½@5	8.00	7.00
Grace Steamship .	1920-'34	6	7.75	7.10
Illinois Central....	1920-'27	4½@5	7.00	6.37
Illinois Central....	1920-'36	5	6.70	6.40
Int. Prod. S'ship..	1920-'26	7	6.50	7.25
L. & N.	1920-'23	5	6.95	6.35
Michigan Central.	1920-'32	5 @6	6.85	6.25
Minn. & St. L....	1920-'27	5 @6	7.50	6.75
Mo., Kan. & T....	1920-'24	5	8.00	7.00
New York Cen....	1920-'32	4½@5	7.25	6.40
New York Cen....	1921-'35	7	7.15	6.40
Norf. & West....	1920-'34	4½	6.90	6.45
Northern Pacific..	1921-'30	7	7.12	6.40
N.Y., N.H. & H...	1920-'29	4½, 5, 6	8.00	7.25
Pac. Fruit Exp...	1925-'35	7	6.87	6.40
Pa. Gen. Freight.	1920-'23	4 @4½	6.90	6.25
Pitts. & L. Erie..	1921-'35	4½	6.85	6.40
Reading Co....	1920-'27	4½	6.95	6.25
Seaboard Air L..	1920-'27	4½, 5, 6	8.00	7.00
Sinclair Ref.....	1920-'21	6	8.00	7.00
Southern Pacific..	1920-'25	4½	6.95	6.25
Southern Pacific..	1924-'35	6	6.80	6.35
Southern Ry....	1920-'28	4½@5	7.50	6.62
Union Pacific.....	1924-'35	7	6.80	6.30
Virginian Ry.....	1920-'30	6	7.50	6.75
White Oil Corp....	1920-'23	6	8.50	7.50

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Rights Expire.	Yesterday's Bid.	Yesterday's Ask.	Friday's Bid.
Corn. Exch. Bank....	Feb. 2	42	44	42
Detroit Edison.....	Jan. 10	..	¼	..
General Electric.....	Jan. 20	3¼	3¾	3¾
General Asphalt.....	Dec. 20	..	⅛	..
Goldwyn Pictures....	Jan. 15	..	¼	..
Home Insurance.....		178	181	178
Landers, F. & Clark.	Dec. 20	3⅝	4¼	3¾
Mexican Eagle Oil....		8	12	..
Nat. Park Bank....	Feb. 3	70	75	70
Pacific Development.	Jan. 10	..	¼	..
Shaw (W. W.).....		17½	19	17½
So. N. E. Tel.....	Jan. 12	..	¼	..
Southern Pacific	Mar. 1	22¼	22¾	22¼
Tidewater Oil	Jan. 19	13⅞	14	13½
Un. Zinc Smelt. Co.	Jan. 6	..	⅛	..

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Aris Ext..	2	2½	Iron Blos..	20	30
Aris Silver	17	20	Iron Cap..	5	7
Aris T. T..	7	8	La Rose..	13	20
Black H...	15	17	Majestic ..	8	11
Bost Mon..	41	42	Mex Mot...	20	26
Calaveras..	1	1⅝	Midwst M..	..	35
Chief Con.	2⅜	3	Monarch ..	..	15
Crown R....	..	20	Nat L & E..	..	2
Crystal, n.	41	43	Nixon	6	8
Denbigh ..	14	16	Rainier ..	9	..
Eagle B 3..	..	1¼	Seven Mot..	11	12
Eureka. C..	37	38	Silver R...	4	6
Fortuna ..	..	4	U V Ext..	21½	22½
Gadsden ..	21	30	Yukon	1¼	1⅝
Hecla	8	9			

SALES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

SATURDAY, DEC. 18, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$9,422,000	$12,110,000	$12,107,500
Year to date,....	3,669,830,500	3,512,799,325	1,912,414,500

LIBERTY WAR LOANS.

Sales $1,000s	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.	Closing—Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
1,108	—Liberty 3½s, 1932-47.....	90.10	90.14	90.00	90.00	+ .04	90.00	90.06	4.10
100	—Liberty 3½s, reg.....	89.92	89.92	89.92	89.92				
..	—Liberty 1st 4s, 1932-47.....						85.10	85.00	
5	—Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42.....	84.56	84.56	84.56	84.56	— .44	84.50	85.00	
47	—Liberty 1st con. 4½s, 1932-47..	85.60	85.60	85.50	85.50	— .30	85.40	85.50	5.36
64½	—Liberty 2d con. 4½s, 1927-42..	85.04	85.04	84.80	84.80	— .40	85.55	85.04	5.48
1	—Liberty 2d 4½s, reg.....	84.78	84.78	84.78	84.78				
16	—Liberty 3d 4½s, 1932-47.....	94.00	94.00	94.00	94.00	+4.00			
1,187	—Liberty 3d con. 4½s, 1928.....	87.52	87.52	87.30	87.30	— .20	87.30	87.38	6.30
1	—Liberty 3d 4½s, reg.....	87.40	87.40	87.40	87.40	— .08			
2,071	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38.....	85.40	85.40	85.10	85.28	— .22	85.16	85.22	5.80
732	—Victory 4½s, 1922-23.....	95.04	95.08	95.06	95.06	+ .06	95.00	95.06	4.96
180	—Victory 4¾s, reg.....	94.90	94.90	94.90	94.90	— .10			
244	—Victory 3¾s, 1923-23.....	95.02	95.06	94.90	94.90	— .06	95.90	95.06	6.00
35	—Victory 3¾s, reg.....	94.96	94.96	94.96	94.96	+ .16			

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Chinese Ry 5s: 7..... 40

C of Berne 3s temp ctfs: 1..... 94½; 3..... 94¼; 2..... 94¼

C of Bord'x 4s temp ctfs: 4..... 78½; 5..... 78¾

City of Christiania 8s: K L & Co ctfs: 8..... 93¾; 1..... 94

C of Mars 6s temp ctfs: 1..... 78½

C of Paris 4s: 9..... 92¾; 1..... 92½; 7..... 92¾

C of Tokio 5s: 4..... 65; Dom. Imp. 5s: 1..... 98¾

D of Canada 5s 1921: 1..... 98¾; 5½s 1926: 5..... 98½; 5s 1926: 8..... 89; 5½s 1929: 1..... 88¾; 4..... 88

Gov of Switzerland 5s temp rcts: 1.....101¾; 11.....102; 2.....101¾; 4.....102

Jap Govt 4½s sterling loan 2d series: 20..... 76¾

4s sterling loan: 87..... 56

Kgdm of Belgium 7½s rcts: 31..... 98½; 6s 1925: 2..... 88¾; 10..... 88¾

U Kgdm of Gt Brit & Irel 5½s 1921: 11..... 97⅞; 3..... 94¾; 10..... 94½

5½s 1922: 3..... 94¾; 10..... 94½

5½s 1929: 1..... 88¾; 25..... 88¾; 10..... 88¾

5½s 1937: 39..... 83¾; 20..... 83¾; 28..... 83¾; 22..... 83

8½ ..... Aug., 1925 89 92 10.25

Cudahy Pack.7 July15,'23 93 95¼ 9.85

Fed. Sug. Re.. Nov., 1924 92 94 7.75

Cont. Arg. R.6 Feb., 1927 77 79 10.00

C., B. & Q. R. R. (Joint)...4 July', 1921 95¾ 96¾

C., R. I. & P..6 Feb., 1922 94 96½ 10.80

C., C., C. & St. L. Ry. Co...7 July, 1929 89½ 90½ 7.50

The B.F.Goodrich Co. cv..7 Apr., 1925 83½ 84¾ 11.60

Gulf Oil Corp.8 July, 1921 100 102 7.00

Gulf Oil Corp.8 July, 1922 95 96¼ 8.50

Gulf Oil Corp.6 July, 1926 85 86¾ 7.70

Hocking Val..6 Mar., 1924 90 92 8.70

Int. Rap. Tr.7 Sept.,1921 98¼ 98¾

Kan. C. Ter.6 Nov., 1923 91 93 8.70

Kennecott C..7 Feb., 1930 89 90 8.65

Laclede Gas.. Jan., 1929 86½ 88 9.10

Lig. & Myers.6 Dec., 1921 97¾ 97¾ 8.25

Nat.C.&S.10-yr.8 1930 100 101 8.60

Penn. Co. ....4½ June15,'21 98¾ 99¾ 7.50

Phila. Co....6 Feb., 1922 91½ 92½ 13.00

Proc. & G...7 Mar., 1921 99¾ 100⅛ 6.80

Proc. & G...7 Mar., 1922 99½ 100 7.00

Proc. & G...7 Mar., 1923 99¾ 100 7.00

Pub. S. Corp. of N. J. cv.7 Mar., 1922 86 87¼

R.J. Rvids T.6 Aug., 1922 96 96⅝ 8.35

Sears, R.& C.7 Oct. 15,'21 97 97¼ 9.70

Sears, R.& C.7 Oct. 15,'22 94 94½ 10.10

Sears, R.& C.7 Oct. 15,'23 93¾ 94½ 9.10

Stnd. C.O. C.7 May 15,'25 86¾ 88¾ 10.75

Solvay & Co..8 Oct., 1927 90 92½ 8.10

Southern Ry..6 Mar., 1922 92 92½ 11.80

S'west B. Tr.7 Apr., 1925 92 93½ 8.80

St.P.Un.Dep., guaran. ....5½ Dec. 15,'23 94 95¾

Swift & Co..8 Aug. 15,'21 97½ 98 8.80

Swift & Co..7 Oct. 15,'25 93½ 94¼ 8.40

Utah Sec.Cor.6 Sep. 15,'22 78 84

West'n Elec. Co. conv....6 Apr., 1925 97¾ 97¾ 7.70

Aris Ext.. 2 2½; Aris Silver 17 20; Aris T. T.. 7 8; Black H... 15 17; Bost Mon.. 41 42; Calaveras.. 1 1⅝; Chief Con. 2⅜ 3; Crown R.... .. 20; Crystal, n. 41 43; Denbigh .. 14 16; Eagle B 3.. .. 1¼; Eureka. C.. 37 38; Fortuna .. .. 4; Gadsden .. 21 30; Hecla .... 8 9; Iron Blos.. 20 30; Iron Cap.. 5 7; La Rose.. 13 20; Majestic .. 8 11; Mex Mot... 20 26; Midwst M.. .. 35; Monarch .. .. 15; Nat L & E.. .. 2; Nixon .... 6 8; Rainier .. 9 ..; Seven Mot.. 11 12; Silver R... 4 6; U V Ext.. 21½ 22½; Yukon .... 1¼ 1⅝; Iron Blos.. 20 30; Iron Cap.. 5 7; La Rose.. 13 20; Majestic .. 8 11; Mex Mot... 20 26; Midwst M.. .. 35; Monarch .. .. 15; Nat L & E.. .. 2; Nixon .... 6 8; Rainier .. 9 ..; Seven Mot.. 11 12; Silver R... 4 6; U V Ext.. 21½ 22½; Yukon 1¼ 1⅝

Atl C L 1st 4s: 1..... 77½; 3..... 77; 15..... 76¾

L & N col 4s: 1..... 66

Atlantic Fruit temp 7s: 3..... 63½

Balt & Ohio pr lien 3½s: 3..... 79¾

4..... 64½; 5..... 64½; 3..... 64¾; 6..... 64½

conv 4½s: 1..... 65½; 1..... 65¼; 10..... 65; 19..... 65¾; 2..... 65; 1..... 64¾; 6..... 64½

ref 5s: 8..... 64¾; 6..... 65

6s: 11..... 89; 2..... 89½; 2..... 89; 2..... 89¾

Beth Steel 7s int rcts: 1.....101¾; 8.....101¾

Beth Steel pur money 8s: 10..... 73¼

1st & ref 5s: 12..... 77½

Braden Cop s f 6s: 5..... 83; 1..... 82¾

Br Rap Tr gold 5s: 6..... 74¾

7s 1921: 5..... 41¾; 10..... 42

ctfs of dep: 13..... 41; 14..... 41¾

stamped: 2..... 88

Can Nor 7s int rcts: 3..... 99¾; 4.....100

Cen of Ga Ry con 5s: 1..... 85

6s: 5..... 84¼; 20..... 84½; 28..... 83¾; 22..... 83

Mob div 5s: 5..... 82

Cent Lthr 5s: 5..... 86½; 1..... 86

Ches & Ohio gen 4½s: 3..... 72; conv 4½s: 12..... 71; 10..... 71½; 1..... 71¼

gold 4s: 6..... 72⅜

conv 4½s: 19..... 71; 11..... 70½

conv 5s: 25..... 80¾; 5..... 80½

Chi Bur & Qy gen 4s: 10..... 77¾; joint 4s: 5..... 85¾; 19..... 85½; 10..... 85¾; 1..... 85¾; 11..... 85½

Chi Un Sta 4½s, Ser A: 5..... 78½; 5..... 78½

6½s, 1st ctfs: 5.....104¾; 1.....104¾

Chi & W Ind con 4s: 2..... 55¾; 15..... 55½; 2..... 55¾

Chile Cop 7s: 7..... 91

col tr 6s: 10..... 65; 1..... 64¾; 4..... 64

C. C. C & S L ref & imp 6s: 2..... 87½; 2..... 87

Cin Ham & D 4½s: 2..... 75¾

Cola & So 1st 4s: 5..... 76½

ref & ext 4½s: 1..... 70¾; 5..... 70; 5..... 70¾; 2..... 70

Con Gas cv 7s: 2..... 99

Cuba C. Sug cony 7s: 7..... 78¾; 23..... 79; 23..... 78¾

Del & Hudson 1st ref 4s: 1..... 76

Den & Rio G con 4s: 1..... 75

5..... 62½; 1st & ref 5s: 5..... 42½; 6..... 42

Det United Ry con 4½s: 3..... 80

E Tenn, V & G con 5s: 5.....

Erie 1st gen 4s: 2..... 40¾; 2..... 40¾; 22..... 40¾

cv 4s, Ser A: 3..... 36½

cv 4s, Ser D: 2..... 41¾; 14..... 41

Gen Elec deb 5s: 4.....100; 1.....101¼; 10.....101½

Grd Trunk Ry 7s, int rcts: 4.....100; 1.....100½

Gt Nor ref 4½s: 10..... 78½

Hud & M 1st & ref 5s, Ser A: 11..... 83½; 11..... 83¾

Ill Cent 4s, '53: 18..... 87; 5..... 87½

ref 4s: 20..... 72¾; temp 5½s: 2..... 87¾; 13..... 87½

Ill C & Chi, RL & NO 1st 5s, RA: 1..... 78¼

Ind Steel 5s: 5..... 87; 1..... 87½

Int Met 4½s: 9..... 14½

Kan C Sou 5s: 2..... 70¾

Kan C Ter 4s: 20..... 69¼; 3..... 69

L E & W Sou 1st 5s: 1..... 80; L S & M So 3½s: 1..... 80

4s, 1921: 10..... 71½

2..... 71

1923: 7..... 81¾; 10..... 82; Leh Vy of Pa con 4s: 6..... 82

Leh V col tr 6s, temp rcts: 8..... 98¼; Liggett & M 7s: 10.....102

Manh con 4s: 2..... 52

Mich Cent deb 4s: 1..... 75; Midvale Steel col tr 5s: 1..... 73½; Minn & St L ref 4s: 2..... 41; ref & ext 5s: 2..... 45; M, St P & SSM 1st con 4s: 5..... 77½; Mo, K & T 1st 4s: 2..... 55¾; 25..... 55½; 9..... 55¾; 15..... 55¼; 37..... 55; 5% notes: 10..... 36; Mo Pac gen 4s: 20..... 51¾; 15..... 51; 1st & ref 5s, 1965: 3..... 79¾; Mon Power 5s, Ser A: 7..... 81; Natl Tube 5s: 5..... 97; N O Termi 4s: 4..... 80; N Y Cent 7s, int rcts: 6.....100¼; 3.....100¾; deb 6s: 28..... 90; 1..... 90½; 16..... 90; 6..... 90½; gen 3½s: 6..... 66; 10..... 65; deb 4s, 1934: 12..... 64; 20..... 14½; 5..... 13¾; cfs of dep: 5..... 13¾; 13..... 13¾; 10..... 13¾; 10..... 13¾; Int Rap Tran 1st & ref 5s: 38..... 47¾; 10..... 48; 2.....47¾; 10..... 47¾; 10..... 47¾; 50..... 47¾; 4..... 47¾; 4..... 47¾; 1..... 47½; 11..... 47½; 22..... 47¾; 5..... 47½; Int Mer Mar s f 6s: 1..... 77¾; 4..... 77½; 40..... 77¾; KC, Ft&M 4s: 15..... 62; Kan C So 5s: 2..... 70%; 3..... 52%; Kan C Ter 4s: 20..... 69¼; 3..... 69; 27..... 68; LE&Wn 1st 5s: 1..... 80; L S & MSo 3½s: 1..... 80; 4s, 1921: 10..... 71½; 2..... 71; 1923: 7..... 81¾; Leh Vy of Pa con 4s: 6..... 82; Leh V col tr 6s, temp rcts: 8..... 98¼; Liggett & M 7s: 10.....102; Manh con 4s: 2..... 52; Mich Cent

Our commissions are based on the amount often depends upon the interest shown and service rendered by your broker.

Our executions are transmitted by signal on the floor of the Consolidated Exchange and are reported almost instantaneously.

Our customers' interest is our first consideration.

Send for copy of our weekly market suggestions.

Ask for A-216

WILSON & CHARDON
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of New York
62 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Telephone Whitehall 1964

READING COMPANY

An analysis of the Company's holdings — the great speculative favorite among the Rails. Also a map that will help visualize the properties ordered segregated — other timely features in

Ask for a copy A-76 MARKET OPINION

R. H. MacMASTERS & CO.
Members Consolidated Stock Exch. of N.Y.
82-84 Broad St. New York
Phone: Broad 6690. Entire First Floor
CHICAGO MILWAUKEE NEW HAVEN

Mexican Petroleum

One of the world's largest producers of crude oil and gasoline.

Current earnings double, dividend requirements of $3.00 per share quarterly.

The expansion in earning power, present status and outlook for 1921 analyzed and reviewed in current issue of our market letter.

Copy free, upon request.

Ask for No. T-410

KOHLER, BREMER & Co
STOCKS—BONDS
MEMBERS CONSOLIDATED STOCK EXCHANGE OF NY
32 BROADWAY NY — HAMPTON HOTEL
TEL: BROAD 6910 — ALBANY, N.Y.

STUDEBAKER

Capacity Production Predicted and 1920 Earnings Estimated

in our

"INVESTMENT SURVEY"

Scott & Stump

Investment Securities
SPECIALISTS IN ODD LOTS
Stock Exch'ge Bldg. Philadelphia — 40 Exchange Place New York
Locust 6480-5 *Broad 1331-2*

STATISTICAL BOOK

contains statistics and information in condensed form on Stocks and Bonds listed on the leading exchanges in United States and Canada.

Gives ticker abbreviations of Stock Exchange issues.

Shows high and low prices for several years back on Stock Exchange and Curb Stocks and Bonds.

Valuable to investors for ready reference

Sent Gratis. Ask for T. 111.

MOSHER & WALLACE
STOCKS - BONDS - GRAIN
33 Broadway — New York
TELEPHONE WHITEHALL 1140-1-2-3
[New York Produce Exchange. Consolidated Stock Exchange of N.Y.]

We Own and Offer

A first mortgage Sinking Fund 5% Bond

Guaranteed as to principal and interest by endorsement.

To Yield better than 8½%

Particulars on request.

LYNCH & McDERMOTT
—30 WALL ST., N. Y.—Tel. RECTOR 2515—

1921 Outlook

Viewed from the standpoint of "Profitable Investing"
(Trade Mark Registered U. S. Pat. Off.)
Copy Free on Request.

A. HICKS LAWRENCE
30 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 3693

Fuel, Labor and Scientific Shipping Most Important Factors in Policy.

SAVING BY HEAVY LOADING

Hundreds of Millions a Month Gained by Large Car and Train Loads.

The campaign of economy which is being waged by the railroads of the country is necessarily a difficult one and is beset with obstacles which at first glance are insurmountable, but the roads are digging into each of the obstacles and bid fair to eliminate a surprising number of them. They have already accomplished the feat of showing an average movement on every freight car in the United States of thirty miles in one day, and through a more intensive use of existing facilities will probably cut down operating expenses a great deal more. Reductions in expense are very much in order and it is the general aim of every President in the country to operate his railroad for less than his present expense sheet shows.

One of the heaviest expense items which must be reduced if the roads are to show 6 per cent. teamed on their aggregate value as prescribed in the Transportation act is the cost of the fuel they are using. According to The Railway Age the roads are failing at the rate of $25,000,000 to $30,000,000 a month to earn their estimated net return. Commenting on this phase of the situation the Age says:

"A very large part if not most of this failure is due to the fact that fuel is costing them much more than was estimated at the time the statistics on which they based their application for advances in rates were made up. Fuel prices already are declining, but there is need for much greater efforts to economize in the use of fuel by better supervision and by the more extensive use of fuel-saving devices. There must be secured a greater increase in the efficiency of labor. This also must be obtained by better supervision and by the more extensive use of labor saving devices and machinery in all departments.

"One of the most important things that should be done is to keep up the heavy loading of cars. This can be done only if the co-operation of shippers can be secured. It can be secured if shippers can be made to understand what heavy loading means to them in the cost of transportation. The progress which has been made and the results which have been obtained in increasing the average loading of cars within recent years are remarkable. In the year 1915 the average number of tons hauled per train was 474½, while in September, 1920, it was 797, an increase of 61 per cent. This increase in tons per train was mainly due to the increase in the number of tons per car.

"The average number of cars per freight train in 1915 was 34, while in September, 1920, it was 39, an increase of 15 per cent. The average number of tons per loaded car in 1915 was 21.2, while in September, 1920, it was 30.1, an increase of 40 per cent. The unprecedentedly large carloads and trainloads in which the railways recently have been handling freight have been saving them, and through them the shippers and the public, literally hundreds of millions of dollars a month, and there ought to be exerted the utmost effort and co-operation by the railways and shippers to maintain and increase them."

Argentine Grain Prospects.

"Reports coming from all parts of the republic after the plentiful Spring rains of the first week of October indicate that the wheat and other cereals will be abundant and in good condition," writes Trade Commissioner Brady from Buenos Aires. The prolonged drought of September caused great anxiety throughout the central grain regions. Reports from Entre Rios give the linseed as forming perfectly, and the whole crop planted is expected to be harvested. The late sown wheat and the oats were particularly benefited by the rains. Early sown corn in Santa Fé is beginning to sprout and further sowing of this grain is now proceeding. It is expected that the 1921 grain crop will exceed that of 1919-20, but it is not to be hoped that there will be an equal amount of wheat available for export this year, since 1,200,000 tons of the 1919-20 exports were from the previous crop.

Where Our Cotton Exports Went.

In the first two months of the present "cotton season," as reported lately in detail by the Department of Commerce, our principal exports of cotton were distributed as follows, compared with the same period in 1919: To England, 148,510 bales, as against 324,939 last year; to Germany, 87,972 bales, as against 48,947; to France, 44,358, as against 41,822; to Belgium, 18,718, against 39,468; to Canada, 24,894, against 25,341; to Spain, 9,387, against 34,933; to Italy, 21,126, against 51,399; to Japan, 1,007, against 21,729. The other principal purchasers in smaller amounts were Poland, Sweden and Switzerland, all of which except Poland took less than in 1919. The particularly interesting part of the showing is its disclosure that during the two months' period Germany was actually the second largest foreign customer for our cotton.

Cable Remittances for Vienna.

A recent report from Mr. Upson, trade commissioner at Vienna, states that remittances to America are now made by the Vienna banks by cable at a cost of about 1 per cent., the American credits being bought usually by Switzerland or Germany. It is reported that one American company remitted over half a million dollars in this way during the month of October.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Edward Canfield & Brother are offering $300,000 City of Miami, Fla., one-year 8 per cent. bonds, dated Dec. 1, 1920, and due Dec. 1, 1921.

Bristol & Bauer are issuing a descriptive circular on the American Tobacco Company 8 per cent. dividend scrip.

The outstanding temporary ten-year 8 per cent. sinking fund notes, dated July 1, 1920, of the Lucey Manufacturing Corporation may be exchanged for definitive notes on or after Dec. 21, 1920, at the trust department of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

The William R. Compton Company is offering an issue of $300,000 City of Topeka, Kan., 5½ per cent. waterworks bonds, due Jan. 1, 1941, at 104.34 and interest, yielding 5.15 per cent. The bonds are a legal investment for savings banks and trust funds in New York, Connecticut and other Eastern States.

ART IN SILVERWARE.

Director of Manufacturing Firm Was Formerly an Architect.

Putting an art director in charge of its work is an innovation which has been made recently by a big silver manufacturing firm which has a world-wide reputation. This firm has been endeavoring for years to educate the public and to make it understand that there are lines of classic beauty in silver, and also that silver should not be chosen irrespective of its surroundings. The table silver should be in the same period and in the style of the dining room and its furnishings. French silver in a Colonial room, or vice versa, is as bad as furniture of one period and architecture of another.

They have chosen for their art director a man with years of experience with a well-known firm of architects. There was wisdom in this, for the business of an architect is comprehensive, necessitating a knowledge of many different arts and crafts. This man was one of wide vision and his knowledge as an architect is invaluable, for he can size up a dining room at a glance, what it is and what it is not, and the silver that will best fit into it. The director is given carte blanche as far as possible, the commercial end of a business which is not run for pleasure always acting more or less as a hold-back on its art proclivities, for no business can go artistically very much further than its clientele.

Women who are the buyers for the home, though they are credited with being lovers of beautiful things for their homes, have not yet arrived at the stage where they are willing to sacrifice a handsome gown for a piece of silver, one of the head men of this house says. "There are any number of women," he says, "who will go out, pay $200 for a new gown, throw it away the next week and get another, who would hesitate a long time before they would pay that amount of money for a fine piece of silver which will last a lifetime and which they can leave as an heirloom to their children. They do not give us much encouragement. But we are constantly adding pieces of silver in fine old designs and, if they will not buy anything more than a $2 bon bon dish, we have made up our minds that we will give them that as beautiful as we can make it."

This firm is one of the exhibitors at the show of commercial art which is now being given at the Metropolitan Museum of Art, containing work by manufacturers and designers that has been inspired by or is a copy of some article in the Museum collections. In the silver, the beautiful work done by Paul Revere and other silversmiths of Colonial days has been reproduced. The beauty of line and simplicity of decoration in these pieces make them a delight in Colonial houses and with Colonial furniture. There has been a considerable demand for the heavier styles of Georgian silver to agree with Georgian styles of architecture.

Australia's Exchange Market.

In a communication by the American Trade Commissioner to Melbourne, Australia, re-published in the reports of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, it is stated that the demoralization of the wool market has practically held up payments due to this country. Explaining this complication, it is pointed out that "the banks fear that no London balances will result from later sales of wool, and that if they continue to sell exchange they will be unable to cover." Consequently "the net result has been the cancellation of orders for American goods, as Australian importers cannot remit money to New York either direct or through London."

German Exchange.

As described in communications from Berlin, published in London, the belief of the German market is that one cause for the recent improvement in exchange value of the mark is renewed American interest in mark securities. It is further stated that contributing influences were the existence in Germany of large quantities of foreign currency which had been held by weak speculators who had to realize on their holdings. The further suggestion is made that German merchants have been purposely delaying the purchase of goods from foreign countries, in belief that prices on the world's markets are bound to fall still lower.

Earnings of German Industries.

Inflation of the currency in Germany has been reflected by an extraordinary inflation of business profits during the period before the great reaction in prices. For the past business year the Bismarckhuette, described as one of the greatest metal producers in Silesia, has reported net profits of 13,573,750 marks, compared with 1,313,622 marks in the preceding business year. Its dividend, which was 5 per cent. in the preceding year, has been advanced to 28 per cent. The well-known Allgemeine Elektricitäts Gesellschaft has also announced for the past business year net profits of 47,705,000 marks, as against 27,081,000 marks in the preceding business year.

MEETINGS ANNOUNCED.

	Books Close.	Books Open.	Date of Meeting.
Am.C. of Al Co.	Feb. 4	Feb. 21	Feb. 21
Am. Ice Co.	Dec. 21	.....	Feb. 1
Am. Linseed.	Feb. 8	.....	Mar. 1
Am. Malt & G.	Nov. 24	.....	Dec. 22
Ch. & Ph. N.Bk.	Jan. 10	.....	Jan. 11
Chi. & Alt. R.R.	Sept. 30-19	.....	Dec. 15
C., B. & Q. R.R.	Dec. 20	Jan. 21	Jan. 20
Com., Nat.Bk. of	.....	.....	Jan. 11
Cont'l Ins. Co.	Jan. 21	Feb. 2	Feb. 1
Cuban-Am. Sug.	Dec. 1	.....	Dec. 21
Det., Hillsdale & S. W. R.R. Co.	Dec. 11	.....	Jan. 11
Erie & P. R. R.	Nov. 11	.....	Jan. 10
Hanover N. Bk.	Jan. 10	.....	Jan. 11
Leh. Val. R. R.	Nov. 13	.....	Jan. 10
Loft, Inc., Tem.	Feb. 15	.....	Mar. 16
M. S. Oil Corp.	Feb. 18	.....	Mar. 22
Nat. Bisc't Co.	Jan. 19	.....	Feb. 9
Nat'l Park Bk.	Jan. 8	Jan. 12	Jan. 11
Nat. Surety Co.	Dec. 31	Jan. 12	Jan. 11
N.Y., Bkn. & Man. Bh. Ry. Co. pf.	Nov. 30	.....	Dec. 21
N.C.C. R.R. Co.	Jan. 3	Jan. 27	Jan. 26
Nor. Cen. Ry. Co.	Dec. 24	.....	Feb 24
P., C., C. & St. L. R. R. Co.	Dec. 18	.....	Dec. 20
P. & W.V. R. Co.	Oct. 25	.....	Jan. 10
Saxon Mot. Car.	Jan. 26	.....	Feb. 10
So. Pac. Co.	Mar. 22	Apr. 7	Apr. 6
S. Oil Co., N. J.	Dec. 9	.....	Dec. 20
Va.-Car. Chl. Co.	Dec. 9	After Mtg.	Dec. 23

FOR RIGHTS.

	Books Close.	Books Open.	Sec'm't Day.	Prir'ge Expires.
Corn Ex. B.	Dec. 28	.....	Jan. 18	Feb. 3
Det Ed.	Dec. 11	.....	.....	Jan. 10
Gen. Elec.	Dec. 8	Dec. 30	Dec. 30	Jan. 10
Pac. Dev't.	Dec. 20	.....	Dec. 30	Jan. 10
So. Pac.	Jan. 14	.....	Feb. 8	Mar. 1
Tide W. O.	Dec. 16	.....	Jan. 4	Jan. 19

DUE BILLS.

The following stocks carry due bills: Detroit Edison Co., from Dec. 10 until Jan. 4; United Fruit Co., from Dec. 20 until Jan. 17.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 13.—Revenue receipts and expenditures at close of business Dec. 10:

	This Month.	Corresponding Month. 1919.	*Fiscal Year. 1921.	*Corresponding Fiscal Yr., 1920.
Customs	$10,883,187.91	$14,136,708.03	$142,526,058.99	$182,068,774.86
Internal revenue:				
Income and profits tax	321,839,421.08	494,466,415.25	1,370,372,172.06	1,832,482,654.20
Miscellaneous	86,737,314.40	85,997,499.58	734,197,156.86	708,689,548.47
Miscellaneous revenue	11,742,442.66	19,906,237.94	308,069,446.54	321,586,490.77
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	767,971.08	433,077.01	3,465,782.82	2,527,060.88
Total ordinary	$432,130,337.11	$854,939,087.01	$2,657,690,217.27	$3,069,305,524.20
Excess of ord. receipts over ord. disbursements	800,108,599 37	335,502,741.13	238,190,337.81	
Excess of ord. disb. over ordinary receipts				961,510,306.72
Expenditures	123,021,737.74	219,539,386.80	2,295,460,979.76	3,573,813,730.92

* Receipts and disbursements for June reaching Treasury in July are included.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400	Astna Expl	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
400	Air Reduc.	37⅝	37	37
200	Am Refrig.	1¼	1¼	1¼
200	Am W Fu.	4½	4½	4½
300	Auto F sup.	67⅜	67⅜	67⅜
1,000	Borden	80	80	80
500	Do pf	80	80	80
200	Clev Auto	43½	43	43
250	Crude Oil	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
400	East Potash	1	1	1
500	Do pf	12	12	12
500	Emp T & S	19	18⅝	19
400	Farrel Coal	13⅜	13	13
88	Goodyear	23	23	23
76	Goodyear pf	50	50	50
400	Hercules P	17⅛	16	16
500	Hayden Chl	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
25	Ish Val	63	62	62
300	Loco, new	1	1	1
800	Meteor M	16¼	15½	16¼
10	2nd Pipe L.	85	85	83
100	Ark. Natl G	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
1,300	Boone Oil	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
3,500	Bos.-W. O	⅛	⅛	⅛
2,000	Carib Trad	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
200	Cities Serv.			
	B.	31	31	31
1,300	Cushing P	⅞	⅞	⅞
900	Denny Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2,500	Engin. Pet	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	Federal Oil	2	2	2
400	Glenrock O	2¼	2	2¼
500	Granada O	5	5	5
6,000	Hudson Oil	⅛	⅛	⅛
2,300	Inter. Pet	16½	15⅞	16
2,000	Lyons Oil	1	1	1
1,300	Lyon Pet	⅞	⅞	⅞
600	Marsc. Oil	13¼	13	13½
1,000	Merritt O C	11¾	11¼	11¾
2,100	Mexico Oil	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
5,000	A-B Col M	⅞	⅞	⅞
400	Am Mines	1	1	1
1,500	†Atlanta	1	1	1
1,000	†Belcher Si. (a pros.)	3¼	3½	3½
2,100	Big Ledge	⅝	⅝	⅝
3,400	†Boston & M	42	42	42
2,500	†Can Silver	12	12	12
1,000	†Cashboy	5½	5½	5½
1,000	Rex Cons	8	8	8
6,500	†Cortez Sil	64	62	64
400	Cresson C G	1¼	1½	1¼
	(a pros.)	28	28	28
6,500	El Sal Sil	½	½	½
2,000	Emma Sil	3	3	3
10,000	†Eure'a C M	37	35	35
800	†Eureka H	1½	1½	1½
1,800	†Gold Z D	22	21	22
2,400	†Hilgr Div M	25	19	25
150	Hecla Min	4¼	4¼	4¼
1,100	Howe Sound	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
300	†Jim Butler	15	15	15
1,000	†Jumbo Ext	5	5	5

BONDS.

Sales.			High.	Low.	Last.
$20,000	†Allied Packers 6s		52	51½	51½
10,000	†Am Tel & Tel 6s	1922	94	93¾	94
60,000	†Anaconda		89½	89⅛	89½
5,000	†Anglo-Am Oil 7½		99⅝	99½	99⅝
3,000	†Armour 7½		94⅛	93¾	94⅛
5,000	†Bethlehem Steel 7½	1935	94¾	94½	94¾
16,000	†Canadian Nat Ry. 7½	'33	101	100¾	100¾
125,000	†Consolidated Gas 8s		98¾	98½	98¾
50,000	†Denmark 8s		97¾	97¾	97½
2,000	†Diamond Match 7½		95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
5,000	†Empire Gas & F 6s	1924	82	82	82
5,000	†Empire Gas & F 6s	1926	58	58	58
10,000	French 6s		92	92	92
1,000	†Goodrich 8½	1925	84	84	84
15,000	†Government of Sweden 6s		78½	78	78
10,000	†Inter Rapid Transit 7s		67½	67	67
40,000	†Kingdom of Norway		99⅝	99¼	99¼
10,000	†National Leather 8s		99¾	99¾	99¾
5,000	†N Y, N H & H 4½		59½	59½	59½
30,000	†Seaboard Air Line 6½		45½	45	45¾
5,000	†Sears-Roebuck 7s (1 yr)		97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
40,000	Silesian 7½%		88¾	88⅜	88¾
5,000	†Solvay & Cie 8s		98	98	98
10,000	†S W Tel 7½		92⅝	92¾	92⅝
19,000	†Stand Oil of Cal 7s		100¼	100	100¼
5,000	†Sta N Y, T & T 1925		100¼	100¼	100¼
30,000	†Swift & Co. 7s, 1925		93⅞	93¾	93⅞
10,000	†Texas Co 7% notes		97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
10,000	†Union Tank Line 7s		99⅞	99⅞	99⅞

GERMAN BONDS.

Marks.		High.	Low.	Last.
10,000	†Berlin 4s	12½	12½	12½
10,000	†Hamburg 4s	13½	13½	13½

*Odd lot. †Sales cents per share. ‡Unlisted.
Note—Omitted Friday, 650 Conley Tinfoil at 12.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday. Bid.
4½s	July, 1967	90¼	91½	90¼
4½s	June, 1963	90¼	91½	90¼
4½s	Mar., 1965	90¼	91½	90¼
4½s	Nov., 1957	90¼	91½	90¼
4½s	May, 1957	90¼	91½	90¼
4½s	Apr., 1958	85½	86½	85
4½s	Mar., 1964	85½	86½	85¼
4½s	Mar., 1962	85½	86½	85¼
4½s	Sept., 1960	85½	86	85¾
4½s	Mar., 1960-30	85¼	86	85¼
4s	May, 1959	81	82½	81½
4s	Nov., 1958	81	82½	81½
4s	May, 1957	81	82½	81½
4s	Nov., 1956	80¾	82½	81
4s	Nov., 1955	80¾	82½	81
4s	Nov., 1936	85	87	85
3½s	May, 1954	73	74½	73
3½s	Nov., 1956	73	74½	73
3½s	Nov., 1955	73	74½	73

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1934-1932	5.50	5.00
4½s	1921-1925	5.75	5.00
4½s	1921-1923	5.75	5.00
4½s	1924-1931	5.50	5.00
4½s	1931-1939	5.40	5.30
4½s	1926-1930	5.50	5.40
4½s	1926-1930	5.50	5.10
4½s	1921-1923	6.50	5.50
4½s	1940-1946	5.55	5.00
4½s	1940-1963	5.50	5.00
4s	1926-1930	6.50	5.00
4s	1921-1925	6.25	5.25

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
280	Cities Service	256	248	256	261
975	Cities Service pf	64½	63¾	64	64½
743	Cities Service pf. B	5⅝	5⅛	5½	6
2,128	Cities Service bk. shares	31½	30⅞	31¼	31⅝
$21,500	Cities Service deb. B	128	123	123	128
31,000	Cities Service deb. C	91	90	90	92
23,200	Cities Service deb. D	86	85	84	86
390	Empire Gas and Fuel pf	84½	84	84	86

	Bid.	Asked.
Am Gas & Electric	98	102
Am Gas & Electric pf	94	96
Am Light & Traction	91	94
Am Light & Trac pf	76	79
Am Power & Light	45	50
Am Power & Light pf	58	62
Am W W & Elec	1⅛	...
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	36	39
Am W W & E partic	¼	⅝
Appalachian Power	...	5
Appalachian Power pf	16	24
Atlantic Power & Lt	29	32
Colorado Power	9½	11½
Colorado Power pf	75	80
Columbia Gas & Elec	56	58
Com Power, Ry & Lt	9	11
Com Power Ry & Lt pf	31	34
Conn Power pf	72	77
Eastern Texas Electric	68	73
Eastern Texas Elec pf	8	12
El Paso Electric	84	87
Electric Bond & Sh pf	76	81
Federal Light & Trac	7	9
Federal Lt & Trac pf	42	48
Galveston-Houston Elec	24	26
Galveston-Hous Elec pf	60	65
Miss River Power	11	13
Miss River Power pf	58	62
Northern States Power	42	45
North States Pow pf	70	75
Northern Texas Elec	70	76
Northern Tex Elec pf	68	70
Pacific Gas & Elec pf	78	80
Puget Sound Pow & Lt	15½	17¼
Puget Sd Pow & Lt pf	55	58
Republic Ry & Light	5	8
Republic Ry & Light pf	20	25
Southern Cal Edison	86	90
Southern Cal Edison pf	86	100
Standard Gas & Elec	10	12
Standard Gas & Elec pf	32	34
Tampa Electric	108	111
Tenn Ry, Lt & Power	¾	1¼
Tenn Ry, Lt & Power pf	3	4
United Light & Rys	18	22
United Light & Rys pf	50	53
Western Power	7	9
Western Power pf	58½	60

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$6,000	Miss River Pow 5s, '51	74¾	74¾	74¾
67	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	75	75	75
85	Nor States Pow 5s, '26	80	80	80
50	Seattle Electric 5s	78	78	78
83	Stand Gas & El 6s, '66	85	85	85
99	Stand Gas & El 7s, '31	94	94	94
87	Stand Gas 6s, '26	86	86	87
80	Utah Securities	78	78	80
41	West States Gas & El 5s, '41	76	76	41

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday. Bid.
Am Brass	160	168	160
Am Chicle	27	28	27
Do pf	63	67	63
Amal Leather	29	...	...
Do pf	30	60	30
Am Light & Trac	91	93	91
Do pf	85	89	89
Atlas Powder	120	130	129
Do pf	74	77	74
Babcock & Wilcox	104	106	104
Borden & Co	82	85	83
Do pf	79	81	79
Childs Us	78	80	78
Do pf	88	90	88
Crocker-Wheeler	90	98	90
Draper Corp	125½	130½	125½
Du Mont	145	155	145
Do pf	78	78	78
E W Bliss	290	300	290
Gil Safety Razor	133	138	133
Hercules	188	195	188
Do 1st pf	91	98	91
Illinois Trac	10	15	10
Do pf	50	60	50
Ingersoll-Rand	165	165	165
Do pf	90	98	98
Merck	...	80	...
Merrimac Chem	70	80	70
New Jersey Zinc	134	137	134
Niles-Bem't-Pond	68	72	68
Do pf	...	100	...
Northern Securities	80	90	...
Royal Bak Powder	100	108	100
Do pf	73	80	78
Sewall Mfg	300	320	300
Singer Mfg	147	151	148
Stand Screw Co	230	240	230
Van Raalte	16	20	15
Do pf	85½	97	92
Valvo Oil 1st cv pf	97	100	97

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday. Bid.
Am Cigar	78	85	85
Do pf	93	98	98
Am Tob scrip	98	99	95
Geo W Helme	145	160	150
Do pf	88	93	88
MacA & Forbes	108	par.	...
Do pf	79	84	78
Do pf	88	90	86
J S Young	135	...	...
Porto Rico-Am	90	100	90
PortoRico-Am scrip	80	90	80
RJReynolds, A, new	80	87	80
Do B, new	80	88	80
Do pf	97	100	97
United Leaf Tob	140	160	140
Do pf	94	96	94
Weyman-Bruton	150	160	150
Do pf	89	93	88

SUGAR STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Friday. Bid.
Caracas Sugar	30	55	40
Central Aguirre	52	58	52
Central Sugar	8	15	10
Do pf	35	45	35
Fajardo	85	95	85
Federal Sugar	98	103	98
Do pf	98	104	98
Godchaux pf	20	35	17
Do pf	70	75	67
Great Western	220	260	250
Do pf	105	110	106
Holly	20	32	29
Do pf	80	90	83
Nat Sugar Ref	118	123	118
Santa Cecelia	40	50	45
Savannah	10	30	10
Do pf	35	55	45
West India	84	93	84

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Alaska G M	1	1	1
60	Allis Chalm	26⅝	25¾	26⅝
75	Am B Sugar	35¾	34¾	35¾
40	Am Can	23⅝	22⅝	22⅝
400	Am C & F	121⅝	120⅝	121
75	Am Car Oil	16¼	15¾	16¼
80	Am Hide & L	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝
330	Am Int Corp	36½	34¾	35¾
180	Am Loco	81⅝	79	79
100	Am Safe R	8½	8½	8½
370	Am S & C	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
180	Am Sm & R	39⅝	39⅜	39⅝
280	Amer Sugar	85⅞	83	83½
80	Am S Tob	69⅝	68¾	68¾
75	Am T & T	97⅞	97⅝	97⅝
10	Amer Tob	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝
170	Am Woolen	61⅝	60⅜	60⅜
180	Anaconda C	35¾	34⅞	35¾
200	Assets Real	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
80	Atchison	79	78	78½
70	Atl B & A	5¼	5¼	5¼
470	A G & W I	106¾	105¾	105¾
1,910	Bald Loco	87	86	86
730	Balt & Ohio	32	31¾	31¾
265	Beth Steel B	51¾	51¼	51½
80	Booth Fish	8¾	8¾	8¾
80	Bosch Mag	65¼	64¾	64¾
60	Bklyn R Tr	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
90	Caddo Oil	13¾	13¾	13¾
110	Calif Petro	24½	23¾	23¾
50	Can Pacific	112¾	112¾	112¾
30	Cerro de P	26½	26¼	26¼
50	Cent Leather	33¾	33¼	33¼
250	Chand Motor	73¾	72¾	73
230	Ches & Ohio	55¾	53¾	54
10	Chi & G W	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
740	C M & St P	28¾	24¾	28¾
190	Do pf	35¾	33¾	35¾
85	Chi & N W	66⅝	66⅝	66⅝
1,300	C R I & P	25	24¼	24¼
40	Chino Cop	18¾	18¾	18¾
60	Cons Cala	20¾	20¾	20¾
40	Col Graph	10¾	10¾	10¾
50	Cons I C M	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
190	Col Fuel & I	26	26

December 1920

Investors Pocket Manual

containing latest statistical information, also high and low prices for several years on all issues listed on the New York Stock Exchange, New York Curb and the other leading exchanges throughout the United States.

Sent Free on Request

Ask for T. 49

S·S·RUSKAY & Co.

ESTABLISHED 1877

Members Consolidated Stock Exch. of N.Y.

80 BROAD ST. NEW YORK

Phones: Rector 7001-7002

LYONS PETROLEUM

Rapid Growth
Time Tested Properties
Ample Market Facilities
Established Earnings
Small Capitalization
Speculative Possibilities

Earning at annual rate of over 50%. Dividends 5%. A stock dividend of 10% has also been declared. Price $1.50 per share. *Financial statement from Hasbas & Sells and particulars regarding properties, etc., available upon request.*

WEED, EDWARDS & CO.

Investments

30 Nassau St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 1647-8-9

24% On Par **HART OIL**

DIVIDENDS 2% MONTHLY.

20,000 Acres of Leases.

9,000 Acres being developed without cost.

24 Wells Producing—22 Drilling or Contracted for.

For full particulars regarding this unusual and rapidly progressing oil enterprise and bank references, call or write

Authorized Representatives

L. A. Hughes & Co.

Investments

100 Broadway. Tel. Rector 8853.

Dividends 24%

On Par

Hart Oil

3 Sources of Income

9,000 Acres Being Developed without Cost. Active Drilling Contracts. Limited Stock Offering. Price $2.00 Per Share

For bank References and Particulars Write Dept. Q

HART OIL CORPORATION

123 Liberty St., N. Y. Phone Rector 9613

HART OIL

Paying 24% on Par

3 SOURCES OF INCOME

Royalty Holdings
(Being Developed Without Cost)
Interests in Producing Wells
(and Wells Drilling)
Drilling Campaign
(Hart No. 1, 1,000 bbls. No. 2 nearly completed)

For Bank References and Particulars Write Dept. Q

HART OIL CORPORATION

123 Liberty St., N. Y. Phone Rector 9613.

TO NET 9.89%

We offer Trusteed Equipment Notes, maturing in 30 days to one year, in amounts of $200 and up, to net 9.89% per annum.

These notes are secured by a first mortgage on equipment worth three times the amount of the issue.

We invite an inquiry either direct or through your bank.

J. E. THOMSON & CO., Inc.

126 Liberty Street
New York City

Established business with trade marked commodity needs $25,000 to further develop. Capable young man can find excellent investment and a good business connection either to be active in the business or not. The business is already established and the product known from coast to coast. Shipments have averaged $150,000 monthly. S 484 Times.

Send for Our

INVESTORS GUIDE

which will greatly assist you at all times in selecting sound securities.

Ask for B-26.

RUSSELL SECURITIES CORP.
116 Nassau St., New York.

$1,000,000 Stock Issue Offered

An established FINANCIAL CORPORATION, with an unusually sound, profitable and legitimate business offers a liberal contract for the New Year for additional capital.

Only a successful securities sales organization need reply.

S 656 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK

New York, December 9, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year will be held at its banking house, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M.

H. C. STEVENS,
Second Vice President.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of Directors, to consider amending the Articles of Association so as to increase the authorized number of Directors, and to act upon any other matters which may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the banking house, No. 57 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

WILLIAM P. HOLLY, Cashier.

BANKS TO PAY USUAL CHRISTMAS BONUS

Employes to Get Customary Profit-Sharing or Seasonal Disbursements.

VARIOUS PLANS FOLLOWED

Wall Street Firms, Called the Best Spenders, Prepare for Usual Remembrances.

The fear of hard times, the fall in commodity prices and the fact that many individuals and corporations found difficulty in meeting their income and profits tax instalments on Wednesday last has not, apparently, interfered with the banking custom of paying out Christmas and year-end bonuses to employes. Judging from the number of bonuses already voted by banks in this city, Christmas, 1920, is going to be as good a season for bank clerks as any other has been.

One reason so many banks are paying their regular bonuses is that most of them have enjoyed great prosperity the last twelve months. Another is that in more than a few the bonus custom has been so systematized as to become almost a regular part of the compensation paid to employes. The bonus has been graduated from the "charity" class into that of regular payment. The clerks now expect it, count on it, in fact, and the managements regard it as the regular thing for the end of the year.

The bank bonus is no longer a hit or miss affair in most banks. It has been worked out scientifically and the institutions which have brought it to its greatest state of efficient development regard it as a valuable factor in welding together the institutions and their staffs.

Profit-Sharing Schemes.

There are a number of forms which the bank bonus now takes. In one big trust company no "Christmas bonus" is paid, but a "profit-sharing" scheme has been devised which amounts to pretty much the same thing. This profit-sharing disbursement is figured and paid quarterly—in January, April, July and October. In this particular company the disbursement is compiled on a percentage basis of the company's profits and the payment is not actually made until the quarterly profits are computed. But in order that the clerks may have the benefit of the January payment in time for their Christmas shopping, the institution pays them their December and January salaries on Dec. 1. In a sense, this is anticipating the January profit-sharing payment.

In another great bank the Christmas bonus has been displaced by what is called a "cost of living" bonus, which is computed on the index number of several financial and trade publications, including THE NEW YORK TIMES ANNALIST. The bank in question takes the average index number for the last quarter in 1913 as "par" and regulates its cost of living bonus from that. The payments are made quarterly and the final one of the year is distributed in time for Christmas. This form, in several varieties, is in use in quite a number of big banks, and in some of the smaller ones. It is worked out scientifically so that the clerks may the better be able to meet the fluctuating cost of existence, and where it has been tried the results, according to officers of the banks using it, have been most gratifying, for the employes are kept contented and render better services.

Outside of the banks and trust companies which pay regular quarterly bonuses, there is a considerable number that vote Christmas payments on the basis of a percentage of each clerk's year's salary. The payments are out and out Christmas affairs and usually are distributed the week before the great day.

Wall Street Generosity.

In Stock Exchange, Cotton Exchange and other offices in the Wall Street district Christmas bonuses have flourished for years. Wall Street has been called "the best spender on earth," and it has lived up to the title by making liberal Christmas disbursements in many lean years. The rule may be a firm in Wall Street which does not remember its employes in some way at this season, and whether business is good or bad the clerks can, with reasonable surety, figure ahead on some remembrance from the firm just before Dec. 25.

On the Stock Exchange the practice formerly was for members to distribute to individual employes of the institution as they saw fit. This resulted in a good deal of dissatisfaction, for those fortunate employes who came in direct contact with the members were likely to fare better than their less favored associates who did not, and the inevitable result was that some highly worthy clerks were more or less overlooked. Several years ago the Exchange management changed this by making a rule prohibiting members from giving direct to employes, but allowing them to contribute to a general fund, which was subsequently split up among all of the employes.

Reports from outside of Wall Street indicate that Christmas bonuses this year will not measure up to the standard of 1919 and 1918. In many commercial lines the pinch of falling prices and contracting business has been felt, and the difficulty many firms experienced in the last week in arranging for tax payments is expected to find reflection in diminished year-end payments to clerks. These trades are looking with envious eyes at Wall Street, and the idea seems to be going abroad that this year, "Wall Street has cornered the Christmas bonus market."

Manganese From Lower California.

Consul Burdett, in a report from Mexico, states that an American-owned manganese mine situated on the Gulf of California at Punta Aguja Peninsula is now operating and is shipping 200 tons of high-grade ore monthly. The ore extracted runs from 20 to 92 per cent. manganese, averaging about 48 per cent. Since the product is shipped to Chicago at present, thereby involving heavy freight and customs duties, it is impracticable to send other than high-grade ore, although a much larger tonnage could be mined. However, plans are being considered to send the ore by water to San Francisco, or through the Panama Canal to New York, owing to the fact that the mine is situated very near the beach and accordingly transportation costs at that end would be negligible.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Following is the range of prices in the important miscellaneous commodities in New York:

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market closed 5 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.
Jan.	8.95	8.95	8.85
Feb.	No sales.		8.90
March	9.21	9.18	9.20
April	No sales		9.21
May	9.49	9.40	9.41
June	No sales		9.45
July	9.70	9.70	9.65
Dec.	8.87	8.85	8.85

Total sales, 6,500.

COFFEE.

The coffee market was irregular.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	6.88	6.84	6.84	6.93	15.00
May	7.25	7.22	7.22	7.20	13.15
July	7.55	7.53	7.53	7.52	15.35
Sept.	7.80	7.75	7.75	7.58	

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market was firmer, closing 1/32 point net higher.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	4.41	4.41	4.41	4.40
May	4.56	4.50	4.55	4.55
July	4.73	4.70	4.71	4.69

COMMODITY MARKET QUIET.

Slight Price Changes Made in Week-End Trading.

Cash prices in the wholesale markets in the closing session of the week moved rather narrowly, with only fractional price changes noted. Wheat advanced ½ cent a bushel, corn declined ¾ of a cent per bushel; oats and flour unchanged.

The only change noted in the groceries was an advance of ⅛ of a cent per pound in coffee, sugar, butter and eggs closing unchanged.

Lard dropped 35 cents per hundred pounds, with beef and pork unchanged.

In the metals, no price changes were made.

Spot cotton dropped 35 cents per hundred pounds, with printcloths unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Saturday, a week before and a year ago:

	Dec. 18, 1920.	Dec. 11, 1920.	Dec. 19, 1919.
FOODSTUFFS:			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.97¾	$1.93¾	$2.55
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.96¾	1.00	1.70¾
Oats, No. 2 white	.62	.64	.98
Flour, Minn. patent	9.50	9.50	15.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.06¾	.06¾	.14⅝
Sugar, granulated	.08	.08¾	.09
Butter, creamery, 92 score	.55	.53½	.73
Eggs, fresh gathered firsts, per dozen	.74	.80	.81
Lard, prime	13.75	14.75	23.25
Pork, mess	30.00	31.00	47.00
Beef, family	28.00	28.00	29.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2X, Phila	34.00	36.50	41.10
Steel billets, Pitts	43.50	43.50	48.00
Lead	4.70	4.90	7.15
Copper	13.50	13.75	18.75
Tin	34.00	34.50	54.75
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	13.65	14.25	39.25
Printcloths	.05¾	.06	.13½

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	—Highest.—		—Lowest.—	
Wheat	$3.25	Jan. 7	$1.70	Nov. 27
Corn	2.31¾	May 15	.94½	Nov. 27
Oats	1.50	May 7	.60	Nov. 22
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	9.00	Dec. 1
Coffee	.16¾	Jan. 11	.06¾	Nov. 23
Sugar	.23	July 12	.08	Dec. 17
Butter	.77	Apr. 24	.51½	Dec. 4
Eggs	.89	Dec. 10	.42½	Mar. 12
Lard	23.50	Jan. 9	13.70	Aug. 17
Pork	47.00	Jan. 2	30.00	Oct. 1
Beef	53.00	Dec. 18	20.00	May 12
Iron	53.51	Aug. 31	36.50	Dec. 9
Steel	65.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 2
Lead	9.50	Mar. 15	4.85	Dec. 13
Copper	19.50	Jan. 5	13.50	Nov. 29
Tin	52.00	Jan. 14	32.00	Dec. 14
Cotton	43.75	July 22	15.50	Nov. 27
Printcloths	.16¾	Apr. 13	.05½	Nov. 30

STOCK EXCHANGE NEWS.

Change of Signature—Samuel A. Walsh Jr. will sign Samuel A. Walsh.

New Address—Samuel A Walsh, at McClave & Co., 67 Exchange Place.

Branch Offices—Chapman, Carman & Co. (new), Union Hill, N. J., Fred G. Kuhlman, Manager; Erickson Perkins & Co., 66 Broadway, New York, discontinued; Estabrook & Co. (new), Hartford, Conn., R. Winthrop Nelson, Manager; Imbrie & Co. (new), Uniontown, Pa., J. Kenneth Bates, Manager; E. F. Hutton & Co. (new), Palm Beach, Fla., (Hotel Breakers), R. W. Rudell, Manager; Imbrie & Co. (new), Uniontown, Pa., Harold de S. Kennedy, Manager; Logan & Bryan (new), Coronado Beach, Cal., Charles S. Fay, Manager; Logan & Bryan, West Baden, Ind., discontinued; Edward B. Smith & Co. (new), Williamsport, Pa., Henry C. Parsons, Manager; West & Co. (new), Reading, Pa., George A. Rick, Manager.

SUPPLEMENTARY BANK AND TRUST COMPANIES

FOR THE WEEK ENDED WITH OPENING OF BUSINESS SATURDAY, DEC. 18, 1920.

(Figures Compiled from Special Reports to THE NEW YORK TIMES).

INSTITUTIONS CLEARING THROUGH MEMBERS.

NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS—Average Figures.

	Loans.	Gold.	Other Cash Including Bk. Notes	Res. Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	With Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN—						
Battery Park Nat.	$12,356,700	$30,000	$267,700	$1,528,200	$611,200	$12,248,600
Colonial	15,847,000	300,000	1,813,000	1,434,000	.....	18,106,000
Grace & Co. (W. R.)	4,287,553	6,670	17,376	459,272	1,072,634	4,186,091
Mutual	10,630,000	29,000	439,000	1,937,000	.....	13,495,000
New Netherland	7,044,000	22,000	250,000	1,664,000	68,000	8,454,000
Washington Heights	3,835,000	127,000	544,000	180,000	.....	3,897,000
Yorkville	14,134,000	28,000	472,000	1,753,000	.....	15,858,000
BROOKLYN—						
First National	10,502,700	19,300	423,400	1,002,800	869,700	11,105,900
Mechanics	28,754,600	92,000	2,088,200	6,899,600	15,600	36,150,000
North Side	6,504,400	13,500	385,800	792,578	20,036	7,596,065
JERSEY CITY, N. J.—						
First National	8,635,000	112,000	373,000	2,296,000	59,000	11,908,000

TRUST COMPANIES—Average Figures.

	Loans.	Cash.	Reserve Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	Dep. with Other Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
BROOKLYN—					
Hamilton	$8,910,000	$722,100	$558,000	.....	$8,788,000
BAYONNE, N. J.—					
Mechanics	9,400,679	367,474	1,119,792	$176,206	10,658,727

INSTITUTIONS NOT IN THE CLEARING HOUSE.

NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS—Average Figures.

	Loans.	Gold.	Other Cash Including Bk. Notes.	Res. Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	With Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN—						
Bank of Cuba	$1,007,384	$30,000	$12,680	$179,722	.....	$1,020,469
Bank of United States	24,163,900	15,500	780,900	3,831,800	$3,780,900	31,710,400
Broadway Central	3,559,346	8,000	197,033	308,689	.....	3,946,714
Bronx Borough	2,479,800	58,700	256,200	265,500	.....	2,711,800
Bryant Park Bank	7,627,000	.....	773,900	1,354,000	14,000	7,493,000
Chelsea Exch. Bank	2,815,900	.....	115,300	313,000	8,000	3,062,700
Cosmopolitan	3,262,531	$2,000	596,985	306,642	.....	6,032,840
Europe (Bank of)	11,042,000	.....	353,000	1,979,000	65,000	10,944,000
Harriman National	29,307,000	42,000	861,000	3,300,000	697,000	29,065,000
Public National	68,592,000	12,000	1,578,000	4,631,000	3,842,000	73,202,000
Twenty-third Ward	5,524,500	109,700	464,600	1,091,700	40,700	7,000,000
BROOKLYN—						
Bank of Coney Island	2,872,700	23,500	628,100	45,200	.....	3,262,000
Homestead	2,953,500	200,000	182,400	291,100	.....	3,377,000
Montauk	2,552,000	15,000	196,000	178,000	.....	2,810,000
Municipal	1,496,600	3,300	161,300	174,000	32,100	1,724,800
Peoples National	4,545,700	2,700	209,500	492,100	103,000	5,303,000
JERSEY CITY, N. J.—						
Hudson County	5,040,100	80,000	205,800	772,000	70,500	4,946,000
HOBOKEN, N. J.—						
First National	7,600	7,600	213,400	927,800	19,700	11,142,600
Second National	8,985,332	7,220	182,423	343,112	384,724	9,297,147

TRUST COMPANIES—Average Figures.

	Loans.	Cash.	Reserve Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	Dep. with Other Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN—					
American	$10,951,949	$1,026,048	$1,148,124	$120,888	$11,896,866
Central Union	193,822,000	*27,893,000	5,993,000	1,639,000	202,141,000
Commercial	7,630,000	686,000	449,000	252,000	8,054,000
Empire	41,180,300	*2,788,400	5,924,400	2,891,200	49,084,400
Fulton	7,874,700	*1,369,100	554,100	.....	8,528,600
Hudson	6,739,300	454,200	1,378,700	225,900	7,583,600
Mercantile	15,369,000	1,172,000	1,946,000	863,000	16,486,000
N. Y. Life Ins. & Trust	25,481,900	1,875,917	983,600	.....	28,825,800
United States	52,143,499	4,233,333	5,000,716	.....	44,490,454
BROOKLYN—					
Kings County	22,805,541	1,673,174	1,777,121	.....	23,177,553
Manufacturers	27,936,100	1,545,500	7,054,300	31,000	32,204,200

*Includes amount with Federal Reserve Bank as follows: Central-Union $25,119,000, Empire $1,119,500 and Fulton $1,219,400.

AGGREGATE TRUST COMPANIES' DEPOSITS.

The following figures of Clearing House trust companies include items not included in the net deposits as reported to the Clearing House:

Trust Companies.	Deposits.	Trust Companies.	Deposits.
Bankers	$282,751,000	Metropolitan	$29,990,900
Brooklyn	36,744,000	New York	67,338,000
Columbia	86,546,000	Peoples	37,537,400
Equitable	199,161,000	Title Guarantee	32,574,300
Farmers' Loan	143,080,642	United States Mortgage	68,564,000
Fidelity-International	20,810,000		
Guaranty	586,038,000	Total	$1,634,144,142
Lawyers Title	16,481,200	Change	+75,510,083
Lincoln	28,117,700		

ALL NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE INSTITUTIONS

(AVERAGE FIGURES)

Week ended.	Loans.	Deposits.	Cash Reserve.
Dec. 18, 1920	$5,235,041,000	*$4,310,033,000	$585,497,000
Dec. 11, 1920	5,183,421,000	4,221,651,000	543,457,000
Dec. 4, 1920	5,208,850,000	4,270,048,000	543,030,000
Nov. 27, 1920	5,218,745,000	4,282,427,000	548,614,000
Nov. 20, 1920	5,251,293,000	4,291,684,000	557,892,000
Nov 13, 1920	5,259,539,000	4,302,791,000	548,562,000
Dec. 20, 1919	5,171,508,000	4,420,585,000	592,189,000
Dec. 13, 1919	5,116,781,000	4,352,260,000	586,721,000
Dec. 6, 1919	5,144,327,000	4,384,087,000	587,945,000
Nov. 29, 1919	4,680,689,000	3,922,347,000	567,210,000
Nov. 22, 1919	5,238,530,000	4,468,299,000	594,511,000
Nov. 15, 1919	5,295,189,000	4,491,573,000	602,992,000
This year's high	5,486,134,000	4,484,543,000	583,450,000
In week ended	Oct. 16.	Oct. 16.	June 19.
This year's low	5,004,477,000	4,221,651,000	533,259,000
In week ended	March 6.	Dec. 11.	Aug. 28.
Last year's high	5,191,605,000	4,484,452,500	592,523,000
In week ended	Oct. 18.	Sept. 20.	Sept. 20.
Last year's low	4,700,083,000	3,921,453,000	527,040,000
In week ended	Jan. 4.	Feb. 15.	Feb. 15.

*United States deposits deducted, $80,878,000.

COTTON DEPRESSED WITH SOUTH SELLING

List Down 15 to 28 Points—Bulls Fail to Stir Up Market.

The cotton market started slightly lower and very dull and for the first hour of yesterday's short session did nothing in particular. Then, when the second hour opened, Southern hedge selling, inspired by the very light spot demand, developed and the market broke about 15 to 20 points. There was no very aggressive selling, but what there was proved more than sufficient to depress the list. Buying was on the lightest sort of scale and only a few belated shorts who were anxious to cover before the week-end started took contracts.

At the extreme, the list was down 25 to 28 points for near months and 15 to 18 for the distant options. The low prices, with very few exceptions, also were the last prices and the market closed quiet but heavy.

Some attempt was made to stir up bullish sentiment here by the reports of increasing activity in the retail trade, but the interests here refused to enthuse over this, contending that it simply reflected the ordinary activities of the Christmas season. Local operators did very little all day, and that little was mostly confined to the selling side, where some long cotton, purchased earlier in the week, was liquidated.

The following shows the statistical position of cotton figured up to this morning by The Financial Chronicle:

	This Wk. Bales.	Last Wk. Bales.	Last Yr. Bales.
Port receipts	189,642	210,301	228,361
Since Aug. 1	5,110,907	2,921,365	3,393,964
Port stocks	1,406,073	1,355,482	1,568,871
Inter. receipts	228,488	226,790	227,406
Since Aug. 1	3,634,027	3,408,895	3,826,949
Inter. shipments	170,086	183,110	276,952
Inter. stocks	1,640,145	1,586,723	1,347,767
Amount brought into sight	327,573	341,199	366,340
Since Aug. 1	5,528,298	5,189,319	5,920,261
Northern spinners' takings	53,647	36,206	92,578
Since Aug. 1	673,404	644,757	1,270,432
Southern consumption	50,000	58,000	78,000
Since Aug. 1	1,302,000	1,252,000	1,575,000
Exports to Great Britain	40,166	52,199	124,350
Since Aug. 1	329,504	328,891	255,890
Expts. to Cont'n't.	81,789	61,250	79,310
Since Aug. 1	993,306	902,451	938,033
Total w'k's expts.	121,955	122,382	237,065
Total expts. since Aug. 1	2,154,598	2,024,281	2,511,466
World's vis. sup	6,356,982	6,212,108	5,772,490
Of which Amer	4,721,982	4,574,108	4,535,490
Liverpool stocks	537,000	504,000	820,000
Continent stocks	434,000	371,000	356,000
N. Y. stocks	23,571	20,590	62,129
N. Orleans stocks	455,890	442,202	465,308
On shipboard, wtg. clear	203,550	167,540	831,270

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Dec.	15.25	15.31	15.13	15.12@15.15	15.49
Jan.	15.38	15.40	15.15	15.16@15.18	15.43
Mar.	15.15	15.30	15.12	15.15@15.18	15.37
May	15.30	15.39	15.22	15.25@15.27	15.40
July	15.37	15.48	15.30	15.30	15.45
Oct.	15.44	.....	.....	15.38@15.35	15.50

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, down 25 points to 15.65c for middling upland; sales nil.

NEW YORK ASSOCIATED BANKS.

STATEMENT AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS DEC. 18, 1920.

ACTUAL CONDITION, CHANGES FOR THE WEEK.

Excess reserve	Dec. $3,025,710
Loans	Inc. 115,576,000
Net demand deposits	Inc. 13,454,000
Net time deposits	Dec. 8,416,000
Cash in vault, Federal Reserve members	Dec. 4,174,000
Reserve in Federal Reserve Bank, member banks	Dec. 2,809,000
Reserve in own vaults, State banks and trust companies	Inc. 374,000
Reserve in other depositories, State banks and trust companies	Inc. 845,000
Circulation	Dec. 34,000

ACTUAL CONDITION, ALL MEMBERS.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Loans	$5,302,301,000	$5,189,509,000	$4,852,223,000
*Demand deposits	4,925,370,000	4,121,492,000	3,917,330,000
Time deposits	242,220,000	254,768,000	135,859,000
Circulation	34,585,000	37,191,000	35,816,000
Cash in vault, Federal Reserve members	93,196,000	108,333,000	100,682,000
Reserve in Fed. Res. Bank, mem. banks	521,848,000	511,731,000	537,846,000
Res. in other depos., banks & trust cos.	10,202,000	11,953,000	9,280,000
Cash in vault, State banks and trust cos.	9,641,000	11,925,000	10,434,000
Aggregate reserve	$541,191,000	$535,589,000	$577,510,000
Reserve required	532,968,800	847,909,880	517,818,250
Excess reserve	$8,222,200	†$12,320,830	$59,691,750

*Government deposits of $188,064,000 deducted. Last week such deposits were $8,406,000. †Deficit.

AVERAGE CONDITION, CHANGES FOR THE WEEK

Excess reserve	Inc. $9,913,720
Loans	Inc. 51,626,000
Net demand deposits	Inc. 94,580,000
Net time deposits	Dec. 5,198,000
Cash in vault, Federal Reserve members	Dec. 1,906,000
Reserve in Federal Reserve Bank, member banks	Inc. 21,272,000
Reserve in own vaults, State banks and trust companies	Inc. 419,000
Reserve in other depositories, State banks and trust companies	Inc. 319,000
Circulation	Dec. 104,000

AVERAGE CONDITION, ALL MEMBERS

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Loans	$5,235,041,000	$5,171,509,000	$4,860,546,000
*Demand deposits	4,064,247,000	4,169,644,000	3,912,230,000
Time deposits	245,786,000	250,941,000	139,709,000
Circulation	34,865,000	37,142,000	35,773,000
Cash in vault, Federal Reserve members	96,941,000	105,617,000	107,915,000
Res. in Fed. Res. Bank, member banks	546,774,000	568,873,000	564,872,000
Res. in other depos., banks & trust cos.	9,309,000	11,375,000	9,401,000
Cash in vault, State banks and trust cos.	9,414,000	11,921,000	10,498,000
Aggregate reserves	$563,497,000	$592,169,000	$584,771,000
Reserve required	538,102,230	553,992,540	517,251,990
Excess reserve	$27,394,770	$38,176,460	$67,519,100

*Government deposits of $89,878,000 deducted. Last week such deposits were $2,293,000.

INDIVIDUAL BANK RETURNS.

AVERAGE FIGURES WEEK ENDED DEC. 18, 1920.

BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES MEMBERS OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.

	Loans, Discount, Investments, &c.	Cash in Vault.	Reserve with Legal Depositories.	Net Demand Deposits.	Time Deposits.
Bank of N. Y., N.B.A.	$44,934,000	$823,000	$4,304,000	$29,909,000	$3,024,000
Bank of Manhat'n Co.	126,269,000	3,032,000	15,557,000	102,657,000	12,775,000
Mech. & Metals Nat.	210,325,000	10,262,000	20,258,000	153,234,000	2,943,000
Bank of America	58,135,000	1,982,000	7,084,000	52,831,000	1,187,000
National City	571,242,000	10,000,000	(a)54,438,000	(a)533,881,000	14,338,000
Chemical National	129,620,000	1,826,000	14,259,000	106,613,000	1,765,000
Atlantic National	19,231,000	484,000	2,063,000	15,242,000	945,000
Nat. Butch. & Drov.	4,458,000	129,000	711,000	4,480,000	62,000
American Exch. Nat.	127,125,000	1,592,000	12,438,000	93,396,000	4,023,000
Nat. Bank of Com	379,694,000	3,152,000	35,667,000	266,917,000	2,446,000
Pacific	20,461,000	1,870,000	3,491,000	23,933,000	292,000
Chat. & Phenix Nat.	125,187,000	5,260,000	15,682,000	111,072,000	13,630,000
Hanover National	119,967,000	4,087,000	19,141,000	114,650,000	.....
Metropolitan	40,968,000	2,377,000	6,974,000	46,337,000	.....
Corn Exchange	149,293,000	7,032,000	23,735,000	147,597,000	12,289,000
Import. & Trad. Nat.	42,682,000	903,000	3,943,000	30,165,000	27,000
National Park	200,715,000	1,316,000	18,870,000	143,474,000	1,855,000
East River National	11,885,000	471,000	1,706,000	11,458,000	941,000
Second National	23,048,000	995,000	2,912,000	19,488,000	90,000
First National	309,064,000	966,000	23,602,000	179,942,000	4,892,000
Irving National	201,755,000	7,428,000	24,104,000	183,340,000	1,688,000
N. Y. County Nat.	14,184,000	907,000	1,703,000	13,616,000	850,000
Continental	7,260,000	180,000	973,000	6,084,000	100,000
Chase National	362,561,000	6,035,000	37,949,000	268,304,000	8,201,000
Fifth Avenue	19,388,000	1,164,000	3,264,000	19,616,000	.....
Commercial Exchange	8,512,000	476,000	1,352,000	8,534,000	.....
Commonwealth	8,788,000	556,000	1,287,000	9,223,000	.....
Garfield National	16,345,000	585,000	2,472,000	16,169,000	52,000
Fifth National	12,815,000	344,000	1,919,000	13,748,000	577,000
Seaboard National	48,183,000	1,188,000	6,656,000	47,013,000	822,000
Liberty National	96,350,000	1,101,000	9,412,000	71,923,000	2,221,000
Coal & Iron National	19,180,000	924,000	1,845,000	13,433,000	282,000
Union Exchange Nat.	19,431,000	654,000	2,980,000	21,763,000	318,000
Brooklyn Trust	38,736,000	928,000	4,166,000	28,843,000	5,176,000
Bankers Trust	288,804,000	1,375,000	30,409,000	(b)227,576,000	11,259,000
U. S. Mtg. & Trust	62,876,000	812,000	7,635,000	49,186,000	10,089,000
Guaranty Trust	526,816,000	2,648,000	46,780,000	(c)450,780,000	26,876,000
Fidelity-Inter. Trust	18,876,000	542,000	2,645,000	18,445,000	858,000
Columbia Trust	79,632,000	1,648,000	9,922,000	74,420,000	3,714,000
Peoples Trust	32,589,000	1,417,000	3,758,000	32,393,000	1,117,000
New York Trust	84,267,000	656,000	8,009,000	60,098,000	1,535,000
Lincoln Trust	23,810,000	699,000	3,248,000	23,002,000	489,000
Metropolitan Trust	31,961,000	655,000	3,782,000	22,824,000	1,008,000
Nassau Nat., B'klyn.	16,636,000	722,000	1,445,000	13,785,000	502,000
Farm's Loan & Trust	115,725,000	1,686,000	13,428,000	(d)112,939,000	14,604,000
Columbia	22,546,000	994,000	3,222,000	23,791,000	125,000
Equitable Trust	171,066,000	2,032,000

Two business and one bank reference required from advertisers.

While all advertisements are carefully supervised, The New York Times assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of statements or reliability of advertisers. Information is solicited from readers to aid in excluding false and misleading statements.

Business Opportunities

Advertising rate Fifteen Cents per word.

Reward of $100

Reward of $100 for information leading to arrest and conviction of any one who may have obtained money under false pretenses through a misleading or fraudulent advertisement in The New York Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

WILL FINANCE
manufacturers, merchants and selling agents on their accounts and notes receivable in amounts up to $25,000 on our non-notification plan; interviews invited; confidential.
TRADERS' FINANCE CORPORATION,
Room 1812, 42 Exchange Pl. N. Y. C.
Phone Hanover 2857.

WE FINANCE
manufacturers and jobbers on their accounts receivable on a non-notification basis; relationship confidential as with your own bank.
CREDIT DISCOUNT TRUST.
432 Fourth Avenue.
Phone Madison Square 8190.

$25 to $100,000 active partnership industrial, prosperous and expansion. C 302 Times.

IMPORTER will consign fine woolens for sale to tailors and act as silent partner on half interest basis; splendid opportunity for young man with trade in New York City. Write, giving past experience and references, to A 527 Times.

WANTED, small hotel or furnished apartments; might consider larger; must be well situated; will take over lease or purchase property; money no object; immediate action assured. Franklin, 44 Times.

CAPITAL $10,000 and services of 2 capable young men to invest in any live proposition; will not object to any condition; advise fully; no agencies. B 378 Times.

GARAGE business wanted; must be good location and yield annual profit from $10,000 to $30,000, will also consider renting or purchasing building; money no object. Mansfield, 14 Times.

BUILDER — Man of broad experience and with some capital seeks partnership with individual established in Manhattan. K 199 Times.

A BUSINESS executive of broad commercial and banking experience desires to associate himself with an established business; will invest capital. L 280 Times.

FACTORY WANTED
out of town, with 100 sewing machines; will finance, operate and handle output. E. F., 105 Times.

SALESMAN, will invest $5,000 with services, manufacturing or jobbing. L 259 Times.

$5,000 in going business; outright purchase, partnership; proposition must stand investigation. A 498 Times.

WILL invest $30,000 to $50,000 as active partner in well-established manufacturing concern. Box 993 Times, 2 Rector St.

$10,000-$25,000 TO INVEST IN ESTABLISHED BUSINESS. ROOM 806, 103 PARK AV.

SMALL newspaper syndicate, advertising or similar business; must be cheap; state price and terms. B 357 Times.

$25,000, EXECUTIVE SERVICES for established business; principal must be secured. M 278 Times.

HAVE $2,000 to $5,000 and services to invest in bona fide proposition; full details with first mail. K 242 Times.

TRADE JOURNAL, small monthly; must be cheap; state price and terms. B 336 Times.

COMPANIES with merit requiring financing see us. B 842 Times Downtown.

$150,000 FOR rents assignments offered by merchant, low charges. T 355 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

WANTED—Additional capital, from $5,000 to $10,000, for a corporation manufacturing an article of unexcelled reputation in constant, ever-growing demand, yielding a generous profit and offering practically unlimited chances for enlargement; the article was imported for years before the war and is now manufactured here under exceptionally favorable conditions; references exchanged. Y 2248 Times Annex.

GRAND OPPORTUNITY for live-wire salesman to join our organization with few thousand to invest; good salary, good profits, high grade engraving, advertising and printing; references exchanged. S 857 Times Downtown.

$25,000 REQUIRED for expansion; established brokerage concern, representing several of largest manufacturers; will amortize investment if desired; exceptional opportunity; active or silent interest. Food, H 941 Times Downtown.

COTTON PIECE GOODS—New England finishing plant will sell half interest to man capable of increasing business; preferably to a converting or commission house organization. Address K. T., 520 Presbyterian Bldg.

MANUFACTURING business can make advantageous offer to party able to invest $10,000 in highly profitable and sound business and take an active part; immediate returns. For personal interview address B 714 Times Downtown.

SALES AGENCY, handling staple lines for jobbers and other established mercantile concerns, wants several salesmen able to finance themselves; references and cash available for use must be stated in reply. P 381 Times.

A SMALL corporation requires additional capital for the advancement of several essential metal products for automobile and household trades; has contracts and established business; fine opportunity for right party. Write Box 179, 908 Fitzgerald Bldg.

LIBERAL interest and bonus paid on a loan of $10,000, collateral $40,000 merchandise; excellent proposition for private party desiring safe and profitable investment for 6 months or 1 year. P 376 Times.

$3,000-$5,000 will finance exclusive agency, fast selling labor-saving device of unusual merit; plan now in operation shows promise of large profits; want active associates." P 383 Times.

IF you have a few hundred dollars for investment without services in a new toy manufactory offering unusual profit possibilities, call between 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. at Valentine Sandberg & Co., Inc., 512 West 36th St.

BUSINESS man with $10,000, to take half interest in established manufacturing corporation that shows good returns; references essential. Reply ALSCO, Room 58, 391 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

WELL-ESTABLISHED State agency, popular make automobile, operating at any profit, would sell half interest; $10,000 required. E 1113 Times Harlem.

MAN, able to invest $10,000, can become equal partner in established shoe concern; outside man preferred. B 732 Times Downtown.

ACTIVE MAN with capital for established general automobile thru, supply and storage business, owning entire building; $25,000 to $50,000 needed. P. H., 107 Times.

PARTNER wanted, with $5,000 or more, to invest in well-established and rapidly growing concern; big prospects for quick returns; principals only. T 436 Times.

ATTORNEY or executive as treasurer international organization; $10,000 required concludes European business netting $100,000. Y 2305 Times Annex.

PROMINENT manufacturer desires partner who can invest from $5,000 to $10,000; must be experienced salesman in the fancy leather goods line. H 994 Times Downtown.

WANTED $11,000 for first mortgage on property in order to arrange development. S 208 Times.

PARTNER wanted with $5,000-$10,000 for Florida orange grove enterprise. Address P. O. Box 447, City Hall Station, New York.

FURRIERS' supply house desires additional capital; expanding business; good opportunity. F 575 Times.

MANUFACTURING concern wants $2,000; short time; amply secured by machinery and equipment. B 1005 Times Harlem.

WILL pay $3,500 July 1, 1921, for loan of $2,500; ample security offered. H 896 Times Downtown.

PARTNER with $5,000 for half interest in a growing business exchange; must give full time to business. M., L., 42 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

EXECUTIVE MANAGER—FIRM HAVING A SUBSIDIARY COMPANY MANUFACTURING AN ARTICLE USED IN ONE OF OUR LARGE INDUSTRIES, DESIRES TO FIND A MAN OF GOOD BUSINESS ABILITY, TO TAKE OVER THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS SUBIDIARY COMPANY AND INVEST A SUBSTANTIAL AMOUNT OF CAPITAL; THE PRODUCT MANUFACTURED IS IMPORTED IN THE UNITED STATES TO THE EXTENT OF $5,000,000 ANNUALLY; THIS COMPANY SERVES AN INDUSTRY CONSUMING THIS MATERIAL TO THE EXTENT OF $10,000,000 ANNUALLY; THE DEMAND IS CONSTANTLY GROWING; ONLY A MAN OF PRUDENCE, INTEGRITY AND GOOD BUSINESS JUDGMENT WILL BE INTRUSTED WITH THE OPERATION AND EXPANSION OF THIS SUBSIDIARY COMPANY. Y 2232 TIMES ANNEX.

A VERY PROFITABLE INVESTMENT FOR ACTIVE PARTIES.

A high class expert food product man, experienced as manufacturer, buyer and seller, head of organization, thorough business man, has shown big success and knows how to make money in domestic and export business; has just reorganized and willing to take one or two parties in with capital of about $50,000 or $100,000.

Located in heart of business district; willing to give all necessary information as to the reason for taking in a few additional partners; no agents or brokers; strictly confidential. Answer S 661 Times Downtown.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY
for high-class gentleman with wide acquaintance, well connected, as special or active partner with present head of Christian firm in profitable and artistic business, established twenty years, located 5th Av. district; resources $25,000 to $50,000; initial investment $5,000 to $10,000; balance later when satisfied; serious proposition; no curiosity seekers. S 490 Times, or telephone Plaza 2135.

WANTED, capital to manufacture and market over 200,000,000 feet of hardwood timber indigenous to Pacific Coast of Central America, among which are mahogany, Spanish cedar, guanacaste, cinicero, and many other kinds of great value in great demand as lumber or railroad ties; exceeds 75,000 acres in area on harbor, with river and railroad through land, making transportation facilities ideal. For information and interview address Y 2206 Times Annex.

MATURE business executive, fully experienced, owning a recognized and well advertising agency, with separate subsidiary fine printing department and attractive offices, wants congenial associate with $5,000-$10,000 to assist in expanding and developing well-founded business having splendid prospects; corporate shares; fine opportunity for forward looking man to get into business for self; fullest investigation courted. S 440 Times.

CHAIN STORES.
women's wear, well organized and established, running stores; conservative management of highest repute, finds many excellent opportunities offered for expansion with boom times ahead in our lines for those getting in early, desires aid of two experienced executives, technical knowledge unnecessary, to invest $25,000, take active interest, all sharing equally. Confidential, P 372 Times.

BUILDING INDUSTRY is the only one today that can't keep up with demand; we have established business installing patented, fully approved fireproof construction that saves money; contracts signed ahead; closing others right along; we need $5,000, with services, in order to handle increase of business. B 374 Times.

ACTIVE partner $10,000 to $25,000; electric appliances and supplies; for expansion. C 301 Times.

PARTY wanted with $5,000 to $15,000, for State, county or city representative for manufacturer of greatest product of its kind made; protected by patent; highest references furnished; exclusive rights given; active or silent investor; large yearly returns assured, besides liberal salary if active. B 387 Times.

WE HAVE a completely equipped weaving plant adapted for weaving all kinds of narrow fabrics standing absolutely idle; if there is some young man with lots of experience in the weaving line, who has a little capital and wants to get in business for himself, we think we can offer him the opportunity. Y 2260 Times Annex.

PARTNER with $50,000 to $75,000 wanted by New York branch of old-established London import and export merchants with important and widespread eastern connections; gentlemen with knowledge of the produce market preferred, although not absolutely necessary; principals only. Y 2278 Times Annex.

TRUCKMAN—Man with $2,500 to take active part. D 14 Times.

A PROGRESSIVE New England corporation, established 1906, manufacturing staple products, having worldwide markets, desires to increase its capital $150,000; the firm's reputation is beyond reproach, both in trade and bank circles, and will endure most rigid investigation. Y 2275 Times Annex.

MANUFACTURER with factory in Bronx who has invested $40,000 in a staple business wishes partner (business man) with about $20,000 on a 50 per cent. sharing basis; this money to be used for the running of business; at present owner has invested his all; no broker or schemers need apply J 302 Times.

A WELL-ESTABLISHED, PROSPERING MANUFACTURING BUSINESS DESIRES ADDITIONAL CAPITAL FOR EXPANSION OWING TO SUCCESSFUL PATENTED PRODUCT; OPPORTUNITY FOR HALF OR SUBSTANTIAL INTEREST, WITH SERVICES, TO INVESTOR. G 272 TIMES.

EXCEPTIONAL opportunity is offered to party with $50,000 to invest in the manufacturing of an article of superior merit for which there is an international demand; unlimited possibilities for very handsome profits; the advertiser will exchange the highest commercial and bank references. A 542 Times.

BUSINESS MEN WITH CAPITAL IN CLOSE CORPORATION, ACTIVE OR OTHERWISE; HOLDING EXCLUSIVE CONTRACTS; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY; WILL BEAR CLOSEST INVESTIGATION. P 379 TIMES.

WELL ESTABLISHED and successful manufacturing company wants to interest party with $50,000 or more capital by a division of the profits; excellent opportunity for a young man of means and character. Y 2267 Times Annex.

CAPITAL WANTED.
Wanted, $400,000 to $500,000, 3-5 years, secured by first mortgage on choice, improved, good income Brooklyn property; appraised $1,000,000; liberal compensation; principals only. L 267 Times.

WILL SELL controlling interest in company manufacturing storage batteries; am unable to adequately finance it and must give attention to other long-neglected business interests; $50,000 cash required. Y 2268 Times Annex.

WELL-ESTABLISHED company manufacturing staple goods for big jobbers and retailers, has opening for well recommended young man with manufacturing experience and $5,000 to $10,000 capital; state age, experience, &c. V 733 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED.

MANUFACTURER OF HIGH-GRADE FACTORY AND RESIDENTIAL FENCE WITH A NATIONAL REPUTATION WANTS A SALES MANAGER thoroughly familiar with the fence business who has the will and energy to make good; to such a man the company offers an attractive proposition; it is willing to arrange form of financial interest in the business, up to $25,000 if the man fills its want, although the position is not contingent upon his investment, which privilege is extended to insure the interest of the man in the welfare of the business; give full particulars with first letter. Address V 720 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

MACHINE WORK WANTED; SHOP HAS EXCEPTIONAL EQUIPMENT FOR MANUFACTURING MACHINERY OR PARTS, LARGE AND SMALL; LET US QUOTE ON YOUR WORK. PFEIFER HANSEN MACHINE CO., MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.

EASTERN REPRESENTATIVE.
Distributing and sales organization with offices and stockrooms in New York would consider representing firm on commission producing articles of merit; state full details. E. R., 1,356 Broadway.

WE WANT something to sell in Minnesota; our offices are in St. Paul and Minneapolis; must have exclusive agency; if you want a high-class Northwest representation, with real sales volume, address A 501 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE—Energetic, experienced business man, 33 years old, expert salesman, who is in a position to produce quick results, desires representation of large manufacturer for domestic and export market. F 776 Times Downtown.

OPPORTUNITY for woman of refinement with $10,000 cash to purchase interest in a small, fashionable hotel and restaurant and assume duties as hostess at the banquets and other public functions; references required; appointment for interview by letter. F 788 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS' practice wanted; established firm of certified public accountants in New York wishes to purchase practice of accountant retiring from business; all communications held confidential. B 766 Times Downtown.

LINOTYPE SERVICE.
Printers, send us your job work and we will show you what real linotype service means: 6 to 60 point on slugs; anything from letterhead to 1,000-page mail order catalogue; ball journals as low as $1 per page. Singer Linotyping Co., 124 White St.

EXCLUSIVE sales rights in greater New York for auto storage battery; $10,000 cash for 10-year franchise; live wire can earn up to $100,000 per year; company will back you with advertising, &c.; unusual opportunity. Y 2285 Times Annex.

LET US DO YOUR MANUFACTURING.
We have a modern, equipped plant for all kinds of metal stampings, japanning, nickel-plating, wire forming, &c.; it will pay you to communicate with us at once. P. O. Box 285, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

REPRESENTATIVE
handling a line of labor-saving machinery for metal fabricating industry wants additional line; have 20 years' experience; best reference. Address C. A. A., 891 Ridge St., Newark, N. J.

WANTED, factory or importer's line in drug, sundry or specialties in any line for Pacific Coast; commission basis; no contract. A. A. Bassett, 415 Jones St., San Francisco, Cal.

SALES ENGINEER, resourceful, with executive ability, will be in San Juan, Porto Rico, and vicinity first ten days January with leisure to discharge commercial or personal mission requiring direct personal contact. F 774 Times Downtown.

SAN FRANCISCO—Firm with sales organization desires several lines other than wearing apparel or textiles, on commission basis, for Pacific Coast; representative now in New York; bank and business references offered and required. L 230 Times.

DISTRIBUTORS wanted, for territorial rights throughout States for newly patented automotive accessory; excellent opportunity for men able to organize. Mitchell & Livingston, Mohawk Bldg., 160 5th Av.

MANUFACTURERS agency available, individual or corporation, handling sanitary supplies or druggist specialties preferable; big seller. Sanitant Manufacturing Co., 221 West 58th St., New York.

MACHINE SHOP is looking for manufacturing proposition, tool, die, instrument and experimental work; will design, develop and finance new ideas. Community Machine and Tool Works, 122 Centre St.

SALES AGENCIES by manufacturer of high grade food products; preferably organizations familiar with grocery, bakery, confectionery, ice cream and soda fountain trades; territory not limited to New York. Crescent Laboratories, Norristown, Pa.

AGENCY—CANADA.
Aggressive and experienced young man desires to represent manufacturer or importer in Montreal, Canada; highest personal and bank references given. M 290 Times.

GLOVE SILK UNDERWEAR.
Manufacturer, with thorough knowledge and experience, open for connection with reliable concern. M 297 Times.

AN EXCEPTIONAL opportunity to buy a popular restaurant on a busy thoroughfare, doing about $2,400 a week; $34,000, terms. Barnett, 11 East 125th.

PROMINENT dry goods broker desires cooperation; can submit good proposition. S 603 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, ability, energetic, credentials, leavingfor Los Angeles Jan. 1, open for sound business proposition. B 350 Times.

LEAVING next week for Pacific Coast, permanently; will entertain handling bona fide proposition requiring energy and ability. Executive, A 532 Times.

LIVE SALES ORGANIZATION CALLING ON FACTORIES AND MILLS IN NEW YORK STATE FROM ALBANY WEST OPEN FOR ANOTHER LINE. D 11 TIMES.

SALESMEN (3) COVERING FACTORIES NEW YORK STATE WEST OF ALBANY WISH TO ADD A LINE EQUIPMENT PREFERRED. D 10 TIMES.

OPPORTUNITY for two young men able to make small investment in manufacturing concern and manage branch stores. A 1051 Times Harlem.

BUSINESS now established, narrow fabrics, braids, laces; cater cutting-up trades and jobbers; seek connection with man experienced same or kindred lines. L 179 Times.

GOING TO EUROPE.
Business man leaving for France, Germany, Czeckoslovakia will serve in any commercial or confidential capacity. L 280 Times.

WANTED—Sales organization to handle our garters and suspenders on commission; mention territory traveled. Everybody's Garter Co., Floral Park, N. Y.

ATTORNEY visiting London, Paris, principal continental cities, will execute commissions, form connections. B 382 Times.

CORPORATIONS organized and financed; advice on business matters. Fischer & Sey, 147 4th Av. Stuyvesant 6382.

SALES ENGINEER will market chemical or mechanical specialty; promote if necessary; describe. N 192 Times.

WANTED—Exclusive sales of patented article suitable for mail order business; two experienced business men. A 470 Times.

SALES MANAGER with New York office desires to represent reliable concern. A 521 Times.

MACHINE DESIGNER and industrial engineer of wide experience offers services. Edward Roberts, 48 East 41st.

SALABLE article wanted to manufacture in small factory, partnership basis. Address Box 1284, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WELL-ESTABLISHED wholesale drug house desires partner with capital. H 989 Times Downtown.

WILL exchange Brazilian funds for European money balances or merchandise; what have you to offer? S 648 Times Downtown.

PRACTICAL business man, accountant, will invest $1,500, services, legitimate proposition. E 1204 Times Bronx.

BROKER wants clean industrial stock proposition; have office and organization. B 770 Times Downtown.

AMERICAN business man in Germany will act as agent for exporters or negotiate other business. J. N., 3,625 Broadway.

MANAGER Wanted—Competent manager, partner for lecturing tour. K 235 Times.

WANTED—Commercial hotel, to lease or purchase. Shaw, Box 777, Stamford, Conn.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

AN EXCEPTIONAL opportunity is offered a capable business man of financial standing and business ability to become interested in and assume management of the distribution of a nationally advertised and well known motor truck in Northern New Jersey; truck well established and operated in fleets throughout territory; service and sales station centrally located on long lease; only responsible, qualified party need apply. Address L. M., Box 130, Times Downtown.

THE GRAND RAPIDS BRASS COMPANY WILL GIVE EXCLUSIVE SALES RIGHTS TO AN ORGANIZATION IN NEW YORK AND VICINITY, PREPARED TO SELL DIRECT TO AUTOMOBILE OWNERS, THE THULLEN SIGNAL AND TAIL LIGHT; ELECTRICALLY CONTROLLED, AND TELLS THE DRIVER BEHIND JUST WHAT YOU ARE GOING TO DO BEFORE YOU DO IT; NATIONALLY ADVERTISED IN MOTOR AGE; THE PARTY INTERESTED IN GETTING THIS VALUABLE SELLING FRANCHISE, IN EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY, ADDRESS
GRAND RAPIDS BRASS CO.,
7 EAST 42D ST., NEW YORK CITY.

A company with an exceptional record and whose earnings exceed half a million dollars, desire BROKERS AND SALESMEN located outside of New York City, WHO CAN SUCCESSFULLY HANDLE THEIR DIVIDEND-PAYING SECURITY.

Company will bear strictest investigation.

For information and particulars write Box W. A., 121 Times Downtown.

HOE CORPORATION, engineers and manufacturers of small and medium-sized special machines.
Our engineers will assist in design and development of machines if desired.
We make our own castings, both bronze and gray iron; have expert machinists and tool makers, forge, pattern department, sheet iron department, Japan and nickel plating. Hoe Corporation, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

BIGGER JOB WANTED—I stepped from $25 weekly to $3,000 a year in 11 months; have reached the limit of advancement in present position and am not content to go stale; excellent business and industrial experience; am 26 and married; I want to continue to advance; I believe that a man can accomplish anything he honestly wants to accomplish and I want your interest if you have a place for a new man in your business. Y 2291 Times Annex.

SALES AGENCY WANTED BY EXECUTIVES WITH 15 YEARS' SELLING EXPERIENCE IN ESTABLISHED BUSINESS, FOR FACTORY OR MILL MAKING STAPLE PRODUCT WITH PRESENT VOLUME AT LEAST $250,000 YEARLY AND CAPABLE OF EXPANSION; CAN FINANCE SELLING CAMPAIGN AND ACCOUNTS; WRITE PARTICULARS; HUSTLERS. L M 128 TIMES.

BIGGEST CHRISTMAS PRESENT TO ANY BUYER.
Restaurant long established; last year's business over $120,000; rent less than $2,500 per annum; 14 years' lease; price $30,000, cash $10,000.
Many other big bargains in restaurants, luncheonettes and confectionery stores. Sells, Equitable Building, New York.

EXECUTIVE, manager or representative; young American, good education, on account of present condition in maritime business, seeks connection with reliable firm who desires a competent and reliable man for executive work; has had wide experience and is well acquainted with foreign countries, and can go anywhere. Captain L. Rutherford, Hotel Latham, 28th St. and 5th Av., New York.

PLATING SHOP operated as a service department in large Brooklyn concern, has surplus facilities available to manufacturer who wishes to contract for silver, nickel, brass, copper and bronze plating, repairing and tinning. Motor truck delivery and direct rail connections. Quality work at reasonable prices. X 2425 Times Annex.

A FACTORY REPRESENTATIVE for popular priced standard storage battery wishes to place line with reliable New York parties; distributors covers Greater New York and surrounding territory; also in position to close territory in New England States, New York State and New Jersey. B 368 Times.

COMMERCIAL.
An out of town concern, nationally advertised, well tailored sport suits, wishes to make connections with a reliable concern as selling agents for their line for visiting buyers and New York City. Apply full details. Y 2201 Times Annex.

A HIGH-CLASS glove salesman, thoroughly familiar with men's, women's and children's fine gloves and with a goodly following in the retail trade, will secure information of an unusually attractive proposition by answering at once. Y 2271 Times Annex.

BOTTLERS' and brewers' supplies sales organization wanted for exclusive sales of new patented cap that feeds in all machinery; has extraordinary advantages; replies must state quantity yearly sold by you and territories covered; extraordinary inducements offered to financially responsible organization or individual. L 274 Times.

A MODISTE of quality and merit, with some following, can associate herself with party willing to finance the nucleus of a woman's custom gown business; references will be exchanged; all replies strictly confidential. Y 2070 Times Annex.

ADVERTISER will start you in the brokerage business if you know any of the following lines and are capable of starting such a department: novelties, jewelry, electrollers, &c.; applicants must prove their ability; for attention state experience and references. V 279 Times.

OPPORTUNITY with New York firm interior decorators for experienced salesman understanding fitting up private residences; familiar upholstery fabrics; good following with architects and private clientele; salary and commission; A-1 references; no curiosity seekers; apply by letter stating age and experience. S 891 Times.

FOR SALE.

STEAMSHIP TICKET AGENCY,
possessing agencies of all steamship lines and the American Express Co., with a very good clientele, well known, near New York, for sale, together with adjoining dry goods store. B 745 Times Downtown.

OLD food products factory, showing enormous profits; sell for $25,000 or take partner; bought bigger concern. B 773 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE—Well-established tire business, Brooklyn and Long Island territory; only small amount of cash required; leaving city. N 783 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE—An old established, well known, job bookbinding establishment, fully equipped; owner retiring; fine opportunity for the right person. Y 2286 Times Annex.

FURNISHED HOUSE, West 70s, 15 rooms; straight lease; $400 monthly profit; $2,500 required. Winters, 123 West 43d.

GARAGE, commercial, direct from owner; no brokers; selling on account of illness; large profits; big sacrifice. K 238 Times.

SHOE STORE for sale; well established, doing good business; principals only; $20,000 spot cash. W 1201 Times Bronx.

LARGE, modern bakery and pastry shop, upper west side; splendid opportunity, owner wishing to retire. F 250 Times.

A HANDSOME house, electric light, telephone; all or part fine furniture with lease; bargain. 228 West 70th.

PRINTER'S opportunity; $50,000 plant offered for $30,000 to settle estate. Address Box 125, 217 7th Av.

GOOD manufacturing business, jellies, jams and marmalade; established wholesale trade. A 1046 Times Harlem.

LUNCH ROOM seating capacity 200; daily receipts $600. Achilles Namos, 1,416 Broadway. Bryant 5308.

AUTO trimming, harness shop combined; two men, Greater N. Y.; successful; $2,500 cash; no dealers. Y 2283 Times Annex.

BRONX—Modern factory, four Singer machines, individual motors; light airy; reasonable; rent $90. J 309 Times.

MILLINERY shop for sale, A-1 location; reasonable; owner leaving town. B 403 Times.

MONEY advanced on notes and trade acceptances, open accounts and other good securities. V 699 Times Downtown.

PATENT for sale outright; burglar tray; $500; working model. P 385 Times.

GARAGE for sale, now under construction; 100x100. 515-17 West 130th. Wm. Barwood.

FOR SALE.

PRINTING AND PUBLISHING PLANT, completely equipped, for sale at sacrifice in Central New England prosperous city. This is an unusual opportunity to acquire a going business at a bargain figure. Four cylinders, seven jobbers, two linotypes, complete assortment of type (the issue of type and type metal), Cleveland folder, wire stitchers, electric drives, &c. Plenty of business on hand and obtainable. Plant would inventory over $20,000 at fair valuation. Can be purchased for considerable reduction from this figure. P. S., Box K, Essex Station, Boston.

ONE OF THE MOST EXCLUSIVE LADIES' SPECIALTY GOWN SHOPS, LONG ESTABLISHED, AI LOCATION BROADWAY, RENT $5,000, DOING BUSINESS OF APPROXIMATELY $100,000 ANNUALLY, WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY; WORTH WHILE INVESTIGATING; OWNER HAS OTHER INTERESTS; NO BROKERS; PRINCIPALS ONLY. P 384 TIMES.

IN DAYTON OHIO,
the finest and best town in the southern part of the State, a complete and up-to-the-minute delicatessen store, with nice clean stock and attractive features, located in the best residential section of the city; business will average annually $75,000; price $13,000, $8,000 cash, balance monthly; other interesting business propositions of merit. Write Sam Karpf, 508-504 Reibold Building, Dayton, Ohio.

FOR SALE—Cloak and suit store, in town of 25,000, 100 miles from Chicago; splendid location, main business street; new, modern front, new fixtures throughout; room 30x165 ft.; rent $167, including heat; lease has four more years, option ten years' renewal; business established 11 years; owner recently died; will sell lease and fixtures for $5,500 cash. Y 2239 Times Annex.

THEATRE, pictures and vaudeville, Greater New York; capacity 1,700 seats; most beautiful modern theatre; average profits through the year $1,000 a week and over; trial granted; full investigation invited; $75,000 cash necessary; exceptional opportunity for a business man. Kriger, 1,482 Broadway.

REAL OPPORTUNITY—$300 cash, by long-established high grade correspondence school; only one of its kind; copyright protection; big money-maker; little expense; entire or part time; experience unnecessary; books open, price low, terms easy. S 660 Times Downtown.

WHOLESALE BUSINESS IN SOUTH
FOR SALE—Well-established wholesale business in Georgia; well-established trade, ample stock and equipment, low rent, ideal climate; can be handled for $20,000. Apply Dec. 18, 19 or 20 to N. T. Sayre, Hotel McAlpin, New York City.

FOR SALE—Country department store; stock of clothing and furnishings and building suitable for department store in rich agricultural section New York State; stock all fresh; minimum capital necessary, $15,000. Y 2244 Times Annex.

WILL SELL gown shop, well-established business, Broadway, near 91st St.; two-year lease, rent $75; owner's reason for selling, lack of time for adequate attention, as has other stores. Write only, Elias, 280 Riverside Drive.

200,000 SQ. FT. modern manufacturing plant for sale; best industrial district; can be obtained at pre-war prices. Immediate possession. Cross & Brown Co., Industrial Department, 18 East 41st St., New York.

NEEDLE WORK TRADE can secure out of town plant, 40,000 sq. ft., for much less than actual value; plenty of trained labor unorganized; immediate possession. Cross & Brown Co., Industrial Department, 18 East 41st St., New York.

HOTEL (apartments); 450 rooms, wonderfully situated; reasonable rental; will dispose at sacrifice price; excellent condition; shows over $100,000 annual profits; $100,000 necessary; terms arranged; includes furniture. Mortimer, 88 Times.

WHOLESALE COFFEE AND TEA PACKING PLANT, LONG ESTABLISHED, FOR SALE ACCOUNT OWNER RETIRING. WRITE, STATING PHONE NUMBER, W. S., BOX 47, 1,329 3D AV.

CAPABLE young man of good character able to invest $5,000 to $10,000; can make advantageous connection with sound and highly profitable manufacturing business. H 993 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE—Hotel lease, 21 years, 85 rooms, and baths; all outside; busy thoroughfare; clearing $20,000 yearly profit; including stores, or will lease hotel part; $17,000 cash needed. Ryder, 35 East 27th St.

CHEMICAL PLANT or warehouse; 40,000 sq. ft.; railroad siding; possession, $20,000 cash, balance yearly payments. Cross & Brown Co., Industrial Department, 18 East 41st St., New York.

MANUFACTURER'S opportunity to secure modern fireproof, sprinkled building recently erected in Newark, N. J.; must sell. Cross & Brown Co., Industrial Department, 18 East 41st St., New York.

GARAGE, MANHATTAN.
Old established, 300 cars now; 18-year lease; fireproof; large income; $20,000 cash; exceptional opportunity. Crowe, Times Building.

GARAGES AND LEASES.
Manhattan, Bronx, Brooklyn, Jersey; capacity 25 to 300 cars; profits $500 to $2,000 monthly; $3,000 upward. Crowe, Times Bldg.

HATAKAWANNA INN, Budd Lake, N. J. 50-room Summer resort; large garage, bungalow and other buildings; excellent condition. Address Lambert R. Oeder, 631 East 168th St., N. Y. City.

RESTAURANT.
Just off Times Square; 10 years' lease; excellent proposition; best selling reasons; investigate. Winters, 125 West 43d.

WAIST JOBBER with established trade wants to sell business or will consider partner, on account of going to Europe. S 401 Times.

SILK manufacturing plant for sale, 200 looms; excellent location. Cross & Brown Co., Industrial Department, 18 East 41st St., New York.

ATTRACTIVELY furnished 21-room house, six baths, rent $458. Income $1,174; steam heat, electricity; Riverside Drive; lease four years. Farrell, 1,482 B'way, Room 303.

OWING to death of principal, for sale, profitable retail business of 22 years' standing; $25,000 in cash required; principals only. S 398 Times.

HOTELS, APARTMENT HOUSES,
restaurants, lunchrooms; receipts $80 to $1,200 daily; all sections; large incomes; terms arranged. Crowe, Times Building.

ESTABLISHED candy store on Broadway, beautifully fitted, modern manufacturing facilities; profitable; opportunity man, wife. F 750 Times Downtown.

FIVE STORES, 8-room house, with or without going hardware business, heart of Amityville, one hour Manhattan. Executor, V 762 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED Room House For Sale—Finely furnished house, West 70th St.; 18 rooms, 3 baths; rental $2,000; bargain. Ernest T. Bower, 271 West 125th St.

OWING to sudden illness lady will sell high class furnished room business in choice locality; no brokers. Phone forenoons, Morningside 2833.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WE WILL BUY
going business; not necessarily one of large proportions, but one that is at present operating and which is capable of being developed; only propositions of real merit considered; reply in confidence, giving particulars. S 443 Times.

HOTEL for sale, Asbury Park; 82 rooms; overlooking Boardwalk; furnished complete, linen, silverware, electric washing machine, elevator; price of property and furnishings $40,000; $8,000 cash. Others for sale and lease. Cusack, 176 West 72d.

GARAGE, finest locality; shows $25,000 yearly profits; will rent reasonable to right party; about $30,000 necessary. For further particulars address Berwick, 44 Times.

FURNISHED HOUSE, 15 rooms, electricity; 3 years' straight lease; reasonable rent; large income; $8,000 required. Cusack, 176 West 72d.

33 ROOMS, high class boarding house, West 80's; electricity; rent $690; income $2,500 per month; straight lease; price $17,500; easy terms. Cusack, 176 West 72d.

TOY DEALERS—STATIONERY STORES
For sale, immediate delivery, all kinds of Toys, from dozen up; low prices. Telephone Broad 1429.

LARGE, light loft, near subway, elevated and surface lines. 180 Charles St., near Hudson St. Watkins 4683.

WANTED, patent of merit; will buy or finance. Write M. A., 830 Presbyterian Bldg.

MILLINERY space for rent in smart dress shop on Broadway in 90s. S 400 Times.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A MONEY-MAKING ADVERTISING SERVICE NEEDS ACTIVE MAN.
A syndicate advertising service that has been approved and used by newspapers and advertisers all over the country wants active man of integrity and proven ability as Vice President and General Manager or Sales Director; investment of $2,000 to $5,000 to give strong representation in corporation of small capitalization; letters from prominent newspaper men endorse the idea as the only really successful one; service now in operation in number of cities; this is an excellent opportunity for right type of man to permanently associate himself with a substantial concern with very excellent earning power. T 537 Times.

SALES MANAGER with $5,000 can secure active interest with concern greatly extending its output; patented for saving hardware specialties of universal utility; investment secured and promptly returned; bank references; particulars at interview; principals only. S 647 Times Downtown.

FOR RENT, a modern theatre and hotel, under construction; theatre has 1,687 seating capacity, hotel 75 rooms with restaurant and roof garden; one of the city; lessee must have $125,000 for investment for the theatre and hotel $60,000. Apply Henry Shenberger, Easton, Pa.

BUSINESS LOANS.

If you have the ability
to increase your sales,
but have not the capital,
WE CAN FURNISH FUNDS
to assist you.
T 154 Times.

DISCOUNTS, loans on machinery, merchandise, rents, shipments, accounts, marketable collateral; acceptances, notes bought. Koehler, 45 West 34th, Suite 1200. Call 12 to 2.

LOANS on commercial paper and other collateral; money advanced against merchandise in warehouse, customers' notes, bills receivable to estates; data absolutely confidential. C 27 Times.

MONEY advanced upon machinery trade acceptances. Apply H. Wlodaver, 230 Grand St.

CASH ADVANCED ON OPEN ACCOUNTS, TRADE ACCEPTANCES AND NOTES PURCHASED. CAPITAL, 317 TIMES.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

GO AFTER OUT-OF-TOWN BUSINESS. USE THIS $12 "TRY-OUT" LIST.
Circulation 2,850,000.
Nearly 1,000,000 Readers.
Your 24-word Agents, Salesmen or Help Wanted ad. inserted one time in entire list, $12; each additional six words, $3.
Your 24-word Financial, Business Opportunity, Real Estate or For Sale ad. inserted one time in entire list, $14; each additional six words, $3.50.

Chicago Tribune (or	New York Times)
Buffalo Courier	Philadelphia Inquirer
Pittsburgh Dispatch	St. Louis Post-Dispatch
Indianapolis Star	Cincinnati Enquirer
Denver News	Kansas City Journal
San Francisco Chronicle	

ARKENBERG SPECIAL AGENCY,
703 World Building. Phone 2252 Beekman.
Chicago Office, 1124 Lytton Building.
Bulletin Listing 630 Newspapers, also Special Financial List, MAILED FREE.

PATENTS—Write for our illustrated Guide Book and EVIDENCE OF CONCEPTION BLANK. Send model or sketch and description for our free opinion of its patentable nature. HIGHEST REFERENCES; PROMPT SERVICE; REASONABLE TERMS. VICTOR J. EVANS & CO., 1007 Woolworth Building, New York City. Phone Barclay 6171. Main Office, 807 9th, Washington, D. C.

HOW TO SELL YOUR STOCK
Quickly, at Little Expense.
Numerous clients have raised thousands of dollars in a single week through my "Direct-way" Stock Selling Campaigns; these include a scientifically prepared stock prospectus, follow-up investment letters, names of investors and detailed plan; established reputation; 25th year. Rosenblum, Advertising Expert, 1,482 Broadway (42d). Bryant 2653.

PATENTS procured, trade mar

The Merchant's Point of View

THERE are many who, comparing present prices of commodities with what they were a year or so ago, feel sure that the deflation process has about run its course. The better informed, and those whose matured judgment is based on more varied experience, do not concur in this belief. Values are relative, those of any of the standard commodities being translatable at certain ratios in terms of the others. Under normal circumstances a bushel of wheat, for example, is the equivalent of a certain number of yards of cloth, of pounds of iron and steel or beef or a percentage of the cost of a pair of shoes, and the like. The purchasing power remains fairly constant, only subject to the law of demand and supply. This is the orderly and normal condition, such as was the case before the European turmoil upset all world markets. All kinds of disturbing factors have since come in to disarrange, not only values in general, but also the proportion which the value of any one commodity bears to any or all of the others. This has been particularly noticeable since prices began to recede. If the reduction in value of the various necessaries of life had been uniform, the deflation process would go on without jar or shock, and business would have accommodated itself readily to the new levels. But this is exactly what has not happened or is happening. A few raw materials, like silk, fur, wool and cotton led the way. This was at one end of the line. At the other was a sudden stop to the orgy of extravagance in buying and the substitution therefor of a very rigid economy even in essentials. Here was a case of the upper and the nether millstones between which producers and manufacturers were subjected to the grinding process that must ultimately lead to the parity of values of the necessaries of life.

***

Deflation Is in Operation.

In most the changed conditions, those in the primary markets began to sell at lower prices with a view to stimulating buying and they kept on urging retailers to do the same. The latter in many instances have been very reluctant to do this because of the losses which such a course would entail. Some of them doubted that price cuts would be followed by enough extra buying to warrant the risk. One thing that seemed to confirm this view was that the decrease in the prices of textiles, shoes, and other apparel was not reflected in those of the foodstuffs. As the cost of the latter is anywhere from two-fifths up of the usual expenditures of a family, it was felt that unless this expense was reduced the public's purchasing power or inclination would not be quickened. Latterly, however, there has begun a reduction in the prices of food which promises to continue until they are at least proportionately as low as the other commodities. This is somewhat encouraging. It would be more so were it not for the fact that the reduction has been so long deferred and did not come until after many factories had to be shut down for lack of orders due to the public's cessation of buying which, in turn, was caused by its inability to pay the high cost of food and big much else besides. The unemployment which resulted has reduced the purchasing power of operatives, and the lessened prices for farm products has done the same for the agricultural section of the people. So here are two large portions of the population whose buying capacity is likely to remain curtailed for a while.

***

Readjustment of Labor Cost.

In the readjustment to lower cost levels it was inevitable that the item of labor would be reached in due course. Perhaps, logically, this ought not to be attended to until after living costs had been reduced. But the advantages obtained by labor in many industries during the boom times were not confined to the getting of higher wages. Working hours were reduced, and there was also a limitation of output, due to slothfulness, that added to labor cost. If commodities prices are to be reduced, every element affecting them must bear its share of the reduction. In quite a number of industries, notably the textiles, the pre-war wages were conceded to be inadequate, and no return to anything like the old scale is possible. The New England textile manufacturers determined, the other day, on a reduction of 22½ per cent. from those now prevailing. This will still leave the workers about 50 per cent. ahead of what they were getting six years ago. Wage cuts in other lines run from 10 per cent. upward. Taken all together, these reductions in earning power affect several millions of the population. The immediate effect of these reductions is to emphasize the need of economy, and this will be shown in the curtailment of buying until the general lowering of prices brings about a greater purchasing power for the same amount of money. This will tend to hasten a return to lower values of commodities in general use. Upon how long this will take will depend the question of when business will again pick up and become stable. If the process is not interfered with by ill-considered legislation the period of uncertainty will be comparatively brief.

***

Legislation to Uphold Prices.

It so happens, however, that a number of interests have joined forces to prevent the operation of the law of supply and demand and to force prices up to higher levels. Grain farmers and wool and cotton growers, among others, are besieging Congress to close this market to foreign products and, at the same time, to extend aid or credit toward opening up foreign outlets. Their propositions involve inflation of credits, tariffs on foodstuffs and the raw materials of the textiles, and even an embargo for a year on grain and wool. While the last mentioned of these received scant attention because of its manifest absurdity, it is now said to have a chance of being adopted. An alternative is to have temporary duties so high as to act as a virtual embargo. The tariff advocates are at least honest in one thing. They assert that the placing of duties on grain, wool and the like is for the purpose of raising the prices of these articles in this country. In other words, the consumers here will have to pay more when these duties are imposed. It used to be argued that the "foreigner pays the tax." That pretense has, at least, been abandoned. In this case, the foreigner will get his food, wool, &c., obtained from other countries than this, for less than will the people here. How this can enure to the benefit of foreign commerce is a puzzle. It certainly is likely to lead to reprisals from countries which now take much of American products, like Canada, Australia, Argentina and others. The effect on the people of this country, resulting from an increase in the cost of necessaries, will be to decrease still further their purchasing power, check the trend to lower price levels, and so prolong the period of business dullness. The laws of trade should be let alone.

***

Protecting the Dye Industry.

In the list of things which the Committee of Ways and Means of the House of Representatives is to hold hearings on with a view to tariff action, the first place is given to the chemical schedule. This includes the much-controverted matter of protection to the dye industry. There is every disposition, regardless of party politics, to deal justly with this subject because it is recognized that the industry is a "key" one, on which are dependent many others. It has often been erroneously asserted that a dye industry was necessary in order to provide such munitions of war as explosives and poison gases. This was, however, refuted in the testimony given before congressional committees. But there is a strong case made out for making this country independent of all others for its supplies of dyestuffs without taking into account the matter of defense in case of war. The only thing to consider is how this can best be accomplished without unduly taxing the people of this country and without enabling a few dyemakers to amass colossal fortunes at their expense. A well-defined cleavage in opinion has been shown as to the means by which this result may be achieved. On the one hand are those who believe in admitting under license such dyes as are not made here at all or which are not made in sufficient quantity to supply the needs, or those which are not sold at fair and reasonable prices. Others, however, wish a series of regular tariff duties to prevent underselling here by foreign concerns. In the framing of the Payne-Aldrich Tariff act, the placing of duties on dyes was fought by the highly protected textile interests on the ground that this would add much to the cost of fabrics. But this contention has been shown to be absurd, the value of the amount of dye entering into a yard of fabric being practically negligible. With pretense and politics eliminated, there ought to be little difficulty in framing a measure of protection for dyes that will give general satisfaction.

***

Cotton Supplies and Cotton Fabrics.

Whatever hopes the holders of cotton may entertain as to the effects of their efforts to raise the price of what they have to sell, no reflection of them appeared in the quotations in the exchanges during the past week. Not much comfort could be extracted from the official data issued by the Census Bureau. These showed that the crop of nearly 13,000,000 bales was the biggest since 1914. With the large carryover, this means about 19,000,000 bales. Meanwhile, the consumption of cotton in the domestic mills has been constantly lessening. Last month these mills used 332,057 bales, as against 399,837 in October and 490,695 in November last year. The active spindles in November were about 2,000,000 less than in October. Abroad, especially in Great Britain and Japan, there is a similar reduction in the consumption of cotton. The goods market shows at times a fitful activity, but there is no continuance of demand. The uncertainty of prices is the main cause of the inactivity. No sooner is a price set for a fabric than intimations are had that it may be had at a lower one under certain conditions. Now that it has been determined to cut down labor costs in the mills, it is stated that prices are to be fixed so as to stay so for a few months. Wholesale dry goods men and cotton goods selling agents had a conference on the matter the other day and came to the determination that this should be done within the next fortnight. This will probably lead to business in the finished fabrics. In knit goods the only indication still is that Spring openings will be late and that not much business is expected. More inquiry is manifest as to hosiery, but in both kinds of knitted wear price concessions will be very apparent.

***

As to Wool and Woolens.

Troubles of wool holders seem to increase rather than lessen with time. A reason for this is that sheep all over the world insist on keeping on growing it despite the vast supplies available, and all the wool buyers know it. In Great Britain most of the Government-owned wool has to be withdrawn from the auction sales for lack of bidders, although the reserve, or upset, prices are being made lower. In this country some of the domestic clip is being disposed of at the prevailing low prices. The Government is to offer at auction in Boston on Dec. 30 about 3,400,000 pounds, nearly all of which is of low grade which does not come into competition with domestic supplies. The consumption of wool, which at this time of year should be rather high, seems to be constantly decreasing. In October, the last month for which figures are available, it was 38,510,000 pounds in the grease, which is about 200,000 pounds less than in September and 31,000,000 pounds less than in October, 1919. The total for the first ten months of the year is 526,417,000 pounds. The main occurrence in the goods market during the week was the sale at auction by the American Woolen Company of its entire holding of overcoatings, amounting to 8,869 pieces. The goods went at very low prices as compared with those made at the opening for the season. Spring fabrics, especially those for men's wear, are moving very slowly, due in great measure to the contest between the clothing manufacturers and the union. The best indications are that not much of them will be required even after this labor question is settled. Within a month or so interest will centre on the prices for the next heavyweight season, and this will be a real interest.

RAW SILK MARKETS.

A Firmer Tone Now Perceptible in Prices in All of Them.

Unchanged prices continued in the Yokohama raw silk market last week on the basis of 1,500 yen for Shishiu No. 1. Exchange, however, is still dropping. The visible stock at Yokohama, according to cables received in this city by A. P. Villa & Bros., Inc., is now estimated at 59,000 bales.

Canton continues firm, and several hundred bales were sold in the course of the week. The demand for these silks is increasing, and reelers will no longer offer concessions. The Shanghai market is firm for steam milatures, which have been bought in growing quantities lately, owing to the fact that they are lower than the corresponding grades in Japan. It is now impossible to obtain shipments of steam filatures before January or February.

In the market for Italian silks at Milan there is also a somewhat better demand, and quite a few transactions have taken place for American account. Most of the American buying was of the better grades of the coarse silks. The improvement, which began recently in the local market, continued throughout the week just closed. Manufacturers reported more sales than in the preceding week.

WITH THE MUSEUM MARK.

Scarfs Having It Manage to Sell Well, Though Expensive.

Designers, manufacturers and shopkeepers may learn from an industrial exhibition that is now being given in the Metropolitan Museum of Art that there is a great deal in a name. In one of the centre cases of the exhibit, every object in which has a design inspired by something in some of the Museum collections, there are shown men's silk scarfs and the material for making them. They are beautiful silks and the designs are attractive, but the uninitiated would not be able to connect them with Museum treasures.

To prove the connection the designer uses the Museum name on the little woven mark on the under side of the made scarfs. These go into many of the large shops, one of which advertised recently that scarfs of silk from Museum designs would be sold that morning. Now, the scarfs do not belong to a cheap line of neckwear. They sell at about $3.50, which is not a popular price for the average retail buyer, but between the hours of 9 and 10 A. M. that day the shop that advertised sold fifty dozen of the scarfs.

CREDENTIALS HAVE VALUE.

Especially for Those Visiting China on Business Errands.

Americans visiting China on business are urged by Commercial Attaché Arnold at Peking to come with proper credentials if they desire the assistance of the Government representatives. Mr. Arnold explains that the official commercial agencies are often placed in the embarrassing position of being called upon to render sucstantial assistance to persons concerning whom nothing satisfactory is known.

"There have been cases," he writes, "in which American officials have aided purported representatives of American firms, only to discover later that these individuals were not what they represented themselves to be, and the good name of our Government service in China suffered accordingly. We are not authorized to demand credentials from Americans coming to us for assistance but, if these credentials were presented, we should be in a better position to assist them than otherwise."

The credentials suggested by Mr. Arnold are properly executed powers of attorney, statements from responsible banking institutions, &c.

BRITISH SAMPLES EXHIBIT.

Designed to Show the Competition Offered by Foreigners.

Under the auspices of the British Department of Overseas Trade there has been opened in London a comprehensive foreign samples exhibition. The chief object of it, according to the American Chamber of Commerce in London, is to show British manufacturers just what competition they may expect from foreign producers. Each article shown, therefore, is ticketed with the date of purchase, price, credit terms and the country where it was bought.

The American Chamber reports that more than 100,000 samples are on display, they having come from Germany, Austria, the United States, Japan, China, France, Spain, Italy, Switzerland, &c. The samples include toys and fancy goods, boots and shoes, textiles, hosiery, jewelry, hardware and hollow-ware, dyes, soap, perfumery and other merchandise.

No Boycott of Japanese Goods.

Careful inquiry in Tientsin reveals that, at least as far as North China is concerned, any anti-Japanese boycott is practically nonexistent, and that little interest is shown on the part of influential Chinese to become associated with such a movement. It is noted, as an instance in connection with trade with Japan, that the supply of gray cotton sheeting to the Tientsin district has fallen from 50,000 to 5,000 bales annually, and, as the demand still exists, the assumption is that Japan is now suppying the difference.

Gray Goods Were Quiet.

The usual Saturday quiet prevailed in the local gray goods market yesterday. Some trading was done, of course, but it was mostly in printcloths. Sales of these goods, which were largely for delivery in the next four to six weeks, included 39-inch 68-72s at 9¼ cents, 38½-inch 64-60s at 8 cents, and 38½-inch 60-48s at 7 cents. Transactions in other parts of the market were unimportant.

NO LACK OF FOOD IN THIS COUNTRY

Imports of Supplies of This Kind Mostly Indicate Diversification of Tastes.

Alarmists who predict a time not far away when this country will depend for an adequate supply of food products on other nations are answered in a special bulletin prepared by the Committee on Statistics and Standards of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, of which A. W. Douglas of St. Louis is Chairman. Graphic charts depicting the movement of commodities to and from this country indicate that there is no ground for doubting the ability of this country to feed itself now or in the future. It is only in the matter of delicacies that imports have grown. Seventy per cent. of the value of commodities brought in last year consisted of these palatable luxuries.

The increase in imports of food products, accompanied by a corresponding decrease in exports of these commodities during the last few months, according to the bulletin, has given rise to much discussion as to the ability of this country to feed itself.

"The conclusion reached by some statisticians and experts," the bulletin continues, "is that our industrial development is proceeding at such a rate, and so obviously at the expense of our agricultural growth, that it is only a question of time until we must import more and more food products for our constantly growing population. It is not a new story, having bobbed up and died away many times since Malthus started the original trouble a century ago; but it is just as foolish and unfounded now as it was then and as it will be for some generations to come. And all because those who entertain this belief do not seem to have given the subject any intelligent analysis and study."

For twenty years, it is pointed out, exports of agricultural products have exceeded imports in very large measure and, other than the growth in wealth and population, there does not seem to be any common cause affecting the steady advance of both exports and imports. In 1901 the exports were about double the value of the imports, and this was also true last year. The existence of larger cattle and hog supplies now than when the war began in 1914 refutes the statement that food resources were heavily drawn upon during the war. The crops grown this year, also, have been the greatest ever.

Four factors enter into the consumption of foods brought into this country. One is that many of the products are re-exported, and another is the use of the food in other ways than for human subsistence, the latter category are oilcake, bran and the like for feeding livestock, and the vegetable oils used for mechanical purposes, such as soap manufacture. From a third angle, a study of the imports shows many of them to be delicacies, some of which cannot be grown in this country owing to climatic conditions. There is, finally, the reckoning of imports according to units of dollars and cents, which is liable to mislead those who watch the rise and fall in such commerce.

Referring to the luxury foods, which comprised 70 per cent. of last year's imports, the bulletin states:

"To some extent we shall gradually increase our domestic supply of these articles. We will grow more sugar beets, and probably more sugar cane; we are experimenting with tea in South Carolina; the production of pineapples is increasing in Florida; but in the main our dependence for these luxuries must be on the tropics. The importation of these articles, especially in the large measure in which we consume them, far from being a proof of our failing powers to provide ourselves with necessary food, is merely an indication of our growing wealth and the diversification of our tastes."

"The real crux of the question," the report states, "lies in the nature of the food imported, as to whether it is a thing of necessity or merely a matter of taste and fancy. In the answer to that lies the ability, or lack of ability, of this country to feed itself. Bread and meat, grains and meat animals are the elemental essentials of food with us, and in these essentials we have always been the best nurtured people in the world."

In the bulletin it is pointed out that our principal imports are rice, corn, wheat and such farinaceous substances as sago, tapioca and the like. Our imports of wheat are mostly from Canada, and prior to 1918 were negligible, never exceeding 4,000,000 bushels in any one year. In 1917, because of the stress and exigencies of war, they rose to 33,000,000 bushels, but rapidly declined to 8,000,000 last year. They will be lower this year, the figures for nine months being 5,248,817 bushels. Exports for the ten months are some 42,000,000 bushels more than for the similar period last year. The necessities and reasons for such importations are explained as purely sporadic; often they are due to temporary needs of localities close to Canada, or to the desire to mix Canadian grain with domestic varieties for flour purposes. In wheat the principal export factors seem to be the amount this country can spare, the foreign demand, the supplies which other wheat exporting countries have to offer and the nature and extent of their competition.

Corn imports are mostly from Argentina for use as feed for cattle and go to a few seaboard localities because of price. The United States grows about 70 per cent. of all the corn grown in the world. From this study of the two major breadstuffs commodities, the bulletin concludes that a prediction of increased wheat or corn imports puts the prophet in the class described by Josh Billings, who said, "it is better not to know so many things than to know so many things that ain't so."

Passing on to the consideration of another food, the bulletin says: "The story of rice is the most remarkable of all of the foodstuffs. Prior to the last quarter of a century, its consumption, in any considerable volume, was confined almost entirely to the Southern States, where it was a daily food, as a vegetable, and not as a 'side dish.' Within that period we have more than doubled our production, as the knowledge spread that it is the most nutritious and economical, probably of all of the grain foods. We have always been large importers, but during the last five years our exports have grown so fast that they are about on a par with imports.

"This brings into consideration another interesting phase of foreign trade," the report goes on to say. "We frequently import and export the same articles, usually because there is some difference in them and we demand both kinds; sometimes, and often, because the foreign article is cheaper and ours possesses the better quality. There is also the further phase that no intelligent opinion of the subject can be formed by merely examining import statistics without comparing them with similar export figures."

A study of the imports of live animals shows they are principally from Canada and Mexico. They come in response to a higher market, and, as exports of this variety are chiefly to the same countries, the same trade paradox is presented as in the case of rice. Exports of beef, both on the hoof and as packing-house products, have shown a tendency to decrease, for the trend of the beef supply in this country is to adjust itself to the natural laws of supply and demand. Hogs are an entirely different story. Our imports of live hogs are negligible, being mostly for breeding purposes, and our exports are not of much greater consequence, although at present probably 60 per cent. of all the hogs in the world are to be found in the United States. Hog products, it is explained, are the backbone of our meat exports, which will probably continue so long as supremacy in hog-raising and corn-producing is held by this country. Exports of meat and dairy products reached the enormous total of $1 000,000,000 last year, against imports of less than one-twentieth in value.

"The story of fruits and nuts is once more that of a small beginning in exports," the bulletin explains, "but with exports finally overtopping imports. We are growing in this country many fruits and nuts for which we depended fifty years ago almost entirely on imports. This is particularly true of citrus fruits, oranges, lemons and grapefruit, which we now export much more largely than we import."

Concluding, the committee says: "In view of these facts, it is difficult to see how any one can take seriously the alarmist cry of our being dependent in the near future upon foreign nations for our food supplies, especially when we consider the possibilities of food production in this country and the abundant harvests of 1920 in the face of most unfavorable conditions of weather and an unprecedented shortage of labor."

NEED BETTER QUALITY.

A Mistake to Keep Producing Goods to Sell "At a Price."

The necessity of improving the quality of merchandise offered the public was stressed by a manufacturing clothier who attended the recent auction of overcoatings by the American Woolen Company and who noted the brisk demand for desirable goods. The public, he said, has grown tired of makeshift values and has become very discriminating over quality. The manufacturers, on the other hand, compelled in many cases to produce "at a price," have neglected to keep up the usual standards of material and workmanship.

"It seems to me," he explained, "that the garment and clothing manufacturers, as well as producers in other lines have at last recognized that while a large part of the consumer demand is absent because of lack of ready money to spend, there is also quite a group of the public which is dissatisfied with the kind of merchandise now offered and is waiting for the appearance of better grades. During the war anything was good enough for the public, and, unfortunately, this sort of thing continued afterward and led to the production of a huge amount of what can only be called mere trash. I venture to say that there is almost as much merchandise unsalable because of its poor quality as for other reasons.

"Just now, of course, the tendency is to produce goods 'at a price' to satisfy the demands of retail buyers anxious to offer bargains. With the huge quantity of poor grade goods already on the market it looks wrong to create further supplies of the sort. In the auction of overcoatings the demand for better materials was very noticeable, although the larger number of those present represented the smaller manufacturers, usually accustomed to buy the cheaper materials. To my mind, this indicated a return to improved qualities, something that is very much needed."

INDIA'S FINANCIAL PLIGHT.

Fluctuations of Exchange One Cause or Trade Depression.

India is passing through a period of financial stringency and acute trade depression, according to the British Board of Trade Journal. This is due to a variety of causes, one of the most important of which is the fluctuating exchange. Exchange uncertainties have acted as a severe check on exports of Indian products, which have been further hampered by the stagnation of the leading consuming markets of the world for these products.

Another factor in the situation has been the heavy buying of imported merchandise, of which little had been brought in during the period of the war, as a result of the high rates of exchange which obtained earlier in the year. Great quantities of these goods were shipped to India during the Summer and are still being shipped there. This has forced down exchange about 40 per cent., and the prices of goods, expressed in rupees, has not advanced anything like that amount. Consequently, the bazaars are unable to pay the prices asked, and, rather than face the heavy loss, dealers in some cases are canceling or endeavoring to cancel orders. They are also making every endeavor to postpone facing their liabilities in the hope that exchange may rise and so reduce their losses.

The Board of Trade Journal asserts also that the greatest care should be taken by exporting houses not to add to the present difficulties by shipping goods which they have any reason to think will not be taken up. The Eastern banks, it says, are carrying a very heavy financial burden in all countries of the East at the present time, and it is incumbent on the exporter to realize this fact and to modify his commitments as far as possible until the situation improves.

Despite the present difficult position in India, the Journal concludes, the general state of the country is good, and there is cause for some optimism in viewing the future. The country is still short of a great variety of goods, notwithstanding the present heavy stocks at the ports.

NO TIME FOR PROFITS.

Apparel Men Should Consider It Lucky to Get Back Costs.

Apparel manufacturers must be fortified to stand loss after loss during the next few months, according to R. Sadowsky, if they expect to emerge successfully from the present business situation. Profits, he said, must be forgotten, for the time being, in the interests of continued operation at the lowest possible prices which may even mean losses.

"This is no time to compute the ordinary profits," Mr. Sadowsky said, "and a manufacturer ought to think himself lucky if he is able to get back his costs. The houses that will come through the present circumstances successfully must be fortified to take loss after loss and still further losses. Only by doing this will it be possible for them to last through to the time when it becomes possible to recoup on a restored demand and a more prosperous trade. A study of comparative prices of labor and merchandise shows that, in many directions, the things people need have declined in value to a greater extent than wages. This ought to stimulate the consumption of goods and it would if there was no increase in unemployment. But, while the number of unemployed grows, there is bound to be just that many people who will not be able to make their normal purchases."

Japanese Goods in Bad Odor.

The Japanese Consul General at Harbin, Manchuria, is quoted as having stated that "the recovery of European and American industries into Manchuria will increase, owing to the low reputation of Japanese goods. If western imports could come in without hindrance they would find no great difficulty in driving Japanese goods out until only a few lines would be left to maintain their ground through sheer cheapness." Of particular interest is the reference to the hindrance encountered by importers of other than Japanese goods. This undoubtedly refers to the action of the Japanese Government in facilitating the movement of Japanese goods because of the alleged urgency of war necessity.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The American Crayon Company has established Eastern headquarters in the Bush Terminal Sales Building, 132 West Forty-second Street, where it will occupy nearly all of the seventeenth floor. The clerical and sales offices of the company will be combined in the new location and will be under the direction of George E. Parmenter, Vice President and Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Joseph Volek, who has been connected with Stix, Baer & Fuller of St. Louis as a buyer of piece goods for the last nine years, has resigned, the resignation taking effect on Feb. 1. He will be succeeded by Arthur Hilton.

M. F. Rumelsburg & Co., resident buyers and successors to Rumelsburg & Loewy, have added several new accounts. They have retained their quarters at 1,265 Broadway.

Joe Leif, who for nine years was associated with the Majestic Cloak and Suit Company, is now buying dresses and skirts for the Merit Company, 1,333 Broadway.

Albert Hockheimer & Co., importers and manufacturers of ostrich feathers and flowers, after having been located in the downtown millinery district for the last twenty-five years, will take possession of two lofts in the building at 62 and 64 West Thirty-eighth Street about Jan. 5.

WHAT A SALESMAN TOLD A DRUGGIST

An Incident That Furnished Occasion for a Lecture on Business Courtesy.

A wholesale salesman was one of the two customers who entered a drug store just as it was opened up by the proprietor, who was obviously nursing an accumulated grouch. When he returned from some business back of the prescription department, the salesman waited while the other customer made known his wants. He politely requested two nickels for a dime so that he might use the telephone. The druggist glared and, half shaking his head in disgust, punched the cash register maliciously and threw down the two nickels. When this ceremony was concluded and the other man with a "thank you" had departed for the phone booth, the salesman heard the following tirade from the disgruntled owner:

"That's the kind of thing that makes this a fine business. You wake up in the cold, gray dawn, rustle out of bed when others are just turning over for another snooze, and open up shop so that you can hand out change for the telephone or sell a 2-cent stamp. Take a tip from me, young fellow, and don't ever let them tell you a druggist doesn't earn his money. He's just a goat, that's what he is."

It just happened that the salesman in question had been burning the midnight oil on the problem of how to get hold of prospective customers for his house at less expense. Mails and advertising had been called upon to furnish their quota of "leads," but without the results desired. The druggist expected sympathy, but he didn't get it, because the salesman had a different slant on those people who the store owner thought were making a convenience out of his place.

"Say, old man," he declared, "do you realize that many a business house is paying out real money to get just what you're complaining of? Why—"

The proprietor did not quite get the drift of this remark; so the lecture proceeded.

"What I mean to say," the other explained, "is that my concern and hundreds of others are spending large sums on advertising and mail campaigns to get inquiries from possible customers. You don't spend a nickel, but you have lots of people coming in here to telephone or to buy stamps. The biggest task of any merchant is to get customers or prospective customers into the store. Once they are there, it becomes easier to sell them. An attractive display will turn the trick, or just a card giving some information about what the store has to sell. The trouble with a lot of small storekeepers who are complaining of competition from mail order concerns and the chain stores is that they are doing nothing, simply nothing, to improve their own business chances. They are not only overlooking opportunities that the bigger fellows are capitalizing at every turn, but a good many have the idea that customers were specially created to work their grouches off on. You gave me a tip, now let me give you one. One of the best paying investments is to be obliging. Let me have some razor blades."

A bystander to the conversation would have seen at a glance that the druggist was less than half convinced; but he managed to mutter something that sounded like "thank you" when he completed the transaction.

The salesman, in telling of the incident, expanded his ideas on the subject of business courtesy, particularly in contrasting the methods of small store owners and their hated rivals, the chain stores.

"A good deal has been said," he stated, "of the automatic treatment given customers of a chain store and of the advantage a small proprietor has in giving personal dealings with patrons. But I think that a canvass of conditions will show that, on the whole, the systematized courtesy of a chain store is not half as bad as it is painted, especially in contrast to the treatment often given customers in a small store. The chain store clerk says an automatic 'thank you' when he completes a transaction. He is brisk and business-like, but he has been taught to wear a smile. On the other hand, the small merchant feels independent. He is just as apt as not to let his mood of the moment appear on the surface. If he has a grouch the customer is often liable to get the benefit of it. In my travels all over the country I have come to see distinct superiorities in this so-called automatic courtesy.

"Business men like to be treated in a business way, and they find nothing to resent in the business-like movements of a chain store clerk. Women are also growing less exacting and require less of a ceremonial in their buying transactions. Consequently what the chain store has to offer is in keeping with the spirit of the times, and the merchant does not have to stress the personal element in sales the way he did. What he does have to look out for is this business of crying about competition when he won't go a step out of the way to improve his own methods in the direction of courtesy or management."

Woolen Mills in Australasia.

The flotation of the Austral Woolen Mills Proprietary (Ltd.), with a capital of $1,215,000, for the erection of a factory at Collingwood, Victoria, Australia, was recently announced. It is proposed to carry on the manufacture of wool tops, serges and worsteds. It is also stated that a thoroughly modern woolen mill is soon to be erected at Inveresk, Launceston, Tasmania. Preparatory work is already under way, actual construction depending upon the delivery of material.

Japanese Packers Standardize.

Japanese packers' associations have passed a resolution fixing the weight of contents of tins in ounces, without exception, and standardizing the shape and size of all cans.

ATTENTION!

Manufacturers of
Ladies' Underwear
Sweaters
Silk Petticoats

An outlet for your surplus stocks in a specialty ready to wear shop, city of 750,000, on a percentage basis. Phone Fitz Roy 3584.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR BUSINESS
UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY

Company manufacturing well-known line can be taken over as a going concern at attractive price. Present owner wishes to retire. T 545 Times.

BAKER, EVANS & CO., INC.
417 FIFTH AVENUE
Discount Accounts Receivable
INQUIRIES INVITED
Telephone Vanderbilt 6494

PLAN TO CUT WAGE RATES.

To Lower Them Temporarily, Until Business Warrants More.

The suggestion is put forward by a large garment manufacturer that as relief for unemployment there should be a temporary cessation of union rates, thereby permitting the necessary reductions of costs to a point which would enable production at prices low enough to stimulate a resumption of buying by the public. In order to guard against the reduced labor rates becoming permanent, the lowering of wage standards should be placed in the hands of a conference committee of employers and union officials, which should be authorized to advance the wages again to appropriate levels once public confidence in prices has been restored.

"The whole problem at present," he said, "is to restore the public demand for merchandise. This can only be accomplished by bringing down prices to where consumers will once more make free purchases. The wrong method is now being employed to meet the problem. How can the mill owners and manufacturers expect to stimulate the consumption of goods by shutting up their plants? If it was difficult for their employes to pay the prices asked while they were working and earning good money, how much more difficult is it for them to purchase their needs when they are out of jobs.

"If the same situation had occurred some years ago, there would not have been much trouble in effecting an adjustment. The employer would have put the facts before his workers, and they would have agreed to work at a lower wage scale. But now the various industries are well organized and the unions feel they will lose prestige by accepting reductions. The unemployment crisis, however, is one that must be dealt with in a humanitarian way, and no organization should stand in the way of an adjustment promising relief. I believe an adjustment made along the line of establishing temporarily lower wage standards would help to relieve the situation. The union view, of course, would be that if lower wages were instituted now they would become permanent. That objection could be removed by the simple expedient of having the new rates established by a committee of manufacturers and union officials for a temporary period, with adequate guarantees for restoring the present standards as soon as conditions warranted.

"To the individual worker such a readjustment as I suggest would mean the sharing of his wages, if he was employed, and a job for him if he was idle. The man who is employed and getting $50 a week would get $25 a week and make room for another man at $25 a week. The benefit in the plan would be a lowered cost of production, which would soon make earnings of $25 a week worth the wage of $50 a week paid during the period of inflated prices.

"At any rate, such a plan as I have suggested would be a rift of the vicious circle of prices and wages which now exists. Prices cannot get lower than they are now unless wages drop, and, if unemployment increases, prices can never get low enough to permit an early resumption of public buying."

Making Linen Handkerchiefs.

Women are doing much at the present time in the way of making handkerchiefs for themselves, for their friends and for the men of their families that it makes a very material addition to the quantity of linen sold in the finer qualities. A linen which retails at $4 or $5 a yard will make a very satisfactory handkerchief for a woman. Linen for a man's handkerchief is heavier and may cost a little more, and linen can go up to any price, as that for the finest, sheerest handkerchiefs for women. The best will retail at $35 a yard and is French hand-woven linen. There is so much demand for this $35 linen that a few of the shops where they make a specialty of it they say that they will average selling—when they can get it, and it is not always on the market—a bolt, from 50 to 60 yards, a month.

Free Entry for Farm Implements.

It is announced by the customs department of the Government of India that the following agricultural implements, when so constructed as to be worked by power other than manual or animal, have been exempted from payment of customs duty: Winnowers, thrashers, mowing and reaping machines, elevators, seed crushers, chaff cutters, root cutters, plows, cultivators, scarifiers, harrows, clod crushers, seed drills, hay tedders and rakes.

Ban Off on Wheat Flour Exports.

A cablegram from Ambassador Simpson, Buenos Aires, states that the Argentine embargo on the exportation of wheat flour and its derivatives was lifted by an executive decree of Dec. 9. Exports will probably not be made until an export tariff is fixed.

TYPES OF EXTRAVAGANCE.

It Is New People Who Are the Spenders, and They Pay to Cash.

"There were never so many unknown women in New York with money as this year," say different people who have dealings with the rich. New York women who spend money are known among the merchants of the city, but many of the spenders of today are strangers. There was a big auction sale of fine old furniture and textiles in New York recently, at which there was a big attendance both previous to and at the sale. The buyers and the people who visit these exhibitions are usually the prominent people of the city, but this year it was different.

"We never have had so many magnificent clothes coming to our exhibits before as to this one," one of the auction people said. "There were hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of gowns, furs, jewels and silk stockings coming to this place every day, crowding it to the doors, and the strange thing about it is we don't know any of the women who wore them.

"There never was so much extravagance in the expenditure for dress as this year," says one of the heads of a great Fifth Avenue firm which has provided the wardrobes not only for New York's millionaires, but the diplomats' wives and others in Washington and other cities. At the opening of "Aïda" in the Central Theatre this year there was the most magnificently dressed audience that I have ever seen in this country, and I include the opera when I say that. I may have seen something better and in better taste in the Opera in Paris, but never elsewhere. The most magnificently dressed women, however, were not the wives of our substantial business men.

"During the war the number of millionaires in this country more than doubled, and people from all over the country are now coming to New York to spend their money. I notice it in the automobiles I see on the street. They are from Missouri, from the South and from as far West as California.

"Difference in the people is shown in the cash trade that we are getting now. I have never before had such large sums paid me in cash. The buyers have evidently not yet developed a checking account. In all the big shops before the war the biggest business was in the charge accounts, and that is reversed now. Before the war the average house would have 65 per cent. of its business in charge accounts and 35 per cent. in cash. Now it is 65 per cent. cash and 35 per cent. charged, and the women who are buying do not care what they pay for clothes—$250, $300 and $600 for a gown. They want the best materials and the finest kind of work. It is the same with furs. A man I know has made up a sable coat for one woman for $38,000 and some one else has another at a cost of $30,000, and one has sold for $23,000. Many men are going into extravagance in the gifts they make. One will come in one day and pay $500 for a wrap and the next day $1,500 for something in fur."

Re-exports Here From Japan.

It was recently stated that a quantity of cargo leaving Yokohama for San Francisco about Nov. 1 consisted of re-exports of merchandise. Investigation revealed that, in addition to bona fide Japanese exports, 1,500 tons of wood pulp, 226 tons of Chilean nitrate and 50 tons of resin were in the cargo. The wood pulp originally arrived from the United States about April 1, 1920, the Chilean nitrate probably came from Chile and had not been removed from the Yokohama dock, while the origin of the resin is unknown, but it also had not been cleared from the customs. This movement of re-exports is believed to be occasioned solely by the economic depression and near purchasing, which were in excess of local demand. It is certain that it is not of a "dumping" nature.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

BAGS, Beaded, Wanted — Write, stating quantity, range of price, country of origin and style, Room 1506, 393 Broadway.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARMY and navy goods, hosiery, underwear, sweaters; way under market prices. Simon-Kahn, 911 Broadway.

NIGHTGOWNS—Women's flannelette gowns, double yoke, $7.50 dozen; children's, $3.75. Simon-Kahn, 911 Broadway.

HOSIERY — 5,000 dozen women's leather hosiery, $6.75 to $8 dozen; men's, from $3.50 to $7.50 dozen. Simon-Kahn, 911 Broadway.

UNDERWEAR—Boys' and girls' fleeced lined union suits, $7.50 dozen; women's heavyweight fleeced lined vests and pants, $8.50 dozen. Simon-Kahn, 911 Broadway.

OVERCOATS—Army and navy officers' regulation, value $75, for $25. Sloan, 247 West 42d.

(Wholesale Only)





TWO LEADING ENGLISH LINES

Wonderful rugs, famous both here and abroad for quality—all pure wool, in rich colorings and exclusive patterns.

Single or double face, fringed or sewn ends.

Used not only for traveling, but as couch covers, etc. Big sellers for progressive stores.

HOMELAND, the world's finest blankets—superb in quality, all pure wool, exceptionally strong and warm with soft fleecy finish.

One, the "Sidonia," is without a peer in the world — guaranteed 100% pure camel's hair, in natural color with fancy Jacquard border in blue, brown or black. Edges whipped with camel's hair.

Sold Direct by the Makers
Prices Quoted in Sterling
Write for information or see them in the showroom of the American Sales Agent.

LEOPOLD FRANK, London
EDGAR B. WALTERS,
American Sales Agent
Bartholdi Building, 23rd St. & Broadway, Y. N. C.

WHAT'S THE ANSWER?

Your outstanding ledger accounts represent good, hard cash. Why not get this capital and use it? I'll supply it on reasonable terms, without "red tape" and in strictest confidence. Tel. Watkins 2250.

UNIVERSAL DISCOUNT CO.
Jacob Rabinowitz
100 Fifth Avenue, New York.

BLOOMINGDALES

59TH TO 60TH ST.—LEXINGTON TO 3D AVE.

Share Your Christmas Joy Via

Bloomingdale Joy Baskets

Churches Societies Institutions
Philanthropic Individuals

have learned to rely upon Bloomingdale JOY BASKETS to help them in helping others. Here are carefully selected assortments of pure foodstuffs, gotten up in containers at three different prices:

Baskets at $2.50, $3.50, $5.00

We specialize on our $2.50 Combination, a list of the foodstuffs contained in which follows:

One Fowl (average 2½ lbs.)
One 16½ oz. Can Soup
Two pounds Potatoes
One Can Sweet Peas
One Package Macaroni
1 pkg. Chocolate Pudding
8-oz. Tumbler Jelly
½ Dozen Apples
1 lb. pkg. Granulated Sugar
½ lb. Coffee
One Can Sauerkraut

$3.50 and $5.00 are larger assortments for larger families. An itemized list of what the higher-priced baskets contain will be mailed upon request.

Since the larger baskets increased so much in price, we enclose the larger assortments in boxes, choosing to put the whole value into foodstuffs.

For the Christmas-Table Dainties and Delicacies

Coffee
Bean, Ground or Pulverized
BON TON ..... 5 lbs. for $1.10

A Special Blend
MARACAIBO ..... 5 lbs. $1.20
SANTOS ..... 5 lbs. $1.05

Cocoa
UNSWEETENED BREAKFAST COCOA: 1 lb., 18c; 5 lbs. 82c

Plum Pudding
RICHARDSON & ROBBINS: No. 1 ..... 37c; No. 2 ..... 65c; No. 3 ..... $1.10; No. 4 ..... $1.45
GORDON & DILWORTH: No. 1 ..... 60c; No. 2 ..... $1.10
FRANCO-AMERICAN: No. 1 ..... 65c; No. 2 ..... $1.10

Plum Pudding Sauce
GORDON & DILWORTH: Flavored with wine, per bottle 35c
RICHARDSON & ROBBINS: No. 1 cans, each, 35c; No. 2, each 45c

Figs and Dates in Glass
WASHED FIGS: 8½-oz. jar, 33c; 12½-oz. jar 55c
STUFFED: 8½-oz. jar, 45c; 12½-oz. jar 65c
FIGS AND DATES: 8½-oz. jar, 43c; 12½-oz. jar, 65c; mammoth jar $2.25
DROMEDARY DATES: Package 24c

Shelled Nuts
ALMONDS, VALENCIA: lb. 45c
ALMONDS, LARGE JORDAN: lb. 95c
ALMONDS, FLAT: lb. 85c
SALTED ALMONDS: lb. $1.25
SALTED PEANUTS: lb. 50c
WALNUT HALVES: per lb. 75c
PECANS: lb. $1.35

Nuts in Shell

	Lb.
ALMONDS, FANCY PAPER SHELL	42c
MIXED NUTS	38c
PECANS, FANCY PAPER SHELL	$1.15
WALNUTS, CALIFORNIA	38c
WALNUTS, BUDDED	45c
BRAZIL NUTS	35c
FILBERTS, NAPLES	22c
PECANS	35c

Olives
BLOOMINGDALE PRIDE: pints, 55c; quart jars $1.10
Special Offering: Large, Meaty Queen Olives; pint Mason jars, 39c; quart jar 50c

Fruit Cake
NATIONAL BISCUIT, MINERVA: small 65c
NATIONAL BISCUIT, MINERVA: 1 lb. 14 ozs. $2.25
NATIONAL BISCUIT, MINERVA: 4 lbs. $4.25
SUNSHINE OXFORD: 1 lb. 94c
SUNSHINE OXFORD: 2½ lbs. $2.19
SUNSHINE SYLVET: 5 lbs. $5.25
SUNSHINE SYLVET CONTAINS LIVE-HORN CITRON, GLACE PINEAPPLE, GLACE CHERRIES, FANCY SEEDED RAISINS, VALENCIA ALMONDS, CHOICE PECANS AND WALNUT HALVES.

Tea
SPECIAL MIXED TEA: 5 lbs. for $1.10
CEYLON ORANGE PEKOE: 3 lbs. for 1.00
FANCY CEYLON ORANGE PEKOE: 5 lb. Caddies 2.45
FANCY ORANGE PEKOE CEYLON BULK: 3 lbs. 1.25

Mince Meat
GORDON & DILWORTH, preserved with brandy; quart jars, 1.75; pint jars 80c
NONE-SUCH, ready to serve, No. 2½ cans, each 35c
NONE-SUCH, condensed package 17c

Domestic Crackers
CHRISTMAS MIXTURE: 2½-lb. box $1.00
SPICE DROPS (HONEY): lb. 32c

Del Monte Fruits
APRICOTS: No. 2½ cans, 34c; doz. $4.00
EGG OR GAGE PLUMS: No. 2½ cans, 32c; doz. $3.80
BARTLETT PEARS: No. 2½ can, 50c; doz. $5.90
WHITE CHERRIES: No. 2½ can, 51c; doz. $6.00
PEACHES, LEMON CLING: No. 2 can, 46c; doz. $4.75
PINEAPPLE, SLICED: No. 2 can, 42c; doz. $5.00

Canned Vegetables
ASPARAGUS: California State, No. 1 cans, each, 22c; doz. $2.50
ASPARAGUS: Eagle, large cans, each, 34c; doz. $4.00
ASPARAGUS: Del Monte, large white round cans, each, 45c; doz. $5.25
ASPARAGUS: Del Monte, large white stalks, square cans, each 52c; doz. $6.15
BEANS: Lima, Sinclaire, No. 2 cans, each, 18c; doz. $2.10
CORN: Fancy Maine, No. 2 cans, Pride of Maine, each, 22c; doz. $2.55
CORN: Armours Vertbest Maine, No. 1 cans, each 10c; doz. $1.10
BEANS: Constantia cut, No. 2 cans; each, 18c; doz. $2.00
BEANS: Italian, extra fine; each, 35c; doz. $3.85
PEAS: Chilton Banner, extra sifted, No. 2 cans; each, 22c; doz. $2.75
PEAS: Tanner Bros., sifted, No. 2 cans; each, 21c; doz. $2.50
PEAS: Al Brand Sweet, No. 2 cans; each, 19c; doz. $1.50
TOMATOES: Blue Coat Fancy Hand-packed Jerseys, No. 1 cans; each, 9c; doz. $1.04
TOMATOES: Downweight, Fancy Maryland, No. 2 cans; each 18c; doz. $2.10
TOMATO SAUCE: Spanish style, 8-oz. cans; each, 7c; doz. 80c

New Sweet Cider
BLOOMINGDALES PRIDE: gal. 80c
MOTTS RUSSET: 1-gal. container, $1.05; ½-gal. container 60c

Non-Alcoholic Wines and Cordials
PORT, SHERRY OR MUSCATEL: bot. 90c; doz. $10.00
CORDIALS: bot. $1.00; doz. $11.50
DOMESTIC GRENADINE: bot., $1.10; doz. $12.00
IMPORTED GRENADINE: bot. $2.00

Bloomingdales—Basement

DIAMONDS
WATCHES
JEWELRY
ON CREDIT



Christmas Gifts
WITHIN REACH OF ALL
—BUY NOW—
Our Stock Is the Most Complete
On Maiden Lane
DIAMONDS $25 TO $1,000
On the Most LIBERAL TERMS
Small Weekly or Monthly Payments.
No Red Tape. Strictly Confidential
WE GUARANTEE BEST VALUES IN THE CITY
CALL OR SEND FOR XMAS CATALOG (T.)
Open Evenings Until 9.



ROYAL DIAMOND & WATCH CO.
35 MAIDEN LANE - SIXTH FLOOR

London Representative

R. H. MACY & CO. Inc., require the servides of a Manager for their London Office. A thorough knowledge of merchandise and an intimate knowledge of English markets essential.

Apply by letter only stating experience in detail, qualifications, age and expectations as to salary.

Address
Executive Offices,

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

BLOOMINGDALES

59TH TO 60TH ST.—THIRD TO LEXINGTON AVE. * * * ONE BLOCK FROM PARK AVE.

BUY CHRISTMAS SEALS!

The Personal Gift

Dainty Silk Lingerie

Very Low Priced

Crepe de chine, that charming and practical fabric, has never been fashioned into more delightful undies. For gift purposes and for ones very own self this lingerie at these economy prices is most attractive.



CREPE DE CHINE BLOOMERS $1.95
Flesh-tinted crepe de chine, sturdily reinforced, with two trim elastics at the knee. Finished with tiny ruffles and hemstitching.
Others at $3.00, $3.50 and up

SATIN AND CREPE DE CHINE STEP-IN BLOOMERS: $1.95
Your choice of flesh crepe, or lustrous satin, trimmed with a pretty lace edging
Others $3.00 and up

SATIN CAMISOLES: $1.00
Flesh color, with built-up shoulder, and trimmed with fine val. lace and ribbon. Others with ribbon shoulder straps and torchon lace.
Others, $1.50, $2.00 and up

CREPE DE CHINE ENVELOPE CHEMISES: $1.95
Flesh, with built-up shoulder, val. lace, beading and ribbon trimming.
Others, $3.00, $3.50 and up

CREPE DE CHINE NIGHTGOWNS: $3.95
Flesh, a sleeveless model with a lovely lace yoke, lace shoulder straps and ribbon, or a tailored gown with hemstitching and ribbon.
Others $4.95, $5.95 and up.

Bloomingdales—Second Floor

A Wonder Value—A Wonderful Gift

Box of Stationery

59c

This box is the famous one, known to the trade the country over as "the high blue box." Unlike most "gift" boxes, the stationery itself is of good quality, consisting of 36 sheets, 12 gilt-edged cards and 48 envelopes, variously tinted in buff, blue, pink, lavender and white.

Other equally good values in stationery.

CRETONNE COVERED BOXES: Filled with writing paper and some with writing paper and note cards. The boxes when empty make handy utility boxes.

2 Quire box at $1.10
3 Quire box at 1.75
2 Quire of paper and 1 of note cards .. 2.50

Complete assortment of Holiday Paper in various styles. Priced at from 59c. to $16.50.

Unusual values in DESK SETS from $6.00 to $35.00.

Bloomingdales—Lex. Ave. Level

Adjacent to our Post Office on Second Floor is a

Convenient Store of GIFT WRAPPINGS

Red, white and green tissue, twine, paper ribbon, seals, everything needed to make the outward appearance of your gifts do justice to the treasures they contain.

Christmas Candies

For Sunday School Parties

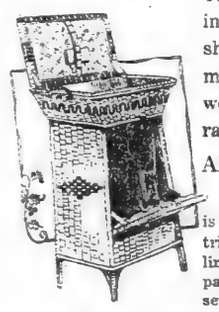
We will accept orders for Churches, Institutions, Sunday School Parties up to Thursday, December 23, for Christmas delivery. Our low prices still prevail.

Original Sunday School Candies, $7 for 30 pounds. Packed 30 pounds in wooden cases.
American Mixed Candies, $6.75 for 30 pounds.
Babyland Hard Candies, $1.75. Packed 5 pounds in box.
Brilliants Hard Candies, $2.95. Packed 5 pounds in box.
Newport Chocolates, $2.25. Packed 5 pounds in box.

Bloomingdales—Main Floor

So Many Women Would Appreciate the Gift of a

Willow Work Basket



These are London made of genuine English Willow, in natural shade with bright colored trimming. They are all standing work baskets, satin lined. Prices range from $13.50 to $33.50.

AMONG THE HIGHER-PRICED NUMBERS is a de luxe affair of natural willow trimmed in green, with a rich satin lining of pink. The top cover has a padded lining with strap for holding sewing accessories, a needle case being already in place. The basket has a shirred pouch in each corner and a stuffed pin cushion in the centre. The stand opens to reveal a dainty cupboard also satin lined. $31.50. (Illustrated.)

WILLOW WORK BASKETS with leather top, satin lined, and equipped with lock and key, are fitted with all sewing requisites, and range in price from $12.50 to $27.50. Work Baskets, satin lined, in great variety, $1.75 to $7.50.

Bloomingdales—Lex. Ave. Arcade

Continuing the Banner Christmas Offer of the Season

Imported Beaded Bags

1/3 Off

Their present prices $25 to $175 in the Sale at $16.67 to $116.75



Dont let the little word "continuing" mislead you into thinking that this second offering is made up of second choices. *On the contrary.* To begin with: so that until the last bag is sold the offer is as worthy a one as when it was presented. Whats one womans meat is anothers dessert, you know. The bags that went first were simply those which appealed to the taste of the first women to respond to this generous offer. Waiting for you now is perhaps the very style bag you want in the very color combination to strikingly match or stunningly set off your Winter costume. And the savings are still unequaled for this high type of merchandise. Make yourself a Christmas present of that beaded bag you have long wanted, at an astonishingly low price.

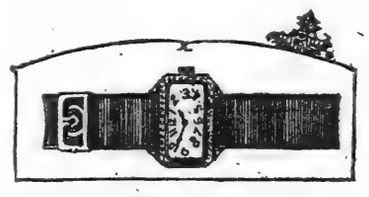
Bloomingdales—Main Floor

Something We Didnt Expect That Some One You Love Is Expecting for Christmas.

Womens 14 kt. White Gold

WRIST WATCHES

$28.50



Lucky *we* to get in another shipment before Christmas of these high grade watches to sell at this special price. Lucky *she* to find her hearts desire tucked away at the very toe of the Christmas-hung stocking.
Lucky *you* to be able to please her and your pocketbook at the same time.

THESE PARTICULARS:
Dainty midget-size cases, in the very smartest shapes, and 14-karat white gold that looks so like the coveted platinum. 15-jewel nickel lever movement, fitted with black gros grain silk bracelet. Secured from a prominent importer, these watches are reliable timekeepers as well as beautiful pieces of jewelry.
Our Jewelry Section is Showing Splendid Assortments of Standard Makes of Watches, such as

Howard Elgin Illinois
Crown Waltham Swiss

Mens Watches in Prices Range from $12 to $310.

WOMENS BRACELET WATCHES
Sterling Silver. Solid Gold. Gold Filled.
Solid Gold with Platinum Top and Diamond Settings.
Prices Range from $11 to $250.

Bloomingdales—Main Floor

Wonderful Gift Values in

Famous Silk Hosiery

Four Makes at Sale Prices

Kayser—Rivoli—Courtly — Onyx — these names stand out in the fashionable womans mind. They mean luxurious silk hosiery—hosiery that carries with it the assurance of smartness and service. The Hosiery Shop now offers you these fine silk stockings at generous savings. Take advantage of this rare gift opportunity.

Kayser
SILK HOSIERY: $3.48
This high grade hosiery is offered in a heavy weight and black only.

Courtly
SILK HOSIERY: $1.69
Strictly first quality full fashioned silk hosiery with garter tops. Black and colors.

Rivoli
INGRAIN HOSIERY $2.98
Extra heavy pure thread silk ingrain with silk garter top. Black only.

ONYX
POINTEX HOSIERY $2.98
Pure thread silk hosiery in a medium weight with the exclusive feature, Pointex heels. Double silk garter tops. Black only.

GOTHAM GOLD STRIPE SECONDS: $1.59
On a par with many grades of firsts due to this makers unusually high standard of inspection. Full fashioned silk and lisle garter tops.

Bloomingdales—Main Floor

The Lamp Section

If you want a lamp, you will find it in our excellent assortment. There are Floor Lamps and Shades, Table Lamps, Boudoir Lamps, Candle Sticks, too, and a beautiful array of Candles of almost every size, shape and color. And all at moderate prices.

Bloomingdales—Lex. Ave. Level



This Store Open Evenings Until Christmas

Monday.....December 20th, open 9 A.M., close 10 P.M.
Tuesday....December 21st, open 9 A.M., close 10 P.M.
Wednesday..December 22nd, open 9 A.M., close 10 P.M.
Thursday...December 23rd, open 9 A.M., close 10 P.M.
Friday.....December 24th, open 9 A.M., close 10 P.M.

1/3 Off

Our Entire Stock of

Tapestry and Velour Table and Piano Scarfs, Table Covers and Pillow Slips, Both Foreign and Domestic Make

Prices Range from $3.50 to $18.00

1-3 Off Petit Point Tapestries
Chair Seats, Chair Seats with Backs, Sofas, Piano Benches, Foot Stools and Screens

1-3 Off Normandie Lace Articles
REAL AND IMITATION
Doilies, Table Centers and Covers, Scarfs, Pillow Slips, Chaise Longue Covers

N. B.—Discount to be taken at time of purchase from our first fair prices which remain on the tags.

Bloomingdales—Lex. Av. Arcade

Books for Youngsters

All at Lower Prices

Books for your favorite little boy and girl, no matter how old they are. No gift has quite the influence and value a good book has—and in the Bloomingdale Book Shop you will find prices a good deal less.

St. Nicholas 1921, 2 volumes $5.40
John Martins Manual (this years) 3.15
Wonder Book of Knowledge (reveals the marvels of the world) 2.24
Christmas Stocking Series (small trunk containing six popular stories for wee folks) 1.79
Robinson Crusoe, illustrated by N. C. Wyeth 4.49
Favorite Fairy Tales 1.12
Mother Goose Nursery Rhymes 1.12
Burgess Bedtime Stories ..... .68
Uncle Wiggily Bedtime Stories ..... .68

Large Assortment of Illustrated French Books for Children from 50c to $10.00

Books for Grown Ups to Please Every Taste

Bloomingdales—Main Floor

Religious Articles

For the Holy Season of Christmas



At this time we wish especially to call attention to our Department devoted to Religious Articles which, we have been informed by patrons, is the most complete, and withal, exclusive in New York City.

Space allows only the most meager mention of our complete assortments. Visit the department and view it in its entirety.

Crucifixes, statues, candlesticks, holy water founts, in silver plated, gold plated, and plaster of Paris.

Rosaries, scapulars, scapular medals, Catholic Prayer Books and Bibles, Vigil Lights, Sacred Heart Badges, Pocket Statues, Chatelaine and Rosary, Rosary Bracelet, Sacred Heart Rings, Knights of Columbus Emblem on Rosaries and Prayer Books, Sacred Heart Manuals, Manuals of Prayer, etc.

Rosaries, assorted stones, amethyst, garnet, crystal, jet, sapphire, opal, emerald, etc., on gold-plated chain, warranted 10 years ..... $1.49, others up to $15.00
Same on solid gold chain from ..... $21.00 up
Gold Plated Rosaries from ..... $3.41 up
Solid Gold Rosaries from ..... $21.00 up
Chatelaine and Rosary, sterling silver ..... $4.50 and $5.50
Gold Plated Chatelaine and Rosary ..... $3.25 and $5.00
Catholic Prayer Books from ..... 33c to $6.00
Catholic Manual of Prayer from ..... 49c to $6.00
Catholic Bibles from ..... $3.25 to $18.00

Bloomingdales—Main Floor

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Man Who Gave Himself A Christmas Present

This, then, is the story of the Man Who Gave Himself A Christmas Present. And he thereby set a precedent that all might follow to advantage.

The hero of our story is a man about 42 years of age. He is the President of a large manufacturing company with offices in New York. He is a very busy citizen. Men wait for hours—for days sometimes, for just a few minutes of his time. Yet he is never too busy for Christmas!

Along about December 15th he becomes a familiar figure in the stores. How his face lights up as he goes about purchasing gifts—this one for some employe—this one for some relative—this one, perhaps, for the newsboy on the corner or for that traffic officer with the pleasant smile.

And the toys! Great bundles of them he carries away in his arms, for to send them home would give away the secret.

"I hope I shall never get so old," he said to me one night, "that I shall forget the spirit of Christmas. To be able to give people the things they want—to see the joy in their eyes—to read it in their faces—is there any better use that I could make of my money?"

A thought suddenly came to me: "Why not give yourself a Christmas present?" I asked.

"Why, there's nothing I need," he said laughingly. "It's the hardest thing my wife has to do to think up something to give me for Christmas."

"How about health?" I asked.

"Is that not more precious than any gift in the stores? No one can present it to you in a pretty package. It is something you must purchase for yourself."

"But I'm not ill," he said, "I never felt better in my life. But I do want to live and keep my strength because I have important work to do. I want to see my children grown up and their children. I feel they need me. I shall never forget the memory of Cecil Rhodes, dying of cardiac disease in middle life with his work unfinished and his plans of forming a state in South Africa cut short by heart failure, and exclaiming to a friend—'So much to do, so little done!' God grant that I shall never have to say that. But what is on your mind?" he said abruptly.

"I have been reading about the Life Extension Institute in Dr. Fisk's article in the December issue of *The American Magazine*," I said, "and it seems to me that the best Christmas gift I can give myself—or you can give yourself—is a thorough physical examination.

"Without good health there can be no joy in anything—not even in Christmas. This year you may say that you never felt better in your life. If you did feel ill, you would see the doctor. But why wait until you get sick? You do not wait until your automobile breaks down before thinking of the wear and tear to which it is constantly subjected. No—you take it to the service station every month or so and have it overhauled.

"The Life Extension Institute is just such a service station for the marvelous machine that we know as the human body. It will stand just a certain amount of neglect. It cannot be expected to go on and on forever without attention. The way to avoid sickness and premature death is not by ignoring the presence of disease, but by searching for it and stamping it out before it gets an unbeatable start.

"Figures show that there are hardly three people in a hundred who do not need some advice regarding their physical condition or manner of living.

"The Life Extension Institute was founded seven years ago for this primary purpose—

"1. To reduce the Nation's death rate and raise the level of physical well-being by providing unbiased, standardized periodic health examinations by physicians especially trained in this particular work.

"2. To teach the simple, everyday principles of personal hygiene that every man and woman ought to know to avoid disease.

"These are the broad, general principles which have led men like ex-President Taft, Prof. Irving Fisher of Yale, Robert W. de Forest, and one hundred other eminent authorities in this country and abroad, to give their services to this work.

"The Institute's Health Service consists of a thorough physical examination of the whole body, together with chemic and microscopic examinations of the urine every three months, review of the member's personal and family history, daily living habits and health problems, detailed reports, hygienic guidance and instructions, monthly health journals, etc. Guidance in individual hygiene is given by the Institute, but no medical or surgical treatment is furnished.

"The principles underlying the standardized, complete bodily survey of the Institute have been passed upon and approved by the many eminent physicians and scientists on its Hygiene Reference Board.

"The Hygiene Reference Board was established in order that the Institute might have at its disposal, for the benefit of its members, the latest and most authoritative information on all matters relating to disease prevention and good health.

"It makes no difference where you live. In addition to its staff of twenty-five examining physicians in the Head Office in New York, the Life Extension Institute has more than 7,000 Examining Physicians in principal cities and towns throughout the United States and Canada.

"The Institute has its own pathological laboratory and X-Ray Department. Thousands of tests are made here monthly—both for its own members and for outside Physicians.

"Examinations of subscribers who live in New York and vicinity are made at the Head Office of the Institute, 25 W. 45th Street, on appointment by telephone or letter—between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M.

"Convenient appointments can be arranged with the Institute's examiners in the member's home district or city. Women physicians are available at the Head Office for the examination of women members who prefer them. Visitors are always welcome at the Head Office of the Institute to inspect the various departments."

My friend laid his hand on my arm. "You say that Taft and Fisher and de Forest are interested in the Life Extension and that it is working in accordance with the highest ideals of modern scientific medicine? It must be doing good work. I shall have my secretary telephone tomorrow for an appointment for an examination."

Thus it came about that the President of a large manufacturing concern with offices in New York gave himself a Christmas present. We feel sure that he will enjoy this Christmas more than any in the last ten years. A great load has been lifted from his mind. That occasional twitching pain around the heart which had worried him and which he had been afraid to mention to anyone proved not to be serious at all. But serious trouble might have developed in his kidneys if he had delayed his examination much longer and the strange part of it is—he never suspected any trouble there!

This Good Book on HEALTH Should Be In Every Home

It is called "HOW TO LIVE." Written by Professor Irving Fisher of Yale and Eugene Lyman Fisk, M. D., Medical Director of the Life Extension Institute. The introduction is by Ex-President William Howard Taft.

This book contains rules for healthful living based on modern science. More than 125,000 copies have already been printed. Translations have been made in French, German, Italian, Spanish, Dutch, Chinese and Japanese.

This book represents the composite experience and judgment of more than ninety leading authorities of this country and abroad.

Characteristic chapter headings are as follows: Housing, Clothing, Outdoor Living, Outdoor Sleeping, Deep Breathing, Quantity of Food, Protein Foods, Posture, Work, Play, Rest and Sleep, Serenity and Poise, Sixteen Rules of Hygiene, Avoiding Colds, Eugenics, Hygiene of the Brain and Nervous System.

400 pages. Literally a "Health Bible" that should be in every home. The Life Extension Institute will forward a copy of "HOW TO LIVE" to any address on receipt of $1.62 (postpaid).

Officers and Directors

Hon. William H. Taft
Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Prof. Irving Fisher
Chairman Hygiene Reference Board.

Eugene Lyman Fisk, M. D.
Medical Director.

Harold A. Ley
President.

James D. Lennehan
Secretary.

Henry H. Bowman
President Springfield National Bank.

Robert W. de Forest
Vice President American Red Cross.

Arthur W. Eaton
President Eaton, Crane & Pike Co.

Horace A. Moses
President Strathmore Paper Co.

Edward L. Pierce
President Solvay Process Company.

Charles H. Tenney
President C. H. Tenney Co.

In addition to the service the Institute provides for individual subscribers it also provides a Group Service for industrial concerns. Over 225 concerns in the United States and Canada have subscribed to this service for their executives and employees.

On November 11th, 1920, Mr. Harold A. Ley, President of the Institute, gave an address before the American Paper & Pulp Association at Chicago on "Saving the Lives of Employees" and on "The Right Kind of Mutual Benefit Association for Employees and How it Succeeded." A copy of this address will be sent to any employer upon request.

A coupon is printed below for the convenience of those desiring further information about the Life Extension Institute and the tremendous good it is doing in the great national movement to prolong human life.

T 12-19-20.

GENTLEMEN:—Please send me a copy of ***"The Growing Movement to Prolong Human Life"*** and other literature descriptive of the services of the Life Extension Institute. It is understood that this request involves no charge or obligation.

Name.....

Address.....

LIFE EXTENSION INSTITUTE, Inc. **25 West 45th Street, New York**

Telephone, Bryant 3073.

The New York Times Book Review and Magazine

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1920 THIRTY-TWO PAGES

(Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.)

NEW ITALY OF THE ITALIANS

By ANNE O'HARE McCORMICK

EUROPE is no place now for the traveler who likes to move on schedule and insists on knowing today what he is going to do tomorrow. Wait for at least another year if you wish to see things settled and in order.

That is the usual advice given this year to the American who remembers pre-war delights of Europe and longs to savor them again. It is sound advice, too, though it had the effect of hurrying one traveler over to see what was to be seen before the promised return to normal should take place. I need not have hurried. It will take more than another year for the settling-down process to begin. And no one now living will ever see the Europe he saw in 1913.

But to one whose human curiosity is stronger than his love of order or comfort, this unsettled, uncertain, dazed and staggering Europe is a thousand times more interesting than it ever was before. It is a thousand times more challenging to the student of his kind than it was during the war. All national reactions to the trumpet call to arms are about the same. All peoples rise alike to great emergencies as concrete and easily recognizable as a summons to war. The human response to supreme demands for heroism and sacrifice are pretty easily predictable everywhere.

But afterward? In that dead slump that comes when you count your losses and face your debts, when the cheering and the tumult dies and the high mood passes, when you go back to the defended fireside and find it fuelless, when you see the roof leaking and the plaster falling and the cupboard empty in the home you fought for—if it's there at all—that is the real hour of crisis and of revelation. In the temper in which exhausted peoples meet the crushing demands of reconstruction lies the final test of human courage and capacity.

I came to Europe with no other purpose than to see how it was bearing the burdens of the dubious peace that followed a still incredible war. I wanted to see how peace was operating, not in Senates and conferences—it was easy to read in newspapers all the official talk—but in the lives of the people. I came as a mere traveler to gain no more than a traveler's casual impression. Such an impression cannot be judicial or final. But set against a background of old impressions, it has the value of vividness and clarity—the value of a photograph, sharp and unqualified, as against the value of a painting, softened, modulated, blurred by the painter's personality. I have been in Italy for a month, long enough to be a little bewildered now by the contrasts, contradictions and paradoxes that make so fascinating a complicated the study of human relations, but not long enough yet to lose the acuteness of first impressions. The half dozen unrelated glimpses I venture to set down here are the fresh impact of Europe on an American who had not seen it since before the war.

Striking Naples just after the earthquakes and the workers' occupation of factories in the north, I beheld Italy first through a screen of dust, disorder and discomfort.

There was all the old dirt of Naples docks, more than the old shabbiness and disrepair, and none of the old cheerful ruffianism and ragamuffianism that made the southern entry into Italy a horror shot with color and delight. Naples had no welcome for the incoming passenger. A surliness that was almost hostility marked the sullen searching of baggage. First and second class passengers were herded together, and together kept waiting like prisoners behind iron gates. The second class invariably received prompter and better treatment than the first. One or two self-important personages who had the unwisdom to press a claim for special consideration were deliberately kept waiting until the last.

It was the turn of the meek and the shabby that morning at Naples, where the dock laborers, turned customs inspectors, were half Bolshevik and half mere incompetents unused to their job. All travelers expect to be treated like criminals and cumberers of the earth by customs officers everywhere, but at Naples there was something in the atmosphere more menacing than the ordinary official manner.

Outside the Custom House the cab drivers, who used to be jolly brigands, were now mere threatening thugs; the air was thick with the dust of a three months' drought, the street paving was in ruins and the buildings out of repair, the clamor angry and racking; the cleft-like, crowded byways were no longer redeemed from squalor to picturesqueness by joyous life and laughter. I missed even the happy beggary of the old days, the ear-splitting music, the wheedling guides. The smoking Vesuvius seemed no longer the crowning beauty of an incomparable landscape, but the symbol of a country smoldering and seething toward terrible eruption.

That was Naples at first glance. I did not wait for a second, but fled incontinently, like the philosophers who founded the Italian monasteries, to the hills. That night, after two hours in an indescribably dirty train filled with the curiously quiet soldiers you meet wherever you go in Italy, I was at La Cava dei Tirreni, far from the heat and noise but not from the dust that clothes and chokes you everywhere.

La Cava is mostly a long street between hills. The street is a narrow length of stone blocks between old arcades. It used to be very quiet and dim and ghostly after dark, very remote from the world, but now, as I sat in the arcade in front of a busy café and drank excellent black coffee served by tail-coated waiters,



"Dazed and Staggering Europe."

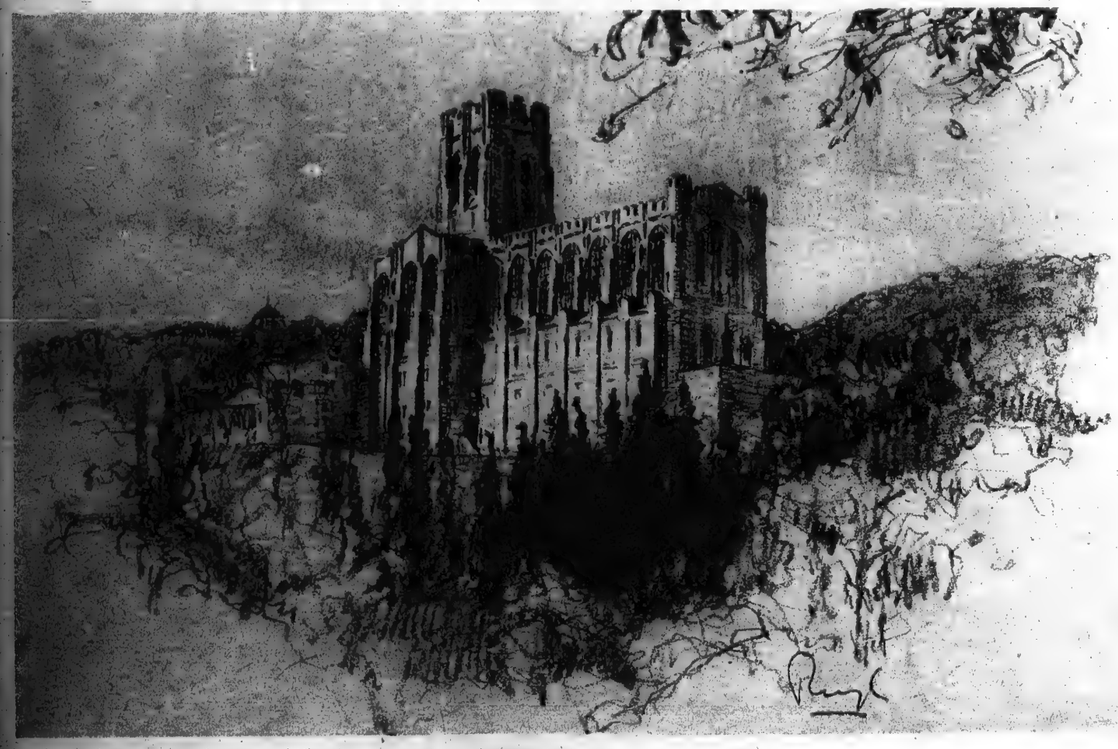
I looked out upon a piazza bright with electric light and thronged with evening promenaders. A burst of organ music rolled from the open door of a big cathedral and mingled with a clipped quick-step from the mechanical orchestra of a neighboring cinema. It seemed to me that all the sauntering youths sported white trousers and malacca canes and all the girls wore skirts of the Parisian knee-length and strapped slippers with high French heels. There were some Summer visitors in the crowd, no doubt, but everybody looked dapper and prosperous, even the sportive beggar bimbinos from the fruit of too many alms. There were pastries and perfumes, jewe scented soaps, in the shop wi These were not baits for the tourist. He is practically un in Italy today and the foreign browsed about La Cava and and the Greek ruins of Paes pre-war days was not inclin perfumes or jeweled wrist wat

The Italian is in full po this year of all the beauty along the Bay of Naples an Gulf of Salerno. The odd against him in the foreign ex so he cannot do better than in Italy and pay the exorbitant they ask him in his own co It was interesting to watch the weary Italians on vacation a find them, as in the resorts in lon, mostly those whose wea was the result of close applicat money-making at home during progress of hostilities. I was if these were the "pesche-c dog-fish or sharks, as the It call the war profiteers.

They had invaded Ravello, a crumbling hanging-garden of effable color swinging midway tween a sapphire sky and a sap sea on the scented terr of a way of vineyards and lemon set with villages as thick on the sides as stepping stones of ivory. I leaned over a garden on a terrace placed magically roof of the world by a fighting a thousand years or so ago, an tened to the valleys in the parent twilight. You could hea villages in a dozen folds of the old hills—the far-away laughter children, the mellow songs of grape gatherers, the jingle of b and coves along the hidden dogs barking, convent bells cha from a score of ancient towers. a point or a waver of light flick here and there along the hills ruby lamps bloomed from the erman's boats on the fascent an

The dinner in the lamp-lit ar the ancient palazzo was almo astonishing as the view. There a cheese soufflé as light as an ea fish fresh from the fishers boats, great platters of l young chicken and vast bowls delectable salad of lettuce sli matoes, peppers and chives. were fresh figs and fresh wal grapes, roasted chestnuts and ons of the famous Ravello wine Italian fellow-guests asks hu well they might, of the best fo Italy, and afterward a part young girls thronged Italian time out of a cracked piano light of two sputtering candl only illumination in the drawing room. The maidens lages on the hillsides slumbe they could. Between a cypress on one side of the old moldy ch bile parties that came and we der our window, through the night, the repose of the old da not for us. Ravello is a two drive up a steep mountain road Amalfi, and Amalfi is served by road from any railway. It to be left to the vicissitudes of and the stars. "Now all is cent," moaned our Italian host we departed. "I do most bi

(Continued on Page 16)



Cadet Chapel.

The Spirit of West Point

By Colonel FITZHUGH LEE MINNIGERODE

Drawings by Louis Ruyl.

WEST POINT and its sister institution, the Naval Academy, are the two most unalterably American things in America. Men of foreign birth or of foreign parentage who have graduated from West Point have gone forth with every least vestige of the hyphen obliterated. They are American Americans wholly.

Among the causes responsible for the origin and perpetuation of this fine American spirit, the traditions of West Point, splendid as they are, cannot be cited as the paramount factor. Character must be built upon a more substantial thing than the glories of the past or the records of great soldiers gone before. The curriculum has little to do with it. Any institution might readily adopt the precise course of study and training in use at West Point and fall far, very far, short of attaining the same finished American spirit that every June is sent into the furthest corners of the world in the person of her graduates.

The class of men from whom the plebes are selected does not enter into the question, for many institutions of learning scrutinize much more carefully than West Point does the qualifications and antecedents of

(Continued on Page 18)

Administration Building.



Riding Academy.

Queries and Answers

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Monthly in 1858 or 1859. Its author was the Rev. David Atwood Wasson, a Unitarian clergyman, who was born in 1823 and died in 1887. In 1861 Lee & Shepard of Boston published his poems. In that volume "All's Well" is revised, and begins "Prophetic hope, thy fine discourse foretold not half life's good to me." This fine poem has been included in many anthologies. It is given on p. 213 of "Voices of Doubt and Trust," edited by Volney Streamer for Brentano's, New York.

This query was answered also by Nathalie W. Homans, New York.

A Mock Oration

HORATIO G. COZZENS, New York.—I note the query of "H. J. C." in your issue of Nov. 7 as to two mock orations popular about 1875. The first named oration, viz., "The Speech of Mr. Orator Climax," I have located in "The National Orator: A Selection of Pieces for the Use of Young Students," &c., compiled by Charles Northend and published by A. S. Barnes & Burr, New York, 1864.

"True to Poll"

CHARLES N. YEAGER, New Oxford, Pa.—In reply to query of "H. M." of Nov. 21, "True to Poll," by F. C. Burnand, editor of Punch, was sung by Elizabeth Weathersby, as I recollect it, though, of course, Rosina Vokes may have sung it, too. I give it to you, from memory, as follows:

I'll sing you a song, not very long,
But the story somewhat new,
Of William Kidd, who whatever he did,
To his Poll was always true.
He sailed away in a gallant ship
From the port of old Bristol,
And the last words he uttered,
As his handkercher he fluttered,
Were, "My heart is true to Poll."

His heart was true to Poll,
His heart was true to Poll.
It's no matter what you do,
If your heart be only true;
And *his* heart *was* true to Poll.

'Twas a wreck. William, to shore he swam,
And looked about for an inn;
When a noble savage lady, of a color rather shady,
Came up with kind of a grin.
"Oh, marry me, and a king you'll be,
And in a palace loll;
Or we'll eat you, willy nilly."
So he gave his *hand*, did Billy,
But his *heart* was true to Poll.

Away a twelve-month sped, and a happy life he led
As king of the Kickeryboos;
His paint was red and yellow, and he had a big umbrella,
And he wore a pair of *overshoes*;
He'd corals and knives, and twenty-six wives,
Whose virtues I cannot here extol;
One day they all revolted.
So, he back to Bristol bolted
For his heart was true to Poll.

Others who answered this query were Charles N. Kent, Flushing, N. Y.; Mrs. W. B. Yerance, South Orange, N. J.; John Consino, New York; C. L. L., New York; Mrs. E. Dooley, New York.

A Soul's Soliloquy

OLGA A. BLOCK, New York.—In THE BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE of Nov. 21 E. W. Bruce inquires as to the author of "A Soul's Soliloquy." It was written by Mrs. Wenonah Stevens Abbott of Minneapolis, Minn., half of it about 1890, the balance later. The complete poem follows:

Today the journey is ended.
I have worked out the mandates of fate;
Naked, alone, undefended,
I knock at the Uttermost Gate.
Behind is life and its longing,
Its trial, its trouble, its sorrow,
Beyond is the Infinite Morning
Of a day without a tomorrow.

Go back to dust and decay,
Body, grown weary and old;
You are worthless to me from today;
No longer my soul can you hold.
I lay you down gladly forever,
For a life that is better than this;
I go where partings ne'er sever
You into oblivion's abyss.

Lo, the gate swings wide at my knocking,
Across endless reaches I see
Lost friends, with laughter, come flocking
To give a glad welcome to me.
Farewell, the maze has been threaded
This is the ending of strife;
Say, not that death should be dreaded
'Tis but the beginning of life.

Others who answered this query were M. S. Gray, Uniontown, Pa.; J. A. Robinson, Philadelphia, Pa.; George D. Cheason, Springfield, Mass.

"I Walk With the King"

IMOGENE GORE, Auburn, N. Y.—In reply to the query of M. C. P. in your issue of Nov. 21, the hymn referred to is "I Walk With the King," No. 141 in "Songs for Service," the song book used extensively by Billy Sunday. James Roe wrote the words of this song and B. D. Ackley the music. It was copyrighted in 1915 by Homer A. Rodeheaver and the book is published by the Rodeheaver Gospel Music Company of 440 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, and 46 North Twelfth Street, Philadelphia.

Others who answered this query were Hazel D. Downes, East Hartford, Conn.; Geneva Hardy, J. Winquist, Mrs. N. Scocos, Margaret Roulston, Edmund L. Burchard, K. K. K., A. S., all of New York; J. J. MacKay, New Haven, Conn.; Louella D. Everett, Boston, Mass.; Dr. Wesley G. Mead, Freedom, Pa.; Mrs. Arthur P. Hickcox, Watertown, Conn.; A. E. McChesney, Syracuse, N. Y.; G. Chapman Jones, Hornell, N. Y.; Ira F. White, Philmont, N. Y.; Elsie S. Starrett, Cold Spring-on-Hudson, N. Y.; John E. King Jr., Islip, Long Island; Mrs. W. Longmuir, Ardsley, N. Y.; Carrie E. Haverly, Berne, N. Y.; Mrs. C. A. Thompson, Chester, N. Y.; Pauline F. Ulmer, Chappaqua, N. Y.; Bertha H. Kieswetter, New Britain, Conn.; D. C. Hasbrouck Peekskill, N. Y.; B. F. Brown, Augusta, Ga.; F. M. Turrentine, Highland, N. Y.; Mrs. M. E. Smith, Pleasantville, N. Y.; Paul V. Bailey, Buffalo, N. Y.; R. W. Dimock, Merrow, Conn.; Margaret Groben, Buffalo, N. Y.; Mrs. M. C. Farmer, Westfield, N. J.; Gwendolen Davies, Rochester, N. Y.

"The Mother"

ARTHUR GUITERMAN, New York.—The story referred to by "M. R." in your issue of Nov. 14 was told to me as an old Spanish folk-tale. I embodied it in the following sonnet, first published in September, 1915:

THE MOTHER

This legend, grim and wild, yet rich in truth,
Was framed in Cordova in Gothic days;
By Guadalquivir's water dwelt a youth
Who loved a woman fair beyond all praise,
Yet duly foul—a Lamia disguised,
To win whose poisoned kiss he perill'd all.
His fortune, faith and hope; whate'er she prized
That gave he, vowing still the gift too small.
One day in guileful hate she cried,
"Alack,
Thy mother grieves me; slay her; bring me straight
Her heart!" He did her will; and, hasting back,
Fell headlong e'en before the witch's gate.
How sweetly spake unto that erring one
The mother's heart, "Oh! art thou hurt, my son?"

There are, as I later learned, poetical renditions of the same story in French and German.

Adelaide M. Prime, Middletown, N. Y., replying to this query, says:

The story inspired the French author, Jean Richepin, to write a ballad which he used to end his novel, "La Glu." It became a popular French music hall song. There are several translations.

Others who sent in information regarding the Richepin poem were T. D. Boulanger, Bertha Eckwith and A. A. Drabkin of New York; M. B. Wellar, Utica, N. Y.; Juliette Deschamps, Quebec, Canada; Emily V. Barnard, Detroit, Mich., and R. L. Herbert, New Rochelle, N. Y.

"Opportunity."

LAURA SCHMID, Brooklyn.—In answer to the inquiry of "H. L. B." in your issue of Nov. 14 I give below the poem called "Opportunity," by Judge Walter Malone:

They do me wrong who say I come no more,
When once I knock and fail to find you in;
For every day I stand outside your door
And bid you wait, and rise to fight and win.

Weep not for precious chances passed away,
Weep not for golden ages on the wane;
Each night I burn the records of the day,
At sunrise every soul is born again.

Laugh like a boy at splendors that have sped,
To vanished joys be blind and deaf and dumb;
My judgments seal the dead past with its dead,
But never bind a moment yet to come.

Though deep in mire, wring not your hands and weep;
I lend my arm to all who say "I can";
No shame-faced outcast ever sank so deep
But yet might rise and be again a man.

Dost thou behold thy lost youth all aghast?
Dost reel from righteous retribution's blow?
Then turn from blotted archives of the past
And find the future's page as white as snow.

Others who answered this query were S. L. Cohan, Marie A. Reeder, "G. C. R.," S. D. Auerbach, Virginia M. Fallon, H. V. Quackinbush, Ina Ray Olwell, D. Curtis Robertson, "S. J. K.," E. Calnan, Paul Mathewson Marion L. Sveconski, Louise Pike, Silas Tuttle, all of Greater New York; M. L. Bonham Jr., Clinton, N. Y.; W. H. Vail, Newark, N. J.; F. R. Heine, Greensboro, N. C.; A. V. Gillingham, Norwich, Conn.; J. F. McCarthy, Washington, D. C.; G. C. Williams, Ithaca, N. Y.; Molly Teresa, Torrington, Conn.; Elsie A. Starrett, Cold Spring-on-Hudson, N. Y.; H. E. Foster, Providence, R. I.; Charles R. Skinner, Albany, N. Y.; Eugene R. Musgrove, Newark, N. J.; Albert H. Chaffee, Worcester, Mass.; Mrs. B. J. Moses, Norwalk, Conn.; Caroline Miller, New Rochelle, N. Y.; M. Susanna Brelly, Palisade, N. J.; Mrs. George W. Albridge, Rochester, N. Y.; U. S. Patton, Richmond, Va.; "E. M. H.," Mineola, L. I.; W. Griffiths, Scranton, Pa.; Sidney B. Wertheim, Binghamton, N. Y.

You'll say you never tasted such delicious mackerel!

They can't help but be delicious. They are *selected* fish and they are packed a few minutes after they are brought to the wharves at Gloucester by the fishing boats.

And when we say *selected* fish, we mean selected fish. We personally look over the various mackerel catches as they are brought in every day and we pick out only the very best. And we know how to pick them out, too—we've been fishermen ourselves for over fifty years and the mackerel we select are the same kind that we pick out to take home.

Fat, tender mackerel with a real fresh-from-the-sea flavor that you have always longed for.

And all you have to do to get them is to write your name and address on the coupon below and mail it to us. We will then send you our complete fish price-list so that you can send us your order. Then we send the fish along to you at once. *And remember, you do not pay for them unless you are entirely satisfied.*

This list we send you will give you a new idea as to the number and variety of the good things we have in store for you. Clams, lobster, shrimp, sardines, tuna, salmon—all fresh from the ocean, all carefully selected and perfectly packed.

Salt codfish is one of our big specialties. It is really boneless and comes to you in big, white, steak-like pieces just right for making the most mouth-watering codfish cakes or creamed fish. Be sure to remember it when you order.

Now here's the coupon. Fill it out now and mail it. It won't be many days before you'll say that sending in this coupon was one of the most satisfactory things you ever did in your life.

Crown Packing Company
Dept. D-3 Gloucester, Mass.



Please send me your complete fish price-list.

Name.....

Address.....

Books Bought

Highest prices paid for large or small collections of good books, autographs and entire libraries.

Especially Wanted:
11th Edition Encyclopaedia Britannica and other nice sets.

Our representatives call anywhere without charge.

Spot cash. Prompt removals at our expense.

Write, call or phone
Thoms & Eron
INCORPORATED
34 Barclay St., New York
Tel. 3862 Cortlandt
Largest buyers of sets and old books.

UNCLE MOSES
By SHOLOM ASCH

An uncommonly accurate, vivid and significant picture of the fortunes of a typical family of Russian Jews in the course of a generation in America.

$2.50 at any bookstore
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 5th Av., N.Y.

USEFUL XMAS PRESENT
Give your children and friends six best quality pencils printed with their OWN NAME in a fancy box. Three assorted colors and gold tipped rubbers.

Send 75 cents in stamps or money order and name wanted—we will do the rest.

ELCO PENCIL COMPANY,
1293 Second Ave., New York City

New McBride Fiction

THE GREEN EYES of BAST *By SAX ROHMER*
¶ Utterly fascinating as only a Rohmer yarn can be is this new Oriental mystery with its background of ancient magic and the mysterious catwoman who is its central character. $2 net

HOW MANY CARDS *By ISABEL OSTRANDER*
¶ Eugene Creveling, millionaire, clubman, connoisseur, is found dead in his home at midnight, with a crumpled nine of diamonds hidden beneath him. How Ex-Roundsman McCarty solves the mystery of his death is the basis of a capital story in Miss Ostrander's best vein. $2 net

TALES of MYSTERY and HORROR
By MAURICE LEVEL
¶ Grim, tragic, horrible, these astonishing tales have given a new thrill to many thousands of readers and have been favorably compared with the work of such masters as Poe, Maupassant and Bierce. $2 net

DOMNEI and THE CORDS of VANITY
By JAMES BRANCH CABELL
¶ Revised editions of two of the best of Mr. Cabell's novels. Uniform with *Jurgen, The Cream of the Jest,* etc. Each $2 net

THE NEW DECAMERON: Second Day
¶ Further tales narrated by the pilgrims who figured in the first volume of this ingenious series. $1.90 net

ROBERT M. McBRIDE & CO., Publishers, NEW YORK

An Ancient Map of Fairyland

Consisting of 3 maps, which may be hung on the nursery wall or framed; with a booklet guide (paper).

Designed and Written by BERNARD SLEIGH for Children of All Ages. $5.00.

Do you know where Asgard is? or Camelot and Lyonesse? Where the gnomes and elves hide? Where they carried Kilmeny? Where the Water Babies play and the lost children of the Never Never Land wander? Distance there is measured in thoughts, you know, one thought in Fairyland equals five hundred earth miles. "Dreamland Harbour" is crowded, and the roads to the "Land of Heart's Desire" are often baffling. So you would better have a Guide and Maps.

This should be on sale in your bookstore; if not, order direct from

E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., New York

Heaven and Hell
An account of things heard and seen there
By Emanuel Swedenborg

Swedenborg makes a reasonable claim to have been admitted into the spiritual world while his physical body remained alive and active in this world, and has recorded his experiences in a way that is convincing.

This book of 632 pages will be sent prepaid to any address on receipt of 25 cents. Also any of the following works by Swedenborg will be sent, prepaid, for 25 cents each:

DIVINE PROVIDENCE 329 pp.
THE FOUR DOCTRINES 335 pp.
DIVINE LOVE AND WISDOM 618 pp.

The books are printed in large type on good paper, and are substantially bound in stiff paper covers.

The American Swedenborg Printing and Publishing Society
Room 720, 3 W. 29th St., New York

Should a woman trust instinct or reason
in dealing with men and life?

BLIND WISDOM
the powerful new novel by
AMANDA B. HALL
answers this question. $1.90

George W. Jacobs & Co., Philadelphia

FOR CHRISTMAS BUY
LEE WILSON DODD'S
Book of Susan
The best new novel of 1920. $2.00. It should be on sale in *your* bookstore; if not you can get it from
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

Beware!

Your friends have brains. Don't give them the baby-food of ordinary gift-books. Show your modernity by presenting them with some of the MODERN LIBRARY volumes—the classics of our own day—Shaw, Turgenev, Flaubert, Anatole France, Ibsen, Andreyev, and 80 others—likable, readable, limp-bound volumes—a treat to the eye and the intellect—the sort of books that are never thrown away—and only 95c each!

Every bookstore has them!

The sensation of the London book world
In the Mountains
Anonymous
"This book is rich and brimming with the most adorable humor, as light and dry and volatile as mountain air—and rich too with a singular beauty and tenderness."—Christopher Morley.
At all booksellers. Net $1.00
Doubleday Page & Co. Garden City, New York.

Queries and Answers

QUERIES

"The Great Jehovah"

M.—Can any of the readers of THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE give the words of a poem containing the books of the Old Testament? It begins: "The Great Jehovah speaks to us in Genesis and Exodus."

The Pancake Brigade

W. H. M.—Could you inform me of or publish a parody on the "Charge of the Light Brigade" entitled "The Charge of the Pancake Brigade"? The first lines are as follows:

Pancakes to right of them,
Pancakes to left of them,
Pancakes in front of them,
Buttered and sputtered.

"We Know Not How"

F. W. C.—Can you locate for me the poem in which these lines occur:

We know not how, nor by what English name
Men spoke of you of old, in London Town,
Nor what your lover whispered, whose proud shame
Your faithlessness with fealty did crown;
But captive in his glory evermore
Sunward and swift we see you mount and soar.

An Old Song

O. W. R.—In the sixties there was a song, popular for a time, which ran something like this:

While the birds were singing in the morning
And the myrtle and the ivy were in bloom,
And the sun on the hill was a-shining,
'Twas then they laid her in the tomb.

Can you locate it for me?

"A Long Time Gone"

J. B.—Could you assist me in getting the words of a song which starts as follows: "You've been a long time gone for the wood, you've been a long time gone." The subject is about a boy being sent out for some wood but who doesn't return until many years have passed.

"A Pensive Ruth"

T. J. P.—For years I have vainly sought the name of the author, the setting and the poem, a few lines of which run thus:

On that calm Syrian afternoon,
When Memory, a pensive Ruth, went
gleaning the silent fields of childhood,
and found the yellow grain
still golden and the morning sunlight
fresh and fair.

Can you supply the information through your columns?

"New Day, New Hope"

F. E. P.—Can you locate for me the poem of which this is a part:

New day, new hope, new courage,
Let this be, oh! soul, thy cheerful creed.
What's yesterday with all its shards
and grief to thee!
Forget it, then. Here lies the victor's way.

"Oil on the Brain"

J. M.—Can you give me the words of "Oil on the Brain," sung many years ago?

"Sons of Dust"

M. H. L.—Can any of your readers tell me from what the following quotation comes:

Sons of Dust, in reverence bow.
Ancient of Days, thou speakest from above.

ANSWERS

"All's Well"

GEORGE ILES, New York—In reply to "G. W. C.'s" query of October 3, asking who wrote the poem beginning "Sweet-Voiced Hope," I would say that this poem, entitled "All's Well," originally appeared in the Atlantic

(Continued on Following Page)

THE PERFECT GIFT

BITS OF LIFE

Anonymous

THE AUTHOR IS PROMINENT IN WALL STREET

BITS OF LIFE

Intimate musings on life and love.

BITS OF LIFE

Over one hundred pictures of life drawn with bold strokes after the manner of Sargent.

BITS OF LIFE

Daring—Keen—Witty—Engrossing.

BITS OF LIFE

It is Realistic and Idealistic.

It is Literature!

$1.50 at all bookstores

Publishers BRENTANO'S New York

THINK OF BOOKS
THINK OF DUTTON'S
681 Fifth Avenue

ASK THE SEARCH-LIGHT
Anything You Want To Know
—FOUNDED IN 1888—
An organization of Practical Business Men. Investigations, Statistician, Biographies, Historian. An Information Library Comprising Millions of Classified Records, Clippings, and Pictures—All Subjects. Reports and Business Needs Prepared.
ROBERT GILLIES HANDY
Founder, President and Executive Chairman
FRANKLIN TREVELYAN MILLER, LL.D., LH.D.,
Editor-in-Chief
299 Fourth Avenue, New York

ELWELL!
NEW AUCTION BRIDGE
By Mrs. J. B. Elwell
$2.00 at all bookstores
Publishers BRENTANO'S New York

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE House With a Bad Name, by Perley Poore Sheehan, is not a mystery story in the present popular understanding. It is a tale of intrigue and mystery and love in much the same sense as "Bleak House" or some of Balzac's novels. It paints a picture of a certain section and period of New York's development that will long be remembered. $1.50 at all booksellers.

BOOK EXCHANGE

Twelve cents a word. No advertisement accepted for less than cost of twelve words.

SCHULTE'S XMAS BOOK BARGAINS—New sets at great reductions: Harvard Classics, 51 volumes, $65.00. Encyclopedia Britannica, eleventh edition, 29 volumes, $70.00. Catholic Encyclopedia, original and best edition, ¾ pigskin, 16 volumes, $95.00. Jewish Encyclopedia, 12 volumes, ¾ morocco, $65.00. McFadden's Encyclopedia Physical Culture, 5 volumes, ¾ morocco, latest edition, $18.50. Richard Burton's translation Supplemental Nights with anthropological notes, 6 volumes (original Denver edition, illustrated), $12.50. Balzac (Dent's Saintsbury, large paper limited edition), 40 volumes, buckram, $50.00. George Sand, 20 volumes, $35.00. Great Events by Famous Historians, 21 volumes, full decorated leather, $37.50. William Roscoe Thayer's Theodore Roosevelt (first edition), $4.00. Book of Knowledge, text in Spanish, 20 volumes, $35.00. Kipling (authorized edition), selected works, 9 volumes, $7.50. Ingersoll (new Dresden edition), 12 volumes, $22.50. Brun the Iconoclast, 12 volumes, $22.50. Reynolds, 10 volumes, $22.50. Wilde (authorized edition), 10 volumes, $18.50. Grasiz's History of Jews, 6 volumes, latest revised edition, $12.00. Stewart Edward White, 10 volumes, $10.00. Warner, 15 volumes, $12.50. Burns's Self Interpreting edition, 6 volumes, $12.00. Dumas's Celebrated Crimes, 4 volumes, $8.00. Champlin-Perkins Encyclopedia. Painters and Paintings, over 2,000 illustrations, 4 volumes, $11.90. O. Henry, 12 volumes, $18.50. Mark Twain, 25 volumes, $27.50. Gautier, 12 volumes, $20.00. Barras's Memoirs, 6 volumes, $9.50. Klauser's Half Hours with Best Musical Composers, 10 volumes, $12.50. Lock and Key Library, 10 volumes, $10.00. Every American's Encyclopedia, latest edition, 9 volumes, $10.00. John Fox, Jr., 5 volumes, $4.50. Maupassant, 17 volumes, illustrated, $12.50. Shakespeare, 7 volumes, $6.50. Craig Kennedy, 12 volumes, $12.50. Rodkinson's Babylonian Talmud, latest revised edition, 10 volumes, $25.00. Boys' and Girls' Book Shelf, 10 volumes, $10.00. Boswell's Johnson (Birbeck Hill Edition), 6 volumes, $12.00. Dante, 4 volumes, $8.00. Don Quixote, 4 volumes, $8.00. Doran's Annals English Stage, Fielding, 6 volumes, $12.00. Defoe, 16 volumes, $30.00. Thomas Paine, 10 volumes, $27.50. Gibbon's Rome, 6 volumes, $12.00. Pepys' Diary, 4 volumes, $8.00. Jowett's Plato, 4 volumes, $6.00. Plutarch's Lives, 5 volumes, $10.00. Smollett, 6 volumes, $12.00. Poe, 10 volumes, $9.50. Thousand other bargains. Schulte's Bookstore ("House of Many Thousand Book Bargains"), 80 & 82 Fourth Avenue (near Tenth).

GIFTS THAT ARE APPRECIATED. WE have a stock of 35,000 well selected books on all subjects. Our books have been so arranged that a person can get any book he wants in less than a minute. Besides our enormous miscellaneous stock we have 200 complete standard sets which we have marked exceptionally cheap. Here are just a few: Great American Lawyers, by W. D. Lewis. A History of the Legal Profession in America, 8 vols., $10. Young Folks Library, 21 vols., $17.50. Illustrated similar to the Book of Knowledge. Photographic History of Civil War, thousands of scenes and photographs, 10 vols., $8, new. Winston's Loose-leaf Encyclopedia, 10 vols., $9. A History of New York, by Diedrich Knickerbocker, illustrated by Maxfield Parrish, limited edition, No. 31 of 100 signed copies, bound in fine crushed buckram levant, size 9x13½, a beautiful copy, special $16. Obligations to buy never come with a visit to Bargain Book Store, 366 Fourth Ave., near 11th St. Stuyvesant 4318. Greatest book bargains in the city.

THOMB & ERON, INC., A CORPORATION dealing in old and rare books, autographs, &c., are the largest buyers and distributors of old books in this country. We are in the market to buy for spot cash book by book or small quantities and entire private libraries. We especially want limited sets, de luxe editions and late encyclopaedias. Autographs also bought. The advantages accrued to the seller of books in dealing with a large concern are obvious. Thomb & Eron, Inc., 34 Barclay St., New York. Tel. 8062 Cortlandt.

PRIVATE SALE, 601 WEST 156TH ST. Tel. 8296 Audubon. Memoirs, Travel, Miscellanea, Dramatic, Kipling's Inclusive verse, Beckford's Vathek, fine illustrated editions of Rabelais, Hudibras, Gil Blas, Compleat Angler, Bagster, Reynard the Fox, Memoirs by Gribbie, D'Eon de Beaumont, Benvenuto Cellini, Noel Williams, John Cartwright, and many others. In writing for catalogue specify subject. John Gallotti.

ORIENTALIA — EVERYTHING ASIAN, including books on Ceramics, Painting, Sculpture, Oriental Rugs, Handicrafts, Folklore, Philosophy, Religion, Languages, Travel, etc. Also Prints and Manuscripts. Write us of your wants Orientalia, 22 East 60th St., New York.

VALENTINE'S MANUAL OF OLD NEW YORK, 1921, now ready. More than 400 rare prints, lithographs, views, &c., of Old New York. Send for 8-page illustrated circular. H. C. Brown, Editor, 15 East 40th St., New York.

SPOT CASH PAID FOR SINGLE BOOKS and complete libraries; will call anywhere; immediate removal. Sarazen's Bookstore, 61 4th Ave. (opposite Wanamaker's), New York. Phone Stuyvesant 2448.

FOR OUT-OF-PRINT BOOKS AND SPECial Subjects, phone, call or write: Stammer's Bookstore, 61-4th Ave. (opposite Wanamaker's), New York. Phone Stuyvesant 2448.

MID-WEEK PICTORIAL FOR SALE: complete set, from beginning of war, Sept. 6, 1914, to Sept. 9, 1919; all in perfect condition; never folded; make offer. K 790 Times Downtown.

F. C. STECHERT CO., INC., 126 EAST 28th Street, N. Y. C. For sale: Encyclopedia Britannica, Eleventh Cambridge, thin paper, leather back edition; good condition; $140.00.

A NUMBER OF EARLY AMERICAN books for disposal. P 190 Times.

GENEALOGY: Are you familiar with your Ancestry? Our Catalogue of American Family and Town Histories (148 pages) will be sent to those interested on receipt of 5 cents for cost of mailing.
GOODSPEED'S BOOK SHOP, Boston, Mass.

NEIGHBORHOOD BOOK SHOP
435 PARK AVENUE-NEW YORK

MARKS' CHRISTMAS SUGGESTIONS: "The Ingoldsby Legends." Illustrated by Cruikshank, Leech and others, handsomely bound by Riviere in ¾ calf, 2 volumes, $25.00. "Dr. Johnson's Mrs. Thrale," an autobiography containing Letters and Literary Remains of Mrs. Piozzi, edited by Hayward, with 25 portraits in collotype from paintings by Joshua Reynolds and others; very handsome volume, $3.00. "The Favourites of Louis XIV," illustrated; charming book, $3.00. "Madame de Staël," a study of her life and times, by Stevens, L. L. D.; new, handsome ¾ morocco by Riviere; 2 volumes, $25.00. "Arabian Nights," Richard F. Burton's translation, 17 volumes, $42.50. "Burton's Arabian Nights," new, handsome ¾ levant morocco, 17 volumes, $125.00. Complete works of Edgar Allan Poe, fine illustrated edition, 6 volumes, $9.00. "A Chippendale Romance," by Esm Gay, adorned with many fine plates of Chippendale, Hepplewhite, Sheraton and Colonial furniture, $8.00. Charles Dickens' complete works, illustrated with steel portraits and engravings from original designs by Cruikshank, Browne, Leech and others; new, handsome ¾ morocco hand binding; 32 volumes, $102.00. Additional books of interest, handsomely bound, complete sets of Anatole France, Washington Irving, Dumas, Wilde and others. New catalog listing books superbly bound by Zaehnsdorf, Riviere and other famous binders, suitable for Christmas presentation, sent upon request. We are offering our patrons the full benefit of the prevailing low rate of English exchange, a saving of 25 to 35% on recent importations. A shop for book lovers. Harry F. Marks, 116 Nassau St., New York City.

SETS FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS AT low prices. Foundation Library for Children, 12 vols., 7.50; Stevenson, 21 vols., Thistle edition, 25.00; Kipling, 21 vols., Outward Bound edition, 50.00; Mark Twain, 25 vols., incl. Life by Paine, 85.00; Fielding, 6 vols., 10.00; Every Man Encyclopedia, 12 vols., half morocco, 12.00; Muhlbach, 20 vols., 12.00; Sterne, 6 vols., half morocco, 12.00; Dickens, 30 vols., limited edition, 30.00; Harvard Classics, 51 vols., full morocco, 100.00; Half Hours with Best Composers, 9 vols., 10.00; Tennyson, 12 vols., limited edition, 16.00; Library of Wit and Humor, 12 vols., 18.00; The Drama, 22 vols., 20.00; Burton's Arabian Nights, 17 vols., 37.50; Brewer's Worth's Great Orations, 10 vols., 15.00; 11th Britannica, handy edition, India paper, ¾ levant, 90.00; De Kock, 20 vols., limited Aquarelle edition, 47.50; Photographic History of the Civil War, 10 vols., 12.00; 11th edition Britannica, handy edition, India paper, sheep, 80.00. Davis' Bookstore, 36 Vesey, near Church.

C. E. STECHERT & CO., 151 W. 25TH St. Agents for Universities, Colleges, Public Libraries. Just received several hundred English novels of last century; first editions in three volumes. Catalogues in preparation: No. 38, valuable books on miscellaneous subjects; 39, Political Science; 40, sets of periodicals; 41, Natural Sciences. Stock of over 200,000 volumes, periodicals and books, new, second hand, foreign, domestic. Libraries bought.

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED BOOKS and Japanese Prints make Christmas gifts that delight people of discriminating tastes. Good selection at Gotham Book Mart, 128 West 45th St. (Bryant 6992). Catalogue of Books About the Theatre now ready. Send for one if interested.

BOOKS SEARCHED FOR AND FOUND. If you want some particular book very badly, for which you have searched and searched in vain, let us find it for you. H. S. Nichols, Inc., 17 East 38d St., New York. (Established 1886.)

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR LARGE or small collections of books of every conceivable subject. Will call everywhere; spot cash and prompt removal. City Book Shop, 102 E. 11th St. Stuyvesant 4818.

CATALOGUE OF RARE AND CHOICE books (94 pages), containing purchases made in England during the past Summer. Post free on application to E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 Fifth Av., New York.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR LAW LIbraries, rare books, acts, statutes of all States, Christian Science literature. Send list. Central Book Co. 93 Nassau St., New York.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE COPY OF "The Life and Times of Akhnaton," by A. P. Weigall. Published in Edinburgh, Scotland, in 1911. Address A. Ross, 220 West 42d St.

FULL VALUE PAID FOR LARGE OR small collections of sets of misc. books. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Madison Book Store, 61 E. 59th St., N. Y. Tel. Plaza 7391.

AUTOGRAPH LETTERS OF CELEbrated people bought and sold. Patrick F. Madigan, 24 West 47th St., N. Y. "The Autograph Bulletin" mailed free. Phone 9195 Bryant.

BOOKS AND AUTOGRAPHS—CATAlogues free. R. Atkinson, 158 Peckham Rye, London, S. E. 22, England.

OUT-OF-PRINT BOOKS FURNISHED. Catalogues issued. E. R. Robinson, 410 River St., Troy, N. Y.

GERMAN BOOKS—LARGE, WELL-SElected stock. Beyer's Bookshop, 167 Fulton St., opposite Terminal, upstairs.

BACK NUMBERS OF MAGAZINES TO be had at Abrahams' Bookstore, 165 4th Av.

NEW BARGAIN CATALOGUE READY. Send upon request. Charles W. Clark Co., 128 West 23rd Street.

WILL PURCHASE FINE SETS AND rare books. Guy Stonestreet, 507 5th Av., N. Y.

WANTED: COSTUME AND ART BOOKS. Conder's Bookstore, 31 West 15th St.

We type all kinds of authors' work
TYPEWRITING
Write for Circular H
Paget Typewriting Bureau
608 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

CHRISTMAS BARGAINS IN FINE SETS—Alexander Hamilton Institute Modern Business, 24 flexible vols. (1919) as new, $45.00. Alexander Hamilton Modern Business, flexible, 12 vols. with supplement as new, $30.00. Oscar Wilde, 10 vols., Edge edition, as new, $18.00. Elbert Hubbard, ¾ morocco, as new, $15.00. Hugo, 10 vols., ¾ morocco, as new, $17.75. Emerson, 6 vols., ¾ morocco, as new, $15.00. Plato, 3 vols., ¾ morocco, as new, $7.50. Dickens, 15 vols., good condition, $8.75. Scott, 10 vols., good condition, $7.50. Meyers Conversations Lexicon, 19 vols., good condition $20.00. Paul de Kock, beautiful set, 10 vols., as new, $15.00. Kipling, fine set, full morocco, 9 vols., as new, $16.00. Cyclopedia of Freemasonry, latest edition, as new, full morocco, $15.00. Poe, 5 vols., ¾ morocco, $9.75. The Standard Reference Library for Students, 8 vols., ¾ morocco, $13.50. Dante, 4 vols., ¾ morocco, as new, $2.00. Ainsworth, ¾ morocco, 8 vols., $18.50. Pepys' Diary, 4 vols., as new, $8.00. Flaubert, 10 vols., as new, $18.00. O. Henry, 12 vols., ¾ morocco, as new, $17.50. Balzac, illustrated edition, ¾ morocco, good condition, 25 vols., $20.00. Stoddard Lectures, 15 vols., ¾ morocco, good condition, $10.50. Stevenson, 9 vols., good condition, $9.00. The Bible and Its Story, beautifully bound, ¾ morocco, 10 vols., over 1,000 illustrations, $20.00. Maupassant, de luxe edition, 10 vols., as new, $15.00. Oriental Tales, with color piquante plates, limited Byzantine edition, as new, $15.00. The Junior Classics, color illustrations, ¾ morocco, as new, 10 vols., $15.00. Dickens, household, illustrated, London edition, 10 vols., fine condition, $19.00. Dickens and His Illustrators, by Kitton, ½ Tolio, 2 vols., uncut, as new, $15.00. The Arabian Nights Entertainments, by Lane, 4 vols., ¾ morocco, as new, $12.00.—Weltman's Bookstore, 30 West 125th St. Tel. Harlem 7427. Open evenings.

H. S. NICHOLS, INC., BOOKSELLERS. The English Bookshops, 333 Fifth Avenue (corner of 33rd Street, opposite the Waldorf), 17 East 33rd Street (a few doors from Fifth Avenue), New York City. Established 1886. Delightfully different from other bookshops, so quiet, so restful, so clean, so tidy, so pleasant and comfortable, but yet so thoroughly up to date and efficient; for at these shops you can buy or sell either a single volume or a whole library. Elegantly bound sets of standard authors; single volumes; books suitable for gifts; luxurious editions; integral editions; pocket editions; all the best of the very latest books; first editions; colored-plate books, sporting books; in fact, books to suit every person and every purse; literary and typographical curiosities, rare and precious volumes for collectors, large type library editions, books in bindings of Zaehnsdorf, Riviere and other renowned binders. Lovely picture books for children, reading books for boys and girls. The English Bookshops. Note our two addresses: 333 Fifth Avenue, 17 East 33rd Street.

J. GIFFORD, 45 ACADEMY ST., NEWark, N. J., F. & W. Standard Dictionary, Am. Press Ed., over 900 pages, ½ leather bound, good as new, for $2.75. F. & W. New Standard Dictionary, thin paper, full leather, latest edition, good as new, for $20. F. & W. New Standard Dictionary, full leather binding, latest edition, dated 1917, good as new, $11. Webster's New International Dictionary, full leather, good as new, 1915 edition, sells for $48, for $12. Webster's New International Dictionary, full leather, in excellent condition, 1914 edition, for $9. Webster's New International Dictionary, full leather, binding cracked, 1910 edition, for $5. Webster's New International Dictionary, newly bound in canvas, as new, 1911 edition, for $7.

FRIEDMANS' SPECIAL OFFERS: Encyclopedia Britannica, 11th edition (handy volume), 29 volumes, full leather, $75; O. Henry, 12 volumes, $11; Poe's works, 10 volumes, $6; Taine's complete works, 19 volumes, $11.50; Maupassant's works, 17 volumes, $12.50; Muhlbach's works, 18 volumes, $8. Many fine books for gifts. Friedmans', 53 West 47th St., New York.

I SPECIALIZE IN BINDING UP BACK volumes of the National Geographic Magazine. Full library buckram, $1.50; in ½ morocco, $2. Prospects on application. Missing numbers supplied, also complete back volumes. H. Kaufman, Library Bookbinder. 366 East 59th St., N. Y. C. Phone Plaza 5798.

LIBRARIES PURCHASED—ABSOLUTEly Highest Prices paid for small collections and complete libraries. Specially wanted: Art Works, Opera Scores, Scientific Works, Jewish, New International and Catholic Encyclopaedias. Davis' Bookstore, 36 Vesey, Cortlandt 4604.

WANTED—1920 EDITION BOOK OF Knowledge and Harvard classics; price must be attractive. Rosenthal, 462 Broadway.

WANTED — 1920 EDITION BOOK OF Knowledge and Harvard classics; price must be attractive. Rosenthal, 462 Broadway.

FOR THE BOOK LOVER—RARE BOOKS, first editions. Books how out of print. Latest catalogue sent on request. C. Gerhardt, 23 West 42d St., New York.

OLD LAW BOOKS WANTED — BUSIness established twenty years. Send list or brief description. G. S. Hook, Weymouth Apts., Atlantic City, N. J.

BOOKS ON PEDIGREES, GENEALOGY and heraldry. Every Anglo-Saxon and Celtic name. Chas. A. O'Connor, 21 Spruce St., New York.

AUTOGRAPH LETTERS OF FAMOUS People bought and Sold. W. R. Benjamin, 1476 Broadway, N. Y., Pub. "The Collector." $1 year. Sample free.

CAT. 11—1,092 ITEMS, ON REQUEST. R. C. MacMahon, 78 West 56th St.

STIKEMAN & CO. BOOKBINDERS, ESTABlished 1887. Fine bindings of every description; restoring, inlays, solander and other cases for rare books, MSS., &c. 114 West 32d St.

FOR XMAS JOY
buy that "Incomparable Book"
Between Scarlet Thrones
By Florence Willingham Pickard
(Wife of W. L. Pickard, LL.D., Author-Lecturer, Univ. Pres.)
A vivid piece of fiction.—N. Y. Times
Powerfully developed.—Chicago Tribune
Dutton's, any book store or The Stratford Co., Boston, Mass. $1.50.

Beasts and Birds of War



"The men declared he was flying. Some of them cried out that they could see his wings."

By HELEN BULLITT LOWRY.

EVERYBODY that's anybody gets an investigation these days, whether they build houses or handle campaign funds or fight wars. And now it's the turn of a special group of fighters to "get theirs" the turn of our animal allies of the great war.

The Educational Department of the Museum of Natural History has sent out a committee of one, a horse-wise, dog-wise man, Ernest Harold Baynes, to find out what part animals really played in winning the war. For a year Baynes has toured the various fronts. For a year he has consulted with high military authorities and with low military authorities—and now this is his report: Animals did not win the war—but the war could not have been won without them.

He will tell their story tomorrow evening at the Lexington Avenue Opera House, where he speaks under the auspices of the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

Animals did not stop the Germans in 1914—but——

The British and French cavalry were retreating. Whole armies were retreating. The horses were weary, as only flesh can be weary—as weary as the men who rode them. Yet on rode the French cavalry. The horses' bloodshot eyes almost started out of their heads. Their sides were caked with sweat and blood.

But the British cavalry did not ride on without pause. No matter what danger surrounded, no matter what haste was needed, each British cavalryman stopped ever so many hours, removed his saddle and gave his horses rest and care. Some horses fell while they rested. Some riders fell by their sides. But the surviving horses moved on, rested. The story comes from a French cavalry officer, high in command, to an American officer of equal rank:

"When we took off our saddles the horses' skin tore off in great raw bleeding hunks. They were done for. Had our horses been as rested as the British, we could have turned at the Marne—could not merely have held the Germans, but have pursued and routed them. The war would have ended that day."

Sixteen million horses served in the World War—and, of these, ten million were our Allies. "It is said that in the March drive Germany used up a million horses," goes on the story of the committee of one. "I was not able to get that figure authenticated—but certain it is that, when the armistice came, even milch cows were drawing German cannon. They had used up their horse power. The whole animal power of both nations was drafted. In the battle of the Somme, 5,000 pigeons alone were used—and only 2 per cent. failed to come through with their messages."

But these are mere figures—grave statistics. Try a close-up. Not far from Verdun a small town held a very important position in the Allies' line. It was garrisoned by a few hundred French soldiers, who had orders to hold out at all costs until they were relieved. The Germans succeeded in cutting them off from the rest of the army, and, just as their ammunition ran low, placed a battery to their left, to pour deadly fire into the town. If the garrison could only let the French Army, now two miles away, know the position of that battery, they might yet hold the town!

The telephones were destroyed. The last homing pigeon had been killed by a shell. All other means of communication were shut off.

But with the garrison was a dog trainer named Duval. He had been sent from the dog school at Satory, with two messenger dogs, Rip and Satan. Rip had been killed in action, and Satan had been left with the French Army from which the garrison was now cut off. Duval and the dog had many times walked together over the ground which now stretched between them, and the trainer knew that, if a message could be brought, Satan could bring it. Again and again he looked over the shell-torn ground, searching for Satan. And at last an hour came when he started forward with a loud cry.

"Voila! Satan, Satan."

His companions looked too, but all they could see was a black speck moving toward them from a distance—until the black speck took the form of a dog, a black dog that seemed barely to touch the ground. The men declared he was flying. Some of them cried out that they could see his wings. But none of them but Duval believed he could get through the barrage fire alive.

And it seemed they were right. A missile struck him. Duval saw him fall—saw him stagger to his feet confused and faltering. The precious message seemed the life of France. The man took his life in his hands. He leaped to the top of the trench wall, and shouted at the top of his voice, "Satan, come, mon ami, come—" the sentence was never finished. But the dog had seen and heard. With a frantic yelp he was in his stride again. On three legs with a fourth swinging helpless, he swept into the town, where a dozen hands were outstretched to catch him—but not the hands to which he came.

In a metal tube about his collar they found a message that read, "For God's sake, hold on. Will relieve you tomorrow." But the dog had brought something besides the message. What the men had mistaken for wings were two little baskets, and in each of these little baskets was a homing pigeon. Communication was re-established with the rest of the world. The message was intrusted in duplicate to the pigeons. One of them got through, to silence the battery that saved the strategic town.

Such were the big moments of our animal soldiers—but most of the World War was not "big moments."

"War for the animals," explains Mr. Baynes, "even as for the men, was a prosaic thing of work, a matter of endurance. It was not the wounds that caused most of the deaths of horses—yes, even though during those five years of war men near the front were never out of the sight and the smell of a dead horse. It was the terrible physical exhaustion which made the horses the prey of disease.

Picture the life of fearful labor of the transport horse—picture him even when officially "resting," waiting for the order to bring up ammunition. Under the camouflage shelter he stands in mud. To the horse and the mules, even as to the soldier in the trenches, war meant mud. Dragging first one foot out of its sucking clutch, only to sink in more deeply with the others—then dragging again, all day and all night.

Yet what scientific care of the horse could do, England and Germany did do. England had learned her lesson in the Boer War of an unprepared veterinary service. Germany had learned the lesson by watching England learn hers. Both were prepared. As for the messenger and guard dog service, what forethought and preparedness could do to perfect it, France and Germany had done.

And what of America, the committee of one is asked.

"According to the British authorities," he replies gravely, "America's veterinary service was forty years behind the times. According to our own American civilian veterinary authorities, we were fifty years behind the times. As for a dog service, we hadn't any." Suddenly he smiles. "I saw a confidential official French report which stated that 'Much care must be taken to keep the Americans from stealing our messenger dogs, which is their tendency, lacking dogs of their own.' So it seems that we were getting this luxury service as fast as we could."

At this point Mr. Baynes clears up the difference between "necessities" and "luxuries" in animals of war. The war could have been won without the pigeons and dogs. It could not have been won without the horses and mules.

"Motor lorries could not take the place of the horses in the land of mud of the western front. On the Italian front machinery could not climb the mountains. Therefore donkeys and great white oxen like those in a Roman frieze became the necessities of war. With Allenby the necessities were both camels and horses. Over 40,000 camels were used in the transport alone. And with cavalry, as all men know, the Turks were finally beaten.

"Pigeon and dog supplied the dramatic moments of war—arriving just in time to be hero of the day. There are pigeons now who carry about their necks the Croix de Guerre and even the decoration of the Legion of Honor."

Yes, they fly honored, in spite of their "pasts," and even in this new era of Blue Laws when we must look into the pasts even of our heroes. According to Blue Law standards, these pigeons have a dark record, having been bred by the million for the European gambling sport of pigeon racing. Moreover, since they've been demobilized they've gone back to their "pasts." They're at it again, having found their "old jobs" more easily than some human soldiers.

The dogs have been demobilized, too, and have gone back home. But readjustments to the new order await them, too. Most of the dogs were privately owned, and had been enlisted from civilian life. Indeed, a trainer of England's dog school in the New Forest tells of the mingled resentment and delight with which volunteers were refused in the days of war, "because of lack of sufficient intelligence."

"They made me think of the mothers that give their sons.' After they've gone through the struggle of sacrifice, it is quite as embarrassing as relieving to have either returned as 'not up to standard.'"

As for the horses, most of them were either sold or mercifully killed. "I visited a cantonment of horses in England," reports the committee of one, "while demobilization was yet in progress. One half of the horses were to be sold the next day and the other half were to die. To the everlasting credit of England, be it said, there was no difference in the careful grooming and feeding that the two lots received."

Then came the sale, with all the big horse dealers of four countries present. A Tommy approached one of the dealers.

"Hi say, will you pass the word 'along that 583 belongs to my pal that's still in France? 'E's marked 'im with a shived star just a hinch above 'is tile, and 'e's wrote me to buy 'im in. That 'orse is 'is pal."

When such requests came—and they were numerous—not a bid was put in by the great horse dealers. Five eighty-three was bought in for a song.

As for the other horses that had "gone west," they have but departed to join the assembly of the war horses of all time who have gone before. For, not since warrior mounted chariot when the cradle of the world was young, to add horse's speed to man's strength, has war been conducted without horses—though there was a time when it was considered the proper thing for a ruler to conduct it with elephants. Thus Queen Semiramis, half legendary founder of Babylon, slay her horses and skin them because she had elephants with which, with dignity, she could meet the opposing army.

The hides were made over into the shapes of elephants, trunk, tail and all, and these new freaks were thrown over the skins of Semiramis's dead camels. Ah, well, she made a brave appearance when the armies met. But the move was hardly successful from a military standpoint; for the fighting began, her elephants proved to be only—camels.

"Elephants, on the other hand, were some fighters in those days," narrates Mr. Baynes. "Witness the shock that Pyrrhus gave, Remember, too, when Alexander the Great first met elephants of war on the banks of the Indus. On the other side of the river they stood—the royal guard of Porus's army—bellowing and stamping, till the Alexander horses were frantic with fright, refused to cross over for three night and three days. And they might have yet, but that Porus himself was hit by a dart. The king elephant kneeled down for the King to be rescued. At which all of the obsequiously trained Oriental elephants ceased their bellowing, knelt down, too. And Alexander rode over the river that night."

After that the Occident found how to meet the Orient. A whole system for attacking the sensitive trunk of the elephants with firebrands and darts was evolved. The technique of the thing was to goad the elephant into fury, until they became more a menace to their own army than to the yours. So it came to pass that elephant drivers were each fitted out with a sharp dagger, which could be driven in just below the base of the skull to cause instant death to the charge.

Caesar kept elephants always for his training cantonments—to fight with, but to accustom his men to the sight and the sound of them. A bit like sending recruits in gas masks through a gas chamber.

From the ancients the record comes down into the dark ages, and until out into the brilliancy of the medieval rides the knight of the fairy on his war stallion. Despite here, too, sent against the enemy with pots of fire on their backs, homing pigeons—hawks trained to sweep into the air to slay them.

Wherever there have been animals—like natural qualities and talents, their inherent strength exploited by man. And never have animals, throughout all time, given of themselves as they gave to this war. So reports the committee of one.

Christmas Pudding, Chinese Style

By Major ST. P. RUDINGER
Chinese Military Force, Retired

TSAO-A, ts'ao yah, tsao-a! Ten times ten thousand respectful greetings! And may the Dragon of Prosperity descend upon the Exalted One and abide with him for ten thousand years of Happiness, and may the Dragon of Good Counsel speak to the Tremendously Pompous One thus: "Take thou this man for thy servant!" For the very insignificant one is very anxious to enter the services of the August Personage in the capacity of a boi—a body-servant, or of a helper to the cook, or as a coolie, or in any capacity, so that he can earn—within this quarter of the year—sufficient money to buy a ticket for the tie-loo, the railway, to take him away from Shanghai to the place of his birth.

"The teacher of classics is anxious to know whence the little one came and why he is anxious to leave this City of Shanghai to return to the place of his birth?

"'Great Excellency, Wan Piao, is the name of the little one, of the family of Ching, thus spoken of as Ching Wan Piao, and poor me was born on the Mow-Sai Island, in the great lake, the Ta-hoo, which is near the City of Woo-Sieh, on the Soochow Creek, more than two hundred and fifty lee—Chinese miles—northwest from Shanghai, where his insignificant father has a small grove where he raises mulberry trees, raising them carefully and pruning them so that they do not obtain great height, but grow low, so that their leaves can be reached without difficulty. And the leaves therefrom he and his wife and his children feed to many silkworms, and the silkworms make the cocoons. And when there is a great number of cocoons, then the father of the very little one loads them into bags, or baskets, which he puts aboard a sampan, or a djoonk, generally using one which belongs to Wong Hsieh Tang, the fisherman, and then travels to Woo-Sieh, the walled city, where he sells those cocoons to the buyers, which come there from Shanghai and other big cities. Or, he does not take them to Woo-Sieh, but waits till other men come and buy them from him.

"'And the exalted scholar of arts wishes to know why small me is anxious to return to the Ta-Hoo?

"'Hai, hai, learned one, small me does not like the climate of this city. It is bad for the health, and insignificant me would die here within a very short time. Besides, the food is not very good and there are many other things of unpleasantness.

"The Exalted One says that he does not believe these words, but that poor me looks very healthy, and that he would employ small me as a coolie, if the true story would be told?

"'Ai, ai yah, very severe and obstinate is the Exalted One. But if he insists on hearing the true story, and if he will not become impatient, and if he will give poor me a place to eat and to work and to earn money, thus enabling me to return to Ta-Hoo, then bowlegged me will tell the truth.

"'Ai, ai yah, it is not because of the climate that poor me wants so anxiously to return to Ta-Hoo, and it is not the bad food, but it is because the Chinese of Shanghai are bad tricksters, always anxious to make practical jokes, and because the foreign men who live here are very incomprehensible and unappreciative and ingrates!

"The Exalted Philosopher wishes to know why the Chinese of Shanghai and the foreigners make poor me wish to leave this city?

"'Wai and good. Small me will recount what has befallen him.

"'About three moons ago, very insignificant me learned from Wong Hsieh Tang, the fisherman, that a foreign man, who lives at Shanghai, had arrived at Woo-Hsieh, and that he was selling there the siao-yen-guos, the little tobacco-rolls, which, wrapped in white and thin paper, are very good to smoke, and that everybody liked them very much indeed.

"'And insignificant me made much oration to Wong, the fisherman, and after having promised to pay him ten candareens, Wong allowed him to sail with him to Woo-Sieh, for the purpose of obtaining employment with aforementioned foreign man. For the little one thought that the foreign man would perhaps be willing to take him to Shanghai, the great city.

"'Hai, hai, oh very Exalted One, very incomprehensible are the foreign men. Very incomprehensible.

"'When little me had arrived at Woo-Sieh, I enquired from the shimpoh's—the police—as to the house in which the foreign seller of siao-yen-guos lived, and proceeded there. And, in front of his house there stood on a table, well above the ground, a foreign man, with a red and smiling countenance, who spake words in a foreign language, sometimes using Chinese words, thus proving that he was desirous to make us understand him. And he distributed aforementioned siao-yen-guos with the help of two Chinese men, who had big wooden boxes, out of which they took packages and threw them among the many people who surrounded them, and everybody scrambled for them and shouted and laughed and smoked and was very happy, while one of the Chinese men explained that these siao-yen-guos would be sold in the stores of Woo-Sieh for the future.

"'And insignificant me received a package of the tobacco rolls and found them very good indeed.

"'And while I was standing near by there came another foreign man, very thin and tall, with a pale face and very light hair and the eyes of a fish, dressed in a long and black garment, who spake to me in Chinese language, saying that I was an offspring of the devil and that my kwei—my soul—would go to the tah-kang, the great Oven, after my death. And when I asked the foreign man why all this would happen he explained that it was a very great crime to drink strong drinks and to smoke tobacco. And he took the tobacco rolls from me, treading them under his feet and making very bad language. Then he gave me a small book, saying that men or women or children who did not read the book would in due course go to the great Oven, and suffer great pain there. And he spake very loudly, with a voice as strong as that of the tiger, and many listened to him. And he pointed at the foreign man who sold the tobacco rolls, and said that he was an offspring of the devil and many other bad things.

"And next to me there stood a lesse, a scholar of the Law books, who spake thus: 'Verily, we know that the foreign people are crazy, but I did not know they were of so little discretion. Behold, there is a man who sells tobacco rolls. And here is another one saying that it is a crime to smoke them, and that it is a crime to drink strong drinks like wine. One of them must be a liar. But, verily, methinks that the man with the fish eyes and the many books is to blame. Probably he is envious of the man who sells tobacco or he is intruding and very impudent. For it is surely not true when he says it is a crime to smoke tobacco and to drink wine.

"'For have we not used both for many a hundred years? And what he says about those little books—verily, very intruding are the foreign men. Why does he come to this country and tell us that our religion is bad? He should preach to his own people, for they have many wars and they fight and they lie and they do not obey their own God, and they invade our country and take much away from us, because their soldiers are stronger than ours. Let us not listen to him, but let us chase him away and give him the advice to preach to his own people!'

"And the preacher man went to the man who gave the tobacco away and called him many bad names and used strong language. And the tobacco man jumped from his table, and answered in strong language and they started to fight, using their fists, and the book man scratched and we all laughed very much and enjoyed the sight.

"And the little one beheld how the man of the books tried to bite the ear of the tobacco man. And so poor me came to his help by pulling the hair of the book man till he let go. And the book man ran away, very fast, for the people got angry as they liked the tobacco rolls very much.

"And the tobacco man, beholding me, gave me a silver coin, saying that I had helped him and that I was a good man. And I made much oration and thankful greetings and spake to him, saying that I wanted to go to Shanghai with him as his servant.

"'Hai, hai,' said the tobacco man, 'I will take you for a servant, for mine is about to leave, having inherited 500 yuans and now he wants to buy a piece of land to grow rice thereupon.'



"And the old priest, after having thought a long while, and after having scratched his bald head many times, looked over his great and tortoise-shell-rimmed eyeglasses and spake."

"And so insignificant me became the servant of the tobacco man and within a few days we went to the tieh-loo, the railroad, and traveled to Shanghai.

"Hai, hai, very many new and strange things were in the foreign man's house, things which small me had never seen before. And small me learned to wait on the foreign man, handing many and wonderful garments to him when he dressed and sometimes running errands.

"And often he enquired from other Chinese servants of other foreign men how certain things had to be done, but very often he was given wrong information, for the natives of Shanghai-like to make a fool of a man from the country who has not been born at Shanghai.

"Thus little me made many mistakes and the foreign man, my master, laughed very much and said that I should not believe the words of other Chinese servants, saying that they were great wags and fond of fooling a Chinese man from the country.

"One day, the foreign man called me into his great room where there stood a small box, made of very strong wood, and spake thus, pointing at the box: "Tomorrow there will be a big festival day for the foreign men. For it will be the day on which our god was born. This box contains special festival day food, which has come from Inguo, from England, to be used only on the day on which our god was born.

"Go thou, and open the box and take what is therein and cook it very carefully. Then take it and place it on a silver salver, put the leaves and berries of the holly, which you can buy on the market, around it. And then take a bottle of belan-dee, the brandywine, pour some over it and ignite it. And when the flame burns high, then bring it into the room, for I and some of my friends will celebrate the day on which our god was born. Now, begone and keep in mind, that the dish must be served while burning.

"Hai, hai, noble one, the small one was very much surprised. And he went to other Chinese servants and asked them for which purpose the food had to be burning, when served. And the servants said that the foreign men ate the food while it was burning.

"Hai, hai, but the little one did not believe them, knowing that they probably were anxious to make a fool of poor me, as they had done before. For nobody can eat things which are burning without coming to serious grief and hurt.

"And the little one, being anxious to find out why the food had to be burning, went to see an old priest, who lives in the temple near the Hsiao-Peh-Men, the small North Gate of the City of Shanghai, and who is known to be very wise.

"And little me found the very wise priest reading in a very old book, and made many bows and respectful greetings, and asked him why the food had to be served while burning, telling him what the other servants had told me.

"And the old priest, after having thought a long while, carefully holding his hands in the long sleeves of his garment, and after having scratched his bald head many times, looked over his great and tortoise-shell-rimmed eyeglasses and spake thus: 'Verily, verily, the words of those servants are but lies. For nobody can eat burning food. But I am sure that this food is prepared not for the purpose of being eaten, but for the purpose of sacrifice.

"'For did not thy master say that tomorrow is the day on which the foreign god was born? Verily, verily, the food which came from Inguo—England—must be some special sacrificial dish to please the foreign god. And therefore he ordered you to ignite it. Because, in all probability, tomorrow, on the great and holy day, the foreign men will assemble and will celebrate the birth of their god, and they will place the dish from Inguo on the table while it is burning, and they will render their prayers and watch how the flames devour the food. And their god will be pleased with the sacrificial dish which had been brought from Inguo for this purpose, and the foreign men will regard this as an auspicious omen, probably watching the flames and divining from their brightness what luck the next year will bring.'

"And little me, having been satisfied with the explanation given to me by the priest, who is a very wise man, indeed, went back to the house of the foreign man and opened the box, and put it into a boiler as had been ordered by the white man, and cooked it for a long time. And,

(Continued on Page 21)



"And they stuck a fork into it and tried to eat it, and one of the men spake in a very loud and strong voice: 'Damn, damn, he put kerosene on our pudding.'"

Latest Books

(Continued from Preceding Page)

spiritualism has been based and examines the solution of the phenomena proposed by anti-spiritualists. The book was recommended by the Anglican clergy and by the Archbishop of Canterbury.

WHAT AND WHERE IS GOD? By Richard LaRue Swain. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $2.50.

A presentation of some of the important themes of modern, constructive, religious thought.

EXPOSITORY SERMONS ON THE HEIDELBERG CATECHISM. By Ferdinand S. Schenck. 12mo. New York: Board of Publication and Bible School Work of the Reformed Church of America.

Contains sermons on the first six Lord's Days of the Catechism and the 25th to 34th Lord's Days.

Fiction

THE LOYALIST. By Francis Barrett. 8vo. New York: P. J. Kenedy & Sons. $2.

A story of the American Revolution.

THE JUGGLERS. By Ezra Brudno. 12mo. New York: Moffat, Yard & Co.

Story of a lawyer.

THE BRIDE OF MISSION SAN JOSE. By John Augustine Cull. 12mo. New York: The Abingdon Press. $2.

A story of early Spanish mission days.

MASTERPIECES OF MYSTERY. Edited by Joseph Lewis French. 12mo. New York: Doubleday, Page & Co. Four volumes.

A series of fiction anthologies including riddle stories, detective stories, ghost stories, mystic stories and humorous stories.

DEAD MAN'S PLACK AND AN OLD THORN. By W. H. Hudson. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.50.

A historical novel of England as it was over a thousand years ago.

THE MERCHANT AT ARMS. By Ronald Oakesmot. 12mo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co.

English historical novel with a preface by Jeffrey Farnol.

THE BELLS OF ST. JOHN'S. By Grace S. Richmond. 12mo. New York: Doubleday, Page & Co.

A Christmas story.

Travel and Description

THE GROPING GIANT. By William Adams Brown, Jr. New Haven: Yale University Press. $2.50.

Revolutionary Russia as seen by an American democrat.

THE STATES OF SOUTH AMERICA. By Charles Domville-Fife. 8vo. New York: The Macmillan Company.

An illustrated geographical, descriptive, economical and commercial survey.

THE BOOK OF GOOD HUNTING. By H. Newbolt. 12mo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $3.50.

Contains accounts of hunting elephants, lions, tigers, deer, fox, &c. There is a color frontispiece with thirty other illustrations by Stanley L. Wood.

SKETCHES OF SOVIET RUSSIA. By John Varney. 12mo. New York: Nicholas L. Brown. $2.25.

An account of what he saw and experienced by a young American who was in Russia during the years 1918-1919.

IN OLD PENNSYLVANIA TOWNS. By Anne Hollingsworth Wharton. 8vo. Philadelphia, Pa.: J. B. Lippincott Company.

Profusely illustrated account.

New Editions

LAST LETTERS FROM THE LIVING DEAD MAN. Written down by Elsa Barker. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.

New edition of a work first published in 1919.

LETTERS FROM A LIVING DEAD MAN. Written down by Elsa Barker. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.

New edition of a book first printed in 1914.

ULYSSES S. GRANT. By Hamlin Garland. 8vo. New York: The Macmillan Company.

A new edition of a book first published in 1898.

MONEY AND BANKING. By John Thom Holdsworth. 12mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co. $3.

A new revised edition.

AMERICAN ANNUAL OF PHOTOGRAPHY, 1921. Edited by Percy Y. Howe. 8vo. New York: American Annual of Photography. $2.

Annual edition profusely illustrated.

THE MODERN TRUST COMPANY. By Franklin B. Kirkbridge, J. E. Sterrett and H. Parker Wells. 8vo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $6.75.

A new and enlarged fifth revised edition of a book first published in 1905.

THE SETTLEMENT COOK BOOK. Compiled by Mrs. Simon Kander. 8vo. Milwaukee: The Settlement Cook Book Company.

Tenth edition, enlarged and revised.

THROUGH THE GRAND CANYON FROM WYOMING TO MEXICO. By Ellsworth L. Kolb. 8vo. New York: The Macmillan Company.

A new edition with a foreword by Owen Wister with seventy-two plates from photographs by the author and his brother.

INTERNATIONAL LAW. By L. Oppenheim. 8vo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $12.50.

A third edition edited by Ronald F. Roxburgh.

Juvenile

THE BOOK OF FAIRY POETRY. Edited by Dora Owen. 4vo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $7.

An anthology commencing with Thomas the Rhymer and coming down to more recent poetry.

TWO BOYS IN BEAVER LAND. By Major A. Radclyffe Dugmore. 12mo. New York: Doubleday, Page & Co. $1.90.

An illustrated book of the woods written for boys.

QUEERFUL WIDGET. By W. B. Hawkins. 12mo. New York: Boni & Liveright. $2.

Humorous illustrated story for very young readers.

FESTIVAL STORIES OF CHILD LIFE IN A JEWISH COLONY IN PALESTINE. By Hannah Trager. 2 volumes. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $1.50.

A series of ten stories illustrating Jewish life in the new settlements in Palestine. The first volume comprises a series of ten stories and the second twelve stories.

ANCIENT MAN. By Hendrik Willem Van Loon. 8vo. New York: Boni & Liveright. $3.

A history of mankind told in story form for boys and girls.

GAMES AND DANCES. By William A. Stecher. 8vo. Philadelphia, Pa.: John Joseph McVey. $2.75.

A selected collection of song games and dances suitable for schools, playgrounds, gymnastic associations, &c.

THE TALE OF JOHNNY MOUSE. By Elisabeth Gordon. THE REMARKABLE TALE OF WHALE. By Ina L. Wright. 12mo. New York: F. F. Volland Company.

Profusely illustrated humorous animal stories for very young readers.

THE SCOUT'S BOOK OF HEROES. 8vo. New York: Frederick A. Stokes Company. $2.50.

A record of scouts' work in the great war. There is a foreword by the chief scout, Sir Robert Baden-Powell.

Miscellaneous

RETAIL ORGANIZATION AND ACCOUNTING CONTROL. By Philip I. Carthage. 8vo. New York: D. Appleton & Co. $3.

Tells how to reduce overhead expenses and increase profits through sales.

PRELIMINARY ECONOMIC STUDIES OF THE WAR. Edited by David Kinsley. 8vo. New York: Oxford University Press.

Describes the early effects of the war upon the finance, commerce and industry of Peru.

THE BLACK MAN'S BURDEN. By E. D. Morel. 12mo. New York: B. W. Huebsch. $1.50.

Points out the extent to which the problem of the negro slave has not been solved either in "the white man's country" or Africa.

NURSERY SCHOOL EDUCATION. Edited by Grace Owen. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.50.

A series of six essays on the development of nursery schools.

THE SKYLINE OF ENGLISH LITERATURE. By L. W. Smith and E. V. Mathaway. 12mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co. $2.

A brief history of English literature from the earliest times down to the present day.

THE BEST COLLEGE HUMOR. Selected and edited by Harvey Richter. 8vo. Reading, Pa.: Handy Book Corporation.

Collected from the American college humorous magazines, &c.

THE AMERICAN COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES IN THE GREAT WAR. By Charles F. Thwing. 8vo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $3.

Gives an account of the activities of the American college in the war.

ISLANDS AND THEIR MYSTERIES. By A. Hyatt Berrill. 12mo. New York: Duffield & Co. $1.75.

An illustrated account of the geology, vegetation, animal life, &c., of Islands.

COLLEGE AND COMMONWEALTH. By John Henry MacCracken. 8vo. New York: The Century Company.

Collection of thirty-three addresses delivered on various occasions by President MacCracken.



Holiday Gift Books

Distinctive Fiction

POOR MAN'S ROCK
By BERTRAND W. SINCLAIR
This, gripping story of the great Northwest is recommended to you as the best book that this popular author has yet written.
"There can be no question of Mr. Sinclair's ability to tell an entertaining story. Few of us ever doubted it after 'North of Fifty-Three,' but 'Poor Man's Rock' settles the matter once and for all."
—Boston Transcript.
"A first-rate story."—*New York Sun.* $1.90 *net*

BLACK BARTLEMY'S TREASURE
By JEFFERY FARNOL
Jeffery Farnol brings back the pirate days of the Spanish Main in this new novel—and not since "The Broad Highway" and "The Amateur Gentleman" has he created such a picturesque company of characters or related such romantic adventures. $2.15 *net*

THE BLUE ROOM
"Into the Blue Room thou shalt not look"
By COSMO HAMILTON
In this powerful new novel the author of "Scandal" endeavors to show the after-effects of the war on the souls of two men of diametrically opposite temperaments and upbringing. "The Blue Room" is sure to be one of the most widely discussed books of the year. $1.90 *net*

A WORLD TO MEND
By MARGARET SHERWOOD
A new book by the author of "The Worn Doorstep," that is sure to appeal to all thinking Americans.
"'A World to Mend' is very different, but is a worthy successor to 'The Worn Doorstep.' It is a book that any novelist might be glad to own."
—Boston Transcript. $2.00 *net*

THE DEVIL'S PAW
By E. PHILLIPS OPPENHEIM
Readers of "The Great Impersonation," a leading best-seller for Spring and Summer (which broke all Oppenheim sales records), will enjoy this latest disclosure of German intrigue from the pen of "The Prince of Story Tellers." $1.90 *net*

RESURRECTION ROCK
By EDWIN BALMER
This outdoor story of mystery, adventure and surprise, with its scenes laid in the Michigan woods, on Lake Huron and in Chicago, represents the best work yet done by one of the authors of "The Indian Drum" and "The Blind Man's Eyes."
"A real mystery story."—*Philadelphia Press.* $1.90 *net*

The Leading Children's Book

THE BURGESS ANIMAL BOOK FOR CHILDREN
By THORNTON W. BURGESS
Author of "The Bedtime Story-Books," etc.
This is a companion volume to "The Burgess Bird Book for Children," which has had such a wonderful reception since its publication a year ago. It is written in the same vein, a story book which at the same time is an authoritative handbook on the land animals of America, so describing them and their habits that they will be instantly recognized when seen. Every child and not a few adults will delight in going to school to Old Mother Nature with Peter Rabbit and his friends. *With 32 full-page illustrations in color and 16 full-page illustrations in black-and-white from drawings by Louis Agassiz Fuertes.* $3.00 *net*

Miscellaneous Books

A LIFE OF ARTHUR JAMES BALFOUR
By E. T. RAYMOND
A keen and penetrating biography of England's foremost statesman, by the author of "Uncensored Celebrities." All the prominent personalities of the day pass across the pages of this book, which is likely to be regarded as one of the most readable biographies of the year. $3.00 *net*

LONDON DAYS
By ARTHUR WARREN
Mr. Warren, an American who for many years was the London correspondent of *The Boston Herald*, writes personal reminiscences of such men as Robert Browning, John Stuart Blackie, Tennyson, Gladstone, George Meredith, Whistler, and many others.

IN THE LAST DAYS OF THE PILGRIM FATHERS
By MARY CAROLINE CRAWFORD
"The most enlightening of the books on the Tercentenary . . . gives as vivid and complete a picture of the life of the Pilgrim Fathers as any I have seen."—*Walter A. Dyer in The Bookman.* $3.00 *net*

RELIGION AND HEALTH
By JAMES J. WALSH, M. D.
In this new book, Dr. Walsh brings out the intimate relationship between religion and health. He shows that the practice of prayer and of sacrifice and the observance of mortification and fasting and abstinence as well as of the holidays prescribed by religion have proved of great value for health. $2.25 *net*

For Sale at all Booksellers

Little, Brown & Company Publishers Boston, Mass.

All the Holiday
BOOKS
An unusual assortment from which to select a suitable Xmas Gift
BRENTANO'S
Booksellers to the World
Fifth Ave. and 27th St.
New York

Herbert Beerbohm Tree
Some Memories of Him and His Life Collected by
MAX BEERBOHM
The London Spectator writes:—
"I thoroughly advise anybody who is interested in the theatre to read this book, for it is impossible here to do justice to the variety of amusement which it will afford the reader. There is the succulence of Lady Tree's contributions; there is Mr. Shaw's astringency, with his admirable general comments on the art of the theatre; there is Mr. Max Beerbohm's delightful, affectionate irony, and there are the witty contributions by Sir Herbert Tree's daughters. In fact, the level of wit and writing in Mr. Max Beerbohm's collection is almost suspiciously high."
Price, $7.00. If not on sale in your bookstore, it can be had from
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., New York

THE RIGHT GIFT FOR ANY LOVER OF DOGS
is one of the fine stories by
Albert Payson Terhune
BRUCE
is held by many readers to be a better story than
LAD
which made a sensation as the finest dog story in many years. Each $2.00
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N.Y.



PIPEFULS
by CHRISTOPHER MORLEY
A gathering of Morley's latest, as full as ever of jollity, and cheerful views of life, and flavoured with a strain of self-revelation that will be especially appreciated by confirmed Morley lovers. . . . And a good book to begin on if you want an introduction to a real personality in American letters. *With 45 delightful line drawings by Walter Jack Duncan.* Net $2.00.
DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & CO. Garden City, New York

Latest Books

History and Biography

PERSONAL ASPECTS OF JANE AUSTEN. By Mary A. Austen-Leigh. 8vo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $4

An illustrated biographical sketch

BRADFORD'S HISTORY OF THE PLYMOUTH SETTLEMENT. 8vo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $5.50.

The history, covering the period from 1606 to 1650, has been rendered into modern English by Harold Paget.

HISTORY AND BIBLIOGRAPHY OF ANATOMIC ILLUSTRATION. By Ludwig Choulant. 8vo. Chicago: University Chicago Press. $10.

A profusely illustrated account, translated and edited, with notes and a biography, by Mortimer Frank.

NAPOLEON THE THIRD. By Walter Geer. 8vo. New York: Brentano's.

A biography.

THE ORIGINS OF FRENCH ROMANTICISM. By M. H. Finch and E. Allison Peers. 8vo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $6.

A review of French literary life in the eighteenth century.

THE HARROW LIFE OF HENRY MONTAGU BUTLER. By Edward Graham. 8vo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $7.50.

The subject of the biography was Head Master of Harrow School. There is an introductory chapter by Sir George Trevelyan.

JOHAN BOJER. By Carl Gad. 12mo. New York: Moffat, Yard & Co.

A critical and biographical study.

LE VENITABLE CLEMENCEAU. Par Ernest Judet. Berne: Ferd Wyss.

A biographical study.

THE LIFE AND LETTERS OF GEORGE ALFRED LEFROY. 12mo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $5.

The subject of the biography was Bishop of Calcutta and Metropolitan in the early part of this century.

A HISTORY OF THE ART OF WRITING. By William A. Mason. 8vo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $6.50.

Starts with an account of some Egyptian and Hittite hieroglyphics and comes up to the age of printing.

ISAAC H. BROMLEY. By Morris G. Osborn. 12mo. New Haven: Yale University Press. $1.

A biography.

THE STRATEGY ON THE WESTERN FRONT. By Herbert Rowland Sargent. 12mo. Chicago: A. McClurg & Co.

Covers the period from 1914 to 1918. Most of the chapters in the book appeared in the North American Review in a series of articles beginning with the February number of 1919.

WILLIAM DE MORGAN. By Flora Warren Seymour. 12mo. Chicago: The Bookfellows.

A critical sketch.

MODERN CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT IN CHINA. By Harold M. Vinacke. 12mo. Princeton, N. J.: Princeton University Press. $2.

Takes up recent Chinese history.

AMBROSE BIERCE. By Vincent Starrett. 12mo. Chicago: Walter M. Hill.

A biographical sketch.

OUR SHORT STORY WRITERS. By Blanche Colton Williams. 12mo. New York: Moffat, Yard & Co.

Series of biographies and critiques of well-known contemporary short story writers.

THE ENGLISH REFORM BILL OF 1867. By Joseph H. Park. WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE. By George Arthur Wood. 8vo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co.

The volume on William Shirley, Governor of Massachusetts 1741-56, is a history of the period. The volume on the English Reform bill gives an account of Disraeli's efforts with this measure in the 60's.

Essays

BITS OF LIFE. Anonymous. 12mo. New York: Brentano's.

Anonymous sketches of life and people.

SHAKESPEARE'S LAW. By Sir George Greenwood. Hartford, Conn.: Edwin Valentine Mitchell. $1.

A study of the problem of Shakespeare's legal training.

WIT AND WISDOM. Compiled by C. F. Schultz. 12mo. Milwaukee, Wis.: C. N. Caspar Company Book Emporium.

A compilation of prose passages from famous writers.

Poems, Drama and Art

COLLECTED POEMS. By Walter De La Mare. 12mo. New York: Henry Holt & Co. Two volumes. $4.

The poems cover the period from 1905 to 1918.

THE LYNCHING BEE AND OTHER POEMS. By William Ellery Leonard. 12mo. New York: B. W. Huebsch. $1.50.

The initial poem takes up the theme, the social wrong. Other poems in the collection are "By Fire and Rope," "By Court and Decree," "March and Dance," "Piston Rod and Belted Wheel," &c.

LYRICS. By Laura Blackburn. 12mo. Chicago: The Bookfellows.

Series of one hundred short poems.

WHERE LILITH DANCES. By Dail Macleod Boyle. 12mo. New Haven: Yale University Press. $1.25

Collection of short poems

SILVANIA AND OTHER POEMS. By George Du Bois. 12mo. Boston: The Stratford Company.

Besides the series of original poems, the book contains a number of metrical translations from Anacreon, Simonides, Alcaeus, &c.

THE JARS OF LIFE. By Alfred Fritchey. 8vo. San Francisco: A. J. Fritchey.

Collection of short poems.

OUTBOUND. By Gottfried Hult. 12mo. Boston: The Stratford Company.

Collection of short poems.

RED AUTUMN. By Arthur Crew Inman. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co.

Collection of short poems.

RALEIGH: THE SHEPHERD OF THE OCEAN. By Frederick Henry Koch. 12mo. Raleigh, N. C.: Edwards & Broughton Printing Company.

A pageant drama produced in Raleigh, N. C., last October as part of the Raleigh tercentenary celebration.

PLAYS FOR MERRY ANDREWS. By Alfred Kreymborg. 12mo. New York: The Sunwise Turn.

Contains five short plays.

POEMS. By Handel Long. 12mo. New York: Moffat, Yard & Co.

Many of the poems appearing in the collection have been published in the Poetry Journal, Contemporary Verse, Harper's Magazine and Poetry.

PINS FOR WINGS. By Emanuel Morgan. Pamphlet. New York: The Sunwise Turn.

Collection of cartoons.

SUN-UP. By Lola Ridge. 12mo. New York: B. W. Huebsch. $1.50.

Collection of short poems.

PRECIPITATIONS. By Evelyn Scott. 12mo. New York: Nicholas L. Brown. $3.50.

A CITY OF CAPRICE. By Neill Compton Wilson. 12mo. San Francisco: The Overland Publishing Company.

Collection of short poems having to do with San Francisco.

Religion and Philosophy

THE MEANING OF HOLY BAPTISM. By C. H. K. Boughton. 12mo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $1.40.

A study of the origin, growth and development of the sacrament of baptism

THE RELIGION OF A LAYMAN. By Charles R. Brown. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $1.25.

An interpretation of the Sermon on the Mount.

SPIRITUALISM AND THE NEW PSYCHOLOGY. By Milnia Culpin. 12mo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $2.

An explanation of spiritualist phenomena and beliefs with an introduction by Professor Leonard Hill.

REVELATIONS AND REPUDIATIONS OF GREAT MINDS DISCARNATE. Transcribed by their avator. By Frances A. Hood. La Crosse, Wis.: The Compendium Company.

Series of communications in prose and verse from discarnate spirits.

THE CHURCH AND LABOR. By John A. Ryan and Joseph Husslein, S. J. 8vo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $3.75.

First of a series of studies that aim to present the Catholic view on industrial, social and political institutions and relations.

OLD TESTAMENT HEROES OF THE FAITH. By Rev. Frank T. Lee. 8vo. Boston: The Stratford Company.

Character studies of Abraham, Jacob, Moses, Joshua, &c.

THROUGH THE LAND OF PROMISE. By Rev. P. A. Mattson. 8vo. Boston: The Stratford Company.

Reminiscences of a journey in Bible lands.

THE INITIATE. By His Pupil. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.50.

Presents the history of an adept.

WHO ARE THE UNITARIANS? By Augustus P. Record. 12mo. Boston: The Beacon Press. $1.50.

Eight sermons setting forth Unitarian belief.

THE VERDICT. By Tertium Quid. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.50.

A study of various psychic phenomena.

THE FOUNDATIONS OF SPIRITUALISM. By W. Whately Smith. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.

Outlines the grounds upon which

(Continued on Following Page)



THE SONG BOOK OF QUONG LEE OF LIMEHOUSE

THOMAS BURKE

A beautiful little Christmas gift-book written by the author of "Nights in London," "Limehouse Nights," etc.

Price $1.25

HENRY HOLT AND COMPANY
New York

GIFT SUGGESTIONS
Fifty Contemporary One-Act Plays
Edited by Frank Shay and Pierre Loving
Contains 50 one-act plays of the best contemporary writers of 16 different nations. Over half of these plays have never before been published in book form; 31 are no longer available in any other edition. An ideal Christmas GIFT for those who enjoy reading or producing plays of real literary value. Large 8vo. Cloth, Gilt Top, $5.00. ¶ Turkey Morocco, $12.00.

SCRAMBLED EGGS
A book in fossil language, by Laurion Mackall
A humorous allegory on life—with the quackle and cackle of humans placed in the mouths of barnyard inhabitants—from Gertrude, the duckess, who thinks that wives should be the intellectual equals of their husbands, and believes in communal incubators—to Martha, a plain hen, who thinks that woman's entire sphere is the nest. The best and funniest pure padding of the year, with six full page illustrations by Oliver Herford. Net.: $1.35.
Prices subject to change without notice
Send for complete free catalog.
STEWART & KIDD CO.
Publishers Cincinnati, U. S. A.

A Novel of Adventure, Love and Intrigue
THE MERCHANT AT ARMS
By RONALD OAKESHOTT
Crown 8vo. $2.00 net.
Longmans, Green & Co., Publishers
Fourth Ave. & 30th St., New York

SETS *of* Standard English Authors *in* best English bindings
Dutton's
681 Fifth Avenue
at 54th Street

The Freeman
"has a conscience and a sense of humor."
"without doubt the most stimulating publication on this side of the water."
Published weekly.
15c a copy.

FOR CHRISTMAS BUY
LEE WILSON DODD'S
Book of Susan
The best new novel of 1920.
$2.00. It should be on sale in your bookstore; if not you can get it from
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

"A MYSTERY story of the most novel character, with as quaint and lovely a heroine as ever graced the pages of a novel. No wonder Eugene Buckhannon realized that he had met his fate as soon as he saw Melusine Tyrone step through the door of the mysterious house. Those who love a strange mystery and a beautiful romance," writes a newspaper critic, "should beseech Santa Claus to bring them THE HOUSE WITH A R. D NAME." $1.90 at your bookstore.



Sir Henry Newbolt's New Book for 1920
THE BOOK OF GOOD HUNTING
Cr. 8vo. Price $3.50 net
With Coloured Frontispiece and many Illustrations in Black and White by Stanley L. Wood
This volume by the Author of "The Book of the Happy Warrior," "Tales of the Great War," "Submarine and Anti-Submarine," "The Book of the Blue Sea," "The Book of the Thin Red Line," "The Book of the Long Trail," etc., will contain chapters: On the Nature of Sport; Sport and Cruelty, etc.; Elephant Hunting; Lion Hunting; Tiger Hunting; Deer Hunting; Fox Hunting; and Fishing.
LONGMANS, GREEN & CO., Publishers
Fourth Ave. and Thirtieth Street :: New York

NEW YORK Herald—"Here is a free man writing for his fellows their own story."
"The Most Talked About Book of the Winter."
BOSTON Transcript—"A superlatively fascinating piece of work."
THE OUTLINE OF HISTORY
Being a Plain History of Life and Mankind
By H. G. WELLS
CHICAGO Tribune—"It is a masterpiece both of historical clear thinking and literary technique."
Four Editions Sold Out. Fifth Edition in Press. ORDER AT ONCE.
2 Volumes. Profusely Illustrated. $10.50 Send for Descriptive Booklet.
BALTIMORE Sun—"There are no words too great to use in praising these books."
THE MACMILLAN COMPANY, Publishers, New York

Probably the most beautiful new Children's Books will be the ARTHUR RACKHAM Editions of
Hansel and Gretel and Other Stories
By the Brothers GRIMM. Royal 8vo. $5.00
Snowdrop and Other Stories
By the Brothers GRIMM. Royal 8vo. $5.00
Wonderfully illustrated in full colors by ARTHUR RACKHAM, making o these immortal stories books to be treasured for a lifetime.
Ask your bookseller to show them to you.
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Avenue, New York

¶ Mrs. Norris has never devised a situation so tense, so dramatic and inescapable—nor found so thrilling and satisfactory a solution.



KATHLEEN NORRIS'
HARRIET AND THE PIPER
At all Booksellers Net, $1.90.
Doubleday Page & Co.

"A Souvenir That Lasts"
A present of High Class French Art is
Les PEINTURES
de la COLLECTION CHAUCHARD
Eighty most beautiful Reproductions in portfolio 12x13, containing COROT, DAUBIGNY, DELACROIX, MEISSONIER, MILLET, TROYON and others.
Limited Edition. Free Inspection.
Text by Jean Guiffrey of the Louvre.
Regular $65, for Christmas reduced: $50
BELMONT EXCHANGE, INC.,
51 East 42d St., N. Y. C.
Send postpaid one Chauchard on three days inspection without obligation.
Name .....
Address .....
Occupation .....

Out of the Dust
By MARIETTA M. ANDREWS
Author of "Songs of a Mother."
The dreams, the tenderness of a devoted mother are here, as in her earlier verse, but tinged with a more poignant interest owing to her loss of the beloved daughter to whom it is dedicated.
A Limited Edition.
Illustrated by the Author.
$2.00 at any bookstore.
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 Fifth Av., N. Y.

A Century's Growth in Europe

A Review by
MAURICE FRANCIS EGAN.

EUROPE 1789-1920. By Edward Raymond Turner, Ph. D., Professor of European History in the University of Michigan. Doubleday, Page & Co., Garden City, N. Y. Price $3.50.

THE Faculty of the University of Michigan is no doubt very different from other university faculties, or Dr. Edward Raymond Turner would hardly be alive today. Toward the end of the scholastic year nearly every member of a university faculty has an impulse to murder one of his fellows, and from this he is, as a rule, only restrained by the grace of God or the constant study of M. Bergson's philosophy. The professor of music, for instance, in reading the chapter on "European Civilization" must have seen red when he heard of Dr. Turner's musical criticism, and the professor of applied English must have wept or cursed when he observed Dr. Turner's use of adjectives. "Splendid" is a favorite of this historian. He never speaks of cabbage being "an elegant food," but he comes very near to using "splendid" and sometimes "glorious" in an almost similar manner. Let us quote:

> In the nineteenth century also Germany and Austria gave to the world the greatest writers of song. Schubert, Schumann, Brahms and Franz. About the middle of the century Richard Wagner began writing that magnificent series of operas which place him above all others in this branch of art. Some of his music was crude, strange and barbaric, but most of it had wondrous beauty and a depth and suggestiveness which altogether no other composer of opera has equaled. In Italy also there was splendid writing of opera, especially by Verdi, as there was in France; while at the end of the century Russia took from Germany her old pre-eminence in musical composition.

In his chapter on the scientific changes in Europe he rather reminds one of the expert bridge player who suddenly says to the conscientious beginner, "Never trump your partner's ace." But out of the well of knowledge he speaks:

> Not a great many people read the sober writing of Darwin, nor, perhaps, the brilliant essays of A. R. Wallace on Evolution, but the ideas of these men became the most important intellectual force of the time in which they lived. Among English-speaking peoples Thomas Huxley expounded the subject with such brilliancy and clearness that the educated layman was attracted to understand them, while Herbert Spencer undertook to explain all branches of knowledge in terms of evolution.

The theologians in the University of Michigan—there are no doubt some theologians there—will ponder lovingly over this sentence: "For the Churches, then, the nineteenth century was a strange, wondrous time," and "Six years later, at the Council of the Vatican (1869-70), the first general council which had assembled since the Council of Trent concluded its sessions in 1563, the doctrine of the immaculate conception of the Virgin was proclaimed, and the doctrine of papal infallibility announced. The Vatican Council declared it to be divinely revealed that whenever the Pope spoke, as Pope, with respect to the affairs of the Church, he spoke without liability to error, and that whoever contradicted him was anathema, accursed." The mistake in the date theologians will doubtless forgive; but what will happen to Dr. Turner when they discover that he assumes that a Roman Catholic is excommunicated and deprived of Christian burial because he does not accept the opinion of the late Pope Pius IX. on the question of the temporal power?

But why pick the pebbles from the beach and neglect the fine enlightenment which Dr. Turner turns on us from the horizon of his knowledge? A book must be judged by the object of the author, and "Europe: 1789-1920" is intended to be an easily read guide to the progress of affairs on the other side of the ocean. It is naïve, sincere, and, if the English is sometimes colloquial, one has no difficulty in understanding what the author means. It is a book intended to be read by the person of average cultivation, and not very much instruction—and judged from that point of view the author's task is very well done.

A historian with no sense of humor might have spared us this pearl of thought from Lloyd George's speech, made in 1917, in the light of later events—"If this is the day of great empires, it is also pre-eminently the day of little nations. * * * Their destiny is interwoven with that of humanity." But Dr. Turner has the sense of humor of Marie Corelli.

The chapter on the development of the suffrage in the United Kingdom could not be well improved. It is clear and accurate, and very easy reading. The chapter on "Russia, 1789-1881" is very good; and the analysis of the position of Great Britain in foreign affairs will be interesting and stimulating to young readers of modern history. In "Alliances and Ententes" Dr. Turner tells us that in 1913 Austria-Hungary tried to get her partners in the Triple Alliance to join her in proceeding against Serbia. But the Italian Government refused to consent, and the matter was dropped until the next year. What action Germany then took is not certain. He says, too, that during the conference of the powers at London, Germany acted with Great Britain in trying to settle peaceably the matters at issue. "Had she joined Great Britain in the next year as cordially, it is probable that the great war would have been avoided."

It is rather interesting to dream over the long, long thoughts of Russia and France and Italy, if Germany had cordially supported Great Britain in 1914! When one remembers that Great Britain had announced no special policy in regard to the Balkans, in the early part of 1914, except that of watchful waiting, it is hard to see fully what this means.

The fairness of Dr. Turner, his freedom from prejudice and his determination to write clearly, give this volume a value which is rather unusual in a popular book. He does not attempt to convince us that Islam must be conquered, that its ideas are as detrimental to the progress of civilization as they were when Don John of Austria made his effort to save Christianity from extinction. But one can not help seeing how just are the conclusions that he suggests. Another good point is his utter fearlessness in pointing out how recent modern progress, so far as the people are concerned, is. He has no illusions as to the danger of the white race committing suicide; he holds no brief for or against it; but, as an example, if one examines his analysis of the condition of France since the Code Napoléon became the national law and of the results of that system of peasant proprietorship which had already begun under Louis XVI., one can not help admiring his justness and frankness. The awful fear that Clemenceau and the French patriots have of Germany is founded on the results of those very land reforms which made France so internally prosperous, and enabled it to recover so quickly from the German invasion of 1870. So long as the population of France continues to decrease or to remain stationary, Germany, in spite of the depletion of her forces, must always be a most dangerous enemy. It was the man power, after all, that ended the war, and if France cannot in some way keep up her population, she must be doomed, in spite of all artificial means or agreements, to be in the future a second-rate power.

It is delightful to see that Dr. Turner has no chip on his shoulder; he is as impartial—more impartial—as any realistic novelist could be. He states the facts, without palliation or apology, that made both England and France seem so weak in the eyes of Germany in the beginning of the year 1914, and he sees very plainly that it was the peoples of the allied countries that won the war, and not the governments themselves. The Government of Belgium was an exception; the ruler and his Cabinet and the chambers worked hand in hand; but this cannot be said either of England or France. He quotes those golden words on the extension of the franchise, spoken by Robert Lowe in 1867: "We must educate our master." A few years ago education in England was very inferior to the systems of education in Germany, in the United States, and in France. Who can recall Cardinal Newman's pathetic description of Oxford and its charm, or remember the fascination of Cambridge, without a glow of pleasure? But, if from the aristocratic public schools of Harrow and Eton came the victors of Waterloo, these same aristocrats had become an involuntary ruling class, fine in battle; not despicable in diplomacy, but out of all touch with the needs of the people who were cut off from the means of adequate education; in 1867 the English people began to educate "their masters"; and they have done it with such effect that England is becoming politically, of all the great nations, the most democratic.

Dr. Turner on "The Settlement of 1920" writes very frankly, too. President Wilson, he says, is "the greatest idealist of his time." There might have been a difference of opinion about the wisdom of some things which he did before America entered the war, and also afterward, but there could be no doubt about the loftiness and purity of his motives, or that he had the good of mankind at heart. Not only in the allied countries, but even in Germany and Austria, he expressed the yearnings of the hearts of the people for better things. The trust in President Wilson on the part of the plain people of all countries was almost absolute. It never occurred to them that there were real difficulties in the way of the application of his theories. Government and policies seemed to the higher classes, the more sophisticated, the more experienced, to be essentially matters of compromise; but here was a prophet so powerful, so great, that he would sweep away all the cobwebby compromises of the past.

In January, 1918, President Wilson had outlined the "Fourteen Conditions" of what he regarded as a proper peace. "Russia should be evacuated, Belgium, France, Rumania, Serbia and Montenegro evacuated and restored; Alsace-Lorraine should be returned to France; the Italian frontier rectified; a free Poland should be established; the subject peoples of Turkey and Austria-Hungary should be given a chance of autonomous development," and impartial adjustments of colonial claims should be made in consideration of the populations involved. "There must be open covenants of peace openly arrived at; no more private international understandings; absolute freedom of navigation upon the seas; a removal of economic barriers; guarantees for the reduction of armaments; and a general association of nations under specific covenants for the purpose of maintaining peace."

Dr. Turner is quite right when he says that these conditions of peace were accepted by the peoples of the world as not only possible, but as most desirable; he (Turner) goes on to show us that the veteran diplomatists held up their hands in horror and demanded, if such a position were taken, what would become of treaties already made! It was remembered even in the United States, where even the intellectuals had hitherto concerned themselves little as to the condition of foreign affairs, that in the beginning of our Government Congress tried in vain to secure control—entire control—over our foreign relations. While the people rejoiced, and believed that there would be no more Metternichs or Talleyrands or Lord Palmerstons, or even Clemenceaus or Asquiths, in their ancient diplomatic capacity, and that all negotiations between States would appear in process as in a moving picture every day before the eyes of the multitude, the Congress of Paris began secret sessions; and "the freedom of the seas" taken up by the Germans during the war, and from them praised by idealists everywhere, was discovered to touch the British Empire too nearly to be considered seriously.

"With respect to what was being called a 'League of Nations,' a long line of men, from Henry IV. of France and William Penn to Czar Alexander I. and Czar Nicholas II., had hoped for such a thing; and many a plan had been suggested for it; but so far the complexity of the problem had baffled all who attempted to solve it."

We look in vain for some special lights on the proceedings of the Peace Conference. Dr. Turner simply emphasizes the obvious, and tells us that great decisions were not arrived at openly or with the knowledge of all the Conference. It is rather surprising to note this paragraph:

> The question of the German colonies attracted less attention. Some declared that they ought not to be taken away, since the Germans had given a need of colonial possessions and has never had their fair share. On the other hand, it was asserted that they had cruelly misused native populations; and were unworthy to be entrusted with ruling them longer.

Dr. Turner does not seem to know that the misuse of the populations of the German colonies had no more to do with the decision than the assumed abuse of the natives of the Belgian Congo had to do with the question of Luxemburg. In striving to discover the chief worth of this by no means negligible volume, one can sum it up by saying that it very truthfully emphasizes the obvious for those readers who do not care or who have not the opportunities of going through the files of newspapers or the various sources of every-day history during the period which Dr. Turner adopts as his own.

Another good quality, not to be despised in these days of careless proofreading and unskilful printing, is that this book is as perfect in its mechanical details as the most fastidious reader has any right to expect. If one should ask what is the main thesis of the author, it is easy to reply that he has the good sense and the penetration to see that reading and writing are not the gifts from Heaven to the European masses for

The World War Takes Its Place in History

A Review by
WALTER LITTLEFIELD

A SHORT HISTORY OF THE GREAT WAR. Dealing Particularly with Its Military and Diplomatic Aspects and the Part Played in It by the United States. By William L. McPherson, author of "The Strategy of the Great War." 8vo, Pp. 410. G. P. Putnam's Sons.

A SHORT HISTORY OF THE GREAT WAR. By A. F. Pollard, M. A., Litt. D., Professor of English History in the University of London. With 29 maps. 12mo, Pp. 412. Harcourt, Brace & Howe.

A HISTORY OF THE GREAT WAR. By Sir Arthur Conan Doyle. Vols. V. and VI. The British Campaigns in France and Flanders, 1915 and 1916. With maps. 8vo, Pp. 536 and 525. George H. Doran Company.

HISTORY OF THE WORLD WAR. By Frank H. Simonds, author of "They Shall Not Pass," in five volumes. Vol. V. "The Victory of Armistice," with twenty-two maps and many illustrations from photographs and drawings, some in colors. Royal octavo, Pp. 350. Doubleday, Page & Co. $5.

HISTOIRE DE LA GRANDE GUERRE. By Victor Giraud. In three parts, making in all a volume. Pp. 316, from the origins of the war to the signing of the Versailles Treaty, with numerous maps and diagrams. Paris: Librairie Hachette et Cie. In France.

THE only regret of the reader in regard to Mr. McPherson's one-volume history of the war is that it has no maps; otherwise, within the limitations of space set, it leaves nothing to be desired. Its short, pithy sentences, its paragraphing, its bold type and excellent pagination, all invite the eye. Its co-ordination of subjects and the fine sense of proportion observed in what is prevailing, "influential, evidential or merely dramatic, will satisfy the casual readers of the war's story and particularly appeal to the student who may desire a skeleton narrative on which to base subsequently more comprehensive or detailed study of the great event.

Professor Pollard's work is based on similar lines, but its proportional values are not so well observed. It is written from the British rather than from the world's point of view, and its digressions are eminently British in their censure of what is British and tolerant of what is not British, but which, at the same time, seems open to censure. Its style is objective rather than subjective. Its nineteen maps are excellent specimens of military cartography.

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle's work is already well known. Criticism of it has not been spared in England, where the search over its non-essential shortcomings has been carried on with much vigor and extremely bad taste by the Hon. J. W. Fortescue, himself the official historian of the war. The plan upon which this history has been written is obvious: a co-ordination of all essential matter in official reports, "gingered up" by personal comments by eye-witnesses, including the author, and the whole transcribed in the author's own lucid, feverish and dramatic style, in which the novelistic element of suspense and anticipation predominates, as usual. Volumes V. and VI. deal with the adventures of the British Expeditionary Force in Flanders and France during the last ten months of the war, by armies, corps, divisions and smaller detachments, to which the operations on the rest of the great front, in other parts of Europe, in Asia, in Africa, on the seas and in the Chancelleries of the belligerents are merely incidental. The accompanying maps are made with that fine sense of detail commensurate with the narrative. While the military expert may pass over many episodes as being non-essential, it is these very episodes which lure the general reader on from page to page. And if one is tempted to censure the lack of scientific proportion, one is at once silenced by the more popular appeal made through the literary artistry displayed.

The fifth and final volume of Mr. Simonds's history shows that independence of construction and judgment which has characterized this author's current comments on military and diplomatic events throughout the war. And here again we have, possibly displayed better than elsewhere, his fine sense of historical proportion, his superlatively dramatic style garnishing the most prosaic scientific manoeuvres, if important, with all the color of romance. He has taken critical advantage of the books by German military men published since the war, and thereby has had the unusual advantage of checking up the official reports of the Allies which form the basis of the purely military part of his narrative. Each phase of important military developments is introduced by a rapidly moving sketch dealing with all points which the permanent results of those phases reveal as important. It is a thoroughly human narrative the author relates, with graphic descriptions of the principal actors introduced just where events need the personal touch. And so it is a thoroughly graphic story whose popularity, however, exacts a certain historical background, a certain amount of military knowledge on the part of the reader. Still this popular appeal is elucidated by the pictures and maps which accompany the text.



Fountain in the Public Square at Chateau-Thierry.
After a Drawing by D. Putnam Brinley

M. Giraud's recalls Mr. McPherson's volume by its rapidity of movement and the work of Sir Arthur by its picturesqueness and its dominating fund of material. At the same time its distribution of subjects and the passing from one episode to another, its sense of the dramatic—never logically transgressed—are essentially Latin. Here the scenes unfold through a chain of incidents, like the acts of a Greek tragedy, in which the author seems to play the rôle of Fate, constantly reminding the audience that he knows the end long before he is ready to impart it. There are bursts of passion and periods of pathos, transports of patriotism and moments of doubt and discouragement, but the leitmotif is never quite obscured—c'est pour la France. For M. Giraud the first battle of the Marne is an epic, the second an anthem. He knows how to make tactics poetical and strategy musical—le rythme de la bataille is unmistakable. Here is a poet who is writing prose history!

As has been already indicated, both the McPherson and the Pollard books are essentially military histories, in spite of the digressions in other fields by the latter. But neither quite applies the military method of appraisement when dealing with political or even with naval episodes, whatever the direct or indirect military results may be.

"In two senses Russia took herself out of the war," writes Mr. McPherson, "before the United States got in. The Russian revolution antedated our declaration of April 6 and the Russian armies ceased to fight long before our first troops reached the front lines in France." Professor Pollard reaches a similar conclusion after several pages devoted to the causes and development of the revolution and its transition from a democratic to an anarchistic organization. Both lose sight of the fact, however, that during the Summer and early Autumn of 1917, long after the German Government had sent Lenin into Russia, the German and Austrian movement of troops from the east to the west and to the southwest, was governed principally by the result of the Reichstag resolution of July 19 and the Pope's peace note of Aug. 1, and not so much on the faith of a military collapse in Russia. Up to Nov. 7, the time of the Bolshevist coup d'état, Germany had hopes but not certainties that Russia was out of the game. Then, of course, the preparations for Caporetto and Picardy were expanded but not initiated.

In the naval battle of Jutland the loss to the British was relatively greater than that to the Germans, yet nothing, in the light of subsequent events, can prevent that engagement from being a definite British victory, for the British held possession of the field and the Germans did not again contest that possession. Mr. McPherson calls it "indecisive," while Professor Pollard implies the same conclusion, although by inference it is somewhat qualified by his showing of the effect of the battle on the morale of the German crews—a qualification omitted by Mr. McPherson, who passes rapidly on to the disastrous results of the U-boat campaign. Both also seem to have overlooked the great tactical importance of the battle off Falkland Islands which gave the command of the high seas entirely into British hands. For, just consider, what would have been the fate of the commerce of the Allies and their isolated overseas possessions had not von Spee's squadron been eliminated by Lord Fisher's stroke of genius worked out through Sturdee five months after the war began?

Although Mr. McPherson has written guardedly in regard to Italy's intervention in the war and of her subsequent diplomatic entanglements, I rather imagine that complete documentary evidence, when it shall become known, will support his conclusions rather than those of the English professor. The latter's bias is unmistakable; it even smacks more of the Quai d'Orsay than it does of Downing Street. To emphasize McPherson: Defects in Italian diplomacy were no justification for the defects in the morality of Italy's allies. The former placed Italy in a humiliating position. The latter did not hesitate to take advantage of that humiliation. Fiume, still irredenta, quite loses its force as an argument for the dominance of the "Fourteen Points" when compared to the acquisitions of France on the Rhine and the practical absorption of Germany's vast colonial possessions by Great Britain. Still, the grounds upon which the Germans were induced to quit hostilities had to be justified somewhere. Why not in Italy, the weaker, temperamental brother?

On this point it is both interesting and instructive to turn to Simonds, for however he may have been under the influence of the French General Staff in forming his opinions of things military, it is certainly obvious that he remained uninfluenced, in things military and diplomatic, by the Quai d'Orsay. He writes of the Vittorio Veneto of the Italians, "Since Waterloo there had been no such battlefield collapse on the Continent of Europe," and then in brief feverish sentences he proceeds for a page and more to glorify the feats of Italian arms, beginning with a sentence which compels attention: "The value of Italy to her allies in the war has been singularly underestimated." Where would Foch's 9th Army have been at the Marne if Italian diplomacy had not permitted the release of 200,000 French soldiers from the Italo-French frontier? Where would Russia have been if Italy had not entered the war when she did? Would the Somme, Verdun and the final collapse of the German arms in September and October, 1918, been the same if Italy had not simultaneously counterattacked the Austrians at propitious moments? And then the miraculous sequel to the Caporetto catastrophe: "The rally of Italy at the Piave is a splendid page in national history and proved fatal to Austrian purposes as the French stand at the Marne had been to German designs."

We have been seriously told by official historians that the reason why the Germans were so successful in the first few days of their great offensive begun on March 21, 1918, was because the British had expected the blow to be delivered in Flanders and the French had expected it in the Champagne, and so, while each concentrated troops on these territories, Gough's, the Fifth British Army, which was the connecting link, was stretched to the breaking point by the removal of troops in opposite directions, and here Ludendorff decided to strike. Unity of command might possibly have remedied this tactical defect, or it might not have done so—because at the last moment the British declined to depletе their line still further at the request of the French. Still, nobody can forget that where and when and with what objective in view the Germans would strike had been widely advertised: Down the Somme, between the French and the British, isolating the latter in the north, gaining the Channel ports, and then turning south to meet the French armies either with or without Paris as a sentimental or military objective. And now to the foregoing explanations and the memory of the German advertisement of plans, Professor Pollard adds this comment, the point of which has always been dodged by the Government in the House of Commons whenever the subject came up for debate:

> That [the alleged mistake in regard to the point of the German attack] does not absolve the British Cabinet from its complicity in the blunder. It was equally responsible to the British people for British lives whether it was acting on its own initiative or on the mistaken advice of an ally, and there were also sins of omission of its own. Not only had it been advised by Sir Henry Wilson that the German offensive would come on the British front, but it had been warned that if it came where it was anticipated, that front [Gough's army], thin as it was, could not be expected to hold unless reinforcements for which repeated requests were made, were dispatched. Remonstrances fell on deaf ears, although there were nearly 300,000 troops available in England. Mr. Lloyd George afterward called them first-class troops, and congratulated himself and the country on the fact that they were transported to France within a fortnight after the damage had been done.

Professor Pollard constantly confounds a couple of German Generals, giving them both the name von Bülow. It was von Bülow who commanded the army on the left of von Kluck in the first battle of the Marne. It was Otto von Below who commanded the Germany Army in Courland, then the Austro-German forces in Italy, then the Seventeenth Army on the front in France during the last nine months of the war. There were six general officers named von Below on the German army list, but only one von Bülow.

Now, in the light of what Professor Pollard has written in regard to the depletion of Gough's line, in proof of which there is plenty of documentary evidence, the following may be quoted from Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, as it is typical of the periodic weakness of an otherwise generally trustworthy, picturesque and moving narrative—the proneness to excuse the British Coalition where no excuse is possible:

> It was done, as was shown in a subsequent debate, against the better judgment of the British at the urgent behest of M. Clemenceau. We must remember, however, that our allies had frequently taken risks in order to help us, and that it was due to us to reciprocate, even though it might occasionally, as in this instance, lead to trouble. There was a tendency at the time for soldiers and politicians to put the blame upon each other, whereas all were equally the victims of the real cause, which was the crushing burden placed upon us by the defection of our ally. It is easy to be wise after the event, but it was impossible to tell with any certainty where the impending blow might fall, and M. Clemenceau was very naturally anxious about the French line in Champagne, which was strengthened by this extension of the British flank. There is in truth no need for mutual reproach, as every one acted for the best under the almost intolerable circumstances imposed by the new conditions.

Current Magazines

THOSE who have heard of the Deep Sea edition of Joseph Conrad's works are undoubtedly eager to procure it for more than one reason, but there is one treat in especial for those who read the books and that is the new introductions that Mr. Conrad has written to each novel, discussing the mood wherein he composed the story that followed and other entertaining facts pertinent to it. These introductions are really bits of absorbing autobiography and they are written with a deftness and suggestiveness that is Mr. Conrad's alone. The December number of The Dial is particularly lucky to be able to offer three of these introductions, namely, those that Mr. Conrad has written for "Lord Jim," "An Outcast of the Island" and "Nostromo." In these introductions he describes the sources of his inspiration, particularly to be noticed is the description of the original character that suggested "An Outcast of the Island," and intimates what he thinks of his own productions.

Ezra Pound grows indescribable. He is now doing a monthly letter from Paris for The Dial, and to denominate it as interesting would be the least that could be said about it. People either like Pound mightily or they dislike him tremendously. There is no middle path. He grows into one or out of one. In his letter to the December number of the magazine he describes an invention made in Paris during the war. The Abbe Rousselot is the hero of this story, which began "with one tube pushed up his nose, reciting verse down another." This device for testing sound values is known as the phonoscope, and it created a deal of amusement in pre-war Paris until, as Mr. Pound puts it,

> M. l'Abbe made such handy little discoveries for the locating of boche cannon and for the locating of submarines, and until his star pupil was so amiable as to locate hostile aircraft. * * * And my friend, Mlle. S. saw some one perched on the top of the bathhouse in the Seine under an umbrella, and it was M. l'Abbe, *astatis suae* somewhere about 70, in his slender black soutane, white-headed, listening to a little machine he had down in the river. And it was not the least useful to the *Allemands*.

Pound is a most versatile man. He rambles through the literatures of all the world, through the plastic arts, and through the countless philosophies and theorizings. He is a poet, a historian of literature, and an antiquarian. He has his obvious poses, but they fail to destroy his genuine value as a literary figure. He remains one of the most un-American Americans writing in Europe. These monthly letters of his to The Dial are among the best things that magazine has offered.

Among the other features in this issue of the magazine is a humorous story about pigs by James Stephens (and who should know more about pigs than a good Irishman?) "Memories of Little Breeches," being reminiscences of childhood by an American editor who writes under the nom de plume of Marvin Lear, and critical work from the pens of Remy de Gourmont, T. S. Eliot, the young American poet living in London, and Julien Benda, the French critic. Shane Leslie contributes a review of Colonel Repington's diary.

The poetry in this issue is by Alice Corbin Henderson, Osbert Sitwell of the English family of Sitwells, and Baker Brownell. Paul Rosenfeld contributes one of his regular articles on music, and Professor M. C. Otto of the University of Wisconsin does a book review.

Among the art features are reproductions of three oil paintings by Maurice Vlaminck, accompanied by an appreciation of this artist by Frits Vanderpyl, a line drawing by Vincent Van Gogh and an article about this strange Frenchman by Henry McBride, the artistic bulwark of The New York Herald. Raymond Mortimer is responsible for a defense of the baroque style of architecture, which appears to have been much attacked in recent years.

William Allen White says:

MAIN STREET
By Sinclair Lewis

"ranks with 'The Scarlet Letter.' To write such a book is to be great, but to read such a book and consider it well will be eternally to the credit of this country. Our town should vote bonds to distribute 'Main Street' in every home, and compel its reading in the public schools."

MAIN STREET

"has literally set a new standard for novels of the Middle West."—*Carl Van Doren in N. Y. Eve. Post.*

MAIN STREET

"would add to the power and distinction of the contemporary literature of any country."—*Nation.*

Sixth large printing, $2.00.

Harcourt, Brace & Howe, 1 W. 47th St., N. Y.

SCANDINAVIAN CLASSICS

The Family at Gilje
By Jonas Lie
A domestic story of the forties and of the changing order in Norway by the kindly realist whom Brandes called "the most amiable of geniuses." Translated by Samuel Coffin Eastman.
Price $2.00

The Charles Men
By Verner von Heidenstam
The chief work in prose by the winner of the Nobel Prize in literature for 1916. A group of stories of the heroic followers of Charles XII. of Sweden. Translated by Charles Wharton Stork. In two volumes.
$2.00 per volume.

Order from
THE AMERICAN-SCANDINAVIAN FOUNDATION
25 West 45th St., New York City

The wilfullest, disconcertingest girl who ever set out to be a "modern"
"JAN"
by M. MORGAN GIBBON
Heart winning, irresistible Jan follows the path of "modern" women and finds in it the old eternal adventure of women in a new form. A story rich in the revelation of woman's inner self. Net $1.90.
At booksellers
Doubleday Page & Co. Garden City, New York.

A Dog-Day
By WALTER EMANUEL
A delightful absurdity and delightfully illustrated by
CECIL ALDIN
Precisely the thing to give with chuckles to the owner of "a precious pest." $1.00
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Ave., N.Y.

BOOKS BOUGHT
Entire Libraries or Single Volumes. Highest prices paid. Representative will call. Cash paid and books removed promptly.
Henry Malkan, Inc.
42 Broadway Phone Broad 3000

Books for Christmas
FROM THE DUTTON LIST
Your bookseller should be able to supply ALL these books; if not, they can be had from the publisher.

NOVELS
The Book of Susan
By LEE WILSON DODD
A witty modern social study $2.00
The Enemies of Woman
By BLASCO IBANEZ
A vivid picture of war's effect on Europe's ideas. $2.15
Also by BLASCO IBANEZ
The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse
The Shadow of the Cathedral
Mare Nostrum
Woman Triumphant
La Bodega
Blood and Sand
Each $2.15
The House of Lynch
By LEONARD MERRICK
An artist's struggle against the domination of wealth. $1.90
Also by LEONARD MERRICK
Conrad in Quest of His Youth
The Actor-Manager
The Position of Peggy Harper
Cynthia
The Man Who Understood Women
The Worldlings
When Love Flies Out o' the Window
While Paris Laughed
Each $1.90
The Hyphen
By LIDA C. SCHEM
At once absorbing and extraordinarily full of insight into the values of American ideals. In two volumes. $4.00
Peace on Earth Good Will to Dogs
A Christmas jest by
ELEANOR HALLOWELL ABBOTT
Brimming over with the spirit of youth and love. $1.50
Dead Man's Plack and An Old Thorn
By W. H. HUDSON
A romance of Saxon England. $2.50
Steel Preferred
By HERSCHEL S. HALL
Wally Gay's gripping story. $2.00
The Crescent Moon
By FRANCIS BRETT YOUNG
Thrilling with the mystery of the African Jungle. $2.00
Tamarisk Town
By SHEILA KAYE-SMITH
Powerful in an unusual way. $2.50
Our Peter
By GEORGE WODEN
As full of pleasure as his "Little House." $2.00
Vanishing Men
By RICHARD WASHBURNE CHILD.
A mystery story. $2.00
El Supremo
By EDWARD LUCAS WHITE
A brilliant South American novel. $2.50
Salt
By CHAS. G. NORRIS
A study of modern American ethics. $2.00
The Little Daughter of Jerusalem
By MIRIAM HARRY
A sublitely unusual book. $2.00
The Street of Adventure
By PHILIP GIBBS
A classic newspaperdom. $2.00

BOOKS FOR CHILDREN
ARTHUR RACKHAM'S edition of
Hansel and Gretel
And other stories by the Brothers Grimm. With plates in full color. $8.00
ARTHUR RACKHAM'S edition of
Snowdrop
And other stories by the Brothers Grimm. With plates in full color. $8.00
Princess White Flame
By GERTRUDE CROWNFIELD
"A charming fairy tale." $2.00
Mother's Nursery Tales
By KATHARINE PYLE
With 7 plates in color. $3.00
Granny's Wonderful Chair
By FRANCES BROWN
Illus. by Katharine Pyle. $2.00
Bags and Wings
By ANNE W. FRANCHOT
Illus. by Harrison Cady. $2.00
Careless Jane
By KATHARINE PYLE
Amusing rhymed moralities. $1.25
A Chinese Wonder Book
By NORMAN H. PITMAN
Illus. by a Chinese artist. $3.00
E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY,
681 Fifth Avenue, New York.

BEAUTIFUL BOOKS FOR GIFTS

CONINGSBY DAWSON'S
DELIGHTFUL CHRISTMAS ROMANCE
THE LITTLE HOUSE
By the Author of "The Garden Without Walls," "The Test of Scarlet," "Carry On," etc.
Third Large Edition
Illustrated by Stella Langdale. Decorated Boards, $1.50
"Really a Christmas story—and a very delightful and charming one"—*The Outlook.*
"Has a charm an elusive as the appealing quality that won so many followers for Maude Adams."—*New York Times.*

By a Noted Artist
TALES OF A VANISHING RIVER
By EARL H. REED
Author of "The Dune Country," etc.
With 14 Full-page Illustrations by the Author. Cloth, $4.00
The background of this collection of delightful stories is the country through which flowed one of the most picturesque of our Western rivers (the Kankakee) before its destruction as a natural waterway.

Anatole France's Latest Book
LITTLE PIERRE
By ANATOLE FRANCE
Author of "The Amethyst Ring," etc.
Translated by J. Lewis May
8vo. Cloth, $2.50
This is the great French master's latest book. It is a worthy sequel of "Pierre Nozière" and "My Friend's Book"—a delightful mixture of tales, witty satire and philosophy.

Fairy Tales—Charmingly Illustrated
BENGAL FAIRY TALES
By F. B. BRADLEY-BIRT
With Six full-page Illustrations in Color by Abanindra Nath Tagore.
Quarto. Cloth, $4.00
These fairy tales of Bengal were collected by the author in the villages and bazaars of that fascinating country. In most cases he heard them at first hand from the natives themselves.

POLISH FAIRY TALES
By A. J. GLINSKI
Profusely Illustrated in Color and Black and White by Cecile Walton.
Quarto. Cloth, $5.00
These selections represent the folklore current among the peasantry of the Eastern provinces of Poland. Each story is illustrated with a beautiful color drawing, head and tail pieces and decorative initial letters.

The Most Beautiful Books of the Year!
JOHN LANE COMPANY *Publishers* NEW YORK

"Paradise Bend"
by William Patterson White
Author of "Hidden Trails," "Lynch Lawyers," etc.
—when a stranger was a marked man.

At any bookstore Net, $1.90.
Doubleday, Page & Co., Publishers.

BLASCO IBANEZ' latest novel
THE ENEMIES OF WOMEN
"is by the most skillful of living novelists . . . there is fascination in every tiny picture, a gripping interest in every big scene."—*Brooklyn Eagle.*
The New York Times declares that it "is so full of splendid, glowing color, so rich in characters . . . has so many dramatic scenes . . . that to choose among them is extraordinarily difficult."
The San Francisco Chronicle calls it "the most brilliant, in characters, in setting and in incident" of the novels of Blasco Ibanez' present period.

The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse	The Shadow of the Cathedral	La Bodega
Mare Nostrum	Blood and Sand	Woman Triumphant

Each, $2.15. By the same author, **Mexico in Revolution** $2.00
These books should be on sale in your book store; if not, they can be had from
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Avenue, New York

Latest Works of Fiction

(Continued from Preceding Page)

other fields in the literary landscape. Sub-Deb stories are all very well, of course, but oh for the compelling fascination of a first-class murder tale, with a hundred false clues, told as she can tell it!

Each season brings with it a flock of mystery books, however, and it is rare not to run across some good ones among the number. At a pinch, as we have said, any serve; but to settle down to "The Strangeness of Noel Carton," to become involved in the weird horror of "The Door of the Unreal," to turn the pages of "Lonely House" with frantic eagerness, this is true delight. There are other good ones this year, but we are reviewing two not hitherto mentioned, and perhaps we had better get to our muttons. The first is the true mystery story, with a murder that seems quite inexplicable, and which points unerringly to at least three utterly unlike sources for a possible solution. "32 Calibre" is the excellent title, and Mr. Donald McGibeny is the author, apparently for the first time. Yet he has written so well, made his people so living and so pleasant, handled his subject so surely, that it is difficult to think of this book as a maiden essay.

Reviewing a mystery story is somewhat difficult, since, obviously, the mystery is the thing, and yet the mystery cannot be dissected or discussed too much, or it ceases to be, and with it the reason for reading the book disappears. And the reviewer who removes the reason for reading a book would soon cease to be a reviewer.

But there are ways of approach, and in "32 Calibre" the fact of the killing itself comes as a surprise. To be sure, the man has been threatened. But he is such a forceful, big, attractive and vital creature, and has been so well painted in, that you hardly expected him to be so quickly wiped out. It is a real shock to read of his death. Furthermore, it appears very likely that he wasn't murdered at all. Simply killed to precipitate matters. Next, you discover that he wasn't killed in the way he appeared to have been and that's where 32 calibre comes in.

From then on you follow the trail that finally brings you out with the secret in your bag. The story is told, and you close the book satisfied. And you make up your mind that young Mr. McGibeny will bear watching. He has the right notion, and he knows how to write a story that will hold you till the end and keep you guessing. He doesn't make it too long, either, a great point in favor of the sort of story that you simply will not lay down unfinished. It doesn't pay to get to bed too late, and another hundred pages would have ruined next morning for you. The next book he publishes will find you among its readers.

Book number two is somewhat different. It is, far more certainly, a first book. Yet it has a lot of charming writing in it, writing that holds the real literary touch, that brings pictures with it, that creates personalities. The writer is Irola Forrester, the title "The Dangerous Inheritance." An old-fashioned custom is followed by using a sub-title, thus, "Or, the Mystery of the Titian Rubies." For ourself, we like this sub-title idea, at any rate for mystery books. It seems to launch you immediately into the atmosphere of the story, to set you going even before you get the volume opened.

But this book is not a real mystery story, after all. It is a book in which there is some mystery. There is a murder, there is a robbery, there are the priceless jewels of a queen, and all three get well mixed up. But first of all the book is intended as a study of temperament.

The action of the story takes place in New York, a New York that is rich and varied. The New York of the opera, of the wealthy patron of singers and singing, the connoisseur in music, in gems, in women, and the New York of South Washington Square, with its bare studios and struggling, hopeful youth and genius. The Italian quarter, brimming with life and children, and the smartness of country life in Long Island are all woven together. There is an exuberance, a delight in the contrasts and the juxtapositions of life, a quick reaction to beauty wherever glimpsed that make the reading of this book a pleasant thing, even though it is crude and obvious in many spots, as youth is itself. Almost every character in it is of a differing nationality, but, after all, that is New York, especially artist New York. The pseudo-bohemian, however, is absent from the medley.

ANNE.

ANNE. By Olga Hartley. Philadelphia: The J. B. Lippincott Company. $1.90.

WHETHER one has patience with the violent-tempered, erratic heroine or not, it cannot be denied that here is a soundly-constructed, well-written novel. The workmanship is good. The story begins at the beginning and goes on smoothly to the end, with, on the way, plenty of diversified incidents, which are logically part of the tale, pushing it steadily along to the entirely satisfactory dénouement. Anne, as a heroine, is somewhat difficult at first. The reader has to get used to her, and it is not until he comes to recognize that there really are estimable qualities underlying a singularly unpleasant personality that he is likely to accept her for what the author evidently means her to be—an unusual, but singularly fascinating, young woman. We meet her first as a very disagreeable half-grown girl. But we are assured that she is pretty, with beautiful hair and fine eyes, and so forth. So, when she grows a little older, she captivates all kinds and conditions of men, including a distinguished surgeon of mature years, who is regarded as the most eminent man in his profession in the British Isles, and who has won the recognition of the King himself in the shape of a knighthood. And there are others.

The fluent narrative style and the unforced introduction of dramatic situations from time to time, together with its faithful incidental pictures of English middle-class life, are the chief merits of this novel.

LUCINDA

LUCINDA. By Anthony Hope. D. Appleton & Co. $2.00.

WHEN toward the close of his entertaining novel Anthony Hope declares that his heroine, Lucinda, "accepted the note of ironic comedy" which Arsenio Valdez was "responsible for importing into the occurrence," one fully agrees with him, at the same time feeling that this note of ironic comedy is in truth the one which sounds clearest, not only in the especial occurrence referred to, but throughout the entire book. It is all of it polite, frothical comedy. Cleverly played, deftly staged, there is from first to last a certain sense of acting about it. We enjoy seeing the players moving through their parts, and have no doubt whatever that they too enjoy them and appreciate their cleverness, but never do we forget that they are parts in a comedy, and that real life lies, so to speak, outside the theatre.

This consciousness of an ironic comedy, played for our amusement by actors who will presently doff costume and make-up and go about their business, comes into the book at the very beginning, with the episode of the runaway bride, and is emphasized and made unmistakable by Lucinda's—suppose we put it mildly and say convenient?—confession to Julius at Ste. Maxime. While as for Arsenio Valdez himself—"Monkey" Valdez, they had disceringly nicknamed him at school—one can easily imagine him chuckling over his own performance, whenever he is not actually on the stage, or is able to turn, for a moment, his back to the audience. Julius Billington, who tells the story, is at once actor and spectator; a person of sympathies, capable of making fine distinctions, and doing it diplomatically, capable even of seeing that the lovely Lucinda was not altogether just in her judgment of Valdez.

It is on the wedding day, which, as Julius later remarks, was not the day of the wedding, that the narrative begins, the day on which charming, penniless Lucinda Knyvett was to marry Waldo Billington, Sir Paget Billington's son, and heir to the beautiful old family estate of Cragsford. The guests drove up to the door of the church—St. George's, of course—only to be told that the marriage had been postponed, owing to the sudden indisposition of the bride, who suddenly and unaccountably disappeared. How, where, when and why, no one could at first imagine; but little by little the truth came out; she had eloped with the Spaniard, Arsenio Valdez. Valdez's parents had left Spain in the train of Don Carlos and taken up their residence in Italy, where they had bought the palazzo in Venice which, divided into apartments, was his principal legitimate source of income. Lucinda and her mother, a widow who lived mostly upon what she could cadge from other people—"She took, but she took cringingly"—spent a Winter, rent-free, in Valdez's palazzo. There the affair between Lucinda and Valdez, began and, as she for a while supposed, ended. But it did not end there, not even with the elopement, which was one of its consequences.

The tale is complicated, as any tale must necessarily become in any tale must necessarily become in which "Monkey" Valdez played a part, he who was at once lover and liar, frivolous and devoted, with a répertoire ranging from "schoolboy naughtiness to the *beau geste*" of a romantic hero. Light, whimsical, ironic, sophisticated, the history of "Lucinda" is pleasantly diverting.

LADY LILITH

LADY LILITH. By Stephen McKenna. New York: George H. Doran Company.

STEPHEN McKENNA made a sensation with his novel "Sonia." The right sort of a sensation, that is to say. The book was original; it touched on a new phase in the kaleidoscope of modern life, and it was written with a masterly feeling for the subtleties of English, yet without pose or affectation.

"Sonia" was followed by another book with the same heroine. And now we have the first of what promises to be a series of three novels on the same theme, that of "The Sensationalists." These are the born self-advertisers of society, persons to whom notoriety is the breath of life, excitement the necessity of existence. It is the London of before the war that McKenna pictures in this novel, "Lady Lilith," a London seeking entertainment at whatever cost, that wanted novelty rather than grace, that went wild in its dances and parties and that scorned the elder generation with its mid-Victorian attitudes and pruderies.

The book begins in Oxford, with a meeting, the final one for that year and that group, of the Phoenix Club, a small and jealous gathering that died and came to life again with each year, leaving a sole survivor, the next President, who himself chose, proposed and elected the members of next year's reborn Phoenix, appointing one among them, a Junior, to carry on when his own term should finish the following year.

At this meeting O'Rane, one of the group of twenty, makes a prophecy which he sets down in writing. "Within ten years," he wrote, "five of us will be married and five dead. (Every one of us will have made such a fool of himself that it's wishing himself dead he'll be.) One will have to cut the country. One will have lost all his money. * * * One—and not more—will achieve fame; one—and not more—will make great money."

It was a rather staggering prophecy for a score of young men on the threshold of life. Next morning they were to scatter, to begin the life that was to end so disastrously for several, so happily for but two. They make fun of O'Rane, but they are impressed.

It is the fortunes of a half dozen of these youngsters that we follow, plus the curious, touching and attractive cousin of one among them, Lady Barbara Neave, and her adventurous career. She it is who personifies that element of restless seeking after sensation which gave its color to the London of the times, and which is by no means extinct, though during the space of the war it vanished from view, died in battle, slaved in the hospitals, was brave, cheerful and tireless unto death. And Lady Barbara is more or less the dea ex machina of the fate and fortunes of the young men whose launching into life from the cloistered shades of Oxford we have observed.

The most striking thing in this novel is the fact that though we see and know Barbara in all her shallow selfishness, her extravagance, her passionate vanity, we fall under her spell, even as those who make the story with her fall under it. She is truly a fascinating creature, brimming with a feverish life, meaning no harm, with a courage ready for almost any proof and a temperament incapable of realizing that there is anything forbidden to her. When suddenly she is made to know that life is a real and a dangerous thing, that the playthings she has tossed about are edged tools that kill where they strike, she falls into a panic. We part from her still under the spell of this panic. What its final effect may be upon her, what turns her life and the lives of the group with whom she is identified will take after the war is over, we shall hope to see told later. The London of after the war will make its own amazing romance, and no one better than McKenna can paint it for us.

CLOUDY JEWEL

CLOUDY JEWEL. By Grace Livingston Hill (Mrs. Lutz). Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott Company, $1.90.

PERSONS who delight in the mellow uplift novels of Mrs. Lutz will probably make short shrift to read this latest effort from her fertile pen; others, who are wont to pass her by with a sophisticated shrug of the shoulder, will, we believe, scarcely be seized by an urgent desire to make her acquaintance at this retarded hour in her novel-writing career. Both groups, it may be hazarded, will be happy in their respective attitudes of adoring familiarity or scornful aloofness. In either event, it may be safely prophesied that Mrs. Lutz, if she continues to spin more novels of the type of "Cloudy Jewel," will doubtless lure into her fold a large proportion of the followers of Harold Bell Wright.

Within the pages of "Cloudy Jewel" one may find the telling and sure-fire ingredients of an American best seller. Julia Claud, the drudge, who is the central figure of the book, is destined to attract numerous readers because of the sentiment and pathos that hedge in her lot. The pathos is simple but deeply moving, relieved only by the solacing comfort of religion and, later on, by her guardianship over the unruly adolescence of two well-provided orphans, a girl and a boy, her dead brother's children. The ways of the young people tend sharply toward error, but Julia leads them back gently to the God-fearing path of Christian endeavor. The other ingredients employed by the author are no less unerring: the complexities of college life and a tandem of young love's dream aptly round out the tale. There is, besides, a surprise twist at the end that will hold the reader tense and breathless. And not least pleasing and fetching is the dénouement, wherein is limned, with subdued, delicate strokes, Julia's own rose-colored but wholly unguessed romance.

JOAN OF ARC



Photo by M. D. Womack.

Statue at Ninety-third Street and Riverside Drive.

On the Stage With Beerbohm Tree



King John

From The Pall Mall Budget.



Mr. Tree as Falstaff (and a cup of sack.)

By Permission of The Illustrated Sporting and Dramatic News.



Herbert Tree.

From a Charcoal Drawing by J. S. Sargent.

HERBERT BEERBOHM TREE. Some Memories of Him and of His Art. Collected and Arranged by Max Beerbohm. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. 1920. Pp. 314. $7.50.

FIFTY YEARS OF MAKE-BELIEVE. By Frederick Wards. New York: International Press Association. 1920. Pp. 310.

THE art of the actor differs from that of the painter and the poet in that it is necessarily ephemeral. It is on exhibition only while the actor himself is alive to be seen of all men. When he dies it ceases to exist; it becomes merely a memory. Lawrence Barrett used to say that an actor could carve a statue only in snow. Jefferson declared that the great actors of the past survived solely when they had inspired great critics to commemorate their achievements, or when they had left their own records of their careers so interestingly written that men returned to them again and again. Perhaps this latter opinion may have been the exciting cause of Jefferson's own delightful autobiography, the only American example which can withstand comparison with the incomparable "Apology for the Life of Colby Cibber."

But even if the actor can leave only a memory, his chance of relative immortality as an artist can be greatly increased by a worthy memoir which shall record his triumphs and testify to the popularity which was his while he was alive. If he have the good fortune to enlist the services of an adroit and devoted biographer, who does not unduly bespatter him with laudation, then those who had not the pleasure of seeing him when he was alive and in the flesh, and who have no way in which to measure his merits, are likely to accept at its face value the tribute of the writer of his life. And here enters an element of luck. There is, for example, no good memoir of E. L. Davenport, and there are two elaborately enthusiastic accounts of the career of Richard Mansfield; and it is therefore probable that a historian of the American stage, writing fifty years from now, will be inclined to overrate Mansfield, who was a hard and limited actor of indisputable aspiration and of disputable inspiration, and to underrate Davenport, whose native endowment and skillful versatility were far ampler than Mansfield's.

Certainly Beerbohm Tree has no cause for complaint. He can securely rest his case on the volume for which his half-brother is responsible, and to which his wife and his three daughters have severally contributed their recollections. The family portrayal is buttressed by seven separate tributes from friends and associates; and it is still further stiffened by the inclusion of the sermon preached by the Bishop of Birmingham at the memorial service and by the addresses delivered at the unveiling of a memorial tablet by Mr. Asquith and Lord Reading. What more could any actor ask for? Tree was a clever man, a very clever man indeed, with many different kinds of cleverness; and even he could not have compassed anything cleverer than this testimony to him as a man, as a manager, as a stage manager, as an actor, as a husband, as a father and as a half-brother. The book is a marvel of commingled piety and adroitness.

And yet the truth is mighty and will prevail. One of the seven contributors is George Bernard Shaw; and he has never penned anything more characteristically acute than the analysis of Tree as a man and as an actor, which fills ten pages of this memorial volume, and which, so far as validity is concerned, is worth all the rest taken together. And Shaw has never written anything more characteristically amusing. It is perhaps because his comprehension is too amusing to be rejected by a judicious editor that it won its way past the guarded portals of this family mausoleum. Shaw is not unfriendly, not in the slightest degree; but he is the most candid of friends. As a result his charter is what is currently called "a dead give-away"!

An author who understands acting and writes for the actor as a composer writes for an instrument, giving it the material suitable to its range, tone, character, agility and mechanism, necessarily assumes a certain technical accomplishment common to all actors; and this requires the existence of a school of acting or at least a tradition. Now we had no such provision in the days of Tree's novitiate. He had not inherited the tradition handed down at rehearsal by Phelps to Forbes-Robertson. He had to do without teaching himself. Lane Irving he had to make a style and technic out of his own personality; that is, out of his peculiar weakness as well as his peculiar powers. And here he sowed dragon's teeth between himself and the authors. For no uncommissioned author can write for an idiosyncratic style and technic; he knows only the classical one. He must, like Shakespeare, assume an executant who can perform and sustain certain physical feats of deportment, and build up vocal climaxes with his voice through a long crescendo of rhetoric. Such professional skill and national gift are not accidents of personality. Tree, like so many actors who have picked up their profession on the stage without systematic training, found that he could not produce those stock effects. When they were demanded by an author, he had to find a way around them, and, if possible, an interesting way.

In other words, Tree could not get inside a character to act it, and he was therefore always tempted to act outside it. He was forever slurring the essential elements of the part he was supposed to be playing, and he was forever elaborating the non-essential details, often with a startling ingenuity. This is to say, that, despite all his cleverness, he had never really mastered the art of acting. Fanny Kemble frankly recorded Macready's remark that she did not know the rudiments of her profession; she succeeded on the stage by her native gift and by her personal charm. Tree succeeded by his energy and by his ingenuity. And as ingenuity is more useful in comedy than in tragedy, he was comparatively successful as Falstaff, whereas he was a most woeful failure as Macbeth, a character for which he lacked the presence, the port and the power. I mention these two parts because they are the two Shakespearean characters in which I best remember him. But he was a great stage manager of spectacle, although not always happily inspired. Here again he allowed his ingenuity to interfere with the essential drama, as when in "Macbeth" he made the three Witches flit aloft by the aid of the device familiar in the flying ballet, thus distracting attention from their solemn predictions.

Yet when all is said this book serves its purpose. It is readable; it contains the facts; it gives personal anecdotes; it has a host of portraits in character and out; it provides a variety of points of view, and in Shaw's contribution it contains a little sermon on the art of acting which may be heartily recommended to all who may want to take a more intelligent interest in that fascinating art. And, moreover, it sets before us husband and wife and daughters and half-brother dwelling together in unity. Indeed, Lady Tree's intimate narrative of married life reads like an ideal idyl, recalling in the beginning Daphnis and Chloe and at the end Philemon and Baucis.



Viola Tree.

(From a Charcoal Drawing by J. S. Sargent.)

No two records of theatrical life could well be more unlike than this composite biography of Beerbohm Tree and the unpretending autobiography of Frederick B. Warde; and no two stage careers could be more dissimilar. Tree was primarily a London actor, even though he made occasional incursions into the provinces and into the United States, where he never became a favorite of the playgoing public. Mr. Warde is an Englishman who came to America in 1874 to join the Jarrett & Palmer stock company at Booth's Theatre and who has remained on this side of the Atlantic ever since, establishing almost immediately a solid reputation as an actor of rich endowment and of excellent training, due to the artistic discipline of two of the old-school English provincial managers, Nye Chart and Charles Calvert.

He first appeared in New York in support of John McCullough in Dion Boucicault's unsuccessful drama of the Civil War, "Belle Lamar." A little later, when George Rignold came over with Calvert's most artistic "production" of "Henry the Fifth," Mr. Warde was bluff, hearty, simple and manly as the English soldier Williams, leading his own in what I can still recall as one of the best performances of a Shakespearean chronicle play that it was ever my good fortune to see. Thereafter he played more important parts in support of Charlotte Cushman, Edwin Booth, Lawrence Barrett, Adelaide Neilson, Barry Sullivan and E. L. Davenport—the leading Shakespearean performers of half a century ago, a galaxy the like of which we shall probably never again behold.



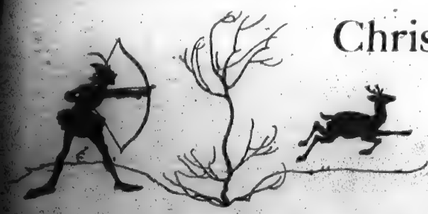
Svengali.

By Permission of Punch.

Mr. Warde's is a worthy addition to the long list of American theatrical autobiographies, beginning with William B. Wood's and Sol Smith's, including N. M. Ludlow's and Clara Morris's, and illuminated by the most interesting of all, Joseph Jefferson's. It may be cordially recommended to every one who wants to know what the American theatre was like thirty and forty years ago, who were its dominating figures, and how it was organized. It is adorned with nearly twescore photographs of the histrionic notabilities with whom the author was associated at one time or another. And it is sprinkled with anecdotes, many of which are new—or new, at least, to the present reviewer.

Mr. Warde, while he was but an apprentice to the profession, had the inestimable advantage of playing with Samuel Phelps; and he records that in Glasgow he once obtained for his landlady a pass to see Phelps as Hamlet—not one of his most successful impersonations, it may be noted. When Mr. Warde asked her how she had liked the performance, she replied: "Weel, Mr. Warde, I like—ed the play verra weel with the sengle exception of the gentleman in black [Hamlet], who went about preachin' over muckle."

At one time, before Mr. Warde came to America, he was engaged in a provincial theatre where John Coleman directed the rehearsals; and he noted that this stage manager had a liking for long words. When Coleman was asked by an actor for an increase of salary, he responded, "Sir, you are always in a state of dire impecuniosity!" And when he was instructing a stage mob to jeer at him when he made his appearance, he told them, "I want you to give me a laugh when I come on, a greasy laugh of truculent defiance!"



Christmas Brings Books for Youngest and Oldest



From "The Sleeping Beauty"
Illustrated by Arthur Rackham.

A Review by
HILDEGARDE HAWTHORNE

WITH Christmas just around the corner, Santa Claus appears with a huge armful of books of all sorts, sizes and—perhaps—books for the tiny ones and for the biggest ones, books that are almost games, books that are funny and books that are useful—and dumped them down before the anxious late arrivals, remarking that they ought to find what they want there, if they never found it yet. And he is right.

The idea in this last article was to talk of the books for the very young youngsters are the most Christmasy of all. But, wonderful volumes arrivings for all ages that idea has abdicated. Enough power remains to it, however, to put those special little-fellow stories and play books in the head.

Scores of them come in bunches, and one in each bunch must do service for all. For the first of all book presents there are the long colored folios bound in picture boards, with pictured animals performing high jinks, called "The Animal Circus Band Books." Each tells about one of the animals, Bowie-Bear is the cornet player, and in gay jingles we hear what he and his cornet accomplish. And so with Elephant-Thump and Chatter-Head and Nimble-Foot, a really wonderful giraffe, and Nagle-Jim. The rhymes are ridiculous, jolly times, by Carol Vox, the bright-hued pictures are by Dunver. (George Sully & Co.)

Of far greater charm and esthetic value are the thin square octavos in decorated cardboard boxes that tell the nursery classics. Each of these books is bound in boards, with a charming picture in color, and there are picture end and lining pages and really delightful full-page illustrations, also in color. The type is clear and handsome and the books are amazing value for the price asked. The titles are "Cinderella," illustrated by Margaret Evans Price; "The Night Before Christmas," illustrated by Helene Nyce; "Jack and the Beanstalk," with W. F. Stephens as the artist, and "Puss in Boots," "Little Red Riding Hood" and "The Three Bears," for all three of which Julia Danish has made the illustrations. She has done the best work of the group, but they are all spirited and clever drawings. (George Sully & Co.)

A book that is a crowd of books in itself is "John Martin's Big Book for Little Folks." (John Martin's House and Houghton Mifflin Company). It is a fat folio packed full of stories, verses, pictures in black and white or black and red, funny pages and goodness knows what not. It will certainly take any child a year to exhaust its contents, and by that time there will be another ready. Almost a terrible thought, that! For where will a child find time for any other reading or picture seeing if it gets this amount?

A book full of stories meant to be read aloud to children under 8, and by children of that age, and above, themselves, is "Stories for Good Children," by Lora B. Peck. They are gathered from many sources and are well told. The pictures by Rhoda Chase are clever, and there is a pretty cover, all moonlight and fairies. (Little, Brown & Co.)

Ones of these little animal books that tickle the youthful fancy is "Jimmy-Buzzo Stories," by Henry Cruden Walker, with line drawings by Hope Innes. Jimmy is a rabbit, and has a lot of rabbit adventures with Old Mr. Wolf and others, some good friends and many not. The volume has plenty of material in it, and will last for many and many a bedtime. (Century Company.)

Charlotte B. Herr has won much praise for her stories for the young, and deservedly so. "A Brownie Robinson Crusoe" is as good as the earlier ones, and tells in simple but entertaining language the adventures of a small Brownie who parallels to some extent the experiences of the real Robinson. Brownie tells it all himself, helped by most attractive pictures in color by Orrin A. White. This is really a worthwhile book. (Dodd, Mead & Co.)

Long-time favorites are the Sandman's Stories, by Abbie Phillips Walker (Harper & Brothers), and many a Christmas morning will see "Sandman's Stories of Drusilla Doll," new this season, hauled out of a stocking. Drusilla was an unbreakable doll, which was fortunate, considering her many exciting adventures. The little black and white drawings are by Rhoda Chase.

Among books that tell stories for children perhaps a little older than those for whom the above are suited, there is "Little Friend Lydia," by Ethel Calvert Phillips (Houghton Mifflin Company), a simple account of a sweet little girl, an orphan, who is first found in the Home, and then adopted into a home. The story is attractively told and there are pretty pictures that suit it by Edith F. Butler. The cover, boards with cloth back, is particularly good, a little work of art.

"Jack and Me," by Maude H. Forsey, with colored pictures by Helen Jacobs, is a story told by the children themselves, and it is a real story of the sort children love, with lots of incidents and events such as happen to children, with makebelieve, and measles and pets and picnics. The type is particularly good, the square shape attractive and the silhouette decoration of the blue cloth cover excellent. (J. B. Lippincott Company.)

Amy Brooks has written hundreds, or so it seems, stories for small girls and boys, all more or less alike, but the sameness is pleasing to the young. "Dorothy Dainty at Gem Island" is one of the series of that name, the latest. The book is well printed, is illustrated by the author, and tells an amiable story with surprises and turns that will keep young readers guessing and interested. (Lothrop, Lee & Shepard Company.)

Next to the little-children books we are putting the song and poem books, of which there is a varied assortment. "The Christmas Child," by Nora Archibald Smith (Houghton Mifflin Company), is a collection of real poems for children, where the music of the lines runs beautifully to gentle and merry words, and tell stories from all over the world, besides many a Christmas legend and such homey things as "Christmas Secrets" and "Learning to Knit." There are dainty black and white pictures and a most attractive cover.

A book of real value and which should be in the hands of all children is "Story-Telling Ballads," compiled and edited by Frances Jenkins Olcott. Here is a collection of seventy-seven of the finest ballads in the English language, carefully selected, printed with every care for their ancient charm and beauty, only a few words being changed and only the most archaic spelling modernized. These great songs belong to the world, and a splendid heritage they are. There is a glossary, and there are indices of subjects, first lines, titles and authors. Several good modern ballads are among the number, such as Longfellow's "Three Kings." Also some beautifully colored illustrations by Milo Winter, one of which decorates the cover. (Houghton Mifflin Company.)

"Little Homespun Songs" is a folio words and music both the work of Beatrice Hubbell-Plummer (Frederick A. Stokes Company), with full-page paintings by Mary Lafetra Russell. Occasionally a little story precedes the songs, which are fresh and appealing, suited to the voices and the thoughts of little children.

Longfellow's ballad, "The Courtship of Miles Standish," wears a handsome dress in this fine Centennial Edition, a large quarto bound in cloth with a colored pictured paster, illustrated with drawings in color by N. C. Wyeth, beautifully printed on good paper with head and tail pieces and half titles (Houghton Mifflin Company). The end and lining pages show a waste of blue water on which, under flying clouds, the Mayflower sails.



The Goosegirl.

"Snowdrop and Other Tales." Illustrated by Arthur Rackham.

Little stories told in chiming stanzas is "The Imp of Mischief" by Olive Chandler, with color drawings by Rachel Marshall (E. P. Dutton & Co.), and it is hard to say which are the more enjoyable, songs or pictures. Another book, where the author in artist, too, is "Dreamland Shores," by Norman Ault (Dodd, Mead & Co.) The color pictures are good, but far the more fascinating are the black-and-white drawings that top each poem and that are like old woodcuts. The poems are true poems, the haunting memories of boyhood thoughts and fancies and experiences. A charming book.

Among the vast horde of fairy stories, some old, some new, most good and a few not so good, we must note, first of all, a map of Fairyland, most beautifully large and colored, being at least two yards long by eighteen inches high, with a guide, such as all proper maps should have. Both the "Mappe" and the guide are by Bernard Sleigh (Dutton). The thing is fascinating, and once securely tacked up on the wall it will prove a constant source of fun and adventure, with its winding little scarlet thread leading the voyager on to all manner of strange and odd places, with names high in fairy lore, and pictured most alluringly, with the inhabitants, such as mermaids and horned children, ogres and fairies and monsters, enchanted animals, princesses and knights and a hundred others, dwellers since the centuries began in the lands of enchantment.

Three books illustrated by Arthur Rackham take precedence among the rest. "Hansel and Gretel," by the Brothers Grimm, containing also many other of their stories, and "Snowdrop" equally rich, are published in a like form by E. P. Dutton & Co. They are large, stout quartos with gilt top and uncut pages, beautifully printed on excellent paper and bound in a clear blue cloth with a decoration in gold. The color prints are tipped in, and through the text are drawings in black and white, all in Rackham's familiar style. The third book carrying his illustrations is "The Sleeping Beauty" (J. B. Lippincott Company), retold by C. S. Evans. The ancient tale is beautifully given, and Rackham has made his pictures for it in silhouette, all except the frontispiece, where a most lovely princess lies asleep in a dark chamber. This is tipped in. But the rest of the drawings have a particular fascination, as silhouettes always have. Needless to say, they are masterly. The cover is decorated with one of them, and the end and lining pages have white ones on a green field.

Abanindranath Tagore has made six wondrous pictures in color for "Bengal Fairy Tales," by F. B. Bradley-Birt (John Lane Company).

The book is as much for older readers, perhaps more so, as for young ones. The stories are taken from original sources and reveal the thought and life of the Orient. They are fascinating reading. The drawings are beautiful, mystic things, soft hued as flowers at evening.

Next in order come a group of books that tell or retell old favorites or stories collected from the folk wealth of foreign lands. "The Shoemaker's Apron" (Harcourt, Brace & Howe) is the second group of Czechoslovak tales retold by Parker Fillmore, with illustrations in black and white and a frontispiece in color by the native artist, Jan Matulka. An unusual and interesting book.

From the French we have a book of old stories, but new to us, "The Whirling King," translated and illustrated in silhouette by Harriet Mead Olcott. The book is a find, full of whimsical charm, both as to matter and picture. (Henry Holt & Co.) Spain has been able to give another delightful handful of stories that have been found in South America and beautifully retold in English by Elsie Spicer Eels, with pictures in color and black and white by Maud and Miska Petersham. (Harcourt, Brace & Howe.) "Tales of Enchantment from Spain" is the title, fully justified, for they are just that.

Katherine Pyle is one of the best fairy-story tellers we know, whether she tells her own or retells old favorites or seeks ancient but unknown ones. "Tales of Wonder and Magic" (Little, Brown & Co.) belongs in the latter group. Both stories and pictures, also the work of Miss Pyle, will fill happy children with more happiness.

"The Jewish Fairy Book" is a group of old Jewish tales, freely adapted from the original by Gerald Friedlander, with eight particularly beautiful paintings in color by George Hood. (Frederick A. Stokes Company.) The stories are full of imagination and miraculous deeds, and children will revel in them.

And last in this group is a small volume containing nine stories by different authors, "A Treasury of Hero Tales." It is one of the Treasury Series for children published by the Thomas Y. Crowell Company, and is as good as those preceding it, showing careful discrimination and much taste in the editor and compiler, Alice C. Pryant.

After the old, the new. And at the very head, in a class by themselves, three books by two Irishmen. "Irish Fairy Tales," by James Stevens, is a rare book, rather for older readers than the young, where the ancient beliefs of Ireland run like a many-colored thread through the magic spell of words. Humor shines here, riots in wild fancy, extravagance rides by the side of beauty. To read of the race between the Carle and Cael of Theosaly will be joy enough for a whole holiday, and it is but a small part of this

Latest Works of Fiction

(Continued from Preceding Page)

"wore a look of austerity and openness to suffering, and his eyes had the look of one who seeks truth," though he might not find it, the man named John Brown. Moreover, Miss Lynn has not only made her story interesting and her characters alive; she has pictured the country itself as few writers have pictured it. The glimpses of this land of low hill and broad, soft prairie are like the thread of romance that runs through the book—something fresh and beautiful and very lovable.

"Free Soil" is a noble book, a living book, a book to read and to remember. In its blending of fiction and history it is a notable achievement. And since no for of disagreement or controversy can cloud the brightness of those positive heroisms—it is a book for every American.

THE TRAP

THE TRAP. By Maxmilian Foster. D. Appleton & Co. $2.

THAT the lot of a millionaire is not entirely and altogether a happy one is a theme upon which novelists and moralists are fond of discoursing, no doubt in an altruistic endeavor to afford consolation to those very numerous individuals whose share of this world's goods is not large enough to be at all burdensome. Henry Leater, the very unheroic hero of Mr. Foster's new story, "The Trap," was a millionaire, but not a contented man. For so many women had tried to marry him for his money that he had become all but convinced that no woman ever could or would marry him for anything else. But when he met beautiful Sally Raeburn and her putative aunt, Mrs. Steese, in an unconventional manner which made it seem probable that they were ignorant of his identity, he fell head over heels in love with the girl and wooed her ardently, happy in believing that her seeming response was to himself and not to his bank account.

Then suddenly he discovered that Mrs. Steese and Sally did know just who and what he was and that they were looking for cash in large quantities—were not, in fact, relations at all, but business associates, actively engaged in seeking a rich husband for the girl, Mrs. Steese to have a "rake-off" on the spoils. Whereupon he became violently enraged and determined to punish them both, especially the girl. Thereupon he sets the trap for them which gives the book its title. Lester himself presently decided that he had been behaving in a manner both "cadlike and cowardly," and the reader entirely agrees with him.

The heavily padded story moves slowly, and its improbabilities are not made to seem plausible by clever development. Vulgar Mrs. Steese is drawn with a good deal of cleverness and old Mr. Ashe is likable, but Sally is a puppet and Lester a boor. The novel will scarcely enhance its author's reputation. Of course, it has the conventional "happy ending."

WITHOUT MERCY

WITHOUT MERCY. By John Goodwin. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $2.

THIS English novel harks back to the melodrama which was so popular in books and on the stage a generation ago. Mysterious houses, in which dwell still more mysterious women; titled crooks connected with great crime syndicates, a marvelously gifted barrister, the abduction of a lovely girl, who is hidden on a seagoing barge in the Thames and who is released by the strong-armed, devoted hero and carried on his shoulders, as he breasts the strong tide of the river, to another barge; an innocent man convicted of murder and sentenced to penal servitude after being reprieved from the gallows—all these old-time elements are introduced, but with an effectiveness which makes them seem almost new. The plot is as ancient as most of the incidents. Mrs. Garth, head of a great London banking house, has been brutally beaten by Sir Melmoth Craven some twenty years before the story opens, and she is determined to be revenged on him. Sir Melmoth wants to marry Mrs. Garth's beautiful daughter, Margaret, and the girl actually accepts him. Then she learns that her suitor is the man who so horribly injured her mother many years before, and she slashes him across the face with her riding whip. John Orme, who also loves her, and to whom she turns with almost startling suddenness after discovering that Sir Melmoth is a villain, is the man who is wrongfully accused of murdering a Mr. Massingham, all the trouble arising from an election campaign in which Sir Melmoth and Orme are competitors for a seat in Parliament. Of course, later it is proved that Sir Melmoth is the murderer, but he poisons himself before he can be arrested for the crime. Notwithstanding its crudity of style and the lack of any really powerful passages anywhere, the novel holds the interest to the end.

THE DIPPERS

THE DIPPERS. By Ben Travers. New York: The John Lane Company.

ACCORDING to the publisher's blurb this book "will undoubtedly be acclaimed as one of the most humorous books of the season." Possibly. But not from anything contained within its covers, but rather from the fact that any one should take the inanities with which its pages are filled as humor.

A newly created English lord, of humble origin, suddenly grown rich through the war, gives a dinner-dance. For the entertainment of his guests he engages several professional entertainers, Hunk and Pauline Dipper, eccentric dancers, included. Hank's automobile, which is taking him, alone, to Mellingham Hall, is wrecked by a collision with a cow, delaying him for several hours. Pauline arrives on time by train. Henry Talboyes, a London solicitor, mistaken for Hank, is practically kidnapped at the station where he is waiting for a train, by the chauffeur and taken to the hall, where he is introduced as Hank. Mrs. Dipper and the solicitor make a compact of silence and, despite the fact that he cannot dance, all promises to go well till the real Dipper breaks in on the scene. Such is the absurd situation around which the story is written. The labored effort at wit and the deluge of attenuated conversation are positively painful.

TWO MYSTERY STORIES

#2 CALIBRE. By Donald McGibeney. Bobbs-Merrill Company.

THE DANGEROUS INHERITANCE; OR, THE MYSTERY OF THE TITIANI RUBIES. By Leslie Forrester. Houghton Mifflin Company.

FEW are those who can resist the mystery story. A man may hate novels, or he may sniff at the nature book, feel only contempt for those who hang breathless on the adventures of the red-blooded hero of a Western yarn, scorn poetry and detest the glad type of pabulum, but seldom can he turn from the tale that begins with a murder and keeps you guessing throughout its length as to the murderer.

The great mystery story appears all too seldom, like other great things. But even the lesser has its merits. Mrs. Roberts Rinehart wrote but one "Circular Staircase," yet her other tales in the same vein were all delightful and enthralling. But she was among the elect in the school of mystery, and there are those among us who regret that she has turned to

(Continued on Following Page)

TO FILL THE CHINKS IN YOUR CHRISTMAS LIST

The Roadmender
By MICHAEL FAIRLESS
Never more needed. $1.50

Gypsy and Ginger
By ELEANOR FARJEON
Inspired nonsense. $2.00

The God In the Thicket
By C. E. LAWRENCE
An allegory of Pan and the Butterfly People. $2.00

Sheila and Others
By WINIFRED COTTER
Annals of unromantic household help. $2.00

Not That It Matters
By A. A. MILNE
So delightful that "Life" rates it one of the best six current books. $2.50

Remnants
By DESMOND McCARTHY
Essays of a literary flavor. Very attractive. $2.50

Contemporary Verse Anthology
Selected by
CHARLES WHARTON STORK
Poems that touch life. $3.00

Chips of Jade
By ARTHUR GUITERMAN
Quaint, poetic Chinese and Hindu proverbs, etc. $2.00

E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY
681 Fifth Avenue, New York

EVERY BOOK of NEW AND POPULAR
FICTION
You only read them once!
Save money, and rent
THE BOOK YOU WANT—WHEN YOU WANT IT
The only library in the world giving prompt service of new titles. The books are fresh—clean—inviting. You are your own librarian, as we supply any book of new and popular fiction requested. Start and stop as you please. Pay a small rental fee while book is in your possession.
WOMRATH'S LIBRARY
15 East 28th Street
21 West 45th Street
562 Madison Ave.
976 Madison Ave. (Near 76th St.)
1060 Madison Ave. (Near 82d St.)
2 Rector Street—Arcade U. S. Express Bldg.
294 Madison Ave. (Corner 41st St.)
Grand Central Terminal (Near Murray's Rest.)
2191 Broadway (Near 78th Street)
Hotel Bonta, 94th Street & Broadway
2792 Broadway (Near 108th Street)
3488 Broadway (Near 142d Street)
Henry Maas, Inc., 6 Broadway
15 S. 13th St., Philadelphia, Pa.
16 W. Saratoga Street, Baltimore, Md.
1418 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.
Utica: J. A. Roberts & Co.
New Haven: Shartenberg & Robinson Co.

The Spell of the Sea is in
"CAPTAIN MACEDOINE'S DAUGHTER"
by William McFee
Author of "Aliens" and "Casuals of the Sea"
THE story of Captain Macedoine's Daughter, who was beautiful enough to be used by the Captain as a lure in a gigantic swindle, but fine enough to rise above it.
$1.90 at all booksellers
DOUBLEDAY PAGE & CO. GARDEN CITY NEW YORK

A FASCINATING MYSTERY! Melissine Tyrone is as quaint and lovely a heroine as ever graced the pages of a novel. Eugene Buckhannon loses his heart to her the moment she steps through the doorway of the mysterious house on Cinnamon Street—the house with a bad name, enveloped in a secret which grows tenser and more baffling with each chapter. Learn the rest in Perley Poore Sheehan's novel, "The House With a Bad Name." $1.90 everywhere.

FOR CHRISTMAS BUY
LEE WILSON DODD'S
Book of Susan
The best new novel of 1920. $2.00. It should be on sale in your bookstore; if not you can get it from
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

A brief synopsis of the most brilliant and entertaining NOVEL of the year—one of the three best sellers in New York for the last month.

POTTERISM

"Potterism" tells the story of the great newspaper magnate, Percy Potter; his wife, Leila Yorke, who writes third-rate sentimental novels, and of his family. The twins, Jane and John, just out of Oxford, form The Anti-Potterite League. Other league members in good standing are Arthur Gideon, whose Jewish father changed his name to Sidney; Katherine Varick, a new woman with a very old ache in her soul, and the Honorable Laurence Juke, "a radical of moderately aristocratic lineage." Jane, the heroine of the book, is much attracted to Gideon, but she meets Oliver Hobart, the editor of one of her father's Potterish papers "and a perfect Gibson type," and cuts out her pretty sister Clare, who is head over heels in love with him. Then, when no one expects it in a book like "Potterism," Hobart is killed, or at least he falls down a fatal staircase. Jane, who thinks more of Gideon than she has admitted to herself, suspects him of the murder, and Gideon, who has loved Jane from the first time he watched "her firm little sun-browned hand," feels sure that Jane is guilty. So they avoid each other, and might have been kept apart had not Leila Yorke spoken her mind. Gideon is attacked in the Potter papers, and then the story quickly comes to its brilliant denouement.

This raw synopsis, of course, does slight justice to a novel which has been received by practically all of the critics as the most delightful, unusual and most talked-of book of the year. Buy it tomorrow at your bookseller's. $2.00 a copy. Buy another copy for a friend! It's already in its 12th edition. Soon somebody will ask you "Are you a Potterite?" — and you won't know what to say. Better buy a copy tomorrow!

A work of enduring importance
Italy and the World War
By Thomas Nelson Page
American Ambassador to Italy, 1913-1919

"In this unequalled book the author has employed the full measure of his literary genius . . . smashes beyond recovery many illusions which, during the war, militated against the character of Italy, her people, her statesmen."
—*Walter Littlefield in The N. Y. Times*

On sale everywhere. $5.00

Charles Scribner's Sons, Publishers
Fifth Avenue at 48th Street, New York

FOR THE ART LOVER

WALTER GAY: Paintings of French Interiors
Introduction by ALBERT EUGENE GALLATIN
50 illustrations in photogravure, 14" x 11". Format and decoration by Bruce Rogers. Handmade paper sides, cloth back. A limited edition of one of the most beautiful books of the year. $20.00

PORTRAITS OF WHISTLER
A Critical Essay and an Iconography by ALBERT E. GALLATIN
With forty illustrations after portraits by Whistler, Fantin-Latour, Boldini, du Maurier, Keene, "Max," Beardsley, and many other artists. Limited to 250 copies, printed at the Merrymount Press. Bound with an Addendum (1920) in handmade paper sides, cloth back. $15.00

ART AND THE GREAT WAR
By ALBERT EUGENE GALLATIN
With one hundred illustrations, three in color. Decorations by F. W. Goudy. 9" x 12". Cloth. $15.00

Mr. Royal Cortissoz describes it as "just the record that has been needed."

These books should be on sale in your bookstore; if not, they may be had from
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Avenue, New York

No tenser, more absorbing story, no happier and more heart-satisfying solution, has come from Mrs. Norris' pen. Read



KATHLEEN NORRIS
HARRIET AND THE PIPER
At all Booksellers Net, $1.90.
Doubleday Page & Co.

GHOSTS OF CHRISTMAS PAST FROM CHARLES DICKENS.



Latest Works of Fiction

DEAD MAN'S PLACK and AN OLD THORN. By W. H. Hudson. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.50.

IT is a part of the genius of W. H. Hudson—it is, indeed, the actual, inclusive quality of his genius as a writer—that he identifies himself wholly with the thing of which he writes, and that the reader's own visioning of it becomes, therefore, as natural as it is real. Simple as it is in its exquisite beauty and clarity, Hudson's style is not easy to describe, and the reason for this lies in its very perfection—the "style" is the thing itself. The tropical forest of "Green Mansions," the bright and clear Utopia of "A Crystal Age," the peopled wanderings of "The Purple Land," and the Wiltshire Downs as we see them in "A Shepherd's Life"—they are all sensed unforgotably; and they themselves—no mannerisms or peculiarities—are W. H. Hudson's "style." So now, when he tells us a tale of Saxon England, the thing is here before us in a complete and effortless perfection.

"Dead Man's Plack" is a story of a thousand years ago, and Mr. Hudson's introduction is in itself extremely interesting. One Summer, he tells us, he fell into the habit of going day after day to watch the insects in a particular spot in an oak forest in Hampshire; and this place was near the spot "known from of old as Dead Man's Plack," where a stone cross stood to mark the place where, according to tradition handed from father to son, King Edgar slew his friend and favorite, Earl Athelwold, when hunting in the forest." It chanced that some conversation about the cross in the forest was followed by a discussion as to the authenticity of the ancient tale. And then, he says, "I found that I was not yet free of it. It remained with me, but in a new way—not as an old story in old books, but as an event, or series of events, now being re-enacted before my very eyes. I actually saw and heard it all, from the very beginning to the dreadful end; and this is what I am now going to relate." So he tells it, and so it stays with us—no modern retelling, yet no imitation of old chronicles, but simply a vivid picture, a living thing. And just as "Green Mansions" glows forever with the brilliance of the tropical forest, so here is "Dead Man's Plack" a Saxon England is recreated for us, and can never die.

The story is of Edgar the Peaceful, of Earl Athelwold, and of the beautiful Elfrida who so dreadfully became Queen and again so dreadfully became Queen Mother, and is a simple, savage story of a simple, savage time. It is the kind of tale that may be found, in many a version but essentially the same, in all old histories, a story of ambition and passion, of treachery, cruelty, remorse. But in the mastery of its telling it becomes a classic thing. It is something that no lover of what is good and real in literature should miss.

It is interesting to see, too, how in this tale of a thousand years ago, into which his individual genius enters so fully, Hudson's love of nature finds the expression that he makes always so beautiful. His keen observation and his exquisite use of words have never been more markedly present than in, for example, such a passage as this:

> Here was the perfect seclusion she desired; here she could spend her hours and days as she ever loved to do in the open air without sight of any human countenance excepting those of her own people, since now strange faces had become hateful to her. * * * Here she had got out of the old and into a new world better suited to her changed spirit. For in that world of men and women, in which she had lived until now, all nature had become interfused with her own and other people's lives—passions and hopes and fears and dreams and ambitions. Now it was as if an obscuring purple mist had been blown away, leaving the prospect sharp and clear to her sight as it had never been before. A wide prospect whose grateful silence was only broken by the cry or song of some wild bird. Great thickets of dwarf thorn tree and brambles and gorse, aflame with yellow flowers or dark to blackness by contrast with the pale verdure of the earth. And open reaches of elastic turf, its green suffused or sprinkled with red or blue or yellow, according to the kind of flowers proper to the season and place. The sight, too, of wild creatures—fallow deer, looking yellow in the distance against the dark gorse; a flock of bustards taking to flight on her approach would rush away, their spread wings flashing like silver white in the brilliant sunshine. She was like them on her horse borne swiftly as on wings above the earth but always near it. * * * Sky and earth, with thorny brakes and grass and flowers and wild creatures, with birds that flew low and others soaring up into heaven—what was the secret meaning it had for her? She was like one groping for a key in a dark place. Not a human figure visible, not a sign of human occupancy on that expanse! Was this, then, the secret of her elation? The all-powerful, dreadful God she was at enmity with, whom she feared and fled from, was not here.

It is a happy fortune that has brought "An Old Thorn" within book covers with "Dead Man's Plack." This shorter story, which was originally published in The English Review a number of years ago, is probably the only narrative we have (the only one to Mr. Hudson's knowledge) which deals with "that rare and curious subject, the survival of tree worship" in England. But it will live in the reader's mind as a piteous and haunting human tragedy—the story of a young countryman who was hanged (and this was only a century ago) for stealing a sheep. Having a close kinship to the records and traditions that the author has presented so vividly in "A Shepherd's Life," it is none the less, in its story of an ancient superstition's survival, a fitting companion to the tale of the England of a thousand years ago. This new book of Hudson's must have a permanent place in our libraries.

THE NINTH MAN

THE NINTH MAN. By Mary Heaton Vorse. Illustrated by Frank Craig. New York: Harper & Brothers. $1.75.

BACK to the days of feudalism in medieval Italy, when every community was a kingdom unto itself, ceaselessly warring against every surrounding kingdom, Mary Heaton Vorse conducts the reader of "The Ninth Man," her most recent novel.

The author paints a picture of that gorgeous age which makes us glad to have been born in this prosaic twentieth century. For on the first page we find ourselves captives in the little town of San Mogilo and utterly at the mercy of the dashing swashbuckler, Egidio Mazzaleone, who has just taken the town at the point of the sword. The lean conqueror, wearied of the sameness of massacres, has issued for his amusement the sardonic decree that at the end of thirty days he would take of the conquered "this and no other toll of blood: Each ninth man shall designate secretly whom he wishes put to death in the public place. Thus shall San Mogilo judge San Mogilo."

Truly a situation rife with drama that stabs the imagination! And the author handles masterfully the portrayal of the confusion of emotions Egidio Mazzaleone brought sweeping over the captured city for his entertainment by scattering broadcast among the populace the powers of life and death.

In the end the stricken city is redeemed by Brother Agnello, "the least of all things: the youngest of the Brothers Minor," who loved naught in this world save his fellowmen and the compassionate Lord Christ. With the city's deliverance in the last line of the book the reader comes back to the room around him with much the same feeling that he would awake from a stirring dream.

The story is illustrated with four excellent drawings by Frank Craig, two of them in full color.

JIM MORSE

JIM MORSE, GOLD-HUNTER. By J. Allen Dunn. Boston: Small, Maynard & Co. $1.50.

JIM MORSE is a lad in his teens who loves adventure and is also athletic and brave. He goes into the wilds of New Guinea on a gold-hunting expedition, in company with a rugged old sailor commanding a small vessel, Captain Burr. As in other yarns of the South Seas by this author, we obtain an intimate view of many strange races of dark-skinned folk, presented by one who has seen personally what he describes. There are head-hunters, Papuan dwarfs—who are among the most dangerous of the tribes encountered by the adventurers in this book, for they use poisoned darts with their blowpipes and are fearless in battle—also weird medicine men, a great deal about the taboi, and over all the miasmatic vapors that threaten white life at all hours of the day and night.

Captain Burr has heard that gold is to be found in a remote region where the Karon tribe jealously guard their territory. It is almost certain death to go there. Nevertheless Burr and Jim Morse, with some friendly natives, explore the region, find the gold and rescue a white girl of 15 who has been a prisoner from babyhood, having been saved from a wrecked schooner after all other whites aboard, including her mother, had been massacred. The narrative pulsates with action. It has so many thrills that it cannot but appeal to the boys for whom it is obviously written. Moreover, it is so full of information about a part of the world none too well known that it will be worth the while of grown people to read it too.

Mr. Dunn is thoroughly at home in work of this kind. His character drawing is excellent. The hero is a manly chap who commands admiration and affection from the first, while the gigantic black man, Afua, who loves Captain Burr with such fervent devotion, is a striking figure. This volume is one of a series by the author treating of New Guinea and adjacent islands in Polynesia, and is fully up to the high standard set by his previous stories.

HIGH COMPANY

HIGH COMPANY. By Harry Lee. New York: Frederick A. Stokes Company. $1.50.

EVERY graduate of khakidom—and there are a million and more of them now "carrying on" in civilian jobs in this country—is a sharer of the spirit that pervades Harry Lee's "High Company."

These "sketches of courage and comradeship," written in the form of sensitive free verse, are a tender tribute to those soldiers of the A. E. F. who returned wounded—to "buddies" who have come back to the homeland, but are yet in hospital—so far from home. The tribute is beautiful in spirit, beautiful in expression. We read it through at a single setting, the last line as eagerly as the first.

There is a poignant sincerity and simplicity in Mr. Lee's lines that seem attuned to the long notes of "taps," that haunting bugle call which has given to so many a heart its sweetest and its saddest memory. Pathos, tragedy and glory are in these pages dedicated to all the profane, reverent men of the fearless child-hearts, Brothers of the Rough Road for whom the war did not end with armistice.

The author's vignettes of the life in hospital wards, whose occupants may limp in limb but never in spirit, even though wounds must be dressed on Christmas Day, bring back to memory something of the glamour that can never pale, though it be mingled with many sombre thoughts. Whether Mr. Lee is telling of the man from Maine who could no longer claim two good legs after Château-Thierry, watching a bit wistfully, as armless buddy from Alabam' learning to skate on the lake near the hospital, or describing Rom's visit, with pudgy-fisted Tony in her arms, to her husband, the bedridden Luigi, or narrating how a stray cur came to adopt Ward B, the emotion aroused in the reader is always the same: "Here are the heroes! They are heroes still! May their path be made easier!" And

(Continued on Following Page)

FREE SOIL

FREE SOIL. By Margaret Lynn. New York: The Macmillan Company. $2.50.

IT is good for us to be reminded of days in our country's history that have been high-spirited, and unselfish, and great. It is good for us to remember heroisms of lives that fought and died, and that suffered and endured, for freedom, for the security and happiness of other people, and the stable foundations of later days. There have been many such times in our history, and we have not always remembered them all. Some happenings that should glow forever have been shadowed by the more conspicuous brightness of later events. We should turn anew to some great pages in our history. And one of the greatest of these is the struggle and sacrifice that made the new State of Kansas a free State.

Margaret Lynn dedicates her novel, "Free Soil," to "the ever-loved memory of those men and women who ventured greatly and endured nobly that the new State they were establishing might also be a free State," and it is of those men and women that the story tells. It is primarily the story of John Truman and his wife Ellen, who, with their two little children, went out from Massachusetts to settle in the new country and thus to help "keep Kansas from slavery"; and in the story of these and other characters of fiction is the story of the Free Soil struggle of these stirring years. It is a complex story from the beginning, as the daily existence of those pioneers was complex. From the vivid first chapter, in the quiet New England village whence the Trumans go out to live their lives for the cause of freedom, through dangers and conspiracies and battles to the end of the book in the great fight for Lawrence, it is the record of heroisms in the midst of uncertainty, of great bravery and small daily sacrifice. Yet it is always an absorbingly interesting human story. The many characters are living people, who think as well as act. John Truman, harassed by questionings, triumphant over them at last, is only one of a group of sentient human creatures who live through the pages of "Free Soil" as vitally as do the wise leader, Charles Robinson, and Mrs. Robinson "shining like a star on her hilltop," and that man at whom to look was "like hearing a voice in the wilderness," a strange old man, who

...rious book. Rackham has made the drawings and color plates for it with entire felicity. Macmillan is its publisher, as of the two following books by Padraic Colum. "The Children of Odin," illustrated by Willy Pogany, and "The Boy Apprenticed to an Enchanter," for which Dugald Stuart Walker has made the pictures. The former is a charming retelling of the old Norse legends, the latter a fairy tale in Colum's fairiest manner, a delight to read aloud or to curl up by the fire and spend a rainy day over, and that whether you are 10 or 70.

A fourth modern fairy book that is full of real talent is "Princess White Flame," by Gertrude Crownfield, illustrated in black and white by Anne Merriman Peck (E. P. Dutton & Co.). This is a story of the Fire Fairies and of the strange and moving adventures of Prince Radiance and his beloved Princess, invisible save as a thin white flame, because of an evil enchantment. There is a noble meaning in the story, inspiring the curious and magic events, and the style of the telling is exquisite. Aptly do the drawings translate the tale into form. The book is one that ought not to be missed.

"Seven o'Clock Stories," by Robert Gordon Anderson, is not a fairy story book, but there are some fairy tales in it, told by the old Toyman, the friend of the Three Happy Children who live in the country and have good times there. It takes twenty nights to tell all the stories, and when that time comes the youngsters will beg to have the pages turned back, so that they may be read all over again. Pictures in tint by E. Boyd Smith and a pretty cover make things all the better. (G. P. Putnam's Sons).

There remain a number of fairy books for which a line and your imaginations must suffice. "Adventures in Mother Goose Land," by Edward Gowar, with pictures by Alice Bolam Preston, tells how a small boy got to that wonder-place and what befell him there. It is entertainingly



"The maiden fetched the magic wand, and then she took her stepsister's head and dropped three drops of blood from it."

"Hansel and Gretel and Other Tales." Illustrated by Arthur Rackham.

told and charmingly printed. (Little, Brown & Co.) "Peggy in Toyland" tells how a little girl who greatly loved her doll had a splendid voyage to that far country. Written by Archibald Marshall, with pictures that are just the thing, by Helen M. Barton, (Dodd, Mead & Co.) "The Enchanted Forest," by William Bowen, with pictures in color and line by that clever pair, Maud and Miska Petersham, is a mixture of all sorts of thrilling fair things, enchanted pools and mysteries and delightful Princes and Princesses and other folk (The Macmillan Company.) "Trails of Wonderland," by Isa L. Wright, has pictures by Harold Cue and a whole round dozen of exciting and amusing stories. (Houghton Mifflin Company.) "The Crystal Ball" tells how a twin boy and girl, children to the King and Queen of Moondon, get that rare treasure as a birthday gift for their father after a series of marvelous adventures. Written and illustrated by Mary D Gordon. (Little, Brown & Co.)

"The Queerful Widget," by W. B. Hawkins, is a fantastic and joyful story that every child who sees it will wish to have. The engaging pictures, in line, are by J. Flora Ta'Bois, as is the gay picture of the Widget on the cover. (Boni & Liveright) "The Sandman's Mountain," is one of Louis Dodge's fanciful tales for the youngsters that capture their elders too. It takes a little boy on a weird and wonderful journey where he says and does many strange things. The pictures by Paul Branson are delightful and are printed in color. (Charles Scribner's Sons).

At the tail-end of our fairy books we put "Fairy Grammar," by J. Harold Carpenter (E. P. Dutton & Co.), where the parts of speech are turned into elves and made to do all sorts of tricks to the great amusement of their little friend, who begins by not being their friend, the hero of the story. The book is calculated to make children eat grammar alive and enjoy the process.

Among historical books, biggest—therefore why not first?—is a large, fat "Treasury of Heroes and Heroines." It is the work of Clayton Edwards, and is a "Record of High Endeavor and Strange Adventure" in many parts of this earth. Most of the personages are from real life, but four are taken from fiction, among these being William Tell, whom we had regarded up to now as having been decidedly real, and believe Switzerland will hardly be persuaded to the contrary. At any rate, the big book is interesting and well done, full of information that reads like wild romance, and there are colorful pictures by Elizabeth Curtis and Florence Choate, one of these, Lincoln seated by the fire and reading, decorating the cover. (Frederick A. Stokes).

Why should not history be more fascinating than fairy tale? No reason, if you go to Hendrik Willem Van Loon to tell it to you, "Ancient Man," written by him, illustrated and mapped by him, is absorbingly interesting. (Boni & Liveright.) It begins about fifty thousand years ago with a broad sketch of prehistoric man, struggling against elemental nature. It skips to the Nile and comes on down the ages to the Phoenecians. Brief and vivid are the chapters, full of stir and life. The pictures are broad smears of color that tell a clear story none the less, and the maps are also full of little pictures and delightful scraps of information. This is the way to tell history to children—and to the rest of us.

Another history that moves with speed and decision and draws a great story into a brief compass is, both text and illustrations, by E. Boyd Smith. (G. P. Putnam's Sons.) It is "The Story of Our Country," and will be thoroughly enjoyed by children, to whom it will give an excellent conception of the main happenings that have built us up and carried us on.

A handy and timely little book is "The Argonauts of Faith," by Basil Mathews (George H Doran Company), being the story of the Mayflower Pilgrims. There is a foreword by Viscount Bryce and duotones by Ernest Prater. It is a book that tells the adventures, hopes, struggles, failures and successes of that devoted band fully, and tells it with the spirit that such a tale deserves.

Three books published by the E. P. Dutton Company treat of child life in foreign lands. Two are by Hannah Trager, "Stories of Child Life in a Jewish Colony in Palestine" and "Festival Stories of a Child's Life in a Jewish Colony in Palestine." The first has a preface by Israel Abrahams of the University of Cambridge, the second one by the chief rabbi, Dr. Hertz. They are primarily for Jewish children in English-speaking countries, and tell with charm, and doubtless with truth, the life of the Jewish child in the Near East. But other than Jewish children will find interest in such presentments of childhood in an environment so different from their own, with such differing aims and inheritance.

The third book is in the Dutton Little Schoolmaster series, "Archag, the Little Armenian," and is a translation from the French of Charles H. Schnapps by Margaret P. Waterman. The story is a real story as well as a very definite picture of a little Armenian's life. The terrible shadow of death and suffering lowers over the latter portion of the book. Some of the characters reach America, many lose their lives. Any true story of this devoted and persecuted people must end so, must run a losing race with suffering. But there is a fine courage and cheerfulness and a sort of endless faith in the book that is buoyant in its effect. There are a few illustrations.

A few novels, or stories resembling novels, remain. "Mehitable," by Katherine Adams, combines novel with travel, for the girl goes to a school near Paris, and has vacations in Ireland and Belgium. The book is singularly pleasing, the heroine a living creature good to know, and there are many interesting characters and situations. A book all girls in their late teens will delight in. (The Macmillan Company.)

There is an Isabel Carleton series, and this time it is "Isabel Carleton at Home," though she is now a junior at college. She ends engaged, after a lot of cheerful doings, and will be as popular in this volume as she has proved in the preceding one. (The Macmillan Company.)

A story for younger girls is Nina Rhoades's "Four Girls of Forty Years Ago." It recreates the time and the manners, and makes a pretty picture of the family of an earlier generation, as well as telling



"Little Red Riding Hood."

"Hansel and Gretel, and Other Tales." Illustrated by Arthur Rackham.

tale that holds the interest firmly. Youngsters will hang on the pages. (Lothrop, Lee & Shepard).

"Take It From Dad," by George Livermore (the Macmillan Company), is a collection of letters from a father to his son at college. They are funny, shrewd, full of straight talk and understanding, chummy and wise. A delightful book that will make father laugh as heartily as son, and maybe more.

Another kind of boys' book is "The Boy Who Looked Ahead," by John Talbot Smith. It takes a group of boys and follows them on to manhood, showing how the character of each develops, some bad and most good. A tale with lots of moral suasion to it, but a fair amount of adventure and boy fun, too. (Blase, Benziger & Co.)

Two books published by Houghton Mifflin tell good stories. One is "The Strange Year," by Elisa Orne White, a story about children for children, told in a clear and simple style that has much charm. It is a sequel to an earlier book, "The Blue Aunt," and has the same characters with a new little lame girl added. Alice B. Preston has made the attractive pictures. The other book is linked up with the Civil War. "John Baring's House" is the title, by Elsie Singmaster. A brother and sister come to Gettysburg to live in the house of their grandfather. Nobody will have anything to do with them, and presently they discover the reason—and in the end they prove that it is not true, and re-establish themselves and their grandfather's good name. It is an excellently told story, a story girls and their brothers, too, and elders people will enjoy.

Five outdoor books for boys were for some notice. There is the "The Boy Scouts' Year Book," published for the Boy Scouts of America, edited by Franklin K. Mathiews, and full of messages, short articles and stories, reminiscences and jokes, all sorts of things that are readable, entertaining and informative, by a large number of important persons, including the President, the Prince of Wales, Hornaday, Ida Tarbell and others. It has quantities of pictures too. A big thing well done of its kind. (D. Appleton & Co.) There is another Scout book, "The Scouts' Book of Heroes," which is a record of the Scouts' work in the great war. It is a stirring and splendid record. There is a foreword by the Chief Scout, Sir Robert Baden-Powell, K. C. B. A book not only for the Scouts, but for all lovers of gallantry, courage and high honor. A well-printed, handsome volume with several illustrations. (Frederick A. Stokes Company.)

Dan Beard's books for boys are known wherever there is a boy. "American Boys' Handy Book of Camp-Lore and Woodcraft" is his best vein and on his special topics. It contains all the information conceivable as to camping, living out of doors, trailing through wilderness ways, using the tools of the wood, cooking on camp fires and so on to the sweet end, with the ritual of the council fire. There are drawings and diagrams. A really valuable and comprehensive volume. (J. B. Lippincott Company.)

Major A. Radcliffe Dugmore has written, illustrated and designed a fascinating book for boys, "Two Boys in Beaver Land." The drawings are placed at the upper part of the page on many pages, and give the book a curious and attractive aspect. The story is excellent and the information concerning beavers comes from a master on the subject. An unusually good outdoor book. (Doubleday, Page & Co.)

The end is a book that does not appear to be written for children, for all that a very small boy and an exceedingly Scandinavian monster play the chief parts. "The Seven Fareoms (for the Small Iguanodon," by Gerald H. Thayer, is a skit in rhymes of the gloomy and self-centered type and in verse. There are delicious drawings by Norman Jacobsen which children will overlook when, lost in the terrible woes in a superb tale, they look for all the quaint artless simplicity. (G. P. Putnam Sons.)

So go choose books for your children and other folks' children. You have only to look about you: the days grow thick and tempting as blackberries in August. Good hunting and good-bye.



"The King could no longer withhold his daughter."

"Snowdrop and Other Tales." Illustrated by Arthur Rackham.

Romance of England's Jewel House

HOUSE. By Major George Younghusband. New York: George Company.

...ons of travail Mother ...gave up to man a bit of ...rben that has come to ...known throughout the ...name given to it many ...in the East—Koh-i-nur, ...of Light. Millions of ...ce heat and pressure ...in time contributed to ...of this most famous ...gems, whose first ...in the hands of the ...ds, in whose diamond ...found. It was first ...pean ken 1665, when it ...the French traveler ...the Emperor Aurung- ...who then owned it. ...at Mogulai it remained ...Nadir Shah. King ...ot through the Punjab ...at his feet. The van- ...med Shaah fled for his ...Koh-i-nur with him. ...e would, the con- ...ot discover the where- ...ns to have been on ...rises of the war, until ...of Mahomed Shah's, ...t by him: affection for ...nt knights of the con- ...divulged the secret ...r lord kept the price- ...and night, concealed ...his turban.

...this knowledge, Nadir ...ach the sportsman to ...my with poison or the ...appropriate the dia- ...orders England that a ...t be prepared and ...is brought as guest ...ring the course of this ...rgetful Nadir, finds ...a gracious speech, ...ds enemy's valour and ...eternal friendship, ...and tokens of the same ...they should exchange ...Miss Mahomed Shah ...so ungracious as to ...which among Eur- ...was them considered a ...rnant. No course but ...a open to him, and so ...passed to the King of ...

...was later murdered ...stone was taken by ...odyguard, an Afghan ...ne, who escaped with ...five head, and there ...ame Ahmir and founder ...dynasty. The third ...in the diamond gained ...royal successions, was ...d to Lahore, the Koh- ...to buy him the hos- ...Maharajah Runjeet Singh, ...e Punjab.

Though held in the dust ...military power of the ...h-i-nur passed to the ...as part of the spoils of ...an Lawrence was dis- ...for the Koh-i-nur until ...ded what disposition ...e of it. Sir John, who ...d great matters on his ...which a diamond was ...t, wrapped the stone ...paper, put it into his ...forgot about it! Six ...later From the Gov- ...announced that it had ...that the Koh-i-nur ...ented by the Army of ...Queen Victoria. By ...ummendations to the ...Court [illegible] ...ecorated the fact ...and that, as an ...ement of [illegible] ...to his valour and ...weeks ago I brought ...ther a piece of glass ...bit of paper. What ...is it?"

"...of the poor," answered ...ervant, "" I placed that ...wrapped in paper on ...top of your honor's office box, and "—opening the box—" here it is!"

The famous diamond traveled from Lahore to London under special guard, was duly presented to Queen Victoria and was for long worn by her set in a brooch. It now has the place of honor in the front of the crown of Queen Mary.

Such is the history of the most famous diamond in the world, as related in "The Jewel House," Major Gen. Sir George Younghusband's account of the many romances connected with the royal regalia of England's Kings. Among the crown jewels there are half a dozen stones with histories fully as dramatic and picturesque; and the author of "The Tower From Within," who is the Keeper of the Jewel House, one of the most ancient offices in the English realm, makes equally fascinating reading of them all in his latest book.



Colonel Blood Stealing the Crown and Orb.

Ever since kings first began to reign on earth inanimate objects which appeal both to the eye and the imagination have been the emblems of royalty. The English monarchy is the oldest in Europe, and the history of England might almost be written around the crowns and sceptres, orbs, rings and swords which have served as its symbols for centuries. The gems which adorn these symbols have been in the midst of the fiercest and most historic battles, have lain ingloriously in pawnbrokers' shops, have been buried with kings and recovered hundreds of years later. Murders have been committed for them and wars fought for their possession. They have been corrupted and for the merest trifle of their worth; they have been carelessly lost, and in one case swallowed by a soldier in the attempt to preserve them from theft.

Major Gen. Younghusband's vivid account of the single attempt to steal the crown jewels is taken from a manuscript written in 1689 at the dictation of Sir Gilbert Talbot, the Keeper of the Jewel House at that time. As the romantic story is here reproduced for the first time it deserves paraphrase:

Although for some 700 years the gray old walls of the Tower of London have been the outer casing of the casket which has contained the crown jewels of thirty-two Kings and Queens of England, the country was so truly Merry England in the reign of Charles II. that nobody dreamed of an attempt being made to steal the jewels of the beloved sovereign. Such was the spirit of rejoicing after the horrors of civil war and the Cromwellian era that the crown jewels were left in the sole custody of one old man, Talbot Edwards, who was well past the allotted span. These propitious circumstances presented a daring project to the imagination of one Colonel Blood, a resourceful soldier of fortune, who was quick to seize the opportunity presented. Dressed as a parson and accompanied by a respectable-looking woman who passed as his wife, Blood went to the Tower on one of the days when the jewels were exhibited to the public. While viewing them Mrs. Blood was taken with "a qualme upon her stomack," and in faint tones called upon the distressed Mr. Edwards for some spirits. This the old man hastily procured, and the invalid found herself so far recovered as to be able to go upstairs, where the Edwardses had their apartments, and lie down for recuperation on Mrs. Edwards's bed. This incident served successfully as an entering wedge for the friendship which Parson Blood wished to strike up with the aged keeper. To cement the friendship he returned a few days later to express his gratitude for the assistance given his wife and to present Mrs. Edwards with four pairs of white gloves as an expression of his sentiments. Thus he became a familiar and honored visitor to the Tower. Finally, Parson Blood suggested that a match might be arranged between his (entirely imaginary) nephew and Mr. Edwards's daughter. May 9, 1671, was set as the day on which the fictitious nephew was to be introduced to his future wife. Seven A. M. was the strange hour chosen for the meeting.



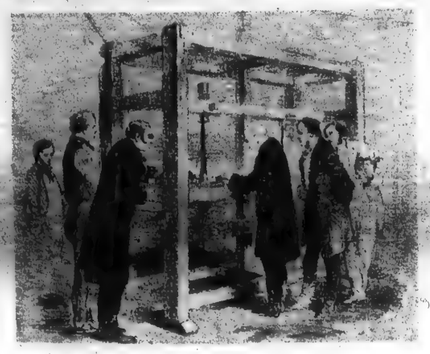
The Jewel House by the Martin Tower, 1815.

At the appointed hour Parson Blood, accompanied by three friends, presented himself at Mr. Edwards's door in the Martin Tower. They were cordially welcomed by Mr. Edwards. While awaiting the arrival of the ladies upon the scene, Parson Blood suggested to his friend the keeper that the interval might be filled in by showing his companions the crown jewels. The unsuspecting old keeper readily consented to the suggestion, and, unlocking the door of the treasure chamber, ushered in his guests. Here was exactly the situation to which Blood had so craftily worked up! An isolated chamber, with three ablebodied men, fully armed, on one side and a feeble, unarmed man, nearly 80 years old, on the other. The crown jewels of England the spoil of the victor in this unequal contest! Without wasting further time, the conspirators knocked Mr. Edwards on the head with a wooden mallet, crammed the King's State crown, in which was set the priceless ruby of the Black Prince, and the Royal Orb, into bags and fled. The royal sceptre they abandoned, not having time to cut it into two portable halves with the file brought for that purpose.

Except for an extraordinary coincidence the thieves would have got away with their spoils. But just at this crucial moment Mr. Edwards's son, a soldier home on leave from Flanders, appeared unexpectedly and unannounced upon the scene. As Blood and his accomplices were making off, without suspicious haste and with the jewels concealed under their dress, Mr. Edwards, whom they had left lying on the floor of the treasure chamber for dead, rushed out and shrieked, "Treason! The crown is stolen!" This gave the alarm to the Tower sentries, but not before the conspirators had passed most of the barriers. When they saw that they were discovered, Blood and his companions tried to fight their way to liberty, but were overpowered in the end. One of the thieves, named Hunt, who was Blood's son-in-law, managed to get to horse outside the Tower gates, and might have escaped had he not hit his head against a pole sticking out from a laden wagon and been dismounted by the accident.

In flattening out the State crown to make it fit into the loot bag the ruby of the Black Prince had been knocked from its setting. Parrett, another of the raiders, had stuffed it in his pocket, where it was found when he was captured.

This ruby, which is as large as a small bird's egg, and which is now set in the King's State crown, belonged in 1367 to the King of Grenada, who was slaughtered in cold blood by Don Pedro of Spain, who carried off the gem. Don Pedro gave it to the Black Prince in gratitude for the loan of some of the latter's troops. The stone does not reappear in history until the reign of Henry V. That monarch wore it in his hat when he went into the battle of Agincourt. Richard III., the hunchback, when defeated by Henry Tudor, had the ruby in his crown, which he wore during the battle. When he fled in panic from the field he hid his crown in a bush where it was found by an underling and used in the crowning of Henry VII., which took place then and there amid the dead and dying. When the Parliamentarians ordered the destruction or sale of all the emblems of royalty the Black Prince's ruby was sold to some unknown person for £4. How it found its place again into the State crown of Charles II. is an insolved enigma.



The Duke of Wellington Assisting at the First Cutting of the Koh-i-nur.

Another of the most interesting of the crown jewels, whose histories are chronicled in "The Jewel House," is the huge sapphire which was in the coronation ring of Edward the Confessor. The monarch was buried with this ring, but in 1101 his shrine was broken open and the jewel taken out. The oldest regal piece of plate in the Tower is Queen Elizabeth's gold salt cellar, which somehow escaped the depredations of the Commonwealth as well as the necessities of Charles I.'s days.

Books and Authors

H. G. WELLS'S first public appearance in the United States will be at Carnegie Hall on the afternoon of Jan. 12. He will also lecture from the same stage on the 18th and 19th of the month. The distinguished visitor's itinerary, as announced by his publishers, schedules appearances in Philadelphia on Jan. 13, 17 and 27, and in Boston on the 20th, 25th and 26th. He will also speak in Brooklyn on Jan. 28. Chicago will not hear him until Feb. 9 and 11. All the other large cities in the country, as well as Montreal and Toronto, are "one-night stands" on the English writer's schedule.

Mrs. W. L. George, the second wife of the English novelist, died on Dec. 10 in the Baptist Hospital at Houston, Texas, after a two weeks' illness. Mrs. George, who was the daughter of the late Colonel Travers Madden, came to America last September to accompany her husband on his lecture tour of this country. Mr. and Mrs. George were married in 1916.

One of the interesting events of Rabindranath Tagore's recent visit to New York was the dinner given in his honor by the Society of Arts and Sciences at the Hotel Astor. Among the speakers on this occasion, in addition to the noted Indian poet himself, were Dr. Hamlin Garland, Marguerite Wilkinson, Clement Wood, Dr. Edward J. Wheeler, S. K. Ratcliffe, Charles Johnston and Khalil Gibran. Dr. Charles P. Fagnani acted as toastmaster.

Stacy Aumonier, whose "One After Another" was recently published by the Macmillan Company, is coming to America next month.

Herbert Adams Gibbons, author of "The New Map of Asia" and "The New Map of Europe" and Helen Davenport Gibbons, author of "Paris Vistas," have bought an old Colonial house at Princeton, N. J., and intend to remain in the United States indefinitely for the sake of their four children. At the time of the Yale-Princeton football game they had a house warming at which Rabindranath Tagore was among the guests.

Dr. Gibbons's latest book, "France and Ourselves," was recently published in revised Braille for the use of the blind.

In "A Wonderland of Picture Books," an article published in THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE of Nov. 28, the price of Brentano's edition of Oscar Wilde's "The Happy Prince and Other Stories" was erroneously given as $1.50. The price of the book is $4, as announced in the publishers' catalogues and advertisements.

A letter just received from C. Arthur Pearson, Ld., the London publisher, reads in part: "There is really no mystery in England about Miss Ethel M. Dell. Miss Dell lives in a very charming house at Guilford in Surrey, not far from the old home of George Meredith. Some years ago the editors who bought her work were accustomed to receive visits from her, but latterly she has withdrawn altogether from the public side of literary life.

Frank H. Simonds's five-volume "History of the World War" (Doubleday, Page & Co.) has been translated into Spanish for the Review of Reviews Company. In addition to the text as it appears in English, there is much new material devoted to Latin America and her part in the war. These copies destined for Porto Rico have a special supplement dealing with the war activities of that country.

The announcement of Gilbert K. Chesterton's forthcoming lecture tour of the United States lends added interest to the announcement that Dodd, Mead & Co. will shortly bring out a new volume of essays by this English author. The subject matter of the thirty chapters in "The Uses of Diversity," as this latest book is entitled, ranges from "Lamp-Posts" and "The Domesticity of Detectives" to "Questions of Divorce" and "The Plan for a New Universe."

Robert Haven Schauffler, whose new volume of verse, "The White Comrade," has just been brought out by Houghton Mifflin Company, was recently the only passenger on a freight steamer sailing between Brooklyn and Baltimore. Describing the trip to a friend, Mr. Schauffler wrote: "The three days' trip was full of action—a collision, a West Indian hurricane, the disabling of one boiler, missing a shoal by ten feet and having to anchor all night; and getting out port anchor chain foul of an Atlantic cable. Apart from these details, we had an almost eventless voyage."

The Sonnet, a bi-monthly brochure edited and published by Mahlon Leonard Fisher at Williamsport, Pa., has reached the mature age of four years. This worthy project, each issue of which contains four sonnets, has numbered among its past contributors Edna St. Vincent Millay, Lizette Woodworth Reese, George Edward Woodberry, George Stirling, David Morton, Mrs. Schuyler Van Rensselaer and a score of other poets of like rank. Among its recent contents have appeared seven sonnets by Mary J. O'Neill of Dublin, Ireland, a poet who has contributed to no other American periodical. Among those who have commended the brochure for the quality of its poetry are William Lyon Phelps and Wilfrid Scawen Blunt, known to the English public as the author of "The Love Sonnets of Proteus."

Camille Flammarion, the French philosopher, astronomer and psychic investigator, at the age of 78 has just published in France and will soon bring out in this country, through the Century Company, a book entitled "Death and Mystery," which may be regarded as his last will and testament. M. Flammarion, who recently made the startling assertion that Americans are depriving themselves of the possibility of communicating with the spirits of their dead by the practice of cremation, reiterates in this volume his lifelong conviction that what we call death does not exist. "The problem of the immortality of the soul," says M. Flammarion, "has not yet received an affirmative solution from modern science; on the other hand, it has not, as is sometimes pretended, received a negative solution. • • • A persevering study of this great problem leads us to think today that the mystery of death is less obscure and less sombre than has generally been supposed up to the present, and that it can be illuminated by real and experimental rays that did not exist a century ago."

When the author was 7 years old a funeral passed through the street where he was playing. To the surprise of his companions, Camille declared that the man in the coffin had not ceased to live. Speaking of this incident, the distinguished Frenchman says:

I meditated thereon several days several weeks, several months. The conviction that there is really no such thing as death has continued to dominate my spirit ever since, although I have long known that a human being dies every second on our planet. It is a mystery to be solved, and I am not so very much further advanced today in the solution than at seven. But my innate conviction persists.

Herbert Adams Gibbons, whose "Life of Venizelos" has just been published in Houghton Mifflin Company's Modern Statesmen Series, has received an intimation that the former Premier of Greece will take advantage of the respite afforded by his recent defeat to gratify his long-cherished desire to visit the United States. Dr. Gibbons does not believe that Venizelos is definitely eliminated from Greek politics.

PUTNAM BOOKS AND AUTHORS



Here are some Putnam publications particularly appropriate for Christmas giving:

WILDERNESS
By ROCKWELL KENT.
A journal of quiet adventure in Alaska. Quarto; 45 full page plates. $6.00.

COMPLETE OPERA BOOK
By GUSTAV KOBBE.
1000 pages, 100 illustrations. $6.00

HIGH SOCIETY
Hints on how to Attain, Relish, and Survive It.
A book of satirical drawings by Fish. $5.00.

GATHERING OF THE FORCES
By WALT WHITMAN.
Hitherto unpublished writings. 2 vols. Photogravure illustrations. Limited to 1250 sets; printed from type. $15.00.

Two Roosevelt Volumes:
AMERICAN IDEALS
STORIES FROM THE WINNING OF THE WEST
Special edition. Beautifully printed. Many photogravure illustrations and portraits. $7.50 each.

LEADER OF MEN
By ROBERT GORDON ANDERSON.
A beautiful estimation of the human side of Theodore Roosevelt. $1.00.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN—MAN OF GOD
By JOHN WESLEY HILL.
Introductions by President-elect Harding and General Leonard Wood. $3.50.

MRS. GLADSTONE
By her daughter, MARY GLADSTONE DREW.
32 illustrations. $4.0

THE BAIRNSFATHER CASE ("Old Bill" on the Bench)
70 illustrations. $2.50.

VISIONS AND BELIEFS IN THE WEST OF IRELAND
By LADY GREGORY. 2 vols. $4.50.

Here are four novels your friends will truly appreciate:
TOP OF THE WORLD
By ETHEL M. DELL. $2.00.
HEART OF UNAGA
By RIDGWELL CULLUM. $2.50.
KOBIETY (WOMEN)
By SOFJA ZEROMSKA-NALKOWSKA. (A novel of Polish life). $2.00.
LAUGHING HOUSE
By MEADE MINNIGERODE.
A joyous story of an American home. $1.90.

You will find all the worth while books of all publishers at Putnam's, 2 West 45th St. (just west of Fifth Ave.)

G.P.P.

LIPPINCOTT BOOKS FOR GIFTS

CHECK HERE — SEND THIS LIST TO YOUR BOOKSELLER

_NO DEFENSE — *By Gilbert Parker*
This leading romance of the year makes an ideal gift for any one. "It has dash, fire and romance, dramatic situations and incidents, vivid pictures of West Indian forest and plantation life, and an appealing love tale."—The Outlook. Four illustrations. $3.00

_SEEING THE FAR WEST
By John T. Faris. For the traveler or man of varied interests, nothing could be finer than this remarkable panorama of the Wonderland of America, revealing the scenic glories of the States from the Rockies to the Pacific in the text and with 113 illustrations and two maps. Handsome octavo. $6.00

_THE BOOK OF JOB
By Morris Jastrow Jr., Ph. D., LL. D. A masterpiece that will delight every true lover of great literature. "A noble book: all men's book," wrote Carlyle, yet the soul, the beauty and the living fire of it, hidden beyond a veil of conflicting interpretations, It has been for Dr. Jastrow, with his rare insight and charm, to give us this grandly conceived, new interpretation of the original masterpiece. Frontispiece. Ornamental cloth. $4.00

_THE ORIENT IN BIBLE TIMES
By Elihu Grant. The biblical gift book of the year for Bible readers of every denomination. It makes the Bible more intensely human and interesting. Thirty illustrations. $2.50

_IN OLD PENNSYLVANIA TOWNS
By Anne Hollingsworth Wharton. The picturesque, the historic, the social and human have been gathered and woven into this entertaining chronicle. A valuable addition to the literature of earlier days, replete with entertaining information for the traveler as well. Thirty-two illustrations, handsome octavo. $5.00

_CLOUDY JEWEL
By Grace Livingston Hill (Mrs. Lutz). The story of Julia Cloud, family drudge, and her rejuvenation, results in an exquisite romance and a cheerful story, as heart-satisfying as a fresh-blown rose. Frontispiece. $1.90

_HAPPY HOUSE
By Jane Abbott. This sunshine story for girls from 9 to 90 goes steadily on its way to greater and greater success. It is proving one of the most popular books of the season. $1.75

_THE CHARM OF FINE MANNERS
By Mrs. Helen Ekin Starrett, is the ideal gift for young girls. The possessor of fine manners finds all doors open. Many women owe their success in life to the charm and grace of their manners. This book will be a great boon to fathers and mothers. $1.00

_MRS. WILSON'S COOK BOOK
is the one which mothers, wives and sweethearts hope to find among their Christmas gifts. It is the easiest book to understand, and menus of the simplest to the most elaborate can be prepared from the hundreds of new recipes. It suits every purse. $3.50

_HIGHACRES
Jane Abbott's host of youthful readers will be delighted with this successor to "Keineth" and "Larkspur." Illustrated. $1.75.

_DAN BEARD'S New One for Boys
AMERICAN BOY'S HANDY BOOK OF WOODCRAFT AND CAMP-LORE
With 377 snappy illustrations, showing just how to do things in the woods. Every boy wants this book. $3.50

GIVE AT CHRISTMAS A MERRICK NOVEL

Sir JAMES BARRIE, W. D. HOWELLS, H. G. WELLS, G. K. CHESTERTON, MAURICE HEWLETT, Sir ARTHUR PINERO, however else they differ, unite in calling the Mersick novels "wonderfully appealing."

LEONARD MERRICK

is an author who is held in quite unique regard both by his thousands of readers and by his fellow-novelists, who sponsored with open admiration and affection the Collected Edition of his Works.

Conrad in Quest of His Youth — **The Actor-Manager**
The Position of Peggy Harper — **Cynthia**
The Man Who Understood Women — **The Worldlings**
When Love Flies Out o' the Window — **While Paris Laughed**

are ready, and **The House of Lynch** Each $1.90

To give a Merrick novel is a compliment, implying an appreciation of distinction in style and interest in matter. As Sir James Barrie declares: "There is no one with a greater art of telling a story."

These books should be on sale in your bookstore; if not, can be had from
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

O'HART'S
IRISH PEDIGREES
Over 2,000 Pages, 1,000 Coats of Arms in Colors.
Bound in leather, $20.00.

Dalton's History of Ireland, 6 vols., $25.00
The Irish in Argentina, $3.50

CHAS. A. O'CONNOR
21 Spruce St. New York City

Bugs and Wings and Other Things
By ANNIE W. FRANCHOT
Illustrated by Jessie Willcox Smith and Harrison Cady.

Have you read of the English worms that came over (really) in the Mayflower? Of French worms that came in bulbs of Lilies of France to the Albany garden of Madame the Marquise of Montermeil, where Generals Lafayette and Washington sipped her chamomile tea and praised her cakes and flowers? It is a story to enchant any little girl, and there are others as delightful in this unusually attractive book. $2.50

This should be on sale in your bookstore; if not, can be had from
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Avenue, New York

War as Destroyer and Creator

POLITICAL SYSTEMS IN TRANSITION. Wartime and After. By Charles G. Fenwick, Professor of Political Science, Bryn Mawr College. The Century Company. $3.

IT is sufficiently evident to everybody that things governmental are not what they were before the war, and to almost everybody that they are likely to grow still more different. When we in America speak of "the problems of reconstruction," people in other countries are using the same phrase in talking about their own cases. To a good many the world has not changed as much as they expected and hoped for, and to them the outcome, so far as it is observable, is a disappointment. Others hoped to go back to the status quo, and for them there has been altogether too much change. Even during the war such statesmen as Lord Lansdowne became uneasy over the growing evidence that when it ended the world would be a different one, and were willing to stop it even at the cost of a German advantage; for that would be better than chaos, which was what they were afraid of. So far as we have gone in the two years since the war ended the signs give no reason to suppose that their fears were well founded.

It being thus obvious to all that changes have already taken place, some of them merely temporary and others probably destined to permanency and even enlargement, it is a good thing that Professor Fenwick, in his "Political Systems in Transition," should have undertaken the task of setting forth exactly what the changes were. As for the probability of their permanence, while it would be absurd to say that one man's guess is as good as another's, it is undeniable that professors differ. The Lord has denied the power of foreseeing the future to all but astrologers and witches. Therefore it is that the part of Professor Fenwick's work in which he conjectures the permanency of certain features of wartime governmental changes is not as ascertainably valuable as that part in which he tells what has actually been done down to 1920.

This positive part of the book forms the largest of the four parts into which it is divided. It is an admirable handbook of American legislation treated in full, and of the legislation of other great powers treated in summary. It treats of war legislation in such detail that even particulars like the provisions for allotments, allowances and compensation are specified and analyzed.

The first part of the work treats of "The Constitutions of the Great Nations on the Eve of the World War." The second part deals with the changes brought about by the war in the political institutions of European countries, and the third with the same subject, treated in much greater detail, as affecting the United States. The fourth part treats of "Problems of Reconstruction in the United States Raised by the War." It is the third part which has been described as a handbook, not only of legislation but in a considerable degree of administration, in this country during the war.

In dealing with the effects of the war in Europe, Professor Fenwick says:

> In the case of the autocratic countries the war completely transformed their governmental systems. Not only was autocracy driven from its place of power, but with it went even those elements of popular government which had been the subservient tool of autocracy. In the case of Germany local self-governing institutions survived; in the case of Russia, Austria and Hungary they, too, were swept away by the high tide of revolution. By contrast the great democratic countries came through the ordeal with their former governmental systems structurally intact. France and Italy suffered the least in respect to changes in their Governments, owing to the fewer traditions embodied in their Constitutions. Great Britain, with older traditions of free government, found it necessary to introduce far-reaching changes which must mark for all time a turning point in its political history. The Defense of the Realm act, though not pointing forward toward democracy but backward toward autocracy, must henceforth take its place for the student of history with the great documents like Magna Charta and the Bill of Rights, which are landmarks of the British Constitution.

This is likely to strike the reader as too positive, unless the author merely means that the Defense of the Realm act defines the powers of the Government in wartime as they have never been defined before. England in wartime will presumably never take a step backward from this act, although even that is not certain, since President Wilson did not avail himself to the full extent of the precedent left by President Lincoln. Autocratic as the American Government was during this war, it was not nearly so autocratic as when Lincoln was in office, and when not only was jury trial dispensed with but the Habeas Corpus act suspended. It is also a little puzzling to the reader to have Professor Fenwick say, without explanation, that local self-government was swept away in Russia, when in a previous chapter he has told how the village Soviet is merely the old village mir organization under a new name and (page 68) with larger powers.

One of the new things created by the war is a new system of Cabinet Government invented by Germany. Unlike the American President, the German President's acts "require for their validity the countersignature of the Chancellor or of the other Minister within whose province the act falls." The Ministers, the Chancellor included, must have the confidence of the Assembly, and if that body formally withdraws its confidence from a Minister he must resign. "A system of Cabinet Government is thus created in which Ministerial responsibility is individual rather than collective."

The only fault of omission to be detected in this part of the book is the entire lack of information concerning the Government of Austria and Hungary, about which Americans probably know less than about the Governments of any of the other great powers of 1914. The method by which he deals with the several Governments, in fact, differs in each case. In treating of England he not only shows the constitutional changes and the proposals for reconstruction, but gives the political history of the Government during the war. The division allotted to Russia, on the contrary, confines itself to the analysis of Russian government before and after the Revolution, Austria and Hungary are not neglected, but the information given is chiefly about the difficulties of solving the race problem and the status of Austria before the Peace Conference, and the reader rises ignorant whether these countries are ruled by Presidents or Czars.

As for the United States, it entered the war in a state described by Professor Fenwick as "constitutional unpreparedness." There was plenty of unpreparedness that was not "constitutional" and that was simply due to the unwillingness of the authorities—of Congress, the author says—to take any steps to get the nation ready for what might and did happen. But aside from that, the constitutional difficulties were the result of our having a written Constitution in which the powers of the Government were defined and limited; of the system of checks and balances created in our tripartite Federal Government; and of the further division of governmental powers between nation and States. He says these difficulties were overcome "without doing open violence to the Constitution." It would have been only fair to tell the reader that this last is not only a debatable question, but one which is being debated.

Another difficulty in America was that Congress, "having no direct control over the Administration," could criticise recklessly and hold on tightly to such indirect control as it had. That is just what Congress did, and the thing could not happen in England. In that country the Government is the Parliament's "own delegated body and could be removed from office at any time," which two facts made Parliament criticise with a sense of its own responsibility.

Enough has been said about the thorough manner in which Professor Fenwick explains how the Government overcame these obstacles by main strength and by acts of legislation and administration which would have been revolutionary if enacted in peace times. When he takes up the problems of reconstruction he undertakes to be as thorough; that is, he gives the gist of all the plans offered for the creation of the new world in America, or all that he thinks worthy of attention. This becomes too much like a symposium of professors, for only those professors in whom self-restraint amounts to a separate talent have been able to refrain from outlining the new America with healthy confidence.

Sometimes these visions look unsubstantial, as, for instance, when Professor Fenwick leads us to contemplate the obliteration of the States except as atrophied bodies administering functions akin to those of a Board of Aldermen. When, in illustration of his point, he invites us to consider the enormity of waiting for extradition in the case of an accused person who goes into another State, he fails to realize that his assumption will not command immediate assent. One feels it in his tone and manner. Yet it is not true. It is highly untrue, that the majority of this country feel a holy horror of extradition proceedings, or are clamoring to have a detective from New Orleans seize the body of a man in Chicago, shackle him and carry him down the river without having any one to say him nay.

It is fair to say that in most cases Professor Fenwick only states the problems of reconstruction, with the difficulties attending the solution of each and with what appears to him the tendency toward the solution or a variety of solutions. He writes with eminent fairness, and writes only to inform. He achieves his aim strikingly. Sometimes he falls into the error of taking a phrase at its face value. "Industrial democracy," for instance, is a beautiful phrase, but what it means in the mouths of those who use it is not democracy of any kind. It means the substitution of the tyranny of the working class for the tyranny of the capitalist class; and neither is democracy. Since even small things are important in a work of this kind, Professor Fenwick should be more careful about his dates; should not, for instance, say that tariff reform failed in 1890 because a Democratic House could make no headway against a Republican Senate and President. In 1890 President, Senate and House were all Republican, and the McKinley tariff act was passed. The author may have been thinking of 1888.

"The Kings' Treasuries of Literature"

THE KINGS' TREASURIES OF LITERATURE. Edited by Sir A. T. Quiller-Couch. 16mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. Twenty-one volumes, 70 cents each. "The Adventures of Odysseus." "Alpha of the Plough." "Re: Princess of Dwarfs." "Black Beauty." "Child's Book of Saints." "De Coverley Papers." "Evergreen Stories." "Form Room Plays." "Hawthorne's Wonder Book." "History of a Candle." "Kingsley's Heroes." "Lamb's Tales from Shakespeare." "Lay of the Last Minstrel." "Lore of the Wanderer." "Macaulay's Clive." "Modern Poetry." "Sesame and Lilies." "Tale of Two Cities." "Tales from Andersen." "Tales from Tolstoy." "Tragedy of Richard II."

JOHN RUSKIN, in "Sesame and Lilies," likens good books to "bread made of that old enchanted Arabian grain, the sesamine, which opens doors—doors, not of robbers' but of Kings' treasuries."

From this passage E. P. Dutton & Co. have taken the title of a new series of volumes which they are bringing out for the use of all who wish to make or to renew acquaintance with the best that has become a part of the world's literature both in the present and in earlier years. The books are designed primarily to supplement the "Everyman's Library" by giving to young readers what that series offers to their elders. The titles chosen for the initial volumes make a well-balanced list. The inclusion of such standard authors as Homer, Milton, Shakespeare, Ruskin and Tennyson side by side with the work of the more distinguished contemporary writers enables the reader to follow the evolutionary stream of literature from the classics to the finest examples of story-telling by Hardy, Kipling, Conrad and others. The editors' definite plan has been to avoid all dull and lengthy annotations (such as has inspired a distaste for Shakespeare in the minds of many who first met the great English poet in the classroom), and to include only such notes and explanations as are essential to an understanding of the text.

Sir A. T. Quiller-Couch ("Q") has acted as supervising editor of this new library. The first twenty-one volumes to be issued confirm the wisdom of the publishers' choice of their general editor as well as of his large corps of assistants. The books in the list already issued are books to be lived with, to be turned to again and again until the marks in their margins and their very dog-ears add to their dearness to their owner. For the editors have borne well in mind another sentence written by that champion of the true aristocracy of culture, who is quoted in the first paragraph of this review: "All books are divisible into two classes, the books of the hour and the books of all time." It is the books of all time that are included in "The Kings' Treasuries of Literature"; their pages are filled with music able, like that of Hans Andersen's nightingale, "to cheer you and to make you thoughtful, too; to give you songs of the happy ones, and of those that suffer, too."

People who hold passkeys to the treasure house of literature—and that includes a large portion of the readers of THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE—are prone to overlook the praiseworthiness of such a publishing venture as is represented by "The Kings' Treasuries." They are like New Yorkers who daily pass the Woolworth Building, one of the most beautiful architectural structures in the world, hardly lifting an incurious glance to the golden crown of the Great White Mother of Lower Manhattan. In London or in Paris the same building would be a never-failing source of delight to them, as it is to the Londoners and Parisians who visit this city. And the reviewer whose business is all with books is even more likely to look at them without the quick realization of the wealth they hold. But imagine with what glistening eyes the youth Lincoln, bending by candlelight over his borrowed volumes, might have looked at "The Kings' Treasuries"! What a thrill of anticipation would have been his! And even today in the reading rooms of libraries and in schools in small towns and hamlets all over this country there are boys and girls to whom such a library would be a veritable sesame to a fascinating new world. May many thieves break into such a treasury, for they will carry away with them the inner companionship of poets, philosophers, historians, tellers of tales, and masters of the essay. Thenceforth they will know Shakespeare and Homer, Tolstoy and Macaulay, Dickens, Milton and a score of other immortals. "My silent but faithful friends are they," read one of the most beautiful inscriptions we ever saw on a bookplate. The same line might be appropriately placed on the title page of each volume of "The King's Treasuries," which have been selected to create in those who read them an abiding love for the finest in literature.

All of the crown jewels in this treasury-between-covers are "choose books, the best in every kind * * * pleasant volumes, light in hand * * * and thorough examples of the binders' work." In more prosaic phraseology, the volumes are uniformly bound in dark red or green linen, with the title stamped on the back in gold. The size of each is four and one-half by six inches—just right to fit conveniently into the pocket. The price per volume is 70 cents.

Space limitations make it impossible to give here a detailed description of each of the twenty-one volumes listed at the head of this review. Their range may be roughly indicated by calling attention to the fact that they include volumes as widely divergent in contents as "The Adventures of Odysseus," retold from Homer in English prose by F. S. Marvin, R. J. (I. Mayor and F. M. Stawell, and "Modern Poetry," edited by Guy N. Pocock and including the best work of such contemporary poets as Brooke, Noyes, Kipling, Masefield, Stevenson, Yeats, Hardy, Whitman, de la Mere, Sassoon, E. V. Lucas and others. The first-named volume contains a simple introduction, a complete pronouncing index of proper names, and an epilogue dealing with the stories told about Homer and Homeric poetry.

Between these poles lie such books as "The Lore of the Wanderer," an anthology of the open air, and "Tales from Tolstoy," eight stories selected from "Parables and Tales." "The Lore of the Wanderer" contains essays by Stevenson, Hazlitt, Ruskin, Bacon, Symonds, Thoreau and others. Its commentary deals with nature writing in English literature and with the authors of the essays in the book. A set of suggestive questions and selected themes for comparison follow.

If you know any young man or woman whose feet you would like to set upon the path which you have doubtless traveled with such great enjoyment and profit, you can do no better than to ask the publishers of "The Kings' Treasuries of Literature" for a complete description of the volumes that compose this admirable library, which we hope will grow even beyond the fifty books already scheduled for inclusion in it.

Nonsense Novels

WINSOME WINNIE AND OTHER NEW NONSENSE NOVELS. By Stephen Leacock. New York: John Lane Company. $1.50.

ANY man who can read "Winsome Winnie," by Stephen Leacock, without laughing out loud every page or so is certainly fit for "treasons, stratagems and spoils." The eight burlesques of styles in the fiction of today and of other decades which comprise the volume are almost as funny as the same author's "Nonsense Novels," and twice as funny as the next best literary parodies by any other contemporary writer.

The secret of the ability of this McGill University Professor of Political Economy to make his reader fairly chortle in public places until people stare at him as if alarmed for his sanity is not far to seek. It lies in the simple fact that the author is a past master in concocting new blends of familiar and unexpected phrases. And no matter how well aware you may be of this trick of his of inserting a startlingly absurd phrase into an otherwise normal sentence, or a ridiculous sentence into an apparently dull paragraph, he catches you off guard every time. It's just like being tickled under the arm by Jim when you are guarding against Bob's attack and know he can't reach the vulnerable spot. The resulting reaction is as spontaneous and uncontrollable as the sensation you receive when you strike your funny bone on the arm of your chair. Mr. Leacock has many and subtle ways of reaching that ticklish spot in the mind from which laughs come. If he doesn't touch it with an unexpected combination of words he will trap you with an anti-climax that is a masterpiece in mental ambuscade, or with an irresistible paradox. He knows, too, the secret that has made George M. Cohan, that genius who is not an artist, the author of so many successful popular songs. Both men weave a bar or two from "Home, Sweet Home," "Should Auld Acquaintance Be Forgot," or from "Dixie" into their every composition. Old friends, old tunes—we all like to recognize them in new forms.

With all respect, we submit that Stephen Leacock is the Charlie Chaplin of letters. One is the king of caricature on the film and the other on the printed page. Both are supreme in their field. And real clowning is creative art; only the accomplished musician can improvise; only the finished actor can burlesque, and no writer can produce laughter-provoking parodies who has not a firm grasp of the technique of the other writers he mimics. Despite his delicious drolleries, Mr. Leacock's book of verbal cartoons contains an amazing amount of truthful criticism—doubly effective because its form and oblique method of delivery rob it of all malice.

What "Winsome Winnie" doesn't do, by indirect implication, to the best sellers isn't worth doing. The reviewer would eagerly exchange his payment for this review—a fabulous sum, sir—for a sight of some "popular" author being pilloried on the laughing stock of Mr. Leacock's latest book. Perhaps no one can find more enjoyment in these nonsense novels than a reviewer or a publisher's reader.

There's no way other than quotation to give the flavor of Mr. Leacock's inimitable humor. And that cannot be risked; the typewriter, like a girl with "the giggles," simply wouldn't be able to stop. So a few of Mr. Leacock's titles will have to supply you with an appetizer: "John and I; or, How I Nearly Lost My Husband" (narrated after the approved fashion of the best Heart and Home Magazines); "Who Do You Think Did It? or, The Mixed-Up Murder Mystery" (done after the very latest fashion in this sort of thing); "Broken Barriers; or, Red Love on a Blue Island" (the kind of thing that has replaced the good Old Sea Story); "The Split in the Cabinet; or, The Fate of England" (a political novel of the Days that Were).

FOR CHRISTMAS
BUY BOOKS FROM
Everyman's Library

These books are now obtainable and should be procurable at your bookstore; if not, they can be had from the publishers.

Aesop's and Other Fables.
Ainsworth. Old St. Paul's.
—The Tower of London.
—Windsor Castle.
Andersen, Hans. Fairy Tales.
Aurelius, Marcus. Meditations.
Austen, Jane. Emma.
—Mansfield Park.
—Northanger Abbey and Persuasion.
—Pride and Prejudice.
—Sense and Sensibility.
Bacon, Francis. Essays of.
Balzac. "Ursule Mirouet" and 14 other volumes of Balzac's novels.
Bible. The Pentateuch and Early History Books.
—History Books, continued.
—Prophets and Poetry.
—Wisdom, Homiletic and Apocalyptic.
—Books of the New Testament.
Blackmore. Lorna Doone.
Borrow, Geo. The Bible in Spain.
—Gypsies in Spain.
—Romany Rye.
—Wild Wales.
Bronte, C. Jane Eyre.
Buchanan. Life of Audubon.
Burns. Poems.
Calderon de la Barca Mme. Life in Mexico.
Cellini, Benvenuto. Autobiography of.
Century of Essays, A. An Anthology.
Chronicles of the Pilgrim Fathers.
Crevecoeur. Letters from an American Farmer, 1735-1813
Dana. Two Years Before the Mast.
Darwin, Charles. Voyage of the "Beagle."
Defoe. Robinson Crusoe.
Dumas. Three Musketeers.
Eliot. Adam Bede.
Emerson. Essays.
Everyman's Encyclopedia. 12 v.
Green. Short History of the English People, 2 v.
Hahnemann. Organon of the Rational Art of Healing.
Hamilton, and others, Federalist.
Hughes, T. Tom Brown's School Days.
Hugo, Victor. Notre Dame.
—Toilers of the Sea.
Lover, Samuel. Handy Andy
Lutzow, Count. History of Bohemia.
Lyell, Charles. The Antiquity of Man.
Malthus. Principles of Population. 2 v.
Mason. French Mediaeval Romances of the 12th Century.
Mignet. History of the French Revolution.
Parkman. Conspiracy of Pontiac. 2 v.
Plato's Republic.
Prescott. Conquest of Mexico, 2 v.
Prothero, R. E. The Psalms in Human Life.
Rhys, E. The new Golden Treasury.
Ricardo, David. The Principles of Political Economy and Taxation.
Roget's Thesaurus. With additions, 2 v.
Scott. Rob Roy, and 27 other vols.
Shorter. Life of George Borrow.
Sismondi, J. C. L. de. Italian Republics.
Smith. The Wealth of Nations.
Stevenson. Treasure Island.
Thackeray. Vanity Fair.
Thierry. Norman Conquest, 2 v.
Tolstoi, Count Leo. Anna Karenina. New Trans. by R. S. Townsend, 2 v.
—Childhood, Boyhood and Youth. Trans. by C. J Hogarth.
—Master and Man.
—War and Peace, 3 v.
Voltaire, F. M. de. Life of Charles XII.

AND REMEMBER THAT THERE ARE 782 VOLUMES IN THIS STOREHOUSE OF "TREASURES FOR YOUR MIND AND HEART."

In cloth, per vol. $1.00. Send for a Complete List

E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

Recent Noteworthy Publications

"THE LUZUMIYAT"
The Predecessor of the "Rubaiyat"
By Ameen Rihani.....$1.50
"WAR VOICES AND MEMORIES"
Poems by Clinton Scollard. $1.50
"MORNING LIGHT AND EVENING SHADOWS"
Complete Poems of Rossiter Johnson.....$1.50
"THE HARVEST HOME"
Poems by James B. Kenyon, 414 pages.....$2.00
"THE LODE STAR"
Poems by Mary C. Low....$1.50
"OUT OF DOORS"
Poems by John Russell McCarthy.....$1.00
Binding, Imitation Japanese Vellum.
"A GARDEN OF REMEMBRANCE"
Poems by James Terry White.....$1.50
"THE LOST PLEIAD"
Play by Jane Dransfield....$1.50
"THE AESTHETIC NATURE OF TENNYSON"
Essays by Jean Pauline Smith.....$1.50
"BIBLE PLAYS"
By Mae Stein Soble.....$1.50
"WHITTLINGS OF A DREAMER"
Poems by Frederick S. Schlesinger.....$1.00
Binding, Imitation Japanese Vellum.
These volumes are printed on superior paper, are attractively bound in cloth with gold sides and tops, or in imitation Japanese vellum, and will make unusually acceptable gift books. Sent postpaid on receipt of price.
JAMES T. WHITE & CO., Publishers.

HIDDEN CREEK

did something to my long-dormant spirit of adventure, took it up, and sent it flying west to the land where the mountains are the highest, the air the clearest, and life the fullest of any spot on this earth. Three crowded hours of adventure, and one of them the wrong side of midnight! *The Bookman*

By the author of "The Branding Iron"

Katharine Newlin Burt

Illus., $2.00 net. At All Bookstores. HOUGHTON MIFFLIN CO. 16 E. 40th St., New York

The Master Letter Writer

INCLUDING THE
500 Master Business Letters
BY AD-MAN DAVISON
Highest-Paid Letter Writer in the World
48-PAGE BOOKLET SENT FREE
Address Desk 112
Opportunity Press, 681 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

STRAY-AWAYS
By E. Œ. SOMERVILLE and MARTIN ROSS

Authors of "The Real Charlotte," "Some Experiences of an Irish R. M.," "Irish Memories," "Mount Music," etc.

With 34 Illustrations by E. Œ. SOMERVILLE
8vo. $5.00 net.

Longmans, Green & Co., *Publishers*
Fourth Av. and Thirtieth St., NEW YORK

BOOKS BOUGHT

Small Collections and Complete Libraries, Liberal Prices Paid. Calls made anywhere. Specially Wanted: New International Encyclopedias, Sets of Twain, Kipling, Stevenson, Jewish Encyclopedias and Art Works.

DAVIS' BOOKSTORE
36 Vesey St. Cortlandt 4894

Buy a Book for Christmas.

What other gift is so appropriate, so enduring, so surely a perennial source of pleasure long after Christmas is only a memory?

Some gifts are evanescent. Some must be put away in chests or vaults or storage-places. Some are so impersonal or so commonplace and necessary that they carry no spirit of festivity in them. And some are always risks—so personal in character that if they are not exactly right it is worse than if nothing were given.

Buy a Good Book for Christmas.

Its beauty is lasting. It is not too valuable to use every day. It is warm with the threefold personality of author, of giver, of receiver. No stranger can give just the right book; but any friend who cares to give a book at all can not fail to find a suitable book in a well-chosen list—a book that will speak from the mind and heart of the giver to the mind and heart of the recipient 365 days in the year.

Here is such a list of books from Macmillan's catalogue. You can not go wrong among them.

Buy a Macmillan Book for Christmas.

Novels

Mitch Miller $3.50
By EDGAR LEE MASTERS

Blind $2.50
By ERNEST POOLE

The Romantic $2.00
By MAY SINCLAIR

The Noon-Mark $2.50
By MARY S. WATTS

Illustrated Books

Reynard the Fox $6.50
By JOHN MASEFIELD
Ill. by Carton Moorepark

Pen Drawing and Pen Draughtsmen $25.00
By JOSEPH PENNELL

Irish Fairy Tales $5.00
By JAMES STEPHENS
Ill. by Arthur Rackham

South! $4.50
By SIR ERNEST SHACKLETON

Poetry

Domesday Book $4.50
By EDGAR LEE MASTERS

Flame and Shadow $1.75
By SARA TEASDALE

Right Royal $1.75
By JOHN MASEFIELD

Neighbors $2.00
By W. W. GIBSON

Miscellaneous

The Soul of John Brown $3.00
By STEPHEN GRAHAM

Grove's Dictionary of Music—New American Supplement $6.00
Full Set, 6 Vol. $36.00

A Survey of English Literature 1780-1880
4 Vols. $16.00
By OLIVER ELTON

History of The United States 1850-1880.
8 Vols. $25.00
By JAMES FORD RHODES

The Macmillan Company, Publishers, New York

WYETH'S MASTERPIECE

Twelve decorative sketches in black and white



Eight full-color reproductions of paintings

The Courtship of Miles Standish

What Christmas gift could you select for young or old more appropriate for the Tercentenary year of the landing of the Pilgrims than this superb new edition of Longfellow's famous poem?

$3.00 at all Bookstores HOUGHTON MIFFLIN COMPANY 16 E. 40th St., New York

The Rising Tide of Immigration



Sketched at Ellis Island.

By ISABEL ROSS

ELLIS ISLAND is again a bedlam of strange tongues. Its momentarily lulled voices have gained in volume within the last year. There is the old aura of nostalgia about it, mingled with a new and irresistibly flamboyant hope. For America is not merely the land of freedom now. It is the land of meat.

The war, it would seem, has made little difference in the foreign invasion, except to accelerate it. Immigrants are coming in tens and hundreds and thousands, stinging with them their goods and chattels as well as all their old problems and ideals. There is no stopping them. They are pouring in as they have not done since 1914. And it is only the beginning. Were it not for the lack of shipping accommodations, ten million foreigners would be battering at our doors. This is the estimate of Frederick A. Wallis, Commissioner of Immigration. Between two and three million Italians are waiting now for passages. In Poland three hundred thousand are begging to leave their country for America. The formal declaration of peace is anxiously awaited by would-be emigrants in enemy countries. As it is, nearly thirty thousand immigrants are being handled at Ellis Island every week. More are coming through the gates in one month now than during the entire war period.

The type, on the whole, is better than in pre-war days. The deleterious effects of war are not as apparent as might be supposed. There is a certain amount of physical disability, but it is not unduly marked. All the officials at Ellis Island—from the gatekeeper who for years has barked at the non-comprehending, gesticulating foreigner, to Commissioner Wallis—declare that they never saw a better type of immigrant.

"Mentally, morally and physically they are in finer shape than we have ever found them," observed Mr. Wallis. "We have not had a higher type of immigrant since the days of Columbus. They have better clothes, more luggage and more money than ever before. The reason is obvious. It is not Europe's dejected and poverty-stricken we are getting now, but those who have something to go on. Otherwise they couldn't reach us, for getting across the Atlantic is a costly undertaking now. Before the war a steerage passage could be had for $25. During the war it was possible to cross for $10. Now the rate from Hamburg to New York ranges from $120 to $160, and, in addition, there is a head tax of $18. This is a considerable sum for the European peasant.

"Even if passage can be secured, our regulations make it hard for the undesirable to get in, and we expect to make things still harder. Immigrants must be of sound mind, body and morals. And they must assure us that they have sufficient funds to keep them from becoming public charges. We are not going to allow the rising tide of immigration clamoring to get through the gates at Ellis Island to be made an excuse for letting somebody slip through who is not entitled to domicile in this country. On the contrary, we must draw the nets tighter and tighter across the Narrows, so that no doubtful case can enter. I would rather send back a thousand good immigrants than admit one man or woman who by word or deed would threaten the country's institutions."

In place of the flotsam and jetsam that frequently drifted in on the immigrant tide in the past, a sturdy type of Dutch farmer is coming to make his home in the West. His own country has been overrun with Reds from Southern and Eastern Europe. One of the latest ships to arrive brought 200 Dutchmen. This is an unusual departure, and a fate is deportation. It is noteworthy that all the immigrants want to settle in the large cities and that New York, Chicago and Philadelphia are their favorite camping grounds. There is a marked youthfulness about the incoming tide. Hundreds of the Italians are reservists, glad to return to the country which has already given them a warm welcome, and which in many cases harbors their wives and children.

It would be difficult to imagine a more fascinating occupation than watching this amorphous mass of humanity stepping off the gangplank of a liner at Ellis Island, following them through the labyrinth of red tape and classification to which they are subjected and speculating on results as they enter, plastic, into the mold of a new environment.

The famous Kissing Post in the Government buildings was never more deserving of its title. It is now the scene of many war reunions. In a cold country where emotion is shame-facedly suppressed, it is a revelation to witness the passionate squandering of affection at Ellis Island—a bit brutish, perhaps, but splendid in its abandonment. The withered lips of a faded mother cling to those of her stalwart son back from the warm land that nurtured them both. An Americanized wife clutches rapturously at a husband home from the war. Ardent faces peer through the gratings that separate the waiting from the arriving. Sounds of recognition come gurgling forth in sundry tongues.

The first stage in the melting-pot process is where the immigrants gather around the band stand for the afternoon concert.

It is a calico crowd with a regal grace that passes. There is an enviable dignity about the free, unhampered carriage of the uncorseted Latin woman with her long, athletic stride and well-poised head. If the horrors of war have had a cowing effect on the peasant woman of Europe it is by no means visible in the type which is finding its way across the Atlantic.

A Neapolitan girl as vivid as a poppy flits by in the procession with a gay shawl draped Carmen-wise across her shoulder. She looks at a short-skirted American girl with the frank, incredulous stare of a child.

There are more hats and fewer clogs in evidence than in the days before the war. But the shawl is still the most popular form of headgear. More improvement is apparent in the get-up of the men than of the women, probably because numbers of them have lived in this country and are now merely returning. Warm, fur-lined coats are commonly seen on the male immigrant, and except for an occasional velvet jacket or exotic headpiece, most of the men would pass unnoticed on the streets. Suitcases and portmanteaus are largely in evidence in place of the quondam bundles that cluttered up the landing wharves. In fact, indications of increased prosperity are visible on all sides.

The contrast between the younger and older generation of immigrant is sharp. The most pathetic part of the endless procession is the woman of years who is coming here in spite of herself. She has no desire to be uprooted now that the best part of her life is over. There is none of the savor of adventure for her in the long journey—only a great weariness and a sense of broken association.

One wonders what this country holds for them—a shabby little room in a gray tenement on the east side, perhaps, with the foxglove potion of bitter memories. But not for all of them. There is one little mother who is joining a son who has been a big success in this country. He turns up at the wharf—prosperous looking, immaculately dressed. The mother is old, wizened and gray. No hat. A black shawl envelops her head. She has made some childish attempts at self-decoration — very transparent, very pathetic.

On the ferryboat she takes from her bosom a small box with a string of beads and a crucifix. She tells her son a story with many gesticulations. He swoops suddenly on the beads and kisses them. One wonders what the story is—perhaps the tale of a little dead sister. His arm steals gently around the old mother who sent him forth to find his fortune in this country, and one is glad to know that it is not a shabby room in a gray east side tenement that is awaiting this sweet-faced woman with the kind, sad eyes.



Polish Peasants and Jews.



Jewish and Irish Types.

sion in the glad field of playfulness. Children no longer are forbidden to read any but "sad books" on Sunday, but sad pictures still are considered more to be commended than any that are gleeful.

It takes some courage, therefore, to introduce "whimsical dolls" into an exhibition gallery dedicated to works of art. E. O. Hoppe's dolls and silhouettes at the Knoedler Galleries are so buoyant and refreshing that the serious public will see them only as the lightest of syllabubs to cap the heavy meal of the season's exhibitions. But who that is not an artist can make a syllabub! One recalls the American recipe for Zabajone ghiacciato, that final masterpiece of a Francatelli—"boiled custard seasoned with sherry!" Most of our dolls are boiled custard without even the sherry, but Mr. Hoppe's dolls have all the ingredients by which flatness and insipidity are combated.

The portrait dolls are the royalty in the exhibition. Their poses are sinuous, their costumes rich and elaborately simple, their heads are of painted wood and oval as an egg. Theda Bara is here, not in a dime edition, but grave in color, rich in material, and agreeably graceful, not in the least resembling the drawings of little pupils in the costume classes of the art schools. It would not be a bad idea for the little pupils to come flocking to this exhibition just to see how the thing is done when it is done in the right way.

Here is Lady Diana in the new high gaiters, depending less upon the beauty of her languishing purple eyes than upon the gesture of her long, pointed hands and her manner of wearing the gaiters. It would not be a bad idea for the ladies who are taking up high gaiters to come to the exhibition and see how charmingly Lady Diana and Lady Lavery are wearing them.

There are paper dolls, "Just tissue paper! How wonderful!" It is rather wonderful when you remember how particular even clever artists often are apt to be about their material, and how exactly right they are in being so particular. Pictures and statues made of tissue paper would be unpleasant, because the material suggests evanescence and trifling, but these qualities belong to the doll world, and it was a true inspiration to choose the diaphanous tissue for the series of dancers with muscles of wire that let them move at the will of the human who owns them.

Pictures made of black paper cut with sharp scissors always have been beloved by artists, and Mr. Hoppe does some very nice work in this medium. Of course there is no paste. Paste would be unpleasant, because it suggests ease in covering up blunders, and these vivid little black pictures, each cut out of one piece of paper, have no blunders to conceal. The nature of the tool is cleverly suggested—sharp angles and clean edges.

Altogether it is an excellent little exhibition, and before you are through with it you discover that, playful as it seems, it really is quite serious, and thus justifies itself as art.

Christmas Pudding

(Continued from Page 4)

verily, the priest was right. It must have been a dish not to be eaten, but to be burned in sacrifice, for it remained very hard in spite of long and careful cooking.

"And in the evening there came many other foreign men to the house of my master, and they sat around the table and ate a great and big dinner which had been brought from the Ka Leh Tung, the Carlton Restaurant in the Ning-Pok Loo, the Ning-Poh Road, and they sang many songs and presented each other with many and useful things and then they sang again, using small books to read the words therefrom, while one of them made music on the stringed box which is called pee-an-ho.

"And my master spake thus loudly: 'Bring thou into the room the dish which came from Inguo.'

"And the little one heard how the other men were very surprised, saying that it was a very rare thing to get a dish from Inguo, where they had been born, and praising my master very much indeed.

"And little me took the dish and placed it on a silver salver and put the leaves and the berries of the holly around it and opened a bottle of be-lan-dee and poured some of it over the dish, then striking a sz-ieh-huo, a match, and setting fire to it. But the flame was very small and blue and not bright at all. And I blew at it, hoping that it would burn with a brighter and more beautiful flame, but it would not.

"And I heard how my master spake in a very loud voice, saying that he and his friends were very impatient and urging me to hurry. And when I noticed that the flame would burn not brighter, then, to please my master and his friends—and to make their hearts happy if they would see that the dish would burn with a bright flame—I took one of the big metal cans in which is kept the oil that is made of coal and which is called keh-lo sin-eh and poured some over it. And, lo, it burned very brightly and with a beautiful yellow flame, pleasant to behold. And I took the salver and carried it into the room to the table at which were seated my master and his friends, and they all said: 'Hai, hai, very fine,' and I set it down on the table, being very satisfied, seeing that my master and his friends enjoyed the sight of the brightly burning sacrificial dish.

"'Hai, very dignified one—the foreign men surely must be very, very crazy. For, instead of kneeling down and making kow-tow and rendering respectful prayers, they took a knife and cut the dish and put it on plates and every one of them took a plate and the dish was still burning. And they stuck a fork into it and tried to eat it, and one of the men spake in a very loud and strong voice: 'Damn, damn, he put kerosene on our pudding,' and he spat the food out and used very strong language and the other men made big and great laughter and the face of my master became very red and he jumped up and grasped me by the ear and called me many and strong bad names, and he lifted his foot and placed it there where I sit, and he pushed his leg forward that I fell on the ground in great pain, and he said that if I would come again near to his house he would pour kerosene over my body and set it afire!

"'Ai, ai, yah, honorable descendant of Kings, very ungrateful are the foreign men and very incomprehensible!

"'And, therefore, poor and small me is anxious to return to Ta-Hoo, whence I came!"

Carranza's Regime.

Jorge Vera-Estanol, formerly Secretary of the Interior of the Republic of Mexico, and also formerly Secretary of Public Education in the same country, has reprinted in book form, under the title "Carranza and His Bolshevik Regime," a series of seventeen articles which originally appeared in Revista Mexicana, a weekly periodical, published in San Antonio, Texas. These articles are designed to show that the Mexican Constitution, which was adopted at Queretaro in 1917, and which is still in force, is spurious in origin and that such of its articles as effected any changes of serious import in the provisions of the Constitution of 1857 were in direct conflict with the principles of equity and the demands of national welfare. The former Cabinet Minister in Mexico was also a lawyer in Mexico City. Up to the time of the coming in of the new administration in Mexico, he was a refugee in Los Angeles. (Wayside Press, Los Angeles.)

Books for Christmas

Your bookstore should be able to supply ALL these books; if not, order of the publishers.

REMINISCENCES, Etc.

An English Wife in Berlin
By EVELYN PRINCESS BLÜCHER
"Unique among books of late war-time experience and of an interest and value entitling it to a permanent place in literature."—*World.* $6.00

Herbert Beerbohm Tree
Memories of His Life Collected
By MAX BEERBOHM
Illustrated from unpublished drawings, portraits, etc. $7.00

Lord Redesdale's Memories
A racy record of a very full and rich life. Two vols. $12.00

Diplomatic Reminiscences
By A. NEKLUDOFF
Russian Minister at Sofia, Stockholm, and for a short time Ambassador at Madrid, successively. $5.00

Personal Aspects of Jane Austen
By MARY A. AUSTEN LEIGH
Corrects a number of current misconceptions. $4.00

Far Away and Long Ago
By W. H. HUDSON
Unfamiliar scenes and a revelation of rare personality combine to give the book unusual charm. $5.00

Memoirs of the Count de Rochechouart
Vivid sidelights on France and Russia during the Napoleonic Wars. $5.00

The Ordeal of Mark Twain
By VAN WYCK BROOKS
Criticism of a high order. $3.00

The Dickens Circle
By J. W. T. LEY
A joy to any Dickens lover $7.00

The Diary of a Journalist
By Sir HENRY LUCY
Racy accounts of important events vivid with the impressions of the moment of experience. $6.00

FOR THE WAR LIBRARY

The Australian Victories in France in 1918
By Lt.-Gen. Sir JOHN MONASH
Contains an interesting account of American co-operation in breaking the Hindenburg line. $8.00

Sir Douglas Haig's Despatches. 1915-'19
The final authority as to the British Army on the Western front. With a case of special maps. $15.00

Sir Archibald Murray's Despatches. 1916-'17
Records the preparations for Gen. Allenby's successful campaign. With a case of special maps. $16.00

The General Staff and Its Problems
By General LUDENDORFF
Official documents, records of confidential conferences and correspondence which portray with absolute authority the internal condition of Germany in 1916, etc. 2 vols. $15.00

The Cathedral of Reims
By Monsgr. M. LANDRIEUX
With illustrations of its former beauty and its destruction. $8.00

Luck on the Wing
By Major ELMER HASLETT
Thirteen stories of a sky spy, both true and thrilling. $3.00

The Romance of the Battle Line in France
By J. E. C. BODLEY
Tells of the rich associations of centuries with the terrain of the French front. $2.50

TRAVEL AND OUT-DOOR BOOKS

The Sea and the Jungle
By H. M. TOMLINSON
Wonderful for its expression of the magic of the sea, the mystery of the Amazon forests. $5.00

By-Paths in Sicily
By ELIZA PUTNAM HEATON
Only years of sympathetic intercourse could have made such a record possible. Illustrated. $3.50

A Tour of America's National Parks
By Col. HENRY O. REIK, M.
Describes the most wonderful public playground in the world. Illustrated. $4.00

Birds of La Plata
By W. H. HUDSON
Descriptions of 200 So. American species, superbly illustrated with 22 plates in colors. 2 vols. $15.00

E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY
681 Fifth Avenue, New York

GIVE BOOKS THIS CHRISTMAS

Rollicking Fun

WINSOME WINNIE
and other
NEW NONSENSE NOVELS
By
STEPHEN LEACOCK
Author of "Nonsense Novels," "Literary Lapses," etc. Cloth, $1.75

"A new volume of 'Nonsense Novels' as full of amusing nonsense as the author's former whimsies. Never has the drollery of Mr. Leacock's humor been more delightfully absurd."—*Philadelphia Public Ledger.*

The Most Virile Novel of 1920
CHILDREN OF STORM
By IDA A. R. WYLIE
Author of "Towards Morning," "Holy Fire," etc.
Second Edition. Cloth, $2.00

A novel of great vision, dealing with a new conflict—between love and labor—a conflict every man and every woman may soon have to face. It touches with appealing tenderness the love story of two souls whose social standing was poles apart.

A Mystery Novel
THE BORROWDALE TRAGEDY
By W. J. DAWSON
Author of "Chalmers Comes Back," etc. Cloth, $2.00

A story of revenge, including a great murder trial, which culminates in one of the most original and moving situations in recent fiction.

"A kind of novel Mr. Shaw would have delighted to write."—*Boston Transcript.*

Red-Blooded Adventure
THE LUCK OF THE MOUNTED
By Sergt. RALPH S. KENDALL
Author of "Benton of the Royal Mounted."
Second Edition. Cloth, $2.00

A stirring tale of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police. "One of the most entertaining adventure and rough life stories of the season."—*Boston Transcript.*

A Sparkling Novel of Today
MR. DIMOCK
By MRS. DENIS O'SULLIVAN
Cloth, $2.00

A novel of international appeal and compelling interest. The delightful characters of the story are of American, Irish and Serbian origin, and the setting London and Oxfordshire.

Gay Adventure
THE MAN WHO FOUND HIMSELF
By MARGARET and H. DE VERE STACPOOLE
Author of "The Man Who Lost Himself." Cloth, $1.75

A highly diverting story concerning an elderly and very proper gentleman whose mind quite suddenly reverts to the workings of his youth and prompts him to commit the most amazing and amusing indiscretions.

A Western Novel
THE CONQUERING HERO
By J. MURRAY GIBBON
Author of "Drums Afar," etc. Cloth, $2.00

"The Canadian Rockies give a picturesque locale to a story that is rich in its own pictorial qualities, with its movie star princess, delicate Scotch heroine and great war hero veteran as animating figures."—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

A "Jazz" Novel
THE DIPPERS
By BEN TRAVERS
Cloth, $1.75

A most amusing story of a team of professional American dancers at a country house party.

A Detective Novel
THE MYSTERIOUS AFFAIR AT STYLES
By AGATHA CHRISTIE
Cloth, $2.00

A very ingenious detective story, introducing a new type of detective in the shape of a Belgian.

JOHN LANE COMPANY —Publishers— NEW YORK

Patriotism and Popular Education

Comments on Modern Affairs by
HENRY ARTHUR JONES

Spicy comments on work and play, evening amusements, theatres, politics, the future world policy of America, the great commandments, biologists, and social reformers, hand labor and brain labor, and many other interesting matters well worthy the attention of any thinking American. Its reader will find himself well rewarded by its good sense and the rich, juicy flavor of its illuminating humor. $4.00

This book should be on sale in your bookstore; if not, order from
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., New York

The BOOK OF NEW YORK

By Robert Shackleton

How well do you know New York? Could you find Fraunces' Tavern or tell where West 4th crosses West 11th Street?

The book is rich in genial anecdote. Any reader of it will have a new pride in the greatest American city. Handsomely illustrated. Boxed. Price $3.50 net. By the author of THE BOOK OF BOSTON, THE BOOK OF PHILADELPHIA, and THE BOOK OF CHICAGO, the new and fascinating volume in Mr. Shackleton's stories of the cities. Price $3.50 net.

At all bookstores

THE PENN PUBLISHING COMPANY PHILADELPHIA

The Rising Tide of Immigration



Sketched at Ellis Island.

By ISHBEL ROSS

ELLIS ISLAND is again a bedlam of strange tongues. Its momentarily lulled voices have gained in volume within the last year. There is the old aura of nostalgia about it, mingled with a new and irresistibly flamboyant hope. For America is not merely the land of freedom now. It is the land of peace.

The war, it would seem, has made little difference in the foreign invasion, except to accelerate it. Immigrants are coming in tens and hundreds and thousands, thronging with them their goods and chattels as well as all their old problems and ideals. There is no stopping them. They are pouring in as they have not done since 1914. And it is only the beginning. Were it not for the lack of shipping accommodations, ten million foreigners would be battering at our doors. This is the estimate of Frederick A. Wallis, Commissioner of Immigration. Between two and three million Italians are waiting now for passages. In Poland three hundred thousand are begging to leave their country for America. The formal declaration of peace is anxiously awaited by would-be emigrants in enemy countries. As it is, nearly thirty thousand immigrants are being handled at Ellis Island every week. More are coming through the gates in one month now than during the entire war period.

The type, on the whole, is better than in pre-war days. The deleterious effects of war are not as apparent as might be supposed. There is a certain amount of physical disability, but it is not unduly marked. All the officials at Ellis Island—from the gatekeeper who for years has barked at the non-comprehending, gesticulating foreigner, to Commissioner Wallis—declare that they never saw a better type of immigrant.

"Mentally, morally and physically they are in finer shape than we have ever found them," observed Mr. Wallis. "We have not had a higher type of immigrant since the days of Columbus. They have better clothes, more luggage and more money than ever before. The reason is obvious. It is not Europe's dejected and poverty-stricken we are getting now, but those who have something to go on. Otherwise they couldn't reach us, for getting across the Atlantic is a costly undertaking now. Before the war a steerage passage could be had for $25. During the war it was possible to cross for $10. Now the rate from Hamburg to New York ranges from $120 to $160, and, in addition, there is a head tax of $18. This is a considerable sum for the European peasant.

"Even if passage can be secured, our regulations make it hard for the undesirable to get in, and we expect to make things still harder. Immigrants must be of sound mind, body and morals. And they must assure us that they have sufficient funds to keep them from becoming public charges. We are not going to allow the rising tide of immigration clamoring to get through the gates at Ellis Island to be made an excuse for letting somebody slip through who is not entitled to domicile in this country. On the contrary, we must draw the nets tighter and tighter across the Narrows, so that no doubtful case can enter. I would rather send back a thousand good immigrants than admit one man or woman who by word or deed would threaten the country's institutions."

In place of the flotsam and jetsam that frequently drifted in on the immigrant tide in the past, a sturdy type of Dutch farmer is coming to make his home in the West. His own country has been overrun with Reds from Southern and Eastern Europe. One of the latest ships to arrive brought 200 Dutchmen. This is an unusual departure, and a Dutch Immigration Bureau has been established at Roboken to meet the situation. Jews and Italians are coming in the greatest numbers. Czechoslovaks and Greeks are drifting in steadily and Britishers are arriving in increasing numbers.

A few Bolsheviki try to squeeze in, but the searching examination that every one has to undergo usually identifies them and they are relegated to a detention pen, along with the stowaways, whose ultimate fate is deportation. It is noteworthy that all the immigrants want to settle in the large cities and that New York, Chicago and Philadelphia are their favorite camping grounds. There is a marked youthfulness about the incoming tide. Hundreds of the Italians are reservists, glad to return to the country which has already given them a warm welcome, and which in many cases harbors their wives and children.

It would be difficult to imagine a more fascinating occupation than watching this amorphous mass of humanity stepping off the gangplank of a liner at Ellis Island, following them through the labyrinth of red tape and classification to which they are subjected and speculating on results as they enter, plastic, into the mold of a new environment.

The famous Kissing Post in the Government buildings was never more deserving of its title. It is now the scene of many war reunions. In a cold country where emotion is shame-facedly suppressed, it is a revelation to witness the passionate squandering of affection at Ellis Island—a bit brutish, perhaps, but splendid in its abandonment. The withered lips of a faded mother cling to those of her stalwart son back from the warm land that nurtured them both. An Americanized wife clutches rapturously at a husband home from the war. Ardent faces peer through the gratings that separate the waiting from the arriving. Sounds of recognition come gurgling forth in sundry tongues.

The first stage in the melting-pot process is where the immigrants gather around the band stand for the afternoon concert.

It is a calico crowd with a regal grace that passes. There is an enviable dignity about the free, unhampered carriage of the uncorseted Latin woman with her long, athletic stride and well-poised head. If the horrors of war have had a cowing effect on the peasant woman of Europe it is by no means visible in the type which is finding its way across the Atlantic.

A Neapolitan girl as vivid as a poppy flits by in the procession with a gay shawl draped Carmen-wise across her shoulder. She looks at a short-skirted American girl with the frank, incredulous stare of a child. There are more hats and fewer clogs in evidence than in the days before the war. But the shawl is still the most popular form of headgear. More improvement is apparent in the get-up of the men than of the women, probably because numbers of them have lived in this country and are now merely returning. Warm, fur-lined coats are commonly seen on the male immigrant, and except for an occasional velvet jacket or exotic headpiece, most of the men would pass unnoticed on the streets. Suitcases and portmanteaus are largely in evidence in place of the quondam bundles that cluttered up the landing wharves. In fact, indications of increased prosperity are visible on all sides.

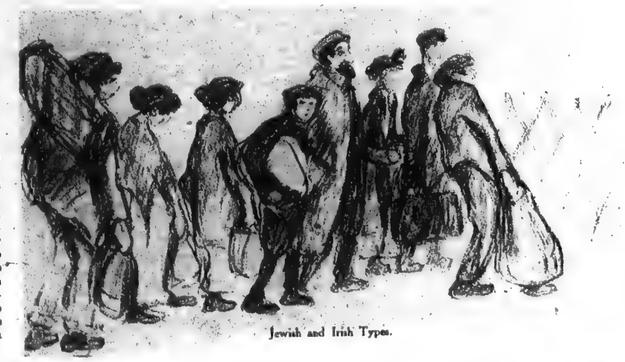
The contrast between the younger and older generation of immigrant is sharp. The most pathetic part of the endless procession is the woman of years who is coming here in spite of herself. She has no desire to be uprooted now that the best part of her life is over. There is none of the savor of adventure for her in the long journey—only a great weariness and a sense of broken association.

One wonders what this country holds for them—a shabby little room in a gray tenement on the east side, perhaps, with the foxglove potion of bitter memories. But not for all of them. There is one little mother who is joining a son who has been a big success in this country. He turns up at the wharf—prosperous looking, immaculately dressed. The mother is old, wizened and gray. No hat. A black shawl envelops her head. She has made some childish attempts at self-decoration — very transparent, very pathetic.

On the ferryboat she takes from her bosom a small box with a string of beads and a crucifix. She tells her son a story with many gesticulations. He swoops suddenly on the beads and kisses them. One wonders what the story is—perhaps the tale of a little dead sister. His arm steals gently around the old mother who sent him forth to find his fortune in this country, and one is glad to know that it is not a shabby room in a gray east side tenement that is awaiting this sweet-faced woman with the kind, sad eyes.



Polish Peasants and Jews.



Jewish and Irish Types.

Christmas Pudding

(Continued from Page 4)

verily, the priest was right. It must have been a dish not to be eaten, but to be burned in sacrifice, for it remained very hard in spite of long and careful cooking.

"And in the evening there came many other foreign men to the house of my master, and they sat around the table and ate a great and big dinner which had been brought from the Ka Leh Tung, the Carlton Restaurant in the Ning-Pok Loo, the Ning-Poh Road, and they sang many songs and presented each other with many and useful things and then they sang again, using small books to read the words therefrom, while one of them made music on the stringed box which is called pee-an-ho.

"And my master spake thus loudly: 'Bring thou into the room the dish which came from Inguo.'

"And the little one heard how the other men were very surprised, saying that it was a very rare thing to get a dish from Inguo, where they had been born, and praising my master very much indeed.

"And little me took the dish and placed it on a silver salver and put the leaves and the berries of the holly around it and opened a bottle of be-lan-doe and poured some of it over the dish, then striking a sz-leh-huo, a match, and setting fire to it. But the flame was very small and blue and not bright at all. And I blew at it, hoping that it would burn with a brighter and more beautiful flame, but it would not.

"And I heard how my master spake in a very loud voice, saying that he and his friends were very impatient and urging me to hurry. And when I noticed that the flame would burn not brighter, then, to please my master and his friends—and to make their hearts happy if they would see that the dish would burn with a bright flame—I took one of the big metal cans in which is kept the oil that is made of coal and which is called keh-lo sin-eh and poured some over it. And, lo, it burned very brightly and with a beautiful yellow flame, pleasant to behold. And I took the salver and carried it into the room to the table at which were seated my master and his friends, and they all said: 'Hai, hai, very fine,' and I set it down on the table, being very satisfied, seeing that my master and his friends enjoyed the sight of the brightly burning sacrificial dish.

"Hai, very dignified one—the foreign men surely must be very, very crazy. For, instead of kneeling down and making kow-tow and rendering respectful prayers, they took a knife and cut the dish and put it on plates and every one of them took a plate and the dish was still burning. And they stuck a fork into it and tried to eat it, and one of the men spake in a very loud and strong voice: 'Damn, damn, he put kerosene on our pudding,' and he spat the food out and used very strong language and the other men made big and great laughter and the face of my master became very red and he jumped up and grasped me by the ear and called me many and strong bad names, and he lifted his foot and placed it there where I sit, and he pushed his leg forward that I fell on the ground in great pain, and he said that if I would come again near to his house he would pour kerosene over my body and set it afire!

"Ai, ai, yah, honorable descendant of Kings, very ungrateful are the foreign men and very incomprehensible!

"And, therefore, poor and small me is anxious to return to Tn-Hoo, whence I came!"

Carranza's Regime.

Jorge Vera-Estanol, formerly Secretary of the Interior of the Republic of Mexico, and also formerly Secretary of Public Education in the same country, has reprinted in book form, under the title "Carranza and His Bolshevik Regime," a series of seventeen articles which originally appeared in Revista Mexicana, a weekly periodical, published in San Antonio, Texas. These articles are designed to show that the Mexican Constitution, which was adopted at Queretaro in 1917, and which is still in force, is spurious in origin and that such of its articles as effected any changes of serious import in the provisions of the Constitution of 1857 were in direct conflict with the principles of equity and the demands of national welfare. The former Cabinet Minister in Mexico was also a lawyer in Mexico City. Up to the time of the coming in of the new administration in Mexico, he was a refugee in Los Angeles. (Wayside Press, Los Angeles.)

Books for Christmas

Your bookstore should be able to supply ALL these books; if not, order of the publishers.

REMINISCENCES, Etc.

An English Wife in Berlin
By EVELYN PRINCESS BLÜCHER
"Unique among books of late wartime experience and of a interest and value entitling it to a permanent place in literature."—*World.* $6.00

Herbert Beerbohm Tree
Memories of His Life Collected
By MAX BEERBOHM
Illustrated from unpublished drawings, portraits, etc. $7.00

Lord Redesdale's Memories
A racy record of a very full and rich life. Two vols. $12.00

Diplomatic Reminiscences
By A. NEKLUDOFF
Russian Minister at Sofia, Stockholm, and for a short time Ambassador at Madrid, successively. $6.00

Personal Aspects of Jane Austen
By MARY A. AUSTEN LEIGH
Corrects a number of current misconceptions. $4.00

Far Away and Long Ago
By W. H. HUDSON
Unfamiliar scenes and a revelation of rare personality combine to give the book unusual charm. $3.00

Memoirs of the Count de Rochechouart
Vivid sidelights on France and Russia during the Napoleonic Wars. $5.00

The Ordeal of Mark Twain
By VAN WYCK BROOKS
Criticism of a high order. $3.00

The Dickens Circle
By J. W. T. LEY
A joy to any Dickens lover $7.00

The Diary of a Journalist
By Sir HENRY LUCY
Racy accounts of important events vivid with the impressions of the moment of experience. $6.00

FOR THE WAR LIBRARY

The Australian Victories in France in 1918
By Lt.-Gen. Sir JOHN MONASH
Contains an interesting account of American co-operation in break the Hindenburg line. $8.00

Sir Douglas Haig's Despatches. 1915-'19
The final authority as to the British Army on the Western front. With a case of special maps. $15.00

Sir Archibald Murray's Despatches, 1916-'17
Records the preparations for Gen. Allenby's successful campaign. With a case of special maps. $10.00

The General Staff and Its Problems
By General LUDENDORFF
Official documents, records of confidential conferences and correspondence which portray with absolute authority the internal condition of Germany in 1916, etc. 2 vols. $15.00

The Cathedral of Reims
By Monsgr. M. LANDRIEUX
With illustrations of its former beauty and its destruction. $8.00

Luck on the Wing
By Major ELMER HASLETT
Thirteen stories of a sky spy, both true and thrilling. $3.00

The Romance of the Battle Line in France
By J. E. C. BODLEY
Tells of the rich associations of centuries with the terrain of the French front. $3.50

TRAVEL AND OUT-DOOR BOOKS

The Sea and the Jungle
By H. M. TOMLINSON
Wonderful for its expression of the magic of the sea, the mystery of the Amazon forests. $5.00

By-Paths in Sicily
By ELIZA PUTNAM HEATON
Only years of sympathetic intercourse could have made such a record possible. Illustrated. $8.50

A Tour of America's National Parks
By Col. HENRY O. REIK, M.
Describes the most wonderful public playground in the world. Illustrated. $4.00

Birds of La Plata
By W. H. HUDSON
Descriptions of 200 So. American species, superbly illustrated with 23 plates in colors. 2 vols. $15.00

E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY
681 Fifth Avenue, New York

GIVE BOOKS THIS CHRISTMAS

Rollicking Fun

WINSOME WINNIE
and other
NEW NONSENSE NOVELS
By
STEPHEN LEACOCK
Author of "Nonsense Novels," "Literary Lapses," etc. Cloth, $1.75

"A new volume of 'Nonsense Novels' as full of amusing nonsense as the author's former whimsies. Never has the drollery of Mr. Leacock's humor been more delightfully absurd."—*Philadelphia Public Ledger.*

The Most Virile Novel of 1920
CHILDREN OF STORM
By IDA A. R. WYLIE
Author of "Towards Morning," "Holy Fire," etc.
Second Edition. Cloth, $2.00

A novel of great vision, dealing with a new conflict—between love and labor—a conflict every man and every woman may soon have to face. It touches with appealing tenderness the love story of two souls whose social standing was poles apart.

Red-Blooded Adventure
THE LUCK OF THE MOUNTED
By Sergt. RALPH S. KENDALL
Author of "Benton of the Royal Mounted."
Second Edition. Cloth, $2.00

A stirring tale of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police. "One of the most entertaining adventure and rough life stories of the season."—*Boston Transcript.*

Gay Adventure
THE MAN WHO FOUND HIMSELF
By MARGARET and H. DE VERE STACPOOLE
Author of "The Man Who Lost Himself." Cloth, $1.75

A highly diverting story concerning an elderly and very proper gentleman whose mind quite suddenly reverts to the workings of his youth and prompts him to commit the most amazing and amusing indiscretions.

A "Jazz" Novel
THE DIPPERS
By BEN TRAVERS
Cloth, $1.75

A most amusing story of a team of professional American dancers at a country house party.

A Mystery Novel
THE BORROWDALE TRAGEDY
By W. J. DAWSON
Author of "Chalmers Comes Back," etc. Cloth, $2.00

A story of revenge, including a great murder trial, which culminates in one of the most original and moving situations in recent fiction.

"A kind of novel Mr. Shaw would have delighted to write."—*Boston Transcript.*

A Sparkling Novel of Today
MR. DIMOCK
By MRS. DENIS O'SULLIVAN
Cloth, $2.00

A novel of international appeal and compelling interest. The delightful characters of the story are of American, Irish and Serbian origin, and the setting London and Oxfordshire.

A Western Novel
THE CONQUERING HERO
By J. MURRAY GIBBON
Author of "Drums Afar," etc. Cloth, $2.00

"The Canadian Rockies give a picturesque locale to a story that is rich in its own pictorial qualities, with its movie star princess, delicate Scotch heroine and great war hero veteran as animating figures."—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

A Detective Novel
THE MYSTERIOUS AFFAIR AT STYLES
By AGATHA CHRISTIE
Cloth, $2.00

A very ingenious detective story, introducing a new type of detective in the shape of a Belgian.

JOHN LANE COMPANY —Publishers— NEW YORK

Patriotism and Popular Education

Comments on Modern Affairs by HENRY ARTHUR JONES

Spicy comments on work and play, evening amusements, theatres, politics, the future world policy of America, the great commandments, biologists, and social reformers, hand labor and brain labor, and many other interesting matters well worthy the attention of any thinking American. Its reader will find himself well rewarded by its good sense and the rich, juicy flavor of its illuminating humor. $4.00

This book should be on sale in your bookstore; if not, order from
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., New York

The BOOK OF NEW YORK

By Robert Shackleton

How well do you know New York? Could you find Fraunces' Tavern or tell where West 4th crosses West 11th Street?

The book is rich in genial anecdote. Any reader of it will have a new pride in the greatest American city. Handsomely illustrated. Boxed. Price $3.50 net. By the author of THE BOOK OF BOSTON, THE BOOK OF PHILADELPHIA, and THE BOOK OF CHICAGO, the new and fascinating volume in Mr. Shackleton's stories of the cities. Price $3.50 net.

At all bookstores

THE PENN PUBLISHING COMPANY PHILADELPHIA

THE WORLD OF ART: *Russian and American Paintings and a Group of Etchings*



"The Convalescent." By W. H. Bicknell.
In Exhibition at the Kennedy Galleries.

THE Russian artist, N. K. Roerich, whose exhibition at the Kingore Galleries will be repeated in various cities and finally, next Spring, in the Brooklyn Museum, is well known in and beyond his own country. His paintings are in all the museums and art galleries of Russia and also in public collections in Vienna, Venice, Prague, Stockholm, Brussels, Chicago and elsewhere. He was born in 1874 and studied art in the Petrograd University and academy. He was descended from a Scandinavian family that settled in Russia in the time of Peter the Great, and, knowing this, it is possible to find or to fancy certain Scandinavian characteristics in his work. To Russians, however, he is pure Russian, and he succeeds to an extraordinary degree in fusing the childlike love of legend and symbol, the peasant love of strong and clear description of material things and the sophisticated interrogation of moods and emotions characteristic of the Russian as he is revealed in his literature.

His landscapes are most impressive when neither figures nor buildings interrupt the artist's expression of his passion for nature. The Caucasian canyons, delicately sensitive in their ghostlike green, are given the value of their powerful construction; and the vital greens of the hills near Smolensk, among which glide streams of gleaming silver, are instinct with energy and joyousness.

It is difficult, however, for Mr. Roerich to eliminate humanity. Clouds and rocks are more interesting to him when he can invest them with a human form and impose upon them a human significance. He is subtle with his symbols and significances. Two canvases represent the Knight of the Morning and the Knight of the Evening.

Across the clear sky move clouds assuming shape, such shape as Shakespeare made use of for his own artistic purposes. The wings of the evening are perceived and the half-defined form of the angel of the morning. But if you were told that these clouds had been realistically described in the exact form they took as they passed before the eyes of the artist it would be quite easy to dismiss the idea of the symbol. Nothing imaginative is overemphasized and this is the rarest of virtues in a painter who naturally sees in symbols.

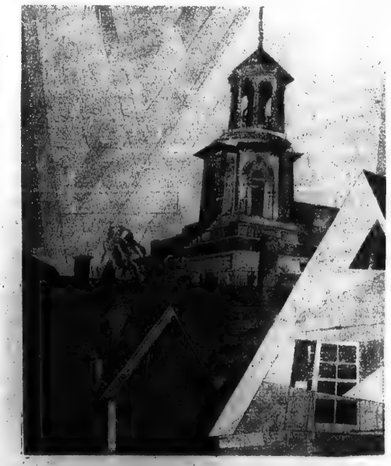
Study of the primitive past of his country has inspired a number of Mr. Roerich's most interesting compositions. "The Call of the Sun" belongs to a series commemorating the Stone Age. A group of Aborigines are gathered on the banks of a pellucid sea, lifting their arms to the rising sun, which is sending down upon the earth a light of coldest and most radiant clarity. Another series illustrates Maeterlinck's "Princess Maleine" with stage sets of engrossing suggestiveness and beauty, and a stage set for the opera "Snegurochka" expresses the character of a whole countryside in the two or three village buildings set against a background of the vivid Russian hills. "The Russian Pastoral" is in the humor of a fairy tale, quaintly extravagant and whimsically amusing.

It is an art that reveals temperament and race; and the fact that the painter is technically instructed and thoroughly aware of the resources of the different mediums he adopts lends to its candid expression of feeling an interest not to be compared with that awakened by the neo-primitives. Mr. Roerich respects the primitive and avoids the foolish compliment of imitation. His work belongs to the present, but shows the present as rooted in the past. Thus it is a normal and sound growth.

"Arrangements of the American Landscape Forms" is the title of an exhibition by Charles Demuth at the Daniel Gallery. Every one will observe how carefully the title is compounded of nature and art. The forms used, and the colors also, although these are left out of the title, have their source in the natural scenes upon which we look with deeply sophisticated eyes, eyes upon which all kinds of images, good and evil, have beaten through generations and centuries, leaving certain scars that determine the character of our vision. Some one has defined art as form infused with feeling. The form may be what the artist will, so long as it conveys his feeling. Certain forms are, however, so closely associated with certain feelings or "states of soul" as to claim in our vocabulary of form a monopoly of expressiveness, and we use them as a writer uses the worn phrases of his own art, unconscious that the freshness of their significance has been obliterated by long use. Consciousness of the necessity of a new vocabulary of form for the expression of universal and personal feeling has been at the root of many a new school of art.

Mr. Demuth is among the younger artists who have turned their mental energy into the making of fresh forms that shall quicken the mind to the aesthetic messages of the natural world. He has done his work with the exquisite precision that is the long-deferred goal of the modern craftsman. He belongs to that class of younger artists who decline to tolerate slovenliness of thought or execution.

In these recent paintings at the Daniel Gallery "literary impurities," as a modernist writer puts it, are absent, and there is no hint of crass imitation; but Mr. Demuth has not altogether denied himself representation. In his "New England" are many recognizable objects, church-tower and belfry, peaked roofs and little chimneys, familiar enough to those who have kept their traditional impression of the way such things should look in pictures. Perhaps no conservative visitor would confess to more than a mild pleasure in the scene in spite of the purity and beauty of the color and the cleanness of the line if this familiarity of aspect were not ever so little distorted from the angle to which they have become accustomed. They know "New England" and they don't know it. There is the rub and there is the interest. The windows take a sudden twist, the clapboard walls are veiled by faintly defined overlapping planes, and what has happened to the sky that it rains down this planked sunshine, these strips and bands of heaven's own blue? Of course the mind wakes up. Probably this is "organization" and even an old-fashioned public must conclude that if organization produces such enchanting result it cannot be so horrible an affair as they had supposed. Thus Mr. Demuth adroitly brings the public round. Research and analysis have brought him to a point where he is able to create an esthetically moving picture without thrusting the mechanism of his processes upon the observer. He is one of the most advanced of the modernists and his talent is great. Another welcome bridge between the old and the new.



"New England." By Charles Demuth.
In Exhibition at the Daniel Gallery.

At the Kennedy Galleries is a group of etchings by six Boston etchers, Frank W. Benson, W. H. Bicknell, Sears Gallagher, F. G. Hall, Lester Hornby and Charles H. Woodbury. Game birds and boats at anchor, war scenes, the towns and fields of France, elephants and Coney Island and Winter in New England—variety of subject certainly is not lacking. The treatment also is various. From Mr. Benson's skilful drypoint, giving the impression of swiftness without quite sustaining it to the point of conviction, one passes with a sense of covering much distance to Mr. Woodbury's rapid syntheses of wave forms. "Eppur si muove" Mr. Woodbury declares in every plate he scratches with his obedient, brisk point. Not only do his fish leap from the waters, but his mighty elephants decline to assume a static pose and sway heavily from side to side, lurching across the plate with the same powerful lunge that carries them across the arena of the Hippodrome.

Mr. Bicknell is an artist of unusual sensitiveness, and the word with him implies strength, not weakness. His frail trees pushing up through snow have the resilience and fine, supple fibre of New England girlhood. He makes apparent the difference between sky and earth, the weight of the latter and the penetrability of the former, with the least possible insistence upon his differentiations. When he essays a portrait, as in "The Convalescent," he works with a sincere and delicate respect for personality. It is a very beautiful art and one that has been appreciated without clamor. Perhaps the print most fully expressing its soundness double with refinement is that entitled "Reflets dans l'Eau," a charming nude figure standing in shallow waters, the subject carrying with it a suggestion of Zorn's ebullient young Swedes and the rendering contradicting Zorn's gay violence in every subtle line.

Any survey of American art indicates the seriousness of our habitual mood in spite of the influx of Continental playfulness. In Paris a bearded man may go into the Luxembourg Gardens and play at diabolo without a qualm. In Central Park or even in the sylvan glade of Prospect Park such an outbreak of natural spirits would arouse the gloomiest suspicions. Art, defined often enough as a manifestation of the spirit of play, only now is breaking loose from generations of repression.



"Offerings." By Nicholas K. Roerich.
In Exhibition at the Kingore Galleries.

London Book Talk

London, Nov. 26.

MR. ARNOLD BENNETT, or rather one of him—for there are many Bennetts—has just brought out a new edition of his little book "Mental Efficiency and Other Helps to Men and Women" (Hodder & Stoughton). I fancy that Bennett's exposition of the real nature and attainability of Success will be read with increased acceptance in the light of that colossal Failure of human arrangements which we call the Great War. It is Well-being, not Success, that the best young minds of Great Britain are interested in today, and Bennett's view of success is poles apart from the old doctrine that it is the reward of industry, frugality, perseverance, method, and all the other stock virtues which Benjamin Franklin, William Cobbett, Dr. Smiles and Sir John Lubbock, to name no others, preached so assiduously. He flatly denies that successful men are more industrious, thrifty, or even more intelligent than others. He makes nearly all success a special narrow faculty or knack, not a consequence of force of character. In its very nature it is "impossible to the majority," for if all were successful there would be no success.

Mr. Bennett holds moderating views on ambition. "Quite 70 per cent. of ambition is never realized, and 99 per cent. of all realized ambition is fruitless." Even today we are often treated to the more or less autobiographical revelations of successful men. But Mr. Bennett will have none of them. He cannot support Benjamin Franklin's autobiography or "From Log Cabin to White House" without nausea, and of more modern expositions of success by millionaires and the like, he says: "No one is a worse guide to success than your typical business man. He seldom understands the reason of his own success." But when he is asked to explain it in a magazine he writes what he knows is expected from him: "If he didn't come to London with half a crown in his pocket, he probably did something equally silly, and he puts that down, and the note of the article or interview is struck and good-bye to genuine truth." Mr. Bennett thinks that the genuine truth about success is that it depends more on the practice of the prouder vices than on the practice of the humbler virtues. Of course he recognizes the success of sheer high merit, but he describes its frequency as only 10 per cent. of all successes.

The neighborhood troubles of Thomas Carlyle in Cheyne Row, Chelsea, have suddenly been recalled in a Chancery lawsuit brought by Mr. Justice Petersen and some half dozen of his Cheyne Row neighbors to stop the noise of an electric steel saw at a factory on the Battersea side of the Thames. The Judge's narrative of interruption and ear torture must, indeed, have recalled Carlyle's experiences, even if Sir John Simeon, K. C., counsel for the plaintiff, had not done so. Carlyle's trouble was his neighbors' crowing cocks. These first plagued him in 1852, just after he had taken up his hopeful tenancy of 5 Cheyne Walk, the fine old eighteenth-century house which is now sacred to his and, not less, to her memory, and is one of the most interesting literary shrines in the world. On this occasion, however, he had to deal with a very courteous neighbor, who, although he valued his birds greatly, suppressed them at once. The real agony began next year, when another set of cocks, owned by one Ronca, maddened him night and day. He was at the beginning of his thirteen years' apotheosis of "Frederick the Great," and at his wits' end to "reduce that widespread black desert of Brandenburg sand to a small human garden." To his wife, who

(Continued on Page 15.)





The Laziest People in the World

"Will you row me across the river?" I asked a Malay one day.

"*Iwan*, I have eaten and I have had plenty," he responded. "You may take my boat and row yourself across the river. Tomorrow, if Allah grants me life, and if I need the boat, I will swim over for it."

"That Malay trait of living for the moment has led many a European to murder!" says CHARLES MAYER in the JANUARY number of

ASIA

The American MAGAZINE on the Orient

More than 60 Illustrations—Art Insert of Eight Pages

One of Mayer's difficulties in trapping elephants for show purposes was trying to persuade the indolent natives to help in the jungles. Mayer's adventures were endless. How he found a twenty-toed elephant, and foolishly sold it without reckoning the value of its toes; how he subdued a mad young creature of the deep jungle, and how it remembered him years after—are tales that read like fiction. But his story is solid fact. You will roar with laughter one minute, and be grasping the arms of your chair the next.

Are you familiar with ASIA—the magazine? This story of Mayer's, for instance, tells not only of adventure but throws the calcium light on the life of the Malay Archipelago—the people and their customs. And so in ASIA—you will find as you read, stories of adventure and accomplishment, articles portraying native customs, translations of Oriental literature, clear presentations of our political and diplomatic relations. And all the while you will be living in the rare atmosphere of the East, amid the scenes of future world peace and prosperity or war and chaos.

ASIA is the only general magazine treating exclusively of the Orient. Its illustrations, photographs, drawings—and art insert—usually of eight pages—make it a magazine of distinctive beauty and unusual interest.

Contents of the January ASIA

AN AGRICULTURAL EXPLORER IN CHINA
By David Fairchild
China was indeed the "Flowery Kingdom" to Frank N. Meyer, who traveled its paths and by-paths and found a wealth of new plants and flowers to transplant in America.

AN AMERICAN IN ASIA *By Louis Graves*
Willard Straight as Consul General in Mukden
The romantic tale of how Straight, a mere youth of 26, began the fight for the maintenance of America's interests and the protection of China's sovereignty in Manchuria, resulting in today's China Loan Consortium.

ACROSS KASHMIR SNOWS *By V. C. Scott O'Connor*
The remoter mountain fastnesses of that fascinating corner of the world, Kashmir, have an added charm when seen with the delightful a traveling companion as Mr. O'Connor.

LEFT-HANDED JINGORO AND THE BUILDERS OF THE YOMEI GATE
By Florence Peltier
A tale of the professional rivalry of Japan's great wood carvers as they built the far-famed Gates of Nikko in the reign of the Shogun Iyeyasu.

THE PICTURES OF PLOWING AND WEAVING
By E. Meyer Eberhard
The ancient pictures of Plowing and Weaving, 1145 A. D.—modernized in 1696 through the desire of the Conquering Manchus to become more Chinese than the Chinese—present, both in the pictures and in the poems which accompany them, the spirit of a great agricultural nation.

A FINANCIAL HOUSE-CLEANING FOR CHINA
By John O. P. Bland
John O. P. Bland, expert on the Far East, makes clear the essentials of the intricate problem of China's reorganization and development so that he who runs may read.

BRONZE VOICES OF BUDDHA
By Marjorie Latta Barstow
Whether you hear the soft whisper of the wind bells, or the mighty boom of temple bells in Japan, there is legend and history in their voices. Read what bells mean to Japan and you will know more of what they may mean to you.



SPECIAL OFFER

A Fourteen Months' Tour of the Orient

We make this special offer of a fourteen months' subscription at the regular price of a yearly subscription.

Through this offer the price is cut more than a third.

Every member of the family will like the magazine.

A subscription to ASIA will make a most acceptable Christmas gift.

Send coupon now.

Just What Happened to Caruso's Throat

HEARING Caruso's marvelous voice, one is apt to forget, until some such occurrence as the accident at the Brooklyn Academy of Music a week ago, that back of and below that glorious voice is a finely adjusted mechanism that manages to maintain itself in spite of the strain put upon it. Every once in a while this mechanism must be reckoned with. Most people think of Caruso's voice as a gift of the gods, which of course it is, and do not stop to consider the merely physical machinery by which the voice is manifested and sent forth to mortals.

Voices are voices, and throats are throats, and such intricate things are throats that after the most cursory study one marvels that articulate sound, speech even, is possible and that from such machinery the human voice in all its richness and power can come. The mechanical apparatus is approximately the same in a Caruso throat as in the throat of an ordinary citizen, just as the same outside features, eyes, nose and mouth, may appear in two different faces, one extraordinarily lovely and the other extraordinarily ugly. And since the accident at the Academy of Music the mere physiology of throats has excited a good deal of interest.

Dr. Philip Horowitz, who has been the personal physician of Signor Caruso for five years, described his patient's throat and his own sensations when he stood in the wings watching Caruso make his splendid fight to continue to sing. He said:

"I almost died standing there, watching him. Of course I did not know what was the matter. I could not tell. I was more an examination. No one could tell. I stood there watching him, fighting to go on. You can imagine how I felt! I beckoned. I tried to make him come off the stage, but he paid no attention to me. All the chorus was standing there watching, aghast. Even the musicians, I am told, looked up, wondering whether to go on. Caruso would not stop, so they did go on.

"And his voice was never more marvelous than it was that night. You would never have dreamed, if you hadn't seen him, that he was fighting against choking with blood, that he was singing under the most adverse circumstances. It was terrible to watch—and yet the courage of the man!"

It must have required a vast amount of sheer nerve to go on singing to the very last note, the last B flat of the first act of "Elisir d'Amore," with this steady uprush of blood in his throat. Caruso could not have known that the accident was as slight as it turned out to be. He had no possible way of knowing that it was not something very serious. And yet he sang on, giving the people who had come to hear him as much of his very self as he could.

Dr. Horowitz showed on a diagram, reproduced herewith, just what had happened to Caruso's throat, and explained why the occurrence that might pass unnoticed to any one but a singer was made worse by the strain placed upon the ruptured spot. He said:

"At the back of the tongue there are numbers of little blood vessels. One of these broke. Something Caruso ate may have scratched the mucous membrane of the tongue there a little. Any ordinary person would never know that it had been done, but a singer who puts a great strain on his blood vessels there, who takes in deep breaths of air, fills his diaphragm and all the rest of it—upon such a person the strain of the broken blood vessel would fall heavily. You can see that yourself.

"When Caruso commenced to sing, the ruptured capillary at the back of the tongue grew wider, and, of course, the more he sang the worse it grew, because he continued to widen the lesion. All the blood which flows there freely started to run down the epiglottis into the larynx, where the vocal cords are situated. Of course, this ought to make it impossible to sing clearly, but Caruso managed to keep his voice absolutely clear and clean, and I have never heard him take that B flat at the end of the first act more splendidly.

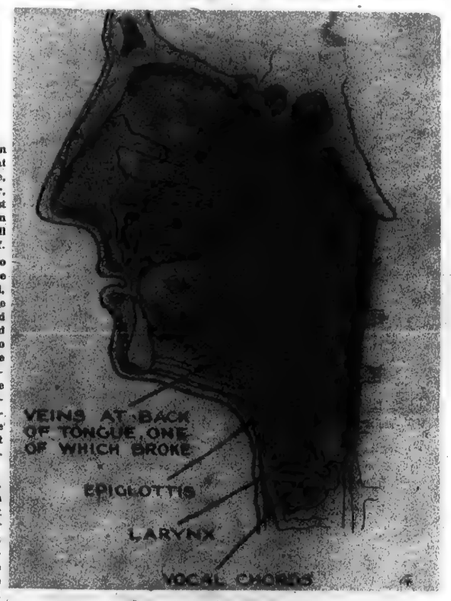
"Now Caruso is all right again. The accident was very slight, though at the time I didn't know what it might be. To any one but a singer it might never have been noticed, but the unusual exertion made it evident in this case. But you can see from the diagram what a simple thing it is, really, and that it will not have any permanent effect on his voice or his throat. As for its happening again—it is an accident like anything else. That you break your leg once is no reason why you should break it again, nor is it any reason why you should never break it again, but the chances are against it.

"About insuring a throat I don't really know, but I do know he hasn't got any such insurance. I don't see how any company would take the risk. Think of the thousand and one things that may happen to a throat. It isn't like a hand. There are comparatively few things that can happen to a hand, barring a serious accident, but a throat is quite a different proposition. It is so delicately constructed and there are so many fine adjustments that can be put out of place! A singer would have to pay such a premium to have it insured that I should think it would take more money than he could possibly make in a year. You can get a cold or inflammation of infection or any one of a hundred other things the matter with a throat—and how are you going to insure against things like that?

"I have been Caruso's physician for five years, and he is a very good patient. He never gives any trouble—"

"Except when he won't come off the stage when you want him to?"

"Except when he won't come off the stage," responded Dr. Horowitz with a smile, "and I have to wait for about twenty minutes to know what is the matter with him."



The New Italy of the Italians

(Continued from Page 1)

going. These are not the people who belong here. They are ruining the place."

The same plaint was echoed in Amalfi, where the old Capuchin monastery is swept and polished and crammed out of all its moldering picturesqueness in preparation for the overseas tides that do not set upon these lovely shores. The executive was frank in her opinion of her native clientele. "I do not like these people. They are noisy. They are fault-finding. They never go to bed. They turn the night into day."

All up and down the coast the lines long for the return of the quiet American, who is so exhausted after conscientious days spent in discovering ruins and faded masterpieces with his Baedeker that he goes to bed early and allows the local staff to put out the lights and go to sleep. Equally ignorant of what he is eating and the language in which it is served, he is happily preserved from bothering the management with complaints. He is indeed the ideal guest, loved to take what he gets and asks no questions. Only to occupy all eccentricities of food and service is the caution of the country.

I confess this was a new slant on the virtues of my countrymen, and a new view of the reason for his popularity as a tourist abroad. But in Sorrento, where Italians crowded the hotels, they seemed to be the same folk I remembered. They were commendably elegant and well-dressed, the young girls with lovely classic profiles and the thick, shingled, glowing hair so rarely seen in America. They walked arm in arm up and down the Vittoria terrace after dinner, charming, low-voiced, unself-conscious creatures in simple frocks of soft white crêpy stuff. I have always thought of the Italians as a noisy people at work, a quiet people at play. They take their pleasures gravely, almost austerely, with a sense of order often absent from their more serious enterprises. I have observed them at a Sunday afternoon fiesta on the Lissa in Siena, during the water fête at Venice, in the piazzas of Bologna, Padua, Florence, in dim cafés in little hill towns like Assisi, Orvieto, Gubbio, at the opera in Rome and Milan, and I have never seen an Italian crowd hilarious, out of bounds, even merry. Their restaurants are quiet. So are their variety shows. There is no such thing here as a shouting, hurrying throng in a hotel lobby. I have searched Italy up and down in years gone by for the shouting, impassioned enthusiasm of the volatile Latin. I have met it in individuals, but never in crowds.

The Italians are not boisterous, and if one of my South-Italian hotelkeepers had ever been to Atlantic City or Coney Island, if he had met the American "parties" who do Rome and Paris in ten days, he would acquire a new definition of noise. And if he ever saw a real old-fashioned American political parade, such as the one I witnessed at the notification of Governor Cox at Dayton before I left home, he would have been as nonplussed as I was at the procession commemorating the fiftieth anniversary of Italian unity at Rome on the historic 20th of September.

I had hurried up from the south to watch Rome celebrating her fiftieth birthday as the capital of United Italy. I had been told that there was to be a splendid celebration, a rousing rally of loyalty to the Government in a critical hour, a superb apotheosis of the national idea. Well, perhaps this was the Italian way of rallying. Perhaps the silent straggling line I witnessed on the Via Venti Settembre, with no demarkation, and little difference, between marchers and spectators, was a demonstration of great popular enthusiasm. The manifestoes posted on the walls of all buildings, addressed in the imperial manner to all "Romans," were certainly fiery enough. The banners were beautiful, and carried only a few steps apart, so that to look at them from a distance, a moving tapestry of green and scarlet and gold, was to think of the standards of Roman legions and medieval pageants and all the pomp and heraldry the weary ages have watched along these haunted ways. But to see them at close range was to lose that vision in the sight of the standard bearers, poor, shabby wretches obviously hired from the streets to carry flaming banners for the price of a meal or a night's lodging.

The only marchers who moved with spirit were the old Garibaldians, weather-beaten countrymen alight with that fire that seems never to burn out of old Italians, red-shirted survivors of the red-shirted army that made the breach in the Porta Pia and occupied the unresisting Rome of the Popes. The Garabaldians drew a cheer here and there from the crowd. So did the provincial bands as they met friends from home along the sidewalks. But for the most part the watchers seemed to American eyes as listless and perfunctory as the marchers. I straggled along with the procession from the Via Venti Settembre past the Grand Hotel and into the Piazza San Bernardo, where it passed before the windows of the unpretentious offices of the American Embassy. In one window stood Ambassador Johnson and his secretary, the Ambassador energetically waving the Italian flag and the secretary the Stars and Stripes.

The King was not present. He remained up in the north among the earthquake victims, glad of an excuse, it is whispered in Rome, to avoid participating in celebration of a triumph for the Quirinal that is still regarded as usurpation by the Vatican. In days so tremulous for thrones, the State, particularly when headed by a monarch as wise and self-effacing as Victor Emmanuel, is very careful not to offend the Church. It is one of the anomalies of history that the throne of Italy, founded on the protests of the Popes, is now mainly dependent on the power of the Papal Church for its stability.

I could not see that Rome en fête was very festive. The people were graver here than on the southern coast, decorous, unimpressed, a little wary, I imagined, of pleasure, of fine phrases and great gestures, of yielding to enthusiasms. The Italians have a less biting sense of reality than the French. They are more indulgent to dreams. But they are Latins, and they do not cultivate illusions. And just now they seem more disillusionized than any of the "victorious" peoples. They are disappointed in the Americans, they are bitter toward the French, they are watchful of the English. I have no sense of stalking tragedy in Italy. The country is neither hopeless nor resourceless. It is tired, drained of emotion. Excitements and catastrophes in the north hardly move the people here. There is a kind of suspension of energy everywhere, of living through today and letting tomorrow take care of itself. From Prime Ministers to cab drivers, everybody shrugs his shoulders over everything, and waits to see what is going to happen. For the moment, the Italians are like spectators of their own drama—and on the whole hardly as interested as I am in the dénouement.

Italy today is a procession of paradoxes. The traveler meets what he thinks is a fact, and the next thing he encounters is its contradiction.

Down in South Italy, a few miles from that desolate plain on which the Greek temples of Paestum molder amid the classic acanthus and the familiar "Queen, Anne's Lace," is a god-forsaken station called Battipaglia. When I saw it on a blazing September day under a drift of dust so hot that it prickled, a few forlorn houses in the midst of miles of malarial marshes, it seemed to me a typical Italian backwater as far from the twentieth century as the deserted shrine of Ceres itself.

I should have thought so still if the Italian gentleman who shared our motor for the day had not invited us to stop at the little café. Seated at a tiny table set in the dust at the door, and served with "caffe espresso" out of shining individual percolators, we were soon joined by the village barber, a returned immigrant who had plied his trade in Wall Street and was apparently not dissatisfied to leave the sartorial service of American financiers to shave the beards of Battipaglia. Another townsman, considering Greek ruins a poor reward for enterprise that drove us forty miles in inhuman heat over roads that were also ruinous, offered to show us the local cheese factory. We accepted with some misgivings. A cheese factory in an Italian dead-end on a sizzling day is not alluring. But a half mile

(Continued on Page 19)

The New Italy

(Continued from Page 14)

out of Battipaglia there is a modern brick building, and in its cool and lofty rooms, walled and floored with concrete, all the latest equipment for making cream cheeses on a grand scale. I never imagined great quantities of cheese could be made so cleanly and odoriessly. The secretary of the institution, a handsome youth who might have posed for a portrait of the young Raphael, explained the processes, and afterward exhibited the sleek cows who produced the milk and the sleeker pigs who fattened on the refuse.

Those pigs were what upset my first Italian formula. I am acquainted with pigs in aristocratic quarters, the prize products of gentlemen farmers, but I have never seen pigs so sanitary, so sumptuously housed, so scientifically dieted, as the pigs of Battipaglia.

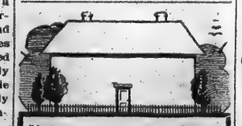
And that discovery of enlightened stock raising and cheese making in a poor corner of the backward south, the chance meeting in a primitive trattoria with Italians who had traveled from Chile to Canada, is the kind of contradiction that bewilders one everywhere in Italy today. Is Rome, the oldest capital of the Western World, turning her back upon a stupendous past lest she should be diverted from creating a great future? Italy is consumed with ambition to be an industrial power. She is the artist among nations longing to be a blacksmith. She resents the foreigner who worships her past and ignores her present, who admires her art and refuses to be impressed by her smithy. She is desperately poor, and does things on the scale of a prince. She resents bitterly her industrial and financial dependence on other peoples.

As a nation Italy is still extremely young, painfully proud, incredibly sensitive. She loves the grand gesture better than the grand coup, and her dignity more than her advantage. The State is unable to do anything to improve the wretchedly disorganized and totally inadequate railway service, for instance, but has peremptorily declined the very profitable offer of a foreign syndicate to take over the operation of the lines for a term of years.

This temperamental sensitiveness of Italy was the thing not taken sufficiently into account in the Dalmatian settlement. The longer I am in Italy the more I feel that Fiume represents to Italians a symbol more than a port. They do not greatly care about Fiume. D'Annunzio is an embarrassment to the Government and a madman to most of the people. But there can be no doubt about the universal feeling of grievance here against Italy's treatment at the Peace Conference. I talk to everybody I meet, politicians, professors, manufacturers, shopkeepers, waiters, cobblers, English and American residents, and however they disagree on other questions, they are unanimous in their belief that Italy got a "raw deal" at Paris; that it was not so much what America and England and France did to her in the settlement as the manner in which it was done, without due regard for Italy's services, her national dignity, her prickly national "honor." I heard a Roman Senator and a Roman guide express a common feeling in almost identical words. "What did Italy get out of the war? Nothing but cemeteries choked with dead and a debt that will keep us poor forever. We don't even get a share in the glory." When I suggested that America, too, with fewer dead but with billions of debt was content to count her gain in moral satisfaction, the Senator shrugged his shoulders with a cynical smile. The guide's reply was a more naïve admission. "Ah, America!" he said. "America went into the war for a great ideal, for humanity. She has her reward. But we were doing very well as we were. And now that we're ruined, who gives us any credit? France? Bah! France would eat us up if she could."

BRENTANO'S
Xmas
Gifts for Everybody BOOKS
Desk Sets Rare Books Novelties
Stationery Fine Bindings Prints
Latest French, Italian, Spanish Books
BRENTANO'S
Booksellers to the World
Fifth Ave., at 27th St., New York

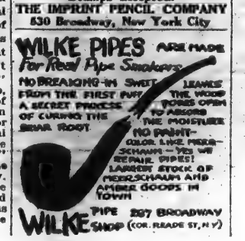
THE STARS IN THE POOL
A Prose Poem for Lovers by
EDNA KINGSLEY WALLACE
The Chicago Tribune calls it: "A lovely example of that really enchanting thing, rhythmic prose. ... The whole thing is like shadows in a pool, beautiful and still, the perfect semblance of things that are, with an evanishing loveliness and symbolism which the actual things may not possess." $2.00
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.


"A home without books is like a house without windows"
HIMEBAUGH & BROWNE
BOOKSELLERS
471 FIFTH AVE. OPP. LIBRARY.
If you cannot come to our store send for our catalog

LIFE
By Dr. SERGE VORONOFF
Possibly the most revolutionary medical discovery ever made is presented in this book:—that our vitality, vigour and very lives depend upon certain small glands, and that these glands can be replaced surgically when worn out, thereby expanding the life of man to its natural term of 120 or 140 years. It opens the door to new hope and happiness.
On sale at all bookstores, $3.50
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

Delightful Christmas Gift
Distinctive Unique Pleasing

THREE PENCILS 50c
with your name engraved in gold, in Holly or Floral Box.
Reindeer boxes please the Kiddies.
Stamps accepted.
THE IMPRINT PENCIL COMPANY
530 Broadway, New York City

WILKE PIPES ARE MADE For Real Pipe Smokers
NO BREAKING-IN SWEET A SECRET PROCESS OF CURVING THIS BRIAR ROOT
LEAVES FROM THE FIRST PUFF
THE WOOD POROUS OPEN TO ABSORD THE MOISTURE
NO BRIGHT COLOR LINE MICRO-SCHAUM — YET WE WEAVE PIPES! LARGEST STOCK OF MEERSCHAUM AND AMBER GOODS IN TOWN

WILKE PIPE SHOP 297 BROADWAY (COR. READE ST., N.Y.)

Mr. Knopf suggests that these books would be particularly appropriate for your Christmas giving:

SAN CRISTÓBAL de la HABANA
By Joseph Hergesheimer
"ONE of the most remarkable and one of the most fascinating books of travel in the language" is how the Philadelphia Ledger describes Mr. Hergesheimer's "record of a happy impression of elusively lovely Havana." "As unusual a bit of autobiography and self-revelation as Conrad's 'A Personal Record.'"—N. Y. Globe.
Printed on Warren's India tint olde style paper and bound in orange and gold Chinese boards—with gold label—and black silk back, stamped in gold. $3.50.

For Every Man—
MOON-CALF
By Floyd Dell
"Drop whatever you are doing and read Moon-Calf. No writer of our day has gone so fully or so deeply into the heart of a child."—Heywood Broun, in The New York Tribune. Fifth printing. $2.50.

For Every Woman—
YOUTH AND THE BRIGHT MEDUSA
By Willa Cather
The outstanding book of stories of the year. "A veritable Koh-i-noor in the rhinestone and paste tiara of contemporary literature. Decidedly a literary event which no lover of the best fiction will want to miss."—New York Times. $2.50.

For Just a Few Intelligent People—
PREJUDICES: Second Series
By H. L. Mencken
The greatest American critic since Poe, is what the Mercure de France calls Mr. Mencken. Here he presents a second volume of penetrating, stimulating criticism of American thought. $2.50.

For the Feminist—
LETTERS OF A JAVANESE PRINCESS
By Kartini
Introduction by Louis Couperus
The autobiography of the first feminist and founder of women's schools in Java—of intense interest to any woman. $4.00.

For the Cat Lover—
THE TIGER IN THE HOUSE
By Carl Van Vechten
The only complete book on cats—serious yet entertaining. Printed on Artcraft India laid paper, bound in purple Japanese boards with linen back; 32 full-page illustrations on cameo paper, etc. Boxed. $7.50.

For the Cognoscenti—
SEVEN MEN
By Max Beerbohm
Five brilliant stories, and an Appendix and six illustrations by Max that have not been published before. First American edition limited to 2,000 numbered copies. $4.00.

For the Traveler—
ANDALUSIA
Sketches and Impressions
By W. Somerset Maugham
"If the reader is not anxious to visit Andalusia after reading these pages he is impervious to the picturesqueness of the scene and the rare qualities of Mr. Maugham's style."—Boston Evening Transcript. $3.00.

Great French Romances—
MLLE. de MAUPIN
By Gautier
MADAME BOVARY
By Flaubert
MANON LESCAUT
By the Abbé Prévost
Handsome reprints, beautifully bound. Introductions by Burton Rascoe. $4.00 each.

For Every Man and Every Woman
THIS SIMIAN WORLD
By Clarence Day, Jr.
The most original book of the year. "As a recruiting pamphlet for the human race 'This Simian World' cannot be surpassed. To one way of thinking, it is one of the best pieces of satire from the pen of an American."—N. Y. Tribune. With numerous amusing illustrations by the author. Fourth printing. $1.50.

The Best Book You Can Give Any Child—
A LITTLE BOY LOST
By W. H. Hudson
Illustrated by Dorothy P. Lathrop
Mr. Hudson's exquisite imaginative story in a new, attractive holiday dress—beautiful full-page illustrations in full color and black and white, headings and tailpieces, etc. Boxed. $6.00.

For the Writer—
HUNGER
By Knut Hamsun
A famous novel by the winner of the Nobel Prize for Literature. A poignant psychological study of a young, starving author. $2.50.

For the Mystery Lover—
DEAD MEN'S MONEY
By J. S. Fletcher
A fine new detective yarn by the author of "The Middle Temple Murder." $2.00.

For the Lover of Western Adventure—
THE CROSS PULL
By Hal G. Evarts
"Irresistible—it draws you into a state of nervous tension and keeps you there."—Chicago Daily News. $2.00.

Take this list with you to the bookstore as a reminder,
Or check the books you want, tell us who they are to go to, add 10% to cover postage and mail with your check to us.
ALFRED A. KNOPF, 220 West Forty-second Street, New York.

Fall back
upon the MODERN LIBRARY
for your Xmas problem—and all your worried shopping is over!
The truly great moderns of our own day—Ibsen, Pierre Loti, Baudelaire, Samuel Butler, Havelock Ellis, Oscar Wilde, and 80 others to choose from—a compliment to the friend you give them to—a touchstone of your own good judgment — good red meat for strong minds—real reading, in treasured, likable, limp-bound form — and only 95c each.
Every bookstore has them!

PEACE ON EARTH GOOD WILL TO DOGS
By ELEANOR HALLOWELL ABBOTT
Author of "Molly Make-Believe," "Old-Dad," etc.
A genuine Christmas story, crisp and sparkling with the joy of the season, and the gaiety of youth.
Attractively bound, with decorated title page, etc. $1.50
This book should be on sale in your bookstore; if not, it can be had from
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

Interest on every page
The TRUMPETER SWAN
By Temple Bailey
Author of "The Tin Soldier," etc.
An old-fashioned love story of today, set against a background of Virginia hills, of Boston streets, and the blue seas and skies of old Nantucket.
Pictures by Alice Barber Stephens. Jacket in color by Coles Phillips. Price, $2.00.
At all bookstores
THE PENN PUBLISHING COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA

Odds and Ends of O. Henryana

A Review by
HYDER E. ROLLINS,
Department of English, New York University.

O. HENRYANA: Seven Odds and Ends, Poetry and Short Stories. By O. Henry. Doubleday, Page & Co. $10.

THIS beautiful little volume, printed on the finest quality of handmade paper and quite worthy of the description "de luxe," will be welcomed by admirers of O. Henry in particular and by collectors of rare books in general. It is a pleasure to see and handle, and one's pride of possession, after he has recovered from the shock of paying $10 for so tiny a book, will be increased by the thought that the "O. Henryana" is certain to become a collector's rarity. Only 377 copies have been printed, each is numbered, and the publishers announce that no further copies will be issued. For this distinguished example of fine printing the publishers deserve congratulations.

Whether or not O. Henry's reputation is helped by this addition to his bibliography is, of course, a far different matter. Professor Brander Matthews has recently protested that what O. Henry needs is a reduction in bibliography rather than an extension, and has expressed a desire for a single volume of O. Henry stories in which the chaff might be winnowed from the wheat. The need of a volume of selected stories is not to be denied, though if such a selection were made, endless discussion would result, and there would be an outcry from disgruntled readers who found their own favorites omitted. No other story-teller has ever been so uniform in his work. The "best" stories of O. Henry usually turn out to be not the best at all, but merely those that for familiarity, prejudice, or what not make a strong appeal to the individual who happens to be choosing.

In spite of the severe criticism now more or less widely directed at him, O. Henry has lost little of his popularity. Even stronger is the cult of the collectors, all of whom are only too eager to read—and buy—any book that contains works by or about O. Henry. The seven items in the "O. Henryana" are, however, of unequal interest and value. Printed with no word of explanation or comment, they are also a bit disconcerting. Undeniably O. Henry's chief need just now is less a single volume of selected stories than a painstaking and, if you please, a scholarly editor. Nothing can be more annoying than to pick up a book like "O. Henryana" or its immediate successor, "Waifs and Strays," only to find there a group of "new stories," some good, some bad, without a line of editorial comment. From the point of view of editing (or rather of a lack of editing), the "O. Henryana" is hopeless, and cannot be reproved too strongly.

The book opens, for example, with the well-known poem "The Crucible." This was firt printed in The Cosmopolitan and Current Opinion in 1910, and his since been reprinted in papers out of number. One New York newspaper (The American, if memory holds) in 1913 printed the poem with a curious yarn about the manuscript. The usual story is that the poem was found, after O. Henry's death, scribbled in a notebook; but THE NEW YORK TIMES remarks that it was jotted down on the margin of the manuscript of "Lo," the F. P. A.-O. Henry musical comedy. There are almost as many texts of "The Crucible" as there are reprints, but no statement whatever is given in the book of the source, the authenticity, or the previous appearances of the poem.



O. Henry.

After a Lithograph by Césare.
(Courtesy of Arthur H. Harlow & Co.)

Consider, further, "The Struggle of the Outliers," printed here as a new story. Baldly stated, the plot deals with a New York business man, Lawrence Holcombe, who calls upon Katy, a beautiful suburban miss, implores her to "come live with him and be his love," fights and puts to rout another ardent suitor, and in the end wins Katy's promise. As a matter of fact, Holcombe is merely asking Katy, as the conclusion of the story shows, to be his cook. "The Outliers" is evidently the first draft of a plot O. Henry afterwards used in "Girl" (in "Whirligigs"). Both stories are among the poorest he ever wrote, but for that reason, if for no other, a statement of the time and place of their publication is highly desirable. To expect some editorial apparatus is surely not unreasonable in a book that, because of its limited circulation, cannot be popular.

Among the other items are two brief sketches ("A Lunar Episode" and "The Elusive Tenderloin") of New York life, boisterous in style, burlesques in plot, and interesting only because of their authorship. Wholly unexpected is the incission of a satirical short story, "Three Paragraphs," with no explanation that it had appeared as early as 1894 in Porter's Texas paper, The Rolling Stone. It seems hardly fair to rake up these youthful literary indiscretions without making a note to that effect. And it would be hardly more fair to reprint everything O. Henry wrote even during his New York period—such potboilers, for example, as "The Reporter's Private Lexicon" that appeared in Ainslee's for November, 1908.

Two of the stories, however, are worth knowing. The poorer of these, "A Professional Secret. The Story of a Maid Made Over," is a good-humored satire of Kentucky feuds, New York nerve specialists and society manners. Very pleasing, however, is "Bulger's Friend," a Christmas tale of the Salvation Army and a miser's generosity that deserves reprinting and that should be a favorite, especially among the youthful readers for whom it was originally intended. With all the now shopworn tricks of style and manner that are suggested by the name O. Henry, it is, nevertheless, a refreshing story and is the only first-class production in the entire volume.

The Spirit of West Point

(Continued from Page 8)

prospective students. It cannot be laid at the door of the wonderful democratic spirit which lives in the cadet corps, a spirit which recognizes a man for his worth, a democracy which accepts every man as a brother in the fraternity of West Point.

These things—all of them—play their part, but the most potent reason is to be found in the fibre of the officers who are and have been in control there. In the patriotism, the integrity, the intelligence, the balance, the humanity and the bearing of the officers charged with the instruction of the thousands of young men who will some day be the leaders of our army, lies the surest guarantee that the Republic shall endure. Every officer selected for duty at West Point is chosen, first, because he is known to possess, in a superlative degree, the strong and basic essentials of Americanism.

It is not the purpose of this article to delve into the past of the fine soldierly men to whom has been given the responsibility of pointing a true course and then following it in order that the men committed to their guidance might come through the years of tutelage unreservedly American men and soldiers. The spirit of the Faculty is, or should be, epitomized in the person of their chief—the Superintendent.

Throughout the past years character and ability have been found in equal or nearly equal parts in the Superintendent. And this is so today in as great a degree as ever.

Brig. Gen. Douglas MacArthur, the present Superintendent, is the youngest man that ever filled this highly important post in American public life. General MacArthur's entire service has indicated his fitness for the job. No officer of our army has had a greater variety of duty to perform or done it more creditably and with less ostentation than has this man. A glance at Cullum's Biographical Record of Graduates of the Military Academy shows that in the seventeen years since MacArthur graduated at the head of his class he has served in the Philippine Islands, was a member of the California Débris Commission, aide de camp to the commanding General of the Pacific Division, on confidential duty in Japan, China, Siam, Java, the Malay States, Burma, India and Ceylon for many months, was aide de camp to President Roosevelt, instructor in the Mounted Service School and the Army Service Schools, took part in the expedition to Vera Cruz and that he has twice been a member of the General Staff. Most of these important details fell to General MacArthur while he was still under 30 years of age.

There have been many soldiers whose records in the duties of peace time have given every indication that active service was the sole thing needed to prove them truly great soldiers—big military men in the ultimate sense, great commanders in battle. Many promises of a brilliant future have gone under in the acid test of battle. Men whose ability was clearly demonstrated in every conceivable task short of the fight have failed to fulfill expectations in the great opportunity of a soldier's career. There is no possible way in which to gauge battle efficiency in times of peace. Training and character and courage and personality are indeed essentials, but they are never conclusive. No man can be declared a great soldier until he has proved it on the field.

The record of the present Superintendent in the World War, however, completes the evidence in his case. General MacArthur was not only pre-eminently successful as Chief of Staff of the famous "Rainbow" Division, but he later commanded with the greatest distinction and gallantry one of the brigades of this division, and finally, after the armistice, was in command of the division.

In the earliest days of American occupation of front-line trenches MacArthur received the Distinguished Service Cross for extraordinary heroism in action in the assault upon a German position. This was in March, 1918. The following October he received the award of the Bronze Oak Leaf—the equivalent of a second Distinguished Service Cross. The citation for this act reads:

> For the following act of extraordinary heroism in action Brigadier General MacArthur is awarded a Bronze Oak Leaf to be worn on the Distinguished Service Cross awarded him March 25, 1918. As Brigade Commander General MacArthur personally led his men and by the skilful manoeuvring of his brigade made possible the capture of Hills 288, 242 and the Coté de Chatillon, Oct. 14, 15 and 16, 1918. He displayed indomitable resolution and great courage in rallying broken lines and in re-forming attacks, thereby making victory possible. On a field where courage was the rule, his courage was the dominant feature.

In addition to these awards of the D. S. C. General MacArthur was specifically cited by his American superiors upon seven occasions and in consequence wears upon his Victory ribbon seven silver stars—each star the emblem of some deed of gallantry. The Allies also recognized his fine work and unflinching grit. He is the holder of the cross of the Legion of Honor and three Croix de Guerres—two with palm and one with gold star—bestowed by the French Government, the Italian War Cross, and the Belgian Order of the Crown and of Leopold. He has, of course, received the American Distinguished Service Medal.

General MacArthur was twice wounded in action.

In short, the present corps of cadets can raise their voices in the old Cadet Hymn with a full knowledge that their present Commander exemplifies the loftiest traditions of American service and American manhood.

> "The corps! Bareheaded salute it!
> With eyes up thanking our God
> That we of the corps are invading
> where they of the corps have trod. * * *"

London Book Talk

(Continued from Page 13)

was in Scotland at the time, he wrote:

> I foresee in general these cocks will require to be abolished, entirely silenced. * * * I would cheerfully shoot them, and pay the price if discovered, but I have no gun, should be unsafe for hitting, and, indeed, seldom see the wretched animals. Failing everything, I see dimly the ultima ratio, and, indeed, wish I had in my drawer what of mineral or vegetable extract would do the fatal deed.

Carlyle's sensitiveness to sound was tragic: his nerves recorded vibrations with the disastrous delicacy of a seismometer. It is said that once, when writing, he complained harshly of his wife's knitting needles which she was plying in the same room. When she dropped them, he growled a few minutes later, "My dear, I can hear you breathe."

Failing arsenic, &c., the expensive remedy for the trouble was his famous sound-proof room, which he built at a cost of £200 on the top of the house. It covered the whole upper area of the house and had double walls, and no outlook except into the sky. Here, "whirled aloft," as he said, "by the angry elements," he settled down to make Frederick bulge in human memory. Meanwhile Mrs. Cartyle had bought off the "animals" with a five-pound note and a good deal of her clever diplomacy. Unfortunately, Carlyle soon found his eyrie was jerry built. "mere work of Belial, father of lies." In Winter he was frozen, in Summer baked. It "got patched together into something of supportability," but in 1865, when he had at last emerged from "the valley of the shadow of Frederick the Great," he gave it up and thenceforth worked on the ground floor.

Sir John Simon made great play with these happenings in presenting the case for the plaintiffs in Mr. Justice Petersen's action, and was evidently of opinion that the Battersea electric saw needed Carlyle's command of sulphurous language to describe it. In the end the plaintiffs got their injunction with some reservation.

The recent completion of the great "Life of Disraeli," by Mr. Buckle, has precipitated a great deal of interesting discussion of the great statesman - author's characteristics. Thus correspondents of The Times Literary Supplement have been tracking many of his famous phrases to their literary origins. Mr. Buckle refers to Disraeli's "extraordinary power of appropriating phrases of others, which had hitherto made no mark," and this has set the excavators to work. Many writers, it is pointed out, have received credit for phrases which they embellished and popularized, but did not originate; thus Matthew Arnold's "sweetness and light" was really Jonathan Swift's phrase, and Carlyle, who got "hero-worship" from Hume. In a very interesting letter, J. A. Lovat-Fraser shows that when Disraeli called Peel a "sublime mediocrity" he was adapting Burke, who called Pitt "the sublime of mediocrity." The famous saying in "Lothair" (put into the mouth of Mr. Phoebus) that critics are "men who have failed in literature and art," was taken from Shelley. "Plundering and blundering" was recollected by Disraeli from one of Bolingbroke's forgotten pamphlets. When he called the hansom cab "the gondola of London" he was making use of Balzac, and his famous comparison of the Gladstone Government, in 1872, to "a range of exhausted volcanoes," was clearly an improvement on one of John Wilkes's phrases. But another correspondent, George G. Loane, shows that Disraeli's definition of critics can be traced back to Shenstone, and from him to Dryden, who wrote "The corruption of a poet is the generation of a critic."

JOHN O' LONDON.

IN the choice of books for Christmas one should seek not only to select in good taste, but books which will bring joy to the hearts of their readers. Those listed below contain these qualities in the highest degree without being expensive.

THE OXFORD BIBLE
No finer gift, for young or old, than a choice edition of the greatest book. Oxford editions are almost infinite in their variety and price. *Send for list.*

OF THE IMITATION OF CHRIST
By THOMAS À KEMPIS Net $1.75
"Edith Cavell, sentenced to death, read this book. Her own copy, with her notes, is here exactly reproduced. A message to the heart, of consolation and hope.

HELLENISTIC SCULPTURE
By GUY DICKINS Net $8.00
A picture of the Golden Age of Greece through her art, done by a scholar and illustrated with many beautiful plates.

OXFORD BOOK OF ENGLISH VERSE, 1250-1900
Selected by SIR ARTHUR QUILLER-COUCH Net 4.00
Time has tested the true worth of this book. Its friends are legion, its enemies none. You will find it one of the most satisfying collections of poetry in the language.

THE IDEA OF GOD
By A. SETH PRINGLE-PATTISON Net $3.50
This brilliant essay casts its light into the somewhat sombre shadows of modern philosophy. A book for the thinker and seeker after truth.

CHARACTERS FROM THE HISTORIES AND MEMOIRS OF THE SEVENTEENTH CENTURY
By DAVID NICHOL SMITH Net $3.00
A book of striking and powerful character sketches, mellowed and enriched by age.

SHAKESPEARE'S SONNETS
Edited by W. H. HADOW $3.40
Gems of the purest water in an exquisite setting. A beautifully produced reprint of the first edition of 1609.

CONCISE OXFORD DICTIONARY
Adapted by H. W. *and* F. G. FOWLER Net $3.75
For practical usefulness nothing quite equals a good dictionary. The Concise Oxford is accepted as standard wherever English is spoken.

SHAKESPEARE'S ENGLAND
Being an Account of the Life & Manners of his Age
2 vols. Net $18.00
A wonderful picture of life as it used to be.

THE COMPLEAT ANGLER
By IZAAK WALTON *and* C. COTTON Net $1.75
The lure of the rod was first told in this book and so well that it should be the first book in every sportsman's library.

POEMS OF ROBERT BURNS
Edited by J. L. ROBERTSON Net $5.00
The rollicking bard of Scotland in a handsome coat of maroon lambskin. To say it is one of the Oxford Poets is to speak volumes for the quality of its text.

THE MISCELLANY OF A JAPANESE PRIEST
Translated by W. N. PORTER Net $1.50
Curious and out of the way is this record of Oriental thought written early in the fourteenth century. A fascinating subject daintily produced with several Japanese woodcuts.

At all booksellers or from the publishers.

OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS *American Branch* :: 35 WEST 32ND STREET, NEW YORK

OXFORD BOOKS
"The standard of textual excellence."

A Stirring Narrative and a book of permanent historical value.
"THE VICTORY AT SEA"
by
Rear-Admiral Sims
THIS is Sims' own story of the naval operations of the war, clearly and strikingly told. "It is more than a book for the historian or naval man: it is a book for every American citizen."—*Atlantic Monthly.*
At all book sellers
Doubleday Page & Co. DP Garden City New York

Notable Biographies
RECOLLECTIONS
OF THE REVOLUTION AND EMPIRE
By the Marquise de la Tour du Pin
Translated and Adapted by Walter Geer.
$8.00 net
NAPOLEON III
By Walter Geer.
$5.00 net
At All Bookstores.
Publishers BRENTANO'S New York

FOR CHRISTMAS BUY
LEE WILSON DODD'S
Book of Susan
The best new novel of 1920.
$2.00. It should be on sale in your bookstore; if not you can get it from
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

Show
your appreciation of your friends and your own appreciation of good literature — by giving them volumes from the
MODERN LIBRARY
—86 of the great classics of *our own day* to choose from—the moderns whom everybody should know — Ibsen, Shaw, Wilde, Walter Pater, Anatole France, W. H. Hudson, Ellen Key, and all the rest—your friends will not only read them but *keep* them—limp-bound, readable, likable volumes—and they're only *95c* each!
Every bookstore has them!

Books for Boys
The Sons o' Cormac
and Tales of Other Men's Sons
By ALDIS DUNBAR
Irish folk tales, rich in beauty and inspiration. $2.50
Jungle Roads and other Trails of Roosevelt
By DANIEL HENDERSON
A book of fine adventure; just the thing for a live boy. $3.00
A Book of Boyhoods
By EUGENIE M. FRYER
Brief accounts of the early years of many men who later became leaders. $3.00
Quite seriously we assert that better reading for your growing boys would be very difficult to find.
E. P. DUTTON & CO.,
681 Fifth Ave., New York

Scribner Holiday Books
Theodore Roosevelt and His Time
Shown in His Own Letters
By JOSEPH BUCKLIN BISHOP
The career of no historic personage approaching Roosevelt in eminence has ever been set forth so fully, so authoritatively, so humanly. *With portraits, 2 vols.* $10.00
Life of Joseph Hodges Choate
As Gathered from His Letters
By EDWARD S. MARTIN
The story of the famous lawyer and public man in his own words.
With portraits. 2 vols. $10.00
Steeplejack
By JAMES HUNEKER
Mr. Huneker's promenades throughout a long life of varied experiences.
2 vols. Illustrated. $7.50
The Americanization of Edward Bok
Autobiography of a Dutch Boy Fifty Years After
The famous editor of *The Ladies' Home Journal* tells his life story.
Illustrated. $5.00
Westward Ho!
By CHARLES KINGSLEY
Illustrated in color by N. C. Wyeth, Edited by Jacqueline M. Overton.
Wyeth's art adds new meaning and charm to Kingsley's immortal masterpiece. Those illustrations show this artist at his best. $2.50
The Poems of Henry van Dyke
Containing all of the poems by the gifted poet. Revised and enlarged edition.
With portrait frontispiece. $4.00
Through Central Borneo
By CARL LUMHOLTZ, M. A.
An account of two years' travel in the land of head-hunters, between 1913 and 1917.
With 96 *full-page Illustrations.* 2 *vols.* $7.50
Day Before Yesterday
Reminiscences of a Varied Life
By MAITLAND ARMSTRONG
1836-1918
Edited by His Daughter, Margaret Armstrong
Few men have had more diverse experiences than the late Mr. Armstrong. His diplomatic and art activities are recounted in these fascinating chapters.
Illustrated. $5.00
Grimm's Fairy Tales
Illustrated in Color by Elenore Plaisted Abbott
Elenore Abbott caught the spirit of the celebrated fables. Their own fascination is supplemented by these interpretative pictures. $2.50
Charles Scribner's Sons, Publishers
Fifth Avenue at 48th Street, New York

"Last of the White Magicians"



Walter de la Mare.

A Review by SCHOLEFIELD WILKINSON

POEMS, 1901 TO 1918. By Walter de la Mare. New York: Henry Holt & Co. Two volumes. $4 net.

WALTER DE LA MARE has been called "the last of the white magicians." We may well hope that he is not the last, but a magician he is, most assuredly. Just as John Masefield is a poet of the people everywhere, their echo and their answer and their inspiration, so Walter de la Mare is a poet of poets. He is also a poet for children and for all who, with unworldly wisdom, desire what poets and children desire, the strange beauty, the eerie imaginings, the quiet-toned whimsy and quaintness.

Now that we have all of his poems together, we cannot fail to realise that Mr. de la Mare has loved and celebrated all that is associated with white magic—Winter and snow and the white world they make, night and the moon and the silver world they make, twilight and shadows and their world of gray and amber and amethyst. He sings no song of the sun in the zenith. Only the oblique rays fall across the pages of his verse. His pictures are frost on the window pane, a fine, faint tracery; not fire on the hearth, a riot of hot color. He creates ghosts as real and wistful as people, and people as vague and wispy as ghosts. The ineffable detachment of spirit which belongs to his "Miss Jemima" makes her seem to be a part of the hereafter, even while she is pouring tea. Whereas his ghost, who comes in saying,

I from the roots of the dark thorn
an hither
And knock on the door,

is very much a part of now, while we read.

Mr. de la Mare is usually a little bit archaic and remote. His voice seems to come out of a stillness like that which man knew before there was a tower of Babel. It is one of his greatest achievements that he is able to share this remoteness with us, giving us a much-needed sense of happy solitude. Perhaps he believes that the world is too much with us. At any rate, he does not ask us to remain with the world. He builds a city of refuge into which we may escape.

The strictly orthodox believer in realism denies the right of the human spirit to enter a city of refuge. And the orthodox believer in fairyland denies us the right to enter any other city! Alas for orthodoxy! No lovely city of refuge can be built upon sure foundations in our minds unless the builder has looked long on reality and seen it clearly. And in the city of refuge, where not even the most favored of mortals can remain very long at a time, we gather strength to resist the world. That may be why Mr. de la Mare says:

> Put by thy days like withered flowers
> In twilight hidden away:
> Memory shall upbuild thee bowers
> Sweeter than they.

Whatever his reasons may be, one thing is certain, his artistic prescience in our modern world is so surprising that we are tempted to doubt the certainty of it when his books are not in our hands. He is a delightful anachronism. Out of our tangle of violent and discordant colors he makes his white magic, out of our jangle and clash of strident voices he brings his clear music, such lines as these:

> There blooms no bud in May
> Can for its white compare
> With snow at break of day
> On fields forlorn and bare.
>
> For shadow it hath rose,
> Azure and azethyst;
> And every air that blows
> Dies out in beauteous mist.

It hangs the frozen bough
With flowers on which the night,
Wheeling her darkness through,
Scatters a starry light.

Or, let us consider "Silver," one of the loveliest brief nocturnes in English literature:

> Slowly, silently, now the moon
> Walks the night in her silver shoon;
> This way, and that, she peers, and sees
> Silver fruit upon silver trees;
> One by one the casements catch
> Her beams beneath the silvery thatch;
> Couched in his kennel, like a log,
> With paws of silver sleeps the dog;
> From their shadowy cote the white breasts peep
> Of doves in a silver-feathered sleep;
> A harvest mouse goes scampering by,
> With silver claws and a silver eye;
> And moveless fish in the water gleam,
> By silver reeds in a silver stream.

It would be a mistake, of course, to suppose that Mr. de la Mare can see and portray nothing but such argent lovoliness. Behind and underneath such delicate use of the imagination there must always be intellectual stamina; otherwise the exquisiteness will be flimsy and unsound. Mr. de la Mare knows that the whole world is not always silvery under the moon. He is aware of spiritual ugliness in life and he is able to cope with it in poetry. He does not avoid it, as some poets of a preceding generation did, nor does he revel in it as the modern lover of the grotesque is likely to do if he is not careful. For him it is simply a part of the truth. In "Gloria Mundi" the glory of this world is shown as a "measureless beast" "fettered with worms of fear." And never have I read a more convincing description of "Idleness" than that which he gives of the old man with eyes

> sad as fishes that swim up
> And stare upon an element not theirs
> Through a thin skin of shrewish water, then
> Turn on a languid fin, and dip down, down,
> Into unplumbed, vast, ooxy deeps of dream.

In his character studies, too, we feel his perspicacity as we do not feel it in his exquisite songs. His "Characters From Shakespeare" are like small engravings in comparison with Shakespeare's heroic portraits in color. But they are not to be despised even when that comparison has been made. They show life in every line. The "Falstaff" is particularly good. Says the poet, I could not view his fatness for his soul,
Which peeped like harmless lightnings and was gone.

"Juliet's Nurse" is flavorous, too.

Her face was
Broad with sleek homely beams; her babied hands,
Ever like lighting doves.

We are told that some day she will
Lie stiff with silks of sixty thrifty years.

Of Mr. de la Mare's poems for children it is difficult to speak moderately. They are ideally good for children simply because they are so interesting that no well-read grown-up person can afford to miss them. In this they resemble "Alice in Wonderland" and all of the great classics for children. Literature that cannot give pleasure to anybody but a child is not really good enough for a child. But what child is there that would not like to meet Mr. de la Mare's old lady who went blackberry picking, "half way over from Weep to Wicking," and met a fairy who told her where to find the berries and then, when she had found them, made one small pot of jam one inch high as a thank offering to the fairy? What child would not be interested in the "fish that talked in the frying pan," in Creep and Old Shellover and Old King Caraway and the honey robbers, Gimmul and Mel? What child would not be pleased to know the truth about Miss T.?

> It's a very odd thing,
> As odd as can be,
> That whatever Miss T. eats
> Turns into Miss T.

It is among his poems for children that we find "Silver" and another of Mr. de la Mare's most charming lyrics, "Wanderers."

> Wide are the meadows of night
> And daisies are shining there,
> Tossing their lovely dews
> Lustrous and fair.
>
> And through these sweet fields go,
> Wanderers amid the stars—
> Venus, Mercury, Uranus, Neptune,
> Saturn, Jupiter, Mars.
>
> Attired in their silver, they move,
> And, circling, whisper and say,
> Fair are the blossoming meads of delight
> Through which we stray.

As an artist, Walter de la Mare is chiefly to be praised for his music. The subtlety of his rhythms is quite beyond the reach of most living poets and beyond the understanding of some of them. "The Listeners" has long been something of a problem to the academic mind even while the academic ear has enjoyed it. It does not scan as it should, somebody says, and yet it is indubitably lovely. The same thing might be said of many of his lyrics. His rhythms, be it said, are all that reveal modernity in his work. They are very modern in their personal quality, their freedom, and their subtlety.

Mr. de la Mare's diction is frequently archaic and of the kind that used to be called "poetic." He is likely to say "beauteous" instead of "beautiful" and is not afraid of such old poetic gems as "azure." In most modern poetry such diction would be objectionable, because it would not fit the personalities of the poets, nor their moods and meanings. But I have already called Mr. de la Mare an anachronism, a stranger of today, and just because he is that his diction may be said to suit his moods and meanings. Moreover, he is a fine artist in words and especially adroit in his use of adjectives. He speaks of "reverberating" flocks of birds, of his "perplexed ashes" after death, of the "antique bitterness" of the tears of Pan. In a poem about a scarecrow he says,

> The North Wind powders me with snow
> And blows me black again.

Mr. de la Mare has, of course, the faults that go with his virtues. His poorer poems echo his better ones. Reiterated cadences that are lovely when they are successful pall upon us when they fail. His poetry is sometimes obscure and sometimes not quite natural and spontaneous. But, as he says himself,

> The loveliest thing earth hath, a shadow hath,
> A dark and livelong hint of death,
> Haunting it ever till its last faint breath.
> Who, then, may tell
> The beauty of heaven's shadowless asphodel?

America's Record in the War

THE WAR WITH GERMANY. By Colonel Leonard P. Ayres, Chief of the Statistics Branch of the General Staff. Washington: Government Printing Office.

AMERICA'S part in the World War could scarcely be more succinctly presented than it is in "The War With Germany," a statistical summary of this country's effort, prepared by Colonel Leonard P. Ayres, Chief of the Statistics Branch of the General Staff, in compliance with official instructions issued by Secretary of War Baker. Indispensable is not an exaggerative adjective to apply to the value of Colonel Ayres's book to any one who has need of the significant facts and figures with respect to the military activities of the United States between April 6, 1917, and Nov. 11, 1918.

This concise record of our participation in the war is given in the form of diagrams, maps, tables of statistics and in text as clear as it is brief. The excellent arrangement of the information greatly facilitates the location of any salient fact desired. The table of contents and the index are both carefully arranged, and, in addition, there is, at the end of each chapter, a compressed summary of its contents.

Quotation of a few of the chapter headings will suffice to suggest the character and scope of the information contained within the book's 154 pages: "Four Million Men," "Six Months of Training," "Transporting 10,000 Men a Day," "Food, Clothing and Equipment," "Two Hundred Days of Battle," "Health and Casualties," "A Million Dollars an Hour," and "Some International Comparisons." The number of sub-titles under each of these chapter headings varies from half a dozen to a dozen and a half.

From a statistical table printed in the front of the book the reader learns that our armed forces totaled 4,800,000, of which number 4,000,000 were in the army. Of these 2,086,000 went overseas and 1,390,000 went into action. Fifty thousand of them were killed in action and 206,000 were wounded. The deaths in the army from disease numbered 57,500.

Many of the diagrams and statistical tables in "The War With Germany" contain comparative figures. Most of them compare the strength and achievements of the A. E. F. of one month to the A. E. F. of other months, but some of them make comparison between the American forces and those of the allies possible. Others afford opportunity for comparisons between the various divisions of our army.

One of the most arresting facts given in the book is the information that in the Civil War the Northern States spent twenty times as much money in raising the Union Army as was spent for the same purpose in the great war. "This does not mean one-twentieth of the cost per man, but that twenty times as much money was actually spent by the Northern States in the Civil War in recruiting their armies as was spent for the same purpose by the United States in the war with Germany." (P. 18.)

Perhaps the most surprising single statement found in the book is one to the effect that the percentage of desertions was higher among volunteers than among drafted men. (P. 17.)

Colonel Ayres brings home to the reader in impressive manner the terrific monetary cost of war by stating that the maintenance of our military forces cost the United States considerably more than $1,000,000 an hour for a period of twenty-five months. That statement brings realization home more forcibly than the fact that the direct cost of running the war was $22,000,000,000, or nearly enough to pay the entire cost of running the United States Government from 1791 up to April 6, 1917. Army expenditures alone, although less than two-thirds of our total war costs, are nearly equal to the value of all the gold produced in the whole world from the discovery of America up to the outbreak of the European war.

The combined war costs of Germany, Austria, Turkey and Bulgaria amounted to sixty-three billion dollars.

Two of the most striking tables in Colonel Ayres's book are those giving the casualties among the various nations engaged in the war and the number of miles of front held at different periods by each army. From the first we find that Russia's loss of men was greater than that of any other nation; her battle deaths totaled 1,700,000. Germany lost 1,600,000 men in action, France 1,385,000, Great Britain 900,000, Austria 800,000, Italy 364,000, Turkey 250,000, Serbia and Montenegro 125,000, Belgium 102,000, Rumania 100,000, Bulgaria 100,000, the United States 50,300, Greece 7,000, and Portugal 2,000. From the other table it appears that from January to November, 1918, France at all times held more miles of the front line than the army of any other nation. In fact, during that entire period she held considerably more than half of the entire western front. England and the United States each holding a little less than a quarter. From the middle of August to the end of the war American divisions held a front longer than that held by the British.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

The Best Thing Money Can Buy For Your Child's Christmas



YOUR BOY AND GIRL are looking forward eagerly to Christmas morning in the hope that Santa Claus will bring them THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE, *The Children's Encyclopaedia.* It will come into thousands of homes on that day. The children themselves are begging for it and every father and mother in this broad land knows that it is the ONE GREAT GIFT in the home where there are children to be helped in the important task of getting acquainted with the great world of knowledge, and who need to be guided in their reading and daily occupations.

This wonderful work in your home means help and happiness.

THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE

THE CHILDREN'S ENCYCLOPAEDIA

10,000 Educational Pictures **350 Colored Plates** **Complete Index**

Education Made Easy

The 16 Great Departments, *Nature, Science, History, Biography, Astronomy, Physiology, Art, Poetry, Literature, and Educational Occupations,* contain the important, interesting and authentic knowledge of the world, fascinatingly illustrated, and beautifully and briefly explained. They form *the simplest system of universal knowledge,* which enables the child to grasp quickly and easily the things which he needs to know and saves years of the old grinding memory method. THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE *educates.* It draws out the mental powers, it quickens and stimulates the interest. Let a child of ten read this wonderful work for fifteen minutes a day, and at fifteen he will know more about the earth and the life on it than the wisest men knew a few generations ago. Let your child be one of those to whom the Twentieth Century brings its most wonderful gift. *It is the best thing money can buy for your child's Christmas.*

Develops Every Faculty

THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE is the perfect answer to the urgent demand for more delightful and wholesome and nourishing books in the home. It opens the doors of the great world of knowledge in which the child finds himself a stranger, with his hungry mind, vivid imagination and endless energy. This wonderful educational book for the young develops every faculty of the child's growing mind and satisfies the longings of his heart. Its *10,000* striking illustrations, many in natural colors, form a brilliant picture gallery of the world of beauty, power and wonder, and the lessons which they teach will never be forgotten. THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE is the first to use in the home the modern method of teaching by pictures. It makes learning the delight that it ought to be and turns the grinding task of getting an education into the joy of daily discovering something new and wonderful.

Only One Week to Christmas

But There Is Still Time to Order—If You Act NOW
Send the Coupon, Write or Telephone
Do Not Disappoint the Children—ACT AT ONCE
Mail the Coupon for the Free Book

The FREE BOOK contains 82 pages, 140 pictures, the contents of all the great departments, and 350 questions answered in the Wonder Section, and a number of brief articles showing the method of teaching the child most difficult subjects quickly and easily. Send for this FREE BOOK and the secret will be yours. Let the children decide.

The Grolier Society, 2 West 45th St., New York. Tel. 200 Vanderbilt

YOUR NAME, PLEASE
Mail the FREE COUPON NOW

THE GROLIER SOCIETY
2 West 45th Street, New York

Please mail descriptive book containing specimen pages and illustrations from THE BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE, and explaining the use and meaning of the work.

Name.....

Address.....

T-12-19-20

Sunday,
December 19, 1920

The New York Times

Rotogravure
Picture Section
In Two Parts
4





LOUIS XIII. OF FRANCE, TAKING EQUESTRIAN LESSONS.
This and Accompanying Reproductions Show the Most Famous of the Gobelins of the Hapsburg Dynasty, Considered by Art Critics the Most Exquisite Collection of Its Kind in the World, the Product of the Golden Age of Tapestry. Only on the Rarest Occasions Before the War Could Some of Them Be Seen; Now They Have Been Pawned to Dutch Financiers for 60,000 Tons of American Wheat to Feed a Starving People.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



(Times Wide World Photos.)

EMPEROR JOSEPH II. OF AUSTRIA.

Priceless Gobelin Tapestries of the Austrian Imperial Family Now Pawned for American Pottage

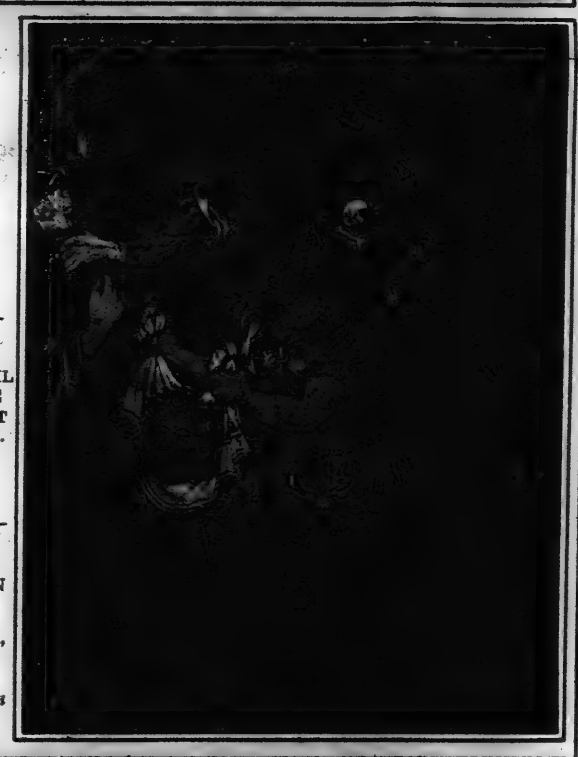


"THE FLIGHT OF AENEAS AND DIDO INTO THE CAVE."

LEFT:—"AUTUMN," A DETAIL OF THE HARVEST SEASON.

RIGHT:—"THE PASSION OF CHRIST."

(Times Wide World Photos.)





"NIGHT." *(Times Wide World Photos.)*



"TRIUMPHANT RETURN OF THE ROMAN VICTOR." *(Times Wide World Photos.)*



KING CHRISTIAN X. OF DENMARK, THE QUEEN, AND THEIR NIECE, THE PRINCESS MARGARET,
Arriving at Gravesend, England, for the Celebration of the Seventy-sixth Birthday Anniversary of Queen Alexandra.
Princess Margaret, According to Dispatches From London, Is Queen Alexandra's Choice as the Bride of the Prince of Wales, and Consequently as the Future Queen of England.
(Times Wide World Photos.)

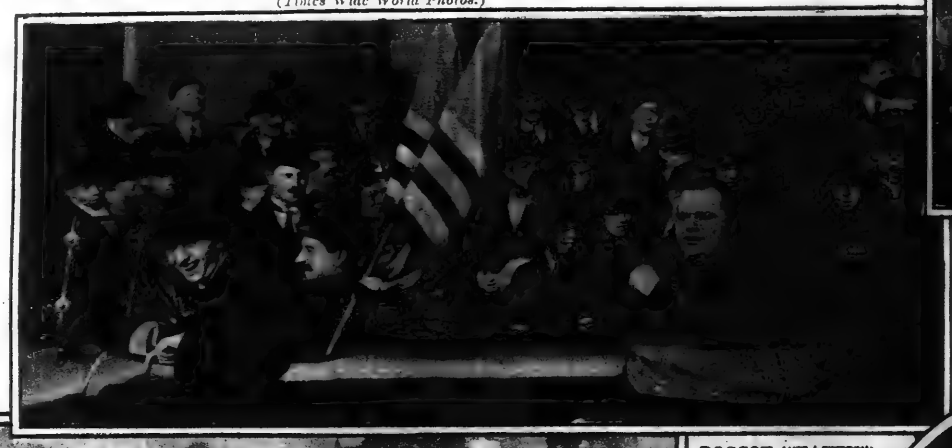


JOHN BURKE,
TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES,
With More Money in His Strong Box Than Any Other Human Being in the World, Patronizing a Pushcart Potato Man in the Course of His Daily Marketing for the Burke Household.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



MISS EDNA JONES,
Whose Engagement to the Second Son of the Rt. Hon. David Lloyd George, British Prime Minister, Has Been Reported in the London Newspapers.
(Times Wide World Photos.)





MARSHAL PETAIN SHOOTING RABBITS
at the Recent Presidential Shotgun Contest at Rambouillet, Near Paris.
(Times Wide World Photos.)





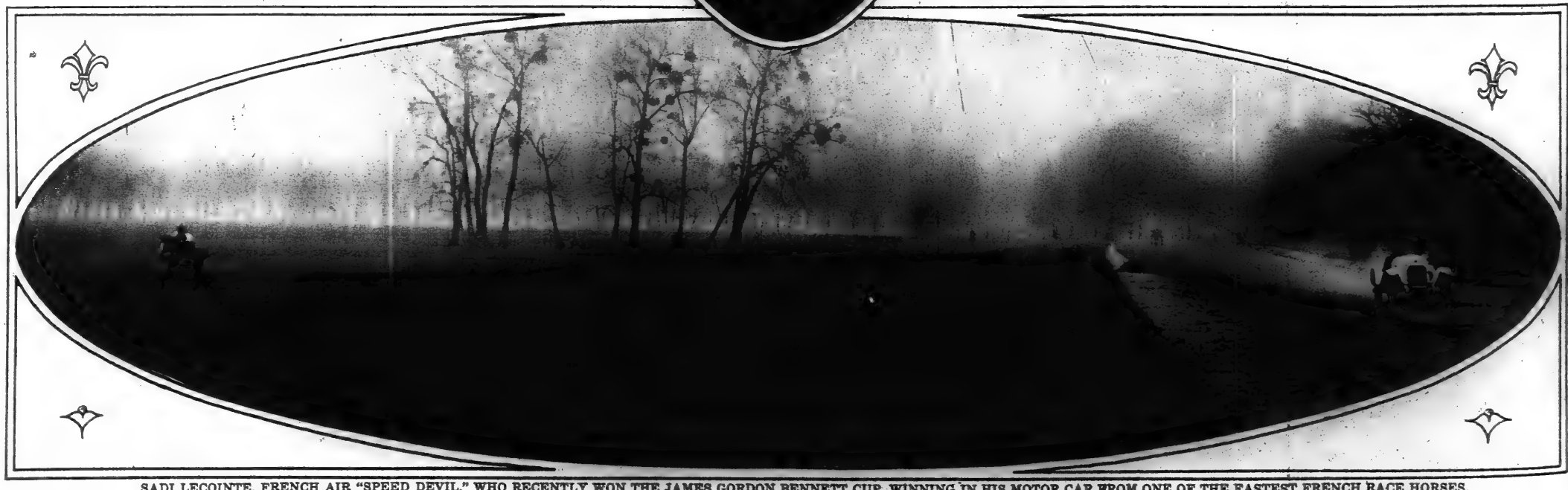
ROSCOE ("FATTY") ARBUCKLE, AMERICAN MOTION PICTURE COMEDIAN,
Leaving the Gare St. Lazare for His Hotel on His Recent Arrival in Paris, Where He Was Hailed at Every Turn by French "Movie" Fans.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



THE NEW "SIDE-BY-SIDE" SIDE-CAR,
One of the Novelties of the Motorcycle and Cycle Show Now Being Held at the Olympia, London. *(Times Wide World Photos.)*

PROFESSOR AUGUST KROGH
of Copenhagen, Awarded the 1920 Nobel Prize for Medicine, Estimated at $40,000.
(Times Wide World Photos.)

HUGH C. WALLACE, AMERICAN AMBASSADOR AT PARIS,
Taking Part in the Presidential Shooting Matches at Rambouillet.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



SADI LECOINTE, FRENCH AIR "SPEED DEVIL," WHO RECENTLY WON THE JAMES GORDON BENNETT CUP, WINNING IN HIS MOTOR CAR FROM ONE OF THE FASTEST FRENCH RACE HORSES, Having Given the Horse a Flying Start and a Lead of 550 Yards While Starting His Car From a Standstill, the Event, Which Interested All Paris, Taking Place at the French Cavalry Training Ground at Bagatelle.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



"THE TOILET OF VENUS," BY FRANCOIS BOUCHER,
Which Now Passes to the Metropolitan Museum of Art Through the Bequest of W. K. Vanderbilt. It Was Painted for Mme. de Pompadour in 1751, and Hung in Her Bathroom.
(Metropolitan Museum of Art.)



THE NEW GERMAN GIANT ZEPPELIN, BODENSEE,
Which With Her Sister Craft, the Nordstern, Has Been Demanded by the Allies From the German Government to Replace Aircraft Destroyed by the Germans.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



SIR HAMAR GREENWOOD,
Chief Secretary for Ireland, and Lady Greenwood on Their Way to Westminster Abbey to Attend the Funeral of British Officers Recently Slain in Irish Outbreaks.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



CITIZENS OF MILWAUKEE AND HIGH FRENCH CIVIL AND MILITARY OFFICIALS, INCLUDING MARSHAL FOCH,
Standing at the Base of the Kléber Statue at Strasbourg During the Playing of the Marseillaise Immediately After Citizens of Milwaukee Had Presented to the City of Strasbourg a Bas-Relief Tablet of La Marseillaise.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



DR. SEITZ, PRESIDENT OF THE AUSTRIAN REPUBLIC,
Conversing With Foreign Representatives at the Recent Inauguration in Vienna of the New Flag of the Republic, the Conspicuous Feature of Which Is the Single-Headed Eagle, All the Allied Governments Being Represented at the Ceremonies. *(Times Wide World Photos.)*



GEORGES LEYGUES, FRENCH PREMIER,
Met at Victoria Station, London, by the Rt. Hon. David Lloyd George, British Prime Minister, for the Premiers' Recent Conference in London on the Turn of Affairs in Greece.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



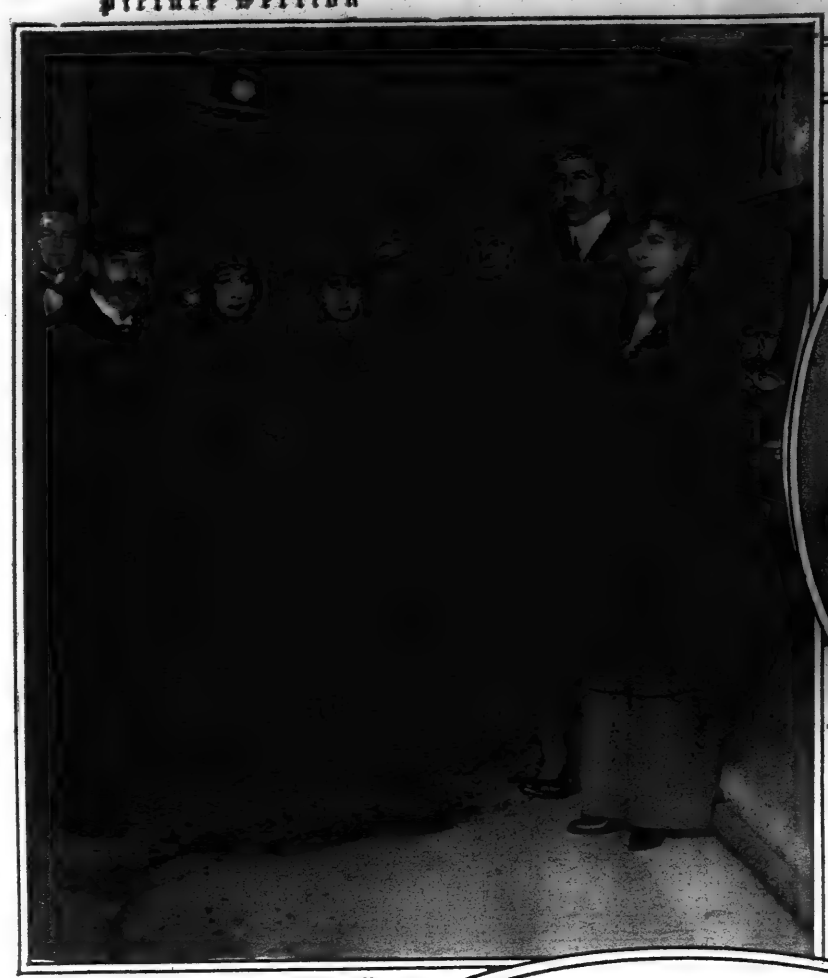
MARIA ASCARRA,
in "Spanish Love," at the Maxine Elliott Theatre, Wearing a Wrap Made From a Matador's Cape, Thrown From the Bull Ring in Madrid to Her Mother by a Victorious Matador.
(Bachrach.)



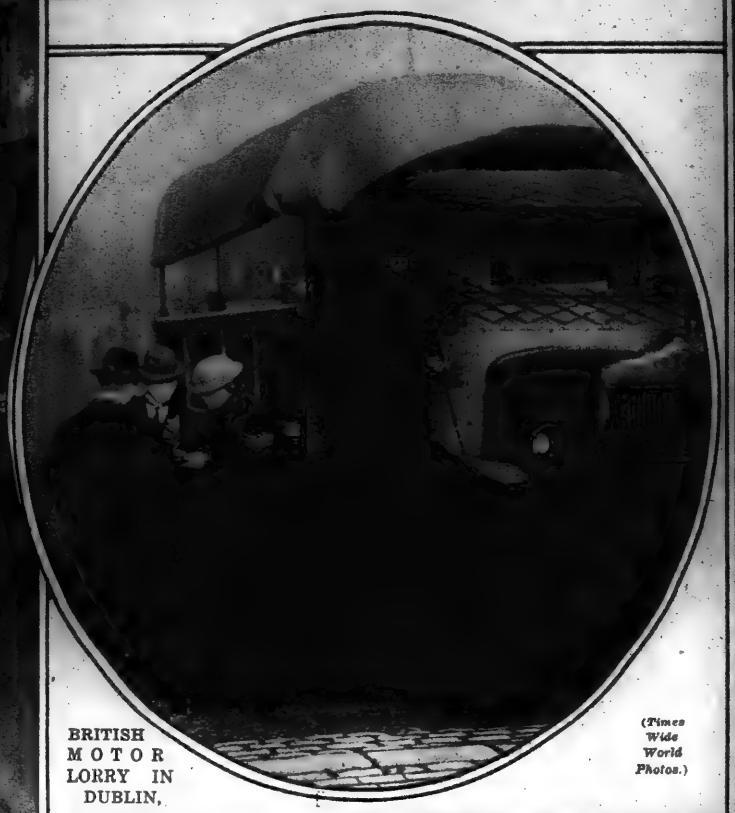
SCENE OUTSIDE OF THE CATHEDRAL OF DURHAM, ENGLAND, AFTER THE FASHIONABLE BUT DEMOCRATIC WEDDING OF LORD LONDONDERRY'S DAUGHTER TO LORD DERBY'S SON,
Lady Maureen Helen Vane-Tempest Stewart Becoming the Bride of the Honorable Oliver Stanley. *(Times Wide World Photos.)*



ARTURO TOSCANINI,
Formerly Conductor at the Metropolitan Opera House, and Now at La Scala Opera House, Milan, Arriving in New York, Bringing With Him His Italian Orchestra of Ninety-eight Musicians for a Tour of the United States.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



THREE QUEENS AND A PAIR OF KINGS: A SCENE AT THE LONDON ADVERTISING EXHIBITION ATTENDED BY MEMBERS OF THE ROYAL FAMILIES OF ENGLAND AND DENMARK.
In the Group, Left to Right, Are: King George V., Queen Mother Alexandra, Who Recently Passed Her 76th Birthday; Princess Mary, the Queen of Norway; Princess Victoria, Queen of Denmark, and Queen Mary of England.
(Times Wide World Photos)



BRITISH MOTOR LORRY IN DUBLIN,
Showing the New Steel Mesh for the Protection of the Driver From Missiles Thrown by Hostile Mobs.
(Times Wide World Photos.)

(Times Wide World Photos.)







THE SEA HORNET NO. 2, MIDGET TORPEDO BOAT FOR COAST DEFENSE,
and in More Senses Than One Newest Addition to the U. S. Navy, on Her Trial Trip in Long Island Sound Immediately After Launching.
(Rosenfeld.)

BRITAIN'S UNEMPLOYED, MANY OF THEM EX-SERVICE MEN, CHEERING THEMSELVES
on Recently Capturing the Edmonton Town Hall, Which They Refuse to Surrender Until Employment Is Found for Them.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



"MAGNATES" OF THE AMERICAN BASEBALL WORLD
Holding Their First Conference in New York With the New Dictator of Baseball, Judge Kenesaw Mountain Landis. In the Group, Seated Left to Right, Are: Judge Landis and Tom Shibe; Standing: Garry Herrmann, Jim Dunn, Barney Dreyfuss and "Squire" Charles Ebbets.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



MISCHA ELMAN,
VIOLIN VIRTUOSO,
MATCHING HIS WITS WITH SAMUEL RZESCHEWSKI OVER THE CHESS BOARD.



IRELAND'S FIGHTING SPIRIT FLA... VEN F...
of the Tenement Section of Dublin Cheering a Sinn Fe... Arreste...
(Times Wide World Photos.)



NOVEL FAN COSTUME
Worn By Miss Ella Retford at the Recent Albert Hall Ball, London.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



PRESIDENT-ELECT WARREN G. HARDING SURROUNDED BY LEADING ELKS FROM MANY PARTS OF THE UNITED S...
President-Elect Harding and the Chief Ma...
(G...





(Times Wide World Photos.)

HANDS UP! BRITISH SOLDIERS

Going Through the Pockets of Youths for Weapons at the Entrance of the Drumcondra Bridge, Dublin.
(Times Wide World Photos.)





IRISH YOUTH AND AGE KNEELING TOGETHER BESIDE THE GRAVES OF CLANCY AND McKEE,
Sinn Fein Prisoners Recently Shot and Killed When Attempting to Escape from the British Guardroom in Dublin.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



BRITISH AUXILIARY CHIEF WEDS IN TROUBLED IRELAND: MAJOR LORRAINE KING,
Commander of the British Auxiliary Forces in Dublin and His Bride, Formerly Miss Helen Gilbert, Only Daughter of Lieutenant Colonel Gilbert, D. S. O., Leaving the Monkstown Parish Church, County Dublin, Under an Arch of Bayonets.
(© Central News Service.)

MAY BECOME THE WASHINGTON HOME OF PRESIDENT WILSON: RESIDENCE OF CONGRESSMAN ALVIN T. FULLER,
of Massachusetts, 1241 Wyoming Avenue, N. W., for the Purchase of Which, Washington Dispatches Say, the President Is Negotiating.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



VEN FROM THE CRADLE: CHILDREN
Arrested and About to be Carted Off by British Soldiers.
Photos.)



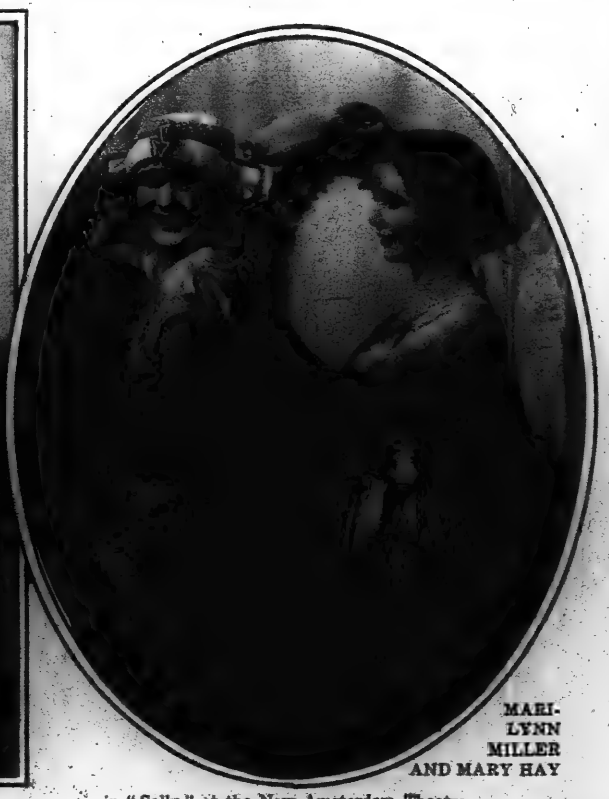
MISS ELIZABETH ROSEMARY LACK,
Unanimously Chosen as the Most Beautiful Girl in Long Beach, California, to Play the Leading Role in Southern California's Celebration of the Pilgrim Fathers' Landing at Plymouth Rock, Held at Long Beach on Last Thursday and Friday.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



"WANTED—THE MOST BEAUTIFUL GIRLS IN LONDON": RESPONSE TO A RECENT ADVERTISEMENT
in a London Paper for the Prettiest Girls in the City to Become Manikins for the Forthcoming West End Fashion Show.



HERED AT THE ELKS NATIONAL HOME, BEDFORD CITY, VIRGINIA, FOR THE ANNUAL ELKS MEMORIAL EXERCISES.
of the Elks Order Appear in the Central Foreground.
Wide World Photos.)



MARILYNN MILLER AND MARY HAY
in "Sally," at the New Amsterdam Theatre.
(White.)



SOME OF THE 8,500,000 HUNGRY CHILDREN OF CENTRAL EUROPE: GROUP IN BERLIN WAITING BEFORE AN AMERICAN RELIEF STATION FOR THEIR MID-DAY SOUP, HOT, THICK, AND MEATY.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



HOLBROOK BLINN AS PANCHO LOPEZ
in "The Bad Man," at the Comedy Theatre.
(Abbe.)



(Fairchild.)

RUTH CHATTERTON
In the Forthcoming Production of "Mary Rose," at the Empire Theatre.





GRACE KEESHON
in "The Passing Show of 1920," Coming to the Winter Garden in Christmas Week.
(Campbell Studios.)



HENRY HULL AND ALMA TELL
in "When We Are Young," at the Broadhurst Theatre.
(White.)

SMART RACE FROCK FROM PARIS,
in Brown Taffeta and Lace, Worn With High Boots. Designed by Lucille.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



CANTOR JOSEPH ROSENBLATT GIVES A PRODIGY PARTY, NONE OF HIS GUESTS BEING MORE THAN TWELVE YEARS OLD AND ALL ALREADY WIDELY KNOWN FOR THEIR ACCOMPLISHMENTS.
In the Group Are the Hilger Sisters, Mary, Margaret, and Elsie, All Musicians; Miss Mathilda Locus, Pianist; Ruth and Florence Stern, Respectively, Singer and Violinist; Samuel Kramer, Violinist; Samuel Rzeschewski, Chess Marvel; the Wellerson Twins, at the Extreme Right; the Muckeys, Floyd and Marjorie, and Their Host, Cantor Rosenblatt. (Times Wide World Photos.)



Christmas Gifts for Baby

No Christmas Gift is more appreciated by a Mother than something pretty and useful for her Baby Here, or the Baby-to-come.

Unusually Moderately Priced

Coats	3.95 to 30.95
Sweater Sets	4.95 to 16.50
Dresses	.95 to 35.00
Kimonos	.95 to 16.50
Bassinettes	19.45 to 80.00
Nursery Baskets	1.65 to 12.95
Baby Scales	12.50 to 24.50
Baby Cribs	6.95 to 115.00

Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention — Out-of-Town Customers Write Dept. L-1 for Style Book.

Lane Bryant
21-23 W. 38th St. N. Y.

A MIGEL SILK
"MOON-GLO"

Fashionette
The Invisible Hair Net
Colonial Quality
Samstag's New York
1200 Broadway

PRIMA DONNA

Kayser
"ITALIAN" SILK UNDERWEAR
Marvelfit
Vests, Knickers, Union Suits, Petticoat-Knickers, Camisoles.

BOURJOIS
ASHES OF ROSES
A French hand-made rouge, made in a variety of styles and sizes.
No. 86 above illustrated, 50c
A BOURJOIS & CO. INC

Gloves

PENIKEES SILKS

The old plantation flavor has made it the most popular molasses in America.

Brer Rabbit Molasses

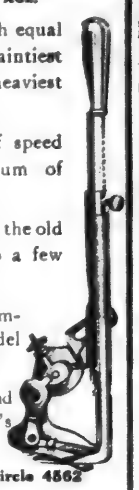
DAGGETT & RAMSDELL

KODAKS
Films - Developing
Printing - Enlarging
Manhattan Photo Supply Co. Inc
7 W. 32nd Street N.Y.C.

MARVEL

Embroiderer
Price $5.50

"ONE OF THE GREAT INVENTIONS OF THE AGE."



Embroiders with equal facility the daintiest lingerie or the heaviest velour.

A maximum of speed with a minimum of effort.

A year's work in the old way reduced to a few hours.

Our new and improved 1921 model now ready.

Demonstrated and sold at the world's leading stores.

Telephone Circle 4862

MARVEL NEEDLEKRAFT WORKS
Dept. M-10 620 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

MARVEL

FITTING THE NARROW FOOT



SHOECRAFT

WHEN snow is under foot and chill winter winds sweep about one's ankles, even then walking can be a pleasure provided one is properly and adequately shod in a boot like that pictured. Snug-fitting at heel, so that the foot steps surely. Brown Russia calf. Tax, 65c; price. **$16.50**

Post prepaid. Fit guaranteed. Send for Folders A-10, showing women's and children's shoes.

SHOECRAFT SHOP
27 WEST 38TH STREET
Between Fifth and Sixth Avenues

WIDTHS AAAA TO E - LENGTHS 1 TO 10



Advance Spring Taffeta Frock
35.00

This advanced Spring model was purchased at the new low-level prices: tastefully developed with a georgette overskirt to match, ornamented with taffeta ruffles and edged with silver thread; it has new French sleeves. Colors: Navy, Brown, Black or Gray.

Sizes 14 to 38.

Mail Orders Given Prompt and Satisfactory Attention.

ROBINSON'S
25 WEST 42ND ST





Visit our Salesrooms and permit us to assist you select
Real Appropriate
Yuletide Gifts
FROM OUR LINE OF
WOODFIBRE LAMPS
Art Objects and Lighting Fixtures
DISTINCTION · ARTISTRY and VERY MODERATE PRICES ARE THE FEATURES OF OUR LINE
FALKENBACH MFG. CO. INC
159 East 54th St., New York PHONE PLAZA 7017



Widdicomb Chippendale Art Phonograph

The Widdicomb is the ideal Christmas gift for every member of the family, bringing joy and happiness to the home throughout the entire year.

See Special Xmas Display

In artistic period designs the Widdicomb will be in perfect harmony with the surroundings of the most luxuriously furnished home.

As a musical instrument it has no close rival, for the Widdicomb Tone Amplifying Chamber assures a true reproduction of the original.

In the Widdicomb phonograph you may feel confident that you are securing a phonograph of the highest quality; unequalled in tone; distinctive in appearance and richer in special features than any other phonograph on the market.

First see the machines. Then hear them play all makes of records. We feel certain that in no other phonograph will you be able to find so great a value as the Widdicomb offers.

Dealers Everywhere
Ask for Demonstration

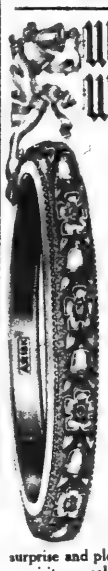
THE WIDDICOMB FURNITURE COMPANY
Grand Rapids, Mich. Fine Furniture Designers since 1865.
New York Office—105 West 40th St. (33)

Please send me the new catalog showing the Widdicomb Period Art Phonographs.

Name.....

Address.....

.....



Wedding Bells Wedding Rings

A symbol of the wedding Day, perpetuating for all time joyous wedding bells and the blossoms worn by the Bride. Tiny bells alternating with dainty orange blossoms, carved with artistry and skill upon her ring as they are upon her heart. These beautifully significant hand-carved wedding rings are now on display.

Platinum $35.00 to $50.00; Platinum diamond set $95.00 to $145.00; Yellow, Green or White Gold 14k. $12.00; 18k. $14.00. Initials and date engraved free. Catalog free.

WEDDING GIFTS

Wedding, groom and brides-maids gifts in diamonds, platinum diamond set, gold jewelry, sterling or plated silver, at prices which will surprise and please. Write for free catalog or visit our salesrooms.

CHAS. L. TROUT CO.,
Second Floor
170 Broadway—2 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

A Life-Like Doll that Talks and Walks



THIS beautiful doll looks and acts just like a real year-old child and cries "Ma-ma" in a voice so natural you want to hug her. Her body is soft, like a plump youngster's. She toddles like a child just learning. Price in rompers, as pictured, 18 in. size, $10.50; 21 in., $12.50. In white baby clothes 50c more.

Also a big 28 in. tall girl doll (with long curls) that walks with a hearty, swinging gait, $14.00, dress complete. A real playmate.

Also a Walking Ape, 28 in. tall—imported from Spain, in scarlet coat and evening clothes. A plaything for boys and girls. Price $15.50.

Playthings for everybody., Write for catalog.

Manhattan Doll Co., Inc.
741 Fifth Ave., New York.



Louis Amberg & Son
MAKERS OF AMBERG DOLLS
THE WORLD STANDARD



Betty Wales
DRESS SHOP
394 FIFTH AVE
BAER BROS. CO., INC.

BUXTON
TRADE MARK

KEY KASE
Saves Your Pockets

Fits vest or hip pocket or lady's handbag without bulging.

Flat Smooth Neat

The NEW GIFT
for his or her Xmas

Each hook holds two keys. 4, 6 or 8 hooks; steel or gold plated. All leathers.



Sold by NEW YORK DEALERS

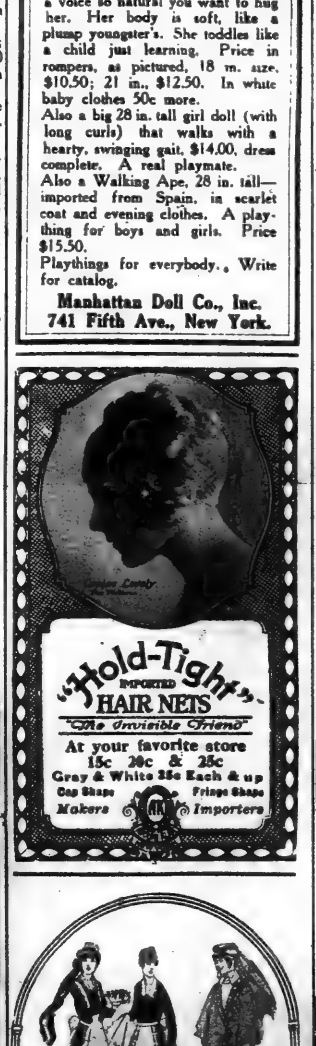
Up to $2.75

Rated Dealers Wanted.

L. A. W. NOVELTY CO., Mfrs.
Dept. T, Springfield, Mass.









Exclusive specialists in Nurses and Maids' Uniforms.
Send for Catalog T-19
129 East 34th St., New York



GOMI'S PAGODA INCENSE

Imparts a delicate and pleasing odor to the room. At Macy's, Arnold Constable, Lord & Taylor, Stern Bros., H. C. F. Koch and Department, Chinese, Japanese and fancy goods stores everywhere. If not at your dealer send 75c for 2 oz. box; sample 6c.

T. D. GOMI, 3 E. 17th St., N. Y.



Francis
Permanent wave Specialist-Trained
PERMANENT WAVES

By a special steam process we first wash your hair, and then while it is still wet put in the permanent waves. Waving by Monsieur Thomas, Expert. $20, all over the head; or $1 per curl.

Six-Month Guarantee

FRANCIS, 8 West 37th Street
Authority on Hair





Bohn Syphon Refrigerator

If you want a *real* Refrigerator, don't think of buying until you see the Bohn Syphon, the world's standard.



Bohn Refrigerator Shops,
53 W. 42d St., N. Y.
913 Broad St., Newark

BONWIT TELLER & CO
The Specialty Shop of Originations
Exclusive Apparel For Women & Misses
FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET, NEW YORK

His grace of character and his manliness, in one portrait.

PIRIE MacDONALD
Photographer of Men
576 FIFTH AV. COR. 47TH ST.



MASTER MECHANIC for Serious Foot and Leg TROUBLE—Also for the Maimed.

Most well known for his technical skill and experience; widely known as the Master ORTHOPEDIC MECHANIC, it will be a revelation to every CRIPPLE to visit his workshop and make the acquaintance and get particulars from

No Competition

MAX ENGLER, 2134 3rd Ave., New York.
Bet. 116th & 117th Sts. Sub. & L Station.
INTRICATE CASES A SPECIALTY.

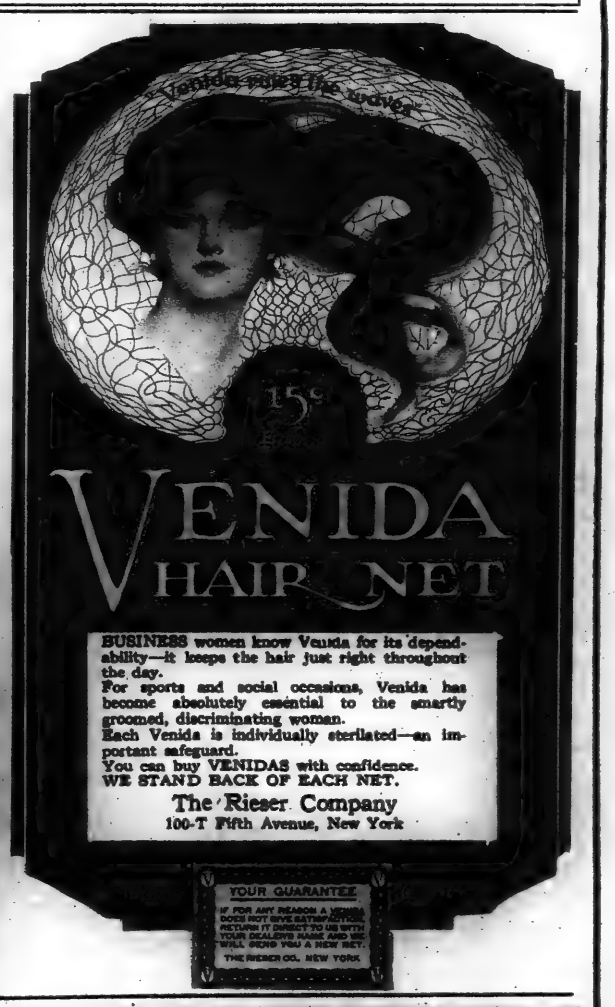
What Is an Aladdinette?

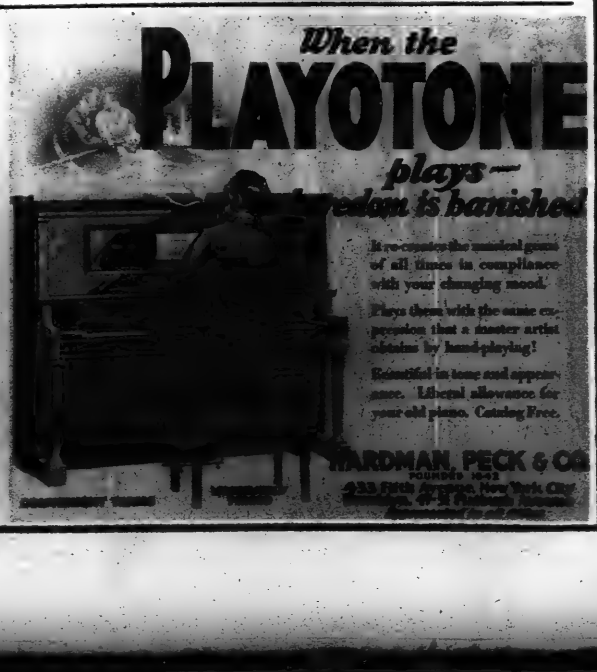
$2000.00 worth of Home Comfort, Utility and Value for $1070.65—a detached apartment home.

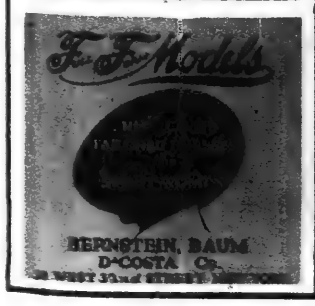
Send for our Illustrated Book of Homes No. 2074

THE ALADDIN CO.
Bay City, Mich.









IMPERIAL GRANUM
Food *for the* Nursing Mother

increases the quantity and quality of her milk and gives strength to bear the strain of nursing.

For the BABY

Imperial Granum is the Food that gives hard, firm flesh, good bone and rich, red blood.

Sold by All Druggists.



Holiday Suggestions
HENRY HESSE
399 Sixth Avenue
24-25 Sts., New York City.

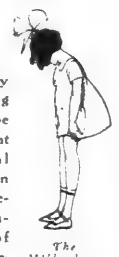


Worsted Knit Sports Goods, Sweaters, Golf Hose, Vests, Gloves, Toques, Scarfs, Skating Caps, Knit Jackets.

French Tapestries in petit point from $8.95 to $189.00 each, a wonderful collection just arrived. Columbia and Good Shepherd Yarns.

MILLER KINS

SHOES FOR GIRLS OF ALL AGES



They correctly guide growing feet, and may be had in piquant and practical styles of plain color or distinctive combinations, all of which are characteristic of the I. Miller standard of quality.

The Millerkins book mailed on request.

I. MILLER
15 West 42nd Street

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT



"—and Mince Pie"

A good luncheon or dinner begins with a lot of things that lead up to a None Such Mince Pie.

Even in the days when housewives went through all the drudgery of preparing mince meat, their mince pies were considered well worth while.

But now we do nine-tenths of the work in our model kitchens, sterilizing the fruits before cooking, and leaving only the finishing touches for you to add.

None Such Mince Meat saves you all the work of cooking the wide variety of choice ingredients that go into None Such, and the ingredients used in None Such Mince Meat are the best obtainable.

Of course, good cooks often try to make something better, but the proof of a splendid dinner still remains a delicious, wholesome pie made of None Such Mince Meat, and baked in your kitchen or by your baker.

You add no sugar to None Such—the sugar is in it.

Thursday is None Such Mince Pie Day
and as such is observed nationally.

MERRELL-SOULE SALES CORPORATION, Syracuse, N. Y.
NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT, Ltd., Toronto, Canada



BEEF



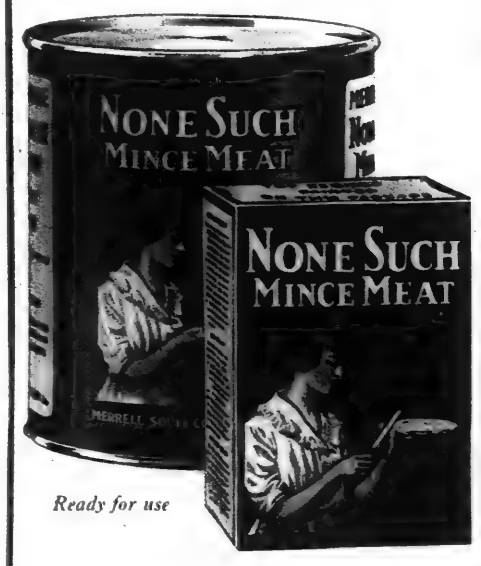
APPLES and RAISINS



ORANGE and LEMON PEEL

BAKERS—

None Such Mince Meat is put up in 5-lb. packages, condensed, and No. 10 tins (7¾ lbs.) ready for use, for bakers, restaurants, hotels, etc. Write for service and selling plan.



Ready for use

Condensed

CIDER and VINEGAR



SUGAR and SPICES

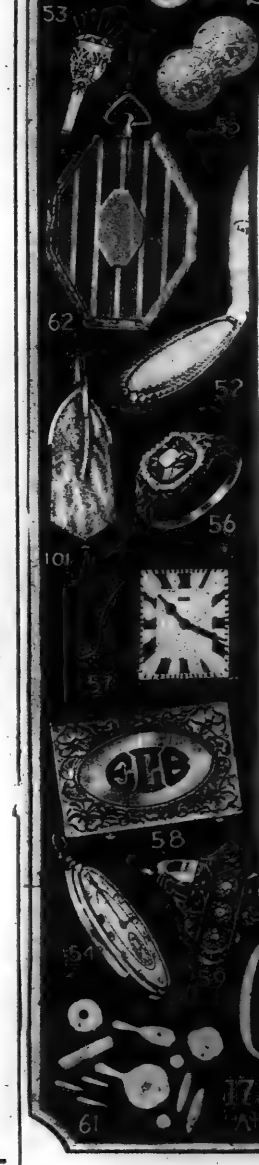


HOUBIGANT

IDEAL



Suggestions & Special Offers



Bennett Gift Specials

The articles shown here are only a few of the wonderful values prevailing in our entire Christmas stock:

50—La Boheme Pearl 14 k. Gold Scarf Pin, $3.50; with diamond, $10.

51—Diamond Platinum Wedding Ring with 5 diamonds, $50; 10 diamonds, $95; 22 diamonds, $190.

52—La Tausca Pearls, 18 in., $7.50, $12.75, $25, $37.50.

53—Latest Style Platinum Diamond Solitaire, $150, $200, $250, $300.

54—Special Thin Model Elgin or Waltham Watches, $18.50; others, $8—$500.

55—14-Kt. Solid Gold Cuff Links, $6.75; same, Platinum top, $19.

56—Real Aquamarine 14-Kt. White and Green Gold, $15.

57—8-day Boudoir, Desk and Traveling Clocks, $20, $25, $35.

58—Sterling Silver Belt Buckle, $2.50, $3.50, $5.00; Solid Gold, $15 to $25.

59—Dinner Ring, 11 diamonds, $125. Others, $25 to $500.

60—14-Kt. White Gold Ladies' Wrist Watch, looks like Platinum, $30.75; Sterling Silver, $18.50.

61—11-piece Madame Du Barry Ivory Set, $28.50.

62—Sterling Silver Sautoir Locket, $2. Others to $15.

101—Silver Plated Mesh Bag, $15.75; Green Gold Finish, $17.50; Sterling Silver, $30.75.

Many specials in diamonds and jewelry. Remarkable prices.

ORDER NOW

Don't risk delay. You get Savings worth while at Bennett's, and our long-established reputation for reliability and Written Guarantee protect you. Call or write! Dealers supplied.

Bennett Mfg. Co. Inc.
Bennett Bros.
175 Broadway 2nd floor
At Maryland Mansions

The New York Times



THE PRINCE OF WALES STARTING OUT WITH THE FIELD: HEIR TO THE BRITISH THRONE,
Now on Vacation From Official Duties After His Strenuous Trip to the South Seas, and Dressed to the Last Minute in England's Showy Garb of the Chase, Leaving North Kilworth for a Gala Run With the Pitchley Hounds.
(© Central News.)



THE
NEW SWISS
SPORT SKIRT,
Which Unbuttons and Folds Back, Permitting the Wearer to Guide the Toboggan With Ease.
(© Central News.)



WINTER SPORTS AGAIN HOLD SWAY OVER SWITZERLAND: PICTURESQUE SKI-ERS STARTING FOR A DAY'S FUN.
(© Central News.)



SWISS SOLDIERS OPENING THE SKI FESTIVAL AT ANDERMATT.
(Times Wide World Photos.)





THE NEW FRENCH LEATHER AUTOMOBILE HAT,
Wind and Dust Proof, With Removable Goggles.
(Times Wide World Photos.)

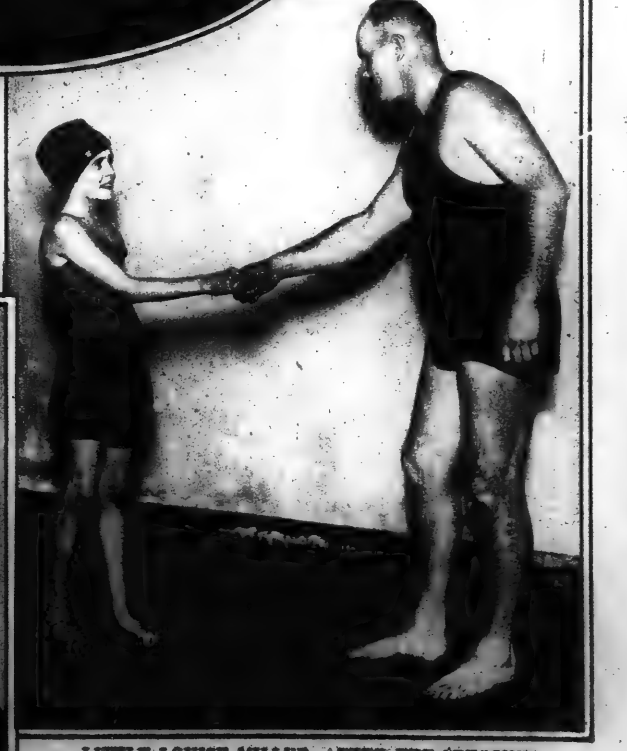


FIRST WINNERS OF THE FRENCH 25,000 FRANC PRIZE FOR THE LARGEST FAMILY: PAPA AND MAMMA TOURNY
of Savoisy, Cote-d'Or, and Nine of Their Nineteen Living Children.

THE CLEMENCEAU FOLDING HAT
of Velvet and Panne, Designed to Replace the Top Hat for Evening Wear.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



NEW YORK'S NEW GOVERNOR HAS HIS OWN LIFE-SAVER: LOUISE MILLER,
Ten Years Old, Daughter of Governor-Elect Nathan L. Miller, Qualifying at a Public Exhibition in Syracuse as a Full-Fledged Live Saver by "Rescuing" Captain Frederick C. Mills, Director of the Red Cross Life-Saving Bureau, Atlantic Division. Louise Weighs Seventy-five Pounds, Captain Mills 190 Pounds.



LITTLE LOUISE MILLER, AFTER THE "RESCUE,"
Receiving the Congratulations of the Rescued, Captain Mills.



"HERE'S TO ST. CATHERINE," PATRONESS AND GUARDIAN ANGEL OF ALL THE OLD MAIDS OF FRANCE: GIRLS

Who Own to Being Twenty-five and Hopeless of Ever Finding Husbands Donning the Old Maids' Cap and Drinking Their Vin Ordinaire in Honor of the Good Saint in a Cafe in the Rue de la Paix.

(Times Wide World Photos.)





"WHIPPENDELL OF THE SNOWS,"
First Prize Winning Poodle at the Show of the Ladies' Kennel Association at the Royal Horticultural Hall, Westminster, London.
(© Central News.)



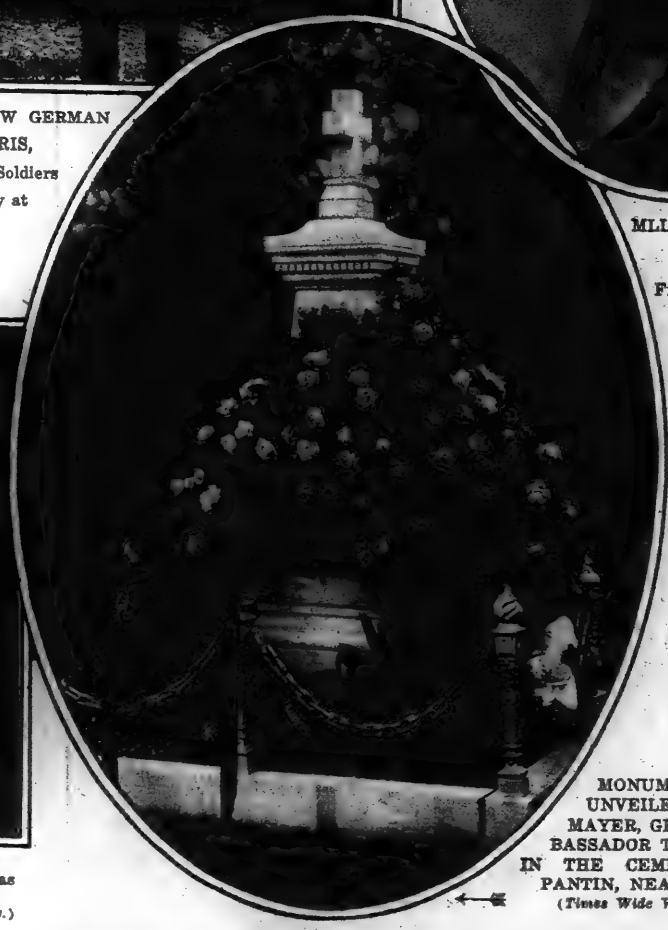
MRS. MURIEL MacSWINEY,
Widow of the Lord Mayor of Cork, Leaving the Home of P. A. Drury, Washington, to Attend Church.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



DR. WILHELM MAYER, NEW GERMAN AMBASSADOR IN PARIS,
Visiting the Graves of German Soldiers Buried in the Military Cemetery at Pantin, Near Paris.
(Times Wide World Photos.)

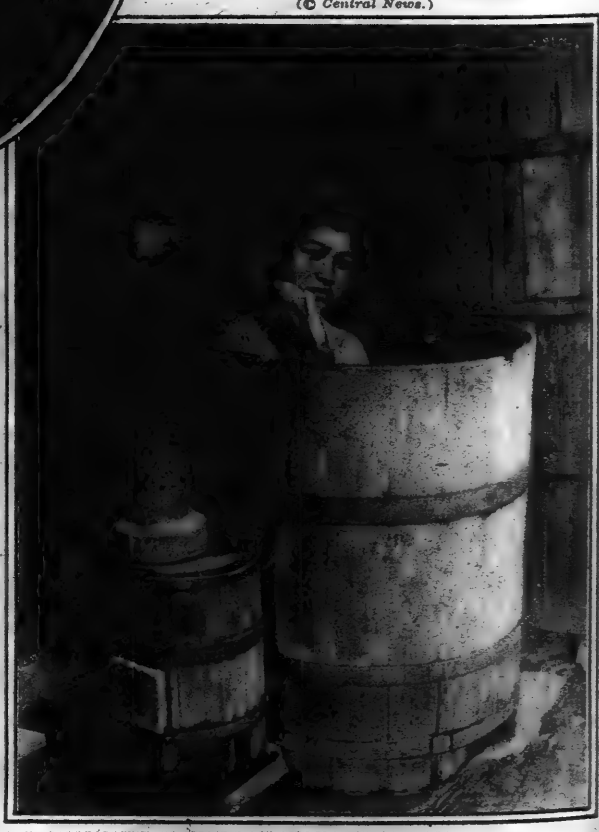


FORECASTING A SUNLESS SUNDAY: PILGRIM LASS
Bringing Cheer to a Violator of the Blue Law Against Fishing on the Lord's Day, as Depicted in a Pageant of Early New England Days Presented by the Students of Horace Mann School, New York. *(Times Wide World Photos.)*



MONUMENT JUST UNVEILED BY DR. MAYER, GERMAN AMBASSADOR TO FRANCE, IN THE CEMETERY AT PANTIN, NEAR PARIS.
(Times Wide World Photos.)

MLLE. ANDREE FEYRE,
French Actress, Just Arrived in New York to Take Part in Daring Airplane Feats Before the Motion-Picture Camera.
(From Times Wide World Photos.)



"SATURDAY NIGHT IN JAPAN."
From a Photograph Taken by an American Tourist in the Far East, Who Has Just Returned Home.
(Western Electric News.)



NOT ALL POLITICAL TURMOIL IN TROUBLED IRELAND: SCENE AT THE OPENING MEET

of the Ward Union Stag Hounds on the Ashbourne Road Out From Dublin, the Favorite Chase of the Stag Having Been Resumed, With Many Fair Followers of the Sport in the Saddle.

(© Central News.)



VISCOUNTESS ASTOR,
Only Woman Member of the British Parliament, and Her Little Son, Michael, Opening the Church Army Bazaar at Central Hall, Westminster, London.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



LIEUTENANT COLONEL GORDON NEVIL MACREADY, SON OF THE BRITISH COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN IRELAND, AND HIS BRIDE, Daughter of the Duke de Noailles, Head of One of the Most Distinguished Families of the French Aristocracy.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



(Times Wide World Photos.)

PEARY CACHE, RECENTLY FOUND AND PHOTOGRAPHED BY CAPTAIN GODFORD HANSEN, Naval Equerry to the King of Denmark and Leader of the Danish Arctic Expedition, on the Northernmost Coast of Greenland.
The Cache Was Found Labeled in Peary's Handwriting: "Four Hundred Miles From the North Pole."



NEW MEMBERS OF THE SIXTY-FIFTH CONGRESS CHOSEN TO FILL UNEXPIRED TERMS.
They Are, Left to Right: Rorer A. James, Virginia; Hamilton Fish Jr., New York; Nathan D. Pearlman, New York; Charles Swindell, Oklahoma; Charles J. McLeod, Michigan, "Baby" of the House, Being Barely Twenty-five Years Old; Lester D. Volk, New York; Harry C. Ransley, Pennsylvania; Francis F. Patterson, New York. (Times Wide World Photos.)



FRANK BACON: A PORTRAIT STUDY
of the Creator of the Leading Role in "Lightnin'," Which Will Reach Its Thousandth Performance at the Gaiety Theatre on New Year's Eve, Establishing a New American, if Not a World, Record.
(Backrach.)



BEN-AMI,
Leading Man in "Samson and Delilah," at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre, Acclaimed by the Critics as the Dramatic "Find" of the Year.
(Backrach.)



MISS KATHERINE SPEYERS,
Debutante Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Bayard Speyers of New York.
(Aimee Dupont.)



JAPANESE MAIDENS AT PRAYER: SCENE IN THE FLOWERY KINGDOM
Where National Shrines Are to be Found at Every Turn in the Great Outdoors.
(© Keystone View Co.)



Nothing to do but FRY!

Delicious Meal for 3 25 cents

A New Taste from the Sea to Smash the H. C. L.

A NEW delicious dish that makes a meal for three hungry people—yet doesn't cost half as much as you pay for meat or eggs!

Get a can of these Gorton's Ready-to-Fry Cod Fish Cakes from your grocer. Just make into cakes—6 to 12, according to size preferred—and fry to a golden brown. Then serve at once—sizzling hot!

Your family will *love* them. *Everybody* likes this salt-sea tang of codfish, blended with potatoes—just the right proportions. There isn't a finer dish for any meal than fish cakes, when properly made, as these are.

Nothing to do but *fry!* No soaking, no mixing, no bother. As easy as frying eggs.

The leading grocery stores here are now stocked with the new Gorton's Ready-to-Fry Cod Fish Cakes. Get a can today.

New Fish Recipes—Free

Send for the new booklet of Gorton's Sea Food Recipes. It contains delicious, easily prepared dishes you have never before tasted. Write for it today.

GORTON-PEW FISHERIES CO., Gloucester, Mass.

Gorton's *Ready-to-Fry* Cod Fish Cakes





"Yes, sir, the same old reliable Sloan's—a most popular Liniment!"

SLOAN'S LINIMENT marks the survival of the fittest. For thirty-nine years its sales and its prestige have steadily grown, until today in thousands of families to speak of any external ache or pain is synonymous with saying "Sloan's Liniment."

It is unequaled in relieving Rheumatic Twinges, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sore Muscles, Stiff Joints, Neuralgic Headache. ***Penetrates without rubbing*** to the afflicted part, quickly promoting a warm tingle of comforting relief. Will not stain the skin, takes little to produce gratifying results.

Keep a bottle handy for emergency.

All druggists, 35c, 70c, $1.40

Sloan's Liniment The World's KEEP IT HANDY





Stewart & Co.

Fifth Ave. at 37th St.

Chiffon Taffeta

Evening Gown

Very Specially Priced

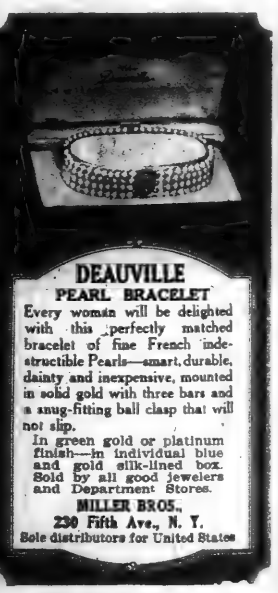
39.50



812

812—Unusually charming Evening Gown of finest quality Chiffon Taffeta, cleverly draped and beautified with large self bow at side, novel shoulder straps and trimmings on skirt of self hand-made flowers. Colors: Coral, Turquoise, Jade, Apricot or Black. Sizes 14 to 20.

Mail or 'phone orders given prompt attention.



DEAUVILLE
PEARL BRACELET

Every woman will be delighted with this perfectly matched bracelet of fine French indestructible Pearls—smart, durable, dainty and inexpensive, mounted in solid gold with three bars and a snug-fitting ball clasp that will not slip.

In green gold or platinum finish—in individual blue and gold silk-lined box. Sold by all good jewelers and Department Stores.

MILLER BROS.,
230 Fifth Ave., N. Y.
Sole distributors for United States



WATERTOWN

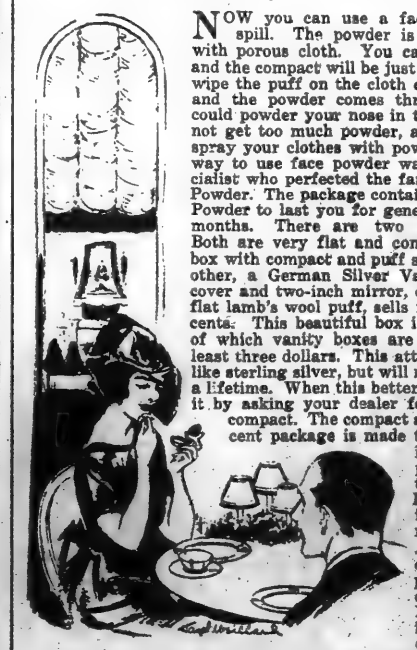
A properly balanced Style for Fall and Winter

LION *Collars*

United Shirt & Collar Co. Troy, N.Y. *Also Makers of Lion Shirts*

Lovely Christmas Gifts

La-may Vanity Boxes



NOW you can use a face powder that cannot spill. The powder is in cake form, covered with porous cloth. You can drop it on the floor and the compact will be just as perfect for use. You wipe the puff on the cloth covering of the compact and the powder comes through as needed. You could powder your nose in the dark and you would not get too much powder, and you are sure not to spray your clothes with powder. This new, perfect way to use face powder was invented by the specialist who perfected the famous, harmless La-may Powder. The package contains enough pure La-may Powder to last you for generous use for about two months. There are two qualities of packages. Both are very flat and convenient to carry. One box with compact and puff sells for fifty cents. The other, a German Silver Vanity Box with hinged cover and two-inch mirror, containing compact and flat lamb's wool puff, sells for one dollar and fifty cents. This beautiful box is of the same material of which vanity boxes are made that sell for at least three dollars. This attractive Vanity Box looks like sterling silver, but will not tarnish. It will last a lifetime. When this better box is empty you refill it by asking your dealer for a fifty-cent La-may compact. The compact and puff from the fifty-cent package is made to fit the La-may Vanity Box. Ask your face powder dealer to show this splendid new idea. Remember, here, at last, is a compact that will not crumble and spill. And the powder comes out so evenly you could powder your face in the dark. La-may Vanity Boxes make excellent inexpensive Christmas Gifts. La-may Face Powder is also sold in the loose form for thirty-five and sixty cents. La-may is guaranteed absolutely pure and harmless. Because it is pure, and, because it stays on so well, it is now used by over a million American women. If your dealer refuses to get you a La-may Vanity Box, you may order by mail from Herbert Roystone, 16 East 18th St., New York.

Maids' Uniforms



with DIX-MAKE label have assurance of correct style, quality in materials and workmanship. Send for booklet No. 27.

Henry A. Dix & Sons Co.
Dix Building, New York
Makers also of DIX-MAKE House and Porch Dresses.

Dix-Make



Bamboo Basket, hand painted; contains ½ lb. of Oolong tea. Price..... **$1.25**

KWONG YUEN & CO., Inc.,
Importers of Chinese and Japanese Embroideries, Kimonos, China, &c.
Now in Our New Enlarged Salesrooms.
253 Fifth Ave., 2 doors above 28th St.

Conspicuous *Nose Pores*

How to reduce them



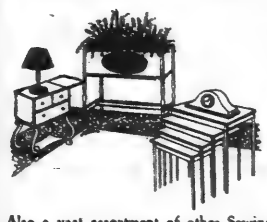
Special treatment for this trouble is given in the 20-page booklet wrapped around every cake of *Woodbury's Facial Soap*. For sale at all toilet goods counters

SHEPPARD KNAPP SON CO. INC.

39-41 WEST 23RD STREET

Christmas Gift Suggestions

Specially Priced



Mahogany Colonial Sewing Table Special $39.00
Lamp Complete with Parchment Shade Special $12.00
Mahogany Finished Fernery Special $27.50
Mahogany Finished Nest (4) Tables Special $25.00
Mahogany Clock Special $18.00

Also a vast assortment of other Sewing Tables—Table, Boudoir and Floor Lamps—Smoking Stands—Candle Sticks—Gate Leg Tables—Clocks—Music Cabinets—Dinner Chimes—Period Cozy Arm Chairs, etc.

ALL USEFUL, DURABLE, SENSIBLE GIFTS.

ESTABLISHED 1857

QUALITY. SERVICE. PRICE.

Dale

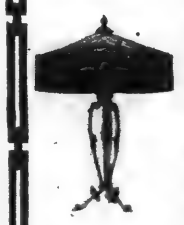
Buy Direct from factory and SAVE MONEY



VISIT our showroom. We do not sell—from catalogues, but assist you in your selection from samples hung and *illuminated*. This insures satisfaction.



Ornaments attractively mounted for electric light.



Varied assortments of silk and parchment shades.



Extensive line of Floor, Bridge, Boudoir and Table Lamps.

109 West 13th St., *New York*
ONE DOOR WEST OF 6TH AVE.

DALE Lighting Fixture Co

The Blyn Shoe

Charming Slippers from Blyn's

The choice for people of judgment, who want their gift to be a true remembrance of sentiment, beauty and utility.

Style 8581



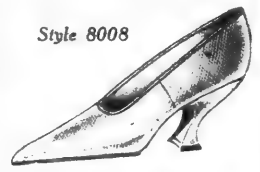
Women's Quilted Satin Boudoir Slippers
Pink, lavender, old rose, king's blue or black.... 2.75

Style 8566½



Women's Fancy Satin Mules
Old rose, pink, lavender or black..... 4.00

Style 8008



Women's Silver Slippers
Evening slippers of silver cloth, covered French heels..... 9.00

Style 9373



Children's Bootees
King's blue or red. 5 to 11..... 1.50

Style 8799



Men's and Boys' Tan Beaded Indian Moccasins
Men's, 6 to 12..... 2.50
Boys', 1 to 5½..... 2.00
Little Men's, 10 to 13½ 1.75

Style 9031



Men's Tan Kid Opera Slippers
Sizes 6 to 11..... 4.50

Ten-Button Spats

Extra quality, light or dark fawn..... 2.65

RedCrossShoe

A Practical Gift of Genuine Worth.

In the Blyn Stores Exclusively in New York, Brooklyn and Newark.

Style 8009



Women's Black Satin Opera Pump 7.00
Fancy Cut Steel Buckles, 1.98

Gift Hosiery

All Hosiery in Holiday Boxes on Request.

Women's Full-Fashioned Silk Hose, black, cordovan, tan, gray, navy, white.
All silk..... 2.49
Lisle tops..... 1.75

Women's All-Wool Plain and Ribbed Sports Hose. Heather mixtures in brown, green and gray..... 1.98

Give a Blyn Order and let the recipient choose the style and size that are desired.

WEST SIDE STORES: 222-224 West 125th St. 6th Av. and 27th St. 8th Av., 39th & 40th Sts.

EAST SIDE STORES: 3d Av. and 122d St. 3d Av., 86th and 87th Sts. 3d Av., 150th & 151st Sts. 160-162 Bow'y, nr. Broome

BROOKLYN STORES: 442-444 Fulton St., opp. Bridge St., near Hoyt. Broadway, near Park Av. Broadway, nr. Greene Av.

NEWARK STORES: 689 Broad St., opp. Military Park; 100 Market St.

Mail Order Dept., 2240 Third Av. Mail order or N. Y. Draft only. Delivery free to all parts of World

Gifts purchased in any Blyn Store exchangeable in any other Blyn Store

The ALLEN *SHUTTER* RADIATOR COVER

TO obtain the full use of your motor car this Winter you surely need the Allen Shutter Radiator Cover, which protects the radiator from freezing and gives you a quick start, saving battery, gas and oil.

Note particularly—the Allen Shutter Radiator Cover is the ONLY **SHUTTER** RADIATOR COVER, and for your own protection beware of misleading advertisements or inefficient and inferior imitations. The Allen Shutter Radiator Cover is a proven success, works from the front or from the dash, the shutter arrangement permitting of a wide open, fully exposed radiator or partly or totally closed as desired. Easy to put on—no working parts to get out of order. Especially adaptable to Packard 1920 and Cadillac cars.

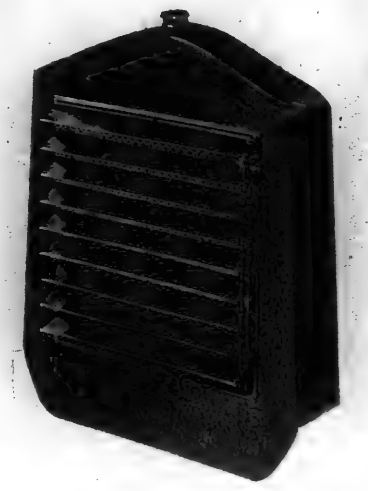
PRICES
Laminated Moleskin..... $16.50
Laminated Topping, Velour Lining 20.00

COLORS
Fabric Leather Material, Velour Lining $25.00

SPECIALS
Dodge, Maxwell, Chevrolet 490, Ford, Olds, 37, Overland, Oakland, Dort.
Laminated Moleskin $12.00
Laminated Topping, Velour Lining 16.00
Note: Not made for V type radiators.

FOR A GIFT nothing will please your motorist friends better than an Allen Shutter Radiator Cover. It is a gift worth while at any time and especially appropriate and useful at Christmas.





If not at your dealers, we will supply you direct. When ordering, specify if extra lining is desired, and state name, model and year of car. Unless otherwise specified, Laminated Moleskin Covers will be furnished.

THE ALLEN AUTO SPECIALTY COMPANY
Makers of the Famous Allen Tire Case
16 West 61st Street, New York City

THE ALLEN RADIATOR COVER We originated this style cover in 1912. For your own protection look for the name ALLEN on the button—a sure sign of quality.

PRICES
Laminated Moleskin $10.00
Laminated Topping, Velour Lining..... 15.00

COLORS
Fabric Leather Material, Velour Lining.. $20.00
All Radiator Covers are made to order only and are, therefore, not returnable for credit or exchange unless defective.

SPECIALS
(LAMINATED MOLESKIN)
Ford $6.00
Buick and Dodge 8.00

Hatch



TRADE MARK

HATCH SALTO-NUTS

are prepared by a special individual process. They are without question the most delicious salted nuts you ever tasted, and a health-giving food as well.

They are sold in any quantity (at $2.25 the lb.) at the four HATCH Stores, three on the west side of Broadway, near 45th, 52d and 99th Sts., and one in Herald Square, 6th Av. near 35th St.

ALL HATCH SPECIALTIES: The famous SALTO-NUTS and CHOCOLATES are sent everywhere at the same cost as at the New York stores, for

"HATCH He Pays the Parcel Post."

Special De Luxe Boxes ($6 & $10) contain a combination of Hatch specialties. *You can select no more pleasing Christmas gift.*
Send for booklet. *Telephone Fitzroy 241*

Hatch



You Can't Escape

Tooth troubles if you leave a film

You should try this new method of teeth cleaning. Try it ten days without cost. It combats the film which dims the teeth and causes most tooth troubles. See and feel the results. To millions they are bringing cleaner, safer, whiter teeth.

The tooth wrecker

Film is the great tooth wrecker. A viscous film clings to the teeth, enters crevices and stays. The ordinary tooth paste does not end it. Old ways of brushing leave much of it intact. And very few people have escaped the troubles which it causes.

It is the film-coat that discolors, not the teeth. Film is the basis of tartar. It holds food substance which ferments and forms acid. It holds the acid in contact with the teeth to cause decay.

Millions of germs breed in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea—a disease now alarmingly common.

A new dental era

Dental science has now found ways to combat that film. The methods have been amply proved by years of careful tests. Now millions employ them. Leading dentists everywhere advise them.

The methods are combined in a dentifrice called Pepsodent. And, to let all know how much it means, a ten-day tube is being sent to all who ask.

Five desired effects

Pepsodent brings five desired effects. It combats the teeth's great enemies as nothing has done before.

One ingredient is pepsin. Another multiplies the starch digestant in the saliva, to digest starch deposits that cling. The saliva's alkalinity is multiplied also. That to neutralize the acids which cause tooth decay.

Two factors directly attack the film. One of them keeps teeth so highly polished that film cannot easily adhere. Every application repeats these results.

Send the coupon for the 10-Day Tube. Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the viscous film. See how teeth whiten as the film-coat disappears.

What you see and feel will be a revelation, and the book we send will explain how each effect is natural and necessary. It is important that you know this. Cut out the coupon now.

Pepsodent PAT. OFF. REG. U.S.

The New-Dentifrice

A scientific film combatant combined with two other modern requisites. Now advised by leading dentists everywhere and supplied by all druggists in large tubes.

10-Day Tube Free S 12

THE PEPSODENT COMPANY, Dept. 227, 1104 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.
Mail 10-Day Tube of Pepsodent to

. . . . . .

. . . . . .

Only one tube to a family

Period Furniture

GRAND RAPIDS FURNITURE
(Direct from the Factory)
DAY BED
Mahogany finished



Complete $55.00
With Spring Mattress Covered in Mulberry Damask
DISCONTINUED PATTERNS
at 50% of Regular Prices
Sheraton, Tudor, Adam, Heppelwhite, Chippendale, Colonial, etc., Dining Room Suites, $275 to $1,200, regularly $500 to $2,000. Queen Anne, Louis XV., Louis XVI., Sheraton, etc., Bedroom Suites, Mahogany and Walnut, $120 to $1,000, regularly $300 to $2,000. Assortment of living room and upholstered furniture.
ODD PERIOD PIECES, $6 up.
Est. 1852 MANGES BROS. Mfrs
668 to 672 Sixth Ave., cor 39th St.

Reduce Your Flesh

by wearing Dr. Walter's Reducing Rubber Garments
For Men & Women
Cover entire body or any part. Send for *Illustrated Booklet.*





Brassiere Price $7.00
Neck & Chin Reducer $3.50

Dr. Jeanne A. B. Walter
353 Fifth Ave., N. Y.
Billings Bldg., 4th fl.
(Est. 34th St., 3d Door E.)



Only steel can stand this test

An all-steel vacuum bottle for automobiling, for the home, for the office

It will not break

NO mishap, no jolt or jar, no matter how severe, no boiling hot liquid poured into it—nothing can rob you of your coffee "piping hot out of the bottle" if you put it in the new Stanley Vacuum Bottle. It will not break.

The new Stanley Vacuum Bottle is made entirely of steel. It can *never* break.

Even if it drops on a hard floor, or rolls downstairs, or falls from an automobile—it will not break.

Every Stanley Bottle is lined with blue Amalite—a sheer mineral coating which is fused into the steel itself. This keeps the bottle always sanitary and will not rust or tarnish.

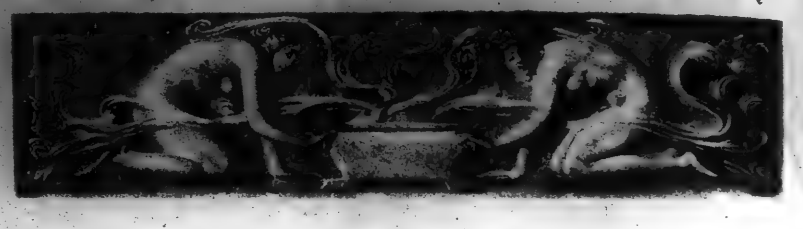
Naturally the Stanley is more expensive than the ordinary vacuum bottle, but there are no expenses for repairs or replacement. With the Stanley the first cost is the last cost.

Made in one and two-quart sizes. Sold by all the better department, drug, sporting, hardware, jewelry and automobile accessory stores. An attractive gift for man or woman. Prices (East of the Rocky Mountains) black standard finish, quart size, $10.00—2-quart size, $15.00.

Stanley Insulating Company, Great Barrington, Mass. New York Office: 43 Exchange Place.

STANLEY
VACUUM BOTTLE
THERMOSTAT
KEEPS LIQUIDS PIPING HOT OR ICY COLD





Parfums de COTY

Paris



L'ORIGAN - CHYPRE
LA ROSE JACQUEMINOT
AMBRE ANTIQUE - STYX
JASMIN DE CORSE
L'EFFLEURT
L'OR

New York 714 Fifth Avenue





Ve-o-lay perfumes are made in Paris and are used by the exclusive Parisiennes

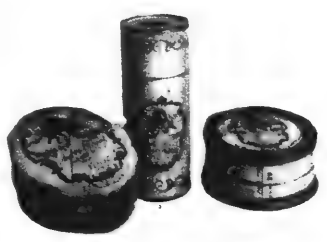
VIOLET (Ve-o-lay) perfumes and toilet requisites are not only made in Paris, but are also used in Paris by the most exclusive Parisiennes.

Paris is the perfume center of the world. And there the most famous perfumers vie with each other to create the most wonderful products. Therefore the Parisiennes have a splendid opportunity to decide which they like best.

With their taste in things feminine well known to be exquisitely delicate and sure, their patronage pays a compliment of highest order to Ve-o-lay perfumes and toilet requisites. In the books of the Violet Shop, their names, in long columns, record their delight.

Nor is Violet (Ve-o-lay) a passing fad or fancy. For a hundred years past it has been the same—always chosen by those who could appreciate the best. The Parisiennes have known Ambre Royal and Creme Mealys and No. 51 solidified cold cream soap all their lives; just as their grandmothers knew them.

We have a little book about the Violet Shop, illustrated in colors. We shall be glad to send you a copy with the name of a Violet dealer near you, if you will write to us for it. Frank M. Prindle & Co., 71 West 35th St., New York City.



Ambre Royal—faint breath of perfume, wafted on an evening zephyr from a bed of fairy flowers—warm and intimate and enslaving; feminine to your very fingertips.

VIOLET

[PRONOUNCED VE-O-LAY]

The name of a Perfumer, not a perfume

29 BOULEVARD DES ITALIENS, PARIS, FRANCE

PECK & PECK



Gift Sets for Women

GIFT Set No. 51. 1 pair pure thread silk stockings in any color and 2 pairs in black or white with hand embroidered clocks in black or white. $10. (tax 40c.)

Mail Orders Filled Promptly.

PECK & PECK

586 Fifth Avenue at 48th Street
501 Fifth Avenue at 42nd Street
also at 4 No. Michigan Blvd., Chicago
At Palm Beach in winter, at Newport in summer

PECK & PECK

DEAF?



Hear clearly and distinctly with a

Little Gem Ear Phone

Simplest and smallest hearing device.

Awarded the Gold Medal at the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

Our latest improvement, the Gem Sound Perfector, insures clear, positive hearing in any assemblage, at any distance.

An Ideal Christmas Gift

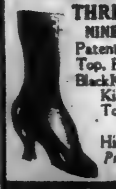
Try our Auto Ear Massage; used to stop head noises and improve hearing. Call at our office for a *free, private demonstration.* Expert advice without charge. *Ask or write for booklet.*

GEM EAR PHONE CO., Inc.

806-BM Marbridge Bldg., 47 W. 34th St. at B'way, N. Y. C. Phone Fitzroy 3744
Canadian Office, Ryrie Bldg., Toronto

SHORT VAMP SHOES

THREE NEW STYLES



NINE-INCH TOP BOOTS

Patent with Gray Buck Top, French Heel. $16.75

Black Kid, Black Cloth Top, Brown Kid, Brown Cloth Top, Cuban Heel. $14.65

All with Round Toe, High Arch, Chic Parisian Tip

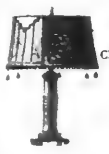
Prices include tax & mailing.

S. J. GLASSBERG
SHORT VAMP SHOES
945 B'way at 22nd St. NEW YORK



W. & J. SLOANE

FIFTH AVENUE AT FORTY-SEVENTH STREET



BLACK LACQUERED LAMP SHADE OF CHINESE EMBROIDERY

Lamp, Regular Price, $60.00 Sale, $40.00
Shade, Regular Price, $64.00 Sale, $50.00



PAINTED AND DECORATED ARM CHAIR with cane seat

Regular Price, $240.00 Sale, $165.00



TRIANGULAR TABOURETTE in Walnut

Regular Price, $100.00 Sale, $75.00

Christmas Gifts

REAL and substantial reductions in price make this a very unusual opportunity to secure gifts original in character and of practical utility.

A gift cannot be computed in terms of money alone—utility, interest and lasting beauty are contributing factors.

ORIENTAL RUGS
SHEFFIELD WARE
BOOK ENDS DESK SETS
FRAMED PRINTS
CHINESE EMBROIDERIES
PORCELAINS SCONCES
SOFA PILLOWS
CLOCKS MIRRORS
SMOKING STANDS
LAMPS FOOT RESTS
SMALL TABLES
CHAIRS SCREENS
VACUUM CLEANERS

These and many other articles are included in The Readjustment Sale at reductions up to 40%

OLD PEWTER POT AND PLATTER



Pot, Regular Price, $60.00 Sale, $40.00
Platter, Regular Price, $30.00 Sale, $20.00

BOOK CARRIER



In blue, green, or red lacquer.
Regular Price, $60.00 Sale, $28.00

WALNUT LIBRARY STEPS



Regular Price, $65.00 Sale, $50.00

VAN RAALTE

Veils



The [illegible] woman's [illegible]
Can still [illegible] other glamour
When [illegible] the [illegible]
[illegible] ornaments [illegible]

VAN RAALTE MAKE

This year—more than ever before—you will give careful thought to the purchase of your winter coat. You want smartness—durability and a reasonable price.

Shelton Looms Woven Fur Fabrics have the good qualities of animal furs—warmth and beauty. They are light in weight. Shelton Looms Woven Fur Fabrics cost far less than animal fur.

You can buy a beautiful coat or wrap of Shelton Looms Woven Fur Fabrics—Seal, Mole, Squirrel, Beaver, etc.—for the cost of an ordinary cloth coat. And you will have an exquisite garment that you will be proud to wear and that will give you wonderful comfort all winter.

Inquire about The Shelton Looms Woven Fur Fabrics. You will find them on display at the leading stores of your city by the yard or made into attractive garments. The Shelton Looms label is sewed in garments and the name on the back of every yard. It is your assurance of the genuine.

The Shelton Looms

Sidney Blumenthal & Co. Inc.

395-2 Fourth Avenue New York

"The Seal of Distinction"



Coat of Shelton Looms "Nishni"

Coat of Shelton Looms "Furist"

Coat of Shelton Looms "Prybiloff"

After Sunset—Lightoliers



The Light That Welcomes And Speeds the Parting Guest

YOUR welcoming greeting—your parting word—is it to be in a hall drear and cheerless—or under a light that fairly bespeaks the hospitality of your home?

Nowhere in your home should greater attention be paid to the lighting than in the entrance hall. There your guests derive the first and last impression. The artistically designed hall lighting fixture, illustrated above, seems to have stepped out of a bountiful Colonial mansion. It's tall wax-like electric candles, enclosed in a cylinder of crystal glass conjure up a picture of the old town watchman and his welcome "All's Well" cry. A light that radiates the spirit of cheerfulness and good will.

This enchanting Lightolier and thousands of other equally individualistic lighting fixtures and lamps are to be found at Lighting Fixture and Lamp Headquarters. No matter how modest your lighting appropriation may be you are assured of a satisfactory selection here because we are designers and manufacturers.

Although throughout the country Lightoliers are sold by dealers, here in New York you can buy them direct from us at our spacious showrooms. They are most accessible. Only 7 minutes from Times Square. Right at the Prince Street station of the B. R. T. Subway. Convenient to Hudson Tubes, Penn Station and Grand Central Terminal.

Write for Booklet "The Secret of Entrancing Light"



Also for the entrance hall is this rare little "character" lamp. The genuine parchment cylinder shade is hand-painted. The graceful, wrought-iron base of rustic finish stands on three legs. Complete . . . $7.75



As dainty as a bit of Dresden is this beautiful boudoir lamp with its base typifying a basket of fragrant flowers. It is 18 inches high with a 10 inch imported gold-braided silk shade in a variety of colors. The base may be had in Polychrome and gold, or Polychrome and ivory finish. Complete $22.50



Adjustable Bridge Lamp. Stands 6 feet high. Hand-wrought iron and metal leaf work. Polychrome finish. 10 inch Parchment shade. Complete . $37.50

Lightolier COMPANY

569 BROADWAY
New York City

Lighting Fixture and Lamp Headquarters
569-571 Broadway, New York
Right at the corner of Prince Street and Broadway

HEARN



Let Gloves and Handkerchiefs Express Your Christmas Greetings

Great assortments at the lowest prices

The Glove and Handkerchief Sections are filled to overflowing with appropriate Christmas gifts

HANDKERCHIEFS

Women's Sheer Linen Handkerchiefs with Hemstitched Hems ... each 8¢ ... 2 for 15¢

Women's Sheer Linen Handkerchiefs with Hemstitched Hems ... each 15¢ ... 2 for 28¢

Men's Linen Handkerchiefs ... each 36¢ ... 6 for $2.08

Men's Linen Handkerchiefs ... each 1.44 ... 2 for 2.72

Franklin Simon & Co.



Introducing a New Fashion

WOMEN'S and MISSES'

Bramley Overblouses

OF WOOL JERSEY



By way of Suggestion

Not as a complete catalog, but simply as the most informal kind of suggestion, a list is given herewith. For each suggestion given, there are scores left out, and for every article mentioned, there are as many patterns shown.

Enamel Articles	$5.00 to	$1500.00
Gifts in Leather	5.00 to	50.00
Colored Crystal	5.00 to	150.00
Italian Pottery	5.00 to	500.00
French Faience	5.00 to	150.00
Bohemian Glass	5.00 to	200.00
Dresden Figures	25.00 to	150.00
China Birds	7.50 to	250.00
Bookends	5.00 to	50.00
Desk Sets	10.00 to	150.00
Picture Frames	5.00 to	50.00
Mirrors	7.50 to	500.00
Candy Jars	5.00 to	25.00
Sheffield Tea Sets	45.00 to	500.00
Sheffield Platters	17.50 to	100.00
Sheffield Boxes	10.00 to	50.00
Italian Leather	7.50 to	100.00
Hand Bags	7.50 and	more
Lamps & Shades	12.00 to	500.00
Tea Wagons	45.00 to	150.00
Tea Sets	15.00 to	150.00
Breakfast Sets	15.00 to	150.00
Dinner Sets	50.00 to	1000.00
Place Plates	25.00 to	1000.00
Iced Tea Sets	12.50 to	100.00
Crystal Services	50.00 to	1000.00
Sherbert Sets	10.00 to	100.00
Crystal Plates	25.00 to	250.00
Sterling Silver	5.00 to	150.00

OVINGTON'S

"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"

WITH Christmas but six days away, there is just this to be said. That in the bustle of the last few days of preparation, it is the part of wisdom to do your Christmas shopping at Ovington's.

For Ovington's are not novices in the art of giving. All year 'round they are preparing for Christmas and now in the last week you may have the full benefit of their forehandedness.

In order to insure an easy and prompt selection Christmas gift tables are arranged by price at $5.00, $7.50, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00, $20.00, $25.00, and each table contains unusual values.

OVINGTON'S

"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"

312-314 FIFTH AVENUE, NEAR 32nd STREET, NEW YORK CITY

DELORES CASSINELLI
Famous Cameo Girl of the Screen
Wearing
RICHELIEU PEARLS



For Pearl Lovers

RICHELIEU

The Superlative Pearl

Why?

THE MOST PERFECT
THE MOST BEAUTIFUL
THE MOST DURABLE

of all artificially made pearls

If pearls can be made and matched so marvellously that detection from the genuine is acknowledged by experts to be difficult. Why hesitate?

DEMAND THE RICHELIEU GUARANTEE

Section 6 | DRAMA—MUSIC FASHIONS

The New York Times.

DRAMA—MUSIC ART | Section 6

X SUNDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1920. X

THE CHRISTMAS RUSH IN THE THEATRES

Second Thoughts on First Nights

By ALEXANDER WOOLLCOTT.

ON next Thursday night at the Belasco Theatre we are to see this "Deburau," immeasurably the finest play which has come to our stage from France since "Cyrano de Bergerac." Around the name of these two Pierrots, father and son, who, one after the other, drew the *gamins* and the great folk of their Paris to the little Théâtre des Funambules in the heydey of French pantomime, the younger Guitry has wrought his masterpiece. Looking back through the shifting veils of eighty years, he has written a tragi-comedy of disillusionment, a lonely and beautiful play which is an expression of the philosophy of the stage, the credo of the actor, the sad-faced comedian's *apologia pro vita sua*. Sacha Guitry, himself an actor and the son of a greater one, had written many a jaunty, mischievous, trivial piece for the Parisian stage when, in the darkest days of the war, the doctors sentenced him to an early death and so prompted him to set down on paper the play he thought would be his last and meant should be such a one as might long survive him in the répertoire of the French theatre. So, in spirited and occasionally magical *vers libre*, he poured forth this piece which in the list of those rare plays written not only by the theatre and for the theatre, but of the theatre, is without a peer in the dramatic literature of his country and ours. It has been done into English verse by Granville Barker and its New York première will mark the début here as a star of Lionel Atwill, coming before us in such a rôle as Mansfield sought and coveted all the days of his crowded life, such a rôle as another Lionel might envy him.

The Personages.

AS a background for this play it is worth while turning the dusty pages of forgotten memoirs to know a little better some of the people who will come to life again on Thursday at the Belasco. Victor Hugo, Georges Sand, Alfred de Musset—these will pass in the procession. But more important and less familiar are two—Jean-Gaspard Deburau himself and Marie Duplessis.

The elder Deburau came out of Poland, one of a nomad tribe of acrobats, clowns and tight-rope walkers, who, more than a century ago, journeyed afoot as far as Amiens in vain quest of some weirdly rumored inheritance. In the play, Guitry has him thinking of the past as one interminable wire stretched across Europe, on which he seems to see his family forever walking, walking, walking. Of the rest of this family there is no easy record, but in the thirties the boy separates out from this obscurity as the most famous of those great pantomimists who took the immigrant zany of the old Italian harlequinades and wrought in him a strange transmutation. With the breath of their spirit this spoiled darling of the moon became not merely a wise fool. He became the wise fool in all of us, became the spirit of his age, became Paris itself.

Only once did Deburau as Pierrot venture outside the little playhouse in the Boulevard du Temple. That was when his far-spreading fame led to his invitation to the Palais-Royal stage, where his failure with the fashionable folk was abysmal. Not of such stuff were the fond patrons of the Funambules, who were the *gamins* and grisettes of the quarter, mixed with the stray *cognoscenti* who would understand. These sat enthralled before him till the day of his death, when his son Charles succeeded him in the great tradition.

Marie Duplessis was that pale, fragile, exquisite courtesan of Deburau's time, who was born of a poor laundress and who died at 20 and of whom a curious counterfeit fame has survived because, among the many youthful lovers that chance threw in her way was one called Alexandre Dumas. After her death, while her grave in Montmartre Cemetery was still heaped with fresh camellias, some previously invisible relatives appeared suddenly on the scene and sold at public auction the beautiful tapestries and carvings and paintings which had filled her apartment opposite the Madeleine. There used to be a polite legend that among these Dumas *fils* found the memorabilia from which he wrought *"La Dame aux Camélias,"* the famous mass of sentiment which was hawked about our theatres for so many decades under the monstrous name of "Camille; or, the Fate of a Coquette." But Henry Bidou (that distinguished writer on theatres and war), in his recent series of articles on the work of the younger Dumas, describes bluntly his youthful devotion to Marie Duplessis, tells of the eventual interference by the elder Dumas, of how the young lover received from his father a fund of 25 louis to make a suitable and soothing parting gift and was then packed off to Spain, whence he did not return until after his lady had died. It is thus one of the interesting aspects of "Deburau" that it calls for the appearance of Camille as the serene girl she was and not as Dumas disguised her, certainly not as one who could, by any stretch of the imagination, be embodied as so often she has been, by bulky emotional actresses in their declining years.

The Argument.

THE first act of "Deburau" introduces a mute performance of "*Marrchand d'Habits*"—you might translate that as "Any Clo-o-othes?"—a pantomime in which Pierrot must play a rôle akin to that of Matthias in "The Bells." It is a night of painful agitation at the Funambules, for the players there have just glimpsed a copy of the *Journal des Débats* (the same journal, by the way, for which the aforesaid M. Bidou is now dramatic critic) wherein Deburau is singled out among all the rest for adulation. At the stage door are waiting certain impressionable ladies who would have words with him. But, as always in such cases, the frightened comedian contrives to talk of his little son and to show them his wife's portrait. He even tries to get rid of an embarrassing and anonymous floral tribute, utterly unaware that it is the timid offering of the old box office woman. He is headed dutifully for home when, in the shadow beside the theatre, he comes face to face with Marie Duplessis. They are marching off together arm in arm as the curtain falls.

The Second Act.

The scene is a week later at Marie's apartment. Deburau has been a half-jubilant, half-remorseful visitor pretty frequently ever since. It is he who christens her as the Lady with the Camellias, a name she promptly adopts as something altogether chic and unusual. When he pays a duty visit home, only to find that his wife has run away, he starts joyfully back, with his bird cage tucked under his arm; leading his ten-year-old son with one hand and his little dog with the other, bent on paying them all at Marie's feet and spending the rest of his days in her radiant company. But he finds her in the arms of a new lover, a handsome young fellow of her own age, and poor Deburau reads his sentence in her compassionate glance. Amid his startled apologies and adieux, you see her trying to introduce them, and as the curtain falls you hear her saying:

"Jean-Gaspard Deburau—Monsieur Armand Duval."

The Third Act.

The scene is seven years later in the garret where Deburau dwells with his son Charles, now a strapping fellow of 17. Poor Deburau, sick in spirit and half sick in body, has been absent these six months from the cast at the Funambules. It is the more disturbing, therefore, for him to learn that his son, who has always been his prompter and his most devoted audience, now aspires himself to play Pierrot and, with the callousness of youth, actually thinks of doing so under the name of Deburau. The elder puts his foot down hard, yet he knows uneasily that the boy has only to wait. It is crushing for the father to learn, too, that when, as he had daily hoped for seven years, Marie comes tripping in at last, she does so not as one keeping a tryst, but in the mood of a sympathetic Lady Bountiful, hoping to cheer him with her gay stories of how the bull ing Duval *père* had tried vainly to take her Armand from her, and determined to smuggle in a doctor who should patch up her dear old friend and so restore him to the stage. It is the unconscious doctor, quite unaware of his disconsolate patient's identity, who really administers the magic medicine. No drugs, no blood-letting, will put the sick man on his feet, the doctor says. He must get up and out, must see nature and color and music and paintings—at all of which prescription Deburau makes a wry face. Well, then, the theatre. Whereat Deburau laughs grimly. The very thing, persists the doctor. He should go to the best physicians in the world, the actors who can banish care and awaken a cleansing, healing laughter. He could not do better than go to the Funambules. Why, there was there, or had been until a short time ago, a mighty healer called Deburau— That is enough. Small wonder that, as the third act curtain falls, the old comedian is reaching for his hat and starting back, much uplifted, to the stage he had deserted.

The Fourth Act.

The scene is that afternoon at the Funambules. Deburau is again on its stage, but, in the months of his retirement, something has gone out of him. He can no longer stir the old laughter and, knowing this, he falters and blunders till, like a doom, the first hiss is heard in the auditorium—a hiss caught up and echoed till the uproar takes on the sound of a crowd trampling something under foot. The comedian steps forward and lifts a shaking hand for silence. It is breathless when they realize that, after many years, he will try at last to speak, that they are there on the night when the long-muted voice of Deburau will be heard at the Funambules. He does open his mouth, but no word comes. Then he falls back upon the only language he knows, the eloquent speech of pantomime. In gestures he tells them how sick he has been, how sick he is, that he can no longer play for their delight, that this is his last appearance. He makes his excuses, speaks his farewell. As the tears streak down the now tragic white of his on-face, he makes his last gesture, a kiss blown from the Funambules to the *gamins* of Paris. The curtain, by the chance of a breaking string, comes down like the knife of the guillotine. The curtain knew.

The silent audience disperses silently. In the empty hall, a moment later, the excited manager is busy with the new playbills for the night, but it is Deburau who comes to tell them they need not bother to change the name of the Pierrot. In what follows, you see him leading forth his son as his successor, himself volunteering to step into the prompter's place in order that, just as there had always been a little of his son in his own work, so now there should be a little of himself in the work of his son. From his box of colors and grease, he makes up the b for the night's performance, the boy sitting with his back to you, while with flying fingers and with the other players gathering curiously about the engrossed two, Deburau turns over to his son, in a long and beautiful speech which will be famous, the secret, the spirit, the philosophy of his craft. He holds before the wide-eyed, consecrated boy the promised satisfaction that can come from hearty, care-banishing, brow-smoothing laughter. It is worth noting that this *apologia* for the rôle of the *loustic* in the regiment of life was spoken from Guitry's stage in Paris by Guitry himself in that black, anxious month of February, 1918, while Paris was gritting her teeth and waiting for the last great German drive.

When the speech is done and the boy turns round, you see he wears the white face and startled eyes of Pierrot. It is to such a one that the father, drawing him aside, whispers his last counsel, his gospel of work and love, without either of which life is an empty thing. There is a final bustle of preparation as the exultant barker can be heard without, drumming up the audience for the night. "This way, ladies and gentlemen, this way! A new Deburau, a young Deburau, a handsome Deburau, a better Deburau! "—a paean that visibly annoys the dethroned king and worries not a little the heir apparent. The troubled boy goes to him in unutterable sympathy.

"It is not true!" he says. "Why, the man must be crazy!"

Deburau shakes his head.

"But, father, how *could* I have your success in these rôles of yours?"

"Why not?" his father retorts with perhaps a little grimace of pain. "You never know. The public is so funny."

Then, as the orchestra breaks into a gay march and the first spectators drift in from the boulevards, the curtain falls on the play of "Deburau."



LIONEL ATWILL

Mr. Atwill, Shown Here in the Costume of Jean-Gaspard Deburau, Will Make His First Appearance in New York as a Belasco Star Next Thursday Night.

SHAW vs. THE THEATRE GUILD

SOME of the experiences of the producers of Shaw plays in this country have been anything but pleasant, and there has sprung up a tradition, certainly not entirely unfounded that G. B. S. is not the easiest man in the world to get along with. Recent inquiries at the Garrick Theatre, where the Theatre Guild is presenting "Hartbreak House," have brought forth this account of their Shavian experiences from Theresa Helburn, executive director of the Guild:

"Of course we had been warned of Shaw as an autocratic author, and while we did run across the usual number of Shavian obstacles, we felt at the outset that his plays were worth it, and at the end that he was always right.

"His letters and cables, combined with the subsequent reports from St. John Ervine, give one the impression of a rather delicious Jekyll and Hyde personality, very fierce on the surface and genially amused underneath.

"The first difficulty had to do with the date of production. We had intended opening the season with 'Heartbreak House,' but in July Shaw cabled us that he did not want the play to open until after election. We cabled him all our arguments in favor of an early opening, particularly the fact that by waiting we might lose some of the excellent cast we had already secured for the play. Shaw's response was characteristic. When I opened the greatly anticipated cablegram I read: 'Inexorable. Shaw.' Thrifty and decisive! But presently along came a postal card which read: 'It would be far better to produce "Heartbreak House" with the first cast you could pick out of the gutter on Nov. 15 than to produce it on Oct. 15 with Sarah Bernhardt, the two Guitrys, Edwin Drew, Maude Adams, Charlie Chaplin and Mary Pickford.' We feel now that he was quite right about the date of the opening, although, instead of picking our cast out of the gutter, we have done our best to equal the lineup suggested by him.

"Of course the length of the play was the next problem. We put it into rehearsal as it was written, but before rehearsals started I wrote to Ervine that certain people were apprehensive about the way the American public would react, and suggested that he sound Shaw on the matter.

"The result of Ervine's sounding—which had to be done by letter—was a cable from Shaw telling us to cancel the contract. That was the Hyde! The Jekyll then wrote an amusing letter to Ervine saying, 'I have just sent them a terrible cablegram, and I am writing an expansion of the same.'

"The expansion came in due time, but before it arrived Shaw had received a cable from us allaying his fears, and had hurried over to Ervine, waving it in glee. Here is part of the letter:

"'I refused to allow the play to be produced in New York by any commercial manager. Mr. Ervine, after a long interview, succeeded in persuading me that the Theatre Guild knew the play, understood its risks, and was willing to take them. We discussed the matter fully. I was naturally incredulous as to the existence of a management in New York bold enough and clever enough to know that the alternative to attracting audiences by pleasing them for two hours is to put the utmost strain on their serious attention for three, and send them home exhausted but indelibly impressed. I had just had one of my plays wrecked in New York by cutting exactly as you want to cut, and I knew that the cutting of a single syllable would mean failure, as I had myself cut the play down to the bone, as I always do before printing it. I knew that half of my dialogue would be mere talk to the ordinary manager; he would cut it, and would never understand why what he considered the "fat bits" would fall without the "cut bits." But Mr. Ervine assured me that there was no danger of all that happening with the Theatre Guild, and that I might depend on the play being put on the stage faithfully as it stood, with all the atmosphere a subtly artistic production could give it. Even if it took three hours and a half, I should not spare the audience a second of it, especially as they would talk about it for a fortnight after and feel that they had had prodigious value for their money. I know my business and the Broadway managers know their business, but it is not the same business.'

"And events have proved that Shaw is right—both as an artist and a business man. For we have all come to realize that the play has an integrity which any alteration would impair; and the public response has been enthusiastic beyond our dreams."

News and Gossip of the Street Called Broadway

THE Shuberts, it is learned, are making massive preparations for a spectacular melodramatic production at the Century Theatre, to follow "Mecca" during the week of Jan. 24. The play will be "In the Night Watch," which, it will be remembered, was acquired by the Shuberts after the London production a season or more ago. The play, is an adaptation from the French by Michael Morton.

It had been the original intention to present the play on the customary scale, with Robert Warwick as its star, but the discovery that it lent itself to spectacular treatment, combined with the necessity of finding something for the voluminous Century, led to the more ambitious plan. The present cast, which is still subject to revision, includes Robert Warwick, Tyrone Power, Edmund Lowe, Laura Hope Crews, and probably Margaret Illington.

It is seldom that a play is given a second chance in New York, but this is about to happen in the case of Louis K. Anspacher's "Our Children." This play, it will be recalled, was first presented at the Maxine Elliott Theatre some five or six seasons ago, and ran promptly into a late August hot spell which caused its suspension, although the piece had been well regarded. The central figure of the play was a German father living in America, and the rôle was played by Emmett Corrigan. A year or more ago Louis Calvert suddenly turned up with the play in England, and acted it first in the provinces and then in London under the title of "Daddalums." Since the English could not be expected to regard a German family sympathetically, the characters were changed into Scots in the Calvert production. Now, with its favorable English reception to its credit, the play has turned up again in New York, and—still Scotch in flavor—is to be acted by Richard Bennett. Sam H. Harris will make the production, and the play will be seen in New York this season.

Walker Whiteside, wiring from Muskogee, Oklahoma, makes the following statement:

"Although your article regarding Melchior Lengyel's not receiving royalties for his plays produced in America does not directly imply that I did not pay royalties for my use of 'The Typhoon,' some of your readers may get that impression. May I ask that you state in next Sunday's issue the fact that I did pay to the translator, Emil Nyitray, and the adapter, Byron Ongley, 5, 7½ and 10 per cent. royalty for my use of 'The Typhoon' during its production by me for three consecutive seasons. My arrangement for the use of 'The Typhoon' was made with Emil Nyitray, who, I understood, represented Lengyel in this country."

It was explained in the article referred to that "The Typhoon" was produced here six months before the International Copyright law became effective, and that no legal obligation to pay royalties existed.

This, in the words of The Atlantic City Press, is the story of "The Ghost Between," which Taylor Holmes is acting out of town:

A young doctor falls in love with the remarkable devotion displayed by a young woman to her husband, who lies on his deathbed. He strains every possible method to save the sick man, but is defeated by death. The young woman is so much in love with her husband that she goes on living for his memory alone, and repulsing any efforts of new love as an insult to the memory of her departed. Becoming poverty stricken, she is prevailed upon by the doctor to marry him in name only so that he may satisfy his love for her by providing her with comfort and care. True to his marriage vow to her, he never makes any advances. She in time finds that her love for her first husband grows dim with his memory. The doctor's eyes are opened by the duplicity of a chum who attempts to win over his wife. Finding that she has forgotten her love for the dead and is susceptible again to the love of the living, he courts her as though they had just met and as though he were one of two men fighting for the love of one woman.

A variety of events is promised for the week of the 27th. The most promising of the newcomers will be Zona Gale's dramatization of her own story, "Miss Lulu Bett," announced to open at the Belmont Theatre on the night of the 27th. The sundry other entertainments are also set for the 27th, but there are likely to be shifts. A comedy entitled "Coo Coo Cottage," written by Myron C. Fagan, will come to the Princess; Nora Bayes in "Her Family Tree" will be seen at the Lyric, and "The Passing Show of 1921" will come to the Winter Garden. In addition there will be Frita Leiber's Shakespearean venture at the Lexington and the uptown matinees of the Provincetown Players (with "The Emperor Jones" as the chief play) at the Selwyn.

The night of Jan. 3 is now definitely announced for the rearrival of "Erminie" at the Park. Since it will be not only the return of "Erminie," but the reappearance of Francis Wilson on the musical stage after seventeen years, the Equity hosts are preparing to celebrate the night with gusto. Mr. Wilson, it will be remembered, was head of the Equity during the strike, and various high Equity potentates will be at the Park to participate in the ceremonies which will accompany the première.

A play entitled "The Bird's Nest" has been placed somewhat silently in rehearsal by Fred C. Whitney. The cast includes Julia Dean, Orrin Johnson, Jessie Busley and Kenneth Hill.

Mr. Le Maire's "Broadway Brevities," after a none too smooth career, closed last night at the Winter Garden. That house will be dark for a week before the arrival of "The Passing Show."

One of the subsidiary "Irene" companies has taken possession of the Garrick Theatre, in Chicago, and is sweeping all before it. Helen Shipman, who has appeared in New York only in minor rôles, is playing the principal part; and appears to have captured the city. "Irene," as has been hinted here before, is developing into one of the greatest money makers the theatre has ever known.

Charles Anthony, a Boston music teacher and composer, is the author of "Pagans," which Joseph Schildkraut, Helen Ware, Irene Fenwick and others are now acting in that city. Thus, in description of it, Mr. Parker in The Transcript:

In itself, "Pagans" is a familiar piece. How many times it has been written for many stages in many corners of the world, the most patient chronicler may hardly count. Once more it calls to theatrical being the artist of rare powers and delicate sensibilities who can work worthily only under the stimulus of a sympathetic presence, temperament, imagination. His own wife and her attendant mother deny him that boon. In fact, they merely dull and irritate him. Another woman—a singer in the opera—is more fortunate. In Paris she has given the painter affection, understanding, encouragement. In New York, when he is in dire need of such succor, she renews the ministrations. As it happens, common report and useful coincidence make her quest not all that it might be according to the best standards. The mother-in-law is vindictive; the girl-wife is jealous. Beholding the artist and his Egeria embraced, they depart the house. Under such stress, his spirit almost quits his infirm body, but with song and sympathy, the singer revives it. Again he works, again he listens to widely appeals for a return to the old order; but now he breaks. Upon the singer's song renewed, as in Portia's speech in "The Merchant of Venice" or like Pavlowa in the dance, he "makes a swan-like end fading in music."

Upon this matter, which it is, perhaps, within the truth to call trite and machine-made, Mr. Anthony has worked sundry variations.

THE WEEK'S PLAYS

TWO of the most promising productions of the season are set down for their premières this week, and also a musical comedy from an excellent source. Christmas does not fall advantageously this year, so far as the theatre is concerned, and the Christmas productions will be divided between this week and next.

SALLY—*Tuesday night at the New Amsterdam Theatre.*

It is somewhat rare for Mr. Ziegfeld to offer a musical production other than the "Follies," and accordingly it is not unreasonable to expect a good deal of "Sally." Its joint stars are Marilynn Miller and Leon Errol; Guy Bolton has written the book and Clifford Grey the lyrics; Jerome Kern has written most of the music, and Victor Herbert a little of it. The ticket brokers who have ventured out of town to witness "Sally" have returned singing its praises, and it is no longer the thing to question the verdict of a ticket broker.

In addition to the stars, the cast will embrace Walter Catlett, returned to these shores after a London conquest; Mary Hay, Irving Fisher, Dolores, Stanley Ridges, Phil Ryley, Alfred P. James and numerous others. "The ensemble," runs the announcement, "is composed of young girls who have never before appeared on the stage."

MARY ROSE—*Wednesday night at the Empire Theatre.*

It need hardly be pointed out that the production of a new Barrie play is one of the events of the season. But it is doubly true, even triply, in the case of "Mary Rose"—first, because the play marks something of a departure for Sir James; secondly, because Ruth Chatterton will make her first appearance as a Barrie heroine. As for the play, which is nearing its 300th performance in London, it has been several times described on this page since its production overseas.

The cast, in addition to Miss Chatterton, will include Tom Nesbitt, brother of Cathleen Nesbitt; O. B. Clarence, Ada King, Winifred Fraser, A. E. Homewood, Guy Buckley and others.

DEBURAU—*Thursday night at the Belasco Theatre.*

"Deburau," according to promise, will be the most ambitious Belasco production of several seasons. It will recreate artistic Paris of the year 1830, with Deburau, the most celebrated of the Pierrots, moving in and out as its central figure. The play, the work of Sacha Guitry, was acted by the author in Paris. The English adaptation has been made by Granville Barker.

Lionel Atwill, who has given a series of interesting performances here, will be elevated to the estate of the Belasco-starred in "Deburau." The cast will also include Hubert Druce, Joseph Herbert, Sidney Toler, Rowland Buckstone, John L. Shine, John Roche, Edmund Gurney, St. Clair Bayfield, Bernard A. Reinold, Morgan Farley, Elsie Mackaye, Rose Coghlan, Margot Kelly, Helen Reimer, Hope Sutherland, and others to the number of a hundred or more.

TO BE CONTINUED

Play.	Theatre.	Premiere.
Lightnin'	Gaiety	Aug. 26, '18
The Gold Diggers	Lyceum	Sept. 30, '19
Irene	Vanderbilt	Nov 18
Good Times	Hippodrome	Aug. 9, '20
Ladies' Night	Eltinge	Aug. 9
Enter Madame	Fulton	Aug. 16
Spanish Love	Maxine Elliott	Aug. 17
Tickle Me	Selwyn	Aug. 17
The Bat	Morosco	Aug. 23
The Bad Man	Comedy	Aug. 30
Greenwich Village Follies of 1920	Shubert	Aug. 30
Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic	New Amsterdam Roof	Sept. 2
Honeydew	Casino	Sept. 6
The Woman of Bronze	Frazee	Sept. 7
Little Old New York	Plymouth	Sept. 8
Welcome, Stranger	Cohan & Harris	Sept. 13
The Tavern	George M. Cohan	Sept. 27
Pitter Patter	Longacre	Sept. 28
Three Live Ghosts	Nora Bayes	Sept. 29
The Mirage	Times Square	Sept. 30
Mecca	Century	Oct. 4
Jim Jam Jems	Cort	Oct. 4
Tip-Top	Globe	Oct. 5
The Meanest Man in the World	Hudson	Oct. 12
Bab	Park	Oct. 13
Mary	Knickerbocker	Oct. 13
The Skin Game	Bijou	Oct. 20
The First Year	Little	Oct. 20
The Prince and the Pauper	Booth	Nov. 2
Just Suppose	Henry Miller	Nov. 2
Afgar	Central	Nov. 8
French Leave	Belmont	Nov. 8
Heartbreak House	Garrick	Nov. 10
Thy Name Is Woman	Playhouse	Nov. 15
Jimmie	Apollo	Nov. 17
Samson and Delilah	39th St.	Nov. 17
When We Are Young	Broadhurst	Nov. 22
Daddy Dumplins	Republic	Nov. 22
Rollo's Wild Oat	Punch and Judy	Nov. 22
The Broken Wing	48th St.	Nov. 29
Cornered	Astor	Dec. 8
Lady Billy	Liberty	Dec. 14
Mixed Marriage	Bramhall	Dec. 14

LONDON NOTES

MAETERLINCK'S "The Betrothal" is to be done in London presently, with Gladys Cooper in the principal rôle. London is also to see "The Charm School" within a week or so—with Owen Nares in the Sam Hardy rôle. Another American piece impending overseas is "Three's a Crowd," which had a brief and lamentable run here at the Cort.

"The Storm" does not seem to have excited London unduly, and it is presently to be replaced at the Strand by a revival of "At the Villa Rose."

The Garrick Theatre has been having a series of matinees of "You Never Can Tell," with Louis Calvert in the rôle of William the waiter. This is the part which the late George Giddens was wont to act on this side of the water.

It appears that Miss Horniman, who has made many notable productions at the Gaiety Theatre in Manchester, is unable to make ends meet any longer, and her theatre has accordingly been put up for sale. There is still a chance that something of its traditions may be preserved, however, for Miss Horniman "is willing to place her knowledge at the disposal of anybody who would be willing to carry on the theatre in a way that would make Manchester people proud of it."

"Ruddigore" has been revived in Glasgow by D'Oyly Carte's company, and will probably be heard in London also. It had not been played in England for thirty-three years.

"The Dragon," the new piece at the Aldwych, is a play about opium and the villainous Chink, and The Post dismisses it somewhat abruptly with the statement that it "contains the germ of a music-hall sketch."

Elsie Janis is now appearing in London in what she calls a "revusicomedy"—"a combination word coined by herself," says The Daily Telegraph, "made up of three letters from 'revue,' four from 'music' and five from 'comedy.'" It's just as well to have those things clear.

"Chu Chin Chow" will reach its 2,000th London performance on Dec. 29, and is still strong enough to warrant daily matinees during Christmas week. What further bulletins, incidentally, on Oscar Asche's visit to America?

SCREEN PEOPLE AND PLAYS

REVOLI—Lois Weber's "To Please One Woman," with Claire Windsor, a Paramount picture; "Shuffle the Queens," a Christie comedy.

STRAND—James Oliver Curwood's "Isobel, or The Trail's End," with Jane Novak and House Peters, directed by Edwin Carewe, a First National picture. "Way Up Yonder," a Pathe picture; "High and Dry," a Mermaid comedy.

RIALTO—"Oh, Lady, Lady," with Bebe Daniels, adapted by Edith Kennedy from the musical comedy of the same name by Guy Bolton and P. G. Wodehouse, directed by Maurice Campbell, a Realart picture; "The Royal Family of Swazieland," a Pathe picture; "A Fireside Brewer," a Mack Sennett comedy.

CAPITOL—"Passion," with Pola Negri, continued from last week.

CARNEGIE HALL—"Ireland," a Traveltalk by E. M. Newman, this evening only.

CRITERION—William De Mille's "Midsummer Madness," opened Dec. 5.

FORTY-FOURTH STREET—D. W. Griffith's "Way Down East," opened Sept. 3.

LYRIC—"Over the Hill," opened Sept. 17.

LOEW'S NEW YORK—Today and tomorrow, George Fitzmaurice's "Idols of Clay"; Tuesday, "Dangerous Business," with Constance Talmadge; Wednesday, "Pagan Love," with Rockcliffe Fellowes, daily change of program.

PLAZA—Today, tomorrow and Tuesday, Basil King's "Earthbound"; Wednesday and Thursday, "Romance," with Doris Mears; Friday and Saturday, "Eyes of the Heart," with Mary Miles Minter.

CECIL B. DE MILLE has started work on the first of the pictures promised in the announcement of the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation that it would foster the production of starless photoplays with former "stars" cast in the rôles that suit them best. The work is an adaptation of Arthur Schnitzler's play, "The Affairs of Anatol," and as evidence of the company's good faith it is pointed out that the cast includes Wallace Reid, Elliott Dexter, Gloria Swanson, Wanda Hawley, Bebe Daniels, Theodore Roberts, Dorothy Cumming, Agnes Ayres, Theodore Kosloff and Julia Faye, nearly all of them "stars" or "featured players" who in past productions have gone it alone, ably or haltingly as the case may be.

The Toonerville Trolley that meets all trains, from which it may be inferred that the trains to Toonerville are infrequent and far apart, is now bumping its way across the screen. Fontaine Fox is writing two-reel scenarios based on the adventures of his skipper and passengers in the trolley which are being done in motion pictures with real people as the actors, under the direction of Ira M. Lowry. The comedies are made by the Batswood Film Company for First National distribution.

Hy Mayer, whose Travelaughs at the Capitol have had good-natured fun at the expense of various people and places in this country, sailed last week on the Aquitania, and promises to take Americans travelaughing all over Europe before he returns next May.

Now is the Winter of discontent for those whose furthest south is South Orange made glorious Summer for the sun-worshipping motion-picture people, which means that the season for heading toward Florida and points near by is on. Constance Talmadge and her company, for example, have already been to Miami to make exteriors for "The Man From Toronto," and Pearl White and her associates have gone to the Bahamas to work on a new Fox picture, "Woman or Tiger?"

Rupert Hughes, whose "Scratch My Back" made one of the most enjoyable motion picture comedies of the year, has written his first scenario directly for the screen. It is called "Dangerous Curve Ahead" and its cast includes Helene Chadwick, Kate Lester, Edythe Chapman, M. B. Flynn, Richard Dix and James Neill. E. Mason Hopper is directing the production, with Mr. Hughes at his elbow.

John Emerson and Anita Loos have gone to California to make a motion picture which, according to report, they have long wanted to produce themselves. It is called "Wife Insurance" and the cast they have assembled for it includes Basil Sidney, the English actor who played with his wife, Doris Keane, in "Romance"; May Collins, Roy Atwell, Carl Stockdale, Edward Conelly, Tom Wilson, Lillian Lalor, Frank Lalor and Olive Valerie. Victor Fleming will direct the production.

A motion picture showing the ceremonies of the canonization of Joan of Arc, which took place at the Vatican on May 20 of this year, was exhibited last night at the Christmas Festival and Mistletoe Dance given at the Hotel Plaza for the benefit of the building fund of the College of New Rochelle. It was the first time in history, it is said, that such an exhibition has been put on the screen.

D. W. Griffith's "Way Down East" passed its 200th showing at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre last week, and, according to report, all contracts for the occupation of the house by other productions have been cancelled so that its occupancy may continue indefinitely.

Mark Twain's "A Connecticut Yankee in King Arthur's Court" has been put into motion picture form at the Fox Studios under the direction of Emmett J. Flynn, and will come to Broadway in February.

Charles Ray's third picture under the Kane-First National contract, "Nineteen and Phyllis," has been completed. It will be seen at the Strand during Christmas week.

Rubye De Remer is to be the star of two pictures which will be issued by the Arrow Film Corporation, the first of which is "The Way Women Love."

The Dominie Cathro, whose sense of humor was destroyed by Tommy in "Sentimental Tommy," is to be impersonated by Malcolm Bradley in the screen version of the Barrie work which John S. Robertson is making for Paramount.

As was remarked here a few weeks ago, the writers of books whose names are becoming familiar on the screen seem to be giving more of their time to motion pictures than they did when receiving and cashing checks for the picturization rights to their novels and plays was the limit of their cinematographic labor. As illustrating this, from the Goldwyn office comes the report that at the present moment all of the members of Eminent Authors' Pictures, Inc., are at the studio in Culver City. And it is pointed out that in every case the author is either writing an original scenario directly for the screen or personally preparing a continuity from his or her printed story.

The annual season of Burton Holmes's Travelogues, or Photo-Stories of Travel, will begin at Carnegie Hall on Jan. 9, the first subject being "Constantinople." Other subjects will be "Jerusalem," "Garden of Allah," "Spanish Cities and the Pyrenees" and "Venice and the Italian Lakes." The lectures will be on successive Sunday evenings and Monday afternoons.

Augustus Thomas's play "Colorado" is to be done in motion pictures by Universal, with Frank Mayo and Gloria Hope in the leading rôles, and Reaves Eason directing.

Plans for the founding of a "Film College" were discussed at a recent joint meeting of representatives of the Film League in Berlin and the Kinotechnical Society, attended by delegates from several departments of the German Government. It is intended to divide the proposed film college into three sections—artistic, technical, and commercial—and it is hoped thereby to raise the standards of both producers and exhibitors.

John W. McKay, general manager of the Mayflower Photoplay Corporation, believes that "we may look for some very revolutionary methods in photography next year," among which will be a method of color photography neither too imperfect nor too expensive for general use. His faith, he says, is built in part on the fact that the Mayflower Corporation intends to appropriate sufficient money to maintain a laboratory for photographic experimentation.

Milton Sills, Ora Carew and Nigel Barrie have been selected by Bayard Veiller, director of productions at Metro's west coast studios to head the cast of "What Is the Matter with Marriage?" which Dallas M. Fitzgerald will direct.

Camera men working in and around New York have formed an organization known as the Motion Picture Photographers' Association, of which George Peters, formerly with Roscoe Arbuckle and Taylor Holmes, is the first President.

Florence Ashbrook, who was a skirt dancer (term now obsolete), at the London Gaiety thirty years ago, is among those present in "The Teaser," to come from Paramount with Dorothy Dalton in the leading rôle.

Mack Sennett, in addition to continuing his production of two and five reel comedies and joining Al H. Woods in staging musical comedies, is to make what are announced as "logitimate, romantic picture dramas."

Part of the exterior of St. Patrick's Cathedral has been reproduced across the river at the Selznick studios in Fort Lee as a background for scenes in a new Conway Tearle picture which Hobart Henley is directing. The real cathedral could not be used because of the length of time it would be required, and the fact the action is supposed to take place in the Summer.

R. A. Walsh has completed "Idols," his second production for Mayflower, an adaptation of a story by William J. Locke. First National will release the picture next month.

Elsie Ferguson is to appear on the screen in an adaptation of Arnold Bennett's play, "Sacred and Profane Love," which Waldemar Young is directing for Paramount.

Irvin V. Willat is picturizing Joseph C. Lincoln's "Partners of the Tide," with Jack Perrin in the leading male rôle. It will be issued by Hodkinson.

Claire Adams, Robert McKim, Joseph J. Dowling, and Niles Welch head the cast of a screen version of Harry Leon Wilson's "The Spenders," a Benjamin B. Hampton production to be distributed by the Hodkinson Corporation.

"Unseen Forces" is the title of a spiritistic photoplay which Sidney A. Franklin is making for the Mayflower Photoplay Corporation.

George Fitzmaurice has gone to England to direct a picture for the Famous Players-Lasky British Producers, Ltd.

BROUGHT INTO FOCUS

WILLIAM DE MILLE spoke before the Cinema Composers' Club and the students of photoplay composition at Columbia University last Monday evening. In a talk that was both historical and critical, he is reported to have said that "the art of the photoplay," having passed through necessary preliminary stages, was "ready to be born." No photoplay produced so far, he said, could be "listed as a masterpiece," the art-form not yet having been established, but he thought that progress toward the masterpiece was being made and that the advent of novelists and playwrights into the motion picture field was carrying the photoplay rapidly ahead, not, however, by the adaptation of their written works to the screen, but by the application of their talents directly to the screen. The writers, he went on, were beginning to learn the language of moving pictures and would soon master its vocabulary.

Since coming to New York from California recently, Mr. De Mille has done a bit of talking here and there, and said a number of interesting things. At a luncheon at the Claridge recently, for example, he said:

"I do not want books. I do not want plays. I want authors—authors who can learn that building a drama in terms of pictures is entirely different from building a drama for the stage. I shall probably never adapt another book to the screen, because the future of motion pictures lies entirely in the establishment of a new screen literature.

Good. And further on, he said:

The motion picture today has about the same relation to its ultimate development that the miracle play of the fifteenth century has to modern drama. The reason for this is that, up to the present, we have been almost wholly devoted to perfecting our craft. We have now developed this craftsmanship to a degree that enables us to present our story well. Therefore it behooves us to strike into new fields and make the motion picture the art that it is destined to be.

Also good. And there is more like it. But Mr. De Mille is somewhat disconcerting. He defends alterations in an author's work when it is adapted to the screen on the ground that getting the spirit and meat of a novel or play into another medium often requires changes of incident and sequence, and in this he is undoubtedly right. Translation, not transliteration, is what is desired. He goes on, however, to mention the "Male and Female" version of Barrie's "The Admirable Crichton," made by his brother, Cecil B. De Mille, as an example of what he means, saying that his brother was criticised for the changes in name and substance he made in Barrie's work, but that these changes were justified. Surely Mr. William De Mille does not seriously maintain that "Male and Female" is in any sense a translation of "The Admirable Crichton." It was not for deviating from Barrie's text that Cecil De Mille was justly criticised, but because he entirely missed Barrie's spirit and point, and used a rare social satire as a basis for an ordinary, conventional sex play. And as far as the change in the name is concerned, to have called Mr. De Mille's picture "The Admirable Crichton" would have been the setting up of an incongruity. Having made a sex play, Mr. De Mille was perfectly right in choosing a title emphasizing the idea of sex. He could have gotten nothing better than "Male and Female."

Mr. William De Mille himself took Leonard Merrick's novel, "Conrad in Quest of His Youth," as material for a motion picture, and made certain changes in the story, which, in themselves, do not convict him of mistranslating Merrick. His picture was better than the average photoplay—much better, in the writer's opinion, than "Male and Female"—but it was not Merrick. "Conrad in Quest of His Youth," as Merrick wrote it, is a sentimental journey of elusive, yet sure, humor, irony and pathos, whereas, Mr. De Mille's picture is made up of broad comedy and bold sentimentality. There is no such thing as subtlety or elusiveness about it.

Also, Mr. De Mille instances "Midsummer Madness" as a product of cooperation between author and director. Maybe it is, but if so something was the matter with one or both of the cooperators, for the picture at the Criterion, in the writer's opinion, is as unreal and shallow a work as has come pretentiously to the screen for a long time.

All of which does not mean that Mr. De Mille has failed to make good his words in every particular. That he has expressed interesting and sound ideas is, thank Heaven, undeniable, and that he has capability as a director has been demonstrated, but what he says now produces expectancy, which, so far as the present writer can see, is not satisfied by what he has done. What he may do is another matter—and here is one who hopes that the promise contained in his words will be completely fulfilled for the benefit of the screen and the public.

MONEY AND REALISM

CLAYTON HAMILTON, who went to the Goldwyn studio at Culver City some months ago and has recently signed a long-term contract to stay there and write for the screen, thinks that "money and realism are the two greatest dangers to the screen at the present moment." He is optimistic, however, and believes that the screen, by following "the Shakespearean type of drama" and learning to depend as much on the pictorial appeal to the eye as on dramatic logic, can become truly great. In a summary of his observations Mr. Hamilton says:

"Photo-playwrights, directors and producers are for the present utilizing with exceptional force the Shakespearean type of drama. That mode, with its practically limitless field, its wide stretches of locale and its great passages of time lends itself better to screen use than does the Ibsen type, with its more compressed scenes, fewer characters and brief time allotment.

"There are several reasons for adhering rather closely to the early English manner in writing for the screen, not the least of these being that it is a much easier form in which to write. It is much more difficult to create a play of the type of 'The Doll's House.' The action in that is meant to happen in one room and in a very brief time, while the latitude allowed the imagination requires much mathematical exactitude.

"The screen, denied the attributes of sound and color, must appeal to the fancy of the spectator in more diverse ways. A photoplay enacted altogether in one setting would tire the eye and grow monotonous, and its broad canvas upon which can be painted intimate and exquisite interiors and sweeping landscapes affords variety to the eye, stimulates the imagination and offers action and a latitude of movement to its characters—all of which maintains the observer's interest.

"Pictures should not attempt to compete with the modern dramatic form. Their field is essentially pictorial and the development of the play should depend quite as much on this appeal to the eye as on dramatic logic.

"It must be admitted, however, that the literature for the screen at present is sadly wanting. Stories utilized for cinema production now are usually of about the Laura Jean Libby standard of literature—and necessarily the pictures are of about the same calibre. I foresee a great improvement along art lines also for pictures. The use of mass and shadow on the screen will take the place of detail now so much utilized by directors. Fantasy and imagery will be substituted for the realism that is now the goal of every producer.

"I'd like to see a romantic, poetic story photographed with an entirely fanciful background. At the present moment this is precluded by the demand for realism and the lavish expenditures encouraged in the studios. In fact, I might say that money and realism are the two greatest dangers to the screen at the present moment. In the next two years directors will aim more intensively toward getting 'pictures' on the screen. Out of their 220 scenes, usually allotted to the five-reel drama, they will try to have many which the spectator will wish he might take out and hang on his walls.

"The big task, therefore, for the producer of the photoplay is to appeal to all the million and at the same time try not to offend the taste of ten.

"You can educate the public to pictorial taste, and it should also be educated to better stories. The great literature of the world is not exhausted. You can get all of the old Dumas plays for nothing, but producers, both for the stage and the screen, would much rather pay $50,000 for a bedroom farce.

"Despite all these charges which I bring against pictures as they are, I believe that great things are in store for the pictures that will be."

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS—DIRECTION OF LEE AND J. J. SHUBERT.

60th & B'way. Three Circle 2266. WINTER GARDEN Matinees Tues., Thurs. and Sat.
Opening Wednesday Night, Dec. 29 Seats Thursday
MESSRS. LEE and J. J. SHUBERT Announce THE LATEST WINTER GARDEN PRODUCTION
THE Passing Show of 1921
Presenting WILLIE & EUGENE HOWARD
And an All-Star Cast, Including MARIE DRESSLER and HARRY WATSON And 300 Others
AND THE PICK OF NATURE'S BEAUTIES
STAGED BY J. C. HUFFMAN
Book and Lyrics by Harold Atteridge. Music by Jean Schwartz.
Incidental Music by Al Goodman and Lew Pollack.
SUNDAY CONCERT TONIGHT | ALWAYS THE BEST SUNDAY ENTERTAINMENT IN TOWN

BOOTH THEATRE, 45TH ST., W. OF B'WAY. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat., 2:30.
Direction LEE SHUBERT
WILLIAM Faversham
in MARK TWAIN'S Romantic Comedy
THE Prince AND the Pauper
4 MATS. New Year's Week
WED., DEC. 29; THURS., DEC. 30; FRI., DEC. 31; SAT., JAN. 1.

SHUBERT Thea., 44th St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
THE BOHEMIANS, INC. Present
GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES 1920
Devised and Staged by JOHN MURRAY ANDERSON.

"A VISION TO BEHOLD."—Times.
ASTOR THEA., B'WAY & 45th ST. EVS. 8:30. MTS. WED. & SAT.
MADGE KENNEDY (HERSELF) in "CORNERED"
A NEW COMEDY DRAMA by DODSON MITCHELL
"A REAL OLD-TIME TRIUMPH."—Journal.
BROADWAY CAST INCLUDES ZELDA SEARS, LESLIE AUSTEN, AMELIA GARDNER, MORGAN COMAN, TOM WALSH, EDWARD FIELDING, NATALIE MANNING, THERESE QUADRI, JOSEPH TULLER, ROBERT FORSYTHE.
POPULAR MATINEE, WEDNESDAY, 50c TO $2

LYRIC Commencing MONDAY DEC. 27
First Week Mats. Wed., Thurs., Fri. and Sat. SEATS THURS.
A Merry Christmas Flood of Joy!
NORA BAYES
Presents HERSELF IN HER FANTASTIC MUSICAL PLAY,
"HER FAMILY TREE"

WAGENHALS & KEMPER Present
THE TWO BIGGEST HITS IN NEW YORK
Maxine Elliott's 39 St. nr. B'way Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
POPULAR MATINEE WEDNESDAY
Spanish Love
By Avery Hopwood and Mary Roberts Rinehart
"HOLDS AUDIENCE BREATHLESS." —Eve. Sun.
MOROSCO 45 St. W. of B'y Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
EXTRA MATS. THURS. & FRI. DEC. 30-31
The Bat
By Mary Roberts Rinehart and Avery Hopwood.
"KEEPS STANDEES ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World.
SEATS FOR BOTH PLAYS NOW ON SALE 8 WEEKS AHEAD

To those of you who have found any pleasure in my productions of the past, I recommend BEN-AMI in "SAMSON AND DELILAH" at the 39th St. Theatre.
ARTHUR HOPKINS.

REPUBLIC W. 42nd St. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Wed. (Pop.) & Saturday at 2:20.
EARL CARROLL presents
"DADDY DUMPLINS"
with MACLYN ARBUCKLE

LITTLE THEATRE, W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
A MATINEE WILL BE GIVEN EVERY DAY WEEK OF DEC. 27. SEATS NOW AT BOX OFFICE.
John Golden Presents Winchell Smith Directs Frank Craven Writes and Plays in
The 1st YEAR
A Comic Tragedy of Married Life.

LONGACRE West 48th Street Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
LAST 2 WEEKS
PITTER PATTER
The Reigning Musical Comedy Success
WITH ERNEST TRUEX
A BRILLIANT COMPANY AND THE FAMOUS RAINBOW CHORUS

LYRIC WEST 42ND ST. 15TH WEEK.
WILLIAM FOX Presents
"Greatest Human document ever seen."
OVER THE HILL
By Will Carleton. Directed by Harry Millarde.
MAT. TODAY AT 2:30. TONIGHT AT 8:30.
Twice Daily. All Seats Reserved.
Evs. 8:30. Sat. and Sun. Mats. 50c to $2.00.
Daily Mats. 2:30, 25c to $1.00.

Fulton W. 46St. Evs. 8:30 Mts. Wed. & Sat.
BROCK PEMBERTON Presents
ENTER MADAME
GILDA VARESI | NORMAN TREVOR
Mats. daily during Xmas Week. Seats now.

Plymouth—Mats. Thurs. & Sat.
'A thought for to-day'
SEE
LITTLE OLD NEW YORK
BY RIDA JOHNSON YOUNG
"The Gayest Play in Town"
MANAGEMENT SAM H. HARRIS.

BROADHURST Thea., 44th W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30
Matinees Thurs. and Sat., 2:30.
LAST WEEK
HENRY HULL
ALMA TELL
GEORGE MARION
In KATE L. McLAURIN'S Comedy Triumph
WHEN WE ARE YOUNG

SHUBERT-RIVIERA 97th St. & B'way.
Evs. 8:15. Good Orchestra Seats $1.00.
ONE WEEK Beginning TO-MORROW NIGHT
MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN
IN THE ROMANTIC MELODRAMA
THE PURPLE MASK
MR. DITRICHSTEIN'S ONLY NEW YORK APPEARANCE THIS SEASON.
Week, Dec. 27—CECIL LEAN in "LOOK WHO'S HERE," with Cleo Mayfield.
Today, Sunday Concerts. Continuous 1:30 to 11:30

Nora Bayes THEATRE, 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
3 LIVE GHOSTS
A Screaming Comedy
By Frederic W. Isham.

TO-NIGHT
GREATEST CONCERTS IN NEW YORK
CENTURY Theatre, 62nd St. and Central Park West. Phone Columbus 8000.
Avon Comedy 4
Versatile Sextette | Phil Baker | Nelson & Cronin
Dolly Connolly and Ray Raymond
10—OTHER STAR ACTS—10
800 SEATS AT $1.00
CENTRAL Theatre, 47th & B'way Phone Bryant 17.
Ben Welch
(PERMISSION MR. A. HAMMERSTEIN)
OLGA COOK
NELSON & CRONIN
8—OTHER STAR ACTS—8
WINTER GARDEN 50th & B'way Phone Circle 2330
ALWAYS THE BEST SUNDAY ENTERTAINMENT IN TOWN

MUSICAL COMEDY IN THE BEST SENSE OF THE WORD
ZIMBALIST'S
Honeydew
CASINO at the 39th St. and Broadway. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
WILL ADD CHEER TO YOUR XMAS HAPPINESS
SPECIAL New Year's Week Matinees WED., THURS., FRI. and SAT.

SELWYN West 42d St. Evs. 8:20 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Arthur Hammerstein's Ten-Strike Hit
FRANK TINNEY
IN A MUSICIRL COMEDY
"TICKLE ME"

APOLLO West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Arthur Hammerstein's Supreme Bid
FRANCES WHITE
IN A MUSICOMEDY
"JIMMIE"
with BEN WELCH and Star Cast
by Otto Harbach—Oscar Hammerstein II.—Frank Mandel. Music by Herbert Stothart (Authors of "Tickle Me").

TIMES SQ. W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30
FLORENCE REED
in EDGAR SELWYN'S PLAY
"THE MIRAGE"

Good Seats for New Year's Eve. Now on Sale at the Box Office of All 3 Theatres

Century Promenade Above Century Theatre. 62d St. & Cent. Pk. W. Ph. Col. 8500
THE NEWEST LATE HOUR SHOW
The CENTURY MIDNIGHT REVUE AT 11:30
Opens at 10:30 for Dining and Dancing.

CENTURY
62d St. and Central Park West. Direction Lee and J. J. Shubert.
Evs. 8 Sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2
LAST 5 WEEKS
ENTIRE ORGANIZATION AND COMPANY OF 400 PEOPLE WILL LEAVE BY SPECIAL TRAIN FOR CHICAGO ON JAN. 23D TO FILL CONTRACT MADE A YEAR AGO WITH THE CHICAGO OPERA ASSOCIATION.
F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest
Present the World's Largest and Most Beautiful Production
MECCA
A Musical Extravaganza of the Orient
By Oscar Asche. Music by Percy Fletcher.
NOTE: "Mecca" is playing to such enormous crowds that it could easily finish the season in New York, but since prior contracts compel its transfer to Chicago on Jan. 22, Messrs. Comstock & Gest announce that this gigantic production will positively return to New York after the Chicago engagement to continue here until next Summer.
Pop. Mat. Every Wed., 50c to $2

CENTRAL THEATRE 47th St. & B'way
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
F. RAY COMSTOCK AND MORRIS GEST Present
(by arrangement with Charles B. Cochran)
the Sensation of London, Paris & New York,
DELYSIA "The Toast of the Town"
"She has taken New York by storm" —Eve. Telegram.
In the Famous London and Paris success, The "Chic-est" show in N.Y.
"AFGAR"
ONE YEAR AT THE LONDON PAVILION
Costumed by Paul Poiret in Paris.
POP. MAT. EVERY WED., 50c to $2.

ELTINGE THEA. W. 42nd St. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat.
A. H. WOODS presents
LADIES NIGHT
IN A TURKISH BATH
by CHARLTON ANDREWS and AVERY HOPWOOD
POPULAR MATINEE WEDNESDAY.

COMEDY THEATRE, WEST 41ST ST. MATS. THURS. & SAT.
HOLBROOK BLINN AS THE BAD MAN
A LOVABLE LAUGHABLE BANDIT IN
VANDERBILT West 48th St. Phone Bryant 134
THEATRE
The Musical Comedy Hit
2ND YEAR
"IRENE"
SEATS ON SALE 6 WEEKS AHEAD.
EVS. 8:30. MATS. WED. & SAT., 2:30.

MARGARET ANGLIN
FOURTH MONTH
The WOMAN of BRONZE
FRAZEE THEATRE, West 42d St. Phone Bryant 31.
Evgs. at 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Regular Mats. Xmas & New Year's Day.

WILLIAM A. BRADY'S Theatres & Successes
Playhouse 48th St., E. of B'way Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
MARY NASH
IN "THY NAME IS WOMAN"
By Carl Schoner and Benjamin F. Glazer. Staged by Jose Ruben.
"SCORES A SPLENDID SUCCESS—IS A FLAMING SPANISH ENCHANTRESS."—Eve. Journal.
Note: Owing to Miss Nash's Enormous Success in "Thy Name is Woman," Daily Matinees Will Be Given The Week Commencing Monday, Dec. 27th. Seats For These and All Performances Up To May 1st Are Now on Sale.
Wm. A. Brady's 48TH ST. Th., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
NEW YORK'S BIGGEST THRILL!
"THE BROKEN WING"
"GOING 'THE BAD MAN' ONE BETTER." —Eve. World.
Seats 8 Wks in Advance

BIJOU Thea., 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
(In Association with Reandean, London)
3rd MONTH
The SKIN GAME
By John Galsworthy
"Is One of His Fine Plays."
Heywood Broun—Tribune.
4 MATINEES OF "THE SKIN GAME" WILL BE GIVEN THE WEEK COMMENCING DECEMBER 27TH, ON WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

Belmont Thea., 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
FINAL PERFORMANCES
MR. & MRS. COBURN IN FRENCH LEAVE
BEGINNING MONDAY, DEC. 27
BROCK PEMBERTON will present
ZONA GALE'S "MISS LULU BETT"
SEATS ON SALE TO-MORROW
Mats. First Week: Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat.

COLUMBIA
47th & B'y. Now Most Beautiful Theatre in N.Y.
"The Woman in Bronze" & "Land"—N.Y. Times
Lively fun; snappy music; pretty dances; jolly vaudeville; pretty girls; beautiful scenery and costumes —That's the "Power" Burlesque is a symbol.
2 Big Concerts TODAY at 2:15 & 7:45 All Seats $1
Conn. Tomorrow Afternoon
ED LEE WROTHE and HIS BEST SHOW
with Owen Martin and Dolly Sweet. The Merry Christmas Offering Full of Holiday Cheer. Big Company—Magnificent "Effects." Twice daily—Moderate Prices—Repeat 2 Weeks in series—Smoking Permitted.
Next Week—Watson and Cohan in "Girls Do Looks"—Extra Midnight Show New Year's Eve.

BRONX OPERA HOUSE
149TH STREET, EAST OF 3D AVENUE
POP. PRICES. MATS. WED. and SAT.
BEGINNING TOMORROW EVE.
CHARLES CHERRY AND JUNE WALKER IN
"SCANDAL"
By COSMO HAMILTON
THE MOST TALKED OF PLAY IN AMERICA
WEEK DEC. 27 "CALL THE DOCTOR"
SEATS ON SALE TOMORROW

BROOKLYN.
LOEW'S METROPOLITAN
Smith, Livingston, Fulton Sts., Bklyn.
Mon., Tues., Wed., Dec. 20, 21, 22.
"IDOLS OF CLAY"
With Mae Murray & David Powell
"TING-A-LING"
Youth, Beauty, Charm and Talent.
FIELDS & GOETTLER
Van & Vernon and others.
MONDAY NIGHT, Dec. 26
15—MOTION PICTURE STARS IN PERSON—15
Thurs., Fri., Sat., Sun., Dec. 23, 24, 25, 26
A Colossal Spectacle
"THE FATAL HOUR"
With a Brilliant Cast
(A Loew Metro Picture)
6 MUSICAL NOSSES
Edna May Foster, "Did You Yess?" Criterion 4, Little Pipplax

MONTAUK Bargain Mats. Wed. and Sat.
6TH BIG WEEK at this Theatre
Last Performances January 1st
GEORGE BROADHURST'S
Production of the Romance of the Big Woods
THE STORM
By LANGDON McCORMICK.
Staged by Mrs. TRIMBLE BRADLEY
With the Same Perfect Cast With the Thrilling Forest Fire
JAN. 3rd DAVID BELASCO Presents THE ALL-STAR CAST IN "Call the Doctor."

Teller's Shubert BROOKLYN Evs. at 8:15 Matinees Wed., Sat., 2:15.
World's Greatest Magician
THURSTON
AND HIS IMPS
The Wonder Show of the Universe
New Year's Week Edward Royce's Production
DIRECT FROM ASTOR THEATRE, N. Y.
KISSING TIME
THE NEW MUSICAL COMEDY—WITH
William Norris—Edith Taliaferro

"THE TRUTH ABOUT HUSBANDS"
ADAPTED FROM "THE PROFLIGATE"
By Sir Arthur Wing Pinero
A Merry Xmas
Expressed in Rich Gifts of Mark Strand
Holiday Screen Art
Festive Music and Yuletide Novelties.
MARK STRAND BROOKLYN Fulton St. and Rockwell Pl.

MAJESTIC Matinees Wed. and Sat.
ONE WEEK Beginning TOMORROW EVE.
A Great Christmas Week Bill
EARL CARROLL Presents
AN UNUSUAL PLAY
THE LADY OF THE LAMP
WITH
GEORGE GAUL, HERBERT VINCENT, ENTIRE ORIGINAL CAST FROM ITS FIVE MONTHS' RUN AT THE REPUBLIC THEA.
2—KEITH SUNDAY CONCERTS—2
NEXT WEEK GEORGE LEMAIRE'S Broadway Brevities With BERT WILLIAMS

B. F. KEITH'S ORPHEUM
Concerts Sunday, 2:15 & 8:15. Week of Dec. 20.
Carleton Hoagland Presents
HARRY CARROLL
& CO. of 14, in "VARIETIES OF 1920"
BURNS & FRABITO | FRANK MCCLANE
EMMET DEVOY & CO.
PATRICOLA
The Syncopating Melodist.
SAMSONE & DELILAH
The Best Finale a Row Dancer From the West
BETH BERI & CO.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
NEWMAN Travel Talk
IRELAND
Thrilling Color Views and Motion Pictures
Wed. Dec. 29 and 8:15 P.M.
Tickets 50c to $1.50. Institute Box Office.

FULL subscription price, including war tax, allowed on OPERA TICKETS
The Original TYSON & CO. ESTABLISHED 1880
1472 B'WAY. 4080 Bryant
100 B'WAY. 9100 Rector

MUSIC

COMING OF "THE BEGGAR'S OPERA"

By RICHARD ALDRICH.

FOR the last half year there has been running in one of the out-of-the-way theatres in London, at Hammersmith, a revival of "The Beggar's Opera" that has attracted more delighted throngs than any other public entertainment in the British capital. How unexpected was this success is shown by the choice of a Hammersmith theatre. Now this production has been brought over the ocean and "The Beggar's Opera" will be given in New York at the Greenwich Village Theatre.

Not by any means, however, for the first time. It might possibly surprise the promoters of this English importation to learn that "The Beggar's Opera" was first performed in New York, as far as the records show definitely, on Dec 5, 1750. It was given by a dramatic company that had come up from Philadelphia, then the American metropolis, headed by one Thomas Kean, who was the Captain MacHeath in "a room in Nassau Street that formerly belonged to Rip van Dam."

This was twenty-two years after its original production in London, in 1728. It is possible, or even probable, as O. G. Sonneck says in his "Early Opera in America," that it had been performed in New York from 1732 or, in view of the regular intercourse between London and New York and the fact that comedians came to this country and are known to have opened Rip van Dam's "room" in that year and thatean English ballad opera, "Flora or Hob in the Well," was given in Charleston, S. C., no later than 1735. And if operas in Charleston, why not in New York?

At all events, "The Beggar's Opera" was given repeatedly in New York and elsewhere in the Colonies from 1750 on, by various companies, and gained a measure of popularity hardly less than that which it enjoyed in England. When was the last performance of the work in New York before the impending revival? It is not easy to say with certainty.

There are performances on record in T. Allston Brown's "History of the New York Stage," given by a comic opera company" directed by Fred Lester, on Nov 28 and Dec 5, 1870, at Wood's Museum and Menagerie. This place of entertainment was in the building afterward occupied by Daly's Theatre, on Broadway, just below Thirtieth Street; "living curiosities," including dwarfs, as well as dramatic performances, were included in its offerings.

The records show a longer life for "The Beggar's Opera" than has been granted to any other opera, serious or comic. The recent production in London clearly establishes the fact that the work is still alive to the consciousness of playgoers, and that the production is not an antiquarian galvanizing of an operatic corpse—such a galvanizing, it may be whispered secretly, as has recently more than once been attempted in far more majestic and influential quarters in this city

There never was any question, in its early days, that "The Beggar's Opera" was intended by Gay as a satire on the profligate manners and customs of the Ministers and Court of George II., who had just ascended the British throne, that its immediate motive was resentment at what Gay considered an insufficient offer by the Government of a sinecure office that he had long been seeking, that the Ministers of the day, and especially Sir Robert Walpole, were aimed at; and, finally, that all this was expressed by means of a parody of the Italian opera.

Sir Robert Walpole had before that time been the object of Gay's satire, but he had the courage to be present at the first night of "The Beggar's Opera" and sat in the stage box. George Hogarth describes the pointed manner in which the audience applied to Walpole the last line in Lockit's song:

When you censure the age,
Be cautious and sage,
Lest the courtiers offended should be.
If you mention vice or bribe,
'Tis so put to all the trib
That each cries, "That was level'd at me!"

Sir Robert, observing the point and the attitude of the audience, dexterously parried the thrust at the end of the second repetition of the song by calling out "Encore!" in a voice that was audible throughout the house. This produced a general cheer from the audience and the song was sung a third time.

Nevertheless, the public continued for many years afterward to apply the line to the famous and notorious Minister, as well as many other allusions in the opera, so that he never could go to a performance of it with any comfort. The name of Bob Booty, whom Mrs. Peachum inquires about, always raised a laugh at his expense. The quarrel scene between Peachum and Lockit was also understood to apply to a recent quarrel between Sir Robert and Lord Townshend and kept the audience in a roar on that account.

The notes to Pope's "Dunciad" (written by himself and Swift) say of the first performance and popularity of "The Beggar's Opera": "The piece was received with greater applause than was ever known. Besides being acted in London sixty-three days without interruption and renewed next season with equal applause, it spread to all the great towns of England; was played in many places to the thirtieth and fortieth time; at Bath and Bristol, fifty. It made its progress into Wales, Scotland and Ireland, where it was performed twenty-four days successively. The ladies carried about with them the favorite songs of it in fans, and houses were furnished with it in screens."

Nor was the fame shed by "The Beggar's Opera" confined to the author only. The "Dunciad" notes continue in regard to Lavinia Fenton, the first representative of Polly, whose portrait was painted by Hogarth, that "she became all at once the favorite of the town; her pictures were engraved and sold in great numbers, her life written, books of letters and verses to her published and pamphlets made even of her sayings and jests." And finally she became the Duchess of Bolton.

As for Gay, he was a poet of note at the end of the seventeenth and beginning of the eighteenth century; an intimate friend of Pope and Swift and the author of more than one successful play and of the well-known ballad "Black-Eyed Susan." What brings him to the attention of music lovers particularly, besides "The Beggar's Opera," is his libretto to Handel's serenata, "Acis and Galatea."

Dr. Pepusch, his collaborator in setting the tunes, a German who settled in England about 1700, wrote some operas and cantatas, played the organ, taught music and became an active factor in the English musical life of the time.

For a century, while the piece had what may be called its first vogue, as distinguished from that which has now come again upon it, there was great argument about the morality and propriety of "The Beggar's Opera." We hasten to say that the text itself has been judiciously revised in the impending production to suit twentieth century tastes.

The argument was concerned with the question of the subject and treatment.

It was one of the matters with which Dr. Johnson and his circle, to whom argument, discussion and conversation were the breath of life, occasionally dussed. Hardly a volume of the letters of the period but contains a contribution to the criticism of "The Beggar's Opera" — Swift's, Pope's, Walpole's, Arbuthnot's. Boswell projected "a quarto volume, to be embellished with fine plates, on the subject of the controversy occasioned by 'The Beggar's Opera.'" He reports several of the ambrosial conversations dealing with the famous subject.

Johnson's deliverances upon it were many; one of the most notable was that "there is in it such a labefaction of all principles as may be injurious to morality." After that there would seem to remain little to add; but in a more serious vein he thought that more influence was ascribed to the morals of the opera than they really had. "I do not believe any man was ever made a rogue by being present at its representation." He returns to the charge in his "Life of Gay," where he observes that the play was plainly written only to divert, without any moral purpose, and is therefore "not likely to do good."

These things, it must be remembered, were said and written half a century after the opera was first produced and after it had become "classic." It was not what Gay himself thought or at least wrote to Swift: "For writing in the cause of virtue and against the fashionable vices, I am looked upon at present as the most obnoxious person, almost, in England." And Dr. Arbuthnot, writing to that same distinguished correspondent at the same time, observed: "The inoffensive John Gay is become one of the obstructors to the peace of Europe, the terror of the ministers, the chief author of 'The Craftsman' and all the seditious pamphlets which have been published against the Government."

Boswell himself ventured to disagree with his god: "I should be very sorry to have 'The Beggar's Opera' suppressed, for there is in it so much of real London life, so much brilliant wit, and such a variety of airs which from early association of ideas engage, soothe and enliven the mind, that no performance which the theatre exhibits delights me more."

Boswell reports "an ingenious observation of Mr. Gibbon" that "The Beggar's Opera" may perhaps have sometimes increased the number of highwaymen: but that it had a beneficial effect in refining that class of men, making them "less ferocious, more polite; in short, more like gentlemen"; quite an ingenious theory and complimentary in its estimate of operatic moral influences.

If race Walpole, genial cynic, son of Sir Robert, wrote that "Justice Fielding has revived the hypothesis of 'The Beggar's Opera' making all our rogues. Garrick has in a manner given it up, but they continue it at Covent Garden. • • • Did you know before that Macheath begot all our nabobs?"

As a matter of fact, Sir John Fielding, in 1775, sent letters to the managers of Drury Lane and Covent Garden, advising them not to perform 'The Beggar's Opera' "as it tended to increase the number of thieves." That Garrick declared himself on Justice Fielding's side and against the opera was unchartably interpreted by some as due to the fact that he had but one good singer in his company.

Colman, the rival manager, however, answered the Justice that he did not think his the only house in Bow Street where thieves were hardened and encouraged, and that he would persist in continuing the representation of "that admirable satire, 'The Beggar's Opera.'"

But nobody was more emphatic in his defense of Gay's work than Dean Swift himself: "Nothing but servile attachment to a party, affection of singularity, lamentable dullness, mistaken zeal, or stupid hypocrisy, can have the least reasonable objection against his excellent moral performance of the celebrated Mr. Gay."

The original suggestion for "The Beggar's Opera" is said to have come from Dean Swift, who one day remarked to Gay "what an odd, pretty sort of thing a Newgate pastoral might make." "Gay," as Pope said, "was inclined to try at such a thing for some time, but afterward thought it would be better to write an opera on the same plan." Swift, who looked at Gay's draft, thought it would not do. Pope reports that neither he nor Swift believed it would succeed, and when they showed it to Congreve he said "it would either take greatly or be damned confoundedly"; wherein Congreve seems to have played safe as a prophet. Colley Cibber, to whom the opera was first offered, rejected it. Quin, the famous actor, had so bad an opinion of it that he refused the part of Macheath, and gave it to Walker, who acquired great celebrity in it.

As to the theory that the musical form of the work is a parody of Italian opera, opinions have differed as widely as over its morals. Parody and assault on the Italian opera, not long before first brought to England, were much in vogue since Addison and the other wits of the time had made it a target in The Spectator and the other contemporary literary publications.

Gay's parody, however, in satirical lines and dramatic situations, aided by Dr. Pepusch's adept treatment of popular tunes of the day, was more deadly than all the literary attacks. "The Beggar's Opera," at the Little Theatre in Lincoln's Inn Fields, is considered to have been one of the chief reasons why Handel's Italian opera at the King's Theatre, under the auspices of the Royal Academy of Music, went into bankruptcy. According to the "Dunciad" notes, "it drove out of England for that season the Italian opera, which had carried all before it for ten years." And it ought to count for something that it gave an opportunity for that long-lived jest about making Gay rich and Rich gay.

ORCHESTRAL CHANGES.

WHILE New York's oldest orchestra has recently enlisted an "associate conductor" in its public activities here and on tour, similar reinforcements are now pending, and will become during the holidays an accomplished fact, with other leading bands. Mr. Hadley, who already has conducted two Philharmonic concerts, is to direct his "Culprit Fay" on Dec. 31 at Carnegie Hall, when Josef Stransky will present the First Symphony of Gustav Mahler. The orchestra is meanwhile devoting two weeks entirely to rehearsals.

With the New York Symphony forces, Albert Coates, soon arriving from London, will conduct a British program in Walter Damrosch's "historical cycle" at Carnegie Hall on Dec. 30 and 31. Today's matinee of the Symphony Society at Aeolian Hall introduces a French work, "La Queste de Dieu," from Vincent d'Indy's opera, "St. Christopher," produced in Paris last June. The "symphonic interlude" follows a recitative passage at the opening of the second act, in which the giant Auferus is seeking the King of Heaven. Before the novelty Mr. Damrosch has Wagner's "Faust" overture and Schubert's "Unfinished Symphony," while at the close Fritz Kreisler appears in Tschaikovsky's violin concerto.

The Philadelphia Orchestra will have the help of the Flonzaley Quartet at its fourth concert in Carnegie Hall on Tuesday evening, when Leopold Stokowski will present, for the first time in America, Emmanuel Moor's concerto for string quartet and orchestra. On the program are also Mozart's "Jupiter" symphony and Strauss's "Death and Transfiguration."

Artur Bodanzky of the Metropolitan has but four more concerts with the National Symphony before he gives way for three months to William Mengelberg of Amsterdam. Next Saturday afternoon and Sunday evening, in Carnegie Hall, Benno Moiseiwitsch will play Liszt's pianoforte concerto in E flat, while the orchestral numbers are Gluck's overture to "Iphigenia in Aulis," Gliere's symphonic poem "The Syrens" and Smetana's overture to "The Bartered Bride," the last repeated at the request of the subscribers.

David Bispham will read and Rachel Morton Harris, Myrtle Leonard and a small chorus of women's voices from the Oratorio Society will sing with the New York Symphony Orchestra next Sunday afternoon in Aeolian Hall, when Walter Damrosch gives an entire program devoted to the "Midsummer Night's Dream" music of Mendelssohn, with excerpts from the text of Shakespeare.

STAR CHAMBER MUSIC.

Concerning a novel "quadruple concerto" by Emmanuel Moor, which the Philadelphia Orchestra will perform here this week, an official note explains that the work was composed at the suggestion of Alfred Pochon, one of the Flonzaley Quartet, and dedicated to these players, who are stars of the premiere. It was begun in Lausanne, Switzerland, in September, 1914; but the outbreak of the war and the loss of a favorite nephew, a Captain in the English Army, caused the composer to lay aside the composition until last Summer, when the work was orchestrated.

According to Mr. Pochon, the work is "not at all revolutionary," and he quotes what the composer himself had to say of it, as follows:

"I have tried to keep, as far as possible, the character of the orchestra, that it should sound more like a chamber-music composition for a large hall. My music demands to be played with 'liberty.' It is very simple and has few notes, but it has to be understood. I do everything with the smallest means. Perhaps the American public may be tired of the so-called modern tendency and may be glad to hear something that still has melody."

Moor has recently written a "requiem" in memory of his nephew who fell in the war, as well as a "melody" for orchestra, dedicated to Mr. d'Archambeau of the Flonzaley Quartet; four "pieces lyriques" for string quartet and a sonata for violin and piano, both dedicated to Mr. Pochon.

100 College Girls to Sing.

Mount Holyoke College's choir of 100 voices will sing Christmas carols in Aeolian Hall on Tuesday afternoon for the college's endowment fund. Old English airs include "A Babe Is Born," "Jesu, Thou the Virgin-Born," "There Is No Rose," an example of the twelfth century, and "Angels We Have Heard on High," with traditional words from the second century. Among French carols are a "Berceuse de l'Enfant Jesu," arranged by Gevaert; "'Tis the Time for Mirth" and "Bring a Torch, Jeanette," Saboly; "Noel d'Alsace," Mirande, and an ancient "Alleluia, Kyrie Christe." There are also I. Lasso's "Adoramus Te," the old German "Silent Night," Bullard's "Tryste Noel," a "Carol of the Russian Children," the Catalonian "Adoration of the Shepherds," adapted by Kurt Schindler, and "Jesu Redemptor," arranged for women's voices by Pietro Yon.

For Oratorio Festival.

The Oratorio Society of New York is to give another Spring festival, following its only mid-season concert in Carnegie Hall on Dec. 27, when the annual performance of Handel's "The Messiah" is to engage 500 voices, it is said, with Frieda Hempel, Mabel Beddoe, Judson House and Royal Dadmun as soloists and Walter Damrosch conducting.

For the festival series of 1921, to be held at the Manhattan Opera House, the programs are announced as follows: March 29, "The Children's Crusade," by Pierné; March 30, Bach's "St. Matthew Passion"; April 1, Elgar's "The Dream of Gerontius"; April 2, a matinee of Wagner in English, and in the evening Verdi's "Requiem," the series closing Monday, April 4, with Margaret Anglin in the "Iphigenia in Aulis" of Euripides, with new music by Damrosch.

CONCERTS OF THE WEEK.

December.

19—Symphony Society, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
19—Serge Rachmaninoff, piano, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
19—Maria Grever, soprano, afternoon, Princess Theatre.
19—Vasa Prihoda and others, evening, Metropolitan.
19—Greta Torpadie and others, evening, Cooper Union.
20—Elsie Teal, piano, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
20—Max Rosen and others, evening, Carnegie Hall.
20—John Finnegan, tenor, evening, Aeolian Hall.
21—Mount Holyoke Choir, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
21—Philadelphia Orchestra, evening, Carnegie Hall.
21—Germaine Schnitzer, piano, evening, Aeolian Hall.
22—Ella Rich and Agnes Pillsbury, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
22—Jacques Pintel, piano, evening, Carnegie Hall.
23—Mischa Levitzki and Sascha Jacobsen, evening, Carnegie Hall.
25—National Symphony Orchestra, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
27—Mishel Piastro, violin, evening, Carnegie Hall.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

EMPIRE B'way & 40 St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. W'd. & Sat.
WEDNESDAY NIGHT, 8:15
CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS
RUTH

CHATTERTON
(by courtesy of HENRY MILLER) IN THE NEW PLAY
MARY ROSE
BY J. M. BARRIE
Author of "Peter Pan," "Dear Brutus," "The Little Minister," &c.
First Matinee Sat. Dec. 25

BELASCO THEATRE 44th St., near Broadway
THURSDAY NIGHT AT 8:15 SHARP
DAVID BELASCO ANNOUNCES THE FIRST APPEARANCE of LIONEL ATWILL in "DEBURAU," BY SACHA GUITRY. ADAPTED BY GRANVILLE BARKER
First Matinee Saturday

NEW AMSTERDAM
Popular Mat. Wed. & Sat.
FIRST TIME
TUESDAY, DEC. 21 at 8:15 SHARP
FIRST MAT. WED. 50c to $2.50, No Higher
SEAT SALE NOW FOR FIRST EIGHT WEEKS
ZIEGFELD PRODUCTION
MARILYNN MILLER
LEON ERROL
AMERICA'S TWO GREATEST DANCE PERSONALITIES IN THE MUSICAL COMEDY
SALLY
STAGED BY EDWARD ROYCE
BOOK BY GUY BOLTON
Lyrics by Clifford Grey
MUSIC BY JEROME KERN
Butterfly Ballet—Music by VICTOR HERBERT
WITH CAST AND CHORUS OF DISTINCT PERSONALITIES
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE TODAY Pop. Mat., 2:15 CONCERTS Night 8:15
BIG B. F. KEITH VAUDEVILLE BILL
NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF—NEW
Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic

LYCEUM THEATRE W. 45 St. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. at 2:20
DAVID BELASCO Presents
INA CLAIRE 2nd YEAR in "THE GOLD DIGGERS"
Avery Hopwood's Sparkling Comedy.

Park THEATRE Col's Circle Evs. 8:30
Lawrence J. Anhalt, Sole Lessee & Mgr.
MATINEES WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY, 2:30
10TH AND LAST WEEK BUT ONE
BAB By Edward Childs Carpenter From the Stories by Mary Roberts Rinehart
WITH HELEN HAYES
"A worthy successor to 'Clarence.'" —N. Y. Sun
OPENING ON JAN. 3
FRANCIS DE WOLF Wilson AND Hopper
AND A BRILLIANT COMPANY IN A NEW AND WONDROUS
"ERMINIE"
Mail orders filled now in order of receipt when accompanied by check or money order and stamped envelope. Box Office sale opens Monday, Dec. 27.
SCALE OF PRICES:
Nights (except Opening and Saturdays) and Saturday matinee—Orchestra, $3.50; First Balcony, $2.75, $2.20, $1.65; Second Balcony, $1.10, 55c.
Opening Night—Orchestra, $5.50; First Balcony, $4.40, $3.30, $2.20; Second Balcony, $1.65, $1.10.
Saturday Nights—Orchestra, $4.40; First Balcony, $3.30, $2.75, $2.20.
Wednesday Matinee—Orchestra, $2.75; First Balcony, $2.75, $2.20, $1.65; Second Balcony, $1.10, 55c.

GEO. M. COHAN'S 3 BIG HITS
HUDSON 44th St., E. of B'y Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Management of Mrs. Henry B. Harris
4 HOLIDAY MATINEES WED., THURS., FRI. & SAT. Dec. 29, 30, 31 & Jan. 1. SEATS NOW.
The Meanest Man in the World
POPULAR AMERICAN COMEDY
MR. COHAN in the Title Role.

GEO. M. COHAN'S B'WAY-43rd ST. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
4 HOLIDAY MATINEES WED., THURS., FRI. & SAT. Dec. 29, 30, 31 & Jan. 1. SEATS NOW.
THE MYSTERY MASTERPIECE
THE TAVERN
ARNOLD DALY As the Vagabond

KNICKERBOCKER B'WAY-38th ST. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
4 HOLIDAY MATINEES WED., THURS., FRI. & SAT. Dec. 29, 30, 31 & Jan. 1. SEATS NOW.
GEO. M. COHAN'S Comedians IN THE GREATEST MUSICAL HIT OF THE AGE
MARY
"Isn't It a Grand Old Name?"

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE 124 West 43d St. Tel. 7410 Bryant
Nights at 8:20; Mats. Thurs. and Sat., 2:20
"A Veritable Gem."—Eve. Post
PATRICIA COLLINGE in A. E. Thomas's New Comedy
JUST SUPPOSE
"An unforgettable cast."—American.
DIRECTION OF A. L. ERLANGER.

PUNCH & JUDY THEA., 49th St. E. of B'y. 2:30-8:30
Matinees Friday and Saturday, 2:30.
2ND MONTH
CLARE KUMMER'S Best Play.
ROLLO'S WILD OAT
ROLAND YOUNG'S Best Work.
Spec. Mats. Wed., Dec. 29, & Thurs., Dec. 30
Seats now selling for New Year's Eve.

PUNCH & JUDY
TONY SARG'S MARIONETTES in RIP VAN WINKLE
SPECIAL MATINEES
Final Week
Mon. & Tues. at 3 P. M.; Wed. & Thurs. at 11 A. M. and 3 P. M.; Fri. & Sat. (Xmas) at 11 A. M.

CORT W. 48 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. 3rd MONTH
NEW YORK'S BIGGEST LAUGHING AND MELODY HIT
Jim Jam Jems
By the Authors of "LISTEN LESTER"
Music by JAMES HANLEY
WITH AN ALL-STAR CAST
Seats Now for New Year's.

SANTA CLAUS says

"Fred Stone
in His New Show at the GLOBE is
'TIP TOP'"
MATS. WED. & SAT. EXTRA MAT., DEC. 31st.

BRAMHALL Evenings at 8:30. Matinees 138 E. 27 St. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
MIXED MARRIAGE
By ST. JOHN ERVINE
"Absorbingly interesting work."—Times.
"Tugs at one's heart strings."—Telegraph
"Electric with life."—Herald.

Oscar Hammerstein's MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE West 34th St. & 8th Ave.
Mrs. Oscar Hammerstein Announces That the Season of German Operas, Operettas and Dramatic Performances Will Begin This Wednesday, Dec. 22.
WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY 1st Performance in America DIE SUENDEN GLOCKE (The Sin Bell) by Hans Knoblach.
X'MAS DAY at 2:30 & 8:30 P. M. MATINEE AND NIGHT "HAENSEL and GRETEL" Marie Mattfeld as Hansel. Orchestra of 40.
†Dec. 27, 28, 29, 30 (Evenings Only). Premiere of FRANZ LEHAR'S New Viennese Operetta, "WO DIE LERCHE SINGT" (Where the Lark Sings).
NEW YEAR'S EVE, DEC. 31, Revival of Lecocq's Charming "GIROFLE-GIROFLA."
Prices 50c to $2.50. SEATS FOR ALL PERFORMANCES NOW SELLING.
†Dec. 27, 28, 29 (Matinee Only) at 2:30, "SNOW WHITE AND THE 7 DWARFS."
Dec. 30 & 31, "CINDERELLA."
Prices 35c to $1. Now Selling.

GAIETY B'way, 46 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
A MATINEE WILL BE GIVEN EVERY DAY WEEK OF DEC. 27. SEATS NOW AT BOX OFFICE.
JOHN GOLDEN Presents FRANK BACON in LIGHTNIN'

COHAN & HARRIS THEATRE WEST 42D ST. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
WELCOME STRANGER
AARON HOFFMAN'S COMEDY With GEORGE SIDNEY

FRANK FAY'S INTIMATE ALL STAR CONCERTS
First of the Series—Beginning TONIGHT CORT THEATRE
"Blue Sunday's Worst Enemy"

LIBERTY THEATRE, WEST 42ND ST. NIGHTS 8:20. MATS. 2:20.
POPULAR 50c to $2.00 MATINEES WED. & SAT.
"Best That the Musical Theatre Can Provide."—N.Y. Herald.
"BETTER THAN SHE EVER HAS BEEN BEFORE." —N. Y. Times.
"PERFORMANCE THROUGHOUT IS REALLY DELIGHTFUL" —N. Y. World.
"CHARMING, VIVACIOUS, SPRIGHTLY AND ALTOGETHER CHARMING." —American.
"ACTING HELD THE HOUSE WITH A POSITIVE GRIP—MUSIC MELODIOUS—EXCELLENT ENTERTAINMENT." —Eve. Post.
Henry W. Savage offers

Mitzi
in 'LADY BILLY'
A New Musical Romance.
Book and Lyrics by Zelda Sears.
Music by Harold Levey.
Staged by John McKee.
Dances Staged by Julian Alfred.
"MITZI ROMPED AND BANG AND KICKED HER WAY INTO A BIG HIT." —Telegram.
"NEVER BEFORE HAS SHE GIVEN SUCH A DELIGHTFUL PORTRAYAL." —Telegraph.
"LITTLEST, SPRIGHTLIEST AND MOST MISCHIEVOUS PRIMA DONNA ON THE STAGE." —Eve. Sun.
"BEWITCHING, IRRESISTIBLE. THE TOMBOY OF OUR STAGE." —Eve. World.
"Built around the fascinating personality of Mitzi, bright with melody, dressed in the freshest and prettiest gowns of the season."—Tribune.

CORT THEATRE, WEST 48TH ST. SPECIAL MATINEES
Mr. and Mrs. Coburn present THE YELLOW JACKET
JAN'Y 4-7-11-14 18-21-25-28 3 P.M.
MAIL ORDERS NOW
Address MARC KLAW, Inc., 1451 Broadway. Management MARC KLAW, Inc., Seats $1-$1.50-$2-$2.50. Boxes 6 seats $18.

THE NEIGHBORHOOD PLAYHOUSE
466 Grand Street Tel. Orchard 1171
Tonight, Last Performance of
"THE WHISPERING WELL"
Back again in the repertoire
Beginning Tues. Eve., Dec. 21, and Every Evening Thereafter (except Monday), with Matinees on Saturday (no Matinee Christmas and New Year's Day),
"THE MOB"
By JOHN GALSWORTHY
ORCHESTRA—ONE DOLLAR. BALCONY—FIFTY CENTS.
Saturday and Sunday Evenings, Jan. 1—2, Extensive and Varied Program of Dances, Including THE PANTOMIME BALLET.
"La BOUTIQUE FANTASQUE"
(THE MAGIC SHOP)
PRESENTED BY THE FESTIVAL DANCERS AND THE NEIGHBORHOOD PLAYERS AS A BENEFIT FOR THE CLUB AND CLASS WORK OF THE HENRY STREET SETTLEMENT.
ALL TICKETS—FIVE DOLLARS.

CARNEGIE HALL
NEWMAN TRAVELTALKS
TO-NIGHT at 8:30
—LAST LECTURE—
IRELAND
EXQUISITE COLOR VIEWS WONDERFUL MOTION PICTURES
PRICES 50c TO $2.

F. F. PROCTOR'S
BIG VAUDEVILLE CONCERTS
125th St. Park & Lex. "YES, MY DEAR," Ryan & Bronson, Joe Bonomi, Mac and Kildaf Sisters, 5 Wilson Girls, Annette Kellermann in "What Women Love." Cont. 1 to 11
58th St. Near 3d Av. GERALDINE FARRAR in "THE RIDDLE WOMAN"; CLAYTON WHITE & GRACE LEIGH CO., Chung Hwa Four, addn. Cont. 1 to 11.
23d St. Near 6th Av. "DEAD MEN TELL NO TALES." BIG VAUDEVILLE. Cont. 1 to 11.
5th Ave. ELSA RYAN & CO., Mary Haynes, Allman & Mayo, Jack Duffy & Co., Archer & Belgord, Ryan & Orlob, Louis Hass, Claire & Atwood, addn.

Loew's New York Theatre and Roof Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. "IDOLS OF CLAY," with Mae Murray
"ICELAND" ICE SKATING BROADWAY-3RD ST. ADMISSION 75c. INCL. TAX

B. F. KEITH'S NEW YORK THEATRES
WORLD'S GREATEST VAUDEVILLE
Mat. Daily at 2 25, 50, 75c. $1.00 1,000 CHOICE SEATS, 50c. Except Sat. and Holidays
B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY & 47TH ST. TEL. BRYANT 4300
EVERY NIGHT at 8:15, 50, 75, $1, $1.50 1,000 CHOICE SEATS, $1.00 Except Sat., Sun. and Holidays
Two Big Concerts Sunday, 2 and 8 P. M. | Beginning Monday, Dec. 20.
ENGAGEMENT DE LUXE—THE SECOND EDITION OF The Papa and the Mama Peppier than ever, and their youngest contribution to the Gayety of the Nation.
THE FOUR MORTONS
SAM, KITTY, MARTHA AND JOE
in "THEN AND NOW," a resume of the best Comedy, Song and Dance, originated by these famous folks. New Comedy Triumphs.
FEATURE EXTRAORDINARY—The Famous Son and His Charming Wife.
PAUL MORTON & NAOMI GLASS
Offering a new satire in two scenes, entitled "THE SPIRIT OF 76TH STREET."
ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY—The Renowned Daughter Now Doing a Single.
CLARA MORTON
All on her fascinating own, in a "Solo Songologue."
EXTRA ADDED FEATURE.
MME. BESSON In SIR J. M. BARRIE'S "HALF AN HOUR."
Staged by Clifford Brooke.
BERT & BETTY WHEELER | AMORAS SISTERS
STRASSELLS ANIMALS | GIRARD BROTHERS
TOPICS OF THE DAY. KINOGRAMS.
Second Terrific Week of Tomfoolery and Town-Talk Travesties. Carleton Hoagland and Harry Carroll present
WM. & GORDON DOOLEY & CO.
in "TWO VAGRANTS," a rip-roaring farce by Edgar Allan Woolf, with Arthur Hartley and Helen Patterson, William Foran and a Girlie Sextette, much Scenery and many Costumes. Music by Harry Carroll. See the Dooleys skate on their faces.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE Broadway at 96th Street
Concerts Sunday, 2:15 & 8. Week of Dec. 26.
ANNIVERSARY WEEK
"ROSE REVUE"
NORTON & MELNOTTE
PAUL DECKER & CO.
CARL EMMY'S PETS
MISS JULIET
Intermission
DAVIS & DARNELL
MARIE NORDSTROM
ELINORE & WILLIAMS
"PURITANA"

B. F. KEITH'S 81ST STREET THEATRE, B'WAY at 81st ST.
Concerts Sunday, 2:15 & 8:15. Week of Dec. 26.
THE BABY GRANDS
JANE & KATHERINE LEE
assisted by WILLIAM PHINNEY in a comedy sketch entitled "THE NEW DIRECTOR."
NAT NAZARRO & CO., GEO MOORE & CO., CHAS. & MADELINE DUNBAR, TULS & RICHARDS, JORDON GIRLS, others.
KING VIDOR'S Great Screen Feature
"THE JACK-KNIFE MAN"

B. F. KEITH'S CELEBRATED SUNDAY CONCERTS
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St., west of Broadway.
TODAY MATINEE AND NIGHT
Pop. Prices 25c to $1. Eves. 50c to $2.50 Mat. 2:15
Julius Lenzberg's Harmonists
Madame Herrmann & Co., Zuhn & Dries
GUIRAN & MARGUERITE. PATRICOLA
FOUR MARX BROTHERS
McKAY & ARDINE, HERMAN TIMBERG
HARRY CARROLL & CO.
in "VARIETIES OF 1920"
Anderson Trio, and others.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE 34th STREET, near 8th AVE.
TODAY MATINEE AND NIGHT
Bargain Mat. 2:15 15c to 75c. Evenings Pop. Prices 50c to $1.50
THE FOUR MORTONS (SAM, KITTY, MARTHA and JOE)
Mrs. Gene Hughes & Co., Cartmell & Harris, Jack Joyce, Innis Bros., Ethel Hopkins, Others and
THE CANSINOS

CAPITOL
Broadway at 51st St. Phone Circle 5500
SUBWAY STATION AT THE DOOR
World's Largest and Most Beautiful Theatre
BY POPULAR DEMAND
PASSION
Starring POLA NEGRI
Famous Continental Star
A FIRST NATIONAL SPECIAL ATTRACTION
HELD OVER FOR SECOND WEEK
Pola Negri in Passion has been a sensation at the Capitol the past week.
Literally thousands have been turned away at every performance.
In justice to our patrons, we have decided, in this instance, to depart from our policy of a complete change weekly and will continue the run another week.
Presentation by S. L. Rothafel
"Our true intent is all for your delight."
EDWARD BOWES, Managing Director.
An appropriate Holiday gift will be a coupon book which we are now issuing, containing ten admissions, which may be purchased at the box office or by mail order. Ten divan admissions are sold for $11.00, ten orchestra evenings for $8.50, ten orchestra matinee admissions for $5.00. This includes war tax.
Continuous 12:30 to 11:30 P. M. Daily Matinees, 30c-50c. Evenings, 55c-85c. Eve. Prices Prevail Sat., Sunday and Holidays.

Theatres Under Direction of Hugo Riesenfeld
Continuous Noon to 11 P. M. CRITERION B'way at 44th St.
Third Week
Jesse L. Lasky Presents WILLIAM DE MILLE'S Production
"Midsummer Madness"
with JACK HOLT, CONRAD NAGEL, LOIS WILSON and LILA LEE
"The Finest Dramatic Production Ever Shown On the Screen."
A Paramount Picture
From Cosmo Hamilton's Latest Novel "HIS FRIEND AND HIS WIFE"
"One of Those Rare Pictures That Deserves a Second Visit" N. Y. Herald
Specialty Prologue with BETTY ANDERSEN, Soprano JEAN BOOTH, Contralto; GEORGES DU FRANNE, Tenor "BUBBLE DANCE"—DESHA

RIVOLI B'WAY & 49th ST.
LOIS WEBER Production
"TO PLEASE ONE WOMAN"
A Paramount Picture
Christie Comedy
"Shuffle the Queen"
Rivoli Concert Orchestra
Frederick Stahlberg and Joseph Littau Conducting

RIALTO TIMES SQ.
BEBE DANIELS IN OH LADY LADY
From the Broadway Musical Comedy Success by Guy Bolton and P. G. Wodehouse
A Realart Picture
Paramount-Sunnest Comedy "A Fireside Brewer"
Prizma Color Scenic "Royal Family of Swaziland"
Famous Rialto Orchestra Hugo Riesenfeld and Lion Van Der Haun Conducting

METROPOLITAN OPERA.

THREE days of matinee operas and the production of a forgotten work of Verdi will mark the Metropolitan's unusual activities during the Christmas holidays. Tomorrow night will open the sixth week of the season, with Farrar, Harrold and Rothier in "Faust."

Caruso sings in "Elisir d'Amore" on Wednesday evening, with Garrison, Ellis, Malatesta and Scotti. The tenor appears again Friday, the "night before Christmas," when he will be heard as Eleazar in "La Juive," with Florence Easton, new as the heroine, assisted by Miss Scotney and Messrs. Harrold and Rothier.

"Don Carlos," the fourth of Mr. Gatti's "novelties and revivals," will be sung for the first time since the old Academy days on Thursday evening, the cast including Mmes. Ponselle, Matzenauer, Sundelius and Dalossy, Messrs. Martinelli, De Luca, Didur, Bada, Gustafson and D'Angelo, and Mr. Papi conducting.

"Madame Butterfly" on Friday afternoon will be first of the special events for "overflow" crowds in town for the holidays, the principal singers being Mmes. Farrar and Fornia and Messrs. Chamlee and Scotti.

"Mefistofele" will be the regular Saturday matinee opera, with Mmes. Alda, Peralta (new), Howard and Perini and Messrs. Gigli and Mardones, the last named appearing for the first time in the title rôle.

"Aida," at popular prices, will be sung on Christmas night, next Saturday, by Mmes. Destinn, Lazzari and Sundelius, Messrs. Kingston, De Luca and Martino.

"The Blue Bird," the fantastic opera which Albert Wolff made from Maeterlinck's play, will be heard for the first time this season on Monday afternoon, Dec. 27, when popular prices will be an added attraction to the "young visitors" to opera in New York.

STORY OF "DON CARLOS."

Speaking of "Don Carlos," his latest "novelty" at the Metropolitan this week, General Manager Gatti-Casazza said yesterday that when two years ago he presented "La Forza del Destino" at the same house it was for the vast majority of his patrons "a new opera by Verdi." This, he added, could be said with even more justice of next Thursday's production of "Don Carlos," an opera which never before was given in New York except a few times by Max Maretzek's company at the Academy of Music in 1877.

The plot of "Don Carlos" is told in W. J. Guard's brief synopsis. Don Carlos and Elizabeth de Valois have been in love with each other, but for reasons of state Elizabeth has been obliged to marry Philip II, Don Carlos's father. The son is counseled by a friend, Rodrigo, to absent himself from Spain by obtaining from his father a commission to go to the Netherlands, there to mitigate the cruelties practiced by the Spaniards upon the Flemings.

Don Carlos seeks an audience with Elizabeth, in order to gain her intercession with Philip. The result of the meeting, however, is that their passion for each other returns with even greater intensity than before. Princess Eboli, who is in love with Don Carlos, becomes aware of the Queen's affection for her stepson, and informs the King. Don Carlos is thrown into prison.

Rodrigo, visiting him there, is shot by order of Philip, who suspects him of aiding Spain's enemies in the Low Countries. Don Carlos later is freed and makes a tryst with the Queen. Discovered by the King, he is handed over by him to the Inquisition to be put to death.

The opera has been rehearsed and will be conducted by Gennaro Papi, and the chorus has been trained by Giulio Setti. Dances have been arranged by Rosina Galli, who with Mr. Bonfiglio will take part in the ballet. The scenery has been painted by Joseph Urban and the costumes have been made by Mme. Castel-Bert from Mr. Urban's designs.

PLANS OF MUSICIANS.

Emilio de Gogorza is to open his ninth transcontinental tour on Jan. 5 at Butte, Mont., singing later with the Los Angeles Symphony, under Walter Rothwell.

Arturo Toscanini and the Scala Orchestra will make but one public appearance in New Jersey, at a concert on Wednesday, Jan. 12, in the Newark Armory.

Enrico Caruso will be a guest of the Bohemians next Sunday evening at the Biltmore, together with Joan Manen, Mischa Levitzki and the London String Quartet.

Harry T. Burleigh, Frederick Schlieder and others will appear this afternoon in a symposium on "Music in America" at St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie.

Carmela Ponselle, sister of the Metropolitan soprano, with Helen Stover, Princess Watahwasa and others, will sing this afternoon to the immigrants at Ellis Island.

BROOKLYN MUSIC.

The Brooklyn Oratorio Society, under Walter Henry Hall, will sing Monday evening in a Pilgrim tercentenary celebration at the Brooklyn Academy of Music.

"Tristan and Isolda" will be sung at the Academy on Tuesday evening, the cast including Mmes. Easton and Gordon and Messrs. Sembach, Whitehill and Gustafson. Mr. Bodanzky will conduct.

Luisa Tetrazzini will make her only appearance in Brooklyn next Sunday afternoon at the Academy, assisted by Max Gegna, Francesco Longo and J. Henri Bove.

Manhattan Opera Plans.

Mrs. Oscar Hammerstein has announced a series of German operettas and plays at the Manhattan Opera House, beginning with "The Sin Bell," a drama by Hans Knobloch, new to America, next Wednesday and Thursday evenings.

Humperdinck's "Hansel and Gretel" will be presented at the Manhattan on Christmas afternoon and evening, with Marie Mattfeld in the boy's rôle that she formerly sang at the Metropolitan.

Franz Lehar's new Viennese operetta, "Where the Lark Sings," will have its first hearing on Monday evening, Dec. 27, while "Snow White" and "Cinderella" will be given at daily matinees for children.

Free to the Public.

Samuel Baldwin at the City College today will play a "Rhapsody on Christmas Hymns" by Gigout and "Chant de Noel" by Pachelbel. On Wednesday his list includes Yon's "Christmas in Settimo Vittone," Le Begue's "Noel, a Virgin Pure," Arthur Foote's "Christmas" and Dubois's "March of the Magi."

MARK STRAND

A NATIONAL INSTITUTION
B'way & 47th St. Direction JOS. PLUNKETT.



BEGINNING TODAY
GEORGE H. DAVIS presents
THE GREATEST PICTURE EVER MADE IN THE GREAT NORTHWEST, EVEN BETTER THAN "RIVER'S END."

JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD'S
"Isobel" or "The Trail's End"
with
HOUSE PETERS AND JANE NOVAK
A HEART THROBBING ROMANCE OF THE BLEAK NORTHLAND. A PICTURE YOU WILL NEVER FORGET.

Prizma News. Prologue "Way Up Yonder."
FAMOUS STRAND MALE QUARTETTE
Strand Topical Review—New Mermaid Comedy.
Hugh & Dey.
Overture—"BABES IN TOYLAND"—HERBERT
ESTELLE CAREY, Soprano
STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
CARL EDOUARDE Conducting.

NEXT WEEK CHAS. RAY in "NINETEEN & PHYLISS" & SPECIAL XMAS PROGRAM

famous stars to be guests at 44th street theatre

Tomorrow (Monday) evening at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre Mr. D. W. Griffith will have as his guests of honor Miss Lillian Gish and Mr. Richard Barthelmess, the occasion being the celebration of the 200th performance of his latest production, "Way Down East."

On Tuesday evening Mr. Griffith will be host to Mr. Burr McIntosh ("Squire Bartlett"), Miss Vivia Ogden ("Martha Perkins"), Mr. George Neville ("The Constable"), Mr. Creighton Hale ("Professor Sterling") and other prominent "Way Down East" players whose work has endeared them to the public.

Mr. Griffith will speak a few words of appreciation, and at the close of each performance there will be a reception in honor of the players.

Today's matinee at 2:15 opens the Seventeenth Week of "Way Down East" at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre. The production is shown twice daily, at 2:15 and 8:15, with special orchestral and vocal accompaniment. All seats are reserved.

GARRICK 65 W. 35th. Telephone 1552. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:15
The THEATRE GUILD Presents
HEARTBREAK HOUSE
A Comedy by Bernard Shaw
SPECIAL HOLIDAY MATINEE, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 28, AT 2:15.

THE BEGGAR'S OPERA
ARTHUR HOPKINS Offers THE BEGGAR'S OPERA by John Gay. Adapted with additional Scenes by Arnold Bennett and Nigel Playfair, and with New Settings of the Airs and Extra Music by Frederic Austin—at THE GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE beginning MONDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 27th—As Presented at the Lyric Theatre, Hammersmith, London.
SEAT SALE THURSDAY



CHARLES DILLINGHAM
Announces
THE RACING SENSATION
MAN O' WAR
WINNING THE FUTURITY
10—Thoroughbreds—10
IN A REAL TRACK CLASSIC.
ADDED AS AN EXTRAORDINARY HOLIDAY FEATURE TO THE THOUSAND OTHER WONDERS STAGED BY R. H. BURNSIDE
in
GOOD TIMES
THE HOLIDAY SPECTACLE
at the
HIPPODROME
THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOW AT THE LOWEST PRICES
POPULAR MATINEE DAILY



MEYER-RAYMOND 111 STREET

TOSCANINI and LA SCALA ORCHESTRA
OPERA TICKETS PHONE FITZROY 4189.
Metropolitan and Chicago Opera Subscriptions. Season, alternate or single performances.
BOUGHT, SOLD or EXCHANGED
SEATS FOR ALL SUCCESSES.
Jacobs' Theatre Ticket Office.
Hotel Normandie, B'way & 38th St.

Hippodrome, Sun. Night, Dec. 26
ANNUAL HOLIDAY CONCERT IN AID OF
THE CATHOLIC BIG BROTHERS
GREATEST PROGRAM OF THE YEAR
FRITZ KREISLER | FRANCES ALDA
ADA SASSOLI, Harpist.
RAFAELO DIAZ, Tenor.
NORMAN TREVOR
Seat Sale Starts Tomorrow

CARNEGIE HALL, MON. AFT., JAN. 3, AT 3.
SONG RECITAL—JOSEPH
SCHWARZ
RUSSIAN BARITONE
Presented by Alex L. Fischer.
Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

PRINCESS THEA., 39th St., E. of B'way
Thursday Afternoon, Dec. 30th, at 3.
COSTUME RECITAL of SONGS "MISS BOBBY" BESLER
For Young and Grown-Up Children.

MAD. SQ. GARDEN, SUN., DEC. 26
at 8:15. Tickets 25c to $2.00. Now at Box Office.
MALE SYMPHONY BAND
MISS SOLLER, Conductor
FRANZ KALTENBORN, Violin; LEAH LEASKA, Soprano; BERTA RIVIERE, Mezzo; SERGEI RADAMSKY, Tenor; MISS ZOLLER, Flute Solo.
DIRECTION JULIUS HOPP

Sight Seeing Royal Blue Line
Seeing New York, up town, down town, over the great bridges to Brooklyn, 10 A.M., 2 P.M. Chinatown, New York After Dark, 8 P.M. Luxurious glass roof heated automobiles. Distinctive Service. Ask at hotels for our free map and guide.
ROYAL BLUE LINE CO. OF N. Y.
Office Starting Point, Hotel McAlpin.

NEW YORK SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
WALTER DAMROSCH Conductor
AEOLIAN HALL, TODAY AT 3.
Soloist FRITZ KREISLER
SEATS ALL SOLD
AEOLIAN HALL, SUN. AFT., DEC. 26
A Midsummer Night's Dream
SHAKESPEARE
with Music by MENDELSSOHN
DAVID BISPHAM
will read the play, assisted by
RACHEL MORTON HARRIS, Soprano.
MYRTLE LEONARD, Contralto.
Chorus of Women's Voices from the ORATORIO SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
Seats at Box Office, Aeolian Hall.
Historical Cycle at Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Aft., Dec. 30—Fri. Eve., Dec. 31.
FIRST APPEARANCE IN AMERICA OF
ALBERT COATES
GUEST—CONDUCTOR
(From the Royal Opera Covent Garden and London Symphony Orchestra)
British Program including
FIRST PERFORMANCE IN AMERICA of VAUGHAN WILLIAMS'
"London Symphony"
Seats at Box Office, Carnegie Hall.
GEORGE ENGLES, Manager

WOLFSOHN MUSICAL BUREAU AND MUSIC LEAGUE OF AMERICA ANNOUNCE
AEOLIAN HALL, TOMORROW AFT. AT 3
ELSIE TEAL
PIANO RECITAL. (Mason & Hamlin).
AEOLIAN HALL, TUES., DEC. 21, at 8:15
Only Recital This Season—GERMAINE SCHNITZER
PIANO RECITAL. (Chickering Piano).
CARNEGIE HALL, Wed. Eve. Dec. 22, at 8:15
2D PIANO RECITAL—JACQUES PINTEL
Seats at Box Office. (Mason & Hamlin.)
AEOLIAN HALL, SAT. AFT., JAN. 1, at 3
LAMBERT MURPHY
SONG RECITAL. (Mason & Hamlin)
CARNEGIE HALL, SUN. AFT., DEC. 26, AT 3
HIPOLITE LAZARO
Assisted by Mercedes Padrosa, Spanish Pianist; Hector Cabral, Peruvian Violinist.
CARNEGIE HALL, TUES., DEC. 28, at 8:15
AMERICAN DEBUT VIRGINIE MAURET
AEOLIAN HALL, MONDAY, DEC. 27, at 3
GUIDO AGOSTI
PIANO RECITAL. (Steinway).
IN A PROGRAM OF DANCES
CHOREOGRAPHY by MICHEL FOKINE and VIRGINIE MAURET, with SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA, ERNO RAPEE Conducting.
Tickets Now at Box Office.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
MON. at 8, FAUST. Farrar, Delanois; Harold, Danise, Rothier—Wolf.
WED. at 8:15, ELISIR, Garrison, Ellis; Caruso, Scotti, Malatesta—Papi.
THURS. at 8, DON CARLOS. Ponselle, Matzenauer; Martinelli, De Luca, Didur—Papi.
FRI. MAT. at 2, BUTTERFLY. Farrar, Fornia; Chamlee, Scotti, Bada—Moranzoni.
FRI. at 8, LA JUIVE. Easton, Scotney, Gallo; Caruso, Harrold, Rothier—Bodanzky.
SAT. at 2, MEFISTOFELE. Alda, Peralta (debut); Gigli, Mardones, Bada—Moranzoni.
SAT., 8:15, (Pop. Prices) AIDA. Destinn, Lazzari (debut); Kingston, De Luca, Martino—Moranzoni.
Mon., Dec. 27—Special Matinee—$1 to $3. THE BLUE BIRD
TO-NIGHT CONCERT—AT 8:30—75c to $2.20.
PRIHODA, Violinist; GARRISON, Sopr. GORDON, Contralto; CHAMLEE, Tenor.
Entire Orchestra. Cond. BAMBOSCHEK.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
TUES. at 7:45. TRISTAN. Easton, Gordon; Sembach, Whitehill, Gustafson—Bodanzky.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
SUNDAY AFTERNOON, DEC. 26
First and Only Recital in Brooklyn.
LUISA Tetrazzini
Hardman Piano Used.
SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 1ST
ARTURO Toscanini
La Scala ORCHESTRA
SEATS AT BOX OFFICE NOW.

CARNEGIE HALL, Wed. Eve., Jan. 12, 8:15.
Schola Cantorum
KURT SCHINDLER, Conductor.
A Program of Russian Music. New Works of Rachmaninoff (First Performance).
Choral Works from the Operas of Rimsky-Korsakoff and Folksongs.
Soloist, NINA KOSHETZ, Soprano
Russia's Foremost Liedersinger.
SEATS AT BOX OFFICE (Knabe Piano.)
AEOLIAN HALL, TUES. AFT., JAN. 4, AT 3
SONG RECITAL Marguerite D'Alvarez
Management Daniel Mayer. Steinway Piano.
JOINT RECITAL AT CARNEGIE HALL
Thursday Evening, Dec. 23, at 8:15.
Mischa Levitzki Sascha Jacobsen
Sonatas by BRAHMS, CESAR FRANCK
Solo Groups by Both Artists
Tickets by mail from M. M. S. F., 810 Carnegie Hall. Box Office sale NOW open.
CARNEGIE HALL, TO-DAY at 3
CONCERT OF MUSIC FOR PIANO
Rachmaninoff
Entire House "Sold Out" for To-day.
Tickets for next Concert, Jan. 18, on sale now at Box Office.
Direction C. J. FOLEY. Steinway Piano.
AEOLIAN HALL, 34 West 34th St.
Tues. Afternoon, Dec. 21st, at 4 P. M.
Mt. Holyoke College Choir
and William Churchill Hammond
CHRISTMAS CAROL CONCERT
For the $3,000,000 Endowment Fund.

PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
LEOPOLD STOKOWSKI, Conductor
CARNEGIE HALL | TUESDAY Dec. 21 at 8:15
Assisting Artists: THE FLONZALEY QUARTET
CARNEGIE HALL
WEDNESDAY EVG., at 8:15 January 5
ONLY N. Y. RECITAL—FRIEDA HEMPEL
Seats at Box Office. Steinway Piano.
CARNEGIE HALL, SATURDAY EVE., DEC. 25.
THIRD RECITAL.....MISHEL PIASTRO
SEASON'S MOST BRILLIANT VIOLINIST.
Tickets 75c to $2.00 at Box Office.
Mgt. HUROK'S Musical Bureau.
AEOLIAN HALL, THURS. AFT., DEC. 30, AT 3
GRIFFES GROUP
Edna Thomas, Mezzo. — Olga Steeb, Piano.
Sascha Jacobinoff, Violin. Knabe Piano.
Seats at Box Office. Mgt. Catharine A. Bamman.
AEOLIAN HALL, Mon. Eve., Dec. 20.
8:15 Song Recital.
John Finnegan, tenor.
Mgt. Edna Davis. Mason & Hamlin Piano.
METROPOLITAN Opera Box No. 1, for rent for Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, season 1920-1921. P 374 Times.



The Chalif Ballrooms
OFFER a delightfully dignified and gracious setting for recitals, balls, banquets and exclusive gatherings of all kinds. The rooms are beautifully planned and decorated, and fitted with every appointment for comfort.
Open for Bookings.
LOUIS H. CHALIF, Inc.,
163 West 57th Street
Opposite Carnegie Hall, N. Y.
Phone Circle 1927.

NATIONAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
ARTUR BODANZKY COND'R.
CARNEGIE HALL, SAT. AFT., DEC. 25, at 2:30. SUN. EVE., DEC. 26, at 8:15.
Solo BENNO MOISEIWITSCH Pianist
Program—GLUCK, Iphigenia in Aulis; GLIERE, Sirens; LISZT, Concerto, E flat; SMETANA, Overture, Bartered Bride.
Dec. 28—(Aft.); Jan. 2—(Eve., Boc. Babies' Hosp.)
SOLO FRITZ KREISLER, VIOLIN
Special Announcement First Appearance
MENGELBERG
The Distinguished Dutch Conductor.
Tickets at Box Office, S. E. Macmillan, Mgr.
THE KNABE IS THE OFFICIAL PIANO
HIPPODROME, Sun. Eve., Jan 2
FIRST NEW YORK RECITAL
KUBELIK
JOINTLY WITH.....ALFRED MIROVITCH
Tickets $1.00 to $2.50. (10% War Tax Extra.)
Mail Orders to Hippodrome. (Chickering.)
Mgt. S. Hurok's Bureau, 47 W. 42d St.
AEOLIAN HALL, Tues. Aft., Dec. 28, at 3
PIANO RECITAL BY ERNESTO BERUMEN
Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Mason & Hamlin Piano
AEOLIAN HALL, Wed. Aft., Dec. 29, at 3
SONG RECITAL BY NEVADA VAN DER VEER
Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Steinway Piano.
AEOLIAN HALL, Thurs. Eve., Dec. 30, at 8:15.
Only New York Recital by MAURICE DAMBOIS
CELLIST—COMPOSER—PIANIST.
STEINWAY DUO-ART PIANO USED.
Seats 50c to $2.00, Now at Box Office.

CHALIF
Russian School of DANCING



GRADED CLASSES and private lessons for children, adults and teachers, in Greek, Interpretive, National, Classic, Character and Toe Dancing. Personal instruction by Mr. Chalif. MODERN DANCING in its latest forms can be learned in private and class lessons.
Please send for catalog.
Three beautiful studios are available for Concerts, Recitals and Lectures.
163-165 West 57th Street,
Opposite Carnegie Hall. Phone Circle 1927.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

The Manhattan Square
facing the Museum of Natural History.
Several newly redecorated furnished and unfurnished apartments available.
Very Attractive Rates.
50 to 58 West 77th Street.

Forest Hills Inn
Forest Hills Gardens, L. I.
15 Minutes (actual running time) From Pennsylvania Station, Long Island R. R. Electric Trains
One of the finest (fireproof) residential hotels in the city. More than 60 trains daily. 30 minutes from Wall Street. 25 minutes from shopping and theatre districts. No other place in the city equals the Inn for its food, conveniences and accessibility.
Telephone Boulevard 6290.
F. J. HAWLEY, Mgr.

"Of Homelike Atmosphere"
HOTEL CLENDENING
Comfort—Convenience—Accessibility
½ block from subway; residential section; family and transient accommodation.
Single Rooms, $1.50 Up. En Suite, with Bath, $4 Up.
202 West 103rd Street

$15 WEEKLY
ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH
Hotel Nassau
59th St., bet. Mad. & Park Aves.
One Block from Station of All Subways
Phone Plaza 8100

Tea Rooms.
THE LINNEA 49 West 49th St., Bet. 5th & 6th Aves.
Luncheon 45c & 60c. Dinner 75c. & $1.00
Sun., Special Chicken Dinner, 5 to 8.
SCOTCH TEA ROOM 21 East 47th St. Lunch; Dinner
Home made jams. Scotch scones, shortbread.
PINE TREE Home Cooking. Open Sundays.
28 West 43rd St. Special Chicken Waffle Dinner Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday
BILLY ANN 232 Madison Avenue near 41st St.
STRICTLY HOME-COOKED LUNCHEON, 50c.
RUSSIAN INN Table d'Hote Luncheon and Dinner
57 W. 57TH ST. A la Carte & Afternoon Tea.



The DRAKE
CHICAGO
Now Open for Guests
Suites and bedrooms (each with bath)
Five dollars per day and upward

This long looked for event designated by the Chicago Tribune as "a social event, a landmark in the life of the community" is now an accomplished fact.

THE DRAKE is a notable addition to the hotel facilities of Chicago—and it is destined to be a new focus for political, economic and social events of first magnitude.

In location, in architectural arrangement, and in beauty of its appointments, THE DRAKE is distinctive among the hotels of America.

Facing upon Lake Michigan, it offers a charming natural setting in surroundings of the highest social order. Yet it is metropolitan—within five minutes ride of the heart of Chicago's business, theatrical and shopping districts.

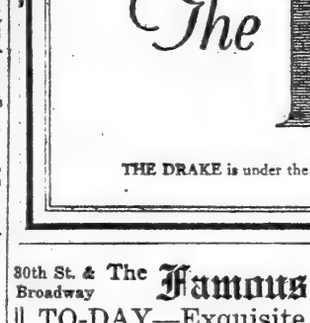
Within this beautiful and wonderfully spacious hotel, the largest affairs, conventions and delegations can be handled expeditiously, and without disturbing the natural quiet which guests enjoy in this residential district apart from the loop

Lake Shore Drive and Upper Michigan Avenue · Chicago

The DRAKE
CHICAGO
THE DRAKE is under the direction of The Drake Hotel Company, owners of THE BLACKSTONE
(Six minutes distant by taxicab)

80th St. & Broadway The Famous Hofbrau Quaintest Place in America.
TO-DAY—Exquisite Table d'Hote—$1.50
Served Noon to 9 P. M.
CHICKEN DINNER WITH WAFFLES
FRESH KILLED TURKEYS, GOSLINGS, DUCKS AND BROILERS FROM OUR OWN DAIRY FARM.
Janssen wants to see you
Finest Sea Food, Game, Milk Fed Chickens
MUSIC—DANCING—BANQUET ROOMS
Tel. 4934 Longacre.
Make Your Christmas and New Year's Reservations Now.

comfort this winter
My business is to provide for your comfort—I believe I can save you some of every Winter's trouble.
Coal shortage, servant difficulties and delayed suburban travel make living in the country a serious matter in Winter months. My Hotel, the Bristol, on West 45th Street, exclusive, select, quiet and refined, enables you to spend your Winter months in New York in a quiet, home-like atmosphere.
A few suites of two rooms with private bath are now available for Winter rentals.
Stop in any time and try our 50 cent Table d'Hote Luncheon or our $1.00 Dinner. A new kind of service which combines excellent cooking and good food with moderate price.



HOTEL BRISTOL
129 West 48th ST.

The Touraine
9-11 EAST 39TH STREET
NEW YORK CITY
An apartment Hotel catering to patrons who desire exclusive surroundings. Several desirable furnished apartments by the year or shorter period.
RESTAURANT A LA CARTE
A. R. SMITH, Prop.
Formerly of the St. Regis

HOTEL HAMILTON
73rd St., East of Broadway
A Luxurious Residential Hotel
ROOMS AND SUITES FOR TRANSIENT AND PERMANENT OCCUPANCY
Descriptive Booklet on Request

Hotel Netherlands
5TH AVE. AT 59TH ST.
Great Northern Hotel
114 W. 57th St. and 100 to 121 W. 58th St.

BELLAKS SYSTEM OF SELECT HOTELS
HOTELS
ASHTON Madison Ave at 93rd Stree
Lux. 2, 3 Rooms and Bath. $45 monthly up per room & bath
NOBLETON 128 West 73rd St.
ADJOINING 81st St. "L" at entrance
COLONIAL Columbus Ave.
Largest and Most Beautiful Rooms in New York.
$55 monthly up per room & bath
RESIDENCE FOR WOMEN
RUTLEDGE Lexington Ave. at 30th St.
Room, bath & meals, $27 wk. up
Rooms with and without bats. $1.50 day up.
All Above Accessible to All Cars
Express "Sub" & "L" & Bus
Restaurant Service
A la Carte. Table d'Hote

Fourteen East Sixtieth St.
A luxurious Residential Hotel, opposite the Metropolitan Club and Fifth Avenue Entrance to Central Park. Easy access to the theatres, clubs and shopping centres.
EAGER & BABCOCK,
New York City.

Hotel Wolcott
31st Street
Near Fifth Avenue, New York
Centrally located in shopping and theatre districts.
Near railroad terminals.
Delicious food, luxurious appointments, personal service.

New Weston Hotel
Madison Avenue, at 49th St.
DESIRABLE ROOMS AND APARTMENTS
S. G. CLAYTON, President.

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 Broadway, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH STREET
TRANSIENT ACCOMMODATIONS
Telephone 2224 Riverside.

MONTICELLO
35-37 West 64th St., New York
A Modern Fireproof Hotel,
Catering for a Quiet Family Patronage at Moderate Rates.
Rates are for Up-to-Date Modern Hotel Service
ROOM WITH USE OF BATH.
For 1, $2.50; for $2, $3.50.
LARGE ROOM—Private Bath
For 2, $4.00 day.
2 Rooms & Bath, for 2, $7.50 up
RESTAURANT
Club a la Carte. Table d'Hote
Phone Columbus 1390. J. A. JEPSON

HOTEL THERESA
7th Ave., 124th to 125th St.
One block from "L" and Subway Sta
Trolley and bus lines at door.
A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS.
ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES
Dining Room
At Top of Building
Special Table d'Hote or A La Carte Meals
Tel. 7600 Morningside.
R. P. LEUBE, Manager.

Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway Station at 86th Street Corner.
NEW YORK.
Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel, Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
For Transient or Permanent Residence.
Furnished or Unfurnished Suite
All the Comforts and Advantages of the Best New York City Hotels at Attractive Rates.
RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

HOTEL ENDICOTT
COLUMBUS AVE., 81st to 82nd ST.
One Block From Central Park.
A Few Desirable Suites of 2 and 3 rooms on yearly lease

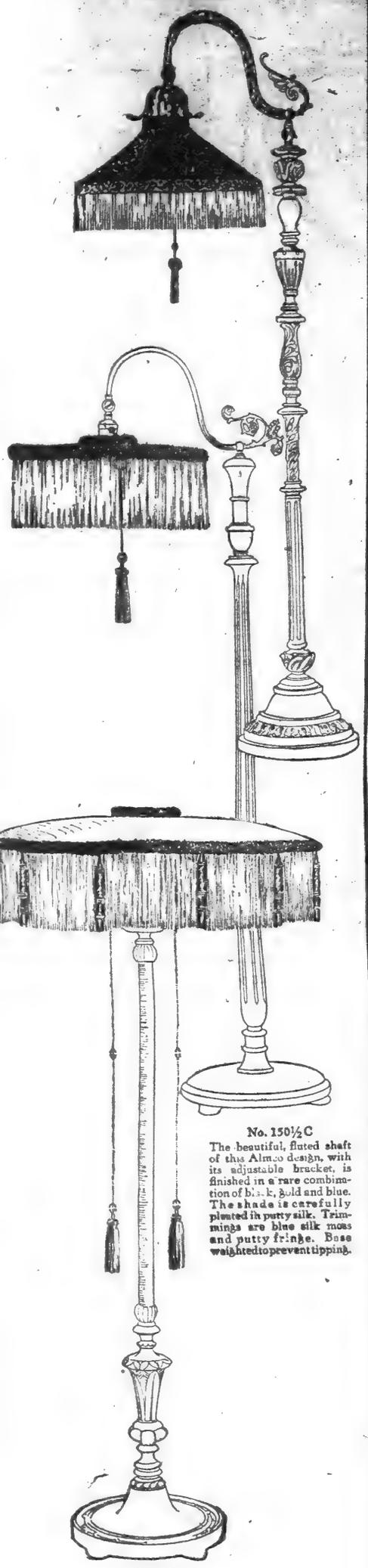
THE CAMBRIDGE
90 WEST 68TH STREET
The latest fireproof apartment Hotel now open
SUITES OF 2 ROOMS OR MORE ON A YEARLY LEASE UNFURNISHED
Exceptional Low Rentals
Spacious closets.
SUPERIOR RESTAURANT.
Also Doctor Suite, 6 rooms, main floor. Under same management Hotel Langdon, 5th Av. & 56th St.
E. H. CHATILLON.

Chicago, Ill.
Cooper-Carlton Hotel-Chicago
53rd St. and Hyde Park Blvd.
(On the shore of Lake Michigan)
NEW 12 STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING
FINEST IN THE MIDDLE WEST
400 ROOMS—400 PRIVATE BATHS
(Exclusive Bath for Each Room)
Illinois Central R. R. Station one block from hotel—10 minute express service to downtown, office, shopping and theatre district. 20 minutes to stockyards. All Mich. Cent., Ill. Cent. and "Big 4" trains stop at 53d St. station, one block from hotel. Check baggage to 53d St. station and save time
SPECIAL WINTER RATES.
Write or wire manager for reservations

WASHINGTON, D. C.
HOTEL GRAFTON
WASHINGTON, D. C.—American Plan, $5 per day; $35 per week. European Plan, $2.50 per day. HARRINGTON MILLS, Proprietor.

No. 922

An artistic, hand-carved reading lamp done in antique gold-leaf—mounted on black and gold Belgian marble base. An adjustable bracket supports a rich black and gold shade of imported brocade. Trimmed in bullion fringe banded with black velvet.



No. 150½C

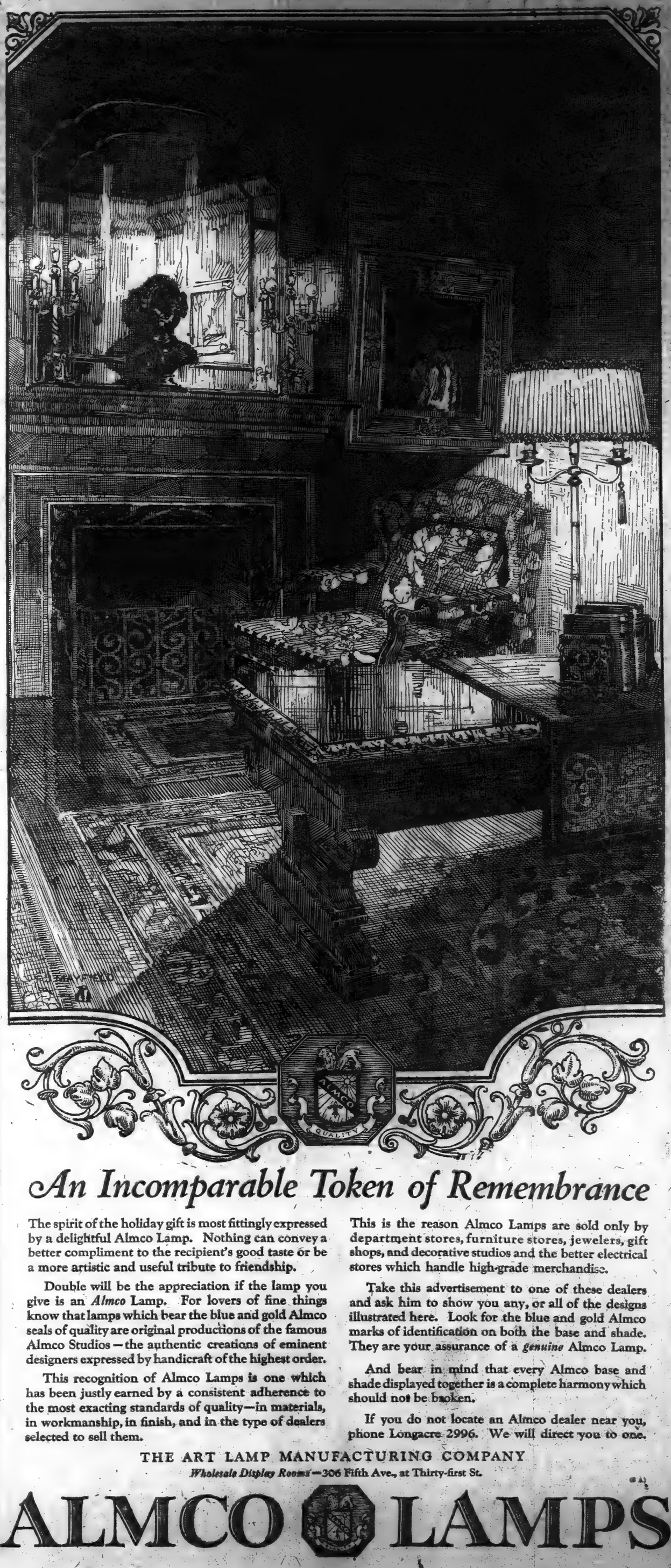
The beautiful, fluted shaft of this Almco design, with its adjustable bracket, is finished in a rare combination of black, gold and blue. The shade is carefully pleated in putty silk. Trimmings are blue silk moss and putty fringe. Base weighted to prevent tipping.

No. 206

A beautiful, hand-carved walnut Almco design which has been a favorite for several seasons. Base is finished in Italian polychrome with shaft in taupe striped silk velour. Has a graceful shade of beige taffeta and silk taupe moss. Lamp is fitted with adjustable clusters and handmade silk pull cords.

For Sale by:

Dept. Stores, Furniture Stores, Jewelers, Gift Shops, Decorative Studios, and the better Electrical Stores.



An Incomparable Token of Remembrance

The spirit of the holiday gift is most fittingly expressed by a delightful Almco Lamp. Nothing can convey a better compliment to the recipient's good taste or be a more artistic and useful tribute to friendship.

Double will be the appreciation if the lamp you give is an *Almco* Lamp. For lovers of fine things know that lamps which bear the blue and gold Almco seals of quality are original productions of the famous Almco Studios—the authentic creations of eminent designers expressed by handicraft of the highest order.

This recognition of Almco Lamps is one which has been justly earned by a consistent adherence to the most exacting standards of quality—in materials, in workmanship, in finish, and in the type of dealers selected to sell them.

This is the reason Almco Lamps are sold only by department stores, furniture stores, jewelers, gift shops, and decorative studios and the better electrical stores which handle high-grade merchandise.

Take this advertisement to one of these dealers and ask him to show you any, or all of the designs illustrated here. Look for the blue and gold Almco marks of identification on both the base and shade. They are your assurance of a *genuine* Almco Lamp.

And bear in mind that every Almco base and shade displayed together is a complete harmony which should not be broken.

If you do not locate an Almco dealer near you, phone Longacre 2996. We will direct you to one.

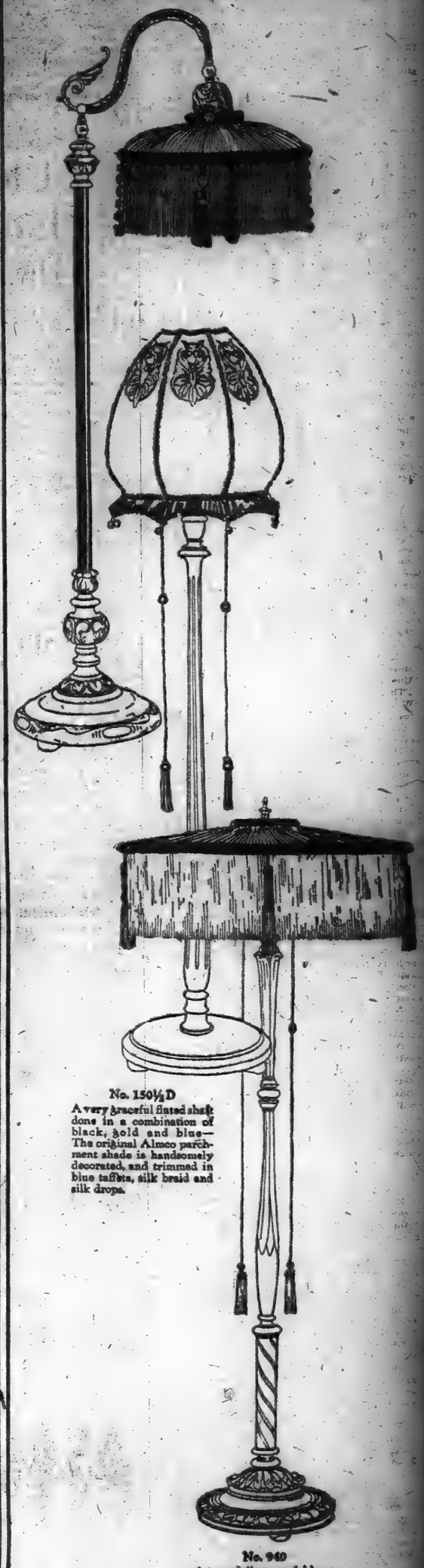
THE ART LAMP MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Wholesale Display Rooms—306 Fifth Ave., at Thirty-first St.

ALMCO LAMPS

No. 1221

A Distinctive Almco Bridge Lamp finished in antique silver and black velour covered shaft. Shade is of ivory boucjette beautifully pleated and trimmed in blue and ivory boucjette moss. A novelty design far in advance of standard types.



No. 150½D

A very graceful fluted shaft done in a combination of black, gold and blue—The original Almco parchment shade is handsomely decorated, and trimmed in blue taffeta, silk braid and silk drops.

No. 940

A graceefully turned Almco Lamp, strictly hand-carved and finished in gold-leaf polychrome. A new type shade done in putty silk trimmed with blue silk moss, putty fringe and tassels to match.

For Sale by:

Dept. Stores, Furniture Stores, Jewelers, Gift Shops, Decorative Studios, and the better Electrical Stores.

"J'ACCUSE" IN NEW WARNING

Author of Famous Arraignment of Germany's War Methods Shows Monarchists' Growing Strength

By the Author of "J'Accuse."

"J'Accuse," published anonymously in Switzerland in 1915, denounced Germany's attack on world peace with such force and knowledge as to create an international sensation. Not for some time did it transpire that the author was Dr. Richard Grelling, a prominent member of the German Social-Democratic Party.

IN an article entitled "Germany Since the Revolution," to be published in the January number of the Yale Review, the author of "J'Accuse" issues a warning evidently intended to strike as hard a blow as "J'Accuse." This warning is of the growing and now menacing power of militarism and monarchism in Germany. The writer, after pointing out that the German Republic was the result of pressure from without and not a spontaneous movement from within, says in a summary:

"The danger to Germany's future is to be looked for, not in the party of the Left, but in that of the Right. The fear of Bolshevism, which militarists and reactionaries have now been exploiting for two years, is far more dangerous to Germany's peaceful development than Bolshevism itself. The watchword, 'We must protect State and society against terror and overthrow,' which has been used since December, 1918, when the Independents resigned from the Government, has brought about the creation of an army of mercenaries that has gradually become the real master of the fate of the German people, imposing its will as law upon the civil Government.

"It is well known that universal compulsory military service in Germany was abolished by the Treaty of Versailles. The army of mercenaries, which had taken the place of the old army, and which contained many hundred thousands of highly paid soldiers under the command of William's generals and officers, has now been reduced, in accordance with the decrees at Spa to 100,000 men.

"The support of this army, with other similar expenses, is a leech sucking the blood of the German people. In the budget of 1920 the estimated cost of an army of 100,000 men is put at two and a half billion marks. At such a budget one does not know whether to weep or to laugh. One is impelled to weep over this lavish expenditure by the German people, now beggared, and to laugh at the ridiculous farce of pretending that an asylum for officers of the old régime exists for the protection of the German Republic.

"Here are a few items from the latest military budget: The army of 100,000 men has 84 Generals, 795 staff officers, 905 Lieutenant Colonels and 1,058 Captains. To every ninety soldiers are assigned a Captain and two Lieutenants, not to mention the higher officers. There is a non-commissioned officer for every five men, so that instruction in the 'goose-step' will be given by 16,812 non-commissioned officers, who serve as common soldiers but draw the pay of their rank.

"Picture to yourself this force obedient to its monarchist leader, a General who desires, and can desire, nothing more ardently than the earliest possible return of the beloved Hohenzollerns, under whose rule Germany prospered brilliantly and whose defeat resulted from that 'dagger thrust in the back,' the German revolution. General von Seeckt differs but little from Noske in his military policy. Noske was an opportunist, the guiltless, guilty victim of the manœuvring camarilla of officers, who systematically led him to believe in the fidelity of his army to the republic, but who on the night of March 12, 1920, when this fidelity was to be tested, basely left him in the lurch. Seeckt, on the other hand, whom the blind politicians in Berlin have stationed at the most crucial and important post in the republic, is clear-sighted and knows what he wants. Every one of his acts of commission and of omission shows to any observer of experience what the republic has to expect from this General if a stop is not at once put to his activity.

"Of the numerous signs of William's spirit which this General gives almost every day, I shall mention but one example. This year, on Sept. 2, the anniversary of the Battle of Sedan, which even during the last years of the imperial régime had passed unobserved, Herr von Seeckt issued the following proclamation in the official order of the day:

"'Today, the anniversary of Sedan, we call to mind our fathers and predecessors of fifty years ago. Mere holiday rejoicing is not becoming in this time of great distress. Let us observe the day with the proud knowledge that we are worthy of our fathers, in quiet hope for Germany's future, and with high resolve to keep alive in the Reichswehr and among the people the spirit which after the victory of Sedan led us over hundreds of battlefields in the West find in the East.' • • •

"In the camp at Münster, where several divisions of the Reichswehr were stationed, the anniversary of Sedan was celebrated by the unveiling of a bust of William. This stood upon a high pedestal with the old war flag of imperial Germany at its foot. The commander of a division made an ultra-patriotic speech, which telegrams of homage were sent to William, Hindenburg, and Ludendorff, and, above all, to Captain Ehrhardt, who, as commander of the division that carried out the counter-revolution of last March, had been formally summoned to answer to the charge of high treason and mutiny, but had never been placed under arrest and will go scot free, like all the opponents of the republic who wear uniforms.

"Of such monarchist demonstrations I could cite hundreds of examples. On the twenty-seventh of August, the anniversary of the Battle of Tannenberg, an exchange of telegrams took place between William and the 'National Alliance of German Officers.' William replied as follows to his faithful officers: 'I am deeply grateful to the National Alliance of German Officers for the remembrance of the twenty-seventh of August. Would that another Tannenberg might be granted to the Fatherland!—William I. R.' William still signs himself 'Imperator Rex.' Evidently, while felling trees at Amerongen he has not yet given up hope of sometime laying his axe to the republic. And behold the officers of the republic, with the benevolent toleration of the Minister of Defense, pledging to the destroyer of Germany their royalty and their assistance for new deeds of blood!

"The new militarism has recently assumed a most dangerous form in the organization of a nation-wide alliance, of which the founder and leader is a Bavarian forester and Captain of Reserves named Escherich. Any one who has seen a German newspaper in recent months must have come, day after day, upon long articles concerning 'Orgesch'—an abbreviation for 'Organisation Escherich.' If these articles emanate from the Right, they indicate harmlessness on the part of this civilian organization for "self-protection.' If, however, they come from the Left, they warn of great danger in this armed alliance. The Orgesch has, in fact, no other purpose than the preparation for the counter-revolution down to the smallest detail. The affray of March, 1920, failed because it was insufficiently prepared for and was staged before its time. The next attempt is to be better planned, better carried out. With the benevolent inactivity of Seeckt's Reichswehr it will attain the desired result. But for success it is, above all, requisite that the supporters of the Orgesch remain in possession of their arms—which have been stored in hundreds of hiding places in the country districts—while the groups of the people who might make a stand against military reaction have their weapons taken away.

"Pursuant to the settlement at Spa, a disarmament law was passed according to the terms of which only the Reichswehr, the police and other officials in uniform were permitted to carry arms, the remainder of the population being obliged to deliver up their weapons to the authorities. A former Prussian Landrat was appointed State Commissioner to supervise the enforcement of this law, and it is not too early to prophesy with certainty that the laboring classes will be disarmed, while the counter-revolutionary organizations—particularly the Orgesch—will remain in possession of their weapons. 'Who will dare to deprive the loyal elements of their arms? He who would make the German people defenseless on account of Spa would bring on himself everlasting disgrace.' This challenge was uttered by a man who until recently was Minister of Justice of the Bavarian republic; a man calling himself a democrat, a lawyer, who thus teaches the people how to obey the law.

"This bold pronouncement shows—as do many other signs—that the counter-revolution has advanced further in Bavaria than in any other section of Germany. In the Spring of 1919, Bavaria, inflamed by the murder of Eisner, was the leader in the movement toward Bolshevism. Her almost childish imitation of the Russian experiment, due to the psychological reaction of the moment, collapsed within a few weeks because the times were politically unripe for it, and it ended in a bloody White Terror.

"At present Bavaria is leading the way in the opposite direction toward counter-revolution. In spite of all the denials of the Bavarian Government, which consists exclusively of the civilian and conservative elements, I have no manner of doubt, reasoning from many facts which have come to light that the next to the largest State in the German federation is nearer to the restoration of the monarchy than any other part of Germany. The scion of the old royal house of Wittelsbach is regarded in his hereditary lands as a sacrifice to William's desire for war rather than as his guilty colleague and accomplice. The deep-rooted aversion to Prussianism, which persists in the soul of the Bavarian in spite of the splendid development of the new German Empire since 1870, broke out again during the war, and the feeling has increased since Germany's shipwreck. The greater the guilt of the Hohenzollerns, the less that of the Wittelsbachs—such is the trend of popular thought which is now preparing the ground in Bavaria for the activities of the monarchists. It is not by accident that the idea and the origin of the Orgesch are both Bavarian.

"These Bavarian intrigues threaten not only the republican form of government in Germany, but also the stability of the German State. The Bavarian counter-revolution is opposed to centralization. Disguised as 'federalism,' its aim is to loosen one important stone after another from the structure of the State, to revise the Weimar Constitution with a view to limiting the powers of the national Government, and to win greater sectional independence in military affairs—for instance, in the matter of the enforcement of the law of disarmament. The counter-revolutionists go so far as to claim for Bavaria independent control of her foreign policy, the right to send diplomatic representatives to foreign countries, and to receive foreign representatives at her capital. The appointment and the recognition of the new French Minister at Munich mark a beginning already made in the direction of an independent foreign policy. In the course of time this might easily lead to the long desired goal of the Bavarian Particularists—the creation of a South German-Austrian alliance, which would amount to the same thing as the dissolution of the German State. • • •

"Between these two fires—that of the Right and that of the Left—stands the house of the German people today, and at any moment the devouring flames may seize the loft of the building, which is filled with tinder. But, as I have already said, the fire from the Right is the greater danger. Disarmament ought to extinguish both fires, but, as things now stand in Germany, only the fire from the Left will be smothered by it.

"There is an alliance, called the 'Republican Führerbund,' of military leaders who are genuinely republican in spirit and who, because of their fidelity to the republic, are exposed continually to unbelievable tricks and insults on the part of the monarchist majority among the officers. This Führerbund sent out early last August a cry of warning to the world, which was an illuminating commentary on German conditions.

"In the course of this appeal the republic was designated as the stage setting for the monarchy which is again gathering itself together. It demands for the rescue of Germany the dissolution of all counter-revolutionary military organizations and the placing of the armed forces without exception under the civil power. These are justifiable and, indeed, fundamental demands. But they must, unfortunately, remain nothing more than devout wishes, as long as a government led by Fehrenbach and Gessler holds in its hands the fate of the German people, and a Seeckt is at the head of the army.

"The German people, so far as can be foreseen—and I am forced to acknowledge it with the deepest sorrow—will not awake until it is too late. Just as the old Imperial Germany of 1914 slept through four years of war and awoke only at the defeat, so the republican Germany of today will slumber until the flourish of trumpets of the new militarism announces to it the downfall of all that has been painfully won by the revolution. Then will follow a titanic combat between the military caste and the proletariat, wherein the great mass of the bourgeoisie, again as in 1918, will take no active part. Unhappy Germany will be devoured by an internecine war such as the world has not yet seen. Then will come the political and economic disaster, already showing its grinning death's head, which will carry down with it all that is still standing.

"From this supreme misfortune may some kind fate save my people! But, if they are to be saved, immediate action must be taken. Therefore, in this last remaining hour, I cry aloud this warning to the leading men of Germany: 'Videant consules ne quid detrimenti respublica capiat.'"

HOOVER CHRISTMAS CARD

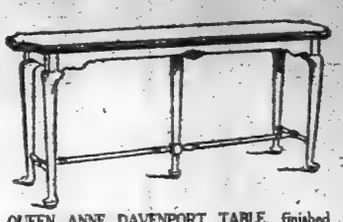


As a substitute for Christmas presents, a post card will be put on sale this week by the European Relief Council, of which Herbert Hoover is Chairman.

The buyer of a 10-cent card provides food for one day for a hungry child. Ten dollars' worth of cards will feed a child for a year. The cards will be sold at Red Cross booths and other places throughout the city.

SPEAR'S "LAST MINUTE" XMAS SERVICE

Solves Your Gift Problem Most Economically



QUEEN ANNE DAVENPORT TABLE, finished in Mahogany; 66 inches long..... $69.75

YOU can make quick gift decisions at either of Spear's two stores. There are hosts of inexpensive articles here, which you have, perhaps, never thought of as appropriate gifts. You'll find, at exceptionally low prices, a comprehensive display of beautifully designed, useful furniture. Here are the "unusual" odd pieces that help to make life more livable at home. There is still time to shop here and have deliveries made before Christmas Day. And you can pay for your purchases over a period of months by making use of Spear's Liberal Credit Terms.



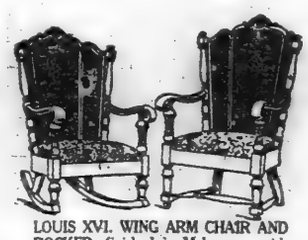
ENGLANDER WOOD 2 FT. 6 INCH DAY BED, in various period designs, Mahogany finished head and foot pieces, in single sizes; also models which open to full size double bed, complete, with Englander Sag Proof and Wit-Edge Spring, Mattress, Cretonne Covering, Pillow and Pillow Roll to match. Complete, as low as: Single size... $52.50 Double size... $69.75



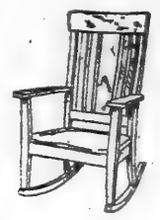
WILLIAM AND MARY PERIOD, Mahogany finish, tapestry upholstered, cane back Arm Chair..... $39.50



WINDSOR ARM CHAIR, finished in Mahogany..... $19.75



LOUIS XVI. WING ARM CHAIR AND ROCKER, finished in Mahogany, with cane backs, seats upholstered in Tapestry. Each..... $63.75



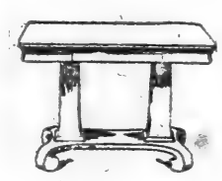
GOLDEN OAK SADDLE SEAT ROCKER..... $19.75



QUEEN ANNE PERIOD Mahogany-finished, overstuffed, tapestry-upholstered Wing Arm Chair, with loose cushion seat... $57.50



THREE-PIECE "UPHOLSTYLED" QUEEN ANNE LIVING ROOM OR LIBRARY SUITE, with Mahogany finished carved frames; Cane Panels; upholstered in combination of Damask and Velour; figured Velour or high grade Tapestry; Valance on Fireside Chair. The loose cushion seats are fitted with Marshall Springs. Three Sunburst Pillows and Roll to match..... $397.50



COLONIAL LIBRARY TABLE, finished in Mahogany, 26x40 inch top, full depth invisible drawer.. $58.50



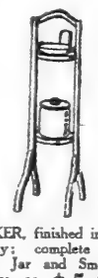
TAPESTRY OR DAMASK PILLOW ARM OVERSTUFFED LIVING ROOM SUITE. The loose cushion seats are fitted with Marshall Comfy Springs; Sofa, Arm Chair and Wing Chair..... $374.50
Upholstered in Blue and Mulberry figured Velour..... $419.50



FERN STAND, finished in Antique Brown Mahogany, with removable flower box and unique watering device.... $16.75



PARLOR TABLE, finished in mahogany; 24 inch circular top..... $7.50



SMOKER, finished in Mahogany; complete with Cigar Jar and Smoker's Articles, as illustrated... $5.95



LOUIS XVI. LIBRARY TABLE, finished in English Brown Mahogany, 26x45 size, with full depth drawer..... $68.50



SMOKER'S STAND, finished in Mahogany with heavy glass top, as illustrated..... $1.95



QUEEN ANNE, LOUIS XVI. OR WILLIAM AND MARY PERIOD DAVENPORT END TABLES, finished in mahogany $17.50



TEA WAGON, finished in Mahogany, with rubber-tired wheels and removable glass trays..... $19.75
Others up to.... $49.75



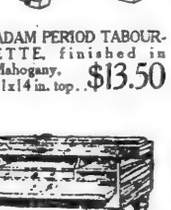
PRISCILLA SEWING TABLE, in solid mahogany... $6.95



TUDOR TABOURETTE, finished in Mahogany... $18.75



FOUR-PIECE QUEEN ANNE DINING ROOM SUITE, finished in American Walnut; 66-inch Buffet; 48x60-inch Dining Table, with 6-foot extension; China Closet and Serving Table (Chairs extra)..... $558.25



ADAM PERIOD TABOURETTE, finished in Mahogany, 11x14 in. top.. $13.50



LOUIS XVI. SOLID MAHOGANY or American Walnut Martha Washington Sewing Table, scalloped top, with beveled edge and fluted legs..... $29.75

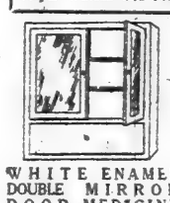


MAHOGANY FLOOR LAMPS, two sockets, with wiring and ornate silk shade; complete $24.75



BLANKET SPECIAL. ALL WOOL AND COTTON MIXED BLANKETS, in striped and plaid design..... $12.45

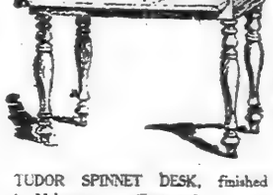
DOMESTIC RUGS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Stocks from most prominent makers. Newest patterns. All sizes. Included are Tapestry Brussels, Axminsters, Velvets, Royal Wiltons and Fringed French Wiltons.



WHITE ENAMEL DOUBLE MIRROR DOOR MEDICINE CABINET... $4.95



COMFORTER SPECIAL. COMFORTERS, pure cotton filled, in a wide assortment of Silkoline coverings. $6.75



TUDOR SPINNET DESK, finished in Mahogany, as illustrated. Limited quantity..... $38.75



Holiday Display of "Vitanolia" in various models and wood finishes. The instrument as illustrated. $100 Regular.. $89.50

TWO STORES

22-26 West 34th St. **SPEAR & COMPANY** 6th Ave. at 16th St.

SOME men take to the tall timber once a year in search of health.

OTHERS journey to that Mecca of Health

McGovern's Gymnasium and really find it.

McGovern's Gymnasium

5 W. 66th St. Col. 2928.

LAMPS AND SHADES

Manufacturers' Samples for Immediate Delivery

GREATLY REDUCED

Discounts 60% from Catalog Prices



Closing out our Lamp Department.

Big Values in Beautiful Lamps and Shades

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

WROUGHT IRON BRIDGE LAMPS, CANDELABRA, SILK AND PARCHMENT SHADES

R. C. HEATHER COMPANY

19 West 36th St., New York

NEWSPAPER MAN DESIRES TO TURN SPARE TIME TO PROFIT BY DOING OUTSIDE WORK, SUCH AS REWRITING, EDITING AND COMPILING REPORTS, ETC., OR PERFORMING SECRETARIAL OR OTHER PART TIME WORK. EXPERIENCED IN HANDLING CORRESPONDENCE. COLLEGE GRADUATE. F 754 TIMES DOWNTOWN

L. S. PLAUT & CO.

Newark, N. J.

WOMEN'S FRENCH KID GLOVES

$3.00 A PAIR

Mail orders promptly filled



Feels Good and is good for soreness and stiffness—congested tissues due to exposure or over-exertion. Absorbine, Jr. rubbed vigorously into the muscles at the sore point will give prompt relief.

A powerful and effective liniment, agreeable to use, not greasy and with a pleasing odor. Safe to have around as it is non-poisonous, a purely herbal product.

$1.25 a bottle at most druggists.

W. F. YOUNG, Inc., Springfield, Mass.

Absorbine, Jr. THE ANTISEPTIC LINIMENT



Cuticura Girls Are Sweet and Dainty

A healthy, clear complexion, soft, white hands, and glossy, luxuriant hair may be obtained through the use of Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment when necessary. Cuticura Talcum is delightful, distinctive. It imparts to the person a charm incomparable and peculiar to itself.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. M, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

HYLAN INEFFICIENCY

Wallstein Amplifies His Charges of Waste and Corruption in the City Administration

As Chairman of the Citizens Union's Committee on City Government, Leonard M. Wallstein has prepared a statement on the delinquencies of the present Municipal Government.

Part of it was made public last week. Amplifying his declaration that the Department of Public Markets rang with charge and countercharge of corruption, he said later:

"The Mayor's appointee as Commissioner of the department accused his deputies of dishonesty in connection with the funds realized from the sales of surplus army foods. The Commissioner was thereupon removed and an investigation ordered by the Mayor. One of the accused deputies was soon after placed at the head of the department, but the public has never received a report of the investigation."

Regarding the fact that scandal had too often hovered over the leasing of docks, he added:

"Dummy corporations, freshly organized, have been awarded valuable pier leases for smaller rentals than established concerns were willing to pay. A stevedoring firm with powerful political connections has been granted a pier lease, while the offers of shipping companies were disregarded."

According to Mr. Wallstein, men who know too much of the City Government—the hated 'experts'—have been rigidly excluded from the slightest part in the present city affairs.

"Throughout they are as Enright measured against Woods," he said.

"The Hated Expert."

One of the first of Mayor Hylan's official acts showed how literally he intended to live up to his promise that during his administration the public service should not be manned by experts. The appointive office of Coroner in this city had just been abolished by the Legislature, after a twenty-year struggle with the political spoilsmen. The technical work of determining the cause of sudden and suspicious deaths was no longer to be entrusted to political doctors, undertakers, stonemasons and plumbers. The Legislature enacted that only competent pathologists who survived a civil service examination should be eligible for appointment as Chief Medical Examiner, a city-wide office created in place of the Coroners.

"In blithe disregard of the law, and clearly as matter of political patronage, Mayor Hylan promptly proceeded to appoint to the new office one of the least fitted of the retiring Coroners. A taxpayers' action to enjoin payment of the man's salary was necessary to compel the Mayor to make an appointment in accordance with law.

Next, the hated expert was the object of an attack upon the Health Department, the effect of which is still manifest in the demoralization of the staff of that important public agency. The positions of the heads of bureaus were slated for abolition because they were filled by experienced specialists in the technical work required of them. It was only public indignation that prevented consummation of the scheme. Even so, the Director of the Bureau of Public Health Investigation found it wise to resign, the Director of the Bureau of Food and Drugs has preferred to remain on indefinite leave of absence without pay, and the Bureau of Preventable Diseases was shot to pieces. Even Mayor Hylan's appointee as Health Commissioner could not tolerate these conditions. In resigning he wrote a scathing letter to the Mayor, which revealed the latter's obstructive interference with the work of the department."

Mr. Wallstein pointed to the Police Department as a typical illustration of the support of his contention that the present City Administration had suffered collapse.

Efficiency and merit have counted for nothing," he declared. "Pull and revenge have determined promotions, demotions, assignments to duty and retirements from the force. No matter how serious the offense for which an officer was dismissed, nor how long ago; no matter that the courts had held he was properly dismissed; no matter that the law prohibited his reinstatement, let him have the right influence at work, and he has been reinstated.

Let a policeman brutally beat an innocent citizen, let the courts find him guilty of assault, and suspend sentence because he must still face trial before the Police Commissioner, who may dismiss him from the force. Why worry, if he has the right friends? The Police Commissioner will but fine him fifteen days' pay.

"If a colleague in the official hierarchy of the Police Lieutenant's Association is on an expiring eligible list for promotion to Captain, being way down on a four-year-old list, new captaincies are created or existing ones vacated to make way for the colleague.

"The preceding Administration realized that the training and experience of a policeman did not fit him to fill positions of business administration to the best advantage. Accordingly, such places as purchasing agent, accountant, examiner of purchases and supplies, assistant electrical engineer and statistician in the Police Department had been filled by civilians with sufficient experience to pass civil service examinations. Also, Commissioner Woods had found that policemen were more effective in promoting public safety when doing patrol duty than when serving as clerks, hostlers and laborers, machinists and chauffeurs.

"Such conditions, however, were not to the fancy of the present Police Commissioner, whose own police experience had for the most part been in the Bureau of Repairs and Supplies. To him nothing was more inappropriate than civilians in civilian positions. Such positions were promptly abolished, and ever since the Commissioner has proclaimed the economy of his administration in saving the salaries of the abolished positions. In fact, however, the work of the civilians has had to be done and so it has been—after a fashion—by more policemen than there were civilians before and at greater cost than before. Incidentally, favorites of all ranks have been provided with attractive details at Police Headquarters. Cronies of the Commissioner now man the purchasing agent's office, renamed the Quartermaster's Division, which is headed by a Captain, assisted by a group of Lieutenants bossing another group of Sergeants, and so on, down the ranks."

Neither Brains Nor Courage.

As to the demotion of Costigan and the treatment of Lieutenant Jones, pistol expert, and Captain Tunney, head of the bomb squad, he said:

"Costigan's official duty in other years had compelled him to do and to report things distasteful to Enright. Costigan is promptly transferred, demoted and banished, and lying excuses are advanced in a lame attempt to allay public indignation. Lieutenant Jones, the pistol expert of the department, is reported for retirement by two boards of surgeons of Enright's own appointment. But Jones has not been of the Enright faction in the Lieutenant's association and, therefore, Jones is not retired until the Police Commissioner faces jail for contempt of court. Tunney of the bomb squad is not of the chosen spirits and, therefore, he is virtually driven from the department just when his services are most sorely needed. All of this is but symptomatic. It indicates the disease which has demoralized as fine a rank and file as any public service ever had. The trouble is at the top.

"Hylan, the candidate, read from every stump his charge that the Administration's plans for the solution of the west side problem was a sell-out to the railroad," Mr. Wallstein continued.

"Again and again he promised that if he were elected the railroad would be ousted, Death Avenue eliminated, and the problem solved. But the railroad is still on the public streets. Death Avenue continues to exact its toll in human life, the disfigurement and nuisance on Riverside Drive continue unabated, and the problem of economically receiving and distributing the city's food supply remains unsolved. The Hylan Administration has neither the brains nor the courage to propose a solution.

"Hylan, the candidate, eager to win the vote of Staten Island, and with no more conception of the difficulties than the man in the moon, attacked the Mitchel Administration because it sought to establish a modern garbage disposal plant in the Borough of Richmond. With an easy glibness born of complete ignorance he promised a better solution of the vexed problem of final disposition. One of his earliest official acts was to wreck the Staten Island plant. Then he revived the Barren Island nuisance, continued it as long as he dared and finally reverted to the primitive method of towing to sea and dumping. The result is that the revenue that could be derived from the salvage—enough to pay most or all of the cost of collection—is lost. In addition, it now costs $300 for each tow to sea. But what of it? O'Brien's towing company gets the revenue, and O'Brien is a genial host."

HIGH TAXES TO CONTINUE

REVISION of Federal taxes will not come until after March 4, although there is more demand for such legislation than for any other action by this Congress, according to the decision of Republican leaders recently announced. This decision is to confine the short session, which expires by limitation on March 4, to appropriation measures, and perhaps to enact some other general legislation, such as repeal of the war laws and suspension of immigration until a comprehensive immigration law can be prepared.

In answer to those demanding reduction in taxes Senator Boies Penrose, Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, replies that there can be no real reduction because of the heavy war obligations and increased expenses of Government which grew out of the expansion of Government activities during the war, although he thinks that the inequalities should be removed as quickly as possible and is not certain that Congress should not at least tackle the excess profits features of the revenue law in this session. There appears to be no political reason such as some of the Republican leaders advance against this course, for the reason that President Wilson has long since recommended the repeal of the excess profits taxes, and naturally would sign a repeal bill.

One thing is certain—Congress will give no relief to those who have to pay the last instalment of the excess profits taxes for 1919 on Dec. 15. The proposal to extend the provisions of Section 204 of the revenue law to permit business men to deduct their losses since January, 1919, as against the payment of this instalment, is without support in Congress.

Senator Penrose believes that if some of the inequalities are removed early next year from the revenue laws Congress can safely proceed slowly toward revenue revision. Such a course, he says, will be necessary, as very little can be done in the way of tax reduction for two years other than changes in the form of taxation. His view as to tariff and revenue matters is that until real readjustment has come in the world, home and abroad, Congress cannot undertake a scientific revision of the tariff.

Senator Oscar Underwood, Democratic Senate leader and author of the present tariff act, agrees that a tariff bill should not be considered for another year. He says that the proposal of Senator Curtis to raise $1,000,000,000 annually by the tariff would not be a protective tariff but a competitive one.

"I am still a believer in a tariff for revenue," he said. "But in figuring on revenue at this stage in world affairs you must necessarily take into account the conditions abroad. Production is upset, trade balances are not normal, some nations once great are now consumers, and so on.

"Under these after-war conditions you will find that some of the rates in the existing tariff law are virtually inoperative and non-productive. I think some of these rates have become protective—all because this was a peace-time tariff measure, and nearly the whole world today is trying to recover from a long war. Any tariff measure, no matter along what lines constructed, would not be adaptable in the same circumstances.

"I do not see how tariff revision can play any appreciable part in reducing internal taxation, as predicted in some quarters. Whether the tariff revenues fluctuate up or down is more or less immaterial when Congress is preparing to appropriate in billions instead of millions. The great bulk of the money for some time to come, it appears to me, will be raised by internal taxation and not by indirect taxation at the ports of the country."

Only 5 days more to Buy Your Gifts

Prompt Delivery Guaranteed
up to the last minute within 50 miles of New York

Ludwig Baumann's
GIFT SALE

Our New York Stores Open Every Evening Until Xmas

We're going to end this sale with a bang that will make New Yorkers sit up and take notice. This is rather plain talk, but it's straight from the shoulder with a meaning of deep interest to your pocket-book at this time.—And you can open an account with any sale article at these



PRICES SMASHED WITHOUT REGARD TO COST

REDUCED PRICES

In the next few days we are going to sell every article in our Xmas Gift Departments

REGARDLESS OF COST

You will get bona fide reductions the like of which have never been equalled in the retail business.

368 Bed Room Suits that were $350 to $1,272 REDUCED to $224.49 to $891.49

297 Dining Room Suits that were $425 to $1,368 REDUCED to $279.69 to $959.67

324 Living Room Suits that were $270 to $1,250 REDUCED to $174.49 to $837.74

Single pieces of furniture of the highest quality have been reduced to prices that bear no relation to value or cost.

Here Are a Few of the Thousands of Startling Reductions

$1,500,000 of Furniture, Rugs, Linens, Curtains, Glassware, Silverware, Toys, Lamps, etc.
SACRIFICED TO EFFECT A SPEEDY CLEARANCE.

A Small First Payment and
50c a Week
Delivers $35 of
Xmas Gifts
TO ANY ADDRESS
Larger and Smaller Amounts in the same proportion

Special Xmas Credit Offer

We will gladly open an account with you. Special Liberal Credit Terms enable you to give presents and supply your home needs at the greatly reduced prices in this sale.

You need make only a small first payment on your purchase and the balance in small weekly or monthly payments.

LUDWIG BAUMANN'S LIBERAL CREDIT TERMS
Accounts Opened from $5 to $5,000

On $ 35 Purchase	.50 a Week
On $ 75 "	$1.00 a "
On $100 "	$1.50 a "
On $200 "	$3.00 a "
On $250 "	$3.50 a "
On $300 "	$4.50 a "
On $500 "	$7.50 a "

Larger Amounts in Proportion
Our Credit Requires No Extra Charges—No Interest Added

You may open an account with a single sale article or as many as you want at the Sale Prices.

Bed Room Suits
Prices Quoted for Four Pieces

$350 Suits reduced to	$224.49
$585 Suits reduced to	419.49
$672 Suits reduced to	471.24
$750 Suits reduced to	525.98
$800 Suits reduced to	559.34
$1225 Suits reduced to	889.69

Dining Room Suits
Prices Quoted for Four Pieces

$425 Suits reduced to	$279.69
$600 Suits reduced to	424.59
$637 Suits reduced to	446.24
$650 Suits reduced to	498.67
$700 Suits reduced to	559.34
$800 Suits reduced to	598.89

Living Room Suits
Prices Quoted for Three Pieces

$270 Suits reduced to	$174.49
$325 Suits reduced to	229.49
$350 Suits reduced to	249.67
$400 Suits reduced to	318.67
$450 Suits reduced to	357.49

Bedroom Pieces

$40 Golden Oak Dresser	$29.85
$50 Walnut Toilet Table	36.49
$60 Toilet Table, mahogany finish	39.89
$100 Ivory Chiffonier	79.34
$125 Walnut Dresser	98.67

Chairs and Rockers
FOR EVERY ROOM
Former Prices were $12.50 to $25
REDUCED PRICES
$7.98 to $19.97

Dining Room Pieces

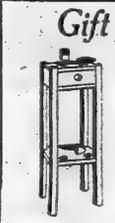
$30 Jacobean Oak Sewing Table	$22.79
$35 Walnut Serving Table	27.49
$40 Fumed Oak Buffet	31.49
$65 Golden Oak China Closet	47.24
$85 Walnut China Closet	67.34

You Can Open an Account With
Toys, Dolls, Games, At Half Price

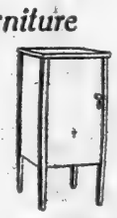
Registering Banks, were $6. Reduced to	2.98	Wonder Blocks, were $1.75. Reduced to	89c
China Tea Sets, were $1.00. Reduced to	59c	Metallophones, were $2.50. Reduced to	1.29
Games, Across the Sea, were $1.25. Reduced to	59c	Tool Chests, were $3. Reduced to	1.59
Jackie Acrobats, were $2. Reduced to	98c	Talking Clowns, were $2.25. Reduced to	1.49
Shoo Flys, were $2.50. Reduced to	1.29	Ouija Boards, size 12x18, were $1.25. Reduced to	69c
Poodle Dogs, were $1.75. Reduced to	79c	Wash Sets, were $5. Reduced to	2.59
Tot Carts, were $5. Reduced to	2.49	Easel Blackboards, were $1.50. Reduced to	87c
Doll Beds, were $4. Reduced to	2.00	Hand Cars, were $5. Reduced to	3.25
Doll Trunks, were $3.65. Reduced to	1.79	Express Wagons, were $5. Reduced to	2.49

Many of the special offerings consist of but one or, at the most, a few of a kind. We advise you to come early to secure the choice bargains.

Gift Furniture



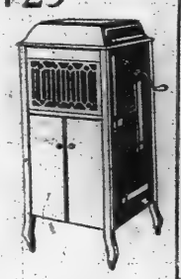
Smoker's Stand
Reg. Price $20
14.74
Cash or Credit.
Mahogany finish. Metal fixtures. Has cabinet.



Music Cabinet
Reg. Price $35
27.67
Cash or Credit
Mahogany finish.

Work Tables, mahogany finish, were $32.50. Reduced to 24.49
Costumers, mahogany finish, were $2.50. Reduced to 1.98
Smoker's Stands, mahogany finish, were $5.50. Reduced to 3.98
Walnut Table Desks, were $80. Reduced to 64.24
Walnut Tea Wagons, were $27.50. Reduced to 19.89
Tapestry Rockers, were $75. Reduced to 54.98
Serving Trays, mahogany finish, were $4. Reduced to 2.49
Gate Leg Tables, mahogany finish, were $50. Reduced to 34.98
Piano Roll Cabinets, were $85. Reduced to 69.87

The Instrument of Quality
Sonora
Clear as a Bell
The Highest-Class Talking Machine in the World
$125



Pay a small first payment and $1.25 weekly.
No Interest Added.
A complete assortment of Period Style Sonoras from
$350 to $1500

Victrolas	$25 up
Grafonolas	$125 up
Supertones	$110 up

1,000 PAIRS CURTAINS
Reg. Price, $2.50 to $57.95
SALE PRICE $1.75 to $35.78

$25,000 LINENS
SHEETS, PILLOW CASES, SPREADS, TABLE LINENS
20% to 40% LESS THAN REGULAR PRICES.

DINNER WARE at 1-3 Off
95-Piece Set 22.95
Reg. Price $35—Cash or Credit
Service for 12 persons. Good quality American porcelain.

$25—50 Piece Sets, reduced	$16.95
$30—52 Piece Sets, reduced	$19.95
$38—52 Piece Sets, reduced	$24.95
$45—95 Piece Sets, reduced	$29.95
$52—100 Piece Sets, reduced	$34.95

Other sets, including Open Stock patterns, up to $200.

Sale of Outfits

3 Room Outfit. Pay for it $5.50 weekly.	$269
4 Room Outfit. Pay for it $5.00 weekly.	$359
5 Room Outfit. Pay for it $6.00 weekly.	$450
3 Room Outfit of Period Furniture. Pay for it $9.00 weekly.	$650
4 Room Outfit of Period Furniture. Pay for it $12.00 weekly.	$850

Sale of RUGS
Greatly Reduced Prices
Special
9x12 Axminster
59.67
CASH OR CREDIT
In an assortment of Floral and Oriental designs.

Cut Glass
Silverware
Cutlery
Lamps
Pictures
Clocks
AT ½ OFF

Floor Oilcloth. Heavy felt base. A variety of neat patterns. 67c sq. yd. Cash or Credit.

America's Greatest Furniture House

Ludwig Baumann & Co.

Do Not Confuse Us with Other Stores with Similar Names

Our New York Stores Open Every Evening Until Xmas

144 146 West 125 St.

35 TO 36 St. Block 8th Ave.

NEWARK, N. J.
49-51 Market Street

We Give Sperry Gold Stamps

We have no connection with any other Stores——These are our only three Stores.

FASHIONS NEW STYLES

LINGERIE is the foundation on which the lines of the gown are built, hence its importance in the realm of fashion. And just now it reaches a greater height of significance because of the extreme simplicity of the outer covering. There is nothing to do but follow the lead for the garments that make up the foundation structure, and when one comes to examine the essential features of this so-called structure they are found to be of the frailest, most inconsiderable sort, but of the utmost importance for all their thin transparency.

It would seem to the casual eye that the manner of undergarments does not change considerably from year to year, but this is an erroneous impression of a grievous sort. Just try to pose a gown of the newer lines over a chemise of older ones and watch the incongruity that results. The thing is very simple when you know how, but it is the knowing how that is difficult of comprehension sometimes.

At the shops where French lingerie and American undergarments of the better sort are sold there is no chance of doing the wrong thing, but there are places where it is possible to make mistakes and to buy chemises and things which will utterly ruin the set of the simple costumes that hang over them.

During the last five years the quantity of undergarments which it seems necessary to wear has gradually decreased in number. There used to be all sorts of accoutrements in the way of petticoats and corset covers and corsets which would entirely put our modern outergarments out of gear. Now a woman who is dressed in the height of the prevailing fashion wears just about two to four lingerie contraptions, depending entirely upon the proportions of her figure. The thinner she is the less she wears, for those extra layers are all in the nature of confiding any undue embonpoint. And even then they are inconsiderable when compared to the stays of some years ago. At any rate we have reached an era of comfort in dressing and it would seem, from all signs that point the way, that women are so delighted with their present release from bondage in this direction that they will insist upon retaining it forever. It is impossible to imagine women returning over to that stiff, starched effect which they were willing to accept formerly.

Handwork is the decoration that distinguishes all of the modern undergarments. They are nothing without it, and it may be applied in so many and original ways that a purchase of underwear can become a "debauch of extravagance" if one does not "watch one's step." If the handwork does not appear in the shape of embroidery, as it most frequently does, then it is seen in the way of bits of handmade laces, or in the popular new cut-out work which has been applied with such paramount success to so many of the newer bits of lingerie. Those hand-wrought garments are coming back from France and from Belgium, and though we have been brave about our own productions in this direction we hail these new-old handworked pieces with the utmost of joy, for they are delicacy itself. The stitches, so fine and so beautiful, sink into insignificance in the most admirable of humble manners. It is wonderful the way in which one of those foreign handmade affairs can carry with it such quantities of work and never force the fact on the attention of the most minute observer. One trembles to think of the time expended on that fine and intricate workmanship, and yet the garment that is fortunate enough to be made by one of those French or Belgian artists is truly a work of art, and there is no mistaking that fact, even though on the surface it is quite plain and simple. It positively produces a spirit of art and of exquisite craftsmanship—the very feel of it is pleasant to the touch.

The question about whether lingerie shall be white or colored, of linen or of silk, is still an open one. There is much to be said on both sides of both points and the divergence in taste is such a varied thing. So we see as much of silk as we do of linen—more in fact, because the latter material is so hard to find and so expensive when it has been traced to its hiding places. Silk of the softest variety seems to be the popular favorite, and this is as often done in pink and flesh color as it is in white and cream. It is not so easily nor so effectively subject to embroidery as is the linen, but it has that quality of wearing less easily, of being far more subject to a simple laundering process and of wearing with equal lasting power.

On some of the silk undergarments that are being shown as novelties just now there is the most fascinating sort of cutwork done mainly by hand. There will be a piece of net laid under the silk and then the cut-out places over that will form a pattern and will be whipped or buttonhooled about the edges so that the whole makes the most effective sort of a design. This is the newest thing seen anywhere, and it promises to have a great vogue in the future. In Paris they have been doing a lot of this sort of handwork on dresses and blouses, and it is only natural that they have applied the discovery of the art to the making of the beautiful things that go under the dresses.

Hemstitching is another sort of hand work that chimes in most harmoniously with the undergarments of silk and of the soft, smooth satins. Somehow this stitching has been developed most attractively in this connection and there are any amount of the handsomer pieces of fine lingerie that show hemstitching and that decoration only as the chief ornamentation of the garment. Sometimes even ribbons will be lacking. And this is another interesting point about the French lingerie, which, after all, is setting the fashion in this sort of thing at a rapid rate. Ribbons, when there are any, are not entirely plain—not at all. They are more apt to be little flowered affairs, little Dresden patterns embodied in the narrowest bits of ribbons, or ribbons of plain color edged with picots of gold or silver or of a contrasting color. There are often little soft ribbons of one dainty color faced with another color, and all the time these trimmings are applied in such a way that they have nothing about them of overdecoration. There was not nearly so many ribbons used as once were the fashion. Indeed many of the pieces of lingerie in the new collections are seen to have no suggestion of this sort of trimming. They are made to fit, to slip on and off with the greatest facility, and to stay in place without the pulling of many strings which, where all was said and done, did tend to spring out, to slip from place and to behave themselves generally in untoward ways.

The newest thing in the way of an undergarment which has come from Paris is the long sort of chemise slip which is made to wear under the newer one-piece dresses. It is not a princess slip; it is more of an elongated chemise, for it has a tiny sort of bodice which buttons up the back with a row of the very smallest buttons you have ever seen. Then there is an inch wide belt attached to this bodice section through which a ribbon is drawn so that the waist band may be adjusted to fit the individual figure. From this hangs a full and finely pleated skirt. There are mere little suggestions of straps to be worn over the shoulders and to hold the garment in place. You can readily see that this sort of a long chemise is just the very thing for a foundation for the newer dresses, and with it need be worn only a pair of bloomers plus the brassiere and corset, if these things are considered necessary.

One of these little underslips is illustrated on this page. It is made of the softest and finest of flesh-colored silk, that is truly French in weave, for we find it hard to get just that quality in this country. The little squares are double hemstitched around all of their sides, and in the middle of each is posed a little blue forget-me-not embroidered in light blue silk. The ribbon that runs through the waist band is blue, to match the embroidery, and otherwise the chemise is quite simple in design. Another one of this same sort is trimmed with up-and-down rows of double hemstitching, with rows of hand-run tucks between the rows of hemstitching. It has, in addition, little inserts of Valenciennes lace no wider than the merest fraction of an inch, simply a touch of whiteness to break the general pinkness of the garment.

As yet these chemise slips have not been generally adopted by the women in America, although they are universally worn in Paris by the smart dressers there. However, if the one-piece dress continues to grow in favor, as it seems likely to do, then, no doubt, there will be a leaning in the direction of this new type of lingerie.

The modern corset is a thing to be wondered at, for it is hardly a corset at all. It is simply a band of some rubberized material that is worn about the hips only and ends at the waistline. It is usually made of beautifully brocaded silk or of plain and stoutly woven satin, with pieces of rubber banding inserted at the places where it is needed. There are few or no bones to be seen, and the thing as a whole makes a very wearable garment, one that does not protrude itself by reason of its unwieldiness.

For the thinner figures there are the most attractive sorts of garters, some of them made to strap around the waist and constitute themselves a sort of substitute for a corset. They are made of Jersey silk and are pointed at the places where the garters drop away from them, being fitted to embrace the figure snugly at the place where they strap around the hips. The ways of making and trimming these waist-attached garters are many and varied, for they have ribbons and laces and rosebuds used in their building until they become interesting and notable parts of the wardrobe as a whole. The round garters are good looking, too, and more attention is being lavished on their construction than has been the case for some years past, the reason being that so many more women are adopting this way of holding up their stockings, unhealthy for the circulation though it is reputed to be.

Brassieres are worn with the hip corsets when the figure demands to be diligently held in. These are made of the stouter sorts of material—often of the heavier laces, cluny and honiton or something of that general character. Those that are being shown in the shops only add to the general wave of simplicity and intricate handwork which all of the lingerie of the day is showing.

The Empire chemise and the bloomers are the two pieces of lingerie that are most generally worn for all occasions. A good example of this combination is given in the illustration on this page. The little, short chemise has a decoration of cut work underlaid with net, and the bloomers are made of heavy ribbed silk, which makes them particularly nice for the colder days.

Many of these little Empire chemises have bands just under the bust line through which a ribbon is drawn, and here the garment can be pulled together to fit the figure, making of itself a sort of brassiere for the slimmer type of figure. Some of them are made of thin China silks, others of linen, others of crepe de chine, others of satin, and many of them are trimmed with bands of filet lace at the top, insertions of filet at the Empire waistline and straps of ribbon over the shoulders.

For bloomers there are often substituted a sort of bloomer contraption that is not held in by rubber bands above the knees. Not every one is willing to have her circulation so retarded, and there are some women who insist upon having as few rubber bands about them as it is possible to arrange. These little open bloomers are trimmed in much the same way as are the chemises.

Most of the trousseau sets are made in sets of three these days—chemise, bloomers and nightgown—and many of them are so designed that the same motif of decoration, whatever it may be, is carried out in all three of the portions of the set.

One exquisite nightrobe was made of the sheerest piece of handkerchief linen. It had in the Empire yoke a series of hand run tucks alternated by rows of hemstitching cleverly grouped. Then around the pointed neckline there was a binding of a light green linen so delicately put on that it became the prettiest sort of a trimming. This edging was repeated on the ends of the kimono sleeves and again it was applied in two rows at the Empire waist line. The chemise and the open bloomers were trimmed in the same fashion and it made the loveliest of sets done as simply as could be.

Handkerchief linen is very popular for nightdresses. Some of them are trimmed with real Irish insertion and edging and others have valenciennes and filet applied in new and interesting fashions. Many of the newer nighties are without sleeves of any sort, merely resorting to straps such as are prevalent on the popular chemises. Others have this strap and then a more or less elaborate ruffle or flounce put on as a sort of shoulder decoration. There is an advantage about this arrangement which will have its appeal to every woman—it does not pull out at the armholes.

Some of the newer nighties have little puffed sleeves set into an armhole arranged in the Empire waist. These are becoming little affairs and quite new, or rather they are a revival of great charm because of the old-fashioned suggestion contained in them.

Of course, other than these lingerie pieces described there are more elaborate things made of chiffon and tulle and georgette crepe, but they are for the ultra rich and they cannot be said to be indicative of any universal tendency. They are interesting because of the novelty of their character, but more as pieces of artistic achievement than for any real utility contained in their gossamer folds.



Linen Chemise and Bloomer Combination, Bound With Color.

A Parisian Lingerie Foundation for a One-Piece Frock.

THE CATHOLIC BIG BROTHERS.

BUILDING good citizens for the future out of the most unpromising material is the work of the Catholic Big Brothers. They co-operate with the Children's Court in finding boys who are most in need of physical, mental and moral care. The helping hand of a real "big brother" is held out to youths who are criminally inclined, misguided, poor or sick, and those who are living in environments of evil influence. Thousands of boys have been saved from penal institutions and lives of degradation through the efforts of this organization.

Cardinal Farley, in a letter to the Hon. Cornelius F. Collins, President of the Catholic Big Brothers, said, in part:

"In these days, when so many efforts are being made to assist every one needing help and when every form of misery attracts our sympathy, those who are beginning to make a failure of their lives should be given special attention.

"From such an effort on the part of our laymen to aid their pastors in reclaiming the young from evil ways, and in preventing those exposed to corruption from being contaminated, great and happy results must accrue."

Once a year, during the Christmas season, the Catholic Big Brothers ask the aid of the public to obtain funds for continuing their activities. The annual benefit entertainment will take place this year at the Hippodrome Dec. 28. Mme. Frances Alda heads the list of those who will sing at the concert.

BIRTHS IN ENGLAND.

THE population of England and Wales increased last quarter by 136,177, according to statistics compiled by The London Daily Mail. There were 229,867 births, 41,215 fewer than in the first quarter of the year, but more than in any previous quarter for nine years. Boy babies were in proportion to girl babies as 1,050 to 1,000, the average proportion for the ten preceding quarters being 1,048. The infant mortality was 65 per 1,000 births, being 38 per 1,000 below the average and the lowest for any quarter of the year. Despite the lack of houses, the number of persons married in the second quarter of the year was 217,336, an increase of 79,034 over the number in the preceding quarter.

An Acceptable Gift for the Woman Who Entertains

WE are offering one hundred dozen of the finest quality,

LINEN-DAMASK
LUNCHEON CLOTHS

Made in GERMANY 5 years ago, in three exquisite designs suitable for table tops, tea wagons, centerpieces, luncheon or tray cloths,

at $27.00 a half dozen, or $4.50 each

Size 36 x 36 inches
" 34 x 28½ "
" 31 x 28½ "

THESE exceptional values are unobtainable ANYWHERE else at ANY PRICE.

THE BANKOGRAPH CO., Inc.
Importers of Souvenirs, Toys and Paper Hats,
Sixth Avenue at Thirty-sixth Street
(One Flight up)

HOLIDAY SALE
Forsythe
Georgette Blouses
$10.00

EXTRAORDINARY VALUES
Never Offered Less Than
16.75 to 22.75

Hundreds to Select From
An Ideal Christmas Gift

JOHN FORSYTHE & SONS
3 West 42d Street

FRANK BROTHERS
Fifth Avenue Boot Shop
Near 48th Street

Our Entire Stock of Women's and Men's High Shoes

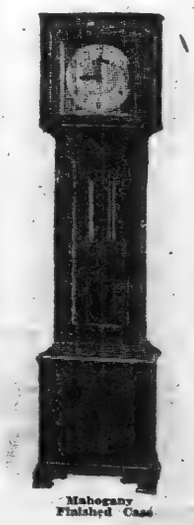
Reduced 20%

Complete lines of sizes and styles in all leathers.



Bringing the cost of Frank Brothers Footwear much below the substantial price concessions already established.

Lowered Prices on Our Men's and Women's Hosiery



Mahogany Finished Case

SPECIAL
Hall Clock
$125.
with Westminster Chimes

ONE of these Westminster chime clocks will add a note of dignity and charm to your home.

Clocks of every description are being shown at our showrooms, including over 50 styles of hall clocks.

Wm. H. Enhaus & Son
Established 1847
26 John St. New York

PRIVATE SALE—XMAS GIFTS
Importers Selling at Retail
For 2 Weeks Only—Stock of
LADIES' Beaded Velvet Silk HANDBAGS
Genuine Parisian Manufacture
Also Ostrich Fans and Jewelry Novelties
AT HALF PRICE
Call at Showroom
BISHOP & GRO'SHUT, Importers
3 West 29th St. Take elevator to Suite 906.

Manufacturers, Attention

WE are manufacturers' selling agents. Have our own high-grade selling force, marketing all kinds of legitimate merchandise to the best trade. Let us have your account.

We Furnish Bank References

WARD COMPANY
128 Cutler Bldg., Rochester, N. Y.

CLEARANCE SALE
PROOF
MEZZOTINTS, CATHEDRAL ETCHINGS, ENGLISH COLORED SPORTING PRINTS
Framed and Unframed
Period Mirrors, Carved Wall Sconces, Candlesticks in All Finishes
Exceptional Large Selection of
PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES
ATTRACTIVE VALUES
F. R. BARTER
713 MADISON AVE.
Bet. 63rd and 64th Sts.

TIMES WAR VOLUME SET READY

The twentieth volume of the New York Times WAR VOLUMES, containing treaties, appendices, cumulative index, digest, gazetteer, now ready for delivery. 12,000 pages in the set, 1,000 illustrations, 1,000 cartoons, 3 bindings. Endorsed by highest authorities; unbiased; history, richest literature, official documents, reports, maps. Sold on monthly payment plan. A regal Christmas gift. Free booklet, New York Times War Volumes, Times Square, New York City.—Advt.

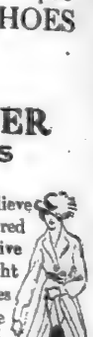
SWING ALONG!



Faultless complexion—sparkling eyes — radiant smiles — perfect poise;—all are yours for the asking, Madam or Miss,—if you will only *walk more.* A daily walk in the fresh, brisk air is far more potent than any medicine ever prescribed. But, first, your SHOES must be right!

GROUND-GRIPPER
WALKING SHOES

are light, soft, *flexible in all parts.* They relieve unnatural pressures and bring into unfettered play every muscle of bodily balance. They give life to deadened feet;—restore your birthright of youth and grace so sadly crippled by shoes of stiff artificial construction. They introduce a new luxury more joyous than any you have ever known:—the luxury of a free-swinging, *buoyant tread.*



So even though you have a whole closetful of shoes for so-called "stylish" occasions, come to us—TODAY—for a pair of GROUND GRIPPERS, especially for walking, shopping, etc. Encourage your feet and note the immediate difference in health and happiness.

We have Ground Gripper Shoes for every member of the family

THE SPIRIT OF YOUTH IN YOUR FEET

Ground Gripper Stores
2 Beekman St., 23 West 35th St., 39 Hoyt St., Brooklyn



FIRST DISPLAY OF
TAFFETA FROCKS for SPRING
For Misses and Women

Embracing a wide range of enticing models that combine the most advanced whims of style with the newest of fabrics and trimmings. These frocks will prove as durable as they are beautiful.

The prices range from
$34.00 to $120.00

Black, Navy and Brown

Betty Wales
DRESS SHOP
MAHR BROS. CO., Inc.
394 FIFTH AVENUE, AT 36th STREET

SOCIETY CURRENT DOINGS

CHRISTMAS week promises to be gay with dances, from brilliant ballroom affairs to drawing-room functions. It will be a week given over primarily for the young people, with entertaining for the boys and girls home from schools and colleges for the holidays.

The older set will have its fling after the new year sets in before migrating to the South. Announcements of important events for the late season are already appearing. Chief among them is that Feb. 1 has been chosen as the date for the annual Charity Ball, to be given at the Waldorf-Astoria, as usual. Also that Mrs. James E. Gerard is to be this season's President of the Ball Committee. The others acting officially include Mrs. Robert L. Gerry, Secretary; Mrs. Frank S. Witherbee, Treasurer, and Miss Florence V. Donne, Executive Secretary. The first ball, it will be remembered, was in 1857.

The New York Social Register has made its appearance this year on time. There are more stars which appear opposite the names of those who have been honorably discharged from service than last year, when there was some uncertainty as to those who had been released from service. It is also interesting to note from the social statistics of the Register that 780 persons, members of prominent families, have married during the year, as compared with 755 last year. Men still led in the mortality. Altogether for the year, a marked decrease in the mortality of men and women, and a slight increase in the marriages.

***

January will start off with débutante receptions and dances for the younger set.

Mrs. Robert L. Stevens recalled the invitations to the dance which she had arranged to give tomorrow night at the Ritz-Carlton, to introduce her daughter, Miss Mary R. Stevens, owing to the sudden death of Miss Elsie Stevens, eldest daughter of Mrs. Richard Stevens and the late Mr. Stevens of Manor House, Castle Point, Hoboken. A dinner had also been planned for last Thursday night at the St. Regis which Mrs. Russell Stevens was to have given for her débutante daughter, Miss Dorothy Stevens. The late Miss Stevens recently returned from the White Sulphur Springs and was a granddaughter of the late Edwin A. Stevens, founder of the Stevens Institute of Technology in Hoboken.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederic H. Church and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rumsey are giving a holiday dance Monday evening at the Plaza for Miss Charlotte D. Church, Miss Edith H. Marvin and Rumsey Marvin.

Yesterday Mr. James H. Ottley announced the engagement of his daughter, Miss Marion Ottley, at a dance at the Ritz, and Mr. George Burr French is to give a dinner and theatre party for the Misses Doris Thompson and Helen L. Smith in honor of the débutantes. Mrs. Vincent Astor is to entertain Admiral and Mrs. Hugh Rodman at dinner at her home, preceding the Navy Ball.

A dance is to be held at the Plaza on Tuesday night for the benefit of the Municipal Service Exchange for Woman's Work, for which many novel features are promised. The proceeds will be used for the building fund of the new Exchange, which will be at 749 Madison Avenue when completed. Many prominent society women are acting as patronesses. Mrs. Ella Barrows being President of the Exchange. Tickets may be obtained at the Exchange, 577 Madison Avenue, also of Mrs. H. B. Cummings, 27 West Fiftieth Street, and of Miss Sybil Rockwell, at the Plaza.

Thursday will bring the first of the series of Vacation Dances at the Plaza. Mrs. Barrington W. Merchant and Mrs. Dixon Campbell will give a luncheon that day at the Colony Club for Miss Betty Wolcott Merchant, and Mrs. J. Wright Brown is to entertain at dinner for the Misses Dorothy D. Brown and Edna D. Fincke, her two débutante nieces, for whom a large dance is to be given that evening at the Ritz.

Mrs. Payne Whitney's dance for her daughter, Miss Joan Whitney, at her town house, 972 Fifth Avenue, on Thursday, will be a large one, although Miss Whitney has not yet been introduced to society. The guests will be mostly boys and girls home from school or college for the holidays.

The same night Mr. and Mrs. William H. Woodin are to entertain with a dance at the Plaza for their débutante daughter, Miss Elizabeth F. Woodin. Thomas B. Davis is to give a dinner for a hundred and fifty of the débutante set and their college friends that night at the Ritz for his débutante niece, Miss Mary Davis Landstreet, going later to the theatre.

Mrs. Julius P. Workum will introduce her daughter, Miss Clara Fifield Workum, at a tea dance at her home, 50 East Eighty-second Street, on Thursday night, with a dinner and theatre party for thirty young people, going from the play to several dances. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Cawthra are to entertain with a dance that night to introduce their daughter, Miss Genevieve Cawthra.

On Friday comes the first of the Friday junior dances at the Plaza. Mrs. W. P. Hardenburgh is giving a small dance that evening at her home, 10 East Sixty-fourth Street.

The only social affairs on the calendar so far for Christmas are the informal dance that Mr. and Mrs. Howard C. Brokaw will give for their daughter, Miss Julia Brokaw, on Christmas night at their home, 984 Fifth Avenue, and the dinner which Philip Rhinelander is giving at his residence, 18 West Forty-eighth Street.

Tuesday evening will seem like "Navy Night in New York," when the Naval Ball will be given at the Hotel Commodore for the benefit of the Navy Club, under the patronage of the officers of the Atlantic fleet. This ball will celebrate the anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrims on Plymouth Rock. Many dinners are being given by the patronesses and boxholders, including Mrs. Vincent Astor, Mrs. John Henry Hammond, Mrs. Spencer Turner, Mrs. N. Thayer Robb and Mrs. I. Chauncey McKeever.

Mrs. Julian Robbins is Chairman of the Ball Committee, and Miss Juliana Cutting, Vice Chairman. Mrs. Casimir de Rham is Chairman of the Dance Committee, which has on its list many débutantes of the season. The members of the committee are the Misses Mary Lockwood, Georgiana Wells, Hope Lincoln, Phyllis Batcheller, Emily S. Hammond, Katherine Post, Frances Nott, Elizabeth Lee Dodge, Isabella Wood, Katherine Van Ingen, Eleanor Francke, Annis Burr Auchincloss, Wandern E. Mathews, Mary Wistar Morris, Helen L. S. Trevor, Dorothy Sharp, Betty Thompson, Eleanor Landon, Isabel Rockefeller, Mildred Maude Smith, Mary Hurd, Clara Lee, Polly Lincoln, Helen Lee, Eleanor Hurd, Jean Fletcher, Katherine Emmet, Alice Davison, Mrs. Richard Babcock and Mrs. George Temple Bowdoin.

Tickets at $5 each and boxes may be obtained at the Navy Club, 13 East Forty-first Street, and at the home of Mrs. A. Barton Hepburn, 650 Park Avenue.

***

The annual reception under the auspices of the Ladies' Auxiliary of St. Vincent's Hospital will be held at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel on Tuesday evening, Jan. 4. With the advance in cost, during the past few years, of every item needed for the maintenance of the institution and for the care of the sick, together with a corresponding increase in the demands on the service, it has been impossible to keep pace with the requirements of the times in regard to accommodations and scientific equipment. Tickets and boxes may be obtained by applying to Mrs. Alfred J. Johnson, Plaza Hotel, or Miss Caroline Linherr, St. Vincent's Hospital, 153 West Eleventh Street. Box holders include Mrs. William Sheehan, William Iselin, Mrs. DeLancey Kane, Mrs. F. Burrell Hoffman, Mrs. Alfred Johnson, Clarence H. Mackay, John D. Ryan, Thomas F. Ryan, Henry Helde and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Sinclair.

***

The Board of Governors of the Colony Club has joined with the Board of Governors of the Cosmopolitan and the Women's City Club in sponsoring the big mass meeting of women, which will be held at the Metropolitan Opera House this afternoon, for the starving children of Eastern and Central Europe. Miss Ruth Morgan, President of the Colony Club, stated yesterday that every member of the club had been asked to cooperate. The Colony Club, while an entirely social organization, regards this work, which is now being conducted under Mr. Herbert Hoover, as a continuation of work similar to that which they conducted under their war-time policy. The Board of Governors of the club has taken two boxes for the afternoon meeting.

The list of patronesses for the mass meeting include Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. Vincent Astor, Mrs. William Church Osborne, Mrs. John T. Pratt, Mrs. Phelps Stokes, Mrs. John Sanford, Mrs. Charles Senff, Mrs. George Peabody Wetmore, Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, Mrs. William P. Hamilton, Mrs. Herbert Satterlee, Mrs. Robert Bacon, Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, Mrs. James Speyer, Mrs. Frank Grey Griswold and Mrs. Joseph Choate, and the governors of the cosmopolitan and Colony clubs and officers of the Junior League and Civic Federation.

***

Preliminary plans and preparations are now well under way for the ball for the benefit of the Union Settlement, to be held at the Ritz on Tuesday evening, Jan. 28. The Ball Committee is made up of Mrs. Henry P. Davison, Chairman; Mrs. James R. Sheffield, Mrs. William S. Edgar, Mrs. James R. Sheffield, Mrs. Edwin Bulkley, Mrs. Thomas E. Satterthwaite, Mrs. Reginald Barclay, Mrs. Frederick W. Moss, Mrs. Ellen S. Marvin and Miss Annie Burr Auchincloss, who is to head the Débutante Committee.

For the benefit of the Spence Alumnae Society's home for babies an entertainment under the auspices of the alumnae will be held at the Plaza on Monday, Jan. 10, afternoon and evening, and on Tuesday evening. The affair will be a musical fantasy entitled "Forty Winks," with music by Reva Marie Tonnele and book and lyrics by Dianthe F. Lawrence, both of the class of '11. Dancing will follow.

Some of those interested officially and as heads of the various committees are Miss Mary P. Wells, Mrs. Connor Lawrence, Miss Janet A. Gregory, Miss Susan Steel, Mrs. William J. Demorest, Miss Cordelia Hepburn, Mrs. Irwin H. Cornell, Mrs. John B. Cornell, Mrs. Orlando P. Metcalf and Mrs. Janet A. Gregory.

A concert for the benefit of the Italian Welfare League will be given on the night of Jan. 3 at Carnegie Hall. Arturo Toscanini and the La Scala Orchestra will appear. Among the boxholders are Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Mrs. Ernesto G. Fabbri, Mrs. Fiorello La Guardia, Mrs. William Guggenheim, Mrs. Joseph di Giorgio and Mrs. Felice Leva.

Last Week of the Big

Perfume Sale

This is the last week of the sale of Coty and Houbigant perfumes at amazingly low prices. Due to depleted stocks, no more than two bottles will be sold to one customer. (Mail orders filled.)

Coty's Famous Chypre Extract
Regular Price $7.02. Sale $4.95

Parfums Coty

Coty Extracts.....$6.75
L'Origan L'Or, La Rose Jacqueminot, Muguet, Lilas Pourpre.
Regular price 9.62

Coty Extracts..... 4.95
Iris and Chypre.
Regular price 7.02

Coty Extracts.....14.95
Ambre Antique, Jasmin de Corse.
Regular price 18.72

Coty Extracts.....10.95
Chypre, L'Effleurt, Styx.
Regular price 13.52

Coty Extracts.....13.25
L'Origan, La Rose Jacqueminot.
Regular price 18.72

Coty Extracts..... 4.25
Lilas, Heliotrope, Violette.
Regular price 5.98

L'Origan Extract.....26.00
Regular price 34.32

Chypre Extract.....21.00
Regular price 29.12

Ambre Antique..... 9.75
Regular price 12.48

Jasmin de Corse..... 7.70
Regular price 9.62

Coty's Toilet Waters..... 6.75
Assorted odors—L'Origan L'Or, Lilas, Styx, Ambre Antique, Muguet, Jasmin, La Rose Jacqueminot.
Regular price 9.62

Coty Sachet $13.50

Parfums Houbigant

Houbigant Face Powder.... 3.95
Ideal, Quelques Fleurs.
Regular price 6.50

Houbigant Extract..... 9.25
Jasmin, Floral, Quelques Fleurs.
Regular price 10.40

Quelques Violettes..... 7.75
Regular price 8.86

Coeur de Jeannette..... 5.25
Regular price 6.24

Houbigant Assorted Toilet Waters 3.00
Regular price 3.90

Quelques Fleurs Toilet Waters 8.75
Regular price 9.26

Other Importations

Guerlain Apre l' Ondee....18.00
Regular price 22.00

Grenoville Ambre Hindou.. 7.80

Rosine Nuit de Chine.....12.48

Lenthric Ambre Mousee....18.50

Roger & Gallet Fleur d'Amour 7.50

Guerlain Rue de la Paix...12.48

Guerlain Jickey..... 4.45

Rocca Mon Succes.....12.00

No C. O. D.'s. No Exchanges. No Refunds.

Gray's Drug Store

Broadway at 43d Street

A Christmas Suggestion



A Boot Shop Showing the Unusual

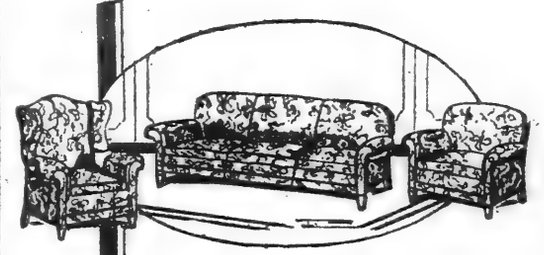
THE latest word in Parisian style dictates colors in milady's footwear.

We are featuring an innovation in colored pumps of soft tones that are at once distinctive, different and conservative at attractive prices.

The widest range of styles neatly fashioned from F. B. C. Washable Kid, in Champagne, Ivory, Pearl Grey, Steel Grey, Blue, Ox Blood, Wistaria Grey, Bronze, White, Chestnut.

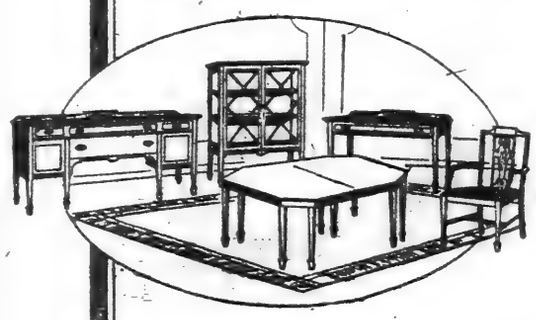
All sizes and widths AAA to C and 2 to 8
Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

Lillianette Bootery, Inc.,
425 FIFTH AVE. AT 38TH ST.



Overstuffed Living Room Suite covered with Collins & Aikman velour in a variety of patterns (Davenport 84 inches)—*3 pieces*..... $275

COMPARISON will but emphasize the unapproachable values now being offered in Kellner furniture—Living Room, Dining Room, Bedroom Suites of recognized merit at prices that insure quick disposal.



Heppelwhite Dining Room Suit, in Antique Brown Mahogany. (Buffet 72 inches—Octagonal table 48x60 inches)—*10 pieces*... $550

Furniture of this character is unmatchable anywhere at these prices. Do not forego this opportunity.

KELLNER BROS.

Thirty years selling Good Furniture
Southeast Corner 15th Street & 6th Avenue

STORE OPEN FROM 9 A. M. TO 5:30 P. M.

L. BAMBERGER & CO

"One of America's Great Stores"
NEWARK, N. J.

The Fur Sale Is A Great Success



which is not surprising, considering the truly extraordinary reductions, both on merchandise specially purchased and on the beautiful garments and small furs in our regular stock.

399.50 Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat) Coats at 275.00
Thirty-six-inch coats fashioned of very good skins, full flaring, belted, self-trimmed.

500.00 Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat) Coats at 299.50
Thirty-six inch models of perfectly matched skins, with cape collars and deep cuffs of skunk, beaver or gray squirrel.

599.50 Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat) Coats at 375.00
Forty inches long, with perfectly joined skins. All seal or with collar and cuffs of skunk or beaver.

875.00 Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat) Wraps at 599.50
Full length models with dolman cape collars of skunk, beaver or squirrel. Exceptionally smart lines.

225.00 Pony Skin Coats, 129.50
Thirty-six inch models with flare collar and cuffs of raccoon. Beautifully moired skin.

Neckpieces and muffs in all the fashionable furs at corresponding price-cuts.

Bamberger's—Third Floor

Don't you think the outdoor woman would like one of these

Sports Skirts

Correct apparel gives added zest to a game of golf, a long, brisk hike, a motor trip, or any other form of outdoor sport.

Here are smartly fashioned plaid and striped wool skirts, plain and plaited in the newest effects, in a wide color choice.

Waistbands and lengths to suit everybody, 7.95 to 49.50.

Bamberger's—Third Floor



Lamps and Shades Reduced One Fourth

These lamps and shades are from our own stock. Every one reduced 25% below its marked price. In many instances there is but one of a kind, so the earlier you choose, the better.

Table and floor lamps in mahogany, polychrome, metal, with silk and hand-decorated shades in wonderful variety.

This offer of 25% reduction does not include small candle lamp shades. It applies to table and floor lamps and shades.

Bamberger's—Basement

Finer Wrist Watches Reduced

Were 31.50 to 1200.00
NOW 22.50 to 1040.00

Just fifty watches in the collection.

Exquisitely dainty, very fashionable cases with the superior inner workmanship that makes for accurate timekeeping.

Fourteen-carat gold cases, some of the more expensive ones set with diamonds.

A sale that is the gift-giver's opportunity.

Bamberger's—First Floor

If It Is a Seth Thomas Clock

It goes without saying that it is a good clock

Seth Thomas clocks combine beauty of workmanship and style with absolute accuracy of movement. They are eminently satisfactory from every viewpoint.

The popular tambour shape in beautiful designs and finishes, some with chimes, priced at 16.50 to 95.00.

Bamberger's—First Floor

Reduction of ¼ to ½ on Entire Stock of Mirrors

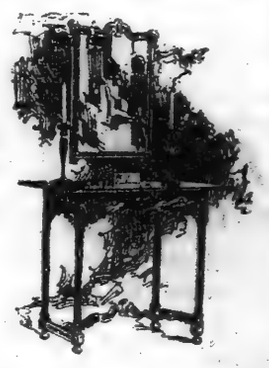
Falling prices on mirrors just before the holidays make it possible for you to include them on your gift lists.

The mirrors are all effectively framed and represent periods that are most desirable for use above console tables. There are also some that are two-toned and hand-carved.

The former prices and the revised ones follow:

8.00 mirrors now priced at 6.00
33.00 mirrors now priced at 20.00
50.00 mirrors now priced at 33.00
80.00 mirrors now priced at 60.00

Bamberger's—Sixth Floor





Women's Silver Cloth Pumps at 10.50

(Plus 5c tax.)

Regularly priced 14.00

Evening slippers made of the finest cloth of silver on a smart new last with turned soles and French heels.

An underprice event in time for all the Christmas week festivities. Where is the evening dress nowadays without just a touch of metallic trimming? What kind of footwear is quite so much in demand for dancing as silver slippers?

No mail, telephone or C. O. D. orders.

Bamberger's—Second Floor

Women's 7.50 Sports Gauntlets at 5.00

Of high quality cape skin

Gloves to fulfil many a Christmas wish. The kind a woman takes real joy in.

In brown—beaver—tan—Havana—gray.

Pique or prix sewn seams—contrasting gore and embroidery—or with plain flat stitching.

All have snug little straps at the wrist.

Bamberger's—First Floor

Sale of 52.00 Electric Vacuum Cleaners at 29.75

The Thor No. 12—that has been made to sell for 52.00.

Each cleaner is complete with a full set of attachments and a General Electric motor that operates on direct or alternating current.

As might be expected, there is only a limited number of these cleaners at this astonishingly low price.

Bamberger's—Basement

Low Prices on Fine Japanese China Tea Sets Marked Still Lower

27.75 CHINA TEA SET, 22.50—These are 23-pc. sets in allover black with silver dragon and motto, "Good luck, long life and happiness," in silver. Tea plates included.

40.00 CHINA TEA SETS, 32.50—23-pc. sets of fine eggshell china decorated with geisha girls and pagoda scenes. Tea plates included.

24.00 CHINA TEA SET, 20.00—23-pc. sets decorated with birds and flowers in enameled colorings in blue, black, yellow or pink. Tea plates included.

25.00 CHINA TEA SETS, 18.00—23-pc. sets in neat red coloring with a thousand faces treated with gold. Tea plates come with this set.

24.75 CHINA TEA SETS, 20.00—Allover decoration in either blue or yellow, with white hawthorn. 23 pcs. in the set including plates.



Bamberger's—Basement

L. BAMBERGER & CO. — NEWARK, N. J.

M. Knoedler & Co.

Announce a Special

EXHIBITION

of

Early English

Mezzotints

and

Sporting Prints

In Color

At Their Galleries

556 Fifth Avenue

SELLING OUT!

Mezzotints by

ELIZABETH GULLAND

Mrs. Stewart	$140
Mrs. Boswell	72
Miss Crewe	72
Miss Bowles	52

Etchings by

HEDLEY FITTON

Rue St. Romaine No. 2	$140
Tour de l'Horloge	80
Roulin Chapel	60
Rue Barbette	40
Church of Three Kings	40

Other Unusual Bargains

ARTHUR A. CROSBY

Seven East 54th Street

Entire Stock at Less Than Pre-War Prices.

IDEAL GIFTS!



ROERICH EXHIBITION

Russian Paintings

Kingore Galleries

668 FIFTH AVE. AT 53RD ST.

ON FREE VIEW

DECEMBER 20TH TO JANUARY 15TH

MILCH *Galleries*

Announce the Annual

EXHIBITION OF

SELECTED PAINTINGS OF LIMITED SIZE

On view until Dec. 25

Etchings and Color Etchings by

WILLIAM MEYROWITZ

Dec. 1 to 31

108 West 57th Street

Established 1886

Henry Schultheis Co.

Paintings

Mezzotints

and

Prints

Frames and Art Novelties

142 Fulton Street

Just East of Broadway

***The* Little Gallery**

Four East Forty-Eighth Street

Special Exhibition of

Handwrought Silver

by

ARTHUR J. STONE

and

OTHER MASTER CRAFTSMEN

Fine Examples of Handwrought Tea Services, Flat Silver, etc.

OLD FASHIONED FLOWER PAINTINGS

Suitable for Christmas Gifts

ON EXHIBITION AT

Hollenbeck Studios,

24 East 63rd Street, Cor. Madison Avenue

TELEPHONE PLAZA 2822

Lithographs and Aquatints

by

ARTHUR B. DAVIES

Now on View.

E. WEYHE,

710 Lexington Ave., at 57th St.

"SPANISH ANTIQUES ARE NOW THE VOGUE"

SPANISH Antique Shop

IMPORTS Directly from Spain AND HANDLES

Spanish Antiques Exclusively

You are cordially invited to inspect our latest importations.

768 MADISON AVENUE AT 60TH ST.

ART EXHIBITIONS OF PAINTINGS

THE Folsom Galleries are the home of advanced art this week. Advanced art means, of course, the kind of art in which contemporary youth delights. Walter Pater was delicately gushing about the beauty and joy of contemporaneousness, but it is no matter for gush or even for any great amount of delicacy. It is the lustiest and healthiest of states. It is life at the high tide, the child of the past, the parent of the future, and all the other tags dear to the uncertain thinker. And it is a state shared by all the living, therefore the whole gamut of talents must be included in it. John Storrs, at the Folsom Galleries, is one of the stronger talents, although he has not yet had strength to cut loose from the cubistic tendencies of the recent past and attach himself to the higher intellectuality of the immediate present. He seems, indeed, to be held rather constrainingly by cubism in the works said to be his latest, although in such things as "Horses' Heads" and the "Winged Horse" he brilliantly fuses realism and abstraction. But it is most unnecessary for any critic or commentator or any one to worry about his working through to a definitely personal expression of his talent while there is so much to enjoy in his craftsmanship. His wood engraving is superb. With all the breadth and depth and softness of the ancient blocks, with their dense rich blacks and unsullied patches of white, he makes no foolish effort toward primitive crudity and the cutting is clean and pure and skillful. His bronze figures also, showing the toolwork after the casting, are filled with technical charm.

His catalogue, printed with care, designed with taste and furnished with an extraordinary hymn of praise by his French wife, helps the exhibition, and that is not the habit of catalogues. His French wife says that he is an artist, and a laborer, that he works with his heart and his brain and his hands. She says that he has known all countries and the art of past ages, and has turned toward the life of the present and absorbed it, in the fields and in the cities, to give it out again in his art. She says that he is a true craftsman, that he quarries his marble and chisels it. She says, moreover, and it would be impertinent to take the sentence out of its original form, that "Il est charmant, irritable, nerveux, sensible, taciturne, exhuberant, insupportable, adorable, indefinissable—il est artiste." The burden of her song is "Mon mari est un artiste." No one could tell us so much. But the gallery manager tells us something more with less beautiful eloquence. John Storrs, he narrates, was born in Chicago and is of the family of Richard Salter Storrs of Brooklyn. He studied in Chicago, Philadelphia and Boston, and abroad under many masters, Rodin among others. Rodin encouraged him to go ahead by himself. The exhibition includes two studies of the master's glorious old head, one a drawing made when Rodin lay on his deathbed. There is also a reproduction of the monument to Wilbur Wright made by Mr. Storrs just before he left France. The monument will be a monolithic block of granite into which will be cut in relief a huge American eagle with widespread wings, and is to be erected by the Automobile Club of France at Le Mans on the field where Wilbur Wright made his first flight in Europe. The artist has a style adapted to monumental sculpture. He is now in this country to complete for a Paris publishing house a series of wood engravings for an edition of Walt Whitman's "Song of Myself." Dear Poet! She censored Louisa M. Alcott's "Little Women" for the brazen lovemaking in which Laurie and Amy indulged, but she will make a magnificent edition of Whitman.

***

Two New Art Magazines.

The new art magazine never fails to inspire hope. The opportunities it offers to inform the public of matters of special and general interest are endless. To many a casual mind art signifies the making of pictures or statues and nothing else. To the thoughtful and observant it signifies the pleasure-giving quality in everything made.

Hamilton Easter Field's magazine, The Arts, is intended to "feature painting and sculpture" and to "give the news of the art world, what the artists are doing, what the art patrons and museums are buying, what is going on in the trade." The first issue contains a number of articles by the editor, written in his entertaining, discursive and personal style. The magazine will appear every three weeks during the art season. Drama and music will have a place in it, and there will be letters from different European cities.

The Print Connoisseur, published and edited by Winfred Porter Truesdell, is a quarterly magazine addressed chiefly, but not exclusively, to the collector of prints. The articles in the present number are on "Frederick Reynolds, an American Maker of Mezzotint," by W. H. de B. Nelson; "Some Italian Drawings from the Schiff Collection," by George S. Hellman; "The Etchings and Lithographs of Odilon Redon," by Walter Pach, and "New York in Recent Graphic Art," by Frank Weitenkampf. The intention evidently is to give authentic information in a pleasantly readable form, and this intention is admirably fulfilled.

***

A Group Exhibition.

At the Powell Gallery is an exhibition showing how delightful conservative pictures may look hung against a quiet background among surroundings of pleasantly conservative taste. The new Powell Gallery has less of the gallery look than any in the city, and it has not substituted for the conventional gallery atmosphere the no less conventional atmosphere of the blue, black and orange studio apartment. It is the parlor floor of an old-fashioned house, furnished and hung with grays and neutral tones of color and accented with a few fine textiles. The pictures belong to the environment and become a part of the decorative plan without asserting themselves as decoration. One sees already that it is a "period" and something to cherish, since it will increase in importance with its recession into the past.

Among the paintings exhibited are William Derrick's "Swans," wonderfully effective as an overmantel; an excellent street scene by Colin Campbell Cooper, the "Royal Entrance to the Paris Opera House"; two pictures by Mrs. Cooper, whose recent death closes a career of vivid charm, and there are good examples of the work of Matilda Brown, Carl Blenner, Caroline M. Ball, Amy Cross, Henry Davenport, E. J. McGanney, Grace P. Noxon, Clara Fairchild Perry, Alethea Hill Platt, Jane Peterson, William Sartain, Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Lydia Florel, Florence Gotthold, Emily Hoyerdt, Alexander Hudnut, Susan M. Ketcham, Herbert R. Kniffin, Susan Ricker Knox, H. Vance Swope, Julia M. Wickham and Hepple Ea Earl Wicks.

***

Prizes for Etching.

Prizes have been awarded for prints in the current exhibition of the Brooklyn Society of Etchers at the Brooklyn Museum as follows: To Frederick Reynolds, for his mezzotint in color after Van Dyke of his portrait of Maria Luigia de Tassis (No. 133 of the exhibition), the Mrs. Henry F. Noyes prize of $50 for the most popular print in the exhibition. According to the conditions established for this prize, it was awarded by ballot of the associate members of the society during the first week of the exhibition. To Paul Roche, for his etching, "The Curtain Call" (No. 134 of the exhibition), the Kate W. Arms prize of $25 for the best print by a member of the society. To Frederick Garrison Hall, for his etching, "Old House at Vicenza" (No. 68 of the exhibition), the Nathan I. Bijur prize of $25 for the best print by an exhibitor not a member of the society, to be an impression of a plate executed in the last year. The members of the jury awarding the two last-mentioned prizes were Henry A. Ingraham and the following prize winners of former years: John Taylor Arms, Eugene Higgins and Arthur W. Heintzelman. The Brooklyn Society of Etchers' exhibition, which was to have closed on Dec. 17, has been extended until Jan. 2, inclusive.

The Brooklyn Museum announces an exhibition of early American silver, to be opened to the public on Sunday, Dec. 19, in commemoration of the landing of the Pilgrims, Dec. 19, 1620. The exhibition will consist of about one hundred pieces. Twenty-two of these are a portion of the recent Samuel E. Haslett bequest to the Brooklyn Museum. The remainder are largely loans from the Trustees of the museum.

***

Cabinet Paintings.

At the Babcock Galleries is the annual exhibition of "Cabinet Paintings by American Artists," little paintings for little places. There is no denying that while our civilization is at the stage of permitting six-foot by nine-foot sitting rooms there must be a few three-inch by five-inch pictures to give an outlet for the imagination. And the artist always may set himself the stimulating problem of suggesting leagues of space in his design. It is the most difficult problem to solve among all he has to meet, and if he does solve it in his cabinet picture he may say to himself that he has perhaps planted the seed of a divine unrest in the hearts of those stupid prisoners who look on their own walls and gilded windows.

George M. Brigstle has managed to hint vast spaces, and so have two or three of the others. Most of them, however, have contented themselves with providing for a narrow wall a vivid spot of color and a little story of Indians shelling corn or cattle resting or girls dancing out of doors or fishing smacks with their prizes. Any of these answers the purpose of reminding the prisoner that the country, the woods and the sea are not yet cut up into six-foot-by-nine patches. The exhibitors are Joseph Boston, E. V. Brewster, G. M. Brueslic, E. L. Closson, Bruce Crane, C. C. Curran, Elliot Dainger-field, W. R. Derrick, C. W. Eaton, H. S. Eddy, A. C. Eldredge, A. L. Groll, C. P. Gruppe, E. V. Gruppe, Eugen Higgins, E. T. Johnson, R. M. Kimbel, F. McGillivray Knowles, E. A. Kramer, W. R. Leigh, A. T. P. Lucas, Luis Mora, J. F. Murphy, G. Glenn Newell, R. H. Nisbet, W. M. Post, E. H. Potthast, Helen Sawyer, Wells M. Sawyer, J. H. Sharp, F. Spicuzza, Charles Vezin, E. C. Volkett and Gustave Wiegand.

***

Lectures at the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

The Metropolitan Museum of Art announces the following free lectures open to the public: Dec. 19, at 2 and 3 P. M., Story Hours for Children, "The Feast of St. Nicholas," by Anna C. Chandler, and at 4 P. M., "The East India Company and the Art of Europe," by Anna L. Wangeman. Dec. 21, at 4 P. M., Talks for High School Teachers, "Principles of Pictorial Composition," by Edith R. Abbot. Dec. 25, at 4 P. M., "Romanesque Architecture, the Problem of Space Composition," by Charles R. Morey. Dec. 26, at 2 and 3 P. M., Story Hours for Children, "On Christmas Eve," by Anna C. Chandler, and at 4 P. M., "The Use of Color in Medieval Life," by Clement Heaton. Jan. 1, 1921, at 4 P. M., "Some Aspects of Modern Art," by Walter Pach. Jan. 2, at 2 and 3 P. M., Story Hours for Children, "At the Spanish Court With a Little Prince and Princess," by Anna C. Chandler, and at 4 P. M., "City Planning," by Andrew W. Crawford.

***

Independents Postpone Last Entry Day.

The Society of Independent Artists, which will hold its fifth annual exhibition at the Waldorf-Astoria this February, announces that it has postponed its last date for entering it from Dec. 31 to Jan. 15. The directors decided on the extension of the time limit in view of the Christmas and New Year holidays.

Any artist (painter, etcher, sculptor, photographer, lithographer or other worker in the graphic or plastic arts) may become an active member of the society and may contribute to the exhibition upon payment of a year's dues, which at this time are $8. The society was able to reduce the dues from $10 because of its financial success with the exhibition last year.

Members may exhibit two paintings or graphic works, provided neither one is over forty inches in width or height, including frames; where works are over forty inches in either of these dimensions, one only may be exhibited. Sculptors may show four pieces instead of the usual two, it being understood that the exhibitor will attend to the details of installation wherever necessary.

The principles of no prizes, no jury and alphabetical hanging of pictures upon which the society was founded will be observed this year as heretofore.

***

Exhibition of the Association for Culture.

The Association for Culture will hold its eighth annual exhibition at the Municipal Art Gallery from Dec. 10, 1920, to Feb. 28, 1921.

The exhibition (lower and upper galleries) will be free to the public; it will be open on weekdays from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.; on Sundays from 2 to 10 P. M.

The Association for Culture aims to bring art nearer to the people by giving them the opportunity to see some of the best contemporary works at hours convenient to everybody.

Countless Gift Suggestions

Individual in Charm

UNUSUAL, original gifts augment our collection of "last minute" suggestions. Their distinction conveys the personal thought and care manifested in their selection. And the prices, down to a new basis, open surprising opportunities.

Paintings Prints Mirrors

Frames Lamps and Shades Period Furniture

Sicard Pottery and Art Novelties

***Braus Galleries,* Inc.**

422 MADISON AVENUE • (OUR NEW 5-STORY BLDG.)

(Between 48th & 49th Streets)

5TH AVENUE AT 34TH STREET • *Northwest Corner*

Beautiful Books of the Highest Quality Suitable for Holiday Gifts

On Exhibition for Private Sale

DECEMBER 19th TO 24th ONLY

A choice collection of finely bound Books

Single Volumes of Rare Interest

Splendid Library Editions of Best Authors

Fifty-Seventh Street Art Galleries, Inc.

33 West 57th Street New York



FRENCH, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN

CHRISTMAS CARDS

A Single Calendar to Order

Heretofore when buying a calendar you had of necessity to take what you could find. Now we can offer you a single calendar made to order by your own favorite master for $1.50.

Exquisite Leather Goods

Our President visited London and Paris this Summer and brought home a large stock of leather goods, which, owing to the low rate of exchange, he was able to buy very cheaply. These low priced goods will make excellent Xmas presents.

Pocket Books — Gift Books

Portfolios — Telephone Lists

Bridge Sets — Picture Frames

Work Baskets — Jewel Cases

CORLIES, MACY & CO.

STATIONERS

7 East 45th St. 20 John St.

NEW YORK

Porto Rican Needle Work

Porto Rican Christmas Novelties

Orphant Annie Brooms

Caribbean Sea Baby, Bath Toys

Robert A. Miller

17 W. 45th St., N. Y. City, 3rd floor

Tel. Bryant 8335.

WILDENSTEIN GALLERIES

Announce an Exhibition of

PAINTINGS *of the* ARIZONA DESERT

by

FRANCIS McCOMAS

At their Galleries, 647 Fifth Ave.

Extended to Dec. 28

EXHIBITION Extended to Jan. 2nd

Brooklyn Society of Etchers

John Taylor Arms, Cor. Sec.,

70 Fifth Ave., N. Y. City.

BROOKLYN MUSEUM

Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

THE SCHOOL OF AMERICAN SCULPTURE

SOLON H. BORGLUM, Director

Now open for Students.

Day and night classes.

Phone 695 Plaza.

LITHO STONE ARTIST.

Competent man for color process work. Good position for proper party. Submit samples. Give references.

The Henderson Lithographing Co.

Station H, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Mid-Week Pictorial

CHRISTMAS NUMBER

Published by The New York Times Co.

The Mid-Week Pictorial, to be on news stands Wednesday, Dec. 22d, will consist of 32 pages; a special Christmas number. All in rotogravure, in two sections of different colors. It will contain a gallery of many beautiful Americans, a double-page etching of a famous Christmas painting by an eminent artist, and numerous special features, as well as important pictures of events in all parts of the world. Order from your newsdealer in advance to insure a copy. 10 cents.



Indian Sign for Good Gift

Do you want a Good Gift for your boy or girl for Christmas?

Why not give him or her the 12 Secrets of the Woods

Don't you know them?.....No?

It took Ernest Thompson Seton 40 years to find them out. Even John Burroughs is finding new things every day. And these men learned much from their fathers in the wilderness.

Can you tell why the rabbit puts his hind feet down ahead of his front ones as he runs?

No? Well, this is only one of the Secrets. Join the Woodcraft League and you will be able to tell these and many more to your children.

Be a Member of the WOODCRAFT LEAGUE. SPECIAL for CHRISTMAS

A membership in the Woodcraft League entitles you to—

1. Boys' Woodcraft Manual (cloth $1.25) by Ernest Thompson Seton. Over 400 pages of stories, information about the woods creatures, handicraft, games, and Woodcraft stunts.
2. Girls' Woodcraft Manual (cloth $1.25) by Ernest Thompson Seton. The greatest out door book for girls ever written. 424 pages fascinating stunts and facts of woods and field.
3. A year's subscription to the Woodcraft League Totem Board, a monthly publication full of articles regarding Woodcraft, birds, flowers, insects, and a signed article in each issue by Ernest Thompson Seton.
4. A membership card, which entitles the member to attend the Big Annual Outdoor Council. This membership card, signed personally by Ernest Thompson Seton (known to Woodcraft boys and girls as Black Wolf), the greatest living authority on outdoor life for boys and girls.

Fill out the coupon below, send in at once and get this Woodcraft League membership before Christmas, for the sake of your children—and yourself! A really worth while Christmas gift.

Inclosed please find $5.00 for Woodcraft League membership (Special for Christmas), which entitles me to one copy of the Woodcraft Manual for Boys and one copy of the Woodcraft Manual for Girls, a year's subscription to the Totem Board and a membership card.

Name .....

Address .....

Woodcraft League of America—13 West 29th Street, New York.

***By Far*—**

THE FOUR BEST BOOKS

¶ *The Two Best Selling Novels of the Year*



Kindred of the Dust

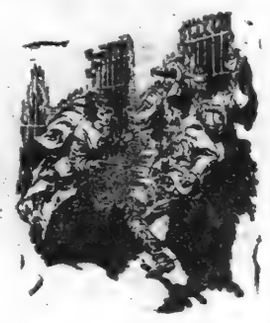
A Novel of the glorious Northwest and the people who grow there

By PETER B. KYNE

THE soul-searching story of Nan of the Sawdust Pile, mother of a child who cries for a father he will never know—of Donald McKaye, who is torn between the love he has for Nan and the love he bears his father—of the Old Laird, who would sooner see Donald dead than married to Nan.

Peter Kyne writes about men for men—that's why women love his stories.

That's why Kindred of the Dust has passed the 100,000 mark. Deservedly a Best Seller. *Get your copy today*—$2.00



The Valley of Silent Men

A Story of God's Country before the railroads came

By JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD

HIT the trail to the wild places and not only read but *live* the story of Sergeant Kent, the best man-trapper in the Royal Mounted, who lied gloriously to save a friend—the story, too, of Marette, that wonderful little goddess of the Valley of Silent Men.

Curwood portrays great souls, and strong. No wonder he has such a large and loyal following. No wonder that more than 150,000 copies of this, his latest book, have been sold in two months. *Get your copy today*—$2.00

¶ *The Best Gift Book of the Year*



Sixteen original paintings by that supreme artist, N. C. Wyeth, lend added greatness to Defoe's immortal work.

YOU—and your boy will enjoy the Wyeth Edition of

Robinson Crusoe

NEVER has such an edition of Robinson Crusoe been published with such wonderful illustrations. Never can this Wyeth Edition be surpassed. It would be cheap at $10.00 a copy. At $5.00 it is truly the best gift book of the year.

¶ *The Laughingest Book of the Year*



They just didn't dass do it—But here it is

Brite and Fair

By HENRY A. SHUTE

"I WOODENT have ennybody read this diry for 2 million dollars," wrote Plupy Shute. And they never dared print *this* part until now. Brite and Fair is making this country laugh as it has seldom laughed before. If *your* laugh is still coming to you, give your bookseller a dollar and ninety cents and ask him for "The laughingest book of the year."

Cosmopolitan Book Corporation

119 West Fortieth Street, New York

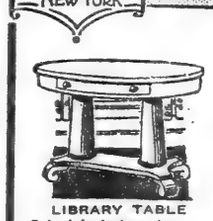
OUR EASY-PAYMENT PLAN APPLIES EVERYWHERE WITHIN 150 MILES OF NEW YORK

S. BAUMANN & Co

NEW YORK CITY.

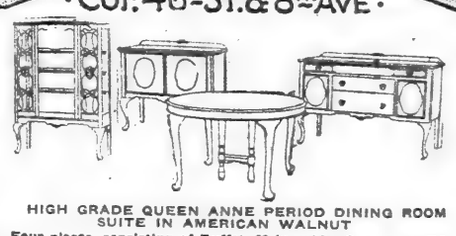
Cor. 46TH St. & 8TH Ave.

WE FURNISH APARTMENTS & HOMES ON WEEKLY OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS



LIBRARY TABLE

Colonial design, in mahogany finish, with drawer. $29.98



HIGH GRADE QUEEN ANNE PERIOD DINING ROOM SUITE IN AMERICAN WALNUT

Four pieces, consisting of Buffet, 60 in. wide, China Closet, Serving Table, Dining, Table, 48 in., 6 ft. extension; as illustrated, at..... $449.50



ROYAL EASY CHAIR

Push the button and the back reclines.

Upholstered in imitation leather cushions..... $34.50



January Columbia and Cortina Foreign Language Records On Sale



ENGLANDER COUCH BED

Complete with Mattress..... $30.75



GATE LEG TABLE

In Fumed Oak, 48x36 inches, as illustrated..... $49.98



Columbia Grafonolas from $32.50 up on our Easy Payment Plan.



Greenpoint Trip-Lock High Side Safety Crib, in enamel at..... $19.75



FOUR-PIECE COLONIAL PERIOD SUITE IN AMERICAN WALNUT OR MAHOGANY, consisting of DRESSER, CHIFFOROBE, TOILET TABLE, BED in full size; 4 pieces, as illustrated..... $349.50



Sewing Machines, as illustrated, at..... $57.50

Open Evenings Until Christmas

MOTOR TRUCK DELIVERIES

46TH STR. 750-752 EIGHTH AVE. 8TH AVE NEW YORK

ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

GERMANY'S WIRELESS

Increase in Stations Indicates Plans for Extensive System as Basis for Foreign Trade

THE Imperial German Government and its republican successors evidently learned one distinct lesson during the great war, a lesson from which they are hastening to reap the profits. When the ocean cables lying beneath the vast waters of the Atlantic and Pacific and linking Germany to her colonial possessions were cut came the realization that thereafter the nation could not depend on uninterrupted communications through this means.

What was the answer? It was simple. Today Germany is developing a worldwide radio system that will render her free from the domination of British and other foreign cables, and will allow her to control her commerce unhampered.

Word has reached Government officials in Washington that Germany is making great strides in her plans in this field. Germany had twenty-seven wireless stations in service on June 1, 1919; seven months later she had fifty-five in operation and many more in preparation. From March, 1919, to the same month a year later, the number of words sent had increased from 136,103 to 775,344.

Naturally Germany looks to the United States as one of her greatest world markets. Therefore she is seeking the best method of communication with this country she can get. As a result, so it is stated, the Radio Corporation of America, a successor to the American Marconi Company, will work between Nauen and Marion, Mass., where a high-power station has been erected.

Communication over this air line will be carried on unofficially until the present state of war is declared repealed. After that regular service will be installed. The German Government Telegraph Administration sanctions the service.

Germany is evidently setting great store upon the Marion-Nauen service, for by means of it she will have direct service to Latin America for the first time since before the war. She will also be able to transmit to and receive from Japan, China and the rest of the Orient by way of this line. At the same time the Germans will stress the advantage to the United States of being able to communicate through Nauen with other Central European countries.

In addition to this line, another is to be started, according to report. This contemplates a station near New York, which will be as powerful as the long-distance Nauen.

When Germany began her drive for foreign trade years ago, she realized that communication outside Europe depended largely on the British cables. She at once developed her own cable system. Two of these cables led to New York via the Azores. Another ran from Germany to her colonies on the west coast of Africa and crossed to Brazil. This was familiarly known as the Brazil-Monrovia-Fernambuco line. In conjunction with the Dutch, Germany also operated cables via the Dutch East Indies, linking eventually to Shanghai and Yap. Thus she short-circuited the British cables in the Pacific and Atlantic.

When the war came and the German cables were cut in both oceans and diverted to other countries, Germany turned at once to Nauen, which is one of the most remarkable and efficient high-power stations in the world. It can be heard eastward as far as Shanghai, and westward as far as Mexico and Brazil. Its propaganda uses were therefore incalculable. Little doubt exists that even under the strict rules of the American Government many amateurs in the United States heard Nauen sending out her propaganda during the war.

The knowledge that Nauen was so useful, that while cables could be cut wireless could not; that other countries, chiefly the British, dominated the present cable network, and that cable material itself is scarce, are all factors that are behind Germany's feverish anxiety to build up her radio system.

Great Britain's example in extending her now famous "All Red" route of imperial communication has, too, undoubtedly stirred the Germans, whose hope of commercial supremacy is as strong as ever. England now operates between Penzance and Halifax one of the former German cables between Emden and New York, and the British Empire is today stringing special copper wires across Canada, so that soon Melbourne or Auckland may talk to Downing Street with no listeners in.

During the war there was an enormous development in wireless communication. Much of this was done by Germany and a great deal by the American Navy. All the indications are that Germany's means of communication in rebuilding her foreign trade is to be wireless. Details of the extensive plans become known only as some new step makes it necessary.

WAR MAPS FOR ENVELOPES.

FROM the Red Cross Bulletin of the Baltic States, published at Riga:

"The shortage of paper has resulted in many novel makeshifts. One of these is the use of German and Russian official war maps as material for envelopes.

"Large quantities of war maps of the Russian, the German Imperial Army and Bermont's Western Volunteer Army were captured by the Letts since their Independence in November, 1918. They were sold to private interests, who make many varieties of envelopes from them. The paper is of excellent quality.

"No attempt was made to remove the map proper. The maps were simply folded and cut to size and glued. It is very convenient to open a letter and find that the inside of the envelope is a map of the district of which the letter treats."



Say "Merry Christmas" With Eversharp

AN Eversharp Pencil is one of the most attractive gifts you can make at Christmas and it is thoroughly practical. Made with jeweler precision to last a lifetime it is always ready with sharp lead to set down a date or make a memorandum. Eversharp carries enough lead up its sleeve to write a book and it has a handy eraser beneath its cap. Made in both gold and silver it may be had in many attractive styles, in sizes short and long for ladies' handbags, men's watch chains and vest pockets. Your dealer sells Eversharp. Be sure you get the genuine. The name is on the pencil.

Made and Guaranteed by

THE WAHL COMPANY, Chicago

EVERSHARP

Companion of the Tempoint Pen

S. BAUMANN & BRO

6th Ave. & 15th St. ← TWO STORES → 3rd Ave. & 84th St.

Say It With Furniture

To "Say it with Flowers" may be all right in some cases—but where is the live American girl who would not rather receive a dainty Dressing Table or some other article of Good Furniture to remind her of you every day in the year?

Reductions on Everything 10 to 40%

Look for the RED LETTER TAGS tied to original tags showing the actual amount you save.

Certainly—Our LIBERAL CREDIT Is at Your Disposal



A Spinet Desk for Her Christmas $59.75

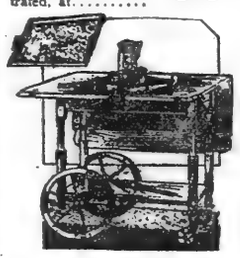
There is something distinctly refined about a mahogany spinet desk. This one, designed after our old-fashioned piano, has grace of form and an elegance of finish that makes it an instant favorite. Come in and see it.

Others up to $75.00



You could not find a more refreshing rocker or arm chair at any price. They have excellently upholstered seats and backs, and their broad, roomy construction permits fullest relaxation. The upholstering is both elegant and long wearing.

Push the button and the back reclines. With adjustable footrest. In Mahogany and Oak finish, with fine imitation Leather cushion, as illustrated, at..... $34.50



Drop Leaf Tea Wagon $44.50

Special drop leaf design. The very latest. Period design in Mahogany or American Walnut with removable glass tray. You need not be without one at this special introductory price.



Queen Anne Period Dining Room Suite — 4 Pieces — American Walnut

Four pieces, consisting of Buffet, China Closet, Serving Table, Dining Table, 48 inches, 6 foot extension; as illustrated $349.50

4-Piece Chippendale Period Bedroom Suite in American Walnut

Consisting of Dresser, Chifforobe, Dressing Table and Bed; as illustrated..... $329.50



3-Piece William and Mary Period Cane Panelled Living Room Suite

With cane panels, mahogany finished frame, upholstered in Velour, with indestructible spring seats, at $107.50

Open Saturday Evening at Both Stores

Motor Truck Delivery

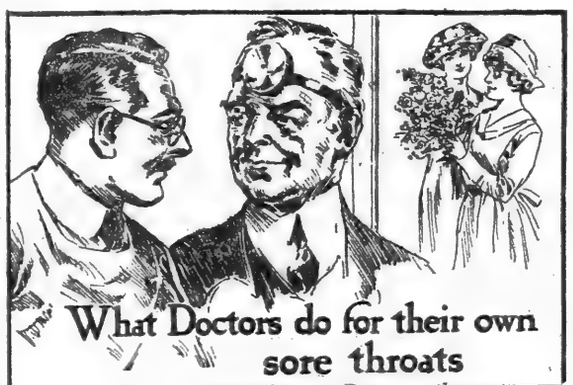
We Are Headquarters for Nationally Advertised Productions

Royal Easy Chairs
Greenpoint Beds and Cribs
Singer Parlor Suites
Stickley Day Beds

ENGLANDER
Springs, Couch Beds, Da-Beds, and Beds

Kitchen Maid Cabinets
Kroehler Duofolds
Porcelain Kitchen Tables
at Popular Prices

6TH Ave & 15TH St. ← TWO STORES → 3RD Ave & 84TH St.



What Doctors do for their own sore throats

"I want to congratulate you, Doctor, on the great success I hear you are having with your throat cases. I myself have attacks of inflamed throat every winter, can't seem to get rid of them. Wish you would take a look at mine and tell me what to do."

"I guess, Doctor, I will have to introduce you to Formamint. Here's a real good throat antiseptic with which you will keep the soft tissues in an almost constant antiseptic bath, because you will find Formamint pleasant and convenient enough to use frequently. I find that the average patient will readily dissolve a Formamint tablet in his mouth every hour or so, and you know how hard it is to get them to use gargles or sprays consistently, even two or three times a day, especially children.

"Formamint tablets certainly relieve sore throats and are heading off a lot of tonsillitis for me, but I am even more interested in their prophylactic power, and so I am advising my patients to use them freely during the throat and influenza season to prevent infection."

Formamint is sold by all druggists. Any druggist will tell you how widely Formamint is recommended by throat specialists, physicians and dentists.

Formamint

GERM-FIGHTING THROAT TABLETS

Formamint is our trade mark. It identifies our product. Bauer Chem. Co., Inc., N.Y.

ENGLANDER

PRODUCTIONS FOR SLEEP AND REST



The bed always looks neat and trim when equipped with the sanitary

ENGLANDER

WIT-EDGE Bed Spring

The turned up sides holds the mattress in place and shape and prevents slipping or sagging.

ENGLANDER *"Productions for Sleep and Rest"*

Couch Beds	Three Piece Beds	Bedivans
Da Beds	Foldaway Beds	Bed Springs
Double-Da-Beds	Cots and Cribs	Cozy Beds
Wit-Edge Springs	Couch Hammocks	Divans

Sold everywhere by Furniture Dealers and Department Stores. Write for illustrated booklet A.

ENGLANDER SPRING BED CO.

New York Chicago Brooklyn

Look for this trade mark

ENGLANDER

PRODUCTIONS FOR SLEEP AND REST

ONE IN THREE WOMEN VOTE

Analysis of Returns Shows That Five Men to Three Women Went to Ballot Booths in New York State

By WILLIAM L. CHENERY.

THE extent to which women voted in the election of 1920 is only now becoming apparent. It is clear that woman suffrage did not double the vote. In New York State the participation of women seems to have added between 1,000,000 and 1,100,000 voters to the election rolls. In 1910 there were 2,751,521 women over 21 years of age in this State. The percentage of increase in the population so far announced by the Census Bureau would indicate that there are upward of 3,000,000 women of voting age in New York at the present time. It is estimated that only about one in every three of the women eligible to vote actually did so in the Presidential election.

A much larger proportion of men vote. The number varies, naturally, with the interest in the given election. In the Presidential election in 1908 the number rose to nearly five out of every seven of voting age. In 1912, however, only about four out of every seven voted. This year the proportion may be approximately reckoned at seventeen to eighteen out of every thirty, or nearly two out of every three.

These are preliminary estimates. The full official election returns are not completed, but the data already in are sufficient to make the calculations fairly certain.

Complete election returns from upState made public last week by the Secretary of State, coupled with the preliminary figures for New York City, show the following Gubernatorial vote for four candidates, with the Deba vote of the Socialists:

Miller	1,334,540
Smith	260,325
Malone	85,447
Thompson	95,377
Debs	265,000
Total	2,304,689

The Debs vote was probably twice as large as the Socialist Gubernatorial vote. The revised total for the State may, therefore, be estimated at about 2,800,000. In 1916 the total Presidential vote—a man's vote—was 1,706,354. The man's vote probably increased at least 100,000 during the four years between 1916 and 1920. That is about the rate of increase which might be estimated from the general growth in the population of the State. But because of the possibility that no more men voted in 1920 than in 1916, the figures of four years ago may be kept for the measure of the man vote.

It is desirable to discount the male vote in this manner because, in spite of a steadily growing population, the Presidential vote cast in New York has remained stationary by reason of the varying interest in the elections at different times. The vote was slightly larger in 1904 than in 1912, for example, and there was only about 180,000 increase between 1896 and 1912. The male vote for 1916, considering the further fact that interest in a Presidential election has been seldom higher than that shown in the last contest, will accordingly be taken as a conservative measure of the men's vote in November, 1920.

Women thus added, apparently, somewhere between 1,000,000 and 1,100,000 votes to the election in New York State. In Illinois, where the woman vote was separated, the actual number of women voting for Harding and Cox was 736,562. The earlier votes in Illinois showed the proportion lucidly. In the Fall registration of 1916 in Chicago 510,425 men and 306,727 women enrolled. It is plain that women do not yet vote "as early and as often" as do their husbands and brothers and other masculine associates.

The figures at hand confirm the impressions entertained by suffrage leaders. Mrs. Nettie R. Shuler, Corresponding Secretary of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, said the other day that the suffragists estimated that men and women voted in the proportion of five men to three women. Said Mrs. Shuler:

"So far as we can judge, Mrs. Catt's estimate of five to three still stands. Our data department has written to secretaries of State and other election officials, but so far no official estimates have been obtained.

"No groups of women I know of refrained from voting. The only groups which seemed uninterested were the women who belong to the bridge-playing classes—the parasitic women who do nothing except amuse themselves. I do not think that they, as a whole, did not vote. They, however, were not willing to take much trouble. They are not the ultra smart women, nor are they the anti-suffragists. These did vote, and were interested in the election. It was chiefly the light, amusement-seeking type who did not respond.

"In addition to that, tradition and habit were the factors which made fewer women than men participate. Before the election, leaders of every class urged their followers to come out. I said that the bridge-playing woman was, on the whole, least concerned about the vote. That is true, and yet in fairness to her it should be said that her type in many places is exhibiting the keenest interest in the citizenship schools which the suffrage association is establishing. Four hundred such schools have been conducted in Mussouri. In Michigan there are more than two hundred. In Missouri a normal school for teachers of citizenship has been held. The League of Woman Voters has branches in forty-six out of forty-eight States, and citizenship courses have been given in forty-two States."

Mrs. Catt's own interpretation was prepared before she sailed for Europe. In part she said:

"The Presidential election was the first test of universal suffrage in the United States. It will be a long time before all returns are in and before the States will be able to report fully concerning women's part in the great contest. It is estimated that between 28,000,000 and 30,000,000 of votes were cast, as compared with 18,000,000 in 1916. This is the largest vote ever cast in any country.

"It is estimated that the proportional numbers of men and women in the vast electorate when the entire country is averaged will be about three women to five men; in other words, more men than women, while 59-50 was the estimate which many election districts reported. Women voted in all the States except Georgia and Mississippi. There the law requiring registration of all voters four months prior to the election barred out women enfranchised by the Federal amendment.

"In most if not all States women worked with the party organizations effectively and in large numbers. In those States where suffrage associations have been alert and far visioned enough to hold non-partisan schools for citizenship, women were trained for intelligent duty as election officials, and many thousands of them did serve with distinction.

"The vote came to women in many States too late for the best preparatory work to be done. Political parties worked to get their own women to register and vote the straight ticket; the League of Women Voters worked to get all women to register, regardless of political faith, and urgen them to choose their own party affiliations with the aid of reason. Had the vote come earlier, more women would have voted and more women would have been trained for election work.

"On the whole women liked the vote and men liked to have them vote. The timid who ventured into politics with many reservations found the casting of a vote easier and more interesting than they had supposed. The best informed found valuable contributions to the study of mass movement in the psychology of the campaign—the partisans enjoyed the popularity of swimming with the current and suffragists retaining an impersonal point of view learned many a lesson not taught in party textbooks. Women have good and sufficient reason to be fairly well satisfied with this, their first participation in a great national contest."

In the primary matter of actual participation in elections, the record of male voting is significant. During the earlier years of the Republic, between 1790 and 1790, it has been estimated, about 16 or 17 per cent. of the male inhabitants had the right to vote. But out of this relatively small minority only about 3 per cent actually did vote. Government was in the hands of a precious few when the foundations of the Republic were being laid. The right to participate in elections and the habit of participation, once the right was obtained, have both moved somewhat slowly. Yet it is impossible to deny that both the enlargement of the male electorate and the extension of suffrage to women have tended to change the issues and the emphasis on issues in American political campaigns. In Illinois, where the separation of the ballots made possible an actual study of the votes cast by the sexes, it has been plain that while women achieved nothing revolutionary their strength in a slightly greater degree than that of men was thrown to the support of "reform" candidates, so-called.

CRIME AND THE NEWSPAPERS

By DR. PAUL BARTHOLOW.

THE opinion advanced in the annual report of the Police Commissioner that scare headlines attract criminals raises a question that has been the subject of many scientific inquiries in which the problem is regarded from various standpoints, medical, psychological and social. Before the war, which put most theories into the shade, it was a favorite doctrine of professors of criminology that the publication of crime fostered the evil-doer's impulse to play a part in similar dramas; for, it is obvious that crime, however common, is so far out of the beaten track of the ordinary citizen's life, that its incidents have all the charms of a story and furnish a plot which is perennially interesting.

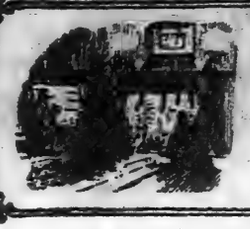
This tendency of crime to spread by its own momentum or repercussion is too well established to be disputed, but the precise cause of the phenomenon have been differently explained by criminologists, according to their own predilections for some particular branch of science. Some years ago in Paris there appeared a book, which has gained great authority, on "La Contagion du Meurtre" by Dr. Paul Aubry. It took for its basis the incidence of "crime waves," or "epidemics of crime," particularly homicide. These waves have been observed in all countries, at different periods of history, and certainly before the scare head had been thought of, and, like epidemics of disease, they have been traced to the influence of four factors: suggestion, imitation, heredity, and, lastly, contagion. It is worth while, therefore, to revert to this bygone doctrine, and observe the curious paradoxes to which it led.

According to this theory the criminal is made by his surroundings, by what he reads directly, or sees, either in the mind's eye or in reality. When he reads a headline in his paper his imagination is said to be violently arrested; actually he is a fascinated and powerless victim of the picture, and he next becomes the irresponsible protagonist in a new drama based on the outlines of the one he has fancied.

Pursuing this theory further, some noted specialists in criminology deduced the corollary that the publication of crime on the stage carried its morbid suggestion and aroused the evil spirit of imitation. They brought forward histories or diaries of criminals who had been hypnotized by great works of poetic art, like the Oedipus of Sophocles, or the Macbeth of Shakespeare. Logically, too, novels came under the ban, in particular the sensational stories of Wilkie Collins and other writers, although the criminals of fiction bear only a faint resemblance to those of real life. For example, it is not easy to see how Wilkie Collins's villain, Count Fosco, could be imitated.

This theory, which connects literature with crime, certainly presents difficulties, for it implies that crimes are essentially motiveless, which is rarely true, even of insane criminals. The exponents of the doctrine accordingly fell back upon the motive of the "thrill." In support of this view they cited Byron's description of his sensations at a triple execution in Italy. His first horror passed and he found that his sensibilities soon became blunted. If this be the effect of such spectacles, it was argued, capital punishments are wrong and ought to be abolished.

Criminologists stand on firmer ground when they assert that the devastating effect of crime spreads like war, or epidemics, or other unnatural states of society. But the difficulty remains of finding the medium or carrier of the contagion. There are those who would curtail the press reports of crime; there are others who believe that the publication of its ugliness and terror is the best corrective. Of late the opinion has become more common that the exposure in the press is one of the severest punishments, and, therefore, one of the most effectual deterrents.



ABRAHAM AND STRAUS INC

The Christmas Store Accommodating



WOMEN'S FRENCH KID GLOVES

Especially excellent offerings In the great Glove Sale

Beautiful gloves, of lovely soft French kid, both long and short lengths—what could be better at the most amazingly low prices; what could be more ideal for Christmas buying?

16-Button White French Kid, $4.98 Pair
Reduced from $6.98 Pair

2-Clasp French Kid—in Seasonable Shades, $3.50 Pair

2-Clasp French Kid—in Seasonable Shades, $3.98 Pair
Formerly $4.98 and $5.50

2-Clasp Imported Glace, $2.48 Pair
White, brown, mode and tan.

Men's Capeskin Gloves, $3.50 Pair

Children's Fabric Gloves, 59c. Pair from $1.10
Silk lined.

A. & S.—Street floor, Central.

EVERY KIND OF SLIPPERS

At lowest possible prices

"I never thought of that," said a young girl the other day, as her mother suggested "Slippers" as a gift for her "dearest friend"—and then she bought Slippers for the whole family—a nice way to solve the Christmas list.

Men's Bath Slippers	$1.49 to $4.50 pair
Men's Leather Slippers	$3.95 to $5.65 pair
Men's Felt Slippers	$1.69 to $2.98 pair
Women's Felt Slippers	$1.69 to $2.60 pair
Women's Quilted Satin Slippers	$3.50 to $5.95 pair
Women's Evening Slippers	$6.35 to $18.80 pair
Children's Slippers	$1.29 to $2.45 pair

A. & S.—Second floor, West.

Holiday Reductions of 25% to 50% on

FRAMED PICTURES OF MERIT

All kinds of attractive Pictures from our carefully chosen stocks are included, at these important reductions, which in some cases are even greater than 50 per cent. Among them are

Color Prints *Mezzotints*
Sepia Prints *Etchings*

covering a wide range of subjects. Also

Oil Paintings

By recognized American and European artists. All are in appropriate gold frames.

Artist and Subject	Formerly	Now
E. ZAMPIGHI—Figures	$675.00	$337.50
d'ENTRAYGUES—Figures	267.00	133.50
MORON—Landscape with Figure	325.00	162.50
A. ZOCCHI—Figures	285.00	142.50
G. MAGNI—Figures	185.00	92.50
ROBERT HAMILTON—Landscape	150.00	75.00
E. COYNE DALY—Landscape	135.00	85.95
A. MOZI—Figures	186.50	124.00

These are but a few among a large selection—all grouped in the Picture Salons, Fifth Floor, Central.

ALSO—

The Christmas Sale of Framed Mirrors, 25 to 50% Less

WATCHES REDUCED

The perfect gift for both men and women

A beautiful watch is a gift that is limitless in value!

These are some of our very highest grade watches, taken right out of stock and radically reduced for gift buying:

Women's Wrist Watches, $38.50 to $85.00
Formerly $61.00 to $114.00

Of 14 and 18K gold in various shapes on wrist straps, 15 and 16 jewel.

Diamond Mounted Watches, $265.00 to $725.00
Formerly $375.00 to $975.00

Exquisite diamond mounted watches for women, in platinum and white gold, wrist and sautoir styles.

Men's Wrist Watches, $68.00 from $95.00
18K gold, with high-grade movements.

Men's Pocket Watches, $48.00 to $145.00
Formerly $65.00 to $1.85.00

Of 14 and 18K gold, thin models, with fine 15 and 16 jewel movements.

A. & S.—Street floor, Central.

Exquisite Blouses from Paris $17.95 to $75.00

Formerly $21.95 to $110.00

Every Imported Blouse of silk fabric in our stocks has been individually reduced for a very special Holiday offering.

It is impossible to describe them—they are as numerous in colors and kinds as the flowers in a garden—but you could not find a more beautiful Gift if you searched the town over.

Georgette Crepe Chiffon Taffeta Satin Tricolette Crepe de Chine Triple Silk Voile

Blouses for the most formal hours that a Blouse ever graces are here, rich in embroideries, beads and real laces. Blouses in the tie-back and over-blouse modes. Blouses of elegant simplicity for Tailleurs. Blouses in an infinite variety of styles.

Colors, too, are numerous and show themselves in shades that are lovelier than words—Apricot, Coral, French blue, Jade, Rose-pink, bisque, white Aztec, Cornflower blue, Navy blue, brown or black. Many of them beaded or embroidered or trimmed in some way with colors of contrasting hues.

A. & S.—Second floor, East.

Our Entire Stock of

Women's Evening Wraps 25% Less Than Former Prices

As a Gift, or for one to purchase for the Holidays' social occasions, one of these Coats is an investment that is most exceptional. Many are copies of Imported Models; there is also a number of Original Models from some of the most famous designers in the world.

Now $36.95 to $370.00

Formerly $47.95 to $495.00

The finest of imported pile fabrics are used in fashioning some of these Wraps; also rich Brocades, wonderful Satins and Chiffon Velvets in wonderful colorings. The majority of the higher-priced Coats are lavishly trimmed with Furs.

In many cases the present prices are decided reductions from the original prices earlier in the season.

A. & S.—Second floor, Central.

Beaded Bags

The gift that combines charm with practicality

$6.30 to $125.75

A graceful, lovely colored beaded bag is a gift that cannot be surpassed.

And all of our Bags are that—graceful and lovely colored—models from the most skilled French and American manufacturers, all hand made, beautifully fitted and finished.

The recent price has brought down the prices most opportunely low for gift buying, and there are some special offerings that are unusually reasonable.

Imported Drawstring Models, $47.10

All hand made, of the tiniest beads, in charming designs, some with steel background, others jet, blue, grey, henna, etc.

At $9.04 to $22.90
A splendid assortment of drawstring and frame models. Lovely colors.

At $6.30 to $14.48
Imported crochet bags, combined with steel beads or floral patterns; drawstring models.

A. & S.—Street floor, Central.

Diamond and Platinum Jewelry Reduced 20% and 25%

A Christmas Offering Supreme

Our diamond jewelry is exquisite, every piece set with diamonds we have imported—pure, dazzling, beautiful stones—and over 100 of our finest pieces have been reduced for Christmas buying! Think what that will mean as a saving, when you buy your gift of diamonds! The mountings for these are beautifully hand-wrought, of all-platinum or platinum and gold, and the selection includes

	Now	Formerly
La Vallieres	$195.00 to $575.00	$248.00 to $735.00
Solitaire Earrings	90.00 to 850.00	110.00 to 1075.00
Solitaire Rings	95.00 to 1400.00	116.00 to 1875.00
Flexible Bracelets	825.00 to 1275.00	1085.00 to 1675.00
Wedding Rings	85.00 to 275.00	116.00 to 365.00
Fancy Platinum Rings	85.00 to 1050.00	112.00 to 1400.00
Twin and Three-Stone Rings	110.00 to 500.00	138.00 to 625.00
Solitaire Cluster Rings	110.00 to 325.00	145.00 to 415.00
Bar Pins and Brooches	165.00 to 595.00	215.00 to 790.00

A. & S.—Street floor, Central.

Electrical Gifts for the Home

Some of the Modern Housekeeping Helps at Reduced Prices

Things that are equally appreciated in country home or city apartment—save labor, and are delightfully clean, efficient and safe:

Electric Grills, $11.48 from $15



You can broil, fry or bake with this grill by just turning the switch. Regulated for low, medium or high heat. Nicely nickel plated.

"Martha Washington" Electric Irons, $4.35 from $5.48



Most efficient; saving labor and steps. Fully nickel plated; ebonized wood handle; household size, 6 lbs.; with stand.

"Reedy" Electric Toasters, $2.98 from $4.48

To make your breakfast toast at the table, crisp and hot, just as you need it. Invaluable for the kitchenette.

A. & S.—Subway floor, East.

HAVE YOU CHOSEN THE CHRISTMAS TOY?

A. & S. Toyland has toys galore for you to choose from. Toys may go, but others will come and the great supply goes on forever!

If you know what you want to give, come in and you will find it in the realm of Toyland; if you don't, come in and all the toy wonders will give you hundreds of suggestions.

DOLLS	29c. to $32.25
GAMES	29c. to $20.00
RAILROAD TRAINS	$2.00 to $20.00
AUTOMOBILES	$8.96 to $35.00

A. & S.—Fourth floor, West and Central.

FITTED BAGS

For Overnight and Week-Ends

Can you think of any woman who wouldn't adore having one of these Bags as a gift? The convenient size, the attractive style, the good-looking fittings—everything to make them desirable. Of genuine cowhide leather, and most moderately priced.

Overnight Cases, $29.12

Of black grained cowhide, with moire lining and 10 white celluloid fittings. 16 in.

Bags, $47.62
Of genuine cowhide leather, moire lined, fitted with 10 white celluloid toilet fittings. 16 in.

Suit Cases, $45.62
Of genuine cowhide leather, moire lined, 19 celluloid fittings in cover. 20 in.

A. & S.—Street floor, Central.

HOLIDAY SILKS

At very low prices

What is the holiday season without the frocks and blouses of silks and satins? Here are lovely fabrics, at extremely low prices.

Crepe de Chine, $1.19 Yard
All-silk, in wide range of colors. 39 in. wide.

Messaline Satin, $1.49 Yard
All-silk, desirable colors. 35 in. wide.

Imported Shantung, 98c. Yard
All-silk, natural color. 32 in. wide.

Washable Satin, $2.78 Yard
35 in. heavy quality; all-silk; was formerly $3.79 yard.

A. & S.—Street floor, West.

BOYS' BLANKET ROBES

At reduced prices

In time for Christmas and something that son will appreciate. Handsome robes, soft and warm, in richly toned plaids and figured designs. New box-pleated models in a full range of sizes. 6 to 18 years.

$4.95 to $8.95. Were $6.95 to $12.75.

A. & S.—Second floor, West.

CHRISTMAS CANDY

For Sunday Schools and Institutions

Pure, delicious candies, made in our own sanitary factories, in big boxes specially prepared and very specially priced for Christmas time in the Sunday Schools and Institutions.

(Folding half pound boxes furnished with every order of 25 lbs. or more.)

ASSORTED CHOCOLATES (5 lbs.)	$1.95, $3.45, $3.95, $4.95 and $6.20
BABYLAND MIXTURE (5 lbs. hard candy)	$1.95 and $2.95
MOLASSES FANCIES (5 lbs.), wintergreen, peppermint and plain molasses,	$2.
BRILLIANTS (5 lbs.), small stick candy,	$1.95
AMERICAN MIXED (5 lbs.), old-fashioned hard candy	$1.25

And some delicious confections that will help make Christmas Day the best in the year—

Chocolate-covered Glace Fruits, lb	$1.50
Glace Fruits, assorted, lb	$1.24
Glace Fruits, assorted Hard Candies and Chocolates *(Packed in a 2-lb. Holly Box)*	98c
Chocolate Marquisettes, lb	$1.24
Perfection Chocolates, lb	99c
Assorted Milk Chocolates, lb	79c
Milk Chocolate Cherries, lb	84c
Priscilla Chocolates, lb	69c

A. & S.—Street floor, Central.

The New York Times.

100 NEEDIEST CASES AUTOMOBILES STEAMSHIPS AND TOURS | Section 7

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1920.

CRYING MISERY OF THE HUNDRED NEEDIEST CASES

An Appeal for Decent Living Conditions Among Starving Children and Frail Mothers at Our Very Doors—They Are All Worthy of Help, Without Which They Face Ruin

Cases Selected for THE NEW YORK TIMES by Four of the City's Leading Charity Organizations

UNLESS the public comes generally to the rescue in the few days between now and Christmas the contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases this year will reach a disappointingly small total.

The future of hundreds of children and their mothers depends on the contributions of the next few days. Each contribution, even the smallest, will help some child to grow up knowing what it is to have the care and love of a mother day by day and to have the companionship and sympathy of sisters and brothers. The number of families saved from [illegible] separation will be determined by the total amount of the contributions.

Last year the gifts ran up to $106,967.14, [illegible] for the Hundred Neediest [illegible] and aiding many others. At [illegible] it would appear that the [illegible] not be more than half of last [illegible] something for the public [illegible] It remains to be seen, [illegible] whether any such harsh curtailment as practiced toward New York's poorest and afflicted families [illegible]

[illegible] hundred per cent. of each contribution buys food, shelter, medicine, [illegible] and other necessaries of life for [illegible] and are in the direst need. The [illegible], which were presented last Sunday, and some of which are repeated this week, were considered to be typical, selected from thousands of other sad ones, among New York's population of nearly 6,000,000.

Every one of the condensed tragedies in the Hundred Neediest Cases can decide for himself just where his contribution will produce the maximum of relief and happiness. Each contribution, small or great, will play its part in relieving hunger, in fighting disease, in keeping mothers with their children, in keeping children with their mothers, in equipping children to start the battle of life with at least an even chance, in supporting sick fathers and mothers till they can provide for their families. For each contribution withheld, a given amount of preventable pain, heartache and misery goes unchecked.

The reader who decides to make a contribution and then thinks better of it, or forgets about it, leaves things as they were. Action on his impulse might have produced untold happiness, saving a mother for her little ones, sparing the little ones the sorrow of becoming strangers to their own living kin, or in some other way making a gorgeous Christmas for a black one. Failure to act may mean that the mother, insufficiently aided, breaks down under her burden and becomes a physical wreck or even dies, while her children, for their own sake, must be taken away from each other, to be cared for in the places best suited for them.

If the reader lived in a small town and had a family on his own block in sight there would be little danger of inaction on his part. But in a city where hundreds of people are housed behind the brick walls of a single block, where so many languages are spoken, where so many barriers exist against neighborly interest and sympathy, the poor know little of the poorer tenants below and above them, and the well-to-do and rich have no contact at all with them. In a small place any family with misfortunes resembling those of the Hundred Neediest Cases would be helped from twenty pantries. The household stocks of the locality would be ransacked for them, and all the neighbors would be busy with plans for the future aid. The neighborhood spirit is something that needs air and elbow-room and has little natural growth in an overcrowded city.

When the breakup of a family occurs, in default of contributions to preserve it, the outcome is not only heart-breaking to the mothers and children, but is wasteful, because it is much cheaper for the community to help the family maintain itself.

Contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases grew steadily through the war, through the period of the great drives for money. The more purses were emptied the more there seemed to be in them. The loss of relatives and dear ones in the war created a tide of human sympathy and resulted in hundreds of gifts to the Neediest Cases by way of memorials to those who had given their lives for their country. The scourge of influenza, causing so many deaths, was also followed by a great human awakening. The multitude of other calls for help during that period did not lessen the response to the Hundred Cases. The competition of so many stirring appeals seemed to be of mutual benefit.

This year the financial situation is probably the one obstacle in the way of relief on a greater scale than ever. But there is no maxim which requires retrenchment to begin with charity. The sufferings of families suddenly wrecked by the loss of the bread-winner go on in lean years as well as in fat years. It makes no difference whether wages are high or low, employment plentiful or scarce, in families where there is no one to earn anything. In families partly supported by the efforts of a son or daughter, or of the mother, the need, of course, is greater when times are hard.

Many large contributors of past years can spare less this time. But if they refrain from sending anything because their contribution would have to be smaller the total will suffer disastrously.

No one is authorized to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State Pension law.

Contributions are deductible from income-tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessaries, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.



"Mother, why do they always call it *Merry* Christmas?"

Unemployment Increasing.

To the Editor of the New York Times:

Contributions in the first few days of the campaign for the Hundred Neediest Cases indicate that the response by the public this year is not as prompt as has been the case in the past. The experience is similar to that of most organizations conducting drives for big funds, practically every one of which during the last year has faced initial discouragements. We have every confidence, however, that this holding back is only temporary, and that when the curtain finally is rung on the year's appeal the total amount realized will be as great as, if not greater than, last year's remarkable total of $106,967.14.

It is a regrettable coincidence that just at this time, when the needs of the poor threaten to become more pressing than has been the case for years, the people who must be depended upon to help them should appear a trifle wearied of contributing. We speak advisedly when we say that poverty problems are likely to become worse in the near future. Already, the papers say, hundreds of thousands of men are out of work, and many others are accepting voluntary wage reduction.

We have been informed that there are about 50,000 persons employed in the metal trades of Brooklyn. In these trades all overtime work, which was considerable during the war, has been stopped. A few concerns are operating normally, but most of them have decreased their production either by part-time work or by reduced forces.

That unemployment will increase and the burden grow during the Winter there can be little doubt. How serious it may become, or how long it will last, we cannot foresee. The bureau already is experiencing increased demands for help because of unemployment. In the last two weeks forty-seven new families have come to us for assistance for this reason. Twenty-seven families formerly under our care, but self-supporting in the meantime, likewise have been compelled to ask again for help on account of lack of work. One or more members in nineteen families already under our care have been thrown out of employment. These ninety-three families represent forty-two men, thirty-three women and fourteen boys who have lost their jobs during the last two weeks.

When the last great period of unemployment faced us in 1914 we were obliged to care during that year for 8,480 families, as compared with a normal average of 4,400, and were compelled practically to double our expenditure for material relief, such as food, clothing, coal and rent. At that time we appealed for emergency assistance and the public contributed generously to help us meet the situation. We have every confidence that the public will be no less willing to give additional financial support this year, if conditions should become worse.

THOMAS J. RILEY,
General Secretary, Brooklyn Bureau of Charities.

They Must Be Helped to Live.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"How much money must a family consisting of a widow and five children have in order to live decently in New York?"

Each day this question arises before the workers of the Charity Organization Society as they come in contact with families deprived of their bread-winner by illness or death. All too often the family has been struggling for months to make scanty savings meet its needs as long as possible, and when the society finds it not only poverty itself but the results of undernourishment, bad air and overcrowding must be combated.

Of the twenty-seven cases under the care of the society published in the appeal for the Hundred Neediest Cases sixteen are those of families in which, owing to the father's illness or death, the burden of support has been thrown on a mother whose hands are already filled with the care of active youngsters. These busy, untrained women, often too frail for heavy work, cannot earn enough to care as they should for their little ones, and so, unless they have the help of a generous public, their only recourse is to deny themselves and the children—doing without adequate clothing to keep off the Winter's cold, eating what costs least, not what is most needed to ward off the ill effects of tenement life. The results show in wan cheeks, listless eyes—children aged beyond their years.

In ten of these twenty-seven cases the burden of support is resting either on a boy or girl too young for such heavy responsibilities, or on a man weakened from long illness. These people have exhausted their own powers and resources; they need help from those about them.

The question of how much these families need in order to live decently is one which involves consideration not only of the fluctuation of prices, but also of the composition, nationality and physical condition of the family. The society's general budget, however, for a mother and five children between 2 and 13 is: Food, $12.50; clothing, $6; rent, $4; fuel and light, $2, and $1.50 for the many incidental expenditures, such as medicine, carfare, church dues, &c., which are a part of every family's budget. Of course these amounts vary with the individual family, yet to maintain decent standards in these days of high prices about $26 a week is needed.

However, a carefully worked out budget is only one item in planning for such families. Health must be watched—tonsils, adenoids and teeth must have careful attention. The children's progress in school must be followed, their aptitudes determined in order that they shall be given the most suitable training and work. Even a child's playtime must be considered. What sort of companions has he, what clubs or classes of the neighboring settlement will satisfy his interest and perhaps develop some special talent?

The mothers, too, represent special problems to be solved. What kind of work are they fitted to do and how much can they be expected to earn in addition to taking care of their children? If the mother's standards are low, she must be helped to higher standards. If she is foreign, she must have the opoprtunity to learn American ways and to speak English in order that her children may not grow away from her.

Not one of these things, however, can be accomplished unless the society's visitor who is working with the family can be assured that the money necessary to feed, clothe and house them properly over a given length of time is forthcoming. Her efforts will be useless if she finds the mother and five children have only two beds, sleep under coats and clothing, and that their breakfast consists of a great deal of coffee with a little milk and rolls—and the financial backing to provide what they need is lacking.

It is worth while helping every one of these unfortunate families. The material is there for the shaping and making of good solid homes and fine American citizens. Every cent given by the family's "invisible friends"—the generous spirited public—is used for their needs.

LAWSON PURDY,
Secretary and General Director Charity Organization Society.

An Appeal to the Public.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The State Charities Aid Association has to date (Thursday) received only one-third of the amount donated by this time last year, or approximately 20 per cent. of the sum necessary to see the twenty-three cases, its share of the One Hundred Neediest, through the year. This is a grave situation. It means, unless aid is quickly forthcoming, that the welfare of many little lives, perhaps life itself, will be sacrifced because of failure to respond to their urgent needs.

We feel that perhaps the stories themselves have failed in some way to get across the appeal their subjects should make, for our faith in the open-handed, great-hearted generosity of a public who really understands the urgency of these situations is unbroken. It is the most difficult thing in the world to pack into a few brief sentences the misery and unhappiness, the want, the terror, the haunting fears and realized suffering that may fill the short span of childhood.

To the person who has never known what destitution may mean, who has never seen the hovels in which it is possible to sustain life, from which some of these children were rescued; who does not know that in a shadow world beside their own there lives a species of human being unprincipled and degraded enough to take cruel advantage of helpless, innocent children—to these readers it is difficult to bring home such brief appeals. We admit their inability to convey a fraction of the whole, yet we beg you to read them again with the realization that what we have told is to be taken as a guide to the imagination rather than as a complete statement of fact.

To readers who look back upon happy, care-free childhoods, whose memories are filled with pleasant vistas, in which Christmas stands out as a joyous, happy event, crowded with shining hours, it must seem strange to have a child of 7, like Peggy in Case 36, ask for a clean bed and milk every morning and—quite as an afterthought—a doll. You who took your three full meals for granted and had to be begged and bribed into eating the things you did not fancy, who never have known what it means not to have a clean bed, can you imagine the background of a child who wishes for these things for Christmas—the time of the year when one's least practical, most visionary desires have the greatest chance for gratification? Yet Peggy asks that Santa bring her milk and a clean bed!

These children, for whom we are asking a chance at what should be their natural birthright, have suffered enough already. They have crowded into their brief years the experiences of many a lifetime and it has sapped the color from their cheeks and the youth from their eyes. They have learned too much of the painful exigencies of life, and are wise beyond their years, for age is a relative thing. Wise guidance and affectionate care and understanding—these are the only influences which can bring them back into the normal wholesome paths of life where little children still play in the sun and regard a bed and three meals as a natural feature of existence—not a gift that only Santa can bring.

It is not a question of additional comforts for these children, or for the young mothers who need assistance in keeping their little families together. It may even be a case of continued existence. These lives are at a crisis. They must be helped. The chance in life which means their development into clean-minded, healthy, intelligent citizens, instead of the miserable, physically unfit, mentally retarded, utterly vicious derelicts they may become, if they survive at all, must be given them. They stand at the crossroads; it is your opportunity to determine their destinations. The knowledge of their situations brings with it responsibility. Their lives are inextricably linked with our own.

We ask those who are happy and prosperous this Christmas to help us bring these forlorn little waifs, so pathetic in their desires, so eager to be like other little children, into the sheltering warmth and love of real homes. Help us to give them the medical care which will save them from life-long dependence and agony. Help us to efface from their minds the haunting, crowding memories of brutalized and disfigured childhoods.

HOMER FOLKS,
Secretary State Charities Aid Association.

Confidence in Public's Generosity.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Of the nearly 6,000 families assisted by the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, the twenty-seven included in the Hundred Neediest are not only the neediest, but also among the worthiest and most hopeful. There are good reasons why each case is recommended.

New Yorkers have long since learned that far better than to have the city's poor crowd into our avenues and with outstretched arms plead for food and warmth and doctor's care is the plan of seeking out the poor and needy, especially those who are among the last to make their poverty and suffering known.

The particular families selected for a place among the Hundred Neediest Cases will have the constant friendship and supervision of its nurses and visitors—in fact, in a very real sense the organization takes the part of the missing or incapacitated father and is interested in all things that concern the welfare of the family where death or sickness have laid hold upon the wage earners.

The Winter is just ahead, with its horror of cold and hunger and sickness for thin-blooded women and children. The mother, with her little children, would awake on Christmas morning with supreme joy—the joy that only mothers and children of the tenements experience—if they had the assurance that at least the immediate future had been robbed of this horror. The budgets planned for the neediest families do not include luxuries. They provide for common food and clothing and such necessities as every family should have; but if some toys are added for the little children at Christmas time, just for once, some "honest to goodness boughten" toys, they will be lifted to the heaven of little children, where there's sunshine and laughter and love and tenderness.

There are still seven out of the twenty-seven families for whom no provision whatever has been made, and only six are fully provided for. We believe, from our past experience, that the needs of these and other needy families will be met—real needs of this kind are not placed before New York without their being met.

BAILEY B. BURRITT,
General Director Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

APPEALING CASES AMONG NEW YORK'S ONE HUNDRED NEEDIEST

THE following are typical cases from among the Hundred Neediest Cases printed last Sunday:

CASE 93.

Gertrude's Ambition Deadened.

It was planned to let Gertrude be a school teacher. The death of her father, however, put an end to any such dreams. Gertrude is 14, the oldest of three girls. She has finished the eighth grade in the elementary school. A two-year course at a secondary school will fit her to be the breadwinner for her mother and two sisters. Mrs. S. makes a little at the sewing she takes home, but it is far from enough to meet their needs. To give this lonely group the chance they need requires supplementing the mother's earnings.

Total amount needed, $840.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4086.)

CASE 50.

Fatherless and Motherless.

Fifteen-year-old Mary Miles is fatherless and motherless. Her voice is pitched low, as if fearful that she is intruding upon a world which proved inhospitable and unkind to her parents. She feels she isn't wanted, which isn't true. This Christmas surely the spirit of giving will insure Mary the home and the shelter she needs.

Total amount needed, $400.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

CASE 92.

Would Starve With Them.

With the knowledge that his wife and the two babies, both under 2, will surely starve while he is gone, Dick cannot be induced to go to a sanitarium, which is the only hope there is for his bad lungs. He would rather stay and die with them, he says. Dick is not past the curing stage. A year's sojourn in the country will put him on his feet. What good is that, he asks, if he will come back to an empty home. The assurance of a fund of $15 a week for a year will save this family from dire suffering or worse.

Total amount needed, $720.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 85.

Mother Deserted Him.

Nobody has ever asked Mat, who is only 6, what he wants for Christmas. Nobody has ever cared. The only kindness he has ever known was that of a foster mother in whose care he was placed after his own mother decided she could get along better without him. His foster mother died, leaving him a lonely, unfriendly little chap, who, all unknowingly, alienated people by repeating the language he had heard in his own mother's home. They say it is frightful. So was the life he had to live. Those things will be wiped out when the chance is given him to live in a clean, wholesome environment.

Total amount needed, $100.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

CASE 77.

A Devoted Stepmother.

Christmas this year will be a very drear day for the four little Stedman children, all under 13, unless the kindly red-cheeked saint bears great gifts for them. They and their devoted stepmother were deserted by their father last year. A new baby was expected; it came, stayed a little while, then left them. They can't understand why their mother says it was better so. They can't understand why she adds, quietly, "If only I were sure they will let me keep you." In a few months she will be able to take her place as breadwinner for this hungry little family.

Total amount needed, $300.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

CASE 44.

Illness Eats Up Savings.

Netjen K. thought she had enough money to keep her until she died when she gave up her small employment office which had been her means of livelihood for twenty-six years. She was 74 then and deserved the long-needed rest. What with continued illness and the increased cost of medicine and care, her meager savings have been swept away. Today this old lady faces the very thing she thought she had escaped.

Total amount needed, $360.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 76.

Needs Big Brother.

Since his father's death, 15-year-old Sid has been big brother and father to his three step brothers and sisters. With his Summer earnings he bought his stepmother a coat for the Winter. If he could but do all that his young mind visions, there would be no more cold and want and suffering for this family. If he can be kept in school two years longer, Sid will be made a good mechanic. He will not hear of it, however, unless, as he puts it, "something mighty strange happens." An interested big brother, as well as a fund to keep this family provided for for a year, are gifts that Sid might consider "mighty strange."

Total amount needed, $786.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 73.

Only a Boy's Earnings.

Jeff, seventeen, is the oldest of this family. Besides him there are four younger children, a mother who has worn herself out taking care of an invalid husband and the invalid himself. For a year, the period of Jeff Sr.'s incapacitation, the family sent no call for help to any agency. But the small savings are now entirely gone and there is nothing but the boy's earnings as a messenger boy that is keeping the wolf from the door. At that, they can always hear his pawing. It may be that the father's paralytic stroke will pass. If so, the family will once more pursue its happy, independent way. Until then Jeff and his mother need a helping hand.

Total amount needed, $500.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

CASE 57.

The Plight of Carmella.

Carmella is small, but Carmella possesses the wiry strength and tenacity of her people. When Tony died Carmella said never a word, but gathering together her three dark-eyed sons, all under 7, she set out looking for a job. What's more, she got it, sons and all. She kept on in this fashion for six months. Then the strain of caring for the children and bending over her work began to tell on her. She fell ill, and was sent away to the country. The children were separated and placed in homes. The assurance that they would be returned hastened her recovery. Carmella has come back from the country. She has found herself a part-time job in a clean factory. The oldest boy is with her, but they will not release the two others until she can prove that she can support them.

Total amount needed, $250.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

CASE 56.

Father Insane, Mother Ill.

When Mr. T. was removed to an insane asylum his wife quietly took her place as breadwinner for the family. Work in the factory, worry over the man who will never come back, and the thought of her four children left at home in the care of the oldest girl soon broke her strength. She can do part time work, which will enable her to be with her children when they are home from school. Her earnings cannot, however, meet the needs of their growing little bodies.

Total amount needed, $732.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 38.

Burden Too Much for Boy.

They called him "Whistling Mack" because he always radiated such good cheer. Good reason he had to do so, with his fine wife and four sturdy children. One day Whistling Mack had disappeared. Three months later his body was found in the waters of the river where he worked. In all probability he fell in while at work on the barge. This fact could not be proved, and the company that employed him cast off the responsibility for his death. Sixteen-year-old John accepted the burden of support for the family. What he made was hardly sufficient, so his mother took work home, at which the children helped her when they came from school. Today the eyesight of Whistling Mack's wife is almost gone; the children are wan and undernourished and John is breaking his heart over the fact that he cannot earn enough.

Total amount needed, $720.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4086.)

CASE 29.

Work Brings on Tuberculosis.

Anton L. was a teacher in his native land before he came to this country with his wife fourteen years ago. Two children were born to them, and the new home seemed indeed a land of promise. They had reckoned, however, without the scourge of death. Anton was taken. Mrs. L., finely strung and delicate, took up the burden of support of her son and daughter. For several years none knew how heavy it was for her. Finally the cough that she tried to hide became unmistakable, and she was taken away to a tuberculosis sanitarium. She has come back now as nearly cured as she ever will be, and has taken up the duties of a janitress. Her thirteen-year-old daughter and ten-year-old son do everything to make it easier for her. The older child, who is unusually mentally alert, will graduate from school in a short time.

Total amount needed, $500.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 45.

Penniless Home; Four Children.

Eleven-year-old Mazie does the family wash when she comes home from school. There isn't much, for the reason that little was left when Mr. B. died last March, leaving a penniless home and four children in the care of a sick wife. Mazie is the oldest and is holding her end up beautifully. The 9-year-old boy worked in the summertime, but he can't now for two good reasons. First of all he is only a mite, and, second, he hasn't any warm clothes. Mrs. B. has been slow in recovering from the shock of her husband's death. Not the least cause of her lack of progress is the fear with which she always lives that her children will be taken from her.

Total amount needed, $832.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

CASE 36.

Peg-Leg Pete.

Peter, long a cripple, now has an artificial leg, and is learning a trade where his misfortune is not a handicap. But he is not earning enough as yet for his six children, all under 14 years. His wife is showing the effects of her heavy and long-continued strain. Help is needed for a year before this family is self-supporting.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4086.)

CASE 40.

Tips Will Buy Shoes.

"Tips today are going for shoes for the kid." That is the mental calculation through which Morris M. goes almost continually in trying to make ends meet for his family. He is a sixteen-year-old messenger boy and the sole support of his sick mother and his seven-year-old sister—"the kid." Being a messenger boy doesn't pay for the things they need. Tips help a little, but you can't count on them to pay for the milk his mother needs nor the clothes they need to keep them warm. "Cheer up," says Morris to himself. "The first hundred years are the hardest." Next year will be particularly hard unless a steady "tip" of $25 a month is assured this boy.

Total amount needed, $360.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 81.

Tired of Moving.

"Ain't I ever gonna have a real home, with a Christmas tree and a sled and skates and candy and everything?" It's hard to answer little Owen's question. He is only 5 but he has moved so many times he can't count them. Moving to Owen means more than moving to the ordinary child. It means changing the people he lives with. Owen was taken away from his parents when he was a baby because they didn't want him and didn't want each other. Ever since he has been traveling. Some day a real home will be opened to him. Then, maybe, he will have his wish granted. Just now he needs warm Winter clothing, a pair of shoes, new ones, he hopes, and extra milk to bring back the color to his cheeks which enforced traveling has removed.

Total amount needed, $350.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

UNCLE SAM'S POCKETBOOK

Analysis of Secretary of Treasury's Report Showing Just How Our National Finances Stand

NOW comes David F. Houston, Secretary of the United States Treasury, with the biggest current family budget in the world. For details, see his annual report, issued ten days ago.

Truly the American Government, with its brood of war baby bureaus and its old established but none the less expensive institutions, with its twenty-four billions of debts, and its newly assumed débutante relations in the world society, is no mean family, especially as viewed from beneath the harried brows of the father fiscal provider. But with Christmas bills beginning their annual deluge upon every family in the land, and the new year dawning, this is the open season for financial reckonings. So forth steps the Secretary of the Treasury, with his annual report dealing with the nation's money matters, and in essence this is what he says:

We, our Government, are in debt $24,175,000,000.

We paid out $6,694,000,000 for Government expense during the last fiscal year, ending June 30, 1920.

We will spend nearly $6,000,000,000 this year, and nearly $5,000,000,000 in the next fiscal year, ending in the middle of 1922.

Internal revenue taxes must be kept up to at least $4,000,000,000 annually for the next two years, so that the Government can pay its bills. (This fiscal year we pay about $4,700,000,000, or possibly less.)

But—here is the important fact—in spite of the persistently big cost of running the Government with its war hangovers, our current income is greater than our ordinary expenses, and the difference is being applied to reduce our debts.

Finally (this is the sermon in the budget) Congress at the session just opening must scan closely all appropriations for the fiscal year 1922, which opens next July 1, and the Government must economize strictly, so that we can get ready to pay the big debts falling due in 1923. These are mainly Victory-Liberty notes and war savings certificates. "The war debt should be paid, not perpetuated," says Secretary Houston, "and the time to pay it is as soon as possible after the end of the war."

"Inevitable Conclusions."

The Secretary of the Treasury really only adds up the figures and the results speak for themselves. If people could read with understanding long pages of statistics on receipts and expenditures and enjoyed doing it, the Secretary might well limit his annual report on the Government's financial position to these tables, which, as matters stand, are quite terrifying to the ordinary member of the nation's family. But the Secretary does not stop at statistics. He draws conclusions which he believes are fully as inevitable as chemical reactions under certain conditions. Chief among these conclusions are that taxes must be kept up to at least four billions and that expenses in 1922 must be cut down below the estimates, which are made up by the Treasury on the basis of reports of various bureau and department heads without paring or pruning by the Treasury. Regarding the first of these conclusions, it should be noted that if Congress revises the tax laws so that they will yield four billions or more in the fiscal year beginning next July 1, the chances are that the final effect will be to reduce the tax load to some extent. For in the current fiscal year it is estimated that we will pay in internal revenue taxes, most of which come from income and excess profits levies, about $4,700,000,000. Failing business profits may reduce this sum, however.

As far as the Government debt is concerned, the outstanding facts are these: We had about $2,500,000,000 of Treasury certificates of indebtedness outstanding at the beginning of the current fiscal year (last July 1), and even by next July 1 this probably will not be much under $2,000,000,000, although the Treasury hopes to make it $1,500,000,000. This is "floating debt," distinguished from "funded debt," as represented by Liberty bonds. It has been juggled from month to month and met largely by issuance of new certificates. Paul is paid by borrowings from Peter. The loans are for short terms, less than a year. The aggregate quantities of these outstanding certificates is being reduced gradually, but they still constitute debt which must be reckoned with. The Treasury hopes to pay most of these by the end of the fiscal year 1922, but says great economy is necessary if this is to be done. Actual figures available, do not show how it will be possible.

Loans Falling Due.

Debt fact No. 2 is that on Jan. 1, 1923, there falls due about $800,000,000 of war savings securities, and that a few months later, May 23, 1923, the Victory Liberty Loan matures. The Victory Loan represented about $4,250,000,000, but a part of that amount will be paid in advance through sinking fund purchases and redemptions. Considering war savings securities, the Victory Loan and certificates of indebtedness, debts of about $7,500,000,000, fall due within the next two and a half years ending with May, 1923.

Debt fact No. 3—this is a cheerful entry—is that we have paid off more than $2,000,000,000 of Government debts in the last year and two months, largely through the purchase of Liberty bonds on the open market and secondly by reducing the amounts of Treasury certificates outstanding.

Then there are the debts due the American Government by the Allies. These amount to $9,580,000,000, and will be increased only slightly by a few small payments yet to be made. The Treasury is not counting definitely on repayment of much of this within the next two and a half years, and any returns will be used to buy up Liberty bonds and retire them. Interest is not now being paid by the Allies, but negotiations are being conducted for resumption.

So this, in brief, is the way the nation's finances line up. The story is told in figures by the accompanying tables on this page. But neither the preceding summary nor the tables tell the whole story. The full recital is as long as an old-fashioned novel, and only parts of it are quoted in this article.

Marked Improvement.

The Secretary reviews the situation in the following:

"The nation's finances in particular have shown marked improvement. The total ordinary receipts of $6,694,565,388.88 for the fiscal year 1920, on the basis of the daily Treasury statements, exceeded those for 1919 by $1,542,308,252.45, while the total net ordinary expenditures decreased from $18,514,879,955.03 to $6,403,343,841.21.

"The gross public debt, which reached its highest point on Aug. 31, 1919, amounting to $26,596,701,648.01, had dropped on Oct. 31, 1920, to $24,062,509,672.96, on the basis of daily Treasury statements. Of very particular significance is the marked disappearance from member banks of Government war securities held by them and the reduction of their loans on such paper. On May 2, 1919, holdings by 771 member banks in selected cities of Government war securities and loans on such paper, exclusive of rediscounts, aggregated $4,083,193,000, while on Oct. 29, 1920, those of 823 member banks in the same cities stood at only $1,750,638,000. On May 2, 1919, the bills held by Federal Reserve Banks secured by Government war obligations amounted to $1,788,068,000 and all other bills to $373,999,000, while on Oct. 29, 1920, the former had been reduced to $1,203,905,000 and the latter had increased to $1,895,767,000. This fortunate result was brought about in part by the reduction of the public debt, especially of the floating debt, but more particularly by the distribution of the securities among permanent investors.

"The cessation of the Treasury's borrowing, except through short-time certificates of indebtedness, was also a matter of consequence to the people of the country as a whole as well as to the holders of Liberty bonds and Victory notes, and has had an important bearing on the matter of effective credit control. The year has been characterized by the progressive relative withdrawal of the Treasury from the domestic credit market and from a position of dominant influence. By the beginning of the Fall this withdrawal had reached the point where the influence of Treasury borrowing was comparatively limited. The future course will necessarily depend upon the extent to which economies are practiced and the amount of the burdens placed upon the Treasury, as well as upon the industrial developments and the maintenance of tax receipts on a sufficiently high level."

Governmental Economy.

Expanding on the necessity for Governmental economy, Secretary Houston says:

"Perhaps the most fundamental fact is that, apart from maturities of the floating debt, the Government of the United States has balanced its budget and that the current operations of the Treasury are now showing a surplus. On the basis of daily Treasury statements, the total ordinary receipts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1920, amounted to $6,694,565,388.88 and current ordinary disbursements amounted to $6,766,444,461.09, leaving a net current deficit (excess of current ordinary disbursements over ordinary receipts) of only $71,879,072.21 for the fiscal year 1920, the first full fiscal year after hostilities ceased. After taking into account the special deposit of the War Finance Corporation, resulting from the redemption of its holdings of United States securities, the net ordinary disbursements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1920, were $6,403,343,841.21, leaving an adjusted surplus (excess of ordinary receipts over net ordinary disbursements) of $291,221,547.67 for the fiscal year. For the first quarter of the current fiscal year, through Sept. 30, 1920, the total ordinary receipts of the Government, on the basis of daily Treasury statements, amounted to $1,540,000,000 as against ordinary disbursements during the same period of $1,251,000,000, resulting in an excess of ordinary receipts over ordinary disbursements of $289,000,000 for the quarter. The remaining three quarters of the fiscal year, when completed, should also show a substantial excess of ordinary receipts over ordinary disbursements, which must be applied to the retirement of the floating debt and the operations of the sinking fund. Without substantial reductions in the estimated expenditures for the fiscal years 1921 and 1922, however, the surplus applicable to the public debt will not be sufficient unless additional revenues from taxation are provided.

Revolving Fund Appropriation.

"An analysis of Government expenditures for the fiscal year 1920, on the basis of daily Treasury statements, develops the striking fact that of the net ordinary disbursements of $6,403,000,000 about 90 per cent. consisted of expenditures under the following main heads:

Purchase of obligations of foreign Governments	$421,000,000
War Department	1,611,000,000
Navy Department	736,000,000
Shipping Board	531,000,000
Federal control of transportation systems and payments to the railroads under the Transportation act, 1920	1,037,000,000
Interest on the public debt	1,020,000,000
Pensions	213,000,000
War-risk insurance	117,000,000
Purchase of Federal farm loan bonds	30,000,000
Total	$5,716,000,000

"Substantially all the expenditures entering into this total, and a large share of the expenditures on various minor accounts, represent burdens directly traceable to the war, to past wars, or to preparedness for future wars. These figures serve to indicate the direction which sincere efforts to reduce the cost of the Government must take."

Imperative Revenue.

Mr. Houston, in asserting that taxes must not be allowed to fall below four billions, explains:

"While it is highly desirable that the tax law should be revised at the earliest possible date, it is imperative, in my opinion, that the revenue from taxation be maintained after this fiscal year on a level of not less than $4,000,000,000 a year, to the end at least of the fiscal year 1923. The internal revenue receipts may not greatly exceed $4,000,000,000 even in the fiscal year 1921, on the basis of existing law.

"Future relations between expenditures and receipts are beset with great uncertainty. The estimates of expenditures for the fiscal years 1921 and 1922 were prepared by the several departments and independent establishments and not by the Treasury, except for the Treasury Department. If rigid economy is practiced and the estimates reduced wherever possible, there is some hope that by the close of the fiscal year 1922 the floating debt may be extinguished, provided, of course, that adequate revenues from taxation are maintained. There is no certain means, however, of predicting the course of business or of incomes and profits, and it is a certainty that tax receipts even under existing law will not keep up to the 1920 level. There are also frequent efforts by extraordinary measures, like the soldiers' bonus, to bring about a radical increase in expenditures. In these circumstances the only question which should be considered is whether a due regard for the protection of the Treasury does not impose upon the Congress a real duty to seek out additional sources of tax revenue for the next two years. The country at times is being encouraged to expect a 'reduction of taxes.' Revision of taxes should be effected. There can and should be a better distribution of the tax burden. Unwise taxes should be eliminated. But any scheme which would after this fiscal year yield for several years to come less than four billions of dollars would be incompatible with safety and sound finance. And the country should face the fact that present taxes even may not in the future be relied upon to yield the needed revenue."

The Secretary opposes the proposed legislation for a cash bonus to soldiers.

For Budget System.

Turning from immediate money matters to methods for perfecting fiscal operations in the future, Secretary Houston deals at length with the desirabilities of a thoroughgoing budget system for the Government. In part his arguments are as follows:

"The creation of a Federal budget system is an urgent necessity. It was needed when the expenditures of the Government were relatively small; now that they are vastly greater, it is imperative. The national finances must be handled on a business basis. They cannot be under the present arrangements. The Secretary of the Treasury is now merely the medium through which estimates of appropriations are transmitted to the Congress. The estimates are not jointly considered by executive agencies. They are made up separately by the several departments. The country does not get a complete view of them. Congress considers them piecemeal and without specific reference to income. It spends much time on details, instead of considering larger matters which really make for effective control of the finances. The system was the subject of criticism and discontent even before the war. It is now condemned in unmeasured terms and there has arisen a popular demand for scientific improvement that would seem to impel action."

Foreign Loans.

Discussion of the details of loans to foreign Governments fills many pages of the Secretary of the Treasury's report. Explaining that up to Nov. 15, 1920, credits of $9,710,000,000 for foreign Governments had been established and $9,580,000,000 had actually been paid out, the report adds:

"No further credits will be extended under existing legislation by the Secretary of the Treasury in favor of any foreign Government, and consequently no further advances will be made to Governments in favor of which there are no existing balances. Present balances are as follows: Czechoslovak Republic, $6,072,884; France, $50,496,977; Greece, $33,236,629; Italy, $34,921,193; Liberia, $4,974,000.

"All balances of credits in excess of the amount necessary to carry out the commitments will be withdrawn in due course.

"For these advances the Treasury holds obligations in the form of certificates of indebtedness to the United States, payable as to principal and interest, without deduction for taxes of the debtor Government, in gold coin of the United States of the present standard of weight and fineness at the Sub-Treasury of the United States in New York or at the Treasury of the United States in Washington. Certain of them, at the option of the holder, are payable in the money of the debtor country; some at a fixed rate and others at the buying rate for cable transfers of the currency of the debtor country in the New York market at noon on the day of demand as determined by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The certificates of indebtedness are signed in the name of the respective debtor Governments by representatives of such Governments designated to the Treasury by the Department of State as being authorized to sign them in the name and on behalf of the respective Governments.

"The earlier certificates were payable at fixed dates of maturity, all of which are now past, so that they are now held as demand obligations. They bore interest at various rates of interest from 3 per cent. per annum upward. Those subsequently taken are payable on demand and bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent. By arrangement with the respective Governments substantially all the obligations have, since May 15, 1918, borne interest at the rate of 5 per cent. The certificates of indebtedness are receivable in payment for bonds of the debtor Government or else are convertible into bonds in conformity with the provisions of the various Liberty Bond acts in effect at the respective dates of the certificates of indebtedness. All the obligations are of the same general character.

Russia Delinquent.

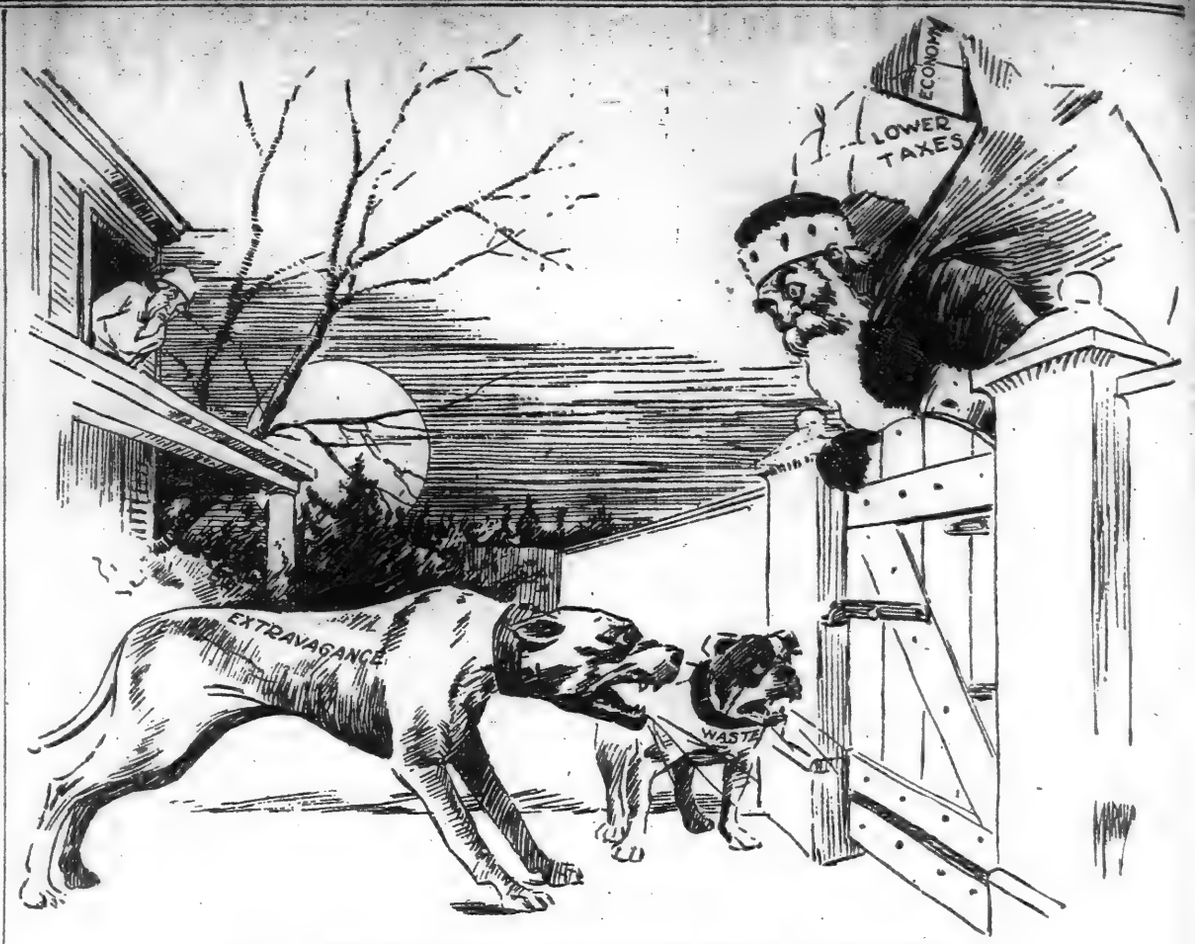
"To and including November, 1918, the dates for the collection of interest from foreign Governments were May 15 and Nov. 15. In the Spring of 1919 the respective Governments were informed that it would be convenient for the Treasury to receive semi-annual payments of interest on April 15 and on Oct. 15 on approximately two-thirds of their respective obligations, and on May 15 and Nov. 15 on the remainder. The full amount of interest due up to April 15, 1919, or May 15, 1919, was, except in the case of Russia, paid in cash on all these loans. To the extent that such interest was not paid from other resources of the foreign Governments concerned, it was paid from the proceeds of loans made by the United States Government. All interest on the debts of Cuba and Greece was paid as it became due.

"The following is an itemized statement showing the amount of interest heretofore paid by each of the foreign Governments on advances made to it by the United States Treasury:

Belgium	$10,907,281.55
Cuba	1,130,865.47
Czechoslovak Republic	304,178.09
France	128,140,816.48
Great Britain	233,357,185.50
Greece	409,153.34
Italy	57,598,852.02
Liberia	161.10
Rumania	263,313.74
Russia	4,595,564.15
Serbia	636,059.14
Total	$437,349,431.13

"The amount paid on Russian obligations represents the interest up to Nov. 15, 1917, in full, together with a partial payment of $1,865,925.06 on account of the interest which became due May 15, 1918, and partial payments of $1,399,877.43 on account of the interest which became due Nov. 15, 1918. That paid by the Governments of Greece and Cuba includes interest paid up to Oct. 15, 1920, and Nov. 15, 1920, respectively. The amount paid by the French Government includes interest amounting to $1,810,441.50 to July 31, 1919, on an obligation dated Jan. 28, 1919, and also interest accrued after April 15, 1919, on $19,302,357.55 principal subsequently repaid by the French Government in connection with the adjustment of accounts. The sum paid by the British Government includes $2,244,778.59 interest accrued after May 15, 1919, on $20,181,641.56, principal subsequently repaid by the British Government in connection with the adjustment of accounts and that paid by Rumania includes a partial payment of $154,409.63 on account of interest accrued to Oct. 15, 1919.

"The Secretary of the Treasury holds a special fund of $1,808,506, which is equal to the unpaid balance of the interest which became due on Russian obligations on May 15, 1918. It is believed that ultimately this can be applied in discharge of this balance. A similar fund of $335,095.07 is held which it is believed will be applicable upon the unpaid balance of the interest which became due Nov. 15, 1918, on the Russian account. The interest accrued and remaining unpaid on Russian obligations, after deducting these special funds, for the half year ended Nov. 15, 1918, is $2,994,025.10, and for the half years ended April 15, 1919, and May 15, 1919, is $4,101,107.50."



U. S.: "I'll have to tie up these dogs before he can come in."

$1,000,000,000 TRADE PLAN

THE Foreign Trade Financing Corporation, which is now being organized by a committee brought together under the auspices of the American Bankers' Association, the United States Chamber of Commerce and the National Foreign Trade Council, marks a financial revolution through which the United States has passed.

Instead of being a debtor nation to the extent of four billions of dollars, as the United States was in 1914, this country has become the greatest creditor country.

At the organizing meeting held in Chicago it was estimated that the total loans of the United States to foreigners, including both Government and private financing, amounted to $15,000,000,000, and "enabled us to pass Great Britain as the leading creditor nation of the world." The world's financial centre of gravity has been shifted to the United States. We are now, as Herbert Hoover said, in the position which Great Britain occupied as far back as 1860. We produce potentially more than we can consume. It is necessary to devise some method of enabling foreigners to buy our commodities if full-time work is to be provided for farmers, laborers or business men. Mr. Hoover said that as Great Britain had formerly so must the United States now be prepared to invest abroad some part of the surplus that we would export.

That is the purpose which the Foreign Trade Financing Corporation is being founded to serve. If it succeeds, again in the words of Mr. Hoover, "the project will be the work of the most momentous economic conference since the armistice." The actual technique through which the projected trading corporation will finance the exportation of American products is not yet worked out. Concerning the general methods to be employed, a member of the organizing committee said day before yesterday:

"The far-reaching conception of a great national corporation for the financing of foreign trade with a capital of $100,000,000 was approved in Chicago on Dec. 10 and 11 by a meeting of 500 bankers, producers and business men from every meeting, representing nearly all of the diverse elements of our commercial structure, approved the plan proposed to it, with a feeling of contributing to a momentous development in our economic history that no one who attended the meeting could doubt, and the committee appointed by it is now at work.

Selling Our Surplus Products.

"The Foreign Trade Financing Corporation—the name tentatively adopted for the projected institution—is planned for the immediate task of enlisting a part of the surplus wealth of the nation in the alleviation of its present foreign trade difficulties. The corporation is planned beyond that, as an organization of great resources, national in its scope and control and capable of pointing the way in our future foreign trade development, as the Federal Reserve system has in domestic trade.

"We face in the United States a great surplus of production above the demands of our domestic market, and an inability to export it. This is due to the fact that our producers cannot sell on a long-term payment basis, and Europe, our principal market, not yet back to full production, and handicapped by adverse exchange, cannot buy on a short-term basis. The plan is to organize the Foreign Trade Financing Corporation with a capital stock of $100,000,000 and an ability under the terms of the law to issue debentures up to $1,000,000,000. The plan is to have the stock offered widely to banks, business and producing interests in every section of the country; the Board of Directors is to be made as representative as possible of all these interests and all the elements in our commercial organization concerned with foreign trade; and the institution is to operate with the prestige of this national representation and interest under the supervision of the Federal Reserve Board, in the interests of no one bank or group of banks, no one producer or group of producers, but for all.

"When the stringency of our present situation is alleviated, we must face another problem. We must enter the vigorous competition in the markets of the world returning with the rehabilitation of Europe, and hold our place against nations of long experience in export trade, equipped with a thoroughly unified organization to handle it. Against the system of a nation such as England in the conduct of its foreign commerce, for example, we must pit our own abilities, if our surplus production is to be taken care of and we are to develop. Where we have been haphazard we must have intelligent and definite plans.

Educating the Public.

"Among the first duties of the new organization would be the inauguration through every channel possible of a campaign of education on the value and responsibilities of foreign trade.

"It would be in an unusual position to do these things. It would have the prestige of great resources and national authorization with which to draw on the most highly trained personnel, and it would have to assist it in educating the friendly attitude of some of the largest and most important business associations in the country.

"It has the friendly attitude of the American Bankers' Association, with its membership of over 22,000 banks. It has the expressed helpful attitude of a number of the State bankers' associations, many of the officers of which have indicated their readiness to help it. It has the sympathetic interest of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, with its constituent membership of 700,000. It has the encouraging attitude of the National Foreign Trade Council, the American Manufacturers' Export Association, the American Exporters and Importers' Association, and it has the almost universal public opinion that we must extend long-time credits to those of other nations who can safely and wisely borrow from us and use the proceeds in purchasing American goods.

"The manner in which this education will serve in the general development of a sound and complete system for the conduct of our foreign trade has already been mentioned. The primary function of the new corporation would be to lay the financing of American foreign trade before the American people; its broadest achievement would be to educate them to the necessity of foreign trade and the means by which it can be successfully pursued.

"The course of our commercial development during the war demands action on the part of every business man and banker on a great and comprehensive scale. To meet the need of the warring countries and of the countries usually supplied by those at war our exports were greatly increased from 1914 to 1918, the excess of exportation over importation was financed by the Government. With the withdrawal of Government support, trade continued through financing by banks and exporters; but these are coming to the end of their ability in this direction, the surplus is backing up in our ports and warehouses, there is retrenchment in production and depression is facing us. Adequate credit facilities alone can stave this off for the present and maintain for us our position in the markets of the world.

"Later on, when the more complete recovery of the European countries makes us feel the full force of their competition, we shall need the consideration of other elements in a comprehensive plan. Our merchant marine, routes of communication, the facilities for underwriting marine insurance, are all essential factors in the organization of a nation for foreign competition.

"We shall need a systematic and unified policy, in the development of which a powerful foreign trade institution capable of leading and crystallizing the business and financial sentiment of the country will be invaluable.

Europe Our Best Customer.

"There are heard objections sometimes to dealing with the people of Europe, as though they, hard hit by a prolonged and costly war, were hopeless derelicts among the nations. Nothing could be more short-sighted. For generations they have been the chief foreign customers of our manufacturers and merchants, and from all present indications they will continue as such for generations to come. They need our goods badly now. In spite of the post-war problems with which they are confronted, there remains in Europe more than sufficient strength to support our financing of exports to its countries."

John McHugh, Chairman of the Organizing Committee, added:

"It is only by facing the situation actively and boldly that we can maintain our position in foreign markets and our prosperity and take the full share that it is ours to take in the responsibilities of the world. The Foreign Trade Financing Corporation is a great cooperative effort of the banks, the business, the producers of the United States in this direction."

Members of the committee are: John McHugh, New York, Chairman; Herbert Hoover, Palo Alto, Cal.; Paul M. Warburg, New York; John S. Drum, San Francisco; J. H. Forgan, Chicago; F. O. Watts, St. Louis, Mo.; Lewis E. Pierson, New York; Charles H. Sabin, New York; Arthur Reynolds, Chicago; John R. Howard, Clemons, Ia.; Thomas E. Wilson, Chicago; Fred I. Kent, New York; J. G. Culbertson, Wichita Falls, Texas; Levi L. Rue, Philadelphia; Philip Stockton, Boston; Oscar Wells, Birmingham, Ala.; Julius H. Barnes, Duluth, Minn.; A. C. Bedford, New York; Herbert Myrick, Springfield, Mass.; Alexander Legge, Chicago; Joseph H. Defrees, Chicago; John S. Lawrence, Boston; E. M. Herr, Pittsburgh; Roy D. Chapin, Detroit; John H. Raskob, Wilmington, Del.; Charles A. Hinsch, Cincinnati; Peter W. Goebel, Kansas City, Kan.; Thomas B. McAdams, Richmond, Va.; John Sherwin, Cleveland, and George Ed Smith, New York.

THIS IS HOW THE GOVERNMENT STANDS

The following tables were compiled from more detailed and elaborate statistics in the annual report just issued by the Secretary of the Treasury. They do not conform in accounting phraseology or classifications of entries with ofifcial Treasury reports, but they show more simply the Government's fiscal position.

THE GOVERNMENT'S DEBT,

June 30, 1920.

Liberty loans, outstanding, 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, Victory	$19,651,201,450
Treasury certificates of indebtedness outstanding	2,768,825,500
War savings certificates outstanding	827,419,021
Miscellaneous pre-war bond issues	883,349,390
Greenbacks not covered by gold reserve, and other debt items, on which interest is not accruing	238,823,048
Total gross debt	$24,297,918,411
By Dec. 1, 1920, the gross debt had been reduced to	24,175,156,244

These gross debt figures are not offset by cash in the Treasury June 30, 1920, $359,947,020, nor by the debts of foreign Governments on account of war loans (as of Nov. 15, 1920), $9,580,823,677.

GOVERNMENT DEBT, PREVIOUS YEARS.

1919 (Aug. 31)	$26,596,701,648
1917	2,712,349,476
1914 (before war)	967,963,310
1899 (Spanish War)	1,046,048,750
1865 (Civil War)	2,381,380,294

SUMMARY OF FISCAL YEAR, 1920,

RECEIPTS.		EXPENDITURES.	
Cash on hand at beginning of year	$1,226,164,935	General Government expenses	$5,862,599,501
Internal revenue	5,809,149,245	Interest on Government debt	1,024,024,440
Customs	323,536,559	Liberty Bonds and War savings certificates bought back	1,423,873,238
Miscellaneous ordinary receipts	931,728,633	Excess of repayments of temporary borrowings on Treasury certificates over receipts from same source	*859,978,490
Deferred Liberty bond receipts	1,106,558,593	Miscellaneous debts paid	23,866,382
Other minor debt receipts	17,261,387	Cash on hand at end of year	359,947,020
Total	$9,054,199,354	Total	$9,054,199,354

*Redemptions of certificates were $15,588,704,458 and receipts from new certificate issues were $14,728,725,968.

RECAPITULATION.

Expenses for upkeep of Government, interest on debt and payment of debt principal	$8,694,252,383
Net receipts, excluding postal receipts, substantially consumed by postal expenditures	7,828,034,418
Excess of expenses over receipts, or approximate amount by which working cash was reduced during the year	$866,217,914

ESTIMATE, FISCAL YEAR, 1921,

(Ended June 30).

Remaining Half of Year Covered by Estimates.

RECEIPTS.		EXPENDITURES.	
Cash on hand at beginning of year	$359,947,020	General Government expenses	$3,876,298,931
Internal revenue	4,700,000,000	Interest on Government debt	975,000,000
Customs	350,000,000	Redemption of war savings securities	150,000,000
Miscellaneous ordinary receipts	689,563,000	Sinking fund for Liberty bonds	253,404,865
War savings securities and few other minor public debt items	69,193,375	Miscellaneous payments on debt	150,488,219
Estimated gross deficit at end of year	2,005,037,119	Treasury certificates falling due	2,509,536,500
		Cash on hand needed at end of year	250,000,000
Total	$8,164,742,515	Total	$8,164,742,515

CONCLUSION.

Obviously, with an estimated deficit of $2,005,037,119, either income must be increased or outgo must be lessened. For this year ordinary receipts cannot be augmented and expenses cannot be cut materially. But the deficit may be made up by issuing approximately $2,000,000,000 additional certificates, so that at the end of the year the floating debt, or outstanding certificates, may be about $2,000,000,000, as compared with $2,500,550,500 at the beginning of the year. These two billions represent the certificates "rolled," or kept floating. Secretary Houston hopes, under certain conditions of economy, this floating debt may be made considerably less than two billions, perhaps a billion and a half, by the end of the year.

ESTIMATE, FISCAL YEAR, 1922,

(Beginning July 1, 1921, Ending June 30, 1922).

RECEIPTS.		EXPENDITURES.	
Cash on hand at beginning of year	$250,000,000	General Government expenses	$2,974,769,227
Internal revenue	4,000,000,000	Interest on Government debt	922,650,000
Customs	350,000,000	Redemption of war savings securities	125,000,000
Miscellaneous ordinary receipts	509,530,000	Sinking fund for Liberty bonds	265,754,865
War savings securities and few other public debt items	60,200,000	Miscellaneous payments on debt	75,100,000
Estimated gross deficit, end of year	1,448,581,211	Treasury certificates falling due	*2,065,037,119
		Cash on hand, needed at end of year	250,000,000
Total	$6,618,311,211	Total	$6,618,311,211

*Assuming deficit in 1921 is met by issuance of new certificates.

CONCLUSION.

Secretary Houston: "It is obvious that the hope * * * of a more favorable outcome on June 30, 1922, can be realized only if the appropriations and expenditures are reduced substantially below the estimates given in the tables."

Unless appropriations, to be made by Congress before June 30, 1921, and consequently expenses for 1922, can be reduced, the deficit of $1,448,581,211 may be met by issuing approximately that amount of Treasury certificates, thus retaining that much floating debt.

ESTIMATE, FISCAL YEAR, 1923,

(Ending June 30, 1923).

Secretary Houston makes no estimates of receipts and expenditures in detail for 1923. Apart from the usual expenses for Government maintenance and operation, however, the following debts must be provided for:

EXPENDITURES.

Treasury certificates falling due	*$1,448,581,211
War savings securities, maturing Jan. 1, 1923, nearly	800,000,000
Victory-Liberty bonds, maturing May 20, 1923, approximately	†3,750,000,000
Total	$5,998,581,211

*Assuming estimated deficit in 1922 actually develops and is met by issuance of new certificates.

†Nearly $4,250,000,000 Victory-Liberty notes were outstanding as of June 30, 1920, but it is planned to buy up about $500,000,000 of these in 1921 and 1922 on the market, from the sinking fund. The Treasury believes it will be possible to reduce the Victory loan further by acceptance of the notes in payment of taxes and by advance redemptions during the fiscal year 1923, so that at maturity it will stand at about $3,000,000,000. A substantial part of this sum probably will be refunded by issuance of new securities at the time the Victory loan falls due.

WAR LOANS AND BALANCES.

Allied debts to United States, down to Nov. 15, as shown in Secretary Houston's report, total $10,816,091,858.18, including interest on loans, $700,494,709.72; surplus war material, $563,032,739.63; relief funds, $84,014,327.92; navy supplies for Poland, $2,266,709.66.

By subtracting the amounts repaid by allied countries, the balances yet due on cash advanced is shown in the following table:

	Cash Advanced.	Repaid.	Balance.
Great Britain	$4,277,000,000.00	$80,181,641.56	$4,196,818,358.44
France	2,287,477,800.00	31,449,357.55	2,256,028,442.45
Italy	1,631,338,986.99	.....	1,631,338,986.99
Belgium	349,214,467.89	10,000.00	349,204,467.89
Russia	187,729,750.00	.....	187,729,750.00
Czechoslovakia	61,256,206.74	.....	61,256,206.74
Serbia	26,780,465.56	605,326.84	26,175,139.22
Rumania	25,000,000.00	1,794,186.48	23,205,813.52
Greece	15,305,868.86	.....	15,305,868.86
Cuba	10,000,000.00	500,000.00	9,500,000.00
Liberia	26,000.00	.....	26,000.00
Total	$8,580,823,677.13	$114,546,503.83	$8,466,283,171.25

WEBSTER ON THE PILGRIMS

His Most Famous Oration Recalled by 300th Anniversary of Landing at Plymouth This Week

[This oration was delivered in the old First Church at Plymouth on the 22d of December, 1820, the 200th anniversary of the settlement. Mr. Webster's biographer, George Ticknor Curtis, says "it can only be necessary to say that this discourse has become classical in our literature, and that it is generally regarded as the cornerstone of Mr. Webster's fame as an orator." The oration occupied one hour and fifty minutes in delivery. It was first published a year later. The published copy containing passages not delivered at Plymouth. John A. Dix, in thanking Mr. Webster for a copy of the discourse, wrote: "This oration will be read 500 years hence with as much rapture as it was heard. It ought to be read at the end of every century, and, indeed, at the end of every year forever and ever." Something [illegible] of the discourse [illegible] presented in the [illegible].]

L[illegible] we behold this [illegible] thankful that we [illegible] bright and [illegible] of the auspicious [illegible] commence the [illegible] of New [illegible] bringing [illegible] union all to[illegible] men; full of [illegible] with bright [illegible] is the [illegible] to the com[illegible] ding of the Pil[illegible]

[illegible] which naturally [illegible] of the history of our [illegible] come hither to cel[illegible] at with which that [illegible] forever honored be [illegible] fathers' refuge; [illegible] the day which saw [illegible] pressed, broken in [illegible] poor in all but [illegible] at last secure from [illegible] ...ry seas, and im[illegible] with the first foot[illegible]

* * *

[illegible] Rock, to record [illegible] our Pilgrim Fath[illegible] their sufferings, [illegible] labors; our ad[illegible]ss; our venera[illegible] our attachment [illegible]vil and religious [illegible] encountered, the [illegible]; the storms of [illegible] of the savages. [illegible]ine, to enjoy and [illegible] would leave here, [illegible] the which are ris[illegible] our places, some [illegible] favored to trans[illegible]nces unimpaired; [illegible] public principles [illegible] in our veneration of [illegible] our devotion to [illegible]ty in our regard [illegible] known [illegible] happiness, w[illegible] may of our ori[illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] with [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

WORST PAST, SAYS BARUCH

(Continued from Page 1.)

must be up to the very limit of her ability to pay.

France and Reparations.

"France, which is more interested in the early settlement of this question than any other nation, is also the stumbling block to its realization. Nevertheless, the attitude of France is not unreasonable. Remember that France, through the agony of four years' defense of civilization, sacrificed 1,350,000 of her sons and endured the sufferings of 1,700,000 of wounded. Her northern provinces were ravaged and their wealth wiped out, terrible gaps were blown in her industrial life, her social life was upset and broken and she was overwhelmed with the enormous debt of defense. Above all things else, France is determined, and, we must all agree, justly so, that she shall not again be put in peril of felonious assault by Germany. She trusts not in Germany and is even dubious about some of her former Allies. The pollu on the Rhine and a demoralized and powerless Germany seem to France, under present conditions, to be the only way out. France must first be guaranteed that Germany shall keep the peace. Then the question will be open to settlement with due regard to economic conditions.

"Although no part of the reparations may be ours, our interest in the sealing of the peace by terminating this open question is profound and vital. Much as other nations will gain, none will gain more than ourselves from taking this step toward peace and ending the present disintegrating uncertainty. The present moving call for help for the poor, starving children of the Central Empires, with which we are all in deepest sympathy, is a case in point. How much better for them and for us it would be if we could assist them by giving their fathers an opportunity to work! Humanitarian considerations as well as enlightened selfishness demand the industrial rehabilitation of the former enemy countries.

"The fixing of the reparation amount would be followed, in my opinion, by a gradual re-establishment of German credit, by an immediate rise in world exchange, by an increase in the purchasing power of all the nations and in a worldwide resumption of commerce. The balance of the German obligation should be put in the form of bonds, the interest on, and gradual amortization of, which Germany could promptly pay, thus establishing their value. The French and other recipients of these bonds could use them as the basis of credit for their much-needed purchases of raw materials and other things in foreign lands. Thus the settlement of the reparation question would favorably affect the whole world through the financial and commercial channels that radiate from the allied nations.

"Now, in closing, let us survey our own internal affairs, which from the standpoint of business are in much the same condition as those of the other great nations. You all know what has taken place recently and how different our present position is from that only a few months ago, and how we have descended rapidly from heights of optimism and courage to depths of pessimism and fear of impending disaster.

"Some of the most incorrigible optimists of last Winter are the most confirmed of pessimists now. Gone are the courage and the confidence they so bravely flaunted then—now that they are needed. It is a curious fact that capital is generally most fearful when prices of commodities and securities are low and safe, and boldest at the heights where there is danger.

"I would not belittle the very real distress of the moment. I have only sympathy for the men of affairs who are struggling so valiantly with the cross-currents and whirlpools of business that the cloudburst of falling prices and curtailed buying has occasioned. Things are bad, but not so bad as our fears are prone to paint them. We are adjusting ourselves to restricted world markets and domestic price alterations. Losses and shrinkages have to some extent been discounted or neutralized already. There may be some more failures and further readjustments, but I see that profound curative though at times convulsive processes are setting in. It will not be a quick cure but it will be sure.

"While automatic processes are working in the direction of economic cure, let us not forget that it is the duty and obligation of the leaders of finance both in bank and Government to ease the painful process of present readjustments in every sound and proper manner. The hardships of deflation are necessarily great, in spite of all that can be done to alleviate them. Our financial leadership has as its greatest obligation at this time the duty of minimizing them, and of preventing unnecessary suffering.

"All of us can accelerate the curative movement by practicing and preaching the doctrine of work and saving, by revising our burdensome and paralyzing war-time taxation—which is no longer necessary—by contenting ourselves with returns more nearly commensurate than recently with the service performed—and that applies equally to capital and labor. We must look for profits from big production, not from limitation of production. We must see to it that the present mass readjustments of prices are carried through to the ultimate consumer.

"Business undertaken now is on a sound deflated instead of on an unsound inflated basis. Merely the return to real values from those born of pessimistic feeling will work a rapid change for the better. The times bristle with opportunities for enterprise, although it is true that the rewards are still subject to heavy taxation. Building has been restricted, commerce throttled, upbuilding of the railroads and the development of mines and other natural resources held back. We have a vast opportunity in making up for the work that has been long felt undone, as well as in the performance of the profitable current tasks that await us. These tremendous works will require labor, capital, brains and materials in ever increasing volume. We have scarcely scratched the resources of our own country as yet and there are limitless fields in foreign lands for our enterprise and our capital. The world is ours in a wealth-making sense.

"Let us look courageously at facts as they are, let us cast off the blindfold of pessimism, let us set our house in order, let us cut the Gordian knot of the German reparations impasse and set the whole world back to work, realize peace in the fullest measure, face the future with American dauntlessness and look with confidence for the certain dawn of a great and enduring industrial renaissance, always bearing in mind the predominating fact that the economic, political, and social elements are so interwoven that one cannot survive without the others."

PARIS ART REVIVAL.

IN art as in industry, France is regaining her old strength, according to the Director of the Luxembourg Museum, M. Leonce Benedite. Seated in the studio of a New York sculptress friend the other day, he told of what he hoped to accomplish by his visit to our shores. Misfortune greeted him as he neared port, he said, for a severe attack of rheumatism seized him on board his steamer and kept him for weeks in a hospital after he had landed.

"I planned to visit many of your large cities," he said, "but my illness has forced a change in my arrangements. I shall go to Cambridge, lecturing at Harvard University, and before I return to New York shall have visited Baltimore, Chicago and other cities, but I shall be unable to go to the Far West. The object of my trip is to encourage cordial relations between French and American artists, to lecture here and there, and in general to see what is being done in art in America. Only incidentally will the purchase of pictures or works of sculpture come into my sphere of activity. I am not here for that, but, of course, I am at liberty to take back with me such things as I think we should like to have at the Luxembourg."

"What has been the effect of the war upon art in France?" M. Benedite was asked, and he replied:

"There is much activity. It is interesting to know that the war veterans of the late war who are artists or sculptors have formed themselves into a federation, with headquarters in Paris. This society at the request of the Government furnished all the decorative work for the recent ceremonies for the 'unknown poilu.' I do not know what its exact membership is, but it is very large."

M. Benedite spoke with enthusiasm of the art school carried on by the American Army near Paris after the armistice, and said it was remarkable what results had been accomplished in the few months of the school's existence. He also spoke of the exhibition of American paintings held in the Luxembourg last year. He had been struck, as he entered the room where they were collected, by "a different atmosphere, a certain sense of locality difficult to analyse, but none the less powerful.

"I felt that here was something distinctively and typically American," he added. "Of course, American art is still partly French in character," he said in reply to a question. "How could it be otherwise, with so many of your artists receiving their training in Paris? Your country's interests are primarily energies centred most of all upon material goals. None the less, I have seen excellent work here, and you have both artists and sculptors of rare promise."

Impressionism in French art is passing, M. Benedite thinks, perhaps as a result of the war, but more probably as one of the swings of the pendulum in the course of creative effort. In its place has come a desire to study Nature more and more closely, to find in it those elements which are human in their appeal.

Remington
GOOD AS THE NAME
PHONOGRAPH

BRING IN YOUR FAVORITE RECORD AND WE WILL CONVINCE YOU THAT WE CAN IMPROVE ITS TONE
25% to 30%

Investigate the latest result of Remington Genius

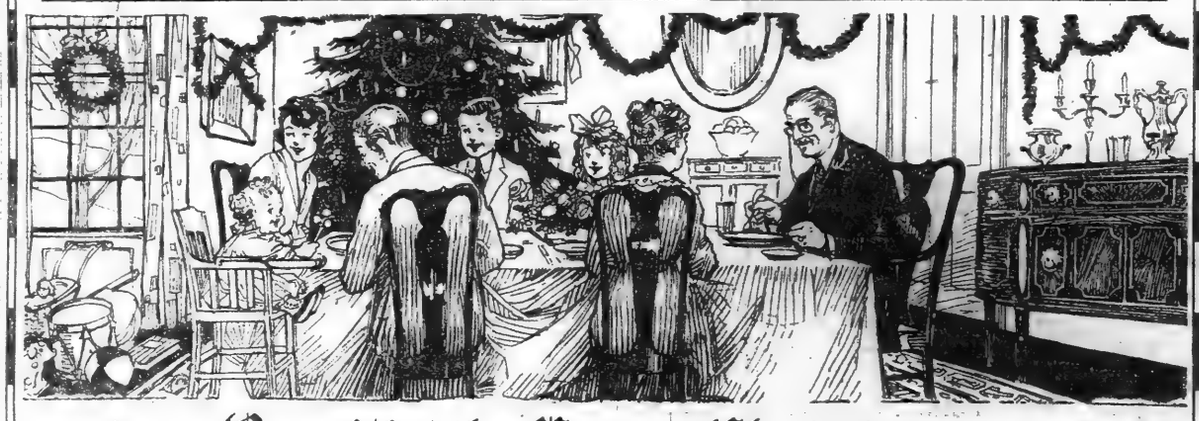
An interesting historical treatise on the Remington Family free to each caller.



Demonstrated at Retail Salesrooms
1664 BROADWAY, (near 52nd St.)
941 Intervale Ave. 385 Grand St.
201 W. 145th St. 21 W. 30th St.
NEW YORK

73 FLATBUSH AVE.
798 Franklin Ave.
BROOKLYN

3rd Avenue & 121st Street
Cowperthwait & Sons



Our 114th Merry Christmas



On December 25, 1807, this establishment said its first "Merry Xmas" to New Yorkers. But what a different New York—and what a different Cowperthwait's!

THEN—John K. Cowperthwait's little furniture store in the heart of the city, near Chatham Square. Past his door dashed the swaying coach on the Old Post Road toward Boston. Into his store came young couples of bonnetted women and knickerbockered men, with eyes only for each other and for furnishings to make their newly-established homes comfy and attractive.

NOW—Cowperthwait's big store would make the original store look like a little cottage. And now, a special Liberal Credit Plan thru which thousands of New Yorkers are furnishing their homes as they long for, on small weekly or monthly payments that they do not miss.

Let this—our 114th "Merry Xmas"—again also carry a message of thanks and well-wishing to the city to whom we owe our success!



Store Open Every Evening Until Christmas



Golden Oak Pad-Seat Chair
Strongly built of quartered Oak, beautifully finished in Golden Oak. Pad Seat of Genuine Leather. Note attractive design. Special,
$4.80

SAVE $85 ON THIS LOUIS XV. BEDROOM SUITE!
Four Pc. Louis XV. Bedroom Suite in American Walnut. Regular price, $425—20% Discount saves you $85. Dresser, 44 in. long, with large 26x32 in. Mirror. Chiffrobe, 34x21 in. Note handsome design of latest Vanity Toilet Table with triple mirrors. Full size bed with handsome bow-end foot-board, as shown. Special,



Was $425—Now $340
(PAYABLE $4.50 WEEKLY)

8-Piece Golden Oak Dining Room Suite
Reduced from $340 to $272!
Buffet is strongly built and at the back is a triple plate mirror. China Closet is large and beautifully designed with fresco work. Table extends to six feet. Four straight chairs and one arm chair complete this eight-piece Golden Oak suite. Special,
$272.00
Payable $14 Monthly



Parlor Table



Size 24x24 in., finished in Mahogany. Strongly built. Special,
$9.95

Smoking Stand
Special at $1.98
Fine bargain. Imitation Mahogany. Strongly built and well finished. Special,
$1.98
Many other models at special Xmas Prices!

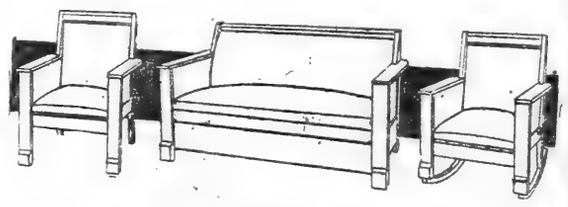


RUGS AND CARPETS

27 x 54	Axminster Rug	$3.25
36 x 63	" "	7.85
4.6 x 6.6	" "	22.50
9 x 10.6	Wool and Fibre Rug	23.50
8.3 x 10.6	Axminster Rug	62.50
9 x 12	Velvet Rug (seamless)	87.50
	Mottled Vel. Carpet for hall and stairs, a yd.	3.25
	China Matting (Best Grade) a yd.	.75
22½-inch	Stair Linoleum, a yd.	.98
	Inlaid Linoleum, a yd.	2.25
	Plain Jaspe Linoleum (three colors), a yd.	2.35
27-inch	Rope Matting for hall runner, a yd.	1.15
	Vacuum Sweepers, each	11.50

All Sewing, Laying, Lining, Etc., Free.

Divanette Suite, 3 Pieces—Special Price!
Divan, Arm Chair and Rocker—frames finished in Mahogany. Upholstered in Brown Spanish Imperial. Divan opens into full size bed. Special
$172.50
Payable $2.25 Weekly





Telephone Table & Stool
Mahogany finish. 30 in. high, 19 in. wide, 15 in. deep. Attractive design. Special,
$24.50



Sewing Table
Martha Washington design; genuine mahogany; 30 in. high x 24 in. long; 3 drawers. Special,
$27.50



Book Stand
Mahogany finish. 3 shelves, 33 in. high, 26 in. wide. A very handy article, strongly built for long service. Special.
$9.50



Fine selection of Grandfather's for Hall Clocks. Various Woods and Designs. Have Chimes and Moon-Faces. Prices range from
$325 to $450



Handsome Desk
Finished in Mahogany, 30 in. high, 27 in. wide, 18 in. deep. Note attractive design—gateleg effect. Very handy and beautiful piece. Special,
$29.00

Cowperthwait's Liberal Credit Terms
25c Weekly on $15 worth
75c Weekly on $50 worth
$1.50 Weekly on $100 worth
$2.50 Weekly on $200 worth
$12.50 Weekly on $1000 worth
Other Amounts in Proportion. Pay by the month if you wish. No Extra Charges of Any Kind.
10% off for Cash

Cowperthwait & Sons
"Oldest Furniture House in America"
3rd Ave. and 121st St.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

Business Schools.

Day-time Classes in Accountancy and Business Administration are available at Pace Institute in addition to the regular evening classes.

Day-time students can complete the Pace Course (Semesters A, B, and C) in half the time required in evening classes.

The winter term for day classes begins Monday morning, January 10, at 9:30. Special day-school information will be supplied upon request.

Pace & Pace
30 Church St. New York

Surveying As A Career For Your Son

Give your son an opportunity to become a professional man. Health and happiness as well as success are enjoyed by those that follow the out-of-doors career of Civil Engineering. This Society trains a man in a short time at moderate cost. No time wasted on unessentials. The System is—"Out-of-doors training for an Outdoors profession."

Day and Evening Courses. Offices open until 9 P. M.

For particulars interview the Engineer-in-Charge.

The PAN-AMERICAN Engineering Society
Phone Chelsea 2633
39 W. 17th St. New York City

An Accountant Is One Who Is Able to Analyze Accounts,
Correlate them, reconstruct them if necessary: and, from the written record, visualize a true picture of the business.
Our training develops ambitious men.
Arranged for home study.
VANNAIS ACCOUNTING INSTITUTE
150 NASSAU STREET BEEKMAN 3653

WALTON MEN SUCCEED
because Walton Accounting Courses are the result of many years of practical accounting and teaching experience and because they are taught by men who are trained, practical accountants.
Day, and Evening Courses in
ACCOUNTING AUDITING
BUSINESS LAW ECONOMICS
Write for "Bulletin A"
WALTON SCHOOL COMMERCE
25 West 43d St. Telephone Murray Hill 3631-2

KATHARINE GIBBS SCHOOL of SECRETARIAL & EXECUTIVE
Training for Educated Women
Short Intensive Course for College Women and Women of Good General Education and Experience opens January 17. Limited Enrollment.
ARCHITECTS BUILDING, 101 Park Avenue, NEW YORK CITY
Telephone Vanderbilt 8567

Rhodes School
8-10-12-14 W. 125TH ST.
BUSINESS COURSES
Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting and Secretarial Work.
PREPARATORY COURSES
Colleges, Regents, Technical Schools,
Day and Evening Divisions.
Obtain Catalog of Course Interested.
"New York's Model School."

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL
500 Fifth Ave. Phone 7889 Murray Hill.
Secretarial, Business, Stenographic courses. Day, Evening. Hours students' convenience. Special 60-day Bookkeeping course. Instruction individual.

PRATT School
62 W. 45th St
SECRETARIAL TRAINING
Individual instruction. Students under 16 not admitted. Catalog furnished on request.

Paine School
Secretarial, Shorthand, Touch Typing, Bookkeeping, Accounting, Telegraphy. Individual Instruction. Day, Evening. 1931 Broadway, 65th Street.

Walworth Business Institute
BROADWAY, AT 72D STREET.
Prepares for the better-paid positions. Individual instruction by specialists. 62d Year.



The Safety Sign on glass-packed foods
When you buy foods in glass tumblers and jars, look for the above trade-mark on the Cap. It's your most dependable safety sign. It means that the packer has provided a most reliable seal.
Glass, with this trade-marked Cap, is the best container. It leaves no opportunity for deterioration—all the original flavor and purity are retained.
When buying, be constantly on the lookout for this trade-mark. Accept no glass-packed foods without it.
We have prepared a fascinating booklet that tells you what you ought to know about this vital subject. We send it free. Ask for "The Story of Preserving."
Phoenix-Hermetic Co.
2444 West 16th Street, Chicago

BENCH-MADE SHOES
MADE ON PREMISES
ENGLISH BROGUE
Genuine Shell Cordovan.
14.50
Formerly 16.00
Low Brogues of genuine shell Cordovan, 12.50
Formerly 14.50
Shoes made to order, 16.00 up.
Military Boots



E. VOGEL, INC.
18 Vesey Street, 1 Flight Up
Formerly 84 Nassau St.

Business Schools.

POST-GRADUATE ACCOUNTING COURSES
Ambitious men desiring to direct their ability into the most lucrative channels will be pleased to learn that the International Accountants Society is making available highly specialized short courses as follows:
INCOME TAX,
SYSTEMATIZING AND COST,
EXTERNAL AUDITING,
C. P. A. COACHING,
CREDIT ADMINISTRATION,
INTERNAL AUDITING.
Reflecting as they do in each case the latest and best practice, these courses enable the man of advanced standing to make up deficiencies and prepare for broader activities.
Our regular course prepares thoroughly for general accounting work, private or public; learn about the ease with which you may increase your earnings without interfering with your present work. A personal investigation will place you under no obligation.
International Accountants Society
"The Professional School of Accounting,"
800 TRIBUNE BLDG., 154 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK CITY.

WOOD'S Business School
Send for Illustrated Booklet.
FIFTH AV. AND 125TH ST.
60,000 GRADUATES.
LARGEST BECAUSE BEST.

U.S. SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES
542-544 Fifth Av. (45th St.)
The oldest and pre-eminently the most successful. Prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions. Individual instruction only. Write for Catalog 11i

KIMBALL SCHOOL
116 W. 14th St. Prepares for secretarial positions, Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Typewriting, etc. Ind. Inst. Day & Eve. Classes. Booklet.

BOOKKEEPING
Complete course in seven lessons arranged for HOME STUDY. Endorsed by 8 Certified Public Accountants. Write for Bulletin S-6.
The Emerson Extension Inst., 103 E. 125 St.

BOOKKEEPING CLASS
Thorough training to qualify for complete charge of books in any business. Enroll. BROAKER & SCHMIDT, 62 FIFTH AVE.

Foreign Language Schools.

CORTINA ACADEMY
12 E. 46th St.
Tel. Vanderbilt 2460.
Spanish French English
Portuguese German Italian, etc.

Learn Languages AT THE BERLITZ SCHOOL
28-30 WEST 34th STREET
Brooklyn, 218-220 Livingston Street
New Class Constantly Forming
Trial Lesson Free

RUSSIAN Mr. unique method teaches to speak and write within 3 months. Native Teacher. Morningside 5684. P 221 Times.

BERLIZ SCHOOL of LANGUAGES
18th year at 215 5th Av. (32d St.)
FRENCH etc., by experts; successful methods; gratifying results; attractive rates. BUCCINI'S SCHOOL, 5 COLUMBUS CIRCLE.
FRENCH UPTOWN SCHOOL Taught by Parisians. Cor. 123d and Amsterdam.
Mesdemoiselles Blanchard French Course; highest recommendations. 54 East 59th. Plaza 8572.
FOR SALE—New Cortinaphone French course. Tel. Wadsworth 5440, Apt. 4D.

Musical.

Institute of Musical Art of the City of New York
Frank Damrosch, Director. Provides comprehensive musical education in all branches. Endowed. Address Secretary, 120 Claremont Ave., N. Y. City

NEW YORK COLLEGE OF MUSIC
114-116 EAST 85TH ST.
HIGH CLASS INSTRUCTORS
in all Branches of Music
TERMS MODERATE
SEND FOR CATALOGUE

Preparatory Schools and Colleges.

School Information
FREE catalogs of all private schools and camps. Relative standing from personal inspection. Call and consult school specialist. No charge.
AMERICAN SCHOOLS ASSOCIATION
1101 Times Bldg., Times Square
Bryant 8980

The Clark School for Concentration
A SCHOOL WHERE RECORDS ARE MADE
Boarding and Day Pupils
The Principal will be at the Main Office (Girls' School) from 12 to 2 P. M. and from 4 to 6 P. M. daily to interview parents. 'Phone Columbus 744. Catalog on request.
Boys' School, 72d St. & West End Av.
Girls' School, 301 West 72d St.
Fall Term Now in Session.
Enrollments may be made now.

NEW YORK PREPARATORY SCHOOL 32ND YEAR
Day and Evening Depts.
New York—72 Park Ave., bet. 38-39 Sts.
Brooklyn—Corner Franklin and Jefferson Avenues.

REGENTS and COLLEGE Examinations and West Point and Annapolis
Send for Catalog and "Success in Regents' Exams"

CAMBRIDGE TUTORING SCHOOL
Cambridge, Mass.
Rapid and thorough preparation for entrance examinations to Harvard and Mass. Institute of Technology. A few vacancies for resident students after Christmas.

The Brown School of Tutoring
241 W. 75th St. Tel. Col. 8894.
Founded 1906. Positively but one at a time with a teacher.

ENGINEER teaches arithmetic, algebra, geometry, trigonometry, calculus, physics, drafting, mechanical, structural, surveying; call evenings. Mondell, 280 Madison Av.

Special Schools.

Study Public Speaking —and become a Teacher.
Henderson School of Oratory
Seeks Talented Men and Women.
AEOLIAN HALL—VANDERBILT 1343.

WALTER ROBINSON
TEACHES MEN AND WOMEN
PUBLIC SPEAKING
700 Carnegie Hall. Visitors welcomed. New class Dec. 22nd, 4:45 P. M.

New York School of Expression
Oral English, Diction, Reading, Elocution, Drama, Pantomime, Dancing. Special Classes for children opens January. 318 W. 57th St.

$25-$75 week through Prof. Bolare's Hairdress, Manicure, Beauty School, 119 West 42d. Circular explains.

Dancing.

ALBERT H. HARRIS
637 Madison Avenue, Cor. 59th Street.
Real Instruction in Society Dancing, devoid of the slightest tendency toward freakishness; 8 A.M. to 10 P.M. daily. You can obtain invitations to witness our work by personal application; take elevator to 4th floor. Phone Plaza 2166.

A PRIVATE SCHOOL OF DISTINCTION.
Fox trot, waltz and fancy dances taught in few private lessons by new method, making failure absolutely impossible. Alvienne Master Tutors, 25th year. 62 West 75d St., block from Broadway.

MODERN SOCIETY DANCING
taught by refined young lady. Hours 9 to 6. Classes in the evening. Doris J. Durling, 55 West 46th St. Telephone Bryant 3825.

Swimming.

GIVE A SWIMMING COURSE FOR XMAS
Special Xmas gift card, good for 10 scientific swimming lessons. For men, women or children. Call or write
DALTON SWIMMING SCHOOL
19 W. 44th St. 308 W. 59th St.

LEARN TO SWIM, DIVE
AND SAVE LIFE.
MARY BEATON, R. L. R. S.
Exclusive Pool, Scientific System.
1 West 57th St., corner Central Park.
Tel. Columbus 4304.

SIXTH DANTE CENTENARY

SOME six centuries ago Dante Alighieri lived and died in Italy. During his life he managed to compress into a masterpiece the "Divine Comedy," the concentrated spirit of the life of the Middle Ages. Next year, all over the world, the six hundredth anniversary of the poet's death will be commemorated with ceremonies and tributes. Already many plans are being inaugurated in this country. Various organizations interested in the strengthening of the friendship between Italy and America, organizations composed of scholars who are chiefly interested in making Dante more well known here, as well as organizations chiefly concerned with the spreading of Italian culture abroad, are working together to make the celebration a fitting memorial.

A national committee composed of representatives of the co-operating organizations has been formed, with Dr. John H. Finley as Chairman. The Italy-America Society will play a leading part. Among the other organizations are the Dante League of America, Dante Society of Cambridge, Italian Intercollegiate Association, Italian Teachers' Association, New York University, Society Dante Alighieri and League of Foreign-Born Citizens.

Members of the Joint Executive Committee are Professor Charles H. Grandgent of Harvard University; Professor Charles A. Downer, College of the City of New York; Joseph N. Francolini, President of the Dante Alighieri in America; Professor William Roscoe Thayer of Harvard University; Dr. Paolo De Vecchi; Mrs. H. Durant Rose, Secretary of the Dante League of America; Royal Dixon, League of Foreign-Born Citizens, and Mrs. J. Henry Lanahire.

A tentative program includes various plans to spread information about Dante, his life and work, and to commemorate in every way possible his message. Public meetings are to be arranged in New York and elsewhere. Schools, churches and clubs will be urged to hold special meetings. Pageants will commemorate the poet's work. Colleges and universities will co-operate through the heads of the departments of Romance languages and literature.

Italy is, of course, planning to commemorate her poet in many ways. It is proposed to distribute in this country the Dante films now being prepared over there. Countess de Robilant, who has recently come to America to be associate manager of the Italy-America Society, is taking an active part in arranging for the years of celebrations. She is the daughter of General di Robilant, who commanded the Fourth Italian Army before Monte Grappa and later represented Italy on the Supreme War Council in France. The Countess has a war record of her own. For more than a year and a half she and her sister were in charge of a radiological ambulance unit at the front. They were several times decorated for conspicuous services. In discussing Dante, his place in the literature of Italy and the world, she says:

"Professor Grandgent in his book on Dante has done a good deal to clear away the mist of 'floating anecdotes' that surrounds the poet's name and to offer to the ordinary student a working knowledge of his life and work. After introducing Dante as one of the three great poets who have profoundly stirred the imagination of men (the other two being Homer and Shakespeare), Professor Grandgent outlines the main facts that are known in regard to Dante's life.

"Born in Florence in 1265, educated among the musicians, poets, painters and literary men of his day, Dante grew up in a world that recognized the arts and made it possible for artists to flourish. Very early in his career the mystic love of Beatrice entered his life profoundly influencing him and leading him to the preoccupation with what Professor Grandgent calls 'Lady Philosophy' which eventually was the moving force of his writing of the 'Divine Comedy.' Dante's life, his duties and obligations in Florence, his banishment from Florence because of political activity—all these things are recorded in Professor Grandgent's book, in which the historical, social, political and theological aspects in the 'Divine Comedy' are outlined."

ADVERTISEMENT ADVERTISEMENT

Genuine Aspirin

Bayer introduced Aspirin to physicians 20 years ago—Always say "Bayer"



BAYER

The "Bayer Cross" is the thumb-print of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." It protects you against imitations and positively identifies the genuine, world-famous Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over nineteen years.

Insist on an unbroken package of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" which contains proper directions.

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

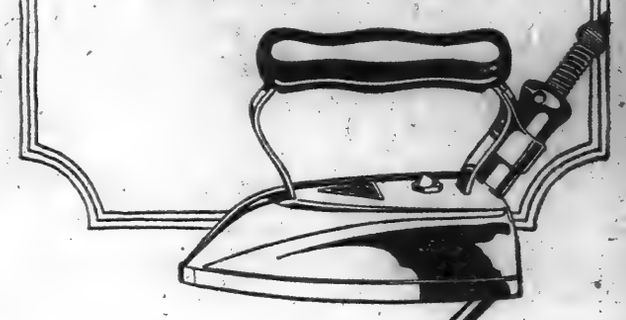
Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.
Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

"American Beauty"
ELECTRIC IRON
THE BEST IRON MADE

The *ONE* iron that will give the same satisfactory service after years of use as upon the day you purchase it. Its slight extra first cost is offset many times by its sturdy reliability.

Sold by Electrical, Hardware, and Department Stores and Electrical Companies

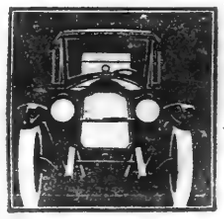
Manufactured by
American Electrical Heater Company
DETROIT
Makers of a Complete Line of Electric Heating Devices



Sold by Electrical, Hardware and Department Stores and Electrical Companies

52

PACKARD



No motor car ever came to market with so rich and impressive a tradition behind it as is behind the new Packard Single-Six. It is, in every particular, as is every other Packard, the kind of car the founders of the Packard Company would themselves wish to drive. Drafted into its design, forged into its structure, alloyed into its very steels are those factors of superb and trustworthy service that have distinguished the 70,000 earlier Packards that preceded it. We invite you to see this new Packard, and to learn by personal inspection how remarkable a value has been accomplished in this moderately priced car.

PACKARD MOTOR CAR COMPANY *of* NEW YORK
Broadway at 61st Street

Brooklyn: 1037-53 Atlantic Avenue
Long Island City: Queens Boulevard at Hill St.
White Plains: Mamaroneck at Martine Avenue
Poughkeepsie: 339 Main Street
Newark: Broad Street at Kinney
Jersey City: Boulevard at Carlton Avenue
Plainfield: 628 Park Avenue
Paterson: 489 Broadway
Hartford: Washington Street at Park
New Haven: 304 York Street
New London: 391 Williams Street
Springfield: 832-34 State Street
Pittsfield: 164 Wahconah Street

The Packard Twin-Six Touring $6000 *at Detroit*

The Packard Single-Six Touring $2975 *at Detroit*

Ask the man who owns one



The Furniture Temple

CONTINUES 20% to 50% DISCOUNT CLEARANCE of COMPLETE STOCKS

THE highest grades of fine furniture at the lowest prices. For over twenty years, we have been supplying homes of refinement with furniture of quality, lasting satisfaction and reasonable price. ¶ With original prices always the lowest, in this sale, we are surpassing ourselves, because, frankly, in many instances, our stock has been marked far under cost. We want you to be convinced on this point. Compare our furniture quality for quality, price for price, with anything shown in department stores or other furniture houses and you will appreciate our values.

Everything marked in plain figures. It will be a pleasure to guide you through our floors.

A few offerings typical of our Values:

Ten-piece Solid Mahogany Dining-Room Suite of Heppelwhite Period with oblong extension table, silver closet, serving table, five chairs and one armchair in any cover desired. Regular price $750. NOW $580

Seven-piece Burl Walnut Bedroom Suite, including full size bed, dresser, chiffonrobe, vanity toilet, bench, chair and rocker. Regular price $577.50, NOW $418.50. With twin beds, regular price $642.50. NOW . . $473.50

Nine-piece French Gray Bedroom Suite, finely carved and hand-decorated, fine interior, superbly finished, consisting of dresser, chiffonrobe, vanity, twin beds, night stand, chair, rocker and bench. Regular price $1275. NOW $935

Three-piece Upholstered Living Room Suite, beautiful tinsel damask in combination with velour, solid mahogany frame. This suite can be obtained in frisette at same price. Suite consisting of sofa, spacious wing chair and arm chair. Regular price $1085. NOW $750

Royal Fireside Morris Chair (Grand Rapids make), covered in tapestry with patented adjustment and foot rest. Regular price $85. . NOW $55

Martha Washington Solid Mahogany Sewing Stand. Regular price $25. . . . . NOW $12.50

Solid Mahogany Spinet Desk. Regular price $59.50. NOW $42.50

Grandfather's Clock Colonial Period, made by one of the foremost Grand Rapids manufacturers. Regular price $65. . NOW $48.00

Our fifteen floors carry every wanted furniture item—thousands of suitable and practical Christmas gifts.

FREEDBERGER & KOSCH
Period Furniture & Rugs
6-8-10 Avenue A, Cor. E. Houston St., New York

The 14th St. Crosstown Car stops at our door. A little out of the shopping district, but our values will make your trip worth while.

SCHEBLER
CARBURETOR CO., Inc.
58 WEST 65TH ST.
AT BROADWAY.
Telephone Col. 6418-6419
Special outfits for the following cars, ready to attach:

Ford	Buick Little Six
Studebaker Six	Sterns Light Four
Studebaker Four	Maxwell Model 25
Buick Big Six	Reo

Liberal allowances on old carburetors. We will exhibit at Automobile Show Jan. 8 to 15.

GERNSEY'S REPARATION PROBLEMS. An explanation of what they involve. One of 40 features in December CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, on news stands, profusely illustrated.—Adv.

CORD TIRES
NON-SKID
½ OFF
WITH OUR GUARANTEE
8000 MILES
SEND OR PHONE FOR PRICES
DOW 1-G TIRE STORES CORP
1771 Broadway, N. Y. City
Phone 375 Circle

Responsible Representative
or Agent wanted to sell our Puncture Sealing Inner Tubes for automobile tires and our patented Everwear Rubber Heels and Fibre Soles. Commonwealth Rubber Corporation, 25 Huntington Ave., Boston, Mass.

Peerless Eight Cylinder
Rebuilt Cars
Carry New Car Guarantee
Excellent opportunity to procure Guaranteed Peerless Eights at low prices.
All Cars Refinished equal to new.
Van Cortlandt Vehicle Corp.,
Peerless Distributors,
1,896 Broadway,
at 63rd St.
Phone Col. 5700

—Truck Exhibit Plans

WORD has been received by the officials of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce that many persons prominent in the automobile industry from European countries will come to New York during the national motor show week in the Grand Central Palace, Jan. 8 to 15, for the purpose of studying the latest features in American car design and engines.

During the four years of war in Europe little was done in developing the motor car. Now that there is a chance for the industry to resume abroad, the foreign manufacturers are looking to see what America has accomplished. S. A. Miles, general manager of the show, has received letters from France, Belgium, England, Italy, South America and Canada. Every State in the Union will be represented at the exposition.

There will be eighty-eight manufacturers of motor cars in the New York show. The several hundred models to be displayed will reveal many changes in body lines and improvements in motors. Many are the result of war experiments which were not fully developed for last year's show.

A summary of the manufacturing field, including some 200 makes of cars, shows that 37½ per cent. use four-cylinder engines, 34 per cent. the six-cylinder type, 6½ per cent. the eight-cylinder design and 2 per cent. the twelve-cylinder model. These statistics are based on the type of engine used and not on the quantity of cars produced. On the latter basis the four-cylinder engines are far in the lead.

FARMERS' DAY AT SHOW.

To illustrate some of the many benefits which the farmers throughout the country have obtained in the use of motor trucks, Friday, Jan. 7, has been set aside as "Farmers' Day" at the Highway Transportation Show to be held from Jan. 3 to 8 under the auspices of the Motor Truck Association of America. Because there is no single building in the heart of the city large enough to accommodate all of the truck exhibits, two buildings, the Twelfth Regiment Armory, Sixty-second Street and Columbus Avenue, and the First Field Artillery Armory, Sixty-eighth Street and Broadway, have been secured. Special exhibits of the newest types of farm trucks, convertible farm bodies, hoists and other farm equipment and educational programs designed to help the farmer obtain the greatest benefits from his motor truck equipment are being arranged for the special day.

One of the greatest factors which have helped to make the motor truck a necessity on the farm was the shortage in farm labor and the necessity for making every man produce more than before. The motor truck's greatest asset to the farmer is its ability to save time. This was shown by a recent investigation made by the Department of Agriculture among 753 farmers in the States of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware and Indiana. Ninety-one per cent. of the farmers said that saving time was the greatest advantage of owning a motor truck.

BAY STATE'S NOVEL LAW.

IN the new Massachusetts motor vehicle law which went into effect this month requiring every automobile driver in the State to pass an examination for an operator's license there is a restriction which will have the effect, among other things, of preventing people who qualify as drivers of Ford cars from driving other types.

So far as is known, this is the first time that such a restriction has been enacted into a State motor vehicle law.

The rule states that the applicant for examination must furnish a motor vehicle in good running order for the examination, and that "If of planetary transmission, steam, electric or friction drive type, or a motor cycle, or certain types of trucks, license will be restricted accordingly." Heretofore, except in certain individual instances, a license to drive a motor car entitled the holder to drive any kind of car.

PRIZE FOR CHAUFFEURS.

TO bring out the merits of the various motor trucks which will be exhibited in the Twelfth Regiment and First Field Artillery Armories from Jan. 3 to 8, the committee will offer a $500 prize for the best essay written by a motor truck chauffeur. It will be limited to 250 words and it must name the ten best points of quality in any motor truck in the show and state why these features are the best.



Each Branch and Authorized Distributor of United Motors Service maintains a complete set of official factory records on Remy equipment. This assures you of the correct and genuine part as well as a service repair that is up to factory standards.

NEW YORK BRANCH
236-246 W. 58th Street
Phone: Circle 1990
THREE AUTHORIZED DISTRIBUTORS IN NEW YORK CITY
TWO IN BROOKLYN—ONE IN NEWARK

UNITED MOTORS SERVICE
INCORPORATED
SERVICE DEPARTMENT OF Delco KLAXON REMY
GENERAL OFFICES DETROIT MICHIGAN

LESS THAN HALF PRICE
Sterling Tires
First quality—guaranteed, but branded N. F. C. for identification—offered at these prices because of discontinued tread design—less than 300 in stock.

FABRICS

Size.	List.	Our Price.
30x3	$22.00	$10.00
30x3½	26.60	12.00
32x3½	35.00	13.50
32x4	50.00	16.83
33x4	51.00	17.65
34x4	52.00	18.05

CORDS

Size.	List.	Our Price.
32x3½	$44.50	$20.03
32x4	56.55	25.45
33x4	58.00	26.10
34x4	59.60	26.82
34x4½	67.05	30.17
37x5	87.40	39.33

Other sizes in stock, price in proportion. Cash with order, subject to prior sale.
Telephone and mail orders promptly executed
H. V. DODGE,
219 West 58th Street,
Bet. 7th Ave. and B'way.
Telephone Circle 3063.

Prepare for Winter
USED
Demountable Tops.
1918 CADILLAC LIM., DEM. TOP.
1916 CADILLAC LIM., DEM. TOP.
1916 WINTON LIM., DEM. TOP.
1916 CADILLAC SEDAN, DEM. TOP.
1915 CHALMERS SEDAN, DEM. TOP.
1914 MARMON SEDAN, DEM. TOP.
1915 PAIGE SEDAN, DEM. TOP.
1917 PAIGE SEDAN, DEM. TOP.
1915 PIERCE SEDAN, DEM. TOP.
1913 PIERCE SEDAN, DEM. TOP.
New Tops for All Makes of Touring Cars
Built to Order
SCHILDWACHTER
Harlem—4390. Park Ave., at 128th St.

THE RETURN OF PRESIDENT-ELECT HARDING FROM PANAMA TRIP.
There are five interesting pictures in this week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL of President-elect Harding on his return from Panama. One picture shows him on the golf links on the Canal drinking from a cooler which is part of the headdress of a native. This is one of the 32 etchings illustrating the news events of the whole world, including a splendid double-page etching of the Assembly of the League of Nations in session ready for a frame. On news stands for 10c.—Advt.

Nash Trucks and Prompt Service

One of the tests of good truck service is the promptness with which it may be had when necessary. Nash service is unusual in this respect.

We urge you to inspect our exceptional service facilities. Our parts stock is adequate to supply the needs of all the Nash dealers throughout the state. This is a big protection to Nash owners in this city. Our shop equipment is most complete. Our large corps of mechanics most skilled.

Prompt, courteous and intelligent attention to the requirements of Nash Truck owners we know to be sound business. This is a strict factory policy which has our hearty endorsement.

If you buy a Nash Truck you have the certainty that it always can be kept performing at top efficiency.

Nash Trucks will be exhibited at the Highway Transportation Show, to be held at the 12th Regiment Armory N. Y. N. G. at 62nd Street and Columbus Avenue, from January 3rd to January 8th 1921, inclusive

MOTOR NASH TRUCKS

One-Ton Chassis . . $1895
Two-Ton Chassis . . 2550
Nash Quad Chassis . 3150
Prices f. o. b. Kenosha

Warren-Nash Motor Corporation, *Distributors*
New York City

BROOKLYN
L. A. D. MOTORS CORPORATION
1491 Bedford Ave.

Salesrooms:
Broadway near 64th St.
Service and Offices:
18 and 20 West 62d St.
Tel.: Columbus 6870

NEWARK
NASH-NEWARK COMPANY,
228-230 Halsey St.

Broadway Salesroom Open Evenings

NEW YORK
ALBANY — Clement-Mead Motors Corp., 211 Central Ave.
FREEPORT, L. I. — Geo. V. Sloat, Inc.
GLENS FALLS — Bissell & Smith, 74 Glen St.
GLOVERSVILLE — Forest Street Garage
GRANVILLE — E. J. Bromley
HUDSON — Bertart Auto Sales & Storage Co.
HUNTINGTON, L. I. — J. A. Carson Auto Co.
JAMAICA, L. I. — Queens Boulevard Motor Corp.
KINGSTON — Geo. J. Schryver Motor Car Company, 17-19 Railroad Ave.
LAWRENCE, L. I. — Charles Payne
LIBERTY — W. T. Lamoreaux
LITTLE FALLS — Adams-Nash Motor Sales
MINEOLA, L. I. — Landers Motor & Supply Co.
MOUNT VERNON — Nash Motor Sales, 10 Prospect Avenue
NORWICH — Taylor & Crumb Sales Company, 23 South Broad St.
NYACK — Nash Sales Company, 74 So. Broadway
ONEONTA — The Francis Motor Sales Company
PORT CHESTER — Flint's City Garage, Inc.
PORT JEFFERSON — Newcomb Bros.
POUGHKEEPSIE — The Central Motor Co., 176 Church St.
RIVERHEAD — Cornwell Motor Sales Co.
ROCKAWAY PARK, L. I. — Farrell & Kahl, 249 B'16th Street
ROCKVILLE CENTER, L. I. — O. M. Hawkins
SCHENECTADY — Johnston-Tongue Motor Corporation, 775 State Street
SUFFERN — H. M. Vanderbilt
UTICA — Nash-Utica Motors Co., 35 Genesee Street
YONKERS — Coaness Bros., Inc., 58 Warburton Ave.

NEW JERSEY
BELMAR — Belmar Auto Co., Inc., 900 F Street
DOVER — Richards & Hunt, 112 Morris Street
ELIZABETH — Stanley L. Reed & Co., 25-35 Westfield Ave.
ENGLEWOOD — Nash-Beensen Motor Co., 17 West Palisade Ave.
JERSEY CITY — Nash Sales Corp., 440 Mercer Street
PASSAIC — Main Motors Corp., 371 Main Avenue
PATERSON — Jackson Motors Corp., 162 Broadway
PLAINFIELD — Thompson Motors Co., 411 Park Ave.
RIDGEWOOD — Bergen Garage
RUTHERFORD — Nash-Gallon Company, 32 Ames Avenue
WEST NEW YORK — B. Gilardoni, 524-526 Eleventh Street
WESTWOOD — Bergen Garage

CONNECTICUT
BRIDGEPORT — Mattoe-Nash Co., 295 Stratford Ave.
GREENWICH — The Motor Sales Co., 405 Greenwich Street
NEW MILFORD — Parsons & Deming
SHELTON — Shelton Garage
SO. NORWALK — S. L. Benedict, 67 N. Main St.
WEST CORNWALL — Edward Cartwright

"Superb!"

INDIA PAPER MAKES THE

ENCYCLOPÆDIA BRITANNICA

so light in weight that you can easily lift it and move it about—and yet there are 44,000,000 words, 30,000 pages, 15,000 illustrations and maps in it.

ANYTHING that we might say as to the advantages of the Britannica printed on India paper could not be put stronger and more convincingly than in this paragraph

By a Big City Merchant

"I bought the Britannica to use. I expect to get out of it in dollars many more times than I paid for it. I know what a wonderful book it is for anyone who uses it. India paper makes it so light, so convenient, so inviting, that one can't fail to read it frequently. You say the Britannica printed on India paper is 'five times more valuable' than on ordinary book paper. I should say 'a hundred times more valuable.' This is based on my own experience.

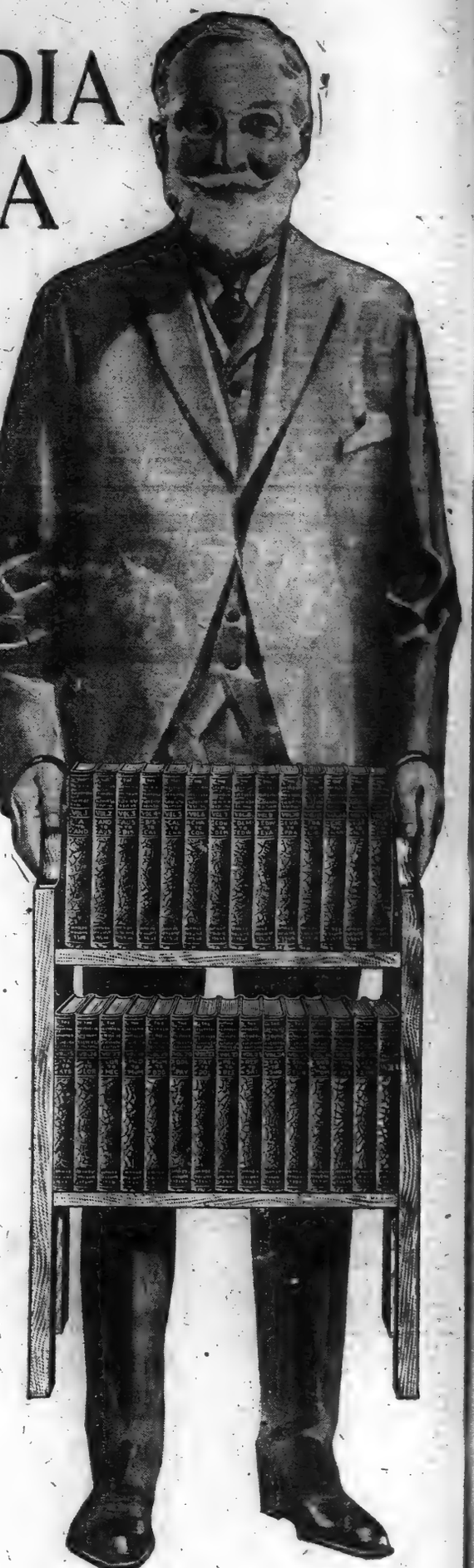
"I owned a set of the old Britannica on heavy paper, but I didn't read in it four times a year. It was too heavy; I never had much inclination to look up anything in those big, bulky books.

"I've had the new Britannica, printed on the delightful India paper, less than six months. I use it CONSTANTLY, looking up whatever I want to know, sometimes reading as many as four and five articles a night."

This experience is repeated over and over in the case of owners of the Britannica, for of the 225,000 sets already sold more than 200,000 were India paper sets. The use of this wonderful linenlike paper for printing the world's most interesting and most comprehensive book of knowledge was inspired by the thought that it would increase the handiness of the Britannica—hence, increase its real value to those who possess it.

You, no doubt, know what a remarkable work the Britannica is—an inexhaustible fund of facts and information. Its highest practical value to you or anyone else depends, of course, upon its actual, frequent use.

YOU WANT THIS MARVELOUS WORK—the most complete and authoritative that ever came from the printing press, and you ought to have it on genuine India paper. 200,000 people have purchased sets printed on this delightful, thin but opaque India paper, which has made the Encyclopaedia Britannica infinitely more usable, because the exquisite volumes are no larger or heavier than your magazine. India paper has literally been the means of converting the great wealth of information in the Britannica into a usable, get-at-able form. The sets of the popular Handy Volume issue are offered at unusually low and attractive prices and on very easy terms of payment. We believe the prices of the Britannica are within the reach of everybody.



What the Britannica Will Do for You

Think of the Britannica as an investment, and consider whether you know any other way of investing the same amount of money, or ten times the amount, that will yield such large returns in profit and pleasure.

The Britannica will stimulate you to improve your education, whether or not you've had a college education. It will furnish you with a teacher of any subject you wish to study.

It will give you the answer to the thousand and one questions prompted by the morning paper, lectures, sermons and books. It will make everything you see, read and hear more interesting.

It will enable you to lay out a plan of education for your children and keep abreast with their studies.

$1 BRINGS SHIPMENT OF THE COMPLETE SET

Can you afford to be without the Britannica? Don't delay—send the coupon at once. This will bring you our beautifully illustrated 136-page booklet, which gives you evidence of the everyday practical value of the Britannica. Cut out the coupon, sign it and mail NOW.

If you are ready to subscribe now, write an order on a piece of paper and mail with a dollar bill and we will ship you a set at once.

"For the convenience of those who wish to see the sets before ordering we have on display at our offices, 115 Fifth Avenue (at 18th Street), complete sets in all bindings printed on both the genuine India paper and the regular book paper. A courteous attendant will answer questions regarding the Britannica. If you wish the large descriptive booklet use adjoining coupon."

Sign and Send This Coupon Today.

Sears, Roebuck and Co., Chicago, Ill.

Gentlemen: Please send me your Illustrated Book, No. 2342, giving full information about the Encyclopaedia Britannica. Also tell me what I will have to pay for a set of the "Handy Volume" issue of the Britannica printed on genuine India paper.

Name .....

Postoffice .....

R. F. D. No. ..... Box No. ..... State .....

Street and No. .....

Sears, Roebuck and Co., Chicago, Ill.

WEBSTER ON THE PILGRIM

(Continued from Page 3.)

a forest. Cultivated mind was to act on uncultivated nature; and, more than all, a government and a country were to commence, with the very first foundations laid under the divine light of the Christian religion. Happy auspices of a happy futurity! Who would wish that his country's existence had otherwise begun? Who would desire the power of going back to the ages of fable? Who would wish for an origin obscured in the darkness of antiquity? Who would wish for other emblazoning of his country's heraldry, or other ornaments of her genealogy, than to be able to say that her first existence was with intelligence, her first breath the inspirations of liberty, her first principle the truth of divine religion? • • •

New England had submitted to the violence of James II., not longer than Old England. Not only was it reserved to Massachusettss that on her soil should be acted the first scene of that great revolutionary drama which was to take place near a century afterward, but the English revolution itself, as far as the colonies were concerned, commenced in Boston. A direct and forcible resistance to the authority of James II. was the seizure and imprisonment of Andros in April, 1689. The pulse of liberty beat as high in the extremities as at the heart. The vigorous feeling of the colony burst out before it was known how the parent country would finally conduct itself. The King's representative, Sir Edmund Andros, was a prisoner in the castle at Boston before it was, or could be, known that the King himself had ceased to exercise his full dominion on the English throne.

Before it was known here whether the invasion of the Prince of Orange would or could prove successful; as soon only as it was known that it had been undertaken, the people of Massachusetts, at the imminent hazard of their lives and fortunes, had accomplished the revolution as far as respected themselves. It is probable that, reasoning on general principles and the known attachment of the English people to their Constitution and liberties, and their deep and fixed dislike of the King's religion and politics, the people of New England expected a catastrophe fatal to the power of the reigning Prince. Yet it was not either certain enough or near enough to come to their aid against the authority of the Crown in that crisis which had arrived, and in which they trusted to put themselves, relying on God and their own courage. There were spirits in Massachusetts congenial with the spirits of the distinguished friends of the revolution in England. There were those who were fit to associate with the boldest asserters of civil liberty; and Mather himself, then in England, was not unworthy to be ranked with those sons of the church whose firmness and spirit in resisting kingly encroachment in religion entitled them to the gratitude of their own and succeeding ages. • • •

In New England the War of the Revolution commenced. I address those who remember the memorable 19th of April, 1775, who shortly after saw the burning fires of Charlestown; who beheld the steeds of Prescott, and heard the voice of Putnam amidst the storm of war, and saw the generous Warren fall, the first distinguished victim in the cause of liberty. It would be superfluous to say that no portion of the country did more than the States of New England to bring the revolutionary struggle to a successful issue. It is scarcely less to their credit that she saw early the necessity of a closer union of the States and gave an efficient and indispensable aid to the establishment and organization of the Federal Government. • • •

The nature and constitution of society and government in this country are interesting topics to which I would dedicate what remains of the time allowed to this occasion. Of our system of government, the first thing to be said is that it is really and practically a free system. It originates entirely with the people and rests on no other foundation than their assent. To judge of its actual operation, it is not enough to look merely at the form of its construction. The practical character of government depends often on a variety of considerations, besides the abstract frame of its constitutional organization. Among these are the condition and tenure of property, the laws regulating its alienation and descent, the presence or absence of a military power, an armed or unarmed yeomanry, the spirit of the age, and the degree of general intelligence. In these respects it cannot be denied that the circumstances of this country are most favorable to the hope of maintaining the government of a great nation on principles entirely popular. In the absence of military power, the nature of government must essentially depend on the manner in which property is holden and distributed. There is a natural influence belonging to property, whether it exists in many hands or few; and it is on the rights of property that both despotism and unrestrained popular violence ordinarily commence their attacks. Our ancestors began their system of government here under a condition of comparative equality in regard to wealth, and their early laws were of a nature to favor and continue this equality. A republican form of government rests not more on political constitutions than on those laws which regulate the descent and transmission of property. Governments like ours could not have been maintained where property was holden according to the principles of the feudal system, nor, on the other hand, could the feudal constitution possibly exist with us. Our New England ancestors brought hither no great capitals from Europe, and if they had, there was nothing productive in which they could have been invested. They left behind them the whole feudal policy of the other continent. They broke away at once from the system of military service established in the dark ages, and which continues down even to the present time, more or less to affect the condition of property all over Europe. They came to a new country. There were, as yet, no lands yielding rent and no tenants rendering service. The whole soil was unreclaimed from barbarism. They were themselves, either from their original condition or from the necessity of their common interest, nearly on a general level in respect to property. Their situation demanded a parceling out and division of the lands; and it may be fairly said that this necessary act *fixed the future frame and form of their government.* The character of their political institutions was determined by the fundamental laws respecting property. The laws rendered estates divisible among sons and daughters. The right of primogeniture, at first limited and curtailed, was afterward abolished. The property was all freehold. The entailment of estates, long trusts and the other processes for fettering and tying up inheritances were not applicable to the condition of society and seldom made use of. On the contrary, alienation of the land was every way facilitated, even to the subjecting of it to every species of debt. The establishment of public registries and the simplicity of our forms of conveyance have greatly facilitated the change of real estate from one proprietor to another. The consequence of all these causes has been a great subdivision of the soil and a great equality of condition, the true basis most certainly of a popular government. "If the people," says Harrington, "hold three parts in four of the territory, it is plain there can neither be any single person nor nobility able to dispute the government with them; in this case, therefore, *except force be interposed,* they govern themselves." • • •

We are bound not only to maintain the general principles of public liberty, but to support also those existing forms of government which have so well secured its enjoyment and so highly promoted the public prosperity. It is now more than thirty years that these States have been united under the Federal Constitution, and whatever fortune may await them hereafter, it is impossible that this period of their history should not be regarded as distinguished by signal prosperity and success. They must be sanguine, indeed, who can hope for benefit from change. Whatever division of the public judgment may have existed in relation to particular measures of the government, all must agree, one should think, in the opinion that in its general course it has been eminently productive of public happiness. Its most ardent friends could not well have hoped from it more than it has accomplished; and those who disbelieved or doubted ought to feel less concern about predictions, which the event has not verified, than pleasure in the good which has been obtained. Whoever shall hereafter write this part of our history, although he may see occasional errors or defects, will be able to record no great failure in the ends and objects of government. Still less will he be able to record any series of lawless and despotic acts, or any successful usurpation. His page will contain no exhibition of provinces depopulated, of civil authority habitually trampled down by military power, or of a community crushed by the burden of taxation. He will speak, rather, of public liberty protected and public happiness advanced; of increased revenue and population augmented beyond all example; of the growth of commerce, manufactures and the arts; and of that happy condition in which the restraint and coercion of government are almost invisible and imperceptible, and its influence felt only in the benefits which it confers. We can entertain no better wish for our country than that this government may be preserved; nor have a clearer duty than to maintain and support it in the full exercise of all its just constitutional powers.

The cause of science and literature also imposes upon us an important and delicate trust. The wealth and population of the country are now so far advanced as to authorize the expectation of a correct literature and a well-formed taste, as well as respectable progress in the abstruse sciences. The country has risen from a state of colonial dependency; it has established an independent government, and is now in the undisturbed enjoyment of peace and political security. The elements of knowledge are universally diffused, and the reading portion of the community large. Let us hope that the present may be an auspicious era of literature. If, almost on the day of their landing, our ancestors founded schools and endowed colleges, what obligations do not rest upon us, living under circumstances so much more favorable both for providing and for using the means of education? Literature becomes free institutions. It is the graceful ornament of civil liberty, and a happy restraint on the asperities which political controversy sometimes occasions. Just taste is not only an embellishment of society, but it rises almost to the rank of the virtues and diffuses positive good throughout the whole extent of its influence. There is a connection between right feeling and right principles, and truth in taste is allied with truth in morality. With nothing in our past history to discourage us, and with something in our present condition and prospects to animate us, let us hope that as it is our fortune to live in an age when we may behold a wonderful advancement of the country in all its other great interests, we may see also equal progress and success attend the cause of letters.

Finally, let us not forget the religious character of our origin. Our fathers were brought hither by their high veneration for the Christian religion. They journeyed by its light and labored in its hope. They sought to incorporate its principles with the elements of their society and to diffuse its influence through all their institutions, civil, political, or literary. Let us cherish these sentiments and extend this influence still more widely, in the full conviction that that is the happiest society which partakes in the highest degree of the mild and peaceable spirit of Christianity.

The hours of this day are rapidly flying and this occasion will soon be passed. Neither we nor our children can expect to behold its return. They are in the distant regions of futurity, they exist only in the all-creating power of God, who shall stand here, a hundred years hence, to trace, through us, their descent from the Pilgrims, and to survey, as we have now surveyed, the progress of their country during the lapse of a century. We would anticipate their concurrence with us in our sentiments of deep regard for our common ancestors. We would anticipate and partake the pleasure with which they will then recount the steps of New England's advancement. On the morning of that day, although it will not disturb us in our repose, the voice of acclamation and gratitude, commencing on the Rock of Plymouth, shall be transmitted through millions of the sons of the Pilgrims, till it lose itself in the murmurs of the Pacific seas.

We would leave for the consideration of those who shall then occupy our places some proof that we hold the blessings transmitted from our fathers in just estimation; some proof of our attachment to the cause of good government and of civil and religious liberty; some proof of a sincere and ardent desire to promote everything which may enlarge the understandings and improve the hearts of men. And when, from the long distance of a hundred years, they shall look back upon us, they shall know at least that we possessed affections which, running backward and warming with gratitude for what our ancestors have done for our happiness, run forward also to our posterity and meet them with a cordial salutation ere yet they have arrived on the shore of being.

Advance, then, ye future generations! We would hail you, as you rise in your long succession, to fill the places which we now fill and to taste the blessings of existence where we are passing, and soon shall have passed, our own human duration. We bid you welcome to this pleasant land of the fathers. We bid you welcome to the healthful skies and the verdant fields of New England. We greet your accession to the great inheritance which we have enjoyed. We welcome you to the blessings of good government and religious liberty. We welcome you to the treasures of science and the delights of learning. We welcome you to the transcendent sweets of domestic life, to the happiness of kindred and parents and children. We welcome you to the immeasurable blessings of rational existence, the immortal hope of Christianity, and the light of everlasting truth!

MEAT FROM AUSTRALIA

By STANLEY S. NICHOLAS.

IN the big increase in trade that is taking place between America and Australia since the war ceased none is worthy of more attention than the development of the meat industry. The importance of this will be recognized by the consumer in America as well as the producer in Australia when it has reached more noticeable proportions. In fact, the writer, who hails from the antipodes, is in hope that the recognition will not be confined to the consumer here alone, but will result in the producer in America turning his eyes more directly to a country which modern speed of transit is bringing nearer to his door every day.

The few reasons that hitherto retarded this much-to-be-desired development are vanishing rapidly. They were, first, the distance which swifter transport has reduced; second, the fact that, while Australia is and has been a large importer of American goods (nearly all our mining and agricultural machinery, autos, &c., coming from here), our exports to America in the past were of an insignificant nature. Wool was the only conspicuous one. This left the trade balance the wrong way for a young country, and made commercial exchange difficult. The supplying of our surplus products to the United States is diminishing this disparity rapidly. The difference in value between 1913 and 1918 was $40,095,000. A third reason was the small amount of social intercourse. The American tourist seldom visits Australia, and our acquaintance has been largely limited to the pioneers of commercial enterprises of both countries seeking an outlet for their goods, and departing directly their mission was accomplished, and members of the theatrical profession, to whose good offices Australia is particularly indebted. This will be changed when people of means and leisure discover the beauties of the two different routes open to them—one by San Francisco via Hawaii, Fiji and New Zealand; the other from New York via the Panama Canal. As one can travel first class, with meals supplied, for the same amount or less than it costs to stay the same period in a New York hotel the trip has the extra advantage of economy.

But to return to our mutton—or beef! The population of Australia is about 5,031,000, so that the total meat required for home consumption would be considerably less than that consumed in New York City alone. The number of cattle (taken from the statistics of 1917) is 11,556,000; of these, beef stock comprises 10,051,000. The total area of Australia is 2,974,581 square miles, so it will readily be seen that there is abundant room for increase in the big stock line as well as population. The value of meat, both beef and mutton, exported in 1918 was $41,590,000, as against $13,080,000 in 1901, which will give a fair idea of the increase in this industry. Queensland, with an area of 670,500 square miles, is the principal cattle State, though the northern territory is competing with it these days. The size of pastoral holdings largely depends on the situation and tenure. The policy of close settlement has naturally absorbed the big holdings for cultivation and farming in districts that are close to railway communication, but when one gets out into the northwest of the State the sizes increase until one gets areas of three or four thousand square miles. In the northern territory even larger, up to 10,000 square miles.

The stock holdings are known as "stations" or runs instead of ranches, as in the United States, and cowboys are designated as stockmen. Stock generally are raised and fattened on the natural grasses, though those for local consumption are generally "topped off" in fattening paddocks planted with lucerne or imported grasses, such as perennial rye, by dealers.

I have had a good many inquiries as to why the lariat is not used more extensively. The reason for this is that Australia generally is a heavily timbered country, though we have large deserts in the middle west. Owing, in almost all cases in the large holdings, to the presence of dense scrubs of low trees and bushes, it would be impossible to carry a coiled lariat; it would catch in the branches.

Cattle for sale are largely drafted from the herds on horseback, and the method is termed "camp drafting" or "cutting out." Should a beast become obstreperous or require close handling, the stockman brings his horse alongside the beast, leans over, seizes the tail and puts on an increase of speed, thus pulling the hindquarters around and causing the beast to cross its legs and fall. The horse is trained to stop instantly; the man jumps off and fastens the animal's legs with a heavy strap which he carries around his waist.

Needless to say this operation requires considerable speed in the performance and dexterity in dismounting when tying and mounting again after releasing the beast, and should be practiced well on juvenile cattle before taking to a Hereford or Devon steer with 18-inch horns. In several instances I have seen men and horses badly injured through failing to get the beast before it had time to regain its legs.

The principal breeds of cattle in Queensland are Herefords and Durhams, locally known as "Bailies" and "Shorthorns." Of late years a number of black "polled Angus" cattle have been bred.

The principal meat export companies in Queensland are the Australian Meat Export Company, in which I believe some Americans are interested financially; John Cooke & Co., Ltd., and the Queensland Meat Export Company.

CANADA.



OH, the thrill and joy of the flying toboggan, packed with gay blanket rolls of shouts and laughter, as it swoops down the chute from the old Citadel Hill of Quebec along Dufferin Terrace, right to the doors of the Chatean Frontenac!

Christmas at
Chateau Frontenac
QUEBEC, CANADA

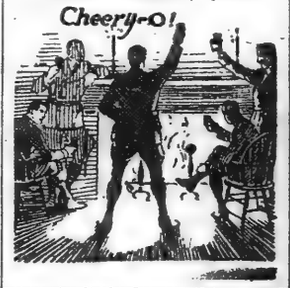
The *one* place in all the land to spend a real Winter's Holiday.

Clean, vigorous sport and the spirit of good fellowship reign supreme. Days of keenest action in the dry, nipping air and sunshine; nights of cheer, color and life around the glowing logs in the great halls of the Chateau. Youth and merriment, music and masquerades, laughter and song.

"Cheery-O!" is the watchword—Quebec the place.

An easy, comfortable trip; through service via Montreal. Make up your party now. Reservations at

Canadian Pacific Hotels
1231 Broadway, New York, or
Chateau Frontenac, Quebec



NEW YORK.



DO YOU KNOW

that within 28 minutes of Grand Central, with a daily service of 60 electric trains,

The
HOTEL GRAMATAN

offers to business men and their families an all-year home in New York's nearest ideal suburb, amid quiet and congenial surroundings, and at reasonable rates?

Descriptive booklet on request.

Golf—Grill—Dancing—Daily Concerts. Accommodates 400.

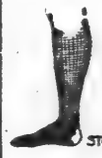
Henri Pauchey & Son, Inc.,
Lessee,
Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N. Y.

Gedney Farm Hotel
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.
EDWARD H. CRANDALL.
Golf, Riding, Dancing, Sun Parlor, Open Fireplaces. 38 min. elec. train service. Open All Year. Private motor bus service without charge.

NEW JERSEY.

IDEAL COUNTRY HOME
Hotel Montclair
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
MOST DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED RESIDENTIAL HOTEL IN NEW YORK'S SUBURBS.
OPEN THE ENTIRE YEAR.
OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT.
FREDERICK C. HALL COMPANY

Hotel Beechwood
SUMMIT, N. J.
Easy commuting distance. Misses Gillan & Edwards. Open all year.



Non-Friction
Counter Pocket
Stocking Protector
Placed in the heel of a shoe. It relieves the friction where the friction is greatest.
No more blisters!
No more holes!
STOP IT
A Simple Device—Easy to Install.
Price 25c. Per Pair
Give size of shoe, and whether man, woman or child.
FORTIN & LEMAY
P. O. Box 21. Boston 27, Mass.

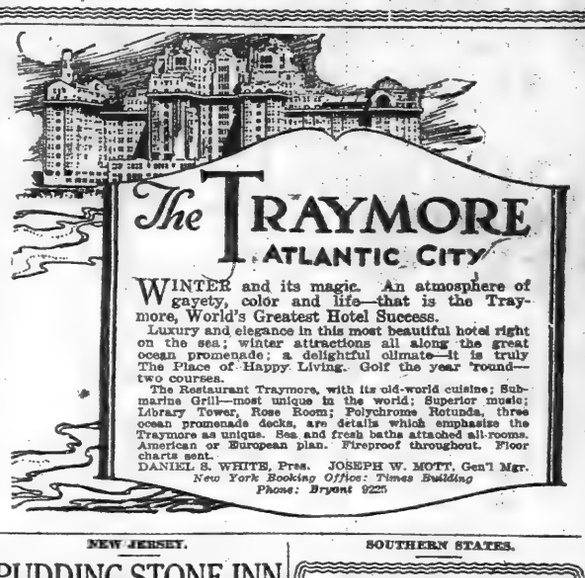
NEWS FOR CHRISTMAS.
Some friend living perhaps far from the great world centres will enjoy a subscription for The New York Times entered as a Christmas gift. Sent to any address in the United States for $2 a year or $1 for six months.—Advt.



The Ambassador
Atlantic City's Newest and Most Distinctive Hotel

THE finer points of hospitality, service and cuisine, lift The Ambassador far above the average hotel. Social amenities, luxurious ease, your daily sea bath in the indoor pool, an ocean outlook from your windows—dancing in the Pompeiian Grill at night or Japanese tea room in the afternoon—all permit variety in recreation—make you dictator of your comfort and amusement. Very moderate rates—$6 and up, European plan. California bungalows. American and European plan. Write for booklet.

THE AMBASSADOR HOTELS SYSTEM
Ambassador, Atlantic City
Ambassador, New York
Ambassador, Santa Barbara
Ambassador, Los Angeles
Alexandria, Los Angeles



The TRAYMORE
ATLANTIC CITY

WINTER and its magic. An atmosphere of gayety, color and life—that is the Traymore, World's Greatest Hotel Success.

Luxury and elegance in this most beautiful hotel right on the sea; winter attractions all along the great ocean promenade; a delightful climate—it is truly The Place of Happy Living. Golf the year 'round—two courses.

The Restaurant Traymore, with its old-world cuisine; Submarine Grill—most unique in the world; Superior music; Library Tower, Rose Room; Polychrome Rotunda, three ocean promenade decks, are details which emphasize the Traymore as unique. Sea and fresh baths attached all rooms. American or European plan. Fireproof throughout. Floor charts sent.

DANIEL S. WHITE, Pres. JOSEPH W. MOTT, Gen'l Mgr.
New York Booking Office: Times Building
Phone: Bryant 9225

NEW JERSEY.

PUDDING STONE INN
This is a good place to come, if you desire to be quiet, to rest, to be in the wood. You may look off across the broad valley to the rising sun, whirling storm, the twinkling lights of the distant village. Just an hour to good food, warm rooms, electric lighted with running water. Folder. Open all year. G. N. VINCENT, Boonton, N. J.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Hotel Fredonia
ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
At Tennessee Ave. just off the Boardwalk with beach-front service and appointments at moderate rates. European plan Restaurant attached under personal supervision of G. W. CARMANY

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL COTTAGES
on the Beach. Cap. 600
CONVENIENT TO ALL AMUSEMENTS
Sea Baths DIET KITCHEN Orchestra
Family Patronage Invited
C. L. HANSTEIN LYMAN J. WATROUS
President Sec't. & Mgr.

HOTEL
CHELSEA
Occupying entire block of ocean front in the fashionable Chelsea section.
300 bed chambers with private baths (fresh and sea water). High-class orchestra, cafe, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet. Open all year. J. B. THOMPSON & CO.

SHAPIRO'S
HOTEL BRITAIN
Vermont & Oriental Aves.
Fireproof—Elevator—Dietary Laws. Formerly of Maryland Ave. Bookings for season upon application.

The Breakers
OCEAN FRONT FIREPROOF
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS

"THE PENNHURST"
Michigan Ave., at Boardwalk. Capacity 250. Running hot and cold water in rooms. Suites with bath. Private garage. Special holiday rates. WM. R. HOOD, Prop.

The WILTSHIRE
Virginia Av. and Beach. Cap. 350. Private baths; running water; elevator, etc. Amer. plan. SAMUEL ELLIS, Owner. N. J. COLLINS, Mgr.

THE SENATOR Virginia Ave. at Boardwalk. Fireproof. Amer. Plan $4.00 day. Come now and spend the holidays with us. Comfortable, homelike Christmas with bountiful trees. Will you be here?

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

Lakewood Hotel
LAKEWOOD, N.J.
NOW OPEN—CAPACITY 900
Newly furnished and redecorated throughout. Spacious parlors and lounging rooms. Handsome ballroom. Exquisite music. Rooms with baths.
N. JACOBS—R. WINKLER
Managing Directors

LAUREL-IN-THE-PINES
Lakewood, N. J.
Situated among the Pines and overlooking Lake Carasaljo
New "Pines Grill"—18 hole Golf Course
Private Tennis Courts, Riding, Shaded Walks, Fishing, Music. Private Garage.
New Electro-hydrotherapy Bath system.
FRANK P. SHUTE, Manager.
Branch Office of GEO. A. HUHN & SONS, Members New York Stock Exchange.

HOTEL EMBASSY
Formerly Hotel Ambassador. Ideal location. Every appointment. Running water, private baths. Music, dancing. Hungarian cuisine. Moderate rates. Phones 251. Zeolnay, Wiener & Marion, Inc.

NEW ENGLAND.

If You Are Tired or Need a Change
YOU WILL FIND THE
WELDON HOTEL
GREENFIELD, MASS.
One of the most comfortable in New England. It affords all home comforts without extravagance.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

HAMILTON
14th & K Sts., N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
A Select Family and Transient Hotel
Ideal Location. Modern appointments and home-like. Good table. American plan. Rates reasonable. Special rates for a protracted stay. Booklet. Irving T. Ball, Prop.

SOUTHERN STATES.

NEW ORLEANS
"The Paris of America"
Central Ticket Offices of all Principal Railroad and Steamship Lines in St. Charles Lobby. Illustrated Folder on Request.
The St. Charles
One of America's leading hotels. Accommodating over 1000 guests.
ALFRED S. AMER & CO., Ltd.
Proprietors

Early Golf & Hunting
PINE FOREST INN
and COTTAGES,
Summerville, S. C.
Open December 1
Special December and January Tournaments
The most delightful months for golfers. Superb 18-hole golf course. Tennis, saddle and carriage horses. Cuisine and service on par with the best Metropolitan hotels. Quail, Wild Turkey, Fox and Deer hunting.
F. W. Wagener & Co.....Owners
Willard A. Senna.....Manager

FRANKLIN ARMS
FORT MYERS FLORIDA
Franklin Arms Hotel
FORT MYERS
Florida
Now open. Rooms with or without bath. Finest hunting and fishing. 18-hole Ross Golf Course. Tennis and Bathing.
Booklet on Request.
E. V. McANDREW, Manager.

Florida's Most Attractive Resort
Hotel Royal Palm
FORT MYERS
On the beautiful Caloosahatchee River
OPEN JAN. 8th TO APRIL 10th.
18-hole Golf Course, Grass Greens, Yachting, Horse Back Riding, Motoring, Tennis, Fine Fishing and Hunting. Sulphur Swimming Pool. Orchestra, Elevator, Superior Cuisine. Accommodates 200.
Every Room with Private Bath.
J. L. NELSON, Manager.
For Booklet Address Town & Country, 8 W. 40th St., New York.

THE KIRKWOOD
On Camden Heights
SOUTH CAROLINA
OPEN JAN. TO MAY
18-hole Golf, Riding, Climate
T. EDMUND KRUMBHOLZ

QUI-SI-SANA SPA HOTEL
Green Cove Springs, Florida.
Fireproof hotel with modern improvements and conveniences. Hot sulpho-magnesia springs and baths, golf, bathing casino, tennis, hunting. Rates $5.00 per day and upwards with meals.
Summer connection: Hotel Dunmore, Lake Dunmore, Vt.; Hotel Marion, Lake George, N. Y. ROSCOE A. MARVEL.

PARTRIDGE INN
AUGUSTA, GA.
SEASON JAN. 3rd TO APRIL.
Capacity 200.
IDEAL WINTER CLIMATE.
Two of the Finest 18-Hole Golf Courses in the South, Nearby.

EUSTIS FLORIDA The heart of the Lake Region.
OCKLAWAHA HOTEL.
A charming Winter hotel, beautifully remodeled. Good Golf, Fishing, Sailing, Hunting, Motoring. Reasonable Rates.
Lewis N. Wiggins, Owner and Manager.

MORGANTON, N. C., in famous Piedmont section, sixty miles east of Asheville. For rent, lovely furnished apartment; well heated, five rooms and two baths, or three rooms and bath. MRS. MARY PERKINS.

The American Riviera
FLORIDA EAST COAST
Write for Booklet and Information to
FLORIDA EAST COAST, 243 5th Ave., New York

HOTEL CLARENDON SEABREEZE, FLORIDA.
and cottages. Directly on ocean; 18-hole golf course. N. Y. BOOKING OFFICE, 1265 B'way.

THE BELLEVIEW
and COTTAGES
CLEARWATER HEIGHTS, *Florida*



One of the loveliest spots in all Florida. A great Southern Winter home, set in a fragrant palm garden, kissed by the lazy ripples of the Gulf. Sport and gayety—comfort and rest—and the most interesting of companions.

Two 18-hole Donald Ross courses with tournaments the season through. Clay tennis courts. Competent instructors for golf and tennis. Bathing, trap-shooting, motoring, horseback riding, airplaning. Yachting and game fishing on the Gulf. Morning symphony concerts, evening dances. Kindergarten and elementary classes for children under competent instructors.

Opens January 6th—*Through Pullmans to the door. Address The Belleview, New York, for information or reservations.*

JOHN McE. BOWMAN, Pres. EARLE E. CARLEY, V. P. C. A. JUDKINS, Mgr.

Florida's Newest and Most Beautiful Hotel
THE FLAMINGO
Miami Beach, Florida
AMERICA'S WINTER PLAYGROUND
OPENS JANUARY FIRST
Fireproof. 200 Rooms, each with Private Bath
Exceptional Appointments, Service and Cuisine
18 and 9 Hole Golf Courses
Bathing in Ocean or Pool
Polo—Yachting—Fishing—Tennis—Ideal Motor Roads
UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE FURNISHED BUNGALOWS
For Information and Booklet Address
C. S. KROM, Manager

Tampa Bay Hotel
Tampa Bay On the Beautiful West Coast of Florida
SEASON JAN. 1ST TO APRIL 16TH
This Magnificent Hotel affords accommodations of the highest order and is Famous for its cuisine. The hotel is a fireproof building, surrounded by sixty-five acres of Tropical Park.
Two Eighteen-Hole Golf Courses
Palma Ceia Golf Association—Rocky Point Golf Club.
IDEAL CLIMATE, BOATING, FISHING, TENNIS, MOTORING, HUNTING, WITH INSTRUCTORS, GUIDES AND ATTENDANTS.
For information and reservations address
TAMPA BAY HOTEL, TAMPA, FLORIDA. W. F. ADAMS, Manager. H. A. HASKELL, Asst. Manager.

SOUTHERN STATES.

THE DESPLAND
The Largest and Most Modern Hotel at
DAYTONA
ON THE FAMOUS FLORIDA "EAST COAST"
OPEN JAN. 3rd. Booklet.
SUPERB OCEAN BEACH
SEA BATHING
GOLF
TENNIS
FISHING
BOATING
DANCING
ORCHESTRA
AFTERNOON TEA
MANY PRIVATE BATHS
HOT AND COLD RUNNING WATER IN PRACTICALLY EVERY ROOM
ELEVATOR
STEAM HEAT
ELECTRIC LIGHT
LEON M. WAITE, Manager.

THREE HILLS, WARM SPRINGS
Bath County, Virginia.
Five Miles From Hot Springs.
Elev. 2,700 ft. Fine mountain scenery, driving, riding. Accommodations in private family for few guests, all year. Large, attractive house, two cottages; garage; electricity; vapor heat, open fires; 40 acres; good table, own garden, eggs, milk, butter.
Tennis court, famous golf links 15 min. by automobile.
$40 and above a week; references.
Apply, MISS ELOISE JOHNSTON

Hotel Windsor, Jacksonville's largest hotel and one of Florida's finest. Faces beautiful Hemming Park, convenient to theatres and shopping centre. Big airy bedrooms, sun parlors, unique dining rooms. Robert R. Meyer, Prop.
J. E. Kavanaugh, Manager. Jacksonville, Fla.

Hotel Bon Air AUGUSTA GA.
Delightful for a Winter Vacation
OPEN DECEMBER 15th
Two full 18-hole courses—in splendid condition
C. G. TRUSSELL, *Manager*

HOTEL SALT AIR WEST PALM BEACH.
Leading hotel, entire block lake front, overlooking Royal Poinciana; hot & cold running water & phone every room; private baths, private balconies, overlooking tropical gardens; spacious verandas; ocean bathing, golf, fishing, sailing; most delightful social life in America. STRAAT & MAAS.

GOLF AT ST. AUGUSTINE
HOTEL ALCAZAR
New Open
PONCE DE LEON
Opens January 4th
FLORIDA'S IDEAL WINTER CLIMATE
Palm Beach Hotel Modern, hotel 200, rate. Lee Annex, more moderate rates. Warm sea bathe.

MICHIGAN.

MOUNT CLEMENS MINERAL BATHS
World renowned for Rheumatism, Nervousness and that run-down condition. Open all the year. Twenty miles from Detroit. Write for Booklet. Business Men's Assoc., Mt. Clemens, Mich.

BERMUDA.

REACHED IN TWENTY MINUTES FROM STEAMBOAT LANDING BY CARRIAGE OR FERRY.
Hotel Belmont
Delightfully located on high elevation Overlooking Hamilton Harbour
Shady Nooks, Pleasant Walks, Beautiful Drives, Boating, Bathing, Tennis, Music, Twenty Acres of Land.
Table Supplied from Home Farm. Electric lights, steam heat, private baths, telephones, hot and cold water in every room. Everything new and up to date in furnishings. Excellent table and service.
Broad Verandas and Spacious Sun Parlors.
RATES—$6.00, $6.50 & $7.00; with private bath $7.00, $7.50 and $8.00
Weekly rates on application.
W. H. WOOD, Mgr.,
Warwick, East Bermuda.
Open Dec. 6th, 1920.

"40 Hours from frost to flowers"



The Hamilton Hotel
BERMUDA
"The Queen of Winter Resorts"
The largest and finest hotel on the Islands—and of fireproof construction; modern in equipment and operation. Golf, tennis, bathing, riding, driving, dancing, fishing, bathing in the sea, glass enclosed sun parlor 200 feet long. Grill, 400 outside rooms—250 with connecting bath. Open Dec. 20.
—Hamilton Hotel Company, Ltd.—
MANAGEMENT OF F. A. SMEDBERG
N. Y. Office, 425 5th Ave., Room Travel Bureau (Booklet). Cable address "Hotel Bermuda."

The Ideal Winter Resort
PRINCESS HOTEL
BERMUDA
HOWE & TWOROGER, Managers.
Directly on the Harbor. Accommodates 400. OPEN DEC. 4 TO MAY 1.
Reached by Steamers of Furness Bermuda Line, Whitehall St., N. Y.

LABOR CRISIS IN ENGLAND

(Continued from Page 3.)

at the present time must be accepted as the representative organizations through which the workers seek to achieve their aspirations. I have said that the latest returns show the aggregate membership of trade unions in the United Kingdom to be 6,790,662. The most powerful unions and their memberships are as follows:

Union.	Membership.
Miners' Federation of Great Britain	900,000
National Union of Railway Men	481,000
National Union of General Workers	444,381
Workers' Union	485,000
Amalgamated Engineering Union	328,930
Amalgamated Association of Operative Cotton Spinners	25,000
Card and Blowing Room Operatives	76,000
Carpenters', Cabinet Makers' and Joiners' Amalgamated Society	152,083
National Union of Boot and Shoe Operatives	101,000
Dock, Wharf and Riverside Workers' Union	119,819
National Sailors' and Firemen's Union	75,000
Boiler Makers and Iron and Steel Shipbuilders	100,000
Agricultural Workers' Union	130,000
Electrical Trades Union	55,000
Printing and Paper Workers	70,000
Textile Workers, General Union	90,096
Weavers, Northern Counties Amal	218,630
Union of Post Office Workers	80,000
Shop Assistants	89,000
United Vehicle Workers	100,000
National Union of Vehicle Workers	30,000
Women Workers' Federation	30,000

In all more than two hundred separate unions are affiliated with the Trade Union Congress, and it is interesting to note that recent affiliations have associated with the congress bodies of workers who not many years ago would have regarded the holding of trade union principles as "not quite respectable." In this respect one may call attention to the Actors' Association with 6,000 members, the Variety Artistes Federation with 5,000, the National Union of Journalists, 5,000; the National Union of Teachers, 10,000, and the Amalgamated Musicians' Union, 17,000.

Fixing Minimum Wages.

The great development of trade unions and the adoption of trade union methods by "black coated" workers must be ascribed in great measure to the reluctance in past years of employers to concede fair wages and conditions of employment in a voluntary spirit. What the workers have secured they have obtained by fighting or through the pressure made possible by combination. It was never sufficient that a percentage of employers were anxious without trade union compulsion to improve the lot of their workers. The extent to which they could increase wages was determined by the competition of less scrupulous masters who would not yield a shilling unless it was forced out of them. Even today the workers least remunerated for their services are those engaged in industries which are not strongly organized.

There are still employers who seem unable to learn anything from the experience of others. In certain trades where the workers were unable to help themselves the State has had to interfere to secure for them a subsistence wage. This is done through the medium of trade boards. The boards are set up under an act of Parliament designed to secure the fixing of minimum rates of wages for stated industries. Each board consists of representatives of the employers and the workpeople in the trade, together with several persons (usually three) appointed by the Minister of Labor. Apart from their primary function of fixing legal minimum rates of payment the boards are also under a statutory obligation to consider questions on industrial matters referred to them by Government departments, and are authorized by statute to make recommendations with regard to industrial conditions in their trades. Among the trades to which the act has already been applied are those concerned with boot repairing, chainmaking, the manufacture of brooms and brushes, hollowwares, confectionery, paper box making, paper bag making, shirtmaking and the tailoring and tobacco trades.

Clerks, civil servants, school teachers, musicians and similar workers have found it necessary to resort to combination to secure salaries which so far as minimum rates are concerned are little if any better now than the weekly wage earned by unskilled but organized labor.

"Direct Action" Disapproved.

On the whole it cannot be contended that the trade unions have abused their power. During the last eighteen months several attempts have been made to persuade the movement to use industrial or "direct action" to achieve political ends, but the majority of the leaders of the unions are averse to such a policy. Among the miners it found a certain amount of approval owing to a belief that nationalization of the mines might be forced by a strike, but a special Trade Union Congress refused support for any "down tools" movement for such a purpose. The miners themselves now agree that nationalization must be fought for politically through the ballot box and not by strike action. Only one "direct action" decision of importance has yet been taken. This related to the formation in conjunction with the Labor Party of a council of action to watch the progress of the war between Poland and Soviet Russia and was designed to prevent intervention on behalf of Poland by the British Government. As intervention was never contemplated, the Council of Action has not had occasion to test how far the members of the unions would respond to a call to cease work for a non-industrial object.

On industrial questions just now there is some rather muddled thinking by the less intelligent leaders and a good deal of mischievous propaganda within the unions by extremists, who would like to overthrow the existing officials and replace them. The time has now undoubtedly come when applications for higher wages can no longer be entertained in many trades without actual injury to industry and the community. Where leaders and workers have gone most wrong is in restricting output with the idea that in this way unemployment will be avoided. Unemployment before the war was a spectre which continually haunted many classes of workers. During the war, both in and out of the army, they learned "how to make a job last," and this spirit has been carried back into workshops which have to conduct business on an economic footing. "Ca' canny" it is alleged is particularly marked in the building trades and has forced up the cost of house building to a level which would be prohibitive but for the Government subsidy granted to builders engaged on housing schemes.

Incentive to Co-operate.

Several prominent trade union leaders have not been afraid to expose the fallacy of the contention that a slowing down of production is a remedy against unemployment, but large numbers of workers have yet to be convinced on the subject. The Government is fully awake to the necessity of getting greater production, and for this reason insisted that any further advance in wages granted to the miners should be made dependent on output. In a rather indirect way they carried their point, and the settlement gives the miners the most direct incentive to cut more coal that men could have as a pocket incentive. The settlement goes further than this. It makes not only wages but the coal owners' profits variable as output varies. Therefore, for the first time since the owners were guaranteed their profits on a pre-war basis—this was done under Government control of the industry—both owners and work people are given the same incentive to co-operate for greater production. The miners have hitherto contended, probably with a good deal of justification, that they were hindered in any effort to increase output by obstacles put in their way by the employers.

During the last four years the position has been that the owners were assured of at least their pre-war profits, but had no great inducement to create additional profits, as nine-tenths of these were seized by the Government for the Exchequer. It would have been contrary to human nature if they had helped to develop production involving the more rapid exhaustion of their wasting assets—i. e., the coal within a practicable radius of their pit-shafts—under such a limitation of their share of the proceeds. It is in the offer of a pecuniary incentive to both parties to get more coal that hope may be taken that the recent settlement will result in increased output. There does not seem to be any real prospect that the system will be applied to other industries, as these have not been subject to control like the coal mines. In industry generally the best hope of better production must be looked for in the instinct of self-preservation on the part of the workers. As soon as men find, as they are beginning to find now, that inadequacy of output means scarcity of employment instead of security of employment, they may be trusted to adapt their methods to the circumstances.

The Whitley Councils.

There can be no doubt that British firms are losing orders every day because of their inability to quote firm prices, and the trade unions, particularly the rank and file membership, must realize that firm prices cannot be quoted so long as they continue to add one wage demand to another. If, as is now probable, food prices and the cost of clothing and other articles fall to an appreciable extent, the men may prove willing to listen to reason and agree that for a definite period present wages shall be stabilized and efforts made to increase output. The vast majority of the trade unionists are not fools.

Once the workers have sufficiently grasped the dangers of the present situation Whitley councils may be expected to play a greater part in regulating conditions of employment. The origin and character of these councils may be explained as follows:

In March, 1917, a Government-appointed subcommittee which had considered the "Relations of Employers and Employed" presented "an interim report on Joint Standing Industrial Councils." This is generally known as the Whitley report and takes it familiar title from the name of the Chairman of the committee. The report recommended:

1. The establishment of joint standing industrial councils, composed of representatives of employer and employed, regard being paid to the various sections of the industry and classes of labor employed.

2. The setting up by these national councils of district councils representative of the trade unions and of the employers' associations in a district, to be created or developed out of the existing machinery for negotiations in the various trades.

3. The establishment in particular works of works committees of the management and the workers.

The Guild Movement.

It was suggested that the councils should consider such questions as the settlement of the general principles governing the conditions of employment, the establishment of regular methods of negotiation and means of assuring to the work people the greatest possible security of earnings and employment without undue restriction upon change of occupation or employers. Neither employers nor trade unions received the report with marked enthusiasm, but during the last two years councils have been created in over fifty industries and have performed very useful service.

Some attention has been directed recently to what is known as the Guild movement. Guild socialism is comparatively a new idea which is piling up a literature of its own and securing many adherents. In its initial stages it may be described as a compromise between the old conception of socialism (a collectivist conception of the supremacy of the State as the owner and controller of all the means of life), and the later conception of syndicalism which would eliminate the State and intrust the ownership and control of each industry to the workers of that industry. Guild Socialists believe that all industries should be owned by the State, run by the workers in the respective industries, but sufficiently controlled by the State to prevent one industry preying on another. A phase of the movement may be observed in the local creation of building guilds which are at present seeking to get contracts from municipal authorities for the operation of housing schemes.

Some theorists have an opinion that unrest might be diminished and labor aspirations satisfied if employers admitted their work people to a share in the management of their businesses. A few experiments in co-partnership have been tried, but it would be difficult to point to any substantial firm in the country which has really surrendered one iota of its managerial powers to work people, nor to any firm which has the least intention of doing so. On the contrary, it may be recalled that in August this year the engineering employers threatened to lock out the electricians and bring to a standstill half a million men because a branch of the electrical trade union objected to the actions of a non-union foreman in a particular works at Penistone, near Sheffield. The extent to which employers in that case were prepared to go rather than abandon their rights to appoint and instruct their own foremen may be regarded as the measure of the resistance of employers to the concession of any share in management to their employes.

PLAYGROUNDS IN AUSTRIA.

LAND which is not in use, and which is not expected to be used in the immediate future, may now be requisitioned in Austria by national, provincial or municipal authorities and used as public playgrounds. Provisions to this effect were contained in a law enacted by the Austrian National Assembly recently, according to a report received by the Children's Bureau of the United States Department of Labor.



The Knight-Motored Stearns Red-Blooded—Powerful!

Great power in reserve to level the stubborn hills; amazing flexibility and deep upholstery to assure comfort in riding; distinctive lines to remove you from the commonplace—and economy of operation to soothe the "pocket nerve."

Prices $2,750 to $5,000, F. O. B. New York City.

Prices Guaranteed to July 1, 1921

Stearns

"The Ultimate Car"

The new models are now on display in our showrooms. Be sure and see them.

F. B. Stearns Company
of New York
12 Central Park West, Cor. 61st St.
Telephone Circle 7603

STEAMSHIPS

SOUTH AMERICA



Luxuriously appointed passenger steamers of 17,000 tons displacement sailing from New York.

	S. S. Vasari Jan. 8
Pernambuco	
Bahia	S. S. Byron Jan. 22
Rio de Janeiro	S. S. Vauban Feb. 10
Montevideo	
Buenos Aires	S. S. Tennyson Feb. 22

Also frequent large and fast cargo steamers with comfortable accommodation for a few passengers. Connections for all parts of South America. For rates, etc., apply Company's office, 42 Broadway, N. Y.

LAMPORT & HOLT LINE

CPOS
CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES

Quickest time Across the Pacific

To the ORIENT

10 Days to JAPAN
14 Days to CHINA
17 Days to MANILA

TRAVEL IN COMFORT ON THE
Empress of Russia
Empress of Asia

Luxurious Accommodations; Single Cabins, Double Cabins, Suites—Bedroom, Sitting Room, Private Bathroom.

TO EUROPE

ST. JOHN, N. B., to LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW, LONDON, SOUTHAMPTON, HAVRE, ANTWERP.

1231 Broadway, New York.
Phone Longacre 4110.
The Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.

U.S. MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY Inc.

100% American 100% Service

NEW YORK to QUEENSTOWN (Westbound) —BOULOGNE—LONDON
First Class Only

Sailings:
PANHANDLE STATE.....Jan. 1, Feb. 5
OLD NORTH STATE.....Jan. 15, Feb. 19

NEW YORK to BREMEN and DANZIG direct



S. S. SUSQUEHANNA
Cabin and Third Class Only
Sailing Dec. 30-Feb. 19
Passenger Dept., 45 Broadway, N.Y. 'Phone 1200 Whitehall
Freight Dept., 120 Broadway, N.Y. 'Phone 6300 Rector.

ITALIAN LINES
NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
TRANSOCEANICA
LA VELOCE
NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA
ALSO THROUGH RATES TO TRIESTE, LEVANT, PALESTINE, SYRIA AND BLACK SEA PORTS

F. PALASCIANO	Dec. 21
**DUCA D'AOSTA	Dec. 31
*AMERICA	Jan. 11
F. PALASCIANO	Feb. 13
**DUCA D'AOSTA	Feb. 13

**From Philadelphia day previous.
*To Naples, Levant and Black Sea.
By New Large Twin-Screw Steamers.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION APPLY ITALIA-AMERICA, INC.,
1 State St., N. Y. Phone Bowling Green 9480
203 So. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

AUSTRALIA
NEW ZEALAND—SOUTH SEAS.
Via Tahiti and Raratonga. Mail and passenger service from San Francisco, sailing every 28 days. UNION STEAMSHIP CO. OF NEW ZEALAND.
316 California St., San Francisco, Cal., or THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, N.Y.

SOUTH AMERICA
DIRECT PASSENGER SERVICES

NEW YORK—VALPARAISO
Regular Sailings
Havana, Cristobal, Callao, Mollendo, Arica, Iquique, Antofagasta, Valparaiso. ESSEQUIBO, DEC. 21 EBRO, JAN. 29

NEW YORK—GUAYAQUIL
Regular Sailings
Cristobal, Buenaventura, Esmeraldas, Bahia, Manta, Guayaquil
QUILLOTA, DEC. 29 QUILPUE, JAN. 22

HAVANA—VALPARAISO
and Intermediate Ports
ORTEGA, DEC. 28 ORIANA, JAN. 31 ORCOMA, FEB. 28

CRISTOBAL—VALPARAISO
and Intermediate Ports
Regular Sailings

CRISTOBAL—CHAMPERICO
Calling at
Punta Arenas, San Juan, Corinto, Amapala, La Union, La Libertad, Acajutla and San Jose
Regular Sailings

ENGLAND—BRAZIL—ARGENTINA
Frequent Sailings by Large Mail Steamers

PACIFIC LINE
The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.

ROYAL MAIL
The Royal Mail Steam Packet Company

NELSON LINE
H. & W. Nelson, Ltd.

South Africa From England by Union-Castle Line
The Union-Castle Mail Steamship Company, Ltd.

Sanderson & Son
GENERAL AGENTS.
26 Broadway, New York
PHONE BROAD 2360.
or Any Steamship Ticket Agent.



PANAMA and the Panama Canal, a vital interest to every American. On your Great White Fleet Cruise this winter.

Also, Havana and Santiago, Cuba; Port Antonio and Kingston, Jamaica; Port Limon and San Jose, Costa Rica; Cartagena, Puerto Colombia and Santa Marta, Colombia—depending on the Cruise selected.

Sailings bi-weekly from New York and New Orleans. Great White Fleet ships are the newest and finest in Caribbean Cruise Service. Only one class—First Class.

Write for Illustrated Folder, Cruise Leaflet and Trips Ashore Folder

Address Passenger Department
UNITED FRUIT COMPANY
17 Battery Place, New York
or
231 Fifth Ave., New York
General Offices 131 State Street Boston, Mass.

The CARIBBEAN CRUISE

GREAT WHITE FLEET

WHITE STAR LINE
Nearby Sailings

BALTIC..... 12 Noon Dec. 24 to Liverpool
OLYMPIC.... 1 P. M. Dec. 29 to Cherbourg and Southampton

NEW YORK—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON
OLYMPIC, 1 P.M. Dec. 29, Mar. 23, Apr. 20 | ADRIATIC, 12 Noon Jan. 19, Feb. 16, Mar. 16

New York—Liverpool

Baltic	12 Noon Dec. 24 — —
Celtic	12 Noon Jan. 15 Feb. 26 Apr. 2
Vedic	12 Noon Jan. 26 — —
Cedric	12 Noon — Feb. 5 Mar. 12

New York via Boston—Azores—Gibraltar Naples—Genoa

Canopic	3 P. M. Dec. 28 Feb. 19
Cretic	3 P. M. Jan. 5 Mar. 1

AMERICAN LINE

New York—Cherbourg—Southampton (COMMENCING DEC. 31, N. Y., Plymouth and Cherbourg.)

*Kroonland	12 Noon Dec. 31 Feb. 5 Mar. 12
*Lapland	12 Noon Jan. 8 Feb. 12 Mar. 19
*Finland	12 Noon Jan. 15 Feb. 19 Mar. 26
*Zeeland	12 Noon Jan. 22 Feb. 26 Apr. 2

*Red Star Line steamers en route Antwerp

New York—Hamburg Direct Service

MANCHURIA	12 Noon Jan. 13 Feb. 24
MONGOLIA	12 Noon Jan. 27 Mar. 10

RED STAR LINE

New York—Cherbourg—Southampton—Antwerp (COMMENCING DEC. 31, N. Y., Plymouth, Cherbourg and Antwerp.)

Kroonland	12 Noon Dec. 31 Feb. 5 Mar. 12
Lapland	12 Noon Jan. 8 Feb. 12 Mar. 19
Finland	12 Noon Jan. 15 Feb. 19 Mar. 26
Zeeland	12 Noon Jan. 22 Feb. 26 Apr. 2

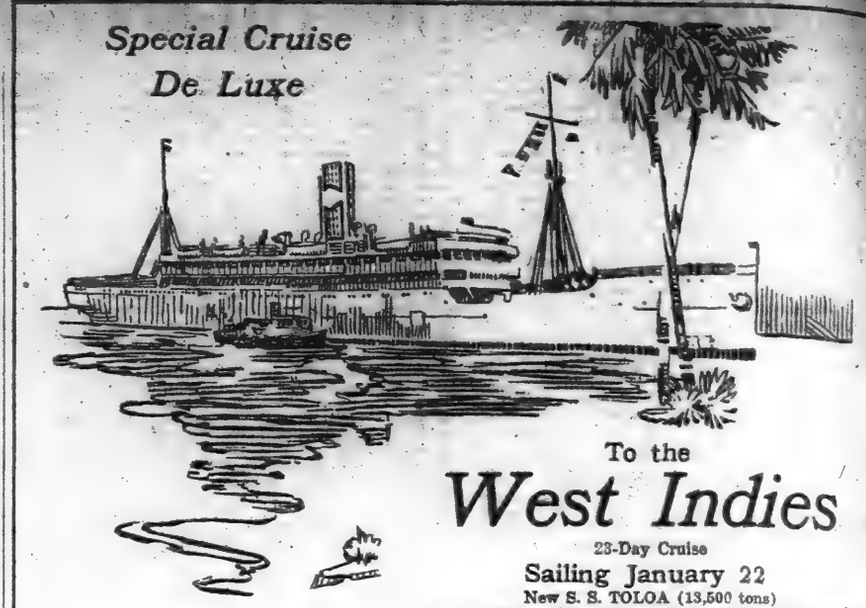
New York—Danzig—via Hamburg
Third Class Passengers Only.
Gothland.....12 Noon Jan. 12 Feb. 26

International Mercantile Marine Company
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York. Piers 53, 59, 60, 61, 62, North River.

AUSTRALIA
HONOLULU, SUVA, NEW ZEALAND
The Palatial Passenger Steamers
R.M.S. "Niagara" R.M.S. "Makura"
20,000 Tons 18,500 Tons
Sail from Vancouver, B. C.
For fares and sailings apply Canadian Pac. Ry., 1,231 Broadway, N. Y., or to Canadian-Australasian Royal Mail Line, 460 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

SPAIN
Compania Transmediterranea
REGULAR PASSENGER SERVICE TO CADIZ—BARCELONA
Tarragona—Valencia—Alicante—Cartagena—Malaga
S. S. MECOLANO.....Jan. 1
Manuel Romani, Agt. 82 Beaver Street Tel. Hanover 5580

Special Cruise De Luxe



To the *West Indies*

23-Day Cruise
Sailing January 22
New S. S. TOLOA (13,500 tons)
One of the newest and largest of the GREAT WHITE FLEET, visiting

Havana, Santiago, Port Antonio, Kingston, Panama, Port Limon, Costa Rica

Rates, including shore excursions and all expenses, $450 and up.

Most luxurious steamer, especially built for pleasure travel to the tropics; many rooms with bedsteads, private bath and suites. Palm gardens, deck games, music, etc.

For particulars address Dept. G

FRANK TOURIST CO.
(Established 1875)
489 Fifth Ave., Bet. 41st and 42d Sts., New York
Telephone Vanderbilt 7390

Other Tours and Cruises to
Japan, China—South America—Europe, Mediterranean—California, Honolulu—Bermuda—Florida, Cuba.
Send for Booklet of Tour Desired.

BERMUDA
"Nature's Fairyland"—2 Days from New York

Enchanting Isles for Rest or Play

Where else but to Bermuda can you be transported in two days' time by swift, palatial steamer and revel in health-giving, brilliant, summer sunshine, with gorgeous flowers everywhere and sports and recreations of widest variety beckoning you with irresistible appeal! Far from the madding crowds, in a quaint old-world setting of incomparable loveliness you may lastly rest, or play your favorite sports of golf, tennis, riding, driving, motor boating, sailing, bathing, and fishing, or dance at the gay parties at the many modern hotels. Join the many charming American families to whom Bermuda is each year a Mecca of vacation enjoyment.

NO PASSPORTS REQUIRED FOR BERMUDA

Special Steamship Sailings and Prominent Hotels Open in December.

Two Sailings Weekly, during Jan., Feb., Mar., and April, via Safe, Swift, De Luxe, Twin-Screw Steamers.

S. S. "FORT VICTORIA"
14,000 Tons Displacement.
Sailing from New York
Dec. 27, Jan. 8, 15, 22, 29.

S. S. "FORT HAMILTON"
11,000 Tons Displacement.
Sailing from New York
Dec. 22, Jan. 5, 12, 19, 26.

Send for descriptive Literature to

Furness Bermuda Line
34 Whitehall St., New York.
Tel. Bowling Green 7800.

Passenger Service to
Pacific Coast

SS CREOLE STATE
SAILS FROM BALTIMORE DEC. 27
Calling at Panama Canal, Los Angeles Harbor and San Francisco

SS CUBA
SAILS FROM BALTIMORE JAN. 10
Calling at Panama Canal, Central America, Los Angeles Harbor and San Francisco.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.
10 Hanover Sq., New York Telephone Bowling Green 4630
460 Exchange Pl. Baltimore, Md. Telephone St. Paul 6661

Direct Sailings for
PIRAEUS
By the following steamers of
THE GREEK LINE

S. S. THEMISTOCLES	Dec. 20
S. S. PATRIS	Dec. 31
S.S. KING ALEXANDER	Jan. 13

(Ex. S. S. Cleveland of Hamburg-Am. Line)

S. S. MEGALI HELLAS. Jan. 21

N. GALANOS & COMPANY
20 Pearl St. Phone Bowling Green 9060.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service

NEW YORK—HAVRE—PARIS

LA TOURAINE	Dec. 21 Jan. 15 Mar. 12
LA SAVOIE	Dec. 22 Jan. 29 Feb. 26
LEOPOLDINA	Dec. 28 Feb. 19 .....
ROCHAMBEAU	Jan. 4 Mar. 8 Apr. 12
LA LORRAINE	Jan. 6 Feb. 5 Apr. 2
FRANCE	Jan. 20 Feb. 17 Mar. 17
CHICAGO	Feb. 15 Mar. 19 Apr. 26

NEW YORK—BORDEAUX

CAROLINE	Dec. 29

HAMBURG DIRECT

NIAGARA	Jan. 8

COMPANY'S OFFICE, 19 STATE ST., N. Y.

Norwegian America Line
NORWAY
SWEDEN—DENMARK
Continental Europe
Modern Twin Screw Steamers
Bergenfjord ....Jan. 7 Feb. 18
Stavangerfjord ....Jan. 22 Mar. 11
Passenger Office, 9-15 Bridge St., N. Y.

CUNARD-ANCHOR

Historical places and institutions in Europe—always a source of information and education—may be visited to advantage at this time of the year. Your comfort is assured if you travel on one of our steamers.

Passenger and Freight Services from New York

IMPERATOR	Cherbourg and Southampton	Dec. 23	Jan. 20 Feb. 18
CARMANIA	Liverpool	Dec. 28	Jan. 22 Feb. 19
CALABRIA	Gibraltar, Naples, Patras, Dubrovnik & Trieste	Dec. 28	— —
VAUBAN	Liverpool	Jan. 4	— —
CARONIA	Mediterranean Cruise	Jan. 15	— —
COLUMBIA	Londonderry and Glasgow	Jan. 15	Feb. 19 Mar. 26
K. A. VICTORIA	Liverpool	Jan. 15	Feb. 10 —
SAXONIA	Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg	Jan. 18	Mar. 1 Apr. 12
PANNONIA	Piraeus, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Jan. 22	— —
AQUITANIA	Cherbourg and Southampton	Jan. 25	Feb. 22 Mar. 22
ALBANIA (New)	Plymouth, Cherbourg and London	Feb. 1	Mar. 15 Apr. 19
SCYTHIA (New)	Liverpool	Mar. 5	Apr. 2 Apr. 23
CAMERONIA (New)	Londonderry and Glasgow	Mar. 5	Apr. 6 May 4
MAURETANIA	Cherbourg and Southampton	Mar. 10	Apr. 7 May 12

List of Later Sailings on Request

THE R.M.S. "CARONIA" will sail on January 15th for a seven weeks' cruise to the
MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT and the NILE
The most tempting opportunity to make this trip—a CUNARD LINER, CUNARD CUISINE, CUNARD SERVICE and an itinerary planned with only one aim—that of the passengers' enjoyment and comfort.

OFFICES: 21-24 State Street, New York

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA



Fast Palatial Passenger Steamships of 21,000 tons to

JAPAN, CHINA AND MANILA

From Seattle to Hong Kong via Yokohama, Kobe, Nagasaki, Shanghai and Manila

ALSO FREIGHT SERVICES.
Seattle to the Far East—Fortnightly. New York to the Orient via Panama—Frequently. New York to British Indian Ports—Monthly.
For Particulars of Passage or Freight Apply to Company's Offices.
120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
RAILWAY EXCHANGE, CHICAGO. COLMAN BUILDING, SEATTLE.

PANAMA—PERU—CHILE

6 DAYS 11 DAYS 18 DAYS

Fastest Direct Service

S. S. Santa Luisa	Dec. 29
S. S. Santa Teresa	Jan. 12
S. S. Santa Ana	Jan. 26
S. S. Santa Elisa	Feb. 9

First Cabin Exclusively
Excellent Cuisine—Every Comfort
Spacious Staterooms—Rooms with Bath

GRACE LINE
W. R. GRACE & CO., AGENTS
10 Hanover Square Tel. Bowling Green 4630 New York, N. Y.

FRANKS
TOURS - CRUISES

NO RUSHING—NO CROWDING—EVERYTHING FIRST CLASS.

The number of members of all parties is strictly limited. An experienced gentleman will escort each party as tour manager, and will attend to all details so as to ensure the comfort and enjoyment of the members. Only the best steamers, railroads and hotels will be used, and the liberal program of included sightseeing trips will be arranged in 5 or 7 passenger autos, or when preferable by the universal conveyance of the country visited.

WEST INDIES

23 Days
Special De Luxe Cruise Sailing January 22
New S. S. TOLOA (13,500 tons)
one of the newest and largest steamers of the GREAT WHITE FLEET, visiting
Havana, Santiago, Port Antonio, Kingston, Panama, Port Limon, Costa Rica
Rates, including shore excursions and all expenses, $450 and upward. Steamer one of those especially built for pleasure travel with broad decks, spacious public rooms with bedsteads, private bath and every facility for deck games, music, etc.

CHINA—JAPAN
Philippines—Honolulu
Small de luxe parties with escort. Each limited to 12 members. Sailing from San Francisco Jan. 8 Feb. 6 Mar. 11 Apr. 12 Returning May 12 June 12 June 28 Aug. 8

MEDITERRANEAN
Riviera, Northern Africa, Egypt, Holy Land, Italy, France
Small de luxe parties with escort. Each limited to 15 members. Sailing from New York [illegible] and later.
Tours of 70 days and longer, including a 1 or 2 months' sojourn in Paris, according to amount of time at all places visited.

SOUTH AMERICA
Panama—East and West Coasts—Andes Mountains
Small de luxe parties with escort. Each limited to 15 members. Sailing from New York—Dec 29 Jan. 12 Jan. 26 Feb. 9 Feb. 23
Returning—Mar. 10 Mar. 24 Apr. 9 Apr. 21 May 5

CALIFORNIA & HONOLULU
Through California by private touring autos:
Grand Canyon—Apache Trail—Coast Resorts, etc.
Special Steamer via Panama
Small de luxe parties with escort. Each limited to 15 members. Departures: January, February and March.

BERMUDA
Special Christmas Tours
Frequent departures; $75 and up for round trip. Tours of 7 days and longer, including hotels, transportation and sightseeing, $108.50 and up.

FLORIDA—CUBA
Visiting
St. Augustine, Daytona, Palm Beach, Miami, Havana, etc.
Small de luxe parties with escort. Each limited to 15 members.

STEAMSHIP RESERVATIONS TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD
As official agents of all steamship companies we will be pleased to furnish latest sailing lists, diagrams, rate sheets, and secure most desirable reservations at companies' regular rates.

Send for Itineraries and Information of Tour Desired. Dept. G.

FRANK TOURIST CO.
Established 1875 Tel 7899 Vanderbilt.
489 Fifth Ave., bet. 41st and 42d Sts., New York
(Opposite Public Library)
Paris—10 Rue Edouard VII.

PORTO RICO
Splendid Voyage to An Ideal Winter Resort

A fascinating spot for a tropic holiday. Brilliant skies and waters. Quaint old Spanish towns and people. Charm and romance on every hand. Condado-Vanderbilt Hotel at San Juan is the finest resort hotel in the West Indies.

ALL-EXPENSE CRUISE
$180 AND UP

16 and 20 day cruises to and around this Island of Enchantment. Staunch modern steamers with every comfort. Rate covers all necessary expenses of meals and stateroom accommodations for entire trip to and around the Island and return to New York. Write for further particulars.

PORTO RICO LINE
11 Broadway, New York

Sailings from New York every Saturday and alternate Wednesday.



Clark's 17th Annual Cruise to the
MEDITERRANEAN AND EUROPE
will start Feb. 4, 1922, by specially chartered large ocean liner, 70 DAYS, first class, at a slight advance over former popular prices, including shore trips, hotels, guides, drives, etc. Programs ready and books open May 1st. Tours to Europe May, June, July, 1921.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

AMERICAN EXPRESS
TOURS AND CRUISES

CRUISE
TO THE
WEST INDIES
January 15th, S. S. "Ulua"

An enchanting cruise of 23 days on the palatial steamer "Ulua" of the Great White Fleet, built for cruising in the tropics. Nearly all staterooms are outside and have private bath. $450 and up, including Shore Excursions. On shipboard there will be deck sports, dancing and other forms of entertainment. Visits will be made to Havana and Santiago, Cuba; Port Antonio and Kingston, Jamaica; Cristobal, Panama Canal; Port Limon and San Jose, Costa Rica. The above cruise will be repeated February 19th, on the S. S. "Toloa," a sister ship of the "Ulua."

SOUTH AMERICA CRUISE
A Cruise-Tour—January 29th—70 Days—$2,200

Down the West Coast on the luxurious Pacific Line Steamer "Ebro"—up the East Coast via the Lamport & Holt Line. Itinerary includes the best there is to see in South America and the celebrated trip across the Andes. Seventy days of pleasure on land and sea. An extended program of sight-seeing in all the principal cities of South America.

TOURS TO CALIFORNIA
The American Express Company has purchased in advance hotel accommodations sufficient for all its patrons touring California this season. Tours at frequent intervals. Privilege of stopover and return with later tour. Write for details.

EUROPE
Winter tours to Northern Africa, Algeria and Tunisia, Sicily, Egypt and the Nile. Sailing from New York, Jan., Feb. and March.

ORIENT TOURS
Small parties under personal escort visiting: Honolulu, Japan, Manchuria, China and the Philippine Islands. Sailing from Jan. to July.

Write, wire or phone for details
Wherever you travel carry those spendable everywhere—
American Express Travelers Cheques

AMERICAN EXPRESS TOURS
TRAVEL DEPARTMENT
118 West 39th St. Fitz Roy 734 — 65 Broadway Bowling Green 10,000



AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL SERVICE
SATISFACTION COURTESY
"Comfort Without Extravagance"

SPECIAL TOURS AND CRUISES

MEDITERRANEAN
JAN., FEB., MAR.
45 Days—$795 up
FIRST CLASS THROUGHOUT
VISITING
PARIS — VENICE
NICE — ROME
MONTE CARLO — NAPLES
or
PAU — SAN SEBASTIAN
LOURDES — BARCELONA
BIARRITZ — MADRID
SEVILLE — GIBRALTAR

WEST INDIES
S. S. "MEGANTIC"
LV. NEW YORK JAN. 22ND.
25 Days—$400 up
FIRST CLASS THROUGHOUT
VISITING
HAVANA — BARBADOES
KINGSTON — MARTINIQUE
PANAMA CANAL
TRINIDAD — ST. THOMAS
SAN JUAN

WORLDWIDE TRAVEL SERVICE
Independent and Party Arrangements
CUBA, BERMUDA, FLORIDA, CALIFORNIA, SOUTH AMERICA, EUROPE, FAR EAST.
CHOICE STEAMSHIP RESERVATIONS.
ACCURATE PASSPORT INFORMATION.

AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL BUREAU
130 W. 42d St. — BUSH TERM. SALES BLDG. — Tel. Bryant 9800
15 Park Row — PARK ROW BLDG. — Tel. Barclay 5277
NEW YORK CITY
[illegible] BROAD ST., ROOM [illegible] TEL. MARKET 1173.

COOK'S
TRAVEL SERVICE
FIRST in 1841 — FIRST in 1920
Tours---Cruises---Individual Travel

TROPICAL CRUISES—Leaving New York Jan. 29 and March 12 by the S. S. "CALAMARES" and S. S. "ULUA" of the Great White Fleet. Twenty-three days; most attractive itineraries. Send for illustrated booklet.

EGYPT AND THE NILE—Cook's NILE Steamers will re-open service on Jan. 11. Steamers will run throughout the season to the first and second CATARACTS. Traffic will be heavy; early reservations should be made here.

CALIFORNIA from New York Dec. 30, Jan. 18, 27 and later. Delightfully planned Tours embracing Grand Canyon, Apache Trail, Southern California and Coast Resorts. Also nineteen-day cruises from Baltimore to Los Angeles and San Francisco via Panama Canal by luxurious Pacific Mail Steamers: S. S. "Creole State," Dec. 27; S. S. "Cuba," Jan. 10; S. S. "Golden State," Feb. 15.

JAPAN — CHINA — PHILIPPINES—Select Tours from Pacific Coast Jan. 24, Feb. 5, 19, March 5, 16, and April 2. Unusually well-planned itineraries.

SOUTH AMERICA—from New York Jan. 26, Feb. 8, 26, visiting all parts of EAST AND WEST COASTS.

AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, SOUTH SEA ISLANDS—Strictly limited party. A rare opportunity. Reservations now closing. Departure from Pacific Coast Jan. 12. Apply at once.

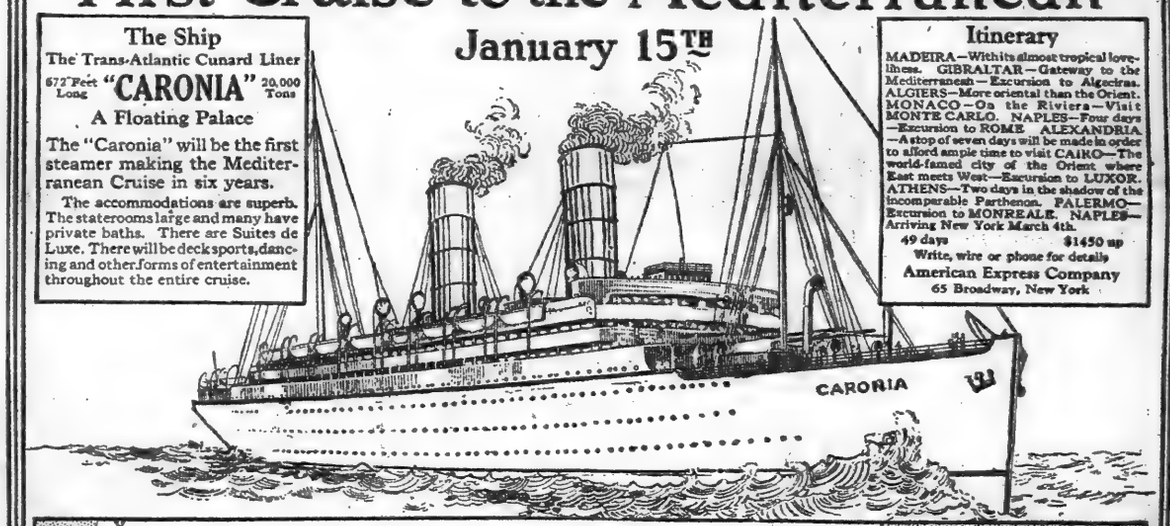
BERMUDA—Twice weekly. $81 up.

A MEDITERRANEAN CRUISE
by R. M. S. "Caronia" of the CUNARD LINE, sailing Jan. 15. A seven weeks' cruise. An exceptional opportunity. Well-planned shore excursions under guidance of competent COOK'S representatives. Apply immediately.

THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway, Opposite City Hall — *Telephone Barclay 7100*
561 Fifth Ave., Corner 46th Street — *Telephone Murray Hill 6171*

First Cruise to the Mediterranean
January 15TH

The Ship
The Trans-Atlantic Cunard Liner
672 Feet Long "CARONIA" 20,000 Tons
A Floating Palace
The "Caronia" will be the first steamer making the Mediterranean Cruise in six years.
The accommodations are superb. The staterooms large and many have private baths. There are Suites de Luxe. There will be deck sports, dancing and other forms of entertainment throughout the entire cruise.



Itinerary
MADEIRA—Withits almost tropical loveliness. GIBRALTAR—Gateway to the Mediterranean—Excursion to Algeciras. ALGIERS—More oriental than the Orient. MONACO—On the Riviera—Visit MONTE CARLO. NAPLES—Four days—Excursion to ROME. ALEXANDRIA—A stop of seven days will be made in order to afford ample time to visit CAIRO—The world-famed city of the Orient where East meets West—Excursion to LUXOR. ATHENS—Two days in the shadow of the incomparable Parthenon. PALERMO—Excursion to MONREALE. NAPLES—Arriving New York March 4th.
49 days — $1450 up
Write, wire or phone for details
American Express Company
65 Broadway, New York

ROUTE OF OUR 13,320 MILE WINTER CRUISE

JANUARY
FEBRUARY
MARCH

IDEAL
WINTER CRUISES

LARGEST CRUISING STEAMER

25—26 DAYS — West Indies, Panama Canal—South America — $400 AND UP

WHITE STAR LINE
STEAMER "MEGANTIC"
20,470 Tons
Cruise Passengers Only
SPECIALLY SELECTED PORTS OF CALL



THE AMERICAN MEDITERRANEAN

International Mercantile Marine Co.
Offices: 9 Broadway, New York. Tel. Bowling Green 8300

AVOID WINTER HERE-Travel To SUMMER LANDS
MUNSON
STEAMSHIP LINES



SUMMER is in full bloom—below the Equator! Rio—Montevideo—Buenos Aires—are glowing now with gay, colorful life. Enchanting, natural beauties—interesting, charming peoples.

Why not leave the cold, inclement season? Change Winter to Summer.

The Munson Line takes you there quickly, comfortably, at moderate cost. Splendid steamers of the U. S. Shipping Board. Frequent Sailings. Full particulars of any Travel Agency or

MUNSON STEAMSHIP LINES
82-92 Beaver Street, New York
PHILADELPHIA — CHICAGO — ST. LOUIS — BALTIMORE — MOBILE

"LET JOY BE UNCONFINED"

Visit Now — # BERMUDA — The Isles of Enchantment

ALL EXPENSE TOURS—INDEPENDENT TRAVEL
HOTELS—WINTER HOMES—SIGHTSEEING
The Splendid Steamships S. S. Fort Hamilton and S. S. Fort Victoria—sailing every 10 days.
EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AFTER JAN. 3.
BOOK NOW FOR XMAS SAILINGS 22d & 27th

ASK BELL ALL ABOUT BERMUDA
BERMUDA TRAVEL BUREAU
130 WEST 42D ST. — BUSH TERM. SALES BLDG. — TEL. BRYANT 9800.
15 PARK ROW — PARK ROW BLDG. — TEL. BARCLAY 5277-78.

McCANN'S TRAVEL TOURS

CALIFORNIA—Four Escorted Tours to California. JANUARY—FEBRUARY—MARCH. New Orleans, Texas Apache Trail, Grand Canyon, Southern and Central California and Colorado. Small select Tours. Membership limited.

FLORIDA—Three Escorted Tours thru Florida JANUARY—FEBRUARY—MARCH. The East and West Coasts, including Ocklawaha River. A few vacancies available on each Tour. Prompt application necessary.

BERMUDA—Inclusive All Expense Tours, all sailings. Early application necessary for steamship space. Booking sheets now open January to April.

WEST INDIES CRUISES—Winter Cruises in Summer Seas. Frequent departures all lines—January to April.

INDEPENDENT TOURS—For independent travelers providing railroad and steamship tickets and including hotel accommodations; STARTING ANY DAY. All Southern resorts, Florida, California, Honolulu, etc.

"TRAVEL TIPS"—A copy of this 52-page Compendium of the LATEST TRAVEL INFORMATION mailed free on request.

EUROPEAN TOURS 1921—Write now for information of 1921 European Tours.

1328 Broadway, Marbridge Bldg. — **McCann's Tours, Inc.** — 47 West 34th St. Tel. Fitz Roy 123

NEW PASSENGER SERVICE
TO HAVANA
By the fast and modernly equipped
S.S. "CUBA"
Sailing from JACKSONVILLE, FLA.
Every Saturday
(Sailing of Dec. 25 changed to Dec. 27)
From HAVANA every Tuesday
FIRST CLASS ONLY
RATE $35 and up, according to location; includes berth & meals.
For Further Information Address
MIAMI STEAMSHIP CO.
PASSENGER DEPT.—GENERAL OFFICES
[illegible] Cathedral St. — 25 B'way N. Y. C.
Jacksonville, Fla. — Tel. Broad 173-3363

Fast Trans Continental Service.
Rail Systems—Atlantic to Pacific.
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
H. PERRY, Gen. Agent, Passenger Dept.
[illegible] Broadway, New York City.
NIAGARA TO THE SEA.
Illustrated guide, address John P. [illegible] Dept. 102, Canada Steamship Lines, Montreal, Canada.

EGYPT-INDIA
AMERICAN & INDIAN LINE
NEW YORK direct to PORT SAID, KARACHI, BOMBAY, COLOMBO, CALCUTTA
S. S. CITY OF BENARES, DEC. 30
S.S. CITY OF MARSEILLES, JAN. 15
10,000 Ton Twin Screw Steamer.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS
First and second class only.
For rates of passage, etc., apply to
NORTON LILLY & CO.
26 Beaver St., New York City
GEN. AGTS. FOR ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO. LTD.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
Via Plymouth and Boulogne-Sur-Mer
N. AMSTERDAM..Noon Dec. 28 Feb. 19 Mar. 26
RYNDAM.....Noon Jan. 8 Feb. 12 Mar. 19
ROTTERDAM..Noon Jan. 25 Mar. 1 Apr. 9
NOORDAM...Noon Apr. 2 May 7
General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN



DENMARK, NORWAY, SWEDEN, GERMANY AND BALTIC STATES
Hellig Olav....Dec. 30
Frederick VIII..Jan. 28
United States..Feb. 24
Hellig Olav....Mar. 17
For Passenger Rates, etc., 1 B'way, N. Y.

SWEDISH AMERICAN LINE
Short Route to Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Finland, Russia, Germany, &c.
Direct to
GOTHENBURG—SWEDEN
LARGE MODERN STEAMERS
S. S. DROTTNINGHOLM..Dec. 30 Feb. 16
S. S. STOCKHOLM.....Jan. 22 Mar. 10
Superior Accommodations, 1st, 2d & 3d Classes.
Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

Australia
OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO.
Fast U. S. mail s. Sonoma, Ventura, 16,000 tons. Lloyds A1 register. Delightful service. Sydney short line-Samoa, Honolulu. Quickest passage. Lowest Rates. Pacific Tours. $325. 1st Class. Ventura sails Dec. 23, Sonoma, Jan. 25.
R. S. Bennett, 17 Battery Pl., N. Y.
Oceanic Bldg., 2 Pine St., San Francisco, Cal.

Transatlantic Italiana
Largest and Fastest Steamers of the Italian Mercantile Marine
Direct Passenger Service Between NEW YORK—GENOA—NAPLES.
Giuseppe Verdi — Sailing from NEW YORK — Dec. 28
Dante Alighieri.....Jan. 29
1st Class $250 up; 2d Class, $180 up.
McDONNELL & TEUDA, General Agents, 5 State Street, New York.

SPANISH ROYAL MAIL LINE
COMPANIA TRANSATLANTICA
FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICE.
R. M. S. Montserrat — Dec. 23
To CADIZ and BARCELONA
R. M. S. Buenos Aires.....About Jan. 20
R. M. S. Isla De Panay.....About Dec. 31
To VIGO, CORUNA, GIJON and BILBAO
R. M. S. Alfonso XIII — Jan. 8
To HAVANA and VERA CRUZ
R. M. S. Buenos Aires — Dec. 21
For Further Particulars Apply to LUIS LLANSO, Agent.
Pier 8, E. R. Telephone Bowling Green 8180

CALIFORNIA & HAWAII
Raymond-Whitcomb Tours
419 Fifth Ave. — Vanderbilt 1830

TOURS DE LUXE
SOUTH AMERICA
January 12 and February 23
JAPAN AND CHINA
Feb. 5 & 19—March 16—April 16
Christmas Bermuda Excursions
December 18 and 22
INDEPENDENT TRIPS
Everywhere.
Steamship and Pullman Reservations.
Full Itineraries and Information.
Bennett's Travel Bureau
THOS. BENNETT & SONS
Est. 1850
H. W. DUNNING CO.
Est. 1880
506 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK, N. Y.

FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON
FROM PIER 14, N. R., FULTON ST., 5:00 P. M.
NEW LONDON (NORWICH LINE)
Str. Ivs. Pier 40, N. R., Houston St., wk. days only, 5:30 P. M.; Ivs. Pier 28, E. R., 23d St., 6 P. M.

"The Public Be Pleased"
COLONIAL LINE
To BOSTON and PROVIDENCE
Daily and Sunday at 5 P. M.
Boat leaves Pier 32, N. R., Ft. W. Houston St.
Phone 3491 Spring.

Hudson River Day Line
service discontinued for the season.
CENTRAL HUDSON LINE
Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston, La. Monday, Wednesday and Friday, Franklin St., at 4 P. M.

PAVING THE MOTOR CAR'S WAY

A home-made rubber air bag, with a football tube for a valve—would you believe that such a crude contrivance could have had a far-reaching influence upon the development of the automobile?

That it did have such influence, however, you will readily agree when you know that this homely device was the first pneumatic tire.

The man who made the first practical successful pneumatic was a surgeon, John Boyd Dunlop, then living in Belfast, Ireland. He didn't make it for the automobile, for the good reason that in those days—thirty-two years ago—even the wheezing, coughing old "horseless carriage" had not yet arrived.

Instead he made it for his young son's tricycle, which, with its hard-rubber tires, had an irritating way of cutting up the Dunlop lawn.

When the automobile came, it found the pneumatic tire waiting for it. Also, it found a going Dunlop tire-making organization, producing pneumatics for bicycles, with a reputation known wherever bicycles were used.

Fitting the idea of the pneumatic tire to the requirements of the automobile required a number of important developments. Dunlop quickly recognized this fact and acted upon it. As a result the name Dunlop today is intimately associated with the history of the two principal types of tires—clincher and straight-side.

Today the name Dunlop stands not only for the pioneer of the tire industry but also for a great world-wide institution, with factories in many countries and with selling operations extending around the globe. It stands likewise for one of the few very large growers of rubber and for one of the big producers of cotton fabric.

It is this same Dunlop which is now about to begin manufacturing tires in this country. To do this it has erected on the outskirts of Buffalo, New York, a tire-building community covering a tract of 214 acres. This plant, which will be in operation within a few weeks, has a capacity of 12,000 tires a day.

To help insure its supply of cotton-fabric, Dunlop has also acquired its fifth cotton mill—at Utica, N. Y.

All the production facilities and resources for the making of Dunlop products in America are being devoted to pneumatic and solid tires, tubes and tire accessories. These will be the finest that thirty-two years of manufacturing and world-wide experience make possible.

Moreover, Dunlop products will be made and sold in accord with a distinctive Dunlop policy. This policy is one of partnership with public and trade, which views the marketing of tires as something more than selling merchandise and which recognizes that every party to the transaction is entitled to full reward.

Dunlop tire merchants, therefore, will be more than simply middlemen or go-betweens and Dunlop responsibility for tire-performance will go beyond any stated mileage limitations to the end of a tire's life.

* * *

Dunlop policy contains a number of points of especial interest to tire-merchants. We will be glad to discuss it further with responsible retailers, who may be interested in becoming Dunlop representatives.

DUNLOP TIRE AND RUBBER CORPORATION OF AMERICA
BUFFALO, NEW YORK



Copyright 1921, by Dunlop Tire and Rubber Corporation of America.

DUNLOP

ASTOR ESTATE SELLS SEVENTEEN HOUSES

Row of Old Dwellings in Chelsea District Purchased by an Operator.

OLD HAFFEN BREWERY SOLD

Paterno Brothers Buy Upper Washington Heights Plot—Rhinelander Estate to Build Apartment.

The estate of William Waldorf Astor has disposed of another large parcel of its realty holdings on the lower west side to Samuel Kilpatrick, an operator. The deal involves the seventeen four- and five-story and basement private dwellings at Nos. 305 to 337 West Fifteenth Street, comprising a total frontage of approximately 425 feet and extending from a point on the north side of the street, 325 feet west of Eighth Avenue, over to within 100 feet of Ninth Avenue.

The houses were owned by the estate of William Waldorf Astor for a great many years. Each is 19 feet wide and the depth of the lots varies from 150.6 feet at the easterly end to 126.9 feet nearer Eighth Avenue. The city assessed them at between $13,000 and $14,000 each for taxation purposes. Mr. Kilpatrick purchased the property through Marston & Co. from the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, executor of the estate of William Waldorf Astor.

The houses were built by the Astors and the land on which they stand was part of the Sir Peter Warren Farm.

Haffen Brewery Sold.

The old Haffen brewery in the Bronx, at Melrose Avenue and 151st Street, has been purchased by Samuel Wheeler. The property, which has been held at $700,000, has a frontage of 200 feet on Melrose Avenue and 150 feet on both 151st and 152d Streets. Mr. Wheeler plans to remodel the brewery buildings on 152d Street as a storage warehouse. Two apartment buildings now on the corners of 151st and 152d Streets will be retained, and the space on Melrose Avenue between the apartment buildings will be improved with a row of stores, on which will be erected small suites of apartments. A fireproof garage, with capacity for 350 cars, will be built in the rear of the stores, with an entrance on 151st Street.

A. J. Pendleton represented Mr. Wheeler as broker and B. Block acted for the Hallmark Realty Corporation, purchaser.

$100,000 Heights Deal.

An important deal in the upper Washington Heights district was closed yesterday in the purchase by Paterno Brothers from Miss Anna Maguire of the five lots on the south side of 163d Street, 100 feet west of Broadway. The property has a frontage of 125 feet and a depth on the west side of 124 feet and on the east side of 143 feet. The building price was $100,000.

The buyers will erect at an early date a six-story elevator apartment house. A. J. Pendleton represented the seller and B. Block acted as broker for the purchasers.

Rhinelander Estate Plans $600,000 Apartment House.

The Rhinelander Estate, one of the largest holders of realty in the Yorkville section, has commissioned Architects Maynicke & Franke to prepare plans for a ten-story structure to be erected at the southeast corner of Lexington Avenue and Ninetieth Street, a plot fronting 100.8 feet on the avenue and 75 feet on the street, and vacant with the exception of the easterly street lot, on which stands a three-story dwelling, landmark of upper Manhattan.

The architects estimate the cost of the improvement at $600,000, and the designs call for a facade of brick, limestone and terra cotta. The corner is three blocks east of the Andrew Carnegie mansion.

Sale in Abingdon Square.

The three-story dwelling at 13 Abingdon Square and the adjoining single-story store building at 6 Eighth Avenue have been sold by R. Telfair Smith for Emily L. Carlisle to a client for investment. The frontage on Abingdon Square is about thirty feet and the lot is irregular in depth.

West Side Lease for Garage.

Two easterly lots adjoining the southeast corner of Eleventh Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street have been leased for twenty years by the 551 West Thirty-fourth Street Corporation. The rental is said to exceed any obtained for property in that district. The lease, a sublease from the present lessee, was negotiated by Hettenstatter & Co., and was taken by Hector Davis of the New Real Estate Company in conjunction with Paul Stern. The new lessees will erect a one-story garage on the plot.

New Jersey Home Buyers.

Mrs. Ida Salt has sold her Montclair residence to Alfred Ritchie. It is situated on Upper Mountain Avenue on a plot with garage. The holding price was $60,000. F. M. Crawley & Brothers were the brokers.

At Hoboken the dwelling owned by Mrs. Mary J. Laughlin on Franklin Parade has been purchased by John Carnoke. The brokers were S. S. Weinstein, Gordon & Forman. They also sold for James R. Parsons a dwelling on West Franklin Avenue, Midland Park, for Mrs. Elizabeth H. Smith; and for Charles A. de Funge a plot on Orchard Road, Glen Rock, to John R. Sparrow.

John B. Milliken has purchased from William J. Morton the Montclair residence fronting 140 feet on Prospect Avenue. It was held at $50,000. The Simpson-Merritt Company were the brokers.

Activity in Brooklyn.

The private dwelling at 81 Hall Street, lot 20 by 100, has been sold by the Bulkley & Horton Company for Rudolph Ahrens.

A plot of four lots on Albany Avenue, near Avenue D, has been sold for K. Barberis by R. S. Fisher as broker. He also sold the two-family house at 2,544 Bedford Avenue, for C. A. Daya, to F. E. Sterba.

R. A. Schlesing has sold the three-family house at 210 Linden Street, for Samuel W. Benson to Mary Froehlich, the store property at 2,320 Myrtle Avenue, Ridgewood, for Hannah Schupper, to Charles Petry and the tenement house at 400 Evergreen Avenue for Hermine S. Morck to Rose Koehler.

MANY IMPORTANT STRUCTURES ATTEST TO YEAR'S BUILDING ACTIVITY IN THE TIMES SQUARE AND GRAND CENTRAL COMMERCIAL CENTRES

Buildings Costing Many Millions of Dollars Provided for the Increasing Demands for Store Space and Business Offices, While the Uptown Financial Expansion Is Shown in New Homes for Banking Institutions—Hotels, Theatres and Apartment Structures Among the Year's Operations South of Fifty-ninth Street

Notwithstanding the difficulties experienced by builders during the present year, the amount of new construction in the Times Square and Grand Central areas has been of a decidedly important quantity and quality. In addition to these two localities there has been considerable activity in the Columbus Circle section, in the Fifty-seventh Street area all the way to Fifth Avenue, and on Seventh Avenue just north of the Pennsylvania Station.

The largest amount of the new work has been in commercial structures, and of these some noteworthy buildings have been completed or are nearing completion, for occupancy early in 1921. Of marked prominence is the twenty-five-story Backer-Heckscher office building on the Whitney mansion site at Fifth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street, with a large frontage through the block on Fifty-sixth Street, an operation that will cost $5,000,000. Designed by Warren & Wetmore, the characteristic feature will be a great tower set back from the main structure in a French Gothic treatment, in keeping, so far as is possible in a great business enterprise, with the Vanderbilt residence opposite. Far to the west on Columbus Circle is the tall Gotham Bank Building, nearing completion, the greater part of which will be used for business offices.

Just below the latter, on the southerly block front of Fifty-seventh Street, between Broadway and Eighth Avenue, work is progressing rapidly on the immense twenty-five-story Fisk Rubber Company's building designed by Carrere & Hastings and R. H. Shreve. Its structural cost will represent $3,000,000. Of particular note in the Grand Central area are the huge Madison Avenue offices occupying nearly the entire Madison Avenue block front between Forty-third and Forty-fourth Streets, with large frontages on both streets; the Winchester-Ley Building on the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and Forty-second Street with a large frontage on Forty-third Street and the tall Borden Building on the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and Forty-fifth Street. One the southwest corner of the avenue and Forty-sixth Street the new Marlin-Rockwell Building, fifteen stories in height, was opened for occupancy last Fall.

In the midtown area the textile building on the westerly Fifth Avenue block front, between Thirtieth and Thirty-first Streets, is the largest commercial structure that has been started in that district for some time. On Seventh Avenue the steel work has practically been completed for the two big structures designed to house many representatives of the garment and needle trades hitherto located in the Fifth Avenue retail shopping centre. One is on the southwest corner of Thirty-seventh Street, adjoining the Hotel York, with a large frontage on Thirty-sixth Street, and the other is on the northwest corner of Thirty-seventh Street, adjoining the Hotel Navarre, with a frontage on Thirty-eighth Street. Beside these there are three or four other tall buildings on the avenue, contributing greatly to its business improvement, one being a eleven-story structure on the westerly block front, between Thirtieth and Thirty-first Streets.

In the Times Square area the greatest building work now in progress is that of the State Theatre and sixteen-story office building being erected by the Loew interests on the northeast corner of Broadway and Forty-fifth Street, extending around the Forty-sixth Street corner with a frontage on the latter street. The tall limestone columns on the Broadway façade placed in position within the last few days lend not only an imposing appearance to the structure but add considerably to the architectural beauty of the upper Times Square section. The theatre entrance will be in the centre of the office building portion on Broadway, and the amusement house will have accommodations for nearly 4,000 persons, making it one of the largest theatres on Manhattan Island. On Forty-second Street the tall Wurlitzer Building, between Broadway and Sixth Avenue, extending through to Forty-first Street, will be ready for occupancy early in the year. The twelve-story Newhall-Buckley Building, on the southwest corner of Sixth Avenue and Forty-first Street, was opened late in the Summer. The Forty-second Street theatre block betwen Broadway and Eighth Avenue has been improved with three new theatres with extensions through the block to Forty-third Street. On the southwest corner of Seventh Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street the tall addition to the Pictorial Review Building was completed early in the season.

A pleasing contrast to the commercial structures in the Times Square area is the attractive four-story structure nearing completion on the north side of Forty-third Street between Broadway and Sixth Avenue, to house the activities of the League for Political Education, the Economic Club and the Civic Forum. Its chief feature is a large assembly hall which will be used next season for the lectures held annually under the auspices of the League for Political Education. With its simple red brick and white marble Colonial type façade, the structure makes a worthy addition to the best architectural work in the Times Square centre.

Opposite Bryant Park, on the south side of Fortieth Street, at 38 to 64, adjoining the Republican Club, work is under way on the sixteen-story Banks building, having a frontage of 74 feet. It is being erected by the Banks estate from plans by the architects, Necarsulmer & Lehlback, and will cost about $1,500,000. It is expected to be completed by May 1 and the agents, Frederick Fox & Co., have leased the basement, store, mezzanine and second floors to the upholstery firm of F. Schumacher & Co. for a long term. The firm is now at 5 West Thirty-seventh Street.

In the Fifth Avenue area between Forty-second and Fifty-seventh Streets there has been considerable activity during the year. One of the big operations is the twelve-story structure being erected for the home of S. W. Straus & Co., the investment bond house on the northwest corner of Forty-sixth Street, occupying the site of the lower part of the Windsor Arcade, erected shortly after the burning of the Windsor Hotel. The northerly part of the Arcade was torn down several years ago for the Sloan building. The Straus firm will occupy the second, third and fourth floors. The ground floor will be used for stores and the upper floors will be rented for offices. The exterior will be of limestone. Harris, Vought & Co., the agents, state that it will probably be ready for tenants about May 1.

The seven-story Camuneyer building at 677 Fifth Avenue, occupying the site of the former home of Brig. Gen. Cornelius Vanderbilt, is another of the important structures in the avenue, and at 724 and 726 Fifth Avenue, adjoining the northwest corner of Fiftieth Street, a twelve-story structure is being erected by the Farquharson-Wheelock firm, which has been leased for a long term by the Fifth Avenue firm of J. M. Gidding & Co. for its new store headquarters. On the north the building will be flanked by the towering Heckscher structure.

One of the outstanding features of the year has been the expansion of large financial interests in the Grand Central area and northward to Fifty-ninth Street. In new structural work the three prominent buildings are those of the Guaranty Trust Company, on the southwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street, formerly Sherry's, which was not only extensively altered but enlarged by additional buildings on both the avenue and Forty-fourth Street; the tall building of the Gotham National Bank at Columbus Circle, and the new Bankers Trust Building, on the northwest corner of Madison Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street. The latter structure is nearly completed. It is a fifteen-story structure, having a frontage of 49 feet on Fifty-seventh Street and 100 feet on Madison Avenue.

The property was purchased from the Central Union Trust Company early in 1919, and the plans were prepared by Charles E. Birge, architect, in keeping with the architectural dignity of the company's Wall Street and Fifth Avenue offices. The façade is of limestone and brick, capped by an Italian tile roof. The trust company will occupy the basement, first and mezzanine floors, leaving fourteen floors available for rental. Though the entrance to the bank will be on Fifty-seventh Street, the main entrance to the building is provided on Madison Avenue. Three elevators have been installed. It is announced that the building will be ready for tenants on Feb. 1, and the Bankers Trust Company plans to open its new office about March 1.

Ranald H. Macdonald & Co. are the builders, and the rentals are in charge of Albert B. Ashforth.

The Gotham Bank Building has progressed so rapidly since Summer that its towering height commands the attention of all who pass through Columbus Circle. Twenty-three stories in height, with tower-like setbacks, the building is not only an architectural ornament to its locality but typifies the increasing commercial importance of the westerly Fifty-seventh Street area in the Broadway and Eighth Avenue neighborhood. The structure will have frontages on Broadway and Fifty-ninth Street, surrounding the immediate corner. The structural cost represents $2,000,000 or more. The architects, Summerfield & Steckler, have employed the Gothic method in a pleasing manner for a tall commercial edifice. On Feb. 1, it is expected, it will be ready for occupancy.

Winfred Watson, manager of the real estate department of the Gotham National Bank, announced last week that leases involving approximately $250,000 had been closed. Some of the future tenants will be the New York Motorists Mutual Casualty Company, Washington Detective Bureau, Samuel Berson, Willcox Audit Company, Keystone Lubricating Company, Dr. Eugene A. Galvin, Monogram Realty Company, Robert W. Dowe, North American Service Corporation and the Auto Financing Credit Men's Association. He states that the building is 70 per cent. rented.

Additional evidences of this northward financial expansion are seen in the taking over of the Manhattan Hotel at Madison Avenue and Forty-second Street by the National City Company, a subsidiary of the National City Bank, for uptown offices, and the recent purchase by the Empire Trust Company for uptown Fifth Avenue offices of the magnificent W. K. Vanderbilt home on the northwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifty-second Street. Mention must also be made of the recent purchase by the Bowery Savings Bank of the easterly portion of the old Grand Union Hotel site for a new building in the near future. The plot acquired fronts 104.6 feet on both Forty-second and Forty-first Streets.

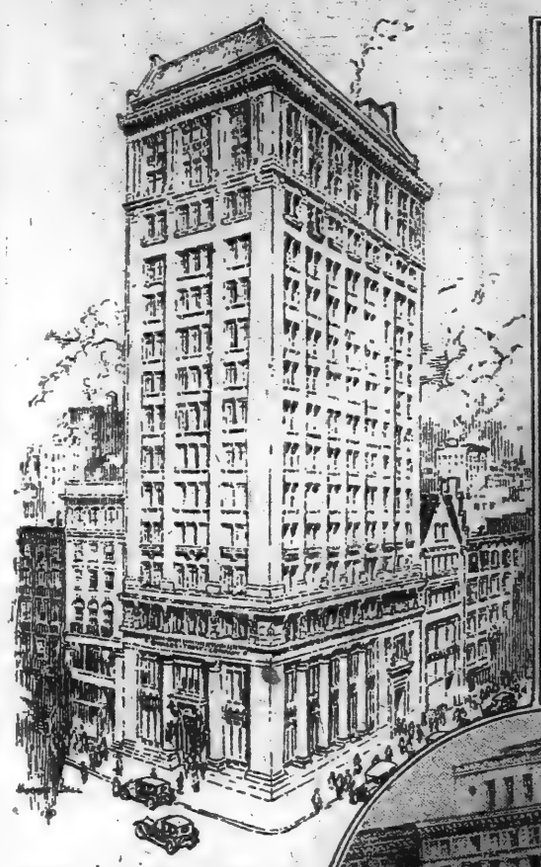
Among the residential structures of note completed during the year or nearing completion are the Ambassador Hotel in the upper Grand Central zone on Park Avenue, the non-housekeeping building erected by the Waitt Company on the southeast corner of Madison Avenue and Fifty-fourth Street, the new Allerton House for men on the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street, formerly occupied by the Reformed Episcopal Church, and the fifteen-story Holbrook Hall, at 145 West Fifty-fifth Street, just east of Seventh Avenue. In addition should be mentioned the seventeen-story multi-family structure at 270 Park Avenue, occupying the easterly block front between Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Streets.

The Ambassador Hotel occupies the easterly Park Avenue block front between Fifty-first and Fifty-second Streets, a plot about equal in size to that covered by the Chatham Hotel, opened a year ago on the Vanderbilt Avenue easterly front between Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Streets. The Ambassador is an eighteen-story structure with an attractive limestone façade, and it will be ready for occupancy early in the new year. It contains 400 guest rooms. One of the features is a fountain garden dining room along the Fifty-first Street side of the main lobby floor. It is one of the Ambassador Hotels System, which owns and operates three hotels in California and one in Atlantic City. Warren & Wetmore are the architects, and the Thompson-Starrett Company was the builder.

The Holbrook Hall apartment occupies the site of the long popular Holbein studios. It provides an attractive improvement for the block. It is expected to be ready for tenants about Feb. 1. The Fred T. Ley Company is the builder, and the latter is also constructing on the new Park Avenue apartment between Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Streets. The foundations for the huge structure were laid several weeks ago, and the steel columns are the most conspicuous rising rapidly. When finished, this will be one of the big apartment houses which taken among all the way from two to twenty to one.

Mention should also be made in commercial building of the great seventeen-story National Association Building opened early in the Fall on the site of the old Racquet and Tennis Club, fronting 142 feet at 23 to 31 West Forty-third Street and with a forty-foot frontage on Forty-fourth Street. In the Times Square centre the closing of the Astor-Knickerbocker Hotel was one of the notable features of the year, the step being taken by the Astor estate in recognition of the fact that the business demands in the locality would provide a more satisfactory financial return if the popular hotel were abandoned for commercial uses and the alterations are now in progress. Similar reasons led to the closing of the Manhattan Hotel, now being converted into an office building.

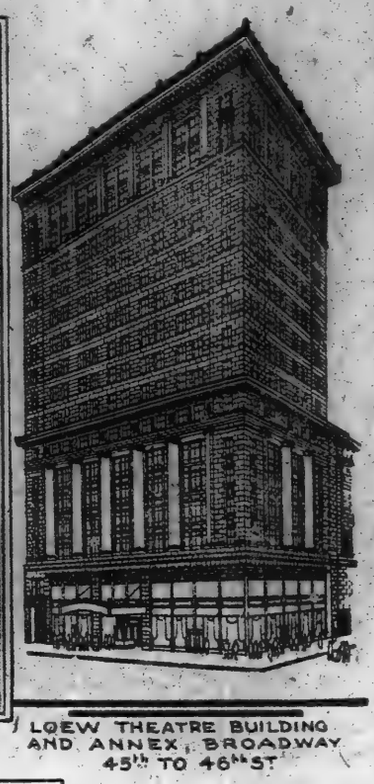
The twelve-story Robertson-Cole building nearing completion at the northeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Forty-eighth Street is another important addition to the business growth in the upper Times Square area.



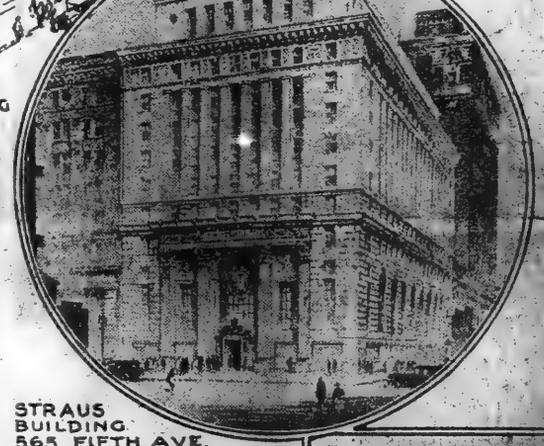
BANKERS TRUST CO. BUILDING
MADISON AVE & 57TH ST



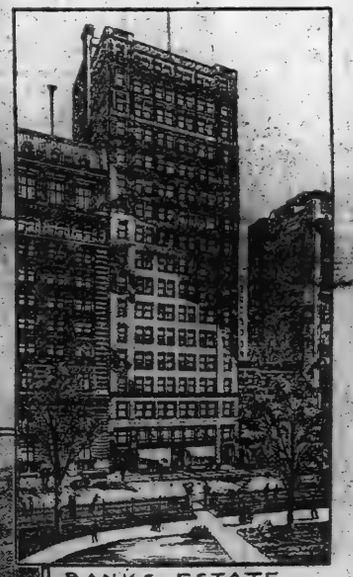
AMBASSADOR HOTEL
PARK AVE, 51ST & 52ND ST



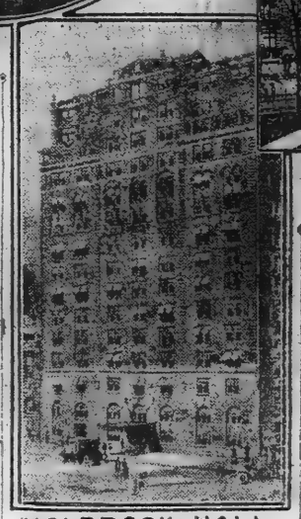
LOEW THEATRE BUILDING
AND ANNEX, BROADWAY
45TH TO 46TH ST



STRAUS
BUILDING
565 FIFTH AVE.
(N.E CORNER 46TH ST)



BANKS ESTATE
BUILDING
58TH TO 64TH ST W 40TH



HOLBROOK HALL
145 WEST 55TH ST

REALTY BOARD ADVISES LANDLORDS

Thirty-Four Homes at Auction.

On the evening of Tuesday, Dec 21, at 8 o'clock, in the United States Theatre Building, Webster Avenue, northwest corner 193th Street, Joseph P. Day will hold a Christmas sale of nineteen Bronx dwellings. The properties include the block front on Katonah Avenue, between 240th and 241st Streets and adjoining houses in both of these last-mentioned thoroughfares. On Wednesday evening, Dec. 22, Mr. Day will offer at public auction fifteen new dwellings located on both sides of Sixty-eighth Street between Twenty-first and Twenty-second Avenues, Brooklyn. This sale will be held in the Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange room, 189 Montague Street.

Travelers to Manhattan.

According to statistics compiled by the General Passenger Agent of the Long Island Railroad, 295,814,532 persons were handled by the railroads, ferries and tubes which connect Manhattan with the trunk line railroads with terminals in New Jersey during the current calendar year. He estimated the in and out movement of people during 1919 at 250,000,000 to 275,000,000.

The Size of Queens.

Queens is about the same size as Manhattan and Brooklyn together, but has only about one-ninth of their total population, according to the last census.

The Real Estate Board of New York is receiving many inquiries from property owners and agents who state that, because tenants refuse to pay agreed rents or because former tenants are holding over without proper payment for use and occupation premises held by them, the landlords are unable to pay taxes, defray interest upon mortgages, purchase coal, compensate employes, &c.

In relation to this matter, the following statement was made yesterday by A. C. MacNulty, Counsel for the Real Estate Board of New York:

"On Nov. 18, 1920, Justice Robitzek, in the Municipal Court, Borough of the Bronx, Second District, held in the case of Mofanthe Realty Co., Inc., vs. Cohen and others, that, where a tenant in an action for rent has answered and has paid into court the sum of money required to be paid by subd. 6 of Chapter 944 of the Laws of 1920, the court is authorized to make an order requiring the payment of the moneys so deposited to the landlord upon his application and due notice to the tenant, without prejudice to the right of the landlord to prosecute his action to trial and judgment. The decision in the Mofanthe case is printed in full in The New York Law Journal of Nov. 18, 1920, page 1.

"A decision by the Appellate Division of the Second Department (Brooklyn), rendered on Friday, Dec. 10, in the case of Charles A. Graeber, a landlord, is confirmatory of the views expressed by Justice Robitzek in the Mofanthe case. In the Brooklyn case, the Corporation Counsel sought to obtain a stay of an order of Justice Benedict of the Supreme Court, requiring the Clerk of a Municipal Court to turn over to a landlord money paid into Court by a tenant in a rent action. The Appellate Division in refusing to grant a stay of Justice Benedict's order has thus approved the principle enunciated by Justice Robitzek, which in all probability will be sustained by the Appellate Division of the First Department upon any similar action that may be presented.

"We are informed that, while it is discretionary whether or not in a particular case an order will be granted for the payment of money on account of rent any landlord, unless his case be exceptional, may probably secure an order for the payment of a rent deposit by appropriate application, in the form of a motion upon an affidavit of the landlord setting forth the title of the action, the amount of money deposited by the tenant on account of rent and any special reason why the same should be ordered paid to the landlords at this time.

Notice of the motion, stating the date when it will be presented, to which should be annexed a copy of the landlord's affidavit, must be served upon the tenant at least five full days (excluding Sundays, holidays and the day the notice is served) before the date when the motion is to be presented to the court.

"It is probably unnecessary to add that no order for the payment of a rent deposit to a landlord can be made until after action for rent or for use and occupation has been instituted and the tenant has filed his answer therein, accompanied by the rent deposit required by subd. 5, Chapter 944, Laws of 1920. Furthermore, in case in his answer the tenant sets up a counter-claim, it is probable that the court will decline to order the payment of the rent deposit to the landlord on the landlord's motion, because the validity of a counter-claim may not be determined on a motion, but must be decided upon the trial of the action. (Crane J., Trop v. Van Voorhis; Municipal Court, 7th Dist., Manhattan; N. Y. Law Journal Dec. 6, 1920.)

Sale of Brooklyn Dwellings.

Seven newly completed dwellings on East Second Street near Avenue O, Flatbush, Brooklyn, are to be sold at a Special Night Xmas Gift Auction Sale which Arthur G. Sheridan will hold at his stand in the Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange Tuesday at 8 P. M.

NEW BANK BUILDING.

Cornerstone of Jersey City Structure Laid by Governor Edwards.

The First National Bank of Jersey City, for which the cornerstone was laid on Friday by Governor Edwards, will be a ten-story building, facing Exchange Place, Hudson and York Streets, with a monumental granite lower story and a brick superstructure with light and air on all four sides. It will form a landmark for all boats coming up the Hudson River.

The directors are justified in making this fine development, on account of the abnormal conditions that are now existing. The Exchange Place station of the Hudson Tubes is right opposite the building, and has put the First National Bank of Jersey City nearer the heart of Wall Street than 95 per cent. of the banks in New York City itself.

When the vehicular tunnel and the Memorial Bridge are constructed, even greater prosperity is bound to develop in this community.

The accommodations for comfort and ease in handling business have been given the very utmost study and no expense has been spared to make them as fine as it is possible to do.

The entrance vestibule will be treated in marble with a very distinctive note in black and gold and will be quite different from anything else in New York City, and in fact, a note of distinction has been struck wherever it was possible throughout the entire undertaking, representing, as it does, a new milestone in banking house development in New York and its vicinity. Alfred C. Bossom is the architect of the new building.

WOULD FORTIFY CITY AGAINST RAT PLAGUE

Dr. Royal S. Copeland Asks That Concrete Walls Be Built Along Waterfront.

PROPOSES NEW ORDINANCE

Building Managers' Association to Oppose Proposed Measure as Being Too Costly and Severe.

A proposal to compel owners of buildings within 600 feet of the waterfront to fill in all possible nesting places for rats in order to lessen the danger of bubonic plague has been made to the Board of Standards and Appeals. Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner, said:

"Should the proposal be adopted, it would apply particularly to the thousands of old frame buildings along the waterfront," Dr. Copeland said.

"It would mean that the owners would have to fill in with concrete the spaces between the studding from the top of the foundation walls to the beams of the first floor.

"It is proposed that owners who do not comply be required to vacate their buildings. I understand the board will take up the matter early in January."

Dr. Copeland said that the Health Department had already taken the precaution of employing a force of expert rat catchers to meet every ship arriving from Europe and catch from two to ten rats, which are then submitted to bacteriological examination. Hundreds of rats had been subjected to bacteriological tests, he said, but none had been found so far to be infected.

The proposed amendment follows:

"Amplifying Sec. 8, Building Code. Provisions for Rat-Proofing.—However, no certificate of occupancy shall be issued for any building or structure hereafter erected within six hundred (600) feet of the water front, unless all its foundation walls to the height of at least five (5) feet above the grade level and its area and retaining walls and the surface of its lowest floor and outside areas are constructed of concrete, stone or similar hard or impervious material, troweled to a smooth surface.

"The concrete for flooring shall be made up of one part of cement, two parts of sand and three parts of small sharp broken stone, and before the finished top is applied this concrete shall be covered with wire mesh, as described hereafter, for protection of doors and windows.

"All windows and other openings must be protected with wire screens of not under No. 12 gauge and with not over one-half-inch mesh.

"Any sewer or other pipe connections to a distance of four (4) feet beyond the building or area lines must be made with cast or rolled iron piping, and all handhole or other cleanout openings fully covered with caps and maintained securely fastened down. The windows, doors and roofs of all such buildings to be arranged and maintained so as to provide for prompt and complete fumigation of the entire premises with hydrocyanic acid or other gas.

"Within ninety days from the date of the adoption of this rule all existing buildings or structures within six hundred (600) feet of the waterfront shall comply with the above requirements. In addition, where such buildings are of frame construction the space between the studs shall be fully filled with brick laid in cement mortar or with concrete from the top of the foundation walls to the top of the first tier of beams. In default of such compliance the certificate of occupancy shall be revoked and the building vacated."

The action of the rats, according to Dr. Copeland, would not only protect the health of the populace but would pay for itself in a short time. Federal statisticians, he said, estimated the annual property damage from rats in New York City at about $10,000,000. While Dr. Victor G. Heiser of the Rockefeller Institute estimated the damage in New York as amounting to more than $25,000,000, and for the country at about $200,000,000.

The rat population of New York was estimated at more than 8,000,000, and again quoting Dr. Heiser, one pair of rats will have 359,709,462 progeny in three years.

The Real Estate Board and the Building Managers' Association protested against the proposed ordinance as being too severe, although members of the Real Estate Board said they would not oppose it in a modified form if it would protect the city against rats.

Dr. Copeland answered that the protection gained would more than offset any possible cost.

OPPOSE FACTORIES.

City Plan Committee Asked to Restrict Area on Thirty-Fifth St.

A petition by the Thirty-fourth Board of Trade to restrict Thirty-fourth Street between Seventh and Eighth Avenues and the latter thoroughfare from Thirty-fourth Street to a point near Thirty-sixth Street, so as to exclude factories, was recently submitted to the Committee on City Plan, and was then sent to Borough President Curran of Manhattan for a report and an opinion. The latter has held a hearing on the matter and is expects to submit a report some day this week. While Mr. Curran declined to anticipate his opinion it was authoritatively stated that he would recommend that the petitions asked for be granted.

[illegible] argued yesterday that the [illegible] existing the area [illegible] encroachments of factories, [illegible] on the [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] of the Pennsylvania [illegible] and [illegible] stopped the [illegible] small [illegible] hotels and [illegible] that [illegible] would favor [illegible] beauty and [illegible] would [illegible] and perhaps make impossible that sort of progress that the district was [illegible] to.

He suggested that in time similar restrictions might be sought in a larger area, thus favoring another attractive location in the borough which he thought was likely to fall [illegible] advance of great manufacturing concerns.

O'Brien explained at the hearing were to the effect that the [illegible] was disturbed [illegible] by a factory district and [illegible] the fact that it was [illegible] between Forty-fifth and Forty-eighth Street and from Seventh Avenue to the Hudson River, invited the attention of concerns engaged in the manufacture of clothing. It was said that if this trade made an opening in the neighborhood that other more objectionable factories would follow and that the effort to keep the section for retail business and hotels and homes would fail.

ORIGINATOR OF SPECIAL SALES DAYS

Joseph P. Day Auctioneer

PIONEERS OF CONCENTRATED PERSISTENT ADVERTISING

REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC AUCTION

SPECIAL SALES DAY

Next Tuesday, Dec. 21

AT NOON, AT EXCHANGE SALESROOM, 14 VESEY ST., N. Y. C.

Manhattan Investment Properties

OLD COLONY TRUST CO., BOSTON, Trustee

N. W. Cor. Third Ave. and 107th St.

(Known as 1,868-1,882 Third Ave.)

Five-story-and-basement brick store and business building, containing two stores on ground floor and large loft on each upper floor. Size of plot, 50.5x100.

EUGENE B. MILLER, ESQ., ATTY., 42 CEDAR ST., N. Y. C.

1715 & 1715 Lexington Ave.
(Adj. N. E. cor. 107th St.)

Two four-story and basement brownstone tenements, with stores; to be sold as one parcel. Size of plot, 32.4x66.

STODDARD & MARK, ESQS., ATTYS., 120 B'way, N. Y. C.

TRUSTEE'S SALE
351 East 114th St.
(Adj. N. E. cor. 2d Ave.)

Six-story brick tenement with store. Size 25x100.11.

LOCKWOOD & LOCKWOOD, ESQS., ATTYS., 120 B'way, N. Y. C.

300 West 10th St.
(Adj. S. E. cor. Weehawken St.)

Five-story brick tenement, with store. Size, 21x65.5. Near West St.

2869 & 2875 Heath Ave.
(Including N. W. cor. 229th St.)
2 blocks east of B'way.

Two two-story brick dwellings; size 25x100 each; vacant corner, size 47x100.

HENRY G. MANSFIELD, ESQ., ATTY., 35 Liberty St., N. Y. C.

Choice Brooklyn Dwellings

1944 to 1956 75th St.
(Near Twentieth Avenue).

Four new two-story stucco and shingle two-family dwellings; all improvements; double garage. Sizes about 22x100 each. Near 79th Street station of West End subway.

LOUIS RAYVID, ESQ., ATTY., 44 COURT ST., BROOKLYN

732 & 732a Jefferson Ave.
(Near Reid Avenue)

Two two-story-and-basement brick private dwellings; all improvements. Sizes, 18x100 and 17.9x100.

205 Luquer St.
(Near Smith Street)

Four-story brick double tenement. Size, 20x100.

JAMES E. SMYTH, ESQ., ATTY., 91 REID AV., BROOKLYN.

1153 58th St.
(Bet. 11th and 12th Aves.)

Three-story stucco two-family dwelling. Size of plot, 20x100.

582-586-590 Rogers Ave.
(Bet. Hawthorne & Winthrop Sts.)

Three four-story brick apartments, with stores, to be sold separately. Size 30x90 each.

45 So. 19th St., Elmhurst, L. I.

Two-story-and-attic frame private dwelling. Size 22x100.

SAYRES BROS., ESQS., ATTYS., 67 Liberty St., N. Y. C.

EXECUTRIX SALE
Estate of Frank Schlosser, Dec'd.
Lynbrook, L. I., on MERRICK ROAD

Two-story-and-attic brick and steel hotel, known as "The Five Corners Hotel," on Merrick Road and Hempstead Avenue, containing 20 rooms, dining room, dance floor, bowling alleys and stores. Size of plot, 168 on Merrick Road x 142 feet.

EDWIN WRIGHT, ESQ., ATTY., ROCKVILLE CENTRE, L. I.

Send for Booklet

67 Liberty St.
New York City

Xmas Present House Auction Sales

19 New Bronx Dwellings

To Be Sold at

VOLUNTARY PUBLIC AUCTION

Next Tuesday Eve., Dec. 21st

At 8 P. M. in UNITED STATES THEATRE BUILDING
Webster Av., N. W. cor. 195th St.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

These houses are two story stucco, hollow tile and shingle of fine construction. They include

Nos. 4370, 4372, 4374, 4376, 4378 and 4380 Katonah Ave.; also Nos. 311, 313, 315, 317, 321 and 323 East 240th St., and 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322 East 241st St.

Liberal Terms. Send for Booklet.

HOW TO REACH HOUSES: Take N. Y. Central R. R. from Grand Central Depot to Woodlawn Station; or Subway or Elevated lines to 210th St. (Williamsbridge), then trolley to 241st St. From Yonkers take McLean Av. trolley to Kimball Av.

15 Fine New Dwellings

On Both Sides of 68th St.
Between 21st and 22nd Aves., BROOKLYN.
RIGHT AT SUBWAY STATION
OF SEA BEACH LINE
Will Be Offered at

PUBLIC AUCTION

Next Wednesday Eve., Dec. 22

At 8 P. M., in Brooklyn Real Estate Exhange, 189 Montague St.

Two-story detached and semi-detached one-family residences, 25x100 and 34x100 each. Never occupied. Some have garages.

70% on Mortgage Send for Booklet

Telephone
Cortlandt 744

Joseph P. Day
Auctioneer

100 CAR GARAGE

East Side—Above 60th St.

21 year lease—free rent to Jan. 1, 1922

Rental $12,000 a year

Will sell lease for only

$30,000

67 LIBERTY STREET
NEW YORK CITY

TELEPHONE
CORTLANDT 744

Joseph P. Day
Leasing Department

FOR SALE OR LEASE

Factory and Loft Building

Five Stories and Basement, Covering Entire Plot

65,000 SQUARE FEET

472 Broadway & 30-36 Crosby St.

16.8x100, Connecting with 100x100.

POSSESSION FEBRUARY 1ST, 1921

General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen
22 West 44th St.
Or Your Own Broker

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Write for Booklet "T"

Sage Foundation Homes Co.

Forest Hills Gardens

15 MINUTES FROM PENN. STATION

A place for those who appreciate Artistic Surroundings.

A choice of houses and plots for sale.

47 West 34th St.
New York

Forest Hills
Long Island

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Offices *and* Showrooms

AT REDUCED RENTALS
in the New
Lane Bryant Building
21-23 WEST 38TH ST.
(Just Off Fifth Ave.)

Windows on all sides—perfect north light—high ceilings—excellent lighting—100% sprinkler system—iced water on all floors—night watchman—highest grade service.

Call 7th floor, or phone Fitz Roy 6414.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

GARAGE or FACTORY
WILL BUILD TO SUIT TENANT
Covering Entire Block Front
149th St.-150th St. & Gerard Av.
CONTAINING 27,600 SQ. FT.
Possession Feb. 15, 1921
One block from subway station
Directly opposite proposed Bronx public market; also proposed N. Y. Central station.
For further particulars apply
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY
21 Liberty Street. Tel. John 222

About Prices

General conditions have caused a temporary drop in prices. Business depressions are always followed by upward reactions. The upward trend will start with 1921. Buy now at the low point. Here are some unusual opportunities.

$25,000 to $20,000

An attractive hollow tile and stucco house, built about seven years ago for a real home, in the Hudson River section, 30 miles from New York—9 rooms, 3 baths, hot water heat, gas and electricity; big plot with trees; river view; a good solid value.

$10,000 to $9,500

White Plains. Owner going to Europe must sell this attractive, small cottage, completed one year ago and built on a cost-plus basis for a permanent home; high elevation; plot 100x100; 5 rooms and bath; modern in details; built so it can be easily enlarged; a rare buy for a small family.

$37,000 to $31,000

Scarsdale. In the heart of the beautiful Greenacres section; a homelike Colonial house on a plot 75x150; convenient to station and club; 9 open; airy rooms, 3 baths, hot water heat, gas and electricity; modern in plan and appointment; only four years old; owner going away—must sell.

$40,000 to $34,000

Pelham Manor. A house of the older but extremely substantial type, on a choice plot of one acre in the finest section. 11 rooms, 3 baths, servants' rooms, open fireplaces, spacious porches; 2-car garage; all in good condition. A decided bargain.

$35,000 to $30,000

White Plains. A small estate about 1½ acres, on the outskirts of town; old Colonial homestead, 9 rooms, 2 baths, hot water heat, gas and elec.; 2-car garage with quarters; grounds are wonderfully developed with rare old trees, shrubs, fruit trees, grapevines, garden space and smooth green lawns. An ideal place, combining convenience with comfort, at an exceptional price.

$275,000 to $225,000

Greenwich, Conn. A gentleman's estate directly on the waterfront; over 30 acres, intensively developed; large, substantial house with servants' rooms; large garage with apartment, etc. This is a radical reduction and an unequalled opportunity.

Pelham. Tel. 1162. White Plains. Tel. 3870. **Prince & Ripley** Dobbs Ferry. Tel. 98. Greenwich. Tel. 1355.

437 Fifth Ave., N. Y. City. Tel. Murray Hill 335.

GEORGE HOWE

Specialist in Suburban and Country Properties

RIVERDALE-ON-HUDSON.

Small Estate—Exceptional Bargain—1¼ acres, substantial nine-room house, slate roof; within six-minute walk of station. At less than pre-war price—$25,000. Phone Kingsbridge 965 for Sunday appointment.

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING PLOTS.

Riverview Manor, Dobbs Ferry—$2,000 to $4,000; all improvements. No assessments. Views of Hudson. 35 minutes from Grand Central. Select now and build in the Spring. Easy Terms. Phone Hastings 1067 for Sunday appointment.

YONKERS.

A California Bungalow, $10,000—Six rooms and bath, open fireplace, hardwood floors and trim, steam heat. Fine trees and shrubs. Liberal Terms. Phone Yonkers 529 for Sunday appointment.

CHAPPAQUA BARGAIN.

Attractive Home, 6 Rooms, Bath, electric light, steam heat, village water; large plot; garage. Near station and school. Price $8,500. Phone Chappaqua 21 for Sunday appointment.

WHITE PLAINS

Charming Cottage, Seven Rooms—Easy walking distance station, schools, stores and churches. Modern appointments. Price $11,500. Terms. For Sunday appointment phone White Plains 272-L.

PELHAM.

Colonial Dwelling—Great Bargain—8 rooms, 3 tiled baths, sun parlor and one-car garage, natural oak floors, hot-water heat; sleeping porch; $20,000 for quick sale. Phone Pelham 1067 for Sunday inspection.

RYE.

30-Acre Estate—Sacrifice—Colonial house; view of Sound and lake. 7 master rooms, 3 baths; hot-water heat. The garage, with quarters. Tennis court; 300 apple trees; artificial lake, running stream. 7-room cottage; barns and stables. Asking price $10,000. For Sunday inspection phone Rye 788.

GREENWICH.

30-Acre Farm, Fine Views, in choice section. 12-room house; two-car garage, stable, barn, outbuildings. Ten acres woodland. Price $45,000. Phone Greenwich 1322 for Sunday inspection.

George Howe, 527 Fifth Ave. N.Y.

BUY NOW

As Gift to Remember

Save $1,500 on
A Lot at Philipse Manor

One of the most beautiful Colonies on the Hudson River, 50 minutes from City on main line New York Central.

The Trustees of this property have permitted me to offer until January, 1921, plots at ⅔ their present value if sold at once. The present market of building material is declining, and as the material goes down property in this vicinity will increase from 25% to 50%.

This property is fully improved with gas, electricity, sewers, sidewalks and is restricted. There is bathing, boating, tennis, country club and many other desirable features, and is directly at station. 22 trains daily each way.

FOR PARTICULARS AND PLANS

Ed. B. Morris—General Sales Manager
for Trustees Philipse Manor Company
549 5th Ave. Vanderbilt 7560
For Sunday Appointment Phone Tarrytown 266.

Originators of Illustrated Bookmaps

Special Sales Days Since July, 1847

BRYAN L. KENNELLY

Real Estate Auctioneer

WILL SELL AT AUCTION

At 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St., N. Y.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALES DAY

Wednesday, Jan. 12, 1921

Estate of Lippman Katz, deceased.

114 EAST BROADWAY

Four story and basement building, size 21.2x75.

Davis & Davis, Attys., 61 Chambers St., N. Y.

Estate of Franziska Muller, deceased.

161 EAST 99TH ST.

Five story brick tenement, size 35x100.

331 WEST 34TH ST.

Four story and basement brick dwelling, size 21x98.9.

Bauerdorf & Taylor, Attorneys, 256 Broadway, N. Y.

OWNERS, EXECUTORS and TRUSTEES who desire to take advantage of the above Special Auction Sales Day would do well to communicate with this office not later than Thursday, December 23d, for further details.

We are now booking our
Spring & Summer

AUCTION SALES

OF

Vacant Lots & Dwellings

Several good dates still available.
Communicate with us at once

BRYAN L. KENNELLY
Real Estate Auctioneer
149 Broadway, N. Y. C. Telephone Cortlandt 1547

PARTITION SALE

BY ORDER OF THE SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.
Under the direction of William Allen, Esq., Referee, and Messrs. Osland & Kuhn, No. 116 Broadway, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

SAMUEL MARX, Auctioneer

WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION
Tuesday, Dec. 21, 1920, at 12 o'Clock Noon
At the Real Estate Exchange Salesrooms
Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, New York City

The Valuable Corner Plot and Building

Located at

Northwest Corner of Greenwich and Rector Streets, N. Y. City

Size 20' 11" x 90' 6", irregular

For further particulars apply at Auctioneer's Office, 115-117 West 23rd St., New York City. Tel. Watkins 9660-1-2.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WEST END AVENUE

Several choice high-class fireproof apartments; all well leased and paying large net returns on investment; prices reduced in many cases; splendid opportunities may now be had.

Also to Lease

for 21 years, choice corner of Madison Avenue; excellent for alterations for business purposes; rental reduced to very low figure.

PENNSYLVANIA ZONE

Twelve story business building leased to one tenant on absolute net basis; splendid investment; must be sold; price reduced; real bargain.

Particulars to principals only.

BYRNE & BOWMAN
30 E. 42nd St. Vanderbilt 2371

For Sale or Lease

Garage

30,000 Sq. Ft. (No Elevator)

West 158th St.
Near Riverside Drive
Exceptional Location

Apply
John R. Hopkin, 3295 B'way

WEST 57TH STREET
Near 5th Ave.
Exceptional opportunity to purchase

Stock, Fixtures, Good Will and Lease of street store—low rental.

CROSS & BROWN COMPANY
18 East 41st St., New York
Murray Hill 7100

AT A SACRIFICE
NEW ONE-FAMILY STUCCO
WITH GARAGE
READY FOR OCCUPANCY

2811-2828 Sedgwick Ave.; short distance north of Kingsbridge Road; reached by 6th and 9th Ave. L and Jerome Ave. Subway to Kingsbridge Station. All latest improvements; must be seen to be appreciated. Price right, terms reasonable. Builder on premises. Phone Kingsbridge 1032.

Two Unusual Bargains
1332-1334 Southern Boulevard

Two 5-story and basement apartment houses with stores; each house 32'4"x100. Ground floor has two stores and 2-3 room apartments. Upper floors have 2-3, 2-4 room apartments. Houses have new roofs and newly renovated, and rent for over $8,000 annually each house. 1332 has $25,000, first mortgage 5½%, open for the last six years. 1326 has $30,500 first mortgage 6%, 3 years to run. Houses are built about 9 years. Price $43,000 each. Terms can be arranged. Apply to

VALHALLA CORPORATION
500 Willis Ave., Bronx. Tel. Melrose 378.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEW COMPLETE
SIX-ROOM
HOMES

All Modern Improvements.

Located in newly developed section of

FLATBUSH—BROOKLYN

$8750

THIS IS A REMARKABLE OPPORTUNITY

PREN-BROOK CORP., Owners

Office on premises at
UTICA AV. & AV. "D."
Telephone 3396 Flatbush

HUDSON RIVER ESTATE

For Sale at a Bargain at Ossining, N. Y.

Consisting of 63 acres; brick residence has 30 rooms, 9 master bedrooms, 7 baths; cottage has 16 rooms, 4 baths, large fireplaces; gardener's cottage, garage for ten cars; also private dock and private beach, boat house on Hudson; 3 acre garden, several acres of pasture land, a ten acre farm, all kinds of fruit trees, etc.

FOR FULL PARTICULARS APPLY

L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
148 WEST 72D STREET. TEL. 1833 COLUMBUS.

XMAS DWELLING SALE

HAVE YOU $500

PUBLIC AUCTION

7 New Dwellings

FLATBUSH, BROOKLYN

1579-1582-1586-1593-1601-1603-1607 East Second Street, near Avenue O.

Six rooms and bath and every improvement. Size 26x113 each.

$500 WILL SECURE ANY DWELLING AT THE SALE. OTHER SMALL PAYMENTS IN 60 AND 90 DAYS AND BALANCE ON MORTGAGE.

Tuesday, Dec. 21,

at 8 P. M., in Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange, 189 Montague St., at the stand of

Arthur C. Sheridan, Inc.
REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER.
Offices, 132 Broadway, New York City.

LAKEWOOD HOLIDAY
AUCTION

Thursday Evening,
December 30th
at 8:15 o'clock,
at the Ellsberg Hotel, Lakewood, N. J.

EXECUTOR'S SALE

TO CLOSE ESTATE OF A. S. LARRABEE, DECEASED, BY INSTRUCTIONS FROM JOSEPH H. JOHNSON, ESQ., EXECUTOR.

60 LOTS

on Ocean Av., Congress and Bruce Sts.

Lakewood, N. J.

To be sold in residential plots of 80x150 each. Property is one block from Lakewood Railroad Station and is being offered for the first time after an ownership of half a century, on very

EASY TERMS

Maps from BRUCE M. LARRABEE, Esq., 15 Lexington Av., Lakewood, N. J., or at Auctioneer's Offices, 152 Broadway, New York.

Arthur C. Sheridan
Real Estate Auctioneer

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

West Side, Near 72d.
Exceptional Purchase.
Price $60,000—Rent $15,000.

EAST NINETIES
Price $24,000—Rents over $6,000.

Washington H'ts Corner
At a Sacrifice.
Small Amount of Cash.

AMSTERDAM AVE.
Apartment houses to exchange for lots.

NORMAN DENZER
3,097 Broadway. Audubon 6767.

To Be Sold
Before January 1st

Several small income properties and dwellings, situated on East Side and Bronx. Taken in foreclosure. Attractive terms.

THOMAS J. O'REILLY
Downtown Office, 31 Chambers St.

DWELLING BARGAIN!!
Near Central Park and 73th St.

Four story, high stoop, 15 rooms, 4 baths; elaborate hardwoods; expensive plumbing; extensions.

Lot 22x100
Ames & Company, 26 West 31st St.

FOR SALE

22nd Street & Second Avenue, N. W. Corner Size, 48.9 x 96.9

Very substantial three story building.

Immediate Possession.

John A. Osborne, 62 Cedar Street.

GARAGE on 20th St., near 1st Ave. Leased to one tenant; 11 years to run; rent $5,000 per annum. Taken in foreclosure. Owner desires to sell before Jan. 1. Price attractive. Terms to suit. THOMAS J. O'REILLY, Downtown Office, 31 Chambers St.

BUSINESS HESS PROPERTY

A COLD WATER TENEMENT
Park Av., below 130th, 5 stories, 10 families; 2 stores and usual old rents $3,600; price only $18,000; terms reasonable.

ROBERT M. FULTON, 7 East 42d St., N. Y.

ALTERED DWELLING

Six families; private block; near Central Park West; old rents $7,100; all improvements; parquet floors; porcelain baths; electric lights; price $40,000; easy terms.

ROBERT M. FULTON, 7 E. 42d St., N. Y.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Modern Five and One-half Story Apartment House,
on Grand Concourse,
NEAR FORDHAM ROAD.
22 families
LONG TERM MORTGAGES.
$15,000 Cash Required.
Write Room 1658 Woolworth Bldg.

BARGAIN.

Fordham's best section. Highest class apartment-house, six families on each floor. Bad health compels owner to sacrifice under six times. Very low rental.

T. H. KELLEY,
188 E. 180th St. Fordham 2300.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Furnished Room House
FOR SALE.

Wonderful opportunity to purchase house, furniture, linen, good will and established business bringing $70.00 weekly. Hill section (Fort Greene Place). 13 rooms, brownstone; steam, electricity; winter's supply coal; price $16,000 to quick buyer.

S. E. GREEN
237 Flatbush Av. Phone Flatbush 103

BUILDERS SACRIFICE

7 Room Stucco Private Dwelling with garage, parquet floors, modern in every detail. Must be sold.

AMER REALTY CO.,
299 Broadway. Tel. Worth 97.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$500 WILL BUY

one of the most charming homes in Westchester. The construction is white cement, not stucco. There are 7 fine rooms, tile bath; steam, gas, electricity, open fireplace; beam ceilings, bookcases, an efficiency kitchen, with built-in ironing board; china closet, table and seat and two closets; there are also 2 other closets, and laundry is in basement. The plot is 300 feet deep, with fine old shade. It is near station, close to Bronxville and only 25 minutes from the Grand Central. The house is well and substantially constructed, and the price is around $16,000. Further particulars. W. B. H., 28 Times.

$12,500

Spacious living and dining room, fireplace, beam ceiling, 4 chambers, tile bath; exceedingly attractive stucco, tapestry brick trimmings; high plot; gas and all improvements; only 4 minutes' walk station; in high-class community; hills of Westchester; half hour Grand Central; terms. Particulars, C. K. Laird, 52 Vanderbilt Av. Tels. Murray Hill 7327-6656.

IDEAL FOR A COUPLE

or small family, cozy, artistic six-room home, just completed, at fully developed, highly restricted Colonial Heights; novel features installed to solve housekeeping problem without maid; near depot, 30 minutes to Grand Central; not much cash required. See this before deciding. E. H. Tasker, Tribune Building. Beekman 4500.

MOUNT KISCO

The Switzerland of America.
The Lake Country.

$6,500. QUIET RETIRED FARM. 3 acres of comfort; 7 rooms, bathroom; also picturesque age old cabin. Both for price of one. File 417.

$7,500. INTENSIVE FARM. Productive 4 acres, every inch tillable. Abundant fruit. Large farmhouse, barn, garage, shed, chicken run, 1,000 chickens. File 657.

$12,000. LAKE VISTA. Country Summer home, overlooking beautiful Croton Lake. Tall pines, hemlocks; shady nooks; 10 rooms; hardwood floors; Delco lighting system. Barn, garage, icehouse, artesian well. File 615.

WE KNOW EVERY HILL DALE & LAKE IN THE HEART OF WESTCHESTER FROM MERRIAM TO McKISCO

Beautiful Homestead
WITH 5 ACRES OR MORE.

A gentleman's country home, within 10 minutes of the White Plains station, can be purchased now on extremely reasonable terms. House has every modern improvement, 11 rooms, 3 baths, 2 sleeping porches; garage, all farm buildings; situated on high elevation, with wonderful views. Owner will sell entire estate of 50 acres, or will subdivide into plots of 5 acres or more. Mr. McCandless.

ROBERT E. FARLEY ORGANIZATION
42 East 44th St. Murray Hill 7720
Or White Plains 1160.

R Y E
Immediate Possession
ATTRACTIVE FRAME COLONIAL RESIDENCE,

large living rooms with open fireplace, 4 bedrooms, 2 baths, steam heat, gas and electricity. Garage. Corner plot, ¾ of an acre; near station. Price $24,000. Apply R-1025. Phone Rye 459.

Hall-Martin
287 Fifth Avenue, New York.
Telephone: Murray Hill 6136.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE MONEY

FOR ANY AMOUNT
MANHATTAN & BRONX
TOTAL EXPENSE VERY LOW

QUINLAN & LELAND
RECTOR 6690. 31 NASSAU ST.

MONEY

Immediately advanced either 1st or 2d mortgage, anywhere; also money for heirs in undivided interest.

WALDORF WORLD BUILDING, MANHATTAN.

$100,000 for Rent Assignments

$200,000 for 2d Mortgage. Will divide. First Mortgages from $250,000 up. Brokers protected. Submit particulars.

S. A. ISRAEL, 99 Nassau St.

SPECIAL LARGE FUND FOR
2ND and 3RD MORTGAGES
ADVANCEMENTS ON RENTS.
CHARLES BERLIN,
BROADWAY AND 162D ST.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Have two funds amounting to $100,000 available for 1st mortgage; Manhattan or West Bronx preferred. Geo. W. Sasse, 2,096 3d Av. (113th).

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

INVESTOR!

You may purchase new 6-story building situated on 5th Av., near 25th St., running through to Broadway; leased to one tenant for twenty-one years; net rental $25,000. Terms to suit; 10-year mortgage if desired. Price most attractive.

THOMAS J. O'REILLY,
Downtown Office, 31 Chambers St.

19,000 SQ. FT. FOR RENT

Entire upper part (6 floors, each 66x80). A corner in heart of wholesale grocery district. Suitable warehouse or manufacturing. Exclusive additional ground floor space for office with elevator and lavatories. 54c. A FOOT. Can cut and ship.

Robert Feinhaut
F. F. LEINHAUS & SON, 348 Greenwich St.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manufacturing
Loft Building
177 Prince Street

Store and 5-story brick building with every modern improvement. Good income; leases expiring January 31st, 1921. Can be bought for $12,000 Cash.

BROKERS PROTECTED.
Griffon Holding Corp'n,
520 5th Ave., N. Y.
Phone 3880 Vanderbilt.

West Side Dwellings
Several Bargains
Early Possession

67 Liberty St. N. Y. City. Joseph P. Day Phone Cort. 744.

Private Sales Dept.

APARTMENT—52nd ST.
ADJACENT 5th AVE.

Cost $125,000

Rental Return $13,700 Old Leases
PRICE $85,000

HARVEY B. NEWINS, INC.
522 5th Ave., N. Y.
Phone Vanderbilt 2962-3-4-5.

MR. HOTEL MAN

21-year lease; 85 rooms, 40 with private bath; 45 with running water and 11 public baths. Can be purchased at a satisfactory figure. No Brokers. Address M. G., 113 Times.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WAREHOUSE WANTED

suitable for storing steel bars; in Manhattan, south of 14th Street; about 5,000 square feet; floor capacity not less than 250 lbs. Immediate possession. Desire ground floor and driveway. Can use dry basement with ground floor. Give full details for consideration. Answer, F 768 Times Downtown.

CLIENT WILL BUY

HOME WITH LARGE ACREAGE

HACKENSACK, N. J., or NEARBY.
Kavanagh, 963 Madison Av., N.Y.C.

Fish & Marvin

527 Fifth Avenue
New York
TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 4886

New Rochelle

STONE AND STUCCO RESIDENCE, 8 rooms, 2 baths, sun and sleeping porches, all modern conveniences. Garage. Corner plot 135x165, high ground. Asking $65,000. Apply N-947.

NEAR WYKAGYL CLUB, Stucco and timber dwelling, 8 rooms, 2 baths, all improvements. Garage. Plot 100x200. Asking $30,000. Apply N-917.

CLAPBOARD HOUSE, 6 rooms, tiled bath, hot water heat. Good size plot. Asking $11,500. Apply N-335. Phone New Rochelle 148.

Pelham

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY. Attractive bungalow, stone and stucco construction, completely furnished, contains 7 rooms, 2 baths, all modern conveniences. Garage. Grounds situated on a knoll, artistically landscaped. Apply S-3063. Phone Pelham 1997.

Larchmont

9 NEW HOUSES. Attractive Colonial type, 8 and 9 rooms, 3 baths, modern in every detail. Large plots, numerous fruit and shade trees. Private bathing beach privileges. Now being offered for $25,000 and $26,000. Apply S-3585. Phone Larchmont 700.

Riverdale-on-the-Hudson

Fieldston

West of Van Cortlandt Park
244th Street—New York City.



A Residential Community of Distinction

OFFERING:

Beautiful Surroundings.
Healthful Living Conditions.
Close Proximity to City.
Modern Comforts—Conveniences.
Unusual, Desirable Protection.

—Anticipate the Building Boom—

"Buy Your Fieldston Plot Now!"

Georgelowe 527 Fifth Ave. N.Y.
Specialist in Suburban and Country Properties
Fieldston Office Open Every Day.

Would You Sell Your Memories

of childhood in a real house with a *real* attic and *real* open fires, *real* porches and *real* trees?

Then Give Your Children These Delights in Bronxville, N. Y.,

which is a suburb of lovely homes. A prominent builder has built for himself and a friend or two a fine type of substantial Colonial house; ten rooms and three baths, sunny breakfast porches, open fireplaces, steam heat, improved kitchens. They are scattered among old trees, on rolling ground with a brook at the foot. Six minutes' walk from school, station and the social life of the Hotel Gramatan. Three new available. Your Winter coal assured

We Want Good Neighbors!

and to get them we are willing to make reasonable terms. Won't you discuss with us this opportunity for a permanent home of charm and dignity?

BROOKSIDE HOMES, Inc.
105 West 40th Street
Telephone BRYANT 3274.

Gedney Farm

Reduced $35,000 to $32,000.

A SPLENDID modern Colonial house on a large corner plot, near hotel, country club and polo field, extensive views, 10 spacious rooms, 3 baths, steam heat, gas and electricity; two car garage. Substantially built and thoroughly modern; immediate possession; easy terms. Buy this now before increased demand causes increased prices

Prince & Ripley Inc.
Selling Agents
437 Fifth Av. Tel. Mur. Hill 555 White Plains 2676

HOLLOW TILE HOUSE IN BEAUTIFUL LOCATION

Corner plot, 125 ft. frontage. Tile house with tiled roof, 4 years old; built in best period; fine sun parlor, 8 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms; hot water heat, parquet flooring; all copper leaders and gutters; expensive fixtures; 2-car garage. It's a charming property.

$40,000.

ALLABOUGH & SON,
36 North Av. Tels. 660 & 971 New Rochelle.

BARGAIN

Stucco home, living room, dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, three master bedrooms, two baths, servants' room and bath; sleeping porch; every modern convenience; large plot of ground with fine shade trees. We are offering this desirable residence for only $20,000.

Mrs. Edmund W. Bodine,
472 MAIN ST., NEW ROCHELLE, N.Y.
Tel. New Rochelle 848.

"ALONG THE SOUND"

Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
REAL ESTATE.
11 EAST 42D. MURRAY HILL 6441.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Water Front Estate

One of the Most Complete and Attractive Properties on the South Shore

Consisting of 90 acres, with actual Bay Front, long road frontage; very fine trees and shrubbery; gardens. Grounds are well laid out with attractive planting. Improvements consist of substantial frame house in excellent condition, partially furnished: 9 master's bedrooms, 5 baths, 7 maids' rooms and bath; hot water heat, electric light, parquet floors, screened porches. Large stable, with accommodations for a dozen horses and carriages, and quarters for chauffeur, all improvements. A cottage for family use for week ends during Winter, or can be used for extra helps' quarters; gate lodge and gardener's cottage, with improvements; farm barn, greenhouses, sheds and other outbuildings, with complete equipment of farm and garden tools. Bath house and bathing beach, with boat house and harbor for boats; private dock. The improvements alone could not be duplicated for the price at which it is offered, $150,000.

JEREMIAH ROBBINS,
Babylon, L. I. Tel. Babylon 22.

F. M. CRAWLEY & BROS.

is a guarantee of the BEST QUALITY of SERVICE to the buyer of

MONTCLAIR

Real Estate. Our record is an open book that all may read. We offer the following properties for sale. We also recommend them as good purchases.

$28,000

A Hillside residence in one of the finest restricted residential sections of town. Contains 11 rooms, solarium, 3 bathrooms, steam heat and electricity. Plot over 150 ft. front. 2-car garage. Fine assortment of trees and shrubbery. May be had on most reasonable terms.

$35,000

Handsome Elizabethan residence of brick and stucco construction; built before the days of high priced building costs. Large living room, library, dining room, kitchen, 7 bedrooms, 3 baths, dressing rooms. Choice location. Double garage. Magnificent view.

Note—We are BROKERS, not SPECULATORS.

F. M. CRAWLEY & BROS.

Real Estate Brokers
Opp. Lackawanna Terminal. Montclair, N. J.

FARM BARGAIN



Few minutes to Morristown Station; amiesite road; best location; 112 acres, excellent soil, 150 fruit trees, brook, 10 acres woods; Colonial farm house, 12 rooms, 3 baths, steam heat, electricity, open fireplaces; splendid new farm buildings, chicken houses, etc. Abundant water supply to all buildings. Offered at a most reasonable price. Will include complete farm equipment, stock and house, fully furnished, if desired.

GENUNG and DAY
Morristown, N. J.

At a Sacrifice

VERY LITTLE CASH NEEDED
Owner Leaving Town

6 Rooms--1 Family Corner House

All improvements; located Teaneck, New Jersey; near trolley and two railroads. House can be seen at any time.

Owner—J. F. MANNING,
Woodbine St. and DeGraw Ave., Teaneck, N. J.
Phone 1925M—Hackensack

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

OLD FARM HOUSE

Syosset, L. I., 10 rooms. No improvements. One acre. Fine remodeling possibilities. No. 323-L.

Price $9,000

LADD & NICHOLS,
15 E. 54th St. Plaza 1125.

DOUGLAS MANOR

The ideal suburban home on the North Shore; boating, bathing, fishing; 22 minutes Penn. Station. Some bargains in houses and plots.

J. HART WELCH,
Douglaston. Phone Bayside 811.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LOW WINTER PRICES PREVAIL NOW AT
SUMMIT, N. J.
and in the Hill Country Nearby.

$12,500. for $14,000; 8 rooms, 2 baths; steam heated dwelling; every improvement, highest section.

$16,000. for $20,000; 10 rooms, 2 baths; hot water heated home. Double garage. Fine plot.

$85,000. for $150,000. Exclusive estate in choicest section Summit. Exquisite brick Colonial dwelling, suitable out-buildings and 12 acres beautiful, valuable land.

40% UNDER VALUE for MOUNTAIN CREST

Most superbly located, perfectly maintained 20-acre gentlemen's estate. *Choice Building Plots, Valuable Acreage for Development and Profitable Farms at much below value.*

BUY NOW!
YOU WILL SAVE MUCH

EUGENE JOBS-H. F. BECK CO
Real Estate Brokers,
Lackawanna Station, Summit, N. J.

SAVE RENT BY BUYING



For $3,000 cash, balance like rent; price $11,750; plot 100x160 ft.; eight big rooms, fine tiled bath; wide veranda, big stone basement; in select, settled neighborhood; near lakes, golf and country clubs, churches, schools; easy commutation; express service; twelve minutes from station; investigate immediately; electric fixtures and shades installed.

Ready to move into today.
CURTIS SMITH, 442 Sterling Pl., Brooklyn, N. Y. Tel. 9887 Prospect.

MONTCLAIR

Owner's Colonial residence, containing 8 rooms, 3 baths, sun parlor, sleeping porch, steam, electricity; garage; grounds planted with shrubbery and shade trees. Choicely located; 5 minutes' walk to express station. Price $20,000.

FRANK HUGHES-TAYLOR CO.
At Lackawanna Ter., Montclair, N. J.

DAINTY

ELABORATELY APPOINTED COUNTRY SUBURBAN HOME FOR SMALL FAMILY; 8 VERY LARGE ROOMS AND TILED BATHROOM. PLOT 100X190 FT. GARAGE INCLUDED. LESS THAN ONE HOUR FROM N. Y. CITY. PRICE $10,000 COMPLETE. READY TO LIVE IN. $1,750 CASH TAKES IT. BALANCE ON MORTGAGE. IT IS A REAL OPPORTUNITY. DETAILS FROM E. G., P. O. BOX 378, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK CITY.

DO YOU PAY TAXES

on Bergen real estate? Protect your titles against all possible future litigation by insurance. We specialize in the above county, have expert knowledge and every facility for the examination and insurance of real estate titles. Write or phone for booklet. Send for auto route map of Northern New Jersey.

North Jersey Title Insurance Co.
Hackensack, N. J.

RIDGEWOOD, NEW JERSEY.

Immediate occupancy. Colonial home, seven rooms. Exceptional living room; fireplace, sun parlor, tiled bath. Complete in every detail. Large plot. Express commuting depot convenient. Reasonable. Buckley Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

ALL THE ORANGES

If you contemplate moving there is no finer or more convenient suburban location than "The Oranges." Modern houses every description for sale all prices.

FRANK H. TAYLOR, note first name, opp. Brick Church Sta., East Orange, N. J.

Furnished Residence

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

EXCEPTIONALLY fine furnished residence for rent from about the middle of January until Sept. 1st on account of European trip.

Situated in Plainfield, N. J., about 3 minutes auto ride from railroad station.

Twelve rooms and four bath rooms — two-car garage and over acre of ground.

Rent, $400 per month

Highest class references required.

Address Box S499 Times

FLORIDA—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FLORIDA

THE GROWING OF THE TEMPLE ORANGE

is a very profitable sound commercial business. It is being developed by the TEMPLE TERRACES, Inc., and is backed by citrus men of integrity and standing and will bear the closest investigation from any angle. Location is but six miles from Tampa. The orange itself is the peer of them all in beauty and delicious flavor, and brings the highest price.

IT IS THE HIGHEST CLASS CITRUS DEVELOPMENT IN FLORIDA—NONE LIKE IT—NONE TO COMPETE WITH IT.

The groves will be planted and cared for by the **Buckeye Nurseries** of Tampa, Fla., the largest citrus nurseries in the world. This in itself assures successful, profitable results. Payments are spread over 5 years, and 5 to 10 acres will return a good income for life; let us outline it to you. Write for booklet No. 3.

TEMPLE TERRACES, Inc.
46 East 41st St. Murray Hill 6940

BELLEAIR, FLORIDA

Colonial house, 4 bedrooms, 2 baths, fine living room, garage; near hotels. Fronts on golf course. Season rental, $2,200.00.

Ladd, Nichols & Eaton
15 East 54th Street, New York.
Plaza 1125.

REAL ESTATE—Other Cities and Towns.

"KINLOCH"

Charming Virginia Colonial estate, comprising 223 acres of choice productive soil. Elegant modern Colonial mansion, fourteen rooms; adequate completement other estate buildings. Located amid the Blue Ridge Hills, offering a most select social environment, comfortable motoring distance to attractive city and social centre. Genuinely attractive as a stock estate, to the select as a desirable country place and distinctly a pre-war value. Photographs, together with description, on request. Price $35,000. Terms if desired.

MORTON G. THALHIMER,
COUNTRY DEPARTMENT,
RICHMOND, VA.

Schlesinger for Factories



Essex Bldg. NEWARK. Market 6300
Times Sq. Bldg. NEW YORK. Bryant 192

125,000 sq. ft.—JERSEY CITY—Part modern, steel, concrete; part mill construction; ample yard space; power; suitable heavy manufacturing. Rent or sell.

186,000 sq. ft.—NEWARK—New 3 story, steel, concrete; sprinklered; part mill construction; power plant. Suitable offices, light manufacturing, textile; all classes labor available in immediate vicinity. Sale, lease.

20,000 sq. ft.—GREENPOINT—New one story, brick, concrete; heavy —100 x 200; driveways at end of building; heat. Ideal for heavy machine work; excellent shipping neighborhood. Lease.

19,000 sq. ft.—NEWARK—3 story, heavy mill construction; large elevator; near freight station. High ceilings. Good labor. Sale.

33,000 sq. ft.—MANHATTAN—6 story steel, concrete; 2 elevators; good light; 2 low pressure boilers—excellent transit and shipping facilities. Rent or sell —terms.

DO YOU KNOW that WE located THE HUDSON FUR DYEING CO. in its new plant in NEWARK?

35,000 sq. ft.—NEWARK—4 story, brick, extra heavy carrying capacity—2 elevators—high ceilings; loading platform—railroad siding 5 cars. Rent.

95,000 sq. ft.—Near NEW YORK—Three 2 story units; extra heavy; sprinklered; railroad siding; daylight; excellent for distributing, warehouse, almost any manufacturing. Sale—terms.

50,000 sq. ft.—BOSTON—Machine making plant—heavy, mill constructed; power; good labor; near freight station. Sale—terms.

15,000 sq. ft.—JERSEY CITY—3 story brick mill; heat, power; also garage with living quarters; suitable light manufacturing—chemical. Sale.

22,000 sq. ft.—BRONX—3 story brick—woodworking plant. Land for lumber storage. Sell as going concern—terms.

66,000 sq. ft.—NORTH JERSEY—New, 2 story, mill constructed; power 100% daylight. Fine labor market. Suitable light manufacturing. Sale—terms.

125,000 sq. ft.—NEW YORK—6 story brick and steel, fireproof; high ceilings; 100% daylight, sprinklered, heavy carrying capacity; heat and power; R. R. siding. Sale.

56,000 sq. ft.—BROOKLYN—New 4 story, steel, concrete; covered loading platform. Suitable printing, textile, candy, machine work. Rents 33 cents sq. ft.

PRINCIPALS ONLY

Louis Schlesinger Inc.

We advertise your property without cost to you

The Newest—The Largest—The Best.

FACTORY SPACE TO LET

62,400 sq. ft. on each floor.

Large and Small Units available to purchase or long-term lease; sprinklered. Subway station at door. Remote from other factories; in residential neighborhood.

ALFRED F. WILSON,
on Premises, 1401 37th St., Brooklyn.
Brokers Protected.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—
DAYLIGHT FACTORY
Six Stories and Basement—Fireproof.
Over 40,000 Sq. Ft.

Fireproof vaults; space for heavy stamping; electric power plant. Early possession. Near Chelsea Piers and Railroads.

JAMES N. WELLS' SONS,
191 Ninth Ave. (near 22d St.)

For Sale — COMPACT FACTORY — For Sale

Farmingdale, N. J. 3 acres adjoining railroad; 1-story saw tooth; 11,000 sq. ft.; completely equipped with low pressure boiler, power lines; electric light; plumbing and complete woodworking machinery. Will sell with or without machinery; price and terms right.

KRAEMER, 776 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Brooklyn.

FACTORY FOR SALE

FOUR-STORY BRICK, CORNER KEAP ST. AND RENT AV., BROOKLYN, 50X97; SEMI-FIREPROOF; ELEVATOR; STEAM HEAT, EDISON POWER; FULLY RENTED, WITH CANCELLATION CLAUSES IN LEASES. SIMPSON-MERRITT CO., 949 BROADWAY, N. Y. PHONE ASHLAND 7789.

Long Island.

LONG ISLAND CITY—

IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY
5,000 Sq. Ft.
10,000 Sq. Ft.
20,000 Sq. Ft.
In Fireproof Concrete Building
ROMAN-CALLMAN CO.
BRIDGE PLAZA NORTH
—LONG ISLAND CITY—

42000 Sq. Ft. Railroad Siding 100% Sprinkler

Reinforced-concrete, flatslab construction. 10 minutes to Grand Central Station. Located in Long Island City's industrial centre. 65c with Heat and Service.

S. BLICKMAN, Owner,
199 Lafayette St., N. Y. City. 5445 Canal

BUSINESS PROPERTY—Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE
Below Fulton St.

Several small-buildings downtown east of William Street, well suited for businesses desiring location near shipping, financial, export or insurance district. Attractive terms and possession by May 1, 1921.

Principals only

Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
46 Cedar Street
Tel. 5709 John

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

PROFITABLE FARMS
COUNTRY HOMES, ESTATES
MONMOUTH COUNTY.
GEO. W. ECCKER, MARLBORO, N. J.
Graduate Agriculturist. Phone connection.

Farms Wanted.

WANTED

Within 100 Miles of New York City.

Farm of large acreage, with buildings in good condition; will pay cash; no mortgage wanted; good opportunity for executors and owners to convert a liability into an asset. Address F. J., 849 Lexington Av., New York.

Waterfront Plot

ON
NEW YORK HARBOR
DEEP WATER—RAILROAD
Suitable for
S.S. Pier—Factory—Refinery
Sole Agent
Harrison S. Colburn Co.
Factories, Warehouses, Waterfronts
90 West St., N. Y. C. Phone 1715 Rector

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

WANTED AT ONCE

Garage
or
Fireproof Stable
100x100
WILL LEASE OR BUY
Quick Action
J. CLARENCE DAVIES
32 Nassau St. John 1171

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

CHEAPEST RENT DOWNTOWN

Entire Second Floor
7,000 Sq. Ft.
Facing City Hall Park

At busiest centre of traffic in the world.

Floor has private vault, storeroom and lavatories.

Fine location for second floor store, or executive offices.

200 Feet of Window Space

BUTLER & BALDWIN, Inc.
15 East 47th St.
Tel. Murray Hill 6682.

LOFTS TO LET

Several in Cluett Building, 25 W. 18th & 26 W. 19th St. 15,000 sq. feet to each floor, or will divide.

Fully Sprinkled. Five Elevators.

Immediate Possession

Stafford Brothers, Inc.
25 West 43rd St.
Vanderbilt 1345
or Your Own Broker.

DOWNTOWN OFFICE BUILDING SITE FOR SALE

WITHIN 200 FEET OF BROADWAY & WALL ST.
LOT AREA 8,890 SQ. FT.
TANKOOS, SMITH & CO.
REAL ESTATE,
11 JOHN ST., COR. B'WAY.
TELEPHONE CORTLANDT 2372.

LOFTS TO LEASE CONCRETE BUILDING

Between Brooklyn and Manhattan Bridges. 10,000 to 20,000 sq. feet; excellent labor market; shipping facilities unexcelled; light on all sides; automatic sprinklers; low insurance; immediate occupancy. No agents. Apply

GAIR REALTY CORPORATION,

ON BROADWAY

At Fourth Street

The Merchants Building

TYPICAL FLOOR PLAN

Floors containing 9,200 sq. feet. Light on four sides. Divided to suit tenant.



COMPLETELY EQUIPPED with high speed electric passenger elevator and freight elevators.

RECEIVING and SHIPPING FACILITIES provided for in separate entrance on 4th St.

LOW INSURANCE RATES compelled by sixteen floors of the highest type fireproof construction and 100% sprinkler system.

Ideal for manufacturing purposes.

EFFICIENT SERVICE assured by capable attendants and complete equipment for heat, light and power.

Electricity, Gas and Steam installation.

ALL TRANSIT LINES CONVENIENT—subways, elevated and surface cars.

Leases made for entire floors or divided in any part to suit tenant.

PHONE VANDERBILT 1725

WILLIAM S. SUSSMAN, REAL ESTATE ADMINISTRATORS

WILLIAM S. SUSSMAN

• • • INCORPORATED • • •
REAL ESTATE ADMINISTRATORS
300 Madison Ave., New York

FLOORS

In Sprinklered Bldgs.
NOW & FEBRUARY 1ST
23-29 Washington Place
(N. W. Cor. Greene St.)
SIZE 100x100
FLOORS
5th Floor, Immediate Possession
Balance February 1st.
30-32 West 24th St.
SIZE 50x98
9th Floor, Feb. 1st
41-43 West 25th St.
SIZE 50x98
FLOORS
Possession Feb. 1st.

Spear & Co. REAL ESTATE

840 B'way. Stuyvesant 0627.

PENN TERMINAL BUILDING

7th Ave., 30th to 31st St.
NEW
17 Story Fireproof Building
ADJOINING
PENNSYLVANIA STATION & HOTEL
NEAR MAIN POST OFFICE.

ENTIRE
FLOORS
20,000 SQ. FT.
OFFICES
600 SQ. FT. UPWARD.
STORES
SUBDIVIDED TO SUIT.

FOR EXECUTIVE OFFICES OR SALESROOMS
NO MANUFACTURING
Occupancy Jan. 1, 1921
REGENT REALTY CO.
33 W. 42D ST., TEL. 5506 VANDERBILT
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

OFFICE SPACE

in
PRINCIPAL OFFICE BLDGS.
nearing completion
WITHIN ONE BLOCK
GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL
Large and small units
Attractive Prices
Full information and floor plans

J. CLARENCE DAVIES
51 E. 42nd St. Vanderbilt 9175

Nassau Street Store

15x40
Remarkable Opportunity
Jan. 1st Possession
4 1-3 yr. lease

87 Liberty St. N. Y. City. Phone Cort. 744

Joseph P. Day
Leasing Dept.

CHOICE LIGHT CORNER OFFICES
LIBERTY BLDG., AT 123 LIBERTY ST.
SINGLE OR SUITE, OR ENTIRE FLOOR SUBDIVIDED.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—LOW RENT
TANKOOS, SMITH & CO.
11 John St., corner Broadway.
Telephone 6232 Cortlandt.
Or Your Own Broker.

CHOICE CORNER STORE TO LET.
BROADWAY & 111TH ST.
Northeast Corner
Suitable for Optician, Haberdasher, Phonograph, Etc.
Apply on premises or
NASSOIT & LANNING
Broadway and 99th St. Tel. 3380 Riverside.

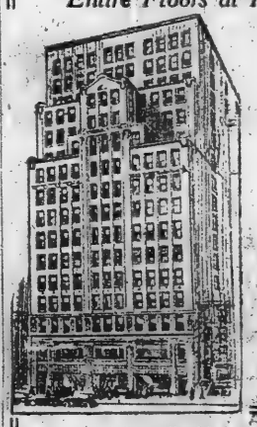
GARAGE

To lease for long term of years, 80,000 square feet; no elevators. West 158th St., near Riverside Drive.

ALSO
10-year lease obtainable, centrally located west side garage; capacity, 150 cars; average storage, $37.50 per month.

Apply to G. Montague Mabie, AGENT, 32 West 40th St. Tel. 826 Vanderbilt.

Ready for Occupancy
Entire Floors at REASONABLE Rental



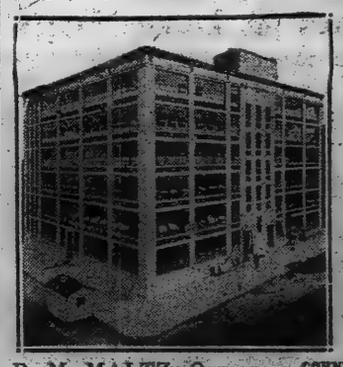
New 16-Story Building
15 West 37th St.
Adjoining Fifth Ave.
Store, Offices
AND
Showrooms
4700 to 8100 Sq. Ft.
PER FLOOR
Light on Four Sides

16-Story Building
15 West 36th St.
adjoining 5th Ave.
Entire Floors
4200 Sq. Ft. per floor
Light on Four Sides
100% Sprinkler

11-Story Building
49 West 24th St.
bet. 5th and 6th Aves.
Entire Floors
45 x 84
Suitable for Mfg.
100% Sprinkler

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR FEBRUARY 1ST, 1921
Julius Tishman & Sons, Inc.
18 EAST 41st ST., N. Y. VANDERBILT 1977

Manufacturers' Attention!
NEW MODERN CONCRETE BUILDING



ONLY TWO LOFTS LEFT in 13,000 Square Feet Units

Light on four sides.
100% sprinkler system.
250 lb. floor capacity.
Two elevators.
Passenger and freight.

NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY
In the best labor location, near subways and ferries

B. M. MALTZ, Owner, CORNER GRAND AVE. AND DEAN ST., BROOKLYN
On Premises (Phone 8942 Prospect) or Your Own Broker.

FOR RENT
386-390 FIFTH AVENUE
Southwest Corner 36th Street

Beautiful Gorham Building. Entire 4th floor. 11,000 square feet. Low rent. 2 vaults and sprinkler system. Might divide.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

Studio space 2,000 sq. ft. 9th floor, same building.

DUANE CO., 296 BROADWAY
Telephone Worth 248. Brokers Protected.

TELEPHONES

INSTALLED IMMEDIATELY.
Store 20x60. Also Offices & Skylight Studios, $80. Small Basement Store, $70.
Inquire Chelsea 2227. Brokers.

5 WEST 16TH

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
19-21 West 57th St.
NEW BUILDING
ENTIRE FLOORS
TO LEASE
Also Studio Suitable for Photographer
Apply on premises or
THOMAS V. McLAUGHLIN
3 Hector Pl. Hector 1900.

Garage and Service Station, Ground Floor

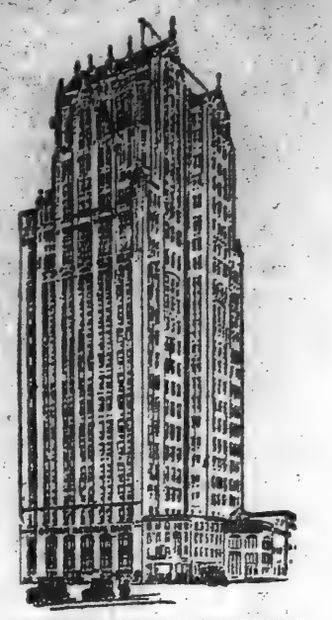
Modern. Corner 12th Av. and 51st St. Convenient for testing on 12th Av.

Apply Autopiano Co.
653 West 51st. Circle 8150.

DESIRABLE STORE TO LET

2 E. 28th St., at 5th Ave.
Size 20x50. Immediate possession.
Ruland & Whiting-Benjamin CORPORATION

Gotham National Bank Building
Now 70% Rented



24-STORY OFFICE BUILDING
BROADWAY AT COLUMBUS CIRCLE
10 TRANSIT LINES AT THE DOOR

Entire Floors—6668 Sq. Ft. Net at $3.75 per sq. ft.

WITH PARTITIONS TO SUIT
PERPETUAL LIGHT ON FOUR SIDES
POSSESSION FEB. 1, 1921

GOTHAM NATIONAL BANK
Renting Department
1823 BROADWAY AT COLUMBUS CIRCLE
TELEPHONE—COLUMBUS 1425

Or Your Own Broker.

Offices & Show Rooms

102-104 FULTON ST.
At William Street
Full floors 4,000 sq. ft. each
ALSO SMALLER OFFICES

47-49 MAIDEN LANE
Near Nassau Street
LARGE AND SMALL OFFICES

1123 BROADWAY
Corner 25th Street
LARGE AND SMALL OFFICES

LOWELL BUILDING
1140 Broadway, Corner 26th St.
Full Floors, 5,250 Sq. Ft.
ALSO SMALLER OFFICES

VICTORIA BUILDING
1150 Broadway, Corner 27th Street
One full floor 20,000 sq. ft.
ALSO SMALLER OFFICES

2 WEST 47TH ST.
Adj. 5th Avenue
LARGE AND SMALL OFFICES

For Rent—Immediate Possession
and February 1st, 1921.

Apply on premises or

BING & BING
119 West 40th St. — OR YOUR OWN BROKER — Bryant 6410

97-103 East Houston St.
STORE—BASEMENT—LOFTS
100x100 each
Modern Fireproof, Sprinkler Equipped
Manufacturing Building.
2 Passenger, 2 Freight Elevators.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

Low Insurance — Live Steam
Very Low Rent — Will Lease in Units of
10,000 TO 40,000 SQ. FT.

FRED'K SOUTHACK & ALWYN BALL JR.
11 BROADWAY — TEL. BOWLING GREEN 3540.

---

145 WEST 45th ST.

ADJOINING BROADWAY
Offices and Professional Studios
HIGH-CLASS FIREPROOF BUILDING
Equipped with Approved Vaults
for Film Storage
ENTIRE FLOOR 5300 SQ. FT.
AND A FEW DESIRABLE OFFICES
Immediate possession if desired
ROBERT P. ZOBEL, 35 W. 39th ST.
ON YOUR OWN BROKER

TO LEASE
West B'way
with privilege to purchase
ENTIRE BUILDING
over 17,000 square feet net
100% SPRINKLERED
Possession Feb. 1, 1921
Everett M. Seixas Co.
507 5th Ave. — Murray Hill 4520

LOFT
50 x 118
AT
$1.50 Sq. Ft.

37
UNION SQ. WEST
Desirable Loft in
High Class Building facing
UNION SQ. PARK
WONDERFUL ADVERTISING SPACE
Express Stations to all Sections
APPLY ON PREMISES
ARTHUR, LEVY, BERNARD CO.
37 UNION SQ. WEST
Tel. Stuyvesant 1365

6TH AVENUE NEAR 36TH ST.
BUILDING TO LEASE
FOR 21 YEARS
or will lease single floors.
NOTE—This elevator building is 44 by 13, adjoining "L" station; best location in New York.
Inquire of OWNER,
J. AARON,
(4th floor) 4th Ave.

STORE & LOFT BUILDING
283 WEST BROADWAY
Adjoining Canal Street.
6 Stories and Basement, 25x100, containing about 17,000 sq. ft.
Possession February 1st, 1921.
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO.,
30 West 42nd Street.

620-8 Madison Ave.
S. W. Corner 59th St.
Stores and Offices

The Stores are especially well suited for any high-class Optician, Photographer, Books or Antique Dealers.

The Offices are ideal for Brokers, Builders, Engineers, Architects.

Possession February 1921

151-3 W. 19th St.
46.7 x 90
One Floor.
Possession February 1921
Exceptional Light

27-33 W. 20th St.
100 x 92
Several Floors.
Possession February 1921

13-15 E. 22nd St.
54 x 98.9
7th Floor
Also smaller units.
Possession February 1921

28-30 W. 23rd St.
thru to
9-19 W. 22nd St.
Several Floors.
21,000 sq. ft. each.
Immediate possession of 21,000 sq. ft.
Balance February 1921
Exceptional Light

115-17 E. 23rd St.
28 x 98.9
Store and Basement.
Possession February 1921

22-4 W. 27th St.
50 x 98.9
Several Floors.
Possession February 1921

34-8 W. 27th St.
68.6 x 98.9
9th Floor. Immediate Poss.

Hess Building
4th Ave. S.W. cor. 26th St.
100 x 200
Two Entire Floors
Possession February 1921
Also smaller units

329 Fourth Ave.
40x83
Store and Basement.
Possession January 1, 1921
Also Offices with
Immediate Possession
Exceptional Light

821-3 Broadway
N. W. Cor. 13th St.
49 x 87 x irreg.
Two Floors.
Possession February 1921

134-40 W. 29th St.
100 x 98.9
Store and Basement.
Possession February 1921
Sixth Floor.
Possession January 1st, 1921
Also smaller units.
Possession February 1921

127 W. 30th St.
25 x 60
Store and Basement.
Immediate Possession

131 W. 30th St.
25x60
Store and Basement.
Immediate Possession

19-21 W. 31st St.
Life Building
Several Stores.
Possession January 1921

12-14 W. 32nd St.
34 x 98.9
7th Floor.
Possession immediate or February 1921
No Manufacturing.

907 Broadway — HESS INC. — Stuyvesant 4200

FOR RENT
Three Entire Upper Floors
Each 5,400 Square Feet
IN
SUSSFELD, LORSCH & SCHIMMEL
12 story fireproof building
153-5-7 West 23rd St.
Two Passenger and One Freight Elevators
Automatic Sprinkler
Possession February 1, 1921
NO MANUFACTURING
APPLY AGENTS
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
148 West 72d St. Col. 1883.
BROKERS PROTECTED.

TIMES SQUARE OFFICES
$35 a Month and Up
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Also Large Store, 50x100
ROMAX BUILDING—245 West 47th St.
Adjoining Strand Theatre
JOHN H. SCHEIER
Romax Building — 245 West 47th Street
Telephone Bryant 5102-5103 — Or Your Own Broker

AT 32 BROADWAY
Ground Floor and Sub-Basement
suitable for
BANK AND SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULTS—BROKERS
EXPORT AND IMPORT BUSINESS
or other
COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISES
also
Units of 5,000, 2,500, 1,300 sq. ft.
H. C. BEAVEN
32 Broadway, New York. Phone 1901 Broad
or Your Own Broker

SELLS
FOR LEASE 21 YEARS OR SALE.
GARAGE—WAREHOUSE
OFFICE—LOFT
AND
FACTORY BUILDINGS
65,000 sq. ft. on Broadway, freight and passenger elevator, sprinkler, for $60 net per sq. ft. and many other Big Bargains.
Will trade 8th Ave. office building for part cash and second mortgages. Will show 33% on investment. Have many other parcels for trade.
STORES—OFFICES and LOFTS TO LET
Best locations and low rentals. You will find it profitable to consult me on any Real Estate Propositions. My motto is "EQUITABLE SERVICE."
Bells, 1035 Equitable Bldg.
SELLING.

EQUITABLE SERVICE

ONLY ONE
4th Ave., Corner Loft
961 Fourth Ave.
N. E. Cor. 51st St.
4200 Square Feet.
Modern Building. No Manufacturing.
20 Windows, no Columns on Floor.
Possession Feb. 1st, 1921.
WRIGHT BARCLAY, INC.
320 Fifth Ave. Tel. Penn. 6990.

FOR LEASE
Fifth Ave.
In FORTIES
Modern Six Story
Store and Loft Bldg.
21 Year Period
Possession of Store, Basement, 1st and 2d Loft, May 1st, 1921.
Entire Building, Oct. 1st, 1921.
ELEVATOR.
EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR FIRM'S OWN OCCUPANCY
Thomas J. O'Reilly,
Sole Agent.
51 Chambers St.
Tel. Worth 2800.

LIGHT MODERN
CORNER OFFICE SPACE
HIGH-CLASS DOWNTOWN BUILDING.
123 LIBERTY ST.
COR. GREENWICH ST.
LOW RENT. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
TANKOOS, SMITH & CO.
REAL ESTATE.
11 JOHN ST., COR. B'WAY.
TELEPHONE CORTLANDT 2372.
Supt. on Building or Your Own Broker.

---

5 Lofts
(KNOX BLDG.)
S.E. Cor. 40th St.

Northerly Exposure, overlooking Public Library. Three offices of 500 to 600 sq. ft. each to let from May 1st.

For rents and particulars apply to
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street

LOFT TO LET
116-118-120
East 27th ST.
From February 1, 1921
At $8,400. per annum
66 Feet 6 Inches Front
12th Floor; light on four sides; skylights; fireproof; 3 elevators; Fire Sprinkler equipment and all modern improvements.
For full particulars inquire of
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

---

102 E. 52nd ST. Park Ave.
2 very large and light rooms bath and kitchen.
Apply to
R. C. VOTH, 375 Park Ave.

BROADWAY CENTRAL BUILDING
2 Corners Facing South
ENTIRE BLOCK
Broadway to 7th Av.
on North Side of 51st St.
Entire Floors, Offices for rent; 3 Elevators, Sprinklers; Arcade through building. Ready for occupancy. Inspection invited.
$2.00 to $2.50 Per Foot
M. M. HAYWARD & CO.
2640 Broadway. Tel. River. 9084
AGENT ON PREMISES.

SUBLEASE
8TH FLOOR
329 Fourth Ave.
38 x 80
907 Broadway — HESS INC. — Stuyvesant 4200

To Lease from Feb. 1st
29-33 W. 38TH ST.
740 Sq. Ft. Net.....$2,500
1,600 Sq. Ft. Net.....$5,000
55 WEST 16TH ST.
20x22
Lofts $3,500
J. C. & M. G. MAYER,
347 Madison Ave. Murray Hill 8084.

CENTRALLY LOCATED
CHOICE RETAIL
STORE LOCATIONS
ALSO
BUILDINGS AND FLOORS
TANKOOS, SMITH & CO.
REAL ESTATE,
11 JOHN ST., COR. B'WAY.
TELEPHONE CORTLANDT 2372.

JUST THE OFFICES YOU HAVE BEEN LOOKING FOR
2,300 Square Feet of Ideal Office Space Broadway Corner, Near Canal Street.
Windows open to sunlight on three sides. Large space in centre for stock or sample room—with freight elevator.
Eight nice sized oak and glass partitioned offices, four of them soundproof; customers' waiting room.
Telephone switchboard, with five trunk lines installed.
Four years' lease. See Mr. Falter or Mr. Volgenau, 448 B'way, Room 816.

Corner Store and Basement
22,000 SQ. FT.
On Lower West Side
Fireproof — 100% Sprinklered
Immediate Possession
Rent Reasonable
HORACE S. ELY & COMPANY
21 Liberty Street

OFFICES TO RENT
From 100 to 5700 square feet, light on all sides. Will divide.
MODERATE RENT
112-18 West 44th Street
Immediate Possession. Tel. Bryant 2607. Brokers Protected.

---

105 West 47th Street
Store and Basement
20x80. Rent $4,500
HARRY B. CUTNER
1181 Broadway — Watkins 4262

AN EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY
Store close to 5th Av.
ABOVE 34TH ST.
BLEIMAN, 688 Broadway.

---

11 WEST 46th STREET.
Parlor Floor Store, 90 ft. deep
Exceptionally light.
Harris, Vought & Company.
8 East 46th St. Phone Vanderbilt 21.

LIGHT LOFT—140 6th Av., near 11th St., about 6,000 square feet; carrying capacity 200 lbs. per square foot. Ready for occupancy; 1st floor having large show windows.
THOMAS J. O'REILLY

---

935 Broadway
CORNER 22ND ST.
THIRD FLOOR
9500 Sq. Ft.
Immediate Possession

127-9 W. 24th St.
5 FLOORS
25000 Sq. Ft.
Immediate Possession

39-47 W. 19th St.
2nd floor—10000 Sq. Ft.
Possession Feb. 1, 1921

CROSS & BROWN COMPANY
18 East 41st St., New York
Murray Hill 7100

5TH AVE. & 15TH ST.
Northwest Corner
2 LOFTS
No Manufacturing
5000 to 8000 Sq. Ft.
Rates $1.40 & $1.25 per sq. ft.
OFFICES
225 to 3800 Sq. Ft.
Rates $2.60 to $3.00 per sq. ft.
For Net Space
Two Modern Buildings
100% sprinkler
100 5th Ave., cor. 15th St.
104 5th Ave., near 16th St.
All space offered has excellent light.
Edgar A. Levy Leasing Co.
505 Fifth Av. Tel. Murray Hill 6980
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

Light Loft
TO LET
7th floor, about 11,500 Sq. Ft. Sublet
352 FOURTH AVE.
Suitable for offices and stock rooms.
Manufacturing Privileges
6 large elevators. Modern throughout
Apply
Kirby Block & Fischer, Inc.,
On Premises
Or your own broker.

50,000 SQUARE FEET
CHOICE MODERN
OFFICE SPACE
ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY AND WALL STREET. SUITABLE FOR EXECUTIVE, BROKERAGE OR GENERAL USE. ENTIRE FLOORS OR SEPARATE OFFICES. MODERN, FIREPROOF. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. LOW RENT.
TANKOOS, SMITH & CO.
REAL ESTATE
11 JOHN ST., COR. BROADWAY
TELEPHONE CORTLANDT 2372
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

7000 SQUARE FT.
S. W. Cor. 50th St., B'way
Light on three sides.
Office or light manufacturing.
Long or short term lease, $10,000.
PHOTO REPRO CO.
208 West 50th St.
Phone Circle 3832-6496.

SUITE OF OFFICES
FOR RENT
GRAND CENTRAL ZONE
Twenty-six hundred feet; nine large, light private offices, modern partitions glass and mahogany finish; switchboard, three trunk lines, fifteen extensions. Floor coverings and complete office equipment. May be purchased or leased by lessee. Telephone Mr. Ogilvie, Vanderbilt 1360.

Special Opportunities
6-12 Desbrosses St.
Light lofts, 5,000 sq. ft., Elevator Sprinkler; 800 sq. ft.
130 and 132 West 36th St.
NEW BUILDING, 50x100; ELEVATOR; MODERN; 3 FLOORS; $2,000 EACH; FOR OFFICE OR SHOWROOM PURPOSES.
Broadway, N. W. corner 46th St.
7-story store and office building, lease for 21 years. Splendid chance.
East Twenties.
Modern 25x112 elevator building. Heavy-carrying capacity, rear shipping facilities.
Desirable Light Manufacturing Lofts.
2 adjoining houses can be taken for apartment alteration.
Ames & Company
26 West 31st St.

SUITABLE FOR
CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS
STORE AND BASEMENT
(Now 5,000 sq. ft.)
On 3rd Ave., East Section.
Large show windows on Avenue and side Street.
Possession June 1st, 1921, if you act at once.
B. W., Box 45, Times.

CORNER STORE AND BASEMENT, 126 6TH AV., SOUTHEAST COR. 10TH ST.; MODERN BUILDING; EXCELLENT SHOW WINDOW SPACE; IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY.
THOMAS J. O'REILLY
Downtown Office, 51 Chambers St.

42d St., 511 & 513 WEST
Modern eight-story building, high ceilings.
LOFTS 20x100; TWO ELEVATORS.
Seventh Loft, $4,000; Possession Feb. 1.
M. W. HAWKINS & CO., 2,000 Broadway.

EXECUTIVE OFFICES
Financial District
1,000, 1,500, 2,700, 5,000, 7,000, 10,000, 14,000, 18,000
Square Feet
67 Liberty St. N. Y. City. — Phone Cort. 744
Leasing Dept.

ATTENTION
ARCHITECTS—ENGINEERS
Exceptional
Top Floor, 10 Story Bldg., 6,000 Sq. Ft.
Also Other
OFFICES—FLOORS
STORES—BUILDINGS
Downtown Section.
Hirshon, Barwell Co.
30 Exchange Place, Hanover 7764. City.

GARAGES
This Is the Time to Buy
We have a number of exceptional and unusual BARGAINS that will advance 25 to 50 per cent. within a few months.
Let us co-operate
GOTHAM REALTY CO.
116 WEST 39TH STREET.
1,400 BROADWAY.
ROOM 823. PHONE FITZROY 8355.

5th Ave. Shopping District
4 STORY BUILDING
ON 37TH STREET
Small alteration; 21 year lease
ASHFORTH & CO.,
501 5th Ave. Murray Hill 148.

LONG TERM LEASE
Corner, 100x100
Four story and basement building, two floors fireproof; net rental basis; suitable factory, warehouse or other business.
J. K. MOORS.
261 West 57th St. Columbus 8328.

New Jersey.



NEWARK, N. J.
3rd Floor Loft, 50x100
Freight elevator and service.
Light and heat furnished.
Possession January 1st.
ESSEX LEATHER BAG CO.,
21 Clifton St., Newark, N. J.
Phone Waverly 1393

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.



Opposite the Schuyler Mansion
"305 West End Avenue"
AT SEVENTY-FOURTH STREET
A RESIDENTIAL HOTEL
Just Completed
Towering fourteen sunny stories above the neighboring private residences with superb sweeping view over the Hudson—
Suites of two or more rooms with complete and Superior Service
also A Few One Room Apartments
RESIDENT MANAGER - Columbus 1220

Does the Lease of Your Apartment Expire Soon?
If so, investigate.
Jackson Heights
4, 5 and 6 Rooms
New Garden Apartments
unusual neighborhood advantages; or Co-operative Plan;
Moderate Price—Liberal Terms.
Rental and Purchase References Exhaust
THE
Queensboro Corporation
50 E. 42d St., Manhattan.
Corner Madison Ave.
Send for Views and Details.

Furnished—West Side.
Furnished Apartment or Reasonable Period.
Large rooms, exceptionally light; many closets; bathrooms; furnishings; centre of everything; quiet and accessible.
HOTEL GREGORIAN
35th St., near 5th Av., near Broadway.

Modern 6 Story Fireproof
Loft 25x90
LIGHT, FIREPROOF LOFT, ELEVATOR SERVICE, &c., SUITABLE
RENT $3,000.
Apply Supt. on premises.

12-14 W. 18th St.
Loft 25x90, $3,000
Loft 51x90, $6,000
BEAUTIFUL LIGHT LOFTS
SUITABLE LIGHT MANUFACTURING PURPOSES; ELEVATOR SERVICE, &c.
Apply Supt. on premises.

MODERN 14-STORY APT.
6 Rooms
THE WYOMING
S.E. cor. 55th & 7th Av.
MODERN, 13-STORY APT.
8 Rooms
$2,000 per annum
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Julius Tishman & Sons, Inc.
10 East 42nd St. Tel. Vanderbilt 1971

Uptown—West Side.
2 NEW BUILDINGS
JUST COMPLETED
NOW RENTING.
105th & Riverside Drive
4, 5 & 6 Rooms
Very Special Suites; reasonable rental.
Representative always on premises.
220 West 71st St.
Bet. B'way & West End Av.
3 and 4 Rooms
Exceptionally attractive apartments. Large rooms, closets and every modern improvement. Representative always on premises, or
PATERNO BROS.,
801 W. 181st St. Tel. 1114 Wadsworth.

SMALL APARTMENTS
Northwest Corner
Sixth Ave. at 52nd Street
EXCEPTIONALLY well-arranged suites of two and three large rooms with bath. Every modern improvement—steam heat, electric light, telephone, etc.
Most central and conveniently located.
One apartment specially arranged for physician on the ground floor.
For particulars, apply on the premises, or
EARLE & CALHOUN,
212 West 72d St. Columbus 8113.

THE UMBRIA
65 West End Avenue
One Apartment Left
10 Rooms—3 Baths
RENT REASONABLE
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS
J. Romaine Brown & Co.,
200 Madison Ave.

HOTEL ROYALTON
44 WEST 44TH ST.
Bachelor Apartments
UNFURNISHED
3 Rooms & 2 Baths
2 Rooms & Bath
Immediate Possession
Hotel Service and Restaurant

---

206 WEST 104 ST.
Near 106d St. Subway, off B'way.
NEW BUILDING
JUST COMPLETED
Extraordinary High Class
APARTMENTS
4 and 5 Rooms
Also 4 Room Doctor's Apt.

---

125 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
(at 84th St.)
11 Rooms, 3 Baths
Every room outside
LOUIS P. DOWDNEY
249 W. 72nd St. Col. 6446

SKYLIGHT
Studio for Professional Men.
Quiet, Select, near Fifth Ave.
2 Rooms and Bath
Maid Service. Telephones.
The Frick Studios, Obelisk 5 W. 16th

Harperley Hall
1 WEST 34TH STREET
UNFURNISHED
7 Rooms and 3 Baths; Housekeeping 2-4 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette
ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
2, 3 and 4 Rooms, with Kitchenette
Refrigeration in all apartments
TELEPHONE "COLUMBUS 8300"

---

362 WEST 22ND ST.
Small Modern Apartments
LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS.
TILED BATH AND SHOWERS.
NORTH OR SOUTH EXPOSURE
$1,050-$1,350.
JAMES N. WELLS' SONS
191 NINTH AV. CHELSEA 8200.

JUST COMPLETED
186 Riverside Drive
Between 90th and 91st Sts.
1 AND 2 ROOMS, WITH TILE BATHS
Wonderfully large; maid service if desired; $24 for light housekeeping; unobstructed view of the river; subway, bus and B'way cars all convenient. Rents $1,560-$2,640. Representative on premises, open any time.
WOOD, DOLSON CO., 60 St. & B'way.
Tel. Schuyler 1100.

THE MIDDLETON
520 WEST 189TH ST.
CORNER ELEVATOR APARTMENT.
6 Rooms and Bath. Rent $125
Apply Superintendent on premises, or
F. J. McMAHON CO.
1,000 St. Nicholas Av., at 166d St.
PHONE WADSWORTH 2810.

---

128 West 67th St. Near B'way
Apartments completely renovated; finished in white throughout; steam heat; electric lights.
6 ROOMS $125-$150
Apply on premises.

THE KENILWORTH
151 Central Park West, Cor. 75th St.
Immediate possession; 6 rooms, 3 baths; corner apartment; overlooking park; rent $6,000.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 152 W. 72 St.

AN APARTMENT IN "CENTRAL PARK"

We think the number of apartment seekers who would respond to such a building announcement would be Legion, and yet—

situated in one of the most select residential sections of One of the Oranges we have an Apartment of Fireproof and Soundproof Construction; Elevator Service, Solarium and Promenade on Roof; Community Garage; Separate Maids' Quarters, together with every convenience of the most modern Apartment.

Affording an unbroken view of the surrounding country and situated in the Centre Of a most Exclusive and Elaborate arrangement of Lawns.

Conveniently situated to the D., L. & W. Railroad and the Hudson Tubes. Thirty-five minutes to Cortlandt St. and forty-five minutes to 42d St. and Broadway.

With a few remaining apartments of three to seven rooms, the latter with two baths, will be decorated to suit tenants leasing this month.

RIDGEWOOD COMPANY

74 South Munn Avenue. East Orange, New Jersey.

Phone for an appointment.

Orange, 5C 6 Superintendent on premises. Orange 6300.

THE WENDOLYN

Riverside Drive and 100th St.

10 Rooms, 3 baths,

exceptionally well laid out—large, light rooms; southwestern exposure.

DONOVAN ESTATE, Inc.

80 Broadway. Tel. Rector 8047.

READY FOR TENANTS

3—4—5—6 Rooms

ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

PRICE RIGHT ROOMS LARGE

812 RIVERSIDE DRIVE

ONE BLOCK FROM 157TH ST. SUBWAY

NORMAN DENZER

3807 Broadway at 159th St.

Representative on Premises

THE AMSTERDAM

175 West 81st St.

Now Ready for Occupancy

RENTS $1,500—4 ROOM

Housekeeping apartments, elevator, hall and telephone service.

EDWARD C. H. VOGLER

Amsterdam Ave. cor. 82d St. Phone 9141 Schuyler

REPRESENTATIVE ON PREMISES

Unfurnished—West Side.

58 CENTRAL PARK WEST

Corner 60th St.

ONE APARTMENT.

11 Room 3 Baths

$6,000

1 WEST 68TH ST.

Corner Central Park West.

One Apartment

7 Rooms and 2 Baths

$3,000

294 CENTRAL PARK WEST

Near 80th St.

ONE APARTMENT

8 Rooms, 2 Baths

$2,750

Apply on premises or

BING & BING

119 West 40th St. Bryant 6410

Central Park West

81st to 82d St.

Hotel Beresford

A Few Suites of

1-2-3 Rooms

AND BATH

Several Furnished

EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RENTALS

Excellent Restaurant, Maid Service

APPLY ON PREMISES OR

Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St.

THE ROCKFALL

545 West 111th St.

N. E. Cor. Broadway.

6 Rooms, $2,200.

9 Rooms (10th floor), $3,600

521 WEST 112th ST.

Near Broadway

8 Story Fireproof Bldg.

7 Rooms, $2,400.

Apply on premises or

NASSOTT & LANNING,

B'way and 89th St.

Tel. 8380 Riverside.

7-ROOM SUITES

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

THE AVON

2,131 Broadway

BETWEEN 74TH AND 75TH STREETS

The Most Convenient Residence Location on New York

RENTALS $2,800

RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES

L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,

148 West 72d St. Tel. Col. 1833.

126 West 49th St.

Near Broadway & 6th Av.

Newly Renovated.

Attractive Apartments of 6 Rooms and Bath

Kitchens, Steam Heat, Electricity.

Rents $1,500 to $1,800

Apply on Premises.

PINEHURST AV., 10-12

Corner 178th Street.

Elegant seven-room elevator apartment, with 2 bathrooms.

Immediate possession.

Rental $144.

Unfurnished—West Side.

New Fireproof Building

Home Comfort

Suites of

3 and 4

Large Rooms

$1,800 To $2,300 $2,500 To $3,000

Immediate Occupancy

240 West 75th St.

Bet. Broadway and West End Ave. Tel. Columbus 4454.

117 West 58th St.

Hotel Sevillia

12-Story Fireproof Building

A Few Suites

2-3-4 Rooms

AND BATH, JUST COMPLETED, SEVERAL FURNISHED

EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RENTALS

Excellent Restaurant, Maid Service

Apply on premises, or

Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St.

245 West 75th Street

Between B'way and West End Ave.

A UNIQUE APARTMENT HOUSE

With a Quaint Old English Exterior

Just Completed

Apartments of 1-2-3 ROOMS and BATH

SPECIAL APARTMENTS 4 ROOMS and 2 BATHS

Rentals $1,000-$3,500

Agent on Premises.

FRENCH MANAGEMENT CORPORATION

299 Madison Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 8237



VACANT APARTMENTS

2 & 3 ROOMS

153 Riverside Drive

780 West End Ave.

34 West 91st St.

310 West 109th St.

Rents $1,200 to $2,400

11 ROOMS

Rents $5,450 to $5,750

401 West End Ave.

WOOD, DOLSON CO., Inc.

B'way and 80th St.

Phone Schuyler 1100

6-7 Room Apartments

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

All Outside Rooms. Unusual Closet Space; Elevator; Hall Attendants, Etc.

Rents $1,700 Up

220 West 107th St.

Near Broadway.

Superintendent on premises.

103 WEST 54TH STREET

Apts. of 2 Rooms and Baths

Furnished. Maids' service. Rent $1,320. Apply on premises, or N. A. BERWIN & CO., 103 Park Av.

SMALL

Apartments

FOR RENT

840 Seventh Ave.

Corner 54th St.

3 Rooms, Bath

$2,000—$2,200

8 West 47th St.

Adjoining Fifth Avenue

1 and 2 Rooms, Bath

$1,200 to $1,750

300 Central Park West

Corner 90th St.

1 & 2 Rooms, Bath

$800—$1,500

We are also offering a few furnished apartments in these buildings.

Apply on premises or

BING & BING

119 West 40th St., N.Y.C. Bryant 6410

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS

JUST COMPLETED

The Wheeler & Van Loo

559-565 W. 188th St.

Near 191st Subway Station

5th Ave. Bus Passes Property

4 ROOMS, $95 to $105

Rental Representative on Premises.

F. J. McMAHON CO., Agents

1,438 St. Nicholas Av., corner 182nd St.

Phone Wadsworth 8910.

110 RIVERSIDE DRIVE

CORNER 83D ST.

Immediate Possession

9 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS

Southern Exposure

E. K. VAN WINKLE, Agent.

152 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

9 ROOM SUBLET

unfurnished

FOR IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY

In District of

86th St. and Central Park

WOOD, DOLSON CO.

Broadway, cor. 80th St., N. Y. Schuyler 1100.

325 West 77th Street

Bet. Riverside Drive and West End Av.

NEW BUILDING

Highest class elevator apartments, 3 rooms and bath, showers, tiled kitchens.

Rents $1,000 to $2,000 yearly.

Tel. Schuyler 1060.

360 Riverside Drive

Cor. 108th Street

New fireproof building, exceptional apartments of 5 large, light rooms with 2 baths; all rooms southern exposure, overlooking Riverside Drive. Apply on premises or

Sharp & Co., 2489 Broadway.

THE LORINGTON

1 West 70th St.

Immediate possession; 10-and 11 rooms, with 3 baths. Rents $5,000 to $7,500. All outside rooms, facing Central Park.

SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72 St.

Geo. Washington Hotel

116 WEST 72D ST.

Unfurnished suite, 2 rooms and bath; $125 per month to September 30, 1921. Restaurant and hotel service supplied.

WAITT CORPORATION

2 West 45th St. Vanderbilt 4041.

315 West 94th St.

HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENT NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.

5 LIGHT ROOMS AND BATH. $1350

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

303 WEST 74TH STREET

Opposite Charles M. Schwab's Mansion. 4 exceptional apts. ready for occupancy.

2 Rooms, Bath, Kitchenette—$1,500.
2 Rooms, Bath, Kitchenette—$1,800.
2 Rooms, Bath, Kitchenette—$1,900.

Owner Resides on Premises.

309 West 86th Street.

Unfurnished suite, 2 rooms and bath; $125 per month to September 30, 1921. Restaurant and hotel service supplied.

WAITT CORPORATION

2 West 45th St. Vanderbilt 4041.

600 WEST 161st St.

5 ROOMS AND FOYER

2 BATHS, FIREPROOF

ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE

POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920

INQUIRE MELROSE 7982

171 WEST 95TH ST.

Unusually large, light rooms and bath, elevator, steam heat, gas, electricity. Extra lavatories. Rent $250 per month. Immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

Unfurnished—East Side.

957 Park Av.

CORNER 82ND STREET

4 Rooms, Housekeeping

RENT $2,800 UP

High Class Elevator Apartment. All new and modern in every way.

Ready for occupancy

Reservations now being made.

SENIOR & ALLAN, Inc.,

505 Fifth Ave.

940 Park Ave.

CORNER 81ST ST.

Modern fireproof apartments ready for occupancy. 7 rooms, 2 baths, $3,900, one left; 3 rooms, bath, $1,700, one left; 4 rooms, bath, one left, $2,600. All housekeeping apartments.

Apply for Rental on Premises.

5 ROOMS AND BATH

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

122 EAST 82ND ST.

MODERN ELEVATOR APT. HOUSE.

Exceptionally bright, with southern exposure.

Apply on premises, or

N. A. BERWIN & CO., 103 Park Av.

7 ROOMS AND 3 BATHS

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

829 PARK AVE., Cor. 76TH

Modern Elevator Apartment House.

Apply on premises, or

N. A. BERWIN & CO., 103 Park Av.

1229 PARK AVE.

SOUTHEAST CORNER 90TH ST.

High-Class Elevator Apartment.

Seven and eight rooms, two baths.

Apply to Superintendent or A. BRANDSTEIN, 183 East 119th St. Tel. Harlem 1519.

APARTMENT.

Lexington Ave., near 28th St., 8 rooms, 2 baths; all modern conveniences; suitable light business and living. Brought & Co., 152 Lexington Ave. (29th).

Belgrave Block

Madison Av., 49th to 50th St.

2 and 3 Room

APARTMENTS

(with service, if desired)

Cruikshank Company,

141 Broadway Rector 4180.

Worthington Whitehouse, Inc.,

on premises

446 Madison Av. Plaza 4000.

57th St.

134 East

3 rooms and bath apartment to let. Good location for milliner, dressmaker or corsetiere. Apply

714 Lexington Avenue

Unfurnished—Bronx.

NEW BUILDING

Ready for Occupancy

APARTMENTS OF

3-4-5 Rooms

Block Front, Concourse, 171st-172d Sts.

All Modern Improvements.

2 Blocks East of 170th St.

6th and 9th Ave. L Sts.

Lexington & Jerome Ave. Subway at 170th St.

Reasonable Rentals.

Agent on Premises.

READY DEC. 20TH. NEW BUILDING.

2254 Grand Concourse

BET. 182D-183D STS.

4 Large Light Rooms

Foyer, Elegant Bath, 3 Closets

Otis Automatic Elevator

No more modern apartments anywhere in the city.

AGENT ON PREMISES.

PHONE FORDHAM 3133-W.

New Building, Ready for Occupancy.

4-5 Rooms

$92 to $115

199th St. and Valentine Ave.

Lexington and Jerome Ave. Subway, 8th and 9th Ave. "L." Three blocks from Bedford Park Station, New York Central and 3d Ave. "L." Moderate Rental. Agent on Premises.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

SUMPTUOUS

New Palais Royal APARTMENTS

Only two left: 4, 5 room suites. Every luxury found only in finer N. Y. residences; h o m e y, picturesque, restricted Benson-hurst; Summer bathing; ½ hour to Broadway. Corner Benson and 20th Aves.; one block 20th Ave. Sta. West End Sub.

68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS

3 and 5-Room Complete Apartments.

Beautiful water view; 5 minutes to Wall St.

G. GIRARD, 215 Montague St.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES

PLACED ON RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES. INTERNATIONAL CREDIT CO.,

347 5TH AV. PHONE 9070 MURRAY HILL.

BUILDING AND PERMANENT LOANS COMBINED; $50,000 UPWARDS; QUICK ACTION. COLUMBIA DISCOUNT CORPORATION, 8 WEST 40TH ST., NEW YORK.

ATTENTION!—2D MORTGAGE MONEY. $300,000 LOANABLE; VARIOUS AMOUNTS; CENTRALLY LOCATED PROPERTIES PREFERRED; BROKERS PROTECTED. EXCELSIOR ESTATES, 135 BROADWAY.

NEW BUILDING construction and alterations partly financed. Rousseau-Gavigan Corporation, Engineers, Builders, 2 East 23d St. Gramercy 6098.

AT REASONABLE RATES. FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES, LARGE OR SMALL AMOUNTS. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

MORTGAGE money for suburban properties exclusively. Coleman, 1,695 Broadway. Circle 2433.

WE BUY SECOND MORTGAGES IN NEW YORK. SANFORD MTGE. CO., 7 EAST 42D ST.

SUMS for 2 mortgages, large, small, Manhattan, Bronx. Oppenheimer, 540 Bergen Av. (149th.)

MONEY to loan on bond and mortgage; income property. S 481 Times.

$750,000 to loan on first mortgage. Wolff, 1,192 Lexington Av. (81st St.)

$500,000 to loan on bonds and mortgages. Charles Metzger, 28 East 126th.

$15,000, $35,000, $100,000, Manhattan, Bronx. Oppenheimer, 540 Bergen Av. (149th.)

FOR short terms; prefer small properties; good locations. I. Schwadron, 320 B'way.

Mortgage Loans Wanted.

WANTED—A second mortgage for $3,500 on corner property, located in the best business section in Manhattan. Inquire in silk store, 419 4th Av., N. Y. C.

WANTED—First mortgage $6,000, at 6%, 3 years; dwelling and 4 lots; city property; value $13,500; owner's bond. M. C., 58 Times.

FIRST mortgage wanted very desirable Westchester building plot. B 683 Times Downtown.

WANTED—$3,500 first and $18,000 second mtg.; income properties. L 238 Times.

$7,000 LOAN wanted, fine residence, near Elberon, N. J. S 480 Times.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

LARGE quantity galvanized and black iron pipe fittings; full particulars on application. Lewis Wrecking Company, Pelham Bay Naval Station. Tel. Westchester 1312-1314.

REAL ESTATE—Other Cities and Towns.

CUBA BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY. For sale a fruit and vegetable farm of about 180 acres, no finer location in the whole of Cuba, 20 miles west of Havana, railroad running through the property, 1 mile from town, about 100 acres in bearing trees of oranges, grape fruits, avocados and the famous mulgobe mango; also 30 acres of vegetables for Winter shipments. North; cannot give it my personal attention is my reason for selling. For particulars address E. Runyan, President of the Elizabeth Nursery Co., Wilder St., Elizabeth, N. J.

FOR SALE—DEAUVILLE, FRANCE. The Summer property formerly belonging to Mme. Rejane, situated on the Normandy Coast outside Deauville, France. Consists of about 7 acres of park, house and pavilion with 13 rooms, 2 baths, entirely modern, lodge and outbuildings; electricity, central heating. For sale furnished to settle estate. Agent, John Arthur, Faubourg St. Honore, Paris.

ALABAMA ALFALFA LAND. The real "Argentina of America," fertile, rolling, beautiful; cheap. Full information, write McClure's Good Land Agency, Demopolis, Ala.

BERMUDA. For Rent—Three very desirable furnished cottages, ideally situated. E. F. Darrell & Company, 11 Broadway, New York City.

FOR SALE—A beautiful house on Sunset Av., Palm Beach, Fla.; fully furnished, ready for occupancy. For details write A 822 Times Downtown.

Florida—For Sale or to Let.

LOOK! "HONEYSUCKLE LODGE"—Attractive bungalow home, on Gulf of Mexico, in sunny Florida; extensive grounds, garden, fruits, pecans; waterfront; fish, oysters, bathing, delightful climate; right price. Owner, Box 1202, Fort Myers, Fla.

CITY REAL ESTATE

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

ON THE HUDSON—Thirty minutes from Times Square; restricted, high-class surroundings; Spanish mission dwelling, white vitrified brick and limestone, tiled roof; elegant garage; 16 rooms; most artistic finishings and decorations; all in perfect condition; lovely grounds, sunken garden, cloistered court, stone fountain; fine pictures of house, garage, grounds and views at this office; price $65,000; pre-war cost $75,000; great sacrifice. DWIGHT TRUE, 307 5th Av.

LOWER 90s, near Madison Av.: 2-story dwelling, 20x100; excellent condition; hardwood and parquet flooring; instantaneous hot-water system; electric light; modern plumbing; 10 rooms, 2 baths; immediate possession for sale to close an estate. Apply N 193 Times.

DWELLING, good section Washington Heights, near St. Nicholas Av., four-story brick, built for two families, excellent block, convenient to subway, immediate possession of 2-a duplex apartment, other apartment leased to responsible tenant for $1,020; modern plumbing, electric light, splendid conditions, lowest price $15,000, reasonable terms arranged. Emanuel King, 702 West 181st St.

374 MANHATTAN AV.

Near 116th St. elevated, subway stations. Five stories, basement. All improvements. Each floor contains two apartments, seven rooms and bath each.

RENTAL $6,600.

GREATEST BARGAIN OPPORTUNITY. SURETY REALTY CO., 135 BROADWAY.

NEAR 96TH ST. AND BROADWAY. Rents over $20,000; price $105,000; $15,000 cash will buy; long mortgages. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. House, 20 rooms, Lexington Av., near 34th St.; modern; especially suited for doctor; long lease or sell; also 14 rooms, modern, Lexington Av., near 40th, lease; also 30-room house, Madison Av., near 34th; long lease; suitable for business; others. S 460 Times.

TO CLOSE AN ESTATE. A most desirable three-story dwelling, exceptionally well located on West 71st St., near West End Av.; must be sold; an opportunity for quick buyer. EARLE & CALHOUN, 212 W. 72d St. Phone Col. 5116.

30% NET. 87th St., West—For sale, 5-story studio apartment, showing 30% net on investment; price $50,000; one-half can remain on mortgage; all leased; principals only. For particulars address V 742 Times Downtown.

GUARANTEED POSSESSION. Eleven-room house on West 11th St.; steam heat, bath, 2 toilets; Winter's coal in cellar; corner property. WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC., 72 Greenwich Av. Watkins 7484.

BEAUTIFUL 4-story and basement house in the West 90s, can be purchased for $25,000; 14 rooms, 2 baths, electric lights throughout; terms or will lease furnished. Geo. W. Sause, 2,006 8th Av. (113th).

21-YEAR LEASE, $9,500 per year; a 5-story American basement in the 50s, near 5th Av.; lease can be purchased for $10,000; nearly this amount has been paid for alterations; principals only. Berlock Co., 46 West 46th. Bryant 7152.

A FIVE-STORY APARTMENT. WEST 83D ST. ENTIRELY RENOVATED. LOW PRICE TO QUICK BUYER. $15,000 CASH REQUIRED. RENTS $7,500. Koelble & Schuyler, 158 West 72d St.

418T ST., 207 EAST—Two blocks from Grand Central; 3 story and basement for sale; suitable for business; immediate possession. Arnold Levien, 226 East 41st St. Telephone Murray Hill 4071.

$85,000 WILL BUY BROADWAY CORNER, 100x100. LOW RENTS, SMALL APARTMENTS. EXCEPTIONAL FUTURE VALUE. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 W. 72D ST.

FOUR-STORY American basement private house, 88th St., between Columbus and Amsterdam Avs.; price $24,000; biggest bargain on west side. Owner, 75 Front St. 2036 Bowling Green.

82D ST., EAST (near 2d Av.)—5-story, 25-foot, 2 fours, 2 threes; cold water; rent $3,600, mortgage $16,000, assessment $21,000; can be bought near assessment. Louis H. May Co., 18 West 27th St.

BUSINESS compels me to sell my 4-story and basement private house in West 90th St.; lot 20.8x100; 14 rooms, 2 baths; parquet floors; price $27,000; good terms. Haste, 47 Times.

FOR SALE—With or without building loan, 60 feet on 40th St., near Broadway, 200 feet on University Av., opposite Washington Bridge. Sanford Mortgage Co., 7 East 42d St.

BARGAIN—4-story American basement dwelling in 80s, electric light, parquet floors, $24,000; attractive terms. F. R. Wood & Co., 128 West 72d St. 4245 Columbus.

DAMAGED by fire, a six-story tenement, on lower east side, facing park; free and clear; open for offers. good opportunity for contractor. Particulars address S 610 Times Downtown.

THREE 5-story colored flats, 2/5s, 25x100 each, convenient location, West Harlem; rents $13,180; income over $7,500; mortgage due 1923 at 5%; big returns for prompt action. Write Nimhauser, 200 5th Av.

2-FAMILY house, best section of Harlem, suitable for doctor, every modern improvement; must be seen to be appreciated. Box 85, 163 East 125th.

WAREHOUSES. 11,500 feet to 100,000 feet; possession 60 to 90 days; lower west side. Address M. H. 104 Times.

NEAR 86th subway, four-story dwelling; electric light, hot-water system; drawing room hung in silk; $35,000, immediate sale. Leroy Coventry, 54 West 72d.

GREENWICH VILLAGE DWELLINGS. Three-story and basement, 20x85, prices $10,000 to $15,000; terms. DUROSS CO., 155 WEST 14TH ST.

FOR SALE—Small American basement house, splendidly appointed, all modern improvements; must be seen to be appreciated. 31 West 94th St. Riverside 3744.

BARGAIN—Near 157th St., subway station; $15,000 cash buys 5-story walkup, 40x100. 2/4-2/5; fine condition. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

62D ST., EAST—Modern dwelling, now vacant, for sale; 11 rooms, 4 baths; steam heat, parquet floors. J. Cassdy, 206 Broadway. Tel. 6942 Cortlandt.

MILLINERY DISTRICT. 10 West 116th St.—Six-story new law; must be sold to settle estate. B. Bloch, 412 West 148th St.

BUILDERS, ATTENTION! East of 5th Av., below 34th, full lot easy terms; building loan furnished for six-story loft building. AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

BARGAIN—Handsome 20-foot dwelling on West 122d St., near 7th Av.; 11 rooms and bath; possession; price $18,000; terms to suit. PORTER & CO., 159 WEST 123TH ST.

EXCEPTIONAL opportunity to quick buyer; will sacrifice five-story apartment, West 113th St., Newman, 1,537 East 14th St., Brooklyn.

LEXINGTON AV. (near 32d St.)—4-story, 22x100; price $28,000; assessed $27,000; free and clear; easy terms; possession. Louis H. May & Co., 18 West 27th St.

52D ST. (near 5th Av.)—Unique building, the remodeled stable, huge studio, 3 baths, 4 bedrooms; $8,000 per year. Berlock Co., 46 West 49th. Bryant 7152.

WE will finance purchase of New York City real estate if you lack sufficient cash. V 685 Times Downtown.

HOUSES to rent, very desirable locations. Bauer, Milbank & Molloy, Inc., 51 East 42d St. Murray Hill 1936.

$3,500 cash will purchase brownstone dwelling near Madison Av., 125th St. Mitchell, 3 East 42d St.

UNFURNISHED HOUSE to lease, 50s, near 5th; possession; $8,000 yearly. K. A., 1,808 Broadway.

FOR SALE—By owner; 13-room private dwelling, vacant, in the 70s, west. L 223 Times.

AMERICAN BASEMENT, 14 ROOMS, 66TH ST., BET. MADISON & PARK AVS. LOSEI REALTY CORP., 597 PARK AV.

46TH ST. (Near Lexington Av.)—Four-story dwelling to lease for term; suitable for alteration. B 578 Times.

70S, WEST—Remodeled house; price, $45,000; rents, $9,200; illness. Radington, Endicott Hotel.

TEN-FAMILY HOUSE; steam; 117th, near 7th Av.; must sacrifice. Inquire Auto Store, 2,622 Lexington Av., corner 124th.

AMERICAN basement dwelling, near Broadway, to lease; 13 rooms, 3 baths; steam, electric, parquet. J. Cassidy, 206 Broadway.

THREE-STORY dwelling; electric light, parquet floors; two baths; small payment, balance like rent. Coventry, 54 West 72d.

128TH ST., 152-154 WEST—Eleven-room houses; price $11,000; cash $2,500 each. Keller, 24 West 118th St.

RENT FOR BUSINESS—E. 50s, $12,000. 6-story. American basement, elevator, near 5th; long lease. Plaza 440, Monday.

MANAGEMENT solicited, low cost, service reliable; efficient personal attention. B 344 Times.

HOUSE and entire furnishings; leaving country. 411 West 147th St.

6-STORY BUILDING, insurance district; low price. Room 714, 145 Nassau St.

PLOT, 38th St., opposite Post Office; suitable alteration. 145 Nassau, Room 714.

TO LET or for sale, factory, 8,000 sq. ft.; steam boiler engine. 230 East 51st St.

FOUR-STORY, 11 rooms, baths; sale, lease. Inquire 128 West 113th.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

BARGAINS—30% on SMALL INVESTMENT. Near Broadway subway station, desirable business corner apartment house, 7 stores, 3 and 4 rooms; rents $30,000; expenses $28,100; sacrifice for $250,000.

Another apartment house, 4 and 5 rooms; rents $14,400; expenses $5,500; sacrifice for $71,000.

Corner apartment house, stores, 4 and 5 rooms; rents $10,000; expenses $4,000; sacrifice for $54,000.

Also other bargains. Send for list. H. T. WOOD, 220 BROADWAY.

PRIVATE dwelling sacrifice; no brokers; small house; nine rooms, two tiled baths, three tiled mantels, gas stove, coal range, gas water heater, electricity; small lot; small price, $12,500; beautiful floors; $5,000 cash, balance arranged; seen all day Sunday, Monday, Tuesday. Telephone 190 Wadsworth. 186th St., near Audubon Av. A. J. Ramsey, 14 Washington Terrace.

COLUMBUS AV., in the vicinity of 92d St., five-story apartment house with stores; fully rented; one of the best income properties on the west side. For further particulars apply to BRYAN L. KENNELLY, INC., 149 Broadway. Tel. Cortlandt 1547.

BUILDER'S CHANCE. Broadway corner plot, above 110th St.; 150x100; owners will make building and permanent loan of 80 per cent. total cost land and building; principals only. Apply K-T Realty Corp., 522 5th Av. Tel. 9463 Vanderbilt.

FOR SALE, ON VERY LIBERAL TERMS, A 6-STORY LOFT BUILDING ON WEST 15TH ST. ALL RENTED; ALL LEASES EXPIRING JAN. 31, 1922; PLEASE DO NOT SUBMIT PROPOSITION THAT HAS NO MERIT. BOX O. O., 609 ST. PAUL BUILDING.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. Modern stone house, 14 rooms, 3 baths, 100th St., near West End Av.; sale only; reasonable terms. M. M. HENSCHEL, 110 William St. Phone Beekman 4257.

18TH ST., BET. 5TH AND 6TH AVS. Four-story dwelling, 22.9x98.9; suitable furnished rooming house; price $17,500, $5,000 cash; possession. J. ARTHUR FISCHER, 890 6TH AV.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY. Owing to ill-health owner will sacrifice well-paying lower east side property; liberal inducements to responsible principals only. Box 33, 50 West 77th.

161ST ST., WEST—Four-story English basement, suitable one or two families; desirable for physician; also alteration; hard wood trim; great sacrifice account leaving city; immediate possession. E. L., 200 Times.

OWNER GOING SOUTH WILL RENT HANDSOME AMERICAN BASEMENT RESIDENCE, FURNISHED BY EXCLUSIVE INTERIOR DECORATORS. COLUMBUS 3490.

CANAL ST.—At three subway stations; old loft building; should be altered; immediate possession; big future and opportunity for builders; principals. WOLFSON, 405 Lexington Av. (42d St.)

MOVE right in attractive 3-story and basement residence near West End Av. and 94th St., 11 rooms 2 baths; electric light, parquet floors; $3,000 cash; balance like rent. M. H. Gaillard & Co., 2,299 Broadway.

EDGECOMBE AV., 255 (145th St.). Three-story private house and basement; immediate possession; being remodelled. Owner, LEONARD WEILL, 52 Broadway.

10 WALKER ST. Five-story loft building; possession Feb. 1; reasonable; easy terms. Owner, LEONARD WEILL, 52 Broadway.

DWELLING, near Park Av., 3-story and basement; sacrifice, $25,000; possession on or before March 15. Wolff, 1,192 Lexington Av. (81st St.)

NEW, renovated 13-room private house, 30th St.; 2 baths; electricity; $10,000 mortgage at 4½%; immediate possession; price $17,500. McCullough, 124 East 32d St.

26 EAST 35TH ST. Choice location; three-story dwelling. Below assessed valuation; possession; terms. J. ARTHUR FISCHER, 890 6TH AV.

BARGAIN, near 86th St. subway, 3-story and basement residence, 11 rooms, 2 baths; electric light; now vacant; keys here. M. H. Gaillard & Co., 2,299 Broadway.

BELOW 125th, 20-foot, 4-story dwelling, 13 rooms, 2 tiled baths, electricity, parquet, for sale cheap. Ernest T. Bower, 271 West 125th.

VALUABLE store buildings on 3d Av. at elevated station; 50-ft. plot; can be bought for great future; principals. WOLFSON, 405 Lexington Av. (42d St.).

ATTRACTIVE house, East 81st St., near Lexington, for rent; 12 rooms, newly decorated; electricity; quick action necessary. McGrath & Warren, 5 Columbus Circle.

NEW BUILDING, near West End Av.; rent $85,000; price $950,000. finest location on west side. Nehring Brothers, St. Nicholas Av. and 174th St., city.

FINE business building, Water St. section; possession May, 1921; price $65,000; worth investigating. WOLFSON, 405 Lexington Av. (42d St.).

3-STORY, West 90s, 10 rooms, 2 baths; excellent condition; elect.; parquet, $18,000; cash $3,500; possession 30 days. Coughlan & Clisby, 200 West 72d.

FOR SALE—Three-family house, Grand Central zone; one floor now vacant; easy terms; price right. Chas. W. Eidt, 849 2d Av.

INCOME of $3,500 YEARLY ASSURED REAL ESTATE ON INVESTMENT OF $10,000. WRITE OWNER, S 682 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BEAUTIFUL DWELLING FOR BUSINESS, near 5th Av.-50s; ideal for antiques, decorators, modistes, &c.; has elevator. For further data phone Plaza 0374.

SHERIDAN SQUARE, WEST 10TH ST., Nos. 7 and 9. Frontage 37ft Av. 3-story brick, 20x70; price $20,000. R. TELFAIR SMITH, 31 East 10th St.

4-STORY, lower West 70's; all imp.; 20x102; 14 rooms, 3 baths; $31,000, cash $5,000; owner must sell. Coughlan & Clisby, 200 West 72d.

THREE-STORY mercantile building, near Broadway; south of 23d St.; possession February, 1921; price $46,500; principals. WOLFSON, 405 Lexington Av. (42d St.)

BEAUTIFUL house, West 75th St., 15 rooms, 5 baths, electricity; income $700; straight lease; cash necessary, $4,000. McGrath & Warren, 5 Columbus Circle.

$4,000 CASH, house on 71st St.; 4 story, 19x100; now vacant; near Central Park. M. H. Gaillard & Co., 2,299 Broadway.

$4,000 CASH, 4-story residence, 84th St., near Central Park; 19x100; modern. M. H. Gaillard & Co., 2,299 Broadway.

WEST 87TH ST.—Three adjoining houses, 70 feet, $80,000; bargain for quick buyer. R. TELFAIR SMITH, 31 East 10th St.

NEAR Central Park West—Five-story double flat; heated; $6,216; price $42,000. JOHN PETERS, 210 EAST 14TH ST.

FACING Stuyvesant Square; 23-foot residence; possession; very reasonable. Sanders, Stuyvesant 1020.

WEST 46TH ST., 3-story basement, 16.8x100.5, $21,000; cash $5,000; brokers protected. Brumer, 744 3d Av.

BEAUTIFUL 18 room house, West 80s; 5-year straight lease; income $965; $5,000 required. Hines, 5 Columbus Circle.

FOUR-STORY residence, 33 West 90th st., for sale; vacant; particulars, owner. Mrs. T. F. Russell, 29 West 12th St.

162D, 523 WEST—Ten-room house, two baths, electric lights; ready for immediate possession. Telephone Orchard 4111.

EIGHTY-FOOT, five-story apartment house, Lexington Av. corner; $29,000; three stores. Leon S. Altmayer, 62 East 86th.

VALUABLE key lot on lower 6th Av.; will exchange in value; price $30,000; principals. WOLFSON, 405 Lexington Av. (42d St.).

106TH, 301 WEST—Modern five-story American basement; possession. Owner on premises.

BEAUTIFUL 14-room house, 75s, Broadway; steam heat; leaving city; bargain; $5,000 cash. See Hines, 5 Columbus Circle.

WEST 81ST ST., No. 153, vacant dwelling, $25,000; $6,000 cash. W. Blaubergs, owner, phone 7059 Barclay, or 6086 Schuyler.

$2,000 buys excellent dwelling 306 or 310 West 115th St.; 5½ stories. Sharum, 170 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 7202.

HANDSOME dwelling, Riverside Drive in the 70's; must be sold. J. E. Manning, 233 Broadway, Barclay 6487.

BUSINESS or garage, plot with brick building three stories high, located 362 Front St., Manhattan. Owner, A 817 Times Downtown.

HOUSE, elegantly furnished, newly decorated, facing Mt. Morris Park; sell furniture with lease; rooms all rented. Harlem 8716.

I FIND homes for business people, covering Manhattan and suburban. Miss Newell, 128 West 13th St., Chelsea 8650.

FOUR-STORY double; 2-lots; fiber; hot water supply; price $11,000; terms. Sheeran, 155 West 125th St.

11TH ST., EAST (near Stuyvesant Park)—Four-story and basement dwelling, $22,000. John Peters, 210 East 14th St.

$4,000 BUYS my private house and its furniture; all improvements. Morningside 0410.

TWO DWELLINGS, Mt. Morris Park, 125th St.; will separate. S 478 Times.

187TH (near Riverside)—Private home, furnished complete, with heat. Schuyler 3520.

EXCEPTIONAL investment, below 59th; closing estate; might lease. L 230 Times.

97TH, 41 WEST—Four-story dwelling; bargain; possession. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

GENUINE BARGAIN by S. L. Arnold Co., 470 Tremont Av.: 25-family house, near Claremont Parkway; income, $12,000; 4 on floor, new boiler and roof, steam, hot water supply; rent over $6,000; average 86; lot 92x110; bank mortgage; assessed $53,000; price, any reasonable offer; cash $9,000-$10,000. 20-family 30x76, 3 years old, 4/4s on floor, steam, hot water, shower baths, telephone, large light rooms; near Concourse; old rents $12,000; cash $7,000-$10,000; profit over $6,000 annually; price $66,000. 6-family, new law, iron stairway, marble vestibule, tiled halls and baths, box rooms, panelled dining rooms, steam, hot water supply, janitor's apartment, residential section, near 180th St. subway and "L"; rents $3,276; average less than 3% mortgages; price $21,000; cash $4,000. We have numerous 1, 2, 3 family houses, frame or brick, with or without garages, at reasonable prices; also many more bargains in apartment houses anywhere in Bronx. S. L. Arnold Co., 470 Tremont Av. Open Sunday. Tel. Tremont 4082.

100,000 SQUARE FEET OF LAND, WITH RAILROAD SIDING. LOWER BRONX. FOR SALE WITH SUBORDINATION. K-T REALTY CORPORATION. 522 5TH AV. VANDERBILT 9463.

2-FAMILY house and garage, all brick construction, just completed; every modern improvement; beautiful residential section surroundings; one block from Fordham station, Jerome Av. Subway and "L"; price reasonable; builder on premises. 2,401 Davidson Av., or Tel. Cortlandt 1990.

HOE AV., 1,173, one block from Freeman St. subway station; lot 25x100; 2-family, one five, one six; electric light, steam heat, all newly decorated inside, outside; immediate possession; open for inspection 3-5 P. M. daily, Sunday 2-5 P. M. Alexander Selkin, 882 Prospect Av.

NEW ONE-FAMILY STUCCO with garage; price right; terms reasonable. 2,811-2,823 Sedwick Av., north of Kingsbridge Road

Convenience to Harlem People

THE Harlem Office of The New York Times, 2109 Seventh Avenue, is easily accessible to residents of Harlem. Help and Situation Wanted announcements, advertisements for Renting, Selling or Buying Real Estate, as well as all other classified or display advertisements, are received.

Classified advertisements for the daily edition should be delivered at the Harlem Office by 4 P. M. on the day preceding publication. For the Sunday edition, Real Estate display advertisements must be received by 6 P. M. Friday, Business Opportunity advertisements by 11 A. M. Saturday, and other classified advertisements not later than 12 noon Saturday.

HARLEM OFFICE
The New York Times
2109 Seventh Ave., North of 125th St.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

A GIFT OF A LIFETIME.
HOME IN BEAUTIFUL PEARSDALE.
Overlooking Bronx Parkway and only a three-minute walk to station. Attractive English stucco house of nine rooms and 3 baths. First floor: Reception hall, living room, with fireplace, dining room and kitchen. Second floor: Four master bedrooms, two tiled bathrooms with shower, large sleeping porch. Third floor: Two maids' rooms and bath. Hot water heat; ideally located. Price $32,500.
BURKE STONE, INC.,
Garth Road, Scarsdale. Phone 867.

MOUNT VERNON, NEW YORK.
Most attractive new COLONIAL HOME, beautifully located on high ground; large plot; 8 rooms, 2 baths, two extra lavatories, centre hall, steam heat, electric lights, open fireplaces, one parlor, garage; three minutes walk to station and car line.
A real bargain for quick action.
Price $19,900.
F. J. THILL, AGENT, Mount Vernon, N. Y.
27 Prospect Av. Phone 261.

BEAUTIFUL GREENACRES.
Pleasing Dutch Colonial, modern in every detail; an ideal home for small family; 7 rooms and 3 baths, restricted neighborhood, refined surroundings; sewers gas, electricity and steam heat; plot 72x136; 2-car garage; three minutes to school and trolley; price $15,000.
BURKE STONE, INC.
GARTH ROAD, SCARSDALE 587.

LARCHMONT MANOR—Eight rooms, 3 baths, gas and electric lights, 2-car garage, open fireplaces, oak floors throughout, sun parlor; on a beautiful shrubbed plot, with Sound views; $5,000 below cost. Offered for quick. DRUMMOND, 17 West 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 7323, or 82 Boston Post Road, Tel. Larchmont 564.

SCARSDALE—Beautifully located plot, 150x100; bargain. Owner, Bronxville 1147, or F 750 Times Downtown.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

IN ORDER to settle promptly, on account of death, a rare and choice Long Island estate, consisting of 15 acres, offered at a reasonable price; 900 ft. of shore front; wonderful bathing and beach facilities; fine house. Al condition, 12 attractive rooms, spacious porches and truly magnificent shade trees; large, modern barn, almost new, will store 4 cars on floor; 5 acres woodland; small game; a gentleman's estate; readily accessible to New York, in family 54 years. D 12 Times.

A REAL BARGAIN.
Moving to Toledo, owner must sell immediately fine seven-room home at Bayside, Long Island, in fine neighborhood, near shore; 23 minutes to New York City by electric trains; steam heat, hardwood floors throughout, tile bath, new screens, awnings, storm windows, recently painted and decorated, brick fireplace; for quick sale will sacrifice at $10,500, worth $15,000; only a few thousand dollars cash required. Telephone Miller, Fitzroy 5250, Room 806, 1 West 34th St.

FOR RENT—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
Six-room house in Rockville Centre, L. I., built two years ago, twelve minutes' walk from station; forty minutes from downtown New York; fine heating plant; coal in cellar; recent death in family necessitates renting this desirable home; will be offered unfurnished or $100 per month, furnished. For particulars write or phone B. W. Mathews, 9 East 40th St., New York City. Phone 704 Murray Hill.

REDUCED from $15,000 to $11,500, manufacture estate, large plot of ground; between Douglaston and Great Neck, 5 minutes from station; Colonial type house, 9 bedrooms, 3 baths; attractive grounds; shade trees, fruit, &c.; principals only. W 837 Times Downtown.

HAS bought another house, MUST SELL; PLANS, 4 ROOMS, bath, 1 acre, 35 minutes, beach rights, clubs, schools; New York's most charming suburb. $20,000 terms.
ARMSTRONG, BALDWELL CO.,
Hanover 7744. 20 EXCHANGE PLACE.

OWNER will sacrifice stucco house, 8 rooms and tile bath, hot-water heat, electricity, beamed ceilings, oak floors, open fireplace, plot 100x150, price $7,500, cash $2,000. W. J. Conway, 25 South Park Av., Rockville Center. Open Sunday.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY BAYSIDE.
Stucco on hollow tile, 8 rooms, tiled bath, all conveniences, fine plot, garage, asking $15,000; terms. Inst. Carter, Dailey (Home Within the Hour), 32 Nassau. John 1171.

REST AT KEW GARDENS.
Unusually attractive residence. Colonial farmhouse type, 10 rooms and 2 baths, beautiful corner plot; shade, shrubbery and lawn below reproduction value. John T. Mungovan, 1 West 34th St. Phone Fitzroy 5218.

DOUGLASTON
Reduced from $14,500 to $11,500, 7 rooms and bath; in station; large plot of ground, high elevation; in A1 condition from top to bottom; no brokers. W 826 Times Downtown.

FOR RENT OR SALE.
Attractive, newly decorated, 7-room house; large bathroom; all improvements, including gas; 10 minutes' walk to station. Fenton Realty Co., Telephone 42, H. M. Wiltse, Roslyn, L. I.

DOUGLAS MANOR
Reduced from $15,000 to $13,000. Dutch Colonial type house, 9 rooms and bath; garage; 2 years old; in fine condition; a bargain. Owner's price, principal; no brokers. W 835 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE—Lot, 40 ft. by 100 ft. and brick building, 30 ft. by 50 ft., contains two stores and rooms for two families, on main street, near depot. Price $7,000. Willis Smith, Kings Park, L. I., N. Y.

FOR SALE—A most desirable all-year two-story house, modern in every respect; plot 100 ft. by 100 ft.; three-quarters of a mile from station at Rockaway; price $20,000. Y 2284 Times Annex.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.—House for sale, eight rooms, three baths; splendidly located; $24,000. Phone Boulevard 6545, or Schuyler 8309. Guyon L. C. Earle, 250 West 88th St.

YOUR CHOICE NOW.
Edgemere, Far Rockaway cottages, bungalows for sale, rent. Ruelberg, Pennsylvania 6944. Call 41st St. and Boulevard, Edgemere.

SOUTHAMPTON.
Large hotel for sale; paying proposition.
ELWYN WHITE,
Southampton, Long Island. Box 54.

LYNBROOK—Sacrifice, 7-room cottage, bath, furnace, gas, electricity, screened porch; shade shrubbery; 50x175; select neighborhood; $6,800; terms. O'Connor, Inc.

BALDWIN—CHOICE BUILDING PLOTS AND FARMS, QUARTER ACRE TO TWENTY ACRES; REASONABLE. H 970 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FOREST HILLS—KEW GARDENS—HOLLIS Suburban homes of "the better class."
MRS. DOWD,
22 East 33d. Murray Hill 1459.

LONG BEACH WEST—$50 holds $2,500 bungalow which after Jan. 1 sells $2,550. Call on Walsh-Farrell.

SACRIFICES two well located plots, 60x100, Garden City Estates, $1,500 each. J. Deming, 156 Clifton Place, Brooklyn.

I FIND homes for business people; desirable houses; reasonable. Miss Newall, 128 West 13th St. Chelsea 6850.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

AT MIDDLETOWN, N. Y. Gentleman's beautiful country estate, high location, suitable also for small farm, school or sanitarium; 15 large rooms, 5 baths, all improvements, steam heat, &c.; hardwood trim and floors, open fireplaces; excellent outbuildings; 16 acres; any part or all. WILL SACRIFICE, your own terms. HENSCHEL, 110 William St. Phone Beekman 4357.

A CHOICE HOME.
year round or Summer, 12-room house; fine condition; steam, Rumson, N. J.

80 HOUSES Northern Jersey; $4,500 up; terms $1,000 up; information mailed; state size. Richelson, 706 Main St., Hackensack.

TENAFLY—7-room modern house, ¼ acre, close station, $7,500; easy terms; photographs. Hover, 212 Broadway, N. Y.

Factories and Factory Sites Everywhere.
ROBERT T. STOUTENBURGH,
20-26 Clinton St., Newark, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE—Ideal country home in suburb of Stamford, Conn.; fine residential section; 7-room house; 4 acres land, 1 acre woodland, 3 acres clear; brook running through; house set on knoll 200 feet from road; near Long Island Sound; 3 minutes walk to trolley and Boston Post Road; price $7,000; 1st mortgage $3,500, 3 years; 2d mortgage $1,000. C. Pond Webb, 208 Atlantic St., Stamford, Conn.

AT STAMFORD, CONN.
Attractive house at Shippan Point, 7 rooms, bath, sewer, water, gas, steam heat, electric lights, garage, large plot, privilege private bathing beach; bargain at $9,000, worth $12,000. Frank R. Gurley, Gurley Bldg., Stamford, Conn. Phone 622.

BIG WOODS, a brook, plans for lake, high meadow, sound views, seclusion, accessibility, forty acres, at Westport; only $5,500 for quick sale. John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., N. Y.

FOR RENT—Greenwich, Conn., furnished house; fine location; ten rooms, three bathrooms; garage; $200 per month. Phone 140 Rector.

SPLENDID OLD HOME, all improvements; new, eight rooms; one acre; orchard; close village and trolley; price, $6,500. P. O. Box 58, Westport, Conn.

REAL ESTATE WANTED

FOUR to six lots for erection garage, south 110th St.; brokers invited. T 556 Times.

WANT to lease private dwelling, Manhattan; pay security; references. S 526 Times.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

DAINTY ENGLISH VILLA—A real suburban country home for year-round living, with ½ acre, shaded by fine old oaks; fully decorated in handsome designs, tiled bath; Gothic living room, with massive open fireplace; high in the hills; only 34 minutes by train; splendid service; sacrifice for $7,500 cash to desirable party, $7,500 on mortgages; near country clubs, schools, churches, and markets, in a refined, exclusive, residential neighborhood. Immediate. P. O. Box 748, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

BEAUTIFUL HIGH CORNER PLOT
SUMMIT, N. J.
All street improvements paid for.
Splendid section, value $4,500.
PRICE REDUCED TO $3,500.
Other fine plots and attractive homes at LOW WINTER PRICES.
EUGENE JOBS-H. F. BECK CO.,
Real Estate Brokers,
Lackawanna Station, Summit, N. J.

MADISON, N. J.—In fine neighborhood, eight rooms and tiled bath; ready Jan. 1; oak floors, open fireplace, cold closet, toilet and laundry in cellar, steam heat, all gas kitchen; large, restricted plot; decorated to suit; residential town, one hour from New York; $14,000, easy terms. Apply Chas. Goldingay, 150 Orchard St., Newark, N. J.

MONTCLAIR—$15,000, frame house, two stories and attic, all improvements, recently decorated, hardwood floors, steam heat, gas, electric light, water; on large, corner plot, 150x106; flower and vegetable garden, plenty of trees and flowering shrubs; possession in 60 days or less. 299 Grove St. Phone Montclair 5862.

SALE OR RENT—Comfortable year-round bungalow in residential suburb, 35 minutes from New York; 6 rooms, bath; open fireplace; all improvements; near station, schools, stores; immediate possession; $65 monthly. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 42d St., New York. Tel. Murray Hill 789 or Tel. Hackensack 875.

EIGHT-ROOM house in Bloomfield, restricted residential section; all improvements, gas, electricity, open fireplace, parquet floors, steam heat; splendid condition; near Lackawanna, schools, trolley; price right to quick buyer. Owner, 132 Ashland Av., Bloomfield, N. J. Phone 4028-W or New York, Worth 5900.

ACCOUNT DEATH, must sacrifice built-to-order California bungalow; modern improvements; corner property; never occupied; immediate possession. Price only $5,500. Terms arranged. Other bargains Rutherford, Lyndhurst. Call, write, phone particulars, plans, photo. Nicholson Company, Lyndhurst, N. J.

RED BANK,
Opposite railroad station; American Hotel, 20 rooms, furnished, all improvements; will rent furnished or unfurnished; will sell furniture and lease; big opportunity for a quick buyer. M. A. Red Bank, N. J., Phone 1181 R. B.

THE best investment is a home; to buy, sell, rent or exchange property see Ellsworth Shafto, 82 Lafayette Av., Passaic, N. J. Phone 2054. A million dollars of 1 and 2 family lots, houses and farms. Terms from which to choose; houses $6,500 to $75,000, lots $350 to $7,000, farms $5,300 to $35,000.

RENT, to May 1 or longer, attractive, well-furnished house, 10 rooms, 2 baths; fine grounds, high elevation; 35 tons coal; 2 minutes' walk station; immediate possession necessary to leave town; no reasonable offer refused. L. Stryker, Agent, 25 Maple St., Summit, N. J.

FOR SALE AND TO RENT.
Suburban Homes Within the Hour.
Price from $4,500 to $50,000.
On the LACKAWANNA RAILROAD.
CLARENCE A. TAYLOR,
Lake Av., Boonton, N. J.
Phone Boonton 488.

WEST ORANGE, N. J.—Stucco, modern, eight rooms, bath; screens; 82x250; shrubbery, grape arbors, trees, hedge; near school, trolley, Mountain Station, D., L. & W. $11,000. F 783 Times Downtown.

HOLLOW-TILE STUCCO house, eight rooms, two baths; large plot; garage; 15 minutes to depot, 24 minutes out on D., L. & W. R. R.; bargain for quick sale. A 825 Times Downtown.

NON-RESIDENT owner sacrifices new bungalow, five rooms and bath, gas, electric lights, set tubs (lot 50x150; larger if desired), trolley and school three blocks; a real bargain. Address Postmaster, West Fort Lee.

I'M GOING TO SELL,
and will sacrifice, absolutely, for quick results, an unfurnished house, 10 rooms, sun parlor, sleeping porch, in select section Plainfield. I want offer. Howard Goldsmith, 67 Park Row. Tel. 2296 Beekman.

FOR SALE—New Colonial house at Fanwood, N. J., seven rooms, all modern improvements, steam heat; owner leaving town; price $7,500; $3,000 cash only; easy commutation to New York or Newark. P. O. Box 90, Fanwood, N. J.

A LARGE tract of land for sale, account changes personnel; mostly developed; very profitable, nearby New Jersey; every improvement; high-class development; bargain price, easiest terms. Owner, 926 Times Annex.

A home in hills of Northern New Jersey, 42 minutes; 7 rooms, every modern convenience, high ground, best neighborhood; price low, easiest terms; immediate possession. Jarvel Chapin, 32 Broadway.

$10,500, pre-war price, terms arranged; attractive, modern residence, 7 rooms, bath; all improvements, electric light, gas; garage; near station; 30 minutes out. Suburban Realty, 5 East 14th. Stuyvesant 2358.

FOR RENT—Seven-room house, fully furnished near D., L. & W. and Erie stations, lease, six to twelve months; immediate possession; $100 per month. Phone Passaic 1563R.

TO RENT at Towaco, N. J., immediate occupancy, bungalow, completely furnished, modern improvements; 15 minutes from D., L. & W. station, 40 minutes express service; $60. W. J. Harris. Telephone connection.

FOR SALE—Ten-room house, suitable location for dentist or doctor; bargain to quick buyer; price $15,000. Buxton-Marsh Co., 183 North Av., Plainfield, N. J., opposite railroad.

ENGLEWOOD, N. J.
Desirable properties for sale.
Many far under cost of construction.
BIRTHWHISTLE & LIVINGSTON,
46 Dean St., Englewood, N. J.

TO ALL AGENTS—50-room Summer resort at Budd Lake, N. J., to be sold cheap. For particulars address Lambert R. Older, 631 East 16th St., New York City.

MOUNTAIN LAKES, N. J.—Residences for sale, $10,000 to $40,000; rent $75. Mrs. H. C. Klintrup, 45 John St., New York. Phone John 4579 or Boonton 401.

MODERN six-room house, bath, every improvement; corner plot; garage; excellent location; 5 minutes station; 35 minutes out. E. Pretch, Rochelle Park, N. J.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—Owner going away will sell his 8-room house, plot 50 x 115; barn at rear suitable for 3 cars; price $9,500. 65 Cedar Av. Phone Montclair 828R.

SHORT HILLS—English house, half timber, tile and brick; acre; 5 master, 3 servants' rooms; 4 baths; photos. C. H. Thomas, 21 East 49th St.

CAMP SITES or bungalow development property, twenty to ninety acres, at $275 per acre; ten minutes' walk commuting station. Frank Stevens, Ridgewood, N. J.

ASBURY PARK HOTEL, 70 rooms, furnished; established; ocean front; corner; $45,000, part cash. Estate, H 986 Times Downtown.

MONTCLAIR, $8,500, worth $10,000; eleven rooms, tiled bath, electricity, fireplace; steel garage; large plot; central, convenient; possession. Key 195 Walnut St. Montclair 1814.

MONTCLAIR—For rent, furnished house, 7 rooms and bath; all imprts.; 6 months from Dec. 25; $100 monthly.
Ernest M. Marshall, Upper Montclair, N. J.

HOTEL AND COTTAGE
"on the Beautiful Shrewsbury"
at half value; easy terms. Call or phone Enright's, Rumson, N. J.

80 HOUSES Northern Jersey; $4,500 up; terms $1,000 up; information mailed; state size. Richelson, 706 Main St., Hackensack.

TENAFLY—7-room modern house, ¼ acre, close station, $7,500; easy terms; photographs. Hover, 212 Broadway, N. Y.

Factories and Factory Sites Everywhere.
ROBERT T. STOUTENBURGH,
20-26 Clinton St., Newark, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE—Ideal country home in suburb of Stamford, Conn.; fine residential section; 7-room house; 4 acres land, 1 acre woodland, 3 acres clear; brook running through; house set on knoll 200 feet from road; near Long Island Sound; 3 minutes walk to trolley and Boston Post Road; price $7,000; 1st mortgage $3,500, 3 years; 2d mortgage $1,000. C. Pond Webb, 208 Atlantic St., Stamford, Conn.

AT STAMFORD, CONN.
Attractive house at Shippan Point, 7 rooms, bath, sewer, water, gas, steam heat, electric lights, garage, large plot, privilege private bathing beach; bargain at $9,000, worth $12,000. Frank R. Gurley, Gurley Bldg., Stamford, Conn. Phone 622.

BIG WOODS, a brook, plans for lake, high meadow, sound views, seclusion, accessibility, forty acres, at Westport; only $5,500 for quick sale. John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., N. Y.

FOR RENT—Greenwich, Conn., furnished house; fine location; ten rooms, three bathrooms; garage; $200 per month. Phone 140 Rector.

SPLENDID OLD HOME, all improvements; new, eight rooms; one acre; orchard; close village and trolley; price, $6,500. P. O. Box 58, Westport, Conn.

REAL ESTATE WANTED

FOUR to six lots for erection garage, south 110th St.; brokers invited. T 556 Times.

WANT to lease private dwelling, Manhattan; pay security; references. S 526 Times.

REAL ESTATE MANAGER desires management of property for individual owner having number of houses or 20 connect with real estate company to take charge of apartment house management department; excellent credentials; interview appreciated. F 377 Times.

WE have several investment properties which the owners would consider exchanging for a residence at Far Rockaway, Lawrence and Woodmere. Inquire of Ellman, 340 Madison Av., Murray Hill 6200.

APARTMENT HOUSES wanted on west side of Manhattan in run-down condition, for 21-year lease or purchase with small amount of cash. E. C. H. Vogler, Amsterdam Av., corner 92d St. Phone Schuyler 9141.

OWNERS—I have client with $15,000 cash to invest in a bargain; prefers apartment building with stores; not over $80,000; send full particulars.
R. TELFAIR SMITH, 11 East 59th St.

WANTED—One or two-family in West Bronx, New Rochelle, Mt. Vernon, in exchange for plot one block from Jerome Av., subway, "L" station.
I. LINCOLN SEIDE CO., 220 BROADWAY.

WOULD like to purchase a small house and lot in New Rochelle, not to cost over $10,000; will invest from $8,000 to $9,000 in in cash; mail full particulars. Write H. O. 42, Room 1201, 220 West 42d.

I AM ready to buy vacant property in parcels of two to four lots, upper west side, with building loan for both elevator and walk-up apartment houses. Builder, Box 1435 Times Harlem.

WANTED TO RENT, small place, suitable for poultry, northern New Jersey, Rockland or Orange County preferred. P. O. Box 633, Englewood, N. J.

OWNERS—Have you tenant troubles? Let me manage your property; honest, reliable service; minimum charge; bond furnished. Experience. H 955 Times Downtown.

SPECIALIST—Manhattan and Westchester homes; have prospective buyers; sell without publicity; avoiding curiosity seekers. Dwight True, 507 5th Av.

WANTED—5 or 6 room house, completely modern; Westchester County, commuting distance; large plot; price about $6,000; full particulars. Todhunter, 200 5th Av.

HOUSE or apartment in country, furnished or unfurnished, commuting distance; with all modern conveniences; three adults, four children under 7 years of age; state full particulars, price, &c. S 532 Times.

SEVEN or eight room house with garage; good section of Westchester; rent $1,500 per year. S. M. Chase, 141 5th Av., New York.

WANTED—Shop or stable building or to build, size 25x100 or so, for paper stock; northeast of Harlem, southeast of Bronx. Answer S. Weiler, 173 East 119th.

MANAGEMENT real estate solicited by old-established firm, reliable, efficient, economical; positive results. W. R., 120 Times Downtown.

PROPERTY, suitable for garage; will prepare plans, construct building and lease for long period. 473 Times.

WANT TO RENT UNFURNISHED RESIDENCE FOR PRIVATE USE; GOOD NEIGHBORHOOD. POOHER, 403 8TH AV.

A PRIVATE HOUSE wanted in exchange for fine country house. Blawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

HAVE cash buyers for well-located new-law apartment houses. Nehring Brothers, St. Nicholas Av. and 174th St., city.

WILL purchase private dwelling, Manhattan, if reasonable; quick possession. S 527 Times.

HOUSE wanted on Long Island, within 40 minutes; give full particulars, size of plot, price, terms, &c. Box B. B., 94 Times.

MONTCLAIR section; 8-room house to rent, with option to buy; give location and rent. L 282 Times.

ACREAGE for development near depot, Plainfield, Westfield, Fanwood, Kenilworth factory town; brokers invited. T 554 Times.

WANTED—Flathouse, west of 3d Av.; must be reasonable; no steam; owners only. 253 East 122d. Schacht.

WANTED on east side, Winter months, furnished apartment, 3 master's, 3 maids', 3 servants'. SHERWOOD, Tel. Vanderbilt 8610.

WANTED—Apartment houses on lease; securities, references furnished. M. Korner, 1267 5th Av.

SMALL furnished bungalow, suburban; must be reasonable. Write M. N., 520 Presbyterian Building.

WANT house, colored section Harlem, $1,500 cash. F 247 Times.

DESIRE LEASE modern unfurnished house, New Jersey; $70. H 993 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE FOR IMPROVED, $100,000 IN FREE AND CLEAR VACANT LOTS.
NEAR BROADWAY, ABOVE 150TH ST.
K.-T. REALTY CORPORATION,
522 FIFTH AV. VANDERBILT 9463.

CHOICE LOCATION, near Central Park West—Five-story apartment houses, recently improved and rented for over $11,000; good equity of $40,000 over first mortgage; smaller property considered part payment; broker protected. A. E. Thomson, 145 West 45th St.

$5,000 value free and clear, six-room house, 120 Murray St., Newark, N. J., 25 minutes New York City, to exchange for small New Jersey seashore property; will add cash if necessary; what have you?
SAMUEL TAYLOR Jr.
705 Parker St. Newark, N. J.

THREE 5-story, 2-5s, bath, hot water; best colored section, 134th St., near 7th Av.; rents $13,000; price $90,000; mortgage on each $16,000, 5 per cent., due 1923; will add cash to exchange, West Side or Heights new law. JOS. M. NIMHAUSER, 200 5th Av.

$200,000 FREE, CLEAR LOTS; HIGH-CLASS RESIDENTIAL SECTION, BROOKLYN, TO EXCHANGE FOR INCOME PROPERTY. K.-T. REALTY CORP., 522 FIFTH AV. TEL. VANDERBILT 9463.

HARLEM, near Lexington Av.—Five-story, with stores; 4 apartments, completely furnished; $3,276; good equity; $13,000 over first mortgage; some trade; brokers protected. A. E. Thomson, 145 West 45th St.

EXCHANGE prominent corner on wide street, vicinity Hanover Square, 5-story building, 22x65, mortgage $47,000, cash equity $80,000; submit offer of exchange. Paul, 172 West 88th St.

OWNER wishing to retire will exchange loft building bringing about $14,000 net profit for good mortgage or one-tenant lease; actual equity $57,000. B. Robin, 159 Marcy Av., Brooklyn.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS CORNER.
Will take lots and cash for fully leased apartment house; elegant terms. Nehring Brothers, St. Nicholas Av. and 174th St., city.

DWELLING, barn, 7½ lots, Woodhaven, Queens Borough; $15,000 free and clear; consider vacant or improved. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

FARM, free and clear, 30 miles from New York, 54 acres, 11-room house, all modern improvements; price $12,500; for city income. Charles Metzger, 28 East 126th St.

WANT business plot, residence seashore or country, or farm for equity of $40,000 to $150,000. Gross & Gross, 130 Market St., Newark, N. J.

SIX-STORY, elevator, 70x105; rents $25,000; price $175,000; will take lots and $15,000 cash. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

REAL ESTATE or income securities wanted for $25,000 printing plants; good business all kinds. H 945 Times Downtown.

FORTY lots Whitestone, L. I., and cash; want house. B 398 Times.

100x115 vacant; West Bronx; equity $10,000. What's offered? Sharum, 170 Broadway.

FARMS.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

20 ACRE FARM
at Meadow Brook, near Hempstead, L. I., 19½ miles from Manhattan, near two State roads; title guaranteed by Title Guarantee & Trust Co. of New York City; price and particulars on request. H. C. de GUZMAN, 5 Beekman St., New York City.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

CHRISTMAS morning hand your wife, father or son a deed of a farm, located in a village; let them make money by raising fruit, vegetables and poultry, and ship direct to consumer; 1 acre, 7-room residence, barn and poultry house only $900; also 25 acres, 8-room residence, barns, sheds, poultry house, fruit, $1,000. Come out, or address at once, Lloyd M. Hallenbeck, Greendale-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

NEW YORK STATE'S GREATEST FARM BARGAIN—Ten-room house, like new, cellar, basement-barn, garage, best houses, woodshed, other small buildings, in fine condition; gravity water; 21 acres; all cultivated; mile station; Dutchess County; $5,000, terms: no agents. Owner, A 540 Times.

FRUIT AND GRAIN FARM, 178 acres; very appropriate for camp or school purposes; will sell or exchange. What have you to offer? Mason & Moore, 39 East 4th St., City.

EIGHT-ACRE poultry farm for sale, 27 miles from New York; 15 minutes' walk to station; ten-room dwelling house; everything on farm in perfect condition. B 799 Times Downtown.

ABANDONED FARM—100 ACRES—$1,150.
1,000 feet high; trout stream, woods.
E. E. SLOCUM, Inc., 141 Broadway.

FARMS.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

20 ACRE FARM
at Meadow Brook, near Hempstead, L. I., 19½ miles from Manhattan, near two State roads; title guaranteed by Title Guarantee & Trust Co. of New York City; price and particulars on request. H. C. de GUZMAN, 5 Beekman St., New York City.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

CHRISTMAS morning hand your wife, father or son a deed of a farm, located in a village; let them make money by raising fruit, vegetables and poultry, and ship direct to consumer; 1 acre, 7-room residence, barn and poultry house only $900; also 25 acres, 8-room residence, barns, sheds, poultry house, fruit, $1,000. Come out, or address at once, Lloyd M. Hallenbeck, Greendale-on-the-Hudson, N. Y.

NEW YORK STATE'S GREATEST FARM BARGAIN—Ten-room house, like new, cellar, basement-barn, garage, best houses, woodshed, other small buildings, in fine condition; gravity water; 21 acres; all cultivated; mile station; Dutchess County; $5,000, terms: no agents. Owner, A 540 Times.

FRUIT AND GRAIN FARM, 178 acres; very appropriate for camp or school purposes; will sell or exchange. What have you to offer? Mason & Moore, 39 East 4th St., City.

EIGHT-ACRE poultry farm for sale, 27 miles from New York; 15 minutes' walk to station; ten-room dwelling house; everything on farm in perfect condition. B 799 Times Downtown.

FRONT PART OF FLOOR
TO RENT FOR ONE YEAR,
Near Corner of
42d Street and 5th Avenue,
About 1,000 square feet facing on 5th Avenue,
for $4,000,
WHICH IS MUCH LESS THAN
PREVAILING PRICES.
Finest location in New York.
Apply to owner,
A. SIMONSON,
506 5th Avenue, near 42d Street.

16TH ST., 437-9 WEST—THREE UPPER LOFTS, 50X90, FOR LIGHT MANUFACTURING OR STORAGE. OCCUPANCY AT ONCE. APPLY ON PREMISES.

LARGE office, facing Waldorf, to let; windows suitable for advertising, second floor; immediate possession. Inquire premises, 1 West 34th St. or phone Fitzroy 5822.

BLEECKER ST.—3,000 SQ. FT., $1,050. Office and showroom; mid-town section; 2,500 sq. ft. of exceptionally good light on three sides; many other loft and office bargains; any size; all sections of the city. Department A, John W. Faris & Son, Inc., 141 West 36th St. Telephone Fits Roy 6604.

LOFT—EXCEPTIONAL LIGHT;
MODERN, FIREPROOF BUILDING, 25x100; ELEVATOR; 385 FIRST AV., NEAR 22D ST.
PHONE MR. HESS, SPRING 5488.

STORES AND LOFTS,
exceptionally light, suitable for offices, showrooms, light manufacturing, 1,200 to 2,400 sqare feet units; new elevator building; reasonable.
688-688 LEXINGTON AV.,
near 57th St.

DESIRABLE OFFICE SPACE.
Tilden Building, 100 West 40th St.; possession May 1, 1921; $3.50 per square foot; 800-1,600 square feet. Apply to Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 1100.

17 WARREN ST.
Immediate possession, four upper floors, 25x75; building completely reconstructed, elevator, &c.; will rent long term, together or separately. R. B. Ittelson, 160 Broadway, Telephone Cortlandt 1967, or your own broker.

FOR RENT.
Desirable office accommodations, opposite Grand Central; desk, telephone, stenographer's services; careful attention all details in your absence; unusual opportunity; state business. T 535 Times.

TO SUBLET.
Corner loft, 11th floor; Madison Av., above 28th St., for balance of present lease; approximately 12,000 sq. ft. at less than $1.50 per sq. ft.; immediate or Feb. 1 possession. B. M., 347 Times.

34TH ST., 136 WEST—Second floor store, show window front; immediate possession. M. Hess, Inc., 907 Broadway. Stuyvesant 4200.

OFFICES TO RENT.
Company moving offices uptown have for rent approximately 12,500 square feet light space; fifth class building, vicinity City Hall, desirable term; principles only. S 430 Times.

DESIRABLE OFFICE SPACE, 386 5th Av., corner of 35th St.; possession Feb. 1 and May 1, 1921. Apply to Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 1100.

23D ST. (At 5th Av. and Broadway)—Desk-room or office space, 10 West 23d St., Room 205; unusually light, pleasant offices; telephone and conveniences; furnished or unfurnished. Permanent 1076.

MADISON AV. AND 42D ST.—Desirable corner office, 2 private and main outer office; lease to May 1, 1922; approximately 600 square feet; immediate possession. B. E., 57 Times.

WILL BUILD FOR TENANT
on 200 feet or part thereof, 51st St., near 11th Av., one or two story lofting.
SANFORD MORTGAGE CO.,
7 EAST 42D STREET.

ELEGANT DESK ROOM,
including desk, safe, filing cabinet, stenographic and telephone service; newly mahogany furnished office. Room 209, 311 5th Av.

ADJOINING 5TH AV.
Second floor space, 25x100, large show window, very light; elevator; Feb. 1; rent $3,750.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

ENTIRE BUILDING.
Four stories, near 28th, extra heavy, two frontages, elevator on rear street; rent $10,000.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

DESK ROOM and space for samples with phone service, in well-appointed office, 346 Broadway, suitable for knit goods or textile broker; $15 per month. Co-operation, B 733 Times Downtown.

IMMEDIATE possession, corner office, light and modern, 1,000 square feet, reasonable; phone installed. Apply superintendent of building, 127 Duane St., or 50 Broad St., Room 537.

165 BROADWAY.
A suite of three splendid rooms, consisting of 1,200 square feet, at unusually low rental for this building. Apply Chester D. Clark, 42 Broadway.

APPROXIMATELY 1,000 sq. ft. for rent in financial district; would rent partly furnished if desired; very desirable and well arranged offices. Room 810, 38 Nassau St.

49 BROAD STREET.
1,800 square feet of desirable front space; fine light; low rental; immediate possession. Chester D. Clark, 42 Broadway.

INSURANCE DISTRICT.
400 and 600 feet at 51 Beaver St.; desirable space in new building. Chester D. Clark, 42 Broadway.

291 BROADWAY.
600 square feet, front space; fine light, low rental; switchboard installed; excellent proposition. Chester D. Clark, 42 Broadway.

FOR RENT—16,000 square feet, four upper floors; possession May 1, 1921; desirable corner, heart of wholesale provision district. E. A. Treadwell, 41 Park Row. Cortlandt 6918.

STORES—LOFTS—BUILDINGS.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
MID-TOWN SECTION
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST ST.

OFFICE, 125 square feet, furnished or unfurnished; 1,416 Broadway, Room 512a; $35; telephone connection. Bryant 1261.

LOFT, Bush Terminal, Brooklyn, 7,600 sq. ft.; sublet. 96 34th St., Brooklyn, 6th floor.

125TH ST., 114 WEST—First floor, above store, suitable for manicurist, chiropodist, &c. Apply L. Kovner, 3 West 29th.

COMPLETELY furnished office, telephone, stenographer; immediately; 5th Av., 36th St. Vanderbilt 326.

THREE-YEAR lease on large, light loft, C. & D. Co., 150 Lenox Av.

FINEST LOFT IN CITY.
5,000 SQUARE FEET.
Suitable for any kind of manufacturing business; exceptionally light; elevator, steam heat, sprinklers; new building fronting Pennsylvania Railroad; near subway, theatres and fine retail stores. CHAS. F. GILLEN & CO., sole agents, 828 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

OFFICE SUITES—Immediate possession.
125 SQ. FT.—2 ROOMS.
1,025 SQ. FT.—3 ROOMS.
1,350 SQ. FT.—7 ROOMS.
3,000 SQ. FT., ON FEB. 1.
All exceptional values, at select Borrell Building, 171 Madison Av., cor. 33d St. Apply Supt. or phone Mr. Wilkins, Fitzroy 5030.

LEASE FOR SALE, 14th St., West of Union Square—Large, light store, 18 feet high, about 2,500 square feet; large dry cellar; desirable for sales, sample rooms, musical instruments, textiles; 9 year lease, low price; possession Jan. 1; act immediately. Write Lamchick, 354 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

HAVE LOFT 50x100 BETWEEN B'WAY AND 6TH AV. TO SUBLET WITH FIXTURES FOR SHOWROOM AND STOCK, 1,500 TO 2,500 SQUARE FEET; RENT VERY REASONABLE; SPRINKLERS AND TWO ELEVATORS OPERATING. S 474 TIMES.

OLD building; stable, open 1st, 2d large store and basement, for retail lumber yard; long lease; from 17th St. to 50th St., between 6th and 8th Avs.; to take possession not later than March 1, 1921; we will alter to suit; state price by letter. Midtown Lumber Co., 120 West 17th St., N. Y. C.

NEW WAREHOUSE, 30,000 FEET.
Below 14th St., near Chelsea piers; large electric elevator, low insurance rate, loading platform, floor capacity 250 pounds; high ceilings. Henry Wales & Sons, 149 Broadway.

SEVEN-STORY, modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, $7,500 net, or will sell; suitable for printing or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard C. Perbes, 96 Broadway, Rector 747.

BROADWAY HOTEL LEASE.
9 years to run; small modern apartment hotel; gross income about $75,000; asking $30,000; submit offers; no brokers. E. K. Van Winkle, 162 West 34th St. Col. 1077.

700 SQUARE FEET
very light office space; partitions already installed; immediate possession; reasonable rent.
SCHWABACK & RAPHEL,
3 WEST 29TH ST.

PART OF LOFT TO SUBLET; 1,400 SQ. FT. AT 906 BROADWAY, HEART OF BUSINESS SECTION; MODERATE RENTAL. ENCORE, 6TH FLOOR, 906 BROADWAY, 3d floor.

LOFTS and SHOWROOMS, light manufacturing, 25x500 and 25x100; steam heat; modern building. Inquire in store, 111 East 14th St., or phone Worth 800.

New Jersey.

FACTORY for sale or lease 5,000 sq. ft.; rail-road siding. 3 acres land; near Newark; immediate possession. WILLIAM RYAN, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

New York State.

FACTORY BUILDING.
For sale or to lease, 2-story building with 18,000 sq. ft., of which 6,000 sq. ft. now available; building 75x160; all improvements; price $40,000; easy terms. Inquire W (Journal), Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV., Near 29th St. (4th Av. Hotel)—Two sunny rooms and bath furnished; parlor floor; hotel service; $17.50 weekly.

5TH AV.—Washington Square Section)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; lease two years $900 monthly, also small house, just redecorated, furnished with antiques. Mrs. C. H. Thomas, 21 East 49th St., Plaza 4289.

5TH AV., 742—For one month or longer handsomely furnished 3 rooms, bath; service. Marris.

5TH AV. (near 58th Av.)—Large, handsomely furnished drawing room, bedroom, kitchen; February, $200 monthly; also exceptionally attractive newly decorated house until May, three-story and basement, large furniture exclusively. Phone 488 Plaza.

6TH ST., 4 EAST—ENTIRE PARLOR FLOOR, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED; LEASE JAN. 1; REASONABLE. VERY SUITABLE FOR TWO OR TWO GENTLEMEN. CALL AFTERNOONS ONLY.

6TH ST., 102 EAST (Union Square), Hotel Stevenson—2-room suite with bath, $21 week; 3-room suite with bath, $165 month; hotel service.

6TH ST., 129 EAST—Large living room, bedroom, bath, piano, silver, linen; beautifully furnished; $150. Johnson.

6TH ST., 25 EAST (Hotel Benton)—Attractively furnished 2 rooms and bath, full hotel service; 1 block from subway; $17.50 up.

6TH ST., 28 EAST—Attractively furnished 2-room and bath, rent $130.

6TH ST., 30 (No. 24 EAST (Hatfield House)—Superior apartment hotel; desirable 1, 2 and 3 room suites; maid and hall service; attractive rentals. Inquire on premises or of STOTTS & STARR, INC., Tel. Bryant 4000, Times Building.

6TH AV. (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel; ideal home for women; corner suite, large rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $50 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

6TH ST., 54 EAST—Hotel Regent; two and three room suites, complete hotel service; $27.50 up; special rates for permanent guests. Phone Madison 1974.

6TH AV., 126 EAST—Apartment, handsomely furnished, connecting living room, one or two bedrooms, private bath, kitchenette or dining room; all hotel service, elevator; references required. Mr. DeFlorez's apartment.

6TH AV., 2 EAST—Two rooms, three baths, grocery to May high class. C. H. Thomas, Plaza 4289.

6TH ST., 2 EAST—Two room studio, long or short lease, elevator. Foreman.

6TH ST., 5 EAST—Sacrifice rent, sell handsome furnishings, automobile, gentleman's Exchange, Murray Hill 4100.

6TH ST., 8 EAST—Two rooms, bath; cuisine; $8. Near 5th Av. Hotel. Immediate possession. C. H. Thomas, 21 East 49th St. Plaza 4289.

6TH STREET, 64 EAST.
Beautifully furnished three-room housekeeping apartment in elevator building under doorman; immediate occupancy; fireplace, telephone, French windows, unique breakfast room, southern exposure, unusually smart and desirable. Monday 9-5. Gilbroney.

6TH, 602 Lexington—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, complete; snappy furnishings; $8 to accommodate $140; lease. Supt., 6B Plaza.

6TH ST., 6 EAST—Single apartment, consisting living room with grand bed, bath, open fireplace, every convenience. 12 to 3, Monday, January 30th.

6TH ST., 7 EAST (Near St. Regis)—3-room apartment, suitable bachelor or couple; newly furnished and decorated by Silo n; large living room, open fireplace, foyer hall, kitchen, bedroom, twin beds. Apply R. DeFlorez, 402 Madison Av., at 47th St.

6TH ST., 10 EAST—A most attractively furnished and conveniently located apartment; 2 large rooms, bath and kitchenette; $225 monthly. Windsor or Superintendent.

6TH ST., 1 EAST—Very spacious, charming room and bath; hotel service; lease; unusually desirable. Wilson.

6TH ST. (off Park)—Large front bedroom and bath, studio and toilet below, fireplaces; prize $135; 3 months lease; seen by appointment only. Plaza 4254.

6TH, 21—Two rooms, bath, elevator, restaurant. Plaza 1364.

6TH, 63 EAST—Three rooms, bath; elevator; telephone, single beds, quiet.

6TH ST., 31 EAST (Off 5th Av.)—Exquisitely furnished two-room apartment; all hotel service, telephone, private bath, restaurant, elevator, maid service; rental price just covers costs. Telephone Circle 4750 or Riverside 7013 for details.

6TH, 18 EAST—Double room, bath; 2 rooms, bath; any size suite; suites; 3 rooms, bath, 4 rooms, bath; suites special. Devlin apartment, 2 rooms, bath, $125. Jaglo Hotel.

6TH ST., 30 EAST (Hotel LaSalle)—To lease, furnished, for two months from about Jan. 15, large room, two bedrooms, two baths. Phone Plaza 9000 Apt. 8A.

6TH (Near Park Av., on 66th St.)—Completely furnished 3-room apartment. Telephone Rhinelander 6924.

6TH, 126 EAST—Apartment, handsomely furnished, connecting living room, one or two bedrooms, private bath, kitchenette or dining room; all hotel service, elevator; references required. Mr. DeFlorez's apartment.

GRAMERCY PARK—Will let until October my handsomely furnished apartment, four rooms and bath, living room 18x20, with fireplace, $250 monthly, or will consider selling $5,000 cash. Seen by appointment. B 326 Times.

GRAMERCY PARK, EAST—10 rooms, 4 baths, 4 master bedrooms; 3 months or longer, $900 per month. E. K. VAN WINKLE, 152 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

GRAMERCY PARK SOUTH, 28 (Hotel Irving)—Two rooms and bath, facing beautiful Gramercy Park; all hotel service; table excellent, reasonable rates. Phone Gramercy 6200.

GRAMERCY PARK—Room or apartment, permanent or for holidays. Stuyvesant 7480.

IRVING PLACE (near 15th St.)—Bachelor apartments, 1-3 rooms, all outside; just completed, modern, parquet floors, bath and shower; handsomely furnished; maid service; reasonable rentals. Apply at premises, 1 Irving Place, or telephone Pitcroy 2824.

LEXINGTON AV., 398 (33d St.)—Sitting, bedroom, bath; gentlemen only; references. For.

MADISON AV. (75th St.)—Attractively furnished two-room bath and kitchenette apartment; electricity; telephone; Jan. 1 to October or longer; reasonable. Phone Cypress 4425.

MADISON AV., 416 (near 48th St.)—Living room, bath; well furnished; day bed, elevator, telephone; maid service included.

152 MADISON AV.
Very large, light room and bath. Apply Superintendent, on premises.

MADISON AV., 1,224—Three rooms, elevator apartment; $125; immediate possession; adults. Baumlers.

MADISON AV., 645 (60th)—Sunny size room, bath, telephone, elevator, maid service.

MADISON AV., 601 (58th St.)—Two rooms, kitchen, bath, elevator; until October; $200.

MADISON AV.—Attractive 5-room apartment; newly furnished. Phone 1828 Lenox.

MADISON AV., 1,125—Living room, bedroom, real kitchen, bath; sunny; $110. Elkins.

PARK AV. vicinity; wonderful apartment; 2 master's, 2 servants'; spacious dining room; living room about 30 feet square; log fire; one of the most beautiful in New York; also other distinctive, charming apartments. 2557 Vanderbilt.

PARK AV., 10 ROOMS, 4 BATHS.
Magnificently furnished; 3 master's and 2 maids' rooms; $4000; immediate possession. Apply Clark Realty Co., 347 Madison Av.

PARK AV., 28—Two unusually large, sunny rooms, attractively furnished; phone, electric fixtures for cooking included; seen by appointment. Murray Hill 2729.

PARK AV. (70'S)—Unusually furnished 8 rooms, 3 baths, corner apartment; exclusive; until October, 1921, or additional years; $800 month. Phone Rhinelander 0313.

PARK AV., 40'S, 9 ROOMS, 3 BATHS.
Magnificently furnished; 2 master's, 2 maids' rooms; $7,000. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av.

PARK AV.—Choice apartments, six to ten rooms, $4,000 to $9,000. Miss Thomas, 21 East 49th St. Plaza 4289.

RAILING REALTY COMPANY, 270 Park Av., Murray Hill 7914, offers furnished apartments at great sacrifice; Park, Madison, 5th Avs.; others east, west side sections.

TO sublet until May 1, completely and attractively furnished, 4-room and bath suite in one of New York's high-class residential hotels; complete hotel service; no servant problem; building is located in heart of city, within easy walking distance of leading theatres and shops; present lessee paying $500 per month, but being unable to use accommodations will consider reasonable offer. Address Lessee, P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

WHITESTONE, L. I.—Furnished two rooms, kitchenette, bath; $65 monthly. 3858R Flushing.

Furnished—West Side.

5TH AV. (Hotel Savoy)—Unusual opportunity to sublet beautiful apartment; three very large rooms, sixth floor, all southern exposure, two baths to June 1 or Oct. 1. Plaza 841.

7TH AV., 830—Bedroom, bath and kitchen in high-class apartment house. Rush. Phone 2400 Circle.

10TH, 57 WEST—Large bedroom, living room, kitchen, bath, elevator, telephone, service; sublet one month $175, or lease to October, $135. Telephone Chelsea 4502.

10TH ST., 60 WEST—Three rooms, bath, kitchen; all improvements; $150.

12TH (just off 5th Av., Hotel Van Rensselaer)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service. Stuy. 1410.

12TH ST., WEST—Exceptionally large and comfortable living room, bedroom, kitchen, bath, 5 closets, steam, electricity, fireplace; one or two persons. Tel. 3267 Chelsea.

12TH ST., 40 WEST.
2 rooms, bath, beautifully furnished; immediate possession; rent $150 per month.

12TH ST., 48 WEST—Suites of two rooms and bath, also one room and bath; beautifully furnished, with service.

16TH ST., 37 WEST—2-room suite, running water, closets; gentlemen; $60.

16TH, 274 WEST—Elevator apartment, five rooms, neatly furnished, $125 monthly.

23D, 440 WEST (London Terrace)—4 rooms, top floor in Seventh's row; steam, electricity, phone; $85; lease; references.

23D, 421 WEST—Until Jan. 2; studio, alcove, fireplace, steam, electricity. Loomis.

27TH—ONE, TWO, THREE ROOMS, KITCHENS, BATHS (CHELSEA 4063.

37TH, 25 WEST—Large room, attractively furnished; kitchenette, private bath and kitchenette; electricity, steam heat; rent $85 month; sublease, lease. Sittenham, owner.

37TH ST., 10 WEST—Handsomely furnished apartment; one or two bachelors; bath, steam, fine closets; well kept house.

42D, 228 WEST—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedrooms and bath, $30 to $50 weekly; full hotel service.

43D ST., 223 WEST, COR. BROADWAY.
High-class elevator apartments, newly furnished; full hotel service.
ONE ROOM AND BATH, $90 UP.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $140 UP.
REFERENCES REQUIRED.

54TH (830 7th Av.), Apt. 4C—Lady leaving town will rent lovely little apartment reasonably; real kitchen, parlor, bedroom, bath; references and lease required.

54TH ST. (At Broadway)—Hotel Albemarle; parlor bedroom and bath; reasonable rates.

55TH ST., West 8th Av.—Two rooms, kitchen, bath; unusually large, handsomely furnished; $300 monthly; until July only; immediate occupancy. Phone Circle 7211, Ext. 3, from 9 to 12.

57TH, 18 WEST—Handsomely furnished 2 or 3 rooms, open fireplace, long or short lease, immediate occupancy; reasonable; aristocratic environment.

57TH, 6S WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, especially desirable for bachelors. Kent.

57TH, 136 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, especially desirable for bachelors. Kent.

58TH, 230 WEST—Three rooms, bath, kitchen, $200 monthly. Telephone Circle 2875.

58TH, 208 WEST
(HOTEL THORNDYKE) VERY ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

58TH, 63 WEST—Two rooms, bath; southern exposure; elegantly furnished; service; telephone.

66TH, 63 WEST—Two rooms, bath; southern exposure; private phone service. Morgan.

57TH ST., 340 WEST
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED, MAID AND VALET SERVICE; TWO AND THREE ROOMS AND BATH; $110 TO $290; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

67TH ST., 205 WEST (corner 7th Av.)—Corner apartment of 5 rooms, 2 baths, magnificently furnished, in the Osborne fireproof building; large rooms, high ceilings; immediate possession; $500 per month to Oct. 1. Manager on premises. Circle 6420.

67TH, 144 WEST—Lady leaving city will lease sunny, two-room apartment; newly furnished; all conveniences, including fireplace; references. Circle 6205 for appointment.

67TH, 139 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED TWO ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE APARTMENT; OPEN FIREPLACE; IDEAL FOR BACHELORS. BOYLE.

67TH ST., 109 WEST—Parlor, chamber, bath, pantry, also attractive studio apartment; elevator, telephone; new, very light. Chamberlain.

67TH, 350 WEST—Front, attractive two rooms, kitchenette, foyer, bath, Victrola; $145; or will sell. 5899 Schuyler. Schultz.

67TH, 201 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette; elevator; telephone; southern exposure. Barbour.

68TH ST., 21 WEST—Front apartment, third floor, sitting room, bedroom and bath, completely furnished; to sublet to Oct. 1 or longer; can be seen by appointment only. Telephone Bowling Green 6830, Mr. Flint.

68TH, 27 WEST (5th Av.)—Beautifully furnished, 2 large, sunny rooms, kitchenette, bath, apartment; new building; maid, valet, restaurant service. Apartment 74, 6480 Plaza.

68TH, 57 WEST—3 well-furnished rooms housekeeping, 8th floor; immediate possession.

69TH, 124 WEST—Apartment, two rooms, bath. Call Sunday, 2-6. Wahl.

69TH, 100 WEST—For one or two months, well furnished two rooms, bath, kitchen, $200 a month. Telephone Plaza 5960 Monday.

69TH, 28 WEST—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; also sublet apartment for Winter, $250 month. Stein.

Furnished—West 60s.

60'S—8 ROOMS, 3 BATHS; $4,000.
Handsomely furnished; immediate possession. Particulars, Clark Realty Co., 347 Madison Av.

61ST, 10 WEST (The Pasadena, Corner Broadway, New Elevated and Subway)—Newly decorated two, three, four rooms, bath, light, linen, maid service included; rate, $30-$35 weekly; $5, $10, $15 daily; restaurant in building. Columbus 4460.

64TH ST., 1 WEST (HARPERLEY HALL).
Two rooms, bath and kitchenette; very attractively furnished; overlooking Central Park; available from Dec. 18 to April 1; rental $500 a month.

67TH, 7 WEST—High-class three-room apartment (kitchen). $160 month, lease. Trace;

67TH, 39 WEST—Studio, afternoons; seen by appointment. Tel. Columbus 3227.

67TH, 15 WEST—Studio, modern, 2 rooms, bath; 6 months Jan. 1.

68TH, 16 WEST—Three rooms, bath and kitchenette; all conveniences. Superintendent.

69TH ST. AND BROADWAY (SPENCER ARMS HOTEL)—THREE LARGE ROOMS AND BATH, LIGHT, NICELY FURNISHED; MAID SERVICE. INQUIRE OF MANAGER ON PREMISES. PHONE COLUMBUS 3098.

69TH ST., 10 WEST (near Central Park)—Two rooms, bath, furnished, elevator, maid service; sublet Oct. 1, 1921, moderate rental; option to buy furniture. Well.

69TH ST., 3 WEST—Beautifully furnished, three large rooms, high-class house, one flight up; lease; maid service; $225.

69TH, 231 WEST—High-class, cozy, all outside, five-room elevator apartment, redecorated; reasonable lease. Horst, Apt. 63.

69TH, 131 WEST—Large room, alcove, bath, private house, cleanliness, comfort, for gentleman only; references; $40 monthly.

69TH, 245 WEST (The New West End)—Two-three room apartments, bath, kitchenette; $95-$130; references required.

70TH ST. WEST—THREE LARGE ROOMS AND KITCHEN, ALL OUTSIDE—SOUTHERN, WESTERN AND EASTERN EXPOSURE; OVERLOOKING HUDSON; ELEVATOR SERVICE; NEAR SUBWAY, BUS, ELEVATED AND SURFACE LINES; $200 A MONTH TO OCT. 1, 1921; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; AM MOVING TO MY NEW HOME AT KEW GARDENS.
PHONE COLUMBUS 2225.

70TH, 127 WEST—Will sublet, Jan. 1, handsomely furnished apartment, large living room, grand piano, bedroom, bath, shower, kitchenette, 2 large closets, 2d floor; $3250 month. Apply L. J. Phillips, 148 West 72d St.

70TH, 135 WEST—Select private house, 2d floor front suite, two rooms, bath; attractively furnished in blue and ivory; other rooms with baths, $18, $20.

70th corner—Handsome furnishings, automobile; rent, sell. Gentlewomen's Exchange, Murray Hill 1475.

71ST, 342 WEST—Apartment to let, large, well furnished, sunny outside 3-room suite, kitchenette, private bath, piano; in high-class apt. house. Apt. 3 East.

71ST, 115 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; $200 monthly. Apt. 1B, 4131 Columbus.

71ST, 31 WEST (Hotel Joyce)—Sublet living room, bedroom, with private bath; complete hotel service; dining room on premises.

72D ST., WEST (Near RIVERSIDE DRIVE).
A wonderful furnished apartment in modern, exclusive building, consisting of ten rooms and four baths; will lease from Jan. 1 to July 1. Seen by appointment only. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

72D ST., 210 WEST (Corner Broadway)—Three rooms, living room, bedroom, real kitchen and bath; elevator; restaurant in building; southern exposure; long or short lease. Telephone Columbus 9301, Apt. 3A. Smith.

72D ST., 122 WEST.
Unusually large and handsomely furnished two rooms and kitchenette, Oriental rugs, real home; private phone; long or short lease. Phone Columbus 7954 or call.

72D ST. (Between Broadway and Columbus Av.)—First floor front, beautifully furnished studio apartment; could be used for singing teaching, &c., during day time only; $25 per week. Y 230 Times Annex.

72D, 344 WEST—Attractively furnished five rooms, two baths; housekeeping; elevator; lease; 2-6 afternoons; private phone. Columbus 8320.

72D ST., 258 WEST—Two apartments left, top floor, rear, $125; entire third floor; nicely decorated, splendidly furnished, handy subway and "L," will sell complete furniture $5,000, cost double, and give my lease; moderate rental. Phone 9 to 5, Mr. Earjay, Beekman 1600.

72D ST., 305 WEST—Newly decorated, handsomely furnished apartment, 6 rooms, 2 baths; all outside. Telephone 5717 Columbus.

72D ST.—We have a selected list of furnished and unfurnished apartments. Louis P. Dowdney, 247 West 72d St.

72D, 240 WEST—Beautiful studio apt.; ground floor, front; furnished, unfurnished; afternoons.

72D, 53 WEST—One-room apt., with bath and kitchenette; service if wanted; $90 month.

72D, 223 WEST—Fine elevator studio apartments, furnished. Columbus 3691.

72D ST., 210 WEST—Two rooms, light, neatly furnished. Apply Apartment 4B.

72D, 176 WEST—Charming two rooms, bath; hotel service; immediate possession; $165.

72D, 129 WEST—LARGE STUDIO AND LIVING QUARTERS.

73D, 126 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Several beautiful furnished two-room suites, with bath; moderate monthly and weekly rates; $100 monthly up; $25 weekly up.

74TH, 131 WEST—Beautifully furnished 2-room modern elevator apartment; refined surroundings; $135 monthly; splendid unfurnished apartments, $105.

74TH ST., 251 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; sacrifice. Tel. Mur. Hill 7014.

74TH, 103 WEST—Large studio, kitchen, bath; also 2 rooms, housekeeping.

74TH ST., 57 WEST—Six elegantly furnished rooms, three master bedrooms, modern elevator apartment; rooms furnished with discriminating taste. Turkish rugs, silver, linen, Steinway Duo-Art player-piano; must be seen to appreciate; rental $400 monthly. Mornings only. Apartment 81, Schuyler 1266.

75TH, 5 WEST—Handsomely furnished three rooms, kitchen, apartment. Wright.

76TH ($44 West End Av.)—Luxuriously furnished two-room apartment; high-class; sublease.

77TH, 225 WEST—New nine-story elevator apartment house, just completed; three rooms; tiled kitchens; complete for housekeeping; exceptional furnishings; $200 monthly. Schuyler 1080.

77TH, 330 WEST (corner Riverside Drive)—Overlooking beautiful Hudson; suite of 3 large rooms and bath, expensively furnished, piano, &c., $275 per month, including maid service. Apply Superintendent.

78TH, 142 WEST—Floor, front, private bath, electricity. Kitchenette privileges; references.

78TH, 218 WEST (near Broadway)—2-room kitchenette apartments, newly furnished, decorated.

79TH ST., 213 (near Broadway)—Entire floor, open fireplace, or unfurnished.

80TH, WEST—Attractively furnished two-room, kitchenette, bath apartment; rent $65 monthly; sell $400; immediate possession. Schuyler 2136.

80'S (West End)—Seven rooms, bath, handsomely furnished; season, year. Columbus 2774.

81ST, BROADWAY—Elegantly furnished corner apartment, 7 rooms, 3 baths. Schuyler 913.

81ST ST., Columbus Av.—Apartments, beautifully furnished, 2 and 3 rooms, bath; $75 per month up. Hotel Osborne.

81ST, 260 WEST (7th Av., Chanler)—2-room, attractively furnished apartment; kitchen; elevator; immediate.

81ST, 29 WEST—Exclusive three-room apartment for rent; bath, kitchen; telephone; reasonable. Resnerl.

82D, 310 WEST, (near Riverside Drive)—Two, three apartments, newly decorated, elaborately furnished, kitchenette, private bath; maid service.

82D, 97 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchen; modern apartment completely furnished, to sublet. Clifton.

85D, 325 WEST—Seven-room handsomely furnished apartment, sublet Winter, $300. Holmes.

85D, 63 WEST—See this entire floor, 2 large rooms, bath, kitchenette; partially furnished; $125.

83D (West End)—Eight rooms, three baths; new building; $500. Col. 8128 Monday.

86TH, 17 WEST—Two-room suite, handsomely furnished; electricity, maid service; $25. Schuyler 5624. Breker.

85TH, 253 WEST (Berkley Chambers)—Attractive, large room, bath, spacious closets; references; $116.

86TH, 310 WEST—3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, handsomely furnished, every improvement; maid service, electric light free; entire floor.

86TH, 329 WEST (near Riverside)—Large sunny front room with kitchenette; $80 month, including maid service. Schuyler 6882.

86TH, 108 WEST—Artistic, sunny two rooms, kitchenette; fourth floor. Anderson.

87TH, 322 WEST—Beautiful, large, sunny front basement, bath, kitchenette; ladies; $75.

88TH, 350 WEST—7 rooms, 2 baths, elaborately furnished; immediate possession; $350 month. Phone Schuyler 5740 for appointment.

88TH, 308 WEST—Exclusive, charming 2 rooms, kitchen, bath; $175-$200. Superintendent.

88TH, 202 WEST—Charming little three-room housekeeping apartment, $95. Apt. 6.

89TH, 332 WEST (near Drive)—Beautifully furnished apartment, two rooms, bath, large complete kitchenette, very desirable. Lewis.

89TH, 70 WEST—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette, steam heat, electricity; single room, $60.

89TH, 305 WEST—Beautiful large suites, 2d floor, bath, kitchenette; $75-$100.

90TH, WEST—Completely furnished 9 rooms, 3 baths; rent for five months or longer. A. A. Thiele, Jr., Schuyler 9100.

90S (West End)—Five rooms, two bedrooms; exceptionally furnished; $225. Columbus 3974.

91ST, 20 WEST—For sale or rent, beautifully furnished two-room, kitchenette and bath front apartment. Lawrence.

91ST, 9 WEST—Exquisitely furnished, seven rooms, 3 baths; elevator apartment, to October next; $250 month.

92D, 37 WEST—Elegantly furnished parlor floor, 3 rooms; independent; private house.

93D, 64 WEST—Artistic 3-room apartment, ground floor; kitchen; references. Millring.

93D, 103 WEST—Sublet 2-room suite and kitchen.

94TH, 60 WEST—One, two rooms, bath, handsomely furnished; maid service; $70, $125 month; lease; housekeeper. Riverside 8069.

94TH, 72 WEST—Apartment to let; comfortably furnished room, bath, kitchenette, piano, $15; suitable couple or business woman.

95TH ST., 150 WEST—4 rooms and bath, Jan. 1 to June 1; rent $200 per month. Phone Riverside 9694 for appointment.

97TH (762 West End Av.)—Most elegantly furnished; grand piano; 2 rooms, bath, kitchen; suitable professional. Stuyvesant.

97TH, 208 WEST—Six rooms; southern exposure; elevator house; excellent transit facility.

99TH AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE—8 rooms, 2 baths; baby grand, library; $400. Beresford. Riverside 3508.

99TH ST. (near West End)—Exclusive, newly furnished and decorated 3-room housekeeping suite; by appointment. Riverside 8604.

106TH ST., 319 WEST—Complete 2-room apartment; lease to Oct. Kiesel.

101ST (839 West End Av.)—Exceptionally attractive front apartment, living room, dining room, bedroom, real kitchen, bath; couple; lease; immediate occupancy. Phone Riverside 2777.

101ST ST., 211 WEST—Completely furnished, five outside rooms, elevator apartment; nine months' lease; $175. River 7850. Apt. 4I. Leaving home.

102D ST., 247 WEST—Apartment to let, furnished, unfurnished; private house; all improvements.

102D, $20 WEST—Beautifully furnished, well-appointed, spacious room, kitchenette, bath, shower.

102D, $20 WEST—High-class 2-room apartment, beautifully furnished; complete light housekeeping. Inquire Janitor.

107TH, 203 WEST—Attractive 5-room apartment; exceptionally furnished; select fireproof building; telephone, elevator, shower bath; complete kitchen.

109TH ST., 229 WEST (Apt. 32)—Attractively furnished, 5-room apartment; must be seen to be appreciated.

111TH ST., 504 WEST—Three bedrooms, tiled bathroom, real kitchen, combined dining and living room; complete with linen, bedding, linen, silver, Victrola included; elevator and telephone; excellent transit facilities—subway, 5th Av. bus, Broadway cars, Columbus elevated, &c.; seen by appointment only. Telephone Cathedral 2338, Apartment 20, Macy. Unquestionable references required; $300 a month, Jan. 15 to April 15 or May 1.

111TH ST., 536 WEST (one door east of Broadway)—Fireproof, elevator apartment house; all light rooms and telephone, to rent until Oct. 1, 1921, five-room apartment, charmingly situated, commanding fine view of river, with northern, western and eastern exposure; beautiful outside room; apartment is attractively furnished; linen, silverware, china, glassware, kitchen utensils supplied; rent $250 monthly. Apply Superintendent. Tel. Cathedral 8080.

111TH ST., WEST—Going to California, will sublet real home, five rooms; suitable two, three; elevator; attractive furnishings; piano, Victrola. Phone Monday, Cathedral 6311.

111TH ST. (272 Manhattan Av.)—Six beautiful rooms facing park. Cathedral 3711, mornings.

111TH ST.—Bachelor will share half corner apartment or rent large room to business man; furnished. 500 Times.

111TH, 536 WEST—Attractively furnished three-room kitchenette apartment. Phone Cathedral 6080.

111TH, 503 WEST—Five sunny rooms, well furnished, Jan. 1, $125. Smith.

112TH, 533 WEST—Private, high class, 4-room apartment, nicely furnished; sublet from Jan. 1 to Sept. 1; $225 monthly; references. Cathedral 7528. Bentley.

112TH, 522 WEST (near Broadway)—5-room, southern apartment; most refinedly furnished; comfortable, reasonable, modern. Waite.

113TH ST., 330 WEST—5 rooms, complete housekeeping apartment; 9 windows facing south; exceptionally spacious rooms; refined elegance displayed in furnishings; most unusual home; 9 months' lease; 2-room light housekeeping apartment to sublease until September. Phone Resident Manager, Cathedral 7390.

113TH, 504 WEST—Exceptional four-room elevator apartment; sunny, clean, attractive, real home, excellent neighborhood; conveniences; $150; references.

113TH, 40 WEST—Lease, parlor floor; professional party desired; alterations to suit.

115TH, 415 WEST—Sunny four rooms, front; season, longer; immediate. Apply switchboard.

115TH ST., 604 WEST—Three-room housekeeping apartment, one block subway, bus.

115TH, 315 WEST—Three light rooms, bath, elevator; block to "L." Superintendent.

115TH, 462 WEST—High-class seven-room apartment; southern exposure; $225; lease.

116TH, near Riverside—Five rooms, well furnished, sunny, southern, Jan 1, June, October. Phone 6704 Morningside. Apt. 32.

116TH SUBWAY—4 ROOMS; BARGAIN; attractively furnished; only $125 month. Phone Sunday 11 to 2, Vanderbilt 1450.

117TH, WEST (near park)—Seven rooms, completely furnished; high class, elevator; immediate until May, $200 monthly. Morningside 7536.

118TH, 219 WEST—HOTEL CECIL. ATTRACTIVE 1-ROOM APARTMENTS, WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

119TH ST., 241 WEST—Three large rooms, kitchen and bath; modern improvements; convenient subway, elevated, bus; comfortably furnished; reasonable; adults only. Call Sunday. Bieber.

119TH, 435 WEST (opposite Columbia)—2 rooms, kitchenette, 10th floor; immediate. 100.

122D, 420 WEST—Four-room apartment, completely furnished, overlooking park. Apt. 61.

122D, 406 WEST—Modern front apartment, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Apt. 8.

123D ST., WEST—Seven all light rooms in modern elevator apartment house; bath, maid's lavatory; phone, piano, phonograph, nicely decorated, splendidly furnished, handy subway and "L," will sell complete furniture $5,000, cost double, and give my lease; moderate rental. Phone 9 to 5, Mr. Earjay, Beekman 1600.

123D ST., 155 WEST—Beautiful, high-class, furnished, elevator apartment, 3 rooms, 2 baths; lease or sale. Sheerad.

124TH, 557 WEST (Broadway)—Large, handsomely furnished suite, kitchen, southern exposure, parquet floors; [illegible]; elevator, telephone. Apt. 44.

124TH, 510 WEST, (Apartment 7)—Three rooms completely furnished, complete for housekeeping; [illegible]; rent $50. Apply [illegible].

125TH ST. (Corner southwest corner Claremont Av., one block west of Broadway)—Six light rooms, front, private, attractively furnished apartment; kitchen; elevator; immediate.

129TH, 440 WEST—3 rooms and bath, heat; electricity; reasonable. Morningside 9220. Apt. 4.

135TH, 637 WEST (Broadway, Riverside)—Four rooms, bath; comfortably furnished. Apt. 5.

140TH ST., WEST—Nicely furnished four-room apartment. Phone Audubon 3001.

140TH, 604 WEST—Two cozy connecting front rooms, use kitchen; bath, conveniences; block Broadway subway, bus; refined surroundings; immediate possession; adults; references. Apt. 5.

145TH ST. (Corner Broadway)—Elegantly furnished seven rooms and bath, elevator apartment; every improvement; piano; $250; subway, buses. Phone Audubon 1480. Apt. 21.

150TH, 652 WEST—Young business woman would share her three-room apartment with another congenial woman; every convenience. Call Sunday, Audubon 2745, Apt. 5B.

150TH ST., 845 WEST, Apartment 1—Six rooms, two baths, complete; reasonable.

161ST ST., 590 WEST (Corner Broadway)—Father and son have modern 6 rooms, furnished; would share with refined couple. Stern, Apt. 1B. Wadsworth 5000.

164TH ST., 562 WEST (Apartment 5D.)—Going to South; 6 beautiful rooms, 2 baths, furnished; Jan. 1 to June 1; best references required. Telephone Wadsworth 5020.

168TH SUBWAY—Handsomely furnished 3 rooms, bath, kitchen, $150; short lease, $125, Oct. Phone between 11 and 2, Vanderbilt 7471.

170TH ST., 515 WEST (Apt. 46)—4 rooms, newly decorated, exceptionally well furnished; consider selling. Seen 1 to 7 P. M. Wadsworth 8611.

173D, WEST—Exclusive section; three rooms, foyer and bath; large kitchen; very artistically furnished; bargain at $125-$135 monthly; suitable two people. F 798 Times Downtown.

172D, WEST—Five rooms, completely furnished; will sublet to party purchasing furniture; rare opportunity to acquire beautiful apartment; exceptionally reasonable price. B 417 Times.

180TH, 611 WEST—Four light, modern second floor, piano, $100; subway. Cox.

185TH ST., 512 WEST—Attractively furnished five large, light rooms; silver, linen, piano. Apt. 33.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.
Exclusive listings. Consult Mrs. DINGLEMAN, renting specialist, 129 W. 72d. Col. 636.

ARTISTICALLY furnished living room, bedroom, bath, kitchen, complete. West 40's, 5th Avs.; excellent opportunity. F 251 Times.

ATTRACTIVE seven-room apartment; furnishings for sale, $1,200 cash; two-year lease. B 462 Times.

AVAILABLE NOW.
Two to six room, kitchen and kitchenette apartments; elevator, non-elevator; rates $80 up; references essential. Office (open Sunday), 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647

BACHELOR APARTMENT—Will share with congenial fellow my large apartment in the West 70's, near Broadway; telephone, maid service; $15 a week. L 603 Times Downtown.

BACHELOR share modern apartment gentleman, 108th, at Central Park; $42.50 month; wonderful home right party. K 265 Times.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished modern uptown apartment, dining, living, bedroom, kitchen, shower bath, piano, Victrola; $90 month. K 231 Times.

BEAUTIFUL, large rooms, one, two gentlemen or couple; elevator apt.; electricity, shower baths, parquet floors; references. Morningside 0410.

BRADHURST AV., 41 (144th St.)—Three attractively furnished rooms and bath; private residence; refined neighborhood; immediate possession; $75.

BROADWAY, 2,880 (Cor. 112th St.)—Part of large apartment, 6 rooms, 2 baths, comfortably furnished; every convenience; portion retained by lessee. Inquire Ryan.

BROADWAY, corner 162d—Expensively furnished four-room apartment, to sell with lease. Phone Wadsworth 5509.

BUSINESS MAN desires 2 gentlemen or elderly couple to share his 7 rooms and 2 baths, elegant furnished; good location; every window overlooking park; one block from subway station; very desirable offer; references exchanged. Write particulars, S 820 Times.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 370 (97th St.)—Four rooms and bath, regular kitchen; all improvements handsomely furnished, homelike; good references required. Apt. 212.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 385—8 large, light rooms, magnificently furnished, newly decorated; beautiful view; elevator; immediate possession; $300.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 439—Two rooms, real kitchen and bath, newly decorated, attractively furnished with new furniture; rent $110. Apt. 1A.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 467 (107th St.)—4 rooms, kitchenette, bath; grand piano, Victrola; $250. Seen all week, Winters.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 437—4-room apartment, 2 bedrooms, twin beds. Millring.

CLAREMONT AV. AND 122TH ST.—Furnished, for sale, west side, 6 light, airy rooms, piano, rugs, victrola; all modern improvements. D 5 Times.

CLAREMONT AV., 180 (Apt. 5I)—Comfortable three rooms, housekeeping; real kitchen, shower.

CONVENT AV., 349—Large room, dressing room, bath, kitchenette; two; private dwelling.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K Van Winkle, 152 West 72d St. Col. 1077

DOCTOR will share his office and waiting room with suitable physician; excellent neighborhood; well equipped. Phone Riverside 6535.

DUPLEX STUDIO APARTMENT, 6 rooms and 2 baths, completely furnished; long or short lease. Apply Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., 12 East 44th St. Murray Hill 1100.

DYCKMAN ST., 207—Lady wishes to share her 6-room apartment, partly furnished, with lady; all conveniences. Carberry, Wadsworth 2230.

EDGECOMBE AV., 409 (Near 155th St.)—Attractive 4-room furnished apartment, overlooking Polo Grounds; Apt. 12-I; rent $150. Telephone 9300 Audubon.

EIGHT ROOMS and bath for sale with a lease at $12,000 per year. For particulars apply W. A. Taylor, Inc., 205 Columbus Av.

EXCEPTIONALLY WELL FURNISHED 9-room and 3-bath apartment, complete in every detail; finest location on Riverside Drive; wonderful view of Hudson River; possession to Sept. 15, 1921.
Apply WOOD, DOLSON & CO., INC.,
Broadway and

real kitchen; steam, electricity; references exchanged. Riverside 1451.

64TH ST., 16 WEST—Beautiful three-room apartments; large kitchen. Irving T. Smith, Singer Building.

74TH, 208 WEST—3 rooms, elevator apartment. Superintendent on premises.

80TH ST., 206 WEST—7-room front apartment, very desirable. Sept.

97TH ST., 106 WEST—Two rooms and kitchenette, gas, electricity, hot water; newly decorated.

100TH, 231 WEST (near Broadway)—Seven large modern rooms, ground floor; half month rent free.

103D, 300 WEST—4-room apartment, all improvements; middle-aged couple; best reference. J. Travers.

104TH, 306 WEST—Exquisite, sunny parlor floor, parquet; tiled kitchen and bath; private residence. Phone Academy 2204.

104TH ST., 3 WEST—6 beautiful rooms, high-class elevator apartment, front; $125.

105TH ST., 220 WEST (The Overdene)—An exceptionally attractive 5-room apartment, 2 master's bedrooms; available Jan. 1, or sooner if desired. Apply Supt., 8 W. Wagner.

109TH, 4 WEST—Six rooms, elevator apartment.

106TH, 312 WEST (Riverside)—Two beautiful apartments, modern, newly decorated; 2 and 4 large rooms; many closets; $125.

108TH ST., 255 WEST—Eight rooms and two baths; rent $2,600; would sell furniture of same.

114TH, 321 WEST—Mostersey Apartments, facing on 2 streets and 2 parks; 8-room apartments, all outside rooms; immediate possession. Supt. on premises or apply Howard T. Ford, 1 Rector St.

117TH, 109 WEST—Parlor floor, five spacious rooms; suitable residence or business. Apply on premises.

120TH ST., 120 WEST—Exceptionally large 4-room apartment; immediate possession; rent $100.

121ST ST., 414 WEST.
7 rooms bath, $1,400.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 Broadway.

122D, 506 WEST—Four-room apartment, rent furnished, or lease and furniture to sell; immediate possession. Superintendent.

125TH ST., 601 WEST (corner Broadway)—Five rooms; elevator; possession Jan. 1. Cortlandt 3661. Morningside 5086.

126TH AND HAMILTON PLACE, 51 (near Broadway)—Five-room apartment, elevator, reasonable.

141ST ST., 422 WEST (CORNER)—ENTIRE FLOOR, FOUR-FIVE SPACIOUS ROOMS, BATH, ROOMY CLOSETS; HANDSOMELY DECORATED; EXCLUSIVE LOCALITY; ST. NICHOLAS PARK; SOUTH-WESTERLY EXPOSURE; ADULTS; $125.

141ST, 630 WEST (corner Drive)—High-class elevator, 5 and 7 rooms; facing Hudson; immediate possession; rent reasonable.

144TH, 565 WEST—Five rooms, elevator, all improvements; immediate possession; decorated to suit; rent $100. Apply Superintendent.

144TH, 565 W.—7 rooms, elevator, all improvements; immediate possession; $150.

151ST, 446 WEST—4, 5 all light rooms, bath, $60-$70. Janitor.

156TH ST., 622 WEST—Elegant apartment, nine rooms, three baths; $3,000; immediate possession. Fischer, Worth 4310.

167TH ST., 528 WEST—Four rooms, bath; private house; conveniences; $35. Sunday afternoon.

225TH ST., WEST (Corner Marble Hill Av., at Broadway; subway station and N. Y. Central station; 9-room dwelling; picturesque and countrified section in city; 4 and 5 light rooms now available; elevator apartment house. Superintendent on premises, or phone Gramercy 3303.

8-ROOM and 6-room high class elevator apartments, sublet; 8-room all outside southern exposure; possession Jan. 1; $120, $150 monthly. Teel, 80 Broadway and Valentine Lane, Yonkers.

APARTMENT FOR SALE

In the Prands, 50 Central Park West; eight rooms and three baths, on twelfth floor; also two rooms, bath and roof garden on floor above, connected by private stairway. Horace G. Knowles, 50 Central Park West.

ARTIST'S STUDIO APARTMENT.

Large skylight studio and entire second floor, attractive, sunny; also handsome, newly decorated parlor floor. Steam, electricity. Sheridan Square subway. Johnson, 48 Charles St.

BEEKMAN PLACE, 29 (East 50th St.)—5 sun-lighted rooms, overlooking river; all improvements; must be seen to be appreciated; rent $1,500 yearly.

BROADWAY, 2,332 (90th)—One, two and three room apartments, all modern improvements, can be seen between 1 and 4 P. M. to-day and Monday; rent free to Jan 1; long leases; furnished if desired. Phone 4807 Columbus.

BROADWAY, 2,626 (99th St.)—Broadway apartment, 8 rooms, southerly exposure; possession; elegant condition; rent $208.34 month.
BROADWAY, 2,532.
2-3 rooms, bath; rental $1,100 to $1,300.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 320—Three rooms, bath and kitchenette, $75; business people. Apply 5 to 7.

CHOICE 5-room elevator apartment; immediate possession; $100 month. Phone 5300 Yonkers.

CRESCENT AV., 2,523 (Bronx)—3 spacious, light rooms, private house, all improvement, suitable for bachelor or professional; with or without garage; reasonable.

DOCTOR'S APT. TO SUBLET.

Three rooms lease in one of the best modern buildings on West End Av.; 3 spacious corner rooms and bath on ground floor; southern exposure. Apply on premises. M. G. Bernard, 955 West End Av.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.

Doctor's office, two rooms and bath. Hotel Beresford, Central Park West, 81st St.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.

Doctor's office, 3 rooms; private entrance from street. Hotel Sevilla, 117 West 58th.

EXCEPTIONALLY large two rooms and bath, parlor floor, front, suitable for studio or doctor, $2,500 per annum. Apply on premises, 74 Riverside Drive, between 79th and 80th Sts.

FOUR ROOMS, 5th floor apartment, in building on 160th St., between Fort Washington Av. and Riverside Drive. Apply office Hudson View Construction Co., 1900 Riverside Drive. Phone Wadsworth 6335.

GENTLEMAN leaving city will sublet at sacrifice entire floor beautiful private dwelling. Academy 3337.

GREENWICH VILLAGE (63 Rank St.)—Attractive light, non-housekeeping studio apartments of two and three rooms; lease; references. Telephone Watkins 2435.

GROVE CHAMBERS, 84 and 86 Grove St. (block from Sheridan Square subway station)—Two and three large, light rooms, baths, kitchenettes, open fireplaces, elevator; all improvements; $1,200 to $2,000; smartest new studio apartments in Greenwich Village.

I FIND homes for business people. Some desirable apartments listed. Miss Newell, 128 West 13th St. Chelsea 6650.

MACDOUGAL ALLEY—STUDIO APARTMENT. Phone Riverside 3321, Apt. 62.

MALVERNE APARTMENTS,
112 West 47th St.
Newly decorated.
Furnished and unfurnished, 2 and 3 room apartments, maid service; representative on premises. Phone Bryant 334.

MODERN, all conveniences, two rooms, alcove, kitchenette, bath, from Jan. 15; Chelsea district; $100 month. A 353 Times.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 20 (Cor. 116th St.)—Seven-room apartment, facing Morningside Park; rent $125 monthly.

NATIONAL STORAGE, 146 West 90th St.—Storage $4 per month vanload, motor vans moving; moderate rates. 1702 Riverside.

PINEHURST AV., 90—Five and six rooms; beautiful, modern elevator apartments; convenient to subway, trolleys and buses; immediate occupancy; decorations to suit. Superintendent.

REMODELED APARTMENTS.

References; $75 per month, security; five rooms, tiled bath, steam, hot water, electric lights, white enamel woodwork; for business couples. 117 Edgecombe Av., one block 140th st., 6th and 9th Av. "L" stations.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452 (near 116th St.)—Large living room, bedroom, kitchen and bath; sublet $90 per month; Sunday before 1 o'clock, or phone Morningside 9060 for appointment.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 700 (corner 147th)—Two extra large rooms, facing Riverside Drive; foyer, kitchenette and bath; ample closet space; to sublet; rent $108 month. Tel. Audubon 7383.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (148th St.)—Fireproof building; 6-room corner apartment; possession. Cortlandt 3661. Audubon 6901.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240—Two and three all outside front rooms, fireproof apartment hotel; wonderful view; reduced prices.

RIVERSIDE, 131 (87th)—Magnificent floor, one and two room suites, elevator; lease.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 830 (153th)—Seven-room elevator apartment; immediate possession.

SEVEN and eight rooms, two baths, corner outside rooms; southern exposure; elevator; select residential section; 25 minutes from 42d St. via subway or N. Y. Central; lease, $150-$175 month; Sunday inspection. Phone 3300 Yonkers.

SEVEN-ROOM modern apartment, including garage; immediate possession; rent $125.00 per month. Apply Sophie L. Rahe, Waldo Av., between 238th and 242d Sts.; Broadway subway.

SEVEN ROOMS; corner apartment; elevator; Hudson view; $140. Wadsworth 8814, Apt. 62.

SIX ROOMS, two baths, unfurnished, in modern elevator apartments; immediate possession; 125 West 16th St. Apply to J. Irving Walsh, 73 West 11th St.

THE MIDETTE, 40 WEST 107TH ST.—Fire-proof apartments, $40 per month; elevator, telephone, electric lights and all modern conveniences; house under personal management of owner; only strictly private families. Apply to Superintendent.

TO SUBLET—10-room, 3 baths, corner apartment; every room outside; neighborhood of 86th St. and Riverside Drive; must act quick, tenant leaving town. Apply Wood-Dolson Co., Broadway, corner 80th St.

WASHINGTON SQUARE DISTRICT—Beautiful new, homelike apartment, entire floor; studio, living room with fireplace, real kitchen, 2 bedrooms, bath, large closets; all improvements; yard; ideal home; $2,200 yearly. Phone Murray Hill 6157, 10 to 4 o'clock.

WASHINGTON SQUARE—Three-room apartment, $1,800; NEW, ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF house; elevator and hall service; business and social references required. See Superintendent on premises, Van Voorst Apartments, 123 Waverley Place.

WASHINGTON SQUARE section, four rooms and bath, apartment for sale, easy terms; listed rent $900 month; co-operative upkeep $48 monthly. Gage, 307 5th Av.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 128 (Duplex apartment)—Large living room, kitchen, bath; also smaller apartment. Appointment by telephone, Spring 6516.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION—Seven-room elevator apartment; immediate possession. 82 Washington Place, West.

WEST END AV., $24.
4 Rooms, Bath.
Particularly well situated for doctor or dentist; immediate possession, $2,200. Supt. on promises or
L. J. PHILLIPS, 148 WEST 72D ST.

WEST END AV., 465, AT 82D.
Corner apartment, three rooms and bath, ideal doctor's office, sublet for three years. Apply on premises. M. G. Bernard.

WEST END AV. (Near 74th)—Two apts., two large rooms, bath, kitchenette; very attractive; moderate rental; gas, electricity included. Col. 5781.

WEST END AV., 410 (79th)—8 rooms, fourth floor; elevator; now vacant.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

THE BELNORD.
1,057 HOE AV.
High-class, fireproof, elevator apartment.
DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE.
VERY DESIRABLE.
THREE ROOMS AND FOYER, $940.
To lease to responsible tenant; all windows to the street. Superintendent on premises. Tel. Intervale 807.

A REAL OPPORTUNITY.

Couple leaving city will sublet new, attractive, 4-room apartment; convenient both subways and N. Y. Central (University Heights Station); exceptional light and air; vacant Jan. 15; rent $82. Particulars from A 523 Times.

BOSTON ROAD, 1,505—New building, three blocks south of 174th St. subway station; four elegant rooms; all improvements.
RENTAL, $50.

CONSULTING engineer and daughter desire small furnished apartment; Washington Square to Central Park preferred; highest references; phone Sunday morning, Spring 6456. Miss Hammer.

WANTED, by couple with 16 months' old child, modern, furnished, 2 rooms, tiled bath, kitchenette apartment; must be strictly clean; not more than $300 monthly. P 588 Times.

WANTED, by family of adults, small apartment, with housekeeping facilities, until Spring; reasonable price for satisfactory accommodations. Address, giving full particulars and location, S 155 Times.

LADY and business son, American desire, January, for several months, during owner's absence, moderate housekeeping apartment, assuming personal care; about $125. L 250 Times.

WANTED in January by two young business men, small furnished apartment downtown; reasonable terms; give all particulars; excellent references. A 813 Times Downtown.

CHRISTIAN COUPLE, best references, desire nicely furnished small, neat apartment; prefer three rooms, upper west side or Bronx; $80 or $90. Audubon 8197, mornings.

MOTHER, daughter, writers, want two rooms, bath, kitchenette, or good boarding house; convenient subway; terms. C 306 Times.

TWO ladies wish small furnished apartment, two months or longer, below 66th St.; moderate terms; references exchanged. Tel. Madison Square 5600, Room 182.

SIX or seven room apartment by three adults for season or lease; best care assured; Drive preferred; possession in January. A 687 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED apartment wanted, downtown Brooklyn, four months, by two business women; $60; references; housekeeping. Jan. 1, F 239 Times.

OUT-OF-TOWN American family of four desires furnished apartment, exclusive linen and silver, for Winter months; not over $100. Refined, 400 Times Downtown.

SMALL furnished apartment by married couple; long, short lease; exceptional care taken furniture; no children or dogs; full particulars first letter. C 38 Times.

FURNISHED apartment below 70th St. for small adult family; three large outside, sunny bedrooms. Y 2288 Times Annex.

TWO BEDROOMS, bath, dining room, kitchen; Christian family; near Central Park; January to April; references. K 237 Times.

FROM Jan. 1 until June 1, two or three room apartment, west side, between 110th and 150th Sts. M 126 Times.

BACHELOR wants 2 or 3 room furnished apartment; bath, kitchenette; $100-$150 monthly. K 200 Times.

TWO OR THREE rooms, bath, kitchenette, between 34th and 60th Sts., Jan. 1 to April 1. P. O. Box 64, Sound Beach, Conn.

AN EXCELLENT CLIENTELE.
List apartments with Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 128 W. 72d. Columbus 836.

TWO ROOMS, bath, kitchenette, between 34th and 60th Sts.; preferably southern exposure; about $250 monthly. P 382 Times.

TWO gentlemen want small furnished apartment, exclusive kitchenette or kitchen, around $80 month. B 340 Times.

FOUR months from Jan. 1, 4 master bedrooms, 2 maids' bedrooms, rent about $500 per month. S 505 Times.

SEND particulars, furnished or unfurnished apartments to rent. National Realty Co., 728 Lexington Av., Plaza 4016.

SMALL furnished apartment, west side, 85th to 95th; possession soon as possible. K 252 Times.

WANTED, at Forest Hills, three furnished rooms or apartment, not over $125 monthly. B 375 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN of very best references, wishes small, quiet apartment until May 1. Miss E. Kay, Hotel Ansonia.

APARTMENT, Bronx or west side preferred; reasonable; immediate possession. A 1045 Times Harlem.

WANTED, small kitchenette apartment for 3 or 4 months, west side; state price. J 307 Times.

COMFORT and charm more important than price. Gentlewoman's Exchange. Murray Hill 1473.

BUSINESS girl wants to sublet or rent 2 or 3 room furnished apartment; references. S 459 Times.

WANTED to hire, for short time after Jan. 1 small furnished apartment on east side; references. F. R. Crumbie, Nyack, N. Y.

YOUNG COUPLE want, furnished, 5 or 6 room apartment on west side; state rent. D 9 Times.

BROTHER and sister desire three rooms, bath, kitchenette, east side, below 96th St. preferred; moderate. 140 West 40th.

7-ROOM apartment, 70's to 96th; buy furniture; must be clean. Phone, write Monday. Hines, 5 Columbus Circle.

THREE or four rooms, furnished; housekeeping, 80s-90s. Address 323 Grove St., Montclair, N. Y.

YOUNG couple desire small housekeeping apartment, $40-$60. F 776 Times Downtown.

WANTED, furnished apartment, rent $70-$80 monthly. N 792 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished.

RESPONSIBLE young couple desire two or three room unfurnished kitchenette apartment on west side, between 72d and 116th Sts.; rent must not exceed $125 per month. Phone 5843 Riverside.

AMERICAN business couple desire room, bath and kitchenette, unfurnished or furnished; Jan. 1; west side, below 85th; about $75 monthly; write price and description. Room 433, 42 Broadway.

WANTED, unfurnished, 4 or 5 rooms, bath and kitchen in modern elevator apartment house, in any desirable neighborhood; will pay bonus for short-term lease. Address full particulars to Eisenberg, 15 East 30th.

COUPLE want 3-4 light rooms, kitchen or kitchenette, west side, between 70th and 86th; about $100. A 1053 Times Harlem.

WANTED—Small apartment, housekeeping; immediate possession; $50-$55; west side. F 259 Times.

FAMILY three adults desire four or five room apartment, private or two-family house. H 963 Times Downtown.

TWO adults, Christian, want three rooms, kitchen, bath, steam, all improvements; state price. H 981 Times Downtown.

AMERICAN couple to rent small part of house, uptown, Yonkers or Hastings; best reference given. Phone Glenmore 5343.

APARTMENT RENTING CO.
179 West 72d St. Columbus 1278.
EXCLUSIVE CLIENTELE WAITING.

SEVEN ROOMS, west side below 96th St.; specify rent. Y 2215 Times Annex.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED—For four months from Jan. 1, 4 room furnished apartment, large kitchenette or kitchen, combined living and dining room and two bedrooms, Washington Square, Gramercy Park, Murray Hill section or east side below 50th St.; reasonable rent. G. C. W., Room 2419, Grand Central Terminal.

BY THREE responsible adults, apartment, three to five months; must have at least two bedrooms, living room, real kitchen; east side, below 52d St.; $300. Vanderbilt 2500, Ext. 707, 8:30; 10:30, 5-7. Highest references. F 248 Times.

RESPONSIBLE party will buy contents of 7-room, 3-bath furnished apartment; rent not to exceed $4,000; furniture around $6,000 to $8,000; location west side between 72d and 106th. Clark Realty, 347 Madison Av. Tel. Vanderbilt 1450.

YOUNG business executive wants independent apartment of two rooms, bath, kitchenette, well furnished; preferably with maid service; West 59th to 86th St.; Jan. 1 possession; rental up to $150 monthly. V 730 Times Downtown.

JAN. 1, for six months or longer, living, dining, bedroom, kitchen; state reasonable terms; telephone number. F 262 Times.

WILL pay $3,000 season, light rooms, modern; east side. 3357 Vanderbilt.

TWO bedrooms, sitting room, kitchen; excellent care; best references. K 262 Times.

WANT 2 or 3 rooms, kitchenette; couple; state price. N 194 Times.

TWO TEACHERS, ladies, want small apartment from Dec. 27 to Jan. 7. C 20 Times.

THREE adults want 7-8 room apartment below 116th; $300. Columbus 3786 Monday.

COUPLE want 5-6 room apartment below 110th; around $250. Col. 1278 Monday.

SEND details of your Fur. Apts. to rent. E. K. Van Winkle, 132 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

57TH AV. CORNER, 2 EAST 127TH—Modern; running water; adjoining bath. Steinfeld.

11TH, 10 EAST—Two medium rooms to let; steam heat; gentlemen only.

11TH ST., 25 EAST—Nicely furnished rooms, gentlemen only; superior house.

21ST ST., 46 EAST—Nice, light, furnished rooms; all improvements, for gentlemen. Inquire 3d floor.

29TH, 132 EAST—Large room, attractively, newly furnished; private bath, phone, electricity.

30TH (cor. Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; $11 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $14 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly and up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH ST. (165 Lexington Av.)—Beautiful, 2 rooms; new and immaculately clean; permanent tenant may have for $15 weekly. Call Sunday and evenings.

30TH ST., 125 EAST—Large room, twin beds; gentlemen; permanent; references.

31ST, LEXINGTON AV. (Apartment house)—Private family offers comfortable, sunny room, improvements; gentleman. Madison Square 4138.

34TH, 126 EAST—Well furnished room, large closet; near bath; elevator; refined house; only those with first-class references considered; gentlemen only. 11 A. M. to 5 P. M., Mrs. Poole.

34TH (Park Av.)—Beautiful large attractive room, elevator apartment; gentleman. Vanderbilt 7728.

35TH, 20 EAST—Desirable large front room, adjoining bath; electricity; gentlemen; $10.

35TH, 106 EAST—Most comfortable small kitchenette apartment and one single room.

36TH, 165 EAST—Nice and light rooms to rent, with all conveniences; only gentlemen; first floor.

36TH ST., 14 EAST—Large front room, bath; suitable 2; $22.50. Murray Hill 7229.

48TH ST., EAST—Charming suite for bachelor; every comfort; unusual opportunity; must see to appreciate. C 326 Times.

51ST, 418 EAST (Apt. 23)—Attractive sitting room, bedroom, in small modern apartment, for business lady; kitchen privileges. Call all day. De Jong.

51ST ST., 137 EAST—Room in small apartment; kitchen privileges; business woman; $60.

58TH ST (Lexington Av.)—Private entrance, bath. Phone 3216 Plaza 4 o'clock.

608 (Near Madison Av.)—Two large sunny rooms, private bath, $90 each. Telephone Rhinelander 3990, 11 to 1.

66TH, 18 EAST—Rooms adjoining bath, $40-$50 month; also room, bath.

68TH ST., 16 EAST—Exceptional large, attractively furnished room, private bath; all conveniences.

97TH ST. (near 5th Av.)—Newly decorated; shower; Christian family. Lenox 3164.

98TH ST., 24 EAST—Nicely furnished room; home comforts; electricity, elevator, steam heat, hot water, phone; rent moderate. Apt. 37.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,437 (93d)—Front and back parlor; separate entrance; all improvements; piano; $14 weekly. Lenox 7825. Stahl.

LEXINGTON AV. (Near 88th St.)—Large front room, electricity, running water, $11; gentleman. Murray Hill 82.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,335—Furnished rooms, suitable for two business men; electric lights and bath.

LEXINGTON AV., 515 (Apt. 1)—Parlor and bedroom, near bath; well furnished, modern apartment; $35 month.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,940 (94th)—Light, nicely furnished, all conveniences; private family. Manheims.

MADISON AV. (near 36th St. subway express)—Comfortably furnished room next bathroom; with breakfast; business gentleman or lady; references; permanent; cultured Christian family; second floor; $14. Lenox 4458.

MADISON AV., 640 (58th St.)—Extra large, elegantly furnished room; every modern convenience; for one or two $100 month; kitchen privileges. Hoffman Arms. Mrs. Yost, Plaza 2422.

MADISON AV., 1,225 (88th)—Warm, sunny, front room; new mahogany furniture; large closet; terms reasonable; business lady preferred; comfort; elevator apartment; Christian family; $12.50.

MADISON AV.—Comfortable two rooms in artist's apartment; use of real kitchen; studio half day. Phone Lenox 0673.

MADISON AV., 1,500 (93d)—For two, single, together; private house; references. Lenox 940.

NEWLY furnished room, all comforts; reasonable; gentleman only. 2,005 5th Av., 125th St.

PARK AV. (near 36th St.)—Room with private bath and entrance; gentleman or a couple; $75-$100 per month. Phone Murray Hill 3600.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 102—Room in high-class elevator apartment; references. Ford.

West Side.

7TH AV., 1,860 (between 112th-113th Sts.)—Room, piano; modern; ground floor; family two; $25. Broadwell.

9TH ST., 41 WEST (Vanderbilt Studios)—High-class resident studios; private bath; $100-$125; one small single studio, $45; furnished studio rate, $15 and $25 additional; references exchanged.

12TH, 41 WEST—Furnished or unfurnished rooms, all improvements, electricity; kitchen privileges.

12TH ST., 34 WEST—Large room, suitable for two; electricity, steam heat.

12TH, 23 WEST—Two large rooms, bath, suitable three men. Watkins 3374.

16TH ST., 51 WEST.
"OLD CHELSEA."
Charming, warm, immaculate, with or without bath; electricity; restaurant, delicious meals, connected.

24TH ST., 125 EAST—Will rent my sitting room and bedroom for one or two weeks beginning Friday, Dec. 24. Call Sunday, 12 to 2. $18 a week.

29TH ST., 458 WEST—Room; also room, bath; modernized; owner interior decorator; breakfast privilege; elevated, subway. Chelsea 9945.

36TH ST., 150 WEST—Living room and sleeping room; clean and comfortable; two in family; no other roomers; use of kitchen, if desired; only people who go to business considered; references required; apply 12 to 5 P. M.; $20 per week. Hoag.

38 WEST 12TH ST.
Elegantly furnished room; private bath.

40TH ST., 66 WEST—Large, sunny room, adjoining bath; exclusive house; references.

46TH ST., 43 WEST—Warm, clean, front room, independent entrance.

47TH, 106 WEST (Raleigh Hall)—A residence for men; attractively furnished rooms, with and without baths or showers; writing, smoking, lounge, billiard rooms.

47TH ST., 29 WEST—Large room, running water, 2d floor; gentlemen; references. Tel. Bryant 6296.

52D, WEST (near 5th Av.)—Lady will rent to business woman, street floor, room and private bath, share kitchen; artistic, homelike.

56TH, 244 WEST—Ground floor, desirable large room; southern exposure; suitable for couple; use of kitchen; independent entrance. Jenkins.

57TH, 322 WEST—Bedroom, running hot and cold water, electricity, elevator; 1, 2 gentlemen. Columbus 5323, Du Mond.

61ST, 27 WEST—Room for bachelor; electricity, steam, bath; accessible; private, "silent" block, on parlor floor; $10 Columbus 9578. Call morning or evening.

63D, 15 WEST—Two pleasant connecting rooms; private family; conveniences; phone, Searell.

63D ST., WEST—Parlor bedroom; near Central Park; gentleman. Columbus 5014.

63D, 33 WEST—Nice room, steam heat, bath. Phone Columbus 2613. Nohilly.

67TH ST., WEST—Attractive single room, studio apartment; business woman preferred. Col. 1123.

68TH, 16 WEST—Large room, suitable for two; also small rooms. Superintendent.

69TH, 212 WEST—Business woman wishes to rent sunny room in private apt. to business woman or nurse. Phone Columbus 3126. Apt. 80

69TH, 66 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES.

69TH, 68 WEST—Attractive, neat room, electricity, phone; $10 weekly; refined residence.

69TH, 143 WEST—Nicely furnished large room, bath, $12; gentleman; 2d apartment.

70TH, 89 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED FRONT BASEMENT, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, COMPLETE; ALSO SINGLE ROOM; REASONABLE.

70TH, 216 WEST—Large room, well furnished; also parlor floor, three rooms, suitable for doctor's studio or bachelor apartment; furnished or unfurnished; independent entrance.

70TH, 229 WEST—Large, sunny room, running water, splendidly furnished, bath adjoining; private family; for one or two gentlemen. Columbus 8780.

70TH, 28 WEST—Large, attractive room, private bath, electricity, steam; coal, always hot water; medium size room; gentlemen; references.

70TH, 135 WEST—Select house, second floor, two rooms, bath, attractively furnished in blue, ivory; other rooms with bath.

70TH, 204 WEST—Pleasant, furnished, outside, single room, elevator apartment.

70TH, 317 WEST—Large front room, running water, electricity, suitable couple; select.

70TH, 200 WEST (Broadway)—Front; running water; $16; homelike, modern. Apartment 10.

70TH ST., 345 WEST—Single room; all conveniences; references. Apartment 3D.

70TH, 60 WEST—Large room, southern exposure, heat, bath, phone, running water.

70TH, 219 WEST—SUNNY FRONT PARLOR; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

70TH, 136 WEST—Attractively furnished rooms; private bath; subway express.

71ST ST., WEST—Gentlemen, couple, large, luxurious room, twin beds, open fireplace, highest type, private American home; breakfast, dinner; unusual opportunity; references. Columbus 8194.

71ST ST., 31 WEST (Hotel Joyce)—Sublete single room with private shower, also one double room with private bath; complete hotel service, dining room on premises.

71ST, 342 WEST—Beautifully furnished, large sunny room; private bath optional; every convenience; ideal surroundings; $20. 7 East.

71ST ST., 246 WEST—Large double room, adjoins bath; overlooking Hudson; gentlemen only; no other roomers; $20 weekly. Altman.

71ST, 19 WEST—Exceptional front room, private bath, suitable two gentlemen, couple; also large room, private bath.

71ST, 61 AND 62 WEST—BEAUTIFUL DOUBLE ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $15-$16.

71ST, 278 WEST—Large, comfortable room, with bath, electricity, attractively furnished; references.

71ST, 282 WEST—Large, comfortable room, running water; also single room; references.

71ST, 340 WEST—Exceptionally well-furnished room; private house; references essential.

71ST, 346 WEST (4E)—Large front bedroom; married couple only.

71ST, 37 WEST—Attractive furnished large room; tiled bath, steam heat, electricity.

71ST, 33 WEST—Beautiful room with, without bath; $20 to $30.

71ST, 147 WEST—Desirable room, large closet and washroom; bath adjacent.

72D ST. (express station)—Four rooms, steam heat; hot and cold water, electricity, near bath; $19; gentleman. Columbus 1242.

72D, 233 WEST—Attractive single room for gentleman; electricity; references.

73D, 146 WEST—LARGE, SUNNY DOUBLE ROOM; COMPLETE; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

73D, 152 WEST—Exclusive bachelor suite, large rooms, bath, high ceilings, hardwood floors, large closets; elegantly furnished; Oriental rugs, silk hangings, &c.; maid, linen service, phone, breakfast.

73D, 10 WEST—Large, sunny, front room, use of kitchen, bath; private family; references; couple or one gentlemen. Columbus 3287.

74TH, 244 WEST—Attractive room for gentleman, electricity, private house.

74TH, 151 WEST—Medium-sized sunny room, twin beds.

74TH, 106 WEST—Well heated large rooms, bath; electricity; telephone; $14-$22.

74TH, 159 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED TWO ROOMS AND BATH, BASEMENT SUITE; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; ELECTRICITY; $15 WEEKLY.

74TH, 128 WEST—Beautiful front room with dressing room, running water, electric lights; near subway and "L" express.

74TH, 43 AND 3 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES.

74TH ST., 232 WEST—Comfortable skylight room; gentleman with references; telephone, with breakfast; business gentleman or lady; references; permanent; cultured Christian family; second floor; $14. Lenox 4458.

74TH, 25 WEST—Superbly furnished single and large rooms; private baths. Wheeler.

74TH, 149 WEST—Single, double, ideal location; electricity; purest foods; table guests.

74TH, 242 WEST—Unusual large room, bath, private house; references.

75TH, 257 WEST (Near West End Av.)—Parlor floor, three rooms, foyer hall, private bath; newly furnished; suit professional; also smaller rooms.

75TH, 154 WEST—Handsomely furnished large rooms; private bath; exceptional accommodations; phone.

75TH, 2 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, BATH, TWIN BEDS, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES.

76TH, 56 WEST—Large sunny room, bath, also private room, electricity; references.

76TH, 149 WEST—Well-heated, large rooms, connecting bath; electricity, $14-$16.

76TH, 237 WEST.
Newly furnished residence, large, private bath; also small; reasonable.

76TH, 162 WEST—Private house; large room, with bath; electricity; suitable for one or two gentlemen.

76TH ST., 317 WEST—Newly furnished large, light room; modern home; privacy; reasonable.

76TH, 56 WEST—Two large rooms, bath; private residence. Schuyler 10175.

76TH, 305 WEST—Attractive room with, without bath; high class house.

76TH, 116 WEST—Large, warm rooms, running water, electricity, phone, $12.

76TH ST., 345 WEST—One large room and bath, furnished.

77TH, 106 WEST—Newly furnished residence, single room, electricity, near bath; gentleman only; references, $7.

77TH, 12 WEST—Room in immaculately kept house; quiet, permanent business people.

77TH, 142 WEST—Large room, twin beds, electricity, phone; $18.

78TH, 229 WEST—Large, warm room, adjoining bath; electricity, telephone, kitchenette privilege.

78TH, 206 WEST—Desirable front room, kitchenette, maid service, electricity, phone; subway.

78TH, 232 WEST—Attractive, large, front room, dressing room; convenient; bath, electricity.

78TH, 212 WEST—Large parlor, with bathroom; modern; clean; electricity; references.

78TH (near Riverside)—Desirable modern room; gentlemen; private home. Schuyler 8720.

78TH, 168 WEST—Large room, private bath, twin beds; steam, electric; reference.

78TH, 120 WEST—Large room; also connecting; bath, kitchenette privilege; $14-$20.

78TH, 85 WEST—Very large, comfortable room; electricity, telephone, elevator. Mills.

79TH, 114-152 WEST—Wide, parked street; unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; steam heat.

79TH, 224 WEST—Exceptionally beautiful large room, running water, adjoining bath; high-class home; references.

79TH, 131 WEST—Large, handsomely furnished room, private bath; single room; reasonable.

79TH, 167 WEST—Nicely appointed rooms, southern exposure, adjoining bath; modern, exclusive.

79TH, 177 WEST—Sunny front; $12; telephone; call Sunday; private family. Schultz.

79TH, 212 WEST—Double Room. Telephone Schuyler 6384.

79TH (411 West End Av.)—Attractive room for gentleman; select. 8 West.

79TH, 169 WEST—Large double sunny front room, southern exposure; subway block.

80TH, 225 WEST.
Exceptionally clean, beautiful room, unobstructed view Broadway; modern apartment. 8th floor north.

80TH, 124 WEST—Front room; all conveniences; suitable 1 or 2; reasonable.

80TH, 114 WEST—One large room, private bath, kitchenette privileges; references.

80TH, 128 WEST—Single room; business people only.

81ST ST., Columbus Av. (Hotel Colonial)—Have completed 17 new single rooms, with use of bath, for men; complete hotel service; rates $10 weekly.

81ST ST., 265 WEST (West End)—Large front, sunny rooms; together or separate; running water; shower; apartment. Pearson.

81ST, 180 WEST—Bedroom and sitting room, $14; adjacent all car service; clean, agreeable surroundings. Allen.

82D, 20 WEST—Luxurious second floor suite, also double room; only high class people desired; owner's home; references.

82D ST., 78 WEST—Attractively furnished, running hot water, near bath; reasonable. Meehan.

82D, 62 WEST—Large front room, tiled bathroom, shower, electricity; gentleman preferred.

82D, 109 WEST—Front room and front bedroom; all conveniences; selling.

83D, 15 WEST—Large, attractive front room, refined, quiet home; references.

83D, 310 WEST—Small front room; electricity; private house; references; gentleman.

84TH ST.—Large 2-room suite in private apartment, excellently furnished, for bachelor; $20 per month. Schuyler 2351.

84TH, 3 WEST (third floor back)—Adjoining bath; well heated; $15 per week; no cooking; house well kept.

84TH, 102 WEST—Room, running water, elevator apartment; electricity. Phone Schuyler 3587.

84TH, 38 WEST—Large, light room; modern conveniences; private family.

85TH, 203 WEST—Well furnished medium-sized room; modern conveniences; bath adjoining; breakfast optional; reference. Campbell.

85TH, 327 WEST—Two connecting rooms, single or en suite; running water, electricity, gas. Apt. 5. Schuyler 9163.

85TH, 66 WEST—Comfortable rooms, well furnished, near bath; electricity, telephone; references.

85TH, 205 WEST—Large steam heated room; lavatory, electricity, telephone; gentlemen. Crothers.

85TH, 253 WEST (Berkley Chambers)—Attractive room, part second floor, non-housekeeping.

85TH, 214 WEST—Attractive room for gentlemen, private family. Lehneman. Schuyler 2754.

85TH, 150 WEST—Beautiful front suite for bachelors; electricity, steam heat, bath. Wood.

85TH, 30 WEST—Newly furnished front rooms, one with dressing room; electricity.

85TH, 330 WEST—Beautiful parlor and bedroom suite. Phone 5835 Schuyler. Reed.

86TH ST., 160 WEST—Refined family would rent large furnished room and bath; steam heat; newly renovated; private house; gentleman only. Tel. Schuyler 6320.

86TH, 338 WEST.
Well furnished, well heated, large double room, private bath; kitchenette privilege; exclusive

86TH, 206 WEST—Front suite, southern; also medium room; conveniences; references. Gould.

86TH, 137 WEST—Well heated, well furnished large room; running water; twin beds; all modern conveniences.

86TH, 206 WEST—Pleasant room, conveniences; references; gentleman. Apartment 3W.

86TH, 204 WEST—Beautifully furnished, large, attractive room; modern; Apt. 6 East.

86TH, 132 WEST—Beautifully furnished room and bath; also basement room; references.

86TH, 329 WEST (near Riverside)—Large, cheerful room, $14 week. 0062 Schuyler.

86TH, 338 WEST—Well furnished front parlor, also medium sized single room.

86TH, 337 WESTNicely furnished large and small rooms; heat, hot water.

86TH, 276

with meals, $18 weekly up; good home cooking, hotel service, elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

37TH, 14 EAST—Rooms, with board; table guests accommodated. Rhinelander 9008.

37 EAST 37TH ST.
Rooms, private bath; table board; references.

MADISON AV., 212 (near 34th)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

3RD ST., 54 WEST—Single and double rooms with board; references.

58TH, 18 WEST—Rooms with board; table boarders accommodated.

58TH (near 5th)—Splendid opportunity to enjoy real home for young man willing to share room with gentleman; references exchanged. L 284 Times.

72ND, 230 WEST—Room with bath; excellent table; references.

74D ST., 271 WEST.
Large room with or without private bath; refined small boarding house; references.

77TH, 129 WEST—Large, sunny room; excellent table, parlor, dining, table guests.

78TH, 2 WEST—Elegant large room, private bath, suitable 2 or 3; refined boarding house, table guests. Berger.

3RD ST. WEST—Charming, refined home; exceptional food and accommodations. Columbus 1631.

79TH, 26 WEST—Small sunny room, running water, to subject; table guests; references.

79TH, WEST—Double front room, for two, adjoining bath; also single room, including breakfast; cooking in Christian family. Phone 2129 Columbus.

74TH, 153 WEST—Large front room; 3d floor; 2 persons, references; reasonable.

77TH, 212 WEST—Large double room, with running water; home cooking.

80TH, 123 WEST—Large, nicely furnished room; private bath; electricity; quiet house, good location; worth seeing; board optional.

80TH, 16 WEST—Large room, adjoining bath; elegant room, table board; references.

81ST, 109 WEST—Room, board; business people; improvements. Brandt.

82D ST, 126 WEST—Large, attractively furnished front room (private house), steam, tiled hot water; private bath, electric; unusually good food, congenial home; suitable for 2 gentlemen.

82D, 5 WEST—Nicely furnished room; excellent cuisine; conveniences; refined surroundings.

82D, 124 WEST (Gracemont)—Attractive, modern, steam heat; references, table guests.

82D, 174 WEST—The little house; small room, private home table; references.

84TH ST., 106 WEST—Large sunny room, private bath; references.

84TH, 4 WEST—Refined Hebrew family, large room, bath, excellent board; gentlemen people; also table guests.

85TH, 307 WEST—Exclusive, large front room, also small room; excellent board.

102D ST, 247 WEST—Large front room, adjoining bathroom; to high class Jewish [illegible]

102D, 214 WEST—Comfortable room, heated, for business person; refined, good cooking.

107TH, 226 WEST—Front parlor apartment, private home; small room, board; home cooking; [illegible] facing Morningside Park.

107TH, 200 WEST—Apt. 3B—Private Jewish home; refinement; excellent beautiful room, with breakfast optional; L. 275 Times.

HUNGARIAN cooking. Academy 1643.

LARGE, sunny room, for 2 gentlemen; breakfast optional; excellent table; references.

YOUNG business man desires furnished room with private family. K 210 Times.

YOUNG lady, cultured, wishes room in private family. Davis, 2,826 Broadway.

BACHELOR wants room and bath, or part of apartment. K 257 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

WEST END AV., 908—Private Christian family offer large comfortably furnished front room, private; living room, bedroom with private lavatory and large closet; vacant Jan. 1; two gentlemen or business couple preferred; $100 per month. Schuyler 4286.

WEST END AV., 836—Private family offers large sunny rooms, suite outside room; gentleman preferred. Riverside 7822. Apt. 5-D.

WEST END AV., 849 Large corner room, handsomely furnished, twin beds; also adjoining single room; third floor.

WEST END AV., 870—Elegant parlor floor, front; also other rooms; 96th subway station; suitable for doctor or studio.

WEST END AV. 739 (97th)—Attractive front room; housekeeping; select private house.

WEST END, 790—Exceptionally attractive front room, with without bath; twin beds; also single room; 56th-57th—Small room, reasonable; private house.

Bronx.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,526—Large front room, heat, telephone. Kelley.

Brooklyn.

RUTLAND ROAD, 74 (Flatbush)—Brighton subway, Prospect Park station, 15 minutes Wall St., 25 minutes Times Square; gentleman, private family; all conveniences; moderate. Flatbush 7433.

ST. JOHN'S PL.—Lovely back parlor and bedroom, with tile bath, piano, telephone and radio; for refined gentleman or business woman; three subways, $12 week.

HICKS ST., 105—Elegant room, private dressing room, telephone, electricity; private family, adjacent subway station, Brooklyn Heights; references.

CLINTON ST., 176—Furnished room, private bath, electricity, steam heat; no other roomers; references required. Tel. Shoreroad 4278.

STERLING PL., 367—Highest part Brooklyn; beautiful room, improvements; couple, gentleman preferred.

QUINCY ST., 261—Outside room, running water; no other roomers. Floe, Decatur 1347.

LARGE front, private home; steam, electricity, 15 minutes Wall St. Phone Flatbush 224.

Long Island.

SPLENDID ROOMS, attractive Winter concrete house, 27 minutes from Herald square; 3 minutes' walk station; private tiled bath, ample heat, sleeping porches, every convenience; refined family; meals optional; references. F 271 Times.

DOUBLE room, own private phone; single rooms breakfast 35 minutes Pennsylvania; close station. English family. Flushing 1031.

New Jersey.

WILL rent furnished, one, two heated, sunny bedrooms, use bathroom, dining room; kitchen privileges $50 monthly; commuting; one hour Erie, 13 minutes' walk station; garage, references, Jersey. F 219 Times.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS

30TH ST., 47 WEST—Second floor, private house, 5 rooms, 2 baths, steam heat, electricity, housekeeping.

LARGE room, bath, carpeted, steam heat, owner's home, electricity. Phone South 3461

37TH, 24 WEST—Artistic studio; dressing room, kitchenette privileges; electricity; quiet.

54TH, 503 WEST—Single room for business guy; no other roomers. Dennehy.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

BUSINESS man of quiet habits, large room and bath in private house where he will be the single paying guest, or at most, one of two; small personal services to be furnished, including breakfast by phone at 7 o'clock; permanent arrangements sought; proposed tenant has home in the country, at which he spends much of his time, including all week-ends except through the severest Winter months; Gramercy Park, Washington square or other districts south of 36th St. Any desired references—financial, personal, social—supplied. no boarding or rooming house. H 972 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN requires first-class furnished room with private bath, west side; state full particulars. M 51, Box 235, City Hall Post Office.

GENTLEMAN Christian, desires room, section bounded by 145th, 155th Sts., Amsterdam and St Nicholas Ave; no apartments. K 40 Times.

GENTLEMAN—Stranger desires room and bath, walking distance 54th St. and Broadway, with home comforts. K 254 Times.

BY a young business couple, in private family, west side, below 157th St.; state terms. B 13 Times

ROOM, board, use of piano; accomplished musician, answer. R. McBlair, 11 Broadway.

A GENTLEMAN of distinction requires room, not over $40 per month. F 251 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN wants comfortably furnished room with Spanish family. A 814 Times

YOUNG MAN wants outside room, private entrance, breakfast optional. L 275 Times.

YOUNG business man desires furnished room with private family. K 210 Times.

YOUNG lady, cultured, wishes room in private family. Davis, 2,826 Broadway.

BACHELOR wants room and bath, or part of apartment. K 257 Times.

ROOMS WANTED

Furnished.

GENTLEMAN, Japanese, desires a nicely furnished room with sun exposure, on the west side above 93d St., with private American family; breakfast if possible. Address Y. M., Room 1408, 452 4th Av., City, giving price.

BY JAN. 2—Combination bed and living room, bath, phone, maid service; not above second floor; with elevator; between 42d-56th; reasonable, by lady employed part time. C. D., 127 Times.

YOUNG married couple, no children, wishes furnished or unfurnished room, Riverdale or other vicinity of New York; modern, private house; particulars. L 276 Times.

BELOW 75th, by gentleman, single room from Monday until Friday nights, at $5 weekly; give particulars; private family preferred. N 791 Times Downtown.

REFINED business woman desires permanent room near 72d or 86th St., or around Madison Av. on 29th St.; state all particulars. Y 2302 Times Annex.

GENTLEMAN desires room and private bath by Jan. 1; not over $50. B 404 Times.

Unfurnished.

BUSINESS woman wants attractive, unfurnished room, below 93d St.; reasonable. S 409 Times.

ROOM, private bath, below 42d St.; Jan. 15th. H 292 Times.

COUPLE want three rooms, improvements, reasonable. C 40 Times.

LARGE room, bath, plenty light, heat; author's library. B 411 Times.

BOARD WANTED

BUREAU OF BOARDING AND ROOMING HOUSES FOR GIRLS,
108 EAST 30TH ST.,
keeps a list of available rooming houses.
Hours: 10 A. M. to 8 P. M.
Saturday 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Women with rooms for rent make personal application at the bureau. References.

GENTLEMAN desires board, room and bath Jan. 1, with refined family in first-class home, no boarding house. Write full details. F 223 Times.

YOUNG LADY preparing for grand opera desires board in cultivated family. Address Miss Maple, 340 West 85th St.

ROOM and board wanted by Jewish gentleman, refined family. K 158 Times.

AN OLD lady seeks comfortable room and board with kindly people. F 256 Times.

THREE ADULTS, two rooms, Harlem; no apartment house. A 1056 Times Harlem.

HOME for Christian girl, 12 years. P. O. Box 67, Station W, N. Y.

FOR BUSINESS COUPLE; REFINED. K 283 TIMES.

COUNTRY BOARD.

ELMWOOD HOTEL, EAST ORANGE, N. J.
A quiet family hotel, twenty-five minutes from New York; desirable commuting; all outside, sunny rooms, with private baths; first-class service; steam heat; our reputation depends upon our dining room; we specialize in home-cooked foods, prepared temptingly, palatably; there can be no better living than among the Orange Mountains; room and bath, with meals, $25 weekly; two people, $40. Orange 7570.

NERVOUS MENTAL CONDITIONS.
Special facilities for treating and curing such cases; also for AGED PEOPLE, CHRONIC INVALIDS, with weakened mentality, requiring more attention than can be given at home, we offer a pleasant, cheerful sanatorium; large, modern house, spacious grounds, automobile, wheel chairs, attentive nurses, experienced physician.
LYNWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

A MOTHER'S HOME AND SERVICE.
Montclair, N. J.—An unusual service is available for one girl, age 6 to 12, in small family of culture and refinement; (have one little girl of my own); enlightened and healthful community; best schools and pastimes; competency and character references of highest order. Montclair, F 569 Times.

SOMETHING NEW—HOLIDAY GUESTS.
A particular place for a few particular people seeking an attractive Winter residence near New York; all the comforts and freedom of an attractive home life without its housekeeping cares; residential section, beautiful Westchester; special arrangement for a few holiday guests. Greenridge Inn Maple and Greenridge Ave., White Plains. Telephone 1314 White Plains.

IF there is a business man tired of hotels and boarding houses who would appreciate charming home a little way into Westchester, with good things to eat, and who can afford to pay what these things cost nowadays, he might apply for further details to Y 2258 Times Annex.

COMFORTABLE country home; private house, open to settled couple as paying guests; no other boarders; front suite, communicating bath; electric light, steam heat; high, sheltered location; extensive views; hour to Grand Central; 10 minutes' walk to railroad station. Address Box 256, Pleasantville, N. Y.

EVELYN LODGE—Charming all-year residence, lovely location; 25 min. to Wall St.; easily furnished; excellent chef and service; small tables; parlors, smoking room; comforts; weekly, $18 up, with meals; 15 guests; 12 years one management. Folder 71 Central Av., St George, S. I. Block from ferry.

THE GREENRIDGE INN.
Greenridge and Maple Avs., White Plains, N. Y.; a particular place for a few particular people seeking an attractive Winter residence; something new in one of Westchester's finest residential sections; no transients. Telephone 1314 White Plains.

THE VAN VALEN SANATORIUM, Yonkers, N. Y.—Psycho-therapeutic treatment for mental, nervous, functional disorders and addictions; also receive patients needing care, with or without treatment; booklet upon request. Telephone 5321 Yonkers.

WINDWOOD desires room, preferably with board, with private family; quiet surroundings essential, within commuting distance, Westchester or Connecticut; house with garage accommodation preferred; highest references given. K 181 Times.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
EAST ORANGE, N. J.
A high class family hotel, one block from Lackawanna R. R. station; 46 minutes from Broadway; moderate rates; transient or permanent.

CHESTER HILL—30 minutes New Haven Railroad; private American family, owning attractive home; limited number guests, adults only; refined, high-class. 760 Archer Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y. Phone 2577.

ATLANTIC CITY.
Rooms and board, single or en suite, located in beautiful Vernon section.
Mrs. JOHN J. McALL
107 South Nashville Av.

BEECHHURST, L. I.—Beautiful private home; modern improvements; would consider business gentleman; large, warm room, bathroom adjoining; board optional. Phone 2231 Flushing W.

ONE child, private, refined home; lovely, healthy neighborhood; motherly kindness; care shared with my own child. C 822 Times.

BOARD WANTED—Continued.

THE PEPPERDAY
Main St. and Sicho Av., New Rochelle, N. Y.; superior family hotel; open all year; steam heated; 35 minutes' Grand Central Terminal. Phone New Rochelle 2064.

PRIVATE SANITARIUM and nursing home for geriatric, neurological, semi-invalid, acute and chronic cases. Dunphy & Mc-Lane, 14 Hamilton Av., Yonkers, N. Y. Telephone 1710.

IN lovely country home, improvements, offer board to recommended party, $15 weekly; commuting, hour Erie; fifteen minutes' walk station, North Jersey. F 220 Times.

HEALTHFUL home for invalids, neurasthenics and elderly persons; care and food. Sunny Rest Sanitarium, 574 Palisade Av., Yonkers, 5642 Yonkers.

TEMPORARY care for one child or board and room for father and child in comfortable home; excellent commuting. Telephone Englewood 6651.

COUNTRY HOME for mentally deficient children, with experienced teacher; cheerful, harmonious companionship. D 949 Times.

RIVERDALE REST—Sanitarium for persons suffering from nervous breakdown, invalids and aged. 292 Riverdale Av., Yonkers. Telephone 2017.

THREE young children, board at Rose Haven; exclusive environment. A 457 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

MIDDLE-AGED gentlewoman desires room and board, Westchester or New Jersey, with congenial family; willing to assist in care of home; state full particulars; reasonable. Address B. G. T., 118 Lexington Av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ADDRESSOGRAPH and graphotype operator; two years' experience; Christian. H 950 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING—College graduate; energy, personality; agency experience; knowledge merchandising, consumer whims, copy. C 30 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, knowledge typewriting and stenography, well trained beginner. L 254 Times.

BILL CLERK, rapid typist, assistant bookkeeper, 10 years' experience, desires position with reliable firm. F 702 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, OFFICE MANAGER; EXECUTIVE ABILITY, THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE ACCOUNTANCY CREDITS; 14 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, 2 FIRMS; AGE 28. K 175 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced; can handle accounts and make trial balance; knows stenography and typewriting; competent, accurate; good penman; references. B 781 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, thorough knowledge of all office details; able to take full charge; 7 years' experience with one concern; desirous of making change. M. W., 2000 Norwood Av., Flatbush.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, desires responsible position; competent; thoroughly familiar with office details; can take entire charge small office; eight years' experience; $40. L 276 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, double entry, executive ability, years of experience, modern methods, controlling accounts, trial balances, stenographer; best references. A 1063 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER—Young woman, thoroughly competent, Packard graduate, to take entire charge; trial balance, cash, receiving and shipping orders. Tel. Jamaica 840.

BOOKKEEPER, secretary, office manager, executive ability, handle credits, collections, correspondence, seeks responsibility; 12 years' experience. L 238 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, controlling accounts, trial balance; thoroughly competent take entire charge of office; best credentials; $30. G. B., 114 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Executive, ten years' experience, capable, conscientious, desires make change; excellent references. Miss Marks, 6 West 107th St.

BOOKKEEPER, accurate; college graduate; 8½ years' experience; controlling accounts, financial statements, typewriting; references; $30. B 785 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, two years' experience; good correspondent; Sabbath observer; moderate salary. A 940 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER—Executive ability; can handle large payrolls, &c.; efficient, conscientious; excellent credentials. B 1007 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, experienced, double entry books; can take trial balance; competent; conscientious; salary $25. L 244 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Knowledge stenography and typewriting; trial balances, controlling accounts; recommended by C. F. A. M 275 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, college graduate, 6 years' experience, modern accounting, office procedure; highest credentials; $30. A 812 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, knowledge of stenography and typewriting, 8 months' experience, energetic worker, good education; $17. L. Cooper, 1,038 Tiffany St., Apt. 1.

BOOKKEEPING part time, day, week, months; or balance, correspondence; reasonable. A 635 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER, good manager, for small family or motherless children; highest references; city or country. M., 116 West 98th.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, experienced order clerk; salary $25. Esther Schwartz, 545 West 160th St., City. Wadsworth 6221.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, three years' experience; competent; efficient; $22. B 854 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, typist, experienced trial balance control; $25. H 947 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Six years; thoroughly experienced office routine; references. B 728 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, experienced, reliable, accurate, willing; $25. K 267 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, three years' experience, capable double entry, trial balance. S 537 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, experienced; also Elliott-Fisher operator. Schiff, 237 E. 110th St.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience; complete charge; $25. Paulette, 126 East 115th.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. V 740 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, several years' experience, desires position; references. L 251 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, and typist, experienced; $16. A 1037 Times Harlem.

BUYERSHIP
wanted by young woman widely experienced in women's, infants', children's wear, either in department store, resident buying office; finest references; New York City, vicinity. Y 2299 Times Annex.

COMPANION—Woman of refinement and intelligence seeks position with lady who needs some one to be a practical help to her; competent as seamstress, housekeeper and secretary; willing to travel; trustworthy. Mrs. A. B. Barnes, Ridgewood, N. J., Route 1.

COMPANION—Young lady, refined, wishes situation to lady or young lady going South or Europe. Apply Miss Reid, 350 West End Av. Phone Schuyler 5531.

COMPANION to lady; clever, capable young woman desires position; managing home; best of reference. F 264 Times.

COMPANION to lady or chaperone child; one who has traveled extensively; traveling preferred. Y 2194 Times Annex.

COMPANION-HOUSEKEEPER, refined, educated, to lady going South. Phone Monday, Academy 962.

COOK—Refined Vienna Hungarian cook and housekeeper; good references; middle-aged widow; letters only. Mrs. Anna Mueller, Hotel Elite, 320 Riverside Drive.

COOK, capable; small family; city, country; wages $80 to $90; best references. Call or write 4,248 Park Av.

DENTAL ASSISTANT, experienced, desires position in ethical office; references. A 822 Times.

DESIGNER, French, negligees, tea gowns, can take charge of department. J 313 Times.

DRESSMAKER—Expert interior decorator, draperies, curtains, cushions, bed sets, recovering furniture; $6 daily. Harriet, L 208 Times.

DRESSMAKER, Viennese, take few more customers, $5 per day. 457 West 164th St., care Kotek.

DRESSMAKER, thoroughly capable, remodeling specialty, by day. Sutton, 303 West 130th.

DRESSMAKER, private, by day or week; fine work; out or at home. Miss Augusta Kramer, 100 East 123d.

DRESSMAKER from Madrid, experienced, high class, will sew with private family. B 1065 Times Harlem.

DRESSMAKER, stylish, desires work home or out; colored. Call or write Williams 205 West 135th St. One flight west

DRESSMAKER—Dresses, coats, alterations, specialty; stylish; obliging; $5 daily. Hensley, 880 Morningside.

DRESSMAKER, designer; very competent, wishes position with specialty shop. K 218 Times.

DRESSMAKER — First-class; sixteen years own establishment, 5th Av.; quick worker; day, $6. Smith, Morningside 5271, Apt. 22.

DRESSMAKER—Evening; theatre work home out; reasonable. Ryan, 262 W. 93d.

DRESSMAKER—Stylish gowns for all occasions; remodelling; home, out. Plaza-9621.

DRESSMAKER, experienced; references; out, $3.50. Conway, 96 Christopher St.

DRESSMAKER, expert; out; dress in day; price moderate. K 241 Times.

EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT, secretary, expert stenographer, initiative, tact, ability, pleasing personality; highest references; salary open. F 785 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKING and plain sewing neatly done. K 202 Times.

FILE SUPERVISOR, expert system, business seeks high-class position. E., 643 Amsterdam Av.

FRENCH LADY, young, take children out afternoons; best references. Gambut, 9 Treno Bl., New Rochelle.

FRENCH, conversations, literature, translations; competent teacher. Mme. Deville, 123 West 74th.

GIRL, refined, wishes care of children or be useful to lady in exchange for trip to Holland or Germany; ready about February, March; references. Address Box 23, 1,415 3d

GIRL, neat colored, desires half-time position mornings; reference. Address 407 Lenox Av.; Taylor, care Davis.

GIRL (colored), half time mornings, no Sundays. Spencer, 236 West 141st St., basement. Audubon 2810.

GIRL, colored, wishes position half time, afternoons. Columbus 5480.

GIRL, colored; half time mornings. Miss, 101 West 136th St.

GIRL, colored, wishes position, part or full time. Harlem 4262, Apt. 16.

GOVERNESS, English, experienced, refined, speaking French fluently; good musician; going South preferred; good references. 304 Times.

GOVERNESS—Visiting Parisienne, college graduate, Manhattan, Cedarhurst; French, English; pianist. Schuyler 6282.

GOVERNESS-NURSE, French, wishes position. Mademoiselle, 14 East 19th St., Room 12.

GOVERNESS, kindergartner, care children Saturdays, Christmas vacation, evenings. C 306 Times.

GOVERNESS, French; music, physical care; resident or visiting. L 292 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, young American, Catholic, good cook, neat, economical, experienced town or retired home; character reference; hard of hearing; wishes steady invalids preferred; state wages, privilege keeping small dog; considerate treatment preferred to high wages. B 899 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER—Young woman, experienced, wishes position private family; can drive auto. Lindfors, 17 West 91st.

HOUSEKEEPER, refined, capable woman; excellent manager, good appearance; references. B 842 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER — Refined widow with daughter 11 years, to care for home of small family; competent in every detail; no washing; references. L 248 Times.

HOUSEWORK—Elderly woman, active, intelligent, refined, familiar light housework, sewing, assist with children. Box 211, 952 Columbus Av.

HOUSEWORK—All work relating to the upkeep of the home done on a business basis. Letters, Adams, 176 Waverly Place.

HOUSEWORKER, colored girl; part time mornings, afternoons. Aldubon 9110, Apt. 7B. Frederick.

HOUSEWORK—Sisters, colored, for housework, Martin, 17 West 99th. Riverside 4622.

HOUSEWORKER, gentlewoman, wishes refined home in exchange for assistance. C 26 Times.

HOUSEWORKER—Colored. Hudson, 17 West 99th St., care of Evans.

KINDERGARTNER wishes part-time position; experience in social settlement and institutional work. B 401 Times.

LADY, middle aged, wishes to take care of children evening. Care of Mrs. 1,482 St Nicholas Av. (entire). 183th-185th St.

LADY, excellent education, seeks home in country near New York; will tutor child for board. M 169 Times.

LADY will take child out afternoons; excellent references. Write C 81 Times.

LADY'S MAID—A lady wishes to recommend her maid or attendant; unquestionable references as to integrity, ability and respectability. Seen today (Sunday), 41 East 60th St. Telephone 4650 Plaza.

LADY'S MAID, young, refined, wishes position with lady, preferably going South for the season or living at hotel here. Call Plaza 4935.

LAUNDRESS—Takes work home; open-air drying. Jones, 209 West 26th St.

MATRON or assistant housekeeper, competent, desires position in hotel or institution; American widow; best references. D. T., 50 Rugby Road, Brooklyn. 7628-W Flatbush.

MILLINERY DESIGNER.

HIGH CLASS; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY; COMMUNICATIONS CONFIDENTIAL. E. K., 107 TIMES.

NURSE, practical, American, 40, wishes to go to California; elderly invalid; must be American to California; can start any time. For interview write Mrs. B., Lock Box 47, Station D., New York City.

NURSE.

Position in physician's office or with industrial concern by young former army nurse; experienced, registered graduate; best references. L 284 Times.

NURSE—Lady nurse for children, English trained, understands kindergarten; temporary or permanent; willing to travel; best references. Manning, 32 Glen Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

NURSE.

registered graduate, desires position where experience and attention to duty will be appreciated; anywhere; best references; salary $30; dependable. H 976 Times Downtown.

NURSE, trained, desires to accompany lady patient going to California, or will take charge of children on voyage; excellent references. N 783 Times Downtown.

NURSE, undergraduate, desires position as companion to elderly lady or to take care of one child; prefer traveling; agreeable disposition. B 379 Times.

NURSE, young graduate, obstetrics, intelligent, practical experience, wishes position in doctor's office or dispensary. B 1001 Times Harlem.

NURSE-INSTRUCTRESS for supervisor's position in hospital; desired, Jan. 1, by assistant superintendent. 395 Central Park West. Riverside 8000.

NURSE, experienced undergraduate, desires position as nursery governess; child or children. Box 142, 1,104 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

NURSE, graduate, registered, eight years' experience, permanent position; salary $100 and maintenance; references. L 256 Times.

NURSE, MAID, reliable, Christian, wishes position; age 26; state salary. Miss Mary Richardson, 10 Bruce Pl., Brooklyn.

NURSE, refined and educated, graduate, desires position doctor's office. Phone Academy 962.

NURSE, Scotch, experienced infant's nurse, competent; references; $80. Telephone 7077 Times.

NURSE, trained, would like permanent position; surgical, medical, invalid patient. F 270 Times.

NURSE, practical, wishes part time; treatments; excellent reference. 1,225 Madison Av.

NURSE, infant's; entire charge; city or country preferred. Call 222 West 72d St.

NURSE, practical, desires position; elderly lady; take mental case. C 314 Times.

NURSE, infant's, English, experienced, wishes position; $80. Call Morningside 3582-J.

NURSE, graduate, desires position in doctor's office. B 1004 Times Harlem.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—High school education, 21 years; 3 years' experience, filing, typewriting; best of references; remuneration $18. A 1061 Times Harlem.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, Christian, high school graduate, all office detail, accurate; $18; reference. A. S., 111 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typist, bookkeeping, 2½ years' experience. A 1048 Times Harlem.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, typing; references; experience; $18 to start. A 1068 Times Harlem.

ORCHESTRA PIANIST for Southern hotel; large library, classical and dance music; violinist and 'cellist furnished; best references. Y 2297 Times Annex.

PERSONNEL EXECUTIVE.

Woman, 32 years, extensive experience in welfare, employment and educational work; superior education; excellent references; cannot consider less than $2,500 salary. L 196 Times.

PIANIST desires position; moving pictures preferable. Call Morningside 8407, Miss Rose Young.

SALESWOMAN.

Executive, reluctantly parting with services of an unusual young saleswoman, would like to place her with an organization that offers a sound proposition that is backed up by a decent salary plus a commission; her earnings in my employ have approximated about $75 weekly. Write Box L. M., 145, 405 Childs Bldg.

SALES PROMOTER, systematizer, stenographer, lady, pleasing appearance, convincing talker, desires position, any line; 14 years' successful experience; age 27; Christian. B 747 Times Downtown.

SEAMSTRESS, by day or week. Herts, 599 West 112th. Tel. 8228 Cathedral.

SECRETARY—Young woman of executive culture and refinement wishes opening as secretary to professional or business man or woman; highest references; previous experience in journalism; understand use of typewriter. L 254 Times.

SECRETARY—Woman, college graduate and member of bar, desires secretarial position, 10 years' experience; capable of taking entire charge of correspondence and office work; responsible and discreet; best of references; present employment; desire change; wishes position with firm of public accountants. Call 2148 Woolworth Bldg.

SECRETARY—Refined young American woman seeks exceptional position; seven years' secretarial experience; Hampton graduate; some college training; has had positions with editor and two prominent scientific writers; expert stenographer; pleasing personality; unusual references. Write K 256 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 6 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, EXECUTIVE ABILITY, CAPABLE AND ANXIOUS ASSUME RESPONSIBILITIES; ACCURATE; BEST REFERENCES; REFINED; SALARY TO START $25. C 57 TIMES.

SECRETARY—Experienced, executive, composes sales-producing letters, circulars, advertisements; knows follow-up systems; dictates correspondence; college graduate; advertising, wholesale, manufacturing experience. A 835 Times.

SECRETARY—Young woman, college graduate, seven years' general office, legal and executive work, with stenography; salary $200 a month. M 291 Times.

SECRETARY.

High grade; initiative, good judgment; unusual experience gained as secretary to prominent men; $40. A 1040 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, varied experience, executive, desires part time position where initiative will count. Box 903 Times, 2 Rector St.

SECRETARY, stenographer, correspondent desires responsible position; tact, initiative, good judgment, thoroughly experienced, executive ability. Donaldson, 254 W. 98th.

SECRETARY, experienced, capable stenographer, college education, understands copy writing, advertising; $25. Apt. 43, 105 West 85th St., City.

SECRETARY—Expert stenographer, assist executive; 8 years' experience; $30; no agencies. Box 185, 1,675 Lexington Av.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, five years' varied experience, capable, adaptable; references. K 283 Times.

SECRETARY, expert stenographer, assist executive; eight years' experience; $30; no agencies. Box 165, 1,675 Lexington Av.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, age 23, thoroughly experienced, capable; $22. South 7378 W.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, executive ability, commercial and advertising; $30. 159 Station 81.

SECRETARY-CORRESPONDENT, educated, experienced and dependable, seeks position trust, responsibility. A 549 Times.

SECRETARY — College graduate, stenographer, eight years' experience, executive ability; $40 week. F 764 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, dictaphone operator, 5 years' experience, competent and reliable; salary $25-$30; good references. L 293 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 7 years' experience; knowledge German. A 556 Times.

SOCIAL HOSTESS—Lady of refinement and culture, having met with reverses, would accept position as social hostess in high-class home, hotel, club or tea room; highest references. J 314 Times.

SOCIAL SECRETARY, willing travel with lady; six years' experience. E 1208 Times Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER—I am retiring from business and wish to place my secretary in a position of responsibility such as she now occupies; I warmly recommend her to any one looking for a capable and efficient stenographer. C 318 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, age 25, 5 years' mechanical experience; capable holding responsible position; capable taking technical dictation; not afraid work, long hours; willing; conscientious; $23; highest credentials. F 773 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER — Good beginner desires position where conscientious, faithful services will be appreciated; high school and business school graduate; salary secondary object. Steno., 171 Macdougal St. Phone Spring 7219.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, CAPABLE, 6 YEARS' EXPERIENCE (4 YEARS BOND HOUSE); BEGIN JAN. 3; SALARY ABOUT $35. F 790 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER—Knowledge of bookkeeping, office routine; high school graduate; 3½ years experience; efficient, accurate, pleasing personality, initiative, executive ability. A 1065 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, high school graduate, five years' extensive experience secretarial capacity, desires position with reliable concern; good references, efficient, conscientious; $30. C 22 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 4½ years' experience; high school graduate; capable taking care large volume of work rapidly, accurately; best references; Christian. Secretary, 1,408 St. Nicholas Av.

STENOGRAPHER — French and English; takes dictation in both languages; office assistant; French lady, 23; moderate salary. Phone Beekman 4634, or write A 634 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, cost accountant, executive ability; ten years' experience; excellent references; $30. J 803 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, desires connection with wholesale or manufacturing concern; 4½ years' experience; excellent references. F 794 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and secretary, experienced, accustomed confidential work, desires position; best references; salary $30; dependable. H 976 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent law, good references, wants position where work is not too heavy; salary $15 to $20. F 766 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY—EXPERT; EXECUTIVE ABILITY; SEVEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE, TWO CONCERNS; SALARY $25-$30. H 298 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, 8 years' experience, thoroughly dependable. Frieda Neiger, 525 West 130th St. Phone Wadsworth 2052, Apartment 3A.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, possessing initiative; six years' experience; high school graduate; competent; $25. B 782 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, English, French; translator French, German, Russian; expert typist. Miss Howden, 623 West 142d St. Telephone Audubon 6334.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; Christian; 7 years' experience. Tel. South 5614. A. B., 195 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, one year's experience; ambitious, accurate, quick comprehension; $18-$20. Box 102, 1,818 2d Av.

STENOGRAPHER, 19, high school graduate, experienced, desires position, preferably where knowledge of French is useful. K 231 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, position initiative, knowledge bookkeeping; moderate salary. F 177 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, Christian, 19, experienced, accurate and reliable, permanent position; $20. A 497 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, accurate typist, good bookkeeper; A1 reference; no clock watcher; $15. Miss T., 1,832 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, efficient, wishes permanent position; $21. H 966 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Two years' experience; accurate, willing; references; $18. B 763 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner; high school graduate; moderate salary; references. F 753 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced; Christian, legal work preferred; $35. B 735 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, afternoons, account illness, home; thoroughly experienced, steno, 2,110 Morris Ave., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; efficient; high school graduate; three years' experience; $19. D 984 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Academic high school graduate; 4 years' experience; references. N 191 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Six years' experience; excellent references; salary $25. B 729 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, high school graduate, four years' practical experience; $25; best references. H., B., 123 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, competent, available for position Jan. 1; excellent references, good record. H., 307 Amsterdam Av.

STENOGRAPHER, two years' experience; neat, accurate, reliable, willing; $18. Box L. 301 East 79th.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience, rapid reliable; references; $25. A 880 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced, high school graduate; knowledge bookkeeping. F 785 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, export and import experience; academic education. Ida Mein, 237 East 16th.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish, wishes position; best references. M 277 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Beginner, 6 months' experience; $12. B 721 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Spanish-English, experienced; part-time position. A 1067 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, expert, expert import experience; well recommended. A 838 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wishes position uptown firm; salary $35. F 340 Times.

STENOGRAPHER — BOOKKEEPER, high school graduate, familiar All office details; $21. Bookkeeper, B. 196 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, young lady, knowledge stenography; switchboard operator; $18-$20. B 420 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish, English, German translator, expert experience, capable, energetic. C 126 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, expert; experienced; competent; $30. Lester, 1,804 Vyse Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAP

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, American, eight years' experience high-grade cars, wishes position private family; 3 years last employers, George Conroy, 2,345 8th Av. Audubon 1206.

CHAUFFEUR, good mechanic; 10 years' experience Europe and America; speaking French, Spanish, English; best of references; wishes position private family. Navarre, 217 West 25th.

CHAUFFEUR, 29 years old, 10 years' experience with high-grade cars, desires position with private family. Hartmann, 269 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR, long experience, desires temporary job, three months or less, driving or overhauling, on account of employer gone South; reasonable. A 516 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 12 years' experience, wishes position, take charge of private garage; references. P. O. Box 664, Englewood.

CHAUFFEUR, single, efficient, wishes position with private family; 5 years' experience with high-grade cars; best references. Goldenthal, 501 West 113th. Cathedral 6386.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC wishes position private, commercial; 4 years' experience; references. Blauvelt, 300 West 111th. Cathedral 9343.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, married, desires permanent position with private family; excellent references. John Pouncy, 329 East 82d St.

CHAUFFEUR, American, single with 12 years' experience, foreign and domestic cars, first class mechanic; good references. R. N. Blake, 222 East 57th St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, can drive and repair all makes; references; private, commercial; city, country. Irwin, 2,207 Belmont Av., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC—Young man, reliable, seven years' commercial-private experience, seeks situation; commercial preferred. Paul Weisburg, 2122 Clinton av.

CHAUFFEUR — Owner discontinuing car, recommends exceptional chauffeur, who has been with him 6 years. Mr. Douglas, Schuyler 9193.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, married, 7 years with one family; careful driver, steady, willing, obliging; expert on Cadillac; city or country. Tel. Plaza 7055.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, married, wishes steady position; private; reliable, careful driver; 5 years last position. Wilson, Schuyler 3065.

CHAUFFEUR, 29, 5 years' experience, careful driver, good mechanic, highly recommended. Hagan, 286 West 147th. Audubon 2384.

CHAUFFEUR, wishes position, private, city, country; good mechanic; 10 years' references. Borg, 533 West 54th St.

CHAUFFEUR—Gentleman discontinuing automobile recommends exceptionally trustworthy chauffeur. Hendricks, 442 West 57th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, light colored, traffic expert, careful and obliging, with A1 reference. Fulcher, 1831 Morningside.

CHAUFFEUR, Belgian, twelve years' experience; best references. Breyne, 1 Manhattan Av.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 7 years' experience, married, can drive any car; excellent references. Phone Audubon 8531. Dennis.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position city or country; drive any make of car; good reference. K 244 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 11 years' experience, married, best references; private or commercial. Circle 7908. H. Stark, 418 West 47th.

CHAUFFEUR, French, 14 years in last position, best of reference, wants private position; do any repairs. C 310 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC desires position, careful driver, eight years' experience; best references. Reed, 144 West 64th St.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, careful driver; useful; many years' experience; best references. Tokyo, 724 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR, driver or helper; can furnish best references. H. Mahoney, 1,234 Fulton Av., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR—All repairs, any car, any where. Dewey, Schuyler 2455.

CHEMIST, 18 years' experience, desires position with firm near N. Y.; particularly fitted to take charge of installation and operation of all kinds of chemical apparatus, tanks, pumps, piping, drying and grinding machines, filters, digestors, power plants, shafting, &c.; also have experience in manufacturing toilet articles, perfumes, soaps, cosmetics, chemicals and drugs; have executive ability to make employes work for me as well as for money; salary about $5,000 to start. B 1008 Times Harlem.

CHEMIST, graduate, expert, in oils, varnish and coat products; moderate salary. K., 1,007 East 134th St., Brooklyn.

CHEMIST, graduated, experienced in plant and laboratory, wishes position. Y 2228 Times Annex.

CLERK, 24, intelligent, energetic, seeks position, preferably nights. H 962 Times Downtown.

CLERK, 21, desires position; five years' experience. Paul, 500 6th Av., Brooklyn.

CLOTHING MANAGER, 18 years' experience, understands all details; references. C 316 Times.

COLLECTION specialist and credits: expert correspondent; general sales claims; general office routine; reference; character; ability. F 236 Times.

COLLEGE MAN, knowledge accounting, sales ability, correspondent, desires position, 8 A. M.-3 P. M.; moderate salary. L 279 Times.

CORRESPONDENT—EXECUTIVE.

An able correspondent, writer of forceful letters, executive capable of developing subordinates, 20 years in last position, seeks new connection with responsible and progressive firm. Silberstein, 921 Whitlock Av., or phone Intervale 6407.

CORRESPONDENT—Collections, claims, generally applicable, fine business experience, unquestionable references; young man; college education. L 285 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, general office man, thoroughly experienced modern and efficient business methods; salary $35. B 353 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, experienced, and advertising man; excellent references furnished. L 320 Times.

CORRESPONDENT—Eight years of results; productive ad writer; $40. A 514 Times.

COST ACCOUNTANT, executive, efficiency expert, systems installed; salary $5,500. N 195 Times.

COUPLE, wife cook, man butler, valet or chauffeur, experienced do entire work of house together, "keep" laundry; will go anywhere; references. For interview, write K 282 Times.

COUPLE, wife good cook, houseworker; man, butler, gardener; all around useful; references. "Alec," Box 4, 1,329 3d Av.

COUPLE, chauffeur-secretary-valet, maid-housekeeper-cook; references unequaled. K 271 Times.

CREDIT MANAGER, 30 years old, eleven years' experience, wishes to make new connections with reliable concern; capable executive and can assume full responsibility credits, collections, accounts receivable. H 289 Times.

DENTAL, mechanical, all around assistant; experienced young man; position private office; best personal reference; $25. K 248 Times.

DENTIST, 12 years' private practice, desires position as assistant or associate; capable in all branches. Write D. D. S., 507 Amsterdam Av.

DESIGNER, 35, expert, high grade furniture, cabinet work, interior decorations, with selling abilities; 18 years' most thorough practical experience with best firms in designing and sales departments; steady, reliable man; excellent references. A. Schneider, 74 Edson St., Corona, L. I. Tel. Newtown 113-M.

DESIGNING ENGINEER

on industrial plants and general engineering works; knows the construction game thoroughly, skilled engineer and good executive; available Jan. 1. B 739 Times Downtown.

DESIGNER, interior decoration, furniture sketches and details; very good shop experience; wants position or home work; good references. B 397 Times.

DESIGNER, ten years' experience on steel and concrete structures. L 298 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, and superintendent of construction, with over 25 years' experience, all around man, especially good on residence, apartment house and chain-store work. A. Willoner, 23 Pinehurst Av., New York City.

DRAFTSMAN, designer, 19 years' experience, tools, special automatic machines, shop, production; best references. S. B., 849 Linden Av., Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN—Employed present; change Jan. 1; ten years' experience, mechanical equipment, buildings, heating, ventilating, power. K 212 Times.

DRAFTSMAN and machine designer desires additional work; 20 years' experience. Edward D. Roberts, 48 East 41st St.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, three years' engineering office experience, detailer. Kramer, 90 Avenue D.

DRAFTSMAN, engineering, 5 years' experience, competent, engineering training; moderate. A 512 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, experienced elevations, details, wishes spare time work. F 256 Times.

DRAFTSMAN—Young technical graduate, tracer and detailer. H 968 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, plant, layouts, piping; 10 years' experience. B 386 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical designer, A1 references, wants position. D 26 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, junior, 3 years' experience, wishes position. Schmidt, 282 West 132d.

DRUG CLERK, relief, evenings; N. Y. or N. J. J. B., 11,709 Jamaica Av., Richmond Hill, N. Y.

EDITORIAL ADVERTISING position desired, secretarial, publicity, newspaper experience, knowledge advertising; 22; exceptional references. G 961 Times.

EDITORIAL ASSISTANT, 27, experienced reportorial, mechanical and business departments. K 247 Times.

EDITOR, 28, BROAD CAPABILITIES; SEVEN YEARS' TRADE JOURNAL EXPERIENCE. K 279 TIMES.

EDITOR—Young man, wide experience on trade papers; rewrite, reporting and make-up. B 800 Times.

EDITOR, trade or technical paper; can improve paper. B 754 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER, 25; estimating power installations, inspection, salesman. B 780 Times Downtown.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR, 27, seeks position on bookkeeping or billing machine; thoroughly experienced; references. H 932 Times Downtown.

ESTIMATOR, familiar with all requirements of general contractor's office; to the minute on present cost conditions; also supervising of construction. A 518 Times Downtown.

ENGINEERING SERVICE ABROAD.

Civil engineer, 36, Swiss-American, intimately acquainted with building construction and materials, knowing French and German thoroughly, can represent you abroad; 12 years' engineering practice in New York; present engagement terminates Jan. 1. H 968 Times Downtown.

ENGINEERING EXECUTIVE.

Graduate engineer, 15 years' broad experience in construction and commercial lines, recently Vice President and chief engineer of export construction company in Cuba, desires connection as commercial or sales engineer. L 609 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER.

Graduate, wide experience; planning, designing, estimating and supervising steel, reinforced concrete, timber or masonry structures; executive ability; available Jan. 1. H 968 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER, competent, having first-class steam and ice machine license and knowledge of electricity, wishes position of responsibility; reference furnished. Address George Findlater, 424 Amsterdam Av.

ENGINEER, mechanical, 24, technical graduate, one half year drafting, one year assistant to factory engineer; desires position with opportunity; any location. B 717 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER, executive, technical graduate, 18 years' wide experience construction buildings, industrial plants, public works, good organizer, any location. D 24 Times.

ENGINEER, efficiency, varied industrial experience, capable executive, desires opportunity to demonstrate ability for four days per week. K 276 Times.

ENGINEER, South American, neat draftsman, experienced, desires connection with steel construction concern; speaks Spanish, Portuguese. B 363 Times.

ENGINEER, mechanical, export designer, mechanical, also industrial layouts, piping, checking and supervising, desires permanent connection. K 206 Times.

ENGINEER ESTIMATOR, technical graduate; eight years' experience building construction. A 476 Times.

EXECUTIVE.

EXECUTIVE, wide experience and demonstrated ability, wants to connect with sound mercantile, manufacturing or banking institution, effective early January.

REASONS: I want to get into a business susceptible to development, where a fertile field is offered for the exploitation of my experience. "Hitching up" with a salary is secondary. You must convince me of the possibilities of your proposition, or I do not want it at any price.

EXPERIENCE: I know merchandising from the ground up, buying and selling raw materials, manufacturing, marketing the finished product, selling to all intermediates up to and including the consumer.

QUALIFICATIONS: During the last two years my purchases aggregated three million dollars; my personal sales totaled nine hundred thousand dollars. I know values and am qualified to buy or sell, or both. My understanding of MEN, and things, through close association with the Levantine and other peoples should make my association with financial institution desirable.

FINALLY, I consider a transaction "with a maximum of efficiency and a minimum of fuss." My ideas are high, my record unimpeachable, my sponsors are representative of the highest type of citizenship. Temperament, even balanced and congenial. I am American, 34 years of age, absolutely sure of myself. That which I may attempt for you, I WILL ACCOMPLISH. B 338 Times.

EXECUTIVE.

HAVE YOU SOME SPECIAL WORK OF IMPORTANCE YOU WANT DONE? BUSINESS MAN, 36, BROAD EXPERIENCE, HAS ANY OR ALL OF NEXT FEW MONTHS AVAILABLE; HIGHEST REFERENCES AS TO INTEGRITY AND ABILITY. F 249 TIMES.

EXECUTIVE.

Man of unusual activity and responsibility, 32 years old, speaking English, French, German and Spanish, thoroughly versed in export and import business technique, intimately familiar with commercial conditions between this country and Mexico, Cuba and South America where he has traveled extensively for very well-known New York concern, is open for new and permanent connection Jan. 1; willing to travel. A 1064 Times Harlem.

EXECUTIVE AND OFFICE ADMINISTRATOR,

eight years' experience, thoroughly conversant with transportation, credits, general office routine; quick thinker, energetic worker; at present employed, desires change Jan. 1; available on short notice; highest references. B 355 Times.

EXECUTIVE—College graduate, 8 years' business experience, manufacturing, printing, publishing; accustomed to supervision large clerical force, employment, systematizing, circularizing, follow-ups; familiar with modern office appliances, mailing lists, collections; opportunity for constructive work more important than immediate salary. F 244 Times.

EXECUTIVE, Englishman, broad experience, accounts, foreign exchange, all-round office man, sending long connection as bookkeeper, financial executive, partner, New York branch leading London firm, retiring, desires executive position similar concern or American house with British connections; congenial position more important than salary. Mr. Howard, 19 West 27th St.

EXECUTIVE, office and sales manager; supervise routine, manage finances, credits, collections, correspondence, direct salesmen, advertising; mature, well educated man, with broad business knowledge; understands textiles and wearing apparel; capable any business; large firm only. K 235 Times.

EXECUTIVE, MAN WITH PERSONALITY, INITIATIVE AND BROAD BUSINESS EXPERIENCE, OF ACCOUNTANCY, CREDITS, FINANCE AND SALES, WISHES TO ASSOCIATE WITH GOOD COMPANY IN EFFECTIVE CAPACITY. L 606 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXECUTIVE—At liberty, all around businessman, experienced handling others; expert advertising and planning; resourceful, energetic; integrity unquestioned; desires connection where rapid advancement will follow result-producing services; initial salary $7,800. A 547 Times.

EXECUTIVE, sales and collection letter writing experience, a competent bookkeeper, typist and stenographer with 2 years' college training, besides a business education. Write full particulars of position and state salary. Box X 904 Times, 2 Rector St.

EXECUTIVE-SECRETARY, experienced; all round office man; can take charge advertising, salesmen, office force; age 30, married; moderate salary. Leny, 2,383 Grand Concourse, Bronx.

EXECUTIVE position paying over $5,000 wanted by keen-minded, legally trained man, 40, with high-class and independently situated financially. K 223 Times.

EXECUTIVE, 35 years of age, 15 years' experience, wants position; sales correspondence, domestic or export; unquestionable references. B 758 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE—Experienced office management, selling, purchasing, correspondence, traffic and shipping; references; Christian; age 26. B 1006 Times Harlem.

EXPORT MANAGER, EXPERIENCED, AND GENERAL BUSINESS EXECUTIVE.

Experienced export manager and general business executive, college graduate, American, 35, desires to make permanent connection with reputable manufacturers with office in or near New York.

Experience covers 12 years' executive work, organizing, financing, &c., and includes several years of successful selling goods in different parts of the world.

Qualified also to occupy position as general company executive.

Minimum salary $8,000.

F 762 Times Downtown.

EXPORT MAN, experienced, initiative, executive ability, desires connection with export department, house or bank; well quainted with trade; also charge of accounts and details; corresponds in Spanish. B 178 Times Downtown.

FACTORY MANAGER—Have you drying problems, conveying problems, high losses, lack of co-operation between departments? Graduate engineer, 31, can handle these problems as factory manager. A 479 Times.

FACTORY MANAGER, manufacturing and efficiency experience; cost accountant, auditor; age 35; best credentials. Knight, 98 Macon St., Brooklyn.

FARMER — Single, 20 years' experience, wishes position as manager of farm, or full charge of pure bred herd; understands care of cows, testing, &c.; all farm machinery, tractors, &c.; highest references available Jan. 1. Address care William Oliver, Springfield Gardens, Springfield, Long Island, New York.

GARDENER, superintendent; young man, single, thorough knowledge of all branches of estate work, gardening, greenhouses, &c.; best of references. Y 2272 Times Annex.

GARDENER, single, take charge, well trained botanical, public, private; thorough, capable; a real expert. K 213 Times.

GENTLEMAN, MATURED EXPERIENCE, seeks position as manager, office or factory; moderate. B. B., 123 Times Downtown.

GUARD—Position desired, been a prison guard for years; fearless, expert with firearms; knows criminals. D 30 Times.

JUNIOR EXECUTIVE—Young man, experienced factory production methods, office routine, university graduate, possesses good judgment, analytical power, supervising authority, desires position where salary is secondary to future. F 388 Times.

MANAGER

for busy man with several irons in the fire and not sufficient time to give all proper attention himself. C 318 Times.

MANAGER for specialty shop; in city or out of town; 4 years' experience; moderate salary; thoroughly reliable, with highest credentials. D 23 Times.

MAN (40), reliable and trustworthy, 5 years with last employer, can and willing to do anything, has been in charge of shipping department with large export cotton house, wishes position with reliable people; city or country; highest references. B 473 Times.

MAN, middle-aged, seeks position in real estate office as rent collector and supervisor of repairs; also construction superintendent; 17 years' experience; best of references. H 1206 Times Bronx.

MAN, handy, single, wants position around premises or estate as all-around man; can do pipe work, electric wiring, painting, carpentry; will go anywhere. Address F 227 Times.

MAN, 36 years old, in the insurance business, desires to connect with real estate concern as agent and rent collector; best references and bond if required. F 74 Times Downtown.

MAN, confidential, 35, possesses strong mind, common sense, agreeable, industrious, desires position trust, reliable business. D 20 Times.

MAN—An experienced man wants a position; only not a typist. H 937 Times Downtown.

MAN—Useful, elevator runner, housework, furnace; colored. 28 East 131st St.

SALES MANAGER

I CAN INTRODUCE

During the ten years I have known this man he has proved himself a producer of no mean order; personally he is a high-calibre salesman, but his particular ability lies in developing organization spirit in sales forces, in promoting sales through modern, scientific methods, in co-ordinating sales with advertising and generally producing a selling machine that is both efficient and economical; he has been making $8,000 to $10,000 a year and earning every penny of it; at present employed, but looking for a bigger opportunity; is about 37, married and a fine specimen of energetic good health; I can endorse him highly and will be pleased to give interested executives further information. A 530 Times.

SALES MANAGER,

now holding responsible position, not job hunter, but wants to consider change to larger field where result of intelligently directed sales effort will be basis of compensation; 10 years' experience, including personal selling, organization and direction selling and office staffs; preparation and use direct mail literature; catalogues and general advertising; university graduate; under 40. C 323 Times.

SALES AND OFFICE MANAGER

seeks connection with a future; his experience in the last 5 years was with one nationally known specialty house selling its product through grocery and drug jobbers and leading department stores; because of former experience in other lines can readily adapt himself to other products; is ambitious, active and financially responsible. J 310 Times.

SALESMAN—Can you offer a salesman a real proposition? Have been connected with present concern eight years in capacity of salesman, traveling entire territory as sales manager; traveled all over States and Canada selling high-priced grocery equipment; reason of desiring to change, am not building up any repeat business; my experience and ability can be converted to most lines with successful company; it has to be a real proposition and well rated concern to interest me; am 32 years, good appearance and possess common sense and faculty of making them close; would prefer making Southern territory this Winter. Miller, Box 105, Freeport, N. Y.

SALESMAN.

A salesman with several years' experience desires a position with a future in a reputable company; have excellent references and can produce results. Write Box 180, 908 Fitzgerald Bldg.

SALESMAN—PACIFIC COAST.

HIGH-GRADE SALESMAN LIVING IN PORTLAND AND HAVING A VALUABLE CLIENTELE OF TRADE IN WASHINGTON, OREGON AND IDAHO IS OPEN FOR A LINE OF LADIES' WEAR ON COMMISSION; WOULD PREFER LINE WITH ESTABLISHED TRADE; AT PRESENT REPRESENTING WELL-KNOWN HOUSE, BUT CAN HANDLE TWO LINES. Y 2304 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMAN.

now covering Middle Western territory, visiting department stores, wants connection with an importer or manufacturer of fine perfumes or similar lines where the services of an experienced Christian gentleman is desired. Box 624, 200 Cable Building.

SALESMAN—MACHINERY.

Wishes additional line; at present representing manufacturer of labor-saving machinery; specialty manufacturing iron and foundries; best of reference. What have you to offer? Address C. A. A., 891 Ridge St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN, experienced, A1 hustler, with acquaintances among furniture and department store buyers, with best of references, open for engagement with manufacturing concern on commission basis for metropolitan district. G 276 Times.

SALESMAN, 30, cold rolled and flat steel products, nine years with large steel corporation, wants position with smaller concern, not necessarily same line; mill accounting, warehousing, sales and order correspondence experience. L 233 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, 24, wishes connection with reliable firm selling merchandise, retail or wholesale, salary and commission or drawing account and commission; fluent talker, aggressive hustler; will go anywhere. K 163 Times.

SALESMAN—TOYS

and assistant buyer, 15 years' experience; is open for engagement after Jan. 15; thoroughly understands the business; best of references. 1031 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, 25, thoroughly familiar with New England manufacturing, wholesale and retail trade, wishes to connect with a reliable concern. Address L. B., 54 Ashford St., Boston, Mass.

SALESMAN—Young married man, has had considerable selling experience, desires connection responsible concern offering future to one who makes good. H 960 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, high grade, splendid ability, good personality, 7 years' successful selling experience, desires staple line; salary or drawing account; city or road. S 364 Times.

SALESMAN desires connection with house carrying staple line; two years' road experience; college education; satisfied to get house experience to learn line thoroughly; small demands; reference. F 233 Times.

SALESMAN, 24, travel or resident, with following among jobbers of general merchandise, seeks connection with reputable importer or manufacturer; highest credentials. F 237 Times.

SALESMAN, BOND.

DESIRES POSITION WITH OLD ESTABLISHED, PROMINENT UNDERWRITERS, TO CALL ON CLIENTS, DEALERS, INSTITUTIONS. B 409 TIMES.

SALESMAN, 27, experienced, with acquaintance among steamship and wholesale hardware buyers, now open for engagement on commission basis; references. H. F. Becker, 2,085 Putnam Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN, acquainted with retail grocery and fruit stores in city, desires position with concern selling to this trade; salary and commission. A 554 Times.

SALESMAN, ten years' outside selling experience, at present employed but desires change, selling ability proven, desires to connect with reliable concern. L 272 Times.

SALESMAN—Traveling, of striking personality and convincing talker, desires to make connection, a good house, any line, best of references. O 271 Times.

SALESMAN—CHICAGO RESIDENT

desires connection with reputable business house at present in New York. B 380 Times.

SALESMAN, confectionery, who sold successfully to jobbing trade of metropolitan district, wishes permanent connection. B 371 Times.

SALESMAN, good following, fifteen years' experience rugs and carpets, covering Pennsylvania, Ohio, Maryland; can show results. B 761 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, RESIDENT

in Chicago, desires to represent New York house handling Japanese dry goods, silks and novelties. Y 2240 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, traveling, men's, boys', children's, infants' headwear, desires position; willing to start on small but salary basis. C 324 Times.

SALESMAN, 12 years' experience selling woolens, automobile fabrics and rubber goods, wishes to connect with reliable house handling staple line. L 233 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced stationery, office supplies; would represent good, first-class concern in Chicago and vicinity. Paul O. Miller, 317 Wisconsin Av., Oak Park, Ill.

SALESMAN will represent Eastern concern in Montana and Wyoming on commission; no wearing apparel; staple article; highest reference. F 541 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, ten years city and road, college graduate, seeks permanent connection with responsible concern. Address Producer, J 311 Times.

SALESMAN, executive, 34, wide experience, excellent qualifications, credentials; use own automobile; salary or commission. N 196 Times.

SALESMAN, salesmanager, young, experienced several lines, fine record, desires reliable connection in city or road. F 263 Times.

SALESMAN—I can measure up to the standard of any organization, have initiative and capacity for work, desire to represent an article with merit. A 853 Times.

SALESMAN, 26, three years' experience grocery, hardware and housefurnishing trade, seeks connection; salary and commission. A 551 Times.

SALESMAN desires connection in grocery or other line; 8 years' experience; best of references. B 119 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN (Women's Wear).

High-class man open for offer; drawing account and commission. W. W. S. 120 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced with builder's and contractors' materials, desires connection. K 288 Times.

SALESMAN, 12 years with large silk importing concern, desires connection same line, having large following. C 33 Times.

SALESMAN, DRUGS AND GROCERIES, available Jan. 1; salary and commission. S. D. G., 120 TIMES.

SALESMAN—Young man, 5 years' experience in dry goods line seeking for a reliable firm. K 262 Times.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED ENGINEERING TRAINING, DESIRES CHEMICAL OR TECHNICAL PRODUCT. F 252 TIMES.

SALESMAN, machinery or engineering equipment, desires to connect reliable firm. M. C. D., 172 Herkimer St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, steel and allied lines; closer of big business. D 4 Times.

SALESMAN, 26, well educated, with initiative, ability and experience. C 38 Times.

SECRETARY, Stenographer, Correspondent, 26, married, 5 years' law, commercial and systematizing experience; possessing initiative and character, excellent references; $35 week. A 636 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY—Energetic, industrious, trustworthy and tactful young man of pleasing appearance, able to write an excellent letter, seeks position, been in present employment eleven years. B 596 Times.

SECRETARY—Thoroughly experienced private secretary; executive ability; expert stenographer and correspondent; knowledge of accounts. B 419 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 21, serve whole or part time, executive ability, bookkeeper, expert typist, "S.", 149 Hamilton Av., Brooklyn.

SECRETARY-CORRESPONDENT, competent, mature, educated, diligent, experienced; salary commensurate. B 342 Times.

SECRETARY, expert stenographer, typist, correspondent, sales, &c., seeks connection. A 539 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, Traffic Man, 28, married, good worker, references. Ford, 174 East 165th St.

SHIPPING executive with stenographic and rate experience, desires position. F 288 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and correspondent in English, Spanish, French and Portuguese, seeks position; seven years' experience in Ecuador, Chile, Argentina, Brazil and Spain; has held responsible secretarial posts; wide travel in Europe and Latin America. F 253 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 23. If you are in need of a very rapid and accurate stenographer, with knowledge of general office work and secretarial ability and excellent references, A 262 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, 31, 12 years' experience; executive ability; knowledge accounts; expert typist; paramount references. F 380 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, secretarial experience, 25, reliable and competent, vast experience; desires permanent connection; highly recommended. L 294 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 23, 4 years' practical business and sales experience, salary secondary consideration, future paramount. L 610 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, clean cut (23); 6 years' technical experience; highly educated; capable assuming responsibilities; $25. C 713 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY—Young man, experienced, reliable, good character and habits; excellent references; reasonable salary. A 520 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 22, Catholic, high school graduate; 4 years' secretarial experience; knowledge of bookkeeping, Italian, Spanish; reference. A 518 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY—Six years' experience; correspondent, selling ability, initiative; unquestionable references; $30. H 979 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY — Man with bookkeeping experience desires position as secretary or stenographer; references. F 239 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, beginner, accurate and adaptable to situation. L 255 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, 3 years' experience; best references. A 508 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Expert; 15 years' experience; correspondent; $30-$35. Steno., 245 West 107th.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, college man; executive ability; pleasing personality, initiative. K 217 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-CORRESPONDENT, 27, 10 years' experience; rapid, accurate. F 761 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, law; experienced; reliable; references; knowledge courts; salary $40. B 341 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 25; expert; thoroughly experienced, capable; live wire. H 897 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 21, high school graduate; experienced; accurate; executive ability. A 513 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, desires night work; experienced: A1 man. Room 51, 125 East 23d.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, efficient, executive training, desires position. K 208 Times.

STOCK CLERK—Young man, 23, six years' experience as stock clerk and salesman, desires position. Hector Reid, 115 Franklin St., New York, N. Y.

SUPERINTENDENT small plant or assistant in large factory; New York, Hoboken or vicinity; prefer small salary and working interest. A 502 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT of construction, technical graduate, 18 years' experience all classes buildings and industrial plants construction. D 25 Times.

TEACHER, 15 years' experience all grades, desires position in private school; highest references. A 545 Times.

TRAFFIC MANAGER OR ASSISTANT,

thoroughly experienced in handling technical traffic matters, knowledge rail transportation advantageous to shippers; desires connect large corporation; making change Jan. 1; at present employed, available on short notice; highest references. A 504 Times.

TRAFFIC MANAGER with 10 years' railroad and commercial experience embracing both foreign and domestic service, now employed, desires connection with progressive commercial organization of magnitude in need of a trained executive, possessing diplomacy, sociability, and finesse; an adept at organization deputation and supervision. Will call for interview, New York City and vicinity. Y 2240 Times Annex.

TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Ten years' railroad, three years' commercial transportation traffic experience; thoroughly versed domestic and foreign practices; large acquaintance railroad, steamship officials; age 30; highest references; salary arrangements mutually arranged. B 347 Times.

TRAFFIC MAN with eleven years' railroad and industrial experience, claims, rates, &c. A 480 Times.

VALET, young, refined, wishes position with gentleman going South for the season or taking entire charge of bachelor's apartment in city; capable of secretary, some knowledge of typewriting and good valet; operator automobile license. Call Plaza 4935.

VALET, chauffeur, secretary, three-in-one; real references; anywhere. K 278 Times.

VALET—English; six years with last gentleman. Harry Tombs, 233 East 54th.

YOUNG EXECUTIVE—Eight years unparalleled record knowledge advertising, salesmanship, accounting; productive correspondent, systematizer; seeks broader opportunity; salary secondary; available Jan. 1. A 515 Times.

YOUNG JAPANESE, college graduate, wishes position as gentleman's secretary or to accompany gentleman traveling. Y 2227 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 19, education through one year's college work; general experience of 1½ years at statistic work, advertising and exporting; this varied activity will; I think, furnish a background of value in any new connection; I am with the advertising department of an export house, and their retrenchment explains this ad. I like hard work, and should like to consider any proposition, provided only that it will absorb me completely, bring out whatever potential capabilities I possess and offer the opportunity for recognition; references. B 389 Times.

YOUNG MAN,

MARRIED, RELIABLE, CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, EXPERIENCED IN SELLING, IS OPEN FOR PROPOSITION. PAUL WEISBURG, 2,122 CLINTON AV.

YOUNG MAN, now with and for the last twenty years in U. S. Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., as clerk, desires a change as bank clerk or clerk with good established firm or as private secretary; best of reference. D. S. R., 1,030 East 174th St. Telephone Intervale 2488.

YOUNG MAN, foreigner, university graduate chemical engineering, desires work as detail draftsman or tracer, or assistant to analytical chemist, WITHOUT SALARY, for the sake of increasing experience; in or out of town. C 308 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, ambitious, Swiss, English, French, German, extensive business experience, desires immediate connection with A1 concern; salary secondary to opportunity for advancement. Box 641, 200 Cable Bldg.

YOUNG MAN, 24, mechanically inclined, experienced shipping and stock clerk, good detail, clerical worker, desires position where future is the reward of hard work; salary secondary. B 1009 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, short outside selling experience, desires permanent position as assistant to outside salesman, hustler and willing worker; best references. C 310 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, live wire, having just closed his jobbing business, desires position with firm where executive ability and hard work would warrant as investment later; references. S 301 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position evenings; retail selling. B 863 Times.

YOUNG MAN—High school graduate; afternoons, evening work. Weber, 311 E. 74th St.

YOUNG MAN, now with and for the last twenty years in U. S. Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., as clerk, desires a change as bank clerk or clerk with good established firm or as private secretary; best of reference. D. S. R., 1,030 East 174th St. Telephone Intervale 2488.

YOUNG MAN, foreigner, university graduate chemical engineering, desires work as detail draftsman or tracer, or assistant to analytical chemist, WITHOUT SALARY, for the sake of increasing experience; in or out of town. C 308 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, ambitious, Swiss, English, French, German, extensive business experience, desires immediate connection with A1 concern; salary secondary to opportunity for advancement. Box 641, 200 Cable Bldg.

YOUNG MAN, 24, mechanically inclined, experienced shipping and stock clerk, good detail, clerical worker, desires position where future is the reward of hard work; salary secondary. B 1009 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, short outside selling experience, desires permanent position as assistant to outside salesman, hustler and willing worker; best references. C 310 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, live wire, having just closed his jobbing business, desires position with firm where executive ability and hard work would warrant as investment later; references. S 301 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position evenings; retail selling. B 863 Times.

YOUNG MAN—High school graduate; afternoons, evening work. Weber, 311 E. 74th St.

BOOKKEEPER, bright young woman, with at least 2 years' experience, to assist on books; splendid opportunity; no agencies; state experience and salary. Box 640, 200 Cable Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, experienced; good opportunity for young lady with initiative. Write full details and salary expected. Y 2305 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, must be thoroughly experienced in coat and suit line; state qualifications, references and salary. F 5, 60 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, for needle trade; state experiences, references and salary desired. R., 291 Times.

BOOKKEEPERS, experienced, large Brooklyn wholesaler; $30-$35. S 653 Times Downtown.

BURROUGHS BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATOR

for wholesale coffee house; must have commercial experience; beginners need not apply; splendid opportunity for right party; reference required. Albert Ehlers, Inc., 334 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

BUYER.

HAHNE & CO.

require a thoroughly experienced woman in laces to act as assistant buyer and head of stock; must be able to manage the department and do a large part of the buying; good salary to capable woman.

Apply to Superintendent, Hahne & Co., Newark, N. J.

CASHIER—Young woman of neat appearance, good at figures and legible writer, for position as ledger clerk in cashier's cage; Christian firm; fine opportunity for right party. Answer in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary expected, M 295 Times.

CANVASSERS—Hosiery mill, starting selling campaign direct to consumer, has proposition for experienced canvassers; salary or commission. Apply personally, with unquestionable references, 96 5th Av., Room 19.

CHAMBERMAID, to assist with waiting at stated times; personal reference required. Call Monday morning, 14 West 55th St.

CLERK.

A CHRISTIAN CORPORATION HAS AN OPPORTUNITY FOR AN INTELLIGENT, AMBITIOUS GIRL TO BECOME AN ASSISTANT TO THE CASHIER; ONE WHO HAS ACCURATE AT FIGURES IS PREFERRED.

APPLY MONDAY, BETWEEN 12:30 AND 1:30 P. M., TO COMMERCIAL SUPERINTENDENT, 5TH FLOOR, 139 CENTRE ST.

CLERK.

Recent college graduate with knowledge of calculus and advance physics; permanent position in downtown district; give full information. E. Z., 909 St. Paul Building.

CLERKS—Opportunity in progressive office for two bright girls, quick and accurate; good handwriting and neatness absolutely required; state age, religion, education, experience if any. Y 2229 Times Annex.

CLERK—An opportunity for young lady experienced in entering magazine subscription orders. Apply Scribner's Magazine, 597 5th Av., 3d floor.

CLERK—Experienced, must be quick and accurate at figures; downtown Manhattan; state age, education, experience and salary expected. A 632 Times Downtown.

CLERK in insurance brokers' office to examine policies; must be experienced and familiar with exchange rules; state salary. S 644 Times.

CLERK wanted in law office; state salary expected. D 18 Times.

COAT BUYER

for one of the largest and fastest growing specialty shops on 5th Av.; this is an opportunity for a live, aggressive woman who has had successful experience; replies in strict confidence. F 386 Times.

CODE CLERK—Must be thoroughly experienced in making up and deciphering cables; when replying state salary expected, give references. Importer, B 765 Times Downtown.

COMPANION for lady, light duties; good home; salary $16 monthly. Telephone 731 Hastings, any time all Sunday, 579 Broadway, Hastings-on-Hudson.

COMPANION, one reliable, willing and generally useful, refined, intelligent woman to a lady; sleep out. K 223 Times.

COMPANION—By elderly Jewish lady; sleep home; trustworthy, responsible. F 254 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR.

Expert, who can use all operations; some high school education desirable; permanent position. Apply Room 825, 195 Broadway.

COOK wanted, small institution, easy menu; must assist other light duties

MODEL,
SIZE 18.
FOR COSTUMES AND DRESSES;
MUST HAVE SMART APPEARANCE; GOOD SALARY.
HELLMAN & BLOTTA,
321 9TH AV.

MODELS, SIZES 18 AND 36,
FOR LARGE DRESS HOUSE;
LONG SEASON; APPLY ALL WEEK.
NAT GOLDSTON & CO.,
30 EAST 31ST ST.

MODELS, SIZE 14,
FOR HIGH-CLASS DRESS AND SUIT HOUSE. MILLER, SWIBSON & GOLDSTEIN, 28 WEST 27TH.

MODELS, STOUT, SIZE 43½, BUST 46; SAMPLE MODEL; PERMANENT POSITION. MAJESTIC COSTUME CO., 45 WEST 20TH ST.

MODEL, experienced, cloaks and suits; size 36; steady position. Apply all week, Moyses & Dreyfus, 1 East 33d St.

MODELS—Misses size 16, experienced, for showroom in high-class dress house. Apply Isador Brown, 221 6th Av.

MODELS, size 16, experienced on dresses; steady position; good salary. Semak, 31 East 29th.

MODEL for dress house, size 16; steady position. Samuel Shurtlip, 27 West 28th.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR, experienced; rapid, accurate, capable of handling multigraphing department. Room 903, 26 Court St., Brooklyn.

NURSERY GOVERNESS for care of child 2½ years old, willing to go 50 miles out on Long Island, must be first-class, bright and happy disposition. P. O. Box 2, Bayside, L. I.

NURSE, maid, assist chamber work; competent, experienced young white woman; good references required. Write, giving wages expected and all particulars, Y 2290 Times Annex.

NURSE, white, care for nineteen-months-old baby; sleep in; references required. Call before 2, Sunday or Monday, Mrs. Kester, 404 Riverside Drive, near 116th St.

NURSE WANTED BY JAN. 1—Experienced, competent, infant's nurse; reference required. Apply 576 Mt. Prospect Av., Newark, N. J. Phone Branchbrook 1629.

NURSE, white, child 3; reference necessary; good wages. Call Sunday-Monday, 9-12, 41 West 88d, 3D.

NURSES, graduates; surgical nurses for hospital; immediate duty; day, $70; night, $80. 31 East 57th.

NURSE wanted, refined person, to assist with care of year-old baby; $50. 90 Morningside Drive, Apartment 2A.

NURSES—Graduates and undergraduates for general duty in hospital. Superintendent of Nurses, Telephone Tremont 3084.

NURSE, to assist with children, experienced, references. 171 85th St., Brooklyn. Telephone Shore Road 85.

NURSES, graduates, general night duties; good salary. Superintendent Nurses, Melrose 3295.

NURSE, resident and non-resident, for doctor's office. K 230 Times.

NURSES, baby, experienced. Apply Apartment 10A, 270 West End Av.

NURSES, undergraduate, for night duty. N. Y. Infirmary & Hospital, 420 E. 59th.

NURSE, practical, for infant, country. Bayside 4377.

OFFICE GIRL wanted in doctor's office; must be young woman of good appearance, knowledge of X ray technique desirable, but not necessary. State age, references, qualifications if any. A 540 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, Christian firm; hours 8 to 5:30; $12 weekly. Call 231 East 57th.

OPPORTUNITY to earn good commission in spare time selling the only imported non-alcoholic champagne to clubs, &c. E 1206 Times Bronx.

ORGANIST, lady, for small Protestant church in Manhattan. Organist, L 262 Times.

PHOTOGRAPHIC RETOUCHERS on fine portrait work. Underwood & Underwood, 40 City Hall.

RESEARCHER—Intelligent young woman of good education, must know Russian thoroughly; preferably one who was a student at a Russian university; thirty hours weekly; applicants please state age, education and salary expected. Y 2287 Times Annex.

SALESLADY, by children's dress house, to take charge of showroom; must have experience; write for appointment. A. Rosenhall, Sons & Co., 1,270 Broadway.

SALESLADY,
attractive and convincing, sell gowns to theatrical producers; liberal commission. L 270 Times.

SALESLADY, refined; position all's; $30 week; experience unnecessary; permanent. 142 Saint, 1492 Broadway.

SALESLADY for experienced millinery saleslady. Gross Levinsky, 48 West 38th St.

SALESWOMEN WANTED.
ADAMS-FLANIGAN CO.
125TH ST. AND 3D AV., BRONX,
WANTS SEVERAL COMPETENT SALESWOMEN FOR WOMEN'S OUTER COAT, SUIT AND DRESS DEPARTMENTS. STEADY EMPLOYMENT FOR EXPERIENCED PEOPLE.

SALESWOMEN — Sell Unikit during spare time; handsome commission; new patent, made in gold and silver, like expensive, small fountain pen; contains entire manicuring outfit; men and women buy it on sight; will furnish leads to reputable persons. Unikit Co., 85 Madison Av.

SALESWOMEN, TRAVELING,
wanted; saleswomen who can carry as a side line one of the most staple goods; nationally advertised, well-tailored ladies' suits and coats; all territory open; small cities particularly desirable. Apply, full particulars and references, Y 2290 Times Annex.

SALESWOMEN—Sell Unikit during spare time; handsome commission; new patent, made in gold and silver, like expensive, small fountain pen; contains entire manicuring outfit; men and women buy it on sight; will furnish leads to reputable persons. Unikit Co., 85 Madison Av.

SALESWOMAN wanted, sell fire protection; one familiar with house-to-house canvass; drawing account and commission. Call Long Island Prefoam Co., Inc., 66 Boerum Av., Flushing, L. I., for interview. Tel. Flushing 1733-W.

SALESWOMAN — PROMINENT LADIES' NECKWEAR FIRM WANTS EXPERIENCED TRAVELING SALESWOMAN FOR NEW YORK STATE, NEW ENGLAND AND OHIO; COMMISSION AND SALARY. BOX 640, 200 CABLE BUILDING.

SALESWOMAN to call on manufacturers with highest grade of fashion dealers; salary and commission. Call Berley Studios, 9 East 45th.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER — Woman wanted, steady work, with no frills, experienced in publicity, advertising, card systems, filing, duplication; absolute efficiency essential; give all facts, 3 references and salary expected in one letter. Write B 1621 Times Annex.

SECRETARY-BOOKKEEPER, educated executive, real worker, permanent; references; religion; dentist's office. Y 2101 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER.

ACCURATE, INTELLIGENT STENOGRAPHER WITH EXPERIENCE AS SECRETARY TO BUSY EXECUTIVE REQUIRED BY LARGE EXPORT-IMPORT HOUSE. APPLY, STATING AGE, EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE IN DETAIL, SALARY DESIRED; GIVE TELEPHONE NUMBER. S 452 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHERS.

EXPERIENCED, NEAT IN APPEARANCE AND WORK, RAPID AND ACCURATE; LARGE CORPORATIONS, DOCTOR AND MEDICAL SERVICES FREE; STATE AGE, NATIONALITY, SALARY, EXPERIENCE. R N 289 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER

IN OFFICE OF PROMINENT FOOD MANUFACTURING COMPANY; YOUNG LADY 20 TO 25 YEARS OF AGE; UNDERWOOD MACHINE; PERMANENT POSITION; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY TO ADVANCE. HOURS 9 TO 5:30, SATURDAYS 12:30. APPLY, GIVING AGE, EDUCATION AND SALARY DESIRED, Y 784 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER.

Thoroughly experienced, rapid and correct at figuring; good penmanship and knowledge of bookkeeping desirable; state previous employment and salary desired.
F 272 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, for accountant's office; state experience, salary. F 772 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, in law office; only those with legal experience need apply. Suite 501, 302 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, female; $18-$22. Room 711, 96 Warren St., between 10 A. M. and 1 P. M., Monday, Dec. 29.

STENOGRAPHERS, export experienced; state education, references, salary. B 784 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted for foreign concern; references required. Apply 1 Hanover Sq., 43 Broadway.

"NATIONAL"
EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
Madison Terminal Building,
30 Church Street.
Established 1909.
Officers and Directors
Otto T. Bannard.....President
John E. Macy.....Vice President
Francis L. Hine.....Treasurer
Eugene H. Outerbridge.....Secretary
Robert W. De Forest
Nevenah Carlton
Arthur Williams
George Blumenthal
L. F. Loree.

A WOMAN KNOWS
that duties and salary are not the only features to be considered before she engages herself for service.

FOR OVER ELEVEN YEARS
we have been as careful to investigate our employer clients as we have been to check the records of individuals we introduce to them.
The specimens recorded below—like all the rest in our hands—are with firms that we can unhesitatingly endorse.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY—Downtown Export and Trading Company. Expert stenographer, translate French. College girl preferred about 28-30 years. Experienced detail; work, cabling, &c., $40.
BOOKKEEPER—$18, Avenue B Sales Office. Experienced double entry. Be thoroughly competent. $27.
STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY — Downtown; law working secretary, with 5 years' experience; preferably in advertising agency; have good education; be cultured and resourceful; $40.
DICTAPHONE OPERATOR—Expert; executive ability; capable taking entire charge large department; $50 start; rapid advancement, permanent position.
FRENCH - ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER—Downtown bank; thoroughly experienced; dictation both languages; salary according to ability.
LAW STENOGRAPHER — Small downtown office; young college woman preferred; familiar general office details; little bookkeeping; only one other girl in office; nice surroundings and environment; $40.
STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY — Uptown bank; prefer girl with some legal experience, 25-27 years age; at least 4 years' experience; high school graduate; refined, nice appearance necessary; $25 start.
STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY — Uptown importing house; must be very rapid stenographer; pleasing personality; good education; bright, quick; good opportunity; $30 start.
STENOGRAPHER—Very attractive opening in downtown commercial house for stenotypy; prefer girl with some legal experience, but will take one who has 2 years' general stenographic experience; must be smart, rapid, good education and appearance; $27 to start.
SECRETARY—Uptown publishing house; regular hours; must have college education; good working knowledge of stenography; 21-26 years age, A1 personality and appearance; $25-$30; splendid opportunity.
STENOGRAPHER—Downtown bankers; exceptionally fine offices; correspondence department; systematic and accurate; dictation from one man; good opportunity to advance; $25.
STENOGRAPHER—Hudson Terminal Motor Corporation, export department; must have experience in this line and be able to translate and write Spanish; bright, alert, clever; for this good position with reliable concern; $35.
STENOGRAPHER — Downtown commercial house, private office, executive floor; personal work for one of the executives; personality and refinement preferred to experience; high school or college graduate to develop into secretarial position; $22.50.
STENOGRAPHER—Bright beginner for Fifth Avenue department of large public utility concern, buying department; will train in this work; high school education necessary. $20-$22.
STENOGRAPHER—Downtown shipping company; young, good at general detail; reliable business type girl; able to develop into responsible position; start, $20-$22.
STENOGRAPHER — Downtown exporting house; rapid stenographer and typist with several years' exporting experience; A1 appearance, about 22-25 years of age; high grade education; very conservative and reliable business house; splendid opportunity for right type; good advancement; $25.
STENOGRAPHER — Downtown steamship company, claim department; experience along this line necessary; good chance for ambitious girl; immediate opening; $10 to start.
STENOGRAPHER—Downtown exporting and forwarding agents; bright type girl, good at detail and able to take notes rapidly and accurately; high school education; good general experience; $22.
TYPIST—Downtown oil concern; high school or college graduate; interested in writing cards, making out invoices; willing to adjust herself to office with superior personnel; exceptional advantages; $25.
TYPIST—Downtown banking concern; high school graduate; touch system; young type; $22.
RECORD CLERK—Card system; downtown bankers; very fine office and surroundings; familiar with investment business; very good, typist, keep records on board department and list of securities and brokers; $25.
STENOGRAPHER—Small sales office downtown coal company; general stenographic work and clerical duties; high school education essential; few months' experience; $20 start.
STENOGRAPHER—Neat, careful beginner for export company on lower Broadway; younger type preferred; must have some high school education; $18-$20.
FILE CLERK-TYPIST—Chiefly filing; type statements and cards occasionally on Underwood machine; downtown office equipment firm; $18-$20.
TYPIST—Beginner for insurance company, downtown; position in employment department; neat; $65 month start.
CLERK—Position with bank in Jersey City; handle simple ledgers in savings department; must be good penman and have nice personality; $75 month.
FILE CLERK—Hardware firm, near City Hall; library bureau system; experience necessary; $18-$20.
CLERK SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR — Simple filing and general clerical work, handle small Monitor board; publication, near 42d St.; $18.

Call 9-1.
Room 735.

"THE NATIONAL,"
30 Church St.

PERSONNEL EXCHANGE,
26 JOHN ST.

SECY-STENO.—Large volume dictating; $20.
STENO.—Spanish-English; must be high class; salary open.
STENO.—Export; able to do cashiering; $25.
STENO.—Mfg.; handle own correspondence; $25.
COLLEGE WOMAN — Who has taught sewing in public schools; good personality; Pratt Inst. grad, preferred; $30.
TYPIST—Rapid, accurate; $22.
TYPIST—Understand billing; $18.
TYPIST—Beginner; $15.
BKPRS (2)—Opportunity for advancement; $20-$25.
STATISTICAL CLERK—Must have large hotel experience; $20.

HIGH-GRADE BUSINESS WOMEN.
Exceptional opportunities for the ambitious woman and girl in the best business organizations. The right niche assured the woman of experience.

Special personal interest taken in the girl just beginning her life work.

With Best Wishes for the Holiday Season.

ALICE DANA COLTER,
WOMEN'S DEPARTMENT,
EXECUTIVE SERVICE DEPARTMENT,
23 East 42d St., near 5th Av.

J. H. EARLY,
220 West 42d St.

SERVICE is easy to talk about but hard to give—but you will find ours at least personal. Let us negotiate in your behalf.

BABCOCK AGENCY,
507 5TH AV., AT 42D ST.
MANY GOOD OPENINGS.

VANDERBILT 8234.
BLANCHE KOHN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
154 Nassau, Hanover 1231—Bookkeeper, $18 Av., $25; stenographer, 35th St., $22-$25; stenographer, downtown, $22; others, $20-$25; typists, $1,020 yearly; Underwood bookkeeping machine operator, $25; clerks, $15-$18.

BRODY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
220 BROADWAY.
Some excellent opportunities for stenographers, typists, clerks, switchboard operators, &c. $15-$30.
FREE REGISTRATION.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
ROOM 306, 200 BROADWAY.
4 STENOGRAPHERS, $25-$30.
10 TYPISTS, $14-$25.
CHRISTIAN FIRMS.

SECURITY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
61 EAST 42D ST.
Clerks, Typists and Stenographers.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE, Inc.
U. S. Rubber Bldg.
1123 Broadway.
Below are a few of our more urgent openings:
(3) Stenographers, law.....$30
(3) Stenographer, law.....$25
(1) Stenographer, good education with some law.....$125 mo.
(1) Secretary-Stenographer, important, experienced in woodens.....$35 up
(2) Cashier with some bookkeeping.....$20
(1) Stenographer, 2 years' good experience; downtown.....$25
(1) Stenographer, law.....$25
(1) Stenographer-Bookkeeper, Chelsea, uptown.....$25
(1) Spanish - English stenographer.....$25
(1) Stenographer, law.....$20-$22
(4) Stenographer.....$20-$22
(3) Typist, editorial copy work.....$22-$25
(4) Typists.....$20
(2) Typists, engineering.....$20
(2) Stenographer-Bookkeeper, bond experience.....$25
(1) Bookkeeper-Typist.....$25
(1) Elliott-Fisher Operator, bookkeeping work.....$25
(4) Typists, high school education, uptown.....$16
(4) Typist, uptown; engineering experience.....$15-$16
(6) Typists, high school education, downtown.....$15-$16
(1) Dictaphone Operator.....$18
(6) Clerks, high school education.....$15
(1) File Clerk, Newark.....$18
(2) File Clerk, uptown.....$15
(2) Addressograph Operator, Long Island City.....$17
NO ADVANCE CHARGE.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
1 BEEKMAN ST. & PARK ROW.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENO.-SECY.—Electrical concern, uptown, $125 monthly; opportunity.
STENO., ENGINEERING, $25.
STENO., MFG.—Prefer lady over 30 years old; $25.
STENOGRAPHERS—Several law positions open, $25-$30; downtown, uptown.
STENO.-SECY.—Small office; $100 month; numerous positions, $20, $18.
TYPIST, stencil cutter, uptown, $22.
TYPIST, general assistant, downtown, $18.
TYPIST—All-around office assistant, $17.
TYPIST for Protestant organization, uptown, $18.
TYPISTS, beginners, $15.
BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, woman, to take complete charge office uptown, $25.
BOOKKEEPER (Harlem), work in show room, $20.
BOOKKEEPER-STENO.—$25.
OFFICE ASSISTANT—L. I. City, $22.
OFFICE ASSISTANT—Uptown, $18.
OFFICE, beginners, $18.
TELEPHONE OPERATORS, brokerage concerns, downtown, $18-$20.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTING.

We want an energetic young man, not over 30, who has had accounting experience; state experience fully, giving in detail character of work done on books and salary expected; will not waste time interviewing those who do not give full details in replying. T 781 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.
Senior accountants; several openings exist in a young, growing accounting organization for men with broad experience and ability to conduct examinations and audits and write reports with a minimum of supervision; an excellent opportunity awaits the man with exceptional ability; address, giving age, training, experience and salary expected; references will be treated confidentially pending interview. Y 772 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.
A leading firm of certified public accountants has need for several experienced accountants-to take charge of engagements; accountants experienced in preparation of tax returns, also assistant senior accountants; permanent employment at attractive compensation; reply should state experience, age, religion and present connection. S 632 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS FOR THE PERMANENT STAFF OF A FIRM OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS; A FEW ACCOUNTANTS OF SENIOR AND HIGHER GRADE, WITH PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE AT MAKING MONTHLY AND PERIODIC AUDITS; WORKING KNOWLEDGE OF TAX LAW DESIRABLE; AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR AMBITIOUS MEN; WRITE FULLY. S 507 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANTS, EXPERT COMPTOMETER OPERATORS, AS JUNIORS ON THE PERMANENT STAFF OF A FIRM OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS; ACCOUNTING EXPERIENCE PREFERABLE BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR RAPID DEVELOPMENT. S 506 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANTS.
A LEADING FIRM NEEDS FIRST-CLASS SENIORS AND JUNIORS; STATE AGE, SALARY EXPECTED, PUBLIC ACCOUNTING EXPERIENCE (FULL RECORD) AND REFERENCES. AUDIT. 347 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT TO TAKE CHARGE OF ACCOUNTING WORK IN A FACTORY; SHOULD BE FAMILIAR WITH CONTROL ACCOUNTS AND ALSO WITH THE FIGURING OF COSTS; IN REPLY STATE YOUR EXPERIENCE, AGE, NATIONALITY AND SALARY DESIRED. T 559 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANTS—Several La Salle trained senior and semi-senior accountants, experience in C. P. A. office desirable; apply Mr. Cornelius, La Salle Placement Department, 112 W. 42d St.

ACCOUNTANT—Certified public accountant requires experienced man, one who has been employed for yearly audits; junior accountant; give full particulars and salary. F 796 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, desired by firm of public accountants; one who has held such position with another firm; reply should state religion, salary expected, record of education and experience. S 502 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted, seniors, capable of taking full charge of audits and examinations and preparing reports thereon. Apply in person to Townsend, Dix & Pogson, 220 Broadway. Ask for Mr. Grigswood.

ACCOUNTANT, senior or semi-senior, familiar with income tax, by firm of public accountants; give full experience and salary. A 638 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Experienced senior or semi-senior, by firm of certified public accountants; state age, education, experience, salary, &c. S 639 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, wants solicitor to procure additional clients, Box 146, City Hall Station.

ACCOUNTANT certified (N. Y.) by practicing firm of accountants, to entertain partnership or other arrangement. S 670 Times.

ADJUSTER—First-class automobile property damage adjuster, capable of taking charge of metropolitan automobile property damage claim department of a large insurance company. Y 759 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING COPY WRITER.

One of our associates, located in the metropolitan district, requires a man capable of writing retail installment furniture copy. You must be familiar with such work. We will only consider an applicant who has proved successful for other clients, as we cannot experimnet with a novice. Our work can be arranged to consume afternoons only. Apply only in writing, stating past associations in our and other lines.

ASSOCIATED FURNITURE DEALERS OF NEW YORK,
32 UNION SQUARE.

ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVE.
The Jewish Tribune, with the largest net paid circulation of any English printed Jewish weekly published in America, requires a high class, experienced advertising representative with an established, first-class advertising agencies and local advertisers; drawing account against liberal commission to the right party. For interview address, with reference, qualifications and experience, direct by email to The Jewish Tribune, 141 West 23d St.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR wanted to handle semi-monthly periodical to be published in the interests of New York City development; the man we want should have personality, aggressiveness and an acquaintanceship among public institutions, banks, hotels, real estate brokers, &c.; the first issue, of 25,000, will be published Jan. 1; drawing account against a liberal commission to the right party. Address full information as to references, experience and qualifications to S 626 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT—Is there a young man in New York, good typist, neat, quick, willing to make some salary sacrifice to tie up with one of the best known advertising men in this country? Give age, education, typewriter used; salary expected. Write only, Room 1219, Candler Bldg., New York City.

ADVERTISING—Solicitor or copy writer, controlling clientele; paying commission. "Merchants," Y 12 Times Downtown.

BOY.
FREE EDUCATION, FREE LUNCHEONS, BONUS AND GOOD SALARY FOR BRIGHT, NEAT APPEARING BOY TO ACT AS PAGE IN PROMINENT DOWNTOWN BANK; MUST BE GRAMMAR SCHOOL GRADUATE AND AT LEAST 16 YEARS OF AGE. ANSWER IN OWN HANDWRITING, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS CONCERNING YOURSELF.
P. O. BOX 80 ST. PAUL BLDG.

BOY
A bright boy at least 16 years old for office of old-established retail house located in Grand Central district. Write fully, stating age, experience and nationality of parents. T 540 Times.

BOY.
An opportunity exists in a public accounting office for a boy with high school education; address, giving age, training, references and salary expected. V 721 Times Downtown.

BOY—LARGE LACE AND EMBROIDERY HOUSE; GOOD FUTURE FOR BRIGHT, HONEST CONSCIENTIOUS BOY. CALL MONDAY A. M. B. & A. STERN, 96 5TH AV.

BOYS—Advertising agency wants bright American boys, 16 to 18 years old, to file newspapers, open second-class mail and be messenger duties; if you are not anxious to work and with ambition do not apply. Harry Porter Co., 18 West 44th St.

BOYS, 15-16 years of age, wanted in large downtown fire insurance office; must be bright and willing workers; answer stating religion and salary expected. H 971 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, wanted in the office of a large silk house; must be quick and not afraid of work; rapid advancement assured; state age, religion and salary expected. S 518 Times.

BOY, residing near 135th & 5th Av., office boy in large company; easy hours, 1 P. M. on Saturday; rapid advancement; state age, salary and religion. A 3053 Times, Harlem.

BOY, about 16, for general office work; chance for advancement; $12 to start. Apply Room 2101, 111 Broadway, Tuesday, evening after 5 o'clock.

BOY—In office of a high-class monthly magazine; hours 9 to 5; half day Saturday; excellent opportunity for advancement; write or call. 287 Lexington Av.

BOY, assistant, office of large architect; splendid opportunity for bright boy willing to work. L 805 Times Downtown.

BOY, deliver light packages and assist driver of delivery auto. Apply Manager, main floor, 386 Madison Av.

BOY for insurance company, to run errands. H 999 Times Downtown.

BRANCH MANAGER,
SECURITY SALESMEN.
Established Wall Street house, enviable reputation, expanding its sales organization; men of experience preferred though not essential; highest references required; commission only. E. T. H., P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York.

BROKER wanted, milk and cotton goods, excellent opportunity for one who has large following and can produce results. Large quantities of goods available; give full particulars in application. Write P. T., 280 Presbyterian Bldg.

BROKERS, real estate, experienced, young, wanted by old-established Christian realty firm; give age, experience, all particulars. V 758 Times Downtown.

BUYER OF MILLINERY; MUST BE MAN OF LONG EXPERIENCE IN GENERAL BUYING OF THIS LINE; THE POSITION REQUIRES THAT HE BUY MILLINERY DEPARTMENTS; MUST HAVE GENERAL KNOWLEDGE OF SUPERVISING AND MANAGING DEPARTMENTS; A REFERENCE QUALITY STORE; AN EXCELLENT POSITION FOR RIGHT MAN; STIPULATED SALARY AND COMMISSION BASIS TO BE AGREED UPON; GIVE FULL DETAILS UNDER THIS HEAD. APPLICATION MAY BE FULLY AND JUSTLY CONSIDERED. H. B., 304 TIMES.

BUYER AND MANAGER
to organize and operate underpriced basement store in old established and prosperous department store; position effective on or about Jan. 1; an assistant even of the large basement stores would be considered; splendid opportunity; state salary expected. Address The Edward Wren Co., Springfield, Ohio.

BUYER
for muslin and silk underwear, corsets and infants' wear departments; must have been successful and have best references; state salary expected in first letter; store is prosperous and established 20 years. Address The Edward Wren Co., Springfield, Ohio.

BUYER familiar with all shipping and Consular invoice requirements for Mexico and Central America; must have had experience; no attention given to replies failing to state salary expected and previous experience. H 905 Times Downtown.

BUYER for resident buyer's office to purchase hosiery, sweaters, underwear and boys' clothing; one thoroughly familiar with these lines; state age, experience and salary expected. S 512 Times.

CANVASSERS, experienced man, thoroughly capable of organizing reliable selling crews, to market popular brand of quick action household volume; liberal commission basis. Address Box 23, Bush Terminal Station, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CANVASSERS—Hosiery mill starting selling campaign direct to consumer; unusual proposition for experienced salesmen; salary and commission; apply personally with unquestionable references, 36 5th Av., Room 12.

CANVASSER for household necessity; only live wire considered; commission and prospects. S 534 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, high priced car, with shop experience and at least 2 years driving experience with private family; state full particulars. Y 77 Times Downtown.

CHEMIST, PHARMACEUTICAL EXPERT, ENGRD IN MANUFACTURING OF U. S. P. AND N. F. TOILET PREPARATION, TO ORGANIZE AND TAKE FULL CHARGE OF MANUFACTURING LABORATORY FOR A WELL-ESTABLISHED DRUG HOUSE; MUST ALSO HAVE EXPERIENCE IN ALL ANALYTICAL WORK AS STANDARDIZING WORK REQUIRED IN A PHARMACEUTICAL LABORATORY. WRITE, STATING EXPERIENCE IN DETAIL, DRUG DIST. CO., 3,639 3D AV.

CHIEF DRAFTSMAN wanted for assembly of engineering drafting in connection with large construction program for pulp-pulpite mill development; give full detailed information with references first letter; plants now preferred. Riordon Company Limited, Montawa, Ontario, Canada.

CLERK in insurance broker's office to examine policies; must be experienced and familiar with exchange rules; state salary. S 648 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR wanted for mercantile collection house; none but experienced apply; salary. Weiss & Weiss, 3 West 29th St.

COLLEGE MEN WANTED.
SELL OUR SAFETY RAZORS.
Do you need or want some extra money while you are going through school? A concern of the highest standing manufacturing an internationally known article used by every man, offers an opportunity to one or two live men in every college; no subscription work; no actual solicitation necessary; an opportunity to make a valuable and highly profitable connection, which will in no way interfere with your school work; the right men can easily make $2,500 by next Commencement; commission basis; your reply will be treated confidentially and answered in a plain envelope. Address Zimmerman & Co., Circle Studio Building, New York City.

COUPLE, chauffeur, house man; wife, cook, laundress. 46 West 86th St.

CREDIT CORRESPONDENT.
A man with actual experience in the credit department of a men's clothing or furnishing house or with some other manufacturer or wholesaler whose line would be of interest to men's wear retail trade.
A permanent position at a good salary with a house of over 80 years' standing is offered to such a man. Send full particulars to Box 682, 200 Cable Bldg.

CREW MANAGERS for a subscription force in a direct-to-manufacturer cooperative buying association; references required; commission basis. W. A., 130 Times Downtown.

DENTIST, gentleman; bridge worker; real ability as high-class associate; references. Y 2169 Times Annex.

DESIGNER, upholstery, on draperies and interior decorations; excellent opportunity for one who understands this business thoroughly. B 1021 Times Annex.

DOCTOR wanted in workmen's compensation, claim department of prominent insurance company for work entirely unconnected with examination or treatment of patients; partly office work, which may be done outside the office interviewing policy holders; in reply state age, education, experience, medical school and general business experience. V 770 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, for general department of prominent architect; only experienced man wanted; state previous employers and salary expected. L 906 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN for sheet metal marking; must understand geometry; also able figure stamped leather and enamel; bring specimens of work and references. Sly-Products Recoveries, Inc., top floor, 328 7th Av.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, experienced in laying out steel; time-negative experiments from sketches; state experience in detail and salary required. S 666 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, electrical, one familiar with switchboard layout work; none others need apply. Huntington Electric Mfg. Co., 467 10th Av.

DRAFTSMAN, to do temporary work, must be good letterer; state experience and salary required; inclose sample of work. A 822 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced, architectural, with knowledge of design; steady position. Meyhaus & Lidinger, 56 Liberty St.

DYER WANTED
EXPERIENCED
ON SILK, WOOL, COTTON,
FOR LARGE GARMENT DYE HOUSE;
EXECUTIVE ABILITY,
KNOWLEDGE OF CHEMISTRY DESIRED;
STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, SALARY.
BOX 490, 309 CABLE BLDG.

EDITOR and advertising solicitor, young man who can take charge of weekly newspaper; salary $30 and commission. S 444 Times.

EDITOR familiar with tire and automobile retail industry; must have trade paper experience; state experience and salary at start. B 408 Times.

ELECTRICAL MEN wanted, graduate engineers preferred; necessary have had experience on underground or overhead cable construction; apply Superintendent, Room 9-30 and 1, Murray & Co., 74 Broadway, N. Y.

EMBOSSER, experienced on Sheridan continuous feed presses, to work about 30 miles from New York; position permanent, very unusual opportunity, and must be of high qualifications required; give in strict confidence names of present and former employers; state age, nationality, wages wanted, telephone number. K 230 Times.

ENGINEER wanted, experienced in heating and ventilating work; state experience and salary desired. B 490 Times.

EXECUTIVE
R. H. MACY & CO., INC., REQUIRE IN THEIR BANKING DEPARTMENT AN ASSISTANT, 25 TO 30 YEARS OF AGE, WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE IN FOREIGN EXCHANGE; MUST BE ALERT AND OF PLEASING PERSONALITY, AND CONVERSANT WITH THE GENERAL DUTIES PERTAINING TO CONTACT WITH THE PUBLIC.
APPLY ONLY IN WRITING TO EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, GIVING FULL PARTICULARS AS TO AGE, EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE.

EXECUTIVE.
Assistant who will develop rapidly; must be thrifty, alert, of pleasing address, absolutely reliable; fundamental skills to help with business heads and to write convincingly; knowledge of business principles, state experience, education, salary. Address A. E., 804 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.
A man of executive ability as manager of high-class chain-store bakeries; willing to take charge of a central office located in Connecticut; must be familiar with prices and capable of buying and inaugurating system preventing waste; good salary and chance of interest; must have first-class references. A 815 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN—Electric married man, top manager, having successfully held above rank will be considered for position of route foreman of a parcel delivery system; permanent position; salary made attractive to right man; state age and particulars all previous positions. B 820 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.

A TYPIST WHO IS AMBITIOUS, INTELLIGENT AND SERIOUS IS WANTED IN THE SALES ORGANIZATION OF A CHRISTIAN CORPORATION. AN EXCELLENT FUTURE EXISTS.

APPLY MONDAY BETWEEN 11 A. M. AND 12 NOON, TO COMMERCIAL SUPERINTENDENT, 5TH FLOOR, 130 CENTRE ST.

TYPISTS—Salary will depend upon qualifications; state age, experience, education, whether now employed, salary have been earning and amount willing to start with to prove ability; applications treated confidentially. T 541 Times.

TYPISTS.

CHRISTIAN FIRM WANTS TYPISTS WITH SOME KNOWLEDGE OF SHORTHAND; GOOD AT FIGURES; MODERATE SALARY. APPLY
5TH FLOOR, 234 WEST 27TH.

TYPIST.

An exceptional opportunity for clean-cut girl over 16 years old who wishes to work with other worth-while girls among pleasant surroundings; experience not necessary; hours, 8:30, Saturday 12:30; advancement dependent entirely upon ability; state age, education. D. H., 873 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, experienced on Underwood machine; good pay. Apply Monday, Hoover, 117 West 46th St., 8th floor.

TYPIST and relief telephone operator wanted by prominent advertising firm; position offers ambitious girl excellent chance to advance. Reply, stating age, experience, salary expected, &c., B 756 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—Must be accurate at figures; Christian firm; state in own handwriting age and salary expected. C. H., 805 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, by Christian firm, with some experience, to assist in office work; also beginner considered; state salary. Write T. C., Box 42, 1,358 Broadway.

TYPIST—Call Monday. Rural New Yorker, 333 West 30th St.

WAITRESS for occasional parties; thoroughly competent, experienced white woman. Write, giving references and all particulars, Y 2290 Times Annex.

WOMAN—Not under 25, with normal or college education and recent teaching experience, to sell "Journeys"; experience unnecessary; salary guaranteed to start; opportunity of earning $2,000 to $3,500 per year. W. H. Ducker, 1 West 34th St.

WOMAN about 35, cultured and refined, capable of securing special interviews with society women along the lines of Americanism; experience not essential; $25, with increase to $75 when competent. T 539 Times.

WOMAN, tactful, well educated, to present educational system in South; business experience not essential; $1,200 salary first year; bonus and transportation. T 534 Times.

WOMAN, experienced and capable bookkeeper and stenographer, to take complete charge of new department. Rice Import Co., 17 East 16th St.

WOMAN or couple to act as Superintendent in small private apartment building and to cook for owner; good quarters and arrangements. Write only. "H., 302 West 86th.

YOUNG LADY WANTED TO WORK IN STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT, INSURANCE COMPANY; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR PARTY INTERESTED IN FIGURES; SALARY NOT EXCEEDING $20 WEEKLY. REPLY VERY FULLY TO BOX A. L. L., 60 ST. PAUL BLDG., N. Y.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS—Secretarial school. For 25 years practically all of New York's 300 words minute secretaries, court, law experts, earnings over $50 weekly, received Lusk training. New Pitmanic lightning phrases, invented by Frank Lusk, give stenographers 300 words minute faster than old-fashioned, so-called champions. Beginners' courses; speeding; day, evening; correspondence. Lusk Institute, 229 West 42d St. Telephone Bryant 9136.

DON'T BE A "JOB-HUNTER."
With our school back of you positions are always available. Over 5,000 graduates holding positions in which we have placed them after a brief course of Instruction. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses. Call for particulars or send for catalog.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
1,170 Broadway, at 28th St.
Phone Madison Square 6087.

ELLIOTT-FISHER TRAINING SCHOOLS,
16th Year—8,000 Graduates—10,000 Positions.
3 to 14 week courses in Mechanical Bookkeeping. Day or Evening Classes.
Profession pays $18-$40.
FREE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE.
Write for Booklet "T," or
Call for Free Demonstration.
ROOM 415, 160 NASSAU ST., N. Y. C.

MOON'S
SECRETARIAL
SCHOOLS.
For 30 and 60 day courses.
Stenography, 30 days; secretarial, 60 days; standing contracts with largest firms for our graduates; free trial lessons. 50 East 42d St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
542-544 5th Av. (45th St.).
The oldest and pre-eminently the most successful; prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions. Write for Catalogue 9

by a downtown bank; must be thoroughly trained, best experience. State full particulars and salary desired. Only those possessing full qualifications need apply. Write S. S., 600 W. Post Building.

FOREMAN.

Good experienced foreman on middle-class line of coats; must be capable of handling an entire factory; fine opportunity for right party, having excellent references in all respects. F E 843 Times.

FIELD AGENTS.

HUDSON COUNTY, PASSAIC COUNTY, New Jersey.

Two intelligent, self-reliant men with real sales ability to take charge of these territories for a national credit service corporation, established over 25 years, the leader in this line; position leads to future advancement and will yield a good income to men who can earn the friendship and obtain repeat business from old clients; require statement of experience and other essential information in first letter; commission basis. Address Dept. 2, P. O. Box 463, Newark, N.J.

GARDENER and useful man, able to drive automobile, for small place at Cedarhurst, L. I.; permanent position; $75 monthly, board and lodging. R. M., 288 Times.

GOVERNESS for little girl 4 years old; only thoroughly experienced apply. Lederer, 264 Riverside Drive.

GRAPHTYPE OPERATOR.

Position open for experienced graphotype operator; hours 9-5, Saturday 12:30. a McGraw-Hill, 10th Av. and 36th St.

INK COMPOUNDER—Give experience and wages expected. A 638 Times Downtown.

INSURANCE MANAGER, INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION CARRYING THIRTY MILLION; MUST HAVE HAD BROAD EXPERIENCE SIMILAR POSITION AND BE IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE; INITIAL SALARY $4,000; UNLIMITED OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; APPLICATION MUST GIVE TECHNICAL AND ACCOUNTING QUALIFICATIONS IN DETAIL. B 771 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

INVESTIGATOR WANTED, INVESTIGATE AND ADJUST ACCIDENTS, LIABILITY CLAIMS. LARGE CASUALTY COMPANY; SALARY NOT EXCEEDING $125 MONTHLY. REPLY VERY KELLY TO BOX V. V. V., 609 ST. PAUL BLDG.

JANITOR, young married couple, no children; new select studio apartment; handy with tools and tend fires; choice front $60 apartment, 2 rooms and bath; free rent; steam heat, hot water, electric light, gas; hardwood floor. Call Sunday, Reynolds, 447 West 224 St.

LABORATORY BOY for a chemical laboratory in a research institution; only one studying chemistry in night school or with experience as a helper in a chemical laboratory need answer. S 463 Times.

LEDGER CLERK—Young man, 23-30, good penman, quick and accurate at figures and familiar with general office work; address, stating age, experience and salary expected. S 516 Times.

MAIL SALES DEPARTMENT.

Man between 25-30 years of age to supervise branch office mail sales department.

He must be able to carry out the details of mail sales plans, which are organized at the Home Office.

He must be able to handle people. Of course, he must be able to write good sales letter. If he has had some experience in mail order business it would be desirable, but not essential.

Please answer by letter giving details of your experience, explaining why you think you are fitted for the position, and stating your age and religion.

R. S., 292 Times.

MAN AND WIFE TO CARE FOR SMALL COUNTRY HOUSE AND FAMILY OF THREE; WILL GIVE WHOLE TOP FLOOR, BOARD AND WAGES; MAN MUST BE HANDY ABOUT HOUSE AND WOMAN COOK AND DO HOUSEWORK; MUST HAVE NO CHILDREN. CALL, WRITE OR TELEPHONE SADLER, WEST BROADWAY, WOODMERE, L. I.

MAN with experience as tire salesman among tire dealers, familiar with trade conditions, may utilize his experience in a position with a future as assistant to editor of trade paper covering this field; state experience fully and salary expected. B 466 Times.

MAN, CAPABLE OF TAKING FULL CHARGE OF BAG, BELT AND COMB DEPARTMENT IN WHOLESALE JOBBING FANCY GOODS HOUSE; MUST BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; NONE OTHERS NEED APPLY; STATE QUALIFICATIONS AND SALARY DESIRED. S 442 TIMES.

MAN, familiar with linens, white goods, &c., for hotel, institution and hospital requirements; state particulars. F 790 Times Downtown.

MAN or couple to act as superintendent in small private apartment building and to cook fo rowner; good quarters and arrangements; write only. "H.," 301 West 88th St.

MAN experienced, to take charge of handkerchief factory in New Jersey; steady position; state experience, references and salary desired. B 702 Times Downtown.

MAN to take charge of steel sash erection and glazing; must be thoroughly familiar with work; big opportunity for right man. F 3250 Times Annex.

MANAGER ELECTRICAL APPLIANCE.

Man qualified by experience as manager and sales promoter for electrical appliance specialty, featuring especially electric washers; must be competent to manage service and sales. Apply by letter only, General Manager,

H. BATTERMAN CO.,
Broadway & Graham Av., Brooklyn.

MANAGER—Silk department manager wanted by a large silk manufacturing firm, having their own mills and New York selling house; position is an inside one, calling for general ability as house salesman and knowledge of domestic silks. Opportunity for advancement is good, dependent on ability and initiative. Reply in confidence, with full particulars. S 523 Times.

MANAGER—A national corporation has immediate opening in one of their accounting clerical, located in the vicinity of New York, for a man capable of taking charge of the bookkeeping division of their credit department. Address Box S 652 Times Downtown, giving age, experience and present salary; also state date services will be available.

MANAGER
for a high-class retail millinery store at Worcester, Mass.; no mere floorwalker, but man experienced in the line, able to handle people as well as to display hats; capable of intelligent co-operation with central office of a chain; suitable inducements to properly qualified man.

A. FRUCHTER,
22 WEST 38TH.

MANAGER and Superintendent wanted, thoroughly experienced, for phonograph factory located in New York State; address, with full particulars, past experience, references, &c.; confidential. Write K. C., 1,214 Wilson Building.

MANAGER wanted, one who understands dry goods and house furnishings, also to dress windows; a live wire wanted; good pay to the right party; married man preferred. Apply B. Streiff, 110 Smith St., Perth Amboy, N. J.

MANAGER AND WINDOW DRESSER, experienced in taking full charge of specialty waist store out of town; excellent opportunity for a capable live wire. Apply Kaufman Blouse Shop, 16 West 36th St.

MANAGER-BUYER, knowledge of imported spectacles, acquainted with foreign markets; exceptional opportunity for competent party. S 530 Times.

MANAGER-BUYER, thorough knowledge beads, acquainted with domestic consumers and foreign sources supply; good opportunity. S 529 Times.

MANAGER

Wanted, experienced man, American, as manager for restaurant and lunch room; give full particulars, references; confidential. B 782 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, at least ten years' experience on steam, stations and industrial plant equipment; high-class man only; state age, education, experience and salary expected. B 750 Times Downtown.

MEN wanted for exceptional opportunity; only an opportunity to show their merit and convert their energy and ambition into attractive income. The applicants accepted will be given a thorough training with constructive assistance in selling securities; a permanent connection with substantial income on commission basis is assured. Apply OLD SECURITIES CORPORATION, 309 5th Av., after 10 o'clock.

MEN WANTED

for business organization work; must be of good address, have attractive personality, well read, able to speak before meetings of business men, capable of directing others, knowledge of the printing business not essential but desirable; good salaries paid from beginning to successful applicants; reply by letter, giving synopsis of qualifications and experience.

UNITED TYPOTHETAE OF AMERICA,
608 South Dearborn St.,
Chicago, Ill.

MEN wanted to sell dependable fruit trees and shrubbery; big demand; complete cooperation; commission paid weekly; write for terms, Williams Sons' Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

MILLINERY DESIGNER,

HIGH CLASS; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY; ALL COMMUNICATIONS CONFIDENTIAL. E H 186 TIMES.

MILLINERY.

WE HAVE OPENINGS FOR A NUMBER OF EXPERIENCED MILLINERS AND COPTISTS; ALL-YEAR POSITIONS TO COMPETENT AND DESIRABLE WORKERS. APPLY BY MAIL ONLY, STATING EXPERIENCE, TRINNER, 57 WEST 38TH.

MILLINERY—ASSISTANT MANAGER.

Have excellent opportunity for advancement for young man as assistant to manager in our Chicago store; excellent opportunity for young man versed in retail millinery preferred. Written applications or personal interview Tuesday, Dec. 21. Emporium World Millinery Co., 621 Broadway, New York City.

MOVIES—An expert to handle foreign film, unique features; few hours daily to start; later full time; salary. Address M. O., 200 Times.

NECKWEAR SALESMEN.

WE WANT MEN'S NECKWEAR SALESMEN, REAL LIVE WIRES ONLY; BIG SALESMEN WITH LARGE NECKWEAR TRADE NEED APPLY, AS OUR PROPOSITION WILL ONLY BE TO SUCH MEN; TO A SALESMAN WITH LARGE TRADE WE WILL OFFER A BIG PROPOSITION; APPLICATIONS TREATED STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL; SALARY OR COMMISSION BASIS.

I. ISAAC & CO.,
880 BROADWAY, N. Y.

NIGHT PORTER in small office building, to clean and dust office; salary $22 per week with extras; state age, experience and last position. B 1052 Times Harlem.

OFFICE BOY wanted in old established banking house; splendid opportunity for a boy about 16; other boys employed with this house who have shown ability and willingness to work are now holding important positions. Address, giving age, personal references and salary expected, T. L., P. O. Box 377, City Hall Station, New York

OFFICE BOY in executive's office of large daily newspaper; splendid opportunity for advancement for bright, neat, intelligent boy; state age and salary desired. S 1034 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY wanted by export house; neat appearing, who is acquainted with locations in New York City; salary $30 per month. Address Y 2280 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY, 17, American, by Christian firm; excellent opportunity; salary $12. Miller Tompkins Co., 485 Washington St.

OFFICE CLERK, about 17, accurate at figures; fair penman; salary $15. A 929 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY wanted; bright; wholesale dry goods house. Crompton Richmond, 31 East 31st.

OFFICE MAN.

Large corporation requires single man, 26-28, some drafting experience with architect or contracting firm necessary; permanent position, with excellent opportunity for advancement to right party; state salary expected and full particulars Y 774 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER—Alert young man, thorough knowledge of bookkeeping, very able executive organization in charge of full charge of busy mercantile office; state age, experience in detail, salary desired. S 450 Times Downtown.

ORGANIZER, General—Large established corporation is open to employ a man able to organize the sale of high-class salesmen territory where you live; U. S.; a man who has had life insurance experience preferred; this is a big opportunity for the man who can qualify; replies held strictly confidence; state experience, salary, &c. S 445 Times.

PACKER—Housefurnishings expert wanted in packing china and glassware, also crating; good salary; only experienced need apply. Oliver A. Olson, Broadway at 79th.

PHOTOGRAPHIC RETOUCHERS, on fine portrait work. Underwood & Underwood, 417 5th Av.

PHYSICIAN WANTED

for G. U. office work; write fully, stating age, experience and salary desired. Address P. O. Box 776, Buffalo, N. Y.

POCKETBOOK or leather specialty maker wanted; one who has executive ability and a thorough knowledge in this line; factory located in Newark; in replying state age, past experience and salary expected. Address Pocketbook, Box 2234 Times Annex.

PORTER, NIGHT, WHOLESALE MILLINERY HOUSE. ADDRESS GIVING REFERENCES, AGE, WHERE LAST EMPLOYED. A. C., 236 TIMES.

PURCHASING AGENT

wanted by large metal manufacturer; give full particulars regarding education, experience, age, nationality, salary expected and when available. B. O., 397 Times.

RATE CLERK, experienced in reading and interpreting railroad freight tariffs and agency tariffs in all territories; steady position offered experienced man; good salary; give experience and reference. F 775 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE OFFICE requires live wire in leasing department; must be cleancut and energetic; commission basis; strictly Christian organization. Apply in detail, by letter only, Chester Clark, 42 Broadway.

REPRESENTATIVE WAIST HOUSE

wants A1 salesman for New England, Pennsylvania, New York and Middle West States to sell a crack line of popular priced silk waists, second to none; only those can show good past records need apply; state past annual sales; applications kept confidential; strict commission. C 311 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE — A large and well known corporation, manufacturing paper products, is desirous of extending and establishing business connections in Continental Europe and the Levant; a representative of ability and responsibility is required, capable of speaking necessary languages fluently; must be qualified to interview foreign Government officials and conduct important business negotiations. Reply with full particulars stating age, nationality and salary desired. F 247 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE—A large manufacturing corporation desires an experienced representative to market its product and travel in South America; must be able to speak Spanish fluently; the article to be marketed is a paper product; answers should give full particulars as to age, nationality, previous positions held, whether married or single and salary desired. F 246 Times.

ROOM CLERK (day), for hotel, Times Square section, with previous hotel or apartment rentling experience; state age, experience, references. K 245 Times.

SALESMEN
PERFUMERY AND TOILET GOODS.

Representatives having a thorough acquaintance with buyers over Southern, Western and Pacific Coast territories and who feel qualified to sell an exclusive high-class line of

CELLULOID TOILETWARE

for a well-known manufacturer; salary and commission. Box 647, 200 Cable Building.

SALESMEN wanted; strictly commission basis; good, smart young salesmen, with experience for madras drapery fabrics, Pennsylvania and New Jersey; others than energetic, experienced men need not apply. Reply by letter, stating experience, J. W. Henson Company, 141-147 5th Av.

SALESMEN—Sell Unikit during spare time, handsome commission, new patent, made in gold and silver, like expensive, small fountain pen, contains entire manicuring outfit; men and women buy it on sight; will furnish leads to reputable persons. Unikit Co., 95 Madison Av.

SALESMAN.

High-class ex-service man, preferably officer, to do advance work on the sources records of the World's Wars; our high-class capable men make around $900 weekly, combining salary and commission. Call 10 to 12:30, Room 1904, 30 Church St.

SALESMEN.

EXPERIENCED MEN ONLY, PREFERABLY OWNING CARS, TO COVER CERTAIN TERRITORIES INTENSIVELY WITH COMPLETE LINES WILTON, AXMINSTER AND TAPESTRY RUGS AND LINOLEUM; THIS IS A SPLENDID CHANCE FOR HIGH-CLASS MEN ONLY AND WITH CLEAR RECORDS; REMUNERATION BASED ON COMMISSION WITH AMPLE DRAWING AND LIVING ACCOUNT TO THOSE WHO QUALIFY.

T 384 TIMES.

SALESMEN—The men I want will eagerly seize this opportunity, strictly commission basis, no drawing account; we pay your expenses, supply you with leads and back you up with a steady advertising campaign; our business is real estate development; the property is Wykagyl Park, a tract of 250 acres in New Rochelle, plots in the range of one acre; heavy improvements now, $10,000; we are spending thousands of dollars extending old and installing new improvements and will make this the livest development in suburban New York; opportunity is looking at the door of two good salesmen who can sell and have some knowledge of real estate; if you are the type of salesman that makes excuses for your failure, I'm not interested; if you can go-get-it signed, I want you to become associated with us. Phone Vanderbilt 1078 for appointment.

SALESMEN.

One-call salesmen, experienced in the selling of service to small merchants, employers and laborers, who knows he can sell and can prove it, are wanted to join the strongest, soundest, squarest, livest sales organization in America, now operating 24 branches and rapidly growing; we need branch managers, supervisors and assistant sales managers, all of whom are recruited from our sales force; the highest commissions, largest bonuses, most liberal prize and every cooperation offered; highest bank and commercial references and absolutely square deal to the public; Chicago sales manager will interview applicants on Dec. 22 and 24; give phone number. Address Y 2262 Times Annex.

SALESMEN

to sell service; salesmen and men who desire to learn the selling profession. Does $60 the first week, $70 the second, $80 the third and so on. Interest you? A responsible Chicago corporation desires to increase its local sales force. Their director of sales will be in New York on Dec. 23 for the purpose of passing upon selected applicants for positions. Strictly commission basis, no drawing account, no advances, but a real opportunity for large earnings for sincere, hard working men. Send phone number and complete details to Y 2281 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, lubricating oils, with executive ability; refinery and consumer selling experience desirable; must have acquaintance with Eastern jobbers; college graduate preferred. Reply, giving full particulars, age, experience, salary, references. V 751 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, BY IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER OF FLOWERS AND FEATHERS; ONLY THOSE WITH ESTABLISHED TRADE APPLY; NEW YORK STATE; SALARY BASIS. HOCHEIMER, 706 BROADWAY.

SALESMEN—Auto tires; we can use several salesmen who are in a position to work on a strictly commission proposition; only those able to earn large commissions need apply, as we do not want any depending on a drawing account; we want producers, and those employed at present on a commission basis are preferable; call for an interview Monday or Tuesday.

GORDON RUBBER & RUBBER CO.,
136 West 65th St.

SALESMAN FOR NEW YORK AND VICINITY WITH ACQUAINTNCE AND SUCCESSFUL SALES RECORD AMONG MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH GRADE WOMEN'S SHOES, TO REPRESENT ON COMMISSION BASIS DIRECT MILL AGENTS' SUPERIOR LINE OF SHOE SATINS; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY; ALL APPLICATIONS CONFIDENTIAL. ADDRESS "SHOES," ROOM 1407 TIMES BLDG.

SALESMEN, UMBRELLAS, FOR FOLLOWING TERRITORIES: PENNSYLVANIA, VIRGINIA, WEST VIRGINIA, OHIO, INDIANA, ILLINOIS, WISCONSIN, MICHIGAN, IOWA, KANSAS, MINNESOTA AND NEW YORK STATE; SALARY AND COMMISSION; ONLY MEN WITH ESTABLISHED TRADE NEED APPLY. BOX 587, 209 CABLE BLDG.

SALESMEN, TRAVELING AND RESIDENT, FOR THE BEST LINE INFANTS' WOOL FLANNEL WEAR, &c.; SIDE LINE; ALL TERRITORIES EXCEPT GREATER NEW YORK; THOSE WELL ACQUAINTED AND CALLING ON INFANTS' WEAR TRADE NEED ANSWER; COMMISSION. M290 TIMES.

SALESMAN—Young man of strong personality, plus ability to present a high-class proposition intelligently to woman, can make splendid commission with leading manufacturer of household necessities; we require $4,000 to $5,000 yearly is in sight; in answering give history of past performances and tell us why you believe you are the man we want. S 635 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, LIVE WIRE,

20 to 50, college man preferred, to sell correspondence courses for nationally known school; permanent, dignified, commission business; no previous experience necessary; must be live, aggressive, nervy hustler; can earn $100 weekly. B 368 Times.

SALESMAN—PROMINENT LADIES' NECKWEAR, BOUDOIR CAP HOUSE REQUIRES REPRESENTATIVE OHIO, MICHIGAN, INDIANA; ALSO REPRESENTATIVE ILLINOIS, IOWA, MISSOURI; &c., WITH ACQUAINTANCE SAME OR KINDRED LINE; COMMISSION, DRAWING ACCOUNT. BOX 638, 209 CABLE BLDG.

SALESMEN,

by large wholesale notion and fancy goods house; none but men with a following need apply; salary or commission; state age, present territory and experience. Apply by letter only to Sales Manager, Berg Bros., 478 Broadway.

SALESMAN—RETAIL SALESMAN FOR HIGH-CLASS LINENS AND LACES; ONLY THOSE WITH THOROUGH EXPERIENCE AND WILLING TO TRAVEL NEED APPLY; SALARY BASIS. BOX 639, 209 CABLE BLDG.

SALESMAN, securities, wanted, with ability to sell Dusenberg Automobile and Motors Company, on commission, 8 per cent. preferred stock; exceptional sales record established. Dusenberg Automobile and Motors Company, Inc., 5 Columbus Circle.

SALESMEN calling on factories, New York, Newark and vicinity, to sell belt dressing and preserver, whole, part time, or side line; commission and bonus; credit on repeat orders. Address, with particulars, Permanent, 712 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—Large tire manufacturer of national reputation desires high-class salesman familiar with tire jobbing trade in New York and New England territories; state experience and salary required; Christian firm. S 457 Times.

SALESMAN, CARRY SIDE LINE OF NOVELTY VEILINGS; LIBERAL COMMISSION; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR MAN WITH KINDRED LINE; DENVER TO COAST AND OTHER TERRITORY. F 280 TIMES.

SALESMEN, thoroughly familiar with toy trade in New England; excellent opportunity; two other territories; open for wide-awake young men; toy experience unnecessary; drawing account against commission. F 228 Times.

SALESMAN, ladies' neckwear; young man also willing to make himself generally useful; good chance for ambitious party; state age, experience and salary expected. E B 102 Times.

SALESMEN calling on department stores and women's specialty shops to carry as side line on commission, small, compact selection of smartest styles silk underwear and negligees. Damsey, 201 East 16th St.

SALESMEN for ladies' neckwear; popular-priced line; preferably one having side line of laces; or veilings; state territory and give full particulars; commission basis. E D 104 Times.

SALESMAN, upholstery, with following among high-class interior decorators and department stores; must understand embroidered goods. B 1023 Times Annex.

SALESMEN—Knit goods; mill to jobber; all territories; commission basis; for attention to reply give experience. Address V 280 Times.

SALESMAN wanted; prefer one with experience in selling hand trucks and wheels on commission basis. Reply in own handwriting. S 461 Times.

SALESMEN to carry a line of veilings and nettings in conjunction with kindred line, out-of-town territory; commission basis. S 454 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, Southern territory, kimonos and negligees; commission basis. Y 2235 Times Annex.

SALESMEN—Hosiery; all territories; mill to jobber; state experience and references; commission basis. V 251 Times.

SALESMAN, to call on cutting-up trade, with Swiss organdines; man with following preferred; commission basis. B 346 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced selling small tools, to sell device preventing breakage small drills; liberal commission. B 306 Times.

SALESMEN, selling to offices, stationery, leather goods stores; salary, commission; side line. H 940 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.

Publishers of the Book of Knowledge want three additional men of good personality to call on their customers with a new, low priced publication; $25 a day on commission basis. Mr. Forster, 2 West 45th St., seventh floor.

SALESMAN to handle high-grade line of corsets in established and profitable Eastern territory; good salary, expense account and commission; give references, experience and salary expected. Address Advertiser, care H. C. Bankers, 509 Owen Building, Detroit, Mich.

SALESMEN—Sell Unikit during spare time, handsome commission, new patent, made in gold and silver, like expensive, small fountain pen, contains entire manicuring outfit; men and women buy it on sight; will furnish leads to reputable persons. Unikit Co., 95 Madison Av.

SALESMEN—We want experienced salesmen to sell our line of sweater novelties to the retail trade in all territories; will pay good commission and bonus to men with established trade; state territory covered and full details; replies confidential. S 448 Times.

SALESMAN—Live wire can select own territory; dining room chairs, rockers, reed furniture, bassinets, porch furniture; hustler who desires to connect with young, live organization and grow with it; drawing account and traveling expense. S 446 Times.

SALESMAN — REQUIRE EXPERIENCED NOTION AND FANCY GOODS SALESMEN WITH FOLLOWING; LOCAL AND OUT OF TOWN; NO OBJECTION TO SIDE LINE; COMMISSION. K 269 TIMES.

SALESMAN TRAVELING TEXAS, OKLAHOMA, LOUISIANA, TO HANDLE SIDE LINE OF LADIES' WASH SKIRTS; COMMISSION BASIS. BOX 635, 209 CABLE BUILDING.

SALESMEN—SIDE LINE.

Several able and experienced salesmen calling on machine shops and foundries in Greater New York can secure a clean, profitable side line requiring little additional effort; commission basis. L 243 Times.

SALESMEN.

If you are experienced selling laces and embroideries on the road, communicate immediately with us; salary or commission basis. S 442 Times.

SALESMEN, side line, calling on jobbers of hotel, restaurant, soda fountain supplies, silverware manufacturers; sell by photographs; good commission. William Cecil, 208 Canal St.

SALESMEN wanted, acquainted leather goods, jewelry buyers; Middle West, also Pacific Coast; carry fine line imported ladies' handbags; commission, drawing account; opportunity. R. A., 124 Times.

SALESMAN TRAVELING MIDDLE WEST, TO HANDLE SIDE LINE OF LADIES' WASH SKIRTS; COMMISSION BASIS. BOX 634, 209 CABLE BLDG.

SALESMAN, who is calling on city retail trade, could have first-class line of Swiss organdies; commission basis. B 348 Times.

SALESMAN—I want a man, with real "pep," to sell storage batteries to dealers; commission basis only. F 303 Times.

SALESMAN.

Are you a real salesman with a record to prove it? If so we have a place for you in an organization whose successful representatives earn from $7,500 to $15,000 a year in commissions, selling a highly specialized advertising system; this is a traveling position; for interview, state experience and age, also telephone number. S 395 Times.

SALESMAN.

Unusual opportunity awaits an unusual man, a man broad enough to meet the heads of big business and close big contracts; the man must be unusual, but for this unusual man there awaits an unusual opportunity to join our organization (publicity) and earn commissions from $15,000 to $25,000 annually; state age, experience, &c. Y 2237 Times Annex.

SALESMAN-PROMOTER.

My industrial publicity concern has an exceptional opening for successful promoter of high calibre; the position is permanent; commissions, earnings over $20,000 to the man who can demonstrate the negotiating capacity we want; our standing and responsibility is high and our associate must have character as well as personality; also able to travel; write fully, experience, age, &c. Vice President, Lock Box 905, Philadelphia.

SALESMEN
SIDE LINE.

If you cover department store, drug, toilet goods, barber or manicuring fields we can offer you unusual opportunity to increase your earnings on a liberal commission basis by carrying as a side line the new mud massage preparation now used in leading barber shops and beauty parlors in New York with great success. Something new; a big seller. Write stating line and territory you cover, Hancock Payne, 110 West 34th St., New York City.

SALESMAN, traveling, wanted to cover metropolitan district and northern New Jersey for building trade; travel by auto and train; well rated, old concern manufacturing plaster board, wall board, lime and roofing; prefer man employed, under 40; straight salary and expenses; state fully age, education, personal description, experience, nativity and salary expected; all replies treated confidentially. Address President, Room 811, 170 Franklin St., Buffalo, N. Y.

SALESMAN.

WE HAVE SEVERAL OPENINGS ON OUR SALES FORCE FOR TOP-NOTCH SALESMEN TO SELL A COMPLETE MILL LINE OF FLOOR COVERINGS; BIG OPPORTUNITY FOR EXPERIENCED TRAVELING MEN; COMMISSION BASIS WITH LIBERAL DRAWING ACCOUNT; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. S 418 TIMES.

SALESMEN who are at present connected with stationery or notion houses and call on jobbing trades only; very good engraved greeting card proposition; small samples to carry; can sell $15,000 to $20,000 in territory assigned; only as side line in addition to stationery or notion lines carried; advise whom connected with at present; commission only. Confidential, A. B., 238 Times.

SALESMEN traveling regular route can increase their income by carrying as pocket side line fastest, easiest selling line of fountain pens manufactured by world's largest leading maker; sales large; bought by all classes of merchants; only highest class men approved ability considered; bond or deposit required for samples. Gem, 59 Park Place, New York.

SALESMEN, BOOK.

Leads of best quality on The Great War" can be supplied to two more first-class, experienced men. Call and see letters from the War and Navy Departments and letters of indorsement from Gen. Pershing, Gen. Leonard Wood and others. Liberal commission. James R. Barrie, 217 Broadway, New York City.

SALESMAN, GLOVES.

Importer and manufacturer of women's and men's gloves, wants high-class young man to call on small trade in New York and vicinity; must have knowledge of the line; wonderful opportunity for young man who shows ability and a desire to make himself useful; state salary. L 246 Times.

SALESMAN—Permanent position open now for high-class salesman with educational institution paying liberal commissions and additional cash bonuses; steady worker can earn six thousand per year or better; give full particulars first letter; all replies strictly confidential. 607 Lafayette Bldg., Philadelphia.

SALESMEN, AUTOMOBILE.

Two men with exceptional ability and experience to sell in Bronx County; hard work; drawing account and commission necessary.

ELSEY MOTOR CO.,
Concourse at 188th St.
Dodge Brothers Cars. Chandler Six.

SALESMEN—Side line well-known brand hair goods to each store in the United States, with notion trade following, also calling drug and notion jobbers, on commission; state age, territory covered, line selling at present; communications will be treated strictly confidential. S 429 Times.

SALESMAN—Experienced umbrella salesman for the South; established trade; must have good recommendations; commission with drawing account. Apply in writing to Peerless Umbrella Co., 401 Fairview Av., Lancaster, Pa.

SALESMEN—Unusual opportunity for few live wire specialty salesmen; roofing cement; if inexperienced in line will successfully teach sales methods; salary, bonus; expenses paid; state age, qualifications. C 322 Times.

SALESMAN, by nationally known manufacturing jewelers; must be capable, high grade and a producer, commanding acquaintance best retail jewelry trade in metropolitan district; salary or commission basis. D 3 Times.

SALESMEN, employers buy automatic window ventilators because it pays; they get more and better work from their employees; make $15 a day; commission; selling them along with other specialty. Room 70, 50 East 41st St.

SALESMAN of proven ability to represent well-known paint and varnish firm in Brooklyn and Connecticut territory; those having established trade with paint dealers preferred; state salary and give particulars. S 619 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, MILLINERY, TO SELL MEDIUM PRICED TRIMMED HATS ON COMMISSION TO DEPARTMENT STORES THROUGH MIDDLE WEST; ALSO ONE FOR EAST. A 485 TIMES.

SALESMAN, GLOVE,

wanted, first-class kid glove salesman with established trade for New England States, on commission basis only; all replies treated confidential. C. A. Petter, Gloversville, N. Y.

SALESMAN, young man, to sell department and candy stores with line of favors and novelties; previous experience unnecessary; salary and commission. B. B. 236 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, GLOVES.

Importer and manufacturer, women's and men's gloves, wants high-class man for the New England States; must have following; salary or commission. L 245 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED.

DISPLAY CONTAINERS, WINDOW DISplays, advertising specialties; leading concern; exclusive line; unusual opportunity; salary and commission. F 591 Times.

SALESMAN selling millinery trade to carry our line of buttons and buckles on commission basis. Harris J. Lipman, 28 West 27th St., New York City.

SALESMAN by lace importing and wash goods house for the States of Indiana and Illinois; also Missouri and Kansas; commission basis. C 39 Times.

SALESMEN with following to sell an excellent line of veilings and piece goods; several desirable territories open; commission basis. B 425 Times.

SALESMEN wanted, to sell commodity to grocers, druggists, delicatessens; commission basis; will net daily minimum $10. Apply by letter, A 528 Times.

SALESMAN to sell human hair, hair nets, hairdressing accessories, who has an established trade; salary and commission. S 823 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, auto accessory, wanted to carry spark plugs as side line; good commissions. S 431 Times.

SALESMAN, to carry as side line imported graphophone needles; no salary, commission basis only. F 303 Times.

SALESMEN

FOR PACIFIC COAST TERRITORY BY MANUFACTURER OF HIGHGRADE, EXCLUSIVE LINE OF BRASSIERES;

PREFERABLY ONE CARRYING HIGHCLASS CORSET LINE ONLY; COMMISSION BASIS.

WRITE AND SEND REFERENCES BOX 230, 1626 ST. JAMES BUILDING, NEW YORK CITY.

SALESMEN WANTED.

A LARGE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURER OF A STAPLE HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY SELLING IN PRACTICALLY EVERY HOUSEFURNISHINGS STORE WANTS SEVERAL FIRST-CLASS SALESMEN TO SELL THE RETAIL TRADE; THOSE QUALIFYING WILL BE DEVELOPED INTO A HIGH-POWER, SPECIALTY CREW TO OPEN UP THE ENTIRE COUNTRY; A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR REAL HUSTLERS; SALARY BASIS; STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE. S 450 TIMES.

SALESMEN.

STERN BROTHERS,

WEST 42D STREET

have vacancies for several capable and experienced

SALESMEN

in their

LINEN DEPARTMENT.

Apply after 9 A. M.; to the Superintendent's Office, sixth floor.

SALESMEN—SWEATERS.

ONE OF THE LARGEST SWEATER BATHING SUIT AND FANCY KNIT GOODS MANUFACTURERS, WELL KNOWN WITH ESTABLISHED FOLLOWING IS ACCEPTING APPLICATIONS FROM FIVE WIDE AWAKE SALESMEN TO REPRESENT THEM IN NORTHERN TERRITORY, PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO, MIDDLE WEST, AND DENVER TO COAST. EXPERIENCE IN YOUR TERRITORY AND FULL KNOWLEDGE OF KNIT WEAR ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL. ONLY MEN WHO HAVE ACTUALLY EARNED FIVE TO TEN THOUSAND YEARLY AND CAN PROVE IT NEED APPLY. DRAWING AGAINST COMMISSIONS. LINE READY JAN. 1ST. REPLIES CONFIDENTIAL. C 24 TIMES.

SALESMAN.

We require a salesman for each of the following towns: Bloomfield, Montclair, Orange, Passaic, Rutherford, Hackensack, New Rochelle, Yonkers, and other suburban towns, to dispose of membership in stock to a selected list; local banks and trustees each town, are offering business man unusual bank co-operation; we want men who are satisfied with commissions of $75 to $100 weekly; established connections; strong sales support. Write or call on morning, 9 to 12, Room 414, 175 5th Av. (23d St.).

SALESMAN—A grocery specialty house catering to high-class trade, requires a representative to cover Brooklyn and Long Island; a man of 25 to 35 years of age with several years' experience calling on high-class retail grocery trade will be given a permanent position and good salary; no other will be considered; in application state nationality and give names of firms by whom employed, salary received and length of time with each. S 477 Times.

SALESMEN — We want honest-to-goodness salesmen who have established records to sell direct factory lines cutlery, tinware and general household specialties to the hardware trade and department stores, in towns only in New England, New York State, Pennsylvania, &c. Drawing account and commission. State fully in first letter age, experience, territory covered, references. No others considered. C 28 Times.

SALESMEN—SOLICITORS.

We require the services of three or four men, over 30 years of age, who have a record, to sell a protective service that meets with the approval of every concern having a bank account. Exclusive territory and liberal commissions. Call 9-10, or address, Indemnity Insurance Company of North America, 122 William St.

SALESMAN.

WAIST CONCERN DESIRE SALESMAN FOR NEW ENGLAND AND NEW YORK STATE; SALARY OR COMMISSION; REPLIES MUST STATE WHERE LAST EMPLOYED AND WHAT TERRITORY COVERED.

BOX 230, 1626 ST. JAMES BUILDING.

SALESMEN wanted for first-class hosiery and food specialties in New York and New Jersey territories; we wish to add to our regular sales force a few more industrious hustlers; an A-1 proposition and permanent for those who qualify; we will allow choice of counties; apply by letter giving particulars about experiences, &c. U. H. E. Co., 540 North 3d St., East Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN wanted for New England, New York State, Baltimore, Philadelphia, West Virginia and Kentucky territories; one that is well known and consists of dress trimmings and novelties; only those experienced in the retail trade in any of this territory, in this or a similar line, need apply; strictly account against commission. D 17 Times.

SALESMAN.

An established house in the ladies' handbag line requires a man with initiative and energy to introduce a new proposition on a large scale for the Southern States on commission basis; good opportunity for right man. C 45 Times.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of dress and lamp shade trimmings and novelties is seeking salesman commanding large trade of jobbers and manufacturers to travel territory west of Pittsburgh; exceptional opportunity is offered such a party; commission. A 534 Times.

SALESMEN—Notion men calling on department stores and high-class drug stores to sell complete and active line of human hair nets at right prices; only men carrying recognized notion lines need apply; reply stating territory covered, references; commission. C 304 Times.

SALESMAN.

We require a salesman for each of the following towns: Bloomfield, Montclair, Orange, Passaic, Rutherford, Hackensack, New Rochelle, Yonkers, and other suburban towns, to dispose of membership in stock to a selected list; local banks and trustees each town, are offering business man unusual bank co-operation; we want men who are satisfied with commissions of $75 to $100 weekly; established connections; strong sales support. Write or call on morning, 9 to 12, Room 414, 175 5th Av. (23d St.).

SALESMEN—We want honest-to-goodness salesmen who have established records to sell direct factory lines cutlery, tinware and general household specialties to the hardware trade and department stores, in towns only in New England, New York State, Pennsylvania, &c. Drawing account and commission. State fully in first letter age, experience, territory covered, references. No others considered. C 28 Times.

SALESMEN—SOLICITORS.

We require the services of three or four men, over 30 years of age, who have a record, to sell a protective service that meets with the approval of every concern having a bank account. Exclusive territory and liberal commissions. Call 9-10, or address, Indemnity Insurance Company of North America, 122 William St.

SALESMAN.

WAIST CONCERN DESIRE SALESMAN FOR NEW ENGLAND AND NEW YORK STATE; SALARY OR COMMISSION; REPLIES MUST STATE WHERE LAST EMPLOYED AND WHAT TERRITORY COVERED.

BOX 230, 1626 ST. JAMES BUILDING.

SALESMEN wanted for first-class hosiery and food specialties in New York and New Jersey territories; we wish to add to our regular sales force a few more industrious hustlers; an A-1 proposition and permanent for those who qualify; we will allow choice of counties; apply by letter giving particulars about experiences, &c. U. H. E. Co., 540 North 3d St., East Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN wanted for New England, New York State, Baltimore, Philadelphia, West Virginia and Kentucky territories; one that is well known and consists of dress trimmings and novelties; only those experienced in the retail trade in any of this territory, in this or a similar line, need apply; strictly account against commission. D 17 Times

SALESMEN, EXECUTIVE.
TO SELL THE SERVICE OF AN INTERNATIONAL SERVICE CORPORATION WHICH HAS PROVED ITSELF A MODERN NECESSITY TO BUSINESS EXECUTIVES; AGENCY TO THIS FACTOR IS NOW OPEN IN PARIS AND A FEW MEN WHO ARE FIRST-CLASS, EDUCATED IN GENERAL BUSINESS AFFAIRS, WHO CAN MEET AND INTERVIEW OFFICERS OF OTHER CORPORATIONS ON AN EQUAL FOOTING, AND WHO POSSESS CHARACTER AND PERSONAL FORCE AND WHO CAN SHOW ABILITY AND FITNESS TO RECEIVE A HIGH-GRADE ORGANIZATION AND WORK QUICK INTO EXECUTIVE POSITION, THIS IS AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY. COMPENSATION WILL BE ON COMMISSION BASIS, AND THE EARNINGS POSSIBILITIES ARE GREAT; MEMBERS OF OUR FORCE ARE AT PRESENT EARNING FROM $500 TO $1,000 A MONTH; AT PRESENT WE HAVE POSITIONS AVAILABLE IN BALTIMORE, HERRING-TON, TORONTO, PHILADELPHIA, WASHINGTON, DETROIT AND ST. LOUIS; IF YOU CAN QUALIFY WE WILL RENDER YOU EVERY ASSISTANCE AND SCHOOLING FOR WORK TO THOSE WHO ARE LOOKING FOR A "SOFT BERTH" AND A NICE DRAWING ACCOUNT" OUR ADVICE IS DON'T WASTE YOUR TIME AND STAMP, BUT IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN A REAL BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY AND READY TO DEMONSTRATE YOUR ABILITY, WE SHOULD LIKE TO TALK WITH YOU; SEND AS MUCH INFORMATION REGARDING YOUR PAST EXPERIENCE AND ACHIEVEMENT AS YOU CARE TO; ALSO A PHOTOGRAPH IF POSSIBLE. S 483 TIMES

SALESMEN
ON POPULAR LINE OF COTTON, ALSO SILK WAISTS; MEN THOROUGHLY ACQUAINTED AND WITH A PROVED RECORD OF SUCCESS ARE WANTED; TERRITORY TO BE COVERED IS ALIVE WITH BUSINESS.

ONE FOR NEW ENGLAND STATES,
ONE FOR NEW YORK STATE
AND PENNSYLVANIA,
ONE FOR PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON, RICHMOND AND NORFOLK,
AND ONE FOR THE CITY AND VICINITY.

COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT;

THIS IS AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY BUT REQUIRES MEN OF THE HIGHEST TYPE. ADDRESS, GIVING FULLEST DETAILS AS TO EXPERIENCE, &c. ALL REPLIES CONFIDENTIAL.

BOX 680, 200 CABLE BLDG., N. Y.

SALESMEN WANTED.

PERMANENT, PROFITABLE POSITION.

A LARGE MANUFACTURING CORPORATION REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF A FEW CONSTANT WORKERS OF GOOD CHARACTER AND ABILITY TO SELL FLOOR COVERING IN THE SMALLER TOWNS AND CITIES ON A SALARY AND COMMISSION BASIS; OUR SALESMEN ARE EARNING FROM $3,000 TO $10,000 PER YEAR; AMPLE AND SATISFACTORY FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS WILL BE MADE WITH THOSE THAT QUALIFY; EXPERIENCE IN THE LINE NOT NECESSARY; REPLY BY LETTER, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE, GIVE PREVIOUSLY CARRIED TERRITORY COVERED; OTHER DETAILS CAN BE DISCUSSED PERSONALLY AND IN CONFIDENCE. S 493 TIMES.

SALESMEN.
WELL KNOWN FINANCIAL INSTITUTION HAS OPENING FOR THREE HIGH CLASS SALESMEN; EXPERIENCE IN SECURITIES NOT ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL, BUT STRONG PERSONALITY, COMMON SENSE AND DETERMINATION, WITH THE BACKING OF THIS ORGANIZATION, WILL PROBABLY BECOME SELDOM REACHED IN SELLING OTHER LINES OF BUSINESS; NO DRAWING ACCOUNTS; COMMISSIONS NOT AS LARGE AS BLUE SKY FIRMS, BUT SUFFICIENT TO ENABLE THE RIGHT TYPE OF MAN TO MAKE $7,500 PER YEAR AND BETTER; DETAILS ON INTERVIEW; REFERENCES REQUIRED. S 611 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN, SECURITY.
Due to increased business, rapid growth and big expansion, a substantial firm is now offering its preferred and common stock, heretofore a closed enterprise.
In business ten years, first class standing, with strong bank endorsement.
Inquire leads and direct introductions furnished experienced salesmen; you work direct from our own headquarters; four average sales for week net you $200 commission; but real salesmen who work should net a great deal more.
You will appreciate our sincere and active co-operation, leads and introductions.
For appointment, phone Mr Larsen, Jerome 1700.

SALESMEN.
THE NATIONAL SURETY CO. CAN PLACE A FEW HIGH-CLASS SALESMEN WHERE THEY CAN EARN PROMOTION TO MANAGERSHIPS IF THEY CAN QUALIFY; IF YOU ARE OVER 25 AND HAVE A CLEAN RECORD AND WILL WORK HARD YOU CAN MAKE A PERMANENT, PROFITABLE CONNECTION WITH A COMPANY WHICH IS NOW OPERATING IN THIRTY-FIVE CITIES AND MUST COVER THE WHOLE COUNTRY, SELLING A SPECIAL FORM OF SURETY BOND ON STRAIGHT COMMISSION.
C. E. CONNELL, 25 WEST 43D ST.

SALESMAN.
SECURITY—STRONG LOCAL DIRECTORATE; FINANCIAL INSTITUTION; BONA FIDE LIVE LEADS; COMMISSIONS ONLY; UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY; PERMANENT CONNECTION FOR DEPENDABLE, AMBITIOUS MAN; SALESMAN AND THE HOUSE CONSTITUTE THE TEAM; IDLERS NEED NOT ANSWER. S 612 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN, STOCK.
An unusual opportunity is offered to a high-grade salesman with clientele to place the unsurpassed stock of an old and nationally known, highly successful manufacturing corporation on a commission basis; the stock is very attractive and quickly taken by judicious investors; applicant must have record that will stand rigid investigation; he will receive assistance from the company and work directly under its supervision.
S 485 Times.

SALESMEN, SIDE LINE, HAIRNETS, with a good following among retail dry goods stores and notion buyers; established well known house wants high class man in each state; liberal commissions to right man; all year line; good repeat business; state lines you are now handling and territory. S 574 Times.

SALESMAN.
Wanted, an experienced envelope salesman who has now an established trade selling envelopes; one who has sold the side seam style envelope; we have an attractive proposition to offer a high-grade man to sell direct from factory to consumer and jobber; commission basis; correspondence strictly confidential. V 769 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—LEATHER GOODS.
Traveling salesman for the South and other territory to represent an old, established house of fancy leather goods; established trade; commission basis; only experienced in leather goods need apply; state previous connections and other particulars in first letter. S 69 Times.

SALESMAN.
New York dry goods jobber wants young man to call on smaller retail dry goods trade, New York and surrounding territory; only man with experience and established trade need apply; drawing account against commission. S 487 Times.

SALESMEN, mill-to-merchant line of felt base floor covering, wool fibre rugs and carpets; men who traveled in small towns and have proved ability in this line; only commission basis, with drawing account. Call between 9 and 12, Charlotte Mills, Inc., 1132 Broadway, Room 1001.

SALESMEN to cover part of New York State, selling wholesale only as dealers and established, widely, nationally advertised phonograph line; salary and commission; write, stating age and selling experience. S 523 Times.

SALESMEN, familiar with furnaces, steam and water-heating boilers, to sell on commission exceptional fuel-saving specialty; fine Day-Molteen Corporation, 773 Broadway, New York.

SALESMEN with following to handle popular-priced line of boys' and girls' rompers and creepers as sideline; commission basis; for New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania; those selling kindred lines preferred. S 498 Times.

SALESMEN, calling on factories local territory, handle pipe fittings, valves and engineers' supplies, side line or full time; commission basis. A 833 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, security, to sell A1 investment proposition; good commission; will train experienced men. Call personally or write, 170 Broadway.

SALESMEN—A novel, artistic and unique importation from France now selling rapidly in New York is ready for widest distribution to gift shops, specialty shops, interior decorators and better-class department stores in Boston and Philadelphia.

If you know the best trade in these cities, you have unlimited opportunity to make large returns and build a steadily growing business on a commission basis.

Only men of the highest type and successful experience will be considered.

Give complete information in your first letter. Include phone number.

Strict confidence will be observed.

Address Box S 524 Times.

SALESMAN
FOR PROMINENT, OLD ESTABLISHED CONCERN, MANUFACTURING POPULAR GENERAL LINE OF SWEATERS; EXPERIENCED SALESMAN WITH FOLLOWING AMONG ESTABLISHED RETAIL CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS TRADE IN PENNSYLVANIA AND NEW YORK STATE; COMMISSION BASIS; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR BIG PRODUCER; STATE FULL DETAILS. E. A., 215 TIMES.

SALESMEN,
IF YOU
have learned how to work and have energy and ambition not only to make a splendid income, but to establish yourself, you are the man we are looking for. Preference given to men with insurance or book selling experience, between the ages of 25 and 40. We are old-established security dealers and handle only the highest grade securities upon which a permanent clientele can be built. We educate you to make good. Good commission. Several local territories around New York open. Call 10 to 4, Suite 1502, 170 Broadway. Ask for Sales Manager.

SALESMAN.
Can you look a stranger in the eye and tell him the truth, and nothing but the truth? Can you work 8 hours a day without being watched? Are you willing to learn a selling method that has made $40 a week men in a year's time $10,000 a year men where they were fixed for life in a profitable and honest business? If so and if you are an alert, conscientious and determined worker, who has sold something and who is not now employed, who is not broke and to whom a commission basis does not give heart failure, I will be glad to arrange an interview with you; we are marketing a high-grade automotive security. E. D., Box 58 Times.

SALESMEN,
GIRLS' DRESSES.
An opportunity is offered men of ability and integrity, who have an established clientele among department stores and better class retailers throughout the country, to join a fast growing manufacturing concern; to the right men a liberal salary or commission will be offered; for interview write, stating territory and other particulars. Box 854, 200 Cable Bldg.

SALESMEN—We want to get in touch with several La Salle trained men for sales work, electrical line, in foreign countries, to represent large corporation; ability to speak French, Spanish or Portuguese preferred, but not essential; age 30 to 40 years; salary $4,000 to $5,000 and expenses. See Mr. Cornelius, Manager, La Salle Placement Department, 112 West 42d St., between 9:30 and 11 A. M., Monday or Tuesday. Phone Bryant 8920.

SALESMEN—The manufacture and sale of art advertising calendars and gift advertising specialties industry, employing thousands of salesmen. The Blanchard Company of Aurora, Ill., an old established concern, with high class exclusive line, has some attractive open territory; factory's commission basis; work requires keen, alert men, who may build lasting future. Apply, letter only, stating age, experience, last connection, G. H. Blanchard, 1,265 Broadway.

SALESMEN.
To make permanent connection with Jewish organization not affected by business depression; insurance, stock, book and educational salesman especially wanted; educational service of established reputation; no books, no traveling; our salesmen work on live leads and average $150 a week in commission; state in full confidence, age, education and experience. S 497 Times.

SALESMAN—A salesman with two or three years' sales experience who would like to enter the bond business is desired by a progressive firm of investment bankers; a pleasing personality, an honest determination and real ability to produce are essential; give selling experience, education, references, &c.; salary and commission. Box 21, Room 213, 44 Broad St., New York.

SALESMEN
seeking unusual side line issue to present to large investors should telephone Barclay 7108 for appointment; a liberal commission makes possible large earnings; the company is established, has a big future. Out of town salesmen write V 775 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—STOCK.
Strong local directorate; patent revolutionizes big industry; contracts signed assure exceptional dividends; hundreds direct live leads; guarantee receptive interview; phenomenal appeal; exceptional co-operation; men making large incomes; commission basis. Suite 805, 220 5th Av. Ask for Mr. D.

SALESMEN, Middle West, Far West, Call and East, to represent well-established line, making silk wool sweaters for ladies, men, boys and children, to call on department store and retail trade; must have good following; good opportunity; commission. Box 643, 200 Cable Bldg.

SALESMAN WANTED.
A live, hustling advertising salesman to cover New York and its vicinity; must be a producer with a first class selling record; commission. Tri-State Manufacturer & Commercial Record, 117 East 4th St., Pueblo, Col.

SALES PROMOTION MANAGER, for household products; a big man who can join forces with manufacturer in nationalizing article of proven success; must know how to organize sales staff and capture market in big way; salary, commission, or interest in business for right man. S 591 Times.

SALESMAN FOR INDIANA WISCONSIN, ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN TO CARRY A HIGH-CLASS TAILORED AND A MEDIUM-PRICED LINE OF GEORGETTE WAISTS; MUST HAVE A PLEASING PERSONALITY AND A PRODUCTIVE FOLLOWING; SALARY AND COMMISSION. S 492 TIMES.

SALESMEN with old-established muslin, silk underwear manufacturer, New England, Middle West; one for New York vicinity; only those with recognized following need apply; commission. Box 645, 200 Cable Building.

SALESMAN—Wanted, steel plate construction and tank salesman for New York district; man experienced in this line of work to represent Eastern tank concern; state salary and experience; give references. Y 2292 Times Annex.

SALESMAN on high-class suits, for city trade and resident offices; one who has made good in the past and can make good in the future; drawings against commissions depend on ability; replies in strictest confidence. T 581 Times.

SALESMAN, ON CUSTOM SHIRTS; MAN EXPERIENCED AND HAVING ACQUAINTANCES IN GREATER NEW YORK; STRAIGHT SALARY. PERMANENT POSITION; COMMUNICATION CONFIDENTIAL. LANARY CUSTOM SHIRT CO., 500 5TH AV.

SALESMAN wanted; must be well acquainted with wholesale grocers in metropolitan district; state age, previous experience, salary expected. Box R, Advertising, 1,551 Avenue A.

MAN—Real estate office midtown section desires the services of active representative; excellent opportunity; liberal commission; no drawing. "Corporation," 242 Times.

SALESMAN—BANK STATIONERY SALESMAN, FAMILIAR WITH TRADE IN THIS CITY AND VICINITY; SALARY OR COMMISSION; STATE EXPERIENCE. BOX 648, 200 CABLE BUILDING.

SALESMEN to sell line of popular Winter tops for automobile; strictly commission basis. George W. Copp Co., Inc., 814 West 58th.

SALESMEN for five vacancies in wholesale department, eastern territory; auto sales experience necessary; commission basis; full particulars in first letter. S 322 Times.

SALESMEN,
experienced in flowers and feathers, for road and local; salary. Charles Spika, 110 West 32d.

SALESMEN, experienced department store trade, for curtains and upholstery articles; good opportunity for right man; commission basis. Nathan & Heyman, 1,123 Broadway.

SALESMAN acquainted with automobile and motor truck trade to sell a well-known article; commission basis. Call between 9 and 11 A. M. Mr. Nelson, 83 West End Av.

SALESMAN wanted for Ford cabs and tractors; commission basis. Apply by letter, Ellis Tiger Co., Gladstone, N. J.

SALESMEN.
The end of the year means preparation for the coming year.
Swift, sure steps to the fore who has set purpose to better his condition.
You will find greater opportunity for his purpose and advancement if you will adapt yourself to our security work.
We train you and give you every co-operation if you have character, force, determination.
This is a permanent position and advancement will be made in half the usual time if you possess the above qualifications.
Our commissions are large and our house is nationally known.
Call at Room 512, 277 Broadway, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

SALESMEN, to represent authorized Ford dealer; pleasure and commercial cars; men with confidence enough in their own ability to work on straight commission basis; can find permanent lucrative employment; live leads furnished. S 560 Times.

SALESMEN, ACQUAINTED WHOLESALE OR RETAIL DRY GOODS TRADE, FOR DEMON KID, FABRIC AND WOOL GLOVES; EITHER EXCLUSIVE OR SIDE LINE; ON COMMISSION BASIS; STATE TERRITORY. S 501 TIMES.

SALES ENGINEER wanted, sales experience not essential; clean-cut, active, young college man preferred; good presence and personality; exceptional opportunity. T 555 Times.

SALES EXECUTIVE WANTED
to take charge of sales and advertising division of a large successful corporation; an exceptional real estate investment and housing proposition right in New York City; the right man can make a most desirable connection with substantial drawing account, remuneration to be increased as sales increase; a real opportunity for an executive with ability. Address, stating experience and salary expected, V 782 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER.
Man acquainted with the distribution of automobile accessories; thorough specialty appointed distributors preferred; must be willing to make Chicago his headquarters; only men of high caliber need apply; good salary and profit sharing basis; give full particulars and past record to date; information given will be held strictly confidential. Y 2285 Times Annex.

SALES MANAGER—Two Philadelphia's well-known houses, one making coats and the other dresses and waists, desire to engage the services of a man to take charge of their New York salesroom; must live within 50 miles; large acquaintance with the resident buyers and incoming trade, an unusual opportunity is offered; if you are the man answer, stating full particulars, which will be held in confidence. Y 2296 Times Annex.

SALES MANAGERS WANTED.
District sales managers for 16 district territories, men with experience, to develop an aggressive sales force for a labor saving machinery organization; applications will be received from salesmen also; liberal commission arrangement. Telephone for an appointment. Main 9670.

SALES MANAGERS, two; for Protestant club; salary and commission; calling on executives and professional men and women; pleasing personality; must furnish bond; over 30; give full details. L 287 Times.

SALES MANAGER, COMPETENT TO HANDLE MEN, TO CALL ON RETAIL TAILORS WITH IMPORTED WOOLENS. B 428 TIMES.

SALESMANAGER, with mechanical engineering experience; an opportunity on which to build a future; state particulars. S 495 Times.

SECURITY SALESMEN.
Because of our genuine leads and direct introductions, we offer an unusual opportunity for live-wire, high calibred men of pleasing personality and refinement to connect with one of the fastest growing business concerns in New York.
Established several years, excellent standing, bank and business endorsements; present status attained through its trade and profits as a partnership; now greatly expanding to take care of increased business and enlarging its manufacturing department, therefore offering its capital stock.
We want men who are desirous of increasing their income; ability and work will be rewarded with net commissions far above the ordinary, these times, by volume of business over-the-wire sales, due to exceptional co-operation; you operate direct from the firm's own office.
Give name, address and phone, also references; strictly confidential. Address Box 19, Station T, New York.

SHIPPING CLERK
wanted by large knitting mills located in Brooklyn; apply in own handwriting, stating past experience, references, age and salary received in last position; good opportunity for right party. Box 940, 336 9th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST WANTED IN STEAMSHIP PASSENGER OFFICE; KNOWLEDGE OF EUROPEAN LANGUAGES DESIRABLE BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; APPLY, GIVING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. B 790 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SOLICITORS of good appearance to sell on commission to householders in suburban towns an electrically lighted house number and bell-ringing unit, which is easily installed; also an electrically lighted window unit, for physicians, dentists and stores, which shows the name distinctly at night; cost of operation for both units is very little; deposit on samples required. B 777 Times Downtown.

SOLICITORS, MAGAZINE SUBSCRIPTION, to sell a business service magazine to the manufacturing trade in New York City; experienced magazine men can easily earn $60 to $100 a week; big commissions, which are paid weekly. Apply by letter only, stating full experience, &c. George J. Floren, Room 1003, 1,182 Broadway.

SOLICITOR Wanted—An old-established foreign exchange house requires the services of a competent traveling solicitor; applicant preferred who has had experience in soliciting of bank accounts; state full particulars and salary expected. International, Box 235, City Hall Post Office, New York.

SOLICITOR wanted to represent large New York business school, must have personality and be a business getter; salary and commission. Telephone for appointment Sunday between 2 and 4. Tremont 5726.

SOLICITOR—Physician or capable layman, on salary and commission, to interview physicians on a matter of interest. Call on week, between 11 and 4. Suite 107, 50 B'way.

SOLICITORS—Men and women, for high-class magazine; good financial proposition; salary and commission. Address, stating experience, P. T. 711 Times Downtown.

SOLICITOR—Experienced for towel supply company; salary and commission. Exclusive Towel Service, 41 Great Jones St.

STATISTICAL EXECUTIVE.
R. H. MACY & CO., INC., require an executive, about 30 years of age, with statistical training; must be capable of planning and handling the control of delivery problems, including cost, loading, routing and driver's efficiency. This position requires keen perception and broadness of vision and offers an opportunity to material advancement. Apply only in writing to Employment Office, giving full particulars as to age, education and experience.

STOCKMAN.
An exceptionally good opening for a thoroughly experienced man to take charge of our entire stock and order department; only those having held a responsible position with a shirt house will be considered. Apply Jos. Kaplan & Bros., 122 5th Av.

SUPPLY MAN.
Capable, efficient young man, 25-30, for stationery and supply department of large downtown company; previous experience in this work desirable but not necessary; permanent position with excellent opportunity for advancement; state qualifications and salary desired. V 773 Times Downtown.

TEACHER—Spanish, afternoons; Brooklyn school; state training and experience. L 257 Times.

UNUSUAL
artistically furnished two-room, bath and kitchenette apartments; cozy, comfortable, light, spotlessly clean; for refined people only; furnishings by New York decorator; in hotel and theatre districts; $100 to $200 monthly. Call Sunday 105 East 57th St. Phone Plaza 645.

WINDOW TRIMMER FOR HIGH-CLASS MEN'S CLOTHING AND FURNISHING STORES; STATE REFERENCES, OR APPLICATION NOT CONSIDERED; STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. T 814 TIMES.

WINDOW DISPLAY MAN on part time; state age, experience and salary expected. S 1038 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 28-30, as ledger clerk; not necessarily a bookkeeper; experienced in posting; good penman and figurer. Address, giving full particulars. S 514 Times.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, knowing Russian well, to exchange lessons for French or English, French or English literature with young man. P 71 Times.

YOUNG MAN, stockman and salesman experienced in hosiery and underwear, in large Canadian wholesale dry goods house. Write A. C., 320 Presbyterian Bldg.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge wholesale clothing business; must be good model; real opportunity for intelligent and energetic worker. S 465 Times.

YOUNG MAN to learn banking business with private banking house; state age, experience and salary expected. V 768 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, by wholesale glove house, with experience in the line. S. M. Hohl, 470 4th Av., corner 32d St. Apply Room 1902.

YOUNG MAN, 16 years, to assist in office of a jewelry factory; highest references required. H 949 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN
A manufacturer of note offers an unsurpassed opportunity to students of factory management who have, sufficient vision to see the future unclouded by the necessary hard drudgery of the present, who have formed the habit of analyzing and inquiring into the reasons for statements and conditions, who in college secured from their lectures real knowledge and insight into the subjects discussed and were not collectors of note books.
Embryo salesmen and accountants will find here a future here; a technical education helpful, but not essential; we want your potential ability and not your past record.
Salary to start $20 per week; give age (not over 28), education (college graduate preferred), religion and experience. Address Mechanical, Box 501 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN.
The credit department of an old-established retail house located in the Grand Central district has several openings for young men who have intelligent responsibility to apply themselves seriously to their work and look upon honest effort to bring them advancement.
To recent consideration, applicants must be over 21 years of age, have had a high school education and at least 2 years' business experience; preference will be given to those who have been recently employed in some branch of credit or accounting work; a full statement of experience is required, mention also age, education, nationality of parents and wages expected. T 550 Times.

YOUNG MAN FOR NEW YORK OFFICE OF LARGE DEPARTMENT STORE, HAVING KNOWLEDGE OF NOTIONS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, HOUSEFURNISHINGS, TOYS AND ALL KINDRED LINES; PARTY MUST BE A HUSTLER TO FIND SPECIAL BARGAINS IN THESE DIFFERENT LINES; GOOD OPPORTUNITY; STATE SALARY AND FULL PARTICULARS. K 178 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN wanted in compensation division of large insurance company; all desk clerk to meet claimants calling for compensation payments; must speak Italian and desirable that he speak other languages; good opportunity for energetic, level-headed young man; in reply state age, education, business experience and languages spoken. V 765 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN with banking experience to take charge of bookkeeping department in trust company; Nassau county; Central R. R. of N. J., a few miles from New York City; must be familiar with Burroughs ledger posting machine; good opportunity; reply in own handwriting, giving references and salary expected. Y 2238 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, wanted as investigator in workmen's compensation claim department of prominent casualty insurance company; in reply state age, education, business experience and what, if any, language besides English you speak. V 766 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17 or 18 years of age, wanted for clerical work, in the loss department of a large and responsible marine insurance company; insurance experience desirable but not essential; good salary; excellent opportunity. S 441 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted in the stock rooms and shipping department of a manufacturing concern, about 18 years of age, to learn himself generally useful; references required; state experience, if any; salary $14. D 952 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 17, who is ambitious and anxious to secure a position where the opportunity is limited only by his own ability; salary to start $14; in reply state age, education and experience, if any. T 558 Times.

YOUNG MAN—Oil corporation has desirable opening for stenographer and office assistant in Edgewater, N. J. Apply in own handwriting, giving age, nationality, religion and references. S 496 Times.

YOUNG MEN to break into the automobile business as junior salesman; full instruction given by us and paid while learning; good, clean-cut, competent young men ambitious for a future. E 1212 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, able to write on typewriter Spanish and English, with knowledge of shipping, invoicing, able to make entries in books; give full knowledge, references, salary desired. Y 431 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted by sewing thread company to learn the business; good opportunity for live wire; answer in detail. S 515 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25 years old, for estimating Bronx; must be proficient plan reader. L 286 Times.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, wanted in office of selling agents for knit goods; good chance for advancement. P. O. Box 46, Station S.

YOUNG man for part time work, 5 A. M. to 8 A. M. daily, 40 cents per hour with furnished room. Apply 216 East 59th St.

WANTED—ENERGETIC MEN.
If you are not ambitious and willing to rise to the top, do not apply; experience not necessary; unlimited advancement and an exceptional position for you if you are honest and sound of mind and body and of neat appearance, with A1 reference, we want you to sell our securities on a commission basis. Call Room 2004, 110 West 40th St., New York City.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS-SECRETARIAL School—For 25 years practically all New York's 6,000 records minute secretaries, law, court reporters, earning over $50 weekly, received Lusk training; new Pitmanic lightning phrases invented by Frank Lusk give every stenographer now 300 words a minute faster than old-fashioned, so-called champions; beginners' course; speeding; day, evening; correspondence. Lusk Institute, 223 West 42d St. Bryant 9136.

SHOW CARD WRITERS.
$60 to $250 a week made in show card writing, theatrical poster work, decorative designing; classes under supervision of expert teachers; day or night courses; classes just starting; reasonable terms; apply at once. Y. M. C. A. School of Commercial Art, 151 East 86th St., New York. Phone Lenox 6051.

MACHINE DESIGN.
Two unusual courses—20 weeks.
DRAFTING. Our day course which has placed every graduate is now offered evenings.
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS.
The practical mathematics that every mechanical man must know.
Y.M.C.A. SCHOOL OF MACHINE DESIGN, 157 E. 86th St., N. Y. City. Ph. Lenox 6051.

MEN—EARN $35 TO $125 WEEKLY.
Learn Mechanical Dentistry; rise above small salaried positions; unlimited possibilities; individual instruction; day or evening, 3 months' course; easy payments; courses recognized 28 years as best; equipment free. Call or write for Booklet C, BODEE, Schools of Mechanical Dentistry, 126 West 32d St., N. Y.; 15 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 323 Pulitman Bldg., New York.

SHIP'S OFFICERS WANTED.
Navigation courses $65; license guaranteed or fee refunded; two-year seamen or four-month ensigns eligible mates' license; days, evenings. Write for particulars, Captain Pennrich, 26 Garden Place, Brooklyn.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN—Big demand for high salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

LEARN ELECTRICITY as applied to the automobile; evening courses, elementary and applied; teacher and pass to one session of class free on request. Educational Department, West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St., New York. Tel. Columbus 7230.

BOOKKEEPING—Complete course in seven lessons, arranged for home study; indorsed by eight certified public accountants. Write for Bulletin S-8, The Emerson Extension Institute, 108 East 125th St.

ACCOUNTANTS AND AUDITORS:
Leading reports requirements for C. P. A. can secure place in another recognized State; please give telephone number. B 658 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT AUDITORS for Government Income Tax Revenue Service, salaries $1,640 to $3,740. Write for free information. Consolidated, 1,418 Mass. Av. Southeast, Washington, D. C.

LEARN OXYACETYLENE WELDING.
Great demand for trained men; write for booklet and free admission card to visit school and see classes at work. 224 St. Welding School, 215 West 23d St., N. Y. C.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
THREE MONTHS' COURSE; students entered on probation at any date.
25 West 42d St. V. M. West, Director.

EARN $35-$100 A WEEK—Learn motion picture, commercial and portrait photography; 3 months' course; free catalogue sent. N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th, N. Y.; 505 State St. (opp. L. I. Terminal), Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANCY—New classes are now forming for early evening sessions; write for helpful booklet, Making Profits, and Bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

EARN $35-$100 weekly; learn photography—the movie, portrait, commercial; months, day; night; installments. Bymat, 1,200 Broadway.

MEN wanted to operate moving picture machines in theatres; we teach you days or evenings. Moving Picture Training Building, 806 6th Av., 42d St. Bryant 1519.

ENGINEER teaches mathematics, drafting, mechanical, structural, surveying, evenings. Woodward, 220 Madison Av.

A manufacturer of note offers an unsurpassed opportunity to students of factory management who have, sufficient vision to see the future unclouded by the necessary hard drudgery of the present, who have formed the habit of analyzing and inquiring into the reasons for statements and conditions, who in college secured from their lectures real knowledge and insight into the subjects discussed and were not collectors of note books.
Embryo salesmen and accountants will find here a future here; a technical education helpful, but not essential; we want your potential ability and not your past record.
Salary to start $20 per week; give age (not over 28), education (college graduate preferred), religion and experience. Address Mechanical, Box 501 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN.
The credit department of an old-established retail house located in the Grand Central district has several openings for young men who have intelligent responsibility to apply themselves seriously to their work and look upon honest effort to bring them advancement.
To recent consideration, applicants must be over 21 years of age, have had a high school education and at least 2 years' business experience; preference will be given to those who have been recently employed in some branch of credit or accounting work; a full statement of experience is required, mention also age, education, nationality of parents and wages expected. T 550 Times.

YOUNG MAN FOR NEW YORK OFFICE OF LARGE DEPARTMENT STORE, HAVING KNOWLEDGE OF NOTIONS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, HOUSEFURNISHINGS, TOYS AND ALL KINDRED LINES; PARTY MUST BE A HUSTLER TO FIND SPECIAL BARGAINS IN THESE DIFFERENT LINES; GOOD OPPORTUNITY; STATE SALARY AND FULL PARTICULARS. K 178 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN wanted in compensation division of large insurance company; all desk clerk to meet claimants calling for compensation payments; must speak Italian and desirable that he speak other languages; good opportunity for energetic, level-headed young man; in reply state age, education, business experience and languages spoken. V 765 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN with banking experience to take charge of bookkeeping department in trust company; Nassau county; Central R. R. of N. J., a few miles from New York City; must be familiar with Burroughs ledger posting machine; good opportunity; reply in own handwriting, giving references and salary expected. Y 2238 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, wanted as investigator in workmen's compensation claim department of prominent casualty insurance company; in reply state age, education, business experience and what, if any, language besides English you speak. V 766 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17 or 18 years of age, wanted for clerical work, in the loss department of a large and responsible marine insurance company; insurance experience desirable but not essential; good salary; excellent opportunity. S 441 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted in the stock rooms and shipping department of a manufacturing concern, about 18 years of age, to learn himself generally useful; references required; state experience, if any; salary $14. D 952 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 17, who is ambitious and anxious to secure a position where the opportunity is limited only by his own ability; salary to start $14; in reply state age, education and experience, if any. T 558 Times.

YOUNG MAN—Oil corporation has desirable opening for stenographer and office assistant in Edgewater, N. J. Apply in own handwriting, giving age, nationality, religion and references. S 496 Times.

YOUNG MEN to break into the automobile business as junior salesman; full instruction given by us and paid while learning; good, clean-cut, competent young men ambitious for a future. E 1212 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, able to write on typewriter Spanish and English, with knowledge of shipping, invoicing, able to make entries in books; give full knowledge, references, salary desired. Y 431 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted by sewing thread company to learn the business; good opportunity for live wire; answer in detail. S 515 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25 years old, for estimating Bronx; must be proficient plan reader. L 286 Times.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, wanted in office of selling agents for knit goods; good chance for advancement. P. O. Box 46, Station S.

YOUNG man for part time work, 5 A. M. to 8 A. M. daily, 40 cents per hour with furnished room. Apply 216 East 59th St.

WANTED—ENERGETIC MEN.
If you are not ambitious and willing to rise to the top, do not apply; experience not necessary; unlimited advancement and an exceptional position for you if you are honest and sound of mind and body and of neat appearance, with A1 reference, we want you to sell our securities on a commission basis. Call Room 2004, 110 West 40th St., New York City.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS-SECRETARIAL School—For 25 years practically all New York's 6,000 records minute secretaries, law, court reporters, earning over $50 weekly, received Lusk training; new Pitmanic lightning phrases invented by Frank Lusk give every stenographer now 300 words a minute faster than old-fashioned, so-called champions; beginners' course; speeding; day, evening; correspondence. Lusk Institute, 223 West 42d St. Bryant 9136.

SHOW CARD WRITERS.
$60 to $250 a week made in show card writing, theatrical poster work, decorative designing; classes under supervision of expert teachers; day or night courses; classes just starting; reasonable terms; apply at once. Y. M. C. A. School of Commercial Art, 151 East 86th St., New York. Phone Lenox 6051.

MACHINE DESIGN.
Two unusual courses—20 weeks.
DRAFTING. Our day course which has placed every graduate is now offered evenings.
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS.
The practical mathematics that every mechanical man must know.
Y.M.C.A. SCHOOL OF MACHINE DESIGN, 157 E. 86th St., N. Y. City. Ph. Lenox 6051.

MEN—EARN $35 TO $125 WEEKLY.
Learn Mechanical Dentistry; rise above small salaried positions; unlimited possibilities; individual instruction; day or evening, 3 months' course; easy payments; courses recognized 28 years as best; equipment free. Call or write for Booklet C, BODEE, Schools of Mechanical Dentistry, 126 West 32d St., N. Y.; 15 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 323 Pulitman Bldg., New York.

SHIP'S OFFICERS WANTED.
Navigation courses $65; license guaranteed or fee refunded; two-year seamen or four-month ensigns eligible mates' license; days, evenings. Write for particulars, Captain Pennrich, 26 Garden Place, Brooklyn.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN—Big demand for high salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

LEARN ELECTRICITY as applied to the automobile; evening courses, elementary and applied; teacher and pass to one session of class free on request. Educational Department, West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West

1,861 BROADWAY. COLUMBUS 8860.

BUICK 1921, TOURING.
CADILLAC 1920, SUBURBAN.
CADILLAC 1920, TOURING.
CADILLAC 1920, ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1920, VICTORIA.
CADILLAC 1920, SPORT, 4-PASS.
CADILLAC 1883, COLLAPSIBLE.
CADILLAC 1918, TOURING.
CUNNINGHAM 1919, SUBURBAN LIMO.
HUDSON 1919, TOURING.
HUDSON 1919, SPORT COUPE.
HUDSON 1918, SUBURBAN.
LOCOMOBILE 1918, SPORTING.
PACKARD 1918-19, TOURING.
PACKARD 1910, FLEETWOOD SPORT.
STUTZ 1920, SPORT, 4-PASS.

SCHOONMAKER & JACOD.
1,895 BROADWAY AT 51ST ST.

BUICK 1920 touring.
BUICK 1919 coupe.
CADILLAC 57 Amesbury sedan, with partition.
CADILLAC 57 Amesbury sedan, without partition.
CADILLACS 57, 4 and 7 pass. tourings.
CADILLAC 1917 chummy.
CADILLAC 1916, 7-pass. touring.
CHANDLER 1920 despatch.
HUDSON 1920 and 1919 speedsters.
LANCIA 1918, 4-pass. sport.
MARMON 1920 touring.
PIERCE 1920 48 limousine.
PIERCE 1919 48 French brougham.
STUTZ 1920, 4-pass. tour.

HERMAN P. KARP, INC., Est. 1902.
126 West 52d St., off B'way. Circle 536.

BUICK 1920 roadster.
CADILLAC 1919 touring; Victoria.
CADILLAC 1918 town landaulet.
CADILLAC 1917 limousine and touring.
HUDSON 1918 Sedan.
PACKARD 1918 suburban limousine.
PACKARD 1918 limousine.
PACKARD 1917 2-35 landaulet.

PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO.,
10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

Buick 1920 Coupe, $1,850.
Essex 1920 Sedan, $1,850.
Cadillac 1918 Sedan, $2,250.
Dodge 1918 Coupe, $850.
Dodge 1920 Tour., $525.
Chevrolet 1919 Sedan, $750.

Harry Brenner, 2,124 B'way (74th). Col. 4077.

BUICK 1919 five-pass. touring; used only few miles and like new throughout; CHEAP. Studebaker Corp'n, Broadway and 86th St.

BUICK 1919 touring 5-passenger, like new; mechanically perfect; owner sacrifice for cash; car at Elmhurst Garage, 25th St., Jackson Av., Elmhurst, Newtown 1448.

BUICK 1919 COUPE, six-cylinder, in excellent mechanical condition; five new tires; a bargain. Stearns Co., 415 West 55th St. Circle 7603.

BUICK runabout, 1920; excellent condition, good tires; very reasonable. E. F. Nowins, 63 Central Park West. Columbus 3962.

BUICK cabriolet, 6-cylinder, 5-passenger; like new; $775. 203 West 128th.

BUICK COUPES, TOURING, ROADSTERS. Flack Co., 228-240 West 54th St.

BUICK coupe, 1919, like new car; many extras. Phone Morningside 9655.

BUICK little six, 1917; first-class condition; $700. Phone Schuyler 4360.

BUICK 1919 coupe; like new; private owner; must sacrifice. 121 West 52d.

BUICK 1920 roadster; 5,000 miles; perfect condition; $1,200. Owner, Shore Road 2587.

BUICK 1921 touring; exceptional opportunity. Schoonmaker-Jacod, 1,868 Broadway.

BUICK Coupe, 1920, excellent condition; see mine before buying. Phone Wadsworth 9422.

BUICK 1916 Little Six touring, accept $450 immediate sale. Homan, 250 W. 54th.

BUICK 1920 coupe, like new; price $2,250. 19 West 62d St., New York.

CADILLAC, type 57, Victoria coupe.
CADILLAC 1918, roadster.
HUDSON 1920 sport sedan.
OLDSMOBILE 1918 sedan.
LOCOMOBILE 1910 limousine.
REO 1919 sedan.
CHANDLER 1919 sedan.
BUICK 1920 coupe; like new.
BUICK 1918 coupe.
SIMPLEX limousine.
BUICK 1920 7-passenger touring, extra convertible sedan top.
CADILLAC 1919 touring.
MERCER 1918 4-pass. sport.
OLDSMOBILE 1920 touring.
CHANDLER 1920 touring.
LOCOMOBILE 1917 touring.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "48" touring.
STUTZ 1919 touring.
MARMON 1918 touring.
REO 1918 roadster.
ROAMER sport model.
OVERLAND 1918 roadster.
Many others not listed above.

NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
19-21 West 62d St.
Phone 7441-7442 Columbus.

CADILLAC 1920 suburban sedan, model 59.
CUNNINGHAM 1920 Imperial sedan.
CUNNINGHAM 1920 cabriolet.
COLE 1920 7-passenger sedan.
BUICK 1920 7-passenger sedan.
PIERCE-ARROW 1919 Imperial limousine.
CADILLAC 1919 suburban sedan.
HUDSON 7-passenger sedan and cabriolet.
MERCER 1920 runabout, elegant shape.
CHANDLER 1920 7-passenger touring.
BIDDLE 1920 sedan, custom body.
CADILLACS, 57-55, touring and runabouts.
DANIELS 1919 7-passenger touring.
PEERLESS 1918 sedan, fine condition.
MANY OTHERS.

HIGHEST CASH PAID FOR HIGH-GRADE CARS; UP-TO-DATE MODELS ONLY.
HYGRADE AUTO EXCHANGE,
800 7th Av., at 52d. Tel. Circle 2867.

CADILLAC
USED CARS.

To the family that wants a HIGH GRADE USED CAR we would suggest a visit to our used car department. Here can be found a number of high grade used CADILLACS. Open and closed styles.

DETROIT CADILLAC
MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
3 LAFAYETTE AV., BKLYN.
PHONE NEVINS 2300.

CADILLAC Vic. Coupe, GC, metal back.
CADILLAC Town Car, perfect, immed. deliv.
CADILLAC 4-pass.; Sport Model.
BUICK 1920, Coupe.
DODGE 1920, Sedan.
REO 1918, 4-Pass. Sport.
OAKLAND 1919, Sedan.
HUDSON 1918, 4-Pass. Sport.
Repaired. Repainted. Low Prices.
CADILLAC USED AUTO EXCHANGE,
157 West 58th St. Circle 5308.

CADILLAC 1920 4-passenger touring car, run 5,000 miles, practically new; complete equipment, including spare tires and slip covers; shown by appointment; $3,500. W. F. Robertson, 144 West 72d St. Columbus 2184.

CADILLAC 1916 TOURING; WIRE WHEELS; EXCELLENT CONDITION; ANY REASONABLE OFFER ACCEPTED. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES, 136 WEST 52D. CIRCLE 190.

CADILLAC Victoria Coupe, first-class condition; wire wheels, cord tires and new spare tire and wheel; $1,700 cash. For demonstration, address Owner, Room 559, 67 West 34th St.

CADILLAC Sedan, 57 8S.; 7,500 miles, excellent condition; slip covers, extra shoes, all cord tires. May be seen on appointment. George U. Tompers, 624 East 21st St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Telephone 9516 Flatbush.

CADILLAC Victoria coupe, as good as new; delivered in June, 1920; run 6,700 miles; complete equipment, six cord tires; cost $5,300; will sacrifice $4,200. Y 2207 Times Annex.

CADILLAC closed cars, coupes, sedans, landaulets, limousines, town cars, 1917, 1918, 1919 models, at reduced prices; call, make offer. 123 West 64th. Myer.

CADILLAC limousine, latest 1919; very beautiful; had best mechanical attention. Full information telephone Schuyler 7943. Mrs. J. Collins.

CADILLAC 4-PASS. COUPE 1919.
Special New Haven body; practically new; guaranteed perfect; cost $6,200; will sacrifice for $3,500. Ripperth, Hotel Woodward.

CADILLACS, 1919, 4 and 7 passenger tourings, fully equipped; exceptional rubber, Westinghouse shock absorbers; $2,500 cash each. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway.

CADILLAC landaulet for sale; private owner; like new; reasonable. Telephone Webster 4060.

CADILLAC coupe 1918, like new; owner must sell, going abroad. L. Burghardt, 600 Amsterdam Av.

CADILLAC coupe, very late 1919; perfect condition; full particulars. Telephone Riverside 5316.

CADILLAC "8" landaulet, exceptionally good; $1,200; time payments. Homan, 250 West 54th.

CADILLAC limousine 1916, condition guaranteed; $1,600; seen at Hawthorne Garage, 1,187 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC coupe, 1920, first-class condition, driven by owner. Brockett, 253 West 63d.

CADILLAC, latest model, Healy landaulet; 1,000 miles; rare opportunity. Private owner, Columbus 4910. Stanford, 251 W. 89.

CADILLAC "57" S Victoria coupe; like new; wire wheels and extras. Mr. Cook, Columbus 4987.

CADILLAC 1919 sedan; condition excellent; bargain. Cook & Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

CADILLAC COUPE BODY for cash, or trade sedan body. F 375 Times.

CADILLAC 1919 Victoria coupe at attractive price. Cook-Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

CADILLAC 1919 AMESBURY SEDAN.
Harry Brenner, 2,124 B'way (74th). Col. 4077.

CADILLAC sedan, 1920, series 59, slightly used; $4,250. Telephone Circle 4987.

Stanley, American Bosch Magneto Corporation, 223 West 48th St.

CHANDLER sedan, 7-passenger, 1920 model; practically brand new, A1 condition; fully equipped; Silvertown cord tires, 2 extras; low mileage; seen by appointment. Phone Cathedral 7690, Apt. 24.

CHANDLER 1920 Despatch, 6-passenger. Like new; $1,275. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 224 West 57th.

CHEVROLET, late 1919, for sale reasonable; very good condition, recently overhauled; owner leaving city, will sacrifice; call evenings. Cathedral 9042, Bernstein, Apt. 57.

CHEVROLET SEDAN, $775.
Biggest bargain ever bought; easy terms arranged. 351 East 149th. Melrose 7786.

CHEVROLET ROADSTER, $190.
Royal mail, electric starter, lights, demountable rims. 460 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

COLE 1919 suburban sedan, slightly used, bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CUNNINGHAM suburban sedan, with partition; bargain. Seen 630 5th Av., Cook-Macconnell.

DODGE sedan, 1920 model, 4-door type; velour upholstery; all wire wheels; has been used privately by owner, who bought car new; only reason for selling, sailing for Europe. See Walters car, garage, 415 East 54th.

DODGE COUPE—DODGE SEDAN,
$950 Each. Homan, 250 W. 54th.

DODGE sedan, 1918; fully equipped; perfect condition; sacrifice. Garage, 210 E. 24th.

DODGE 5-passenger 1920, like new, $950. Phone Mr. King, Madison Square 3200.

DODGE coupe, late model; mechanically perfect. Room 420, 1,777 Broadway. Circle 1417.

DETROIT electric auto, freshly painted, first class condition; bargain. Columbus 3125.

DORT, late model, sedan, fine condition as to paint and mechanism. Dort Motor Co., 1,794 Broadway. Circle 5466.

EMPIRE sedan, Continental motor, extra tire; smooth running; $750 cash. Phone Cortlandt 3959, write F 709 Times Downtown.

ESSEX sedan just revarnished, cord tires, bargain. Phone 908, Morristown, N. J.

FIAT limousine, late model, cost $8,500, will be sold at one-third of cost; perfect condition. Lexington Motor Co. of N. Y., Broadway and 61st St. Columbus 1290.

FIAT 1918 touring, privately owned; must sacrifice. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

FORD sedan; excellent appearance; equipped with latest self-starter, electric lights, storage battery, demountable rims, tire carrier, extra rim, shoe, tools, other useful extras. Mr. Reynolds's car, 415 East 54th.

FORDS—2 panel body deliveries and 1 runabout, late models, demountable rims; many extras; excellent condition; will sacrifice to quick buyer. Repaint, 14th St. and Ely Av., Long Island City.

FORD sedan, 1918, excellent condition; very exceptional bargain. Lexington Motor Co. of N. Y., Broadway and 61st St. Columbus 1290.

FORD sedan 1920, perfect condition, many extras; $625. M. Katz, 184 Monroe St., Brooklyn. Decatur 5467.

FORDS, touring, roadsters, suburban sedan, commercial. 20th Century Auto, 250 West 54th.

FRANKLIN 1919 five-passenger Sedan; five new cord tires; appearance like new; price right. Stearns Co., 415 West 55th St. Circle 7603.

FRANKLIN brougham, new April 1, 1920; excellent condition; will not freeze; cost $4,000; will sell for $2,800. B 416 Times.

FRANKLIN sedan, 1919, velour upholstery. Packard Auto Ex., 10 West 60th St.

FRANKLIN sedan, Series 9A, 1,777 Broadway, Room 420. Circle 1417.

GRANT Six—A chance to save $800; three months ago I bought a new 1921 coupe; have paid $1,500 on my contract, will sell for $700; monthly payments less than $200 on contract; I will lose a clean $800; my loss is your gain; business reverses force sale. F 770 Times Downtown.

HAYNES sedan, 7-passenger, like new; fully equipped; $1,250. 203 West 128th.

HUDSON limousine, model H, mechanical condition and paint unusually good; excellent equipment; selling for customer's account; $1,000. G. R. Ruckett Co., 1,763 Broadway. Circle 150.

HUDSON CABRIOLET 1918, $1,285.
Buick Coupe 1918, $1,185.
Dodge Coupe 1918, $1,075.
Chevrolet Sedan 1919, $735.
Warehouse, 102 West 90th. River 1773.

HUDSON 1919 limousine landaulet; like new; used very little; bargain; quick action; will accept notes for half payment. Call private, evenings or Sundays, 1730 Prospect, 6th Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

HUDSON sedan super six, 1918; wire wheels, everything like new; $1,150 cash; seen any day at my residence, V. Van Buskirk Broadway, Westwood, N. J.

HUDSON touring limousine, 1918, Model M; run 12,000 miles; completely overhauled and repainted; good as new; $2,900; no dealers. Frank Boland, 51 Chambers St.

HUDSON town brougham for sale, just completely overhauled; excellent condition; can be seen at 13 East 58th St., Wildan Motor Co.

HUDSON 1920 4 PASS. SPORT.
Like new. Many extras. Bargain for immediate sale. Private owner, Schuyler 6080.

HUDSON SEDANS, 1917 and 1919.
Perfect throughout; must be sold; time payments. Wm. O'Dell, 250 West 54th.

HUDSON sedan, 1918, 7-passenger, like new; make offer. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 West 57th St.

HUDSON, 1920, 4-PASSENGER, SPORT; SACRIFICE. CIRCLE 8222.

HUDSON 1920 four-passenger, slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

HUDSON Super Six town car landau; reasonable. Telephone 2717 Columbus.

HUDSON 1919 sedan, new in 1920. Seen 630 5th Av., Cook-Macconnell.

HUPP 1917 sedan; just been overhauled. Can be seen at Grand Concourse Service Station, 630 East Fordham Road.

HUPMOBILE 1920 coupe delivered in November; mileage 1,400; special finish and many extras; cost $3,325; can be purchased for considerably less. L 296 Times.

HUPMOBILE, 1917, sedan, 5-pass.; $950. New Amsterdam Storage, 221 West 57th.

JEFFERY coupe, $800; sacrifice; party leaving country; easy payment if desired; perfect condition; demonstration; appointment with Yokota, 100 West 32d St. Watkins 4187 or apply Washington Bridge Garage, Amsterdam Av. and West 183d St. Wadsworth 6565.

KISSEL sedan, almost new; $800. Circle 6441.

KISSEL sedan, 6-cylinder, 7-passenger; like new; $850. 203 West 128th.

LEXINGTON, Oldsmobile, Buick, Dodge, Nash, Hudson, Haynes, Reo, Chalmers and Maxwell tourings; Winter prices now prevailing. Lexington Motor Co. of N. Y., Broadway and 61st St. Columbus 1290.

LEX. sedan demonstrator, 1920 in very fine condition; will be sold at a sacrifice with new car guarantee. Lexington Motor Co. of N. Y., Broadway and 61st St. Columbus 1290.

PACKARD, LATE MODEL, SEDAN.
PACKARD 1917 TOWN BROUGHAM.
PACKARD 1917 FLEETWOOD TOURING.
PACKARD 1916 LIMOUSINE.
PACKARD LATE MODEL TOURING.
BUICK, late 1919 TRUCK.

Studebaker Coupe, suitable for Doctor.
PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO.,
1,010 Dean Street. Prospect 7142.

PACKARD 1920 twin-six coupe, never used; stream-line aluminium body, one-piece top, two-color maroon paint, disteel wheels, automatic chassis special lubrication and shift levers, velour upholstery, double curtains, enameled silver fittings; superbe throughout; $9,000 below cost. Barclay 7446.

PACKARD PHAETON, 1920
4 months old; disc wheels; nickeled radiator; Rolls-Royce lamps; cost $7,500; will sacrifice $4,800. Ripperth, Hotel Cumberland.

PACKARD Twin Six, latest model, driven less than 600 miles; same as new; bargain to quick buyer. Phone 7000 Bowling Green, Extension 17.

PACKARD twin sixes, limousines, landaulets, for rent by hour, day, week, month; reasonable rates; excellent service. Champion Garage and Auto Co., Columbus 9072.

PACKARD 7-passenger limousine, in A1 condition. Phone owner between 10 and 12, Madison Square 5980.

PACKARD, 1917, Berlin limousine, twin-6, like new; must offer. New Amsterdam Storage Warehouse, 221 West 57th.

PACKARD 1917 LANDAULET, just rebuilt, repainted; bargain. Cook-Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

PACKARD—Owner will give Packard 1918 Judkins sedan and cash for Packard, Pierce 1920 sedan. M 298 Times.

PACKARD 1919 touring, fully equipped, perfect condition. Clevenger, Hoboken, N. J.

PACKARD 1917 touring; reasonable. Waldron, 132 West 56th St.

PACKARD 3-35 touring; Fleetwood body, latest design. Barclay 7446.

PAIGE 1917 7-PASSENGER; EXCELLENT MECHANICAL SHAPE; CORD TIRES $680. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORPORATION, 136 W. 52D. TEL. CIRCLE 190.

PAIGE 3-passenger roadster; first-class mechanical and paint condition; brand new battery; demonstration; bargain. F 232 Times.

PAIGE sedan 1918, many extras, A1 condition; seen by appointment. Phone 908, Morristown, N. J.

PAIGE sedan, like new; 7-passenger, fully equipped; $950. 203 West 128th.

PEERLESS 1919 coupe; going South; sacrifice private car, immediate sale, $1,850; best mechanical condition; will demonstrate. Mrs. Anderson, Arrowhead Garage, 178th St. and Broadway.

PEERLESS 1919 LANDAULET TOWN CAR.
Latest importation; electrically equipped; overhauled, painted; will trade. Raynor, Circle 4372.

PIERCE-ARROW 48, sedan; cost $10,000 last Summer; good as new; run 9,000 miles; bargain to quick buyer; demonstration. L 281 Times.

PIERCE-ARROW—Owner wishes to dispose of touring car, Series 4, 38 horse power, just completely overhauled and painted, new top and side curtains. Write, call or telephone to Mr. E. P. Cobb, Room 364, 50 Church Street. Telephone Cortlandt 574.

PIERCE-ARROW, beautiful 1919 touring, dual valve; can't be told from new; condition guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

PIERCE-ARROW 1915 48 touring car, Westinghouse shock absorbers; first-class condition; any demonstration. Gear, 823 E. 44th.

PIERCE coupe 1919; 6,000 miles; seen by appointment only. Phone 908 Morristown, N. J.

PIERCE-ARROW 1920 French brougham; also limousine. Cook-Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

PIERCE-ARROW limousine, 48 h. p.; no reasonable offer refused; owner going to Europe. 200 West 54th. Apt. 3C. Circle 1130.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 48 landaulet; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

PIERCE-ARROW 1919 48 runabout; will sacrifice. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

REMOVAL SALE OF USED CARS.
1920 CHANDLER 7 PASSENGER.
1920 ESSEX SEDAN.
1920 OAKLAND 5 PASSENGER.
1920 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1919 MURRAY TOWN LIMOUSINE.
1919 STUTZ 4 PASSENGER.
1919 PIERCE DUAL VALVE.
1919 CADILLAC 4 PASSENGER.
1919 NATIONAL 7 PASSENGER.
1919 PAIGE 5 PASSENGER.
1919 PEERLESS CHUMMY.
1918 HUDSON 4 PASSENGER.
1917 NATIONAL TOWN LIMOUSINE.
1916 CADILLAC 7 PASSENGER.
All cars reconditioned and guaranteed; sold regardless of cost; time payments accepted.
INTERNATIONAL AUTO EXCHANGE,
150 WEST 55TH.

REOS, Stewarts, Autocars, Macks, Dodges, Buicks, Fords, Ford extensions and others; ½ to 2 tons; also rebuilt Ranlers, ½ to 1½ tons. Ranier Motor Corp., 5th and Webster Avs., Long Island City. Telephone Astoria 3485.

REO 1920 sedan, 6-cylinder; practically new; run 2,500 miles as demonstrator; original cord tires; like new. Bowman & Meyer, Inc., Reo Agents, 2,423 Grand Concourse (197th).

REO TOURING, BARGAIN, $250.
Excellent condition, electric starter, lights, demountable rims, 4 new shoes, guaranteed 6 months. 499 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

REO sedan, perfect condition; complete $1,350; see to appreciate. Horner, Audubon 7111J.

ROAMER 1920 sport model touring, the classiest and neatest-looking car in New York; was purchased brand-new by present owner; for a quick sale will make a big sacrifice. See Mr. Hodgson's car, Knickerbocker Garage, 415 East 54th.

ROAMER 1919 runabout, also 4-passenger; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

S. G. V. taxi ready to work; $700. Arrow Garage, 142 West 56th St.

STANLEY steam car, 7-passenger touring, 1919; splendid condition. Write T. S. Kelly, 285 Central Park West, N. Y. C.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, late model touring car in good running condition; fully equipped and many extras; $485. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STEARNS 1920 ROADSTER.
4-cylinder; only driven 600 miles; new car guarantee; price right. Stearns Co., 415 West 55th. Circle 7603.

STEARNS sedan, 1918, 4-cyl., 5-pass.; in A1 mechanical condition; appearance like new; a bargain. Stearns, 415 W. 55th. Circle 7603.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, 8, landaulet; run 10,000 miles; bargain. 402 East 14th St.

STEWART, 1½-ton, 1918 chassis truck; in good condition; all tires good; body frame 10 feet, wheel base 12 feet; subject to any demonstration; price, $450. Packard Motor Car Co., 1,861 Broadway. Columbus 8906.

STUDEBAKER sedan, 1919, Special Six, 5-pass. sedan, reconditioned like new and factory guaranteed; $1,785. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

STUDEBAKER coupe; $350 buys 1918 Studebaker 4-pass., custom built coupe; a real bargain. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

STUDEBAKER, late model touring car; in good running condition; bargain at $385. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER, LATE 1917 CLOSED CAR; EXCELLENT SHAPE; MAKE GOOD TAXICAB; REASONABLE. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 136 W. 52D. CIRCLE 190.

STUDEBAKER, 1920 big "8" demonstrator; run less than 5,000 miles; guaranteed to be in perfect running condition; rare bargain. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER, 1919 light small touring car; factory rebuilt; guaranteed; refinished and just equipped with five new wire wheels. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER roadster; comfy for Winter; snappy appearance; cord tires; some Christmas present. Telephone Stuyvesant 153. No dealers.

STUDEBAKER, 1920, special "6" touring car; 3 months' use; fully guaranteed; inspection invited. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER, 1919 Club roadster; fully equipped; many extras; this car is a very snappy model. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER 1920 four-pass. club roadster, used only few miles and factory guaranteed. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ, 1920, touring; excellent condition; will consider reasonable offer to quick buyer. Cigar store, 508 Broadway.

STUTZ 1917 4-passenger, just overhauled; no cash offer refused. Can be seen at De Ferro, 601 West 47th St.

STUTZ, 1918, town car, limousine; Westinghouse shock absorbers; like new; make offer. New Amsterdam Storage, 221 W. 57th.

STUTZ 1918 sedan; like new; mechanically perfect; sacrifice. 123 West 52d.

S. G. V. limousine town car, first-class condition. Gear, 823 East 44th.

WHITE limousine; fine condition; bought late 1919 for $6,200; most of time in dead storage; owner going South; will sell $3,800; mileage 4,500. The White Co., Long Island City.

WHITE, five-ton, wholesale ice body; good condition. Packard Motor Car Co., 1,861 Broadway. Columbus 8906.

WILLYS-KNIGHT touring car; used very little; extra; slip covers and shoes; looks like new; $695. Studebaker Corporation, 1,945 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Flatbush 8310.

WILLYS-OVERLAND, late 1918 4-pass. chummy roadster, in wonderful condition throughout; $670. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

WILLYS-KNIGHT touring, 5 pass. 1920; slightly used; cost $2,800; bargain. Stearns, 415 West 55th. Circle 7603.

WINTON limousine, good as new; owner leaving city; must be seen to be appreciated; quick sale; no dealers. Call at 213 West 58th St.

EXCEPTIONAL VALUE.
CHEVROLET.

One 1920 Chevrolet FB coupe, 4 passengers; completely equipped; cord tires; wire wheels. $1,500.

Two 1918 Chevrolet sedans, 7 passengers; completely equipped; 8 cylinder; perfection heater.

$1,600 and $2,000.

One 1918 Chevrolet touring, 5-passenger; completely equipped; 8-cylinder; good condition.

$1,500.

One 1921 special roadster, special designed body; fenders and equipment throughout; painted satin blue; built in New York.

$2,000.

Telephone Wadsworth 6243.

AUTOMOBILE AUCTION SALES,
50 different makes of pleasure and commercial cars will be sold at Public Auction on
MONDAY AND THURSDAY AT NOON,
BROWN'S AUTO AUCTION SALESROOMS,
2d Av., cor. 11th St., N. Y. City.
Tel. Stuyvesant 924.

List your car with us. We will get your price. Five per cent. commission charged if your car is sold. WE also buy cars outright when so preferred.

SELL YOUR
AUTO AT AUCTION.
Gigantic Auto Auction to Be Held at
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN,
JANUARY 10, 11, 12, 13.
List your car now. For full particulars inquire at MADISON SQUARE GARDEN AUTOMOBILE AUCTION SALES CO.,
11 West 30th St.
PEISER & POTTER, AUCTIONEERS.
Telephone Longacre 2808.

SELL YOUR CAR—Highest price paid for export; save garage expenses; investigate co-operative plan. Trans-Marine Motor Corporation, 507 West 50th St. Write today.

Motor Trucks.

REPUBLIC, 1919.....3-ton pneumatic chassis
FORDS, 1919.....1-ton rack bodies
REO, 1917.....2-ton chassis
PIERCE-ARROWS, 1918..2-ton rack and van
STEWART, 1919.....3-ton rack
KELLE, 1919.....2-ton full van
DODGE, 1919.....2-ton platform
SELDEN, 1917.....2-ton rack
GARFORD, 1916.....3½-ton van
PACKARD, chain drive, 3½ ton, with or without body.
STERLING, 1918.....3½-ton rack
STERLING, 1918.....3-ton platform
ALCO, 1914.....2-ton chassis

BROOKLYN BRANCH,
PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO. OF NEW YORK,
1,047 Atlantic Av. Prospect 3400.

PIERCE 5-ton, renewed throughout.
PACKARD 5-ton, renewed throughout.
RIKER 5-ton, renewed throughout.
WHITE 5-ton, renewed throughout.
COMMERCE 1-ton, overhauled, chassis only, or dump or express body.

PIERCE-ARROW MOTOR CAR CO., Inc.,
Broadway at 63d St. Columbus 907.

TRUCKS! TRUCKS! TRUCKS!
VARIOUS SIZES AND MAKES.
EXCEPTIONAL LOW PRICES.
CONTRACTORS' DUMPERS.
LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP.,
136 WEST 52D. CIRCLE 190.

MUST SELL AT ONCE, 3½-TON CHASSIS, WORM DRIVE; CONDITION GUARANTEED; SACRIFICE. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 136 W. 52D. CIRCLE 190.

KNOW OF CONTRACT FOR ONE YEAR'S WORK AT GOOD PAY FOR TWO-TON TRUCK. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 136 WEST 52D. CIRCLE 190.

LOOK. LOOK. LOOK.
SAURER 3-TON CONTRACTOR'S DUMPER; EXCELLENT SHAPE; $975. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES, 136 W. 52D. CIRCLE 190.

SAURER TRUCK PARTS, anything you want for Saurer truck, we have it. Lawrence Motor Sales Corp., 136 West 52d. Circle 190.

Automobiles Wanted.

1920 sedan; will exchange plot 50x158, Fort Independence Rd., Bronx; street improved, paid for; assessed $3,000; price $3,000; mortgage $2,000, due 1924; all propositions considered; will sacrifice if car suits. Address Room 508, Ordway Building, Newark.

WANTED, Pierce-Arrow car, 66, series 4, enclosed body, 4 or 5 passenger preferred; cash for good bargain. James E. Hamilton, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

AUTO WANTED—4-passenger Cadillac 57 double or Packard 1919; no dealers. Post Office Box 83, Jamaica, L. I., N. Y.

AUTOMOBILES—1,000 WANTED.
Highest prices paid; bring car or phone. 499 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

BUICK sedan, 1920 model; must be mechanically perfect; no dealers. Telephone Beekman 1194.

Automobiles to Rent.

MACK, 5-ton, with open body, one man and chauffeur if wanted; will take any work as transport trucking at very reasonable price; for full particulars write or see N. Longhetano, owner, 424 West 163d St.

PACKARD twin sixes, limousines, landaulets, for rent by hour, day, week, month; reasonable rates; excellent service. Champion Garage and Auto Co., Columbus 9072.

HUDSON, late model landaulet limousine. Just out of paint shop, by month; also Cadillac limousine. Swartzell. 2016 Riverside.

CADILLAC, limousine, beautiful appearance; will rent to private party by month; price $450. W. Hall, 3,223 Astoria.

ROLLS ROYCE, Locomobile limousine; prompt service; reasonable rates. Darrin, 6818 Murray Hill.

PACKARD Twin Sixes for hire; reasonable rates; monthly, specialty. Muldoon. Columbus 2151.

STUDEBAKER 1921 limousine, for hire, by month, new $5,000 car. Kelly, 72 West 106th. Academy 2094.

BEAUTIFUL six-cylinder limousine; hour, day, month. Sullivan, phone Rhinelander 7959.

PIERCE-ARROW and Cadillac; special rates on all work; hour, day, week or month. Thompson, Circle 2309.

PACKARD Twin Six 7-passenger Limousine; hour, trips; reasonable. Bradley, Schuyler 8528.

PACKARD—Limousine, private appearance, $75 to $125 weekly; desirable party. Circle 1868.

HUDSON latest super limousine landaulet; monthly, hourly; references. Milton Horn, Bryant 5890.

CADILLAC Private Renting Service, 145 West 54th St. Circle 2800; first-class service at reasonable rates, monthly specialty.

RENAULT town car, beautiful appearance; will rent to private party monthly. Phone Spring 6634.

CADILLAC 1918, seven-passenger limousine, $3 hour; day, week, month. Columbus 8679.

PACKARD special limousine; monthly only. Waldron, Circle 4187.

PIERCE late modal limousine, day, month. Shapiro, 159 East 77th. Rhinelander 6900.

Automobile Accessories.

HANDSOME PAIR BEAR ROBES, two beautiful PLUSH ROBES, GENTLEMAN'S fur lined overcoat, chauffeur's fur coat; perfect condition; no cash offers refused. PRIVATE STABLE, 148 East 39th St.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTO INSTRUCTION.
6 and 8 weeks' courses for Owners, Chauffeurs, Mechanics, Salesmen.
WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A.,
302 West 57th St., New York.
Get booklet and pass. Special ladies' classes.

AUTOMOBILE TRAINING BY EXPERTS
Complete shop courses, $60, with driving, $80; weekly payments. Ask for catalogue L.
STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL,
225 West 57th St., at Broadway.
Leading School—Founded 1908.

REPAIRING, driving taught short time; license guaranteed; ladies' classes; also Ford lessons. American Auto School, 728 Lexington Av.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th—Superior instructors guarantee expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes.

Automobile Storage.

DEAD STORAGE
and garage space for rent in new fireproof garage. Southeast corner 64th St. and 3d Av.

AUTOMOBILES.
DEAD STORAGE,
$4 UP.
LEE BROS., INC.
219 EAST 125TH ST.
PHONE HARLEM 2719.

Automobile Bodies.

CADILLAC SEDAN BODIES, INCLUDING MOUNTING; ALLOWANCE ON OLD BODIES. TEL. BROAD 5377.

Unused Cars.

OLDSMOBILE contract for sedan or coupe; will sacrifice $900. 5323 Audubon.

All Items Will Be on Sale
Monday and Tuesday

STORE HOURS 9 A.M. to 7 P.M. UNTIL XMAS

ROTHENBERG'S

L. A. PRICE, Pres.
Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Promptly Refunded

West 14th Street—Between 5th and 6th Aves.



Prayer Beads
Warranted for 10 years. Gold Plated Chain and Crucifix with cut stone; several colors to select from—fitted in neat gift box—special at 1.98

Catholic Prayer Books
Bound in leather; gilt edge. Cover stamped in gold. Published with the approbation of His Eminence, Cardinal James Gibbons. Most complete book published, including Epistles and Gospels. Several styles to select from. Each 98c

No Gift More Acceptable Than
Copyright Fiction



For the Younger Folk or for the Grown-up 86c

Wolves of the Sea, by Randall Parish.
Flexible Ferdinand, by Julie M. Lippmann.
The Magnificent Ambersons, by Booth Tarkington.
Nomads of the North, by James Oliver Curwood.
Shavings, by Joseph C. Lincoln.
A Daughter of the Land, by Gene Stratton Porter.
Long Ever Go, by Rupert Hughes.
And Hundreds of Other Titles to Choose From

Christmas Sale of Handsome
Semi-Cut Glass



Orange Bowl—new design, 14½ in. cutting and shape. Special $2.98



Ice Tub—Handsome designs—two handles—Special $1.98



Celery or Roll Tray—12 in. $2.49



Tall Compote—used for candies, nuts or small fancy crackers $1.98

$48.50 Seamless Tapestry 9x12 Brussels Rugs
Marked Down for This Monday and Tuesday Sale $37.50
Good hard wearing quality in beautiful Oriental, floral and neat all-over designs. Suitable for the Parlor, Dining Room or Bedroom. Sale price.....

Handsome 9x12 Axminster Rugs
Now Priced Up to $65, Marked Down to..... Beautiful Oriental, Floral and Conventional designs $46.50



$135 Wilton Rugs Marked Down to
Those of you who seek exceptional value will save $40.00 on our regular price by coming here tomorrow or next day—and that means considerably more than $30 saved on what the same quality rugs would cost you elsewhere. Handsome Chinese, neat all-over and Persian designs on exquisite rose, tan and blue grounds. $95.00

Wool Velvet Carpet
Taken from our own stock and marked down for

Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

Fair today and Tuesday; no change in temperature; fresh northwest winds.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,976. NEW YORK, MONDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1920. TWO CENTS

O'FLANAGAN'S REPLY TO LLOYD GEORGE IS UNCOMPROMISING

Says Sinn Fein Is a Peaceful Political Organization Reacting Against "Violent Attacks."

CHURCH BAN EDICT ISSUED

Bishop Cohalan to Excommunicate Organizers of Ambushes, Kidnappings and Murders.

HOSTAGES TO SAVE TROOPS

Will Be Carried in All Transport Moving Armed Forces—Two Prisoners Shot Dead.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Dec. 19.—Father O'Flanagan telegraphed as follows to the Prime Minister today in reply to Mr. Lloyd George's last message:

"I agree that two things are desirable—first peace and then reconciliation. As for peace, it is only necessary for your Government to cease to violate or set aside your own Constitution by your attack on the liberty of the Irish people.

"Sinn Fein is a peaceful political organization. The violent attacks made upon it have inevitably led to violent reactions. While the attacks continue it is not in the power of any man or any organized body of men to prevent these reactions.

"Remove the cause and the effect will cease automatically. Reconciliation can only come when the accredited representatives of both nations meet with the approval of both peoples.

"I have suggested the only way in which I believe this to be possible. I have not thereby closed a door, though I may have discovered it closed when I thought to have found it open."

In the opinion of the authorities prompt action of officers on Saturday night frustrated a plot to blow up the Gresham Hotel, which since the assassinations of a month ago, has been occupied by military officers for whom there is no accommodation in the barracks.

Details of the affair show that on Saturday morning some officers leaving the hotel remarked that they were followed by several civilians, but paid no attention, although one of their number who has served on the court-martial received an anonymous threatening letter recently. On returning in the evening, however, it was observed that the same group of men was still waiting, and this fact roused suspicion.

An urgent telephone message was sent to the Castle near by and a party of auxiliary police and military quickly arrived. Only one of the suspected civilians, John Connolly, was arrested. He was officially stated to be in possession of live bombs and a revolver fully loaded with soft-nosed bullets. In the disturbance shots were fired and a shop assistant passing at the time was wounded.

As usually occurs after incidents of this kind, there was great military and police activity in the city, nearly every hotel being raided.

Excommunication Decree in Force.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CORK, Dec. 19.—In a pastoral letter read in the churches today, Bishop Cohalan notified of the promulgation of a decree of excommunication from the Church against any one taking part in or organizing ambushes or kidnapping or murders.

Answering the Sinn Fein corporation's criticism of this action, he says:

"It adds nothing to the Divine law," and concludes with an appeal "at this time of Christmas to all volunteers, privates and officers, to as many as believe in the divinity of Jesus Christ, to bow to the teaching of the Gospel, to remember the Divine Commandment, 'Thou shalt not kill,' to respect human life, to have consideration for the unprotected general public and neither to give nor obey any order that would subject them to the terrible effects of excommunication."

Finally, he asks priests and people to pray for an honorable political settlement which may enable "All the children of Ireland to work harmoniously and contentedly for the betterment of our country."

CORK, Dec. 19 (Associated Press).—When the decree authorized by Mgr. Daniel Cohalan, Bishop of Cork, excommunicating any one participating in further ambuscades of Crown forces in his diocese, was read in St. Finbar's South Church, a majority of the congregation left the church amid considerable confusion.

Hostages to Share Peril.

DUBLIN, Dec. 19 (Associated Press).—The general officer commanding the Kerry district has issued a proclamation that after Dec. 20 Irish Republican army officers and leaders in custody will be sent as hostages with all transport moving armed forces of the Crown by road in the martial law areas.

Two men who had been in the custody of the military in a constabulary barracks at Cashel, Tipperary, were shot dead Saturday night. No details have been received.

BELFAST, Dec. 19.—The Court House at Cork was raided yesterday by Crown

Continued on Page Two.

Perfect Farm Sausage—Now!
Try them and you'll see the difference. Famous for flavor and quality. Have some for breakfast to-morrow. Pound packages, parchment wrapped.—Advt.

197,000,000 in 2100 A. D.; Nation's Limit, Prof. Pearl Says

BOSTON, Dec. 19.—The United States will have a population of 197,000,000 people, the maximum which its continental territory can sustain, about the year 2100, Professor Raymond Pearl of the Johns Hopkins School of Hygiene and Public Health estimated in a Lowell Institute lecture last night.

To support such a population, he said, 260 trillion calories of food a year would be needed, and judging from the production of the last seven years, when the maximum population was reached, it would be necessary to import about half the calories necessary for sustenance.

LOST BALLOON REPORTED SIGHTED

Seen on Tuesday by Cornell Professors Near the Massachusetts Border.

BALLOON OVER ULSTER CO.

Sighted Yesterday, but It is Doubted That She Can Be the Missing Aircraft.

Officers who have been on constant watch at the Naval Air Station at Rockaway Point since the missing balloon A-5598 sailed away a week ago today last night received a telephone message from Ithaca that two professors from Cornell University had sighted the craft on Tuesday night near Stephentown, N. Y. This is in Rensselaer County just west of the Massachusetts line.

The last previous report from the balloon showed that she was over Wells, N. Y. (Hamilton County), drifting toward the Adirondacks. Evidently after Monday night her course utterly changed.

As to a report that a balloon, believed to be the missing naval airship, had been seen late yesterday afternoon flying at a low altitude over Red Hill, Ulster County, officials at the Rockaway Naval Station did not believe that this could be the A-5598 because she did not have enough gas to keep her aloft so long, even if the crew had jettisoned most of their ballast.

The Stephentown report indicated that the helpless drifter might have been hurled to the northeast, over the ocean, instead of northward to the Canadian wilderness, as had been supposed when first fears were expressed about the safety of the fliers. A heavy wind was reported blowing at the time the Cornell observers saw the balloon, a few hours of which would have carried it over the ocean, perhaps far north of the Winter track of the transatlantic liners and over unfrequented stretches of the northern seas.

According to the report reaching the Air Station, Professor A. F. Gustafson of the State College of Agriculture at Cornell saw the balloon scudding over Stephentown late on Tuesday night, hurrying to the northeast before a heavy wind. He and Professor C. H. Royce are reported to have made out the outline of the balloon, with lights and some of the trellis work hanging under the gas bag. Without any motive power but the winds, the bag was helpless save as it could be controlled by ballast.

Reports from Albany last night were that the two army airplanes, partly wrecked there on Saturday on landing from Mitchel Field, would be able to start their search over the Adirondacks today. With gasoline for cruises of 400 miles radius they will scour the country as far north as the Canadian line, on the theory that the gas bag might have gone down in some wild and inaccessible spot in the Adirondacks.

Forest rangers started out from Saranac Lake yesterday to climb to the tops of the Adirondack peaks in the hope that they might be able to catch sight of the gas bag if it had happened to have caught on tree tops. Men have already gone to the observation towers on Lyon, White Face, Hurricane, Mount Morris, Azure Mountain, and other peaks. Some of the rangers have fears for the safety of the men if they fell in the mountains, for the snow is heavy and the cold severe.

MEXICAN EDITOR IS TOO BUSY TO FIGHT

So Palavicini Ignores Alvarado's Challenge for Articles on Oil Concessions.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 19.—The campaign of local papers against the concessions granted during the last days of the De la Huerta régime has occasioned a challenge to a duel. Felix Palavicini, editor of El Universal, who attacked concessions granted to Salvador Alvarado as "immoral," has received a challenge from General Alvarado to a duel to the death.

Señor Palavicini charged that the concessions which Alvarado received when he was Minister of Hacienda, were obtained for the purpose of transferring them to foreign interests.

A local paper which supports Alvarado charges Palavicini in his turn with being in the pay of the Doheny group and working against the interests of Mexico.

After the publication of new charges last week, Alvarado sent his seconds to Palavicini, who refused to accept the challenge saying that, as an editor compelled to attack many interests, he could not fight duels every time some one considered that his paper had done him an injustice.

Palavicini has had a stormy career during the four years of his ownership of El Universal. Several times he has been challenged to fight and has often been threatened with death but he has managed to escape the duels and set the threats at naught.

FALL MALL Rounds the cigarette with a free and easy draught.—Advt.

ATHENS WELCOMES CONSTANTINE HOME WITH FRENZY OF JOY

Thousands Cheer Him on His Triumphal Entry at the Head of His Troops.

KISS HIS HORSES' HARNESS

Princess Anastasia Prominent Among the Royalties Gathered to Greet Him.

ENTENTE MINISTERS TO GO

But the French, British and Italian Representatives Are Technically "On Leave."

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, Dec. 19.—King Constantine arrived here safely a little before noon today. Great crowds assembled in the streets to welcome him back to his capital after his long exile. His Majesty proceeded to the Royal Palace amid continuous cheering. The people seemed delirious with joy. There were no untoward incidents.

Crowds Waiting for Hours.

ATHENS, Dec. 19 (Associated Press).—Constantine's train steamed into the Laurion Station, about 100 yards from the Place de la Concorde, this morning, without ostentation and with the returning monarch like an ordinary traveler. Constantine, however, was greeted by the cheering of thousands of persons who had been awaiting his arrival since 9 o'clock in the morning.

Queen Mother Olga and the Princess Anastasia, dressed in chinchilla furs and wearing picture hats to match, were standing in the royal group to welcome Constantine. The Ministers also were present in the station.

In a carriage drawn by six horses, attended by outriders and followed by troops, a procession, with Constantine at its head, started for the Stadium. The crowd along the route evinced the greatest enthusiasm, frequently breaking out of bounds and rushing up and kissing the harness of the horses drawing the royal equipage. Wild cheering was heard along the entire line of march, the people being almost delirious with joy.

After visiting the Cathedral, Constantine went to the Royal Palace, where he read a message to the people.

Final preparations for the reception had been virtually completed when darkness set in last night. The city was gaily decorated, flags flying everywhere and automobiles as they scurried about flying gay streamers, while their gleeful passengers, among whom were members of the royal family, were constantly occupied in greeting similarly occupied parties or acknowledging the salutes of the crowds on the streets.

The signs of mourning for the late King Alexander were removed three days ago, and this has given the court ladies, including Princess Anastasia, an opportunity to bedeck themselves in gala attire.

The general atmosphere last night was like that of Christmas eve. Olive branches and emblems of peace were to be seen everywhere. Groups of laughing girls were numerous on the walks, while the Boy Scouts and even the street urchins were busy gathering flags to bedeck themselves. From the church towers the sound of ringing bells was almost constant.

At Phaleron, the port near Athens where Constantine was expected to land, the harbor was clear of allied and American war vessels, only a few fishing boats remaining. The town was crowded, however, with numerous parties attempting to obtain vantage points from the hotels for Sunday's ceremonial, or taking tea along the sunshiny beach in the late afternoon.

Stratos May be New Premier.

M. Stratos, Minister of Marine in the short-lived Cabinet, formed March 9, 1915, by M. Gounaris, present Greek Minister of War, is being mentioned as possible head of a new Greek Ministry. He is a leader of the Conservative Party, which controls sixty votes in the Chamber of Deputies.

Outlining Greek policies in a statement yesterday M. Stratos said:

"Our first move will be to smash the army commanded by Mustapha Kemal Pasha, leader of the Turkish Nationalists, and thus show we desire to retain Smyrna. This would also demonstrate to the Allies that we can 'carry on.' There has been some exaggeration regarding our financial position. We will find money to support the army, although we know it will be expensive. The campaign, however, will be short and therefore cheaper in the end. As we are signers of the Sevres Treaty, we do not need the consent of the Allies to attack Mustapha Kemal, and if the Allies prevent us from making such an attack, their action will show that they prefer the Turks to us.

"It is a mistake to believe that the Allies seriously object to Constantine, as they are uninterested in his return since the Great War, which brought about his removal, is over. The French are protesting against Constantine in order to get complete control of Turkey, which they regard their field of exploitation, in which we are not wanted. The British are acting slowly, but we believe they will favor us in the end. They confided in ex-Premier Venizelos, and his defeat surprised them.

"If I enter the new Cabinet, it cannot

Continued on Page Three.

FLORIDA—5 THROUGH TRAINS DAILY. Atlantic Coast Line R.R. Office 1,346 Broadway (32d St.) Tel. Longacre 8665.—Advt.

German Sympathizer Tarred and Feathered And Set Down in Centre of Jacksonville, Fla.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Dec. 19.—John Bischoff, a prominent real estate man of Jacksonville, was tarred and feathered by an unknown body of men tonight and brought to the downtown section of the city, following a letter he addressed to The Florida Metropolis, attacking its editorial policy of denouncing the Germans. This letter was printed on the front page of The Metropolis on Saturday and answered by Quimby Melton, Vice President and general manager, in a signed reply.

Bischoff said The Metropolis was a "yellow sheet" for "still carrying on the war," and announced that unless the paper quit calling the Germans Huns he would cease advertising. The city has been astir with discussion of the letter and the reply and the tar-and-feather event is the culmination.

In his signed editorial Major Melton stated that he considered "Herr Bischoff's letter an insult to the living and the dead of the American army," and discussing Bischoff's threat to "whip somebody" stated that "practically all of the members of The Metropolis editorial staff are ex-service men and served in France, and having done pretty well at handling Huns in days past did not believe that it would be much trouble to handle one German."

Bischoff, stripped of all his clothes except a suit of light underwear, which was much abbreviated with scissors, was brought in a darkened automobile to Laura and Forsyth Streets, the principal street corner of the city, and pushed into the street. Men and women quickly assembled around him and it was necessary for the police to protect him. He was taken to the police station and no further demonstration was made.

UNTERMYER GIVES REASONS FOR FINES

Says Contractors Escaped Prison Sentence by Giving Valuable Evidence.

ATTACKS SENATOR KAPLAN

Calls His Position 'Gallery Play' Hostile to Lockwood Committee—Kaplan Replies.

Samuel Untermyer, counsel to the Lockwood Committee, in a statement issued yesterday, charged Senator Abraham Kaplan with "playing to the gallery" and attempting to give the committee's housing inquiry a political complexion when he sought last Friday to bind counsel to demand maximum jail sentences instead of fines in the cases of the twenty-nine cut stone contractors who pleaded guilty to violating the Donnelly Anti-Trust act.

Senator Kaplan also issued a statement in which he declared that the real question was: "Why did not counsel for the Lockwood Committee recommend these self-confessed building grafters be given maximum jail sentences?"

During the day all the members of the Lockwood Committee with the exception of Senator Kaplan communicated with Mr. Untermyer and said they were behind him in his stand.

Here is Mr. Untermyer's statement:

"Anxious as I am to adhere to my fixed policy of refusing to be drawn into controversies affecting the work of the committee and to avoid newspaper statements and interviews, the future usefulness of the inquiry seems to demand an answer from me to this latest of Senator Kaplan's attempts to obscure the important results achieved by the committee, to impair public confidence in its work and to lend aid and comfort to the many big and little grafters, trusts, combinations and lawbreakers whose operations the committee is engaged in exposing."

Kaplan's Stand "Gallery Play."

"The explanation made by counsel before Judge McAvoy of the reasons for recommending the imposition of fines on the defendants' pleas of guilty—most of them were corporations, and as such were liable only to fines in any event—and the action taken by Judge McAvoy in the exercise of the judicial discretion that is vested in him, and in him alone, are a sufficient answer to the inspired 'gallery play' of Senator Kaplan, whose connection with the committee will fortunately expire within the next eleven days. The sincerity of his oft repeated published protestations as to what he calls my 'wonderful work'—and his expressions of confidence in counsel—is inconsistent with the attacks he has been making.

"I explained to Judge McAvoy that while this particular change is a misdemeanor, punishable at most by a fine against the corporation and by not exceeding one year to individuals, we expected, with the aid of the men who were pleading guilty and of the documents that, with their consent, we were thus being permitted to use in return, to be able to prove and punish felonies in the way of gross frauds practiced upon the city which there was no hope of otherwise reaching, besides securing in this way evidence of other and more important unlawful combinations which we have already in that way secured.

"Ever since the duty of the committee required that we delve into the peculiar relations between Hettrick and the city administration, Senator Kaplan has been a thorn in our side. He has been the one man on the committee who has tried to give it a political complexion which we have all industriously and successfully sought to avoid. Of the ten members of the committee Senator Kaplan has at all times been the sole disturbing factor. The purpose and mainsprings of his action have been familiar to us all. The fact that we have been upheld throughout by each and all of his nine associates, Democrats and Republicans alike, renders further comment from me unnecessary.

Hints at Contempt of Court.

"The offense to Judge McAvoy and the contempt of his court that are involved in Senator Kaplan's demagogic criticisms of a situation of which he is as ignorant as 'the man in the street' are not likely to go unnoticed. If his experience and performance as a lawyer did not make ludicrous his idle boasts about having volunteered to try the complicated timestone cases himself, to those who know the situation he would realise something of what it means to secure convictions in this class of cases, in which convictions have been so few and far between.

"The truth is that he never prosecuted a single one in his life and knows noth-

Continued on Page Two.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION, Quick relief.—Advt.

GIVE $650,000 TO AID YOUNG WAR VICTIMS

Metropolitan Opera House Audience Weeps as Hoover Pleads for the Starving.

GIFTS OF $10 TO $100,000

Meeting Opens $33,000,000 Drive to Keep 3,500,000 Alive in Europe.

Nearly $650,000 was subscribed at a meeting in the Metropolitan Opera House yesterday afternoon to aid the European Relief Council in caring for 3,500,000 destitute children of Central and Southeastern Europe through the Winter. The appeal of the eight organizations comprising the council was voiced by Herbert Hoover, and many of the subscriptions were given with the sentiment that they were to wish Mr. Hoover and "his starving children a Merry Christmas."

This meeting began a campaign to raise $33,000,000 in this country as a last effort to keep millions alive in Eastern Europe until the next harvest—$23,000,000 for food and clothing and $10,000,000 for medical supplies and medical service. It is estimated that $10 will care for one child through the Winter, so that the fund gathered in the Metropolitan yesterday "will save the lives of at least 65,000 children."

Mr. Hoover brought tears to the eyes of hundreds in the audience when he abandoned the prepared text of his speech and launched into an extemporaneous description of the plight of the homeless children of Eastern Europe and pleaded for American assistance. His plea, combined with that of Mrs. August Belmont and the Rev. Harry Emerson Fosdick, was so effective that the goal of the meeting was doubled—it had been expected that only about $300,000 would be subscribed.

Mr. Hoover asserted that 400,000 of the 500,000 children of Vienna were in dire need of help from "the hand of a former enemy," and that the same conditions prevailed in Warsaw, Riga, Budapest and many other cities. He added that this one last bit of help would end the need of American assistance, "carry the flotsam of war through to safety," and that it would write the last paragraph in "America's glorious history of war relief."

Gifts From $10 to $100,000.

The contributions for the relief of the children who, Mr. Hoover said, would "be compelled to seek their food in the streets within two months" if no help were forthcoming, ranged in size from $10 gifts from children in the audience to anonymous gifts of $100,000. There were several gifts of more than $25,000, and the flood of small contributions was so great that clerks with adding machines were unable to tabulate them before they had to leave the Opera House to make way for a Sunday night concert.

Thousands of dollars in notes of denominations from $1 to $100 were gathered up by the ushers, and it is believed that this sum, with pledges yet untabulated, will run the total well over $650,000. The tabulated total ran $612,000 when the clerks had to stop their work, with hundreds of pledges yet to be handled.

Apprehensive that some hold-up man with more than usual cunning and foresight might be on the job to try to take away the cash contributions of the meeting of 2,500 persons, unusual precautions were taken by the representatives of women's organizations who were managing the gathering. Mrs. F. Louis Slade, Chairman of the meeting, supervised these arrangements, and her chief of staff was Mrs. Thomas Bucklin Wells, a member of the Committee on Arrangements.

Private detectives were there to see that none of the money was taken from the "starving children of Europe," and the cash was packed tightly into a little black satchel, sealed and started on its way to the headquarters of the European Relief Council at 42 Broadway under convoy of seven men. This party was headed by Christian Herter, secretary to Herbert Hoover, and six detectives and unofficial guards. The money reached the offices safely, despite the "crime wave." It was estimated at more than $10,000 in cash.

Two contributions of $10,000 each were made on behalf of the Countess Szechenyi, formerly Gladys Vanderbilt, one to be used in the relief work in Hungary. With these contributions was handed in the contribution of Mrs. Alice G. Vanderbilt, widow of Cornelius Vanderbilt.

Only a few of the pledge slips were

Continued on Page Three.

WADSWORTH URGES ROOT AND HILLES FOR THE CABINET

Confers With Harding on Recognition of This State in Official Family.

WESTERN ASPIRANTS ACTIVE

George M. Reynolds of Chicago Backed for Secretary of the Treasury.

HAGUE PLAN SUPPORTED

New York Senator Favors a Strengthened World Court for Peace.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 19.—Recognition of New York State in the consideration of Cabinet appointments was urged upon Senator Harding today by Senator James W. Wadsworth Jr.

It is understood that Senator Wadsworth mentioned to the President-elect the names of Elihu Root for Secretary of State and Charles D. Hilles, former secretary to President Taft and later Chairman of the Republican National Committee, for Secretary of the Treasury. Strong pressure is being brought upon Senator Harding to consider returning Mr. Root to the State Department, but whether this is sufficient to offset other considerations uppermost in his mind is problematical.

Opposition to Mr. Root is regarded as favorable to Mr. Hilles's chances. Mr. Hilles's friends have been active in his behalf. On the other hand, they find that Chicago and Middle Western interests are making a strong drive for the Treasury Department.

Reynolds Backed for the Treasury.

In some quarters it is believed that George M. Reynolds, who recently resigned from the presidency of the Continental and Commercial Bank of Chicago, is one of the most likely candidates for that post. It is understood that he has the backing of Harry M. Daugherty, who in all probability will accept the post of Attorney General should Senator Harding offer it to him.

With the exception, possibly, of one or two names, Senator Harding's mind in regard to his Cabinet is still believed to be in a rather fluid state, and this intensifies the activities of friends of the various Cabinet possibilities. It has given further impetus to the efforts of friends of Brig. Gen. Charles G. Dawes of Chicago to bring his name before Senator Harding for favorable consideration as Secretary of the Treasury.

It is believed that Senator Harding would scarcely avoid offering some Cabinet recognition to Mr. Daugherty, his pre-convention manager. There are also indications that Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, may receive the offer of the Post Office portfolio. It is understood that Mr. Hays's friends have had earnest conferences with Senator Harding on this subject, and these efforts have been aided by the desire on the part of some Indiana Republicans of having Mr. Hays removed from his sphere of immediate influence in Indiana politics.

Southern Republicans, too, are clamoring for recognition in Senator Harding's Cabinet. Among the names mentioned are those of Newell Sanders of Tennessee, John C. Morehead of North Carolina and A. T. Hert of Kentucky, whose friends would have him made Secretary of the Interior.

Packers and Millers Give Views.

From all indications, a number of business interests are concerned in who are to be the next Secretaries of the Interior and Agriculture. Various packers and millers are understood to have presented their views on the Department of Agriculture to Senator Harding. This may offset the chances of Henry Wallace of Des Moines, who has figured prominently in early gossip as uppermost in the President-elect's mind for the place.

Some of those who have seen Senator Harding recently believe that Herbert Hoover stands first in the race for Secretary of the Interior. On the other hand, Mr. Hoover has been mentioned in connection with heading a commission to reorganize departmental bureaus now interlocking and duplicating.

So far as former Senator John W. Weeks of Massachusetts is concerned, efforts of his friends for his appointment as Secretary of the Treasury, War or the Navy are encountering strong opposition from influential Massachusetts Republicans.

Coming to the Supreme Court, Senator Harding early in his administration may be confronted with four vacancies in that body. It is understood that Chief Justice White has signified his intention of retiring, as well as Justices McKenna, Day and Holmes. It is believed that Senator Harding is favorable to William Howard Taft's long cherished ambition to sit on the Supreme Court bench, and should the President-elect not appoint former Senator George Sutherland of Utah to either the Department of State or Justice, it is thought that he would be considered for that court. It is also thought likely at Marion that Charles E. Hughes might receive an opportunity to return to the Supreme Court should he care to do so. That Senator Harding will offer some official recognition to the 1916 Republican candidate is regarded as a certainty by some of the President-elect's visitors.

Among the topics discussed in his in-

Continued on Page Three.

Two-Foot Fall of Snow in Northern New York Storm

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 19.—With a fall of two feet of snow since morning, the blizzard which is raging here showed no signs of abating at an early hour tonight. The storm, believed to be localized in this section, has not interfered with railroad traffic.

ROB MRS. SARTORIS OF JEWELS AND FURS

Apartment of General Grant's Granddaughter in Washington Square Looted.

GOT GEMS AND 8,000 FRANCS

Three More Hold-Ups and a Burglary Sunday—Detective Shoots Robber.

Thieves, who apparently worked with skeleton keys, penetrated the apartment of Mrs. Cecilie Sartoris, granddaughter of General Grant, early yesterday morning and stole 8,000 francs, costly furs and irreplaceable heirlooms. The robbery was kept secret by the police of the Mercer Street station, who in cooperation with headquarters detectives worked busily yesterday trying to recover the loot.

Mrs. Sartoris herself disclosed the occurrence to a reporter for THE NEW YORK TIMES. Despite the extent of her loss she was rejoicing that a watch which belonged to General Grant and which it was reported had been one of the articles stolen, was safe in the pocket of her husband, now in England. Mrs. Sartoris's son, Herbert, lost a silver watch, likewise an heirloom, as it belonged to Mrs. Sartoris's father, M. Noutfiard.

Mrs. Sartoris is in America in the interest of the French Restoration Fund, devoting her time to interesting Americans in the reconstruction of devastated areas in her native country. Saturday night friends placed their automobile at her disposal and she and her young son, Herbert, left the apartment they occupy at 47 Washington Square South. Later they dined with friends. The young people in the party became absorbed in games and it was late when Mrs. Sartoris was able to persuade her son it was time to go home.

Apartment in Washington Square.

The apartment occupied by mother and son is in one of the old Washington Square residences which has been remodeled. Their rooms are on the ground floor, reached by a few steps from the street. Mrs. Sartoris found the outer door of the apartment locked as she had left it, but an inner door, leading to the studio room, which she was positive she had locked, stood wide open.

With one glance she was able to see all the rooms in the little place. Drawers had been pulled from every piece of furniture in every room. Their contents had been dumped ruthlessly on the floor, papers and apparel were strewn about, and the whole place looked as though vandals deliberately had wrecked it.

Mrs. Sartoris did not enter. Instead she hurried to the apartment of a friend and from there telephoned the Mercer Street Station. Four detectives appeared in a few moments and accompanied her on a tour of the rooms.

In a portfolio hidden away among the things in a bureau drawer Mrs. Sartoris had 8,000 francs and a traveler's check for $100. These were gone. All the papers relating to her work, amid which the money was concealed, had been ransacked. They were tossed about the room but none was missing.

Mrs. Sartoris hurried to a wardrobe in which she kept furs unusually rare and handsome. A Russian sable coat left her by her mother and valued at at least $3,000, was gone. A coat of skunk fur worth at least $1,500 also was missing. A number of garments of lesser value likewise were missing.

When Mrs. Sartoris had completed the inventory of her raiment, she turned to an examination of a little drawer which held her jewels.

The drawer had been broken open and everything of value in it was missing. Among the more precious possessions of which Mrs. Sartoris bemoaned the loss was an antique Normandy cross set in diamonds and rubies, a white ivory wrist watch ornamented with sapphires and an enameled pennant set with pearls. Her watch, Mrs. Sartoris said, bore the name of Boucheron, the Paris maker, and her son's silver watch, also missing, was marked "Thomas."

The financial value which Mrs. Sartoris set upon the lost articles was upward of $6,000, but, since most of them were heirlooms she could not completely estimate her loss in dollars.

Three Hold-Ups Yesterday.

Tony Kirowolts of 338 Cherry Street was walking near his home last night when three men backed him against a building, ordered him to throw up his hands, threatened to beat him into insensibility if he disobeyed and rifled his pockets of $47. Kirowolts, though badly frightened, managed to fix in his mind the faces of the three who attacked him. When he reached the Madison Street Police Station he described them so well that Detective William Roy suggested he and the complainant make the rounds of saloons and pool rooms in the neighborhood on the chance of picking them up.

Kirowolts and the detective were wandering about the neighborhood when, a few doors from where the hold-up occurred, Kirowolts suddenly cried: "There they are!" He pointed to three men and Roy grabbed one of them. This man, Peter Rablensky of 230

Continued on Page Two.

'STRONG ARM' WORK OF POLICE SENDS CRIMINALS TO COVER

Motor Squads and Special Details of Regulars and Reserves Patrol Streets.

FEW HOLD-UPS YESTERDAY

Many Suspects Seized in Raids—Return to Old Methods Promises to Be Helpful.

TWO MURDERED MEN BURIED

Clergymen Make Lawlessness Subject of Their Sermons—Official War to Continue.

The twenty-four hours of yesterday, marked by extraordinary police measures and bristling alertness on the part of citizens generally, passed with only a few crimes of violence reported.

As far as police records—still kept in unusual secrecy—disclosed, hold-ups, robberies, murders and other activities of thugs, gangsters and gunmen were almost in abeyance.

The police began late Saturday night to be rough to the crooks. They kept it up all day yesterday and last night. The crooks apparently decided not to accept the challenge. With the return to old-time police methods, including the revival of "strong arm" and "massage" squads, and the modern addition of patrolling motor squadrons of regulars and reserves, the lawbreakers evidently decided to lie low. Veterans of the department who spent Saturday night and Sunday morning participating in such a combing through the haunts of lawbreakers as has not been done here in some time, said they found the metropolis "as peaceful as a village."

A round-up order, issued by Commissioner Enright after many hours spent in visiting station houses in Manhattan and the Bronx, included a decree of banishment for all known criminals in the city. Detectives bent upon carrying out that provision found an astonishing absence of such gentry from their usual haunts, nor did a general "frisking" of such habitues of evil places as were found reveal a single unlawfully borne weapon.

As a result, the round-up did not yield a great number of prisoners. Many who were seized in wholesale raids were dismissed as soon as they were arraigned before Magistrates on disorderly conduct charges.

New Jersey Terminals Guarded.

New Jersey towns acted promptly when they learned of the edict that New York detectives were to see all known criminals well out of the city limits or else place them under arrest. Jersey City at once put detectives on the ferryboats and at transit terminals to prevent the inhospitable attitude of the New York department driving the criminals into that town.

While the force in the main accepted good naturedly the heavier duty entailed in Commissioner Enright's series of new orders, and both uniformed men and detectives were conspicuously in evidence throughout the city, there was quite a bit of quiet grumbling among both officers and patrolmen, who believed extra tours of duty could be avoided if the "soft" jobs they assert the Commissioner has created for his friends were abolished. Those who complained were particularly bitter over the assignment of patrolmen to "sinecures" in connection with the watch on places suspected of harboring gambling and other vice.

The lull is not to be accepted either by the police or the city as marking the final collapse of the crime wave. The official war is to be waged with increasing vigor for some time to come, according to predictions at headquarters, and a number of civic societies and other organizations will meet today to determine whether the situation warrants further appeals to the Mayor or the Governor.

Police stations were flooded yesterday with applications for pistol permits by men who want to arm themselves against the aggressions of desperate criminals. Precinct commanders were instructed to facilitate the granting of the permits, but it developed that indiscriminate arming was not to pass unchallenged. Chief Magistrate McAdoo described the pistol as "the curse of America," and decried efforts to turn the city into an armed camp. The Military Order of the World War, on the other hand, requested its 4,000 ex-officer members in this city to arm themselves with their service pistols.

Opposition to Heavy Bail.

Some opposition likewise developed to agitation for general increasing of bail bonds as a measure to reduce lawlessness. Fear was expressed that this would embarrass indecent persons and first offenders not of the professional class, rather than old offenders. It was learned that the City and State Bar Associations with the co-operation of the magistrates will propose new legislation to cure the evil of cash and bond bail.

To reinforce such plans as civic organizations may decide upon for protection, some unusual neighborhood schemes of mutual protection have been devised and further arrangements are to be made today by the jewelers, bankers and others trafficking in precious wares to guard their stocks and money against depredations.

Funeral services for two victims of the

recent saturnalia of violence were held yesterday. A great, sorrowing tribute of admiration and gratitude marked the rites for Lieutenant Floyd Horton, held in his late home in Brooklyn. Horton gave up his life in a battle with criminals at Broadway and 146th Street Friday night, killed one of them and managed, though dying, to record the number of the automobile, which resulted in the apprehension of others accused.

Edwin V. Andrews, who was shot down by robbers in his jewelry store in Fifth Avenue, Thursday, was buried from Campbell's Funeral Church in Manhattan.

Many ministers took notice of the crime situation in their sermons yesterday, some urging faith in the rank and file of the force, others pleading for religious and ethical education of the young as the only cure.

Enright Directs the Work.

The unusual departmental activities were set in motion late Saturday night when Commissioner Enright began inspecting police stations in Manhattan and the Bronx, conferring with precinct commanders and detailing by word of mouth the precise combative measures he wished executed. The Commissioner went to headquarters early yesterday morning. He remained there part of the day watching the working out of orders he had given which, in conjunction with the twelve steps outlined in his letter to Mayor Hylan, published yesterday, set the whole machinery of the department at the work of crook fighting.

In addition to augmented patrolling by officers and patrolmen, the chief measure directed by the Commissioner was the general round-up of suspicious persons and known criminals, including many members of that army of idle young men who infest all night dives in all parts of New York.

The Commissioner's order was designed as much as anything to banish all known criminals from the city; Veteran detectives ordered to assist in this exodus were instructed to escort all thieves, burglars, hold-up men, second-story men, safe workers and such ilk to the railroad stations of their choice and not to quit their company until they were well on their way out of New York City.

All Saturday night, throughout yesterday and again last night this work went on. In addition to the plain clothes men of long experience, "rookies" in civilian attire received a chance to earn their spurs by searching the haunts of lowbrowsers in the hope that veteran offenders, knowing the older policemen as well as the policemen know them, could be picked up by the younger men, whose countenances were strange to them.

Old offenders and suspected persons without known criminal records, but who had no visible means of support and no plausibly legitimate business in the city, received their choice between entraining for other points and sojourning inside the "coops" at Police Headquarters. Charges of being suspicious persons were lodged against the officers locked in the Centre Street building. Magistrates are to be asked today to adjourn their hearings for longer than the forty-eight hours customarily allowed the police to make their cases against persons held on suspicion. Advantage is to be taken of this added time if the courts grant it, to check up on the out-of-town records of those seized.

Many Freed by Magistrates.

Not all the raids were successful, some Magistrates showing no disposition to hold men barged on a wholesale scale. Magistrate Edgar V. Frothingham in Essex Market Court, for example, released fifty-seven persons charged with disorderly conduct. Twenty-five of them were arrested in a tearoom at 42 Rutgers Street and thirty-two in a tearoom at 101 Madison Street.

While the strong arm squads and special details of detectives were conducting the roundup, other men in plain clothes were devoting particular attention to automobilists and scrutinizing all persons with baggage or bundles who aroused their curiosity. In West Forty-second Street, in front of the Municipal Building and at other foci of travel streams, passing motorists were halted and required to give an account of themselves.

At least one stolen car was recovered in that way and while many respectable persons were detained momentarily, they generally accepted the ordeal good naturedly, recognizing that it was an emergency measure of the new civic warfare.

A feature of yesterday's patrolling was the unusual number of lieutenants in uniform on the streets, many of those detailed to various kinds of special duty under the Enright régime being ordered back to the pavement. The lieutenants, the unusual number of patrolmen armed with nightsticks not normally carried by day, glimpses of hurrying squads of patrolmen in subway and elevated trains and on trolley cars, all served to remind the public that the force had been mobilized for an unusual campaign.

Scurrying automobile squads added a picturesque feature to the day's patrolling. In every precinct at least one automobile party was active. Its members scanned the streets as they hurried along, coming to sudden halts before every known haunt of idlers and vicious persons and searching for armed men or those with records. To the regulars carrying on this work was added a reserve motor corps unit under command of Inspector John F. Dwyer, uniformed head of the police reserves.

Zones for Motor Patrols.

Fourteen automobiles, each carrying five reserves armed with nightsticks and pistols were detailed to the boroughs of Manhattan, the Bronx and Brooklyn. In Manhattan they will patrol seven zones, from the Battery to Fourteenth Street on either side of the Bowery as the dividing line; from Fourteenth to Fifty-ninth Street; from Fifty-ninth to 110th Street; from 110th Street to 145th Street and from 145th Street north to the city line, Central Park is a separate zone and one party will patrol there.

Some of the complaining patrolmen yesterday said that much of the added work, with its lessened leaves from duty, could have been avoided if the Commissioner had seen fit to abandon his practice of assigning men to sinecures. They said there were between 200 and 300 of their number on duty in cigar stores, the back rooms of saloons, apartment houses, hotels and other places suspected of being gambling places or centres of immorality. Many of these men, it was charged, were working "bankers'" hours in little billiard rooms and cigar stores whose proprietors were suspected of operating handbooks on the races.

A hundred or more policemen, it was further charged, were detailed to "soft" duty outside hotels which were suspected. Their duty was described as "counting the people who go in and out and reporting to Headquarters."

Among the organizations to meet today to consider means of getting the upper hand of criminals are the committee of the jewelry trades, the Merchants Association and the Citizens Union. DeWitt A. Davidson, Chairman of the jewelers' representatives, thought the extension of such measures as the arming of service men in the jewelers' employ and the installation of concealed alarm devices would be the principal matter of discussion.

Dr. William Jay Schieffelin, its President, said that while the Citizens Union would consider the situation he could not forecast its action.

William Fellowes Morgan, President of the Merchants Association, said that organization would meet at the Woolworth Building to discuss the most advisable action, if any. He declined to predict what would be done.

Ex-Officers Urged to Arm.

The New York Chapter of the Military Order of the World War, whose members are former officers of the army, navy or Marine Corps, will hold a big meeting in the Seventy-first Regiment Armory tonight which, according to the announcement "twenty thousand ex-officers residing in New York have been invited to attend and get instructions on procedure against the crime wave. Every one of these men is accustomed to the use of arms and they have been asked to carry their service pistols at all times." It was understood they would be instructed to ask individually for permits.

The bill which is to be introduced into the coming Legislature for the reform of bail procedure, according to Chief Magistrate McAdoo, is being drawn by the City Bar Association and will have the endorsement of the State Association. Mr. McAdoo said a similar bill sponsored by him was not passed last session because of the press of legislation.

He said there was undoubted encouragement for criminals in the ease with which they got out. Licensing and regulation of dealers in both cash and bond bail, the Chief Magistrate said, would be required by the proposed law.

George A. Lavelle, Assistant District Attorney in charge of the Bail Bureau in the Criminal Courts Building, said he did not favor indiscriminate raising of the amounts of bail demanded by the courts in criminal cases. That practice might result in keeping innocent persons or first offenders in jail.

MOUNTED POLICE WANTED.

Governor Ritchie's Recommendation Favorably Received in Maryland.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 19.—With reports from all over the State that crime is on the increase; that women are afraid to be abroad on the streets of many Maryland towns after dark; that there are roads where the motorist expects to be stopped by a liquor-seeking highwayman at any moment; that banks are employing their own plainclothes men, there has developed a widespread demand for the creation of a mounted State police force, as advocated by Governor Ritchie.

This wave of crime, however, has not engulfed Baltimore. Figures compiled yesterday by Josiah A. Kinsey, statistician of the Police Department, indicate arrests in Baltimore during November were fewer than in October and arrests for 1920, to date, are fewer than those in 1919 and 1918.

TO BAR OUSTED CRIMINALS

Baltimore Police Head Will Watch for New York Thugs.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 19.—Police Commissioner Gaither, late tonight, said that he did not propose to allow an influx of criminals to Baltimore as a result of the summary action of New York police authorities in ridding the metropolis of its undesirables.

"We have troubles of our own here," he declared, "and do not propose to permit New York highwaymen to find a refuge in Baltimore."

CRUSH BOSTON CRIME WAVE.

Police Commissioner Praises New Force for Its Successful Drive.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 19.—The vigorous campaign against crooks, launched early this month because of increasing crime, has resulted in the crime wave being crushed before it was fairly under way, according to police officials. Conditions here are reported as greatly improved when compared with those of a month or six weeks ago.

Since the campaign began on Dec. 2 more than 400 arrests have been made. Many of those arrested proved to be not only dangerous criminals, but actual participants in hold-ups which had been reported during recent weeks.

High praise is given to the men of the new police force in a statement issued tonight by Police Commissioner Edwin V. Curtis.

MORE GUARDS AT SING SING.

Warden Lawes Takes Precautions Owing to Crime Wave Here.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Dec. 19.—Owing to the crime wave in New York City and the lure it has for criminals, Major Lewis E. Lawes, Warden of Sing Sing, has taken extra precautions to prevent convicts escaping to go back to the city. Additional sentries have been posted outside the walls.

Even the "trusties," who work in the front of the prison and outside the walls, are now kept under close watch. The escape of Fred Rothermel, the Freeport (L. I.) bank robber, who was recaptured by Warden Lawes, led to extra precautions being taken outside the walls.

Armed keepers have been assigned to patrolling the lawn in front of the Warden's residence and prison offices. Another armed keeper is stationed along the roadway between the outside wall of the cell block and the New York Central tracks to intercept any fugitive who might force his way out of a barred window of the block. With armed guards continually patrolling the lawn and roadways outside the prison it will be impossible for any "trusty" to walk away unobserved as could be done before the new guardposts were established.

As a result of George Stivers and Marcus Bassett, the bandits, sandbagging three keepers in the keyroom where the double set of steel gates of the prison are opened and closed, an order has been issued forbidding any convicts to have access to this room.

POLICEMAN KILLS MAN BY ACCIDENTAL SHOT

Loses His Own Finger When Pistol Is Discharged in Arresting Three Hold-Up Suspects.

In an effort to arrest three men on the South Shore Boulevard, Staten Island, last night, after an attempt to hold up an automobile, Police Captain Abraham Stewart of the New Dorp Station accidentally shot and killed Antonio Camo, 35, a farmer, of 125 Liberty Avenue, Dongan Hills. The same shot took off the fore finger of Captain Stewart's right hand.

A party of young men and women in a car driven by Frank Murphy, 62 Barker Street, West New Brighton, earlier in the evening ran through a group of men on the Shore Road, who attempted to hold them up. They proceeded to New Dorp and Captain Stewart went back with them. When he saw Antonio Camo walking with Joseph Pietro of Grassmere Avenue, Grassmere, and Tony Desanto of Rose Avenue, New Dorp, Captain Stewart jumped out of the car and ran up to them, pulling his pistol.

Those in the car saw him suddenly fire and Camo dropped dead, shot through the neck. Captain Stewart said that the pistol was accidentally discharged. Pietro and Desanto were held as material witnesses.

FUND FOR POLICE WIDOWS.

Chicago Business Men Give $100,000 for Dependents of Men Killed on Duty.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 19.—As a result of the killing on Thursday night by hold-up men of Policeman Charles B. Conlon, fifty Chicago business men have placed a fund of $100,000 at the disposal of the city to provide for the widows and children of policemen killed in line of duty.

The fund is to be administered under direct supervision of Charles G. Dawes, President of the Central Trust Company, one of the contributors. Mayor Thompson and another contributor will compose the Executive Committee in general control of the fund.

The burnished stars of fifty-seven patrolmen and detectives shot to death by crooks now hang in the office of the Chief of Police as evidence of the need of such a fund.

"The fifty business men donated $2,000 each for the fund," Chief Fitzmorris said. "They insisted that I keep their names secret. It will be a great thing for members of the department to know when they go into danger that their dependents will be taken care of. It will add materially to the morale of the department."

Big Gong Will Sound Robber Alarm; Progress Club Adopts Novel Protection

One of the most novel methods thus far devised by private citizens to protect themselves against the onslaughts of thugs and gunmen was described last night by A. M. Guinsburg, Vice President and Chairman of the House Committee of the Progress Club, Eighty-sixth Street and Central Park West. The club has a large membership, mostly of men well known in Jewish social circles.

"We had devised a community scheme that we think will protect us against attack, or will bring quick help if we are invaded," said Mr. Guinsburg. "Tomorrow we are going to install on the corner of our building a huge electric gong. It will be put in such a way that the wires cannot be cut. From it will run wires to concealed floor push buttons in all parts of the club.

"If an invader enters any member or attendant can step on one of these buttons. At once the gong will set up a great clatter. It can be heard by policemen within two blocks in the daytime and within five blocks at night, we estimate.

"But, even if a policeman does not hear it, we still will have the community feature. We already have begun conferring with the management of the big apartment houses in this neighborhood and they are eager to co-operate with us. They will be on the alert for the sounding of the bell. If it rings they will telephone the alarm to Police Headquarters.

"The idea originated with us but some of the apartment houses liked it so well they, too, are going to install gongs. We know of two, the big house at 2 West Eighty-eighth Street, which has no name, and the St. Urban, at 89 Central Park West, which backs up to our property, that will follow our example.

"We will be ready to relay the alarm if the gong rings on either house, just as they will be ready to relay it for us. Thus not only will all of us be sure of getting word to headquarters in a hurry, but the whole neighborhood will be aroused and on the defensive the moment any criminal is detected invading our premises."

ROB MRS. SARTORIS OF GRANT HEIRLOOMS

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

Cherry Street, twisted from the detective's grasp, snatched a beer bottle from his pocket and struck the detective over the head. The glass shattered and Roy's head was cut severely.

Dazed, the detective fell to the sidewalk. But before the three fugitives had run more than a few yards he managed to get his pistol from his pocket and shouted to them to halt. They paid no attention to him and Roy fired in the air. They kept running. For a second Roy feared to fire in that populous neighborhood especially as people were running from their houses to see what was the trouble. But the detective took careful aim and lodged a bullet in Rablensky's shoulder.

Rablensky, too, dropped. Roy managed to rise, make his way to the man's side and hold him captive. Uniformed men, attracted by the shot, came to his assistance and got an ambulance from Gouverneur Hospital. There several stitches were taken in the detective's head and Rablensky's wound was dressed.

On information the police said was furnished by Rablensky, two other men, Kuzma Kuftcha and Ignatz Kroos, both living in Cherry Street, near where the hold-up occurred, were arrested. All three were charged with robbery and Rablensky faces an additional charge of felonious assault.

Policeman Gets Two Robbers.

Patrolman Joseph A. Dougherty of the West Thirtieth Street Station, clubbing with his pistol in one hand and his nightstick in the other, managed single-handed to subdue two hold-up men who attacked a woman in Twenty-ninth Street between Broadway and Sixth Avenue. Mrs. Katherine Maloney of 241 East Twenty-eighth Street, a laundress employed in a hotel, saw the two men following her from Madison Avenue. When she reached the middle of the block they sprang upon her and flung her to the sidewalk.

Dougherty, a former strong arm squad member, saw the two following Mrs. Maroney and stepped into a doorway. The trio passed him, the assault occurred fifteen feet further on, and Dougherty was upon his men before they could get to the woman's pocketbook.

The two abandoned their hopes of Mrs. Maroney's slender purse and turned upon the policeman. He rapped one over the head with the pistol and the other with the nightstick and the fight ended. In the West Thirtieth Street Station Dougherty's prisoners said they were John Collongelo, 19 years, a chauffeur, who said he had just been discharged from the army, and Joseph Lazito, 17 years, a laborer.

Garage Keeper Bound and Robbed.

Frederick Farrell, a garage keeper at 213 West Sixty-ninth Street, was alone in his garage sometime yesterday afternoon when two young men entered. They ordered him to throw up his hands. One menaced him with a knife.

Farrell obeyed and the men gagged him and with a light rope tied him to an automobile. They went through his pockets, took $100 and left. Farrell soon got free of his bonds and ran to the West Sixty-eighth Street station, where he reported his experience to detectives. He said two men tried to get into his place late one night recently. He refused to admit them. One got his arm caught in the garage door trying to force an entrance. Then the two ran, he says. He thought, however, his visitors yesterday afternoon were not the same two.

Patrolman McInerey of the West Forty-seventh Street Station passing 525 West Forty-fifth Street early yesterday morning, saw a man swing from the top of an extension roof to the fire escape on the first floor, climb up one story and try a window of an apartment. The policeman fired a shot in the air and called to the man at the window to throw up his hands.

Burglar Captured on Roof.

The man lifted his hands and McInerey started up toward him. Then the man went up the fire escape to the roof. The policeman followed and after a struggle on the roof subdued him and took him down to the apartment he had tried to enter.

The occupant of the apartment, Gaston Zerrius, said the man was a stranger. The man was taken to the West Forty-seventh Street station, where he gave the name of George Gonin and his address as 75 Washington Street.

Magistrate W. Bruce Cobb in Washington Heights Court held six men in $3,000 bail each for examination today after they had been arraigned on short affidavits charging suspicion of burglary. The six were arrested at Sheriff and Houston Streets by Detectives William England and Edward Gompers Saturday night, the complainant is Hyman Fernstein of 79 West 119th Street. The arrests followed a complaint that a warehouse at 22 East 115th Street had been entered and eight barrels and twenty-two cases of liquor removed.

Joseph Cesario, 17 years old, of 416 West Forty-ninth Street, was arrested last night about 5 o'clock by detectives from the West Forty-seventh Street Station on a charge of burglary. The complainant is Louis Aymar, also of 416 West Forty-ninth Street, who says that on Dec. 15 Cesario climbed into his apartment by the fire escape and took $1,200 in Liberty bonds and cash. Cesario, who denied the crime, was released by Magistrate Duras under $1,500 bail in the East Fifty-seventh Street Night Court.

Mayor Hylan's proclamation calling upon citizens to be watchful against the aggressions of crooks, published in a Greek newspaper, got John Palus of 361 West Thirty-fifth Street in trouble. Detectives of the West Thirty-seventh Street Station took John, a cook, into Night Court charged with violating the Sullivan law. The weapon Palus had was described by the detectives as "a young cannon."

"You see, Judge," said Palus tearfully, "it says here for good citizens to arm themselves. I one fine citizen. I do like the Mayor he say in the paper."

"You seem to be the victim of unfortunate circumstances," said Magistrate Douras, "but I will have to hold you in $1,000 bail for Special Sessions."

Dr. Edgar Offers Reward for Gems.

Dr. Thomas Edgar of 708 West End Avenue, whose wife was held up while riding in a taxicab through Central Park on Friday night and robbed, offered a reward of $500 for the return of the jewelry yesterday. He said it was worth $1,200, and not $4,000 as previously reported.

DRIVER IS ARRESTED IN CAMPBELL TRAGEDY

Medical Examiners Say Autopsy Indicates Blow or Fall Killed Broker.

An arrest was made last night in the investigation of the death of Arlo P. Campbell, insurance broker, of 490 Riverside Drive, who was found unconscious and injured on Thursday morning at Twenty-seventh Street, and sent to Bellevue Hospital. The police believe the cause of his death has been ascertained through a statement by the prisoner, Theodore Bush, a driver, who maintained, however, that he was innocent of an attack on Campbell. Bush was held at Police Headquarters on a technical charge of homicide. He will be arraigned today.

Detective Meyer of the East Twenty-second Street Station arrested Bush, who is a driver of a bakery wagon and lives at 754 Tenth Avenue. He is charged with hitting Campbell, who is supposed to have received his injury when his head struck the pavement. The exact cause of death was not known until the driver made his statement. Originally it was thought he had been killed accidentally in an automobile collision.

"Bush told me that he first saw Campbell at 6:30 on Thursday morning, when both were driving east on Twenty-fifth Street," said Meyer. "Campbell was in the rear in his automobile and Bush was in front of it in his delivery wagon. When they reached Third Avenue Campbell, apparently in an attempt to take his car to one side of the wagon, went against an elevated pillar."

The statement of Bush to the police was:

"Campbell seemed to blame me for the mishap. He halted his car, got out and seized the bridle of my horse, dragging the horse around. I remonstrated with him, but did not hit him. A crowd gathered and some one in the crowd hit Campbell during the dispute. Campbell fell. He must have been hurt by hitting his head against the pavement."

Detective Meyer said Bush had described a woman who was seated in Campbell's car at the time. There was no occupant of the car when the policeman found Campbell near it.

The auto was taken to the Madison Square Garage in East Twenty-fourth Street, where Mrs. Campbell claimed the car some hours later and removed it. Afterward, according to police information, another woman, claiming to be "Mrs. Campbell," sought for the car at the garage and disappeared when told that it had already been removed by the wife of the injured man.

An autopsy on the body of Campbell yesterday inclined the medical examiners to the opinion that the skull fracture had been caused by a blow. Dr. Charles Norris said he believed the injury was due to a blow or a fall. He said a fall would have been more likely to have caused cuts or abrasions on the scalp. There were none on Campbell's scalp, but the fracture, circular in shape, extended across the base of the skull, as if a heavy blow had been struck. Another injury was on the left temple.

NEGRO WHO KILLED BOY ESCAPES HIS CAPTORS

Virginia Mob's Attempt to Lynch Him Gives Fugitive Chance to Elude Sheriff.

FINCASTLE, Va., Dec. 19.—Citizens of Fincastle, headed by Deputy Sheriff Caldwell, today and tonight searched the surrounding country for Edmund Thompson, a negro. Thompson made a spectacular escape late last night when a mob attempted to take him from the Deputy Sheriff who had arrested him on a charge of having fired into a crowd of white boys several hours earlier, fatally wounding one and seriously injuring three others.

After arresting Thompson at the home of his father, Deputy Sheriff Caldwell and County Clerk McDowell started to Roanoke to place their prisoner in safe keeping, race hatred having been engendered in Fincastle by the shooting of the four boys. The two officers were intercepted twelve miles from here by a mob of 100 men who forced the officers to return here and then demanded the prisoner. In the midst of a dispute between the Deputy Sheriff and the members of the mob, an unidentified man pushed through the crowd, rushed up to the automobile containing the prisoner and shouted:

"If you are going to lynch him, do it now!"

With that the man fired in the direction of the negro. In the confusion that followed the negro jumped from the automobile and fled in the darkness. Several shots were fired after him, but were evidently ineffective. Bloodhounds were said to have trailed the negro to his father's house, but no trace of him was found there.

Thompson was accused of having shot the boys after one of them had thrown a lighted firecracker at his feet. The most seriously wounded of the four, Peck Austin, aged 17, died soon after reaching a Roanoke hospital. The others are expected to recover.

GIRL HOLDS UP THREE MEN.

Fair Chicago Bandit Lures Them to Home and Then Uses Revolver.

CHICAGO, Dec. 19.—A pretty girl with a pearl-handled revolver played the leading part today in three daylight holdups in the North Side residential districts.

In each case she pretended to be lost, stopped a passerby and asked him to direct her to an address which always proved to be only a few doors distant. Generally the person volunteered to point out the exact door, but when it was reached the pearl-handled revolver was placed against his side and he was ordered to "go in or get filled with lead."

Inside, two men completed the hold-up and tied the victim to a bed. Then the girl went out for another victim.

After three men had been robbed and tied the bandits left. One of the victims broke loose and notified the police.

Two men and a girl were arrested tonight in connection with the robberies, but denied they were implicated.

Robbers entered a department store garage early today and obtained $5,000 from the attendant. A policeman on guard was wounded in an exchange of shots.

THRONG AT FUNERAL OF SLAIN POLICEMAN

Officials, Masons and Comrades Attend Service for Lieut. Floyd Horton.

HONORED AS LOYAL MAN

Praised by Commissioner Enright, in Letter to Widow, as Brave and Efficient Officer.

Citizens and the Police Department last night paid tribute to Lieutenant Floyd Horton, who was slain in a pistol battle at Broadway and 146th Street and who managed, though he lay in the gutter dying, to write the number of an automobile which resulted in the capture of his slayer's companions. Funeral services were conducted at the Horton residence, 1,150 Fifty-first Street, Borough Park, Brooklyn, by the Rev. Dr. John Deans, former pastor of the Borough Park Presbyterian Church, of which the slain policeman was a member, and the Rev. Dr. William G. Ivie, a police chaplain and chaplain of the Police Square Club, an organization of Masons on the force. Dr. Deans preached a brief sermon and Dr. Ivie performed the Masonic rites.

So overcrowded was the little two-family house, on the top floor of which the Lieutenant lived with his wife, that the Police Glee Club, which sang "Nearer, My God, to Thee," and other hymns, had to stand on the stairs inside and the steps outside. A great crowd in which were many policemen gathered in the street, while inside were representatives of all the policemen's organizations and a number of officials, including Deputy Commissioner Joseph A. Faurot and Borough Inspector Murphy of Brooklyn.

Not nearly all those who wanted to attend the services could be accommodated and an overflow service was held by Lexington Lodge of the Masons, of which Lieutenant Horton was a member, in Sandalphon Masonic Hall, Fort Hamilton Parkway and Forty-sixth Street.

Dr. Deans took for his text of the funeral sermon, "Greater love hath no man than this that he lay down his life for a friend." Horton, he said was "no mere hireling," but a man faithful to duty under all conditions, a "laughing, loving man," whose epitaph should be "He saved others." Dr. Deans made no reference to present police conditions beyond saying that out of Horton's death "may come a better day."

There were a great number of floral offerings, including a wreath "with the sincere sympathy of Colonel and Mrs. Arthur Woods." Horton was one of the most trusted detectives in the department when Colonel Woods was Commissioner.

Horton's body will be taken this morning at 9 o'clock to the Long Island station with a uniformed escort headed by the Police Band. It will be sent to his former home up-State for burial.

Before the services Mrs. Horton received the following letter from Commissioner Enright:

"Dear Mrs. Horton: The Police Department has learned with deepest regret of the tragic death of your husband, Floyd Horton.

"His name has been added to the long roll of heroic men who gave up their lives in the defense of law and order in the city of New York. His gallantry and splendid heroism in the presence of death has written another brilliant page in the history of this department and will be an enduring inspiration to the loyal and devoted men who wear our uniform during all the days to come.

"We regret this splendid sacrifice upon his part as well as the great loss which has been sustained by yourself and his family.

"Very sincerely,

"RICHARD ENRIGHT,
"Commissioner."

Washington Heights residents sent flowers and this resolution.

"Be it resolved by the residents of Washington Heights, That our sincerest appreciation of the splendid courage and martyrdom, as well as our deepest sympathy and regret, be extended to the widow of Police Lieutenant Floyd Horton, with the profound hope that her sorrow will be greatly assuaged in the remembrance of the last supreme act of heroism of her husband in discharging his duty."

While the funeral service was being conducted for Lieutenant Horton, Lieutenant John O'Connor died for duty in the West 152d Street station, where Horton had been serving.

O'Connor's appearance there caused much comment among policemen because the two, O'Connor and Horton, some time ago applied to Commissioner Enright for permission to exchange assignments. Each had felt the displeasure of the Commissioner, Horton because he had been a member of Captain "Honest Dan" Costigan's vice squad, and each was doing duty at the other end of the city from his home.

During Horton's lifetime Commissioner Enright refused to put him on duty near his home, compelling him to lose two or more hours going back and forth to his desk in the station house. O'Connor, too, had to travel from his home at 184th Street and Audubon Avenue to desk in a station house in Seventh Brooklyn. The order came from Headquarters yesterday for O'Connor to go on duty near his home.

BROOKS BELIEVES HIS WIFE IS INNOCENT

Husband of Woman Held in Horton Murder Case Comes Here to Defend Her.

John Walter Brooks, husband of Mrs. Lucille Emma Brooks, who is held in connection with the murder of Police Lieutenant Floyd Horton, has come to New York and sent word to his wife through her attorney, Frank Hendrick, that he believes in her innocence of any part in the crime or in the events that preceded it, and will back her to the limit of his resources.

Mr. Brooks tried to see his wife in the Harlem prison, where she is awaiting examination in the Harlem Court on Wednesday, but was told that the rules forbade his being allowed to communicate with her. So he sent her a message through Mr. Hendrick.

"He is a very fine man," said Mr. Hendrick, "and is fond of and has faith in his wife. He has known all about her movements since she has been in New York, and when he has not been able to come here to see her, they have been in communication by telephone or telegraph every day. There is no foundation for the report that they had separated."

Mr. Hendrick refused to say where Mr. Brooks was staying, and said that he didn't think Mr. Brooks's business connections were pertinent to the present situation of his wife. There is no doubt in the mind of the lawyer or of Dr. Herbert L. Constable of 72 West Forty-eighth Street that Mr. Brooks is a man of means, and the doctor said he was sure from what he knew of them that he was worth at least $1,000,000.

"Why, he owns a whole town in Minnesota, I have heard," said Dr. Constable.

The fact that the Brookses always lived in modest apartments here was explained by a friend yesterday as due to their simple habits of life. They had at various times lived at 104 Montague Street, Brooklyn, and at 540 West 112th Street and 618 West 116th Street in Manhattan. Neither of them was in the habit of spending much money, although Mrs. Brooks owned some valuable jewelry, presents from her husband.

FIND MAN DEAD IN GUTTER.

"Charles O'Connor" Appears on Book Quest—Was About 65.

A man about 60 years old, whose identity is uncertain, was found dead in the gutter in front of 826 Bleecker Street last night by Policeman Weber of the Charles Street station. The only clue to his identity was a bank book showing deposits of $175 in the Dime Savings Bank, Sixth Avenue and Fortieth Street, in the name of Charles O'Connor and several pawn tickets bearing the same name. Dr. Phalen of St. Vincent's Hospital said he believed the man's death was due to heart failure.

He was about 5 feet 7 inches tall and weighed 150 pounds. He had gray hair and a reddish mustache and was partly bald. He wore a dark striped suit, a dark brown overcoat, dark shoes, a black striped shirt and dotted tie.

CANCELS RED CROSS BILL.

Giolitti Writes Off 1,500,000 Lire Due From Society to Italy.

ROME, Dec. 19.—For the final settlement in connection with the activities of the American Red Cross in Italy there was an account against the Red Cross amounting to about 1,500,000 lire for supplies furnished by the Italian Government and also for the transportation of American Red Cross goods which passed through Italy on the way to Jugoslavia, Czechoslovakia, Greece and Palestine.

Signor Giolitti, President of the Council, learning of this, ordered that the bill be canceled in recognition of the aid Italy had received from the American Red Cross. Colonel Bartlett, representing the Red Cross in Italy, has been notified of this decision.

STEAL PLANS IN COLUMBUS.

Thieves Enter Offices and Get Drawings for Valuable Inventions.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 19.—Thieves, by the use of skeleton keys, entered the offices of the Ohio Municipal Equipment Company here today and stole plans, the only set in existence, for inventions which are claimed to be priceless.

One of these was for a street electric vacuum sweeper which was expected to revolutionize the cleaning of streets. Another invention for which the plans were taken was an electric automatic oven sweeper, which is said to have been ready for sale to the Bethlehem Steel Company at an enormous figure.

Police are without a clue.

BOGUS DRY AGENT BEATEN.

Knocked Down Trying to Extort $150 From Saloon Keeper.

Meyer Ricsia of 12 Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn, was arrested at the Stagg Street Police Station, Brooklyn, yesterday, charged with impersonating a revenue officer and attempted extortion. According to Detective Ferris, Ricsia went into the saloon of Anthony Dandriki, at 47 Scholes Street, Brooklyn, flashed a shield and announced he was a revenue agent. He then walked behind the bar, opened the cash register containing $150, saying to the saloon keeper: "I guess I'll take this money instead of looking you up."

A few minutes later Ricsia was prostrate on the floor with the saloon keeper and several customers atop of him. When Detective Ferris entered the place Ricsia had been severely pummeled.

OBREGON AS SANTA CLAUS.

President Plans a Christmas Tree for Children of the Capital.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to The New York Times.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 19.—President Obregon will dress a Christmas tree for poor children of Mexico City on Christmas Day. Funds are now being collected for the purchase of candy, toys and clothes. A party of American visitors from Arizona and Los Angeles has sent more than $2,000 to the President to help finance the tree.

O'FLANAGAN'S REPLY IS UNCOMPROMISING

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

forces. Officials of the County Council and of other bodies occupying the building were held up and searched. No arrests were made, however.

While walking along Bridge Street, in Cork, during the day, Nancy O'Sullivan, a girl whose home is on St. Finbar's Road, was shot in the leg. There is no clue to the person who inflicted the injury.

LONDON, Dec. 19.—In the ambuscade of a lorry with military and police near Ennistown, County Clare, yesterday morning, previously reported from Dublin, three of the attacking party were killed and four wounded, according to a dispatch to the Central News.

GREETS MRS. MacSWINEY.

Great Reception in Boston Accorded to Widow and Her Sister.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 19.—Mrs. Muriel MacSwiney, widow of the late Lord Mayor of Cork, and the latter's sister, Miss Mary M. MacSwiney, were honored with a greeting unsurpassed by any unofficial reception ever accorded visitors to this city, this afternoon and evening.

A tremendous throng, which the police and the De Valera Guards were barely able to keep within bounds, met the visitors at the South Station, and the streets were black with people during the parade that followed.

A military touch was given the procession by the presence of about seventy-five former soldiers and sailors in uniform, together with the participation of the O'Connell Guards, a body of thirty men in uniform.

Ten thousand persons jammed into Mechanics' Hall for the mass meeting there tonight. The demonstration was wildly enthusiastic, mounted officers being required to handle the crowds outside the building. Mrs. MacSwiney, Frank P. Walsh, chairman of the American Commission on Irish Independence; James A. Dorsey, President of the Charitable Irish Society of Boston; the Rev. Florence J. Holleran and Miss Mary MacSwiney were the speakers. Great Britain was violently denounced.

CORK WITNESSES COMING.

To Testify Here on the Burning of the City.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—Eye-witnesses of the burning of Cork are expected to testify before the commission of the Unofficial Committee of One Hundred investigating conditions in Ireland some time during the week of Dec. 27.

Frank P. Walsh, counsel for the American Commission for Irish Independence, announced today that he had received a cablegram from Daniel O'Callaghan, Lord Mayor of Cork, saying the Lord Mayor would "endeavor to have several witnesses in Washington a week from Monday."

Hearings by the commission will be resumed Tuesday.

DENIES DE VALERA SAILED.

Cherbourg Report He Is on Aquitania Called Joke by His Secretary.

LONDON, Dec. 19.—The London Times correspondent at Cherbourg asserts that Eamon de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," is aboard the Aquitania, due there tomorrow afternoon.

BOSTON, Dec. 19.—Harry Boland, secretary to Eamon de Valera, said here tonight that the report that de Valera was on board the Aquitania, due at Cherbourg tomorrow, was a "joke."

"I left him in New York last night," he added, "and he expects to resume his speaking tour in this country some time this week."

PLUNKETT SAYS IRISH WANT NO REPUBLIC

All of People Will Not Accept Plan, Asserts Former Official in Ireland.

SEES HOME RULE DOOMED

Bill Framed to Suit One-fifth of Population — Government Acted Too Late.

That Ireland never could be a republic because all her people would not agree to be separated from the British Empire, was the prediction made yesterday by Sir Horace Plunkett, former President of the Irish Board of Agriculture, when he arrived on the White Star liner Baltic for a two months' rest.

He was equally emphatic that the Home Rule bill, now in its final stages before Parliament, would not be acceptable in any form to the Irish.

"First of all," said Sir Horace, "I wish it to be distinctly understood that I have not come to America upon any mission and am not going to appear before the Villard committee to give testimony on the subject of present conditions in Ireland. I am going to the Middle West for two months of rest. When I have made myself acquainted with conditions here in regard to the Irish problem I may have something to say before I leave."

"Why do you think that the Home Rule bill will not be accepted?" he was asked.

"The trouble with the bill is that it was framed in support of one-fifth of the Irish people who have powerful interest with the British Parliament, and it is utterly repugnant to the other four-fifths.

"Why didn't the British Government give the Nationalists Home Rule years ago when it would have been accepted?" Sir Horace continued. "If Asquith had called Carson's bluff in 1912 the whole thing would have been settled, but he was too weak.

Says Ulster Would Not Agree.

"The Irish do not want a republic, because it could not be successful when Ulster, which is a part of the nation, never would agree to it. Those who are agitating for separation from Great Britain know this and are making a bluff in order to attain their end, which is that Ireland shall be made a colony on similar lines to Canada. The Home Rule bill may do for Westminster but not for Ireland."

"Is it true," he was asked, "that there have been no authenticated cases of women maltreated by the military or the Black and Tans during the recent fighting?"

"Yes; so far as my knowledge goes, that is correct. What we need in England at the present time," Sir Horace said, "is a few independent newspapers. The American and French newspapers have sent swarms of correspondents into Ireland for many months past and they have given the world true general information of the conditions there. America the public knows more about Ireland than is generally known in England. If the British press had informed the British people as well as the American press has informed the American people, there would be very little difference of opinion between the American and the British on the Irish question. It is not the fault of the reporters of the British newspapers," he added, "but of the Government-influenced press. If the British and the Irish could be brought to understand each other better nine-tenths of the British public would be in favor of giving Ireland the same kind of Government as Canada has, which would be accepted and end the present fearful strife." Sir Horace was distressed over the destruction of the creameries in Ireland which he had labored for many years as head of the Dublin Board of Agriculture to build up. It was not the burning down of the buildings, which could be replaced, he said, but the discouraging effect upon dairy farmers.

Others on the Baltic were Miss E. C. Wilkinson and Mrs. A. E. Robinson, both of Manchester, England, who have come here to represent the Women's International League, of which Miss Jane Addams is the international president, at the Villard Committee hearing in Washington. They said that they had been sent to Ireland to investigate conditions there.

The Baltic brought 2,200 passengers from Liverpool and Queenstown, 1,200 steerage passengers and 250 in the first cabin. She was 5 days 14 hours 30 minutes from Liverpool.

UNTERMYER GIVES REASONS FOR FINES

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

ing

MANY MORE DEAD IN ARGENTINE QUAKE

Upward of 150 Bodies Recovered; Ruins Believed to Conceal Other Victims.

100 KILLED IN ONE TOWN

Geysers Spout From Newly Opened Crevasses—Shocks the Most Severe Since 1869.

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 18.—Earthquake shocks which on Friday afternoon destroyed several towns along the Argentine slope of the Andes Mountains were the most severe experienced in the country since 1869, when half the City of Mendoza was laid in ruins. Reports from the area where the shock was heaviest indicate a great loss of life and property, upward of 150 bodies having already been taken from the wrecks of buildings.

At Tresportenas more than a hundred perished, and at Costa de Araujo thirty more were killed. It is feared that more victims are as yet buried under the ruins in each town. At Tresportenas, La Valle and La Central not a single house was left standing, and those not entirely destroyed were left in a badly damaged condition.

The latest reports from Mendoza said that the shock at Tresportenas had assumed the proportions of a catastrophe. Three relief trains have been rushed to the town, from which thirty dead and as many dying have been brought out. At Costa de Araujo, which is virtually isolated, another shock of the most violent character occurred at 8 o'clock this morning. The death list was increased by these reports to eighty-one so far counted in Costa de Araujo, with eighty seriously injured.

At La Valle terrible scenes were witnessed. The relief work was most difficult, owing to the conditions of the roads, which had been broken up and covered with water. The church there was laid in ruins, and the walls of the Municipal Building were cracked, and the structure was likely to fall at any moment.

The seismograph at the Mendoza Institute recorded three shocks on Friday, the first beginning at 3 P. M. It was a sudden and violent one, without the slight movements usually preceding an earthquake. This lasted fifteen seconds. The second movement lasted five seconds, and the third ten seconds. The vibrations, with lesser shocks, continued for thirty minutes afterward.

Minor shocks continue throughout the district, one particularly strong tremor having been felt yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, in the towns of San Martin and Rivadavia. The people are reported panic-stricken. The city of Mendoza was shaken, but did not suffer any extensive damage.

In the town of Costa de Araujo the seismic convulsion opened great crevasses, out of which hot water is spouting. The water, from one of these geysers reached a height of about fifteen feet, and formed a pool in which two persons were drowned. A Red Cross ambulance has reached the village and set to work to rescue any sufferers who may still be alive in the ruins.

More than 30,000 persons inhabit little villages along the Eastern Andean slope, and, as reports continue to add to the long list of casualties, apprehension is felt that the final figures will be very high. Rescue parties have been sent out from Mendoza, but details from the scene of the disaster are meagre, as telephone and telegraph wires are badly disorganized.

TOKIO, Dec. 18.—The most violent earthquake that has occurred since seismographic observations began in Japan took place Thursday evening at 9:11 o'clock. The vibrations lasted two hours and were so severe that the instruments were unable to register perfect records. It is believed that the convulsion took place under the Pacific Ocean or in the Gobi Desert, Central Asia.

BRINDISI, Italy, Dec. 18.—Advices from Saseno, at the entrance of the Bay of Avlona, give details of the earthquake which occurred there concurrently with the earthquake shocks in South America. A number of houses disappeared in a great landslide, and up to the present thirty deaths are reported.

The wireless rendered great service, all other means of communication being interrupted. The wireless station sent out distress signals which were picked up by the destroyer Ardito at Santi Quaranta. The destroyer rushed to Saseno at full speed, and the work of relief is now going on.

JAPANESE TROOPS TO STAY.

Withdrawal From Chentao Canceled Because of Korean Attacks.

TOKIO, Dec. 18.—The withdrawal of the Japanese expedition to the Chentao district, on the Korean-Manchurian border, which had been contemplated by the Government, has been indefinitely postponed, according to the Jiji Shimbun today.

The newspaper, which says its information is obtained from the most reliable sources, adds that the postponement was because of the increasing gravity of the situation in the district, where Korean insurgents and bandits have been active.

A Tokio dispatch of Dec. 17 reported a recent attack by Korean insurgents upon a Japanese detachment in the Chentao district, the Japanese being surrounded and losing eighteen killed and fifty-five wounded. Chinese troops finally extricated the Japanese.

YOUNG DUNCAN TIRED OF GRECIAN GARB

Son of Apostle of the Classic Runs Away to Know Joy of Wearing Trousers.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—Menalkas, the son of Raymond Duncan, who disappeared on Friday evening, clad in sandals and a white smock, with his hair flowing to his shoulders, was seen in the street this morning with his hair cut short and wearing a derby hat, jacket and trousers, like any other youth of his years. He was walking with a man who till recently was one of the little colony of pseudo Greeks to whom Raymond Duncan is a prophet.

So ends all fear that any misfortune had happened to the boy, unless his conversion to twentieth century ways is to be considered a tragedy, as it certainly is among the members of the colony.

The boy's father and the police are busily engaged in trying to get on the track of the man with whom Menalkas was seen this morning. In the colony Menalkas is considered to have been led into unrighteousness. He is not himself regarded as a backslider from the true faith, but it is believed that being an impressionable youth, he wanted to know how it would be like to wear trousers and shoes. Raymond Duncan intends, whatever the reason for the boy's action, to prosecute his former friend on the charge of kidnapping, when once he has recovered his son.

CAPT. HARTS IS BLAMED FOR SINKING OF LAUNCH

Survivors of the Margaret Testify He Had Been Warned She Was in Leaky Condition.

AUGUSTA, Ky., Dec. 19.—Criminal carelessness upon the part of Captain George H. Harts, master of the United States steam launch Margaret, which sank in the Ohio River last night, was responsible for the tragedy, according to the verdict returned by a Coroner's jury following the recovery today of the body of one of the eleven victims. Captain Harts, his daughter and the latter's husband were drowned, having been trapped with three others in the upper cabin of the boat.

Engineer Dan Dykes, Knoxville, Tenn., who had been employed on the boat for eight months, testified that he had repeatedly told Captain Harts that the boat had open seams that would let in much water and that it was dangerous to operate. The engineer said Captain Harts always told him to go ahead with his work, and that he would look out for the rest. Two other members of the crew who escaped drowning testified that they had called the attention of the Captain to the condition of the boat. Dykes said the boat sank two minutes after it sprang a leak.

Search for the bodies was begun at an early hour this morning and was continued throughout the day, hundreds of men participating.

The Government boat Mingo, with diving apparatus on board, arrived here today and is anchored near the place where the Margaret went down, but as yet no divers have gone down to the submerged boat. No efforts have been made to raise the boat, through fear that the bodies of those trapped in the cabins might float away and be lost.

LINERS NEAR COLLISION IN NEWFOUNDLAND FOG

Passengers on the Leopoldina Tell How Its Captain Averted Crash With Saxonia.

The French liner Leopoldina, which arrived yesterday and docked at the foot of Thirty-third Street, Brooklyn, with 1,100 passengers, had a narrow escape from a collision with the eastbound Cunarder Saxonia off the Banks of Newfoundland on the night of Dec. 14, in a fog.

According to the story told by passengers who were on deck, the French liner was steaming along at nine knots, and sounding her foghorn almost continuously. Just after 7 o'clock the fog lifted slightly, and the two lights of a big steamship, which proved to be the Saxonia, shone out of the darkness on the starboard side a mile away.

Both steamships blew signals, and as the Saxonia was approaching dangerously near the Leopoldina the captain of the latter went full speed astern and swung his bow to starboard, passing the other vessel within less than a quarter of a mile, passengers said. It was all over before the majority of the passengers on the Leopoldina could get on deck, and the two steamships proceeded safely on their courses.

When the Leopoldina docked yesterday the passengers spoke in warm praise of the skillful manner in which Captain Marius Amick had handled his ship.

FOUND DEAD UNDER WINDOW

Boarder's Skull Fractured — Three in House Detained.

The body of Martin Casdaix, a boarder in a house in Richmond Valley Road, Rikerville, S. I., was found on the ground under the window of his bedroom on the second floor early yesterday morning, and the police believe that he was thrown from the window. His skull was fractured.

The proprietor of the boarding house, Stephen Koss, and his wife, Sophie, are held in the Tottenville police station, charged with violation of the Sullivan law in having a revolver in their home, and another boarder, Stephen Demmi, is held as a material witness. The finding of the body was reported to the police by Koss.

77 MANILA SOLDIERS ACCUSED OF MURDER

Charges to Be Filed in Court Today for Shooting in Wednesday's Riot.

OTHER ACTIONS PENDING

Governor General Orders Investigation of Men and Officers Who May Be Implicated.

MANILA, Dec. 18 (Associated Press).—Charges of murder will be filed in court on Monday by the City Prosecutor against seventy-seven Philippine constabulary soldiers as a result of the rioting on Wednesday in which four Americans and seven Filipinos were killed, Governor General Francis Burton Harrison announced today.

He said charges eventually would be made against all who participated in the fighting or were connected with the alleged conspiracy to commit murder.

The soldiers have been confined in the insular penitentiary for safe keeping on sedition charges filed yesterday by the City Prosecutor.

"Investigation of other men and officers of the constabulary who may be culpable or may be implicated in the unspeakable affair Wednesday night is being continued by my instructions," said the Governor General. "Action will be taken according to circumstances as they develop. The sedition charges were made to hold the soldiers pending a more serious accusation."

The official report of the riot asserted a Filipino constabulary officer was the leader of the soldiers who participated in the shooting, but Brigadier General Rafael Crame, chief of the constabulary, declared no officer was engaged in the affair.

The mother, wife and sister-in-law of Policarpio, one of the Filipinos killed, dropped dead of heart trouble on hearing of the outbreak, according to the police report.

WANTS MORE CITY COWS.

Hamilton Will Expand Dairies at Houses of Correction.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAMPTON, Dec. 19—James A. Hamilton, Commissioner of Correction of New York City, visited and inspected the model, wall-less city Reformatory at New Hampton Farms in Orange County today, and urged that the dairy industry be greatly expanded there. Mr. Hamilton declared, according to reformatory attendants, that he plans to get more cows and have the reformatory prisoners supply the entire milk needs of the department's institutions in New York City. Attendants say it is the first time in months Mr. Hamilton has visited the institution, which was under investigation recently.

Warden Henry O. Schleth took Commissioner Hamilton through all the buildings at New Hampton. Then he took him to Greycourt, and afterward to the new dairy farm at Warwick, where there are twenty-four honor prisoners in charge of a herd of sixty cows. The officials will try soon to get from 800 to 1,000 quarts of milk a day.

DR. BAILEY ON DEFECTIVES.

Ascension Forum Speaker Asks Better Education for Subnormal.

More educational facilities for the 40,000 mentally deficient of New York State were asked for last night by Dr. Pearce Bailey, Chairman of the Committee on Mental Defectives in New York City, at the forum of the Church of the Ascension, Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street.

Effective means of keeping out mentally deficient aliens and more institutional facilities for the care of the subnormal mentally are also necessary, according to Dr. Bailey. Thirty-one per cent. of the persons in New York State with subnormal brain capacity are foreign born, the speaker said.

Minister to Rumania Resigns.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 19.—President Wilson telegraphed to Charles J. Vopicka of this city today accepting his resignation as Minister to Rumania. Mr. Vopicka said the ill health of Mrs. Vopicka and a desire to return to private life led to his resignation. He is writing a book on his seven years in the Balkans.

PHILADELPHIA FIREMEN SAVE 68 LITTLE GIRLS

Matrons and Nurses Aiding, No Fatalities Attend Burning of Lutheran Asylum.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 19.—Fire early today destroyed a two-story dormitory of the Lutheran Orphans' Home and Asylum in Germantown, causing a loss estimated at $100,000.

Sixty-eight children, all girls between 6 and 14 years old, were asleep in the building when the fire broke out, but through the heroic work of nurses, matrons and firemen all were got out safely. Twenty-six of the children, two matrons and one fireman were overcome by smoke.

The blaze had gained great headway before it was discovered, and when the children and their caretakers, Sister Anna and Mrs. Ninetta Campbell, were awakened they found the second story filled with smoke. Led by the matrons, the little charges groped their way toward the fire escape, but they had not gone far before they found their path blocked by flames. Retracing their steps, they attempted to reach the stairway; but there, too, fire and smoke barred their exit.

When it appeared as if all chance of getting out safely had passed, the matrons heard the tinkling of shattered glass and the next instant saw the helmeted head of a fireman at one of the windows. Soon another fireman appeared.

The two entered the smoke-filled room and, aided by the matrons, carried the children to windows, where other firemen took them down ladders to safety. Fifteen of them were unconscious and were removed to hospitals, where they were soon revived. Both matrons were scorched and suffered from the effects of the smoke.

There was no panic among the children, Mrs. Campbell said.

WOMAN ALONE IN CAR CROSSES CONTINENT

Five Weeks and Three Days on Road—Kansas Mud Her Worst Experience.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—Miss Maud Younger, Legislative Chairman of the National Woman's Party, arrived in Washington today, having motored alone from San Francisco. She says she is the only woman who has accomplished such an undertaking. The utmost courtesy was shown her on the road.

In motoring across the continent Miss Younger traveled 3,500 miles. She was on the road five weeks and three days, being held up eight days in Kansas because of the heavy rains and mud. She crossed the desert, where for miles not a single habitation or person was to be seen; crossed the mountains, traveling beside precipices and through miles of Kansas mud, the worst experience of all, in her opinion. During these weeks she had some trying times, but always slept under a roof.

"Both men and women were ready to help with information or with practical aid if the car got stuck," said Miss Younger. "It was interesting to note that in giving directions the women always warned me of precipices ahead and the men of rough, bad roads. I found that though men's nerves might be steadier, women drivers were more patient than the men."

ATHENS WELCOMES CONSTANTINE HOME

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

be said that I am pro-German. I worked under the leadership of M. Veniselos for four years, and it was I who fought to get Greece into the war on the side of the Allies, and to induce this country to enter the Dardanelles expedition. Had M. Veniselos remained here five days longer instead of going to Saloniki in 1917, my view would have prevailed. He wished the war to be made by him or nobody, however. At the present time I am engaged in making public facts shown in our archives which the adherents of M. Veniselos kept secret in order to keep a taut rein on Constantine and other parties."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 19.—The Daily Chronicle says it understands that the British, French and Italian Ministers are leaving Athens as a result of the recent developments in Greece. This step without doubt is taken to show the Greeks that the three powers take a serious view of recent events; but technically the Ministers are "going on leave."

GIVE $650,000 TO AID YOUNG WAR VICTIMS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

available last night, but a few of the contributions were:

Anonymous	$100,000	Mrs. Paul M. Warburg	$10,000
Commonwealth Fund	100,000	Mrs. Henry E. McHarg	10,000
Mem. Fund As. Mrs. Edward S. Harkness	50,000	Mrs. Alice Vanderbilt	10,000
Mrs. Stephen V. Harkness	50,000	Mrs. W. B. Cutting	5,000
Mrs. F. M. Warburg	35,000	Victor Morawetz	1,000
Mrs. E. H. Harriman	25,000	Mrs. C. O. Iselin	1,000
John T. Pratt	25,000	H. L. Stimson	1,000
Countess Szechenyi	20,000	Mrs. F. M. Weld	1,000
Mrs. J. T. Pratt	10,000	Miss A. Morgan	1,000
		Will H. Hays	1,000
		Mrs. J. A. Logan	1,000
		Mrs. J. S. Hoyt	1,000

Harding Indorses Drive.

Before the speeches Mrs. Slade read telegrams from President-elect Harding, who made one of the first gifts of $2,500 to the $23,000,000 fund, and from Governor Smith and Governor-elect Miller. The telegram of the President-elect, addressed to Mr. Hoover, said:

"Having in mind your interesting and impressive statement to me the other day about the campaign that is being inaugurated to raise funds for the benefit of 3,500,000 suffering children in Central and Southeastern Europe, I am sending this word of encouragement and earnest approval.

"At this Christmas season our happy and fortunate people could find no better way to attest their appreciation of their blessings than to do all in their power for these unhappy and blameless victims of the great war. We will surely commend ourselves to Divine Providence and the better deserve the continuance of our own good fortune if we shall prove ourselves willing to share it with those less fortunate.

"I hope you may have the fullest success in your noble effort and that our people will always remember that by the measure of our giving so shall our blessings be meted unto us."

Governor Smith's message said that "children are children the world over, and when our Divine Lord said, 'Suffer little children to come unto me,' he meant them all."

A forty-foot Christmas tree had been erected on the Metropolitan stage and each of the electric lights flashed on as the first gifts of $10 were announced. Mrs. August Belmont urged that every person in the audience give a "light for a life," and said that the giving of the money might mean the saving of a life for each one lost in the war. She told of the work of the Red Cross in Esthonia.

The Rev. Harry Emerson Fosdick pleaded to those who might give to the fund not to withhold contributions because their sympathies had been "stretched until the rubber is all out of them."

In his prepared speech, Mr. Hoover told of the American relief work in Belgium, among the Allies and, after the armistice, among the beaten nations, and continued:

"The starving children of Europe are the obligation of every man and woman who has a penny more than his own children and his neighbors' children require. This is a real wastage of the war, this mass of the undernourished, under-clad, the mentally, morally and physically destitute children. If we are to preserve the foundations of society in the East, if we are to keep open the love of humanity in the West our duty is clear before us."

N. H. DAVIS PROSTRATED BY HICCOUGHS ATTACK

Acting Secretary of State Has Been Ill Since Tuesday, but Is Better.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—Norman H. Davis, Under Secretary and Acting Secretary of State, has been suffering since Tuesday from a severe attack of hiccoughs, which exhausted him so completely that he is confined to his house.

A distinct improvement in Mr. Davis's condition, with the attacks becoming less frequent, has set in, but he has been left in a weakened condition. On account of his illness Mrs. Davis has canceled her regular reception for tomorrow.

The attack is attributed to overwork, with its consequent physical exhaustion and mental fatigue. In addition to pressing duties as Acting Secretary of State in the absence of Secretary Colby, Mr. Davis performed exacting service as Chairman of the American delegation in the International Conference on Communications. The latest sessions of the conference frequently lasted from early morning until late at night and Mr. Davis was present at all of them for the entire period of each.

Last Monday Mr. Davis attended a session with the British, French, Italian and Japanese delegates that lasted from 10 A. M. until 10:30 P. M., with only a hasty luncheon and no dinner during that time. The attack of hiccoughs began the next day, but Mr. Davis on Wednesday was able to appear before the Senate Committee on Commerce to explain the complicated cable situation.

Immediately afterward the convulsive attack was renewed. His condition has so far improved, however, that he is now not regarded as in any danger.

Bronx Florist Hangs Himself.

The body of William Lappe, 56 years old, a florist, of 232d Street and Albany Road, the Bronx, was found hanging from a noose attached to the transom above the dining-room door in his home last night by his wife. He was dead when Dr. Rosen of Lincoln Hospital arrived. His wife said he had been in ill health due to nervous trouble.



CRAVATS

THE RECENT IMPORTATIONS BY FINCHLEY OF SILK CRAVATS AND MUFFLERS SHOULD INTEREST THOSE DESIRING TO MAKE GIFTS OF DRESS ACCESSORIES.

THEY ARE STRICTLY IN KEEPING WITH THE CHARACTER OF THE ESTABLISHMENT.

$2 AND MORE

FINCHLEY
5 West 46th Street
NEW YORK

Unusual Display
of
USED CARS
Exceptional Values
Various Makes

Now at the Salesrooms of
The PAIGE-DETROIT
Co. of N. Y., Inc.
1753 Broadway at 56th St.
Telephone Circle 6370

THE PAPER SPEAKS FOR ITSELF

THE quality that all-new-rag stock puts into a writing paper is easily recognizable. We are sure your fingers would recognize CRANE'S Bond the moment they touch it in your morning mail. You would know instantly and unconsciously that one of your correspondents was using unusually good writing paper. You would perhaps hold the sheet to the light and read the water-mark.

What would be your mental attitude toward such a correspondent?

Wouldn't you like to have your correspondents feel just so about your letters?

100% selected new rag stock
119 years' experience
Bank notes of 22 countries
Paper money of 438,000,000 people
Government bonds of 18 nations

Crane's
BUSINESS PAPERS

Interstate Gun Play

A Subject for the Consideration of Bankers

Notorious Ohio bank bandits operate from Michigan to New York, leaving behind them a trail of blood and empty vaults. Their example is emulated almost daily throughout the country today.

Your Bank may be next!

"The pick of the city's detective department went treasure hunting Tuesday in search of a bag of loot estimated at close to $100,000 believed to have been buried in or around Cleveland by "Jiggs" Losteiner, leader of the most notorious band of criminals in Ohio.

"The hunt was begun after another bank robbery had been charged against the Losteiner band of killers and thugs.

"The fact that the band made its headquarters in Cleveland for several weeks while it staged robberies in surrounding villages and even as far away as New York State, but always came back here and remained in seclusion until the excitement of the crimes had died away, has clinched the belief of the local police that the Losteiner treasure is 'planted' in this section."

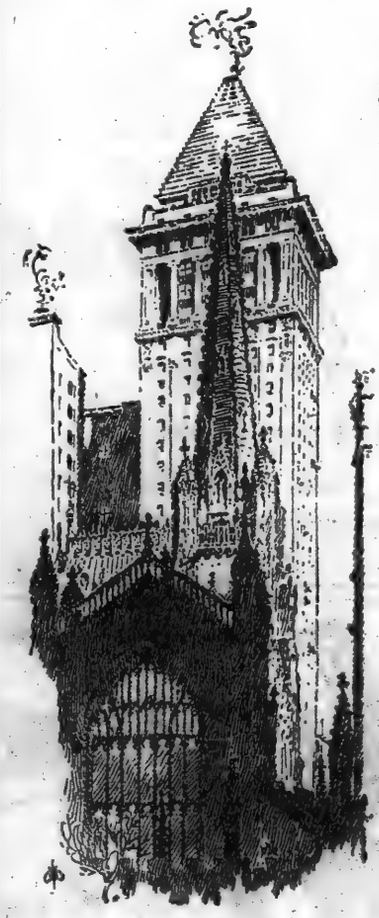
—*Cleveland, O., News.*

Every bank can and should protect itself and its depositors in advance against losses like the above. Adequate protection, secured in advance at nominal cost, satisfies Depositors and relieves Directors and Officers of unnecessary personal responsibility in case of loss.

F & D Bankers' Blanket Bonds afford real protection against such losses. They protect against dishonesty of employes, robbery, burglary, hold-up, destruction of money or securities, and misplacement of cash or paper.

Is Your Bank adequately protected?

Fidelity and Deposit Company
OF MARYLAND
120 BROADWAY
Fidelity and Surety Bonds and Burglary Insurance
Representatives Everywhere—Consult your Broker



Have You Set Your House in Order?

AS the end of the year approaches, the average man does some serious thinking about the passing years and where they are taking him.

He also thinks of those who are dependent upon him and wonders what would happen to them if another year should not find him in his accustomed place as their provider and protector.

To put your mind at ease on this point, do not neglect longer the making of your will, and to make assurance doubly sure, appoint the Bankers Trust Company as your executor.

Ask for a copy of our booklet "Why A Trust Company". It will help you to "set your house in order".

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY
Member Federal Reserve System
Downtown Office: 16 Wall Street
Paris Office: 14 Place Vendome
Uptown Office: 42nd Street at Fifth Avenue

"THE House With a Bad Name" is enveloped in a secret which grows denser and more baffling with each succeeding chapter with its weird happenings. A fascinating mystery story of an entirely novel kind, by Porter Emerson Browne. All booksellers. Boni & Liveright, N. Y.

FOR CHRISTMAS GIVE
LEE WILSON DODD'S
Book of Susan
On sale everywhere or can be had from the publishers. Cloth
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

? ? ?
San Francisco Chicago New York
THE ONE QUESTION when intelligent people meet:
"Have YOU read
CAIUS GRACCHUS
By Odia Gregory?"
$2 everywhere. Boni & Liveright, N. Y.

WADSWORTH URGES ROOT AND HILLES

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

terview with Senator Harding, Senator Wadsworth said, were international relations. Mr. Wadsworth expressed himself as in favor of an association of nations in which The Hague idea of a world court would be perfected and strengthened.

He was asked for his opinion of the Bryan-Harvey proposal for an international agreement for a referendum on war before engaging in offensive warfare.

"I cannot give you an opinion," he replied, "unless the phrase 'offensive warfare' is defined."

"You," said Senator Harry S. New, of Indiana, who entered the room at this time, "and I would like to hear a definition of 'plebiscite.'"

In view of opposition that has developed to the war referendum proposal it is believed that Senator Harding has virtually abandoned further consideration of this plan.

Senator New was chuckling over a letter he had just received from one of his Indiana constituents, which read:

"Possibly you have forgotten me, but I hope not, as I know of your power and know there will be many plates to be filled and you can put me into one of them if you will. I am the man you came to the rear of the hall to meet nine years ago while here. I was one of your first, last and all the time. I think I'd like a good job. Hey Registrar of the Treasury or the Land Office, or Minister to Haiti. But if those places are impossible, please make me a guide or a policeman. If you think of something nice and remunerative, please drop me a line."

Senators New and Wadsworth left Marion tonight.

Colonel Robert R. McCormick of The Chicago Tribune spent a few hours in Marion today, breakfasting at the Harding home and afterward accompanying Senator and Mrs. Harding and Mrs. New to church.

"Rather curiously," said Colonel McCormick, "this is the first time I have met Senator Harding. As a result of my talk with him I have been profoundly impressed by the bigness and the breadth of vision he displays. He is going to be a great American President. He is filled with the spirit of nationalism, with the thought of America, its greatness and its future. He is particularly determined to construct a great Cabinet, and though he did not talk to me about individuals he has in mind, I am very sure, from the trend of his discussions, that he will succeed. The vast domestic problems before the nation have deeply impressed him, and in that fact I find reason for a good deal of confidence and reassurance."

CIGARETTE PLEA TO HARDING

Miss Gaston Urges Ban—No "Smoking President" Since McKinley.

TOPEKA, Dec. 19.—Miss Lucy Page Gaston of Chicago, superintendent of the International Anti-Cigarette League, who is in Topeka working in the interests of the organization, announced tonight that she had sent a letter to President-elect Harding asking him not to use cigarettes. The letter concludes:

"The United States has had no smoking President since McKinley. Roosevelt and Taft and Wilson all have clear records. Is not this a question of grave importance?"

"While You Wait"

A visualizer can turn out a convincing and forceful sketch for an advertisement in a few minutes.

But don't expect the engraver to dazzle you that way, any more than you would have an artist make a finished drawing while you wait.

So give the engraver the same time consideration you give the artist, and you'll like "Sterling Results."

Color Process, Ben Day, Half Tone, Line or Combination.

Phone or write and have a representative call.

Sterling Engraving Co.
New York
TWIN PLANTS
200 William Street
Telephone: Beekman 2900
10th Avenue at 36th Street
Telephone: Longacre 820

IS COULON'S SECRET

Doctor Believes Boxer's Resistance to Superior Strength Is Matter of Gravity.

CADINE SUPPORTS THEORY

Weight-Lifting Champion Finds That His 60-Pound Son Can Duplicate Coulon's Feat.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—What appears to be the first reasonable explanation of the Johnny Coulon "mystery" is advanced by Dr. Pages, who has joined the force of French medical men who have been experimenting all the last week with the boxer and trying to explain his little stunt. Dr. Pages simply disregards all theories about nerve centres and short-circuiting the lifter's muscular strength. It is all mechanical—a business, he declares. Johnny just pulls a blind with his light touch on the other fellow's neck and wrist. What he really does is to alter his centre of gravity by leaning forward a little out of the perpendicular. At the same time he prevents the other man touching him with his body, and compels him to lift with his arms without knowing it.

Now the world record for weight lifted with arms outstretched is something less than Johnny weighs. Whether the boxer knows what he is doing or not is undecided, and Johnny's statements are that he doesn't. But the amount of time he spends fiddling with his fingers to "get the right spot" is interpreted by the doctor to be the time

NEW HARRIS PLAYS.

Mrs. Fiske, in "Wake Up, Jonathan," to Open in Atlantic City Tonight.

Sam H. Harris yesterday announced half a dozen new attractions which he plans to present here before the end of the season. Mrs. Fiske in "Wake Up, Jonathan," by Elmer Rice and Hatcher Hughes, will open tonight in Atlantic City, and a week later the same city will be the scene of the début of "Nice People," a comedy by Rachel Crothers, with Francine Larrimore as its star. Mr. Harris expects to bring both of these productions to New York early in the new year.

Grant Mitchell in "The Champion," as already announced, will begin an engagement at the Longacre Theatre two weeks from tonight. Richard Bennett and Ernest Truex have also been added to the list of Harris stars. Mr. Bennett will appear in a comedy by Louis K. Anspacher, entitled "The New House," produced in New York some seasons ago under the title of "Our Children," and Mr. Truex will appear in a Clare Kummer comedy called "Pomeroy."

In the Spring Mr. Harris will offer the first of a series of annual revues by Irving Berlin. Other productions which he has in prospect include a musical version of the Paul Armstrong-Rex Beach farce "Going Some," with book and lyrics by Otto Harbach and music by Louis A. Hirsch; a play by Montague Glass and Oscar M. Carter; "Jackdaw," by Ethel Lloyd Patterson; "The Hero," by Gilbert Emery, and a new play for William Collier.

The Music Box, the new Harris theatre in Forty-fourth Street, will be opened in a few months.

Performance at Prison.

Upon a completely equipped stage presented to the prison by David Belasco the annual Christmas play will be acted before the inmates of Sing Sing next Sunday night. The play will be "Miss Lulu Bett," and the performance will be the first to be given on any stage, as the piece will not open in New York until the following night.

The custom of giving an annual play at Sing Sing began in 1914, when William A. Brady produced "Sinners" at the prison. The facilities for presenting plays in the chapel have always been very crude, and when this fact was called to the attention of Mr. Belasco, who had expected to offer "Call the Doctor" at the prison this year, he agreed to furnish the prison with up-to-date equipment. This equipment, including modern lamps and several sets of scenery, will be installed this week.

A change of bookings made it impossible to present "Call the Doctor" at the prison, and accordingly Brock Pemberton was asked to substitute "Miss Lulu Bett."

Play for Post-Graduate Fund.

Nurses Pauline Gensheimer, Sara Cowen and Emma Mackay, with Drs. Alexander Fraser and Harry Jones and the Hospital Ukelele Orchestra, will take part in a musical play, "There's a Reason," at Delmonico's tonight in aid of the endowment fund of the New York Post-Graduate Hospital. All the actors, actresses and musicians are members of the regular staff of the hospital, as are those who have written the words and music, built the scenery and made the costumes.

Schwarz, Russian Baritone, Here.

Joseph Schwarz, the Russian baritone, arrived yesterday from London on the White Star liner Baltic to make his first concert tour in the United States. He has sung in concerts and opera in the principal cities of Europe. Mr. Schwarz will sing in Carnegie Hall on Jan. 3 under the management of Alexander Fischer, who arrived with him on the liner. Josef Hofmann, the American pianist, also arrived on the Baltic. He said that he had been giving concert recitals in England.

DREICER & Co
Pearls, Precious Stones and Jewels
FIFTH AVENUE AT FORTY-SIXTH

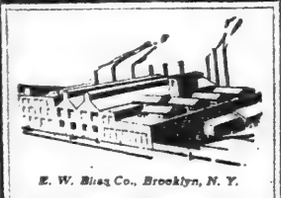
"The Trousseau House of America"
GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC Inc.
ANNOUNCE
A SALE OF UNUSUAL IMPORTANCE
300 French Brocaded Hand Bags
IN NEW COLORINGS AND LATEST STYLES
20.00 Each
Value 55.00
Owing to a belated shipment, these bags will be sacrificed at a price below actual cost of importation.
FIFTH AVENUE, 44th and 45th Streets

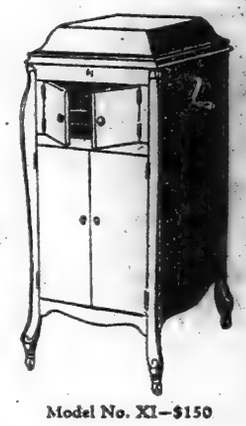
A Special Turkey Dinner
Celery
Chicken or Vegetable Soup
Roast Young Turkey with Dressing, Cranberry Sauce
Boiled Onions with Butter Sauce
Mashed Potatoes and Giblet Gravy
Mince Pie and Cheese or Ice Cream and Cake
Tea, Coffee or Milk
The dinner that brings memories of Mother and home.
Childs

TAKE YOUR LOSS
When the stocks and bonds in which you invested dropped 20% you incurred a loss. You might as well take it, for you don't help matters by hanging on to the old securities. Turn them into cash and buy the best offerings in the market. Our 8½% Guaranteed Mortgages, that never depreciate, are among the securities that will attract you.
LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST CO.
160 Broadway, New York
188 Montague St., Brooklyn
44 Court St., Brooklyn
367 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.
383 E. 149th St., N. Y.
1364 Broadway, Brooklyn
160 Main St., W. Plains, N. Y.

Hoyt's Service, Inc.
PLANNED ADVERTISING
25 West 32nd Street, N.Y.C.
BOSTON CLEVELAND SPRINGFIELD

For Christmas Give a Novel by MERRICK. His
Conrad in Quest of His Youth or the later
House of Lynch
are certain to be enjoyed. On sale at any bookstore, or if not, they can be had from
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Ave., N. Y.


E. W. Blatz Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.
American Industrial Roofing Tile
American Cement Tile Roofs cover many of the largest and most important industrial plants in America. Look at these few selected at random:
Remington Plant, Baldwin Locomotive Works, Eddystone, Pa.; Bethlehem Steel Co., So. Bethlehem, Pa.; American Brake Shoe and Foundry Co., Erie, Pa.; Park Drop Forge Co., Cleveland, Ohio; Pressed Steel Car Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.; Alpha Portland Cement Co., Easton, Pa.; Didier-March Co., Perth Amboy, N. J.
American Cement Tile Mfg. Co.
824 Oliver Building, Pittsburgh
50 Church St. New York
404 Bulletin Bldg. Philadelphia
589 Brown-Marx Bldg. Birmingham.

Select Your Christmas Victrola NOW!
At one of the
FOUR DAVEGA SHOPS
We will guarantee delivery for Christmas if you select your Victrola today or tomorrow.
Victrolas are very scarce, but we are so fortunate as to have a large stock on hand ready for immediate delivery. Most all wood finishes to match any room.

Model No. XI—$150
$5 DOWN will Place in Your Home a genuine Victrola
$150—Model XI
Balance in convenient weekly or monthly payments
TO BE DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY—Davega guarantees the delivery of your Victrola for Christmas and eliminates the annoyance of disappointment.
Other popular Victrolas are priced at $25, $35, $50, $75, $125, $150, $225, $350.
Any model may be purchased on very liberal terms.
And remember, Davega Service does not end with your selection of a Victrola. We agree to keep your Victrola in perfect condition—inside and outside—during the life of your contract with us.
DAVEGA
"The Sportsman's Paradise"
125 West 125th St. Near Lenox Ave.
111 East 42d St. Commodore Hotel
831 Broadway Near 13th St.
15 Cortlandt St. Near Broadway
ALL STORES OPEN EVERY EVENING UNTIL CHRISTMAS

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE
Between 54th and 55th Streets
SPECIAL
Beaver or Squirrel Collared
WRAPS
of EVORA or BOLIVIA
$85.00
Value $150

Macy's
A Message of Real Thrift to Business Men
Our Commercial Stationery Department is fully equipped to fill your every office stationery requirement at lowest-in-the-city prices.
Special for This Week
A SUGGESTION FOR THE BUSINESS MAN'S GIFT TO HIS BUSINESS ASSOCIATES
Vest-Pocket and Desk Diaries
Some are ruled with a day to a page, others a week to a page, some with cash account and all with memorandum space.
A large assortment in cloth and leather at prices from
29c up.
Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St.
R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

Xmas Tree OUTFITS
8 Lights Beautiful Colored Lasting Tungsten Lamps. Reg. Value $4.00 SPECIAL $2.49
BATTERY OUTFITS
8 Bright Colored Tungsten Lamps. $1.98
Reg. $3.00. Reduced to.....
VICTORY IRON
Special Guaranteed Suitable Xmas Gift. Reg. Value $7.50 OUR PRICE $4.75
PERCOLATORS
(Hot Point)
Heavily Nickeled and Durable. Unusually Fine Xmas Gift. Reg. Value $15.00. Extra Special $12.50
Variety Electric Trains and Other Electrical Specialties at Reduced Prices.
Electrical & Engineering Corp.
716 8th Ave. (45th) Bryant 6874

Before Your Christmas Shopping
Shake Into Your Shoes
ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

It Sets the Pace in every WALK of Life.
It takes the friction from the shoe and freshens the feet. Get a package today
And enjoy the bliss of Feet without an ache.
Over 1,500,000 pounds of Powder for the Feet were used by our Army and Navy during the war.
Ask TO-DAY for ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

Bridge and Standard Lamps
of HAND FORGED IRON
ESPECIALLY DESIGNED FOR
The Little Gallery
Four East Forty-Eighth Street

The Kensico Cemetery
America's Burial Park


A variety of colors, models and buckles—all reasonably priced.
Be sure he gets a Marathon Belt for Xmas!
He should be among the thousands of men who'll be happy Christmas morning to find a Marathon Belt among their gifts. Marathons are stylish, serviceable gifts that are sure to please. Each in an Attractive Christmas Box.
Look for this Mark
Sold exclusively at Men's-wear and Dep't Stores
MARATHON Washable Flexyde BELTS
S. M. WERTHEIMER & CO., Sole Distributers,
33 Union Square West, N. Y.

Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

All Leather Luggage
At Reduced Prices
For Women
Fitted Bags as low as.....$27.75
Fitted Suitcases as low as.....$42.50
Fitted Over Night Bags as low as.....$44.25
Bags as low as.....$10.00
Suitcases as low as.....$20.00
Over-Night Bags as low as.....$12.50
For Men
Cowhide Suitcases as low as.....$15.00
Cowhide Travel Bags as low as.....$10.00
Walrus Travel Bags as low as.....$31.50
Fitted Suitcases as low as.....$52.50
Fitted Bags as low as.....$47.00
Fitted Toilet Rolls as low as.....$6.00
Seventh Floor

BACK TO SYNAGOGUE MOVEMENT BY JEWS

A Jewry Mindful of Its Faith Held to Be Best Answer to Anti-Semitism.

RELIGIOUS REVIVAL URGED

D. P. Hays. Dr. Schulman, Dr. Silverman and Others Speak at Temple Emanu-El Meeting.

Leading Jewish reform congregations of the city and its environs held a mass meeting at Temple Emanu-El, Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street, last night for the purpose of considering Jewish religious conditions here and elsewhere. The meeting was also in the nature of a celebration of the tour of the "flying squadron" of prominent laymen, who conducted meetings throughout the country in the interests of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations.

Prominent rabbis and members of the laity stressed the importance of an awakening of the Jews to their religious obligations. They deplored the lack of church affiliations of thousands of their coreligionists and asserted that a Jewry mindful of its faith would be an unchallenged answer to the anti-Semitic agitation. Daniel P. Hays presided, and the speakers included the Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman, the Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman, Louis Marshall, Mrs. William O. Sporborg and Mrs. Sallie Kuber Glauber.

In his introductory address Mr. Hays said that there never was a greater need of preserving the spiritual legacy of the Jews than today. A back-to-the-synagogue movement should be pursued with intensive vigor and an effort should be made to awaken the Jew without synagogue affiliations to the seriousness of the situation as affecting his race, Mr. Hays said.

Religious Work Neglected.

"Other nations have been laid desolate in bygone days," he said. "The Jewish nation had been made desolate and His temple destroyed by the Romans. Yet the Jew has lived and why? Because he had within him a spiritual consciousness, a profound belief in God, because he was the messenger of those great moral principles which cannot be destroyed. What we must face in New York today is whether the Jew is too self-satisfied with the past, glorying too much in past days, or doing too little to preserve the Jewish faith."

Mr. Hays said that the Christians during the last year had endeavored to raise millions to be devoted to the spiritual revival of their peoples and he asked what the Jew had done along similar lines.

"We have raised no millions of dollars for this strictly religious work," he said. "We are willing enough to give for substantive things, but that is not enough. We live in free America and the Constitution gives us the right of worshipping as we please. If we don't practice the religion of our forefathers and preserve for the world our spiritual side and demonstrate that we have religious convictions, then the Jew can have no place in America. We must bring back to the Jew the word of God. The Bible, our book, must not be read only by the Christian world.

"I tell you there is no excuse for the Jews separating from the rest of the people. There is no reason for our being here merely as Jewish people unless we believe in God and live up to the principles of our faith and be known to the world, not as merchants, not as men achieving material prosperity, but as members of a race who gave to mankind a wonderful Deity."

Dr. Silverman said that the capacity audience which he faced was an answer to the slanderers of the Jews and showed to the public that Israel was standing by its principles and its religion. He believed that the anti-Semitic propaganda which was being spread would act as a boomerang to those who sought to injure Israel. Anti-Semitism, however, was not the worst enemy of the Jew, Dr. Silverman said, but the traitor within Jewry was even more dangerous. It was bad enough for outsiders to attack the Jews, but still worse when the Jew himself assumed the rôle of critic, he asserted.

"We must fight the enemy within our ranks, and that is our greatest task," Dr. Silverman said. "We can only overcome our own traitors in the way our forefathers did, namely, by setting examples to prevent defections from the ranks. We must present examples of steadfastness in faith, self-restraint, self-sacrifice and sincerity of faith."

Parents owed it as a solemn duty to their faith to bring up their children in a religious atmosphere. Too little attention was paid to this important work, he said, in appealing to the mothers not to neglect religious instruction of the young.

Mrs. William D. Sporborg, in bespeaking the co-operation of the Council of Jewish Women, recalled the early religious training she had received from Dr. Isaac Wise. "I well remember that venerable old man, his spectacles far back on his forehead, answering patiently our questions and removing our doubts," she said.

Mrs. Sporborg told of the work being carried on in the various chapters toward bringing about religious instruction for children and their other activities. She believed that the greatest menace to the Jew was prejudice within his own ranks. Mrs. Sporborg urged Jews to forget their petty differences and work for the common good.

Says Children Are Neglected.

Dr. Schulman answered his own question of what was the matter with the Jew by saying it was lack of personal faith. Statistics showed that 77 per cent. of the 300,000 Jewish children in New York received no religious instruction, a sad commentary on conditions, he said. He condemned what he termed religious apathy among the Jews, and said he believed a movement should be started to convert the Jew to his own faith.

"Among the thousands of Jews in this city who have no church affiliation, there is still living a spark of loyalty which can easily be fanned into a flame of enthusiasm. They should be reached immediately with no distinction between reform and orthodox beliefs, but simply through the message of the God of their fathers and mothers. Then our faith will be revitalized. We will die in spite of our great philanthropies unless there is a revival of our faith. We want a revival of personal faith and by that we will live."

Louis Marshall paid a tribute to the memory of Jacob H. Schiff, whom he held up as a type of Jew worthy of emulation by his coreligionists. He dwelt on the love of country which, he said, was so marked in the life of Mr. Schiff, and portrayed him as a builder who never lent himself to movements of destruction. "He could not have been a better American had he come over in the Mayflower," said Mr. Marshall.

Mr. Marshall emphasized the religious life led by the late financier and recalled how he never rode to church on the Sabbath, which he kept scrupulously. Only once did Mr. Schiff touch a pen on his day of rest, and that was to sign a document which was intended to bring relief to the pogrom sufferers in Europe, Mr. Marshall said.

YOUNG JUDEA ELECTION.

Seceders From Zionists Choose Mack, Cohen and Feldman.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 19.—The reorganization of the National Young Judea was completed at a special two days' convention, which adjourned here tonight.

The convention was made necessary by the decision to separate from the Zionist Organization of America, of which Young Judea was formerly a subordinate division.

Julian W. Mack of Chicago was elected honorary President; Rabbi Jacob Cohen of New York, President, and Rabbi Abraham Feldman, Philadelphia, representative on the board of directors.

THE ONLY FINE MERCHANT-TAILORED READY-TO-WEAR CLOTHES IN NEW YORK

Clemons
MERCHANT TAILOR
Established 1898
39TH & BROADWAY

Evening Clothes
Merchant-tailored
Ready-to-wear
All Silk Lined
Tail-coat or Tuxedo
$50
Showing just how low a price can be when there are no outside maker's profits to be considered!
Tailored above our store!

For the Boys and Girls of Understanding Parents these New Real & Live-right Books are suggested for Xmas.

ANCIENT MAN
By HENDRIK VAN LOON
A wonderfully delightful history in story form from earliest days up to the classical world—with page after page of *colored illustrations* and *animated maps*. What H. G. Wells has done for grown-ups, Professor Van Loon, in the opinion of many experts, has done at least as well for all of us. $3.00 everywhere.

PIG THE WEAPONS-MAKER
By GEORGE LANGFORD
Thrilling adventures with cave men and with cave lions, and buffaloes, and with Hairi the mammoth and Wulli the rhinoceros make this the most fascinating book of its kind since Kipling's Jungle Book. *(Profusely illustrated)* $1.75

By W. B. HAWKINS
Full of whimsy as a pumpkin is full of seeds, this tale of Queerful Widget, in a land where two and two make seven, and where anything is just as likely to happen as anything else, maps out a new never-never land alongside the magic world of Peter Pan and Alice's Looking-Glass Country. *Quaintly and fully illus.* $2.

TIFFANY & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET
PEARLS
AND PEARL NECKLACES

Hanan & Son
open today at
718 Fifth Avenue
Corner 56th Street
their third store on Fifth Avenue and the tenth in New York to further serve the convenience and comfort of their clientele.
Good Shoes
Are an Economy
Hanan & Son
718 Fifth Avenue

J. M. Gidding & Co.
544-546 and 548 Fifth Avenue, 46TH and 47TH STS.
Announce
the arrival of
Extensive Importations of
Frocks and Gowns
(many of them suitable for Southern wear)
from
Arnold
Madelaine & Madelaine
Cheruit
Jenny
Jean Patou
and other Parisian couturiers of note
Our Custom Tailored and Dressmaking Salons are reproducing and adapting these models to individual order.

Christmas Shopping Simplified

Mirrors from $10.00 to $150.00
To make the task of selecting Christmas Gifts as simple and easy as it is pleasant, Ovington's has arranged tables of specially priced gifts at $5.00, $7.50, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00, $20.00 $25.00, and each contains unusual values.
The variety offered on these tables is almost endless and the prices are reasonable and fair.
OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
312-314 Fifth Ave. Near 32nd St.

Upton Sinclair
Writes an entire page each week in the
APPEAL TO REASON
Girard, Kansas
Subscribe NOW. $1 per year

BLASCO IBANEZ' Novel
The Enemies of Women
$2.15. If not on sale in your local bookstore, it can be had from
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

JOHN WANAMAKER
Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.
The Christmas Store
Broadway at Ninth New York

The Wonderful Hospitality of the Poor to Each Other
these Christmas Days is Beautiful to see when moved by the spirit of friendliness in the air, they divide their meals with the poorer ones and share with an incoming immigrant their last handfuls of meal, potatoes and bread.
If we only had a neighborly world and knew for sure that it was more blessed to give than to receive, what a wonderful Christmas 1920 would be!
The unnoticed or perhaps careless wastages of our homes would be gratefully accepted in the little back streets and light up a dreary, lonely day for some who feel that they have been forgotten.
Your priest or pastor or the Church near by you would gladly be your servant in distributions.
(Signed)
John Wanamaker
December 20, 1920.

Letters to Santa Claus
As Santa Claus does not want to disappoint any of his little friends he sends out this message: All little letters should be mailed before Wednesday.
Address "Santa Claus, Toy World, John Wanamaker, New York."

Buy Christmas Seals
And fight Tuberculosis.
Seals are a penny each.
100 seals on a sheet.
Get them at 10 East 39th St.

Extraordinary Christmas Presentation of Black Silks
Purchased after the drop in raw silk and priced lower than any other black silks of equal quality

	Per yard
36 in. satin	$1.50
40 in. crepe de chine	$1.95
40 in. Georgette crepe	$2.25
40 in. charmeuse	$2.50
40 in. Georgette crepe (extra heavy)	$3.25
40 in. charmeuse	$3.50
40 in. crepe de chine (extra heavy)	$3.50
40 in. charmeuse	$3.85
36 in. faille	$3.85
40 in. charmeuse	$4.00
40 in. taffeta (2 brocaded designs) (3 coin spot designs)	$4.50
40 in. Canton crepe	$4.50
39 in. Bonett taffeta	$5.00
36 in. satin lacquer	$5.50
40 in. charmeuse (brocaded)	$6.00
40 in. charmeuse (Pebble-back)	$6.50
40 in. Swiss taffeta	$6.50

Main Floor, Old Building.

Gay Orenburg Scarfs
Soft lacy Orenburg scarfs from Scotland, made in oblongs or great filmy squares, may be had in all one color—soft mauve, *café au lait*, a lovely French blue, white, yellow or rose, or in white striped at the ends with gorgeous or delicate bands of color.
Prices $2.95 to $3.75.
Second floor, Old Bldg.

The Quaint,
—The Unusual,
—Exquisitely Dainty
Gift.

IN THE FRIVOLITY SHOP AU QUATRIEME
The Frivolity Shop is at all times a place where the smartest and most unexpected things may be bought, and at Christmas time it becomes a gift shop of decidedly unusual character. A shop that keeps all the little things one always hopes to find in a shop, but seldom ever does.
Things like charming sets of *chaise longue* cover and pillow, made exquisitely of hand-quilted faille taffeta in delicate shades of blue, rose and mauve. Price $95 the set.
Small quilted taffeta bed covers for a baby, $25.
Habitant homespun and hand-woven woolen blankets for a baby, made in blue and white or pink and white checks, $6.
Dark blue leather bill-folds, lined with checked silk, $7.50.
Hand-woven scarf in gay colors, $18.
Exquisite oval *chaise longue* pillows of Normandy lace, edged with valenciennes lace, made over flesh color or blue silk, $22.50 each.
Large satin pillows of upholsterer's satin and taffeta, $22 and $25.
Gay little taffeta cushions embroidered with wool, $30 each.
Chaise longue cover of Normandy lace over flesh colored satin, ornamented with chiffon flowers, $183.
Fourth Floor, Old Bldg.

Our Most Beautiful Kimonos from Japan
$50—were $65 to $75
$65—were $85 to $100
Heavy crepes in delicately shaded colors on which are embroidered cherry blossoms; crepes brocaded in symbols of Japan — the dragon (for good luck), the stork (for long life), and embroidered with one of the seven dignified Shogun crests.
All are lined with habutai silk—some in the same, others in a contrasting color, i. e., a rose lining for a navy blue kimono.
Third Floor, Old Bldg.

Thirty-four Good Gifts in One Shop Alone
Prices adjusted to today's conditions
Folding Game Tables, $4 to $7.
Work Baskets, 50c to $10.
Scrap Baskets, $1 to $6.
Roller Skates, $1.60 to $6.
Carving Sets, $4.50 to $32.
Poultry Shears, $3.50 to $7.25.
Teapot Stands, 75c to $1.35.
Nut Picks and Cracker, 90c to $1.75 set.
Pocket Knives, $1 to $5.
Child's Table Tray, $4.
Tool Boxes and Cabinets, $13.25 to $138.
Work Benches, $28 to $51.50.
Serving Trays, $2.50 to $15.
Dinner Chimes, $7.50 to $27.
Crumb Trays and Scrapers, $2.75 to $6.
Covered Baking Dishes, $4 to $9.50.
Casseroles — Nickel Frames, $3.85 to $10.50.
Chafing Dishes, $8.50 to $23.25.
Shaving Mirrors, $4.75 to $12.50.
Metal Hot Water Bottles, $3 to $4.75.
Carpet Sweepers, $4.75 to $7.25.
Shoe Blacking Cases, $3.50 to $5.50.
Child's Hot Water Plate, $3.
Wanamaker Fire Lighter, $4.
Smoker's Stands, $3.50 to $20.75.
Electric Irons, $4.75 to $10.
Electric Curling Irons, $7.25 to $8.
Electric Heating Pads, $8.50 to $13.50.
Electric Flashlights, 75c to $2.25.
Electric Grills, $15 to $17.50.
Electric Toasters, $9 to $9.75.
Electric Vacuum Cleaners, $42.50 to $70.
Aluminum Percolators, $6.
Hearth Brushes—colors, $6 to $8.
The Housewares Store, Seventh Gallery, New Bldg.

Pianos
First Gallery, New Bldg.
High musical quality.
America's largest choice.
Christmas Delivery.
GOOD-WILL TERMS.

$32,800 Oriental Rugs for $12,640
Silky Persian Sarouk Rugs—$550.
8. Originally $1,100 to $1,250. Average size 9x12 ft.
Antique and Modern Kazaks—$75 to $175.
75. Originally $125 to $400; sizes 6.10x5 ft. to 8½x6½ ft.
Chinese Rugs—$23.75 to $47.50.
30. Originally $47.50 to $95; sizes 5½x2½ ft. and 8x3 ft.
In the Auditorium, First Gallery, New Bldg.

Exquisite Accessories
Appreciated by men equally as much as by women

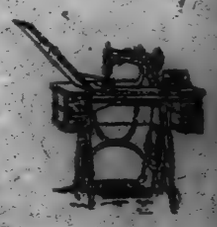
BATH CRYSTALS
in hand decorated bowls
(one is pictured)
Geranium—Verbena $3.50
Melisande—Ixia $9.50
In plain bowls $3.50, $4.50
EAU *de* TOILETTE
Melisande. Rose Speciale
Ambre Ancien. Jasmin.
In classique bottles, $9.50 to $35.
EAU *de* COLOGNE
Fleur de Lis. In the classique bottles pictured, $4.50 and $8.
Main Floor, Old Building.

For the Bed of a Fairy Princess
Not since the war have such exquisite bed-coverings as these come to America
* * *
Blanket-Comforters
Made by hand in Paris
Soft-ivory white wool one side; rich silk hand-stitched in beautiful design the other; in exquisite color schemes of rose, blue and ivory; bound with wide satin ribbon.
$100 each for single bed size; were $140
$120 each for double bed size; were $165
* * *
Superb Two-tone Blankets
From Czecho-Slovakia
All pure wool, a soft velvety finish, artistically bound with satin ribbon to match. One side of the blanket is a solid color of gold, blue, old rose or pink, with satin bindings to match the color schemes. In double bed size only.
$80 each—were $115
As we have only a small quantity of these superb bed-coverings an early inspection is suggested.
Fourth Gallery, New Bldg.

Imported Bead Bags

Our entire collection of exquisite bags — many copies of antiques—
have been repriced
$35 to $135
They were $72 to $300
Sterling silver frames on some. Others have fine metal frames. And others have drawstrings.
Main Floor, Old Building.

Give a gift of SOUND SLEEP
During the war the peasants of Europe ceased their work of splitting feathers—which means taking out the quills so that they would be softer and better for pillows—and for some years America has been unable to make up the kind of pillows which split feathers make.
Quite unexpectedly last Spring we procured in Central Europe a quantity of these split feathers, and as they have now arrived we are planning to mix them up with another feather of imported goose, making a very satisfactory, restful pillow—a *real gift of sleep*.
2,000 Feather Pillows
$7.75 for the $12.15 grade
22x30 inches; about 3 lbs. weight.
The coverings will be of fine quality pillow ticking in solid colors, and the interlining will make the pillows absolutely sure against shedding.
Deliveries in time for Christmas.
Fourth Gallery, New Building.

$44.25 Sewing Machines, $32.65
The Wanamaker Special

These Wanamaker machines have been famous for many years; have our guarantee for 5 years and will do well anything that any sewing machine of the vibrating type will do.
Drophead enclosed in an oak cabinet with five drawers. The head lifts into place automatically, the shuttle is self-threading. The work of winding the thread on the bobbin is done by an automatic device and this machine is provided with the usual ingenious attachments for lessening labor that are given with machines that cost much more.
Seventh Gallery, New Building.

HOPE FOR ARMENIA

Moral and Diplomatic Support of Allied Powers Can Save It, He Asserts.

CLUB OVER THE SOVIETS

Believe Protection for Oppressed Nation Should Be Made Condition of Recognition.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Dec. 10.—"The fate of the Armenian people, in whom the people of America are interested, regardless of party, with the nations of Europe, said Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador to Turkey, here today.

"So deeply is the question of saving the Armenian people from virtual extinction interwoven with the general European policies to be adopted that the best efforts of America can only rest for its results on Great Britain, France, Italy and Greece in the attitude to be taken by them toward the present rulers of the Russian people and of the subsequently dominant forces of Turkish Nationalists.

"This, I believe, is exactly what President Wilson meant when he distinctly stated that his acceptance of the task of mediation between the Armenians and their enemies rested upon the moral and diplomatic support of the nations which represent the victors in Europe today. For success to follow America's great effort to save the Armenians we must depend in the final analysis upon the success of the allied nations in discovering some practical means of dealing not only with the Turkish people and of such factions of that nation as are represented by Mustapha Kemal, but with the Soviets as well."

Mr. Morgenthau, who was appointed as personal representative of President Wilson to mediate the Armenian question, difficulties to be encountered.

"I am not at all sure that the cabled reports to the effect that the Turkish authorities at Constantinople have ordered the American Relief Commission from Armenia mean that there is direct and official objection to the mission or its members," Mr. Morgenthau said.

"It appears to be time that the people of America are made to understand just how much depends on the attitude of the allied nations and their dealings with the peoples which surround the Armenians. At the present moment this problem is entirely dependent on the general wishes of the allied nations coinciding with their exercising their influence with the Turkish Nationalists and the Reds of Russia. Up to the present they have recognized neither and until they do there is no one with whom there can be diplomatic intercourse. Should England, France or Italy decide to recognize the Soviets they easily could make the saving of the Armenian nation a condition and unless they find some means of dealing with these representatives now outside the diplomatic pale the best efforts known toward saving Armenia are likely to fail."

A bid so low that it cannot be lived up to is like a check so high that it cannot be honored—neither is worth the paper it is written on.

We make low bids, but they are genuine!

Put it up to us to put it up for you!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

REPEAT orders for industrial buildings are so unusual as to awaken comment.

It is a remarkable endorsement when, in so many instances, Mr. Perrot's services as architect and engineer have been repeatedly called on by the same firms, with whose previous work, as a member of the firm of Ballinger & Perrot, he had been closely associated.

These are a few of many important operations:

Victor Talking Machine Co. (*over 40 repeat orders*), Camden, N. J.
The Viscose Company (*eleven buildings*), Marcus Hook, Pa.
The Viscose Company (*five buildings*), Roanoke, Va.
Otis Elevator Co. (*three orders*), Philadelphia.
Esterbrook Steel Pen Mfg. Co. (*six orders*), Camden, N. J.
John Lucas Co. (*six orders*), Philadelphia and Gibbsboro, N. J.
Patterson-Sargent Company (*two orders*), New York.
American Ice Co. (*three orders*), Philadelphia.
Duplan Silk Corp. (*four orders*), Hazleton, Pa.
National Biscuit Co., Philadelphia.
National Biscuit Co., Cleveland, O.

EMILE G. PERROT
Architect and Engineer
Formerly of Ballinger & Perrot
(Temporary Address)
2850 WOOLWORTH BUILDING
'Phone, Barclay 9610 New York
Parkway Building, Philadelphia



Ten years ago, Dr. Harvey W. Wiley called The Journal "the Northwest's greatest newspaper," for the same reason that Minneapolis housewives today rely on its advertising as a guide to pure foods for the home

THE MINNEAPOLIS JOURNAL

Represented in New York and Chicago by O'Mara & Ormsbee

This Girl had never worked before



Grace Levington had graduated from school with a good record. Circumstances at home made it necessary for her to do something toward self-support.

But she knew nothing about business, and could not afford to spend ten months or a year in preparing herself for a position.

She remembered that one of her classmates, Helen Haller, held an excellent position secured shortly after she left school, and to Helen she turned for advice.

Helen's response was made without hesitation—"Take a course in filing, my dear. A year ago I was in the same predicament and several people advised me to take up filing. After a month's instruction I was given a position by my school and am now earning $27.50 per week and a substantial bonus."

"I didn't know there was such a school," explained Grace. "Is it something new?" "Oh, no," explained Helen, "to my knowledge the New York School of Filing has been training and placing girls in filing and indexing positions for six years and has over five thousand graduates. Why don't you drop in and visit the school? The director or one of the instructors will be glad to show you just what they are doing for girls like you and me."

New York School of Filing
1170 Broadway at 28th Street (Formerly Singer Bldg.)
Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses

Business houses supplied gratis with our graduates, with or without previous business experience.

Booklet upon request. Dept. B. Telephone: Madison Square 6097.



Kid Klothes Sale!

MOTHERS: Bring the youngster here for his Christmas Suit or Overcoat. We have just reduced prices over 50%. Kid Klothes are the best boys' clothes made and *always* sold for one-third less than any other boys' clothes!

Suits—Overcoats
Mackinaws—Reefers
Values up to $16.50

Now $6.75

Other Specials	Other Specials
Now $10.75	*Now* $15.75

Special Values for Boys

CAPS—Were $2 and $3.50.....Now 95c
BLOUSES—Were $2, $3 and $4..Now 95c
STOCKINGS—Were 75c and $1..Now 39c
NECKWEAR—Was $1 and $1.45..Now 55c

Moe Levy & Son

Our Only Store — *New York City*

119-125 Walker Street

Every Subway or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station, within sight of our store

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7—SATURDAYS UNTIL 10

JOHN DAVID

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd, Manhattan
Court Street at Montague, Brooklyn

25 Holiday Gifts For A Man

Dress and Fancy Waistcoats
Initial Handkerchiefs
Tan Capeskin Gloves
Silk Handkerchiefs
Wool Knit Jackets
Knitted Neckwear
Fur Lined Gloves
Madras Pajamas
Lounging Robes
Smoking Jackets
Walking Sticks
Madras Shirts
Leather Goods
Comfy Slippers
Silk Neckwear
Wool Mufflers
Mocha Gloves
Wool Hosiery
Silk Pajamas
Silk Mufflers
Silk Hosiery
Bath Robes
Silk Shirts
Umbrellas
Jewelry

4 Holiday Gifts For A Woman

Mufflers
Umbrellas
Silk Hosiery
Mannish Wool Hosiery

25% Off

Holiday Mufflers And Reefers

$1.69 To $16.88

Instead Of $2.25 To $22.50

If You Select The John David Establishment For Your Christmas Shopping, The Recipient Won't Feel Like Christmas "Swapping" Afterward. Our Mufflers And Reefers Embrace Splendid English Silks, English Polka-Dotted Flannels, Accordion-Ribbed Silks, Swiss Knitted Silks, Brushed Silks, Scotch Wool, Angora And Camel's Hair. The Qualities And The Service Fulfill Our Undeviating Standard

JOHN DAVID GIFT BONDS
In Genuine Morocco Case Without Extra Charge

JOHN DAVID GIFT BOXES
Encase Every Purchase Without Extra Charge

Why the Franklin Gives You a Finer Motoring Service

NEW SCHEDULE OF FRANKLIN PRICES

Type	New Price	Old Price	Reduction
Runabout	$2400	$3050	$650
4-Pass. Roadster	2500	3100	600
Touring	2600	3100	500
Sedan	3600	4350	750
Brougham	3500	4300	800
Runabout (Convertible)	2750	3300	550

All Prices F. O. B. Syracuse

THE striking thing about the Franklin price reduction is its relative increase in the already outstanding value of Franklin performance.

This performance has always had real facts back of it:

20 miles to the gallon of gasoline
12,500 miles to the set of tires
50% slower yearly depreciation
(National Average)

The Franklin is economical of fuel for definite, logical reasons. It is light-weight—meaning less weight to move; and it is direct air cooled—to allow the engine to operate at the most efficient temperature.

Franklin tire life and car life are prolonged by Franklin light weight and flexible construction. These principles allow tires and car to wear out normally instead of being pounded out before their time.

These two principles also account for Franklin comfort, safety and ease of control. With road shock greatly diminished, the Franklin clings more closely to the road. Unhampered by excess weight, it starts and stops more quickly, handles more easily.

Having no radiator and no water, the Franklin is free from winter troubles, from overheating in summer, and from leaks the year round.

This performance, joined to savings ranging from $500 to $800 per car, makes the Franklin a motoring value that is unequalled today.

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO. of NEW YORK

GLENN A. TISDALE, *President*

NEW YORK: 1828 Broadway, at 60th Street, *Telephone Columbus 7536*
BROOKLYN: 1416 Bedford Ave., Near Prospect Place, *Telephone Prospect 4354*
NEW ROCHELLE: 719 Main St., Near Drake Ave., *Telephone New Rochelle 4185*
WALKER BROTHERS MOTOR CO., Inc.: 436 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.
FRANKLIN CAR COMPANY: 2529 Boulevard, Jersey City.

Salesrooms Open Evenings

BUY CHRISTMAS SEALS

11 BEDFORD GIRLS

Unique Services at Reformatory Mark Entry of Inmates Into Episcopal Church.

BISHOP BURCH PRESIDES

Penitents, Dressed in White, Receive Silver Crosses as Token for Future.

Special to The New York Times.

BEDFORD, N. Y., Dec. 19.—Bishop Charles Sumner Burch of the Episcopal

It was the first time in the reformatory's nineteen years of existence that Episcopal confirmation services have been held there. The eleven young women were allowed to doff their uniforms of blue and white striped cloth and appear in white dresses and white veils fastened with lamiax. Haley Fiske, President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, and Mrs. Fiske, one of the reformatory Board of Managers, were present.

The exercises were held in the chapel. Bishop Burch presented each girl with a silver cross. He advised them to serve God and their neighbors. It was a religious service unique in the annals of New York State's institutions.

Brickners Give Anniversary Dance.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin S. Brickner of Woodmere, L. I., celebrated last evening at the Woodmere Club the twentieth anniversary of their marriage with a dance and supper. There were about twenty-seven guests.

Men!

Here's your chance to buy a Suit or Overcoat for Christmas at about half its real value. The old prices were one-third lower than any other stores' and now we have again drastically reduced them for our annual

Pre Inventory Sale

We must bring our stock down to the lowest possible figure before taking inventory so we have reduced the price of every Suit and Overcoat we have from one-third to one-half.

Entire Stock of Suits and Overcoats reduced without reserve!

Every garment on Sale is regular Moe Levy stock—all-wool, smartly styled and handsomely tailored. Every one is reduced at least one-third and as much as one-half. Look at these great values.

486 Suits were $35
641 Suits were $40
275 Suits were $45

Now $23.50

371 Overcoats were $35
543 Overcoats were $40
211 Overcoats were $45

564 Suits were $50
356 Suits were $55
656 Suits were $60

Now $33.50

487 Overcoats were $50
321 Overcoats were $55
593 Overcoats were $60

754 Suits were $65
533 Suits were $75
201 Suits were $85

Now $47.50

801 Overcoats were $65
457 Overcoats were $75
196 Overcoats were $85

Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits $47.50
Formerly selling up to $85 ..... Now

Overcoats (Only) $63.50
The best that money can buy—formerly priced up to $125 ..... Now

Men's Pants $5.00
Formerly selling at $8, $9 and $10 ..... Now

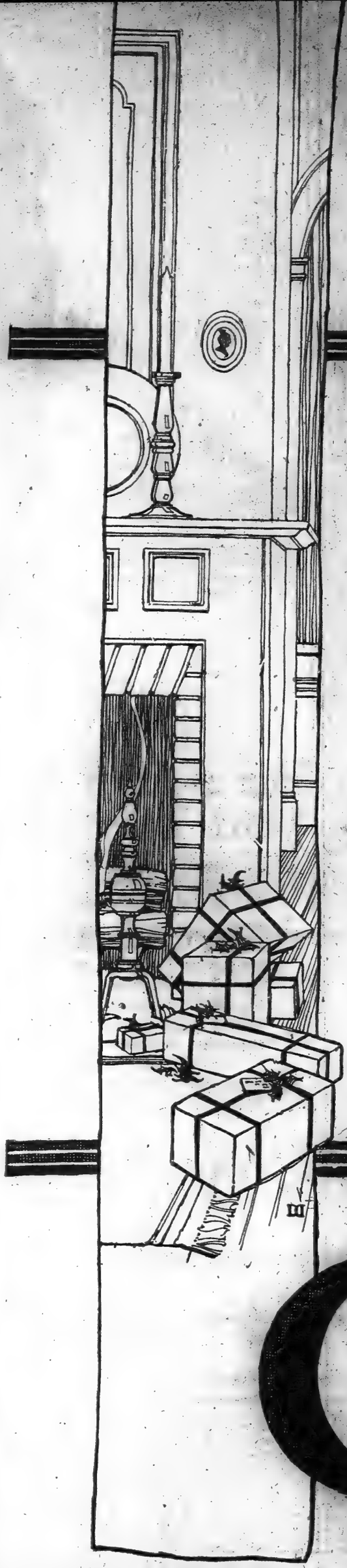
Moe Levy & Son

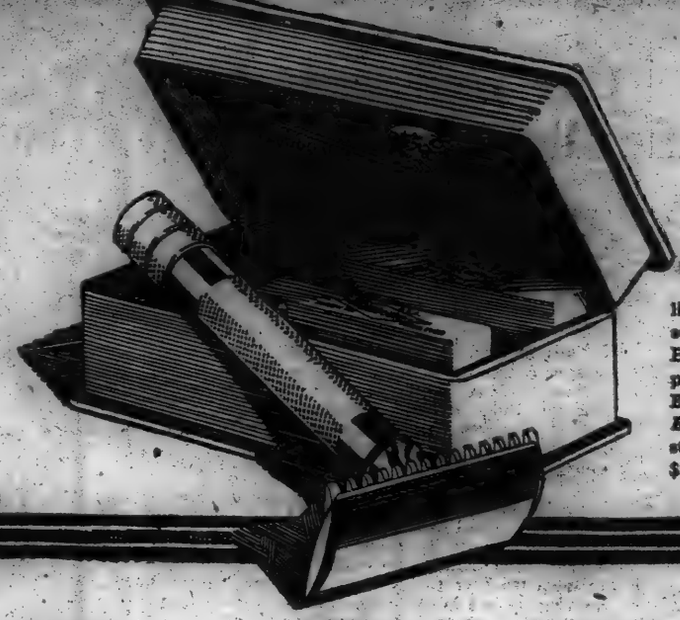
Our Only Store — New York City

119-125 Walker Street

Every Subway or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station, within sight of our store.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7—SATURDAYS UNTIL 10





THE ARISTOCRAT

lives up to its name. Handsome French Ivory Case and Blade Boxes. Triple Silver plated razor. 24 Shaving Edges (12 *double-edged Blades*). A most distinctive style. $6.00. Gold plated, $7.00.

Is There Some Man Whose Gift You Forgot

You are still in time to get him a Gillette Razor—and you would be if it were an hour before closing time Christmas Eve. It takes only a few minutes to pick out a beauty.

And no wonder, with twenty different styles to select from; and the certain assurance that so long as it is Gillette it's right as a razor all the way through.

Don't worry about whether he already has a Gillette. If he has, he will be delighted to own one of the distinctive special styles, such as the one above.

As a thoughtful, inexpensive remembrance, buy him a packet or two of useful GILLETTE BLADES

No Stropping—No Honing

Gillette

MADE IN U. S. A. Gillette KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

Boston

Canadian Factory: 73 St. Alexander St. Montreal, Quebec

New York Chicago San Francisco — London Paris Milan — Madrid Brussels Copenhagen — Amsterdam Geneva Buenos Aires — Sydney Shanghai Singapore — Calcutta Constantinople Port Elizabeth — Rio de Janeiro Tokyo

The Imperial Orgy By EDGAR SALTUS

A vivid and colorful book, describing the lusts and madnesses of the Russian Tsars, from the First to the Last.

Finely illustrated. A memorable, beautiful, holiday gift-book. $3.00.

BONI & LIVERIGHT, New York.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP SERVICE

"MORGAN LINE"

REGULAR FREIGHT & PASSENGER SERVICE

TO NEW ORLEANS:
Passenger steamer every Saturday. Freight steamer every Wednesday and Saturday.

TO GALVESTON:
Freight steamers every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Through tickets also freight service to points in Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, California, Oklahoma, Colorado, Nevada, Oregon.

For information apply to
Southern Pacific Company
165 BROADWAY
Phone Cortlandt 4800. Room 3015

Is He A College Man?
Give Him
THE OUTLINE OF HISTORY
By
H. G. Wells

"Here in the broad ground work of education, such an education, as you will get at no college or university."—Baltimore Evening Sun.

2 vols. Ill. $10.00. Of your bookseller or
The Macmillan Company, New York

Free CALENDAR 1921
"Love's Old Sweet Song." In line with our usual custom, this calendar is given FREE with all purchases.

Areco COFFEE 24c lb.
FRESH FROM WHOLESALE ROASTER

Sent reliable parcel post delivery anywhere by mail in our headquarters. Delivered in Greater New York and within 300 miles at ..... 27c lb.
Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Back.
GILLIES COFFEE CO.
160-168 Washington Street, New York
Between Park Place and Barclay St.
Two blocks from Washington Market.
Phone Barclay 3937. Est. 60 Years

James Whitcomb Riley Gift Books $1.00
American Book Copy Co. Park Row & 4th St.

For Irritated Throats

take a tried and tested remedy—one that acts promptly and effectively and contains no opiates. You get that remedy by asking for

PISO'S

ORDER Ballantine's GINGER ALE

A MYSTERY STORY with as quaint, and lovely a heroine as ever graced the pages of a novel. No wonder Eugene Buckhannon realized that he had met his fate as soon as he SAW Mallaine Pomeroy step through the door of the mysterious house. "The House with a Red Frame."—At all bookstores.

Alleged Eloper With Girl Shed Tears During Services.

The Rev. Cornelius Densel, formerly pastor of the First Netherlands Reform Church, Passaic, who is alleged to have gone away in November with a girl, Trina Hannemberg, appeared yesterday morning at his old church during the service. While his wife and children were seated in the family pew in the front of the church, he took a seat in a pew at the back, and all through the service both he and his wife were in tears.

Elder Marinus Reysgouldt, who has been officiating at the church during Densel's absence, announced that the Consistory, at a private meeting, had listened to Densel's plea for forgiveness and to be reinstated. The Consistory had not decided whether he should be reinstated or not, he said, but would hold another meeting tonight at which Mrs. Densel and some of the family would testify.

After the service Densel and his family went home together.

P.S.

An Additional "Extra Special" for this week only!

We have 1225 yards of

Black Frieze Overcoating

Rich, jet black, full 28-oz. weight—an unusually durable and handsome fabric.

About enough for 350 overcoats.

For this week only we offer this fabric at a special price of $25.

Tailored in a double-breasted Ulster style —no extra charge.

Big storm collar.

Large Great-Coat buttons and lapels

Extra quick delivery

$25

Great Coat Ulster made to your order

AT OUR 3 WHOLESALE SALESROOMS

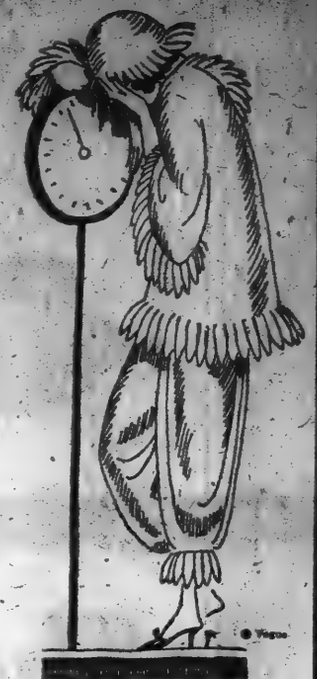
UPTOWN
Fifth Ave. *and* 42nd St.
N. W. Corner, Bristol Bldg.
Op. N. Y. Pub. Library One Flight Up

DOWNTOWN
Park Row *and* Beekman St.
South East Corner
Op. City Hall Post Office One Flight Up

UNION SQUARE (14th St.)
14th St. *and* University Pl.
South East Corner
One Bik. West of Broadway—One Flight Up

THE ROYAL TAILORS
CHICAGO NEW YORK

Can you wear the slim silhouette?



THERE'S positively no evading it this season—one simply must be slim if one would be smart. The couturiers absolutely refuse to design clothes, except for the willowy. And the plump woman's only question is "How?"

In this number, Vogue answers that question as thoroughly, as practically, as authoritatively as it can be done. Diets, exercises, baths, regimens—every safe method is reviewed. All you need in order to be slim is to supply the moral courage and the cheque.

Yet a figure alone isn't enough. There's complexion. Good looks don't just happen. You see only the results—but the most beautiful women in the world have to touch the floor twenty times every morning and rub in cold cream with a circular motion every night—even as you and I. Would you know the secrets of their loveliness? They, too, are in the

Lingerie and Vanity number of

VOGUE

Dated January 1

But this number of Vogue doesn't stop with telling you how to be beautiful—slender, smooth-skinned, delicately perfumed, skilfully corseted. It tells you how to dress beautifully as well. Pages and pages picture the exquisite intimacies of the boudoir as Paris sees them—nightgowns that look like negligées, negligées as gorgeous as frocks, simpler models that are lovely but easy to copy, clever lingerie. Pages more show trailing evening gowns and trig things for street wear. And one page is devoted to the beauty of old age, whose privilege is to sit high above all whims of fashion and look picturesque alone. Are you interested in the *why* of clothes as well as the *how*? Vogue begins in this number a long-contemplated series of articles on the history of the mode from the earliest B. C. fashions all the way down the ages to the latest Poiret silhouette—authoritative as only Vogue could be. Are you curious about the spring fabrics? Would you like to know about artificial jewels that are almost as effective as real gems? Do ancient mirrors intrigue your fancy? Or do you just want to take advantage of every aid to feminine delicacy and charm that art and imagination can supply? Then .... send Pierre to the nearest news stand now, before all the copies are gone .... and buy the Lingerie and Vanity Number of Vogue.

Helen of Troy Would Have Bought It!

At All Good News Stands! Now!

"THIS IS A STUDEBAKER YEAR"

Studebaker

SPECIAL-SIX SEDAN

SOLIDITY of construction and abundant power combine to make this Sedan a car of unusual comfort and satisfaction.

Eight solid upright posts, extending from floor to roof, lend a solidity that makes it particularly free from annoying rattles.

Its four doors, swinging wide open, provide easy entrance and exit for *all* passengers—an unusual closed car feature.

Soft carpeting, subdued harmony of coloring in the upholstery, inviting depth of cushions —offer an irresistible appeal.

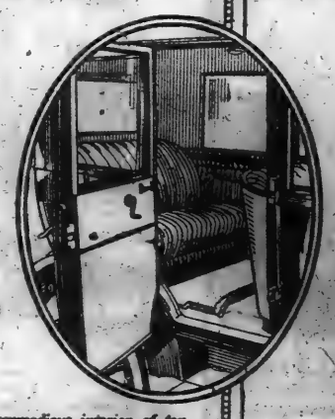
Appointments are complete. Nothing that would add to comfort and convenience—to protection and utility—has been neglected. Rain-proof windshield, silver-faced jeweled 8-day clock, artistic cut-glass dome light, massive head-lights of unique design, automatic window regulators, silk roller curtains at windows—these are features every connoisseur of closed car quality will appreciate.

ALL STUDEBAKER CARS ARE EQUIPPED WITH CORD TIRES—ANOTHER STUDEBAKER PRECEDENT

THE STUDEBAKER CORPORATION OF AMERICA
Greater New York Branches:
1700 Broadway at 54th St. B'klyn: 1495 Bedford Ave.
Phone Circle 1400. Phone Prospect 5310.
Service and Repair Dept.: 219-229 W. 77th St. "Just Off Broadway"



Front compartment; driver is not hampered by lack of room; all instruments and controls within easy reach.



Commodious interior of touring—plenty of room for three adults to stretch and comfortably.

$2750
f. o. b. Detroit





This trademark and the trade-marked word "Victrola" identify all our products. Look under the lid! Look on the label!
VICTOR TALKING MACHINE CO.
Camden, N. J.



Be sure it is a Victrola you buy for Christmas!

The word "Victrola" is a registered Victor trademark and cannot lawfully be applied to instruments not made by the Victor Talking Machine Company. The Victrola has been chosen by the greatest singers and instrumentalists to reproduce their art. No other instrument is specially made to play their Victor Records. No other instrument can afford you so much delight nor has the built-in quality to give you the years and years of satisfaction. It is important that you get a Victrola and not an imitation.

Don't accept any talking-machine that hasn't the Victor trade-marks—the picture "His Master's Voice" and the name "Victrola." $25 to $1500. Victor dealers everywhere.

Victor Talking Machine Company

Camden, New Jersey

For Business or Pleasure

When you buy an automobile for business or pleasure you have a right to expect economical and consistent performance. The quality of product in the Stephens Salient Six and the completeness of our service organization assure you the most satisfactory performance.

For business or pleasure—buy the Stephens Salient Six.

A. J. HIGGINS
Automobile Co.
614-618 West 131st St.
Telephone Morningside 3930
Salesrooms 1690 Broadway
Telephone Circle 6967
DISTRIBUTORS
STEPHENS SALIENT SIX
Our Complete Service Open to All Car Owners
No. 12—Service Series.

4½ & 5% ON SAVING
DATING FROM JAN. 1st
Paid by the old reliable
FRANKLIN SOCIETY
FIFTEEN PARK ROW, N. Y.
Park Row Bldg., Ground Floor.

The Housing Situation in New York No. 7

An Invitation

WE invite every tenant organization, large or small, to suggest methods by which the building of apartment houses can be stimulated while the Rent Laws are in effect.

The only solution of the housing problem is more houses. New York City must solve this problem, or throw the burden on the state.

Perhaps the people of the rural districts will not take kindly to increased taxation to provide additional apartments with city luxuries and conveniences for New York's tenants.

THINK IT OVER

Real Estate Investors of New York, Inc.
135 West 72nd Street.

Apartment House Association, Inc.
541 Madison Avenue.

PLEDGE $1,000,000 IN CLOTHING STRIKE

Union Members in Other Cities Come to Relief of Unemployed Workers Here.

CHICAGO TO GIVE $500,000

Chain of Restaurants, in Which Members May Eat at Cost, to Be Established.

A fund of $1,000,000 for the relief of unemployed members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America in this city will be raised by voluntary subscription by the 140,000 members of the union in other cities, it was announced yesterday at the Hotel Pennsylvania at the close of an executive meeting of officers from all parts of the country. The Amalgamated will thus have in its treasury a sum considerably larger than the toll collected from union workers during the last steel strike, it was said.

Samuel Levin, Chairman of the Joint Board of the Amalgamated in Chicago, pledged $500,000 of the fund in behalf of the 44,000 Amalgamated members in that city. He informed Sidney Hillman, general president of the Amalgamated, that $100,000 of the Chicago contribution would be available by Jan. 1.

"We also plan to conduct commissaries and will operate a chain of restaurants where workers will be able to eat at cost," Mr. Hillman said. "These aids will be established in centres where most of our members live —on the lower east side, in Brownsville and Williamsburg and other parts of Brooklyn, and possibly in Newark. It will be our business to see that there are no cases of distress."

Mr. Hillman added that he had received reliable information that agents of the Clothing Manufacturers' Association of New York had traveled to other clothing markets—Chicago, Baltimore, Rochester, Cincinnati and other cities—and were engaged in persuading manufacturers there to force a national lockout. Mr. Hillman did not disclose the source of his information.

"In our judgment it is the purpose of the manufacturers to keep prices up," Mr. Hillman said.

It was said that the Amalgamated believes the controversy in the local clothing market will be of longer duration than any of the union's past disputes with the manufacturers.

The manufacturers reaffirmed their position and said they would fight to a finish for piecework as the basis of the wage system, expressing a belief that the situation gradually would be relieved and that workers would find their way back to the shops under the new wage scale shortly, to be announced.

Taking up the charge made by Harry A. Gordon, general counsel for the manufacturers, that union officials had been guilty of "Bridelliso," and had forced tribute from certain manufacturers, Mr. Hillman, in a statement yesterday, challenged Mr. Gordon to take his information to the District Attorney and submit to a Grand Jury investigation, so that guilty business agents, if any, might be punished.

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITERS RENTED

Also All Other Makes
3 MONTHS $10

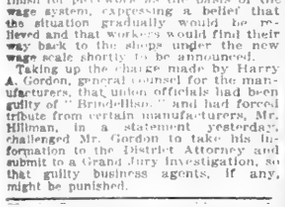
PATTEN TYPEWRITER CORP.

71 Chambers St., Worth 1932 — 53 W. 125th St., Harlem 1617-9485

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITERS RENTED

Globe-Wernicke DESKS

"Built-to-Endure"



The Globe-Wernicke Co.
451 Broadway, near Grand St.
30 Church St., Hudson Terminal
50 Broadway, Standard Arcade
6 East 39th St.—5 East 38th St.



PREVENT Skin Troubles by Daily Use of Cuticura

Make Cuticura Soap and Ointment your every-day toilet preparations. Bathe with the Soap and hot water on rising and retiring, using plenty of Soap, best applied with the hands. Smear any signs of redness or roughness with the Ointment and let it remain five minutes before bathing. Finally dust on a few grains of the exquisitely perfumed Cuticura Talcum, it takes the place of other perfumes for the skin.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 14K, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

PERSONAL—But Not Confidential

This is Letter No. 4 of a Series Written to All of You About a Matter Which is Vital to Your Success.

* * *

If you missed letters one, two, three, and would like to have copies, I will mail them to you.

* * *

One mistake made by many people who save a little money is to keep it locked up in a trunk or some other place where it does not earn any more money. All savings should be invested in some sound way to earn more money.

Another mistake made by many people is that they save money from a purely selfish or miserly standpoint. This is as bad as not saving at all, if not worse.

The principal thing about saving is that one always keeps out of the clutches of debt, which is a curse, although it is wise sometimes to go into debt to pay for something that will be an asset when it is paid for, like buying bonds or preferred stock or real estate, insurance, or to start a business on one's own hook, etc.

* * *

An editorial in a recent issue of the New York American, under the heading, "Nothing But Money," commented on the absolute uselessness of the life of a miser who landed in New York ill. When he said he had no funds he was taken to a hospital, where he later died.

After his death, the hospital attendants went through his clothes and found in them $54,000 in Liberty Bonds; papers showing deposits of $60,000 in bank; $1,900 in cash, besides a lot of jewelry and deeds to various pieces of real estate.

I mention this editorial in the American because of one sentence, as follows:

"Real Riches Means Largeness of Life as Against Meanness or Littleness."

Now the miser who had all of this wealth in his clothes is typical of many people who have money, but never use it to the advantage of their country, their families or friends.

I am not urging you to save money in this way. If I thought you would save merely to hoard—to keep money idle—I would tell you to keep on spending it, because money kept in circulation does greater good; even if keeping it in circulation results to your disadvantage, I would still say spend it rather than save it in the way this miser did.

All I am asking you to do is to save a little as you go along—invest it—help industries—get a good income from your savings and be useful, thrifty, progressive citizens.

* * *

Henry L. Doherty, head of Henry L. Doherty & Co., 60 Wall Street, told me one night, while I was with him at his home on Bridge Street, that there are thousands of people who hoard money, refusing to deposit it in banks or to invest it for fear that banks will fail or that their investments may turn out badly.

He cited a case that is typical among people who save something—who want to get along in the world—but who do not use their savings to the best advantage.

Mr. Doherty had worked at his home one night until after midnight. Before going to bed he went out for a walk around the Battery Section of New York City. At about one o'clock he dropped into one of the open-all-night delicatessen stores in this section of the city. He knows the proprietor and often drops in for a chat with him.

On this particular night, while Mr. Doherty was in the shop, a man walked in and mysteriously motioned to the proprietor, who walked with him to the rear of the store. They engaged in earnest conversation. Mr. Doherty watched them. Finally, the mysterious man took a package from his pocket, handed it to the proprietor, who in turn put it into the safe, and then walked to the front of the store, "the man of mystery" passing out to the street.

Mr. Doherty asked the store proprietor: "Why was that man so mysterious? What did he give you to put into the safe?"

The shopkeeper answered: "Oh, he wanted me to keep some money for him. That package he handed me contains several hundred dollars. I take care of a lot of money for people just like that man, but I don't want it known. My safe might be robbed."

"It is very unwise to handle money in this way," said Mr. Doherty. "Why don't you tell your friends to deposit their money in some good bank?"

"Banks are not safe," replied this shopkeeper, who is foreign born. "Many of my people once put their savings in a bank and woke up one morning to find that the bank had closed its doors and that their money was gone."

Mr. Doherty explained to him the difference between private banks on the one hand and National, State, Savings Banks and Trust Companies on the other and urged him henceforth to deposit his own money in a safe place and to tell his friends to do likewise.

* * *

There are literally millions of dollars in this city kept out of circulation and not earning a dollar or doing the country any good because they are hoarded away by people who do not trust our banks and are afraid to invest their money in good securities backed by reliable enterprises—perhaps the very enterprises that give them the chance to earn their living and to save money..

This is not right. Every person should use his or her savings to make more money for himself or herself—also to help sustain the great enterprises that make this the greatest country in the world for the workers.

Taking all and giving nothing back is not the true American spirit. It is every citizen's duty to save something, and to invest it where it will do both the citizen and the country some good.

* * *

If each one of the 3,500,000 workers in the Metropolitan Zone will average a saving of as little as $1.00 a week, the total in a year will be $182,000,000, and the interest on $182,000,000 at 6 per cent. will amount to $1,092,000.

Say the 3,500,000 workers earn an average of $25.00 a week. This is a low average for New York City. If they save only $1.00 a week each, it will represent 4 per cent. of their average earnings.

* * *

Mr. Doherty tells me that if all workers in the United States will save only 4 per cent. of their earnings and will invest their savings wisely, their combined savings with accumulations will represent in a generation (40 years) a sum of money equal to the present estimated wealth of America, which is said to be over Two Hundred Billion Dollars!

That is a thought for workers to take to heart. They can own this country if they want to, but to own it they must save regularly and they must feel proud to save and be willing to invest their savings where they will do the country the most good.

* * *

I think every reader of this newspaper should write to Henry L. Doherty & Company, 60 Wall Street, and ask them to mail him or her copies of several booklets which discuss simply but forcefully and convincingly the real reason why everybody should practice thrift.

* * *

I confess that I was greatly impressed when I saw this book, which is one of the many pieces of literature printed by Henry L. Doherty & Company, and which they distribute to impress people with the greatness of our country and to stimulate them to their best efforts as good, loyal citizens, earnest workers and persistent savers.

In my judgment, a house that bases its activities on 100 per cent. Americanism and operates under the motto "Pride of Workmanship—Pride of Service" deserves our thanks for taking this means of pointing out to us what we can do to help ourselves and our country.

* * *

Letter Number Five will appear in the evening newspapers to-night, Dec. 20.

Sincerely yours,
WILLIAM C. FREEMAN,
117 West 46th St., New York City.



Free from winter gasoline troubles—

650 N. Y. Telephone Company trucks

NEITHER heat nor cold, rain nor snow stops the 650 trucks of the New York Telephone Company.

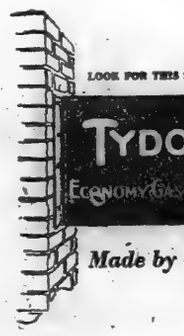
More than four years ago the officers of this fleet determined that these machines should not be delayed by sluggish gasoline. Such low-grade gasoline vaporizes slowly. It is hard to start, damages the moving parts, causes rapid carbonization.

Each unit of the New York Telephone service runs on Tydol, the Economy Gasoline. Every evening the tanks of these trucks are filled with Tydol.

Tydol vaporizes fast. It starts quickly, warms up fast, gives high mileage with great power. With Tydol you can use the lean 15 to 1 mixture.

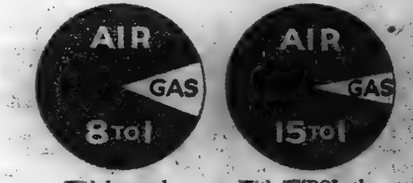
Instruct your drivers to get their fuel at the orange and black Tydol sign. Get a filling for your own car today.

TIDE WATER OIL
Sales Corporation
11 Broadway, New York — *Telephone:* Bowling Green 8000



Made by the makers of VEEDOL

What really explodes in your engine



With low-grade gasoline — *8 parts of air to 1 part of gasoline*

With TYDOL, the Economy Gasoline — *15 parts of air to 1 part of gasoline*

DINE for a DAY for a DOLLAR

CORNED BEEF and CORNED BEEF HASH

Reduced Again

"WHAT am I going to have for my next meal?" How often do you, the economical housewife, ask yourself this question? Planning meals is no easy task in these days of high costs and restricted purses.

Uncle Sam, however, has made another reduction in price of delicious, appetizing, canned Corned Beef and Corned Beef Hash—that will help solve your problems.

The convenient method of packing these meats enables you to keep a whole winter's supply on hand.

The excellent recipes, one of which is given here, are diversified enough to permit a variety of tasty, tempting dishes that will be relished by the entire family. Nothing handier for the children's school lunches; for the unexpected guest; for days when inclement weather prohibits shopping; and for other emergencies.

Millions of Dollars' worth more of these nourishing and palatable meats are passing through the wide flung doors of Uncle Sam's store houses to dealers all over the land.

Show your dealer this advertisement and stock up your larder without delay.

These meats are sold to the dealers at the wholesale prices opposite, which allow them a legitimate profit and result in a big saving to you.

TRY THIS RECIPE
Sufficient for a family of four.

CANNED CORNED BEEF WITH CREAMED CABBAGE

2½ cups War Dept. canned corned beef
1 head of cabbage, about one pound
1 teaspoon salt
Pepper and paprika
1 cup cream sauce

Cut the cabbage into small pieces and cover with cold water for thirty minutes; drain and cover with boiling water and boil thirty to thirty-five minutes in uncovered vessel. Drain and cover with cream sauce, seasoned to taste. Mix well and boil three minutes.

While the cabbage is cooking the canned corned beef is heated in the can.

The canned corn beef is put in center of platter and the creamed cabbage around the edge. Sprinkle all with paprika and garnish with parsley.

Other recipes can be had from your dealer.

Dealers' orders should be sent to Depot Quartermaster at the following addresses:

Brooklyn, N. Y., 59th St. and First Ave.
Boston, Mass., Army Supply Base.
Chicago, Ill., 1819 W. 39th St.
Atlanta, Ga., Transportation Bldg.
San Antonio, Tex.
San Francisco, Calif.

CHIEF, SURPLUS PROPERTY BRANCH,

Office of the Quartermaster General,
Munitions Bldg., Washington, D. C.

THE WHOLESALE PRICES

are printed below. They will give you some idea of what you will save on your purchases.

CORNED BEEF HASH

1 lb. cans, 15c per can
2 lb. cans, 30c per can

CORNED BEEF

No. 1 cans, 15c per can
No. 2 cans, 27c per can
1 lb. cans, 18c per can
6 lb. cans, $1.00 per can

TABLE OF DISCOUNTS

Discounts to apply on all purchases of surplus canned meats on and after November 15, 1920, are as follows:

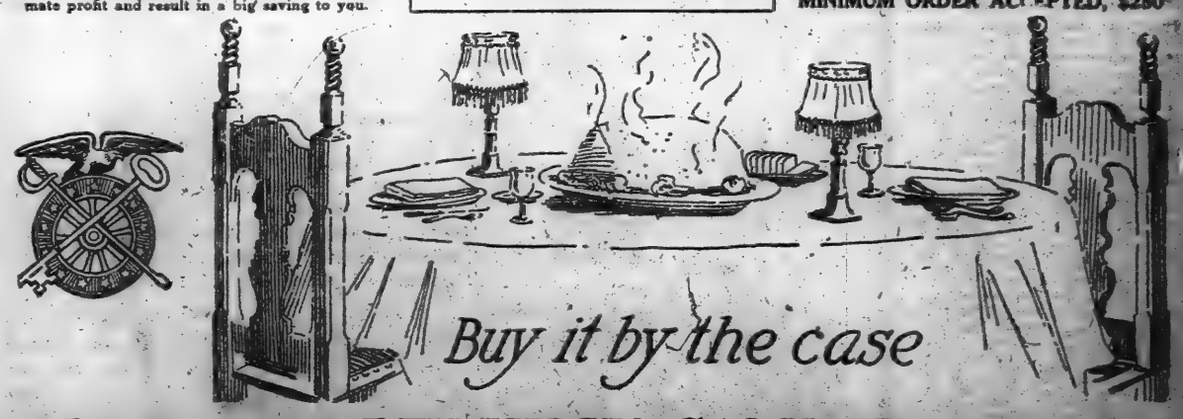
$250 to $1,000 ..... net
1,001 to 2,500, 5 per cent
2,501 to 4,000, 10 per cent
4,001 and over, 20 per cent

The Government will pay freight on carload lots to any point in the United States located more than twenty miles from shipping point.

CUMULATIVE PURCHASES COUNT

When purchases reach $50,001, 24% net to prevail; when purchases reach $100,001, 28% net to prevail; when purchases reach $500,001, 32% net to prevail; when purchases reach $1,000,001 and over, 35% net to prevail.

MINIMUM ORDER ACCEPTED, $250



Buy it by the case

WAR DEPARTMENT CANNED MEATS

$30 A MONTH RISE

Eight-Hour Day and Improvement in Working Conditions Also Demanded.

ENGINEERS SEEK INCREASE

Flat Scale of $8 a Day Asked—Stationary Firemen Want $36 to $39 a Week.

A flat increase of $30 a month for all masters, mates, pilots, engineers, deckhands and firemen engaged on towboats in the harbor will be demanded by union leaders at a meeting with the members of the Towboat Exchange tomorrow morning it was announced yesterday afternoon at the close of a mass meeting in Bryant Hall. The workers also will demand an eight-hour day and an improvement in working conditions.

Thomas B. Healy, business manager of the Marine Engineers' Beneficial Association, who presided at the meeting, said the union committee will do everything in its power to bring about a satisfactory agreement with the boat-owners. The present agreement expires on Jan. 1.

Ten thousand stationary engineers and firemen have made demands on their employers for increased wages, it was announced by Thomas Hagley, business agent of the International Union of Steam and Operating Engineers. The engineers, who now receive $7.50 a day, want an increase to $8 a day, and the firemen from $36 to $39 a week. The engineers and firemen are employed in hotels, power houses, heating plants, apartment houses and office buildings. A mass meeting will be held as soon as a reply has been received from the employers.

A committee has gone to Washington to present the demands of engineers and firemen employed in Federal buildings in the city, including Ellis Island, for higher wages.

William Z. Foster, leader of the recent steel strike and now heading the movement for the Trades Union Educational League, formed a local branch of the league yesterday afternoon at a conference at the Labor Temple, Fourteenth Street and Second Avenue. He announced that radical union leaders in this city had become affiliated with the new movement.

The purpose of the league, as announced by Foster, is "to carry on such an educational work among the toilers that the natural evolution of the labor movement to an ever more clear-seeing, cohesive, militant and powerful organization may be systematized and hastened to the greatest practical extent."

W. B. VANDERLIP TALKS.

Says Soviet Deal With Him Sobered Britain and France.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 19.—Washington B. Vanderlip, who obtained a sixty-year lease of the Kamchatka Peninsula from the Russian Government for a Los Angeles syndicate, expressed confidence in a statement given out today that the "trade contracts" with the Soviet Government he brought back will "do more to re-establish the world than anything Peace Treaties or the League of Nations has been able to accomplish."

"Russia must have supplies and she wants to buy them from the United States, because she considers this country is the only real friend she has," he said.

"Orders which I have received have exerted tremendous pressure upon the Governments of France and England. As soon as the news of them was given to the world, the British Government assumed a more reasonable attitude in dealing with the Russian Trade Commission, and within ten days France had appointed a commission to negotiate for the reopening of trade."

Mr. Vanderlip denied that the orders he had received for $3,000,000,000 worth of goods to be delivered over a period of three years would be effective only if the Lenin régime were recognized by Washington.

HONOR TRAUBEL'S MEMORY.

100 Friends of Late Writer Hold Annual Birthday Dinner.

Friends and associates of the late Horace Traubel, writer, and biographer of Walt Whitman, honored his memory last evening with an annual dinner in Keen's Chop House on Forty-fourth Street. The dinners were begun on Traubel's birthday in 1915 and have been continued since his death in September, 1919.

Shigetaka Naganuma, the translator into Japanese of Traubel's poems, was one of the guests. At each end of the hall were placed busts of the late writer, modeled by Charles Austin Needham, and passages from his books were read aloud by Mrs. Anna S. Walling and others. The speakers included George J. Smith, William Thurston Innes, Charles Ferguson and William E. Davenport. About one hundred attended.

51 AUTOS BURN IN GARAGE.

Damage Estimated at $100,000 in Yonkers Fire—25 Horses Saved.

Yonkers firemen had a hard battle yesterday with a fire which destroyed Jacob Spitzer's public garage, at the corner of Prospect and Clinton Streets, and fifty-one automobiles stored there. The loss, it is estimated, will be about $100,000. Twenty-five horses were rescued from an adjoining stable.

Firemen prevented the flames from reaching a gasoline tank and exploding many gallons of gasoline stored there. A crowd of several thousand persons watched the fire, which started in mid-afternoon and burned for two hours.

BURST MAIN FLOODS BRONX.

Twenty-five Foot Geyser Spouts an Hour in 169th Street.

A thirty-six inch water main at 169th Street and Southern Boulevard, the Bronx, burst yesterday afternoon at 4:50 o'clock and flooded the streets near by for an hour. Workmen had been putting in a new main the day before in 169th Street and had made what is known as a key connection at the point where the burst occurred. The key gave way, causing a twenty-five foot geyser to shoot into the air.

The 169th Street crosstown cars were held up for an hour and a half. Commissioner Albert Liebenau and an emergency squad arrived soon after the burst and had it under control in a short time. The water caused no damage, nor did it enter any of the houses.

Navy Stops Short Enlistments.

BOSTON, Dec. 19.—Men enlisting in the navy now must go in for four years. Orders discontinuing enlistments of one, two or three years were received at the navy yard here today. Only in the cases of minors with parental consent may enlistments be for less than four years, exception being made in their cases to allow discharge when they reach their majority.

Cardinal Gibbons Rests.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 19.—After a rather unquiet night Saturday Cardinal Gibbons was reported tonight to have passed a satisfactory day at the home of Robert T. Shriver, Union Mills, Md. He received no visitors during the day as a complete rest was thought best.

WALKER ELECTRIC TRUCKS

You'll Know Them by Their Steel Disc Wheels

You can see this happen any day:

A Walker Electric, a gasoline truck and a horse-drawn vehicle are standing together at a crossing.

The traffic opens; the Walker is across and away before the gas truck is half way over, and the horses have just started.

WALKER VEHICLE COMPANY
Grand Central Terminal
30-59

Buy it from the Navy

U. S. NAVY SALE

Xmas

Specials, Suitable For Gifts.

Binoculars

Each pair with leather case and strap. By U. S. Naval Gun Factory.
Optical Shop, Rochester, N. Y. Power..... 3x $17.00
By Bausch & Lomb. Prismatic; power..... 6x 42.00
By Bausch & Lomb. Prismatic; power..... 10x 75.00

Spyglass

Officer-of-the-Deck, 22 inches long, one slide. By Keuffel & Esser. Power..... 12½x 17.50

U. S. N. Blankets

Officer's Berth, Cream White Wool; 58x86 ins..... 7.60
Officer's Light Gray, Wool and Camels Hair; 66x84 ins..... 7.68
Dark Gray, "100% Wool"; size 66x84 ins..... 6.60

Many other useful gifts and attractive values: Rainproof Coats and Hats for motoring, Clocks, etc. All new and of highest quality; accepted by the Navy after strictest inspection.

Values must be seen. Call

at Salesroom, 8th Floor, Navy Supply Depot, 30th & 3rd Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., near 36th St. Express Station on B. R. T. 4th Ave. Line.

Eugene H. Tricou,
Lieut. Commander (SC), U. S. N.

Buy it from the Navy

A FASCINATING MYSTERY!—Who is the Lady in Black who tries to separate Melissine and Eugene, who blackmails the old butler Partridge until he becomes her weapon? And stranger still—who was her father? Who was her mother? What do they threaten for Melissine? Read "The House With a Bad Name."—At all bookstores.



L. B. helps big bank to organize foreign department—

It was a big job. This particular bank does business through 1500 correspondents in Europe, Asia, Africa and South America. Most of the letters received are written in foreign languages. Difficulties arose unknown in ordinary filing.

The bank called on Library Bureau to devise a filing system that would be simple, practical and capable of expansion. We sent over one of the service operators from our Department of Indexing and Filing.

She studied every detail of the bank's foreign business—worked close to executives—learned what they wanted a filing system to do—and then installed the system to do it.

No other filing organization in the country could possibly have done this work. It is just another example of the way L. B. digs into every filing trouble which comes its way and finds the right road to a smooth-working filing system.

The cost? Inconsiderable—when you bear in mind the everlasting value of the work.

Library Bureau

Card and filing systems — Founded 1876 — Filing cabinets wood and steel

O. H. RICE, Manager
316 Broadway, New York
Salesrooms in 49 leading cities of the United States, Great Britain and France

Los Angeles Limited



—not only a crack train!—not only a bully trip!—not only a fast, pre-war schedule, but more—a safe journey.

Our seasoned, unusually smooth, heavily ballasted road-bed, heavy rails and automatic electric safety signals protect you all the way.

The Los Angeles Limited leaves Chicago, 7:00 P. M. every day; Omaha 8:50 A. M. Arrives Salt Lake City 1:15 P. M. (second day), Los Angeles 1:20 P. M. (third day). All Pullman. Club-observation car. Barber and valet.

For morning departures, take the Continental Limited.

Leaves Chicago, 10:30 A. M.; Omaha 1:25 A. M. Arrives Salt Lake City 8:20 A. M. (second day). Los Angeles 9:30 A. M. (third day). Pullman, observation, standard and tourist sleepers, coaches and dining car.

For information ask—

Any railroad ticket agent or P. O. Fitz-Patrick, Gen'l Agt., C. & N. W. Ry., 403 Steward Bldg., 280 Broadway, New York. J. B. De Priest, Gen'l Agt., U. P. System, 308-10 Steward Bldg., 280 Broadway, New York. J. T. Hendricks, Gen'l East. Agt., Salt Lake Route, 1252 Woolworth Bldg., New York.

CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN
UNION PACIFIC — SALT LAKE ROUTE

Will You Care for Your Share of America's Invisible Guests at Your Own Christmas Fireside?

More than 3,500,000 children in Eastern and Central Europe are and have been dependent upon American charity for their very existence. These waifs in the track of war ask only for the barest necessities of life.

The European Relief Council requires $33,000,000 with which to provide food, clothing and medical service for these 3,500,000 helpless waifs until next harvest. Is $10.00 each too much to save children?

Mrs. Wilson will entertain some of these invisible guests at the White House. Mrs. Harding will do so at Marion. Some of our homes are taking one guest; others are taking thousands of them, each according to their means.

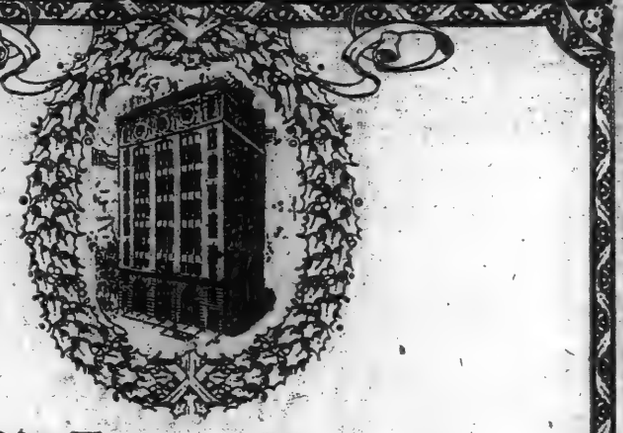
The European Relief Council, of which Herbert Hoover is chairman and Franklin K. Lane treasurer, comprises eight national organizations, known to every American. They represent the efficiency of America and its devotion in service to the suffering. Their continued ability to meet this task depends upon every citizen. Shall they abandon these children in your name? Will you at this Christmas season take into your home every one of these invisible guests that you can afford?

The European Relief Council comprises:

The American Relief Administration
The American Red Cross
The American Friends' Service Committee
The Jewish Joint Distribution Committee
The Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America
The Knights of Columbus
The Young Men's Christian Association
The Young Women's Christian Association and
The Literary Digest Appeal

Make checks payable to FRANKLIN K. LANE, *Treas.*
Mail your gift to:
John H. Love, Chairman,
New York State Committee,
European Relief Council,
42 Broadway, New York City.

This space donated by a friend.



The Famous House of G. SCHIRMER

offers Holiday Purchasers a Splendid Assortment of

VICTROLAS
PERIOD AND STANDARD STYLES

MUSIC SATCHELS
Leather Brief Cases for Music.

OPERA SCORES
Leather, Cloth and Paper.

COLLECTED SETS
of Macdowell, Debussy, Nevin, Chopin, Schumann, etc.

BOOKS
on Harmony, Orchestration, Stories of Operas, Lives of Composers, etc.

CHILDREN'S BOOKS
in fascinating Novelty Bindings.

VIOLIN BOOKS
Strings and Accessories.



Open Evenings Until Xmas

G. SCHIRMER
INCORPORATED
3 East 43rd St., New York

Importers Sale
Toys and Dolls
Closing out at less than cost.
Toys suitable for Churches, Institutions, Societies at very low prices.
Czecho-Slovak Commercial Corp. of America,
100 W. 21st St., New York

An English Wife in Berlin
By EVELYN Princess BLÜCHER

The Boston Transcript calls it—
"So far the most revealing and absorbing personal record."

The New York Evening Post says—
"Informal racy of the moment, lively in mingling of personal incident with political happening, it reflects with unconscious dramatic quality the development of the German catastrophe and the aftermath of disaster."

The Chicago Evening Post says:
"It is in a class by itself; thirty rooms with interesting details."

Price $6.50. It should be on sale at your bookstore; if not, it can be had from

E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY, 681 5th Ave., N. Y.

MUSIC

By Richard Aldrich

Mr. Rachmaninoff's Recital.

There never was a less sensational or earth-pulling pianist than Mr. Rachmaninoff. His appearances are infrequent, his programs conservative, his playing reticent to a degree. Yet the lovers of piano playing throng to hear him, as they did yesterday afternoon, filling Carnegie Hall to the last seat and last inch of standing room. They applauded discreetly and discriminatingly, by no means excitedly or even demonstratively; but stayed till the end and made him give encore upon encore after he had finished with the program. It is a curious and unexpected fascination that he exerts.

He began with it at once in his performance of Mozart's A major sonata, the one with the "Turkish" finale, in which his playing was in the true Mozart spirit, exquisite in outline and in the leading of the melodic curve, pellucid in tone, delicately colored and rhythmed. It had great charm. He even had the courage to put five of Mendelssohn's "Songs Without Words" on the program and justified it by his playing of them. Mendelssohn no longer seemed sentimental and saccharine under his hands, but simple, sunlit, heartfelt. And to the five he added one more, the "Spinning Song," so-called.

His playing of Chopin arouses more question. In the G minor "Ballade" and in the "Barcarole" there seemed a lack of the deepest poetical feeling, of warmth and of large utterance. Mr. Rachmaninoff's tone seemed to lack something in color. His very restrained pedalling dams the flooding of his tone with rich harmonics. Yet nothing could be more exquisite than the clear and finely chiseled outlines of these pieces, as though they were viewed through the wrong end of an opera glass. And there would frequently come into the reading passages of entrancing tenderness. Of such quality was his playing of the G flat waltz throughout and the waltz that he added to the list as an encore.

He gave a group of his own pieces: two "Etudes Tableaux," Opus 39, played for the first time; the Barcarolle, Opus 10. The "Etudes Tableaux" are marked, respectively, "Marziale" and "Alla Marzia Funebre"; and both are music of the individual fibre that runs through so much of his music; original, but not extravagant, in harmonic quality; interesting, yet hardly oh a first hearing deeply appealing. The "Barcarole," with its novel and ingenious figuration, an earlier composition, gave much pleasure.

Mr. Rachmaninoff ended his program with Liszt's "Rhapsodie Espagnole," a piece which exists both for the piano alone and for the piano with orchestral accompaniment. It is, in the solo version especially, of transcendent difficulty, and Mr. Rachmaninoff's performance of it was a remarkable technical achievement, of an accuracy and precision that were an unceasing marvel. Yet it was a musician's performance rather than a virtuoso's, and it almost seemed as if Mr. Rachmaninoff studied to conceal the brilliancy with which he might have dazzled his listeners and stirred them to audible emotions.

His long series of encores after the program included a piece of Tschaikowsky's, but mostly pieces of his own, ending inevitably in the key of C sharp minor.

D'INDY'S MUSIC HEARD.

Symphony Men Play a Scene From Opera "St. Christopher."

Vincent d'Indy, composer of "Istar" and once a musical visitor to New York, was crowned in absence, so to say, at yesterday's matinee of the Symphony Society, when a crowded house at Aeolian Hall heard for the first time here his processional music, "La Queste de Dieu," from a recent opera, "St. Christopher." This work, seven years in composing, was originally produced in Paris last June.

The symphonic interlude, with recurring antiphonal lines possibly sung in the opera, set forth a quaint and plaintive inquiry after the ruler of all the earth, pursued successively through the kingdoms of this world, among Generals in battle and finally before the Pope at Rome. Some analogy to "Tannhäuser" was remarked by Conductor Damrosch in a prefatory speech, though stronger likeness to "Parsifal" was suggested by the saintly hero and the one woman's rôle, a Queen of Voluptuousness. The music, ascetically scored in ancient modes, was transparently played and cordially applauded.

Fritz Kreisler, royally greeted in Tschaikowsky's violin concerto, closed the program, while before the novelty Mr. Damrosch conducted Wagner's "Faust" overture and Schubert's "Unfinished Symphony."

THE SCREEN

Another James Oliver Curwood story, "Isobel, or the Trail's End," has come to the screen. It is spending the week at the Strand Theatre.

Life in the cold, Far North seems to be pretty much a matter of repetition without variation. There is always the transplanted woman, not hardened to primitive roughness, and by her plight and pulchritude a disturbing element in the barren existence of sturdy men, setting the wicked ones on fire to destroy her, and inspiring the heroes to assert the high nobility of their natures. In the end, always, one of the heroes comes south, where civilization is, to marry the girl, which is a wise and logical step on his part, for no matter how tame married life in the centre of law and order may be, it is preferable on many counts to the monotony of having to defend or rescue a woman three times a day, before or after meals, from stupid boors, who never learn how to treat a lady.

"Isobel, or the Trail's End," runs true to form, or formula, deviating only to be originally illogical, as when two indefatigable and presumably intelligent man-hunters of the Northwest Mounted Police spend a year or more in the frozen North looking for an alleged murderer without retaining the name of the murdered man. Also the photoplay is needlessly wordy, and, hoping no doubt to be suspensive, it has adopted the annoying practice of deliberately withholding information from time to time.

But, when all this is said, there remains something positive in favor of these melodramas of the north compared to their brothers of further south. Their setting is naturally a subject for motion pictures, and has not been done so much as the scenery of California, Arizona and New Mexico. Snow and ice photograph well, and in the hands of a competent cameraman they offer exceptional opportunities for pictures, with the sting of the wind and the majesty of endless space in them. And when the actors in a story of the far north play their parts reasonably well, the hackneyed plots they follow take on something of vigor and reality, although, of course, they can not come out of their north, like their heroes, and stand alone.

So it is by its scenery, its snow expanses, its blizzards, its biting nights, its Esquimaux villages, its dog teams streaking the white world with black, that "Isobel" catches the imagination. Apparently its director, Edwin Carewe, and his company were not afraid to go where snow and ice really were, and whoever commanded the camera took more than nature voluntarily offered. Photographic artistry entered into the making of many of the scenes. Also the cast, headed by House Peters, Jane Novak and Edward Pell, make the automatons they impersonate as lifelike as the story permits. As the photoplay never worries itself about being consistent, colored pictures incongruously introduced every once in a while among the black-and-whites are not disturbing, as they would be in an otherwise logical narrative, and, being well done, are pleasing.

The photoplay is preceded by an excellent Prisma work entitled "Way Up Yonder," which seems to be an assemblage of some of the pictures brought from Alaska by Dr. Leonard S. Sudgeon a year or more ago.

"To Please One Woman" is the title by which the photoplay at the Rivoli this week gives itself away. To please the woman in question, her husband futilely robs a bank or something and then achieves his ambition by committing suicide; a country doctor, of apparent impeccability falls out with his sweetheart because of the woman, and after that recklessly eats lunch with her every day; a silly girl sees her smoking and immediately borrows a dime from her swain to buy a box of cigarettes, and this young rustic, not having the dime, steals it from his employer's cash drawer, thus starting on a life of crime, from the consequences of which he is saved only by the pettiness of his pilfering. Incidentally, this character, played by George Hackathorne, can claim youthfulness only on the ground that a man is as old as he feels, but in doing so he would be ungallant to Edith Kessler in the rôle opposite him, for he would force the conclusion that a woman is as old as she looks.

The picture might be subtitled "In Imitation of Griffith." Mr. Griffith can take such trite, homiletic stories of small-town virtue and corrupting vampires and by th emagic of cinematography sometimes give them life, but Lois Weber, who wrote and directed "To Please One Woman," evidently has not his talent or knack. Occasionally her picture shows flashes of inspiration, which may be evidence that with more responsive material she could make a sufficient number of dramatic moving pictures to compose an exceptional duction that fulfills the promises made for each of Miss Weber's pictures is to come.

Claire Windsor is the heroine of the present piece, and heads the cast in fact as well as name; Mona Lisa, as she calls herself, is the vampire, and has a number of good scenes, but by overacting deprives others of any trace of the mystery commonly associated with the well-known portrait. Edward Burns is the cowboy lover.

Though Miss Weber assumes responsibility for writing and directing the production, she says that she got the "story idea" from Marion Orth. Is this a generic name for the legion who have entertained it?

"Oh, Lady, Lady," an adaptation of the musical comedy of that name, with Bebe Daniels in the leading rôle, is at the Rialto this week, and "Passion," with Pola Negri as star, won a second week for itself at the Capitol.

"Ireland" was the subject of E. M. Newman's Traveltalk at Carnegie Hall last night.

Prihoda in Opera Concert.

Vasa Prihoda, the violinist, played Tschaikowsky's concerto to an "opera concert" audience at the Metropolitan last evening, assisted by the orchestra, under Giuseppe Bamoschek. There were airs from "Martha" for Marie Charnlee, from "Pearl of Brazil" for Mabel Garrison and from "The Prophet" for Jeanne Gordon. Mr. Prihoda added a Bach air and pieces by Paganini, and Miss Garrison and Mr. Charnlee also gave a duet from "Lucia."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Carroll McComas will play the title role in "Miss Lulu Bett," opening at the Belmont a week from tonight. The cast will also include Louise Closser Hale, Catherine Calhoun, Georgetta Varden, Lois Shore, William Holden, Brigham Royce and Willard Robertson.

"Peggy," a musical piece with book and lyrics by Fred Caryll and music by Lou Dymond will open in Wilmington on Dec. 20. The cast will be headed by James C. Morton, Leonora Novarro and Russell Mack.

"John Hawthorne," which will be the Theatre Guild's third offering of the season, will be presented at the Garrick for special matinees next month. "Heartbreak House" will continue to be acted at night.

"The Rose Girl," which Joseim Goetzl produced on tour some months ago, will be placed in rehearsal again today. The cast will include Charles Purcell, Mabel Withee, Stewart Baird, Louis Simon, Fred Hillebrand, May Boley, Shep Camp, Mme. Bruzovna and Beatrice and Marcella Swanson. Mr. Goetzl is the composer of the score and William Cary Duncan has written the book and lyrics.

Beginning this afternoon, the Hippodrome will offer a reproduction of the Belmont Futurity of 1918, won by Man o' War. Ten horses will take part in the race, and a special revolving stage has been built for the new spectacle.

Virginia Fissinger has succeeded Ada Mae Weeks in "Jim Jam Jems."

Charles Millward has replaced A. E. Anson in the cast of "Woman to Woman," now in rehearsal.

Lillian Gish and Richard Barthelmess, the two principal players in D. W. Griffith's "Way Down East," will appear personally at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre tonight in connection with the showing of the picture, to mark its 200th "performance." Tomorrow evening Burr McIntosh, Creighton Hale and Vivie Ogden, others in the cast, will appear in person.

MARDI GRAS CARNIVAL AND DANCING TONIGHT
Where Refinement, Irresistible Music and the Most Beautiful Dance Floor in America Welcome You.
ROSELAND
Broadway at 51st St.
Matinees Sat., Sun. and Holidays.
Evenings 7:30 to 1 A. M.
PRIVATE INSTRUCTIONS
Daily from 12 M. to 7 P. M.

GOOD TIMES "DON'T MISS IT. --IT'S GREAT" --Bide Dudley.
Matinee Every Day At the HIPPODROME
Seats Selling 3 Weeks in Advance.

SEAT SALE TODAY
at HIPPODROME BOX OFFICE for Annual Holiday Concert in Aid of CATHOLIC BIG BROTHERS
GREATEST PROGRAM OF THE YEAR.
KREISLER ☆ ALDA
Levitzki, Sassoli, Diaz, Trevor
at the HIPPODROME SUN. NIGHT DEC. 26

RACHMANINOFF
Season's First Recital Yesterday Afternoon at CARNEGIE HALL



THE great Russian composer-pianist writes of the
AMPICO
for which he records exclusively.

"I have never before recorded for any reproducing instrument. Now I have played my works for the Ampico because of its absolute faithfulness of reproducing and its capacity to preserve beautiful tone painting. It goes far beyond any reproducing piano in these particulars which a pianist must demand in considering a perpetuation of his art."

Sergei Rachmaninoff

You are cordially invited to hear the playing of Rachmaninoff and any of a hundred other great pianists reproduced in our Ampico Studios.

Knabe Warerooms Fifth Avenue at Thirty-ninth St.
All instruments purchased this week delivered in time for Christmas.

THE Passing Show of 1921 Seats Thurs.
CENTURY THEATRE, 6th Ave. & C. P. West. Evs. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2.
A Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Production
MOST SENSATIONAL SUCCESS EVER KNOWN IN THE WORLD
MECCA
Musical Extravaganza of the Orient.
COMPANY OF 400—11 BIG SCENES.
Century Promenade Above Century Theatre
CENTURY MIDNIGHT REVUE AT 11:30
Opens at 12:30 for Dining and Dancing.

CENTRAL THEATRE, 47th & B'way. Evs. 8:30
Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
A Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Production
The London and Paris Sensation,
DELYSIA "AFGAR"
In a Musical Show
"Has taken New York by storm"—Telegram

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
The Reigning Musical Comedy Success.
PITTER PATTER with Ernest Truex

SHUBERT-RIVIERA 97th St. & B'way. Mts. Thurs. & Sat.
Evs., 8:15. Good Orchestra Seats, $1.50.
ONE WEEK, Beginning TO-NIGHT.
MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN
IN THE ROMANTIC MELODRAMA,
THE PURPLE MASK
MR. DITRICHSTEIN'S ONLY NEW YORK APPEARANCE THIS SEASON.

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Th. Bryant 184.
2ND YEAR—THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT
IRENE
SEATS 6 WEEKS AHEAD. MATS. WED. & SAT.

SHUBERT Thea., 44 St., W. of B'y. Ev. 8:30
Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
POPULAR MATINEE WEDNESDAY
THE BOHEMIANS, INC., ANNOUNCE
THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920

Wm. A. Brady's 48TH THEA., E. of B'WAY ST. Evs. 8:20. Mts. Thurs., Sat.
NEW YORK'S BIGGEST THRILL!
"THE BROKEN WING"
"Going 'The Bad Man' one better."—Eve. World.
SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE

BOOTH Matinees Wed. & Saturday, 2:30.
WILTON LACKAYE FAVERSHAM
In MARK TWAIN'S The Prince and the Pauper
Fri., Dec. 24—Sp'l Matinee at 2:30
"THE PRINCE and the PAUPER"
Benefit the 79th St. Neighborhood House
FOR TICKETS APPLY W. H. APPLETON, 46 E. 65TH ST. TEL. 4610 RHINELANDER.

CASINO 39th and B'way. Evenings at 8:30. POPULAR MATINEE WED. ZIEGFELD'S PLAY WITH MUSIC
HONEYDEW

GREENWICH VILLAGE Theatre ARTHUR HOPKINS Offers
THE BEGGAR'S OPERA
As Presented in London by Nigel Playfair.
SEATS THURSDAY
First Night, Monday, Dec. 27

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30
Daddy Dumplins with MACKLYN ARBUCKLE

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
"LADIES' NIGHT"

FRAZEE West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Phone 57 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Bryant
MISS ANGLIN in "The Woman of Bronze."

FULTON West 46th. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
BROCK PEMBERTON Presents
GILDA VARESI—NORMAN TREVOR
ENTER MADAME
DAILY MATS. XMAS WEEK—SEATS NOW.

39TH STREET THEA., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wednesday & Saturday, 2:30.
BEN-AMI
"SAMSON AND DELILAH"
PAULINE LORD

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
"A BRILLIANT SUCCESS" Eve. Tele.
MARY NASH
in "THY NAME IS WOMAN"

BIJOU THEATRE, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
THE SKIN GAME
By JOHN GALSWORTHY.

PLYMOUTH 45th St., West of Broadway. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
LITTLE OLD NEW YORK

ASTOR THEATRE, B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:25.
"A VISION TO BEHOLD."—Times.
MADGE KENNEDY
(HERSELF) IN THE DUAL ROLE IN
"CORNERED" A COMEDY DRAMA
Offered by HENRY W. SAVAGE.

BROADHURST Thrs. & Sat., 2:30. Last Wk.
Henry Hull Alma Tell Grace Marion
In Rida L. McLaurin's
Comedy Triumph, "When We Are Young"
Junior Gleams Club—Tues. & Wed., 2 P. M. "Gold Socks," Wallace Reid, "What's Your Hurry"

NORA BAYES Thea., 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
"3 LIVE GHOSTS"
"Screamingly funny."—Telegraph.

COMEDY Theatre, W. 41st. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
HOLBROOK BLINN
as a lovable, improbable bandit—
THE BAD MAN

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S W. 39 St. Mts. Wed. & Sat.
5TH MONTH SPANISH LOVE

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. WED. & SAT. at 2:30.
THE BAT "KEEPS STANDERS ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World.
EXTRA MATINEES Thurs. & Fri., Dec. 30, 31. Seats Now on Sale.

LITTLE THEATRE 44 St., W. of B'way Mats. Wed. & Sat.
THE 1st YEAR

BELMONT THE., W. 48 St. Bry. 48. Evs. 8:30 Last Week. Mats. Thrs. & Sat.
MR. & MRS. COBURN in FRENCH LEAVE
BEG'S MON. EVE., DEC. 27—SEATS TO-DAY
BROCK PEMBERTON will present
ZONA GALE'S "MISS LULU BETT"

GARRICK 65 West 35th St. Plaza 1822. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Thrs. & Sat., 2:15.
HEARTBREAK HOUSE
A Comedy by Bernard Shaw

LYRIC—MONDAY, DEC. 27 Seats Thurs.
Nora Bayes
In a Fantastic "HER FAMILY TREE" Musical Play.

APOLLO West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FRANCES WHITE in "JIMMIE"
A Musicomedy
with BEN WELCH and Star Cast.

SELWYN West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FRANK TINNEY in the Musigirl Comedy TICKLE ME

TIMES SQ. Thea., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
FLORENCE REED in THE MIRAGE

TODAY
By William Fox

SATURDAY AND SUNDAY, AT EACH PERFORMANCE OF "OVER THE HILL" AT THE LYRIC THEATRE, EVERY SEAT WAS SOLD, MORE THAN 8,000 PEOPLE ATTENDED THE FOUR PRESENTATIONS.

I STOOD IN THE LOBBY AFTER THE PERFORMANCE AND TALKED PERSONALLY WITH A NUMBER OF PEOPLE AGAIN.

THE VICE-PRESIDENT OF A LARGE STEEL COMPANY SAID "OVER THE HILL" IS A WONDERFUL PICTURE BECAUSE IT AROUSES ALL THE SENTIMENT WE HARDENED GROWN FOLKS HAVE LEFT OVER FROM OUR BOYHOOD. WE ARE CARE HARDENED BY LIFE'S EXPERIENCES AND FEW OF US REALIZE HOW HUMAN AND LOVING WE ARE UNTIL SOMETHING LIKE THIS PICTURE STORY COMES ALONG AND REMINDS US THERE IS AN OMNIPOTENT POWER THAT ENDOWS US WITH THE SUPER ELEMENT TO FEEL FOR OUR FELLOW MAN AND OURSELVES.

AN OLD WOMAN WHO SAID SHE WORKED AS A CLEANER IN AN OFFICE BUILDING DOWNTOWN AGREED WITH THE STEEL MAN. SHE SAID "OVER THE HILL" OUGHT TO BE SHOWN TO MILLIONAIRES FREE. THEY CAN'T AFFORD TO BUY THE TRUTH. THEY LIKE TO THINK LIFE'S A SWEET ROSY DREAM. THIS PICTURE WILL MAKE 'EM HUMAN BEINGS. THOSE WHOSE CELLARS ARE FULL OF COAL DON'T MIND THE WINTER.

HENCE, A STEEL BARON AND A JANITRESS JIBE.

"OVER THE HILL" IS TO THE WORLD A BUILDER OF NOBLE IDEALS, AN ENTERTAINMENT AND A CONVINCING ARGUMENT THAT PANTOMIME IS EVEN MORE POTENT AND SINCERE THAN THE SPOKEN WORD.

JOHNNY WALKER APPEARS PERSONALLY AT BOTH PERFORMANCES TODAY.

CAPITOL BROADWAY AT 51st STREET
Second Sensational Week of
POLA NEGRI CAST OF 5000
The Famous Continental Star in
PASSION
A FIRST NATIONAL ATTRACTION
Continuous Daily, 12:30 to 11:00 P. M. Matinees 30c., 50c. Nights, 55c., 85c. Evening Prices prevail Saturday, Sunday & Holidays.
DE LUXE PERFORMANCES, 2:00, 4:00, 7:30, 9:30 P. M.

MARK STRAND
"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION."
BROADWAY AT 47TH STREET.
GEORGE H. DAVIS Presents
THE GREATEST PICTURE EVER MADE OF THE GREAT NORTHWEST. EVEN BETTER THAN "RIVER'S END."
JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD'S
"ISOBEL OR THE TRAIL'S END"
With HOUSE PETERS and JANE NOVAK
A HEART THROBBING ROMANCE OF THE BLEAK NORTHLAND.
STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA, Carl Edouarde, Conducting.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE THEATRE B'way & 40 St. SEATS NOW
Wednesday Night at 8:15
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
Ruth Chatterton
in the New Play
MARY ROSE
BY
J. M. BARRIE
FIRST MATINEE SATURDAY.

BELASCO West 44th St. THURS. EVE. 8:15
DAVID BELASCO Presents
LIONEL ATWILL in the New Play "DEBURAU"

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Thurs., 2:30.
INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS" By Avery Hopwood.

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d. Evs. 8:30. MATS. THURS. & SAT., 2:30.
Patricia Collinge in A. E. THOMAS' NEW COMEDY JUST SUPPOSE
By Sacha Guitry, adptd. by Granville Barker.

LAST 2 WEEKS
CORT West 48 St. Evs. 8:20. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
JIM JAM JEMS
The Smashing Musical Hit.

BAB LAST TWO WEEKS with HELEN HAYES
Park Th., Col. Cir. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Bab's Mov., Jan. 3rd. Francis Wilson & De Wolf Hopper in "ERMINIE" Mail Orders Now.

OSCAR HAMMERSTEIN'S
MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE
MRS. OSCAR HAMMERSTEIN, Director.
WED. & THURS. "DIE SUENDEN SLOCKE" (The Sin Bell). (First Time in America.)
XMAS AFT. at 2:30. XMAS NIGHT, 8:30. Humperdinck's Opera, "HAENSEL AND GRETEL." Marie Matfield as Haensel. Complete Ensemble, Chorus, Scenes, Orchestra of 40.
MON. EVE., DEC. 27. Premiere of Franz Lehar's New Viennese Operetta, "WO DIE LERCHE SINGT" (Where The Lark Sings). Prices 50c to $3.50. Seats Now Selling.
MON. AFT., DEC. 27. "SNOW WHITE AND THE SEVEN DWARFS." Prices 25c to $1.00. Now Selling. All Performances in German.

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
JOHN GOLDEN Presents
FRANK BACON LIGHTNIN'

GOVERNOR
AL SMITH
Says
"'WELCOME STRANGER' is immense. Just the kind of a show I like."
COHAN & HARRIS THEATRE
WEST 42D ST. MATS. WED. & SAT.

NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF—NEW
Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic

GLOBE Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30
FRED STONE "TIP-TOP"
Seats Now for Extra Holiday Mat., Fri., Dec. 31.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St.
GEO. M. COHAN'S Comedians
MARY
(ISN'T IT A GRAND OLD NAME?)

Punch & Judy 49th, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Fri. & Sat., 2:30.
A CLARE KUMMER Comedy ROLLO'S WILD OAT
GLAND YOUNG

TONY SARG'S MARIONETTES IN RIP VAN WINKLE
Mats. Final Wk. Today & Tom'w, 2 P. M. Wed. & Thurs. 11 A. M. & 8 P. M. Fri. & Sat. 11 A. M.

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
GEO. M. COHAN'S production of
THE MEANEST MAN IN THE WORLD
MR. COHAN in the Title Role.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way, 43d St. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
GEO. M. COHAN'S PRODUCTION
THE TAVERN
GREATEST MYSTERY OF THEM ALL.
ARNOLD DALY as the Vagabond.

LIBERTY West 42 St. Pop. 50c to $2.00. Mats. WED. & SAT., 2:30.
"PERFORMANCE THROUGHOUT REALLY DELIGHTFUL"—World.
HENRY W. SAVAGE OFFERS
MITZI in "LADY BILLY"
A NEW MUSICAL ROMANCE.

F. ZIEGFELD, JR., begs to acknowledge the receipt of over 13,000 requests for the opening performance of the Bolton-Kern-Grey-Herbert musical comedy, "Sally," staged by Edward Royce, with scenes by Joseph Urban, on Tuesday evening, December 21, at the New Amsterdam Theatre, in which production he will co-star Marilynn Miller and Leon Errol. He desires to say that seats were allotted in the order requests were received and that only 656 out of the 13,000 requests could be accommodated in the orchestra seats of the New Amsterdam.

Seats for all performances are now on sale at box office at box office prices. First matinee Wednesday; prices 50c to $2.50. No higher.

Full subscription prices, including war tax, allowed on OPERA TICKETS The Original TYSON & CO. ESTABLISHED 1889 1472 B'WAY. 4080 Bryant 100 B'WAY. 9100 Rector

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
TONIGHT at 8. FAUST. Farrar, Delaunois; Harrold, Danise, Rothier—Wolff.
WED. at 8:15. ELISIR. Garrison, Ellis; Caruso, Scotti, Malatesta—Papi.
THURS. at 8. DON CARLOS. Ponselle, Matzenauer; Martinelli, De Luca, Didur—Papi.
FRI. MAT. at 2. BUTTERFLY. Farrar, Fornia; Chamlee, Scotti, Bada—Moranzoni.
FRI. at 8. LA JUIVE. Easton, Bentley, Galli; Caruso, Harrold, Rothier—Bodanzky.
SAT. at 2. MEFISTOFELE. Alda, Fornia (debut); Gigli, Mardones, Bada—Moranzoni.
SAT., 8:15 (Pop. Prices). AIDA. Destinn, Lazari (debut); Kingston, De Luca, Martino—Bamboschek.
NEXT MON., 8TH MAT. at 2 (25 to 75). BLUE BIRD. Easton, Garden, Sundelius, Ellis, Delaunois; Rothier—Wolff.
MON. at 8:15. PAGLIACCI. Destinn; Caruso, Amato—Moranzoni. CARILLON. MASICO. Galli—Papi.
Fri., Dec. 31, at 1 Special Matinee Parsifal $1 to $6. Seats Tom'w.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
TOM'W Eve., 7:45. TRISTAN. Easton, Gordon; Sembach, Whitehill, Gustafson—Bodanzky.
MON. at 8:15. PAGLIACCI. Destinn; Caruso, Amato—Moranzoni. CARILLON. MASICO. Galli—Papi.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

AMY GRANT'S OPERA RECITALS
Hotel Plaza, Tuesdays, 3:30
Dec. 21—Thais Jan. 4—Don Carlos.
M. Terribury, Sec., 78 W. 55th. Circle 6457.

AEOLIAN HALL, THIS AFTERNOON, AT 3
ELSIE TEAL
PIANO RECITAL. (Mason & Hamlin.)

AEOLIAN HALL, TOMORROW EVE., 8:15
Only Recital This Season—GERMAINE SCHNITZER
PIANO RECITAL (Chickering Piano)

CARNEGIE HALL, Wed., Dec. 22, at 8:15
JACQUES PINTEL
2nd Piano Recital. (Mason & Hamlin.)

CARNEGIE HALL, Sun. Aft., Dec. 26, at 3.
HIPOLITO LAZARO
Assisted by Mercedes Padrosa, Spanish Pianist. Hector Cabral, Peruvian Violinist.

MOTION PICTURES.

tonight

Special celebration of the 200th performance of D. W. Griffith's masterpiece, "WAY DOWN EAST," at the 44th St., Theatre.

Miss Lillian Gish and Mr. Richard Barthelmess will be the guests of honor, and will meet their friends at an informal reception after the final curtain.

The celebration will be continued tomorrow evening, when Mr. Burr McIntosh, Miss Vivia Ogden, Mr. Creighton Hale, Miss Kate Bruce, Mr. George Neville and other "Way Down East" players will attend.

"WAY DOWN EAST" is shown at the 44th Street Theatre every afternoon and evening, at 2:15 and 8:15. All seats are reserved.

PARAMOUNT PICTURES.
CRITERION Broadway at 44th Street. Cont. Noon to 11:30 P. M.
WILLIAM DE MILLE'S PRODUCTION.
"Midsummer Madness"
A Paramount Picture
WITH LOIS WILSON, LILA LEE, JACK HOLT, CONRAD NAGEL.
From Cosmo Hamilton's Latest Novel. "His Friend and His Wife."

RIVOLI B'WAY At 49th St. LOIS WEBER Production "TO PLEASE ONE WOMAN" Rivoli Concert Orchestra.
RIALTO TIMES SQUARE Bebe Daniels Oh, Lady, Lady! Famous Rialto Orchestra.

PLAZA "EARTHBOUND"
Mad. Ave. at 59th St. Basil King's powerful story of the unseen world.
PLAZA ORCH. Symphonic Organ. Comedy News.

Loew's New York Theatre & Roof
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
"Idols of Clay," with MAE MURRAY.

BROOKLYN.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
NEWMAN Travel Talk
IRELAND
Thrilling Color Views and Motion Pictures
Wed., Dec. 22 at 8:15 P. M.
Tickets 50c to $2.50. Institute Box Office.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

Luncheon Rest for Shoppers
In The Quality Menu and quiet and ease of Shanley's the Christmas shopper finds a grateful respite from the tiring round of stores and counters.
TODAY'S TABLE D'HOTE LUNCHEON
12 to 2:30—Music—$1.25
Blue point oysters
Celery Olives
Cream of celery or Consommé Alphabetti
Fried Smelts a l'Orly
Roast spring lamb, mint sauce
Braised loin of pork with stewed celery
Veal cutlet, Napolitaine
Broiled calf's liver and bacon
Boiled potatoes persillade
Boston cream pie or Cherry sherbet
Assorted cakes Demi tasse
A la carte service all day.
Evenings—Vaudeville de Luxe during dinner and after until 1 A. M.
SUNDAY TABLE D'HOTE DINNER, Noon & Evening—$2.50
Coming—Supper Dancing
SHANLEY'S
Broadway—43rd to 44th St.

Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway Station at 86th Street Corner, NEW YORK.
Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel, Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
For Transient or Permanent Residence.
Furnished or Unfurnished Suite
All the Comforts and Advantages of the Best New York City Hotels at Attractive Rates.
RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

HOTEL HAMILTON
73rd St., East of Broadway
A Luxurious Residential Hotel
ROOMS AND SUITES FOR TRANSIENT AND PERMANENT OCCUPANCY
Descriptive Booklet on Request

the hermitage
NEW YORK'S CLUB-LIKE HOTEL
TIMES SQUARE
43D ST., BROADWAY, SEVENTH AV.
An Atmosphere Pleasing to Both Men and Women.
Rates: Single, $3, $4 and Over.
EXCELLENT CUISINE.
FRANK C. HURLEY, PROPRIETOR.

"Of Homelike Atmosphere"
HOTEL CLENDENING
Comfort—Convenience—Accessibility
½ block from subway; residential section; family and transient accommodations.
Single Rooms, $1.50 Up. En Suite, with Bath, $4 Up.
202 West 103rd Street

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 Broadway, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH STREET
TRANSIENT ACCOMMODATIONS
Telephone 2634 Riverside.

NATIONAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA ARTUR BODANZKY COND'R.
CARNEGIE HALL Sat. Afternoon, Dec. 23, at 2:30. Sun. Evening, Dec. 25, at 8:15.
Solo BENNO Pianist
MOISIEWITSCH
THE KNABE IS THE OFFICIAL PIANO.

PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
LEOPOLD STOKOWSKI, Conductor
CARNEGIE HALL TOMORROW EVENING at 8:15 Dec. 21
Assisting Artists: THE FLONZALEY QUARTET.

OPERA TICKETS PHONE BRYANT 7877
Choice Seats for Faust, Geraldine Farrar, Tonight. Fifty Cents in advance. Carmen, all operas. Subscriptions bought, sold, exchanged. Metropolitan and Chicago Opera Co. Seats all parts of the house. Toscanini Concert, La Scala Orchestra at Metropolitan, Carnegie Hall. CONSOLI, 1430 B'way (40-41 Sts.)

OPERA TICKETS PHONE FITZROY 4189.
TOSCANINI and LA SCALA ORCHESTRA
Metropolitan and Chicago Opera Subscriptions, Season, alternate or single performances. BOUGHT, SOLD or EXCHANGED. SEATS FOR ALL SUCCESSES. Jacobs' Theatre Ticket Office, Hotel Normandie, B'way & 38th St.

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. of B'y. Every Eve. at 8:15.
6 MUSICAL NOSES. Friend & Downing. Gleason & Houlihan, 6 others. In Three... "The Fatal Hour." All Seats Reserved
Sight Seeing Royal Blue Line
Seeing New York, up town, down town, over the great bridges to Brooklyn, 10 A.M., 2 P.M. Chinatown, New York After Dark, 8 P.M. Luxurious three roof heated automobiles. Distinctive Service. Ask at hotels for our free maps and guide.
ROYAL BLUE LINE CO. OF N.Y.
Office Starting Point, Hotel McAlpin

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE Every Eve. at 8:15. Mats. Daily, 25c-81.
THE 4 MORTONS MORTON & GLASS CLARA MORTON MME. BESSON & Co. in Barrie's "Half An Hour" WM. & GORDON DOOLEY.
B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE 96th & 96th St.
ANNIVERSARY WEEK 10—BIG ACTS—10 Curtain at 2 & 8 P. M. Sharp
81 B. F. Keith's St. & B'way. Popular Prices.
JANE & KATH. LEE. Nat Nazarro & Co. others. & KING VIDOR'S first Metro Feature The Jack Knifeman.
COLUMBIA, B'y & 47 St. Twice daily 1:15 & 8:15. Pop. Prices Ed Lee Wrothe & His Best Show.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Published Every Day in the Year by the New York Times Company.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President

B. C. Franck, Secretary.

OFFICES: [TELEPHONE BRYANT 1000]

TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
TIMES ANNEX.....44d St. & Broadway
DOWNTOWN.....7 Beekman Street
WALL STREET.....3 Rector Street
HARLEM.....3,169 Seventh Avenue

BRONX.....2,914 Third Avenue
WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.....3,525 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Albee Building
CHICAGO.....1202-1204 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....613 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....403 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....12 Salisbury Square, E.C.
PARIS.....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two Cents a Copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 300 miles; Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn. Ten Cents elsewhere.

By mail, postage paid. One Year. Six Mos. One Mo.
Daily and Sunday..$12.00 $6.00 $1.00
Daily only..... 10.00 5.00 .85
Sunday only..... 4.00 2.25 .45
Sunday only, Canada 6.00 3.25 .55
*One week, 35c. †One week, 30c.

FOREIGN RATES

Daily and Sunday...$26.00 $13.80 $2.40
Daily only..... 17.40 9.70 1.45
Sunday only..... 9.75 5.12 .96
Binder, Picture Section, $2.50; Magazine, $1.50.

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNALIST (Mondays), per year, $5; Canada, $5.50; other countries, $6.
Binder for 53 issues (one vol.), $1.50.

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.

THE TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursdays), one year, $2; Canada, $4; other countries, $4.50.
Binder for 53 issues, $1.50.

TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $4; Canada, $4.50 (foreign $5). Per copy, 35c.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $3; per year, $12.

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes in the set—illustrated—cloth, $30; three-quarter leather, $100; full leather, $130—encyclopedic history European War.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it, or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, DEC. 20, 1920.

ON THE RIGHT TRACK.

It is profitless for the moment to raise the question of responsibility for conditions in the Police Department of this city. Nor is it of any use to weigh one set of criminal statistics against another. The important thing is that the authorities have at last waked up to the need of attacking rampant crime by the most effective and stern police measures. The orders issued and published yesterday by Commissioner ENRIGHT, no matter on whose initiative nor in response to what indignant demand, are right in conception and can be made efficient in execution.

Automobiles are no longer to be left as a monopoly of robbers. The police and plain-clothes men are to have high-powered machines at their disposal, for the purpose of preventing crime and of running down the criminals. This is simply to imitate what has already been done with success in Philadelphia. Modern inventions that facilitate burglar and murder can certainly be made use of by the agents of justice.

The Commissioner has further taken steps virtually to enlarge the police force by making the men work harder and for longer hours. Vacations are canceled. Needless details are abolished. A system of patrol established under Commissioner WOODS, but since abandoned, has been restored. The police and detectives are ordered to arrest suspicious characters. Already the round-up of thieves and gunmen has begun.

It is no time to wrangle about officials and methods. Resourceful and brazen criminals must at once be made to feel and fear the greater resource and greater determination of the police. If the new orders of Commissioner ENRIGHT are carried out with energy and persistence, there can be no doubt that they will soon strike terror into the hearts of the scoundrels who have been terrorizing peaceful citizens, and that a marked diminution of crimes of violence will before long result.

HAPPY THOUGHTS AT MARION.

These are great days for bright ideas at Marion. Every traveler unpacks his little invoice of them. But some of them do not bear exposure to the wintry air. There was, for example, that happy thought of Mr. BRYAN, enlarged and improved by Colonel HARVEY, to have no "offensive" war without a preliminary referendum. Senator HARDING looked it over and politely called it "a big idea." But it has shrunk a lot on examination. It is now admitted regretfully at Marion that the press comment on it has been "unfavorable." Senator REED sprayed sarcasm on it. President BUTLER sent heavy projectiles through its Harveyized steel. That particular brilliant suggestion is now as good as dropped.

The dispatches from Marion, however, tell us of other ideas "equally as good." The information is still a little vague. It seems that a part of the plan is to have international law "codified." But the real question is how to get it obeyed after it is codified. There was plenty of international law to prevent Germany from doing what she did in the war; she simply snapped her fingers at it. But on top of codification we are also to have, so we are told, a Grand Aspiration. The next President is to invite the leading nations to lay their hands on their hearts and vow that war is a very bad thing, while pledging themselves to be as good as they can be, and better when convenient. Thus all the world can be made safe and happy by a Hardingesque "understanding."

The good intentions underlying all this may be freely admitted. But the manifest futility of it cannot be denied. For centuries the world has been fed on this sort of pious resolution that war ought to be ended. Nothing came of it but blighted hopes. Then at the close of the most terrible war ever seen on earth the representatives of the civilized nations got together to work out a practicable plan to abolish all great wars. Those who drew up this project took into consideration all that had gone before. They included all that was good in former schemes—arbitration, international law, international courts, and the rest of it. Then they added an association of nations bound by treaty to bring instantly into play, when there was a threat of war, moral and financial forces to prevent its breaking out. To this great humane undertaking virtually all nations except the United States have now given their assent. But out at Marion they are cherishing a simple faith that they can improvise something far better. "Beware," wrote a philosopher, "of these hasty solutions which suggest themselves to a man who has but a little, or not at all, studied the nature of the problem."

THE NEEDIEST CASES.

Christmas week is for many the week of a bonus. From banks, trust companies, offices, industrial and other corporations come special acknowledgments of faithful service rendered throughout the year. These holiday gifts are not, perhaps, so numerous this year as last, but still they are made on all sides.

No bonus, however, is taken home by the widowed mother working in a factory, or as a washerwoman, to make it possible for her to keep her three children clothed and fed. A wage earner laid up in the hospital can send no bonus to his family. Those out of work through accident or disease get not even wages, to say nothing of a bonus.

It has to be made up by others. That it may be has been one of the objects of THE TIMES in printing from day to day details of The Neediest Cases. They have to be read in order to take in their full significance. The actual need is specified in each instance. The temporary relief necessary has been carefully worked out in terms of dollars and cents. There ought to be no doubt that this final week of the appeal should see the full amount contributed.

JELLICOE'S NIGHT TACTICS.

In the volume of official dispatches dealing with the Battle of Jutland, now published by the British Admiralty, the text of Admiral BEATTY'S suppressed signal to his commander, Admiral JELLICOE, is included. The time was 7:47 P. M. on May 31; still daylight in the North Sea, vision limited only by "low visibility." BEATTY'S friends may have known all along the words of the wireless message; their knowledge might account for persistent attacks upon JELLICOE'S handling of the fleet on the night of May 31-June 1. The "signal" was as follows:

> Urgent. I submit that the van of battleships follow the cruisers. We can then cut off the whole of the enemy's fleet.

Admiral JELLICOE'S decision not to risk his capital ships in a night action so exasperated Commander CARLTON BELLAIRS that he wrote a formidable volume denouncing the Admiral's tactics. Commenting upon the dispatches that show BEATTY as more of a fighting officer than ever in temper, Commander BELLAIRS declares that the British "lost at Jutland the greatest opportunity of the war," and adds:

> It is not too much to say that the war might have been very much shortened and the Russian Army, which LUDENDORFF has revealed that he felt so much and which was crippled by lack of supplies, would have been successful if Jutland had been a decisive victory. It follows, therefore, that both our great debt and Bolshevism are legacies of Jutland.

The view that the British lost at Jutland the greatest opportunity of the war by not making their victory decisive is based upon the assumption that the enemy, fighting a "rear-guard" action, would have been destroyed by JELLICOE'S capital ships and auxiliaries, and that under no possible conditions could the pursuing fleet have been worsted and crippled. The London synopsis of the new official report conveys the impression in one paragraph that twenty minutes after BEATTY'S "signal" was received on the Iron Duke JELLICOE ordered Admiral JERRAM'S battle squadron to follow BEATTY'S cruisers, but that sight of them had already been lost. The Admiral commanding may have signaled such an order, but with no intention of fighting a night action. It must always be kept in mind that at that time of the year 8:14 P. M. in the North Sea is not yet night, that at least an hour of daylight is left, unless visibility is befogged. Admiral JELLICOE had no intention of pressing the enemy all through the night and shelling and torpedoing his ships at close range. His plan was, as he says in his book "The Grand Fleet," "to keep the British fleet between the enemy and his bases, so as to be in a position to renew the action at dawn." But the Germans, routed as they had been, were too clever for him.

VON SCHEER'S retirement was a masterpiece of defensive tactics, in the opinion of his admirers, or, as British critics who defend JELLICOE would have it, VON SCHEER'S luck in slipping away in the confusion of the night skirmishing and exchange of shots was providential. Admiral JELLICOE said in his book that a night action "must have inevitably led to our battle fleet being the object of attack by a very large destroyer force throughout the night." He pointed out that the German systems of searchlights and gunfire control at night were much better than the British. In destroyers the Germans were numerically superior, and their ships were fitted with more torpedo tubes. He believed that the enemy would have scored heavily in the first part of a night action. In commenting upon the publication of the official dispatches, Admiral JELLICOE repeats his arguments against a night action. Vice Admiral MARK KERR is of the opinion that "the reasoning sense of the navy endorses his judgment."

A NATIONAL FOREST POLICY.

The conference of teachers of forestry and employers of foresters which convened at New Haven last Friday and Saturday can scarcely be said to have commanded the attention of the nation, but few events more nearly concern the national interest. Of all our acts of wastefulness, the spoliation of woodlands has been the most wanton. For more than a century lumber companies devastated the primeval forest with no thought beyond the immediate gain. Wood products were cheap at home and sold profitably abroad in vast quantities. Now the wild lands that comprise one-half of the national inheritance are in the main an unsightly desert, overgrown by brambles and ravaged at intervals by forest fires. Export of wood products has dwindled to the vanishing point and many indispensable commodities, from building material to paper, have doubled and trebled in price.

The employers of foresters who convened with representatives of the Yale School of Forestry are, so to speak, the immediate heirs of that wasted domain. Like the heirs of a wine bibber, their inheritance is mainly gout; so they are listening, very respectfully, to the doctor. In some degree we are all fellow-sufferers, and the only possible remedy lies with the country as a whole. The program of the foresters and their employers is comprehensive but simple. As the malady is nation-wide, effective action must begin at Washington. Congress should authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to consult with local agencies in the several States and frame concerted measures for fire protection, reforestation and the regulation of cutting, to the end that the productivity of the forests shall be continuous and abundant. There should be a national survey of forest resources and forest requirements. Scientists should be directed to the study of new methods of reforesting and of the utilization of the various native woods. Economists should study problems of the taxation of forests and their insurance against fire. Funds should be appropriated when available for the purchase of desirable forest lands contiguous to the national forest system.

These recommendations are soon to be laid before Congress in a single, comprehensive bill, which will provide also for the smooth and efficient interplay of the national program with the programs of the several States and of private owners. It is a project of interest not merely to the proprietors of woodlands and the consumers of wood products, but to every owner of lands which are now lying waste, but are capable, with surprisingly little care and labor, of becoming a perennial source of private and public wealth. It must be admitted that the present time is not propitious for vast new public projects; but this one is vast chiefly in its potentialities for profit. The requisite outlay in money is relatively small. The agents to be employed are mainly men of science, not political office seekers; their chief incentive is love of their profession and a desire to lead serviceable lives.

REBUILDING THE GOVERNMENT.

A special dispatch to The New York Herald represents Senator HARDING as working hard over plans for a "complete reorganization" of the governmental departments. The aim is to create an administrative machine much more smoothly running, more efficient and less costly than the present one. It is admitted that the job of doing it will be "monumental," but the next President considers himself pledged to it and expects to be able before long to "outline the broad sweep of the plan."

It will be awaited with deep interest. The country is in a mood to applaud any man in office who sets himself valiantly at work to cut down waste in the public business and to simplify its conduct. But it would be foolish to expect too much too soon. The first thing needful is to get a just idea of the task to be performed and of the means that must be made use of in attacking it. The reforms needed cannot be wrought by a stroke of the pen. A great deal of patient study will be necessary and expert advice and assistance will be requisite.

This truth is fully recognized in the joint resolution passed last week by Congress for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the working of the executive departments, with a view to making them over. One of the men actively behind this movement is Senator SMOOT. He was instrumental in getting the resolution through the Senate. No man knows more about the public business than he does; nor has any man been more insistent upon the need of getting rid of the cumbrous and dawdling and expensive methods which have descended from one Administration to another, adding duplications and interferences and friction and needless employés in the process. But Senator SMOOT, who will doubtless be a member of the commission—he certainly should be—believes that it will take two years to make a proper survey of existing evils and to work out plans for their cure.

The mischief is not one to be tackled successfully by hurricane reformers. A lot of hard work must be done. The best heads that can be got for the inquiry will have to do their best thinking. And when they have wrestled with the difficult problems and worked out their solution, the next labor—and not the least—will be to induce Congress to enact the requisite legislation. It is far from our thought to throw cold water on the project. But there is no use in blinding ourselves to the many and serious obstacles in the way of it. If the next Administration and the joint commission of Congress can do one-tenth of what needs to be done in modernizing and speeding up the governmental machine, they will put the country immensely in their debt.

HOW?

Speaking in a Marion church, Mr. HARDING uttered this novel theory of incurable objection to the League of Nations:

> I know how you were aroused to a great ideal of world relations, and how unhappy many of you were that we all could not see it that way. But you did not stop to think that in the conception of Versailles there was no recognition of GOD Almighty. I could not hope for a very happy relationship among nations unless there was a common thought among them in recognition of a Supreme Being.

How can Mr. HARDING bring himself to take the Presidency of a nation in whose Constitution there is no recognition of a Supreme Being, and among whose people, therefore, there can be no common thought or happy relationship?

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Distribution Instead of Exclusion.

AS a method of controlling immigrants, a plan proposed by CHARLES L. BERNHEIMER, who for eleven years has been Chairman of the Arbitration Committee of the New York State Chamber of Commerce, is worthy at least of consideration by the Congressmen and others who are giving their attention to this vitally important matter.

Mr. BERNHEIMER declares himself against the policy of complete exclusion, doing so on the ground that American opportunities and educational facilities, as they ought to be, are such that for the performance of the harder, more uninteresting and less pleasant forms of manual labor we cannot depend on workers born here, even though they are the progeny of foreign-born parents. They have had the ambition to rise in the world, and, to their credit and that of our institutions, so many of them do rise that the places in industry which their parents crossed the ocean to fill must be taken, not by the children of those parents, but by new arrivals from abroad.

Opposing exclusion, even temporary, Mr. BERNHEIMER thoroughly agrees with the sifting out of "undesirables," as has long been the object—imperfectly attained, alas!—of our officials at the national gateways. What he especially stresses is the need of distributing the immigrants more intelligently—the sending of them to the places where they are needed, instead of allowing them to remain where their own unguided preference, their ignorance or their helplessness may decide. This could be accomplished, he thinks, by means of a graded head tax, demanding, say, $100 from each immigrant who settles in a city with over a million inhabitants, and decreasing it in proportion to the decrease in population in the place of settlement until merely a nominal sum, or nothing at all, is demanded as head tax from those that take up distinctly agricultural labor.

Registration Would Be Difficult.

To meet the obvious objection to the plan just outlined—that the immigrants thus assorted and distributed would not "stay put"—its originator suggests a system of registration for each group, whereby each individual would be compelled for two years to remain in the place and at the work of his voluntary selection.

That has a simple sound, but to carry it out in practice probably would not be simple at all. Also, to be efficient, it would have to be expensive—enough so, perhaps, to use up the income from the head taxes several times. Moreover, the registered immigrants for the whole two years of registration would be in a state of at least partial slavery, or at any rate they would feel so, if they had in them the makings of real Americans; for the real American wants, and wants strongly, to go where he pleases, and he wants most to go away from any place from which somebody tells him he must not go.

This weakness apart, the plan has its attractiveness, as would, indeed, any plan that promised even plausibly to do away with the piling up of immigrants in our cities, and the establishment by them there of the "foreign colonies" that are so detrimental both to their occupants and to the interests of the nation.

A Loss to New York Journalism.

By the death last week of HORATIO W. SEYMOUR The New York World has been deprived of the services of a more than ordinarily able writer—a man of long and, in his younger days, widely varied experience in editorial work. Like so many—the great majority—of New York newspaper men, Mr. SEYMOUR was born, educated and received his earlier training elsewhere, and he reached what is called "the broader field of metropolitan journalism" only twelve years ago, at the age of 54.

His birthplace was Cayuga County, this State, and when a boy he went with his family to Racine, Wis., where he learned the printer's trade and did his first writing for the press. Milwaukee attracted him away from that little city, and then came the turn of Chicago, where he attained high editorial position on The Times, passing thence to The Herald, and later to The Chronicle, in each of these offices gaining the narrowly restricted, but none the less real, fame which alone, in the conditions of latter-day journalism, is within the reach of the editorial writer.

To Mr. SEYMOUR, however, twice came the somewhat rare distinction of having editorial articles of his collected and published in book form. One series related to the second Cleveland campaign and its issues, and the other dealt with the tariff with skill and knowledge.

Mr. SEYMOUR, both by his character and his abilities, gained and long retained the close friendship of many men better known than he, but perhaps not more deserving of eminence.

Toleration Suddenly Has Ceased.

It is not quite easy to understand why it was the murder of EDWIN W. ANDREWS, and not that of one of the many previous victims who had met a like and equally cruel and horrifying fate, that thoroughly wakened New York to the existence of an intolerable situation, and has moved our Mayor and his Police Commissioner to abandon their obstinate denials, to throw away their fallacious statistics, and to move at last with at least an approach to the needed energy against the villains who had created and were perpetuating that situation.

Probably the change came because Mr. ANDREWS, though not a man well known in the ordinary sense of that phrase, had many friends who esteemed and respected him highly, and because in a way especially clear each of those friends realised that the fate of Mr. ANDREWS any day might be his own if effective measures of protection were not taken, and taken at once.

That is an unsatisfactory explanation of the phenomenon, but the phenomenon itself is very highly satisfactory, for, with public sentiment in its present state, armed robbers in this city and its vicinity are going to find the game that has been so easy and profitable suddenly both difficult and dangerous. The police are on the watch, the courts will be merciless and the ordinary citizen, if attacked, is more than likely to shoot, and shoot to kill.

NO FLAG INCIDENT.

Sir Arthur Currie Disposes of the Montreal Story.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There has been forwarded to me a copy of a newspaper published in Boston on Sunday, Dec. 12, 1920.

On the first page of this paper appears in large black type the following words: "U. S. Flag Desecrated in Canada," followed by an article in amplification of the above mentioned statement. The first sentence of the article reads: "A howling mob of McGill University students tore down an American flag in Montreal on Nov. 20, spat on it, trampled it under foot, and then did a snake dance on the soiled and trampled remnants."

As Principal of this university, and with all the solemnity of which I am capable, I desire to affirm that the statement is wholly and unqualifiedly untrue. The rest of the article, being based on these false premises, is entirely erroneous and misleading.

I shall not comment on the motive which led to the publication of this malicious libel, but will content myself with repeating that there are neither grounds nor justification for the misstatements.

For the sake of decency and honor will you kindly publish this letter for the information of your readers and of the citizens of the United States generally?

A. W. CURRIE, Principal.
McGill University, Montreal, Dec. 16, 1920.

A Hazing Case.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You printed a news item today in which Justice Morschauser at Newburg, in an action brought by a military academy to recover tuition fees from a student who after six days' attendance left because an upper classman attempted to make a servant out of him by commanding him to take his clothes to the tailor every Saturday, awarded the academy full tuition fees with interest, apparently on the ground that it was not a Sunday school.

Based on the information furnished in THE TIMES, I would, if I were that boy's father, appeal the case to a higher court. If the boy lodged a complaint against the offending "upper classman" with the proper officials and they refused to take action in the boy's favor, I think he was perfectly justified in leaving and refusing to pay for more than the six days' tuition which, it is assumed, he received.

The boy's father was not paying tuition fees for having his son made a servant of. He was there to study and acquire useful knowledge.

E. B. SWINNEY.
New York, Dec. 12, 1920.

Charity for German Children.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

While it is heart-rending to know that any children should be in a starving condition, I cannot understand why it is incumbent upon the American people to supply the funds for food for German children, so long as the Hohenzollern family has millions of marks, according to recent newspaper accounts. We are told that the former German Emperor has sixty servants in his household, and that his income is sufficiently large to enable him to enjoy much luxury. We have also been informed that the German nobility and those Germans who made huge profits during the war are able to pay large sums for food and are patrons of expensive restaurants, of the theatres and of other places of amusement. Under these circumstances, I cannot but feel that it is the duty of the German people to feed their own children and it is our first duty to see that our own children and the children of our allies, who were attacked by the Germans, are fed and housed.

MAUD NATHAN.
New York, Dec. 17, 1920.

PACKAGE TIME.

Sing a song of packages,
All in dainty white,
Multiplying through the land
Morning, noon and night,
Each mysterious in its air—
Meant to bring delight.

Sing a song of ribbons new—
Oh, the gayest red—
Tying in the secrets
Of the boxes aforesaid,
Knotted with such mystic craft
In simulated dread!

Sing a song of holly sprays,
Leaves of glossy green,
Scarlet berries peeping out,
Fair as ever seen—
Symbols of the blest good-will
These packages all mean.

Sing a song of love and thought,
Efforts fond to please;
Busy hours with true joy fraught,
A truce to selfish ease—
Service, which the thrill has caught
Of Bethlehem's harmonies!

Sing a song of packages,
Signs of Yuletide cheer,
Making sluggish pulses start
Just this time of year.
Helping keep forever young
Souls Time and Care would sear!

ELLA A. FANNING.

CRIME AND CONSISTENCY.

Prohibition Logic Applied to the Busy Bandit.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

While deeply deploring, with all good citizens, the present carnival of crime, I do feel it necessary that attention should be called to the need of a greater consistency in the attitude of press and public to those said to be responsible for the misdeeds.

It surely cannot be possible that we have so soon forgotten the lesson taught us by the modern school of reformers. Why, it seems only yesterday that we closed up tight every saloon, brewery, distillery and any other place that showed evidence of possession by the demon Rum; and yet it becomes necessary to remind an ungrateful public already of the purpose of this proceeding. (O tempora! O mores!) Briefly, some of our people got drunk, and where for years we had been placing blame and penalty upon them for such an act of disgrace, as we were wont ignorantly to call it, gentlemen full of the light and throbbing with the love of mankind succeeded at last in educating us to the point of realisation of the wrong we had been guilty of and helped us to place it where it belonged. For these poor fellows who drank to excess did not do so for any other reason than that they were surrounded by temptations, in the cheap provision of intoxicants, which they were not strong enough to resist. And since we abolished drink America has been sober, we know.

Now, when some of these poor fellows seek other recreation, in the way of robbing jewelers and shooting those who resist, I contend that this outbreak of condemnation is doing them a very serious injustice. For, manifestly, what has happened is that they are again the victims of temptation forced cruelly upon them. For why should there be jewelers and shops to display their glittering wares, seeing that our weaker brothers' souls are again at stake by such a fact and exhibition? We must be brave to throw off all sentiment in the matter and place the blame where it really belongs. Obviously, the only reasonable course to pursue is another amendment which shall abolish jewelers and their shops and wares so that temptation may be removed from these to-be-pitied members of society who thieve and kill because of our shortcomings. And if we further insisted that no one be allowed upon the streets with money or valuables, at once would go the temptation to hold up selfish persons who now think only of carrying car and dinner fares and shopping wherewithal. After all, to disorganize us a bit would not matter much in the long run when we reflect that the thing before us is to care for the poor thief and murderer.

The more one thinks upon the room for extension of this principle and practice, taught to us so patiently and learned so reluctantly, the more abounding must become the gratitude of mere ordinary men to those who brought the light. I see no reason why every temptation should not be removed in a similar manner to that pitfall of the wicked one, Rum. And, though I say it reverently, I am satisfied that there are thoughtful people today who are wondering whether it would not have been better, nineteen centuries ago, to have concentrated all effort on the Roman Senate for the advancement of such saving legislation as we have now grown accustomed to, instead of the tragedy of Calvary, which, after all, seems to have been unnecessary, seeing there was this simple and painless way out of human difficulties.

And then, what has not been noticed, behind all this—soon to be divulged by our reformers, I am sure—lies the reunion of all religions. We have exchanged Christian temperance for Mohammedan abstinence, with Christian approval, and if we are only large enough to pursue this development of negative virtues, we shall reach the point where all worldly interest ceases and we are reabsorbed into the Absolute, the appeal of which to the great Hindu istic religions and the most modern cult is beyond measure. Truly, this should be a Merry Christmas for us all when we ponder upon the wisdom our wise men brought to us! Magna est veritas et prevalebit.

PRESBYTER ANGLICANUS.
New York, Dec. 18, 1920.

Mr. Wells as World Historian.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am inclined to think that "my dear Wells", has done himself another grave injustice by now assuming the role of the people's historian. Somehow the thing does not read quite right. Or can it be that he believes in the dictum that in history nothing is true but the dates, while everything is true in fiction except the dates? It would almost seem so.

I was smitten with a deep-going incredulity right at the portals of his "Outline." Thus reads one of the opening sentences: "Space is for the most part emptiness." For the most part, mark you. Can anything exceed this in sheer nonsense; or, as Henry Arthur Jones, the originator of "my dear Wells," would express it, in confused thinking? It is like saying: Woman is for the most part feminine, or that water is for the most part fluid.

Now, do not let some one come forward and try to convict me of shameful ignorance of what a schoolboy today knows, that space is filled with all sorts of things, even with impalpable things, such as ether. I am not unaware of these wonderful discoveries. Nevertheless, for all everyday purposes, space is, and as long as commonsense prevails for all time will be considered to be, emptiness and nothing but emptiness.

And yet the "Outline" is an astounding feat. And certainly Mr. Wells is entitled to at least such praise as was offered by Dr. Johnson when asked what he thought of a woman preaching: "Sir, it is not done well, but you are surprised to find it done at all."

GABRIEL WELLS.
New York, Dec. 19, 1920.

The Creator and the League.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Perhaps it was contact with one of the most devout of those wisest minds he has called in counsel, in the person of Mr. Bryan, that discovered to our President-elect pietistic ground for rejecting the League. Gently chiding his Presbyterian brethren at Marion last Friday for being "aroused to a great ideal of world relations," Senator Harding gravely says: "But you did not stop to think that in the conception of Versailles there was no recognition of God Almighty. I could not hope for a very happy relationship among nations unless there was a common thought among them in recognition of a supreme being."

Such recognition would seem to be potentially connoted in the very principle and purpose of the covenant itself. But if the mention of the Creator by name were essential to the "hope for a happy relationship among nations," the absence of the express "recognition of God Almighty" from our own Constitution must seriously weaken the Senator's hope for a happy relationship among the States of our Union—during his term of office at any rate.

May we trust, however, that the Senator may not find in this omission, when it is called to his attention, pious ground for scrapping the Constitution itself.

EVARTS L. PRENTISS.
New York, Dec. 18, 1920.

WIN HARVARD SCHOLARSHIPS

Number of New York Students on List of Honors.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 19.—The oldest scholarship at Harvard has been awarded to Robert F. Doolittle, member of the sophomore class, whose home is at 134 West Seventy-seventh Street, New York. This scholarship was founded in 1643 by Lady Ann Mowlson of London and named after her. The income is $235. Mr. Doolittle is undoubtedly the youngest holder of it, being 18.

Two hundred and sixty-four students have just won scholarships, the total amount of money thus expended being $73,000. Honor scholarships, where the holder's preceding year in college has been deemed worthy of very high distinction, but to which there is no stipend attached, were awarded to Winslow A. Duerr of Cornwall-on-the-Hudson, Mortimer L. Anson, Burke Boyce, Theodore Dunham Jr., Alexander W. Hutchinson and Leopold D. Mannes, Winslow Duerr, Alfred E. Mirsky and Edward W. Scripture, Jr., who are residents of New York City. The last mentioned three received John Harvard scholarships, and the others Harvard College scholarships.

The class of 1814 scholarship was awarded to Charles K. Lawrence of Brooklyn, and that of 1835 to Ralph R. Weaver of Whitestone, L. I., who is a member of the soccer team. George V. S. Smith, 145-pound wrestling champion of the college, whose home is at Richmond Hill, L. I., receives the Howard R. Clapp scholarship.

PRINCETON HAS 289 PRIZES.

120 New Scholarships, in Memory of War Victims, Announced.

In memory of Princeton students and graduates who fell in the last war, 120 prize scholarships of $300 a year each have been established by the Board of Trustees of the university, it was announced yesterday. Twenty-nine similar scholarships, ranging from $30 to $500, already have been established, so that there is a memorial scholarship now for each of the 149 Princeton soldiers who perished in the war. This means that one in each six Princeton students may have the benefit of an annual prize, the total of which scholarships is 289.

"The awards of new scholarships will be made in July of each year on a basis somewhat similar to that of the Rhodes Scholarship plan at Oxford," said the announcement, "and thirty of them will be awarded annually to members of the entering class. The qualifications to be considered include the candidate's qualities of general ability, leadership and Christian character; his school record, and his record in the examinations for entrance to Princeton held by the College Entrance Board.

"The award of $300 may in the cases of needy students be increased."

DEDICATE CHURCH TABLETS.

One to the Rev. Dr. Martin and Others to General Fisk and Wife.

Ten clergymen and eight laymen took part yesterday afternoon in the dedication of a tablet in memory of the Rev. Dr. Daniel Hoffman Martin at the Fort Washington Presbyterian Church, 174th Street and Fort Washington Avenue. Dr. Martin, who was the first pastor, died Jan. 2 last. The principal addresses were made by the Rev. Dr. Anthony H. Evans of West-Park Church and the Rev. Dr. Irving H. Berg of Fort Washington Collegiate Reformed Church.

Rabbi Frederick Braun read the Twenty-third Psalm. He is rabbi of the Temple of the Covenant, which uses the church on Jewish holidays. Other clergymen who took part were the Rev. Dr. John McNeill, new pastor of the church; the Rev. Lyman L. Hartley, pastor of Fort George Church; the Rev. Dr. Harlan G. Mendenhall, Moderator of the Presbytery of New York; the Rev. Dr. Arthur J. Smith, Superintendent of the Evangelistic Committee of New York City, and the Rev. Dr. John S. Allen.

Two tablets were dedicated yesterday at the Madison Avenue Methodist Church at Sixtieth Street. One was in memory of Major Gen. Clinton B. Fisk and the other for his wife. General Fisk was candidate of the Prohibition Party for President in 1888, and Chairman of the Board of Indian Commissioners through several Administrations. He founded Fisk University at the close of the Civil War. Mrs. Fisk was President of the Women's Home Missionary Society for fifteen years, and it was this society which presented the tablet to her.

TO PROTECT FOREIGN TRADE

Colby for Reorganizing His Department to Compete Diplomatically.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The reorganization of the State Department on a basis that will enable the United States to compete diplomatically with her great rivals in the commercial world is regarded as a certainty. That the reorganization will not take place until after the inauguration of President Harding is certain, but Bainbridge Colby, Secretary of State, shortly before his departure on his ceremonial visit to South America, pointed out in a letter to the Secretary of the Treasury the immediate need of the establishment of better facilities for protecting and extending American trade.

Secretary Colby's letter on the subject was sent to Secretary Houston with his estimates for the support of the Department of State in the next fiscal year. It is very evident from this letter, taken in connection with the recent aggressive policy of the Administration with regard to British proposals for exploiting the Mesopotamian oil fields under the League of Nations mandate and its effort to prevent trespass upon the rights of American oil companies by foreign oil interests in Mexico, that Secretary Colby and his advisers have determined that if American foreign trade is to be maintained new and more progressive methods must be employed by the State Department.

The letter to the Secretary of the Treasury is generally a plea for appropriations to enable the employment of technical trade experts to act in conjunction with the department and diplomatic representatives of the United States abroad.

ITALY HAS BIG DEFICIT.

Budget for 1920-21 14,000,000,000 Lire Above Revenue.

ROME, Dec. 19.—In presenting his financial statement in the Chamber of Deputies today, Signor Meda, Minister of Finance, announced a budget deficit of nearly 14,000,000,000 lire for 1920-21, which must be covered by loans or treasury operations. He estimated that the deficit in 1921-22 would amount approximately to 10,000,000,000 lire.

The public debt has increased by approximately 14,000,000,000 lire, amounting on Oct. 31 to 58,000,000,000 lire.

NO RHINE WITHDRAWAL YET.

General Allen Says None Is Contemplated at Present.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—The withdrawal of American troops from Germany is not being considered at present, Major Gen. Henry T. Allen, commander of the American forces at Coblenz, is quoted as saying in an interview with the Petit Parisien. Such a withdrawal was reported as being contemplated in recent dispatches from Brussels.

TO AID EUROPE; WILL TRAIN MORE DOCTORS

Rockefeller Foundation Announces Plan to Rehabilitate Medical Schools.

HELP FOR DISEASE CENTRES

Establishment of a Modern Institution at Belgrade Part of the Program.

The Rockefeller Foundation has announced a co-operative program by which the rehabilitation of the medical schools of Central Europe may be attained so as to increase the number of physicians and surgeons in countries ravaged by disease and woefully short of medical assistance.

This work of the Foundation is the result of investigations made in Central Europe recently by its representatives, Colonel F. F. Russell, who has been in Prague since August serving as technical advisor in public health laboratory organization to the Czech Ministry of Hygiene, will arrange the details of the Foundation's co-operation with the medical schools. The program includes:

Aid in the rehabilitation of scientific equipment for medical teaching and research.

Aid in furnishing medical journals to universities.

An invitation to the authorities of Belgrade University Medical School to study medical education in America and England, as guests of the Rockefeller Foundation.

Belgrade has been selected as one of the strategic points at which a medical school must be established, and because of this it has been decided to invite a group of four of the men responsible for its development to make a visit to America. Further assistance will be given by lending a technical adviser in the organization of medical education, and the Belgrade officials will be authorized to recommend to the Foundation as candidates for fellowships in specialized postgraduate medical study, persons who may be under appointment or consideration for the faculty of the proposed school.

"Decisions of far reaching significance in the matter of medical school support, the training of nurses, the care of the sick and the prevention of disease, must be made in these countries within the next few years," one of the Foundation officers says in a report. "Expert guidance and some assistance in starting sound programs now may mean much for generations to come.

"Medical schools of high rank and of long standing exist in the following cities of Central Europe: Vienna, Graz, Budapest, Prague and Cracow. Other schools of importance are at Warsaw and Lemberg, in Poland; at Innsbruck, in Austria; at Zagreb (or Agram), in the Croatian State of Jugoslavia.

"This comparatively small number of medical schools serves a total population of approximately 75,000,000. With the single exception of Austria, all of the countries of the region under consideration suffer from a great shortage of physicians. There are reported to be less than 300 doctors in all Serbia. Outside of the army medical forces, less than 2,000 physicians are available to care for the 25,000,000 inhabitants of Poland."

The equipment of all the universities of Central Europe has been very largely used up during the four years of the war and the two years of disorganized conditions and low exchange following the armistice. The situation is better in Germany, that country being well supplied with schools and having plenty of scientific instruments.

RUSSIAN CHILDREN HOME.

Six Hundred Red Cross Wards Will Spend Christmas With Parents.

VIBORG, Finland, Dec. 18.—Six hundred of the Russian children from the Petrograd colony whom the American Red Cross brought from Siberia by way of the United States have completed their trip around the world and will spend Christmas in their own homes. The fifth group of the repatriated children reached Petrograd yesterday, and only 164 out of the total of 781 now remain in Finnish territory.

Since the arrival of the children in Finland scores of them have received letters from relatives in Soviet Russia urging them to return as soon as they possibly could.

The journey of the children from Hallia to the Finnish border was made by special train and sledges, through deep snowdrifts, long before daybreak. Upon their arrival at the frontier the American officers in charge of the children were met by a committee of the parents assembled beneath a white flag marking the Russian border line. The children crossed in single file. The list of the children was handed to the Russian Commissar and he was asked if he wished to check them singly. He replied that he preferred to check them in bulk, "as I have lots of other work to do," he said.

A receipt was then given and the children put aboard a Petrograd train which started south immediately.

ALAND MISSION IN PARIS.

Returns From Sweden and Finland and Will Resume Hearing.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—The Allied Commission which has been investigating the dispute between Finland and Sweden over ownership of the Aland Islands, in the Baltic, has returned from its visits to Sweden and Finland and will resume its hearings in Paris this week.

Hjalmar Branting, former Swedish Premier; Baron Palmstierma, Swedish Minister at London; Count Ehrenvard, Swedish Minister at Paris, and C. J. A. Enckell, Finnish Minister at Paris will be heard Monday.

Judge Abram I. Elkus, the American member of the commission,

STILL LAGS BEHIND

Total for Eight Days Reaches Only $30,429, Against $58,409 Last Year.

BARUCH SENDS $500

His Family Foregoes Own Gifts for Poor—Sacrifice Means Happiness for Many.

ONCE NEEDY HELP OTHERS

Homes Desolate and Holding Affliction Last Year Now Contented Through Times Appeal.

Contributions received through THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday, for the Hundred Neediest Cases, amounted to $1,964.38, making a total of $30,429.47 for the eight days since the first appeal was printed.

During the first eight days after the 1919 appeal, $58,400.73 was received, or nearly double this year's figure. The entire response to the 1919 appeal was $101,967.14, leaving more than $70,000 still to be raised, if war is to be waged on the old scale against sickness, hunger and despair among the most unfortunate families of New York and the most deserving of relief.

One of the contributors yesterday was the following from Bernard M. Baruch, who wrote:

Dec. 18, 1920.

THE NEW YORK TIMES:

Dear Sir:

My family has asked that the expenditures we expected to make among ourselves for Christmas be sent to the needy. As a part of this, I am sending you $500.

Very truly yours,

B. M. BARUCH.

Many of the contributions this year have come from children and from grown-ups who have given up something which they wanted in order to have money to send to help some child or family in the Hundred Neediest Cases. The best thing such gifts do is to enable some mother to raise her own little ones. As far as such gifts go, they save close and devoted families from breaking up.

Not all families that have been shattered by the loss of the bread-winner or the sickness of the mother can have such good fortune. The loss of each contribution that might have been made will have its effect in making it necessary to break up some family because the mother is too ill or too burdened to find bread for all the hungry mouths dependent on her.

Many Made Happy by Sacrifice.

Those who sacrifice some pleasure in order to make a gift to the Hundred Neediest Cases give happiness in a hundredfold measure to people who are now in extreme distress. Many children have given up their Christmas dolls in order that other little children shall have their mothers. A child whose Christmas doll was as good as her's already, but who let it escape from her grasp in order to be in a position to give something to the Hundred Neediest Cases, is Betty Creiger of Bronxville, who wrote the following in a nice, flowing hand:

THE NEW YORK TIMES:

Here is a check for $10. Will you please give it to the mothers with little babies. There are two babies in Case 92 that I feel sorry for.

From BETTY CREIGER.

Bronxville, N. Y.

P. S. I forgot to save my money this year, so mother gave me this money instead of having Santa Claus bring me a doll.

Another letter enclosing Victory bond coupons was the following:

West Point, N. Y.

NEW YORK TIMES:

Dear Sir—We are two small boys, who are sending Victory bond coupons for the little boy whose stepmother threw him out. If you give us his address I will send him some books. Our names are Jack Daley, 10 years old and Donald Daley, 8 years old. Our address is care Lieut. Col. E. L. Daley, West Point, N. Y.

Enclosed find two coupons.

JACK DALEY.

The following are from other contributors:

Mrs. James A. Brice—"The coupon is from Anne Brice, age 3, who would like to help some other little girl. The check is from her mother. We are sorry it is so little."

Kate P. Hampton—"I enclose check for $2 for Case 92, in appeal for the Hundred Neediest Cases. I am sure all who are financially able must be impelled to give their utmost to those in such dire and immediate need. And yet—only the other day I was told of a woman who spent at one shop $72 for Christmas cards."

The following are typical cases from the Hundred Neediest:

CASE 96.

Blind Father's Grit.

Felix was an expert hatter until he went blind. Today his wife is the mainstay of their family of seven. A refined, middle-aged woman, occupied with her household duties for many years, she had no occupation to turn to but that of office cleaning, in which she earns slender wages. Felix is working hard at a school for the blind to learn a new trade, and is already earning a little. He hopes some day to win back his place as the bread winner. The oldest child, a girl of 14 years, will soon be able to go to work and help out. This was one of the happiest families of New York a short while ago.

Total amount needed, $320.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 89 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

CASE 93.

Children Need Food.

Five dollars a month and free rent in a dingy basement is all that Mrs. H. and the four children, all under 8, have to keep them from the streets. If Joe H. had not been so conscientious about providing for them, his cough might have been stopped. As it was, he kept at his work until he literally collapsed. Today he is in the second stage of tuberculosis. He has been removed to a sanatorium, where, with good care, he ought to get

CASE 86.

Wanted a Home.

Four dark-eyed children, the oldest of whom is 12, are awaiting the return of their mother from the hospital. She was forced to leave her little ones because she broke down from prolonged overwork in the effort to support them after their father died. She will not be able to do any work for a while after she returns. This makes her very anxious. She is not sure where she is to go, nor whether there will be any children to meet her. Help at this time will give her a home, her four little ones and everything in life.

Total amount needed, $500.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4068.)

CASE 75.

Afraid of Separation.

Though she is only 7, Sally has already learned how to mother her five-year-old brother Jimmie. She had to learn, for her mother wouldn't. The two of them are fair-haired, blue-eyed and smiling. The fact that they have come from a home where there was nothing but filth and abuse seems to have had little effect on their mental outlook. The adventure of taking a daily bath, getting three square meals a day keeps them in a state of delight. The only dark spot on their outlook is the fear of being separated and sent to different homes.

Total amount needed, $650.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1434.)

CASE 20.

Six on $9 a Week.

With all his savings gone John H. has nothing but the $9 a week he gets for part time work to feed and clothe his family of six. John was a good provider until an acute attack of asthma made almost constant attendance at the clinic necessary. In another year John will be well enough to take a full time job. Mrs. H. cannot help him, for it takes all her time to take care of him and the four babies, the oldest of whom is 7 and the youngest a month old.

Total amount needed, $432.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4068.)

CASE 34.

Provider of Family Dies.

Last Christmas there was a tree and presents for the five boys and their mother. Jennie and Laura, the providers, were holding their own in a manner that would make any mother proud. This year there will be neither trees nor presents. Jennie, the oldest, who was earning $30 a week, died as the result of an operation for appendicitis. The burden of supporting the remaining family of seven fell on seventeen-year-old Laura. Her $15 a week meant a great deal when her sister was alive, but that does not go very far today.

Total amount needed, $480.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.

CASE 7.

Works Way Into the Night.

For four years Katherine M. has been mother and father to her seven children. In the mornings she stayed home getting them off to school; in the afternoon and evenings she went out to work to provide the food her growing children needed. The evening work sometimes lasted far into the small hours of the night. Her strength was slowly sapped, but she went on uncomplainingly. The blow came when the oldest daughter ran away and could not be found. Katherine collapsed. John, the oldest son, a boy of 16, has now taken the burden of support upon his shoulders. Sally, who is 14, will be able to help him in a year. All that Katherine asks for is help to keep her family together until she is stronger.

"Prosperity means nothing to such as these. There might be plenty of well-paying jobs staring them in the face, but they are, in most cases, physically unable to take them. On the contrary, the high cost of living bears on them more heavily as they have no increased income to compensate.

"In the case of widows' pensions it should be noted that thousands of worthy widows are left outside the scope of the law for various reasons, such as neglect on the part of their late husbands to take out final citizenship papers. Hunger and cold are just as tragic for these women and their children, and it is plainly up to organizations like the bureau to help them.

"It should also be pointed out that the 50-cent dollar of 1914 is now living twice as expensive as formerly for each individual family, has been equally merciless to charitable organizations, which are providing the necessities of life for so many families. Every rise in the cost of living necessarily has meant an added burden to the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities and has made increased income imperative."

No one is authorized to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State pension law.

Contributions are deductible from income tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessaries, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.

Checks may be drawn to the order of THE NEW YORK TIMES or to the order of the Hundred Neediest Cases.

CASE 11.

Fear of Eviction.

Gabriel V. not only provided well for his wife and family of eight children, but was enabled to put away a little bit toward a rainy day. The rainy day came with the force of a flood when Gabriel suddenly collapsed and had to be removed to the hospital, where he is now awaiting an operation. The $300 which he had saved has, little by little, been spent. Mrs. V. can do nothing with the two-year-old twins tugging at her skirts. All that saves the family today from starvation and the streets are the earnings of sixteen-year-old Anne, the oldest. The fear of eviction is keeping her awake nights, and the knowledge what eviction would mean to her father is making her apply herself to her work beyond her strength. In a year Jean, the next oldest, will add the weight of her young shoulder to the wheel. By that time, it is expected that Gabriel will be in condition once more to "carry on."

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 60 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

If helped adequately now, most of those for whom the appeal is made will in a reasonable time become self-supporting. Provided with a chance to remain together as a family, sharing one another's cares and burdens and stimulated by one another's love and sympathy, they will rally so much the quicker. In past years most of the families, after being helped through their crises, have soon made progress by their own ambition and energy.

Once Needy, Become Contributors.

In some instances the unfortunates of the Hundred Neediest Cases of one year have recovered so well that a few years later they have become contributors to that cause, sometimes contributors of money and sometimes of personal service. One striking example of this was told yesterday in the following statement of the Charity Organization Society:

"In 1912 Mrs. W.'s story was told among the Hundred Neediest Cases. Her husband had just died of tuberculosis, and two of the five children were touched with the same disease. Today all the children are well and strong. The oldest has a position in a bank. Mrs. W. herself is a volunteer social worker in her neighborhood.

"She tells the neighbors where to go when they are sick. She cares for the babies and gets the children in the settlement classes. Whenever the problems are too much for her she comes to the district office and she and the society's visitor co-operate in caring for the family."

Other typical chapters from the after-history of the Hundred Neediest are told by the society as follows:

"An invitation to the wedding of Anna R. and Giovanni F. was the reminder which carried a district secretary of the Charity Organization Society back to 1915, when Anna's family was one of the 'Hundred Neediest.' At that time Mrs. R. was suffering from heart trouble and dropsy and Anna was just recovering from pneumonia. Mr. R., too, was not strong and could not earn enough to meet the needs of his four children.

"Through the appeal for the Hundred Neediest Cases this family was helped to a new start in life and revived. Mrs. Joe cannot provide this with her job as janitress, and she cannot earn more—not with a baby in arms—and three tots at her skirts.

Total amount needed, $500.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4068.)

CASE 86.

Wanted a Home.

Four dark-eyed children, the oldest of whom is 12, are awaiting the return of their mother from the hospital. She was forced to leave her little ones because she broke down from prolonged overwork in the effort to support them after their father died. She will not be able to do any work for a while after she returns. This makes her very anxious. She is not sure where she is to go, nor whether there will be any children to meet her. Help at this time will give her a home, her four little ones and everything in life.

Total amount needed, $500.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4068.)

CASE 75.

Afraid of Separation.

Though she is only 7, Sally has already learned how to mother her five-year-old brother Jimmie. She had to learn, for her mother wouldn't. The two of them are fair-haired, blue-eyed and smiling. The fact that they have come from a home where there was nothing but filth and abuse seems to have had little effect on their mental outlook. The adventure of taking a daily bath, getting three square meals a day keeps them in a state of delight. The only dark spot on their outlook is the fear of being separated and sent to different homes.

Total amount needed, $650.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1434.)

CASE 20.

Six on $9 a Week.

With all his savings gone John H. has nothing but the $9 a week he gets for part time work to feed and clothe his family of six. John was a good provider until an acute attack of asthma made almost constant attendance at the clinic necessary. In another year John will be well enough to take a full time job. Mrs. H. cannot help him, for it takes all her time to take care of him and the four babies, the oldest of whom is 7 and the youngest a month old.

Total amount needed, $432.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4068.)

CASE 34.

Provider of Family Dies.

Last Christmas there was a tree and presents for the five boys and their mother. Jennie and Laura, the providers, were holding their own in a manner that would make any mother proud. This year there will be neither trees nor presents. Jennie, the oldest, who was earning $30 a week, died as the result of an operation for appendicitis. The burden of supporting the remaining family of seven fell on seventeen-year-old Laura. Her $15 a week meant a great deal when her sister was alive, but that does not go very far today.

Total amount needed, $480.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.

CASE 7.

Works Way Into the Night.

For four years Katherine M. has been mother and father to her seven children. In the mornings she stayed home getting them off to school; in the afternoon and evenings she went out to work to provide the food her growing children needed. The evening work sometimes lasted far into the small hours of the night. Her strength was slowly sapped, but she went on uncomplainingly. The blow came when the oldest daughter ran away and could not be found. Katherine collapsed. John, the oldest son, a boy of 16, has now taken the burden of support upon his shoulders. Sally, who is 14, will be able to help him in a year. All that Katherine asks for is help to keep her family together until she is stronger.

"Prosperity means nothing to such as these. There might be plenty of well-paying jobs staring them in the face, but they are, in most cases, physically unable to take them. On the contrary, the high cost of living bears on them more heavily as they have no increased income to compensate.

"In the case of widows' pensions it should be noted that thousands of worthy widows are left outside the scope of the law for various reasons, such as neglect on the part of their late husbands to take out final citizenship papers. Hunger and cold are just as tragic for these women and their children, and it is plainly up to organizations like the bureau to help them.

"It should also be pointed out that the 50-cent dollar of 1914 is now living twice as expensive as formerly for each individual family, has been equally merciless to charitable organizations, which are providing the necessities of life for so many families. Every rise in the cost of living necessarily has meant an added burden to the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities and has made increased income imperative."

No one is authorized to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State pension law.

Contributions are deductible from income tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessaries, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.

Checks may be drawn to the order of THE NEW YORK TIMES or to the order of the Hundred Neediest Cases.

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO FUND FOR NEEDIEST

The following contributions, totaling $1,934.38, were received by THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday for the Hundred Neediest Cases:

Annie, May and Robert	$70
A. E. S.	10
Adler, Simon	25
A friend	10
A friend	10
A friend	1
A friend	10
Anonymous	5
Anonymous	10
Anonymous	1
Anonymous	10
Anonymous	50
Anonymous	15
Barlow, De W. D.	10
Baruch, B. M.	500
Brakmann, D., estate trustees	1
Brice, Mrs. J. A.	1
Brice, Anna	2
Brooks, L. G.	25
Burrell, Mrs. N. M.	15
Carlebach, E.	10
Carter, Mrs. R. S.	25
Cartley, Lucy B.	5
Clark, John B.	5
Clarke, Mary L. C.	3
Colfax, Mrs. A. E.	25
Cox, W. H.	50
Cregier, Betty	10
Doll, Mary E.	10
E. D. B.	150
From one who has gone through experiences	10
Friends	2
From a friend	1
Gershel, M. L.	5
Godfrey, H. F. Jr.	15
Golden Rule	5
Goldstein, R. A.	25
Graff, W. M.	5
Gunsel, A. P.	25
Herwit & Cohen	10
Hewson, J. H.	15
Hampton, Kate P.	2
Hyman, Mrs. M.	10
I. C. S.	20
In loving memory of M. E. W.	5.75
In memory of our Elsie	10
In memory of my devoted daughter Elsie	5
In memory of Kenneth	5
In memory of M.	5
Total	$1,934.38

and D.	25
In memory of my mother	42
J. S.	25
Jack and Donald Daly	2.38
Jellenik, George Jr.	5
L. E. B.	50
L. R. G.	5
Languetx, Julian A.	10
Landon, W. G.	50
Livingston, F.	2
M. E. B.	1
M. B. W.	1
McCray, H. B.	15
McKay, A.	5
McCollester, P.	5
Miller, Max	5
Mosman, F. E.	10
Moss, Frank	10
Newgass, R. H.	10
New York Billiard Room Owners' Association	25
Officers and employes of Troy & Co.	100
One who loves children	5
Perkins, J. H.	10
Pullman, K.	2.50
Pitz, L. M.	2
Renault, Miss E.	10
Rogers, J. S.	10
Rose, George R.	25
Schwerin, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac	10
A Scotch admirer	10
Solomon, Miss C.	5
Sol Frankel, Inc.	100
Stern, M. D.	25
Stimson, P. M.	5
Tausig, Oscar	3
Taylor, E.	10
The Burrows Metal Mfg. Co.	10
The Misses Pugh	15
Tower, Harriet T.	5
Warburg, Mrs. F. M.	100
Weber, J. E.	5
Weglein, E.	5
Wehl, E.	50
White, Miss Nicho	5
White, N.	5
Wolf, Mrs. F.	10
In memory of M.	5

New York.

Mrs. Alfred W. Whitman has invitations out for two dinners for her débutante daughter, Miss Carman Machado Whitman, on Dec. 23 and 28, before the dances for the Misses Dorothy Brokaw and her cousin, Julia Flacke, and for Miss Juliet Longfellow.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Paul Warner (Mrs. Elise Holmes Volck), whose marriage took place last Friday, will return from Pinehurst, N. C., in January, and will sail for Italy the first of March.

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt is to be the hostess this evening at a dinner, followed by dancing, at her town house, 640 Fifth Avenue.

The Friday Juniors are to have an afternoon dance this week, Thursday afternoon, in the new ballroom at the Plaza, and their first evening dance for the season will take place on Christmas eve in the Rose Room.

The Pall Mall Supper Dance will take place this evening at the McDowell Club, 108 West Fifty-eighth Street, and the next dance will be held on Christmas evening. The remainder of the series will be held Saturday evenings as usual at the McDowell Club.

Miss Madeleine Maiquez, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael J. Maiquez, and granddaughter of the late Thomas F. Gilroy, a former Mayor of New York, and Paul Gerard Daly are to be married on Thursday afternoon, Jan. 27, at 3:30 o'clock, in St. Patrick's Cathedral.

Washington.

The presence of the former Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Franklin K. Lane was made the occasion of several agreeable parties yesterday. Mr. and Mrs. Lane are the guests of William Phelps Eno and his cousin, Mrs. George Eno, who gave an "at home" in their honor in the afternoon and also entertained a small company at luncheon and again at dinner.

Owing to the recent serious illness of Mr. Lane and by his physician's orders he is accepting no formal invitations and during his Washington visit will take little part in general society. He was present, however, at the most many friends at the afternoon reception when Mrs. Lane received with Mrs. Ehle. Mrs. Philip Kauffmann, the former Miss Nancy Lane, and Franklin K. Lane Jr. were in the company. Mme. Grouitch and Mrs. Richard Harlow did the honors of the tea table.

The Japanese Ambassador and Baroness Shidehara were the guests in whose honor Mr. and Mrs. Henry Cleveland Perkins entertained at dinner last evening.

Lieut. Col. Thorne of the British Embassy and the Hon. Mrs. Thorne, who with their children will sail for England on Wednesday, were the guests of Sir Henry C. Corbin at dinner last evening, and earlier in the day were hosts at a breakfast company of twenty covers at the Shoreham. This evening they will be guests at a farewell dance at the British Embassy by the Ambassador and Lady Geddes.

Mrs. Edson Bradley was at home yesterday afternoon, reopening her Dupont Circle residence to society for the first time in several seasons. Mr. and Mrs. Bradley are to New York for Christmas, but expect to return to Washington in time to revive their hospitable custom of giving a large reception on New Year's Day.

Mr. and Mrs. Sumner Wells entertained at dinner last evening.

Mrs. Randall H. Hagner was hostess at a small tea yesterday afternoon, inviting a group of old friends to meet her sister, Mrs. Archibald H. Davis, who is spending a week in Washington en route for the South. Mr. and Mrs. Hagner also entertained at dinner in compliment to Commander and Mrs. Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Titus, who returned on Wednesday from California, entertained a small dinner company last evening at their Washington home, 1,775 N Street.

Newport.

The Rev. Dr. Roderick Terry is visiting in New York.

Mrs. William S. Sims has been named as one of the delegates to attend the Girl Scout national convention at Cincinnati Jan. 18.

After spending the week end at his Middletown Farm, M. M. Vanburen returned to New York last night.

Thomas Powers of New York will spend Christmas at the Muenchinger King and will probably close his Newport season on Dec. 27, when he will return to New York for a while before going to Bermuda for the rest of the winter.

Miss Lucille Edgar has gone to New York.

White Sulphur Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Pulcher of Detroit, who are spending their honeymoon at the Greenbrier, drove to the Log Cabin for luncheon yesterday.

John R. Bradley of New York will go to Asheville, N. C., shortly for a week's stay, returning to New York before starting for Palm Beach, where he will pass the Winter.

H. H. Stagers and J. B. Stagers have returned to Steubenville, Ohio, after a ten days' stay at the Greenbrier.

Mr. and Mrs. Thornton Lewis of the Meadows are spending several days with Mrs. Lewis's sister, Mrs. George Davis, in Louisville, Ky. They will return to White Sulphur for the holidays.

Dr. and Mrs. R. B. Allison are entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Roger Hovey of Hartford, Conn., at their cottage on Baltimore Row with Dr. and Mrs. Quintard Taylor. They gave a dinner party in the Greenbrier last evening for their guests.

Mrs. M. E. Forrest of New York is expected today, to remain some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick L. Hutson of Princeton, N. J., are also due to arrive.

Lenox.

The Lenox Club is to be opened Thursday for the holidays. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hollister Pease of New York, Mr. and Mrs. George Higginson Jr., Misses Theresa and Lee Higginson of Chicago have engaged rooms.

Daniel Payne Griswold and Miss Gertrude Parsons were in charge of a Christmas entertainment at the Home for Crippled Children in Pittsfield Saturday.

Bishop Thomas Frederick Davies and his sister, Miss Marion Davies, are at the Wendel Hotel in Pittsfield.

Mrs. John E. Alexandre, Miss Anna R. Alexandre and Miss Mary Parsons are to sail for England soon after the first of the year.

St. Augustine.

William K. Vanderbilt, who came from New York by rail Friday night, left Jacksonville aboard his steam yacht The Eagle Saturday with a party of friends for Havana.

Lord William Waldorf Astor, while en route North after a visit to Elmira, was a guest at a breakfast given by Reuben Ragland at the Country Club yesterday. Lord Astor left Jacksonville last night for New York and will sail on Christmas Day for England. He was accompanied on his fishing trip to Elmira by William D. Langhorne of Virginia, a brother of Lady Astor, and Captain Hugh H. Muck, U. S. A.

Mrs. Robert Nicol of New York has arrived and will spend the Winter here.

Mrs. Elihu Root Jr. is a guest of the Alcazar.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy W. Sexton of Wytheville, Va.; Mrs. John T. Haggerty of Hackensack, N. J., and William L. Haynes of Boston also are here.

Engagements.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Rawitzer of 233 West Seventy-second Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Theresa H. Rawitzer, to Captain James J. Kann of 202 Riverside Drive, formerly of the Royal Flying Corps, and late Treasurer of the American Relief Mission to Poland. Miss Rawitzer is a student at the Art Students' League. Captain Kann spent several years overseas and was also an instructor in the aviation camps in Canada and Texas. He is a member of the Aero Club of America, the Royal Air Force of London and is a pilot of the Aero Club, London. The wedding will take place in January.

Mrs. Edward H. Clarke of Miller Road, Morristown, N. J., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Katharine C. Clarke, to John Vacher Bacot of Jewett Place, Utica, N. Y.

Obituary Notes.

AUSTIN M. GREER, a retired stock broker, died Saturday, at the age of 58, at his home in White Plains.

BENJAMIN F. HARRIS, banker and farmer, former President of the Illinois Bankers Association, died yesterday in Champaign, Ill., aged 82.

AT HIS HOME HERE

Among the Last of the Political Leaders of the Old Tammany Regime.

FIVE TIMES STATE SENATOR

Lost Long Fight to Retain Borough Presidency After Removal by Governor Hughes.

John F. Ahearns, one of the few remaining Tammany leaders of the old regime, died late yesterday afternoon of pleurisy at his home, 296 East Broadway. He had been ill since returning from the San Francisco convention last Spring. At the bedside were the members of his immediate family and Drs. John F. Erdman, George Vandergrift and S. P. Leveridge.

Born in this city April 18, 1853, Mr. Ahearn took an active interest in politics, while still a boy working as a clerk in various business houses. The Fourth Assembly District sent him to Albany in 1882, and from that time politics was his sole occupation until he finally lost his long fight to retain the office of Borough President of Manhattan after Governor Hughes had ordered his removal.

After retiring from the Assembly in 1883 he was appointed a police court clerk. In 1889 he first showed his strength as a political combatant, defeating Thomas F. Grady for the Senatorial nomination in the Tenth District. Tammany at once recognized his strength and drew him into its councils. Five terms he served in the Senate, and "Senator" was the title by which he ever afterward liked to be addressed.

While in the Senate he espoused particularly the interests of school teachers, firemen and the police. He put through a bill providing for the teachers who showed their gratitude by starting a $20,000 fund to build him a house, but he refused the gift. His "Mothers' bill" to improve the system of committing dependent children was vetoed, but its provisions were later carried out in the children's branch of the Court of Special Sessions.

As a district leader Ahearn exemplified to a high degree the Tammany type in his intense and constant playing of the political game and his devotion to the intimate personal needs of the men and women of his district.

John Purroy Mitchel, as Commissioner of Accounts, handed a damaging report on Ahearn's administration to Mayor McClellan in July, 1907. The City Club took up the evidence, and the President, George McAneny, laid charges before Governor Hughes. The Governor, after a thorough investigation, ordered Mr. Ahearn's removal on Dec. 9 of that year. Governor Hughes relieved him from suspicions of personal dishonesty, but denounced his administration as flagrantly inefficient and wasteful.

The Governor's order proved to be only the opening gun in a two-year legal battle, in which Mr. Ahearn's counsel was Martin W. Littleton. The Board of Aldermen re-elected him Borough President that December and Mayor McClellan was finally obliged for administrative reasons to recognize him as the de facto Borough President. Meanwhile Mr. Littleton kept up a steady fire of varied court orders to keep his client in office and carried the case to the Court of Appeals. It was not until the final month of his elected term, in December, 1909, that Mr. Ahearn was at last compelled to acknowledge the force of the Hughes decision.

SANFORD H. STEELE.

Former President of General Chemical Company Dies at Pinehurst of Pneumonia.

After an illness lasting only a few days, which first took a serious turn on Friday, Sanford H. Steele of 815 Park Avenue, this city, died of pneumonia at Pinehurst, N. C., yesterday morning at 12:30. He went to Pinehurst Tuesday, Dec. 7; it has for several years been his custom to spend the Winter there. His Summer home was at Southbury, Conn.

Mr. Steele had just entered his seventy-fourth year. He was born at Stanstead, Canada, Nov. 20, 1847, and was graduated at Dartmouth College in the class of 1870. His older brother, Benjamin Hinman Steele, was a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of Vermont, and in his office Sanford H. Steele studied law. He practiced his profession for many years in this city; the late Jefferson Clark was at one time his partner; later he was in partnership with the late Arthur von Briesen. Some years ago Mr. Steele gradually withdrew from the general practice of the law and devoted his time almost wholly to the affairs of the General Chemical Company, of which he had become general counsel. He was President of that company for many years, until, at his own request, he was relieved of the labors of that office. He continued to be a director and general counsel of the company until his death. He was also a Trustee of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company and a Director and counsel of the Chatham and Phenix National Bank.

Although he happened to be born just the other side of the Canadian line, Mr. Steele was by ancestry and training altogether a New Englander and a fine type of that sturdy stock. Throughout his career wherever he was known he was respected for his unfailingly high standards of professional and business conduct and his counsel and advice were sought and prized because of his reputation for sound judgment and business foresight. Mr. William H. Nichols of the General Chemical Company, with whom he had been long and intimately associated, said yesterday: "He was one of the noblest of men; no one could go too far in speaking words of praise for his high and fine character."

Mr. Steele married in June, 1876, Caroline, daughter of Ransom B. Hinman of Brooklyn, who survives him. He leaves one daughter, who is the wife of Dr. Dudley D. Roberts of 815 Park Avenue; a sister, Lydia, wife of Samuel E. Pingree, formerly Governor of Vermont, and an older brother, Judge Hiram R. Steele of 33 Monroe Place, Brooklyn. He was a Trustee of Dartmouth College. His clubs were the University, the Down Town, the Midday and the Hamilton of Brooklyn. The funeral will be at the First Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, at 2:30 Wednesday afternoon.

Dr. Charles M. Howe.

Dr. Charles M. Howe, three times Mayor of Passaic, died Saturday at Clifton Springs, N. Y., where he had gone for his health. He was 70 years old and a son of the late Dr. John M. Howe, and grandson of Major Bezaleel Howe of Washington's staff. He was President of the First National Bank of Passaic and a Director of several other corporations.

Born.

ROSEN—Born to Mr. and Mrs. David T. Rosen (Rhea Cooper) of Pittsburgh, Pa., a son, Dec. 16, 1920, at Flower Hospital, New York City.

SHAW—Mr. and Mrs. Frederick J. Shaw of Purchase, N. Y., announce the birth of a daughter, Eleanor, Dec. 18, 1920, at United Hospital, Port Chester, N. Y.

Engaged.

BACOT—CLARKE—Mrs. Edward H. Clarke of Morristown, N. J., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Katharine C. Clarke, to Mr. John V. Bacot of Utica, N. Y.

Married.

GRAY—OGDEN—On Dec. 17, 1920, at the residence of the bride's stepfather, Mr. Guy Minton, at Chatham, N. J., by the Rev. John MacNaughton, assisted by the Rev. Burleigh Cruikshank, Douglas Robinson Gray to Olive Ogden.

PERLSTEIN—ROSENBERG—Mr. and Mrs. Herman Rosenberg of 42 Fort Washington Av. announce the marriage of their daughter Bert to Mr. Joseph Perlstein of Chicago, on Dec. 19, 1920, by the Rev. Dr. Bluemau.

Died.

AHEARN—John F., on Sunday, Dec. 19, at his residence, 296 East Broadway. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BARTON—Betsy Stone Barton, Dec. 18. Services Harlem Funeral Parlors, 122d St. and Lenox Av., 2 P. M. Monday.

BLISS—On Sunday, Dec. 19, at her residence, 8 Park Av., Augusta H. Bliss, widow of the late George Bliss. Funeral private—requested that no flowers be sent.

BOHLK—At rest, William J. Bohlk of Maryland, beloved husband of Charlotte M. Bohlk (nee Schmidt). Funeral services at his late residence, 138 Washington Av., White Plains, N. Y., on Monday evening, Dec. 20, at 7 P. M.

BROCK—Julius, private, 306th Infantry, on Nov. 16, 1918. Funeral services at 2 P. M. Tuesday, Dec. 21, Members of Truth Lodge, No. F and A. M., and B. P. O. E., 22, Brooklyn, invited. Interment Acacia Cemetery.

BUNTER—On Dec. 18, 1920, Nellie, widow of the late George Bunter. Funeral from McLaraney's Funeral Parlors, Lexington Av. and 65th St., Tuesday, Dec. 21; mass at St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, at 9 o'clock. Funeral private.

BURNET—At Orange, N. J., on Dec. 19, 1920, Mary Jane, widow of William H. Burnet, in her 83d year. Services will be held at the funeral parlors, 555 Main St., East Orange, on Tuesday, Dec. 21, at 2:30 P. M.

BUSH—On Saturday, Dec. 18, 1920, at her residence, Hotel St. Andrew, 72d St. and Broadway, Isabella Jennings Bush. Funeral service will be held at August Eichelberger's Parlors, 5th Av., near 55th St., on Monday morning, Dec. 20, at 9:30. Interment at Fishkill Rural Cemetery at convenience of family.

CHICHESTER—Suddenly, on Dec. 19, 1920, at his home, Coplin Av., Raymond Chichester, age 51, beloved husband of Anna R. Chichester. Funeral services at his late residence, Tuesday, Dec. 21, 1920, at 8 P. M.

CHITTENDEN—On Friday, Dec. 17, 1920, at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., Bertha B. Peters, widow of Horace H. Chittenden, daughter of the late Dr. George A. Peters and of the late Julia Cogsill Peters, mother of George P. and Gerald Chittenden. Funeral services Sunday afternoon at Concord. Interment at Burlington, Vt., Monday morning.

CLIMENKO—At a special meeting of the Medical Board of the Beth David Hospital, held Dec. 17, 1920, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, the medical profession and the Beth David Hospital have by the untimely demise of Dr. Hyman Climenko lost an indefatigable and conscientious physician and co-worker;

Whereas, by reason of his extraordinary gifts and talents, his inexhaustible patience with and devotion in his attention to the sick he gained the grateful recognition of the laity, as well as a distinguished reputation among the profession; be it

Resolved, That the Medical Board of the Beth David Hospital record in its minutes this expression of its deep sense of bereavement; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family in testimony of the sentiments of the Medical Board.

Dr. G. A. Friedman,
President of the Medical Board.
Dr. Leo Buerger,
Secretary of the Medical Board.

CLIMENKO—At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Beth David Hospital, held at the hospital building Dec. 19, 1920, passed a resolution expressing its deep regret at the untimely passing away of Dr. Hyman Climenko, who was associated with this institution for many years.

The board also expresses its sincere sympathy to the family of Dr. Hyman Climenko in their present bereavement.

A copy of these resolutions shall be spread upon the minutes of the Board of Directors.

Israel Sachs, President.
Jacob Greenberg, Secretary.

DECKER—On Saturday, Dec. 18, 1920, B. Franklin Decker, aged 58 years. Funeral services at St. Augustine's Church, Oreton-on-Hudson, N. Y., on Tuesday, Dec. 21, at 2:30 P. M.

DELIN—At his residence, 271 Bay Av., Glen Ridge, N. J., Friday, Dec. 17, 1920, Bernhard, beloved husband of Helene Hake Delin, after a short illness. Funeral service at Volk's Mortuary Chapel, 631 Washington St., Hoboken, N. J., Monday, Dec. 20, at 10:30 A. M. Interment private.

DOOLING—On Dec. 12, Peter J. Jr., son of Congressman and Mrs. Peter J. Dooling. Funeral Tuesday, Dec. 21, at 11 o'clock from his late residence, 460 West 43d St.; thence to the Church of Holy Cross, where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Please omit flowers.

EDGAR—James M., Jr., son of James M. Edgar, at East Orange, N. J., Saturday, Dec. 18. Services at the funeral chapel of E. N. French, 248 Main St., East Orange, Monday, at 2:30 P. M. Int. L. & W. rail, Jersey City, at 5 P. M. Interment in Woodlawn Cemetery at convenience of family.

ENNIS—On Dec. 18, Mary (nee Esmonde), the beloved wife of Thomas Ennis, and beloved daughter of James Esmonde, native of Clane, County Kildare, Ireland. Funeral from her late residence, 677 9th Av., on Tuesday, Dec. 21, at 9:30 A. M. Thence to Holy Cross Church, where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

FERGUSON—On Saturday, Dec. 18, 1920, Ada Lawrence, wife of James W. Ferguson, and daughter of the late Herbert Lawrence of Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral services at her late residence, 803 Union Av., Cranford, N. J., on Monday, Dec. 20, at 8 P. M. Train leaves foot of Liberty St., New York, at 7 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

GARDNER—In Woodridge, N. J., on Dec. 17, 1920, in the 64th year of her age, Mary Gilmore Farren, wife of

DR. GRANT REJECTS PURITAN AS MODEL

Minister Doubts That It Would Be Beneficial to Have This Type Renewed Today.

CALLS "PILGRIMS" HUMANS

Would Combine Their Idea of Life With Latins' Views for Happier Future.

Although we owe a debt to the Puritans it is a question whether we want their mode of life reproduced today, according to the Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant, rector of the Episcopal Church of the Ascension, Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street. Dr. Grant preached there yesterday morning on "Do we owe anything to the Puritans?" Dr. Grant was advertised to speak on "Do we owe anything to the Pilgrims?" He explained that he substituted the word "Puritan," as that included all of the early colonists who came to the New England coast.

Dr. Grant blamed a number of traits of New England life of this generation to the Puritans and called attention to what he called characteristics of the Pilgrim Fathers which might not be considered especially to their credit. Dr. Grant was born in Boston, educated at Harvard, and his parishes were in Fall River and Swansea, Mass., until he came to his present church twenty-three years ago.

"The Pilgrims were practically lawbreakers," he said. "They were very obstreperous about paying their taxes. Finally they tried to leave England, although there was a law against leaving without a permit, a law which had stood since 1380. They were absolutely, as we should say, sowing seeds politically against England. So if any one says these men did not do anything like breaking the law, you can say all I have just mentioned.

"In the colony of Plymouth the people were not married by a clergyman or buried by a clergyman, but by a civil magistrate. And you may be interested to know that there were divorces in Plymouth, and other evidences that the Pilgrims were human beings.

"In a letter I received this week from the Sabbath Association there was the statement that the Puritan Sunday had produced a very high type of character, and that it would be good for America to have this type reproduced today.

"Is the Puritan type of character one we would like to have reproduced?"

Dr. Grant said that for numerous reasons he questioned whether we want a reproduction of the Puritan mode of life. He advocated "keeping our feet on the ground."

"The Greeks saw the joys of life; the Puritans foreswore the joys of life," he declared. "I cannot understand why we cannot combine the Greek idea with the Puritan idea and cultivate the joy of life. Possibly the Puritans, if they were living today, might admit there were some other right ways of doing things. We owe them a great deal, but if we are looking forward to having the 100,000,000 people in this land live in fellowship, we must put in with some of the conscience of the Puritans also some of the Latin joy. We have got to add to that relation of the past what we have learned since then. We owe the Puritans a great debt, but we also owe to the future a great debt."

BLUE SUNDAY OPPOSED BY RABBI SCHULMAN

Says Problem Is One for Local Solution—Dr. Straton Wants Sabbath Rigidly Observed.

Rabbi Samuel Schulman, at Temple Beth-El, Seventy-sixth Street and Fifth Avenue, said in his sermon yesterday morning that the question of Sunday observance was one for local solution and that it should be decided by a commission representing all elements of the community. The problem, he said, was not for the national Government, nor should the State legislate "to make it impossible for people to have any other form of recreation on Sunday than to go to church or to stay at home."

Rabbi Schulman asked that the question be regarded by all "not from the point of view of their comfort or their entertainment or their amusement or their recreation, but rather from the bearing of a proper observance of a weekly day of rest upon the welfare of those who work for them while they are celebrating.

"For example," he said, "is not the actor or actress entitled to a day of rest in seven like other people? If theatres are to be open seven nights in the week then those who minister to the entertainment and amusement of others are deprived of what we in Western civilisation have been accustomed to recognize as their right to one day of rest. It must not be forgotten that those who play golf have caddies work for them and, quite fairly and dispassionately, they should ask themselves whether it is for the welfare of the caddy that he be kept from church, from Sunday school, because he seems to be indispensable to our recreation." Whatever law was drawn on the subject, Rabbi Schulman said, could only be drawn as the result of "a free exchange of opinion, as an expression of common sense."

The Rev. John Roach Straton, in his sermon at Calvary Baptist Church last night, said the wave of crime now sweeping the country showed "some of the fruits from the violation of the Sabbath Day in this country and the weakening of the Church and the decline of home influence and parental authority which follows as a result when the Sabbath is neglected.

"The whole American nation has been on a joy ride of lawlessness and self-indulgence instead of at a prayer meeting, where we ought to have been, following the great war. We have got to come back to the old land marks and the old home-loving, God-fearing customs of this land, and the best place to start all of that is to re-establish a right observance of the Lord's Day."

Sunday laws that make men miserable are not based on true Christian doctrine, the Rev. Raymond C. Knox, chaplain of Columbia University, said yesterday at the university Christmas service in St. Paul's Chapel.

PRIEST RAPS BLUE SUNDAY.

Says We May Have to Put Women Who Smoke in the Stocks.

Speakers at a dinner of the Society of Arts and Sciences, held last evening in the Astor, denounced what were termed attempts to enact "legislation that will destroy the opportunities for recreation, mediation, observation and education that the American Sunday affords." Speakers included Father Francis P. Duffy, Rabbi Joseph Silverman, Fiorello H. LaGuardia, Sophie Irene Loeb, David W. Griffith and Senator James J. Walker. Assemblyman William C. Amos was toastmaster.

Father Duffy declared that if the agitation continued "the time will come when we will have stocks in Times Square for women who smoke cigarettes and a ducking stool in the East River for scousing hussies who pack vanity cases."

PLAN LUMBER TERMINAL ON HACKENSACK RIVER

$1,000,000 Company Reported to Bring Product Here From Pacific Coast by Water.

A movement for the establishment of a large lumber terminal on the east bank of the Hackensack River, just outside Jersey City, has been started by the organization of the Fulton Lumber Terminal Company. Organization of the company was effected on Friday by the election of F. J. Vander Beck, Treasurer of G. B. Hayward & Co., as President; E. G. Thomle of Seattle, Wash., Vice President; C. W. Daughs of New York, Secretary; Albert Carpenter of New York, Treasurer, and E. R. Shaw, general manager. The directorate consists of B. F. Fitch, Riley Williams and R. H. Reed and the President, Vice President and Treasurer.

It was said that the company would start with a paid-in capital of $1,000,000 and that a tract of fifty acres with a water frontage of half a mile had been leased for ninety-nine years. The plans were said to call for the construction of modern steel fireproof storage sheds with a capacity of 100,000,000 feet of lumber, with electrical handling facilities, a planing mill, a box factory and a sash and door plant.

Arrangements were said to have been made with shipping interests to transport lumber from any point on the Pacific Coast to the proposed terminal at a flat rate of $10 per thousand feet, which was said to be about half the present rate. Although a charge will be made by the terminal company for storage and handling, it was said that with this addition its rate would not equal the present cost of bringing lumber from the Pacific Coast by rail. One of the features of the project is the proposal to deliver lumber within New York City entirely by motor truck, which service, it was said, will be in charge of B. F. Fitch, President of the Motors Terminal Company of New York and Cleveland.

READER MacCULLOCH TO SUE

Christian Scientist Recovers Missing Documents and Will Prosecute.

Campbell MacCulloch of 1,463 Broadway, formerly first reader of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, announced yesterday that he had recovered through Assistant District Attorney Alfred J. Talley documents alleged to have been stolen from his office and that he had retained Higley, Sherman & Booth, attorneys, of 100 Broadway, to begin a civil action against those believed to have taken the documents in an attempt both to collect damages and to fix responsibility for the alleged theft.

Mr. MacCulloch's announcement of his proposed action is the most recent step in the controversy which has divided the membership of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, and follows the reinstatement to membership of twenty-six followers of Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson by Justice Cohalan of the Supreme Court and the attempt of Mr. MacCulloch, a supporter of Mrs. Stetson, to bring about a criminal prosecution of Christian Science officers who, he has alleged, took the documents from his office.

ROBERT E. FORBES MISSING.

Playwright's Brother, Recently Ill, Disappears on Way to Business.

Robert E. Forbes of 319 West Ninety-fourth Street, a brother of James Forbes, the playwright, has been missing, it was learned yesterday, since last Monday morning, when he left his home for the Charles William Stores in Brooklyn, where he is employed in the transportation department. On the theory that his brother had met with an accident or that his absence was due to a recurrence of a recent illness, James Forbes has made a systematic search of the hospitals in Manhattan and Brooklyn, but with no success.

Mr. Forbes, who lives with a sister, had recently recovered from an attack of grip. He is 5 feet 8 inches in height and weighs about 165 pounds. He is smooth shaven, has blue eyes and black hair, turning gray, and wears tortoise shell spectacles. When he left home he wore a black derby, a dark Oxford gray overcoat over a brown suit with a faint red stripe, a blue and white striped shirt with a soft collar, and knitted four-in-hand scarf. He wore two rings, one of a strand of platinum and one of knotted gold.

HUNG FROM TELEPHONE POLE

Columbus Youth Won't Tell Who Tied Him There in a Sack.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 19.—Placed in a large sack and suspended from a spike high up on a telephone pole here last night, Alexander P. Lichten furnished the police a mystery which he himself refuses to assist them in solving.

A note fastened to the bag said: "Do not release him until he tells you why he was put here."

Lichten, who is 21 years old and recently came to Columbus, left his home yesterday afternoon saying he was going to Philadelphia. This was the last seen of him until he was rescued by the police, who are holding him pending investigation.

FINLEY TELLS OF PILGRIMS.

Commissioner Says Their Ideals Should Still Thrive Here.

Dr. John H. Finley, Commissioner of Education of New York State, was the speaker last night at the Broadway Tabernacle. Dr. Finley's address was the story of the Pilgrim Fathers, how they were led to make the journey, and what sort of people they were.

"Their spirit," he said, "ought to live today in our country, so that the thousands of pilgrims who come to us from the other side every day may really find a better land and one in which the ideals and aims of the Mayflower voyagers thrive and are not forgotten."

FURS
Cloth Coats & Evening Wraps
For Holiday Gifts at
DECIDED REDUCTIONS
Clark & Weinberg
634 Fifth Ave. Near 51st St.

FOUNDED 1856
LUXURIANT value at necessity prices.
Men's and Young Men's Winter Overcoats and Ulsters
Reduced to $40. Were $50 to $60
Reduced to $55. Were $65 to $90
Reduced to $75. Were $100 to $125
Sack Suits, mixtures, blue and black.
Reduced to $42. Were $50 to $65
Reduced to $54. Were $65 to $95
High Shoes—All Leathers
Reduced to $8. Were $12 to $20
BROKAW BROTHERS
1457-1463 BROADWAY
AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

Horlick's Racine Montreal London
Originated by HORLICK
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK
The Old Reliable Round Package
Get the ORIGINAL
Fresh, full-creamy milk and the extract of selected malted grain, reduced to powder form.
The Food-Drink for All Ages.
Used successfully for over 1/3 century.
Superior to tea, coffee, cocoa
A quick lunch readily digested.
Invigorating, Nourishing, Delicious
Ask for Horlick's at All Fountains
Prepared in a moment by briskly stirring the powder in hot or cold water. Keep at home or when traveling.
Ask For and Get Horlick's
thus Avoiding Imitations
SUBSTITUTES Cost YOU Same Price
Write for free sample to Horlick's, Dept. B, Racine, Wis.

ROTARY CLUB Activities

H. J. Mischo & Co. Inc.
10 East 39th Street N.Y.
FURRIERS
Furs of Dependable Quality

HULL GRIPPEN & CO
ESTABLISHED 1848
HARDWARE · TOOLS · CUTLERY
AUTOMOBILE ELECTRICAL PLUMBERS, BUILDERS, PAINTERS SUPPLIES
Phone GRAMERCY 3 306-14 THIRD AV.

LUTZ & SHEINKMAN
LITHOGRAPHERS
2 Duane St., N.Y.

WIRE NAILS
COATED — SMOOTH
Let us quote on your requirements
ROY L. BROWER CORP'N
86 Front St. N.Y. Tel. Bow. Grn. 6828-9

ALEXANDER HAMILTON INSTITUTE
Course in Executive Training
15 Astor Place, New York

The Cutler-Hammer Manufacturing Co
Electric Motor Controlling Devices and Allied Products
50 Church St. New York

Hecker's SELF RAISING FLOUR
Especially Prepared For
Biscuits, Cakes and Puddings

Tea — THE NAME VAN DYK SINCE 1780 MEANS QUALITY — Coffee
We sell direct to the people
James Van Dyk Co
50 Barclay Street, N.Y.
Stores and Agencies Everywhere

THIBAUT
for wall papers
RICHARD E. THIBAUT Inc
153 Madison Ave New York

POSTER Advertising
IVAN B. NORDHEM CO
8 West 40th St. New York

New Franklin Prices

Runabout,	$2400	Sedan,	$3600
4-Passenger Roadster,	2500	Brougham,	3500
Touring,	2600	Runabout, With Winter Top	2750

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO. OF NEW YORK.
1828 Broadway, New York
Glenn W. Tisdale, Secretary
Glenn A. Tisdale, President.

EATON & GETTINGER
DEPENDABLE PRINTERS
NIGHT and DAY SERVICE
263 Ninth Avenue
Tel. Chelsea 8680

SEWELL CUSHION WHEEL Co
Save your truck tires—motor—chassis repairs—body—load, by putting your truck on Sewell Cushion Wheels
Permanent resiliency built in the wheel
Call Columbus 7027
N.Y. OFFICE, 515 W. 56th St.


Electric Irons
$7.50 up
If you haven't enjoyed the aid of Electric Appliances in your daily housework, begin now with an Electric Iron. A practical test will convincingly demonstrate the efficiency, economy and labor saving of this modern household convenience.
On Demonstration and Sale at
The United Electric Shops
OF THE UNITED ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.
130 East 15th Street
59th St. & Broadway 14th St. & Broadway

The HOOVEN AUTOMATIC TYPEWRITER
Does the work of four typists at the wages of one.
One typists salary buys it.
HOOVEN SERVICE, Inc.
117 West 46th Street New York
Telephone Bryant 1643

CAFE SAVARIN
Equitable Building NEW YORK
THE truly superior cuisine and the atmosphere of comfort and caste in the Cafe Savarin make it the desirable place to lunch or dine in downtown New York.

FIFTH AVENUE RESTAURANT
Fifth Avenue at 24th St
ALTHOUGH the food served in the Fifth Avenue Restaurant is the best procurable and prepared to please the most critical taste, the charges are consistently moderate.



Domino Syrup
Appealing color
Delightful flavor
Domino quality
American Sugar Refining Company
"Sweeten it with Domino"

December—1620

LATE in December, 1620, the little band of men and women who were to make New England's rockbound coast famous in history stepped foot on American soil. To the Pilgrims we owe our sentimental and gastronomic festive day—Thanksgiving. To the Pilgrims we owe, also the spirit of do-and-dare which was materially responsible for the progress of our golden land.

This month we celebrate the 300th anniversary of their landing. In addition to observing the tercentenary as a patriotic date, it would be well to utilize it as an object lesson.

A Mental Picture

Those of us who have vivid enough imaginations may visualize the little band of people who had braved an endless voyage fraught with every hardship, separated themselves from the land of their birth and entered a country prepared to face any unknown terror—all because they had the *courage of their convictions.*

From this seed sprang the first bred-in-the-bone Americans. Alas! how changed is the current bloom of the original planting. The rocks upon which the Pilgrims stood were symbolic of their fortitude. Today Fortitude is a wisp of down bending to the commanding winds of Politics, Social Supremacy, Finance and a host of lesser lights.

Angles or Curves?

The sharply cut jaws and spare frames of the original Pilgrims have been re-molded by three centuries of opulence and today their many-jowled, well-cushioned descendants are prone to follow the line of least resistance.

The tercentenary of the Landing of the Pilgrims could be put to no better use than the resurrection of a bit of the determination, the steadfastness, the courage and the faith which was theirs.

On Thursday Next

At the luncheon of the Rotary Club of New York, which will be held on Thursday next in the ballroom of Hotel McAlpin, President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia will speak in commemoration of the three hundredth anniversary and New York Rotarians will respond to his words of wisdom and no doubt apply many of them to *their curriculum.*

The Rotary Club of New York is an organization of men representing all lines of commercial activity. Its purpose is to lift men and business to a high ethical level. Headquarters, 22d floor, Hotel McAlpin.

COALS
ANTHRACITE BITUMINOUS
DOUGLASS BARNES CORPORATION
5th Ave. and 53rd St. New York
CABLES · DOUBARCO · ANY CODE

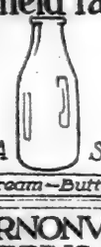
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE COLLENDER CO
World leaders in Billiard and Bowling Equipment
29-35 West 32nd St

FLOWER STEEL ELECTROTYPE Co.
461 Eighth Ave Longacre 2870-1-2
216 William St. Tel Beekman 1351


REAL ESTATE Service
L. J. PHILLIPS & Co.
Established 1873
148 West 72nd Street
158 B'way & B'way cor. 170 St.

E. M. GAITTLE & CO. Jewelers
620 Fifth Ave New York
Opposite the Cathedral

Rees and Rees
Expert Cleaners
Have you ever come to our main office and works? It will be an interesting experience. The address is
232-236 East 40th Street, N. Y. C.
Tel. Murray Hill 4561-4562-4563

Drink More Pure Milk
Sheffield Farms

Grade A Sealed
Milk—Cream—Buttermilk

BOURNONVILLE WELDING CO.
241 W. 64th Street, N.Y.
The quickest way to repair a breakdown is welding

Zampieri Bros.
Bakers of delightful French bread and rolls
17 Cornelia St., New York

A Lumber Yard just off Broadway
WRIGHT LUMBER CO
140-152 W. 38th St.
Also Sash, Doors, Moulding Etc.

Loss-Damage-Delay
Send Your Claims to the
EQUITY FREIGHT CLAIMS BUREAU
350 Broadway

KASTENHUBER AND LEHRFELD
Smelters and Refiners of Precious Metals
24 John St Cort. 5737

AWNINGS
Flag Decorations
McHUGH MFG. CO
J.B. McTeigue, 317 W. 38th St.

BUTTLE for FLOORS
BUTTLE PARQUET FLOOR CO
607 W. 45th St. Longacre 498


Where Columbus meets Broadway at 66th Street
WEAVER SELLS GOOD CLOTHES

Next Issue Tribune, Dec. 27, 1920

Beef Steak Parties
APRONS AND TOWELS RENTED
SHELDON COAT & APRON SUPPLY
Chas E. Abbott, Prop.
363-10th Ave — Tel Chelsea 9523

ADVERTISING
Placed in all Publications
Copy Prepared, Estimates Furnished
Frank Kiernan & Co
135 Broadway, Rector 1252

VULCAN GAS RANGES
Good Fairy of the Kitchen
William M. Crane Co
10 W. 32nd St. New York

LINDENMEYR
A paper for any purpose
Henry Lindenmeyr & Sons
New York—Newark—Hartford

NEW NETHERLAND BANK
41 West 34th Street, New York
SAFE-DEPOSIT-VAULTS

GEHRING
HOTEL REVIEW
HOTEL OFFICIAL GUIDE
OFFICIAL METROPOLITAN GUIDE
Rotarian CHARLES GEHRING 1476 Bway

landay
The center of Musical New York and the Home of Service
VICTROLAS and PIANOS
427-5th Ave. & 28 W. 42 St.

Specify MATHESON the best White Lead
Matheson Lead Co. Long Island City

Buy Your Camera

— and photographic supplies where you can select from the largest stock at right prices.
WILLOUGHBY
Cameras—Supplies
110 West 32d St. Opp. Gimbels

NEW and SECONDHAND BAGS
BURLAP or COTTON
BELL BAG CO.
63 Front St. Bowl. Grn. 9630-1-2

On Lady Lightning

OF what use that a girl's fingers fly over the typewriter keys at lightning tempo, if her every moment at the office is to be hampered by summons to take dictation?
Of what use, if, when she obeys the summons, she must sit a-droning while her employer searches for ideas and convincing words to set them in?
The Dictaphone is Lady Lightning's first aid to raising her business value. The amount of work she can get through with The Dictaphone's help opens her employer's eyes to her speed and efficiency and paves the way to more direct evidence in the pay envelope.
THE DICTAPHONE
Made by the Columbia Graphophone Co.
Phone Worth 7250 Call at 280 Broadway

TAKES REFERENDUM ON CHANGE IN TAXES

Chamber of Commerce Submits Proposals for Revision to Its Members.

WANTS VIEW ON SALES LEVY

Asks Expression Also on Repeal of Excess Profits Tax and Increase of Income Tax.

SEES NO CUT FOR YEARS

Government Revenues Must Continue High, It Says, Urging Strict Economy.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—A proposed program of Federal tax revision, suggesting radical changes in present methods, was put to a referendum vote today by the United States Chamber of Commerce. The proposals were prepared by the Chamber's Committee on Taxation, which has made nearly a year's study of the subject. In sending out the proposals the Chamber's Board of Directors made it clear that the board itself neither approved nor dissented from the report. The sole purpose of the referendum, it was explained, was to obtain the opinion of the country's business organizations.

The propositions upon which the Chamber's members were asked to express their views are:

1. The excess profits tax should be repealed.

2. Revenues now derived from the excess profits tax should be obtained from taxes on incomes.

3. There should also be excise taxes upon some articles of wide use but not of first necessity.

4. Should a sales tax be levied instead of the taxes mentioned in the second and third proposals?

5. Should a sales tax be levied in addition to such taxes as are mentioned in the second and third proposals?

6. Members voting in favor of proposal four or proposal five are asked to indicate the type of sales tax they advocate, whether a general turnover tax, a limited turnover tax or a retail sales tax.

7. There should be a moderate and graduated undistributed earnings tax on corporations.

8. Each individual stockholder of a corporation should pay his own normal tax.

9. Incomes from any new issues of securities which may lawfully be made subject to Federal tax should be taxable.

10. American citizens resident abroad should be exempt from the American tax upon income derived abroad and not remitted to the United States.

11. Profits arising from sale of capital assets should be allocated over the period in which earned and taxed at the rates for the several years in the period.

12. An exchange of property of a like or similar nature should be considered merely as replacements.

13. Net losses and inventory losses in any taxable year should cause redetermination of taxes on income for the preceding year.

14. Assessment by the Government of an tax based on income should precede payment.

15. Administration of income taxation should be decentralized.

The committee's own judgment with regard to a sales tax was declared to be that it was impracticable.

The committee made it plain that, in its opinion, the Government's expenses would remain high for some time and it explained that the revision it proposed was not aimed at reducing the amount of yield, but in changing the manner of levying important taxes.

"Frank recognition of the situation," the committee said, "brings realization that the country must continue for several years to bear a heavy burden of taxation."

Strict economy by the Government and the people was urged. The Government, said the committee, must use the proceeds of taxes only for essential purposes, reducing the billions of floating debt and abolishing annual deficits in the Treasury.

"This is no time," the report declared, for diversion of the receipts from heavy taxes, gladly assumed in patriotic support of war, to new undertakings of doubtful public benefit."

The committee, in putting forth its recommendations went into each proposition in some detail. For the benefit of organizations asked to consider the report the referendum pamphlet accompanying the ballot cited at length negative arguments on each proposal advanced so that those voting could study considerations for and against each proposition.

BERLIN PAPERS ACCUSE BOLSHEVIST ENVOY

Say Kopp Has Been Working on Orders From Trotzky to Start Revolution.

BERLIN, Dec. 18.—Victor Kopp, the Russian Soviet representative in Berlin, has been working under written instructions from Minister of War Trotzky "to do everything in his power to bring about a revolution in Germany and overthrow the present government," it is charged by the Pan-German Deutsche Zeitung in tonight's issue.

A photographic copy of Trotzky's letter with instructions to this effect is now in possession of Foreign Minister Simons, the newspaper says, and it makes a demand for the immediate expulsion or arrest of the Soviet representatives.

According to the newspaper's information, the letter was written during the victorious march of the Bolshevist armies toward Warsaw. Since then, declares the article, Kopp has had every opportunity to visit the Russian prison camps in Germany where 160,000 Russians are held, approximately 30,000 of whom were captured during the war and the remainder interned during the Bolshevist drive into Poland. Great numbers of Russians were forced to cross the German border by the Polish reaction.

The charges against Kopp were made in connection with a national interpellation in the Reichstag which charged that the "free and easy" manner in which the Germans were managing the Russian prison camps under the Imperial Department offered a fertile field for propaganda.

Dr. Simons declined to go into details before the Reichstag, but said the evidence against Kopp was insufficient to warrant Government action. The interpellation, however, resulted in an order that these camps hereafter be under the authority of the Ministry of Defense.

The Kreuz Zeitung and the Deutsche Tageszeitung have been hammering the Administration steadily for several weeks on the ground that the Russian prisoners in Germany "in reality formed a bodyguard for Kopp," and they alleged that Bolshevist propagandists in every camp have been working virtually unmolested. These organs express belief that the situation has been allowed to develop to such a threatening extent that the German Government will be endangered unless steps are taken at once "to remove the menace."

SMALL SALES TAX PROPOSED BY KAHN

One-third or One-fourth of 1 Per Cent. on Commodities Only.

WOULD YIELD $600,000,000

Might Exempt Farm Products—Admits Burden Would Fall on Consumer.

A proposal for a gross sales tax of one-third or one-fourth of 1 per cent. on commodities only to take the place of the excess profits tax was proposed yesterday by Otto H. Kahn in a statement addressed to the National Industrial Conference Board.

Criticising the present system of taxation, Mr. Kahn said he believed that "the recent semi-panicky collapse in the market for securities may be ascribed in considerable part to forced offerings by those in pressing need of cash with which to pay taxes." He said he believed that the "present discomfiture" was due largely to "advanced" taxation.

"My suggestion is whether it would not be worth while to try the experiment of a carefully designed, gross sales or turn-over tax, limited to commodities, but only at a rate which would be an almost nominal one, say, one-quarter or possibly one-third of 1 per cent. That would mean assuming even that the tax passes in all instances from the original producer, manufacturer, jobber, and all other to the ultimate consumer, an almost imperceptible addition to ultimate costs.

"[It may be appropriate to exempt from that tax, the sales of their products (including live stock) by farmers, even though it may safely be assumed that, in actual operation, the tax in their case would definitely fall on the buyer and not the seller.]

"As a year's test on the experimental miniature scale here suggested, would demonstrate in actual practice the workings of such a tax and would enable public opinion to judge definitely whether it should be retained, enlarged or discarded. Meanwhile, even when applied on that modest scale, the tax ought to produce very considerable revenue."

Mr. Kahn estimated that at the rate of one-third of 1 per cent., a gross sales tax on commodities only, yielding in some where between $550,000,000 and $650,000,000 for the twelve-months period beginning July 1, 1921. (With farm crops and live stocks exempted, the yield would be reduced by probably 10 per cent.)

"That is not enough, of course," said Mr. Kahn, "to make up for the yield from the excess profits tax and from other taxes that ought to be revised or abolished, but it is a very large sum and would go a long way to help in meeting the deficiency to be made good.

Mr. Kahn further suggested "that the business community go slow in sponsoring any methods of taxation which may be calculated to create the impression upon the great body of public opinion that in their contribution to the thought on tax revision the representatives of business are mainly concerned with conserving their own interests, and aiming to curtail the due share of the fiscal burden which the country must bear as a legacy of the war.

"Taken together with the action of various other elements influencing the public mind in this sense, it is easy to be instrumental in causing an intolerable strain upon our financial resources, a scramble for funds, credit inflation, mounting costs and, finally, forced liquidation and a sudden and violent shrinkage in values, including the products of agriculture."

GIOLITTI NOW READY TO FACE D'ANNUNZIO

Ratification of Treaty by Both Houses Prepares the Way for the Duel.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Dec. 19.—Now that the treaty of Rapallo has been ratified by the Senate, it is an accomplished fact, as the signature of the King is a mere formality. The Premier has all along declared that he would take no steps in the Fiume affair until the treaty was accepted by both houses. Giolitti and d'Annunzio now resemble two fencers facing each other, on the alert for the first move which must take place in the duel which they are in haste to fight out.

The following extract from the Epoca suggests the forces which are backing the Premier:

"Against the treaty of Rapallo, 14 Deputies, 29 Senators, 1 poet; in favor of the treaty, all Italians who feel the necessity of a sound foothold to launch themselves into the future."

There is no possible doubt that the whole nation has demonstrated its will to stand no nonsense from d'Annunzio, although they all recognize that through him Fiume has been made an independent State.

Giolitti, however, has many other pressing problems which are crying to be solved, such as the increase in the price of bread, which always has been a thorny question greatly interesting the Socialists, who violently oppose it, and the indemnity for mutilated soldiers. The mutilated, deeming that their interests might be opposed, organized a demonstration outside the Parliament Building. They even went so far as to stop all private cars, politely but firmly inviting the occupants to descend, and, taking their place, ordered the driver to conduct them whither they wished. After calm had been restored the motor cars were sent back to their owners.

Every one believes, however, that, just as Giolitti satisfactorily solved the metallurgical question and conducted the municipal election, so he will be able to overcome the present difficulties.

Airplanes Go Over to d'Annunzio.

ROME, Dec. 19.—The Idea Nazionale says it learns from Zara that two Italian military airplanes have joined the forces of Gabriele d'Annunzio at Fiume.

HINTS OF ARGENTINE RETURN

Pueyrredon Finds Belief That League Amendments Will Be Made.

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 19.—The possibility of the return of Argentina to renewed active membership in the League of Nations was forecast by Honorio Pueyrredon, Argentine Foreign Minister and head of the delegation of that nation which recently withdrew from the Assembly of the League at Geneva, in an interview with the London correspondent of The Nacion of this city, cabled here today.

Señor Pueyrredon said that it seemed to him the preponderance of opinion among the American nations was that the amendments to the covenant which had been offered by Argentina would ultimately be incorporated in it, in which case he foresaw no difficulty in the return of Argentina's representatives.

COLBY DUE TO LAND IN BRAZIL TUESDAY

His Ship, the Florida, Has Been Delayed and Will Reach Rio Janeiro a Day Late.

HE OUTLINES HIS MISSION

Says He Hopes to Impress on Latin Americans Our Good-Will and Respect for Them.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

U. S. S. FLORIDA, Dec. 20.—The Florida is nearing the northeast coast of Brazil and Secretary Colby is beginning to show the effects of his week at sea. I had a little chat with the Secretary on the forward deck this morning after the gun drill. Secretary Colby evidently has a very definite idea of the purpose and scope of his visit and proposes to adhere very literally to his conception of his mission.

In his addresses in South America he will not discuss the Monroe Doctrine or the League of Nations, and he will not pose as the representative of the "big brother of the north." In fact, he hopes to impress upon the minds of Latin Americans that the United States desires to cultivate a Pan-American friendship based on equality and mutual self-respect.

"I am primarily commissioned to represent President Wilson in returning the visits of President Pessoa of Brazil and President Brum of Uruguay to the United States," he said. "My visit is, of course, official, and yet is strictly friendly and social. Both parts of our continent are conscious of the similarity of their political and social aims, and each is working toward the realization of those aims under dissimilar and, in many instances, entirely distinct conditions. To deepen our understanding of each other must always be the aim of enlightened policies.

"We have had a President who has often affirmed his respect for the sovereignty and self-sufficiency of the nations of Latin America. President Wilson in all his speeches has emphasized the desire to help and promote the evolution of prosperous national life in our sister republics, without seeking in the remotest degree to impart any influence or directions to that process arriving from our own habits and prepossessions.

"The friendship between our countries is not new. It has been developing more than a century and is acquiring every day a firmer foundation through clearer mutual knowledge and a deepening mutual respect.

"I shall be very happy and content if my short calls at the capitals of Brazil, Uruguay and Argentina serve pleasantly to emphasize the respect and cordial good-will which is felt toward those Governments by the people of the United States.

"The visit of President Pessoa of Brazil and President Brum of Uruguay produced on the American people a very deep impression, which will last for many years. I am hoping to return those visits in the spirit in which they were made."

RIO JANEIRO, Dec. 19.—Bainbridge Colby, American Secretary of State, who expected to arrive here tomorrow, has been delayed and will not reach this harbor until Tuesday, according to a wireless dispatch received from the battleship Florida.

Plans for Mr. Colby's visit here contemplate his remaining in Rio for three days, and from here he will go to Montevideo, not stopping off at Santos. Colonel Anglo Ferraz and Commander Mesidan will be attached to Secretary Colby's suite as, respectively, representatives of the Brazilian army and navy. The Chamber of Deputies has appointed a committee which will join the Senate Committee in welcoming Mr. Colby to Brazil.

SEES BASIS LAID AT GENEVA.

League of Nations News Bureau Sums Up Assembly's Work.

A summary of accomplishments by the first League of Nations Assembly was issued last night by the League of Nations News Bureau, of which Herbert S. Houston is Chairman. It read:

"While considerable time must pass before the success or failure of the first meeting of the League of Nations Assembly can be gauged correctly, the following general or specific achievements appear evident at the present moment:

"1. The meeting established precedents for international discussion and co-operation going far beyond anything previously recorded in human history.

"2. The League became a living reality to the delegates, many of whom had arrived in a very skeptical mood.

"3. Every participating Government became equipped with a staff of trained people familiar with the workings and policies of the League.

"4. Delegates from the smaller nations and from countries recently counted as colonies played an unexpectedly important part in the proceedings and proved themselves genuine leaders.

"5. The willingness of Japan to defer the question of race equality and the general agreement to postpone amendments to the covenant were significant proofs of unwillingness to embarrass the League.

"6. The Assembly proved itself an independent body capable of initiative and determined to assume its full share of responsibility without any tendency toward arrogant sub-assertion.

"7. The organization of the League was completed and foundations laid for its future development and improvement.

"8. The adoption of a budget placed the League on a sound financial basis.

"9. The internal organization created by the Secretary General was subjected to a crucial test and found in excellent working order.

"10. Six new States were admitted to membership, the admission of two former enemy States marking the most important step taken so far toward a bridging of the chasms created by the World War.

"11. The election of China to the Council should speed the solution of the Shantung problem and may assist that ancient empire to assume its proper place among the great autonomous powers of the world.

"12. Article XI. of the covenant was formally interpreted as a guaranty of protection against unprovoked foreign aggression, and not as a guaranty of the territorial limits and political conditions established by the peace treaties against changes of any kind.

"13. Everything possible was done to enable the United States to join the League on its own terms.

"14. The adoption of the plans for an International Court of Justice marks the first effective step toward the creation of an international tribunal not confined to the part of a mere mediator or arbitrator.

"15. An appeal to the various Governments not to increase their present expenditures for armaments during the next two years was the only formal step taken on behalf of disarmament, but the temper of the meeting was unmistakably in favor of more far-reaching action within a near future.

"16. Definite provisions were made for the use of the economic blockade against possible violators of the covenant.

"17. Bureaus were established to deal with economic questions and international communications.

"18. The principles set forth and formally adopted by an overwhelming majority of the delegations on the mandates question will go far toward compelling the future adoption of a mandate policy in agreement with the spirit of the covenant.

"19. Arrangements were made for an international conference to plan effective measures against the traffic in women and children.

"20. A special committee was appointed to take charge of the fight against typhus and other epidemics in Eastern Europe."

Sees Plague Peril in South America As Immigrant Tide Is Diverted From Here

PARIS, Dec. 19 (Associated Press).—The tide of European emigration will be turned to South America in the event of the United States erecting barriers against immigration, is the opinion of Dr. Rupert Blue, Assistant Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service, whose staff of American doctors is supervising at every European port the medical examination, vaccination and delousing of all emigrants bound for the United States.

"The most striking danger of increased emigration southward," said Dr. Blue today, "is the likelihood of Old World plagues and war-generated maladies being carried along. Already our strict medical inspection at ports of departure has had a repercussion on South America, for thousands of the emigrants we reject turn elsewhere, and many of them have succeeded in obtaining medical and vaccination certificates entitling them to entrance into a majority of the South American countries.

"Many of those securing such admittance are suffering from insidious diseases which will develop virulent and mental diseases, which rapidly will result in debilitation."

Dr. Blue added that the rigors of the examinations by the American doctors influenced sickly emigrants to take the easier route to South America. The American examination, he said, consisted of a course of scrubbing, steaming, shaving and clipping in the delousing plants and afterward the fumigation of all effects of a would-be emigrant, and later a triple examination by experts.

VIENNA IN THROES OF FINANCIAL PANIC

Foreign Currencies Soar as People Rush to Exchange Their Kronen.

MINISTER DENIES RUMORS

Talk of Forced Loan and Closing of Stock Exchange — Deficit Now Exceeds Revenue.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 19.—Something in the nature of a panic is at present raging in Vienna, every one trying to get rid of his superfluous kronen. So great is the desire to change kronen into foreign currency or stock certificates that these all show remarkable increases in value.

For instance, the pound sterling has risen during this week from 2,300 to 2,450 kronen. This means that kronen which before the war were worth tenpence, are now worth less than one hundredth of a tenpence. Dollars, too, have jumped 77 points, and all other foreign currencies have moved proportionally. Shares have participated in the same upward move. The opening prices in some instances being 100 points up while one security gained 1,095 kronen.

These prices represent, as regards their increases, little more than the fear of what will happen to kronen and a desire to have something more real than banknotes in possession if the crash comes. Rumors have been circulating for some time that the Finance Ministry intended raising a forced loan, to be paid partly by banknotes being called in and restamped at half their value. In addition it was rumored that the exchange was to be closed owing to the state of the international exchanges and speculation here, which was reducing the krone below the value at which it was quoted in Switzerland, Prague, and below its purchasing power in Austria.

These rumors immediately set every one agog with excitement and fear, and hence this rush to get rid of kronen notes either before they are stamped or before the exchanges is closed.

The Finance Minister has issued a statement that those rumors are unfounded so far as the immediate financial future is concerned, and it is hoped thereby that some brake will be put on the madness of this Viennese, who are further ruining their own currency by this panic.

Among the heaviest purchasers of stocks and foreign currency are said to be the peasants, who long have been hoarding kronen notes and now at last are disgorging them.

Although the Finance Minister's statement is reassuring for the short period presumably covered by it, no great change may be expected in the value of kronen, as it is patently obvious to every one that the State coffers are empty. The budget deficit, estimated recently at 25,000,000 kronen, is already more than the estimate, and now the Government has had to ask Parliament to grant powers for a new credit of 8,000,000,000 kronen to cover the two months of January and February. This credit has no covering and means simply further inflation to which extension will take place and that indebtedness is now accumulating at the rate of practically 4,000,000,000 kronen monthly, while no one can foresee what the deficit will ultimately be.

PARIS CARDINAL WARNS ON DRESS AND DANCES

Message Read in All Churches—Extremes in Styles and Dance Craze Passing.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—A solemn message to all the women of his diocese by Cardinal Dubois, Archbishop of Paris, to abstain from too scanty dress and unseemly dances was read from the pulpits of all Paris churches this morning.

"On several occasions," the message read, "our venerated predecessor, Cardinal Amette, recalled to the Christian women and girls their duty to abstain from indecent dress and unseemly dances. We would repeat the warning. We conjure our diocesans to have nothing to do with fashions of dress which are opposed to Christian decency. We recall to them that in conscience Christian women and girls should not take part under any pretext in indecorous dances which mostly bear exotic names and are of exotic origin.

"We recall to confessors that they should apply on these points as on all others the rules of moral theology. We have confidence that the women and girls of our diocese whose spirit of faith, piety and docility we know will give a good example."

What effect the Archbishop's letter will have it is not possible to say, but the fact should be recorded that among French women of the respectable classes dress has returned into the ways of decency, the dancing epidemic in its wilder forms is also on a swift decline. The fever has passed and impassioned fox-trotters no longer crowd the floors of all restaurants and halls every evening and even during dinner. There are, of course, a considerable number of survivors of last year's craze and there are even more who dance because they have got into the habit of it. But the craze has passed like that of roller skating and among the many speculators who last year built in mad haste dance halls in all the suburbs of Paris there are many bitterly regretting the fickleness of human nature.

Also there are not so many this year as last who feel inclined to pay sixty and seventy francs for each bottle of champagne consumed during the evening spent getting hot and dusty in Montmartre.

A Man Who Earned $11,000,000

But has given it all away.

He will be the subject of an absorbing article in

The New York Times

NEXT SUNDAY

Order from your newsdealer in advance.

SPAIN AND BRITAIN TO FORM NEW TIES

Conversations Looking to a Strong Commercial Convention Are Now Admitted.

MAY EVEN BE AN ENTENTE

Spain, Ending Her Policy of Isolation, Found British Agreement the Most Advantageous.

MADRID, Dec. 19 (Associated Press).—Although Marquis de Lema, the Spanish Foreign Minister, was noncommittal today when questioned regarding the reports of an important treaty having been concluded between Spain and Great Britain, there is inclination in the highest political circles here to give credit to the indications which have found publicity recently from various quarters that Spain intends to break away from the isolation which has been her policy since the restoration of the monarchy. The Foreign Minister's informal statement was that he was unable to give a definite reply to the inquiry regarding the reported Anglo-Spanish treaty, but he remarked that the relations between the two countries were of the most cordial nature.

Inquiries made of Cabinet members in an effort to obtain a statement for publication developed nothing of that nature, the Minister declining to be quoted. It is generally admitted, however, that conversations have been progressing for several months with a view to the negotiation of a strong commercial convention with Great Britain. It is argued on many sides that such a convention would be a purely logical outcome of present conditions, as Spain is in need of foreign counsel and assistance to aid in her development.

It was thought at one time that an agreement with the Latin countries of Europe would be the ideal policy for Spain to pursue, but both the monarch and the nation as a whole appear to have come to the conclusion that such a policy would be more idealistic than practical, and that it was necessary that material benefits be sought.

King Alfonso, with his customary energy, occupied himself with the question and did everything in his power to cement the already cordial relations with the South American countries. Meanwhile the statesmen of Spain were considering the situation in all its lights before making any approach to another nation.

As the result of their investigation it was found that the sister Latin nations of Europe were in virtually the same position as Spain herself, France, Italy and Portugal having similar natural products for disposal, such as wine, oil and fruits. Then, according to high political quarters, the United States was taken into consideration as an outlet for Spanish trade, but it was found that the recent laws in America closed the market to Spanish wines, as they, too, are grown in abundance in the United States and its oils are drawn to a great extent from Italy, so that the trade would be somewhat one-sided.

With Germany and Austria out of the question for the time being, at least, only two other available points of the compass for the moment were Spanish America and Great Britain. The natural affinity of race, it is pointed out, attracted Spain toward Spanish America, which new relations were constantly becoming stronger. The difficulties of shipping and connections for an immediate increase in the South American trade, however, were found to be great. Therefore only Great Britain was left, and here the opening seems to have been found.

The official relations between Spain and England always have been friendly. The families of the two royal houses are very close to each other, while Great Britain offered a good market for all the Spanish products, and being near at hand, could give good terms for the exchange of commodities. It is generally believed in political quarters that the recent frequent visits of King Alfonso to his wife's relatives were a cover for informal conversations, which are now reported to have reached the point where an announcement of a commercial convention is a matter of a short time, probably taking the shape of a message from the King to the new Cortes.

Some of the Spanish statesmen, including Count Romanones and Santiago Alba, are of the opinion that the negotiations have gone further and have reached the stage of an entente of a nature similar to that which existed between France and Great Britain before the war. It is a matter of competent report that both Premier Dato and Marquis de Lema are favorable to some such step.

LONDON, Dec. 19.—A Reuter dispatch from Madrid today reports the issuance of an official denial by Foreign Minister de Lema of the recent rumors that an Anglo-Spanish alliance had been concluded.

FIGHT IN PRAGUE CHAMBER.

German Deputies Who Created Disturbance Must Pay for Damage.

PRAGUE, Czechoslovakia, Dec. 18.—A bill nationalizing the Carlsbad, Teplitz, Aussig and Oderberg Railways was passed by the Assembly on Friday night. The measure was strongly opposed by the German Deputies, because it permits of the transfer by the State of employes.

The session of the Chamber was marked by stormy scenes, such as characterized the old Vienna Parliament. The opposition members indulged in desk-smashing, noise-making and fisticuffs. The disorder culminated in a rush by the Germans upon the Speaker's tribune. A score of unarmed policemen were ordered into the Chamber, whereupon the Germans left the hall, and the bill was passed in their absence.

The Speaker of the Assembly announced that the Germans must pay for the damage to the furniture.

WILLERS LAYS FALL TO EARLY 'IMPULSES'

Captain Says "Kleptomaniacal Outgrowth" Caused Desertion and Embezzlement.

REPUDIATES HIS SPY STORY

Tells Governors Island Court-Martial He Is Loyal to United States.

Captain John A. Willers, former commanding officer of Company I, Forty-eighth Infantry, whose arrest was caused on Dec. 7 in this city by a brother officer in his command on a charge of deserting from Camp Sevier, S. C., and embezzling more than $3,000 of company funds in December, 1918, was tried yesterday at Governors Island by a court-martial headed by Colonel William E. Allaire. The court's decision will not be made known for several days. The holding of a court-martial trial on Sunday was said not to be unusual.

Captain Willers, who, when arrested, declared that he was Hans Willers, one of three hundred German cadets sent to this country by the German Government to serve in the American Army for espionage purposes, testified that the story was a fabrication, that he was loyal to the United States, and that he did not know what he was saying when he told the police the spy story. He confessed his desertion and embezzlement, and attributed both to "an uncontrollable impulse," the outgrowth of kleptomaniacal impulses which first developed when he was 10 years old.

Major William A. Turnbull, who conducted the prosecution, put into evidence a report filed by a medical board headed by Major Henry L. Krafft which declared that Willers was mentally competent at the time of his desertion and that he was above the average in intelligence. Major Krafft, supplementing the report by testimony, said that Willers suffered from a form of kleptomania which manifested itself in a desire to take things for which he had no use. The witness explained that it was not a mental disease but a form of inherited defective character.

Lieut. Col. John L. Bond testified that Captain Willers was one of the best disciplinarians he had ever seen. He said Willers could "grasp every military order and movement with quickness. Former Lieutenant Sidney P. Howell, who succeeded Willers in command after the latter deserted, testified that Willers always seemed to have plenty of money. Colonel William E. Grote, in command of the Forty-eighth Infantry, who sent out a general alarm for the missing captain, testified that Willers had absented himself on two occasions when the regimental officers were having group photographs taken.

After the prosecution had rested, Lieut. Col. William A. Deane, counsel for the defense, called Mrs. Willers to the stand. She testified she met Willers in June of last year, and worked for him as a bookkeeper and typist in a small mail order business he ran in Chicago. They were married three months later in Terre Haute, Ind.

Had Something on His Mind.

Asked if she had ever noticed anything peculiar about her husband's life, she replied that she had to attend personally to most of his office business as he could not be trusted himself to conduct it. He would neglect important details and seemed to have something on his mind continuously, she recalled, though he was non-commital as to the nature of his troubles.

Mrs. Willers, who was attractive and girlish looking, held up well while on the witness stand, but was overcome for several minutes when she was through with her testimony.

In refusing to let the German spy story told by Willers on the night of his arrest, Colonel Doane introduced the deposition of Frank Dose of Lafayette, Ind., an uncle of the defendant. Mr. Dose asserted that Willers had come to this country in 1905 and had since lived here continuously.

Captain Willers, who was then called in his own defense, wore the uniform of a Captain in the United States Army. He gave his age as 29 and said he was born in Etzin, Germany, a town near Hamburg, where his father was engaged in the leather business. Willers testified that when he was 14 his family sent him to the United States because he had since the age of 10 developed a streak of kleptomania, which had kept until he was 21 and during that period he had stolen several articles of value and had run away from home several times.

He said his career as a soldier began when he joined the Colorado National Guard doing guard duty in the coal fields. In the Spring of 1914 he came to New York and enlisted in the United States Coast Artillery at Albany. Willers said he did not complete his term of enlistment, but bought his discharge. Two years later, he said, he joined the infantry and was stationed at Fort Slocum until sent to the Second Officers' Training Camp at Plattsburg, when he received his captain's commission.

Influenza Weakened Him.

Willers testified that at Camp Sevier he suffered an attack of influenza which weakened him, but kept up until after the armistice, when he said, he began to worry about his parents and sisters in Germany. He said he was harrassed by fever constantly. He declared his finances were always good, adding that he had received large sums a few times at poker games.

"Can you explain what impelled you to leave?" Colonel Doane asked.

"Two men in my company had bought Liberty bonds," said Willers. "When a sergeant brought them to me to keep for the owners I was seized with a desire to possess them. I just had to have them, it seemed. The next day I went to the local bank and told the cashier to get together all the Liberty bonds he could and I gave him not only the company funds, but some of my own as well. I had no idea I was going to leave Camp Sevier when I purchased the bonds.

"I have sworn allegiance only to one country, the United States," Willers said. "I have lived up to my oath. I had no ulterior motive in joining the army and if I had gone to France I would have performed my duty as well as any other officer in the service of this country."

EXPLAIN BOLOGNA TROUBLE.

Four Nationalists Take Responsibility for Attack on Deputies.

BOLOGNA, Italy, Dec. 19.—In Nationalist circles it was said today that reports alleged to have been sent out by the Socialist Party concerning the attack upon Deputy Bentini and Signor Ciccioal, members of the Chamber of Deputies, on their arrival here from Rome, had been greatly exaggerated.

Ciccioal, it was said, was attacked by a group of students, one of whom wounded the Deputy in the head. Bentini, it was added, was insulted by a Nationalist, who attempted to strike him, but was protected by carabineers. Four Nationalists surrendered to the police later, declaring that they would take upon themselves the entire responsibility for the attacks on the Deputies. These men are being held to await the decision of the courts.

A dispatch from Rome on Saturday said that the excitement in the Chamber of Deputies over interpellations presented by the Socialists concerning the recent disorders in Lecca, to which Socialists were beaten by Nationalists, had been heightened by news that Bentini and Ciccioal had been attacked by Nationalists on their arrival in Bologna.

Deschanel to Re-enter Politics.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—Paul Deschanel, who resigned as President of France in September because of ill-health, has completely recovered and will proceed to the Department of Eure et Loir on Tuesday, where he will inaugurate his Senatorial campaign. This was disclosed today by Raoul Peret, President of the Senate, upon his return from a visit which he paid the former President.

Textile Unions Accept Wage Cut Under Protest

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Dec. 19.—The textile unions of this city voted tonight to continue work under protest on the new wage scale to go into effect tomorrow in the mills here, representing a 22½ per cent. reduction in wages. A two-thirds vote of the ten unions is necessary to declare a strike and only one of the unions voted in favor of such action.

A large proportion of the 25,000 operatives in the city will be without work for the present, notwithstanding today's action. Several mills are shut down and others are running only two or three days a week.

Some of the manufacturers said today they had notified firms from which they purchase supplies that they expected lower prices on commodities, as they did not intend to have their operatives the only persons subject to the effects of declining wages. One of them said that if other industries failed to reduce labor costs he was in favor of the mills cancelling the present reduction.

COMPROMISE POLICY GAINING IN FRANCE

Another Test of Leygues's Attitude Toward Germany to Come Soon in Chamber.

ECONOMIC PRESSURE FELT

Military Party Will Endeavor to Show, Through Retiring Minister, German Menace Is Still Present.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—France today is set squarely at the parting of the ways. She is called upon to choose which of two roads she will follow in foreign policy, especially policy toward Germany. Two events that occurred within a few hours of each other on last Friday seemed by coincidence to emphasize the widely different nature of these roads. The one in Paris was the attack delivered upon the French Government by the Militarist Party in the Chamber of Deputies. The other in Brussels was the statement by German experts of German views on the reparations question in the reparations conference.

There was another connection than that of time between the two events. The new Premier, M. Leygues, has adopted the reparations policy advocated by Lloyd George of discussing the question face to face with Germany instead of the treaty method by which the amount due would be fixed by the Reparations Commission and Germany ordered to deliver it. This has been the policy of Briand hitherto, and when Millerand unwillingly was induced to deviate from it at Spa, he raised a storm of protest in the Chamber of Deputies. Frankly and deliberately Leygues chooses the path of compromise.

It is a question whether the partisans of force in the Chamber will allow him to continue. The resignation of the War Minister on the ground that Germany still was too dangerous for France to reduce her army gave them an unexpected opportunity. Friday's debate was a direct appeal to the heart of the choice before France, force or compromise. Leygues won by the production of figures showing that France was immeasurably weaker than France and of facts showing that France was in an impregnable position upon the Rhine. He won by a chance desperate need to reduce expenditure and by the insistent demand of industry and agriculture that the period during which men were to be taken for military service be shortened as much as possible.

But the victory was not final. If Minister Lefèvre, as his friends declare, can show proofs that Germany's disarmament is not genuine, that she has a great army disguised as civic guards, great stocks of concealed weapons and munitions above all of her treaty, she deliberately is plotting revenge, the tide of opinion may turn back against compromise. Lefèvre says he did not bring forward these proofs on Friday night because he did not wish to appear to be joining the attack on the Government. But he has promised to produce them next week in the debate on the army estimates.

At present the French sentiment toward Germany, despite the one or two doubtful points mentioned in Friday's debate, is less directly hostile than ever before. The reports from Brussels have created a favorable impression and the policy of compromise has an excellent chance of success. The necessity that the reparations problem be solved and military expenses reduced, if France's financial situation is not to become desperate, makes strongly in its favor. Unless the Germans show unexpected stubbornness and stupidity at Brussels, or M. Lefèvre can produce facts of unexpected weight, there is every indication that France will follow the road of compromise, moderation and economy.

REPARATION FIGURE LIKELY TO BE FIXED

Generally Admitted at Brussels That Germany Can't Pay Large Sum Expected.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 19 (Associated Press).—The approximate amount Germany will have to pay in reparations seems likely to be developed at the present conference here between the allied and German delegates. It appears to be agreed that the reparations must be accepted chiefly in goods.

The conversations between the allied and German experts are proceeding so satisfactorily that it is generally believed the delegations will be able at no distant date to tell their Governments with some degree of definiteness what Germany is willing to do and also give to them the highest figure which they believe can be obtained from Germany without a too great depletion of the country's resources.

The secrecy of the experts concerning the negotiations have been greatly increased, for it is now generally admitted that the facts thus far established show that it will be impossible to compel Germany to pay the immense reparations expected from her, particularly those demanded by the French people. The Germans, for their part, seem conscious that anything acceptable by the Allies will be considered too great by the German people.

As a consequence, it is said, the desire now is to give all the Governments a chance to educate their peoples to that state of mind where they will accept any necessary compromise.

The Germans are still working on the thirty-six questions submitted by the Allies. Their private conversations will continue tomorrow. The question as to what goods shall be delivered will be handled by M. Seydoux of the French Foreign Office, and that of cash by Lord D'Abernon of Great Britain.

Mexican Mine Interests Reassured.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 19.—The decision of the Cabinet yesterday to grant free exportation of silver and free importation of materials used in mining silver and copper will, it is believed here, alleviate the present critical situation in those industries.

DOUBT IF CONGRESS CAN HELP FARMERS

Washington Observers Feel Government Cannot Check Present Price Decline.

MEMBERS, TOO, ARE AT ODDS

Southern and Western Leaders Will Ask for Bi-Partisan Support at Meeting Today.

WILSON VETO IS EXPECTED

But Even If Bill Becomes Law Houston, It Is Said, Could Refuse to Make Loans.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—Leading members of Congress, familiar with the operations of the laws of commerce and the increasing depressed business conditions resulting from after-war trade adjustments, do not expect to see Congress afford any relief to the farmers through the operation of the War Finance Corporation or the imposition of a temporary tariff on farm products, just agreed to by the Ways and Means Committee.

These students of affairs are in agreement with Secretary Houston, who gave his opinion, in appearing before committees considering the resolution to revive the War Finance Corporation, that "no Government can check the operation of the law of trade now operating in all directions" to reduce the cost of commodities.

In the first place, it is pointed out that President Wilson, if he accepts the conclusion of Mr. Houston, will not approve the resolution restoring the War Finance Corporation, which the Senate will be called upon to reconsider again because of the amendments made yesterday by the House. Even should the President give way to the demand from the farming sections of the West and South, as Congress did, and sign the resolution, Secretary Houston, insisting upon sound financing, may refuse to extend credits. Mr. Houston is firmly in belief that the credits of Europe are absorbed and that the Government cannot afford to enter upon an unwise policy, even though the emergency may be urgent.

The law creating the War Finance Corporation gives the corporation, of which the Secretary of the Treasury is ex officio chairman, discretionary powers regarding the granting of Government loans. Should this corporation be restored and money obtained for its activities it would be bound under the law to satisfy itself that loans made would be repaid and that the Government would not suffer. It went out of business in 1919 and returned $500,000,000 to the Treasury because, in the opinion of the Treasury authorities, further loans could not be safely extended and all those that actually requested assistance to do sound business abroad could get it from banks. If it is restored the first problem will be to get capital. This can be done only by an appropriation or by issuing bonds, both of which would increase the present pressing burdens upon the taxpayers in general.

Expect Wilson to Veto It.

The belief is that it will never function; that the President will veto the bill and that those seeking relief will be forced to look forward to the doubtful hope contained in the proposed temporary tariff on farm products.

The enactment of a tariff is no easy task even with all the country promised protective duties. In the proposed bill no prohibitive duty is imposed upon manufactured products and thousands of schedules are left untouched to be protected by the tariff which it is said will be enacted sometime in the extra session, to be called by President Harding. As soon as the bill appears in the House there will be a demand for protection by other interests. There will be an insistance upon higher duties to prot

KINSELLA DEFEATS COURT TENNIS KING

Pro Champion Takes Three Straight Sets From Gould in Tuxedo Park Exhibition.

BOTH PLAY BRILLIANTLY

Big Gathering Applauds Spectacular Performance—Racquets Experts in Team Match.

Special to The New York Times.

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y., Dec. 19.—A large gathering of tennis enthusiasts from all over the country journeyed to Tuxedo today to witness the exhibition match between Jay Gould, amateur open champion, and Walter Kinsella, professional champion, on the courts of the Tuxedo Tennis Club, which resulted in a victory for Kinsella in three sets straight at 7—5, 7—5, 8—6. Gould gave Kinsella half fifteen for a bisque. The galleries and dedans of the club were filled with society folk who were spending the week-end at Tuxedo Park.

The match was one of the fastest seen here in a long time, each playing in good form. At the opening of the match Gould ran the score up to 3—love before Kinsella got going. Kinsella then took four games for a lead of 4—3. It was a very even thing throughout the whole match, Kinsella always nosing out his opponent after the score had reached 6—all.

In the second set, as in the first, Gould ran into an early lead, making good use of his bisque for the final stroke that made the score 3—0. He led later at 4—1, but Kinsella passed him for a count of 5—4 and then ran out the set. In the third set Gould led at 5—3, but Kinsella again came from behind and won out at 8—6 in an uphill struggle after deucing the set at 5—all and 6—all. It was a splendid performance for the professional champion.

Long Rallies the Rule.

Long rallies dominated all three sets. Kinsella exhibited marked accuracy in his strokes for winning openings, and his around-the-court shots had great speed. Both men showed characteristic cleverness in their service and volleying. Some of the rallies were so hotly contested that they lasted for minutes, with both players making almost impossible recoveries of sensational shots. Deuce and vantage were called so many times that from fifteen to twenty minutes were required to finish some of the games. It was all a marvelous exhibition of expertness at the game, such as no two other men in the country could have duplicated.

Gould's defeat was surprising in that he has proved on many occasions in the past that he is the foremost court tennis player in the world. Speculation was engaged in after the match as to whether the result might not lead to a challenge from Kinsella for the open championship title, which Gould won from him at Philadelphia a year ago.

Robert D. Wrenn refereed the match and Stanley G. Mortimer called faults. The set scores follow:

FIRST SET.										
Kinsella	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1 1—7
Gould	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0 0—6
SECOND SET.										
Kinsella	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1—7
Gould	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0 0—5
THIRD SET.										
Kinsella	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1 1—8
Gould	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0 0—4

Doubles Match in Racquets.

In the afternoon a racquet match in doubles was played. Jay Gould and J. W. Wear, the amateur doubles champions of the United States, were matched against Stanley G. Mortimer and Frederick T. Frelinghuysen. The result was a victory for Mortimer and Frelinghuysen in straight games, 15—9, 15—8, 15—11, 18—16. Mortimer was in particularly fine form for the winners, while Gould was weary from his efforts in court tennis.

A racquets match has been arranged between Jock Soutar, racquets champion of America, of the Philadelphia Club, and Jimmy Mullins, Tuxedo pro, at 4 aces, to be played at Tuxedo Jan. 9.

Among those in the dedans and galleries were Marshall R. Kernochan, Griswold Lorillard, Grenville Kane, Richmond Talbot, Dr. E. C. Rushmore, Colonel Frank R. Keech, Harry L. McVickars, H. C. Drayton, Vincent Astor, W. L. Dwight, C. Bull Jr., Major P. Lorillard Jr., Maurice Roche, P. Lorillard, C. S. Lee, L. Lloyd Warren, F. K. Smith, David Wagstaff, Clarence C. Bell, Charles J. Coulter, Frederick F. Carr, Mr. and Mrs. William Stackpole, William H. Clearwater, W. Butler Duncan, Frederick O. Spedden, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph W. MacDonough, Philip Kip Rhinelander, Mr. and Mrs. George St. George, Mrs. F. B. Keech, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Thorn King, Mr. and Mrs. Morris S. Morris, Charles Reed, Charles H. Coster and Edwin C. Kent.

ON OHIO STATE'S TRAIL.

Sub Halfback Obeys Belated Call to Join Eleven at Pasadena.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 19.—Somewhere west of Columbus, the twenty-fourth member of Ohio State University's Western conference football champions is speeding toward Pasadena, Cal. He is Thurlow Wilder, halfback, full of hope that he will be given an opportunity to play in the New Year's game.

Buckeye officials thought they would not need Wilder in the game and left him behind when the special left Columbus yesterday. Before the train reached Chicago, however, Coach Wilce changed his mind. A telegram from the special directed Wilder to catch the next train for Chicago. He did.

University officials figured that Wilder would have twenty minutes in Chicago to catch the special, if he arrived there on schedule. However, his train was one hour and twenty minutes late in leaving Columbus.

TEN GAMES FOR MARYLAND.

Yale, Syracuse and Rutgers Are on Football Schedule.

COLLEGE PARK, Md., Dec. 19.—Yale, Syracuse and Rutgers are among the teams to be met next Fall by the University of Maryland football eleven, according to the schedule announced today. Ten games are listed on the schedule, which follows:

Sept. 24, Randolph-Macon at home; Oct. 1, Rutgers at New Brunswick; 8, Syracuse at Syracuse; 15, St. John's at home; 22, Virginia Polytechnic Institute at home; 29, University of North Carolina at home; Nov. 5, Yale at New Haven; 12, Catholic University at Washington; 19, Washington College at home; 26, North Carolina State College at Baltimore.

Nable Matched With Spencer.

The Pioneer Sporting Club in East Twenty-fourth Street will conduct but one boxing show this week because of the Christmas holiday. The club has arranged a card, topped by two fifteen-round encounters, for Christmas night. In one of the limit matches Sammy Nable, former amateur champion, will clash with Willie Spencer of Brooklyn. The principals in the other contest will be Pinkey Hennessy of the east side and Bobby North, a pair of lightweights.

Mountaineers to Play Virginia.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Dec. 19.—The University of West Virginia and the University of Virginia have entered into a two-year contract to meet each other in football, according to announcement here today. The game next season, as well as the 1922 contest, will be played in Charlottesville.

Higgins, Columbia Harrier, to Run in Boston A. A. Race

Walter Higgins, Columbia University cross-country Captain and a representative of the Morningside A. C. in open A. A. U. competition, will be a starter in a special three-mile invitation race at the Boston A. A. indoor athletic meet at Boston on Feb. 5. The Blue and White collegian is among the athletes who have been invited, and he has accepted. William Ritola, Finnish-American A. C. junior hill and dale champion, also received an invitation to compete in this event, and will probably accept. Another prospective starter is Fred Faller, Dorchester Club, Dorchester, Mass., who holds the senior cross-country and ten-mile run titles. Jole W. Ray, Illinois A. C. flier, has been invited also.

ROAD RACE IS WON BY ACME WHEELMEN

They Capture Individual and Team Honors in Cycling Test of 28 Miles.

Cyclists of the Acme Wheelmen garnered the individual and team honors yesterday in the second of the series of weekly road races for amateur bike riders, held over a course of about twenty-eight miles, from Jerome Avenue, the Bronx, to Hartsdale, N. Y., and return. R. Zimmerman, an Acme rider, accounted for the individual laurels, pedalling his wheel home a scant few feet in front of Eugene Aickelin, New England Wheelmen, winner of the first race of the series last week. In registering his victory Zimmerman rode the distance in 1:29:00 4-5.

The individual success of Zimmerman, together with the balancing place positions of other Acme entrants, gave this club the team prize by a comfortable margin over the New England Wheelmen. The Acme organization finished riders in first, third, fourth and sixth positions for a total of fourteen points. The New England Wheelmen representatives finished second, seventh, ninth and tenth, for a total of 28 tallies.

A field of thirty-four cyclists started in the race and twenty pedalled across the finish line at the Grand Concourse at 161st Street. From start to finish the race was keenly contested. The riders exhibited greater rivalry in this chase than in the opening race and the competition improved accordingly. Because of the good going there were no spills. Those riders who failed to finish withdrew when the riding became too hot for them.

Out of the pack of original starters Zimmerman and Aickelin loomed up as formidable contenders for premier prize from the start. The two cyclists always rode in advanced position, occasionally jumping to the front to set a hot pace. On the return journey from Hartsdale, particularly, did these two cyclist battle for supremacy, carrying their struggle almost up to the finish line, where Zimmerman just managed to ward off a spirited closing challenge by Aickelin.

The order of finish of the first ten riders, follows:

R. Zimmerman, Acme Wheelmen, first; E. Aickelin, New England Wheelmen, second; T. Volpe, Acme Wheelmen, third; J. Schaefer, Acme Wheelmen, fourth; E. Bendi, Unione Sportiva Italiana, fifth; J. Moccio, Acme Wheelmen, sixth; T. Urbach, New England Wheelmen, seventh; F. Patti, Unione Sportiva Italiana, eighth; F. Ortenhammel, New England Wheelmen, ninth; W. Stokes, New England Wheelmen, tenth. Time—1:29:00 4-5.

Team Score.

Acme Wheelmen	1	3	4	6—14
New England Wheelmen	2	7	9	10—28

TO BOOM WINTER SPORTS.

New Club Formed at Lake Placid Announces Elaborate Program.

LAKE PLACID, N. Y., Dec. 19.—A new Winter Sports Club, composed of members of the Lake Placid Club, and calling itself the Sno Birds, has recently been formed here, the St. Moritz of America. The Sno Birds have secured as Director E. des Ballets, who was for several years connected in an executive capacity with the Winter sports at Caux, Les Avats, le Pont and Chamonix. He was also formerly Director of Winter sports at the Tuxedo Club.

An elaborate program has been prepared for the initial season of the Sno Birds, including ski races, fancy skating, curling, tobogganing, skijoring and hockey. A fancy dress skating carnival will open the festivities on Dec. 28, when the rink will be illuminated and prizes given for the most beautiful costume. On Dec. 29 there will be a gymkana on the ice. Jan. 28 and 29 are the dates for the annual curling match for the Governor's Trophy, when the Sno Birds will add gold medals for the winning teams. The fancy skating competition for the Hobbs Trophy, with individual gold medals for the winners, comes on Feb. 4 and 5.

The annual ski tournament here, including cross-country races and ski jumps, when the amateur ski masters of the United States and Canada will compete for the Robinson Trophy and for other prizes, is set for Feb. 21. On Feb. 28, the toboggan races will be held.

SELLERS AIDS ATHLETES.

Seeks to Uncover New Talent Among Silk A. A. Members.

Jack Sellers, the New York Athletic Club's fast half-miler, is about to enter the indoor track game from a new angle. Sellers, who is Vice President of the Silk Athletic Association, was last week elected Chairman of the association's Indoor Games Committee, which is starting a campaign to develop sports.

A call recently sent out by the new Chairman has brought to light several promising runners. In fact, Sellers is confident that some of them will round into shape as prize winners, either this season or next. The silk trade has so varied a personnel and so many young men are associated with it that it would not be at all surprising if much athletic material were to be uncovered by an energetic canvass.

Preparations are now under way for a big track meet in February, when the New York clubman will have a chance to show what his discoveries can do in the way of speed and endurance.

OHIO ELEVEN AT IOWA.

Five All-American Stars Meet in Gathering at Ames.

AMES, Iowa, Dec. 19.—En route to Pasadena, Cal., to meet the University of California football team on New Year's Day, Ohio State's players today visited Iowa State College. The entire student body met the Ohio party and escorted an automobile procession around the campus.

One of the machines carried five past and present all-American players. They included Pete Stinchcomb and Chic Harley of Ohio State, Dr. J. W. Wilce, University of Chicago star of a decade ago, and Polly Wallance, captain-elect at Ames.

Holy Name Defeats Berkeley Five.

The Holy Name Big Five continued its victorious way in basketball yesterday afternoon, defeating the Berkeley Five of Brooklyn by a score of 20 to 16 at the Manhattan Casino. The Brooklynites kept the score close in both halves and the victory was not clinched for Holy Name until near the close of the game. The score at the end of the first period was 12 to 9 in Holy Name's favor. McDermott and Wassmer performed particularly well for the winners and Day and Kelly gave the Brooklynites stellar service.

Comment on Current Events in Sports.

BOXING

The fact that Jack Dempsey failed to dispose of Bill Brennan before the twelfth round at Madison Square Garden last Tuesday night has caused considerable comment. Various reasons have been advanced. Some contend that the champion was overtrained, others that he was undertrained, while another version is that the thought that the heavyweight championship was at stake proved a severe mental hazard. Some critics insist that he was on the way back. Any one of these reasons may be the correct one, but it seems that there was another factor which has been generally lost sight of in the quest for the answer.

Those who witnessed the bout will recall that in the second round Brennan hit Dempsey with a full-grown uppercut. The blow landed flush on the champion's jaw and staggered him. He appeared to be groggy. It is quite possible that Dempsey did not recover from the effects of this punch until several rounds later and that when he had fully recovered he cherished a wholesome respect for the power Brennan carries in his blows. It is not only possible but probable that this single punch caused Dempsey to be more cautious than he has been in his other ring engagements.

It is quite true that Dempsey did not fight with the same slashing style that featured his eighteen-second knockout of Fred Fulton at Harrison, N. J., nor did he tear in the way he did against Jess Willard at Toledo when he won the heavyweight championship. It is also true that Dempsey showed little of the aggressive style that disposed of Billy Miske in three rounds at Benton Harbor, but it must be borne in mind that in all of those bouts Dempsey had started his opponents on the high road to defeat early in the bout. He had everything his own way. In none of them was he asked to weather a punch such as Brennan landed in the second round.

It seems that the most logical deduction to draw from the Dempsey-Brennan bout is that Dempsey entered the ring obsessed with the belief that he could defeat Brennan any time he wanted to end the bout. This caused him to hold back in the first round. Then came the uppercut in the second and the champion's entire plan of campaign necessarily had to be changed. For a few rounds after receiving that punch he was still feeling the effects of it. His brain was not as clear as it should have been and he was compelled to move very cautiously and not leave himself open to another such blow, which might have robbed him of his title. Once his brain had cleared he realised the danger that lurked in Brennan's padded fists.

It was the first time that Dempsey had been asked to stand up under punishment since he became a real contender for the heavyweight championship about two and a half years ago. He showed that he could take a solid blow and still come back strong enough to defeat his opponent.

***

BASEBALL

The Class AA baseball leagues, most powerful of the minors, appear likely to find only the slightest of support among organizations of lower status for their opposition to the draft. In fact, their position on the point appears quite likely to be entirely untenable, inasmuch as they would thereby cut themselves off not only from a source of income which certain of their clubs have needed in the past and will need again in the future, namely, transfer of players to major league teams, but also from what has been practically their sole source of supply of new players, the drafting privilege from leagues of the Class A, B and D ranking. It is entirely conceivable that club owners in Baltimore, St. Paul and a few other cities might continue for a season or two longer to give such ample support to the local teams as to make their owners able to defy the majors and retain their players, but other clubs of the leading secondary leagues are not certain to be able to look defiantly both above and below their own level.

Possibly Mr. Dunn of Baltimore, who is at present the happy possessor of a mighty good baseball team and has pretty nearly a major league city to support it, is entirely genuine in his attitude of hostility to the draft. It is very far from certain, however, that any other club owner in either the New International League or the American Association has any other idea than to coin his opposition to the draft principle into additional dollars for final acquiescence in it.

Some of the minor league magnates expressed the view the other day that if they were to furnish players for leagues of higher rating they should themselves be in command of all sources of supply of green but promising players, such as colleges, semi-pro teams and even amateurs. There was considerable support at least conversationally—for a plan which would make it impossible for a man like Frisch, for instance, to step directly from a college team to a berth in a big league. The injustice that would thereby be worked in cases of players of unusual merit seemed to be entirely overlooked by these men, who were chiefly connected with clubs belonging to leagues of the lower ratings.

Another source of mild disgruntlement among minor league men gathered in the hotel lobbies was caused by acute inflammation of the dignity. They objected, for instance, to the use of the term "sale" in connection with the transfer of a player in return for a slice of cash. The substitute offered was "reassignment of contract." The expression "territorial rights" was anathema, too, with some of them. "Yield of influence" or something like that they were willing to stand for. The word "draft" was another bugaboo as savoring slightly of Simon Legree and Uncle Tom. However, they will probably consent to allow the continued rumpling of their dignity if the financial salve applied is of sufficient quantity.

***

ROWING

Charles E. Courtney, the dean of American rowing coaches, did not live to see his Cornell varsity crew row a three-mile race at Poughkeepsie. The Cornell rowing tutor made a vigorous fight during his lifetime for the shorter distance in the annual Hudson River classic, and he helped in persuading the Board of Stewards of the Intercollegiate Rowing Association that the three-mile race should receive at least a trial. But the race last year, under the conditions that obtained at Cayuga Lake, Ithaca, had to be shortened still further to two miles, and in the Summer Courtney died.

The argument, however, is still raging. Not so long ago Columbia oarsmen, old and new, representing both the present varsity and crews that rowed back in the early '90s, unanimously recommended to the stewards that the four-mile distance be restored. The action of these Columbia oarsmen reopens a long and burning argument, and it was to be expected that Columbia would be on the side of the long race. Courtney's chief opponent in the warm discussion was Jim Rice, who sees no evil effects in the four-mile pull, and, in fact, believes that the three-mile race is more harmful to the oarsmen.

The discussion of this point, an argument which has been warm without being bitter, has been carried on at one time or another by nearly all in the world of intercollegiate rowing. On each side of the question can be found eminent authorities. The four-mile advocate can quote expert opinion in favor of his cause, and the supporter of the shorter race can quote equally expert opinion. We have the report of the rowing critic who made a study of the effects of the long Oxford-Cambridge race on the English oarsmen during their lifetime, and we have also just as painstaking investigations by American medical authorities.

Since nothing has been proved to the satisfaction of either side or of a majority of the impartial observers of the argument, it would perhaps be most satisfactory to give the three-mile race a trial. The longer distance has been traditional at Poughkeepsie, but now that the Board of Stewards has voted for a change the experiment should be carried out. The advocates of the four-mile distance have had their innings for many years and it is only fair that the arguments of the other side should be tried out in actual competion.

There is also another side to the matter. The invariable distance in early season regattas and dual races is two miles, and most coaches balk at bringing their varsity crews up to the four-mile race. A definite break in the training schedule is made necessary, as much as if a mile runner were suddenly to be converted into a three-mile runner. This objection by the majority of coaches has kept the Poughkeepsie regatta restricted to the three charter members of the association—Columbia, Pennsylvania and Cornell—and only occasionally have other crews have entered. If the stewards hope to fight off the growing importance of the American Henley eight-oared race, which last year had a much more representative entry at the Henley distance, they should not be too hasty in adopting a distance that might keep the Naval Academy, Princeton and other big college crews away from the Hudson.

***

TENNIS

An interesting side issue in connection with America's quest of the Davis Cup, emblamatic of international lawn tennis supremacy, which will terminate next week in the challenge round matches at Auckland, New Zealand, is the matter of expense involved. Unofficial estimates have it that the United States association will spend somewhere around $50,000 this year in its effort to bring back the trophy which has been in Australasian custody since 1906. The trip to the South Seas alone will entail an expenditure in excess of $15,000, according to unofficial figures. It is hardly likely that the gate receipts in England and Australasia combined will come near the figure required for expenses.

When the British Isles played Australasia last year in the challenge round at Sydney, the gate receipts were not greatly in excess of $4,000, which does not compare with the sum that would be realized from matches of similar importance in this country, especially at Forest Hills. If the match is of sufficient interest, it is a simple matter to gather a crowd of 15,000 persons, paying from $3 to $5 each, at Forest Hills, and the comparison with the Australian figure, no matter what the current rate of exchange, needs no comment. Yet Australia is able to gather a much larger gate than England.

When America played France at Eastbourne, England, last July, the gross receipts were only £1,375, of which it is said that the British association received 40 per cent. of the net and the French and American associations some £180 each. The gate at the British-American tie at Wimbledon was almost the same—£1,575 pounds. The expenses of both tournaments were heavy. Thus, there is considerable financial benefit to the governing body of American tennis to have the cup brought back here.

In the event of an American victory at Auckland it is more than possible that several of the earlier rounds as well as the challenge matches for the Davis Cup would be fought out here, and the consequent advantage to the American treasury is apparent. Also a Davis Cup victory next week would help greatly to solve the problem of distributing plums to the various clubs here having suitable accommodations, and to set in motion the rotation plan of awarding the national championship which has been approved by the Executive Committee of the U. S. L. T. A. With all the Davis Cup ties as well as the national singles and doubles and the women's national tourney, there would be more than enough big attractions to satisfy the tennis fans of all four of the Eastern cities having a claim upon the principal events. And New York, with the biggest tennis clientele in the country, would be sure of some of the choicest of the awards, whether the national singles were decided at Forest Hills or not.

***

BASKETBALL

The nearest thing that we now have to an official basketball opening is the first game of the Intercollegiate Basketball League, which will be played tonight at Ithaca between Cornell and Princeton. This intercollegiate association is, of course, by no means the whole heart and soul of Eastern basketball, but its opening game will be the signal to many that the popular floor game has finally swung into another season.

The game enjoyed its most prosperous season among the colleges last year. There was a time when the professionals held nearly complete sway, when basketball, which was quickly adopted by women, was considered a sport only for the feminine sex or for those built on the same model among the opposite sex. But the college fives, and in particular the teams that banded together long ago in the Intercollegiate Basketball League, have demonstrated conclusively that the most virile of football players will find plenty to keep him busy in even a normal floor game. We are not astounded to read now that Princeton's team has on it such gridiron worthies as Legendre, Wittmer, Dickinson and Opie.

The popular interest in basketball was proved several years ago when many graduate managers found that this sport was, with the exception of football, the only item on their budget which did not show a deficit. In the larger cities the college fives have played to capacity crowds, and Columbia is even now planning an addition of many hundred seats in order to accommodate the demand from persons neither alumni nor undergraduates. One college game in New York last year was played before 10,000 persons and there is no estimating the number that would have wanted seats if the Pennsylvania-Chicago intersectional series had been played on a New York court.

Another close race is presaged in the intercollegiate league, which is wise in not scheduling so many games that the ultimate outcome is decided too early in the season. With each team playing only ten games, the race is generally close, the more so since two or three of the leaders are usually grouped on nearly the same level. An encouraging omen is the fact that every one of the six league teams seems unusually well-equipped in the matter of coaches. There is not anywhere a superabundance of first-class floor mentors, but the three new coaches that have been engaged in the league this year will bring its standard up to unusually high point. Joe Deering at Columbia, Dr. Louis Sugarman at Princeton and Eddie McNicholl at Pennsylvania are all enviable additions, and may be expected to develop strong contenders.

LOW SCORES RULE AT N. Y. A. C. TRAPS

Rimrods Find Weather Conditions Adverse—Bradley Turns in High Card of 94.

Low scores were the rule at the Travers Island traps of the New York Athletic Club yesterday. The weather militated against the marksmen. The high scratch prize went to D. I. Bradley with a card of 94 out of a possible 100 targets. Even with the handicap, not a single shmrod had a full score of 100 targets in the shoot for the high handicap prize. J. T. Cope and G. F. Hodges each had 96 and an shoot off for the cup. It was finally taken by the first named.

There was considerable interest in a special handicap shoot for a pair of ducks hung up by R. L. Spotts. After a shoot-off, the birds were won by R. L. Duke. A scratch special went to B. S. Donnelley, the former champion of Chicago. A leg on the Buermeyer Cup prize was won by H. B. Knight with a card of 48 out of a possible 50 targets.

An indication of the adverse weather conditions was the full straight scores made in the regular events. Only two gunners had perfect scores of 25 targets. J. T. Cope ran straight in the shoot for the President's Cup, while, in the shoot for the tournament prize, a perfect string was made by C. Bonner, a visitor. The scores:

Name.	Byro-Tourn.	Pan.	Pres.	Lyon Cup.	Cup.	Scr.	Hcp.	
Vanderveer	0 23	0 15	0 23	0 23	83	4—	86	
Bennett	1 25	0 22	1 23	1 21	88	7—	95	
Spotts Jr.	1 21	2 15	2 25	2 19	73	10—	83	
Peters	2 25	3 20	2 24	2 24	82	14—	96	
Hutchings	1 24	2 22	2 24	2 23	78	10—	88	
Oels	1 23	1 24	1 24	1 18	84	5—	89	
Finch	4 21	4 22	4 25	4 23	76	16—	92	
Donnelley	0 21	0 24	0 23	0 24	93	0—	92	
Beers	1 18	1 22	1 21	1 21	79	7—	86	
Rice	1 24	1 24	1 25	0 22	93	6—	99	
Knight	1 21	1 23	1 25	1 25	80	6—	86	
Spotts	0 23	0 22	0 23	0 21	88	0—	88	
Bradley	0 23	0 24	0 23	0 24	94	0—	94	
Cope	2 25	3 20	2 25*	2 21	83	14—	99	
Lawrence	0 22	0 22	0 23	0 24	92	4—	96	
Alexander	4 25	5 25	4 22	5 25	72	20—	92	
Siebert	0 23	0 20	0 24	0 23	90	0—	90	
Hodges	4 25	5 25	5 25	5 20	74	25—	99	
Ranney	0 25	0 21	0 23	0 22	87	0—	87	
B. Bonner	0 23	0 20	0 20	0 24	88	0—	88	
J. Bonner	0 14	0 13	0 14	0 14	55	0—	55	
Gotschi	0 16	0 13	0 23	0 19	70	0—	70	
C. Bonner	0 23*	0 23	0 24	0 20	92	0—	92	
Granbery	0 18	0 21	0 17	0 21	77	0—	77	
Cochrane	0 20	0 20	0 23	0 17	80	0—	80	
Duke	6 23	6 22	6 24	6 23	66	25—	83	
Sloan	1 23	2 19	1 24	0 20	80	9—	89	
Roberts	0 23	0 22	0 18	0 20	83	0—	83	
Hession	5 22	*5 22	5 19	4 24	68	20—	88	
Fanning	0 20	0 22	0 24	0 22	88	0—	88	
Vogel	2 25	1 22	2 19	2 25	83	8—	91	
Donovan	1 25	1 22	1 24	1 25	92	4—	96	
Buchanan	5 25	*5 24	5 21	5 25	76	20—	96	

*Ran straight.

WINNERS.

High scratch—D. I. Bradley.
High handicap—J. L. Cope.
Scratch special—B. Donnelley.
Handicap special—R. L. Duke.
Buermeyer cup—H. B. Knight.

DALLEY FIRST IN SHOOT.

Captures High Scratch Prize at Larchmont Club Traps.

L. C. Dalley led the field at the week-end shoot of the Larchmont Yacht Club yesterday. He took the high scratch prize with a card of 92 out of a possible 100 targets. T. A. Krickl and R. A. Gamble tied for the high handicap prize. Each had full scores of 100. On the shoot-off Krickl won.

The scores:

	Hit.	H'cap.	Total.
T. A. Krickl	83	20	100
R. A. Gamble	77	30	100
L. C. Dalley	92	6	98
R. Hathaway	77	20	97
C. L. Ferris	77	20	97
A. Baxter Jr.	57	40	97
W. H. Short	92	4	96
F. A. Moore	80	16	96
F. A. Lewis	63	30	93
J. H. Brown	55	30	85
T. J. McCahill	91	0	91
F. M. Wilson	57	24	91
F. W. French	66	24	90
A. W. Fitzgerald	54	6	90
A. L. Burns	88	0	88
K. R. Hooker	85	0	85
E. M. Dalley	74	10	84
W. E. Ferguson	77	8	81
K. H. Stevens	54	24	78
Dr. W. Debouteliier	40	32	72

NAVY VETERANS TO HELP.

Stars of Other Years to Coach in Basketball, Fencing and Baseball.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Dec. 19.—Several stars of recent years in different lines of sport are to be used as assistant coaches at the Naval Academy, the system having proved valuable in football. Ensign Derringer, the centre of the 1919 basketball team, is helping in that sport, and Ensign Callahan, Captain of the fencing team of the same year, is taking charge of the squad in that line. It is also expected that Ensign Milner will help the baseball squad this Spring. He was shortstop and Captain of the nine last year, which defeated West Point and won all of its games but one.

Give Him—
An Order on Jerrems

NOW

Suit and Extra Trousers $55.00

All Our Regular $60 and $65 Suit Patterns.

All other grades at great reductions.

Overcoats at Record Cuts

An early call is advisable.

W. Jerrems' Sons

1242 BROADWAY

at 31st Street
NEW YORK

and
Chicago

MAY ALTER TENNIS RULES.

Davis Cup Committee to Consider Suggestions Offered by France.

The Davis Cup Committee of the United States Lawn Tennis Association will meet this afternoon for the purpose of considering proposed revisions of the Davis Cup regulations submitted by the French Lawn Tennis Association. The French association raises the question of whether the rules of the International Federation or of the champion nation should be applied in the case of Davis Cup matches, the latter prevailing, according to the present regulations.

The French are anxious to have the rules of the International Federation, of which the United States is not a member, observed in the Davis Cup competition. They also advocate a revision of the present regulations regarding expenses. They desire an explicit definition of the expenses which may properly be charged against a Davis Cup match, so that the nations may know with some degree of certainty in advance of a match what the probable financial returns from it will be. The importance of some such provision for international competitions involving as much traveling as the Davis Cup contests do is admitted, and the French suggestion has been received here with favor.

S. Wallis Merrihew, Chairman of the Schedule Committee of the national association, has brought to attention the practice followed in England of charging for the sanction of events that are listed on the schedule of the association and also the practice of taking a small percentage of the entry fees for these tournaments. This makes a substantial amount in the course of a season, and Mr. Merrihew recommends that a similar plan be followed in the United States. He believes that only a negligible number of clubs holding sanctioned tournaments would object to the charge. Ten dollars might be charged for some events and $5 or $3 for others of lesser importance. This proposal has not been approved by the Executive Committee of the U. S. L. T. A., but its advocates are so confident that it will be a desirable innovation that they intend bringing the plan before the general tennis public in the hope of winning its support.

Notre Dame-Nebraska Game Off.

LINCOLN, Neb., Dec. 19.—Director of Athletics Luehring of the University of Nebraska announced today that the football game tentatively scheduled for Thanksgiving Day at Lincoln with Notre Dame had been cancelled by Notre Dame authorities. The two teams have had annual contests for five years, but difficulty in arranging dates caused a cancellation of next year's battle.

Sailors Defeated at Basketball.

A basketball team of jackies from the U. S. S. Tennessee, who lay claim to the championship of the Pacific fleet, lost a well-played game last night to the New York Whirlwinds at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory by a score of 42 to 24. In a preliminary match between girls' teams, the Manhattan A. C. Lassies won from the Elmhurst (L. I.) Brownies by a score of 9 to 4.

Ohio State Players Travel De Luxe on Football Journey

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 19.—The special train carrying the Ohio State football players, Western Conference football champions, westward to Pasadena is made up of seven cars—four sleepers, a diner, an observation car and a baggage car. A special chef prepares especially selected food for the players, who are allowed to drink only Columbus water, 300 gallons having been taken along. Coach Jack Wilce feared a change to Western water might affect the health of the men. A trained nurse also is available. Mrs. W. O. Thompson, wife of the President of the university; several professors and their wives, and a few students are included in the party.

HOCKEY WORK DELAYED.

Lack of Ice Causes Change in Schedule of Williams Team.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Dec. 19.—The mild weather which has prevailed thus far in the Berkshires has tended to put a crimp in the Williams hockey plans. The opening game of the season was to have been played with R. P. I. here yesterday, but was called off because of lack of ice. The Purple skaters will be obliged to wait until after the holidays before they get started this year. Practice is held daily, but the workouts are staged on temporary platforms and consist chiefly of shooting drills. Captain Irwin is conducting the practice sessions as no coach has been available for the team as yet. It is possible that Joe Peacock of Pittsfield will serve in this capacity after Christmas.

HERZIG SHOWS OLD SPEED.

Wins Brooklyn Road Run After Long Absence From Competition.

After an absence from competition extending over a period of eight months Sam Herzig, Brooklyn A. A. distance runner, returned to athletic activity yesterday and carried off victory in the Long Island Athletic League's invitation handicap road race, held over a course of about four and a half miles in Brooklyn under the auspices of the Knights of St. Antony.

Herzig showed a remarkable return to his old form in holding the lead over the last mile of the journey. He finished with an advantage of a city block over Russell Jakel, a clubmate, who was second. Al Mack, Knights of St. Anthony, finished third.

NAVY AT POUGHKEEPSIE.

Three-Mile Distance May Overcome Midshipmen's Old Objections.

If the Naval Academy sends a crew to Poughkeepsie next June, a step that is being considered by the Annapolis athletic authorities, it will be the second time in the history of the Hudson River fixture that the midshipmen have been represented. The records of the annual rowing classic reveal that in 1907 the sailors had a varsity crew on the Hudson, but since then they have confined their intercollegiate competition to dual races and an occasional participation in the Childs Cup race.

In the 1907 race the midshipmen finished third, eleven seconds behind Cornell, the winner, and about eight seconds behind Columbia, which took second honors. The race between Cornell and Columbia was close from start to finish, only 1 2-5 seconds separating the two shells at the final mark.

Rowing critics are of the opinion that the reduction of the Poughkeepsie distance from four to three miles is likely to prove a lure to the Naval Academy, which prefers the Henley distance and two miles, but balks at going over the longer course. Since 1907 it has been reported many times that the middies were considering sending a crew to Poughkeepsie, but the crew authorities have invariably decided that bringing the crew up to the four-mile pull was too great a task and would militate seriously against a good showing on the Hudson. On the other hand, to increase from two to three miles would not have such a serious effect on the training program.

The Navy's feat this year of winning the eight-oared race at Worcester, in which it defeated Syracuse, winner of the Ithaca regatta, and of defeating the best European eights at the Olympic games has given the academy a place at the top of American rowing. It is felt at Annapolis that the best place to defend these championship honors is at Poughkeepsie, which is generally recognized as the premier regatta of the season. A victory at Poughkeepsie would be valued more than success in dual races or in the Childs Cup race, and this fact combined with the reduction of the Poughkeepsie distance is expected to overcome the academy's traditional objections.

The addition of the Navy would make five competitors on the Hudson. In 1916 and 1920, the last two races, only four colleges have been represented—Cornell, Penn., Columbia and Syracuse. In 1915 Leland Stanford was the fifth crew, but the Westerners have not made the trip East since that time.

Football Schedule for Vermont.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Dec. 19.—The University of Vermont football schedule for next season, made public tonight, shows a game with Yale on Oct. 1. The schedule follows: Sept. 24, open; Oct. 1, Yale at New Haven; 8, Connecticut Aggies at Burlington; 15, Tufts at Medford; 22, New Hampshire at Burlington; 29, Massachusetts Aggies at Amherst; Nov. 5, Norwich at Northfield; 12, Middlebury at Burlington; 19, open.

HOLIDAY CIGARS

Specially Selected Importations
Highest Grade Havana Cigars

H. Upmann	Ramon Allones	Romeo y Julieta
Por Larranaga	Punch	Partagas
Fernandez Garcia	Belinda	Castaneda
Rey del Mundo	Mi Noche	Calixto Lopez

CORTEZ FINEST KEY WEST CIGARS
MEDALIST IN ALL SIZES
JOHN COTTON'S CELEBRATED ENGLISH MIXTURES
TREBOR LONDON MADE PIPES.

**GROSVENO

ROSEN VICTOR IN HARLEM ROAD RUN

Morningside A. C. Athlete Finishes With 200-Yard Lead Over 3¼-Mile Course.

SILVERSTEIN'S TIME BEST

Glencoe A. C. Flier, Starting From 45-Second Mark, Covers Distance in 21:16—Seventeen in Field.

Harry Rosen, frail-looking Morningside A. C. distance runner, evidently thrives on athletic activity. The young Winged M wearer, who finished second to Max Bohland in a two-mile road race Friday and duplicated the performance the same night in a test over a mile and a half at the Thirteenth Regiment games, yesterday finished his heels to a field of sixteen rivals in the weekly handicap road race of the Harlem and Heights Athletic League, held over a course of about three and three-quarter miles, under the auspices of the Harbrook Heights A. C.

Rosen started with a handicap of 1 minute 45 seconds over the scratch man, William Stokeley, St. Christopher Club, and, in turn, conceded handicaps ranging up to two minutes to some of the other competitors. The Morningside runner, with a steady pace, gained the lead slightly more than a half mile from the finish, and, in a spectacular closing burst of speed, opened up a victorious margin of about 200 yards. V. Miller, Harbrook Heights A. C., was second, about thirty yards in front of J. Murray, a clubmate, who finished third. The victor's actual time was 21 minutes 22 seconds, the second fastest performance of the chase.

A Field of Seventeen.

A field of seventeen harriers started over the trail which led from the Harbrook Heights clubhouse in West 160th Street to St. Nicholas Avenue, south to St. Lawrence Avenue and 126th Street, to Broadway, north to 160th Street to the finish line in front of the clubhouse. All finished the full course.

W. Cohen, a Morningside runner, and T. M. Lomas, a Harbrook sprinter, who was essaying his first test over a distance, both with the limit allowance of 3:45, set the pace for slightly more than a quarter of a mile. Then W. Gladding of the Glencoe A. C., who was in receipt of 3:30, moved into the van, and, with Cohen alternated in the lead thereafter until the field had reached 153d Street and Broadway on the return journey.

Here Rosen, coming like a streak, displaced the early pacemakers and sprinted over the ground at a clip which brought him a steadily increasing lead until, at the finish, he was in front by about 200 yards. Cohen and Gladding, after giving chase for a short distance, gradually weakened in their pursuit of the flying Rosen, and in the last two blocks Miller and Murray passed Gladding, while I. McDougall, St. Christopher Club runner, had enough strength left to annex fifth place from the weary Cohen.

Silverstein Wins Time Prize.

Past-time laurels fell to Sol Silverstein, sturdy Glencoe A. C. runner, who went away off the 45-second mark and finished twelfth in the actual time of 21:16. This was six seconds faster than the actual time of the winner and seven seconds faster than the performance of Stokeley, the honor man, who had to be content with sixteenth position, in the actual time of 21:23.

The order of finish follows:

Pos.	Name and Club.	Hdcp.	Actual Time.
1—	H. Rosen, Morningside A. C.	1:45	21:22
2—	V. Miller, Harbrook Hts. A. C.	3:15	23:15
3—	J. Murray, Harbrook Hts. A.C.	3:00	23:34
4—	W Gladding, Glencoe A. C.	3:30	23:37
5—	I. McDougall, St. Christopher Club	2:30	22:43
6—	W. Cohen, Morningside A. C.	3:45	24:01
7—	C. Sapp, Harbrook Hts. A. C.	3:45	24:03
8—	F. Wilson, Harbrook Hts. A.C.	3:45	23:06
9—	G. Thompson, St. Christopher Club	2:15	22:40
10—	I. Lehman, Morningside A. C.	3:15	22:42
11—	M. Tea, Glencoe A. C.	1:30	21:30
12—	Sol Silverstein, Glencoe A. C.	0:45	21:16
13—	J. Sherman, Morningside A. C.	3:00	23:30
14—	T. Lomas, Harbrook Hts. A.C.	3:45	25:08
15—	H. Brown, Harbrook Hts. A.C.	1:45	23:15
16—	W. Stokeley, St. Christopher Club	Scr.	21:23
17—	E. Unger, Glencoe A. C.	3:45	26:03

McGUINNESS LEADS PACK.

Mohawk Runner Wins by Quarter Mile in Bronx Road Race.

James McGuinness of the home club led home fourteen rivals yesterday in the invitation road race of the Mohawk A. C., conducted over a course of approximately five and one-quarter miles. McGuinness, assuming the lead at the outset of the race, maintained his position almost without serious challenge and finished with an advantage of about a quarter of a mile on John Wiberg, a clubmate, who was second. McGuinness covered the course in 28:23, while Wiberg trailed home 1 minute 23 seconds later. T. P. Hynes, another Bronx Indian, was third, about seventy yards back of Wiberg.

The race was conducted over a combination cross-country and straightaway course. The pack was led over the hills of Frank Sigel Park and the sloping Exterior Street, Anderson Avenue and Macobel Avenue, proceeding along the flat on Tremont Avenue and the Grand Concourse.

Officials of the Mohawk Club made the race a combination event, providing a sealed handicap test for club members who participated in the invitation chase. When the envelopes were opened at the end of the race J. Cain was found to be the winner of the members' event. He was accorded a handicap of 4 minutes 51 seconds, which gave him the actual time of 26:21, an advantage of 15 seconds over C. W. Rapp, who finished fourth in the invitation chase. Rapp had a handicap of 4 minutes and his actual time was 26:46. McGuinness's time was the same for both races and landed him in ninth position in the members' sealed handicap event.

The order of finish of the invitation race follows:

James McGuinness, Mohawk A. C., 28:23; John Wiberg, Mohawk A. C., 29:46; T. P. Hynes, Mohawk A. C., 30:17; C. W. Rapp, Mohawk A. C., 30:46; Michael J. Dwyer, Mohawk A. C., 30:49; J. Cain, Mohawk A. C., 30:51; William Boak, Mohawk A. C., 31:19; J. C. Lang, Mohawk A. C., 31:32; R. J. Naylor, Mohawk A. C., 31:56; V. Tuvo, Ozark A. and S. C., 33:46; M. Cleet, Ozark A. and S. C., 38:28; J. Reno, Mohawk A. C., 38:35; J. Sorioelli, Ozark A. and S. C., 37:21; N. De Salvo, Ozark A. and S. C., 39:25; C. Duva, Ozark A. and S. C., 40:49.

The order of finish of the Mohawk members' sealed handicap race was as follows:

Cain (4:30), 26:21; Rapp (4:00), 26:46; Lang (4:30), 26:52; Dwyer (3:30), 27:19; Boak (4:00), 27:19; Naylor (4:30), 27:26; Wiberg (3:30), 27:46; Hynes (2:30), 27:47; McGuinness (scratch), 28:23; Reno (5:00), 31:28.

SYRACUSE TO SEND TEAM.

Will Be Strongly Represented in Millrose A. A. Meet at Garden.

Syracuse University will have strong representation in the annual Millrose A. A. indoor athletic meet at Madison Square Garden on Feb. 5, according to information received by the officials of the Wanamaker club. Tom Keane, the Salt City college coach, has advised the committee in charge of the coming meet that he will enter a number of the leading Orange athletes.

John Wodring, Olympic 200-meter champion, will be among the Syracuse representatives. Woodring is expected to start in the 70-yard invitation sprint. He is being groomed for the invitation and low hurdles, and Watson and Schoonmaker are expected to start in the Wanamaker one and one-half mile special race and three-mile championship. In addition it is expected that a strong Syracuse team will be entered in one of the intercollegiate relay races which are being planned.

Football in Women's Colleges Is Prediction of Cavanaugh

BOSTON, Dec. 19.—Varsity football played by women was suggested as likely in a few years by Major Frank W. Cavanaugh, coach of the Boston College eleven, at a dinner of the Suburban High School League last night. "Women have shown they can fight," he said, "and I should not be surprised if, in five years, there were agitation for varsity football in the women's colleges."

Coach Cavanaugh said he stood "in the unfortunate position of the rough, tough coach of the rough, tough football team, which is forcing the big colleges to overlook it and go West or South for games." It was the coach's first public statement that might be construed as a reference to the omission of Boston College from the Yale schedule for next year.

ROBINS AND ERIE BATTLE TO A TIE

Fast Soccer Teams Each Score One Goal in Hard-Fought Game at Harrison.

Robins Dry Dock of Brooklyn and the Erie Athletic Association of Kearny, conceded to be two of the finest soccer teams in the country and undefeated in either of the two big cup ties of the season, came together in the fourth round of the National Challenge Trophy competition of the United States Football Association at Harrison Field, Harrison, N. J., yesterday and furnished a thrilling exhibition to 7,000 spectators. Both teams put forth every effort to clinch the game and the Robins held the lead from early in the game until just before the game ended, when Heminsley tied the score, making it 1 all, and although two extra periods were played the tie remained unbroken.

About ten minutes after the start, Ratican, the Robins's centre forward, playing single-handed, simply carried the goal through for his team. After that the Robins were practically all over the field, and did not send in one direct shot. The Robins's goal-keeper, Rensulli, put up a splendid game in goal, and played a phenomenal game.

At half time the score stood at 1 to 0 in favor of the Robins. With just one minute to go, Knowles, the Erie outside right, shot out a well-placed corner kick, which was passed on to Heminsley, at centre fordward, who put it through and tied the score. It is probable that the game will be replayed in Brooklyn next Sunday.

The line-up:

ROBINS (1).		ERIE (1).
Rensulli	G.	Ward
Page	R. B.	Post
Brownlee	L. B.	Ingram
Beardsworth	R. H.	Blakey
Clarke	C. H.	Cooper
Sundberg	L. H.	T. Stark
McKelvey	O. R.	Knowles
Stirch	I. L.	A. Stark
Ratican	C.	Heminsley
Hosie	O. L.	Ford
Sweeney	O. L.	Brown

Goals—Ratican, Heminsley. Time of halves—45 minutes; two extra periods.

Referee—G. Young, Philadelphia. Linesmen—J. Schotield, New York, and R. MacMahon, Jersey City.

WINS WITH ONLY TEN MEN.

Astoria Soccer Team Defeats Hudson Despite Loss of One Player.

Astoria played the Hudsons in a Metropolitan League game at Astoria yesterday, and succeeded in winning by the score of 1 goal to 0 just before the game ended. Astoria retained its lead in the series, in which it has not lost a match this season.

Soon after the restart Kay, playing at inside left for Astoria, fractured a bone in his ankle, and the team was without his services for the rest of the period, playing ten men against its opponents' eleven. Just before the final whistle blew, Reid, Astoria's centre halfback, took a pass from Hautt, and, after making a difficult shot, won the game for his side.

The line-up:

ASTORIA (1).		HUDSON (0).
O'Leary	G.	Reiman
Hart	R. B.	Gebinsky
Michaels	L. B.	Kinsley
Houghey	R. H.	Brown
Reid	C. H.	Lee
Shaw	L. H.	Klotzlach
Hautt	O. R.	J. Kinsley
Moffatt	I. R.	Grossman
Wilson	C.	Bischoff
Kay	I. L.	Spier
Sherritt	O. L.	Reich

Goal—Reid. Time of halves—45 minutes.

Referee—Ferro. Linesmen—Derrick and Levinsky.

BROOKLYNS WIN AT SOCCER.

Down Clan MacDuff Eleven, 1 to 0, in Championship Match.

At the Ridgewood Baseball Park the Brooklyn and Clan MacDuff elevens met in a championship match of the New York State Association series yesterday, the Brooklyns winning by a score of 1 goal to 0, the half time score being 0 to 0. The Brooklyns scored the only goal of the game seven minutes after the restart, when Kearns sent the ball through on a pass from Rew.

The line-up:

BROOKLYN (1).		CLAN MacDUFF (0).
Adamson	G.	Reilly
N. Whalen	R. B.	Bone
McGarraghie	L. B.	McDonald
Porter	R. H.	Boyle
Bolcook	C. H.	S. White
Dye	L. H.	Kennedy
Kearns	O. R.	Fitzpatrick
T. Whalen	I. R.	Irving
Rew	C.	Porter
McChessie	I. L.	J. Kennedy
Jacklin	O. L.	Alderton

Goal—Kearns. Time of halves—45 minutes.

Referee—J. Masterton. Linesmen—Fairbrother and L. Moores.

MANHATTAN ELEVEN LOSES.

Is Beaten, 4 Goals to 1, in Game With Catholic Club Soccer Team.

Playing against the Manhattan soccer eleven in the Metropolitan League series at the Catholic Club Oval, the Catholic Club was returned the victors yesterday, by the score of 4 goals to 1. About 3 minutes after play began, Forman shot the first goal of the game. This was soon followed by another by Daly, who sent the ball in from twenty yards out and it went right over the goal keeper's head. From a pass by Forman, Barry made it three straight for the Catholic Club. Lynch then scored for Manhattan and just before the half ended, Daly scored again on a pass from Flatterly. No scoring was done after the restart. Jack Stevens, the Captain of the Catholic Club team, played a good game at centre half.

DEMPSEY AT HIS HOME.

Champion Will Spend Holidays With Mother in Salt Lake City.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Dec. 19.—Jack Dempsey, champion heavyweight boxer, arrived home today to spend the holidays with his mother. He will referee the main bout at a testimonial to be given here to the late Walter L. Bratt, sport writer, Dec. 27.

Tyrconnell Celts Win Soccer Game.

The Metropolitan League soccer game played yesterday between the Tyrconnell Celts and the Guaranty Trust eleven resulted in a win for the former by the score of 3 goals to 0. Both goals were shot in the first half by Quinn. The match was played at Jasper Oval.

CUBA CHAMPIONSHIP WON BY BREADMAN

Odds-On Choice Takes Havana Feature — Buncrana Pays Backers $147.70 for $2.

HAVANA, Cuba, Dec. 19.—The Cuba Mile Championship, carrying a net value of $2,850 to the winner, the feature event of the card at Oriental Park today, resulted in an easy victory for Breadman, with Mess Kit second and Penelope third. There were only three starters and the mile was run in the slow time of 1:42 1-5.

Breadman was made an odds-on choice and after galloping along under restraint for half a mile Garner sent him into the lead and, gradually increasing his advantage to the finish, won easily by two lengths. Mess Kit outlasted Penelope for the place, defeating the mare by a neck.

In the fifth race Right Angle bled and was eased up. Right Angle was leading at the time and but for this mishap might have won. American Ace was finally returned the winner, leading Belle of Elizabethtown to the wire by two lengths. Helen Atkins was third.

Vic Munos, after setting the pace, scored in a drive by a length, with Gratian second and Cigale third, a length and a half back.

Buncrana, a despised outsider in the betting, won the first race by a nose. She paid 15 to 1 in the books, while in the mutual pool they hung out $147.70 for a $2 ticket. This is the longest price winner of the meeting.

View Favorite won the second event, leading Harry Glover and Incinerator. Military Girl defeated Gus Scheer by a head in the third race.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Purse $700; for all ages; claiming; six furlongs. Buncrana, 112 pounds (Domenick), 15 to 1, 6 to 1, 3 to 1, first; Pokey Jane, 108 (Kennedy), 4 to 1, 6 to 5, 4 to 5, second; Timothy J. Hogan, 107 (Lancaster), 3 to 1, 6 to 5, 3 to 5, third. Time—1:14 3-5. Ocombe, Princess Myrtle, Cavan Boy, Ben Butler, Twenty Seven, Nobleman and Jack Healy also ran.

SECOND RACE—Purse $700; for all ages; claiming; six furlongs. View, 113 pounds (Carmody), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, first; Harry Glover, 111 (McDermott), 6 to 1, 2 to 1, even, second; Incinerator, 106 (Fletcher), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, third. Time—1:15. Okemus, Clark M. James, Stilleto, Frank Burke and Bronco Billy also ran.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Military Girl, 106 pounds (Kennedy), 4 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 5, first; Gus Scheer, 110 (Connors), 5 to 2, 7 to 10, 1 to 3, second; Sinn Fehner, 112 (Butwell), 12 to 1, 3 to 1, 8 to 5, third. Time—1:07. Polar Cub, Elmont, Juanita III. and Elga also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700; for two-year-olds; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Vic Munoz, 106 pounds (Hunt), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, first; Gratian, 112 (Butwell), 7 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 3, second; Cigale, 97 (Wilson), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, third. Time—1:08. Whippett, George C. Jr., Veorin, Natural and Jacobean also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $800; for all ages; five furlongs. American Ace, 117 pounds (Kelsay), even, 1 to 3, 1 to 6, first; Belle of Elizabethtown, 107 (Hoffler), 3 to 1, even, 1 to 2, second; Helen Atkins, 107 (Boyle), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, third. Time—1:00 2-5. Runnyven, the Blue Duke, Step Son, Right Angle and All Agio also ran.

SIXTH RACE—$3,000 added; Cuba mile championship for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Breadman, 104 pounds (Garner), 2 to 5, out, out, first; Mess Kit, 111 (Pickens), 3 to 1, out, out, second; Penelope, 101 (Hunt), 3 to 1, out, out, third. Time—1:42 1-5. Only three starters.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; a mile and fifty yards. Faux Col, 107 pounds (Garner), 8 to 5, 3 to 5, 1 to 3, first; Candlelight, 105 (Kennedy), 8 to 5, 3 to 5, 1 to 5, second; Mildred, 99 (Hunt), 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 2 to 1, third. Time—1:45 1-5. Pte, Sea Prince, Durella, Jack Hill and Duke of Shelby also ran.

FOUR BOUTS FOR BANTAMS.

Herman Will Box Lynch in Feature Bout of Garden Program.

Unusual interest is being manifested in the bouts scheduled for Madison Square Garden Wednesday night. Promotor Tex Rickard reports that advance requests for tickets indicate that the arena will hold a capacity throng. Bantamweights will provide all the action.

Pete Herman of New Orleans, world's bantamweight champion, will defend his title against the aspiring Joe Lynch of the west side in the feature fifteen-round bout. In the semi-final contest, scheduled for ten rounds, Midget Smith, Harlem boxer, and Johnny Buff, the rugged Jersey City ring midget, will clash, while in the first of the ten-round bouts the principals will be Kewpie Collander, Minneapolis bantamweight, and Young Montreal of Providence. In the opening six-round exhibition Willie Spencer will exchange blows with Georgie Thompson, a coast bantamweight.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Claiming; two-year-old maidens; six furlongs. Secretary 107 pounds, Obstinate 104, Mabel Josephine 99, Sheka 104, Controit 117, Joe Whipple 107, Pimlico 110, Pinto 102, Martha Gray 104, Toss Up 107.

SECOND RACE—Claiming; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Philippic, 108 pounds, Oaklawn Belle 110, Lancelot 111, Opportunity 113, Valerie West 103, Harry Burgoyne 108, Midian 101, Pueblo 105, Rainbow Girl 113, Approval 108, Lonely 107, Malvolio 113, Enos 103, Track Star 110, David Craig 108, Old Sinner 113, Pullux 113.

THIRD RACE—Claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Madras Gingham 106 pounds, Doctor Campbell 114, Dalwood 114, Judge Price 109, Harvey Smarr 100, Old McKenna 104, Bounding Through 106, American Rose 106, Pindar 104, Balarosa 109, Brickley 109, Larghetto 106, Colonel Lit 114, Eleve 101, Salute 109, Walter Turnbow 114, Galway 116.

FOURTH RACE—Allowances; all ages; six furlongs. Tippo Sahib 106 pounds, Crystal Ford 115, Bobby Allen 109, Frederick the Great 110, Archie Alexander 105, Sagamore 102, Jock Scot 105, Hadrian 105, Portlight 105, Vice-Chairman 112, Panaman 106, Smart Guy 102, Asaune 105, Mahony 105.

FIFTH RACE—Allowances; Chaimette Purse; two-year-olds; one mile. Day Lilly 105 pounds, Fanteche 112, Petrarch 108, White Star 108, Bunga Buck 108.

SIXTH RACE—Claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Cheer Leader 103 pounds, Gain de Cause 102, Young Adam 108, Brotherly Love 111, Baladin 109, Romeo 106, Kimpalong 108.

SEVENTH RACE—Claiming; three-year-and upward; one mile and a quarter. Dahlblah II. 107 pounds, H. C. Eaton 98, Adelante 103, Pit 101, Paddy Dear 103, Dottas Best 103, Jack Reeves 104, Billy Stuart 103, Capital City 110, Solid Rock 100.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

(Tuesday).

FIRST RACE—For maiden two-year-olds; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Bertha Minix 98 pounds, *Vera Twyford 98, *Miss Dixie 101, *Cheta 101, *Flew High 101, *Ravana 106, Scotty 106, *Molinaro 106, *Lyric 106, Mister Jiggs 109, Diffidence 110, Erroll 113.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Okemus 104 pounds, *Discussion 105, Guaranteed 107, Master 113, Assumption 113, The Bleu Duke 113.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. *The Pirate 98 pounds, Just Fancy 104, *Napthalius 105, War Loan 108, Slippery Silver 106, *American Eagle 108, Jill 106, Paula V. 106, Whip-Poor-Will 108, Bierman 110.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile. *Lariat 103 pounds, *Star Shooter 103, *Hosmam 103, Little Buss 102, *Lady Hester 102, *Jack Dawson 102, *Omeme 105, Jess De Vales 110, Garbage 110.

FIFTH RACE, Holiday Handicap—For all ages; purse $1,000; one mile. †Cubania 91 pounds, Wackawanna 105, Bally Mooney 106, Armistice 108, Buford 117, Cromwell 124. †Armonia Stable.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile. *Musket 98 pounds, Shyrmer 105, *White Crown 103, Misericorde 107, Foster Embrey 107, Miss Sweep 107, Mackenzie 107, Dragon 110.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear, track fast.

Don't delay!

Come today



The Royal Tailors' Annual Pre-Inventory Clearance of "limited yardage" woolens & worsteds

every remnant we have—regardless of its original cost—many suitings and overcoatings from our regular $50 to $75 grades

—offered this month to clean them out quickly —and keep our shops busy during the usual December dull season

$30

All pure wool custom-tailor fabrics exclusively

Suit or Overcoat to Measure



A discount of 10% for very small sizes. Slight extra charges for sizes 45 inches breast and above.

—tailored to your own taste
—tailored for quick delivery
—tailored to satisfy or money back

AT OUR 3 WHOLESALE SALESROOMS

UPTOWN
Fifth Ave. and 42nd St.
N. W. Corner, Bristol Bldg.
Op. N. Y. Pub. Library One Flight Up

DOWNTOWN
Park Row and Beekman St.
South East Corner
Op. City Hall Post Office One Flight Up

UNION SQUARE (14th St.)
14th St. and University Pl.
South East Corner
One Fifth (Fifth Ave.) Floor (Broadway) One Flight Up

Hours: 8:30 A.M. to 6:00 P.M.
Daily—Including Saturday



Royal tailoring is sold throughout the world —dealers in over 10,000 cities and towns



Jolly hollyday bargains for boys!

A general markdown of boys' furnishings, hats and shoes—all from our regular stock.

A grand old clean-up that puts prices way below present raw cost of replacement!

Boys' shirts—mostly fancy negliges.

845 were $2.50
741 were $3.75

$1.85

416 were $4.50
749 were $5.00
229 were $6.00

$2.45

Boys' pajamas—madras, percale, mercerized cotton, Domet flannel.

22 were $2.00
183 were $3.50

$1.25

852 were $3.00
48 were $3.50

$1.75

133 were $3.75
587 were $4.00

$2.25

Boys' sweaters.

180 were $7.00
43 were $9.50

$4.95

201 were $10.50
184 were $11.00

$6.85

Boys' all-leather school shoes—black and tan.

110 were $6.00
312 were $7.00

$3.50

Children's hats — cloth, plush, corduroy, velour.

52 were $3.00
67 were $4.00
67 were $5.00
73 were $6.00
53 were $7.00
24 were $8.00
26 were $10.00

$1.75

Boys' handkerchiefs.

2522 were 30c

15c

Boys' soft collars.

1404 were 25c

10c

Boys' underwear — two-piece garments and union suits, light and medium weights.

856 were $1.00
64 were $1.25

50c

496 were $1.00
792 were $1.50
872 were $1.75

75c

240 were $2.00
285 were $2.50
176 were $2.75
146 were $3.00

$1.35

396 were $2.25
89 were $2.50
631 were $4.00

$1.85

Boys' gloves — leather; also wool.

527 were $1.00
264 were $1.25
328 were $1.50

55c

382 were $1.75
54 were $2.25

95c

218 were $3.50
287 were $4.00
292 were $4.50
190 were $5.00

$2.25

Boys' Scout shoes.

169 were $4.75
438 were $5.75

$2.50

Boys' mackinaws.

21 were $12.00
70 were $14.00
88 were $15.00

$7.50

Boys' stockings.

276 were 50c
468 were 55c
838 were 60c

30c

2010 were 70c
891 were 75c
204 were 85c

45c

Children's brushed wool sweater suits—toque, jacket, leggins and mittens.

52 were $12.00
68 were $15.00

$8.50

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. and Broadway at Warren. "Four Convenient Corners" Broadway at 34th St. and Fifth Ave. at 41st St.



All Aboard! Give Your Boy a LIONEL Electric Train

Surprise him at Christmas time with a Lionel Electric Train outfit and let him learn the wonders of electric traction. Runs on batteries or house current. Good for years of fun. Write for handsome catalog in colors.

Manufactured and Guaranteed by THE LIONEL CORPORATION NEW YORK

On sale at Toy, Department, Electrical, Sporting Goods and Hardware Stores.

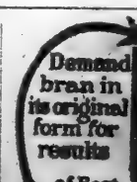


NEWSPAPER MAN

DESIRES TO TURN SPARE TIME TO PROFIT BY DOING OUTSIDE WORK, SUCH AS REWRITING, EDITING AND COMPILING REPORTS, ETC., OR PERFORMING SECRETARIAL OR OTHER PART TIME WORK. EXPERIENCED IN HANDLING CORRESPONDENCE. COLLEGE GRADUATE. F 184 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SIX MONTHS FOR SIX DOLLARS.

Six months' subscription to the daily and Sunday editions of The New York Times will make an acceptable Christmas gift for a relative or friend and be a daily reminder of the giver. Sent postpaid to any postoffice in the United States or possessions for $6.00.—Advt.



Demand bran in its original form for results of Best Grocers

KELLOGG'S BRAN

105 Hudson. Phone Lispenard 5959

DIAMONDS—WATCHES For Christmas Gifts

SELECT NOW

From our immense stock DIAMONDS RANGING $25 TO $1,000

ON CREDIT

Strictly confidential. No red tape. Small Weekly or Monthly Payments. CALL OR SEND FOR XMAS CATALOG

ROYAL DIAMOND & WATCH CO.

18 MAIDEN LANE, 9th FLOOR

OPEN EVENINGS TILL 9 O'CLOCK

REIS UNION SUITS

REIS

MAN'S CLOSEST FRIEND

THE extraordinary opportunities now offered the discriminating investor are clearly evidenced by the low prices at which bonds of even the highest types may be purchased today.

In our list of "January Investments" we give specific instances of what we consider to be especially attractive issues.

Write for List No. 1310

Spencer Trask & Co.

25 Broad Street, New York

ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO

Members New York Stock Exchange
Members Chicago Stock Exchange

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY

City of Jersey City
New Jersey
Improvement 6% Bonds
Due 1923-1926

Tax exempt in New Jersey and free from all Federal Income Taxes. Legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Connecticut and other States. Eligible as security for Postal Savings Deposits.

Prices to yield from
5.50% to 5.75%
Circular on request for AG-358

The National City Company

Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: Fifth Ave. & 43d St.

Water Power

Development on a tremendous scale of hydro-electric powers heretofore unavailable is made practical through recent passage by Congress of the Water Power Act.

Properly secured hydro-electric bonds already occupy a highly favorable investment status, but undoubtedly such securities will be increasingly in demand as the hydro-electric industry enlarges its present firmly entrenched position as one of our principal sources of energy.

Ask for our Water Power Booklet

Harris, Forbes & Co.

Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

Albany, N. Y., 4½s
1930—To yield 4.80%

Minneapolis, Minn., 4s
1927—To yield 5.50%

Portland, Ore., 5s
1923-28—To yield 6%

Houston, Texas, 5s
1924—To yield 6%

State of Minnesota 5s
1924—To yield 5.75%

State of Oregon 4½s
1926-27—To yield 5.50%
1928-32—To yield 5.25%
1933-45—To yield 5%

Complete list of Municipal Bonds will be sent upon request.

Estabrook & Co.

30 Broad St., New York — 15 State St. Boston
Hartford — Providence — Springfield

December Circular

We have just prepared a circular which gives particulars of a number of Canadian Government Provincial and Municipal bonds yielding from

6½% to 8%

All of the bonds described have principal and interest payable in United States funds in New York.

Write for Circular T-1220

Wood, Gundy & Co.
Incorporated
14 Wall Street, New York
Toronto — Montreal
London, Eng. — Winnipeg

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Industrial and Financial Situation as the Year Draws to its Close.

The confused and perplexing movements in the last week's markets ended with one exceedingly interesting indication. The week-end statement of the entire Federal Reserve system shows the highest reserve percentage of the year. Until yesterday's published showing the maximum ratio of cash reserve to deposits and circulation was the 45% per cent. of Jan. 9; it now stands at 45%. It has long been recognized that a definite trend of the country's money market toward a normal footing would be indicated first in the Federal Reserve percentage.

How much force there is in the belief, expressed at the end of last week by merchants in several lines of trade, by the commercial agencies and by a good many Wall Street people, that "the bad news is nearly all out" and that therefore one may expect hereafter genuine buying on a larger scale, cannot yet be judged with entire confidence. There has been buying, and of a substantial character, during the recent spasmodic break in prices both for securities and merchandise. That it had no controlling influence on prices is easily explained, first by the fact that such purchases were far overbalanced by the sales of hard-pressed holders, but, second, by the further fact that in a visibly declining market, even purchasers who believe that prices are down to intrinsic values will buy cautiously and will not follow prices up.

In the field of industry it may at least be said that provision for consumers' needs even below the normal has been long deferred and in due course must be made. It is not so easy to be sure what those needs will be, under the changed conditions created by the shrinkage of business incomes, the actual losses incurred in Wall Street or in general trade and the wage reductions or partial unemployment. But it is equally true that this question cannot be even tentatively answered until full recognition by the retail trade of the existing situation shall have brought prices to a level at which the public will abandon the "consumers' strike."

That will in all probability occur next month. The financial markets also have an interesting test before them. Some years ago one of the most familiar Wall Street traditions was the "Christmas market," by which was meant an expected display of cheerfulness and rising prices on the Stock Exchange in Christmas week. Wall Street itself was sometimes disposed to attribute such markets to the prevalent spirit of the season. But the real explanation was something quite different; it was the buying of stocks and bonds by brokers or speculators in advance of the expected reinvestment of the January dividend and coupon money. There will be reinvestment of accruing funds at the end of the present month; but the financial situation is so very complex that it is not easy to foresee the results on prices.

Severe and general trade reaction has two opposite effects on the attitude of investors. Extensive shrinkage in the volume of capital employed in general business leaves a multitude of thrifty business men with idle money in their hands. These people will resort to the high-grade investment market, and the longer they expect dull trade to last the more readily they will do so.

That is one reason why bond prices traditionally rise when commodity prices fall. At the present moment, however, there are two strong offsets. One, which has become unpleasantly familiar of late, is the actual lack of surplus funds in the hands of individual merchants or producing companies whose warehouses are still pretty well filled with goods that are not moving to consumers, while the fall in price has cut heavily into inventory valuations. The other is the uncertainty of next year's profits, combined with the certainty of next year's taxes.

This is only one instance of the perplexing anomalies which surround the investment market. The most practical banking experts are apt to forecast the money situation in the New Year as one in which rates will be relatively low, but loans not easy to place at all by those to whom increased credit would be particularly useful. A very pertinent question will have to do with the relation of the rate for money in ordinary loans to the cost of capital for investment in long-term securities.

Ordinarily the two have moved pretty closely in harmony, and it might perhaps be said of the present situation that the 8 per cent. interest rate on the 25-year Swiss and French Government bonds lately floated in America measured the same conditions as the 8 per cent. rate on merchants' paper. But, on the other hand, the commercial paper rate will certainly be affected next year by the fact that inactive trade will greatly reduce the total borrowings, whereas all bankers know that largely increased requisitions will be made on the investment market by borrowing Governments and corporations.

The remark of the Secretary of the Treasury, that deflation of commodity prices "means increase in the buying power of money and in the present value of the promise to pay money at a future date," and that "as the inevitable deflation takes place and the price of money becomes normal again, market prices of Liberty bonds and Victory notes should appreciate in accordance with inexorable economic law," undoubtedly applies in the long run to the entire investment market. The complicating consideration is, how far the working of that law may be delayed or hampered by the temporary incidents of a difficult readjustment of credit. This will be tested between now and the end of January.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED DEC. 18, 1920.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	5,320,906	213,445,567½
Same period a year ago	5,204,328	204,631,786

	Last Week. High.	Low.	Year to Date. High.	Low.
Average price 50 stocks.	69.18	65.97	94.07	65.97
Same period a year ago.	89.17	84.27	99.59	69.73

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
500..	ADAMS EXPRESS	28½	28	28	— ½
2,300..	Advance Rumely	15½	14½	15	— ½
2,250..	Advance Rumely pf.	49¼	44¾	45	— 4¼
3,700..	Ajax Rubber	27	24½	26	— 1
4,900..	Alaska Gold Mines	¾	¾	¾	— ⅛
11,900..	Alaska Juneau	1¾	1¾	1¾	+ ⅛
500..	Allegheny & West	87	87	87	..
12,800..	Allied Chem. & D. w. i.	48¾	44½	48½	— ¾
1,000..	Allied Ch. & D. pf w. i.	97	85	86¾	— ¾
8,900..	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	30	28	28¾	— 1⅛
900..	Allis-Chalm. Mfg. pf.	73½	70	70¾	— 1⅛
100..	Amal. Sugar 1st pf.	96¾	95½	95½	— 1½
7,500..	Am. Agr. Chem.	58	54	55½	— ½
2,000..	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	82¾	79¾	79¾	— 1
400..	Am. Bank Note	44	42½	42½	— 1½
100..	Am. Bank Note pf.	43½	41¾	41¾	— 1½
12,900..	Am. Beet Sugar	50	35	38	— 12¼
100..	Am. Beet Sugar pf.	75¾	73¾	73¾	+ ¼
7,800..	Am. Bosch Magneto	50¾	44½	*45	— 2¾
300..	Am. Brake Shoe & Fdy.	48	47¾	48	+ ¾
17,900..	Am. Can	25	22½	22½	— 1½
4,000..	Am. Can pf.	80	72¾	*73¾	— 5¼
20,800..	Am. Car & Fdy.	126¾	120¾	*120¾	— 1½
1,000..	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	108½	106¾	*106¾	— ¾
3,400..	Am. Cotton Oil	17¾	16½	17	— ¼
200..	Am. Cotton Oil pf.	64	60¾	60½	— 3
4,800..	Am. Drug Syndicate	7¾	7	7	— ¼
900..	Am. Express	120	115	115	— 7
4,300..	Am. Hide & Leather	8	6¼	6¾	— 1⅛
10,600..	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	43½	36¾	36¾	— 7¾
1,900..	Am. Ice	40¾	39	39	— ¾
30..	Am. Ice pf.	53¾	53½	53½	— 2
31,700..	Am. International	39¾	35	35¼	— 4⅝
4,000..	Am. La F. Fire Engine.	9⅞	8½	9¾	+ ⅜
2,600..	Am. Linseed	54¾	51¾	51¾	— 2¾
16,700..	Am. Locomotive	82½	78¼	*79	— 1½
400..	Am. Locomotive pf.	101¼	100¾	100¾	— ½
400..	Am. Radiator	67¾	66½	67	..
13,000..	Am. Safety Razor	9	8	8¼	— ⅛
20,800..	Am. Ship & Commerce.	9¾	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
38,700..	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	42½	39	39¾	— 2⅝
4,500..	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	83½	81¼	82¾	— 2¼
500..	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. A.	69¾	68	*68½	— 1
500..	Am. Snuff	90¾	89¾	90¼	— ⅜
100..	Am. Snuff pf., new.	81¾	81¾	81¾	+ 1¾
13,700..	Am. Steel Fdys.	32	28	*28½	— 2½
700..	Am. Steel Fdys. pf.	82¾	80	*80½	— ¾
31,650..	Am. Sugar Ref.	89	83¼	83¾	— 3
3,400..	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	100¾	99¼	99¼	— ⅝
6,700..	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	70¼	68	68	— 2
700..	Am. Sumatra Tob. pf.	82½	79	80	— 4
14,250..	Am. Tel. & Tel.	98¾	97¾	98	— ¾
8,900..	Am. Tobacco	115	110¾	111	— 3
4,485..	Am. Tobacco, "B"	112	107¾	100	— 1½
2,900..	Am. Tobacco pf.	88¼	87	87⅝	— 1
220..	Am. Wholesale pf.	90	89½	89½	— 1½
61,700..	Am. Woolen	66¾	60¼	*61¼	— 1¼
700..	Am. Woolen pf.	93	90	*90¾	— 1¼
2,400..	Am. Writing Paper pf.	34½	33½	32½	— 2
3,200..	Amer. Zinc, L. & S.	6¾	6½	6¾	— ⅛
500..	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	31	28	31	+ 4
70,100..	Anaconda Copper	38	35	35	— 3½
100..	Ann Arbor pf.	25	25	25	..
1,900..	Assets Realization	2¾	2⅜	2⅜	— ⅛
4,400..	Associated D. G.	20	18	18	— 2¼
710..	Associated D. G. 1st pf.	51¾	49½	50	— 2
800..	Associated D. G. 2d pf.	40	39	40	— 2
100..	Associated Oil	87	87	87	— 1
40,800..	Atch., Top. & S. F.	81½	78½	79	— 2
3,400..	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	81½	74½	75	..
4,100..	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	6	5	5	— 1
2,500..	Atlantic Coast Line	86	83	84¾	— ⅛
2,000..	Atlantic Fruit	9¾	7	7	— 3¼
30,300..	Atlantic Gulf & W. I.	110¾	103	103¼	— 3½
1,300..	Atlantic, Gulf & W.I. pf	53½	53¾	54¾	+ ⅛
70..	Atlantic Refining	1000	950	960	—75
300..	Atlantic Refining pf.	103	102¾	103	— 1
700..	Atlas Tack	18	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
2,400..	Austin-Nichols	11¾	10	10	— 1⅝
200..	Austin-Nichols pf.	66¾	64½	64½	— 4½
1,800..	Auto Sales	3	2½	2½	— ½
200..	Auto Sales pf.	10	10	10	..
57,600..	BALDWIN LOCO.	89½	85	86¼	— 3
1,100..	Baldwin Loco. pf.	95¼	94	94½	+ ⅝
54,000..	Baltimore & Ohio.	33¾	30¼	31½	— 1⅞
3,200..	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	48	45	47½	— ½
600..	Barnsdall, "A"	36	36	36	..
600..	Barnsdall "B"	36	36	36	..
700..	Barnet Leather	23½	23	23¼	— 1⅛
300..	Barrett Co.	108½	104½	108¼	— ¾
3,300..	Barrett Ch. Con. c. of d.	110	105½	109	+ ¾
100..	Barrett Co. pf.	100	100	100	— ¼
400..	Batopilas Mining	⅞	⅞	⅞	..
3,600..	Bethlehem Motors	3	2⅝	2¾	..
2,300..	Bethlehem Steel	54	48¾	*50	— 1⅝
42,600..	Bethlehem Steel, "B"	53	51	*51½	+ 2½
1,800..	Bethlehem Steel 8% pf.	103	100	*101½	+ ½
3,200..	Booth Fisheries	4	2¾	3¾	— ⅝
500..	Brooklyn Edison Elec.	86	83	83	— 7
6,400..	Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	10½	9¼	9⅝	— ⅜
3,100..	Brooklyn R. T. c. of d.	7	6½	6½	— ⅜
1,200..	Brooklyn Union Gas.	53	50	51	— 3⅜
100..	Brown Shoe	39	39	39	— 1
100..	Brown Shoe pf.	82	82	82	— 2
1,900..	Brunswick Ter. & Ry. S.	4¼	3½	3⅝	— ⅞
500..	Buf., Roch. & Pitts.	83	83	83	— 1
3,400..	Burns Bros.	83¾	80	81	— 2¼
5,000..	Butte Copper & Zinc.	5	4¾	4¾	— ⅜
6,100..	Butte & Superior.	9⅜	8½	8⅝	— ¾
800..	Butterick Co.	10½	10⅜	10½	+ ⅛
4,000..	CADDO CENT. O. & R.	14	11⅝	11⅝	— 2⅜
8,900..	California Pack	63	61	61⅜	+ ⅛
12,900..	California Petroleum	23½	21	24	+ 3
1,300..	California Petroleum pf.	68½	67½	68½	+ 1
1,700..	Calumet & Arizona.	43	42	43	— 2½
600..	Canada Southern	40¼	40	40¼	+ ¼
28,900..	Canadian Pacific	113½	111½	112	— ½
600..	Case (J. I.) Plow	8½	6¼	8½	+ 2
400..	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	81	79½	*79½	— 1⅜
17,500..	Central Leather	37⅜	35	35	— 2½
1,500..	Central Leather pf.	89	85¼	85⅜	— 2⅝
1,200..	Central R. R. of N. J.	197½	185	190	—10
13,430..	Cerro de Pasco Copper.	27	25¼	26½	+ 1
300..	Certain-teed Products	41	37	37	— 4½
11,200..	Chandler Motor	75	72½	72½	— 1
17,600..	Chesapeake & Ohio.	57½	54¼	54½	— 3⅝
700..	Chi. & Alton.	9½	7¾	7¾	— 1⅛
600..	Chi. & East. Ill. Eq.Tr.r	6½	6	6	— 1¾
2,800..	Chi. & E. I. pf. Eq.Tr.r	5½	5	5	..
4,700..	Chi. Great West.	7¾	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
4,100..	Chi. Great West. pf.	18	17	17	— 1
48,400..	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul.	28⅜	25	25½	— 2⅞
47,600..	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf.	42½	38	38¼	— 3¾
24,600..	Chi. & Northwestern.	71½	65¾	*66¾	— 1½
700..	Chi. & Northwestern pf.	107½	102½	*102½	— 2¼
1,100..	Chi. Pneu. Tool	85¼	82¾	83	— 2
46,400..	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	26⅝	23¾	24½	— 1¾
7,600..	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 7% pf.	69¾	64	66	— 4½
4,200..	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 6% pf.	58½	55½	56	— 4
100..	Chi., St. P., M. & O.	64½	64½	64½	— 4½
51,600..	Chile Copper	9½	8¾	8¾	— ⅝
14,400..	Chino Copper	18⅝	16	16¼	— ⅜
900..	Clev., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	44	31½	32½	—12½
300..	Clev., C., C. & St. L. pf.	64	61½	61½	— 4
1,300..	Cluett-Peabody	49	45½	47	..
100..	Cluett-Peabody pf.	85	85	85	— 2
22,200..	Coca-Cola	20½	20	20	— ⅛
5,700..	Colorado Fuel & Iron.	27¾	25	25	— 3
2,000..	Colorado Southern	27	26	26	— 2
100..	Colorado South. 2d pf.	46	46	46	— 1
2,000..	Columbia Gas & Elec.	55⅝	53½	54½	— ⅜
30,950..	Columbia Grapho.	11	10	10¾	— 1
900..	Columbia Grapho. pf.	63¾	62½	62½	— 2⅜
700..	Comput. Tab. Record.	35	34	34	— 1
400..	Consolidated Cigar	55	52¼	52¼	— 1¼
8,000..	Consolidated Gas	79¼	77¾	77⅞	— 1⅛
4,800..	Consol. Int. Cal. Min.	6⅜	5⅝	*5⅝	— ⅜
4,400..	Consol. Textile	20¾	18½	18½	— ¾
2,600..	Continental Can	62	60	61	+ 1
5,300..	Continental Candy	6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
53,800..	Corn Products Refining.	65¼	63¼	64	— ½
600..	Corn Products Ref. pf.	96¾	96	96	— ½
20,400..	Cosden & Co.	30	27½	27½	— 1⅝
113,500..	Crucible Steel	86⅝	78¾	81¾	— 4¾
600..	Crucible Steel pf.	84⅝	82	82	— 3
31,600..	Cuba Cane Sugar	21	17¾	*17¾	— 2¾
12,100..	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	64¾	54	*57	— 7¾
7,000..	Cuban-Am. Sugar	28	28	28	— 2½
1,600..	DAVISON CHEMICAL	28	25	25½	— 6½
5,100..	De Beers Mines	16¼	15	16	— 1½
3,000..	Delaware & Hudson	93¾	94	94	— 3¾
300..	Del., Lack. & West.	220¾	215	215	..
2,200..	Denver & Rio Grande	1	⅞	1	+ ⅛
10,700..	Denver & Rio G. pf.	2	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
2,700..	Dome Mines	10½	9⅞	10	— ⅛
100..	Duluth, S. S. & Atl.	3¾	3½	3⅝	+ ⅛
48..	EASTMAN KODAK	515¼	505	505	—10¼
4,200..	Elk Horn Coal	16¾	14⅝	14⅞	— 1⅝
100..	Elk Horn Coal pf.	35	35	35	+ 2¼
1,300..	Emerson-Brantingham	7	6½	7	+ ⅛
5,000..	Endicott-Johnson	54	51½	51¾	— 2⅛
1,900..	Endicott-Johnson pf.	87¼	84¾	85	— 2
25,300..	Erie	13¾	11¾	12¼	— ⅜
15,400..	Erie 1st pf.	19½	17⅜	17⅜	— 1⅞
3,200..	Erie 2d pf.	13¾	12½	13	..
14,900..	FAMOUS PLAYERS-L.	52	43	*43¾	— 6¼
1,300..	Famous Players-L. pf.	72½	70¼	70¾	— 3¼
500..	Federal Mining & Smelt.	5	5	5	— 1
1,200..	Federal Min. & Sm. pf.	29¼	25	25	— 3
750..	Fisher Body	85½	83½	83¾	— 6¼
1,100..	Fisher Body pf.	96½	97½	97½	— ½
12,515..	Fisk Rubber	10⅞	10¼	10⅜	— ⅝
14,700..	Freeport-Texas	15½	13¼	14¾	— ½
10,800..	GASTON, W. & W.	2¼	1⅝	2¼	+ ¼
1,200..	Gen. Am. Tank Car.	56	49	*50	— 6
65,500..	Gen. Asphalt	43	32½	40⅝	..
3,100..	Gen. Asphalt pf.	78	71	78	..
100..	Gen. Chemical	137	117	117	—13
500..	Gen. Chem. Con. c. of d.	122⅝	117¼	122¼	— 7¾
100..	Gen. Ch. pf Con. c. of d.	86½	84½	*84½	— 2
2,350..	Gen. Cigar	55¾	54	54	— 1
100..	Gen. Cigar pf.	88	88	88	..
2,200..	Gen. Cigar deb. pf.	82½	81½	81½	— 1½
15,675..	Gen. Electric	120¾	118¼	118¾	— ¼
123,100..	Gen. Motors	14	12⅝	13	— 1
800..	Gen. Motors pf.	99½	96¾	97	— 3
7,400..	Gen. Motors 7% deb.	71¾	69¾	70	— 1⅝
14,000..	Gen. Motors 6% deb.	61½	60	60½	— 1
10,100..	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	33¾	32¾	32¾	— 6¼
2,000..	Goodrich pf.	77	74	75½	— 2
600..	Granby Consol.	15¾	13	15¾	+ ⅛
100..	Gray & Davis.	11	11	11	— 1½
38,500..	Great Northern pf.	74	71½	72	— 2¼
21,200..	Gt. Nor. ctfs. for ore p.	29¾	25	25½	+ ¾
5,600..	Greene-Cananea Cop.	20¾	17½	17¾	— 2⅛
1,400..	Guantanamo Sugar	15	14	*14¼	— ¾
3,100..	Gulf States Steel	33	29¾	30	..
900..	Gulf, Mobile & Nor.	9¼	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
1,000..	Gulf, Mobile & Nor. pf.	21¾	21½	21½	— ¾
2,900..	HASKELL & BARKER	55¾	54¼	*54¾	— ½
70..	Havana Elec. Ry. & L.	86	85	85	..

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
2,000..	Hendee Mfg.	15	14	14	— 1½
600..	Homestake Mining	50	50	50	— 2
19,024..	Houston Oil	34	33	33½	— ½
10,300..	Hupp Motor Car	10¾	9¼	9¾	— ⅝
200..	Hydraulic Steel	20	19½	20	— ⅝
9,700..	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	85¾	81½	83	— 3
3,800..	Indiahoma Ref.	6½	5	6	— ⅛
100..	Indian Refining	15¾	15¾	15¾	— ⅛
20,800..	Inspiration Copper	30¾	29¼	29¾	— ¾
8,800..	Interboro Consolidated	4	3⅝	3⅝	..
5,800..	Interboro Con. pf.	10¾	9¾	10¼	+ ⅛
3,300..	Int. Agricultural	13	10	10½	— ½
1,400..	Int. Agricultural pf.	46¾	45½	46¾	— ¾
5,000..	Int. Harvester, new.	96¾	94¼	95	— ¾
500..	Int. Harvester pf. new.	101½	100	101	— 1¼
10,200..	Int. Mer. Marine.	12¾	11¼	11¼	— 1½
26,800..	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	50½	47¾	48	— 2½
2,700..	Int. Motor Truck.	30½	28	29¾	+ ¾
58,600..	Int. Nickel	13¾	12¾	12¾	— ¾
600..	Int. Nickel pf.	82	78	79	— 3½
8,100..	Int. Paper	49¼	46¾	47¾	— 1½
400..	Int. Paper pf. sts.	71¾	71	71	— 1¼
16,300..	Invincible Oil	22½	20¾	21¾	— 1¾
2,000..	Iron Products	31¾	28	30	— 3
31,600..	Island Oil and Trans.	5	4¾	4¾	..
700..	JEWEL TEA	4	3	3	— ½
1,900..	Jewel Tea pf.	9¼	8¾	8¾	— ¾
2,200..	Jones Bros. Tea	16¾	15	15	— 1½
100..	K. C., FT. S. & M. pf.	60	60	60	..
12,800..	Kansas City So.	19	16¾	16¾	— 1⅜
2,200..	Kansas City So. pf.	45	40½	43½	— 1½
200..	Kayser (Julius) & Co.	70	70	70	— 5
7,300..	Kelly Springf. Tire	38	30	33	— 5
400..	Kelly Springf. T. 8% pf.	84	80	81	— 4
300..	Kelsey Wheel	40	39	39	— 1½
46,800..	Kennecott Copper	17¾	16¾	16¾	— ¾
13,800..	Keystone Tire & Rubber	8	6¾	7	+ ¼
100..	Kreage (S. S.) Co. pf.	97½	97½	97½	— 2½
14,200..	LACKAWANNA STEEL	51¼	47¼	47½	— 4¼
3,200..	Laclede Gas	41¾	40	40	— 1¾
1,000..	Lake Erie & Western.	13½	11	11¼	— 2¼
400..	Lake Erie & West. pf.	25	23½	24	— 2
2,000..	Lee Rubber & Tire.	17½	16	16¼	+ ¾
33,200..	Lehigh Valley	55¾	48¼	52	— 3
1,150..	Liggett & Myers.	130¼	130	130	— 1
200..	Liggett & Myers class B.	127	125	125	— 2
800..	Liggett & Myers pf.	101½	95	95	— 6½
11,000..	Loew's Incorporated	17	16¼	16¾	— ¾
11,400..	Loft Incorporated	10¾	9¾	10	— ¾
200..	Loose-Wiles Bis. 1st pf	98	95	95	..
100..	Loose-Wiles Bis. 2d pf.	103¼	103¼	103¼	..
1,000..	Lorillard (P.) Co.	125	125	125	— 6
793..	Lorillard (P.) Co. pf.	101¼	98	98	— 3
2,182..	Louisville & Nashville.	99¾	97½	97¾	— 2¾
500..	MACKAY COS.	58	57	57	— 1
300..	Mackay Cos. pf.	57½	57	57½	— ⅛
500..	Mallinson & Co.	10½	10	10	— 1
200..	Mallinson & Co. pf.	53	52½	53	— 2
1,300..	Manati Sugar	70	66	69¾	— 1⅜
3,443..	Manhattan Elevated	49½	42¾	46¾	— 2⅝
500..	Manhattan Shirt	17¾	16	16	— ⅞
700..	Marlin-Rockwell	16	13	16	+ 1
2,600..	Martin-Parry	13½	12	12	— 1½
100..	Mathieson Alkali	18	18	18	..
1,200..	Maxwell Motors	2¾	2¼	2½	— ¼
800..	Maxwell Motors 1st pf.	5	4¼	4¼	— 1⅛
800..	Max. Mcfs of D.sts ass'd	3¾	3	3	— ⅛
400..	Maxwell Motors 2d pf.	3¼	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
800..	Do ctfs of D. sts ass'd.	1¾	¾	1¼	— ⅛
1,200..	May Dept. Stores	70¼	65	69	— 1¼
179,000..	Mexican Petroleum	168¾	155¾	*157¾	— 2¾
9,400..	Miami Copper	15¾	15	15¼	— ¼
44,600..	Middle States Oil	12¼	11¼	11¾	— ¼
42,080..	Midvale Steel	31¾	30¼	30½	— 1¼
4,587..	Minn. & St. Louis, new.	11¾	10¼	10⅝	— 1⅛
300..	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M.	71	68¾	68¾	— 1½
100..	M., St. P. & S. S. M. l. l.	55	55	55	— 1
11,800..	Mo., Kan. & Texas.	5¼	5	5	— ⅛
2,800..	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf.	5	3¾	4¼	— ⅛
26,500..	Mo. Pacific	18¾	16¾	16¾	— 1½
18,800..	Mo. Pacific pf.	39	36	36	— 2
1,500..	Montana Power	51½	49	*49	— 1
500..	Montana Power pf.	93¼	93¼	*93¼	..
6,300..	Montgomery Ward	15	14	14	— 1
300..	Mullins Body	21¼	20½	20½	— 1
100..	NASH., CHAT. & ST. L.	103	105	105	+ 1
900..	Nat. Acme	25¾	23	23¾	..
100..	Nat. Aniline & Chem.	46¾	45¾	45¾	— 5
9,900..	Do Chem Con. c. of d.	49¾	45¾	48¼	— ⅜
100..	Nat. Aniline & Chem. pf.	85	85	85	— 3
1,100..	Do pf. Ch. Con. c. of d	84½	84	84½	— 2½
3,100..	Nat. Biscuit	103	99¼	99¼	— ¾
610..	Nat. Biscuit pf.	108	106½	107	— 1
900..	Nat. Cloak & Suit.	29¾	27¾	29¾	+ 1½
200..	Nat. Cloak & Suit pf.	70¾	70½	70½	— 3¼
6,200..	Nat. Cond. &

all listed stocks and bonds

A. A. Housman & Co.

[illegible] Exchange

29 Broad Street, New York

[illegible] New York City
[illegible] Philadelphia
[illegible] Boston

Preferred Stocks

of sound public utility companies are particularly desirable investments under existing conditions. Gross earnings of such companies are relatively stable, they have no large inventories to mark down and declining commodity prices will reduce operating expenses.

We are recommending for investment several preferred stocks of this type which yield

8% to 9%

Offerings will be submitted upon request.

Stone & Webster
INCORPORATED
120 Broadway, New York
Telephone Rector 6020
Boston Chicago

Exempt from Federal Income Taxes

$300,000

Los Angeles, Cal.

School District 5½%

Due 1944-1959 Inclusive

Price to Yield 5.20%

Descriptive circular upon request

STACY & BRAUN
5 Nassau Street,
Toledo New York Cincinnati

Oil Exploration

More than half the world's oil reserves are believed to be concentrated in two intercontinental areas; one of these oil-rich reserves includes the North American and South American countries bordering the Caribbean Sea, and the other includes the countries of western Asia and southwestern Europe, with the Caucasus as an axis. On these two areas, then, is focused the attention of the great nations that most need oil. We have no doubt that within the next five years more money will be spent on exploration for oil than probably has been expended in the entire history of the industry.

J. R. Bridgeford & Co.
111 Broadway New York

Foreign Exchange

Closing Rates

	Cable.	Check.	Currency.	
England	$3.50¼	$3.50	$3.55	Sterling
France	5.91	5.90	6.20	Francs
Belgium	6.32	6.31	6.30	Francs
Italy	3.41	3.40	3.70	Lire
Germany	1.33½	1.32	1.45	Marks
Switzerland	15.20	15.18	16.00	Francs
Holland	13.10	13.08	13.50	Poeetas
Greece	7.50	7.48	8.00	Drachmas
Denmark	1.11	1.10	1.32½	Lei
Norway	1.15	1.14	1.40	Kroner
Asia Sht.	.62	.62		Krosze
Austria	.32	.31	.22	Kroner
Hungary	.20	.18		Kroner
Poland	.19	.18	.22	Marks
Russia			.45	Roubles

Call, Wire or Write for Rates.

MORTON LACHENBRUCH & CO.
42 Broad Street, New York
Private Wires to CHICAGO-PHILADELPHIA ST LOUIS
PITTSBURG-DETROIT-CLEVELAND-GRAND RAPIDS

Signs Are That Less 1921 Replacement Work Than Looked For Is Contemplated.

NOOT MILLS AT CAPACITY

Leading Pittsburgh Plants Have Plenty to Do—Independents Are Less Active.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 18.—In the last two weeks the Carnegie Steel Company has operated 98 per cent. of its steel ingot capacity, the highest rate for many months. The 2 per cent. of idleness is accounted for almost wholly by a small plant at Sharon, which is out temporarily. The National Tube Company is running full at its McKeesport, Riverside and Lorain works. Taking the United States Steel Corporation as a whole, one blast furnace was blown out in November and seven were blown in, while the active list has been increased further this month. The corporation's steel ingot output is at 91 per cent., against 88 per cent. two or three weeks ago. The increase is due to there being better supplies of coal and coke. Its shipments are equal to current production, except that the National Tube Company is shipping some from large accumulated stocks.

On account of the independents having charged much higher prices for about a twelvemonth, their sales did not extend into far forward deliveries, and they are operating at an average probably under 40 per cent. Last year, on account of its steadier operation, the Steel Corporation made 55 per cent. of the total steel ingot output, although it had only about 44 per cent. of the capacity.

The actual consumption of steel is greater than these operating rates would suggest. During the recent period of heavy consumption production was restricted by fuel shortage, car shortage and other difficulties. During the first ten months of the year steel ingot production averaged a rate of 42,000,000 tons a year, or 80 per cent. of estimated capacity. If the independents are now operating at 40 per cent. their output, together with a 91 per cent. operation by the Steel Corporation, would make a total output of 83 per cent., as great as the average rate during the first ten months of the year. Inasmuch as a decrease of more than 17 per cent. in the rate of steel consumption is to be expected, until business revives, a further decrease in production is to be expected.

Pipe Still a "Lone Star" in Market.

Pipe still survives the decline to the industrial board level, but the difference between independent and Steel Corporation prices is only from $7 to $10 a ton, and this gap is likely to be bridged within a few weeks. Pig iron remains stagnant, with prices nominally unchanged at $35 for Bessemer or foundry and $33 for basic at valley furnaces. A buying movement in pig is expected next month. Customers are not canceling, but have been asking that shipments be reduced or suspended. The business may be reinstated, but scarcely, unless there is a price revision. It is everywhere agreed that eventually pig iron will be lower.

While coke has been quiet in general, one coke interest has made contracts for furnace coke for the first new year half equal to 80 per cent. of its capacity and requiring four or five medium-sized furnaces. The general terms are that the invoice price of the coke month by month is to be one-fifth the market price of basic pig iron at valley furnaces. Foundry coke has been in lighter demand and prices have declined somewhat, although there is still a good differential between spot lots in furnace and foundry. The market is quotable approximately as follows: Prompt furnace, $4.50@$7; spot foundry, $7@$7.50.

The scrap market presents no demand from consumers, while dealers are not permitted to ship against their little short business, because the buyers, congested in unloading, will not apply to the railroads for shipping permits. Thus the only opportunity to sell scrap is to a dealer for putting into yard. For this purpose some dealers would take on limited tonnage of heavy melting steel of good grade at $15 to $16, delivered to yards in the Pittsburgh district, these being the prices quoted last week. There is no indication that there will be any increase in the consumption of scrap for some time to come. The Steel Corporation foundries and mills are practically out of the market until conditions improve. The plate market continues absolutely stagnant, and there are rumors that 2.65 cents, Pittsburgh, the regular market, can be shaded on an attractive order.

Reports are that hot-rolled strips can be bought readily from at least one producer, the tonnage being offered in either hot or cold rolled strips.

Railroads in No Hurry With Orders.

The Louisville & Nashville Railroad has placed orders for the 15,000 kegs of standard railroad spikes against which it has had an inquiry in the market for several weeks, the business going at the new 3.65c. price. This is the Steel Corporation price, though it does not count hereabouts, since the Corporation makes spikes only in Chicago, and would not ship against the freight. Railroad inquiry in general is far from heavy. The roads do not seem to contemplate doing a great deal of rail replacement in 1921, or at least are not in a great hurry to get started on the work. At least one spike producer has not made the reduction, but still adheres to his former quotation of 4.00c., and is reported to have passed an order for spikes already in stock, rather than meet the market.

Reports are probably correct that the American Steel and Wire Company has had some cancellations in wire and nails of late, but the company could probably bear them, as it is still running practically full. Independents are reported down to an average of about 50 per cent. in wire departments. Even at this time, three weeks after the first independent came down to the $3.25 price on nails, some of the independents will not sell nails at less than $3.75, apparently preferring idleness. Nails are particularly low at $3.25, base, per keg, relative to steel products in general, and it is not improbable that the producers who have come down will corral enough business to enable them after a time to put their price up to $3.75, and to make more money by having a fuller operation of their departments.

Steel Pipe Shipments Heavy.

Shipments of standard steel pipe are still very heavy. The leading interest is operating full, shipping the product, and at the same time moving its accumulated stock, while the independents, operating almost full, are shipping all their product. Independents have found in the last week a great shrinking in buying with a considerable volume of postponements besides and occasional cancellations. The market condition remains with two sets of prices on standard steel pipe, the National Tube Company's card having a basing discount of 57½ per cent., while the list of most of the independents has a basing discount of 54 per cent. Nominally the difference is about $7 per net ton, but there are some divergences making the difference range from $7 to $10 a ton.

Following the opening of order books for tin plate contracts for the first half of the new year by the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company on Dec. 2, the independents have also opened their order books, the prices asked being the same, $7 per base box, 100 pounds. There is no particular rush on the part of consumers to cover. In the case of the leading interest, the contracts for the present half year are not worked out and it will require until April 1 to complete them. Last week the leading interest operated about 75 per cent of its tin mills, with the independents varying from 50 to 60 per cent.

In sheet production, the leading interest operated this week at about 92 per cent. of capacity, but the independents, on an average, are operating very lightly, decrease in consumption and increased shipments by the leading interest having its effect on independent operation, which is estimated at about 50 per cent. Almost all the independents are now quoting the Steel Corporation prices, as follows: Blue annealed, 3.55c.; black, 4.35c.; galvanized, 5.70c. There is no definite knowledge that any of the independents are shading these prices.

The market for sheet bars is now quoted at $47, although no sales have been reported this week. However, there has been a revision to a $47 price in contracts originally written up to $65 and higher.

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, week ended Dec. 18, 1920:

STOCKS (SHARES).

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Monday	1,378,381	872,850	335,480
Tuesday	1,571,562	1,043,400	453,178
Wednesday	827,220	1,033,100	338,790
Thursday	703,914	660,924	401,040
Friday	664,522	1,132,395	490,653
Saturday	474,917	451,050	231,090
Total wk.	5,820,906	5,204,828	2,260,041
Yr. to date	213,445,507½	304,631,716	138,533,900

BONDS (PAR VALUE).

Monday	$19,950,000	$30,378,650	$10,634,500
Tuesday	23,084,000	24,669,100	11,878,000
Wednesday	22,725,500	29,251,000	11,250,000
Thursday	26,556,500	23,108,800	20,262,000
Friday	23,030,000	26,239,500	19,589,500
Saturday	9,422,000	12,110,000	12,107,000
Tot. wk.	$126,769,000	$146,246,850	$85,521,500
Yr. to date	3,689,830,500	3,512,799,323	1,912,414,500

In detail last week's bond dealings compare as follows with the corresponding week last year:

BONDS.

	Dec. 18, '20.	Dec. 20, '19.	Changes.
Corporations	$27,788,500	$27,256,520	+ $532,000
Liberty	93,084,500	112,843,350	— 19,758,850
For. Govt.	5,742,500	6,096,000	— 353,500
State	.....	.....	.....
City	154,000	5,000	+ 149,000
Total	$126,769,200	$146,248,850	—$19,477,350

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
Dec. 13	3.44¾	3.44¾	3.44¾	3.45⅝	3.45⅝	3.45½
Dec. 14	3.46¼	3.44¾	3.46¼	3.47	3.45¾	3.47
Dec. 15	3.48¾	3.47¼	3.48¾	3.49	3.47⅞	3.48¾
Dec. 16	3.51½	3.48¾	3.51½	3.52¾	3.49	3.52¾
Dec. 17	3.53¾	3.51¾	3.51¾	3.54¾	3.52	3.52
Dec. 18	3.50¼	3.49¾	3.49¾	3.51	3.50½	3.50½
Week's range—						
High			3.53¾			3.54½
Low			3.44¾			3.45¾
Same week last year—						
High			3.90¼			3.91
Low			3.71¼			3.70½
Year to date—						
High			4.06¾			4.07½
Low			3.19			3.10¾
Corresponding period last year—						
High			4.78¾			4.76¾
Low			3.71¼			3.70½

PARIS.

	Demand. High.	Low.	Last.	Cables. High.	Low.	Last.
Dec. 13	5.83¼	5.81¼	5.81¼	5.84	5.82	5.82
Dec. 14	5.87½	5.80¾	5.83¾	5.86	5.81	5.86
Dec. 15	5.89¼	5.86¼	5.89¼	5.90	5.87	5.90
Dec. 16	6.04	5.91¾	6.04	6.04¾	5.92½	6.04½
Dec. 17	6.07	6.03	6.03	6.12½	6.01	6.12½
Dec. 18	5.95¼	5.89	5.89	5.96	5.89¾	5.89¾
Week's range—						
High			6.13			6.13¾
Low			5.80¾			5.81
Same week last year—						
High			9.97			9.99
Low			8.82			8.84
Year to date—						
High			9.28			9.33
Low			5.70			5.71
Corresponding period last year—						
High			18.35			18.37
Low			8.50			8.52

	Switzerland. Dem.	Cab.	Holland. Dem.	Cab.	Italy. Dem.	Cab.
Dec. 13	15.41	15.44	30.42	30.52	3.45¼	3.46½
Dec. 14	15.37	15.40	30.62	30.72	3.44	3.45
Dec. 15	15.39	15.42	30.90	31.00	3.48	3.49
Dec. 16	15.37	15.40	31.375	31.50	3.35	3.36
Dec. 17	15.07	15.10	31.40	31.50	3.46	3.47
Dec. 18	15.17	15.20	31.20	31.30	3.39	3.40
Week's range—						
High	15.41	15.44	31.40	31.50	3.48	3.49
Low	15.07	15.10	30.42	30.52	3.39	3.40
Same week last year—						
High	18.50	18.62	38.00	38.1875	7.08	8.00
Low	18.23	18.30	37.25	37.375	7.56	7.58
Year to date—						
High	18.37	18.56	39.00	39.25	7.57	7.58
Low	15.03	15.06	29.25	29.35	3.37	3.39
Corresponding period last year—						
High	20.62	20.82	42.50¾	42.87½	15.72	15.75
Low	13.62	17.18	36.5125	36.8375	7.65	7.66

SCANDINAVIA.

	Copenhagen. Dem.	Cab.	Stockholm. Dem.	Cab.	Christiania. Dem.	Cab.
Dec. 13	14.55	14.60	19.25	19.30	14.40	14.43
Dec. 14	15.00	15.05	19.35	19.40	14.80	14.83
Dec. 15	15.00	15.05	19.60	19.65	14.70	14.73
Dec. 16	15.20	15.25	19.70	19.75	14.85	14.90
Dec. 17	15.20	15.25	19.60	19.65	14.80	14.85
Dec. 18	15.05	15.10	19.70	19.75	14.85	14.90
Week's range—						
High	15.20	15.25	19.60	19.65	14.80	14.85
Low	14.55	14.60	19.25	19.30	14.40	14.45
Same week last year—						
High	18.45	18.60	21.60	21.50	20.75	20.83
Low	17.90	17.75	20.20	20.05	19.75	19.80
Year to date—						
High	19.05	19.20	22.15	22.30	20.40	20.55
Low	13.60	13.65	17.10	17.25	13.00	13.05
Corresponding period last year—						
High	24.875	27.125	29.125	29.35	28.00	28.25
Low	17.50	17.85	20.30	20.65	19.35	19.50

	Spain. Dem.	Cab.	Germany. Dem.	Cab.	Austria. Dem.	Cab.
Dec. 13	12.92	12.94	1.32½	1.33	.34	.35
Dec. 14	13.10	13.13	1.34	1.34¼	.34	.35

	Dec. 15	13.05	13.07	1.35½	1.36	.36	.37
	Dec. 16	13.15	13.17	1.37	1.37½	.36	.23
	Dec. 17	13.08	13.10	1.40	1.41	.22¼	.23½
	Dec. 18	13.00	13.02	1.38	1.38½	.22½	.22½
Week's range—							
High		13.15	13.17	1.40	1.41	.28	.20
Low		12.92	12.94	1.32½	1.33	.22	.23
Same week last year—							
High		10.53	10.65	2.18	2.20	.76	.74
Low		18.70	18.80	2.01	2.03	.58	.60
Year to date—							
High		19.30	19.35	4.15	4.20	1.45	1.50
Low		11.94	11.96	1.01	1.01	.22	.23

BELGIUM.

	Rub. Dem.	Cab.	Rub. Bid.	Ask.	Rub. Bid.	800. Ask.
Dec. 13	6.12	6.13	.70	.80	.65	.70
Dec. 14	6.14	6.15	.70	.80	.60	.70
Dec. 15	6.20	6.21	.70	.80	.60	.70
Dec. 16	6.34	6.35	.62½	.72½	.57½	.62½
Dec. 17	6.34	6.35	.62½	.67½	.57½	.62½
Dec. 18	6.21	6.22	.62½	.67½	.57½	.62½
Week's range—						
High	6.34	6.35	.80	..	.70	..
Low	6.12	6.13	.62½	..	.57½	..
Same week last year—						
High	10.08	10.10	4.00	..	3.40	..
Low	9.19	9.21	3.00	..	3.10	..
Year to date—						
High	17.79	17.80	4.70	..	4.60	..
Low	6.14	6.15	.45	..	.35	..
Corresponding period last year—						
High	17.70	17.80	17.65	..	17.60	..
Low	8.60	8.62	3.00	..	3.10	..

CHINA.

	Hongkong. Dem.	Cab.	Peking. Dem.	Cab.	Shanghai. Dem.	Cab.
Week's range—						
High	86.00	86.10	80.50	80.60	74.00	74.50
Low	84.50	84.60	78.00	78.10	72.00	72.50
Same week last year—						
High	101.00	101.50	180.00	180.50	165.00	165.50
Low	99.00	99.50	176.00	176.50	164.00	164.50
Year to date—						
High	104.25	106.00	179.00	179.50	167.00	167.50
Low	84.00	84.10	77.00	77.10	70.50	71.00
Corresponding period last year—						
High	106.00	106.50	172.00	172.50	160.00	160.50
Low	73.50	73.60	117.00	117.75	108.50	108.75

	India— Bombay. Dem.	Cab.	Calcutta. Dem.	Cab.	Philippine Islands. Manila. Dem.	Cab.
Week's range—						
High	26.00	26.80	26.00	26.80	45.50	46.00
Low	26.00	26.50	26.00	26.50	45.50	46.00
Same week last year—						
High	46.00	46.75	46.00	46.75	49.00	49.25
Low	45.00	45.25	45.00	45.25	49.00	49.25
Year to date—						
High	49.00	49.50	49.00	49.50	50.00	50.25
Low	24.00	24.50	24.00	24.50	45.00	45.25

	Greece. Dem. Cables.	Dem. Cables.	Kobe. Dem. Cables.	Dem. Cables.	Japan— Yokohama. Dem. Cables.	Dem. Cables.
Week's range—						
High	7.50	7.55	50.875	50.625	50.375	50.625
Low	7.40	7.45	49.50	49.625	49.50	49.625
Same week last year—						
High	15.55	15.65	51.50	51.75	51.50	51.75
Low	15.55	15.65	50.50	50.75	50.50	50.75
Year to date—						
High	15.15	15.225	52.50	52.75	52.50	52.75
Low	6.85	7.00	47.00	47.25	47.00	47.25
Corresponding period last year—						
High	20.25	20.35	53.25	53.50	53.25	53.50
Low	15.55	15.65	50.75	50.80	50.50	50.75

SOUTH AMERICA.

	Buenos Aires. Dem. Cables.	Rio— Dem. Cables.
Week's range—		
High	35.625	35.75
Low	34.125	34.25
Same week last year—		
High	43.15	43.25
Low	43.125	43.25

	35.75	35.875
	14.375	14.50
	44.38	44.75
	27.25	27.50

Due 1929

Principal and interest payable in dollars in New York

Redeemable at 100 by semi-annual drawings of $404,912.50 of this issue on June 14 and December 14 each year.

At present price, yield on this bond varies from 10.70% to 59%, according to date on which drawn.

We believe this bond offers unusual opportunities for profit, and that it ranks among the best of foreign securities in the market to-day. We recommend its purchase.

Price and details upon request

Kelley, Drayton & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Lord's Court Building
40 Exchange Place, New York City
Telephone Broad 6291

American Tobacco Scrip

RIGHTS
General Electric
Southern Pacific
Tidewater Oil
Nat'l Park Bank
Corn Exchange
Home Insurance

SCRIPS
Tobacco Products
Porto Rican Am. Tob.
Willys Corporation
Panhandle

SPECIALISTS IN RIGHTS AND SCRIPS

McDONNELL & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
120 Broadway Tel. Hector 7900
Direct Private Wire to San Francisco

On Their Successful Past Record—

obligations secured by railroad equipment are considered a choice class of security. This is clearly evidenced by a comparison of the market price of this type with others.

We are offering a particularly attractive issue of this character. The obligation is in the form of Equipment Trust Gold Certificates which will constitute the only funded debt of the company.

Price to yield 7¾% to 7¼%

Send for Descriptive Circular

P. W. Chapman & Co.
INVESTMENT BANKERS
115 Broadway, New York
112 So. La Salle St. 2 Angel Court
Chicago London

Lists of Bonds

- ☐ **Public Utilities** Yielding 7.25% to Over 8%
- ☐ **Railroads** Yielding 5.75% to 8.90%
- ☐ **Industrials** Yielding 7.70% to 10.40%
- ☐ **Foreign Gov'ts** (Payable in Dollars) Yielding 8% to 8.50%

Indicate the bonds you are interested in by marking inside box.

Clip this advertisement ——return it to us

and we will furnish list of selected bonds. Present prices of high grade issues offer exceptional income returns and possibilities for substantial enhancement.

You may write your name and address in the space below.

ROBERT S. ROSS
INCORPORATED
56 Pine Street, New York
Telephone John 6115

REGISTER YOUR SECURITIES

We have available for distribution an index which will enable the security owner to keep conveniently posted as to dividends, interest dates, and miscellaneous items pertaining to his particular holdings. A copy will be mailed to any investor interested.

H. M. JACOBY & CO.
High Grade Bonds
31 Liberty St., N. Y. Tel. John 386

New Issue

$30,000,000
STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEW YORK
7% Serial Gold Debentures

To be dated January 2, 1921 — Interest payable January 1 and July 1

Total authorized issue $30,000,000, due in seven annual serial installments, as follows:

$4,000,000 due January 2, 1925		$4,000,000 due January 2, 1928	
4,000,000 " " 2, 1926		4,000,000 " " 2, 1929	
4,000,000 " " 2, 1927		4,000,000 " " 2, 1930	

$6,000,000 due January 2, 1931

Coupon Debentures in denominations of $1,000, $500 and $100 with privilege of registration as to principal

Redeemable in whole or in part on any interest date on and after January 2, 1925 at 105 and accrued interest; if less than the entire issue should be called for redemption, the longest outstanding maturities are to be called first.

Interest payable at the office of The Equitable Trust Company of New York or Blair & Co., Inc., without deduction for any Federal Income Tax not exceeding 2% in any year which the Company or the Trustee may be required to pay thereon or retain therefrom under any present or future law of the United States of America.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, TRUSTEE

Mr. H. C. Folger, President of the Company, writes under date of December 15, 1920, as follows:

"**SECURITY:** These Debentures will be the direct obligation of the Standard Oil Company of New York and will constitute its sole funded debt.

NET EARNINGS of the Company compare as follows:

Year	Before Federal Taxes	After Federal Taxes
1916	$37,401,764	$36,638,495
1917	39,376,043	30,000,672
1918	44,157,080	28,642,387
1919	58,330,176	43,165,109

Net earnings for 1920 before Federal taxes are estimated at $60,000,000.

Net earnings before taxes for the four years ended December 31, 1919, averaged 20 times the annual interest on the new Debentures and for 1919 were nearly 28 times such annual interest.

ASSETS: The balance sheet as of June 30th, 1920, shows total net assets of $246,196,981 and net quick assets of $133,768,112. Adding the proceeds of the new Debentures, the total net assets exceed nine times these Debentures and the net quick assets alone on this basis exceed five times these Debentures.

The balance sheet includes nothing for good will and does not reflect the very substantial increase in the value of the Company's physical and other properties accruing over a period of years.

EQUITY: The Company has outstanding $75,000,000 capital stock on which dividends of 16% per annum are being paid. At present quotations this stock represents an equity of about $250,000,000 ranking junior to these $30,000,000 Debentures.

RESTRICTIONS AGAINST MORTGAGE: These Debentures are to be issued under an indenture with The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, providing, in substance, among other things, that the Company will not create any mortgage on or pledge of its properties unless these Debentures shall share equally and ratably in the lien of such mortgage or pledge, but this shall not apply to purchase money mortgages or pledges of personal property to secure temporary loans in the usual course of business, and shall not restrict the acquisition of additional property subject to lien or mortgage.

CURRENT DEVELOPMENTS: The Company is engaged in adding to its refinery capacity, marine equipment, etc., the earning capacity of which expenditures, and of the proceeds of this issue, will be reflected in the future operation of the Company. Its capital requirements have been supplied almost entirely from earnings. In the five years ended December 31st, 1919, approximately $115,000,000 from surplus earnings have been reinvested in the business".

The legal proceedings in connection with the issue, are being passed upon by Messrs. Hornblower, Miller & Garrison and Messrs. Murray, Prentice & Howland, New York.

Pending receipt by us of Temporary Debentures, interim receipts may be delivered. All offerings are subject to approval of counsel, "when, as and if issued and received by us".

Circular on Request

Price 100 and accrued interest

BLAIR & CO. INCORPORATED — **THE EQUITABLE TRUST CO.** OF NEW YORK

WM. A. READ & CO.

The statements presented above while not guaranteed, have been obtained from sources which we believe to be reliable.

All the above Debentures having been sold, this advertisement appears as a matter of record only.

A Utility

that during the past five years has put back into its property out of earnings over $25,000,000.

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company

Five Year 7% Convertible Gold Notes Maturing April 1st, 1925

Price 94½ & Interest To Yield About 8%

Ask for Circular T-118

Chas. Wesley & Co.
92 Cedar Street, New York
Telephone Rector 3561

BANKING HOUSE OF
HENRY CLEWS & CO.
Members N. Y. Stock and Cotton Exchanges.
11, 13, 15, 17 and 19 Broad St., N. Y.
Interest allowed on deposit accounts subject to cheque. Stocks, Bonds and Notes Bought and Sold for Cash and carried on conservative terms. Cotton contracts handled. FOREIGN LETTERS OF CREDIT ISSUED.
DEAL IN **LIBERTY BONDS** IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
Branch Offices: 230 Fifth Ave. 30 Union Square; 132 Devoe St. 165 East 86th St., 16 Court St., Brooklyn.

Established 1899
H. F. BACHMAN & CO.
Members
New York Stock Exchange
Philadelphia Stock Exchange
New York Cotton Exchange
61 BROADWAY

Prudden & Company
Municipal Bonds
Toledo, Ohio

Exempt from All Federal Income Taxes

$300,000

City of Topeka, Kansas
5½% Water Works Bonds

Dated January 1, 1921 — Due January 1, 1941

Coupon bonds, $1,000 denomination. Principal and semi-annual interest, January 1 and July 1 payable at the State Treasurer's Office, Topeka, Kansas, or at our office in New York.

Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York, Connecticut, and other Eastern States.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Actual valuation (estimated)		$100,000,000
Assessed valuation for taxation 1919		68,537,947
Total bonded debt (including this issue)		2,118,242
Water Debt	$908,000	
Sinking Fund	298,753	
Net Bonded Debt (less than 1.½% of assessed valuation)		1,001,489
Population, 1920 census, 50,022		

Topeka, the capital of the State of Kansas, is situated in the eastern portion of the State, approximately 60 miles west of Kansas City.

These bonds authorized at an election constitute a direct obligation of the entire city and are payable from an unlimited ad valorem tax against all taxable property therein. The proceeds of this issue will be used for the improvement and extension of the present water system.

Legality to be approved by Messrs. Wood & Oakley, Attorneys, Chicago, Ill.

Price 104.34 & Interest, Yielding 5.15%

William R. Compton Company
INVESTMENT BONDS
St. Louis, Cincinnati — 14 Wall Street, New York — Chicago, New Orleans

The above statements are representations of our opinion, based upon information and statistics obtained from official reports and other sources, which we consider reliable, and upon which we based our purchase of these bonds.

Cedar Rapids Mfg. & Pr. 5s, 1953
Cons. Cities Lt., Pr. & Tr. 5s, 1962
Cleveland Elec. Illum. 5s, 1939
Dallas Power & Light 6s, 1949
Elmira Water, Lt. & Ry. 5s, '56
Kansas Gas & Elec. 5s, 1922
New Or. Ry. & Lt. 4½s, 1935
Nor. Ont. Lt. & Pr. 6s, 1931
Penn. Ohio Pr. & Lt. 7½s, 1940
Salmon River Power 5s, 1952
Wis. Elec. Power 7½s, 1945
Holly Sugar Common & Pfd.
Packard Motor Preferred
Willys Corporation 1st Pfd.
Willys-Over. 7% Non-Con. Pf.

PYNCHON & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 970
LONDON LIVERPOOL PARIS
PRIVATE WIRES
to principal cities of United States & Canada

We Will Buy
Buff., Roch. & Pitts. Equip. 4s
Belvidere-Delaware 3½s
Cleveland & Pittsburgh 3½s
Dawson Railway & Coal 5s
Dela. & Hudson Equip. 4½s
Gulf & Ship Island 1st 5s
Railroad Securities 4s
Southern Bell Tel. & Tel. 5s
West Kentucky Coal 5s
West Jersey & Seashore 3½s

Specialists in
Foreign Bonds
Liberty Bonds
Coupon—Registered
All issues and denominations
"Baby" Bonds
$100 & $500 pieces
All issues

Hartshorne & Battelle
Members New York Stock Exchange
25 Broad St. New York
TELEPHONE: BROAD 7740.

An equal amount invested in the
First Mortgages
of certain
Railroad, Industrial and Public Utility Properties and in Foreign Government Bonds
will give at present prices an average yield of
8%
Inquiries invited
Prince & Whitely
Established 1878
Members New York Stock Exchange
52 Broadway Tel. Broad 6323

There are
Tremendous Opportunities
for the safe and profitable investment of funds in the securities of sound enterprises that are not generally known.
As specializing brokers in the purchase and sale of securities of
Prosperous Industries
not listed on any exchange, we are able to procure investments having great basic value, at the same time yielding a higher return than listed securities of equal merit.
We shall be pleased to submit a description of two securities providing the opportunities above described.
ALFRED F. INGOLD & CO
UNLISTED SECURITIES
74 Broadway - New York
Tel. Rector 3992-3993-4

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Private Wires to
HARTFORD CHICAGO MONTREAL TORONTO
JENKS, GWYNNE & Co
25 BROAD ST.
TEL. HANOVER 7474
MEMBERS N.Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
AND N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE.

OF WESTERN TRADE

Condition of Retail Merchants and Outlook for Traffic on the Railways.

PROSPECT FOR NEW YEAR

Interesting Conditions Which Developed in the Grain Market of Last Week.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 19.—Business men have been watching the retail trade as an index to business conditions, and retail trade during the fortnight previous to Christmas has been a distinct disappointment. Seemingly the public is loath to take hold, although the average man is still receiving high wages. Probably the pessimistic talk regarding the future of business is curtailing demand, and the general belief is that after Christmas there will be a big decline in retail prices in order to reduce stocks before Jan. 1, so that the losses may be used in the income tax statements to offset the profits easly in the year.

So far the improvement in business has been entirely confined to talking about it, and no change in the situation is looked for until after Jan. 1 at least. There is a story going the rounds that one of the largest State Street stores went to a bank and asked for a loan. They were asked if they had goods to sell, and on giving an affirmative reply were told to put them on the counter and sell them.

Railroads report that loadings of general commodities are falling off, with some of the leading lines handling less traffic than at this time last year. Sooner or later, however, there will be a big movement of corn which may swell the revenue, and increased efficiency in operating, combined with laying off of superfluous labor forces, has cut down the overhead considerably. But the general belief is that before long both the gross and net income of the roads will show a decrease, although the ratio of operating expenses to revenue is likely to show up better.

The wheat market is commencing to feel the effects of the persistent buying of grain by foreign countries, and prices at the last were 4@4½ cents per bushel higher as compared with a week ago. Corn was up ⅛@1¼ and oats ½ cent higher to ¾ cents lower. The continued demand for wheat from abroad is puzzling many members of the trade. Economic conditions are a depressing character. Foreign exchange has declined materially and the movement of the new Argentine and Australian crops is about to commence.

Yet, in the face of all these bearish conditions, the takings of wheat from North America have been about the largest on record for the first six months of the crop year, and seemingly the financial situation has had absolutely no effect on the recent purchases. It is this feature that tends to make seaboard exporters believe in higher prices, and while Western traders have been bearish and have sold futures heavily at the close of the week, considerable change in sentiment was noted.

It is the general belief that were business conditions to change for the better it would be easy to bring about a sensational advance in wheat prices, as there are strong indications that the exportable surplus of this country and Canada is rapidly being disposed of. Both Minneapolis and Chicago have been selling No. 3 Northern to the seaboard for export, and bids for hard Winter at the Gulf have advanced 2½ cents during the week. Offerings from the country are quickly placed with exporters and there is no pressure of the cash grain.

Coarse grains have commenced to show considerable resistance to selling pressure, but sentiment is not nearly as bullish in them as in wheat, for the Winter movement of corn is just getting under way and the market is not regarded as in a position to absorb any great amount of hedging sales. The industrial demand is slow and is expected to continue so. It would not be surprising to see the No. 4 white and, mixed go to a delivery discount under the December before long and stay there, with the only demand coming from elevator interests, who sell the grain to go to store. Export business has never been a sustaining influence in corn except for a limited period.

A WEEK OF FALLING PRICES.

Nearly All Commodities Lower—Wheat and Butter the Exceptions.

Of the eighteen staple products whose wholesale cash prices are quoted in THE TIMES' table, thirteen declined on last week's markets, three remained unchanged and two advanced. Wheat and butter both rose sharply, but the declines comprised such food products as corn and oats, coffee, sugar and notably eggs; with iron, lead, copper and tin distinctly lower, also cotton and cotton cloths. Coffee and copper are not far above the lowest of the war period.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Saturday, a week before and a year ago:

	Dec. 18, 1920.	Dec. 11, 1920.	Dec. 18, 1919.
FOODSTUFFS:			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.97½	$1.93½	$2.35
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.98¾	1.00	1.70¼
Oats, No. 2 white	.62	.64	.96
Flour, Minn. patent	9.50	9.50	15.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.06½	.06½	.14½
Sugar, granulated	.08	.08½	.09
Butter, cream, 92 score	.55	.56½	.73
Eggs, fresh gathered firsts, per dozen	.74	.85	.81
Lard, prime	13.75	14.75	23.25
Pork, mess	30.00	31.00	47.00
Beef, family	28.00	28.00	29.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2X, Phila	34.00	36.50	41.10
Steel billets, Pitts	43.50	43.50	48.00
Lead	4.70	4.90	7.15
Copper	13.50	13.75	18.75
Tin	34.00	34.50	54.75
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	15.65	16.25	39.25
Printcloths	.05⅝	.06	.13½

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$3.25	Jan. 7	$1.79	Nov. 27
Corn	2.31¾	May 15	.94¼	Nov. 27
Oats	1.30	May 7	.60	Nov. 22
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	9.00	Dec. 1
Coffee	.16¼	Jan. 11	.06⅜	Nov. 22
Sugar	.23	July 12	.08	Dec. 17
Butter	.71	Apr. 24	.51½	Dec. 4
Eggs	.89	Dec. 10	.42½	Mar. 12
Lard	23.50	Jan. 9	13.70	Aug. 17
Pork	47.00	Jan. 2	30.00	Oct. 1
Beef	28.00	Oct. 19	20.00	May 12
Iron	53.51	Aug. 31	36.50	Dec. 9
Steel	85.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 2
Lead	8.30	Mar. 18	4.85	Dec. 13
Copper	19.50	Jan. 5	13.50	Nov. 29
Tin	63.25	Jan. 11	32.00	Dec. 14
Cotton	42.75	July 22	15.50	Nov. 27
Printcloths	.16⅝	Apr. 12	.05⅝	Nov. 30

Highest and lowest prices for the principal commodities in the war period, Jan. 1, 1914, to date:

Wheat	$3.50	May 15, '17	$0.90⅝	June 30, '14
Corn	2.45	July 31, '17	.67⅝	Jan. 21, '14
Oats	1.58	May 7, '20	.45½	Apr. 18, '14
Flour	17.00	May 12, '17	4.15	June 25, '14
Coffee	.25½	June 23, '18	.06¼	Sep. 2, '15
Sugar	.23	July 12, '20	.03¾	Apr. 8, '14
Lard	38.50	June 16, '19	7.80	July 12, '15
Pork	60.00	June 29, '19	13.50	Sep. 1, '15
Beef	42.00	Apr. 16, '19	12.25	Jan. 3, '16
Iron	53.00	July 13, '17	14.37½	Mar. 28, '15
Steel	100.00	June 13, '17	19.00	June 24, '14
Copper	34.50	Dec. 12, '16	12.56	Aug. 8, '14
Tin	112.00	May 7, '20	29.85	Jan. 26, '15
Cotton	43½	July 22, '20	.07	Dec. 11, '14
Printcloths	.16⅝	Apr. 12, '20	.05⅝	Jan. 1, '15

Expenditures for Betterments.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 19.—At the annual general meeting of Friedrich Krupp & Co. yesterday it was stated that for the first time in the firm's history it had been working for a whole year without producing a single implement of war or any munitions. This, of course, was under the terms of the Peace Treaty, but, though the firm turned its attention wholly to machinery for works of peace, it was able to present a remarkable balance sheet for the fiscal year.

The gross profits amounted to 150,000,000 marks, as compared with about 13,750,000 in the previous year. There was a loss of 36,000,000 for 1918-1919, but a net profit of 79,500,000 nominally for the year 1919-1920. This was attained in spite of the payment of such sums as nearly 19,000,000 marks for workers' insurance, 44,000,000 for various charitable purposes, 35,000,000 charged to reserve and 40,000,000 for workers' houses and other buildings for the latter. The amount written off for depreciation—75,000,000—is a record sum for that purpose in the history of German industry.

In keeping with the total policy adopted for the past few years, no dividend was declared. The Krupp concern, of course, is a family affair; its capital of 250,000,000 marks being in the hands of fewer than half a dozen people. Last March the shares were divided into three categories, and it is likely that two classes of shares, representing rather less than 200,000,000 marks, will soon find their way to the market. The position of the original shareholders will be maintained, however, by giving their shares—rather more than 25,000,000 marks—tenfold voting power.

Krupp's has so far held aloof from the trust-forming movement, which is the predominating feature in German industry at present, but there are signs that the concern may find itself compelled to follow the example set by other corporations. In that case an enormous increase in capital may be expected.

LOWER ARGENTINE EXPORTS

Decrease of 24,000,000 Pesos in 1920—Imports Up 198,000,000.

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 19.—Argentina's foreign commerce for 1920 will, it is estimated, amount to 1,860,000,000 pesos gold, of which 854,000,000 pesos were imports and 1,006,000,000 pesos exports, according to the report of the Director of General Statistics, made public today. This represents a decrease of 24,000,000 pesos in exports and an increase of 198,000,000 pesos in imports as compared with 1919.

The favorable trade balance of the last few years is now reduced to 152,000,000 pesos.

WORLD'S FUR MART

Auctions Revived There for Articles Dressed and Manufactured in Canada.

INDUSTRY CHANGED BY WAR

Annual Pack Now Coming From Arctic Region as in Days of the Northwest Company.

Much after the fashion of the days of the Northwest Fur Company the annual pack of the Canadian fur country is coming down from the arctic fastnesses. This fur pack is the basis of an export industry which, according to "The Dominion of Canada," a study prepared by the Bankers Trust Company, was valued in 1919 at $13,500,000.

As is the case with almost all other industries there has been a considerable change in this one as the direct result of the World War.

"A much larger percentage of the fur," says the Bankers Trust Company, "is now being dressed and manufactured in Canada. Previously the operations of the Canadian trade were in the main confined to the trapping of the fur-bearing animals and exportation of the furs in an undressed state to the United States or London for sale at public auctions or consignment to dealers.

"Auction sales are now held at Montreal, and it is expected that they will take place three times a year, in the Winter, Spring and Fall. This is history repeating itself. In the ancient days of the trade the 'Lords of the North' or fur 'barons' of the old trading companies made of Montreal a fur mart.

"It is believed that the revival of fur auctions will attract the world's fur buyers, bringing to Montreal furs for sale from all parts of the world and establishing the city as an international centre for the trade. The following figures indicate the recent growth of the Canadian export fur trade: 1914, $5,000,000; 1919, $13,500,000. In the former year the bulk of the trade was with London, but in 1910 the United States took two-thirds of Canada's fur exports.

"The trade is no longer depending entirely for its supplies upon the trapping of wild animals. Canadian fur 'farmers' now breed silver, black, red and blue fox, Persian lamb, raccoon, mink, marten and skunk for the fur market."

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

ALBANY, Dec. 18.—Thirty new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $1,995,500, were chartered today. They include:

Sylvan Orchards, Manhattan, $200,000: S. Sultah, G. A. Fait, E. R. Eckley, 2 Rector St.

Baltic Overseas Corp., Manhattan, export and commission, $10,000; C. Rennish, C. Flatow, J. B. Kalmuk, 50 Broad St.

Producers' Warehouse and Elevator Co., Syracuse, 4,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 10,000 common, no par value; active capital, $450,000; W. L. Bean, S. J. Lowell, R. C. Hitchings, Syracuse.

Burbank Lunch Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J. J. Lazarce, H. Stern, E. Goodman, 1,480 Washington Av.

Intercity Radio Co., Manhattan, build stations, $50,000; E. J. Simon, E. W. Sawyer, A. A. Raphael, 31 Liberty St.

Farber Brokerage and Shipping Corp., Manhattan, freight insurance, $10,000; A. M. Farber, H. F. Karst, G. A. Clossey, 66 Broad St.

Lyne & Erle, Manhattan, manufacturers, $50,000; V. D. Withstandley, T. E. R. Beardsley, C. Schumacher, 39 East 61st St.

I. M. Oshinsky, Manhattan, women's garments, $200,000; L. Schneider, S. and I. M. Oshinsky, 5,461 15th Av., Brooklyn.

Hammels Realty Corp., Queens, $10,000; D. Lehman, A. Lasehower, C. Lapof, Queens.

Enterprise Dry Goods Co., Manhattan, $10,000; L. Strauss, J. Wexler, G. L. Rapalye, 278 5th Av.

Harvey Chalmers & Son Export Corp., Amsterdam, buttons, $10,000; E. Cooper, H. and H. Chalmers 2d., Amsterdam.

Photo-Play Distributing Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; T. H. and E. H. Anspache, A. Weinstein, 1,227 Boston Road, Bronx.

Blue Line Transportation Co., Bronx, $15,000; L. Wortman, J. Rieders, A. Arrigoni, 398 Bergen Av., Bronx.

Lord H. Lewbel's Sons, Brooklyn, clothing, both sexes, $10,000; E. Reichard, T. and L. H. Lewbel, 348 Knickerbocker Av., Brooklyn.

J. P. Logan & Sons, Manhattan, dry goods, $600,000; C. A. Kiebsch, C. P. and J. P. Logan, Montclair, N. J.

Ring-Makers, Buffalo, jewelry, $10,000; F. Rosen, J. H. Rutstein, C. L. Goldberg, Buffalo.

Superior Stores, Manhattan, apparel both sexes, $50,000; M. S. Rebarber, C. A. and L. S. Most, 133 West Broadway.

Langwood Shoe Shop, Manhattan, apparel both sexes $5,000; same as preceding.

Bryant Shoe Shop, Manhattan, clothing and shoes, $5,000; same as preceding.

Commonwealth Hardware Co., Manhattan, autos, $25,000; H. G. Dale, J. McGuinness, W. A. Martin, 955 Amsterdam Av.

Louis Brimberg, Manhattan, fur hunting, $10,000; M. M. Volt, H. Posner, N. Tadros, 2 Rector St.

Tuxedo Dress Co., Manhattan, $9,000; M. Childe, L. Mandel, A. Ekus, 4,200 15th Av., Brooklyn.

Upelco Corp., Manhattan, realty and construction, $100,000; L. E. Tillman, H. A. Dunn, G. S. Ludlow, 38 West 42d St.

Cohen & Brody, Manhattan, electrical, machinists' supplies, $20,000; M. Eckhaus, O. V. Fleishman, S. V. Hirsh, 398 Broadway.

Lewis-Demilco Tepedino Corp., Brooklyn, construction and contracting, $20,000; H. A. Cummings, C. F. McGinnic, F. d'Amorosio, 84 Navy St., Brooklyn.

I. E. Augenblick Co., Manhattan, women's apparel, $25,000; I. E. and F. Augenblick, D. Greenbaum, 871 Driggs Av., Brooklyn.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Sylvester & Levy, Manhattan, $200,000 to $550,000.

A. E. Meyer & Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $75,000.

Laidlaw Co., Manhattan, $300,000 to $1,000,000.

Robert R. Selzer & Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $300,000.

A. C. Norquist Co., Jamestown, $80,000 to $500,000.

Ash Motor Corp., Buffalo, $15,000 to $40,000.

Iowa Valley Sugar Co., Rochester, carry on business with $1,375,000 and 15,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each, and 15,000 common, no par value.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Vault Co., White Plains, $300,000 to $175,000.

NAME CHANGES.

Genesee Brewing Co., Rochester, to Genesee Co.

845 Fifth Avenue Corp., Manhattan, to 4 East 66th St. Corp.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Corona Silk Mills, Manhattan.
N. Schepis, Manhattan.
Henry Pels & Co., Manhattan.
Royal Dairy Co., Elmira.
Tock Screw Machine Products Corp., Queens.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Dec. 18.—Charters filed:

Cearon Steel Railway Tie Co., manufacture Cearon composite steel railway ties, $3,000,000; John Cearon, Edwin Cearon, M. V. Cearon, Chicago.

American Steel and Iron Products Company, manufacture iron and steel, $2,000,000; C. T. Cohee, C. B. Outten, S. L. Mackey, Wilmington.

Family Merger Real Estate and Security Corp., $1,000,000; Seymour C. Jordan, Thomas H. Bryant, Cyril S. Reed, New York.

Chautauqua Photograph Co., manufacture talking machines, $1,000,000; C. B. Bishop, H. H. Ochleitree, A. A. Bishop, Wilmington.

American Safety Grip Corp., manufacture metal appliances, $500,000; C. T. Cohee, C. B. Outten, S. L. Mackey, Wilmington, Del.

Practical Furniture Manufacturing Co., $200,000; Raymond Noll, Fred J. Kassouf, Emanuel A. Fischer, Dubois, Pa.

Sokol Motor Co., motors, engines, $300,000; W. W. Reeves, P. D. Benson, A. E. Claffy, New York.

Audubon Securities Co., automobile parts, $100,000; W. B. Stratton, New York; Geo. Murray, New Rochelle, N. Y.; Karl M. Williams, Cincinnati.

Victoria Belt Co., manufacture, $100,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, E. M. MacFarland, Phila.

Phila. & Easton Electric Railroad Co., conduct electric railways, $100,000; Simon Oppenheimer, D. W. Steele Jr., Benjamin F. Steele, New York.

Hayward Limited Incorporation, stocks and bonds, $99,000; Horace J. Joslyn, E. C. Boyd, Alexander Jamison, Wilmington.

Botzwood-Condies, Phila., amusement places, $15,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, E. M. MacFarland, Phila.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Shivar Spring Co., Baltimore, $400,000 to $1,000,000.

Pow Specialty Co., Newton, Pa., $100,000 to $1,000,000.

Speakman Co., Wilmington, $567,200 to $900,000.

F. C. Mason Co., St. Johns, Mich., $325,000 to $366,000.

Green County Producing Co., Phila., $75,000 to $150,000.

NAME CHANGE.

Renx Oil Co. of Texas to Gylton Oil Co. of Texas, Phila.

MONEY RATES

	On Call: High.	Low.	Last.	Renewals.
Dec. 13	7	7	7	7
Dec. 14	7	7	7	7
Dec. 15	7	6	6	7
Dec. 16	7	6	7	7
Dec. 17	7	7	7	7
Dec. 18	7	7	7	7
Week's range—				
High			7	7
Low			6	7
Same week last year—				
High			9	9
Low			5	16
Year to date—				
High			25	9
Low			6	8
Same period last year—				
High			30	16
Low			4¼	4

	On Time— 60 Days.	90 Days.	6 Mos.
Dec. 13	7½@7¾	7½@7¾	7½@7¾
Dec. 14	7½@7¾	7½@7¾	7½@7¾
Dec. 15	7½@7¾	7½@7¾	7½@7¾
Dec. 16	7½@7¾	7½@7¾	7½@7¾
Dec. 17	7 @7½	7½@7¾	7½@7¾
Dec. 18	7 @7½	7½@7¾	7½@7¾
Week's range—			
High	7¾	7¾	7¾
Low	7	7½	7½
Same week last year—			
High	8	8	8
Low	6½	6½	6½
Year to date—			
High	10	10	10
Low	7	7	7
Same period last year—			
High	8	8	8
Low	5	5	5½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months 7¼@7¾
Other names, 3 to 6 months 8 @8¼

Open Market Discount Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call 6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days 6%@6½
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days 6½@6¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days 8 @7½

DISCOUNT RATES OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS.

Discounted bills maturing within 90 days (including member banks' 15-day collateral notes) secured by:

Federal Reserve Bank of	Treasury Certificate of Indebtedness.	Liberty Bonds and Victory Notes.	Otherwise Secured and Unsecured.
Boston	5½	6	7
New York	5½	6	7
Philadelphia	6	5½	6
Cleveland	6	5½	6
Richmond	6	6	6
Atlanta	6	5½	6
Chicago	6	6	6
St. Louis	5½	5½	6
Minneapolis	5½	5½	6
Kansas City	6	6	6
Dallas	6	5½	6
San Francisco	6	6	6

Rate on paper secured by War Finance Corporation bonds 1 per cent. higher than the rate on commercial paper.

"5½% on paper secured by 5½% certificates and 5% on paper secured by 4½% and 5% certificates. "Discount rates correspond with interest rate borne by certificates pledged as collateral with minimum of 5% in case of Philadelphia; Atlanta, Kansas City, and 5½% in the case of San Francisco.

CANADIAN RATES.

	N. Y. Fds. Premium Per $1,000.	Montreal Fds. in Montreal, in New York, Discount Per $1,000.
Dec. 13	$158.75	$157.00
Dec. 14	162.50	130.78
Dec. 15	173.75	148.62
Dec. 16	173.75	148.03
Dec. 17	176.25	148.84
Dec. 18	181.87½	153.88

LONDON MONEY AND DISCOUNTS.

	Short Money.	Bills. 3 Mos.	Exch. on London. At Paris.
Dec. 13	4¾	6½	6¾ 59f 38c
Dec. 14	4¾	6½	6¾ 59f 40c
Dec. 15	4¾	6½	6¾ 59f 24c
Dec. 16	4¾	6½	6¾ 58f 80c
Dec. 17	4¾	6½	6¾ 58f 80c
Dec. 18	4¾	6½	6¾ 58f 80c

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	British' Cons. 2½%.	British 4½%.	Paris Rentes.
Dec. 13	44½	93½	57f 5c
Dec. 14	44½	76⅝	57f 80c
Dec. 15	44½	77	57f 40c
Dec. 16	44½	76½	56f 70c
Dec. 17	44	76½	57f 20c
Dec. 18	44	76½	57f 20c

BAR GOLD AND SILVER.

	Bar Gold. London.	Bar Silver. London.	New York.
Dec. 13	118s 9d	40¾d	81¾c
Dec. 14	118s 7d	40¾d	82¾c
Dec. 15	117s 3d	42¾d	82¾c
Dec. 16	117s 9d	41¾d	86c
Dec. 17	116s 2d	41d	86¼c
Dec. 18	116s 2d	41d	87¼c

Power
is perhaps as basic as any other commodity commercially dealt in. Its market is broad, widely diversified, and therefore not liable to extreme fluctuations. With this in mind we are recommending for investment at this time the Mortgage Bonds of
The Adirondack Pr. & Lt. Corp.
Approximately 50% of the common stock of this Corporation is owned by the General Electric Company.
Price and details on request.
Eastman, Dillon & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
INVESTMENT BANKERS
71 Broadway
New York

Combining
Security
Yearly Maturities
High Yield
As a well-secured short-time investment, we recommend the Five-Year Serial 8% Gold Notes of a well-known New England manufacturing company.
These notes are:
1. Secured by net quick assets of 2½ times, and net tangible assets of 5½ times, the amount of these notes.
2. Followed by capital stock having a current market value over 6 times this issue of notes.
Prices for various maturities to net from
9.08% to 9.42%
Ask for descriptive folder T-230
Hollister, White & Co
INCORPORATED
115 BROADWAY
NEW YORK
Boston Philadelphia

Long Term Bonds
offer an opportunity to obtain a liberal income for many years. Well secured, seasoned and readily marketable issues are available to yield:
6.50% to 8%
Ask for
Circular T
◆
Investment Department
LYMAN D. SMITH & Co
Members N.Y. Stock Exchange
54 Pine St. Tel. John 4100
Branch Office
527 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 8700

Goodyear Tire and Rubber
Common & Pfd.
Bought—Sold—Quoted
(Specialists in Motor Securities)
Fast private wires to Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago, Youngstown, Grand Rapids and Rochester.
Merrill, Lynch & Co.
Trading Department
120 Broadway, New York
Phones Rector 7685 to 7692 Incl.

AMERICAN LIGHT & TRACTION CO.
COMMON STOCK
To Net About 11%
(Has paid quarterly dividends since 1904)
Lower operating costs should increase earnings.
Particulars on Request.
MAC QUOID & COADY
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
14 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 9070

"Rights"
National Park Bank
Corn Exchange Bank
Home Insurance Co.
CLINTON GILBERT
2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4848 Rector

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.
59 Wall Street.
New York

The Credit Problem

IN THIS PERIOD of transition from a war to a peace basis, the protection of our national credit structure is most essential. By its preservation business interests will be enabled to make the necessary readjustments now under way with a minimum of hardship. And the entire business community is concerned in maintaining this country, its banks, and its institutions on a sound credit basis.

Despite the vast destruction of wealth caused by war, and the wasteful extravagance which followed it, the credit of this country remains secure. Its national wealth is estimated at more than 250 billion dollars and its yearly production in excess of 50 billion dollars. Its national debt is relatively small. It has vast undeveloped resources, a great industrial organization, a stable government, an ample gold reserve, a sound, efficient banking system and, above all, the vision to see and the will to do.

With the whole world seeking our credit and demanding our products, we occupy a most advantageous position for the development of foreign markets. New methods of adapting credit to the needs and opportunities of this situation are being devised. But the great necessities of the hour are confidence and the vitalizing of "frozen" credits.

In facing the unprecedented demands at home and abroad, our banks have endeavored to allocate available credit for the best economic results. They have assisted in the creation of new wealth by co-operating with essential, solvent business interests to meet the requirements of the present and to prepare for the future.

In the face of an increase of 140% in commodity prices, the cost of money increased, on the average, less than 25%, and money has remained the cheapest element in business enterprise. By reason of their conservative handling of the situation, American banks as a whole are in splendid condition to serve the business community in taking advantage of the opportunities ahead.

This Company has participated in this constructive banking effort, and, in the future development of American business at home and abroad, offers the co-operation of its trained organization of five thousand members; its capital, surplus and undivided profits of more than $60,000,000; its resources of more than $800,000,000; and its world-wide banking facilities.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York

We buy and sell in large or small amounts any of the following issues of

United States Treasury Certificates

Exempt from Federal Normal, and State Income Taxes

*4¾%	Certificates, due	March	15, 1921
*5¾%	" "	March	15, 1921
5¾%	" "	May	16, 1921
*5¾%	" "	June	15, 1921
* 6%	" "	June	15, 1921
6%	" "	August	16, 1921
* 6%	" "	September	15, 1921
* 6%	" "	December	15, 1921

*Acceptable in payment of Federal Income Taxes

DISCOUNT HOUSE OF SALOMON BROS. & HUTZLER
Members of the New York Stock Exchange
New York Office
27 Pine Street
TELEPHONE — 6300 JOHN
Boston Office
35 Congress Street
TELEPHONE—2340 FORT HILL

Ware & Tranter
Members: New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange, N. Y. Coffee & Sugar Exch., Chicago Stock Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade
61 Broadway, N. Y.
Telephones Bowling Green 10090-9
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions

Special Article on
ATCHISON GOLD 4s, 1995
Shonnard, Mills & Co
Members N.Y. Stock Exchange
150 Broadway, N.Y.

Correspondence Invited
We invite correspondence on Stock Market commitments and all investment subjects. Frequent analytical reports issued and mailed gratis. Special weekly Cotton letter and Grain review sent upon request.
E. W. Wagner & Co.
Established 1887
Members: N. Y. Stock Exchange, N. Y. Cotton Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade
33 NEW STREET, NEW YORK
208 SO. LaSALLE ST., CHICAGO
Branches: 14 East 44th St., Mad. Av. & 42nd st., 26 Court St., B'klyn

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
Guaranty Tr. New Jersey Zinc
Bk. Commerce. Curtiss Aero Pfd
Telephone 1111 Broad

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
Ask for Booklet T
GEO. A. HUHN & SONS
Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Rector 5340
1418 Walnut St. Philadelphia, Pa.

Mexican Eagle Oil
Circular on request
SUTRO BROS. & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
120 Broadway, New York
57 St. Francois St., Montreal, Canada

For

Estates---Trust Funds
Savings Banks

Bonds of
States
Municipalities
Counties

List of Current Offerings Mailed Upon Request.

BARR AND SCHMELTZER

Members New York Stock Exchange
16 WALL ST. NEW YORK

Increase Proposed In
Income Taxes.

This will not affect you if your income is derived from

Municipal Bonds

We are offering such issues* today at prices to yield

5% to 6½%

Particulars upon request for Circular T-7

BRANDON, GORDON AND WADDELL

Ground Floor, Singer Building

89 Liberty Street New York

Cuba Cane
Debentures

$100 $500 $1000
Denominations

AVERAGE yearly earnings since organization six and one-half times interest requirements. Paying 7% annually and selling at a price, if carried to maturity, to

Yield over 10%

Full information on request

Lamborn & Co.
Specialists in Sugar Stocks
Seven Wall St. New York
Tel. Rector 6310.
MEMBERS
N. Y. Stock Ex. N. Y. Produce Ex. N.Y. Cotton Ex. Chic. Bd. of Trade N. Y. Coffee and Sugar Ex., Inc. London Prod. Clearing House, Ltd.

New Jersey
Securities

Outwater & Wells
15 Exchange Place. Tel. 20 Montgomery.
Jersey City, N. J.

Bankers Trust Co.
Del., Lack. & Western Coal
Welch Grape Juice Cm. & Pfd.

McCLURE, JONES & REED
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway Phone 3321 Hector

Atlantic Lobos

Charles E. Brickley & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
61 Broadway. Bowling Green 8700.

W. G. Souders & Co.
Investment Securities
31 Nassau St., New York
Chicago Detroit Grand Rapids Milwaukee

BREITUNG
& CO., Inc.
7 & 9 Hanover Street

H. HENTZ & CO.
Established 1856
Members of
New York Stock Exchange
New York Cotton Exchange
11 William Street New York
16 Congress Street Boston

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
30 Broad St. New York
Corn Exchange Bank Rights
Home Insurance Rights
Nat. Park Bank Rights
Telephone 1111 Broad

PRESSED FOR FUNDS

Salvation Army, $12,000 Short of $50,000 Required, Issues Appeal to Supply Dinner.

COLER WILL NOT ASK AID

Withholds Letters Soliciting Help for City's Dependents—To Entertain 300 Wounded Soldiers.

Probably because of the frequency of other campaigns for charitable movements, the appeals of many Christmas charities have met with less response from the people of New York City than in former years, according to appeals made yesterday for additional funds.

The Salvation Army has received less than $12,000 of its estimated requirements of $50,000, and has issued an appeal for contributions from the public to enable it to care for the thousands of destitute but worthy families which are calling on it for Christmas dinners and to provide toys for orphaned children and food, fuel and clothing for Winter.

The prevalence of illness and unemployment among the poor is indicated by the fact that the Salvation Army already has received application for almost double the number of dinners it had planned to furnish. In addition, the Army will provide a Christmas tree at each of its branches.

Hardest Christmas in Years.

"We are confronted with the hardest Christmas for the poor in years," said Colonel E. J. Parker, who is in charge of the Christmas distribution at the headquarters, 222 West Fourteenth Street. "Fortunately the purchasing power of the dollar is higher this year than last, but, even so, we shall be unable to care for more than a fraction of the cases applying to us for dinners unless the contributions to the kettles on the street corners are doubly generous."

By purchasing supplies wholesale the Salvation Army has reduced the per family cost of a dinner to $3.19. Each dinner basket will contain a four or five pound chicken, one can each of evaporated milk, tomatoes, baked beans, corn and soup, one-half pound of macaroni, one pound of sugar, one pound of rice, one-half pound of coffee, one package of crackers, four pounds of potatoes and six apples.

Bird S. Coler, Commissioner of Public Charities, announced that, because of the numerous drives during the last year, he would not send his usual letter to friends asking donations to furnish Christmas cheer for the inmates of city institutions, but said he would be glad to receive contributions and to furnish information regarding the needs of any particular institution.

Mr. Coler said there were more than 1,400 mental defectives on Randall's Island, 450 children, 100 of them tubercular, on Blackwell's Island; several hundred more children in hospitals in Brooklyn and other children at Sea View Hospital, Staten Island. He said students of Morris High School had promised to help supply the Christmas celebration at the Metropolitan Hospital, and students of the Theodore Roosevelt Hospital would send gifts to Randall's Island.

Asks Phonograph Records for Poor.

The State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street, issued an appeal for phonograph records, to be distributed to hospitals and almshouses.

The Protestant Episcopal Mission Society will hold Christmas celebrations at St. Cyprian's Chapel, 177 West Sixty-third Street, and St. Barnabas House, 304 Mulberry Street. The latter has given temporary care to those in need for more than fifty years. It receives children more than 3 years old.

Three hundred wounded soldiers, still under treatment at the Polyclinic Hospital, will have a series of Christmas entertainments, beginning with one by members of the Actors' Equity League on Christmas Eve. Early Christmas morning the girls' choir of Hunter College will sing carols through the wards. Christmas stockings will be provided by the women of the New York County Chapter of the Red Cross. There will be a special Christmas dinner and another entertainment Christmas night by Broadway Post of the American Legion.

A series of Christmas entertainments will be held in Greenwich House, 27 Barrow Street, one of the principal community centres of the Greenwich Village neighborhood, beginning tonight and ending Dec. 30. A feature will be the program of Christmas plays by children on next Thursday and Friday and on the following Tuesday.

The Christmas entertainment at Sing Sing Prison will be on a stage presented to the inmates of the prison by David Belasco. The chapel stage will be enlarged and provided with a standard lighting equipment. Mr. Belasco will also provide three separate settings, a drawing room interior, a kitchen interior and an exterior scene. The Christmas performance will be "Miss Lulu Bett," by Zona Gale, which has not been seen on any stage, and which will open in the Belmont Theatre the following night.

HUGHES SHIP PLEA FAILS.

House Committee Opposes Restoring the Martha Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The efforts of Charles E. Hughes, acting as counsel for the Consulich Brothers of Trieste, to induce the House Merchant Marine Committee to consent to a bill restoring the steamship Martha Washington to the alleged Italian owners will not be effective, according to members of that committee who heard the argument advanced by Mr. Hughes last week.

The Martha Washington, formerly Austrian owned, is one of the best passenger steamers that came into the possession of the United States during the war. It is now actively engaged in South American trade.

In a long argument, Mr. Hughes contended that Trieste was unwilling to remain as Austrian territory, and that this steamship, which belonged to the Austro-American Line, should in justice to these people, now that Trieste is a portion of Italy, be returned to them. He insisted that the United States could not afford to keep the vessel, worth about $6,000,000, and thereby offend Italy.

On the other hand, it has been pointed out that Trieste has never been a portion of Italy. It was a part of the Roman Empire one time. Later it was a part of the Patriarchate of Aquileia. For a short time it was in the possession of the Republic of Venice and then fell under Austrian domination in the year 1382 and remained under it. It is said that the majority of the residents of the Litoral, known as the Istrian Peninsula, are not Italians, and that while the possession of the territory has been given to Italy by the Peace Treaty, there is no basis for the contention that there is similarity between the cases of Trieste and Alsace-Lorraine.

WEEK'S COTTON MARKET.

	Dec.		Jan.		Mar.	
	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
Dec. 13	15.55	14.90	15.65	14.95	15.69	15.00
Dec. 14	15.30	14.66	15.68	14.77	15.45	14.82
Dec. 15	15.55	15.05	15.82	15.10	15.70	15.15
Dec. 16	15.55	15.23	15.83	15.38	15.72	15.40
Dec. 17	15.60	15.35	15.80	15.43	15.65	15.35
Dec. 18	15.31	15.13	15.40	15.15	15.30	15.12
Week's rge.	15.60	14.66	15.83	14.77	15.72	14.82

	May.		July.		Oct.	
	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
Dec. 13	15.85	15.15	15.95	15.28	15.95	15.35
Dec. 14	15.58	15.00	15.85	15.08	15.60	15.10
Dec. 15	15.80	15.37	15.85	15.48	15.80	15.50
Dec. 16	15.78	15.49	15.91	15.55	15.79	15.60
Dec. 17	15.70	15.40	15.78	15.45	15.72	15.50
Dec. 18	15.39	15.22	15.48	15.30	....	....
Week's rge.	15.85	15.00	15.95	15.08	15.95	15.10

SPOT COTTON.

	Liverpool.	New Orleans.	New York
Dec. 13	11.06d	14.75c	15.35c
Dec. 14	10.21d	14.75c	15.80c
Dec. 15	10.41d	14.75c	15.80c
Dec. 16	10.67d	14.75c	16.00c
Dec. 17	10.53d	14.75c	16.00c
Dec. 18	....	14.75c	15.85c
Week's range:			
High	11.06d	14.75c	16.00c
Low	10.21d	14.75c	15.50c

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED DEC. 18, 1920.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$126,769,200	$3,669,830,500
Same period a year ago	146,246,850	3,512,799,325

	Last Week. High.	Low.	Year to Date. High.	Low.
Average price 40 bonds.	68.07	67.49	73.14	65.57
Same period a year ago.	71.29	71.05	79.05	71.05

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
65¼	55	9	ADAMS EXP. 4s....	56½	55	55⅝	— ⅛
21½	11	5	Alas. G. M. cv. 6s.A	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	+ ⅜
17	10	5	Alas. G. M. cv. 6s,B	15	15	15	..
93⅝	80¾	15	Alas. Midland 5s...	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	..
75½	65	19	Alb. & Susq. 3½s...	70¾	70¾	70¾	— ⅝
82	72¾	1	Alleg. Valley 4s....	78½	78½	78½	+ ⅛
100	70	11	Am. Agr. Ch. cv. 5s.	88⅛	86½	88⅛	— ⅜
97¼	86¾	5	Am. Agr. Ch. deb.5s	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞	+ ⅜
89½	76	29	Am. Cotton Oil 5s...	75	75	75	— 1
84¼	72⅞	291	Am. S. & R. 1st 5s..	74	73¾	73¾	— 1
94⅞	82	158	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s..	94½	93⅝	93⅝	— ⅜
86¾	73	258	Am. T. & T. col. 4s..	74	73½	73⅝	— ⅜
83⅝	73⅝	270	Am. T. & T. col. 5s..	77	76½	76	— 1
83	77¼	31	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	80	79	80	— 1
56	47⅜	1	Ann Arbor 4s.....	52	52	52	+ 1⅝
83⅜	73	7	Am. Writ. Paper 7s.	75	73	75	..
84½	73⅝	237	Armour & Co. 4½s..	75	73½	73⅝	— 1¼
82⅜	63⅜	511	A., T. & S. F. gen.4s	75½	73	74⅜	+ ⅝
70½	65	30	A., T. & S.F.cv.4s,'55	67¾	64½	66½	+ ⅜
13½	12	16½	A., T. & S. F. 4s,'95	20¾	20	20¾	— ⅜
74½	62	32	A.,T.&S.F.adj.4s,sta	80¾	65½	66¾	— ⅜
72	64½	5	A., T. & S.F.Ry.M.4s	68½	68½	68½	+ 2¼
77½	62	5	A.,T.&S.F.,Tr.S.L.4s	76½	73½	73½	— 2¼
82	68½	15	A.,T.&S.F.,C.&A.4½s	77	77	77	..
91	70	82	A., T. & S.F.cv.4s,'60	92	90	90¾	— 1⅝
103¼	95½	70	Atlantic Coast L. 7s.	101¾	101	101	— 1
78½	68	4	Atl. C. L. unif. 4½s.	72¾	71½	71½	— ⅝
80	66½	46	Atl. C. L. 1st 4s....	77½	76¾	76¾	— ⅝
73	60¾	66	Atl. C. L.,L.& N.c.4s	70	66¾	66	— 1⅝
89¾	82	21	At. & C. A. L. 1st 5s	88	85	87	+ 1
81	74½	3	At. & C. A. L. 4½s.	78	78	78	— 3
68	62	7	Atlanta & Birm. 4s.	64	64	64	— 1
80½	62¾	132	Atlantic Fruit 7s....	67½	62¾	63¾	— 4⅝
67	63	2	At. & Yadkin 4s....	67	67	67	+ 1½
97	51	13	BALDWIN LOCO.5s	92½	92	92	— ½
74	57½	133	Balt. & Ohio gold 4s.	65¾	64	64½	— ⅝
75½	67¾	387	Balt. & O. cv. 4½s..	65¾	63¾	64	+ ⅛
76½	51¾	249	Balt. & O. ref. 5s...	65½	64¾	65	+ ⅛
85	78	52	B. & O. pr. lien 3½s.	80¾	79¾	79¾	— ⅝
92½	81½	191	Balt. & Ohio 6s.....	89½	88¾	89¾	+ ⅝
79	67¾	69	B. & O. S. W. 3½s..	76	75	75	— ⅝
98½	81⅞	107	B.&Q.,P.L.E.&W.V.5s	93	90	91	— ⅝
56½	44⅜	90	B. & O., T. & C. 4s.	52½	51½	51½	— 1
62½	51	12	Beech Creek 4s.....	61	61	61	..
97⅜	85⅝	15	Beth. Steel ext. 5s...	88½	87¾	88	+ ⅝
88	76	50	Beth. Stl.1st & ref.5s	77½	76¾	77½	+ ⅛
86½	76	74	Beth. Stl. pur. m. 5s	75¾	74½	75¾	+ ⅜
102¾	95¾	183	Bell Tel. (Pa.) 7s....	102	101¾	101¾	— ⅜
80	53	34	Braden Copper 6s...	82½	82¾	82¾	— ⅝
50	36½	5	B'way & 7th. Av. 5s	36½	36¾	36¾	— 3½
66	64	5	B'klyn City R. R. 5s	64	64	64	— 2
82½	66½	18	B'klyn Edison gen.5s	75¾	75	75	— ⅝
38	21	7	B. R. T. gold 5s....	28	24½	24½	— ⅛
50	35	440	B. R. T. 7s, 1921....	42	40	42	+ 1
48¼	35	90	B. R. T. 7s,'21,c.of d.	41¾	37	41¼	+ 1½
45	31½	15	B. R. T. 7s,1921,ctfs. of deposit, stpd...	38	37	38	+ 1
33	21¾	2	B. R. T. ref. cv. 4s.	29½	29½	29½	— 3¼
66¾	55	9	B'klyn Un.Elev.1st 5s	60¾	60	60	— 6¾
63	55	2	Bkn.Un.El.1st 5s,stpd	60¾	60	60	— 2
79	70	5	B'klyn Un. Gas 5s..	73¾	73½	73½	— 2¾
83½	70¾	3	B., R. & P. 4½s....	80	80	80	..
82	67	1	Bush Terminal 5s...	71	71	71	+ 1¾
82½	71	16	Bush Term. Bldg. 5s	72½	71½	72¾	— ⅝
79½	65	9	Bush Term. 4s.....	69¾	69¾	69¾	— 4
90¾	79½	6	CAL. GAS & E. 5s.	84½	83½	84½	+ 1¼
91	77½	1	Can. South. con. 5s..	83	83	83	— 1¼
100	99⅞	131	Can. Northern 7s...100		99⅞	100	+ ⅛
81⅞	69	16	Cent. Foundry 1st 6s	70	70	70	..
96	81¾	2	Cent. Dist. Tel. 5s..	85	85	85	..
97½	86	88	Cent. Leather 5s....	88½	88	88	— 1
95¾	85	3	Cent. of Ga. 1st 5s	92	92	92	— 2
90	75¾	34	Cent. of Ga. Con. 5s	85	82½	85	+ 1⅝
94	84	40	Cent. of Ga. 6s....	84½	84	84½	— 2½
85	76½	5	C. of Ga.,Mob.Div.5s	82	82	82	+ 5½
82¾	73⅜	22	Central Pacific 3½s.	74¾	74	74⅜	+ 1
78	65¼	219	Central Pacific 4s...	72⅜	70¾	71¾	+ ⅝
74½	69¾	11	Cent.Pac.Thr.St.L.4s	69½	69¾	69¾	— ¾
93½	84	6	Ches. & Ohio con. 5s.	90¾	90	90	..
83¾	70	319	Ches. & Ohio cv. 5s..	81	79½	80¾	— 1½
77¼	66¾	269	Ches. & Ohio cv. 4½s	71½	70½	70½	— ¾
79	69¾	190	Ches. & O. gen. 4½s.	73	71	72¾	+ 1¼
75	61¼	1	C. & O.,R.& A.1st 4s	70¾	70¾	70¾	..
49½	41	31	Chicago & Alton 3s..	44¾	43	43¼	— ⅝
40½	20¾	31	Chicago & Alton 3½s	35	34	35	..
93⅝	92½	854	C., B. & Q. joint 4s..	96	95	95½	..
96¾	85	56	C., B. & Q.,Ill. 4s,reg.	95	94½	95	— ⅛
82	67	40	C., B. & Q. gen. 4s..	78	77	77¼	+ 1¼
84	73	15	C., B. & Q.,Ill.Div.4s	79	79	78	— 1½
76	64	18	C.,B.& Q.,Ill.Div.3½s	70¾	70	70	..
92	83¾	2	C.,B.& Q.,Neb.Ext.4s	87¾	86¾	87¾	— ⅜
84	66½	25	Chi. & Erie 1st 5s..	77	76½	77	..
58	50	46	Chi. Gt. W. 1st 4s....	51⅝	50	51¼	+ 1¼
95	92	12	C., I. & L. ref. 6s...	94	93¾	93¾	+ ⅜
82	71½	5	C., L. S. & E. 4½s..	73½	73½	73½	— 1½
76	60	121	C., M. & St.P.cv.5s,B	68½	64¾	66¾	+ 1½
84	70	31	C., M. & St. P.4s,'25	77½	73½	73½	— 1½
67½	60½	55	C.,M., & St.P. 4s,'34	60¾	58½	60	— ½
68½	58	15	C., M. & St.P.gen.3½s	58	57½	57⅝	+ ¼
85	67¾	88	C., M. & St.P.gen.4½s	75¾	74½	74½	— 2¼
61½	52¾	162	C., M. & St.P.ref.4½s	58¾	57	55½	+ ½
72	55¾	89	C., M. & St.P.gen.4s	66¾	65	63¾	— 1¾
78	61	228	C., M. & St.P.cv.4½s	68	64¾	65½	+ 2¾
99¼	94	38	C., M. & St. P., C. P. & W. 5s.....	99½	99	99½	+ ⅛
70	58	19	C., M. & Puget Sd.4s	64	64	64	..
98	94½	2	C., M. & St. P., C. & L. Sup. 5s.....	97¾	97¾	97¾	..
74	57½	133	Balt. & Ohio gold 4s.	65¾	64	64½	— ⅝
75½	67¾	387	Balt. & O. cv. 4½s..	65¾	63¾	64	+ ⅛
76½	51¾	249	Balt. & O. ref. 5s...	65½	64¾	65	+ ⅛
85	78	52	B. & O. pr. lien 3½s.	80¾	79¾	79¾	— ⅝
92½	81½	191	Balt. & Ohio 6s.....	89½	88¾	89¾	+ ⅝
79	67¾	69	B. & O. S. W. 3½s..	76	75	75	— ⅝
98½	81⅞	107	B.&Q.,P.L.E.&W.V.5s	93	90	91	— ⅝
56½	44⅜	90	B. & O., T. & C. 4s.	52½	51½	51½	— 1
62½	51	12	Beech Creek 4s.....	61	61	61	..
97⅜	85⅝	15	Beth. Steel ext. 5s...	88½	87¾	88	+ ⅝
88	76	50	Beth. Stl.1st & ref.5s	77½	76¾	77½	+ ⅛
86½	76	74	Beth. Stl. pur. m. 5s	75¾	74½	75¾	+ ⅜
102¾	95¾	183	Bell Tel. (Pa.) 7s....	102	101¾	101¾	— ⅜
80	53	34	Braden Copper 6s...	82½	82¾	82¾	— ⅝
50	36½	5	B'way & 7th. Av. 5s	36½	36¾	36¾	— 3½
66	64	5	B'klyn City R. R. 5s	64	64	64	— 2
82½	66½	18	B'klyn Edison gen.5s	75¾	75	75	— ⅝
38	21	7	B. R. T. gold 5s....	28	24½	24½	— ⅛
50	35	440	B. R. T. 7s, 1921....	42	40	42	+ 1
48¼	35	90	B. R. T. 7s,'21,c.of d.	41¾	37	41¼	+ 1½
45	31½	15	B. R. T. 7s,1921,ctfs. of deposit, stpd...	38	37	38	+ 1
33	21¾	2	B. R. T. ref. cv. 4s.	29½	29½	29½	— 3¼
66¾	55	9	B'klyn Un.Elev.1st 5s	60¾	60	60	— 6¾
63	55	2	Bkn.Un.El.1st 5s,stpd	60¾	60	60	— 2
79	70	5	B'klyn Un. Gas 5s..	73¾	73½	73½	— 2¾
83½	70¾	3	B., R. & P. 4½s....	80	80	80	..
82	67	1	Bush Terminal 5s...	71	71	71	+ 1¾
82½	71	16	Bush Term. Bldg. 5s	72½	71½	72¾	— ⅝
79½	65	9	Bush Term. 4s.....	69¾	69¾	69¾	— 4
90¾	79½	6	CAL. GAS & E. 5s.	84½	83½	84½	+ 1¼
91	77½	1	Can. South. con. 5s..	83	83	83	— 1¼
100	99⅞	131	Can. Northern 7s...100		99⅞	100	+ ⅛
81⅞	69	16	Cent. Foundry 1st 6s	70	70	70	..
96	81¾	2	Cent. Dist. Tel. 5s..	85	85	85	..
97½	86	88	Cent. Leather 5s....	88½	88	88	— 1
95¾	85	3	Cent. of Ga. 1st 5s	92	92	92	— 2
90	75¾	34	Cent. of Ga. Con. 5s	85	82½	85	+ 1⅝
94	84	40	Cent. of Ga. 6s....	84½	84	84½	— 2½
85	76½	5	C. of Ga.,Mob.Div.5s	82	82	82	+ 5½
82¾	73⅜	22	Central Pacific 3½s.	74¾	74	74⅜	+ 1
78	65¼	219	Central Pacific 4s...	72⅜	70¾	71¾	+ ⅝
74½	69¾	11	Cent.Pac.Thr.St.L.4s	69½	69¾	69¾	— ¾
93½	84	6	Ches. & Ohio con. 5s.	90¾	90	90	..
83¾	70	319	Ches. & Ohio cv. 5s..	81	79½	80¾	— 1½
77¼	66¾	269	Ches. & Ohio cv. 4½s	71½	70½	70½	— ¾
79	69¾	190	Ches. & O. gen. 4½s.	73	71	72¾	+ 1¼
75	61¼	1	C. & O.,R.& A.1st 4s	70¾	70¾	70¾	..
49½	41	31	Chicago & Alton 3s..	44¾	43	43¼	— ⅝
40½	20¾	31	Chicago & Alton 3½s	35	34	35	..
93⅝	92½	854	C., B. & Q. joint 4s..	96	95	95½	..
96¾	85	56	C., B. & Q.,Ill. 4s,reg.	95	94½	95	— ⅛
82	67	40	C., B. & Q. gen. 4s..	78	77	77¼	+ 1¼
84	73	15	C., B. & Q.,Ill.Div.4s	79	79	78	— 1½
76	64	18	C.,B.& Q.,Ill.Div.3½s	70¾	70	70	..
92	83¾	2	C.,B.& Q.,Neb.Ext.4s	87¾	86¾	87¾	— ⅜
84	66½	25	Chi. & Erie 1st 5s..	77	76½	77	..
58	50	46	Chi. Gt. W. 1st 4s....	51⅝	50	51¼	+ 1¼
95	92	12	C., I. & L. ref. 6s...	94	93¾	93¾	+ ⅜
82	71½	5	C., L. S. & E. 4½s..	73½	73½	73½	— 1½
76	60	121	C., M. & St.P.cv.5s,B	68½	64¾	66¾	+ 1½
84	70	31	C., M. & St. P.4s,'25	77½	73½	73½	— 1½
67½	60½	55	C.,M., & St.P. 4s,'34	60¾	58½	60	— ½
68½	58	15	C., M. & St.P.gen.3½s	58	57½	57⅝	+ ¼
85	67¾	88	C., M. & St.P.gen.4½s	75¾	74½	74½	— 2¼
61½	52¾	162	C., M. & St.P.ref.4½s	58¾	57	55½	+ ½
72	55¾	89	C., M. & St.P.gen.4s	66¾	65	63¾	— 1¾
78	61	228	C., M. & St.P.cv.4½s	68	64¾	65½	+ 2¾
99¼	94	38	C., M. & St. P., C. P. & W. 5s.....	99½	99	99½	+ ⅛
70	58	19	C., M. & Puget Sd.4s	64	64	64	..
98	94½	2	C., M. & St. P., C. & L. Sup. 5s.....	97¾	97¾	97¾	..
70¾	70	4	C. & N. W. 4s,stpd.	74¼	74¼	74¼	— ⅛
80	65	17	C. & N. W. gen 4s...	73	73	73	— 4½
98	84½	8	C. & N. W. gen. 5s..	94	93¾	94	..
70½	55½	9	C. & N. W. gen. 3½s	65	64¾	65¾	+ ⅛
104	99¾	36	C. & N. W. 7s.....	102¾	101	101½	..
92	81¾	2	C. & N. W. ext. d.4s	85½	85½	85½	..
91¼	83½	13	C. & N. W. d. 5s, '39	89¼	88	88	— 1½
70½	56	45	Chi. Rys. 5s.....	58	56	56	— 2¼
75½	65	43	C. R. I. & P. gen.4s	69¾	68½	69¾	..
71½	60¾	314	C. R. I. & P. ref.4s	65¾	64	64¾	— ⅛
90¾	85	1	Chi. Telephone 5s...	88	88	89	— 1¼
83	70½	98	Chi. Un. Sta. 4½s..	77	75½	75½	+ 1⅝
106	100	14	Chi. Un Sta. 6½s, interim ctfs.	104¾	104¾	104¾	+ ⅛
103	98	10	C. & W. Ind. 6s.....	101½	101½	101½	..
64	53	92	C. & W. Ind. 4s.....	56	55	55¾	— ⅛
66	63	291	Chile Copper 6s.....	65¾	64	64	— 1½
108½	90	83	Chile Copper 7s.....	91¾	91	91	— ⅞
72	60	11	C.,C.,C.& St.L.gen.4s	68	66	67	— ⅞
90	87	73	C.,C.,C.& St.L.r.&i.6s	88	87	87	+ 1
80	60	10	C.,C.,C.&S.L.deb.4½s	75½	74	74½	— ⅞
91½	82½	6	C., L. & W. 1st 5s.	91¼	82½	91¼	..
74	65	6	Col. Industrial 5s..	65¼	65	65	— ¼
85½	74	22	Col. & South. 1st 4s.	77	76½	76¾	— ⅝
79	66	49	Col. & Sou. ref.4½s	71½	70	70	..
89	80¼	1	Columbia G. & E. 5s	80½	80½	80¼	— 1
87½	80	2	C., G. & E. 5s, stap.	81¼	81½	81½	— ⅜
40	16½	7	Col. & 9th Av. 5s...	15½	15½	15½	— 4¾
88	80	13	Comp.Tab.Rec. 6s.	82½	80	82½	+ 1½
102	99½	88	Con. Gas cv. 7s.....	99	97¾	99	+ ¼
100	78¾	854	Cuba C. Sug. cv. 7s.	82½	78¾	78¾	— 2¾
83½	78	44	Cumberland Tel. 5s.	79¾	78½	78½	— 1¾
103¾	99¾	2	DEL. & HUD. 7s..103½		103½	103½	— ½
87½	72	20	Del. & Hud. con. 5s..	83½	83¼	83¾	— ⅜
81¾	67	41	Del. & Hud. ref. 4s	76	75¾	76	+ ⅛
74½	63	1	D. & R. G. imp. 5s.	68	68	68	— 1
67¾	58	182	D. & R. G. c. 4s....	63	61½	62¼	— ½
72¾	62¾	11	D. & R. G. con. 4½s	66½	65½	65½	— 1¾
58	39	122	D. & R. G. 1st ref.5s	44	42	42	— 2
58½	40	7	D. M. & Ft. D. 4s...	40¾	40½	40¾	— 1⅝
80	69½	5	Det. River Tun. 4½s	76	76	76	— 1¾
95	82¾	1	Det. Edi./col. tr. 5s	86	86	86	— 2
90	77	3	Det. Edison ref. 5s.	77	77	77	..
91	87	2	Det

Income and Profit

We advise the purchase now of certain Canadian Government, Municipal, and Corporation Bonds.

The current edition of *Investment Recommendations* gives you a list of them and tells you why they are good purchases.

Write for a copy.

Address:

AGENCY OF
Royal Securities CORPORATION
(CANADA) LIMITED
115 BROADWAY NEW YORK

WE OFFER
Subject to Prior Sale:

$50,000
City of Jersey City
Improvement 5s
DUE AUG. 1, 1925.
To Net 5¾%

$25,000
County of Hudson,
New Jersey, 5s.
DUE MAY 1, 1924
To Net 5¾%

$25,000
Town of Montclair, N. J.
5s, Due June 1, 1924.
To Net 5¾%

B. H. & F. W. Pelzer
Members New York Stock Exchange.
42 Broadway New York City

Exceptional Investment Possibilities

We have prepared a comprehensive list of sound securities, together with important statistical data.

These securities yield attractive returns and offer exceptional opportunities for market appreciation at current prices.

Copy on request

MILLER & CO.
Members
New York Stock Exchange
EQUITABLE BUILDING
120 Broadway New York

STANDARD OIL ISSUES
STANDARD OIL INDIANA — $25 PAR VALUE STOCK
CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
Phone 4080-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

MacAndrews & Forbes
American Cigar
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Stone, Prosser & Doty
52 William St., N. Y. Hanover 7733.

We Buy and Sell
Home Insurance Rights
LIBAIRE & COOKE
30 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 1306.

The McCLELLAND BULLETIN
reviews the situation of Power Companies
Circular B 13
R. J. McClelland & Co.
100 Broadway, New York.

Goodyear Tire & Rub. Com. & Pfd.
Northern States Power Com. & Pf.
Standard Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.
Private Wire to Chicago
111 Broadway Phone Rector 6700

Among the "Bulls" and "Bears"
Snappy reviews of the most active stocks of the current week.
Just $5 for this and the next 12 issues.
The FINANCIAL WORLD
Published Every Monday
Dept. T, 39 Broadway, New York

Senate at the Forthcoming Extra Session.

KNOX PLEDGES SUPPORT

Exemption of American Vessels in Coastwise Trade Also to Be Agitated by Shipping Men.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The platform pledge of the Republican Party to exempt American vessels in coastwise trade from Panama Canal tolls, which Senator Harding promises to make one of his important issues upon becoming President, will be brought to the fore in the convention of the National Merchant Marine Association, which meets here early in January.

That the repeal of the Panama tolls will be almost as important in an international way as the question of this country's entrance into a league of nations is asserted by Republican Senators. Senator Knox, who, as Secretary of State, advised President Taft that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty did not prevent the United States from exempting American vessels from tolls, will take a leading part in the controversy over the matter, which Senator Borah said tonight he would bring before the Senate in the forthcoming extra session and demand action.

In 1912 Congress, despite the protests of Great Britain, enacted a law exempting coastwise American vessels from the payment of Panama Canal tolls. Before the law had actually gone into effect Senator Elihu Root attacked it in a strong speech in the Senate and declared that it was a violation of the terms of the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty. Nothing was done as the result of this attack, but President Wilson effected its repeal by his address to Congress, assembled in joint session on March 5, 1914, when he asked that it be repealed and American vessels be placed on a parity with the vessels of all other nations. He said that he agreed with the contention of Great Britain, and declared that he could not deal with questions of greater import unless this was done.

President Wilson's Plea.

"We ought to reverse our action," said President Wilson, "without raising the question whether we were right or wrong, and so once more deserve our reputation for generosity and the redemption of every obligation without quibble or hesitation.

"I ask this of you in support of the foreign policy of the Administration. I shall not know how to deal with matters of even greater delicacy and nearer consequence if you do not grant it to me in ungrudging measure."

As the result of these ominous words and the threatening situation in Mexico, which came to the danger point with the landing of marines in Vera Cruz, while Congress was debating a bill to repeal the exemption, the President's request was granted. The Senate repealed the law in June, 1914, by a vote of 50 to 35, with many leading Democrats and Republicans opposing.

It is claimed that before Senator Root made his speech, Mr. Knox, then Secretary of State, had about satisfied Great Britain through diplomatic correspondence of the justice of this country's position. Mr. Root's speech is credited with having brought the negotiations to a standstill, and Great Britain renewed her previous contention, with the result that President Wilson appealed to Congress with success.

Senator Knox said yesterday that the position of the United States was unchanged and that the Republican Party had three times committed itself in its national platforms—during the campaigns to elect Roosevelt, Taft and Harding—to exempting American vessels in coastwise trade from the payment of Panama Canal tolls. He intends to support whatever right Senator Borah will make to bring about a repeal of the present law. The effect of this repeal would be to restore the law, enacted during Taft's Administration, exempting American coastwise trade vessels from paying canal tolls.

Nothing will be done in a serious way in the present Congress on this question, although Senator Borah said that he might take occasion to refer to the issue, so as to inform the country of what might be expected in the special session.

Shipping Convention Proposals.

The issue will be brought to the attention of business men engaged in shipping at the coming convention of the National Merchant Marine Association here Jan. 20 and 21.

The subjects that will be discussed at the convention will be:

Repeal of Panama Canal tolls affecting American vessels, establishment of preferential export and import rates, abrogation of commercial treaties restricting the right of the United States to impose preferential import duties and tonnage dues, extension of exemption from excess profits taxes to earnings of ships in foreign trade invested in Shipping Board tonnage as well as new construction, American shipbuilding situation, revision of marine insurance laws and establishment of a uniform policy, prices at which Government ships should be offered for sale with a view to bringing Government ownership to an end and establishing a privately owned merchant marine, creation of free zones in the United States and the most effective means of encouraging the preferential use of American ships by our exporters and importers.

"The future of the American merchant marine is now at a critical stage," said Senator Ransdell, President of the association, in a statement today calling the annual convention. "For the first time in half a century the United States, with the second largest fleet in the world, has ocean transportation facilities that are adequate for our foreign trade. Our shipping industry must be maintained and developed. Unless a sound and aggressive policy is adopted we shall lose our present magnificent merchant marine and sink to the insignificant position we occupied before the war."

Standard Milling Co. Stocks
Scoville Manufacturing Co. of Waterbury, Conn., Stock
Standard Screw Co. of Hartford, Conn., Stock
E. O. JACKSON & CO., Inc.
141 Broadway, New York.
Telephone Rector 9981.

We Specialize in
MONTHLY AUDITS
SYSTEMS—TAX SERVICE
for Stock Brokerage Firms
Details upon application
H. ROSENBLUM & CO.
Certified Public Accountants
141 Broadway Phone Rector 1348

Akron to the Common Pleas Courts at Columbus on Saturday by former Ohio Attorney General Frank S. Monnett, as a stockholder, F. A. Seiberling, President of the Goodyear Company, upon his return from New York tonight issued a statement denying the allegations made by Mr. Monnett.

Goodyear attorneys will resist the suit and seek dismissal of the proceedings before the annual meeting of stockholders next Friday. President Seiberling in replying to the Monnett petition said:

"I have not read Mr. Monnett's petition, but have seen a summary of it in the papers and can say that his allegations are full of misrepresentations and contain scarcely a truthful statement. The claim that the Directors of the company have been operating to their personal advantage and to the detriment of the stockholders of the corporation through a company known as the Goodyear Investment Company is wholly without foundation. No such company now exists or ever did exist. There is a company known as the Goodyear Improvement Company, a subsidiary company, owning warehouses of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company in various cities throughout the United States and Canada. This company is operated wholly for the benefit of the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company, and all profits that ever accrued to it have come to the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company, and now belong to it.

"Mr. Monnett's statement that the stock dividend declared in June, 1920, and the quarterly dividend paid on common stock in September of this year were not paid out of surplus earnings is also untrue. In common with all other industrial concerns the country over, the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company has suffered by reason of the present business depression. This depression has caused a loss to it as to these other concerns, by depreciation in its inventories and contracts taken and entered into at the beginning of the last fiscal year. I can say, however, that after charging off this entire loss the company still has ample assets with which to pay its indebtedness and to cover its entire issue of preferred stock and still have many millions of dollars for the common stock holders."

DENY OPPRESSING MINERS.

Mingo Coal Operators Assert They Employ No Armed Guards.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., Dec. 19.—Reports said to be in circulation throughout the country that miners are being oppressed and manhandled in the Mingo County coal fields were denied tonight in a statement issued by the Williamson Coal Operators Association here.

"It has been brought to our attention," the statement said, "that union leaders are employing armed gunmen and thugs are employed by the operators about the mines. This is not true. We have never employed operatives nor armed guards at any time. Watchmen are maintained as at other industrial plants to protect property."

The statement reiterated that a lockout in the field does not exist.

"Of course, we have brought men into the fields preparatory to operating mines affected by the strike," the statement continues, "but the number has been small in comparison to the total employed, 300 perhaps. The men are free to come back to work whenever they wish.

"With the miners returning in numbers proved by our payrolls we have been able to begin operations at all the mines in the region which were shut down when the strike was called, with the exception of five.

"The arguments advanced by union leaders that habitation in the tent colonies is forced by the alleged lockout is absolutely a misrepresentation of the facts.

"The colonies are maintained by the United Mine Workers to excite the sympathy of the public. The United Mine Workers agitators furnish transportation for men who come into the fields for employment, back to other fields, and obtain work for them there, while requiring their members' wives and children to shiver and suffer in the tents."

CHINA WILL RAISE DUTIES.

Notifies Powers of Increased Customs Charges to Aid Famine Victims.

PEKING, Dec. 17.—The Chinese Foreign Office notified the foreign legations today that a 10 per cent. increase in the customs duties, to be applied to famine relief in the districts where millions of Chinese were hunger sufferers, would become effective Jan. 16. The proceeds, it was stated, would be dispersed by the Chinese Charities Board attached to the Ministry of the Interior.

The principal powers are reported to have given their assent to the plan, although Great Britain and France are said to have made it a condition of their approval that there be adequate supervision of the disbursement of the funds.

VENISON AT $100 A PLATE.

Jersey Game Warden Ends Feast by Finding Fawns' Carcasses.

CHATSWORTH, N. J., Dec. 19.—Fifteen hunters suddenly lost their appetite for a venison dinner today when State Game Warden Charles C. Morton walked into their camp at Sandy Ridge, produced a search warrant and found the carcasses of two fawns, illegally killed, that had furnished steaks for the feast. The warden notified the hunters that the meal would cost them $100 a plate each, as the law compelled him to hold every man as responsible for having the venison in his possession.

The State law for the protection of fawns stipulates that a hunter must see the horns on a buck deer before he shoots.

FRENCH LOAN SUCCESS.

30,000,000,000 Francs Subscribed, Half in Cash, It Is Said.

PARIS, Dec. 19.—Subscriptions to the latest French loan exceeded 30,000,000,000 francs, of which 16,000,000,000 was in ready money, says the Echo de Paris, quoting an official of the Finance Administration.

The exact results will probably be made public this week.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—Forecast:

N. C.—Fair Mon.; Tues. cloudy and unsettled; not much change in temp.

S. C., Ga., Extreme N. W. Fla., Ala. and Miss.—Cloudy Mon.; Tues., unsettled, probably rain; not much change in temp.

Fla.—Unsettled Mon. and Tues., probably local rain; not much change in temp.

Tenn.—Fair Mon.; Tues. unsettled, probably rain; not much change in temp.

Ky.—Fair Mon.; Tues. unsettled, probably rain or snow; not much change in temp.

Ohio—Fair Mon.; Tues. unsettled, probably snow by afternoon or night; not much change in temp.

Ind.—Fair Mon.; Tues. unsettled, probably snow in n. and c. and snow or rain in extreme s.; not much change in temp.

Lower Mich.—Generally fair Mon.; Tues. unsettled, probably snow in n. and w.; not much change in temp.

Upper Mich.—Cloudy Mon. and Tues.; probably snow in n. w.; not much change in temp.

Ill.—Increasing cloudiness Mon., warmer, Tues. snow in north and rain or snow in south.

Mo.—Increasing cloudiness and somewhat warmer Mon., followed by rain or snow by night and Tues.

Wis.—Increasing cloudiness Mon., probably followed by snow by night and on Tues.; not much change in temp.

Minn.—Unsettled Mon. and Tues., probably snow in south; continued cold.

Iowa—Unsettled Mon. and Tues., probably light snow; not much change in temp.

N. Dak.—Probably light snow Mon. and in east and central portions Tues.; continued cold.

Neb.—Unsettled Mon. and Tues.; probably snow, colder in west Tues.

Kan.—Increasing cloudiness Mon.; rain by night and rain turning to snow Tues.; somewhat warmer Mon.; colder Tues.

Mont.—Light snow and colder Mon. Tues. probably fair; continued cold.

Wyo.—Snow Mon. and in southeast Tues.; colder Mon.

SPAIN FEARS POSTAL STRIKE

Several Agitators Arrested—Hope of Averting a General Walkout.

MADRID, Dec. 19.—The Government has taken measures to prevent agitators from conducting strike agitation among the postal employes, who are already decidedly restless. Several men alleged to be leaders have been arrested. A strike among the workers is expected soon, but officials believe the movement will not be a general one. The telegraphers have declined to make any open move toward a strike, but officials charge that they are aiding the movement by working as little as possible.

OUR TRADE BALANCE FALLS.

Imports for 1920 Much Higher, Exports Equal to 1919.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—America's balance of trade for November shrank $63,000,000 as compared with the preceding month as a result of a decided falling off in exports, according to an analysis of the nation's foreign trade for that month, issued tonight by the Department of Commerce.

Exports for November were valued at $675,000,000, a falling off of more than $76,000,000 from the October total of $751,728,570. Imports, on the other hand, declined only a little more than $13,000,000, the November total being estimated at $321,000,000, as compared with $334,008,698 for October.

The United States, however, at the end of November still had a favorable balance in trade with the other nations of the world for the first eleven months of the year of $2,404,205,278. Exports up to Dec. 1 were $7,607,323,420 and imports for the same period were $5,013,117,932. The balance of trade in favor of the United States at the beginning of November amounted to $2,848,205,578.

The November trade figures give the first opportunity to estimate with any degree of exactness the foreign trade of the United States for the year 1920. Values of imports may be expected to reach $5,250,000,000, which would compare with imports of $3,904,000,000 last year. Exports, the figures indicate, may be expected to equal if not exceed last year's record total of $7,920,000,000.

Exports of gold in November amounted to $19,869,737, as compared with $23,031,230 the previous month. Silver exports last month were $3,143,876, while in October they amounted to $5,708,601. Silver exports last month reached the low point of the year.

Imports of gold in November were $58,884,786, as against $118,782,000 in October. Silver imports were $5,026,420, which compares with $4,012,050.

PROTESTS AT CIDER RULING.

Anti-Saloon League to Ask Attorney General to Reconsider It.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—The Anti-Saloon League will ask Attorney General Palmer to reconsider his ruling that the use of cider in the home by its manufacturer, even after it has become intoxicating by fermentation, is lawful, Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel of the league announced today. Neither the letter nor the implied purpose of the Prohibition act justified such a ruling, Mr. Wheeler asserted.

Declaring the Eighteenth Amendment prohibited the manufacture of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes in the home or elsewhere, Mr. Wheeler said Congress in permitting the manufacture of cider and fruit juices for home use fixed the alcoholic standard at one-half of 1 per cent. The ruling, he added, should be reconsidered also because Congress placed its own rule of construction on the law by saying the act should be construed to prevent the "use of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes."

BIG TOBACCO TRADER FAILS.

J. M. Buckner's Liabilities Are Estimated at $1,500,000 in Louisville.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Dec. 19.—James M. Buckner, said to have been one of the world's largest traders in tobacco, was declared bankrupt in the United States Federal Court yesterday morning. It is thought that his liabilities will approximate $1,500,000 and his assets $1,000,000, as many of the claims are secured.

The petition was filed by attorneys, on a claim of the Western Tobacco Company, of which Mr. Buckner was President. The claim amounts to $45,000. The company now is operating under control of a receiver. Mr. Buckner filed an answer to the petition admitting his insolvency.

Mr. Buckner owns the Southern Leaf Tobacco Company, a leaf jobbing concern, and accumulated, it is said, more than $500,000 in tobacco deals during a period of three years.

Mr. Buckner became a tobacconist in Louisville many years ago, when he entered the commission and warehouse business with his father. He was a large stockholder, Director and promoter of the Western Tobacco Company, which engaged in the rehandling and exportation of dark tobaccos. During the last three years Mr. Buckner has been in New York, where he was connected with the Gaston, Williams & Wigmore Company, exporters.

OPPOSE LIMIT ON ALIENS.

East Side Immigrants Meet and Protest Against Bill.

A mass meeting to protest against the bill restricting immigration was held yesterday afternoon at Public School No. 4, Ridge and Rivington Streets. The audience was composed almost entirely of east side immigrants. Nathan D. Perlman, who assisted in the preparation of the minority report on the bill in the House of Representatives, also spoke, urging that if restriction was imposed even for a year hundreds of relatives of American citizens in Eastern and Central Europe would die of starvation and persecution.

The National Security League announced yesterday that it would start a campaign of educational propaganda on the subject of "quality immigration" and the need for careful selection of the immigrants.

The United States Independent Order of Free Sons of Israel has issued to the seventy-two branches of the order an open letter calling for immigration based on the selection of those willing and able to become useful American citizens and likely to help in the preservation of law and peaceful prosperity in the country of their adoption.

BIG BLAZE NEAR GAS TANKS.

Three Alarms Call Brooklyn Department to Cooperage Fire.

Three alarms were sent in last night for a fire which destroyed the building occupied by the O'Malley Cooperage Works on the block bounded by North Thirteenth and North Fourteenth Streets, Berry Street and Wythe Avenue, in the Williamsburg section of Brooklyn.

The police and fire authorities turned in two alarms shortly after the first because of the presence of two gas tanks of the Brooklyn Union Gas Company on North Thirteenth Street, opposite the blazing works. The gas was piped to other tanks some distance away. The damage was estimated at $20,000.

of cablegrams by British authorities, says:

"It should be obvious that secret service precautions may have been taken in the time of peace by criminal agents, belonging to international organizations, are able to use cable services to and from this country. It is regrettable that even so slight a scrutiny should be necessary, but the authorities cannot be expected to deprive themselves of the means of dealing with crime at a time when criminals are using the machinery of civilization for their own ends."

DEMOCRATS ELECT.

Senator Pomerene Chosen Chairman of Campaign Committee.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—Senator Pomerene of Ohio was elected chairman of the Democratic Senatorial Campaign Committee at a meeting of Democratic Senators today. Senator Pomerene succeeds Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, who was defeated for re-election in the November election.

Senator Pomerene was elected on the motion of Senator Hitchcock, who declared that the Democratic Senatorial Campaign Committee had been "the victim of circumstances" in the last campaign.

Senator Hitchcock was elected chairman of the Democratic Senatorial Campaign Committee in 1918, when Senator Pomerene was defeated for re-election.

Copper Oil Steel and Equipment Stocks

now selling for less than liquidating values

Write Dept. T-33 for descriptive literature

CHARLES H. CLARKSON & CO.
66 Broadway—New York.
TELEPHONES: RECTOR 4080-4

Catawaba Power 6s, 1933
Consolidation Coal 6s, 1950
Empire Refining 6s, 1927
Kentucky-Ind. Terminal 6s, 1961
L. & N. 5s, Louis. Div., Ed. 3s, 1930
Louisville & Jeff. Bridge 4s, 1945
Magnolia Petroleum 6s, 1937
Mason City & Ft. Dodge 6s, 1949
Panhandle 4½s, Series A & B
Atlantic Lobos Com. & Pfd.
Pennsylvania Coal & Coke
Standard Pulp

DUNHAM & CO.
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone 3100-10 Hanover

K&C
Farrell Coal
KIELY & CO.
40 Wall Street.—New York.
Phone John 6350

Atlas Port. Cement
Com. & Pfd.
J.K.Rice, Jr.& Co.
Phone 4815 to 4818 John. 32 Wall St., N.Y.

TEXAS—General Obligation County and City Securities
Exempt from Federal Income Taxes
HIGH YIELD—WHOLESALE ONLY
J. L. ARLITT
Member Texas Bankers' Association
141 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Rector 1064

Tidewater Oil
Imperial Oil, Ltd.
Douglas Fenwick & Co.
Members Pittsburgh Stock Exchange
DIRECT WIRE TO PITTSBURGH
44 Wall St. 223 Fourth Av.
New York. Pittsburgh, Pa.

Goodyear Tire & Rub.
Com. & Pref.
Amer. Tobacco Scrip
UNGER and COMPANY
Unlisted Securities Dep't.
30 Pine St., N.Y. John 5210

UNITED VERDE EXTENSION
GOLD BROS.
44 Broad St. Tel. Broad 2444.

Willys Corp. 1st & 2nd Pfd.
Packard Motor Pfd.
Chevrolet
R. B. Hathaway & Co.
Specialists in Motor Issues
20 Nassau St., N. Y. Tel. John 1420-1

BLAIR & Co.
Incorporated
24 Broad St., New York
Chicago Boston Philadelphia
Cleveland Buffalo San Francisco St. Louis

FARR & CO.
Members
N. Y. Coffee & Sugar Exchange, Inc.
Brokers in Raw and Refined Sugar
Specialists in Sugar Stocks
133 Front St. (Cor. Fine)
Telephone John 6428

NOTICE
Hart Oil Corp. announces completion of Plotter Well, Flowing 300 barrels daily. Hart Wells—1 Producing—1 Near Completion—1 Drilling Below 1200 ft.—1 Started—1 Located.
Stock $2.00 Per Share. Dividends 25%
For bank references and details address
HART OIL CORPORATION
123 Liberty St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 9013

Read by Investors for Facts about their Holdings
Investment Information Column
New York Tribune
First to Last—the Truth

STOCK AND BOND QUOTATIONS

Range, 1920 High / Low — Sales — Stock and Dividend — High — Low — Last — Net Ch'ge

INDUSTRIALS

4¼	⅞	1,800	*Acme Coal	1	⅞	1	
11⅝	7	8,300	*Aetna Explosives	8¼	7¾	8¼	+ ¼
49	37	3,400	Air Reduction	49	37	37	— 4½
98	5	1,140	Allied Packers	6¼	5¾	6	
9	3	200	Am. Coal Products	9	9	9	
1¼	1¼	200	Am. Refrigerator	1¼	1¼	1¼	
25	20	700	Am Hawaii. S. S.	20	20	20	— 5
40	17½	100	Aluminum	17½	17½	17½	— ½
50	27	300	Amer. Chicle	28	27	28	+ ½
12½	4½	1,300	Am. Writ. Paper	5	4½	4½	
68	48½	1,200	Automatic F. & D.	67¾	67¾	67¾	— ¼
97	82	1,610	Borden Co.	82	80	80	— 2¼
97	77¾	511	Borden pf.	80	79¼	80	
22	11⅞	13,100	*Br.-Am. Tob., ctfs.	12⅝	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅝
33	11¾	100	Br.-Am. Tob., reg.	11⅞	11¾	11⅞	— ⅛
4	1¼	1,500	*Car Light & Pow.	3½	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
14¾	6	1,600	*Chicago Nipple	8	7½	8	
30	11	1,900	Conley Tin Fdy.	12	11	11¼	— ¾
⅞	⅛	2,800	Chadeloid ctfs.	⅛	⅛	⅛	
7	6	500	Cont. Motors	6½	6	6	
91	42	900	Cleve. Auto.	45	45	45	— 1
1½	⅞	1,250	Crude Chem.	1¼	1	1¼	— ¼
1	1	500	Eastern Potash	1	1	1	
37	15	1,000	Eastern Potash pf.	17	15½	15½	
19	7½	4,500	Empire T. & S.	19¾	18¼	19	+ ¾
54½	11	4,100	Farrell Coal	18½	11	13	— 2½
73	72	20	Firestone Tire pf.	73	72	73	
20½	16	575	*Gardner Motor	16¼	16	16¾	— ⅝
84	9½	4,700	Goldwyn Picture	9	4¼	5¾	
97	95	63	Goodyear	96	95	95	— 3
80	45	75	Goodyear Tire pf.	80	45	80	
15½	11¼	1,000	D.W.Griffith, Inc.	11¼	11¼	11¼	
7⅛	2¾	2,200	Heyden Chem.	3⅜	2¾	2¾	
23	12	1,400	*Hercules Paper	17¼	16	16	— ½
20	8¾	1,300	Indian Packing	8¾	8¾	8¾	
23	7	25	Inter. Products	7¼	7	7¼	
40	20	25	Inter. Prod. pf.	23½	23	23½	
3¾	1	3,300	Kay Co. Class A	1¾	1	1¾	
33	10	300	Libby, McN & L.	11⅜	11¼	11¼	— ¼
55	15	1,910	Lincoln Motor	20	19	20	+ 1
65½	64½	165	L. Val. Coal Sales	65½	62	62	
66	40	275	Lima Locomotive	66	60	66	
85	85	25	Lima Loco. pf.	85	85	85	
25	1	300	Locomobile	1	1	1	— ⅛
39	1	2,700	Mercer Motors	3¼	1	1¼	— 3⅛
14¾	12	2,000	Munson Path	14⅜	14	14⅜	+ ⅜
20⅜	11½	300	Nat. Firepfg. pf.	14	12½	13¾	— 1⅝
10⅜	2¼	100	National Motor	3	3	3	
16⅜	15	4,200	Motor Motors	16⅛	15	16⅛	
80	24	400	N. Y. Shipbuilding	26⅜	23	23	
7⅝	3⅝	7,000	North Am. F. & P.	4¾	4¾	4¾	— ⅛
5⅝	3⅝	4,000	Perfection T. & R.	1¼	1¼	1¼	
44	18½	400	Peerless T. & M.	20	18½	19	— 1½
½	⅛	2,000	Penn. Coal & C.	½	⅛	⅛	
13½	11½	900	Piggly Wiggly St.	13	11½	12	—
85	20	900	Prinz-Biedermann	23	20	23	+ 1½
3	1¾	31,700	†Radio Co.	2¾	1¾	1¾	— ⅝
5¼	1½	8,300	Radio Co. pf.	3⅝	1½	1½	— ⅝
13	5½	900	Pyrene Mfg.	9¼	8½	9	
⅞	⅝	1,700	Prof. S.C.&R.S.Co.	⅞	⅝	⅝	
1¼	1	1,900	Pr.S.C.& R.S.Co.pf.	1¼	1	1¼	
17½	17½	400	Reo Motors	17¾	17¼	17¼	
6	1¾	3,800	Republic Rubber	1¾	1¾	1¾	— ⅛
6¾	3½	1,400	*Roy de Fr. T. B.	4	3½	3½	
28½	16¼	100	Stand. Gas & Elec.	16¾	16¼	16¼	— ½
38	38	1,500	R.J.Rey.new,B,w.I.	32½	30	30	
150	117	1,000	Singer Mfg.	145¾	145	145¾	
11⅜	½	143,000	Sweets Co. of Am.	2¼	2¼	2¼	+ ⅛
68½	22	800	*Swift Internat'l.	28¼	22	23¾	— ⅜
32	6	3,975	Tob. Prod., Exp.	7¾	6	7	— 1
70	70	75	Todd Shipyards	72¼	70	72¼	— ¼
¾	½	15,770	Triangle Film	¾	½	½	
51	49	300	Union Carbide	50	49	50	+ 1
3½	1	10,800	Un. Prof. Sharing.	1⅝	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
19	7½	11,100	*Un. Retail Candy	8¾	7½	7½	— ⅝
35	27	1,800	U. S. Distributing	29¾	29	29	— ¾
35½	35½	100	United Motors	35½	35½	35½	
3¼	1	2,800	U. S. Ship Corp.	1⅜	1	1⅜	— ⅛
3⅝	½	4,600	U. S. Light & H.	1¼	½	¾	— ⅛
4⅜	1	21,300	U. S. Steamship	1¼	1	1¼	— ⅛
1	1⅛	600	U. S. Tr. & I. pf.	1	1	1	
40	40	200	Warren Bros.	40	40	40	
5½	2¼	4,300	Wayne Coal	2¼	2¼	2¾	— ⅛
80	25	150	William Davies	25¼	25	25¼	— 3½
100	18	2,300	Willys 1st pf.	25½	18	18¾	— 7¼
85	47	1,400	Willys 2d pf.	50¼	50	50¼	
29½	9	650	Willys Corp.	10	9	9	— ½
¾	⅛	1,000	World Film 2d pf.	¼	⅛	⅛	

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES

31	17½	2,640	Anglo-Am. Oil	18½	17½	18	— ½
66	45	410	Galena Signal	45	45	45	
90	90	30	Eureka Pipe Line	90	90	90	
100	83	45	Buckeye Pipe Line	84	83	83	
388	272	455	Ohio Oil Co.	288	280	286	
85	85	10	Indian Pipe Line	85	85	85	
400	303	230	Stand. Oil Cal.	315	303	311	— 11
580	330	1,244	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	330	325	325	— 33
71½	68	4,318	S. O. Indiana, new	71½	68	68	

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS

⅝	.00	172,000	†Allied Oil	18	13	17	+ 4
45	8¼	1,650	Ark. Nat. Gas	7¾	6¾	7¼	— ⅜
90	65¼	100	Atlantic Gulf	65¼	65¼	65¼	
6⅜	6	500	Bigheart P. & R.	6¼	6	6¼	
7⅝	1	18,300	*Boone Oil	1¾	1¾	1⅝	— ⅛
1½	⅜	20,800	*Boston-Wyo. Oil	⅞	⅜	⅜	— ⅛
84	7½	27,700	Caribbean Synd.	8¾	7½	7¾	— 1⅛
47	25	63	Goodyear	25	25	25	— 3
44½	23½	5,200	Cities Ser. Co.	23¾	23¼	23¼	— ⅜
85	20	4	Carib Trading	25½	20	20	
58½	54	2,500	Cosden & Co.	6	5¾	5¾	— ¼
3	⅝	3,800	*Cushing Pet.	¾	⅝	⅝	
1⅛	⅞	10,000	Denny Oil	1⅛	1	1	— ⅛
2¼	2⅛	50	Duquesne Oil	2⅛	2¼	2¼	
11½	4½	8,000	*Elk Basin Pet.	8¼	7⅞	8¼	+ ⅛
3⅝	1	15,500	Engineers Pet.	1¾	1¾	1¾	— ⅛
4⅜	1⅜	9,800	*Federal Oil	2½	2	2	— ⅛
16	5¼	1,200	Fensland Oil	13¼	12¼	13	+ ¼
80½	17	3,300	Gilliland Oil	18	17	17	— 3
4¾	1¾	3,700	Glenrock Oil	2⅜	2	2¼	
10	4¼	3,800	Granada Oil	5¼	4¾	5	
39½	25½	2,900	Gulf-Gillespie	29¼	25¼	25¼	— ¼
107	105	150	Gut.-Gill'pie C. pf.	107	105	107	
8	⅝	5,000	Hercules Pet.	1¾	⅝	1	
1¾	½	27,700	Hudson Oil	¾	½	½	+ ⅛
77	14	17,800	Internatl. Pet.	16⅜	15	16	
2⅜	1.50	3,500	Invader Oil	1.81	1.81	1.81	+ .03
8¼	3⅜	7,000	Iowa Oil	3¾	3¾	3¾	— ¼
1¼	⅜	1,200	Iowa Pet.	⅝	⅜	⅜	— ⅛
41	3	100	Manhattan Oil	3	3	3	— ⅛
25½	13¾	4,700	*Maracaibo Oil	13½	13½	13¾	— ⅛
54	2¾	30,000	Marland Ref.	2¾	2¼	2¾	
24	22	735	Marland Oil	24	22	22	
23½	11	8,100	*Merrit Oil	11¾	11	11¼	— ⅜
4½	⅞	19,800	Mexico, Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼	
180	165	1,050	*Midwest Ref.	145	142	142	— 3
½	⅛	31,500	*†Midwest Tex. Oil	⅛	⅛	⅛	+ ⅛
15¾	10¾	100	Mexico Eagle Oil	15¾	15¾	15¾	
9

WE HAVE ORDERS IN

Amer. Machine & Foundry
Packard Preferred
Goodyear T. & R. Com. & Pfd.
Chesebrough Mfg.
Solar Refining
Willys Corp. 8% Pfd.
Todd Shipyards
Woodward Iron
R. J. Reynolds (All Issues)
Liggetts Int. Ltd. Com. & Pfd.
Mohawk Valley Co.
Wire Wheel Pfd.

Gwynne Bros.

Members New York Stock Exchange.
Tel. Broad 5270 — 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Pacific Oil

An analysis of valuation and earning power

Ask for Circular No. 39.

M·S·WOLFE & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1906
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of NY
41 BROAD ST. NEW YORK
Phone Broad. 25

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

100 Atlas Port. Cement Cm. & Pfd.
25 Battery Park Nat. Bank
100 Cin.-Northern R. R.
25 Del., Lack. & Western Coal
50 Hercules Powder Pfd.
25 Midland Securities
20 N. Y. Life Ins. & Trust
50 United Theatre Equip. Pfd.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

100 Atlas Port. Cement Cm. & Pfd.
25 Amer. Machine & Foundry
100 Clinchfield Coal Com.
100 City Investing Com.
25 Home Insurance "Rights"
100 Jas. Butler Com. & Pfd.
50 Phelps Dodge Corp.
100 Woodward Iron Com.

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co.

Phones 4000 to 4010 John. — 36 Wall St., N. Y.

American Chicle Preferred
American Gas & Elec. Pfd.
Bucyrus Common
Lincoln Motors "A"
Realty Associates
Warren Bros. Common (New)

Butte Elec. & Pr. 5s 1925
Catawba Power 6s 1933
Chesterfield & Lanc. 5s 1955
Dominion of Canada 5s 1937
New Amsterdam Gas 5s, 1948
New Orleans Ry. & Lt. 5s 1949

Spira, de Lara & Co.

111 Broadway, N. Y. — Tel. Rector 9240

Goodyear T. & R. Com. & Pf.
Todd Shipyards
Nat. Park Bank Stk. & Rts.
Tidewater Oil Stk. & Rts.
General Electric Rights
Southern Pacific Rights
Home Insurance Stk. & Rts.
Corn Exch'ge Bk. Stk. & Rts.
Cassoday Oil
Aetna Explosives 6s A's & B's

Securities in all
Dividend Stocks and Rights

C. C. Kerr & Co.

2 Rector St., N. Y. Phone 6780 Rector

New York

We Own and Recommend

METROPOLITAN EDISON CO.
READING, PA.

8-f and Imp. 8% Bonds
Due Nov. 1, 1935

Price 95.82 & Int. to yield 8.50%

BAINBRIDGE & RYAN,
66 Broadway — New York
Phones Rector 7021-2-3

Western Maryland
1st Pfd.
Wheeling & Lake Erie
Prior Lien Pfd.
Car. Clinchfield & Ohio
Preferred

Wm C. ORTON & Co.
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 7160-1-2 Broad

Nat'l Park Bank
Rights

Geo. Rust Rogers
61 Broadway. Tel. 7320 Bowling Green

QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Quotation Dec. 18, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Ala. Power 1st, '40	5	May & Sep.	75	77
Albany Southern, '39	5	Mar. & Sep.	65	75
Am. W. Wks. & El. '34	5	Apr. & Oct.	40½	50½
Anac. & Pot. R., '49	5	Apr. & Oct.	60	..
Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr. & Oct.	70	80
Aug.-Aiken R. & E. '35	5	June & Dec.	20	30
A. Rouge El. 1st, '39	7	Feb. & Aug.	72	77
Brooklyn Ed. gen., '39	5	Jan. & July	74½	75½
Do 1930	6	Jan. & July	85	86
Buff. Gen. El., '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	85	90
Do deb., '22	6	Feb. & Aug.	95	97
Buffalo Ry. cons., '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	83	87
Buff. & Lock. 1st, '38	6	Jan. & July	..	80
Buff. & Niag. P. Elec. Ry. 1st, '25	5	Jan. & July	71½	..
Do 1st, '42	5	Jan. & July	81½	85½
Burlington G. L.1st, '50	5	Jan. & July	60	..
Burlington R. & L.1st, '32	5	May & Sep.	50	57
Butte El. & Pr. 1st, '51	5	June & Dec.	82	85
Cape Breton El. 1st, '22	5	Jan. & July	..	71
Capital Trac. 1st, '47	5	Jan. & July	86½	87½
Caro. P. & L. 1st, '58	5	Feb. & Aug.	73	77
Cedar Rap. Mf. 1st, '53	5	Feb. & Aug.	75	76½
Charleston Con. R., G. & E. cons. '99	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	70
Cit. Service deb., C.	5	Mar. & Sep.	90	92
Cleve. Elec. Ill., '39	5	Apr. & Oct.	79	82
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July	50	60
Conn. Pr. 1st & con., '43	5	Apr. & Oct.	73	..
Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd., 1st, '51	5	Jan. & July	50	60
Cons. Gas (Balt.), '54	4½	Jan. & July	72	73
Do, 1939	5	Jan. & July	..	88
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pr., (Balt.) gen., '52	5	May & Nov.	72	73
Cons. G. of N. J., '36. Do 1st, '65	5	Jan. & July	70	..
Cons. T. of N.J. 1st '33	5	Apr. & Oct.	60	..
Con. Water, Utica, 1st, '30	5	June & Dec.	59	66
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	83	90
Detroit Edison, '28	5	May & Nov.	82½	88
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42	5	Jan. & July	95	98
Econ. Lt. & P. 1st, '56	5	May & Nov.	73	77
Elec. Dev. 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	85	91
Elec. & Trenton, '62	5	May & Sep.	79	81
Ell. Also Elec. coll., '32	5	Apr. & Oct.	40	55
El Paso Elec., '25	5	Jan. & July	73	..
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54	5	Jan. & July	92	96
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40	5	Apr. & Oct.	65	70
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County cons., '49	5	May & Nov.	70	75
Ga. R. & E. 1st con., '32	5	June & Dec.	70	..
Houston Elec. 1st, '35	5	Jan. & July	79	83
Hudson Co. Gas, '49	5	May & Nov.	85	90
Idaho Power, '47	5	May & Nov.	70	..
Indianap. Gas 1st, '52	5	Jan. & July	77	81
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49	5	Apr. & Oct.	72	76
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23	4	May & Nov.	..	45
Knoxville Trac., '38	5	Jan. & July	88	89½
Laurentide Pr. 1st, '48	5	Apr. & Oct.	80	82
Memphis St. Ry., '45	5	Jan. & July	73	75
Middle West Util., '26	5	Jan. & July	58	62
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	6	Jan. & July	..	95
Nev.-Cal. Power, '27	6	Jan. & July	74½	75½
Nev.-Cal. Elec., '46	6	Apr. & Oct.	84	88
Newark Gas., '48	5	Apr. & Oct.	82	..
Newark Pass. Ry., '30	5	June & Dec.	70	..
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '49	5	Jan. & July	70	75
N. Or. R. & L. gen., '35	4	May & Nov.	..	45
Niag., Lock. & O., '52	5	Jan. & July	48	51
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32	5	May & Nov.	82	85
Do ref., '32	5	Jan. & July	88	90
Norf. & Ports. Tr., '36	5	Apr. & Oct.	90	92
Norf. Ry. & Lt., '49	5	May & Nov.	..	85
N. Ont. L. & P. 1st, '31	6	Jan. & July	..	68
No. St. Pr. 1st & ref., '41	5	Apr. & Oct.	75	77
N. Y. Tel. coll. tr., '51	5	Jan. & July	70	75
Nova S. Tram. 1st, '46	6	Jan. & July	85	90
Ontario Power 1st, '43	5	Feb. & Aug.	78	80
Paterson Ry. gen., '49	5	Apr. & Oct.	70	..
Pensacola Elec., '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	50	60
Pot. El. Power 1st, '29	5	June & Dec.	86	88½
Do cons., '36	5	Jan. & July	82½	..
Pub. Serv. (N. J.), '22	7	Mar. & Sep.	87½	..
Riverside Trac., '60	5	Mar. & Sep.	40	60
Rockf'd E.1st & ref., '39	5	Mar. & Sep.	75*	81
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '52	5	Mar. & Sep.	75	80½
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb. & Aug.	78	86
Do '30	5	Feb. & Aug.	82	86
So. Jer. Gas & E. 1st, '53	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	70
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '31	4	May & Dec.	70	75
Syracuse Gas, '54	5	Jan. & July	68½	..
Syracuse Gas, '51	5	June & Dec.	68	75
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	80	90
Tex. Pr. & L. 1st, '37	5	June & Dec.	74	76
Twin States Gas & El. 1st & ref., '53	5	Apr. & Oct.	57	63
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June & Dec.	*57	62
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar. & Sep.	60½	61½
Do income, '49	4	June & Dec.	42½	43½
Wash. B. & A., '41	5	Mar. & Sep.	77	86
Washington Gas, '60	5	May & Nov.	74	76
Wash. R. & E. con., '51	4	Jan. & July	50	..
Wick. Sp. & Steel, '35	7	Jan. & July	..	98

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Dec. 18, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Gas & El. ($50)	2½	Q	Oct 1, 20	98	102
Do pf. ($50)	1½	Q	Nov 1, 20	34	36
Am. Light & Trac.	f1	Q	Nov 1, 20	91	94
Do pf.	f1½	Q	Nov 1, 20	74	76
Am. Power & Light	1	Q	Dec 1, 20	45	50
Do pf.	g1½	Q	Oct 1, 20	58	62
Am. W. Wks. & Elec. Do 1st pf.	1½	Q	Nov 15,20	36	39
Do participating pf.	*			4	6½
Bat. Rouge Elec. com. pf.	3	S	Dec 1, 20	66	..
Buffalo Gen. Electric	2	Q	Sep 30,20	95½	97
Capital Traction	1¼	Q	Oct 1, 20	83	84½
Cities Service	*¼	M	Dec 1, 20	256	261
Do pf.	½	M	Dec 1, 20	64	64½

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Dec. 18, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Dn Bankers Shares	43½c	M	Dec 1, 20	31¾	31½
Do pf.	2	M	Dec 1, 20	2¼	3½
Colorado Power	2	Q	Oct 15,20	9¼	11½
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Dec 15,20	75	80
Columbus Elec. pf.	3	S	Jul 2, 20	53	58
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt.	1	..	Nov 1, 18	9	12
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 20	31	34
Conn. Power pf.	1¾	Q	Dec 15, 20	73	77
Con. Trac. of N. J.	2	S	Jul 15, 20	36	..
East. Texa Elec. pf.	2	Q	Oct 1, 20	67	..
Elec. Bond & Share pf	1½	Q	Nov 1, 20	78	82
El Paso Electric	2½	Q	Dec 15,20	84	87
Essex & Hudson Gas	4	S	J. & D.	95	105
Federal Light & Trac.	..	..	..	5	7
Do pf.	1½	..	Sep 1, 15	42	48
Gal. & Hous. El. pf.	3	S	Sep 15,20	60	65
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	2½	S	Jul 2, 20	55	..
Miss. River Power pf.	..	..	..	58	62
Newark Con. Gas	2½	S	J. & J.	65	75
Niagara Falls Pwr. pf.	1½	Q	Oct 15,20	95	97½
No. Ont. Light & Pwr.	3	S	Jul 15, 20	45	52
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jan 20,18	..	42
Nor. States Power	1½	Q	Oct 20,20	73	78
Do pf.	3	S	Sep 1, 20	66	70
Nor. Texas Elec. pf.	1½	Q	Nov 15,20	78	80
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	2	Q	Nov 1, 20	270	280
Republic Ry. & Light	1	..	Jul 15, 19	5	8
Do pf.	1½	..	Apr 15,20	20	25
Southern Cal. Edison	1½	Q	Nov 15,20	86	88
Do 1st pf.	1½	Q	Oct 15,20	95	101
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	4	S	J. & D.	80	90
Standard G. & E. ($50)	2	Q	Dec 15,20	32	34
Do pf. ($50)	2½	Q	Nov 15,20	108	111
Tampa Electric	2½	Q	Nov 15,20	108	111
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.	..	..	..	2	4
Do pf.	..	..	..	16	22
United Light & Rys.	..	..	..	20	22
Do 1st pf.	1	..	Oct 1, 19	50	53
Un. Rys. & El. (Balt.)	..	..	..	9	10
Washington Gas	90c	Q	Nov 1, 20	40	40½
Wash. Ry. & Electric	1¾	..	Sep 1, 19	21	..
Do pf.	2½	..	Dec 1, 20	51	53
Western Power	..	..	..	15	20
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 15,20	59	61

*1¼% payable in com. stk. †Incl. 1¼% payable in com. stk.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Dec. 18, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
America	$5,500,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 20	190	200
Am. Exc. N.	5,000,000	7	S	Nov 1, 20	240	250
Atlantic ($100)	1,000,000	*2½	Q	Oct 1, 20	215	225
Bk. of Cuba	100,000	6	S	Jul 1, 20	140	160
Batt'y Pk. N.	1,500,000	12	S	Jul 2, 20	150	160
Bowery	250,000	b3	Q	Nov 1, 20	425	450
B'way Cent'l	100,000	..	..	..	145	155
Bronx Nat.	200,000	5	S	Jul 2, 20	150	160
Bronx Boro.	150,000	..	..	..	95	105
Bryant Park	200,000	8	S	Jul 1, 20	150	160
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	4	S	Jul 2, 20	32	36
Chase Nat'l.	15,000,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 20	325	335
Ch.-Ph. Nat.	7,000,000	4	Q	Oct 1, 20	245	255
Chelsea Ex.	1,000,000	3	..	Apr 1, 17	140	150
Chemic. Nat.	4,500,000	4	B	Nov 1, 20	530	540
City Nat'l.	40,000,000	14	Q	Oct 1, 20	300	310
Coal & I. N.	1,500,000	6	Q	Oct 1, 20	240	250
Colonial	800,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 20	350	..
Columbia	2,000,000	4	S	Jul 1, 20	150	160
Comm. Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jul 1, 20	800	..
Commonw'th.	400,000	5	S	Nov 1, 20	215	225
Com. Nat.	25,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 20	211	216
Continental	1,000,000	3½	Q	Aug 2, 20	120	..
Corn Exch.	6,000,000	5	Q	Nov 1, 20	330	340
Cosmopolitan	200,000	..	..	..	100	115
E. R. Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jul 1, 20	170	..
Fifth	500,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 20	900	920
Fifth Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 20	160	..
First Nat.	10,000,000	15	Q	Oct 1, 20	900	920
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30,20	220	230
Gotham Nat.	1,500,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 20	190	200
Greenwich	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 20	225	..
Hanover Nat	3,000,000	20	Q	Oct 1, 20	790	810
Harriman N.	1,000,000	5	S	Jul 2, 20	350	360
Imp. & T. Nat	1,500,000	12	S	Jul 1, 20	495	510
Irving Nat.	12,500,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 20	205	212
Liberty Nat.	5,000,000	4½	Q	Oct 1, 20	330	340
Manh'n (Nat.)	5,000,000	6	Q	Oct 1, 20	195	200
Mech. & Met.	10,000,000	5	S	Oct 1, 20	300	310
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 20	340	360
Mutual	200,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 20	490	..
Nat. Amer.	1,000,000	..	..	..	150	..
N. Netherl'd.	600,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 20	160	170
N.Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 20	460	..
N.Y. Co. Nat.	1,000,000	10	Q	Jan 1, 21	425	435
Pacific ($50)	1,000,000	a2	Q	Nov 1, 20	270	..
Park Nat.	7,500,000	6	Q	Oct 1, 20	425	435
People's ($25)	200,000	3	S	Jul 10, 20	150	160
Public	2,000,000	4	Q	Sep 30,20	245	255
Seab'd Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 20	590	610
Second Nat.	1,000,000	12	Q	Oct 1, 20	425	475
State	2,500,000	8	S	J. & J.	200	210
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	F. & A.	200	..
United States	1,500,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 20	160	170
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jun 30,20	170	180
Wash. Hgts.	1,000,000	5	S	Oct 1, 20	200	..
Yorkville	200,000	5	Q	Sep 30,20	400	..

*And ½% extra. ‡And 3% extra. §And 5% or First Security Co †And 1% extra. a—And 2% extra. b—And 7% extra

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Dec. 18, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Trust.	$1,000,000	..	Q	Oct 1, 20	325	332
Bankers Tr.	20,000,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 20	475	485
Brooklyn	1,200,000	7	Q	Oct 1, 20	440	450
Cent. Union	12,500,000	5½	Q	Oct 1, 20	320	330
Columbia	5,000,000	4	Q	Sep 30,20	285	295
Commercial	750,000	..	..	..	145	155
Empire	2,000,000	8	Q	Sep 29,20	300	..
Equitable Tr	12,000,000	4	Q	Sep 30,20	282	288
Far. L. & T.	5,000,000	6	Q	Sep 30,20	325	335
Fidelity-Int.	1,500,000	2½	S	Sep 30,20	200	..
Fulton	500,000	5	S	Jul 1, 20	270	..
Guaranty	25,000,000	5	Q	Sep 30,20	290	300
Hamilton	500,000	*3	Q	Nov 1, 20	255	265
Hudson Tr.	500,000	2½	Q	Sep 30,20	160	..

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Dec. 18, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Kings Co.	500,000	8	Q	Nov 1, 20	630	660
Law.T.& T.C.	1,000,000	1½	Q	Oct 1, 20	115	125
Lincoln	1,000,000	1½	Q	Nov 1, 20	150	165
Manufact'rs.	2,000,000	5	Q	Oct 1, 20	195	205
Mercantile	1,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 20	290	300
Metropolitan	2,000,000	4	Q	Sep 30,20	240	250
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Sep 30,20	590	600
N.Y.L.I. & T.	7,000,000	10	S	Jun 10,20	490	530
People's Tr.	1,500,000	2	S	Jul 15, 20	270	280
Title G. & T.	6,000,000	5	Q	Sep 30,20	285	295
United States	25,000,000	25	S	Jul 1, 20	810	830
U. S. M. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Oct 1, 20	395	405

*And 2½ extra. ‡And 1% extra. §See N. Y. Title & Mortgage Co

INSURANCE, REALTY AND SURETY COMPANIES.

Am. Alliance	$1,000,000	7	S	J. & J.	270	280
Am. Surety ($50)	1,000,000	5½	Q	Sep 30,20	66	69
Bd. & Mtg. G.	5,000,000	4	Q	Nov 15,20	196	206
City of N. Y.	600,000	3	S	J. & J.	195	202
Commonw'lth	500,000	5	S	J. & J.	100	325
Contin'l ($25)	10,000,000	10	S	Jul 7, 20	63	68
Fidel. Phenix	2,500,000	15	S	Jul 7, 20	510	520
Globe & Rut.	700,000	15	Q	Oct 30,20	1000	..
Great Amer.	10,000,000	4	Q	Oct 15,20	250	262
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 20	85	95
Home Fire.	4,000,000	12½	S	J. & J.	515	525
Home Ins.					175	180
Lawyers Mtg.	6,000,000	2½	Q	Oct 1, 20	110	115
Mtg. Bond Co	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Sep 30,20	75	80
Nat. Lib ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	170	180
Nat. Surety	5,000,000	3	Q	Oct 1, 20	187	191
N.Y. T. & T.	3,000,000	2	Q	Oct 1, 20	f110	118
Niag. Fire ($50)	2,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	130	136
N. River ($25)	600,000	5	S	F. & O.	35	..
Pacific ($25)	400,000	*5	S	Jul 21, 20	45	60
Realty Asso.	4,000,000	3	S	Jul 15,20	100	106
Stuyvesant.	700,000	3	S	J. & J.	50	75
U.S. Fire ($20)	1,400,000	$2	S	F. & A.	45	..
Westch'r ($10)	1,000,000	20	Q	Nov 1, 20	33	36

*And 2½% extra paid Oct. 20. ‡Includes Amer. Trust Co. stock.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

American Brass	*1½	Q	Nov 15,20	160	163
American Chicle	$1	Q	Nov 1, 20	27	27½
Do pf.	1½	Q	Nov 1, 20	62	67
American Mfg.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 20	147	152
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 20	82	87
Am. Piano	1½	Q	Oct 1, 20	55	63
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 2, 20	65	70
Am. Typefounders	1¾	Q	Oct 15,20	38	41
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 15,20	77	81
Atlas Powder	3	Q	Dec 10,20	120	127
Do pf.	4	Q	Nov 1, 20	74½	76½
Babcock & Wilcox	2	Q	Oct 2, 20	104	106
Borden Co.	4	S	Aug 14,20	82	85
Do pf.	4	Q	Dec 15,20	80	82
Bruns.-Balke-Coll. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 20	85	86
Bucyrus pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 20	93	97
Carbon Steel	*2	Q	Oct 15,20	30	40
Do 1st pf.	3	S	Sep 30,20	80	90
Do 2d pf.	4	S	Jul 30, 20	..	50
Celluloid	h2	A	Sep 30,20	140	150
Central Aguirre	5	S	Jul 31, 20	52	56
Central Coal & Coke	1½	Q	Oct 15,20	92	96
Chi. Ry. Equipment	2	Q	Oct 1, 20	115	..
Childs	2	Q	Dec 10,20	77	80
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Dec 10,20	87	90
Clinchfield Coal pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 20	90	92
Crocker-Wheeler	2	Q	Oct 15,20	30	35
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 15,20	..	90
Del., Lack. & W. Coal.	3	..	Oct 15,20	168	172
Draper Corp.	3	Q	Oct 1, 20	123½	126½
Eastern Steel	2½	..	Jul 15, 20	40	55
Do 1st pf.	1¾	..	Dec 15,20	66	74
Fajardo Sugar	2½	Q	Nov 1, 20	85	95
Federal Sugar	1½	Q	Nov 1, 20	98	104
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 20	98	104
Fisk Rubber 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 20	68	73
Gen. Baking pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 20	93	97
Gillette Safety Razor	f$2½	Q	Dec 1, 20	128	132
Grasselli Chem. 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 20	97	..
Hercules Powder	b2	Q	Sep 25,20	188	197
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 15,20	91	93
Ingersoll-Rand	2½	Q	Oct 30,20	235	243
Do pf.	3	..	J. & J.	96	99
Int. Silver	..	..	..	25	31
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 20	85	90
Lanston Monotype	1½	Q	Nov 30,20	..	80
Lehigh Valley Coal	$2	Q	Oct 1, 20	60	65
L. A. Crossett 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Dec 1, 20	92	98
Merg. Linotype	2½	Q	Sep 30,20	120	120½
Merrimac Chem. ($50)	2½	Q	Oct 1, 20	78	80
Nash. G. & C. P. 1st pf	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 20	92	98
Nat. Candy	4	S	Sep 8, 20	75½	78
Do pf.	3½	S	Sep 8, 20	102	104½
Do 2d pf.	3½	S	Sep 8, 20	91	93½
Nat. Sugar Refining	3½	Q	Oct 2, 20	115	122
New Jersey Zinc	4	Q	Nov 10,20	135	138
Niles-Bement-Pond	2	..	Dec 20,20	68	72
Do pf.	1½	..	Nov 20,20	..	100
Norton Co. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 20	98½	..
Penn. Coal & Coke	2½	Q	Nov 10,20	35	38
Proc. & Gamble 6% pf.	1½	Q	Dec 15,20	95½	96½
Do new	2	Q	Oct 15,20	96½	97½
Royal Baking Powder.	2	Q	Sep 30,20	105	110
Do pf.	1½	Q	Sep 30,20	78	80
Safety Car H. & Ltg.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 20	60	65
Santa Cecilia Sugar pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 1, 20	..	85
Savannah Sugar pf.	1¾	Q	Nov 2, 20	..	92
Shredded Wheat	2	Q	Oct 1, 20	113	117
Do pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 20	85	90
Simonds Mfg.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 20	99	..
Singer Mfg.	2½	Q	Sep 30,20	148	153
Steel & Tube pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 20	78	80
Stollwerck Choc. pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 20	94	98
Do 2d pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 20	95	100
Un. Twist Drill 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 20	94	98
Valvoline Oil	2	Q	Oct 1, 20	97	100
Vacht & Bond pf.	1½	Q	Oct 1, 20	97	98
Warren (S. D.) pf.	1¾	Q	Oct 1, 20	90	..
Wire Wheel pf.	1	M	Oct 10,20	42	52

*And 1½% extra. †And $1 extra. a—And 7½% extra. b—And 2% extra.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

	December— High	Low	March— High	Low	May— High	Low
WHEAT.						
Dec. 13	1.74¾	1.69	1.83¾	1.81¾	..	..
Dec. 14	1.77½	1.69	1.87½	1.81¾	..	..
Dec. 15	1.67	1.63	1.63	1.57	1.60	1.51
Dec. 16	1.68¾	1.62¾	1.64¾	1.58	1.56½	1.50½
Dec. 17	1.70	1.63¾	1.64¾	1.60¼	1.56	1.52¾
Dec. 18	1.72	1.68¾	1.66½	1.62¼	1.61½	1.58
Week's range	1.75¾-1.62		1.67¾-1.58		1.61¾-1.50½	
	Dec.		May		July	
CORN	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
Dec. 13	.70¾	68¼	72¾	71	75¾	72
Dec. 14	.72¾	70¾	74¾	73	75¾	73
Dec. 15	.72¾	70¾	74¾	72¾

ARTIFICIAL SILK Wanted—Quantities. H. C. Hartner, 559 6th Av., New York. Murray Hill 2880.

ARTIFICIAL SILK Wanted — Mainly 150 Lbs., Ampacet, 100 6th Av. Watkins 1217.

BARONETS Wanted—Will buy 200 pcs. barronet satin at a price. Thomas Posner & Bro., 114 West 27th.

BATISTES and LINGERIES Wanted—Low and goods. Call with samples, 6th floor, 4th roadway.

BEAVER Wanted—Chaney or J. 98. Phone Lenox 6172.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stevens, Delanda, similar, browns only, for cash. Ettinger, 38 West 20th St. Chelsea 2918.

CANTON CREPE Wanted—All grades; immediate delivery. Samuel Dorf, 13 East 16th.

CANTON CREPE Wanted—For cash. Rosenberg Bros. & Brown, 116 Madison Av.

COATS Wanted—Spring orders now being placed by large jobber on new smart styles. Call at once with samples before 10:30 and after 4:30, 2 West 32d St., 9th floor. Dan Rubin.

COATS and SUITS Wanted—A prominent jobber placing orders on better numbers, 2 P. M. to 5 P. M., Monday only, 34 West 37th (7th floor).

COATS, SUITS AND WRAPS Wanted—Jobber is looking at samples of medium and high-priced coats, suits and wraps. 29 West 30th, 9th floor.

COATS Wanted—Big jobber looking at ladies' snappy Spring coats of the better grade; large bookings assured. Trans-Atlantic Cloak Co., 603 Broadway.

COATS Wanted—Open to buy 200 Neutria, Australian, beaver trimmed coats and wraps, better kind; cash. Phone for appointment. Longacre 4664.

COATS Wanted—Juniors' and children's Spring coats; placing orders. 129 West 38th St. (4th floor).

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring coats, misses', juniors'. Call 12 west 27th, 1st floor.

COATS, CHILDREN'S, Wanted—Placing orders; sizes 2-6 and 8-14. 48 West 27th (5th floor).

COATS, Caps, Silks, Dresses, Skirts and Furs Wanted—Apply E. M. Warner, 1,133 Broadway.

COATS Wanted—Looking at Spring coats all week, from 10 to 12 A. M. Isaac Rosenberg, 1,204 Broadway.

COATS and SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring suits and coats of the better kind. 236 5th Av., 7th floor.

COATS Wanted—Children's; jobber placing orders on children's Spring coats. Spiegel, 1,133 Broadway.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on ladies', juniors' and children's all week. 924 floor, 9 East 17th.

COATS and SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples of the better kind. 134 West 28th St., 4th floor.

COATS Wanted—Buying Spring coats after 3 o'clock. Weinstein, 110 West 27th St.

COATS AND WRAPS wanted for Spring. I. M., West 37th, 4th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring line. 15 West 24th, 9th floor.

COATS Wanted—Cotton plush, other Fall coats, jobs; cash. 7th floor, 45 West 25th.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders infants', children's. 36 West 21st, 11th floor.

COATS and SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring models. 5th floor, 45 West 27th.

COATS Wanted—Open to buy Spring coats of better kind. 8 East 27th, 11th floor.

COATS and SUITS Wanted—For Spring. 9th floor, 104 West 27th.

COLLARS Wanted—Fur, Australian nutrias and raccoons; cash. Kaplow & Berman, 50 West 24th.

COLLARS, FUR, Wanted—Shawl Australian and black opossum and raccoon; will pay cash. Jacob Dorf, 10 East 33d.

CORDUROYS Wanted—All colors, light and dark, in wide and narrow ribs; call with quotations between 10 and 12 A. M.; must be cheap. E. Marrus & Sons, 406 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Ready to buy from manufacturers, first quality goods, 500,000 yards, for cash; converted goods, repps, Hollands, linens, &c.; only extremely low prices will be considered; submit samples. Winshire Textile Co., 18 White St.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Cash paid for fleak and white 64, nainsook, 30 and 36 inch; also batiste and Windsor crepe. Mr. Dauby, Spring 9571.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Open to buy for cash all kinds of cotton goods, particularly white and unbleached; state quantities. 6 the Times Downtown.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Shirting, percales, chambrays, muslin; cash; reasonable price. Telephone Franklin 2858.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Fast color khaki drill; cash. Lewis & Buchalter, 67 5th Av.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—3-thread, flesh 66; pick quantity for cash; also wash satins; bring sample pieces. Mitchell Bros., 584 Broadway.

CREPE, Canton, Wanted—Open for quantity, all shades. Wonder Dress and Costume, 103 West 25th.

CREPE Wanted—Open to buy a quantity of Canton crepe. Call, with samples, Joel Isaacs & Sons, Inc., 36 East 31st.

CREPE DE CHINE and Satins Wanted—Good quality crepe de chine, 68 Pick, also 90 Pick. Newmark, 352 4th Av.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—High quality, five threads, all colors. Mendelson & Vorel, 41 West 24th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Three thread flesh at 80c. a yard. Butterfly Undergarment Co., 16 West 32d.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Powdered and natural, in 3-thread cloth; large quantities by cash. Goldberg, Dubb & Co., 118 W. 27th.

CREPE CANTON AND TAFFETA Wanted—Open for 500 pieces, all colors. Claremont Dress Co., 34 West 33d St.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Flesh, at a price, in quantity. Gottlieb Bros., 40 East 21st St. Gramercy 1346.

CREPE, Canton, Wanted—Open to buy large quantity, all colors. Adleson & Weinberg, 5 West 31st.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—5-thread; open for quantity for cash. Hollow & Perlow, 151 West 28th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—In all colors. Room 1007, 303 5th Av.

DONEY Wanted—Catlin's Tyrol; call with sample; spot delivery. Goodman Collar, 80 Broadway, Brooklyn.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders on Canton crepe, crepe de chine and georgette dresses; mainly better kind. 135 West 27th St., 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Canton crepes, georgettes, wear and tricotines for Spring. Call 2 to 5 P. M., first floor, 10 West 30th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber will pay cash for any quantity of tricotine, serge and silk dresses. 128 West 27th (3d floor). Chelsea 1367.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on taffetas, canton crepes, georgettes of the better kind; looking all week. Trio Garment, 132 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Exclusive dress jobber with place quantity orders on silk and cloth dresses, popular-priced and better grades. 29 West 38th, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at high-class Spring models in taffeta, satin, georgette and canton crepe. 90 Madison Av., 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Out-of-town jobber looking at Spring samples. Room 302, 1,270 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber buying cloth, silk dresses all week. 12 West 27th St., 4th floor front.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing stock orders on better dresses, snappy style, novelty materials. Warren Dress Co., 258 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber buying high grade silk and cloth dresses only. 25 West 36th, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted — Contractors, call all week with crepe de chine dresses. 31 West 31st, 8th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring line dresses, coats and suits; also jobs. 10 West 28th, top floor.

DRESSES Wanted — Taffetas, mignonettes; placing orders for Spring; call all week. Parisi & Greenfarb, 312 7th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Better grades; also stouts; call with samples. 123 West 29th, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy jobs in tricotine and all silk materials, any quantity. 130 West 27th St., 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing big orders on all Spring materials. Marion Mfg. Co., 16 West 20th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber buying new canton crepe and georgette dresses. 44 East 34, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring silk dresses of the better kind. 1st floor, 47 East 29th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber open for better grade Spring dresses. Room 23, 1,196 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring high silk trade. 143 West 36th, 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—All materials; also jobs. 49 4th Av., 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Silks, woolens; $5 to $8 cash. Bowers, 16 East 33d St., 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders for Spring. Bahn, 9 West 20th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders in spring styles. Furman, 29 Union Square.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at Spring samples, 7th floor, 48 West 25th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs in Australian and black opossum, also raccoons. Abraham Katz Co., 243 West 21st St.

ENGRAVER Wanted—Chaney or J. 98. Phone Lenox 6172.

ENGRAVER Wanted—Stevens, Delanda, similar, browns only, for cash. Ettinger, 38 West 20th St. Chelsea 2918.

FANCY CREPE Wanted—All grades; immediate delivery. Samuel Dorf, 13 East 16th.

FANCY CREPE Wanted—For cash. Rosenberg Bros. & Brown, 116 Madison Av.

FLANNEL Wanted—Spring orders now being placed by large jobber on new smart styles. Call at once with samples before 10:30 and after 4:30, 2 West 32d St., 9th floor. Dan Rubin.

FLANNEL SUITS Wanted—A prominent jobber placing orders on better numbers, 2 P. M. to 5 P. M., Monday only, 34 West 37th (7th floor).

FLANNEL SUITS AND WRAPS Wanted—Jobber is looking at samples of medium and high-priced coats, suits and wraps. 29 West 30th, 9th floor.

FLANNEL Wanted—Big jobber looking at ladies' snappy Spring coats of the better grade; large bookings assured. Trans-Atlantic Cloak Co., 603 Broadway.

FOXES Wanted—Open to buy 200 Neutria, Australian, beaver trimmed coats and wraps, better kind; cash. Phone for appointment. Longacre 4664.

FURS Wanted—Juniors' and children's Spring coats; placing orders. 129 West 38th St. (4th floor).

FURS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring coats, misses', juniors'. Call 12 west 27th, 1st floor.

FURS, CHILDREN'S, Wanted—Placing orders; sizes 2-6 and 8-14. 48 West 27th (5th floor).

FURS, Caps, Silks, Dresses, Skirts and Furs Wanted—Apply E. M. Warner, 1,133 Broadway.

FURS Wanted—Looking at Spring coats all week, from 10 to 12 A. M. Isaac Rosenberg, 1,204 Broadway.

FURS and SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring suits and coats of the better kind. 236 5th Av., 7th floor.

FURS Wanted—Children's; jobber placing orders on children's Spring coats. Spiegel, 1,133 Broadway.

FURS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on ladies', juniors' and children's all week. 924 floor, 9 East 17th.

FURS and SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples of the better kind. 134 West 28th St., 4th floor.

FURS Wanted—Buying Spring coats after 3 o'clock. Weinstein, 110 West 27th St.

FURS AND WRAPS wanted for Spring. I. M., West 37th, 4th floor.

FURS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring line. 15 West 24th, 9th floor.

FURS Wanted—Cotton plush, other Fall coats, jobs; cash. 7th floor, 45 West 25th.

FURS Wanted—Jobber placing orders infants', children's. 36 West 21st, 11th floor.

FURS and SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring models. 5th floor, 45 West 27th.

FURS Wanted—Open to buy Spring coats of better kind. 8 East 27th, 11th floor.

FURS and SUITS Wanted—For Spring. 9th floor, 104 West 27th.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Open to buy 50 pieces crepe de chine, 3 thread, 56 pieces 4 thread, 40 pieces Satin Duchesse. Satin Brun, 19 Wooster St. Spring 9464.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Open to buy few hundred pieces, assorted colors. Pole Waist Co., 44 West 23d.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Gray, open, plain and stripe, good quality, for cash. 111 West 27th, 9th floor.

GEORGETTES and Crepe de Chine Wanted—Open for a quantity for cash; must be very cheap. Feinberg Bros., 139 6th Av.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Can use quantity, all colors; cash. Julius Grossman, 36 West 32d.

GEORGETTE and CREPE Wanted—For cash; give particulars. D 46 Times.

JERSEY Wanted—Plain and heather; large quantities at a price; call with samples. H. B. Rubin, 2 West 32d.

JERSEY wanted — Wool or worsted; quantity at a price. Morris Hart, 1,333 Bway.

LININGS Wanted—Radium, plain colors. Phone Wall Cloak Co., 34 West 32d.

PETTICOATS AND WAISTS Wanted—Open to buy large quantities of silk and georgette waists and silk petticoats; cash if necessary; must be cheap and full size. Room 417, 231 4th Av., New York. Looking Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday.

PIECE GOODS Wanted—Unlimited quantity of Lonsdale or Pepperell, jean; must be under market, manufacturer's lengths. Address 1,270 Broadway, Room 512.

PICQUITINE Wanted — Black-grey Vermandi or equivalent quality. Trains, 63 West 36th.

PLAID, Wool Materials, Wanted—To buy for cash; must be cheap. 19 Madison Av. (5th floor).

POLO Wanted—All kinds Spring polos, at a price. Royal Coat Co., 44 West 29th St.

PONGEE Wanted—Open to buy for cash 500 pieces 12 momme. Call Madison Square 4021.

PONGEE Wanted—We are open to buy 500 pieces for cash. Carlos Waist, 31 West 27th.

PONGEE Wanted—First choice gifs, 14 momme; pay cash. Bastier, Spring 2268.

POPLIN SILK AND WOOL Wanted—Full range of colors, for spot delivery. Phone Spring 2485.

POPLINE Wanted—Open to buy for cash, Susquehanna 171 silk poplin, in black and navy. Milton Skirt, 450 4th Av.

REMNANTS Wanted—All kinds silks, velvets, woolens. Laurette, 3 West 30th.

SERGES Wanted—C8, CF8, FF8, WF, WFX, C8G and 1210, navy and all colors; also 315 Botany broadcloth, black and navy. Herman Cohen & Sons, Inc., 38 West 21st. Watkins 8133, Dept. A.

SERGES Wanted—11 to 14 ounce smooth worsted, French backs and flannels; any quantity; spot cash; must be cheap. Alden Woolen Co., 606 Broadway.

SERGES, Tricotines Wanted—6, 11432, 1464, 233, 7301, 7120, 0388, 5782, 8304. Watkins 2185.

SERGES, Tricotines Wanted—0836, Amesbury, 8718, 0388, black, marvella. Horowitz, Stuyvesant 2153.

SERGES Wanted—Open for quantity, French, storm, cotton warp. Max Goldberg, 211 Greene St. Spring 9779.

SERGE Wanted—Whitman's 104, quantity, navy and black. Itskowits Bros., Inc., 24-17th Av.

SERGES, Tricotines Wanted—0836, 235, 1464, 7301, 4002, 3304, 0388, 5615, 9992. Madison Square 3745.

SERGES Wanted—SBGL, MFL, Navy, quantity. Henry Sobel, 161 West 26th.

SERGES Wanted—235, 0936, 99, 1464, 4682, 7614, 7120, 2306. Madison Square 3063.

SERGES Wanted—Quantity, U. S. 235, 0936, 1464, No. 9 or similar. Watkins 0534.

SERGES AND TRICOTINES Wanted—Must be cheap. Sunshine, 48 West 28th.

SERGES Wanted—U. S. 235. Fitzroy 1934.

SHIRTS Wanted—Silks, percales, madras and worsted; any quantity wanted by out-of-town jobber. Shapiro, 64 West 26th.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Satin striped and inlaid crepe de chine, quantity, at a price. Shantilly Shirt Co., 135 5th Av.

SILKS Wanted—Will buy for spot cash, ¾ and 5-thread crepe de chines; also crepe meteors, radiums, satins, messalines, georgettes, taffetas, sport silks; printed georgettes; also all kinds of shirtings and all kinds of remnants in silk from 1½ yards up. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 2073.

SILKS Wanted—Satins, shirtings, crepe de chines, sport silks, wash satins, taffetas, crepe meteors, pongees, novelties, printed and plain georgettes; pay highest spot cash prices; have several retail stores; no lots too big; can use odds and ends or remnants in anything. New York Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av.

SILKS, JAP, Wanted—Habutais and satins, all weights, small lots; cheap for cash; also flesh Jap satin. Banner Fabrics, 27 West 24th.

SILKS Wanted—Japs and tub silks; open for quantity, at a price. S. Bloom & Co., 142 West 26th.

SILKS Wanted—Suitable for lining suits; must be cheap. Sol Levine & Co., 12 West 27th.

SILK Wanted—Jap; quantity 8 momme natural; must be cheap; cash if desired. Murray Hill 1723.

SILK Wanted—Radium, good quality, in flesh; open for quantity at a price. Samek Bros., 13 East 22d.

SILKS Wanted—Changeable, plain, taffeta and peau de cygne, any color or quantity, at price. 3d floor, 244 5th Av.

SILKS Wanted—For linings, Japs, foulards, radiums; cash. Ettinger, 32 West 20th St. Chelsea 2918.

SILK LININGS Wanted—All kinds; call all day. W. Philips & Co., 145 West 28th, 12th floor.

SILKS Wanted—For lining, fancy Jap, plain and changeable peau de chine. Gordon V. Lyons, 127 West 26th.

SILK Wanted—Can use quantity of fancy radium and foulard at a price. A. Greenberg & Co., 29 West 30th.

SILKS Wanted—Printed silk and satin, also open for jobs. Abraham Katz Co., 22 West 21st St.

SILK Wanted—Jap, 5½ momme Kaga, natural, quantity, at a price. Gramercy 3386.

SILKS Wanted—Printed, Japs or tubs. Watkins 9889.

SKIRTS Wanted—All-wool plaid, to buy for cash at a price. 19 Madison Av. (5th floor).

SKIRTS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring line. Bloch, 119 East 27th St.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted—Better grade Spring, from reliable contractors and manufacturers, to place samples with a representative for the jobbing trade; big business, for the right party. Plager, 1,161 Broadway, room 1006.

SUITS and COATS Wanted—Placing orders on high grade Spring suits and coats. 32 East 31st (9th floor).

SUITS Wanted—Jobber will look at Spring samples all week. 48 West 27th St., 5th floor.

SUITS, COATS Wanted—Looking at Spring samples. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at better grade Spring suits. 8th floor, 35 West 31st.

SUITS Wanted—Looking at Spring samples. 7th floor, 48 West 25th St.

SUITS, COATS Wanted — Jobber placing Spring orders. Room 1006, 10 East 26th.

SWEATERS Wanted—Imported camelhair sweaters. Sands & Appel, 243 West 23d.

TAFFETA Wanted—Will buy for cash, brown and navy; good quality taffeta; call to show quality. M. R. Silverman, 1,333 Broadway.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Open to buy large quantity navy, black and brown. Adelson & Weinberg, 5 West 31st.

TAFFETA Wanted—Browns and grays, good quality, for cash. 111 West 27th, 6th floor.

TAFFETA Wanted—Quantity of U. & D.; also Davis & Staley's taffeta, for cash; better grade. Chelsea 8062.

TAFFETAS Wanted—We are open for any quantity, in all qualities. Louis Weinstock, 14 East 32d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Brown taffeta, unlimited quantity, for cash. Zimetbaum, 38 West 32d. Longacre 4550.

TAFFETA Wanted—Open to buy large quantity of black, navy and brown. Adelson & Weinberg, 5 West 31st.

TAFFETA, Crepe de Chine, Minuet Canton Crepe and Tricotine Wanted—Smart Costume Co., 1,196 Broadway.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy, Belgium and brown; must be cheap. Sunshine, 48 West 30th.

TAFFETA Wanted—All grades, dark colors; quantity. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Spot cash. Felman & Tiffany, 25 West 31st.

TAFFETA Wanted—Open for quantity; call mornings. Harry Wadler, 11 East 36th.

TAFFETA Wanted—All colors, for cash, cheap. Hoffman Bros., 65 4th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Brown and Copen. 37 West 28th St., 5th floor.

TAFFETA Wanted—Open for quantity at right price. S. Simon Co., 135 West 27th.

TAFFETA Wanted—All colors; can use quantities. 16 East 33d St., 10th floor.

TAFFETAS Wanted—In all shades. H. Weisman & Son, 34 West 33d St.

TAFFETA Wanted—Brown, navy, from $1.15 to $1.25. Kallet Feigelman, 22 East 21st.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Canton and kittens' ear crepe. Fred Kronish, 25 West 31st.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Brown, navy; will pay cash. Winthrop & Schwartz, 128 5th Av.

TAFFETAS and submit samples, giving full particulars of count and yarn. V 749 Times Downtown.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Navy, Andrews's 8782 or Deland's 817-B; open to buy 50 pieces for cash. J. Klotz & Lopatin, 96 West 22d St. Gramercy 1818.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Quantity, high grade, F. & M., Reed's or similar; cash. Schulman & Hauptman, 36 East 29th.

TRICOTINE, SERGES Wanted—3782, 0388, 4003, 2306, 122, 132, 233, 0888. Madison Square 2262.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Gera 10042, 11018, seconds or perfect, for cash. Rosen Bros., 110 West 27th. WATKINS 2134.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Open for quantity in navy; must be cheap. Princess Dress, 25 West 21st St.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Navy, about 38 a yard; also dress weight twill, at a price. Hirsch & Bro., 133 West 27th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Geras 10042, cheap; spot cash, quantities. Jacob Grabsky & Son, 28 West 21st. Gramercy 3139.

TRICOTINE, PLUSHES Wanted—Good qualities, low price; Nishni, Hudson seal; cash. Stuyvesant 9469.

TRICOTINES AND SERGES Wanted—Open to buy large quantities, spot delivery; cash. Empire Dress Co., 14 East 11th St.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Good quality; must be under $3 yard. Longacre 5671.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Navy, any quantity. Fit Well Cloak Co., 34 West 32d.

TRICOTINES Wanted—0388, 5782, or similar quality. Watkins 7788.

TRICOTINES Wanted—0388, 5782, rookie. Call Watkins 9681.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Quantity; $2 and under. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Quantity, all wool, about $2. Hirsch & Bro., 133 West 27th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Goff's or similar. Ohringer, 9 West 20th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Quantity for the price. Watkins 186.

TRICOTINES Wanted—0388, 217 and 0998, spot cash. Watkins 1835.

TRICOTINES Wanted—5615 and Reed's tricotine, Gabardine's 2029. Fitzroy 1934.

VENETIAN Wanted—Open for 36-inch white, Raytex and Iron Wear. Watkins 5920.

VELOURS Wanted — Brown, heavyweight, good quality; cash; cheap. Watkins 4483.

WAISTS Wanted—Jobber looking at silk and georgette waists for Spring; only clean merchandise wanted. Looking Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Room 417, 231 4th Av., New York.

WAISTS Wanted—Georgettes, crepe de chines, all prices, cash. K. & W., 484 Broadway.

Contracts Wanted.

SILK manufacturer will take work on commission or consignment; would take taffetas, gros de londres, canton crepe, &c. Y 2278 Times Annex.

Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN—Buyer, ten years' experience in jobbing women's wear woolens, desires connection with reliable concern. M 298 Times.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

AMOSKEAG 7812, 50-piece lots only; exceptionally low price. Watkins 2591.

ARMY GOODS — Army regulation garrison shoe, $4.65; navy blue wool pea coats, $7.85; West Point officer shoes, $3.85; army wool mackinaw, 30 ounce, $7.50; army O. D. slippers, $1; hip boots, $2.75; army hobnailed shoes, $3.50. Elias Berlow Corp., 110 Duane St.

ARMY GOODS—Reclaimed O. D. shirts, web army belts, jerkins, blankets, wool jackets, breeches; wool, O. D. wrap or canvas leggings; flannel shirts, army mittens, overcoats, hobnail shoes, transportation caps; for immediate delivery. Nat Bloom & Co., 1 West 3d St.

ARMY and navy underwear, new, $11 per dozen, hip rubber boots, $3 per pair; O. D. wool shirts, lined and double elbow, $30 dozen; leather jerkins, $3.95. Chas. Rose, 385 Bridge St., Brooklyn.

ARMY O. D. Shirts—9½ ounce, double elbow lined fronts, below market price; immediate delivery. Diamond Manufacturing Co., 230 Church St. Canal 4884.

ARMY AND NAVY STORES—1,000 leather aviation helmets, 400 aviation men's black leather coats; reversible lining. Leo F. Sturm, 8 West 30th.

ARMY AND NAVY GOODS—All descriptions, new and reclaimed; lowest prices. Berger-Kranz Co., 27 West Houson St., near B'way.

BATH ROBES—Infants' and children's, Beacons and Yardleys; will sell cheap. Lesser, 131 West 25th St., New York.

BATHROBES, nightshirts for men; cheap. L. Greenberg & Co., 7 West 22d. Gramercy 1660.

BLUE SERGE—Damaged by water; 1,050 yards, 12-oz., sponged, in bolts 50 to 53 yards each. Can be inspected at Salvage Depot, foot of 37th St., South Brooklyn. Will be sold at 11 A. M., Dec. 23, at this office, Board of Survey, Appraisal and Sale, 9th floor, New Bridge Bldg., Nos. 1 and 3d Av., Brooklyn, N. Y. Telephone Sunset 6100, Ext. 54. Ask for Catalogue No. 301.

BOLIVIAS — Deland's, Bahnsohn's, brown, navy and reindeer. Madison Square 3915.

CAMISOLES—Jobs to close out. A. Stein, 30 West 22d. Gramercy 5610.

CANTON CREPE, extra heavy quality, $2.75 cash; also A&D quality georgettes, Spring colors, at sacrifice. 1,204 Broadway, Room 400. Longacre 4507.

CANTON CREPES—All shades, good quality; immediate delivery. Letzter, 433 4th Av.

CHEVIOTS—George E. Duffy Mfg. Co. Heath Mills; styles 1030-91, 1020-92, 1060-97, for immediate delivery, at $1.15 net 10 days; quick action. M. Garfinkel, 127 Bleeker St. Spring 5830.

COATINGS—George E. Duffy Mfg. Co. Heath Mills; styles 1030-91, 1020-92, 1060-97, for immediate delivery, at $1.15 net 10 days; quick action. M. Garfinkel, 127 Bleeker St. Spring 5830.

COATEES—Plush and cloth, close out, sacrifice prices. Korostoff, 12 West 21st.

COATEES—Plush, best for trimmings, for cheap coat prices. 7th floor, 49 West 25th St.

COATEES—Silk plush fur-trimmed, $9.75. Gelfond, 141 West 28th.

COATS—Our Spring line of high-class coats and wraps are now ready for jobbing and manufacturing trade. Jeremiah Lalkind, 27 West 20th.

COATS — Children's, broadcloth, velours, corduroys, in all shades, sizes 1-6, to close out. Bleier Bros. Co., 2,584 3d Av. Phone Melrose 4470.

COATS—Sport, chappy, fur trimmed, suede lined, $14.25 net; downtown suede coats, opossum fur shawl collars, leather suede lined, $25. Leo F. Sturm, 8 West 30th.

COATS—Closing out ladies' plush coats, raccoon and opossum collars; also ladies' and children's cloth coats at sacrifice prices. 106 West 32d St., 1st floor.

COATS—Come at once! Wonderful selection of bolivia and suedine, with raccoon and Australian opossum collars, at remarkably low prices. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS—Wrappy styles, large fur collars; cheap; also plain and fur trimmed suits. Lee Hexter & Co., 38 West 28th.

COATS—2,000 must be sold, very big sacrifice; latest materials and styles. Golfand, 141 West 28th.

COATS and Wraps—300 better grade fur-trimmed and plain at closing out prices. Rubinstein & Bechter, 140 West 22d.

COATS—Desirable cloth and plush coats, fur trimmed, at special prices. Norwalk Bros., 105 Madison Av.

COATS—Children's, juniors', ladies', fur trimmed; close out. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d.

COATS—Sacrificing stock beaver, raccoon, Australian collars; $35.75. Bernstein, 31 West 31st.

COATS—We are selling out our stock of girls' coats at greatly reduced prices. A. Bender & Son, 183 West 10th St.

COATS—Silk, plush coats to close out, at a sacrifice. Given, Berkman and Hamburger, 43 West 27th St.

COATS, Velours, Bolivias—Plain, trimmed, raccoon, Australian opossum, sealins, $10 up. I. Feldman, 15 West 24th.

COATS—Sacrificing bolivias, suedines, plain and fur trimmed. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

COATS—Close out cheap, 500 velour, all lined. Blumenson & Co., 56 West 22d St.

COATS—450 fur-trimmed coats to close out at a sacrifice. Reikes & Hautman, 15 West 20th.

COATS—Closing out entire stock of plush coats, short and long. Newman, 127 West 27th.

COATS—Ladies' and men's natural raccoon, pieced fur. Automobile Fur Coat Co., 14 Cooper Square.

COATS—Jobs, high grade wraps and coats to close. Mohawk, 41 Division St. Orchard 7674.

COATS—600 raccoon, Australian opossum, sealins trimmed; great sacrifice. Morris Waldman, 11 West 28th.

COATS, Wraps—Closing out Fall stock, plain, fur-trimmed; sacrifice. Silverstein, 13 West 27th.

COATS—Our Spring line of cloth coats and suits is ready for your criticism. N. Hurwits & Son, 36 West 21st.

COATS—For January sale at sacrifice prices. Rothblum Goldberg, 38 West 26th.

COATS—Special coat at $16.90 for January sales. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th.

COATS—Children's, juniors', closing out. D. Kanlor & Wasserman, 3 East 17th.

COATS, Suits, Dresses—Closing out entire stock. Myer Cohen, 19 Madison Av.

COATS—Bargains all wool velour, juniors' and ladies', $7.50. Rineberg, 45 West 25th.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 19.—The Directors of the Federal Land Bank of Springfield have declared a 5 per cent. accumulative dividend from the date of organization of the bank in 1917 to Dec. 31, 1920, to the stockholders in the 139 National Farm Loan association in the First Land Bank District. Reports show net earnings of $119,237.30 for the bank for the last year.

First mortgage loans made by the bank on farms in New England, New York and New Jersey at interest rates of 5 to 5½ per cent. aggregate $15,484,295. These loans made on the amortization plan for a period of years are based on one-half or less of the value of the land, and are also secured by other resources equal to twice the capital stock of $675,460 held by the National Farm Loan associations. Payment of interest instalments in all of the eight States has been prompt.

Through the means of these loans made through the Federal Land Bank of Springfield, many farmers have been enabled to own their own farms and increase their farming operations," says a statement by the bank. "More especially the aid rendered has permitted improvement in the farm homes and betterment of the farmers' living conditions."

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

SILKS—Jap, blacks and flesh, small quantity; also radium finish black; to close out cheap, cash. Mr. E., Watkins 5814.

SILKS—Radiums, all shades; immediate delivery. Letzter, 433 4th Av.

SKIRTS—Closing out all jobs. Correct Skirt, 15 West 24th.

SUITS—Sacrificing balance of Fall stock, including fur trimmed. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

SUITS—Closing out Fall stock, plain, fur-trimmed; sacrifice. Silverstein, 13 West 27th St.

SUITS—Fur-trimmed, also serges and tricotines, to close out, for January sales. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th.

SUITS—Closing out at a sacrifice. Pottar & Schattman, 31 West 31st.

SUITS, dresses, skirts; this Fall stock; cheap. 7th floor, 49 West 26th St.

SUITS—Will sacrifice, velour, tricotine, serge. Stoopack, 13 West 21st.

SWEATERS—300 pure fibre silk Fall fashioned ladies' Tuxedo sweaters; will sell much below the cost of manufacturing; sure selling article for holiday trade. Gropper Knitting, 23 Waverley Place.

TAFFETA—5 pieces navy, 1 black, 1 brown, 1 taupe, 2 Copenhagen; good quality; cheap for cash. 6th floor, 3 East 28th. Madison Square 3630.

TAFFETA—Navy and brown, good quality; also chiffon taffeta and crepe de chines. Rosenfield, 31 East 27th St. Madison Square 2983.

TAFFETAS—Navy, brown, copen, taupe, good quality, $1.10 to $1.20 yard. Nassau Silks, 24 East 21st.

TAFFETAS AND GROS DE LONDRES—All colors. Ronald, 32 West 36th St.

TOWELS—Great sacrifice, Cannon Mill towels; way below present mill prices; huck and turkish. Call 324 Broadway, 5th floor. Canal 5068.

TRICOTINE—Closing out cheap 0388, 5782 and good qualities navy, gray tan, rookie, black; also high-class Poiret twill. Madison Square 1530.

TRICOTINE—5782 and other makes, navy, black and brown; very cheap. Madison Square 5454.

TRICOTINES and Serges—Navy and colors, at a price. Gramercy 6726, 1990. BKL., 21 East 21st.

TRICOTINES, serges, broadcloth, 9708, Cleveland's 7301, WFX, 355, 315, 362. Gramercy 4621.

TRICOTINE—Exactly like 0388, sponged and shrunk, $3.50; 2-10x60; Jan. 1 dating. Duval, Stuyvesant 7350.

TRICOTINES—4718, 2003, 5782, 735, 8304, 4003; also serges; cheap. Schaffel, Madison Square 8076.

TRICOTINES—Fine quality, to close out at $2.40. Atlas Textile, 27 West 27th.

TRICOTINES—Six pieces navy; very cheap for cash. 38 West 28th, 3d floor.

TRICOLETTE—Immediate delivery; 70 cents per yard. Horistein, Madison Square 9600.

TWILL CORDS—Forstman's 1031, all shades, also poiret twills; reasonable. Madison Square 8906.

TUSSAH AND SILK MILS at a sacrifice. Golden Silk House, 10 East 33d St., 1st floor.

UNDERWEAR—Boys' and girl's fleece-lined union suits, $7.50 dozen; women's heavyweight fleece-lined, vests and pants, $6.50 dozen. Simon-Kahn, 911 Broadway.

VELOURS, tweeds, oxford suitings, tinseltones, chamelion, suedine, polo plaid, silvertone. Call Gramercy 3247.

VELVETS—Crompton, 28 in wide, all colors, to close out. Gramercy 0155.

WAISTS—Closing out georgettes, crepe de chines, priceless; wonderful values for January sales. Frank, 130 West 28th.

WAISTS—Plaids, stripes, plain, taffeta and satins, $2 up; exceptional holiday sales; buy now. Greater New York, 244 5th Av.

Allied Industries.

ARMY, NAVY and OFFICERS' SHOES—Factory close-outs in job lots at bargain prices. Phone Bryant 2432. Lumine-Kalish Shoe Co., 243 West 42d St., also our selling agents, Lehman Sales Co., 401 Broadway.

BAGS—Entire line ladies' imported and domestic handbags, silk and velvet, offered at remarkably low prices. Lanseatra Co., 3 West 29th. Longacre 4144.

HANDKERCHIEFS—Men's linen handkerchiefs, retail at wholesale prices. 160 5th Av., Mohawk Bldg., Room 903.

TOYS and Dolls—Closing out at less than cost. Czecho-Slovak Commercial Corp., 100 West 21st St.

TRUNKS for Sale—Flat and wardrobe. Morris W. Hart, 1,333 Broadway.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS wanted on cotton dresses; bring samples. 12th floor, 56 West 22d.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

15 cents per word. Two business and one bank reference required from advertisers.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

YOUNG MAN will invest $1,500 in established business; printing or light manufacturing; capable executive. Box 369 Cedarhurst, L. I.

CAPITAL WANTED.

A PROGRESSIVE New England corporation, established 1906, manufacturing staple products, having worldwide markets, desires to increase its capital $150,000; the firm's reputation is beyond reproach, both in trade and bank circles, and will endure most rigid investigation. Y 2275 Times Annex.

WELL ESTABLISHED and successful manufacturing company wants to interest party with $50,000 or more capital by a division of the profits; excellent opportunity for a young man of means and character. Y 2267 Times Annex.

HAVE just arrived from Peru, South America, where have established agency for farm tractors which are giving entire satisfaction; desire more capital to establish similar agencies in Chile and Argentina; prepared to give full information to bona fide

IN FREE LIGHTERAGE

Railroads Restoring Pre-War Delivery Practice in Part Reduces Handling Costs.

CEMENT TO CO LOWER

Plate Glass Discounts Off Two points—Flooring Prices Soften—Plants Close.

Lower costs of handling building materials in this market seemed possible toward the end of the week, when announcement was made by the leading railroads entering this harbor to the effect that free lighterage practice was being restored.

For the present the Pennsylvania, New York Central, Central Railroad of New Jersey, Lehigh Valley and Lackawanna will give free lighterage service under permit, but it is expected that within the near future it will be possible to obtain bulk deliveries in New York Harbor without this limitation.

The restoration of this practice, which was annulled as a war measure, at once brings down the cost of handling materials used in building construction from $1 to $2 a ton, the difference being represented by the additional cost of trucking heavy materials varying distances from car sidings at freight terminals.

Trucking over a distance of twenty miles from the scene of the job has cost the consumer heavily. Under the free lighterage practice railroad shipments will terminate at dealers' docks on car floats. It is expected that all roads will soon restore the practice.

This outgrowth of persistent efforts on the part of building material dealers to get back as soon as possible to pre-war methods of doing business is being hailed with satisfaction as probably one of the most forward-stepping accomplishments of the post-war readjustment period, says the current Dow Service Daily Building Reports. It comes at a time when Winter weather makes trucking costs heavy and a burden upon every item of building materials. It should therefore be reflected in a considerable price saving to consumers, on shipments coming into this market from this time.

Price changes this week are mostly downward and are particularly noticable in a lowering of plate glass prices two points on sizes over 5 square feet and on hardwood flooring. The trade looks for another drop in the price of cement of around 20 cents a barrel before the end of the year, due principally to the fact that the cement companies are nearly all quite hungry for business in the absence of which some of the largest plants have been shutting down some of their units. A strange situation is developing in the brick market. New brick being offered here at the bottom of the price range is being considered as inferior to some second-hand brick, and when owners tear down buildings to make way for new ones they now gave the old brick instead of selling them and use them again in the new structure.

Consequently, there is a growing dearth of second-hand brick and prices for this sort of building material are even higher, in some cases, than are those for new brick. Second-hand brick, for example, of good quality are bringing $23 a thousand, delivered, as against a delivered price for new brick such as are now being offered in the open market, of between $21 and $23 a thousand.

Some of the common brick manufacturers are covering their brick on barges alongside of docks here in the city in preparation for holding their materials all Winter, if necessary, rather than sell them at the wholesale prices now ruling, which are $10 to $18 a thousand. The enforced price represents the cost of handling, haulage and 15 per cent., in addition to covering charges, demurrage, watching, &c.

As for the general construction outlook, it is slackening perceptibly in all sections of the country, save in the Far West. November was almost a third behind October in value of new construction projects and was almost half of what November, 1919, recorded. The number of projects registered was not quite so disappointing, however.

All hope for support for building material activity from railroads next year is being thrown into the discard. The railroads are not get sure that they are going to realize their expected earnings and are pretty sure to defer their general expansion and development until 1922.

The building material manufacturers foresee the reverse side of the current trend of conditions in the building industry. Out of all the whirlpool of evidence gathered and still to be gathered by various State, municipal and Congressional investigations there is growing a natural disposition on the part of building commodity producers to take a safe, waiting course.

Material men are even now preparing to wait for actual market demand to eventuate. They will not anticipate the construction market's requirements for next year, and even though their stocks are lower than they have been in many years, with prospective demand greater than this country has ever

WOULD ABOLISH ROLL CALLS

Committee Urges Push-Button Machine for Legislative Voting.

Consideration by the New York State Legislature of an electrical voting apparatus, similar to that used by the Legislatures of Iowa and Wisconsin, is urged by the report of a special committee of the City Club appointed to suggest changes in the rules of legislative procedure, made public yesterday. The electrical equipment enables the vote of every member to be recorded on every occasion and would bring about the elimination of the so-called "short" roll call, now used in both the New York State Senate and Assembly, in which the first and last names on the membership list with those of the majority and minority leaders are called and all other members are assumed to vote in the affirmative unless they ask to be recorded in the negative.

"Each member's desk is equipped with electric buttons connected with a large board upon which the members' names are listed," the report says. "Each member's vote is instantaneously recorded by a colored light appearing after his name; red meaning yes, blue, no, and white, present. On the reverse side of the board appear the words corresponding to the lights. By a photographic process these are made part of the permanent records."

The committee of which George B. Agnew, former State Senator, is Chairman, recommends a change in procedure to make it easier to get bills out of general orders, which it styles the "Senate graveyard," and out of the Committee on Rules in the Assembly.

TO DISCUSS LABOR LAWS.

American Association to Hold 14th Annual Meeting on Dec. 29-30.

The fourteenth annual meeting of the American Association for Labor Legislation at the Hotel Astor on Dec. 29 and 30 will be concerned chiefly with a discussion of plans for combating unemployment and industrial unrest and for the enactment of health laws for wage-earning families, including maternity protection. There will also be a discussion of emergency legislation by Congress to extend the protection of workmen's compensation laws to injured longshoremen and seamen.

Professor Henry R. Seager, who was secretary of the President's Industrial Conference, will preside at the afternoon session on Dec. 30. Speakers will include Meyer Bloomfield, E. I. Stone, Sidney Hillman, Arthur Woods, H. A. Hatch and Otto Mallery.

A bill to restore workmen's compensation to maritime workers will be discussed at another session by Andrew Furuseth, President of the International Seamen's Union; T. V. O'Connor, John D. Coughlin and Leonard W. Hatch. Thomas L. Chadbourne, President of the association, will preside at this session.

Lillian D. Wald of Henry Street Settlement will preside at the morning session on Dec. 30, when legislation for maternity protection, both Federal and State, will be considered.

President Chadbourne's address will be given at a special dinner meeting at the Astor on Dec. 29. Rabbi Stephen S. Wise will discuss State intervention as against industrial autocracy. Edwin F. Gay, President of the Evening Post Company, will preside.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HARRY L. TETTELBAUM and SALOMON KURINSKY, individually and as copartners, trading as TETTELBAUM & KURINSKY, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, December 20, 1920, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 24 East 10th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cutting tables, desks, chairs, fixtures, etc. ALLEN D. EMIL, Receiver. SOBEL & BRAND, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of ABRAHAM FENSPERSTOCK, trading as A. FENSPERSTOCK & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, December 20, 1920, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 58-40 West 33rd Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' coats, suits, raw materials, machinery, office furniture, fixtures, etc. BERNARD NUMBERG, Receiver. ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAM DAVIS and WILLIAM GOLDMAN, individually and as copartners, trading as DAVIS & GOLDMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, December 27, 1920, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 42 West 48th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, skins, fixtures, &c. THOMAS MATERS, JR., Receiver. SILVER & MOSKOWITZ, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

AT A STATED TERM OF THE UNITED States District Court, held in and for the Southern District of New York, at the Post Office Building in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 16th day of December, 1920.—Present HON. JOHN C. KNOX, U. S. D. J.—In the Matter of AMERICAN STANDARD SHIPFITTINGS CORPORATION, Bankrupt.

Upon reading the petition of Alfred C. Core, Jr., Receiver in Bankruptcy herein, verified the 9th day of December, 1920, and upon all the proceedings had herein, and upon motion of Yankauer & Davidson, attorneys for the receiver,

LET the American Standard Shipfittings Corporation, bankrupt herein, George W. Elder and Universal Electric Welding Co., and all creditors of the bankrupt herein, attend at a stated term of this court, to be held in the Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 29th day of December, 1920, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, to show cause there and then why the Receiver in Bankruptcy herein should not be authorized to sell all his right, title and interest and all right, title and interest of the bankrupt in and to the real property and plant of the bankrupt herein, located at Roberts Avenue and Saw-mill River Road, in the City of Yonkers, N. Y., together with the improvements thereon, and certain machinery and fixtures therein contained, and attached thereto, subject to all liens and incumbrances of any kind whatsoever, for the sum of $1,000, or such higher bid that may be made, and why any and all offers for said property should not be received and considered at said time and place, and why the receiver in bankruptcy should not be authorized to sell the same to the highest bidder, and why such other and further relief should not be granted as in the opinion of the court be deemed proper.

LET service of a copy of this order upon the bankrupt, upon Robert W. Elder, and upon Universal Electric Welding Co. and also upon all the creditors of the bankrupt appearing upon the schedules in bankruptcy filed in this proceeding by mail on or before the 18th day of December, 1920, be deemed sufficient. JNO. C. KNOX, U. S. D. J.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. JAMES MACBETH and ELIZABETH MACBETH, his wife, Plaintiffs, against HARRIET EMMA KENSWORTHY, James Haffey, unmarried, John Haffey, unmarried, Mary Macbeth, Adelaide Macbeth, his wife, John Macbeth, widower, Robert Macbeth, "Annie" Macbeth, his wife, name fictitious, true first name of said defendant being unknown to plaintiffs, Mary Macbeth, Sarah Jane Johnston, John T. Haffey, unmarried, Isabella V. Hessler, sometimes known as Belle Hessler, Ethel V. Brownell, Roy T. Norton, Hazel Norton, his wife, Clyde H. Norton, unmarried, Lillian M. Benham, Sarah H. Smith, Anna Hettie Macbeth, widow of Robert M. Haffey, deceased, Williams Haffey, unmarried, Hazel E. Grey, Edna M. Turner, Robert M. Haffey, unmarried, Bertha M. Haffey, Myrtle B. Haffey, Thelma L. Haffey, Evelyn J. Haffey, Robert W. Macbeth, Phoebe Catherine Macbeth, his wife, Jessie L. Macbeth, widow of William Macbeth, deceased, Robert W. Macbeth, as sole qualifying executor of the Last Will and Testament of William Macbeth, deceased, Free Methodist Church of Mary Lee, name Mary Fictitious, true first name of said defendant being unknown to plaintiffs, Defendants.

To each and every person not a party to the above entitled action, who had a lien upon any undivided share or interest in the real property belonging to any of the persons above named on the 24th day of November, 1920.

Please take notice that I, the undersigned, duly appointed Referee in the above entitled action, by an order of this Court made and entered herein on the 24th day of November, 1920, and filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 24th day of November, 1920, do, in pursuance of said order, give notice that you are required by said order to appear before me, the undersigned, at my office, No. 120 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on or before the 20th day of January, 1921, to prove your lien and the true amount thereof, or to become due to you by such time aforesaid, and if you fail so to do, your lien will not be recognized by the final judgment to be entered in said action.

Dated, December 14, 1920.

HENRY WILLARD BEAN, Referee.

The real property to be sold in this action is described in the complaint which was filed herein in the office of the Clerk of the said County of New York on the 23d day of April, 1920, and is:

All that lot of land in the City and County of New York, with the buildings thereon, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the northerly side of Twentieth Street, distant three hundred and ten feet easterly from the intersection of the northerly side of Twentieth Street and the easterly side of Second Avenue and running thence northerly parallel with Second Avenue, and part of the way through a party wall, ninety-two feet to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line, twenty feet; thence southerly again parallel with Second Avenue, ninety-two feet to the northerly side of Twentieth Street and thence westerly along the northerly side of Twentieth Street, twenty feet to the point of beginning.

HENRY WILLARD BEAN, Referee.

CLARKE & FROST, Plaintiffs' Attorneys, 115 Montague Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

FOR RENT
98-100 FRANKLIN STREET
5 Floors
37x78
Will make improvements.
Possession Feb. 1, 1921
Daniel Birdsall & Co., Inc.,
56 Worth Street.
Tel. Worth. 860.

FOR SALE
NO. 319 WEST 74TH ST.
5-Story American Basement Dwelling,
17 rooms, 3 baths, immediate possession.
For particulars apply to
CLARK T. CHAMBERS
835 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 7820

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
HOMES AT MOUNT VERNON
(35 minutes from Grand Central Sta.)
ANDERSON REALTY Co
29 East 1st St. Tel. 1844-5 Mount Vernon.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
SUB-LEASE BARGAINS
935 Broadway
CORNER 22ND ST.
THIRD FLOOR
9500 Sq. Ft.
Immediate Possession
127-9 W. 24th St.
5 FLOORS
25000 Sq. Ft.
Immediate Possession
39-47 W. 19th St.
2nd floor—10000 Sq. Ft.
Possession Feb. 1, 1921
CROSS & BROWN COMPANY
18 East 41st St., New York
Murray Hill 7100

Light Loft
TO LET
7th floor, about 11,500 Sq. Ft. Sublet
352 FOURTH AVE.
Suitable for offices and stock rooms.
Manufacturing Privileges
6 large elevators. Modern throughout
Apply
Kirby Block & Fischer, Inc.,
On Premises
Or your own broker.

STORE
and Basement
For Wholesale or Retail
35 W. 35th St.
$1.50 per Square Foot
Albert A. Rosenshine Building
Size of Building 57x100
Possession Jan. or Feb. 1st.
Apply Premises or Your Own Broker

FINE LIGHT OFFICES
TO LET
96 FIFTH AVENUE
CORNER 15TH ST.
Steam Heat and Elevator.
W. J. HADLEY
15 EAST 14TH ST.
Telephone Stuyvesant 386.

51,000 SQ. FT., 40c.
Six-story concrete and steel building 85x100; light four sides; lightering facilities; loading platform; 8x16 elevator; two top floors leased at $5,000 each. Possession of entire building arranged. Principals only.
Henry L. Nielsen Offices.
154 Nassau St. Beekman 9110

VERY LIGHT LOFT
To Let
34th St., Opposite Macy's
ESPECIALLY SUITABLE
FOR JOBBING BUSINESS. INQUIRE
138 West 34th St.
PHONE LONGACRE 5487.

6TH AVENUE NEAR 37TH ST.
BUILDING TO LEASE
FOR 21 YEARS
or will lease single floors.
NOTE—This elevator building is 44 by 85, adjoining "L" station; best location in New York.
Inquire of OWNER,
J. AABON,
642 6th Ave. (6th floor)

STORE FOR RENT,
41 EAST 41ST STREET.
HERBERT A. SHERMAN,
41 East 41st Street

Braum, Wheelock Co.
Incorporated
14 WALL STREET
REQUIRE several experienced RENTING MEN, familiar with the FINANCIAL and FORTY-SECOND STREET districts.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
452 5th AVENUE
[KNOX BLDG.]
S.E. Cor. 40th St.
Northerly Exposure, overlooking Public Library. Three offices of 500 to 600 sq. ft. each to let from May 1st.
For rents and particulars apply to
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street

LOFT TO LET
116-118-120
East 27th ST.
From February 1, 1921
At $8,400. per annum
66 Feet 8 Inches Front
12th Floor; light on four sides; skylights; fireproof; 3 elevators; Fire Sprinkler equipment and all modern improvements.
For full particulars inquire of
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

102E. 52nd ST. ParkAve.
2 very large and light rooms bath and kitchen
Apply to
R. C. VOTH, 375 Park Ave.

TO LET
5-7-9 West 37th St.
12th Floor, Top. 7500 Sq. Ft.
Excellent Light
Also SHOWROOM, 7th Floor
Possession February 1st, 1921
H. J. SACHS & CO., 38 West 21st St.

BEAUTIFUL STORES
For rent, through which several hundred people will pass daily. Rent reasonable. Four and a half years' lease.
HOTEL ALGONQUIN ANNEX,
APPLY C. D. STEELE
59 WEST 44TH STREET

FACTORIES WANTED.
MANUFACTURER
OF INTERNATIONAL PROMINENCE
will buy in "the simple" factory of 50,000 to 200,000 Sq. Ft. of floor space within 50 miles of New York; Newark preferred.
All replies will be treated in greatest confidence.
Address: ROTTERAM, Box
V 714, Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Furnished—New Jersey.
OLGA APARTMENTS
207 So. Rhode Island Ave., Atlantic City
Special short term offering over Holidays. Modern two rooms, bath, kitchenette; fully furnished for housekeeping; maid service if desired; also by month. Write immediately for bookings. Eugene Ebeling.
Unfurnished—West Side.
Are you satisfied with your present Apartment? If not investigate
Jackson Heights
4, 5 and 6 Rooms
New Garden Apartments
unusual neighborhood advantages; on Co-operative Plan;
Moderate Price—Liberal Terms.
Social and Business References Required.
THE
Queensboro Corporation
50 E. 42d St., Manhattan,
Corner Madison Ave.
Send for Views and Details

Harperley Hall
1 WEST 64TH STREET
UNFURNISHED
7 Rooms and 3 Baths; Housekeeping
2-4 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette
ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
2, 3 and 4 Rooms, with Kitchenette
Refrigeration in all apartments
TELEPHONE "COLUMBUS 8500"

360 Riverside Drive
Cor. 106th Street
New fireproof building, exceptional apartments of 3 large, light rooms with 2 baths; all rooms southern exposure, overlooking Riverside Drive. Apply on premises or
Sharp & Co., 2489 Broadway.

Geo. Washington Hotel
116 WEST 72D ST.
Unfurnished suite, 2 rooms and bath; $125 per month to September 30, 1921. Restaurant and hotel service supplied.
WAITT CORPORATION
2 West 45th St. Vanderbilt 4041.

309 West 86th Street.
Unfurnished suite, 2 rooms and bath; $125 per month to September 30, 1921. Restaurant and hotel service supplied.
WAITT CORPORATION
2 West 45th St. Vanderbilt 4041.

600 WEST 161st St.
6 ROOMS AND FOYER
2 BATHS, FIREPROOF
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920
INQUIRE MELROSE 7822.
Unfurnished—Brooklyn.
68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS
3 and 5-Room Complete Apartments.
Beautiful water view; 5 minutes to Wall St.
G. GIRARD, 238 Montague St.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES PLACED ON RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES. INTERNATIONAL CREDIT CO., 347 5TH AV. PHONE 9070 MURRAY HILL.

BUILDING MATERIAL.
LARGE quantity galvanized and black iron pipe fittings; full particulars on application. Lewis Wrecking Company, Pelham Bay Naval Station. Tel. Westchester 1313-1314.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.
Westchester—For Sale or To Let.
A REAL SACRIFICE.
Handsome brick Colonial home of 10 rooms and 3 baths, with 2-car brick garage, on beautifully shaded corner plot, 100 ft. x 132 ft., built in 1914; eastern exposure, with large screened porch facing south; living room 18x24, dining room 15x18; hot water heat and all improvements; $21,500; could not be replaced for $25,000; phone me now for appointment to inspect. F. H. Honberger, Fitzroy 0250, 1 West 34th St.
Long Island—For Sale or To Let.
NEAR SHEEPSHEAD BAY.
2,521 East 6th St., near Av. Y, convenient to Smith St. trolley or Brighton express, one-family house, 7 rooms and bath, hot air heating, new modern white enameled gas range, dry cellar, front and back porch, screens, chicken houses, abundantly producing grape vines and peach trees; garden, front lawn, hedge; a home for a family of moderate means; 40 minutes Times Square, 20 minutes downtown Brooklyn, 10 minutes' walk to ocean; the first house in row of ten frame one-family houses; this house is bounded east, north, west by acres of open green fields; it faces and stands one block east of Ocean Parkway, overlooking city property; permanent open view assured; lots of fresh air and sunshine; ideal for a growing, healthy family; $6,200, $2,500 cash; can be seen all day Sunday. For other appointments write J. H. T., 2,523 East 6th St., Brooklyn.
New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.
MODERN six-room house, bath, every improvement; corner plot; garage; excellent location; 5 minutes station; 30 minutes out. E. Fretch, Rochelle Park, N. J.

REAL ESTATE—Other Cities and Towns.
ALABAMA ALFALFA LAND.
The real "Argentine of America," fertile, rolling, beautiful; cheap. Full information, write McClure's Good Land Agency, Demopolis, Ala.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.
WILL purchase private dwelling, Manhattan, if reasonable; quick possession. S 527 Times.

FARMS.
New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.
HOMESEEKERS—Send for Virginia farm list. Dept. 234, Emporia, Va.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
TWO FLOORS, 20x60 feet, for rent separately or together, third and fourth floors; splendid condition and good light. Jarvis Corporation, 105 West 42d St.
850 SQUARE FEET of space (or part of it) for office or sample room; light manufacturing no objection; ideal location. 1,263 Broadway.
SMALL light office, unique surroundings, facilities; suitable for special representative or professional man. 10th floor, 450 4th Av.
TWO 4,500 square feet lofts, exceptionally light, 100% sprinklered, good for heavy or light manufacturing; pre-war rentals. Rockwell Realty Corporation, Spring 2055.
FOR RENT, on completion, Jan. 1, 1921, new one-story garage, facing
PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL, 52x64.
Phone Owner, Longacre 2722.
TWO-STORY AND BASE. GARAGE, East 40s, 23,000 square feet; up-to-date, fireproof; low rental. Woolley, Watkins & Jordan, 605 5th Av.
LOFTS AND OFFICES.
DESIRABLE LOCATIONS. BILTMORE REALTY CORP., TIMES BLDG. PHONE BRYANT 7788-1527.
Large office or showroom, $60.
27 East 22d St.
A real opportunity; act at once.
Phone Gramercy 6782.
DESK ROOM with first class mercantile house, facing Union Square; first floor; substantial surroundings. Phone Stuyvesant 2770.
LIGHT OFFICE, about 400 square feet, heart of customs, insurance and shipping districts; immediate occupancy. C. W. Sellers, 34 Stone St., New York City.
OFFICES at 123 Liberty St., also one floor sub-divided; immediate possession; long lease. For particulars apply The Seneca Co., World Building.
LOFTS, showrooms and store, 77 5th Av.; modern rent; immediate possession; light manufacturing permitted. Meltzer & Co. on premises. Phone Stuyvesant 6293.
FURNISHED suite, offices or desk room; use of phone; two doors from 42d St. Herfon, 489 5th Av.
SHOW room and office, part, fully equipped, on 5th Av.; $50 month. Apply Store, 13 West 31st St.
LARGE ROOM, very light, first floor above street, opposite St. Paul's Church, 18 Vesey St.; rent reasonable; immediate possession.
BUILDING for rent, long lease; Times Square section. Apply Room 810, 220 West 42d St.
47TH, 329 EAST—Bright loft, second floor, 25x100, suitable for heavy manufacturing, heat, electricity. Murray Hill 8900.
PART of store and cellar to let, phone privilege. 124 West 65th St., opp. Sec. of State's office.
ALL LIGHT LOFT, 75x100.
Fireproof, sprinkler: $8,000. At 109 West 25th St.
68TH, 71 WEST—Handsome large room, bathroom; suitable physician, private business; lease.
MERCHANT TAILOR, high class, let part of loft near 5th Av., 42d St., strictly confidential. C 334 Times.
WILL SUB-LEASE small office; low rent; have telephones and furniture. Call Barclay 638 for particulars.
BROADWAY SPACE, private offices or desk room; furnished optional. Phone Worth 9224.
BROOME ST., 638—Store and basement, 20 x 70; reasonable rent; Feb. 1, Spring 2906.
SHOWROOMS and offices, reasonable rent, 49 to 53 West 38th St. Apply J. L. Hofstadter, 49 West 38th, or your own broker.
OFFICE space to let, City Hall district, very reasonable. Phone Beekman 875.
BROADWAY, 60—Sunny furnished office, 8x14, also desk space. Room 1405.
5TH AV. (45d St.)—Office 220 sq. ft.; immediate occupancy. Vanderbilt 9084.
AVENUE STORE, AVENUE LOFT, VERY LIGHT. 241 7TH AV., at 24TH ST.
ABOVE 42D ST., MADISON AV., business bldg.; early possession. Plaza 0374.
LOFTS—60 West 27th, 60 West 36, 137 Grand St. Rhinelander 9837.
OFFICES to sublet, one large, one small. Clock Advertising Service, 1,123 Broadway.
BROADWAY (35th St.)—Choice properties to lease; long term. Murray Hill 8514.
OFFICE and desk room, telephone and stenographer service. Apply 503 World Building.
DESK space for rent. 291 Broadway, Room 814.
OFFICE, 900 square feet, with telephone; immediate possession. 604 4th Av., Lecht.
CORNER loft, light, heated, immediate possession; $60. Apply 1st floor, 42 Duane.
SMALL office space and desk room, with telephone. Berg, 117 West 46th St.
OFFICE space; light, telephone; stenographer; moderate rent. 236 5th Av., Suite 538.
42D, 27 WEST—Large private office, waiting room; furnished, $75. Phone Bryant 6914.
OFFICE ROOM, conveniently furnished; downtown. Telephone Beekman 630.
34TH ST., 38 WEST—Most desirable loft to let; 22x51; early possession; call forenoons.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
We will rent for temporary executive offices and showrooms or exhibition purposes our entire fourth floor in the Gorham Building, 386-390 5th Av., also 36th St. entrance; or will lease for term of years; lowest price in the section; we also offer in the same building, ninth floor, 2,000 square feet of beautiful studio space. Apply Duane Co., 296 Broadway. Telephone Worth 348.
FINEST LOFT IN CITY.
8,600 SQUARE FEET.
Suitable for any kind of manufacturing business; exceptionally light; elevator, steam heat, sprinkler; new building fronting Pennsylvania Railroad; sign publicity worth thousands; low rental; long lease. CHAS. F. GILLEN & CO., sole agents, 528 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
OFFICE SUITES—Immediate possession.
325 SQ. FT.—2 ROOMS.
1,025 SQ. FT.—5 ROOMS.
1,350 SQ. FT.—7 ROOMS.
3,000 SQ. FT., ON FEB. 1.
All exceptional values, at select Burrell Building, 171 Madison Av. cor. 34 St. Apply Supt. or phone Mr. Wilshire, Fitzroy 5050.
OFFICE AND SHOWROOM
ON 36TH ST. BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVENUES.
A. SMITH, 25 WEST 36TH.
OLD building, stable, open lot, or large store and basement, for retail lumber yard; long lease; from 17th St. to 59th St., between 6th and 8th Avs.; to take possession not later than March 1, 1921; we will alter to suit; state price by letter. Midtown Lumber Co., 120 West 17th St., N. Y. C.
LOFT, 25x100, or part, manufacturing or jobbing, elevator, steam heat, low insurance, including Hotmes Protection; reasonable. E. W. Marten Lining Co., 342 Lafayette St., near 8th St.
SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, $7,500 net, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard & Forbes, 68 Broadway, Rector 767.
BROADWAY HOTEL LEASE.
9 years to run; small modern apartment hotel; gross income about $75,000; asking $30,000; submit offers; no brokers. E. K. Van Winkle, 132 West 12d St. Col. 1071.
SELL elegantly furnished office floor, four-year lease; 8 outside windows, wonderful advertising space sublets reduce rent of own office to $25; two telephones. Wallerstein, 154 4th Av., corner 14th.
700 SQUARE FEET
very light office space; partitions already installed; immediate possession; reasonable rent.
SCHWABACK & RAPHEL,
3 WEST 29TH ST.
PART OF LOFT TO SUBLET; 1,400 SQ. FT. AT 906 BROADWAY, HEART OF BUSINESS SECTION; MODERATE RENTAL. ENCORE, 6TH FLOOR, 906 BROADWAY, N. Y.
LOFTS and SHOWROOMS, light manufacturing, 25x80 and 25x100; steam heat; modern building. Inquire in store, 111 East 14th St., or phone Worth 800. Daniel Birdsall & Co., Inc., 56 Worth St.
FIRST FLOOR, 100x200, CONTAINING 20,000 SQUARE FEET IN FIREPROOF BUILDING, 100 PER CENT. SPRINKLER SYSTEM, RAILROAD SIDING, 500 EAST 133D ST. PHONE 7623 MELROSE.
OFFICES TO LET.
A few more desirable offices to let, $40 and up; newly decorated; opposite Manhattan St. subway station. Libby's Holding Co., 3,197 Broadway. Morningside 9064.
FURNISHED DAYLIGHT OFFICES
with telephone; 1,000 or 200 square feet; reasonable rent; possession Jan. 1; 5th Av., above 42d St. Ogden & Clarkson, 605 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1124.
5TH AVENUE, 44TH STREET.
Office space, highest class buildings; units 400, 800, 1,000, 1,400 sq. ft.; furnished and unfurnished; immediate possession. Telephone Vanderbilt 6344.
OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS; ALL SECTIONS. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 32 NASSAU ST., JOHN 1171. 31 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 9175.
OFFICE OR LIGHT MANUFACTURING—Entire or part of 1,800 sq. ft. at $1,500 per year; immediate possession. American Photoprint Co., 10 Cortlandt St., near Broadway.
PART of loft to let; suitable for light manufacturing or jobbing; window all round; good location. East 21st St., near Broadway, for further particulars phone Gramercy 2562.
MADISON AV. AND 42D ST.—Desirable corner office, 2 private and main outer office; lease to May 1, 1923; approximately 500 square feet; immediate possession. B. E., Times.
STORES, OFFICES, SHOWROOMS, READY FOR OCCUPANCY. VARIOUS SIZES AND PRICES. EARLINGTON BUILDING, 51 WEST 27TH ST. PHONE 6213 CHELSEA.
DESK ROOM for rent in heart of the movie district, telephone operator, stenographer. Apply W. Phillip, 117 West 46th. Bryant 248.
20TH ST., 142 WEST—Lofts, half lofts, light four sides; passenger, freight elevators. Superintendent, phone Fordham 1923. Brokers protected.
DESK ROOM—New mahogany desk; use telephone, filing equipment, &c. Col. 7339.
Bronx.
FOR RENT—Garage, 10,500 square feet, just completed, east side of Webster Av., near 179th St. Apply to August F. Schwarzler, 2,438 Grand Concourse, cor. 187th St. Tel. 4900 Fordham.
Wanted for Business Purposes.
GENERAL CONTRACTOR desires to rent whole or part of storage yard suitable for storage of equipment, &c.; location with railroad switch facilities near preferred. Stewart Willey Company, Inc., 252 West 48th St.
WANTED, 750 to 1,000 square feet for office and showroom purposes; district 4th Av. to Broadway, 23d to 30th. Address R. M. T., Room 1427, 46 West 24th St.
SPACE in office building, suitable cigar stand; responsible tenant. P 222 Times.

FACTORIES.
BROOKLYN, Queensboro, New Jersey factory properties, sale, rent and built on easy terms. Walter Baker Co., Factory Brokers, 756 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.
FACTORY BUILDING, BLOOMFIELD, N. J. 12,000 ft. to lease. F. Kockendorfer, Box Dept., City Hall P. O., N. Y. C.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Furnished—East Side.
6TH AV., Near 28th St. (6th Av. Hotel)—Two sunny rooms and bath, furnished; parquet floors; hotel service; $17.50 weekly.
37TH ST., 28 EAST (Hotel Santan)—Attractively furnished 2 rooms and bath, full hotel service; 3 block from subway; $17.50 up.
90TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $20 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.
3ED, 34 EAST—Hotel Regent; two and three room suites, complete hotel service; $37.50 up; special rates for permanent guests. Phone Madison 1344.
48TH, 19 EAST—Unusual two rooms, kitchenette, $26, $185, $200; lease. Phipps.
57TH (667 Lexington)—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, 3 closets; snappy furnishings; bachelor; conveniences; $140; lease. Supt., 4th Floor.
90TH ST., 31 EAST (Off 5th Av.)—Exquisitely furnished two-room apartment; ideal for bachelor or couple; new building; restaurant, elevator, maid service; rental price just corrected. Telephone Circle 4730 or Riverside 7218 for details.
APARTMENTS TO LET.
Furnished—East Side.
83D ST. (corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; $45 per room, bath, up. Hotel Ashton.
APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON.
Madison Av., southwest corner 83d St.—Newly decorated apartment, 1 room and bath, $45 up; 2 rooms, bath, $100 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.
FOR two months, East 61st, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, total $275. Plaza 9547.
GRAMERCY PARK SOUTH, 26 (Hotel Irving)—Two rooms and bath, facing beautiful Gramercy Park; all hotel service; table excellent; reasonable rates. Phone Gramercy 6264.
MADISON AV., 416 (near 48th St.)—Living room, bath; well furnished; day bed, elevator, telephone; maid service included.
TO sublet, high-class apartment, 2 rooms and bath; furnished or unfurnished; all conveniences; 70th St., Madison Av. Phone Melrose 4400, Extension 6.
UNIMAI
artistically furnished two-room, bath and kitchenette apartments; cozy, comfortable, light, spotlessly clean; for refined people only; furnishings by New York decorator; in hotel and theatre districts; $100 to $200 monthly. Call Sunday 105 East 57th St. Phone Plaza 645.
YOUNG MAN desires another young man, cultivated, keen sense of humor, to share well furnished 9-room apartment, east side, as paying guest during January, February and part of March. Address Clarendon, C 47 Times.
Furnished—West Side.
11TH (just off 5th Av., Hotel Van Rensselaer)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service. Stuy. 9410.
19TH, 274 WEST—Elevator apartment, five rooms, neatly furnished, $125 monthly.
48TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, tiled bath, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; unquestionable applicants; highest references essential; $63-$125 up monthly. Longacre 3560.
45TH, 137 WEST—Beautifully furnished 2 rooms with private bath; complete hotel service; weekly rates. Bryant 574.
47TH, 125 WEST—To sublet, two rooms, bath; special rates for the balance of season. Mr. Sanborn, Hotel Flanders.
48TH, 61 WEST—2-room apartment, beautifully furnished, all improvements; $175. Apply Superintendent, or Chelsea 6229.
49TH, 60 WEST—One large living room, electricity; kitchenette, dressing room and bath; $100.
50'S—FURNISHED APARTMENTS—50'S.
50TH TO 116TH ST., ALL SIZES, PRICES, LOCATIONS. ELSERSON, 25 WEST 42D.
50'S—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, handsomely furnished, $125. Elsenson, 25 West 42d.
51ST, 16 WEST—Furnished or unfurnished two-room apartment, kitchenette, bath; lease. Lopin.
52D ST., 223 WEST, COR. BROADWAY. High-class elevator apartments, newly furnished; full hotel service.
ONE ROOM AND BATH, $90 UP.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $140 UP.
REFERENCES REQUIRED.
54TH ST. (At Broadway)—Hotel Albemarle; parlor, bedroom and bath; reasonable rates.
55TH, 18 WEST—Handsomely furnished 2 or 3 rooms, open fireplace, long or short lease, immediate occupancy; reasonable; aristocratic environment.
56TH, 208 WEST (HOTEL THORNDYKE) VERY ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.
57TH ST., 340 WEST.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND VALET SERVICE; TWO AND THREE ROOMS AND BATH; $110 TO $200; REFERENCES REQUIRED.
57TH, 57 WEST—3 well-furnished rooms, housekeeping, 5th floor; immediate possession.
60TH, 245 WEST (The New West End)—Two-three room ap

BOARDERS WANTED

45 cents a line.

East Side.

96TH (corner Lexington Av., 167)—Room with meals, $15 weekly up; good home cooking, hotel service, elevator, telephones; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

MADISON AV., 213 (near 24th)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

WEST, 289—Room with bath; excellent table; references.

WEST, 9—Elegant large room, private bath; suitable 2 or 3; refined boarding house; table guests. Berger.

WEST, 143—Large room, adjoining bath; medium room; table board; references.

WEST, 134 (Graycourt) — Attractive, modern, steam heat; references desired.

3RD ST., 247—Large front room, refitting, bathroom, in high class Jewish home. Riverside 6343.

103D, 220—Front parlor apartment, single; continuous hot water; home cooking; 2 doors Broadway, facing Marseilles Hotel.

Brooklyn.

LAFAYETTE AV., 91—Two rooms and bath; suites, electricity, steam, $12.50 to $20 weekly; excellent table board, 23 weekly; 10 minutes Manhattan. Prospect 4657.

COUNTRY BOARD.

GREENWICH INN LODGE (Scout Ranch, Conn.)—Sunny steam heated rooms, with or without baths; excellent meals; 60 minutes from New York; golf, saddle horses, fishing; reasonable rates.

HEALTHFUL home for invalids, incurables and elderly persons; best care and food. Sunny Rest Sanitarium, 574 Palisade Av., Yonkers, 5642 Yonkers.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (148th St.)—Fireproof building; 6-room corner apartment; possession. Cortlandt 3091. Audubon 6801.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240—Two and three all outside front rooms, fireproof apartment hotel; wonderful view; reduced prices.

RIVERSIDE, 151 (87th)—Magnificent floor, one and two room suites; elevator; large.

SEVEN-ROOM modern apartment, including garage; immediate possession; rent $125.00 per month. Apply Sophie L. Rahe, Waldo Av., between 238th and 243d Sts.; Broadway subway.

WASHINGTON SQUARE—Three-room apartment, $1,800; NEW, ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF house; elevator and hall service; business and social references required. See superintendent on premises, Van Voorst Apartments, 122 Waverley Place.

WEST END AV., 708—Apartment, second floor, eight rooms, bath; electricity. Janitor or phone Fordham 1923.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 1,466 (At 170th St.)—Five rooms in Crystal Dwellings. See agent.

INGERHAM AV., 1,880—4-5 rooms, all modern improvements; new building. See superintendent.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

UPPER floor, new two-family house, six rooms, bath, garage; all modern improvements; price, $135 monthly. Inquire 1,401 11th Av., Brooklyn. South 7238.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.

Two splendid new elevator buildings; 168 small apartments; selections of 3 and 4-room suites, $1,320 per annum up; some with immediate occupancy. Apply "The Gardens Apt.," by station, or phone Boulevard 6545. Owen L. C. Earle, Agent, 260 West 56th St., N. Y. Tel Schuyler 8399.

FOREST HILL GARDENS.

4 rooms, 2 corners, all outside; $165 per month. Apply Apartment 58 or Superintendent Magowan, Boulevard 6545, "Garden Apartment" by station.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

6 OR 8 ROOM furnished housekeeping apartment, west side, between 72d and 137th preferred; couple; will furnish references; address, giving particulars, D 55 Times.

WANTED for month of January, small furnished apartment, one or two rooms, preferably Greenwich Village. Telephone Rector 2887.

THREE-FOUR room apartment, elevator, west side preferred; Jan. 15-April 15; best of references. F 231 Times Downtown.

WANTED, bachelor's apartment, 3 rooms, kitchenette and bath; location, west side. S 669 Times Downtown.

SEND details of your Fur. Apts. to rent. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

WANTED, furnished apartment, rent $70-$80 monthly. N 792 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished.

RESPONSIBLE party, adults, desires to rent a furnished apartment of 7 or 8 rooms, for May 1, not over $200 per month; immediate possession. Address "Desirable," Box 10 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

21ST ST., 46 EAST—Nice, light, furnished room; all improvements, for gentlemen. Inquire 3d floor.

96TH (cor. Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; 1 & 2 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $14 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly and up; cosy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

3D, 116 EAST—In exclusive family; two sunny furnished rooms; private bath; attractively furnished. Lenox 1011.

40TH ST., 124 EAST—Large furnished room, southern exposure, kitchen privileges; reasonable. Hok, Lenox 7811.

74TH ST., 76 EAST—Exceptional large, attractively furnished room, private bath; all conveniences.

EXCEPTIONAL light room, two blocks from 176th St. and Jerome Av. station, for refined young man, with young Jewish couple. Harlem 6218.

MADISON AV.—Comfortable two rooms in artist's apartment; use of real kitchen; studio half day. Lenox 0673.

West Side.

86TH ST., 51 WEST.
"OLD CHELSEA."

Charming, warm, immaculate, with or without bath; electricity; restaurant, delicious meals, connected.

127TH, 420 WEST (Chelsea Square)—Room, all improvements. Myer.

80TH ST., 65 WEST—Large, sunny room, adjoining bath; exclusive house; references.

47TH, 106 WEST (Raleigh Hall)—A residence for men; attractively furnished rooms, with and without baths or showers; writing, smoking, lounge, billiard rooms.

60TH, 46 WEST—Comfortably furnished large front room, electricity; references; gentlemen.

80TH, 66 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES.

90TH, 14 WEST—DOUBLE ROOMS, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; REASONABLE.

70TH, 59 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED FRONT BASEMENT, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE COMPLETE; ALSO SINGLE ROOM; REASONABLE.

92ND, 25 WEST—Large attractive room, private bath, electricity, steam; gentleman; references.

WITH, 128 WEST—Attractively furnished rooms; private bath; subway express.

90TH, 219 WEST—SUNNY FRONT PARLOR; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

61ST, 61 WEST—BEAUTIFUL DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $18-$19.

71ST, 140 WEST—Exceptionally well-furnished room; private house; references essential.

71ST, 17 WEST—Attractive furnished large room; tiled bath, steam heat, electricity.

71ST, 262 WEST—Large front double room, with running water.

3D ST., 957—ATTRACTIVE ROOM WITH BATH; $12 WEEKLY; SPACIOUS CLOSETS; ALSO SINGLE ROOM, $10; LARGE PRIVATE RESIDENCE; ELEVATED; ELECTRIC LIGHT, ETC.; BREAKFAST IF DESIRED. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 835.

73D, 140 WEST—LARGE SUNNY DOUBLE ROOM, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

72D, 142 WEST—Suite, spacious, sunny, electricity, gas, logs; select; meals optional.

72D, $44 WEST—Attractive room for gentleman, electricity, private house.

83D, 134 WEST—Handsomely furnished large front room; references.

82D, 108 WEST—Well heated large rooms, bath; electricity; telephone; $14-$20.

90TH, 45 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE PARLOR, BEDROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; TWIN BEDS; ALSO SINGLE ROOM; REASONABLE.

94TH, 129 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $14 UPWARD.

90TH, 3 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES.

90TH, 2 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, BATH, TWIN BEDS, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE.

70TH, 134 WEST—Handsomely furnished large rooms; private bath; exceptional accommodations; phone.

70TH, 108 WEST, Apartment 34—Large, attractive front room, elevator, phone.

76TH ST., 246 WEST—One large room and bath, furnished.

97TH, 111 WEST—Desirable small room; gentleman; references; reasonable.

78TH, 110 WEST—Exceptionally large, beautifully furnished room, private home; references.

80TH, 137 WEST—Large front parlor, suitable for three, adjoining bedroom, private bath, electricity; also small room.

81ST ST., Columbus Av. (Hotel Colonial)—Have completed 17 new single rooms, with use of bath, for men; complete hotel service; rates $10 weekly.

81ST, 150 WEST—Bedroom and sitting room, $14; adjacent all car service; clean, agreeable surroundings. Allen.

81ST, 110 WEST—Attractive well fitted large room, electricity; medium room; references.

82D, 109 WEST—Front room and front bedroom; all conveniences. Koenig.

82D, 15 WEST—Large, attractive front room, refined, quiet home; references.

83D, 15 WEST—Large warm room, shower bath on floor; reasonable.

84TH, 55 WEST (third floor back)—Adjoining bath; well heated; $15 per week; no cooking; house well kept.

84TH, 38 WEST—Large, light room; modern conveniences; private family.

86TH ST., 160 WEST—Refined family would rent large furnished rooms and bath; steam heat; newly renovated; private house; gentleman only. Tel. Schuyler 6320.

86TH, 132 WEST—Beautifully furnished room and bath; also basement room; references.

89TH, 330 WEST—Large rooms, with, without bath, kitchenette privileges; reasonable.

90TH, 227 WEST—Large, front room, one flight, $12; well heated, telephone.

91ST, 21 WEST—Clean, warm, large room, private bath; medium room; references.

91ST, 204 WEST—Large, attractive rooms, private, adjoining bath; references; $18-$22.

92D, 61 WEST—Private home, beautiful room, newly furnished, private bath, telephone.

93D ST., WEST (near West End Av.)—3 bright sunny rooms, either single or en suite; handsome and comfortable; moderate price. Tel. Academy 5423.

93D, 263 WEST—Large, sunny room, adjoining bath; private home; clean, comfortable.

95TH, 62 WEST—Well heated, large and small rooms; electricity; doctor's house.

96TH, 231 WEST—Apt. 20; lovely home-like room, facing Broadway, running water; private family.

96TH, 24 WEST—Comfortably furnished room, heat, hot water; gentlemen; very reasonable.

105TH, 71 WEST—Large, clean, front; suitable two gentlemen; $12; electricity, phone.

106TH, 61 WEST (Apt. 21)—Single, double rooms, all conveniences; kitchen privileges.

107TH, 324 WEST—Beautiful large room; river view; $15; steam, electricity.

106TH, 211 WEST—Nicely furnished room, all conveniences; gentlemen; reference required. Apt. 31, 2d floor.

110TH, 141 WEST—Newly furnished room, running water, bath adjoining, shower; high-class elevator apartment; $12. Steinlauf.

116TH ST., 404 WEST—Newly furnished sunny room; elevator. Apt. 1.

118TH, 210 WEST—HOTEL CECIL. ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

118TH, WEST—Two attractive rooms near Drive, $8; Columbia, subway; steam. Morningside 0973.

120TH, 74 WEST—Beautiful, newly decorated, large room, suitable for two; electricity, &c.

122D, 515 WEST—Suite of two rooms, front; Apt. 32; southern exposure; suitable for two ladies; use of kitchen if desired; references. Apply evenings through week.

124TH, 557 WEST (Broadway)—Large, attractive, sunny rooms, single or en suite; kitchen, piano, elevator, telephone; $9, $20. Apt. 44.

137TH, 602 WEST, Apt. 44 (Cor. Broadway)—Large front room; subway; elevator.

139TH, 607 WEST—Pleasant large front and kitchen privileges; also single front room. Apt. 33.

150TH, 575 WEST—Elegant room, southern exposure; modern conveniences. Levy, Apt. 65.

BROADWAY, 3,069 (123d St.)—Nicely furnished double room or single. Apt. 55.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 225—Beautiful rooms, overlooking park, running water, elevator. Davis.

CLAREMONT AV., 140 (Apt. 34)—Attractive room, facing park; business woman; reasonable.

ENGINEER, estimator, technical graduate, 9 years' experience steel and concrete construction, drafting, designing, checking, wishes position in Mexico. A 1069 Times Harlem.

FURNISHED room near Broadway subway; couple preferred. Audubon 5776 after 6 P. M.

HAMILTON PL., 100 (142d)—Light, comfortable room, electricity, tile bath, elevator; private family; $12. Apt. 36.

HOTEL NOMIS, 680-682 West 125th St.—All light, airy, outside rooms; every convenience; transient, $1 up; permanent, weekly, $5 up; with bath, transient, $2.50 up; weekly, $16 up; all cars pass door; half block from subway station. Tel. Morningside 849 and 708.

PENN POST HOTEL.
FIVE MINUTES FROM ANTWERP.
318T. AND 8TH AV.,

OPPOSITE PENN STATION, GEN. P. O. 200 NEW, MODERN ROOMS, AIRY AND LIGHT; $1.50 PER DAY, $8 PER WEEK; TURKISH BATH IN CONNECTION. 800. TELEPHONE 314 CHELSEA.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 121 (97th)—Attractive small room, newly decorated and furnished; $10; reference.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 547 (Apt. 22)—Double room, twin beds; gentleman. 3763 Morningside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 118 (84th)—Large room; gentleman. Schuyler 8065. Apt. 2-E.

WEST END AV., 759 (97th)—Attractive double room, housekeeping, select private house.

YOUNG MAN desires to share large pleasant room with young business man, congenial and responsible. Phone Riverside 9064.

ROOMS WANTED

Furnished.

REFINED, considerate couple, having Summer home, wish Winter accommodations, light housekeeping privileges, steam heated apartment or house, with private family; moderate. C 323 Times.

WANTED—By gentleman, room, with private bath, hotel service, from Jan. 1 to April 1; best references. D 58 Times.

STUDENT wants inexpensive room; no objection bright skylight. E 796 Times Downtown.

BY a young business couple, in private family, west side, below 157th St.; state terms. D 18 Times.

ROOM wanted in private family by young graduate Georgia Tech; can pay $8 week. Y 2907 Times Annex.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ADDRESSOGRAPH and graphotype operator; two years' experience; Christian. H 960 Times Downtown.

ARTIST, experienced, expert colorist, designer, wants art work in firm, school, studio. J 323 Times.

BILL CLERK, rapid typist, assistant bookkeeper, 10 years' experience, desires position with reliable firm. F 785 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, bright girl, wishes to connect with high-grade concern, knowledge typing, switchboard; nice personality; salary $15. Address Miss Baiota, 62 2d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, secretary, office manager, executive ability, handle credits, collections, correspondence, seeks responsibility; 12 years' experience. L. 228 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.

Three years' experience, capable, double entry, trial balance, typewriting. S 654 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, typist, experienced and accurate, familiar all forms of office routine. Miss Abrams, 213 Lewis Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, 4 years' experience; quick and accurate; competent. D 36 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, efficient, desires temporary position; typewriting; salary $28. Lena Hirschman, 56 West 111th St.

BOOKKEEPER, competent; double entry; typist, several years' experience; capable taking entire charge. Telephone Bookkeeper, Stuyvesant 8775.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER; high school; five years' experience; expert trial balance, controlling accounts; full charge; $28. J 332 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accurate; college graduate; 2½ years' experience; controlling accounts, financial statements, typewriting; reference; $20. B 783 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER — Thoroughly experienced taking charge, knowledge accountancy. B 796 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, six years' experience controlling accounts; capable of assuming full charge; highest credentials. D 42 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER; entire charge; experienced, competent, reliable; $28. C 320 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced, double entry, control accounts, trial balance. Telephone Bushwick 4597.

BOOKKEEPER, recommended, dependable; controls, balances; knowledge typewriting; $22. Phone Mt. Vernon 877-J.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER — High school graduate; capable, accurate. Miss Koppel, 787 East 183d St.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, experienced order clerk; salary $25. Esther Schwartz, 545 West 160th St., City. Wadsworth 6221.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 2 years' experience controlling accounts, trial balance. D 31 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. V 740 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKER from Madrid, experienced, high class, will sew with private family. B 1005 Times Harlem.

GOVERNESS OR TEACHER—Swiss, with first-class references, desires position; speaking French and German fluently, wishes engagement in a small fine American family. Apply R. Baiser, 463 West 23d St. Chelsea 10896.

GOVERNESS—Young lady of refinement for child 9-13 years; German, French, piano, references. Address Governess, 969 Madison Av.

HOUSEKEEPER—Widow, refined, intelligent, boy 7, would like comfortable home in exchange for household duties for respectable family; honest and reliable; small compensation; country preferred, near New York City. Mrs. M. A. Spinney, 963 Columbia Road, Dorchester, 21, Mass.

HOUSEKEEPER; business couple; no young children; references. Write Housekeeper, 341 West 22d.

HOUSEKEEPER—Refined, middle-aged, active woman for business couple; good American cook. Write Box 80, 1,515 3d Av.

LADY, refined, wants position companion to lady or motherless helper. C 836 Times.

LAUNDRESS—First-class, best reference, American family. O'Connell, 71 East 128th.

SECRETARY.

Well-educated, refined, ambitious young woman, six years' legal-literary, secretarial stenographic experience, wishes to connect with high-class legal firm, literary publication or motion pictures; excellent references; $35. J 317 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER — Experienced, thoroughly efficient, dependable, conscientious, best references; $25. Intervale 1712.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, competent, desires responsible position; highest credentials; 9 years' experience; $30. J 124 Times.

SECRETARY, PRIVATE OR SOCIAL; 28; HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; $25. A. SVIGALS, 262 LENOX AV.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER — Knowledge bookkeeping, capable assuming executive duties, conscientious and trustworthy correspondence. F 97 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-Stenographer-Correspondent, 6 years' experience assistant to business manager; Christian. Phone Morningside 3068.

SECRETARY—Expert stenographer, assist executive; 8 years' experience; $30; no agencies. Box 165, 1,675 Lexington Av.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 7 years' experience; knowledge German. A 566 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—I am retiring from business and wish to place my secretary in a position of responsibility such as she now occupies; I warmly recommend her to any one looking for a capable and efficient stenographer. C 313 Times.

STENOGRAPHER — Good beginner desires position where conscientious, faithful services will be appreciated; high school and business school graduate; salary secondary object. Steno., 171 Macdougal St. Phone Spring 7319.

STENOGRAPHER and secretary, experienced, accustomed confidential work, desires position; best references; salary $30; dependable. H 976 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, first class; thoroughly experienced export, law, steamship; educated, competent, dependable; $30. A 544 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent law, good refined secretary; position where work is not too heavy; salary $18 to $20. F 766 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, accurate typist, good bookkeeper; A1 reference; no clock watcher; $15. Miss T., 1,632 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER—Two years' experience; accurate, willing; references; $18. B 763 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced, high school graduate; knowledge bookkeeping. F 795 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, export and import experience; academic education. Ida Klein, 327 East 116th.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English experienced; part-time position. A 1047 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, experienced, wishes position uptown firm; salary $25. F 269 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Christian, 4 years' experience; references; handle correspondence; $35. H 951 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY—Five years' experience, college graduate; $25. A 838 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, accurate beginner, good speller. V., 202 West 116th St. University 3030.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, accurate, neat and willing. E. Rainborn, 344 Whitlock Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish; general office work; knowledge of English. A 1050 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 17, beginner; recommended; $15. Minnie, 116 East Houston. Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, energetic; possess initiative; excellent credentials; $25. N 794 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Three years' experience, office assistant; references; $20. B 787 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, four years' experience; efficient and trustworthy. B 784 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, aged 20; experienced, educated, neat appearance and willing worker. Harlem 3740.

STENOGRAPHER, five years' experience, rapid, reliable, references; $25. A 631 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, high school graduate; four years' experience; references. Phone Intervale 3697.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced; part or full time; literary work preferred. Chelsea 5295, or write J 321 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, intelligent, high school education, knowledge Spanish, desires position. J 320 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience, capable, $30. Miss S., 293 Eastern Parkway.

STENOGRAPHER, college training, 3 years' experience; reference. Call Watkins 4035.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, best references; salary $20. S 544 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Rapid typist, 5 yrs' experience, desires position. E 1314 Times Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, beginner; bright, accurate; $15. Apt. 54, 473 West 158th St.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, typist, desires permanent position; $15. H 946 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, experienced, understands filing; good handwriting; conscientious worker; $17. K 276 Times.

TYPIST, 2½ years' experience; quick, accurate, willing worker; references. D 35 Times.

TYPIST, 3 years' experience, office assistant; references; $18. H 891 Times Downtown.

WOMAN seeks position as deerwoman for 1 or 2 doctors; experienced; best references. J 818 Times.

YOUNG GIRL, 17, beginner, bookkeeper or assistant, graduate of Drake Business School in advanced bookkeeping and typewriting; salary object. Address H. Grimes, Hawthorne, N. Y.

YOUNG LADY—Four years' experience exporting, knowledge buying, shipping, insurance, Christian, 21, trustworthy, energetic. Telephone Beekman 950.

YOUNG LADY, college student, experienced stenographer, desires responsible part-time work at office or her home; owns typewriter. J 329 Times.

YOUNG LADY, refined, experienced office details, filing, &c.; $16. K 274 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS, neat, colored, girls, investigated, references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (Agency), 214 West 39th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

LAZARE'S Employment Agency, 200 East 73d, s. e. corner 2d Av. Tel. Rhinelander 4044. Large selection of excellent household help, including well recommended couples.

SERVIA CARLSON, Swedish Agency—First-class servants. 2,230 Broadway, cor. 82d St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT—PUBLIC EXPERT.
Books opened, closed, audited. Tax reports. Arrangements with firms without bookkeepers. Reasonable charge; references. Absolutely correct.
JAROW, 49 SAINT LEVI. STUYVESANT 228.

ACCOUNTANT.
STATISTICIAN.
Eleven years' experience as statistician, accountant and office executive; expert organizer and director; capable visualizing results for information of officers and directors; law graduate, American. Christian (Mason). B 778 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT C. P. A., N. Y. UNIVERSITY; AUDITOR, EFFICIENCY EXPERT (40), ORGANIZER AND EXECUTIVE, WITH A1 RECORD, OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT; SALARY $7,500. Y 2909 TIMES ANNEX.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 27, Christian, experienced office manager, organizing ability, knowledge of Spanish, familiar with reports; large manufacturer's expert office preferred. A 624 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, SYSTEMATIZERS — Books opened, closed, audited, financial statements, tax reports, arrangements firms without bookkeepers. The Stim Co., 82 Cortlandt St., Rector 4678.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, audited, systems, tax reports, arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly up. Goldwater, 299 Broadway. Worth 6068.

ACCOUNTANT, 28, senior, several years' accounting and business experience; college graduate; income tax; salary $2,000. M 282 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, at New York University and head bookkeeper of A. A. corporation, seeks junior connection with C. P. A. firm; available Jan. 3. D 22 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 20, experienced bookkeeper, can take off trial balances, &c.; seeks connection with accounting firm. M. Lesch, 84 Beaver St., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, certified, Hampshire, seeks position; part time preferred. N 201 Times.

ACCOUNTANCY STUDENT wishes position certified concern; three years bookkeeping. A. C., 117 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, desires connection with certified accountant. B 788 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, several years' experience; certified public accountant; highly recommended. B 421 Times.

ACCOUNTANT (junior) desires connection certified firm; tax knowledge. F 769 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, competent, semi-senior, seeks connection with certified accountant. A 466 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Expert, with executive ability, active, wishes position; highest credentials. E 1213 Times Bronx.

ACCOUNTANT, general cost; experienced, salary moderate; factory preferred. A 837 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly experienced cost and manufacturing, tax, desires connection. D 3 Times.

ACCOUNTANT seeks part time work for C. P. A.; passed N. Y. C. P. A. H 948 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 23, experienced junior; accountancy student; references. A 836 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT desires immediate connection, 2 years' public experience. A 841 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 28, public experience, income tax knowledge, wall educated; references. K 264 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, desires 3 or 4 days weekly with C. P. A. firm. L 278 Times.

ADVERTISING.

College man, 22, journalism student, tired of "blind alley" positions, wants job at bottom of advertising agency with chance for advancement; keen and creative mind; moderate salary; references. Write J 330 Times, or phone 43861 Bryant.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, ledger clerk; young Pace man; two years' experience. B 799 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 37, MARRIED, THOROUGH PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE IN GENERAL AND BRANCH AC-COUNTING, DESIRES POSITION WITH REPUTABLE CORPORATION. L 299 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, four years' experience, accounts, receivable trial balances, collections; excellent references; salary $30. D 43 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 24, experienced, capable operating complete set, familiar controlling accounts, trial balance; excellent references. B 736 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT, married, thoroughly experienced; 4 years certified accountants. C 382 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Full control, managing department; long experience; $40. H 772 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. S 923 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Young man; willing worker; shipping, selling experience. Newberger, 713 East 9th.

BOOKKEEPER, public accounting experience, seeks position part time. L 277 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 27, capable of taking charge, or as assistant. D 58 Times.

BUTLER, first or second, 8 years' experience, speaks French; excellent references. Address A. L., 1264 5th Av.

CHAUFFEUR, Scotch, single, desires position with private family; twelve years' experience; six years last position; used to high-grade cars; good mechanic; best references. L 253 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, married, seven years' experience, good driver, private position, anywhere. Further information write C 307 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, nine years' experience, first-class mechanic; all cars; best references. F. C. Piemann, 508 Amsterdam Av., City.

CARPENTER; 75c. per hour; good mechanic; faithful service. A 847 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, thoroughly experienced, excellent references, careful, neat, courteous driver, desires position city or country; moderate salary to start. Address P. Lamb, 217 7th Av. Telephone Watkins 7938.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 34, experienced, careful driver, wishes position private family; best references. Zwiebel, 225 West 119th St.

CHAUFFEUR, Belgian, twelve years' experience; best references. Breyne, 1 Manhattan Av.

CHAUFFEUR wishes first-class position; best of references. Phone 9824 Morningside.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese; careful driver; careful; years experience; best references. Tokyo, 734 Lexington Av.

DENTAL, mechanical, all around assistant; experienced young man; position private office; best personal reference; $25. K 346 Times.

DESIGNER, ten years' experience on steel and concrete structures. L 296 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, designer, 5 years' experience, engineering education. A 510 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, junior, 2 years' experience, wishes position. Schmidt, 283 West 132d.

DRIVER on single or double truck wishes position. S 885 Times Downtown.

INTERPRETER—French, Italian, German, Russian. L 297 Times.

JAPANESE, student, general housewerker or butler; experienced; small wages; school hours 11-4:30. Sawa, 102 West 123d St.

MAN, 36 years old, in the insurance business, desires to connect with real estate concern as agent and rent collector; best references and bond if required. F 771 Times Downtown.

MAN, 28, alert, industrious, guard or watchman; 13 years' experience; U. S. Army; references. D 373 Times.

MAN, 30, college education, wishes position; salary $30. B 1015 Times Harlem.

OFFICE MAN—Six years' business experience; good correspondent; good knowledge office methods; experienced shipping, purchasing and credits; will start at small salary with house offering opportunity to capable, ambitious man; best references. B 410 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER'S or executive's assistant, six years' business experience, three years' noncommissioned army officer, supervisor clerical force, seeks opening with progressive organization where opportunity exists and where ambition and industry will be duly rewarded; accountancy student. B 795 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER, accountant, experienced, university graduate, desires position; available Feb. 1. C 338 Times.

PRINTING, embracing, costs, production, follow-up, practical experience, references. L., 325 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—CHICAGO RESIDENT desires connection with reputable business house; at present in New York. B 890 Times.

SALESMAN, RESIDENT

in Chicago, desires to represent New York house handling Japanese dry goods, silks and novelties. Y 2242 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, experienced, desires lines skirts, dresses, suits for the best class of jobbing trade on commission basis; only reliable houses. Friedman, 16 West 116th.

SALESMAN—Mr. Business Man, what sales line do you wish to extend in Westchester County? If your proposition has merit, write Glasgow-Hillview, Yonkers.

SALESMAN—Large manufacturer men's of popular priced knit underwear; Newark, Jersey City, Bronx, part Brooklyn; commission; no drawing account. C 331 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced stationery, office supplies; would represent good, first-class concern in Chicago and vicinity. Paul G. Muller, 817 Wisconsin Av., Oak Park, Ill.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SALES EXECUTIVE, born, Dublin school, 34, wishes to make a change where his ability as sales engineer or sales manager can be utilized by a concern of national reputation. C 813 Times.

SALESMAN, stock, two experienced live wires; will cover entire Western territory providing legitimate proposition is obtained. D 83 Times.

SALESMAN, traveling, down side line in connection with other line; salary and commission. 846 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, with many years experience, owning car, desires staple and up-to-date line for city and vicinity. N 180 Times.

SALESMAN, trade, wishes position. K Seidenman, 117 Rockwood St., Bronx.

SECRETARY, expert stenographer, typist, correspondent, sales, &c., steady connection. A 539 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, 8, 5 years' experience, expert packer, marker, familiar with exports and domestics; capable of taking full charge; best references. D 33 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, 4 years' experience; can take full charge of shipping room. A 840 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK, expert marker and packer. Abe Baltman, 75 Manjer St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, experienced, reliable, integrity, speak desirable opening professional, commercial, temporary, permanent; filing expert; salesman. N 209 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY—Young man, experienced, reliable, good character and habits; excellent references; reasonable salary. A 881 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, college graduate, wishes position where he can leave 2 o'clock Tuesdays and Thursdays. F 245 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, rapid, efficient, executive training, desires position. K 206 Times.

TRAFFIC MANAGER with 10 years' railroad and commercial experience embracing both foreign and domestic business, now employed, desires connection with progressive commercial organization of magnitude in need of a trained executive, possessing diplomacy, sociability, and tact; fitness as to adept at organization, deputation and supervision. Will call for interview, New York City and vicinity. Y 2249 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 20, earnest and ambitious, good education, desires position in bank, brokerage house, or other business firm; knowledge stenography, typewriting; Scandinavian, German, French languages. Address H. M., Short Hills, or phone Short Hills 278.

YOUNG MAN, 21, thoroughly experienced in general office routine, 5 years' experience, knowledge of typewriting, bookkeeping and correspondence. Chas. Henkin, 206 Freeman St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN—If you have an opening for wide awake, high school graduate, 18, 2 years' business experience, fair knowledge French, Spanish, at present employed, answer. 1014 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 22, seven years' experience advertising field, desires connection with agency; fully competent minor executive or assistant; knowledge bookkeeping, typewriting. J 325 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, bright, active, sales ability, desires position where hard work will assure him a future; can hold responsible position in a bank; salary no object. B 426 Times.

YOUNG MAN, Spanish, just coming from Spain, accountant, wishes a position in office or as teacher in college. J. A. E., 206 East 15th.

YOUNG MAN, 20, intelligent, honest and ambitious, desires position with future; high school education; go anywhere; best references. F 272 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, intelligent, willing worker, experienced domestic export shipping, invoicing stock, clerical, references. B 775 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires night work part or full time, as switchboard operator, stenographer, cashier or clerk. L 612 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, college education, 1½ years' export experience, knowledge bookkeeping, desires responsible position. H 900 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires employment at anything, selling experience; references. F 284 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, educated, experienced office man, correspondence, &c., desires position that offers opportunity. B 243 Times.

YOUNG MAN, High school graduate, willing to start at bottom, clerical experience, excellent references. L., 10 Union Square.

YOUNG MAN, 25, technical college graduate (C. E.), seeks any job with future. B 744 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, high school graduate, desires employment evenings. J 328 Times.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, 20; clerical, office, sales experience; high school education; excellent references; $30. B

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN
WANTED,
A BIG MAN
TO SELL CHAIN STORES.

WE WANT A BIG, AGGRESSIVE MAN WHO KNOWS HOW TO SELL THE CHAIN STORES AND PREMIUM HOUSES OF THE UNITED STATES.

WE HAVE A PRODUCT THAT MANY OF THEM ARE BUYING TODAY, BUT OTHER PROBLEMS HAVE KEPT US FROM PROPERLY PUSHING OUR SALES IN THIS FIELD.

WE HAVE ONE OF THE FASTEST SELLING PROPOSITIONS IN AMERICA, AND DO A BUSINESS OF MORE THAN $10,000,000 ANNUALLY OUR ADVERTISING APPROPRIATION FOR 1921 IS $1,000,000. THAT INDICATES OUR SIZE.

THE RIGHT MAN SHOULD BE ABLE TO BUILD UP A TREMENDOUS BUSINESS WITH THE STORES MENTIONED BECAUSE OUR PRODUCT IS SOMETHING THAT THEY CAN HANDLE EASILY AND IT OFFERS THEM A VERY SUBSTANTIAL PROFIT.

THIS IS A GREAT OPPORTUNITY FOR SOME MAN, BUT HE MUST BE A SALESMAN TO HIS FINGER TIPS AND ACCUSTOMED TO HANDLE BIG THINGS

IF YOU THINK YOU CAN PROVE TO US THAT YOU ARE THE RIGHT MAN TO HANDLE THIS PROPOSITION; THAT YOU ARE A REAL CLOSER OF BUSINESS. WRITE US AT ONCE, GIVING YOUR SELLING EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AND STATE WHAT SALARY YOU DESIRE.

ADDRESS MANUFACTURER, V 782 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN.

The Best Sales Manager and Salesman. Large responsible Chicago corporation, selling service, having many branches, is preparing for the best sales material for its local office and others which are being opened at the rate of two a week. Unexcelled opportunity with the opportunity for maximum earnings, to the red-blooded, far-sighted salesman who isn't looking for salary drawing account or advance, but who believes he can sell what others are selling and who is desirous of earning the most $100 a week which can be rapidly reached. Some of our men earn $200 a week the day they start with us. Send for particulars in your letter and give photo number. Address Y 2265 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.

Live salesmen, experienced in the selling of specialties to small merchants, employes preferred, who know how they can sell and are willing to join the strongest organization of its kind in the country, are wanted to join the sales organization of a rapidly expanding 24 branches and representatives selling for customer's account; $1,000. G. R. Ruckett Co., 1,763 Broadway, Circle 132.

SALESMEN

to sell second cars, trucks and cars who desire to learn the selling profession. Does $50 to $100 week. $50 the second, $80 the third and so on interest you? A large, responsible Chicago corporation desires to establish branches in various towns. Their director of sales will be in New York on Dec. 23 for the purpose of interviewing selected applicants for positions. Strictly commission basis, no drawing account, no advances, but a real opportunity for large earnings for showing hard selling nerve. Send phone number and complete details to Y 2261 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, traveling, wanted to cover Metropolitan district and northern New Jersey for leading trade journal; to sell well rated, old concern manufacturing blaster board, wall board, lime and roofing, prefer man employed, under 40; straight salary and expenses; state fully age, education, personal description, experience, nationality and salary expected, all replies treated confidentially. Address President, Room 811, 170 Franklin St., Buffalo, N. Y.

SALESMAN, securities, wanted, with ability to sell Dependable Automobile and Motors company on commission & per cent. preferred stock, exceptional sales record established. Duesenberg Automobile and Motors Company, Inc., Chattanooga, Tenn.

SALESMAN—Wanted, steel plate construction and tank salesman for New York district, man experienced in this line of work to represent Eastern tank concern; state salary and experience; give references. Y 2292 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, first-class, wanted to travel for large trade, with two trunks, for the month of January, with men's furnishings; American only need apply. Address in writing, stating salary, H. P. W., Hotel Commodore, New York.

SALESMAN, resident, or selling agency to represent manufacturer of men's, boys' and ladies' high-grade sweaters to the retail and department trade in New York City; commission basis. Geri Sweater Mills, 309 York Av., Philadelphia.

SALESMAN.

experienced in selling on drug trade and hospitals, to represent an old established thermometer firm on commission basis in good territory, can be handled as a line or alone; excellent opportunity for right party. Address Y 2262 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.

[illegible] experienced, for handle in New York City and vicinity high-grade line composition lighting fixtures and lamps on commission, christian firm; state experience and full particulars. S 428 Times.

SALESMAN and experienced, for Northern New Jersey and Eastern New York; excellent opportunity for capable man; salary and commission; state experience. Y 2311 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, with automobile sales experience, for The Missionite, $5 part-payment proposition with [illegible] we are paying the best commission on the line, steady work. Room 716, 1 Madison Av.

SALESMEN—Ford automobile, truck and pleasure cars wide awake, active, of neat appearance and good personality; live wire can make good money; commission basis. Carmel Motor Co., 1,180 Broadway, at 127th.

SALESMEN wanted with selling automobile knowledge best selling proposition in years, big earnings, salary and commission. Scout Telegraph Auto Lock Sales Co., 1,679 Broadway.

SALESMAN with city salesman wanted for selling up trade for excellent silk piece goods manufacturer; salary or commission; splendid opportunity; must have thorough experience in the trade.

SALESMEN wanted for city or Brooklyn; experience in any merchandise line; good opportunity for the right man; salary or commission. Call Tuesday, 10 A. M., New York Bargain House, 7-9 Broadway.

SALESMEN (2) wanted, to sell hotel, restaurant and apartment house supplies; good commission and salary; interview between 10 and 12 or 2 and 4. Frank Boyer.

SALESMAN on high-class motor trucks; excellent opportunity, commission basis. Apply Old Motors Corp., William and Henry Sts., Long Island City.

SALESMAN for ladies' coats, travel Middle and Far West; on commission basis; will advance road expenses, single man only; good references. H. M., 109 Times.

SALESMAN, Modern jobbing foundry and malleable iron casting salesman in New York and Brooklyn; salary and commission. Times Annex.

SALESMAN to sell corrugated shipping cases, experience unnecessary; can earn from $50 to $100 weekly; commission only. Paramount Box Corp., 750 Grand St., Brklyn.

SALESMEN for well known motor trucks, 1-ton capacity; good proposition for progressive commission basis. Call 804 East 19th.

SALESMEN—Kelt goods; mill to jobber; all territories; commission basis; for attention reply give experience. Address V 280 Times.

SALESMEN for five vacancies in wholesale department, eastern territory; auto sales experience necessary, commission basis; full particulars in first letter. S 323 Times.

SALESMEN, security, to sell A1 investment proposition; good commission; will train inexperienced men. Call personally or write. 1500 170 Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced, Southern territory, Timmons and negligees; commission basis. S 1056 Times Annex.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

A market for used cars. All advertisements censored. Rate, 65 cents per agate line.

Buick 1920 Coupe, $1,950.
Essex 1920 Sedan, $1,850.
Cadillac 1918 Sedan, $2,250.
Dodge 1918 Coupe, $750.
Dodge 1920 Tour., $975.
Chevrolet 1919 Sedan, $750.
Harry Brenner, 2,124 B'way (74th). Col. 4077.

BUICK 1918 Little Six 5-passenger, practically new; low mileage; new tires; a sacrifice; need cash; $750, no less; no dealers. D 37 Times.

BUICK 1919 COUPE,
six-cylinder, in excellent mechanical condition; five new tires; a bargain. Stearns Co., 415 West 55th St. Circle 7602.

BUICK 1921 touring; exceptional opportunity. Schoonmaker-Jacod, 1,686 Broadway.

BUICK 1920 coupe, like new; price $2,250. 19 West 62d St., New York.

BUICK 1916 touring, good condition. Decatur 6751, 1,096 Herkimer St., Brooklyn.

BUICK COUPES, TOURING, ROADSTERS. Flack Co., 238-240 West 54th St.

CADILLAC, 1920 "59" victoria.
CADILLAC, 1920 "59" suburban sedan.
CADILLAC, 1920 "59" touring.
CADILLAC, 1918 touring.
HUDSON, 1919 model M coupe.
PACKARD, 1919 3-35 Fleetwood touring.
SUTTZ, 1920 four-passenger.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOD, 1,686 B'way.

CADILLAC Victoria coupe, as good as new; delivered in June, 1920; run 6,700 miles; complete equipment, six cord tires; cost $5,800; will sacrifice $4,200. Y 2207 Times Annex.

CADILLAC closed cars, coupes, sedans, landaulets, limousines, town cars, 1917, 1918, 1919 models, at reduced prices; call, make offer. 122 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLACS, 1919, 4 and 7 passenger touring, fully equipped; exceptional rubber, Westinghouse shock absorbers; $2,500 each cach. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway.

CADILLAC, latest model, Healy landaulet; 1,000 miles; rare opportunity. Private owner, Columbus 4010. Stanford, 251 W. 69.

CADILLAC "57" 5 Victoria coupe; like new. Wire wheels and extras. Mr. Cook, Columbus 4057.

CADILLAC 1919 AMESBURY SEDAN.
Harry Brenner, 2,124 B'way (74th). Col. 4077.

CHANDLER sedan, 7-passenger, 1920 model; practically brand new, A1 condition; fully equipped; Silvertown cord tires, 2 extras; low mileage; seen by appointment. Phone Cathedral 7390, Apt. 52.

COLE 1919 suburban sedan, slightly used; bargain. Seen 127 West 64th. Meyer.

CUNNINGHAM suburban sedan, with partition; bargain. Seen 630 5th Av., Cook-Macconnell.

DODGE 1920 runabout; owner going away; extra tires; tubes, chain; mileage, 5,000 miles. Bronxville Garage, Phone 3352 Bronxville.

DOJGE sedan, 1918, fully equipped, perfect condition; sacrifice. Garage, 210 E. 24th.

ESSEX sedan just revarnished, cord tires, bargain. Phone, Morristown, N. J.

FLAT 1918 touring, privately owned; must sacrifice. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

FORDS, all models; immediate delivery; time payments; Authorized Ford Agency. Wadsworth 5494.

FRANKLIN 1919 five-passenger Sedan; five new cord tires; appearance like new; price right. Stearns Co., 415 West 55th St. Circle 7603.

FRANKLIN Sedan, Series 9; beautiful car, faultless; $1,650. Kaufman, 7 Lenox Av.

FRANKLIN sedan, 1919, velour upholstery. Packard Auto Ex., 10 West 60th St.

HUDSON limousine, model H, mechanical condition and paint unusually good; excellent equipment; selling for customer's account; $1,000. G. R. Ruckett Co., 1,763 Broadway, Circle 132.

HUDSON 1920 4 PASS. SPORT.
Like new. Many extras. Bargain for immediate sale. Private owner, Schuyler 8080.

HUDSON 1920 4-passenger coupe, almost brand new, $2,300. Prospect 909.

HUDSON, 1920, 4-PASSENGER, SPORT; SACRIFICE. CIRCLE 3222.

HUDSON 1920 four-passenger, slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

HUDSON 1919 sedan, new in 1920. Seen 950 5th Av., Cook-Macconnell.

LOCOMOBILE, 6-48; Berlin body; good condition; motor excellent condition; any reasonable offer accepted. A 1658 Times Harlem.

LOCOMOBILE, 1920 touring; like new; sacrifice. Scott, 156 West 123. Circle 8222.

MARMON town car; collapsible top; run only four months; sacrifice for cash; write for inspection, appointment and demonstration. C. D., 710 Times Downtown.

MERCER 1917 touring, just overhauled; no cash offer refused. Can be seen at De Forro, 601 West 47th St.

NASH 1919 touring, in good operating condition; $725 to quick cash buyer. Studebaker Corporation, Broadway and 54th St.

OLDSMOBILE—$475 buys late 1918 Oldsmobile, eight-cylinder, 7-pass., touring in good running condition; A SACRIFICE. Studebaker Corporation, 1,700 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE, light six; late model; fully equipped; looks like a new car; inspection invited. Studebaker Corporation, 1,405 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

OLDSMOBILE sedan, 1919, five-pass.; sedan in excellent mechanical condition but needs paint; CHEAP. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

PACKARD 7-passenger limousine, in A1 condition. Phone owner between 10 and 12. Madison Square 5690.

PACKARD 1917 touring; reasonable. Waldron, 132 West 58th St.

PACKARD 3-35 touring; Fleetwood body, latest design. Barclay 7446.

PACKARD twin 6 limousine, perfect condition; reasonable. Chelsea 5468.

PAIGE sedan 1918, many extras, A1 condition; seen by appointment. Phone 808, Morristown, N. J.

PIERCE-ARROW—Owner wishes to dispose of touring car, Series 4, 38 horse power, just completely overhauled and painted, new top and side curtains. Write, call or telephone to Mr. E. P. Cobb, Room 364, 50 Church Street. Telephone Cortlandt 574.

PIERCE-ARROW, beautiful 1919 touring, dual valve; can't be told from new; condition guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 8374 Riverside.

PIERCE-ARROW 1918 48 touring car, Westinghouse shock absorbers; first-class condition; any demonstration. Gear, 222 E. 44th.

PIERCE coupe 1919; 6,000 miles; seen by appointment only. Phone 805 Morristown, N. J.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 48 landaulet; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

PIERCE-ARROW 1919 48 runabout; will sacrifice. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

REOS, Stewarts, Autocars, Macks, Dodges, Buicks, Fords, Ford extensions and others; 1½ to 5 ton; Reos, also rebuilt Racines, ½ to 1½ tons. Racine Motor Corp., 5th and Webster Avs., Long Island City. Telephone Astoria 3485.

ROAMER 1920, sport model touring, neat looking car; was purchased brand new by present owner; for a quick sale will make a big sacrifice. See Mr. Hodgson's car, Knickerbocker Garage, 415 East 54th.

ROAMER 1919 runabout, also 4-passenger; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

S. G. V. taxi ready to work; $700. Arrow Garage, 142 West 56th St.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, late model touring car, in good running condition; fully equipped and many extras; $485. Studebaker Corporation, 1,405 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STEARNS 1920 ROADSTER,
4-cylinder; owner driven 600 miles; new car guarantee; price right. Stearns Co., 415 West 55th. Circle 7603.

STEARNS-KNIGHT sport model roadster, cheap. Garage, 625 Madison St.

STUDEBAKER sedan, 1919, Special Six, 5-pass. sedan, reconditioned like new and factory guaranteed; $1,785. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

STUDEBAKER coupe; $550 buys 1918 Studebaker 4-pass., custom built coupe; a real bargain. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

STUDEBAKER, late model touring car; in good running condition; bargain at $385. Studebaker Corporation, 1,405 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER, 1920 big "6" demonstrator; run less than 5,000 miles; guaranteed to be in perfect running condition; rare bargain. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER, 1919 light small touring car; factory rebuilt; guaranteed; refinished and just equipped with five new wire wheels. Studebaker Corporation, 1,405 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER, 1920, special "6" touring car; 3 months' use; fully guaranteed; inspection invited. Studebaker Corporation, 1,405 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER, 1919 Club roadster; fully equipped; many extras; this car is a very snappy model. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER 1920 four-pass. club roadster, used only few miles and factory guaranteed. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ 1917 4-passenger, just overhauled; no cash offer refused. Can be seen at De Ferro, 601 West 47th St.

WILLYS-KNIGHT touring car; used very little; extra slip covers and shoes; looks like new. Studebaker Corporation, 1,945 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

WILLYS-OVERLAND, late 1918 4-pass. chummy roadster, in wonderful condition throughout; $650. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

WILLYS-KNIGHT touring, 5 pass. 1920; slightly used; 6 cord tires; bargain. Stearns, 415 West 55th; Circle 7603.

SELL YOUR CAR—Highest price paid for export; save garage expenses; investigate co-operative plan. Trans-Marine Motor Corporation, 507 West 50th St. Write today.

BEAUTIFUL French limousine, $4,000; car can be seen by appointment. Circle 3206.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOMOBILES—1,000 WANTED.
Highest prices paid; bring car or phone. 499 East 163d. Melrose 3705.

WANTED—Small town car; state price, description. D 46 Times.

Automobiles to Rent.

PACKARD twin sixes, limousines, landaulets, for rent by hour, day, week, month; reasonable rates; excellent service. Champion Garage and Auto Co. Columbus 9072.

CADILLAC, limousine, beautiful appearance; will rent to private party by month; price $450. W. Hall, 3,222 Astoria.

ROLLS ROYCE, Locomobile limousine; prompt service; reasonable rates. Darrin, 6818 Murray Hill.

PACKARD Twin Sixes for hire; reasonable rates; monthly, specialty. Muldoon, Columbus 2151.

CADILLAC Private Renting Service, 145 West 54th St., Circle 2809; first-class service at reasonable rates, monthly specialty.

CADILLAC limousine, up-to-date, newly painted; hour, day, week or month; reasonable rates. Heller, Columbus 2925.

ISOTTA class; town landaulette; foreign car; hour, day, week; owner drives; references. Tel. Circle 1835.

PACKARD—Limousine, private appearance, $75 to $125 weekly; desirable party. Circle 1558.

RENAULT town car, beautiful appearance; will rent to private party monthly. Phone Spring 6854.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTO INSTRUCTION.
4 and 8 weeks' courses for
Owners, Chauffeurs, Mechanics, Salesmen.
WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A.,
302 West 57th St., New York.
Get booklet and pass. Special ladies' classes.

AUTOMOBILE TRAINING BY EXPERTS. Complete shop course, $65, with driving, $90; weekly payments. Ask for Catalogue L. STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 West 57th St., at Broadway. Leading School—Founded 1909.

REPAIRING, driving taught short time; lessons guaranteed; ladies' classes; also Ford lessons. American Auto School, 724 Lexington Av.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th—Superior instructors guarantee expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Pressure was low and falling Sunday from the Pacific Coast eastward over the plateau and Rocky Mountain regions, and it was high over the sections further east. The temperature continued below normal over the greater portion of the country.

The outlook is for mostly fair weather in the States east of the Mississippi River Monday, but the western disturbance is expected to move eastward and cause unsettled weather Tuesday and snow is probable in the upper lake region and the Ohio Valley, and rain in the Southern States. Temperature changes will not be important.

Winds for Monday: North of Sandy Hook, fresh west and northwest and partly overcast weather; Sandy Hook to Hatteras, moderate west and northwest, partly overcast weather.

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Northern New England and Eastern New York—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; not much change in temperature.

Southern New England and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Monday and Tuesday; not much change in temperature.

New Jersey—Fair Monday and Tuesday; not much change in temperature.

Western New York—Cloudy Monday, probably light snow near the lakes. Tuesday generally fair; not much change in temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	28	13	4 P. M.	33	28
6 A. M.	28	14	6 P. M.	33	28
9 A. M.	26	16	9 P. M.	31	21
12 M.	30	19	11 P. M.	29	21

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 30; for the corresponding date last year it was 18; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 34.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 26; at 8 P. M. it was 31. Maximum temperature, 36 degrees at 5:20 P. M.; minimum, 25 degrees at 6 A. M. Humidity, 62 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 62 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.14 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.16 inches.

Fire Record.

A.M.		Loss.
12:40—178	Suffolk St; Rising Sun Paper Box Co.	Not given
2:45—833	Broadway; Goldfarb & Co.	Frost; Not given
3:00—15	W. 133 St.; not given.	Slight
3:20—223	Grand St.; M. Wolf & Co.	Slight
8:00—1,590	Bathgate Av., Bronx; H. Lasarus	Not given
10:05—320	10 Av.; M. Storaress	Slight
10:35—307	E. 100 St.; W. Schwartz	Not given
P.M.		
12:10—1,428	Boston Rd., Bronx; B. Greenberg	Slight
1:10—2,167	5 Av.; G. Cinque	Slight
1:30—121	E. 23 St.; L. Kiel	Slight
2:30—112	W. 79 St.; W. Stubbs	Slight
2:30—3,240	3 Av., Bronx; Bruer & Mathews	Slight
3:15—575	Broadway; J. Robinson	Not given
3:45—00	Monroe St.; J. Kaplan	Slight
4:05—266	E. 165 St., Bronx; M. Yuelson	Slight
5:30—2,114	Quarry Rd., Bronx; vacant lot	Not given
6:30—307	E. 100 St.; I. Schwartz	Slight
6:35—542	W. 133 St.; S. Madden	Slight
7:00—618	W. 142 St.; P. Urs	Not given
8:00—235	Monroe St.; A. Marcus	Slight
9:15—1,093	3 Av.; J. Nacosa	Not given
10:30—Lafayette & Broome Sts. (auto); L. Cohen		Not given

FOR SALE

RUSSIAN WOLF HOUND, male, 6 months old; fine specimen, registered pedigree; photographs and description upon request. C. H. Taggart, 4,121 Smith Road, Norwood, Ohio.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathen's, 452 Broadway.

ADDRESSOGRAPH FRAMES, FOUR MODEL B; ALSO WOOD CABINETS AND DRAWERS; CHEAP. AUTO LIST & ADDR. CO., 136 WEST 52D ST.

BRANDNEW 36-power multigraph; attachments; sell half price. Rubenstein, 335 Broadway.

FOR CHRISTMAS buy beautiful Persian rugs; sacrifice by Nahas, 19 West 44th St., Room 606.

FOR SALE—Twenty new Torrington electric vacuum cleaners, $40 each; guaranteed. E. M. Grant, 1,570 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE—One hot water boiler, slightly used, 3,400 ft. radiation. Telephone Beekman 1128.

LONG and short piece goods tables; good condition. Shainberg & Schoenfeld, 31 West 31st St. Longacre 2270.

SHOWROOM machinery, fixtures and large silk safe for sale. Murray Hill 3138.

Furniture.

REED and willow furniture for all homes direct from factory; most practical Christmas present; in single pieces or sets. Long Beach Willow Co., 186 East 41st.

FURNITURE, 6-room apartment, including Victrola; lease privilege. 3,915 Broadway. Apt. 22.

Pianos and Organs.

THREE STEINWAY BABY GRANDS, EXCELLENT CONDITION. STORAGE, 17 WEST 125TH.

STEINWAY ebony baby grand, like new; $800; quick action. J 308 Times.

Clothing.

MAN'S raccoon coat; excellent condition; $350 cash. B. R., 367 Times.

Cats and Dogs.

POLICE DOG, also known as German shepherd dog; male, trained, with first-class pedigree, registered American Kennel Club, 2½ years old; must dispose of same because of owner's departure to Europe. Mrs. O. A. Geier, Evelyn Lodge, Central Av., Tompkinsville. Phone Tompkinsville 379, or Worth 9295.

SHEPHERD (POLICE) DOG
For sale; unusually fine male pup; champion blood lines; 8 months old; exceptionally large and handsome; good enough to head a kennel; price $400; may be seen by appointment. Telephone Gramercy 2388.

PEKINGESE, 6 months, beautiful pet, pedigree choice; Christmas gift. 242 West 103d.

Office Furniture.

NEW QUARTERED OAK TYPEWRITER DESKS, CHAIRS, DIRECTORS' TABLE. ROYAL TYPEWRITER 10. ROOM 79, 542 5TH AV.

Wanted to Purchase.

PAY top prices for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments, pianos, works of art, &c. Telephone Harlem 1299. Merle's, 155 East 125th.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place, Stuyvesant 3793.

HIGHEST cash prices paid for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments; pianos, books, carpets, works of art. A. Jones, 161 East 125th St. Tel. Harlem 2787.

PAY highest cash prices for contents of houses, apartments, works of art, pianos, bronzes, bric-a-brac. J. B. Stonepath, 163 East 125th. Phone 8979 Harlem.

I PAY 25% more than any one for your furniture, rugs, pianos, paintings. Griffin, 115 University Place. Stuyvesant 2298.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

FERRONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST MORRIS HOLLENDER, conducting delicatessen business at 59-61 St. Nicholas Av., New York City, should present same at once to Isador I. Stolper, 41 Park Row, New York City, or Max Helfat, 44 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

NAOMI AND JACOB GREEN HAVE withdrawn from J. Green & Co., Inc., 110-112 West 40th St., Sept. 10, 1919, last, and have discontinued all connections.

ASSIGNEE SALES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the general assignment of JOSEPH GOLDSTEIN & CHARLES GOLDSTEIN to MAURICE L. SHAINE for the benefit of creditors.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will sell at public auction through Joseph Feldstein, Auctioneer, this day, Monday, December 20, 1920, at 2 P. M., at 60 Division Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, assets of above named assignor, consisting of an up-to-date stock of ladies' fur and cloth coats, children's coats, ladies' dresses and suits, woolens, lining canvas, very fine electric National cash register, partitions, wall cases, mirrors, racks, stands, forms, chairs, etc., etc., also all the right, title and interest of the assignee in and to the lease of the above premises.

MAURICE L. SHAINE, Assignee.
SOBEL & BRAND, Attorneys for Assignee, 320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE DOLIN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, December 20, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 37 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of jewelry mountings, gold rings, safe, office furniture, fixtures, &c. JOSEPH H. FRIER, Receiver.
MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

"The Public Be Pleased."
COLONIAL LINE
To BOSTON and PROVIDENCE
Daily and Sunday at 5 P. M.
Boat leaves Pier 28, N. R., Ft. W. Houston St.
Phone 3411 Spring.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A.M.	Sandy Hook. P.M.	Governors Island. A.M.	Governors Island. P.M.	Hell Gate. A.M.	Hell Gate. P.M.
High water	2:39	2:46	2:52	2:59	4:28	4:55
Low water	9:01	9:07	9:45	9:44	11:15	11:32

THE SUN.

	Rises. A.M.	Sets. P.M.
	7:16	4:32

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Baltic	Liverpool	Dec. 10
Leopoldina	Havre	Dec. 7
Re d'Italia	Naples	Dec. 2
Logan	Colon	Dec. 11
Nieuw Nielam	Lisbon	Dec. 12
Belfort	Bordeaux	Dec. 3
Canopic	Boston	Dec. 18
Clan Macfayden	Bermuda	Dec. 16
Pisacle	Glasgow	Dec. 8
Knut Hansen	Dalan	Dec. 8
Eenland	Amsterdam	Dec. 4
Inkula	London	Dec. 2
Vanda	St. Michaels	Nov. 27
Toronto	Hull	Dec. 10
Tarantia	Gibraltar	Dec. 5

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Rimouski	Liverpool	Dec. 1
Madonna	Naples	Dec. 1
Santa Grazia	Biserta	Nov. 28
Toloa	Cristobal	Dec. 12
Ponce	San Juan	Dec. 18
Port Hamilton	Bermuda	Dec. 13
West Chalda	Birmingham	Dec. 4

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Susquehanna	Bremen	Dec. 7
Duca d'Aosta	Naples	Dec. 9
Hellig Olav	Christiania	Dec. 11
Berwensfjord	Bergen	Dec. 10
Tuscan	Turks Island	Dec. 13
Frankmore	Barbados	Dec. 14

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Olympic	Southampton	Dec. 15
Niagara	Havre	Dec. 13
Morro Castle	Havana	Dec. 18
Auburn	Hamburg	Dec. 11
Sophie Rickmers	Hamburg	Dec. 7

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Virgil	Para	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	North Brazil, Iquitos, &c.
St. Michael	Para	12:30 P.M.	5:00 P.M.	North Brazil, Iquitos, &c.
Themistocles	Piraeus	12:00 M.	4:00 P.M.	Greece.
Hyacinthus	C. Town	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	South Africa.

SAIL TOMORROW.

F. Palasciano	Naples	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Italy.
Touraine	Havre	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	France, Switzerland.
Essequibo	Valparaiso	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	West Coast South America.
Santa Marta	Kingston	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Cuba, Central America.
Dorothy	Pt. Plata	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Santo Domingo.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Montserrat	Cadiz	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Spain, Morocco.
Presidento Wilson	Patras	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Italy, Greece.
Themistocles	Piraeus	12:00 M.	4:00 P.M.	Greece.
F. Luckenbach	Hamburg	1:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Germany, Austria.
Mopang	Varna	1:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Bulgaria, Rumania.
Matura	Trinidad	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	West Indies.
Ft. Hamilton	Bermuda	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Boswell	Buenos Aires	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Argentina, Uruguay.
Porto Rico	San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico.
Maracaibo	Curacao	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Venezuela, West Indies.
Delfina	St. Thomas	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.	Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
C. of Shanghai	Manch't'r	Dec. 21	12:00 M.	Northumberland	Sydney	Dec. 24	12:00 M.
Arna	Buenos Aires	Dec. 21	12:00 M.	Kandaria	Yokohama	Dec. 24	10:00 A.M.
Dominion	Liverpool	Dec. 21	10:00 A.M.	Maine	London	Dec. 24	12:00 M.
Rudalsburg	Melbourne	Dec. 22	10:00 A.M.	Steel Engineer	Algiers	Dec. 24	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports.

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.	Steamer.	At	Date.
Levenpool	Barcelona	Dec. 12	Tregenna	Cape Town	Dec. 14
Gaelic Prince	Iloilo	Dec. 15	Ebro	Antofagasta	Dec. 15
Vestris	Rio Janeiro	Dec. 16	Lake Gazette	Para	Dec. 14
Manchuria	Hamburg	Dec. 13			

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 6 P. M. as follows:

Hawaii, via San Francisco	Lurline	Dec. 20
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand, via San Francisco	Ventura	Dec. 23
Japan, Korea, China (except Shanghai City) and Siberia, via Seattle	Hawaii Maru	Dec. 23
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Matsonia	Dec. 24
Japan, Korea, China and Siberia, via San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Dec. 24
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, French Indochina and Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra), and Philippine Islands via Seattle	Ixion	Dec. 28
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Niagara	Jan. 7

A CRUISE deLUXE to the MEDITERRANEAN
EGYPT and the NILE
by S.S. "CARONIA" of the CUNARD LINE

TRAVEL COOK'S SERVICE

A seven weeks' cruise sailing January 15th. Most attractive itinerary.

Those desirous of extending their stay on the other side may make use of an alternative schedule and return to New York at their convenience by Cunard North Atlantic Service.

Fares $1,450 up, according to stateroom selected. Apply immediately.

THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway 561 Fifth Avenue
Opp. City Hall. *Tel. Barclay 7100.* Cor. 46th St. *Tel. Murray Hill 6171.*

NASSAU
BAHAMAS
Perfect climate. All outdoor sports. Excellent hotels.
Sailings from New York
Dec. 31 Fortnightly Thereafter
For Reservations apply to authorized Ticket Agencies or
WARD LINE
Foot of Wall St., New York



U.S. MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY Inc.
100% American
100% Service
NEW YORK to QUEENSTOWN (Westbound) —BOULOGNE—LONDON
First Class Only
Sailings:
PANHANDLE STATE.....Jan. 1, Feb. 5
OLD NORTH STATE.....Jan. 15, Feb. 19
NEW YORK to BREMEN and DANZIG direct
S. S. SUSQUEHANNA
Cabin and Third Class Only
Sailing Dec. 30-Feb. 19
Passenger Dept. 45 Broadway, N.Y. 'Phone 1260 Whitehall
Freight Dept. 120 Broadway, N.Y. 'Phone 8300 Rector.



FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—HAVRE—PARIS
LA TOURAINE.....Dec. 21 Jan. 15 Mar. 12
LA SAVOIE.....Dec.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Certificate No. 241288 for 2 shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, registered in the name of Leigh P. Gerard, and 879214 for 20 shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway common, registered in the name of Adolph O. Lester. Finder please communicate with Paine, Webber & Co., 82 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.

LOST OR MISLAID—Policy No. 615,432, issued by The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, on the life of Robert M. Maclay. The finder will please return it to the undersigned. An application has been made for the issuing of a duplicate. M. J. Maclay, 960 5th Av.

LOST—Bunch of keys on key ring, at 16th St. and 5th Av., Friday, the 17th; key ring had gold string attached. Reward if returned to the Crane Chocolate Co., 18 West 23d St.

LOST—Black ostrich feather fan Tuesday last in or near Bramhall Playhouse; valued for sentimental reasons; liberal reward if returned. Box Office, Bramhall Playhouse, 138 East 27th.

LOST—Black satin bag, containing watch, money, cards; left in ladies' room, Hotel Vanderbilt, or Park Av. Hotel; reward. Crossett, 126 Summit St., Brooklyn.

LOST—White-shelled glasses, Broadway and 42d St., Saturday P. M.; reward. Y 2946 Times Annex.

Jewelry.

LOST—On Sunday afternoon, lady's gold watch, initials G. M. P. on back, between 152 East 48th St. and 28 West 54th St. Finder please return to Central Club for Nurses, 133 East 45th St. Reward.

LOST—A two-stone diamond ring, Saturday afternoon, vicinity Broadway-110th St.; heirloom, wrapped in identification paper; good reward. Telephone Quick, Morningside 9080, Apt. 12B.

$300 REWARD for flexible diamond bracelet, containing 40 or more stones, lost Dec. 18, between Park Av.-62d St. and Madison Av.-59th St. to 46th St. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

LOST—Large old-fashioned gold brooch, with aquamarines and gold tassels, valued as keepsake, on Saturday, the 18th; liberal reward. Finder please phone Rhinelander 4678.

LOST—Between 31st St. and 48th St., 5th Av. or bus, blue and gold enameled bracelet with French babies' sentiments; reward. Cashier Hotel Hargrave, 112 West 72d.

LOST—Dec. 12, in vicinity of Ritz-Carlton, square sapphire and diamond cluster ring; liberal reward, no questions asked. Return to Udall & Bailou, 574 5th Av.

LOST—Diamond bracelet, between 42d and 108th and Riverside; lady's wedding gift; $150 reward for return. Jackson, 360 Riverside Drive. Phone Academy 81.

LOST—$100 reward for return of diamond and platinum bar pin lost in Biltmore, Booth Theatre, taxi from theatre, or Little Club. Telephone 771 Plaza, M. B. Armstrong.

$50 REWARD—Lost, between 40th St., Lexington Av. and 42d St., Eighth Av., a necklace, three turquoise pendants on chain. Return Snell, 253 West 42d St.

LOST—Vanity case, gold and white enameled stripe, Strauss's Toy Shop, 308 5th Av., Saturday, Dec 18; liberal reward. Return to cashier Pennsylvania Hotel.

LOST—Pearl bar pin, 2¼ inches long, between East 31st St. and Carnegie Hall; reward, no questions asked. Telephone Blume, Cortlandt 3966.

LOST—Between 75th and 59th Sts. or at Plaza Hotel, a D. A. R. pin with diamonds in centre; reward to finder. 141 West 75th St.

LOST—White coral earring bead, either in Palace Theatre, 46th St., between Broadway-6th Av.; reward. Fabricant, 45 W. 46th.

LOST—14-kt. gold Elgin wrist watch; reward. Forbes, 307 Jamaica Av., Astoria, L. I.

$200 REWARD
for return of bar pin containing three large and 40 small diamonds, lost about Dec. 9, between West 111th St. and 5th Av. shopping district. Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

$100 REWARD
for return of diamond pendant earring, lost Dec. 15, between 10th and 66th Sts. A. R. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St.

$200 REWARD for bead necklace, with Marquise diamond clasp, lost Dec. 16. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Will party return seal coat, skunk shawl collar, taken from cloak room, 2d floor, Carnegie Hall, Friday evening, Dec. 12; reward, no questions asked. Barnett, 17 East 11th. Phone Stuyvesant 1410.

LOST—Man's nutria fur coat collar in taxi from 59th St. to 550 Park Av., Saturday afternoon; reward. Return to 75 Park Av.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Airdale dog, Grand Central Station, about 12 noon Sunday; answers name of Sandy; Nutley license; liberal reward, no questions asked. Advise A. B. Proal, Nutley, N. J. Telephone 917 Nutley or Barclay 8600.

LOST—Young collie, light brown, ring around neck, no collar, answers name Teddy; reward at 1,700 Ditmas Av. Tel. Flatbush 5020.

PERSONAL.

HENRY VILLENOWETH, NEPHEW OF the late Miss Alice Sophia Bolger, is required to communicate with Walter H. Day of 42 Earl St., Maidstone, Kent, England, Solicitor to the Executor of the will of the said A. S. Bolger, before the 31st day of January, 1921, otherwise he will be excluded from benefiting under the said will.
(Signed) WALTER H. DAY

WANTED,
The residential or business address of J. D. Wolf.
WOLLMAN & WOLLMAN,
20 Broad St., New York.

Winding Up Your Year

You cannot wind up your year as unconcernedly as you wind up your watch. Closing the books this year is an all-important procedure affecting Tax Treatment, Credit Standing, Advisability of Re-Organizing, etc.

Permit us to set you right for 1920 and start you right for 1921. We have a wide experience to draw upon and record of results

"Growth Through Service"

DAVID BERDON & CO.
Certified Public Accountants
AT 277 BROADWAY
Telephone, Worth 3585

THE MORRIS PLAN — Absolute Safety — THE MORRIS PLAN

5% — 6%

5% on $1.00 or more — money withdrawable at any time under reasonable regulations.

6% on $100. or more invested for yearly periods in our Morris Plan Trust Notes.

SAVE NOW

CALL TODAY OR SEND YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS TO

The Morris Plan Co. *of* New York

Resources over $6,000,000 Under Supervision of N.Y. State Banking Department

Main Office 261 Broadway (Opposite City Hall) | Union Sq. Branch 1 Union Square | Bronx Branch 391 East 149th Street | Brooklyn Branch 29 Court Street (Opposite Borough Hall)

GOLDEN RULE WINS, SAYS JOHN D. JR.

Becoming New Law of Business, He Tells His Former Bible Class.

PLEADS FOR GOOD-WILL

Students Urged Not to Speak Single Unkind Word to Their Wives.

The Golden Rule can be practiced in all walks of life, including the financial world, John D. Rockefeller Jr. yesterday told his Young Men's Bible Class of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church. Mr. Rockefeller had not led the class for some time, and 297 men turned out to greet their former teacher.

One of the Christmas bits of advice Mr. Rockefeller offered the men was never to say an unkind word to their wives. His topic was "A Christmas Application of the Golden Rule."

"I know from personal experience that questions which loom large in the industrial and financial world are easily dealt with through the Golden Rule," said Mr. Rockefeller. "After the trouble a few years ago of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company I sat with the men on the woodpile and on the curbstone talking to them. They told me their troubles. They mentioned things, mostly trivial, but which should have been attended to before.

"There was not one instance where we did not do what they wanted or else we brought in experts to explain to them why we could not grant their request. The result was that after happy weeks spent there among men many of whom had hated the very name I bore, I never once received unkind treatment and there never came to my ears one unkind word."

Mr. Rockefeller defined the Golden Rule as "the Divine law governing human relationships." He said that it was the only inflexible, workable law, and that successful business men were operating on that principle.

"This makes us see that peace can only come as good-will is inspired among men. This good-will is the same in international relationships. You cannot drive men; you can lead them with love. What a part we may have in bringing to pass that rule!

"There can be no peace unless there good-will. I stand before you to say that there is no other rule which will work today. This is the day of the easiest way. Not one of us is working as hard as we used to. Young people in the schools are getting their work done by their teachers. No nation can advance unless its people have strong wills.

"There are some instances where it is hard to practice the Golden Rule. In this recent building exposure we have seen how many honest men were forced to do dishonest things or go out of business. But ultimately they will win.

"I know of no other rule that will work except that of putting myself in the other fellow's place. The workers of the country are not seeking exorbitant pay, but simply a recognition of their manhood. The exceptions are groups of radicals here and there."

PRESS CLUB HAS A FROLIC.

Actors Entertain Members for Benefit of Newspaper Men's League.

The New York Press Club held a midnight frolic Saturday night in its building, 21 Spruce Street, for the benefit of the Newspaper Men's Benevolent League. Three hundred active newspaper men were entertained by the best theatrical talent in New York, and it was daybreak before the frolic had run its course. Sixteen acts were put on in rapid succession.

The performers, owing to the intimate character of the affair, were free to turn on their newspaper critics a fire of criticism, and the entertainment resolved itself into good-natured repartee between the two units. Louis Mann, George Beban and Frank Tinney kept peppering the scribes with sarcastic verbal darts only to have S. Jay Kaufman, "Rube" Baer and Charles Somerville send back volleys in return.

Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan slipped into the room of the entertainment unobserved by all except Frank Tinney, who spotted him and drew a dramatic eulogy for the General from the newspaper men. The General was visibly affected, and returned the greeting with a stand at attention and a simple salute. Other guests included President F. H. LaGuardia of the Board of Aldermen, Sheriff David H. Knott, "Big Bill" Edwards, Special Deputy Police Commissioner John A. Harriss, Bernard M. Baruch, and Senator Abraham S. Kaplan. Governor Alfred E. Smith, a member of the club, sent a telegram of greeting and Augustus Thomas did likewise from a sick bed.

The theatrical performers included Delysia, Frank Fay, Walter Kelly, "the Virginia Judge," Charles Judels, Harry Delf, the Duncan Sisters, the Hilger Trio, George Jessel and Nelson and Cronin.

The entertainment was run by S. Jay Kaufman. Arrangements were made to repeat the affair on a larger scale next year.

DENY CHARLES IS PLOTTING.

Swiss Police Find Charges of Secret Intrigue Unfounded.

BERNE, Switzerland, Dec. 19. — The Swiss police after an investigation have reported that they found no evidence that former Emperor Charles of Austria had abused the hospitality of Switzerland by secret intrigues, in pursuance of plans to regain a throne.

The accusations came from Socialist and Communist sources and were considered specific enough by the police to warrant an investigation.

A Practical Xmas Gift

Give your child a practical gift for Christmas—one that will grow and increase. A Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificate at 5½% net.

Purchasable in any amount, however fractional, from $100 up, to net 5½%.

Send for Booklet E 179.

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President.
Capital & Surplus $9,000,000
59 Liberty St., N. Y. Telephone 7965 Cort. | 184 Montague St., Bkn. Telephone 7846 Main

BANK OF BAKER FOR BOXES

WHAT kind of a box do you use? Baker has the shooks to make it. Made of clean, strong lumber. Printed to order. Write for prices.

BAKER BOX COMPANY
84 Foster Street, Worcester, Mass.

Box Shooks

INTER-CITY RADIO COMMUNICATIONS SERVICE
New York—Chicago—Cleveland—Detroit

An economical fast service between these cities. Contract rates for business firms.

Phone or write for terms.

Intercity Radio Company,
217 Broadway, New York
Barclay 9180

For the Jolly Good-Looking STOUT MEN

BIG OPPORTUNITIES in SUITS & OVERCOATS



VALUES AS BIG AS
The Biggest Man in New York

Just the right colors and patterns.
SIZES UP TO 50.

SUITS AND OVERCOATS THAT ACTUALLY WERE from FIFTY to SIXTY-TWO DOLLARS

NOW $32 AND

SUITS, OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS THAT WERE SIXTY-FIVE TO NINETY DOLLARS

NOW REDUCED TO $42 GOOD PICKING IN BIG SIZES

B'WAY & 9th ST. & B'WAY & 51st ST. ONLY

Arnheim

Wallach Gift Certificates
Purchasable in any amount from $1 up. Give them to your friends; let them do their own selecting.



Hart Schaffner & Marx
Overcoats—worth $85, $80, $75

$50

It is unnecessary to scrutinize a low price when you have full confidence in your merchant. Particularly when, as now, our frank admission that these fine winter Overcoats are greatly underpriced as a deliberate attempt to get good clothes back to easier price levels, merely stresses their quality.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Suits—Originally up to $65

$35

The assortment is comprised mainly of broken lines of fine suits resulting from the big response to our sales announcement

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

Fortunes at Auction

How to guard your heirs from the highest bidder

IN an auction room on a street in New York's financial district, securities ranging from gilt-edged bonds to highly speculative stocks are sold weekly at auction.

This necessary and very useful cog in the financial wheel is of particular interest to men who have never seriously considered the future of their estates.

A partial list of securities recently sold at auction will illustrate:

400 shares of a commercial corporation brought $13 the lot.
1,100 shares of an industrial company brought $50 the lot.
20 shares of a coal company brought $8.50 per share.
23 shares of a railroad brought $10 per share.
17 shares of a railroad
800 shares of an oil company
400 shares of an oil company
20 shares of a railroad
20 shares of a railroad
brought $85 the lot.
200 shares of a stone corporation brought $46 the lot.
$45,000 of a contracting company's notes brought $225 the lot.

While *your* heirs may have financial wisdom and experience, records show that the average estate is dissipated within seven years. A large part often goes into "securities" which later on may sell "by the lot."

If you wish to take every precaution to protect your heirs from the unhappy consequences of financial inexperience, we will gladly discuss with you

A COLUMBIA TRUST FUND
for safeguarding the money you leave

The plan is this:

1. A Columbia Trust Fund is simply money set aside under the protection of the Columbia Trust Company and invested with the judgment of trained experts to provide periodical income for definite objects.
2. Life insurance or any other money may be used to form the Trust Fund. We are bound by a written agreement to carry out your wishes definitely and absolutely.
3. We will make investments of the Trust Fund for you in such securities as are lawful for Trustees, or, if you prefer, you can give us definite instructions to follow.
4. Income from the Trust Fund will be paid in instalments to *whom* you wish and *when* you wish and in the *amount* you wish.

You can take up this matter at any one of our offices. A Vice-President or Manager in charge will be glad to talk to you personally and promptly. Of course, there is no obligation on your part.

IN FINANCIAL DISTRICT 60 Broadway
IN SHOPPING CENTRE 5th Ave. & 34th St.
COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
IN HARLEM 125th St. & Lenox Ave.
IN THE BRONX 149th St. & Third Ave.

Member of Federal Reserve System

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; Wednesday, rain or snow; no change in temperature; fresh easterly winds.
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,977. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 500 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

EMERGENCY TARIFF OPPOSITION GROWS AS BILL IS INTRODUCED

Unanimous Consent Is Refused in House, but Sponsors Hope to Get Vote Tomorrow.

INCLUDES LEMONS IN LIST

Committee's Action Is Likely to Bring Demands for Protection of Other Articles.

SENATE PLANS 'DISCUSSION'

Steering Committee Decides It Will Not Be Rushed Through—Veto Is Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—There was a gloomy outlook tonight for the Emergency Tariff bill designed to place high duties upon agricultural products. The bill was reported to the House this afternoon by the Ways and Means Committee, but Republican leaders were unable to secure unanimous consent for bringing it up for consideration Wednesday as had been planned. In addition strong opposition developed among Southern Senators, even among those who have been counted upon to support it. Senator Simmons of North Carolina was quite outspoken in declaring the bill a purely protective tariff measure.

Injection by the Ways and Means Committee of articles not in their tentative schedule of Saturday night aroused immediate resentment. The committee decided this morning to include lemons, and this caused comment among anti-tariff members of the House. Probably the most depressing statement concerning the bill was a rumor tonight that when it reached the Senate an amendment hooking to it the Longworth bill to protect the American dye industry would be proposed.

Chairman Fordney of the Ways and Means Committee says he is flatly opposed to the inclusion of any articles not already listed in the bill. Under the House rules it will not be possible to include these alien articles, the only debate being upon alteration of the duties on the articles specified. But the Senate can offer all sorts of amendments, and Senators are said to be ready with plenty of them.

Plan "Discussion" in Senate.

The Democratic steering committee of the Senate held a meeting this morning to discuss the bill. It was decided that the measure must not be rushed through, but must receive "serious consideration," not only in the Senate Finance Committee, but on the floor. Denials that any filibuster was proposed were made, but at the same time it was said that the bill would be "fully discussed."

When the bill was introduced this afternoon in the House the right was reserved for majority and minority reports to be submitted before midnight. Representative Henry T. Rainey of Illinois, Democrat, wrote the minority views, which were shared by some other Democrats on the committee, including Hull of Tennessee, Oldfield of Arkansas and Collier of Mississippi. Mr. Rainey denounced the bill as hurriedly drawn and calculated to produce immediate retaliation by other nations.

"It might be possible to report out a more hastily prepared, ill-considered bill than this," he said, "but up to the present time this has never been accomplished."

Objection to unanimous consent for passage of the bill on Wednesday was made this afternoon in the House by Representative De Walt of Pennsylvania, a Democrat. Another effort will be made tomorrow to secure this consent. Failing that, a rule will be demanded under which it may be discussed for a limited time and voted upon Wednesday.

As sent in by the committee the bill extends over a ten months period instead of a year and imposes the following duties:

Revised Tariffs in Bill.

Wheat 30 cents a bushel, wheat flour and semoline 20 per cent. ad valorem; corn or maize 15 cents per bushel, beans 3 cents per pound, peanuts or ground beans 3 cents per pound; potatoes 25 cents per bushel; onions 40 cents per bushel; rice, cleaned, 2 cents per pound; rice, uncleaned, 1¼ cents per pound; rice flour, rice meal and broken rice ¾ cent per pound; paddy or unhulled rice ¾ cent per pound, lemons 1¼ cents per pound. Oils: peanut 26 cents per gallon; cottonseed, soy bean, cocoanut 20 cents per gallon; cattle 30 per cent. ad valorem; sheep one-year-old $2 per head, sheep less than one-year old $1 per head; fresh mutton chops and lamb 2½ cents per pound; long staple cotton 7 cents per pound, cotton manufactures 7 cents per pound in addition to present duties, clothing wool (not carpet wool), unwashed 15 cents per pound, washed 30 cents per pound, scoured 45 cents per pound; wool manufactures 45 cents per pound in addition to present duties.

The paragraphs relating specifically to the wool tariffs read:

"Wool, commonly known as clothing wool, including hair of the camel, angora goat and alpaca, but not such wools as are commonly known as carpet wools; unwashed 15 cents per pound, washed 30 cents per pound, scoured 45 cents per pound. Unwashed wools shall be considered such as shall have been

Continued on Page Three.

Breakfast—Deerfoot Farm Sausage. Now the folks would enjoy Deerfoot Farm Sausages with griddle cakes for breakfast. Order the genuine to-day. Insist on having Deerfoot.—Advt.

Julius Kahn's Joke on Lemon Gets It Into the Tariff Bill

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Julius Kahn of California, who was an actor before he became a member of Congress, played one of his rôles today in a conference of farmer members discussing the tariff bill, and as a result one of California's products got protection in the bill reported later.

The conference was called to consider whether the bill tentatively agreed to Saturday night was as far reaching as the farmers desired. Representative Miller demanded protection on salmon and was accorded it. Representative Graham of Illinois expressed a desire to have frozen beef protected and got it.

And then Mr. Kahn said smilingly: "Well, I guess I am the only lemon that has ever grown in my district, but I think the lemon should have a little added to his schedule."

The joke was taken seriously and the bill later reported had an increased duty on lemons.

INDICT 52 PLUMBERS IN HETTRICK GROUP

Bills Accuse 27 Corporations and 25 Individuals of Violating Donnelly Law.

LAWYER IS ALSO NAMED

Court Fixes Bail at $5,000—All Defendants Ordered to Appear Today.

Fifty-two members of the Master Plumbers' Association were indicted yesterday by the Extraordinary Grand Jury, of which William J. Spiegelberg is foreman. Twenty-seven corporations and twenty-five individuals were charged with violating the Donnelly Anti-Trust law.

John T. Hettrick, the lawyer who organized the Code of Practice for the plumbers, cut-stone contractors and heating and ventilating contractors, was also indicted, and Robert Elder, his attorney, was notified. Hettrick and the others will appear at 2 P. M. today before Judge McAvoy. Bail for the plumbers will be fixed at $5,000. Hettrick's bail will not be increased. He is now under $100,000 bail.

The indictments were not directed at the plumbers as members of the Master Plumbers' Association, an organization which includes in its membership hundreds of plumbers. The indicted men and corporations were only those who came within the scope of Hettrick's operations and were known as "the 165 Broadway group."

Counting yesterday's indictments there have been 121 true bills filed since the evidence obtained by the Lockwood committee was first presented to the Grand Jury.

Six Appear and Give Bail.

Six of those indicted appeared yesterday and were admitted to bail. They were Herbert Smith, 144 West Ninety-ninth Street; Jeremiah L. Murphy, 238 West 108th Street; Harry Hemlin, 144 West Ninety-ninth Street; Joseph H. Jasper, 108 East 126th Street; Milton Schnaier, 209 West Seventy-sixth Street, and Morris Jarcho, 358 West Thirty-first Street.

The details of the blanket indictment returned yesterday were not made public, as the document bore the names of the other defendants. Testimony before the Lockwood committee was given by witnesses who admitted joining Hettrick's Code of Practice in the plumbing trade and agreeing to pay 1 per cent. of their gross business to the lawyer as a fee. An arrangement was made to send all bids and estimates to Hettrick's office, where they were examined.

The decision to fix $5,000 as bail was reached by Justice McAvoy yesterday after a conference with Deputy Attorneys General Berger, Spence, Pfeiffer and Duer.

The indictments yesterday were said to represent the first results of information disclosed to the State by members of the Cut Stone Association, whose members were fined last week after pleading guilty to violating the Donnelly law.

Continuing its investigation of the housing situation, the Lockwood committee will meet at the City Hall this morning and delve into other trade organizations. Samuel Untermyer, counsel to the committee, believes that lack of time will prevent anything further

Continued on Page Six.

When you think of writing Think of WHITING.—Advt.

PALL MALL Rounds—You'll like the idea—a fine and easy draught.—Advt.

REPORT BIG BATTLE IN IRISH MOUNTAINS; RAID ON ARAN ISLES

Word Drifts Slowly Into Dublin of Fight in Tipperary, With Many Killed.

TALK OF AN 'IRISH KINGDOM'

London Hears de Valera, Called by Premier, Recommends King's Son as Monarch.

NOT FOUND ON AQUITANIA

Passengers Land at Cherbourg, but de Valera Is Not Among Them—To Search Ship.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Dec. 20.—News of what appears to have been one of the biggest encounters yet known between the Crown forces and Sinn Fein volunteers is coming through slowly from the southern district of Mullanahowan. The mountains of South Tipperary were the scene of the battle. A party of military was ambushed there yesterday by strong forces, and an engagement followed, lasting for a considerable time. The Crown forces routed the attackers, ten of whom are reported dead and several wounded, while several were taken prisoners.

Another story gives the military losses as eight dead and several wounded, but inquiries from reliable sources put the military casualties at one soldier seriously wounded.

Big forces have left for the scene.

One of the most remarkable raids yet carried out by the authorities has been effected among the Aran Isles, three in number, which lie several miles off the Galway coast. Information was received that men on the run probably were hiding there, and a sudden descent on them was determined upon. The greatest secrecy was observd in planning the operation, and only the barest details so far have reached Dublin.

That two civilians were killed and at least three wounded in trying to escape indicates that a skirmish occurred. Seven arrests were made.

After landing on the islands the raiding party stopped all avenues of escape by sea with a system of patrol boats.

Wind-swept by the Atlantic tempests, the islands are almost totally devoid of trees and the existence of the inhabitants, who speak only Gaelic, is primitive in the extreme. By removing stones, collecting deposits from niches in the rocks, and carrying up sand and sea weed from the shore, small patches of soil for cultivation have been laboriously formed.

There is no jail there, but this year it had been freely reported that the islands were being used for internment of prisoners arrested and convicted by the "Republican police." Indeed, a picturesque story was in circulation in the Summer to the effect that crown forces who visited the islands with the object of releasing these prisoners were met by a decided refusal from the latter to accept their freedom.

Two Civilians Killed, Police Ambushed.

DUBLIN, Dec. 20 (Associated Press).—Two civilians, Michael Walton and Patrick O'Connor, were shot dead yesterday afternoon at Clonbally, County Tipperary, for refusing to halt when challenged, according to a statement issued from Dublin Castle. It was not specified whether the shooting was done by the military or the police.

The ambushing of a number of policemen occurred at Rathronan, County Tipperary, on Sunday morning. The constables, it is stated, were on their way to church when they were fired upon. One of them was wounded. The

Continued on Page Seven.

Moves to Aid England's Million Unemployed; Government Offers Subsidies to Unions

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The Government has set up a strong business committee to examine schemes of public works by which the grave situation caused by unemployment can best be met and the most useful of these schemes will be put into effect without delay. Other plans which the Cabinet has resolved upon to find useful work and relieve distress include the following:

1. The four weeks contributions qualification for benefit under the Unemployment Insurance act is to be abolished. This will bring prompt relief to many thousands.

2. There is to be spent £15,400,000 on new main roads, 50 per cent. by grant to local councils and 50 per cent. by loan. These schemes will find work for 48,000 men in London and 30,000 in the provinces.

3. Part of the new motor taxes from next month are to be spent on road work.

4. An offer to building trade unions of £250,000, 5 for each 50,000 ex-service men they accept as a member.

5. An offer to defray half cost of loss of work in bad weather.

At labor exchanges in the United Kingdom on Dec. 10 the number of persons registered as unemployed was 501,074, of whom 413,880 were men. To these figures must be added the unregistered unemployed. It has been estimated that the total of workless persons throughout the country reaches about a million, of whom a quarter of a million are ex-service men.

Owing to the sudden trade slump many thousands of workers in various trades lost their employment. The suspension of work at Ebbyvale Steel Works, at the United Alkali Company's works and in the shipyards and steel works near Middlesburgh have affected many thousands of employes.

Meantime the workless and homeless men are holding processions and seizing public buildings in order to secure roofs over their heads. Today a number of unemployed, mostly ex-service men, seized the Westham Town Hall, one of the finest municipal buildings in Greater London. There was no disorder and the Mayor told the raiders they would be allowed to remain in possession from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. each day.

Cardinal Gibbons Urges All Catholics to use the MANUAL OF PRAYERS.—Advt.

Without BELL-ANS your Xmas Dinner won't be half a success.—Advt.

Lady Astor Whistles Despair When Worsted by Facetious M.P.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Co.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—Lady Astor was the centre of an amusing scene in the Commons today when Mr. Macquisten, a witty Scottish lawyer, asked the Home Secretary why the Central Control Board of the Liquor Traffic contained "no representatives of bona fide habitués of public houses (saloons)."

Lady Astor thereupon asked the Home Secretary if he would "consider the advisability of putting the victims of habitués of public houses, who are generally their wives, on the Liquor Control Board."

Mr. Macquisten retorted by requesting the Home Secretary "to have the regulation of all churches put in the hands of prominent atheists and non-churchgoers and also the regulation of maternity homes put in the hands of old maids and ascetic bachelors and silly cranks."

There was loud laughter at this rather cruel retort, but Lady Astor bore the ordeal well. She made one more effort to counter Macquisten's facetiousness and then gave him up as hopeless. She emitted a loud whistle, exclaimed "Oh! Oh!" several times, made gestures of despair and then retired from the contest.

WORKERS SPURN CUT AND WILL RUN PLANT

North Carolina Action Coincides With Decision of Amalgamated to Demand All Idle Mills.

SAY OWNERS ARE STRIKING

And Men Can Operate Works—Big Wage Reduction in Philadelphia Textile Mills.

NEWBERN, N. C., Dec. 20.—Beginning today, and for an indefinite period, employes of the Newbern Iron Works and Supply Company, one of the largest plants of its kind in Eastern North Carolina, are to receive all profits made by the concern above the cost of operation, in accordance with an agreement reached Saturday between the workers and the management.

At a meeting called to discuss a disagreement over a 20 per cent. reduction in wages, a suggestion by one of the employes that the workers be permitted to operate the plant and distribute the profits among themselves was adopted by the company.

Salaries of the office force were immediately reduced 10 per cent. today when the plant was turned over to the wage-earning employes for operation.

Under the new system officials will continue in charge of their respective departments.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 20.—W. J. Kelly of New York, National Secretary-Treasurer of the Amalgamated Workers of America, said today that members of the organization, which has just concluded a convention here, had decided to make a demand upon owners of plants, now idle, to turn them over to the workers to operate as a demonstration that such action was a necessity.

"If the owners cannot operate the plants the workers will," Mr. Kelly said. "There are too many metal workers out of work at present. This is partly due to the natural business depression following the war and the lockout by employers.

Widespread Textile Wage Cut.

Reductions in wages in virtually all the plants in four branches of the textile manufacturing industry in this city were announced tonight and it was said that similar reductions would be made by five other branches.

The first reduction was by the Terry Association, composed of manufacturers of Turkish toweling, who posted notices of a 10 per cent. cut in wages.

Members of the Full-Fashioned Hosiery Manufacturers' Association have decided to put a 15 per cent. reduction in wages into effect on Jan. 1.

The Wilton and Brussels manufacturers will inform union representatives tomorrow that on Jan. 17 they will put into effect a 25 per cent. reduction in pay.

The Hosiery Association, which is distinct from the Full-Fashioned Association, has drawn up new wage scales, which will average about 20 per cent. reduction.

The Coarse Yarn Spinners' Association, Seamless Hosiery Manufacturers' Association, Sweater and Knitted Textile Manufacturers' Association, Knit Fabric Manufacturers' Association and Master Dyers' Association are contemplating wage reductions of 10 to 30 per cent.

There are more than 200,000 workers in the textile industries in this city.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., Dec. 20.—Silk workers in this city and vicinity face a cut in pay beginning Jan. 1, according to an announcement today by the head of the city's largest mills. Upward of 10,000 hands are employed in this industry in this section.

The Phoenix Silk Manufacturing Company, employing upward of 1,500 hands, later announced a wage reduction of 20 per cent., with an increase in working time.

BOSTON, Dec. 20.—Announcement of a wage reduction averaging about 22½ per cent. in the tailor shops of the Clothing Manufacturers' Association of Boston and the placing of the shops on a piecework basis was made today. The changes will be effective when the shops reopen, which probably will not be until after Jan. 1.

TOLEDO, Dec. 20.—Employes of the Toledo Bridge and Crane Company, 200 in number, decided today to accept a wage reduction of 10 per cent. rather than be thrown out of work. The company will manufacture stock on hand to keep the men busy until normal conditions come back.

THE EMINENTLY THE FLORIDA ROUTE. Atlantic Coast Line—3 through trains daily. Office 1346 B'way. Tel. Longacre 5985.—Advt.

BUYLERS—Fruit Cakes for Xmas. $5.00. —Advt.

BISHOP BURCH DIES; STRICKEN ON WALK IN RIVERSIDE PARK

Passes Away in the Home of a Friend, Which He Reaches in a Dying Condition.

HAD RECENTLY BEEN ILL

This, With Overwork, Despite Physician's Orders, Brought on Heart Attack.

A REPORTER IN EARLY LIFE

Elected Bishop of New York Diocese After Only Fifteen Years' Service in Church.

The Right Rev. Charles Sumner Burch, eighth Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of New York, died suddenly at 12:30 o'clock yesterday. The Bishop was taking a walk up Riverside Drive at noon and near Grant's Tomb became so weak that he hurried to the home of an old family friend, Mrs. Alice M. Douglass, at 550 Riverside Drive, where he died.

Worn out by the strenuous labors on plans to rush the work on the Cathedral of St. John the Divine and other vexatious problems of administration, the Bishop fell ill about two weeks ago. Although he was 65 years of age, he had no Suffragan or Coadjutor Bishop to share the burdens of administration with him.

Several severe attacks of laryngitis sapped his usual strength, and he remarked yesterday to associates that no felt weaker than usual, but thought that a walk in the warm sunshine along Riverside Drive might restore his strength in part and give him a good appetite for luncheon. He left the cathedral grounds alone shortly before 12 o'clock.

His last remark to the Rev. Howard C. Robbins, dean of the Cathedral, was a request that the dean prepare to substitute for him at the Christmas services in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

As the Bishop walked up the Drive he became weaker, and when he reached Grant's Tomb he decided to try to reach the home of Mrs. Douglass, which he had frequently visited with Mrs. Burch and other members of his family.

With difficulty he was able to reach her house at Riverside Drive and 127th Street, and on entering the house he remarked to the superintendent, George Ridder, that he felt "very, very weak." He was accompanied to Mrs. Douglass's apartment on the sixth floor by Ridder and the elevator operator, who saw him safely into the apartment.

Asks for Medicine.

The Bishop asked Mrs. Douglass if she had in the apartment any of the medicine which she had told him to use for laryngitis when she had visited their home at 2 West Eighty-eighth Street two years ago and found him suffering from that ailment. Mrs. Douglass hurried to get this medicine, and the Bishop took a dose.

For a few minutes he seemed to revive and he told Mrs. Douglass of the plans of Mrs. Burch for the observance of Christmas, and he said that Mrs. Burch and their daughter, Mrs. Arnoldo Marson, had been induced by him early in the morning to start out to finish their Christmas shopping.

In the midst of this conversation the Bishop suddenly relaxed in the heavy wicker chair, his head drooped to his chest, and the arms fell over the edges of the chair. A sentence which he was uttering trailed away in the middle, and the Bishop did not raise his head.

Alarmed, Mrs. Douglass telephoned to Ridder to hurry out for a physician and he called Dr. Gardner C. Hirons from the adjoining house at 552 Riverside Drive. Dr. Hirons was there within ten minutes and he pronounced the Bishop dead of heart failure. Then calls were sent to the Bishop's house, and his family physician, Dr. Charles F. Collins, arrived with staff surgeons from St. Luke's Hospital. All agreed that the Bishop's heart had been so weakened by his two weeks' illness from laryngitis that it had suddenly ceased functioning.

News that the Bishop was dead was flashed through the various institutions around the cathedral by Deaconess Natalie Winser, the Bishop's secretary, who hurried to the house preceding Dean Robbins and the Rev. Dr. George F. Clover, Superintendent of St. Luke's Hospital, which is near the cathedral. Canon E. Briggs Nash also hurried to the house.

Meantime, Lyndon Burch, grandson of the Bishop, had received the news at the Bishop's mansion, and he started to telephone shops through the Fifth Avenue shopping district for Mrs. Burch and her daughter, Mrs. Marson. It was an hour before he was able to relay the news to them, and they hurried to the residence, where the body had been taken by that time.

In Office But 15 Months.

Bishop Burch had held office only fifteen months, having been elected Bishop in September, 1919, to succeed David H. Greer. He had served eight years as Suffragan Bishop of the diocese, which office, differing from that of Coadjutor Bishop, does not carry the right of automatic succession to the Bishopric.

When news came to the Cathedral of the death of Bishop Burch the Diocesan Church Extension and Missionary Society was holding a meeting in Synod

Continued on Page Three.

THE GREENBRIER offers every comfort and rest during holiday season. Bookings Plaza.—Advt.

Make your Xmas Dinner a complete success. Serve BELL-ANS after eating.—Advt.

DRASTIC ORDERS FOLLOW NEW MURDER; MAYOR ASKS FOR 769 MORE PATROLMEN; CURRAN TO DEMAND POLICE INQUIRY

Legion Offers Mayor 500 to 5,000 Ex-Service Men For Emergency Duty to Help Police Check Crime

While civic and commercial organizations were busy yesterday with plans to check the crime wave, two organizations of former service men, the American Legion and the Military Order of the World War, took steps to render any possible aid to the civic authorities.

The Legion held a special meeting in the Hall of Records, attended by Frederick W. Galbraith, Jr., National Commander; William F. Deegan, First Vice Commander of New York State; Bart Hunt, Vice Chairman of New York County; H. Allister Morriss, State Treasurer; Farquis James, head of the organization's news service, and Hugh Robertson, assistant to the State Commander.

The result of its deliberations was an offer to Mayor Hylan of from 500 to 5,000 former service men for emergency police work. The question of paying the men was not discussed. Although it was said a call to duty might work hardship on some men, hours probably could be arranged so there would be no interference with the normal occupations of the majority.

The Legion officers took pains to emphasize that the offer was in no wise meant as a criticism of the police force, that the Legion had made no attempt to pass upon its competency and had no intention of reflecting upon it in any way. The offer was made in a letter to Mayor Hylan.

ENRIGHT SEES WAVE OF CRIME AS FLURRY

Lays Many Thefts to Need of Christmas Presents by "Criminal Fellows."

URGES NEED OF MORE MEN

Only 1,900 Policemen to Patrol 3,914 Miles of Streets at Any One Time.

"There is no crime wave and "the present little flurry I hope will soon pass away," Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright told members of the New York Chapter of the Military Order of the World War, composed of former commissioned officers, at a special meeting held last night in the Seventy-first Regiment Armory for the purpose of considering the crime situation and ways of combatting it. The Commissioner in accepting the unanimous tender of co-operation by the organization said that the department had the situation well in hand, but that if the emergency continued he would avail himself of their services.

"Every year during the holiday period crime always increases," he said. "The criminally inclined fellows, who want to buy presents for their girls, become desperate and so get busy. I am hoping that this little flurry will soon pass away."

Commissioner Enright discussed in detail the measures he had taken, and told some of the difficulties he had met due to an insufficient number of men.

"We have a resident population of more than 6,000,000 and a floating population of at least 1,000,000," he pointed out. "New York is a great seaport and has all the attending evils thereof. To police this large city we have a total force of 10,700 men, including all branches of the department. The amount of work not strictly departmental is at least half as much as the citizen expects the police to perform. London has a police force of 24,000 and a detective force at Scotland Yard of 2,000 to patrol a city which has an English-speaking and an English-born population.

"Here is how our department is made up: There are 1,400 officers, the Detective Bureau has 800 men, the Traffic Bureau 1,400. An average of 800 men are away on vacation or sick leave. Out of the 10,700 men on the force, 4,900 are not doing what you would call patrol duty.

Only 5,700 Men on Streets.

"There are only 5,700 men to patrol the streets when they are all working, but this never happens because some of them have to be assigned to other duties such as strike and parade details. The law prescribes an eight-hour day, so I have to apportion my force into three groups. This gives me only 1,900 to patrol the streets during the twenty-four hours of the day when they are all on duty, and the city has 3,914 miles of streets to watch.

"One out of four patrolmen makes an arrest every day, and this requires their presence in court. The Grand Juries and Judges do not care how long they keep a policeman away from his work, and naturally the policeman does not worry either. Last year I asked for 1,269 new men as the irreducible requirement of my department. The financial condition of the city was such that the Board of Estimate, burdened with mandatory legislation from Albany, was unable to give me more than 500.

"In regard to the crime situation, we have had quite a few spectacular crimes. But since the war, for whatever reason, it seems that criminals bent on crime instead of using bludgeons, brass knuckles and blackjacks have adopted a more spectacular means of assault by using guns. The serious crimes, savoring of the Wild West, naturally focussed the attention of the public to them. But let me say this, I have been in touch with the situation in other cities and I can say that this city is in a

Continued on Page Two.

Koh-i-noor Pencils and Rapidiis Copying Ink Pencils famous throughout the world for quality, supplied by Cortlan, Macy & Co., Inc., 20 John St. & 7 E. 45th St.—Advt.

TWO SAFES LOOTED NEAR HEADQUARTERS

Burglars Ransack Six-Story Loft Building Half a Block From Enright's Office.

ANOTHER HOLD-UP MURDER

Lodger in Sailors' Home Shot Down Without Warning and Mission Robbed.

While Police Commissioner Enright's picked detectives were trooping in and out of Police Headquarters Saturday night and Sunday with suspects gathered in the police dragnet, burglars, contemptuous of the proximity of the sleuths, forced an entrance to the six-story loft building at 202 and 204 Centre Street, half a block south of the Police Commissioner's office, ripped open two safes, drilled holes in another and escaped with loot valued at thousands of dollars.

The thieves entered and left the building through a tenement house in Baxter Street, to the east of the building, which is a continuation of Centre Market Place, the street in the rear of Police Headquarters. It is believed they carted their loot away in a motor truck, and, although they worked at least two hours on the ground floor of the building, occupied by Frank Tracy, a dealer in machinery, neither the policemen on post nor the hundreds of detectives and policemen who passed the building while the thieves were inside discovered their presence.

The burglary was discovered early in the morning when some of Tracy's employes opened the front door. Desks and other furniture in the place had been hurled among the machinery and doors had been ripped from their hinges.

Bottom Cut From Safe.

In the loft of the New York Buff Company, metal polishers, on the second floor, the burglars had wheeled a large safe to the windows overlooking Centre Street, and throwing it on its back, ripped open the steel bottom.

After they had taken everything of value there the burglars had moved to the third floor, occupied by Max H. Pohs, a dealer in leather goods. Mr. Pohs said the burglars had attempted to "jimmy" the door of his establishment but discovered it was wired to a burglar alarm.

"I had a large amount of valuables in my safe," he said, "but they are not there now. I threw the safe door open when I left the office tonight, so that if they call again they'll find I have double crossed them."

Then the thieves went to the fourth floor and forced open the door of the establishment of James Pyroler, manufacturer of picture frames. They attached an electric drill to an electric light and drilled several holes around the combination, but evidently decided they might arouse the attention of passing detectives if they blew it open. Anyway they turned their attention to several desks in the place, and obtained considerable booty before they moved to the loft on the fifth floor occupied by Schoder and Lombard, manufacturers of stamps and dies.

There they found little of value, and went to the top floor, occupied by Douglas Taylor, a printer. They turned the safe in his office upside down, tore a large hole out of the steel bottom and got $50. On their way out of the building the burglars gathered up tools of various kinds, evidently for use in future burglaries, and which employes in the building said weighed almost a thousand pounds.

These employes said that from the amount of labor involved in the burglary it was evident the thieves were in the building no less than ten hours.

Two shabbily clad men, their faces masked and blackened, shot and killed James Russell, 50 years old, as he was

Continued on Page Two.

Pinehurst, N. C.—10th Anniversary Season. Golf and all other sports. Thru Pullman Penn., 3:00 P. M. daily.—Advt.

POLICE TO STOP CITIZENS

All On Streets at Late Hours to Be Questioned or Searched.

EX-SERVICE MEN VOLUNTEER

Magistrates and Higher Courts Co-operate by Fixing High Bail and Early Trials.

NEW JERSEY CITIES AROUSED

Fear Influx of Criminals From New York—45 Crooks in Yesterday's Round-up.

Stirred by a wanton murder that marked a renewed outbreak of crimes of violence, the police yesterday put in force extreme measures of protection such as never before have been attempted in New York.

While Commissioner Richard E. Enright was directing these enlarged activities, Mayor Hylan appealed to the Board of Estimate for 769 new patrolmen, who will be authorized today.

Magistrates and Judges of higher courts co-operated with the police. Highwaymen, robbers and such ilk were held in high bail or committed without the privilege of offering surety by the Magistrate. Judges of General Sessions advanced to preferred position on their calendars all cases of desperadoes now facing charges of robbery and similar crimes and Grand Juries in all boroughs showed a disposition to find true bills in short order when District Attorneys presented evidence of crimes of such character.

Until news came of a fresh murder and of a safe robbery within sight and sound of Police Headquarters the department had been well pleased with the result of its unusually thorough dragnet operations. Forty-five men had filed past masked detectives in the headquarters line-up and out of them sharp-eyed oldtimers had picked eleven men who were distributed to precincts where they were wanted on serious charges. While the other thirty-four could only be held on suspicion, pending efforts to determine if they were out-of-town crooks, the officials who had planned the crusade had felt that their measures were adequate.

Enright Prods Department.

But as soon as Commissioner Enright returned from Lieutenant Horton's funeral in Brooklyn, he conferred with his deputies and some inspectors and began prodding the department to even more intensive warfare.

First of a series of new orders he issued was one directing uniformed men to examine all citizens found between midnight and daylight on "unfrequented throughfares or side streets" whose appearance in any way seemed to warrant interrogation. The Commissioner directed that only the uniformed force should engage in this work, and ordered that in every case where a patrolman was not entirely satisfied with the account given of himself by the citizen, he should search the man for firearms. The Commissioner called upon all citizens to comply willingly with the order as an emergency measure.

It was executed in all parts of the city this morning. Many nightworkers were stopped on their way home and late revellers found themselves called upon to explain their movements to insistently curious patrolmen. No attempts to evade examination and no trouble growing out of it were reported. An unusual number of uniformed men were abroad in all sections and their presence was rather welcomed than otherwise, even by those who found themselves faced with the unwonted experience of giving an account of themselves to an officer of the law.

30-Minute Lunch Hour Abolished

Mr. Enright's next move was to abolish the half-hour allowed patrolmen on tour for lunch. This innovation was introduced by Colonel Arthur Woods to make the lot of patrolmen easier. No explanation of the change was offered at Police Headquarters beyond the obvious one that it would largely increase the number of patrol hours and avoid weakening of protection in the periods when two posts were covered by one man in the other's luncheon interim.

This order, obviously not agreeable to the men who were moved by it to renew their protestations that the abolition of sinecures they charge the Commissioner with having created for the benefit of favorites, was ascribed by some familiar with the police situation as being due to an abuse of the half-hour privilege. It was said that some patrolmen were using it as an excuse to be off post longer than the allowed period.

Official attention next was directed to automobiles. In a signed suggestion to the public the Commissioner asked all persons who use taxicabs and similar vehicles to record the licenses numbers before starting on their journeys. In line with efforts of the department, already under way, to check up on the character of licensed drivers and weed out gangsters and gunmen, the Commissioner advised citizens to endeavor to

MORE MEN ASKED

Asks Estimate Board to Provide 769 Patrolmen Refused in 1921 Budget.

HALTED BY A SINGLE VOTE

LaGuardia's Negative Postpones Resolution Granting Request, but Action Expected Today.

Although declaring that serious crimes in New York City are "about normal," Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright asked yesterday for 769 additional patrolmen of the 1,269 he applied for and failed to get in the 1921 budget, and for authorization to employ immediately the 500 additional patrolmen included in the budget, money for whose salaries would not primarily be available until Jan. 1.

Because of the rule that unanimous consent is required for the passage of a resolution not on the calendar, Mayor Hylan, to whom Commissioner Enright made his request, was unable to get the required authorization. F. H. LaGuardia, President of the Board of Aldermen, voting against the Mayor's resolution, and Controller Charles L. Craig being absent.

The resolution to give Commissioner Enright the additional patrolmen will come before the board again today, when only a majority vote will be required for its adoption. Its passage is expected with at least ten affirmative votes, as the three votes of Controller Craig, even though they should be joined with the three votes of Mr. LaGuardia, will not be sufficient to defeat it.

Henry H. Curran, Borough President of Manhattan, although he said he would vote for any resolution to increase the police force, condemned the administration of the Police Department and declared that Commissioner Enright should be removed for inefficiency. Mr. Curran sent to Joseph Haag, Secretary of the Board of Estimate, a resolution calling for a legislative investigation of the police situation, the financial situation of the city and every city department. This resolution is admitted by Mr. Curran to have no chance of adoption, but is intended to make his position clear.

Inquiry at the Board of Estimate meeting as to how the city was to raise money to pay for the additional policemen, something like $1,000,000, led to the reply by the Mayor that there were two ways—by the issue of special revenue bonds and by taking the money the city department heads and four Borough Presidents had promised to save for the $27,000,000 deficiency in the Department of Education appropriation, using it to pay for the additional patrolmen and putting it up to the Legislature to find some way to find the money for the Department of Education deficit.

Commissioner Enright's Letter.

Commissioner Enright's letter to the Mayor applying for the additional patrolmen was read at the beginning of the meeting of the Board of Estimate, called to continue its investigation of alleged collusive bidding on city contracts. The letter follows:

City of New York,
Police Department,
Dec. 18, 1920.

Hon. John F. Hylan, Mayor the City of New York, City Hall, New York City:

My Dear Mr. Mayor:

In the budget for 1921, submitted in July of this year, I asked that 1,269 additional patrolmen be allowed for this department. We could take advantage many more men, but I believed that this number was the irreducible minimum, and out of consideration for the financial condition of the city, I asked for the lowest possible number.

The Board of Estimate and Apportionment, because of the statutory financial limitation respecting city finances, felt obliged to reduce the number of patrolmen to be allowed in the tentative budget for 1921 to 500, and later on, when it became necessary to make further reductions in the budget, it was decided that the appointment of these men be distributed through the year so that I would be able to appoint 125 on the first day of January, 125 on the first day of March, 125 on the first day of May and 125 on the first day of July.

As we are obliged to train these men for a period of sixty days before they can be placed in uniform, the first men would not be in uniform before March 1, and the full quota would not be in uniform until Sept. 1, 1921.

The people of this city are somewhat alarmed because of a few spectacular and atrocious crimes which have occurred in this city recently, and although our records show that serious crimes in this city are about normal, still I believe that we should make such immediate adequate preparations to meet the conditions with which the whole world, as well as our own country and our own city, seems to be confronted. There is a great lack of unrest throughout the world and the reports from all parts of the country indicate that crime is on the increase, and we must make ready to handle the situation in this city.

I respectfully recommend that the full 500 men allowed in the budget for 1921 be made immediately available, or that, at the least, I be permitted to appoint them on probation not later than Jan. 1.

If they can be so appointed, they can be trained in a period of sixty days in the training school, and in the evenings they can be used in plain clothes throughout the city.

I further request that the full number of men, namely, 1,269, be immediately allowed, and that the necessary 769 men over and above the 500 already allowed be immediately granted, so that they can be placed in the training school immediately after Jan. 1, or as soon as the names can be obtained from the Municipal Civil Service Commission, so that in the early part of the coming year we may have an adequate force to cope with the more or less dangerous conditions with which we are confronted.

May I state here that the police force of this city has not been increased since July, 1913, nearly eight years ago, during which time an additional population of at least 800,000, or a city approximately as large as Detroit, has been added to the City of New York. In the meantime, traffic conditions have become very much intensified and police problems in general have become much more complex.

It therefore seems to me to be absolutely necessary that we be supplied with a sufficient force of men to properly protect a city of seven millions of people, including its transient population, and property values estimated at ten billions of dollars. The money which the city will invest in supplying this department with an adequate number of men and with adequate equipment, I believe, will meet with public approval and will be cheap insurance for the tremendous interests involved. Very truly yours,

R. E. ENRIGHT,
Police Commissioner.

When Commissioner Enright's letter was read to the Board of Estimate it bore the following indorsement:

"I hereby approve the foregoing recommendation.

"JOHN F. HYLAN, Mayor."

As the meeting was called to investigate contracts, neither Controller Craig nor Borough President Curran, who are not in sympathy with the investigation, was present. A telephone request brought Mr. Curran to the meeting, but Controller Craig did not attend. It was learned that he had been in Brooklyn most of the day on official business.

Curran Condemns Enright.

In explaining his proposed resolution asking for a legislative investigation of city departments, Mr. Curran asserted that there were several matters which made such an inquiry necessary, in his opinion. "The scuttling of the schools to the tune of $37,000,000 is enough in itself," he said. "The nightmare of murder and robbery that has overwhelmed the city makes such an investigation an imperative duty.

"I shall vote for the 769 additional

COURTS RAISE BAIL AND HASTEN TRIALS

Several Judges Apply Measures to Aid in Checking City's Crime Wave.

High bail and speedy trial for persons charged with robbery and other crimes involving violence were applied in many instances yesterday by Judges in several courts as a step to check the crime wave. One man under indictment for robbery, grand larceny, assault and carrying a revolver, was held without bail by County Judge Reuben Haskell in Brooklyn. In three instances, bail was raised from $1,500 to $10,000. Trials on robbery indictments are being placed on the preferred list in several courts.

Vincent Pariscandola, arrested in connection with the holdup and robbery of two messengers of J. B. Bowden & Co., jewelers, of 15 Maiden Lane, in Brooklyn on Saturday, was held without bail by Judge Haskell. District Attorney Lewis, in asking for Pariscandola's commitment, declared that "too much sickly sentiment has been wasted on crooks."

Judge John F. McIntyre, in Part I., General Sessions, indicated his attitude toward holdup men yesterday when, at the request of Assistant District Attorney Frederick J. Sullivan, he raised from $1,500 to $10,000 each the bail of Joseph Tepper, Paul Schlatt and Irving Schwartz, charged with a loft burglary. Harry Franck of 193 East Seventy-sixth Street, charged with pointing a revolver at a policeman, had his bail raised from $2,500 to $5,000, and Harry Polkah, also charged with robbery, had his bail similarly increased.

Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, in Part II., General Sessions, announced that the rest of his term—until the first of the year—would be devoted to robbery cases. He disposed quickly of one robbery case when John Battaglio, charged with two other men with holding up a storekeeper at Lexington Avenue and 118th Street, decided in the midst of a jury trial to plead guilty. Judge Rosalsky committed him to the Tombs for sentence Monday, and immediately placed on trial the two alleged confederates—Harry La Forte and Salvatore Di Colo.

William Karstein, charged with holding up a laundryman and indicted for first degree robbery, also pleaded guilty, and will be sentenced Monday.

Three men who, according to the police, were trying to force open a safe in a barber's shop and theatre ticket office at 1,568 Broadway, on Dec. 12, had their bail raised from $2,000 to $25,000 each yesterday by Magistrate Levine in the West Side Court. Magistrate McQuade had reduced the bail from $15,000 to $2,000.

SAYS EXCESSIVE BAIL WON'T PREVENT CRIME

Judge Willis Brown Also Doubts Efficacy of Round Up of Men With Police Records.

Judge Willis Brown, founder of the Utah State Juvenile Court and instigator of the Parental Court Plan, takes issue with George A. Lavelle, Assistant District Attorney, who approved the holding of Lawrence Hawthorn in $100,000 bail for trial.

"I do not think that this excessive bail has one particle of influence on any man who contemplates the commission of a crime," said Judge Brown. "Just as hanging has never checked murder, liberty on bail, pending trial, does not prevent thefts, regardless of the amount of bond demanded.

"The gathering in of thirty-eight men on Sunday, many of whom have police and jail records, as a preventive of crime commission, seems to hit far of the mark.

"The crimes recorded on Sunday cannot be identified with the 'Old Criminal' class. The Police Commissioner and prosecuting attorneys bear out the statement that fully 75 per cent. of the crimes are committed by young men with average age of 21. The record in the Sunday Times gives proof to this fact:

John O'Neil, age 21; held-up.
William Metz, age 17; robbery.
Felix Shoenberger, age 23; hold-up.
Bruno Klein, age 38; theft.
Mary Jones, age 28; robbery.
John Canning, age 24; auto theft.
Edward Bruno, age 24; auto theft.
Walter Siedler, age 32; murder.
Vincent Pariscandola, age 20; housebreaking and robbery.

"I agree with Magistrate Corrigan's opinion that the statement 'that much of the present crimes is committed by men out on bail' is 'all stuff and nonsense.' Magistrate Corrigan is right when he states that there is too much sentimentality with the person who knowingly and deliberately disregards law.

Oklahoman Taken to Bellevue After Beating and Robbery in Saloon Row.

TWO BROTHERS ARE HELD UP

Another Washington Square Burglary Revealed—$15,000 Gem and Fur Theft is Disclosed.

Week-end robberies and similar crimes, so far as the police allowed them to become public, appeared to have been less numerous than during other Saturday-to-Monday periods when there has been no unusual police activities.

James Kangil of Big Heat, Okla., was taken to Bellevue Hospital yesterday morning when a detective found him lying dazed and possibly suffering from a fracture of the skull, in front of 1,481 Broadway. Kangil told the police he got into an altercation in a nearby saloon and that he was assaulted and robbed of $140. His assailants were not apprehended.

Ralph Damore of 446 East 117th Street was arrested in a coffee house at 2,264 First Avenue by detectives who said they found a pistol in his coat pocket. He was held in $500 bail.

William and George Amann of 102 West Sixty-first Street were held up and robbed in front of the Twelfth Regiment Armory, Columbus Avenue and West Sixty-second Street. The two brothers were on their way home, when two men stepped from the shadow of the armory and ordered them to put up their hands.

Believing they were being made the victims of a joke, they were slow to comply and one of the holdup men struck William Amann in the eye with a blackjack, knocking him down, while the other robber drew an automatic pistol. The thieves then took $82 from William and $65 from George Amann.

Robbery in Washington Square.

Another robbery in the Washington Square neighborhood became known during the day. On the evening of Thursday, Dec. 2, a thief entered the apartment of Miss Mary Mears and Miss Eleanor Hayden, at 45 Washington Square South, rummaged the premises and took all of the jewelry in the rooms and a typewriter. The jewelry consisted of heirlooms and antiques. Entry to the apartment was made by breaking two doors. Both Miss Mears and Miss Hayden are writers.

The police refused to discuss this robbery or that of Mrs. Sartoris's apartment at 47 Washington Square South.

Mrs. Sartoris said that twenty-four hours after she had reported the robbery to the police she received an inquiry from Headquarters as to whether she had been or has retained George Gordon Battle in an effort to recover the stolen furs and jewels. She said Mr. Battle would engage a private detective. So far as she had learned, the police made no progress on the case.

Theodore Busch, of 764 Tenth Avenue, who was arrested on suspicion of killing Arlo P. Campbell, of 490 Riverside Drive, an insurance broker, who was found unconscious at Third Avenue and Twenty-seventh Street last Thursday morning, was arraigned before Magistrate Joseph Schwab in Yorkville court and held without bail for further examination. Busch says some one else struck Campbell after Campbell's automobile and Busch's truck had collided.

Felix Schoenberger of 315th Street and Seventh Avenue, arrested on suspicion of being one of three men who held up Meivin Feinberg, a manufacturer, in his factory at 908 Broadway Dec. 4, was held to await the action of the Grand Jury by Magistrate Corrigan in Jefferson Market Court. He pleaded not guilty.

$15,000 Robbery Revealed.

A $15,000 robbery of jewelry, feathers and beaded bags from a warehouse of the Anchor Storage Company, Fifteenth Street and Eighth Avenue, where Henry Ferber of 100 West Twentieth Street said he had stored them, was disclosed last night when detectives of the West Twentieth Street station arrested in a jewelry store at 302 Eighth Avenue five men who, the detectives charged, were trying to sell part of the loot. The men denied the robbery.

Vincent Parascandella, 20 years old, who is charged with having been one of two men who held up two messengers of the J. B. Bowden Company of 81 Prospect Street, Brooklyn, and seized a bag containing $2,000 in money and several thousand dollars worth of diamonds on Saturday, was indicted yesterday by the Kings County Grand Jury on four counts charging robbery in the first degree, felonious assault as a second offender and carrying a dangerous weapon. He was arraigned before Judge Reuben Haskell and held without bail for trial tomorrow.

A fourteen-year-old boy was arraigned yesterday in the Children's Court in Brooklyn, charged with having shot a companion Sunday in a game of poker. He is William Termine of 1,113 Willoughby Avenue. The boy he shot, according to the police, is Salvatore Campisi, 15 years old, of 119 Stanhope Street, Brooklyn. At St. Catharine's Hospital it was said the boy, who was shot in the left chest, probably would recover. The Campisi boy told the police the shooting was an accident. The Termine boy was held in $1,000 bail for pleading next Monday on a charge of juvenile deliquency.

The death of Antonio Como, 35 years old, of 125 Liberty Avenue, Dongan Hills, S. I., who was shot Sunday night by Police Captain Abraham Stewart, in command of the New Dorp precinct, has been reported as accidental homicide by District Attorney Joseph Malloy of Richmond County and Medical Examiner George Mord. The explanation of Captain Stewart, accepted by the District Attorney, is that Como seized the officer's revolver while the latter was covering him with it. It went off and the bullet passed through Captain Stew-

5 CHAPLAINS OFFICIATE AT FUNERAL OF HORTON

Enright and Four Deputies Attend Services—Full Departmental Honors for Lieutenant.

With full departmental honors, final services here were held yesterday for Lieutenant Floyd Horton, who sacrificed his life in a pistol battle with a gunman whom he slew at 146th Street and Broadway. Hundreds of members of the force, filled with admiration for the gallantry of their fellow officer, who, though he lay in the gutter mortally wounded, managed to write down the number of the automobile in which the gunman and his companions were fleeing, gathered before the little Horton home at 1,159 Fifty-first Street, Brooklyn.

Funeral services had been held Sunday night and the second occasion to pay honor to the dead policeman lay in the sending of his body to his family home in Downsville, N. Y., where it wil be interred after a Masonic service.

Five police chaplains officiated at the brief ceremony yesterday. They were the Rev. Drs. John C. Wade, Joseph G. Ivie, J. J. Coogan, Lawrence Bracken and Abraham Blum, the departmental representatives of all creeds joining in a final tribute.

Police Commissioner Enright, who transferred Horton from precinct duty near his home to a desk in the West 152d Street station at the time the Commissioner broke up Captain Dan Costigan's vice squad, of which Horton was a member, stood at attention before the Horton home with four Deputy Commissioners and two special Deputies when the casket was borne out. Four platoons of patrolmen, 160 strong, saluted with their nightsticks as the Police Band played "Nearer, My God, to Thee."

Then the little funeral procession was formed with Commissioner Enright leading, followed by the Deputies and a group of Inspectors, Captains and Lieutenants, representatives of the various police organizations; former members of the vice squad, led by Captain Costigan, and a deputation from the West 152d Street station. There were three carriage loads of flowers.

The sidewalks were packed as the procession went slowly down Fifty-first Street to Fort Hamilton Parkway and Eighth Avenue. There the escort halted at salute and the hearse passed on to the Weehawken ferry.

The pallbearers were Lieutenants Rufus J. Deyo, Frank R. Morris, Louis Schauberger, Charles Van Buskirk and Daniel W. O'Grady.

The Downtown League announced it had forwarded a subscription of $10 toward a popular fund for the relief of Lieutenant Horton's family. It has been suggested that subscriptions would meet with approval of business men and others who would help establish a permanent home for the family. The Fidelity Trust Company, it was announced, was receiving subscriptions as custodian. S. S. Conover, President of the trust company, has given $100 toward the fund.

45 ARE CAPTURED IN POLICE DRAG-NET

Clue to Andrews Murder Among Second Day's Results, Says Inspector Coughlin.

Police activity on the second day's round-up of crooks in the city produced forty-five prisoners at Police Headquarters yesterday, eleven of whom were taken from the usual line-up and sent back to the precincts where the arrests were made for arraignment on specific charges. The others were detained for further investigation.

Among the latter was an informant, Inspector Coughlin of the Detective Bureau announced, who gave an important clue to the hold-up men who killed the night clerk in the Hotel Palm, at Seventh Avenue and Fifty-third Street, on Nov. 9. The clerk, Ernest Pohm, was alone in the office counting the night receipts, when two men applied for rooms. One wore an army uniform and the other was dressed as a sailor. After felling the clerk with a blackjack, they fled with $280, taken from the office safe.

Other and less definite clues obtained through the raids, according to the inspector, opened new channels regarding the murder and robbery at the jewelry salesrooms of Andrews & Winterbottom, 542 Fifth Avenue, on Dec. 16, when Edwin W. Andrews was killed and several salesmen were bound and gagged and robbed.

A reported attempt to pawn jewelry, which it was believed was part of the loot taken on Sunday morning from the apartment of Mrs. Cecile Sartoris, at 47 Washington Square South, was also under investigation. Inspector Coughlin said the Mercer Street station had notified him that a woman had been detained for further investigation when she was found offering certain articles at a pawnshop.

"The eleven men held are charged with various degrees of felonies," asserted Inspector Coughlin. "One of them has been out on bail for several months for stealing an automobile. Others of them were out on bail pending trials. Four or five of the prisoners will be charged with violation of the Sullivan law."

Two of the prisoners said they were Harry Newman, 22, of Seventeenth Street, Coney Island, and George Graboff, 25, of 143 Avenue B, Brooklyn. Both were arrested Sunday morning at Sixth Avenue and Thirtieth Street, in an automobile alleged to have been stolen from Patrick McCormick, 17 Carroll Street, Brooklyn. Detectives Jenkins and Schuveing said the prisoners had explained crimson stains on the rear seat of the auto by saying that a friend had been hurt while riding in the car.

ENRIGHT SEES WAVE OF CRIME AS FLURRY

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

far better condition today than other large places.

"A few days ago I changed the police system to one inaugurated under Commissioner Waldo. By stopping vacations and reducing assignments I now have 600 more men for patrol duty. Tonight on regular duty I have almost twice as many as two weeks ago and the men are doing good work."

Commissioner Enright said that the parole system was unsatisfactory in some particulars. It was often too easy for dangerous criminals to obtain their release from jail and resume their nefarious calling, he thought.

"I believe that the man who comes into the office or home of a citizen with a gun in his hand has murder in his heart. Such a man I firmly believe should be sentenced to from forty years to life imprisonment. I believe heavy sentences should be meted out to the man previously convicted for serious crimes when rearrested for the same kind of offense.

Uplift Plans Are Scorned.

"I further believe that criminal offenders sent to jail should not be treated better than the guests in some of our hotels. This business of giving grand opera, picture shows and dramatic performances for the enjoyment of criminals in jail promotes crime because that class cannot be reformed and they have no fear of committing other offenses when they get out because prison has no terrors for them."

The Commissioner said he thought the order could do effective work by advocating a central police bureau in Washington. He said the public would be astonished to learn how little cooperation the New York police received from other cities outside the twelve larger cities, with which it maintained reciprocal relations.

"What we need is your help and cooperation," he said. "There is no reason why we should call on you to patrol at the present time when you are not needed."

In his letter to Commissioner Enright offering the services of the order and inviting him to address the meeting, S. H. Wolfe, commander of the chapter, said that many of the members were reserve officers and as such were empowered by the Government to carry firearms. He asked if such a procedure would conflict with local ordinances. Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien, who accompanied Commissioner Enright, said that there should be no difficulty to the members of the order in obtaining permits and Commissioner Enright added that everything would be done to aid the former officers who wanted to carry fire arms in getting official sanction.

Lieut. Col. William A. Carlton advocated a generous use of the nightstick. He said what was especially needed was constructive legislation to deal with the criminal classes. The issuance of low bail bonds was unsatisfactory, he believed.

Commander Eckford C. De Kay voiced the opinion that an organization built along the lines of the police reserves could be of effective use to the Police Commissioner.

JERSEY TOWNS MOVE TO BAR OUT CROOKS

Suburban Officials Adopt Measure to Prevent Influx of New York Criminals.

Many nearby New Jersey communities bestirred themselves yesterday to deal with the crime wave, and particularly to guard against an influx of New York bandits, which they feared as a result of Police Commissioner Enright's order banishing crooks from this city.

Mayor David U. McKenna of Englewood, announced that he was determined malefactors who visited that town should be "shown the gate," and that he would do everything to prevent criminals who found big cities inhospitable from starting a new orgy of murder and holdups in the suburbs. The Mayor issued a proclamation calling on citizens to arm themselves and asking for volunteers for night police work. As a result wealthy residents patrolled the streets in their automobiles last night, maintaining a vigil till daylight and fully prepared, it was said, to repel invaders.

Chief of Police Martin O'Shea of Hackensack, realising that his small force might be embarassed in handling the situation, if any large number of metropolitan thugs came that way, issued a proclamation suggesting that citizens store their valuables overnight in Police Headquarters. The Chief thought that was the wisest way for persons possessed of large sums of valuable jewelry or securities to safeguard them overnight. He said receipts would be given for all packages stored in the headquarters safe and a special watch would be maintained over the strong box.

Plans for a force of fifty deputy sheriffs to patrol Essex County roads at night are being formulated by Milton E. Crawley, Secretary to Sheriff Wilson. Fourteen automobiles owned by deputy sheriffs will be used. In the absence of Sheriff Wilson, who is ill at his home, Mr. Crawley is making arrangements for the county patrol to cover twenty-one municipalities, in cooperation with the local police. Mr. Crawley said the crime wave had become so great in Essex County that emergency measures were necessary.

HOW CHICAGO POLICE HAVE REDUCED CRIME

Fast Autos for Detectives—Men Kept on Patrol—District Heads Held Responsible.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20.—Chief of Police Fitzmorris called attention to the fact today that there had not been an unsolved murder in Chicago in the last month or a payroll holdup in the last six weeks. The cells of the Detective Bureau are filled to overflowing and the Police Department has obtained enough convictions of criminal cases to break the record of prisoners at the Bridewell.

The Police Chief gave this explanation:

"Most police departments are organized on the wrong basis. They are only organized to fight crime. I have reorganized this one as a crime preventive machine as well. I believe the first duty of the police department is to prevent crime.

"I believe the strongest factor to prevent crime is the uniformed policeman patrolling the street. I began by abolishing soft snaps in the department, the special details and the swivel chair jobs. I put 1,000 more men on the street immediately after getting an ordinance, whereby I could take a detective and place him in uniform.

"The next thing I have done is to put the responsibility of the district on the commanding officer of that district. I give him the right to pick his own plain clothesmen, subject, of course, to my approval. I have a card index system of every patrolman in the city. I receive a daily report of each man, the crimes comitted on his beat and all other details of interest in connection with his work. In this way I can see whether there is a recurrence of crimes on certain patrolmen's beats. It eliminates all chance of collusion between policeman and crook.

"Chicago covers 200 square miles, and we have but 3,000 men in the entire department. Of this number 880 are detailed to downtown traffic. Counting out other jobs, that leaves 2,200 men to cover the town. I am not asking for more men. I could use them, but I do not want any more men until I can get more pay for the ones I have."

In reorganizing the department, Chief Fitzmorris has abolished the rifle. He said on this point:

"I am using the fastest automobiles I can get to convey the detectives up close to the bandit, so that they can use their revolvers."

In reference to the crime wave Chief Fitzmorris said:

"Crime is bad throughout the country right now. I expect it will become worse. But I believe that the Chicago department is more than able to cope with the situation."

In his moves to prevent crime, Chief Fitzmorris has declared war on the drug addicts. Since prohibition has gone into effect, the Chief asserted, the use of drugs has been on the increase. Fifty per cent. of the crimes formerly committed by persons under the influence of liquor, are now committed by drug addicts, he said. "Stamp out the drug traffic and I believe crime will be reduced in Chicago," he added.

TWO SAFES LOOTED NEARHEADQUARTERS

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

sitting on a radiator in the Sailors' Home and Institute, at Jane and West Streets, shortly before 7 o'clock yesterday morning. Then they held up Arthur Murdock, clerk of the institute, and two guests. They escaped with $400.

The killing of Russell was described by Assistant District Attorney Joyce as one of the most cruel recorded in the city in many years. Russell had just left his room and was waiting for John Dunn, another guest, to go with him to a Staten Island shipyard in search of work. Not a word had been said either by him or the two bandits when one of them shot him through the heart.

Detectives believe the crime was committed by men familiar with the daily routine of the institute. They think two men who were in a near-by restaurant a few minutes before the killing are the murderers. Descriptions obtained from the proprietor of the restaurant tallied with the few details obtained from witnesses to the shooting.

Thomas Barrett, a ship's cook, told detectives he entered the institute about fifteen minutes before the killing and stood in front of a radiator, where he was joined by Russell, a sailor, who obtained employment as a ship's painter in the Robins Shipyard in Erie Basin, Brooklyn, several months ago.

Door Flung Open; Shot Fired.

Russell sat on the radiator, and told him he and his old shipmate, Dunn, had been laid off last Saturday, but expected to find work on Staten Island. Barrett walked across the floor to another radiator and passed a few flippant comments to Murdock, who had just wound up a clock and was slowly walking back to the steel cage in the centre of the room, when the inner door of the vestibule was violently thrown open and a pistol shot rang out.

Russell dropped from the radiator to the floor, he said, and the next second an undersized man, with a black mask drawn across his face, stepped over Russell's body and, leveling a pistol at Barrett, ordered him to throw up his hands.

As he spoke a taller man, also masked, hopped over the dying Russell and followed Murdock into the steel cage, where he compelled him to open the safe, containing about $400 belonging to guests. As he was stuffing the envelopes in his pocket Frank Conway, another seaman, walked into the reception room, and the shorter bandit, drawing a stiletto from his coat pocket, and still covering Barrett with his pistol, ran toward him and ordered him to throw up his hands and stand beside Barrett.

The robber then noticed that he could be seen from the street, and ordered the men to move back further in the room. The taller bandit took about five minutes to get the money out of the safe, and his confederate, becoming impatient, according to Barrett, shouted:

"Hey, hurry up there! Beat it with what you have before any more guys come in here."

Dunn Pursues Friend's Slayer.

The taller man immediately came out of the steel cage, Barrett said, keeping his pistol trained on Murdock. Then he and the short bandit backed to the door, one of them stumbling over Russell's body. They gave a parting warning to the men in the room and fled.

Dunn entered the room just as they left, and finding his friend dead on the floor, went in pursuit of the hold-up men, but they had disappeared. He met Policeman Craven, who went to the institute and called an ambulance from St. Vincent's Hospital and notified the Detective Bureau.

Eight detectives in two automobiles appeared at the institute soon after.

While some of them were questioning witnesses, a policeman discovered that burglars had broke into the store of Alexander A. Salverna, an importer, at 401 West Street, less than a block away, and had taken $300 and a quantity of wine and cigars which the proprietor had obtained for the holidays.

A large steel lock that Salverna had purchased on Saturday was cut from the front door with a saw, while Salverna and his family slept upstairs. A policeman learned of the robbery when he found the door open. In their haste, he told the detectives later, the thieves overlooked a gold watch and a diamond pin, which were in an unlocked drawer beside that in which the burglars obtained the money.

Does Not Believe Her Implicated in the Killing of Police Lieutenant Horton.

WOMAN FACES GRAND JURY

Says She Was Dazed on Night of Murder—Testimony May Gain Her Immunity.

Mrs. John Walter Brooks, the woman in the taxicab from which the shot was fired that killed Police Lieutenant Floyd Horton on Thursday night, gave her version of the evening's happenings before the Grand Jury yesterday. Mrs. Brooks refused to waive immunity, and her involuntary appearance as a witness would automatically prevent her prosecution in connection with Lieutenant Horton's death, it was said at the Criminal Courts Building.

In a statement to Assistant District Attorney Dineen Mrs. Brooks professed only a dim memory of many of the incidents of the evening, including the circumstances of the shooting. She was positive that John Cavanaugh had left the taxicab at Columbus Circle on the way uptown and that he was not present when Lieutenant Horton was killed. That would have left in the car only Nicholas Loresch, under arrest on a homicide charge, and Joe Loresch his brother, killed in the pistol fight with the policeman.

Mrs. Brooks, according to Mr. Dineen, could not establish the identity of the murderer, nor could she throw any light on the occasion of the trip to 540 West 146th Street, where the shooting occurred. She said that her senses were muddled by drink and said she was only aware that some one had fired and that she had been wounded. After that, she said, she lost consciousness until the next morning, awakening in her apartment at 62 Hamilton Place.

The story of the woman's acquaintance with the Loresch brothers and Cavanagh was told at the District Attorney's office yesterday by her husband, a Chicago insurance man, who affectionately greeted her, when, handcuffed to Cavanagh, she arrived at Mr. Dineen's office.

"Some years ago," Mr. Brooks said, "we lived close to Barnard College. Near the corner was a druggist, where there was a clerk named Nick who used to deliver prescriptions to the house. I believe he was Nicholas Loresch. I never knew Joe Loresch. I think that the John Cavanagh mentioned in the case was the son of the janitress of the Aberdeen Apartments, 546 West 146th Street, where we used to live."

Mr. Brooks said that his wife preferred to live in New York and that she had come here from Chicago on Oct. 15. He saw her on Nov. 16, he said, and until his arrival here Saturday knew nothing of her arrest.

"I thoroughly believe in my wife's innocence," he said, "and I would place my last dollar at her disposal. I know she has no vicious tendencies, and while I cannot reconcile certain things I have read as being done by my wife I do not think she could do anything such as charged. Let me say right now that I am not a millionaire. I have been in the insurance business for many years and have been doing very well, but I am not wealthy."

Mr. Brooks said that he was a supervising agent of the Health Alliance Insurance Company of Chicago and that he had married Mrs. Brooks twelve years ago. She is about 35 years old, he said, and was born in Russia. She had been married previously and her name was Lucille Emma Widermann.

Several witnesses had been called to Mr. Dineen's office in the expectation that they would go before the Grand Jury. Mrs. Brooks's examination, however, took the entire afternoon. The inquiry will be resumed this morning, when it is expected indictments will be handed up.

BANDITS STEAL SAFE WITH $16,000 IN TOLEDO

Seize Funds From Express Company Being Taken on Wheelbarrow to Station.

TOLEDO, Dec. 20.—Six men armed with shotguns and with the lower part of their faces covered by bandanna handerchiefs, overpowered ten guards of the American Railway Express Company here early tonight, and escaped with a safe containing about $16,000 in cash and Liberty bonds.

The hold-up took place on Summit Street, the city's main business thoroughfare, less than four blocks from Police Headquarters. The express company guards were conveying the safe on a wheelbarrow to a truck in the rear of the store, preparatory to taking it to the Union Station, a mile away, for shipment east.

When the guards stepped outside the store the six bandits drove up in two automobiles, beat two of the guards senseless, loaded the safe into one of the automobiles, and escaped in both cars.

ORDEAL FOR THE CAPTAINS.

Kept on Duty Twenty-four Hours a Day by Enright's New Order.

Not a police captain in the city has been out of his precinct since last Saturday afternoon when Commissioner Enright ordered them to don their uniforms and patrol the streets to see that

MERCHANTS CONFER TO DRIVE OUT THIEVES

Name Committee to Study Best Plan for Ridding City of Criminals.

Civic and service organizations were active yesterday in dealing with the crime situation. Most notable of the organizations which set its forces in motion was the Merchants' Association, which considered the outbreak of violence at a session of its Executive Committee in the Woolworth Building. The American Legion offered the Mayor the services of 500 to 5,000 men to do emergency police work.

William Fellowes Morgan, President of the Merchants' Association, presided at the meeting of that association. Others who attended were William C. Breed, William Hamlin Childs, Waldo H. Marshall, Lewis E. Pierson and James Gilbert White. The session was not public, but it was announced at its close that some action might be expected soon. It was decided to keep secret the names of members on a special committee directed to "study the crime situation in all its aspects and to report with recommendations as to what measures the Merchants' Association can properly take to assist in remedying this situation."

Another organization which met yesterday was the Citizens Union. Its Executive Committee held a session at the Drug and Chemical Club and considered the situation but announced no action. Dr. William J. Schieffelin, President, said Sunday night that he thought the Merchants' Association, or some other body to which a political motive was less likely to be imputed, was in better position to take the initiative.

Although no formal action was taken by the New York State Chamber of Commerce, one of the most influential associations in the city, it was learned that its President, Darwin Kingsley, and other officers and members, have been discussing the crimes of the past weeks and that it was not unlikely some action would be discussed. The Chamber will hold its regular Executive Committee meeting next Tuesday.

The Fifth Avenue Association, through its general manager, W. J. Fedrick, cooperated with the Jewelry Crafts Association in arranging with Police Commissioner Enright to facilitate the arming of ex-service men and others in the employ of dealers in precious wares. Mr. Pedrick said that the usual red tape in the issuance of pistol permits had been swept aside and instead of the usual three endorsements ordinarily required the endorsement of the Jewelry Crafts Association alone would be sufficient. Mr. Pedrick said that he had received hundreds of inquiries from jewelers in the Fifth Avenue district who wanted to know the means of getting permits.

Committees of the Fifth Avenue Association and the Jewelry Crafts Association, at a joint meeting, agreed to appeal to the Police Commissioner to drive all mendicants from Fifth Avenue

BLACK STARR AND FROST

A Branch Shop for the Display of Jewels will be opened in the new Hotel Flamingo Miami--Florida

Customers Served by Mail

FIFTH AVENUE CORNER 48th STREET

Worth While Men!

Out of thousands of our applicants we recommend the following:

Accountant-Systematizer. (No. 26113). Amer., $6, college training, cost specialist, 7 yrs. with C. P. A., 3 yrs. comptroller hardware mfr., now Treas. amusement Co., $5,000.

Office Mgr.-Accountant. (No. 7321). $3, seven yrs. charge credits and accounts in chemical and shoe mfg. concerns. Able accountant, splendid systematizer. $4,000.

Foreign Representative-Mgr. (No. 22374). Amer., Car., 37, traveled Europe, South America, trade promoting; college man, linguist, exp. ship operation, chartering, banking, export, $4,000.

Manager—Office—Bank. (No. 26196). Export, buyer, linguist, traveled extensively, native American, 31, 13 years bank and export experience, organizer, correspondent, accountant $4,000.

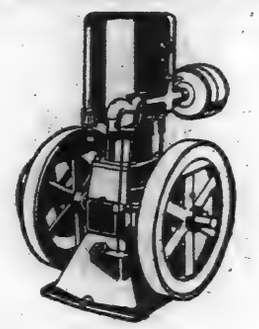
Publishing-Advertising Mgr. (No. 25774). 5 yrs. detail from MS., including sales. Planned million dollar advt. campaign; 2 yrs. asst. to Pres. auto accessory corp., mail order wholesale; all U. S., $3,500.

Chemical Eng.-Factory Mgr. (No. 26118). Amer., 31, University Chem. Engineer, 3 yrs. Supt. Gas Mantle Factory, 2 yrs. Engr.-Mgr. Machine, Paper Cup and Foot Mfg. $3,000.

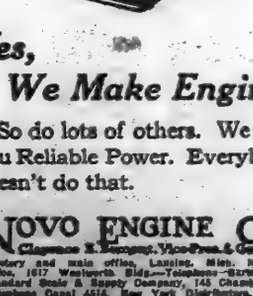
AMERICAN Employment Exchange
115 Broadway Rector 6868
An organization of experts choosing men and women for the work to which they are best suited.

All the Holiday BOOKS
An unusual assortment from which to select a suitable Xmas Gift
BRENTANO'S
Booksellers to the World
Fifth Ave. and 27th St. New York

SHIRTS
THE PATTERNS IN SHIRTS PRESENTED BY FINCHLEY CONFORM TO THE CUSTOM STANDARD OF ESTABLISHED ENGLISH MAKERS.
IT IS SUGGESTED THAT THEY AFFORD A SUITABLE GIFT FOR MEN OF TASTE AND JUDGMENT.
$3.50 AND MORE
FINCHLEY
5 West 46th Street NEW YORK



Lined Gloves For Men and Women
CROSS
The World's Greatest Leather Store
404 Fifth Ave. N. Y. 253 Broadway
Boston—148 Tremont Street
London—89 Regent Street



Novo 2—3—4—6 H. P. Gasoline Engine

Novo Engines, 1¾ to 15 H. P. Outfits for Pumping, Hoisting, Air Compressing, Sawing. Furnished to operate on gasoline, kerosene, natural or artificial gas.

Yes, We Make Engines
So do lots of others. We give you Reliable Power. Everybody doesn't do that.
NOVO ENGINE CO.
Clarence E. Bement, Vice-Pres. & Gen. Mgr.
Factory and main office, Lansing, Mich. New York office, 1017 Woolworth Bldg.—Telephone Barclay 4252. Standard Scale & Supply Company, 145 Chambers St.—Telephone Canal 4514, New York Distributors.
NOVO RELIABLE POWER

HARDING IS URGING WORLD COURT PLAN

But Details of His Idea Are Not Yet Perfected, Say Marion Visitors of the Day.

SHIELDS FAVORS THE COURT

Prof. Lindsay, C. G. Dawes, Henry C. Wallace, Gov. Sproul and W. W. Atterbury Are Other Callers.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Dec. 20.—The details of Senator Harding's plan for an association of nations have yet to be perfected, according to the impression given by more than one of the visitors who conferred with him today.

Senator Shields, Democratic irreconcilable from Tennessee, said that no definite plan had been broached to him. Senator Harding, he stated, laid down a set of principles suggested as a basis for the negotiation of international relationships. With these principles, Senator Shields said, he was in hearty accord.

"I would favor creation of a great international court of justice and codification of the laws of nations to be administered by that court," he went on. "That court should have jurisdiction of all controversies of nations ordinarily known as justiciable, but no questions involving the honor, sovereignty and independence of nations. These might be arbitrated.

"In order to prevent wars I would favor treaties providing for a conference of nations where all, great and small, might be heard according to their absolute equality and in pursuance of settled principles of international law.

"The system should be such that the United States, for example, would remain free, sovereign and independent and not be involved in the political jealousies of others regarding dynasties or territories. As Senator Harding is working, I feel there is a good chance of producing something of this kind."

Professor Samuel McCune Lindsay of Columbia University, President of the Academy of Political Science, was also here today.

"I came away," he said afterward, "with the feeling that there is a fine promise of united public opinion in support of his efforts to secure international co-operation to stabilize economic conditions in Europe and America, to bring speedy adoption of a world court, to enforce international justice, without any political alliance or super-government, and a chance for America to play by proper rôle and her rightful leadership in her traditional policies of disarmament, arbitration and fair trade for all the world."

Wallace and Dawes Are Conferees.

Two of Senator Harding's visitors today figure in Cabinet gossip. Henry C. Wallace of Des Moines, editor of Wallace's Farmer, had a long talk this morning with Senator Harding. Mr. Wallace, as head of the Farm Bureau of Republican National Headquarters, advised with Senator Harding frequently during the campaign, and has been talked of as Secretary of Agriculture.

"It is a fearful thing," he said to correspondents, "to consider that the American farmer is suffering because overproduction has left the country with a surplus on its hands, which has forced prices down so low that farmers cannot continue producing without taking losses. At the same time millions of people in Europe, and yet more millions in Asia, are starving for the need of what we have. Senator Harding has an excellent understanding of this agricultural crisis and is fully alive to the importance of dealing with it sanely and safely. We also had some talk about international matters, and I believe firmly that he is proceeding in the right way there."

Charles G. Dawes of Chicago, who was the representative of the American Expeditionary Forces on the Allied Purchasing Board and whose friends would like to see him Secretary of the Treasury, was another of Senator Harding's visitors. Mr. Dawes said afterward:

"Senator Harding asked me to stop off some time and see him in connection with the subject of the reduction of governmental expenses and its relation to taxation, upon which I had written some magazine articles. I found that Senator Harding already knew more concerning this than I did, and that the effort to reorganize Government business methods upon an economical basis is one of the great tasks to which he proposes to set himself most energetically. From my conversation with him it is evident that in the formation of his Administration he has this great and needed reform constantly in his mind.

"With the present uncoördinated condition of Government business, especially considering the fact that no continued and firm effort has been made to rectify it since the beginning of our Government, this determination of the President-elect to make this reform will be accomplished. If the people of the country are thus relieved of a large part of the present enormous burden of taxation, it means that the chief obstacle in the way of a resumption of normal business activity is removed.

"I did not discuss with Senator Harding his views upon the international situation."

There was talk here as to whether Mr. Dawes might not be asked to head a commission to study methods of reorganizing Federal departments upon a business basis. Herbert Hoover has been mentioned in connection with the same work.

Present Pennsylvania's Claims.

Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania and W. W. Atterbury, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, had a conference with Senator Harding this morning. They said that foreign relations were not discussed. The understanding is that the talk had to do with Pennsylvania politics and recognition of the State in the Cabinet. Governor Sproul has been associated with Senator Knox, and it is understood here that when the Governor saw Senator Penrose last week he gave assurances that should Mr. Knox go into the Cabinet a Senator friendly to Mr Pearose would be appointed in his place.

Representative Bascom S. Slemp, National Committeeman for Virginia, came here today at Senator Harding's invitation to discuss the political situation in the South. He took occasion to urge the President-elect to consider Hot Springs or White Sulphur Springs for his vacation plans.

Former Governor Frank B. Willis, Senator-elect from Ohio, consulted Senator Harding about Governor Cox's offer to appoint Mr. Willis Senator should the President-elect care to resign his seat before the inauguration of Harry M. Davis, Republican Governor-elect. Mr. Willis said that no decision would be made until he had talked with Senator Harding again.

RESENTS BRITISH FLAG.

Somebody Cuts Down Staff on Which It Flew at Rye.

Special to the New York Times.

PORT CHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 20.—Leonard S. Willard of Rye entertained two Englishmen, one of them said to be a man of military fame, at dinner last night. In their honor he hoisted the British flag to the top of a tall flagpole on the grounds of his estate.

Some Irishmen protested to the police that the American flag was not displayed above it. A policeman was sent to the house and Mr. Willard at once placed the American flag above the Union Jack.

Some one evidently not satisfied with the amends offered visited the Willard place early this morning, sawed through the pole at its base and let it topple to the ground.

Prices Realized on Swift & Company sales of carcass beef in New York City for week ending Saturday, Dec. 18, 1920, on shipments sold out, ranged from 11.00 cents to 23.00 cents per pound and averaged 15.11 cents per pound.—Advt.

BISHOP BURCH DIES; STRICKEN ON WALK

Continued from Page 1, Column 8.

Hall. There were twenty clergymen of the diocese in attendance. Archdeacon William H. Pott made the announcement. The meeting immediately adjourned and those present walked in silence from Synod Hall over to the Cathedral and there engaged in prayer, led by Dr. Pott.

Members of the standing committee of the diocese were immediately notified officially of the death of Bishop Burch. This committee will be in charge until the election of a new Bishop. The President of the standing committee is the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, rector of St. Thomas's Church, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street. The Secretary is George Zabriskie, lawyer, of 49 Wall Street. He was to have left today for Colorado, but he immediately postponed his departure.

The only other member of the Bishop's family who was absent from the city was Albert A. Burch, his son, whose home is in Clyde, Ohio. He was notified by telegraph. Official notices also were sent out to all the churches in the diocese.

It is probable that the funeral services will be held in the Cathedral on Friday. The body will lie in state there and may remain in one of the chapels where crypts were set aside by Bishops Potter and Greer. Mourning was placed over Protestant Episcopal churches in the diocese last night and work of placing purple and black of mourning on the Cathedral of St. John the Divine was begun.

Charles Sumner Burch was the eighth Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of New York, and although he served in that office only for the comparatively short time of fifteen months, he had taken an active part in the affairs of the diocese during his term of eight years as Suffragan Bishop. He had been the chief assistant of Bishop David Hummel Greers from 1911 and, under the English method of diocesan management, had gradually taken over many of the duties of Bishop Greer.

Although ambitious from early school days to become a clerical of his church it was not until he was about 30 years old that he was ordained priest. Most of the years preceding his ordination had been spent in the newspaper business, although for ten years before he began to devote his energies solely to the Church he had served as deacon and in other offices of his church. Fourteen years after his ordination—on Sept. 17, 1919—he was elected to head the largest and richest Protestant Episcopal diocese in this country. That was only one of many unusual things in the life of an unusual man and Bishop.

Turns From Press to Church.

Charles Sumner Burch was born in Pinckney, Mich., on June 30, 1855, and all the years of his life were spent in and about his native State until he undertook his first parish work on Staten Island in 1905. His father, Lawrence D. Burch, was a writer, and it was from him that he received encouragement to devote his life to some kind of literary work. From his mother, who was Emily Dunning, he received the impetus to devote this inherent aptness of expression to the service or the Church.

After he had finished the schools at the home of his parents, he gathered together sufficient money to carry him through to the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the University of Michigan. Then he was delayed for years in his determination to continue his studies for the ministry and, although he labored hard to achieve a goal that had been planned before his eyes years before by the wishes of his mother, he was more than a decade beyond the usual age for ordination when he was finally ready to enter the service of the church.

After a question as to whether he did not think it unusual for the church to recruit a bishop from the newspaper business, the Bishop once replied:

"Perhaps so, but I was a lay reader while yet in journalism. I think the most appreciated honor of my life was my election to the editorship of the University Chronicle, the college paper, except being made first baseman on the college baseball nine. My journalistic beginnings were as correspondent for the Detroit Union, now defunct, but which became the powerful Detroit News. James S. Scripps was my chief.

"Later I was connected with an iron and steel journal, the Industrial World, in Chicago. Then for several years I went into general publishing, having charge of the Joliet Sun and the Kankakee City Argo. Finally, I was editor and manager of the Grand Rapids Evening Press for nine years."

Ordained in 1905.

The story of his attempt through years to get what he thought would be an adequate educational preparation for a life of service to the church is a story of a busy man in one field prevented frequently by duties and obligations from fitting himself by study for unselfish work in another field. But he finally overcame every obstacle, finished his course in the Western Theological Seminary in Chicago, and was ordained priest by Bishop McLaren in 1905.

He studied in Germany and England and was at Oxford with Bishop Greer, then Coadjutor Bishop, when that prelate received a message that the death of Bishop Potter had made him Bishop of the New York Diocese through the right of succession that attaches to the office of Coadjutor. Recognizing Bishop Burch's studies in Church history and other branches of ecclesiastical knowledge, several universities had conferred honorary degrees upon him. They were: D. D., St. John's, Maryland, 1908; S. T. D., Hobart, 1909; S. T. D., Columbia, 1911; LL. D., University of Michigan, 1912, and D. D., University of the South, 1913.

His first and only assignment to the rectorship of a church was to St. Andrew's at Stapleton, S. I., where he remained for five years. Before he received that church assignment he had served for brief periods at Christ Church, New Brighton, S. I., and St. John's, Clifton, S. I., so that all his parish work was done on Staten Island and virtually all of his church work within the diocese of which he became the Bishop in such comparatively short time after entering the service of the Church.

In the later years of his service on Staten Island he was Archdeacon, and it was said of him that he knew the island, not only in its churches of all faiths, but in all its other institutions, better than any policeman or man of any office calling. He knew all of the communicants by name, and it was this long practice in the memory of names, faces and facts which, carried into the New York Diocese when he became Suffragan Bishop, that was largely responsible for his election as Bishop to succeed David Hummel Greer. It was set forward that he knew the 430 clergy and 100,000 church members better than any other eligible prelate, and the rural churches of the diocese cast for Bishop Burch went virtually amounted to a single ballot.

Worked Among Prisoners.

While he was on Staten Island, the Bishop undertook extensive missionary work in the Italian communities there and several missions were established in his and other parishes. He also found time to work for years among the prisoners in the Tombs and various other city prisons. The work that he undertook because of the early knowledge of prison conditions he had gained as a police reporter.

Thoroughness in the church work on Staten Island attracted the attention of Bishop Greer, who was Coadjutor with Bishop Potter, an dthe succession of Bishop Greer to the high office at the head of the diocese made vacant the place for which it was deemed that the rector of St. Andrew's was fitted by achievement and training. He was consecrated Suffragan Bishop on Feb. 24, 1911.

His duties were virtually the same as those of Bishop Greer when he was Coadjutor, except that the Suffragan does not succeed to the Bishopric upon the death of the Bishop. A new Bishop is elected, and the Suffragan may or may not be chosen—generally is not. The Suffragan has the same rights and privileges as a Bishop, except a vote in the House of Bishops.

Bishop Burch's first work in his new office was the extension of the missionary field among churches in the smaller towns in the counties outside this city, and this work made him so popular among clergy and church members that he was the favorite candidate for the bishopric upon the death of Bishop Greer. Later his work took him to every parish in the diocese as Bishop Greer, in declining health, came to relinquish more and more of his duties to his Suffragan Bishop.

Bishop Greer was elected Bishop at a special diocesan convention held in Synod Hall at the Cathedral of St. John the Divine on Sept. 17, 1919, and he was installed as Bishop at ceremonies in the Cathedral on Sept. 28, 1919. The other principal candidates at the election were the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Parish; the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires of St. Thomas's, and the Rev. Dr. Charles L. Slattery of Grace Church. Bishop Burch was elected on the third ballot, and the other candidates united in a motion to make the choice unanimous.

Although he had exercised most of the duties of the office of bishop since the death of Bishop Greer, Bishop Burch immediately set upon the immediate problems of the diocese with new vigor and with the declaration:

"I intend to be Bishop of the whole diocese, regardless of any party or prejudice. There will be no politics in my work. I dislike ecclesiastical politics and I will not tolerate it."

One of the great aims of his administration was to push the work upon the uncompleted Cathedral, and it was largely due to his endeavors that plans were made to begin the work on the Cathedral nave on next April 1. Contracts were let last April for the cutting of granite for the nave proper, which is to cost about $5,000,000, and other plans were under way for an endowment fund of $2,000,000 for that part of the edifice.

Many of these plans had been initiated by Bishop Greer in consultation with Bishop Burch, and the last Bishop elaborated the methods that had already been formulated in their consultations. His plan was to build the nave at the rate of about $500,000 a year, and it was his desire to see the edifice well on its way to towering completion before death ended his administration.

One of his utterances that received wide attention was the letter to the Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant protesting against the use of the Church of the Ascension "as a meeting place for a forum, to which are not infrequently invited as speakers men who do not believe in God, who professedly are opposed to the Government, clearly showing their irreverence for constituted authority."

Upheld by Convention.

There was a sharp division of views on deportation and many other subjects between the Bishop and the rector, but the differences were composed by exchange of communications. The diocesan convention upheld the



BISHOP CHARLES SUMNER BURCH

Bishop in his stand upon the use of church edifices as forums and the Church of the Ascension Forum was moved to the parish house.

Bishop Burch was one of fifty-two American prelates who attended the Lambeth conference of the Protestant Episcopal Church in England early this year, where he took an active part in the discussions of problems affecting the Church and its relations to government and social problems. He came back with the opinion that there should be closer co-operation of all the churches and that women should have a larger sphere in the Church and ministry and even should be invited to preach from the pulpits. Shortly after his return, Bishop Burch was elected President of the Episcopal Synod of the Province of New York and New Jersey.

Bishop Burch married Margaret Hadley of Detroit on Nov. 29, 1876, and they had two children, Margaret, and Albert A. Burch, now of Clyde, Ohio.

It was frequently observed by persons who saw Bishop Burch that he not only acted but looked the part of the Bishop. He was a large man physically, about 6 feet 2 inches tall, and of fine appearance.

PAY TRIBUTES TO BISHOP.

Church Leaders Join in Eulogizing Prelate's Life and Service.

These tributes were paid to the life and work of Bishop Burch last night:

The Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, rector of St. Thomas's Church:

"The Diocese of New York has had bishops with unusual gifts of intellect, eloquence or statesmanship, but the diocese has never had a bishop more conscientious in the determination of duty nor more faithful in fulfillment than Bishop Burch. His sympathy was unfailing, and because he loved much he was universally beloved. During the single year of his episcopate all his fine qualities deepened and broadened. This was observed in the General Convention meeting in Detroit in October, 1919, and was particularly remarked upon his return from the Lambeth Conference last Summer."

Dean Howard Chandler Robbins of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine:

"Bishop Burch has quite literally given his life for the Diocese of New York. He never spared himself a single labor for which he had time and strength, but met the multitudinous demands of his great office with the zeal and loving kindness of a devoted priest who has his people always in his heart. The whole diocese will be conscious of intimate and personal bereavement in the death of one so faithful and so beloved."

Bishop Edwin S. Lines of Newark:

"A hard and difficult task had come to Bishop Burch, and I think he was meeting it with his whole mind and heart, and was doing it well. He and I were very good friends, and I have every reason to think of him with the most affectionate regard. I think he was winning a similar place in the minds of all who knew him."

The Rev. Dr. Herbert Shipman, rector of the Church of the Heavenly Rest:

"He was a man you could go to with your individual troubles, your parish troubles, and be assured of a sympathetic hearing. Personally, I was very fond of Bishop Burch. He had many problems to face as the result of new conditions, problems which often involved outbreaks of temperament in his diocese, but he always handled them in a splendid manner."

The Rev. Dr. Milo H. Gates, rector of the Chapel of the Intercession, Trinity Parish:

"I consider Bishop Burch one of the purest Christians the Church ever had. He had a great heart and he never spared himself in Christ's service. He was one of the best loved men by all classes in the Episcopal Church in this State."

GIVE CHRISTMAS DANCE.

Mr. and Mrs. Marvin and Mr. and Mrs. Church Entertain for Children.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rumsey Marvin of 701 Madison Avenue and Mr. and Mrs. Frederic E. Church of 550 Park Avenue were hosts and hostesses at a Christmas dance last night at the Plaza for their children, Miss Charlotte D. Church and Miss Jessie H. Marvin, who are home from the Farmington and Spence Schools respectively, and for Rumsey Marvin, a Yale undergraduate, also home for the holidays. These young people are not yet out and the 250 guests were chiefly of the younger set, with a sprinkling of this Winter's buds, and the young men were chiefly college boys. Mrs. Church, Mrs. Marvin, Miss Marvin and Miss Church received together in the Rose Room, dancing beginning about 9 and supper being served at 11:30.

Many dinners preceded the dance. Mrs. Colgate Hoyt gave one, which Miss Church attended, and Miss Marvin went to that at which Mrs. Walter Damrosch was the hostess. Mrs. Howard Borden and Mrs. George Dallas Yeomans also gave dinners.

Among the guests were the Misses Mary Alice Barney, Mimi Brokaw, Margaret and Ann Phelps, Lelia and Ruth Baldwin, Betty Stettinius, Laura Harding, Georgina L. Wells, Barbara Whitney, Louise V. Schieffelin, Mary Burchell, Lee Dodge, Helen and Margaret Schlesinger, Helen Rice, Adeline Kelly, Sally Kane, Barbara and Adelaide Hodge, Janet Cheney, Eleanor Flagg, Julia Fiske, Katherine Rogers, Katharine Francis, Mary Van R. Cogswell, Sarah Marquand, Betty Wolcott Merchant, Clara Worsham, Elizabeth Meeker, Margery Andrews, Adrienne Story, Charlotte K. Demorest and Betsy Robbins.

6% SEMI-ANNUALLY IS BETTER THAN 16% SEMI-OCCASIONALLY

A locomotive that maintains a consistent speed of 50 miles an hour will reach Chicago quicker than a locomotive, running 70 miles an hour, that develops engine trouble one hour and a hot box the next.

There are plenty of investments in the market today that look very good for a short haul, but an investment that is good only for a short haul is no investment.

Prudence-Bonds not alone pay 6%, but keep on paying it, and grow stronger the longer they run, because they are secured by conservative first mortgages that are systematically reduced by serial payments, thus expanding the equities and decreasing the loans.

They are also guaranteed as to interest and principal by our entire capital and surplus and are an ideal investment for people who are seeking a safe and sane yield for their January funds.

Invest your January funds in Prudence-Bonds. Write for booklet No. F-109

We pay the 4% Normal Federal Income Tax

REALTY ASSOCIATES INVESTMENT CORPORATION

31 Nassau St., New York 162 Remsen St., Brooklyn

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY, Trustee of this issue

Denominations $1,000, $500 and $100

EMERGENCY TARIFF OPPOSITION GROWS

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

shorn from the animal without any cleansing; washed wools shall be considered such as have been washed with water only on the animal's back or on the skin; wools washed in any other manner than on the animal's back or on the skin shall be considered as scoured wools. On wool and hair provided for in this paragraph, which is sorted or increased in value by the rejection of any part of the original fleece, the duty shall be twice the duty to which it otherwise would be subject, but not more than 45 cents per pound.

"Wool and hair are the kind provided for when advanced in any manner or by any process of manufacture beyond the washed and scoured condition, and manufactures of which wool or hair of the kind provided for is the component material of chief value, 45 cents per pound in addition to the rates of duty imposed thereon by existing law."

Rainey Fears Retaliation.

The minority report offered tonight by Representative Rainey in part said:

"This bill has been prepared practically without hearings. A few representatives of the cattle and sheep industries of the West appeared before the committee testifying to lack of markets and deplorable depression in the industries in which they were interested. That was all. No experts have been examined by the committee. The large amount of information compiled by the Tariff Commission was not available at the time the bill was reported out by the committee and is not now available. The bill has been hurriedly prepared without consideration. The rates imposed are believed to be absolutely prohibitory.

"This bill amounts to an embargo in time of peace as to the articles to which it relates. In the history of the world no commercial nation ever before established or attempted to establish an embargo in time of peace. It will inevitably lead to retaliatory tariffs. All commercial treaties between nations are practically annulled by the war and today new commercial treaties are in process of formation. Every commercial nation is today prepared with the means of real retaliation and there is grave danger that they will quickly respond to the challenge we give them in this bill.

"We are now a creditor nation and have become so almost over night, although before the war we were a debtor nation. Our excess of exports over imports last year amounted to more than $3,000,000,000. Up to Sept. 1 the 1920 surplus exports have amounted to nearly $2,000,000,000. The chances are that by Jan. 1 they will reach nearly $3,000,000,000. The foreign nations owe us interest on nearly $10,000,000,000 we have loaned them, and if they had all the gold in the world they would not have enough to pay this debt. They owe us nearly $750,000,000 for surplus stores the various branches of the Government have sold them. There are, too, private debts.

"They can pay only in gold or goods. They cannot pay in gold and they are not manufacturing at the present time enough goods, and even if they were, we propose by this bill to make imports less and less.

"If we are to remain a creditor nation, and we must do that or suffer now immeasurable financial calamities, we must import more than we export. England always did this when she was the clearing house of the world. The time has come when protection which keeps out importations is no longer the economic remedy for the situations which confront us. The less our importations become at the present time the greater will be the difference in exchange, and it is the exchange difference which affects particularly in this country today the producers of foodstuffs."

Estimated Addition to Revenue.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20 (Associated Press).—As finally approved and reported to the House, the Emergency Tariff bill carries import duties on commodities which, together with the rates agreed to in committee and the estimated revenue to come therefrom, follows:

Commodity.	Proposed Duty.	Estimated Revenue.
Wheat	30c. bush.	$2,109,530
Wheat flour	20 per cent.	657,900
Corn	15c. bush.	137,625
Beans	2c. pound.	3,091,780
Peanuts, unshelled	3c. pound.	642,540
Peanuts, shelled	6c. pound	4,405,410
Potatoes	25c. bush	1,560,000
Onions	40c. bush.	787,040
Rice, cleaned	2c. pound.	2,900,680
Rice, uncleaned	1½c pound.	235,575
Flour, meal & broken rice	½c. pound.	5,087
Rice, unhulled	¾c. pound.	70,972
Lemons	1½c. pound.	85,250
Oils, peanut	25c. gallon.	4,333,429
Oils, cottonseed	20c. gallon.	2,479,400
Oils, soya bean	20c. gallon.	3,837,000
Cattle	20 per cent.	5,851,500
Sheep	$2 a head.	102,484
Lambs	$1 a head.	No estimate
Mutton and lambs	2½c. pound.	1,656,792
Wool, unwashed	15c. pound.	9,900,000
Wool, washed	30c. pound.	28,500,000
Wool, manufactures of	45c. pound.	11,250,000
Wool, scoured	45c. pound.	45,000,000

Senate Starts Three-Day Recession.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The Senate today, having disposed of the bill reviving the War Finance Corporation and having no other immediate pressing business before it, adjourned until Thursday, when it plans to adjourn again until next Monday. A similar three-day recess over New Year's is planned. The recess will not interfere with committee activities.

WAR FINANCE BOARD IS NOW UP TO WILSON

Senate Repasses Resolution as Amended by House and Hopes to Overcome Veto.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The resolution which directs the Secretary of the Treasury to revive the War Finance Corporation for the purpose of aiding in the building up of a foreign market for American farm products, and which was amended by the House on Saturday so as to eliminate section 2, which expressed it as the opinion of Congress that the Federal Reserve Board should extend liberal credits to farmers, was passed this afternoon by the Senate.

Senators Gronna, Smith of South Carolina, and others who have supported the bill, said that they did not approve the action taken by the House but voted for the resolution, in the amended form, in order not to delay the reorganization of the board.

The resolution now goes to the President and if approved by him it will be the duty of Secretary of the Treasury Houston to immediately order that the Finance Board be revived.

Secretary Houston is opposed to reviving the board and it is believed that President Wilson is of the same opinion, which would mean the veto of the resolution. Members of the Southern-Western combination which forced the resolution through Congress claim that they can pass the resolution over the President's veto.

The Federal Reserve Board was severely arraigned in the Senate this afternoon during the discussion of the amended resolution. Senator Harris of Georgia suggested that it might be necessary to withhold confirmation of the members of the Federal Reserve Board unless better accommodations are extended to the farmers.

Senators Smoot, Thomas, King and Glass defended the Reserve Board. Senator King said he would consider it as an honor, when the time comes, to vote for the confirmation of Governor Harding, Dr. Miller and the other members of the Board.

Committee Favors Increasing House.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Enactment of the Siegel Re-apportionment bill, for an increase in the size of the House of Representatives to 483 members, is favored by a majority of the House Census Committee, Chairman Siegel said today after an executive session. Mr. Siegel hopes to have the Re-apportionment bill ready by mid-January. Hearings will be held by the committee on Dec. 28 and 29 and Jan. 4. Special attention will be directed to the alleged disfranchisement of negroes in the Southern States.

Invitations To Be Robbed!

A few don'ts.

1. It is very dangerous to personally display jewelry in Theatres, Hotels, Restaurants, Stores and in other public places. Burglars and thieves watch such people, trailing them to their homes with intention to rob.

2. For the same reason do not display in such public places money carried on your person: Keep your money in your Bank and pay your bills by check.

3. If you wish to change the location of your valuables, or carry money from one place to another, do not tell anyone in advance—especially never telephone your plans—conversations are overheard. (About two weeks ago over $400,000 was stolen, made possible because a telephone conversation was overheard.) If values are high, always have guards whom you know are reliable, but do not tell even them what you are doing.

4. Ladies should not carry valuables in their hand bags.

5. Never use strange taxis at night. They are dangerous enough in the day time. Patronize known concerns. See that you leave nothing in taxicabs.

6. Keep off of dark streets at night when possible.

7. Never ride in automobiles day or night with strangers.

8. Know the character of your servants: Do not assume their honesty: It is amazing how many criminals are posing as servants and how easy they find positions in our "best" homes, robbing their employers when they find opportunity.

9. Never allow "Inspectors," "Gas Men," "Telephone Men," "Plumbers," "Officers," "Employees," "Solicitors" or any unknown people to enter your home until you have carefully investigated the purpose of their call. Take no chances!! All kinds of schemes and devices are used by dangerous criminals to gain entrance into homes to learn plans of the doors, windows, etc., etc. See yourself that the back elevator is locked, all windows and doors are locked day and night.

10. Never attack Burglars! Make all kinds of noise to frighten them away but never fight an armed Burglar: Why risk your life?

Finally for indemnity against loss caused by Burglars, Thieves and Criminals acting as servants and other positions of employment secure a policy in the

WORLD'S LARGEST SURETY COMPANY

Apply to your own Broker or direct to

National Surety Company

115 Broadway, New York

Resources over 22 Million Dollars

Do Your Christmas Marketing Early—

The early bought bird is plumpest and best. Vegetables, salad greens—fruits—the freshest go to the early marketer. With your ice box filled with pure, clean Knickerbocker Ice you can market early and keep everything as fresh and sweet as the morning dew.

For Plum Pudding a la mode make a hard sauce of butter creamed to snowy lightness with sugar—flavor, keep on Knickerbocker Ice for several hours. It's like ice cream—serve the same way.

Knickerbocker ICE Company



DAY BEDS & THEIR ACCESSORIES IN EVERY STYLE AND COLOR AN UNSURPASSED SELECTION IN VARIETY, PRICE & QUALITY.

FRANK A. HALL & SONS
58 West 45th St., New York City

Manufacturing and selling direct, our prices are extraordinarily low.

Lane Bryant

Originator, patentee and largest maker and retailer in the world of

MATERNITY APPAREL

Offers the expectant mother

Latest Winter Models

in a complete assortment

Dresses	24.75 to 250.00
Coats	29.75 to 325.00
Skirts	8.95 to 29.75
Petticoats	1.95 to 16.50
Corsets	4.95 to 16.50
Brassieres	98c to 2.25

Negligees and Underwear

Differing in an outward way from prevailing modes; expand as required; conceal condition; fit when figure is again normal without alteration.

Second Floor

Lane Bryant
21-23 West 38th St.

CARMANIA WINS 3-DAY OCEAN RACE

Firemen's Pride Touched When Imperator Hints at Giving Them a Towline.

SEVEN SHIPS BRING 10,468

London Police Heavyweights Here to Box "Finest"—Princess Ruspoli Arrives.

Seven liners arrived yesterday from Europe with 10,468 passengers, of whom 7,728 were in the steerage. In addition to full cabins the liners brought hundreds of tons of Christmas and New Year's mail.

The first ship to reach her pier yesterday was the Cunarder Carmania. Her officers said that they had raced the fleet of passenger liners since Thursday afternoon and beaten them all. The Imperator passed them Wednesday night in the fog and when it lifted the following afternoon the big Cunarder was a few miles head, with the French liner Savoie, the Holland-America liner Nieuw Amsterdam, the Madonna of the Fabre Line and the Drottningholm of the Swedish-American Line not far away. Various messages by wireless from the Imperator to the Carmania, the last one about hanging a tow rope over the stern, seemed to have piqued the firemen on the early night watch.

When their relief came down to the stoke hole the others decided to stay below and shovel coal into the furnaces. The Carmania forged ahead, and on Friday morning the Imperator and the other liners were away astern. The final stretch was to reach the pilot cutter ahead of the Savoie Sunday afternoon and Quarantine before the sunset gun.

Two first cabin passengers on the Imperator who attracted attention were the two London police champions, Jack Stanley, 180 pounds, and Harry Malin, a light-heavyweight of 165 pounds, who have come over to box the New York police champions.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt returned from a meeting in London of the Board of the International Woman's Suffrage Alliance, of which she is President. Another passenger was Hannibal de Mesa, a Cuban merchant, reported to have broken the bank at Monte Carlo.

The Imperator had $2,500,000 in gold and 276 first, 487 second and 1,377 third class passengers.

The officers of the Swedish-American liner Drottningholm, from Gothenberg, with 1,000 passengers, said that just after entering the North Sea from the Baltic on Dec. 10 a big wave swept over the bow and carried Frithof Olsen, a steerage passenger, overboard.

American business men returning from Northern Europe said that they saw piles of autos and other goods from the United States on the docks because merchants who had ordered them had no money to pay invoices.

There were a number of French diplomats and officials on the Savoie, which brought 900 passengers from Havre.

The largest number of passengers arriving yesterday were on the Nieuw Amsterdam, which had 2,467 of all classes from Rotterdam. Princess Eugenia Ruspoli of Italy was a passenger, on her way to spend Christmas at her old home in Oak Hill, Ga. She was a Miss Berry.

NEAR EAST WORKERS LEAVE ARMENIA

Sent by Kemal Pasha to Kars, Where They Continue to Aid 7,000 Orphans.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 19 (Associated Press).—Reports that Americans have been molested at Smyrna, which have been current for several days, were denied by officers of the United States destroyer John P. Edwards, which arrived here this morning from Smyrna.

The American workers at Ballou, workers in Armenia have been evacuated under the personal supervision of Mustapha Kemal Pasha, the Turkish Nationalist leader, and have arrived safely in Kars, Transcaucasia, according to advices from Kars.

Some of the workers will be sent to Klazim and others to Karabekir. Mustapha Kemal has placed the Americans under the protection of the Turkish army occupying Kars.

The following Americans now are in Kars continuing the relief work, covering more than seven thousand orphans: The Rev. Dr. Ernest Yarrow, general manager of the Caucasus branch of the Near East Relief; Mrs. V. Harris, Fort Wayne, Ind.; H. Barton, Worcester, Mass.; Miss J. Goodrich, Elmer Eckman and Grant York, New York; Milton Brown, Malden, Mass.; Robert Ferguson, Jacksonville, Fla.; Arthur Hammond, Newark, N. J.; Peter Jansen, New York; Charles MacBride and H. Maynard, Topeka, Kans.; Christian Leyton, Raymond Gilman and Dr. Hawthorne, Framingham, Mass.; Miss Alma Fossom, Dr. Russell Main, Clark D. Martin, Pine Grove, Pa.; Nelson Weeks, Yonkers, N. Y.; Miss Florence Myers, Willard Nelson, Miss Myrtle Shane, Topeka, Kans.; Caroline Silliman, Clayton Skinner, Greenfield, Mass.; Elizabeth A. Thom, London, Canada; Mr. and Mrs. George White, Minneapolis; Miss Cora Beach, Dr. Barton Brush, Elizabeth Gillespie, Leonard Hubbard Princeton, W. Va.; Miss Elsie M. Kimball, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

According to reports from Batum, James Daingerfield, the district commander at Erivan; Ralph Thistle and Charles Pierce of Topeka, Kan., remained at their posts, despite the establishment of a Bolshevist regime in Armenia. Following the intimation that relief work in Soviet Armenia is to be discontinued, it is thought in relief commission circles that those who remained at Erivan must have already joined their colleague at Kars.

Communication between Kars and Constantinople is being maintained through Trebizond.

An American commission unit has left Kars for Erzeroum to look after the Turkish orphanage at Erzeroum, which is still connected with Kars by rail.

Miss Cook to Wed L. D. Egbert.

Mrs. Ferdinand Huntling Cook of 249 West End Avenue announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Beatrice Valerie Cook, to Lester Darling Egbert, son of Professor and Mrs. James C. Egbert of Columbia. Miss Cook is a granddaughter of Mrs. James Herman Aldrich of this city and Sag Harbor, L. I. Mr. Egbert is a graduate of Columbia, class of '14, and is a member of the Zeta Psi Fraternity. During the war he served in France as a Lieutenant with the Twenty-second Aero Squadron.

Hatch



TRADE MARK

SALTO-NUTS AND CHOCOLATES FOR CHRISTMAS

SALTO-NUTS (Mixed) at $2.25 the lb.

Italian Chocolates, at $1.50 the lb. Supreme Chocolates, at $2.00 the lb. Matinee Idols (Nutted Chocolates), at $2.50 the lb. Special De Luxe Boxes ($6 & $10) contain a combination of the HATCH Specialties—an ideal gift.

Sent anywhere without extra cost, for "HATCH He Pays the Parcel Post."

Four Stores: 3 on the West Side of Broadway, near 45th, 52nd and 99th Sts., and one in Herald Square, 6th Ave., near 35th Street. Always open.

Send for booklet. Telephone Fitzroy 244

Hatch

TIFFANY & CO.

FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET

SILVER TEA SETS AND DINNER SERVICES

Presenting the SONORA at

BLOOMINGDALES

59TH TO 60TH ST.—LEXINGTON TO 3D AVE.

The Sonora, clear as a bell, beautiful in line and finish, needs no introduction to the music-loving public. Famous the world over for its marvelous tone. And now you can get the Sonora you want at Bloomingdales—you can get it in the greatest of comfort, and pay for it according to your own ideas of convenience and fairness.

OWN A

Sonora — THE INSTRUMENT OF QUALITY — CLEAR AS A BELL

BEFORE CHRISTMAS

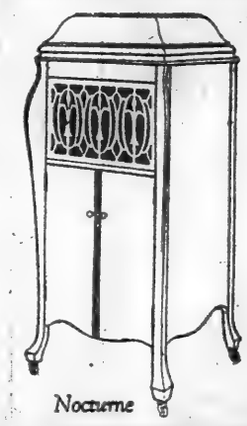
Come in and hear the Sonora. Our force of specially trained musician sales-people will gladly help you to make a selection. Arrange to get your Sonora before Christmas and the New Year, and look forward to a year of unbounded pleasure.

About Terms

Simply suggest your own plan of purchase, and if it is within business reason, it will be acceptable to us. Couldn't be fairer than that, could it?

Priced from $125 to $1500

Bloomingdales—Second Floor



Nocturne

Open Until 10 P. M.

SMOKES

The Smoker's Gift is Here

Cigars

Cigarettes

Tobaccos

All At Lowest-in-the-City Prices

Imported Cigars

Corona, Belvederes,	box of 25,	$5.94
Corona Coronas,	box of 25,	12.24
Belinda, Fancy Tales,	box of 25,	9.94
Corona, perfectos,	box of 25,	6.74
Romeo and Juliet, perfectos,	box of 25,	6.74
Belinda, perfectos,	box of 25,	6.74
Calixto Lopez, perfectos,	box of 25,	6.74
Romeo and Juliet, perfeccinados,	box of 25,	5.24

Mild Havana Cigars

Optimo, Presidents,	can of 50,	$8.44
Admiration, Invincibles,	box of 25,	3.96
Gems,	box of 100,	3.49
Natural Bloom, Squares,	box of 50,	7.44
	box of 25,	3.74
Regalia Perfecto,	box of 50,	5.74
	box of 25,	2.97
High Life, After Dinner,	box of 50,	5.94
	box of 25,	3.24
Staples,	box of 25,	2.97
Charles the Fifth, Squares,	box of 25,	3.49
Lucella, Favoritas,	box of 50,	4.96
Corona Petite,	box of 50,	4.96

Smoking Tobaccos in 16 oz. tins

Serene, $1.29 Vintage, $1.44
Herbert Tareyton, $2.09
Lakewood Mixture, 1.49

Prince Albert in 16 oz. Glass Humidors, $1.44

High Grade Clear Havana Cigars

Mi Hogar—Senators,	box of 50,	$5.94
Corona Chica,	can of 50,	5.74
Perfecto Royal,	box of 25,	2.74
	box of 50,	5.48
Perfecto Selecto,	box of 50,	6.49
	box of 25,	3.49
Sublimas,	box of 50,	4.96
Coronitas,	box of 50,	4.96
Palmitas,	box of 50,	4.96
Selection No. 1— 50 in Natural Cedar Box,		6.94

Cigarettes—Popular Brands

Pall Mall, plain or cork,	box of 100,	$2.14
Philip Morris,	box of 100,	2.14
Benson & Hedges,	box of 100,	2.14
Condax,	box of 100,	2.14
Melachrino, No. 9,	box of 100,	1.54
Naturals,	box of 100,	1.54
Lord Salisbury,	carton of 180,	1.64
	box of 100,	.94
Sweet Caporal,	carton of 200,	1.69
Piedmonts,	carton of 200,	1.64
Chesterfields,	carton of 200,	1.64
Lucky Strike,	carton of 200,	1.64
Camels,	carton of 200,	1.64

Imported Cigarettes Our Own Importation

Sullivan & Powels,	box of 100,	$6.49
Dormy,	box of 100,	5.49
Grand Duc,	box of 50,	2.97
	box of 100,	5.94

Imported Tobaccos Our Own Importation

London Mixture, in airtight cans,	3 oz. cans,	64c
	16 oz. cans,	$3.24
Land's Cafe Mixture, in airtight cans,	3 oz. cans,	64c
	16 oz. cans,	$3.24

COMPLETE ASSORTMENTS OF SMOKERS' ACCESSORIES

Macy's—Main and Fifth Floors, 35th Street.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.

HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK CITY.

FRANKLIN SIMON MEN'S SHOPS
2 to 8 WEST 38th STREET

TO ANSWER A GIFT QUESTION WITHOUT QUESTION

We can save you $75.00 on a

MAN'S

FUR-LINED COAT

without taking it out of the coat

THE buyer and the seller cannot both save money on one piece of merchandise. Beware of a saving in price that is offset by a saving in quality. These coats are reduced from their former selling prices, which is quite different from being reduced from an arbitrary guesswork valuation. They were cut after the coat was cut, not before.

Specifically, the shells are made in black Kerseys, Crombies, O'Brien Fleeces, and Rob Roy heathers, by tailors of the know-how school, and the furs are especially selected pelts, trapped in snowtime, when they are so luxuriously deep and dense.

Beaver or Otter Collars

$350.00 MARMOT LINED COATS
Reduced to $275.00

$450.00 MUSKRAT LINED COATS
Reduced to $375.00

Franklin Simon & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE

Crouch & Fitzgerald

Announce:

That conditions in the fine-leather market have so relaxed that they can now offer

Material Reductions in the Cost

OF

Bench Wrought Luggage

They are especially pleased that these price-reductions are possible now, when they are of greatest advantage to those who are selecting Holiday gifts, rather than at some later date.

Kit Bags, Club Bags, Ladies' Bags, Suit Cases, Fitted Cases, Hat Cases

at the three Crouch & Fitzgerald Shops.

14 West 40th Street, South of the Public Library — 177 Broadway, Between Fulton & Cortlandt Sts.

and at Washington, D. C.
1303 *F Street.*

"THE House With a Bad Name" is enveloped in a secret which grows tenser and more baffling with each succeeding chapter with its weird happenings. A fascinating mystery story of an entirely novel kind, by Perley Poore Sheehan. All booksterers. Boni & Liveright, N. Y.

FOR CHRISTMAS GIVE

LEE WILSON DODD'S

Book of Susan

On sale everywhere or can be had from the publishers. $2.00

E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

Reg. Trade Mark

Christmas Gift Suggestions *for* MEN

FOR the Holiday Season of 1920 is offered a comprehensive selection of the various accessories for Town and Country wear. Every item has been chosen with the care and discriminating taste that has made the name of McCutcheon famous.

Imported Knitted Silk Dress Scarfs.

Shirts, Neckties and Socks—For Evening Wear.

Dressing Gowns—Of Brocaded Silks, Foulards (for Traveling), Velours, Camel's Hair and Wool.

Smoking Jackets—Brocaded Silks or Velvet, as you prefer.

Sweaters, Scarfs, Golf Hose and Socks—Of Camel's Hair and the Various Imported Wools.

Gloves—Reindeer (Lined with Fur and Unlined), Cape, Mocha, and Wool.

Socks—Of Silk, Lisle and Cotton—Accordion weaves, Embroidered clock effects.

Pajamas—Silk, Madras, Flannel, Sateen, in White, Stripes and Plain colors.

Neckwear—Choice Silks from home and abroad.

Sterling Silver Belt Buckles.

Umbrellas—Always acceptable.

James McCutcheon & Company

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets, New York

SENATE AGENTS RAID COAL MEN'S RECORDS

Calder Committee Representatives Seize Correspondence of Association.

NO OPPOSITION OFFERED

Vice President Morrow Declares Price Fixing Barred by the Organization.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Records and correspondence of the National Coal Association secured during an examination of its offices here Saturday and Sunday by Senate agent will be produced tomorrow at a hearing before the Senate Committee on Reconstruction, it was announced today by Senator Calder of New York, Chairman of the committee. J. D. A. Morrow, Vice President of the association, will be called as a witness.

The committee took the unusual step of ordering a search made of the association's records after presenting a partial report to the Senate last week declaring that profiteering and disorganization of the distribution system had marked the conduct of the coal industry during the present year, and recommending the enactment of legislation for Federal control.

"Representatives of the committee went to the association offices Saturday," Senator Calder said, "and produced for Mr. Morrow the subpoena authorizing an examination of the records and the production before the committee of such of them as seemed desirable. Mr. Morrow was informed that the law under which they were acting would be shown to him, and that the records, if necessary, would be put under lock and key to await the committee's action.

In a statement tonight Mr. Morrow said that the National Coal Association has been at all times since its organization ready to co-operate with any agency of the Government."

"All its records," the statement continued, "were immediately placed at the disposal of the committee on Saturday without resort to any compulsion. In accordance with the offer made to the Calder committee last Summer by Colonel Wentz, President of the association."

Any statements that there might be found evidence "of price fixing, or other illegal activities" on the part of the association, the statement branded as "unwarranted."

"It is well known," the statement set forth, "that by charter limitation the association is prohibited from having anything to do with the prices at which its members sell their coal. Coal companies are members only on condition that the association observe this charter limitation strictly. It has always observed this limitation with entire faithfulness.

URGES TAX ON TURNOVER.

Mayer D. Rothschild Says 1% Levy Would Mean 3.29 to Consumer.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Meyer D. Rothschild of New York, representative of the National Business Men's Tax Commission, argued in behalf of a nation-al turnover tax on manufactured articles when he appeared this afternoon before the House Ways and Means Committee. Mr. Rothschild told the committee that the tax could not add more than 3.29 per cent. to the cost to the consumer on the original price of the article.

Like Julius C. Hagne, who testified last week, Mr. Rothschild proposed a 1 per cent. tax. He said that after consultation with manufacturers he had learned that the extremes in this pyramiding were 2 per cent. on taffeta silk and 3.29 on a rubber tire, the tire involving eleven operations in manufacture, each of these being taxed 1 per cent. of cost.

Retention of the income tax with exemptions raised to a limit between $2,500 and $5,000, duties on imports, and the inheritance tax in addition to a new turnover tax, was the general tax plan suggested by the witness. He disputed the claim made by Dr. Thomas S. Adams, the Treasury tax expert, that the turnover would be difficult to collect.

LIKE MONT BLANC CRASH.

Recent Saseno Disaster Due to the Fall of a Mountain Mass.

Copyright 1920 by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Dec. 20.—More details of the disaster at the island of Saseno, in the Bay of Avlona, Albania, last week, in which the commander of the Italian naval station and nearly a score of his subordinates were killed, are now at hand.

The immediate cause of the disaster, which is attributed to earthquake shocks, was the dislodging of more than 1,000,000 cubic meters of the mountain overhanging the harbor. This enormous mass crashed down upon the port at the height of a furious storm, burying the buildings of the station and blocking the harbor.

Saseno, an island of volcanic formation, about six miles long and three wide, with a maximum elevation of 607 feet, but subject to constant changes both by erosion and subterranean convulsions, is ten miles across the bay from the city of Avlona, the main port of Albania. It is frequently referred to as "Italy's Gibraltar."

On Oct. 30, 1914, nearly seven months before Italy entered the war, she occupied the island and began to fortify it although extensive works never had the approval of Italian engineers. On the 31st of the following December, she used the island as the point of embarkation for marines who landed at Avlona for the purpose of preserving order, until Italy entered the war, and the port was used in the Albanian campaigns.

In all negotiations over Fiume and the Treaty of London Italy was conceded to have a right to Saseno and Avlona, but after the Albanian insurrection last Summer Italy relinquished all right to the mainland, but, by virtue of a treaty signed with Albania, retained Saseno as a naval station.

3 KILLED IN CLASH WITH SOCIALISTS

Seven Wounded in the Firing in Italy—Deputy Mobbed

FERRARA, Italy, Dec. 20.—Socialists and Anti-Socialists clashed here today, and in the heavy firing which followed, three persons were killed and seven wounded. The encounter came after a Socialist meeting.

BOLOGNA, Italy, Dec. 20.—The Socialist Deputy, Misiano, who deserted from the Italian Army, was attacked by citizens, who recognized him, and attempted to strike him with sticks. Misiano drew his revolver but was prevented from using it. He was rescued by the police, who denounced him for carrying arms without a permit.

PAUL'S SLAYER CONVICTED.

James Found Guilty of First Degree Murder for Killing Bank Messenger.

CAMDEN, N. J., Dec. 20.—Frank J. James was found guilty of murder in the first degree this afternoon for the killing of David S. Paul, bank messenger, on Oct. 5 last. Supreme Court Justice Katzenbach announced he would sentence James on Jan. 4, the day on which the trial of Raymond W. Schuck, charged with the same crime, begins. James heard the verdict unflinchingly.

For Christmas Gifts

Gold-Filled Pocket Knives

At **1.00**

Each with ring at end so that knife may be attached to chain. *Main Floor*

Saks & Company

Broadway *At 34th Street*

New Store Hours, up to and including December 24th, 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Children's Lined Gloves

At **95c**

One-clasp capeskin gloves in tan or cordovan color. Sizes 2 to 7. *Second Floor*

Tuesday—At Extremely Modest Prices---Practical Gifts for Children

From the Great Stocks of Saks & Company



3.95

Girls' White Voile Frocks, in pretty surplice model, with ruffling of self material on skirt and waist. Sizes 6 to 14 years. Pictured **3.95**



9.95

Girls' Wool Skirts of navy blue serge or pretty plaid effects. Side and box-pleated models, with stitched belts or attached to bodice. Sizes 6 to 14 years **2.85**

White Pique Frocks that are as pretty and dainty as any girl could wish—made of fine pique, lavishly trimmed with real Irish lace, the effect completed with an attractive Roman striped sash. Sizes 6 to 12 years. One pictured **9.95**



6.75

Girls' Middy Blouses in all white for "gym" or with colored collars. Sizes 6 to 20 years. **1.69** and **2.25**

Flannel Middies in swagger regulation model. Developed in golf red, billiard green and navy blue, with emblem on sleeve and banding of white braid. Sizes 10 to 20 years. Pictured . . **6.75**



4.95

Girls' Party Frocks, made of soft Georgette Crepe over a net foundation, trimmed only with youthful ruffles. In all the light party shades. Sizes 6 to 16 years.

12.75 to **33.75**

Girls' Rain Capes of rubberized sateen in blue and red. Sizes 6 to 14 years. Pictured **4.95**

Girls' Rain Coats of rubberized fabric in tan and navy blue with hat to match. Sizes 6 to 16 years **9.75**

Girls' Tub Frocks in pretty plaids and solid colors. Sizes 6 to 14 years . **1.69** to **6.95**

Second Floor



Boys' and Girls' Umbrellas—made in black cotton only, with ring, cord or hook handles of hard woods . . **1.50**

Boys' Silk Umbrellas with mission wood handles. Sizes 16, 18 and 24 inches **5.00**

Girls' Silk Umbrellas in green, red, black and blue. Handles are of bakelite in colors to match the silks . . **5.00**

Girls' Umbrellas of Silk, with bakelite tips, stub ends and full length bakelite handles. Colors: green, red, blue and black **6.50**

Main Floor



Little Boys' Suits Sizes 3 to 8 years—Without question the best values in boys' suits offered for a very long time. Blouse is made of fine quality wash fabric in green, blue and brown, with corduroy knickers to match. Quantity Limited. **2.65**



Boys' Mackinaws For skating, all outdoors, and school wear, there is nothing like a mackinaw. These are sturdily made of warm mackinaw cloths, in smart plaid designs. Sizes 8 to 14 years . . **8.95**

Boys' Silk Cravats in real boyish patterns that are colorful yet in perfect taste. Hundreds of designs to select from. French and four-in-hand effects **50c**

Second Floor

Children's Sport Hose—all wool, and wool with cotton mixtures in the smart heather shades, with turn-over tops in contrasting color. Sizes, 7 to 11½ **1.10**





Boys' Raincoats with Hat to Match—every boy needs one of these sets, but seldom may one be had at this price. Made of tan bombazine. Sizes 6 to 16 years . . **7.75**



Girls' Tam and Scarf Sets—tam and scarf to match, made of brushed wool in these colors: brown, China blue, buff and striped effects in a variety of colors . . **2.95**

Second Floor

Boys' Warm Sweaters



At **5.00**

Youthful slip-over style sweaters in rich heather mixtures and oxford grey. Sizes 28 to 34.

Girls' Sweaters

At **6.95**

Youthful Tuxedo front model, made of all wool yarn with brushed wool front and cuffs for contrast. Colors: buff, brown, and China blue. *Second Floor*

Boys' Rubber Coats—made of good quality black rubber—very durable and practical. Sizes 6 to 16 years **5.00**

Children's Handkerchiefs

at Very Special Prices

Box of Three Imported Handkerchiefs for boys or girls, prettily embroidered in colors . . **55c**

Children's Imported Handkerchiefs with prettily embroidered or printed designs in colors. Each **15c**

Other Linen Handkerchiefs for Children at 35c to 75c each.

Boys' Washable Suits, made of the newest and most desirable fabrics to be had, in one piece and Middy models. Sizes, 3 to 8 . . . . . **3.00**



Boys' Blouses—*mostly with collars to match*—better blouses are not to be had. Made with French cuffs in a great variety of striped shirtings of excellent quality. Colors guaranteed *fast*. Sizes 6 to 15 years **1.35**

Infants' Bath Robes, made of soft, woolen blanket cloth in pink and blue. Sizes 1, 2 and 3 years **2.50**



Embroidered Silk Quilts, made by Japanese fingers to keep Baby warm. In pink and blue **4.50** to **7.50**

Brushed Wool Sets, consisting of sweater, cap, leggings and mittens—all to protect the youngster against cold weather. In white, Copenhagen, rose and brown **7.95**

Brushed Wool Scarf and Cap to match, of soft wool in pretty colorings **2.50**



Infants' Knitted Sacques of soft white wool, trimmed with edging and embroidery of pink and blue **1.50**

Infants' Silk Hose—Sizes 4 to 6½ . **75c**

Fourth Floor

Imported Toys from London Town in quaint shapes and sizes to amuse American children. From . **85c** to **11.95**

Children's Satin Bloomers, made of excellent quality satin in pink only. Sizes 6 to 16 years. **2.50**

Children's Corduroy Robes, made of silky corduroy, unlined. In Copenhagen and rose. Sizes 6 to 14 years. . **3.95**



Children's Chambray Frocks in pretty colors, trimmed with contrasting shades. Finished with knife-pleated ruffle of white lawn. Sizes 2 to 6 years. . . **5.00**

Girls' Pajamas, made in two-piece model of dainty pink and blue dimity, trimmed with soutache braid. Sizes 6 to 16 years. **1.45**



Children's Rompers made of white poplin, trimmed with hand embroidery in pink and blue, and bands of color to match. Sizes 2, 3 and 4 years **2.95**

Children's Rompers of pink and blue chambray, trimmed with white lawn ruffles. Sizes 2, 3 and 4 years **2.45**

Fourth Floor



Infants' White Buckskin Shoes in lace and button models made of genuine buckskin **5.00**

Also at 5.00—Infants' Shoes with patent vamps and white kidskin tops. Button styles only. Sizes 4 to 8 years.

Boys' Storm King Rubber Boots

Sizes 11 to 2 . . . . . **3.75**
Sizes 2½ to 6 . . . . . **5.00**

Children's Jersey Leggings, Colors: black, brown and white. All sizes . . **2.50**

PEARLS
PRECIOUS STONES

STERLING SILVER
JEWELRY
WATCHES
STATIONERY
SILVER PLATE

REED & BARTON
ESTABLISHED 1824
THEODORE B. STARR, INC.
ESTABLISHED 1863
FIFTH AVENUE AT 47th STREET
4 MAIDEN LANE
NEW YORK

FAYETTE FIREBUGS BURN 9 BUILDINGS

Obstacles Are Placed in the Roads to Hamper Approach of Fire Brigades.

BLOODHOUNDS ON TRAIL

Troops and Police Seek Incendiaries—Feeling Runs High in Three Counties.

FAYETTE CITY, Pa., Dec. 20.—A total of nine fires, attributed to incendiaries who have been active in this region for several months, were reported to authorities today. No fires had occurred in this district for a week, and authorities had hoped that the "arson terror," as they term it, had subsided. But, when the nine fires were reported today, additional State troopers were called into the region. They brought bloodhounds with them in an effort to run down the incendiaries.

Early in the day authorities here were advised of four early morning fires on the outskirts of Fayette City. A big barn was destroyed and two residences and a lodging house were damaged. Later reports were received of five fires in mine shacks near the corporation line of this city. Investigations, authorities said, tended to show that the fires were the work of incendiaries.

The entire Fayette, Westmoreland and Washington region, the scene of more than a score of incendiary fires within three months, was policed by State troopers and county officers tonight. Feeling was running high, and officers intimated that if they arrested any suspect in connection with the fires the prisoner would be taken to some city outside this district for safe keeping.

The barn, which belonged to Andrew Brown, President of the Fayette City National Bank, was fired in four different places, and burned so rapidly that firemen summoned from Charleroi, near here, were unable to save it or its contents. These included two horses, six registered cows, 1,500 bushels of oats and the mechanical equipment of a modern plant.

An hour after the barn was burned fire was discovered at the residence of George A. Stark, a mile away, but it was extinguished. Two hours later the residence of Fred Dreyer, former member of the Fayette City Council, situated on the main street of the town, was fired in the same manner as that employed at the Stark house. By this time the entire community was thoroughly aroused, and the fire was put out.

Taking advantage of the situation, the firebug prepared to carry out his plans much as he has done in other parts of the county. The road which would be traversed by a fire company from Charleroi, the nearest available aid, was obstructed at intervals of one mile with barricades of tar barrels and logs. Four such barricades were erected and it was necessary for the Charleroi fire company on its way here to tear them away before they could proceed.

INDICT 52 PLUMBERS IN HETTRICK GROUP

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

than just a sketch of a dozen of the twenty-nine combinations in the field which have not been touched on by the committee. Those which are not reached in the public meetings will be taken up before the grand juries now in session with a view to having indictments returned against them.

More Associations Dissolve.

The committee is receiving word of trade associations voluntarily dissolving as a result of the inquiry. Murmurs of rebellion by the rank and file of Robert P. Brindell's Building Trades Council are also rife.

When the Legislature meets on Jan. 5 the committee will present a resolution asking that it be permitted to continue its work to completion. Clauses originally eliminated from the resolution which brought the committee into being probably will be suggested for inclusion among the committee's powers.

From present indications the committee will continue to meet until the end of next month. The stone masons and their relation to the high cost of building will occupy the committee's time today and next week a thorough inquiry will be made into the Building Trades Employers Association. The following week the committee will delve into the amount of money placed on mortgage by banks and insurance companies.

The report of the committee will be drawn up by Mr. Untermyer during his sojourn in Florida this Winter and concrete suggestions will be made to remedy the present housing situation. Because of Mr. Untermyer's desire for positive and immediate reforms it is said to be unlikely that any influence could sway him to give his services in a State investigation of the city departments. It is known that Mr. Untermyer desires consideration of his recommendations for housing relief to be given along non-partisan lines.

JACQUES

The House of Distinctive Jewels

Gifts for the Holidays
Moderate-priced Diamond Bracelets, Brooches, Rings and Novelties

561 Fifth Ave., Corner 46th St

GIVE A PHOTO ALBUM FOR CHRISTMAS



It's an Ideal Christmas Present

40% OFF

2,000 GENUINE LEATHER COVER PHOTO ALBUMS
With 50 Loose Leaf Pages

Size	Regular	Sale Price	Size	Regular	Sale Price
4x8	$2.50	$1.50	8x11	$4.75	$2.85
5x8	3.00	1.80	9x12	5.75	3.45
7x11	4.25	2.55	9x14	6.75	4.05
			11x14	7.25	4.35

WILLOUGHBY
Kodak Headquarters
110 West 32nd Street — Opposite Penn. Hotel

Who gets the earnings of the savings banks?

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF BANKS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK SAYS:

"Only a small percentage of the people know that mutual savings banks are benevolent institutions, regulated by strict State laws, and carefully supervised by State authorities, and that the trustees serve without pay unless they have an active part in the everyday business of the institution.

"It should be emphasized that the depositors are parties in an institution, the primary motive of which is not to make money, either for those who manage it or for those who avail themselves of its privileges, but is an institution which takes care of the savings of the people and develops thrift and economy.

"I believe that if your Association will lift this veil of mystery and lay the plain truth about our savings banks before the people of the State, especially the 3,700,000 people who are depositors in your member banks, the result would be a greater public confidence which is so important during this period of general readjustment; and furthermore, you will prove to them that the savings banks can be relied upon as their faithful and efficient allies. This, in my estimation, will be a definite stride for a better public understanding of savings banks."

(*Signed*) Very truly yours,

GEORGE V. McLAUGHLIN,
Superintendent of Banks.

The Law Provides

Deposits must be invested in non-speculative securities—

A reserve fund must be maintained to protect deposits—

Only depositors may participate in the earnings from investments—

The Savings Banks

Are organized with no shares of stock.

SAVINGS BANKS ASSOCIATION
OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

56 West 45th Street, New York City

The Encyclopaedia Britannica

We have on display at our office at 115 Fifth Avenue (at 19th Street) complete sets in all bindings, printed on both the famous genuine India paper and on the regular book paper. This exhibit is established for the convenience of those who wish to see the sets before ordering. A courteous attendant will answer questions regarding the Encyclopaedia Britannica. You are invited to call whether or not you wish to purchase.

We have prepared a large illustrated booklet describing these sets, which we will be glad to mail free and postpaid on request.

Open daily until 5:30 and Saturday afternoons
Telephone Stuyvesant 6200

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO.
115 FIFTH AVE.,
NEW YORK.

FOUNDED 1856



LEADS for Christmas shopping. Men like these things best. An added attraction—reduced prices.

English, French and American Scarfs, uncommon designs, superior quality.

Were $1.50 to $5
Now $1.35 to $2.65

Swiss and English all silk crochet mufflers—all reduced.

New price range $10 to $18

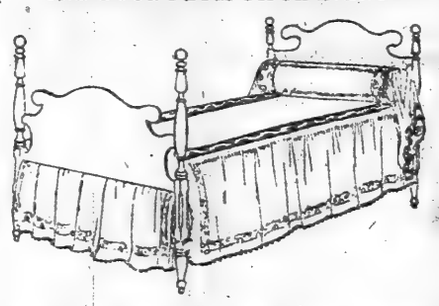
Dressing Gowns, unique designs, luxuriant materials.

Were $25 to $32. Now $20
Were $35 to $40. Now $30
Were $55 to $80. Now $47

BROKAW BROTHERS
1457-1463 BROADWAY
AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

Importers Since 1866

McGibbon & Co.
1 AND 3 WEST 37TH ST.
ONE DOOR FROM FIFTH AVENUE



COLONIAL MAHOGANY BEDS
There is an indefinable charm about these quaint Beds in Solid Mahogany—Distinctive and Exclusive Models.

BED COVERING
WOOL BLANKETS—Winter weight. Specially priced.

SIZE	PER PAIR
Single bed 60 x 90 in.	$9.75 to $15.00
Double bed 80 x 90 in.	$12.00 to $18.50

COMFORTABLES in Cotton, Wool and Down in large and varied assortments—CONSISTENTLY PRICED.

BEDDING ACCESSORIES
are of the high standard McGibbon quality—made in clean workrooms, thus insuring Sanitary and Dependable Springs, Mattresses and Pillows.

STORE OPEN 9 A. M. TO 5:30 P. M.

McGibbon for Quality

Store Closes at 5 P. M.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Wraps and Coats

For Misses and Women



Gifts That Will Be Welcomed

$85.00
Corduval and Cashmere Bolivia, with huge collars of Beaver, Mole or Australian Opossum.

$55.00
Suede Velours with lavish cape collars of Nutria and Australian Opossum.

Handsome draped Wraps or straight-line effects, silk lined, beautifully tailored. Two illustrated.

Third Floor

Women's Lined Gauntlet Gloves

Splendid Values

$6.50

The much-desired glove for cold days. Made of a beautiful quality of leather with neat strap at wrist.

Knit lining is particularly soft and warm.

A Delightfully Welcome Christmas Gift.

Ground Floor

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th St.

Announce a Most Exceptional

Sale of 4000 Pairs of

Men's Silk Socks

All at one most remarkably low price

75c. *a pair*

Silk Socks of excellent quality—2,000 pairs full fashioned, in black only, and 2,000 pairs in seamless styles in black and colors. Each pair made of *pure silk*, with double sole and heel of lisle. They are without question the best values offered for a very long time.

REPORT BIG BATTLE IN IRISH MOUNTAINS

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

whose surrendered their arms and were permitted to proceed.

General Boyd, commander of the Dublin district, has sent notice demanding possession of the City Hall and municipal buildings by Wednesday. The Dublin Corporation met today and resolved by 14 votes to 7 to ignore the demand.

The military and police carried out raids today both in Dublin and in Cork. Many arrests were made. These included one Sinn Fein member of Parliament and the father of another Sinn Fein Commoner, Richard Mulcahy, in Dublin.

Hostages on All Expeditions.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CORK, Dec. 20.—That Sinn Fein hostages are to be carried generally in Government motor cars and lorries is evident from the following proclamation issued today by Brig. Gen. Higginson, Military Governor of Cork, following on a similar announcement by the General commanding in Kerry County:

"On account of the numerous attacks which have been and are being made by rebel forces on motor cars and lorries containing forces of the Crown, officers and leaders of the rebel forces commonly known as the Irish Republican Army will in future be carried in Government motors and lorries."

William Roche, Junior Sinn Fein M. P. for Cork City, and Alderman of the corporation, was apprehended at his residence. He had been on the run for some time.

REPORT DE VALERA FOR 'IRISH KINGDOM'

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CHERBOURG, France, Dec. 20.—The Aquitania arrived at Cherbourg this afternoon, but there was no Mr. de Valera among either passengers or crew. Neither the French police nor officials of the liner had been informed of the rumors of his presence aboard, but, nevertheless, there was strictest examination of all passengers who were due to land here.

Captain Charles of the Aquitania was more astonished than any one else when a corps of Cherbourg correspondents boarded his ship and demanded to be led to the "President of the Irish Republic."

He certainly was not among my passengers," said the captain, and a search confirmed his statement. By coincidence the captain had met a passenger named Sparling, bound for Southampton, who had happened to stay at the same hotel in New York as De Valera, having the next room to him.

"I learned to know De Valera intimately," said Sparling, "and it is true that he left the hotel a few days before the boat sailed. I don't see how he could get on board this English ship. To do so he must have disguised himself either as a stoker or deckhand."

Talk of an "Irish Kingdom."

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—Reports that Eamon de Valera is aboard the Aquitania have become so insistent that special arrangements to meet the vessel on her arrival at Southampton have been made both by the Government and newspapers.

The Aquitania was expected to reach the English port this evening, but a message just in from Southampton states that she will not arrive before 7 o'clock on Tuesday morning.

Orders have been issued to authorities at all British ports to carefully watch for De Valera, as it is considered that he might come over here as a member of a ship's crew or even as a stowaway.

One evening newspaper today made a sensation out of a statement which Tim McNulty is stated to have made in London at a meeting of the Irish Vigilance Association. McNulty is credited with saying that de Valera was coming with authority from the Irish in America to agree to a proclamation of Ireland as a separate kingdom and that they would welcome a British Prince to the Irish throne.

Report Premier Summoned de Valera.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—Eamon de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," who has been reported aboard the Aquitania, is said to be intending to go to Paris, where it is said he will meet a representative of the British Government.

It will then be decided whether he will be allowed to proceed to Ireland for a meeting of the Dail Eireann, which Premier Lloyd George still is convinced is the only body capable of settling the Irish dispute.

I am informed that the Premier personally arranged for de Valera's coming, not allowing even his closest advisers to know what he was doing.

France Would Admit Him.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 20.—"If de Valera wishes to land in France he will certainly be allowed to land and stay in France as a private citizen. If, however, he indulges in any anti-British propaganda he will be requested at once to leave the country in the same way as was Gavan Duffy, who for a time represented the 'Irish Republic' here."

The foregoing reply was given at the French Foreign Office today to a question as to what would happen should de Valera arrive here, as it was reported that he might. The French Government takes the view of the whole Irish question that, being in close diplomatic relations with the Government of Great Britain, France cannot allow any anti-British agitation to be carried on in this country.

Should Mr. de Valera come here a strict watch would be kept on his words and actions to prevent him organizing any anti-British agitation or trying to inveigle this country into an Irish discussion. This will not, of course, prevent his being interviewed in the press or giving information, as is done by the Irish representatives who have remained since Gavan Duffy was invited to leave. He will not be allowed, however, to parade himself as "President of the Irish Republic."

Reports that Eamon de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," is among the passengers on the steamship Aquitania were denied here yesterday by Cunard Line officials. They admitted the possibility that he might be a stowaway on the liner, but flatly denied having knowledge of his being aboard.

In support of their belief that the Irish leader was not aboard, the officials explained that a triple check is made on the identity of passengers, each of whom must have a ticket, passport issued or viséd by the British Consul, and a certificate from representatives of the Internal Revenue Collector showing that the holder has paid his or her income tax.

At the office of the British Consul-General it was declared they had no knowledge of De Valera having left the country or having procured a passport.

Ask De Valera to Send Money.

BOSTON, Dec. 2.—A request that he immediately send to Ireland the funds collected in the Irish Liberty bond drive was telegraphed last night to Eamon de Valera by the Massachusetts Council of the Friends of Irish Freedom. The telegram in part said:

"We understand that millions of dollars collected for Ireland during the bond sale are deposited in American banks in your name and remain in your personal control. We believe the suffering people of Ireland are entitled to the use of these funds at once. Therefore, at a regular meeting of the State Council it was voted to respectfully urge you to send all available funds to Ireland. As a large part of the fund in your possession was subscribed in Massachusetts through the instrumentality of the Friends of Irish Freedom, we know that we speak the sentiment of the Irish people of this State when we urge you to act on this suggestion at the earliest possible moment."

FINDS PEACE DESIRE GROWING IN IRELAND

London Daily Telegraph Says That a Referendum Now Might Repudiate Republic.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The Daily Telegraph, in an editorial on the Irish situation, refers to some developments of the last week as "affording new evidence of a general craving for peace in Ireland." It mentions "the courageous action of Bishop Cohalan as "the first vigorous and effective movement from the side of the Catholic hierarchy against the criminal madness that is ruining Ireland," and says that upon this the friends of peace are inclined to build strong hopes. The paper dwells on the number of cases of repudiation of the Sinn Fein, following the lead of the Galway County Council, by the local Government bodies in Nationalist parts of Ulster, "a fact of high significance, considering that Irish moderate opinion had warmed us against the Galway example to be of much effect as yet."

As regards the exchange of communications between Father O'Flanagan and the Premier, The Daily Telegraph says it is of supreme importance, as it disposes of the possibility of dealing further with O'Flanagan. Premier Lloyd George, says the paper, could make no other answer than he has done in repeating that there is no possibility of a settlement so long as the Sinn Fein demands an Irish Republic.

"No man," it says, "can be more sensible of that fact than the Prime Minister, whose judgment of current feeling and thought among his countrymen is unfailing. He also knows, however, what is the solidity of that opinion upon the question so starkly presented by Father O'Flanagan. An Irish republic will never be set up with the consent of the people of this country. Their instinct of self-preservation is too lively to admit of any section in politics venturing to associate itself with the Sinn Fein demand. They look to America and take note of the unrestrained violence of passion, of hostility to this country, which the Sinn Fein is striving to infect with its own venom the policy of the United States. That attempt has so far signally failed and we are convinced that it is destined to fail."

The Daily Telegraph concludes: "Some of those Irishmen who best know their country are persuaded that a referendum giving a free opportunity of declaring against the movement which has brought the country so much suffering, ruin and disgrace, would result in a popular verdict which would revolutionize the whole outlook and give the best chances for the success of the policy embodied in the bill which is immediately to become an act of Parliament. That is a suggestion which the Government might well take into consideration."

AMENDMENTS PASS LORDS.

House Changes in Home Rule Bill Are Accepted.

LONDON, Dec. 20 (Associated Press).—The Irish Home Rule bill now is safe and will be placed on the statute book this week in a form only slightly amended from the shape in which it first left the House of Commons. The House of Lords today, after a brief debate, agreed to all the amendments made to the bill by the Commons.

The only amendment discussed by the Lords today was that passed by the lower house providing that if either area in Ireland refused to set up a Parliament the Executive could not make the offer a second time unless within three years after June 1 next both houses of the British Parliament passed a resolution asking for it.

Earl Midleton objected to this time limit of three and one-half years, and challenged a division on the question. He was defeated decisively by a vote of 81 to 14, whereupon this and the other Commons amendments were agreed to without further discussion.

Owing to a slight modification, however, made at the suggestion of Lord Birkenhead, the Lord Chancellor, the bill again will have to be submitted to the House of Commons as a formality, and it probably will be tomorrow before the royal sanction is given.

A modification secured by the Lords is that, instead of the Council of Ireland being nominated by the two Parliaments, each Senate will appoint seven of its members and each Parliament thirteen, making a total of forty, which, instead of the President of the Council being the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, as proposed by the Government, he will be nominated by the Lord Lieutenant on the advice of the Crown.

BISHOP COHALAN REPLIES.

Describes Irish-American Protest Over Ambush Ban as Nonsense.

Bishop Cohalan of Cork has answered the message of protest sent to him recently by the "American Association" for Recognition of the Irish Republic. The protest read:

"We protest against the use of your spiritual authority in British interests. You have no right to excommunicate Irishmen for defending their country. Irish priests must not be used to disarm the Irish people. Your assertion that the killing of British military is murder is a libel upon the patriots of 1776 who shot down from ambush military on their return from Lexington.

"American Association for Recognition of Irish Republic.

"Major Kelly, Secretary."

The Bishop's reply follows:

"Nonsense. I desire Irish independence as sincerely as you. When you come with an army able to fight the enemy and defend the weak and unprotected, I will act as chaplain. It is scandalous for you to defend touch-and-run ambushes that do no political good, and expose the lives of the defenseless and unprotected to such danger as murder in reprisals, and the homes of the city and country to reprisal destruction. The ruin of Cork is the result of your policy. Why not get the Irish Republic recognized by the United States?"

CHAIN SHIRT SHOPS
Everywhere

Ring Out High Prices—Ring in the Low!

Regular "Man Gifts" at Good Old Fashioned Prices

Stylish Shirts



Pure Silk, Silk and Madras, Silk Stripes, Jersey Weaves and Oxfords. Latest shades and color combinations.
Formerly $2.25 to $12.00
Now
$1.65 $2.19
$4.65 $2.55
$7.95 $3.85

Distinctive Neckwear

Handsome cravats in all the latest patterns and color combinations.
Formerly $1.00 to $5.00
Now
55c 85c
$1.35
$2.65 $1.65



Fine Quality Hosiery



A complete assortment of silk, lisle, pure wool and wool mixtures for every occasion.
Formerly 65 cents to $2.00
Now
35c 55c
79c
89c 95c

Luxurious Pajamas

Woven madras, finest quality Soisette, ultra quality silk, finest quality Domet Flannel.
Formerly $3.25 to $7.00
Now
$2.15 $2.39
$2.95
$4.65 $3.65



Our shops have the largest and finest assortment of Sweaters, Mufflers, Bathrobes, Slippers, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, etc., at the lowest prices

Buy his gifts in a real man's shop, where *he* would buy

HANDSOME GIFT BOXES FREE WITH EVERY PURCHASE

CHAIN SHIRT SHOPS

Largest Shirt Specialists in America

Downtown
26 Cortlandt Street
68 Nassau Street
136 Nassau Street
116 Chambers Street

Uptown
1407 Broadway (38th-39th St.)
1494 Broadway (43d-44th St.)
1656 Broadway
1948 Broadway (at 65th St.)

East Side
124 Delancey Street
2d Avenue (cor. 8th Street)

Uptown—West Side
97th & Broadway (N.W. cor.)
105 Lenox Avenue (Bet. 115th-116th St.)
3387 Broadway (at 137th St.)
1396 St. Nicholas Avenue (cor. 190th Street)
204 West 125th Street

Mid-Town
62 East 14th Street
200 Fifth Ave. (23d St.)
Breslin Hotel (cor. 29th St.)
Imperial Hotel (31st-32d St.)

McAlpin Annex (32d-33d St.)
Pennsylvania Hotel (33d St. side)
Pennsylvania Hotel (33d St. side)
Hotel Commodore (42d St.)

Bronx
2326 Third Ave. (149th St.)
843 Prospect Ave.

1011 Southern Boulevard

Brooklyn
367 Fulton Street
431 Fulton Street
716 Broadway
422 Fifth Avenue
1723 Pitkin Avenue
879 Manhattan Avenue (Greenpoint)

NEWARK: 170 Market Street 769 Broad Street PATERSON: 129 Main Street UNION HILL: 215 Bergenline Avenue

Men's Shops in Which Women Like to Buy

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED FROM OUR CENTRAL OFFICE, 5 UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK



FIFTH AVENUE'S CHRISTMAS

The hearty hand of Christmas has slapped, so to speak, the world on the back, bringing color to the cheeks and a warm friendly glow to the heart.

OVER Fifth Avenue hovers the spirit of the season. The Avenue, its stores and institutions, reflect the life and sparkle of Christmas and this old bank which has seen so many Yuletides gladden Fifth Avenue, gives to the public—the stores and their customers—financial service such as this busy season demands.

THE FIFTH AVENUE BANK
of New York
530 Fifth Avenue, N. W. Corner 44th Street

Elegant Gifts of Interest

Owing to present cut rate competition we decided to offer our present and prospective patrons an extraordinary advantage of the most artistique choice in the celebrated perfumes. Our assortment is too big to enumerate and below is only a partial list.

Perfumes from $2.10 to $200 a bottle

Coty's Lorigan Styxete, a full assortment on hand.
Coty's Assorted 4 oz. Extracts $19.00
Coty's Toilet Waters, 8 oz.. $6.25
L'Origan Face Powder..... 85c
Houbigants Quelques Fleur Talcum..... 85c
Roger & Gallet's Face Powder, Violetta de Parme..... 65c
Gueldy's, the oldest makers of lasting perfumes in Paris.
Loki, Heliotrope, Lilac, La Triumph, Gotic, etc., $5.50 per oz. Now..... $3.50
8 oz. bottles..... $20.00
Gueldy's Sacha in silk, $2.50. Now..... $1.85
Bulgarian Oil of Rose, $20.50 per oz., now $15.00; 14 ozs. in copper..... $175.00
Piver's Floramye Face Powder, $1.50. Now..... $1.10
Also his entire line at low prices.
Ma Belle, well known nail polish..... 45c
Ma Belle, well known hand lotion..... $1.25
Essence of Violet, per pound $10.00
Krem Bereza, renews youth, $3.50. Now..... $3.10
Bereza Astringent, protects beauty, $1.50. Now..... $1.20
Onomia, beautifies and preserves the skin, $1.00. Now. 85c
Reducina, the perfect cream which shows results on superfluous flesh, 1 pound, $20.00. Now..... $17.50
Rare Russian Violette and other assorted odors, $3.50. Now. $2.10
Waterproof Face Powders in all shades..... 80c

From a steady follower, Indianapolis—"I am lost without the Bereza Products."

From a steady follower of Western New York—"I am delighted with them so will not say more about that."

Telephone, mail orders, extra help, exchanges, charges C. O. D. No long waiting. Any quantity. Expert advisers to prominent beauties.

L. LEWIS, Limited
452 FIFTH AVENUE
Knox Bldg., entrance on 40th St.
Established 1880.

Safe Deposit Vaults

The safe deposit vaults of the National American Bank are among the largest and most complete in the uptown district.

Our location, at 8 West 40th Street, opposite the Library, and the fact that we do not close until 6 P. M. (Saturdays at 1 P. M.) make these vaults very convenient.

Boxes rent from $7.50 to $300 per year.

NATIONAL AMERICAN BANK
OF NEW YORK
8 West 40th Street Opposite the Library
Member of the Federal Reserve System.
Capital $1,000,000 Surplus $500,000

PERSONAL & BUSINESS ACCOUNTS

NATIONAL AMERICAN BANK of NEW YORK

COMPLETE TRUST SERVICE

Established 1723.

Furs
for
Christmas

Revillon Frères
5th Avenue at 53rd St.
New York



Have you done it?

Let this advertisement serve as a reminder if you have not yet carried out the resolution you made at New Year's *not to let another year pass without making a will.*

We invite you to name as your executor the

FULTON TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
Member Federal Reserve System
149 Broadway

DIAMONDS-WATCHES
Fine Jewelry
Christmas Gifts
SELECT NOW
From our immense stock
DIAMONDS RANGING $25 TO $1,000
ON CREDIT
Strictly confidential No red tape
Small Weekly or Monthly Payments
CALL OR SEND FOR XMAS CATALOG
ROYAL DIAMOND & WATCH CO.
35 MAIDEN LANE, 6th FLOOR
OPEN EVENINGS TILL 9 O'CLOCK

$22 TO $50 A WEEK NEW CLOTHING RATE

Piecework Rates Average 30% Under Highest Wage Since November, 1919.

7 MORE FACTORIES REOPEN

Amalgamated Head Stamps Reduced Pay as an Effort to Cut Production.

A new scale of piece-work pay, averaging about 30 per cent. under the highest wage paid clothing workers since November, 1919, was announced yesterday by the Clothing Manufacturers' Association. Despite the fact that seven more garment factories re-opened their doors, Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, stamped the piece-work scale reduction and the return to that basis of employment as an attempt to cut production instead of to increase it, as the employers contended.

The new rates, according to the manufacturers' announcement, are designed so that the average worker will earn approximately $15 less a week than he did during the period of his greatest prosperity in the last year. Varying with the degree of skill required to make a suit of clothes, the workers will draw from $22 to $50 a week.

Sleeve sewers, rated next to the pocket makers in point of skill, are to get $45 a week, an increase of 50 per cent. over the February scale; cutters are to be paid $45 a week, or 36 per cent. increase, and tape sewers $42 a week, an advance of 38 per cent. The lowest paid operatives are the sleeve liners, who will receive $22 a week, a 51 per cent. increase.

The comment of President Hillman was:

"The purpose of this is to cut production. From the reports we have received of the manufacturers' meetings, it seems that they propose to stop production throughout the country, in order to maintain present high prices. We are picketing the locked-out shops from the outside, but the manufacturers are picketing them from within in order to keep the workers out."

According to the statement at the union's headquarters, in 31 Union Square, Chicago members of the organization's Central Executive Board, asserting they spoke for 44,000 workers in the Illinois city, declared that their $500,000 contribution to the relief of Amalgamated workers out on strike was only a first effort.

WANDERING MAN RETURNED.

Robert E. Forbes, Losing Memory, Is Found After Week's Roam.

Robert E. Forbes of 319 West Ninety-fourth Street, who mysteriously disappeared a week ago, was found last night in the Grand Central Station by a friend, John A. Crane, who had noticed Mr. Forbes last Thursday wandering about near Sixtieth Street.

Mr. Forbes, who, according to his physician, is suffering from a nervous collapse, was taken to the home of his playwright brother, James Forbes, at 137 East Sixty-sixth Street. It seemed, said his brother, that he was taken violently ill from nausea last Monday while on his way to work. Since then he remembers nothing definitely, but once he found himself in Jersey City.

CANADA'S LUXURY TAX CURBED EXTRAVAGANCE

Their Main Purpose Has Been Accomplished, It Is Announced, in Ending Levies.

OTTAWA, Dec. 20.—Canada abolished its tax on manufacturers today, but the luxury tax was only partially removed, remaining in full force on its four heaviest revenue producers—liquors, confectionery, playing cards and chewing gum. The two special taxes already have yielded nearly $50,000,000.

Telegrams came from all parts of the Dominion congratulating the Government on the partial lifting of these special levies. The order in council taking this action was made because reduction of needless buying, the object of the measures, had been accomplished, and several factories making articles subject to the taxes had closed.

Under the luxury tax, wines and other liquors yielded $14,822,110, confectionery $276,427, playing cards $142,480 and chewing gum $33,512. The automobile produced the most revenue under the manufactures tax, a total of $6,101,755. Matches, on which the tax also was removed, brought in $1,967,023.

From April 1 to Nov. 30, this year, the sales tax yielded a total of $17,203,018, the manufactures tax $14,838,050 and stamps $5,105,033. On importations the sales tax brought $6,515,886 and excise taxes $4,801,682.

TO LAND CABLE AT COJEMER.

Western Union Announces Site Selected in Cuba.

MIAMI, Fla., Dec. 20.—Announcement was made here today by officials of the Western Union Telegraph Company that the South American-Barbados cable would be landed at Cojemer, a village about ten miles from Havana, Cuba. The cable, which has been laid to a point three miles out from Miami, will be cut at the nearest point to Cuba and a short length laid from there to Cojemer.

Buildings have been leased in Cojemer by the telegraph company, but only for six months. It is understood that with the change in administration in Washington another attempt will be made to obtain a permit for landing the cable at Miami.

Handwoven Novelties Moderately Priced

Bags Purses
Table Runners
Luncheon sets of linen
Luncheon sets of raffia
Girdles Tea Trays
Cushions Sandwich Trays
Sashes Baskets

The Lighthouse Salesroom
111 East 59th Street
(Established 1906)
THE NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR THE BLIND

"The Treasure House of America"

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC Inc.
ANNOUNCE
A Most Opportune Offering
Imported Hand-Made Beaded Bags
Made of Real Beads
$100.00 Each
Former Price $140.00 to $165.00
This is a collection of the very highest type Imported Bags ever imported to this country —made of the finest real beads (not glass).
FIFTH AVENUE, 44th and 45th Streets



SAKS "PADDINGTON"
London-Made
Overcoats
are for the man who wants the finest British Coat made

"PADDINGTONS" are styled in England, tailored in England, and worn by England's best-dressed men. They are big, burly, comfortable coats that will keep a man warm on the most severe day . . . and in their styling—so distinctly a man's proposition a man never tires of wearing them.

78.00

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

FOUNDED 1880 LONDON

CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS FOR COLLEGE AND "PREP" SCHOOL STUDENTS GREATLY REDUCED

College and "Prep" school students in New York for the holidays will find in our assortments of clothing for day, evening and sports wear, and in our assortments of furnishings, headwear and footwear, many articles that they may require ready for immediate service at such moderate prices that they can take advantage of this opportunity to completely replenish their wardrobes before returning to school or college.

Young men's suits and overcoats. Formerly priced from $70 to $110. Reduced to $39.50, $49.50 and $59.50.

Young men's "Prep" suits. Sizes 14 to 18 years. Formerly up to $85. Reduced to $49.50 and $34.50

"Anniped" shoes and oxfords. Formerly up to $16. Reduced to $9.75.

All our hats and caps greatly reduced.

DE PINNA
Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

The Entire Remaining Stocks of

Men's
Quality Business Suits

comprising all of the fine grades

will be on sale to-day (Tuesday)

at $54.00

This is an astonishingly low price for clothing of this character.

On sale now, at greatly reduced prices, are

Men's Business Suits

at $37.50

and

Men's Quality Overcoats

at $78.50 & 95.00

All of these reductions have been made regardless of cost

(Sixth Floor)

Christmas is just around the corner



Many attractive imported novelties priced from $5.00 up

OVINGTON'S has seen Christmas come and go seventy times, yet never in seventy years has Ovington's been better prepared to help you in getting distinctive Christmas Gifts at reasonable prices.

Gifts are arranged on special tables at $5.00, $7.50, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00, $20.00 $25.00, and each table contains unusual values.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
312-314 Fifth Ave. Near 32nd St.

MEN'S SUITS At Half Price

Entire Stock of

ORIGINAL Price tickets remain on each suit and a reduction of 50% will be made at the time of purchase.

$48.50 Suits Now $24.25
$55.50 Suits Now $27.50
$60.00 Suits Now $30.00
$65.00 Suits Now $32.50
$75.00 Suits Now $37.50
$85.00 Suits Now $42.50
$95.00 Suits Now $47.50
$110 Suits Now $55.00

No C. O. D's.---Returns or Exchanges

James McCreery & Co.
5th Avenue—35th Street
Second Floor



New Departure Mfg. Co., Bristol, Conn.
Lockwood, Greene & Co., Architects.

"Turner for Concrete"

The fourth contract for this client—just finished—contains 100,000 sq. ft. of floor area and is one of 23 miscellaneous structures Turner has built for them since 1916.

TURNER Construction Co.

Buy it from the Navy

U. S. NAVY SALE

Xmas

Specials, Suitable For Gifts.

Binoculars

Each pair with leather case and strap. By U. S. Naval Gun Factory. Optical Shop, Rochester, N. Y.

Power	3x	$17.00
By Bausch & Lomb. Prismatic; power	6x	42.00
By Bausch & Lomb. Prismatic; power	10x	75.00

Spyglass

Officer-of-the-Deck, 22 inches long, one side. By Keuffel & Esser. Power

	12½x	17.50

U. S. N. Blankets

Officer's Berth, Cream White Wool; 58x84 ins	7.60
Officer's Light Gray, Wool and Camels Hair; 65x84 ins	7.68
Dark Gray, "100% Wool"; size 66x84 ins	6.60

Many other useful gifts and attractive values. Rainproof Coats and Hats for motoring. Clocks, etc. All new and of highest quality; accepted by the Navy after strictest inspection.

Values must be seen. Call

at Salesroom, 4th Floor, Navy Supply Depot 30th & 3rd Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., near 30th St. Express Station on B. R. T. 4th Ave. Line.

Eugene H. Tricou,
Lieut. Commander (SC), U. S. N.

Buy it from the Navy

PLAZA ART and AUCTION ROOMS

EDWARD P. O'REILLY, AUCTIONEER.
5 AND 7 EAST 59TH STREET (AT 5TH AVE.)

FOUR AUCTION EVENTS THIS WEEK

By order of a well-known N. Y. Furrier:
Sale Tues., Dec. 21, at 2 P. M.
Fine and valuable Furs, in Wraps, Dolmans, Capes, Scarfs, &c.

BY ORDER OF
A. P. Von HEMERT, Esq.,
of this city;
Sale Wed., Dec. 22, at 2 P. M.
Featuring a Remarkable Group of
OLD ENGLISH SILVER
Consisting of 156 pieces of the first importance, mainly of the George III. Period.
A very fine collection of Diamond, Pearl, Emerald, Sapphire and Platinum Jewelry, Gold Mesh Bags, &c. Also a fine Pearl Necklace.
PART I OF THE LIBRARY OF
JOHN BOTTOMLEY, Esq.,
Sale Thurs., Dec. 23, at 2 P. M.
Noted Collection of Dramatic Books and Fine Standard Sets

BY ORDER OF
WILLIAM T. DREW, Esq.,
and others.
Sale Friday, Dec. 24, at 2 P. M.
A collection from various estates. Persian and Chinese Rugs, various sizes, both modern and antique.

NOTE—The above collections are on public view from Monday, Dec. 20, UNTIL TIME OF SALE.

Remington
PHONOGRAPH
Bring in Your
Favorite Record
and be convinced that we can improve its tone
25% to 30%
Retail Salesrooms
1664 Broadway
Near 52nd Street
NEW YORK



Has He A List of "Subjects to Read Up Some Day?"
Give Him
THE OUTLINE OF HISTORY
By
H. G. Wells

"The range which Mr. Wells covers is immense . . . astronomy, cosmogony, archæology, geography, primitive man, ancient customs, the rise and spread of races."—New York Times.

2 vols. Ill. $10.50. Of your bookseller or
The Macmillan Company, New York

SAYS 2 TRIED TO AID NASSAU GAMBLERS

Fleischer Testifies Assemblyman McWhinney and Postmaster O'Keefe Offered Bribes.

INVOLVES SHERIFF SMITH

District Attorney Also Declares the Sheriff Dodged a Raid — Gambler Accuses Dead Politician.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, Dec. 20.—John N. Fleischer, Assistant Secretary of the Nassau County Association, which in 1918 and 1919 fought gambling in Nassau County, was the principal witness yesterday at the trial in Supreme Court here of Assemblyman Thomas A. McWhinney, a leading Republican and member of the Lockwood Committee; Sheriff Charles W. Smith, Postmaster Thomas H. O'Keefe of Oyster Bay, and Supervisor George Wilbur Doughty of Inwood, Republican leader of Nassau County, on an indictment charging them with conspiring to protect gambling house proprietors on the south side of Long Island during the association's crusade.

Mr. Fleischer was preceded on the witness stand by David H. Gideon, well known race track frequenter; William M. Busteed, who admitted he was a gambler for forty years, and John Shaughnessy of 215 West Eighty-eighth street. Gideon and Busteed were fined $1,000 each several months ago when they pleaded guilty of running gambling houses in Nassau County, and Shaughnessy received a suspended sentence on a similar charge. Yesterday on the witness stand each of them denied he ever paid any official of Nassau County for protection against arrest while he was operating his gambling house.

In his testimony, however, Mr. Fleischer declared that prior to a raid by the citizens' organization on Shaughnessy's resort in 1918, Assemblyman McWhinney called on him in the witness's office and offered to obtain $2,000 for him if Mr. Fleischer would induce the Board of Directors of his organization to stop their crusade and end attacks against the gamblers in a newspaper published by the association, and of which Mr. Fleischer was the editor.

Later on, the witness said, he met Postmaster O'Keefe, and the latter said if he would desist in his newspaper attacks the leaders of the gambling ring would give him $1,500.

Mr. Fleischer also told of a conversation he overheard in the office of the Board of Supervisors at Mineola and in which he heard one man say, "If anything breaks call up Lynbrook 1144." He said that was the telephone number of a gambling house kept by one Reegan at Lynbrook, and that when he entered the room he found Supervisor Doughty and Sheriff Smith there. They appeared embarrassed at his entrance, he said.

He said that in January or February he again met Doughty, and the latter said: "You are not interested in Long Beach, are you?" Mr. Fleischer said he informed Doughty he was not, whereupon the Republican leader said: "Well, perhaps we will arrange to have some places run at Long Beach. I have already arranged it with Elvin Edwards." Mr. Fleischer said Mr. Edwards was Assistant District Attorney under Mr. Weeks.

TWO NEW YORK ROADS RAISE PASSENGER FARES

New York Central and Delaware & Hudson Put Into Effect Higher Pullman Rates Also.

ALBANY, Dec. 20.—Increased passenger fare rates became effective on the lines of the New York Central and Delaware & Hudson Railroads within New York State today. The New York Central increases went into effect at noon and those of the Delaware & Hudson at 2 P. M.

The 20 per cent. increase brings the fare up to 3.6 cents a mile. Parlor and sleeping car rates also were advanced 50 per cent., the new schedule becoming effective today.

The advanced rates were ordered by the Interstate Commerce Commission on Nov. 27 to be effective on Nov. 29. The Public Service Commissions and the State's Attorney General obtained injunctions, restraining the roads from increasing their fares, but the injunctions were vacated by Justice Hasbrouck at Kingston on Saturday.

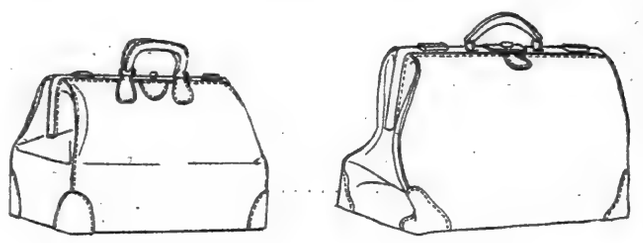
Republican Women Form Permanent Body.

The Republican Committee of One Hundred, an organization of New York City women formed last Fall to assist in the election of Senator Harding and Governor Coolidge, will be continued permanently and will begin at once to prepare for the Mayoralty campaign, it was announced yesterday. The committee has moved from 36 West Thirty-ninth Street to permanent headquarters at 117 West Forty-sixth Street. Mrs. Mary Hatch Willard is Chairman of the committee.

Where there is Justice, Co-operation, Economy and Energy there is Service.

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue *34th Street*



300
Genuine Cowhide Bags

Each Hand Sewn

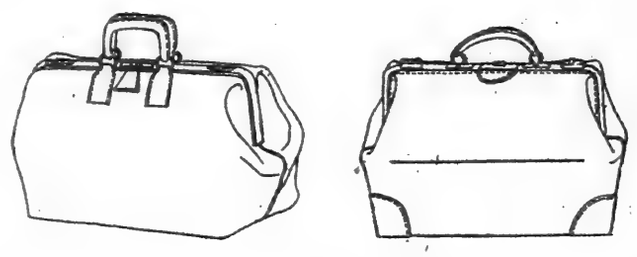
21.50

regularly 39.50 to 45.00

These Bags are sturdily built for long service, hard wear and convenient use to the purchaser.

Made of Genuine Hand Boarded Cowhide, every stitch is hand sewn. The linings, of Leather or English plaid, are fitted with one long and two narrow gusset pockets, the trimmings and locks are the best. Size 18 and 20 inch.

(Fifth Floor)



An Extraordinary Sale
200 Motor Robes

12.50 Each

actual value 20.00

These robes are made of the finest quality Wave Seal Mohair Plush, winter weight, in the most wanted colors: Navy, Brown, Green, Maroon and Black. Extremely durable, and luxuriantly warm, they will make a most unusual and welcome Christmas Gift for those who own a car.

A saving of 7.50 is a decided asset at Christmas time. There are only 200 of these superb robes, so we advise that you take advantage of this opportunity early.

We reserve the right to limit quantities to prevent dealers from taking advantage of our customers.

Made expressly for James McCreery & Co.

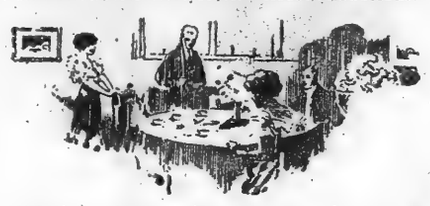
These Motor Robes will be found in our new and commodious Blanket Section, on the Second Floor.



What fun it all is, and how enthusiastically every one enters into it!

An Informal Dance

What entertainment gives so much pleasure as a dance that *goes*, and do we not all know that it is the informal dance or the one given on the spur of the moment that is the most successful?



We have just finished dinner. Our own young people and a half-dozen of their friends constitute a merry, chattering party. Some one makes the happy suggestion, "Let's have a dance." The words are electrifying in their effect, all are at once on the *qui vive* of anticipation. The rugs and furniture are quickly moved to the sides of the room and the wide hall is freed of its encumbering table and chairs and the improvised ballroom is ready.



"While we are at it, let's have a few more in." Neighbors and friends are telephoned to and soon we have a score of eager and light-hearted guests.

Down in the kitchen they are busy, too, for the impromptu spirit is very catching, and sandwiches and cakes are being



prepared for the light supper, and a cooling punch will be ready soon to refresh the thirsty dancers.

What fun it all is, and how enthusiastically every one enters into it!

The music? Well, it is the Ampico that makes this dance possible. It gives us GODOWSKY, BUSONI, RACHMANINOFF, and all the great pianists (we like them when the rugs are down), but for the time when the rugs are up, it gives us all the latest dance music, and how wonderfully it is played!

HERBERT CLAIR and his associates, who make these wonderful dance records, know what dance music should be. What rhythm, and how those accents come in just the right place, and how the music fairly carries one along! Any one could dance to such playing, and here it is in the house all the time. All we have to do is to say, "*Let's have a dance*," roll up the rugs, telephone to a few of the neighbors and there we are.

You are cordially invited to hear the playing of the great pianists reproduced in the Ampico studios

The AMPICO

In the KNABE, HAINES BROS. and FRANKLIN Pianos

Uprights from $1250 *Grands from $2500*
The Marque Ampico, foot operated, from $975

All instruments purchased this week delivered in time for Christmas.

Knabe Warerooms
Fifth Avenue at Thirty-ninth St.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL CHRISTMAS



Make Your Little Girl the Happiest Child in this Town. Bring Her
AMBERG'S WALKING DOLL

Please note that the quality of this doll (which is of composition and which is fully jointed) is the very highest. Yet the price is very moderate indeed.

In order that you may be sure of getting the original which is nationally famous, look for the maker's name.

Louis Amberg & Son
Makers of AMBERG DOLLS The World Standard

Amberg makes a marvelous line of dolls and animals which can be bought from
R. H. MACY, STERN BROS., McCREERY, F. A. O. SCHWARZ, HEARN'S, ABRAHAM & STRAUS

THE STEARN COMPANY
Importers of Cigars
35 Wall Street Tel. Hanover 6509 & 8496

CABINET SELECTIONS
of
CORONAS—MERIDIANAS—CABANAS—UPMANNS
ROMEO & JULIETAS
VILLAR Y VILLARS—FERNANDEZ GARCIA—AND OTHERS

Old Seasoned Briar Pipes—Special Humidors
(Need no breaking in)

A DOLLAR A YEAR.
An investment of one dollar will send The New York Times Book Review and Magazine to a friend for a whole year—52 issues. A subscription will make an appropriate Christmas remembrance for some one who enjoys books. Sent postpaid to any address in the United States or possessions.—Advt.

Just the Christmas Gift for Your "I" Pal
CANTEENING OVERSEAS
By Marian Baldwin
$2.00 at any Bookstore, or of
THE MACMILLAN COMPANY, New York



Turkeys Only Exception In Lower Wholesale Costs of Holiday Food.

FRUITS IN LIBERAL SUPPLY

Vegetables Also Plenty and Selling at Prices Much Below 1919 Figures.

With the exception of turkeys, Christmas food prices should be much lower than last year, if the retailers give the consumers the benefit of the low prices prevailing in the wholesale food markets this week, according to a statement issued yesterday from the office of Dr. Eugene H. Porter, State Commissioner of Foods and Markets, at 90 West Broadway.

Turkeys are higher than at Thanksgiving, the Western birds being quoted at 56 to 57 cents, as against 55 cents at Thanksgiving. The near-by turkeys are 65 cents, against 60 and 62 cents a few weeks ago. Last year turkeys were quoted at 40 to 42 cents a pound wholesale. There is a plentiful supply, but the demand is slow. Fowls are selling at 33 to 34 cents a pound.

There has been a very active demand for fancy apples, which are selling at $6 to $8 a barrel, while last year they were $4 to $5. Cranberries are 10 cents a pound, as against 8 cents last year. Oranges are 10 to 40 cents a dozen wholesale, whereas last year they were 25 to 60 cents a dozen. Florida grape fruit are selling from 4 to 5 cents.

The same variety of potatoes that sold last year at a wholesale price equivalent to 3 to 4 cents per pound are now 1½ to 2½ cents. White onions that last year were 5 to 7 cents a pound are now 1¼ to 2 cents wholesale. Celery averages now from 2 to 3 cents a large stalk that last year brought 5 to 10 cents. White cabbage is ½ to ¾ cent a pound that last year was 4 to 5 cents. Out of forty different kinds of fruits and vegetables on the market twenty-nine are lower than last Christmas week.

"Christmas trees are quite plentiful in the wholesale markets, but retailers have shown little demand for them. They were being sold Monday at $1 per bundle, or from 25 to 50 cents per tree. There is plenty of mistletoe, which is selling at from $5 to $8 per barrel."

GOVERNOR SMITH MOVES.

Brings Family Here, Leaving Executive Mansion Empty.

ALBANY, Dec. 20.—The Executive Mansion was without a tenant today. Servants and caretakers were its only occupants.

Governor Smith, Mrs. Smith and the five Smith children left this afternoon for their home on Oliver Street, New York, after a two years' sojourn at the big house on Eagle Street that is the official residence of the State's Executives.

It is understood that the next tenant, Governor-elect Nathan L. Miller, will take possession of the mansion on Dec. 27.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 20.—A Canadian, believed to be demented, was caught in the act of ransacking that portion of Cardinal Gibbons's home designated for the sexton, here tonight.

Several hundred police surrounded the Cathedral, fearing that an organized effort was being made to loot that building of some of its priceless interior decorations.

The man gave his name as George O'Hara and said that he had been in this city three days, coming here from his home at Ste. Cecile, Canada. When questioned, he admitted in a rambling fashion that his purpose was to interview the Cardinal.

ELFIE FAY MARRIES.

Actress Weds S. A. Benner, Ex-Vice President of Export Steel Co.

Elfie Fay, the musical comedy actress, who some years ago was an eccentric chorus girl in "Ma'mselle 'Awkins," and later made a hit singing "The Belle of Avenue A," was married yesterday afternoon to Samuel Armstrong Benner, of 106 Central Park West, former Vice President of the Export Steel Company of Pittsburgh. The ceremony was performed by Deputy City Clerk Cruise at the Marriage License Bureau.

The bride had divorced her first husband, Eugene Rosenblatt, a year ago. In 1902 reports that she was engaged to Sir Thomas Lipton were emphatically denied by her.

56,250,000 POUNDS
(The Total Surplus)

BRASS CARTRIDGE CASES

Analysis: 70% Copper, 30% Zinc

(Not warranted—read conditions of sale)

Size.	Length.	Amount.	Location.
2.24"	12.09"	526 lbs.	Chicago, Ill.
37 m/m	3.64"	360,250 lbs.	Philadelphia, Pa.
75 m/m	12.83"	5,711 lbs.	Chicago, Ill.
"	"	44,944 lbs.	Cincinnati, Ohio
"	"	6,130,381 lbs.	New York
"	"	23,743,928 lbs.	Philadelphia, Pa.
"	"	2,111,695 lbs.	Rochester, N. Y.
"	"	94,625 lbs.	Toledo, Ohio
3.09"	10.8"	1,661,046 lbs.	Baltimore, Md.
"	"	97,394 lbs.	Chicago, Ill.
"	"	2,701,312 lbs.	New York
"	"	16,516,909 lbs.	Philadelphia, Pa.
"	"	709,822 lbs.	Rochester, N. Y.
2.9"	7.54"	28,021 lbs.	New York
"	"	225,060 lbs.	Philadelphia, Pa.
4.7" Gun	16.6"	680,986 lbs.	Philadelphia, Pa.
4.7" How.	6.68"	801,251 lbs.	Baltimore, Md.
6."	9.86"	490,509 lbs.	Philadelphia, Pa.

This material may be inspected at points of storage. Apply:
Baltimore, Md., Richmond Market Armory, Howard & Biddle Sts.
Chicago, Ill., 74th & Ashland Ave.
Cincinnati, Ohio, Walsh Bldg., 3rd & Vine Sts.
New York, 1107 Broadway.
Philadelphia, Pa., 1710 Market St.
Rochester, N. Y., 1043 University Ave.
Toledo, Ohio, Toledo Storage Depot.

CONDITIONS GOVERNING THIS SALE

No bids will be considered for less than entire lot. Sold "as is" f.o.b. present location. Condition or analysis not warranted. Successful bidder, on notification of award, must deposit cash or certified check for 10% of total amount. U. S. Government Bonds accepted at face value. All material must be paid for as removed, either by sight draft with bill of lading or cash against shipping papers. Approved "bankers acceptances," 30 or 60 days, accepted.

Purchaser must remove and pay for not less than 3,000,000 pounds a month, all to be removed and paid for within one year.

Purchaser to accept certified weights submitted by U. S. representative at loading.

Weights given above are estimates, no guarantee as to amounts stated.

Government reserves right to reject any or all bids or any part thereof.

Bids considered for either:
(a) Outright purchase at a stated price.
(b) Purchase at percentage of market price to be adjusted monthly.

No propositions other than outlined above should be submitted at this time, except those under (a) bids will be considered for outright purchase, payments as removed or total price in advance.

Bids will be received up to 12 o'clock noon, January 5, 1921, Eastern Standard Time.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT U.S.A.

Submit all bids to:
Chairman:
Ordnance Salvage Board,
War Trade Bldg.,
Washington, D. C.

Does He Like Drama?
Give Him
THE OUTLINE OF HISTORY
By
H. G. Wells

"All the peoples in the world are actors in this Drama."
—Brooklyn Eagle.

2 vols. Ill. $10.50. *Of your bookseller or*
The Macmillan Company, New York

Better Apples At Lower Prices

We sell our apples direct from the orchard, and are able to reduce the price by cutting out several middlemen's profits. Our Staymen Winesaps for eating raw, and Rome Beauties for cooking, have a taste that will be new to you if you depend on fruit-stand sorts. Sent by express prepaid for $2.75 per bushel. $1.40 per half bushel.

HENRY H. ALBERTSON
GREEN HILL FARM
Rte 4, Burlington, N. J.



Sonora Chippendale Windermere

Nearly all of our Sales are Sonoras—say dealers

ALL authorized Sonora dealers who handle various makes of phonographs including the Sonora are discovering that four out of six customers prefer the Sonora. This is striking proof of Sonora's supremacy.

When you choose the Sonora you get an instrument with a marvelous tone, an instrument magnificent in appearance and workmanship. *It's not too late to get a Sonora for Christmas* and you can choose from 31 wonderful period and upright styles of peerless beauty. Our line this year is more complete than ever and you can secure just the Sonora you want.

SOME people ask, "Will Sonora prices come down after Christmas?" In answer to this we would say that there is no prospect at present of any reduction in Sonora prices and there will certainly be no lowering of Sonora's quality, which will always be up to the highest standards.

When you select the Sonora you and your friends know that you own the phonograph which has won an international reputation for its perfection of tone, design and features of construction.

Each Sonora at its price is matchless value. Choose your Sonora *today*.

Sonoras bought up to Friday night will be delivered on Christmas Day or before, if it is humanly possible.

Prices $75 to $1800

SONORA PHONOGRAPH COMPANY, INC.
George E. Brightson, President.
Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street 279 Broadway
Dealers Everywhere

Enjoy the Pride of Possessing
The Highest Class Talking Machine in the World

THE INSTRUMENT OF QUALITY
Sonora
CLEAR AS A BELL

For *Personal Use* or as *Gifts*

Beautiful Fur-trimmed
Coats and Coat Wraps
at
$145—$175—$195
Formerly Selling to $295

The season's smartest models, fashioned in the new soft materials and effectively combined with rich furs—what could be more acceptable for a gift to one's *Mother, Wife* or *Sister* than one of these *luxurious wraps?*

A Limited Group of
Fur-Trimmed Evening Wraps
At $145—$175
Formerly Selling to $295

Of chiffon velvet and metallic and velvet brocades, with deep collars of fashionable furs—*the gift luxurious.*

Rich Fur Coats and Scarfs
at greatly reduced prices

Handsome Broadtail Wrap (Kolinsky collar, $3800 Value)	$1500
Rich Kolinsky Wrap ($3500 Value)	$1750
Natural Mink Cape ($4500 Value)	$2475
Smart Leopard Coat ($950 Value)	$500
Rich Hudson Seal Wrap ($975 Value)	$550
Fine Natural Silver Fox ($1500 Value)	$850
Choice Natural Silver Fox ($1000 Value)	$650
Dark Russian Sable Scarfs ($650 Value)	$350
Tipped Russian Sable Scarf ($350 Value)	$185
Natural Fisher Scarf ($195 Value)	$125
Cross Fox Scarf ($150 Value)	$85

GIVE THE BOY THE BOY SCOUTS YEAR BOOK

The Biggest Boys' Book of the Year

EDITED BY FRANKLIN K. MATHIEWS

Published for the Boy Scouts of America

Scores of Contributions, Articles and Stories by Famous Men and Women, Including Statesmen, Public Officials, Inventors, Explorers, Nature and Handicraft Experts and Hardy Adventurers.

13—Fine Fiction Stories—13

Illustrated Throughout From Photographs and From Drawings by Well Known Artists.

COLORED COVER BY HERMAN REUTERDAHL

AS BIG IN SIZE AND CONTENTS AS 3 AVERAGE BOYS' BOOKS

At all Booksellers. *$2.50 per copy.*

Your boy doesn't need to be a Scout to enjoy it.

This is an Appleton Book.

D. APPLETON & COMPANY, Publishers, NEW YORK.

MELISSINE TYRONE is as quaint and lovely a heroine as ever graced the pages of a novel. Eugene Buckhannon loses his heart to her the moment she steps through the doorway of the mysterious house on Cimarron Street—"The House With a Bad Name," which grows tenser and more baffling with each chapter.—At all bookstores.

BLASCO IBANEZ' Novel
The Enemies of Women
$2.15. If not on sale in your local bookstore, it can be had from
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th and 35th Streets

SALE NOW IN PROGRESS
Year-End Clearance
SUPERB, HIGH-COST
DRESSES WRAPS SUITS
AT UNDER COST PRICES FOR IMMEDIATE CLEARANCE

TAILLEUR DINNER & EVENING
141 *FROCKS* $49.50
Clearance Without Regard To Cost

SUMPTUOUS DINNER & EVENING
47 *GOWNS* $89.50
Clearance Without Regard To Cost

UP TO $400.00 ORIGINAL MODEL
69 *GOWNS* $150.00
Lavishly Embroidered and Beaded, and Aglitter with Sequins and Ornature.

210 EVORA OR BOLIVIA
WRAPS & COATS $85.00
With Squirrel or Beaver Collars

59 MARVELLA & ORLANDA
WRAPS $150.00
Richly trimmed with deep Fur Collars & Cuffs

Clearance of
121 High Cost
RUSSEK-ORIGINAL
SUITS
Fur-Trimmed and Plain
$49.50

Wireless Medical Advice
For the Helpless at Sea

Thousands have died at sea thru lack of medical attention. Three times a week a wireless broadcast is flashed over the sea to vessels carrying no doctor, advising captains that the Navigation, Marine Engineering and Radio School, 25 South Street, will furnish medical advice by wireless without charge.

If you like the way we look after the welfare of seamen, without regard to race or creed, send at once

"A Gift With A Lift"

in the shape of a check for $1000, $500, $100, or such other amount as you feel you can give, to help meet this year's threatened deficit of $32,000.

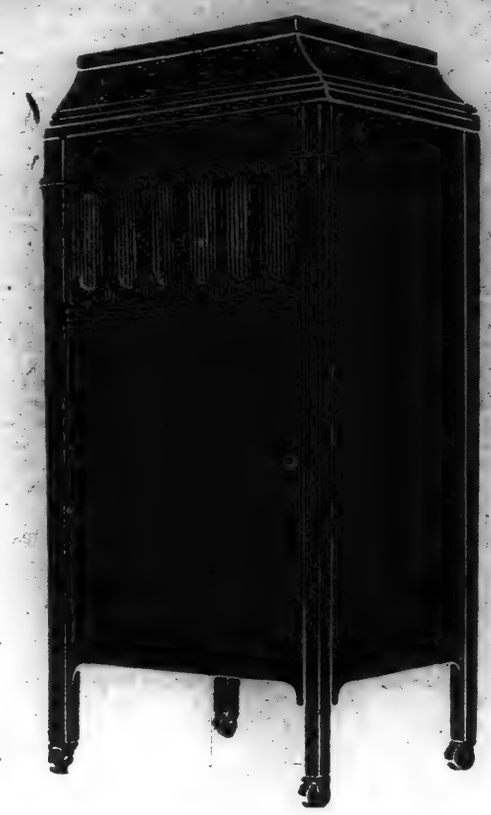
Seamen's Church Institute of New York
25 South Street, New York

Edmund L. Baylies, President
Frank T. Warburton, Treasurer

Beautiful Books of the Highest Quality Suitable for Holiday Gifts
On Exhibition for Private Sale
DECEMBER 19th TO 24th ONLY
A choice collection of finely bound Books
Single Volumes of Rare Interest
Splendid Library Editions of Best Authors
Fifty-Seventh Street Art Galleries, Inc.
33 West 57th Street New York

ALL AEOLIAN STORES OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL CHRISTMAS

MUSIC FOR CHRISTMAS



THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY

Great Christmas Phonograph Offer

This Beautiful Special Model

AEOLIAN-VOCALION

Price Only $87.50

with $10 worth of records of your own choice, Price Complete $97.50

for a small down payment—balance on monthly terms of

$5

YOU want a phonograph? Of course you do! Everybody these days wants one—Every home NEEDS one—and this great Special Offer enables you to have a brand new, up-to-date, high quality phonograph in your home on Christmas morning for all the folks to enjoy.

A phonograph made by the world's foremost musical instrument makers for $87.50. A pre-Christmas bargain such as this is rare indeed. This is the first time a full cabinet size mahogany phonograph of standard make has been placed on the market at any such price as this, since before the war.

It is a splendid phonograph at any price—fine, big tone; well made and finished. Plays all standard records and a few dollars delivers it to your home—the balance to be paid—$5 monthly—starting next year!

Give your family something they and you will enjoy and be proud of all through the year! Come to Aeolian Hall and select one of these famous instruments and then pick out your favorite records—any ten dollars' worth you wish go in with this special offer.

And come early! Come when the salesrooms and record booths are less crowded and we can give you the promptest service.

Some of the Special Features

Tone Quality: This Special Model Vocalion has the delightful life-like Vocalion tone. Due to size of the tone-chamber this instrument has unusual depth and volume of tone.

Cabinet: It has a beautiful mahogany cabinet with the modern velvet piano finish. It has the dignity and case beauty heretofore obtainable only in high-priced phonographs.

Plays All Records: Equipped with a Universal Tone Arm, this Model Vocalion plays *standard records of all makes* so that your musical enjoyment may include practically all phonographic recordings of whatever name or make.

Record Filing Device: A new and convenient Record Filing arrangement enables you to find the record you wish more easily and keep your records in good condition.

As the number of these instruments is very limited, you are strongly urged to make your selection early—either for immediate or Christmas delivery

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY

Makers of the Duo-Art Pianola—Foremost Manufacturers of Musical Instruments in the World

In MANHATTAN	*In* THE BRONX	*In* BROOKLYN	*In* FORDHAM	*In* NEWARK	WASHINGTON HEIGHTS
29 West 42nd St.	367 East 149th St	11 Flatbush Ave.	270 E. Fordham Rd.	895 Broad St.	181st St. & Wadsworth Ave.

ALL AEOLIAN STORES OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL CHRISTMAS

V-3062

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Published Every Day in the Year by the New York Times Company.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President
B. C. FRANK, Secretary.

OFFICES: (TELEPHONE: BRYANT 1000)
TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
TIMES ANNEX, 144 St., to, of Broadway
DOWNTOWN OFF.....7 Merchants Street
WALL STREET.....2 Rector Street
HARLEM.....2,189 Seventh Avenue

BRONX.....2,394 Third Avenue
WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.....3,525 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Albee Building
CHICAGO.....1208-1209 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....613 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....804 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....11 Salisbury Square, E.C.
PARIS.....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two Cents a Copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 300 miles; Four Cents elsewhere, Sunday, Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn. Ten Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, postage paid.	One Year.	Six Mos.	One Mo.
*Daily and Sunday	$12.00	$6.00	$1.00
†Daily only	10.00	5.00	.85
Sunday only	4.00	2.25	.45
Sunday only, Canada	3.00	3.25	.55

*One week, 30c. †One week, 20c.

FOREIGN RATES

Daily and Sunday	$26.00	$13.30	$2.40
Daily only	17.40	8.70	1.45
Sunday only	9.75	5.12	.86

Binder, Picture Section, $2.50; Magazine, $1.50

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNALIST (Mondays), per year, $3; Canada, $3.50; other countries, $4.
Binder for 52 issues (one vol.), $1.50

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.

THE TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursdays), one year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.50
Binder for 52 issues, $1.50.

TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $4; Canada, $4.50 (foreign $5). Per copy, 50c.
Entered as second-class mail matter

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $3; per year, $8

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes to the set—Illustrated cloth $40, three-quarter leather, $100; full leather, $130—encyclopedic history European War

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it, or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, DEC. 21, 1920.

OLD TAXES AND NEW.

Doubtless the proposed substitutes for and ameliorations of the income and excess profits taxes have their defects; no tax system is free from them. But if we allow the imagined and conjectured but never clearly specified objections to substitute taxes to deter us from a candid examination of their merits, we shall make little progress toward tax reform. We are told by some of the experts that there are grave objections to the sales tax, for instance. If the defects of the sales tax can be proved to be one-half as serious as the known and proved vices of the present income and excess profits taxes, then that tax will surely be rejected. We want something better, not something only half as bad, but at any rate we ought to get away from the present Federal tax system with all prudent speed.

As the Secretary of the Treasury has pointed out, the present tax laws are failing in their primary purpose. For the year 1916 reported incomes in excess of $300,000 a year totaled $902,000,000; two years later, the total had fallen to $392,000,000. The estimated yield of the excess profits tax for the fiscal year 1920 is a little over $2,000,000,000, but for the fiscal year 1922 it is only about $800,000,000. Moreover, with the best will in the world, no individual, no corporation, can be certain that his or its taxes have been paid, not even three or four years after payment has been made of the sums supposed to be due. The returns of 1917 are still in process of audit. The bureau is demanding back taxes at the rate of nearly $500,000,000 a year, and Commissioner ROPER told the Appropriations Committee of the House that with a sufficient force of auditors he could collect $1,500,000,000 in back taxes in twelve months. A tax law under which the yield so rapidly diminishes and which is so exposed to evasion or to innocent errors due to wrong interpretation is not fit to remain on the statute book. Business men all over the country are reaching that conclusion. They are at last taking an active interest in the matter, and as a result of individual or organized study of the tax laws, suggestions are pouring in upon Congress. The United States Chamber of Commerce, through a committee, has submitted to its members a program and many questions designed to elicit the business opinion of the country upon the proposed amendments or substitutes.

In a statement addressed to the National Conference Board Mr. OTTO H. KAHN expresses the opinion that too little attention has been given to the hidden but certain effects of the income and excess profits taxes in absorbing the cash working capital of the country. Upon this point he says:

> Taken together with the action of various other elements influencing the situation, our ways of taxation became instrumental in causing an intolerable strain upon our financial resources, a scramble for funds, credit inflation, mounting costs and, finally, forced liquidation and a sudden and violent shrinkage of values, including the products of agriculture. The recent semi-panicky collapse in the market for securities may be ascribed, in considerable part, to forced offerings by those in pressing need of cash with which to pay taxes.

Mr. KAHN offers as a modest middle-ground suggestion a form of sales tax that surely would not be burdensome, and being designed as a practical test of that method would be instructive. His suggestion is that the experiment be made with "a carefully designed "gross sales or turnover tax, limited "to commodities, but only at a rate "which would be an almost nominal "one, say one-quarter or possibly "one-third of 1 per cent." Assuming that the tax would in all cases be passed on from the producer, manufacturer, jobber and retailer to the ultimate consumer, the addition to the consumer's costs would be very slight. He estimates that at the rate of one-third of 1 per cent. "a gross sales tax "on commodities ought to bring in "somewhere between $200,000,000 and "$250,000,000 for, say, the twelve-"month period beginning July 1, "1921." This total would be reduced by some 10 per cent. if farm crops and live stock were exempted. The policy of exempting the farmer always appeals to Congress, but it happens in this case that the tax would not be paid by the farmer, but by the purchaser of his products.

This would be a modest beginning, certainly. It would not go very far in correcting the evils that flow from the imposition of the higher surtaxes and the excess profits tax. Nobody proposes that the income taxes be altogether removed, but the whole body of informed opinion favors a material reduction of those imposts, by no means from tender consideration of those who pay them, but in the public interest. Inasmuch as laws imposing sales taxes are now enforced and administered to the general satisfaction in Canada and in the Philippines, it would seem that after due deliberation Congress might be able to go beyond the stage of experiment and devise a form of sales tax that could, with confidence, be looked to to provide a larger measure of relief from taxes now in force.

THE HUNDRED NEEDIEST.

The amount of money contributed for the Hundred Neediest Cases is still far short of that which had come in at a corresponding date last year. Though many of the cases have been relieved wholly or in part, much of this work of mercy is still undone. Those who intend to contribute, but for one reason or another have put off their contributions, would perhaps be less deliberate if they remembered that hunger and cold do not wait.

At this Christmas time there are innumerable charities, most of them eminently deserving, which make their appeal to those who in their own well-being do not forget their less fortunate neighbors; this year there is notably the great enterprise which Mr. HOOVER is conducting for the relief of children in Central and Southeastern Europe. That work deserves the most liberal support, but such support need not and should not conflict with this other task, which is peculiarly New York City's own work. The generous gifts of the people of New York for the relief of suffering in Europe are well known, and there is no reason to doubt that the great work of the past will be continued. But there is enough money and enough generosity and enough enlightened community feeling in New York to make possible the complete relief of the Hundred Neediest Cases that can be found by the city's great charitable organizations, without stinting in any way the contributions to unfortunates abroad. "This shouldst thou have done and not have left the other undone."

THE THREATENED DYESTUFF INDUSTRY.

Like the American merchant marine, the dye and dyestuff industries were an incident and achievement of the war with Germany; in other words, if there had been no war there would now be no American ocean ships to carry American cargoes to every port in the world, and there would be no valuable dyestuff industry indispensable to manufacturers and employing a great army of workmen. No American would propose the scrapping of the merchant marine, or tolerate it. Why should the dyestuff industry be scrapped or sacrificed? Any mistake in legislation dealing with this American industry that grew out of the exigencies of the war would cause rejoicing in Germany. The Germans alone would benefit by it. They would profit enormously if our new industry were neglected and allowed to languish, ultimately to perish.

It should not be forgotten that during the war the Germans turned dye factories into poison gas factories and were very near to winning the war in the drive of March-April, 1918, by gassing the allied troops. Two years ago, when American hospitals were filled with soldiers suffering tortures from the effects of the enemy's poison gas — hundreds of soldiers had been asphyxiated and died on the field—the American dyestuff industries were struggling toward prosperity without the aid of German dyes, and public opinion demanded that they should be made self-sustaining so that they could stand alone and be independent. A good deal of capital has since been invested on the justifiable assumption that Congress would assist with necessary legislation after the war, when Germany endeavored to recapture her dye and dyestuff trade.

At the first session of the present Congress Mr. LONGWORTH of Ohio introduced in the House a bill to safeguard the industry for a limited period and to enable consumers to obtain dyes which American producers are not yet able to furnish. The measure was described as "a bill to "regulate the importation of coal tar "products and to promote the establishment of the manufacture thereof." American textile concerns were to be supplied with imported dyes through a commission which would issue licenses upon application. The commission, consisting of representatives of leading manufacturers' associations, was to allow only importations actually needed. In England a licensing bill has passed the House of Commons and will become a law. In the interval since ratification of the Peace Treaty the Germans have "dumped" dyes and dyestuffs valued at £5,000,000 into England, and the home industry would be ruined without legislative help.

In this country the home industry will collapse unless legislation on the lines of the Longworth bill is provided. The Longworth measure has already passed the House. In the Senate two Senators, THOMAS of Colorado and MOSES of New Hampshire, prevented passage, and unless their obstruction is overcome by the plain logic of the situation, or by closure in an extremity, the American dyestuff industry is doomed. If it deserves support and assistance—and there should be no cavilling about the wisdom of sustaining and encouraging the industry—the Longworth bill can be amended to perfect it. Before the Peace Treaty is ratified, or peace with Germany made in any way, the protecting law should be on the statute book.

BISHOP BURCH.

The sudden death of the Bishop of New York will come as a shock and bring a sense of public loss to all the people of the city. It seems but a short time since he succeeded Bishop GREER, yet already Dr. BURCH had established himself in the confidence of the whole community, as well as in the respect and affection of the Episcopal communion. His great office compelled him to touch civic interests in many ways, and he did so with a dignity and usefulness that reminded many of Bishop POTTER. Within his own diocese Bishop BURCH showed himself a prelate of moderate views, but ready to deal firmly, while kindly, with restless spirits too little considerate of the peace of the Church. The Bishop made the impression of an able and strong man who has been cut off before the fruition of all his promise.

IRISH UNREALITIES.

The opinion of no Irishman is more eagerly sought in America than that of Sir HORACE PLUNKETT. Disliked and denounced though he is by both Ulstermen and Sinn Feiners, we think of him here as a man who holds his judgment calm and even between the extreme factions of his countrymen. Yet what Sir HORACE had to say on landing in New York only deepens the unreality which now seems to enwrap the whole question of self-government in Ireland. He assures us that an independent Irish Republic is impossible, and that the Irish people know it to be so. But apparently 80 per cent. of them continue to assert that the Irish Republic is now an accomplished fact, and that the only road to peace is for England to recognize it and make a treaty with it as a sovereign nation. Sir HORACE also informs us that Ireland would be perfectly content with a Dominion form of government, such as Canada has. But LLOYD GEORGE has repeatedly summoned representative Irishmen to come forward and say if this is true, and none have come.

This is what we mean by Irish unrealities. Things in Ireland cannot be what they seem. What is the true Irish opinion? Who is entitled to utter it? Mr. ARTHUR HENDERSON recently returned from Ireland and declared that in none of his previous visits had he found "the desire for peace so marked." He said that he had "come into contact with every "school of thought—political, religious "and economic—and that one notion "only prevailed: 'We are tired of "this awful strife.'" Yes, but what are they willing to do to end it? Seemingly, nothing but demand the absolute surrender of the English Government.

These Irish dilemmas start up at one whichever way he turns. The British Prime Minister quoted recently a conversation of his own with an authority on Irish sentiment. Supposing there were an election in Ireland, would the Sinn Feiners triumph? Certainly. Does that mean that Ireland supports them? "Oh, no; it means that no man dare put up against them." This leaves you, just as does the interview of Sir HORACE PLUNKETT, with the baffled feeling that in Ireland words are twisted out of their natural sense, and that you are dealing with elusive phantoms. Certainly all ordinary tests break down when they yield such contradictory results.

Sir HORACE PLUNKETT implies that he thinks the Sinn Feiners are bluffing. They will take much less than they demand. This is also LLOYD GEORGE'S view. It was the basis of his recent negotiation for a "truce" in Ireland. For a time it looked as if Sinn Fein was weakening. It began to talk about making terms. It also issued warnings about "traitors," which hinted plainly at internal dissensions. But finally it slammed the half-open door shut in LLOYD GEORGE'S face. He must recognize an independent Ireland or nothing would be done. This being impossible, the only course is to wait for Ireland to come to a saner mind. Violence must be put down at the same time that conciliatory offers are kept open. Under the Home Rule bill a separate Parliament will soon be set up in the Ulster provinces. Another one could be set up in the South of Ireland if the Irish would have it so. In the end they will have to make the clear choice between that form of self-government, modified and enlarged as needed, and being governed by martial law.

THE MILK IN THE COCOANUT.

Mr. UNTERMYER'S utterances with regard to Senator KAPLAN have the emphasis of understatement. It has long been evident that many of the trails of lawbreaking and graft which he has found crook toward the Tammany longhouse, but he only says: "Even "since the duty of the committee required that we delve into the peculiar relations between HEFFERICK and "the City Administration, Senator "KAPLAN has been a thorn in our "side." There are nine other men on the committee, fairly divided between Republicans and Democrats, yet Senator KAPLAN has been "the sole disturbing factor." The course of the committee has "been upheld "throughout by each and all of his "nine associates."

The cry that the twenty-nine stone contractors who have pleaded guilty be not let off with a fine but sentenced to jail has an obviously popular appeal. Yet to all who understand the situation the wisdom of the committee's recommendation is far more obvious. Most of the defendants are corporations, and as such liable only to fines. To invoke the full rigor of the law against the few who happen not to be incorporated might easily impress a jury as unfair. For this reason, as well as for manifold other difficulties familiar in such prosecutions, convictions would be well-nigh impossible. The all-controlling and all-conclusive reason has reference to the future of the Lockwood inquiry. Guilty as the contractors confessedly are, there are hidden forces, presumably far more menacing, that are still to be brought to light. If the contractors are humanly and sensibly dealt with, "their "testimony is expected to aid in "reaching the more guilty culprits of "whom these men are largely cats-"paws. * * * The men higher up, "that is the milk of the cocoanut."

In a little more than a week Senator KAPLAN'S connection with the committee will terminate. Hitherto Mr. UNTERMYER has shown no mercy in exposing manifold evils, but only unflagging energy and skill in behalf of the interests of the people. As to what measures are best suited to his future purposes surely he and the Lockwood committee are the proper judges.

OLD HOME WEEK IN ATHENS.

It was a great day in Athens when CONSTANTINE came home. The merry populace danced about his carriage, kissing the harness and singing hymns; the bands played, olive branches waved, the Dollar Princess, in new furs, smiled down from a balcony, and everybody was happy. Most happy of all, without doubt, were the faithful friends of the King, coming back from exile to their old jobs, or to new jobs of greater dignity and augmented stipends. The relation of the victors to the spoils seems to be well understood in Greece; forty-six university professors have been removed by the incoming Administration, and fourteen whom VENIZELOS had displaced are set back in their old seats. Since one of these was Dr. STREIT, chief adviser of the King in exile and previously a bulwark of pro-Germanism, one may suppose that the fourteen lost their places for rather sound political reasons; but no doubt the royalists have excellent logic back of their removal of the forty-six. No wonder everybody, or nearly everybody, is happy.

Least happy, one may suspect, is CONSTANTINE himself. He appeared on the festal occasion in the full-dress uniform of a Field Marshal; but that uniform will have to go back to the closet before long. This is no time for a full-dress King; if CONSTANTINE wears a uniform, it will have to be the old one he wore at Kilkis. CONSTANTINE and all his henchmen are swearing before all the altars of Greece that they are the most violent sympathizers with France and England, and that they have nothing but admiration for the policies by which VENIZELOS made Greece great. They are going to carry out those policies just as if nothing had happened. But one might suppose from the result of the elections that the mass of the Greek people have wearied of those policies; that they have decided that greatness is too expensive. The plebiscite hardly affords much evidence for the view that the result of the elections was purely or chiefly a personal victory for CONSTANTINE; it was a sign that the people were tired of VENIZELOS and the expensive, trpublesome and glorious career which he had laid out for them.

It will be CONSTANTINE'S task to get all the glory without the trouble and expense. England and France refuse to let him have any money. It may be that French tenderness for the Turk has something to do with this, but that was not the decisive factor. England and France know CONSTANTINE and they do not trust him. They will not invest money in him. He must beat the Turk and recover Anatolia without foreign aid. He must do it without the aid of a great many Greeks whose services might be useful to the country; for Generals have been losing their jobs as fast as university professors. In the great Greek community of Constantinople, the goal of all Greek nationalistic endeavors, the King's name is hooted and his officers are almost lynched. Few democracies have reached the point where the opposition can be counted on to support the Administration, or the Administration to be fair to the opposition; and the Greeks do not appear to have got on very far since the days of KIMON and THEMISTOCLES.

All friends of Greece will wish Greece good fortune, under whatever ruler. If CONSTANTINE accomplishes for his country the great things he seems to intend, he will deserve much credit. If foreign observers are skeptical of his prospects, that is the fault of CONSTANTINE and his record.

A LARGER HOUSE.

It is unfortunate, if only too natural, that the House Republican caucus voted to pass in the present session a reapportionment bill whereby the number of members will rise from 435 to 483. The great Republican States will have, it is estimated, thirty or more of the forty-eight new seats. It is noticeable, however, that sixty-one Republicans in the caucus voted against enlargement. It would be unjust to attribute the consent to the increased number to partisan motives only. Under the new arrangement twenty-five States will gain seats and no State will lose. Many Representatives have a vague fear of possible political revenges in States that would lose if a larger basis of apportionment were adopted, and they don't want to legislate any of their friends out of office.

The House is too large already. After the next census Congress will have to perform the duty which it now shuns and postpones. For physical reasons, if no other, the growth of the House can't be allowed to continue indefinitely. The bigger it is, the greater the hindrances to effective work.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Of Courage They Have Enough.

What New York policemen can accomplish by individual effort when opportunity offers was well illustrated in two cases recorded yesterday. Patrolman JOSEPH A. DOUGHERTY of the West Thirtieth Street Station saw two men following a woman along Twenty-ninth Street, near Broadway, suspected that they intended to rob her, and when his suspicions were verified by a sudden rush they made at the victim they had selected he leaped at the evil twain from the doorway whence he had observed their proceedings. With well-adjusted blows administered with the butt of his pistol, held in one hand, and with his nightstick, held in the other, he promptly repressed the attack which the two at once made on him and took them both to the police station.

Probably as "bandits" they were poor specimens, else they would not have tried to rob a woman from whom not much in the way of booty could be expected, but they were armed and dangerous, and to capture the two of them was certainly a mark of efficiency.

Equally efficient, and probably at greater risk, Patrolman MCINERNEY of the West Forty-seventh Street Station entered a house in West Forty-fifth Street in search of a man whom he had seen on one of its fire escapes, evidently planning a burglary. A call to surrender was ignored, and the man ran to the roof. There a fierce fight followed, but the policeman won and the arrest was made.

Happenings like these are significant of the fact that, whatever may be the matter with the police as an organized force, the trouble is not due to any lack of courage among the policemen or to any disinclination on their part to do their full duty, whatever the odds of numbers or circumstances may be.

Legalistic Minds at Work.

That in emergencies energetic measures are required is something which there is a tendency to forget in some quarters, and this peculiarity already is manifesting itself with regard to the proposals made and the action taken to end the "crime wave" from which the city has been suffering.

From one side come protests against any simplification of the formalities attendant upon the granting to honest citizens of permission to carry a pistol. There is, of course, some danger in the arming of large numbers of men, many of them inexperienced in the handling of weapons, but so much greater is the danger incidental to having next to all pistols in the hands of members of the criminal classes that for a while, at least, a relaxation of the regulations will be justified if only a reasonable degree of care be exercised in granting the new licenses.

On the other hand, it is a generally recognized and often mentioned fact that the ease with which men accused of crime can get bail is a serious evil, not infrequently resulting in the commission of other crimes as a means of raising money with which to pay expenses incurred because of the original offenses. Yet the demand that the size of bail bonds be increased immediately and largely is resisted on the ground that to do so would inflict hardship on innocent men arrested without real cause and on first offenders not belonging to the ranks of professional criminals. That argument is not without weight, of course, but the number of false arrests is very small—certainly too small to justify the perpetuation of a custom that works constantly to the advantage of men who are not innocent at all.

Reviving German Industries.

Famous chiefly for the making of cannon and other such implements of war, the news that the Krupp works at Essen made in the last year profits running far into the millions of marks is calculated to cause something of disquietude. It is to be remembered, however, that these millions of marks are to be divided by something like twelve to bring them into relationship with real money. That done, the profits of the enormous organization seem small instead of large.

Moreover, the Krupp concern always did make many things besides guns, and now, presumably, it is making next to no guns at all, but is turning its energies to the production of the machines of all sorts which its customers in and out of Germany so much need.

The Krupp report, after all, is chiefly interesting and important as showing that the Germans, in spite of their lamentations and their professions of economic and financial helplessness, are getting back to work again. That they are doing so is very far from a crime; on the contrary, it is highly to be commended—especially by their creditors.

That Germany was hard hit by the war doubtless is true. Also, the hardness of the hitting will not excuse the shedding of many tears outside of Germany, for it couldn't have been harder than she deserved. But the news from Essen does not stand alone in hinting that she is not so near utter ruin as she claims when asking other countries to forget the past and help her to get another start. Her royal family, certainly, does not go hungry in peace, having escaped poverty, just as in war it escaped danger.

Knowledge Cruelly Withheld.

A practically limitless field for speculation is offered by a peculiar episode reported from Columbus, Ohio. In that city, it seems, persons unknown took one ALEXANDER P. LICHTEN, put him into a large sack and then suspended the sack from a spike high on a telephone pole. This was done at night, and when morning came, on the sack was found a card bearing the request that Mr. LICHTEN should not be taken down until after he had told why he was put up.

The request seems to have been reasonable enough, but evidently it was not heeded, for the young man was not forced to explain his elevation as the condition of release. It is likely, therefore, that what he did will remain forever unknown except to those who invented this highly original way of exciting curiosity.

His relatives, friends and acquaintances will suffer much from a thirst for information, and Mr. LICHTEN will be lucky if they do not punish the unkind silence which he keeps by putting him back into the large sack and replacing him on the telephone pole.

A NEED OF THE POLICE.

A Man With the Authority of Tom Byrnes, Dr. Parkhurst Says.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

THE TIMES, issue of the 18th inst., contains an article on the Police Department which should commend itself to the Mayor, the Commissioner of Police and indeed to the entire reading public. It contains a reference to a former Commissioner, "Tom" Byrnes, that is peculiarly apt to our present condition of unrepressed lawlessness. The full significance of the reference can hardly be appreciated except by one who has stood in close relations with the department and with the man who was its executive head in 1893.

Byrnes had a genius for command. He was the most effective police head that we have had during the forty years of my acquaintance with the department. He was great. His word went. "Shut up" meant with him the instant closing of every saloon, gambling shop and disorderly house in the city. He was a man worth fighting. If he had been as fine in character as he was tremendous in authority we should have had a city in which any man or woman might in perfect security have gone about by day or by night without fear of molestation. Whether a man be a Republican or a Democrat, he is unfit for the position occupied by Commissioner Enright unless there pertain to him a certain sovereignty of purpose that guarantees its punctual execution. It is not primarily a matter of more policemen or of fewer policemen, but a matter of their being the instruments in the hands of a man that bends them and binds them to the enforcement of his will. I admired Byrnes even while I fought him, and before his death we met in my apartment in relations of mutual respect. THE TIMES editorial should be carefully read.

C. H. PARKHURST.

New York, Dec. 18, 1920.

Regulation of Firearms.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

During the past Summer I was managing a gold mine in Sierra County, California, and a number of people were surprised that I had no gun or revolver. I replied that until 1913 I had lived in countries (New Zealand and Australia) where few people own firearms of any kind, unless it be for rifle practice, and so far in America I had no occasion to possess any such weapon. Since coming to this country I have been astonished to learn the number of persons who own revolvers. From children to grown-ups, a large proportion of the people have them, whether it be a toy or deadly weapon. Apparently many women keep revolvers, as a few years ago in California there seemed to be an epidemic of shooting of husbands and others.

This brings me to a topic that is uppermost among the people at present, namely, the wave of crime. It seems to me that the daring banditry is largely due to the ease with which revolvers may be obtained in America. As you remarked in a recent editorial article, these bandits are only brave with a gun: at heart, they are cowards. Why should firearms firms, apart from the manufacture of army and sporting weapons, produce any revolvers? Why are the windows of every pawnshop in many cities bulging with revolvers of all kinds?

The manufacturers of firearms should be kept under supervision as to the ultimate destination of surplus revolvers, and no pawnshop should be allowed to buy or sell guns under any circumstances; while all persons should be forced to give up their small arms. I urge that drastic measures be enforced toward this end.

M. W. VON BERNEWITZ.

New York, Dec. 18, 1920.

CHRISTMAS.

The mystery of Christmas, how it permeates the air!
There are hintings of surprises here and there and everywhere.
Things that used to be familiar wear a strange, uncertain look,
And there's something under cover on each shelf and in each nook.

The melody of Christmas, how it gambols in the veins
At the first note of the carol or the Christmas anthem's strains!
How the merriment entrances—fun of children in their glee
Over stockings by the chimney and the shining Christmas Tree!

How memory at Christmas takes us back to days when faith
Was a living, virile substance, not a shadow or a wraith!
All the promises of Christmas that seemed then so fair and good—
Were we children that their message seems today misunderstood?

Were we children that we worshipped and believed that Christmas Day
Heralded good-will among us and on earth a peaceful sway?
Did we look beyond our pleasures, deeper than our heart's delight,
Searching out the Christmas motto—proving whether it was right?

"Peace on earth!" "The angels sing it!" So the children all are taught.
"Peace on earth"—the noble motive for which our brave soldiers fought!
Ah, the Christmas needs bring solace—needs bring all the faith it can,
Ere we join the thoughtless voices singing of "good-will to man"!

LUDANA SHELDON.

THE DYE BILL.

Conditions of the Industry in Germany and Here.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Two years ago, when our hospitals were filled with American soldiers wounded by the poison gases made in German dye factories, when our textile, leather, paper and other industries were smarting under the experience of servility to a foreign nation for supplies of needed dyes, the thought of the nation was clear as to the necessity of a complete self-sustained American dye industry.

That thought reflected itself upon the Congress of the United States and found expression more than a year ago in the passage by the House of Representatives of the Longworth bill, a measure adequately protecting for a limited time our rapidly growing dye industry and at the same time insuring ample means for consumers to obtain those dyes which American producers are not yet in position to furnish.

During the intervening year a remarkable situation has developed. Two pictures have been painted which should be exhibited before all thoughtful Americans.

In Germany, despite the protestations of poverty and consequent inability to meet reparation payments, the unification of the great German dye plants, effected in 1916 and originally planned to continue until 1966, has now been extended to the year 2000. For the enlarged operation of these plants new capital is being called and eagerly subscribed by German citizens. Badische, Baeyer and Hoechst are each adding 90,000,000 marks, Berlin Anilin 30,000,000 marks.

An entirely new factor now enters. The world's destiny is more closely bound up in the utilization of nitrogen than in that of any other chemical element. This element when properly harnessed affects food supply, dominates war material and enters largely into dye manufacture. It is the one raw material of which Germany has an unlimited supply, as it constitutes four-fifths of the atmosphere. For its utilization under the Haber process but little power is required. Professor Haber, who worked out the details of this process, is the same Professor Haber who was the head and front of Germany's war gas program. The future operation of the Haber process on a greatly increased scale is now under a special organization controlled by the dye cartel or trust, the present capitalization of the nitrogen organization being fixed at 500,000,000 marks. Today the American representative of this organization is endeavoring to sell nitrite of soda at very low prices from "that portion of nitrite of soda as produced by the Badische Anilin and Soda Fabrik of Germany through their atmospheric nitrogen development which has been allotted for consumption in the United States." A letter from this agent further states: "We have instructions from Germany to find out the prospects of nitrite of soda consumption in the United States over the year 1921."

That is the picture which, more than any other, bears directly upon the future peace of the world.

Look now at the other picture painted by our own hands.

The Longworth bill went to the Senate more than a year ago, extended hearings were held, a skeptical Senate was convinced, and the bill, endorsed by Republicans and Democrats alike, was favorably reported last Spring, though the importers of German dyes and a small group of textile interests opposed it at every step. It has been impossible to gain a vote on the measure. Why? Because two Senators, one a Republican and one a Democrat, Senators Moses and Thomas, have conducted a determined filibuster, under the Senate rules, against the measure and are still determined to continue that filibuster.

As a result of this inaction, this uncertainty as to the future, the continued growth of the American dye industry has been seriously set back. Contemplated developments have been postponed; research staffs are being curtailed; chemists whose work had accomplished such brilliant results during the past four years are now seeking employment; capital has become shy; the work of relief organization was carried out by the officers and men of the Adriatic fleet, including supplying quarters and getting refugees, among whom were many noblemen and Generals, to work.

"I've done just a little old American push we used," said Captain WYMAN. "All worked cheerfully with our 'push and smile.'"

In a few days the whole organization was working smoothly. Then the Jugoslav Government came to the rescue and took over part of the work, while the American Red Cross in Paris dispatched special workers to the scene to hand the supplies. Other naval officers participating in the work of organization were Lieut. Commander C. B. Piatt, Executive Officer of the Olympia; Lieutenant J. L. Cotton, Lieutenant D. M. Steece and Lieutenant J. M. Bregar. Surgeons Fetherston and Bastick and Commander Ancrum.

CHARLES H. HERTY.

New York, Dec. 17, 1920.

$1,100 FOR THE PENTATEUCH

F. Andrews Buys 1482 Edition at American Art Galleries Sale.

Books, manuscripts and letters from several private collections were sold yesterday afternoon and last evening at the American Art Galleries. F. Andrews paid $1,100 for the first edition of the Pentateuch in Hebrew, printed on vellum at Bologna in 1482.

Lathrop C. Harper gave $330 for "Summa de articuis fidei" by Thomas Aquinas, Mainz, circa 1469. C. Swann, as agent, obtained for $400 a manuscript poem by Lord Byron, entitled "Prometheus." Mr. Swann also paid $375 for the manuscript by Bret Harte of "Jeff Brigg's Love Story." The two sessions brought $10,299. The sale will be concluded today.

FOR TRADE ARBITRATION.

International Chamber of Commerce Seeks to Make It Compulsory.

PARIS, Dec. 20.—The International Chamber of Commerce, which was organized in Paris last July by the important commercial organizations of the United States, Great Britain, France, Belgium and Italy, has decided to attempt a worldwide extension of the plan for compulsory arbitration in commercial disputes. A similar plan now exists between Argentina and the United States, by which all controversies between merchants of these two countries, particularly over shipments of goods, are decided by an arbitration commission.

Applications for membership by the various South American countries will be considered by the Board of Directors of the International Chamber when it meets in January.

DUCHESS TO QUIT ENGLAND.

Consuelo of Marlborough Will Probably Make Paris Her Home.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The Duchess of Marlborough, formerly Consuelo Vanderbilt, who recently obtained a divorce from her husband, the Duke of Marlborough, has decided to leave England permanently and will probably make Paris her home, according to The Daily Mail.

For many years the Duchess has given a cup to a certain organization as a prize, and it was announced on Saturday, when this year's cup was presented, that the gift would not be made in future.

ONLY CHILDREN WILL GET GIFTS IN VIENNA

American Agencies to Distribute Garments and Provide Christmas Trees.

ADRIATIC FLEET BUSY, TOO

Admiral Andrews Is Feeding 20,000 Refugees in Dalmatia, Many of Them Russians.

VIENNA, Dec. 19.—Christmas cheer in Vienna will be distributed only among the children by the American Mission, the American Relief Administration and the American Red Cross. For the majority of the 1,800,000 inhabitants of the city this Christmas is certain to be the darkest ever known.

The strike of hotel, restaurant and café employes has spread to the outlying sections, closing more shutters which at least offered warmth for people coming from their cold homes.

A heavy fall of snow, which only served to deepen the gloom of the people of Vienna, is being removed by groups of pale men and women, many of whom fall to the ground from exhaustion caused mostly by starvation. The Viennese shuffle about the streets, resigned and hopeless, in preference to freezing in their homes, filled with a penetrating chill resulting from the long standing lack of heating.

The American Relief Administration will supplement its feeding program by distributing 340,000 garments among 300,000 children. It will provide a Christmas tree in each of its 3,000 feeding centres in Austria. Each child will receive an extra one-pound cake made of American white flour.

The American Red Cross will distribute clothing and condensed milk to 40,000 children under 4 years of age and children of all ages in orphanages and hospitals.

At the Christmas tree celebration arranged by the Hoover Mission, to be held in Vienna, Dec. 25, the new President of Austria, Dr. Michael Hainisch, will make his first public appearance.

VENICE, Dec. 19 (Associated Press).—The American fleet in the Adriatic will act as Santa Claus for more than twenty thousand persons, including Italian and Russian children, the latter being among the refugees recently disembarked along the Dalmatian coast. The beneficiaries of the fleet's Christmas spirit will receive toys, candy, fruit, clothing and shoes, done up in small packages.

The Russian children, just landed in Dalmatia with their fathers and mothers, who escaped the Bolshevist sweep in South Russia, suffered intolerable hardships on the merchant ships which brought them. They were packed in the ships so tightly as to be unable to move, with hundreds in the holds among the coal and other supplies, standing or sitting in virtually the same position for two days.

As no provision had been made for their arrival in Dalmatia, the American fleet undertook the work of caring for them. Rear Admiral Philip Andrews, Commander of the American warships in the Adriatic, whose headquarters is here, received news of the plight of the refugees from the Olympia, his flagship, and immediately began the work of relief. He authorized the fleet to do what it could, meanwhile telegraphing to American Red Cross headquarters in Paris for help, in response to which appeal he received a telegraphic allotment of 250,000 francs.

The Olympia was then stationed at Ragusa, on the Adriatic, thirty-eight miles northwest of Sattar, into which place thousands of refugees were pouring. The Americans started the work of organization, in order to care for the refugees. Kitchens were set up to provide food to the refugees, and baths and houses were furnished.

Requests were sent to Admiral Andrews for medicine and other medicines, and he immediately sent men to Milan to buy the necessary supplies. All were loaded and reached their destinations along the Dalmatian coast in thirty-six hours, United States destroyers taking them aboard at Venice.

Meanwhile, at Cattaro, the United States destroyer Chandler was handling thousands of other refugees in the same efficient manner as the Olympia, under the direction of Captain H. L. Wyman, her commander. At Ragusa, the entire work of relief organization was carried out by the officers and men of the Adriatic fleet, including supplying quarters and getting refugees, among whom were many noblemen and Generals, to work.

"I've done just a little old American push we used," said Captain WYMAN. "All worked cheerfully with our 'push and smile.'"

In a few days the whole organization was working smoothly. Then the Jugoslav Government came to the rescue and took over part of the work, while the American Red Cross in Paris dispatched special workers to the scene to hand the supplies. Other naval officers participating in the work of organization were Lieut. Commander C. B. Piatt, Executive Officer of the Olympia; Lieutenant J. L. Cotton, Lieutenant D. M. Steece and Lieutenant J. M. Bregar. Surgeons Fetherston and Bastick and Commander Ancrum.

GIFTS TO VIENNA CHARITIES.

Strauss Gives Proceeds of Tour—Rockefeller Institute Aids Clinics.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 20.—Two notable charitable deeds have just been announced.

Richard Strauss, the composer, has returned to Vienna after a successful tour in South America. Some of the proceeds of his tour, estimated at 1,000,000 kronen, are to be placed at the disposal of Viennese charities. Theatrical funds are to benefit, while some money is to be given for the relief of children.

A great Viennese medical school is likewise to benefit by a gift from the Rockefeller Institute of New York amounting to $80,000, which is equivalent, at the present rate of exchange, to some 26,000,000 kronen. This is for the benefit of Viennese clinics and has only one condition attached to it—that the charges for foreign students and patients shall be raised above those of Austrians.

MINCE PIE FOR GERMANS.

American Quakers Will Serve It to Students on Christmas Day.

BERLIN, Dec. 20.—Thirteen thousand German university students will have the first opportunity to eat real mince pies when the American Friends' Service Committee serve them Christmas dinner.

The Quaker Relief Commission has ordered thirty cases of mincemeat from England and will distribute it, flour and full instructions in German as to how to make mince pies to eight-een universities where poor students are now receiving one hot meal daily. A Christmas card from the Society of Friends will go with each pie.

PREPARE TO WARN SPAIN.

American Ambassador Acts With His Colleagues on Taxation Issue.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—Representatives of the great powers in Madrid, led by Colonel Joseph Willard, the American Ambassador, have prepared a warning to Spain to the effect that they view with disfavor attempts of certain elements in the Cortes to strangle foreign enterprise in Spain through high taxation and other means, it was announced here today.

When the question of revising the laws governing taxation of outside capital received serious conside

$35,984 SUBSCRIBED TO AID 100 NEEDIEST

Total for 8 Days Is $30,901 Under That for Same Period Last Year.

POOR AWAIT HIGHEST GIFTS

Help for Crippled Father or Bedridden Mother May Keep Family from Parting.

EVERY DOLLAR BRINGS HOPE

Money Sent to The Times Goes Directly to Relieve Distress—Many Organizations Respond.

The Hundred Neediest Cases received $5,555.33 yesterday, making a total of $35,984.80 for the eight days since the appeal was printed. The total for the first eight days after last year's appeal was $64,886.07.

The entire amount contributed last year was $166,967.14, so that today the total is more than $70,000 below last year's figure. The Hundred Neediest Cases and more than 100 additional cases were provided for last year.

A great increase in contributions is necessary in the few remaining days before Christmas if anything like the number of sick and destitute who were aided last year are to receive a helping hand this Christmas, and be saved from the further misfortunes which are threatening them.

Small gifts have been coming more rapidly in the last few days, but the larger ones are few and far between. So far this year there have been only two gifts of $1,000 or more. Last year, during the same period, there had been nine such gifts, one of them being for $4,000.

Contributions to the Hundred Neediest Cases equip Santa Claus for his Christmas visit to homes where anxious mothers, wasted by the struggle to support and keep their children, are praying for a miracle. As far as he is equipped to do so, he will make those miracles happen. At the present rate, however, the number of families who will experience the miracle will be only about half of last year's number.

Brings Hope to the Stricken.

Into such households as he is enabled to visit, Santa Claus will come with the biggest gifts and the best news in the world. His pack of dolls, games, candy and Christmas toys is a small one. His material gifts consist of shelter, food, clothing and medicine. But his big gift is the gift of family to mothers and children and sick or crippled fathers. He gives her babies to a mother. He gives little boys and girls their own sisters and brothers to play with and their own mother to watch over and love and comfort them.

Each contribution, no matter how small it may be, makes his journey so much longer and stuffs his pack with a little more kindness and happiness. Each contribution that might have been sent, but is withheld because of forgetfulness, or selfishness comes along to another the good impulse—each contribution thus withheld curtails his Christmas journey, and continues the grief and misery of some unfortunate family. One of the letters received yesterday was the following:

39 West Fifty-fifth Street, Dec. 20
THE NEW YORK TIMES:

Dear Sir: I see by the paper that this year's subscriptions for the Hundred Neediest Cases are far behind last year, and am sending another check for $10. Hoping the required amount may be obtained before Christmas, I am, yours very truly,

H. R. JOHNSTON.

Another letter received read:

The Church of the Holy Communion,
Lake Mahopac, N. Y., Dec. 17.

THE NEW YORK TIMES:

Dear Sir: In an editorial of this date, referring to the Hundred Neediest Cases, you say, "Charity of this kind may properly be thought of as an investment." How true this is, and what a marvelous investment such a charity is was happily shown by the great French pulpit orator, Saurin, who wrote of some charitable rich man:

"He has exported his fortune before him into Heaven by expending it in charities."

We are so accustomed to hear and accept the statement that we cannot take our money with us into the world beyond the grave that it ought to be and I believe will be good news to many rich philanthropists to learn of this unique method of thus securing safe transportation of their fortunes into the next world, to be enjoyed throughout all eternity.

What investment offers such a return as this?

And so, practicing what I am preaching, I am enclosing you herein check for $10 to be applied to said cause, $5 from Church of the Holy Communion, Lake Mahopac, and $5 from

PHILIP W. FAUNTLEROY.

The fund for the Hundred Neediest Cases has suffered a falling-off, not only in large gifts but in a curious type of "conscience money" which used to reach a substantial figure in previous years. Many who sent goodsized contributions wrote that they had spent so much money on themselves and on their friends that they found it necessary to their peace of mind to contribute largely to the Hundred Neediest. Many such letters came from out-of-town people stopping at New York hotels and having a holiday here.

Some of the typical cases from among the Hundred Neediest are the following:

CASE 16.

Father of Six Stricken.

"The Lord will provide," says old Mrs. G. soothingly as she smoothes away the fears of her son. He is the father of six children, the oldest of whom is 11. Until he was brought low with pernicious anaemia, the disease that has steadily been sapping his strength, Henry G. was a good provider. The children all show the good care and training that he and his wife have given them. Unless his old mother's words come true, this family will be separated until charity is better.

Cash reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 8061.)

CASE 34.

Toil Breaks Mother's Strength.

Just as long as the five children were well, Mrs. J. was able to provide for them by cleaning offices in the early morning and working in a laundry the rest of the day. A bad accident to 10-year-old Bob made it imperative for her to stay at home and nurse him. It was then that the accumulated strain of five constant years' toil began to tell on her. It is no longer possible for her to continue at the former life-breaking pace. Ralph, the oldest, now has his first job. He is willingly placing his shoulder to the wheel, but the burden is heavy and he can't move it very far.

Total amount needed, $450.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 41.

Cold and Hungry.

Thirteen-year-old Ellen and twelve-year-old Danny shouldered the responsibility of taking care of their mother and the three younger children when their father died last August. It was Summer, and there were no truant officers to tell them it was against the law to work. Since school began, however, they are back at their desks, chafing in their childish minds at the injustice which allows the six-months-old baby to grow thin and peaked. Ellen, their mother, is now under the care of a doctor who is giving his services for nothing. In a few months, he says, she will be strong enough to take up some work.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 60 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 9300.)

CASE 43.

Invalid Mother Needs Sons.

Any mother would be proud of three such sons as Duncan, Malcolm and James. Mrs. W. feels that the years she gave to their care were well spent even though it means that today she sits in her chair, a helpless invalid. The home is neat and clean, plants growing in cigar boxes on her window still are tokens of her sons' care. Duncan is 15. In another year he will be able to do more than the odd jobs after school. He will become the breadwinner for the family. Malcolm, 13, will soon follow in his footsteps. There is a bright future ahead for this hardy little family provided they can be held together for another year.

Cash reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4066.)

CASE 61.

Broken-Up Home Unless.

The only bright spot in the dark, little room that is home to Joseph, 6, and Martin, 3, is the gayly colored box of buttons with which they play. That is the only toy they have. Their mother, a young woman of 26, sits sewing on heavy garments near them. Manual, who is in the sanatorium, is a tailor, and a very good one he was before the dread disease overtook him. It is said that he is getting along very well and that by next year he will be back at his place as breadwinner.

Total amount needed, $350.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

CASE 62.

Her Strength Is Going.

The women she works for say that Mrs. E. is not as good a washwoman as she used to be. Maybe she is not. Standing at the steaming tubs all day and keeping a home for her five fatherless children in the hours that are left her are not conducive to improvement at a job such as hers. While she is at work, the two oldest, Julius, 14, and Clara, 13, plan a future of ease and comfort for her. It may be that some day those plans will be brought to realization.

Total amount needed, $864.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 63.

Seven Are Fatherless.

Jonathan was killed last June in an accident just before the seventh child was born. The mother has managed so far with the death benefit she received at the time, but in spite of the most painful economy this is now exhausted. Until the two youngest are a little older, so that they may be left temporarily with others, the mother needs help.

Total amount needed, $800.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4066.)

CASE 82.

Children Beg Meals.

She couldn't stand the sight of her 6-year-old little sister visiting the neighbors at the time she knew they were eating their meal, so Gilda put her hair up and her skirts down and went out to get herself a job. The $13 a week opened vistas of opportunities to her. She saw her invalid mother well, her two little sisters and the 3-year-old orphaned cousin who lives with them fairly bursting with the food they crave. The dream vanished with the coming of the officer of the law. Gilda was not old enough to be at work, although she was old enough to suffer because of lack of it.

Total amount needed, $900.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4066.)

During the war and the period immediately after the war, the Hundred Neediest Cases were helped by soldiers and sailors stopping here and passing through the city. One of the most liberal patrons of the Hundred Neediest Cases this year is Private Carl L. Cordell of the Headquarters Company of the Fifth Regiment, now at Quantico, Va. His pay is $30 a month and he offered to make a regular allotment of $5 a month to one of the Hundred Neediest Cases. The family he picked, however, was already provided for, but he insisted on having some other unfortunate child to whom he could play the big brother.

Among the poor children next in line for assistance after the Hundred Neediest Cases are provided for is little boy named George under the care of the State Charities Aid Association. Private Cordell adopted him for a brother and wrote:

Quantico, Va., Dec. 16, 1920.

Dear Friend George: I am a soldier boy and have been for five years, and I still have to stay for two yet. I have traveled nearly around the world—France, Belgium, England, Germany, Siberia, Japan, Philippines, Mexico, Italy, and have postcard pictures from all of them.

I am here today, going to school for an education that I could have got seven or eight years ago, but no, I thought I could do better without it then. But I have found that I cannot make a go without it. Now, George, I am not preaching or anything of the kind; just telling you what I am doing at present. I am 5 feet 11¾ inches tall, 189¼ pounds, light brown hair and blue eyes, ruddy complexion, 22 years old.

I will endeavor to tell you about a soldier boy's life in my next letter, as it is nearly 10 o'clock and the lights go out at 10 o'clock every night.

Hoping to hear from you soon, I remain, sincerely, a true-hearted American soldier. BOY FRIEND CARL.

Private Carl L. Cordell, Headquarters Company, 5th Regiment, Quantico, Va.

Aids Poor Deaf Woman.

One case reported yesterday by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor was the following:

"A contributor telephoned that she was especially interested in Cases 44 and 80 and asked for their names and addresses so that she might visit and help these two elderly women. Being given the names and addresses, she said: 'Now I wonder if you know of any one who is deaf and who would enjoy having an excellent ear trumpet which I want to give away. It is especially suitable for an old person'—and learned to her pleasure that the grandmother in Case 80, one of the families of particular interest to her as she read THE TIMES, could have no better personal Christmas gift than an ear-trumpet. This grandmother is deaf, but in her unselfish devotion to the little grandchildren she has never thought of her own handicap or asked for anything for herself.

"This case is not yet fully subscribed."

A number of organizations and groups of employes have sent gifts in the last few days. One of the unusual ways in which the Hundred Neediest Cases are benefitting is described by C. G. Green, President of the James Advertising Agency, Inc., who wrote:

"Here in our office we have a plan in connection with our bonus to employes that gives a credit for every day that the employes are on time.

"In the event of lateness or absence, a credit mark is deducted. These credit marks have a value based on the total amount of the individual's bonus, dividend by the number of working days in the quarter for which this bonus is paid. Any money accruing from the loss of credit marks is to be given to charity.

"It has been decided by our employes that the amount for the past six months, totaling $600, be paid to the fund for the Hundred Neediest Cases."

The following are from letters accompanying similar contributions:

New York Office Employes of the Crex Carpet Company: "Enclosed herewith find check in amount of $16, being the total of contributions to the Hundred Neediest Fund made by the office employes of the above company. We all commend THE NEW YORK TIMES in this deserving cause and wish great success in obtaining the necessary amount."

Troy & Co., Inc., 276 Fifth Avenue, stocks and bonds: "Enclosed herewith is check for $100 contributed by the officers and employes of Troy & Co., Inc., to be applied to the Hundred Neediest Cases Fund."

Joseph Thum—"At a meeting of the New York Billiard Room Owners' Association, held yesterday afternoon, it was voted to send you a donation of $25 for the above fund. It gives me great pleasure in sending you a check for the above amount, it surely being a worthy cause."

Samuel Klein—"Enclosed please find check for $17 collected from the employes of the Diamond Shoe Company to be added to your worthy cause."

Sunday schools have in most years figured prominently among the contributors to the Hundred Neediest Cases. A check of $10 was received yesterday from the Sunday school class of the Fordham Manor Reformed Church.

One of the gifts yesterday was $50 from those long-standing benefactors of the Hundred Neediest Cases. "The Sunnybank Cellist."

Letters Express Deep Pity.

The following are from letters from contributors:

Bobby Jarrett—"Toward the fund for the Hundred Neediest Cases from a seven-year-old boy."

Mrs. E. R. Felton—"Please find enclosed my check for $5 for the Hundred Neediest Cases. It is to the little children who are striving to help their loved ones I hope my check will help to bring relief."

Anonymous—"In memory of an English sailor for the old couple who do not wish to be separated."

Katherine McDonald—"Enclosed please find check for $5. I am sorry that the returns for this year are so far behind those of last year. The cases are so obviously deserving. Perhaps the next few days will more than make up the deficit. I am sure I trust that such will be the case."

Ridler Davies, Decatur, Ill.—"I am out of the city this Christmas and therefore have not seen the particulars of the Hundred Neediest Cases for which I am sure you are appealing as usual. Will you therefore apply the enclosed $10 to any one you may deem fit?"

Anna C. Duncan—"I am sending $5 for Case 84. I only wish the gift were large enough to justify the mother's hope that a chance of luck will come with the Christmas baby."

"A Stranger in Town"—"In response to your appeal in today's paper, I am enclosing a very small contribution. Your appeal is very well put and I trust it will be most successful."

"A Mother of Soldiers"—"I enclose a small check for Case 47, unless provided for already. I am sorry it is not more, but it is rather literally the widow's mite, and I have assisted many other worthy charities this year. There are so many more who need help than one has power to give it, it wrings one's heart."

Dr. H. B. McCrary, St. Petersburg, Fla.—"Enclosed find check for $15. Thank you for the opportunity. You are doing a splendid work."

J. H.—"Enclosed please find $15 for Cases 2 and 83. Might I ask that you let me hear about these cases? Last year the 'J' family who were in want were listed in your columns and I asked to be let know how they fared, as I contributed a small sum toward the fund, and you sent a couple of letters regarding their welfare. Only wish we could add several figures to the abovementioned amount."

No one is authorized to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State pension law.

Contributions are deductible from income tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessaries, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.

Checks may be drawn to the order of THE NEW YORK TIMES or to the order of the Hundred Neediest Cases.

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO FUND FOR NEEDIEST

Contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases yesterday amounted to $5,555.33, bringing the total to $35,984.80. They were received as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES	$3,229.07
Charity Organization Society	631.26
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities	647.00
Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	529.50
State Charities Aid Association	468.50
Total	$5,555.33
Previously acknowledged	30,429.47
Total	$35,984.80

Contributions Received Direct by The New York Times.

A Friend	$100	Andrews	5
A Friend	5	In Memory of Harmon James Glen	5
Ahlers, Mrs. I	10	In Memory Mother	5
A. L. H	10	In Memory Mother	5
Allen, C. K	50	In Memory Mother	10
Allen, N	10	In Memory of My Wife	50
Alston, C. N	300	In Memory of O. S.	2
Anderson, Mr. & Mrs. H	5	Veit	2
Andrus A. N	5	In Memory of S. Nyburg	10
Anna	1	In Memory of W.H.	20
Anonymous	10	I. T.	2
Anonymous	2	Jagger, A.	5
Anonymous	5	James Adv. Agcy.	26.94
Anonymous	5	James, G.	10
Anonymous	25	Jarrett, B.	5
Anonymous	5	J. H.	15
Anonymous	5	J. H. W.	10
Anonymous	75	Johnson, H. R.	10
Anonymous	20	Johnson, M. S.	7.50
Anonymous	50	Kann, Mrs. U. S.	20
Anonymous	2	Kayser, Mrs. A. B.	25
Anonymous	7	Kier, F.	5
Anonymous	10	Knapp, E.	5
Anonymous	5	Ladue, Mrs. M.	5
A. P. H.	5	Lamm, Mrs. W.	5
Ashley, S. A	25	Larrimore, L.	10
A Stranger in Town	2	Lebair, C.	10
A Widow	2	Leventritt, D. & P.	5
"B."	10	Lewinson, B.	10
"Baby M."	1	Lookwood, E. C.	15
Bailey, J. F.	7	Louis, Josephine	5
Ballin, M. H.	10	Louis, Dr. I.	5
Barthel, Mrs. F. W.	50	L. S.	25
Beadle, J.	2	MacK., S.	3
B. E. E.	5	McDonald, Miss K.	5
Bennett	4	Macalpine, Mrs.	5
Benac, R.	2	Mann, C. F.	5
Berliner, F.	5	Martin, W. C.	5
Bliss, F. J.	10	Mayer, Mrs. E.	5
Bloom, D. D.	2	Mitchell, J.	10
Braunneck, Dor.	3	Miller, B. E.	20
Brosseau, Mr. & Mrs. A. J.	100	M.	1
Brower, J. L.	5	Modisli, J.	3
Butler, W. W.	50	Mosher, Mrs. A.W.	5
Church of the Holy Communion	5	Munger, S. W.	15
Cohen, M. L.	26	Nathan, A. J.	1
Cohn, M.	2.50	No Name	2.13
Coolidge, B. M.	5	No Name	3
Coolidge, G. B.	5	O. W.	25
C. R. M.	100	Ottinger, P. J.	5
Crowell, E. B., in memory	10	Palmer, Miss H. A.	5
Davies, R.	10	Patton, A. de J.	25
Dennis, R. E.	5	Pearse, Helen	5
Dick, Mr. and Mrs.	10	Pelton, Mrs. E. R.	5
Doane, M. D.	5	Phillips, E. W.	10
Douglas, J. H.	5	Pilgrim, J.	1
Du Bois, Mrs. E.	25	P. O. Clerk	1
Dugran, Mr. and Mrs. L. N.	20	Price, F. H.	5
Duncan, A. C.	5	Pulsifer, Mrs. J.A.	4
Ehrenberg, B.	10	Rentlinger, J.	10
Elsler, L.	5	Ridley, Mr. & Mrs. C. E.	50
E. L. J.	2	Rogers, C. P. Sr.	8
Employes of Diamond Shoe Co.	17	Rose, M.	20
Employes of Crex Carpet Co.	16	Rosenberg, B.	5
Fauntleroy, P. W.	5	Rossbach, Mrs. L.	25
Feldman, Mrs. S. J.	10	Rowan, E.	10
Finkelstein, Miss E.	10	Rowell, Mrs. G. A.	5
Fisk, F.	2	R. T.	10
Forrester, F.	5	Ruger, W. A.	2
Fountain, E. C.	10	Sample, Mr. & Mrs. J. J.	5
Freeman, L. J.	10	Sanford, E. M.	5
Friedman, Mrs. H.	5	Schamberg, Misel.	5
Frost, Miss J. M.	20	Schwab, Mrs. A.B.	10
Gant, L. G.	15	Schwab, Mrs. J.	10
G. B.	5	Smith, J.	10
Geiger, D.	5	Smith, Mr. & Mrs. M.	25
Gill, L. G.	50	Soloman, Miss E.	10
G. M. W.	25	S. O. M.	5
Goldfrank, H. & L.	5	S. S. Class Fordham Manor Reformed Church	10
Goodman, F. K.	5	Stebbins, F. S.	5
Greene, Mrs. C. D.	10	Stewart, M. J.	1
Greig, R.	5	Griffith, C. & W.	10
Haas, B. B.	5	Sullivan, G. M.	10
Hagood, Mrs. P.	10	Sumner, Mr. & Mrs. E.	300
Hallgarten, A.	5	Sunny Bank Cellists	50
Harris, H. H.	10	Sympathizer	5
Harris, J.	5	T. A. H.	50
Harris, S.	2	Tompkins, M. S.	2
Hart, H. C.	5	Tuesday Afternoon Sewing Club	5
H.	5	Turner, C. L.	5
Herbert, H. G.	10	Two friends of little children	2
H. M. T.	3	Van Deusen, G. L.	25
Hoffman, M. U.	100	Van Tassel, J.O.M.	25
Holistein, Miss L.	1	Walker, Mrs. C.H.	5
Hough, J. W.	5	Wallach, Mr. & Mrs. A.	25
Houghton, W. P.	5	Ward, E. J.	5
Howe, E. S.	5	"We Girls"	3
Howe, R. S.	50	W. E. C.	3
Howe, R. W.	10	Well, L.	25
H. S. T.	10	Weisman, R.	5
Hughes, M.	10	Whelan, A.	10
In Memoriam E.B.I.	15	White, J. M.	5
In Memory of an Englishman	5	Willis, W. H.	10
In Memory of A.S.	5	W. R.	2
In Memory of E.W.	5	Weil, W.	5
		Young, S.	5
		Zirer, S.	5
Total	$5,229.07		

Contributions received through the Charity Organization Society:

A Worker	5	Alma	25
Allen, Abbie H.	1	Larkin, Dr. A. G.	25
Allen, A. F.	5	McDermott, Catherine	5
Anonymous	5	McElheny, Mrs.	5
Anonymous	4	Victor	10
Appleman, Earl	5	McElheny, Hugh	5
Arnold, Miss Hazel	5	McGill, Jessie	5
Bateman, Mrs.	5	Moller, Mrs. G.P.	5
Harold H.	5	Nellis, Mrs. W. C.	10
Bingham, Susan H.	2.50	Parker, Grant	2
Bynner, Mrs. W. R.	10	Roe, Dr. S. A.	5
Castello, E. A.	10	Rumery, Ralph R.	10
Congdon, Miss A.	5	Siegman, M. B.	10
Doyle, J. C.	5	Smith, M. & W.	2
Fowler, Mrs. Serephine	5	A Friend	20
Frank, Mrs. Julius	5	Van Ingen, Mrs. E. H.	100
J.	10	Varey, Cleo L.	5
Friedman, Milton	5	Walter, Mrs. H.D.	10
Gould, Miss Sidney M.	25	Wilson, Margaret L.	20
Kent, Katherine	4.76	Wilson, Mrs. Mary E.	250
Krietschitt, Miss	5		
Total			$631.26

Contributions received through the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:

A. H.	$1	Lord, Mrs. J. B.	100
Anonymous	1	Lyman, Mrs. Fr.	100
Anonymous	2	McElheny, Hugh	5
Anonymous	10	McGill, Jessie	12
Auerbach, Lucile	10	Myers, E. C.	10
Barber, Mrs. W.	10	Parker, Mrs. F. H.	10
Bader, Mrs.	1	Parker, Lisette A.	10
Bell, Mrs. D. M.	100	Porter, Grace	10
Cornwall, Anne	100	Raphael, R.	4
Friedman, Milton	5	Roberts, Emma A.	2
Hawes, Florence	5	Sayres, Mrs. F. M.	3
Helen, John, Jean	3	Siegman, M. B.	10
Hollander, G. C.	5	Tarleton, Anne G.	10
Johnson, Dorothy	10	Vail, E. M.	2
Kemp, W. H.	5		
Total			$647

Contributions received through the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

Allen, Miss E.	$10	In mem. of Sarah A. and Frank S.	8
Bernkopf, Mrs. M.	2	Townall	$15
Bingham, Sumner M.	2.50	Jarvis, Mrs. S. H.	15
Bradley, Maj. O. N.	5	Jersey	1
Brown, Mrs. E.	1	Jones, Mrs. A. H.	25
Buchs, Mrs. N. W.	5	Lomis, Miss I. C.	5
Bunker, Dorothy T.	10	Martin, C. A.	10
Collins, Walter H.	5	M. A. W.	1
D. M. L. R.	20	McGovern, Grace	2
Draper, Miss M. L.	25	M. G. L.	10
Dupre, Mrs. C.	5	Myer, Dr. C.	5
Findlay, Walter	10	Mohun, Mrs. R. D.	5
Floyd, Augustus	20	Ogden, Mrs. C. W. Jr.	20
Forbes, Mrs. J. M.	50	Pepper, Elisa A.	5
For Christmas	5	Pugh, J. W.	10
Gallatin, A. E.	25	Raphael, R.	2
Given in Thanksgiving to God	100	Rounds, R. L.	53
Gould, Mrs. M.	25	Santa Claus	5
Halsey, Mrs. F. A.	10	Siegman, M. B.	10
Hill, Sophie D.	5	Straus, Mrs. Sadie	2
		Tripp, Mrs. G.	5
Total			$529.50

Contributions received through the State Charities Aid Association:

Hornblower, Mrs. Wm. P.	$400	R.	5
Burt, Mrs. R. W.	10	Walker, E.	5
Eaton, Miss Genevieve	10	Raphael, Mrs. R.	4
McElheny, Hugh	10	Heilbroner, Miss	5
Slade, Miss Augusta P.	10	Rebecca, Atlantic City, N. J.	2.50
Berg, E., North Bergen, N. J.	5	Carless, Miss E. & Hickman, Mrs. J., Ansonia, Conn.	1
Eadie, Mrs. Ella V.	5	Laurence, Miss Maria J. M., White Plains, N. Y.	1
McDonald, Mrs. W.	1		
Total			$468.50

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Ten Eyck Wendell of 33 West Fifty-first Street, gave a dinner last night at the Colony Club for Wesley Watson of London.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis A. Thebaud have taken an apartment at 420 Park Avenue.

Princess Eugenie Ruspoli has arrived from Rome, and is at the St. Regis with her niece, Miss Marian Berry.

Mrs. Roger Lewis will introduce her daughter, Miss Mary Barbey Lewis, at a tea dance at the Plaza, on Thursday afternoon, Dec. 30.

Major Gen. David C. Shanks, U. S. A., and Mrs. Shanks, are at the Astor on their way to Panama, to visit for a month their son-in-law and daughter, Major and Mrs. Stephen J. Chamberlin.

Prince Alphonse de Bourbon has arrived from Paris, and is at the Vanderbilt.

Mrs. Horace Leslie Hotchkiss 3d is head of the Junior League of the Bloomingdale Day Nursery, which will give a tea dance at the Plaza, on the afternoon of Dec. 23. Mrs. William C. Browning of 18 West Fifty-fourth Street, and Miss Dora Hotchkiss of 122 East Eighty-second Street, are receiving applications for tickets.

Mrs. Vincent Astor, Mrs. Julian W. Robbins, Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James and Mrs. William H. Hamilton are among the dinner hostesses tonight before the Naval Ball at the Commodore, held in aid of the new Navy Club.

Mrs. Starr King Walker has issued invitations for the wedding of her daughter, Miss Evelyn Sheldon Walker, and F. Whitney Morrill, which is to take place on Jan. 4 at 4 o'clock at the Church of the Heavenly Rest.

Mrs. James H. Ottley will introduce her daughter, Miss Martha Ottley, tonight at a dance at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mrs. Ira Barrows is head of the Madison Avenue Exchange for Women's Work, for the building fund of which a ball will be held tonight at the Plaza.

Mrs. George Barton French is giving a dinner tonight for the Misses Betty Thompson, Isabella Wood and Helen L. S. Trevor, débutantes of the season.

Sir Horace Plunkett, who arrived on the Baltic on Sunday, will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Fish Armstrong at 128 East Thirty-sixth Street before going West.

Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt gave a dinner followed by a dance last night at her residence, 640 Fifth Avenue, for her house guest, the Marchioness of Oarlsbrooke.

DR. H. C. G. BRANDT DIES.

Professor of German at Hamilton College for 37 Years and Author.

UTICA, N. Y., Dec. 20.—Dr. Herman Carl George Brandt, Professor of German at Hamilton College since 1883, died here this morning of pneumonia. He had taught his classes until a week ago. He was born in Vilsen, Germany, in 1850, and received his education at Hamilton and at the Universities of Göttingen, Freiburg and Strasburg.

Reginald F. Mayhew.

Reginald F. Mayhew, for twenty years turf and kennel editor of The Herald, retiring in 1910 on account of blindness, died Sunday at his home in Hempstead, L. I. He was born in England fifty-nine years ago and was known there and in this country as an authority on dogs. His own fox terrier, Hands Up, won his class championship several times. After his affliction he continued writing for The Herald for four years and also bred toy dogs. Services will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at the Episcopal Church in Hempstead.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. JULIA E. KELSEY, a resident of Brooklyn for fifty-five years and widow of James E. Kelsey, died on Sunday at her home, 174 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, in her eighty-seventh year.

DUNCAN BUCHANAN, formerly for thirty-five years with the publishing house of George Munro in Manhattan and a resident of Brooklyn for half a century, died at his home, 107 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, on Sunday. He was in his eighty-ninth year.

FOLKE WILLIAM WESTON, an investor and for twenty-one years connected with the F. Wessel Company, manufacturers of printers' mechanical supplies, died from heart disease yesterday at his home, 1,494 East Fourteenth Street, Flatbush. He was a member of Kenilworth Lodge 288, F. and A. M., and was a deacon of Homecrest Presbyterian Church.

FREDERICK N. SOMMER, formerly in the advertising department of The Newark Daily Advertiser and later in the advertising business for himself, died Sunday of heart disease at his home in 15 Hillside Avenue, Newark, aged 57.

CHARLES H. BIXBY, a retired Captain of the Brooklyn Fire Department, died on Saturday at his home, 579 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, in his sixty-seventh year. Captain Bixby entered the department in 1873 and was promoted to Captain in 1894. He retired in 1910. He was a member of Hanson Place Methodist Church and of the Old Guard. He is survived by a son, Charles H. Bixby, Jr., and a daughter, Mrs. Frederick Hoffman.

Captain CHARLES BIXBY, a retired captain in the Fire Department, died late Saturday night at his home, 579 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

JOHN BRINCKERHOF JACKSON

Ex-Minister to Greece and Balkan States Dies in Switzerland.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 20. — John Brinckerhof Jackson, veteran American diplomat, died in Switzerland today, according to a cablegram received here by Mrs. E. O. Shakespeare, a sister of Mrs. Jackson. Mr. Jackson had served as Minister to Greece in 1902 and the Balkan States in 1911, to Cuba in 1909, Persia, and was a Secretary in the Berlin Legation in 1894. He was born in Newark, N. J., in 1862 and was graduated from Annapolis in 1883, resigning from the navy three years later.

Born.

KLEMOUS—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Klemous announce the birth of a daughter, Dec. 20, at 6:15 P. M., at Lloyd Sanatorium, 842 Edgecombe Av., New York.

MORTNER—Mr. and Mrs. Harry S. Mortner (nee Mildred D. Cohn), 684 Riverside Drive, announce the birth of a son Dec. 19, at Dr. Bruner's Sanitarium.

Confirmation.

BLANKFORT—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Blankfort of 1,830 7th Av. announce the bar mitzvah of their son Seymour on Saturday, Dec. 25, at the Institutional Synagogue, 112 West 116th St., at 9 A. M.

Married.

BARBER—CRACOWANER—On Dec. 19, 1920, Isidor Barber, to Fannie Beatrice Cracowaner, at Hotel Ansonia, New York City.

HOROWITZ—GOLDSTEIN—On Sunday, Dec. 19, 1920, Dr. Joseph Horowitz of 298 New York Av., Brooklyn, to Martha Goldstein of New York, at the Synagogue Cong. Kehilath Jeshurun, New York City.

LLUBERAS—KELLS—Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Kells announce the marriage of their daughter Hazel to Mr. Manuel Francisco Lluberas, on Saturday, Dec. 18, 1920, 70 Ellenton Av., New Rochelle, New York.

Died.

AHEARN—John F., on Dec. 19, 1920, beloved husband of Elizabeth Ahearn (nee Atwell). Funeral from his late residence, 296 East Broadway, Wednesday, Dec. 22, at 9:30 A. M. Solemn mass of requiem, St. Mary's Church, Grand and Ridge Sts.

AHEARN—With a grief too great for words to express, announcement is made of the death on Sunday, Dec. 19, 1920, at his home, 296 East Broadway, of our beloved standard bearer and Democratic leader of the Fourth Assembly District, John F. Ahearn. The members of the John F. Ahearn Association and of the General Committee of the Fourth Assembly District are requested to meet at the clubhouse, 296 East Broadway, on Wednesday, Dec. 22, 1920, at 9 A. M., to participate in the services over his remains, at St. Mary's Church, Grand and Ridge Sts., at 10 A. M.

John J. Carroll,
President.
John F. Ahearn Assn.
Bernard Downing, Chairman, General Committee, Fourth Assembly District.
Isidor Greenbaum, Secretary.

AHEARN—Whereas, Hon. John F. Ahearn has gone to eternal rest, and

Whereas, John F. Ahearn has throughout his life embodied all the virtues of unselfish public spirit and civic pride that he truly loved the east side and shared with the humblest its joys, problems and tribulations; was a true and loyal leader and a friend of all, irrespective of creed, nationality or color, therefore be it

Resolved, That the Greater New York Taxpayers' Association extends its deepest sympathy to the bereaved family in its great loss.

Meyer Goldberg, President.
Samuel S. Isaacs, Hon. Secretary.

AHEARN—The members of the Society of Tammany have learned with profound sorrow of the death of Hon. John F. Ahearn, for many years an esteemed and respected Sachem of the institution. The members and officers are requested to attend the funeral from his late residence, 296 East Broadway, at 9:30 A. M., Wednesday; thence to St. Mary's R. C. Church, Ridge and Grand Sts., at 10 o'clock.

John R. Voorhis, Grand Sachem.

BAIN—Olive Love, beloved wife of John Bain Jr. and mother of Mrs. Percy Hamilton Kittle and Mrs. Spencer H. Logan, suddenly, at Lutheran Hospital, on Dec. 20. Services the Funeral Church, Campbell Building, Broadway, at 66th St., on Wednesday, Dec. 22, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

BEECKMAN—At White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., on Dec. 20, 1920, Eleanor Thomas, wife of Governor R. Livingston Beeckman of Newport, R. I., and daughter of the late General Samuel Thomas. Funeral service at St. Thomas's Church, 5th Av. and 53d St., New York, on Wednesday, Dec. 22, at 11 o'clock A. M.

BIERSCHENK—On Dec. 20, at her residence, 248 West 128th St., aged 54 years, Anna L. (nee Ebling), beloved wife of Henry Bierschenk and mother of Harry. Funeral services at the Stephen Merritt B. & J. Co.'s New Harlem Chapel, 343 8th Av., near 125th St., on Wednesday, Dec. 22, at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

BLISS—On Sunday, Dec. 19, at her residence, 49 Park Av., Augusta H.

The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World.

Madison Avenue and 45th Street, New York

On the Christmas Slide



"When the woods are white
in the Winter's night,
Under the Northern star."

Almost at the foot of the hill, where the yule logs are blazing!

The pulse is leaping—cheeks are rosy—it's in the air.

Every slope, every sled track, leads to the Abercrombie & Fitch store, the great trading post of the holiday throng.

The closing chapter of Christmas shopping is reached—its outstanding feature being the readiness of the greatest sporting goods store in the world to furnish the gift article exactly suited to the alert, sport-loving man and boy, woman and girl.

SPECIAL EXHIBITION
of PAINTINGS
of Hunting Dogs and Game Birds by the well known artist,
Mr. PERCIVAL ROSSEAU
now on view in the Log Cabin, on the roof

Gifts Which Tingle With Holiday Sentiment

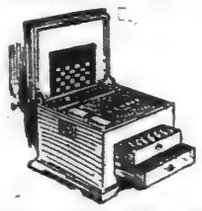


For the sportsman's den, the outdoor woman's boudoir, the boy and the girl.

Gifts to help one with his game—gifts for personal use.

Clothes for Every Sport for Men and Women
Wrist Watches and Sporting Clocks
Pocket Knives—Cigar Cutters
Ivory and Pearl Cigarette Holders
Skiis, Ski Clothing, Bobsleds
Skates and Skating Shoes
Hockey Sticks and Clothes
Snow Shoes—Skate Sails
Carving Sets—Poultry Shears
Sporting Dinner Favors
Tantalus Sets—Sideboard Bottles
Manicure and Toilet Sets
Cameras—Moving Picture Outfits
Ivory Chess Men
Ivory and Pearl Poker Chips
Unique Cigarette and Cigar Cases
Golf Bags and Clubs—Tennis Bats
Roulette, Hazard, Baccarat, Minoru
Gloves, Scarfs and Caps, Sweaters
Sun Dials and Weather Vanes
Cape Cod Fire Lighters

For Traveler, Sportsman and Man of Affairs



To use on the world's great highway, afloat and ashore, on the unbeaten paths, in the big woods and jungle, on the office desk and by the den's cozy fireside.

Playing Card Sets in Cases
Desk Thermo Vanes
Kit Bags, Port Bags
Suitcases, Travel Toilet Cases
Golf Trunks—Motor Trunks
Fishing and Hunting Trunks
Shot Guns, Rifles, Revolvers
Game Calls, Decoys, Hunting Knives
Thermos Bottles and Jugs
Motor Restaurant and Luncheon Kits
Safety Razors—Shaving Brushes
Electric Flash Lights
Churchwarden Dunhill Pipes
Hunting, Travel and Golf Clothes
Riding Clothes and Accessories
Cigar and Cigarette Humidors
Cocktail Shakers and Servers
Sporting Stickpins and Buttons
Traveling Weather and Altitude Sets
Desk Cigarette and Tobacco Cases
Portmanteaux—Attache Cases

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.
Ezra H. Fitch, President.

Madison Avenue and 45th Street, New York

"Where the Blazed Trail Crosses the Boulevard."

FINK TAKES FINAL OF SQUASH TOURNEY

Romps Away With National Handicap Event in Straight-Game Match With Coburn.

WINS BY 15-12, 15-1, 15-8

Crescent Expert Reveals All-Around Superiority, Handling Backhand Shots With Special Skill.

National handicap honors in squash tennis were won yesterday afternoon by R. Earl Fink of the Crescent Athletic Club, who, in the final round of the tournament on the courts of the Harvard Club, conducted under auspices of the National Squash Tennis Association, defeated Ralph G. Coburn of the Harvard Club in three straight games, scored 15—12, 15—1, 15—8. Fink overwhelmed his rival. There was never a time from the start of the game, once the contestants for final honors had struck their stride, when there was the least doubt in the minds of the large gallery as to the ultimate winner.

Fink was handicapped at minus 5 and Coburn at minus 2. As the game was actually played, Fink started from three points behind scratch. He might have conceded several additional aces and still have won, so decisive was his manifestation of superiority. Last year the national ranking assigned Coburn to tenth place, while Fink was not placed among the first ten. Barring happenings impossible to foresee at the present time, there will have to be a serious readjustment, if yesterday's performance is to be considered a criterion of their comparative standing in the current season.

Fink was a trifle slower in getting his game into full swing yesterday than Coburn. In the first game Fink canceled his three-ace handicap in his first three hands. But Coburn then began to show skill in position play. He worked Fink's backhand time after time and quickly assumed a commanding lead. He ran the score from 3—0 to 5—1, 6—2 and 10—2. Fink was flubbing his shots repeatedly, especially on his backhand. It looked at this stage like a real battle, with the Crescent man in serious danger, despite the fact that his showing all through the later rounds of the tournament had pointed unmistakably to him as the ultimate winner.

Fink's Backhand Improves.

Then, when he was trailing by a margin of eight aces, the Crescent expert awoke to the needs of the occasion. He swung his backhand into action and, where, in the early part of the game, he had been playing defensively on his left side, he now turned this stroke into a strong offensive weapon. From that period to the end of the match the result was foreordained. Fink's backhand wallop became a thing to conjure with. It seemed almost a greater asset than his forehand hitting, which Coburn found speedy enough in all conscience. As a matter of fact, the ball could not reach Fink from any angle or position too difficult for him to handle. His gets were remarkable. The Harvard man's only chance for a point was a clean placement, and Fink was too wary an antagonist, too good a court tactician, to present the opportunity for a placement, excepting on the rarest of occasions.

In his eleventh hand of the first game Fink scored no less than ten aces, completely changing the complexion of the game. Where he had been trailing at 10—2, he took the lead at 12—10. He accomplished this remarkable pull-up by mixing his strokes in baffling fashion, almost as much as by his improvement in backhand hitting. By this change of pace and hard smashing he scored four clean placements and forced the Harvard man into four tell-tales and two outs. That one hand of Fink's practically ended the first game. The rest was a mere matter of form. Fink continued his steady playing, and, after missing the game ball once, finally ran out the count on a fine around-the-court placement.

The second game was a walkover for the Crescent man. He canceled his handicap in his second inning and then ran through the rest of the points practically as he pleased. He finished the fifteen points in nine hands, his backhand continuing strong and his around-the-court shooting increasing in severity. It was game ball once at 14—1 and Coburn made it hand-out, but the next time Fink completed the game at 15—1 on a service ace. At this stage of the proceedings Fink had compiled a remarkable record. From the eleventh hand of the first game to the end of the second he had scored twenty-eight aces to three for Coburn.

The Final Game.

The Crescent A. C. expert was equally in command of the situation in the third and closing game. Coburn did some excellent shooting in this session, as, in fact, he had throughout the match. Yet always Fink returned his best shots, and not only returned them but often transformed them into winning strokes for himself. It must have been highly discouraging to the Harvard man. No matter what he tried Fink was always in readiness to receive his efforts and turn them to his own advantage. Fink canceled his handicap in his second inning in this game and never relinquished the lead thereafter. After he had made the count 13—3 in his favor he relaxed a bit and Coburn, by a run of three aces in his eighth hand and another of two in his tenth, arrived within six aces of the flying Crescent man at 8—14. But that was the end. Fink, after three times failing on the match point, finally put it over when Coburn smashed the ball above the backline. The score of the third game was 15—8.

The stroke analysis indicates the measure of Fink's superiority tellingly—a superiority manifested throughout the tournament no less than in the final round. The Crescent man earned 24 points to 10 for Coburn, and made but eleven errors to thirty for the Harvard man. The advantage in both cases was considerably more than two to one in favor of Fink, who at the present time is playing the sort of squash that would make him a formidable contender in any company.

The summary and stroke analysis follow:

Final Round, National Handicap Tournament—R. Earl Fink, Crescent Athletic Club (minus 5), defeated Ralph G. Coburn, Harvard Club (minus 2), 15—12, 15—1, 15—8.

FIRST GAME.

Fink, 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1—18—3—15
Coburn, 0 0 1 2 0 0 2 1 4 6 1 0 0 1 0—12—0—12

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Tell-tales.	Place-ments.	Outs.	M'sses.	S'vice Aces.
Fink	1	9	0	1	1
Coburn	5	4	2	1	0

SECOND GAME.

Fink, 1 3 1 5 2 1 4 2 1—18—3—15
Coburn, 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 .—1—0—1

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Tell-tales.	Place-ments.	Outs.	M'sses.	S'vice Aces.
Fink	0	8	0	0	1
Coburn	6	1	3	2	0

THIRD GAME.

Fink, 0 4 1 2 2 5 2 1 0 0 1—18—3—15
Coburn, 1 0 0 0 2 0 0 3 0 2 .—8—0—8

STROKE ANALYSIS.

	Tell-tales.	Place-ments.	Outs.	M'sses.	S'vice Aces.
Fink	3	6	0	0	1
Coburn	5	3	4	2	0

RECAPITULATION.

	T.-T.	P'ts.	Outs.	M'sses.	S.A.	E.P.	F'rs.
Fink	10	21	0	1	3	24	11
Coburn	16	10	9	5	0	10	30

Sawyer Shows Himself How Hole Can Be Made in One

Ned Sawyer, the present metropolitan golf champion and former holder of the Western title, used to say that he never did believe in the possibility of making a hole in one unless by some miracle of chance. In the course of twenty years' activity on the links, Sawyer declared he not only had never holed out in one himself, but he had never even seen the feat accomplished. Yet Sawyer has now given himself an unwitting demonstration of the possibility of the achievement. Playing at the Sleepy Hollow Country Club against John W. Harris, Sawyer made the second hole of 190 yards in a single stroke. It was some time after he had accomplished the feat before he realized it. He combed the surrounding territory microscopically, searching high and low for his ball before it occurred to him to look in the cup, where it was reposing peacefully.

CORNELL FIVE WINS IN FINAL MINUTE

Goals by Molinet and Cornish Break Tie and Beat Princeton, 24 to 20.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Dec. 20.—Cornell's basketball team opened its intercollegiate league season tonight by defeating the fast and strong Princeton five, 24 to 20. The game was one of the fastest and most spectacular ever played on the local court, the score being tied up to the next to last minute of play. With only sixty seconds to go the score was 20-20, but Captain Molinet, who played a sensational game for Cornell, sifted a long goal through the net from the middle of the court. Thirty seconds later Cornish, the other Cornell forward, twisted his way through the Princeton team, and on a dribble nearly the entire length of the floor flashed under the Tigers' basket and dumped in a pretty goal.

Princeton, which had a team of fast, hard-playing basketball men, showed the way to Cornell during most of the first and second halves. The Tigers excelled in teamwork and speed, and assumed an early lead, which they held until the middle of the second period. Legendre, Bill Roper's star football end, was the bright star of the Princeton attack and shot four goals during the evening, his speedy and heady playing keeping the Tigers out in front in the first half.

When the closing chapter was half spent Cornell, summoning all its energies, launched a formidable offensive that soon tied the score. Molinet and Sidman bore the brunt of the work, and with the assistance of Barkeiew, who was sent in to forward in place of Cornish when the latter moved to guard, they netted enough goals to send the Red and White team into a narrow lead, 17 to 15. Legendre, however, contributed a goal that again deadlocked the issue, and the two rivals battled on even terms until there was only a minute left.

At this critical juncture came Molinet's sensational goal, and Cornish broke the hearts of the Tigers by making his spectacular dribble down the floor and shooting a second goal, which gave Cornell a four-point lead. Molinet and Sidman were the stars for Cornell, and Legendre stood out above his Princeton mates.

The line-up:

CORNELL (24).		PRINCETON (20).
Molinet	R. F.	Netts
Cornish	L. F.	Opie
Rippe	C.	Dickinson
Pope	R. G.	Wittmer
Sidman	L. G.	Legendre

Goals from Field—Molinet (3), Cornish (2), Sidman, Barkeiew (2), Netts, Opie (2), Legendre (4). Goals from foul—Sidman 8 out of 11, Legendre 4 out of 7.

Substitutions—Cornell: Barkeiew for Cornish, Cornish for Pope; Princeton: Jeffries for Opie.

Referee—Mr. Messer, Albany. Umpire—Mr. Metzdorf, Rutgers. Time of halves—20 minutes.

EASY GAME FOR CRESCENT.

Cooper Union Is Swamped in Basketball by Score of 73 to 17.

When the basketball team of Cooper Union sallied forth for an invasion of the Crescent Athletic Club courts yesterday evening it should first have ascertained the condition of the weather in Brooklyn. Had the Cooperites done this they might have been prepared for a blizzard in the neighboring borough and not have gotten themselves snowed under to the tune of 73 to 15. That was the final tally after two twenty-minute periods.

The Crescents played thirteen men all told. Parmely, who went in at a forward position after the game had been some minutes under way, was the particular star of the New Mooners. That, being a bad pun, permits a second one to the effect that he was the shooting star, shooting some eight goals in approximately the same number of minutes. Cooper Union also made a number of substitutions.

The line-up:

CRES. A. C. (73).		COOPER UN. (17).
Michlas	L. F.	Bossert
Stannard	R. F.	Griffiths
McTigue	C.	Rhodes
Ashmead	L. G.	Meyer
A. Stuart	R. G.	Diamond

Goals from floor—Crescent: Michlas (2), Stannard (6), McTigue (2), Ashmead (4), A. Stuart, Kinny (5), Parmely (8), Peck (2), Griffins (3), Heath (2), Fimms; Cooper Union: Bossert, Griffiths (2), Rhodes, Meyer, Russel. Goals from foul—Crescent: Michlas; Cooper Union: Griffiths (3).

TEN GAMES FOR COLGATE.

Columbia, Princeton and N. Y. U. New Teams on Football Schedule.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMILTON, N. Y., Dec. 20.—The complete 1921 schedule of the Colgate University football team was given the finishing touches by the arrangement of the Colgate eleven to play Columbia at the Polo Grounds in New York on Thanksgiving Day next Fall and was announced late today by Graduate Manager Bill Reid of Colgate athletics. The schedule is the longest, and probably one of the hardest in which a Colgate eleven has ever been called upon to compete.

In the list for next Fall the Colgate management has included two teams that Colgate has never met before, New York University and Columbia. Another departure has been the plan for playing teams on neutral territory. N. Y. U. will probably be met in Utica. The contest with Brown at Fenway Park and the game with Columbia at the Polo Grounds are expected to prove huge winning cards in the gridiron struggles of next season.

Many elevens in the East asked for places on the Colgate schedule, one of the most gratifying offers being that of the Amherst eleven, for Oct. 15 or 22. But as the Maroon had definitely arranged to play Susquehanna here on the former date, and Cornell at Ithaca on the latter, it was necessary to decline. The offer was gratifying to the Colgate management, inasmuch as it would have brought about a renewal of the warm football relation that existed between Amherst and Colgate before the war.

The schedule follows:

Sept. 24, St. Bonaventure, at Hamilton; Oct. 1, Allegheny at Hamilton; Oct. 6, Princeton at Princeton; Oct. 15, Susquehanna at Hamilton; Oct. 22, Cornell at Ithaca; Oct. 29, New York University at Utica or Hamilton; Nov. 5, Rochester at Hamilton; Nov. 12, Syracuse at Syracuse; Nov. 19, Brown at Boston; Nov. 24, Columbia at New York.

Franklin Five Wins, 27 to 13.

The Franklin School basketball team defeated the Columbia Grammar five, 27 to 13, in a game yesterday afternoon on Franklin court. The winner's teamwork and accurate shooting were too much for the grammar school quintet.

HUSTON LAUNCHES ATTACK ON JOHNSON

Half Owner of Yankees Calls Ban and His Followers Dissenters in New Regime.

The forces are again lined up for battle in the American League. On the one side are the owners of the New York, Chicago and Boston Clubs, on the other stand Ban Johnson and those club owners which gained the name of "loyal five" by their stand with Johnson in the Mays case, in the effort to make Judge K. M. Landis supreme head of baseball, and, more recently, in the steam-roller work at the American League meeting last Friday.

In the Mays case the Yankees gained all they demanded in regard to player rights, using Mays, despite a suspension that Johnson inflicted, and finally getting the case out of the courts. They compromised by withdrawing certain suits against Johnson. In the move to put Judge Landis in charge of baseball, the three American League Club owners joined forces with the National League, and Johnson finally had to accept the dictum of the eleven clubs.

Petty Politics Last Week.

Then came the petty politics at the American League meeting last week. All who have closely followed this baseball strife know that it means another uprising in the near future. Under a system of rotation in the League, the Board of Directors for the ensuing year should be made up of Messrs. Comiskey, Ruppert, Frazee and Dunn. The Johnson followers refused to elect this quartet, as Dunn alone is lined up as a Johnson supporter. Comiskey and Frazee were rebuffed, Ruppert declined to serve under the conditions which would be imposed and the new board, like the old one, is an all-Johnson ticket.

During all the time last week when the meetings and conferences were being held Colonel T. L. Huston, half owner of the Yankees, was confined to his home with illness. After careful consideration of the details Colonel Huston yesterday issued a broadside against Johnson, in which he charges Johnson and his followers with being dissenters in the new regime, insisting that only the elimination of Johnson and his power will make possible the peace in baseball which is so eagerly sought.

Huston's statement follows:

"Johnson's action in breaking the precedent of eighteen years in not electing New York, Boston and Chicago members of the Board of Directors of the American League indicated clearly that he and his "Willful Five" are dissenters from the new Landis régime in baseball, and shows how very deeply he resents the part which these three clubs had in bringing about the new order of things.

"Johnson is against any plan that does not originate with him. He is reluctant to relinquish the power which is passing from his hands, due to his own incompetence. Johnson is very bitter against the owners of three clubs, New York, Chicago and Boston, because it was they who, in the Mays case, gave him his first real setback in baseball, and it was these same three club owners who, by combining with the National League, compelled Johnson to relinquish his throttlehold on baseball. He can show his resentment only by the petty exercise of power in his own league.

Ban Opposed Landis.

"During the past two years Johnson has been strong and loud in his opposition to Judge Landis as Chairman of the National Commission. During the past year Johnson has fought the appointment of Judge Landis as Chairman of the National Commission, and successfully resisted the Judge's entrance into baseball until compelled to consent at the recent Chicago meeting. His show of acquiescence is the veriest hypocrisy. He had to surrender at the recent Chicago meeting because his "Willful Five" deserted him in the fear that the proposed twelve-club league would injure their property investments. No other reason would appeal to them. It was hoped that the adoption of the new National Agreement would bring about peace in baseball and leave all concerned free to devote their time to the purification of baseball itself. Johnson has skillfully broken open old sores, and his evident intention is to kick up and perpetuate rows which will be calculated to disgust and discourage Judge Landis at the start, but it is certain that Judge Landis will quickly find means to curb Johnson and his puppets.

"Johnson and his five clubs are banded together by ties other than true sportsmanship. Johnson announced two years ago that five clubs would hereafter run baseball. He has endeavored to carry this threat into execution. The strength of this unholy alliance has made Johnson exceedingly arrogant, and has been the cause of all the recent trouble in the American League and in baseball, and until it is broken there can be no peace. The elimination of Johnson would automatically restore tranquillity."

MARTIN IS LEAGUE HEAD.

Southern Association Re-elects Its President for Three Years.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Dec. 20.—John D. Martin of Memphis was re-elected President of the Southern Association for a three-year term, and approval was given a post-season series between the pennant winners of the Southern and Texas leagues for the Class A championship of the South at the opening session here today of the Directors of the Southern Association.

It was voted that the Presidents of the several member clubs should attend the meeting of the National Association of Minor League Clubs at Chicago next month, when the proposed new national agreement will be discussed.

PLAN BUSY RIFLE SEASON.

Smallbore League Announces Many Events for Next Year.

The American Smallbore League is planning one of the busiest seasons in its history for next year. Rifle matches and tournaments of all kinds will be included among the numerous events that will be scheduled, according to an announcement just made by Captain Frank Winch, Secretary of the league. Not only will the regular fixtures and championships be held, but there will be individual, novice and sweepstake matches as well.

Chief interest naturally will centre in the international match carded for April. The scores will be exchanged by cable. The American Smallbore League team will compete against the representatives of Switzerland, Holland, Belgium, France, Italy, England and Australia. The American team will be composed of the five shooters making the highest scores in the individual matches now in progress. The high man in the international match will earn the title of world's champion indoor rifle shooter. The national championship will be held on the American Smallbore League range at Tenafly, N. J., in September. The tournament will last two weeks.

Benefit Bouts Prohibited.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20.—An order prohibiting a boxing carnival scheduled for tonight under the auspices of a Chicago morning newspaper fund to furnish Christmas dinners for the poor was issued this afternoon by Charles Fitzmorris, Superintendent of Police, after protests had been made by Methodist and Baptist ministerial associations.

Heinie Groh Is Not to Be Traded, Declares Herrmann

CINCINNATI, Dec. 20.—Upon his return today from the baseball meetings in New York, August Herrmann, President of the Cincinnati Baseball Club, said that under no circumstances would the club trade either Heinie Groh or Eddie Roush. He admitted, however, that the New York club had offered $150,000 for Groh. He also said that the Cincinnati club had not given up hope of landing Maranville, Boston shortstop.

SPEAR AND BRUSSEL WIN AT BILLIARDS

Defeat Lewis and Steinbugler, Respectively, in National Class C Tourney.

STANDING IN NATIONAL CLASS C. BILLARD TOURNAMENT.

Player.	W.	L.	P.C.
F. A. Unger	2	0	1000
J. M. Lewis Jr.	2	0	1000
G. Spear	2	1	.667
S. Brussel	1	1	.500
C. J. Steinbugler	1	2	.333
J. R. Johann,	0	2	.000
Claude Lewis	0	2	.000

Two matches were played in the Class C 18.2 balkline tournament for the championship of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn last night. In the first game, George Spear defeated Claude Lewis by a score of 150 to 132. In the second game, Sidney Brussel, the present champion, won from C. J. Steinbugler, 150 to 120.

The match between Spear and Lewis was the more interesting. Spear was in excellent stroke, a fact attested by his average of 4 6-36. His high run was 23. Lewis, with a high run of 20, averaged 3 27-35. Spear took the lead at the outset and was never headed. Although he was not brilliant in his work at the table, he was very consistent and made his creditable average by compiling small clusters with regularity.

It was not until the closing innings of his match with Steinbugler that Brussel pulled away to win by a comfortable margin. Up to the thirtieth inning of the tussle it was nip and tuck; in fact, at the end of the twenty-seventh inning, Steinbugler was leading by 93 to 89. Brussel assumed command in the thirtieth and thereafter increased his lead until he won by a margin of 30 points.

OWLES EASY CUE VICTOR.

Beats Bassi in Preliminary Round of A. A. B. A.'s Three-Cushion Play.

The preliminary round of the national three-cushion championship tournament of the American Amateur Billiard Association was started at John Doyle's Academy last night. Before one of the biggest galleries that has ever witnessed an amateur three-cushion match in this city Fred G. Owles defeated Louis Bassi by a score of 25 to 12 in thirty-six innings. The victory was scored just as easily as the tally indicates.

Owles was in excellent form and jumped away to a commanding lead soon after the game started. In the seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth innings he made successive runs of 4, 4, 3 and 3. By the time one-half of the match had been played Owles was leading, 21 to 5. Because of the big lead he had piled up Owles eased off in his work at the table. He was inclined to be careless and missed many "naturals" during the closing innings of play. Bassi, on the other hand, was outclassed throughout.

Owles is conceded to be one of the best shot makers among the amateurs in this city. If his safety play were equally strong there is little doubt that he would be able to more than hold his own against any amateur in this section. Last night Owles made many shots that would have done credit to any of the leading professional players of the country. Not only did he tear off the "naturals" during the early innings with deadly accuracy, but he made several very difficult short angle shots.

RAYNOLDS REACHES FINAL.

Will Meet Shoemaker in Last Match of Crescent A. C. Cue Tourney.

Edward F. Raynolds, the New York State champion, last night earned the right to meet Howard Shoemaker, the national champion, in the final match of the pocket billiard tournament being staged at the Crescent Athletic Club for the Eastern championship of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players. They will meet in the match that will decide the title tomorrow night.

Playing one of the best games he has turned in, Raynolds scored a one-sided victory over A. S. Hart by a score of 125 to 38. The outstanding feature of the visitor's work was his position playing. He was extremely accurate in getting good position for break shots at the end of each frame. Not once did he fail to pocket the ball and break the bunch. It was an exhibition of some of the best pocket billiards that has been given by an amateur player this season. Raynolds also proved extremely accurate in making shots.

The standing of the players follows:

Player.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
H. Shoemaker	3	0	1000
E. F. Reynolds	3	0	1000
G. Gardener	2	2	.500
A. S. Hart	1	3	.250
A. Wickers	0	4	.000

W. & J. TO PLAY BUCKNELL.

Presidents Will Next Year Meet Gridiron Rival After Lapse.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Dec. 20.—Washington and Jefferson's football schedule for 1921, announced today by Graduate Manager Robert M. Murphy, shows few changes over the card presented for 1920. The only teams dropped for next season are Geneva and Kalamazoo and the only new opponent added is Bucknell. Bucknell has not been played since 1914.

Of the nine games booked, five have been arranged for the home grounds, with four away from home, the latter being with Pitt, Syracuse, Lehigh and West Virginia. The Lehigh game was booked under a two-year agreement which brought the South Bethlehem eleven to Washington last October. The same holds true of the contest with West Virginia, the Presidents and Mountaineers having entered into a permanent agreement that provides a game on alternate years at Morgantown and Washington.

The Pitt contest comes on Nov. 12, having been placed at this time because of its paramount importance as the biggest athletic event of the year in Western Pennsylvania. It will be played as usual on Forbes Field. The game with Syracuse is a pleasant surprise as it was feared the match could not be arranged.

The schedule follows:

Sept. 24, Bethany, at Washington; Oct. 1, Bucknell, at Washington; Oct. 8, West Virginia Wesleyan, at Washington; Oct. 15, Carnegie Tech, at Washington; Oct. 22, Lehigh, at South Bethlehem; Oct. 29, Syracuse, at Syracuse; Nov. 5, Westminster, at Washington; Nov. 12, Pitt, at Pittsburgh; Nov. 24, West Virginia, at Morgantown.

COLUMBIA AND YALE CREWS WILL MEET

Enter Two-Year Agreement for Home-and-Home Contests—First Race at Derby, Conn.

Columbia and Yale have entered into a two-year rowing agreement which calls for a race on the Housatonic next Spring and a return appearance of the New Haven crew on the Harlem River in 1922, according to announcement yesterday by Graduate Manager Watt of Columbia. The dual race next year will be held at Derby, Conn., on April 30, but no date has been set for Yale's race on the Harlem in the following year.

The signing of the new agreement is in line with Columbia's policy of staging more dual races and regattas on New York waters. The first step in this direction was taken last year, when the Blue and White made a successful bid for the Childs Cup race, which will be held next Spring on the Harlem for the first time in a long span of years. Previously the Columbia policy had been to schedule all of its races on foreign waters, usually at New Haven and Annapolis, and culminating in the Childs Cup race and the Poughkeepsie regatta, which have always been held away from New York.

In addition to the Childs Cup race, the date of which has been set for May 14, Columbia is angling for still another event on its own course. Negotiations are being conducted with the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, which has asked for a dual race on the Harlem for April 23. If this clash is arranged, as seems probable, it will be the first test of the season for Jim Rice's varsity eight, and will precede the Yale race by a week.

Columbia crews will also be entered in the eight-oared race at the American Henley, which will probably be staged again this year on the Schuylkill River, Philadelphia. Penn, Princeton, Navy, M. I. T. and probably Cornell will be entered. The date of the regatta is May 28 and Columbia will probably send both a varsity and junior varsity eight.

The last race on the schedule will be the Poughkeepsie regatta, in which Rice will have three eights, varsity, junior varsity and freshman. The annual classic on the Hudson will be held probably in the third week of June, the exact date depending on water conditions and the time that the various colleges have set for final examinations. The three Columbia eights will leave for their boathouse on the Hudson a few days after the end of the term in the first week of June and they will spend at least two weeks in workouts along the course itself. Recent inspections show that the Columbia quarters at Poughkeepsie are in first-class shape and only a short time will be required in which to get them ready for the oarsmen.

The rowing schedule follows:

April 30, Yale at Derby, Conn., on the Housatonic River.
May 14, Childs Cup Race, Harlem River; 28, American Henley, Schuylkill River, Philadelphia; June 15 to 25 (date not set), Poughkeepsie regatta, Hudson River.

COLUMBIA TO PLAY HOCKEY.

Intercollegiate Contests for Ice Team to Begin After Holidays.

The Columbia hockey team, which began practices recently at the 181st Street Ice Palace after the ice sport had been inactive at the university for many years, will start its intercollegiate matches after the Christmas holidays. Although official approval by the University Committee on Athletics is still lacking, the athletic authorities at Columbia are taking informal steps to arrange a schedule and a tentative list of contests is being drawn up.

It is considered a foregone conclusion that the ice sport will receive the approval of the athletic committee, which has withheld its decision until the situation can be thoroughly investigated and the possibility of getting a suitable rink determined. The committee was also desirous of determining how well the student body would support the new venture and what sort of material would answer the call for practice.

Coach Harrison has had the Blue and White ice team three times a week in the 181st Street Ice Palace, where most of the home games will probably be played. The coach has had thirty-five candidates competing for positions on the team and he is now busy making the final selection of players. The cover point position is the only post without a satisfactory occupant. Garside has been shifted to centre, Church going to left wing on the attack. The latter, however, has shown consistently good form and is likely to find a place on the varsity before the first game. At the other wing position on the first team is Anderson, the best shooter on the squad and a brilliant all-around performer.

Fordham is one of the teams that will be encountered by Columbia and games will probably be arranged with members of the Intercollegiate League. Penn, Harvard, Princeton, Yale, Cornell, Williams and Boston are also on the list of teams with which negotiations will be begun.

GIRLS' TEAM RETURNS.

Philadelphia Hockey Players Back From Tour of England.

Fourteen Philadelphia girls, who make up the Philadelphia hockey team, returned here yesterday from a tour of England, during which they played nine scheduled games and one extra game for the soldiers' hospital at Southampton. Their contests were all against girl teams representing the county and territorial clubs, including Scotch teams, with the exception of the game at the Southampton hospital, which they played just before sailing for home against a picked team composed of nurses and county players.

The Americans won the games played at Cambridge and Southampton, but were bested in the other contests. The team sailed from New York Oct. 21, and the girls played their first match Nov. 3 against the Surrey team at Wimbledon.

PITTSBURGH WINS ON ICE.

Defeats Canadians in Exhibition Hockey Game by 3 to 2.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 20.—The Pittsburgh Club of the United States Amateur Hockey League defeated the Granites of the Ontario Hockey League in an exhibition game here tonight, 3 to 2. It was the first game of the hockey season in Pittsburgh. The two teams will meet here again tomorrow night.

WILL CAPTAIN NORWICH.

Smith Elected to Lead Vermont Eleven—Schedule Announced.

NORTHFIELD, Vt., Dec. 20.—C. C. Smith, for three years halfback of the Norwich University football team, was elected Captain of the 1921 team at a meeting of the squad today.

The schedule for next season, including eight games, was announced. The season will open on Sept. 24 and close on Nov. 12.

The schedule follows:

Sept. 24, Dartmouth at Hanover; Oct. 1, University of Maine, Orono; Oct. 8, Rensselaer Polytechnic at Northfield; Oct. 15, Middlebury at Middlebury; Oct. 22, Tufts at Medford; Oct. 29, Clarkson Tech. at Northfield; Nov. 5, University of Vermont at Northfield; Nov. 12, Boston University at Boston.

WORLD-FAMOUS
BELBER LUGGAGE

At prices we guarantee to be 25% lower than anywhere else in New York

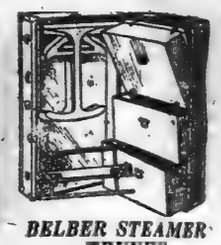
Belber---the world's *best* Luggage. Everybody knows that. All good Luggage shops sell BELBER Luggage. But we are offering it at prices 25% lower than the *lowest sale prices* of any other shop in New York. That's all. We cannot very well keep on selling below cost. So you can understand why this Sale is limited to a few days only.



FULL-SIZE BELBER WARDROBE TRUNKS

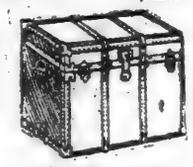
23 in. wide, 22 in. deep, 40 in. high; 4 or 5 large drawers, 3-ply Veneer Fibre inside and out, cretonne-lined. Shoe pockets, laundry bag, 10 Veneer hangers, patent spring lock and draw bolt catches. In several blending colors. Actual value $60.
Sale Price..... $29.75

Also BELBER Wardrobe Trunk. 22 in. deep, 40 in. high, 19 in. wide. Exactly like the Full Size Wardrobe Trunk. Has 8 Veneer hangers. Reg. price $56.
Sale Price... $27.75



BELBER STEAMER TRUNKS

40 in. high, 22 in. deep, 14 in. wide. Three-ply Veneer inside and out. Shoe pockets, 5 hangers, drop drawer and 2 extra drawers. Regular price $45.
Sale Price..... $23.50



BELBER DRESS TRUNKS

Fibre inside and out, 2 center bands; heavily re-enforced with extra tray. Made for extensive travelling. Sizes 32, 36 and 40 inches. Reg. price $30
Sale Price..... $15.00



GENUINE COWHIDE LEATHER BAG

All leather-lined and most sturdily constructed. 500 of these bags have been very slightly soiled by water. Blemishes are barely distinguishable. Regular price $16.50.
Sale Price..... $7.00



GENUINE COWHIDE SUIT CASE

24 and 26 inches. Some are with straps all around, some with short straps; all are linen-lined. Solid Brass trimmings. Heavily re-enforced. Regular price $22.50.
Sale Price..... $9.50

One Block West of Broadway

Mail Orders Filled—No C. O. D.'s.

Open Evenings Till 11 P. M.

Rialto Luggage Shop
(Remember the Name!)
One Block West of Broadway 259 West 42nd St., New York Near 8th Ave.



REDUCTIONS
in Men's High Shoes
DURING DECEMBER
Lasts and patterns exclusively our own design

Made by The John A. McPherson Shoe Co.

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY
BROADWAY AT 40TH STREET
NEW YORK
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE BUILDING

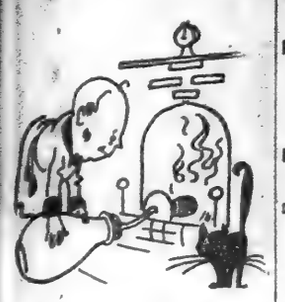
An English Wife in Berlin
By EVELYN PRINCESS BLÜCHER

The Boston Transcript calls it:—
"So far the most revealing and absorbing personal record."

The New York Evening Post says:—
"Informal, racy of the moment, lively in mingling of personal incident with political happening, it reflects with unconscious dramatic quality the development of the German catastrophe and the aftermath of disaster."

The Chicago Evening Post says:—
"It is in a class by itself; fairly teems with interesting details."

Price $6.00. It should be on sale at your bookstore; if not, it can be had from
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., New York



How's this for "starting something"!

Sale!

Dressing gowns: silk, plush and fancy matelasse. Also blanket robes.

33 were $80.00 to $125.00
$55

47 were $35.00
70 were $40.00
18 were $50.00
25 were $55.00
$25

34 were $10.00
45 were $15.00
$7.50

House coats of silk, velveteen, doubleface cloth and fancy matelasse.

91 were $40.00 and $45.00
$25

65 were $20.00 to $32.00
$15

72 were $13.50 to $16.50
$9.50

141 were $10.00
$6

Umbrellas—silk, silk mixtures, cotton.

31 were $20.00
31 were $22.00
$12.50

50 were $13.50 to $15.00
$9.50

191 were $10.00 to $12.00
$6.50

250 were $3.50
250 were $3.75
145 were $4.50
187 were $5.00
$2.25

For boys:

$2.50 to $3.75 shirts	now	$1.85
$4.50 to $6.00 shirts	now	$2.45
$3.00 pajamas	now	$1.75
$4.00 pajamas	now	$2.25
$10.50 sweaters	now	$6.85
$2.00 to $3.00 underwear	now	$1.35
$3.25 to $4.00 underwear	now	$1.85
$18.00 mackinaws	now	$11
$12.00 mackinaws	now	$7.50

Also! Bargains in odds and ends of Sporting Goods.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Broadway at 34th St.
Broadway at Warren. | | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

DON'T SMOKE PAINT

Our pipes are made of the finest imported well seasoned BRIAR ROOT. We use NEITHER PAINT NOR VARNISH, leaving pores open to absorb moisture. They color like meerschaums. Absolutely NO BREAKING IN. Each pipe perfect and guaranteed



WE MAKE THEM
Mail Orders Filled
PIPES REPAIRED PROMPTLY

BARCLAY PIPE SHOP
41 Barclay St., Cor. Church

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
AN IDEAL GIFT FOR MEN
AN ORDER FOR A KENNEDY HAT.



Big variety of new styles in Men's Derbies and Soft Hats,
$3.85 to $7.50, were $8.00 to $10.00
FUR CAPS, $5.00.

HOLIDAY SPECIAL
Imported Velours $15, were $25; $7 and $8 Velours Now $4.80.

PRESENT FOR A BUSINESS MAN.

A suitable Christmas gift for a business man is a year's subscription to The Annalist, a weekly magazine of Finance, Commerce and Economics, published Mondays by The New York Times Company. Sent postpaid to any address in the United States for $5.00 a year.—Advt.

FIVE NEW ORLEANS FAVORITES IN VAN

Public Choice in Feature Race Might Also Have Won, but for Poor Ride.

FANTOCHE FINISHES FIRST

Defeats Bunga Buck and White Star for the Chalmette Purse—Vice Chairman a Victor.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 20.—In spite of the fact that cloudy weather greeted the racing at Jefferson Park this afternoon and that the track was heavy, fair-sized fields went to the post in four of the seven events on the program. A total of forty-six horses ran, and of this number the favorites managed to scramble home in front in five of the events, and only once did the public choice finish outside the money. Had it not been for a bad ride by Jockey Wida on White Star, the 7 to 10 choice in the fifth race, another favorite might have flashed under the wire in the van. As it was, White Star completed the journey a poor third, six lengths back of the second horse.

The fifth race, a one-mile test for two-year-olds for the Chalmette Purse, was the featured event of the card, and it was in this race that the players made White Star the choice. There were but five starters, and to the form players it appeared that White Star had a splendid chance to romp off with the honors. It was conceded that Fantoche, which eventually won, had a chance, as well as Bunga Buck, which finished second, and the play centred on these three horses, with the majority of the money being placed on White Star's chances. Day Lilly and Petrarch, the only other starters, were counted out of it before the horses went to the post, and the public's opinion of them was justified by the running of the race. They finished fourth and fifth, repectively.

Bunga Buck broke from the barrier to a flying start, with White Star in second position and Fantoche third. Bunga Buck managed to hold the lead right up to the last seventy yards of the trip, but Mrs. M. Dattner's chestnut colt tired in the stretch and Fantoche was able to win by a full length. Lyke, who had the mount on Fantoche, gave the gelding an excellent ride. The eventual winner was kept in the best going and moved up steadily. He gradually wore down Bunga Buck. The latter showed impressive speed, but could not maintain it for the full distance. At one time Bunga Buck had an advtange of six lengths over Fantoche, but before the horses had rounded the turn into the stretch, Lyke had let down Fantoche a bit and the gelding responded. He closed the gap quickly and was in an excellent position to make his final and winning effort as the horses entered the stretch.

Romp for Vice Chairman.

The fourth race, a six-furlong dash for all ages, proved little more than a romp for the favorite, Vice Chairman. It was the second most attractive feature of the day's offerings, but the track conditions caused free use of the blue pencil, and nine horses were scratched. This left but five to contest the honors. Vice Chairman won by four lengths from Hadrian, while Sagamore was a head back in third place and fighting hard to keep Smart Guy from finishing in the money. Sagamore managed to hold onto the show position by a scant neck.

Jockey Lyke also had the mount on Vice Chairman, and it was due to his strong handling as much as to the colt's speed that the 6-to-5 favorite won so easily. Lyke hustled his mount into the lead as soon as the barrier had been sprung, and he held sway throughout the running. He got away in third position, but was rushed to the front and soon had a two lengths command of the situation. This he increased until he was leading by three lengths as the horses entered the stretch. Vice Chairman was able to increase this advantage by another length and still finish the race well in hand.

Hadrian was kept well up from the start, but did not have the speed to overtake the leader. J. C. Ferriss's colt managed to outstay Sagamore, who had his own troubles saving third place from Smart Guy. Sagamore ran forwardly all the way, but tired near the end. Smart Guy was held off the pace in the early running, but moved up determinedly just before the horses entered the stretch. Had the race been a little longer there is not the slightest doubt that he would have taken the show position from Saganore.

The form players got away to a good start in the first event, a six furlong sprint for two-year-olds. One of the largest fields of the day went to the post for this race, eight horses facing the barrier. S. A. Clopton's 'Toss Up was made the choice at 17 to 10 and rewarded his backers by winning by a head from Secretary, with Pimlico third, two lengths further back.

A Badly Beaten Favorite.

Three-year-olds and upward ran six furlongs in the second race, and the favorite, Opportunity, could do no better than finish a poor last in a field of eight. The race was won by Lonely, which paid its backers 5 to 1. The race produced one of the best finishes of the day, for it was not until the closing strides that Lonely was able to overtake Lancelot and win by a head. Oaklawn Belle was third.

Hervey Smarr was the second favorite to win. He captured the third race, a test at a mile or three-year-olds and upward. After being far out of it in the first quarter he moved up determinedly after going half a mile and overhauled Galway. Hervey Smarr, however, was hard pressed near the end by Old McKenna and just managed to beat the latter by half a length. Galway was third.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For maiden two-year-olds; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Toss Up, 107 pounds (Cotillieti), 17 to 10, 7 to 10, 1 to 3, first; Secretary, 107 (Wida), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 4 to 5, second; Pimlico, 110 (Rodriguez), 5 to 2, 4 to 5, 1 to 3, third. Time—1:18 2-5. Contriot, Piste, Obstinate, Joe Whipple and Mable Josephine also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Lonely, 107 pounds (McTaggart), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, first; Lancelot, 111 (Jarvis), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, second; Oaklawn Belle, 110 (Wida), 20 to 1, 8 to 1, 4 to 1, third. Time—1:17 2-5. Opportunity, Approval, Valerie West and Malvello also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile. Harvey Smarr, 109 pounds (Mooney), 11 to 5, 7 to 5, 3 to 5, first; Old McKenna, 104 (Gregory), 7 to 2, 7 to 5, 3 to 5, second; Galway, 116 (Rodrigues), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 6 to 5, third. Time—1:44 1-5. Dr. Campbell, American Rose, Pindar, Walter Turnbow and Larghetto also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For all ages; allowances; purse $700; six furlongs. Vice Chairman, 112 pounds (Lyke), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Hadrian, 106 (Wright), 3 to 1, 7 to 10, 1 to 3, second; Sagamore, 102 (Richcreek), 3 to 1, 7 to 10, 1 to 3, third. Time—1:16 4-5. Crystal Ford and Smart Guy also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Chalmette Purse for two-year-olds; allowances; purse $1,000; one mile. Fantoche, 112 pounds (Lyke), 9 to 2, even, 1 to 3, first; Bunga Buck, 108 (King), 3 to 1, 7 to 10, 1 to 4, second; White Star, 108 (Wida), 4 to 5, 1 to 3, out, third. Time—1:43 2-5. Day Lilly and Petrarch also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and an eighth. Cheer Leader, 103 pounds (Jarvis), 3 to 2, 2 to 5, out, first; Gain de Cause, 102 (Richcreek), 3 to 5, 2 to 5, out, second; Young Adam, 103 (Morris), 2 to 1, 3 to 5, 1 to 3, third. Time—1:50 1-5. Romeo also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and a quarter. H. C. Basch, 98 pounds (Jarvis), 9 to 5, 7 to 10, 1 to 3, first; Capital City, 110 (Heinisch), 6 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, second; Paddy Dear, 108 (Cotillieti), 7 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, third. Time—2:12. Jack Reeves, Billy Stuart, Dahabiah II. and Adelante also ran.

Kid Lewis, British Welter, Arrives Here for Holidays

Ted (Kid) Lewis, the British welterweight who formerly held the world's championship title, arrived in New York yesterday on the Cunard liner Imperator. Lewis was accompanied by members of his family. The British boxer plans to remain in this country over the holidays and will return to England, where he is scheduled to engage Jack Britton, holder of the world's welterweight championship, in a return bout to be held in London. Lewis does not plan to engage in any matches during his short stay here.

YOUNG EDDY WINS BOUT FROM M'CABE

Gets Well Earned Decision Over Harlemite in 12-Round Battle of Lightweights.

Young Eddy, Greenwich, Conn., lightweight, gained the decision over Mickey McCabe, Harlem boxer, last night in their twelve-round bout, which was the principal attraction at the Star Sporting Club. The Nutmeg State lightweight carried off the honors in the majority of the rounds and was clearly entitled to the verdict of the judges.

In attaining his triumph, Eddy overcame handicaps in height and reach. The Greenwich boxer, a squat, sturdy veteran of many hard-fought ring battles, waded into his rival without respect for McCabe's blows to the face and stomach, and pounded the Harlemite severely about the mid-section. Particularly did Eddy follow this line of attack in the early rounds and the effect was to weaken McCabe considerably, so that the latter missed repeatedly and was slowed up to a marked extent.

McCabe, with his advantage in reach, was able to carry off the laurels in the early rounds. The Harlem lad boxed cleverly, but, at the same time, cautiously, as if he entertained a wholesome respect for his adversary's punching power. Pecking away tantalizingly with his left, McCabe frustrated Eddy's attack, and made the Connecticut lightweight miss repeatedly. At infighting, too, in the early rounds McCabe more than held his own, for, with his long arms, he was able to protect himself against Eddy's blows, countering meanwhile with stinging wallops of his own.

Eddy, however, stood up under the blows without any visible effect. He never backed an inch, but persisted in his efforts to counter with effective punches. The combination of McCabe's early strength and the Harlem boxer's physical advantage, proved an insurmountable hurdle for four rounds.

In the fifth, however, the tide of battle shifted. Eddy plodded on in his attack, coming in against the swings and hooks of McCabe, taking some of the blows and evading others, and himself landing with powerful drives to the stomach. These punches took some of the steam out of McCabe and must have robbed the Harlemite of much of his punching power, for thereafter Eddy just bored in, regardless of his rival's counters, and worked diligently for the stomach at close quarters. For three rounds Eddy gave his undivided attention to McCabe's mid-section, and then the Greenwich boxer suddenly shifted to the face. In the ninth round he had McCabe retreating before his fire, and in the tenth Eddy several times forced his rival to the ropes under a shower of rights and lefts. Near the bell in this round Eddy landed with a long, sweeping overhand right to the jaw after rushing McCabe to the ropes, and the Harlemite's knees sagged. Eddy stepped in to follow his advantage, but the bell sounded, ending the round.

Through the eleventh and twelfth rounds Eddy continued his attack, repeatedly landing with blows which forced McCabe to seek refuge in clinches. The closing round was a riot of punching, both boxers letting go without restraint from bell to bell. The final clang of the gong found the men locked at close quarters, swinging with all their remaining strength. Eddy landed more often and effectively than his opponent in this terrific last-round flurry.

The semi-final bout of twelve rounds resulted in a victory for Frankie Maxwell of Harlem over Jimmy Blute of Yorkville. Maxwell gained the award of Referee Barney Williams after the judges had disagreed. This contest was a slugging bee throughout, most of the action being provided at close quarters, at which style of milling Maxwell appeared to advantage.

Paul Doyle Is Outpointed.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 20.—Jack Perry of Pittsburgh outpointed Paul Doyle of New York in a slow eight-round bout here tonight. Perry's hard hitting earned him the popular decision.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $600, claiming, for three-year-olds and upward, maidens; six furlongs. Old Rose, 110 pounds, Caroline S. 107, Pansy Blossom 107, Royden 115, Adrianne R. 107, Spartan Boy 110, Horeb 115, Mandalay 115, Pewesaukee 110, Wanoda 112, Bees Wax 107, Riddle 107, Hop Over 110.

SECOND RACE—Purse $600, claiming, for two-year-olds; six furlongs. Brown Bill 103 pounds, Dannell 103, Tom Roach 103, Silver Springs 108, Kinetic 96, Tutt 103, Montillo 102, Omer K. 107, Crimson Rambler 105, Reluctant 107, Louise Wynne 99, Superb 100, Countess 95, Peppery Polly 106, Sea Court 107, Mary Fonso 95, Alice Atkin 93.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700, claiming, for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Sammy Kelly 114 pounds, Anticipate 115, Murray 111, Ragazza 103, Annie Edgar 107, Red Wing 102, Cracow 111, Orenzo 107, Resist 110, Miss Nell 90, Iron Boy 109, Marmite 103 York Road 102, Thursday Nighter 102, Bond 106, Double Van 100, Jago 115.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700, allowances, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and seventy yards. Johnny Overton 100 pounds, St. Germain 104, Raider 107, Title 107, The Archer 100, Trooper 110, Chief 107, Dancing Spray 104, Drummond 107, Lad's Love 114, Comme Ci 107.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,000, for all ages; six furlongs. Pickwick 114 pounds, Angon 120, Flibbertygibbet 103, St. Quentin 112.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $700, claiming, for three-year-olds; one mile and a sixteenth. Madrono 114 pounds, Colonel Lit 109, Ballybell 110, Golden Dawn 105, Glenwell 116, Keep 101, Sieve 102.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $700, claiming, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and one-eighth. Sunduria 107 pounds, Chick Barkley 108, Scourgeman 108, Harvey Smarr 108, Neenah 104, Lorena Moss 102, Aztec 110, Guy Fortune 108, Lady Ward 108, Tugs 108, Lucius 110, King Neptune 110, Ben Hampson 108, Sasin 110, Corydon 105, Kebo 110, Lad 110.

Weather cloudy, track heavy.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For maiden two-year-olds; claiming; purse, $700; five and a half furlongs. *Bertha Minix, 98 pounds, *Vera Twyford 98, *Miss Dixie 101, Chafe, 101, *New High 101, *Ravanna 105, Scotty 106, *Molinaro 108, *Lyric 108, Mister Jiggs 100, Diffidence 110, Erroll 113.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $700; five and a half furlongs. *Okemus 104 pounds, *Discussion 105, Guaranteed 107, Mather 113, Assumption 113, The Blue Duke 113.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $700; six furlongs. *The Pirate 98 pounds, Just Fancy 103, Naphthalus 105, War Loan 108, Slippery Silver 108, *American Eagle 108, Jill, 106, *Paula V. 106, Whip-Poor-Will 103, Sherman 110.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $700; one mile. *Lariat 102 pounds, *Star Shooter 108, *Homam 108, Little Ross 102, *Lady Hester 102, *Jack Dawson 102, *Omeme 108, Jess De Vales 110, Garbage 110.

FIFTH RACE—Holiday Handicap, for all ages; purse, $1,000; one mile. †Cubanita 91 pounds, †Lackawanna 105, Bally Bunion 108, Armistice 108, Buford 117, Cromwell 124, †Armenia Stable.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse, $700; one mile. *Musket 99 pounds, *Rhymer 102, *White Crown 102, Misericorde 107, Foster Embrey 107, Miss Sweep 107, Mackenzie 107, Dragoon 110.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

ENGLISH 'BOBBIES' ARRIVE FOR BOUTS

Two Champions of London's Police Force Are Here to Meet New York's "Finest."

When the Cunard liner Imperator slipped into her berth in the North River yesterday, two husky looking London "bobbies" stepped down the gangplank accompanied by Inspector Arthur J. Spriggs of Scotland Yard, Secretary of the Metropolitan Police Athletic Association of London. They were Constables Jack Stanley, a capable looking 196-pounder who holds the London police heavyweight championship, and Harry Mallin, carrying about 160 pounds, holder of the middleweight title of the department.

The two British policemen are here for the purpose of engaging the leading New York policemen-boxers in their respective classes. They earned their championships and the opportunity to visit this country through their successful participation in a series of elimination bouts in which the boxers of the London force participated. The arrival of the "bobbies" marks the first invasion of foreign amateur boxers for an international tournament which will be held early next month, probably at one of the big hotels, under the auspices of the International Sporting Club. During their stay here the London policemen will be quartered at the New York Police Club on Riverside Drive.

Champions Meet Invaders.

When the British cops arrived they were met by a reception committee which included some I. S. C. representatives and Police Department champions in various sports. Deputy Commissioner John A. Harriss, President of the New York Police Club, headed the committee, which included Patrolman Bill Spengler, heavyweight champion of the "finest," who has also held this title in local Amateur Athletic Union ranks and was a member of the last Olympic team; Patrolman John Ruff, welterweight champion of the force, who gained his title in the bouts conducted last Winter at the Crescent A. C.; Patrolman John Randolph and Isador Cantor, wrestlers; John Brilla, pistol expert, and Sergeant Thomas M. Shaw, jiu-jitsu instructor of the Police Department. As soon as their baggage had been properly checked the visiting policemen were whisked away to the Police Club.

Matchmaker Tex O'Rourke of the International Sporting Club, who went abroad several weeks ago to complete arrangements for the forthcoming tournament, is expected to arrive here tomorrow with Great Britain's army and navy heavyweight and middleweight boxing champions. These representatives in the international tournament, as was the case with the "bobbies," have been selected by a board of selection after a series of elimination bouts. Following the arrival of the British service men, representatives of the French and Belgian armies and navies will come here for the International Sporting Club competition. Secretary Adam Empie declared yesterday that the complete foreign representation is expected to be here within a fortnight, when final plans for the tournament probably will be disclosed. Elimination bouts to determine the American army and navy competitors are now in progress, according to Secretary Empie.

To Arrange Final Plans.

While no positive announcement has been made, it is understood an official welcome to the visiting policemen will be tendered by the International Sporting Club. This reception will probably be in the form of a dinner at which the Englishmen will be the guests of honor. Final plans will be determined after the return home of Matchmaker O'Rourke tomorrow. Secretary Empie yesterday significantly remarked that the International Sporting Club would be prepared at this reception to disclose some important plans for bouts for its members, which have been developing within the past few months.

The international amateur bouts, which the International Sporting Club has arranged, will be conducted exclusively for the club's members. Negotiations for permission to hold the contest in a hotel are now in progress, and it is expected the developments will have attained a stage by tomorrow where the International Sporting Club officials will be prepared to announce their plans upon the arrival of Matchmaker O'Rourke.

BANTAMS DOWN TO WEIGHT.

Herman and Lynch Register Correct Poundage for Title Bout.

Pete Herman, bantamweight champion, and Joe Lynch, west side contender for the title, who will clash in the stellar fifteen-round bout tomorrow night at Madison Square Garden, were yesterday reported down to the required weight for the championship battle. The boxers will wind up their training today.

Herman, confident that he will retain his title, has booked passage on the Imperator, which sails for England Thursday. The bantamweight title holder is sailing abroad to box Jimmy Wilde in a twenty-round match at London, Jan. 14.

Three bouts will precede the Herman-Lynch contest. In ten-round matches Midget Smith will clash with Johnny Buff and Kewpie Hollander will engage Young Montreal. A six-round bout will bring together Georgie Thompson and Willie Spencer.

THREE MEN SUSPENDED.

Boxer, Manager and Referee Barred Indefinitely at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 20.—Bobby Burman, a local boxer; Eddie Hayes, his manager and Tommy Keenan, official referee at the National Athletic Club, today were barred indefinitely from participation in boxing in this city by Director of Public Safety James T. Cortelyou. The action of the director was taken as a result of a free-for-all fight during a bout at the club Saturday night between Burman and Tommy Cleary. The trouble is said to have started when Referee Keenan warned Burman against roughness.

Director Cortelyou also announced he had lifted the ban on Harry Wills and Sam McVey, colored boxers, who had been under suspension since last Summer for alleged faking.

$60,000,000 BET AT RACES.

This Sum Passed Through Pari-Mutuel Machines in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 20.—At the Fall meetings of the four one-mile racetracks of Maryland $38,000,000 passed through the pari-mutuel machines during the sixty-nine days of racing, according to figures disclosed by the State Racing Commission today. The commission did not begin operations until after the Spring season was over, but conservative estimates for the entire racing year (110 days) place the amount at $60,000,000.

The total net earnings of the four tracks for the Fall season, according to their statement to the commission, were $1,149,862 before deductions for new construction, equipment and repairs were made, and $617,002 after the deductions.

The commission applied the pruning knife to the deduction accounts heavily. It reduced the yearly salary of James F. O'Hara, General Manager of the Bowie track, from $20,000 to $10,000 and that of G. D. Ryan, his assistant, from $15,000 to $5,000. An item of $8,300 for Bowie Directors' fee was cut to $1,200.

Besides a tax of $6,000 a day for every racing day the State collects 15 per cent. of the net earnings of the race tracks.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd, Manhattan
Court Street at Montague, Brooklyn

25 Holiday Gifts For A Man

Dress and Fancy Waistcoats
Initial Handkerchiefs
Tan Capeskin Gloves
Silk Handkerchiefs
Wool Knit Jackets
Knitted Neckwear
Fur Lined Gloves
Madras Pajamas
Lounging Robes
Smoking Jackets
Walking Sticks
Madras Shirts
Leather Goods
Comfy Slippers
Silk Neckwear
Wool Mufflers
Mocha Gloves
Wool Hosiery
Silk Pajamas
Silk Mufflers
Silk Hosiery
Bath Robes
Silk Shirts
Umbrellas
Jewelry

4 Holiday Gifts For A Woman

Mufflers
Umbrellas
Silk Hosiery
Mannish Wool Hosiery

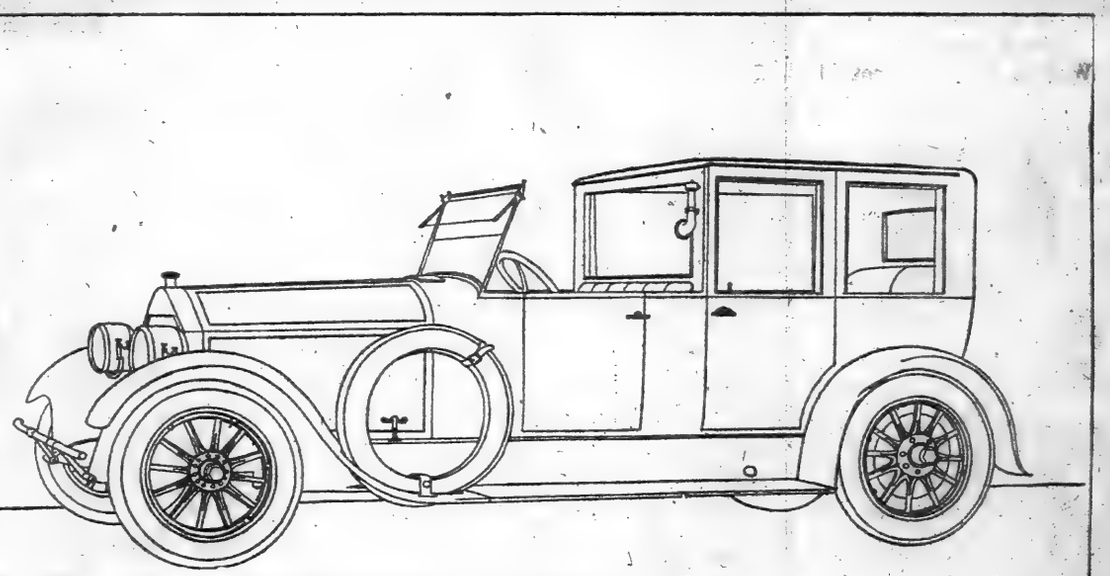
Town-Famous John David Neckwear For Holiday Gifts; Unusual Reductions

$6.50, $6.00, $5.50 Knitted Silk . . $3.95
$6.00, $5.00, and $4.50 Silk $2.45
$3.50, $3.00, and $2.50 Silk $1.65
$2.00 and $1.50 Silk 95c

The Richest Scarfs In New York Worthy Of Being Presented To New Yorkers Who Wear The Richest Of Everything. Don't Buy These Scarfs Just Because You Save Money On Them, But Don't Think Less Of Them Just Because You Pay Less For Them. "Exclusive, But Not Expensive", Is Our Institutional Policy Known To All

JOHN DAVID GIFT BONDS
In Genuine Morocco Case Without Extra Charge

JOHN DAVID GIFT BOXES
Encase Every Purchase Without Extra Charge



A NEW PIERCE ARROW

YOU ARE INVITED to come and see what Pierce-Arrow designers and engineers have accomplished. The new cars are low, with sweeping lines which give the effect of power, speed and efficiency. Their looks do not belie their performance. No one has viewed these new models without strong expressions of commendation.

HARROLDS
Harrolds Motor Car Co., New York
BROOKLYN POUGHKEEPSIE STAMFORD

ELLIS
Ellis Motor Car Co., Newark and Trenton

LOST—Certificate 3656 for 7 shares of capital stock of Great State Petroleum Co.; was last Oct. 20, 1920. Finder will please return to Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.

LOST—Black ostrich feather fan Tuesday last in or near Bramhall Playhouse; valued for sentimental reasons; liberal reward if returned. Box Office, Bramhall Playhouse, 126 East 27th.

LOST on Dec. 16th from truck, cash book, journal, ledger, between 18th and 29th Sts. Firm's name on books; liberal reward. Write Box K 120, 241 Fifth Av.

LOST—On 42d St., Saturday, black moire bag marked H. M. S., with 50-trip ticket to Harrington Park. Notify Striffler Company, 801 11th Av.

LOST — Monday evening, blue beaded bag, containing money, mail, Broadway-71st St. Please phone Cathedral 9884, E. Niessen.

LOST—Address book and commutation book, New York-Keyport. Notify Benj. Franklin, 30 Park Row. Tel. 7879 Cortlandt.

LOST—Liberal reward, no questions asked, clothing and violin taken from 239 West 99th St. R. E. Sause, phone Riverside 3888.

LOST—Black suitcase marked I. T. W.; liberal reward if contents intact; no questions. Apply Ritz-Carlton office.

LOST—Hand crochet, between 108th and 89th Sts., on Sunday morning, between 10 and 12; reward. Apt. 12D, 253 West 108th.

LOST—White-shelled glasses, Broadway and 42d St., Saturday P. M.; reward. Y 2303 Times Annex.

LOST—Opera glasses with monogram "L. M. G." Reward, return, Riverside 4185.

LOST—Lexington subway, Saturday, light-shelled eyeglasses; reward. C 58 Times.

Jewelry.

LOST—On Sunday afternoon, lady's gold watch, initials G. M. P. on back, between 123 East 45th St. and 28 West 54th St. Finder please return to Central Club for Nurses, 132 East 45th St. Reward.

LOST—Lady's handbag, black embroidered, beaded, containing wrist watch, keys, wallet, on Gates Av., Brooklyn, car, between Lewis and Nevins Sts., Monday morning. Liberal reward. Phone Broad 600.

LOST—Large old-fashioned gold brooch, with aquamarines and gold tassels, valued as keepsake, on Saturday, the 18th; liberal reward. Finder please phone Rhinelander 4816.

LOST—In neighborhood of 72d St., one gold watch and chain; also knife, initials "H. C. W." Please return to E. M. Gattle & Co. Reward; no questions asked.

LOST—Dec. 12, in vicinity of Ritz-Carlton, square sapphire and diamond cluster ring; liberal reward, no questions asked. Return to Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av

LOST—Between Saturday afternoon and Sunday noon, a lady's gold wrist watch on black silk band; suitable reward. Apply Thos. Cooper, 14 John St.

LOST—$100 reward for return of diamond and platinum bar pin lost in Biltmore, Booth Theatre, taxi from theatre, or Little Club. Telephone 771 Plaza, M. B. Armstrong.

LOST—White gold wrist watch, engraved "Betty," between Broadway and 6th Av., 17th to 20th St. Finder please return 905 Broadway (7th floor).

LOST—Ring consisting of 3 parts, on train arriving 5:40 P. M. Saturday from Atlantic City; liberal reward. Y 2315 Times Annex.

LOST—In Lord & Taylor's a string of pearls in box marked Bendel. Telephone Lockwood, Vanderbilt 8000; reward.

LOST—Between 75th and 59th Sts. or at Plaza Hotel, a D. A. R. pin with diamonds in centre; reward to finder. 141 West 57th St.

LOST — Diamond and emerald ring, set in platinum; in vicinity of Waldorf; liberal reward. Lost Articles, Waldorf.

LOST—14-kt. gold Elgin wrist watch; reward. Forbes, 307 Jamaica Av., Astoria, L. I.

LOST—Diamond bar pin in street; $25 reward. Academy 2416.

LOST—Gold wrist watch; reward. Gregory, 61 West 12th St., City.

LOST—Bar pin on Broadway Sunday. Phone Mott Haven 558.

$5,000 REWARD

for recovery of jewelry stolen from messenger Provident Diamond Co at 49th St. and 7th Av. Nov. 27, 1920, at 9:10 A. M.

$2,000 REWARD

for information leading to arrest and conviction of said culprits; information confidential. Provident Diamond Co., 598 7th Av.

$1,250 REWARD.

A man's platinum ring, diamond 4¾ carats, 4 sapphires; believed lost near Fort Lee, N. J., ferry Dec. 18th. Communicate with E. B. Hopwood, 55 John St., New York City. Telephone Beekman 8087.

$500 REWARD

for return of platinum ring, large square sapphire with small diamonds in mounting; lost Dec. 12th between 47th and 61st Sts. Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av.

$1,000 REWARD.

Diamond platinum pin, 227 stones, 7 large ones in centre. Schuyler 6650.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Will person who found nutria muff in telephone booth, Stern Brothers, Friday morning, notify Miss F. Wolfe, Room 1,012, 130 Broadway? Phone Rector 10000; reward.

LOST—Silver fox muff; liberal reward for its return and no questions asked. Finder is requested to communicate with A. S. Cone, 433 5th Av., New York.

LOST—Man's nutria fur coat collar in taxi from 38th St. to 550 Park Av., Saturday afternoon; reward. Return to 75 Park Av.

LOST—Two-skin sable scarf, Saturday night, between 54th and 44th Sts.; liberal reward. Return to Jane Wallace, 200 West 54th.

LOST—Stern's, seal muff, velvet lined. Return Hotel Ashton. Reward.

Found.

FOUND—Dec. 17, diamond cluster. Owner may claim same at G. R. Simpson, World Bldg.

FOUND—Piece of lady's platinum jewelry Dec. 14. C 345 Times.

PERSONAL.

JULIA M. QUINN—A VERY IMPORTANT message from your brother awaits you at Hotel Albert.

REINACH, LOUIS M., MISSING FROM 605 W. 111th St. since Dec. 8. Send any information to his wife.

BEEMAN TRACTOR $340



FOUR H. P. FOR WINTER WORK

Runs wood saw, ice saw, electric light plant, grindstone, feed grinder, pump, cream separator, washing machine, churn, etc. Hauls stone-boats, light wagons, industrial trucks, snowplows.

Call or write for Booklet

K. G. MARTIN CO.

Distributors Beeman Tractor

42 Park Place, N. Y. Barclay 3010

REMEMBER A FRIEND.

A subscription to The New York Times Book Review and Magazine for a year would be a suitable Christmas gift for a book-loving friend. Sent postpaid to any address in the United States or possessions for one dollar, with a letter mentioning the name of the donor.—Advt.

ON 1916 INCOME TAX

Government Seeks $292,678 Additional Levy on Oil Stock Profits.

TAX PAID ON PAR VALUE

Difference Between That and Market Price the Issue, Says Defense.

Alleging that his income tax return for 1915 was "incorrect, misleading and false," the United States Government yesterday brought action in the Federal Court here against John D. Rockefeller Sr. to obtain judgment for $292,678.78, together with a penalty of 5 per cent. and interest thereon at the rate of 1 per cent. a month from June 30, 1916.

Assistant United States District Attorney R. S. Holmes brought the suit, which is based upon the income tax return which Mr. Rockefeller filed on March 26, 1916, with the Collector of Internal Revenue of the Third District of New York, and which purported to be "a true and complete statement of the gains, profits and income received by or accrued to him during the year ended Dec. 31, 1915."

The complaint drafted by Prosecutor Holmes alleges that the Rockefeller return failed to include as part of his profits and income for 1915 any part of the 50,104 shares of the capital stock of the Illinois Pipe Line Company or 67,176 shares of the capital stock of the Prairie Pipe Line Company or the value of those shares.

Rockefeller Is Defended.

Mr. Rockefeller is in the South, but his representatives in a statement issued last night declared that the whole matter at issue was the difference between the par and the market value of the stock in question and the right of the Government to hold stock dividends as taxable. The statement explained that Mr. Rockefeller in 1915 received the oil company stock as its pro rata distribution to stockholders, and that under a ruling of the United States Treasury Department that stock dividends were not taxable, the stocks were not included in Mr. Rockefeller's income in his tax return for that year.

Later, when the Treasury Department changed its ruling, the Rockefeller return was revised to include the stocks at their par value and he paid the tax under protest. When the United States Supreme Court decided that such stock dividends were not taxable, Mr. Rockefeller filed a claim for a refund of the money he paid on the stock dividends in 1917. The department disallowed the claim on the ground that the stock dividends were really dividends paid in property and therefor taxable and that the assessment anyway should have been on the market and not the par value of the stocks.

"The return in 1915 was in accordance with the Treasury Department's rulings," says the statement, "and Mr. Rockefeller believes that the additional amount now claimed is not a legal tax under the decisions of the United States Supreme Court, and for that reason, pending a decision by the courts, he has declined to pay it."

Charges by the Government.

The Government's complaint alleges that during 1915 Mr. Rockefeller was the owner and holder of 150,313 shares of the capital stock of the Ohio Oil Company which on Feb. 15 of that year delivered to him as a dividend 50,104 shares of the capital stock of the Illinois Pipe Line Company, of a par value of $100 each. At the same time, the complaint sets forth, Mr. Rockefeller was the owner and holder of 44,784 shares of the Prairie Oil and Gas Company, which on March 25, 1915, paid him as a dividend 67,176 shares of the capital stock of another company known as the Prairie Pipe Line Company, of a par value of $100 each.

The par value of the 50,104 shares of the Illinois Pipe Line Company, the complaint states, was $5,010,433.34, and the par value of the Prairie Pipe Line Company was $6,717,600, making a total of $11,728,033.34. The market value of the Illinois Pipe Line Company, the complaint further explains, was $6,663,965 and of the stock of the Prairie Pipe Line Company $9,942,048, making a total of $16,606,013.

According to the complaint Mr. Rockefeller's return for 1915 was corrected by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue so as to show that on July 9, 1917, the value of the stocks of the Illinois Pipe Line Company and of the Prairie Pipe Line Company was $11,728,033.34, and assessed against the defendant an additional tax of $754,737.09 on the stock distributed as dividends of the Ohio Oil Company. This tax was paid by Mr. Rockefeller on Sept. 24, 1917.

"That the net income," the complaint states, "for said calendar year ending Dec. 31, 1915, irrespective of said shares of stock received by defendant as dividends as set forth, was in excess of $500,000 and, by reason of the premises an additional tax in the sum of $292,678.78, became due and owing from the defendant to the plaintiff, namely, an additional tax of 6 per cent. on the sum of $4,877,979.66, the difference between the market value of the shares of stock at the time the same were distributed and received by defendant, to wit, $16,606,013, and the par value of said shares of stock, to wit, $11,728,033.34."

The complaint in conclusion asserts that no part of the additional tax of $292,678.78 has been paid, although demanded and the same is now due and owing, together with a penalty of 5 per cent. on the amount thereof and interest at the rate of 1 per cent. per month from June 30, 1916.

K. of C. to Close Times Square Hut.

The hut of the Knights of Columbus which has stood for two years in Times Square at Broadway and Forty-sixth Street, where more than 1,000,000 men in service during the war went for entertainment, and where more than 60,000 since the war were provided with employment, will be closed within the next few days, according to an announcement yesterday by Supreme Secretary William J. McGinley. As it has been found that most of those applying for work recently were from out of town, the organization believed steps should be taken to prevent the swamping of the labor market here by men from other places who could probably find employment in their own localities.

Remington PHONOGRAPH

Bring in Your

Favorite Record

and be convinced that we can improve its tone

25% to 30%

Retail Salesroom

1661 Broadway

Near 52nd Street

NEW YORK

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 20.—One girl is dead, another seriously ill in a hospital and six persons are under arrest as the result of an opium smoking party in a house on Melon Street early today. Four of those under arrest are held without bail and the two others under $500 bail for a further hearing next Friday.

The dead woman is Virginia Girdvan, also known as Virginia Davis, aged 23, who lived in a rooming house on Poplar Street. Florence Smith, aged 27, who runs the house on Melon Street where the girls are said to have smoked the opium, and Frederick Slocum, employed as a drug clerk, are held without bail.

Edward Regan and Ernest Stabler also were held without bail, charged with attempting to obtain possession of the girl's body and with trying to rob it. James Richards, who took the girls to the Melon Street house, and Howard Raymond, who was in the house at the time, were held as witnesses.

TO TERM AND A DAY

Similar Penalty Imposed on His Co-Defendants, Kaufmann and Lindheim.

GIVE BAIL, PENDING APPEAL

Each Asserts Innocence of Concealing German Ownership of The Evening Mail.

Prison sentences of one year and one day each in the Atlanta Penitentiary were pronounced yesterday by Federal Judge Grubb on Dr. Edward A. Rumely, German ownership of The Evening Mail. The defendants were paroled in the custody of their counsel until today, when bail of $10,000 each will be furnished and they will be set free pending an appeal.

The Court refused a motion that sentence be deferred until the Supreme Court hears argument on the constitutionality of the Trading with the Enemy act. Judge Grubb said he saw no reason for an arrest of judgment.

Arthur G. Hays, head of the law firm of which Kaufmann and Lindheim are members, asked for clemency. He said he was away when the report to the Alien Property Custodian was made, but that if he had been here he would have acquiesced in it.

Dr. Rumely read a statement to the Court, the gist of it being that he was innocent and that, while his grandparents were of German blood, he had worked for and advocated the full maintenance of Alexander M. Rosenblum, probably lost on or about No. 120 Broadway, New York City; transfer stopped; appropriate reward. If found please notify Leonidas Dennis, 67 Cedar St., New York City.

FACTS

A New and Unique Plan of Management

Our Management has effected savings for many owners, and more than offset what our service costs. Let Us Show You How!

Money Saving Service

ARTHUR CUTLER REAL ESTATE

247 West 54th Street, N.Y. Tel. Longacre 0881-2-3-4

Behind the Plant

Dependable power is a prerequisite of high-production. Break-downs in the power system are reflected in reduced output.

Reliability of performance is the salient characteristic of power plants designed and installed by Walter Kidde & Company.

Walter Kidde & Company Incorporated

Engineers and Constructors

140 Cedar Street, New York



Pre Inventory Kid Klothes Sale!

Entire Stock Reduced Without Reserve!

Never before in our history were we more anxious to reduce our stock of Kid Klothes. Never before in our history have we made reductions as drastic as these to do this.

Suits·Overcoats·Mackinaws·Reefers

Regardless of cost, our entire stock of Kid Klothes Suits, Overcoats, Mackinaws and Reefers is on sale at reductions of over 50%. The old Kid Klothes prices, as you know, were always one-third lower than any other boys' clothes, making this Sale the greatest boys' clothing event ever held in this city.

Bring the youngster here for his Christmas Suit or Overcoat. Kid Klothes are a small edition of our men's clothes—styled the same way and made of durable, long-wearing fabrics. The boy will like their smart, manly style—you will like the fabrics —and the 50% savings you make.



Other Specials $10.75 *Now*

Values up to $16.50 $6.75 *Now*

A splendid assortment of Suits, Overcoats and Mackinaws at this price

Other Specials $15.75 *Now*

Furnishings for Boys at 50% Reductions!



NECKWEAR *was $1 and $1.45* *Now* 55c



BLOUSES *were $2, $3 and $4* *Now* 95c

STOCKINGS *were 75c and $1* *Now* 39c



CAPS *were $2 and $3.50* *Now* 95c



Every Subway or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station within sight of our store

Moe Levy & Son

Our Only Store

119-125 Walker Street

Our Only Store

Open Daily Until 7

Saturdays Until 10

RABBI SILVERMAN RESIGNS HIS POST

Announcement Read at a Meeting of Temple Emanu-El Congregation.

SERVED NEARLY 33 YEARS

Wishes to Devote Himself More to Literature and Communal Work.

MAY BE RABBI EMERITUS

Action Deferred Until Jan. 17—Letter Causes Surprise to Many.

Dr. Joseph Silverman, for nearly thirty-three years rabbi of Temple Emanu-El, Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street, one of the chief temples of the Jewish faith in this city, presented his resignation last night to the Board of Trustees at the annual meeting of the congregation held in the vestry rooms. A desire to devote himself more extensively to literature and to communal work prompted his decision to quit the active ministry.

Although Dr. Silverman's wish to retire was placed before the congregation by Louis Marshall, President of the Board of Trustees and of the congregation, definite action on it was adjourned to a meeting to be held on the evening of Jan. 17 in the vestry room. Mr. Marshall explained that the Trustees desired time to consider Dr. Silverman's request, which undoubtedly would be granted, and to make some arrangements.

While it was said to be likely that Dr. Silverman would be elected Rabbi Emeritus for life, no thought has yet been taken as to his successor.

Letter of Dr. Silverman.

The rabbi's wish to lay aside the responsibilities of his active charge after years of work and service came before the meeting in the form of a letter addressed to Mr. Marshall and the eleven other Trustees. After the annual report of the congregation and the reports of committees had been read and accepted, Mr. Marshall read Dr. Silverman's letter. It was as follows:

45 East Seventy-fifth Street,
Dec. 19, 1920.

To the President and Trustees of Temple Emanu-El,
New York City).

Gentlemen:

It is with some hesitation that I address you on the subject of my future relationship to our congregation. Having completed over thirty-two years of active and unbroken service in the Pulpit of Temple Emanu-El, and having arrived at a time of life when I would like to have sufficient leisure to carry out a long-cherished ideal of devoting myself to literature, both general and Jewish, I feel that I ought not to delay any longer in contributing you as to the best means of arriving at a decision which would be just to Temple Emanu-El as well as to myself. I am also impelled to this step by the desire to take an active leadership in some important communal work.

It is evident that I cannot follow the inclinations indicated without my congregation's hearty approval, co-operation and support. Permit me, therefore, I pray you kindly consider how I may be released from such part of my routine duties and responsibilities as may be necessary to afford me the time and leisure required for the purposes aforesaid and yet not eliminate me entirely from the Rabbinate of Temple Emanu-El.

I shall be glad to receive a communication from you on this weighty matter, and enter into a conference regarding it. In the meantime, be assured, gentlemen, that I am deeply appreciative of the great honor, joy and privilege that have been mine for so many years, of serving in Emanu-El's vineyard of the Lord, and that I trust our official, personal and friendly relationship will continue indefinitely.

Faithfully yours,
JOSEPH SILVERMAN.

The reading of the letter seemingly took many of the congregation by surprise. For this reason, said Mr. Marshall later, it was decided not to put the resignation before the congregation at once, but to defer it to the adjourned meeting.

Board Will Confer With Rabbi.

"The Board of Trustees," said Mr. Marshall at his home last night, "felt it was their duty to present the letter to the congregation, due to the fact that they had not had any time to consider the matter. We requested that it be put over until the next meeting and accordingly it was voted to do so. Before this next meeting the board will take up the subject with Dr. Silverman and arrange a course of procedure which will be submitted to the congregation. There is no question as to the severance of Dr. Silverman's connection with the congregation, and he will undoubtedly be elected for life as Rabbi Emeritus.

"Dr. Silverman has been an incumbent of the pulpit of our congregation for nearly thirty-three years, and during that time he has been active in all of the congregational work and has likewise occupied a leading position in the American Rabbinate.

"He has now reached the age of 60 years and feels the necessity of being relieved from the great physical and mental strain to which he has been subjected during all these busy years. He is held in high regard by the Board of Trustees and by the congregation."

Besides Mr. Marshall the members of the Board of Trustees of the temple are David Leventritt, Irving Lehman, Mortimer L. Schiff, Daniel Guggenheim, Henry Sidenberg, William L. Spiegelberg, Henry M. Toch, Adolph S. Ochs, Philip J. Goodheart, Samuel M. Newberger and Edward Schaffer.

In his long tenure as spiritual director of the temple Dr. Silverman has found time to be exceedingly active in community and patriotic service, apart from his ministry. He was one of the leaders in the Liberty and Victory Loan drives. He is rated as one of the leaders of his faith.

Active in Philanthropy.

Dr. Silverman was born in Cincinnati Aug. 23, 1860. He came of a family which had long maintained high ideals and at an early age he felt the inclination to be a religious teacher. After completing his studies at the University of Cincinnati and the Hebrew Union he went to Texas, where he served several small synagogues.

By a coincidence his first charge was of Temple Emanu-El at Dallas, Texas, where he ministered from 1884 to 1885; and thence he went to the Congregation Benai Israel at Galveston. From this post he was called to the one which he now leaves. He was the fourth rabbi of Emanu-El, which was founded in a room at Clinton and Grand Streets on April 13, 1845. His predecessors were Dr. Leo Merzbacher, Dr. Samuel Adler and Dr. Gustav Gottheil.

Upon first coming to Emanu-El, Dr. Silverman served as junior rabbi to Dr. Gottheil, who founded the Emanu-El Sisterhood. Upon assuming full direction of the temple, Dr. Silverman established the Emanu-El Brotherhood, an organization launched thirteen years ago. As first President of the brotherhood he did much to stimulate interest in philanthropic work among his co-religionists through the United Hebrew Charities. He also represented his faith in the Council of Religions held in connection with the Columbian Exposition at Chicago.

Although occupied with the many interests of his important charge and with the multifarious activities growing out of his philanthropic work, Dr. Silverman has found time to be the author of many important books and pamphlets dealing with the worship and the traditions of his fellow religionists. He has gone particularly deeply into research work and is the author of the article on Judiasm in the Encyclopedia Americana.

Plan to Print Volume Containing 3,000,000 Words

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—A bill providing for the binding of all Federal civil statutes in one volume was passed today by the House. Grouping of the laws under one cover, with an index, has been advocated by Judges and attorneys. The volume contemplated in the bill would contain approximately 3,000,000 words, and some members of Congress believe it would be the largest book in existence.

WAITERS OF VIENNA MAY RUN RESTAURANTS

Wretched Condition in Burdened Capital Increased by Strike of Hotel and Cafe Workers.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 18.—The waiters who are on strike are considering the possibility of taking over restaurants and running them on their own account.

Whether this is to be prmanently a part of a Communist scheme or until the proprietors surrender is not clear. It seems certain, however, that the Social Democrats are behind the strike fever which has recently seized Vienna, as they are anxious to discredit the Christian Socialists, who now form the largest party in Parliament.

All the waiters in the hotels, restaurants, cafés and cabarets have been on strike since Thursday, as well as the whole army of chambermaids, cooks and charwomen. It took three hours yesterday to obtain luncheon in the cut-of-the-way restaurant, which every one seemed to have discovered and where more than 2,000 luncheons were served. Today I was forced to take luncheon at a railway station, where I watched how sometimes the waiters would come staggering in with a tray-full of plates only to be plundered of the dishes before they could deliver them to the proper customers.

As the strike widens in its scope it will be fairly impossible for business people to get luncheon, it is thought, unless they will have to go a whole day in Winter without a hot meal or drink.

In the hotels, which are all strangely and weirdly quiet, the guests are obliged to make their own beds, clean their own boots, shift for breakfast as best they can and walk upstairs instead of going up by an elevator. Pickets are at the doors to see that only guests enter, and it is impossible to receive calls from one's friends or business connections.

SAYS FRANCE WON'T EVACUATE SYRIA

But Premier Talks of Withdrawal From Cilicia if Turks Guarantee Safety of Armenians.

PARIS, Dec. 20.—M. Leygues, President of the Council, declared to the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate today: "I will never consent to evacuate Syria." This was in reply to a question regarding the duration of the French occupation of that country.

To the Finance Committee of the Chamber M. Leygues declared that the Government was considering the evacuation of Cilicia after an understanding is reached with the Turkish Government and with Mustapha Kemal Pasha, the Turkish Nationalist leader, whereby guarantees shall be given against the massacres of Armenians.

The estimated cost of the occupation of Cilicia and Syria for the first two months of next year is 105,000,000 francs.

Kemal's Turks Bolshevized.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, Dec. 20.—Information reaching here tonight from Asia Minor via Smyrna, which I send under reserve, states that the Kemalists are very jubilant at the recent French setback.

Kemal has now completed his compact with the Bolsheviki. The Government of Angora has taken an oath of fidelity to the Turkish Soviet. A proclamation has been issued by Kemal declaring his adhesion to the principles of Sovietism and announcing expropriation of the wealth of Christians and Mussulmans alike, which is to be utilized to further the cause of the Turkish Soviet régime.

Kemal's Terms to Constantinople.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 17 (Associated Press).—Mustapha Kemal Pasha, the Turkish Nationalist leader, communicated to the Turkish Government today the conditions under which he is prepared to negotiate with it for a settlement. These are:

First—the immediate evacuation of Anatolia and Thrace by the entire Greek forces.

Second—The unconditional return of Smyrna to Turkish rule.

Third—An immediate plebiscite in Thrace under the control of a neutral power.

Fourth—Freedom of the Straits of the Dardanelles under neutral control.

Fifth—Modification of the financial and economic clauses of the Peace Treaty of Sèvres.

SEIZE THIEVES FROM HERE.

Pickpockets in American Embassy at Berlin Sent to Jail.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

BERLIN, Dec. 20.—A series of robberies within the American Embassy has stopped with the arrest and conviction of Isadore Grunstein and Jacob Hammermann, two former New York pickpockets, who have relieved a score of immigrants of $10 bills intended for visés.

Grunstein and Hammermann joined the crowd within the corridor and worked from behind illustrated newspapers which were held in one hand while the other searched pockets. Both were caught in the act of robbery and sentenced to one year in jail.

Earthquake Toll 400 in Argentina.

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 20.—The number of persons dead and injured in last Friday's earthquake disaster is now estimated at more than 400. This figure is based on reports received from relief parties in the affected zone.

The volume of advertising offered for insertion in The New York Times today exceeds the available space and 12 columns are crowded out.

NATIONS UNWILLING TO JOIN NEW LEAGUE

Control by Big Powers Made Geneva Delegates Wary of Following America or Any Other.

BUT WILL DROP ARTICLE X.

Ready for Almost any Change in Covenant to Bring This Country In.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Dec. 20.—Two conclusions may be drawn from the work of the first Assembly of the League of Nations, which has just closed here. They may seem paradoxical, but they are not.

The first conclusion is that there must be important changes in the covenant if the League is to succeed. The second conclusion is that it is this League or none for many years to come.

It is commonly accepted by all the delegates that the United States will not enter the League at all unless alterations are made in the covenant, and there is no doubt that almost any changes which America might ask would be agreed to. Article X. or any other particular article would be thrown overboard. The matter of the votes of the British colonies appears to offer the greatest difficulty in reference to what has been talked of as the United States' demands.

Entirely apart from securing the adhesion of America, the experience of the first Assembly has shown that the League will never get any real cohesion until the covenant is changed to give some actual power to the Assembly. There is no matter of real importance within the constructive program of the League which is not now in the hands of the Council. The covenant confers upon this body the specific right to act on enforcing Article X., or on applying Article XVI., or laying down mandate terms, or ruling on amendments. One has only to read the covenant to see that the Council receives the most important duties.

Assembly Chiefly for Speeches.

It provided that the Council may deal with any matter within the competence of the League. Joining these provisions with the fact that the Council meets seven or eight times a year or even oftener and the Assembly once, it is easy to see that the Assembly can do little more than make speeches. It is true that the covenant says that the Assembly may deal with any matter within the competence of the League, but the Council held at Geneva that its actions were not subject to review by the Assembly.

The Council is controlled by Great Britain, France, Japan and Italy, with Belgium. In other words, it is the allied powers' machine. What it can do was illustrated at Geneva when the big powers, through the Council, refused to let the Assembly even discuss the mandate terms, and, although the Assembly passed resolutions about those terms, A. J. Balfour, on behalf of the Council, stated from the rostrum that the Council would not consider itself bound in the slightest by anything the Assembly did in this respect.

The Assembly had three constructive measures of importance before it—disarmament, the world court and mandates. On all three the big powers had their way against the overwhelming majority of the Assembly members.

I am not going into the merits of whether or not this has brought the best results, but the point is to be made that the League will never have the sincere co-operation of all its members so long as four of them really run the whole performance, as is the case at present.

Project for Amending Covenant.

I know of a dozen projects for amendment of the covenant intended to give the Assembly some sort of control of the Council. Inasmuch as the consent of the Council is needed to any amendment, the success or failure of these efforts depends on the attitude of the big powers toward the League.

The net result of the first Assembly was to set up the machinery of the League. Nothing else worth while was done. Nothing was done toward disarmament. There was no regulation of mandates and so on, but the machine was set up. It is for Geneva. The future of the League depends on the sincerity of the big powers in their use of it.

As to the second conclusion, I have emphasized that what tied up the League at Geneva was the unwillingness of France, Great Britain, Japan and Italy to sacrifice any of their sovereign rights to it. For instance, the denial of compulsory jurisdiction to the World Court, the unwillingness to commit themselves on disarmament and so forth. All of those thirty odd little nations saw the big nations monopolize the power and block projects dear to the smaller countries. They saw this result through what they regard as the national selfishness of the big powers of Europe.

Yet they are in the League and will certainly stay in it to fight for changes until they are convinced that it is useless. But the reason that the framework of this League must be kept, or there will be no League for generations is why, interested as they are in this League, the big majority of its members would fail to jump at an invitation to join another League proposed by the United States or any one else in the immediate future.

They are willing to support almost any changes that America may demand. They have said so repeatedly. But there is no doubt that they would be unsympathetic to a proposal from America to join a new League, because the present one might be considered across the Atlantic to endanger America's national interests. They have a stomach full of big nations' national interests for the present.

This is no argument as to whether they are right or wrong. But it is a statement, based on impressions here, that any idea of another entirely different League is sure to fail. I believe neither Mr. Harding nor any one else could get forty-seven members for it.

Frame Anti-Pogrom Plea to League.

PARIS, Dec. 20 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)—Jewish women in Switzerland have organized for the express purpose of arousing Europe to a movement of protest against pogroms, says a Geneva dispatch. The organization is formulating a petition in this connection, which is to be placed before the League of Nations.

ASK ALLIES FOR BIG CREDITS.

Germans Want 6,000,000,000 Gold Marks for Food and Material.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 20 (Associated Press).—The allied delegates to the second financial conference to discuss German reparations have decided to adjourn the present session next Thursday and reconvene the conference in Brussels probably on Jan. 10.

The German demands for relief now are fairly definite. They ask that they be enabled to obtain 3,000,000,000 gold marks for food purposes during the coming year in addition to the allowances under the Spa coal agreement. More than 3,000,000,000 marks additional are needed for raw materials, the Germans declare.

The Germans ask also that the Allies approve the request made to the Reparations Commission last month that no further shipping be surrendered and that some already in allied hands be returned to Germany.

The Germans want the liquidation of German property abroad to cease, and the remaining property, as well as the equivalent of the property already sold, made available to Germany in some form. They ask authority to make favorable commercial treaties.

No New Anglo-Spanish Treaty.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—At the Foreign Office today denial was made that a commercial treaty with Spain was in preparation. It was said further that neither country had even unofficially expressed a desire for such a treaty.

French Insist Germany Pay to Allies Money Raised for Her War Loan Interest

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 20.—An impression has been given the French people that the German delegates to the Brussels Reparations Conference declare Berlin will be able to make only very small payments, if any, of money for some time. French officials call attention to the fact that the German budget this year contains an item of 12,000,000,000 marks for payment of interest on German war bonds. This they say is in violation of the Treaty of Versailles which in Annex 2, Article 12, Paragraph B says:

"The Reparations Commission shall examine the German system of taxation to the end that sums for reparation that Germany is required to pay shall become a charge upon all their revenues prior to that for service, or discharge of any domestic loan."

"The French point of view is that these 12,000,000,000 marks should be paid to the Allies rather than to the holders of German bonds.

French opinion is further irritated by the refusal of Germany to pay the amount due nationals of the Allies on account of debts owed by German nationals. For the last six months the Germans have been making these settlements. They paid the October account, 40,000,000 francs, but that for November, 27,000,000 francs, they refused to pay, although due Dec. 8.

The German point of view is that debts owed their nationals by allied nationals should also be paid, but the treaty says under Section 3:

"Any balances which may be due by one or more of the allied and Associated Powers shall be retained until complete payment shall have been effected of sums due allied or Associated Powers or their nationals on account of the war."

Prime Minister Leygues had a conversation on the subject with German Ambassador Mayer yesterday and today a note was drafted to the German Government calling on it to make the payment for November.

These matters have a bearing on the French political situation, because Prime Minister Leygues is being accused by political enemies of not standing sufficiently firm against what is called the German campaign to evade payment of reparation.

SMALL LONDON BANK SUSPENDS PAYMENT

Farrow's, Started as "Foe of Usurers," Had Over £4,000,000 Deposits.

DISTRESS AMONG THE POOR

Depositors Largely Tradesmen—No Widespread Financial Effects Are Expected.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—Farrow's Bank, a small private institution with a paid-up capital of £361,423, suspended payment today. An official statement of the Board of Trade points out that this is due to losses and bad management extending over a series of years, and not to "any causes of a general or particular nature of the present time."

Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, explained in the House of Commons this afternoon that the Board of Trade had known for some time of the bank's difficulties, but did not see that it could usefully or prudently intervene.

Much distress, has of course, been caused to the bank's depositors, a large number of whom are small tradesmen; but it is not believed that the suspension will have widespread effects on the financial community.

Farrow's differed from the great Lombard Street corporations as much in its purpose and methods as in its size. Its start in 1904 was due to curious circumstances. Thomas Farrow, who had been secretary to W. H. Smith, leader of the House of Commons, had become a bitter enemy of usurers and on account of his books against them was known as "the foe of money lenders." He established the bank as "a death blow to usury and encouragement to thrift," and he therefore adopted the double policy of granting one-half of 1 per cent. interest on accounts with a balance of only £10 maintained for six months and permitting his customers, however small their accounts, to borrow freely.

The bank prospered for a time, although many doubts were expressed in financial circles that such an institution could be really sound, and it has twenty-five branches and on June 30 had £1,458,316 in current accounts and £2,678,000 in deposit accounts, with £4,637,786 assets.

Many sad stories are told of the losses of depositors, one of these being the hard case of a young woman at Ilford, a suburb of London, who deposited last week with the local branch £200 which her fiancé had sent her to pay her passage to America. Now the money is tied up indefinitely, if not lost, and her trip is postponed.

Still, it is not believed that the suspension will cause anything like the widespread distress which followed the famous Birkbeck or National Penny Bank failures.

As a result of a conference between representatives of the Board of Trade and the Director of Public Prosecutions, two warrants are said to have been issued on behalf of the Public Prosecutor. The auditor of the bank's accounts has been detained by the police and will appear in Police Court tomorrow.

JAPAN HAILS BORAH'S PLAN.

But the Press Defends Japan's Present Naval Program.

TOKIO, Dec. 20 (Associated Press).—The Japanese press is manifesting great interest in the proposal of Senator Borah for a tripartite naval agreement, under which the United States, Great Britain and Japan would pledge themselves to limitation of naval armaments. In general the newspapers favor the idea, but regard Japan's present program as a legitimate one.

In expressing strong approval of the Borah proposal the Mainichi Shimbun of Osaka compares Japan's yearly expenditure of 10,000,000 yen for teachers' salaries with the 500,000,000 yen naval expenditure. It declares that the present rate of expenditure for the navy is suicidal, and that it is the duty of statesmanship to remove the causes which make such large armaments necessary.

Of the Tokio papers, the Jiji Shimpo expresses the hope that the Senate will pass the Borah resolution as a means of relieving the world from a fresh outbreak of rivalry in armaments. Japan's program, calling for the building of eight battleships and eight battle cruisers, is not a menace to peace, this newspaper insists, but America's intention to have the first navy in the world, it says, will cause England to expand her building and lead to a new race in naval enlargement.

The Nichi Nichi Shimbun holds that Japan's geographical and international position does not permit her to indulge in disarmament, but that eventually the world situation will make a naval agreement necessary. The present policies of the Governments, it thinks, should pave the way to this end. If the United States reduces its armaments the others will follow, says this journal, and it argues that the responsibility for disarmament rests upon America.

Do You Know Him?

An extraordinary American—lawyer, editor, preacher, philanthropist, scholar, business man—who earned $11,000,000 and gave it all away, has founded a university, and out of his own resources has paid for the education of more than 2,600 students.

The story of his career will appear in

The New York Times

NEXT SUNDAY

Order from your newsdealer in advance.

'BLACK HAND' MEN FIGHT EXTRADITION

Italian Government Quotes the Porter Charlton Case and Is Slow to Give Them Up.

NEW YORK OFFICER'S WORK

Detective Sergeant Flaschetti Tells of an Important Arrest He Has Made in Sicily.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Dec. 20.—Difficulties have arisen over the co-operation which the Washington Government is seeking from Italy for the suppression of the Black Hand Society. The Italian Government is retorting with arguments induced by ex-President Taft's action in the notorious case of Porter Charlton, whose extradition to Italy, whence he had fled back to the United States after murdering his young wife and sinking her body inside a traveling trunk into Lake Como, was thereby retarded till Taft's term of office was over.

The Italian judicial authorities further hold that the Extradition law should not apply to the case of Italian fugitives because many of them have already been condemned in contumacy in the United States to death in the electric chair, whereas Italy has long abolished capital punishment as a relic of barbarism.

Detective Sergeant Flaschetti of the Italian Police Department in New York, who lately arrived at Naples on this matter, makes the following statement:

"The mission with which the Washington and New York departments intrusted me is a very vast and complex one. I have come to Italy to secure thirty or more Italian criminals and American subjects who, after perpetrating homicidal crimes in America, have sought refuge in Southern Italy. They all of them subsist habitually on robbery and blackmail.

"Only yesterday I tracked down and obtained the arrest at Pomigliano di Arco of a brutal assassin named Vincenzo Granito, who two years ago killed two people on Brooklyn Bridge.

"My mission here is directly connected with the new campaign for the extermination of that tremendous network of dangerous criminals who constitute the Black Hand gang and who come to us principally from the Sicilian provinces of Trapani, Girgenti and Palermo. It is a fact that nearly every member of Black Hand daredevils are recruited from the professional classes. In a dramatic raid on a country inn in the suburbs of New York I had the good luck to find thirty famous Black Handers met in conclave in the vast underground vaults. Three of them were Italian medical men, men who were specialists in the department of the Black Hand concerned with the fabrication of false dollars.

"Shortly afterward two brothers were done to death in their own dwelling, their bodies being riddled through and through with revolver shots. Within a month I succeeded in capturing the four authors of the crime. They confessed that the murders were wrought with their own hands in the execution of a mandate from the Black Hand, or Mano Nera, as they call it, because the victims had been judged guilty of having betrayed to me the subterranean meeting place of several chiefs of the organization."

CHARLES ASKED TO RETURN.

Hungary Wants Him, but Jugoslavs May Ask Swiss to Expel Him.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Dec. 20.—The departure of Constantine for Greece has naturally made Charles of Hapsburg very restless. For some time the monarchical party in Hungary has been urging him to accept the crown of that country and not wait until, as Charles never ceases to hope, he can reascend the throne of reunited Austria-Hungary.

It is reported that the Italian Government has discovered at Agram, in Croatia, documents which very seriously compromise the ex-Emperor, so much so that the Jugoslav Legation in Berne is likely to request the Swiss Government to cease harboring him. If Charles is obliged to leave Switzerland it is said that the British Government will be asked to give him asylum. He is reported to have said that he would prefer to go to London rather than to Budapest, because he is not in a position to take either bread or gold to the Hungarian capital, where both are badly needed.

ITALY'S HUGE DEFICIT.

14,000,000,000 Lire, Says Meda, but Deprecates Pessimism.

ROME, Dec. 19.—Signor Meda, Minister of the Interior, in presenting his financial statement to the Chamber of Deputies today, in the course of which he announced a budget deficit of nearly 14,000,000,000 lire for 1920-21 and a deficit for 1921-22 of approximately 10,000,000,000 lire, said these figures indicated a grave situation. He declared that they would give rise to pessimism "if we were not optimistic because of our faith in our future determination to reconstruct Italy's financial position."

Signor Meda urged sacrifices at home in order to improve Italy's credit abroad.

PROMISES GREECE PEACE AND UNITY

Constantine Says He Will Use Army to Cultivate Allies' Good-Will.

ATHENS FLIES ALLIED FLAGS

Entente Warship Left Piraeus to Avoid Paying Honors to the King on His Return.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, Dec. 20.—Constantine's triumphal home-coming yesterday was marked by scenes of hysterical rejoicing by the populace. When the King and Queen alighted from their train, the efforts of the few police to clear a passage to the waiting royal carriage were unavailing. The crowd, which appeared to have gone mad with excitement, took charge everywhere. Constantine, half heaved, half carried, finally reached his carriage and was inside. Queen Sophia had the help of a few officers, who lifted her into the vehicle.

Both were deeply touched by the warmth of the welcome. The Queen, very pale after her stormy experiences, smiled on the crowd and waved her handkerchief. Twice the King attempted to address the multitude, but his words were drowned in the popular acclaim. The Crown Prince ultimately fought his way to the side of his parents, and the gala coach drove off with the vociferating multitude following it, those in front clinging to the steps at the back of the carriage.

It was a triumphal procession through densely packed streets, amid scenes of unparalleled enthusiasm. Flowers were thrown from windows and balconies, and from one end of the city to the other there was a continuous cry of "Long live our King!" A detachment of cavalry headed the procession from the palace to the Cathedral, but the King's only escort was the people. They closed around the carriage in a solid mass, until the perspiring postilions despaired of ever reaching their destination.

During this frenzied display of enthusiasm people in the crowd were knocked down and trampled upon by their fellow-sightseers seeking to push their way closer to the King's carriage. The wonder is that, owing to the absence of adequate police control, numbers of people were not killed.

The first halt was made at the Cathedral, where the King's homecoming was celebrated with a religious service. The congregation was limited to the royal family and a few privileged personages. When the officiating priest recited the prayers for the royal family, mentioning the late well-beloved King Alexander, Queen Sophia bowed her head and sobbed aloud. Constantine also gave way to tears. When the acting Metropolitan, in full canonicals, descended from the episcopal throne and presented the cross for the King and Queen to kiss, the sacred emblem was ardently embraced and moistened with the royal tears. The congregation, affected by the incident, sobbed aloud.

From the Cathedral the King and Queen drove to the Old Palace, receiving an ovation en route. From a balcony the King, surrounded by members of the royal family, addressed the thousands assembled in Constitution Square. Many minutes elapsed before he could make himself heard because of the cheering.

Compared to Return From Elba.

ATHENS, Dec. 20 (Associated Press).—Constantine read his address from the balcony of the Old Palace in the presence of 50,000 persons.

In a Marshal's uniform, and Premier Rhallis stood on his right. Queen Sophia and Princess Christopher were also present.

He declared that he would establish internal unity and exterior peace by using the army to cultivate good relations with the Allied Powers. He said the marriage of Prince George, Duke of Sparta, and Princess Elizabeth of Rumania insured an alliance with that country, and he declared that he would follow the policy of his fathers, and foster the ancient Greek culture. Constantine asserted that he suffered deeply during his exile, and referred to the late King Alexander as one "who had done his duty."

The spectacle of the King reading his message was witnessed from their hotel balconies by the members of the Diplomatic Corps. The scene was a moving one.

The royal party itself was palpably quivering with emotion, and tears were wiped away by some of them, notably Prince George and Princess Helen. Queen Sophia, however, and Princess Christopher remained dry-eyed, and the Princess was observed interestedly watching the throng.

PARIS, Dec. 20.—Allied warships which had been in the harbor of Piraeus, the port of Athens, left prior to the arrival of Constantine on board the Greek cruiser Averoff yesterday, so as to avoid paying honors to the returning monarch, says an Athens dispatch.

CALLS CONSTANTINE KING OF A MINORITY

Committee of Unredeemed Greeks Says Majority of the Nation Favors Venizelos.

By Cable to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 20.—The result of the last elections in Greece has provoked the affliction of all Greeks under Ottoman rule, as well as of the free Hellenes. Firm disciples of Mr. Venizelos's policy, the unredeemed Greeks, consider it as being the very expression of the conscience of Hellenism.

If to the votes of the Liberals of Greece are added those of unredeemed Greeks, as well as of the Greeks residing in Turkey, who unfortunately could not participate in the elections, it is evident that the great majority of the nations is firmly attached to the ideals upheld by the allied powers during the war and applied to the Treaty of Peace.

The Greek people of Constantinople, represented in all by its communal political and social organizations and speaking in the name of the whole unredeemed Greeks and the Greeks residing in Turkey, and conscious of accomplishing a supreme duty, have decided:

1—That, steadfastly attached to the national policy which Mr. Venizelos impersonates, they swear faith and fidelity to his principles.

2—That a feeling of everlasting gratitude binds them to the great Liberal powers, their benefactors, who will find them always by their side.

3—That, as far as the dethroned King is concerned, they firmly adhere to the official declarations of Mr. Venizelos and absolutely reject any other solution contrary to those declarations.

Messrs. Spanoudi, Stavrides and Issoonidis are starting for Nice as an official delegation to convey to Mr. Venizelos the devoted homage of all unredeemed Hellenism, as well as the Cross of Honor and the Order of Investment from the Ecumenical Patriarchate.

THE COMMITTEE OF THE UNREDEEMED GREEKS.

RUSSIAN SHIP FIRED ON.

Soviet Demands Explanation and Damages of France.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—The Russian ship Zelnab was fired upon recently by a French torpedoboat destroyer five miles from Poti, in the Black Sea, according to a wireless message from Moscow today.

The dispatch adds that Foreign Minister Tchitcherin has demanded an explanation from the French Government and claimed compensation for the damage done the vessel.

Canadian Farmers Anxious Over Barring of Their Produce

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Canada, Dec. 20.—Telegrams received by the Government today indicate anxiety throughout Canada regarding the possibility of the United States placing a prohibitive tariff on foodstuffs.

The Maritime Provinces are particularly alarmed over the prospect of potatoes being shut out and wheat and cattle interests in the west are also anxious.

In official circles, however, there seems to be some disposition to doubt the possibility in view of the fact that Canada is one of the United States's best customers. Members of Parliament say they do not think Washington will pass legislation which would so seriously disturb present trade relations.

EMBARGO ON RUBLES IS NOW REMOVED

But Treasury Officials Do Not Expect Extensive Transactions With Russia to Result.

ENDS PROPAGANDA EXCUSE

Resolution in Senate That Government Should Have No Dealings With Moscow Soviet.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Removal of the war-time restrictions against credit transactions with Soviet Russia was announced by the Treasury Department today in the following statement:

"The Secretary of the Treasury and the Federal Reserve Board announce that with the approval of the Department of State and in order to give force and effect to the action of that department in removing restrictions in the way of trade and communication with Soviet Russia as announced by that department on July 7, 1920, all rules and regulations restricting the exportation of coin, bullion and currency to that part of Russia now under the control of the so-called Bolshevist Government or restricting dealings or exchange transactions in Russian rubles, or restricting transfers of credit or exchange transactions with that part of Russia now in the control of the so-called Bolshevist Government, have been suspended, effective Dec. 18, 1920, until further notice."

Great importance is not attached by officials to the action just taken, and it is not their belief that the removal of these credit restrictions will result in the development of any extensive transactions with Russia. Removal of restrictions against trading has not resulted in the revival of trade and the lifting of the credit embargo is expected to have about the same effect.

In the opinion of high officials, the Bolshevist will now be deprived of the opportunity to use the existence of the credit embargo for propaganda purposes. It has been the contention of the Soviet leaders that these embargoes by the nations have been responsible, to a large degree, for the failure of Soviet Russia to develop trade with the outside world.

A resolution which expresses it as the sense of the Senate that the United States Government should have no dealings with the Bolshevist Government was introduced in the Senate today by Senator King of Utah. It is generally understood that there are several Senators who favor entering into an agreement with the Bolshevist Government for a resumption of trade.

ANSWER FRENCH WOMEN ON DEMAND FOR COWS

German Women Say It's a Question of Life and Death Struggle for Parents.

BERLIN, Dec. 19.—Surrender to the Allies of 800,000 milch cows, which have been demanded under the terms of the Versailles Treaty, would have disastrous results in Germany, says a letter to the women of France from a committee of German women. Continued deprivation of the German people of the milk supply represented by these cows would result in weakening public stamina and individual resistance, and, therefore, operate to reduce the ability of Germany to fulfill treaty obligations through necessary production, it is said.

"As women and defenders of the rights of children," the letter declares, "we embrace with equal sympathy suffering children of all nations. Our sympathy goes out in fullest measure to children in the devastated regions in France, where it appears to us to be urgent that help should be granted as speedily as possible. On the other hand, we see the need of every part of Germany is so great that further reduction in the milk supply would be equivalent to the death sentence for hundreds of thousands of children. Instead of the 20,000,000,000 liters of milk which Germany produced annually in peace-times, the country is now producing only 8,800,000,000."

For nearly six years the populations of German cities have not had milk, the letter asserts, and, owing to this fact, the death rate from tuberculosis has doubled since 1913, and 38,000 more children died in 1918 than in 1913. In Prussia alone there has been an increase in child mortality of 100 per cent. The letter declares these facts are not known to the French "because the press has not permitted the information to be made public." The whole question is not one of German good-will, the letter says, but of a life and death struggle for German parents, and French women are asked to realize "it is not the right way to save children of one country by destroying those of another."

A NEW PARIS SEERESS.

She Tells Fortunes by Observing Clients' Breath on a Mirror.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 20.—A new fortune teller, with a new way of telling fortunes, has come to Paris from the country, and on the strength of a post card from President Millerand, thanking her for having predicted his election to his present office, has got herself launched with excellent publicity.

Her name is Mme. Urbe Darville, and she has come from Avignon, the home of romance. She despises all ancient methods. The only appliance she uses in order to reveal the future is a mirror. On this her clients breathe, and by a special method, which she declares is all her own, Mme. Darville fixes the mark of the breath on the glass. Then at her leisure she proceeds to examine it. Every one's breath, it seems, traces a different pattern.

This morning she held her first seance and chose as her clients a number of newspaper men. That she should surprise many with her knowledge of their past and her views of their future was inevitable, for she is evidently a shrewd sorceress. Unless the police interfere, there seems to be a great career before the seeress who predicted so accurately for M. Millerand.

BACK FROM RUSSIA, SAYS 'DON'T TRADE'

Rubin, American Salesman, Jailed by Soviet, Has No Illusions About Bolshevism.

NO RAW MATERIAL STORES

Nothing to Deal With But Stolen Gold—Vanderlip Deal 'Propaganda' and 'Bluff.'

PEOPLE READY TO REBEL

And Will, Says the Former Socialist, When the Army Comes Home—He Went to Russia to Sell Shoes.

Arrested and imprisoned three times in Russia on suspicion of acting against the Government was the experience of Jacob H. Rubin of Milwaukee, who went into Russia to sell shoes in the Fall of 1919 and returned yesterday on the Swedish-American liner Drottningholm.

Mr. Rubin, who was formerly an official of the Union Bank of Milwaukee, operated in the interests of union labor, and at one time was a dues-paying member of the Socialist Party, showed physical signs of the hardships to which he had been subjected since he left this country. His hair had turned nearly white and there was a nervous twitching of the facial muscles which at times was so incessant that he had to stop talking and cover his eyes with his hand to rest them.

Mr. Rubin was detained on the liner a short time while an agent of the Department of Justice questioned him regarding the dealings of Washington B. Vanderlip with the Soviet Government and conditions in Russia when Mr. Rubin left there on Oct. 18 last.

Mr. Rubin described Mr. Vanderlip's $3,000,000,000 deal with the Soviet Government as a pure piece of propaganda put out in Moscow for the purpose of bluffing the United States.

Vanderlip in Moscow.

"Vanderlip lived on the fat of the land in Moscow," he said, "and had boxes at the theatres, automobiles to drive about in and lived in a hotel with Karachan, assistant to Tzcherin, the Foreign Minister. He was hand in hand with the Soviet Ministers and could go to Russia as often as he pleased.

"When Americans were put in prison in Moscow Vanderlip did not attempt to use his influence to get them out or to help them in any way. After he had been in Russia a short while he became so infatuated with the Government methods that one day, when I gave a ten-ruble note to an old beggar woman in the street, he said to me: 'Rubin, that is

Cast Withdraws from Production of "Coo Coo Cottage" at Princess for Fund.

DEMAND 3 WEEKS' WORK

Author Fagan Says Two Weeks' Guarantee Was Accepted—Fidelity Actors Sought in Breach.

A controversy between the Actors' Equity Association and the Walter Heckman Post of the American Legion has resulted in the calling off of plans to produce a farce called "Coo Coo Cottage" at the Princess Theatre next Monday night. "Coo Coo Cottage" is the work of Myron C. Fagan, and was to have been presented by the Legion Post in the hope of raising funds for the erection of a memorial in the Bronx, in which the post centres. It was charged yesterday by a representative of Comstock & Gest, in whose theatre the play was to have been produced, that the Equity had broken faith with the Legion and made the production impossible. This was denied by Equity officials.

The Heckman Post, of which Commander Ready is the head, had agreed to present "Coo Coo Cottage" at the Princess for two weeks, according to Mr. Fagan, the author. To this end they engaged an all-Equity cast, which included Robert McWade, John Daly Murphy, Willis P. Sweatnam, Thais Magraine, Maidel Turner and others. Rehearsals had been under way about ten days, according to Mr. Fagan, when the actors decided that two weeks' work was insufficient guarantee and demanded three weeks. When this was refused they walked out.

Frank Gillmore, Executive Secretary of the Actors' Equity Association, said last night that the producers of the show had made a verbal agreement with the players that they would guarantee three weeks' employment. In view of this guarantee, he said, and also because a post of the American Legion was producing the play, the cast had agreed to accept smaller salaries than usual. After ten days' rehearsal, Mr. Gillmore said, they were informed by Mr. Fagan that only two weeks' work would be guaranteed, and thereupon they withdrew in a body.

Mr. Gillmore said that they had endeavored to reach the American Legion officials in order to explain to them that the feelings of the players toward the Legion were perfectly friendly, but that Mr. Fagan had refused to put them in touch with the proper authorities.

After the Equity cast withdrew late last week an endeavor was made to cast the play with members of the Actors' Fidelity League, but it was found that the play could not be made ready in time.

DOCTORS AND NURSES ACT.

Post-Graduate Staff Gives "There's a Reason" for Hospital Fund.

The doctors and nurses of the Post-Graduate Hospital presented a play in Delmonico's ballroom last night entitled "There's a Reason, an Effervescence in Three Siphons," by Dr. Marvin Jones, assisted by the medical and nursing staff of the hospital. Olga Petrova wrote the words and Ward Stephens composed music for a song and Vaughan Godfrey was the coach.

Among those interested were Mrs. Jerome Atterbury, Mrs. Albert Gallatin, Mrs. J. Bentley Squire, Mrs. Robert Tod, Mrs. Arthur Coppell and Mrs. James Roosevelt. There were about 350 present. The proceeds are going toward the drive for $2,000,000 for a hospital fund. Delmonico donated the ballroom. Dancing followed the play.

ALBERT COATES ARRIVES.

Guest Conductor Tells of the Decadence of Music in Russia.

Albert Coates, who is to appear in America for the first time as guest conductor of the New York Symphony Orchestra, arrived yesterday from Holland on the liner Nieuw Amsterdam, accompanied by his wife. He was born in Petrograd of English parents and conducted the principal orchestras in the Russian capital and other Continental cities and also the Royal Philharmonic Society in London.

Mr. Coates spoke of the decadence of music in Russia through the revolutions, and how he had to go into a sanitarium in Finland for months himself through his trying experiences. He said that in Petrograd sometimes an artist would fail to appear for rehearsal, and the next day it would be found that he had died of starvation.

"FAUST" IS REPEATED.

Miss Farrar Again as Marguerite and Harrold in Title Role.

Gounod's "Faust" opened the sixth week of the season at the Metropolitan last evening. Miss Farrar reappearing as Marguerite, while all three leading men were new to the current cast. These were Mr. Harrold, whose Faust has traits of distinction already recognized here; Mr. Rothier, a Frenchman to the manner born, and Mr. Danise, the Italian baritone, who was unable to appear at the opera's previous hearing. Mmes. Berat, Delaunois and others sang and Mr. Wolff conducted.

It was again of interest to compare Mr. Urban's fine pictures, from the "Faust" revival last year, with the more recent restoration by Mr. Anisfeld of many parallel scenes in Boito's "Mefistofele."

Pianist and Tenor in Recitals.

Two concert-givers yesterday braved Aeolian Hall's brief week of quiet before the approaching holidays and a resumption of New York's overcrowded musical season. Miss Elsie Teal, pianista, a matinee débutante, seemed discouraged by a scant audience into playing rather colorlessly her program of modestly chosen pieces. She did best two really notable bits, Brahms's "Capriccio" in B minor, and Schumann's "Toccata," adding his transcription of a Paganini étude as encore.

In the evening, John Finnegan, a tenor of St. Patrick's Cathedral, was heard by a friendly house that applauded his singing of airs by Handel and others in English, folk songs of Ireland and works by American composers.

Equity Wires $2,000 to Stranded.

The Actors' Equity Association announced yesterday that $2,000 had been wired to Kansas City to bring home the Equity members of the cast of G. M. Anderson's "Frivolities of 1920," which closed in that city Saturday night. According to the Equity only a small portion of the chorus girls' salaries had been paid to them for several weeks.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Passing Show of 1921" will open at the Winter Garden on Wednesday night of next week.

The musical piece in which Pat Rooney and Marion Bent will be starred will be called "Love Birds," instead of "Oh, Pat!"

Rudolph Schildkraut and a portion of the Jewish Art Theatre company are appearing in Pittsburgh and Cleveland during the early part of this week.

Fritz Leiber's opening bill at the Lexington Theatre next Monday night, will be "Macbeth." He will later act "Hamlet," "Richard III," "Romeo and Juliet," "Julius Cæsar" and "The Merchant of Venice."

Parts Separate at Old Break—Souvenir Hunters on Hand with Notables for Ceremony.

PLYMOUTH, Mass., Dec. 20.—On the eve of the tercentenary celebration of Forefathers' Day this old town set the stage today for formal observance of the landing of the Pilgrims. At the two hundredth anniversary Daniel Webster delivered an oration that has become a classic. Tomorrow Senator Lodge will give an address.

Plymouth Rock, the boulder which was the stepping-stone of the Pilgrims, underwent another change today. During its transfer from its bed of many years under a canopy, now removed, it split in two at an old break that was mended with cement.

The rock will present a united face again when it is cemented and placed on its original base at the waterline of the harbor. The accident of today recalled the fact that when the first break occurred in 1775 as the stone was being shifted by ox team to the town square, it was pointed to as a portent of the separation of the colonies from England.

Tonight Plymouth Rock is under a police guard. Souvenir hunters were early on the scene today and the efforts of one man to chip a piece from the rock were prevented. A woman who had came from New Jersey for the exercises and brought a small hammer with which to obtain a bit of the rock, was informed that this could not be permitted. She took instead a piece of the shale on which the rock rested.

WILSON NAMES O'RYAN FOR MAJOR GENERAL

New York Soldier Is Expected to Be Appointed as Chief of the Militia Bureau.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20.—Major Gen. John Francis O'Ryan, commanding the National Guard Division of New York, was nominated by President Wilson today to be a Major General of the Officers' Reserve Corps. Under the Army Reorganization act, the Chief of the Militia Bureau in the War Department must be a Guard officer and the nomination of General O'Ryan is believed to forecast his appointment to that post.

It is thought that there will be no opposition to the nomination of General O'Ryan. Senator Wadsworth, Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, is a close personal friend of the General.

FIND NO TAX DELINQUENCY.

Treasury Officials Assert Dec. 15 Payment Will Exceed Estimate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Reports thus far received by the Treasury from Internal Revenue officers over the country show that more than $800,000,000 of the income and excess profits tax due Dec. 15 has been collected. Treasury officers said today that when complete returns were in they would probably show collections in excess of the $650,000,000 estimate made by Secretary Houston.

The reports, it was declared, did not indicate any inability of the taxpayer to meet their obligations to the Government.

The view was expressed that many of those who had stated that they would be unable to pay their last installments of the 1920 tax had paid up at the last moment when it became evident that Congress would not act immediately on legislation extending the time for payment.

NUGENT ON TRADE BOARD.

President Names Defeated Senator, Who Is Promptly Confirmed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—John F. Nugent, junior Senator from Idaho, who was defeated for re-election in November, was nominated today by President Wilson to be a member of the Federal Trade Commission. On motion of Senator Borah the nomination was confirmed in open session.

It is reported that Senator Mark Smith of Arizona, also defeated in November, will be nominated as a member of the International Boundary Commission. This position is for life and the salary is $10,000 a year. Senator Chamberlain of Oregon will, it is said, be appointed by Senator Harding as a member of the Shipping Board.

GIVE BONUS TO EMPLOYES.

Public National Bank to Pay at Dance—R. M. Grant Co. Give 5 to 12½ Per Cent.

Two more bonuses to employes of banks and investment houses were announced yesterday when the Public National Bank issued a statement that a dinner and dance would be given to employes Christmas night at the Biltmore and bonuses of from 15 to 20 per cent of annual salaries would be distributed according to the length of service in the bank.

The other announcement was made by R. M. Grant & Company, who will pay to employes in its four offices in New York, Boston, Chicago and St. Louis an annual dividend ranging from 5 to 12½ per cent. of annual salaries. The rate paid depends also on the length of service in the company's employ.

MARTIN BECK MARRIES.

Orpheum Circuit President Weds Miss Louise Helms in Philadelphia.

Martin Beck, President of the Orpheum Circuit of Theatres, and Miss Louise Peyton Helms were married yesterday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, in the Tabernacle Presbyterian Church, in Philadelphia, by the Rev. Dr. John Allan Blair.

41,916 Marriage Licenses This Year.

From the present indications the year 1920 will be a record breaker as to the number of marriage licenses issued since the first of the year. According to the statistics of the License Bureau, up to 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, 41,916 marriage licenses have been issued. This is only fifty-two less than in 1917, the biggest year in the history of the city, when draft dodgers brought up the record. The Christmas season has been marked by an unusual rush.

MUSIC NOTES.

Dr. Eugene A. Noble, director of the Juilliard Fund, will be a guest of the Musicians' Club at its dinner at Delmonico's tonight, in celebration of the club's ninth anniversary.

Walter L. Bogert, baritone, and Edward Vitale, violinist, will appear this evening at the third monthly meeting of the Fraternal Association of Musicians in Steinway Hall.

The Philharmonic Orchestra, under Josef Stransky, is to play at the Waldorf-Astoria on Wednesday afternoon, Dec. 29, for the Auxiliary Society of the Stuyvesant Polyclinic.

Columbia University's musical clubs will make a Southern tour from Jan. 29 to Feb. 4, appearing at Philadelphia, Wilmington, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond and Norfolk.

The New York University Glee and Banjo Clubs have announced their membership for concerts this season, as selected by Coaches Fyfe Gratlick and Harry Ge.

Judge Mayer Dismisses Last of Indictments Alleging Profiteering in Coal.

CO-DEFENDANTS ALSO FREE

Court Holds Lever Law Does Not Forbid Alleged Practice of Brooklyn Concerns.

The last of the charges made against the Brooklyn Edison Company, two coal companies and two individuals, in indictments found by the Federal Grand Jury for alleged violation of the Lever law by profiteering in coal, were dismissed yesterday by Federal Judge Mayer. Demurrers filed by counsel for the defendants were sustained in reference to two of the indictments against the Brooklyn Edison Company on Nov. 10 and the indictment against the Adelphia Coal Company, a codefendant, was also dismissed.

The third indictment against the company, which charged the misuse of permits granted by the Interstate Commerce Commission for the transportation of coal, is now discarded as well as the indictments against the B. J. Lynch Coal Company, Walter F. Wells, Vice President and General Manager of the Brooklyn Edison Company, and Harry P. Wood, formerly coal purchasing agent for the latter company. Wood pleaded guilty and was willing to testify for the Government. The dismissal of the indictments places him in the position of having admitted his guilt of an offense that the court states has not been committed.

In his opinion sustaining the demurrers Judge Mayer explained that under an amendment to the Interstate Commerce act public utilities were entitled to preferences in the shipment of coal, and that permits for this purpose should be given by the commission.

FORBIDS 'HIP LIQUOR' AT NEW YEAR FEASTS

Dry Enforcement Agent Threatens Wholesale Arrests as Chicago Prepares to Be Merry.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20.—Chicago is suspected of arranging for as hilarious a holiday celebration as it ever had. Frank D. Richardson, Prohibition Enforcement Director, today considered it necessary to issue a warning about "hip liquor," while from hotel sources come reports of thousands of New Year's Eve reservations.

"Leave it at home—this will be a bone-dry New Year's Eve, the first in the history of Chicago," was the advice given by Mr. Richardson. This applies especially to those who contemplated reserving tables in hotels or cafés and providing liquor themselves.

The word of counsel is backed up by the announced intention of Mr. Richardson to arrest all "hip pocket" celebrators, and the proprietors and managers of cafés in which they elect to bid farewell to the old year.

"I shall have watchers posted in every big café, hotel and other public places where refreshments are served," the prohibition chief said. "I am sending our warnings to the proprietors of such places that they will be held responsible for any violation of the prohibition law which may occur in their establishments on New Year's Eve.

"Persons who violate the law by carrying 'hip liquor' and attempt to pour it at the tables will be summarily arrested. So will the waiter who serves them and the proprietor of the place. There is to be no fooling about it. Last year's New Year's was supposed to be dry and as a matter of fact was about as dry as a distillery."

Prices of reservations for New Year's Eve dinners range from $5 to $15 a plate.

DANCE TONIGHT
At that exquisitely beautiful "rendezvous" of Dance
ROSELAND
Broadway at 51st St.
Sat. and Sun. Matinees.
Evenings 7:30 to 1 A. M.
Private Instructions
Daily from 12 M. to 7 P. M.

GOOD TIMES MAN O'WAR'S SENSATIONAL VICTORY (A Real Race)
Matinee Every Day At the HIPPODROME
SEATS SELLING 3 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

COLUMBIA, B'y & 47 St. Twice daily 2:15 & 8:15 Pop. Prices Ed Lee Wrothe & His Best Show.

McBRIDE'S
THEATRE TICKET OFFICES
1497 BROADWAY
[TIMES SQUARE WEST]
PEOPLE say to us: "Can you afford never to charge more than 50c over the box office price of a theatre ticket?" Our answer is: "This policy has built up for us the largest theatre ticket service business in the country." McBride's branch offices are at:
Hotel McAlpin, Broadway — Waldorf-Astoria, 51 Broadway, 165 Broadway
PHONE 1100 BRYANT



Sight Seeing Royal Blue Line
Seeing New York, up town, down town, over the great bridges to Brooklyn, 10 A.M., 2 P.M. Chinatown, New York After Dark, 8 P.M. Luxurious open roof busted automobiles. Distinctive Service. Ask at hotels for our free map and guide.
ROYAL BLUE LINE CO. OF N.Y.
Office Starting Point, Hotel McAlpin

CENTURY THEATRE, 62d St. & 8th Ave. Col. 9600. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
POP. MAT. TOM'W at 2:30 50c to $2
LAST FIVE WEEKS.
F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present
MOST SENSATIONAL SUCCESS EVER KNOWN IN THE WORLD
MECCA
Musical Extravaganza of the Orient.
COMPANY OF 400—11 BIG SCENES.

Century Promenade Above Century Theatre
CENTURY MIDNIGHT REVUE AT 11:30
Opens at 10:30 for Dining and Dancing.

CENTRAL THEATRE, 47th & B'y. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present The London and Paris Sensation,
DELYSIA In A Musical Show "AFGAR"
"Has taken New York by storm"—Telegram

APOLLO West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:20.
FRANCES WHITE in "JIMMIE"
with BEN WELCH and Star Cast.

SELWYN West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
FRANK TINNEY in The Musical Comedy TICKLE ME

TIMES SQ. Thea., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
SPECIAL MATINEE FRIDAY, DEC. 31.
FLORENCE TIM E
REED in MIRAGE

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
The Rollicking Musical Comedy Success.
PITTER PATTER with ERNEST TRUEX

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Ph. Bryant 134.
2ND YEAR—THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT
IRENE
SEATS 4 WEEKS AHEAD. MATS. TOM'W & SAT.

CASINO 39th and B'way. Evenings at 8:20.
POPULAR MATINEE TOM'W.
ZIMBALIST'S PLAY WITH MUSIC.
HONEYDEW

BELMONT TH., W. 48 St. Bry. 48. Evs. 8:30
Last Week. Mats. Thrs. & Sat.
MR. & MRS. COBURN in FRENCH LEAVE
BEG'G MON. EVE., DEC. 27—SEATS NOW
BROCK PEMBERTON will present
ZONA GALE'S "MISS LULU BETT"

PLYMOUTH 45th St., West of Broadway. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:20.
LITTLE OLD NEW YORK

The Prince and the Pauper
Fri., Dec. 24—Sp'l Matinee at 2:30
"THE PRINCE and the PAUPER"
Benefit the 79th St. Neighborhood House
FOR TICKETS APPLY W. H. APPLETON, 46 E. 66TH ST. TEL. 4510 ENTERLANDER.

FRAZEE West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Phone 81 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Bryant
MISS ANGLIN in "The Woman of Bronze."

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30
Daddy Dumplins with MACKEY ARBUCKLE

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. 8:40. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
"LADIES' NIGHT"

SHUBERT Thea., 44 St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30
Matinee Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
POPULAR MATINEE TOM'W
THE BOHEMIANS, INC., ANNOUNCE
THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920

ASTOR THEATRE, B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat., 2:25.
"A VISION TO BEHOLD."—Times.
MADGE KENNEDY
(HERSELF) IN THE DUAL ROLE IN "CORNERED" A NEW COMEDY DRAMA
Offered by HENRY W. SAVAGE.

LYRIC—MONDAY, DEC. 27 Seats Thurs.
Nora Bayes
In a Fantastic Musical Play, "HER FAMILY TREE"

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S W. 39 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat.
5TH MONTH SPANISH LOVE

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. WED. & SAT. at 2:30.
THE BAT "KEEPS STANDERS ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World.
EXTRA MATINEES Thurs. & Fri., Dec. 30, 31. Seats Now on Sale.

GARRICK 65 West 35th St. Fitzroy 1522. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Thrs. & Sat., 2:15.
HEARTBREAK HOUSE
A Comedy by Bernard Shaw

BEAUTIFUL CAPITOL THEATRE SUBWAY TO THE DOOR
EDWARD BOWES.....Managing Director
SECOND SENSATIONAL WEEK
POLA NEGRI The Famous Continental Star
PASSION
A FIRST NATIONAL ATTRACTION
The Intimate Love Story of the Little French Milliner Whom the World Came to Know as Madame du Barry
Continuous Daily, 12:30 to 11:00 P. M. Matinees 30c., 50c. Nights, 55c., 85c. Evening Prices prevail Saturday, Sunday & Holidays.
DE LUXE PERFORMANCES, 2:00, 4:00, 7:30, 9:30 P. M.
Presentation by S. L. ROTHAFEL

Theatres Under Direction of Hugo Riesenfeld
Continuous NOON 11:30 P. M.
CRITERION B'WAY at 44th Street
Third Week
Jesse L. Lasky Presents WILLIAM DE MILLE'S Production
"MIDSUMMER MADNESS"
A Paramount Picture
With JACK HOLT, CONRAD NAGEL, LOIS WILSON, LILA LEE
"One of Those Rare Pictures That Deserve a Second Visit"
From Cosmo Hamilton's Latest Novel, "HIS FRIEND AND HIS WIFE."
N. Y. Herald.
RIALTO Times Sq. BEBE DANIELS Oh Lady, Lady!
Famous Rialto Orchestra
RIVOLI B'WAY at 49th Lois Wilson production "TO PLEASE ONE WOMAN"
A Paramount Picture
Rivoli Concert Orchestra

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

These Longest Nights
of the year seem all too short to the many who spend the later hours in enjoyment of the Shanley supper and entertainment.
Vaudeville — Crisp, sparkling — during dinner and after until 1 A. M.
TODAY'S TABLE D'HOTE LUNCHEON
12 to 2:30—Music—$1.25
Blue Point Oysters
Celery Olives
Cream of lettuce or Consommé cultivateur
Supreme of sole, Duglere
Roast veal with spaghetti, Milanaise
Pork chop sauté, sauce piquante
Roast beef, au jus
Mousseline potatoes Turkey cutlet with peas
Hot vanilla pudding or Chocolate ice cream
Assorted cakes Demi tasse
A la carte service all day
SUNDAY TABLE D'HOTE DINNER—NOON AND EVENING—$2.50
Coming—Supper Dancing
SHANLEY'S
Broadway—43rd to 44th St.

30th St. & Broadway The Famous Hofbrau Quaintest Place In America
EXQUISITE LUNCHEON—SELECT TABLE D'HOTE, $1.50
Excellent Milk-fed Chicken Dinner with Waffles
Janssen wants to see you
Finest Sea Food, Game, Milk-fed Chickens
DANCING—FINE ORCHESTRA BANQUET ROOMS
MAKE YOUR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S RESERVATIONS NOW. TEL. 4924 LONGACRE.

The Touraine
9-11 EAST 39TH STREET
NEW YORK CITY
An apartment Hotel catering to patrons who desire exclusive surroundings. Several desirable furnished apartments by the year or shorter period.
RESTAURANT A LA CARTE
A. R. SMITH, Prop.
Formerly of the St. Regis

Fourteen East Sixtieth St.
A luxurious Residential Hotel, opposite the Metropolitan Club and Fifth Avenue Entrance to Central Park. Easy access to the theatres, clubs and shopping centres.
EAGER & BABCOCK,
New York City.

HOTEL THERESA
7th Ave., 124th to 125th Sts.
One block from "L" and Subway Sta. Trolley and bus lines at door.
A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES
Dining Room
At Top of Building
Special Table d'Hote or A La Carte Meals
Tel. 7820 Morningside.
E. P. LEUBE, Manager.

Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway Station at 86th Street Corner
NEW YORK
Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel, Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
For Transient or Permanent Residents.
Furnished or Unfurnished Suites
All the Comforts and Advantages of the Best New York Clubs at Attractive Rates.
RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

Quality Food, At moderate price, Deliciously cooked, Tastefully served.
Honest-to-Goodness TABLE D'HOTE Dinner $1.50, Luncheon 90c. Until 7 P.M.
BIG A LA CARTE MENU
Sea Food and Game in Season.
Homey, cheery. Music noon and eve.
Enjoy our Special Sunday Dinner, $1.50. A big treat!
WENNING'S
"THE QUALITY RESTAURANT"
121 W. 45th, bet. B'way & 6th Ave.
NO CHECK ROOM. NO COVER CHARGE.
Big Christmas Dinner, Turk, Fowl, Wafels for big ad of this page Dec. 24 and 25

Town House
Central Park West and 67th St.
Large Enough to Maintain Every Service.
Small Enough to Be Exclusive.
Transient and Permanent Rooms
Single and En Suite.
Excellent Cuisine a la carte.
Louis J. Rousselot, Manager.

THE CAMBRIDGE
60 WEST 68TH STREET
The latest fireproof apartment Hotel now on.
SUITES OF 2 ROOMS OR MORE ON A YEARLY LEASE UNFURNISHED
Exceptional Low Rentals
Spacious closets.
SUPERIOR RESTAURANT.
Also Doctor Suite, 3 rooms, main floor. Under same management Hotel Langham, 8th Av. & 30th St.
E. H. CHATILLON.

HOTEL Manhattan Square
50 West 77th Street
A luxurious residential hotel opposite Museum of Natural History. Newly redecorated, furnished & unfurnished apartments. Transient and permanent accommodations.
Very attractive rates.

TICKETS FOR ALL THEATRES 50c ADVANCE
The Original TYSON & CO. ESTABLISHED 1889
1472 B'WAY. 4080 Bryant
100 B'WAY. 9100 Rector

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE THEATRE B'way & 40 St.
TOMORROW NIGHT at 8:15
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
RUTH CHATTERTON
in J. M. BARRIE'S New Play,
MARY ROSE
FIRST MATINEE SATURDAY.

BELASCO West 44th St. THURS. EVE. 8:15
DAVID BELASCO Presents
LIONEL ATWILL in the New Play "DEBURAU"
By Sacha Guitry, adptd. by Granville Barker.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thursday & Sat., 2:20.
INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS" By Avery Hopwood.

BRAMHALL 138 E. 27th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
MIXED MARRIAGE By St. John Ervine

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d. Evs. 8:30. MATS. THURS. & SAT., 2:30.
Patricia Collinge in A. E. THOMAS' NEW COMEDY JUST SUPPOSE

LAST 2 WEEKS
CORT West 48 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
JIM JAM JEMS
The Smashing Musical Hit.

BAB LAST TWO WEEKS with HELEN HAYES
Park Thea. Col. Cir. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat.
BEG'G MON., JAN. 3RD Francis Wilson & Da Wolf Hopper in "ERMINIE" Mail Orders Now.

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
JOHN GOLDEN Presents
FRANK BACON in LIGHTNIN'

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
GEO. M. COHAN'S production of
THE MEANEST MAN IN THE WORLD
MR. COHAN in the Title Role.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way, 43d St. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
GEO. M. COHAN'S PRODUCTION
THE TAVERN
GREATEST MYSTERY OF THEM ALL. ARNOLD DALY as the Vagabond.

LIBERTY West 42 St. Pops. 50c to $2.00. Mats. WED. & SAT., 2:30.
"PERFORMANCE THROUGHOUT REALLY DELIGHTFUL."—World.
HENRY W. SAVAGE OFFERS
MITZI in "LADY BILLY"
A NEW MUSICAL ROMANCE.

AEOLIAN HALL, TONIGHT AT 8:15
Only Recital This Season—GERMAINE SCHNITZER
PIANO RECITAL (Chickering Piano)

CARNEGIE HALL, TOMORROW EVE., 8:15
JACQUES PINTEL
2nd Piano Recital. (Mason & Hamlin.)

CARNEGIE HALL, Sun. Aft., Dec. 26, at 2.
HIPOLITO LAZARO
Assisted by Mercedes Padrosa, Spanish Pianist. Hector Cabral, Peruvian Violinist.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE Bryant. 4300. Mats. Daily, 25c-$1.
THE 4 MORTONS, MORTON & GLASS, CLARA MORTON, MME. BESSON & CO., in Barrie's "Half an Hour," WM. & GORDON DOOLEY & CO.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'y & 96th St.
ANNIVERSARY WEEK
10—BIG ACTS—10
Curtain at 2 & 8 P. M. Sharp

81 B. F. Keith's 81st & B'way. Popular Prices.
JANE & KATH. LEE. Nat Nazarro & Co., o2m. & KING VIDOES
Great Screen Feature. The Jack Knifeman.

CARNEGIE HALL, This SAT. (Xmas) Night (Third Recital) MISHEL
PIASTRO
Season's Most Brilliant Violinist.
Tickets 75c to $2.00 at Box Office. (Chickering.)

PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
LEOPOLD STOKOWSKI, Conductor
CARNEGIE HALL TONIGHT at 8:15
Assisting Artists: THE FLONZALEY QUARTET

OPERA TICKETS Phone Bryant 7877
Choice Seats Caruso and all operas. Subscriptions bought, sold or exchanged. Metropolitan and Chicago Opera Co. Seats all parts of the house Toscanini Concert, La Scala Orchestra at Metropolitan and Carnegie Hall, Jan. 2. Gonsoli, 1428 Broadway (40th-41st Sts.)).

TOSCANINI and LA SCALA ORCHESTRA
OPERA TICKETS PHONE FITZROY 4189.
Metropolitan and Chicago Opera Subscriptions, Season, alternate or single performances.
BOUGHT, SOLD or EXCHANGED
SEATS FOR ALL SUCCESSES.
Sunday Theatre Ticket Office.
Hotel Normandie, B'way & 90th St.

NEW AMSTERDAM
SEAT SALE NOW FOR 8 WEEKS
FIRST TIME
TONIGHT
AT 8:15 SHARP
MATINEE TOMORROW
50c to $2.50. No Higher
Ziegfeld Production
MARILYNN MILLER
LEON ERROL
in
SALLY
A MUSICAL COMEDY
STAGED BY EDWARD ROYCE.
A CAST AND ENSEMBLE OF DISTINCT PERSONALITIES
INCLUDING
WALTER CATLETT MARY HAY
IRVING FISHER DOLORES
ALFRED P. JAMES ALTA KING
FRANK KINGDON JACQUES REBIROFF
NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF—NEW
Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic

GLOBE Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20
FRED STONE "TIP-TOP"
Seats Now for Extra Holiday Mat., Fri., Dec. 31

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
GEO. M. COHAN'S Comedians
MARY
(ISN'T IT A GRAND OLD NAME?)

COHAN & HARRIS Th., W. 43 St. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
WELCOME STRANGER
with GEORGE SIDNEY.

Punch & Judy 49th, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30.
A CLARE KUMMER Comedy ROLLO'S WILD OAT ROLAND YOUNG
Extra Mats. Wed., Dec. 28, & Thurs., Dec. 30.

TONY SARG'S MARIONETTES SIR VAN WINKLE
Special Mats. Final Week, Today, 2 P. M. Tom'w & Thurs 11 A. M. & 2 P. M. Fri. & Sat. 11 A. M.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE
TOM'W & THURS. at 8:30 sharp, "DIE SUENDEN GLOCKE" (The Sin Bell). Drama by Hans Knobloch. First performance in America.
XMAS AFT. at 2:30. XMAS NIGHT, 8:30. Humperdinck's Opera, "HAENSEL AND GRETEL" Marie Mattfield as Hansel. Complete Ensemble, Chorus, Scenes. Orchestra of 40.
MON. EVE., DEC. 27. Premiere of Franz Lehar's New Viennese Operetta, "WO DIE LERCHE SINGT" (Where The Lark Sings). Prices 50c to $2.50. Seats Now Selling.
MON. AFT., DEC. 27, "SNOW WHITE AND THE SEVEN DWARFS." Prices 35c to $1.00. Now Selling. All Performances in German.

The Neighborhood Playhouse
466 Grand St. Tel. Orchard 1171.
Back Again in the Repertoire
Beginning Tonight & Every Eve.
Thereafter (except Mon.) Thru Dec. 31
No Mat. Christmas and New Year's Day
"THE MOB"
By JOHN GALSWORTHY
Orchestra $1.00. Balcony 50c.

Hippodrome, Sunday Night, Dec. 26
Annual Holiday Concert in Aid of CATHOLIC BIG BROTHERS
GREATEST PROGRAM OF THE YEAR
KREISLER ALDA
LEVITZKI Diaz, Trevor
Seats Now at Box Office.

BROOKLYN.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
SUNDAY AFTERNOON, DEC. 26
First and Only Recital in Brooklyn.
LUISA Tetrazzini
Hardman Piano Used.
SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 1ST
ARTURO Toscanini
La Scala ORCHESTRA
SEATS AT BOX OFFICE NOW.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
NEWMAN Travel Talk
IRELAND Thrilling Color Views and Motion Pictures
Wed., Dec. 22 4 and 8:15 P.M.
Tickets 50c to $1.50. Institute Box Office.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
WED. at 8:15. ELISIR. Garrison, Ellis; Caruso, Scotti, Malatesta—Papi.
THURS. at 8. DON CARLOS. Pozzelle, Matzenauer; Martinelli, De Luca, Didur—Papi.
FRI. MAT. at 2. BUTTERFLY. Farrar, Fornia; Chamlee, Scotti, Bada—Moranzoni.
FRI. at 8. LA JUIVE. Easton, Scottay, Galli; Caruso, Harrold, Rothier—Bodanzky.
SAT. at 2. MEFISTOFELE. Alda, Perelta (debut); Gigli, Mardones, Bada—Moranzoni.
SAT., 8:15 (Pop. Prices). AIDA. Destinn, Lazzari (debut); Kingston, De Luca, Martino—Bamboschek (by request).
MON. EVE., DEC. 27. MAT. at 2 (41 to $3). BLUE BIRD. Easton, Gordon, Sundelius, Ellis, Delaunois; Rothier—Wolff.
MON. 8:15. PAGLIACCI. Destinn; Caruso, Amato, Moranzoni. CARILLON MAGICO. Galli—Papi.
Fri., Dec. 31, at 1 Parsifal $1 to $6.
Special Matinee Seats Today
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
TONIGHT. 7:45. TRISTAN. Easton, Gordon; Sembach, Whitehill, Gustafson—Bodanzky.
HANDMAN PIANO USED.

AMY GRANT'S OPERA RECITALS
Hotel Plaza, Tuesdays, 3:30
Dec. 21—Thais. Jan. 4—Don Carlos.
M. Terribury, Sec., 78 W. 55th. Circle 6457.

NATIONAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
ARTUR BODANZKY COND'R.
CARNEGIE HALL Sat. Afternoon, Dec. 25, at 2:30. Sun. Evening, Dec. 26, at 8:15.
Solo HENNO Pianist
MOISEIWITSCH
THE KNABE IS THE OFFICIAL PIANO.
MAD. SQ. GARDEN, SUN., DEC. 26 at 8:15. Tickets 25c to $2.00. Now at Box Office
MALE SYMPHONY BAND
MISS SOLLER Conductor
FRANZ KALTENBORN, Violin; LEAH LEASKA, Soprano; BERTA RIVIERE, Mezzo; MILLO PICCO, Baritone; SERGEI RADAMSKY, Tenor.
DIRECTION JULIUS HOPT

MOTION PICTURES.

tonight
Second celebration of the 200th performance of D. W. Griffith's masterpiece, "WAY DOWN EAST," at the 44th Street Theatre.
Practically the entire cast will attend IN PERSON as Mr. Griffith's guests, and will meet their friends at an informal reception after the final curtain.
Among the prominent players who will be present are Lillian Gish, Burr McIntosh, Vivia Ogden, Creighton Hale, Kate Bruce, Gorge Neville, Porter Strong and others.
"WAY DOWN EAST" is shown at the 44th St. Theatre every afternoon and evening at 2:15 and 8:15. All seats are reserved.

MARK STRAND
B'way at 47th St.
JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD'S
"ISOBEL OR THE TRAIL'S END"
WITH HOUSE PETERS and JANE NOVAK
A Heart Throbbing Romance of the Bleak Northland
STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA, Carl Edouarde, Conducting.

LYRIC 43d St., W. of B'way. Twice Daily. Matinees 2:30. Evenings 8:30.
WILLIAM FOX presents OVER THE HILL
By Will Carleton. Directed by Harry Millarde.

PLAZA "EARTHBOUND"
Mad. Ave. at 59th St. Basil King's powerful story of the unseen world.
PLAZA ORCH. Symphonic Organ. Comedy News.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.
HOTEL NEWTON
2528 Broadway, bet

FADOO ADVOCATES LIBERAL CREDITS

Calls on Congress to Take Prompt Steps to Aid American Farmers.

WOULD TRADE WITH RUSSIA

Favors Reduction of Income Taxes and Would Fund Most of Treasury's Floating Debt.

William G. McAdoo issued a statement last night on the agricultural and business condition, in which he said:

"As I see this situation, the country cannot look with indifference upon the distressing situation in which the farmers find themselves because of the tremendous shrinkage in the value of agricultural products. We cannot excuse inaction nor dismiss the matter with a mere observation that deflation is necessary and that farmers must take their medicine along with the rest of the country.

"The farm industry is basic to the life of the nation and possesses a superior claim to consideration, not only because its prosperity is our best protection, but also because the farmer, by the very nature of his business, is more exposed to adverse influences and measures at the same time and if forced upon the market all at once, or in a short period, he may not realize even the cost of production.

"To have a chance to make a fair profit he must have credit to carry his crop for a reasonable time. He must have ample, economical and prompt railroad transportation to get his crop to market at the times when he can sell advantageously, and he must have sufficient convenient and reasonably cheap storage facilities for the conservation of his crop while waiting for a favorable market.

Wants More Liberal Credits.

"A more liberal policy about credits should be put into effect immediately. I think that the Reserve Bank rates could be prudently reduced, and that member banks could be safely encouraged to make loans on agricultural products and to business generally on reasonable time.

"The point I wish to impress is that deflation has been carried so far and with such rapidity that we must now reconsider the situation, make an effort to prevent further distress and suffering and bring about a revival of industry and confidence.

"With this in view, we should make every effort to stimulate and enlarge our export trade. This is especially important to the farmers because approximately 50 per cent. of our export trade represents agricultural products. European nations desire our cotton, grain and other products, but have no credit. It is to our interest to supply that credit. I therefore think that the revival of the War Finance Corporation is highly desirable. I believe that its exercise an immensely beneficial influence upon the export trade if it is operated on a sound and liberal scale.

"The recent action of the League of Nations at Geneva for the establishment of an international commission to consolidate the credits of some of the Central European powers and utilize them in the purchase of American commodities is an important step and offers a new opportunity for helpful service by the War Finance Corporation.

"Every influence of this Government should be promptly exerted to secure a prompt determination of the amount of the German indemnity. So long as this question remains unsettled, it is undoubtedly true that there can be no economic rehabilitation of Germany and of the Central Powers, and so long as this continues their credit and buying power is reduced to a minimum.

Would Trade With Russia.

"I have long been convinced that we ought to re-establish trade relations with Russia. It is not necessary to recognize the Soviet Government to do this. Why should we refuse to let people in distress in Russia or elsewhere buy our products if they can pay for them, no matter what form of government they may choose for themselves?

"Of course, taxes ought to be readjusted and reduced. Last March I publicly advocated funding a large part of our floating debt. This could be done, and should be done, so that its pressure may be taken off of the American people, and especially off of business at this time of unavoidable readjustment. The tax burden should be lightened, and can be by funding $2,000,000,000 of the floating debt during the next two years.

"Unfortunately the present Congress has refused for two years to do anything to relieve the tax burden or to prepare for this inevitable period of readjustment. Taxes should be reduced at this session of the Congress. There is no excuse for delays.

"The Congress should no longer make gifts or authorize loans directly from the public treasury to any class or business in this country. I refer particularly to the gift of $634,000,000 made by the present Congress to the railroad corporations and to the $300,000,000 which the present Congress directed the Treasury to lend to railroad corporations at 6 per cent. interest. Why should the people of the United States be taxed to make gifts and loans to railroad companies aggregating $634,000,000 when we are already overburdened with taxes for purposes which we cannot escape? There is no justification for policies like these.

"The only way to effectively reduce our tax bill is to cut down our army and navy appropriations. If we had joined the League of Nations, that promised the most immediate and successful way of reducing armaments with safety to all nations concerned. But, since we have not joined the League, I think Senator Borah's suggestion for an immediate agreement with England and Japan for a limitation of naval expenditures is valuable, and that such an agreement ought to be reached, if possible. This would be a practical step in the right direction, even though not a thoroughly satisfactory one.

Opposes Higher Income Taxes.

"I am opposed to increased taxes on moderate incomes. Already these incomes are bearing a larger proportion of taxation than is justified. A radical revision of the war income taxes is essential to the prosperity of the country, and in that revision the moderate income taxpayer must have his burdens reduced instead of increased.

"To sum up, I should say that a more liberal policy about domestic credits ought now to be pursued; that our foreign trade should be stimulated and enlarged; that the War Finance Corporation should be revived to assist it; that the German indemnity should be defined as quickly as possible, so that the Central European markets may be opened to our farmers, manufacturers and business men; that trade relations with Russia should be resumed as promptly as possible; that a large part of the floating debt of the Treasury should be funded, and that taxation ought to be reduced and readjusted at this session of the Congress.

"If these steps are taken promptly, I believe that they will greatly relieve the present distressing situation."

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for foreman of sewer repairs, Grade 3, will be received to 4 P. M. on Jan. 7. Candidates must be at least 22 years of age. The subjects and weights of the examination will be: Experience, 5; duties, 4; citizenship, 1. A qualifying physical test will be given. Candidates must be brick masons with at least two years' experience in sewer construction as foreman or inspector. There is one vacancy in the Engineering Bureau, Manhattan, at $3,232 a year.

United States.

The commission announces an examination for plate printer. Men over 20 desired, in the Hydrographic Office, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., at $900 to $1,200 a year. Appointees may be allowed the increase granted by Congress of $20 a month. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on physical ability, 40; training and experience, 60. Applicants must show that they have served an apprenticeship of at least four years as plate printer. Classified employees who have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years are entitled to retirement with an annuity.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Quartermaster Corps.

Boykin, Capt. E. F., to Camp Jackson, as Asst. to Qm.
Nickum, Capt. E. F., to Camp Travis, as Asst. to Camp Qm.
Pratt, Capt. M. C., to Atlanta as Asst. to Depot Qm.
Sterling, Capt. T. D., to Camp Travis.
George, Capt. E. E., to Panama.
Springer, 1st Lt. H. R., to Camp Jackson as Asst. to Camp Qm.
Morris, 1st Lt. F. A., to Camp Pike.
Brunson, 1st Lt. B. L., to Boston as Prop. Asst.
Cummings, 1st Lt. A. H., to Ft. Niagara, as Qm.
Fitzgerald, 1st Lt. F. V., to San Francisco as Asst. to 9th Corps Area Qm.
Innes, 1st Lt. W. H., hon. discharged.

Corps of Engineers.

Kirby, Maj. W. W., assume charge of engr. reproduction plant, Washington Barr.
Robins, Maj. T. M., to office of Chief of Engrs., Washin.
Peterson, Maj. V., to Providence, R. I.
Fosardi, Capt. P. L., to Boston.
Langley, Capt. J. E., to Camp Travis, duty with 2nd Engrs.
Hill, Capt. W. V., to Camp Humphreys, with 6th.
Dignowity, Capt. E. H., to Camp Travis, with 2nd.
Gillette, Capt. H. S., to Camp Travis with 2nd.
Wheeler, 1st Lt. W. H., to Camp Lewis, with 4th.
Wilkinson, 1st Lt. R., to Camp Jackson with 7th.

Infantry.

Falson, Col. S. L., to Walter Reed Hosp.; sick.
Barrard, Maj. R. H., detailed as Insp.-Instr., Ills. Nat. Gd.
Stroud, Capt. L. L., Yagerman, Capt. M., hon. discharged.
MacArthur, 1st Lt. J. C., to 43rd, Camp Lee.
Meneses, 1st Lt. H. E., to 11th, Camp Gordon.
Hall, 1st Lt. B. M., to Tanks, Camp Meade.
During, 1st Lt. F., to 56th, Camp Funston.
Rand, 1st Lt. O. R., to 6th, Camp Gordon.
Canella, 1st Lt. J. J., to 52d, Camp Grant.
McComas, 1st Lt. B. C., to Ft. Sill, as student at F. A. Sch.
McNellis, 1st Lt. B. J., dropped from rolls of the Regular Army, on account of A. W. O. L.; returned to military control on or about July 20 last, and previous orders dropping him revoked.

Medical Corps.

Blance, Maj. C., to Camp Devens.
Lincoln, Maj. H. F., report by telegraph to Cmdg. Gen. Ft. Houston for duty.
Greene, Maj. N. F., to Camp Dix.
Beverly, Maj. E. P., to Langley Field.
Ende, Maj. F. M., report to Cmdg. Off., Ft. Riley.
Nettles, Capt. O. W., to Ft. Jay, relieving Capt. J. I. Meagher, who will proceed to Camp Benning.
Moffatt, Capt. F. J., to Camp Grant.
Tompkins, 1st Lt. J. F., to Walter Reed Hosp.; sick.

Cavalry.

Rush, Maj. M. B., to Des Moines as Asst. Recr. Off.
Heard, Maj. J. W., to Ft. Ethan Allen, with 3d.
Lawrence, Capt. R., to 10th.
Conger, Capt. J. W., Jr., to Camp Travis as asst. to Ord. Off.

Veterinary Corps.

Jewell, Maj. C. H., to Walter Reed Hosp.; sick.
Gould, Maj. J. H., to Ft. Riley as Vet. and as off. in charge of vet. instruction.
Cowherd, 1st Lt. C. M., to New Orleans as Depot Vet.

Air Service.

Reynolds, Maj. J. N., to Ft. Houston.
Koenig, 1st Lt. I. R., to Army Balloon School, Lee Hall, Va.
McRae, 1st Lt. J., to March Field.

Miscellaneous.

Murphy, Lt. Col. T. E., retired, to Hoboken for duty.
Powell, Lt. Col. W. A., retired, to New York as Asst. Recr. Offr.
Overshaw, Capt. G., C.A.C., to Ft. Monroe.
McPherson, Maj. W. E., Med. Res. Corp., to Watertown Arsenal.
Dixon, Capt. W. M., Fin. Depot, to Baltimore.
Gates, Capt. O. I., to 1st Prov. Philippine F.A.
Laing, 1st Lt. DeW. B., U.S.A., hon. discharged.

Resignations.

Viner, Maj. J. W., Cav.
O'Reilly, Capt. J. H., Dent. Corps.
Vigrant, Capt. G. Jr., Inf.
Hoch, 1st Lt. A. H., Q.M.C.
Daugherty, 1st Lt. C. M., Cav.
Sargent, 1st Lt. H. R., Cav.

Leaves.

Bottoms, Col. S. F., Q.M.C., 1 mo.
Conley, Col. E. T., Adjt. Gen., 10 days.
Rumbold, Col. F. M., Gen. Staff, 10 days.
Ford, Col S. H., Gen Staff, 10 days.
Sinclair, Lt. Col. W. S., Inf., 1 mo.
Bennett, Maj. L. B., Inf, 1 mo.
Hart, Maj. W. I., M.C., 15 days.
MacLachlan, Maj. D. J., Inf., 2 mos.
Bryden, Maj W., Gen. Staff, 15 days.
Henry, Maj. R. O., Cav., 10 days.
Stackpole, Capt. E. J. Jr., Inf., 20 days' ext.
Lucas, Capt W. E. Jr., Inf., 2 mos.
Brush, 1st Lt O. G., A.S., 10 days.
Winton, 1st Lt. A. V., C.A.C., 10 days
Clayton, 1st Lt. L. L., Sig. Corps, 10 days' ext.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Johnson, Capt. R. Z., to command Nav. Tr. Sta., Hampton Rds., Va.
Gulliver, Lt. Cmdr. L. J., to command the Murray.
Harrison, Lt. Cmdr. M. E., to the Oklahoma.
Talley, Lt. W. O., to the Minnesota.
Funk, Lt. W. H., course instruction at Med. Sch., Washington.
Henderson, Lt. R. E., to Nav. Tr. Sta., Hampton Rds.
Jordan, Lt. L. G., to Proteus.
MacInnis, Lt. P. H., to the Camden.
Orgs. Lieut. R. R., to the R-26.
Orr, Lt. J. J., to the O-4.
Overseach, Lt. H. E. to post-grad. course in Ord. Nav. Acad., Annapolis.
Wilson, Lt. W. C., to duty under Public Works Office, Navy Yd., Norfolk.

Estates Appraised.

LATHERS, AGNES (Dec. 25, 1918). Total assets, $102,125—real estate, $18,800; cash, $5,867; personal, $44,940; stocks and bonds, $82,918—net estate, $93,441. Among the thirty-six legatees are: Cathedral of St. John the Divine, N. Y., and Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul, Washington, receive $1,000 each; Episcopal Domestic and Foreign Missions, $5,000; Trinity Church, New Rochelle, $1,000; Church Periodical Club, $2,000; the General Clergy Relief Fund, $3,000; the Church Temperance Society, $2,000; St. Luke's Home for Aged Women, $1,000; Abbey House Day Nursery, $600; House of the Holy Comforter, $5,000; St. Luke's Hospital, $5,000; her sister, Ida Lathers of 924 West End Av., $18,781; Julia Lathers, same address, $15,955, and her brother, Richard Lathers of 1,025 North Av., New Rochelle, $15,955.

PALMER, ELIZABETH H., in Boston (May 18, 1920). Total estate, $46,500; taxable in New York, $14,074. Her cousins, Mary Tilton Palmer and Alice W. Palmer, both of Boston, receiving $16,000 each. Other cousins and friends receive small bequests.

SALANT, SOLOMON (intestate, Jan. 20, 1919). Total assets, $339,337—real estate, $7,947; cash, $237; personal, $1,018; stocks and bonds, $17,393. A 35 per cent. interest in Salant & Salant, $312,939—net, $321,952. His wife, Dora, of 113 West 112th St., received $84,877; sons: William of 1,647 Lamont St., Washington, Henry of 200 Broadway, and Louis of 34 Pine St., and daughter, Harriet S. Salant of 113 West 122d St., received $29,617 each; sons, Gabriel of Far Rockaway, $70,721, and Aaron B. of 58 East 94th St., $38,731.

RESORTS

NEW YORK.

HOTEL GRAMATAN
Bronxville
23 minutes from Grand Central. 60 electric trains daily. City conveniences in the country. Golf—Grill—Dancing—Daily concerts. Accommodates 400.
Henri Paschay & Son, Inc., Lessee.
Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N.Y.

Gedney Farm Hotel
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.
EDWARD H. CRANDALL.
Golf, Riding, Dancing, Sun Parlor, Open Fireplaces. 38 min. elec. train service. Open All Year. Private motor bus service without charge.

VALHALLA MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.
Open all year round.
White Plains 1165.

NEW JERSEY.

Hotel Beechwood
SUMMIT, N. J.
Easy commuting distance. Misses Gillan & Edwards. Open all year.

U. S. SUPREME COURT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—In the Federal Supreme Court today R. W. Alley and F. S. Angell of New York City were admitted to practice and these proceedings were had:

284—H. Snowden Marshall, as receiver of All Package Grocery Stores Co., petr., v. the State of N. Y.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, and cause remanded.

575—J. W. Arnstein, bankr., v. T. D. McCarthy, U. S. Marshal, &c.—Motion to recall mandate, grant a rehearing, &c., denied.

58—Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Ry. Co., plff., v. Washburn Lignite Coal Co.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

15—Same v. the C. L. Merrick Co.—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

16—F. C. Thornton et al., plffs., v. T. J. Duffy et al., composing the Industrial Comm. of Ohio—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

The Chief Justice announced the following orders of the Court:

1—The U. S., appit., v. Lehigh Valley R. R. Co. et al.—Motion to modify the decree of this court denied.

483—La Belle Iron Works, appit., v. the U. S.—Motion for leave to file brief as amicus curiae herein granted and motion for leave to participate in the oral argument denied.

507—J. L. Waymire, admx., & c., petr., v. the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe R. R. Co.—Petn. for writ of cert. to Sup. Ct. of Kansas, denied.

615—W. W. Casey, et al, petrs., v. A. Elkland, et al—Petn. for writ of cert. to 9th Circ. Ct. of Appeals denied.

621—Perfection Disappearing Bed Co., Inc., et al, petrs., v. Murphy Wall Bed Co.—Petn. for writ of cert. to 9th Circ. Ct. of Appeals denied.

626—J. Hedenskov, petr., v. Alaska Packers Ass'n—Petn. for writ of cert. to 9th Circ. Ct. of Appeals denied.

634—S. Rothman, et al, petrs., v. the U. S.—Petn. for writ of cert. to 2d Circt. Ct. of Appeals denied.

637—A. L. Spitzer, et al, as Spitzer-Rorick & Co., petrs., v. the Board of Trustees for the Regina Public School Dist. No. 4, of Saskatchewan—Petn. for writ of cert. to 6th Circ. Ct. of Appeals denied.

639—L. W. Boehner, petn., v. the U. S.—Petn. for writ of cert. to 8th Circ. Ct. of Appeals denied.

642—H. Briggs, petr., v. United Shoe Machinery Corps—Petn. for writ of cert. to Ct. of Errors and Appeals of State of N. J. denied.

640—J. Block, trading, &c., plff., v. L. Hirsh—Leave granted to file brief herein, as amicus curiae, on motion of counsel for U. S.

640—Same v. same—Motion to advance submitted for plff.

23—Original—The State of Okla., compit., v. the State of Tex., deft., the U. S. intervenor—Petn. of Oklahoma Petroleum and Gasoline Co. to require receiver herein to file full and complete itemized statement of expenses, file inventory and refund oil sale proceeds submitted.

453—La Belle Iron Works, appit., v. the U. S.—Leave granted to file brief herein as amicus curiae, submitted for the Long-Bell Lumber Co.

636—St. Louis-San Francisco Ry. Co., appit., v. H. M. Middlekamp, State Treas. of Mo., et al—Motion to advance submitted for appeless.

238—Bank of Minden et al, piffs., v. Mrs. L. Clemens, admx., &c.—Motion to dismiss submitted for deft.

630—B. F. Dorrance et al, petrs., v. C. F. Dorrance—Petn. for writ of cert. to 8th Cir. Ct. of Appeals submitted.

625—E. P. Rumsey, petr., v. N. Y. Life Ins. Co. et al.—Petn. for writ of cert. to Ninth Circ. Ct. of Appeals submitted for petr.

397—W. Hollis et al., appits., v. C. W. Kutz et al., Comrs., &c., et al.—Motion to advance submitted for appits.

612—U. S. Fidelity and Guaranty Co. et al., piffs., v. Travelers Ins. Machine Co.—Petn. for writ of cert. herein submitted for piff. and for deft. in opposition.

623—Seaboard Air Line Ry. Co., petr., v. L. Vandiver.—Petn. for writ of cert. to Ct. of Appeals of Ga. submitted.

628—Boston, Cape Cod & N. Y. Canal Co., petr., v. C. W. Chadwick & Co.—Petn. for writ of cert. to First Circ. Ct. of Appeals submitted.

Adjourned until Monday, Jan. 3.

Call for Jan. 3: Nos. 476 (and 550), 14 (original), 250, 546, 492, 430 (and 582), 453, 559, 392 (to 396), 614 and 608 and 609.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The disturbance that developed over the plateau region Sunday moved eastward with increasing intensity and is now central over North New Mexico Monday night. It has been attended by rain within the last twenty-four hours in the Gulf States, the Southern Plains States and in the North Pacific States and by snow in the plateau and Rocky Mountain region, the Central and North Plains States and the Upper Mississippi Valley. Pressure continued high Monday over the eastern half of the country and the Northwest.

The temperature equalized below normal Monday over middle and northern sections east of the Rocky Mountains and readings were decidedly below normal Monday night in the Canadian Northwest, Montana, North Dakota and Northern Minnesota.

The southwestern storm will move east and northeastward, attended by snow in northeastern, snow or rain in middle and rain in southern sections east of the Mississippi River within the next twenty-four to thirty-six hours. The temperature will rise somewhat in front of this storm and following its passage much colder weather will overspread the upper lake region, the lower Ohio Valley, Tennessee and the East Gulf States Wednesday afternoon and night.

FORECAST—TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Western New York—Increasing cloudiness Tuesday, followed by snow Tuesday night; Wednesday snow or rain and somewhat warmer.

Northern New England—Fair Tuesday; Wednesday snow, not much change in temperature.

Southern New England, Eastern New York—Fair Tuesday; Wednesday rain or snow, not much change in temperature.

New Jersey—Increasing cloudiness and slightly warmer Tuesday, followed by rain or snow Tuesday night or Wednesday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 1 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	27	18	4 P. M.	36	30
6 A. M.	26	18	7 P. M.	32	29
9 A. M.	28	20	9 P. M.	32	27
12 M.	33	27	11 P. M.		29

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 31°; for the corresponding date last year it was 29°; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 33.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 26; at 8 P. M. it was 33. Maximum temperature 37 degrees at 3:10 P. M.; minimum 25 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity 74 per cent. at 8 A. M., 51 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.20 inches. At 8 P. M. it stood at 30.37 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
1:15—1,548 Broadway		Not given
3:40—67 Cortlandt St.; J. Goebels		Not given
6:00—100 W. 49 St.; P. Tinating		Not given
8:10—100 St. Ann's Av.; Bertha Sarbacher		Not given
8:25—38 Mulberry St.; M. Belodino		Not given
9:25—6 Thomas St.		Not given
9:35—302 W. 90 St.; Mary B. Clark		Not given
10:10—9 Carmine St.; G. Aronica		Not given
10:40—193 Lewis St.; Kauffman & Kain		Not given
P. M.		
2:15—233 W. 128 St.; F. De Marco		Not given
4:00—840 Union Av.; M. Ackerson		Slight
4:15—42 St. & 6 Av.; 6th Av. "L" structure		Slight
4:15—52 Hogg St.; A. Floyer		Not given
5:30—13 Av. & 27 St. (auto); J. McAlister		Not given
6:00—435 W. 25 St.; H. Fordes		Not given
6:15—44 W. 28 St.; Loton & Meyer		Not given
6:35—Bleecker St. & Broadway; Greenport Trading Co.		Slight
7:30—540 W. 39 St. (rubbish)		Slight
9:05—26 Allen St.		Not given
9:45—159 23d St.; R. S. Skate Co.		Slight
10:10—626 Westchester Av.; M. Demonteo		Slight
10:25—10 E. 53d St.; S. Norton (chimney)		Slight

The fire record of Dec. 19 showed a fire in the premises of J. Robinson, at 573 Broadway. It was confined to the premises of another occupant of the building.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	Rises.	Sets.
High water	3:28	3:50	3:51	4:07	5:26	5:36	A.M.	P.M.
Low water	10:03	10:04	10:40	10:53	—	12:17	7:19	4:32

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Carmania	Liverpool	Dec. 11
Savoia	Havre	Dec. 11
Drottningholm	Gothenburg	Dec. 8
Madonna	Marseilles	Nov. 29
Imperator	Southampton	Dec. 10
Nieuw Amsterdam	Rotterdam	Dec. 10
Caroline	Bordeaux	Dec. 8
Teiso	Colon	Dec. 11
Quiliote	Colon	Dec. 11
Westbero	Greenock	Dec. 4
Andre	Fowey	Dec. 3
Dali	Rotterdam	Dec. 4
Cecil County	Tampico	Dec. 11
Ontenoda	Shields	Nov. 25
Easterly	Bordeaux	Nov. 30
Aquarius	Brixham	Dec. 4
Fort Hamilton	Bermuda	Dec. 18
DUE TODAY.		
West Grama	Biserta	Nov. 28
Ponce	San Juan	Dec. 15

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Susquehanna	Bremen	Dec. 7
Duca d'Aosta	Naples	Dec. 9
Hellig Olav	Christiania	Dec. 11
Bergensfjord	Bergen	Dec. 10
Turku	Turku (island)	Dec. 15
Frankmore	Barbados	Dec. 14
DUE TOMORROW.		
Olympic	Southampton	Dec. 13
Niagara	Havre	Dec. 11
Morro Castle	Havana	Dec. 16
Auburn	Hamburg	Dec. 13
Sophie Rickmers	Hamburg	Dec. 7
Martha Washington	Santos	Dec. 3
Gen. Hodges	Colon	Dec. 16
DUE THURSDAY.		
Carrillo	Colon	Dec. 16
Panhandle State	Leaton	Dec. 15

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

MAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
F. Palasciano, Naples	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Italy.
Touraine, Havre	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	France, Switzerland.
Essequibe, Valparaiso	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	West Coast South America.
Santa Maria, Kingston	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Cuba, Central America.
Dorothy, Pt. Plata	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Santo Domingo.
MAIL TOMORROW.			
Montserrat, Cadiz	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Spain, Morocco.
Presidente Wilson, Patras	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Italy, Greece.
Themistocles, Piraeus	12:00 M.	4:00 P.M.	Greece.
K. Luckenbach, Hamburg	1:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Germany, Austria.
Mopang, Varna	1:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Bulgaria, Rumania.
Matura, Trinidad	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	West Indies.
Ft. Hamilton, Bermuda	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Boswell, Buenos Aires	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Argentina, Uruguay.
Porto Rico, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico.
Maracaibo, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Venezuela, West Indies.
Delfina, St. Thomas	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina.
MAIL THURSDAY.			
Imperator, South'pton	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Great Britain, Ireland, Belgium.
Savoia, Havre	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	France, Italy, Switzerland.
Mandeville, Kingston	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Cuba, Jamaica.
Berenice, Haiti	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Curacao.
St. Michael, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	North Brazil.
Panama, Haiti	12:00 M.	4:00 P.M.	Canal Zone.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
C. of Shanghai, Manch'r'i'a	Dec. 21	12:00 M.
Arna, Buenos Aires	Dec. 21	12:00 M.
Dominion, Liverpool	Dec. 21	10:00 A.M.
Rudolsburg, Melbourne	Dec. 22	10:00 A.M.
Northumberland, Sydney	Dec. 24	12:00 M.
Kandaria, Yokohama	Dec. 24	10:00 A.M.
Maine, London	Dec. 24	12:00 M.
Steel Engineer, Algiers	Dec. 24	12:00 M.

By Wireless.

SS Hellig Olav, incoming from Copenhagen, was signaled; due Dec. 21, afternoon. Scandinavian-American Line, Hoboken.

SS Olympic, incoming from Southampton, was signaled; due Dec. 22, afternoon. White Star Line.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Stephen	Rio Janeiro	Dec. 17
City of Canton	Perim	Dec. 17
Takiwa Maru	Port Said	Dec. 17
Alaska	Valparaiso	Dec. 18
Luxpalite	Gibraltar	Dec. 18
Renaico	Callao	Dec. 18
Foyle	Port Said	Dec. 17
Port Castle	Cayes, Jacmel	Dec. 17
Eten	Natal	Dec. 17
Sudbury	Buenos Aires	Dec. 17
Aquitania	Cherbourg	Dec. 20
Muroran Maru	Yokohama	Dec. 15
Frederik VIII	Copenhagen	Dec. 15
Eastern Pilot	Belra	Dec. 16
General Ernst	Antofagasta	Dec. 16

SAILED.

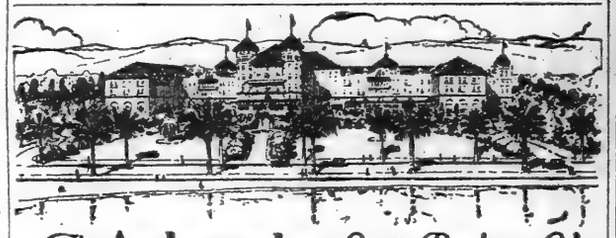
Steamer.	From	Date.
City of Oran	Gibraltar	Dec. 17
Providence	Gibraltar	Dec. 17
Vittoria	Gibraltar	Dec. 17
Alexandria	Alexandria	Dec. 17
Charlton Hall	Callao	Dec. 16
A. Savoia	Gibraltar	Dec. 17
Vasari	Liverpool	Dec. 18
Danemark	Shields	Dec. 17
Royal Prince	Rotterdam	Dec. 17
Herbert	Para	Dec. 16
Menominee	London	Dec. 18
Ferngarth	Barry	Dec. 19
Taito Maru	Barry	Dec. 19

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 6 P. M. as follows:

Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand, via San Francisco	Ventura	Dec. 23
Japan, Korea, China (except Shanghai City) and Siberia, via Seattle	Hawaii Maru	Dec. 23
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Matsonia	Dec. 24
Japan, Korea, China and Siberia, via San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Dec. 24
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, French Indochina and Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra); and Philippine Islands via Seattle	Ixion	Dec. 26
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Niagara	Jan. 7

RESORTS



The Ambassador—Santa Barbara, Cal.
Where It's Always June

Motor in the mountains, or climb. Fish in the sea, or bathe in the surf. Golf on the shore or visit the Spanish Missions of historic interest—But—always return at night to your comfortable quarters and the luxurious service of the Ambassador in its twenty-one acres of park. Here you will find summer in winter, rest, recreation, amusement, personal service and cuisine to your liking. *Write for booklet.*

(Rates $4 and up, European plan).

The Ambassador Hotels System
Ambassador, Santa Barbara; Ambassador, New York; Ambassador, Atlantic City; Ambassador, Los Angeles; Alexandria, Los Angeles.

New York Office, 110 E. 52d St. Tel. Plaza 1225

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL & COTTAGES
on the Beach. Cap 600
CONVENIENT TO ALL AMUSEMENTS
Sea Baths DIET KITCHEN Orchestra
Family Patronage Invited
C. L. HANSTEIN, President. LYMAN L. BOTSFORD, Sec'y & Mgr.

HOTEL CHELSEA
Occupying entire block of ocean front in the fashionable Chelsea section.
300 bed chambers with private baths (fresh and sea water). High-class orchestra, cafe, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet. Open all year. J. B. THOMPSON & CO.

THE NEW PARK HOUSE
50 Mis. from N. Y. 900 ft. above the sea.
SUMMIT, N. J.
A home for you and your family, with TRUE COMFORT, CLEANLINESS AND COURTESY.
The best foods obtainable, perfectly prepared.

The Breakers
OCEAN FRONT FIREPROOF
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

Lakewood Hotel
LAKEWOOD, N.J.
NOW OPEN—CAPACITY 900
Newly furnished and redecorated throughout. Spacious parlors and lounging rooms. Handsome ballroom. Exquisite music. Rooms with baths.
H. JACOBS—H. WINKLER
Managing Directors

LAUREL-IN-THE-PINES
Lakewood, N. J.
Situated among the Pines and overlooking Lake Carasaljo
New "Pines Grill"—18 hole Golf Course
Private Tennis Courts. Riding. Shaded Walks. Fishing. Music. Private Garage.
New Electro-hydrotherapy Bath system.
FRANK P. SHUTE, Manager.
Booklet. Office of GEO. A. HUBN & SONS, Members New York Stock Exchange.

NEW ENGLAND.

BOXWOOD MANOR
IN OLD LYME, CONN.
Open the year round. Beautiful estate; spacious rooms with private bath, steam heat and open fireplaces. Excellent table. Rates four dollars per day. Twenty-five dollars per week.
Especially nice for parties or week end guests.
Elaborate Christmas and New Year's dinners.
Telephone or write
J. W. DOWS, OLD LYME, CONN.

SOUTHERN STATES.

NEW ORLEANS
"The Paris of America"
Central Ticket Offices of all Principal Railroad and Steamship Lines in St. Charles Lobby. Illustrated Folder on Request.
The St. Charles
One of America's leading hotels. Accommodating over 1000 guests.
ALFRED S. AMER & CO., Ltd. Proprietors

HOTEL SALT AIR
WEST PALM BEACH.
Leading hotel, entire block lake front overlooking Royal Poinciana; hot & cold running water & phone every room; private baths, private balconies, overlooking tropical gardens; spacious verandas; ocean bathing; golf, fishing, sailing; most delightful social life in America. STRAAT & MAAS.

QUI-SI-SANA SPA HOTEL
Green Cove Springs, Florida.
Fireproof hotel with modern improvements and conveniences. Hot sulpho-magnesia springs and baths, golf, bathing casino, tennis, hunting. Rates $5.00 per day and upwards with meals.
Summer connection: Hotel Dunmore, Lake Dunmore, Vt.; Hotel Marion, Lake George, N. Y. ROSCOE A. MARVEL.

GOLF AT ST. AUGUSTINE
HOTEL ALCAZAR
Now Open
PONCE DE LEON
Opens January 4th
FLORIDA'S IDEAL WINTER CLIMATE
EUSTIS FLORIDA The heart of the OCKLAWAHA HOTEL Lake Region.
A charming Winter hotel, beautifully remodeled. Good Golf, Fishing, Sailing, Hunting, Motoring. Reasonable Rates.
Lewis N. Wiggins, Owner and Manager.

The American Riviera
FLORIDA EAST COAST
Write for Booklet and Information to FLORIDA EAST COAST, 305 Fifth Ave., New York



PORTO RICO
ALL-EXPENSE CRUISE
$180 AND UP
No lovelier spot for a winter's outing than this Island of Enchantment. Rates cover all necessary expenses of meals and stateroom accommodations for the entire trip to and around the island and return to New York. Sailings from New York Wednesdays and Saturdays for 16 and 20 day cruises respectively.
PORTO RICO LINE
11 Broadway, New York

ITALIAN LINES
NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
TRANSOCEANICA
LA VELOCE
NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA
ALSO THROUGH RATES TO TRIESTE, LEVANT, PALESTINE, SYRIA AND BLACK SEA PORTS
F. PALASCIANO Dec. 23
**DUCA D'AOSTA Dec. 31
*AMERICA Jan. 11
F. PALASCIANO Feb. 18
**DUCA D'AOSTA Feb. 13
**From Philadelphia day previous.

Houston Lighting & Power Company

1905
First Mortgage 5%
Sinking Fund Gold Bonds

Due April 1, 1931

This company serves a rapidly growing industrial district. Its gross earnings have increased 280% in the last 10 years. Net earnings five times interest charges on these bonds.

Price to Yield
7½%

Ask for Circular T H

A H Bickmore & Co
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

A Valued Christmas Present

Instead of a check on Christmas Day, why not give a good bond? Practically all issues can be bought in small denominations. Semi-annual coupons act as a constant reminder of the donor. There can be no more acceptable present than money given in the form of a bond.

Write for Circular 152, which will give you our recommendation.

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street, New York

Brooklyn Edison Co., Inc.
General Mortgage 7% Bonds
Series D, due Dec. 1, 1940
at the prevailing market price
to yield
7¼%

These bonds are the direct obligation of the Company which does all the Electric Light & Power business in the Borough of Brooklyn (except 29th Ward), City of New York, and are secured by a mortgage on all real or personal property subject only to approximately $12,000,000 underlying bonds.

Send for descriptive circular T-147

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston Philadelphia Albany
Buffalo Chicago San Francisco

W. F. Ladd & Co.

Investment
Securities

New York

Victory Notes
Yield 7.00%
Third 4¼s
Yield 6.44%
Fourth 4¼s
Yield 5.65%
Call Money —?

INVEST!

C. F. CHILDS & CO.
The Oldest House in America Specializing Exclusively in Government Bonds

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Irregular Decline in Stocks—Sharp Downward Movement in Liberty Bonds.

In a market where prices of stocks, though mostly lower, did not move in any conspicuous manner, yesterday's sharp decline in Liberty bonds was the noteworthy financial incident. These bonds had already declined in price ⅛ to ¼ points last week, under the influence of causes known to every one—the difficulty of raising money at the moment for tax payments or year-end settlements, following the curtailments by the Federal Reserve of its rediscount of loans secured by such collateral. But yesterday's decline was more rapid; it went as far as ⅜ point in the fourth 4¼ per cents and 1¼ in the Third and Second 4¼s. There was no legitimate cause for so sudden a show of weakness.

It occurred on the heels of the news that Congress proposed to revive the War Finance Corporation; an action which is rightly disliked by conservative financiers, but which has no such bearing on the value of Government obligations as the market might seem to have suggested. Possibly it might be imagined that Wall Street had taken more seriously than it deserved the extravagant language of the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee in the United States Senate last Friday. But when Senator Warren told his colleagues that "we are going to be without credit in this nation" and that our Government bonds "are going much lower," most people of sense were perfectly well aware that he was indulging in a very ill-advised and unwarranted flight of oratory with the view of furthering a worthy purpose.

Indeed, the Senator himself conditioned this gloomy future with the phrase "unless we are able to retrench very sharply." If the special interests, agricultural and other, which are just now besieging Washington for help from the Government were to have their way, there would certainly be no retrenchment. But Congress has already shown that it is not in the mood to saddle the Treasury and the public credit with all these requisitions. At their low prices the Liberty bonds stood 1½ to 2 points above their low prices of last May and the Victory 4¾s changed only a trifle during the day.

On the stock market the trend of prices was again downward; but with comparatively few exceptions the day's net losses were smaller than on most of the daily declines of last week Closing prices were, however, generally at or near the lowest, and in some industrial shares net losses of 1 to 3 points occurred. Pressure by professional speculators was rather plainly in evidence. The foreign exchange market continued to show firmness after an early reaction, sterling in particular advancing 2¾ cents and closing at the best. The exchange market and the Federal Reserve ratio are still the indices to the underlying facts of the general credit situation.

Merchants who have been watching for the monthly figures of foreign trade to show the decrease in exports which has long been indicated at New York, will again be puzzled by the statement for November. Last month's exports of merchandise from the whole United States do indeed show decrease of $76,000,000 from October; but otherwise they have been exceeded by only four months of 1920, all occurring in the first half of the year. They are not in value as large as those of November, 1919, being $675,000,000 against last year's $741,000,000, but no other November in our history has come within $150,000,000 of them. The remarkable maintenance of our total export trade must be mainly due to agricultural shipments, as the official figures showed it to have been in October.

Last month's export of cotton, as already reported by the Government, though smaller than in November 1919, was 101,000 bales greater than in October and much the largest of any month since March, and our wheat exports have been similarly heavy. This would not greatly help the comparison with 1919, however, for November wheat prices were down more than a per cent. from the year before and the cotton prices down fully 50 per cent. The November import trade returns show the progressive effects of business reaction in this country. Imports were $23,500,000 less than in October and $231,600,000 below June, a shrinkage of 40 per cent. Although, however, this import trade was the smallest since that of August, 1919, it was still far in excess of any Autumn month in years prior to 1919, and the surplus of exports, $354,000,000, is far beyond any previous November. It compares, in fact, with a November high record of $125,000,000 in the years before the war.

MONEY.

MONDAY, DEC. 20.

Call money on the Stock Exchange on Monday showed no change over the prevailing rate of last week, i. e. 7 per cent. Demand funds ruled at that rate all day. No quotables change in time funds either was made on the first business day of the week in contrast with what funds for fixed periods were going for last week. Most of the day's business was confined to renewals, the demand for new funds being rather light. Bankers' acceptances and commercial paper were quoted unchanged.

Call Loans.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Last	Friday's Last.
7	7	7	7	7

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days	7@7½
4, 5 and 6 months	7
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	7@7½
4, 5 and 6 months	7@7½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months	7@8
Other names, 3 to 6 months	8 @8

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days	6
Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days	6
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days	6

Open Market Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call	6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	6%@6%
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days	6%@6%
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	8 @7%

London Market.

Money on the London market on Monday unchanged at 4½ per cent.; short bills and three months bills unchanged at 6⅜ per cent. Gold bullion on the London market was up 1s 3d at 117s 5d per fine ounce. Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Monday's exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $350,960,789; balances, $103,447,843; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $102,979,916. Exchanges for the same day a year ago, $422,290,217.

Sterling Advances After Early Weakness—European Rates Generally Close Higher.

After a downward reaction of 1 cent in the early market, sterling exchange developed strength and closed 2¾ cents above Saturday. Continental exchanges moved similarly, although Paris closed at a slight net decline.

Argentine exchange was fractionally higher; the rate on Canada declined nearly ¾ cent per dollar, to the lowest of the year.

MONDAY, DEC. 20, 1920.

RANGE OF RATES, SIGHT EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Saturday. Final.
LONDON	3.53½	3.45¾	3.53¾	3.49¾
PARIS	5.58½	5.54	5.58½	5.59
ROME	3.43½	3.35	3.43½	3.39
AMSTERDAM	31.15	30.95	31.15	31.20
BERLIN	1.55½	1.37	1.55½	1.58
MADRID	15.98	15.93	15.98	15.90

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except that silver is based on the London quotation of silver.

Europe.	Monday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.8665 per sovereign.			
Demand	3.53½	3.44¾	3.61½
Cables	3.53¾	3.45¾	3.62½
Com., 60 days	3.47	3.39¾	3.76
Com., 90 days	3.46	3.37¾	3.74
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	5.58½	5.53¾	9.49
Cables	5.58	5.53	9.51
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.43½	3.45¾	7.64
Cables	3.44½	3.46¾	7.65
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.30	6.13	9.56
Cables	6.31	6.14	9.60
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.56½	1.52¾	2.15
Cables	1.59	1.53	2.16
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.22	.20	.70
Cables	.22½	.20	.72
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.16	1.15	1.80
Cables	1.17	1.16	1.85
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.10	14.55	18.90
Cables	15.15	14.60	19.00
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand	2.41	2.39	2.95
Cables	2.46	2.53	3.00

	Monday.	Aso.	Ago.
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	7.25	7.45	12.85
Cables	7.30	7.50	12.95
BRAZIL—Par 32.4 cents per milreis.			
Demand	31.50	30.62	31.4375
Cables	31.56	30.63	31.500
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.20	.19	....
Cables	.21	.20	....
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 19.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.73	.73	1.05
Cables	.74	.74	1.10
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	14.85	14.40	20.40
Cables	14.90	14.45	20.70
POLAND—Par 19.3 cents per mark.			
Demand	.17	.17	1.25
Cables	.17½	.17½	1.27
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Demand	1.19	1.26	2.30
Cables	1.23	1.30	2.35
SERBIA: Belgrade—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	2.80	2.95	5.00
Cables	2.84	2.96	5.05
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	12.90	12.82	19.35
Cables	13.00	12.94	19.45
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	19.70	19.25	21.30
Cables	19.75	19.30	21.35
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	15.12	15.41	18.31
Cables	15.35	15.44	18.36

	Monday.	Aso.	Ago.
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar (or Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Yuping.			
Hongkong, demand	54.75	54.50	69.00
Hongkong, cables	54.88	54.62	69.50
Peking, demand	72.50	72.50	176.00
Shanghai, demand	72.00	72.00	164.00
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee (subject to 4 per cent discount).			
Demand	38.00	38.00	45.00
Cables	38.50	38.50	45.25
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS — Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.			
Demand	46.50	46.50	49.50
Cables	46.00	46.00	49.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	32.50	31.50	....
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	49.50	50.375	50.25
Cables	49.50	50.625	50.50
South America.			
ARGENTINA—Par 42.44c per Arg. paper dol.			
Demand	34.625	35.625	48.15
Cables	34.75	35.75	48.35
BRAZIL—Par 32.4c per paper milreis.			
Demand	14.875	15.75	27.375
Cables	14.50	15.375	28.400
Canada.			
MONTREAL—Par 100c per Canadian dollar.			
Demand	83.9	86.8	86.9
Russian Currency.			

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par 51.40 cents per ruble:

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.70	.75
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.68	.70

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

MONDAY, DEC. 20, 1920.

Day's Sales.	Saturday.	Monday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
908,268	474,917	664,522	941,975	348,487

	Year to Date.	Same Period 1919.	1918.	1917.
	214,358,835½	305,573,691	138,862,396	180,667,450

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
26	28	200	Adams Express	26	26⅞	26	26⅞	+ ⅝
14½	14⅞	100	Advance Rumely	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	— ⅛
54¼	54¾	1,500	Ajax Rubber	25¾	26	25¾	25¾	— ⅜
...	...	600	Alaska Gold Mines	1	1	⅞	1	+ ⅛
⅞	1	500	Alaska Juneau	1	1	⅞	⅞	— ⅛
⅞	1	500	Allegheny & West	87	87	87	87	— ¼
46½	46¾	2,800	Allied Ch. & Dye, w.i.	47	47	46	46½	...
85½	87	100	Do pf., w. i.	86	88	86	86	— 2
28	29	1,800	Allis-Chalm. Mfg	28⅝	29	28½	29¾	+ ⅝
68	71½	100	Allis-Chalm. pf	71	71	71	71	+ 1
54⅜	55	1,300	Am. Ag. Chem., x d.	53⅝	55¼	54¼	54⅝	+ ⅜
43	45	200	Am. Bank Note	43¼	43¾	43½	43½	+1½
39½	43	100	Am. Bank Note pf	41¾	41¾	41¼	41¾	...
35¾	36½	2,100	Am. Beet Sugar	36	37½	35	36	— 2
53	54	1,100	Am. Bosch Magneto	54½	54⅝	53	53	— 3
43	48	100	Am. Brake S. & Fy	45	45	45	45	— 3
22½	23	1,600	Am. Can	22⅝	23	22	22⅝	+ ⅛
73¾	75	600	Am. Can pf	73¾	74	72⅝	74	+ ⅜
117¾	118	8,600	Am. Car & Found	119⅞	119⅞	117	117⅞	— 2½
106	107	200	Am. Car & Fy. pf	106½	106½	106½	106½	...
16⅝	17	1,300	Am. Cotton Oil	16⅞	17	16¾	16¾	— ⅞
7	7⅛	3,200	Am. Drug. Synd	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	...
112	115	200	Am. Express	114½	114½	114	114	— 1
5⅞	6¼	1,400	Am. Hide & Leath	6¼	6½	6	6	— ⅛
36	36½	2,200	Am. Hide & L. pf	36½	37½	36	36	— ⅛
38	40	200	Am. Ice	39	39	39	39	...
53	56	100	Am. Ice pf	53¼	53¼	53¼	53¼	+ 4¼
32¼	32½	6,700	Am. International	35	35	32¼	32½	— 3⅜
48	49	900	Am. Linseed	50¾	50¾	48⅞	48⅞	— 3
77¼	78	5,300	Am. Locomotive	78⅜	78⅜	77½	77½	— 1½
100	100¼	400	Am. Locomot. pf	100	100	100	100	— ½
64	68	300	Am. Radiator	67½	67½	65¾	65¾	— 1⅝
...	...	100	Am. Radiator pf	101	101	101	101	...
...	7¾	5,400	Am. Safety Razor	8½	8½	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
8¼	8¾	1,400	Am. Ship & Com	8⅝	8⅝	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅜
38⅜	38⅞	5,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref	39¼	39¾	38½	38½	— 1½
80	81	600	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	80⅝	80⅝	80	80	— 2½
28	29¼	300	Am. Steel Found	29	...	28½	29	+ ⅛
83	84	5,695	Am. Sugar Ref	83½	84	82¾	83	— ⅛
99	99½	500	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	99½	99¾	99	99	...
68	68¾	1,000	Am. Sumatra Tob	67⅞	67½	67½	67½	— 1½
95½	95¾	3,100	Am. Tel. & Tel., ex d	95⅝	96	95½	95½	— ½
110	110½	1,300	Am. Tobaccoc	111	112½	110¼	110⅝	— ⅝
107½	108	1,000	Am. Tob., Class B	109¼	109¼	108	108	— 1
87½	88	800	Am. Tobacco pf	87⅝	87⅝	87¼	87¼	+ ½
60¾	60¾	6,200	Am. Woolen	60⅝	61¼	60⅜	60⅜	— ¼
88¾	92	100	Am. Woolen pf	89⅞	89⅞	89⅝	89⅝	— ¾
30	30½	800	Am. Writ. Paper pf	31	31	30	30	— 2½
5⅞	6⅛	1,700	Am. Zinc, L. & S	6	6¼	6	6	— ⅛
28½	30	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	29	29	29	29	...
32	33	15,900	Anaconda Copper	35	35	32	32	— 3
18	18¾	100	Assoc. Dry Goods	18	18	18	18	...
49	52	200	Assoc. D. G. 1st pf	50	52	50	52	+ 2
37	38	200	Assoc. D. G. 2d pf	38	38	38	38	— 3
78¼	78⅝	6,200	At., Top. & S. F.	79¼	79¼	76¾	78½	— ½
73	75¼	500	At., Top. & S. F. pf	75	75¼	75	75	— ¼
4½	4⅞	900	Atlanta, Birm. & At	5	5	4¾	4¾	— ⅛
84⅞	86	100	Atlantic Coast Line	83	83	85	86	+ 3
7	7¼	300	Atlantic Fruit	...	7¼	7¼	7¼	+ ¼
103¼	104	4,100	At., Gulf & W. I.	103	104¼	102¾	103⅝	+ ¼
54	56	100	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾	+ ¾
900	1000	33	Atlantic Refining	960	960	925	925	...
9	10	3,200	Austin-Nichols	10	10	9¼	9½	— ½
60	64	300	Austin-Nichols pf	62	62	62	62	— 2½
83¾	83¾	10,300	Bald. Locomotive	85¾	86¾	85½	85½	— ¾
93	95	100	Bald. Locomot. pf	94	94	94	94	— ¼
31	31¾	5,500	Baltimore & Ohio	31	31¾	31¼	31¼	— ½
47	47⅝	300	Balt. & Ohio pf	47½	47½	47¼	47¼	— ½
69	70	100	Barnet Leather pf	69	69	69	69	— 11
33	36	100	Barnsdall Class B	36	35	35	35	— 1
...	...	200	Barrett Co. Chem. C ctfs. of dep.	105	106	105	106	— 3
2¾	3	300	Bethlehem Motor	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾	+ ⅛
47½	50	400	Bethlehem Steel	48⅝	49	48¾	48¾	— 1½
50⅜	50¾	6,850	Beth. Steel Class B	51⅜	51⅜	50⅜	50⅜	— 1½
3⅛	3½	2,200	Booth Fisheries	3⅜	3⅜	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
9⅝	10	1,200	Brooklyn R. T.	9⅝	9⅝	9½	9⅝	...
6½	6¾	700	Do., ctfs. of dep.	6½	6½	6½	6½	...
...	...	100	Brook. Union Gas	51	51	51	51	...
35	38	100	Brown Shoe	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	— 1¾
75	81	100	Brown Shoe pf	80	80	80	80	— 2
3¾	4½	100	Bruns. T. & R. Sec	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	+ ½
77	79	3,500	Burns Bros	80⅞	80⅞	76	76½	— 4½
4½	4¾	600	Butte Copper & Z	4½	4½	4½	4½	— ⅛
8½	8¾	600	Butte & Superior	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	— ⅛
10	10¼	500	Butte Coalition	10¼	10	10	10	— ⅛
11¼	11½	1,800	Caddo Cen. O. & R.	12	12	11¾	11¾	— ⅛
58	60	2,000	California Packing	61	61	58	58	— 3½
24⅞	25¼	4,000	Cal. Petroleum	24	26⅛	24	24⅝	+ ⅝
67	69	100	Cal. Petrol. pf. x d.	66¼	66¼	66¼	66¼	+ ¼
41	42½	100	Calumet & Arizona	42½	42½	42½	42½	+ ½
111¾	112	2,000	Canadian Pacific	112	112¾	111¾	111¾	— ¾
33	34	4,400	Cen. Leather Co	35¾	35¾	33	33	— 2
82	84	300	Cen. Leath. Co. pf	85½	85½	85	85	— ⅝
26¼	26½	600	Cerro de Pasco Cop	26⅝	26⅝	26¼	26¼	+ ⅛
68	68½	7,900	Chandler Motor x d	69¾	69¾	68½	68½	— 1½
53⅜	54	4,600	Ches. & Ohio	54½	55	53¾	54	— ⅛
5	8	200	C. & E. I. pf. ex. r.	5⅜	5⅜	5	5	...
7¾	7⅞	700	Chi. Great Western	7¾	7¾	7¾	7½	+ ⅛
16½	17	200	Chi. Great West. pf	16⅞	16⅞	16½	16½	— ⅛
24⅞	23¼	6,900	C., M. & St. P	25	25⅜	24⅞	23¼	— 1½
38¼	38¾	5,700	C., M. & St. P. pf	38¾	40	38	38½	— 1
64½	64¾	8,000	Chi. & Northwest	65¾	66	64½	64¾	— 2½
101¾	102	100	Chi. & Northw. pf	102	102	102	102	— ½
62¾	65	200	Chi. Pneu. Tool	63¾	63¾	63	63	— 1
24	24½	3,800	C., R. I. & P.	24¾	25	24	24	— ⅛
66	66½	1,100	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	66	66	66	66	...
56	56½	1,000	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	56¼	56¼	56½	56½	+ ½
8⅝	9¼	16,800	Chile Copper	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
17¾	17⅞	3,400	Chino Copper	18	18⅛	17¾	17¾	— ⅛
33	33½	200	C., C. C. & St. L.	33	33½	33	33½	+ ½
...	44½	600	Cluett, Peabody	45¾	46	45	45	— 1
20	20⅜	2,900	Coca-Cola	20⅜	20⅝	20	20	+ ⅛
25	25¼	500	Col. Fuel & Iron	25	25¼	25	25½	+ ⅛
24½	25¼	100	Col. & Southern	25	25	25	25	...
54¼	54¾	1,500	Columbia Gas & El	54	54¼	53¾	53¾	— ⅛
10⅝	10¾	4,800	Columbia Graph	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	+ ⅛
58	60	100	Columbia Graph. pf	63	63	63	63	+ ½
75⅜	76½	2,700	Consolidated Gas	77½	77½	75⅝	75⅝	— 2
5¼	5⅝	700	Con. Interst. Cal. M	5½	5½	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
18	18½	400	Consol. Textile	18½	18½	18¼	18¼	— ⅛
55¾	58	60	Consol. Tob., ex div	58¾	58¾	58¾	58¾	— 1
4	4¾	4,600	Continental Candy	5	5¼	4¾	4¾	— ¼
64	64½	7,400	Corn Products Ref	63½	65	63¾	64	— ¼
94	97	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	97	97	97	97	— 1
26¾	27	3,300	Cosden & Co	27½	27¾	26¾	26¾	— ⅝
80½	81	11,800	Crucible Steel	81¾	82	79½	80¾	— ⅝
16⅜	17	13,000	Cuba Cane Sugar	17⅜	18¼	16¾	16¾	— 1½
55⅝	56½	3,400	Cuba Cane S. pf	55½	56⅜	55¾	55¾	— 1¼
15	21½	2,700	Cuban-Am. Sugar	25	25	21½	21½	— 4½
94	94½	500	Delaware & Hudson	93½	94½	93½	94½	+ ⅛
210	220	200	Del., Lack. & West	210	210	210	210	— 5
⅞	1	400	Den. & Rio Grande	⅞	1	⅞	1	...
1½	2	5,300	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	1⅝	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝	+ ½
10	10¼	200	Dome Mines	10	10	10	10	...
94	97	100	Durham Hosiery pf	86	86	86	86	— 2
14¼	14½	800	Elkhorn Coal	14½	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅛
51	52	1,700	Endicott-Johnson	52½	53	52	52	+ ½
85½	86	200	Endicott-John. pf	85¾	85¾	85½	85¾	+ ¼
12	12⅜	5,200	Erie	12½	12⅝	12	12	— ⅛
17⅜	17⅝	2,400	Erie 1st pf	18	18¼	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅜
12½	13	400	Erie 2d pf	12¾	13	12½	12½	— ⅜
40½	41	7,200	Famous Players	43	43	40	40½	— 2½
68	70	400	Famous Players pf	70¼	70¼	69	69	— 1¼
5	7½	200	Fed. Min. & Smelt	5	5	5	5	...
24⅝	25	100	Fed. Min. & Sm. pf	24⅞	24⅞	24¾	24⅞	— ⅛
10⅝	10⅞	1,800	Fisk Rubber	10⅝	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅝
13⅞	14	1,100	Freeport-Texas	14½	14⅝	14	14	...
2	2¼	600	Gaston, Wm. & Wig	2	2⅞	2	2⅜	...
47	48	100	Gen. Am. Tank Car	48	48	48	48	— 3
40¼	40⅝	7,900	General Asphalt	40	41⅝	39¾	40¼	+ ⅝
...	...	1,200	Gen. Ch. Co. c. of d.	123	123	123	123	+ 1
84	89	100	Gen. Chemical pf	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	— 2¾
53	54	200	General Cigar	54	54	53	53	— 1
81½	82	600	Gen. Cigar deb. pf	81½	81½	81½	81½	...
118	118½	1,700	General Electric	118½	118⅝	118½	118½	+ ¼
13½	13¾	38,700	General Motors	13	13½	12⅝	13¼	+ ⅛
70	70½	200	Gen. Motors 7% deb.	70½	70½	70	70	...
60	60⅝	1,100	Gen. Motors 6% deb.	60⅝	60⅝	60	60	— ½
30¾	31	3,700	Goodrich (B.F.) Co.	32½	32⅝	30¼	30½	— 2⅝
70	75	700	Goodrich pf	75	75	74½	74½	— 1
15	16	600	Granby Consol	18	18	16	16	— 2¼
10½	12	100	Gray & Davis	11	11	11	11	...
71½	72½	4,100	Great Northern pf	72½	72⅝	71½	72	...
25⅞	26	4,200	Gt.N.ofs., ore props	26	26⅝	25⅞	26	+ ½
17	17½	600	Greene-Can. Copper	18	18	17	17	— ⅛
28	31	100	Gulf States Steel	29½	29½	29	29¼	— ½
68¼	70¼	100	Hartman Corp	69	69	69	69	— ½
54	54½	500	Haskell & Barker	54½	54½	54	54	— ½
13½	14½	400	Hendee Mfg	13⅝	14½	13⅝	14	...
48	55	300	Homestake Mining	50	50	48	48	— 2
58	59	4,300	Houston Oil	66¼	66¼	56¼	56¼	— 11¾
9⅝	9⅞	1,100	Hupp Motor Car	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	...
83⅜	84	2,600	Illinois Central	83	83½	83	83½	+ ¾
6	6⅜	1,300	Indiahoma Refin	6	6⅜	6	6	...
...	...	100	Indian Refining pf	82	82	82	82	...
28	28¾	6,900	Inspiration Copper	29½	29½	28	28	— 1⅝
3½	3⅝	900	Interboro Con	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
9⅝	10	400	Interboro Con. pf	10	10	9½	9½	...
9½	10	400	Int. Agricultural	10	10	9⅝	9⅝	...
46	47	100	Int. Agricul. pf	46⅜	46⅜	46⅜	46⅜	+ ⅜
94⅝	95¾	1,000	Int. Harvester, new	95¾	96¾	94¾	94⅞	— ¾
11⅞	12⅛	1,200	Int. Mer. Marine	11⅜	11⅝	11½	11½	...
47½	48

We offer

Standard Oil Co.
of California
10-Yr. 7% Debentures

and

Standard Oil Co.
of New York
7% Serial Debentures

Both to Yield 7%

Ask for Circular T-8

Robert C. Mayer & Co.
Investment Bankers
Equitable Bldg.
New York
Tel. Rector 6770

The Fog of Politics
The Tax Problem
Foreign Trade

Discussed in this week's issue of
THE BACHE REVIEW

The REVIEW is issued weekly and Copies may be had upon request

J.S. Bache & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1891
Members New York Stock Exchange
42 Broadway New York
Branches and Correspondents throughout the United States.

Municipal Securities

State of South Dakota 6s
Due 1943.
Yielding about **5.25%**

Jasper County, Texas, 7s
WARRANTS
Due 1921-1935.
Yielding about **7%**

San Jacinto County, Texas, 7s
WARRANTS
Due 1922-1938.
Yielding about **7%**

Special Circulars Mailed on Request
The above issues are exempt from payment of all FEDERAL INCOME TAX

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

Consolidated Gas Co. of New York System

New York & Queens Electric Light & Power Company

First Mortgage 5s, due Aug. 1, 1930.

Authorized	Outstanding
$2,300,000	$2,250,000

Secured by a First Mortgage on property and franchises of Company supplying the major portion of the Borough of Queens, New York City, with electricity for light, heat and power purposes. This issue constitutes the only funded debt of the Company, the ASSESSED VALUE of whose plant and property was officially reported last year as being worth $3,540,450, or more than twice the amount of these bonds outstanding.

For the year ended Dec. 31, 1919, net earnings were equal to more than 3½ times the annual interest charges on these bonds.

Bonds were originally issued in 1900 at 102½ and interest.

Price 81 and interest, to yield 7.75%

Wm. Carnegie Ewen
Investment Securities
2 WALL ST.—NEW YORK
Tel. Rector 8278-9

We regard the present situation as unusually advantageous for the purchase of sound long term bonds which can now be obtained to yield from

5% to 8%

List of offerings upon request

Redmond & Co.
Members New York and Pittsburgh Stock Exchanges
33 Pine St. New York
Union Arcade Bldg. Pittsburgh

PACIFIC OIL BOARD

Paul Shoup Elected President and Hugh Neill Secretary of New Company.

LEASING POLICY OPPOSED

No Immediate Financing Planned to Develop Southern Pacific's Former Holdings.

Shortly after being elected Chairman of the Board of the new Pacific Oil Company yesterday which has taken over the California oil properties of the Southern Pacific Company, Henry W. de erty, it was his personal feeling that no land would be leased to other producers on a royalty or other basis.

The permanent executive organization of the company was completed yesterday when Mr. de Forest was elected Chairman of the Board, Paul Shoup, President, and Hugh Neill, Secretary and Treasurer. Mr. de Forest, Charles A. Peabody and Mortimer L. Schiff were elected as members of the Executive Committee, and the following were elected Directors:

James S. Alexander, Gordon M. Buck, B. D. Caldwell, Samuel Rea, E. P. Swenson, Mr. de Forest, Mr. Schiff, Mr. Shoup and Mr. Peabody.

When asked if the Pacific Oil Company would do new financing soon to develop the oil lands on a large scale Mr. de Forest said that nothing of the kind was contemplated. He said that the pipe lines of the Associated Oil Company, control of which is vested in the Pacific Oil Company under the plan for a separation of Southern Pacific oil and railroad properties, tap the districts to be developed and are sufficient for immediate development needs.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, DEC. 20, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$26,010,000	$26,775,500	$15,083,000
Year to date.....	3,695,840,550	3,537,574,825	1,927,497,500

GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales $1,000.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing— Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
1,330	—Liberty 3½s, 1932-47.....	90.06	90.10	89.86	89.90	—.10	89.86	89.90	4.02
6	—Liberty 1st 4s, 1932-47.....	84.80	84.80	84.80	84.80	— .12	84.85	84.88	....
....	—Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42.....	....	....	....	....	....	83.10	83.20	....
58	—Liberty 1st con. 4½s, 1932-47.	83.10	83.22	84.00	83.00	— .50	85.00	86.00	5.23
7,089	—Liberty 2d con. 4½s, 1927-42..	84.90	84.60	85.00	83.10	—1.90	83.10	85.30	5.20
145	—Liberty 2d 4½s, reg.....	84.38	84.38	84.00	84.00	— .78	....	....	....
25	—Liberty 2d 4½s, 1932-47.....	94.00	94.12	94.00	94.12	— .88	....	....	....
2,612	—Liberty 3d con. 4½s, 1929.....	87.20	87.20	85.60	85.60	—1.80	85.68	85.80	5.44
81	—Liberty 3d 4½s, reg.....	86.80	87.04	86.74	86.74	— .88	....	....	....
5,839½	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38.....	85.18	86.20	83.50	83.80	—1.48	83.70	83.80	5.42
107	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg.....	84.86	84.90	84.36	84.36	....	....	....	....
1,680	—Victory 4¾s, 1922.....	95.04	95.06	94.96	94.96	— .10	94.96	95.00	6.06
988	—Victory 3¾s, 1922-23.....	95.00	95.04	94.94	94.94	+ .04	94.96	95.00	5.28
13	—Victory 3¾s, reg.....	94.80	94.80	94.80	94.80	— .18	....	....	....

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Chinese Ry 5s: 17..... 39¾; 1..... 40½
City of Berne 8s, temp ctfs: 1..... 94¾; 2..... 94½; .6..... 95; 7..... 94
City of Bord'x 6s, temp ctfs: 5..... 79
City of Chris'a 8s, K, L & Co ctfs: 1..... 73½; 1..... 72
C of Paris 6s: 58..... 92½; 2..... 92; 1..... 92½; 2..... 92⅝; 5..... 92¼; 50..... 92; 10..... 91⅞
City of Zurich 8s, receipts: 4..... 95½; 2..... 95¼; 6..... 95½; 4..... 95¾
Dom of Can'a 5s, 1921: 23..... 98⅞
5s, 1926: 2..... 98; 5½s, 1929: 1..... 88¼; 3..... 88½; 18..... 88
French Gov 8s: 87..... 100; 5..... 100⅛; 21..... 100
Gov of Switz'd 8s, temp rcts: 1..... 102
Jap Govt 4½s, sterling loan: 2..... 75¾; 13s30f.. 75⅜; 16..... 75¾; 7..... 75¾
4s, ster loan: 4..... 75⅞; 2..... 75½; 1..... 75¾; 10..... 76; 5..... 75¾
2d series: 5..... 75½; 9..... 75⅝; 8..... 75¼
4s, ster loan: 4..... 75⅞; 2..... 75½; 1..... 75¾; 10..... 76; 5..... 75¾
King of Belg 7½s, rects: 2..... 97; 8..... 97¼; 8..... 96¾; 2..... 97; 5..... 96⅞; 1..... 96¾
6s, 1925: 10..... 89¼
Rep of Cuba 5s, 1904: 1..... 76½
Un K of Gt Br & I 5½s, '21: 2..... 97½; 45..... 97¾; 1..... 97⅝
5½s, 1922: 5..... 94⅞
5½s, 1929: 58..... 88⅝
5½s, 1937: 12..... 83½; 5..... 83¼; 52..... 83; 1..... 83½; 5..... 83⅜; 6..... 83½; 6..... 83¾
registered: 4..... 82¼
U S of Mex 5s: 3..... 40¾; 8..... 40
N Y City 4½s, 1960: 20..... 85¼; 4½s, May, '57: 18..... 90⅞; 2..... 91
Nov, 1957: 14..... 90⅞
1965: 10..... 90¾
A G M cv deb 6s, Ser A: 2..... 15
Series B: 5..... 15¾
Am A C cv 5s: 6..... 88
deb 5s: 10..... 88½
Am S & Ref tamp 1st 5s: 6..... 73⅞; 5..... 72¾; 5..... 73½; 3..... 73⅞; 28..... 73
Am T & T c 4s: 31..... 73; 32..... 72; 10..... 73; 1..... 72⅞; coll tr 5s: 7..... 76; 17..... 75¾; 11..... 75½; 6..... 75⅞; 1..... 75¾; 1..... 76; 1..... 75⅝; 6..... 76; 2..... 75⅝; 10..... 75½; conv 6s: 3..... 93⅜; 10..... 93⅞; 5..... 93¾; 2..... 93½; 6..... 94; conv 4½s: 2..... 80; 53..... 79⅜
Arm & Co 4½s: 1..... 73⅝; 2..... 73⅜; 10..... 73½; 10..... 73⅞; 4..... 73⅝
A, T & S Fe gen 4s: 18..... 74¼; 30..... 74; 5..... 73⅞; 3..... 74¼; 12..... 75; 5..... 74⅝; 3..... 74⅝; adjust 4s: 2..... 68¼; adj 4s, stpd: 5..... 69; 11..... 69⅜; conv 4½s: 5..... 79⅝

Chesa&O con 5s: 2..... 89½; gen 4½s: 1..... 78¼; 20..... 72⅝; 3..... 72⅜; 3..... 72⅜; conv 4½s: 12..... 70⅜; 2..... 70⅝; 11..... 64; 10..... 64⅝; 3..... 65; ref 5s: 15..... 64⅜; 8..... 64½; 22..... 64⅝; 2..... 64½; 10..... 64; 6s: 1..... 89¾; 1..... 89; 5..... 88½; S W div 3½s: 1..... 74; Tol-Cin div 4s: 6..... 81¾; 3..... 81¼; 4..... 81⅜; 1..... 81¾; Bell Tel of Pa 7s, int rcts: 2..... 101⅜; 1..... 101¼; 15..... 101⅜; 2..... 101¼; 10..... 101½; Beth Steel pur mon 5s: 15..... 75; 1st & ref 5s: 4..... 77¾; Braden Copper s f 6s: 10..... 82½; 8..... 82; 4..... 81; Bush Term 6s: 2..... 68; Bush Ter Bldg gtd 5s: 1..... 71¾; 1..... 71; 1..... 70¾; San Nor 7s, int rcts: 1..... 100; 11..... 99⅞; 3..... 100; 2..... 100; 5..... 99⅝; Cent of Ga Ry con 5s: 10..... 88⅝; 6s: 19..... 85¾; 28..... 85; Cent Leath 5s: 1..... 87; Cen Pac gtd 4s: 5..... 71¾; 1..... 71⅝; 1..... 71¾; 12..... 71¼; 20..... 71; 9..... 71⅜; 12..... 71⅛; Cent of Ga Ry con 5s: 8..... 74⅝; conv 4½s: 1..... 65¾; 1..... 65⅝; 13..... 65; 25..... 65; 1..... 65¼; 1..... 65¾; 2..... 65¼; cv 5s, Ser B: 1..... 65¾; 2..... 65¾; cv 5s, Ser B: 1..... 68¾; 5..... 68; 2..... 68; ref 4½s: 2..... 65; 18..... 65; ref 4½s: 3..... 58¼; 2..... 58; 1..... 58¼; 8..... 58¼; C & P Wn 5s: 25..... 99½; Chi & N Wn gen 3½s: 4..... 65; gen 4s: 10..... 73; deb 5s, 1933: 15..... 88¾; 7s, temp ctfs: 3..... 101¾; Chi Rys 5s: 6..... 56; 10..... 55¼; C, R I & P gen 4s: 10..... 67½; ref 4s: 1..... 64⅜; 18..... 64¼; 8..... 64; 1..... 64¾; 44..... 64; 9..... 63¼; Chi Un Sta 4½s, Ser A: 7..... 78½; 11..... 76; 8..... 75¼; 2..... 104¾; Chi & W Ind con 4s: 3..... 58⅜; 4..... 58⅜; 1..... 58¾; Chile Cop 7s: 1..... 90¾; 3..... 90⅝; Chile Copper conv tr 8s: 15..... 65; 5..... 64¼; 8..... 64⅝; 1..... 64; 1..... 63¼; 1..... 63¼; 20..... 64; 10..... 64¼; 1..... 63¼; C, C,C & St L ref & imp 6s: 4..... 87; Col & So ref & ext 4½s: 7..... 70; 5..... 69¾; 24..... 69½; ColG&E 1st 5s: 1..... 80; Con Gas cv 7s: 8..... 99; 1..... 98½; Cuba C Sugar conv 7s: 2..... 78½; 11..... 78⅝; 3..... 78; 5..... 78¾; 4..... 78½; 1..... 78⅜; 1..... 78½; 6..... 78; 13..... 78½; 5..... 78; Del & Hudson 1st ref 4s: 5..... 73¼; 1..... 76; conv 5s: 5..... 83⅜; Den & Rio G 1st ref 5s: 1..... 42; 18..... 41½; 7..... 42; 23..... 41; 4..... 42¼; con 4s: 5..... 62; DetRivTn 4½s: 25..... 76; Dul & I R 5s: 2..... 85⅜; DuPdeMP 4½s: 5..... 83; Erie1st gen 4s: 8..... 40¾; 20..... 40; 6..... 40½; 6..... 40; 25..... 40⅝; 1st con 4s: 5..... 50; 5..... 50¼; cv 4s, Ser A: 5..... 36⅝; 1..... 36; 1..... 37; 2..... 36½; cv 4s, Ser D: 2..... 41¼; 12..... 41⅜; 1..... 41; E&T H con 6s: 1..... 89; Gen El deb 5s: 2..... 100; 8..... 87; 24½s, Ser A: 7..... 78½; 11..... 78; 2..... 75¼; 6½s, int ctfs: 2..... 104⅜; Chi Un Sta 4½s, Ser A: 7..... 78½; 11..... 78; 2..... 75¼; 6½s, int ctfs: 2..... 104⅜

CONCERNING MATURITIES

We believe that the investor should today endeavor to secure the prevailing high rates of interest for a period of years by purchasing long-term bonds.
It may, however, even under present conditions, be good policy for him to keep a portion of his funds in Notes of early maturity purchasable to yield from

7%—10%

Recommendations on request

J.G.WHITE & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
37 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

Successful Buying

Success in purchasing securities is based upon knowledge of the conditions and prospects of the enterprise that issues the security.
Few investors have the facilities or the time to conduct a personal investigation prior to their security purchases.
Our Statistical Department is replete with data concerning various security issues.

Information mailed gratis on request

H.D.Robbins&Co.
61 Broadway New York
Telephone Bowling Green 6727

GRAHAM, PARSONS & CO.
435 Chestnut St. Philadelphia
30 Pine St. New York
Investment Securities

Deal in and Purchase Issues of Municipal Bonds
Bonds, Notes and Preferred Stocks of Railroads, Utilities and Industrial Corporations of Established Value

John 5727-30

As a safe and profitable investment we recommend the

City of Copenhagen
4% Loan of 1901

Interest and principal payable in U. S. Dollars at a fixed rate of exchange, which at the present purchase will yield about 7%; an additional profit of 80% may be realized when bonds are redeemed.

Ask for Circular "T-12"

Your inquiry is also invited on
BRITISH FRENCH
BELGIAN GERMAN
and other European Bonds

HUTH & CO.
30 Pine Street, New York
Telephone John 6214

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway, New York

Tenn. Rwy., Lt. & Pow. Co.
Common & Pfd. Stocks
Texas Electric Rwy. Co.
Common & Pfd. Stocks

Phones Rector 9980-5, 9723-7, 8821-3
Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston

SHARP DECLINE IN CANADIAN EXCHANGE

Canadian Dollar Falls to 16⅛ Per Cent. Discount on New York Market.

DUE TO TRADE CONDITIONS

Deranged International Market and Year-End Demand for Money Also Contributing Causes.

New York exchange on Canada, which has been declining rapidly throughout the past week, touching at the close of the week a new low level for the period, yesterday went to the lowest rate recorded since the war began. On Wall Street the price paid yesterday for drafts on Canadian cities was 83.9 cents per Canadian dollar, which meant that the Canadian dollar, whose intrinsic value is the same as our own, was selling at a discount of 16.1 per cent. in New York.

Exchange on Canada was weak for a long period last year, but a year ago it was selling at a discount of only 7 or 8 cents to the dollar. The lowest discount during the present year occurred when the New York rate for Canadian funds stood at 92.8 cents per Canadian dollar on Jan. 7. A week ago yesterday the Canadian dollar commanded 86.3 cents in New York; a month ago the rate was 88.9.

The present exceptional depreciation of Canadian exchange is ascribed by Canadian bankers in this city both to the large balance of merchandise trade against Canada and in favor of this country and to the large withdrawal of funds from Canada by American houses with a view to the year-end financial settlements. During the ten months ending with October, the last for which our trade with Canada has been separately reported on, the surplus of exports from this country to Canada over imports of Canadian goods into this country was $362,006,000, which compared with $193,483,000 in the same period of 1919.

But the surplus of exports in the present year is not entirely abnormal when compared with some years before the war. In 1913, for instance, the surplus of exports over imports in our trade with Canada was $339,465,000. But at that period of normal international exchange relations it was customary for Canada to draw on London for payment of whatever balance might have accrued against her in the United States, which has not been practicable this year. During the nine months ended with last September there had been imported into this country from Canada $31,878,940 in gold, which was about the same amount as in the previous year; but Canada has also had large remittances to make to the United States against interest on the large Canadian loans placed in this market during and since the war, and the gold exports hardly offset that.

It has excited much interest that the present depreciation of Canadian exchange on the New York market should have occurred notwithstanding the very large shipments of Canadian wheat into the United States. It is believed that these shipments have largely been stimulated by the fact of a depreciated Canadian exchange, which made it possible for an American purchaser to obtain grain in Canada at exactly the discount from its normal Canadian price as was indicated by the discount on Canadian exchange.

Exchange on other countries in the funds in New York. The following quotations were given out toward the close of last week by the foreign exchange department of the Bank of Montreal at Montreal; they show the Montreal quotations for exchange on Europe, with the New York quotations of the same day on the same points:

Exchange on	At Montreal.	At New York.
London	4.1309	3.5115
France	.0712	.0808
Belgium	.0753	.0641
Italy	.0415	.0325⅛
Swiss	.1709	.1522
Spain	.1540	.1310
Holland	.3734	.3175
Germany	.0164	.0140
Norway	.1764	.1500
Sweden	.1764	.1764
Denmark	.1709	.1520

It is an illustration of the abnormal condition of international exchange that Canada's excess of exports in her direct trade with Great Britain amounted to £52,600,000 during the first nine months of the present year, as against £10,863,000 in the corresponding months of 1914, yet that it has not been practicable for Canada to steady her own exchange market in New York through sales of exchange on London.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argent. (unlisted)	5	Sept., 1945	82	83
Belgian (Rester'n)		1934	54⅜	57⅜
Bel. Prin. Ln.		2065	60½	63½
British Victory	4	1960	252	262
British Fund	4	1960	230	240
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1927	338	348
Brit. Nat. W. L.		1920	845	855
Canada 6	5½	Dec., 1922	81½	83½
Canada	5½	Nov., 1923	81	83
French Gov. Vic.	3	1931	43½	51½
French Loan '17	6	1945	33½	41⅜
French Frand	5	Loan of '20	55⅜	58⅜
French Loan, '20	6	1931	56⅜	59⅜
Italy Treas.	5	1932	34½	37½
Italy Treas.	5	1923	32½	35
Russia, ruble bds.	5½	Feb., 1926	9	11
Russia	3½	1921	8	10
Sweden	6	June, 1939	77½	78½
Switzerland	5½	1929	79½	80½

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

Quoted on a Percentage Basis.

Name	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1920-'27	4½	7.75	8.75
Bethlehem Steel	1920-'30	7	7.75	7.00
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1920-'33	4¼@5-8	7.10	6.50
Canadian Pacific	1920-'32	4½@6	7.50	6.40
Ches. & Ohio	1924-'35	6½	6.75	6.40
Chicago & N. W.	1920-'23	4½	7.00	6.40
Chi., R. I. & P.	1920-'27	4½@5	7.75	7.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	7.37	6.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	7.00	6.30
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	7.50	6.87
Erie Railroad	1920-'27	4½@5	8.00	7.00
Grace Steamship	1920-'34	6	7.87	7.25
Illinois Central	1920-'27	4½@5	7.10	6.40
Illinois Central	1925-'53	4	6.75	6.40
Int. Prod. S'ship	1920-'26	7	8.50	7.50
Louis. & Nash.	1920-'23	5	7.12	6.40
Michigan Central	1920-'32	5 @6	7.00	6.40
Minn. & St. L.	1920-'27	5 @6	7.75	7.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1920-'24	6	8.25	7.25
New York Cen.	1920-'32	4½@5	7.25	6.40
New York Cen.	1921-'35	7	7.12	6.40
Norf. & West	1920-'24	4½	7.00	6.40
Northern Pacific	1921-'30	7	7.15	6.40
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'29	4½@5-8	8.23	7.25
Pa. Fruit Exp.	1925-'35	7	6.90	6.40
Pa. Gen. Freight	1920-'23	4 @4½	7.00	6.37
Pitts. & L. Erie	1921-'35	6½	6.87	6.40
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	7.10	6.40
Seaboard Air L.	1920-'27	4½@5-8	8.25	7.25
Sinclair Refining	1920-'21	6	8.50	7.50
Southern Pacific	1920-'25	4½	7.10	6.40
Southern Pacific	1924-'35	7	6.87	6.40
Southern Ry.	1920-'28	4½@5	7.62	6.62
Union Pacific	1924-'35	7	6.80	6.40
Virginian Ry.	1920-'30	6	7.50	6.75
White Oil Corp.	1920-'23	6	8.50	7.50

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Rights Expire.	Yester- day's Bid.	Yester- day's Ask.	Fri- day's Bid.
Corn Exch. Bank	Feb. 3	42	44	42
Detroit Edison	Jan. 10	..	¼	..
General Electric	Jan. 20	3½	3⅝	3½
General Asphalt	Dec. 20	..	¼	..
Goldwyn Picture	Dec. 20	..	¼	..
Home Insurance	Feb. 1	175	178	178
Landers, F. & Clark	Dec. 20	3½	4¼	3½
Mexican Eagle Oil		8	12	..
Nat. Park Bank	Feb. 3	70	75	70
Pacific Development	Jan. 10	..	¼	..
Shaw (W. W.)		16	18	17½
So. N. E. Tel.	Jan. 12	..	⅛	..
Southern Pacific	Mar. 1	23½	23¾	23¾
Tidewater Oil	Jan. 19	13⅞	14	13⅞
Un. Zinc Smelt. Co.	Jan. 6	..	½	..

Stockholders Charge Conspiracy Led to Decree for Purchase.

The sale of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad to representatives of Western Pacific bondholders last month to satisfy a $58,000,000 judgment obtained by the latter some years ago has not been confirmed by the Western courts pending a decision of the Federal Appellate Court on the right of Denver & Rio Grande stockholders to intervene.

The Stockholders' Protective Committee has filed in the Denver Federal Court complaints charging conspiracy in matters which led to a decree ordering the sale of the property, and names various corporations and individuals as defendants. The complaints charge that the Western Pacific interests, which would result in wiping out both the common and preferred stocks of the former road.

Proposes U. S. Envelope Stock Issue.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 29.—The United States Envelope Company, with main offices here and factories in several cities, will submit to its stockholders at a meeting in Portland, Me., Jan. 5, a proposal to increase its capital stock from $5,000,000 to $8,000,000 by the issue of $3,000,000 of common stock. This is to be retained as treasury stock, Treasurer W. O. Day said today, to be issued as need arises. Part of it will be used to meet the expense of additions.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
City of Berne 8s	92	93½
City of Christiania 8s	90	93½
City of Zurich 8s	85	95½
Argentine 6s	97½	97⅝
Belgium 6s, 1921	99½	..
Belgium 6s, 1925	87	89
Belgium 7½s	96½	97
Dom. of Canada, 5s, 1921	96½	97
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	98⅝	98½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	88	89½
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	87½	87⅝
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	..	85½
Chinese Government 5s	40½	76½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	..	76½
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1946	61½	61⅝
Dominican Republic 5s	72¾	73⅝
City of Lyons 6s	78¾	84
City of Marseilles 6s	78½	84
City of Bordeaux 6s	78½	84
City of Copenhagen 5½s	72	73
French Gov. 8s	100	100½
City of Paris 8s	92	102
Gov. of Switzerland 8s	101½	102
Japanese 4½s	75¾	75⅞
Japanese 4½s, second series	75¼	75½
Japanese 4s	55¾	56½
City of Tokio 5s	45	45½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	97¾	98
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	94¾	94⅞
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1929	88⅝	89
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	83	83¼
United States of Mexico 5s	..	39¾
United States of Mexico 4s	..	29½
Italy 6½s	81	84

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
4s, c. 1925	106		Pan 3s, c.		
Pan 3s r.			1961	..	90
1961	89		P I 4s, '24	81½	90
			P I 4s, '35	81¾	90

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adv. Rumely	..	..	Beech Ck	29	..
pf.	43½	45	Beth Steel		
Alb & Sus.	150	150	7% pf	90	93
A A Cables	95	100	Do 8%pf.	100	101½
All Realty	71	..	Booth Fish.		
Am B Sug			pf.	16	26
1st pf.	96½	..	Bklyn Ed.	82	90
Am Ag Ch			Buff R&P.	60	85
pf. exD	76¾	80	Do pf	85	105
Am Bt Sug			Buff & Sus		
pf.	65	73	pf.	72	..
Am B S & F			Burns Bros	..	54¼
pf.	85	87¾	Do pf	96	105
Am CaF Fire			Bush Terra	..	80
Engine	92½	93½	Cambria Sp	40	..
Am Lin pf.	77¾	84	Case (J I)		
Am Smelt			pf.	70	80
pf A	66	70	C RR NJ.	180	190
Am Snuff.	90	100	Cert'n-t'ed.	30	37
Do pf	75	82	Do 1st pf	78	..
Am Stl Fd			Do 2d pf.	75	..
pf	79½	80	CB&Q exD.	190	..
Am Sum Tob			Chi & Alt'n	7	8
pf.	77	82½	Do pf	10	15
Am T & C.	47	53	Chi & E Ill	6	8
Am Wl pf.	87	90	Chi, StP, M		
Ann Arbor.	12	21	M & Om.	61	65
Do pf	20½	35	Do pf	85	94
Assets Realization	2¾	2¾	Cluett-Peabody, pf.	..	84
Asso. Oil	86	100	Col South.		
Atl Ref pf.	103¾	104½	1st pf	47¾	53
Atlas Tack	17½	11⅝	Do 2d pf	40	50
Auto Sales.	2½	3	Comp T R.	33	37
Do pf	35	20	Con Cigar.	82	89
B'dall A.	35¼	38	Do pf.	72	74
Barnett L.	21	23	Cont Can		
Barrett Co.	106	107	pf. exD	96¼	100
Do pf	98	104	Cont Ins.	68	68
Batop'lis M	⅝	1	Crex Cpt	..	57
Cruc Stl pf	81½	82	N Y. G &		
C-Am Sug			St L 1st		
pf.	93	99	pf.	59	68
Dav Chem.	25	27	Do 2d pf.	57	65
D B Mines.	15⅝	16⅝	N Y Dock		
D & Co pf.	85	95	pf.	38½	42
Det Ed.	90	100	N Y, L &		
Det U Ry.	..	79	W.	31	38
Dul S Tra	17	..	Nunnally.	10½	12
D, S S &			Ohio F S.	46	50
A	2	3½	Ohio El pf.	..	97
Do pf.	5	8	Otis St pf.	75	..
Dur. Hos.	7	..	Owens B pf.	95	100
exD	32½	33		Bid.	Asked.
Elk Horn			Pac Coast.	20	35
Coal pf.	35	37	Do 1st pf	60	110
Em Brant.	7	8	Do 2d pf.	45	90
Do pf	20	60	Pac Dev	..	96
E Kodak.	515	520	Pac Ind rts.	13	15
Do pf	100	103	Pac T & T	37	40
Erie & P.	45	55	Penney (J C)		
Fairbanks.	40½	48	pf	..	96
Fisher Bdy	80	84	Peo & P.	9	12
Do pf	97	100	Pere M pf	..	40
Gen Ch c.	121	128	Pett-Mull.	35	45
Gen Cigar			Do 1st pf	..	96
pf	76¼	78	P Jones pf	65	73
Gen Asp pf	75	77	P, W & A		
Gen Motors			pf.	75	121
pf.	67	68½	Pitts Coal		
Gimbel Bros.	10	12½	pf	84½	86½
Gulf Mob &			(, Ft W &		
Nor.	8	9	C) pf.	113	120
Do pf	21	21⅝	Pitts S pf.	..	86
Habir Elec	13	15	P & W Va		
Hyd Steel.	19	21	pf.	68	78
Ill Cen	58½	60	Pr Stl Car		
Indian Ref	14⅜	15½	pf.	92	95
Int H pf.	101½	102	Rand M.	45	50
Int Mer Mar			Ry Stl Spr		
1st pf.	68	72	pf.	98¼	102
Do 2d pf.	36	38	Rem Type		
Int Nick pf	75	85	1st pf	..	81
Int Pa pf			Do 2d pf	..	81
sta	70½	71	Rens & S.	98	..
Jewell T pf.	8	9	Rep I & S		
Jones Tea.	10	14½	pf	..	86
K C, Ft S			R Reis.	6	10
& M pf.	58	61	St L S F		
Kayser (J.)			pf.	28¼	31
1st pf.	100	120	St L S W		
Kelly Sp T			pf	22	35
pf.	70	73	Sears-R pf.	100⅝	106
Do 8% pf	75	85	S-S S & I.	47¼	48
Kelsey Wh.	38	39	Do pf.	79⅜	87⅜
Do pf.	70	98	Sin P R S		
K & D M.	4	10	pf.	93	100
Do pf.	25	..	St&T pf xd	77	77½
Kress (S H)	..	90	Stern & Pf.	..	94½
Laclede G.	38	40	Stand M.	100	110
L E & W.	114	124	Do pf.	70	73
Lig & M.	130	134	Sup Steel.	42	43
Do B.	120	134	Do 1st pf	95	97½
L-W Bisc			T P L Tr.	205	215
1st pf.	93½	98	Third Av.	10	14
Mah Coal.	350	700	Tide W'r	170	183
Man Elec			Tob Fr pf		
Supply	73	84	x d	73	84
Man Elev			T Sq A. S.	7½	8
x d	55¾	..	T. St L &		
Man S pf.	80	93	W	..	9
Marlin R.	17	23	W ctfs.	5	9
M Dep Sts.	66	70	Do pf.	14	20
Do pf.	93¾	96	T City R T	56	36½
Mich Cent.	90	..	Do pf.	..	86
M. St P &			Und Type.	120	150
S S M pf	90	100	Do pf.	100	120
Mon Pow.	48½	49	Un Cig Sts	126	150
Do pf.	93	95	Do pf.	98¼	105
M & E.	80	..	U S C I P.	11	13
Mull Body.	20⅜	21⅞	U S Exp.	5⅜	7
Do pf.	73¼	..	U S Ind Al		
N. C & St			pf.	91¾	94¾
L.	100	110	U S Rubber		
Nat Acme.	28	28¼	1st pf.	99	100
Nat Bisc.	100½	103	Va-Car Ch		
Do pf.	105⅜	..	pf.	93	95
Nat C & S	27½	28	Va R & P.	..	45
Do pf.	87	89½	W'wire Stl	18	21
Nat En pf.	88	90	Wilson pf.	79	85
Nat Ld pf.	100⅜	102¼	Wis Cen.	33	34
Nat Rys of			W'w'th pf.	102	104
M 1st pf.	7	14	Wor Pump		
N O, T &			pf A x d	74	76
Mex	57½	58½	pf B x d	52¾	57

$10,000,000

Kansas City Power and Light Company

First and Refunding Mortgage Twenty-Year 8% Gold Bonds, Series A

Dated December 1, 1920 **Due December 1, 1940**

Principal and interest payable in New York or Chicago. Interest payable semi-annually June 1 and December 1. Coupon bonds in interchangeable denominations of $1,000, $500 and $100, registrable as to principal, and fully registered bonds in denominations of $1,000, $5,000, $10,000 and $25,000. Coupon and registered bonds are interchangeable. Redeemable in whole or in part on any interest date on sixty days' notice on or before December 1, 1925, at 107½ and accrued interest; thereafter and on or before December 1, 1930, at 105 and accrued interest; thereafter and on or before December 1, 1935, at 102½ and accrued interest, and thereafter until maturity at 101 and accrued interest.

Interest payable without deduction of normal Federal Income Tax deductible at the source, not in excess of 2%

CONTINENTAL AND COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, CHICAGO, CORPORATE TRUSTEE.

The issuance of these Bonds has been authorized by the Public Service Commission of Missouri and the Kansas Court of Industral Relations

For detailed information regarding these Bonds, attention is directed to a letter of Mr. Joseph F. Porter, President of the Company, copies of which will be furnished upon request, from which the following is summarized:

The Kansas City Power and Light Company serves with electric light and power the City of Kansas City, Missouri, and a portion of Kansas City, Kansas, the total population served being approximately 450,000.

These Bonds will be secured by a direct first mortgage lien on the recently completed Northeast Power Plant, certain substations, transmission and distribution lines, and other property; the aggregate value of these properties being approximately $10,500,000. On the remaining property of the Company these Bonds will be secured by a direct mortgage lien, subject only to underlying First and Second Mortgage Bonds now outstanding, and will share to the extent of 60% in the first lien on such property through pledge of $4,617,000 par value of Kansas City Light & Power Company First Mortgage Bonds.

The total value of the Company's properties, as recognized by the Public Service Commission of Missouri for rate making purposes, is in excess of $22,400,000. There will be $14,755,500 bonds (including underlying issues) presently outstanding in the hands of the public.

The Company's new Northeast Power Plant is one of the most modern and efficient steam generating station in the country and is so designed that its present installed capacity of 60,000 kw. may be increased to an ultimate capacity of 240,000 kw.

The Trust Deed will provide for an annual Maintenance and Depreciation Fund amounting to 12½% of gross earnings, as outlined in the President's letter.

For the twelve months ended October 31, 1920, gross earnings were $5,762,844.48 and net earnings before depreciation $1,975,885.68. The annual interest requirements on the total mortgage indebtedness outstanding in the hands of the public, including this issue and bonds held alive in sinking fund, amount to $1,068,038, of which interest $600,000 is attributable to construction expenditures from which the Company has not yet received full benefits.

Based upon results for the first ten months, net earnings before depreciation for the twelve months ending December 31, 1920, are estimated at $2,150,000, or over twice the annual interest requirements shown above. During this period the Company will have produced, at its new Northeast Power Plant, only about 60% of its power requirements. Had the Company secured its entire output during the year from its new plant, the above estimate of net earnings for the year 1920 would be increased to approximately $2,750,000. It is expected that in 1921 practically all current will be generated at the new power plant.

The franchise situation is eminently satisfactory. The Company's electric light and power franchises both in Missouri and Kansas are, with minor exceptions, perpetual. Steam-heating franchise runs until 1935.

Kansas City, Missouri, has had a remarkable growth during the past forty years and is still rapidly increasing in size and importance. It is second among the country's live-stock markets and packing centers, and the third largest grain market.

Price 100 and interest, yielding 8%

When, as and if issued and received by us and subject to approval of counsel. It is expected that Bonds in temporary form will be ready for delivery on or about January 3. Legal details pertaining to this issue will be passed upon by Messrs. Rushmore, Bisbee & Stern, of New York, and by Messrs. Mayer, Meyer, Austrian and Platt, of Chicago.

Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank
Chicago

Guaranty Company of New York Halsey, Stewart & Co., Inc.
Chicago—New York

We do not guarantee the statements and figures contained herein, but they are taken from sources which we believe to be reliable.

NEW ISSUE

$175,000

City of Pensacola, Fla.

6% School Bonds

Issued by Escambia County School District No. 18 including the entire city of Pensacola and Suburbs.

Dated January 1, 1921 Due as shown below

Principal and semi-annual interest, January 1st and July 1st, payable at the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, New York, N. Y. Coupon Bonds of $1,000 denomination.

EXEMPT FROM ALL FEDERAL INCOME TAXES, INCLUDING SURTAXES

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
(Officially Reported)

Assessed Valuation, 1920 ..... $16,325,960
Total Bonded Debt, incl. this issue 800,000
Population, 1920 33,025

PENSACOLA, incorporated in 1832, is the third largest city in Florida. Excellent transportation facilities are furnished the City by three railroads.

Legality to be approved by John C. Thomson, Esq.

MATURITIES AND PRICES

January 1, 1922 to 1931 to Yield 6.00%
January 1, 1932 to 1951 to Yield 5.75%

Send for complete descriptive circular T-136.

R. M. GRANT & CO.

31 Nassau Street, New York
Boston St. Louis Chicago

While the above statements are not guaranteed, we believe them to be correct.

EXEMPT FROM ALL FEDERAL INCOME TAXES AND SURTAXES

$600,000

City of Detroit, Michigan

Direct Obligation 5½% Coupon or Registered Bonds

Dated November 1, 1920 **Due November 1, 1945**

LEGAL INVESTMENT FOR SAVINGS BANKS AND TRUST FUNDS IN NEW YORK, MASSACHUSETTS, CONNECTICUT AND OTHER STATES

Bonds are payable, both principal and interest, at the option of the holder either in New York City or Detroit.

DETROIT is the fourth largest city in the United States, with a population (1920 Census) of 993,739; an Assessed Valuation in 1920 of $1,698,006,730; and a Net Debt, including this issue, of $30,851,748, less than 2% of the Assessed Valuation.

Legal opinion of John C. Thomson, Esq., New York, N. Y.

Price 107⅛ and accrued interest
Yielding 5.00%

Descriptive Circular upon Request

GEO. B. GIBBONS & COMPANY
MUNICIPAL BONDS
30 WALL STREET NEW YORK

A good sinking fund provision helps the market value of a bond

A sinking fund provision in the mortgage securing a bond issue provides that a portion of the Company's earnings shall be set aside for the retirement at stated times of a part of the issue.

There are distinct values to the investor in a sinking fund.

Market values are maintained by the assured demand of the sinking fund for the bonds.

The value of the security behind each bond of the issue increases as bonds are retired.

Some sinking funds provide for call at a stated price. Bonds of this class can often be purchased sufficiently below this price to show a good profit if called.

Bonds with good sinking fund provisions are:

	Price	Yield
Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Con. 4½s, 1963	85	5.40%
United States Steel Corp. 10-60-yr. S. F. 5s, 1963	90⅛	5.58%
Norfolk & Western Ry. / Pocahontas Coal & Coke Co. Joint 4s, 1941	75½	6.05%
Great Falls Power Co. 1st S. F. 5s, 1940	84½	6.40%

EDWARD B. SMITH & Co
ESTABLISHED 1892
1411 CHESTNUT STREET PHILADELPHIA
Members New York and Philadelphia Stock Exchanges
165 BROADWAY NEW YORK
ALLENTOWN POTTSVILLE EASTON WILLIAMSPORT NEW LONDON

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
Corn Exchange Bank Rights
Home Insurance Rights
Nat. Park Bank Rights
Telephone 1111 Broad

HARTSHORNE, FALES & CO.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
72 BROADWAY
Telephone 7510 Bowling Green

Munds, Rogers & Steinpole
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, N. Y. Cotton Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade
25 Broad St., New York, N. Y.

U. S. Smelt., Ref. & Mining

Conv. 6s 1926

Bought
Sold
Quoted

A.E.Fitkin & Co.
Members N.Y. Stock Exchange
141 BROADWAY
New York City
BOSTON CHICAGO PITTSBURGH LOS ANGELES

Standard Oil Company
California
10-Year 7% Gold Debentures
Due January 1, 1931

The only funded debt of the largest producer of crude oil in this country. Average net income reported for past five years equal to 10 times interest on this issue.

Price and complete description on request

MOORE, LEONARD & LYNCH
New York
Pittsburgh Philadelphia

We are pleased to announce that

ANDREW A. SMITH, Jr.

and

ROYAL F. HERDEG

are now in charge of our Bond Department

J.R.Bridgeford & Co.
111 Broadway New York

A Utility

that during the past five years has put back into its property out of earnings over $25,000,000.

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company

Five Year 7%
Convertible Gold Notes
Maturing April 1st, 1925

Price 94½ & Interest
To Yield About 8%

Ask for Circular T-115

Chas. Wesley & Co.
92 Cedar Street, New York
Telephone Rector 3901

Foreign Exchange

Closing Rates—

	Cable.	Check.	Currency.	
England.	$3.52	$3.51½	$3.54	Sterling
France	5.80	5.87	6.78	Francs
Belgium	6.34	6.33	6.00	Francs
Italy	3.43	3.42	3.75	Lire
Germany	1.38	1.37	1.43	Marks
Switzerland	15.35	15.33	16.00	Francs
Spain	13.00	12.95	13.50	Pesetas
Greece	7.30	7.40	8.00	Drachmas
Roumania	1.12	1.11	1.00	Lei
Czecho-S.	1.10	1.13	1.40	Kronen
Jugo-Sla.	.68	.67	...	Kronen
Austria	.24	.23	.25	Kronen
Hungary	.30	.19	...	Kronen
Poland	.70	.70	.32	Marks
Russia	...	...	...	97½ Rubles

Call, Wire or Write for Rates.

MORTON LACHENBRUCH & Co.
42 Broad Street, New York.
Private Wires to CHICAGO PHILADELPHIA ST LOUIS
PITTSBURGH DETROIT CLEVELAND GRAND RAPIDS

AMERICAN SMELTING

Karl Eilers, Former Vice President, Begins a Suit Aimed at the Guggenheims.

ASKS FOR A MANDAMUS

To Copy Names of 19,000 Stockholders—Official Says This Was Not Refused—Eilers Removed Last Spring.

A long petition and complaint in a suit brought by Karl Eilers, former Vice President of the American Smelting and Refining Company, for a mandamus against that company directing David A. Crockett, its transfer agent, to permit him to inspect the stock lists and to copy the names of the 19,000 stockholders, was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday, and was put on the calendar for argument tomorrow. The suit is regarded as preliminary to a campaign by Eilers to take the management of the company out of the hands of the Guggenheims at the annual meeting in April next.

Mr. Eilers was removed last Spring as an official of the company after refusing to resign. In his petition he alleges that on behalf of members of his family he holds and controls individually and as executor under the will of his father, Anton Eilers, one of the founders of the company, 3,538 shares of stock. The holdings of the present Directors at the last election he puts at 6,089 shares of preferred and 1,291 shares of common stock. The company has outstanding 500,000 preferred and 600,000 common stock.

Allegations by Eilers.

He alleges that Guggenheim control of American Smelting has resulted in large losses, due to the sale of futures on a rising market and the withholding of a large quantity of copper from sale during the last year when the market was falling. He also says that the present management refuses to brook any opposition on the part of individual directors and promptly removes from office any who disagree with its measures.

Another allegation is that the Guggenheim control has kept the corporation out of several profitable mining ventures which the Guggenheims took up as personal ventures. In this connection he cites "an opportunity to enter the tin mining business in Bolivia," which was investigated by the company. Of this he says:

"Upon the report of this investigation coming in, the Messrs. Guggenheim opposed any action relative to the proposition. Thereafter, the sons of Murry and Daniel Guggenheim, representing Guggenheim Brothers, the Messrs. Guggenheim's copartnership, were permitted to examine the report of the investigation on file with this company, and thereupon Messrs. Guggenheim Brothers sent representatives to Bolivia and have since engaged in the tin mining operations there. A demand by certain of the Directors of the corporation that it be allowed to share in such operations was refused by the Messrs. Guggenheim."

Eilers Invited to Resign.

Correspondence between Eilers and President Simon Guggenheim, which preceded the removal of the former, is included in the petition. On March 31, President Guggenheim wrote:

My Dear Mr. Eilers: Shortly after I became President of the American Smelting and Refining Company, it became evident that you were not in sympathy with my administration.

I had hoped that time would work a change in your attitude, and bring about a better accord between us, but as year has gone by with no prospect of such a result. Our views differ so fundamentally and on so many questions that we cannot, with advantage to the company or in justice to either of us, continue to be longer associated in the management.

I have reached this conclusion with the deepest regret, because of our long association. The decision was reached after careful consideration, and I regard the step as being absolutely necessary for the welfare of the company.

This letter is written that you may have an opportunity of yourself taking the initiative and tendering your resignation before the coming annual election on April 7, if you so desire.

With assurance of personal regard and good-will, respectfully yours,
(Signed) S. GUGGENHEIM.

In reply Mr. Eilers sent a long letter, in which he declined to resign, but admitted that he was not in sympathy with the administration of the company and detailed his charges against the "arbitrary control" of the company and disapproval of its measures, adding:

"In so far as our views have not been in accord, as we both say that they have not been, the event seems to have proved that it would have been to the interest of the company and of all, perhaps, except yourself and yours, if my views and not yours had prevailed. It would seem obvious that under the circumstances the proper remedy would be your resignation and not mine. It is also obvious that the interests of the company and its stockholders require an immediate change in the management. I therefore suggest that you should forthwith tender your resignation as President."

Statement by an Official.

At the office of the American Smelting and Refining Company, 120 Broadway, one of the Vice Presidents, speaking for Mr. Simon Guggenheim, said that had Mr. Eilers complied with the rules of the company he would have had no difficulty in obtaining the names of the stockholders.

"About three weeks ago," said this official, "Mr. Eilers went to our Jersey City office, where he examined the books without interference. A week ago Saturday he appeared at our transfer office in the Singer Building and demanded to see the list of stockholders. Mr. Crockett, the transfer agent, asked him to make an affidavit that he was a stockholder of record, a request which was in accordance with the rules, and he declined. Mr. Crockett wanted to telephone to us with the idea of getting a waiver of this procedure, but Mr. Eilers declined the offer and left the office. It was evident that Mr. Eilers did not want to inspect the books, as very shortly afterward we were served with the voluminous papers in the present suit. We judged that the papers had already been prepared."

The Vice President said that Senator Guggenheim and Eilers had been business rivals in their youth, and it followed that Eilers was out of sympathy with the Senator when the latter assumed the Presidency of the company. Eilers could not get along with Senator Guggenheim, he said.

The official said that allegations in the suit regarding the Premier Silver and Gold Mine and the Bolivian tin mine proposition were not correct. He did not think the allegations that the Guggenheims were attempting to dominate the company needed an answer.

GUGGENHEIMS TO BE AGENTS.

Announce They Will Do the Selling for Porphyry Copper Companies.

Guggenheim Brothers have announced that on and after Jan. 1, 1921, their organization will act as a sales agency for the sale of metals. It will act as selling agent for the porphyry copper companies, Chile Copper, Braden Copper and Kennecott Copper Corporation.

The sale of metals through the organization will be under the management of Joseph Clendenin, who is now Vice President in charge of the sales of the American Smelting and Refining Company.

The American Smelting and Refining Company has acted as sales agent for the above-mentioned concerns for some years, but has decided that it can no longer bear the burden of such activities. It will continue all copper and smelting contracts with other companies, however. Hamilton M. Brush will have charge of selling the copper produced by American Smelting and Refining after Jan. 1.

IN CAREless MARKET

Trade Neglected It to Guess How Much a Tariff Tax on Wheat Will Help Here.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20.—The wheat market today acted as though left to take care of itself; and, under cover of the early weakness, shorts in coarse grains continued their persistent buying. At the low point, prices were off 2½@3½ cents from Saturday's finish; but, toward the last, the Pit element, who had been fighting the market all day, started to cover and made a sharp advance, the finish being 1 and 2¼ cents higher, with May at $1.41¾, the highest close on the crop.

Trading in this delivery started Dec. 15. There was a lack of the export buying, which has been such a feature of late, the only business being 500,000 bushels hard winter via the Gulf to Holland. A little dark No. 3 Northern was worked abroad, on the basis of 20 cents over December, track, Baltimore, but exporters were not inclined to buy No. 2 Northern, on account of the premium of around 5 cents over the No. 3.

Mills are inquiring for Manitobas now, at Buffalo, but they are held at 30@40 cents over March. The possibility of a prohibitive import duty being placed on Canadian wheat is having considerable influence on the milling demand. The Government report shows that 39 per cent. of the United States spring wheat crop graded No. 4 or lower, which, under normal conditions, would demand the mixture of choice wheat. It is this fact that has caused the heavy buying of Canadian wheat by mills.

Those in position to know say that an import duty on Canadian wheat will not have much effect on domestic prices taken as a whole, although it may cause a readjustment in the prices between some of the leading markets. Probably Minneapolis will gain on Chicago, as there is considerable shortage in the Spring wheat crop this year. However, the trade believes that it matters little whether Canada sells the wheat to us and allows this country to export low grade Spring or whether our poor wheats must compete with the choice Canadian in Europe. It is the guess of the hour, too, that the imposition of an import duty will result in a retaliatory export duty on wood pulp.

The War Finance Corporation bill is being watched closely, although no great change in the situation is expected, even though it becomes a law. Talk of a moratorium in England prevailed on the curb, after the close.

Coarse grains were bought by the same interests as of late, and closed with corn ¾@1c and oats¾@¾c higher. The United States Government was in the market for 400,000 bushels cash oats. The sale depended on whether cash houses could get in their hedge at 49c for May, but the bulk of the trade, after a small dip early, was above that figure. Sentiment after the close was rather bullish, but as yet confidence that a material upturn was at hand was still lacking. The trade is inclined to believe that President Wilson will veto the bill to impose an import duty on grains and live stock.

Routine news attracts little attention. A decrease of 1,632,000 bushels in the visible supply of wheat, compared with 2,368,000 bushels last year, and total stocks are 47,376,000 bushels, against 48,408,000 the previous week and 82,496,000 last year.

Stocks of corn decreased 312,000 bushels and are 4,127,000 bushels, against 4,439,000 the previous week and 2,174,000 last year. Movement of wheat to terminal markets is enlarged by the liberal sales in the Southwest last week. A sale of 50,000 bushels old No. 2 mixed corn now in the East was made for export, presumably at a low price.

Primary arrivals for the day were 1,920 000 bushels, against 1,697,000 the previous week and 2,173,000 last year. Shipments aggregated 962,000 bushels, against 977,000 a week ago and 585,000 last year.

Of corn, receipts were 962.000 bushels, against 804,000 the previous week and 1,224,000 last year. Shipments were 265,000 bushels, against 336,000 a week ago and 478,000 last year.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	$1.71	$1.67	$1.70½	$1.68¼
March	1.64¾	1.60½	1.64½	1.63½
May	1.62	1.55¾	1.61¼	1.59¾

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	69¾	69	69	69	1.44
May	74½	73¼	74	84	1.33¾
July	70⅞	73	74½	73¾	1.32¾

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	47⅝	47	47⅝	46¾	82¼
May	49¾	48¾	49¾	48¼	82⅞
July	48⅞	48¼	48⅝	47¾	76¼

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close	Prev. Close	Last Year
December	$1.55¼	$1.54¾	$1.54¾	$1.56¾	....
May	1.41¼	1.39½	1.39½	1.42	1.79¼

PROVISIONS.

	Lard— High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Jan.	12.85	12.75	12.92	13.02	23.40
May	13.27	13.06	13.27	13.25	24.20
	Ribs—				
Jan.	11.12	10.95	10.95	11.20	18.75
May	11.80	11.65	11.65	11.80	19.22
	Pork—				
Jan.	22.60	22.00	22.00	22.40	....

DENIES FAILURE TO HELP.

Head of Chicago Board of Trade Gives Telegrams to Trade Commission.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20.—Telegrams exchanged by the Federal Trade Commission and officers of the Chicago Board of Trade were made public today by Leslie F. Gates, President of the board, in connection with a denial that the board had failed to co-operate with the Trade Commission, as charged in the commission's report to President Wilson today.

The information asked by the commission in regard to "hedging" sales is the private property of the individual traders, the telegrams sent by Mr. Gates say, and the Board of Trade has no power to ask for it or give it to the commission. After exchanging several messages, Mr. Gates, on Nov. 3, suggested the commission get the information it requested from the individual brokers, but Victor Murdock, Chairman of the commission, replied the same day that the commission could not obtain the figures in a reasonable time.

For Delay to Convert Liberty Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—A measure designed to extend until Dec. 31, 1921, the period within which temporary Liberty bonds held by reserve banks must be converted into permanent bonds was introduced today by Senator McLean, Chairman of the Senate Banking Committee. The banks might be compelled to market large blocks of the temporary issues otherwise, he said, adding that he would ask for action on the extension next week.

Boston Bank Statements Compared.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 20.—The Boston bank statement this week compares as follows with last week's statement:

	Dec. 18.	Week's Changes.
Circulation	$2,450,000	$4,000
Loans, discounts and investments	897,914,000	14,732,000
Individual deposits	434,986,000	11,618,000
Due to banks	190,720,000	1,666,000
Time deposits	21,975,000	*192,000
U. S. deposits	14,377,000	13,181,000
Exchange clearances	21,898,000	3,727,000
Due from banks	61,680,000	4,137,000
Cash in banks and in Fed. Reserve Bank	83,122,000	1,012,000
Cash excess and with Fed. Reserve Bank	7,261,000	475,000

*Decrease.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London down 1d at 46d per ounce. New York prices for bar silver unchanged at 99½c per ounce, the Mint price; for foreign silver 2½c lower at 62c.

Range of prices for silver bullion this month:

	—Highest—		—Lowest—	
London	44¾d	Dec. 8	38¾d	Dec. 16
New York	70c	Dec. 8	59½c	Dec. 16

Range for the present year to date.

London	80¾d	Feb. 11	37¾d	Dec. 16
New York	1.37	Jan. 11	59½c	Dec. 16

ACCUSES SWANN

District Attorney Ignored Violations of Law by Hylan Aids, Says Rushmore.

CALLS PROSECUTION UNFAIR

Says Charges Against Defendant Are Technical—Declares Money Received Was Return for Loans.

District Attorney Edward Swann was accused yesterday, by counsel representing William Hamlin Childs, under indictment for violations of the election laws in the last Mayoralty campaign, of "utterly ignoring" reports of "several committees actively engaged in the support of Mayor Hylan in which direct and unmistakable violations of the law were committed."

Mr. Childs's lawyers, submitting alleged financial reports of several of the Hylan committees, declared that "the partisan character of the prosecution" against Mr. Childs, who was indicted with State Senator Josiah T. Newcomb and Former Governor William Sulzer, "would seem to need no further demonstration."

The charges were made by Charles A. Rushmore, John B. Stanchfield, Isidor J. Kresel and George K. Medalie, in briefs and oral arguments in proceedings before Justice Bartow S. Weeks in the Criminal Term of the Supreme Court to have the indictments set aside.

The defendants' counsel contended that the charge was a technical one. It was based on an item in the report of Lewis E. Clark, Treasurer of the Publicity Committee of the Mitchel campaign forces, which showed the payment of $11,500 to Mr. Childs for "rental of halls and expenses of speakers." Of this, it developed, $6,000 was paid to Sulzer, who was a Mitchel speaker, and $5,500 to Miss Appelbaum, who supported Mitchel in his magazine. Mr. Rushmore argued that it was common knowledge that Sulzer was employed by the Mitchel forces and it was said that Mr. Childs was being reimbursed for money that he had paid to Mr. Appelbaum.

A supplement to the brief was submitted in an attempt to show that it was common practice to generalize in financial reports filed by campaign committees.

"The instances of palpable violations of the law set forth in Division 2," said the briefs, "are by no means all that are contained in the reports of the Hylan campaign of 1917. These reports were all in the possession of the District Attorney at the time of the investigation of the Grand Jury, which indicted the defendant, Childs, but were utterly ignored by him. The Division 2 instances are taken directly from the reports of treasurers representing several committees actively engaged in the support of Mayor Hylan, in which direct and unmistakable violations of the law were committed."

The Division 2 reports, which were printed in full in the briefs to cite alleged violations, were:

Second Assembly District, New York County, Bernard Golden, Treasurer, $2,526.

Eleventh Assembly District, Kings County, James Gibson, Treasurer, $525.

Business Men's League of Jamaica, John H. Leich, $891.

Bronx County, Democratic Committee, Daniel J. Carr, $25,915.

Edward Lazansky Campaign Committee, Kings County, Arthur S. Somers, $19,966.

Edward Polak Campaign Committee, Bronx County, Henry Geiger, $4,228.

Garment Manufacturers' League, John M. O'Connor, $750.

David Weil Campaign Committee, Municipal Court, New York City, Jacob Klein, $2,584.

Independent Republican League, supporting John F. Hylan, Dr. Bernard Lazarus, $3,810.

Sixteenth Assembly District, New York County, Henry Huter, Treasurer, $1,408.

Extracts from the report of W. W. Marsh of the New York Headquarters of the Democratic National Committee, in the Harding-Cox campaign, showed many payments, which, according to Mr. Rushmore, were not fully explained as the law requires. These payments ran from $1,000 to $16,000.

Mr. Rushmore did not finish his argument yesterday. The hearing will be continued this morning. It is expected that Robert C. Johnston, Assistant District Attorney, will reply to the charges today.

$15,000,000 BONDS OFFERED.

New Issues of Gas and Electric Companies on Sale Here.

New financing amounting to $15,000,000 was announced in the financial district yesterday. The National City Company and E. H. Rollins & Sons are offering $10,000,000 Pacific Gas and Electric Company first and refunding mortgage twenty-year 6 per cent. series "A" gold bonds at 99 and accrued interest to yield about 6.10 per cent.

The bonds are exempt from all personal property taxes in California and application has been made to the Superintendent of Banks to certify the issue as legal investment for savings banks in California. The purpose of the issue is to provide funds for the development of water power plants along the Pitt River in Northern California.

The first and refunding mortgage will be a direct first mortgage on the entire properties of the Mt. Shasta Power Corporation, which will join with the Pacific Gas and Electric Company in execution of the mortgage.

A syndicate composed of Alexander Brown & Sons, Brown Brothers & Co., Lee, Higginson & Co. and Jackson & Curtis, is offering at 97½ and interest, to yield about 7% per cent., a new issue of $5,000,000 Consolidated Gas, Electric Light and Power Company of Baltimore first refunding mortgage sinking fund 7½ per cent. gold bonds, series D. The bonds are dated Dec. 1, 1920, and are due Dec. 1, 1945.

TO RETAIN SUBSIDIARY

Supreme Court Also Refuses to Review Iostun's Conviction Under Espionage Act.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The Supreme Court today refused a petition of the Lehigh Valley Railroad asking the court to reconsider its decision requiring separation of the Lehigh and the Delaware, Susquehanna & Schuylkill Railroad.

Priority creditor rights formerly held under the common law by the "Crown" have descended to and are vested in the State, the Supreme Court held today in an opinion rendered in the suit brought by the State of New York against H. Snowden Marshall, receiver for the All-Package Grocery Store Company. The purpose of the suit was to determine whether the State's claims against the firm for license fees and franchise taxes should have priority over all other debts.

The right of Ohio employers to indemnify themselves through insurance contracts against liability growing out of accidents to their employes and at the same time enjoy their status under the State Workmen's Compensation act was denied today by the Supreme Court.

The court refused to enjoin the Ohio Industrial Commission from revoking its order permitting Frank C. Thornton of the Cleveland Stamping Tool Company, to enter into a contract with an insurance company to cover liability resulting from injuries to his employes.

The State Commission ruled that if the tool company entered into such a contract it would forfeit all rights granted to it under the State Compensation act, which is compulsory in character, and the Supreme Court held that the commission had the right to make such a ruling.

North Dakota Supreme Court decrees denying carriers the right to recover from shippers under charges resulting from the enforcement of statutory freight rates on lignite, which later were held to be confiscatory, were sustained today by the Supreme Court. The opinion was rendered in appeals brought by the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railroad.

The conviction in Iowa of L. W. Boshner on charges of violating the Espionage act will stand as the result of the refusal of the Supreme Court today to review the case. He was accused of obstructing recruiting in advising friends not to enlist and was fined $5,000 and sentenced to three years in a Federal penitentiary.

The Supreme Court today refused to review the conviction in New York of Solomon Rothman, Louis Cohen and William Cohen on charges of violating the anti-narcotic laws. The men were sentenced to two years' imprisonment in August, 1919, and have been at liberty on bail since that time.

CLEVELAND BANKS MERGE.

Six Institutions Unite, With Resources of $310,000,000.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 20.—Plans for the merging of six local banks, with a capital and surplus of $23,000,000 and resources in excess of $310,000,000, were completed today when stockholders of the Citizens' Savings and Trust Company, First National Bank, Union Commerce National Bank and the First Trust and Savings Company met and approved the merger which creates the Union Trust Company. Two other savings banks will be consolidated after the first of the year.

The consolidation will become effective with the opening of business on Friday, Dec. 31.

Lehigh & Hudson to Retire Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The Lehigh & Hudson River Railway Company was authorized today by the Interstate Commerce Commission to issue and sell $2,987,000 of additional capital stock, the proceeds to be used to retire a like amount of bonds outstanding.

Take Up New England Rates Dec. 28

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Hearings on the application of the New England railroads for a revision of rates on through freight east and west of the Hudson River were adjourned over today until Dec. 28. At that time carriers west of the Hudson River will be heard.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.		Dividend	.02
Alpha	.08	East Divide	.02
Andes	.50	Extension	.03
Best & Belcher	.15	Florence	.03
Challenge	1.20	Gold Reef	.04
Concordia	.09	Harmill	.10
Confidence	1.80	Hasbrouck	.02
Con. Virginia	1.95	Kernick	.08
Gould & Curry	.06	Knox	.05
Hale & Norcross	.18	Myra	.02
Imperial	.10	Revert	.03
Jacket	.15	Verdi	.03
Mexican	.16	Victory	.04
Ophir	.22	West	.02
Overman	.30	Zone	.21
Sac. Belcher	.10	GOLDFIELD.	
Scorpion	.03	Booth	.03
Sierra Nevada	.10	Consolidated	.06
Union	.20	Crackerjack	.04
Utah	.03	Development	.02
TONOPAH.		Florence	.11
Belmont	1.25	Fraction	.02
Cashboy	.05	Jumbo Ext.	.04
Jim Butler	.14	Kewanna	.02
McNamara	.16	Lone Star	.04
McNam. Crescent	.04	Silver Pick	.04
Midway	.18	Spearhead	.03
Monarch	.03	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
North Star	.03	Arrowhead	.08
Rescue	.19	Black Mammoth	.05
Tonopah Ext.	1.30	Broken Hills	.14
Tonopah Mt.	.04	Bullwhacker	.50
West End	.05	Crossus	.01
West Tonopah DIVIDE.	.04	Holly	1.45
Alta	.04	Round Mountain	.13
Belcher	.03	Round Fairview	.13
Belcher Ext.	.03	Simon	.58
Brougher	.10	Sterling	.03
Divide Tonopah	1.10	White Caps	.04

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Cresson	1.9	1.4	Isabella	3¾	4¼
Dr. Jackpot.	1¾	2¼	Mary McKin.	3¾	5
Elkton	2¾	3¼	Portland	44	46
El Paso	5	8	Un. Gold M.	9	10½
Golden Cycle	57	64	Vindicator	12	14
Granite	7	8	Rose Nicol.	4	5¼

For Investment of Balances in Canadian Funds

The present abnormal discount on Canadian Funds in the United States has caused many American Corporations doing business in Canada to allow large uninvested balances of Canadian Funds to accumulate with their Canadian Correspondents.

Dominion of Canada 5½% Victory Loan Bonds

Backed as they are by the faith and credit of the whole Dominion and comprising a liquid and close market security, are the most desirable investment for Uninvested Canadian Balances.

We suggest the following issues as being attractive for this purpose:

Due	Price		Yield
1923—1st Dec.	97¾	and Interest	6.70%
1923—1st Nov.	97½	" "	6.40%
1924—1st Nov.	94½	" "	7.00%
1924—1st Nov	93¾	" "	6.30%

Payment in Canadian Funds

We invite correspondence from Banks and Corporations interested in suggestions for the investment of Canadian Balances

A. E. AMES & CO.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
74 Broadway New York
Harris Trust Building, Chicago
Toronto Montreal Victoria, B. C.
ESTABLISHED 1889

$328,000

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma
School District 5% Bonds

Dated January 1, 1920, Due $164,000 January 1, 1940 and 1945
Coupon bonds; denomination $1,000. Interest payable January 1 and July 1.

These bonds are a direct obligation of Oklahoma City School District, which includes the entire city of Oklahoma City and some adjacent territory.

Oklahoma City, the capital of the State and the county seat of Oklahoma County, is the commercial metropolis and one of the most progressive cities of the Southwest. The population of Oklahoma City has increased from 64,205 in 1910 to 91,258 in 1920. The population of the School District is estimated at over 100,000.

The assessed valuation of the District is reported as $104,732,790, and its total bonded debt $3,835,747.80, from which is deductible a sinking fund of $909,985.06, leaving a net bonded debt of $2,925,762.74.

The Constitution of the State of Oklahoma expressly provides that no bonds may be issued except that before or at the time of issuance provision shall be made for the levy of an annual tax to pay the principal and interest when due.

January 1, 1940, maturity - - - 94.15 & interest
January 1, 1945, maturity - - - 93.38 & interest
Yielding 5½%

Halsey, Stuart & Co. Inc.
49 Wall Street, New York.

William R. Compton Co.
14 Wall Street, New York.

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS
THE GLIDDEN CO.
Common and Preferred

Through our Cleveland office we are able to give prompt and satisfactory service in the execution of your orders for the sale or purchase of these stocks.

OTIS & CO.,
49 Broad St., N. Y.
Phone Broad 2120
Members N. Y. and Cleveland Stock Exchanges

United States Government Bonds
Federal Farm Loan 4½s & 5s
Joint Stock Land Bank 5s
(all issues)
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Inquiries Solicited
CHAS. E. QUINCEY & CO.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.
29 Broadway, New York
Phone Whitehall 1000.
Direct Private Wire to Boston.

Investors Everywhere Use
Moody's
RATING BOOKS
Ask your Bank or Banker or write
MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE
35 Nassau Street, New York
Boston Philadelphia Chicago

"The Oil Industry"
Devoted to the interest of investors in oil securities. Published monthly.
Free on request.
R.C. MEGARGEL & Co.
17 Pine Street—New York.

Suggestions for Investors may be had on request
A. B. Leach & Co., Inc.
Investment Securities
62 Cedar St., New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston Buffalo Cleveland Baltimore Minneapolis

I. M. TAYLOR & CO.
(Incorporated)
FOREIGN GOVT BONDS
7 Wall Street, New York
New York Boston Cincinnati

Investment Securities
Newburger, Henderson & Loeb
Members N.Y. & Phila. Stock Exchanges
100 Broadway, N. Y.
Rector 7060

Bankers Trust Co.
Guaranty Trust Co.
Welch Grape Juice Com. & Pfd.
McCLURE, JONES & REED
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway Phone 7021 Rector

What a Big New England Bank Writes About Credit Insurance—

A leading New England Bank, has just written the American Credit-Indemnity Co. as follows:

"Regarding Credit Insurance, would say that we believe a merchant or manufacturer should insure his accounts receivable for the same reason that he insures his merchandise against fire—to guard against loss.

"Almost all merchants suffer some loss each year through failures and this normal loss, of course, cannot be insured; but at times, under abnormal, unforeseen and yet constantly recurring conditions, such loss may become great, and even embarrassing, and ordinary business prudence should lead a merchant to provide against this contingency."

This bank makes it very clear why they endorse precautions that prevent, else pay, bad debt losses beyond the normal, which the American's "Unlimited-Interim-Payment" Policy does.

Manufacturers and wholesalers, it will not obligate you to write or phone for the full particulars.

Payments to Policyholders about $10,000,000.00

The AMERICAN CREDIT-INDEMNITY CO. of NEW YORK E. M. TREAT, PRESIDENT
ISSUES STANDARD UNLIMITED POLICIES
Greater New York Department,
Downtown Office, 91 William St.
Phone John 533-534-3365
Uptown Office, 104 Fifth Ave.
Phone—Watkins 2403
New York City.

GIVE *YOUR* TIME TO UP-BUILDING YOUR BUSINESS
LET *US* WORRY ABOUT YOUR ACCOUNTS

YOUR credits are *now* a certain quantity. Right now they are more doubtful than ever. Post-war conditions have made many lines of business unstable, irrespective of high prices and apparent prosperity. Credits today are largely a matter of guesswork. Commercial ratings offer no protection. Collection agencies pay only what they manage to collect. But—

A Credit Insurance Policy in the "London" is an absolute guarantee against loss from covered bad debts. You are *absolutely* sure of getting your money on any covered account, and you know just when you'll get it, too, whether we collect it or not.

Give your time to promoting your business—let us do the worrying over your slow accounts and bad debts. It's the surest way. Asking us for particulars won't obligate you.

OUR SUPER-SERVICE AT YOUR SERVICE
Losses Paid in American Currency Established Eighteen Sixty-nine
LONDON GUARANTEE AND ACCIDENT COMPANY LTD.
OLIVER J. MATTHEWS, Resident Manager
Phone 5470 John *Credit Insurance Department* 87 William Street
NEW YORK, N. Y.

Read by Investors for Facts about their Holdings
Investment Information Column
New York Tribune
First in Last—the Truth.

350 Sq. Ft. to SUBLET FINANCIAL SECTION
On Broad Street, between Wall and Beaver Sts., unfurnished office in thoroughly modern building. Most reasonable. Immediate possession. For details address
F. K. F., P. O. Box 332, City Hall Station, New York

Detroit Edison 7s, 1930
Donner Steel 5s, 1935
Ironwood & Bess. Ry. & Lt. 7s, 1922
Michigan Light 5s, 1946
Second Ave. Trac. 5s, 1934
United Trac. of Pitts. 5s, 1997
Woodward Iron 5s, 1952

Cleve., Akron & Col. 5s, 1927
Grand Trunk Pac. 3s, 1962
Grand Trunk Pac. B. L. 4s, 1939
Grand Trunk Western 4s, 1950
Seaboard Air Line 6s, 1945

Goodyear Tire & Rubber
Curtiss Aeroplane Pfd.
Packard Motor Com. & Pfd.
Continental Motors Com. & Pfd.
Eastern Potash Pfd.
Metrop. 5 to 50c Stores Com. & Pfd.
American Light & Traction
Buffalo General Electric
Georgia Railway & Elec. Com.
Eastern Penn. Railways Com. & Pfd.

MORTON LACHENBRUCH & Co
42 Broad Street, New York
Private Wires to CHICAGO PHILADELPHIA ST LOUIS PITTSBURGH DETROIT CLEVELAND GRAND RAPIDS

Interborough Rap. Trans. 7s 1921
Cuban R. R. 5s 1952
Jap. Government 1st & 2nd 4½s & 4s

Everett Rich & Co.
Members of N. Y. Stock Exchange
15 William St., New York
Telephone Broad 7280

United States Steel
National Biscuit
Upon request we shall be pleased to send our Weekly Market Letter containing an analysis of the above issues.
CARPENDER, CAFFRY & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
1 Wall Street 520 Fifth Avenue
Tel Rector 3070. Tel. Vanderbilt 9340

CAN. PAC. FY. 6s, 1924
STANDARD OIL OF N. Y. 7s, 1925-31
SOUTHWESTERN BELL TEL. 7s, 1925
Bull & Eldredge
Members New York Stock Exchange
39 Broad Street, N. Y. Tel. Rector 8468

Equitable Trust Co.
CLINTON GILBERT
2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4848 Rector

W. W. Lanahan & Co.
Investment Securities
Members New York Stock Exchange, Baltimore Stock Exchange
Calvert Building, Baltimore
Telephone St. Paul 5775

ROBINSON & CO.
Investment Securities
26 Exchange Place New York
Members New York Stock Exchange

FOREIGN CURRENCY
Bought and Sold
Shuman & Seligmann
Members New York Stock Exchange
30 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 7270

BRITISH WAR LOANS
SAO PAULO (Brazil) 5s, 1907
CEN. PACIFIC 4s, 1949 (Ear. Loan)
MEXICAN GOVT & RLWY BONDS
GERMAN BONDS (All Issues)
SARTORIUS, SMITH & LOEWI
Members New York Stock Exchange
20 Broad St. Phone Rector 9295

Odd Lots
Write Dept. 2.
CHISHOLM & CHAPMAN
Members New York Stock Exchange
71 Broadway, New York City.

Special Article on
UNION PACIFIC 1ST 4s, '47
Shonnard Mills & Co
Members N.Y. Stock Exchange
120 Broadway, N.Y.

Niles-Bement-Pond
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
Haytian American Corp.

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Investment Securities
Tel. Rector 6340
BOSTON, CHICAGO, PHILA., MONTREAL, PITTSBURGH

Stark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
Guaranty Tr. New Jersey Zinc
Bk. Commerce. Curtiss Aero Pfd
Telephone 1111 Broad

GOODYEAR TIRE CO. MEETING IS CALLED

Stockholders to Discuss Reorganization and Fix Policy of Concern Friday.

FINANCING TO BE TAKEN UP

Attorney Says Any Plan Will Provide for Directorate With Full Confidence of Public.

Frank H. Ginn, a lawyer of Cleveland, who has been carrying on negotiations between the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company and interests in this city, announced yesterday that a stockholders' meeting had been called for Friday, at which suggestions would be offered having to do with adequate permanent financing and management plans for the Goodyear Company. He emphasized the fact that there was danger of a destructive policy being precipitated, in which case it would be impossible to go forward with any constructive plan except through the long process of receivership and reorganization.

In furtherance of what he terms a constructive plan it is stated that there must be a Board of Directors which will have the confidence of the community.

"I am authorized to state," says Mr. Ginn, "that when the suit for receivership was filed against the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company at Columbus on Saturday plans had practically matured for announcement early this week for additional new financing of the company to the extent of $40,000,000, thus providing additional funds in ample amount to meet all of the company's possible needs.

"It was a primary part of this financing plan, already practically arranged, that a Board of Directors of the company, should be installed, consisting largely of men resident in Ohio, whose established character and positions in the industrial and financial world would be such that all parties in interest, preferred and common stockholders as well as creditors, would be absolutely assured that the company's affairs would be wisely managed and that any responsibilities for any mismanagement which may have occurred in the past would be conscientiously ascertained and any consequential liabilities to the company would be impartially and promptly enforced.

"The interests of the Goodyear company have grown so enormously and become so large that adequate study of the facts and preparation of financing plans required some time. Furthermore, any plan for permanent financing of the present and future needs of the company should be accompanied by the installation of a Board of Directors which will have the confidence of the community. Such a plan must be thoroughly understood and approved by the stockholders, both preferred and common, before it can become a reality. Furthermore, it has been a fundamental consideration that a critical attitude toward the present management, unless coupled with a definite constructive plan involving new permanent financing fully adequate to meet the company's present and future requirements is destructive of the interests of the company and its stockholders, as well as the interests of the industrial community in Ohio, to which the Goodyear company is so important.

"I only returned from New York on Saturday morning, having been engaged there continuously with those who stand ready to assist in doing this constructive work, if it is the wish of the stockholders that they shall do so. The interests with whom the company has contracts for future deliveries of rubber and fabric have shown every disposition to be constructive and to make the concessions to the company necessary to any well-matured plan for the rehabilitation of its credit.

"A stockholders' meeting has been called for Dec. 24. At this meeting or at an adjournment thereof, it is hoped that definite, adequate, permanent financing and management plans for the company can be presented in detail for the consideration of the stockholders, unless in the meantime a destructive policy is precipitated. If such destructive policy is precipitated, it will, of course, be impossible to go forward with any constructive plans toward the company's affairs except through the long process of receivership and reorganization, destructive alike to creditors and stockholders."

NOVEMBER FOREIGN TRADE.

Export Surplus Largest on Record for November, Despite Decreased Exports.

The country's foreign trade in November, the general figures of which were published in a Washington dispatch yesterday morning, makes the following comparison from the detailed statement. It shows the smallest imports of any month this year and exports reduced from October and from the preceding November, but nevertheless a surplus of exports over imports which exceeds all November records.

The November trade in merchandise compares as follows with the preceding month and with the same month last year:

	Nov., 1920.	Oct., 1920.	Nov., 1919.
Exports	$675,000,000	$751,729,488	$740,921,163
Imports	321,000,000	334,675,831	424,851,667
Exc. expts.	$354,000,000	$417,053,657	$216,069,496

November's results compare as follows with previous months this year:

	Exports.	Imports.	Exc. Expts.
Nov.	$675,000,000	$321,000,000	$354,000,000
Oct.	751,729,488	334,675,831	417,053,657
Sept.	605,291,257	361,280,501	242,010,956
Aug.	578,182,491	513,111,488	65,071,303
July	651,136,478	537,128,971	114,007,507
June	629,376,757	552,605,534	76,771,223
May	745,523,223	431,004,944	314,518,279
April	684,319,392	495,738,571	188,580,821
March	819,556,037	523,923,236	295,632,801
Feb.	645,145,225	467,402,320	177,742,905
Jan.	722,083,790	473,823,849	248,259,921

Export and import trade for the eleven months of 1920, compared with the same months in a series of years (000 omitted):

	Exports.	Imports.	Exc. Expts.
1920	$7,507,323	$5,013,117	$2,494,206
1919	7,242,045	3,523,772	3,718,273
1918	6,585,201	3,830,328	2,762,873
1917	5,638,782	2,724,586	2,914,195
1916	4,959,407	2,186,801	2,772,606
1915	3,195,364	1,606,764	1,588,600
1914	1,867,991	1,674,619	193,372
1913	2,250,822	1,608,570	642,251

The November trade in gold compares as follows with the preceding month and with the same month last year:

	Nov., 1920.	Oct., 1920.	Nov., 1919.
Exports	$19,869,757	$25,931,239	$51,937,796
Imports	56,884,786	116,762,001	2,396,770
Exc. imp.	$37,015,029	$90,830,762	.....
Exc. exp.	.....	.....	$49,461,026

For the eleven completed months of 1920, compared with the same periods in 1919 and 1918:

Exports	$306,132,921	$321,928,309	$39,489,822
Imports	372,903,534	83,620,010	60,277,056
Exc. imp.	$67,270,613	.....	$20,787,234
Exc. exp.	.....	$238,308,299	.....

The November trade in silver compares as follows with the preceding month and with the same month last year:

	Nov., 1920.	Oct., 1920.	Nov., 1919.
Exports	$3,143,870	$5,708,601	$19,052,177
Imports	8,025,430	4,912,050	7,018,621
Exc. exp.	.....	$796,551	$12,033,556
Exc. imp.	$1,881,544	.....	.....

For the eleven completed months of 1920, compared with the same periods in 1919 and 1918:

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Exports	$107,836,304	$208,236,280	$204,340,288
Imports	83,434,309	79,735,206	67,045,454
Exc. exts.	$24,100,905	$128,701,054	$137,294,834

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	51.20	50.39	50.82	— .31
25 industrials	81.70	80.32	80.80	— .80
50 stocks	66.54	65.36	65.86	— .58

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Dec. 18	66.97	65.51	66.21	— .35
Dec. 17	67.76	66.76	67.06	— .37
Dec. 16	68.07	66.94	67.45	— .38
Dec. 15	68.18	67.37	67.81	— .38
Dec. 14	66.88	65.51	66.64	+1.94

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920	73.72	Dec. 2	65.36	Dec. 20	65.86
1919	86.40	Dec. 26	64.10	Dec. 12	80.76
1918	76.34	Dec. 11	71.42	Dec. 28	73.39
1917	86.24	Dec. 21	67.43	Dec. 20	68.58
1916	99.25	Dec. 4	82.88	Dec. 21	89.22

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920	94.07	Apr. 6	65.36	Dec. 20	65.86
†1919	99.39	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	86.04

Full Years.

1919	99.59	Nov. 5	69.74	Jan. 21	86.69
1918	80.18	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.38
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	67.47	Dec. 20	68.58
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	67.20	—.23	—2.82	—4.13

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Dec. 16	67.49	—.29	Dec. 9	63.48	—.41
Dec. 17	67.78	—.10	Dec. 8	63.80	—.29
Dec. 16	67.94	—.13	Dec. 7	60.18	—.32
Dec. 15	67.07	+.32	Dec. 6	60.50	—.24
Dec. 14	67.75	+.12	Dec. 4	59.74	+.06
Dec. 13	67.63	—.31	Dec. 3	59.69	—.06
Dec. 11	68.14	—.20	Dec. 2	59.75	—.18
Dec. 10	68.34	—.14	Dec. 1	59.90	—.22

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920	72.14	Oct. 21	65.07	May 21	67.26
†1919	79.05	June 2	71.05	Oct. 18	71.20

Full Years.

1919	79.05	June 2	71.05	Dec. 19	72.00
1918	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	73.75
1917	89.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	76.80

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

LARGE GINNINGS OF COTTON.

Amount Prepared for Market to Date Far Exceeds Recent Years.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Cotton, exclusive of linters, ginned prior to Dec. 13 amounted to 10,878,263 running bales, including 198,184 round bales, which were counted as half bales; 54,467 bales of American-Egyptian, and 1,291 bales of sea island, the Census Bureau announced today. Ginnings last year to Dec. 13 amounted to 9,396,646 bales, including 103,662 round bales, 27,104 bales of American-Egyptian and 6,236 bales of sea island.

The amount of cotton ginned up to Dec. 13 this year and in preceding years, with the amount shown to have been ginned up to previous dates as shown by earlier reports of the Census Bureau, compares as follows:

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Dec. 13	10,878,000	9,396,000	10,281,000
Dec. 1	10,144,000	8,844,000	9,571,000
Nov. 14	9,320,000	7,904,000	8,706,000
Nov. 1	7,471,000	6,305,000	7,777,000
Oct. 18	5,712,000	4,929,000	6,811,000
Sept. 25	2,243,000	1,835,000	3,770,000
Sept. 1	367,000	142,000	1,038,000

The amount ginned between Dec. 1 and 13 compares as follows:

1920	733,344	1918	700,725
1919	552,278	1917	418,085

Ginning returns to Dec. 13, by States, compare as follows:

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Alabama	606,939	658,465	726,327
Arizona	66,704	40,811	23,011
Arkansas	865,203	655,942	801,373
California	37,802	33,907	37,792
Florida	17,553	16,763	24,151
Georgia	1,523,752	1,608,024	1,573,552
Louisiana	354,798	279,370	497,788
Mississippi	775,519	779,004	987,332
Missouri	40,592	43,999	47,039
North Carolina	680,060	735,525	717,405
Oklahoma	560,184	681,845	520,401
South Carolina	1,364,530	1,366,024	1,328,925
Tennessee	224,763	219,681	256,554
Texas	3,401,851	2,232,523	2,417,573
Virginia	12,375	19,653	18,207
All others	7,435	3,750	3,819

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 21,'22	89	90½	...
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 28, 25	90	93	7.78
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 28,'27	87½	91¾	7.55
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep. 2,'24	83	86	10.40
Am. T. & T.		Oct., 1922	93¾	94½	9.30
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	91½	92¾	9.00
Am Th'd Co.	6	Dec., 1928	92½	94½	6.90
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1921	99½	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1922	99½	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1923	99½	100	7.00
Anaconda Co.	6	Jan., 1929	81	82	9.25
Anaco. Co.	7	Jan., 1929	89¾	89¾	8.80
A.-A. O., Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	99	99¾	7.90
Arm. & Co. c.	7	July 15,'30	94¾	94¾	7.80
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July15,'23	94	94½	9.50
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July15,'23	97	97¾	8.70
Can. Pac. Ky.	6	Mar. 2,'24	91½	92½	8.50
Cer. Graph. Co. 8%		Aug., 1925	88	90	10.80
Cudahy Pack.	7	July15,'23	93	95½	9.03
Fed. Sug. R.		Nov., 1924	92	94	7.75
Cont. Arg. R.	6	Feb., 1927	77	79	10.80
C., B. & Q. R. R. (joint)	4	July, 1921	95⅝	96¼	...
C., R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	94	95½	10.80
C., C., C. & St. L. Ry. Co.	6	July, 1929	89½	90½	7.50
The B. F. Goodrich Co. cv.	7	Apr., 1925	83	84	11.70
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1921	92¾	98	7.30
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1922	95	96½	8.80
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1923	95	96¼	7.70
Hocking Val.	6	Mar., 1924	90	92	8.70
Int. Rap. Tr.	7	Sep., 1921	66½	67½	...
Kan. C. Ter.	6	Nov., 1923	91	93	8.70
Kennecott C.	7	Feb., 1930	89	90	8.65
Laclede Gas		Jan., 1929	86¼	88	9.10
Lig. & Myers.	6	Dec., 1921	97¾	97¾	8.25
Nat. C. & S.	10-yr. 8	1930	90	96	8.80
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	98¾	98¾	7.50
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	91½	92½	13.00
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1921	99¾	100⅛	6.80
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1922	99¼	100	7.00
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1923	99¾	100	7.00
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J. cv.	7	Mar., 1922	86	87½	...
R. J. Ryids T.	6	Aug., 1922	96	96¾	8.35
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'21	96¾	97¼	10.00
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'22	93¾	94¼	10.25
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'23	93¾	94½	9.10
Sinc. C.O. C.	7	May 15,'25	87¾	88¼	10.00
Solvay & Co.	6	Oct., 1927	93¾	93¾	8.20
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	92	92½	11.60
S'west B. T.	7	Apr., 1925	91	93½	9.10
St. P. Un. Dep. guaran.	5½	Dec. 15,'23	94	96½	7.20
Stand. Oil Co. (Cal.)		Jan., 1931	99¾	100	7.00
Swift & Co.	6	Aug. 15,'21	97¾	97½	8.90
Swift & Co.	7	Oct. 15,'25	93¾	94	8.50
Utah Sec. Cor.	6	Sep. 15,'22	78	84	...
West'n Elec. Co. conv.	6	Apr., 1925	97⅞	97⅞	7.70

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Holders of Record.
Alleg. & Western	$3	SA	Jan. 1	Dec. 23
Alliance Realty	1¾	Q	Jan. 17	Jan. 10
All-Am. Cables	1¾	Q	Jan. 14	Dec. 31
B. B. & R. Kings pf	2	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 20
Daley West Min.	25c	—	Dec. 24	Dec. 17
D. C. Heath & Co. pf	1¾	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 27
Dome Mines	25c	—	Jan. 20	Dec. 8
Ind. Pneu. Tool	$2	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 23
Ind. Pneu. Tool pf	$2	Ex	Jan. 3	Dec. 23
Midwest Oil	3	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Midwest Oil pf	1	Ex	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Northwest. Tel.	$1.50	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 31
N. S. Steel & Con.	1¾	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
N. S. Steel & C. pf	2	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Salt Creek Prod.	15	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Salt Creek Prod. pf	1	Ex	Jan. 31	Jan. 15
Superior Steel	1½	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Do 1st and 2d pf.	2	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
United Verde Exp. Mining	50c	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 5
West India Elec.	1½	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 23

EARNINGS.

MANILA ELECTRIC R. R. & LIGHTING CORP.—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
Nov. gross	$320,282	$247,687	$72,595
Net after tax.	131,210	65,511	65,699
Total income	131,273	66,274	64,999
Sur. aft. chgs.	82,359	29,646	52,713
12 mos.' gross.	3,379,706	2,554,554	885,212
Net after tax.	1,156,814	842,942	313,872
Total income	1,158,325	844,824	313,501
Sur. aft. chgs.	746,769	517,006	229,763
Bal. aft. pf div.	446,769	217,006	229,763

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Aris Ext	2	2¼	Iron Cap	6	6½
Ariz Silver	17	20	Iron Cap	6	⅛
Ariz Tip Top	7	8	La Rose	15	22
Black Hawk	15	17	Majestic	9	11
Boston Mont.	41	42	Mex Metals	30	35
Calaveras	1	1¼	Midway Moss.		25
Chief con	2⅝	2¾	Monarch		15
Crown Res've	20		Nat. L&Z		3
Crystal new	40	44	Nixon	6	8
Denbigh	15	16	Rainier	12	13
Eagle BB		2¼	Seven Metals	11	13
Eureka Cre's	36	37	Silver Reef	4	6
Fortuna		3	U. V. Ext	21½	22
Gadsden	20	25	Yukon	1⅛	1¼
Hecla	6	7			

LIBERTY BOND SALES REACH $20,323,000

Progress of War Finance Corporation's Revival Increases Offerings.

LIBERTY THIRD 4¼s at 85.60

Issue Reaches New Low for Year—More of This Selling Expected.

Selling of Liberty bonds again assumed considerable proportions yesterday when the total, at par, of transactions of this kind on the Stock Exchange amounted to $20,323,500. This is not a high record, but it is a larger volume than has been usual in recent days, even with the heavy selling which has been going on for the last two or three weeks.

In yesterday's market an unusual number of war bonds were turned over in the last three-quarters of an hour, following receipt here of the news that the Congressional resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to revive the War Finance Corporation had been passed by both the House and the Senate. Many holders of Liberty bonds appeared to believe that the enactment of this legislation would mean the wholesale emission of War Finance Corporation debentures and a greatly increased number of Treasury certificates of indebtedness, with corresponding depreciation in existing Government securities.

Authorities have declared that if the War Finance Corporation should avail itself of its legal right to float a tremendous amount of debentures, and should succeed, the general investment market would be injured and those in Washington who have opposed the revival of the corporation have said that Liberty bonds and Victory notes would be especially hurt. The War Finance Corporation has a maximum capital, under existing law, of $500,000,000, all of which must be subscribed by the Treasury, and its outstanding debentures may equal six times its paid-in capital, which would give it a maximum issue of $3,000,000,000.

In yesterday's heavy selling the Liberty Second 4¼s, Third 4¼s and Fourth 4¼s were the most severely dealt with. These issues declined, respectively, 1.50, 1.60 and 1.48. The Third 4¼s got down to 85.60, a new low record for the year. The previous low was 85.80. Of the total of $20,323,500, these three issues accounted for $13,490,500, with the Second 4¼s supplying $7,039,000, the Third 4¼s $2,612,000 and the Fourth 4¼s $3,839,500.

In addition to the late sales there was said to have been a good deal of belated selling for purposes of recording losses for next year's income tax returns. With the bonds down to present levels and the market relatively weak, bond dealers expect that there will be more selling of this kind during the remainder of this year.

Hedley Expresses Doubt as to Manhattan Railway Obligation.

Frank Hedley, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, issued this statement yesterday:

"It is impossible at this time for the Interborough Rapid Transit Company to make any definite statement as to the payment of the Manhattan Railway rental on Jan. 1, 1921.

"Negotiations are progressing for the renewal of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company six months notes. These were issued a year ago to aid in meeting the Manhattan rental; bond interest and other obligations. They were renewed last July and become due Dec. 31, 1920.

"With the renewal of these notes and the further forbearance of the holders of the floating debt, of which we are hopeful, and fairly normal traffic conditions for the remainder of December, it is expected that it will become possible to pay the Manhattan rental on Jan. 1, 1921, or shortly thereafter."

The rental is at the rate of $4,200,000 a year, and the amount due Dec. 31 is $1,050,000.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Irregular Movement at Paris, With Exchange Higher.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—Old 2½ per cent. consols, 44⅛; British 5 per cent. war loan, 82; 4½ per cent. war loan, 76⅝. Rand Mines, 2⅛; De Beers Mining, 12⅛.

PARIS, Dec. 20.—Prices were irregular on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 35 centimes lower at 58 francs 35 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, unchanged at 85 francs 20 centimes.

Exchange on London, 1 franc 8 centimes higher at 59 francs 82 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 17 francs 11½ centimes, against 16 francs 73⅛ centimes Saturday.

FINANCIAL TOPICS.

R. M. Grant & Co. are offering $175,000 City of Pensacola (Fla.) 6 per cent. school bonds. The maturities are from Jan. 1, 1922, to Jan. 1, 1951. Bonds dated through 1931 are offered at prices to yield 6 per cent. and those from 1932 to 1951 at prices to yield 5.75 per cent.

Thomas Farrell, President of William Farrell, Son, Inc., announced yesterday that the sales of the company for the six months ended Sept. 30, 1920, amounted to $8,652,932.47, and that net profits for the period, after reserves for bad debts, depreciation, taxes and all other charges, amounted to $439,533.23.

The firm of Francis & Co. has been dissolved and the business has been taken over by Charles C. James & Co. The present offices of Francis & Co. at 1 Wall Street will be the main office of Charles C. James & Co., whose present uptown offices in the Times Building will in the future be maintained as a branch office.

The annual dinner tendered by Miller & Co. to its employes was held Saturday night at the Biltmore.

Andrew A. Smith Jr. and Royal F. Herder, formerly with Pouch & Co., are now associated with J. R. Bridgeford & Co., in charge of their bond department.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Revenue receipts and expenditures at close of business Dec. 17:

	This Month.	Corresponding Month, 1919.	*Fiscal Year, 1921.	*Corresponding Fiscal Yr., 1920
Customs	$11,696,585.32	$14,822,837.06	$143,239,056.40	$132,764,903.91
Internal revenue:				
Income and profits tax	470,388,043.60	569,170,543.94	1,427,000,794.60	1,667,188,782.83
Miscellaneous	97,007,639.11	89,185,983.81	744,407,481.57	706,996,034.60
Miscellaneous revenue	14,351,962.04	25,128,446.27	310,708,965.90	326,603,574.10
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	978,861.35	433,077.01	3,676,873.09	2,527,000.88
Total ordinary	$594,403,091.40	$698,708,890.09	$2,629,932,971.56	$2,836,080,386.33
Excess of ord. receipts over ord. disbursements	426,906,767.58	450,890,946.82	358,997,408.73	.....
Excess of ord. disb. over ordinary receipts	.....	.....	.....	786,212,090.91
Expenditures	167,496,323.82	247,817,943.17	2,270,935,565.94	3,602,292,387.29

* Receipts and disbursements for June reaching Treasury in July are included.

Commercial Trust Company of New Jersey
Member of Federal Reserve System
Main Office { Opposite Pennsylvania R. R. Ferries / Exchange Place Station, Hudson Tubes } Jersey City
THE BANKING, TRUST AND SAFE DEPOSIT FACILITIES OF THIS COMPANY, BECAUSE OF ITS LOCATION, ARE MOST ACCESSIBLE FOR THOSE DESIRING TO TRANSACT THEIR BUSINESS IN NEW JERSEY
Largest Trust Company in Hudson County

SAVINGS BANKS. SAVINGS BANKS.
EMIGRANT INDUSTRIAL BANK SAVINGS
51 CHAMBERS STREET, NEW YORK
The Board of Trustees has declared a Semi-Annual Dividend at the rate of
Four Per Cent. Per Annum
ON ALL DEPOSITS ENTITLED THERETO, DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 10TH, 1921, WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1ST, 1921.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS FROM
$5 to $5,000
JOHN S. DALY, Comptroller. JOHN J. PULLEYN, President.
ASSETS $210,000,000

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS
76 Wall Street.
THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT AN INTEREST DIVIDEND be paid to depositors entitled thereto for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1920.
On accounts not exceeding five thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.
Payable on and after Monday, Jan. 17th, 1921.
DANIEL BARNES, President.
WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, Secretary.
New York, Dec. 9th, 1920.
—NOTICE—
Deposits to draw interest from Jan. 1st or April 1st or July 1st or Oct. 1st must be made on or before the last day of the previous month.

The Bank for Savings
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
280 Fourth Avenue, Dec. 8, 1920.
203d Semi-Annual Dividend
The Board of Trustees has declared an interest dividend for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1920, at the rate of
Four Per Cent.
per annum on all sums of $5.00 and upward entitled thereto, and not exceeding $5,000, payable on and after Jan. 20th, 1921.
THE DIVIDEND will be credited to Depositors as principal Jan. 1st, 1921.
DEPOSITS made on or before Jan. 10th, 1921, will draw interest from Jan. 1st, 1921.
Liberty Loan Bonds belonging to Depositors are being received for safekeeping without charge.
WALTER TRIMBLE, President.
LEWIS E. GAWTRY, 1st Vice President.
GEORGE E. ROOSEVELT, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS BANK
115 CHAMBERS ST., N. Y.
The trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1920, at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT
per annum on all deposits from $5 to $5,000 entitled thereto, payable on and after Jan. 17, 1921.
Deposits to $5,000 made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1, 1921.
"JOIN OUR CHRISTMAS CLUB"
H. E. TENER, President.
GEORGE B. DUNNING, Secretary.

GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK
(Incorporated 1833)
S. E. cor. 6th Ave. & 16th St., New York
FOUR PER CENT.
Interest per annum payable on and after January 17, 1921.
Deposits made on or before January 10 will draw interest from January 1, 1921
$1 WILL OPEN AN ACCOUNT.
JAMES QUINLAN, President.
CHARLES M. DUTCHER, Treas.
FRANCIS M. BACON, Jr. } Secretaries
E. OGDEN CHISOLM }

DIVIDENDS.
UNIVERSAL LEAF TOBACCO CO., INC.
The regular quarterly dividend of 2% on the Preferred Stock of Universal Leaf Tobacco Company, Inc., has been declared payable January 3, 1921, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business December 22, 1920.
D. C. PHILLIPS, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.
SILKOWITCH has withdrawn from Loathsuits Bag Co. It is conducted by Kats.

1864 1920
56 Years Conservative Banking
The Central Union Trust Company has served the varying requirements of a continually increasing clientele to their satisfaction.
Conservatism has marked its progress, and now, past the half century mark, this Company offers its rich experience and excellent departmental facilities for the efficient solution of your banking or trust problems.
Trust Department
ACTS as Executor, Trustee, Administrator, Committee, or Guardian;
—as Trustee of voluntary trusts;
—as Transfer Agent, or Registrar of stock of corporations;
—as Trustee of Mortgages;
—under escrow agreements;
RECEIVES securities under safekeeping agreements with the owners;
HAS safe deposit vaults at 60th Street and 42nd Street.
Banking Department
DOES a general banking business including the receipt of deposits subject to check on which interest is paid on daily balances;
—a commercial banking business including the discount of notes of its customers; the acceptance of bills and drafts and the collection of out of town items;
—a Foreign Exchange business including Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, cable transfers and other transactions in foreign finance.
Board of Trustees
WALTER P. BLISS, JAMES C. BRADY, JAMES BROWN, GEORGE W. DAVISON, JOHNSTON DE FOREST, RICHARD DELAFIELD, CLARENCE DILLON, HENRY EVANS, MILTON FERGUSON, FREDERIC DE P. FOSTER, ADR

Holt & Co. Will Buy

100 Magnolia Petroleum
100 Ranger Gulf Corp.
100 Atlantic Lobos Oil
100 McCall Corporation
100 Royal Baking Pfd.
100 Duluth Sup. Trac. Pfd.
100 Conley Tin Foil
100 Vim Realty Pfd.
25 Sonora Phonograph Pfd.
25 Sherwin Williams Pfd.
25 Gillette Safety Razor
25 Atlantic Lobos Pfd. "B"
100 Mullenson
100 Mercer Motors
100 Lehigh Securities
100 Sixth Ave. R. R.
100 Hamilton Trust Co.
100 Colorado Power
100 Calif. Ry. & Pr. Prior Pfd.

Holt & Co. Will Sell

25 Biograph Company
100 Atlantic Lobos Oil
25 Amoco Company
100 Beach Terminal Pfd.
100 Ranger Gulf Corporation
10 American Cigar
100 McCall Corporation
100 International Fur Exchange Pfd.
100 Central Teresa Sugar, Pfd.
100 Locomobile
100 Gt. Atlantic & Pac. Tea Pfd.
25 Universal Leaf Pfd.
25 American Typefounders
25 Gulf Oil Corporation
25 Cities Service
100 Van Raalte Pfd.
100 Poole Engineering
25 Gen. Fire Ext. Pfd.
100 New England Fuel Oil

Holt & Company

71 Broadway. Tel. 7060 Bowling Green

REI & Co.

Am. Typefounders Com. & Pfd.
Bucyrus Company Com. & Pfd.
East Coast Fisheries (All Issues)
Everett-Heaney Company
Farrell Coal Com. & Pfd.
G'd'y'r Tire & Rub. Com. & Pf.
Wire Wheel Com. & Pfd.
Amer. Gas & Elec. Pfd.

Amer. Power & Lt. Pfd.
Cw'lth Pr.Ry.& Lt. Com. & Pf.
Elec. Bond & Share Pfd.
Northern States Power Com.
Republic Ry. & Lt. Com. & Pf.
Tenn. Ry. Lt. & Pr. Com. & Pf.
United Gas & Elec. (All Issues)
Western Power Com. & Pfd.

ROBERT E. HORTON & Co.
40 Wall Street — New York
TELEPHONE, JOHN 4151

WE OFFER

Philadelphia Company

Secured 5% Gold Bonds
Due May 1, 1922

To Yield over 13½%

Dividends of 6% or more on Common Stock have been paid continuously since 1901.

Circular on request

ABRAHAM & CO.
Investment Securities
27 William St., N. Y. Phone Broad 3785

Investment Securities

J. W. BELL & CO.
56 Pine Street
NEW YORK

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

100 Atlas Port. Cement Com. & Pfd.
25 Battery Park Nat. Bank
100 Cin.-Northern R. R.
25 Del., Lack. & Western Coal
50 Hercules Powder Pfd.
25 Midland Securities
20 N. Y. Life Ins. & Trust
50 United Theatre Equip. Pfd.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

100 Atlas Port. Cement Com. & Pfd.
25 Amer. Machine & Foundry
100 Clinchfield Coal Com.
100 City Investing Com.
25 Home Insurance "Rights"
100 Am. Ruber Com. & Pfd.
50 Phelps Dodge Corp.
100 Woodward Iron Com.

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 28 Wall St., N. Y.

WANTED.

Solicitor for a personal service enterprise; high-grade man, preferably retired from business, willing to serve on a straight commission basis but capable of earning from $10,000 to $30,000 per annum. Address V 787 Times Downtown.

Willys-Overland

The third largest manufacturer of passenger cars and the second largest producer of farm tractors in the world.

Special report reviewing company's progress, dividend record, present status, etc., together with estimate of current year's earnings, will be mailed free upon request.

Ask for No. T-415

KOHLER BREMER & Co
STOCKS—BONDS
MEMBERS CONSOLIDATED STOCK EXCHANGES of NY
32 BROADWAY NY HAMPTON HOTEL
TEL. BROAD 6910 ALBANY, N.Y.

SELLING PRESSURE SENDS COTTON DOWN

Local and Southern Offering Drops List Toward Previous Low Records.

The same dragging tendency which has prevailed in the cotton market for the last week was again in evidence yesterday. First, prices were down 25 to 30 points, and for the first hour or so there was very little activity, but in the second hour, under the leadership of January, the market rallied, getting back to within 3 to 10 points of where it had closed Saturday. The January contract, at 15.17, the high at noon, was up 1 point net, and that was the only time during the entire session when any option equalled or excelled last week's closing.

In the afternoon there was fresh selling by local and Southern interests, and prices again dipped, most of them going slightly lower than they had been in the forenoon. The low prices in most cases also were the last prices. No new low records were scored, but the whole list, especially the late months, got close to the previous lows of Nov. 27. Spots at 15.56, down 15 from Saturday, equalled their previous low.

The Census Bureau's ginning report, showing 16 878,265 bales ginned to Dec. 13, was about as expected, but at that was considered mildly bearish as tending to bear out the Government's 13,000,000 bale crop prediction. The amount ginned from Dec. 1 was 724,000 bales, indicating that the farmers are not holding back their cotton to any noticeable extent.

In the trade, the tendency now is to look to the turn of the year for any improvement in market conditions. With the expected sales set for early January, it is hoped the present accumulations of cotton goods will be pretty well cut down, and if this proves to be the case some improvement in buying of raws is looked for.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Dec.	14.85	15.00	14.85	14.99	15.12
Jan.	14.90	15.17	14.80	14.93@14.96	15.16
Mar.	14.85	15.08	14.80	14.86@14.84	15.15
May	15.00	15.15	14.93	14.93@14.85	15.25
July	15.05	15.25	15.02	15.02@15.03	15.30
Oct.	15.16	15.30	15.10	15.10	15.33

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, down 15 points to 15.50c for middling upland; sales 200 bales.

Southern spot markets were:

Galveston, 15.25c unchanged; New Orleans, 14.25c, down .30; Savannah 15.75c unchanged; Augusta, 14.63c, down .37; Memphis, 15c unchanged; Houston, 14c, down .25; Little Rock, 15c unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	29,459	32,006	33,759
Exports	32,220	43,925	47,179
Exports, season	2,206,572	2,082,915	2,506,712
N. Y. stocks	24,976	22,857	63,826
Port stocks	1,305,108	1,548,299	1,580,920
N. Y. arrivals	562	1,857	

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 10.00d for middling. Sales 3,000 bales of which American 2,000. Imports 59,000 bales of which American 57,000. Future opened easy 2@3 to 5 points lower and closed steady 34 to 40 points down from Friday. Prices, December 10.33d, March 10.66d, May 10.77d, July 10.82d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were dull and easy.

COMMODITY PRICES LOWER.

Commodities Sag Further, Few Registering Any Price Gains.

Price recessions were noted in most of the commodities in the subjoined table in the wholesale markets yesterday. Wheat dropped 1¼ cents, and corn 1 cent per bushel, with oats and flour unchanged. In the groceries, coffee declined ⅝ of a cent per pound, sugar unchanged, butter advanced ½ of a cent, and eggs were 1 cent per dozen higher.

Lard dropped 20 cents per hundred pounds to a new low for the year, but other provisions were unchanged.

Lead declined 15 cents per hundred pounds, other metals, including iron, steel billets, copper and tin, were unchanged.

Spot cotton lost 15 cents per hundred pounds, with print cloths unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Monday, a week before and a year ago:

	Dec. 20, 1920.	Dec. 13, 1920.	Dec. 20, 1919.
FOODSTUFFS:			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.96	$1.93½	$2.55
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.97½	1.00	1.70½
Oats, No. 2 white	.62	.64	.90
Flour, Minn. patent	9.50	9.50	15.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.06¾	.06¾	.15
Sugar, granulated	.08	.08¾	.09
Butter, cream, 92 score	.55½	.54	.73
Eggs, fresh - gathered firsts, per dozen	.75	.65	.81
Lard, prime	13.55	14.45	23.25
Pork, mess	30.00	31.00	47.00
Beef, family	28.00	28.00	20.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2X, Phila	34.00	36.50	41.10
Steel billets, Pitts	43.50	43.50	48.00
Lead	4.55	4.85	7.15
Copper	13.50	13.75	18.75
Tin	33.00	33.00	55.00
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	15.50	15.50	39.25
Printcloths	.05¾	.06	.13½

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	—Highest.—		—Lowest.—	
Wheat	$3.25	Jan. 7	$1.79	Nov. 27
Corn	2.31½	May 15	.94½	Nov. 27
Oats	1.50	May 7	.60	Nov. 23
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	9.00	Dec. 1
Coffee	.16¾	Jan. 11	.08¾	Nov. 23
Sugar	.23	July 12	.08	Dec. 17
Butter	.77	Apr. 24	.51½	Dec. 1
Eggs	.89	Dec. 10	.42½	Mar. 12
Lard	23.50	Jan. 9	13.55	Dec. 20
Pork	47.00	Jan. 2	30.00	Oct. 1
Beef	28.00	Oct. 19	20.00	May 12
Iron	53.51	Aug. 31	34.00	Dec. 16
Steel	65.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 2
Lead	9.50	Mar. 15	4.85	Dec. 13
Copper	19.50	Jan. 3	13.50	Nov. 29
Tin	65.25	Jan. 11	32.00	Dec. 14
Cotton	43.75	July 22	15.50	Nov. 27
Printcloths	.16¾	Apr. 13	.05½	Nov. 30

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Following is the range of prices in the important miscellaneous commodities in New York:

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market closed 8@20 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.
Spot	9.35	9.12	9.15	9.70
January	No sales.			9.75
February	No sales.			9.75
March	9.15	9.10	9.12	9.13
April	9.15	9.14	9.14	9.13
May	9.35	9.31	9.31	9.32
June	No sales			9.36
July	9.55	9.55	9.55	9.50

Total sales, 10,000.

COFFEE.

The coffee market closed 13@33 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year
March	6.90	6.53	6.57	6.84	15.08
May	7.27	6.90	6.96	7.23	15.25
July	7.55	7.25	7.29	7.53	15.45
September	7.80	7.45	7.45	7.75	15.30

SUGAR.

The sugar market was firmer, closing 10@48 points net higher.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	4.93	4.80	4.85	4.41
May	4.97	4.85	4.85	4.55
July	5.17	5.15	5.17	4.71
January	4.45	4.30	4.50	..

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	$5.50	$5.70	$5.50	$5.75
Quicksilver	50.00		50.00	
Aluminium	22.00	25.00	23.00	25.00
Iron, No. 2	Silic.		30.00	35.00

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 13.50c, 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s. d.	Friday. £	s. d.
Copper, spot	74	0 0	74	5 0
Copper, futures	74	5 0	74	5 0
Tin, spot	207	10 0	211	0 0
Tin, futures	211	5 0	216	0 0
Spelter, spot			25	15 0
Spelter, futures	27	7 6	27	5 0
Lead, spot	23	5 0	23	5 0
Lead, futures	24	15 0	24	5 0

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400	‡Acme Coal	7	7	7
1,500	‡Aetna Expl	10	9½	10
100	‡Air Reduc	37	37	37
1,000	‡AmForTrad	1	1	1
75	‡Am L & T pf	92	92	92
200	‡Am Refrig	1¼	1¼	1¼
500	‡Am W P	4¾	4¾	4¾
200	Auto Fuel S	67¾	67¾	67¾
2,000	Bordens	80¼	80¼	80¼
500	Bo pf	90¼	90¼	90¼
300	‡Car L & P	2¾	2¾	2¾
100	‡Clay Amto	43	43	43
300	‡Crude Ch	1¾	1¾	1½
200	‡EastPotash	1	1	1
200	‡ Do pf	13	13	13
500	‡Emp T & S	18	18	18
50	‡EmpF&Opf	82½	82½	82½
2,000	‡FarrellCoal	14	13	13¾
300	‡GoldcynFM	4¾	4¾	4¾
500	‡Hercules P	17	16	16¾
1,000	Indian Pack	3¾	3¾	3¾
2,900	‡Kay Co Gas	1¼	1	1
75	‡L V Coal	61	61	61
100	‡Lone, new	1¼	1¼	1¼
300	‡Mercer M	2¾	2¾	2¾
900	‡Meteor M	17¾	16¾	17
300	Munson F	15	14¾	15

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

100	‡Ang-Am Oil	17¾	17¾	17¾	90	‡Prai P L	189	190
50	‡Eureka P L	90	90	90	10	‡S W Pa P L	89	89

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

10,000	‡Allied Oil	17	16	17	300	‡Merritt Oil	11¾	11	11¾
1,200	‡Boone Oil	1¾	1¾	1¾	2,500	Mexico Oil	1¾	1¾	1¾
6,500	‡Bost-Wyo	⅞	⅞	⅞	450	‡Midw Ref	143	141	142
5,200	‡Carib Synd	7⅞	7	7	6,300	Midwest Tex	3	3	3
1,000	‡Cities Serv				14,000	Noble Oil&G	11	¾	1
	B T Sh	31¾	30¾	30¾	300	N Am O & R	2	1¾	2
1,300	‡Coaden & Co	6	5¾	6	1,000	Omar, new	2¾	2¾	2¾
1,000	‡Cushing Pet	⅞	⅞	⅞	2,100	‡Prod & Ref	4¼	4¼	4¼
1,000	‡Denny Oil	1	1	1	700	‡Red Rock	⅜	⅜	⅜
300	‡DuquesneOil	2	2	2	215	‡Rickard Tex			
2,000	‡Elk B Pet	8	7¾	7¾	800	‡RyanCon,w i	11¾	11¾	11¾
3,000	Engin Pet	1¾	1¾	1¾	300	‡Salt Ck,new	10¾	10¾	10¾
2,500	‡Federal Oil	1¾	2	2	5,000	‡Sapulpa Ref	4¾	4¾	4¾
300	‡Feusland Oil	12	11¾	11¾	500	‡Settled Prod	3	3	3
700	‡Glenrock Oil	3¼	3	3¼	1,100	‡Simms Pet	6¾	6¾	6¾
1,800	‡Granada Oil	5	4¾	5	3,000	Skelly Oil	7	7	7¼
18,000	‡Hudson Oil	¼	¼	¼	3,500	‡Tex-Ken Oil	½	½	½
1,700	‡Int Petrol	16	15¾	15¾	1,000	‡Victoria Oil	1	1	1
1,500	‡Lone St Gas	25¾	25	25	1,800	‡Victoria Oil	1	¾	1
1,500	‡Lyon Pet	⅞	⅞	⅞	800	‡Vulcan Oil	¾	¾	¾
700	‡Maracaibo	13¾	13	13¾	1,000	‡W'dburn Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼

MINING STOCKS.

800	Alas-B C Mst	¾	¾	¾	3,500	‡‡Kewanaa	2	1	1¾
200	‡America	1	1	1	2,500	‡‡Knox Div.	8	7	7¾
3,100	Aris (Globe)	⅝	⅝	⅝	5,000	‡L Star C M	4½	4½	4½
5,500	‡Atlanta	1¼	1	1	9,500	‡Mac Na M	⅞	⅞	⅞
3,500	‡‡BelcherExt (a pros)	2¼	2	2¼	1,000	‡‡MacNa M	7	6	7
2,800	‡‡BelcherDiv (a pros)	2½	2	2½	2,200	‡‡Marsh M	7	6	7
1,100	Big Ledge	¾	¾	¾	1,300	‡Moth'lode C	5¾	5¾	5¾
3,400	‡‡Booth	4	2½	3	500	Prince Con	7¾	7¾	7¾
3,000	‡Bos & Mont	42	41	42	1,800	Ray V Cop	1¼	1¼	1¼
4,300	‡Caledonia	17	16	16	2,000	Ray Consol	5	5	5
11,600	‡Cal & Jer	¾	¾	¾	2,200	R-Group M			
3,100	‡Candelaria	13	12	13	2,000	‡Sil K Div.	1½	1½	1½
2,800	‡‡Cashboy	5⅜	5	5⅛	3,200	‡Sil Pick	5	4	4½
100	Con Vir Sil	3	3	3	300	St Croix Sil	¾	¾	¾
8,900	‡Corten Sil	64	62	64	500	Stand Sil M	1	1	1
500	Cresson Con	1¼	1¼	1¼	2,700	‡‡Success M	2	2	2
3,500	‡‡ Sal Sil	1	¾	¾	1,000	‡Sutherl'd D	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,000	Emma Silver	3	3	3	1,000	‡Talapus Sil	⅛	⅛	⅛
5,000	‡Eureka Hol	37	37	37	2,300	‡Tonn Belm	1¾	1¾	1¾
2,000	‡‡Eureka Hol	1½	1	1½	4,700	‡Tono Div	1¾	1	1¾
12,700	‡‡Gold Z D	21½	20	20½	275	Tono Ext	1¾	1¾	1¾
6,300	‡Goldfield C	5	4	5	370	‡Tono Min	1¾	1¾	1¾
4,300	‡‡ Do Der	1½	1	1½	1,255	Un Eastern	2¾	2¾	2¾
2,900	‡‡Hi shoe C	1¾	1¾	1¾	2,700	‡‡Vic D p	5	4½	5
4,500	‡‡Har Div	23	19	22	700	‡W End C	11	11	11
1,275	Hecla Min	4½	4½	4½	3,800	‡W Caps M	5½	5	5
500	Iron Blos	⅞	⅞	⅞	2,000	‡W C Ex p	⅝	⅝	⅝
3,500	‡‡Jim Butler	18	16	17	4,300	Wilbert Min	1¼	1	1¼
2,300	‡Jumbo Ext	5	4	4½	300	‡Yukon Al M	20	20	20
1,200	Kerr Lake	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞	500	‡Yukon G A	1¼	1	1¼

BONDS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$70,000	‡Allied Packers 6s	82	80½	81
15,000	‡Am Tel & Tel 6s, 1922	94	93¾	93¾
5,000	‡Am Tel & Tel, 1924	92	91	
45,000	‡Anaconda Cop 7s	89¾	89½	89¾
15,000	‡Anglo-Am Oil 7½s	96¾	96¼	80¼
10,000	‡Armour 7½	94¾	94¼	94¼
45,000	‡Bethlehem Steel 7½, 1935	94½	93¾	93¾
5,000	‡Can Nat Ry 7½, 1933	100¾	100¾	100¼
5,000	‡City of Bergen 8s	95¼	94½	94½
90,000	‡Consolidated Gas 8s	99¾	99¾	99¾
150,000	‡Denmark 8s	97½	97¼	97¼
10,000	‡Diamond Match 7%	100¼	100	100
5,000	‡Empire Gas & Fuel 6s, '26	91¼	91¼	91½
7,000	‡Galena Signal Oil 7%	93¼	93¼	93¼
3,000	‡Goodrich 7%, 1925	84½	83¾	84¼
1,000	‡Gov't of Sweden 5½	78	77¾	77¾
25,000	‡Inter Ray Tran 7s	67	66¾	67
25,000	‡Kingdom of Norway	99¼	99¼	99½
5,000	‡Morris & Co. 7½s	95	94	94
13,000	‡National Leather 8s	99¾	99¾	99¾
30,000	pf. N. Y. N H & H 4%	53	53½	53
5,000	‡Ohio Gas 7s, 1921	99	99	99
1,000	‡Ohio Cities Gas, 1922	95	95	95
6,000	‡Seaboard Air Line 6%	46	44	44
150,000	‡Sears-Roebuck 7s (1 yr)	97½	97	97
500	‡Hercules P. 17	16	16¾	16¾
1,000	Indian Pack.	3¾	3¾	3¾
2,900	‡Kay Co Gas	1¼	1	1
75	‡L V Coal	61	61	61
100	‡Lone, new	1¼	1¼	1¼
300	‡Mercer M	2¾	2¾	2¾
900	‡Meteor M	17¾	16¾	17
300	Munson F	15	14¾	15
10,000	‡Sears-Roebuck 7s (2 yr)	96¾	96¼	96¼
10,000	‡Sears-Roebuck 7s (3 yr)	94	94	94
35,000	Sinclair 7½%	88½	87¾	88
10,000	‡Solvay & Cie 8s	99¾	99	99
195,000	‡Stand Oil of Cal 7s	100	99¾	100
4,000	‡Stand Oil of N Y 7s, 1925	100	100	100
4,000	‡Stand Oil of N Y 7s, 1926	100	100	100
5,000	‡Stand Oil of N Y 7s, 1927	100	100	100
8,000	‡Stand Oil of N Y 7s, 1928	100	100	100
8,000	‡Stand Oil of N Y 7s, 1929	100	100	100
3,000	‡Stand Oil of N Y 7s, 1930	100	100	100
15,000	‡Stand Oil of N Y 7s, 1931	100¼	100	100¼
10,000	‡Swift & Co 7s, 1925	93¾	93½	93¾
5,000	‡Texas Co 7s	79¾	79¾	79¾
5,000	‡Texas Co 7% notes	87¾	87¾	87¾
10,000	‡Western Electric 7s	97¾	97¾	97¾

GERMAN BONDS.

Marks.		High.	Low.	Last.
30,000	‡Berlin 4s	12½	12	12
5,000	‡German Electric 4½s	14	14	14

‡Sells cents per share. ‡‡Unlisted

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
90	Ajax T & R	25¾	25¾	25¾
50	Al Juneau	1¾	1¾	1¾
300	Allis Chalm	29¾	29¾	29¾
5	Am Agr C	75	75	75
200	Am Ag Sugar	54¾	53¾	54
100	Am Can	29¾	29¾	29¾
670	Am C & F	116¾	115¾	115¾
10	Am Cot Oil	16¾	16¾	16¾
20	Am H & L	9¾	9¾	9¾
80	Do pf	58¾	58	58
20	Am Ice Sec	25¾	25¾	25¾
410	Am Int Corp	32¾	32¼	32¼
100	Am Linseed	40	40	40
170	Am Locomo	73¾	73	73¾
510	Am Metals	37¾	37¼	37¼
270	Am S & C	34	33¾	33¾
1,365	Am S & R	35¾	33¾	33¾
200	Am Sugar	83¾	83¾	83¾
100	Am Tob	111	109	111
480	Am Woolen	60¾	59¾	60¾
65	Am Zinc	8	8	8
800	Anaconda C	34¾	33¾	33¾
170	Atchison	78	78	78
270	A G & W I	104¾	102¾	103
3,700	Baldwin Loc	86¾	84¾	85½
684	Balt & Ohio	33	31	31½
25	Do pf	47¾	47¾	47¾
1,510	Beth Steel B	61¾	58¾	59¾
50	Booth Fish	7¾	7¾	7¾
182	Booth Mag	53¾	53¾	53¾
160	Bkyn R T	39	38¾	38¾
40	Butte & Sup	8¾	8¾	8¾
120	Caddo Oil	12	11	12
60	Cal Packs	84	84	84
580	Cal Pet	24½	24¼	25
120	Can Pac	112	111¾	112
90	Cent Leath	33¼	33¼	33¼
700	Chandler M	68½	68¼	68¼
170	Ches & Ohio	55	54¾	54¾
30	Chi & Gt W	7¾	7¾	7¾
470	C, M & St P	25¾	24¾	25¼
120	Do pf	39	38¾	39
10	Chi N W	85¾	85¾	85¾
200	C, R I & P	25	24¾	24¾
575	Chile Cop	9¾	9¾	9¾
70	Coca-Cola	20¾	20¼	20¼
40	Col Gas	54	54	54
300	Col Grapho	10¼	10¼	10¼
75	ConInt'Cal	6¾	5¾	5¾
30	Col Fuel & I	25¼	25¼	25¼
60	Con Gas	77	75¾	76
240	Cont Candy	5	5	5
750	Corn Prod	64¾	63¾	64
165	Cos & Co	27¾	26¾	26¾
30	Cuban-Am S	23¾	23¾	23¾
20	Del & Hud	84	84	84
50	D & R G pf	1¾	1¾	1¾
40	Endicott-J	52¾	51¾	51¾
470	Erie	12¾	12¼	12¼
1,070	Erie 1st pf	18¾	17¾	17¾
590	Famous P	43¾	40¾	40¾
50	Do pf	71	70¾	71
180	Flak T & R	10¾	10¾	10¾
90	Gen Cig	53¾	53¾	53¾
4,700	Gen Motors	13¾	13¾	13¾
545	Goodrich R	32¾	31¾	31¾
1,740	Gen Asphalt	41¾	39¾	40¾
180	Gt Nor pf	72½	71¾	72½
20	Gt Cananea	19¾	19¾	19¾
70	Haskell-B	53¼	53¼	53¼
1,295	Houston Oil	60¾	58	58¾
180	Hupp M Car	8¾	8¼	9¼
360	Insp Cop	28¾	28	28¼
30	Int-Agricul	46¼	46¼	46¼
110	Int M M	11¾	11¾	11¾
320	Do pf	48¼	47¼	47¼
480	Int Nickel	12¾	12¾	12¾
1,050	Inland Oil	3¾	3¾	3¾
150	Invincible O	21¾	21¾	21¾
1,130	Int Paper	46¾	44¾	44¾
60	Interboro pf	9¾	9¾	9¾
40	Ill Central	83½	83¼	83½
60	Kan City So	17¾	16¾	16¾
160	Kelly-S Tire	33¾	33¾	33¾
400	Kenne Copp	16¾	16¼	16¼
250	Kay T & R	8¾	8¾	8¾
270	Lack Steel	48¾	48	48
270	Lehigh Val	49¾	49¾	49¾
250	Lee's C Inc	19¾	19¾	19¾
60	Loft Candy	10	10	10
2,310	Mex Petrol	159¾	155¾	158¾
120	Miami Cop	18	18	18
1,455	Mid Sta Oil	12	11½	11½
245	Mo, K & T	3	3	3
130	Do pf	8¾	8¾	8¾
170	Mo Pacific	19¾	19¾	19¾
10	Mont Ward	14	14	14
50	Nat Conduit	9¾	9¾	9¾
880	Nat R R of Mex 2d pf	2¾	2¾	2¾
220	Nev Consol	67¾	66¾	66¾
405	N Y Central	68¾	68¾	68¾
390	N Y, N H & H	16¾	15¾	15¾
280	Nor Pacific	75¾	74¾	75
75	Okla P & R	3¾	3¾	3¾
50	Pan Amer	76	74	76¾
380	Pennsylvania	39¾	39¼	39¼
40	Penna Steel	85	85	85
1,630	Pierce-Arrow	19¾	18¾	19¼
315	People's Gas	32¾	32¼	32¼
380	Phila Co	32	31¾	31¾
80	Phillips Pet	27¾	27¾	27¾
70	Pure Merg	18¾	18¾	18¾
40	Pitts Coal	55¾	55¾	55¾
190	P & W B R	20¾	27	28
150	Pullman	98¾	95¾	96¼
50	Pure Oil	33¾	33¼	33¼
280	Punta Sug	44¾	41¾	44¼
65	Ran Type	30¾	30¾	30

Preferred Stock Dividend

A semi-annual dividend of three per cent. on the Preferred Stock has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable February 1st, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 14th, 1921. Checks will be mailed. H. G. PHILIPS, Treasurer.

To the Holders of Stock Trust Certificates for Preferred Stock of the INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY:

Notice is hereby given to holders of outstanding stock trust certificates for Preferred Stock of the International Mercantile Marine Company to surrender their certificates to the Agent of the Voting Trustees, 51 Newark Street, Hoboken, N. J., to be exchanged for definitive stock of the Company.

Pursuant to the foregoing notice, the undersigned, as Agents for the Voting Trustees, will be prepared, on and after February 1st, 1921, to distribute the dividend of 3% to holders of Preferred Stock issued in exchange for Stock Trust Certificates who file mailing instructions with us.

THE NEW YORK TRUST CO.
For Voting Trustees.

New York, December 16th, 1920.

235th Dividend

CHARTERED 1799

BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY

New York, Dec. 16, 1920

The President and Directors of the Manhattan Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the Capital stock of this Company, payable on and after Jan. 3rd, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business Dec. 23rd, 1920.

The transfer books will not close.

OWEN E. PAYNTER, Cashier

NOTICE OF DIVIDENDS

Kansas & Gulf Company,
1,632 McCormick Bldg.,
Chicago, Illinois.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Kansas & Gulf Company held December 15, 1920, a quarterly dividend of 3% was declared on its outstanding capital stock payable January 15, 1921, to stockholders of record December 31, 1920, and reopen January 17, 1921.

H. L. MOURER,
President.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

90th Common Dividend

THE Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent on the Common Capital stock of the Company, payable January 15th, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business, December 31st, 1920. Transfer books will not be closed.

G. P. WELLS, Treasurer.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
OFFICE OF PENICK & FORD, LTD., Incorporated.
New Orleans, La.

The Directors of Penick & Ford, Ltd., Incorporated, have declared quarterly dividend No. 4 of one and three-quarters per cent. upon the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable January 1, 1921, to stockholders of record December 20, 1920.

Transfer books will close December 20, 1920, at 3 P. M., and reopen January 1, 1921, at 10 A. M.

Checks will be mailed.

EMILE BIENVENU, Secretary.

UNITED VERDE EXTENSION MINING COMPANY

DIVIDEND NO. 19.

23 Broadway, New York, Dec. 15th, 1920.

The Board of Directors of the United Verde Extension Mining Company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of fifty cents per share on the outstanding capital stock, payable February 1st, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 5th, 1921. Stock transfer books do not close.

C. F. SANDS, Treasurer.
December 20, 1920.

The Alliance Realty Company

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of 1½% on the outstanding capital stock of the company, payable January 17, 1921 to stockholders of record at the close of business January 10, 1921.

HOWARD W. SMITH, Secretary.

Commonwealth Bank

New York, Dec. 20, 1920.

The Board of Directors of this Bank have declared a dividend of TWO PER CENT. (2%), free of tax, on the Capital Stock of the Bank out of the earnings for November and December, 1920, payable January 20th, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 31, 1920.

GEO. F. A. OLT, Cashier.

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.
COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 29.

The regular quarterly dividend of $1.25 per share upon the Common Capital Stock of this Company, will be paid on January 15, 1921, to shareholders of record at close of business December 31, 1920. The transfer books will not be closed and checks will be mailed from the office of the Company in time to reach stockholders on the date they are payable. A. F. HOCKENBEAMER, Vice-President and Treasurer.

San Francisco, California.

Columbus Electric Co.
Preferred Dividend No. 29
A $3.00 semi-annual dividend is payable Jan. 3, 1921, to stockholders of record Dec. 21, 1920
STONE & WEBSTER, INC., GENERAL MANAGER.

United Shoe Machinery Corporation

The directors of this corporation have declared a dividend of 1¾% on the preferred capital stock. They have also declared a dividend of 30c per share on the common capital stock. The dividends on both preferred and common stock are payable January 3, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 20, 1920.

L. A. COOLIDGE, Treasurer.

D. C. HEATH & COMPANY
BOSTON
PREFERRED STOCK

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. has been declared by the Directors of this Corporation, payable Jan. 1, 1921, to preferred stockholders of record Dec. 27, 1920. Checks will be mailed.

WINFIELD S. SMYTH, Treasurer.

Commercial Exchange Bank

New York, December 17, 1920.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of 5% on the capital stock of this Bank, payable January 2, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business Dec. 29, 1920.

GEORGE KERN, Cashier.

JULIUS KAYSER & CO.

The regular quarterly dividend of two per cent. (2%) upon the Common Capital Stock of Julius Kayser & Co. has been declared payable January 3rd, 1921, to the holders of record of such Stock at the close of business December 24, 1920.

Dividend checks will be forwarded by Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

CHARLES SINN, Secretary.

BARNET LEATHER CO., INC.,
21 Fulton St., N. Y. C.

Dec. 20, 1920.

A quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. has been declared upon the preferred stock of the Barnet Leather Co., Inc., payable January 1, 1921 to stockholders of record at the close of business December 20, 1920. Checks will be mailed.

M. H. HEYMAN, Treasurer.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York.

New York, December 17th, 1920.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of EIGHT PER CENT., payable on and after January 3rd, 1921. The transfer books will remain closed from December 19th, 1920, until that date.

WM. E. CABLE, Jr., Cashier.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 20.—Sixty-eight new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $5,622,000, were chartered today. They include:

Charles F. Mark, Albany, bookbinding, $10,000; J. J. Garland, C. and C. F. Mark, Albany.

Blue Point Oil Corp., Manhattan, $30,000; G. A. Arthur, J. and O. Becker, Blue Point, L. I.

Gramercy Park, Manhattan, realty, $70,000; J. S. Comfort, M. F. Moore, D. L. Langman, 286 Broadway.

Modern Hospital Supply Co., Brooklyn, $50,000; J. N. Shatzkin, J. Danowitz, J. Geffen, 1,042 Union St., Brooklyn.

Medical Chambers, Manhattan, realty and construction and establish hospitals, $150,000; L. A. Coffin, E. P. Fowler, H. Fox, 616 Madison Av.

V. Langman, Manhattan, groceries, wines and hardware, $25,000; V. Cambareili, D. Gevasco, V. Langman, 97 6th Av.

Watco Sureties Co., Manhattan, manufactured articles and raw materials, $20,000; S. Ford, A. C. spencer, A. L. Hillyard, 104 South Portlandt Av., Brooklyn.

Beriwin Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; A. J. Lindsay, M. B. West, E. T. Murdoch, 43 Cedar St.

Nu Fashion Children's Dress Co., Manhattan, $15,000; H. and S. Horowitz, M. Rothman, 14 East 107th St.

Laura Dress Co., Manhattan, $3,000; H. Alexander, J. Rosenblum, W. Speciner, 3,999 3d Av.

David Levine, Manhattan, furs, $5,000; M. and M. Behrmann, D. Levine, 16 Ludlow St.

Fischer & Sey, Manhattan, stocks and bonds, $250,000; C. Cohn, R. G. and B. M. Fischer, 147 4th Av.

Charm Hat Co., Manhattan, millinery, $15,000; S. C. Katz, C. H. Brand, P. Rosenfeld, 1400 Kelly St., Bronx.

American and Foreign Securities Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; M. and D. Rodner, E. Sustick, 1,144 President St., Brooklyn.

Cassini Oil Corp., Manhattan, $75,000; A. L. Muss, R. Gainvin, L. Reid, 46 Cedar St.

Kramer Surgical Stores, Manhattan, $15,000; G. Kupfer, M. and H. S. Kramer, 1,451 Madison Av.

J. F. Jones Co., Binghamton, make engines and boilers, $20,000; L. W. Evans, G. A. Thompson, J. Jones, Binghamton.

F. C. A. Stores, Manhattan, department stores, $10,000; P. Fischel, S. Alder, I. Cohn, 454 New Lots Road, Brooklyn.

Lever Auto Equipment Co., Manhattan, $20,000; R. A. Fines, M. Seligson, M. A. Schoenfeld, 276 5th Av.

Reeves Realty Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; R. Hassler, R. Goldman, A. Rothstein, 120 Broadway.

Franko Realty Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; M. Sutta, N. and M. Frankel, 1,486 5th Av.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

BRAZIL LAND, CATTLE AND PACKING COMPANY.
(Incorporated in the State of Maine, U. S. A.)

TO THE HOLDERS OF AN ISSUE OF 5 PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS SECURED BY INDENTURE DATED 1ST NOVEMBER, 1911, BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY:

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of the Second Schedule to the above-mentioned Trust Deed a meeting of the holders of the bonds thereby secured (hereafter referred to as "the five per cent. First Mortgage Bonds"), will be held at the offices of Messrs. Binder, Hamlyn & Co., 80 Bishopsgate, in the City of London, on Wednesday, the 29th day of December, 1920, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing Extraordinary Resolutions as defined by the said Second Schedule, to the intent that the said resolutions shall be binding on all the bondholders, whether present or not present at the meeting, to the following effect:

1. A resolution (a) providing for the creation and issue by the company of Prior Lien Bonds to an amount not exceeding £287,500, together with such further amounts as may be necessary, (b) with the "available profits" of the company, as defined in the Composition Agreement hereinafter referred to as "the Composition") between the company, the Brazil Railway Company, the bondholders and certain creditors and the shareholders of the company, of each of the financial years commencing with the year ending 31st December, 1919, and ending with the year ending on the 31st December, 1920, to pay the interest on the Prior Lien Bonds, and (ii) to pay the French fiscal charges and taxes (other than those assessable against the holders of the Prior Lien Bonds of the company as holders or owners thereof) to which such of the Prior Lien Bonds as for the time being are owned by the Brazil Railway Company form part of the collaterals of any of its bond issues would be subject if originally issued in France be authorized such issue of Prior Lien Bonds to be made as to such part thereof as the board of the company may determine in dollars of the United States of America and repayable in such dollars as to such part thereof as the said board may determine repayable in sterling and as to such part thereof as the said board may determine in French francs repayable in French francs. All such Prior Lien Bonds to rank pari passu and to be secured by a first charge upon all the assets charged to secure the five per cent. First Mortgage Bonds of the company in priority to the charge for such last-mentioned bonds created by the above-mentioned Trust Deed (b) postponing the security for the five per cent. First Mortgage Bonds to the security for the said Prior Lien Bonds and (c) authorizing and directing the Trustee to execute and concur in the execution of a Trust Deed to secure the said Prior Lien Bonds in the form of the draft that has been already prepared and which will be submitted to the meeting. Such resolution will be in substitution for and will cancel the resolution No. 3 passed at the meeting of the holders of the five per cent. First Mortgage Bonds, held on 15th October, 1919.

2. Approving of a modification of the Trust Deed securing the five per cent. First Mortgage Bonds and of the conditions endorsed or to be endorsed on such bonds by substituting in Clause 11 of such conditions the word "once" for the words "twice on two consecutive days" and substituting the words "in one newspaper published in London, England, and in one newspaper published in Brussels, Belgium," for the words commencing with "in The Times" and ending with the words "Company shall determine" and approving the insertion in the Supplemental Trust Deed, the draft of which was approved by resolution No. 4, passed at the said meeting held on the 15th October, 1919, before such deed is executed, of a clause to give effect to such modification and authorizing the said Trustee to execute and carry into effect such Supplemental Trust Deed as so modified.

(3) Approving and authorizing the Trustee under the above-mentioned Trust Deed securing the five per cent. First Mortgage Bonds to approve and give effect to, with or without modification, an agreement proposed to be entered into between the Brazil Railway Company of the first part, the Trustee for the Convertible Debenture Issue of that company of the second part, and the company of the third part, in the terms of the draft thereof which has been already prepared and which will be submitted to the meeting.

4. Authorizing and empowering the said Trustee to consent to any modifications which it thinks fit to approve in the draft documents referred to in the foregoing part paragraphs hereof.

Copies of the draft documents referred to in Paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 hereof may be inspected at the offices of Messrs. Binder, Hamlyn & Co., 80 Bishopsgate, LONDON, E. C. 2, at any time during usual business hours on any day prior to the meeting.

The draft of the Prior Lien Trust Deed referred to in Paragraph 1 hereof is in substitution for the draft deed of a similar nature which was approved at the said meeting held on the 15th October, 1919, but contains such modifications (inter alia) as are necessary to give effect to the agreement referred to in Paragraph 3 hereof and to the resolutions to be submitted to the meeting pursuant to this notice.

The proposed agreement referred to in Paragraph 3 hereof provides (inter alia) for the issue of Prior Lien Bonds of the company as to part thereof in U. S. Dollars repayable in U. S. Dollars as to part thereof in Sterling repayable in Sterling and as to part thereof in French Francs repayable in French Francs, and modifies the obligation of the Brazil Railway Company to provide the company with $1,800,000 by the subscription of Prior Lien Bonds at 93 per cent.

By order of the Board of Directors,
BRAZIL LAND, CATTLE AND PACKING COMPANY,
By
P. G. CHENE, Secretary.

15th December, 1920.

Persons who produce at the meeting Bonds, or Voting Certificates in the form prescribed by and issued in accordance with the regulations mentioned below, will alone be entitled to attend and vote at the meeting.

In accordance with the regulations which have been made by the company, and approved by the Trustees under Paragraph 11 of the Second Schedule of the said Trust Deed of 1st November, 1911, Bondholders who desire to obtain Voting Certificates must deposit their bonds with the Bank or Trust Company which may be willing to accept the same and to issue in respect thereof Voting Certificates in the form prescribed by such regulations. Voting certificates in the prescribed form can be obtained at the office of Messrs. Binder, Hamlyn & Co., aforesaid, 80 Bishopsgate, London, E. C., where the foregoing regulations can also be inspected. Voting Certificates must be duly signed in accordance with such regulations by the Bank or Trust Company with which the bonds are deposited.

Friedman, 51 Chambers St.
Heliocom Aluminum Corp., Buffalo, making cooking utensils, $50,000; T. S. Hemenway, E. Ray, D. Cassidine, Buffalo.
Rosenthal & Sherrill, Manhattan, $10,000; A. T. Keenan, L. C. Underhill, M. S. Chace, Manhattan.
Marjac, Ltd., Manhattan, dressmakers and milliners, $10,000; H. Satchler, J. Pincus, H. Goldstein, 53 William St.
Uhlman Service, Binghamton, advertising, $50,000; G. P. Uhlman, G. D. Genung, W. Mayers, Binghamton.
Hanman Binghey Co., Manhattan, $6,000; W. Abramson, F. Bova, S. Blum, 49 West 114th St.
Lipman Brothers & Jaffe, Manhattan, clothing, $150,000; Lipman, S. Jaffe, S. Fefbisch, 1,166 West Farms Road, Bronx.
Kingston Dry Dock and Construction Co., Kingston, 5,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 5,000 common, no par value; active capital, $225,000; G. A. Tuzo, E. Salisbury, M. E. McGuiness, Kingston.
Pneumatix Corp. of America, Manhattan, importers and exporters, $300,000; S. Lewis, G. and W. Harstedt, 23 West 46th St.
Yesurius Corp., Lawrence, Nassau Co., land development, $10,000; J. B. Dellea, D. Gerard, O. Toth, Lawrence.
Wilein & Adler, Manhattan, textiles, 5,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 10,000 shares common, no par value; active capital, $250,000; H. Wilein, P. L. Crane, J. L. Wilkin, 11 East 26th St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Central Collateral Corp., Manhattan, $100,000 to $500,000.
Reform Initial Corp., Manhattan, $5,000 to $50,000.
Solon Palmer, Manhattan, $25,000 to $500,000.
M. & S. Photo-Engraving Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $25,000.
Martin R. Williams Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $500,000.
Gutenberger, Robbins & Co., Manhattan, $500,000 to $750,000.
L. H. Bigelow & Co., Manhattan, $45,000 to $150,000.
Cohen Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000 to $100,000.
Charles Keller & Co., Manhattan, $500,000 to $750,000.
Klatscher & Lorenz, Manhattan, $5,000 to $30,000.
K. & K. Wet Wash Laundry Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $20,000.
Federal Packing Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.
Gotham Garter and Novelty Co., Manhattan, $40,000 to $80,000.
Samuel Ellentuch & Co., Manhattan, $5,000 to $12,500.
Export Steamship Corp., Manhattan, $5,000 to $100,000.
Bogart Flour Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $150,000.
Capital Paper Co., Manhattan, $15,000 to $60,000.
Generator Valve Co., Brooklyn, $25,000 to $40,000.
W. Conde Hardware Co., Watertown, $150,000 to $200,000.
Modern Weaving and Belting Co., Buffalo, $100,000 to $200,000.
Warsaw Elevator Co., Warsaw, $250,000 to $500,000.
Sterling Lighting and Fixture Co., Buffalo, $2,500 to $25,000.
Morgan Chemical Corp., Ogdensburg, $250,000 to $1,000,000.
Post-Mitchell Co., Buffalo, $3,000 to $45,000.
Raithel Auto Supply Co., Rochester, $3,000 to $50,000.
International Cooperage Co., Niagara Falls, $25,000 to $300,000.
J. and T. Cousins Co., Brooklyn, $500,000 to $750,000.
Camp White Lake, $10,000 to $20,000.
Mohawk Asbestos Slate Co., Utica, $200,000 to $500,000.
Daniel P. McGill, Buffalo, $10,000 to $35,000.
Robert Gair Co., Brooklyn, carry on business with $10,000,000 and 30,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each, and 40,000 common, $100 each; 600,000 common stock, no par value.

REORGANIZATIONS.

Paul B. Schnauble & Co., Manhattan, carry on business with $120,000 and 1,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each, and 4,000 common, no par value.
Columbia Metal Box Co., Manhattan, carry on business with $12,500 and 2,500 shares common stock, no par value.
Binghamton Dress Cream Co., Binghamton, carry on business with $120,000 and 600 shares preferred stock, $100 each, and 3,800 common, no par value.

NAME CHANGE.

Chebra Nessiuth Chein Ubikur Cholim, Manhattan, to American Benevolent Society

SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.

Bishop Sons & Co., Newfoundland.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Namroth Holding Corp., Manhattan.
Biltmore Hat Co., Manhattan.
Sirio Match Co., Manhattan.
Brazilian Tobacco Corp., Manhattan.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PUBLIC NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK.

Please take notice that the annual meeting of the shareholders of The Public National Bank of New York for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be submitted to the said meeting, will be held at its Banking House, at the northwest corner of Broadway and 25th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon until 1:00 P. M.

Dated, New York, December 8, 1920.

C. H. BALDWIN, Cashier.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

Long Island City, New York, Dec. 11, 1920.

A special meeting of the stockholders of Transport Service, Inc., will be held on the 27th day of December, 1920, at 3 o'clock at the office of the Company, Harris Ave. and Sherman St., Long Island City, Borough of Queens, City of New York, N. Y., for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase its capital stock from fifty thousand dollars ($50,000), consisting of five thousand shares of the par value of $100 each, to One Million dollars ($1,000,000), to consist of ten thousand shares of the par value of $100 each.

FREDERICK HANDRICH, President.
JOHN C. REETH, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE MALAYAN TRADING CO., LTD., INC.

Notice is hereby given that the election of Directors for the Malayan Trading Co., Ltd., Inc., not having been held on the day designated in the by-laws, and the Directors not having within one month thereafter called a special election, a meeting of the members of said corporation for the purpose of electing Directors thereof will be held at Room 2004, No. 43 Exchange Place, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 28th day of December, 1920, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated New York, December 10, 1920.

MACE, HALL & CO.,
Stockholders of Said Corporation.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK
New York, December 9, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year will be held at its banking house, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M.

H. C. STEVENS,
Second Vice President.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the Stockholders of Transport Service, Inc., will be held at the offices of the Company, Harris Ave. and Sherman Street, Long Island City, Borough of Queens, City of New York, on the 27th day of December, 1920, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and two inspectors of election to act at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN C. REETH, Secretary.

Dated, December 11, 1920.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the M. E. SCHOENING CO., INC., will be held at the Office of the Company, 28 East 22nd Street, New York City, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of the fourth day of January, 1921.

The purpose of this meeting is to elect Directors and Officers for the ensuing year and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The Stock Transfer Books will be closed at 12 o'clock noon, December 24, 1921, and reopen on January 15, 1921.

C. A. BECHTOLF, Secretary.

BROADWAY CENTRAL BANK,
2574 Broadway, New York.
Dec. 14, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Broadway Central Bank will be held at the office of the Bank, No. 2574 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York, on the 11th day of January, 1921, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before such meeting.

ANTHONY ZIESAT, Cashier.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING
THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of Directors, to consider amending the Articles of Association so as to increase the authorized number of Directors, and to act upon any other matters which may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the banking house, No. 57 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

WILLIAM P. HOLLY, Cashier.

A special meeting of the stockholders of J. R. WEMLINGER & CO., INC., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such business as may properly come before it, will be held at the main office of said corporation at 149 BROADWAY, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on Monday, January 3rd, 1921, at o'clock P. M.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of GIANT ENGINEERING & COMMERCE CORPORATION for the election of directors and the transaction of such business as may properly come before it, will be held at the main office of said corporation, at 149 BROADWAY, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, Monday, January 3rd, 1921, at 1 o'clock P. M.

The Chemical National Bank of New York
December 11, 1920

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank, for the election of Directors, will be held at the Banking House, No. 270 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, between the hours of one and two o'clock P. M.

ALBION K. CHAPMAN, Cashier.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Dec. 20.—Charters filed;

Innovation Oil Co., develop lands, $5,000,000; A. L. Dahl, San Francisco; R. K. Barrows, Berkeley, Cal.; F. L. Mott, Oakland.

Hall Baking Co., $2,250,000; E. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Blesher Oil and Transportation Co., $5,000,000; Arthur W. Britton, Samuel R. Howard, Robert K. Thistle, New York.

Amoe-James-Leiber Co., grocers, $3,000,000; L. B. Phillips, A. E. Silver, Dover.

Dramus Productions Co., films, $1,000,000; Philip Van Dusen, Charles J. Dietric, Herman B. Drumbeller, New York.

Universal Development Co., oil, $1,000,000; A. H. Dahl, San Francisco; R. K. Barrows, Berkley, Cal.; M. J. Mott, Oakland, Cal.

Fidelity Reserve and Guaranty Co., $1,000,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

Heinrich National Co-operative Club, manufacturing, $50,000; Joseph M. Moskezik, Clayton W. Weis, Albert E. Lahl, Minneapolis.

Comtyl Corp., stocks and bonds, $500,000; A. W. Britten, Samuel B. Howard, Robert K. Thistle, New York.

Warren, Moore & Co., builders, $500,000; Walter Neale, Margaret M. Mooney, Ames J. Peaslee, New York.

Mid Continent Eastern Oil Co., drill, $300,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

Eastern Service Oil Co., $500,000; W. H. Coleman, A. J. Alden, R. L. Gardner, Scranton, Pa.

Royal Arcade Co., amusements, $250,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Mile-A-Minute, manufacture novelties, $250,000; A. G. McCaughan, Allison Park, Pa.; C. A. Neff, Pittsburgh; Saybrooke Schramm, Woodburn, Pa.

Warren Export Coal Co., coal, $200,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

E. H. Bertram & Co., stocks and bonds, $100,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Forest Grove Oil and Gas Co., produce and market oil, $1,000,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, E. M. MacFarland, Phila.

Anderson, Rogers & Co., importers and exporters, $60,000; Frederick C. Bangs, Earl E. Keyes, Edward Bohm, New York.

Valley Coal Co., coal mining rights, $25,000; D. H. Pore, L. L. Mountain, J. B. Kirkpatrick, Confluence, Pa.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Huttig Sash and Door Co., St. Louis, $1,000,000 to $1,250,000.
Standard Match Corp., New York, $8,800 to $450,000.

NAME CHANGES.

Industrial Fibre Corp. of America and the American "Borvisk" Co. under name of Industrial Fibre Corp. of America, Wilmington; capital, $62,500,000.
K. T. Film Distributing Corp. to Farmers Film Corp., New York.

New Jersey Charters.
Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Dec. 20.—New charters granted:

Newark Stadium Co., Newark, to promote athletic contests, $11,500,000; Thomas J. Doyle, Willard T. Higgins, Ralph B. Wagner, New York.

Stokes Asbestos Co., Trenton, to make rubber and asbestos articles, $1,000,000; William J. B. Stokes, Joseph Oliver Stokes, Trenton; Robert J. Stokes, Princeton.

Dr. E. Regnell Laboratories, Long Branch, chemical, $100,000; Pearl W. Hazard, Annie V. White, Julia M. Bennett, Long Branch.

Joseph Regan Co., Newark, merchandise, $125,000; Joseph Regan, Francis J. Scanlon, Joseph V. Lupo, Newark.

Universal Clothing Corp., Newark, $10,000; Joseph Spiotta, Samuel Mazzuto, Peter A. Cavicchia, Newark.

Universal Safety Lock Co., Paterson, $100,000; Antonio Caputo, R. H. Graeber, Matteo Tamburni, Paterson.

Clint Atlantic Park and Amusement Co., Camden, resorts, $50,000; F. R. Hansell, S. C. Clow, John A. MacPeap, Camden.

CAPITAL INCREASE.

Standard Oil Co., Bayonne, $800,000,000 to $810,000,000.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

Sterling Coal Co. Limited

Notice to Bondholders

By a resolution passed by the Bondholders of the Company at a meeting held on 19th February, 1915, it was resolved to cancel the liability of the Company to pay the interest on the bonds maturing 1st January and 1st July, 1915, and 1st January and 1st July, 1916, until such time as the Directors of the Company should elect to pay the same, with a proviso that the Directors should not declare any dividend upon the capital stock before such interest on such bonds should have been paid in full, together with interest upon such interest at 6 per cent. per annum, compounded yearly.

Coupon No. 10 having been paid on and after July 2nd, 1920, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the second of the Coupons mentioned in the above resolution, namely, **Coupon No. 11, due July 1st, 1915, will, on presentation and surrender to the Company, be paid AT THE COMPANY'S OFFICES, 26 JAY STREET, TORONTO,** on and after January 3rd, 1921, with compound interest thereon from 1st July, 1915, to 1st January, 1921.

By order of the Board of Directors.

H. G. RATCLIFFE, Secretary.

Toronto, December 10, 1920.

NOTE.—In respect to each Coupon No. 11, bearing face value of $3.00, the amount of $4.13 will be paid; in respect of each Coupon No. 11, face value $30.00, the amount of $41.30 will be paid.

PUBLIC SALE NOTICE.

$592,000

City of Arecibo, Porto Rico, 5½% Tax Exempt Bonds.

Sealed offers will be received by the Municipal Commissioner of Public Service, Police and Prisons, the Municipal Assembly and the Municipal Secretary, will be in session on the said day and hour in the Hall of the Municipal Assembly in order to legally open the offers presented and to award same then or later to the best bidder in accordance with the conditions of the ordinance adopted by the Assembly. Bidders may be present at the opening of the Assembly either personally or may be represented by their agents or attorneys, and copies of the rules and regulations governing this sale will be sent on application of the interested parties.

Arecibo, November 5th, 1920.

JOSE ADORNO,
Municipal Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICE

To the Holders of Dominican Republic 5% Bonds, Issue of 1918, Due 1938.

In accordance with Executive Order 272 sealed proposals will be received by the Secretaria de Estado de Hacienda y Comercio until 10 o'clock A. M. of February 1, March 1 and April 1, 1921, for the purchase for retirement of bonds of the Dominican Republic dated January 1, 1918, due 1938, without regard to series, to an amount estimated at THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS ($320,000) on each of the above dates, a total for all three dates of $960,000. All proposals shall be submitted in triplicate and shall specify the number of the bonds offered, the series, the par value, and the price at which offered and shall be signed by an official duly authorized to act for the bidders. Upon the outside of the sealed envelopes containing proposals shall appear the words "Proposals opening of ...../...../..... (fill in date). Said proposals will be opened in public in the office of the undersigned on February 1, March 1 and April 1, 1921, unless such dates fall upon a Sunday or legal holiday, in which case the bids will be opened on the following day.

Arthur H. Mayo.
Lieutenant Commander (SC), U. S. N.,
Officer Administering the Affairs of the Secretaria de Estado de Hacienda y Comercio for the Military Government.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

STANDARD GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.
Sinking Fund-Purchase Convertible Six Per Cent. Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Collateral Trust Agreement executed December 1, 1911, by the Standard Gas and Electric Company to the undersigned, as Trustee, to secure an authorized issue of Thirty Million Dollars Convertible Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, maturing December 1, 1926, the undersigned hereby gives notice that it now has on hand the sum of Seventy-four Thousand One Hundred and two dollars and thirty-seven cents ($74,102.37) in the Sinking Fund provided by said Trust Agreement, and that it is its intention to apply said sum, under the provisions of said Trust Agreement, to the purchase of said bonds. Offers of said bonds are invited at a price not to exceed par, accrued interest and five per cent. premium. Sealed tenders should be addressed to the Philadelphia Trust Company, Trustee, Sinking Fund, Standard Gas and Electric Company, Broad Street Office, Broad and Chestnut Streets, N. E. Corner, Philadelphia, **designating the denomination of** bonds tendered, and will be received until **3 P. M., Thursday, January 6, 1921.**

PHILADELPHIA TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By JOHN C. WALLACE,
Treasurer.

Philadelphia, December 7, 1920.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
Computing-Tabulating-Recording Co.
Six Per Cent. 30-Year Sinking Fund Bonds Due July 1, 1941.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, as provided in Article VI. of the Indenture, dated July 15, 1911, securing the above bonds, that sealed offers will be received until 10 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, December 29, 1920, at the office of the undersigned, 140 Broadway, New York, for the sale of sufficient bonds at not exceeding 105% of par and accrued interest, to exhaust the sum of One hundred thousand dollars ($100,000). Offers should be sealed and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT. The right is reserved to reject any and all offers.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
Dated, December 3, 1920.

CLINCHFIELD COAL CORPORATION.
7% Cumulative Preferred Stock.

The undersigned as Transfer Agent of the 7% Cumulative Preferred Sinking Fund Stock of Clinchfield Coal Corporation, pursuant to the provision respecting said stock setting aside a Sinking Fund at the rate of 2½ cents per gross ton, hereby gives notice that there has been deposited with it, in accordance with said provision, $26,746.78 available for redemption of such stock on February 1, 1921, and that it will receive sealed tenders up to 3 o'clock P. M. on January 6, 1921, for the sale to it of such Preferred Stock at a price not exceeding 120% of the par value thereof and the accumulated and accrued dividends thereon.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Transfer Agent.
By B. G. CURTIS, Secretary.

New York, December 16, 1920.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

TAKE NOTICE that STYLISH BUTTON WORKS of 19 East 8th Street, New York City, has this day dissolved; ABRAHAM and MORRIS PRILUTSKY having sold their interest to SAMUEL BIENENFELD, who will continue business under the same name at the same address.

Dated, December 18th, 1920.

SAMUEL BIENENFELD,
ABRAHAM PRILUTSKY,
MORRIS PRILUTSKY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the firm of JOS. W. STERN & CO. has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the interest of Mr. Stern has been acquired by Mr. Marks, who will continue the business at 102 and 104 West 38th Street, New York, under the name of EDWARD B. MARKS MUSIC CO.

Dated, New York, December 15th, 1920.

EDWARD B. MARKS.
JOS. L. STERN.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE of FRANCIS & CO.

Owing to the retirement of Mr. Hugh Francis of the firm of Francis & Co., Stock Brokers, One Wall Street, New York, this firm has dissolved by mutual consent as of date December 18th, 1920.

NOTICE is hereby given that the firm of Milchin & Clarkson of 111 West 17th St., at this date dissolved partnership and that Harry E. Milchin will continue the business of the above firm under the name of H. E. Milchin at 111 West 17th St.

Signed,
HARRY E. MILCHIN.

DIVIDENDS.

ICE SERVICE COMPANY, INC.
Preferred Stock Dividend.

A dividend at the rate of 7% from the date of the issue to January 1st, 1921, has been declared on the preferred stock of this company, payable January 1st, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 20th, 1920, on which date the transfer books will close. Checks mailed.

M. J. BRIGHT, Treasurer.

Special to The New York Times.

Newark Stadium Co., Newark, to promote athletic contests, $11,500,000; Thomas J. Doyle, Willard T. Higgins, Ralph B. Wagner, New York.

Stokes Asbestos Co., Trenton, to make rubber and asbestos articles, $1,000,000; William J. B. Stokes, Joseph Oliver Stokes, Trenton; Robert J. Stokes, Princeton.

Dr. E. Regnell Laboratories, Long Branch, chemical, $100,000; Pearl W. Hazard, Annie V. White, Julia M. Bennett, Long Branch.

Joseph Regan Co., Newark, merchandise, $125,000; Joseph Regan, Francis J. Scanlon, Joseph V. Lupo, Newark.

Universal Clothing Corp., Newark, $10,000; Joseph Spiotta, Samuel Mazzuto, Peter A. Cavicchia, Newark.

Universal Safety Lock Co., Paterson, $100,000; Antonio Caputo, R. H. Graeber, Matteo Tamburni, Paterson.

Clint Atlantic Park and Amusement Co., Camden, resorts, $50,000; F. R.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday ...7¾ to 8 p.c. for the best names
Saturday ...7¾ to 8 p.c. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Gray Goods Very Quiet.

Gray goods were very quiet in this market yesterday. Spot business was put through on 39½-inch 64-60s at 5¼ cents, but other printcloth sales of like grade were few and far between. In fact, throughout the trade buyers and the shippings end of the trade paid the cents for five-yard sheetings and 6⅝ cents for 5.50s. The fine-yarn grade were "dead," and of the clothing styles the same thing was reported.

Spring Trimmings Are Varied.

Novel trimmings of French origin for Spring hats are exceedingly numerous this season. Among the various things shown so far in the advance offerings are flowers of scratch felt. The petals and the leaves of these blossoms are outlined with stitchings of silver thread, and the centres of the flowers are also of silver. Trailing clusters and wreaths of flowers are also seen, frequently arranged so that a thick cluster is banked at the back of the crown, on the brim, with long sprays dangling over the edge. Patent leather appears in the form of edgings and bindings, and also as flowers. It is seen in bright colors, as well as in the usual black. Yucca, a new coarse straw, and alpaca, which has much the appearance of horsehair, appear both as trimmings and as bodies of hats. Odd shapes in bright-hued wooden beads trim several of the newest models seen here.

Waiting for New Gingham Prices.

Sellers of prints and percales in the primary market seem to be waiting for the repricing of ginghams with just as much interest as is manifested in this event by the jobbers. The reason is, of course, that the basis of the new prices on percales and prints will be very largely dependent upon what is done in the woven colored cottons. At least one effort has already been made to establish prices on the printed goods, but the feeling seems to prevail, at least among buyers, that an even greater general reduction is to be looked for when the time comes.

Shirt and Collar Readjustment.

Manufacturers of shirts and collars are looking forward hopefully to the January sales period, with the expectation of seeing the retailers establish prices which will increase the consumption of such merchandise. It is commonly felt in the wholesale trade that lower retail prices are overdue. Reports are current, too, that the turn of the year will see some further wholesale price revisions on both shirts and collars. This will hasten retail liquidation of existing stocks. The prediction is made that the public will soon see a very satisfactory shirt offered for $2, and that collars will also come down a bit.

A Credit Paradox.

A paradox in the present business situation which credit men see is that, if conditions during recent months had been better than they were, there would have been more failures. This is, in other way of saying that, because of the universal involvement in difficulties, it has not been possible to deal so severely with delinquent debtors. Credit managers, however, do not expect this state of things to continue, but are of the opinion that the present period is merely a breathing spell during which it will be determined just what concerns must be weeded out. In other words, a period of grace has been granted to debtors in general to work out their problems, but when it is over severer treatment will be dealt out.

If the Promises Were Fulfilled.

A garment wholesaler, who commented yesterday on the tactics being used by retail buyers to secure job lots of merchandise at very low prices, took occasion to state that if all the promises of future business given to manufacturers who agreed to furnish the sale merchandise were totaled the total represented would be enough to keep the factories going for the rest of the year. He criticised this practice in describing how general it had become. "While there are still large quantities of dress goods held in the market," he said, "the manufacturers do not wish to cut these materials up until the situation improves, and, consequently, there is no so large a surplus of desirable garments. The buyers know of the dress goods surplus and are using it to get their job by promising regular orders in the future. The manufacturers ought to realize that all these promises cannot be fulfilled, and therefore should not sacrifice their merchandise for glittering offers which will never be carried out."

See Healthier Silk Prospects.

Although the silk manufacturers are taking no orders to boast of, nevertheless there is a small business passing that gives them encouragement. This is more or less a demand of an immediate character, but it indicates that retail stocks are being liquidated and require filling in. The manufacturers are especially pleased with this development because an improvement is particularly desired before the coming exposition of silks and Silk Week. If there can be a readier sale of goods before that time the success of the project is definitely assured.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

ASSOCIATED BLUE BOOK PUBLICATIONS, THE MOTOR TRUST CO. and AUTOMOBILE BLUE BOOK PUBLISHING COMPANY.—Judge Knox has appointed Adelbert B. Hull receiver, and Robert Wolfers receiver, in $15,000 bond, for the above named concerns in a suit brought by the Automobile Trade Directory, a creditor for $31,000. It is stated that the defendant has claims against it to the excess of $1,000,000, and that its assets, on a fair valuation, exceed its liabilities, but that it cannot readily meet maturing obligations.

WATT, FRANKEN & BRUNO—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against William B. Watt, Adolph Franken and Edwin Bruno, co-partners, trading as Watt, Franken & Bruno, at 128 Fifth Avenue, by Mary Bruno, as creditor for $6,800. It is stated that the liabilities are about $200,000 and the assets about $100,000.

UNITED HOSIERY STORES, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against United Hosiery Stores, Inc., retail underwear and hosiery, at 41 Union Square, by three creditors: United Underwear Co., $500; Simon Cantor, $1,000, and Sunrise Knitting Mills, Inc., $500. It is stated that the liabilities will exceed $15,000 and the assets about $5,000. Judge Knox has appointed Marcus Helfand receiver, in $5,000 bond.

NEW YORK NOVELTY CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against New York Novelty Co., general merchandise, at 1331 Broadway, and three creditors: Jacob Goldberg, $300; Morris Steinman, $1,000, and Isaac F. Decker, $500. Judge Knox has appointed Frederick Sterbel receiver, in $1,000 bond. It is stated that the liabilities are about $10,000 and the assets about $20,000.

SUNRISE KNITTING MILLS, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Sunrise Knitting Mills, Inc., at 41 Union Square, by United Underwear Co., a creditor for $500. Judge Knox has appointed Marcus Helfand receiver, in $1,500 bond. It is stated that the liabilities are about $15,000 and the assets about $3,500.

BERTRAND J. HARDER—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Bertrand J. Harder, dealer in hosiery, at 846 Broadway, by these creditors: S. Stimmel, $600; M. Kunkel, $175, and A. Vogt, $5. Judge Knox has appointed Morris Israel receiver, in $7,500 bond. It is stated that the liabilities are about $100,000 and the assets about $15,000.

LIPPMAN TRIMMING CO., INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Lippman Trimming Co., Inc., trimmings, at 25 West Broadway, by Samuel Street, by H. Greenstein, a creditor for $1,440. An assignment was also made to Maurice E. Bretzfield.

HERMAN LIEBERMAN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Herman Lieberman, as Lieberman & Co., trading as Forest Silk Mills Manufacturing Company, wood turning, at 135 West Seventeenth Street, by these creditors: M. Greenstein, 42 Broadway, $250, and Louis Rosenberg, $400. An assignment was also made to Morris Israel.

HYMAN LITTWIN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Hyman Littwin, trading as Hyman's restaurant, at 34 West Twentieth street, by these creditors: B. Bunder, $125; S. Messinger, $225, and Aaron Hall, $200. An assignment was also made to Chilo Palmer.

WINNER HOSIERY COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Winner Hosiery Company, Inc., at 30 Worth Street, by S. Steinman, a creditor for $750, liabilities are said to be about $15,000 and assets about $2,000.

PANCELLI BROTHERS—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Egisto S. and Alberto Pancelli, trading as Pancelli Brothers, wholesale fruit and produce, at 60 Grand-street, by these creditors: Frank Couch & Co., $924; Frost & McNab, $82 and Thos. P. Wallace, Inc., $150.

WALTER H. PEAL COMPANY, INC., manufacturer of women's hats, at 157 Wooster Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $11,810 and assets of $5,775, main items of which are stock, $1,775 and machinery, $4,000. Judge Knox has appointed Samuel Hershenstein receiver, in $3,000 bond.

EMIL SCHULZ, Secretary of a corporation known as Hage, Schulz & Gredman, Inc., manufacturers of furs, at the salesroom at 148 West Twenty-third Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $13,824 and assets of $8, cash on hand.

ROTHENBERG EXPORT FUR COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Rothenberg Export Fur Company, Inc., at 144 West Twenty-fifth Street, by these creditors: Louis Weiss, $4,000, and R. Friedman, $2,581 and T. Sasiaw, $64,513.

PHILIP ROTHENBERG & BRO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Philip and Samuel Rothenberg, trading as Philip Rothenberg & Bro., furs and skins, at 144 West Twenty-fifth Street, by these creditors: H. Esser, $2,518 and M. Voit, $5,816, and N. Weiss, $1,800.

OPLER BROTHERS—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Opler Brothers, Inc., cloaks, at 662 Greenwich Street, by these creditors: John O'Brien, $900, Benjamin Loder, $200, and Abraham B. Cohen, $101.

STEARNSBELT WATCH COMPANY, INC.—The Secretary of the company states that the liabilities of the corporation are $28,000 and the assets $40,000. The corporation is engaged in business at 150 West Thirty-fourth Street and has a store in Brooklyn.

WARDE PIANO COMPANY, INC.—Judge Knox has appointed Franklin Taylor receiver for Warde Piano Company, Inc., manufacturer of pianos, at 406 East 134th Street, in $10,000 bond.

ZORNBERG & LEVINSON, furs, at 106 West Twenty-ninth Street, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $77,195 and assets of $40,000, of which items of value are notes, $26,367; accounts, $9,278; unliquidated claims, $16,000, and stock, $5,000.

CANTON SILK MILLS, INC., at 25 East Twenty-seventh Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $57,054 and assets of $51,686 main items of which are 250 shares of 63 Madison Avenue Leasing Corp., $25,000; accounts, $23,890, and stock, $2,000.

WILLIAM GROHE, millinery, at 35 West Fortieth Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $13,462 and assets of $8,249.

AARON ROTHSCHILD, trading as Great Eastern Read and Supply Co., at 236 Fifth Avenue, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $6,679 and assets of $2,000.

DISCHARGED FROM BANKRUPTCY.—Judge Hand has granted discharges from bankruptcy to the following named: Albert L. Strauss, manufacturer of boudoir caps, at 31 East Nineteenth Street; Abraham Gladstein, jobber in dry goods, 97 St. Mark's Place; William Schlisman, 353 East 135th Street; Isidor Schacter, dry goods, 686 Westchester Avenue; Morris Wasserman, women's wear, 1 Broadway; David L. Block, and B. F. and W. V. Roos.

CARL LAZANSKY, trading as New York-London Style Shoe Co., retail shoes, 5 Columbus Circle, has assigned to Charles A. Post.

E. DENKER, INC., furrier, at 2,023 Seventh Avenue, has assigned to Herbert Klapper.

E. BUNGE & CO.—An involuntary petition has been filed against Ernest Bunge, trading as E. Bunge & Co., stock brokers, at 66 Broad St., on behalf of three creditors. Liabilities are given as $200,000, and assets as $150,000. The principal creditors and amounts claimed are: F. W. Lewis, $800; Andre Pellegrini, $2,400; L. C. Herckenrath, $900.

PETER J. OATES WOODTURNING CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Peter J. Oates Woodturning Co., 198 Jewell St., Brooklyn, by Aaron Palmer for $300.

C. EDWIN BOOTH.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by C. Edwin Booth, trading as William Booth Bros., general lumber business, with liabilities of $47,626.94 and assets of $13,909.25.

THEODORE REINSDORF.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Theodore Reinsdorf, 347 Lorimer St., Brooklyn, by Lemme Bros., $1,000; Murray Kanner, $250, and L. Spiegeyer, $100.

HOWARD B. JONES.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Howard B. Jones, wholesale dealer in ice cream, 108-9 Boulevard, Rockaway Beach, L. I., with liabilities of $1,481 and assets of $60.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, Dec. 20.—Judge Hamilton has appointed A. T. Bennett receiver for the Bankers' National Finance Company, the authorized capital is $298,000. It is stated the company claims to have an equity of $380,000 in the Frances Building, an eight-story office building.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 20.—The W. A. Pillinger Co. contractor, at 4,811 West Lake Street, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy today with liabilities of $183,852 and assets of $178,968.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 20.—The Garden Court Garage, on Hollywood Boulevard, Los Angeles, was adjudged a bankrupt here today. According to the petition signed by copartners in the enterprise, the liabilities total $200,116.63 and the assets $316,008.75. The garage is one of the finest and most expensively equipped in the West.

C. R. Shuster, proprietor of a garage at Long Beach, was also adjudged a bankrupt. The liabilities were given as $54,626.85 and assets $57,904.45.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor.

In New York County.

Anderson, Charles W.—C. Bartfeld....$505.00
Arnold, George, and Wm. R. Moran—S.
Shamker Metal Ceiling Co., Inc.....733.25
Arme Wood Products Corp.—Victor Belata and Textile Belting Co.....327.45
Bennett, Charles—G. Saltzman.....114.50
Bryn, Edward W.—W. T. Ellis.....128.90
Bell, Madeline—J. G. Curran.....213.20
Bernstein, Harry L.—L. M. Urrison....121.08
Brewder, Walter R.—A. H. Flowers..1,939.30
Cavies, Nick—S. Frank.....103.63
Cole, Herbert S.—W. H. Russell.....1,443.53
Cornell, Charles—Anna E. Spencer, Inc..374.00
Contoneas, Nicholas of Contonca—G. Cafburton.....228.41
Cohen, Milton S., and Holzman, Cohen & Co., Inc.—Nat. Butchers and Drovers' Bank.....66.60
Carter, Wesley, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c.....500.00
City of N. Y.—N. Y. C. R. R. Co.: costs.....3,797.63
Davis, Albert J.—Martin & Martin, Inc.423.56
Empalitcheff, Denise d'Leitteiul — C. Agathe et al.....731.80
Federal Snap Fastener—Washaw Press, Inc.....329.27
Forman, Samuel J., and Lazarus Jackson (Forman & Jackson)—M. J. Goldberg et al.....2,119.60
Friedman, David—M. Weiser et al....424.31
Goldman & Posner Co., Inc.—L. Krimmer.....868.12
Gildes, John—Cabinet and Accessories Co., Inc.....173.55
Graves, Gordon, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c.....500.00
Green, Louis, and James Phatos—People, &c.....500.00
Hadert Food Products Co., Inc.—Columbia Corrugated Co.....445.72
Hoffman, Louis—S. Guelzo.....1,773.33
John D. Williams Productions, Inc.—White Studio Theatrical, Inc.....325.79
Johnston, Joseph H.—G. Hepburn....236.41
Jackson, Charles C., James Jones, and Isaac T. Williams (Harlem Rotisserie)—A. Fox Poultry Co., Inc.....644.20
Kasper, Elias—B. Lipsitz.....106.45
Kleinbaum, Abraham L.—E. Lewis.....76.41
Kelley, Wm. H. (Kelley Tire Co.)—Fisk Rubber Co. of N. Y.....740.52
Kurhmann, Otto—State Industrial Com.105.84
Kleiger, Max—Commercial Exchange Bank, assignee.....270.35
Kauffman, Frederick—C. H. May.....150.50
Klein, Louis—M. Gatlick et al.....129.00
L. & S. Press, Inc.—A. S. Fred.....153.54
Louis Lurie Co.—L. Sobel.....101.70
Lakin, Samuel—George W. Millen & Co.....329.03
Lovey, Harold—I. Fickling.....855.41
Lynch, Daniel E.—S. Ribbler.....469.72
Leims, Nat—I. M. Peons.....18,268.35
Leuper, Joseph R.—C. M. Stumkel.....327.51
Mid-Crosstown Ry., Inc.—City of N. Y.....4,203.08
Same—Same.....1,626.58
Same—Same.....1,884.43
McGovern, Wm. J.—Henri L. Dougherty & Co.....638.50
Markowitz, Joseph—S. Langbaum.....128.79
Neary, Silcia—G. A. Purchana.....543.90
O. N. J. Novelty Mfg. Co., Inc.—A. Villes.....913.93
Pomer & Marinace, Inc.—Commercial Thread Co.....106.08
Pollock, Adolph E.—George I. Schinzel & Son.....393.50
Pam Dressmakers, Inc.—Commercial Thread Co.....164.28
Pearson, Minnie H.—H. Pearson, costs.126.85
Qualey, John A.—E. B. Jennings.....619.83
Rosenhain, Jack (Crocket Button Co.)—E. Bonascia et al.....413.80
Rosenberg, Jack, Joseph Frank and Harry Warshaw (Triangle Trading Co.)—J. B. Lewis.....1,067.40
Royale Indemnity Co.—Krisel Solomon, Inc.....1,375.84
Reilly, Charles T.—J. J. Moses et al..302.75
Stern, Ellas M.—C. W. Tripper et al..907.50
Schwartz, Samuel D.—M. Berger.....244.40
Shaw, Jed F., and Alexander Johnston (W. Alexander & Sons).....244.14
Stern, Leo (L. Stern & Co.)—J. M. Applebaum.....103.54
Stevens, Harriet E.—J. McGovern.....236.20
Stella, Petrea (Caracanda Bros.)—Bungay & Gunsburg.....120.20
Valenti, Giuseppe—D. Villau, costs....152.06
Wolf, Morris—C. F. Goldsmith.....1,050.19
Same—Same.....114.23

In Bronx County.

Block, Albert—1,210 Boynton Av. Corp.$78.10
C. W. Sauer Corp.—T. Bloch et al.....373.69
Comode Egidio—Eblang Brewing Co....140.72
Di Pasquale, Vitt—N. Gallo.....311.38
Doeppel, Alexander—1,210 Alexander Av. Corp.....66.60
Kutinsky, Louis I.—Edwin Alexander & Co., Inc.....410.10
King, Peter W.—W. Donovan.....74.51
Lane, Mary, and James W. Peters—B. E. Dade.....6,300.11
Marx, John, and Ralph—J. Watsky....120.26
Rollo, Carlo—Bronx Consumers' Ice Co.....1,364.19
Wirsing, Joseph—J. A. Steinmetz.....64.72

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Scopas & Stellanos and Athanasia—New Amsterdam Casualty Co., Jan. 20, 1919.....$1,000.00
Spero, Frank—A. M. Broughton, June 10, 1920.....1,680.70
Kates, Herbert R.—H. S. Bonin & Shuttle Co., Jan. 25, 1916.....2,089.76
Golden Gate Fruit Co., Inc.—Federal Sugar Refining Co., Inc., Nov. 20, 1920.....3,327.00
Barbanell Dress Co., Inc.—H. Licht et al., Dec. 16, 1920.....1,383.62
Brookbale Mills, Inc.—J. E. Hernandez et al., April 20, 1920 (reversed).....2,524.06
Ziegler, Henry C.—H. Adelson et al., May 12, 1911.....114.94
Wiegand, Lona—J. E. Dunn, Feb. 19, 1913.....169.31
Underwood, Walter H.—Sterling Tool & Machine Works, Inc., Dec. 8, 1920...429.11
Edelson, John and Jane—H. M. Scheer, Sept. 17, 1920.....124.66

In Bronx County.

Greens Auto Van & Express Co.—H. Murphy, Feb. 19, 1920.....3,147.99
Marony, Walter D.—M. A. Dempsey, June 1, 1916 (canceled).....831.28

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

15 cents per word. Two business and one bank reference required from advertisers.

CAPITAL WANTED.

LONG established close corporation requires $25,000-$50,000 to finance unfilled orders and for expansion; will give liberal interest and share profits with or without services; excellent opportunity for live wire in an interesting and profitable business. C 365 Times.

IMPORTANT CORPORATION DESIRES SERVICES OF INTELLIGENT MAN WITH VIEW TO ULTIMATELY QUALIFYING AS DIRECTOR; INVESTMENT REQUIRED; WRITE FULLY WITH FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS REFERENCES. P 392 TIMES.

CORPORATION requires $5,000-$10,000 for the advancement of several exclusive agencies for the Republic of Mexico, where branch offices is maintained; good opportunity for young man to invest with or without services. V 786 Times Downtown.

WELL-ESTABLISHED State agency, popular make automobile, operating at profit, would sell half interest; $15,000 required. S 1123 Times Harlem.

CAPITAL WANTED—Cotton goods converter with limited capital and no liabilities desired factor. Box W-728, 341 5th Av.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

CASH ADVANCES
to manufacturers and jobbers on account receivable at the time shipment is made; you collect the accounts.
CREDIT DISCOUNT TRUST,
482 Fourth Av.
Phone Madison Square 8190.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

—WANTED—
SUCCESSFUL BUSINESSES,
TO SELL QUIETLY,
CONFIDENTIALLY AND WITHOUT PUBLICITY.
KEEN, DIPLOMATIC BROKER
WILL SELL YOUR BUSINESS
OR CONTROLLING INTEREST.
CAPITAL IS TIMID
AND FREQUENTLY DEPENDS
UPON THE PROTECTION
AND JUDGMENT OF
THE BROKER.
BUYERS WILL UNHESITATINGLY
QUESTION THE BROKER,
BUT WILL NOT ASK
THE SAME QUESTIONS
OF THE SELLER
FOR FEAR OF GIVING
OFFENSE, AND CONSEQUENTLY
THE SALE IS LOST.
THE BROKER ELIMINATES
CURIOSITY, FEELINGS AND
THOSE WHO ARE GLAD
TO LOOK BUT HAVEN'T
THE MONEY TO BUY,
AND KNOWS HOW TO
PRESENT MOST ADVANTAGEOUSLY
THE MERITS OF YOUR
BUSINESS.
PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE HAS
TAUGHT US HOW TO LEAD
UP TO AND RECOGNIZE
THE PSYCHOLOGICAL MOMENT
TO CLOSE THE DEAL.
NO DEAL INVOLVING LESS
THAN $100,000 CONSIDERED.
REFERENCES:
R. G. DUN & CO., 298 BROADWAY, N. Y.
JOHN E. RANSOM,
30 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK.

DISTRIBUTORS for territorial rights throughout States for newly patented automobile accessory; excellent opportunity for men able to organize. Mitchell & Livingston, Mohawk Building, 160 5th Av.

AN established newspaper classified business, $4,000 monthly gross; will entertain clearance proposition from recognized New York agency; quick action. S 504 Times.

WHOLESALE French perfume importers will entertain experienced salesman as partner manager with small capital; references exchanged. C 347 Times.

$25,000 wanted as first mortgage on Newfoundland timber and pulpwood, limit two years; would consider plans for development. S 554 Times.

GERMAN connections made through advertising in Germany. M. J. Klein, World Bldg.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

FOREIGN BUYER AND IMPORTER, WITH SUCCESSFUL RECORD, THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH EUROPEAN MARKETS, BUYING FOR FIRST CLASS AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS ABROAD IN WEARING APPAREL AND TEXTILES WILL CONSIDER ADDITIONAL FIRMS FOR BUYING; SAILING END OF DECEMBER; WOULD TRANSACT BUSINESS ON CONFIDENTIAL NATURE; HIGHEST CREDENTIALS. D 77 TIMES.

TO MAN accustomed to selling to the best retail trade and competent to take complete charge of sales, an old established, well equipped New York corporation, manufacturing ladies' handbags and jewelry novelties, can offer an attractive proposition with an opportunity to purchase substantial interest in the business. C 52 Times.

MANUFACTURERS' AGENT WANTED; MUST BE ACQUAINTED WITH WHOLESALE GROCERS, DRUG TRADE AND EXPORTERS; EXCELLENT RETURN TO RIGHT PARTY. APPLY MR. CLAYTON, HOTEL ANNEX.

WISH connection with firm need of man with varied experience, general construction and manufacturing; will contract for definite period with view to permanency and personal investment. J 319 Times.

FOR SALE.

PRINTING AND PUBLISHING PLANT, completely equipped, for sale at sacrifice in Central New England's most prosperous city; this is an unusual opportunity to acquire a going business at a bargain figure; four cylinders, seven jobbers, two linotypes, complete assortment of type (ten tons of type and type metal), Cleveland folder, wire stitchers, electric drives, &c.; plenty of business on hand and obtainable; plant would inventory over $30,000 at fair valuation; can be purchased for considerable reduction from this figure. P. S., Box X, Essex Station, Boston.

THEATRE, pictures and vaudeville, Greater New York; capacity 1,700 seats; most beautiful modern theatre; average profits through the year $1,000 a week and over; trial granted; full investigation invited; $75,000 cash necessary; exceptional opportunity for a business man. Kriger, 1,482 Broadway.

WE ARE SPECIALISTS IN GARAGES. LARGEST SELECTION; BONA-FIDE PROPOSITIONS FROM $2,500 TO $75,000; MONEY ADVANCED WHEN REQUIRED. L. SCHLEIFER CO., TIMES BLDG., B'WAY AND 42D ST. 158 RIVINGTON ST., NEAR WILLIAMSBURG BRIDGE PLAZA.

FOR SALE—An old established, well known, job bookbinding establishment, fully equipped; owner retiring; fine opportunity for the right person. Y 2256 Times Annex.

AN EXCEPTIONAL opportunity to buy a popular restaurant on a busy thoroughfare, doing about $1,400 a week; $31,000; terms. Barnett, 11 East 125th.

LUNCH ROOM—Splendid opportunity; no opposition; long lease; trial given. Achilles Nanos, 1,416 B'way. Bryant 5306.

MONEY advanced on notes and trade acceptances, open accounts and other good securities. V 600 Times Downtown.

GARAGE—Most modern, in the 70's; must be sold this week; bargain; $12,000; cash. S 542 Times.

TINSMITH SHOP with store; good location; old established place; reason retiring. Write R. B., 253 West 23d St.

GARAGE, 300 cars now; capacity, 400 cars; leaving city; rare opportunity; no triflers. E 1215 Times Bronx.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LARGE, light loft, near subway, elevated and surface lines. 100 Charles St., near Hudson St. Watkins 4693.

MILLINERY space for rent in smart dress shop on Broadway in 90s. S 469 Times.

BUSINESS LOANS.

CASH ADVANCED ON OPEN ACCOUNTS, TRADE ACCEPTANCES AND NOTES PURCHASED. CAPITAL $17 TIMES.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

LININGS Wanted—Tussah, at a price. Shafter & Bixler, 150 West 22d.

KERSEYLINE Wanted—Large quantity will buy cash; all colors. Ladenburg & Lo Kashmere, 122 West 27th. Watkins 6300.

NETS Wanted—60-hole extra nets; also white double chiffon. Forster Embroidery Co., 120 5th Av.

PETTICOATS AND SKIRTS Wanted—Large quantities of silk and guaranteed satin and silk petticoats; cash if necessary; must be clean and full size. Room 617, 231 4th Av., New York. Looking Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday.

PERCALE GOODS Wanted—Unlimited quantity of Longcloth or Pepperell, Jean; must be under market, manufacturer's lengths. Address 1,270 Broadway, Room 512.

POLO Wanted—All kinds Spring polos, at a price. Royal Coat Co., 44 West 28th St.

PONGEES Wanted—Any quantity, 12 momme, for cash; immediate delivery. K. B., 330 Presbyterian Building.

PONGEE Wanted—First choice gits, 14 momme; pay cash. Bashir, Spring 2383.

SERGES AND TRICOTINES Wanted—Open to buy for cash any quantity of American, U. S. Gilbert, Arlington, Botany, Amoskeag, Pacific, &c.; mill condition; at right price. Action, 824 Times Downtown.

SERGES Wanted—C8, CF8, FF8, WF, WFX, C8O and 1210, navy and all colors; also 815 botany broadcloth, black and navy. Herman Cohen & Sons, Inc., 38 West 21st. Watkins 8133. Dept. A.

SERGES Wanted—11 to 14 ounce smooth worsted, French backs and flannels; any quantity; spot cash; must be cheap. Alden Woolen Co., 695 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted—Will buy quantity serges and tricotines for cash. Cohen-Edelman, 30 West 31st.

SERGES Wanted—Quantity, U. S. 235, 0034, 1464, No. 9 or similar. Watkins 554.

SERGES Wanted—American 0036, for spot cash. Telephone to Watkins 2045.

SERGES Wanted — Whitman's 104, black only. Telephone Fitzroy 2816.

SERGES Wanted—0036, navy. Benjamin Height, Fitzroy 3127.

SERGES Wanted—67, 4002, 1464, 0036, 235. Madison Square 1590.

SERGES Wanted—7301 navy; must be cheap. Chelsea 0423.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Satin striped and inlaid crepe de chine, quantity, at a price. Shantilly Shirt Co., 135 5th Av.

SHIRTS Wanted—Woven madras, 200 dozen; also 1,000 dozen silk stripe madras. Phone Tremont 3011.

SILKS Wanted—Will buy for spot cash, 8, and 5-thread crepe de chines; also crepe meteors, radiums, satins, messalines, georgettes, taffetas, sport silks; printed georgettes; also all kinds of shirtings and all kinds of remnants in silk from 1½ yards up. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 2618.

SILKS Wanted—Satins, shirtings, crepe de chines, sport silks, wash satins, taffetas, crepe meteors, pongees, novelties, printed and plain georgettes; pay highest spot cash prices; have several retail stores; no lots too big; can use odds and dupcan or remnants in anything; New York Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av. Madison Square 1803.

SILKS Wanted—Crepe de chine, 8-thread, Australian opossum cloths, at remarkably low prices. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

SILKS Wanted—For lining, fancy Jap, plain and changeable peau de chine. Gordon V. Lyons, 127 West 26th.

SILKS, 4pan, Wanted—Flowered, at a price. Slafter & Bixler, 150 West 22d.

SILVERTONES and Velours Wanted—Light weight, all shades; spot cash. Watkins 6456.

SKIRTS Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders on skirts; all materials. Call with samples. Spiro, 259 5th Av.

SPANGLED FLOUNCING or Panels Wanted —36-inch, in black or sapphire; any quantity; cash. S. & E., 115 West 27th St., 4th floor.

SUITS Wanted—Looking at ladies' Spring suits, all kinds of materials; don't call unless last up-to-the-minute prices. 461 Broadway, corner store.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring suits; bring samples. Rosenblatt & Blum Bros., 1,123 Broadway.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing quantity orders on Spring suits. See Mr. Lawrence, 12th floor, 12 West 27th St.

SUITS and COATS Wanted—Placing orders on high grade Spring suits and coats, 32 East 31st. (9th floor).

SUITS AND COATS Wanted—Placing orders on high-grade misses' suits and coats. 138 West 27th, 8th floor.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at better grade Spring suits. 8th floor, 35 West 31st.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at high-class suits. 6th floor, 138 West 25th.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders smart styles. 18th floor, 19 Madison Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Open for large quantity, brown, navy and also other colors; bring sample piece with you. Wiesen & Goldstein, 1,107 Broadway, corner 24th St., 10th floor.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Changeable, blue and gold, cerise and green, green and blue; must be cheap for cash. Imperial Silk Garment Co., 28 East 22d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—We are open for any quantity, in all qualities. Louis Weinstock, 16 East 32d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Brown taffeta, unlimited quantity, for cash. Zimetbaum, 38 West 32d. Longacre 4850.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Open for Canton crepe, all qualities; also interested in taffetas. Buttrell Dress, 142 West 24th.

TAFFETA Wanted — Black Jutilliard 3300; also cheaper quality; at a price. Zimmern & Zimmern, 826 Broadway.

TAFFETA Wanted—Open to buy 100 pieces; must be very cheap. 42 West 33d St., Room 302.

TAFFETA Wanted—Changeables, quantity, for cash. Dicker & Ginsberg, 22 West 32d St.

TAFFETA Wanted—Open for quantity of taffetas in all colors; must be cheap. Newman Bros., 40-42 West 17th St.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Open for quantity at a price, will buy for cash. Pioneer Ladies' Garment Co., 6 West 32d.

TAFFETAS Wanted — All shades; also georgettes. Tully & Shaw, Room 404, 1,182 Broadway.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy, Belgium and brown; must be cheap. Sunshine, 48 West 25th.

TAFFETAS, Georgettes and Foulards Wanted. Betty Dress Co., 1,123 Broadway.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Low ends, all shades. Brodie, Sigel & Co., 52 West 27th St.

TAFFETAS Wanted — All colors. Franco-American Dress Co., 114 West 28th.

TAFFETA Wanted—All grades, dark colors; quantity. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 32d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—All shades; also georgettes. Tully & Shaw, 1,182 Broadway.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Low ends, all shades, Brodie-Seigel Co., 52 West 27th.

TAFFETA Wanted—All colors, for cash, cheap. Hoffman Bros., 65 4th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted—In all shades. M. Weisman & Son, 34 West 32d St.

TAFFETAS Wanted. Perlman & Tiffany, 23 West 21st.

TRICOLETTES Wanted—Fancy designs; for cash. Clermont Cravat Co., 7 West 20th St.

TRICOLETTES, Fancy, Wanted—100 pieces, at a price. B. H. Simon, 24 West 30th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Navy and rookie; must be cheap for cash. Star Dress & Costume Co., 13 West 31st.

TRICOTINE Wanted—0338 American, for cash; quantity. Ben Schindelheim & Co. Chelsea 5782.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Reed's 5800, or similar quality; for cash. Ben Ginsberg Co. Fitzroy 1611.

TRICOTINE and Gray Vigceaux Wanted—Quantities for cash. Halpert Bros., 137 West 25th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Reed's 5800, 7161, 9002 and other good qualities; cash. Longacre 4074.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Quantity, all wool, about 42. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Quantity; $2 and under. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 32d.

TRICOTINES Wanted—At a price; must be good value. K. Edelmuth, 1,182 Broadway.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Good quality, navy and rookie. B. Lasker, 122 West 26th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Reed's 5800 or similar. Gittleman & Potosky, 29 West 35th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Also mill ends; must be very cheap. Chelsea 8892.

TRICOTINES Wanted—I. Rand & Co., 87 West 28th St.

TRICOTINES Wanted—I. Rand Co., 87 West 28th.

VELOURS Wanted—Large quantity, all shades; must be cheap. Bell Garment Co., 22 West 27th.

VELOURS Wanted—Heavyweight brown; for cash, cheap. Chelsea 1858.

VELOURS Wanted—Odd lots. Feller, 30 West 32d St.

WAISTS Wanted—Jobber looking at silk and georgette waists for Spring; only clean merchandise wanted. Looking Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Room 417, 231 4th Av., New York.

WAISTS Wanted—Georgettes, crepe de chines, all prices, cash. K. & W., 484 Broadway.

WRAPS AND COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders for Spring. 1,372 Broadway, 9th floor. Mr. Altman.

Controls Wanted.

CONTRACTORS making a popular priced line ladies' suits, willing to connect with jobber; 14 machines. Phone Watkins 3625.

CONTRACTORS Wanted—Bring Spring samples of waists. 38 West 33d St., Room 506.

SILK manufacturer will take work on commission or consignment; would take taffetas, gros de londre, canton crepe, &c. Y 2313 Times Annex.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

BARONETS Wanted—Will buy 200 pieces baronet satin at a price. Thomas Posner & Bro., 114 West 27th.

CANTON CREPE Wanted—All shades, good quality; can use quantity. Telephone Fitzroy 2810.

CANTON CREPE Wanted—Quantity. M. Arschner & Sons, 16 East 32d.

CHAMEUSE and CANTON CREPE Wanted—Better grade, for cash; price. Call 9-12 o'clock. Phone Harlem 8584.

CHIFFON, VELVET Wanted—Brown, navy, taupe; open for quantity. Lefkowitz & Fisher, 54 West 21st St.

COATS Wanted—Prominent jobber placing order on Spring wraps and sport suits; high class only. Call all week with samples before 11 and after 3:30. 9 West 24th St., 4th floor.

COATS Wanted—Spring orders now being placed by large jobber in new smart styles. Call all week with samples before 10:30 and after 4:30. 2 West 33d St., 9th floor. See Mr. Ross.

COATS, SUITS AND W

FINDS WILSON LACKS POWER TO BAR GRAIN

But Trade Commission Reports Lever Act Enables Him to Stop "Future Trading."

EXPLAINS PRICE DECLINES

Puts It to Foreign Buying, Big Crops, Contracted Credit and General Drop in Commodities.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20 (Associated Press).—The President is without power under existing law "to shut out wheat imports," but he "apparently has certain powers under the Lever act to stop future trading in wheat," the Federal Trade Commission says in a special report to President Wilson, made public today at the White House.

The commission says that "while evidence is not available that future trading is responsible for the decline in wheat prices, it does not appear that future trading in wheat, as at present operating, is of indisputable service to the grain trade." It suggests, however, that if regulatory action is to be employed the question be considered by Congress and that legislation "not connected with war powers be enacted."

The commission tells the President that because of the failure of the Chicago Board of Trade to co-operate it was unable to obtain necessary information as to whether there had been large transactions in wheat futures of a manipulative character.

As to the concentrated purchases of wheat in this country by foreign Governments which have undertaken to regulate at home flour prices, irrespective of the price of wheat, the commission declares that if these purchases are to continue, "the desirability of the United States meeting them through a selling organization should be carefully considered."

The commission's report is based upon an investigation of the wheat situation which the President requested it to make last October after Governor Allen of Kansas and others had urged him to bar Canadian wheat importations and take such other action as necessary to stabilize the then rapidly declining wheat market.

Declaring "the decline of wheat prices would appear to be in part due to country-wide and world-wide conditions," the commission assigns seven specific causes: The outlook for an increased world supply, concentrated buying by foreign Governments last Spring and slack purchases later; "unprecedented" importations from Canada, following "an unprecedented yield and a discount in rate of exchange"; the record-breaking yield of corn in this country; the slackening of demand for flour; the general tendency to decline in many commodities and the change in the credit conditions "with resulting disposition of distributers to refrain from accumulating usual stocks."

Discussing the barring of Canadian wheat, the commission says: "It is questionable whether such a proceeding would have the effect its advocates expect, because the United States and Canada both have surpluses to export, and will meet each other in competition either here or in Europe."

While the commission devotes considerable space to a discussion of trading in wheat futures, it asserts that it is not now expressing an opinion on this subject, as "it would give it 'extended treatment' in a forthcoming report.

"Future contracts may have a legitimate use for 'hedging,'" the commission says. In this connection it is claimed that future trading performs an insurance function where ordinary insurance methods would not be practicable, and that undue restriction of future trading such as would deprive the grain trade of this service might result in grain dealers requiring larger margins, and consequently result either in lower prices to the farmer or highest prices to the consumer.

"Without now expressing an opinion on this subject, it appears that there is a large volume of future trading that is mere gambling and involves a great economic waste. The remedy for this lies in Congressional action to prevent trading which is essentially gambling.

"A limitation of the volume of open speculative trades in wheat, similar to the limitations placed on corn speculation during the period of Government control, would probably tend to reduce the possibility of manipulative trading."

Open $6,000,000 Astoria Gas Plant.

A huge new brick generator house, built by the Astoria Light, Heat and Power Company at Astoria, at a cost of $6,000,000 was put to use yesterday. The company is a subsidiary of the Consolidated Gas Company and its new unit will increase the capacity of the plant of gas a day, President George B. Cortelyou, of the Consolidated company, touched the button that started the new addition to making gas.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS, Washington, D. C., December 20th, 1920.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office, Room 340, District Building, until 2 o'clock P. M., December 29, 1920, for furnishing and delivering at the site of the Woodridge-Langdon School, Monroe Street, between 18th and 20th Streets, N. E., or on R. & O. R. R. siding at Monroe, Langdon, Woodridge, D. C., Red Building Brick.—Specifications and forms of proposal may be had upon application to the Purchasing Officer, D. C., Room 320, District Building. J. Thilman Hendrick, Charles W. Kutz, Mabel T. Boardman, Commissioners, D. C.

Proposals for Lease of Wharves and Terminal Facilities, Army Supply Base, Boston, Mass.—Office Depot Quartermaster, Boston, Mass. Sealed proposals will be received here until 11 A. M., Jan. 7, 1921, and then opened for lease of terminal facilities at Army Supply Base, Boston. Bids may be submitted proposing a flat sum for monthly rental, or operation of terminal on percentage basis. Further information will be furnished upon application to this office. 9

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEON GROSSMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, December 21, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 867 Westchester Avenue, Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of leather findings, rubber heels, leather shoe laces, leather supplies, fixtures, &c.

MONROE STERN, Receiver.
MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for Receiver. 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BLACK CAT MAGAZINE, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, December 21, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at the premises of Isaac Goldman Co., 80 Lafayette Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of print paper.

WILLIAM CLARK, Receiver.
SAMUEL ROSE, Attorney for Receiver, 130 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FAIR PRICE POULTRY CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, December 21, 1920, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 67 West 125th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office furniture, fixtures, etc.

HENRY W. GODDARD, Receiver.
ROBERT P. LEVIS, Attorney for Receiver, 42 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM BERNSTEIN and NATHAN FELDMAN, individually and as co-partners, trading as BERNSTEIN & FELDMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, December 21, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 261 Seventh Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, fur skins, fixtures, &c.

LESTER M. FRIEDMAN, Receiver.
SILVER & MESKOWITZ, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

SAYS SHE IS IN MEXICO

He and His Wife Issue Statement About Girl Wanted in Case of Jake Hamon.

EL PASO, Texas, Dec. 20.—J. L. Smith, father of Clara Smith, who is wanted in Ardmore, Okla., in connection with the shooting of Jake L. Hamon, said today that he was assured that his daughter was safe in Mexico with his son, James, and that he believed they were in Chihuahua City.

Mrs. Smith, weeping, called for a reporter this morning and said the family had a statement to make on behalf of their daughter. The statement, as signed by Mr. and Mrs. Smith, says:

"The papers have been so full of lies we hardly know how to begin to deny all of them, so will just let the most of it go as it is. A few, very few, of the papers printed the lies maliciously, the others were just misinformed, so we do not mean to censure the press in general, please understand. The papers have tried so hard to make this affair a sensation, but in our opinion, if they had the facts in the case, it would have been far more sensational than the lies that have been printed, but it would have had quite a different coloring."

Belief was expressed in the statement that the daughter was hiding not because of guilt but to escape notoriety, and that she would soon return to answer all charges.

ARDMORE, Okla., Dec. 20.—Clara Smith, for whom a search has been conducted since Nov. 23, on a charge of murder in connection with the death of Jake L. Hamon, will be allowed to return of her own volition and stand trial in Carter County, it was stated today by Russell B. Brown, County Attorney. Mr. Brown said this would be his course of action if, after investigation, it was evident that she was not planning to avoid his agents.

F. D. ROOSEVELT'S NEW POST

He will Direct Fidelity and Deposit Company's New York Office.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 29.—Franklin D. Roosevelt of Hyde Park, N. Y., Assistant Secretary of the Navy during the war and candidate for the Vice Presidency on the Democratic ticket in the last election, will assume charge of the New York office of the Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland on Jan. 1.

The announcement that Mr. Roosevelt, member of a New York law firm, had been elected a Vice President of the company was made after a meeting of the Board of Directors here today. Mr. Roosevelt recently returned from a vacation in Louisiana.

After the announcement of Mr. Roosevelt's connection with the Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, the company made public a statement in which he said:

"There is no doubt that the country is now passing through a period of business depression. Heavy losses will be met by American business before conditions are again stable. These losses naturally will cause business failures, but there will be no panic. Business is reconciled to the fact that stocks must be liquidated, even at a loss, and its acceptance of this condition may be seen today. Prices have declined and will probably go lower on some commodities. Production is curtailed, and the flow of goods from our factories will continue to diminish until the demand depletes the stock already offered for sale and assures the acceptance of new material at fair values.

"Throughout the country the purchase of necessities is postponed until the last minute. Buying of non-essentials has fallen even to a greater degree. This is being done with the hope and expectation of lower prices after January or Easter, or any other date which the consumer has accepted in his mind as the time when prices will be at their lowest level. This refusal to buy will undoubtedly have its effect upon prices, and Spring will find quotations in many lines greatly depressed. Yet, I cannot feel it the hope of these people will be entirely realized soon. It requires more than a few months for the vast industry and commerce of this country to resume prices which compare favorably with pre-war values."

SUES WOMAN WRITER.

Englishwoman Accuses Mary Boyle O'Reilly of False Statements.

BOSTON, Dec. 20.—Suit for $10,000 damages against Mary Boyle O'Reilly, daughter of the late John Boyle O'Reilly, poet and journalist, has been filed in the Federal Court here by Grace M. Ellison of London, England. The suit charges that Miss O'Reilly made false statements regarding Miss Ellison in writing to Miss Maxwell, Superintendent of the Presbyterian Hospital in New York, and that these statements caused Miss Ellison, then engaged in educational and philanthropic work, "grave financial loss and mental suffering." Property of Miss O'Reilly at Marshfield has been attached. No date has been set for a hearing.

Miss Ellison, according to the documents in the case, formerly was employed as secretary to Miss O'Reilly when the latter was in Europe as correspondent for a newspaper syndicate.

HELD FOR EMBEZZLEMENT.

Eastman Goes to Jail on Charges by Hercules Powder Company.

WILMINGTON, Del., Dec. 20.—Charged with embezzling securities belonging to the Hercules Powder Company, of which he was Assistant Treasurer, Charles F. Eastman, was today held in $50,000 bail for General Session. He was unable to furnish the bail and was committed to the New Castle County workhouse. While the amount of the alleged embezzlement was not mentioned in the warrant of arrest, officials of the powder company said it was about $36,000.

Eastman is a cousin of William Bush, Secretary-Treasurer of the Wilmington Savings Fund Society, who was arrested last week charged with embezzling $260,000 from the society. Eastman's alleged embezzlement, according to the charges against him, is said to be similar to that charged against Bush, who is accused of using securities to cover stock market margins.

K. of C. Auxiliary Wins Point.

ALBANY, Dec. 20.—The National Circle, Daughters of Isabella, originally organized as an auxiliary to the Knights of Columbus, won a point in its legal controversy with the National Order, Daughters of Isabella, when the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Second District, handed down a decision today reversing a decision of Judge Ray, and directed the District Court to issue an injunction restraining the other order from using the words "Daughters of Isabella."

Warn Smaller Cities Against Thugs.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 29.—Warning to merchants was issued by the police today to take precaution to guard against an expected influx of criminals driven out of larger cities. Side street jewelers were advised to arm themselves and department store managers advised to make hourly collections from store cashiers. Guards will be furnished to messengers carrying money in large sums.

Income Tax and Treasury Receipts.

Revenue from income and profits tax reported by the Treasury in its daily statement as actually received on December 15, the last day of payment, amounted to $220,183,774, as against $320,650,764 on the same day in 1919. During the month of December up to and including the last day for payment of these taxes receipts from that source were $821,839,421 this month, as compared with $434,466,415 in the same part of December, 1919.

BIG EXPRESS MERGER

Sanctions Combine of Adams, American, Wells, Fargo & Co. and Southern Concerns.

TWO MEMBERS DISSENT

Decision Made on the Ground That Union Will Serve the Public Best.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Authority was granted today by the Interstate Commerce Commission for the permanent consolidation of the transportation business and properties of the Adams, American, Wells, Fargo & Co. and Southern Express Companies into the American Railway Express Company. The commission declared its belief that the public would best be served by one consolidated company serving all lines with equal rates.

The permit granted by the commission was based on an application filed by the four express companies last March. Hearings were held by the commission in August, representatives of the companies, shippers and the public appearing to present arguments.

The commission divided on the question of permitting the express consolidation effected by the Railroad Administration as a war measure to be made permanent. Commissioners McChord and Meyer dissented and presented a minority report written by the former.

The consolidation, the dissenting report asserted, "creates a monopoly" and "destroys every semblance of competition." The other members of the commission in their report declared that they were "of the opinion and find that the public interest will be promoted by the consolidation."

"It will now be practically impossible," declared the report written by Commissioner McChord, "for another company to enter the express business in competition with the consolidated express company. We can, of course, regulate the rates and certain practices of the American Railway Express Company, but we will have no control over its attitude toward the public. We cannot require it to render to the public that efficiency, courtesy and fair dealing which competition compels.

"It is my view that the time has come when the carriers should give serious consideration to the conducting of the express business themselves. That business has reached such proportions that it is now a parasite on the freight traffic of the railroads."

Commissioner McChord also dissented from the majority opinion in that the commission had the power to prescribe under what manner the consolidation may be effected and not merely grant its petition for a consolidation.

The report of the commission recited that from the outbreak of the war the express companies included in the present consolidation were formed into the American Railway Express Company and took over the express business of the country as the agent of the Director General of Railroads, and that while thirty-three States appeared to protest against the continuation of this combine, the protests were based on inadequate service performed by the joint express companies, which the consolidated company admits was poor, due to labor conditions.

The commission accepted the contention of the companies that service was performed more efficiently under the combined management than could have been possible under separate management. It ruled that suits pending against the various companies must be settled by the courts and by the Interstate Commerce Commission. While "deploring" the treatment accorded by certain express companies to claimants for damages and the practice of only accepting service in suits at their offices in New York, the commission held it could not pass upon that phase of the claim.

SAYS ALLEGED GAMBLER 'PAID FOR PROTECTION'

Witness at Formel Trial in Saratoga Springs Repeats Story Told Him by Accused.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Dec. 20.—Jules Formel, indicted by the Extraordinary Grand Jury on a charge of maintaining a gambling place here in the Summer of 1919, made $18,000 the first night he opened his place, according to the testimony of Deputy Sheriff Hovey, who related a conversation with Formel at the opening of the latter's trial before Justice Van Kirk and a jury today.

Hovey testified that Formel also told him he was compelled to "split" 35 per cent. of his profits with "some one" for protection. The name of the person whom Formel accused did not appear in the testimony.

The conversation with Formel took place after the alleged gambler was arrested in New York City and was being brought to the county jail at Ballston Spa.

The place at 210 South Broadway, of which Formel was alleged to be the proprietor, was raided on July 28, 1919, according to officers who were sworn regarding the details of the raid. They testified that at that time Formel admitted to them that he was the proprietor of the place and was responsible for anything that happened there.

George Mason, one of the detectives, testified that Formel paid him $20 to obtain an attorney for him.

The gambling paraphernalia was later taken to Police Headquarters, and its subsequent disappearance has resulted in several indictments by the Extraordinary Grand Jury. Formel and the others arrested were later released in City Court.

The trial will continue tomorrow.

Solomon Pincus Discharged.

Solomon Pincus of 1,678 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, a jeweler, who was arrested on suspicion of felonious assault after Louis A. Cerf, general agent of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Society, was found with a fractured skull at Greenwich and Cortlandt Streets last August, was discharged yesterday by Magistrate Charles E. Simms in the Tombs Court because of lack of evidence.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Special Sales Day
TODAY
at noon, at Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey St., New York City.
Auction Sale of Well Located Dwellings, Apartments, Business Property, Tenements, Vacant Plots and Country Residences.
Be sure to attend the Sale.

Joseph P. Day
Auctioneer
51 Liberty St., New York City. Telephone 744—Cortlandt.

Massachusetts Commission Finds They and Speculators Raise Prices.

BOSTON, Dec. 20.—Too many middlemen between the mine and the consumer and the practice of speculators of selling and buying back the same coal are the main reasons for the high cost of anthracite, according to a statement issued today by the Massachusetts Commission on Necessaries of Life. The statement was made in reply to inquiries by the United Improvement Association.

Chairman Eugene C. Hultman of the commission said that the cost of 75 per cent. of the output of anthracite coal at the mines was now $8 a ton. Coal companies operating independently, he said, were responsible for some coal getting into the possession of speculators.

"Transportation charges to Boston from the mines," he said, "amount to $4.75 by rail and $5.50 by tidewater. The ordinary channel of distribution is through a wholesaler, who takes a profit of 10 to 25 cents per ton. In some cases the wholesaler finds it necessary to assist the retailer in raising money to buy the coal, and wholesalers claim this profit, in view of the risk involved, to be only reasonable.

"The 'speculative coal' passes through the hands of several wholesalers, brokers or jobbers before it finally reaches the retailer."

BOARD OF APPEALS HEARINGS

Several Applications for Garage Permits to Be Heard Today.

The Board of Appeals will hold a public hearing this afternoon at 2 o'clock in Room 919, Municipal Building, on the following applications:

Jamaure Realty Corporation, to permit erection of five-story loft and factory at southwest corner Maure and Jamaica Avenues, Richmond Hill, Queens.

Koch & Wagner, architects, on behalf of Metropolitan Tobacco Company, to extend garage at 34 Bergen Avenue, corner Bergen Place, Queens.

Alexander Baylies, architect, on behalf of George F. Johnson Trust, to erect two-story public garage at 21 to 27 Second Street, Manhattan.

Ebling, Magnuson & Kleinert, architects, on behalf of Constant Motor Service Corporation, to erect public garage at 427 to 433 Sixty-sixth Street, and 6,502 to 6,520 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn.

Walter B. Willis, architect, on behalf of Dietrich W. Kaatze, to extend a public garage at 7,801 to 7,809 Jamaica Avenue, corner Vanderveer Street, Woodhaven, Queens.

Many Westchester Mortgages.

During the first half of December an unusually large number of mortgages were filed with Register James K. Apgar of Westchester County at White Plains, and many thousands of dollars in mortgage taxes were paid.

A. Bendroth Brothers, manufacturers of Port Chester filed a mortgage for $200,000 in favor of the Liberties Securities Corporation. The mortgage tax amounted to $1,000. The Oakmere Corporation gave a mortgage for $450,000 to the Merrill School of Mamaroneck. The mortgage tax amounted to $2,250. Three hundred other mortgages aggregating more than $700,000 were filed last week. The mortgage tax and recording fee collected on the $93,000,000 mortgage of the New Haven Railroad Company filed with Register Apgar aggregated more than $105,000.

$145,375 for Eickemeyer Realty.

A total of $145,375 was obtained for their Yonkers realty holdings of the estate of Rudolph Eickemeyer sold Saturday by Bryan L. Kennelly. The property consisted of nine apartment houses and twenty-two vacant plots.

The Eickemeyer mansion, which was at one time one of the show places of Westchester County, a three-story dwelling occupying the block front on the south side of Maple Street, between Willow and Linden Streets, sold for $11,000.

Sale in Ridge Street.

The two five-story tenement houses with stores, at 128 and 130 Ridge Street, near Stanton Street, have been sold by Joseph P. Day for the Maryland Casualty Company, Richard H. Thompson and David Stewart of Baltimore, as executors of the estate of Elizabeth Y. Thompson. The plot is 34 by 100 feet. The buyer was Abraham K. Fleschner. This property was held at $28,000.

Sale of Dwellings Tonight.

In the United States Theatre Building at 195th Street and Webster Avenue, Bronx, Joseph P. Day will sell at public auction this evening a number of private dwellings. The houses to be sold, with immediate possession, are 4,370-4,380 Katonah Avenue, 311-317, 321 and 323 East 240th Street, and 310-322 East 241st Street.

Bill to License Realty Brokers.

A bill to license real estate brokers will be introduced at Albany early in January. The bill will be discussed at tomorrow's meeting of the Long Island Real Estate Board, at the Hotel Boulevard.

Big Lease on the Bowery.

The building at 6 Chatham Square has been leased by J. Finkelstein & Son for a long term at an aggregate rental of $75,000 for the estate of David McClenahan. At present the building is occupied by a restaurant on the ground floor and a lodging house in the upper part. The lessees, a newly formed restaurant corporation, at the expiration of the present leases, will alter the building at a cost approximating $20,000. The same brokers also leased for the Canton Realty Company the store at 20 Bowery to Moe Milman, clothier.

Results at Auction.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

129th St, 246 West, s s, 238 ft e of 8th Av, 100x99.11x100x98.11, 7-story apartment.

21st St, 27 East, n s, 100 ft w of 4th Av, 22x96.8, 10-story loft and store; Rose Laubheim against Rosie Haberman et al; L. & A. U. Zinke, attorneys; partition; adjourned to Jan. 10.

By Henry Brady.

2d Av, 1,840 and 1,842, n e corner 88th St, 46.8x72, 6-story tenement and stores; Louise Christmas et al against Rae Levinson et al; C. Bertram Plante, attorney; due, $93,731.65; taxes, &c., $366; withdrawn.

By James J. Donovan.

173th St, East, s s, block front between Carter and Webster Avs, 110.4x14.8x irreg.; vacant; Wm. J. Edwards against Wm. A. Cameron et al; Edgar Hirschberg, attorney; due, $7,710.19; to the plaintiff for $560.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE MONEY
FOR ANY AMOUNT
MANHATTAN & BRONX
TOTAL EXPENSE VERY LOW
QUINLAN & LELAND
RECTOR 6600. 31 NASSAU ST.

$100,000 for Rent Assignments
$350,000 for 24 Mortgages. Will divide. First Mortgages from $20,000 up. Brokers protected. Submit particulars.
S. A. ISRAEL, 99 Nassau St.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

$450,000
Fifth Ave. Property
Mortgaged for $285,000
Rented for $32,000 Net
(Tenant pays taxes and all expenses)
Offered for Country Place Principals only
Chas. F. Noyes Co.
118 William St. Phone 2000 John

THE REALTY FIELD

Tenants Organize Companies and Buy Three Apartment Houses in Queens.

DEAL IN UNIVERSITY PLACE

Bosch Magneto Secures $400,000 Building Loan on New Building in Auto Centre.

The three apartment houses located at 52 to 58, 60 to 66 and 70 to 76 Twenty-seventh Street, Jackson Heights, Elmhurst, L. I., have been purchased by the tenants from the Queensboro Corporation and will be owned and operated hereafter on the Jackson Heights plan of tenant ownership of apartments.

The three new tenant companies, incorporated for the purpose of taking title, have adopted a rental schedule of $20 per room for properties becoming temporarily vacant. It also has been decided to set aside earnings, above a 7 per cent. dividend, for the purposes of the creation of an amortization fund. The Queensboro Corporation will manage the properties for a period of ten years.

The incorporated tenant owners of the new apartment houses 52 to 58 Twenty-seventh Street and 92 to 98 Twenty-seventh Street have declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent., indicating an annual dividend of 8 per cent. The two companies have been in operation since May 1, title to the houses having passed on that date from the Queensboro Corporation to the tenant owners.

Deal in University Place.

The four-story business building at 126 University Place, on a plot 20 by 107 and irregular, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth Streets, has been sold by Cammann, Vorhees & Floyd to a buyer represented by Boardman Brothers. The owner of record was the Margaretta M. Ward estate.

Two Loans Aggregating $430,000.

A building loan of $400,000 has been made by William Henry Barnum & Co. on the twenty-story structure being erected at 17 to 23 West Sixtieth Street, occupying 73 by 100.5, just off Columbus Circle, by the American Bosch Magneto Company under the title of the Chicopee Realty Corporation. The loan is for one year, bearing 6 per cent. interest. The owners acquired the site in August of last year.

The Benenson Realty Company has made a building loan of $30,000 to the Brad Realty Company (L. Abramowitz, M. Buchter and W. M. Kurtz, Directors), on the plot 100 by 150, irregular, on the north side of Fordham Road, 100 feet east of Bathgate Avenue.

Private Dwelling Buyers.

The four-story dwelling at 57 West Seventy-first Street, lot 18 by 102.2, has been sold by the Houghton Company for the Marketable Title Company to a buyer for occupancy.

Dr. James T. Russell has purchased the residence he has been occupying at 37 East Sixty-first Street from Hedwig S. Beck. It is a four-story dwelling on a lot 19 by 100.5 and carries mortgages for $47,500.

Tenement Trading.

James H. Cruikshank, operator, resold to D. Weidhoff, 19 East 110th Street, a five-story tenement on a lot 25 by 100. J. A. Wood negotiated the sale, the property being held at $30,000.

The Stebbins Realty and Construction Company bought from the Metropolitan Savings Bank the five-story tenement, with stores, at 2,458 Second Avenue, southeast corner of 126th Street, on a lot 19.11 by 100.

Henry Black sold to Soloman Mirman 943 Third Avenue, a five-story tenement, with stores, 20 by 80, near Fifty-sixth Street.

Jacob Houbert sold to Florence Ritter and Bessie Rachrach the five-story tenement, with stores, at 344 First Avenue, 22.6 by 58, near Twentieth Street.

Bank Lease in Central Zone.

The Loton H. Slawson Company has leased for a term of years, at a new record rental for the district, the store and basement in the new building at 300 Madison Avenue, northeast corner of Forty-first Street, to the Metropolitan Bank of Fourth Avenue and Twenty-third Street. The premises will be used as a branch bank.

The Bronx Market.

The dwelling at 3,718 Dyer Avenue has been sold by Meister Builders to Irwin F. Kahn, also 3,726 Dyer Avenue to William J. White and 3,711 Hombouts Avenue to Giuseppe Guarnieri.

Estelle M. Allison sold to the Walker Memorial Profit Sharing Corporation the three-story dwellings at 848 to 852 Morris Avenue, 60 by 100.

The Hudson P. Rose Company resold to Henry Ruhs the three-story house at 1,760 East 153d Street, 16.8 by 100.

Otto Markmuhle, as executor, sold for $7,000 to John Christ the two-story dwelling at 575 East 134th Street, 17 by 100.

Sophie Steligis sold to Lillie Natalie the two-story dwelling at 2,280 Beaumont Avenue, 28.5 by 66.8.

Activity in Brooklyn.

Charles E. Rickersen sold 87-89 Sterling Place, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues, a three-story brownstone dwelling, with a plot adjoining 25 by 100, for the Talbenzor Realty Corporation to a client.

Joseph P. Day sold for Levy Brothers, the two-family house at 1,152 Fifty-third Street, to C. Coppelman.

Realty Notes.

The Durosa Company states that no option was given by the Beadleston & Woers Empire Brewery Company to the Reynolds-Whitney Warehouse Company, (lessees of the structures at 158-168 Charles Street) to lease the balance of the brewery property at 674-676 Washington Street and 287-305 West Tenth Street.

President LaGuardia of the Board of Aldermen will address the members of the Bronx Board of Trade at its monthly meeting tomorrow evening.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.



$8,500
Easy Terms
COLONIAL HOME
6 ROOMS, Tiled Bath.
Plot 100x150 ft.

EAST COMMUTATION TO NEW YORK; permanent home, everything modern, electric light, steam heat, panelled walls, parquet floors, select neighborhood, water sports, golf, country club, schools, &c.; send for photo; fine living room with huge open fireplace; you can buy this charming place with a little cash down and the money you pay now as rent; investigate. GEORGE C. BLACKWELL, Sherman Square Hotel, Broadway and 71st St., New York City. Phone 8400 Columbus.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
NO. 319 WEST 74TH ST.
5-Story American Basement Dwelling.
11 rooms, 3 baths, immediate possession. For particulars apply to
CLARK T. CHAMBERS
320 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 7230



The Most Desirable Office Floor on Fifth Avenue

Ten thousand square feet with light on four sides. Partitioned to suit your requirements.

Principals only

HARRIS, VOUGHT & CO.
6 East 46th Street Vanderbilt 31

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Two Unusual Bargains
1322-1326 Southern Boulevard
Two 5-story and basement apartment houses with stores, each house 33'4"x100. Ground floor has two stores and 2-8 room apartments. Upper floors have 2-3, 3-4 room apartments. Houses have new roofs and newly renovated, and rent for over $3,000 annually each house. 1322 has $25,000, first mortgage 5½%, open for the last six years. 1326 has $26,500 first mortgage 6%, 2 years to run. Houses are built about 9 years. Price $43,000 each. Terms can be arranged. Apply to
VALHALLA CORPORATION
500 Willis Ave., Bronx. Tel. Melrose 876.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

"ALONG THE SOUND"
Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
REAL ESTATE,
11 EAST 42D. MURRAY HILL 6441.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Broadway Building
Near Columbus Circle
The character of the Columbus Circle district is being completely transformed by the erection of "skyscraper" office buildings.
Splendid Opportunity for Retail Business
ENTIRE BUILDING
1845-7 Broadway
Between 60th & 61st Sts.
Opposite subway station.
4 sty. & basement, 57 ft. frontage.
Valuable Electric Sign Privileges.
Complete details from
CROSS & BROWN COMPANY
18 East 41st St., New York
Murray Hill 7100

OFFICES FOR RENT
42D ST.—FIFTH AVE.
$25 Per Month Upwards
Large, Small, Single Suites.
WALTER J. SALMON
17 WEST 42ND ST.
Telephone Vanderbilt 47.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
19-21 West 57th St.
NEW BUILDING
ENTIRE FLOORS
TO LEASE
Also Studio Suitable for Photographer
Apply on premises or
THOMAS V. McLAUGHLIN
2 Rector St. Rector 1900.

DESIRABLE STORE TO LET
2 E. 28th St., at 5th Ave.
Size 20x80. Immediate possession.
Ruland & Whiting-Benjamin CORPORATION
36 East 58th St. Plaza 4061.

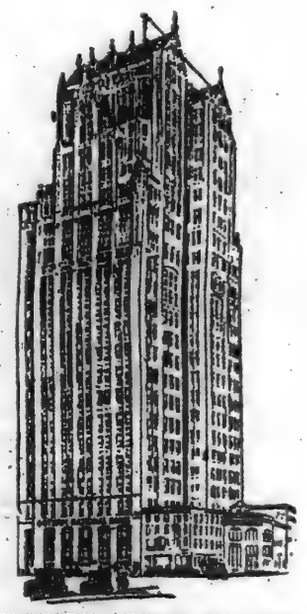
OFFICES TO RENT
From 100 to 5700 square feet, light on all sides. Will divide.
MODERATE RENT
112-18 West 44th Street
Immediate Possession. Tel. Bryant 3407. Brokers Protected.

2,100 SQUARE FEET
IN WATSON BUILDING
$2.00 a Sq. Ft.
also several small offices
APPLY ROOM 34
256 Church St. New York City

GARAGE AND SERVICE STATION
FIREPROOF; 50x107; FORTIES, NEAR 11TH AV.; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
OGDEN & CLARKSON (Corporation), 605 5th av. Tel. Vanderbilt 1181.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Gotham National Bank Building
Now 70% Rented



24-STORY OFFICE BUILDING
BROADWAY AT COLUMBUS CIRCLE
10 TRANSIT LINES AT THE DOOR
Entire Floors—6668 Sq. Ft. Net at $3.75 per sq. ft.
WITH PARTITIONS TO SUIT
PERPETUAL LIGHT ON FOUR SIDES
POSSESSION FEB. 1, 1921
GOTHAM NATIONAL BANK
Renting Department
1328 BROADWAY AT COLUMBUS CIRCLE
TELEPHONE—COLUMBUS 1428
Or Your Own Broker.

LESSEE WILL SUBLET
PART OF 50x100 LOFT
Prominent Madison Ave. corner between 30th and 34th Streets. No manufacturing. Write V. V., Box 16, Suite 405, 110 West 34th Street.

ATTENTION
ARCHITECTS—ENGINEERS
Exceptional
Top Floor, 10 Story Bldg., 6,000 Sq. Ft.
Also Other
OFFICES—FLOORS
STORES—BUILDINGS
Downtown Section.
Hirshon-Barnard Co.
20 Exchange Place, Hanover 1744. City.

TO LET
5-7-9 West 37th St.
12th Floor, Top. 7500 Sq. Ft.
Excellent Light
Also SHOWROOM, 7th Floor
Possession February 1st, 1921
H. J. SACHS & CO., 30 West 21st St.

6TH AVENUE NEAR 35TH ST.
BUILDING TO LEASE FOR 21 YEARS
or will lease single floor.
NOTE—This elevator building is 44 by 85, adjoining "L" station; best location in New York. Inquire at OWNER, J. AARON, 982 6th Ave. (41h floor)

PENN TERMINAL BUILDING
7th Ave., 30th to 31st St.
NEW
17 Story Fireproof Building
ADJOINING
PENNSYLVANIA STATION & HOTEL
NEAR MAIN POST OFFICE.
ENTIRE FLOORS
20,000 SQ. FT.
OFFICES
600 SQ. FT. UPWARD.
STORES
SUBDIVIDED TO SUIT.
FOR EXECUTIVE OFFICES OR SALESROOMS
NO MANUFACTURING
Occupancy Jan. 1, 1921
REGENT REALTY CO.
33 W. 42D ST. TEL. 5508 VANDERBILT OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

OFFICE and SHOWROOM
To Let
1,700 Square Feet
210 Fifth Ave.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—APPLY
Schulte Realty Co.,
386 Broadway, N. Y.
Phone 3400 Canal

BEAUTIFUL STORES
For rent, through which several hundred people will pass daily. Rent reasonable. Four And a half years' lease.
HOTEL ALGONQUIN ANNEX
APPLY C. D. STEELE
59 WEST 44TH STREET

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

AVAILABLE SPACE

In Pennsylvania and Grand Central District.

7th Ave., 9,000 sq. ft., manufacturing space.

7th Ave., 20,000 sq. ft., office & showroom space.

40th St., overlooking Bryant Park, 14,000 sq. ft.; light four sides—sub-lease.

40th St., opposite Bryant Park, 7,400 sq. ft. Possession May 1.

40th St., opposite Library, 2,500 sq. ft.; immediately.

41st St. & Madison Av., corner—Library floor $4500. Immediate possession.

Haviland Building, 36-37th Sts. 5th & Madison Aves., three floors—office & show space,

FRED'K FOX & CO., INC.
14 West 40th Street, N. Y. City.
Vand. 540.

TO LAWYERS

seeking uptown office we offer

Library Floor in fine old Madison Avenue Mansion
297 Madison Ave. Cor. 41st St.
Possession immediate. Price moderate.

FRED'K FOX & CO., *Inc.*
14 West 40th St. *Vand. 540*

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FACTORIES

Any Size — Anywhere
For Sale or to Lease
NEW LISTINGS SOLICITED
Business Established 1796

GAILLARD REALTY CO.
66 WILLIAM ST. TEL. 1088 JOHN

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.



Opposite the Schwab Mansion

305 West End Avenue
AT SEVENTY-FOURTH STREET
A RESIDENTIAL HOTEL
Just Completed

Suites of two or more rooms with complete and Superior Service
also
A few One Room Apartments
RESIDENT MANAGER - *Columbus 7200*

Unfurnished—West Side.

125 East 72d St.
MODERN 14-STORY APT.
6 Rooms
THE WYOMING
S.E.cor. 55th & 7th Av.
MODERN 12-STORY APT.
8 Rooms
$3,600 per annum
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Julius Tishman & Sons, Inc.
18 East 41st St. Tel. Vanderbilt 1977

Central Park West
81st to 82d St.
Hotel Beresford
A Few Suites of
1-2-3 Rooms
AND BATH
Several Furnished
EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RENTALS
Excellent Restaurant. Maid Service
APPLY ON PREMISES OR
Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS
JUST COMPLETED
The Wheeler & Han Lon
559-565 W. 188th St.
Near 191st Subway Station
5th Ave. Bus Passes Property
4 ROOMS, $95 to $105
Rental Representative on Premises.
F. J. McMAHON CO., Agents
1,438 St. Nicholas Av., corner 183rd St.
Phone Wadsworth 8910

125 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
(at 84th St.)
11 Rooms, 3 Baths
Every room outside
LOUIS P. DOWDNEY
301 W. 72nd St. Col. 6440

JUST COMPLETED
186 Riverside Drive
Between 90th and 91st Sts
2 AND 2 ROOMS, WITH TILE BATHS
Wonderfully large; maid service if desired; gas for light housekeeping; unobstructed view of the river; subway, buses and B'way cars all convenient. Rents $1,500-$2,500. Representative on premises; open any time.
WOOD, DOLSON CO., 80 St. & B'way.
Tel. Schuyler 1100.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Stores, Floors and Offices

620-8 Madison Ave.
S. W. Corner 59th St.
Stores and Offices

The Stores are especially well suited for any high-class Optician, Photographer, Modiste or Antique Dealers.

The Offices are ideal for Brokers, Builders, Engineers, Architects.

Possession February 1921

"Griffon" Building
151-3 W. 19th St.
46.7 x 90
Third Floor.
Possession February 1921
Exceptional Light

27-33 W. 20th St.
100 x 92
Several Floors.
Possession February 1921

13-15 E. 22nd St.
54 x 98.9
7th Floor
Also smaller units.
Possession February 1921

28-30 W. 23rd St.
thru to
9-19 W. 22nd St.
Several Floors.
21,000 sq. ft. each.
Immediate possession of 21,000 sq. ft.
Balance February 1921
Exceptional Light

115-17 E. 23rd St.
28 x 98.9
Store and Basement.
Possession February 1921

22-4 W. 27th St.
50 x 98.9
6th and 9th Floors.
Possession February 1921

34-8 W. 27th St.
68.6 x 98.9
9th Floor. Immediate Poss.

Hess Building
4th Ave. S.W. Cor. 26th St.
100 x 200
Two Entire Floors
Possession February 1921
Also smaller units

329 Fourth Ave.
40x83
Store and Basement.
Possession January 1, 1921
Also Offices with
Immediate Possession
Exceptional Light

821-3 Broadway
N. W. Cor. 12th St.
49 x 87 x irreg.
Two Floors.
Possession February 1921

134-40 W. 29th St.
100 x 98.9
Store and Basement.
Possession February 1921
Sixth Floor.
Possession January 1st, 1921
Also smaller units.
Possession February 1921

127 W. 30th St.
25 x 60
Store and Basement.
Immediate Possession

131 W. 30th St.
25x60
Store and Basement.
Immediate Possession

19-21 W. 31st St.
Life Building
Several Stores.
Possession January 1921

12-14 W. 32nd St.
34 x 98.9
7th Floor.
Possession immediate or February 1921
No Manufacturing.

907 Broadway — HESS INC — Stuyvesant 4200

LIGHT LOFT TO LET.

10,000 SQUARE FEET AT $1.00 per square foot.
PRIVILEGE TO SUBLET PART.
18-20-22 West 20th Stree
Near Fifth Avenue.
Running Through to 23 West 19th Street.
MODERN FIREPROOF BUILDING, SPRINKLER SYSTEM, 4 ELEVATORS. POSSESSION AT ONCE.
Inquire:
Arragon Holding Corp.,
35 NASSAU STREET.
RECTOR 9454 or 1073. OR YOUR OWN BROKER.
Superintendent on Premises.

PASSAVANT BUILDING
440 4th Avenue
Southwest cor. 30th Street
ONE ENTIRE FLOOR
PLOT 90x100
$12,000
Possession February 1st, 1921.
North Light. Automatic Sprinklers.
Complete Supervisory Service.
WALTER C. WYCKOFF, Agent
408 Madison Avenue
AT 48TH STREET PHONE VANDERBILT 8535

200-CAR GARAGE

21 year lease direct from Owner
Excellent West Side residential and hotel section
Nominal cash security required
Brokers protected
Garage Realty Company
1,457 BROADWAY *Leasing Department* BRYANT 1123

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.

Are you satisfied with your present Apartment? If not—investigate
Jackson Heights
4, 5 and 6 Rooms
New Garden Apartments
unusual neighborhood advantages; on Co-operative Plan;
Moderate Price—Liberal Terms.
Social and Business Reference Required.
THE
Queensboro Corporation
50 E. 42d St., Manhattan,
Corner Madison Ave.
Send for Views and Details

THE MIDDLETON
570 WEST 189TH ST.
CORNER ELEVATOR APARTMENT,
6 Rooms and Bath, Rent $125
Apply Superintendent on premises, or
F. J. McMAHON CO.
1,438 St. Nicholas Av., at 182d St.
PHONE WADSWORTH 8910.

600 WEST 161st St.
6 ROOMS AND FOYER.
2 BATHS, FIREPROOF
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920
INQUIRE MELROSE 6423.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.

6-7 Room Apartments
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
All Outside Rooms, Unusual Closet Space; Elevator; Hall Attendants, Etc.
Rents $1,700 Up
220 West 107th St.
Near Broadway.
Superintendent on premises.

Harperley Hall
1 WEST 64TH STREET
UNFURNISHED
7 Rooms and 3 Baths; Housekeeping 2-4 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette
ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
2, 3 and 4 Rooms, with Kitchenette
Refrigeration in all apartments
TELEPHONE "COLUMBUS 8300"

Unfurnished—East Side.

Belgrave Block
Madison Av., 49th to 50th St.
2 and 3 Room
APARTMENTS
(with service, if desired)
Cruikshank Company,
141 Broadway Rector 4100.
Worthington Whitehouse, Inc.,
on premises
446 Madison Av. Plaza 4900.

CITY REAL ESTATE

35 cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

HIGH-CLASS dwelling, near 5th Av., below 90th St.; 9 rooms, 3 baths, electricity, French windows; hardwood trim and floors; excellent condition; possession 60 days; price $35,000; terms; principals only. I. Lincoln Seide Co., 220 Broadway.

30th St., West—For sale, 5-story studio apartment, showing 30% net on investment; price $60,000; one-half can remain on mortgage; all leased; principals only. For particulars address Y 743 Times Downtown.

GUARANTEED POSSESSION.
Eleven-room house on West 11th St.; steam heat, bath, 2 toilets; Winter's coal in cellar; corner property.
WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC.,
72 Greenwich Av. Watkins 7434.

BARGAIN—Residence on 85th St., near West End Av.; 2-story and basement, 20x100, 12 rooms, 2 baths; elec. light; now vacant; possession at once; only $8,000 cash required. Keys at this office. M. H. Gaillard & Co., 2,299 Broadway at 83d St.

EDGECOMBE AV., 255 (145th St.).
Three-story private house and basement; immediate possession; being remodelled.
Owner, LEONARD WEILL,
52 Broadway.

10 WALKER ST.
Five-story loft building; possession Feb. 1; reasonable; easy terms.
Owner, LEONARD WEILL,
52 Broadway.

BUSINESS compels me to sell my 4-story and basement private house in West 80th St.; lot 20.6x100; 14 rooms, 2 baths; parquet floors; price $27,000; good terms. Haste, 47 Times.

FOUR-STORY American basement. West 88th St.; 14 rooms, elect., parquet; immediate poss.; $23,000, cash $4,000; bargain. Coughlan & Clisby, 200 West 72d.

ATTRACTIVE house, East 81st St., near Lexington, for rent; 18 rooms, newly decorated; electricity; quick action necessary. McGrath & Warren, 9 Columbus Circle.

MILLLINERY DISTRICT.
10 West 116th St.—Six-story new law; must be sold to settle estate. E. Bloch, 412 West 148th St.

SUBLEASE 18-room house, 5 baths; beautifully appointed; long lease; immediate possession. 29 East 53d. Seen 10-4.

97TH, 41 WEST—Four-story dwelling; bargain; possession. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES
PLACED ON RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES. INTERNATIONAL CREDIT CO.,
247 5TH AV. PHONE 9070 MURRAY HILL.

SUMS for 2 mortgages, large, small, Manhattan, Bronx. Oppenheimer, 540 Bergen Av. (149th.)

$15,000, $35,000, $100,000, Manhattan, Bronx. Oppenheimer, 540 Bergen Av. (149th.)

BUILDING MATERIAL.

LARGE quantity galvanized and black iron pipe fittings; full particulars on application. Lewis Wrecking Company, Pelham Bay Naval Station. Tel. Westchester 1313-1314.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

NEW ROCHELLE.
Eight rooms, tile bath, gas and electric light; lot 50x100; very fine condition; nice section; price $9,500; terms; act quick. DRUMMOND, 17 West 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 7325, or 223 Huguenot St. Tel. New Rochelle 3242.

NEW, 7-room, Colonial house; reasonable; build from your plans; lowest prices. Hall, 185 Lee Av., Yonkers 4757.

LARCHMONT MANOR—Eight rooms, 3 baths, gas and electric lights, 2-car garage, open fireplaces, oak floors throughout, sun parlor; on a beautiful shrubbed plot, with Sound views; $5,000 below cost; act quick. DRUMMOND, 17 West 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 7325; or 83 Boston Post Road. Tel. Larchmont 564.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

A REAL BARGAIN.
Moving to Toledo, owner must sell immediately fine seven-room home at Bayside, Long Island, in fine neighborhood, near shore; 23 minutes to New York City by electric trains; steam heat, hardwood floors throughout, tile bath, new screens, awnings, storm windows, recently painted and decorated, brick fireplace; for quick sale will sacrifice at $10,500, worth $15,000; only a few thousand dollars cash required. Telephone Miller, Fitzroy 5250, Room 306, 1 West 34th St.

OWNER leaving city will sell Colonial home, 7 rooms, 2 baths, sun parlor; 30 minutes out. H. G. Robinson. Fitzroy 6896.

A REAL SACRIFICE.
Handsome brick Colonial home of 10 rooms and 3 baths, with 2-car brick garage, on beautifully shaded corner plot, 100 ft. x 182 ft., built in 1914; eastern exposure; with large screened porch facing south; living room 18x24, dining room 15x18; hot water heat and all improvements; $21,500; could not be replaced for $33,000; phone me now for appointment to inspect. F. H. Honberger, Fitzroy 5250, 1 West 34th St.

HAS bought another house, MUST SELL; 32 minutes; beach rights, clubs, schools; New York's most charming suburb; $20,000 (terms).
ARMSTRONG, BARNWELL CO., Hanover 7744. 20 EXCHANGE PLACE.

FOR RENT, unfurnished house, six rooms and bath, with all modern improvements; eight minutes' walk from Garden City, L. I., station; $53 a month. Inquire G. M. Taylor, Garden City. Phone Garden City 1403.

BARGAIN, $14,500, worth $18,500; eight rooms, stucco and hollow tile, hot water heat; built six years; large corner plot; garage. L. Kingsley, 47 West 34th St. Fitzroy 6896.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

DESIRABLE city, country homes, farms; write us, we can fill your wants; lists free. Huber & Zahner, Newburg.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

I'M GOING TO SELL,
and will sacrifice, absolutely, for quick results, an improved house, 10 rooms, sun parlor, sleeping porch, in select section Plainfield. I want offer. Howard Goldsmith, 68 Park Row. Tel. 2596 Beekman.

MODERN six-room house, bath, every improvement; corner plot; garage; excellent location; 5 minutes station; 35 minutes out. E. Pretch, Rochelle Park, N. J.

RIDGEFIELD PARK—Times Square 30 minutes; single house, built five years; six rooms; all improvements; $5,500. Bryant 9253.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

HANDSOME 2-story dwelling, near 86th St., to be bought with $2,000 down; electric lights. Telephone Columbus 2240.

TEN-FAMILY HOUSE, about 110th, near 7th Av.; must sacrifice. Inquire Auto Store, 2,089 Lexington Av., corner 124th.

FOUR-STORY, lower West 70s, all imp., 26x102, 14 rooms, 3 baths; cash $5,000; owner must sell. Coughlan & Clisby, 200 West 72d.

$2,000 buys excellent dwelling 20d or 310 West 115th St.; 2½ stories. Sharum, 170 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 7302.

EAST 61ST—Four-story 17-ft. dwelling; bargain; $21,000. Owner, Murray Hill 4638.

LEASE, 47th, near 8th Av., house, 25x100; $6,500. Phone Bryant 6914.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

FLATBUSH—Positively a sacrifice, new two-story and cellar detached brick and stucco, 8 rooms and 2 tiled baths; tiled kitchen; tiled roof; copper gutters and leaders; has all the very latest improvements; sun parlor, breakfast room; 3 sleeping porches; double garage to match house; plot 50x100; two blocks to Broadway and Brighton subway station at Beverly Road; price $28,000, reduced from $40,000. Apply 895 Church Av. Phone 3346 Flatbush or 2466 Flatbush, evenings.

NEW ONE-FAMILY STUCCO
with garage; price right; terms reasonable. 2,811-2,823 Sedwick Av., north of Kingsbridge Road.
BUILDER ON PREMISES.
Telephone Kingsbridge 1062.

SEVEN-ROOM house, garage, sun porch; on Culver Line. River 2682.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

NO CASH.
New six or seven room stucco Flatbush house, with garage; may be bought no cash down; only requirement is monthly payment equal to fair rental; will decorate to suit. WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC., 72 Greenwich Av., N. Y. C. Watkins 7434.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE—Lot, 50x100, on Ely Av.; excavated; 2 blocks from Bridge Plaza, L. I. City; owner contemplated manufacturing building and has plans prepared; will sell reasonable. Arnold Levien, 226 East 41st St. Telephone Murray Hill 4071.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

BEGINNING Jan. 1, will take long lease at favorable rental on desirable eight-room house in Westchester County, Sound or river shore locations preferred. Write, giving full description, to Hall, 329 Broadway, Bobbs Ferry, N. Y.

WE have several investment properties which the owners would consider exchanging for a residence at Far Rockaway, Lawrence and Woodmere. Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Av., Murray Hill 6200.

WANTED—Bungalow or house for rent, Sea Gate. Particulars phone Bryant 2760.

REAL ESTATE—Other Cities and Towns.

FOR SALE—A beautiful house on Sunset Av., Palm Beach, Fla.; fully furnished, ready for occupancy. For details write A 822 Times Downtown.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

HOMESEEKERS—Send for Virginia farm list. Dept. 254, Emporia, Va.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, $7,500 net, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard C. Forbes, 66 Broadway. Rector 747.

BROADWAY HOTEL LEASE.
9 years to run; small modern apartment hotel; gross income about $75,000; asking $30,000; submit offers; no brokers. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d St. Col. 1077.

SELL elegantly furnished office floor, four-year lease; 8 outside windows, wonderful advertising space sublets reduces rent of own office to $25; two telephones. Wallerstein, 154 4th Av., corner 14th.

ELEGANT DESK ROOM,
including desk, safe, filing cabinet, stenographic and telephone service; newly mahogany furnished office. Room 209 311 5th Av.

PART OF LOFT TO SUBLET; 1,400 SQ. FT. AT 906 BROADWAY, HEART OF BUSINESS SECTION; MODERATE RENTAL. ENCORE, 6TH FLOOR, 906 BROADWAY, N. Y.

FURNISHED DAYLIGHT OFFICES
with telephone, 1,000 or 300 square feet; reasonable rent; possession Jan. 1; 5th Av. above 42d St. Ogden & Clarkson, 605 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1124.

5TH AVENUE, 44TH STREET.
Office space, highest class buildings; units 400, 800, 1,000, 1,400 sq. ft.; furnished and unfurnished; immediate possession. Telephone Vanderbilt 634.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS; ALL SECTIONS. CLARENCE DAVIES, 32 NASSAU ST., JOHN 1171. 41 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 9175.

MADISON AV. AND 42D ST.—Desirable corner office, 2 private and main outer office; lease to May 1, 1923; approximately 500 square feet; immediate possession. B. E., 37 Times.

FOR RENT—16,000 square feet, four upper floors; possession May 1, 1921; desirable corner, heart of wholesale provision district. E. A. Tredwell, 41 Park Row. Cortlandt 3018.

5 UNION SQUARE WEST.
1,500 to 2,900 square feet office space; 3-year lease; reasonable rental. Apply Danielson, on premises. Stuyvesant 2395.

DESKROOM, with telephone and stenographer service, for rent from Jan. 1; location 5th Av., above 42d St. Telephone Vanderbilt 8540.

55TH ST., 243 WEST (adjoining Broadway)—Desirable stores for rent from May 1; light, up-to-date loft; immediate possession; rents reasonable; size 25x100. Apply premises.

GARAGE—Cash security of $15,000 will give you the finest and best established garage in the 50s; quick action necessary. G. E., 172 Times.

ATTRACTIVE STORE, 7th Av., at 58th St., suitable florist, milliner, lingerie, novelty shop or other high-class retail business. Apply Superintndent, 200 West 58th St.

8,000, 16,000 AND 100,000 FEET at 90c; MODERN BUILDINGS; WEST SIDE, ABOVE 14TH. D 87 TIMES.

20TH ST., 41 EAST—3-story building with store and basement; sidewalk elevator; size 25x100; possession Feb. 1, 1921. Wright Barclay, Inc., 320 5th Av.

CORNER store in 50s, on Broadway, balcony, draperies, &c., all installed; present lease five years; immediate possession. B. A., 101 Times.

20TH ST., 143 WEST—Lofts, half lofts, light four sides; passenger, freight elevators. Superintendent, phone Fordham 1023. Brokers protected.

34TH ST., 136 WEST—Second floor store, show window front; immediate possession. M. & L. Hess, Inc., 907 Broadway. Stuyvesant 4200.

TWO FLOORS, 20x60 feet, for rent separately or together, third and fourth floors; splendid condition and good light. Jarvis Corporation, 105 West 42d St.

850 SQUARE FEET of space (or part of it) for office or sample room; light manufacturing no objection; ideal location. 1,263 Broadway.

SMALL light office, unique surroundings, facilities; suitable for special representative or professional man. 10th floor, 450 4th Av.

LEASE—Large loft, containing 7,000 square feet, on 15th, near 5th Av., suitable for manufacturing purposes; passenger, freight elevator. Wolfe & Co., 31 Liberty St.

OFFICES, SHOWROOMS,
20-2 East 20th St., ready for occupancy Feb. 1; two offices at once; premises between 10 A. M., 3:30 P. M.; brokers protected.

FOR RENT, on completion, Jan. 1, 1921, new one-story garage, facing PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL, 52x64. Phone Owner, Longacre 2722.

LOFTS AND OFFICES.
DESIRABLE LOCATIONS. BILTMORE REALTY CORP., TIMES BLDG. PHONE BRYANT 7738-1527.

Large office or showroom, $60.
27 East 22d St.
A rent opportunity; act at once.
Room 62, Globe Letter Co.

LIGHT OFFICE, about 400 square feet, heart of customs, insurance and shipping districts; immediate occupancy. C. W. Sellers, 24 Stone St., New York City.

OFFICES at 122 Liberty St., also one floor sub-divided; immediate possession; long lease. For particulars apply The Seneca Co., World Building.

809 MADISON AV. (68TH ST).
Parlor floor; extra large rooms; business and living; rental now $3,000, formerly $4,200.

OFFICES—SHOWROOMS—FLOORS
20 East 22d St., 100 to 2,500 sq. ft.
STEWART FORSHAW,
20 East 42d St. Tel. Vanderbilt 2871.

24TH ST., 17 EAST—Entire second floor, 25x100, desirable location for textile house; up to date in every respect. Inquire Frank F. Pels, 17 East 24th.

BUILDING, 196 Greenwich St., sale or lease; immediate possession. Duross, 156 B'way.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

ROCKEFELLER POSSESSION.
We will rent for temporary executive offices and showrooms or exhibition purposes our entire fourth floor in the Gotham Building, 326-330 5th Av., also 36th St. entrance; or will lease for term of years; lowest price in the section; we also offer in the same building, ninth floor, 3,600 square feet of beautiful studio space. Apply Duane Co., 280 Broadway. Telephone Worth 2400.

24,000 SQUARE FEET
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
TWO COLD STORAGE PLANTS
ON LONG-TERM LEASE.
Suitable for manufacturing, warehouse and garage; first floor, 20,000; total 11,000, with driveway through from street to street; two elevators; steam plant. Address W. A., Box 743 Times Downtown.

OFFICE SUITES—Immediate possession.
825 SQ. FT.—2 ROOMS.
1,085 SQ. FT.—5 ROOMS.
1,350 SQ. FT.—7 ROOMS.
3,000 SQ. FT., ON FEB. 1.
All exceptional values, at select Burrell Building, 577 Madison Av. cor. 53d St. Apply Supt. or phone Mr. Wilchins, Plaza 3699.

OFFICE AND SHOWROOM
ON 36TH ST. BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH AVENUES.
A. SMITH, 25 WEST 36TH.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished suite, opposite Union Square section, 960 sq. feet, divided into two executive, one general, one accounting office and supply room; present lease runs for over one year; will lease as stands, or sell furniture and lease. S. T., 105 Times.

BROOKLYN FACTORY SPACE FOR RENT.
Two lofts, extremely light, 11,250 feet each, in a modern building where insurance rate is 12½c.; located in the heart of best labor market and convenient to dock and freight terminals. Woolf Instrument Corp., 516 6th Av., New York City.

BLEECKER ST.—3,000 SQ. FT., $1,950.
Office and showroom; mid-town section; 3,000 sq. ft., $6,000; exceptionally good light on three sides; many other loft and office bargains; any size; all sections of the city. Department A, John W. Paris & Son, Inc., 141 West 36th St. Telephone Fitz Roy 6604.

700 SQUARE FEET
very light office space; partitions already installed; immediate possession; reasonable rent.
SCHWABACK & RAPHEL,
3 WEST 29TH ST.

ENTIRE floor in garage, 10,000 square feet; light on four sides; including elevator service, light and heat; possession Jan. 1. 619-621 West 129th St., one block west of Manhattan St. subway station. Telephone Morningside 3091.

A CORNER STORE AND BASEMENT,
Northeast Cor. 53d Av. and 39th St.
25 foot front.
Rent $2,500.
Excellent business location.
James Kyle & Sons, 721 Lexington Av.

17 WARREN ST.
Immediate possession, four upper floors, 25x75; building completely reconstructed, elevator, &c.; will rent long term, together or separately. R. E. Ittelson, 160 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 567, or your own broker.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION,
first loft, 3,000 square feet, for show room, stock room, offices; excellent location; near 5th Av.; elevator, electricity, heat NO MANUFACTURING; rent $2,500 for quick action. Acme Merchandise Corp., 16-18 East 15th St.

TO SUBLET.
Corner loft, eleventh floor, Madison Av., above 28th St., for balance of present lease; approximately 12,000 square feet, at less than $1.50 per square foot; immediate or Feb. 1 possession. B. M., 347 Times.

MADISON AV. OFFICES AT 48TH ST., 29 EAST: 2-6 VERY LIGHT ROOMS; NEWLY DECORATED; IN MODERN BUILDING. $60 FT. OR MORE; $3 FT. HERBERT GULICK CO., AGENTS, 29 EAST 48TH ST.

LOFT, 25x100, or part, manufacturing or jobbing, elevator, steam heat, low insurance, including Holmes Protection; reasonable. B. W. Martan Lining Co., 383 Lafayette St., near 4th St.

FIFTH FLOOR, 100x200, CONTAINING 20,000 SQUARE FEET, FIREPROOF BUILDING, 100 PER CENT. SPRINKLER SYSTEM, RAILROAD SIDING. 500 EAST 133D ST. PHONE 7623 MELROSE.

LOFTS, factories, within or beyond metropolitan district. Factory Exchange, 17 W. 44th. Vanderbilt 5610. Extension 7 or 16.

ALL LIGHT LOFT, 75x100.
Fireproof, sprinkler; $8,000. At 159 West 25th St.

SHOWROOMS and offices, reasonable rent, 49 to 53 West 28th St. Apply J. L. Hofstadter, 49 West 28th, or your own broker.

LOFTS, 6 WEST 29TH ST.
Light, steam, elevator; rent, $2,800. Febry. AMES & COMPANY, 26 WEST 31ST ST.

OFFICE SPACE with stenographing service; first-class; 331 St.-Broadway. Pennsylvania 1620.

LOFT, 327 Broadway, adjoining Worth St.; 3,000 sq. ft.; no manufacturing. Wright Barclay, Inc., 320 5th Av.

PART of very light and well-equipped private office for rent; telephone. Room 52, 2 Columbus Circle.

LOFTS, 25x100 and larger, 14th to 59th Sts. Bauer, Milbank & Molloy, Inc., 51 East 42d St. Murray Hill 1936.

TO LET—Large basement store, for beauty shop or other high class trade. Karrberg, 76 West 85th St.

TO LET—New building, 2 floors and basement, 25x100; steam heat, electric light. 422 West 42d St.

OFFICE and loft space, with use of Ford delivery car; exceptional opportunity. Mr. Spencer, top floor, 2,126 Broadway.

$25 RENT monthly, desk room with services; phone if desired; near City Hall. A. G., 788 Times Downtown.

HALF of rear loft to rent for factory in the rear of a cloak jobber on 27th St. Chelsea 7896.

TIMES SQUARE—Candler Building, furnished offices, reasonable. Room 612, 220 West 42d.

OFFICE to let; light, airy; reasonable rent; immediate possession. 32 Union Square, Room 96.

SMALL light office, fully equipped, City Hall District; available immediately. Room 812, 5 Beekman St.

BROOME ST., 403—Store and basement, 20x70; reasonable rent; Feb. 1. Spring 2996.

DESK, WITH TELEPHONE SERVICE.
Downtown, attractive office. Room 218, 15 Park Row. Tel. Barclay 3320.

34TH ST., 38 WEST—Most desirable loft to let; 25x91; early possession; call forenoons.

5TH AV. (491 Fifth Av.)—Office 250 sq. ft.; immediate occupancy. Vanderbilt 9004.

AVENUE STORE, AVENUE LOFT, VERY LIGHT. 341 7TH AV., at 34TH ST.

OFFICES to sublet, one large, one small. Oleck Advertising Service, 1,183 Broadway.

OFFICE and desk room, telephone and stenographer service. Apply 503 World Building.

SMALL office space and desk room, with telephone. Berg, 117 West 46th St.

43D, WEST—Large private office, waiting room; furnished. 27th Phone Bryant 6800.

36TH ST., 46 WEST—Stores; ground floor; good show window; also parlor floor.

34TH, 29 WEST—Light, cheerful offices, sublet furnished or unfurnished, with telephone.

LOFTS to let, suitable studio, light manufacturing; $600-$900. 12 West 18th.

LOFTS and showrooms, 41 West 21st; $40-$150. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

34TH ST., 131 WEST—Lofts 25x106; reasonable rents. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

SMALL light office, with all services included. 1212, 105 West 40th.

OFFICE with telephone service at 487 Broadway, Room 703.

STORE, 20x80, parlor floor, light, suited for office; telephone service. 5 West 16th St.

LEASE, West 50s, near 5th, terms, years; $8,000 yearly. K. A., 1,358 Broadway.

PART of 5th Av. office to rent; telephone connections. Room 1206, 516 5th Av.

STORE, 21x84; excellent light. 204 East 39th. Murray Hill 9763.

2,700 SQ. FT., third floor, $1.75 foot; will divide. Hawley, 244 West 42d.

STORES—Suitable any business; new building. 112-118 West 44th St.

Long Island.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
5,000 to 100,000 square feet space; early occupancy; will build to suit.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
Bridge Plaza. LONG ISLAND CITY.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

OLD building, stable, open lot, or large store and basement, for retail lumber yard; long lease; from 11th St. to 59th St., between 6th and 8th Avs.; to take possession not later than March 1, 1921; we will alter to suit; state price by letter. Midtown Lumber Co., 120 West 17th St., N. Y. C.

GENERAL CONTRACTOR desires to rent whole or part of storage yard suitable for storage of equipment, &c.; location with railroad switch facilities near preferred. Stewart Willay Company, Inc., 252 West 46th St.

WE have clients for buildings, lofts, offices and showrooms; let us know what you have for sale or lease; quick action. Department A, John W. Paris & Son, Inc., 141 West 36th St. Phone Fitz Roy 6604.

42D ST. ZONE—List your space with us; clients waiting; we especially want spaces from 300 to 500 square feet; furnished and unfurnished. Bauer, Milbank & Molloy, 51 East 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 1936.

WANT small private office and stenographer in reception room; Wall St. district preferred. Address Room 36, 100 Broadway. Telephone 11 to 1, Cortlandt 4119.

FACTORY representatives want office or office space between 30th and 42d Sts., on or near 5th Av. Address Room 325 Pennsylvania Hotel.

WANTED—Office space by jewelry importer, in vicinity of Maiden Lane, by Jan. 1. L. 837 Times Downtown.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Wanted for Business Purposes.

WANTED—15,000 to 20,000 square feet for storage for chain lunch stores; cold storage facilities desirable; on west side; principals only. United, Y 761 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, public, will exchange services for one bedroom, uptown, near Madison or 5th Aves. D 80 Times.

FACTORIES.

BROOKLYN, Queensboro, New Jersey factory properties, sale, rent and built on easy terms. Walter Baker Co., Factory Brokers, 734 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

FACTORY BUILDING, BLOOMFIELD, N. J. 12,000 ft. to lease. F. Rochendorfer, Box Dept., City Hall P. O., N. Y. C.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

4TH AV., Near 29th St. (4th Av. Hotel)—Two sunny rooms and bath, furnished; parquet floors; hotel service; $17.50 weekly.

5TH AV. (Hotel Savoy)—Unusual opportunity to sublet beautiful apartment, three very large rooms, sixth floor, all southern exposure, two baths, to June 1 or Oct. 1. Plaza 841.

15TH ST., 102 EAST (Union Square), Hotel Ladede—Two-room suite with bath, $32 week; 3-room suite with bath, $165 month; hotel service.

27TH ST., 25 EAST (Hotel Sexton)—Attractively furnished 2 rooms and bath, full hotel service; 1 block from subway; $17.50 up.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $20 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

32D, 34 EAST—Hotel Regent; two and three room suites, complete hotel service; $27.50 up; special rates for permanent guests. Phone Madison 1554.

50S—Sacrifice; rent, sell handsome furnishings, automobile, Gentlewoman's Exchange, Murray Hill 1475.

51ST ST., 5 EAST—The choice front suite in this handsome house directly facing the Cathedral is now available at $3,500 for the season; the house service, which extends to table service in the apartment, is as good as in the best hotels.

59TH, 51 EAST—Sublet two rooms and bath, nine-months' lease, $125; phone service included. Phone Plaza 1946.

60TH, 15 EAST—Double room, bath; 2 rooms, bath; any size suite; sublet 3 rooms, $200; 2 rooms, $175; sublet special Devlin apartment, 2 rooms, bath, $125. Jacinto Hotel.

61ST, 10 EAST—Richly furnished apartment, new, 3 bedrooms, twin living room, foyer, kitchenette, bath; season or longer; references. Call third floor.

62D ST., 40 EAST—Elegantly furnished 7-room, 3 baths apartment; season or year. Eschwege.

78TH, PARK AV.—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; private house; references. Rhinelander 6843.

93D ST. (corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; $45 per room, bath, up. Hotel Ashton.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON.
Madison Av., southwest corner 93d St.—Newly decorated apartment, 1 room and bath, $45 up; 2 rooms, bath, $100 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 2172.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
East, west side; long, short leases.
APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
176 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1277.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
307 5th Av. 4590 Murray Hill.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
Apartments, choice localities; long, short leases; East and West side; 4-12 rooms.
CLARK REALTY COMPANY,
247 Madison Av. (45th St.) Vanderbilt 1450.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.
Owner going abroad Jan. 1, must sell or lease his handsomely furnished 2-room apartment, Glen furnishings throughout, newly decorated, at 126 East 19th St., best residential section of Gramercy Park; large living room, 19x25; brick, wood-burning fireplace; complete kitchen; modern elevator building; private telephone; maid service. Call R. De Flores, 402 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 9645.

GRAMERCY PARK SOUTH, 26 (Hotel Irving)—Two rooms and bath, facing beautiful Gramercy Park; all hotel service; table excellent; reasonable rates. Phone Gramercy 6266.

RAILING REALTY COMPANY, 270 Park Av., Tel. Murray Hill 7914, offers furnished apartments at great sacrifice; Park, Madison, 5th Avs.; others east, west side sections.

THE FIFTH AV. (Cor. 36th St.)—Corner apartment, 7 unusually large outside rooms, handsomely furnished for season or longer. Superintendent.

UNUSUAL.
Artistically furnished 2-room, bath and kitchenette apartments; spotlessly clean, cosey and comfortable; hotel and theatre districts; $100 to $175 per month. Office, 150 East 51st St. Phone Plaza 646.

Furnished—West Side.

7TH, 65 WEST—3 rooms (kitchen), $160 month; lease; immediate possession. Tracy.

11TH (just off 5th Av., Hotel Van Rensselaer)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service. Stuy. 1410.

12TH ST., 49 WEST.
2 rooms, bath, beautifully fur

Unfurnished—East Side.

57TH, 22 EAST (adjoining Hotel Martha Washington)—Beautiful, newly decorated apartments, high ceilings, splendid light; also two stores to rent. Apply to Manager Martha Washington Hotel.

58TH ST., 16 EAST—Murray Hill Section; roof bungalow; 5 rooms, 2 baths, roof garden, elevator; immediate possession; $5,000.

63D ST., 141 EAST—8 rooms, corner apartment; $1,800. T. E. Van Winkle, 132 West 72d St., Columbus 1057.

67TH ST., 53 EAST—4 rooms, electric light, newly decorated, all improvements; $100.

87TH ST., 54 EAST—Modern elevator apartment, 6 rooms; $2,200; Jan. 1.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,278—2 rooms, newly decorated, all improvements; convenient to subway express; $25.

MADISON AV., 1,230—Five rooms and bath, all improvements; also two rooms and bath, in private house; moderate rent.

800 MADISON AV. (68TH).

Beautiful floor, 5 extra large rooms, bath, kitchen; was $225; now $165 month.

THE FIFTH AV. (corner 85th St.)—Corner apartment, 7 very large outside rooms. Superintendent.

Unfurnished—West Side.

89TH, 127-131 WEST—Four rooms, steam, parquet floors, electric light, telephone.

91ST ST., 19-21 WEST—Strictly high-class fireproof apartments of two rooms and bath; maid service optional; desirable tenants; rental $1,200 and $1,400.

97TH ST., 32 WEST—1, 2 and 3 rooms, bath, steam, hot water.

97TH ST., 42 WEST—Parlor floor, very large, $300; studio apartments, top floor, 3 rooms, bath, $200.

98TH, 47 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; one left; $1,080 year. Donovan.

99TH ST., 28 WEST—Elegant apartment, entire floor, three rooms, bath, improvements; $150 month; lease. Phone 7911 Bryant.

99TH, 3 WEST—Studio, two large rooms, bath, kitchen; attractive. Inquire Superintendent.

52D ST., 58 WEST—Attractive two-room and bath apartments; electric lights, hardwood floors, hot water heat and supply; ample closet room. Jas. A. Lowd, 374 8th Av. Circle 32.

54TH, 41 WEST—Large room, foyer, dressing room and bath; exclusively remodeled house; hall service; $1,800. Barlow Co., 40 West 40th.

56TH ST., 46 WEST—Studio apartments; large room, alcove and bath; suitable bachelors or light professional business; elevator.

60TH, 63 WEST—Parlor, two bedrooms, bath, kitchen, all light. Telephone Morgan.

57TH, 200 WEST (corner 7th Av.)

Corner apartment of nine rooms and three baths in the Osborne, fireproof building; large rooms; high ceilings; immediate possession; $400 per month. Manager, on premises, Circle 3420.

67TH (near 5th)—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; $1,100 year. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

68TH, 200 WEST—Six-room attractive apartment of highest type. Apply Supt.

69TH, 30 WEST—Apartments, 2 rooms and bath, very desirable locality.

69TH—Four rooms, bath; furniture, $450; rent $50. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

75TH ST. (near Broadway)—Duplex, four rooms, kitchen; open fireplaces. Schuyler 9014.

81ST ST., 241 EAST—8 rooms, corner apartment; $1,500. T. E. Van Winkle, 132 West 72d St., Columbus 1057.

82D ST., 141 EAST—8 rooms, corner apartment; $1,800. T. E. Van Winkle, 132 West 72d St., Columbus 1057.

83D ST., 53 EAST—3 rooms, electric light, newly decorated, all improvements; $100.

87TH ST., 54 EAST—Modern elevator apartment, 6 rooms; $2,200; Jan. 1.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,278—2 rooms, newly decorated, all improvements; convenient to subway express; $25.

MADISON AV., 1,230—Five rooms and bath, all improvements; also two rooms and bath, in private house; moderate rent.

800 MADISON AV. (68TH).

Beautiful floor, 5 extra large rooms, bath, kitchen; was $225; now $165 month.

THE FIFTH AV. (corner 85th St.)—Corner apartment, 7 very large outside rooms. Superintendent.

Unfurnished—West Side.

89TH, 127-131 WEST—Four rooms, steam, parquet floors, electric light, telephone.

91ST ST., 19-21 WEST—Strictly high-class fireproof apartments of two rooms and bath; maid service optional; desirable tenants; rental $1,200 and $1,400.

97TH ST., 32 WEST—1, 2 and 3 rooms, bath, steam, hot water.

97TH ST., 42 WEST—Parlor floor, very large, $300; studio apartments, top floor, 3 rooms, bath, $200.

98TH, 47 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; one left; $1,080 year. Donovan.

99TH ST., 28 WEST—Elegant apartment, entire floor, three rooms, bath, improvements; $150 month; lease. Phone 7911 Bryant.

99TH, 3 WEST—Studio, two large rooms, bath, kitchen; attractive. Inquire Superintendent.

52D ST., 58 WEST—Attractive two-room and bath apartments; electric lights, hardwood floors, hot water heat and supply; ample closet room. Jas. A. Lowd, 374 8th Av. Circle 32.

54TH, 41 WEST—Large room, foyer, dressing room and bath; exclusively remodeled house; hall service; $1,800. Barlow Co., 40 West 40th.

56TH ST., 46 WEST—Studio apartments; large room, alcove and bath; suitable bachelors or light professional business; elevator.

60TH, 63 WEST—Parlor, two bedrooms, bath, kitchen, all light. Telephone Morgan.

57TH, 200 WEST (corner 7th Av.)

Corner apartment of nine rooms and three baths in the Osborne, fireproof building; large rooms; high ceilings; immediate possession; $400 per month. Manager, on premises, Circle 3420.

67TH (near 5th)—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; $1,100 year. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

68TH, 200 WEST—Six-room attractive apartment of highest type. Apply Supt.

69TH, 30 WEST—Apartments, 2 rooms and bath, very desirable locality.

69TH—Four rooms, bath; furniture, $450; rent $50. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

75TH ST. (near Broadway)—Duplex, four rooms, kitchen; open fireplaces. Schuyler 9014.

81ST ST., 265 WEST—Eight rooms and bath, modern elevator apartment; rent $2,700; immediate possession. Apply Supt.

87TH ST. (West)—Three rooms, kitchenette, tiled bath, open fireplace; genuine floors, artistic and attractive; rent $137. Columbus 3238.

61TH, 137 WEST—Entire floor, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; $85; private residence.

58TH, 301 WEST (corner West End)—Two, three rooms; large light; reasonable.

61D ST., 350 WEST—Seven elevator apartment suite, immediate possession.

104TH ST., 210 WEST—2-room apartment and kitchenette; all improvements, suitable for doctor; $85; just completed.

105TH ST., 230 WEST (The Overdene)—An exceptionally attractive 5-room apartment, 3 master's bedrooms; available Jan. 1, or sooner if desired. Apply Supt. Mr. Wagner.

114TH, 351 WEST—Monterey Apartments facing on 3 streets and 2 parks, 8-room apartments, all outside rooms; immediate possession. Supt. on premises or apply Howard C. Forbes, Rector 747.

126TH ST., 601 WEST (corner Broadway)—Five rooms; elevator; possession Jan. 1. Cortlandt 3661. Morningside 5080.

185th—Six rooms, bath; new furniture, $650; rent $75. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

187TH, 446 WEST—Five all light rooms, bath; $76. Janitor.

APARTMENT FOR SALE

in the Prasada, 70 Central Park West; eight rooms and three baths, on two-th floor; also two rooms, kitchen and roof garden on front above, connected by private stairway. Horace G. Knowles, 50 Central Park West.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.

Doctor's office, two rooms and bath. Hotel Beresford, Central Park West, 81st St.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.

Doctor's office, 3 rooms, private entrance from street. Hotel Sevilla, 117 West 58th.

FT. WASHINGTON AV., 500—New elevator apartment, 4 rooms and bath, $125. Apply Apartment 4C.

LARGE skylight studio, with room; improvements; between 54th and 72d Sts., West side; $1,200 per annum.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 20 (Cor. 116th St.)—Seven-room apartment, modern, facing Morningside Park; rent $125 monthly.

NATIONAL STORAGE, 148 West 58th St.—Storage $5 per month varioad, motor vans moving; moderate rates. 1702 Riverside.

REMODELED APARTMENTS.

Reference required; $75 per month, security; five rooms, tiled bath, steam, hot water, electric lights, white enamel woodwork; for business couples. 117 Edgecombe Av., one block 150th St., and 9th Av. "L" stations.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (148th St.)—Fireproof building; 7 rooms corner apartment; possession. Cortlandt 3661. Audubon 6801.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240—Two and three all outside front rooms, fireproof apartment hotel; wonderful view; reduced prices.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 814 (north of 158th St.)—High-class house, non-elevator; 4 rooms, bath; $90; immediate possession.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (146th St.)—4 rooms and bath, housekeeping; modern apartment. Phone Columbus 4454.

WASHINGTON SQUARE—Three-room apartment, $1,800; NEW, ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF house; elevator and hall service; business and social references required. See Superintendent on premises, Van Voorst Apartments, 123 Waverley Place.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION—Seven-room elevator apartment; immediate possession. 82 Washington Place.

WEST END AV., 367 (near 87th)—Attractive two large rooms, bath, kitchenette, private entrance; entire floor, fireplace; large closets; will redecorate; furnished or unfurnished; lease; $90. Phone Hanover 8961.

WEST END AV., 706—Apartment, second floor, eight rooms, bath; electricity. Janitor or phone Fordham 1925.

WEST END AV., 410 (79th)—8 rooms, fourth floor; elevator; now vacant.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

PROMINENT location, corner apartment, lease; Fordham section, West Bronx; desirable for dentist. Harry T. F. Johnson, 219 East 188th.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,034—Four room apartment, high-class, modern. Apply Supt. or telephone Tiffenard 6840.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 1,403 (At 170th St.)—Five rooms in Crystal Dwellings. See agent.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

UPPER floor, new two-family house, six rooms, bath, garage; all modern improvements; price, $125 monthly. Inquire 1,601 11th Av., Brooklyn. South 7238.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

UPPER floor of 2-family house Yonkers, 17 minutes from Sedgwick Av., Gun and 9th Av. L; convenient; 4 large rooms, bath, including heat, gas, electric light; phone; $35; garage extra; immediate possession. Phone Bryant 9487.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.

Two splendid new elevator buildings; 186 small apartments; selections of 3 and 4-room suites, $1,320 per annum up; some with immediate occupancy. Apply "The Gardens Apt.," by station, or phone Boulevard 6545. Guyon L. C. Earle, Agent, 260 West 36th St., N. Y. Tel. Schuyler 8200.

FOREST HILL GARDENS.

4 rooms, 2 corners, all outside, $165 per month. Apply Apartment 56 or Superintendent Magowan, Boulevard 6545, "Gardens Apartment," by station.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
178 West 72d St., Columbus 1278.
EXCLUSIVE CLIENTELE WAITING.

WARM furnished room, west side; kitchenette or kitchen privilege. A 1070 Times Harlem.

WANTED—By 3 adults, 4-5-6 room furnished apartment (2 bedrooms); $175 to $200 rent to October. C 366 Times.

ROOM with kitchen and bath; business couple; references. L 623 Times Downtown.

SEND details of your Fur. Apts. to rent. E. E. Van Winkle, 132 W. 72d. Col. 1057.

Furnished.

MOTHER and daughter desire two-room apartment, with kitchenette, for two months; prefer location in Forties or Fifties; immediate occupancy; references. C 68 Times.

4 OR 5 ROOM furnished housekeeping apartment, west side, between 72d and 137th preferred; couple; will furnish references; address, giving particulars, D 35 Times.

WANTED, bachelor's apartment, 3 rooms, kitchenette and bath; location, west side. B 689 Times Downtown.

AN EXCELLENT CLIENTELE.

List apartments with Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 129 W. 72d. Columbus 6266.

Unfurnished.

COUPLE will pay $60 bonus for modern 4-room apartment, convenient to west side "L"; rent limit $70; occupancy on or before Feb. 1. Y 1107 Times Harlem.

TWO ROOMS, kitchenette, bath, steam; couple; near "L" or subway; about $45 month. Harlem-Bronx. Telephone Harlem 3377.

DOCTOR desires two front rooms on ground floor suitable for office. Write H. B. 1214 Wilson Bldg.

YOUNG COUPLE wish 3 rooms, bath; $40. Richard, 1,420 Carroll St., Brooklyn.

APARTMENT, 7 rooms; year lease; $125. Ames, 7 East 45th. Vanderbilt 1696.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

30TH (cor. Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; $11 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $14 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly and up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

60TH, 18 EAST—Rooms adjoining bath, $40-$50 month; also room, bath.

64TH (841 Lexington Av.)—Large room, electricity; instantaneous hot water; $35 month.

62D, 116 EAST—Is exclusive family; two sunny, well-heated rooms; private bath; attractively furnished. Lenox 1011.

67TH ST., 165 EAST—Nice and light rooms to rent, with all conveniences; only gentlemen (first floor).

30TH ST., 125 EAST—Large room; two beds; gentlemen; permanent; references.

57D ST., Lexington Av., 583—2 rooms; electricity; references; gentlemen only. Foy.

LARGE parlor and bedroom, steam heat, hot water; beside Grand Central, suitable two gentlemen, $25 week. Phone Vanderbilt 5629.

LEXINGTON AV., 184—Desirable back parlor, with private bath, suitable gentleman or couple.

PARK AV.—In spacious apartment; large room, suitable for two; master's bath; breakfast; $125. Phone Lenox 133.

West Side.

11TH, 35 WEST—Large front parlor, private bath; select house.

12TH, 28 WEST—Two large rooms, bath; suitable three men. Watkins 3274.

16TH, 51 WEST—Artistic, old mahogany and chintz, immaculately clean, warm, continuous hot water, private bath; restaurant connected. C 348 Times.

47TH, 106 WEST (Raleigh Hall)—A residence for men; attractively furnished rooms, with or without baths or showers; writing, smoking, lounge, billiard rooms.

64TH, 10 WEST—Two superb connecting rooms, twin beds, steam heat. Walsh.

68TH, 46 WEST—Comfortably furnished large front room, electricity; references; gentleman.

67TH, 46 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES.

66TH, 14 WEST—DOUBLE ROOMS, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; REASONABLE.

70TH, 59 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED FRONT BASEMENT, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; COMPLETE; ALSO SINGLE ROOM; REASONABLE.

70TH, 229 WEST—Large, sunny room, running water, splendidly furnished, bath adjoining; private family; for one or two gentlemen. Columbus 8780.

70TH, 133 WEST—Large, well heated room, private bath; electricity; modern; references.

70TH, 28 WEST—Large attractive room, private bath, electricity, steam; gentleman; references.

70TH, 135 WEST—Select, attractively furnished one, two rooms, baths; single; electricity.

70TH, 136 WEST—Attractively furnished rooms; private bath; subway express.

70TH, 219 WEST—SUNNY FRONT PARLOR; ELECTRICITY. REASONABLE.

70TH, 282 WEST—Large front room; also two connecting with bath.

71ST (cor. Columbus and West Joyce)—Sublets single room with private shower, also one double room with private bath; complete hotel service, dining room on premises.

71ST ST., 346 WEST—Large double room, bath; private; no other roomers; exclusive; overlooking Hudson; gentlemen; $15 weekly. Altman.

71ST, 61 WEST—BEAUTIFUL DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $15-$16.

71ST, 341 WEST—Large comfortable room, bath, kitchenette privilege; improvements; board optional.

71ST, 340 WEST—Exceptionally well furnished room, private home; references.

71ST, 37 WEST—Large room, dressing room, tiled bath, steam heat, electricity.

72D ST., WEST—ATTRACTIVE ROOM WITH BATH; $20 PER WEEK; SPACIOUS CLOSETS; ALSO SINGLE ROOM; $10; LARGE PRIVATE RESIDENCE; ELEVATOR, ELECTRIC LIGHT, ETC.; BREAKFAST IF DESIRED. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 6750.

72D, 150 WEST—LARGE SUNNY DOUBLE ROOM, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; ELECTRICITY; REASONABLE.

74TH, 47 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; TWIN BEDS; ALSO SINGLE ROOM; REASONABLE.

74TH, 108 WEST—Large front room, running water; twin beds; electricity; references.

74TH, 2 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES.

74TH, 130 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $14 UPWARD.

74TH, 25 WEST—Superbly furnished single and large rooms; private baths. Wheeler.

74TH, 240 WEST—Large, attractive front room, private bath, steam heat, electricity.

75TH, 154 WEST—Handsomely furnished large rooms; private bath; exceptional accommodations; phone.

76TH, 42 WEST—Homey front room, suitable one or two responsible parties, Victrola, telephone in room; bath adjoins.

76TH, 147 WEST—Artistic, medium; adjoining tiled bath; electricity; $8-$9; gentlemen.

76TH ST., 245 WEST—One large room and bath, furnished.

77TH ST., 338 WEST (near Drive)—One beautiful large room, bath and shower; available for two; maid service; $125 month.

77TH ST., 338 WEST (near Drive)—One room and bath, beautifully furnished; $18 per week.

77TH, 111 WEST—Desirable small room; gentleman; references; reasonable.

78TH, 110 WEST—Exceptionally large, beautifully furnished room, private home; reference.

78TH, 131 WEST—Large handsomely furnished rooms, private baths, exceptional accommodations; reasonable.

79TH (411 West End Av.)—Attractive room overlooking Hudson; gentlemen. 8 West.

81ST ST., Columbus Av. (Hotel Colonial)—Have completed 17 new single rooms, with use of bath, for men; complete hotel service; rates $10 weekly.

81ST, 180 WEST—Bedroom and sitting room, $14; adjacent all car service; clean, agreeable surroundings. Allen.

82D, 109 WEST—Front room and front bedroom; all conveniences. Roenig.

82D, 15 WEST—Large, attractive front room, refined, quiet home; references.

86TH, 66 WEST—Comfortable rooms, well furnished; near bath, electricity, telephone; references.

87TH, 253 WEST (Berkley Chambers)—Attractive front room, private bath, twin beds.

87TH, 257 WEST—Bright square room, single, running water, electricity. Apartment 5.

86TH, 202 WEST—Attractive room, modern elevator apartment, lavatory, gas plate; subway, bus, "L" telephone; references; reasonable. Reife.

86TH ST., 160 WEST—Refined family would rent large furnished room and bath; steam heat; newly renovated, private house; gentleman only. Tel. Schuyler 6320.

86TH, 139 WEST—Single and double rooms, beautifully furnished; electricity; subway and elevated location.

86TH, 320 WEST—Large, sunny front room; maid service; $30. Schuyler 6982.

86TH, 320 WEST (near Riverside)—Cheerful single room; $11 week. Schuyler 6982.

87TH, 48 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, BATH, LAVATORY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; ELECTRICITY.

87th, 23 WEST—Beautifully furnished large room; telephone; reasonable; suitable two gentlemen.

87TH, 340 WEST—Attractive room, adjoining bath; $10; skylight room, $6.

88TH ST., 321 WEST—Large, comfortable room, running water, bath; private residence.

88TH, 20 WEST—Large room with alcove, southern exposure, adjoining bath; electricity; $16; also front hall room, $7.

91ST, 304 WEST—Large, attractive rooms, private, adjoining bath; references; $16-$22.

West Side.

106TH, 329 WEST—Private hotel; beautiful room; also suite with private bath; Austrian cuisine; only experienced guests considered.

130TH, 128 WEST—Nice double room; excellent Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

131ST, 434 WEST—Large, warm rooms, board; near Columbia College. Apt. 2.

EVELYN LODGE—Charming all-year residence, lovely location; 20 min. to Wall St.; cosily furnished; excellent chef and service; small tables; parlors, smoking room, convenient; weekly, $13 up, with meals; 75 guests; 12 years one management; booklet, 13 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Block from ferry.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 330 (corner 104th St.)—Southern exposure every room; private bath and telephone; elevator; Hungarian chef; refined Hebrew social surroundings. Mrs. Ida Marks.

BOARD WANTED.

GENTLEMAN, Christian, desires comfortable, well-furnished room, preferably with private bath, in first-class boarding-house or congenial private family, Jan. 1; permanent. Reply, stating terms, D 79 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

GREENWICH INN LODGE (Sound Beach, Conn.)—Sunny steam heated rooms, with or without baths; excellent menu; 50 minutes from New York; golf, saddle horses, fishing; reasonable rates.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—439 Washington Av., phone 1283-W; single, double corner rooms; steam, electricity; excellent table; $17 up weekly; near train and trolley.

NERVOUS AND MENTAL CONDITIONS. LYNWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

83D ST., WEST (near West End Av.)—3 bright sunny rooms, either single or en suite; handsome and comfortable; moderate prices. Tel. Academy 342.

93D, 120 WEST—Large front, well furnished room with bath, electric light, telephone.

96TH, 54 WEST—Beautiful second floor sunny room, twin beds; electricity; kitchen privileges; well kept house; homelike surroundings.

96TH, 34 WEST—Homelike room with private family; electricity; one, two gentlemen.

97TH, 300 WEST—Furnished rooms, modern house, exclusive; references required. 3893 Riverside.

98TH, 254 WEST—Large front room, well furnished; twin beds; next bathroom; private family; elevator building; gentlemen, business couple. Apt. 9.

99TH, 306 WEST (Broadway)—Attractive, quiet rooms, running water; references. 5 West.

102D ST., 303 WEST—Large, attractive room, running water; also smaller room; private house; quiet, refined neighborhood; near Riverside Drive; close to 103d subway station.

102D, 10 WEST—Business girl, sunny outside room; steam heated; piano, phone, housekeeping privileges; $7.50; references exchanged. Bailey.

103D, 306 WEST—Two connecting rooms, also one single room; electricity, heat, running water; bath; strictly private family.

104TH, 245 WEST—Light, airy room, steam, electricity, private lavatory; no other roomers; references exchanged; gentlemen only. Ransford.

104TH ST., 247 WEST—Large front room; also connecting rooms; electricity. Johnson.

106TH, 61 WEST (Apt. 21)—Single, double rooms, all conveniences; kitchen privileges.

112TH, 604 WEST—Attractive, sunny front room, elevator apartment; gentlemen. Cathedral 7810.

124TH ST., 31 WEST (Apt. 5E)—Light, sunny room, all conveniences; private family.

107TH, 324 WEST—Beautiful large room; river view; $15; steam, electricity.

112TH, 311 WEST—Attractive, clean, warm rooms, comfortable private home. Apartment 6.

113TH, 356 WEST—Large double room, private bath; gentlemen; couple; private house.

113TH, 501 WEST—Beautifully furnished large front room, electricity; refined; $9. Timone.

118TH, 210 WEST—HOTEL CECIL. ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

119TH, 430 WEST—Large beautiful (rose) double room, kitchen privileges; very moderate.

121ST, 527 WEST (Apt. 4)—Desirable rooms for the holidays. Phone Morningside 5073.

123D, 547 WEST (Apt. 1)—Nicely furnished clean, comfortable, sunny room; reasonable.

136TH, 536 WEST (Apartment 32)—Large, light room, gentlemen, couple.

188TH, 620 WEST—Room and private bath; private entrance; private house; $30.

146TH, 604 WEST—Two beautiful front, sitting, bedroom, bath; use kitchen; conveniences; refined surroundings, private; block Broadway subway; immediate possession; adults; references. Apt. 5.

157TH, 547 WEST—Newly furnished, decorated room, near bath; half block from Broadway; elevator apartment; gentleman. Apt. B.

168TH, 78 WEST—Large room, private bath, steam, electric; well kept house.

171ST, 650 WEST—Sunny, next bath, suitable two; freshly decorated; closet; $10; no other roomer. Wadsworth 4066, ext. 3D.

177TH (overlooking Hudson)—Large, warm, attractive; private lavatory. Wadsworth 9612, after 2.

178TH, 718 WEST—Beautiful, large, sunny room; running water; elevator; gentleman only; $48 monthly; call evenings. Apt. 51.

ANYWHERE IN city. Select furnished rooms. 167 West 13th St. Watkins 544.

BEAUTIFUL large room for two, adjoining bath. Telephone Schuyler 8697.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 223 (82d)—Large, handsome room, front; steam, electricity; suitable two gentlemen (1st floor bell).

HOTEL NOMIS, 650-652 West 125th St.—All light, airy, outside rooms; every convenience; transient, $1 up; permanent, $5 up; with bath, $2.50 up; weekly, $15 up; all cars pass door; half block from subway station. Tel. Morningside 640 and 706.

PENN POST HOTEL,
FIVE MINUTES FROM EVERYWHERE.
31ST AND 8TH AV.,
OPPOSITE PENN STATION, GEN. P. O.
200 NEW, MODERN ROOMS, AIRY AND LIGHT; $1.50 PER DAY, $8 PER WEEK; TURKISH BATH IN CONNECTION, 50C. TELEPHONE 514 CHELSEA.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE — Elaborate, elegant room, magnificent fireproof elevator apartment; private family. Telephone Schuyler 844, from 10 to 4.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575 (cor. 135th St.)—Large, handsomely furnished room and bath, $15 week, $60 month. Apt. 1.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (152d)—Living room and bedroom, both facing river; piano; use kitchen; $24. Audubon 8252. White.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528—Comfortable modern room, conveniences; reasonable. Morningside 1776. Apartment 10.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230 (95th)—Large room, overlooking Hudson; private family. Apt. 53.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (84th St.)—Room, bath, one or two gentlemen. Schuyler 3065.

WEST END AV., 562—Furnished room, $10. Seen evenings after 8:30. Sanderson.

YOUNG MAN desires to share large pleasant room with young business man, congenial and responsible. Phone Riverside 6884.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS

75TH, 24 WEST—Artistic studio; dressing room; kitchenette privileges; electricity; one flight.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

YOUNG business man desires nice room, improvements around West 137th and Broadway or will share apartment with another gentleman; furnished or unfurnished. D 66 Times.

ROOM AND BREAKFAST, by Southern lady with refined family; prefer section 70th to 100th Sts.; references. Y 2328 Times Annex.

TWO BUSINESS men desire two rooms with refined family, with or without breakfast; permanent. 5692 Times Downtown.

COUPLE, refined, want comfortable room, private family; reasonable rent; references. 5692 Bryant.

YOUNG LADY, Christian, wants room with American family. A 1071 Times Harlem.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BILL CLERK-TYPIST, three years' experience; good figurer. A 838 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER — Capable young woman, 30, wants hotel position; South preferred; $75-$85 month, board, room; best references; 9 years' experience. Y 2329 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER. STENOGRAPHER. OFFICE MANAGER; EXECUTIVE ABILITY; THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE ACCOUNTANCY CREDITS; 14 YEARS' EXPERIENCE. 3 FIRMS; AGE 29. D 83 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced, knows controlling accounts, can make trial balance, knows stenography and typewriting, competent, accurate, good penman; references; reasonable. C 380 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, controlling accounts, trial balance; thoroughly competent take entire charge of office; best credentials; $30. C. B., 114 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Executive, ten years' experience, capable, conscientious, desires make change; excellent references. Miss Marks, 6 West 107th St.

BOOKKEEPER—Executive ability, 7 years' thorough practical double entry experience, controlling accounts, desires position. A 1074 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, efficient, knowledge stenography and typewriting; salary $25. Lena Hirschman, 55 West 111th St.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced, double entry, control accounts, trial balance. Telephone Bushwick 4587.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, double entry, four years' experience; can furnish references. J. K. Phone Melrose 9234-R.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, experienced, trial balance, controlling system, at present employed; $28. A 863 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. V 740 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, experienced high school graduate; take charge office. C 90 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, typist; long experience; conscientious; $22. Sarem, 644 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, knowledge of stenography; six years' experience. E 1213 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, experienced, controlling accounts; $22. Rose Nieman, 1,023 Southern Boulevard.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, competent; 3 years' experience; excellent references. A 644 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, some experience; willing worker; reference; $18. L 618 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, 4 years' experience; salary $25. A 854 Times Downtown.

CLERK (cost) and typist, thoroughly experienced in figuring cost; quick, accurate at figures; best reference; $40. C 340 Times.

COOK—First-class, white, would go out day, hour, luncheon, dinner parties, afternoon teas specialty. Phone 3876 Wadsworth.

DESIGNER, arrived from Paris, wishes select ladies' remodeling hats and gowns. A. W., 2,481 Broadway.

DRESSMAKER, reliable, $7 daily; city, suburb; dressmaking, remodeling. Murphy, 323 East 87th.

DRESSMAKER, expert, fancy, tailored gowns, coats, capes, desires engagements by day; private family. Phone Riverside 1906.

FILING, three years; typewriting; conscientious; $18-$20. A 867 Times Downtown.

GOVERNESS OR TEACHER—Swiss, with first-class references, Catholic, speaking French and German fluently, wishes engagement in a small fine American family. Apply R. Balzer, 462 West 23d St. Chelsea 1626.

GOVERNESS—Young lady of refinement for child 8-12 years; German, French; piano, references. Address Governess, 969 Madison Av.

HOUSEKEEPER, refined American lady; complete charge of small family; splendid references. F 782 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER and experienced nurse, middle aged, refined, best references, wants position. Write O. E., 10 Union Square.

HOUSEKEEPER, experienced, in American home of one or two. Miss Heidrich, care Mrs. Lutz, 440 East 86th.

LADY, refined Spanish-American, desires position with private family; would take care of children; some knowledge of English, hand sewing and embroidering. Write Miss Carrillo, 130 West 83d St., city.

LADY of breeding and ability wishes immediate position in suburban home where maid is kept; $50; capable cook and manager. D 84 Times.

LADY, middle-aged, capable, refined, reliable, wants occupation, part or full time. A 569 Times.

LAUNDRESS—Take washing home; open air drying. Jones, 209 West 28th.

MAID—Two young French girls, position together as maid and seamstress and nurse or upstairs girl; call before noon Tuesday. Mrs. Sullivan, 317 West 21st St., New York.

NURSE, graduate of one the best schools, wants permanent position care of invalid; willing to travel. Y 2351 Times Annex.

NURSE, registered graduate, desires position as welfare nurse for female employes of factory. Lucas, 430 East 19th.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, Christian, high school graduate, all office detail, accurate; $18; reference. A. S., 111 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, Christian, assist executive, thoroughly experienced, competent, reliable; highest references; chance for promotion; $35. C 68 Times.

SECRETARY, PRIVATE OR SOCIAL; 23; HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; $35. A 857 GALS, 262 LENOX AV.

SECRETARY, stenographer, capable assuming executive duties; initiative, conscientious. A 860 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, stenographer, correspondent; efficient; college graduate; part time position. C 348 Times.

SECRETARY—High school graduate; initiative; best references; $25. A 648 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper, 20, neat personality, office details, competent; best reference; salary moderate. A 652 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, Christian; five years' experience; references; $35. A 651 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, other office work; ambitious; references; two years' experience. Phone Lafayette 3071-R.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience, office assistant; references; $20. A 634 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, two years' experience; willing, accurate; references; $18. A 862 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, accurate, neat and willing. E. Rainhorn, 844 Whitlock Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, possesses initiative, knowledge bookkeeping; moderate salary. F 177 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, high school graduate, four years' practical experience; $25; best references. E. S., 123 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, high school graduate, familiar all office details; $25; references. R. H., 156 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, neat and energetic, efficient, excellent references; $25. N 791 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, high school graduate; experienced; excellent reference. Stagg 2561. A 859 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, best references; salary $30. S 878 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience; intelligent; high school graduate; $22. Y 2323 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, neat, accurate, willing; 4 years' experience. Marx, Lenox 1378.

STENOGRAPHER, young Christian girl, experienced, wishes position; references. 1,861 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced literary, commercial; good speller, accurate; temporary acceptable. N 202 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, expert; editorial dictation; initiative; splendid education; $28. A 663 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, age 26, 8 years' commercial experience; capable taking business dictation; can attend some overtime; willing, conscientious; highest commercials. F 778 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Engineer department of stenographic department and model office of Eastman School; one trial will demonstrate my ability and willingness to work; good references; will start at $18. Miss D., 20 West 123d St. Phone Harlem 316.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, at present brokerage experience; thoroughly familiar with all details; competent, efficient; can also handle customers without detailing. L 620 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and secretary, experienced, accustomed confidential work, desires position; best references; salary $20; dependable. L 576 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and secretary, experienced; excellent references; handle details. Phone Miss Bergida, 2345 Blythbourne, 1,759 49th St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, first class; thorough

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates.

Count six words to an Agate line. Per Agate Line.
Minimum space two lines.
Situations Wanted.....40c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted.....40c
Boarding and Board Wanted.....40c
Help Wanted.....80c
Real Estate, &c.....55c
Lost and Found (Sunday 60c).....55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted.....55c
Country Board.....60c
Mortgage Loans.....60c
For Sale.....60c
Automobile Exchange.....65c
Agents Wanted.....85c
Employment Agencies.....75c
Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c).. 15c
Legal Notices.....15c
Wants and Offerings to Buyers.....15c
For insertion in the Sunday edition, advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and resorts must be received in The Times building by noon Thursday, Real Estate and Financial display advertisements by 6 P. M. Friday. Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. Saturday. All other classified advertisements not later than 12 o'clock noon Saturday. Advertisements for insertion in the daily issue must be received by 4 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

HELP WANTED—Female.

TYPIST.
Experienced, quick and accurate.
AMERICAN SPECTACLE CO.,
47 West 34th St.

TYPIST, experienced, for temporary work; may lead to permanent position. Apply Tuesday morning, 511 5th Av., Room 200.

TYPIST, experienced, neat and accurate; state salary. S 875 Times Downtown.

WOMAN OF REFINEMENT, MIDDLE-AGED, TO ACT AS CASHIER AND TO ASSIST MANAGER OF LARGE APARTMENT HOUSE; REPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. Y 2313 TIMES ANNEX.

WOMAN, reliable, English or Scotch for little girl of 2; must be fond of country and outdoors; wages, $60; one hour out of New York; beginning Jan. 1. Box 501, Mount Kisco, N. Y.

WOMAN, manage classified advertising agency, write only; state age, experience, salary expected, references. E. Strauss, 337 East 79th.

WOMAN, tactful, well educated, to present educational system in South; business experience not essential. $1,800 salary first year, bonus and transportation. T 524 Times.

YOUNG LADY

with pleasing personality, refined, able to converse easily, experience unnecessary.

J. & J. SLATER,
8 EAST 37TH ST.

YOUNG LADY to operate switchboard and do general office work, experienced typist preferred. Answer by letter only, stating full particulars and salary expected. Dellwale Linen Co., 28 East 22d St.

YOUNG LADY — Large publishing house wishes experienced operator for Belknap addressing machine to work on wrappers; state salary expected. D 742 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADIES.
Several young ladies wanted; refined and convincing talkers; real estate; salary and bonus. Manager, Suite 412, World Building.

YOUNG LADY to call at residences of high-class people to sell to French importer linen and silk handmade underwear; high commission. Y 2316 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY for general office work; $15 and advancement. S 550 Times.

YOUNG WOMEN.

Large corporation downtown requires several young women, ages 18 to 25.
Good salary to start. Rapid advancement.
Hours 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Half day Saturday, all year round.
Must be good at figures.
Apply, giving age, education, experience (if any) and salary desired. V 763 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, 25 to 40, high school graduate, for educational work, who would like to spend Winter in the South; splendid salary; opportunity to develop into executive position. K 711 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN in office of manufacturing firm; one with filing and switchboard preferred. H. A., 296 Times.

YOUNG WOMEN, not under 18 years, for filing positions; advancement. Address P. O. Box 423, City Hall Station, New York.

Instruction.

DON'T BE A "JOB-HUNTER."
With our school back of you positions are always available. Over 5,000 graduates holding positions in which we have placed them after brief courses of instruction. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses. Call for particulars or send for catalog.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
1170 Broadway, at 28th St.
Phone Madison Square 6067.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN—Big demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

MOON'S SECRETARIAL SCHOOLS for 30 and 60 day courses in Stenography, 30 days; secretarial, 60 days; standing contracts with largest firms for our graduates; free trial lessons 50 E. 42d St., N. Y., and 314 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

COME ANY MINUTE after 4 P. M. for secretarial, bookkeeping, English, accounting. Phone Beekman 2723. Night-Day. Booklet. Drake Business School, Tribune Bldg.

$25-$75 WEEK through Prof. Rohrer's Hair-Manicure, Face, Electric, Scalp and Beauty School. 119 West 42d St. Pamphlet.

BRISTOL SECRETARIAL BUREAU, 500 8th Av., have positions for secretaries, stenographers and typists; Christian firms.

GEORGE W. GREGER, 101 West 42d St.
Bookkeepers—Stenographers—Typists.

Employment Agencies.

PERSONNEL EXCHANGE,
26 John St.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, executive ability, take rapid dictation, $30.
STENOGRAPHER, expert in stenographic department, $30.
STENOGRAPHER, expert, $27.
STENOGRAPHER, cashier, $25.
TYPIST, cutter, general office work, $18.
JUNIOR CLERK, good at figures, $16 start.
CLERKS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS, &C., &C.
No Registration Charge.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
1 BEEKMAN ST., 31 PARK ROW.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENOGRAPHER, electrical, $125 monthly.
STENOGRAPHER, law, $30; bookkeepers, $30.
STENOGRAPHER, law position open, downtown, uptown, $35, $30, $25, $20.
STENOGRAPHER, engineering, $25 downtown.
Several positions, $20-$18.
TYPISTS, bill clerk, Bronx, $25.
TYPIST, Long Island City, $20.
TYPIST, Brooklyn, $18.
TELEPHONE OPERATOR, typist, broker-age, $22.
TELEPHONE OPERATOR (2) position board $20.
FILE CLERKS, $16-$15.
BOOKKEEPERS, $30-$25.

DOYLE AGENCY,
15 East 40th St., New York.
154 Nassau St., New York; or
215 Montague St., Brooklyn.
BOOKKEEPER.....$25
BOOKKEEPER and stenographer (3).$25-$30
BOOKKEEPER, assistant, also billing and typing.....$20
CLERKS or office assistants.....$12-$15-$16
MULTIGRAPH operators (2).....$22-$25
STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper (3)..
.....$20-$25-$30
STENOGRAPHER (law).....$25
STENOGRAPHER and correspondent; little bookkeeping.....$25
TYPIST, knowledge of bookkeeping, to do correspondence.....$25
TYPIST—$941 clerk, assistant bookkeeper.....$20-$22
BLANCHE REID EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
134 Nassau. Beekman 3651.
Insurance company, removing from New York, requires stenographers, typists, file clerks, living vicinity Newark, good salaries; stenographer, small Christian firm, some experience, $20, several others, $22-$25.
Typists, trust company, $1,020 yearly. Underwood bookkeeping machine operator, $25; dictaphone operator, $22; clerks, beginners, $17, advancement.

J. H. EARLY,
220 West 42d St.
BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.....$25
TELEPHONE OPERATOR.....$20
UNDERWOOD BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATOR.....$90
TYPISTS.....$90
CLERK (high school graduate).....$20
STENOGRAPHER.....$75
Uptown Christian firms.
BEGINNERS, FILE CLERKS.
Gen. Protestant firm.....$15-$16
General, Christian firms.....$14-$15
Gen. clerical.....$17
Other positions, stenographers, &c. Call evenings.
Greater New York Employment Agency, 358 Fulton St., Brooklyn, Borough Hall station.

EFFICIENT EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
10 East 43d. Experienced law stenographer, $35; other positions.

FULTON AGENCY, 63 Nassau St. Stenographers, $25-$30; Christian firms, $15-$20. Register free.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, Inc.
U. S. Realty Bldg.,
115 BROADWAY.

Below are a few of our more urgent openings:

1 Law Stenographer; downtown; high school graduate.....$25
1 Law Stenographer; downtown.$27
1 Stenographer-Secretary to manager; Steamship experience.....$25-$30
1 Stenographer-Bookkeeper, architect, uptown.....$25
1 Stenographer, law.....$25
1 Dictaphone operator, knowledge stenography, New Jersey.....$25
1 Bookkeeper, D. E., New Jersey.. $20-$25
1 Cost Clerk, New Jersey.....$20
1 Stenographer-Bookkeeper, stocks and bonds.....$25
6 Typists, high school education, uptown.....$18
4 Typists, high school education, downtown.....$15-$17
1 Dictaphone operator.....$18
6 Clerks, high school education.$15
1 File Clerk—Uptown.....$15
1 Addressograph Operator, Long Island City.....$17
3 Ellis Machine Operators.....$18
3 Hollerith Machine Operators.. $17-$18
1 Experienced Telephone Operator-Typist, uptown.....$18

NO ADVANCE CHARGE.

HAMILTON
EMPLOYMENT SERVICE.
6 CHURCH ST.
One block west of Broadway.
One block below Cortlandt St.
Immediate openings with first-class concerns for—
25 STENOGRAPHERS.
11 TYPISTS.
21 CLERKS.
Register at once.
NO ADVANCE CHARGE.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, wanted in office of a member of the Institute; public experience not essential, but must be thoroughly familiar with double entry bookkeeping, have completed a good accounting course and be willing to start at a moderate salary; state age, education, experience (fully) and salary required. L 628 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, in office of C. P. A.; must have public accounting experience; state full details of experience, education, age and salary. S 673 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANCY STUDENT, accurate typist, for certified accountant's office. A 851 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, with C. P. A.; state in detail, training, experience, education, age, salary. L 625 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MANAGER
TO DIRECT A CO-OPERATIVE ADVERTISING CAMPAIGN AND ACT AS PERMANENT PUBLICITY MANAGER IN THE TEXTILE FIELD; ADVERTISING AGENCIES NEED NOT APPLY; STATE QUALIFICATIONS AND SALARY EXPECTED. V 784 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ATHLETE, well developed, who can run mile in standard vaudeville act. Report this morning, Fulton Theatre, Brooklyn. Christensen.

BANK MEN.
A LARGE DOWNTOWN BANK HAS VACANCIES FOR TELLERS IN THE SECURITIES DEPARTMENT; ONLY HIGH GRADE MEN WHO HAVE A GOOD KNOWLEDGE OF SECURITIES NEED APPLY. ADDRESS,
M. H., P. O. BOX 822,
CITY HALL STATION, N. Y. CITY.

BANK TELLER as assistant in paying cage of midtown bank; must be experienced in the department and capable of advancement; give details relative to age, experience and salary expected. S 674 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT—Young man, 16-20, in accounting department of large wholesale house; neat penman, accurate at figures; reply in own handwriting stating age and salary expected. S 674 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.
Assistant wanted in office of wholesale house; must be accurate, good penman; none other need apply; in replying state experience and salary desired. Box 229 Cable Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, accustomed to lots of detail, able to take off trial balance, wanted for audit department of fire insurance company; write age, experience, salary. 760 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, thoroughly competent. S 676 Times Downtown.

BOY, bright, wanted in the office of a large silk house; must be quick and not afraid of work; rapid advancement assured; state age, religion and salary expected. S 618 Times.

BOY, who has just graduated grammar school, for light office work. Call 8:30 A. M., M. Ascher Silk Corp., 102 Madison Av.

BOY wanted, about 16 years, for office duties; opportunity. Call I. T. R. Co., 50 Broad St.

BUYER—A. Lisner, Washington, D. C., are open to engage a buyer for cloaks and suits; a man with large experience with good class merchandise; an excellent opportunity for right party. Apply Frederick Atkins, 220 5th Av.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, private; must understand and have driven Pierce-Arrow; $30 weekly to start; state age and experience. M. C., 90 Wall St.

CHIEF STEWARD, thoroughly experienced; references required. A 571 Times.

CLERK—Boy who can do neat and accurate work with figures; salary $15 per week. BOOKMIRE ECONOMIC SERVICE, Inc., 1164 Bt., Room 917, New York City, N. Y.

CLERK in insurance broker's office to examine policies; must be experienced and familiar with exchange rules; state salary. S 645 Times Downtown.

CLERK, junior, in Improved Risk Dept. of fire insurance company; write salary, experience, age. V 781 Times Downtown.

CLOCK AND WATCH REPAIRER.
Permanent employment is offered to a man of experience; references required. Ansonia Clock Co., 99 John St.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS wanted; salary $25. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St., New York.

COUPLE to take full charge household, small family; only white need apply; references required. A 650 Times Downtown.

DEMONSTRATOR for fast-selling Gordon ink pencil; in big demand; real money for right party who can qualify; commission basis. Gordon Sales Corporation, 261 Broadway.

DESIGNER—Infants' colored coats. Reisman, Rothman & Bieber, 1,382 Broadway.

DYER WANTED
EXPERIENCED
ON SILK, WOOL, COTTON,
FOR LARGE GARMENT DYE HOUSE;
EXECUTIVE ABILITY,
KNOWLEDGE OF CHEMISTRY DESIRED;
STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, SALARY.
BOX 630, 200 CABLE BLDG.

ESTIMATOR wanted, experienced in heating and ventilating work; state experience and salary desired. B 400 Times.

FOREIGN TRAVELER, director of foreign sales, traveling and selling experience in Far East essential, for importers and manufacturers of drugs and chemicals; excellent salary. P. O. Box 141, Newark, N. J.

INSPECTOR,
22 to 30 years of age; inspectional work in incandescent lamp field; location out of town; large cities; experience not essential; high school education preferred. Apply only by letter in own handwriting, stating in detail education, business experience and salary expected.
ELECTRICAL TESTING LABORATORIES,
80th St. and East End Av., New York.

LAWYERS—Unusual opportunity in large, busy law office for 1 or 2 thoroughly dependable and competent lawyers; state fully experience and qualifications; communication will be treated confidentially if desired. P. O. Box 82, Wall St. Station, New York.

MANAGER for ladies' ready-to-wear store, N. Y. State; must be a producer and hustler; don't apply unless fully capable of managing first-class business. Apply morning. Gold, 366 5th Av., Room 712.

MAN, manage classified advertising agency; write only; state age, experience, salary expected, references. E. Strauss, 337 East 79th.

MEN,
at least 5 feet 8 inches in height, regularly employed, having spare time Saturdays and Sundays, can find profitable and steady employment for both days; patrol duty, by applying Captain Hart, 66 West 39th St., one flight up.

MERCHANDISE MANAGER—One of our clients, located Middle West, offers excellent opportunity live wire. Write, giving full particulars, confidential, or call Baer & Lilienthal, 1,150 Broadway.

HELP WANTED—Male.

NECKWEAR SALESMEN.
WE WANT MEN'S NECKWEAR SALESMEN, REAL LIVE WIRES; ONLY BIG SALESMEN WITH LARGE NECKWEAR TRADE NEED APPLY, AS OUR PROPOSITION WILL ONLY BE TO SUCH MEN; TO A SALESMAN WITH LARGE TRADE WE WILL OFFER A BIG PROPOSITION; APPLICATIONS TREATED STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL; SALARY OR COMMISSION BASIS.
I. ISAAC & CO.,
880 BROADWAY, N. Y.

NEWSPAPER MAN to assist publicity man; state salary, &c. D 61 Times.

OFFICE BOY wanted in old established banking house; splendid opportunity for a boy about 16; other boys connected with this house who have shown ability and willingness to work are now holding important positions. Address, giving age, personal references and salary expected, Y. T., P. O. Box 877, City Hall Station, New York.

POCKETBOOK or leather specialty maker wanted; one who has executive ability and a thorough knowledge in this line; factory located in Newark; in replying state age, past experience and salary expected. Address Pocketbook, Box Y 2234 Times Annex.

REPRESENTATIVE — A large and well known corporation, manufacturing paper products, is desirous of extending and establishing business connections in Continental Europe and the Levant; a representative of ability and responsibility is required, capable of speaking necessary languages fluently; must be qualified to interview foreign Government officials and conduct important business negotiations. Reply with full particulars stating age, nationality and salary desired. F 246 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE—A large manufacturing corporation desires an experienced representative to market its product and travel in South America; must be able to speak Spanish fluently; the article to be marketed is a paper product; answer should give full particulars as to age, nationality, previous positions held, whether married or single and salary desired. F 246 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE, preferably familiar with export business, to sell Encyclopedia Encyclopedia and service, which has been established 15 years and has a nation-wide reputation; commission basis; good reference required. Write or call Exporters' Encyclopedia Corp., 23 West 43d.

SALESMEN.
A former sales manager of the largest institution of its kind in the world will talk on the principles of salesmanship Tuesday evening, December 21, at 8 o'clock, 506 5th Av., third floor. We invite you to come as our guests, without obligation, but you will have the privilege of considering an opening on our sales force, in the high grade investment field, on a liberal commission basis, if we interest each other. Inquire for Mr. Tomlinson.

SALESMEN,
IF YOU
have learned how to work and have energy and ambition not only to make a splendid income, but to establish yourself, you are the man we are looking for. Preference given to men with insurance or local selling experience, between the ages of 25 and 40. We are old-established security dealers and handle only the highest grade securities upon which a permanent clientele can be built. We educate you in the art of making commissions. Several local territories around New York open. Call 10 to 4, Suite 1502, 170 Broadway. Ask for Sales Manager.

SALESMEN.
The Best Sales Manager and Salesman.
Large responsible Chicago corporation, selling service, having many branches, is searching for the best sales material for its local office and others which are being opened at the rate of two a week. 100% co-operation coupled with the opportunity for maximum earnings, to the red-blooded, two-fisted salesman who isn't looking for salary, selling account or advance, but who believes he can sell what others are now selling and who is desirous of earning at the start $100 a week, which can be rapidly increased. Some of our men earn that much every day. Sell our general sales manager your services in your letter and give phone number. Address Y 2263 Times Annex.

SALESMEN
to sell service; salesmen and men who desire to learn the selling profession. Does $60 the first week, $70 the second, $80 the third and so on interest you? A large, responsible Chicago corporation desires to increase its local sales force. Their director of sales will be in New York on Dec. 10th for the purpose of passing upon selected applicants for positions. Strictly commission basis, no drawing account, no advances, but a real opportunity for large earnings for ambitious, hard working men. Send phone number and complete details to Y 2261 Times Annex.

SALESMEN,
One-call salesmen, experienced in the selling of service to small merchants, employee and laborers, who knows he can sell and can prove it, are wanted to join the strongest, soundest, squarest, livest sales organization in America, now operating 24 branches and rapidly growing; we need branch managers, supervisors and assistant sales managers, all of whom are recruited from our sales force; the highest commissions, largest bonuses, maximum prizes and every co-operation offered; highest bank and commercial references required; this is not open to the public; Chicago sales manager will interview applicants on Dec. 23 and 24; give phone number. Address Y 2262 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.
A group of well-known New York and Newark business men, controlling one of America's substantial industries, desire five salesmen to sell a limited amount of preferred securities to a select list; corporation wishes men of personality who have never been connected with a stock jobbing proposition and of the calibre who command high type of corporation they personally represent; for such a permanent position is assured; commission basis. Write Substantial, 804 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—Just completing largest, best equipped half million dollar Ford sales and service station in Greater New York, as leading authorised dealer for Ford Motor Co. in territory, require ten live men to sell two hundred Ford cars and trucks monthly in Brooklyn and Queens County; for trade have hundred thousand Ford owners, all boosters and most good for repeat orders; real workers can easily earn $6,000 yearly, although some not too live or active may earn only $4,000; commission; our expert will coach you; results are immediate for real workers; we do not give drawing accounts until shown; exceptional opportunity for right man with live organization. HELLMAN MOTOR CORPORATION,
560 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

SALESMAN.
We require a salesman for each of following towns:—Bloomfield, Montclair, Orange, Passaic, Rutherford, Hackensack, New Rochelle, Yonkers, and other suburban towns, to dispose of memberships (not stock) to a selected list; local bank acts as trustee each town, thereby offering salesman unusual bank co-operation; we want men who are satisfied with commissions of $75 to $100 weekly; established company; strong sales support. Write or call any morning, 9 to 12, Room 414, 175 5th Av. (33d St.).

SALESMEN.
THE NATIONAL SURETY CO. CAN PLACE A FEW HIGH-CLASS SALESMEN WHERE THEY CAN EARN PROMOTION TO MANAGERSHIPS IF THEY CAN QUALIFY. IF YOU ARE 35 OR OVER AND HAVE A CLEAN RECORD AND WILL WORK HARD YOU CAN MAKE A PERMANENT PROFITABLE CONNECTION WITH A COMPANY WHO ARE NOW OPERATING IN THIRTY-FIVE CITIES AND MUST COVER THE WHOLE COUNTRY, SELLING A SPECIAL FORM OF SURETY BOND ON STRAIGHT COMMISSION.
C. E. CONNELL, 25 WEST 43D ST.

SALESMAN, STOCK.
An unusual opportunity is offered to a high-grade salesman with clientele to place the preferred stock of an old and nationally known, highly successful manufacturing corporation on a commission basis; the stock is very attractive and quickly taken by judicious investors; applicant must have record that will stand rigid investigation; he will receive assistance from the company and work directly under its supervision.
S 486 Times.

SALESMAN,
PROMINENT LACE AND EMBROIDERY MANUFACTURER WANTS A SALESMAN TO SELL HIGH-GRADE LINE OF LACE AND EMBROIDERY NOVELTIES TO CUTTING TRADE; COMMISSION BASIS AND DRAWING ACCOUNT; APPLICATIONS TREATED STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. S 413 TIMES.

SALESMAN, traveling, wanted to cover metropolitan district and northern New Jersey for building trade; travel by auto and train; well rated, old concern manufacturing plaster board, wall board, lime and roofing; prefer man employed, under 40; straight salary and expenses; state fully age, education, personal description, experience, nationality and salary expected; all replies treated confidentially. Address President, Room 811, 170 Franklin St., Buffalo, N. Y.

SALESMAN.
Experienced N. Y. and Brooklyn salesman for flower and feather jobber; only those with a following answer; salary no object to the right man; also out-of-town man. C. 99 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, Southern territory, kimonos and negligees; commission basis. Y 2255 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.
STERN BROTHERS,
WEST 42D STREET,
have vacancies for an
EXPERIENCED
SALESMAN.
Apply after 9 A. M. to the Superintendent's office, sixth floor.

SALESMAN;
ONE IN TOUCH WITH RESIDENT BUYERS AND LOCAL TRADE; CAN TAKE CHARGE OF SHOWROOM; GOOD SALARY TO RIGHT PARTY; ONLY MEN WITH A FOLLOWING NEED APPLY.
RITTER BROS.,
1,333 Broadway.

SALESMEN,
EXPERIENCED IN NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS, GENERAL MERCHANDISE, WHO ARE FAMILIAR WITH THE DRY GOODS AND MEN'S FURNISHING TRADE IN THE WESTERN PART OF PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO, ALSO EASTERN PART OF PENNSYLVANIA AND NEW YORK STATE; GOOD LINE; LIBERAL COMMISSION; COMMUNICATIONS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. B. K., 691 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN, syndicate cuts on advertising solicitor, experience preferred but not necessary; have opening for three salesmen capable of earning $5,000 yearly or better on commission; we do business with merchants and bankers throughout the country; applicants must be willing to devote entire time and have sufficient funds to finance themselves until orders are verified. Call third floor, 151 West 68th St., New York.

SALESMAN—We want a clean cut, intelligent young man who has traveled the States of Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa and Missouri, to sell lace curtains and drapery materials; only an experienced, ambitious, aggressive person who can show a successful selling record will be considered; send full particulars; your letter will be held in strict confidence; salary and commission. Lace Curtains, 1164 Times.

SALESMEN—SECURITY.
We can offer to a few experienced salesmen of highest calibre an opportunity to assist in the placing of a limited amount of preferred stock, carrying an attractive common stock bonus, in a sound industrial that will bear the most rigid investigation; commission basis; give references. S 640 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN
who has sold soda fountain supplies; also materials for the manufacture of candy; those who are acquainted with the retail confectioners in New York and suburbs will receive preference; commission with drawing account. S. K., 617 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN — Nationally-known form has opening for specialty men who, with practical and over-night study, can sell to the trade a high-priced article; fast seller; easy terms; drawing account against commissions. Mr. Wilcox, Room 58 (7th floor), 4 Court Square, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN.
High-class ex-service man, preferably officer, to do advance work on the source records of the World's War; our high-class capable men make around $300 weekly, combining salary and commission. Call 10 to 12:30, Room 1964, 50 Church St.

SALESMAN—Have open a very attractive proposition for Al salesman, experienced in handling an exclusive line of ladies' handbags and jewelry novelties; only man with extensive acquaintance in fine department store trade need apply; salary and commission. C 53 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced specialty, new concern just starting to manufacture office device; no competition; want aggressive man to help market their product; commission basis; give age and three references. Manufacturers, 200 Douglass St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN for one of the best lines of hair nets and hindrred lines; various territories; commission basis; we have something interesting to offer to high type man; may handle other non-conflicting notion line. Stroup Importing Co., 1,123 B'way.

SALESMAN, securities, wanted, with ability to sell Dusenberry Automobile and Motor Corporation, commission, 6 per cent. preferred stock; exceptional sales record established. Dusenberg Automobile and Motors Company, Inc., 5 Columbus Circle.

SALESMAN—Wanted, steel plate construction and tank salesman for New York district; man experienced in this line of work to represent Eastern tank concern; state salary and experience; give references. Y 2292 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, one with good following in New York and Pennsylvania, to carry our line of leather goods; experienced man only will be considered; drawing account against commission. Henry Shpetner & Sons, 116 East 27th.

SALESMAN—Resident man in large cities wanted to sell popular line of dress shirts; must be well acquainted with the department store trade; only those should apply; commission basis. Commodore Shirt Co., 469 Broadway.

SALESMAN, first-class, wanted to travel for large trade, with two trunks, for the month of January, with men's furnishings; American only need apply. Address in writing, stating salary, R. P. W., Hotel Commodore, New York.

SALESMEN—Leather goods; a well established house is open for live wires with good following in New England, Indiana, Illinois and Michigan; salary or commission; apply, giving references and experience, T 584 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, to handle in New York City and vicinity high-grade line composition lighting fixtures and lamps on commission; Christian firm; state experience and full particulars. S 426 Times.

SALESMEN, five, of ability and neatness for work in most influential membership organization of its kind; leads; full cooperation; big commission; no competition. For appointment. Columbus 557.

SALESMAN, seed, experienced, for Northern New Jersey and Eastern New York; excellent opportunity for capable man; salary and commission; state experience. Y 2311 Times Annex.

SALESMAN calling on banks wanted; we manufacture a specialty used by banks all over the country; a live wire can clean up; apply all week. Eaton Novelty Works, 440 Broadway, Commission.

SALESMEN, with Catholic sales experience, for The Missionary, $3 part-payment proposition with premiums; we are paying the best commissions in this line; steady work. Room 712, 5 Beekman St.

SALESMAN wanted with some automobile knowledge; best selling proposition in years; big earnings, liberal commission. Scott-Telecator Auto Lock Sales Co., 1,670 B'way.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALES MANAGER.
WANTED,
A REAL SALES MANAGER.
WE HAVE A BIG JOB OPEN IN OUR ORGANIZATION FOR A SALES MANAGER OF ONE OF OUR MOST IMPORTANT BRANCHES.
OUR BUSINESS IS THE LARGEST OF ITS KIND IN AMERICA, WITH SALES RUNNING INTO MANY MILLIONS.
OUR PRODUCT IS NATIONALLY KNOWN AND OUR ADVERTISING EXPENDITURE IS OVER $1,000,000 ANNUALLY.
WE WANT A MAN WHO HAS HAD REAL SELLING EXPERIENCE, WHO HAS DONE THINGS IN THIS LINE, AND WHO CAN HANDLE OTHER MEN SO AS TO GET RESULTS.
IF YOU THINK YOU CAN FILL THE BILL, WRITE US IN FULL REGARDING YOUR EXPERIENCE, WITH REFERENCES, AND STATE WHAT SALARY YOU DESIRE.
ADDRESS SALES MANAGER, V 783 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN to make permanent connection with Jewish organization not affected by business depression; insurance, book and stock salesmen especially invited; educational service of established reputation; no books; our salesmen work on five LEADS and average $150 per week in commissions. Stats in full confidence age, education, experience. T 567 Times.

SALESMAN
RETAIL CLOTHING
to manage credit clothing store out of town; credit experience not necessary; excellent prospects for a hustler with executive ability. Apply Adelberg-Feder Stores, Inc., 115 West 30th St.

SALESMAN—SPECIALTY MAN TO REPRESENT A WELL-ESTABLISHED CORPORATION SELLING GOVERNMENT-COMPILED INFORMATION; COMMISSION, BONUS AND EXPENSE; 50 MEN AVERAGING $125 WEEKLY; IF OVER 25 YEARS OF AGE AND WITH A SALES PERSONALITY AND A RECORD, APPLY TO 40 WEST 39TH ST., 3D FLOOR.

SALESMAN
to sell high-grade dividend-paying industrial stock of national reputation; issue very attractive, both as to safety and principal and dividend yield, together with unusual opportunity for speculative profits; permanent employment; commission basis; experience preferred, but not essential. Paul Weibert & Co., Inc., 605 5th Av.

SALESMAN Wanted — Successful salesman who can plan and has wide acquaintance with Southern department store buyers of decorations, &c., to handle our lace curtains, yard goods, &c., on strictly commission basis in connection with similar but non-competing lines; and you will be given an opportunity. E. C. Carter & Son, 237 Lafayette St., New York City.

SALESMEN, SECURITIES—We desire a few high-class men of pleasing personality who wish to connect with a long established concern; capable men will find a rapid promotion; splendid opportunity for large present earnings on a commission basis; affiliate with us and assure your future. 1103 Terminal Bldg., 50 Court St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, STOCK.
One who can produce will find a real opportunity with old-established Philadelphia, Pa. house, increasing capital and looking for men to develop into managers; commission; bring references first interview. Apply Suite 645-14, 500 5th Av., N. Y. C, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

SALESMAN.
Must be well known to buyers of paper and twine in the millinery and allied lines; commission basis. Apply by letter, stating age, occupation, salary and give detailed experience of last five years.
L. HYMAN & SONS,
121 SPRING ST.

SALESMAN on highclass motor trucks; excellent opportunity; commission basis. Apply C-H Motors Corp., William and Henry Sts., Long Island City.

SALESMAN on ladies' coats, travel Middle and Far West, on commission basis; will advance road expenses; single man only; good references. E. M., 109 Times.

SALESMEN wanted for city and Brooklyn; experience in notions and dry goods; good opportunity for right party; salary and commission. A 642 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, brass goods experience, personally acquainted with plumber and supply houses throughout Greater New York; sell straight commission basis. S 549 Times.

SALESMAN, to sell beverages on commission; knowledge foreign languages preferred but not essential; big opportunity. C 71 Times.

SALESMEN wanted; an easy selling article to the drug trade, with a good commission back of it; will pay to investigate. C 362 Times.

SALESMAN to sell corrugated shipping cases; experience unnecessary; can earn from $60 to $100 weekly; commission only. Hampton Box Corp., 750 Grand St., B'klyn.

SALESMEN for five vacancies in wholesale department, eastern territory; auto sales experience necessary; commission basis; full particulars in first letter. S 523 Times.

SALESMEN, security, to sell A1 investment proposition; good commission; will train inexperienced man. Call personally or write, 1502, 170 Broadway.

SALESMEN, to carry popular line canteen boxes, leather goods; good proposition; commission basis; all territories open. S 677 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN who is experienced in the leather goods line, to work on commission only. S 539 Times.

SALESMAN wanted for Ford cars and tractors; commission basis. Apply by letter, Ellis Tiller Co., Gladstone, N. J.

SALESMEN, with knowledge of Polish or Italian, can make big money selling beverages on commission. C 70 Times.

SALESMAN—Toledo Scale Co., 61 Chambers St.; strictly commission. Apply letter only.

SALESMAN on medium-priced dresses for jobbers only; commission basis. Telephone Longacre 2854.

SALESMAN to carry as side line imported needles for graphophones; no salary; commission basis only. F 241 Times.

SAMPLEMAKER—ALL AROUND MAN FOR MEDIUM LINE OF LADIES' HANDBAGS AND NOVELTIES ONLY THOSE WHO CAN TAKE CHARGE OF ENTIRE FACTORY NEED APPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING. BOX 6, 1626 ST. JAMES BUILDING.

SALES MANAGER.
one who has record, to connect with established Philadelphia, Pa., house, an increased issue, familiar with one call, will find an opening to his advantage by applying at Suite 645-14, 500 5th Av., New York City, 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

SHIPPING CLERK, one who understands lithographing and straight cutting. L. H., 118 New York Times, Brooklyn.

SHIRT SALESMAN
For city and out of town, on an excellent line of skirts; good proposition to men with big following and proven ability; commission and drawing account. Silverman & Schleisinger, 153 West 27th St.

SOLICITORS wanted to collect funds on Al proposition; references required. Apply Mr. Martin, Room 508, 44 East 23d.

STENOGRAPHER FOR SOUTH AMERICA, UNMARRIED MEN, BETWEEN 20 AND 35, EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER IN SPANISH AND ENGLISH, FOR ASSIGNMENT TO BRANCH IN COLOMBIA, SOUTH AMERICA. CALL HANOVER 7860, EXTENSION 678, PERSONNEL DEPARTMENT.

STENOGRAPHER, capable to do secretarial and general office work, to fill position with bright future. C 65 Times.

TEACHER, economics and business administration, Southern college; $2,000-$2,700. C 352 Times.

TEACHER, 3 evenings a week, Isaac Pitman's shorthand. Eastern Business, 202 West 118th.

WINDOW DISPLAY MAN on part time; state age, experience and salary expected. S 1036 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN wanted in the stock rooms and shipping department of a manufacturing concern, about 18 years of age, to make himself generally useful; references required; state experience, if any; salary $14. D 248 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, wholesale notion house, shipping department, one who understands parcel post preferred; state age, church affiliations, salary expected. Write A. B., Box 4, 1,358 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN to get trade for paper box factory; excellent opportunity, salary and commission; state all particulars. Box 619, 209 Cable Building.

YOUNG MAN, 16 years, to assist in office of a jewelry factory; highest references required. H 949 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in manufacturing department; must be clean cut and accurate in detail work. E. S., 294 Times.

Instruction.

AUTO ENGINEERING INSTITUTE.
14th Year—2,000 Students. 8,000 Graduates.
NEW $30,000 EQUIPMENT.
Auto Shop, Starting-Lighting, Driving, Oxy-Welding, Battery, Machine Shop, Vulcanizing, Overhauling.
40 OTHER COURSES. Free Pass.
BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.
1,117 BEDFORD AV., BROOKLYN.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

$30 TO $100 PER MONTH

In managing domestic and foreign traffic. Unusual opportunity is offered responsible, conscientious men, 22 to 45; now employed in traffic management, caused by the development of our foreign and domestic commerce. A limited number of men will be selected and trained by experts and assisted to positions after trained; positions paying from $3,000 to $7,500 per year. Applicants must have at least common school education, be over 21, and be willing to devote a little spare time to preparation. Selection will be made by personal interview only. For interview phone Beekman 3737, or address Mr. A. W. Shaw-etine, Manager, 824 Tribune Bldg., New York City.

SHALL I STAY?
SHALL I GO?
Before making a change, find out if you are on the right track. To know what your life work should be is a start in the right direction. The trained analyst will know from a study of your face the vocation for you. This study is based on known scientific laws; no psychological tests. No trade tests. Come in and ask us all about it. Booklet "K" on request.
MERTON INSTITUTE, INC.,
95 5th Av., at 15th St., New York.
Tel. Watkins 9785.

SHOW CARD WRITERS.
$60 to $250 a week made in show card writing, theatrical poster work, decorative designing; class under supervision of expert teachers; day or night courses; classes now starting; reasonable terms; apply at once, Y. M. C. A. School of Commercial Art, 187 East 86th St., New York. Phone Lenox 6061.

INCOME TAX.

MONEY to LOAN
in substantial amounts

In need of ready CASH for the gifts you plan to give? You may borrow here in large or small amounts on your Jewelry—loans for a year or less. Call, phone or write.
One of New York's oldest, staunchest institutions.

Phone Watkins 4128

Established 1878
J. E. LEMON & CO.
478 SIXTH AVE. at 29th St.

In Either Event

THERE is no gainsaying the need of accountancy service.

If there are no profits, something is wrong—overhead expenses, costs or leaks—and we as accountants can help locate it. If profits are large, taxes are large and again the need of specialized tax service.

In either event, we function.

SEIDMAN & SEIDMAN
Certified Public Accountants
41 PARK ROW
NEW YORK
Newark Grand Rapids Washington



Instant Correction

Is unfailing on the SUNDSTRAND. The "error" key operating as a back spacer corrects one figure at a time.

Ask about the three correction features of the SUNDSTRAND.

Sundstrand
FIGURING MACHINE

has but 10 figure keys, one for each numeral, permitting speed, accuracy and efficiency.

You will quickly realize your need for a SUNDSTRAND upon viewing it in conjunction with your own work.

When may we demonstrate?
U. S. ADDING MACHINE CO.,
101 Park Ave., New York City, N. Y.
Telephone Vanderbilt 8323. (42)



Annual Clean-Up Sale
OFFICE FURNITURE
Everything Reduced

FLAT TOP Single Pedestal **DESKS $35**
FLAT TOP Double Pedestal **DESKS $40**

Chairs, Tables, Coat Trees, Filing Cabinets
And All Other Odd Lot Pieces
ALL NEW FURNITURE
U. S. DESK COMPANY, Inc.
119 East 34th Street New York City
Commercial Furniture & Equipment.



BACO RUBBERS
protect your health—and your pocket-book as well
They save your shoes
BACHES & CO. NEW YORK

Experienced Export Manager and General Business Executive

Experienced export manager and general business executive, college graduate, American, 35, desires to make permanent connection with reputable manufacturers with office in or near New York.

Experience covers 12 years executive export work, organizing, financing, etc., and includes several years of successfully selling goods in different parts of the world.

Qualified also to occupy position as general company executive. Minimum salary $6,000. Address P 748 Times Downtown.

A FASCINATING MYSTERY!—Who is the Lady in Black who tries to separate Melissine and Eugene, who blackmails the old butler Partridge until he becomes her weapon? And stranger still—who was her father? Who was her mother? What do they threaten for Melissine? Read "The House With a Bad Name."—At all bookstores.

COURT HOUSE ASHES COST CITY $57,000

Untermyer's Figure of $400,000 Too High, Contractor Tells Estimate Board.

SAYS BID WAS INDEPENDENT

Board Recommends Cancelling of Heating Contract for Public School 3 in Queens.

The cost to the city of the removal of ashes from the Court House site was estimated at $57,000 by John J. Hagerty of Rodgers & Hagerty, who have the contract for excavation and foundation of the Court House, in testimony before the Board of Estimate in its investigation of city contracts yesterday. This figure was fixed by Mr. Hagerty in reply to questions by Mayor Hylan, who apparently wanted to make it clear that Samuel Untermyer, counsel of the Lockwood committee, in recommending that the city bring suit against Holland & Co. and Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, for $400,000, had exaggerted the loss caused the city by using the Court House site as a dumping ground.

Nothing was shown by the examination of Mr. Hagerty that there had been anything improper either in his bid or in the award of the contract. Mr. Hagerty said in reply to questions that the bid was his own independent bid, had never been submitted to anyone outside his firm, that he had never talked about it to the Mayor or Controller and that he did not consider the price excessive.

Upon recommendation of Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien, the Board of Estimate recommended cancellation by the Board of Education of the contract for heating and ventilating Public School 3, Queens, held by Philip & Paul, on the ground that, by its connection with John T. Hettrick, author of the "Code of Practice," the firm had engaged in what amounted to collusive bidding.

Seven plumbing contractors were examined and their testimony indicated that although Hettrick succeeded in getting the Master Plumbers' Association of Manhattan to adopt the "Code of Practice" and in getting many of its members to join his arrangement to submit bids, he did not have the same success in Brooklyn and Queens.

Joseph A. Graf of Brooklyn said the Brooklyn Master Plumbers' Association had never passed such a resolution, but that he had gone on invitation to Hettrick's office with two Brooklyn associates and had heard Hettrick explain how he intended to "remedy evils" in the plumbing trade. Mr. Graf said he understood that the Hettrick code called for the submission of bids for the purpose of being checked and for the payment of a percentage.

"We were not interested and told Hettrick we would let him know later," Mr. Graf said. "I never had any more communication with him."

Similar testimony was given by Nicholas Nehrbauer, Jr., of Queens, who said he had refused to join the Hettrick arrangement.

Albert F. Deichsel of 584 East 169th Street, the Bronx, admitted a connection with Hettrick and refused to answer several questions on the ground that to do so might "tend to degrade or incriminate" him. He finally said that Hettrick had told him that the plumbers were not receiving enough compensation for their work and that he could educate them into getting a fair and reasonable profit.

SEARCH CONTINUED FOR LOST BALLOON

Word That It Had Been Sighted in the Catskills Doubted by the Navy.

With an army airplane co-operating with the naval officials, the search for the missing balloon A-5508 which left the Naval Air Station at Rockaway Point, L. I., a week ago yesterday was continued. Although no word was received last night of the balloon, which carried Lieutenant Walter Hinton, Lieutenant Stephen A. Farrell, line officer, and Louis A. Kloor Jr., Secretary Daniels said he had by no means given up hope that the craft would be found. He added, however, that there was little possibility that the balloon could have remained in the air seven days.

Telegrams that the balloon had been sighted at points in the Catskill Mountains were received yesterday by the Navy Department in Washington, but officials there placed little credence in them. They said they were directing the search on the assumption that the airship had passed into Canada. While satisfied that the weather conditions obtaining during the seven days of the flight were such that it was not likely the A-5508 had been carried out to sea, Washington officials were at a loss to understand why, if a landing had been made, the aviators had not been able to get into communication with the department.

At the office of the State Conservation Commission in Albany it was announced last night that the game protectors and forest rangers had continued their search of the Adirondack country for the missing balloon and aviators. A De Haviland army plane, which has been assigned to assist the navy, left the State capital for Glens Falls to take up the work. Lieutenant F. B. Johnson, the pilot, will conduct a systematic search for the missing balloonists, who were last heard of near the village of Wells, in Hamilton County.



GIVE HIM A HAT

An Order for a Long's-Stetson Will Make a Most Acceptable Gift.

LONG'S HATS
"Wear like the name"

Christmas Gifts
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry.
CASH OR CREDIT
ONLY RELIABLE UP-TO-DATE GOODS
EASY PAYMENTS
No Endorsers' references necessary.
CALL, WRITE OR PHONE CORT. 5867
Will send representative if desired.
AMERICAN WATCH & DIAMOND CO.
6 MAIDEN LANE 4TH FLOOR TAKE ELEVATOR
Open Evenings Till 10 P. M.

5½% and Comfort

Interest works day and night, without holiday or vacation, provided only the principal is put in a safe place and the promise to pay interest is kept.

First mortgages on New York City real estate, with payment of principal and interest guaranteed by the Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Company, fulfill both conditions.

They yield regular and liberal income to the holder and comfort and protection besides.

Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Co.
176 Broadway, New York City
175 Remsen Street, Brooklyn

May we Suggest?

A Pair of Gloves

finely made of

South African Capeskin

For Christmas

$2.95

Made to sell at $5

These 1200 pairs might very well be termed "the pride of Gloversville," where the making of fine gloves is the townsfolk's avocation as well as vocation.

They are all Cordovan Browns, the prevailing stylish glove-color; embellished with spear point and embroidered backs.

A Christmas Box to put them in—free

Do you wear a Small Glove?
739 pairs genuine Mocha Gloves radically reduced
Sizes 7—7¼—7½—7¾ only
$2.95

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes



The Truly Glorious Gift—The Cupid Grand

There are more Sohmer Pianos in use in Greater New York than any other Artistic Make



TO give a Cupid Grand at Christmas is to give a lifelong musical delight—a glorious gift—the gift of a discriminating giver.

Such a gift enriches the family life; and gives new inspiration to musical talent and appreciation.

This superb creation of the Sohmer genius, while diminutive in size possesses all the loveliness of tone and beauty of lines that characterizes the true Grand.

Convenient Terms of Payment. Your present Piano taken in exchange.

Sohmer & Co.
The Sohmer Piano
31 WEST 57TH STREET

In the Heart of New York's Most Exclusive Shopping District



LIONEL ELECTRIC TRAINS

At Greatly Reduced Prices

NEWS THAT WILL MAKE THE BOYS AND GIRLS HAPPY

LIONEL Electric Trains are exact reproductions of big electric trains. They run by electricity (either house current or batteries). This is the gift supreme for the boy or girl. We have the largest and most complete assortment of electric trains and equipment in New York City. In addition to regular train sets we have plenty of additional equipment, such as tunnels, signals, lamp post, bridge, stations, switches. **Train Sets $9.95 up**

No. 155 Sets formerly	$11.75	Now $ 9.95
No. 162–163	14.75	Now 11.75
No. 164–165	18.00	Now 14.40
No. 34	25.00	Now 19.50
No. 52–44	40.00	Now 29.50
No. 420	62.50	Now 49.50
No. 421	75.00	Now 59.50
No. 621	83.50	Now 67.00
No. 424	135.00	Now 95.00

Also Hundreds of Other Toys at the *Four Davega Stores*

American Flier Train Sets	$13.50 up
Biplane Fliers	$4.95
Velocipedes	$14.75 up
Carrom Game Boards	5.50 up
Daisy Air Rifles	$ 2.00 to $ 5.00
Aeroplanes	.30 to 6.65
Roller Skates (Ball bearing)	$2.95
Ice Skates	$2.50 up
Skate and Shoe Outfits	$9.95 up
Skis	$ 1.75 to $ 3.75
Gilbert Erector Sets	2.00 to 25.00
Chemical Sets	1.50 to 10.00
Footballs	3.95 to 10.00
Boxing Gloves	5.00 to 24.00
Bicycles	36.75 to 60.00
Flexible Flier Sleds	4.25 up
Brownie Cameras	2.86 to 5.97
Bubble Book Records (3)	1.35

DAVEGA
"The Sportsman's Paradise"
125 West 125th St.
Near Lenox Ave.
111 East 42d St.
Commodore Hotel
831 Broadway
Near 13th St.
15 Cortlandt St.
Near Broadway
ALL STORES OPEN EVERY EVENING UNTIL CHRISTMAS

The Best Gift of All

A Guaranteed First Mortgage paying 5½% is the ideal Christmas gift. Thoroughly practical and yet, with its recurring interest period, a sentimental reminder of your continued regard. Select one of these.

Amount of Loan	Rental	Value of Security
$1,250	$240	$2,250
3,250	Owner	6,500
5,500	$1,380	11,000
10,000	$2,830	17,500

Others on request

Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates $100 up

NEW YORK TITLE & MORTGAGE COMPANY

135 Broadway, New York
203 Montague Street, Brooklyn
163 Main St., White Plains, N.Y.
Bridge Plaza, L. I. City
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica
24 Bay St., St. George, S.I.



SECURE AS THE BEDROCK OF NEW YORK

Monroe Clothes
"New York Styles for America" Monroe Clothes New York"

Monroe Overcoats



$35 were $50 **$27** were $40 **$40** were $60

With "Sales" to the right of them—"half off" Reductions to the left of them, and "Price Revisions" in front of them volleying and thundering—it's no wonder the general Public is utterly confused as to what's what nowadays.

But there's no confusion in the minds of OVER 200,000 good men and true who regularly BUY MONROE CLOTHES.

THEY KNOW Monroe Clothes always cost *LESS* than equally good clothes elsewhere, and *they believe us when we say—That nowhere in the Nation can you equal these Monroe Overcoats at anything near our prices.*

Come Up—You'll see that *what we say is So.*

Monroe 2 Pants Suits



$27 were $40 **$35** were $50 **$40** were $60

Monroe Two Pants Suits and all our regular Suits are priced TO-DAY at *LESS than actual production cost.*

Instead of attempting to explain economic conditions that have brought this about, we'd rather, most cheerfully, tell you that the Suits that are here for you at TO-DAY'S PRICES are amazing bargains.—*Values that far exceed your every expectation.*

COME UP and let the SAVINGS you'll make buying Monroe Clothes provide all the MERRY for your Christmas.

MANHATTAN
42nd Street, corner Broadway
50 E. 42nd St., corner Madison
Nassau Street, corner Frankfort
5 Cortlandt St., cor. Broadway
14th St., opp. Acad. of Music
34th Street, corner Broadway
48th Street and Broadway
59th Street at Columbus Circle
125th Street, corner 7th Ave.
181st St., cor. St. Nicholas Ave.
BRONX
Bergen Ave. at 149th St.

BROOKLYN
413 Fulton Street
587 Fulton at Flatbush
NEWARK—151 Market Street
JERSEY CITY—Newark Ave. & Bay
PATERSON—220 Main Street
YONKERS—Getty Square
PHILADELPHIA—10th and Market Streets
ALBANY, N.Y.—Corner N. Pearl and State Sts.
SCRANTON—330 Lackawanna Ave.
BALTIMORE—Cor. Liest and Baltz. Sts.

Monroe Clothes
"New York Styles for America" Monroe Clothes New York"

CONFIDENTIAL CONVENIENT CREDIT

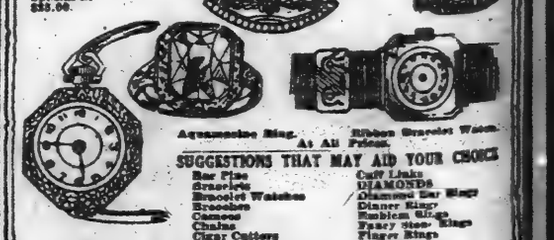
Beautiful 'Xmas Gifts
DIAMONDS, WATCHES
Gold Jewelry

Take your choice of any of our handsome jewelry to-day, while our stocks are largest—you pay us only a dollar or so a week—an amount you'll never miss! You can afford to buy a watch or ring or fine piece of jewelry this year. Our terms are liberal and confidential.

We carry a line of Jewelry from $10 to $2,000.

$1.00 $2.50 $5 A WEEK

Bracelet Watch, guaranteed for 20 years. Special at $33.00.



Aquamarine Ring. Ribbon Bracelet Watch. At All Prices.

SUGGESTIONS THAT MAY AID YOUR CHOICE

Bar Pins	Cuff Links
Bracelets	DIAMONDS
Bracelet Watches	Diamond Ear Rings
Brooches	Dinner Rings
Cameos	Emblem Rings
Chains	Fancy Stone Rings
Cigar Cutters	Finger Rings
Cigarette Cases	Gold Knives

Spending six big stores in various States gives us Tremendous Buying Power. We get Rock Bottom Prices and share the saving with you.

CASTLE CONFIDENTIAL CREDIT 1374 Broadway 2 DOORS ABOVE 37th St
$25.00 $1.00 Weekly
$50.00 $1.00 Weekly
$100.00 $2.00 Weekly
A STORE—NOT AN OFFICE

Call or Write for Book of Gems.
OPEN EVENINGS TILL 10 O'CLOCK

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain today and Thursday; no change in temperature; strong east and south winds.
For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,978. NEW, YORK, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

CHARGES OFFICIALS MADE BIG PROFITS ON DEALS IN COAL

Representative of Wholesalers Gives Senate Committee One Name, Promises Others.

$675,000 PROFIT FOR POOL?

Used Advance Information to Speculate, It Is Charged—Railroad Also Accused.

"PANIC" BLAMED FOR RISE

Alarm Was Baseless, Witness Says, Although Government Agencies Predicted Shortage.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—George H. Cushing, Managing Director of the American Wholesale Coal Association, charged before the Senate Committee on Reconstruction this afternoon that during the period when coal prices were at the peak officials of the Government took advantage of the abnormal conditions and by the help, in part, of advance information, were able to make large profits by speculating in bituminous coal. In one instance, he told the committee, a group of officials made a deal involving 450,000 tons of coal and made a profit of $1.50 a ton, or $675,000.

It was near the close of the hearing that began this afternoon, the purpose of which is to establish whether the coal operators, wholesalers and retailers engaged in an orgy of profiteering, that Mr. Cushing made his charge. Mr. Cushing had testified that coal was now selling as low as $2.50 a ton at the mines, and had cited instances in which coal for export was sought for $3.60 a ton and sold to the European buyers for $14 a ton. As a result of this statement Senator Edge asked the witness to inform the committee "where these enormous profits made in the last few months went."

"In some instances," replied Mr. Cushing, "the railroads made great profits by reselling to themselves, and I know of some Government officials who also made huge profits by dealing in coal."

Committee Insists on Names.

"That is a very serious statement," said Senator Kenyon, "and the committee will insist that you disclose the names of any officials of this Government who may have been involved in this coal business."

"I would prefer not to name them, Senator," replied Mr. Cushing. "It is all history now, and I don't think it points any moral. There is no use to worry about it now."

"Do you really think it is fair," asked Senator Kenyon, "for us to leave this matter open after what you have said? I do not see, if you have information of Government officials being engaged in this business, why we should not have that information, not only as to the identity of the Government officials but also as to who the railroad men concerned are."

Mr. Cushing said that he did not think it would be proper for him to name in public the persons involved in these transactions, and it was decided to question the witness in executive session.

This session lasted half an hour and at its close Senator Calder, Chairman, said that Mr. Cushing had promised to go through his files and get the names of the Government officials who, he alleges, were engaged in coal speculation last Summer. Some of these officials, the witness said, were still in the Government service, while others were now in private life. One of those still in the service, he said, was an army officer. He gave the committee this afternoon only one name, asking permission to consult his records before naming others.

"The man whose name Mr. Cushing gave to us," said Senator Calder at the close of the executive session, "is not now in the Government service. He informed us that these persons operated in groups, that is, they formed a pool, and, being in position where they could get advance information, they bought coal and sold at great profits. He told of one pool which involved about 450,000 tons and out of which the group made a profit of $1.50 a ton. Still another of his charges involves an officer of the army. There was nothing, he said, to indicate that those involved in this business were in position where they could influence the priority orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission. I will also say, as a result of certain questions asked me, that these charges do not involve either the Department of Justice or the Interstate Commerce Commission."

Men Named to Be Called.

Senator Calder added that the committee was going to the bottom of the charges and that he expected Mr. Cushing to furnish the names of all persons concerned within twenty-four hours. It is understood that all the persons involved in the allegations will be called before the committee, probably early next week. Senator Kenyon said that he would insist that the matter be thoroughly investigated, and if the men were guilty he wanted the country to know the names of men, whether now in the Government service or not, who might have taken advantage of the coal situation to enrich themselves.

Mr. Cushing was the only witness heard today. He said that the associa-

Continued on Page Two.

ASHEVILLA — ASHEVILLE — AIKEN. Daily through service from New York. Southern Railway System. 816 Marbridge Bldg., Bway at 34th. Phone Fitzroy 6311.

Germans Decry League Meeting As Showing 'Versailles Spirit'

BERLIN, Dec. 21.—The results attained at the meeting of the League of Nations assembly at Geneva are displeasing both to the Vorwärts, the Socialist organ, and the Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung. The Vorwärts characterizes the proceedings as a farce and asks:

"Can any one with good conscience assert that the evil spirit of the Versailles Treaty has been overcome? Can any one now see in the League of Nations anything better or nobler than an instrument of force for the victorious entente?"

The Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung also thinks that "the Versailles spirit is still supreme," but it expresses the hope that eventually "the power of justice may be enthroned."

SAY HUGHES TAKES STATE PORTFOLIO

Reports of Offer and Acceptance Follow His Visit to Washington.

KNOX AS THE INTERMEDIARY

Conference Between the Two Said to Have Settled the First Place in Harding's Cabinet.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—A dispatch from Washington tonight to The Chicago Tribune says:

"Former Justice Charles Evans Hughes of New York for Secretary of State was the live Cabinet gossip in Washington tonight, following a visit of Mr. Hughes to Washington. Reports were current, but could not be verified, that Mr. Hughes had been offered the State portfolio by President-elect Harding, and that he had come to Washington to consult with friends in the Senate regarding it.

"One report had it that Mr. Hughes conferred with Senator Knox of Pennsylvania, the former Secretary of State, whose name has been mentioned for that post in the Harding Cabinet more frequently, perhaps, than that of any other man. This rumor further had it that Senator Knox advised Mr. Hughes to accept the State portfolio and that he had agreed to do so.

"Senator Knox could not be interviewed on the subject tonight. At his home it was said he retired early and would not be disturbed. Mr. Hughes went to New York on an afternoon train. Other Senators close to Mr. Harding said they had heard nothing of the reported conference between Senator Knox and Mr. Hughes.

"One Republican leader said he had known for some time that Mr. Hughes was one of the men under consideration for Secretary of State, but whether the post had actually been tendered him he did not know."

SHERIFF AND COUNSEL TO MEET CLARA SMITH

Lawyer Retained for Defense Says She Will Surrender at Point on Border.

ARDMORE, Okla., Dec. 21.—At a point along the international border, not far from El Paso, Clara Smith Hamon, sought in connection with the fatal shooting of Jake L. Hamon here, will surrender to Sheriff Buck Garrett of Carter County late tomorrow, according to an announcement here tonight by James H. Mathers of the law firm of Mathers & Coakley, retained as counsel for Miss Smith.

Sheriff Garrett, accompanied by Charles A. Coakley of the law firm, passed through Fort Worth, Texas, late today and was expected to arrive near El Paso late tomorrow. Mr. Mathers said tonight the surrender would take place a few miles "this side" of El Paso.

Preparations already have been made here for the woman to return to face trial on the charge of murder.

Mr. Brown told the law firm, he declared yesterday, that he would not oppose application for bond should evidence prove that Miss Smith was entitled to liberty on bail. He said in this event he would ask a bond not greater than $5,000.

EL PASO, Dec. 21.—Clara Smith Hamon will surrender tomorrow to authorities from Oklahoma somewhere near El Paso, but will not be confined in jail "even for one minute," and she will be released immediately on bonds so that she may have Christmas dinner with her parents, according to J. L. Smith, her father. To make sure that these conditions were understood, he said tonight, her counsel would confer with Sheriff Garrett of Ardmore before he was taken to the place where the surrender will occur.

Airplane Propeller Kills Walter Alexander, Aviator Son of the Secretary of Commerce

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Walter R. Alexander, the 28-year-old son of Joshua W. Alexander, Secretary of Commerce, was instantly killed this afternoon at Bolling Field, the naval aviation station, when he walked into the whirring blades of an airplane propeller. He was struck in the back of the head, and died at once.

Mr. Alexander was formerly a military air pilot, and had been transferred to the Officers' Reserve Corps. He went to Bolling Field today to make a flight with one of the regular pilots. When he reached the flying ground the plane, a Curtiss, was ready. The mechanic got into the pilot's seat and asked the men on the ground for "contact," which is the signal to spin the propeller into action. The pilot was almost ready to take the merchanic's place at the steering gear when young Alexander walked into the propeller.

It was said tonight that the young man had been absent-minded from boyhood and that this afternoon he was evidently lost in one of his fits of abstraction.

Early in the war Mr. Alexander attended the air school at Cornell, and went from there to Texas, and then to Langley Field, at Newport News. He was a graduate of George Washington Law School and had been admitted to the bar. Since the start of the Shipping Board he had been connected with its legal department except during service in the army. He returned Sunday night from a three months' trip to the Mediterranean.

Secretary and Mrs. Alexander and Preston Alexander and Mrs. N. R. Jenner, their son and daughter, left Washington tonight for Gallatin, Mo., with the body.

PALL MALL Rounds round in shape—at better class shops.—Advt.

Without BELL-ANS your Xmas Dinner won't be half a success.—Advt.

Florida, Cuba, Carolinas. Seaboard Air Line Ry., 2:05 P. M. and 12:20 midnight daily; superior dining car service. Office, 1,184 Broadway (28th St.)—Advt.

ARMY FLIERS BREAK SINGLE MOTOR MARK; IN AIR 18 HOURS

Fail in Effort to Overcome World's Record for Dual Engines by About 6 Hours.

FORCED DOWN BY GAS LEAK

Lieut. Kirkpatrick, on Alighting, Declares He Will Make Another Attempt.

CIRCLE OVER MITCHEL FIELD

Aviators Used Ten-Passenger Curtiss Eagle Equipped With Liberty Motor.

After remaining in the air for eighteen hours and four minutes which, according to the army officials at Mitchel Field observing the test, constitutes a world record for a single-motor airplane endurance flight, Lieutenant Ross C. Kirkpatrick, one of the army's Alaskan fliers, and Max Goodnough, civilian mechanician, were forced to make a landing this morning at 1:30 o'clock, due to a leaky gasoline pipe. Their supply of gasoline was almost exhausted before the two fliers, who had hoped to remain aloft for thirty-five hours, thereby beating all world records for endurance flights, were warned of the trouble.

Their landing was effected without difficulty with the aid of searchlights which played on the field during the test. On their landing it was found that it would have been impossible to make the repairs to the defective pipe in midair because the fuel line was placed under the floor of the cockpit where it was not accessible while the plane was in the air.

The two aviators expressed their determination to repeat the trial at an early date, and the army observers and representatives of the Aero Club expressed the belief that the place in which they made their flight could better the record they had set out to beat. Kirkpatrick and Goodough were none the worse for their flight during all of yesterday and more than half the night. They were not the least discouraged, apparently, by their mishap, and stayed on the field to see that their airplane was properly returned to its hangar. As Lieutenant Kirkpatrick jumped out of the plane he said:

"I'm all right. I feel now as though I could keep on going eighteen hours more."

Throughout their flight the airmen hovered above Mitchel Field, for the most part at an altitude of 500 feet, although sometimes climbing to a 5,000-foot altitude. Official observers for the army and the Aero Club of America were delighted at the aviator's progress and were prepared to remain on watch throughout the night.

The world's record endurance flight was made by the Farman Goliath, a two-motored airplane, which remained aloft continuously for 24 hours 10 minutes 7 seconds on June 3 and 4 of this year at Villesauvage-la-Marnogue, France. This flight was made by Lucien Boussoutrot and Jean Bernard. Up to that time the record was held by a German pilot, Boehm, who drove a German Albatross, with a Mercedes motor, continuously for 24 hours 12 minutes.

The plane driven by Lieutenant Kirkpatrick belongs to the army and is equipped with a 400-horsepower high-compression Liberty motor. While its carrying capacity is 3,200 pounds, it is loaded on the present flight with 4,200 pounds, which, with the weight of the plane, makes a total weight of 8,800 pounds. From wing tip to wing tip the plane measures 61 feet 4 inches, and from the nose to the tail it measures 36 feet 9 inches. Dual controls permit Lieutenant Kirkpatrick and Goodnough to alternate as pilots.

The two aviators took with them food supplies to last for thirty-five hours, including four vacuum bottles of coffee. An extra supply of 590 gallons of gasoline and 50 gallons of oil were carried, in addition to the regular quantity. They estimated that the gasoline consumption would be about thirteen gallons an hour and that their average speed would be seventy-five miles.

The test flight was authorized several months ago by General Charles T. Menoher, Director of the Army Air Service. The army judges are Lieutenants Paul Mathis and H. A. Packard. Major A. R. Christie and other officers witnessed the start of the flight.

New Dakota Bank Law Checks Work on All League Projects

Special to The New York Times.

FARGO, N. D., Dec. 21.—The State Industrial Commission today ordered abandonment of all work on State industries started under laws passed through efforts of the Non-Partisan League. Enactment of a law doing away with compulsory deposit of public funds in the Bank of North Dakota is directly responsible for the order.

Projects affected are the first of a series of State grain elevators and flour millers at Grand Forks, costing about $4,000,000, and about sixty residences, costing $300,000, which were to be sold through the State Homebuilders' Association. All these were to be financed through the Bank of North Dakota. Since the enactment of the new law the State bank's deposits have dwindled so that it cannot finance the projects.

Drastic measures are being taken to save the Bank of North Dakota and prevent the complete withdrawal immediately of the funds still on deposit. About $6,000,000 of the public funds on deposit with the bank are tied up in farm loans, loans to banks and loans to the State industries. Opponents of the Non-Partisan League see a breakdown for its whole program in today's developments.

COHEN, ARNSTEIN AID, TAKEN IN WASHINGTON

New York Detectives Seize Alleged Bond Theft Plotter at Railway Station.

SURPRISE TO PROSECUTOR

Didn't Know Arrest Was Intended—Sleuths Say Stranger Ordered It by Phone.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—"Nick" Cohen, who is under indictment in New York and Washington with "Nicky" Arnstein in connection with the theft of many million dollars' worth of securities, was arrested here tonight, and at a late hour was in a cell at Police Headquarters.

The arrest was made by Detectives August Mayer and Grover Cleveland Brown of New York, and came as a surprise not only to James B. Archer, Special Federal Attorney prosecuting Arnstein, but to John T. Dooling, Assistant District Attorney, who is here from New York as a witness.

Cohen was booked at the police station as charged with conspiracy. He engaged no counsel tonight, it was said, and asked for no bail. The arrest was made at Union Station, and Mr. Archer said the detectives had received a description of Cohen's appearance in advance. The statement was made by Mr. Archer that the arrest was ordered by William J. Fallon and Eugene McGee, counsel for Arnstein.

Another statement by Archer was that Fallon told him ten days ago that he, Fallon, controlled Cohen, who would come to Washington to exonerate Arnstein if Arnstein was convicted or in danger of conviction.

One mysterious aspect of the arrest is that Mr. Dooling did not know that Detective Mayer was still in Washington. Mayer was a witness last week in the Arnstein case, and it was believed that he had returned to New York.

At a grilling by Mr. Archer tonight, which continued two hours, Mayer and Brown admitted that they had been in Washington since Sunday night, and that a mysterious man telephoned to Mayer, asking him to arrest Cohen when he reached Washington.

"Nick" Cohen has been eagerly sought for in connection with the Arnstein case and a reward of $5,000 has been offered for him. Rumors have reached here that Cohen has been in New York all the time, keeping out of sight some of the time, but appearing now and then at his old haunts on Broadway.

During the examination of the two detectives by Mr. Archer, John E. Laskey, the Federal Attorney of the District of Columbia, entered the conference for a time. Plans were made to put the detectives on the witness stand tomorrow and force them to reveal from whom they received their instructions to make the arrest of Cohen.

Mr. Archer said tonight that the detectives had not even consulted their superiors in New York upon the arrest. Mr. Dooling and Saul S. Myers, attorney for the surety companies of New York, were greatly interested in the arrests tonight, but would not discuss the matter, as all information on the subject properly came from Mr. Archer, who has charge of the prosecution.

Archer Startled by Circumstances.

Mr. Archer late tonight told some of the circumstances of the arrest of Cohen. He said:

"Detectives Mayer and Brown were questioned tonight by me and said they arrested Cohen at the instance of a 'friend' of William J. Fallon and Eugene McGee, attorneys for Arnstein. About ten days ago Fallon told George Storck, a bank accountant of the Department of Justice, and myself that he controlled Cohen, that he owned him, and that if Arnstein were convicted or in danger Cohen would voluntarily enter the district and exonerate Arnstein.

"Now, tonight two New York detectives, not detectives from the Federal Government at the District of Columbia, but New York detectives, appear at the Union Station upon the arrival of Cohen from New York, and arrest him and sit down and eat dinner with him. They had been informed of how he would be dressed and the kind of bag he would carry. They would not admit tonight that they had been instructed by Fallon and Eugene McGee to make the arrest.

"Mayer said, 'A man telephoned me last Sunday night' to make the arrest when Cohen arrived in Washington.

"I may add that at 11 A. M. today, when the Arnstein case was proceeding,

Continued on Page Three.

"HAVANA SPECIAL." Only Direct Through train to Havana. Atlantic Coast Line, Office, 1,246 B'way (33d St.) Tel. Longacre 5865.—Advt.

TWO ASSOCIATIONS TELL UNTERMYER THEY WILL REFORM

Stone Mason Contractors Agree to Disband and Resume Competition.

ROOFERS TO CHANGE RULES

Official Reveals Corporation Controls All Stone Work Done by Fifty Firms.

BUILDING COST INCREASED

Metal Door and Window Makers' "Code" Described—26 More Combinations Await Inquiry.

As a result of the exposure of their practices before the Lockwood committee yesterday, two of the three trade associations under fire during the day promised to "mend their ways." The Stone Masons Constractors' Association, which, working through a corporation, had a novel method of fixing prices, agreed to disband at once and to return to former competitive methods.

The Composition Roofers and Waterproof Association, through E. J. Lee, Secretary, promised to eliminate "objectionable regulations," the chief one being a rule which prevented roofers from guaranteeing a composition roof longer than two years when firms were ready and willing to guarantee them for ten years. The Johns-Manville Company, one of the largest concerns in the country, was barred from membership because it guaranteed roofs for ten years, according to Lee.

Before the session ended Samuel Untermyer began delving into the affairs of the Association of Manufacturers of Metal Doors and Windows. In the face of the denials of Secretary J. A. Rapeport that the organization had a "Code of Ethics," Mr. Untermyer was able to prove that such a code had been drawn up having as its aims the "elimination of misunderstanding, abuse and litigation" in the business. Rapoport maintained that only part of the by-laws had been adopted, but when confronted with documenetary proof from the minutes he reluctantly admitted that all but one article of the by-laws had been approved.

Carl E. Trulock, former Secretary of the same organization, partly described an arrangement entered into by an inner group of five metal door manufacturers who were being sued for infringement of patents. Each of the members paid 2 per cent. of his contracts into a "defense fund," adding the necessary amount to the contracts made. The "inner ring" disbanded about three years ago.

Twenty-six More Combinations.

The combinations attacked yesterday by Mr. Untermyer were three of the twenty-nine which still remain to be scrutinized. It was stated yesterday by a person in authority that if the committee desired to go into every combination in the building trade it would probably result in the indictment of 5,000 offenders. A separate court would have to be constituted and many months would have to be spent on the cases by a great array of counsel.

Instead of spending another year on the investigation the committee will seek to have every trade association identified with increasing the cost of building construction disband and return to competitive methods. This did not mean, it was said, that offenders would be permitted to escape. The flagrant offenders would be indicted, it was asserted, and their conviction demanded.

As the days go by and the constituent members of the Building Trades Employers Association sever their connections with the parent body and give up acting in collusion to fix prices, it is hoped by the committee that the employers association, finding itself weakened by the drain of membership, will give up the ghost.

From Thomas P. Kennedy, President of the Stone Masons Contractors Association, Mr. Untermyer extorted an admission that the association, consisting of fifty of the principal stone masons in the city, had formed a corporation. The corporation's capital stock was $500 and each member had one share. All the business of the members was done by the corporation, but each member was permitted to retain the entire contract price with the exception of 3 cents a cubic foot on the work done. This tax was paid into the treasury and the proceeds were divided equally between the members. The money was divided twice a year equally among the members regardless of the work performed by each concern.

Association to Disband.

Mr. Untermyer sought to show that the members did 15,500,000 cubic feet of stone work annually, intimating that the sum of $450,000 was divided by the members as a result of the "three cents a cubic foot" agreement. Kennedy denied that the members did so much work, asserting that they did about 1,000,000 cubic feet a year.

After the severe grilling by Mr. Untermyer, Kenedy left the Aldermanic Chamber at noon and held a conference in the hall with the members of the association.

When he was placed on the stand at the opening of the afternoon session he was asked by Mr. Untermyer: "During the recess you have been consulting with members of your association?"

"Yes," he replied.

Q—And I understand that, in view of the

Continued on Page Three.

BUILDER'S—Tax Rebate for Christmas.—Advt.

20 POLICE SHARPSHOOTERS WITH RIFLES SENT OUT IN AUTOS TO SEEK ROBBERS; MORE POLICE VOTED; FIVE MORE HOLDUPS

Federal Attorney Calls on Citizens to Join Him In Organizing League to Suppress Crime

H. D. Mildeberger, Assistant United States Attorney, sent to the newspapers last night a communication in which, after citing the continuous series of crimes of violence committed in the city recently and the appeals of Judge Rosalsky for a citizens' committee of 25,000, of Mayor Hylan for public co-operation with the police, and of Police Commissioner Enright for public aid in apprehending criminals, he makes the following definite proposal for organizing a Citizens' Protective League to aid in suppressing crime:

By reason of the foregoing I hereby announce my readiness and willingness to form an association, to be known as the Citizens' Protective League, whose purpose shall be to co-operate with and assist Mayor Hylan and the Police Commissioner in apprehending and bringing to deserved punishment the class of criminals herein referred to.

I am experienced in organizing and systematizing, and, with the assistance of respectable citizens, in sufficient numbers, I am confident that in a very short time these despoilers of humanity and of law and order can be executed, or imprisoned, or driven from this city.

Bear in mind that my purpose is not to endeavor to supersede the Police Department, or other recognized authorities, but to act in co-operation with them and assist them, in every possible way, in bringing the existing reign of robbery and murder to an end.

I therefore ask that every respectable citizen who desires to protect his home, his family, his business, and it may be his life, and who takes any interest in the welfare of the community and its respectable residents, send me his name and his consent to have the same enrolled as a member of the Citizens' Protective League. By so doing it will not mean that he will be called upon to relinquish his business or his position, but that he agrees that at all times, and in all places, wherever he may chance to be, he will be alert and watchful to detect the commission or attempted commission of any crime and to apprehend the perpetrators thereof and turn them over to the duly constituted authorities.

As this matter is outside of the province of the Federal office with which I am connected, and as I have no right to burden said office with any of the necessary work connected with the proposition in question, I ask that those who respond to this appeal address me in care of Advanco Mailing Company, 80 Fifth Avenue, and enclose an envelope stamped, and with a return address upon it for a reply, and then watch the newspapers for further particulars.

The number of names I receive will be evidence of how many respectable citizens there are in the city who are willing and desirous of protecting themselves, their family, their business and the community from the depredations of thieves and murderers; also of how many respectable citizens are willing to respond to the call for assistance sent out to them by the elected representatives of law and order in the person of Mayor Hylan and Police Commissioner Enright, and finally it will prove how many respectable citizens are willing to perform their part in the preservation of law and order, when necessity requires it, and not confine their action to whining complaints, and to finding fault with the constituted authorities, instead of extending to them full co-operation and support when called upon.

BANKER DYING, WIFE KILLED BY TROLLEY

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph M. Riker Run Down While Crossing Newark Street.

WOMAN DIES IN AMBULANCE

Witnesses Say Aged Couple Stepped on Tracks to Avoid Two Racing Automobiles.

Joseph M. Riker, a wealthy jewelry manufacturer of Newark, and President of the Merchants and Manufacturers' National Bank of that city, was seriously injured last night in a traffic accident in which his wife was killed. Mrs. Riker died on the way to the Newark City Hospital, and surgeons there said there was little hope for the recovery of Mr. Riker.

The couple were returning to their home at 83 Lincoln Park, Newark, about 10:30 o'clock, after a visit to friends in the neighborhood, and were crossing the darkened street to their home when a Roseville trolley car bore down upon them. Before they could get out of the way they were crushed beneath the wheels.

The accident occurred in a darkened part of the street called Lincoln Park, where two other persons have lost their lives in traffic accidents in the last two months. On one side of the street is the triangular Clinton Park and on the other is Lincoln Park. Several fine residences are in the vicinity, not far from Broad Street, one of the main thoroughfares of Newark, but the section has never been well lighted.

Accounts of the accident vary greatly, and, although the crew of the trolley car laid blame for the accident on the darkness of the street, and said that the couple apparently did not see the coming car, both motorman and conductor were held on charges of manslaughter. The motorman said he believed the victims stepped to the car tracks to avoid a swiftly moving Newark jitney bus and a taxicab, which were racing eastward and later crashed together a few hundred feet from the spot where Mr. Riker and his wife were run down.

Theory of the Police.

The Newark police began an investigation under the direction of City Commission Alexander Archibald, who lives at 45 Lincoln Park, a few doors from the Riker home, and early this morning they had put together what they believed to be an authentic story of the accident. They succeeded in finding witnesses who said they had seen two automobiles racing along the street a few minutes before the accident.

According to the police, Mr. and Mrs. Riker stepped beckward to the car tracks in the belief that the racing automobiles might run them down and, in their anxiety, they stepped directly into the path of the trolley car. The jitney bus and the taxicab crashed together, but both drivers contended that the crash was due to the fact that the jitney bus slowed up because the chauffeur saw

Continued on Page Four.

ROBBERS AT MIDNIGHT CONVICTS AT 4 P. M.

Milltown Bank Burglars Find Jersey Justice Working With Oldtime Swiftness.

CAUGHT BY ARMED CITIZENS

Two Escape, but Two Go to Penitentiary for Terms Up to Seven Years.

Old-time New Jersey justice and the newly aroused vigilance of New Jersey citizens against criminal marauders combined yesterday to bring about the swift undoing of two bank robbers.

At 11:30 Monday night these two and two companions were revelling in the prospects of riches displayed before them in the vault of the First National Bank of Milltown, which they had penetrated. At midnight they fled from the bank into the arms of a militant posse of armed citizens. At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the two who were caught, while their companions escaped, decided to waive indictment and trial.

At 4 o'clock they were arraigned at a special session of the Middlesex County Court. At 4:05 they pleaded guilty and were sentenced to serve from four years and eight months to seven years each in the State Penitentiary at Trenton.

Only a provision of the law which requires convicted felons to be held in jail forty-eight hours so that they may have opportunity to start appeal proceedings prevented the chronology from being completed by the men's arrival at Trenton last night.

The men caught were Frank Voorhees, known as "Sailor Boy" because he had served in the navy, whose home is in New Brunswick, and Walter Watson of Melrose, Mass., alias Clifford Jackson of New York. All that they would tell of their companions was that they knew them, very slightly, as "Jack" and "Jerry." Voorhees and Watson both had criminal records, and both, according to the Middlesex authorities, escaped last July from jail at New Bedford, Mass., where they were awaiting trial.

Broke Through Rear Wall.

The four went to the rear of the bank building, adjoining the plant of the Michelin Tire Company, late Monday night. Voorhees, evidently acquainted with the vulnerability of the institution in his home town, was the leader. Under his direction the men had provided themselves with hammers, chisels and crowbars, with which they made a hole in the rear wall which formed the back of the vault. Running through the wall was a network of burglar alarm wires, but the robbers managed not to disturb them.

In the vault were kept the bank's securities, while part of the space was occupied by safe deposit boxes rented to customers. The currency was in an inner vault, which was undisturbed. The men had piled the contents of rifled deposit boxes and Liberty bonds belonging to the bank on the floor when Frits Miller, watchman at the tire plant, heard the noise of ripping metal and

Continued on Page Two.

ENRIGHT ASKS CO-OPERATION

Calls on All City Departments to Report Suspicious Characters.

80 NEW MEN PUT ON FORCE

500 to Be Recruited by Jan. 1—Commissioner Orders Men to "Talk Less" on Patrol.

JUDGES FRAMING NEW LAWS

Resolutions for Investigation and Removal of Enright Rejected—Secrecy Maintained.

A continuation of highway crimes and robberies with assault led the police to institute last night the most spectacular measure of combating crooks yet attempted.

Twenty picked sharpshooters, all war veterans and every man trained to accurate fire in the department's military battalion, were sent cruising about the city in automobiles each armed with a Winchester repeating rifle. With each skilled marksman rode four detectives, each armed with an automatic, while in tonneau pockets were stored a second set of automatics and a plentiful supply of ammunition for both rifles and pistols.

The names of the personnel and the itineraries of the cars comprising this mobile squadron of crime combatants were kept secret. It was admitted they were patrolling the principal parts of the city and were devoting particular attention to those districts where robberies had been bold and frequent. While each car was based on a given precinct the cruisers were not limited to any particular territory, being authorized to travel hard and fast toward any spot where they might think their presence would be useful.

Squads to Serve in Several Ways.

In adopting this new method of patrolling, copied, it was said, from tactics adopted in Chicago's warfare on criminals, Commissioner Enright was actuated by the belief that the squads might serve in several ways. He thought they wall might take up some of the work of raiding dance halls, saloons, cabarets and other clustering places of the underworld, the man with the rifle keeping guard at the door while the others searched the habitues for firearms.

Again, he believed that, provided with speedy cars, the squads might arrive in time at the scene of hold-ups where outcries were made by the victims or witnesses of the crime, the expert marksmen being counted upon to prevent the escape of the guilty.

A particular objective of the new details likewise will be an offensive warfare on taxicab bandits. The men intrusted with the Winchesters were picked not only for their ability to hit the bullseye, but because of experience in shooting straight under exciting and difficult conditions. It was believed they well might be able to halt criminals fleeing in taxicabs or other automobiles when other efforts at police interception would fail.

Highwaymen and Robbers Busy.

While no announcement came from Police Headquarters as to the reason for adding more and more precautionary measures, and Police Commissioner Enright did not recede from his declaration in a speech Monday night that the present crime wave was but "a little flurry," it was learned that marauding highwaymen and robbers have not yet been subdued.

Despite the secrecy with which all crime records still were kept, it developed that Monday night and early yesterday there were at least five hold-ups by armed robbers, some of whom brutally assaulted their victims. Three of these cases were disclosed only when the alleged criminals were arraigned in court, and in both the others the victims required surgical treatment, so it became a matter of conjecture whether there were other offenses of the same sort in which the robbers were not caught and attention was not drawn to the victim's plight by his need for an ambulance surgeon's attentions.

One crime that did not remain a secret and which, it was said, caused considerable gnashing of teeth about headquarters (when it was added to the safe robberies which occurred within a half block of the headquarters building between Saturday night and Monday morning) was the theft of an automobile from the curb in Baxter Street within sight from the windows of the offices of Inspector John Coughlin, in charge of detectives.

Estimate Board Increases Force.

Solomon Podell, a law clerk, of 1,931 Fifty-seventh Street, Brooklyn, left the car, a new Ford sedan, there and went into a restaurant at Centre Market Place and Grand Street. There he sat down at a table with several detectives whose duty it is to prevent automobile thefts and round up automobile thieves. Through an open window the detectives could see the little car standing there. When Podell and the detectives finished their meal the car was gone.

Continuation of such bold thefts, robberies and assaults and the continued

depredations of armed and evidently desperate men led Commissioner Enright to ask about augmenting his force. The Board of Estimate granted his appeal for 769 patrolmen in addition to the increase of 500 for, which provision already had been made, and at the same time rejected the resolution submitted by Henry Curran, Borough President of Manhattan, calling for an investigation of all city departments and specifically censuring Commissioner Enright.

The Commissioner at once put into service eighty men already on the eligible list. These men reported to the School of Recruits at Headquarters and began learning the duties of patrolmen. Contrary to the practice in less troublous times, these men are to be armed and assigned to patroling at once, being required to do duty early each evening besides attending school in the daytime. They will be on post in plain clothes under the tutelage of older men.

Enright Issues Statement.

Commenting upon the further increase of the force, Mr. Enright made public this statement:

"In accordance with the request of the Police Commissioner, the Board of Estimate and Apportionment has granted an additional force of 769 patrolmen, who can be appointed on probation and placed in the service immediately after Jan. 1 next.

"As soon as the eligible list can be obtained from the Municipal Civil Service Commission these men will be appointed and placed on probation, and it is expected that at least 500 will be ready to enter the training school not later than Jan. 1. In the meantime they will be mobilized, examined by the police surgeon, and their credentials examined, and intensive training will be begun, probably not later than Monday, Dec. 27.

"While these men are attending the training school as many as possible of them will be used for plain-clothes duty during the night time, and the experience thus gained will be a part of their necessary training for service in this department."

In further effort to stiffen discipline, the following order was sent from Police Headquarters to the various precincts over the police wires last night:

"There is too much conversation between patrolmen on post. This must cease at once."

Calls on Other Departments.

The Commissioner next endeavored to supplement the aroused vigilance of his department by assistance from all other branches of the city Government. This he requested in a letter to all city department heads, which read:

December 21, 1920.

My Dear Commissioner:—

The Police Department is taking every possible precaution for the protection of life and property in this city. It has occurred to me that the many inspectors and investigators in the several city departments, in the performance of their daily duty of inspection and investigation, could render some service to the public and to this department by promptly reporting to Police Headquarters, or to the nearest police station or to any police officer, any condition coming under their observation which may appear to be suspicious.

If they observe any suspicious place or any suspicious person loitering about in any particular neighborhood the information should be transmitted to this department. Should these suspicious circumstances have reference to automobiles, automobile or the occupants thereof the number of the car should be taken, as well as a description of the car and its occupants, if this information can be obtained.

Very truly yours,
RICHARD E. ENRIGHT.

None of the previous repressive instruments of the fight on lawlessness were discarded by the police when Commissioner Enright put his new raiding squads into operation. Captains and lieutenants still were kept on patrol, and the examination of all citizens found in lonely streets between midnight and daylight was continued.

48 Suspects in Lineup.

Just what were the results of the first night of that practice could not be learned at headquarters. It did transpire, however, that with this examination of citizens added to the resort raiding of earlier nights the line-up at headquarters yesterday numbered only forty-two persons. These were sent to the various precincts in which they were apprehended after masked detectives had endeavored to get retina photographs of their appearance for future use. No record was kept of them—or at least none was placed at public disposal—and no assertions came from responsible officials that any of those seized were known felons. A few pistol carriers were picked up in various parts of the city. All such were held in high bail by magistrates who continued the policy of severity.

There was no action in connection with the situation by any civic or ex-service organization, the special committee appointed by the Merchants Association to formulate a program for that body met but did not report. No answer to the offer of the American Legion to Mayor Hylan of from 500 to 5,000 men for emergency police work was announced from City Hall.

Manhattan Borough President Curran's resolution censuring the Enright regime and calling for an investigation of all city departments was voted down by the Board of Estimate as was expected.

Aldermen Table Resolution.

The Board of Aldermen tabled a resolution offered by Alderman Bruce M. Falconer, Republican, calling upon the Mayor to remove Commissioner Enright and arranging for a similar appeal to Governor Miller after he takes office if the Mayor refused. A resolution offered by Alderman William T. Collins, Democrat, calling upon the Police Commissioner for information with regard to police conditions and the number of arrests made was referred to a committee.

After the Estimate Board had granted the extra policemen and turned down Mr. Curran's investigation proposal, Commissioner Enright went to the City Hall, where he held a long conference with the Mayor. Neither he nor the Mayor had anything to say as to its nature.

The Bar Association of the City of New York matured its plans for legislation which it and similar organizations, as well as Chief Magistrate McAdoo, are seeking to bring about supervision of bonding companies and individual bondsmen to the end that the bail privilege shall not be abused by old criminal offenders.

Judges in the higher courts handling criminal cases raised bail in a number of robbery, hold-up and similar cases, preparations were made for a special term to try those in New York County, and Supreme Court Justice John F. McIntyre announced he would sponsor a bill to substantially increased, determinate sentences for such offenses for all but first offenders to the present indeterminate sentences which, he believed, often resulted in hardened criminals getting out too quickly.

WON'T HUNT "HIP" LIQUOR.

Chicago Police Too Busy Running Down Criminals, Says Chief.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—Chief Fitz-Morris announced today that the police force would be too busy attending to the crime situation on New Year's Eve to assist Federal prohibition agents in their campaign against holiday "hip" liquor. The statement followed an announcement by Frank D. Richardson, Regional Director, of his intention to place under arrest every New Year reveller caught carrying "hip" liquor.

"The police are too busy hunting down crime and criminals to aid the Federal agents in the New Year's drive," said the Chief. "It would be foolish to call my men off their regular duties and detail them to find 'hip' liquor."

In effect, Mr. Richardson's ruling is that on New Year's Eve clubs of the highest class will be scrutinized as closely as the most notorious cafés and cabarets.

800 More Policemen for New Haven.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 21.—To give additional security to life and property, Mayor Fitzgerald today ordered an auxiliary police force of 300 men to be recruited. All highways leading into the city will be guarded. At Bridgeport the police force also will be increased.

769 MORE POLICE TO CHECK CRIME

Board of Aldermen Grants Enright's Request After a Stormy Session.

LAGUARDIA HITS REGIME

Borough President Curran's Proposal for State Inquiry Is Rejected.

Official cognisance of the police situation was taken yesterday by the two governing boards of the City Government. The Board of Estimate granted the request of Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright for 769 additional patrolmen beyond the 500 additional authorized by the 1921 budget, and asked the Board of Aldermen to sanction the issue of special revenue bonds to pay for them. With only the two Republican members in favor, the Board of Estimate rejected the resolution proposed by Henry H. Curran, Borough President of Manhattan, for a legislative investigation of all city departments, including the police.

Removal of Commissioner Enright on the ground of incompetency was urged in a resolution offered in the Board of Aldermen by Alderman Bruce M. Falconer, Republican. This resolution was tabled, as was also the resolution proposed by Alderman F. Quinn, Republican, calling for the appointment of an Aldermanic committee to investigate the police. Because of the failure to obtain unanimous consent a resolution offered by Alderman William T. Collins, calling upon the Police Commissioner to furnish information concerning arrests in 1920, was referred to the Committee on General Welfare.

Craig and LaGuardia Clash.

The resolution authorizing Police Commissioner Enright to employ 769 additional patrolmen was not passed without long discussion. F. H. LaGuardia, President of the Board of Aldermen, voted in the negative on the ground that the present force was adequate and that what was needed was not more policemen but a good man at the head of the force."

LaGuardia said there were only 400 names on the civil service eligible list for patrolman and that it would be impossible to get the 1,269 patrolmen authorized if the Police Commissioner's request were granted. "We haven't even enough men to fill the full quota of the 500 patrolmen granted in the budget," he said.

Controller Charles L. Craig said he favored an increase in the force, but took exception to Commissioner Enright's statement that the Board of Estimate had not authorized additions to the force within eight years. Controller Craig said the Police Commissioner had transferred money from the payroll fund for use for other purposes and mentioned one particular transfer of $50,000.

"That was for the purchase of motorcycles with side-cars to chase thieves with," said the Mayor. "You can't cope with thieves unless you use the same machinery they use."

"We should demand a full and unequivocal statement from the Police Commissioner as to whether or not his force is manned to the extent for which provision has been made," Controller Craig said.

Triple Distilled "Humbug."

Craig then called attention to the financial phase of the matter and said that the $2,000,000 of special revenue bonds which the board was authorized by law to issue each year had practically all been pre-empted for 1921. The Mayor replied that the heads of city departments and the Borough Presidents had promised to cut expenses to make up the $27,000,000 deficiency in the Board of Education appropriation, and that some of this money could be used to pay the salaries of the new policemen.

"Then you would take the money from the public schools and give it to the police," asked the Controller.

"The protection of the public comes before education," replied the Mayor. "The Police Commissioner, from now on, may ask for what he wants, and I, for one, am going to vote for it."

The resolution authorizing the employment of the 769 additional patrolmen was passed with La Guardia voting in the negative.

Many caustic remarks were made before the resolution offered by Curran requesting a legislative investigation of all city departments was voted down. Mayor Hylan declared that the resolution was offered for political effect and Controller Craig said the resolution was "triple distilled humbug." "It is just offered for headlines in the newspapers," Controller Craig said.

LaGuardia said he favored an investigation of all city departments. "I want an investigation of the Finance Department," he said, turning to the Controller. In the argument which followed the Mayor said he wanted it understood that no legislative inquiry would sidetrack the investigation he had started on the Building Bureau under Curran, and LaGuardia charged that an appropriation for the Controller's personal automobile was concealed in the budget of the Finance Department.

Controller Craig characterized this as a "malicious falsehood," and said he would bring an action for criminal libel against LaGuardia if he would make that statement in writing.

"I suppose Controller and counsel for the Citizens Union have been engaged for this investigation," said the Mayor sarcastically as the Curran resolution was voted down.

Ask Removal of Enright.

The discussion of police affairs in the Board of Aldermen began with the submission of Alderman Falconer's resolution calling for the removal of Commissioner Enright. The resolution follows:

Whereas, the citizens of this city have become so aroused at the ever-increasing list of atrocious and appalling crimes of murder and violence and the boldness and openness of their commission, not only on the streets, but in office buildings, hotels, apartments and residences, in districts heretofore immune from such crimes, and during busy hours of the day, which ordinarily make the commission of such crimes, without the immediate capture of the criminal, a practical impossibility, that they have called special meetings of patriotic and civic associations to consider means for the defense of their lives and property by arming themselves and their employes and in other ways, and for the purpose of bringing public opinion to bear upon the proper authorities to furnish adequate police protection; and

Whereas, the morale of the police force has broken down, owing in large measure to the fact that it is suffering from the influence of politics, favoritism and the gratification of personal dislikes and grudges and influence deliberately introduced into the department by Commissioner Enright, and that merit, efficiency and devotion to duty can no longer be relied upon by the men of the force for securing recognition and promotion, as was the case under Commissioner Arthur Woods; and

Whereas, Mrs Ellen A. O'Grady, Fifth Deputy Police Commissioner, courageously resigned that position for some of the above reasons and because she claimed to have been "repeatedly insulted in a brutal manner" by the Commissioner, and because she could no longer remain in her position and retain her self-respect, and in resigning gave out to the press a scathing attack upon her superior; and

Whereas, Lieutenant Floyd Horton, who recently gave his life in attempting to make an arrest and who had served for seventeen years on the force with distinction and the special confidence of every Commissioner from Francis V. Greene to Arthur Woods, drew up in writing an indictment, which has now become public, containing twenty-two charges against Commissioner Enright in connection with things done by the Commissioner which have resulted in breaking down the morale, efficiency and ambition of the force; and

Whereas, in the words of ex-Commissioner Mrs. O'Grady, "there ought to be an honest man at the head of the department"; and

Whereas, Section 270 of the City Charter provides that the Police Commissioner "may, whenever in the judgment of the Mayor of said city or the Governor, the public interest shall so require, be removed from office by either and shall be ineligible for reappointment thereto"; therefore, be it

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Board the public interests require the removal of Police Commissioner Enright from office and that his Honor, Mayor Hylan, is hereby respectfully requested to remove the said Commissioner, and that, in the event of his failure to take action by Jan. 1, the same request is hereby respectfully made upon Governor Miller.

By what was practically a party vote, Alderman Falconer's resolution was laid on the table on motion of Alderman Collins. The same fate met the following resolution for a committee to conduct a police investigation offered by Alderman Quinn:

Whereas for the last three years the present administration of the Police Department has been dressed up by a system of millionaire Deputy Commissioners who have been used as a smoke screen to cover up the insidious petty political spite of the present heads of the Police Department, which has eventually resulted in the existing demoralized conditions; and

Whereas, the control of the police force has fallen into the hands of incapable and efficient men, putting in their places political favorites, has so disheartened the rank and file that the morale of the department has been brought to its lowest ebb; and

Whereas the record of the present police administration has been such that it is clear to all the intelligent voters and citizens of the community that the Enright police régime is incapable of handling the Police Department of this city; and

Whereas situation after situation has arisen clearly demonstrating that the "closing the barn door after the horse has escaped" policy of the present administration is a very dangerous one to the life and property of the citizens of this city; and

Whereas public notice has been given in newspapers that several cities throughout the country were cleaning up their underworld situation, yet the present Police Department régime failed to take any precaution to prevent these criminals who were being run out of other cities to take refuge here; and

Whereas the present police administration continually attempts to deceive the citizens of this city, giving out public statements which are really insults to the intelligence of the people, when in the newspapers every day are accounts of all kinds of crime; any

Whereas the Police Department of this city, because of the continued incapacity and unintelligent administration of the present régime, has become so demoralized as to leave this city in a dangerous condition for the protection of lives and property of its citizens, and insufficient police protection has permitted the unprecedented crime wave to sweep this city; therefore be it

Resolved by this board, That a special committee be immediately appointed to investigate conditions in the Police Department at the present time for the purpose of reporting their findings to the Governor with a view of reorganizing the department so that conditions may be improved and that citizens of the city protected in the future from the desperate deeds of the hordes of criminals who seem to have no fear of the present police administration.

Move by Democratic Leader.

With the resolutions offered by Republican members defeated, Alderman Collins, the Democratic leader, offered the following resolution to enable the board to take action to mitigate "the alleged crime wave":

Resolved, That the Police Commissioner be and he is hereby requested to transmit to this board at his earliest convenience, what, if any, data may be in the possession of the Police Department relative to the arrests made in the year 1920, the names, nationality, citizenship, occupation, residence for the last three years of the arrested parties, together with the crimes charged; if criminal is a drug addict, &c., and the disposition of the cases, and such other information and suggestions as the Police Commissioner may be able to furnish in regard to this inquiry.

Passage of the Collins resolution by the Democratic majority was blocked by the objection of Alderman Quinn under the rule requiring unanimous consent upon introduction. The resolution was referred to the Committee on General Welfare, of which Alderman Collins is Chairman.

SAYS GRAND JURORS GAMBLE

Cause of Crime Wave, Says Judge—Orders Investigation.

Justice Swayze startled the members of the December Grand Jury of Hudson County in the Supreme Court in Jersey City yesterday when he charged them to investigate allegations that the abnormal increase in crime over there was connected in no small degree with the presence of gambling houses in Jersey City and Bayonne. He declared that he had been informed that one of the members of the Grand Jury was interested in gambling and that gambling was even being conducted in the County Court House among county officials and officers of the court.

Justice Swayze said that if the jury did not pursue a vigorous investigation of the reports he would compel action by openly mentioning the names of officials and others reputed to be responsible for gambling conditions over there.

JUDGES DRAFT BILLS TO END CRIME WAVE

Measures Would Increase Penalties and Deal With Bail of Past Offenders.

BAR ASSOCIATION ALSO ACTS

Surety Companies Agree to Refuse Bonds in Cases of Robbery, Burglary and Assault.

Bills will be introduced in the next Legislature to provide heavier penalties for all crimes in which the perpetrator shall have been found to have carried weapons and to remedy the unsatisfactory bonding system which permits a man awaiting trial for robbery to get out on nominal bail. The measures will represent the efforts of the Judges of General and Special Sessions and the Bar Association to remedy conditions thought to have contributed to the present large number of crimes in this city.

The present punishments for burglary and robbery were said yesterday by Judge John F. McIntyre of General Sessions to be entirely inadequate.

Judges McIntyre and Otto A. Rosalsky began to increase all bail bonds in robbery and burglary cases to $20,000 and $25,000. Thirty such cases were called before them during the day. In one case Judge Rosalsky found that Thomas Connolly, wanted for robbery in the first degree, had fled. His bond was forfeited.

Bar and Surety Companies Act.

The Bar Association became interested some time ago in the bond question. It directed an inquiry particularly toward professional bondsmen and to a possible connection between such bondsmen and lawyers of questionable reputation. But since the present increase in violent crimes, the Committee on Law Reform, of which Edward J. McGuire is Chairman, has turned its attention to the problem of bail for second or continuous offenders. It held two meetings last week and conferred with Chief Magistrate McAdoo and Chief Justice Frederick Kernochan of Special Sessions.

The surety companies also have taken action, most of them refusing to furnish bail in cases of robbery, burglary and assault. William McKenzie, head of the bonding department of the New Amsterdam Casualty Company, said, however, that raising the bail bonds would automatically prevent surety companies from taking such large risks.

The crime situation was discussed at a meeting of the Judges of General Sessions, attended also by a representative of the District Attorney's office, and it was decided to raise bail bonds and to bring to trial speedily all persons accused of burglary and robbery who have criminal records. Judge McIntyre ordered the clerk to make a list of all such cases, and they will be placed on a special calendar for early disposal. He also will summon to court today 125 persons out on bail.

Judges Placed in Dilemma.

The bonding situation places the criminal court judges in a dilemma. If they make bail too high they defeat the purpose for which bail is provided, that of giving a person presumed innocent until proved guilty a chance for liberty until his trial, and of opening the way for defendants to sue out a writ of habeas corpus upon the plea of excessive bail. If they make bail in a sum that can be obtained, they run the risk of turning loose on the community a man who will go out and rob to get money to pay for his bond and to engage a lawyer.

"I am not at all in sympathy with the plea that bail bonds are the reason for all the crimes being committed in the city," said Judge McIntyre, "but I do believe that in some cases they should be higher. We are making them so. I feel that the real remedy for present conditions will lie in increasing the penalty for burglary, robbery, assault in the first degree and similar crimes. We must deal more harshly with the criminal if we are to put the fear of the law into the hearts of men who at present know their sentence will be a light one.

"Life imprisonment isn't enough. I suppose that I imposed the heaviest sentence recently given in a case of robbery, and I did it just to avoid a penalty of life imprisonment. In the case of the two men who committed the burglary in the Knickerbocker Hotel I gave them sentences of sixty-two years and six months each, and after sitting up all night and figuring out their commutation and compensation I found that they would only serve about thirty-eight years.

Judges Preparing Measure.

"If I had sentenced them to life imprisonment, which is limited to a minimum of twenty years, they would have served, with deductions for compensation and commutation, only about nine and one-half years. When our criminal laws work that way it is easy to see where the remedy must lie.

"The Judges of the Court of General Sessions are now working on recommendations which will be sent to the Legislature, asking for heavier sentences. The maximum penalty for burglary in the third degree now is five years; we want it raised to ten or fifteen years. The maximum for burglary in the second degree is ten years; we want it to be made twenty years. First-degree burglary is punishable by a minimum of ten years and no maximum. This minimum should be raised.

"When it has been determined just what recommendations we will make, they will be embodied in a bill now being prepared by Assemblyman Maurice Block. Heavy penalties, I believe, provide the only means of coping with this situation."

An incident in Judge McIntyre's court showed the difficulties the police contend with in having to keep watch over men out on bail awaiting trial. Harry Gottesman, alias Greenberg; Samuel Feldman, alias Charles Miller, and Joseph Goodman, alias Herman Hols, all with criminal records, have been awaiting trial for burglary in the third degree. They were caught in the office of the New York District Council of Painters, Decorators and Paper Hangers, at 228 Third Avenue, on Sept. 29, when trying to open the office safe.

Keep Nine Detectives Busy.

They were released in $5,500 bail in the Magistrate's Court, and when arraigned in General Sessions bail was fixed at $5,000. They spent only one night in the Tombs. Then detectives were assigned to keep constant watch of them. This took up the entire time of nine men.

When the crime situation became critical Judge McIntyre called the three men before him and increased their bail to $25,000 each. All three men promptly pleaded guilty. They couldn't get that much bail. They will be sentenced today.

"In another recent case the jury disagreed, and the man accused of robbery was released in nominal bail to await a second trial," said Theodore Waugh, Assistant District Attorney. "That night he went out to get money with which to pay his expenses, held up a saloon on the east side and shot a man through the hand.

"I don't see how the bail bond question can be solved, but it is certain that it should be solved. If you ask for high bail the cry is raised that it merely serves to enrich the bonding companies. The Court is told about the poor mother who must pay a large fee to a bonding company and the Court feels, and rightly so, that heavy bail bonds are often unjust.

Urges Appeal to Bonding Companies.

An appeal to the bonding companies is the surest way to prevent persons with criminal records from being turned loose to commit more crimes, in the opinion of Mr. McGuire.

"Our attention so far has been turned to the professional bondsmen, the Liberty bond jollers," said Mr. McGuire, "but as a result of the present condition we intend to examine closely into the bail situation. I think the surety companies would be only too glad to co-operate."

The report being prepared by the Law Reform Committee will be made to the Bar Association at its January meeting and its recommendations will be embodied in a bill to be presented to the Legislature.

ARRAIGNMENTS IN COURT BARE MANY NEW CRIMES

Five Are Held Up, One Beaten —Mrs. David Belasco's Purse Snatched in Street.

Despite the extraordinary police measures of the last few days and the secrecy with regard to complaints, it developed yesterday that late Monday night and early Tuesday several serious crimes had been committed, with the operations of highwaymen figuring prominently in the list. Few crimes were reported for the later hours of Tuesday, but since detectives are withholding most complaints and many offenses do not become known unless offenders are arraigned in court, it could not be told whether there had been any real diminution in their number.

Frederick Hoffman, a grocer of 17 East 107th Street, was on his way home early yesterday when two men dragged him into a hallway at 105 East 108th Street, threatened him with pistols and robbed him of $100, a watch and a diamond pin. Samuel Poltzoi of 238 East 125th Street was caught soon afterward and charged with the crime. Magistrate Ten Eyck in Harlem Court held him in $20,000 bail for further hearing.

Mrs. Ivan Parris of 152 West 129th Street was walking in 129th Street between Seventh and Eighth Avenues Monday night when a negro seized her and tried to tear from her grasp a purse containing $128. Mrs. Parris's husband came to her aid and a detective arrested Clarence Rufus, a negro, of 217 East 140th Street. Magistrate Schwab in Washington Heights Court held the accused man in $1,000 bail for further examination on the charge of attempted grand larceny.

Two Arrested After Hold-Up.

Max Wallace of 53 East 103d Street was walking through East 110th Street when two robbers forced him into a hallway at No. 320. The hold-up men threatened to kill Wallace if he made an outcry. They went swiftly through his pockets, taking $589. Detectives later arrested James Moran of 268 East Eighty-eighth Street and Louis Schramek of 324 East Eighty-fifth Street. The police said Wallace identified both men. Magistrate Ten Eyck held the prisoners in $10,000 bail each for a hearing tomorrow.

Two young men entered the tailor shop of James Orefice at 346 East Twenty-first Street Monday night. One brutally assaulted him, striking him again and again over the head with a blackjack, while the other pressed a pistol against his stomach and warned him he would die if he resisted. The robbers then locked the tailor in a closet after taking his watch and chain and between $25 and $50 in money.

Orefice, bleeding badly from his injuries, broke out of the closet. He gained the street and Cops set up a cry of "Stop thief!" which started a number of men in pursuit. The men fled toward the East River and were lost in the shadows of warehouses. Orefice was assisted to the East Twenty-second Street Station, where an ambulance surgeon dressed his injuries and reported the robbery.

Mrs. David Belasco Robbed.

While Mrs. David Belasco, wife of the theatrical manager, was in a jam of Christmas shoppers in Fifth Avenue Monday afternoon a handbag containing jewelry and cash was stolen from her.

Mrs. Belasco was about to enter a department store when she felt a tugging at the handbag. The next moment she discovered that the bag had been cut or torn from its strap. She saw a woman hurriedly making her way through the crowd and called a store detective, but when he reached the street the woman had disappeared.

Detectives of the Italian Squad last night arrested Rosario Aquilino, 28 years old, a longshoreman, of 168 Mott Street, with a loaded revolver in his hip pocket. The prisoner was locked up charged with violation of the Sullivan law and attempted felonious assault. He was arrested on the complaint of Joseph J. Vasile of 161 Mott Street, who alleged, according to the police, that the prisoner was going to shoot him because of an altercation in a Mott Street coffee house.

Two elevator boys in an apartment house at 601 West 191st Street, arrested on suspicion of entering the apartment of George Nakayama at that address, and stealing $350 worth of jewelry, were held by Magistrate Schwab in $2,000 bail for examination tomorrow. The alleged theft occurred last Friday. The prisoners described themselves as Alfred Benjamin, 17 years old of 1,002 Brook Avenue, the Bronx, and Claude Saunder, 18 years old of 206 Morris Avenue, Jamaica.

Youth Arrested in Pawnshop.

Detective William Dauptman noticed a youth trying to dispose of a lady's solid gold meshbag in a pawnshop on West 125th Street. He asked the youth how he had procured it. The reply aroused his suspicions and he continued his questioning, with the result, he said, that the youth admitted he had stolen the bag from the home of a friend. The prisoner is alleged to be the property of Miss Rhoda Barton of 320 West 111th Street. The prisoner described himself as Ronald E. McGilvary, 18 years old of 246 Manhattan Avenue. He was held in $1,000 bail for examination Thursday.

While crossing the Manhattan Bridge Monday night, Ambrose Ward, 25 years old, an employe of the New York Navy Yard, was beaten by four men whom he described as three sailors and a marine. He said the men searched him but did not find his money—$20—which he had in an inside pocket. Ward was taken to Gouverneur Hospital. He reported the attack to the bridge police.

A Cadillac automobile, owned by Miss Margaret Anglin, now appearing in "The Woman in Bronze," was stolen from in front of the Frazee Theatre in West Forty-second Street, near Eighth Avenue, shortly before 8 o'clock last night. Complaint was made to the police and a general alarm was sent out notifying all precincts of the theft.

Michael Conchela, a seaman with no address, was locked up in the Oak Street Station by a policeman who said he found a loaded pistol in Conchela's pocket when he searched men in a coffee house at 319 Water Street.

Five Arrested in Auto.

Detectives arrested five men in an automobile at Crosby and Broome Streets when they attracted attention because one had a cut lip. Two were locked up charged with felonious assault and three on a charge of violating the Sullivan law. They said they were guards for strikebreakers and had had an altercation with strikers. One had a pistol, one a razor and one a knife.

Of three negroes arraigned in Harlem Court one pleaded guilty to having a pistol in his possession, one was held for having a trench knife on his person and one for carrying a pistol.

William Eagan, 21 years old, was held without bail for further examination by Magistrate McQuade in West Side Court after Patrolman O'Donnell of the West Thirty-seventh Street station testified he halted the defendant at 3 o'clock yesterday morning. O'Donnell said when he asked what Eagan had in a bundle the defendant told him to "go to hell and find out" and to "open it yourself if you want to know." It contained a bedspread, two blankets, a rug and some portières, which Eagan said he got from a soldier.

Four Held Under Sullivan Law.

Lario Bava, a laborer, of Feeding Hills, Mass., pleaded guilty in Tombs Police Court to having a revolver in his possession in front of 180 Park Place, and was held for trial in Special Sessions. Rafail Coppola, a peddler, of 184 Hester Street, charged with having a revolver, waived examination and was held for Special Sessions. Gaetano Totto, 219 Grand Street, waived examination and was held for Special Sessions on a similar charge. Nich Napolitano, a restaurant keeper, of 274 Baxter Street, pleaded not guilty to having a revolver and was held for examination Wednesday.

Louis Teichman, 23 years old, of 176 South Ninth Street, Brooklyn, was arrested early last night on a charge of assault. Patrolman Frederick Mutter of the Clinton Street Station said Teichman attacked Louis Kulick of 698 Park Avenue, Brooklyn, in the hallway of a building at the Eldridge Street.

Frank Woodward, 31 years old, and Wallace Yerdon, 21, both giving their addresses as Gouverneur, N. Y., and their occupations as farmers, were arrested at Fifth Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street. They were driven to the corner in a taxicab. A patrolman searched their suitcases and found a loaded revolver in each. In Jefferson Market Court yesterday morning the men pleaded guilty to the charge of violation of the Sullivan law, and were held in $5,000 bail for trial in Special Sessions.

In disposing of the case Magistrate Max Levine remarked that persons arraigned before him in the future on charges of carrying revolvers may not expect liberty pending trial on bail of less than $5,000.

The farmers said they came to New York for a good time and brought the revolvers to protect themselves against holdup men.

INDICT TAXI DRIVER FOR HORTON MURDER

First-Degree Bill Is Found Against Nicholas Loresch, Who Drove Fatal Car.

MRS. BROOKS EXONERATED

Cavanagh Also Establishes Innocence, Dineen Announces—May Free Them Today.

Nicholas Loresch, driver of the taxicab from which was fired the shot that killed Police Lieutenant Floyd Horton on Thursday night, was indicted for murder in the first degree yesterday. Assistant District Attorney Benedict D. Dineen, who moved for the indictment, declared that Mrs. Lucile Emma Brooks and John Cavanagh, two other members of the party in the taxi, had established their innocence of complicity in Lieutenant Horton's death. Joe Loresch, the fourth member of the party, was killed in the pistol duel with the police officer.

Mrs. Brooks and Cavanagh were the principal witnesses before the Grand Jury yesterday. They were brought to the Criminal Court Building, handcuffed together, shortly before noon. Mrs. Brooks brought with her the clothes that she had worn the night Lieutenant Horton was shot. In the dress are four bullet holes, showing that one grazed her abdomen.

Joab H. Banton, former Assistant District Attorney, who is Mrs. Brooks's counsel, and S. R. Rosenblum, attorney for John Walter Brooks, her husband, a Chicago insurance man, were present to look after her interests. Mr. Banton said that he presumed that the State would want his client held as a material witness and added that she could supply bail in any reasonable amount.

The other witnesses called before the Grand Jury were Tyler Hairston, negro porter at the Aberdeen Apartments, 540 West 146th Street, in front of which Lieutenant Horton was killed; Edwin Miller, superintendent of the Aberdeen; Chris Jeffreys, engineer at the Aberdeen; Michael Ken, chauffeur of an automobile that chased the murder car, and Patrolmen Birmingham and England.

Mrs. Brooks convinced the District Attorney of the truth of her story—to the effect that after visiting several drinking places, the party, with the exception of Cavanagh, stopped in front of the Aberdeen and that the events that followed were very hazy in her mind, because of the drink she had had. Her story also cleared Cavanagh, who produced witnesses to show that he had left the car at Columbus Circle before they had gone to the Aberdeen.

Both Mrs. Brooks and Cavanagh, following their arrest Saturday, were held until today without bail in Harlem prison. They were taken back to the prison following their testimony yesterday. With the return of the indictment against Nicholas Loresch today, they will probably be released.

TOLEDO BANDITS KIDNAP BOOKKEEPER IN STREET

Another Band Loots a Woman's Home After Overcoming Her With Ether.

TOLEDO, Dec. 21.—Bandits continued to spread terror among Toledo citizens today, following a $16,500 robbery last night at the offices of the American Railway Express Company in which ten guards were overpowered by six masked men armed with shotguns.

Just before noon today three bandits kidnapped W. O. Baldwin, bookkeeper for the Ohio Dairy Company, and took him to the outskirts of the city, where they threw him from their automobile after robbing him of $650. Baldwin was seized while walking from his own automobile in the downtown section. A blanket was thrown around his head and he was lifted into the bandit machine. He was on his way to a bank with the money.

After being overcome by ether Mrs. W. W. Simmons was bound and gagged by two masked men, who looted her home of everything of value. The men removed the front door screen and entered the house with a skeleton key. The woman was alone when the bandits appeared. After covering her face with a cloth soaked in ether the men gagged her and bound her hand and foot to a chair. Mrs. Simmons is said to be in a critical condition from the shock.

Several other houses and street robberies were reported. The authorities have been unable to find a clue to the identity of the men who robbed the express company, although a diligent search of all criminal resorts has been in progress for more than twenty-four hours.

George P. Greenhaigh, Public Safety Director, today ordered every policeman to forego his one day off a week and to devote that day to "looking for bandits." Henry U. Herbert, Chief of Police, issued a statement in which he advised pedestrians to travel in groups and to look to their window locks at night in an effort to reduce the number of burglaries, which have reached alarming proportions here within the last week.

The police are counting their investigation of the theory that the express company robbery was an "inside job" and suggest the revocation of the licenses of the guards, who made no resistance when the safe containing the $16,500 was taken from them while it was being placed on a truck.

MIDNIGHT ROBBERS CONVICTS AT 4 P. M.

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

telephoned to Mayor Christian Kuhlthau and Constable George Buhl. Buhl came on the run, while the Mayor telephoned the alarm to the homes of citizens, who stole softly out and rounded up their neighbors.

Within ten minutes forty men, armed with rifles, shotguns, axes, pitchforks or anything else that came handy, had gathered before the gaping hole in the bank wall. The four robbers heard them assembling, scrambled out, and made a dash for liberty. If they were armed they made no attempt to fire, but fled as hard as they could in the direction of nearby woods.

Every armed man in the posse opened fire and Voorhees dropped. Watson faltered and some one seized him. The other two dashed on unscathed.

Voorhees was taken to the Michelin Hospital, where Dr. Riva found that a bullet had creased his hat but not his head. Voorhees grinningly admitted himself unhurt and declared "this was to be my very last job." He said the four planned to take their loot by automobile to Trenton and thence to go by train to New York.

Advised to Plead Guilty.

Frank P. Coan of South Amboy was engaged as counsel by the men captured. He advised them that it was useless to try to fight the case. After Prosecutor Joseph E. Stricker in New Brunswick, the county seat, had tried vainly to get some real information as to the identity of their comrades he turned the prisoners over to Assistant Prosecutor John A. Coan, a brother of their counsel. The agreement to waive all formalities followed and Judge Peter F. Daly called a special session of the County Court.

The Judge was told Voorhees was wanted for robbing six stores in New Brunswick and one in Perth Amboy, for the theft of a diamond ring from the Y. M. C. A. in New Brunswick and for an offense in Brooklyn.

In imposing the maximum sentences he could give after the men pleaded guilty to the larceny of $1,000 in bonds Judge Daly swept aside a plea for clemency on the ground that both men had served in the war, saying:

"The curse of this country at the present time is that too many men who served during the war feel that they are entitled to a living without earning it, and I intend to break that up if I can."

The exact amount the robbers got was not learned. At the bank it was said the institution's funds were intact, but that losses from deposit boxes would not be known until there had been a complete check-up. Prosecutor Stricker said the bank would not know if it had lost anything until the funds were audited, adding that he thought $5,000 or $6,000 was an outside estimate.

The robbers had two automobiles near the bank. One was found. The fugitives are believed to have escaped in the second.

Jersey City Watches for Crooks.

Jersey City followed the lead of other towns yesterday in establishing a special watch to guard against an influx of New York crooks because of Police Commissioner Enright's edict of banishment. Police details were stationed at all entrances to the city and were directed to keep special watch on automobiles, while extra precautions were taken at the ferryhouses.

Mindful of the killing of Lieutenant Floyd Horton by a gunman in Manhattan, the order issued by Chief of Police Richard T. Battersby, following a letter sent by Mayor Hague to the Director of Public Safety, directed that parked automobiles should be approached with caution. The police also were directed to examine all persons acting suspiciously in the streets and to examine baggage and bundles whenever it seemed advisable. A special squad was established to investigate new arrivals at hotels and furnished room houses.

Michael Fallon, driver of a Dundee Lake bus, was held up and robbed of $13 Monday night by four armed and masked men at Morlot Bridge, between Paterson and the Bergen County line. He said one of the men wore a sailor's uniform and another an army overcoat. Joseph Formanns, a retired silk dealer, was robbed of $2,000 at the same spot about two weeks ago.

Two men who had their pockets filled with jewelry were arrested early yesterday as they came from the home of S. Federbush at 286 East Thirtieth Street, Paterson. Patrolman Watson aroused the household and found that Miss Elsie Federbush had been chloroformed and bound while she slept. The parents were sleeping in a near-by room unaware of the burglary. Telephone wires in the house had been cut.

The men arrested said they were Frank Reynolds of New Orleans and Frank Ferguson of Philadelphia.

Morris Aronwitz, a chauffeur for the South Side Charcoal Company of 324 South Main Street, Irvington, was held up by two men in an automobile and robbed of $123 of his employers' money in a lonely spot in Communipaw Avenue, near Marcy Avenue, Jersey City, yesterday afternoon.

TELL OF BIG PROFITS ON DEALS IN COAL

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

tion of which he is director had a membership of approximately 600 wholesale coal dealers in the principal cities. He admitted that he was the author of a telegram which Senator Calder produced advising members to refuse information to the Department of Justice during an investigation conducted by Attorney General Palmer. The telegram read as follows:

Washington, July 30, 1920.

Am advised by competent counsel that if you need not answer Department of Justice questionnaire. Important you do not disclose name of operator or his price, as it will prove detrimental to your business. Give your own business only if you care to do so. Please disseminate. CUSHING.

Senator Calder asked the witness who the "competent counsel" referred to in the telegram was.

"Stanchfield & Levy of New York," Mr. Cushing answered.

"Did you send that telegram to all of your six hundred members?" asked Senator Calder.

"No, sir, only to the Directors of the association," the witness replied.

"You say that your association tried to keep prices down. Now, as a matter of fact did not that telegram you sent out on July 30 tend to keep prices up?" Senator Edge asked.

"No, sir, it did not. We were simply standing on our legal rights. Mr. Palmer himself afterward admitted that he was wrong in sending out that questionnaire. I showed the telegram to the Attorney General and he said it was a proper telegram from a legal standpoint. I did not want our members s

168 HELD IN RAID ON 'LITERARY' SHOW

Five Women, 151 Men at Touraine Society Taken to Jail in 10 Patrol Wagons.

ACT INDECENT, IS CHARGE

Station Too Small to Hold All the Prisoners—Spectators and Actors Detained.

In a raid late last night on Geneva Hall, 142 West Forty-fourth Street, where it was alleged a questionable vaudeville performance was being given under the auspices of the Touraine Literary Society, the police arrested not only the principals, but also 150 men who attended the affair. It required ten patrol wagons to transport the prisoners to the West Forty-seventh Street Station, where the desk Lieutenant was confronted with the problem of finding 110 more cells than the station house had. The spectators were charged with disorderly conduct and the alleged producer and participants with giving and taking part in an indecent performance.

Early last evening Inspector Boettler received a tip that the Touraine Literary Society was meeting for purposes other than its name indicated. He assigned one of his men to purchase tickets, and Detectives Hepner, Levine, Sheehan and Lillis were admitted with the regular "members" of the club. Five uniformed patrolmen were stationed outside the hall.

After witnessing some of the "literary" activities of the society the detectives walked to the rear of the hall, closed the door and announced that every person was under arrest. No one attempted to escape, and soon the performers and spectators were being conducted to patrol wagons.

The first wagon to reach the West Forty-seventh Street station brought the alleged principals and performers. They gave their names as Ida Cutlize, 22 years old, of 338 West Forty-eighth Street; Minnie Schweizer, 30, of 244 West Forty-sixth Street; Elsie Harris, 29, of 50 John Street, Brooklyn; Francis Bell, 31, of the same address, and May Collins, 34, who gave her address as 136 West Twelfth Street. The man, who the police said staged the performance, gave his name as Michael Lavallo, 36 years old, of 360 Tenth Avenue.

Early this morning the Desk Lieutenant was still booking the prisoners and arranging for their distribution for the night to other station houses. Under the law each prisoner is entitled to at least three telephone calls to obtain possible bondsmen, and the switchboard operator had a busy time trying to put through the several hundred calls.

Those familiar with the Police Department could not recall when such a procedure had been carried out in similar cases in the past. It was said that the order was in keeping with the plan inaugurated by Commissioner Enright to round up criminals.

81 TAKEN IN TWO RAIDS.

Police Make Big Catch of Alleged Gamblers on East Side.

Eighty-one men were arrested last night in a gambling raid on the lower east side conducted by Inspector William Coleman, Captain Kelly, Captain Blohm and twenty policemen.

The raids were made simultaneously, just before midnight, on two restaurants, one at 269 Broome Street, where the police got twenty-four prisoners, and the other at 276 East Houston Street, where they made fifty-seven prisoners. The police took away fifteen gambling tables from the Broome Street place and twelve tables in Houston Street.

Among the prisoners was William Fronkin, a chauffeur, known in boxing circles as Young Ketchel. The police said that he had trained Willard for his fight with Dempsey and Brennan for his recent match with the champion, and added that he was under bail on a serious charge.

STOP TRAINS FOR BULGARIA.

Jugoslavs Retaliate for Non-Delivery of Coal Pledged by the Treaty.

PARIS, Dec. 21.—The Sofia correspondent of the Temps says that Bulgaria has ceased delivering coal to Jugoslavia and that the Jugoslavs are stopping trains en route to Bulgaria.

The Jugoslavs, the correspondent says, declare that this action has been taken because of the failure of the Bulgarians to execute the clauses of the treaty of Neuilly regarding coal deliveries.

CHIEF NASSAU WITNESS ADMITS DISBARMENT

Counsel for Officials in Gambling Graft Trial Forces Revelation From Man State Called.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, Dec. 21.—Henry A. Uterhart, chief counsel for the four Nassau County officials on trial for alleged conspiracy to protect gambling house proprietors during 1918 and 1919 when the Nassau County Association made its clean-up campaign, aimed a telling blow at the prosecution today. He forced its principal witness, John N. Fleischer, Assistant Secretary of the association, to admit that he had been disbarred from practicing law in Massachusetts in 1907. It was further brought out that the charges in this case related to the collection of moneys which, it was alleged by the complainants, were collected for them and withheld by Fleischer.

When the witness was asked why he had not disclosed the fact of his disbarment, he said that he had tried to forget it because he was ashamed. The witness further retorted that he had been advised by John J. Graham, a former partner of Mr. Uterhart, to try to forget this difficulty.

Fleischer could not be shaken from his story that Thomas A. McWhinney, Republican leader and member of the Lockwood Committee, once had offered him $2,000 on condition that the Nassau County Association cease its activities against gamblers.

In addition to Mr. McWhinney, the other officials on trial are Sheriff W. Smith, Postmaster Thomas H. O'Keefe of Oyster Bay and Supervisor George Wilber Doughty of Inwood, Republican leader of Nassau County.

Neil H. Vandewater, counsel for the Nassau County Association, testified that he had overheard part of a conversation on a train between Fleischer and O'Keefe, in which O'Keefe referred to the "noise" that Fleischer was raising about gambling, and then suggested that he would like to make Fleischer "a little proposition." To this Fleischer was alleged to have replied: "All right. You can see me most any time."

That Doughty had telephoned warning of an impending raid against Shaughnessy's place, opposite the Blossom Heath Inn, at Lynbrook, was the substance of the testimony of David Weiss, former head waiter at the inn.

Charles N. Wysong, former District Attorney of Nassau County, denied he had warned any one of threatened raids on gambling houses in Nassau County. The trial will be continued tomorrow.

DOUBTS LOST BALLOON CROSSED THE BORDER

Canadian Air Board Finds No Trace of American Bag Missing More Than a Week.

With the Canadian Air Board cooperating with Army and Navy agencies and the State rangers, the intensive search for the Navy balloon A-5598, missing since it left Rockaway Point Air Station a week ago Monday, was continued without success yesterday. At a late hour last night no word of the balloon, which carried Lieutenant Walter Hinton, Lieutenant Stephen A. Farrell and Louis A. Kloor Jr., had been received by their anxious comrades at Rockaway.

The Canadian Air Board expressed doubt that the airship had crossed into Canada, as many messages of inquiry had been sent by it to points throughout the Ottawa section several days ago and no replies had been received. Lieutenant A. W. Evans, in charge of the navy's search, said he was working on the theory that the A-5598 did not land in the Adirondacks, but had drifted into the region north of Ottawa.

From Glens Falls came a report that the army De Haviland plane flown by Lieutenant L. V. Beau had scoured 300 miles of territory over the Adirondacks. Lieutenant Beau said he could find no trace of the missing balloon and tha he would make another flight today.

Residents of North Hero, Vt., on an island in Lake Champlain, believe the naval airship passed over there on Sunday night. Several persons reported seeing an airship, brightly lighted, going in a southwesterly direction and flying at a low altitude toward Plattsburg, N. Y. In support of the belief that the craft was a balloon they declared they heard no sounds of motors.

In regard to a news dispatch reporting that a carrier pigeon with tag No. 34 attached to its leg had been found dead at Rochester the officers at Rockaway Point said it was not one of those carried by the A-5598.

Towboat Contract Renewed.

Harbor workers on towboats and the Towboat Exchange, representing the independent towboat owners, yesterday afternoon renewed for another year the existing contract, it was said last night at the headquarters of the Marine Engineers' Beneficial Association, 26 Park Place. The men had asked for an increase and the owners for a decrease in wages.

HETTRICK GROUP OF PLUMBERS HELD

Bail Given by 28 Individuals and 24 Corporations Before Justice McAvoy.

LAWYER HEADS THE LIST

Two of Brindell's Walking Delegates Among Those Indicted for Violation of Donnelly Act.

Twenty-eight individuals and twenty-four corporations, comprising the so-called Hettrick group of plumbers, were arraigned before Justice McAvoy in the Criminal Term of the Supreme Court yesterday on indictments returned Monday, which charged them with violations of the Donnelly Anti-Monopoly act. Bail of $5,000 was fixed in the case of each individual after all of the defendants had pleaded not guilty with the usual reservations relating to change of pleas.

The list of individuals was headed by John T. Hettrick, whose "code of practice," alleged to have been put into effect to prevent competition, was used by the plumbers, as well as limestone contractors and heating and ventilating contractors. William J. Doran and William H. Chapman, walking delegates of Robert P. Brindell's Building Trades Council, were also indicted. All three are under indictment on other charges growing out of the investigation by the Lockwood committee.

Among the thirty-nine witnesses called by the Extraordinary Grand Jury, which is acting on charges growing out of the housing inquiry, were several members of the Hettrick group of cut-stone men, who also were indicted under the Donnelly act, and who escaped with fines on the recommendation of Samuel Untermyer, chief counsel for the Lockwood committee. It was in consideration of the future services of the indicted cut-stone men in inquiries relating to other groups, and particularly to the leaders, that the cut-stone men escaped a jail sentence.

The individuals indicted Monday besides Hettrick, Doran and Chapman were:

George Connelly,	Jeremiah L. Murphy,
James Connelly,	Frank B. Lassure,
John L. Knight,	Joseph H. Jasper,
Herbert Smith,	Jacob Jarcho,
Harry Hemlin,	Morris Jarcho,
Monroe M. Golding,	Edward Slosson
Patrick F. Kenny,	William J. Cornell,
Charles A. Murphy,	John J. Falihee,
Frank J. Fee,	Thomas F. McCaul,
Milton Schnaier,	David Dolgan,
John C. O'Neill,	Michael Canavan,
Isidor Pollack,	William Wallace.
James McCullagh,	

The corporations were Kenny-Moran Company, Inc.; J. McMillan Company, Inc.; N. S. Rittenhouse, Inc.; F. J. Barth Plumbing and Heating Company; J. S. Murphy Company, Inc.; John E. Well, Inc.; Monroe M. Golding, Inc.; Charles H. Darmstadt, Inc.; George F. Gibson Company; Thomas P. McLoughlin, Inc.; W. Y. Jack Company; Alexander Brant Company; Canavan & Deignan, Inc.; Falihee & McCaul, Inc.; W. G. Cornell Company, Hopkin Plumbing Corporation, Jarcho Brothers, Inc.; J. H. Jasper, Inc.; Lasette & Murphy, Inc.; James McCullagh Company, Pollack & O'Neill, Inc.; Milton Schnaier Contracting Corporation, Wells & Newton Company and William Young Plumbing Company.

All of the defendants furnished bail. Justice McAvoy gave them until Dec. 28 to make the usual motions.

The Extraordinary Grand Jury was in session again yesterday, but did not return any additional indictments. It will report into court again tomorrow afternoon.

TAX EXEMPTION DEFEATED.

Aldermen Reject Ordinance to Lift Levy on New Dwellings.

The Board of Aldermen, by a vote of 34 to 28, defeated yesterday the resolution which had been before it for some time to exempt from taxation for two years all buildings erected for dwelling purposes, as an aid to the housing situation. The resolution was lost by a non-partisan vote, President LaGuardia leaving the chair to oppose and vote against it from the floor. Following the plan proposed in the last Legislature the resolution would exempt from taxation between April 1, 1920, and April 1, 1922, one-family houses costing $10,000, two-family houses costing $20,000 and apartment houses costing $10,000 for each apartment.

Alderman Charles H. Haubert of Brooklyn declared the situation in the building line was not so acute as when the Legislature passed the law giving cities permission to pass a tax exemption ordinance.

"If the ordinance becomes a law," said the Brooklyn Alderman, "the person who owned property for five or ten years before the ordinance went into effect is going to carry the burden that the new construction will be relieved of, and the owner of the new property may charge any rent he chooses while the old property owner has to go to the courts to prove that he is not a profiteer. The emergency is not a real one at the present time and the interest of property owners of the present time should be conserved."

Alderman William T. Collins, Chairman of the Welfare Committee which had been considering the proposed ordinance, for several weeks, said it was not a question of taking away taxes from the city but a question of allowing the people of the city to live decently. He said it would be worth all it cost in tax exemption.

Health Commissioner Royal S. Copeland made a plea for the passage of the ordinance, declaring it was in the interest of the health of the community.

RENT ACTION RULE UPSET.

Cohalan Decides Landlord May Sue in His Own District.

The landlords won a point yesterday when Supreme Court Justice Cohalan upset a ruling by the Board of Municipal Court Justices that suits against tenants must be brought in the district in which the tenants reside, and if brought in any other district the suit must be dismissed.

Mrs. Annie Nassoit, owner of the premises at 546 West 147th Street, sued Walter K. Hirschberg to recover rent and his attorney applied to have the suit dismissed by Justice Young because the action was not brought in the proper district. Mrs. Nassoit then sued the Justice and the tenant for a writ of prohibition to prevent such action and to test the law. Justice Cohalan decided that there is no reason for disregarding the Municipal Court code provision that the suit may be brought in the district where either the landlord or tenant resides.

Under this decision a landlord residing in a distant part of Brooklyn and owning property in the uppermost part of Manhattan may compel the tenant to go to Brooklyn to defend a rent case.

FOR OPEN SHOP IN NATION.

Credit Men's Secretary Blames Labor Leaders for Conditions.

A plea for the open shop "from coast to coast" was made by John H. Tregoe, Secretary-Treasurer of the National Credit Men's Association, in speaking to the Purchasing Agents' Association of New York last night. Reviewing the country's business history for the last two years, Mr. Tregoe deplored the wave of cancellation which has followed declining prices, and continued:

"I include labor in my indictment of those responsible for the present situation—not the laboring man himself, but the labor leaders. These men have decried the ownership of wealth, while cramming their own pockets with the filthy lucre. I believe that we won't live right until the principle of the open shop prevails from coast to coast and from Mexico to Canada."

SALEEBY JURY DISAGREES.

Is Dismissed by Court After Nine and a Half Hours' Deliberation.

The jury in the case of Samuel K. Saleeby, a Brooklyn druggest, on trial bofere Supreme Court Justice Kapper on a charge of manslaughter growing out of the death of nearly a hundred persons in New England last Winter from drinking wood alcohol was dismissed at 1:30 o'clock this morning after having deliberated for nine and one-half hours, failing to reach an agreement. Saleeby was charged with having negotiated the sale of the wood alcohol, and his defense was that he had merely acted as a broker and thought that the product was grain alcohol.

COUSINS EMBEZZLED FUNDS TO GAMBLE

Two in Wilmington Plead Guilty and Receive Sentences of Eight Years Each.

COVERED STOCK MARGINS

One Was a Bank Official, the Other a Company Treasurer—North Dakota Banker Arrested.

WILMINGTON, Del., Dec. 21.—William Bush and his cousin, Charles F. Eastman, both prominent in the business and social life of Wilmington, pleaded guilty to embezzlement today and each was sentenced to eight years in the County Workhouse. They began their sentences immediately.

Bush, who was Secretary and Treasurer of the Wilmington Savings Fund Society, admitted taking securities valued at $200,000 belonging to the institution to cover margins in stock speculation, while Eastman pleaded guilty to embezzling $36,000 worth of securities from the Hercules Powder Company, of which he was Assistant Treasurer. Prior to becoming connected with the Powder company, Eastman was employed by the same bank in which his cousin was an officer.

In presenting the indictment, Attorney General Reinhardt said there also had been a defalcation in the funds of the First Central Presbyterian Church, of which Eastman was Treasurer, amounting to $20,000 in Liberty bonds. "Besides," the Attorney General added, "$9,000 in cash entrusted to Eastman by friends to buy them Hercules stock is missing. This was used by Eastman to cover his own margins."

The Attorney General said that Bush began his peculations three years ago and that the total amount involved, including $8,000 worth of Liberty bonds, was about $200,000, the Liberty bonds subsequently were returned, Mr. Reinhardt said.

Bush, who also was a lawyer, requested that his name be stricken from the list of members of the Newcastle County bar. The Court ordered that this be done.

The sentencing of the cousins in the same court, on the same day, to the same term in jail, on similar charges was one of the most remarkable legal coincidences in Wilmington ever witnessed.

Bush was arrested last Thursday, while Eastman was taken into custody yesterday.

TOWNER, N. D., Dec. 21.—H. H. B. Bergh, cashier of the First National Bank of Towner, was arrested today on a charge of embezzlement following the closing of the bank yesterday on order of Fred L. Brown, Chief Examiner of the Federal Reserve Bank of the Ninth District.

Irregularities in the conduct of the bank caused the closing, Mr. Brown said today. Bergh was arrested on complaint of Horace Bagley, temporarily in charge of the bank, who said the introduction into the bank of forged securities totaling between $40,000 and $50,000 had been disclosed.

To Command Jersey Militia.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 21.—Colonel Howard S. Borden of Red Bank, commanding the Sixth Regiment National Guard of New Jersey, was elected tonight a Brigadier General to command the entire State militia.

CONFER ON STRIKE BAR FOR THE PENNSYLVANIA

Unions Decide to Co-operate With Officials in Starting Labor Adjustment Plan.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 21.—Three hundred official representatives of the 50,000 union trainmen employed on the Pennsylvania Railroad were called into consultation here today with Vice President W. W. Atterbury and other operating officials upon methods of avoiding strikes and improving the general service of the railroad. They decided to co-operate with the operating officials in setting up machinery for the settlement of labor disputes over the entire system.

The railroad was represented at the conference by virtually all the vice presidents, general managers and general superintendents from all regions of the system. Four railroad brotherhoods were represented. They were the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Enginemen and Firemen, the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Order of Railway Conductors.

General Atterbury proposed that the employes from regional organizations conform to the regional divisions of the system so that problems could be handled more quickly and any strike would be made virtually impossible because the machinery would be available to prevent it. He referred indirectly to the last "outlaw strike," which badly crippled the Pennsylvania.

"This occasion is unique," said Vice President Atterbury. "Never before, so far as I know, have the officers ever invited the representatives of the employes to a conference. Heretofore the request has come from the employes, and then only when they had something to ask in the way of increased wages, improved working conditions or adjustment of grievances.

"The successful solution of the problems that are before you, if carried to a logical solution, means that not only will there never be a strike but that it will never be necessary to take a strike vote on the Pennsylvania system. It should mean the setting up of proper machinery for the prompt consideration of changed working conditions and of grievances, and finally that, failing to agree between yourselves on a settlement of any of these questions, there shall have been provided beforehand the machinery of a tribunal to which the questions can be submitted for final decision."

WITHHOLD WILSON DECISION

Premiers Will First Discuss Turkish Situation and Treaty Changes.

PARIS, Dec. 21.—The French Foreign Office stated today it had been decided not to make public President Wilson's Armenian boundary decision, at least until after the meeting of the Entente Premiers on the Mediterranean coast early in January, when possible revision of the treaty with Turkey will be one of the most important subjects discussed.

This decision was taken, it was said, because President Wilson's decision was based on the implication that the Sèvres treaty would be ratified, and the Foreign Office doubted now whether such ratification would be given.

RUMANIA INTERNS JEWS.

12,000 Affected Fled From Ukrainian Pogroms to Bessarabia.

PARIS, Dec. 21 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).—The Rumanian Government has ordered the internment of 12,000 Jewish refugees in Bessarabia, says a dispatch received by the Committee of Jewish Delegations in this city from Bucharest today. Most of the refugees were victims of the pogroms in the Ukraine, the dispatch adds.

A Vienna dispatch of Dec. 7 said the Rumanian Government had announced that it would intern all the Ukrainian refugees in Bessarabia, the great majority of whom were pogrom victoms.

TIFFANY & CO.

FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET

CLOCKS BRONZES LAMPS
CHINA AND GLASS

RAG CONTENT

WHEN business writing paper is made of wood pulp mixed with rags it is called "rag content" paper. This name is used no matter what the proportion of rags. The rags are added to make the paper more durable.

Most writing paper is rag-content paper. A very good paper can be made in this way. The greater the quantity of rags, the better the paper.

But CRANE'S Bond is not a rag-content paper. It is an all-rag paper. More, it is an all-new-rag paper. It has a toughness and crispness much desired by companies issuing high-class securities. Such securities are seldom, if ever, engraved on anything but CRANE'S Bond.

100% selected new rag stock
119 years' experience
Bank notes of 22 countries
Paper money of 438,000,000 people
Government bonds of 18 nations

Crane's
BUSINESS PAPERS

57TH STREET ART GALLERIES, Inc.
Alfred F. Gasweiler, Auctioneer
Thirty-three West Fifty-seventh Street
Rug Sale Extraordinary
Oriental and Domestic Rugs and Carpets, including a Magnificent Collection of Old American Hook Rugs, by order of MISS ADA L. HILLYER of Crescent Beach, Conn. and others in interest.
AUCTION SALE THIS DAY,
Thursday and Friday, Dec. 22, 23 & 24,
at 2:30 P. M. each day.
Also
DIAMOND AND GOLD JEWELRY
for the account of a Maiden Lane Concern.
Sale Tomorrow Afternoon, Dec. 23, at 3:30 P. M.

ARREST 'NICK' COHEN IN WASHINGTON

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

Fallon told the Judge he had a witness to offer who would not be here until after 3 P. M.

"We have been looking for Cohen since Feb. 10, and there is a $5,000 reward out for him. These New York detectives made no report to John T. Dooling of the District Attorney's office that New York or that they were to make the arrests nor to their superior officers in New York. Before they left the little conference we had tonight they admitted that perhaps they had made 'a big mistake' in not reporting to their superior officers, but of course a mistake of that kind on their part was not our fault.

"We have subpoenaed both detectives to appear tomorrow as witnesses in the case and tell how they came to arrest this man without any one knowing of it in advance.

"Cohen is arrested on a charge of conspiracy, and is now under indictment along with Arnstein. We will try him later, as soon as we can get to the bottom of this arrest.

"Mr. Dooling is here as a witness for the prosecution. I have him under subpoena."

In speaking about the circumstances surrounding the arrest of Cohen, Mr. Dooling said:

"I have always said that 'Nicky' Arnstein was not the master mind in the thefts of securities from brokerages in the financial district. The arrest of this fellow is only the beginning of a series of startling developments in connection with this case. The connection of prominent men with the disposal of the stolen securities and the ramifications of the conspiracy in connection with the thefts of the securities I feel certain will now become known.

"I cannot understand why Detective Sergeant Mayer did not inform me of the possibility of his arrest of Cohen. I cannot understand how Mayer happened to be in Washington today, when, as he alleged, he met Cohen at the station. I would naturally expect that he would inform me right away of Cohen's arrest, instead of locking him up in Police Headquarters and then telephoning to me that I'd better come over to Police Headquarters right away, 'because Cohen was kind of balky.'

"There have been many things in connection with this case that have mystified the prosecution both in Washington and in New York."

Arnstein Case Goes to Jury Today.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21 (Associated Press.)—The case of Jules W. (Nicky) Arnstein and others, charged with having conspired to bring into the District of Columbia securities stolen in New York, will go to the jury tomorrow under an agreement reached today by counsel.

The defense began presenting its case with George H. Boothby and Thomas B. Hanley, New York newspaper men, called to tell of an interview they had with Joseph Gluck, one of the defendants and star witness for the prosecution, in Assistant District Attorney Dooling's office in New York last May. They said Gluck told them he had given no securities to Arnstein, received no money from him and that "Arnstein had nothing to do with this affair."

Boothby, under cross-examination, said he had first met Arnstein on the day the defendant surrendered himself and once that time had been entertained at the Arnstein home.

Justice Gould denied a motion for dismissal in behalf of Wilen W. Easterday, one of the defendants, on the ground that he had not been connected by the prosecution with the alleged conspiracy.

TELL UNTERMYER THEY WILL REFORM

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

situation as disclosed, your association and the corporation would like to disband and dissolve? A—Yes, sir.

Q—And you have called a meeting to that effect? A—We have called a meeting for Thursday night, and we intend to disband the association and dissolve the corporation.

Q—And to do away with this contract with the union, that binds you to do away with everything, and each man to be a free lance, and go in and compete? A—Yes, sir.

Q—You understand that we can promise no immunity? A—Yes, sir.

Q—And you will have to stand the responsibility for your acts? A—Yes, sir.

Shortly after Kennedy took the stand Mr. Untermyer read into the record the constitution and by-laws of the masons' association. These showed that the organization was formed for the purpose, among others, of "the procurement of unanimity in the methods of dealing with the customers." Minimum prices were fixed and a fine of $500 was imposed on members violating the rules. Fines had to be paid in thirty days, under penalty of expulsion.

Punishment for Objectors.

If any member made a contract with a building owner who refused to abide by the rules of the association "on the ground that our rules are not acceptable to him," it was the duty of the Secretary to notify the members, who were forbidden to do any work for the recalcitrant owner.

It was also provided that if an owner lost a building by foreclosure or otherwise, no member of the association would be permitted to work on the building until all claims on it had been paid by the new owner, even though the members had no lien on the building.

Pursuant to the by-laws the members filed their contracts with the association, the witness admitted. Mr. Untermyer placed on the record a receipt for $250 from R. Ciccarone, a member, as illustrating that fines were imposed for violation of the rules.

The by-laws of the corporation were introduced in evidence. Kennedy described how the shares in the corporation were distributed.

"What does this corporation do for the association?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"Well, it is more of a beneficiary corporation than it is anything else," replied Kennedy.

Q—Beneficiary with a $900 capital? A—Yes, but there are six or eight men there that haven't done any work, old man, that belonged to the association that haven't done any work, and they will get their share.

Q.—This is for the benefit of old men who do no work? A.—I don't say so, but they get the benefit.

Q.—Never mind about that. It isn't for the benefit of the old men. It is for the benefit of the men who work? A.—They are all supposed to work.

Q.J The men who belong to the association and get no work, they get their share of the profits of this association, don't they? A.—Yes, sir, according to their certificate.

Q.—Whether they take a job or don't take a job, they have the same interest in the profits of this corporation? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—They all get their share of the 3 cents a foot that is paid into that corporation, don't they? A.—Yes, sir.

Had Consulted Lawyers.

When asked whether the by-laws had been advised by counsel, Kennedy said that Menken Brothers and a lawyer named Wechsler had been consulted.

Taking up the by-laws again, Mr. Untermyer disclosed that prices for stone work were changed from time to time by a vote of two-thirds of the stockholders in the corporation.

Kennedy declared that the masons fixed prices at which their work was to be done "in order to make a living." It never occurred to him, he said, that this was a flagrant violation of the law.

According to the rules of the association, twenty-four hours after signing a contract a member was obliged to file a duplicate of it with the secretary, and the amount of stone work named he was expected to pay 3 cents a cubic yard.

The idea of the corporation, Kennedy said, was that nominally all the contractors were to do their work under the guise of the corporation, but it was agreed that they were permitted to retain the proceeds except the 3 cents a cubic foot. An additional assessment of 18 cents a yard on "dry stone walls" was also paid into the corporation.

Several letters from members proving their payments to the corporation were put into the record by Mr. Untermyer.

Mr. Untermyer produced a circular of the association which stated that at a meeting on July 15, 1919, specific prices were fixed. On stonework the price of 20 cents a cubic foot was placed for labor, sand and cement. For labor, sand, cement and stone the price was 25 cents and for concrete the price was 35 cents.

The association, at the meeting voted to inflict severe penalties on members who violated the prices.

"And you have blissfully gone on on the theory that you gentlemen had a right to do this?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"Yes," said Kennedy.

"And you are still blissfully in that state of mind?"

"Yes."

Q.—Having boosted the price in July, 1919, to 20 cents, 25 cents and 35 cents, you boosted it again, later, didn't you?. A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—The next time you gave it a pretty good boost, didn't you? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—You boosted it for stone work to 40 cents and concrete work, 55 cents? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—That was in May, 1920, wasn't it? A.—I guess so.

It was brought out by Mr. Untermyer that when the masons raised the wages of their employes from 10 to 20 per cent. they increased the price of their services from 90 to 100 per cent.

Mr. Untermyer read into the record agreements made between the separate members of the association and the corporation. Kennedy insisted that no dividends had been distributed by the corporation because one member, in September, refused to pay his share into the fund. He denied that payments had ceased since the committee began its public hearings. He also asserted that the members were not abiding by the fixed price arrangement, but could not tell when they began to disregard this practice.

Under the questioning of Mr. Untermyer the witness told of an agreement between the association and Local 74 of the Bricklayers' Union whereby the members agreed to employ none but union men and the union agreed to work for none but association members. The agreement was read into the record. Kennedy did not think it "a pretty stiff" arrangement.

Says Union Broke Agreement.

Under the agreement an employer not a member of the association could not get union men. Kennedy stoutly maintained that the agreement had been broken by the union.

Q.—If that agreement were followed, your association could have barred out anybody from doing mason work in the City of New York—unless he joined your association, couldn't you? A.—Yes, sir. What did we have the organization for?

Q.—So you had it for the purpose of forcing everybody to go in? A.—Anybody could come in.

Q.—I say, you had it for the purpose of forcing everybody to come in? A.—The same as any other association.

Q.—I say, you had it in order to force everybody to go in? A.—Yes.

The minutes of a meeting of the association indicated that Louis Mazzola, delegate of the masons' union, was invited "to attend our meetings as often as he can." Mazzola is the delegate who forced Antonio Brescia, a contractor, out of business when he refused to remain in the association, according to Brescia's statement before the committee.

Kennedy denied that the employers paid Mazzola $50, as testified to by Brescia, but admitted that they gave him a Ford car, which was stolen from him a month later. When asked whether he considered it proper that employers should present a union delegate with an automobile, the witness said that Mazzola "did honest work for the car," helping the employers obtain workingmen.

The witness disclaimed any intention of giving Mazzola another car, as "the feeling" of the members toward him had changed.

Mr. Loeb, who said there were seventeen members in the rofers association, which is affiliated with the Building Trades Employers Association, admitted that if any member desired to guarantee work for ten years the owner of the building was penalized an additional 3 per cent. for each year beyond the two years which the association warranted its work. The owner of a building was forced to pay an additional 24 per cent. for work which was warranted for 10 years, Lees admitted.

Firm Denied Admission.

When the Johns-Manville Company applied for membership admission was refused because it guaranteed its work for ten years, the witness testified.

Lees said that last week, after members of the association had been subpoenaed to appear before the Lockwood committee, a meeting was held and it was decided to change the by-laws.

Q.—How soon are you going to do away with this iniquitous guarantee business? A.—Just as soon as we can get a regular meeting to have the by-laws altered, I told you that, Mr. Untermyer.

Q.—You are going to take that right out? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Then the people of this city can get composition roof with a ten-year guarantee without a 24 per cent. penalty? A.—Yes, sir.

Members of the association, said Mr. Lees, did an interstate business and came under the regulations of the Sherman anti-trust laws.

The witness admitted that the regulations of the association were handicapping building construction, and promised that the organization would "mend its ways." It was disclosed that the association had an agreement with the union in the trade whereby the union gave preference in employment to the association's members. This contract was approved by the Building Trades Employers' Association. Lees admitted that a member not in the association was put at a disadvantage because of this agreement.

The association, according to Lees, had an arrangement by which one member could not finish a job begun by another and which was stopped "for any reason whatever." The members agreed on rates of wages to be paid and sent circulars to this effect to all the members.

"Former Group" Records Destroyed.

Trulock, former secretary of the Association of Manufacturers of Metal Doors and Windows, testified that the records of the "inner group" of five members were destroyed by him about a year ago, when he changed the location of his office. He gave the records to the janitor and asked him to get rid of them.

Rapoport, the present secretary, said the association's members do about 65 per cent. of the business in their line in the city. When asked whether his association had a code of ethics, he replied in the negative. When Mr. Untermyer produced a copy of it he changed his mind, but said that it had not been adopted. Under further examination he declared only part of it had been adopted. Finally, when confronted with the minutes, Rapoport admitted that the entire "code of ethics," with the exception of one paragraph, had been adopted. He was being examined when the session adjourned.

The meeting yesterday was serene with the exception of one interruption by Senator Abraham Kaplan, who attempted to reply to Mr. Untermyer's newspaper attack on him. Mr. Untermyer objected, and after a dispute with the Senator, Chairman Lockwood ruled that the committee take up the matter in executive session. The entire committee, with the exception of Senator Kaplan, voted for the executive session. The session lasted twenty minutes, and when the members returned to the Aldermanic chamber no statement as to what occurred was made. The committee went on with its work, and there were no further interruptions from Senator Kaplan.

After the morning session Senator Kaplan made public the statement he tried to read into the record. It repeated his previous declaration that the limestone men should have been sent to jail instead of being permitted to pay fines and demanded that Mr. Untermyer place before the committee the names of the men "higher up" in the limestone transaction.

One of the busiest spectators during the day was Leonard M. Wallstein Jr., the ten-year-old son of Leonard M. Wallstein, associate counsel to the committee. The boy, clad in knickerbockers, Norfolk jacket and Eton collar, took a seat opposite the witness stand and followed the testimony closely. He took copious notes of Mr. Untermyer's examination of witnesses and explained to an inquirer that for some time he had been unable to make up his mind whether to take up medicine or law as a career. He took the first opportunity on the initial day of his Christmas holidays to visit the committee in order to make a choice. After listening to the proceedings young Wallstein said he decided definitely to take up the practice of law. He was impressed by Mr. Untermyer's cross-examination, he said, and voted for a legal career "because it was easier to ask questions than to answer them," and he wanted to do the asking.

The committee will meet at the City Hall at 10:30 this morning.

Convicted on Tenant's Complaint.

William Mackenzie, manager of the Schuyler Arms, at 307 West Ninety-eighth Street, was convicted in Special Sessions yesterday of a violation of Section 2020 of the penal law covering failure to furnish gas and telephone service to a tenant of the building. Isaac Kahn, a salesman, who is a tenant of the Schuyler Arms, was the complainant. Mackenzie contended that the building was a hotel and was not covered by the law. Justices Herbert, Salman and McInerney suspended sentence.

The F.T.D.A.

An Association Formed to Give YOU Service.

WE ARE MEMBERS

2,000 leading florists thruout this country and Canada are under bond to fill conscientiously every order wired or phoned to them BY US for delivery to your friends.

Place Your Orders Now

FOR FLOWERS OR PLANTS FOR

Christmas and New Year's

FOR LOCAL OR OUT-OF-TOWN DELIVERY WITH

MAX SCHLING INC.

785 FIFTH AVE.

between 59th and 60th Streets

New York

PHONES PLAZA 7241-7242

THE ABOVE IS OUR ONLY SHOP IN NEW YORK CITY

"Say It With Flowers"

JUSTICE SHOOT KAGY

Miss Neely, Friend of McGannon, Tells How She Trailed Him and Witnessed Killing.

CHARGES HE OFFERED BRIBE

Her Sister, Hidden in Closet, Heard Offer, She Testifies in Cleveland Trial.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 21.—At this afternoon's session of the second degree murder trial of William H. McGannon, Chief Justice of the Municipal Court, charged with killing Harold S. Kagy last May, Miss May E. Neely, a nurse, for sixteen years the friend of McGannon, took the witness stand and swore she saw him shoot Kagy and also swore that the Judge offered her $500 to "keep her mouth shut" about the shooting and to go to County Prosecutor Baskin and retract what she had told him and the Grand Jury regarding the case. She testified that her sister, Mrs. Louis Webb, was concealed in a closet in the room at the time and heard the offer of $500.

"I saw McGannon pull something from his pocket, and simultaneously a shot rang out. Then Harold Kagy lurched forward," Miss Neely testified.

Seven days after the shooting, she testified, she went to the Judge's private office and told him to make public the facts, advising him to say the shot was fired accidentally, and also offered to take the blame for the shooting.

"It is too late now," she testified McGannon replied.

These were the high spots in Cleveland's sensational murder trial. The courtroom was packed, and hundreds outside fought, in spite of locked doors, to gain admission.

Miss Neely told how she followed McGannon on the day of the murder and trailed his automobile to East Ninth Street and Hamilton Avenue, where Kagy was shot. She said that McGannon and Kagy left an East End apartment house together on the morning of the shooting.

She testified that she met Judge McGannon sixteen years ago, and that for the first few yers of their acquaintance she saw him every day. Up to six years ago, she said, she had seen him every week; up to one year ago, every six or eight weeks, and during the last year she again saw him every day.

The attorneys for the defense made every effort to prevent Miss Neely telling the story of her relations with McGannon, and the reasons for her following him on the day of the shooting. She testified that she had talked with Judge McGannon's wife on the day of the murder, but an objection by attorneys for the defense was sustained by Judge Bernon, and this testimony was stricken out.

On the day of the murder, she said, she went to the Cleveland Bar Association, but was unable to give the reason because of an objection by the defense.

It is known that Miss Neely has filed a complaint with the association against the Judge. It was on this complaint that the association based its grounds for disbarment proceedings that are now pending against McGannon.

After ten minutes' cross-examination the defense excused Miss Neely until tomorrow morning.

Several witnesses testified at the morning session. A. U. Short repeated the testimony he gave at the trial of John W. Joyce, who was acquitted of the charge of killing Kagy, that he saw the "big man" at the murder scene fire the shot that killed the "little man." He could not identify McGannon as the "third man" present at the shooting, but his description of the man who fired the shot had much resemblance to that of the Judge given by previous witnesses.

He testified that the "big man" shouted, "Come here!" to the "little man," and then drew a revolver from his pocket and fired. He did not see a pistol in the "big man's" hand, but saw a flash of fire as the report of the shot rang out.

Short was followed on the stand by Detectives John Burkhardt and John Skala, who testified that they saw Judge McGannon intoxicated on Superior Avenue after 12:30 A. M., the time, McGannon testified in the Joyce trial, at which he boarded a street car several blocks from the scene of the shooting.

PARIS IN NEED OF RADIUM.

Parliament Asked to Authorize Purchase of 2,000,000 Francs' Worth.

PARIS, Dec. 21.—Authority to purchase two grams of radium for Paris hospitals has been asked of the Finance Commission of Parliament by Yves le Trocquer, Minister of Public Works, of 2,000,000 francs.

One gram is available in Mme. Curie's laboratory here and the other must be purchased abroad, either in London or New York. The cost, therefore, will be twice or thrice the normal price, owing to exchange conditions.

REPLIES TO GERMANS

Conclusions on Reparations and Related Questions to Be Presented Before Adjournment.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 21 (Associated Press).—The allied experts participating in the second conference here between representatives of the Allies and Germany to discuss German reparations devoted today to completing their individual reports on treaty modifications. These probably will be presented at an interallied conference this afternoon.

It is possible there will be no further full sessions of the conference until the experts reconvene in January. The various delegates expect to leave Brussels for home Wednesday night or Thursday morning.

The reports of the allied experts to be submitted to the interallied meeting this afternoon constitute replies to the arguments of the German delegation upon the questions under discussion. These are reparations in goods, merchandise and labor; commercial reciprocity; merchant marine; the armies of occupation, and German property abroad. The two latter questions especially were carefully examined in private by the experts this morning. The reports draw conclusions which are unanimous among the Allies and will be presented to the Germans.

Progress made since the beginning of the Second Financial Conference has encouraged allied delegates to believe that when the conference adjourns for Christmas minor differences between them and the Germans will have disappeared. It was believed here today that by that time the allied delegates will have a fair estimate of what concessions will be necessary to make Germany strong enough to pay reparations.

Both sides continue to be conciliatory and the fact that the conference will reconvene on Jan. 10 is considered as a hopeful augury.

LONDON BANK OFFICIALS PUT UNDER ARREST

Two of the Farrow Organization Are Accused of Having Falsified Statements.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—A sequel to the crash yesterday of Farrow's Bank, which has brought misery to thousands of small depositors just at the Christmastide, was the appearance in the Mansion House today of two officials connected with the bank, Frederick Harb, accountant, and William Walter Crotch, banker. They were charged by the Public Prosecutor with publishing, together with Thomas Farrow, founder of the bank, a report and balance sheet for the year ended in June last which they knew to be false.

Both Harb and Crotch were remanded for three weeks on bail, Crotch in two sureties of £10,000 each and £20,000 of his own money and Harb in two sureties of £5,000 each and £10,000 of his own. Farrow was placed under arrest, but is reported to be too ill to be removed.

During the last nine years, the prosecuting attorney asserted, there had been heavy annual losses amounting to upward of £1,000,000, and during that time the accounts had been manipulated. The crash was due entirely to unsound methods of finance and reckless trading, the attorney declared, emphasizing that the failure was not attributable to the war or to post-war conditions, the general financial position of the country being absolutely sound.

Stay Execution in Rumely Case.

A stay of execution was granted yesterday by Federal Judge Grubb to Dr. Edward A. Rumely, S. Walter Kaufman and Norvin R. Lindheim, who were sentenced on Monday to serve terms of one year and one day each in the Atlanta Penitentiary for concealing from the Alien Property Custodian the German ownership of The Evening Mail. Each of the defendants was released in $10,000 bail pending an appeal.

CONFESS TO SEDITION

Seventy Offer No Defense to Charges Growing Out of Riot When Eleven Were Slain.

SEVEN PLEAD INNOCENCE

All Accused of Attacking City Police of Their Own Race — Face Ten Years in Prison.

MANILA, Dec. 21.—Seventy members of the Philippine constabulary pleaded guilty here today on charges of sedition in connection with the riot with Filipino military police last Thursday night, which resulted in eleven deaths.

Seven other constables arrested in connection with the riot pleaded not guilty when arraigned today.

Hearing of the cases of the seven pleading not guilty was set for Jan. 3. Sentence upon the seventy pleading guilty will not be pronounced until the close of the trial of the other seven. The maximum penalty for sedition is ten years' imprisonment. Murder charges against the constables will not be pushed until the sedition charges are disposed of. Attorneys for the defense announced that the constables would plead not guilty to the murder charges, and that the cases would be fought through the highest court if necessary.

Complaints were filed yesterday in the court of the first instance charging the seventy-seven constables with assassination and conspiracy in connection with the fatal riots. The complaint alleged that the constables "voluntarily, illegally and criminally for the purpose of killing such members of the police force of Manila as they should encounter, conspired together and soldierly marched in military formation and in separate squads through the streets of the walled city, posting themselves at strategic places from which with malice aforethought they attacked members of the Manila police force, who were complying with their duty as guardians of the peace, firing upon them and inflicting mortal wounds upon four members of the police, besides various others."

The seventy-seven men accused are confined in the Dilibid prison.

The Philippine Constabulary enlisted personnel is composed entirely of Filipinos. The Manila police force contains a number of American officers and a few American patrolmen, but the majority of the patrolmen are Filipinos.

The riot grew out of the killing last Tuesday night of a constabulary private by a Filipino policeman when the constable attacked the policeman with a knife. The attack was provoked by ill feeling on the part of the constables resulting from alleged mistreatment and abuse of the wife of one of them when she was arrested by the police the preceding Sunday.

Ill-feeling has existed between the Filipino Constabulary and the Manila police for some time, according to constabulary officers, and it frequently reached acute stages.

FIERCE RIOT IN FERRARA.

Four Ex-Officers Shot Dead When Nationalists and Socialists Fight.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to The New York Times.

MILAN, Dec. 21.—During savage riots between Nationalist and Socialist agitators yesterday at Ferrara, four ex-officers were shot dead, two demonstrators mortally injured and over thirty others removed to hospital suffering from gunshot wounds.

BANKER DYING, WIFE KILLED BY TROLLEY

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

a crowd. They declared the car had run down Mr. and Mrs. Riker before they were near the spot.

According to Frank Parsell, motorman of the car, he did not see the couple until he was about thirty feet from them. He said he threw on the emergency brakes, reversed the motors and did everything in his power to stop the car, but this was impossible in the short distance. He said he thought they stepped back to avoid another vehicle.

Seeing a crowd in the street, Commissioner Archibald telephoned a call for ambulances from the Newark City Hospital and hurried from his house to investigate. He recognized his neighbor and immediately started the police on their investigation of the accident.

Other neighbors of the Rikers pointed out that their age would have made it impossible for them to have got out of the way of the car even if they had seen it when the motorman first began to clang his gong. Mr. Riker was 69 years old and his wife was 66, and neither was very active.

Were on Way Home.

Servants said Mr. and Mrs. Riker had been out for the evening and were on their way home when the accident occurred. It had been their custom since their grown children married and left home to go out frequently.

The Riker family is one of the prominent families of Newark, and Mr. Riker has been in business there for nearly forty years. He was one of the founders of the firm of Riker Brothers, manufacturers of silverware and jewelry, and had interests in many other enterprises in Newark and other cities in New Jersey. He had been President of the Merchants and Manufacturers National Bank for many years.

The aged couple had four children, Joseph M. Riker Jr., who was associated with his father; Mrs. Franklin Conklin, wife of a varnish manufacturer of Newark; Mrs. Anderson Van Blarcom, wife of the former prosecutor of Essex County, and Mrs. J. W. Paxton of Washington, Pa.

DREICER & Co

Pearls, Precious Stones and Jewels

FIFTH AVENUE at FORTY-SIXTH



Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th St. *New York*

Sale of Men's

Soft Hats and Derbies

At 3.45

A very fine collection of soft hats in all the most approved shapes, with narrow rolled brims, bound and welt edges. Seal brown, tan, pearl, green and black.

The Derbies are in several excellent shapes, and may be had in black, tan and seal brown.

Men's Velour Hats

Reduced to 4.85

J. M. Gidding & Co.

564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue. 46th and 47th Sts.

Offer Today

a limited group of

Beautiful Beaded Bags

also

Velvet and Silk Bags

Formerly to $150 at $35—$50

A unique collection of bags including many imported designs—*draw-string*, also *sterling mountings*—this showing offers an unusual opportunity for those seeking *"last-minute" suggestions* in *gifts*.



REASONABLE

IN MENTIONING SIXTY DOLLARS AS A REASONABLE AMOUNT TO EXPEND FOR A BUSINESS SUIT, FINCHLEY SUGGESTS THAT THE CHARACTER AND EXCELLENCE ASSOCIATED WITH THE WORK OF THIS ESTABLISHMENT BE GIVEN THE FULLEST CONSIDERATION.

SIXTY DOLLARS

CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON

READY-TO-PUT-ON TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

FINCHLEY

5 West 46th Street

NEW YORK

Crouch & Fitzgerald

Announce:

That conditions in the fine-leather market have so relaxed that they can now offer

Material Reductions in the Cost

OF

Bench Wrought Luggage

They are especially pleased that these price-reductions are possible now, when they are of greatest advantage to those who are selecting Holiday gifts, rather than at some later date.

Kit Bags, Club Bags, Ladies' Bags, Suit Cases, Fitted Cases, Hat Cases

at the three Crouch & Fitzgerald Shops.

14 West 40th Street, South of the Public Library — 177 Broadway, Between Fulton & Cortlandt Sts.

and at Washington, D. C. 1303 *F Street.*

JOHN FORSYTHE

20 West 34th St. (Near Waldorf-Astor)

Semi-Annual

REDUCTION SALE

MEN'S EXCLUSIVE SHIRTS

A rare opportunity to procure men's holiday gifts of a practical character at an exclusive men's shop

At Extraordinary Price Concessions

HIGHEST GRADE SILK SHIRTS

Formerly selling up to 16.50

8.85

Included are highest grade shirts of imported and domestic heavy Satin-stripe Silk Broadcloth and Empire Silk. Also English Flannel Shirts in plain colors. The excellent materials, fine workmanship and perfection of fit are usually embodied only in custom-tailored shirts of the very highest order.

HEAVY QUALITY SILK SHIRTS

Formerly selling up to 10.50

6.95

An unusual assortment of fine, heavy quality Silk Shirts. Rare color blendings, neat and conservative patterns in variegated stripings.

IMPORTED MADRAS SHIRTS

Formerly selling at 5.00 and 6.00

2.95

Carefully made of fine imported English and Domestic Madras in an unusual variety of attractive patterns, including plain white.

Forsythe's Exclusive Neckwear

No gift is more suitable or more appreciated than a Forsythe Cravat

Fine Silk Neckwear

Formerly 1.50 and 2.00

95c

Fine quality silk neckwear in a variety of unusual colors in plain and two tone effects, at a decidedly low price.

Imported Neckwear

Formerly 2.50 and 3.00

1.65

Imported and domestic heavy quality Silk Scarfs including Italian hand-loomed Grenadines and Irish Poplins.

Finest Silk Neckwear—2.35

Formerly selling at 4.00 and 5.00

A large collection of handsome Cravats created of exquisite Silks loomed in America and foreign lands, Artistic color combinations.

Store Closes at 5 P. M.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

MANY TOYS

Have Been Reduced

Musical Toys
Stuffed Animals
Sleds
War Games
Dolls' Trunks
Nested Blocks
Air Rifles
Wood Toys
Electric Tree Lights
Dolls
Sand Toys
Circus Sets
Toy Phonographs



Children's White Furniture

Children's Automobiles
Horses and Wagons
Tricycles
Train Tunnels
Bicycles
Mechanical Trains
Biplanes
Machine Guns
Shoofflies
Ouija Boards
Paint Sets
Bowling Alleys
Pool Tables

Toytown—Seventh Floor.

A Special Turkey Dinner
Celery
Chicken or Vegetable Soup
Roast Young Turkey
with
Dressing, Cranberry Sauce
Boiled Onions with Butter Sauce
Mashed Potatoes and Giblet Gravy
Mince Pie and Cheese
or
Ice Cream and Cake
Tea, Coffee or Milk

The dinner that brings memories of home and mother.

Childs



Put A
CAMERA
in the Stocking

and you're sure to be right.
$2.86 up

Get one at Kodak Headquarters
WILLOUGHBY
Cameras---Supplies
110 West 32d St. Opp. Gimbels

Fall back
upon the
MODERN
LIBRARY
for your Xmas problem—and all your worried shopping is over!

The truly great moderns of our own day—Ibsen, Pierre Loti, Baudelaire, Samuel Butler, Havelock Ellis, Oscar Wilde, and 80 others to choose from—a compliment to the friend you give them to—a touchstone of your own good judgment — good red meat for strong minds—real reading, in treasured likable, limp-bound form — and only 95c each.

Every bookstore has them!
Boni & Liveright, N. Y.

Is He A Specialist?
Give Him
THE OUTLINE OF HISTORY
By
H. G. Wells
"Even the scholar, steeped in the lore of some line of knowledge, cannot afford to ignore it."—New York Call.
2 vols. Ill. $10.50. Of your bookseller or
The Macmillan Company, New York

Exquisite Beaded Bags.
50 beautiful imported beaded bags of the latest design, as worn by the fashionable society leaders of the smart sets in Europe—are to be disposed of while they last.
The bags show a flowered motif on a light background in very tasteful shades.
Prices $2.25 to only $28.50 each
(1-3 to 1-2 original prices)
We carry a full line of imported baby dolls.
ELSA COMPANY, Importer,
311 West 14th Street, New York City.

Lawyers Title and Trust Company
160 Broadway, N. Y.
44 Court St., Brooklyn.
Transacts all Trust Company Business

Remington PHONOGRAPH
Bring in Your
Favorite Record
and be convinced that we can improve its tone
25% to 30%
Retail Salesroom
1664 Broadway
Near 52nd Street
NEW YORK

FOR BRITISH JOBLESS

Government Proposes to Make Unemployment Benefits More Easily Available.

EMIGRATION AS A REMEDY

Premier, Admitting a Grave Crisis, Suggests Aiding Workers to Settle in the Dominions.

LONDON, Dec. 21 (Associated Press). —The Government in its statement to Parliament today was able to give but little satisfaction to labor's demands for a solution of the unemployment problem, which daily grows more urgent. Of the three main difficulties facing the Government at the present moment—finance, Ireland and unemployment—it is reported that the Government views unemployment as the most serious. This is probably because the recent slump in trade aggravates the trouble and eliminates hope of betterment in the near future, while the only remedies in sight are mere palliatives.

It was alleged today that Premier Lloyd George was postponing his visit to Nice on account of this crisis. It appears more probable, however, that this is not the reason, but that the Premier's conference at Nice has been delayed in order to await the results of the Brussels financial conference.

The statement in the Commons, which was presented by T. J. MacNamara, Minister of Labor, admitted the extreme seriousness of the situation, which, said the Minister, made the Christmas outlook the darkest in many years. The Government was doing its utmost to mitigate the hardships, if only because at least half the men unemployed were young men to whom the country was under profound obligations.

He believed that these men, on whom the Government had spent £35,000,000 since the armistice, were quite sincere in saying that they wanted not money doles, but work.

Alluding to the demands of labor, Mr. MacNamara said that the proposals to revive civilian unemployment donations were neither feasible nor desirable.

£2,000,000 for Local Relief Measures.

Proceeding to outline the Government's scheme, the Minister announced that a special committee of business men would be appointed under the chairmanship of Lord St. Davids to co-ordinate the relief activities throughout the country and £2,000,000 would be placed at the disposal of this committee to assist the local authorities in executing approved schemes of useful work.

Coming to his main proposal, Mr. MacNamara announced that a short bill would be introduced amending the Unemployment Insurance act so that the unemployed would not be obliged to qualify for unemployment benefits by being employed for four weeks and making a contribution to the insurance. He again referred to the arterial road schemes previously announced and stated that in a short time these would be adopted by the Woolwich Arsenal and other Government establishments.

He explained a scheme for the absorption of 50,000 ex-service men into the building trades in order to expedite housing plans. The Government's proposal was that former service men should be introduced into the trades in the ratio of one to five. The Government would grant £5 per head to the trade unions concerned—£2 on admission and £3 on completion of the training.

A bill offered by Mr. MacNamara, amending the Unemployment Insurance act in accordance with the suggestion made in his speech to the House was passed through all its stages tonight.

John Robert Clynes, former Food Controller and President of the National Union of General Workers, who followed Mr. MacNamara, said the Minister of Labor was a very optimistic man if he believed that the lines of action he had explained would within the next twelve months absorb any considerable number of the million or more unemployed. The Government, he contended, ought to deal with the question of the restoration of international credit.

Lord Hugh Cecil and other members also criticised the Government's plans as mere palliatives.

Premier Lloyd George, in a general reply to the criticisms of Mr. MacNamara's statement, agreed that the Government scheme was of a temporary, palliative character to relieve immediate distress. He contended that unemployment was the inevitable sequel of the World War and was not confined to England. On the contrary, it was to be found in almost every country, including the United States, with the possible exception of France.

The great thing, said the Premier, was to restore trade, and if the scheme of giving credits to Central Europe, which Sir Robert Horne, President of the Board of Trade, was considering now in conjunction with able business men, could be evolved, undoubtedly it would do more for the unemployed than any amount of roadmaking.

Premier Looks to Emigration as Aid.

He pointed out that there were a million more men and women to find employment for, despite the losses in the war, than in 1914, while China, India and other countries were unable for various causes to give the orders they had been accustomed to give. He feared that the nation would have to face the problem of emigration. It was not a pleasant suggestion, but he meant emigration within the British Empire. Such emigration would not be a loss, but would strengthen the Empire, creating a greater sense of kinship.

The Prime Minister said he would like to see a scheme considered in conjunction with the Dominions for finding employment for men for whom he feared it would be difficult to find work at home for some time to come—certainly until the world was restored to something like normal conditions. He hoped to see this matter discussed at the meeting of the Empire Premiers in the month of May.

In keeping with the Prime Minister's suggestion, Sir John Norton Griffiths appealed for an immediate scheme of State-aided emigration to the Dominions, asking the Premier to ascertain by cable how many trained husbandmen Canada and Australasia could absorb, if necessary, with a grant of from £100 to £200 per head.

TELL OF 'GANGSTER' GUARDS

Clothing Workers Complain to Swann of Employers' Methods.

Complaint was made to District Attorney Swann yesterday by officers of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers that the clothing manufacturers had employed gangsters, "gorillas" and other "strong arm men" to harass clothing workers and pickets who were trying to force the employers to adopt the principle of the "closed shop" and a new wage schedule. The complaint was made by Sidney Hillman, President of the union, who said he presented specific instances of alleged intimidation to the District Attorney, who promised he would make a thorough investigation of the charges.

According to Hillman, scores of guards around the lofts are armed with revolvers and other weapons and new men are being recruited daily by the manufacturers among "east side gangs."

Officials of the Manufacturers' Association said union "gangsters" had attacked some of their workers and guards and reported that several of their new employes had been injured yesterday in front of the factory of J. Friedman & Co., at 121 West Nineteenth Street. Police of the West Twentieth Street Station had no record of any disturbance there.

The Manufacturers' Association asserted that hundreds of new workers applied yesterday for work under the new piece work wage schedule, and that many more factories would open this week. Max Bandler, President of the association, denied that it was the intention of the members to restore "sweat-shop" methods.

IN SEVERAL STATES

Workmen Themselves Vote Reductions in Two Cases—Chicago Waiters' Wages Lowered.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., Dec. 21.—A proposal that 450 employes of the Great Northern Railroad shops here each work shorter hours to save sixty of their number from being laid off was made by the men themselves in a communication sent to Great Northern headquarters in St. Paul today. The sixty men were laid off today.

PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 21.—By a vote of 15 to 9, the Directors of the Loyal Legion of Loggers and Lumbermen for Oregon at a meeting here today voted a cut in the minimum wage of workmen of the legion of 60 cents a day. The new minimum wage will be $3.60.

CHICOPEE, Mass., Dec. 21.—The wages of approximately 2,000 employes of the Dwight Manufacturing Company here, makers of textiles, will be reduced 22½ per cent., beginning Jan. 10.

SANFORD, Me., Dec. 21.—A reduction of 22½ per cent. in wages and salaries in the two establishments of the Sanford Mills Corporation here will be put into effect on Jan. 3. The mills employ 3,000 operatives.

BOSTON, Dec. 21.—The Boston & Albany Railroad car shops at West Springfield and in the Allston district of Boston, employing about 100 and 200 men, respectively, will shut down Dec. 27.

LYNN, Mass., Dec. 21.—A committee of the Lynn Shoe Manufacturers' Association at a conference with the Joint Council of the United Shoe Workers of America tonight asked the shoe workers to agree to elimination of the bonus granted in July last, amounting to approximately a 20 per cent. increase in wages. The council took the request under advisement and agreed to announce its decision tomorrow afternoon.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—The Hotel Morrison announced today that a cut of 20 per cent. in waiters' wages would be made after the first of the year. Other hotels will post notices to the same effect.

Officials of the Chicago Waiters' Association announced that their members could not submit to a reduction in wages.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Dec. 21.—A wage reduction affecting more than 700 employes was announced here today by the Parkersburg Iron Company. The amount of the cut was not made known.

LABOR MEN ATTACK WOOD.

Lawrence Workers Say Mill President May Be Forced to Go.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Dec. 21.—The Central Council of the Amalgamated Textile Workers tonight drafted a letter to William M. Wood, President of the American Woolen Company, attacking the company's policies. The letter repudiates a request made by the General Secretary of the Amalgamated, that Wood confer with union officials before announcing a wage reduction, and says:

"The workers of Lawrence are not deceived by your pretense of waiting for others to cut wages first. We recognize you as the directing mind of the mill barons and hold you responsible for their acts."

The letter says that by running its mills on short time the woolen company has cut wages 25 to 40 per cent., accuses Mr. Wood of inefficiency and adds:

"Any more inefficiency will make it necessary for the workers to relieve you and your class of the control of industry."

A conference of all labor in Essex County will be held at Salem on Dec. 31, Jan. 1 and 2, to find a way by which labor can "act together to establish industrial democracy and do away with economic autocracy."

Offers Steel Stock to Employes.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Dec. 21.—The Brierhill Steel Company announced today that it will sell 15,000 shares of common stock to employes at $27 a share under a monthly payment plan, with bonuses each year for five years for those who buy stock. The price is about equal to the market price.

AWAITS VIENNA

Food Larder and Fuel Bin Are Almost Empty and, Streets Filled With Slush and Snow.

JOY GLEAM FOR CHILDREN

American Relief Forces to Feed, Clothe and Gladden With Trees Hosts of Little Ones.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 20.—Christmas in Vienna is going to be the blackest in the history of the Austrian metropolis, with living cost higher and the crown lower than they have ever been. There has been a succession of strikes and the food larder is almost empty. The festival offers the Viennese only bitter cold and hunger.

The only note of cheer is in the preparations made by the American Relief Administration and American Red Cross to brighten the lives of the children. The Hoover organization will supplement its food rations by distributing 540,000 pieces of wearing apparel among 300,000 children. Christmas trees will be provided for every one of its 2,000 feeding stations in Austria and 300,000 children will each receive one pound of cake baked with white American flour.

On the afternoon of Dec. 23, in the Marble Hall of the Belvedere Palace, where the assassinated Archduke Ferdinand used to live, Dr. Michael Hainisch, the new President of Austria, will make his first public appearance around a huge Christmas tree provided by the American Relief Administration for children now fed daily in the palace.

The American Red Cross will remember 40,000 children under 6 years of age, and those in hospitals and orphan homes with packets of warm clothing and condensed milk. The same organization will play Santa Claus to 5,000 university students who are in desperate straits, and will provide clothing for 9,000 aged and infirm men and women in old folks' homes.

There are no other Christmas preparations in Vienna. The only purchases of luxuries are being made by foreigners and speculators, who are benefiting by depreciation of the crown, which has dropped to 650 for a dollar, and is expected to go to 1,000 before the year's end.

A heavy snowfall turning into slush is very hard on the wooden-soled paper shoes which a majority of the people are wearing. Brave efforts are being made to render the sidewalks passable, but women are working beside men ankle deep in seas of slush, their stockingless feet coming through their worn shoes.

The snow has further paralyzed the already demoralized railways and has held up small shipments of foodstuffs promised from some country districts. It has also curtailed the already meagre wood fuel supply, and has increased the misery of tens of thousands of hopeless humans in this most depressing of cities.

SCHWAB FAILS TO APPEAR.

Seamen Accused of Stealing His Gold Humidor Discharged.

George Williams and Binar Dietrichson, seamen, who were arrested a week ago for the alleged theft of a gold humidor from Charles M. Schwab, were discharged yesterday by Magistrate Max S. Levine in the West Side Court. Mr. Schwab failed to appear to prosecute the men.

It was alleged that Dietrichson stole the chest while employed as a footman in the Schwab home, and that he and Williams took it to Berlin, where they disposed of it for 1,500 marks.



A Victrola for Christmas

Many newcomers, visiting our Victrola Department for the first time, ask: "Don't you carry anything but Victrolas?" Our answer is always in the negative for a number of reasons.

The McCreery Standard of Quality is the BEST. The Victrola measures up to that standard. Other talking machines have come and gone, but the Victrola remains supreme.

Listen to it render your favorite air. It is a marvel of mechanical and musical perfection. Practically all the greatest artists concur in this, and have chosen the Victor record as the sole medium for the perfect reproduction of their art.

Naturally, the Victor records have gained world wide fame and are perhaps more extensively used than any other. Does it not stand to reason that they should produce the best results on the Victrola, the instrument for which they were made?

We stand back of the Victrola to the limit of our good name. It is a fitting exponent of our policy—"The Best at a Reasonable Price."

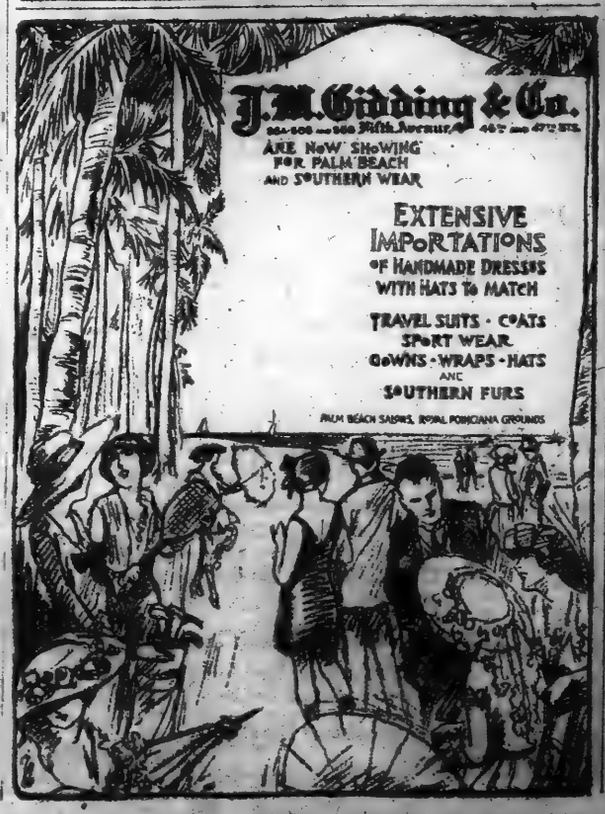
Convenient terms may be arranged

James McCreery & Co.
5th Avenue *34th Street*

FOUNDED 1856



PREFERABLE gifts for men—comfortable service—revised prices.
Scarfs of English, French and American Silks, unconventional designs, reduced to
$1.35, $2.15 and $2.65
Were $1.50 to $5.00
Dressing Gowns, charming textures and patterns, reduced to
$20, $30 and $47
Were $25 to $80
Special Mention:—
Winter Overcoats, $45, $55 and $75—Were $50 to $125
Winter Sack Suits, $40 and $54—Were $50 to $95
High Shoes, $8—Were $12 to $20
BROKAW BROTHERS
1457-1463 BROADWAY
AT FORTY-SECOND STREET



compare the work
The reason for ROYAL typewriter supremacy is fully established
Now—compare the guaranteed service which follows the purchase
ROYAL TYPEWRITER COMPANY, Inc.
Branches and Agencies the World Over
Main Office: 364 Broadway, New York City
Telephone: Franklin 4400
ROYAL
"Compare the Work"

WALKER ELECTRIC TRUCKS

You'll Know Them by Their Steel Disc Wheels

Customers tell us that by using Walker Electrics in place of gas trucks, they have saved approximately 50% in cost of deliveries.

Is it any wonder that express companies, whose one commodity is delivery, are buying Walker Electrics?

WALKER VEHICLE COMPANY
Grand Central Terminal
20-00

Show

your appreciation of your friends and your own appreciation of good literature — by giving them volumes from the

MODERN LIBRARY

—86 of the great classics of *our own day* to choose from—the moderns whom everybody should know — Ibsen, Shaw, Wilde, Walter Pater, Anatole France, W. H. Hudson, Ellen Key, and all the rest—your friends will not only read them but *keep* them — limp - bound, readable, likable volumes—and they're only 95c each!

Every bookstore has them!

Boni & Liveright, N. Y.



Xmas Tree OUTFITS
8 Lights Beautiful Colored Lasting Tungsten Lamps. Reg. Value $4.00 **$2.49**
SPECIAL

BATTERY OUTFITS
2 Bright Colored Tungsten Lamps **$1.98**
Reg. $3.00. Reduced to.....

VICTORY IRON
Special Guaranteed Suitable Xmas Gift
Reg. Value $7.50 OUR PRICE **$4.75**



PERCOLATORS
(Hot Point)
Heavily Nickeled and Durable. Unusually Fine Xmas Gift. Reg. Value $15.00. Extra Special **$12.50**



Variety Electric Trains and Other Electrical Specialties at Reduced Prices.

Electrical & Engineering Corp.
716 6th Ave. (45th) Bryant 6874

BUY IT BY THE CASE

WAR DEPARTMENT CANNED MEATS

DIAMONDS-WATCHES
Fine Jewelry
Christmas Gifts
SELECT NOW
From our immense stock
DIAMONDS RANGING $25 TO $1,000
ON CREDIT
Strictly confidential No red tape
Small Weekly or Monthly Payments
CALL OR SEND FOR XMAS CATALOG
ROYAL DIAMOND & WATCH CO.
35 MAIDEN LANE., 6th FLOOR
OPEN EVENINGS TILL 9 O'CLOCK

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITERS
3 RENTED MONTHS **$10**
PATTEN TYPEWRITER CORP.
71 CHAMBERS ST. 53 W. 125 ST.
WORTH 1932 - HARLEM 1617 9485

REIS UNION SUITS
REIS
MAN'S CLOSEST FRIEND

MELISSINE TYRONE is as quaint and lovely a heroine as ever graced the pages of a novel. Eugene Burkhannon loses his heart to her the moment she steps through the doorway of the mysterious house on Cinnamon Street—"The House With a Bad Name," which grows tenser and more baffling with each chapter.—At all bookstores.

THE AMERICAN MARINE DEVELOPMENT ILLUSTRATED.

There are some remarkable pictures in this week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL illustrating the naval and merchant marine development of America. Pictures of the new dreadnoughts and destroyers, shipyards, submarines, &c. This is but one feature in the special Christmas number, which also embraces a beautiful double page reproduction of a celebrated painting of the Birth of Christ, a gallery of twenty-three of America's most beautiful women, including a full page etching of Miss Constance Binney, who posed especially for the Christmas number, besides pictures illustrating the big news events in all parts of the world. On news stands, 10c.—Adv.

STOCKS DOWN 3 TO 19

New Low Levels for the Year Are Touched as a Result of Heavy Liquidation.

WALL ST. CAUGHT NAPPING

Replogle Steel and Vanadium Are Spotlights in a Turnover of 1,593,802 Shares.

There was another violent break in stock market prices yesterday which ran from 3 to as high as 19 points in the more active issues. In a great majority of cases new low levels of the year were touched as liquidation attained a volume not before equaled in the decline that has been under way for a number of weeks. The total turnover of the day amounted to 1,593,802 shares, the heaviest on record since April 22, when the volume of busines touched 1,709,302 shares.

Wall Street was taken by surprise. While the morning market was heavy it could not be described as weak, and predictions were being made that prices were at the bottom. Just as this idea was beginning to permeate commission houses and be sent out over the country on private wires, selling of the broadest scope developed.

The break centred about Replogie Steel and Vanadium, two issues which were in the spectacular class earlier in the year. In the case of the former the decline amounted to 19 points, while Vanadium, the second of the J. Leonard Replogle properties, lost 6⅛ points. The weakness of these two issues unsettled the entire list and brought on the heavy liquidation which continued almost up to closing time. On Feb. 26 Replogle Steel made a low of 34½ but by July 8 it had attained 93¾, the high for the year. Yesterday's close was at 50. The high for Vanadium, 97, was made April 16, and a new low was made yesterday at 28¾. These figures indicate the scope of the speculation that has been going on in the two issues.

The weakness which developed in these cases on what was believed to be forced selling was imparted to the entire list with the result that tottering accounts in commission houses were menaced. Stops were caught on the way down and stocks were tumbled on the market. Ultimately many weak holders of securities, who had been clinging on in desperation, hoping for a turn in the tide, were sold out. Even United States Steel, which prior to yesterday had been standing up well under the fire of liquidation, went into new low ground, the support of earlier days being absent.

For several days Wall Street has been trying to make itself believe that the scattered selling which has been going on was for the establishment of losses for tax purposes. While there was doubtless a proportion of this yesterday the financial district was forced at the close of the day to confess that there had been heavy liquidation of long stock whether from strong boxes or brokerage accounts.

The extent of the decline yesterday and the recession from the high prices of last week are shown in the following table, which gives as well the low price for the day and the final price:

	Low for Day.	Final Price.	Yesterday's Net Change.	Decline from Last Week's High.
Am. C. & Fdy.	113	114½	—3½	12¾
Am. Linseed	42	42¾	—5½	12½
Am. Smelting	83	84½	—4½	8¾
Am. Tobacco	106½	106¾	—3½	8½
Baldwin Locom.	81	81¾	—3½	7¾
Beth. Steel, B.	48⅞	49⅝	—1	3⅝
Chandler Motor	61¾	61¾	—5½	12
Consol. Gas	72¼	72¼	—3¾	7½
Crucible Steel	75½	76¾	—4	9⅝
Gen. Asphalt	35½	36⅞	—3⅝	6½
Gen. Electric	116½	116¾	—1¾	3½
Goodrich	27	27	—3½	12½
Internat. Paper	38½	39⅜	—4⅝	10¾
Kelly Springf'd.	25½	27	—6⅝	11
Lack. Steel	45	45½	—2½	6
Mex. Petroleum	133¾	135¾	—2½	13½
Norf. & West.	92¼	92¾	—2½	6¼
Pan.-Am. Pet.	71¾	71⅝	—2⅜	8½
Reading	74½	75⅜	—5	10
Replogle Steel	47¾	50	—10	22
St'd O. of N. J.	278	278	—22	42
Stromberg Carb.	22⅞	22½	—3⅝	8
Unit. Ret. Sts.	48	49½	—2¾	5⅜
U. S. Steel	76⅜	77	—1½	3
Vanadium Stl.	28½	29¼	—6½	11

The liquidation was not governed by the news of the day. There was, however, throwing certain stocks out of collateral that was acceptable for loans.

The break, when it was under full headway, was not confined to the industrials, but drew in the railroads as well, and the averages as compiled by The New York Times went to new low levels. Heretofore the average on twenty-five representative rails has managed to hold above the low point established last February, but yesterday it slipped below that point. The industrial average also broke to a new low, as did necessarily the combined average.

Not a few of the more volatile issues have now lost more than was gained in the big up-swing of last year. As compared with the high levels then established some stocks have suffered declines running more than 100 points.

ANSWERS KU KLUX CHIEF.

Talley Declares He Called Klan "Narrow-Chested Bigots."

Alfred J. Talley, Assistant District Attorney, received yesterday from William Joseph Simmons of Atlanta, Ga., styling himself "Imperial Wizard of the Ku Klux Klan," a telegraphic query as to whether Mr. Talley had been correctly quoted when in an interview last week he referred to the "klan" as "narrow - chested bigots," adding, "there is no room for them in New York."

Mr. Talley sent this reply:

"I was correctly quoted and my remarks were directed specifically at your organization."

ENGAGEMENTS.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Theodora Larocque, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Larocque, to Charles R. Codman of Boston. The wedding is to take place in the near future. Miss Larocque entered professional life last August when she made her début in a speaking part in "The Charm School," a comedy, of which Mrs. Henry Wise Miller, her aunt, and Robert Milton were co-authors. Mr. Codman, who is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Russell Sturgis Codman, was graduated from Harvard with the class of '15 and served overseas with the American forces as a Lieutenant.

Mrs. Ferdinand Huntling Cook of 249 West End Avenue announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Beatrice Valérie Cook, to Lester Darling Egbert, son of Professor and Mrs. James C. Egbert of Columbia. Miss Cook is a granddaughter of Mrs. James Herman Aldrich of this city and Sag Harbor, L. I. Mr. Egbert is a graduate of Columbia, class of '14, and is a member of the Zeta Psi Fraternity. During the war he served in France as a Lieutenant with the Twenty-second Aero Squadron.

Rosenblum-Hecht Wedding.

The wedding of Benjamin Rosenblum, a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Rosenblum of 490 West End Avenue, and a nephew of ex-Sheriff Max S. Griffenhagen, and Miss Jeannette Leah Hecht, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Hecht of 340 West Eighty-ninth Street, took place last evening at 6:30 o'clock in the Crystal Room of the Plaza, the Rev. Dr. Maurice H. Harris officiating. The guests included a number from Baltimore and Macon, Ga., also Justice Julius M. Mayer, Justice David Weil, Congressman Martin C. Ansorge and former Sheriff Griffenhagen. The honeymoon will be spent in Bermuda, and Mr. and Mrs. Rosenblum will live in this city.

Dance for Woman's Exchange.

The Madison Avenue Exchange for Woman's Work, of which Mrs. Ira Barrows is President, gave a dance in the ballroom of the Plaza last evening from which about $1,000 was realized for the new bureau of the exchange, which will be at 749 Madison Avenue. A feature of the ball was a number of Russian ballet dances under the direction of Stanislaw Portopovitch, once a member of the Russian Imperial Ballet.

Mrs. Rutherford Harris a Suicide.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—Mrs. Florence Rutherford Harris, widow of Dr. Rutherford Harris, of the British South Africa Company, was found hanging in her bedroom at Belmont Paddock, near Faversham, where she had been living. Apparently she was overwrought with grief at the loss of her husband three months ago. At th einquest today a verdict of suicide during temporary insanity was returned.

Talk of Calling Pennsylvania Militia Follows Renewed Outbreak of Incendiarism.

Special to The New York Times.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Dec. 21.—With another house added today to the list fired by Fayette County's "arson ring," talk of asking Governor Sproul to summon the National Guard for patrol duty in the outlying and unprotected districts was started throughout the county today.

At the same time the County Commissioners' offer of $5,000 reward for "information leading to the arrest and conviction" of the incendiaries was changed to read "for the incendiaries dead or alive." Major Lynn G. Adams, State Police Commissioner, today detailed a corporal and three privates to the Fayette County district for permanent duty.

The "arson ring" soon after midnight at New Salem thrust an oil-soaked mop under the rear of the house of L. J. Werts. Members of the family, just preparing to retire, smelled smoke and extinguished the fire before it caused material damage. They summoned the townspeople and formed a vigilance squad which, armed with shotguns, kept watch the greater part of the night.

The attempt to destroy the Werts home was the tenth incendiary attempt within an area of fifteen miles in less than twenty-four hours. Starting early yesterday morning, the incendiaries touched the torch to one place after another. First, the Brown barn, a mile and a half from Fayette City, was burned, with a loss of $50,000. Eight other buildings near Fayette City, including the Redstone Methodist Episcopal Church, were fired, but the majority of the fires were discovered and extinguished before gaining headway or burned themselves out before discovery.

Eight of the ten were in homes, leading the authorities to their former belief that the "arson ring" is seeking to terrorize the county in an effort to attain some end not yet discovered. The homes fired yesterday were those of George Stark, Fred Dreyer, Humphrey Nutt, C. G. Lutz, Mrs. Ada Smith, John Jarc and John Hough.

The attempt on the Redstone Church was the second, the first having been made on Sunday evening two weeks ago. The incendiary tore up a Bible and placed the torn pages over a furnace register, apparently hoping the heat would ignite the thin paper.

Radical literature was found near a majority of the places fired yesterday.

FAYETTE CITY, Pa., Dec. 21.—Pennsylvania State Militia will be called into this region only if State troopers and county deputies are unable to cope with the situation growing out of numerous incendiary fires, said Sheriff I. I. Shaw here tonight. At the present time, the Sheriff added, he did not think it necessary to ask for troops.

FORGOT HIS $2,000,000.

But Mr. Wessend Recovered Securities From an Honest Paris Brakeman

PARIS, Dec. 21.—Stocks, shares and securities valued at $2,000,000 were forgotten and left in a satchel in a railroad train by an American named Wessend of New York, who arrived in Paris last night. Mr. Wessend noticed his loss only when registering in a hotel and reported it to the police.

Police Commissioner Oudaille of the St. Lazare station returned the satchel with its contents intact to Mr. Wessend this morning. A brakeman found it while the cars were being switched to a siding. Mr. Wessend gave him a reward of 50,000 francs.

BRITISH WOMEN ON JURIES.

To Take Their Places With Men After Christmas Holidays.

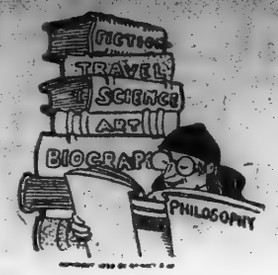
Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—Women will take their places with men for the first time in juries at the high courts here after the Christmas holidays.

Nearly 2,000 divorce petitions will be heard in the first term during which women will be called to serve on the juries.

A majority of cases are undefended and tried without juries.

Give Books



HE may prefer to select his own neckties.

SHE perhaps already has handkerchiefs aplenty, and you know she will get many more.

GIVE Books. They are universal gifts, universally accepted—and one can't have too many.

MAKE your selections in Macy's Book Department.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street, Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

Mocha Gloves

For Girls and Boys

Greatly Reduced in Price

$1.95

Beautiful quality grey mocha, carefully made and neatly finished. Will give good service for Winter months.

A Splendid Christmas Value for a practical gift.

Ground Floor.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Of course you're tired of drives!

But you're not as tired as the children and mothers of France.

Suppose that 600,000 American homes had been destroyed in one area of 200,000 acres.

Would you want the world at Christmas time to turn its back on them because it was "tired of drives"?

More than 600,000 Frenchmen who came from that area died in service. The rest are fighting today—fighting to start their shops and factories again, to harvest in shell-torn fields.

Since its beginning in 1917 this Committee has never asked your help until now.

But France's childhood and motherhood must be reclaimed as well as her factories and fields.

New York, will you invest $250,000 in the new generation of France?

American Committee for Devastated France, Inc.

This space contributed by the Harriman National Bank.

Make checks payable to Joseph R. Swan, Treasurer, American Committee for Devastated France Campaign Fund, Guaranty Trust Co., 140 Broadway, Depository.

BOOKS FOR CHRISTMAS

The Sea and the Jungle *By H. M. TOMLINSON*
"The most vibrant and living impressions of both that have ever been put on record," says Grant Overton in *Life*. $5.00

Memoirs of the Count de Rochechouart
Sidelights on France and Russia during the Napoleonic wars. $5.00

Birds of La Plata *By W. H. HUDSON*
Fully described in two volumes, superbly illustrated in colors. $15.00

By-paths in Sicily *By ELIZA PUTNAM HEATON*
("Folklore of the Isle of Unrest. Interesting, alive."—*Times*, London. $3.50

Among Italian Peasants *By TONY CYRIAX*
Tourists seeking the picturesque rarely see this artist's Italy. $5.00

Diplomatic Reminiscences *By A. NEKLUDOFF*
A Russian's observations in Sofia, Stockholm, etc. $8.00

Memories. In two volumes. *By LORD REDESDALE*
A fascinating record of an unusually full and rich life. $12.00

The Cathedral of Reims. *By Monsgr. M. LANDRIEUX*
A record of beauty, wantonly destroyed. Fully illustrated. $8.00

Old-World Lace. Illustrated. *By CLARA M. BLUM*
Distinguishes the kinds of old lace by countries and periods. $10.00

Herbert Beerbohm Tree *By MAX BEERBOHM*
Memories of his life and friends. Fully illustrated. $7.00

The Cream of Curiosity *By REGINALD L. HINE*
An account of Mss. of three centuries, hitherto unpublished. $6.00

The General Staff and Its Problems *By Gen. LUDENDORFF*
Official documents, records of conferences, etc., of the highest importance. In two volumes $15.00

A Tour of America's National Parks. *By H. O. REIK*
The most wonderful public playgrounds in the world. $4.00

Chips of Jade *By ARTHUR GUITERMAN*
Bits of Oriental philosophy done into crisp, spicy verse. $2.00

These books should be on sale in your bookstore; if not, they can be had from

E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., New York

Macy's Macy's



Chapeaux La Marquise

$8.50

An unequaled combination of style, quality and value.

New stitched hats for town or winter resort.

Fashioned of soft, pliable satin, the shapes are especially charming and becoming, and in the brighter colors they are ideal for southern wear.

Colors include flesh, blue, jade, cherry, turquoise, gray, beaver, brown, navy, also black or white.

Macy's—Second Floor, Front.

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

Macy's Macy's

Elegant Gifts of Interest

On an average between 5% and 50% cheaper than any other low priced establishment.

Owing to present cut rate competition we decided to offer our present and prospective patrons an extraordinary advantage of the most artistique choice in the celebrated perfumes. Our assortment is too big to enumerate and below is only a partial list.

Perfumes from $2.10 to $200 a bottle

Coty's L'Origan, Styx and a full assortment on hand.
Coty's Toilet Waters, 8 oz.. **$6.00**
L'Origan Face Powder..... .75
Houbigant's Quelques Fleur Talcum..... .85
Roger & Gallet's Face Powder, Violetta de Parme..... .60
Gueldy's, the oldest makers of lasting perfumes in Paris. Loki, Heliotrope, Lilac, La Triumph, Gotic, etc., $5.50 per oz. Now..... **$3.50**
8 oz. bottles..... **$20.00**
Gueldy's Sachet in silk, $2.50. Now..... **$1.85**
Bulgarian Oil of Rose, $20.50 per oz., now **$15.00**: 14 ozs. in copper..... **$175.00**

Piver's Floramye Face Powder, $1.50. Now..... **$1.10**
Also his entire line at low prices.
Ma Belle, well known nail polish..... .45
Ma Belle, well known hand lotion..... **$1.25**
Essence of Violet, per pound **$10.00**
Krem Bereza, renews youth, $3.50. Now..... **$3.10**
Bereza Astringent, protects beauty, $1.50. Now..... **$1.20**
Reducina, the perfect cream which shows results on superfluous flesh, 1 pound, $20.00. Now..... **$17.50**
Rare Russian Violette and other assorted odors, $3.50. Now. **$2.10**

L. LEWIS, Limited
452 FIFTH AVENUE
Knox Bldg., entrance on 40th St.
Established 1882.

Beautiful Books of the Highest Quality Suitable for Holiday Gifts

On Exhibition for Private Sale
DECEMBER 19th TO 24th ONLY
A choice collection of finely bound Books
Single Volumes of Rare Interest
Splendid Library Editions of Best Authors

Fifty-Seventh Street Art Galleries, Inc.
33 West 57th Street New York

Let a Box of

Huyler's NEW YORK

Candies

be your Christmas Greeting

Chocolates	Cream Peppermints
Bon Bons	Christmas Novelties
Hard Candies	Fruit Cakes
Salted Assorted Nuts	Candy Figures and Santas

Fancy Gift boxes and Baskets

READY TODAY

FIFTH EDITION

THE OUTLINE OF HISTORY

By H. G. Wells

"Every intelligent American household should feel it a duty to itself, to democracy and to the world to possess these books and to read them."—*Baltimore Evening Sun.*

"The most talked about book of the winter."—*Boston Post.*

"Racy and readable—provocative and daring."—*Springfield Republican.*

"Such a book as this ought to have been written long ago."—*Chicago Post.*

"There is no bigger writer than Wells. There is no bigger subject than the world. So when the one tackles the other a literary sensation is bound to result."—*Edwin Slosson in Independent Editorial.*

Two Volumes. Profusely Illustrated. $10.50.

Send for Descriptive Circular. Order of Your Bookseller or

THE MACMILLAN COMPANY, Publishers, New York

The man who said that the best is the cheapest forgot to add that the cheapest is not the best.

We are sometimes underbid, but we always cost less when the votes are counted!

Put it up to us to put it up for you!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

Buy it from the Navy

U. S. NAVY SALE

Call, Write or Phone for Wholesale Catalogues

Now Ready or in Preparation.

—Ready—

Cordage, Pipe Fittings
Paints, Oils, Greases, Glue
Miscellaneous Tableware
Non-ferrous Metals: rod, pipe, sheet, etc.
Insulated Metal Condenser Tubes
Instruments, Binoculars, Instruments of Precision, Supplies, Draughting and Musical Instruments
Furniture, Ship and Shore.

—In Preparation—

Cabinet and Ship Utensils and Fittings, Ship Chandlery, etc.
Materials of Various Trades
Miscellaneous Tools and Power Driven Appliances
Electrical
Cocoanuts and Toilet; Plumbing Materials, Clothing, etc.

All articles are of highest quality, accepted after strictest Navy inspection. The goods are located at this depot and at navy yards in other cities. Call at salesroom if possible. U. S. Navy, Board of Survey Appraisal and Sale, 8th Floor, Navy Supply Depot, 30th and 3d Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., or Phone Sunset 6100. Ext. 585.

EUGENE H. TRICOU,
Lieut. Commander (S. C.), U. S. N.

Salvage.—Used or Damaged Materials. Lists are issued from time to time. State clearly the article or class of goods in which you are interested.

Buy it from the Navy

ADVERTISEMENT.

Beware!

Your friends have brains. Don't give them the baby-food of ordinary gift-books. Show your modernity by presenting them with some of the MODERN LIBRARY volumes—the classics of our own day—Shaw, Turgenev, Flaubert, Anatole France, Ibsen, Andreyev, and 80 others—likable, readable, limp-bound volumes—a treat to the eye and the intellect—the sort of books that are never thrown away—and only 95c each!

Every Bookstore has them!

Boni & Liveright, N. Y.

ADVERTISEMENT.



The Imperial Orgy By EDGAR SALTUS

A vivid and colorful book, describing the lusts and madnesses of the Russian Tsars, from the First to the Last.

Finely illustrated. A memorable, beautiful holiday gift-book. $3.00.

BONI & LIVERIGHT, New York.

FOR CHRISTMAS GIVE
LEE WILSON DODD'S
Book of Susan
On sale everywhere or can be had from the publishers. $2.00
E.P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

FOR BISHOP BURCH

Widow Decides Churchman Shall Be Placed in Vault of the Cathedral.

HIS BODY TO LIE IN STATE

Tributes Pour In From Ministers and Notables to Family of Priate.

The funeral of the Right Rev. Charles Sumner Burch, Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of New York, who died suddenly of heart disease last Monday afternoon, will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

The body of Bishop Burch will be buried in the crypt of the Cathedral alongside the vault of the Rev. Dr. William Mercer Grosvenor, first Dean of the Cathedral. On the other side of the Grosvenor vault lies the body of Bishop David H. Greer.

The Standing Committee of the Diocese, which is the Bishop's Cabinet, held a meeting yesterday in the office of George Zabriskie, lawyer, at 49 Wall Street. Mr. Zabriskie is Secretary of the committee and also of the diocese. The Chairman was the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, rector of St. Thomas's Church.

It was voted to place in the hands of Dr. Stires the task of securing Episcopal assistance for the confirmations already scheduled. He expects to invite Bishops of neighboring dioceses to come here and give such time as they can to the Episcopal duties.

No step was taken for a special convention to select a successor to Bishop Burch. But the Standing Committee will meet shortly after the funeral and set a date for such a convention.

All day yesterday there was a steady stream of visitors to the Bishop's house. Telegrams arrived from all parts of the country.

The body of the Bishop will lie in state in the cathedral from 11 o'clock tomorrow morning until the hour of the funeral, at which time the general public is invited to pay their last tribute. The body now rests in the Episcopal residence.

A guard of honor will stand at attention about the casket.

Many Bishops to Attend.

The Right Rev. Thomas F. Gailor of Tennessee, now the President of the Council of the Episcopal Church, will be present. Other bishops who have notified Dean Howard Chandler Robbins of the cathedral that they will attend are the Right Rev. Arthur S. Lloyd, retired; the Right Rev. Charles H. Brent of Buffalo, the Right Rev. Edwin S. Lines of Newark, the Right Rev. Frederick Burgess of Long Island and the Right Rev. Philip M. Rhinelander of Philadelphia.

Albert A. Burch of Clyde, Ohio, only son of Bishop Burch, arrived yesterday morning and immediately took charge of the funeral arrangements.

Just who will officiate has not as yet been determined, but it is probable that only bishops and Dean Robbins will take part. The choir of the cathedral will sing.

The interment in the crypt is to be private, and will not take place until Friday. At first it was expected to bury the Bishop at his birthplace in Pinckney, Mich., but Mrs. Burch yesterday decided that it was her duty to let the body rest in the cathedral.

There will be no funeral sermon, but the service will be that for the burial of the dead in the Book of Common Prayer of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

The honorary pallbearers will be the members of the Standing Committee and the trustees of the cathedral.

The Standing Committee consists of Dr. Stires, Mr. Zabriskie, the Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery, the Rev. Dr. Theodore Sedgwick, the Rev. Dr. Arthur H. Judge, Edmund L. Baylies, Stuyvesant Fish and Thomas S. McLane. Mr. McLane is a son-in-law of Bishop Greer.

The Trustees of the cathedral are the Rev. Dr. Francis S. Smithers Jr. of Poughkeepsie, Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University; Franklin D. Roosevelt, Robert G. Hone, Ogden Mills Reid, the Rev. Dr. Frank W. Crowder, Charles Steele, Dr. Slattery, William Fellowes Morgan, William M. V. Hoffman, the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, James Roosevelt Roosevelt, George G. Bourne, Dr. Stires, Major August Belmont and Professor William H. Burr.

St. Luke's Flag at Half Staff.

The flag of St. Luke's Hospital has been placed at half staff, and the work of draping the cathedral with purple and black was commenced last evening. Men worked all night on the task. Police will stand guard in front of the house of the Bishop until after the burial.

Among the hundreds of telegrams was the following from Gloster Armstrong, British Consul General, to Mrs. Burch:

"Heartfelt sympathy in great loss sustained by diocese, Church and country in the death of your beloved and brilliant husband."

Other telegrams came from Richard E. Enright, Police Commissioner; Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, Chancellor Elmer E. Brown of New York University, Bishop Paul Matthews of Trenton, Bishop Boyd Vincent of Southern Ohio, Bishop Hugh L. Burleson of Sioux Falls, and Bishop John N. McCormack of Western Michigan.

Invitations to the funeral were mailed to Governor Smith, Mayor Hylan, F. H. LaGuardia, President of the Board of Aldermen; the Presidents of the four boroughs, and to every clergyman in the diocese. Seats will be reserved for these and the delegates of the Episcopal societies, but the rest of the church will be open to the public.

Bishop Burch was Grand Chaplain of the Masonic order. All the Grand Chaplains and Grand Masters of the order have been invited.

Seats at the funeral will be reserved for two or more delegates from each of the scores of diocesan organizations of which the Bishop was the head. An officer of the lodge to which Bishop Burch belonged when rector of St. Andrew's Church, Richmond, S. I., called officially yesterday afternoon to offer the condolence of the lodge.

One telegram which deeply touched the Burch family was from the Schubert Singing Society, Grand Rapids, Mich., of which the Bishop was for years the President.

Many Tributes Reach Family.

The Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery, rector of Grace Church, paid this tribute yesterday to Bishop Burch:

"Grace parish had an especial interest in Bishop Burch, because it was in Grace Church, on Feb. 24, 1911, that he was consecrated a Bishop. With all other parishes we felt his constant kindness and his instant willingness to serve us in any way he could. He was especially generous in coming to us for extra confirmations. He has set us all an example of faithfulness to duty and forgetfulness of self. Like his Master, he took no thought for his life.

"It is striking to think how short a time he has been in the ministry. He was a successful journalist until he reached middle life. In this time when the Church is in need of more men in the ministry, we may hope that other men succeeding in their vocations may feel that they can follow his example and devote the talents, which they have developed, in leadership in the Christian Church."

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise sent the following message last night:

"I mourn the passing of Bishop Burch in common with all the people of New York. I honored and cherished him as a fatherly, friendly helper of all men. Whenever I appealed to him for the word of a leader of the Christian Church on behalf of his Jewish brothers that word was one of earnestness and utmost friendliness. May God bless his memory."

A floral wreath of chrysanthemums and smilax was sent yesterday afternoon from the State Reformatory for Women in Bedford to the episcopal residence.

On the last Sunday of his life Bishop Burch confirmed eleven girls at Bedford. The wreath was marked "A Tribute From Bedford Girls." Mrs. Anna Hedges Talbot, Superintendent of the reformatory, told the prisoners of the death of Bishop Burch, and they voted to send the wreath and also a message of sympathy to the family.

French Delegate Says It Presents to Peoples Questions Formerly Decided by a Few.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 21.—Former Premier Viviani, who was one of France's delegates to the Assembly of the League of Nations, writes to Le Matin his conclusions as to what the session showed. He finds that the League is not at all a superstate. M. Viviani should know, for, with A. J. Balfour of England, he came near running the Assembly. He writes:

"The League does not run the world. It is not a superior parliament nor a supreme government. As far as material things go it does not dominate the old governmental machinery, which continues to operate.

"There remain the National Parliaments, the guardians of political independence and the makers of the budgets and of administrations. There still remain the responsible Governments which alone can give orders. There remains diplomacy, which may have the rheumatism, but is still necessary.

"Then, what is the League of Nations? It raises above the frontiers the great international problems, proclaims just solutions and presents to the consciences of peoples those questions which heretofore have been settled by the few. It accustoms peoples to think for themselves rather than to consign to specialists the study of great matters; it teaches peoples to pay less attention to internal politics, which have veiled their eyes, and enables them to see afar.

"Thus it establishes between peoples, between public consciences far separated, a cordiality of relations and mutual confidence which they have never enjoyed before. International democracy will be born little by little out of these relations."

INVITES HARVARD GLEE CLUB

French Government Wants Concerts in Paris and Other Cities.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 21.—The French Government has invited the Harvard Glee Club to give concerts in Paris and other French cities next Summer, and the Glee Club has accepted the invitation provided the expenses can be met, an announcement today said. A visit to Italian, Belgian and British cities is also tentatively planned.

An offer of 30,000 francs accompanied the invitation from the French Department of Public Instruction, and it was said today that final acceptance would depend on whether the club could meet the remainder of the cost, which will be approximately $50,000. Harvard College authorities have approved the project.

In expectation of the tour, two of the leading French composers—Maurice Ravel and Eric Satie—are now writing special music.

The Harvard Glee Club is under the leadership of Dr. Archibald T. Davison, a graduate of the Class of 1906. It was said at the university today that the invitation was believed to be without precedent in the history of American college musical organizations.

Former French Minister Says We Cut Off Credits—Urges Change of Policy.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 21.—In a debate in the Chamber of Deputies this afternoon, M. Loucheur, former Minister of Commerce, declared that America and England were to blame for the present world economic crisis, because at the end of the war they 'cut' off Governmental credits, at that time sorely needed.

"Forty or fifty billion francs additional credits in America and England would have stabilized the credit of the world," said M. Loucheur. "The hour has come to show America and England the error of the policy they have followed and the necessity of reopening Government credits. Even if we are their prisoners they cannot abandon us."

He went on to argue that because of the refusal of loans exchange had gone bad and this had hurt not only France and Italy but America and England as well. He called attention to economic difficulties in America and England now and said they would increase until something was done about the exchange rate to enable Europe to make purchases. He was cheered when he said in respect to England's policy in the sale of coal: "They put prices up as high we turned to America, and the result probably will be the loss to England of France's coal market, up to this time never contested."

The conclusion of his address was that nine-tenths of the world's present economic troubles were due to the exchange situation.

M. Isaacs, present Minister of Commerce, announced during the debate that the Government intended to restore complete liberty of commerce from Jan. 1. This was taken to mean that the ban on imports and exports will be virtually abolished from the first of the year.

Figures for France's foreign commerce in the first eleven months of 1920, made public today, show a continued betterment in her situation. As compared with the first eleven months of 1919, there was an increase of importations of 2,550,000,000 francs, but an increase of exportations of 12,600,000,000 francs. In the first eleven months of last year France's imports were 30,000,000,000 francs; in the first eleven months of this year, $2,500,000,000. In the first eleven months of last year exports were 8,500,000,000 francs, in the first eleven months of this year, 20,000,000,000 francs.

BRIGHT ACQUITTED OF LIBEL.

Vigilante Publisher Was Sued by John J. McKelvey's Stenographer.

Charles Bright, publisher of The Vigilante, was acquitted by a jury in General Sessions yesterday of criminally libelling Hedwig M. Jaguech, a stenographer for John J. McKelvey, a New York lawyer. The libel was alleged to have been committed in March, 1919, and to have resulted from Bright's relations with McKelvey in South American railroad projects. The jury took only five minutes to reach a verdict.

J.M. Gidding & Co.
564 566 and 568 Fifth Avenue 46TH and 47TH STS

The Gift
Luxurious, Personal and Practical

A Smart Fur Street or Motor Coat
A Stunning Evening Wrap
A Marvelous Brocaded Evening Gown
A Charming Youthful Dance Frock
A Dainty Camisole, a Negligee
or personal accessories

such as
ANTIQUE BEADED BAGS—BEAUTIFUL FEATHER FANS—WONDERFUL PEARL, JADE, AMBER AND WHITE CORAL NECKLACES—COMBS—VANTIES AND GOLD BAGS.

Smart Christmas Gifts At Fair Prices



Vases of many kinds $5.00 to $300.

OVINGTON'S is probably the most famous shop for presents in all New York. Year in and year out Ovington's are called upon for gifts for all occasions and all occasions find them ready with very smart suggestions and very small prices.

Gifts are arranged on special tables at $5.00—$7.50—$10.00—$12.00—$15.00—$20.00—$25.00, and each table contains unusual values.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
312-314 Fifth Ave. Near 32nd St.

JOHN WANAMAKER
Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.
The Christmas Store
Broadway at Ninth New York

Many Men Have High Ideals

and fine words but never do anything.

Kid gloves and scented pocket handkerchiefs are exquisite and useful, but they must not separate us from the larger class whose lives are simple and who need our help.

To be so great that we are of no use to anybody but ourselves is not a place to be desired.

A practical Boston merchant was asked of the character of a certain high-toned, rich, transcendentalist and he replied:

"He is one of those men who have soarings after the infinite and divings into the unfathomable, but he never pays cash."

In other words, he doesn't make good at the time expected.

There are lots of educated dreamers and spiritual speculators who never get anywhere practically.

An ounce of earnest action to help people, plain and poor, to brighten their way by showing them opportunity to get music into their lives is worth tons of propositions and suggestions.

We are trying to make our hands inventive and our minds forceful, as we show by this Store.

Do it!
(Signed)
John Wanamaker
December 21, 1920.

Chinese Rugs—new lots—at pre-war prices

An importer takes a substantial loss on 176 fine pieces
Rugs priced at a total of $91,500 are to go for $41,710

This is a rare opportunity—first of its kind. There have been breaks in prices, but none so decided as this. And, in many cases (as we have found by investigation), the reductions have been on rugs of inferior quality—bad colors, cotton speckled. It is important to bear in mind that low price alone is not sufficient basis for your investment in Chinese rugs. There are several grades in this collection, but they are ALL good, Pekin, Tien-Tsin and Mongolian.

7 rugs, averaging 9 x 12 ft., are as low as $195
2 rugs, averaging 10 x 8 ft., are as low as $160
5 rugs, averaging 7 x 4 ft., are as low as $98
15 rugs, averaging 5x 3 ft., are as low as $47.50
40 mats, averaging 2½ x 1½ ft., are as low as $9

There are 127 Pekin and Tien-Tsin Chinese rugs, ranging in size from 2½x1½ ft. to 18x11 ft., and in prices from $9 to $960. And 52 Mongolian Chinese rugs—3 runners and 49 room-sizes, the latter ranging from 10x7.2 ft. at $269 to 18x12.3 ft. at $825. ALL these prices average less than half what equal grades have been selling for.

Tien-Tsin and Pekin Chinese Rugs

Size (approx.)	Price	Size (approx.)	Price	Size (approx.)	Price
6.6x5.0 ft.	$142	12x9 ft.	$318	12.8x8.6 ft.	$495
10x8 ft.	$190	12x9 ft.	$283	13x10 ft.	$475
12x9 ft.	$195	12x8 ft.	$288	12.6x9.6 ft.	$475
9x7 ft.	$209	10.6x8.6 ft.	$425	14x10 ft.	$475
10x8 ft.	$215	12x9 ft.	$425	14x11 ft.	$475
10x8 ft.	$240	11.6x10 ft.	$425	14x10.6 ft.	$550
11x8 ft.	$290	11x10 ft.	$425	17x13 ft.	$795
				17x12 ft.	$815

Mongolian Chinese Rugs

Size (approx.)	Price	Size (approx.)	Price	Size (approx.)	Price
18.8x12.6 ft.	$167	17.1x9.4 ft.	$456	15.8x10.4 ft.	$495
13x2.9 ft.	$115	14x9.5 ft.	$385	12.10x11 ft.	$495
14.5x1.6 ft.	$120	17x11x11 ft.	$420	14.4x10.4 ft.	$495
10x7.3 ft.	$269	13x10 ft.	$421	15.6x10 ft.	$495
10.1x9.2 ft.	$269	10.2x9.2 ft.	$425	12.8x12.4 ft.	$495
10x9.3 ft.	$350	12.3x10.4 ft.	$425	17.10x10.3 ft.	$495
10.8x10 ft.	$365	14x9.3 ft.	$485	16.8x10.9 ft.	$495
12.2x9.3 ft.	$367	18.8x10.8 ft.	$485	18x10.3 ft.	$495
12x9.2 ft.	$410	13x11.3 ft.	$495	18x10.5 ft.	$495
11x10.3 ft.	$425	13x11.3 ft.	$495	18x11.3 ft.	$495
12x9.9 ft.	$425	12.10x11 ft.	$525	18x11.3 ft.	$495
11.8x10.2 ft.	$433	14.4x10.4 ft.	$550	14.10x12.8 ft.	$495
14.2x8.2 ft.	$437	15x10.2 ft.	$595	18x11 ft.	$595
12x10.1 ft.	$490	18.2x10.6 ft.	$590	18x12.8 ft.	$595

Auditorium—First Gallery, New Bldg.

The Oriental Shop is a Wonderful Last-Minute Gift Shop



Prices Are Now Lower in the Oriental Shop Than They Have Been for Four Years

A few things—and only a few—that the Oriental Shop suggests to those who still have aching voids in their Christmas lists.

Exquisite strings of beads from China and Japan.

Necklaces of amber, jade, agate, and amethyst.

Rings and amulets of beautifully colored Chinese jade.

Bits of gorgeous Chinese embroideries. Large and small.

Inexpensive and rare Chinese and Japanese pottery.

Innumerable small lacquered boxes and bowls, all of them attractive.

Cabinet pieces in crystal, agate, and jade.

All manner of small and interesting trinkets from the Far East. Inexpensive and costly.

Cigarette holders of ivory. Ivory beads. Ivory figurines.

Second Gallery, New Building.

Every Woman Expects Some Camee Sweets for Christmas

CAMEE sweets, confections made from recipes by the masters of their art—the French confiseurs.

CAMEE boxes are dainty—in holiday dress, with gay red ribbons.

Chocolates, bon-bons, caramels, glace fruits and nuts, now $1.75 a pound. Camee Shop—Motor Entrance at Ninth St.

Slippers

For Children

"Comfy" Puss in Boots in red, 4 to 10½, $2; 11 to 2, $2.20.

Fur trimmed Juliettes in red or gray, leather soles, 4 to 10½, $2; 11 to 2, $2.20.

"Comfy" Everetts in light blue, old rose, Copenhagen blue, pink, 7 to 10½, $2; 11 to 2, $2.20.

"Comfy" Bunnies, figured trimming; red or dark blue, 7 to 10½, $1.50; 11 to 2, $1.60.

First floor, Old Building.

For Men

Felt comfy slippers, gray, $2.

Velvet bath slippers; brown, wine, blue, $3.

Terry cloth bath slippers, $1.50.

Burlington Arcade floor, New Building.

BOOKS!

Don't forget that they are among the best of presents and the easiest to buy.

Also—there are thousands of them here to make selection from. Book Shop, Eighth Gallery, New Building.



This Fine Old Italian Commode at $375

One of the Gift Possibilities
AU QUATRIEME

In a new collection of many beautiful old pieces from Italy is this antique commode of walnut, inlaid with *bois de violette* and lemon wood. These charming woods are inlaid to form a diamond design like that which patterns the costume of a harlequin. $375.00.

It is very quaint and very beautiful. The front, sides and top are all inlaid, and the whole commode has a fine patina that makes the surface appear to be that of one piece of wood. Fourth Floor, Old Building.

150 Beautiful Gift Blouses at $12.50

Were $16.50 to $39.50 in our own stocks

The higher-priced blouses are in the majority. The offer includes

—blouses of chiffon, Georgette crepe, crepe de chine, satin, meteor, batiste and voile.

—French hand-made blouses of batiste and voile. In white and some in color.

—"Costume" blouses in chiffon and Georgette. Many of them hand-made.

—Black chiffon and Georgette blouses with touches of embroidery in gold or black.

—Satin blouses and over-blouses in street colors. Embroidered and beaded. Many in combinations of color.

—Georgette crepe blouses in blue and brown, trimmed with real filet lace in ecru.

—Hand-made crepe de chine blouses in white and flesh color, touched with exquisite embroidery and hand-drawn work.

Second floor, Old Building.

From a MAN to HIMSELF —*A Redleaf, London Ulster or Overcoat, $59, $69, $79*

The double-breasted Harrogate is a large, roomy ulster, probably the most popular model of the present time. Half belt; patch pockets. Every inch a man's coat.

The single-breasted Henley is a box overcoat of the practical type. Loose back; large patch pockets. Most men like it.

The single and double-breasted Guards Model—is a bit dressier than the other two models, having an inverted pleat in the back, and half belt. It is semi-fitting.



These coats were made according to our own ideas, from the rich fabrics that England is noted for. Fleeces, tweeds, cheviots, chinchillas and Saxonies—wonderful fabrics in texture and color.

Present-day conditions have made the prices much below last season's prices.

Auditorium—First Gallery, New Bldg.

TAXATION PROGRAM

Urges Before the House Committee Levies on Sales and Corporation Profits.

ADVOCATES HIGHER TARIFF

Says Excess Profits Tax Must Go and Favors Reduction in Higher Rates of Surtaxes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21. — Otto H. Kahn, New York banker, appearing before the Ways and Means Committee today outlined a general scheme of taxation to yield an annual revenue of $4,200,000,000. He included in his program a one-third of 1 per cent. tax on sales, to yield $600,000,000; a flat levy of 15 per cent. on corporation profits, to yield $1,00,000,000,000; reduction of the higher rates on income surtaxes, to provide a revenue of $300,000,000; revision of the tariff upward, to yield $600,000,000, and internal revenue excise and perhaps a tax on checks, to raise $1,000,000,000.

Mr. Kahn, who is one of the few witnesses invited by the committee to appear before it, went into great detail on the proposed tax on sale turnovers, and said that while he was not sure it would be a success, he thought it should be tried. He urged that the tax should not be more than one-third of 1 per cent., so that it could not place too heavy a burden on the consumer.

"I have been wobbly and wavering back and forth on the sales tax for some time," he said. "It is no more than decent that a man who personally is to benefit from a form of taxation should give very careful consideration to it. He should make sure that his endorsement of it is not due to the personal benefit he will receive, and should lean over backwards before he accepts it.

"Raising $4,000,000,000 in revenue is a new problem to the world. We cannot simply translate what European countries have done in raising revenue. We must have a system of taxation that is adapted to American conditions and American needs.

Says Sales Tax Would Not Be Felt.

"One of the experiments which I believe we are justified in making is a gross sales or turnover tax. This should be on a scale so small that if it is found to be a mistake it will not cost the people of our country a great deal. I think one-third of 1 per cent. would be a safe experiment to try. If this was passed on the addition to the price of a commodity it would be hardly perceptible and would be much less than the amount now passed on because of present taxes.

"My estimate is that it would add, for the year beginning July 1, 1921, from $550,000,000 to $650,000,000."

Mr. Kahn said he would retain minor taxes in the present law which are not irksome, in order to prevent the use of the sales tax as an excuse for profiteering. He added:

"I would require that the amount of the sales tax be added in each case as a separate item and make it compulsory that it be so stated to the purchaser. Then I would exercise due vigilance to see that the tax was not taken advantage of, using popular opinion as a check."

"If such a tax is used, it must not be permitted to be used as an excuse for profiteering," Mr. Kahn declared emphatically. He said it was impossible to estimate the expense of collecting a sales tax, a great deal depending upon whether or not it was a "willing tax."

"I can't see why it should be very expensive," he said, "and I am not inclined to agree with the objection to the tax on this ground."

In reply to Representative Longworth, Mr. Kahn said there was no economic objection to a flat tax on undistributed profits of corporations, except that this

Present modes of taxation, Mr. Kahn said, would continue to absorb the capital of business. He said he would "go slow" on deflation, as this was a "delicate" matter. He deplored the existing practice, induced by heavy taxation, of investing in municipal bonds instead of putting the capital in active business, although he recognized, he said, the pressure brought by the taxes.

When Representative Tilson of the committee asked the banker what would be the effect of continuing the same system of excess profits taxes, the banker said:

"The result would be a very heavy and dangerous curtailment of business activity throughout the country, affecting all lines."

When Mr. Kahn appeared before the committee in the forenoon he suggested a plan including elimination of the excess profits taxes, reduction of surtaxes to a "reasonable level," suggesting an average of between 30 and 35 per cent., with the highest about 40 per cent.; increased tariff revenue, a sales tax and minor taxes. He opposed refunding of the floating public debt, but advocated funding all Victory and Liberty bonds now outstanding against the Government. New bonds issued in their place, he said, should bear a high interest rate but should not be exempted from taxation.

"The first essential of a normal flow of commerce is a normal flow of capital," Mr. Kahn told the committee. "This capital must be accumulated and supplied either by private enterprise or by the State. Taxes must be paid in cash, and cash is the life blood of business. If the Government appropriates too large a part of the business man's cash, either of two things will happen. There will be a restriction of normal expansion of business enterprises or debts will be incurred to an undue extent. The result of our present taxes has been an intolerable strain, and debts have been incurred to an undue extent.

"It has not been financial deflation which has brought about the present turmoil due to greatly reduced prices of many of our commodities, including agricultural products. Our taxation has been one of the most potent factors. We must retrace our steps back and re-establish a saner, fairer system of taxation, and one that is more simple.

Declares Excess Profit Levy Must Go.

"The excess profits taxes must go. I am sorry to say that, because in theory the tax is a good one. The best brains there are, however, have been unable to work out a system which will apply the tax evenly and without undue hardship. The necessary disadvantages accompanying it outweigh and overbalance the advantages."

Representative Frear of Wisconsin, Republican, questioned Mr. Kahn regarding the statement published this morning in which William G. McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury, declared that financial deflation was responsible for present conditions and urged extension of additional credits.

"I think Mr. McAdoo, for whom I have a great respect, made that statement with an eye to 1924, and possibly to two years from now," Mr. Kahn replied. "I do not agree with him in three-quarters of what he says."

The tax on bank deposits proposed by Representative Treadway did not impress Mr. Kahn.

"A tax of that nature would be almost calamitous," he said. "The tax would be imposed on a transaction in which there is no element of profit and the business man could not stand such a tax. It would make us practically go back to the days of barter. Such a tax, however small, would be throwing a monkey-wrench into the financial system of the country, and I do not mean the financial structure of Wall Street, but of the whole country, involving the small farmer and merchant."

Of a flat tax on corporations he asserted:

"It is the best substitute for the excess profits taxes in my opinion. Instead of the 10 per cent. tax now in effect increase the flat tax on all corporations to 15 per cent. on net profits. Corporations could well afford to pay this increase for the blessing of getting rid of the excess profits tax. The proposal made is plausible and well well thought out. But I should like a simple method of taxation."

New Zealand Astronomer to Assist Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 21.—Yale University has received a letter from Charles Edward Adams, head of the Hector Observatory at Wellington, New Zealand, accepting the appointment of "associate in astronomy" at Yale University. Dr. Adams, who is Government astronomer and seismologist of New Zealand, has agreed to co-operate with the Yale Observatory in photographing the stars of the Southern Hemisphere for compiling zone catalogues.

WAR FUND DISPOSAL

Will Be Asked to Pass On Diversion of $4,500,000 Balance to European Relief.

SOCIETIES WILL THEN ACT

A. C. Bedford Heads Committee to Raise City's Quota for Starving Children.

The question as to whether the $4,500,000 balance of the United War Fund shall be turned over to the European Relief Council is to be referred to President Wilson, according to an announcement made yesterday at the offices of Herbert Hoover, Chairman of the council. Then the proposal will be referred to the governing boards of the organizations which combined during the war in the United War Drive for $170,500,000.

No prediction of success in efforts to divert the war fund for use among 3,500,000 children in Central and Southeastern Europe would be made yesterday by officials of the European Relief Council or former members of the board that administered the war fund.

Knights of Columbus Attitude.

Anticipating favorable decision by President Wilson, Supreme Knight James A. Flaherty of the Knights of Columbus, gave out yesterday a statement saying that he would refer the question to the Governing Board of his organization.

"The Knights of Columbus, as participants in the United War Fund, must abide by the rules under which that fund was collected," Mr. Flaherty said. "These rules leave final arbitration regarding the fund to the President of the United States.

"The organizations that combined in the United War Drive were the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., the National Catholic War Council, the War Camp Community Service, the Jewish Welfare Board, the American Library Association and the Salvation Army. None of these organizations has stated yet what its attitude would be on the request. Some of them are members of the Relief Council.

Will Avoid Drive Methods.

A. C. Bedford, Chairman of the Board of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, accepted yesterday the chairmanship of the Executive Board of the drive in this city for the quota of $3,500,000 of the relief fund of $33,000,000. He said drive methods would be avoided as far as possible and urged the public to send contributions to the European Relief Council at 42 Broadway. Volunteer workers are to be recruited in Wall Street.

The men who, with Mr. Bedford, constitute the Executive Committee are J. S. Alexander, President of the National Bank of Commerce; William C. Breed of Breed, Abbot & Morgan; Colonel du Pont, Darwin P. Kingsley, President of the New York State Chamber of Commerce and the New York Life Insurance Company; William Fellowes Morgan, President of the Merchants' Association of New York; John H. Love, Vice President of the Irving National Bank and New York State Chairman for the campaign; John D. Ryan, Edward R. Stettinius, Felix Warburg, Paul M. Warburg and Guy Emerson, the latter being Secretary of the committee.

Contributions made to the fund at the Metropolitan Opera House meeting on Sunday may be about $800,000, or nearly one-fourth of the quota allotted to the city. The organizations in the Relief Council are the American Relief Administration, American Red Cross, American Friends' Service Committee (Quakers), the Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, Knights of Columbus, Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A.

Landlord Fined for Heatless House.

Magistrate Alexander Brough, in the Municipal Term of the City Magistrates' Court, yesterday imposed a fine of $250 on Alexander J. Thompson, landlord of 2,469 Seventh Avenue, for his failure to supply sufficient heat in the house at that address on Dec. 4.

MARK CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON
ACTUAL MAKERS

Recently a man was successful in buying a "gold brick" from a perfect stranger for 150 dollars. The last quotation for a similar article was 200 dollars.

This confirms the general downward trend of prices in all industries.

GLOVES

FOR MEN

Tan English capeskin, handsewn..... $3.75

Velvet finish Raybuck, English handsewn tan or gray..... $5.25

MOCHA

Tan or gray..... $5.50

FOR WOMEN

NEW FRENCH SUÉDE

Tan, beige or mode shades, 8-but., $5; 12-but., $6.75

16-but. white suede $7.75

16-but. white glace $7.50

NEW WHITE DOESKIN

English and French, from..... $3.25

MOCHA

Gray, beaver, Newport or buck, 1-clasp.... $3.50

FRENCH CHAMOIS

Strap-wrist, from. $5.75

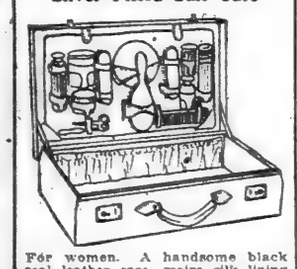
LINED GLOVES

For men from $5.50 to $14.75

For women from $4.75 to $16.00

Box of assorted Gloves, $9.10 to $26.00

Silver Fitted Suit Case



Fór women. A handsome black seal leather case, moire silk lining throughout; complete toilet and manicure articles of engine-turned sterling silver and glass. 22-inch case, formerly $299.25. Specially priced at $239.40

"Double-deck" Table



Marquetry serving table, folding design, of solid mahogany. Table when opened and in use, measures 23x31x16 inches high. Sturdy and portable. Formerly $75.00. Specially priced at..... $60.00

Mark Cross
The World's Greatest Leather Store
NEW YORK
404 Fifth Ave. (At 37th Street) — 253 Broadway (Opp. City Hall)
BOSTON 148 Tremont St. — LONDON 89 Regent St.
Dealers Throughout the World

Reg. Trade Mark

The Christmas Gift

The Christmas gift to be truly acceptable must be chosen with care, for it should combine both beauty and practicality. At McCutcheon's you will find gifts—all moderately priced—to please the most particular.

A few Suggestions

from "The Linen Store"

Linen
Damask Table Cloths and Napkins
Handkerchiefs of Pure Linen
Fancy Tea-Cloths, Centerpieces and Napkins
Embroidered Pillow Cases
Guest Towels

Comfortables
Soft downey silk-covered Comfortables in lovely colors

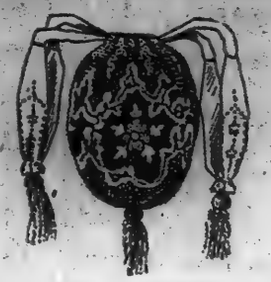
Automobile Robes
With Pillows and Foot Muffs to match

Lingerie
Imported hand-made Lingerie as well as domestic
Negligees, Boudoir Accessories and Silk Underwear

Evening Scarfs
Of Silk and Real Lace—a particularly welcome gift

Sweaters, Wool Hats, Hosiery
Wool Sweaters, Scarfs and Sport Hats to Match
Silk Sweaters, Scarfs and Hosiery

James McCutcheon & Company
Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets, New York



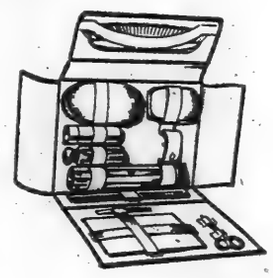
Saks & Company Will Hold To-day

A REMARKABLE SALE OF

Imported Beaded Bags

At 15.00

Handsome drawstring bags—*as pictured*—in a host of new and very beautiful designs, the rare beauty of the colorings appealing especially to those of critical taste. Each bag beautifully silk-lined, and finished with deep tassel.



100 MEN'S

Fitted Dressing Cases

At 16.50

Regularly 25.00. High-grade cases of seal-grain cowhide leather lined with calfskin, and fitted with clothes brush, hair brush, tooth brush and nail brush holders, liquid bottle, soap box, shaving stick, comb, file, mirror and scissors.

Saks & Company
Broadway At 34th Street

At Saks To-day

AN EXCEPTIONAL SALE OF

Men's Dress Boots and Oxfords

AT A SUBSTANTIAL SAVING FROM REGULAR PRICES

8.75



Every pair of these fine shoes was taken from our regular stock and are here offered for the first time at this low price.

The Boots are in button style with plain toe or straight tip, patent vamps and cloth or leather tops.

The Oxfords are in plain toe model, made of fine gun metal leather or patent colt-skin. *All sizes.*



Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

RUSSEKS

FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th and 35th Streets

SALE NOW IN PROGRESS

Year-End Clearance

SUPERB, HIGH-COST

DRESSES
WRAPS
SUITS

AT UNDER COST PRICES FOR IMMEDIATE CLEARANCE

TAILLEUR DINNER & EVENING
141 *FROCKS* $49.50
Clearance Without Regard To Cost

SUMPTUOUS DINNER & EVENING
47 *GOWNS* $89.50
Clearance Without Regard To Cost

UP TO $400.00 ORIGINAL MODEL
69 *GOWNS* $150.00
Lavishly Embroidered and Beaded, and Aglitter with Sequins and Ornature.

210 EVORA OR BOLIVIA
WRAPS & COATS $85.00
With Squirrel or Beaver Collars

59 MARVELLA & ORLANDA
WRAPS $150.00
Richly trimmed with deep Fur Collars & Cuffs

Clearance of
121 High Cost
RUSSEK-ORIGINAL
SUITS
Fur-Trimmed and Plain
$49.50

ADVERTISEMENT.

Let All American Citizens Read This Statement

A Condition in the Clothing Manufacturing Trade That Commands Your Attention

Let all red-blooded Americans who favor fair play and the reduction of high prices read the following absolutely authentic facts:

Like numerous other manufacturers of men's fine clothing, we have found our business at a standstill and our big factory loaded to the limit with thousands of men's fine suits and overcoats which, due to the stagnation that exists in the retail store trade, remain unsold.

This placed us in a serious position. We had to either discharge our help, close down our factory and accept a tremendous loss or try and sell direct to the public. In this desperate situation we decided finally to let our entire stock go to the public at whatever it would bring. Almost immediately we were told by a good part of our store trade to stop selling at retail or accept many cancellations and virtual extermination. Now we do not charge all the retail trade with this form of boycott. There are many, we feel, who are too fair to countenance such methods.

However, we have determined to dispose of our stocks to the general public at once, regardless of any threats. Therefore, you can now walk into our New York factory at 810 Broadway and select these fine men's suits and overcoats at far below regular retail prices.

In other words, all wool suits and overcoats, cut on advanced patterns, for which regular retail stores ask you $40 to $50, we will sell you at $20 and $25; those that retail at $60 and $70, we will dispose of at $30 and $35—absolutely no higher, and we guarantee the cloth and trimmings to be as good as used in suits anywhere.

And, bear in mind, you have our guarantee to refund your money within three days if you are not satisfied with the value received.

Further, to prove that our prices are not exaggerated one iota, you are privileged to see our books and actual contracts with retail concerns, showing that this offer is not only legitimate but most remarkable and that we are really standing a big loss.

The above prices and actual savings will give you an idea of the tremendous opportunity that we now place before men and young men of this city who believe in a reduction of prices and demand fair play.

We ask your help and co-operation, guaranteeing every word in this statement the absolute truth. Do us the justice of at least investigating the facts herein stated.

Our factory—one flight up—will be open from 8.30 A. M. to 7 P. M. during this sale.

Finkelstein & Maisel
FACTORY AND SHOWROOMS (Take Elevator), ONE FLIGHT UP
810 Broadway, opp. 11th St., N. Y.

STERLING SILVER

JEWELRY
WATCHES
PEARLS, PRECIOUS STONES
STATIONERY, SILVER PLATE

REED & BARTON
ESTABLISHED 1824
THEODORE B. STARR, Inc
ESTABLISHED 1862
FIFTH AVENUE AT 47TH ST.
& MAIDEN LANE

Books for Boys

The Sons o' Cormac
Some Tales of Other Men's Sons
By ALDIS DUNBAR
Irish folk tales, rich in beauty and inspiration. $1.50

Jungle Roads and other Trails of Roosevelt
By DANIEL HENDERSON
A book of fine adventure: just the thing for a live boy. $3.00

A Book of Boyhoods
By EUGENIE M. FRYER
Brief accounts of the early years of many men who later became leaders. $3.00

Quite seriously we assert that better reading for your growing boys would be very difficult to find.

E. P. DUTTON & CO.,
681 Fifth Ave., New York

Is He A Person of Standing?

Give Him
THE OUTLINE OF HISTORY
By
H. G. Wells

"Everybody of standing reads it, or says he does, or he comes out."—N. Y. Globe Editorial.

2 vols. in box, $5.00, of your bookseller or

The Macmillan Company, New York

ADVERTISEMENT.

THREE DELICIOUS DISHES $1.00
BUY
WAR DEPARTMENT CANNED MEATS

? ? ?

San Francisco Chicago New York

THE ONE QUESTION when intelligent people meet:

"Have YOU read

CAIUS GRACCHUS

By Odin Gregory?"

At everywhere Boni & Liveright, N. Y.

AMERICAN WRITING PAPER COMPANY
The World's Largest Makers of Fine Papers

JOSEPH HEINRICHS

Christmas Gifts
948 Broadway
Near 23d Street
FINEST Copper & Bronze Ware
IN EXISTENCE
Electric Specialties

J (for the Holidays) Jumbo PEANUTS
delicious big ones—freshly roasted: Cash and carry 25c lb.
NUTS IN SEASON
Importers' Mills Co., 173 Greenwich St. near Cortlandt, ½ Block West Hudson Ter.

4½ & 5% ON SAVING | DATING FROM JAN 1st
Paid by the old reliable
FRANKLIN SOCIETY
FIFTEEN PARK ROW, N. Y.
Park Row Bldg., Ground Floor.
13 Years Old—Safe—Conservative

BELIEVE MRS. LEE TOOK HER OWN LIFE

Coroner's Physician Unable to Decide How Doctor's Widow Met Death.

FOUND AT LONG BEACH

Inherited $100,000 From Husband, but Had Been Melancholy Since He Died.

The authorities of Nassau County were unable last night to determine the cause of death of Mrs. Penelope Bond Lee, wife of the late Dr. John A. Lee, noted cancer and X-ray specialist, whose body was found Monday night on the sands of Long Beach. Dr. Arthur D. Jacques, acting Coroner's physician of Lynbrook, who performed an autopsy yesterday afternoon, was inclined to believe that Mrs. Lee had committed suicide, but he said that the woman's digestive organs would be sent to a laboratory for analysis.

Dr. Jacques based his suicide theory on the fact that the autopsy disclosed no signs of violence, bullet wounds nor evidences of drowning. He said that he could find no trace of poison and that Mrs. Lee's heart action had been seemingly normal. Friends and relatives could ascribe no reason why Mrs. Lee should have taken her life other than possible melancholia over the death of her husband last April. Her financial affairs were in good condition, they said.

Former Supreme Court Justice Luke D. Stapleton, whose daughter married Robert F. Lee, a brother-in-law of Mrs. Lee, telephoned a request for the body last night to Coroner E. T. Neu of Lynbrook. Positive identification of the body was made late in the afternoon by Arnold T. Ghegan of the real estate firm of Ghegan & Levine, 123 Kingston Avenue, Brooklyn, who had been commissioned by Mrs. Lee to dispose of her home at 23 Revere Place, in the fashionable St. Marks's section of Brooklyn.

The body was discovered about 9:30 Monday night by Joseph Zink and his 15-year-old son George, of Rosedale, L. I., who were on a fishing expedition. The body, still warm, was just at the water's edge, although it had not been immersed by the waves. They notified Captain Walter Barriscale of the Long Beach police, who brought with him a local physician. The physician said that the woman had not been dead more than an hour.

Captain Barriscale traced Mrs. Lee's footsteps in the sand from the point where she left the boardwalk to the spot where she was found. About a half hour before the body was discovered a coast guard on patrol passed the spot, but reported seeing no one at the time.

Through friends and relatives the authorities traced the movements of Mrs. Lee from Sunday noon, when she dined at the home of ex-Judge Stapleton at 254 Garfield Place, Brooklyn. She left there and went to Newark that afternoon, and spent the night with Mrs. Peter Smith at 102 Elwood Avenue. When she started for Manhattan on Monday morning Mrs. Lee seemed in a cheerful mood, the authorities learned, and said that she was going to the Pennsylvania Station to inquire about reservations she had made for Monday.

She had said that she expected to spend the Christmas holidays at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Davis, Springfield, Ill., where she had lived in her childhood.

Mrs. Lee had been making her home at the Hotel McAlpin since Nov. 4. Her Brooklyn home was free of mortgages, it was said, and on the death of Dr. Lee she received more than $100,000, which, added to her own property, gave her a substantial income. Mrs. Lee, who was about 45 years old, had no children.

Dr. John A. Lee formerly was President of the Kings County Hospital and during the war was commander of the hospital ship Mercy. He was a pioneer in the use of the X-ray. Although it was recorded that he died of pneumonia in April, it was said that a contributory cause was severe internal burns received during his earlier experiments with the X-ray.

OPPOSED TO MRS. STETSON.

Campbell MacCulloch Disagrees With Ousted Scientist's Policies.

Campbell MacCulloch, formerly First Reader of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, said yesterday he was not a follower of Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson, as stated in a report of his intention to bring a civil action for damages against persons suspected of having stolen documents from his office.

"I have been unalterably opposed at all times to the policies and practices of Mrs. Stetson that resulted in her dismissal from the First Church here and the Mother Church in Boston, and am still opposed to those policies and practices," he said. "Three years ago this month I outlined to the Christian Science Board of Directors exactly the plan of expulsion of the adherents of Mrs. Stetson, which the Trustees of First Church here have put into effect, and I have not changed my belief in the necessity for such action. At that time the Christian Science Board of Directors counseled caution, and while I now approve the idea of ridding the Church of those out of sympathy with it, I do not think this is the time to act in that direction. While I have resigned from First Church, so that I may be free to take personal action, I have only the most sincere desire for its welfare."

CHRISTMAS NEW-YEAR
McCue Bros. & Drummond
52 Broadway 1442 Broadway
New York
Will deliver to bearer a Stetson of the value of _____ dollars as a Christmas Greeting from
No. _____

A Xmas Gift Suggestion

A GIFT that every man will appreciate—a

STETSON HAT

that he can choose for himself.

You buy the order
We deliver the hat

McCUE BROS. & DRUMMOND
High Grade Hats ONLY
52 Broadway Near Exchange Pl. | 1442 Broadway Bet. 40 & 41 Sts.



The New Imported Havana Cigars

A Luxury—Yes
An Extravagance—No

Superlatively good while fresh—even better after ageing a year or two. For this we have to thank the 1920 crop of Havana Tobacco, finest since 1905.

Prices of Imported Cigars are only about 40% higher than ten years ago. Other commodities—most domestic cigars among them—have advanced 100% in that period.

And please note: The present prices on Imported Cigars will not come down for another year at least—if then. You can't go wrong by putting in a large stock.

THE IDEAL CHRISTMAS GIFT

The 1920 Crop Havana Tobacco Best Since 1905

Cigar Manufacturers' Association of the Island of Cuba

An English Wife in Berlin

By EVELYN PRINCESS BLÜCHER

The Boston Transcript calls it:—
"So far the most revealing and absorbing personal record."

The New York Evening Post says:—
"Informal, racy of the moment, lively in mingling of personal incident with political happening, it reflects with unconscious dramatic quality the development of the German catastrophe and the aftermath of disaster."

The Chicago Evening Post says:—
"It is in a class by itself; fairly teems with interesting details."

Price $6.00. It should be on sale at your bookstore; if not, it can be had from

E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., New York

Price Revision on Edwin Clapp Shoes

IMPORTANT price revisions affecting our entire stock of Edwin Clapp Shoes are now in effect. This presents an exceptional opportunity to secure highest-grade footwear of exceptional workmanship and leathers at material savings.

Special Prices on Cordovan and Calf Shoes

We are closing out several lines of Black and Tan Cordovan and Russia Calf Shoes previously priced at $19 and $20.

Present prices, $13.85 and $15.50
Including tax.



WOMEN:—Price Revisions have also been made on our women's shoes which embody feminine style with masculine service.

THE Edwin Clapp SHOE
Established 1853

New Down-Town Store
146 Fulton Street, near Broadway

Up-Town Store
6 East 42d Street—3 doors from Fifth Ave.

A Message From a Men's Shop Addressed to Women



This Year Give Him Something He Can Wear

There's a personal quality to such a gift, an implication of careful thought which makes it doubly complimentary. Get it here, at the shop which he himself very likley patronizes. Our salesmen will gladly give the benefit of their knowledge of men's preferences.

A Warm Overcoat for Christmas

If he needs an overcoat there's no gift which will be so warmly welcomed. And our sale of suits and overcoats offers a remarkable opportunity. We are offering $50 overcoats for $33, and $75 overcoats for $45. If you're in doubt about the size, give him a merchandise certificate.

Handsome Xmas Neckwear
$1.00 silk ties now 65c
$2.00 silk ties now 95c
$2.50 silk ties now $1.35
$3.00 silk ties now $1.85

Shirts Reduced
$5.00 Russian Cord Shirts, $2.35
$6.00 Shirts, imp'ted Madras, $2.95
And at $6.95, $7.95 and $10.50 heavy silk shirts formerly $10, $12 and $15 respectively.

Holeproof Hosiery for Men
$3 to $9 the half dozen.

Handkerchiefs
Plain white or relieved by most estripes. In white linen, cotton and silk, 35c to $3 each.
Initialed, $2 to $5 per half doz.

Mufflers of Real Beauty
Silk, $5 to $20
Woolen, $4 to $10
Fiber, $2.50

Pajamas
Madras, cheviot, flannel, silk—$3.50 to $12

Belber Bags and Suit Cases
$10.50 and up

Gloves, $3.50 to $6.75

Bath Robes of Striking Beauty
Very handsome patterns $8.50 to $200

Umbrellas, $2 to $25

Walking Sticks, $1.50 to $30

Smoking Jackets
Silk, velvet, woolen—$10 to $40

Buy Xmas Seals

Brill Brothers
279 Broadway, 125th St. at 3d Ave. | Broadway at 49th Street | 47 Cortlandt Street, 44 East 14th Street

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd, Manhattan
Court Street at Montague, Brooklyn

25 Holiday Gifts For A Man
Dress and Fancy Waistcoats
Initial Handkerchiefs
Tan Capeskin Gloves
Silk Handkerchiefs
Wool Knit Jackets
Knitted Neckwear
Fur Lined Gloves
Madras Pajamas
Lounging Robes
Smoking Jackets
Walking Sticks
Madras Shirts
Leather Goods
Comfy Slippers
Silk Neckwear
Wool Mufflers
Mocha Gloves
Wool Hosiery
Silk Pajamas
Silk Mufflers
Silk Hosiery
Bath Robes
Silk Shirts
Umbrellas
Jewelry

4 Holiday Gifts For A Woman
Mufflers
Umbrellas
Silk Hosiery
Mannish Wool Hosiery

Stein-Bloch Suits And Ulsters Are Gifts That Will Make A Hit, Not Hit The Waste-Basket

SUITS		OVERCOATS	
$45	$36.50	$60 and $65	$52.50
$50 and $55	$39.50	$70 and $75	$59.50
$60, $65, $70	$49.50	$90, $95, $100	$69.50
$75, $80, $85, $90	$59.50	$120 and $125	$94.50

NO CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS IF NEEDED

From You To Yourself Or From You To Another, No Gift Compares In Genial Warmth With A Stein-Bloch Suit Or A Stein-Bloch Ulster. It Will Be Doing Duty Next Christmas, When Useless Presents Received This Year Are Being Re-Packed To Give Again

JOHN DAVID GIFT BONDS
In Genuine Morocco Case Without Extra Charge

JOHN DAVID GIFT BOXES
Encase Every Purchase Without Extra Charge

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL CHRISTMAS

President of Czechoslovakia.

A new photograph of Thomas Garigue Masaryk, President of the Czechoslovak Republic, will appear next Sunday in The New York Times Rotogravure Picture Section. The original was made by a well known New York photographer, who took a special trip to Prague, travelling 9,000 miles for this purpose alone.—Advt.

THOSE who love a strange mystery and a beautiful romance should beseech Santa Claus to bring them "The House With a Bad Name." A fascinating mystery story of an entirely novel kind, by Perley Poore Sheehan. All booksellers.



The Kensico Cemetery
America's Burial Park

Adolph S. Ochs, Publisher and President
B. C. Tinsley, Secretary.

OFFICES: [TELEPHONE BRYANT 1000]
TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
TIMES ANNEX.....43 West 42d
DOWNTOWN.....1 Beekman Street
WALL STREET.....8 Rector Street
HARLEM.....2,100 Seventh Avenue

Paris.....2,514 Third Avenue
Washington Bureau.....1,322 Broadway
West Bureau.....Alhee Building
Chicago.....Tribune Building
Boston.....612 Globe-Democrat Building
Detroit.....Free Press Building
San Francisco.....741 Market Street
London.....12 Salisbury Square, E.C.
Paris.....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two Cents a Copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 200 miles; Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn. Ten Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, postage paid. One Year. Six Mos. One Mo.
Daily and Sunday...$12.00 $6.00 $1.00
†Daily only.....10.00 5.00 .85
Sunday only.....4.00 2.25 .45
Sunday only, Canada.....6.00 3.25 .55
*One week, 35c. †One week, 50c.

FOREIGN RATES

Daily and Sunday...$26.00 $13.00 $2.40
Daily only.....17.40 8.70 1.45
Sunday only.....8.75 4.12 .80
Weekly, Picture Section, $3.50; Magazine, $1.50.

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNALIST (Mondays), per year, $5; Canada, $5.50; other countries, $6.
Binder for 52 issues (one vol.), $1.50.

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $3.

THE NEW YORK TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursdays), one year, $2; Canada, $3; other countries, $4.50.
Binder for 52 issues, $1.50.

THE CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $4; Canada, $4.50 (foreign $5). Per copy, 35c.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $5; per year, $16.

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—28 volumes in the set—illustrated—cloth, $40; three-quarter leather, $100; full leather, $130—encyclopedic history European War.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it, or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 22, 1920.

TRADING WITH RUSSIA.

Restrictions on the export of coin or bullion to Bolshevist Russia, and on dealings in exchange and credit in that country, have now been removed. Most of the other restrictions, except as relating to goods which might be used for military purposes, were removed on July 7 last. At present Bolshevist Russia has little fighting on hand, so railroad material and similar supplies might perhaps not be regarded as liable to diversion to military use; although the prospect of another struggle with Poland is serious enough to make this somewhat doubtful.

However, many of the obstacles to trade with Russia have been cleared away; yet those who were clamoring for the "reopening of trade" still clamor. What hindrances remain? It may be worth while to examine them, for the examination may throw some light on the motives behind the agitation. Generally speaking, the obstacles still in the way of trade may be summed up in the official phrase that people trading with Russia do so at their own risk. Passports to Red Russia are not granted; but passports to the Baltic States will take American traders pretty close to the border, and experience has shown that if the Bolsheviki think it is worth while letting them in they can get in without a great deal of trouble. There is no mail service; but some trade could be done despite this by indirect methods. There are no American diplomats or Consuls in Bolshevist Russia; an American business man in difficulties would have no agents of his own Government to come to his aid.

Trade, consequently, is difficult; but it is possible. The hindrances mentioned above could be removed only by recognition of the Bolshevist Government. There is reason to believe that a good many, perhaps most, of those who are crying for trade with Russia are interested chiefly in the recognition of that Government; trade is only a means to an end. They have a right to this aspiration, but it is somewhat misleading to talk about the advantages of trade when the real purpose is political and not economic.

There are others, however, whose purpose is economic. They want to get trade started between Russia and the rest of the world because Russia has goods that the world needs and the world has goods that Russia needs. Unfortunately, it does not appear that such goods as Russia has will be available very soon, except for gold and jewels which represent the remnant of the accumulations of the capitalist régime. There is no stock of goods manufactured under communism waiting for export, nor have the Communists been able to develop the great natural resources of the country to any noticeable extent. For a time trade with Russia would be chiefly export to Russia. The Bolsheviki have nationalized the business of the country, as Mr. LLOYD GEORGE discovered when he tried to do business with the co-operatives. So the trade which can now be undertaken amounts to American shipments to the Bolshevist Government.

And here enters the great obstacle—what the State Department last July called "the risks incident to the acceptance of commodities or other values the title to which may later be brought into question." The Bolsheviki can pay for what they buy in money or goods which were formerly the property of the Russian Government or of private individuals who have been expropriated. Recognition would establish their title to Government property; it might establish their title to the property of Russians which had been seized; it might or might not establish their title to the property of foreigners in Russia, and certainly would not give them any claim on the property of foreign Governments, such as the Rumanian gold. Until the Bolshevist Government is left many disputed points which would probably have to be settled by a special agreement. How hard it is to make such agreements the British experience has shown us. British merchants who want to trade with the Bolsheviki have in many cases virtually asked their Government to ignore the rightful claims of British subjects who had traded in Russia in the past. The same demand would probably arise in this country; not governmental permission, which is already granted, but a sort of governmental guarantee. This is going rather far.

Aside from this question, however, it ought to be clear that at this time agitation for reopening trade with Russia means agitation for official recognition of the Bolshevist Government. And there are two quite distinct elements in that agitation; one would recognize the Bolsheviki as an essential for the reopening of trade and the other would reopen trade in order to get an excuse for recognizing the Bolsheviki.

THE NEEDIEST CASES.

It is a pleasure to note, in yesterday's contributions to the Neediest Cases, signs of a deepening interest. This is seen not only in the total of gifts but in their number; and many of the letters sent to THE TIMES along with comparatively small sums are touching in the spirit they display. Those parts of them that we are able to publish make good reading.

As we near the completion of the fund actually required for the Hundred Neediest Cases, one thing should be borne in mind. Behind this first Hundred stands a second. Last year the subscriptions were large enough to care for Two Hundred Cases. Relief on the greater scale is still more urgent this year. There ought to be no doubt, even at a time when many feel straitened in their charities, that the money needed should be forthcoming from the hundreds of thousands of people under whose eyes this appeal must have fallen.

Its exceptional nature should not be forgotten. The cases have all been carefully investigated. The need of help is certified to by authority that cannot be questioned. It is not like being asked for alms in the street by some one you do not know. It is, rather, like a friend bringing to your house a person in distress. This is all that THE TIMES has undertaken to do—to present cases of most appealing need, all of which have been investigated by the charitable societies. It is for those before whom the facts are laid to yield to the instinctive impulse to help a fellow-being in trouble.

FRANCE AND REPARATION.

The news from Brussels points to a better understanding between the French and English Governments, in conference with the German delegates, on the whole question of reparations. There is one fixed point. This is that by the first of next May, as provided in Article 233 of the Versailles Treaty, the "extent" of Germany's obligations in the matter of compensation for the damage wrought by her armies must be "notified to the German Government." It is in order to determine this total sum that the conference at Brussels is working hopefully.

A preliminary task was the removal of a certain amount of friction between England and France. Their cordial relations had been clouded in a number of ways, and the reparations question had been made a special ground of difference and complaint. The French were represented in the English press as unreasonable and grasping. They not only wanted the uttermost farthing from Germany; they wanted to disable and ruin her. It was partly to meet these charges that ex-President POINCARÉ recently wrote two long letters to The London Morning Post to explain the attitude and the demands of France. He denies that France "dreams of ruining Germany." "She is perfectly well "aware that the ruin of Germany "would be an evil for all the other "nations." If Germany is really willing to meet her obligations under the Treaty, "France is ready to grant her "all the facilities and all the time required for payment." For the devastations in France to go unrepaired would be not only a "universal disaster"; it would also be "an abominable iniquity." France asks only two things: "That Germany shall repair "the evil she has done us and that "she shall disarm."

This represents what may be called the moral and political side of the case. Its financial side has been set forth by the former Minister of Finance, M. KLOTZ, in the November number of the Revue Economique Internationale. His survey of the outlook for public finance in France is measurably hopeful. With the restoration of Alsace and Lorraine, the French iron industry bids fair to take second place after the United States. But recovery in the manufacturing regions of the North depends upon the prompt expenditure of large sums to make good the deliberate destruction of mills and mines by the Germans. And this part of the French budget is distinctly and necessarily based on reparation by Germany. It is vital not only to the rebuilding of France but to her economic stability.

These are the truths which have to be faced in the reparations question. Germany's ability to pay is limited, but it is not to be measured by her present distress. Her industrial plant is intact, and her productive power is enormous. Her people are not overtaxed, and they have been relieved of the burden of maintaining a great army. Her foreign trade is reviving. Her ability to pay is not to be measured by the amount of gold in the Reichsbank. Germany has the means to pay, and the Allies have the right to require payment. The Treaty, and that a secure peace be guaranteed to her.

ALBANIA.

The admission of Albania to the League of Nations gives to that country a status which appears to qualify it for recognition by other Powers. Article I. of the League Covenant declares that "any self-governing State, "dominion or colony not named in "the Annex may become a member "of the League" by two-thirds vote of the Assembly. The Albanians are now self-governing. The government they have established is the result of a national movement very different from the attempts at establishing a government often made by the various tribesmen in the past. They have a Legislature or Parliament, they have an Executive, the powers of that branch being now vested in a council of four. Their Government has a recognized seat, they have peace and good understanding with their neighbors; save for such minor disorders as may naturally occur among a people so independent in spirit, they appear to be capable of maintaining order at home and of fulfilling their moderate obligations abroad. These are the well-understood conditions precedent to recognition.

The history of the Albanians has elements of romance and of pathos. For more than 4,000 years, as their difficult history is traced, they have stood their ground while devastating hordes have swept over them. Their national hero, SCANDERBEG, defied the Sultan's armies for twenty-four years, and the Albanians proved to be the final barrier against the Moslem invaders in Europe. Originally Christians, most of them were converted to the religion of the Turks more than 300 years ago. They are the first Moslem nation to join the League. Held in practical servitude to Turkey for over four centuries, this little race of mountaineers has shown wonderful vitality in maintaining its national characteristics. Different in blood and language from its neighbors, it has kept the purity of its stock in a far greater degree than the other Balkan peoples. MAX MUELLER and other authorities identify the Albanians as the descendants of the Illyrians, the Pelasgians, by whom, as HERODOTUS understood it, Athens was founded.

It may be expected that our Government, by giving official recognition, will hasten to offer the hand of friendship to this brave little nation, the latest member of the brotherhood of republics. The new Government has so far demonstrated its strength as to secure Italy's renunciation of her mandate, and by reaching an agreement with neighboring States upon disputed questions it gives promise of becoming a stabilizing influence in the Balkans.

A STRONG MAN NEEDED.

The record of Police Chief FITZ-MORRIS of Chicago, who has been in office forty-two days, should interest Police Commissioner ENRIGHT, who has had three years to deal with criminals and make New York safe for people who are not criminals. Police Chief FITZ-MORRIS is the man Chicago wanted. For a month there has not been an "unsolved murder" in that city of a turbulent past, nor in six weeks has a payroll hold-up occurred. The department has broken records in convicting criminals. Day and night the force is on the jump to prevent crime and to make arrests. One of the first things FITZ-MORRIS did was to "abolish soft snaps in the department, "the special details and swivel chair "jobs." All policemen had to work and 1,000 plain-clothes men were put in uniform and sent out on patrol duty. The new Chief is a great believer in the uniformed policeman who covers his beat, keeps his eyes open and is quick to act with his revolver when he catches a footpad holding up a citizen. "That's the reason," says the new Chief, "the Chicago police "have been killing on an average two "criminals a week since I took office."

In Chicago every commander is held responsible for conditions in his district and in turn the commander expects every patrolman to prevent crimes on his beat or to make an arrest when a crime is committed. The patrolmen are card-indexed, and what they do or fail to do is recorded each day. High-powered automobiles, carrying the crack shots of the department, scour the city at all hours and reports are made to headquarters every thirty minutes. For two years before FITZ-MORRIS came upon the scene there was at least one payroll hold-up every Saturday, often more, once as many as seven. Motorcycle policemen now look out for the payroll carriers. Every pickpocket "hangout," every thieves' den and every "cheap saloon" in Chicago is under surveillance and often raided. "I am "running the criminals bow-legged "out of the city," says Chicago's busy Chief of Police, who is 36, enthusiastic, indefatigable, thorough. He "plays" no favorites and will have no politics in the department. "A "policeman that is a creature of "political preference is far more dan"gerous to a city," he says, "than a nest of bandits." Under the new dispensation a Chicago policeman who distinguishes himself is promoted forthwith.

Chicago having ceased to be a Statutes at Large have grown to thirty-six, of which the Revised Statutes is the first. The bulk of Federal statutes has more than doubled. The Revised Statutes, the single volume, was published in 1878. It is nearly fifty years behind the times. The annual publication of statutes has been in limited editions. The compilations are unofficial and costly. The welter of confusion and uncertainty has grown worse. Something has to be done. The House Committee on the Revision of the Laws, after nearly a year and a half of solid labor with expert co-operators and assistants, has brought in a bill to establish a Code of the laws of the United States.

Mr. MOORE of Virginia, a member of that committee, whose conscientious labors deserve the thanks of lawyers, Judges and the public, tells the House that

> the passage of this bill, which embodies the complete codification, will gather into one volume of 1,251 pages, exclusive of the index, and containing 10,747 sections, the entire statute law as it was in effect on the 4th day of March, 1919. This volume, as now actually printed and submitted for consideration and approval, will be furnished with a careful and exhaustive index made in the same manner in which the Statutes at Large are indexed.

At the end of each section its origin is cited. It is estimated that the volume will contain some 3,000,000 words. A monster, but absolutely necessary. The bill ought to be passed. It will at least lighten and guide the present weary wanderers in the wilderness of forty-seven years of unrevised, uncodified Statutes at Large. If the bill is passed and the volume printed, what Mr. MOORE says is "the thought of some of the members of the committee" should be made fact. The book should be "freely distributed among the agencies and officials of the Government, and perhaps also among the "courts of record of the various "States, * * * and be available to "the public at a cost of not more "than five dollars." Certainly it should be of moderate price, though it must be of immoderate size. How many volumes the Revised Statutes of 2020 will occupy one trembles to calculate.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

He Laughed at Their Scoldings.

It must have been a good deal of a shock for people who take themselves as seriously as do the members of the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic when the solemn exhortations and protests addressed by them to Bishop COHALAN of Cork elicited from him an answer which began with the word "Nonsense!" Of course, that is exactly what their telegram to the Bishop was, or at any rate it was exactly what he had to call it if he did not want to characterize the communication as "stupid" or "impudent" and thereby give it more importance than it of its authors possessed.

The Bishop preferred, as well he might, to take lightly and as a sort of joke the charges that by threatening murderers with excommunication he was using his spiritual authority in British interests, and that by calling it murder to kill British military from ambush he was libeling the patriots of 1776, who also shot from ambush certain redcoats near Lexington. In declaring himself as not less sincerely desirous of Irish independence than his critics, he told them that when they came over to Ireland with an army capable of real war he would be its chaplain, but he regarded as "scandalous" the "touch-and-run" tactics that had no political results and no other results except such as could be seen in the burning of Cork.

The Bishop's hint that Ireland, just now, was the place for Irishmen who believed in fighting for Irish independence with cause much pain over here, where the impulse of the more voluble patriots is to leave the larger risks to others, preferably the United States Government. And there was somewhat bitter sarcasm in the Bishop's inquiry as to why his correspondents had not secured that recognition.

A Likeness, but With a Difference.

It is not quite clear from Bishop COHALAN'S message whether or not he believes in the possibility of an Irish republic, entirely independent. What is clear, however, is that he disbelieves in assassinations from ambush as a means of coercing the British Government. Equally evident, too, is the Bishop's ability to see, as his critics did not, a decided difference between what the "embattled farmers" did at Lexington and the endless series of "touch-and-run" attacks carried on by the Sinn Fein guerrillas.

In itself, of course, the Lexington affair was much like any one of fifty or a hundred that have taken place in Ireland during recent years, but it was vastly unlike them in that it was followed by an immediate regularizing of the conflict thus irregularly started—by a real war, that is, the responsibilities of which were assumed and carried openly by a united people.

The American rebels promptly took the field as an organized army, they put their cause to the test of pitched battle, thoroughly well aware what would be the consequences of an ultimate defeat that long was far from impossible. Duplication of their achievements by their methods may be out of the question today in Ireland, but if so, the fact neither justifies nor makes hopeful of the success which alone vindicates rebellion a policy of continuous assassinations.

Everybody Can Take Precautions.

A distinct public service was performed by the National Surety Company when it caused to be drawn up, and yesterday printed as an advertisement, ten brief suggestions as to what people should and should not do as precautionary measures at a time when both life and property are subjected to more than usual danger from the criminal classes.

Like not a little "good advice," this particular offering of it contained next to nothing that was original—next to nothing except what is already known or admitted by everybody. Unfortunately, however, carefulness and discretion are far from always exercised merely because their need is recognized in theory, and there is no doubt that if the simple rules formulated by the surety company were generally followed, much of the robbing and murdering that now goes on would cease.

The public display of money and jewels at night should be obtained from known and reputable concerns. The receipts of applicants for positions in domestic service should be investigated, for criminals frequently seek such places. Be sure that men claiming to be corporation employes or inspectors of any kind are not allowed to enter a house until they have proved their identity in a convincing way, not by mere assertion.

So the list ran, ending with, "Never attack burglars. Make all kinds of noise to frighten them away, but never fight an armed burglar. Why risk your life?" This, too, undoubtedly is sound counsel, but it, just now and then, somebody refuses to follow it and fights the despoiler, he earns the admiration and respect that meek submission to wrong never gets.

THE NEW REVISED STATUTES.

Of the passing of laws there is no end and looking for one in the multitudinous collection is much like looking for a needle in a haystack. In 1874, when Congress passed the present Revised Statutes, the laws of the United States occupied seventeen fat volumes of between 1,000 and 1,200 pages each. To hunt down amendments and repeals was a weary task. A commission appointed by Congress to revise the Federal statutes worked on the job three years without finishing it and had its time extended. Still the work was not done. Another commission tackled it. Finally Congress appointed a joint committee to prepare a bill for revision. After prodigious industry, the revised and consolidated statutes in force Dec. 1, 1873, were got into a volume of some 1,400 pages, with an index.

The necessity for such revision, called for then as well as now by Judges and lawyers, was well stated in the House by Mr. POLAND of Vermont in 1874:

> Our statutes have fallen into such a state of almost inextricable confusion that for many years it would have been almost impossible for any one to ascertain from the statutes what the law was upon any particular subject.
>
> "The great benefit of it," said Senator "MATT" CARPENTER of Wisconsin, "is that it gives us a starting "point for the law, and if errors are "discovered, as undoubtedly there "will be more or less, they are to be "corrected by subsequent legislation, "and every man, every citizen, every "lawyer, every Judge, knows what he "has got to start with to find what "the law is. He is to start with that

A REAL CHILDREN'S THEATRE.

During the holidays more than ever the need of a children's theatre is felt; but after a decade of agitation the project is no nearer realization. Now the children themselves come forward—or at least the ladies who have built up that recent and novel institution, the Professional Children's School.

Not so many years ago the education of these "professionals" was often sadly neglected. Rehearsals and long tours "on the road" made regular schooling impossible. Tales are told of clever little actors and actresses who reached the age of 16 wholly illiterate, and then became stars in the movies—where the single R of "registering" takes the place of reading, 'riting and 'rithmetic. In 1913 the committee of the Rehearsal Club provided instruction for two promising children. Today the pupils of the school number 220. When they go on tour they are still taught by correspondence. The course covers the primary and grammar school grades and two high school grades, and its standard is such that when pupils are able to attend regularly they are transferred to the corresponding grade in the public schools. Hitherto the stage children have occupied the Methodist Episcopal Parish House in West Forty-eighth Street; but they are now obliged to find quarters of their own, and to this end are giving two matinees, in the hope that more fortunate children, at home for vacation, will come to see them.

In London children have had their Christmas pantomimes time out of mind; but here, for some unfathomable reason, the fairy-tale play has never taken root. Youngsters at home for the holidays find their way to musical comedies and the like produced to meet the taste of their elders—who are not always their betters. The Professional Children's Matinees, which are to be given at the Longacre Theatre on the Monday and Tuesday after Christmas, are composed of three short plays especially adapted to childhood.

It is much to be hoped that such performances will become an annual fixture, and so solve the long-vexed problem of the children's theatre. Already the school has provided that these youngsters who are obliged to play for their living shall read, write and speak correctly—and so have a choice between the legitimate stage and the movies.

SOVIET-ARMENIA PROBLEM.

Recognition of Moscow as the Price of Armenian Safety Opposed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The interview with Mr. Morgenthau, personal representative of President Wilson to mediate the Armenian question, which appeared in your issue of Dec. 20, contains a suggestion calculated to cause grave alarm. Mr. Morgenthau says:

"It appears to be time that the people of America are made to understand just how much depends on the attitude of the allied nations and their dealings with the peoples which surround the Armenians. At the present moment this problem is entirely dependent on the general wishes of the allied nations coinciding with their exercising their influence with the Turkish Nationalists and the Reds of Russia. Up to the present they have recognized neither, and until they do there is no one with whom there can be diplomatic intercourse. Should England, France or Italy decide to recognize the Soviets they easily could make the saving of the Armenian nation a condition, and unless they find some means of dealing with these representatives now outside the diplomatic pale the best efforts known toward saving Armenia are likely to fail."

There is no question that the position of President Wilson and Mr. Morgenthau is exceedingly difficult. Armenia, after suffering untold horrors at the hands of the Turks, has now fallen into the clutches of the Bolsheviki, and the remnants of her people are now restricted to a very small area, without the shadow of independence. The great powers failed utterly in their plans for saving Armenia and the other States of the Caucasus, and now that the patient is at death's door they wash their hands of the matter and turn the case over to President Wilson. In accepting this hopeless task, he must realize that no military force is at his disposal to save Armenia, and he must also realize that no agreement entered into with the Soviet Government would be allowed by them to interfere with their plans for advancing to the east. Therefore, when Mr. Morgenthau suggests the recognition of the Soviet Government as the price of protecting the remnant of the Armenian people, he is proposing what amounts virtually to paying blackmail to Moscow, without the slightest guarantee of attaining his end. Such a proposal is too dangerous in its potentialities of harm to Europe to be seriously considered. JEROME LANDFIELD.
New York, Dec. 20, 1920.

Not an Italian Representative.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE NEW YORK TIMES of the 19th inst. there appeared printed information with the following heading:

"Shows $5,272 paid to Captain Ruspini. Testimony taken before trial in suit against Aaron Hecht for war sales commissions."

And in the course of the article your paper stated:

"Testimony that Aaron Hecht of the Hotel Gotham, Vice President of the American Hide and Leather Company, made a payment of $5,272 to Captain Angelo Ruspini, head of the Royal Italian Commission sent here during the war to buy supplies, out of the profits on the sale of steel plates was given by Mr. Hecht in an examination before the trial."

Without entering in any manner into the substance of the other reports printed in your paper, I wish that you kindly publish in tomorrow's issue of your paper the declaration which I am making by the present letter, on behalf of the Italian Government Commission, that the advice published, as above quoted, in regard to the qualification of Captain A. Ruspini is quite erroneous, as Captain Ruspini—who is only a marine captain and not a Captain of the Italian Army—was never, in any way, connected with any department of the Royal Italian Government Commission in the United States, nor did he ever fulfill any function on behalf of the Italian Government.

For the Italian Government Commission.
DR. V. CANTALUPI.
New York, Dec. 21, 1920.

"THE GREATEST IS CHARITY!"

'Tis hard to think, this bright December noon,
That Christmas is "icumen in" so soon,
Though it is pretty cold, one must confess.
But no one minds it freezing, more or less,
Or even snow, a good old-fashioned storm—
Not those, at least, whose homes are nice and warm,
With precious coals stored in the ample bin,
Although the price was something of a sin.
Still, if one had the price, why grumble? No,
One likes to see a little Christmas snow!
Back to the fire, his coat-tails well apart,
The master of the house, with glowing heart
Rejoicing in his many blessings, stands
And tries to think there are no empty hands
Stretched out for help—no cold and hungry poor.
And yet, deep in his heart of hearts, he knows
That there are some who fear the season's snows—
Whose children's little feet get wet and cold
In shoes and stockings that are much too old
And quite past mending—and the price so high!
Poor man, he heaves a most unwilling sigh.
What if their poorly shod, wee feet are cold!
Well, he can't help it. When the worst was told
In his good TIMES, "a hundred neediest"—well,
He sent a cheque. There goes the dinner-bell!
He thanks his God, in all sincerity,
He's better off than others seem to be;
The skeleton of conscience at his feast
He puts away from him, today at least.
But lo! the little seed of love is sown
And soon 'twill claim him as its very own.
And he'll recall his childhood's teachings then,
Christ's birthday—who was crucified for men—
And the poor soldiers, wounded for him too!
How glad he is there's work kind hearts can do!
So we shall see him happy, taking heed
To what the gentle Saviour's voice said: "Feed
My lambs," and, following His kindly way,
He'll share with others his new Christmas Day.

CAROLINE RUSSELL BERHAM.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Favorable action by Congress on the resolution asking immediate amnesty for prisoners held for violations of the Espionage act was urged before the Senate Judiciary Committee today by Senator FRANCE, Republican, of Maryland, author of the measure, and officials of the American Federation of Labor, headed by Samuel Gompers.

Mr. Gompers told the committee that the Espionage act was "offensive to all men who know what freedom means," and that all European countries had given full amnesty to prisoners held for offenses similar to those for which "these men are still held in the jails of the United States."

Asked by Senator KING, Democrat, of Utah if the resolution would free men who advocated "armed revolution against the Government during the war," Mr. Gompers replied:

"Emphatically no. They are not the friends of the American Federation of Labor and never have been."

Asked if the "draft dodgers" would be freed, the veteran labor leader said he was not sure as to that, but that he did not think so. He estimated the number of prisoners who would be released at 650.

Release of Eugene V. Debs was specifically urged by Mrs. Champ Clark, wife of the former Speaker of the House of Representatives; Mrs. Lucy Robins of New York, Executive Secretary of the Central Labor Bodies Conferences for Amnesty for Political Prisoners, and others.

URGE STOCK YARDS SALE.

Swift and Armour Seek New Buyers and Ask Court for Delay.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Counsel for Swift & Co. and Armour & Co. asked Justice Stafford, in the District Supreme Court today, to approve a plan for the disposition of their stock-yard interests similar to that proposed by F. H. Prince & Co., Boston bankers, and to give the companies time in which to find a new buyer in place of the Boston company, which has withdrawn its offer.

The court was also asked to take into consideration the condition of the money market, counsel declaring that it would be difficult to dispose of the property now except at a great reduction from the $40,000,000 value. They said that the sale plan proposed was feasible, despite the Government's opposition, but conceded that it would have to be modified.

The Government has asked that trustees be named to sell the stock yards property. Supporting this proposal, Assistant Attorney General KRESSEL opposed the suggestion to extend time for a new purchaser, saying that ten months had elapsed and no constructive plan to divest the packers of control had been brought forward.

Counsel for Morris & Co. argued in favor of the proposal of that company that trustees be named to operate its stock-yard holdings for five years, after which the yards would be sold. The arguments will be continued tomorrow.

WILL AID STATE HIGHWAYS.

Republican House Leaders Agree to Appropriate $100,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Republican leaders of the House have agreed upon an appropriation of $100,000,000 for State road aid. This became known today after an executive session of the House Roads Committee. It has not been decided, however, whether to make this amount available for work during the coming fiscal year or for that year and the year following.

A bill introduced by Representative McARTHUR, Republican, of Oregon, now before the Roads Committee, would make $400,000,000 of Federal funds available during the next four years; but it develops that the Republican Steering Committee has decided that in the interests of economy the appropriation should be limited to $100,000,000 and should not cover more than a two-year period.

Members of the Roads Committee said today that they expected action on the roads program at this session of Congress. A sub-committee, of which Representative SELLS, Republican, of Tennessee is Chairman, will hold hearings after the holidays.

TO STUDY PRICE CONTROL.

National Chamber of Commerce Takes Up Western States' Laws.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Appointment of a special committee to study State control of prices, as provided by statutes now in effect in Montana and Indiana, was announced today by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

The committee is headed by Charles Nagel of St. Louis, former Secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor. Litigation to determine the constitutionality of both the Montana and Indiana Price Control laws is now before the United States Supreme Court.

$2,300 FOR HOLMES MSS.

John Adams Gets Original of "The Professor at the Breakfast Table."

The sale of books, manuscripts and letters from several private collections was concluded last evening at the American Art Galleries. Last night's session brought $3,120 and the afternoon session brought $7,837. The grand total for the sale was $21,284.

The highest price of the day, $2,800, was paid by John Adams for the original manuscript of Oliver Wendell Holmes's "The Professor at the Breakfast Table," written in ink on 437 quarto pages. The same bidder paid $350 for Martin Luther's copy of the works of Horace, printed in Venice in 1483, and $350 for a manuscript Latin Bible executed about 1290 or 1300. Lathrop C. Harper gave $340 for a manuscript Roman missal, executed in the fifteenth century. John Adams gave $330 for a manuscript of Philip Melanchthon's "De Suppatione Motis Stile," Wittenberg, 1538, with another volume printed at Milan about 1482; $330 for "Missale Magdeburgense," published at Magdeburg in 1497, and $310 for Petrarch's "De Contemptu Mundi," Strasburg, about 1473.

Gabriel Wells paid $925 for the third folio of Shakespeare, London, 1664. John Adams paid $460 for the original unpublished manuscript of Horace Walpole's "Miscellaneous Thoughts, Anecdotes and Characters of Books and Men."

AQUEDUCT CLAIMANT WINS.

Court Holds Vicevich Owns Part of City Water Works.

Special to The New York Times.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Dec. 21.—Under a decision given today by Supreme Court Justice Hasbrouck, Frank Vicevich is the owner of one first class siphon chamber constructed by the City of New York and part of the Ashokan reservoir near Tongore, Ulster County.

The siphon chamber and aqueduct claimed by Vicevich were constructed at the time when the rest of the siphon chambers and the aqueduct were built. Vicevich did not own the land at the time the city constructed the siphon and aqueduct, but ownership was vested in the State of New York, although the city believed it had acquired ownership under the laws of 1905, under which other lands needed for the reservoir were acquired.

In 1918 Vicevich acquired by letters patent from the State a sixty-acre tract which included the land on which the siphon stands. Later he brought two actions against the city, one for ejectment, and the other for trespass. The ejectment action was tried recently.

DRYS FOR GARDNER

Asks Harding to Consider the Montana Man as Secretary of the Interior.

COMMERCE POST DISCUSSED

William Butterworth Sees in It Point of Contact Between Departments and Business.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 21.—The name of ex-Senator Joseph M. Dixon, Governor-elect of Montana, was presented to Senator Harding today by Senator MILES POINDEXTER of Washington for consideration as Secretary of the Interior.

In his turn the President-elect discussed with the irreconcilable Senator the principle of the Harding plan for a modified association of nations. Mr. Poindexter said that apparently Senator Harding's plan had not yet reached the detailed stage.

"The Western States, especially those concerned with reclamation," said Senator Poindexter, "have an intimate interest in the operation of the Interior Department, which convinces them they are entitled to special consideration in naming that particular branch of the Cabinet."

Mr. Dixon would represent the progressive element, Senator Poindexter said. That progressives have been concerned over the activity of business interests in the selection of the next Secretary of the Interior has already been reported. The policies of the new Administration in the Department of the Interior and Agriculture have been the subject of considerable correspondence between Senator Harding and the heads of large industries, and there are signs that in the selection of the Secretaries of these two departments Senator Harding will have difficulty in pleasing all elements.

The fact that Mr. Dixon will take the oath as Governor of Montana before the new President's inauguration seemed of little importance to Senator Poindexter, who said: "It is comparatively easy to get a satisfactory Governor and mighty hard to get the right kind of Secretary of the Interior."

WILLIAM BUTTERWORTH of Moline, Ill., Vice President of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, spent an hour with Senator Harding today discussing the interest of the business community in the incoming Administration.

"I told him," said Mr. Butterworth, "that the business men are deeply interested and very confident that they will have the sympathy, understanding and, within proper limits, the support of the new régime. They need this, and they ask no more. It is not unfair to say that under the present Administration there has been disappointingly little of this sort of co-operation.

"In the choice of a Secretary of Commerce, business men feel Senator Harding has a special opportunity to help them. That department, we feel, could be made very useful. It might well become the point of contact between the Department of State and business in regard to matters which concern foreign trade between the Department of Justice and business, in matters which involve trade combinations, practice, and the like; between the Department of Labor and business, in regard to relations between employers and employed. As we conceive it, this department might well occupy the position of friend, adviser and mentor to business interests.

"A series of great committees representing particular businesses could be organized, through which the Secretary of Commerce, under the law which Representative SELLS, Republican, of Tennessee is Chairman, will hold hearings after the holidays. Every line of business would be glad to form such a committee and to deal with such a Government department with complete frankness, all information being made available when asked for. It would be a start toward establishing that co-operation between business and the potentially helpful Government agencies that has been so useful under the British and German systems in the promotion of larger trade and better trade relations.

"No suggestion was made as to particular individuals who might be considered in making this appointment. I was more interested in outlining the views of many business men about making the department more useful and in suggesting the type of man who could accomplish this. I found Senator Harding most sympathetic and am convinced that he understands the thing we have in mind and will try to secure this kind of co-operation."

Governor MORROW of Kentucky had a long conference with the President-elect. He insisted that nothing but "the general situation" was discussed and that no particular candidates for the Cabinet were mentioned. The Governor, as a veteran story-teller, would repeat nothing that he told Senator Harding but the following:

"A mountaineer, one of those muscular orators, was talking over in Eastern Kentucky during the last campaign. After he had spoken for a few minutes he took off his celluloid cuffs and laid them on the table. Warming up further, he took off his collar and tossed it alongside his cuffs. Then, beginning to get a bit florid, he peeled off his coat.

"He had a habit of stretching up both arms at the beginning of each sentence and winding it up with a gesture with which he reached both arms to the floor. After he had measurably shed his raiment and repeated this gesture several times some one in the audience called out: 'Mr. Chairman, I suggest that you cut his galluses and let him fly.'"

Senator and Mrs. Harding motored to Westerville, near Columbus, this afternoon, picking up Senator-elect and Mrs. Frank B. Willis at Delaware, and took dinner with Mrs. Mary Lee, an old friend, who has been active in State politics and as a Grange organizer. The Columbus Republican Glee Club serenaded the party at a reception after the dinner.

Harding to Take a Florida Holiday.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Dec. 21.—The President-elect and Mrs. Harding will pass several weeks in Florida as the guests of Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey, on the latter's houseboat, according to telegraphic advices received here today. The telegram said Mr. and Mrs. Harding would leave Marion soon after New Year's Day and would visit Miami and other Florida resorts.

TO HARNESS THE COLORADO.

Preliminary Permit Granted to the Southern California Edison Co.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 21.—Application by the Southern California Edison Company for a preliminary permit to develop 2,500,000 horsepower of electric energy from the waters of the Colorado River has been accepted by the Federal Power Commission at Washington, according to a telegram which John B. Miller, President of the company, announced he had received today.

The company plans to make the electric energy available in California, Utah, Arizona, Nevada and Colorado.

In connection with his announcement Mr. Miller said:

"The storage basin will be more than 200 miles in length, impounding more than 40,000,000 acre-feet of water. The total possible hydro-electric development of the Colorado River is more than 4,000,000 horsepower, which is equal to one-half the total hydro-electric power now generated in the entire United States.

$7,847 ON 9TH DAY FOR NEEDIEST CASES

Amount Is Largest Yet Received on Any One Day—Total Still Behind.

FAMILY TIES MENACED

Generous Aid Now Will Enable Widows or Struggling Mothers to Rear Their Children.

THEY FACE DARK CHRISTMAS

Cases Appearing in Times Are Typical of Widespread Distress—Every Cent Utilized.

The Hotel [illegible] Needlest Cases received $7,847.24 yesterday, making a total of $43,832.04 since the appeal was printed on Dec. 12.

Yesterday's total was the highest this year. It was the first day of 1920 to make a better showing than the corresponding day of 1919. On the same day of last year's campaign, $6,119.71 was received.

The high record of yesterday was due to a great number of small and middle-sized contributions. Gifts ranging from 50 cents to $5 came in a flood.

In spite of this fine showing, the total responses to date is nearly $30,000 behind the total of $73,005.78, which was reached in the same space of time last year. More than $63,000 remains to be raised, if the total response of this year is to equal the total response of last year, which was $116,967.14.

Last year contributions ranged from $10,000 to $13,000 on the first four days and then fell off sharply. This year they ran between $2,000 and $4,000 at first and have since climbed steadily. Last year money was closer to the surface and flowed more quickly in response to the charitable appeals. The small beginning this year, followed by the steady upward curve, indicates that the public is still going roads toward a good cause, even if economy and thrift are the order of the day.

Conscience Forces Gifts.

Some of the former contributors to the Hundred Neediest Cases thought this year that they could find it in their consciences to give nothing, but found they could not. A letter which explains the process is the following.

New York, Dec. 21.

Editor of The New York Times:

Dear Sir: Inclose $5 for the needy case that makes the poorest showing. I tried to pass this on account of reduced income, but my conscience would not allow it. Yours truly,

J. B. RADELL.

Comparatively few large gifts have been received so far this year. There has been only one gift of $1,000, and one of larger than $1,000. During the same period of last year there were nine of $1,000 or more.

Many of the cases for which the appeal is made are those of families which were happy and contented until they were suddenly struck down by the death of the father. Contributions help the mother through the most desperate days of her widowhood.

In some cases it becomes necessary, at the very time when her sorrow over the death of her husband is most intense, to take away her children and place them in institutions, where they may gradually grow distant and indifferent toward her and become strangers to each other. It is often necessary to place them in institutions, because they cannot otherwise be fed or cared for.

Besides the heartache and lasting sorrow, which it inflicts, the distribution of a family among public homes and charitable foundations is the neatest way for the community. In addition to the joy which they bring to these families and the sorrow which they forestall, the contributions to the Hundred Neediest Cases represent a minimum of cost. The contributions supplement the efforts of the families.

Being provided with a fighting chance to make their way as a family, the mother and the oldest children enter the struggle with courage and resolution. Nearly every family among the cases of past years have stuck together and progressed by their own energy, after being supported through their days of severest trial.

Two hundred or more families have been relieved and helped to meet the future by the contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases in the four years past. The response up to date would indicate that only about half the usual number of families could be helped this year. Only an unexpected flood of contributions in the next few days will make it possible to give aid this year on the scale of previous years.

100 Per Cent. Relieves Distress.

One hundred per cent. of each contribution goes to buy the necessaries of life for each family. It has been pointed out that for families in danger of being broken up contributions to the Hundred Neediest Cases make a supreme and unqualified Christmas gift, for they virtually make a gift to children of their own devoted mothers and make a gift to mothers of their own beloved children. The necessaries of life which are provided by the contributions are the basis of immeasurable happiness and gratitude in these households.

Contributions to the Hundred Neediest Cases give Santa Claus a commission from the contributors to go into a desolate and sorrowful home and turn a dark and bitter Christmas into a glorious one with the message

"My biggest Christmas gift is for you. You are to have each other. There are no pretty colors or fancy trimmings on my gifts for you, but they are much better than anything on any Christmas tree in New York. What I am really giving you is each other. Rich children may get toys and games and trinkets, but you children are getting your mother for Christmas and your mother is getting you. No more danger of losing each other. No institutions. Your Christmas is the best there is, because you get home and love and happiness and a promise of better and better times."

The following are typical cases of distress which readers are asked to relieve:

CASE 3

Mother Clings to Children.

They sold his little shop when Jim died six months ago. That gave his wife and the four children $200, which paid for funeral expenses and left a little to live on. Mrs. Jim, whose vitality had been broken by the year's illness of her husband, left the children in charge of fourteen-year-old Edith and went to get work in a factory. She brings the bulky bundles home every evening and returns them the next day. With all her labors, however, she cannot make more than $10 a week. That is not enough, the Children's Society says, to let her keep her children with her. Mrs. Jim knows that what they say is true, but she is holding on to them with the tenacity of the cornered.

Total amount needed, $475.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 5340.)

CASE 47.

Can't Stand on Feet.

Were it not for serious foot trouble which makes every moment spent on her feet a period of agony, Martha M. would not be applying for help. She is alone in the world with her two boys, Bob, 8, and Dick, not quite 2. Bob suffers from the same kind of affliction as his mother. Both need braces and a supply of specially constructed shoes. The whole family of three need clothes for the Winter. A position as seamstress where she can bring her two boys is ready for Martha just as soon as she is in condition to take it, but she has no hope of this unless some kind Providence watches over her this Christmas.

Total amount needed, $400.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

CASE 76.

Sells Pets to Pay Doctor.

Nick's father came from sunny Italy. He could understand the boy's love for birds. It was he who helped the lad build the dove cote outside the tenement window. Nick's father is dead now and the fourteen-year-old boy has taken the burden of supporting his mother and five younger sisters and brothers. The first thing he did was to part with some of the warm colored birds he had learned to love. His mother told him she could make enough by embroidering the white linens she was working on. Nick knew better, developed a bone abscess. The doctor had to be paid—nick's birds did it. In a year this fine, upstanding lad will be able to work. A fund to supplement his mother's earnings until that time would be the happiest Christmas gift for him.

Total amount needed, $864.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4068.)

CASE 43.

Penniless Home; Four Children.

Eleven-year-old Mazie does the family wash when she comes home from school. There isn't much, for the reason that little was left when Mr. B. died last March, leaving a penniless home and four children in the care of a sick wife. Mazie is the oldest and is holding her end up beautifully. The 9-year-old boy worked in the Summertime, but he can't now for two good reasons. First of all he is only a mite, and, second, he hasn't any warm clothes. Mrs. B. has been slow in recovering from the shock of her husband's death. Not the least cause of her lack of progress is the fear with which she always lives that her children will be taken from her.

Total amount needed, $832.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 60 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

CASE 94.

Washtub's Earnings Too Small.

They live in a coke yard on the edge of Gravesend Canal. Hardly a soul passes there at night, and the children huddle closely together while the steady rub of the clothes on the washboard is heard. Every now and then the howl of the wind makes two-year-old Peter rush to his mother's skirts for protection. It is then that thirteen-year-old Timothy, the oldest of the seven, puts on his paternal air and gently pulls him away, so that his mother can go on with the work which means bread for the family. Last August Big Tim, who was watchman at the yards, died as the result of an accident. Mary wants to move away to a less lonely spot, but she hasn't the means. She has nothing except what she can earn over the steaming tubs.

Total amount needed, $300.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

The following are extracts from some of the letters from other cities:

J. T. Fairchild, Treasurer of Fisk University, Nashville, Tenn.—I enclose check for $15 given by Dorothy K. Fairchild and Mildred Fairchild. I have read with interest your account of these cases.

Mrs. J. L. Hopkins, Springfield, Mass.—Enclosed please find check for $150, which you will please use for any one of the Hundred Neediest Cases, where you feel it is most needed. This sum is sent by my little son and daughter, Ralph L. Hopkins and Natalie L. Hopkins.

P. T. Frascati, Bootlwyn, Pa.—Enclosed is my little bit for the Hundred Neediest Cases. I wish I could make it a thousand times $5. Apply it as you see best. Please acknowledge it in the memory of Joseph Cangiamila, my once dear friend, one of those daring spirits who lost their lives flying over the battlefields of France. May success be yours in your most worthy cause.

The following are from some of the other letters from contributors:

E. A. L.—Kindly find enclosed two $1 bills which I am sending in response to your appeal for help for the needy families.

Sara C. Jones, Cranford, N. J.—Margaret Jones and Betty B. wish to donate $2.50 apiece to your needy people, which we read about in the paper.

Laura Blue Koehne, Shamokin, Pa.—It is with more pleasure than we could otherwise obtain that Mr. Koehne and I subtracted the enclosed amount from the sum to be used for our gifts. We hope that it will bring still more happiness to others in accomplishing a small part of your splendid undertaking.

H. C. B.—Enclosed please find $5 which I am pleased to contribute to the fund for the Hundred Neediest Cases. Had it not been for the publicity given this matter by THE TIMES, I am sure that many people who are willing to help would not be aware of the great need.

Anonymous—I would like to add my mite (and I am ashamed it is no more) to wish some poor old man or woman a Merry Christmas.

Anonymous—Enclosed find check of $5 for your Hundred Neediest Cases. One dollar from Baby Hugh, $1 from Margot, and $3 from grandma.

A Japanese Young Man—Enclosed please find a check for $5 and kindly put same in your contribution fund for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

Mrs. John L. Harvey—Enclosed find check for $5 from "Jack and Bobby" to help the Hundred Neediest Cases in "Hundred Neediest Cases." Bobby and Jack are two children who know that Christmas is a child's day and want to help.

Golda and Ruth Goldman—We are enclosing a check for $7 representing the interest on our Liberty bonds. It is to be used in relief of the Hundred Neediest Cases. If other readers would contribute their Liberty bond interest, the fund would quickly become ample for its purpose.

J. V. Bouvier—The "twins," whose privilege it was to respond last year to your penetrating appeal for aid of the One Hundred Neediest Cases, again avail themselves of the opportunity to offer a modest contribution.

Martha T. Brown—On my thirty-seventh wedding anniversary I am wishing I could send you a dollar for each year to help the Hundred Neediest Cases in New York. But I must content myself with only 10 cents a year this time.

A Soldier of the Fifth Engineers—This is not much, but it may help buy Peggy's doll.

No agents are employed by THE NEW YORK TIMES or any of the charitable organizations to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State Pension Law.

Contributions are deductible from income tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessaries, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.

Checks may be drawn to the order of the Hundred Neediest Cases and sent to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO NEEDIEST CASES

Contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases yesterday totaled $7,847.24, bringing the total for the nine days up to $43,832.04. They were received as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES.....	$5,702.81
Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.....	927.43
Charity Organization Society..	861.00
State Charities Aid Association	356.00
Total	$7,847.24
Previously reported	35,984.80
Total	$43,832.04

Contributions received direct through THE NEW YORK TIMES:

A friend	2	In memory of our	
A friend	2	dear mother and	
A friend	1	father	20
A friend	10	In memory of J.	
A friend	2	H. B.	5
A friend	5	In memory of John-	
A friend	1	boy	5
A friend	2	In memory of I.	
A friend	2	D. B.	5
A friend	1	In memory of Clara	2
A friend	1.50	In memory of F.	
A Japanese young		C.	15
man	5	In memory of Al-	
A. B.	5	bert Hirsch	10
Abrahams, J.	10	In memory of Anna	
A Brooklyn reader	5	Palmer	10
Acker, S. I.	5	In memory of my	
A. L. H.	20	mother	15
A little girl	1	In memo. of E. M.	
Allen, R. Jr.	5	P.	25
Armstrong, Mrs. J.		In memory of H.K.	
Anonymous		Train and Babbette	3
Anonymous	100	Jacobs, Mrs. E.	10
Anonymous	5	Jack and Bobby	5
Anonymous	25	James, L. D.	5
Anonymous	2	Jacobs, Mrs. E. L.	5
Anonymous	5	Jenks, Mrs. C.	10
Anonymous	10	Jenkins, Mrs. J. H.	15
Anonymous	5	J. F. B.	50
Anonymous	5	J. G. L.	50
Anonymous	2	J. H. S.	10
Anonymous	5	J. H. S.	50
Anonymous	5	Jones, G. B.	10
Anonymous	5	Jordan, G.	5
Anonymous	8	Johnson, W. J.	25
Anonymous	10	"Joy"	5
Anonymous	1	Jones, DeW. C. Jr.	25
Anonymous	2	Jones, Margaret	2.50
Anonymous	5	Junior H. S. Class,	
Anonymous	5	P. S. 115	3
Anonymous	10	Kaufman, G.	5
Anonymous	50	Kaufman, M.	5
Anonymous	10	Kennelly, B. L.	10
A thank offering	10	Keauber, A.	10
Atkins, R.	5	Kellog, R. S.	25
Ashworth, F. P.	5	Kelly, James and	
A. V. O. N.	20	Wilbur	1
A widow	1	K. H. B.	10
Basch, H. A.	10	Knothe, Mrs. A. C.	10
Barbe, M. & M.	10	K.	10
Barnes, E.	2	Koehne, L. B.	15
Backs, N.	1	Lawrence, E. L.	5
Bates, H. C.	2.50	Langdon, R. J.	7
Betty	10	Lawrence, H. W.	10
Becker, Mrs. L.		Lambert, E. D.	2
Betty and Roger		Levy, Mrs. L.	10
Blum	5	Lewis, C. F.	5
Beebe, S.	25	Levy, J. and M.	10
Bernhard, J. A.	5	Lewinson, Mrs. L.	5
Bernheim, I. J.	25	Levy, Mrs. S. H.	5
Bearse, H. W.	5	L. E. F.	5
Beer, Mrs. E.	25	Lloyd, R. L.	10
Bird, S. E.	5	Loew, A. Co.	50
Billwiller Bros.		Long, F. B.	5
Birnkrant, M.	5	Lockwood, E.	20
Birkhahn, Mrs. P. D.	2	Love, N. G.	2
Bleyer, L.	10	Loeb, Mrs. M.	25
Blum, Mrs. L. B.	5	L. P. M.	5
Blum, Mrs. R.	25	Ludvigh, R.	10
Bloomberg, M.	10	McCall, F. E.	2
Bowen, Major W. S.	10	McDonald, J.	10
Bogart, A. Van N.		McCabe, Mr. and	
Borner, D.	10	Mrs. J.	5
Brown, W. G.	3	Margorie and Jo-	
Brady, Mrs. J. J.	10	sephine	5
Brown, H. R.	50	McFarline, F. S.	50
Brown, M.	3.70	McClintoch, F. P.	5
Brownson, C.	25	Mayer, L.	5
Brown, R. G.	5	Margaret Jones	2.50
Brundage, J. Q.	10	Manning, Hind R.	5
Brooklynite	2	Manice, A. R.	10
Butler, C. A.	5	M. A. S.	1
Burger, L. B.	5	Maxwell, H.	50
Burrows, A.	10	Mas, J. S.	1
Burns, R. A.	10	Mathews, S. C.	3
Calmet, M. C.	5	Marks, I. D.	25
Camberne, K. A.	5	Mrs. J. J. O.	1
Campbell, M.	5	Mary, W. H.	5
Carter's Ink Co.	25	Markoe, Kellogg	5
Canby, E. A.	25	Mapleleaf Dairy	25
Carlough, L. E.	10	M. E. M.	10
C. A. B.	25	M. B. F.	10
Callaway, S. T.	50	M. C. B.	5
Calley, S. H.	5	M. C. H.	2
Campbell, Mrs. F. E.	25	Member, H. T.	11
C. F. H.	10	Merlan, M. and	
Cheyne, G. M.	10	Mrs. A. W.	20
Chapin, Mrs. G. W.	5	Meyers, F. F.	10
Cheney, E. A.	5	Messenger, I. M.	10
Clark, A. L.	5	Mem. of L. D. P.	5
Clark, M. L.	5	Mem. of Jack and	
Cook, B. B.	10	His Grandfather.	25
Conkling, Rev. N.	10	Miriam & Paul, Jr.	5
Collis, H.	5	Miles, Mary	33
Coles, N. F.	25	Milmorr, R. C.	13
Comegys, J. P.	5	Miller, Mrs. L. C.	5
Cowdrey, L.	1.15	Miller, A. H.	10
Cooke, T. B.	50	Mills, A.	10
Condit, E.	30	Mitchell, E. E.	20
Colt, C. M.	10	Miller, Miss V. B.	10
Corin, W. H.	50	M. L. K.	3
Conklin, J.	2	Mohr, W. A.	16
Cohn, A.	10	Mork & Co.	10
Crouch, B.	10	Moslin, F. S.	5
Crafts, B.	5	Mooney, Mrs. E. L.	25
C. W. R. P.	2	Moses, L. C.	25
Day, R. H. L.	5	Moore, A.	5
Darrow, L.	10	Morgan, M.	5
D. B. F.	1	Murphy, H. A.	10
D. E. L.	10	Mudge, Mr. and	
Doering-Milliken Co	10	Mrs. C. W.	10
Desby, Mrs. M. L.	3	M. S.	25
Deal, Mrs. W. W.	5	M. W.	25
De Sola, J. O.	10	Nash, S. E.	10
De Sola, E. E.	10	Netter, J. K.	5
Deane, H. C.	10	New Yorker	10
Denton, H. S.	10	Neyman, M.	5
Dick, S.	25	Nissen, C. B.	10
Donation	10	N. K. F.	20
Donnelian, Mrs. J.	25	No name	5
Drager, Doris & E.	10	No name	1
Fairchild, Dorothy		No name	3
and Mildred	15	No name	5
Grant, Dorothy	10	No name	10
Dreyfus, B. F.	5	No name	5
Dunn, E. W. Jr.	50	No name	5
Dunning, C. J.	1	No name	5
Dudley, B. W.	100	Norris, C. M. Jr.	5
Dwight, E.	15	Oakes, G. W. Jr.,	
E. A. L.	5	and E.	25
Eby, L. E.	10	Ollendorff, Miss	5
Ebner, M. L.	5	Orr, L.	5
E. H. C.	10	Ort, A. A.	10
E. K. S.	15	Parfitt, Mrs. J.	10
Elkus, Chris	11	Palme, J.	5
Isaac Elmore	5	Petrie, Mr. and	
Elliot, A. B.	25	Mrs. W.	5
Birdsall, Eleanore,		Pfeiffer, Miss C. A.	10
eldest, H.	5	Phelps, E.	10
Employes Adolph		Pinsco, C.	25
Frankan & Co.	10	Potts, W. B.	10
E. N. W.	10	Priscilla	5
E. S.	10	Purritz, M. S.	5
E. W.	1	Radell, J. B.	5
F. A. H.	5	Raisbeck, E. A.	5
Feaman, E. T.	5	Randall, F.	100
Fetzer, T. J.	12.50	Rhoden, M.	10
F. L.	5	Rhodebeck, M. C.	5
Follett, J. M.	5	Rosenstiel, J.	10
Frank, G. L.	3	Rose, J. H.	6.84
Fromm & Leonerdsit,	50	Roeder, M. A.	5
Fuder, Frances B.	50	Rochester, V. M.	5
Forman, Fred	25	Rosenfeld, J. B.	5
Fry, Lenore and		Royal, V. H. Jr.	10
Sam Jr.	10	Robbins, L. W.	5
From Carol and		Roe, Mrs. B.	5
Henry	25	Rogers, Ruth F.	5
Friedman, H.	5	Rogers, H. S.	5
Frindorf, Mrs. R.	5	Ross,	5
F. S. C.	5	Rosenheimer, J.	10
G. C. B.	200	Salvinger, S.	5
George and Helen		Sansiverino, G.	1.00
Banning	10	Sachs, Mrs. A.	25
Gerson, S.	5	Saklatvola, M. B.	3
G. G.	5	Schill, R.	1
G. H. McM.	5	Scheuer, H. R.	10
Giles, L.	5	Schroeder, A.	5
G. K. L.	5	Shirmer, J. R.	3
Gladu, L. E.	5	Snebold, B.	5
G. M.	15	See, R. H.	5
G. M.	25	Severance, F. R.	5
Goldman, S. P.	20	Nickel, R.	5
Goldman, Golda		Skelton,	
and Ruth	7	Mrs. R. L.	10
Goldsmith, D.	15	Smith, O.	25
Goldsmith, K.	10	Smith, Mrs. F. O.	5
Goldsmith, K.	5	Smallbach, J.	25
Green, E.	5	Smith, E. B.	5
Grosz, P.	5	Smith, N. L.	20
Harry F.	1	Sonfeld, C.	50
Haskett, Mr. and		Sohy, L.	10
Mrs. A.	10	Spring, J. F.	10
Harriss, E. L.	5	Stevens, M.	10
Harrison, R. and C.	5	Stanton, Miss S.	10
Hanson, J. and M.	10	Stivenson, M. E.	250
Haas, Mrs. C.	10	Steffan, A. C.	30
Hahn, F.	2	St. George	5
Harburger, T. B.	2	Stryker, C.	5
Halliday	10	Sundheimer, M.	10
Hardin, Mrs. A. A.	100	Sweyer, J. E.	5
Hale, L. C.	5	Sylvester, J.	10
Hallman, J. P.	10	Taylor, W. H.	5
H. B. W.	1	Taylor, C.	3
H. C. B.	5	T. B.	5
Hopkins, Mr.	8	Temple, Mr. S.	10
H. C.	1	Thorne, M.	5
H. D. C.	20	Thompson, Miss M.	5
Helme, M. J.	1	Titus, A. H.	25
Hendrickx, Mrs. C. Jr.	2	Todd, S.	10
Helibrun, Mrs. L.	5	Tri-Arts Press	100
H. L. T. Mr. and		Tristing, R. A.	15
Mrs.	25	Two girls	15
Hernstadt, W.	100	Twins	15
Hassoun, Mrs.	5	Vantine, L. P.	2.25
Hershey, E.	10	Van Buskirk, Mrs.	
Herrick, F. M.	2	R.	15
Hibbard Mrs. W. G.	25	Watson, G. J.	15
Hicks & Williams,	25	Waronson, Mrs. P.	5
Hill, O. B.	25	Wagner, A. R.	10
Hiscox, H. O.	10	Warver, F.	5
Hill, B.	25	Wallace, A. V.	5
Howell, J. A.	2	Walker, D.	25
Howe, C.	20	W. B. V.	10
Holden, Dr. G.	5	Westermeyer, A. J.	10
Hoch, Mrs. H.	5	Weeks, E. H.	9
Hopkins, R. L. and		Wilson, H.	5
		White, M. G.	5
Howes, E. H.	150	W. H. W.	10
Holmes, E. A.	1	Wilson, D.	10
H. R. B.	8	Wilson, E. B.	30
Hughes, Mrs. J. A.	25	Williams, Mrs. E. S.	1
Hunkinson, W. M.	25	Wieng, H. P. M.	5
H. W.	5	Williams, M. S.	5
In memory of Jo-		Wilk, J.	5
seph Cangiamila	5	W. J. Kingsland &	
In memory of R.		Co.	25
T. L.	5	W. L. S.	5
In memory of E.		Woman of Maple-	
M. Swabe	25	wood	5
In memory of Leon		W. H.	5
de K.	5	X. Y. Z.	5
In memory of grand-		X. Y. Z.	15
mother Frazee	5	X.	5
In memory of V.	10	Yankauer, A.	20
In memory of N.		Young, J. H.	5
L. H.	5	Young, W. W.	10
In mem. of "S."	5	Zabriskie, A. S.	10

Contributions received through the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:

Anonymous	$4	Jelselin, Mrs. O'D.	50
Anonymous	10	Jenks, Mrs. L. H.	10
Anonymous	2	Jouett, Henry D.	10
Arnold, Edith L.	5	Katz, Mrs. J. F.	10
Arnold, Hazel	5	Kerr, Lelia	10
Aginall, Marguerite	5	Kobbe, Mrs. P.	100
Brainard, Mrs. J.M.	5	Laphane, W. S.	50
Browne, Misses		Lichtenstein, A. S.	100
Frances E. and		M. L. L.	1
Dorothy F.	10	Morris, Marjorie J.	4
Burchard, E. L.	5	Mrs. S. H. H.	5
Burnham, Miss A.C.	5	Nelson, Florence T.	5
Cash	2	Nichols, Christina	
Christmas gift	10	M.	100
Cullen, Mrs. W. B.	5	Niven, E. L.	2
Dickey, Mrs. C. D.	50	N. P. S.	1
Doob, Mrs. Hugo	25	One who is inter-	
Double	5	ested	5
Earle, E. and G.	100	Ornumbee, M. H.	60
E. L. C.	1.43	O'Rorke, Miss M.	20
E. S.	10	Reid, George	5
Everett, Mrs. H.W.	10	Rennert, Miss E.	5
Gardner, Hortense		Shorest, Mrs. L. F.	10
M.	5	Stearns, Mrs. L. F.	10
Gunther, A. E.	5	Steele, Winthrop	40
Hagadorn, Caroline		Thomas, H. B.	5
M.	5	Tinne, Miss M. S.	3
Hall, Mrs. G. L.	10	Treby, Dr. G.	5
Hartcorn, Mrs. J.		Wakelee, Miss H. E.	5
E. C.	10	Wells, O. J.	40
H. L.	5	Winslow, Mrs. W. H.	5
Henry, Mrs. A. M.	15	Wohlmaker, Minnie	
Houston, Mrs. R. E.	5	D.	1
In memory of a		Total	$927.43
mother & father	1		

Contributions received through the Charity Organization Society:

Rousmanier, J. E.	$100	Wolff, Louis	10
Gibb, Mrs. H. E.	5	Blake, Miss A.	5
Hall, Hon.	25	Barling, Miss J.W.	5
Callender, G. R.,		Durk, Marie D.	5
Montclair, N. J.	25	Forrest, K. M.	5
C. J. E.	25	Thomas,	
Ascroft, F. O.,		Bridgeno, N. J.	5
Newark, N. J.	25	N. M. and E.	3
Kerr, Miss Lelia	25	J. H.	3
Hoyt, Mrs. Allen	12.50	A Subscriber	3
A Friend of Poor	10	Blake, Miss C.	2.50
Grudell, N. J.	10	Bacon, Miss H. W.	2
McClary, Miss C.		Francis	2
E. Windsor, Vt.	10	K. Friend	2
Scopes, Mrs. W. H.,		Moses, Mrs. H. D.	2
Saranac Lake	10	Anonymous	1
Stratford, Mrs. W. F	10	Kline, Miss S. E.,	
E. S., Meriden	10	Northampton	1
		A Soldier of the	
Total	$358	5th Engineers	1

Contributions received through the State Charities Aid Association:

Cash	$5	J. A. Godfrey	$10
H. Ahend	50	A. H.	2
C. Baldwin	5	Mrs. L. Hiller	5
G. S. Bilheimer	5	I. F. W.	2
Anonymous	5	Augusta, Married	5
Florence A. Bruen	3	Mrs. A. F. Lewis	5
S. M. Buck	10	Miss Grace A. Lit-	
Harry Bunce	10	tell	5
Ida B. Carleton	25	W. H. Littell	5
Janet B. Cohn	10	Miss McA.	5
L. H. Collins	10	H. B. Mendenhall	10
Miss Emily J. de		Mrs. W. R. Mowe	7
Forest	10	H. B. Nichols	5
Clara Dellac	10	Kate D. Riggs	10
E. G. D.	15	Harry Sachs	250
E. S.	10	Anonymous	10
A. Christina Egner	3	C. A. Sherman	100
Memorium	5	C. D. Schwartmann	5
Fergerson Brothers	50	Mary J. Shipman	3
Mrs. I. R. Fisher		Mrs. M. E. Sterns	5
Jr.	5	Mary E. Thomas	25
Fey, K. Frazee	5	Amelia Vail	5
Mrs. Carrie L. God-		Mrs. J. W. Watson	10
frey	10	Miss M. Webber	3
Mrs. W. A. Gra-		Alice Welles	5
ham	20	A. E. Whitman	3
Miss Florence H.		Emily Whitman	10
Haricorn	10	R. de F. Whitman	10
Rebecca Heil-		Louis Wolff	10
brauer	7.50	A. Murray Young	45
Total	$861		

DR. JAMES MOREHOUSE DIES.

X-Ray Pioneer Dies as Result of Burns Received in Experiments.

Dr. James T. Morehouse of 53 Freeman Street, West Orange, N. J., a pioneer in X-ray work, died Monday in the New York Hospital. Burns received at different times during the thirty years he was engaged in his work were the primary cause of his death.

COUNTESS ROBERTS DIES.

Widow of Field Marshal Passes Away at Her Home in Ascot Heath.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—Nora Henrietta, Dowager Countess Roberts, widow of Field Marshal Carl Roberts, died today at her residence in Ascot Heath.

Countess Roberts was the daughter of the late Captain John Bews of the Seventy-third Regiment and married Earl Roberts, who died in 1914, in 1859.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Lord Auckland has taken an apartment at 140 West Fifty-seventh Street.

Mrs. Otto H. Kahn will open her residence at 1,100 Fifth Avenue on Tuesday afternoon next for the second musicale-lecture under the auspices of the Schola Cantorum.

Mrs. William Baylis and Miss Adelaide B. Baylis have returned from Long Island and will be at the Colony Club until the first week of January, when they will leave for the West.

Mrs. Eugene A. Philbin, widow of Justice Philbin, is now in Paris and plans to return to New York the early part of next year.

Mrs. Oliver Harriman is staying at the Hotel Chatham, where Mr. and Mrs. Daniel A. Loring are also guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Carhartt of 927 Fifth Avenue will leave today for Detroit to spend Christmas with relatives.

Mrs. J. Frederic Gillette of 126 East Sixtieth Street and New Canaan, Conn., is sailing for the Barbados early in January to remain until April.

Mrs. Samuel Eliot of Boston is with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bradley of Convent, N. J., at the St. Regis. Mr. and Mrs. John I. Waterbury are also at the hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. William B. de Haven of 115 East Fifty-third Street entertained at dinner last evening, their guests including Judge and Mrs. Lindley M. Garrison, Mr. and Mrs. H. G. S. Noble, General and Mrs. Oliver B. Bridgman and Mr. and Mrs. Hugh A. Murry.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Morgenthau are at the Ambassador at Atlantic City for a visit.

Dr. and Mrs. S. G. Gant of 471 Park Avenue and Miss Lucy B. Gant are leaving this week for Kentucky. In January Mrs. Gant and her daughter will sail for the south of France.

Miss Mary Washington Bond Morosini and Captain William Lafayette Crabbe, United States Marine Corps, will be married at 6 o'clock this evening at Emhurst, Riverdale-on-Hudson, the residence of Miss Giulia P. Morosini. A special car attached to the train leaving the Grand Central Station at 5:13 will take the guests from the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Wheeler Francis are giving a dance tonight at the Colony Club for Miss Katharine W. Francis, their débutante daughter; Mrs. Huntington W. Merchant and Mrs. Edwin Campbell will entertain at luncheon for Miss Betty W. Merchant at the Colony Club; Mrs. Benjamin C. Fincke and Mrs. James M. Brown are to give a dance at the Ritz-Carlton for their respective daughters, the Misses Julia B. Fincke and Dorothy D. Brown; Mrs. Philip C. Sawyer is entertaining at luncheon for her daughter, Miss Eleanor Sawyer; Mrs. Edwards Spencer will give a luncheon for Miss Barbara Spencer, and Mrs. William Constable will also be a hostess at luncheon for Miss Ethel Chord.

Mrs. William B. Franklin of 156 East Seventy-ninth Street has invitations out for a luncheon for thirty débutantes on Dec. 30 at the Colony Club in honor of Miss Isabella Wood.

DEBUTANTES ARE GREETED.

Misses Ottley, Coppell, Thompson, Trevor and Wood Entertained.

Mrs. James H. Ottley of 29 West Fifty-third Street introduced her daughter, Miss Martha W. Ottley, at a large dance at the Ritz-Carlton, preceded by a number of dinners, including one by Mrs. Ottley and another by Mrs. Lawrence Elliman for her niece, Miss Susan Bowers Coppell. Mrs. George Barton French was hostess at another dinner.

Mrs. Ottley's guests included the Misses Eliza S. Parish, Marguerite Doubleday, Ellen Randolph, Katharine Hurd, Julia Brown Fincke, Isabel Rockefeller, Odette Feder, Katharine Bliss, Charlotte Demorest, Sara Atha, Edith Smedberg, Katharine Slayback, also Darwin P. Kingsley Jr., Skeffington Norton, Gilbert Demorest, W. L. Harkness, Walden Pell 2d, Frank Gould, Hamilton Lynch

BOXING LIKELY TO BE HEAVILY TAXED

Republicans Expected to Change Present Laws So State May Derive Greater Returns.

MAY AFFECT OTHER SPORTS

Dempsey-Brennan Bout Causes More Favorable Attitude Toward Pugilism by Lawmakers.

It was intimated yesterday by a Republican who wields considerable influence in the affairs of the State organization that legal sanction for boxing in this State might be continued but that principals and promoters of the sport would be taxed far more heavily for the privilege than they are at present, should it be determined after the Legislature meets to let the boxing law, though drastically amended, remain on the statute books.

Should the Republican lawmakers who will control both branches of the Legislature decide that legalized boxing is to stay, it will not be on the ground that it is a wholesome sport which should be encouraged but on the ground that it can be made to produce considerable revenue which, in the present straitened condition of its finances, the State will need. To give to boxing that status, Republicans in authority declare, a thorough revision of the revenue features of the boxing law and a thorough reorganization of the machinery for its enforcement would be necessary.

The "thorough reorganization" as a matter of course would involve legislating the present Boxing Commission, which is controlled by the Democrats, out of office, and putting Republicans on guard instead. It has been a sore spot with Republicans who were active in the campaign this year that the influence of the "boxing crowd" was arrayed solidly against the Republican candidate for Governor and that the Democratic campaign fund for the re-election of Governor Smith was swelled by heavy contributions from promoters of the sport. The present Boxing Commissioners are Joseph Johnson of Manhattan, Charles Ditmars of Brooklyn and Walter Hook of Westchester. In addition there is a Licensing Committee composed of Laurence McGuire of Manhattan, Charles E. Walsh of Brooklyn and D. Walker Wear of Binghamton. Hook and Walsh are the Republican members of the commission and the committee.

Means for Collecting Taxes.

According to a statement made yesterday in Republican circles the latest plan contemplates placing the collection of all taxes, including that levied against incomes, automobiles, boxing and baseball, should it be decided to tax that sport as well, in the hands of a new Department of Taxes and Revenue to be provided for by legislation soon after the lawmaking body meets. The income tax at present is collected by the Controller through elaborate patronage-providing machinery created for the purpose. The automobile tax is collected through the office of the Secretary of State. The tax on boxing is collected through the Boxing Commission. This plan would furnish the Republicans with a good excuse for legislating the State Tax Commission, at present controlled by Democrats, as well as the Boxing Commission, out of office and substituting a department under Republican control.

Under the present law the State receives 5 per cent. of the gate receipts at licensed public bouts where an admission fee is charged. While considerable revenue has been produced that way, it was said yesterday by Republicans who have given thought to the matter that the present law and management machinery consumes too much of the revenue and that too little actually finds its way into the State Treasury. In addition it was pointed out that the heavy purses for the principals, in some instances $100,000 or in excess of that amount, produce no revenue to the State and have a tendency to commercialize the sport and make prohibitive rates of admission necessary. One new proposal contemplates a levy of 25 per cent. on purse amounts in excess of $5,000, part going to the State and part to the locality where it is collected.

The administration of the regulatory clauses of the boxing law, it was suggested yesterday, might be placed in the hands of a new State commission which would supervise and regulate all public sports, including racing, boxing and baseball and into which the present Racing Commission might be merged.

Should Please Republicans.

To abolish the latter body, which remained in office even during the lean and inactive years for racing that followed immediately upon the enactment of the Hughes laws directed against race track gambling, should cause the Republicans no qualms. When Governor Smith took office the Racing Commission was composed of three Republicans, James W. Wadsworth Sr., father of United States Senator Wadsworth; John Sanford of Montgomery and H. K. C. Knapp of Essex. Governor Smith appointed ex-Congressman George W. Loft of Nassau and Harry F. Sinclair of New York in the place of Sanford and Knapp, leaving the elder Wadsworth the only Republican member on the commission. Mr. Loft is Chairman.

Some weeks ago prominent Republicans who might be expected to wield influence at Albany during the coming Administration appeared almost a unit in favor of repealing the boxing law, thus putting an end to public boxing bouts with an admission fee charged. Governor Miller, it is known, does not oppose amateur boxing, but has no use for professional pugilism.

Since the recent Dempsey-Brennan bout in Madison Square Garden, which was attended by many Republicans of prominence and even by some Republican women who have been active in politics, some of those Republicans who had been most outspoken against legalized boxing appear to have experienced a change of heart. One such Republican spoke yesterday in terms of highest praise of the orderly manner in which the Dempsey-Brennan fight was conducted and the character of the spectators who attended the fight.

In the rural sections up-State there is much opposition to boxing, and it is predicted that representatives of such districts in the Legislature will have pressure brought to bear upon them by their constituents and by the churches to make a fight against any attempt to perpetuate what they are apt to regard as a proposal to give legal protection to pugilism.

MORE BOXERS TO ARRIVE.

British Service Champions, Coming for Tourney, Due Today.

Tex O'Rourke, matchmaker of the International Sporting Club, is nearing this port, having in tow Great Britain's army and navy heavyweight and middleweight boxing champions. The British service boxers are coming here with O'Rourke on the Cunard liner Olympic for the international amateur boxing tournament, which will be held under the auspices of the I. S. C. early next month. The Olympic is scheduled to dock this morning or early this afternoon.

A reception committee of the I. S. C. will welcome O'Rourke and the two English boxers on their arrival. The army and navy boxing champions of France and those of Belgium are scheduled to arrive here shortly for the I. S. C. tournament, which will also include bouts between the two London "bobbies" who arrived here Monday and the heavyweight and middleweight champions in Father Knickerbocker's "finals."

Dempsey Challenges in Vain At Salt Lake City Luncheon

SALT LAKE CITY, Dec. 21.—Jack Dempsey, world's heavyweight boxing champion, threw out a challenge today which was not accepted. The champion was the guest of honor at the local Rotary Club's luncheon. He declared that he was not a speaker, which reminded him of the story of the man who went to a dance and who could not sing nor dance, but was willing to fight. "To be sociable, I will fight any one in the room," said Dempsey, amid laughter.

JACKS-DE FOE BOUT DECLARED A DRAW

Judges Disagree on Battle of Featherweights and Referee Decides Neither Won.

Freddie Jacks, formerly of England, but now of Brooklyn, received a visit from Santa Claus last night in the ring of the Commonwealth Sporting Club, where Jacks opposed Eilly De Foe, St. Paul featherweight, in the principal ten-round bout. The visit from Old St. Nick came after the clang of the final gong on the match, when the judges disagreed and Referee Louis White declared the contest a draw. Only by attributing to the judges and Referee White a generous inoculation of the Yuletide spirit could the decision be explained.

In every one of the ten rounds De Foe showed clearly to advantage. He pounded Jacks unmercifully about the midsection with blows which at times resounded through the building. Jacks landed few clean blows throughout the length of time occupied by the contest, and the punches the former British featherweight did land were palpably overshadowed by the superior work of the untiring, plodding De Foe. So sure was the majority of the crowd that De Foe had registered a clean-cut decision on points that the fans started out of the clubhouse without waiting for the rendition of the official verdict. Announcer Pete Prunty halted some of the spectators in their exit march with the declaration that the judges had disagreed and that Referee White had declared the points evenly divided.

As he was leaving the ring Referee White declared that one of the judges voted for De Foe and the other voted a draw.

The weights were: De Foe, 125½ pounds; Jacks, 125.

In the semifinal ten-round bout Johnny Drummie, veteran Jersey City lightweight, gained a convincing victory on points over Spider Roach, elongated coast lightweight. Drummie gained the judges' award. Roach showed in disappointing form and seldom landed cleanly. For the most part he was on the receiving end of a battering attack to the stomach which Drummie dealt out while at close quarters.

The first ten-round contest brought together Frankie Jerome of the Bronx and Frankie Curry, a pair of bantamweights. The boxers went along until the seventh round when Jerome dropped his rival four times and Referee White stopped hostilities.

GOOD BOUTS IN BROOKLYN.

Amateurs Seek Fistic Titles at Crescent Athletic Club.

The regular monthly boxing tournament of the Crescent A. C. began last night in the gymnasium of the Brooklyn organization with a large entry of amateur ringmen striving for titles in three classes. The second round was reached in each class, and with many of the entrants dropping by the wayside in the preliminary matches the way was paved for the finals tomorrow evening.

Only a few of the preliminary clashes went their full limit of three rounds. In a great majority of cases the referee was forced to interfere and stop the bout in order to save one of the contestants from further punishment. L. McCarthy of the People's Institute, Brooklyn, distinguished himself by stopping both his opponents in the first period. N. Merino, unattached, followed his example in the 135-pound class, his second victim being T. Manus of the People's Institute, who had previously inflicted the same fate on A. Mandel of the Brooklyn Y. M. H. A. Only seven bouts out of the twenty that were contested went the full distance.

The finals in the monthly tourney will be staged tomorrow night along with the preliminary bouts in the intercity tournament, in which boxers from New York, Philadelphia and Boston will struggle for honors.

The summaries:

118-Pound Novice Class—H. Sarno, Paulist A. C., stopped D. Pino, Columbus A. C., in second round; J. Haug, East Fifty-fourth Street Gymnasium, defeated J. Cohen, Paulist A. C., three rounds, judges' decision; L. McCullough, East Fifty-fourth Street Gymnasium, stopped A. Aarons, Union Settlement, in first round; H. Perfeth, Paulist A. C., stopped J. Berger, Clark House A. A., in second round; L. Guidthenine, unattached, stopped C. Fisher, in second round; F. Pagano, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated L. Soreco, unattached, three rounds, judges' decision; H. McCullough, East Fifty-fourth Street Gymnasium, stopped G. Lemarche, unattached, in first round.

Second Round—Sarno defeated Haug, three rounds, judges' decision; McCarthy stopped Perfeth in first round; Pagano defeated Gudthenine, three rounds, judges' decision.

135-Pound Novice Class, Trials—N. Merino, unattached, stopped G. Paranello, unattached, in first round; T. Manus, People's Institute, Brooklyn, stopped M. Mandel, Brooklyn Y. M. H. A. in first round; E. Condon, Bronxdale A. C., defeated H. Sweeney, Union Settlement A. C., three rounds, judges' decision; C. Murray, Union Settlement A. C., stopped E. Penuti, Ozanam A. C., in first round; P. Bloom, Bronxdale A. C., stopped P. Teca, East 54th St. Gymnasium, in second round; M. Weiss, unattached, stopped P. Downenk, West Side Y. M. C. A., in first round.

Second Round—Merino stopped Manus in first round; Condon defeated Murray, three rounds, judges' decision.

158-Pound Novice Class, Trials—J. Hanley, Holy Cross Lyceum, stopped M. Caspanese, unattached, in first round; C. Barregan, Bronxdale A. C., defeated G. Smith, Knights of St. Antony, three rounds, judges' decision; H. Hendries, Pastime A. C., drew a bye.

Second Round—Hanley defeated Hendries, three rounds, judges' decision.

ROBERTS IS EXONERATED.

Shannon's Death Accidental, Jersey Boxing Commission Finds.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 21.—The State Athletic Commission decided today that Raymond McMillan, known as Mickey Shannon, who died on Dec. 8 as the result of a boxing bout at Jersey City, met his death accidentally. The commission, which began the investigation under its Chairman, John Smith Vernor, after the Coroner's inquest, declared that the boxer came to his death as the result of an intracranial hemorrhage from an accidental blow to the head.

McMillan was boxing with Al Roberts in the Fourth Regiment Armory at Jersey City on Dec. 7 last under the auspices of the Arena Athletic Association, when he was knocked down by a blow to the head, his head striking the floor. At the Coroner's inquest all the officials and others called testified that the law was obeyed in every respect in the preparations and carrying out of the bout.

GREB OUTPOINTS ROPER.

Pittsburgh Light-Heavyweight Wins Ten-Round Bout at Boston.

BOSTON, Dec. 21.—Harry Greb of Pittsburgh won the decision over Captain Bob Roper, Chicago heavyweight, in their ten-round bout here tonight. Greb had the better of every round. He led all the way with a smashing whirlwind attack that apparently had Roper helpless.

Roper was not able to land a dozen solid blows during the bout. He started the fourth round with a little show of speed, but after about twenty seconds of fighting Greb found himself and the round went the way of all the others. There were no knockdowns.

URGES BUILDING OF COLUMBIA STADIUM

Arena on Riverfront Near University Advocated by President Butler.

An urgent appeal for an organized movement to build a stadium on the Hudson River between 116th and 120th Streets was made by President Nicholas Murray Butler at a meeting of the Columbia Varsity "C" Club at the Columbia University Club last night. Dr. Butler, who was the chief speaker at the assembly of Columbia athletes of past and present, devoted his entire speech to the stadium project, which has been much discussed at Columbia without definite action being taken to begin the movement.

The Columbia President told his hearers that the stadium, with which there would be an adjoining water gate and landing stage for the reception of distinguished visitors from abroad, should be erected as New York's memorial to the soldiers and sailors of the great war.

"Why should millions of dollars be spent upon some memorial to the soldiers and sailors of the great war which would be merely one more addition to our unnecessary monuments?" Dr. Butler asked. "Why should not this memorial take the form of a water gate and stadium, which, while highly useful and greatly to be desired, can also be made objects of great beauty by the skill of the architect and the artist?"

Should Start Movement.

"The time has come," the speaker continued, "when there should be a definite organized movement to carry forward to completion the project for a stadium as first projected in 1906. This stadium is planned to be placed upon ground to be filled in beyond the westerly edge of Riverside Park between 116th Street on the south and 120th Street on the north, where the river is shallow and otherwise unusable. It would take nothing away from any public park nor would it occupy any present park space, but would add immensely to the opportunities for outdoor life and recreation of the whole population of the city.

"The water gate and landing stage would then occupy the river front from 116th Street on the north to 114th street on the south. These two great monuments, to be designed in harmony, would give to the river front something it has hitherto lacked. Distinguished visitors from other lands would no longer be asked to climb from a launch up to a pier filled with barrels, boxes and bales ,to thread their way as best they can to West Street.

"The advantage to athletic sports at Columbia is obvious. Important contests and team practice could take place in this stadium, where every facility would exist, thus setting free South Field for the informal efforts of those hundreds of students who, while anxious for outdoor exercise and sport, are not adapted to take part in team contests.

"The stadium would be a great public playground, where, under proper regulations, athletic contests could be carried on, large public demonstrations held, military reviews and displays arranged, and where school children might find many of the opportunities for sport and recreation that are now denied them.

"The extension of Riverside Park for this purpose has been authorized by Chapter 304 of the Laws of 1906. All that remains is to provide the necessary funds and to obtain the action by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment which the law contemplates.

To Cost About $2,000,000.

"When the project was first brought forwarded about fifteen years ago it was estimated that it could be completed at a cost of about $1,000,000. Under present conditions the cost would be considerably greater, but the benefits to the public health and entertainment and to athletic sports would amply justify the increased cost."

No action in the way of organizing a movement such as recommended by Dr. Butler was taken by the athletes present. The sentiment, although not expressed, seemed to be that raising the necessary sum, estimated at $2,000,000, would be impossible at the present time because of calls from organizations outside of Columbia. The need of a new athletic field at Columbia was admitted to be very acute, since South Field is now overcrowded with the various teams and with the students who in the Fall and Spring use the field for their physical education activities. It was also pointed out that, with Columbia's ambitions for a bigger place in the football world, a larger stadium will be a necessity. South Field's capacity is only 10,000, and the big games on the gridiron have to be played at the Polo Grounds.

The present officers of the Varsity "C" Club were re-elected. They are T. Ludlow Chrystie, '92, President; Jerry O'Loughlin, '03, First Vice President; Ted Kiendl, '20, Second Vice President; Sidney Waldecker, '20, Third Vice President; R. Von Bernuth, '04, Secretary-Treasurer. The Chairmen of the various sport committees will be elected at the dinners held by the letter men in each sport.

The speakers, in addition to Dr. Butler and President Chrystie, included representatives of each prominent sport. The speakers were Graduate Manager Robert W. Watt, baseball; Tom Thorp, football; Harry Fisher, basketball; Colonel L. Collis, track, and W. L. Meikleham, crew. Andrew Coakley was one of the coaches who spoke.

LYNCH IN TITLE BOUT.

West Side Boxer to Meet Pete Herman in Garden Tonight.

Joe Lynch, west side bantamweight who has been clamoring for more than a year for a match against Pete Herman of New Orleans, bantamweight champion, will get his chance this evening in the ring at Madison Square Garden when he engages the titleholder in a fifteen-round bout to a decision. Because of the popularity of Lynch, recently increased by his knockout victory over Jack Sharkey, and the fact that the ring's midget title will be at stake, the match has attracted unusual attention. Promoter Tex Rickard, basing his prediction on the advance sale of tickets and requests for reservations, declared last night that he expected the Garden to hold a capacity crowd when the two little ringmen crawl through the ropes. The victor of the bout will receive a diamond-studded belt emblematic of the championship and valued at $2,500, donated by Tex Rickard.

Both boxers concluded their training for the contest yesterday. Each confined himself to light gymnasium work. At the end of their preparatory exercise the prospective ring rivals declared themselves in excellent physical condition. Herman weighed 117¾ pounds after his final workout, and Lynch, too, was reported under the stipulated weight. The men have contracted to make 118 pounds at 2 o'clock this afternoon, when they will officially weigh in at the Garden. Failure to make the prescribed weight means forfeiture of the sum of $5,000, which each boxer has posted, and, in the case of the champion, a defaulting of his title.

In addition to the main event a card of two ten-round contests and a six-round match will be conducted. Bantamweights exclusively will appear in these bouts. In the semi-final ten-round bout Midget Smith and Johnny Buff will exchange blows. The first ten rounds will be between Kewpie Collander of St. Paul and Young Montreal of Providence. It is doubtful whether Collander will appear, however. It was reported yesterday that he was suffering from a severe cold and would have to cancel the match. Possibly Artie Edwards will be substituted for him. In the opening six-round bout Georgie Thompson and Willie Spencer will clash.

Giants to Play at New Orleans.

Secretary O'Brien of the Giants announced yesterday that the team would meet the New Orleans Club of the Southern Association in two training season encounters. The games will be played on Saturday and Sunday, March 26 and 27, at West New Orleans.

YALE CLUB SQUASH TEAM VICTORIOUS

Defeats D. K. E. in Straight Matches—Harvard and Columbia Also Win.

METROPOLITAN LEAGUE SQUASH TENNIS STANDING, CLASS B.			
Club.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Yale	6	0	1000
Columbia	4	3	.667
Crescent A. C.	3	3	.500
Harvard	3	3	.500
D. K. E.	3	3	.400
Princeton	1	4	.200
Army and Navy	0	5	.000

The Yale Club's Class B squash tennis team defeated the D. K. E. Club yesterday afternoon on the Ell courts by 7 matches to 0 for its sixth straight victory in the tournament. The Yale men are making a runaway of the first half of the Class B race, and just at present there seems nothing in sight to stop them. The Harvard Club seven also made a clean sweep in its meeting with the Army and Navy Club on the latter's courts, taking two of the matches by default. The third of the afternoon's events was much closer and more interesting. The Columbia Club won from the Crescent A. C. on the courts of the Brooklyn organization by 4 matches to 3. The wearers of the Crescent allowed one of their matches to go by default, a costly move, as the Columbia Club won by the margin of a single match.

As a result of the day's play the Columbia Club moved up a per in the standing, displacing the Crescent A. C. in second position, while the Harvard Club moved into fourth place, ahead of D. K. E.

All of the matches in the Yale-D. K. E. encounter were won by the Ell representatives in two straight games, excepting that between Clyde Martin of the Yale Club and K. N. Hawkes of the Dekes. Hawkes refused to yield until he had forced Martin to the limit of his skill to win at 13—18, 15—6, 15—10. In the first game Hawkes got away to a flying start and ran the points to a count of 13—5 in his favor. Martin then started a long uphill struggle and finally caught his rival at 13. He could not maintain the pace for the remainder of the game, however, and Hawkes ran it out without dropping another ace. In the second and third games Martin took his turn at setting the pace and kept the upper hand to the end, though meeting the stiffest of opposition in the many long and well played rallies. Walker, Vietor, Roome, Schermerhorn and Holt won for the Yale Club in straight games.

George Gould Jr., brother of Jay Gould, playing his second match of the Class B tournament, defeated J. W. Ivins of Crescent decisively at 15—7, 15—4. Gould's hard hitting was the main element in his success. He showed excellent form and natural aptitude for the game. Simons and McClave also won for the Columbia Club in straight games, while Pulleyn took the fourth point through McVaugh's default. Dingee, Torrance and Baxter scored Crescent's three victories. The Dingee-Mahon clash developed a high order of play. Not until the third game had gone into extra points was Dingee able to put through the winning aces. Nearly every rally was sharply contested throughout the match, which was scored 12—15, 15—4, 18—15.

All the Harvard Club's matches against the Army and Navy team were won by the former in straight games. The Army and Navy Club is working hard to develop a full team, but the process, in its first year in the league, is slow.

The summaries:

Yale Club 7, D. K. E. Club 0.

John Walker, Yale, defeated F. A. Jenkins, D. K. E., 15—11, 15—8; Clyde Martin, Yale, defeated K. N. Hawkes, D. K. E., 15—18, 15—6, 15—10; J. A. Vietor, Yale, defeated G. G. Davidson, D. K. E., 15—5, 15—6; Reginald Roome, Yale, defeated W. W. Taylor, D. K. E., 10—15, 15—5; G. L. Smith, Yale, defeated H. Wessels, D. K. E., by default; A. C. Schermerhorn, Yale, defeated H. S. Thorne, D. K. E., 15—6, 15—10; H. G. Holt, Yale, defeated G. B. Brooks, D. K. E., 15—8, 15—8.

Harvard Club 7, Army and Navy Club 0.

F. S. Ritchie, Harvard, defeated Geoffrey Taylor, Army and Navy, 15—9, 15—2; W. J. Robinson, Harvard, defeated G. W. Carnochan, Army and Navy, 15—12, 15—7; W. Strauss, Harvard, defeated L. L. Sigaud, Army and Navy, 15—7, 15—8; F. W. Ingalls, Harvard, defeated Major Hardy, Army and Navy, 15—3, 15—12; E. P. Pierce, Harvard, defeated Clifford Ayres, Army and Navy, 15—7, 15—8; E. H. Hemingway and G. O'Neill won for the Harvard Club by default.

Columbia Club 4, Crescent A. C. 3.

C. W. Dingee, Crescent, defeated R. V. Mahon, Columbia, 12—15, 15—4, 18—13; F. M. Simons Jr., Columbia, defeated M. M. Sterling, Crescent, 15—8, 15—10; George Gould Jr., Columbia, defeated J. W. Ivins, Crescent, 15—7, 15—4; N. F. Torrance, Crescent, defeated W. H. Putnam, Columbia, 15—10, 15—10; Andrew Baxter Jr., Crescent, defeated A. C. Foote, Columbia, 15—6, 16—12; Donald McClave, Columbia, defeated E. T. Cypiot, Crescent, 15—9, 15—9; J. W. Pulleyn, Columbia, won from K. F. McVaugh, Crescent, by default.

SYRACUSE LOSES STARS.

Abbott and Frugone, Leading Football Men, to Leave College.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 21.—Lafayette "Hack" Abbott and James "Babe" Frugone, two of Syracuse University's leading football players, will be lost to the team for next season, according to announcement today that both are to leave college. Abbott intends to enter business, while Frugone was forced to discontinue his college work as the result of a ruling of the Eligibility Committee because of deficiency in studies.

Frugone, who comes from Brooklyn, was one of the best of the candidates who were out at quarterback last season, one of the weak spots of Coach "Chick" Meehan's combination. He played a fine game against Dartmouth, the first one in which he was used as the field general, but did not get much of a chance in the remaining games because of injuries.

Coach Meehan had hopes of developing Frugone into a dependable quarterback for the coming campaign. He was somewhat new at the position. Early in the season he was used as a substitute halfback. He was shifted there from end, where he played in his freshman year and was considered an exceptionally good man on line bucking.

Abbott's loss will be keenly felt, as he was one of the most consistent players in the backfield. He was a strong line plunger, a good man at heaving and receiving forward passes and a punter. He was also a member of the varsity pitching staff last Spring. He has had a good position offered him in the West and has decided to accept.

TO DIRECT NAVY TEAMS.

Officers Are Chosen to Supervise Various Branches of Sport.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Dec. 21.—A number of former Naval Academy athletes, now officers in the navy stationed here, have been named by the Navy Athletic Association to fill vacancies as its representatives in various sports, their duties being similar to those of graduate directors. Lieut. Commander Francis W. Rockwell has been named to supervise rowing. He captained the Academy crew when he was a midshipman.

Lieut. Commander Philip Van H. Weems, one of the best all-around athletes ever produced at the Academy, will have charge of wrestling, swimming and gymnastics. Lacrosse will be directed by Lieut. Commander A. C. Ten Eyck, who played on the twelve when he was a midshipman, and Ensign George C. Calnan, Captain of the Academy fencing team of 1919, will look after the fencers. Instructor Harry F. Sturdy will direct soccer, tennis and golf.

Murchison and Lincoln, Star Athletes, Quit New York A. C.

The New York A. C. has lost the services of two of its greatest point winners, according to information received at Metropolitan A. A. U. headquarters yesterday. The athletes in question are Jim Lincoln, the rangy javelin thrower who created a new American record with the tapering spear at the Mercury Foot Fall games at Travers Island, and Loren Murchison, national sprint champion. Lincoln's javelin record is 197 feet 6½ inches, a throw which displaced the previous mark of 192 feet 10¾ inches made by Milton S. Angiers, Illinois A. C., when the latter won the national title in the Olympic tryouts at Cambridge. Lincoln visited A. A. U. headquarters yesterday to bid good-bye to his friends there. Here is going to St. Louis, where he plans to establish a permanent residence. Whether or not he will continue his athletic career Lincoln did not say, but he intimated he will shortly apply for a registration transfer to the Western A. A. U. Murchison, who is now in Chicago, where he went soon after his return from the Olympic games at Antwerp, has applied for a transfer of registration to the Central A. A. U.

GEIS RESIGNS AS MILLROSE A.A. COACH

Former Middle-Distance Champion Gives No Reason for His Unexpected Action.

Matt Geis, former Military Athletic League middle-distance running champion, who has been connected with the Millrose A. A. for the past ten years in the capacity of competitor and later as coach, is no longer affiliated with the Wanamaker organization. Geis yesterday handed in his resignation to W. D. Earnest, Director of Education of the John Wanamaker Commercial Institute, severing his association with the J. W. C. I. and the Millrose A. A. Geis's connections with the J. W. C. I. were in the capacity of Athletic Director. The former Wanamaker coach refused last night to divulge his reasons for withdrawing from the organization. Disclosure of the severance of relations between Geis and the athletic activities of the Wanamaker employes came as a complete surprise.

No official announcement of the resignation has been made by the Millrose officials or the J. W. C. I. authorities. In the absence of official information, therefore, selection of Geis's successor is a matter of conjecture. It is probable that when the officials formally announce Geis's withdrawal from the club some indication will be made of the arrangements contemplated in securing a successor for the former coach.

Geis has been attached to the Millrose A. A. and the J. W. C. I. for a period of ten years. He went to the store as an employe and his athletic ability soon gained him attention. He competed for a short time, and devoted considerable of his attention to instructing members of the J. W. C. I. who were athletically inclined. When the career of Mel Sheppard as Millrose coach ended, Geis was installed in the position and he held the office until his retirement yesterday.

It was after he returned from the war that Geis assumed the coaching task at the Millrose and the J. W. C. I. The former Military Athletic League champion served in the war for twenty-eight months, being discharged Aug. 30, 1919. Immediately upon his discharge from the army, Geis returned to work in the Wanamaker store and was appointed coach. Geis went into the war as a member of the Seventy-first Infantry, which was later made the 106th Infantry of the Twenty-seventh Division. Starting as a private he rose to the rank as Second Lieutenant. While training at Camp Wadsworth, Spartanburg, S. C., Geis came North with an army team of distance runners and carried off the team prize in the Bronx to City Hall modified Marathon in 1918. He went overseas soon afterward and was in the thick of the fighting in France. He conducted a dual meet between the Twenty-seventh and Thirtieth Divisions at a point near Amiens in October, 1918, and his athletes carried off the honors. In the Inter-Allied Games, held in Pershing Stadium, France, he was adjutant to Coach Harry Maloney, the Pacific Coast official who was in charge of the meet.

The retirement of Geis marks the passing of the once great Millrose coterie of athletes. Peter Trivoulidas, Greek distance runner, is the only remaining competitor of the array which once gained prominence for the club. Mike Devaney, Charlie Pores, Villar Kyronen and Nick Giannakopulos, the lusty-lunged Greek runner, have all severed their connections with the club, many of them within the last year.

TITLES AT STAKE IN MEET.

Two Metropolitan Championships on Osceola Club's Program.

A brace of Metropolitan A. A. U. championship events will be the principal attractions at the annual indoor athletic meet of the Osceola Democratic Club, to be held in the Seventh Regiment Armory, Jan. 15. Announcement was made yesterday that the local Championship Committee had awarded both the Metropolitan medley relay and the 660-yard championship tests to the organization. They will be held in conjunction with the other events listed for the annual games.

The remainder of the program includes a 90-yard dash, 330-yard run, 1,000-yard run, three-mile bicycle race, running high jump, half-mile run, novice; two events closed to members of the Seventh Regiment, and a half-mile parochial school relay race.

CHESS TEAMS SELECTED.

Players Picked to Compete for Intercollegiate Championship.

Harvard varsity chess players, who will make a determined effort this year to wrest the intercollegiate championship from Columbia in the annual C. H. Y. P. meeting at the Manhattan Chess Club, Dec. 28, 29 and 30, were named yesterday, so that the personnel of the four teams is now complete. K. O. Mott-Smith of the class of '22 will captain the Crimson team, and the other three boards will be manned by H. M. Jackson, '22; A. King, '21, and J. H. Hoeck, '22. A last-minute change has been made in the Columbia team, which will consist of M. A. Shapiro, '23; O. Frink Jr., '22; C. B. Isaacson, '21, E., and F. Worden, '20. Lyman George of the Manhattan Chess Club will act as tournament director. Play will begin at 2 o'clock next Tuesday afternoon.

New Haven Not Tiger Farm.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 19.—George M. Weiss, President of the New Haven Club of the Eastern League, today denied that Ty Cobb, new manager of the Detroit Tigers, has selected New Haven as a farm for Detroit's young players.

Football Captain Is Re-elected.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Harry R. Hawley, tackle, has been re-elected captain of the football team of George Washington University. Hawley's home is in Idaho.

MATHEWSON DOING WELL, SAYS DOCTOR

Pitcher's Physician at Saranac Gives Encouraging Report on Christy's Condition.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 21.—Conflicting dispatches, sent out from various places in New York State, from unauthoritative sources, have, at various times during the year reported Christy Mathewson, "Big Six," a victim of the white plague, as dying, as fully recovered, and then again that all hope had been given up for his recovery.

Determined to get the truth about Mathewson, THE TIMES correspondent succeeded in securing an interview today with Christy's physician, Dr. E. N. Packard, who, by the way, pulled an oar in the Orange crew under Jim Ten Eyck in '03, '04, '05 and '06.

Mathewson, according to his physician is doing as well as can be expected under the circumstances, and is a patient in "Santannol," a private establishment at Saranac Lake, in the heart of the Adirondacks.

One report circulated recently is true, Doctor Packard says that one lung of the great star has collapsed, and is useless. The other, however, is functioning just as properly as it did when "Big Six" was throwing 'em over the plate at the Polo Grounds.

Doctor Packard says: "I have high hopes for the ultimate recovery of Mathewson, so has 'Big Six' himself. Reports circulated that he has surrendered to despondency and abandoned his fight are entirely unfounded. It is true that his condition for a time was serious, but I have never stated that Christy was dying. The stories from authorized sources had no foundation except that at one time his condition was not wholly favorable. Mathewson is now doing well. It is impossible for me to give a complete diagnosis of his condition. That is not due to the fact that I am unable to give it; it is simply a question of medical ethics. This is the first time I have broken my silence. I am always glad to tell the truth, which is my motive in dictating this statement.

"Summed up, I want to assure Mathewson's countless friends that he is doing as well as can be expected under the circumstances. Believe me, there is not another person in the world who would rejoice any more than myself if I could say 'Big Six' was completely recovered. Mathewson finally hopes for his ultimate return to health, so do I."

The collapse of the lung brought relief to Matty. Fluid is being extracted which is an aid to recovery. "Matty suffers great pain when coughing," his doctor says. "This is an indication of a drying-up process ,and is viewed with favor and adds to his chances of recovery."

Just at present Mathewson does not leave his bed.

BUSY TIME FOR JOHNSON.

Expects Prosecution of Ball Players to Keep Him Active.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—Work in connection with the prosecution of White Sox players under indictment for alleged throwing of games and attempts to send to jail the gamblers who are said to have corrupted Comiskey's men in the 1919 world's series will give President Johnson of the American League one of the busiest Winters he has ever had in baseball, he said today on his return from New York.

It has been rumored that President Comiskey may endeavor to stop the American League in its effort to press the gambling cases in order to have charge of the prosecution himself. President Comiskey has placed the matter in the hands of his attorneys and more than a year ago set aside $10,000 to be used in unearthing the 1919 world's series scandal. His attorneys, it is said, are to confer with State's Attorney Robert Crowe to learn just what can be done to hurry up the cases now before the Criminal Court.

Comiskey believes himself to be the one who suffered most from their dishonesty and that he should be allowed a hand in the prosecution.

Johnson also said he was working on a rearrangement of the rules under which the major and minor leagues can operate. A meeting is scheduled to be held in Philadelphia early in January, at which President Heydler and George Wharton Pepper will be present to draw up this agreement. Johnson will present the idea of the proper working agreement to them at that time. At the same meeting he plans to complete the schedules for 1921 to be submitted to the club owners of the major leagues for approval.

96 ATHLETES GET LETTERS.

Colgate Awards Made in 7 Sports—Double Honors for Twelve.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMILTON, N. Y., Dec. 21.—Ninety-six varsity Cs were awarded Colgate athletes at the annual football smoker held in the gymnasium here tonight. The twenty-seven football men who received letters for the last season were presented with the customary gold footballs. Letters for baseball, basketball, tennis, soccer, cross-country and track were also presented.

Twelve Colgate athletes were honored with two letters, among them being Barnes, baseball and basketball; Anderson, basketball and track; Harris, football and basketball; Leonard, football and baseball; Suchy, football and track; Mosier, football and basketball; McBride and Steffen, baseball and basketball; O'Connor, football and baseball.

WARM WELCOME FOR OHIO.

Californians Plan Rousing Reception for Buckeyes' Eleven.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 21.—Elaborate preparations have been made for the entertainment of the Ohio State football squad which will arrive here Friday for its game at Pasadena New Year's Day with the University of California.

The Ohioans will be met at the station by a delegation of the Ohio State Alumni Association and the Pasadena Tournament of Roses Association, who will escort them to their headquarters at a Pasadena hotel. An automobile trip through Los Angeles and neighboring cities has been planned for Christmas morning; they will be guests of honor Christmas night at a dinner in Pasadena, and the remainder of their stay will be filled with balls and other forms of entertainment to the limit permitted by their coaches.

The Bears will arrive from Berkeley Christmas morning. Plans for their welcome and entertainment are progressing.

TO JUDGE PEKINGESE.

Mrs. Harby Will Award Ribbons at Plaza Toy Dog Show.

For the first time in the history of the breed, the Pekingese will be judged by an American at the coming annual specialty show of the Pekingese Club of America to be held here on Jan. 17 at the Plaza Hotel. The club has heretofore invited an English expert to determine the merits of the hundreds of Pekingese always entered for this event. The American breeder and exhibitor upon whom the club has placed the honor of being the judge is Mrs. M. E. Harby of Huntington, L. I., whose knowledge of the Pekingese breed is conceded by all fanciers.

Pitcher Jacobs Goes to Seattle.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 21.—Pitcher Elmer Jacobs has been reclaimed from Cincinnati on waivers by the St. Louis Nationals and released to the Seattle club of the Pacific Coast League, Manager Branch Rickey announced this afternoon. He goes as final payment for Jacques Fournier, first baseman, but is subject to recall, Rickey said. Cincinnati recently claimed Jacobs from the Cardinals by waiver.

THE ONLY FINE MERCHANT-TAILORED READY-TO-WEAR CLOTHES IN NEW YORK

Clemons
MERCHANT TAILOR
Established 1898
39TH & BROADWAY

All Silk Lined
Evening Clothes
$50
Merchant-tailored Ready-to-wear

From $35 to $50 less than the prevailing price for machine-made stuff! Is it any wonder that we re doing the Evening Clothes business of New York?

Full Dress or Tuxedo at the same price

Jaeger Woolware
PRONOUNCED YAY-GER
100% VIRGIN WOOL
GIFTS
LAST MINUTE SELECTIONS

—things that will solve your gift problems easily and in a manner that will delight you and the recipient.

MEN
RIBBED WOOLEN SOCKS
SWEATERS JACKETS
HOUSE GOWNS
SLIPPERS
MOTOR COATS SCARFS
CAPS AND GLOVES

WOMEN
CAMEL HAIR SPORT HATS
CAMEL HAIR COATS
RIBBED HEATHER HOSE
TAMS AND SCARFS
SWEATERS AND GLOVES
HOUSE GOWNS SLIPPERS
SHETLAND-LACE SHAWLS

CHILDREN
SNOW SUITS SWEATERS
POLO COATS POLO HATS
BREECHES AND GAITERS
CARRIAGE AND CRIB BLANKETS
KNICKER HO

JOHN COTTON'S
CELEBRATED ENGLISH SMOKING MIXTURES
Quality Reputation
Fresh shipments now arriving fortnightly
In case of difficulty in securing supplies kindly advise us.
Agents for the U.S.
GROSVENOR NICHOLAS & CO. (INCORPORATED)
60 BROAD ST., NEW YORK



Hung by the chimney with care, in hopes that St. Nicholas soon will be there with an order on us for an all-wool *Scotch Mist overcoat !

If your "roll" is growing light —

Heavy roll collar sweaters that were $21.00 —
Now $12!

Other Christmas bargains, here and there, in furnishings and sporting goods.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Broadway at 34th St.
Broadway at Warren | | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

MICHAUD HANDICAP IS WON BY ANGON

Favorite Gains Easy Victory in Featured Event on New Orleans Program.

SUNDURIA FIRST AT 20 TO 1

Shows Unexpected Speed in Distance Race — Another Outsider, Chief, Pays Backers 12 to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 21.—Angon, which went to the post a 3 to 5 favorite at Jefferson Park, won an easy victory in the Michaud Handicap, the featured event on the racing card here this afternoon. The Gentry colt revelled in the heavy going and pleased the form players by galloping away from a small field to win well in hand. Only four horses went to the post for the handicap, Pickwick taking second place, with St. Quentin third and Flibbertygibbet trailing the field.

After getting away to a poor start, Angon quickly flashed to the front, but was let down and Pickwick took the lead by a head at the half-way mark, where St. Quentin was second and Angon third. The latter, however, soon made up the lost distance and, running in his best form, came away in the last quarter to win handily by two lengths. Pickwick, which was the best of the others in the race, showed good speed early in the six-furlong dash, but was not equal to the pace through the stretch. St. Quentin tired badly after going only a half mile and Flibbertygibbet was never in the running.

Two other favorites besides Angon slipped home first during the afternoon. The first public choice to score a victory was Carline S., which showed the way to a large field in the opening race, a six-furlong dash. The other successful favorite was Golden Dawn, which took the sixth race at one and one-sixteenth miles, by more than a length from Ballybell.

The outstanding performance, however, was the victory of Sunduria, a 20 to 1 shot, in the final race of the program, at one and one-eighth miles, for three-year-olds and upward. Sunduria was at first a 25 to 1 shot, but the odds were forced down 1 to 20 to 1 when the horses went to the post. There were fourteen performers in the field, which was one of the biggest so far at the Jefferson Park meeting.

Sunduria showed her best form and got away in front, leading Lorena Moss in the first quarter by a head. At the half-way mark, the Moore filly was out in front by a length, a lead that was held until the finish line. Lad, which took second honors, got away to a poor start and had a big gap to close before the final drive. He tired slightly in the stretch but managed to take second place by two lengths from Lorena Moss, which ran prominently all the way and made a game finish. Aztec, the favorite in the big field, was never in the running and could get nothing better than eighth place, while Lady Ward, which was on the heels of Lorena Moss all the way, tired in the stretch run and barely pushed her nose in front of Sasin.

Another outside choice was victorious in the fourth race, for three-year-olds and upward at one mile and seventy yards, in which Chief, a 12-to-1 shot, galloped home in front of a field of ten. The Murphy entry did not figure high in public estimation because of several recent mediocre performances, but showed a great improvement and won with much in reserve. Chief moved up steadily after a slow beginning and in the final run overtook Title, which led from the half-way mark, where Chief was in the unenviable position of seventh. At the turn into the stretch Chief was still a length and a half behind Title, but closed the gap quickly and won with two lengths to spare. Second place went to Title, and Lad's Love, which ran a good race, was third, two lengths behind. St. German made a great run in the later stages, but had too much of a handicap to overcome to take third place from Lad's Love.

Golden Dawn, the favorite, moved up with a rush just before reaching the stretch in the sixth race and took first place by a length and a half from Ballybell, which had led after the half-way mark and might have won with better handling from Aron. Golden Dawn, showing great speed, moved up from fifth place to first before the stretch run was reached and held Ballybell safe during the last eighth. Madrono went forwardly for the entire trip and captured third from Keep by two lengths.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE — For maiden three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Carline S., 107 pounds (Babin), 8 to 5, 3 to 5 and 1 to 4, first; Hopover, 110 (McDermott), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, second; Horeb, 115 (S. Smith), 5 to 2, third. Time—1:10 3-5. Royden, Spartan Boy, Old Rose, Adrainne R., Beeswax, Pansy Blossom, Riddle and Waneda also ran.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Silver Springs, 108 pounds (Ponce), 10 to 1, 4 to 1 and 2 to 1, first; Sea Court, 107 (Hamilton), 7 to 10 and 1 to 3, second; Louise Wynne, 99 (Long), even, third. Time—1:18 3-5. Tom Roach, Darnell, Mary Fonso, Omer K., Peppery Polly, Crimson Rambler, Reluctant, Tutt and Countess also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; allowances; purse $700; one mile and seventy yards. Chief, 107 pounds (Rodriguez), 12 to 1, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, first; Title, 107 (Heupel), 3 to 1 and even, second; Lad's Love, 114 (Nolan), 4 to 5, third. Time—1:47 3-5. Dancing Spray, Comme Ci, The Archer, Trooper, St. Germain, Drommund and Raider also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Michaud Handicap; for all ages; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Angon, 130 pounds (Murray), 3 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Pickwick, 114 (Lyke), 1 to 3, second; St. Quentin, 112 (McAtee), 2 to 5, third. Time—1:16 1-5. Flibbertigibbet also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $700; one and one-sixteenth miles. Golden Dawn, 105 pounds (Mooney), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Bally Belle, 110 (Aron), even, 2 to 5, second; Madrono, 114 (King), 4 to 5, third. Time—1:51 2-5. Pit, Glenwell, Colonel Lit, Keep and Eleve also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; one mile and an eighth; claiming; purse $800. Sundria, 107 pounds (Obert), even to 1, 8 to 1, 4 to 1, first; Lad, 111 (Rodriguez), 2 to 1, even, second; Lorena Moss, 101 (Mooney), 4 to 5, third. Time—1:58. Sasin, King Neptune, Corydon, Aztec, Kibo, Scorgeman, Tugs, Guy Fortune, Chick Barkley and Lucius also ran.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $600, claiming, for two-year-olds, maidens; five furlongs. Rose of Picardy 112 pounds, Obstinate 107, Magic Castle 101, Calithump 112, Rape the Lock 110, American Maid 112, Seaboard 115, Diocletian 113, Secretary 113, Tony Sutton 113, Joe Whipple 115, Globe 107, Repent 107, Tommie C. 110, Cortez 115, Home Guard 115, Bally Gihen 107.

SECOND RACE—Purse $800, claiming, for three-year-olds and upward, fillies and mares; six furlongs. Annie Edgar 100 pounds, Big Idea 106, Cobalt Lass 111, Winneconne 101, Retreat 104, Catania 108, Miss Kruter 107, Oaklawn Belle 106, Marmite 111, Anna Gallup 106, Tiger Rose 104, Terrible Miss 104, Kohinoor 106, Molly O. 109, Little Maudie 109, Plain Heather 106, Betsy 108.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700, for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Trantula 106, Thornhedge 106, Lady Stella 103, Trust Official 105, Mavourneen 103, Thimble 103, Voormir 103, Bit of Green 109, Rancocas 115, Alberta S. 109, Episode 106, Corilla 103.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700, claiming, for all ages; five furlongs. Hidden Jewel 109 pounds, Bobby Allen 108, Who Cares 103, Talisman 103, Phantom Fair 105, The Nephew 108, Scurry 108, Rollo 89, Youneed 111, Applejack II. 108.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,000, for three-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. The Wit 100 pounds, Fixer 112, Master Bill 108, Veto 112, Honolulu Boy 102.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $700, claiming, for three-year-olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. Claquer 100 pounds, Nelle Yorke 104, Phalaris 109, Harvest King 107, Merchant 104, Hindoostan 104, Chalenger 108, Wauken 109.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $700, claiming, for three-year olds and upward; mile and a sixteenth. Neenah 102 pounds, Nebraska 108, Spearice 113.

Macomber Reconsiders His Decision to Sell 41 Mares

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 21.—A. K. Macomber, who had determined on selling forty-one mares he has at the Elmwood Stock Farm, has reconsidered his decision and may abandon the contemplated sale. Mr. Macomber recently stopped off at his Mira Monte Stock Farm, Santa Clara County, to inspect eighteen coming two-year-olds. He was so impressed with the looks and manners of the youngsters that he has reconsidered selling the mares, among which are found most of the dams of the young racers. Trials have demonstrated that the youngsters can run and they are making fast progress under the care of Superintendent W. W. Mendenhall. They will be shipped next year to Belmont Park.

MARYLAND TRACKS GET ASSESSMENTS

Four Tracks Expected to Pay Under Protest—Commission Autocratic.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 21.—The Racing Commission has sent out bills to the four one-mile tracks in the State for amounts representing the State's 15 per cent. of the track's net earnings. The question now is: will the tracks be willing to pay the bills as rendered?

If the tracks dispute the bills, or rather, the amounts involved, it appears that they will have two courses open: (1) To ask for a hearing before the commission, at which hearing the tracks will endeavor to show why the amounts assessed against them are exorbitant, and (2) to pay the bills as rendered, but under protest.

That the tracks will pay the amounts the commission has established, whether payment be made willingly or unwillingly, with or without hearings or protests, may be inferred from the fact that all the advantage of position lies with the commission. The law has made it autocratic.

The principal discrepancy between the tracks' set-ups and those of the commission results from the difference in opinion as to what extent the outlay represented by new construction can be deducted before the net earnings of the tracks are computed. It is upon these net earnings that the State's 15 per cent. is reckoned. Obviously, the greater the deductions before the net earnings are established, the smaller will be those net earnings and the smaller likewise will be the State's 15 per cent. thereof.

Publication of the amounts assessed against the four tracks, individually, was witheld at the offices of the Racing Commission today, but the total of the State's 15 per cent. of the net earnings of the four tracks was said to be about $131,000. This would mean that the commission has established $873,333 as the combined net earnings of the four tracks after making all deductions.

According to the report submitted to the commission by auditors it employed, the combined net earnings of the tracks after making deductions, including those claimed by the tracks for new construction, equipment and repairs, were $617,602.67.

Apparently, then, the difference between these two amounts, $236,330, approximately, represents the amount which the commission has declined to allow the tracks to charge off.

On the basis of the track's deductions they would have paid 15 per cent. of $617,602.67—about $92,550—to the State. This is $38,450 less than the amount established by the commission.

In addition to the 15 per cent. tax the tracks pay to the State a fee of $6,000 for each day of racing at each track. There were 69 days of racing in the Fall season, the period covered by the reports of the commission. The total amount received by the State from these daily fees is $414,000, which, plus the 15 per cent. tax, makes a total of $545,000 by which the four one-mile tracks are to increase the State's revenues for the sixty-nine days of racing.

CROMWELL A WINNER.

Finishes First in Holiday Handicap on Havana Track.

HAVANA, Cuba, Dec. 21.—Mrs. C. K. Moore's Cromwell, carrying the crushing impost of 124 pounds, scored in the Holiday Handicap, feature event of the card at Oriental Park today. The son of Plaudit-Affect was the favorite, closing at 7 to 5. Cromwell rushed into the lead at the start and set a terrific pace, but in the last sixteenth began to tire and barely lasted to stall off the determined rush of Buford. The latter was fast wearing the winner down and would have won in a few more strides.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Chefa, 101 pounds (Hunt), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, first; Ravanna, 105 (Bullman), 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 2 to 1, second; Diffidence, 110 (Connors), 3 to 1, 6 to 5, 3 to 5, third. Time—1:09 1-5. Bertha Minix, Vera Twyford, Flew High, Scotty Molinero, Lyric, Erroll and Miss Dixie also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Assumption, 113 pounds (Garner), 7 to 2, even, 1 to 3, first; Discussion, 105 (Kennedy), even, 1 to 3, 1 to 6, second; The Blue Duke, 113 (Crump), 7 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, third. Time—1:07 4-5. Okemus, Guaranteed and Mather also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Paula V, 108 pounds (Anderson), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 6 to 5, first; The Pirate, 98 (Wilson), 3 to 1, even, 1 to 2, second; Slipper Silver, 108 (Merimee), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 1 to 3, third. Time—1:15. Napthallous, American Eagle, Jill and Whip-Poor-Will also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile. Lariat, 102 pounds (Hunt), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, first; Homam, 102 (Penman), 6 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, second; Lady Hester, 102 (McCoy), 7 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, third. Time—1:42 3-5. Star Shooter, Little Buss, Jack Dawson, Omeme, Jose de Vales and Garbage also ran.

FIFTH RACE. Holiday Handicap—For all ages; purse $1,000; one mile. Cromwell, 124 pounds (Weiner), 7 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 4, first; Buford, 117 (Butwell), 8 to 1, even, 1 to 2, second; *Cubanita, 95 (Hunt), 7 to 2, 6 to 5, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:41 2-5. *Lackawanna, Bally Mooney and Armistice also ran.
*Coupled.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile. Foster Embry, 107 pounds (Carmody), 6 to 1, 2 to 1, even, first; Miss Sweep, 107 (Garner), 7 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, second; Rhymer, 105 (Kennedy), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:42 2-5. Musket, White Crown, Misericorde and Dragoon also ran.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; 5½ furlongs. *Eastern Glow, 101 pounds; Bibbler 106, *Lama 106, Director James 106, *Brigida 106, Snow Queen 111, Frank Burke 111, Roundel 111, Prince Bonero 111, Jill 111, Kernan 111, Truant 114.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; 5½ furlongs. *Smite, 101 pounds; *Punctual 101, *Huntress 103, Superior 106, *Ed. Garrison 108, Zindo 109, Elmont 108, Gus Scheer 111, Chantour 111, Sayona 111, Scarpia II. 111, Legotal 114.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; 5½ furlongs. *Polar Cub, 100 pounds; *Kewease 102, *Galopin 105, Waking Dream 105, *Litholick 105, *Avion 105, *Driffield 108, Count Boris 110, Guardaman 110, Cy Merrick 110, Hunter Platt 110, Doctor D. 110.

FOURTH RACE—For two-year-olds; trial handicap; purse $900; 5½ furlongs. Bertha Minix, 92 pounds; Aunt Deda 104, Spugs 107, Santa Claus 109, Vic Munos 115.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds; purse $800; six furlongs. Drapery, 100 pounds; Amurita 100, Herron 103, Allivan 105, Haras 108, Attaboy II. 112.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and a sixteenth. *Leinster, 99 pounds; *Fly Home 102, Harry Glove 105, Major Fiske 104, Hands Off 107, De Witt 108, *Sol Gilsey 109, *Waterford 108, Donna Grafton 109, Cadillac 110, Plantarede 111.
*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear; track fast.

ELI HOCKEY TEAM LOSES.

Defeated by Quaker City Five, 7 to 1 —Carson the Star.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Dec. 21.—The Yale hockey team, with the loss of their sensational Captain, Robert "Hinkey" Carson, for two of the three periods at the Ice Palace tonight, finished behind the speedy Quaker City puck chasers in a 7 to 1 count. Carson, unable to witness the Bulldogs' defeat on the ice, dashed into the fray at the start of the final period and in less than two minutes of play he passed to Van Ingen, who registered Yale's only goal of the evening.

Quaker City won through the efforts of Eddie Hill and Wanamaker, the former Dartmouth freshman, both of whom skated almost to perfection when behind the rubber disk. Hill in particular outskated the field in attacks from his defensive position.

The young Elis apparently had not had sufficient practice on ice to show what their calibre will be when they take up the Big Three schedule. The Yale and St. Paul's teams will meet tomorrow night on the same ice.

The lineup and summary:

QUAKER CITY (7).		YALE (1).
Crawford	R. W.	Moffatt
Henriques	C.	Shiras
Wanamaker	L. W.	Bulkley
Hill	C.	Griscom
Dexter	P.	Van Ingen
Hart	G.	Diefendorf

SCORE BY PERIODS.

Quaker City	3	1	3—7
Yale	0	0	1—1

Goals scored—First period: Hill, Quaker City, 2:50; Henriques, Quaker City, 6:50; Henriques, 6:18. Second period: Hill, Quaker City, 2:30. Third period: Van Ingen, Yale, 0:28; Wanamaker, Quaker City, 0:56; Hill, Quaker City, 5:02; Henriques, Quaker City, 10:10.

Substitutions—Foster for Shiras, Carson for L. Foster, Reid for Bulkley, Souder for Crawford, Clark for Souder, Newlin for Wanamaker, Strubing for Dexter.

Referee—Jack Devine. Goal judges—M. A. Cross and T. Bushnell. Time—Three 15-minute periods.

FORDHAM ON THE ICE.

Five Veterans of Last Year and Three Football Men Out for Hockey.

Fordham is making plans for a big hockey season, according to announcement made last night by Edward F. Curley Jr., manager of the Maroon team. The schedule has not yet been completed but games have been arranged with Princeton and Pnensylvania, to be played in New York and with Harvard in Boston. Negotiations are being carried on for contests with Yale and Boston College.

The Maroon skaters have been practicing for the last two weeks at the 181st Street Ice Palace, where all the home games will be staged. McGurk, Kereseey, Gilligan, Tumulty and Muldoon, members of last year's squad, are again candidates, and Noonan, Halloran and Fitzpatrick, who played on the football team this Fall, are trying for the team.

Canadians Win Hockey Game.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 21.—The Granites of the Ontario Hockey Association won an exhibition game here tonight from the Pittsburgh team of the United States Amateur Hockey League. The score was 5 to 2.

UNGER ADVANCES IN BILLIARD TOURNEY

Takes Lead in Class C Balkline Event by Victory Over Lewis, 150 to 112.

STANDING IN NATIONAL CLASS C BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

Player.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
F. A. Unger	3	0	1.000
J. M. Lewis Jr.	2	1	.667
G. Spear	2	1	.667
S. Brussel	2	1	.667
C. J. Steinbugler	1	2	.333
Claud Lewis	0	2	.000
J. R. Johann	0	2	.000

F. A. Unger took the lead last night in the Class C 18.2 balkline tournament for the championship of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players at the National Recreation Academy, Brooklyn. He met and defeated J. M. Lewis Jr., who, when the play began, was tied with Unger for first place with two victories and no defeats.

Unger's victory shoved him to the top of the standing, while Lewis slipped down to a tie for second place with G. Spear and Sidney Brussel, the latter beating J. R. Johann last night and moving up a peg in his percentage figures. Lewis, Spear and Brussel are now deadlocked, with two victories and one defeat.

Unger played some of his best billiards against Lewis, who lost by the score of 150 to 112. Until the match had reached the half-way mark both players battled along on even terms, but Unger uncorked a run of 18, and by adding clusters steadily to his score was leading, 116 to 85, on the twenty-ninth frame. At this juncture Lewis closed the gap to a great extent by making his high run of the evening, 27, which made the score only 116 to 112 in favor of Unger.

On the thirty-first frame, however, Unger played his trump card, contributing his high run of 26 by means of brilliant and steady playing. This made his total 142, and another cluster of 7 brought him to within one point of his goal. On the next frame he went out with ease. Unger's average was 4 22-32 and his high run 26, while Lewis averaged 3 19-31 and had a run of 27. The closeness of the match during the first thirty frames made it one of the most interesting played so far in the championship tournament.

The Johann-Brussel match was long drawn out, although it was close all the way. The final margin of victory for Brussel was 28 points, 150 to 122. Brussel's high run was 19 and Johann's 12. Brussel averaged 3 34-42, Johann 2 38-42.

George Spear and Lewis will break the deadlock that exists between them for second place when they meet in a match this evening, and Claude Lewis and Johann, who are at the foot of the standing, will meet in another match.

FRISCH BILLIARD WINNER.

Defeats Frantzen, 25 to 15, in National Three-Cushian Tourney.

The billiard clock was pushed back two years at Doyle's Academy last night, when Harry Frisch, the 1918 national three-cushion champion of the American Amateur Billiard Association, and Henry Frantzen, runner-up in the same tourney, clashed on the green cloth. The match, in which history repeated itself, was the second in the preliminary round of the national three-cushion tournament of De A. A. B. A. and Frisch, duplicating his 1918 victory over Frantzen, gained a decisive triumph, 25 to 15.

The former titleholder needed only 29 innings to reach his quota of 25, which gave him nearly a 1 average. This remarkable exhibition by an amateur was produced without spectacular playing of any extent, for Frisch was as careful as usual, playing safely and conservatively. He proved again his accuracy as shotmaker and his safety play against Frantzen was of more than the usual high order.

At the end of the sixteenth inning the score was tied at 10 each, but from that time on Frisch used his safety play to the greatest advantage, and in addition made the most of the shots left him by Frantzen, playing angle shots skilfully and gradually increasing his lead. In the last thirteen innings Frisch compiled 15 points, better than an average of 1, while Frantzen was able to score only 5. The 1918 runner-up slowly fell further and further behind, and was soon clearly out of the running against Frisch's well-calculated safeties. The high run for each man was 3.

Cornell Harriers Will Be Holiday Guests of Londoners

SOUTHAMPTON, Eng., Dec. 21.—The Cornell University cross-country team, which will meet a combined team representing Oxford and Cambridge Universities on Dec. 30 in the first international intercollegiate athletic contest of this type ever run, arrived here today on the steamer Aquitania from New York. The ten men on the team expect to go at once to Cambridge University to train for the run. They will leave Cambridge Dec. 24 and will spend Christmas in London in English homes to which they have been invited. The American University Union in Europe and the English-Speaking Union are arranging a dinner and theatre party for them. From Dec. 26 to Dec. 30 the team will be in Oxford, according to B. G. D. Rudd, the South African track star at Oxford. Returning to London on Dec. 30, the Cornell men will run against the best cross-country stars of Oxford and Cambridge. The race will start from Queen's Club. On New Year's Eve the British-American Dance Club of the English-Speaking Union has arranged to give a dance in honor of the visitors.

ARMY HAS STRONG GRIDIRON SCHEDULE

Cadets' Eleven Will Play Two Double-Headers in 1921— To Meet Yale in Bowl.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Dec. 21.—Two double-headers, two contests away from home, one with Yale at the Bowl in New Haven and the other with Navy at the Polo Grounds in New York, and two games with Middle Western teams are the outstanding features of the Army's football schedule for 1921, as announced by Major Philip Hayes, Executive for Athletics at the Military Academy, today.

When the Army meets Yale in the Bowl it will be the first time the cadets have ever played football away from West Point except in Army-Navy contests. The resumption of football relations with Yale after a lapse of nine years is pleasing to followers of the Army eleven. Yale won, 6 to 0, in the last game played here in 1912. Home and home contests with the Elis will be arranged for the future. Yale coming here for a game in 1922.

Notre Dame comes here on Nov. 5, and Wabash College of Crawfordsville, Ind., will play the Army at West Point on Oct. 15. The double-headers include contests with Springfield College and New Hampshire State on the opening date, Oct. 1, while Middlebury and Lebanon Valley will both be here for games a week later.

Satisfactory arrangements could not be made with Columbia for next season. Both the Army and Columbia are desirous of engaging in home and home contests on the gridiron, and it is considered highly probable that such a program will be effected in the future.

The Army management will not schedule any game for the cadets for Nov. 19, which is the Saturday before the Navy contest. Negotiations for games with Harvard, Colgate, West Virginia and several other colleges of prominence fell through when satisfactory dates could not be made.

The schedule:

Oct. 1, Springfield College and New Hampshire State College; Oct. 8, Middlebury College and Lebanon Valley College; Oct. 15, Wabash College; Oct. 22, Yale, at New Haven; Oct. 29, Susquehanna College; Nov. 5 Notre Dame University; Nov. 12, Villanova; Nov. 26, Navy, at New York.

PRINCETON QUINTET DEFEATS SYRACUSE

Tigers Victorious in Close Basketball Match With Orange Five—Score, 27 to 21.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 21.—Princeton, after losing to Cornell Monday, staged a comeback against Syracuse University this evening by defeating the Orange basketball team in an exciting game by the score of 27 to 21. The Tigers jumped into the lead at the start, but several times the Syracuse tossers looked threatening, especially in the closing minutes of the first half, when Coach Lou Sugarman's quintet dropped from a seven-point margin to a two-point lead.

Syracuse suffered from bad breaks, particularly in the second half. Repeatedly the Orange forwards would toss the ball at the rim to have it roll around and then drop back into play. Once Parker tried three throws at the goal, but was unable to score, and Princeton carried the ball out of danger. Lavin was decidedly off color on foul shooting, missing seven out of eleven tries from the foul line.

Legendre was Princeton's star. He was watched closely throughout, but managed to elude the Orange guards several times to score. In the second half he made two goals from field, the second after racing down the court to receive a pass from a teammate. Opie performed in sensational style for the first five minutes of the game, making three goals in rapid succession. Opie was taken out by Sugarman at about the middle of the half, but he re-entered the game in the last few minutes of the second period.

The line-up:

PRINCETON (27).		SYRACUSE (21).
Opie	R. F.	Gallivan
Netts	L. F.	Weltman
Dickinson	C.	Conlin
Legendre	R. G.	Lavin
Wittmer	L. G.	Barker

Goals from field—Netts, Opie (2), Dickinson (2), Legendre (3), Jeffries, Gallivan, Weltman, Conlin (2), Lavin (3). Goals from fouls—Legendre (7), Lavin (4), Simons, Gallivan (2).

Substitutions—Princeton: Jeffries for Opie, Opie for Jeffries, Berger for Wittmer, Wittmer for Legendre. Syracuse: Kellogg for Gallivan, Simons for Kellogg, Gallivan for Weltman, Weltman for Gallivan.

Referee—Mr. Messer, Troy. Umpire—Mr. Bloss, Rochester. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

BROOKLYN POLY VICTOR.

Defeats Fordham Team in Basketball Game by 36-23 Score.

The Brooklyn Poly basketball team took the measure of Fordham in a game on the Brooklyn court last night, 36 to 23. The home team displayed a clever passing game which was productive of twelve goals from field. Nelson, left forward for the Brooklyn aggregation, excelled in shooting with seven baskets, and Ratner, the other forward, contributed two to his team's total.

Hacker and Fallon, with four goals apiece, were the only scorers for Fordham, which trailed most of the game and could not get its attack going against the Brooklynites.

The line-up:

B'KLYN POLY (36).		FORDHAM (23).
Nelson	L. F.	Hacker
Ratner	R. F.	Stocker
Joy	C.	McMahon
Bachrach	L. G.	Fallon
Schwartzman	R. G.	Mulligan

Goals from field—Nelson (7), Ratner (2), Joy, Bachrach, Schwartzman, Hacker (4), Fallon (4). Goals from foul—Nelson 12, Hacker 7.

Referee—Ed Thorp, De La Salle.

Birmingham to Manage Albany.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 21.—Announcement was made today by the Albany Eastern Baseball League Club that Joseph Birmingham, former manager of the Cleveland American League Club and for the last two years manager of the Pittsfield Eastern League team, had been signed as manager of the Albany team for next season. He succeeds William McCorry.

Marie Antoinette
Cigar Par Excellence
RICH MILD BLEND of VUELTA TOBACCO
Havana's Best
Marie Antoinette
"Cigar Par Excellence"
"Bought When Quality Is Sought."
10c. and up
At Best Dealers
"An Ideal Xmas Gift"
INVINCIBLE DE LUXE
Actual Size
In Handy Box—
15c 5 for 75c 10 for $1.50
E. K. KLEINER & CO., Inc.
MAKERS NEW YORK

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
XMAS GIFTS FOR MEN AT REDUCED PRICES



Neckwear
55c to $2.50
Splendid selection of colors and designs
Silk Reefers
Were $12; now $8
Wool Mufflers
Cut to $3, $4, $6.50
Fancy boxes free.
Handkerchiefs
Plain or initial
6 for $1.38
Bath Robes Reduced to $8.00
Smoking Jackets Reduced to $10.00
Umbrellas $3.00 to $10.00

Christmas Gifts
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry.
CASH OR CREDIT
ONLY RELIABLE, UP-TO-DATE GOODS
EASY PAYMENTS
No Employers' references necessary.
Will send representative if desired.
AMERICAN DIAMOND WATCH & CO.
6 MAIDEN LANE 4TH FLOOR TAKE ELEVATOR
Open Evenings Till 10 P. M.

A HONEYMOON HIKE.

A photograph of F. M. Richards of Long Beach, California, and his bride, who walked across the continent; supporting themselves by such odd jobs as they could find, will be reproduced in The New York Times Rotogravure Picture Section next Sunday.—Advt.

Worumbo Cloth
Overcoats
Absolutely the Best That Can Be Made!
Formerly Priced up to $125
Now $63.50

The Cloths
Worumbo, Montagnacs, Vicunas, Whitneys, Shetlands, Blizzard Cloths and smooth faced cloths.

The Colors
All the popular mixtures, blues, browns, grays, greens and many heather effects.

The Models
Large, roomy ulsters, young men's ulsters, raglan shoulders, smart young men's form-fitting coats and a big selection of Chesterfields for the more conservative dresser.

Sizes
Regulars, longs, shorts and stouts from 32 to 52.

It goes without saying that better overcoats than these cannot be bought at any price. They are the type of winter coats that every man wants. The price, $63.50, is no indication of their splendid quality—it is possible only because we regularly sell for one-third less and because of the *Pre-Inventory Sale reductions* we have just made.

Unrestricted Choice of
SUITS
"The best in the house" cost $47.50 now, and there are no better Suits to be had at any price. Ask the man who paid up to $85 for these Suits before and he will tell you they were splendid value at the old price. At $47.50 they represent a buying opportunity that no man should miss.
Formerly Priced up to $85
Now $47.50

Suits and Overcoats that were up to $45
Now $23.50

Suits and Overcoats that were up to $60
Now $33.50

Men's Pants
Formerly selling at $8, $9 and $10
NOW 5.00

Moe Levy & Son
Our Only Store — New York City
119-125 Walker Street
Every Subway or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station, within sight of our store.
OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7—SATURDAYS UNTIL 10



The Sensible Gift— An Order on Young's
The recipient can then select just the hat, cane, umbrella, gloves, scarf or muffler that suits him best. You know he is satisfied because he does his own choosing.
Soft Hats . . . . $4 up
Derbies . . . . . $5 up
Velours . . . . . $6 up
160 Broadway 805 Broadway 908 Broadway 1361 Broadway
231 Broadway 849 Broadway 1197 Broadway 1458 Broadway
610 W. 181st Street
2823 Third Avenue
Brooklyn Branches:
371 Fulton St. 718 Broadway
Newark Branch:
831 Broad Street, opposite C. R. R. Station.

F. R. TRIPLER & CO.
Madison Ave. at 46th Street
GIFTS FOR MEN
From a Man's Shop
Soft, comfortable English dressing gowns; Angora, and Cashmere polka dot mufflers; scarfs of Spitalfield Silks; Angora, and Scotch wool sweaters; Camel's hair and Scotch wool half hose.
Decided reductions throughout our entire stock.
CLOTHING FURNISHINGS HATS
Gift certificates permit personal selection.

THE STEARN COMPANY
Importers of Cigars
35 Wall Street Tel. Hanover 6509 & 8464
CABINET SELECTIONS
of
CORONAS—MERIDIANAS—CABANAS—UPMANNS
ROMEO & JULIETAS
VILLAR Y VILLARS—FERNANDEZ GARCIA—AND OTHERS
Old Seasoned Briar Pipes—Special Humidors
(Need no breaking in)

The Greatest Christmas Banquet in the History of the World

THREE AND A HALF MILLION GUESTS

ON DECEMBER TWENTY-NINTH a Christmas Dinner will be held in one of the great banquet halls of New York, that will be the greatest event in the way of Christmas Dinners ever known in any country of the world since the Babe of Bethlehem was born nearly twenty centuries ago.

Around the tables will be seated one thousand citizens of New York, each of whom will have secured from friends or will himself have paid one thousand dollars for the privilege of dining at that feast. Many of them will have made great sacrifice to buy their thousand-dollar tickets. It will not be a millionaires' club. Present at the great banquet will be *three and a half millions of invisible guests,* representing the children of Europe who are waiting on America to-day to save them.

The sumptuous meal, served in a tin cup, will consist of the nourishing food that each one of these children receives through Herbert Hoover's Relief Administration, for which, at Mr. Hoover's request, The Literary Digest has made its appeal, during the past two months to Americans in all parts of this great Nation. The thousand Hosts at this banquet will be the Fairy Godfathers of at least one hundred thousand little children of flesh and blood, and will guarantee to them the continuance of that nourishing meal, daily, all through the winter in Central and Eastern Europe.

You fathers and mothers in a million homes of New York and wherever this page is read: Most of you can not be present at that wonderful Christmas Dinner to the invisible guests, but *you can multiply it a million times.* As you gather your own loved ones around your Christmas table; as you look into the faces of sons and daughters, the pride of your heart, and the joy of your life; as you watch with tenderness and unutterable love your little children, or your grandchildren, whose faces are alight with Christmas glee, ask yourself *how much one of these priceless lives is worth to you?* What would you give to save one of these sweet, laughing children—*your own dearest*—from starvation, or bitter cold, or cruel disease? Can you count the sum in dollars? Would you not eagerly give every dollar you have, every dollar's worth of property, even your life itself, and count the sacrifice small, if it would give health and comfort to the one you love?

Over there in those naked lands, where war has crushed whole peoples, are millions of little children precious beyond the measure of dollars in the sight of the living Christ. Because of their utter want and helplessness *He has given them to you to love and to cherish at this Christmas time.* Many of them are orphans; you are called to the holy task of mothering them, and fathering them, in His name. They are hungry; He bids you feed them. They are shivering in the winter's cold; He asks you to cover their thin, little bodies with warm clothes. Laughter and childish joy have gone from them; He calls you, by the love you bear Him, by the love that swells in your heart for your own dear ones, to love these, His little ones, back again to the laughter and health that are the God-given heritage of childhood.

Two wonderful gifts are yours, this Christmas time, from the bountiful hands of a loving Father: With one hand He gives you a comfortable home, a table loaded with plenty, a happy family circle, and all the delights of this festive Day. With the other hand He is leading tenderly towards you a hungry, ragged child, *perhaps ten of them, perhaps a hundred.* You will not clutch eagerly at the gift in the one hand and refuse the gift in the other. We want His presence and His blessing in our homes, our churches, and at our feasts as we celebrate His birthday, and so we will not turn Him away with the little ones He loves. We will not expect Him to allow us to *keep a part* of His precious gifts *if we reject the other part.*

A great Christmas tree was lighted in the Metropolitan Opera House the other night for these destitute children of Europe, and every light that blazed out on the big tree represented a generous gift of life to some child. Dr. Harry Emerson Fosdick spoke straight to the hearts of American fathers and mothers, not only in that great auditorium, but throughout the city and nation, when he said: "Most of us are going home to help our own children get ready for Christmas, but one picture ought to haunt our thoughts—the fact that mothers and fathers overseas will have to decide this week which of their children they will allow to die. There is not enough food to go around; some of the children are obviously failing away, but some show signs of hanging on. Since some must die, shall not the parents let the weaker go and save the strong? *It is a sorry business at Christmas time for fathers and mothers to pick out from their children those who will have to die for lack of the special food necessary for children.*"

Make no mistake, you fathers and mothers of America. This grim, heart-rending decision will not be made by those fathers and mothers who have nothing to give their children to save their lives. *The decision will be made by you who have plenty and to spare.* The question of life and death for these children is in your hands; you, and you alone, can give them life. At your Christmas table set an extra place which shall represent to those who gather around the table, one, *and if possible more than one,* of the invisible guests to whom you and your loved ones are to become Godfathers and Godmothers. Save *at least* one life, as you would save your own soul, but do not for a moment be satisfied with *only one* if your heart, your conscience, your ability can care for *many.* Put into the plate before that vacant chair your Christmas offerings for the starving children. Immediately after the dinner send the money to The Literary Digest Child-Feeding Fund for Mr. Hoover's life-saving work.

Churches, hotels and clubs are urged to do the same thing on a larger scale, perhaps with special ceremonies. Those who can not arrange a Christmas dinner are asked to "adopt," as President Wilson and President-Elect Harding and many others have already done, as many of the children as they can provide for with the one meal a day throughout the winter. Ten thousand dollars will pay for one thousand children, one thousand dollars will pay for one hundred children, one hundred dollars will pay for ten children, and ten dollars will pay for one child. Give your heart a real Christmas treat. In this one supreme indulgence of the Christmas spirit do not let economy control. It is a time for prodigality and utter abandonment in generosity when it comes to counting the children to whom you will give life, and laughter, and whose rescue from suffering and death will be your most blessed memory in all the years to come.

There is need now to make haste and do *a great thing.* Where are your Liberty Bonds? Are they locked in a vault? Are they safely stored away in a strong box? It was an act of patriotism to buy these bonds. It gave you a thrill of fervent joy and satisfaction to feel that you were helping America in its time of national need. Now these bonds, that service rendered, are waiting, perhaps, a still more glorious service, a far safer place of investment. They are, perchance, waiting for you to deposit them in the bank of heaven, "where neither moth nor rust doth corrupt and where thieves do not break through and steal."

A fifty-dollar bond will ransom the lives of five children; a hundred-dollar bond will buy ten precious lives of these innocent sufferers; a thousand-dollar bond will rescue a hundred little ones from death. Can you think of any more glorious joy that life and opportunity could offer you that would be yours if you could save—*you personally* could save the lives of *a thousand* little children and give them warmth and happiness in place of cold and hunger and wasting disease? Every Liberty Bond or Victory Bond you consecrate to this blessed use will be making heaven on earth and storing up priceless treasure in heaven above. Will you give, as a royal Christmas gift, one, or five, or ten of your bonds—NOW?

What are they earning for you, in their strong box, those Liberty Bonds? A few coupons clipt off every six months; a few extra dollars of spending money. Think of the difference in the dividends they will earn when you bank them as treasure in heaven. Every bond given to The Literary Digest Child-Feeding Fund will be the price you have paid for the lives of a group of little children. Every dividend earned for you will be the laughing faces and shining eyes of the little children whom you have fed, and clothed, and saved from death. Are these worth 4¾ per cent. on your investment?

Three and a half millions of children are waiting for you men and women of New York. Is there not room in your hearts for them *all* at this Christmas time?

Make all checks payable to "The Literary Digest Child-Feeding Fund" and mail them direct to The Literary Digest, who will be responsible for every dollar contributed, to see that it goes, without one penny deducted, to Herbert Hoover's Relief Organization for the work of saving lives.
Address, Child-Feeding, THE LITERARY DIGEST, 354-360 Fourth Avenue, New York.

AMBUSH IRISH FORCE THRICE IN TIPPERARY

Varying Accounts Are Received, Reporting That 10 to 15 Sinn Feiners Were Killed.

ONE SOLDIER WOUNDED

Details of Two of the Engagements Are Incomplete, but Casualties Are Indicated.

20 OTHER DEAD IN WEEK-END

Sir Hamar Greenwood Announces Number in the Commons—Report Reprisals at Ballinalee.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Dec. 21.—A communique was issued from General headquarters in Dublin tonight, giving an account of the battle between Crown forces and Sinn Feiners on the borders of Tipperary and Kilkenny. It shows that a series of ambushes took place yesterday afternoon on the northern side of the Slievenamon hills area, and to some extent were independent of one another.

"There is some doubt as to details," the statement says, "but what happened seems to be as follows:

"A military cycle patrol consisting of nine soldiers, accompanied by two police, was attacked at about 2:45 P. M. near Nine-Mile House, Killenaule district. They appear to have replied resolutely to the fire and to have inflicted fourteen casualties on the attackers. They themselves suffered no casualties, but eight bicycles which had been left on the roadside while the attackers were pursued on foot were taken.

"Hearing of this action the police at Mullinahone telephoned to Clonmel and Callan. Both of these places sent reinforcement parties. That from Callan, consisting of military, was ambushed when they had traveled two miles on the Clonmel Road at about 4:15 P. M. by some fifty men. They offered sturdy resistance and wounded, it is believed, two of their attackers. They also captured some military rifles and two bicycles taken from the party first ambushed. One soldier was wounded, this being the only casualty they suffered.

In answer to the Mullinahone message a police patrol was sent from Clonmel, and this was attacked near Glenbower. As yet no details are to hand."

A high wind raged over the country last night, seriously interrupting telegraphic communication, and this may explain the paucity of information. Moreover, the scene of the battle is in a lonely district at the foot of Slieve Mountains, and if the ambushing party followed the tactics usual in such cases they would have destroyed the telegraph and telephone wires over a considerable area.

Circumstantial accounts from Kilkenny say there appears to have been a small detachment of military on patrol duty near Nine-mile house, some distance south toward Clonmel, where the first ambush occurred. At that spot the road was overshadowed by a steep hill and as the patrol, apparently on bicycles, approached the troops were met by an intense fire from rifles and revolver.

Some of the party rushed through and communicated with Callan for reinforcements. These, consisting of Royal Irish Constabulary and soldiers, were quickly organized and dispatched to the scene. They had only proceeded two miles on the road when they also encountered an ambush near Garrykicken. Leaping from their lorry the soldiers and police opened rapid fire, speedily established an offensive and compelled their opponents to scatter.

In the stage of the conflict further reinforcements from Kilkenny arrived. Darkness had by now enveloped the scene and the road was still being swept by bullets, one of which killed a constabulary sergeant named Walsh, while Sergeant Shannon was wounded in the head and arm. An inspector had a remarkable escape, as the rifle he was using was shattered in his hands.

The third reported ambush was at Glenbower, and was directed against the supporting forces coming from Clonmel. Here another action developed, but the crown forces do not appear to have suffered any casualties. This is described as the biggest battle of the day, and the republicans are said to have lost heavily.

As already stated, the authorities declare that there were no military casualties and no loss of arms in this engagement, but they admit that some bicycles were lost. Unofficial reports place the casualties at one constabulary Sergeant and ten or fifteen of the attackers killed; one policeman and twenty of the attackers wounded and captured.

In the action near Callan the police are understood to have captured two bicycles, with Mauser rifles attached, when the attackers dispersed. Crown forces today were searching over a large area of country adjacent to the fighting, part of which, in Tipperary, is under martial law.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

DUBLIN, Dec. 21.—General Headquarters here reports that four soldiers have been kidnapped near Timoleague, in spite of the Bishop of Cork's decree of excommunication, and that exhaustive search has failed to discover them.

Twenty Dead Over the Week-End.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—Twenty persons were killed in Ireland during the last week-end, according to a statement made in the House of Commons today by Sir Hamar Greenwood, Chief Secretary for Ireland, in reply to a question. Sir Hamar said three persons were murdered by unknown individuals. The others were civilian Sinn Feiners, who were killed while attacking Crown forces or attempting to evade arrest.

The Press Association's Dublin correspondent quotes a dispatch from Tuam, County Roscommon, as saying that Crown forces burned the village of Ballinalee, County Longford, early this morning as a reprisal for the recent attack on the police barracks there in which one constable was killed and three wounded.

Shops and houses were destroyed, the dispatch states, some outlying farmhouses burned and stock shot. The military commandeered and fortified the school house and most of the inhabitants fled, according to the dispatch.

De Valera Not on Aquitania.

SOUTHAMPTON, Dec. 21.—Thorough search was made of the steamer Aquitania, which arrived here this morning, but no evidence was found to lend color to recent rumors that Eamon de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," was aboard the liner.

VOTE TO END RAIL BOYCOTT.

Employes on Irish Roads Offer to Carry Anything.

DUBLIN, Dec. 21.—The Irish railwaymen, in conference here today, decided unanimously to abandon their strike against the carrying of munitions and return to work.

The men voted to carry all the traffic offered, provided all the men are restored to their former positions. J. H. Thomas, General Secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, will negotiate this condition with the Government.

ARMED BAND RAIDS CORK POST OFFICE

Policeman in Building Kills One and the Others Flee—One Man and One Woman Wounded.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CORK, Dec. 21.—A daring but unsuccessful attempt was made to rob the General Post Office in Cork this evening. About 7:30 a number of armed and masked men entered the office and ordered several postmen and others in the hall to line up, at the same time closing the door behind them. They then ordered all the clerks to get under the counters. Two of the clerks were forced, at the point of a revolver, to disclose the whereabouts of the safe. One of the raiders appropriated a large bag containing silver, but he subsequently dropped this in his hurry to get away.

Meantime two members of the police force who were in the parcels office became aware of what was going on, but before they could do anything one of the raiders fired and shot one constable in the leg. He replied immediately, and with apparently his first shot killed the raider. During the mêlée a woman and a man were wounded, the former in the chest and the latter in the abdomen, his condition being serious.

DEFER PRIEST SLAYER'S TRIAL.

Doctor Reported Unable to Say Yet Whether Accused Is Sane.

CORK, Dec. 21.—At the request of the attorney for the defense at the court-martial of Cadet Harte, who is charged with having killed Canon Magner, the parish priest of Dunmanway, an indefinite adjournment of the trial was given. The attorney asked for the adjournment on the ground that the doctor was not yet in a position to say whether Harte was in a condition to plead.

A dispatch from Cork last Saturday said it had been brought out by an auxiliary policeman at the military court inquiring into the shooting of Canon Magner and Timothy Crowley that Cadet Harte, who fired the shots, had been drinking heavily and that he was "absolutely mad" at the time.

CABLE TO BISHOP OF CORK.

Dispatch Issued by Major Kelly Says Prelate Aided England.

Major Michael A. Kelly of the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic gave out last night the following cable dispatch, which, he said, had been sent to the Bishop of Cork:

"Right Rev. Daniel Cohalan,
Bishop of Cork:

"Glad you have come out for Irish Independence at last. If you wish to serve as chaplain advise you apply to commander of Irish Republican Army. Your Lordship implies that the Irish are the aggressors. The British are the aggressors. Instead of giving aid and comfort to your own people you are giving it to the Black and Tans. Hope to obtain recognition for Ireland when organizations here are rid of invoked political leaders. We are now doing this. Suggest that you recognize the Irish Republic before you ask others to do so. Only savage and barbarous Government would murder innocent people, destroy cities and outrage women. Your actions have been used by English propagandists to save English reputation; has served England's purposes and has been used to injure Ireland's case in America."

CALL ON DE VALERA FOR IRISH BOND FUNDS

Asked for Ireland by Irish Freedom Friends—Already There, Says Secretary.

John Buckley, Secretary of the New York Local Council, Friends of Irish Freedom, issued last night the following statement which, he said, had been sent to Eamon de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic":

"Hon. Eamon de Valera, 411 Fifth Avenue, New York: The New York Local Council, Friends of Irish Freedom, unanimously passed the following at its meeting last night:

"We, the New York Local Council of the Friends of Irish Freedom, representing thousands of members who subscribed and collected the bulk of the Irish bond certificate money raised in New York, which we understand now lies idle in American banks in your name, demand that said money be sent immediately to the suffering people in Ireland to relieve their distress and aid their work of restoration and reconstruction."

BOSTON, Dec. 21.—The telegram sent yesterday by Daniel Moran, President of the Massachusetts Council of the Friends of Irish Freedom, to Eamon de Valera, urging that the funds realized from the sale of Irish bonds be applied immediately to the relief of sufferers in Ireland, is answered in a statement issued by Harry Boland, Mr. de Valera's secretary here. Mr. Boland said that all the money raised on the bonds of the "Republic of Ireland" in this country was in the control and at the disposal of the "Minister of Finance of the Dail Eireann."

"President de Valera will deal with the telegram as he sees fit," said Mr. Boland, "but I take this opportunity during my stay in Boston to ask Mr. Moran and his Massachusetts Council, F. O. I. F., how it comes that the $400,000, the balance of the $1,000,000 raised by the Friends of Irish Freedom in the name of the Irish republic and subscribed by the Irish people in America for Ireland, is being used at this moment to undermine the work of the official head of the Irish nation in America."

No Bars in Jerusalem Or Trams to Holy Places

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Co.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—Ronald Storrs, Governor of Jerusalem, who described himself as the successor of Pontius Pilate, was entertained at luncheon today by the Overseas Club and Patriotic League. Among his own acts as Governor, said Mr. Storrs, was to prohibit drinking bars, as they seemed so wholly out of keeping with the surroundings, and the High Commissioner had extended this prohibition to the whole of Palestine.

His reply to a request for a concession to run trams to Bethlehem and the Mount of Olives was that the first rail section would be laid over the body of the Governor. He had forbidden the use of stucco and corrugated iron within walls and also the destruction of buildings without permission.

HOME RULE MEASURE PASSES PARLIAMENT

After the Royal Signature It Will Be Applied When Ireland Signifies Her Readiness.

3½ YEARS GIVEN TO ACCEPT

Rejection Will Mean Crown Colony Administration—Council Meant as a Reconciling Medium.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—The Irish Home Rule bill, as slightly modified by the House of Lords, was adopted by the House of Commons today. The measure now needs only the Royal signature to become a law.

The measure will be effective at the discretion of the Government at any time within three and one-half years. The Government reserves the privilege of applying the law when the opportune moment arrives.

The Home Rule bill, as it finally emerged from Parliament today ready for the Royal assent, is not fundamentally different from the measure the Government first presented. Months of discussion and efforts to amend in both houses resulted in certain safeguards being added, which its adherents believe will make it more acceptable to the Irish people.

Its critics, however, still maintain that it will not be accepted by South Ireland, and in this connection it is recalled that Arthur Griffith, Sinn Fein leader, said some weeks after the bill was introduced that there probably were not ten influential men in Ireland who had even taken the trouble to read it. The bill's critics argue that the events of the past few months have not served to change the Sinn Fein attitude that they will not set up the Government suggested by the Imperial Parliament.

The bill as presented did not provide an alternative if either Ulster or the South, or both, declined to accept it, but it has been amended to the effect that if either does not accept it within three and a half years the measure automatically dies, so far as the section refusing to accept is concerned. In the meantime either section declining to accept can be ruled as a Crown-colony. The limit of three and a half years was adopted because by that time there must be an election and a new House of Commons.

The bill now provides that there shall be set up by popular elections two Parliaments, one for Ulster and one for the South. Each Parliament shall decide upon the method of selecting Senates. The connecting link between them will be the Irish Council of forty, twenty for each section. Each Senate will select seven of its Council members and each Legislative Assembly thirteen.

The original bill provided that the President of the Council should be the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, but as amended, he will be appointed by the Lord Lieutenant on the advice of the Crown, which means that the Government in power can put any one at the head of the Irish legislative body it pleases. The idea expressed by Ministers explaining the bill is that the Council will form a bridge upon which in time the two Parliaments can get together and form one body for the entire country.

The measure provides that when that is done certain powers of police, finance and other branches of the Government will be turned over. The Imperial Government will keep a pretty firm hand on the fundamentals of the Irish Government during the life of the two Parliaments, but holds out many attractions for a united Parliament, which its sponsors hope will counteract the prejudices that have always existed between the North and the South.

The changes made in the powers of the Parliaments as set forth in the bill when it was introduced are inconsequential.

GIVE FREEDOM OF CITY TO MRS. MACSWINEY

Aldermen Pass Resolution, but Object to Attack by Collins on British Government.

The Board of Aldermen adopted a resolution yesterday offering the freedom of the city to Mrs. Muriel MacSwiney, widow of the late Lord Mayor of Cork, and expressing sympathy for her "loyal heroism." The resolution was offered at last week's meeting of the board by Alderman Maurice A. Burke, and was referred to a committee of which Alderman William T. Collins was Chairman.

The committe reported in favor of the resolution, but in language which other members of the committee would not accept.

In reading the report Alderman Collins denounced the British Government and referred to Mrs. MacSwiney as a "Molly Stark in the Irish struggle for freedom," and to the resolution offering her the freedom of the city as "a declaration of our unswerving adherence to the undying principles of self-government for which her patriotic husband laid down his life."

"This same British Government," the report declared, "which a few year ago appealed to the conscience of a civilized world, and appealed successfully, to stay the savage hand of the 'Hun' in the destruction of Louvain, has with shameless brutality repeated with far greater savagery in times of peace, the criminal wantonness of the most ruthless militarism in times of war. After the bloodiest war in all history, the outcome of secret European intrigues and treaties, in which millions of lives and billions of treasure were sacrificed to the greed and ambition of unconscionable rulers, we are today witnessing one of the most damnable exhibitions of perversion in government by what has been boastfully proclaimed as 'an empire at the height of its power,' that the world has ever known."

"I was a member of the committee which recommended the adoption of the resolution tendering the freedom of the city to Mrs. MacSwiney, said Alderman Farrand, when Alderman Collins had finished, "but I didn't know there was anything like that in the report. Most certainly I will not stand for any such vindictive language against any country. Alderman Collins has tried to sneak something over."

Collins indignantly denied that he had attempted to "sneak anything over," but Farrand insisted upon withdrawing his name from the report.

"Pass the resolution and print the report in The City Record as a speech of mine," declared Collins. "Blame me entirely for the report. I don't want Alderman Burke to get the credit or discredit for it. I'll take it all myself, either way."

Although several other Aldermen objected to the language of the report, the resolution was passed.

RELIEF WORKER IS KILLED.

Arthur Parsons Falls From Fourth Story of House in Berlin.

BERLIN, Dec. 21.—Arthur Parsons of Attleboro, Mass., a member of the Quaker Relief Commission, died Saturday as a result of a fall from a fourth-story window. Mr. Parsons had suffered a nervous breakdown from overwork in directing the feeding of German university students. He resigned from the Chairmanship of the committee having his work in charge six weeks ago.

Mr. Parsons had been in Germany for eight months. Prior to that time he had served in relief work in France. His wife was in Berlin with him. He was 31 years of age. The burial will take place in Germany.

D'Annunzio Rejects Italy's Ultimatum; His Forces Begin Operations Near Zara

ROME, Dec. 21 (Associated Press)—Repulying to the ultimatum of General Caviglia, commanding the Italian forces surrounding Fiume, Gabriele d'Annunzio declared today that he would maintain his attitude and would not recognise the treaty of Rapallo. O'Annunzio informed General Caviglia that he had decided to resist.

One hundred and twenty of d'Annunzio's legionaires, with machine guns, landed at Castelvenier, northeast of Zara, at the southern end of the Montagna tunnel, from one of the torpedo boats which recently joined d'Annunzio, according to the Stefani Agency. The local garrison has withdrawn to Zara.

The news agency says that d'Annunzio's emissaries are spreading reports of other impending incursions in Dalmatia.

General Caviglia's ultimatum demanded the disbandment of d'Annunzio's forces, his evacuation of the islands of Arbe and Veglia and the release of Italian war material in Fiume. D'Annunzio was given until 8 o'clock this evening to reply to the ultimatum.

General Caviglia now will proclaim a strict blockade of Fiume and the islands of Veglia, Arbe and San Marcos, it was announced. The new blockade, it is said, will completely isolate the territory occupied by d'Annunzio from the rest of the world.

General Caviglia's ultimatum demanding the disbandment of d'Annunzio's forces, which had not been expected to come so quickly after the Treaty of Rapallo had been sanctioned by King Victor Emmanuel, is regarded by Senators and members of the Chamber of Deputies as the most dramatic development in the situation at Fiume.

It seems agreed by all the Senators and Deputies that the present is one of the gravest moments for Italy since the retreat before the Austrians. The sentiment prevails, however, that all the political parties must forget divisions and help the Government to keep faith in the international agreement concerning the Adriatic region.

Before officially notifying d'Annunzio of the fact that royal assent had been given the law approving the treaty of Rapallo, General Caviglia wrote the poet fraternally, exhorting him to obey orders and to bow to the country's will.

ENGLISH WOMEN AT IRISH HEARING

Two From Manchester Arraign Coalition Government on Its "Insincere Irish Policy."

ONE ACCUSES OUR CONSUL

Declares He Held Up Visa of Passport and Exacted a Pledge of Silence.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—An arraignment of the British Coalition Government for what was described as "its lack of sincerity in its policy toward Ireland" was presented today by two English women to the commission of the unofficial Committee of One Hundred investigating the Irish question.

Miss Ellen C. Wilkinson of Manchester, one of ten women who investigated conditions in Ireland for the Women's International League, declared that if a refcrendum were taken it would be found that the "mass of British opinion was not behind the Government in its present policy toward Ireland."

Mrs. Annot E. Robinson, also of Manchester, joined her in the declaration that, while the British public hardly was ready to accept the Sinn Fein plan of an Irish republic, Ireland can be won yet if the Government adopts a sincere policy. Both women indicated their belief that dominion home rule would prove the final solution of the Irish question.

Miss Winkinson described reprisals by the military in Cork, which she said she witnessed in October.

"At 10 o'clock at night," she said, "the curfew sounded, and the streets became quiet with startling suddenness. Lights were cut off, and up the street on which my hotel was situated came a body of infantry in extended formation. A searchlight from the end of the street played upon their glistening bayonets and steel helmets. Three armored cars followed and behind them came lorries filled with men. The troops moved with precision and discipline through the quiet streets. Suddenly they commenced firing, methodically, into the houses. They marched back and forth, and until 3 o'clock the next morning I could hear constant firing and the challenge of sentries."

Destruction of co-operative industry and agriculture in Ireland is a deliberate attempt by the military to force emigration of the young men, Miss Wilkinson said. Lord French, she said, had declared that Ireland could be pacified if the "300,000 too many young men" could leave Ireland.

Little provision is made for the education of Protestant children in Belfast, Mrs. Robinson said, but Catholic children have good educational advantages, with the result that there is an illiterate Protestant class, easily manipulated by shrewd politicians," who stir up religious hatred to serve their own ends.

"The Orange politician is more and more becoming a supporter of capitalism as against labor," she said, adding that fear of efficient government from Dublin rather than religious reasons caused opposition to Irish self-government.

Mrs. Robinson told of atrocities which she declares were committed by British soldiers and spoke against the Catholics in Belfast. She described herself and the other nine women who conducted the investigation as Protestants.

Mrs. Robinson told of the refusal of American Consul Wells, at Manchester, to visé the passports to America of herself and Miss Wilkinson.

"We are not encouraging inquiry in America into the state of affairs in Ireland," Mrs. Robinson said she was told by the Consul.

After visiting the American Embassy and the office of the American Consul General in London, Mrs. Robinson said she applied again at Manchester for a visé of her passport and obtained it, but only after she had promised not to "engage in propaganda nor to give interviews to the American press."

As a result of this verbal promise, she said, her "lips are closed to the newspapers" while she is in America.

Mr. Wells was appointed from Indiana and has been in the service only since March 1. No further action is expected in the matter until the Vice Consul's report has been received and he has been afforded an opportunity to state his side of the case.

REFUGEES ARE DYING OFF.

25 to 30 Deaths a Day Among the Russians at Saloniki.

SALONIKI, Greece, Dec. 21.—From twenty-five to thirty deaths are occurring daily among the 8,000 refugees who arrived here from the Crimea during the last week. Six hundred of the refugees are in a serious condition from exposure and hunger.

The American Red Cross has taken charge, providing emergency hospital facilities. It also is supplying 100,000 rations daily to these and the other refugees here.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 20.—Several more cases of cholera have been reported from Russian refugee camps outside this city. Strict quarantine measures have been put into force, and there is no possibility of the city's water supply becoming contaminated.

RED FORCES MASS FOR NEW OFFENSIVE

Esthonia, Where Intense Propaganda Is in Progress, Is Apparently to Be Invaded.

LEAGUE ARMY IS MENACED

Large Bodies of Troops Reported to Be Moving Up Toward the Border of Lithuania.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 21.—The Bolsheviki are regrouping and reorganizing their army for a great offensive movement in the near future, is the information given to the French from their missions in countries bordering on Soviet Russia and from secret agents.

In the extreme north a big concentration of troops is reported along the Esthonian frontier. Forty thousand men are said to be encamped at Gatchina, facing the Esthonian frontier town of Narva, situated, like Gatchina, on the direct railroad from Petrograd to Reval, the Esthonian capital. An intense propaganda is being carried on throughout Esthonia by the permanent Red mission at Reval. It is stated to have made great strides already, and many officers and men as troops are said to be disaffected.

Esthonia was the first Baltic State to make peace with the Bolsheviki, and always has been near-Bolshevist in political complexion. Soviet agents have found good use for some of the huge stock of gold held up at Reval by refusal of the Allies and America to permit it to enter their territory in payment for Soviet purchases.

Due east of Latvia there are no particular Bolshevist concentrations, but that country is dangerously exposed to attack from the north through Esthonia. Dec. 28 is the anniversary of the Bolsheviki's entry into Riga in 1918. The Reds have always attached great importance to anniversaries, and this time last year Riga was trembling with rumors of an expected Bolshevist coup. It never formed then that if the Reds ever succeeded in crossing the frontier they had sufficient sympathizers in the city to make resistance impossible. The same is doubtless the case today.

Southeast of Riga the Red troops have been noted moving up steadily in large numbers toward the Lithuanian border, between Dvinsk and Vitebsk, to threaten Vilna. Their approach augurs ill for the League of Nations plebiscite army. The Soviet military strength has been greatly increased by captures from Wrangel's army, including 15,000 horses, fifty airplanes, hundreds of cannon of all calibres up to siege guns, with immense stocks of munitions, thousands of machine guns, millions of rounds of small arms, ammunition and uniforms, and supplies of all sorts. The new Red army of 100,000 men is now in training in the Crimea, whence it could easily threaten Bessarabia.

Secret agents declare the Red military machine is undergoing a transformation by which the stiff and purely military side gets greater scope without weakening the control of the civil commissars representing the Extraordinary Commission. Reports from Poland indicate threatening troop movements at variance with Joffe's pacific assurances at the Riga conference. Everything points, say the French, to a speedy resumption of hostilities by the Bolsheviki.

Objection which may be raised outside Russia that a Winter campaign is impossible does not stop the Russians themselves from fighting. On the contrary countless streams and swamps in Western Russia are now frozen solid and by January, when most of the Winter snows have fallen, the weather conditions will rather facilitate movements of an army with sledge transport. I saw this myself last year when, in a three weeks' campaign from Jan. 3 to 24, the Lettish army drove 40,000 Bolsheviki from the Province of Letgalen, capturing 10,000 prisoners and hundreds of towns and villages to a depth of 150 kilometers in a region almost devoid of high roads.

MARTENS TO GO IN JANUARY.

Date Is Set for His Surrender to Labor Department.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Formal surrender of Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, self-styled Russian Soviet Ambassador to the United States, to the Department of Labor Jan. 3 was decided upon at a conference here today between department officials and counsel for Martens.

The conference followed the decision last week of Secretary Wilson directing the deportation of the Soviet agent to Russia. Since the institution of the deportation proceedings last March Martens has been in custody of his counsel, and he will continue his present status until his delivery to the Labor Department.

Formal order for the deportation of the Bolshevist envoy will be made on Jan. 8 by the immigration authorities.

Martens is understood to have communicated with the Soviet authorities in Moscow announcing the action of the American Government and requesting instructions. Definite decision as to whether recourse will be had by Martens to the courts, it was said today by Charles Recht, his counsel, will depend upon the answer of the Bolshevist authorities.

Famous Mount Vesuvius

Page of remarkable photographs of the new cone and crater of Mount Vesuvius, taken by Frank A. Perret of the Smithsonian Institution, Washington.

The pictures show the smoking cone, its explosion, Mr. Perret's party descending the wall into the old crater, 350 feet deep, and streams of molten lava.

Rotogravure-Picture Section

The New York Times

NEXT SUNDAY

PARIS PUTS COULON SECOND TO NEWTON

Scientists Acclaim Him as a Discoverer of New Physiological Phenomena.

HE AGAIN PASSES TESTS

Series of Experiments Conducted With a Living Chain Serves Only to Confirm His Power.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 21.—After having been experimented with till his ribs are sore and his skin is bruised, Johnny Coulon still remains a mystery to Paris doctors. With a touch of his fingers on the neck and pulse of all the strongest men in Paris, he has rendered them as Samson was after his locks were cut and defied them to lift him from the ground.

In the newspapers he continues to get more space than the League of Nations ever did, and eminent scientists are acclaiming him second only to Newton as the discoverer of a natural phenomenon. Yesterday Johnny underwent the most exhaustive of all the examinations he has yet had to face, and came through triumphantly. In the Matin today Professor Charles Nordmann, writing of the results obtained and their reasons, says:

"The first point shown by our experiments was that the phenomenon cannot be attributed, as has been done, to the displacement of the centre of gravity of either Coulon or the lifter. One proof, among others, is that when Coulon does not place his two fingers on the other's neck, but just leans backward or forward out of the perpendicular, he can be lifted quite easily. Further, even when Coulon has his fingers in the right positions, he can be lifted if he permits.

"He can prevent his being lifted just as long as he wishes, and then, without moving, can allow himself to be lifted. Here are some of the experiments we tried and some of the disconcerting results we obtained. First, if three experimenters made a chain in such a way that the middle one tried to lift, Coulon, who touched only the first and third on the neck and pulse, could not be lifted while the men touched by him kept their touch on the lifter's wrists. This seems to prove that there is no question of jiu jitsu and that Coulon does possess some inhibitory force.

"Secondly, we found that the inhibitory action continued for some seconds after Coulon had removed his touch. Thirdly, we tried a chain experiment, placing the lifter behind Coulon in a position where he was not touched at all except on the wrist by the first and third men in the chain. The result was the same, and the curious fact was established that whenever and wherever the chain was broken, either by removal of the contact between Coulon and the first and third men or between them and the fifteenth, the last could easily lift Coulon without shifting his position.

"The fourth discovery was that Coulon's power seemed much diminished when his fingers were wet. A fifth experiment showed that when Coulon's feet were not flat on the floor—that is, when his toes were raised by placing a small board under them—he could be lifted easily. The same phenomenon was not repeated, however, when his heels were raised. Sixth experiment showed that when Coulon placed his fingers on the neck and pulse of a lifter who operated with some one else as a subject he could not prevent his being lifted."

From these experiments Professor Nordmann concludes that a psychical phenomenon has been discovered which is not only new but forms one of a series. One cannot be scientifically certain, he declares, that Coulon can be lifted only when he consents. But from tests made of the chain it can be concluded that some physiological and psychological force is exerted. This force is not of the nature of an electric current and is not of the nature of any force known to physiologists. Professor Nordmann concludes:

"For the first time we have an experience, easily renewable, which shows that the human will can act in the manner of physical forces which we now produce in the laboratory. In the dark wall which till now has resisted all attacks of experimental science, calling mystery of the relation of body and soul, of mental and material force, the phenomenon discovered by Johnny Coulon is perhaps the decisive breach through which science may perhaps soon enter to victorious attack."

In spite of this scientific endorsement of Johnny's powers, there are, however, it should be mentioned, still skeptics, and Maurice Derias, champion weight lifter, has challenged Johnny for a purse of 2,000 francs that he can lift him, psychic force or not.

DIRECTS BONESETTING BY WIRELESS AT SEA

Surgeon on the Winifredian Gives Instruction for Injured Seamen on Belgian Ship.

BOSTON, Dec. 21.—How the chief surgeon on the Leyland liner Winifredian directed by wireless the setting of a seaman's broken bones and the care of internal injuries of others on the Belgian steamer Menapier after she had been battered by a hurricane was told today when the Winifredian reached port from Liverpool. The surgeon is Dr. Patrick S. Burns of Providence, a veteran of the Medical Service in the World War.

An S O S message from the Belgian ship requesting medical aid was picked up by the Winifredian several days out. The distressed steamer, bound for Antwerp from New Orleans, was 100 miles away, but under forced draught the Winifredian got within hailing distance in a few hours.

"Hit hard by a hurricane," signaled the Belgian Captain. "Several men washed overboard. Several others have broken legs and arms and some injured internally. There's no doctor aboard. Can you help us?"

Dr. Burns attempted to put out in a lifeboat, but toppling seas and a strong wind prevented the launching. He then conceived the idea of using the wireless.

Details as to the men's condition sputtered off the receiver in the Winifredian's wireless room, and carefully Dr. Burns dictated the treatment required. For three days the two vessels lay within hailing distance, unable to communicate by boat, while the surgeon's instructions were obeyed.

On the fourth day came this message from the Menapier's Captain:

"All your instructions safely carried out. The men are resting comfortably and are out of danger."

Deny Greenway Spoke for Britain.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—Although The London Times suggested this morning that the speech of Sir Charles Greenway at the meeting of the Anglo-Persian Oil Company might be taken as representing the British official view of the Mesopotamian oil question, THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns that that deduction from the connection between the British Government and the company is not justified. The British Government's answer to Secretary Colby's note on the mater is not yet complete and is likely to differ from Sir Charles Greenway's statement.

Kenzo Ahlsom in Nantucket And Fishermen Are Still Busy

NANTUCKET, Mass., Dec. 21.—Rambler roses still bloom along the fences in Nantucket, farmers are plowing their fields and fishermen go about their daily business as though it were midsummer instead of the first day of Winter.

Frequently in years past this little island town has been cut off from the mainland for days or weeks at a time by great ice barriers, but this year, with Christmas but four days away, the residents have yet to see their first snowstorm of the season and no ice has yet formed. Last year the young folks were enjoying coasting and skating long before Christmas and sleds and skates were welcome gifts.

BRAZIL WELCOMES SECRETARY COLBY

President Pessoa Expresses Warmest Friendship for United States and the Mission.

UNITY KEYNOTE OF GREETING

Mr. Colby Expresses Hope to Cultivate and Nurture Cordial Relations Already Existing.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Dec. 21.—Brazil was most cordial in its reception of Bainbridge Colby, Secretary of State of the United States, and his party today. The battleship Florida anchored outside of the harbor last night. At 7 o'clock this morning a Brazilian scout cruiser, the Rio Grande Do Sul, steamed out to meet us, firing a Secretary of State's salute of nineteen guns, which was returned by the Florida. Then followed in quick succession visits from the Admiral of the Brazilian fleet and his staff; American Ambassador Morgan and the secretaries of the embassy; the Brazilian Minister of Foreign Affairs and a retinue of members of the Cabinet.

After a hearty greeting of the Secretary in which they assured him of their delight and that of Brazil at the honor shown them by his visit, the party went ashore in the Brazilian Presidential launch. Passing through a battery of cameras, several of which bore names of American firms, the party took automobiles to the Guanabara Palace, which had been set aside for the use of the mission during its stay in Brazil. This beautiful structure was once one of the homes of the Emperor Dom Pedro, and, surrounded by beautiful gardens of palms and mangoes, is situated at the foot of the world-famous Sugar Loaf Mountain.

Secretary Colby immediately after luncheon paid an official visit to President Pessoa. The President greeted him with expressions of the warmest friendship for both the United States and the Secretary in person, assuring him that Brazil felt highly honored by the visit of the representative of the great North American State. Secretary Colby replied in kind. He was then introduced to Mme. Pessoa and the ladies of the Cabinet and escorted through the beautiful palace. Tonight President Pessoa gave a dinner in Mr. Colby's honor, which was attended by high Government officials and followed by a reception.

The keynote of the Brazilian reception has been the extreme friendliness of Brazil for Americans, a desire to foster friendly and commercial relations and to establish a unity of purpose between North and South American countries. Not one word has been said concerning the Monroe Doctrine or the League of Nations. The representatives of both nations evidence a desire to avoid any discussion that will indicate a desire on either side to suggest any stand on international affairs.

Secretary Colby in his first greeting said in part:

"I am particularly pleased to be able to visit Brazil as the personal representative of President Woodrow Wilson of the United States. The primary object of my visit is to return the visit of his Excellency the President of Brazil, Dr. Pessoa, and, secondarily, to show to the people of Brazil the kindly interest which the United States feels in the friendship of your wonderful country. It is my hope to cultivate and nurture the cordial relations which have so long existed between our two countries.

"America recognizes in Brazil a sister republic, founded on the same principles of government, impelled with the same ideals of liberty and justice. America appreciates the friendship of your country, evidences of which are borne to us by your Ambassador, by your public speakers and, especially by the cordial reception accorded to our mission today. While my stay among you will not be long, its length is limited by necessity. My desire would be to stay longer where I have been so cordially received. If I can do anything to further the friendship or understanding between Brazil and the United States, my visit will not be in vain."

TRUSTED HIS SON AND LOST HIS FORTUNE

Noted Canadian Lawyer Tells in Montreal Court Betrayal of Confidence.

MONTREAL, Dec. 21.—A tragic story of a father's misplaced confidence which enabled his son to wreck the family fortune during his absence abroad, was bared on the witness stand before Justice Maclennan in Superior Court today by C. H. Cahan, K. C., one of Canada's leading lawyers.

The witness struggled with his emotions in an endeavor to recite the facts, but burst into tears when he told how he conferred the power of attorney on his son, C. H. Cahan Jr., trusting him to carry on his affairs while on a European trip, and returned home only to discover that he had been betrayed; that his son had absconded and the family fortune had been wiped out.

"It was pretty hard," the lawyer sobbed, "to come home and find that almost the day after I had placed this trust in my boy, he began to pilfer my banking account to further his personal greed and lavishness."

The case was revealed through a suit brought by the Corporation Agencies, Ltd., against the Home Bank of Canada to recover $300,028, the alleged defalcations of the son.

Today The New York Times is compelled to leave out 17 columns of advertisements owing to the volume offered for publication exceeding the space available.

HONOR PILGRIMS ON TERCENTENARY

Lodge and Coolidge Speak at the Celebration Held at Plymouth.

SENATOR SEES PESSIMISM

Declares It Is a War Legacy and Urges Spirit of the Founders as Corrective.

FULFIL WEBSTER PROPHECY

Telephone Talk Across Continent—Poem by Dean Briggs Is Read.

PLYMOUTH, Mass., Dec. 21.—Speeches on the work of the Pilgrim Fathers and the fulfillment of a prophecy made here by Daniel Webster 100 years ago marked the formal exercises today before a distinguished audience in observance of the 300th anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrims. The oration was delivered by United States Senator Henry Cabot Lodge and the prophecy was fulfilled by Governor Calvin Coolidge, Vice President-elect.

Senator Lodge said that the message of the Pilgrims was to be found in their lives, which showed a strong and active sense of public duty, obedience to the law and the placing of spiritual above economic values. He spoke of what he termed present pessimism growing out of the war, and said:

"While the great Republic is true in heart and deed to the memory of the Pilgrims of Plymouth it will take no detriment even from the hand of time."

In the midst of his address, just after he had spoken of the significance of Webster's speech in 1820, a telephone bell rang. The Senator went on to recite Webster's prophecy that "from those who shall stand here a hundred years hence the voice of acclamation and gratitude commencing on the Rock of Plymouth shall be transmitted through millions of sons of the Pilgrims till it lose itself in the murmurs of the Pacific seas."

The bell rang again and the receiver was lifted. Across the continent came a voice from California. A moment later Governor Coolidge, speaking from the chair of a Governor of the Plymouth Colony, delivered a greeting to Governor Stephens and the Golden Gate from the Governor of Massachusetts and from Plymouth Rock.

Poem by Dean Briggs Is Read.

A stirring poem was read by Dean Le Baron R. Briggs of Harvard University and Governor Coolidge made a brief address. The audience included Ambassadors and other representatives of foreign Governments, Governors, Congressmen, members of the judiciary of State and nation, literary lights and civic celebrities.

In a hundred of the 900 seats in the little hall sat those not favored with tickets, among them a descendant of the "Fathers" in the ninth generation, still hands of a year or two's residence here, still faulty in their English, school children and visitors from distant States. To express their more intimate sentiment the townsfolk had a supplemental service of hym

THE PLAY

By Alexander Woollcott

The New Ziegfeldism.

SALLY, a musical comedy in three acts. Book by Guy Bolton, lyrics by Clifford Grey, music by Jerome Kern and Victor Herbert. At the New Amsterdam Theatre.

"Pops"	Alfred P. James
Rosalind Rafferty	Mary Hay
Simcha	Jacques Rebiroff
Otis Hampton	Walter Catlett
Mrs. Tom Brook	Delores
Sally	Marilynn Miller
"Connie"	Leon Errol
Colonel Travers	Phil Ryley
Blair Farquar	Irving Fisher
Jasmie Hooper	Stanley Ridges
"Babe"	Alta King
Pfaff	Betty Williams
Del	Barbara Dean
Kitty	Vivian Vernon
Pickles	Gladys Montgomery
Bobby	Mary McDonald
Richard Farquar	Frank Kingdon
Billy Forster	Wade Boothe
Harry Burton	Jack Barker
Ivan	Earl Barrey

By processes of their own, which are made up partly of secret service and partly of premonition, the connoisseurs of musical comedy seemed to know in advance that "Sally," the new Ziegfeld production, would be worth going a long way to see. At least five or six times as many of them as could be housed at the New Amsterdam made a valiant effort to get into that theatre last evening for the New York premiere, and only those who were left outside were in any way disappointed. It is an amusing and tuneful diversion, this "Sally." It unleashes Leon Errol in his most comical mood, and the spirited and beguiling Marilynn Miller is like a jewel in its lovely setting. But above all it bears witness to the fact that the annual production of the "Follies" does not exhaust the energy and talent of a producer who knows a little more than any of his competitors the secret of bringing beauty to his stage.

It can be imagined that with his own namesake launched on its tour of the richer cities Mr. Ziegfeld, on turning his attention to this provision of an occasion for Miss Miller, he sent for the tireless Guy Bolton and that fount of melody, Jerome Kern, and bade them put together a pretty little piece after the pattern and in the modest manner of "Irene." Then, from sheer force of habit, he began to enroll comedians and dancers as for some pretentious revue, told Professor Urban to spare no pains and so gather about him such a splendor of curtains and settings and costumes as few theatres in the world dare dream of. The result is the gay frolic which was romped last evening on the New Amsterdam's stage.

Also, to judge from the result, he must have told his song writers and comedians that a little vulgarity would not be amiss, for "Sally" is one of these pieces wherein, amid all the profusion of beauty and incongruous daintiness, you keep coming on an occasional jest that belongs in a lower grade of burlesque show.

Mr. Errol is at his best. It was, if memory serves, the hero of "The Egoist" of whom the neighbors said: "He has a leg." So has Leon Errol. It is the right one and all last evening it kept refusing to support him in the manner to which he had been accustomed. Naturally it hampers him in his earnest efforts to dance on a Persian ballet all by himself. The pitchings and tossings of this zany, the antics of him are beyond description, but they are of no common order. They have style and charm and whimsicality.

He has Marilynn Miller, whose sprightly dancing and tonic freshness have enchanted us all before this, but who seemed to feel that her elevation to stardom called for a greater show of effort. Whereupon, for this occasion, she appears to have gone searching about and returned with a voice. She is singing now as never before.

Then there is the stately Dolores and the captivating Mary Hay (who is a treat to the eye in her Russian costume) and one Walter Catlett, very fresh from his London triumphs. He is like a curious blend of Ed Wynn and Eddie Cantor. To say that he reminds you of each and creates a nostalgia for both would be an unfair thrust and yet the truth lies somewhere within it.

But strangely enough, it is of none of these, not of Urban nor Jerome Kern, not of Leon Errol, not even of Marilynn Miller that you think first as you rush for the subway at ten minutes to midnight. You think of Mr. Ziegfeld. He is that kind of producer. There are not many of them in the world.

QUARTET AIDS ORCHESTRA.

Fionzaley Heard With Philadelphians in Work of Moor.

The Philadelphia Orchestra, which is to give a post-holiday matinee for New Yorkers unable to hear its eight sold-out evenings here this season, returned to Carnegie Hall last night in the fourth concert of the series, led by Leopold Stokowski and engaging in novel fashion the Flonzaley Quartet. In opening with Mozart's "Jupiter" symphony Mr. Stokowski prefaced his "novelty" with a classic actually shorter than itself, while at the close of Emanuel Moor's so-called "concerto for string quartet and orchestra," of four movements and four solo players, the Quaker City conductor deftly leaped from pianissimos to sonorities in Strauss's "Death and Transfiguration."

Mr. Stokowski led Moor's work from printed score, contrary to his wont, while at the conductor's back, nearer the audience, the Messrs. Betti, Pochon, Bailly and d'Archambault sat in hollow square at their desks before the band. Their disposal suggested the Concerto Grosso of the old masters, down to Spohr, or one of Mozart's called "Symphonie Concertante." The music did not so far suggest these. Moor's melodies of a latter day met little formal treatment, the composer being content to bandy about pleasant bits of minuet, fugue, largo or carillon, as sweet by other names, between the four players and the hundred.

Into the glow of orchestral tints, the tonal-quality of chamber music was ever vanishing like a chameleon. Yet it was there as a flavor; either composer or conductor had prepared skillful entrances for the quartet, after a blast of brass or woodwind, as if to catch the chameleon asleep before he faded. There was also restful elements in eternal full-measure "rests" for the band; it was some time since musicians here have seen so many "open bars," as one man protested. The performance was applauded, deservedly.

Plays Hollander's Sonata.

Germaine Schnitzer, the pianist, who is again to tour Holland, introduced at her farewell recital at Aeolian Hall last evening a sonata in A minor, Op. 1, No. 3, by Dirk Fock, a Dutch composer, recently in America. Miss Schnitzer was heard by a musical and appreciative audience. She also gave classics of Bach and Beethoven, some Chopin and bits by Mozart, Liszt and Ole Olsen.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

It is announced that the curtain will rise promptly at 8:15 tonight at the Empire Theatre at the premiere of Barrie's "Mary Rose." Late comers will not be seated until the end of the first act.

The cast for the revival of "The Yellow Jacket," to be seen at the Cort Theatre on Jan. 4, includes Mr. and Mrs. Coburn, Schuyler Ladd, Juliette Day, J. Arthur Young, Leonard Kyle, Arthur Shaw and Antoinette Walker.

Margaret Anglin will give Friday matinees of "The Woman of Bronze" at the Frazee during January. The customary Wednesday and Saturday matinees will also be given.

Fritz Leiber will begin his Shakespearean season at the Lexington next Monday in "Hamlet" instead of "Macbeth," as originally planned.

"Polly With a Past," which Ina Claire acted here, is to be produced in London by Gilbert Miller, with Edna Best in the leading role. Miss Best is now playing the title role in the holiday revival of "Peter Pan" in London.

Phil Baker, the accordion player, has been signed by Florenz Ziegfeld to continue another ten weeks in the Midnight Frolic.

Louis Mellenecke sends word from London that Edna Best, in a revival of "Peter Pan" at St. James's Theatre yesterday, scored a success. Gilbert Miller will present her shortly in "Polly With a Past."

HOLIDAY OPERA PROGRAM.

Caruso in "Pagliacci" Monday Following "Blue Bird" Matinee.

Caruso in "Pagliacci" next Monday night, following the season's first "Bluebird" matinée that afternoon, will open a "double-header" holiday week of ten performances in all by Metropolitan stars; Pasquale Amato returns to the company in Leoncavallo's opera, and the ballet will add "The Magic Chimes." Other subscription operas of the seventh week will include "Tristan" on Wednesday next, sung in English by Matzenauer and Sembach, and "Tosca" on Thursday, by Farrar, Gigli and Scotti.

Special New Year's events in quadruple measure begin with "Parsifal" at 1 o'clock on Friday, Dec. 31, sung by Easton, Sembach and Whitehill; Friday evening, first time of "Manon Lescaut," Alda, Martinelli and De Luca; New Year's, Saturday matinée, Caruso in "The Prophet," also a first time this season, and that night a popular-price "Lucia," with Garrison, Chamlee and Amato.

Besides all these, there will be a performance of "Zaza" at the Brooklyn Academy next Tuesday evening, with Farrar, Martinelli and De Luca, while the usual Metropolitan concert on Sunday night engages Zerola, Peralta, Perini, Mardones and Zimbalist.

TETRAZZINI GETS MEDAL.

Red Cross Honors Singer for Aid to Walter Reed Hospital.

Luisa Tetrazzini yesterday received a medal from the American Red Cross, District of Columbia Branch, in recognition of her interest in the maimed service men at the Walter Reed Hospital there. When the singer was in Washington a fire that broke out at midday burned four wards of the hospital, with a loss of life and property. Tetrazzini took her own concert company that evening and sang in the hospital hall to divert the minds of the wounded and shell-shocked men.

Secretary Daniels has formally thanked Mme. Tetrazzini for singing in the navy's recent wireless telephone experiment here in New York. According to official reports her voice was heard 800 miles away, at Louisville, Ky., as compared with Signor Marconi's subsequent test abroad, which carried 500 miles, from London to Geneva.

$3,500,000 GIVEN BY JEWS.

"Flying Squadron" Travels 112,000 Miles to Raise Funds.

As the result of a tour of a "flying squadron" of Jews, who visited 168 cities in this country, traveling in the aggregate 112,000 miles, pledges aggregating $3,500,000 were made to carry on a ten-year program of synagogue and religious school extension work in rural districts, it was announced yesterday by the Union of American Hebrew Congregations.

Among the members of the "flying squadron" were Congressman Julius Kahn of California, Mortimer L. Schiff and Judge J. Bremer of Brooklyn.

MUSIC

By Richard Aldrich

The Mount Holyoke Choir.

It was a pleasant thing after hearing the Harvard Glee Club cope with choral music of the highest kind to hear the Mount Holyoke College choir sing yesterday music, if not quite of the same flight, at least of the finer quality of beauty. The concert was in Aeolian Hall, for the benefit of the Mount Holyoke College Endowment Fund, and the hall was filled completely with alumnae and friends of the college. It encourages a hope that institutions of higher learning will some time generally realize that music is an efficient agency for liberal culture.

It was called a Christmas carol concert, and the program was made up chiefly of carols, for the most part arrangements of folksongs of this nature. Among them was an "Adoramus te" of Orlando di Lasso and a "Jesu Redemptor" by Pietro Yon which were not quite at home in this classification. They began with songs of a distinctly archaic nature of the twelfth to the fifteenth century, besides arrangements by Gevaert and others of French tunes, the German "Stille Nacht" and others from Russia and Catalonia.

The choir, which was vested, numbered about 100 and was conducted by Julia Bangs Dickinson in a manner that shewed musical understanding and evidently the power of communicating enthusiasm for the matter. The quality of tone is not of the finest; it seemed to be a tone produced in large part by young voices not yet wholly formed and matured. There were passages when the blending of these voices made a pleasing and homogeneous effect, but there was not always complete finish of ensemble. Perhaps it is considering too curiously to consider so in regard to these young girls, who are learning much that will be invaluable for their culture in thus getting a knowledge and love of such music at first hand, and an intelligent understanding of it.

Professor Edward Bliss Reed of Yale University made a brief introductory speech, referring especially to the oldest carols, which came first on the program. There were numbers for the organ appropriate to the occasion played by William Churchill Hammond with somewhat too great fondness for solo stops, especially those of a tremulous character.

Francis Wilson to Get Loving Cup.

The reappearance of Francis Wilson on the musical comedy stage after an absence of seventeen years in the revival of "Erminie" at the Park on Jan. 3, will be the occasion of the presentation of a silver loving cup from the members of the Actors' Equity Association. Mr. Wilson was the head of the Equity for many years and retired only a few months ago. The cup has been purchased with twenty-five-cent subscriptions from thousands of Equity members.

Dutch Orchestra Leader Coming.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 21.—William Mengelberg, conductor of the Royal Dutch Orchestra, sailed today on board the steamer Ryndam for New York. He will spend two months in the United States.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE THEATRE B'way & 40 St. TONIGHT at 8:15 SHARP CHARLES FROHMAN Presents RUTH CHATTERTON In J. M. BARRIE'S New Play MARY ROSE FIRST MATINEE SATURDAY.

BELASCO West 44th St. Tom'w Eve. 8:15 DAVID BELASCO Presents LIONEL ATWILL in the New Play "DEBURAU" By Sacha Guitry. adptd. by Granville Barker.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat., 2:20. INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS" By Anita Loos. Staged by Arthur Hopkins.

BRAMHALL 138 E. 27th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30. Mixed Marriages by St. John Ervine

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TOM'W & SAT., 2:30. Patricia Collinge in A. E. THOMAS' NEW COMEDY JUST SUPPOSE

LAST 2 WEEKS. CORT West 48 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. JIM JAM JEMS The Smashing Musical Hit.

BAB LAST TWO WEEKS with HELEN HAYES Park Thea. Col. Cir. Evs 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat. BEG'G MON., JAN. 3RD Francis Wilson & De Wolf Hopper in "ERMINIE" Mail Orders Now.

Punch & Judy 49th, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Fri. & Sat., 2:30. A CLARE KUMMER Comedy ROLLO'S WILD OAT OLAND YOUNG Extra Mats. Wed., Dec. 29, & Thurs., Dec. 30.

TONY SARG'S MARIONETTES IN RIP VAN WINKLE Special Mats. Final Week, TODAY & TOM'W 11 A. M. & 2 P. M. Fri. & Sat. 11 A. M.

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Fri. & Sat. 11 A. M. JOHN GOLDEN Presents FRANK BACON LIGHTNIN'

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. GEO. M. COHAN'S production of THE MEANEST MAN IN THE WORLD MR. COHAN in the Title Role.

CLOSE Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. FRED STONE "TIP-TOP" Seats Now for Extra Holiday Mat., Fri., Dec. 31

NEW AMSTERDAM WED. & SAT. MATS. MAT. TODAY 50c to $2.50. No Higher ZIEGFELD PRODUCTION MARILYNN MILLER LEON ERROL Of All the Girls That You Love Best There's None So Sweet as SALLY

NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF—NEW Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic

LIBERTY West 42 St. Pop. 50c to $2.00. Mats. WED. & SAT., 2:30. POP. MAT. TODAY, 50c to $2 "BEST THAT THE MUSICAL THEATRE CAN PROVIDE."—Herald. MITZI in "LADY BILLY" A MUSICAL COMEDY HIT.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way, 43d St. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. GEO. M. COHAN'S PRODUCTION THE TAVERN GREATEST MYSTERY OF THEM ALL. ARNOLD DALY as the Vagabond.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE TONIGHT & THURS. at 8:30 sharp, "DIE SUENDEN GLOCKE" (The Sin Bell). Drama by Hans Knobloch. First performances in America. XMAS AFT. at 2:30. XMAS NIGHT, 8:30. Humperdinck's Opera, "HAENSEL AND GRETEL." Marie Mattfeld as Hasmael. Complete Ensemble, Chorus, Scenes. Orchestra of 40. MON. EVE., DEC. 27. Premiere of Franz Lehar's New Viennese Operetta, "WO DIE LERCHE SINGT" (Where The Lark Sings). Prices 50c to $2.50. Seats Now Selling. MON. AFT., DEC. 27. "SNOW WHITE AND THE SEVEN DWARFS." Prices 50c to $1.00. Now Selling. All Performances in German.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Mats. Today & Sat. GEO. M. COHAN'S Comedians MARY (ISN'T IT A GRAND OLD NAME?)

COHAN & HARRIS Th. W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Today & Sat. WELCOME STRANGER with GEORGE SIDNEY.

MOTION PICTURES.

DANCE TONIGHT At that exquisitely beautiful "rendezvous" of Dance ROSELAND Broadway at 51st St. Sat. and Sun. Matinees. Evenings 7:30 to 1 A. M. Continuous Dancing all night New Year's Eve. Reservations should be made at once.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE Bryant 4300 Mats. Daily, 25c-$1. THE 4 MORTONS, MORTON & GLASS, CLARA MORTON, MME. BESSON & CO., in Barrie's "Half an Hour," WM. & GORDON DOOLEY & CO.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'y & 96th St. ANNIVERSARY WEEK 10—BIG ACTS—10 Curtain at 2 & 8 P. M. Sharp

81 B. F. Keith's St. & B'way. Popular Prices. JANE & KATH. LEE, Nat Nazarro & Co., oths. & KING VIDOR'S Great Screen Feature, The Jack Kalfenaan.

BROOKLYN.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC NEWMAN Travel Talk IRELAND Thrilling Color Views and Motion Pictures Today at 4 and 8:15 P. M. Tickets 50c to $1.50. Institute Box Office.

MOTION PICTURES.

CRITERION BROADWAY AT 44TH ST. Jesse L. Lasky Presents William De Mille's "Midsummer Madness" "One of those Rare pictures that deserves a second visit."—N. Y. Herald. A Paramount Picture with Jack Holt, Conrad Nagel, Lois Wilson, Lila Lee. From Cosmo Hamilton's Novel, "His Friend and His Wife."

$100 for 250 Words How would you have the photo-play end? Write the Contest Department, Criterion Theatre.

RIVOLI B'WAY at 49th Lois Weber Production "TO PLEASE ONE WOMAN" A Paramount Picture Rivoli Concert Orchestra Special Performances for Children Special performances for children at 10:30 A. M. beginning Christmas Day. Pictures, Christmas Fantasy, Child Actors, Dec. 25 to Jan. 1.

RIALTO Times Sq. BEBE DANIELS Oh Lady, Lady! Famous Rialto Orchestra.

"ICELAND" ICE SKATING BROADWAY-3RD ST. ADMISSION 75c.

MARK STRAND B'way at 47th St. JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD'S "ISOBEL OR THE TRAIL'S END" WITH HOUSE PETERS and JANE NOVAK A Heart Throbbing Romance of the Black Northland STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. Carl Edouarda, Conducting.

44TH ST. THEATRE MATINEE EVERY DAY The D. W. Griffith Masterpiece "WAY DOWN EAST" With Orchestral & Vocal Accompaniment. All Seats Reserved. Order in Advance.

CAPITOL B'way at 51 Street POLA NEGRI in "PASSION" Capitol Grand Orchestra. Mats. 50-50. Nights 55-85. World's Largest and Most Beautiful Theatre.

PLAZA Mad. Ave. at 58th St. DORIS KEANE in "ROMANCE" and MACK SENNETT'S feature Comedy "DOWN ON THE FARM." Plaza Orch. & Organ. Review, News, Comedy.

Loew's New York Theatre & Roof Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. "FADAR LOVE."

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Saturday, 2:30. Mats. Mon., Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat. WILLIAM FAVERSHAM In MARK TWAIN'S The Prince and the Pauper Fri., Dec. 24—Sp'l Matinee at 2:30 "THE PRINCE and the PAUPER" Benefit the 79th St. Neighborhood House For Tickets Apply W. H. Appleton, 46 E. 59th St. Tel. 4310 Rhinelander. Prices $1 and $2.

CASINO 39th and B'way. Mornings at 2:30. POPULAR MATINEE TODAY. ZIEGFELD'S PLAY WITH MUSIC HONEYDEW

ASTOR THEATRE B'y & 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. POP. MAT. TODAY, 50c to $2 HENRY W. SAVAGE Offers MADGE KENNEDY (HERSELF) in the "CORNERED" Great role of "A REAL OLD-TIME TRIUMPH —DRAMATIC SENSATION OF THE SEASON."—Journal.

39TH STREET THEA., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Saturday, 2:30. BEN-AMI "SAMSON AND DELILAH" PAULINE LORD

APOLLO West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30. FRANCES WHITE A Musicomedy in "JIMMIE" with BEN WELCH and Star Cast.

SELWYN West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30. FRANK TINNEY in TICKLE ME

TIMES SQ. Thea., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. SPECIAL MATINEE FRIDAY, DEC. 31. FLORENCE REED in MIRAGE

BELMONT 7TH., W. 48 St. Bry. 48. Evs. 8:30 Last Week. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. MR. & MRS. COBURN in FRENCH LEAVE BEG'G MON. EVE., DEC. 27—SEATS NOW BROCK PEMBERTON will present ZONA GALE'S "MISS LULU BETT"

SHUBERT Thea., 44 St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Today & Sat., 2:30. POPULAR MATINEE TODAY THE BOHEMIANS, INC., ANNOUNCE THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920

GARRICK 65 West 35th St. Fitzroy 1592. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15 HEARTBREAK HOUSE A Comedy by Bernard Shaw 3 MATS. NEXT WEEK: TUES., THURS., SAT.

BROADHURST 44 W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Lauder Hull Alma Tell Grace Marion in Kate L. McLaurie's "When We Are Young" Comedy Triumph. JUNIOR CINEMA CLUB—TODAY AT 3 P. M. "Mad Cooks," Wallace Reid, "What's Your Hurry"

NORA BAYES Thea., 44th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. "3 LIVE GHOSTS" Remaining Comedy Triumph. Matinee Today & Sat., 2:30.

PLYMOUTH 45th St., West of Broadway. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. LITTLE OLD NEW YORK

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30 Daddy Dumplins with MACLYN ARBUCKLE

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30. "LADIES' NIGHT"

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30. The Reigning Musical Comedy Success. PITTER PATTER with ERNEST TRUEX

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S W. 39 St. Evs. 8:30. POPULAR MATINEE TODAY. 5TH MONTH SPANISH LOVE

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & SAT. at 2:30. THE BAT "KEEPS STANDEES ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World. EXTRA MATINEES Thurs. & Fri., Dec. 30, 31. Seats Now on Sale.

FRAZEE West 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Phone 51 Bryant MISS ANGLIN in "The Woman of Bronze."

FULTON West 46th. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30. BROCK PEMBERTON Presents GILDA VARESI—NORMAN TREVOR ENTER MADAME DAILY MATS. XMAS WEEK—SEATS NOW.

LITTLE THEATRE 44 St., W. of B'way Mats. Today & Sat. THE 1st YEAR

SHUBERT-RIVIERA 97th St. & B'way. Mts. Tom'w & Sat. Evs., 8:15. Good Orchestra Seats, $1.50. MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN IN THE ROMANTIC MELODRAMA. THE PURPLE MASK MR. DITRICHSTEIN'S ONLY NEW YORK APPEARANCE THIS SEASON.

Full subscription price, including war tax, allowed on OPERA TICKETS The Original TYSON & CO. ESTABLISHED 1889 1472 B'WAY. 100 B'WAY. 4080 Bryant 9100 Rector

MOTION PICTURES.

TODAY By William Fox

WHAT ONE HAS NOT, HE ENVIES IN ANOTHER.

* * * *

THUS GOES AN OLD ADAGE.

* * * *

TODAY PROVED THE CONTRARY OF THIS PROVERB TO ME.

* * * *

STANDING IN LINE, JUST BEFORE THE MATINEE BEGAN, WAS ONE OF AMERICA'S MOST ARTISTIC AND PROLIFIC MOTION PICTURE DIRECTORS.

* * * *

HIS NAME IS KNOWN EVERYWHERE FILMS ARE SHOWN.

* * * *

I, NATURALLY, WISHED TO EXTEND THE COURTESIES OF THE THEATRE TO HIM, AND ASKED HIM TO GO IN AS MY GUEST.

* * * *

"NO, MR. FOX," HE SAID, "YOU ARE TOO LATE, I'VE ALREADY PURCHASED SEATS FOR YOUR PICTURE TWICE SINCE IT HAS BEEN PLAYING AT THE LYRIC AND I EXPECT TO PURCHASE SEVERAL MORE TIMES.

* * * *

"IT HAS BROUGHT HOME TO ME, MORE POTENTLY THAN ANY SERIES OF DRAMATIC SITUATIONS I HAVE EVER KNOWN, HOW HUMAN, HOW DIRECT, HOW SIMPLY A GREAT AND POWERFUL THEME CAN BE WELDED INTO ENTERTAINMENT, STORY AND LESSON AT ONE AND THE SAME TIME. 'OVER THE HILL' IS THE CHEAPEST EDUCATION I HAVE EVER BOUGHT OR EXPERIENCED."

* * * *

MY COLLEAGUE'S FRANKNESS STUNNED ME. LIFE IS STRANGE AND IN IT FEW PEOPLE ARE WILLING TO CREDIT OTHERS WITH BIG ACHIEVEMENTS. HE SAID I COULD USE HIS NAME, BUT I HARDLY THINK THAT WOULD BE FAIR.

* * * *

JOHNNY WALKER APPEARS PERSONALLY AGAIN TODAY AT BOTH PERFORMANCES AT THE LYRIC. NEXT SUNDAY MATINEE WE WILL GREET OUR FRIENDS AT THE BROADHURST THEATRE, TWO BLOCKS NORTH ON FORTY-FOURTH STREET. SEATS ARE NOW ON SALE THERE SIX WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

DON'T MISS THIS HOLIDAY TREAT

Jingling Sleigh Bells — Gay Barn Dances
Bobbing for Apples — Merry Sledding Parties
Fireside Games — Snow-balling

Please don't miss it! It will carry you back to those dear old days of the long ago. Back to the forgotten scenes of your youth. Back to the little girl with the checkered apron and the simple, sweet smile of faith and love. Back to the snow-covered hills of your old home town.

There never was anything so fragrant with the perfume of romance, with the real Holiday Spirit, as D. W. Griffith's "Way Down East" at the 44th Street Theatre.

Please, please, don't miss it! You can go this afternoon or this evening. You can go any afternoon or evening, including Sundays, at 2:15 or 8:15. There is special music and McPherson's New England Singers with their wonderful rendition of "Love's Old Sweet Song" and other melodies you never have forgotten.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE TONIGHT at 8:15. ELISIR. Garrison, Ellis; Caruso, Scotti, Malatesta—Papi. THURS. at 8. DON CARLOS. Pinsuito, Matzenauer; Martinelli, De Luca, Didur—Papi. FRI. MAT. at 2, BUTTERFLY. Farrar, Fornia; Chamlee, Scotti, Bada—Moranzoni. FRI. at 8, LA JUIVE. Easton, Scotney, Gall; Caruso, Herrold, Rothier—Bodanzky. SAT. at 2, MEFISTOFELE. Alda, Peralta (debut); Gigli, Mardones, Bada—Moranzoni. SAT., 8:15 (Pop. Prices), AIDA. Destinn, Lassari (debut); Kingston, De Luca, Martino—Bamboschek NEXT MON., SPL. MAT. at 2 (21 to 32). BLUE BIRD. Easton, Gordon, Sundelius, Ellis, Delaunois; Rothier—Wolff. MON. 8:15. PAGLIACCI. Destinn; Caruso, Amato, Moranzoni. GARILLON MAGICO. Galli—Papi. WED. at 7:45. TRISTAN. Matzenauer, Gordon; Sembach, Whitehill, Blass—Bodanzky. Fri., Dec. 31, at 1 Special Matinee Parsifal Seats Now, $1 to $6. BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC TUES., Dec. 28, at 8. ZAZA. Farrar, Howard; Martinelli, De Luca—Moranzoni. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

CARNEGIE HALL, THIS SAT. (Xmas) NIGHT THIRD RECITAL—MISHEL PIASTRO SEASON'S MOST BRILLIANT VIOLINIST Tickets 75c to $2 NOW (Chickering)

HIPPODROME, Sun. Eve., Jan. 2 FIRST NEW YORK RECITAL KUBELIK JOINTLY WITH ALFRED MIROVITCH Tickets $1 to $2.50 (10% War Tax) Box Off. Mgt. S. HUROK Musical Bureau (Chickering)

CARNEGIE HALL, TONIGHT at 8:15 JACQUES PINTEL 2nd Piano Recital. (Mason & Hamlin.)

CARNEGIE HALL, Sun. Aft., Dec. 26, at 3. HIPOLITO LAZARO Assisted by Mercedes Padrosa, Spanish Pianist. Hector Cabral, Peruvian Violinist.

AEOLIAN HALL MONDAY, DEC. 27, at 3 GUIDO AGOSTI PIANO RECITAL. (Steinway).

NEW YORK SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor AEOLIAN HALL, SUN. AFT., DEC. 26 A Midsummer Night's Dream SHAKESPEARE with Music by MENDELSSOHN DAVID BISPHAM will read the play, assisted by RACHEL MORTON HARRIS, Soprano, Chorus of Women's Voices from the ORATORIO SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. Tickets at Box Office. George Engles, Mgr.

NATIONAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA ARTUR BODANZKY COND'R. CARNEGIE HALL Sat. Afternoon, Dec. 25, at 2:30. Sun. Evening, Dec. 26, at 8:15. Solo BENNO MOISEIWITSCH Pianist THE KNABE IS THE OFFICIAL PIANO.

MAD. SQ. GARDEN, SUN., DEC. 26 at 8:15. Tickets 25c to $2.00, Now at Box Office MALE SYMPHONY BAND MISS SOLLER . . Conductor FRANZ KALTENBORN, Violin; LEAH LESAKA, Soprano; REESA RIVIERE, Mezzo; MILLO PICCO, Baritone; SERGEI RADAMSKY, Tenor. DIRECTION JULIUS HOPP.

CARNEGIE HALL WEDNESDAY EVG., at 8:15 January 5 ONLY N. Y. RECITAL—FRIEDA HEMPEL Seats at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

GOOD TIMES MAN O'WAR'S SENSATIONAL VICTORY (A Real Race) Matinee Every Day At the HIPPODROME SEATS SELLING 3 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. of B'y Every Eve. at 8:15. All Seats Reserved. 6 MUSICAL NOSHES, Friend & Downing, Glossons & Houlihan, 6 others. In Thea., "The Fatal Hour."

COLUMBIA, B'y & 47 St. Twice daily 2:15 & 8:15 Pop. Prices $2 Lee Wrothe & His Best Show.

OPERA TICKETS Phone Bryant 7877. Choice Seats for Caruso Tonight and all operas. Subscriptions bought, sold or exchanged. Metropolitan and Chicago Opera Co. Seats all parts of the house Tonight Concert, La Scala Orchestra, at Metropolitan and Carnegie Hall, Jan. 2. Consult, 1430 Broadway (40th-41st Sts.).

TOSCANINI and LA SCALA ORCHESTRA OPERA TICKETS PHONE FITZROY 4189. Metropolitan and Chicago Opera Subscriptions, Season, alternate or single performances. BOUGHT, SOLD or EXCHANGED SEATS FOR ALL SUCCESSES. Jessie Thatcher Ticket Office, Hotel Normandie, B'way & 36th St.

WANTED FOR ALTERNATE MONDAYS, METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE, PARQUET SEATS IN ORCHESTRA ON AISLE OR SMALL BOX. ADDRESS, GIVING LOCATION AND TERMS, OPERA, BOX 372, MADISON SQUARE POST OFFICE.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

The Matinee Menu especially arranged for today by Shanley's offers Wednesday afternoon playgoers a luncheon of quality. $1.25—SPECIAL MATINEE LUNCHEON—$1.25 12 to 2:30—Music Blue Tailed Oysters Celery Olives Cream of chicken or Consommée Julienne Seafood cutlet, oyster sauce Roast spring lamb, mint sauce Entrees of filet of beef with fresh mushrooms Country sausages, family style Stanley steak, lyonnaise Stewed tripe and onions in cream Mashed potatoes Hot tapioca pudding or Parfait praline Assorted cakes Demi tasse A la carte service all day. Every Evening—Vaudeville de Luxe during dinner and after until 1 A. M. SUNDAY TABLE D'HOTE DINNER—NOON AND EVENING—$2.50 COMING—SUPPER DANCING SHANLEY'S Broadway—43rd to 44th Sts.

OPENS TONIGHT AT 6 P. M. DURAND 107-109 WEST 43d ST. Formerly Old ARMY-NAVY CLUB Under the Personal Direction of M. RENE DURAND of Old Martin-Rector's Sans Souci and Palais Royal. CUISINE FRANCAISE New Year's Eve RESERVATIONS BRYANT—1683.

Thomas Healy's Broadway & 66th St. N.Y. GOLDEN GLADES ROOF NEW "SHOW OF SENSATIONS" REVUE ST. MORITZ CARNIVAL—ICE BALLET FETE Broadway's Biggest and Best. Crowded with Beauty and Novelty. Vaudeville and Thrills. Featuring World-Famous Skaters, Noted Principals and 30 Singing, Dancing Debutantes. TWICE NIGHTLY DINNER, 7:30 SUPPER, 11:30 BALCONADES BALLROOM DANCING & DINING 9 P. M. TO CLOSING Extra Feature: Sig. Newman's Symphonic Seven.

TABLE RESERVATIONS CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S EVE. 30th St. & Broadway The Famous Hofbrau Quaintest Place in America. A Superior Dinner Christmas Day Noon to 9 P. M. 4924 Longacre EXCELLENT LUNCHEON—SELECT TABLE D'HOTE, $1.50. Jansen wants to see you Finest Sea Food, Game, Milk-fed Chickens BANQUET ROOMS FINEST DANCING—ORCHESTRA Exquisite Milk-fed Chicken Dinner with Waffles

B'way & 47th St. STRAND ROOF Phone Bryant 7891 DINNER DE LUXE $2.00 A la Carte All Hours—After Theatre Specialties. A Smashing Success THE ENTIRELY NEW AND ELABORATE REVUE AT 7:20 & 11:30. SAME SHOW AT DINNER AS AFTER THEATRE—DANCING.

BELLAKS THE HOTELS HOTELS Leases can be arranged for. Magnificent View of Park ASHTON Madison Ave at 83rd Street 1, 2, 3 Rooms and Bath. $45 monthly up per room & bath. FOR SUNSHINE 2 and 3 Rooms & Bath NOBLETON 126 West 73rd St. $100 monthly, $25 weekly and up per 2 rooms and bath. Convenient: 91st St. "L" at entrance 1, 2 and 3 Rooms, Bath COLONIAL 91st Street, Columbus Ave. Largest and Most Beautiful Rooms in New York. $55 monthly up per room & bath RESIDENCE FOR WOMEN Room & meals, $17 weekly, up RUTLEDGE Lexington Ave. at 30th St. Room, bath & meals, $27 wk. up Rooms with and without bath $1.50 day up. All Above Accessible to All Cars Express "Sub" & "L" & Bus Restaurant Service A la Carte. Table d'Hote

Quality Food, At moderate price, Deliciously cooked, Tastefully served. Honest-to-Goodness TABLE D'HOTE Dinner $1.50, Luncheon 90c. Upstairs BIG A LA CARTE MENU Sea Food and Game in Season. Homey, cheery. Music noon and eve'g. Enjoy our Special Sunday Dinner, $1.50. A big treat! WENNING'S "THE QUALITY RESTAURANT" 121 W. 45th. bet. B'way & 6th Ave. NO CHECK ROOM. NO COVER CHARGE Big Christmas: Dinner, Tree, Favors. Watch for big ad this page Dec. 26 and 28.

Forest Hills Inn Forest Hills Gardens, L. I. 15 Minutes (actual running time) From Pennsylvania Station, Long Island R. R. Electric Trains One of the finest (fireproof) residential hotels in the city. More than 30 trains daily. 30 minutes from Wall Street. 25 minutes from shopping and theatre districts. No other place in the city equals the Inn for its food, conveniences and accessibility. Telephone Boulevard 8200. F. J. HAWLEY, Mgr.

Hotel Bretton Hall Broadway, 85th to 86th St. Subway Station at 86th Street Corner, NEW YORK. Largest and Most Attract

FOR SALE

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES. New and second-hand, new prices; easy terms. THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 20 West 32d St., near Broadway.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany desks, chairs, safes, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 632 Broadway.

DICTAGRAPH, FRAMES, FOUR-DICTOGRAPHS; MODEL B; ALSO WOOD CABINETS AND DRAWERS; CHEAP. AUTO-GRAPH & ADDR CO., 136 WEST 52D ST.

DICTAGRAPH, latest electrical also phonograph, Burroughs visible adding machine. Hacker, 410 Broadway.

DICTAGRAPH, 36-power multigraph; attachments; sell half price. Rubenstein, 398 Broadway.

FOR SALE—Twenty new Torrington electric vacuum cleaners, $40 each; guaranteed. E. M. Grant, 1,270 Broadway, N. Y.

COAL TRENTLE for sale at Camp Merritt. Write Harris Bros. Co., Tenafly, N. J., for particulars.

CANARY BIRDS, real Roller singers. Mar-Locke Cottage, Audubon 1080.

Cats and Dogs.

LOVELY Persian male kittens, 8 months; one solid black, one brown tabby; blue ribbon award. 260 Washington Pl., Hasbrouck Heights, N. J.

Clothing.

GENTLEMAN'S raccoon coat, practically new, excellent condition; value $700; half price immediate cash sale. Wadsworth 5620 for appointment.

Furniture.

ALL PRICES REDUCED.

THE BIG "G" FURNITURE WORKS,

36TH ST., 2D AV., NEW YORK.

LOWERED PRICES have come. We have decided to depend upon the large volume of business which will come from lowered prices to compensate for the loss of profit based on

TODAY'S MANUFACTURING COST.

Your present needs may be satisfied with the assurance that these prices will not be in effect (so low) for a year or more.

EVERYTHING FOR EVERY ROOM DIRECT FROM FACTORY AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

Dining room suits from $195 to $1,200. Living room suits from $75 to $850. Bedroom suits from $165 to $1,000.

Superfine sewing machines (each one fully guaranteed) at absolutely factory prices.

Tremendous Rug & Carpet assortment has been reduced.

BOOKS REDUCED.

LIBERTY BONDS ACCEPTED AT 5% ALL FACE VALUE AT TIME OF PURCHASE.

CATALOGUE NO. 47 ON REQUEST.

Showrooms open daily 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Saturday until 10 P. M.

THE BIG "G" FURNITURE WORKS,

200-205 East 76th St.,

Just a step east of 3d Av. "L" station.

NEW QUARTERED OAK TYPEWRITER DESKS, CHAIRS, DIRECTORS' TABLE; ROYAL TYPEWRITER 10. ROOM 79, 542 5TH AV.

REED and willow furniture for all homes direct from factory; most practical Christmas presents in single pieces or sets. Long Beach Wicker Co., 136 East 41st.

OFFICE furniture, rug, table; desk, 60-inch; flat; quarter-sawed oak. Bryant 1251.

ROLL TOP DESK, 60 inch; $35. COLONIAL BEDROOM furniture, also chaise lesgue and mirror. 134 West 95th.

CHINA CLOSET, round extension table. Inquire telephone operator, 229 West 106th.

CUTTING TABLES and also cutting machines, a complete outfit for all textile cutting. Apply 9th floor, 114 East 23d.

Pianos and Organs.

KNABE baby grand, mahogany, Colonial style; excellent condition. Telephone Cathedral 8787.

STEINWAY baby grand, ebony; $750; six months used; as good as new. 5 Times Square.

STEINWAY $875 mahogany upright piano, like new, $425 cash. A 291 Times.

STEINWAY ebony baby grand, like new; $800 cash; act on it. 5 Times Square.

Wearing Apparel.

WILL dispose of magnificent seal dolman (full length), two models, elegantly lined; sell for half price. Chelsea 5166 for appointment. Ask for Miss Roberts.

ONE beautiful chinchilla coat, also another for coat sacrifice. French Shop, P. G. Dupont, 34 West 42d.

Wanted to Purchase.

WANTED, printing machinery, 1 Kelly press, 1 Miehle (25x36), folding machine, stitcher, power cutter, big type; complete established plant or separate items; must be reasonable and in good condition; no junk. Address A 673 Times.

PAY top prices for furniture contents of houses, hotels, apartments, pianos, works of art, &c. Telephone Harlem 1259. Meyer, 133 East 125th.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place, Stuyvesant 3753.

HIGHEST cash prices paid for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments; pianos, books, carpets, works of art. J. Jones, 161 East 125th St. Tel. Harlem 2787.

PAY highest cash prices for contents of houses, apartments, works of art, pianos, bronzes, bric-a-brac. J. S. Boneparth, 167 East 125th. Phone 8979 Harlem.

I PAY 25% more than any one for your furniture, rugs, pianos, paintings. Griffin, 115 University Place. Stuyvesant 2284.

LIONEL electric train, must be in good order; state age, &c. Audubon 1780.

OFFER $50 for 6-ft. and 12-ft. bell pup, male. Phone Bryant 8600, Park.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST MORRIS CHALLENGER, conducting delicatessen business at 70 St. Nicholas Av., New York c/o [illegible] attorney, kindly send statement of same to Isador J. Stolnitz, 41 Park Row, New York City, on or before May 1, 1921, at which time all claims will be audited and paid.

STORE SOLD—STATIONERY STORE—OF Sarah J. Goldman, at 1,425 5th Av., Brooklyn, is closed to Bernstein & Varadi. Creditors who claim bills to former party must report within the next 5 days.

TO ALL CREDITORS: YOU ARE HEREBY notified that I have taken possession of business place of H. Rosen, 2,642 Broadway, and will not be responsible for any debts after five days, beginning Dec. 22, 1920. MAX STEINBOCK.

INFORMATION WANTED WHEREABOUTS Benj. Seltzer who disappeared September, 1914. Bertha seltzer (wife). Address Information, Room 1407, Times Bldg.

HARRY TUCH OF 3,802 NEPTUNE AV., Coney Island, sold his grocery. Present all claims not later than Dec. 27, 1920.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of A. R. O'NEILL, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, December 29, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 68 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a large quantity of office furniture, desks, typewriters, adding machine, safes, partitions, etc. "Also the right, title and interest of the Receiver in a lease between the Royal Building Co. and A. R. O'Neill, Inc., for the office occupied by Bankrupt on the 15th floor at 68 William Street, New York, said lease having been made September 1, 1920, and expiring May 1, 1927, the rental of which is $5,370 per annum. Receiver makes no representation as to the validity of lease or desirability of new tenant by landlord." Lease may be inspected at the office of the undersigned attorney and property may be inspected at any time during business hours at bankrupt's office.

JOHN B. JOHNSTON, Receiver.

ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 49 Chambers Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of E. S. PARTRIDGE & CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day Wednesday, December 22, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at the corner of 2d and Webster Avenues, Long Island City, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of automobile parts and accessories and the garage service station, machinery, tools, equipment and office furniture.

HENRY MELVILLE, Receiver.

CAMPBELL, FLAHERTY, TURNER & STROUSE, Attorneys for Receiver, 2 Rector Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISIDORE BUCHSBAUM and BENE NEWITZ, individually and as co-partners, trading as BUCHSBAUM & NEWITZ, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, December 22, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 315 Seventh Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, skins, fixtures, &c.

ROBERT P. LEVIS, Receiver.

SILVER & MOSKOWITZ, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of REICH & WEINSTOCK, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, December 22, 1920, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 122 West 28th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, skins, fixtures, etc.

ELY ROSENBERG, Receiver.

ROSENTHAL & HEERMANCE, Attorneys for Receiver, 2 Rector Street, New York.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Coast Artillery Corps.

First Lts. Coffey, J. W.; Milburn, B. L.; Davis, L. L.; Murphy, W. D., Troupe, J. E., to Manila.

First Lts. Hohenthal, W. D.; McCullough, E.; Burgher, C. E.; Burgess, G. R.; Lowder, J. R., to Honolulu.

First Lts. Whittier, D. H.; Bullock, W. E.; Risen, R. F.; Allen, W. L.; Harter, P. L.; Flory, L. D.; Evans, W. D.; Lutes, Lok.; Bottoms, M.; Hodge, D. H.; Stephens, E. L. Jr.; Cunningham, F. J., to Panama.

Infantry.

Henley, Maj. D., to 11th, Camp Jackson.

Lucas, Capt. W. E. Jr., to the Tanks, Camp Meade.

Hall, Capt. R. F., to 38th, Camp Pike.

Harrison, Capt. R. B., Med. discharged.

Evarts, 1st Lt. R. S., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.

Medical Corps.

Davenport, Maj. W. P., to duty Walter Reed Hosp.

Shields, Maj. W. S., to office of Attending Surg., this city.

West, Capt. G. B., to Army Supp. Base, Norfolk, Va.

Rowley, 1st Lt. E. A., report by telegraph to Comdg. Gen. 8th Area, Ft. Houston, for duty.

Veterinary Corps.

Greenlee, Capt. C. W., to Camp Pike as 3d Div. Vet., relieving Maj. E. J. Cramer, who will proceed to Ft. Crook as Asst. to 7th Corps Area Surg.

Seaver, 1st Lt. G. H., report to Comdg. Gen. 7th Div. for duty.

Gladfelter, 1st Lt. C. E., report to Comdg. Gen. 1st Div. for duty.

Dean, 1st Lt. W. H., report to Comdg. Gen. 3th Div. for duty.

Quartermaster Corps.

Worrell, Capt. M. L., to Army and Navy Hosp., Hot Springs, Ark., sick.

Knoll, 1st Lt. D. L., to Ft. Harrison.

Thudel, 1st Lt. A. B., to Camp Meade as Asst. to the Util. Off.

Miscellaneous.

Miller, Maj. J. M., M. R. C., will report by telegraph to Comdg. Gen. 8th Area, Ft. Houston, for duty and station.

Lehnhard, Capt. C. J., F. A., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.

Conkling, Capt. C. E., Ord. Dept., hon. discharged.

Hoorn, 1st Lt. F. W., Sig. Corps, to University of Mich. as Asst. Prof. Mil. Sci.

Resignation.

More, Capt. C., Inf.

Leaves.

Eichelberger, Maj. R. L., Inf., 3 mo.

Gamnieli, 1st Lt. J. L., F. A., 14 days.

Bachus, 1st Lt. J. L., Inf., 10 days' ext.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders:

Crose, Capt. W. M., to Cmdt. 16th Nav Dist.

Willson, Cmdr. J. D., to command the Waters.

Bailey, Lt. Cmdr. W. O., to duty Nav. Hosp., Great Lakes, Ill.

Connor, Lt. Cmdr. J. F., to Dest. Flot. 5, Atl. Fl.

Gaffney, Lt. Cmdr. J. J., to aid on staff and fin. adviser to R. Admi. J. W. Oman of Virgin I'ds.

Johnston, Lt. Cmdr. C. Y., to Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola.

King, Lt. Cmdr. O. D., to duty Nav. Hosp., N. Y.

Palmer, Lt. Cmdr. J. R., to the Sloat and duty on board when commissioned.

Strong, Lt. Cmdr. J. H., to Nav. Air Stat., Rockaway Beach, N. Y., as Exec. Offr.

Battle, Lt. Cmdr. C. E., Jr., to command the Claxton.

Frelsen, Lt. Cmdr. R. F., to command the Dorsey.

Brains, Lt. C. E., to the H-9.

Brewington, Lt. (j. g.) W., to the Fulton, under instructions in subject.

Dingwell, Lt. P. D. L., to the H-9.

Holton, Lt. C. M., to the Arizona.

Martin, Lt. D., to the Relief and on board when commissioned.

Trammell, Lt. W. J., to Nav. Hosp., Hampton Rds.

Stuck, Lt. L. P., to the R-4.

Crossland, Lt. H. L., to the Dorsey.

Harvey, Lt. L. M., to the Dent.

Estates Appraised.

BINGHAM, ANNIE F. (Nov. 12, 1919). Total assets, $54,869; cash, $12,803; personal, $-531; stocks and bonds, $39,664; net estate, $51,475. The estate goes to her son, Lee L., of 125 Christopher St., and daughters, Mary B. Jameson of 104 Cambridge Place, Brooklyn, and Alice Gale Bingham of 123 Waverley Place, $17,159 each.

BATTLE, CAROLINE E., widow of General Alfred E. Eaton, United States Army, in Washington, Dec. 5, 1919. Total estate, $125,679, taxable in New York, $72,996. The New York estate is divided between Brigadier-Gen. Herbert L. Eaton of Washington, and Edna Morgan Swift of Broadmoore, Col., each receiving $34,629.

BANKS, MARTIN L. (Dec. 12, 1917). Total assets, $897,838. Real estate, $14,632; cash, $5,820, personal, $324,681, chiefly mortgages and real estate claims, automobile, $1,429; stocks and bonds, $552,700, including Liberty bonds, $10,000; net estate, $810,230. His wife, Annie B. of 600 West End Av., has a life estate in $100,000 and a life estate in the residue of $548,940; son, Charles, same address, $5,000, and life estate in $25,000; daughter, Eleanor F. Tarbel of 600 West End Av., legacy of $5,000 and a life estate in $25,000; sisters-in-law, Lulia Fink of Ridgemont, N. J., and Meta Fink of 1,425 President St., Brooklyn, life estate in $5,000 each; cousins, Mena Fink of 1,406 Putnam Av., and Emma S. Bulling, same address, life estate in $5,000 each; sister-in-law, Eleanor, widow of Pittsburgh, and Florence M. Thomas of 66 Lafayette St., New Rochelle, 1,000, and life estates in $6,000 each; and Harlem Eye and Ear Infirmary, $2,000.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The Southwest disturbance has moved northeastward to Missouri and a secondary depression has developed over Southern Texas. Rain has fallen within the last twenty-four hours in the central valleys, the West Gulf States and the Middle and North Pacific States, rain and snow in the region of the Great Lakes and eastward to the Plains States and the Rocky Mountain region. Pressure continued high Tuesday over the Eastern States and the Northwest.

The temperature was high Tuesday in the region of the Great Lakes and the central valleys, while much colder weather overspread the Plains States and the temperatures continued much below normal throughout the Northwest.

The outlook is for snow or rain in northern and rain in middle and southern sections east of the Mississippi River Wednesday, probably continuing Thursday in the region of the Great Lakes, the Upper Ohio Valley and the Middle Atlantic and North Atlantic States.

The temperature will be somewhat higher Wednesday in the Atlantic States and the upper Ohio Valley and it will fall in the lower Ohio Valley, Tennessee and the East Gulf States Wednesday and over practically all sections east of the Mississippi River Thursday.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND THURSDAY.

Northern New England—Increasing cloudiness and somewhat warmer Wednesday, probably followed by snow. Thursday, snow or rain.

Southern New England—Unsettled and slightly warmer Wednesday, probably rain or snow. Thursday, rain.

Eastern New York—Rain on the coast and snow or rain in the interior Wednesday and Thursday; not much change in temperature.

New Jersey—Rain Wednesday and probably Thursday; warmer Wednesday, colder Thursday.

Western New York—Rain or snow Wednesday and Thursday; somewhat warmer Wednesday, colder Thursday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	28	27	4 P. M.	37	29
6 A. M.	28	28	6 P. M.	34	28
9 A. M.	28	28	9 P. M.	36	29
12 M.	28	29	11 P. M.	35	29

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 34; for the corresponding date last year it was 28; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 33.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 26; at 8 P. M. it was 28. Maximum temperature, 41 degrees at 1:30 P. M.; minimum, 26 degrees at 8:10 A. M. Humidity, 62 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 54 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.52 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.45 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
12:40—216 W. 50 St.; Nora Thomas	Slight
12:45—104 5 Av.; Rosenberg Bros.	Slight
2:10—511 E. 3 St.; Abe Fudrinski	Not given
3:45—Pier 51, E. R. (scow); D. S. C.	Slight
6:05—530 W. 44 St.; Motor Truck Renting Corporation	Slight
6:45—Foot of E. 92 St.; Health Dept. Boat	Slight
7:20—Holland Av. & Boston Road (automobile)	Not given
7:30—47 Forest Av.; W. C. Cohen	Not given
8:55—401 W. 24 St.	Not given
9:23—157 Attorney St.; Sam Ginsberg	Not given
10:45—3,545 3 Av. (tar pot)	Slight
11:15—131 Orchard St.; H. Waiter	Not given
11:15—1,752 Suden St.; H. Len Powers	Not given
P. M.	
12:30—55 E. 8 St.; Peruvian-Panama Hat Co.	Slight
12:50—56 Rutgers St.; Dora Gordan	Not given
12:40—10 to 12 W. 137 St.; Lee Mills	Not given
1:00—110 W. 137 St.	Not given
2:00—340 W. 48 St.	Not given
2:30—2,117 1 Av.; F. Demasantes	Not given
2:40—1,883 Vyse Av.; Wm. Wrey	Not given
2:55—174 St. & Grand Concourse; H. Dailey	Slight
3:30—55 St. & N. R.; Pier 95; N. Y. Barge Canal Co.	Not given
3:40—Appleton & Westchester Avs.	Not given
3:50—22-21 W. 137 St.; Nicover Bros.	Not given
4:50—13s St. & Rider Av.; (auto), Wm. Donnoson	Slight
6:20—27 W. 21 St.; D. Spero	Not given
6:50—230 Church St.; J. Slaninsky	Not given
8:05—127 W. 22 St.; Kaniaman & Kolerman	Not given
7:55—27 W. 21 St.; Bernstein & Sanker.	Not given
8:00—92 Hester St.; Golden Woolen Co.	Not given
8:45—Central Park West & 72d St.; (auto), William Blair	Not given
9:05—151 W. 50 St.; Orino Seprini	Not given
10:15—112 W. 90 St.; F. Burns	Slight
[illegible]—140 E. Fordham Rd.; Louis Auschul	Not given

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for chemist (food and drugs) will be received until 4 P. M. on Jan. 13. Candidates must be at least 21 years of age. The subjects and weights of the examination will be experience 2, technical 6, citizenship 1. A qualifying physical test will be given. There is one vacancy in the Health Department at $1,500 a year.

United States.

The commission announces for Jan. 10 an examination for cheese maker, men, under 40 years of age, in the Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture, for duty in the field, at $1,500 to $1,980 a year. Applications may be allowed the increase granted by Congress of $20 a month. Competitors will be examined in practical questions in dairy manufacturing, &c.; report writing; education and experience, 40. Age limits do not apply to persons entitled to preference because of military or naval service.

Classified employes who have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years are entitled to retirement with an annuity.

JANUARY FEBRUARY MARCH

IDEAL WINTER CRUISES

LARGEST CRUISING STEAMER

25—26 DAYS

West Indies Panama Canal—South America

$400 AND UP

WHITE STAR LINE STEAMER "MEGANTIC" 20,470 Tons

Cruise Passengers Only

SPECIALLY SELECTED PORTS OF CALL



International Mercantile Marine Co.

Offices: 9 Broadway, New York. Tel. Bowling Green 8300

A CRUISE deLUXE to the MEDITERRANEAN EGYPT and the NILE by S.S. "CARONIA" of the CUNARD LINE

TRAVEL COOK'S SERVICE

A seven weeks' cruise sailing January 15th. Most attractive itinerary.

Those desirous of extending their stay on the other side may make use of an alternative schedule and return to New York at their convenience by Cunard North Atlantic Service.

Fares $1,450 up, according to stateroom selected. Apply immediately.

THOS. COOK & SON

245 Broadway 561 Fifth Avenue

Opp. City Hall. Tel. Barclay 7100. Cor. 46th St. Tel. Murray Hill 6171.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governor's Island.		Hell Gate.	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
High water	4:25	4:51	4:47	5:10	6:22	6:46
Low water	11:00	11:32	11:24	11:52	0:11	1:17

THE SUN.

	Rises.	Sets.
	A. M.	P. M.
	7:11	4:33

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Heilig Olav	Copenhagen	Dec. 10
Morro Castle	Havana	Dec. 19
Graecia	Gothenburg	Dec. 1
Tosto	Curacao	Dec. 11
Otterstad	Rotterdam	Dec. 30
Susquehanna	Bremen	Dec. 7
Ponce	San Juan	Dec. 16
Sophie Rickmers	Hamburg	Dec. 6
Bergensfjord	Bergen	Dec. 12
Ojeda	Rotterdam	Nov. 30
Lake Gartha	Manzanillo	Dec. 11

DUE TODAY.

Olympic	Southampton	Dec. 15
West Grama	Bizerta	Nov. 25
Duca d'Aosta	Naples	Dec. 9

DUE TODAY.

Tungus	Turks Island	Dec. 15
Frankmere	Barbados	Dec. 14
Niagara	Havre	Dec. 11
Antilla	Hamburg	Dec. 11
Martha Washington	Santos	Dec. 3
Gen. Hodges	Colon	Dec. 16

DUE TOMORROW.

Carrillo	Colon	Dec. 16
Panhandle State	London	Dec. 13

DUE FRIDAY.

Caracas	Curacao	Dec. 16
Fort Victoria	Bermuda	Dec. 22
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Dec. 21

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Montserrat, Cadiz	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Spain, Morocco.
Presidente Wilson, Patras	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Italy, Greece.
Themistocles, Piraeus	12:00 M.	4:00 P.M.	Greece.
K. Luckenbach, Hamburg	1:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Germany, Austria.
Ft. Hamilton, Bermuda	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Boxwell, Buenos Aires	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Argentina, Uruguay.
Porto Rico, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico.
Maracaibo, Curacao	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Venezuela, West Indies.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Imperator, South'pton	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Great Britain, Ireland, Belgium.
Savoia, Havre	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	France, Italy, Switzerland.
Mandeville, Kingston	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Cuba, Jamaica.
Berenice, Haiti	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Curacao.
St. Michael, Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	North Brazil.
Panama, Haiti	12:00 M.	4:00 P.M.	Canal Zone.
Matura, Trinidad	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	West Indies.
Delfina, Buenos Aires	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	South Brazil, Argentina.
Mopang, Varna	1:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Bulgaria, Rumania.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Baltic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Eastern City, Danzig	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Poland.
Toloa, Colon	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Central America, Cuba.
Zacapa, Kingston	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Cuba, West Indies.
Meisonnier, B'nos Aires	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	South Brazil, Argentina.
Wacouta, Havana	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Mexico.
Ponce, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Virgin Islands.
Siberian Prince, Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina.
Tuckanuck, Senegal	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	West Africa.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
C. of Shanghai, Manchester	Dec. 22	12:00 M.
Arna, Buenos Aires	Dec. 22	12:00 M.
Dominion, Liverpool	Dec. 22	10:00 A.M.
Rudelsburg, Melbourne	Dec. 22	10:00 A.M.
Northumberland, Sydney	Dec. 24	12:00 M.
Kandaris, Yokohama	Dec. 24	10:00 A.M.
Maina, London	Dec. 24	12:00 M.
Steel Engineer, Algiers	Dec. 24	12:00 M.

By Wireless.

SS Olympic, incoming from Southampton and Cherbourg, was signaled; due Dec. 22, afternoon. Pier 59, North River, White Star Line.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Aquitania	Southampton	Dec. 21
Wouldrichem	Hongkong	Dec. 15
Celtic	Liverpool	Dec. 20
United States	Christiansand	Dec. 20
Narragansett	Manchester	Dec. 20
Cornishman	Liverpool	Dec. 20
Saxonia	Plymouth	Dec. 20
Ranenfjord	Trondhjem	Dec. 18
Kaumoen	Colombo	Dec. 14
Slavic Prince	Colombo	Dec. 16
Challenger	Dunkirk	Dec. 16
Cantigny	Antwerp	Dec. 17
Steel Mariner	Rotterdam	Dec. 17
Strathfillan	Ipswich	Dec. 19

SAILED.

Steamer.	From	Date.
Virginia	Gibraltar	Dec. 19
America	Naples	Dec. 14
Loretta	Marseilles	Dec. 15
Aledo	Falmouth	Dec. 19
Romeo	Kobe	Dec. 17
Vauban	Rio Janeiro	Dec. 18
Australbrook	Sydney	Dec. 18
Manchurian Prince	Rio Janeiro	Dec. 19
Svaland	London	Dec. 20
Easterling	Hamburg	Dec. 15
Tabor	Buenos Aires	Dec. 18
Volunteer	Dunkirk	Dec. 18
Costigan	Colombo	Dec. 19
Pawnee	St. Michaels	Dec. 19

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 6 P. M. as follows:

Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand, via San Francisco	Ventura	Dec. 23
Japan, Korea, China (except Shanghai City) and Siberia, via Seattle	Hawaii Maru	Dec. 23
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Matsonia	Dec. 24
Japan, Korea, China and Siberia, via San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Dec. 24
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, French Indochina and Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra), and Philippine Islands via Seattle	Ixion	Dec. 26
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Niagara	Jan. 7

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Patten announces that mails of the following dates—Perth, Nov. 10; Auckland, Nov. 20, and Honolulu, Dec. 11—which arrived per steamer Tahiti, were dispatched east from Seattle on Dec. 20, and are due in New York on the afternoon of Friday, Dec. 24.

WHITE STAR LINE

Nearby Sailings

BALTIC..... 12 Noon Dec. 24 to Liverpool

OLYMPIC.... 1 P. M. Dec. 29 to Cherbourg and Southampton

NEW YORK—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON

OLYMPIC. 1 P.M. Dec. 29, Mar. 23, Apr. 20 ADRIATIC. 12 Noon Jan. 19, Feb. 16, Mar. 16

New York—Liverpool			New York via Boston—Azores—Gibraltar Naples—Genoa	
Baltic	12 Noon Dec. 24	——	Canopic	3 P. M. Dec. 28 Mar. 22 May 17
Celtic	12 Noon Jan. 15 Feb. 26 Apr. 2		Cretic	3 P. M. Jan. 5 Mar. 8 May 3
Vedic (new)	12 Noon Jan. 26	——		
Cedric	12 Noon	—— Feb. 5 Mar. 12		

AMERICAN LINE

New York—Cherbourg—Southampton (COMMENCING DEC. 31. N. Y., Plymouth and Cherbourg.)		New York—Hamburg Direct Service	
*Kroonland	12 Noon Dec. 31 Feb. 5 Mar. 12	Manchuria	12 Noon Jan. 13 Feb. 24 Apr. 7
*Lapland	12 Noon Jan. 8 Feb. 12 Mar. 19		
*Finland	12 Noon Jan. 15 Feb. 19 Mar. 26	Mongolia	12 Noon Jan. 27 Mar. 10 Apr. 21
*Zeeland	12 Noon Jan. 22 Feb. 26 Apr. 2		

*Red Star Line steamers en route Antwerp

RED STAR LINE

New York—Cherbourg—Southampton—Antwerp (COMMENCING DEC. 31, N. Y., Plymouth, Cherbourg and Antwerp.)		New York—Dantig—via Hamburg Third Class Passengers Only.	
Kroonland	12 Noon Dec. 31 Feb. 5 Mar. 12		
Lapland	12 Noon Jan. 8 Feb. 12 Mar. 19		
Finland	12 Noon Jan. 15 Feb. 19 Mar. 26	Gothland	12 Noon Jan. 12, Feb. 26 Apr. 13
Zeeland	12 Noon Jan. 22 Feb. 26 Apr. 2		

International Mercantile Marine Company

Offices, 9 Broadway, New York. Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, North River.

MIAMI——HAVANA

DIRECT STEAMSHIP SERVICE First Sailing December 27th, 1920.

NEW SHORT EXPRESS ROUTE—OVERNIGHT RUN

Palatial Steamer "CITY OF MIAMI," speed eighteen knots, equipped with oil burning machinery and one hundred and two staterooms, including five parlor suites.

SAILINGS

Leave Miami—Monday, Wednesday, Friday.....5:00 P. M.
Arrive Havana—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday.....8:00 A. M.
Leave Havana—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday.....4:30 P. M.
Arrive Miami—Wednesday, Friday, Sunday.....7:00 A. M.

FARES—INCLUDING BERTH

One Way $25.00, war tax $1.00—Round Trip $40.00, war tax $2.00.
Parlor $10.00 extra—Dining Service a la carte.

IMPORTANT

Passengers can procure passports at the company's city ticket office, Hotel Halcyon Building, Miami.

HAVANA AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION,
HOTEL HALCYON BUILDING. PHONE 1742.
MAKE RESERVATION NOW FOR FIRST SAILING.

Passenger Service to Pacific Coast

SS CREOLE STATE

SAILS FROM BALTIMORE DEC. 27

Calling at Panama Canal, Los Angeles Harbor and San Francisco

SS CUBA

SAILS FROM BALTIMORE JAN. 10

Calling at Panama Canal, Central America, Los Angeles Harbor and San Francisco.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

10 Hanover Sq. New York Telephone Bowling Green 4630	490 Exchange Pl. Baltimore, Md. Telephone St. Paul 6661

SPANISH ROYAL MAIL LINE

COMPANIA TRANSATLANTICA FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICE.

To CADIZ and BARCELONA
R. M. S. Isla De Panay.....About Dec. 31
R. M. S. Buenos Aires.....About Jan. 20

To VIGO, CORUNA, GIJON and BILBAO
R. M. S. Alfonso XIII.....Jan. 8

FREQUENT SAILINGS

To HAVANA and VERA CRUZ

For Further Particulars Apply to LUIS LLANDO, Agent.

Pier 6, E. R. Telephone Bowling Green 6188

NASSAU BAHAMAS

Perfect climate. All outdoor sports. Excellent hotels. Sailings from New York

Dec. 31 Fortnightly Thereafter

For Reservations apply to authorized Ticket Agencies or WARD LINE Foot of Wall St., New York



AUSTRALIA

NEW ZEALAND—SOUTH SEAS.

Via Tahiti and Rarotonga. Mail and passenger service from San Francisco, sailing every 28 days. UNION STEAMSHIP CO. OF NEW ZEALAND.

330 California St., San Francisco, Cal., or THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, N.Y.

NIAGARA TO THE SEA.

For illustrated guide, address John F.

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.

115 DEVONSHIRE ST. BOSTON — 10 & 12 WALL STREET NEW YORK

Government Bonds
Investment Securities
Foreign Exchange
Letters of Credit

Correspondents of
Baring Brothers & Co., Ltd.
LONDON

A Valued Christmas Present

Instead of a check on Christmas Day, why not give a good bond? Practically all issues can be bought in small denominations. Semi-annual coupons act as a constant reminder of the donor. There can be no more acceptable present than money given in the form of a bond.

Write for Circular 152, which will give you our recommendation.

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street, New York

Trunk Line Railway and Rate Zone

MAP
of the United States

This map, which is intended primarily for investors, shows in distinctive colors the main lines of the more important systems, and the different railroad rate zones as defined by the Interstate Commerce Commission. The map is accompanied by a Pamphlet in which we discuss in a comprehensive manner the improved position of the Railroads under the new Transportation Act.

Write for Map No. 1309

Spencer Trask & Co.
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange
Members Chicago Stock Exchange

Exempt from New York State and Federal Income Taxes

CITY OF
Rochester, N. Y.
3½% Reg. Bonds

Due July 1, 1924

Price to Yield
5.15%

Send for descriptive circular T-157

R. M. GRANT & Co.
31 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK
Boston St. Louis Chicago

AS interest rates decline the investor in long term fixed interest bearing securities — bonds — will receive an increase in principal.

A CHANGE from a 6 per cent. to a 5 per cent. basis in a long term bond means that the market value of the security has been increased 20 per cent.

Roosevelt & Son.
Founded 1797
Seasoned Investments
30 Pine Street, New York

Heavy Break in Prices on Stock Exchange—Largest Trading Since April.

With the largest total volume of transactions of any day since April 22, when the violent reaction of last Spring reached its culmination, a very severe and general decline occurred yesterday on the Stock Exchange. The market, although active from the start and generally weak, did not show the full pressure of sales until after midday. At that time a break of rather unusual proportions occurred in two stocks whose intrinsic value has all along been questionable, but whose prices, in the extravagant days of last Spring and early Summer, were manipulated to absurd heights. "Vanadium" and "Replogle Steel" fell, respectively, 7 and 21 points yesterday, possibly because of denial of further credit to the people who had been sustaining the price. This incident, however illogically, seemed to be the signal for a renewed and rapid decline in all other quarters of the market.

Comparatively few active shares escaped with less of a net decline than a full point, and losses of 2 to 5 points occurred in stocks as widely diversified in character as Baldwin Locomotive, Southern Pacific, International Paper, Rock Island, Mexican Petroleum, Central Leather, Utah Copper and Reading. Toward the last it was evident that the heavy sales at progressive declines were the result of exhausted "margins" of speculators, large and small. There was little or no general recovery at the close. In Liberty bonds there was a slight recovery.

It was again possible to say that nothing in the Wall Street news, present or prospective, could be assigned as a direct explanation of the market; which, in fact, can be accounted for only by the absence of any confident support for prices, such as has been evident during all of the last fortnight. That attitude will sometimes mean that still more unfavorable developments in the general situation are to come. But it may also indicate belief that investment prices had not yet adjusted themselves to the level prescribed by the probable earning power under the changed industrial conditions. At some point in such a process of readjustment that level will be reached or passed, and the market will reflect it promptly. The culmination of a prolonged and exhausting downward movement, like the culmination of a similarly prolonged advance, will usually come in one day's market of abnormally large transactions and unusually wide change in values. But it is not always easy to detect the moment, and the lack of recovery at the last yesterday made it difficult to draw conclusions.

The money market had no visible part in the day's movement on the Stock Exchange. Call loans, in fact, went at 6 per cent. again at one time in the afternoon, and the foreign exchange market scored a general recovery, despite late reaction in rates on London and Italy. The commodity markets, like the stock market, continued to move under the influences of the recent past; probably their prices suffered from the indirect effect of the action of the Wall Street market. The wholesale cash prices for cotton, copper and one or two other staples, went below the year's previous low record. Wheat, after its familiar alternation of spasmodic advance and decline, closed lower. With wheat, one thing seems certain—that the project of a virtually prohibitive duty on wheat importations from Canada has had little or no effect. It is perfectly true that purchases of Canadian wheat are favored by the large discount on Canadian exchange. But wheat prices are at present fixed by world conditions, not by home supply and demand alone, and if Canada were left to press on the European export trade that part of her very large surplus which has hitherto been sent across the border, it would naturally divert precisely that much of export demand from our own wheat surplus.

The report of the Federal Trade Commission on the matter is marked by common sense and unanswerable facts. Wheat prices have been falling because the world at large has raised much more wheat in 1920 than in 1919; because foreign Governments can therefore shift their concentrated buying from a dearer to a cheaper market because the American yield of corn, a substitute for wheat, is of unparalleled magnitude; because forced economies of consumers have reduced the buying of flour, and because the state of the credit market precludes the holding back of wheat for higher prices. The Commission might have added that the Government-guaranteed price of 1918 and 1919 fixed an arbitrary minimum, not maximum, and that the Government itself at that time provided, purely for war purposes, the money needed to carry and move a wheat crop, which must now be obtained from private sources.

MONEY.

TUESDAY, DEC. 21.

Money on call on the Stock Exchange Tuesday opened at 7 per cent., which was the high and renewal rate for the day, dropped to 6 per cent. after 2 o'clock, and closed at that rate. New borrowing was small. In time money, both classes, all dates, rates ruled 7¼@7½ per cent. for 60-90 day accommodation, 7@7½ per cent. for 4, 5 and 6 months. Business in fixed period market was confined mainly to renewals, which obtained at about 7½ per cent. Commercial paper market is quiet, ranging 7¼@8 per cent.

Call Loans.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Last	Monday's Last.
7	7	6	6	7

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days	7¼@7½
4, 5 and 6 months	7 @7½
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	7¼@7½
4, 5 and 6 months	7 @7½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months	7¼@8
Other names, 3 to 6 months	8 @8

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days	6
Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days	6
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days	6

Open Market Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call	6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	6%@6%
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days	6%@6%
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	8 @8½

London Market.

Money on the London market on Tuesday unchanged at 4¾ per cent.; short bills and three months bills unchanged at 6⅝ per cent. Gold bullion on the London market was down 1s 8d at 115s 9d per fine ounce. Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Tuesday's exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $956,613,613; balances, $74,712,049; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $44,001,114.

$1,250,000,000 Affected by Mississippi Revenue Agent's Action.

One hundred and thirty-eight fire insurance companies are suspending their business in Mississippi, where their aggregate covering policies amount to approximately $1,250,000,000.

This action is an outgrowth of a suit filed against them by the State revenue agent of Mississippi, charging that in collecting the same rates, the companies violated the anti-trust laws of Mississippi subjects each company to a penalty of $5,000 a day since Jan. 1, 1918, or an aggregate penalty of $2,000,000,000.

To enforce payment, balances due the companies in Mississippi and held by their agents have been garnisheed. This amounts to $700,000.

The penalty is accumulative and progressive, the statement said, and each day's continuance in business subjects each defendant company to a fine of $5,000 or more.

C. J. Doyle of Springfield, Ill., has been retained as counsel to represent the defendant companies, all of which have or will have suspended business before the return date in the summons in order that judgment against them may not be had by default, according to the statement.

Board of Fire Underwriters.

It was explained that the State revenue agent contends that the alleged violation of the anti-trust laws of Mississippi subjects each company to a penalty of $5,000 a day since Jan. 1, 1918, or an aggregate penalty of $2,000,000,000.

To enforce payment, balances due the companies in Mississippi and held by their agents have been garnisheed. This amounts to $700,000.

The penalty is accumulative and progressive, the statement said, and each day's continuance in business subjects each defendant company to a fine of $5,000 or more.

C. J. Doyle of Springfield, Ill., has been retained as counsel to represent the defendant companies, all of which have or will have suspended business before the return date in the summons in order that judgment against them may not be had by default, according to the statement.

Surety and Trust Company Employes to Receive Additions to Salaries.

More Christmas bonuses or bonuses payable at the end of the year, were authorized by the Directorates of financial institutions yesterday. The Board of Trustees of the American Surety Company voted to pay to all employes whose salaries are not in excess of $3,000 per year a bonus of 10 per cent., and it was formally stated that a double profit-sharing payment would be made to each employe of the New York Title and Mortgage Company and the American Trust Company for the current quarter.

The American Surety Company also declared a dividend of 2 per cent., regular, and 2 per cent. extra for the present quarter.

Interborough Finance.

Officials of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company were in conference with downtown bankers yesterday regarding the proposed extension of the $2,900,000 notes which the traction company has falling due the first of the year, but so far as could be learned no substantial progress was made in the extension negotiations. Representatives of the company, however, still are hopeful that they will be able to come to some sort of agreement within the next few days.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

TUESDAY, DEC. 21, 1920.

Day's Sales.	Monday.	Saturday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1919.	Same Period 1918.	Same Period 1917.
1,593,802	908,268	474,917	751,583	425,504	215,947,637½	306,325,274	139,287,900	180,567,450

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
40	45⅝	400	Advance Rumely pf	43½	43¾	43	43	−2
25	25¾	1,500	Ajax Rubber	26	26	24⅝	25	−⅜
⅞	1	1,700	Alaska Gold Mines	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	−⅛
¾	1	2,500	Alaska Juneau	1	1	¾	¾	−⅛
45	45½	1,000	Allied C. & D. w i	46	46	44⅝	45	−1⅛
84	85½	2,300	Do., pf., w i	85⅜	85⅜	85⅜	85⅜	−⅜
27	28½	2,600	Allis-Chalm. Mfg	28⅜	28⅝	27	27	−1⅜
53⅜	54	2,000	Am. Agri. Chem	54½	54⅝	54	54	−⅜
42	45	100	Am. Bank Note	43	43	43	43	−⅜
33	34	2,700	Am. Beet Sugar	33½	33⅝	32⅝	32⅝	−⅝
48½	50	5,100	Am. Hosch Mag	50⅜	53⅜	48¾	49	−4
21½	22	4,800	Am. Can	22¾	22⅞	21⅝	21⅝	−1
74½	77	700	Am. Can. pf	74	75	73⅝	74½	+⅛
114½	115	10,600	Am. Car & Found	116⅜	117½	113	114½	−3⅝
105½	106	100	Am. Car & F. pf	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾	...
15⅝	16	1,500	Am. Cotton Oil	16⅜	16⅝	15⅞	15⅞	−⅛
59	63	100	Am. Cotton Oil pf	60	60	60	60	−⅞
6⅝	6¾	2,800	Am. Drug. Synd	7⅛	7⅛	6¾	6¾	−⅛
110½	115	300	Am. Express	115	115	112½	112½	−1½
5	5½	900	Am. Hide & Leath	6	6	5	5	−1
35¾	35¾	2,000	Am. Hide & L. pf	36⅛	36½	35¾	35⅝	−⅛
37	38	200	Am. Ice	38	38	37⅝	37⅝	−1⅛
51	55	200	Am. Ice pf	55½	55½	53	53	−1⅝
31	31½	16,800	Am. International	32⅝	33⅛	30⅛	31⅛	−1⅛
9¼	9¾	100	Am. La.F. Fire En	9⅜	9⅝	9⅜	9⅜	−⅛
42¾	45	1,800	Am. Linseed	47	47	42	42¾	−6⅜
74⅜	75½	6,200	Am. Locomotive	77⅜	78⅝	74	75	−2⅝
98⅜	100¼	100	Am. Locomo. pf	100	100	100	100	−1⅜
6⅜	6½	9,300	Am. Safety Razor	7⅜	7⅜	6¼	6½	−⅛
8½	8¾	3,600	Am. Ship & Com	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	−⅛
34	34½	13,600	Am. Sm. & Refin	36	36½	33	34⅛	−¼
76	77	600	Am. Sm. & Ref. pf	79⅛	79⅛	76	76	−4
27	27⅜	2,200	Am. Steel Found	28¾	29¼	27	27	−2
90	100	100	Am. Steel F. pf	79½	79½	79½	79½	−1
83½	83¾	6,000	Am. Sugar Refin	82½	83½	82½	83¼	+⅛
98½	99	600	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	99¼	99¼	98¾	98½	−⅛
66	67	2,500	Am. Sumatra Tob	67	67⅜	65	65⅞	−1⅝
95	95¼	5,200	Am. Tel. & Tel	95⅜	95⅝	95	95	−⅛
105	106½	3,500	Am. Tobacco	110¼	110½	106½	106½	−3½
104¼	104½	4,900	Do., Class B	107⅜	107⅜	104½	104¾	−3½
86½	88	500	Am. Tobacco pf	87½	87½	86⅝	86⅝	−1¼
57⅝	58	30,500	Am. Woolen	60⅛	60⅝	56¾	57⅝	−2⅝
89¼	91	800	Am. Woolen pf	89⅞	89⅞	88½	88½	−1⅝
...	30	100	Am. W. Paper pf	30	30	30	30	+¼
⅝	6¼	1,400	Am. Zinc, L. & S	6	6	6	6	+⅛
26½	29	500	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	27	30	27	29	−1⅝
30¼	30⅝	25,500	Anaconda Copper	31	31	30	30⅜	−1⅝
18	18¼	1,200	Asso. Dry Goods	18	18¾	18	18¾	+⅛
50½	54	100	Asso. D. G. 1st pf	50½	50½	50½	50½	−2
80	90	500	Associated Oil	86	86	86	86	−1
77⅝	78¾	8,500	At., Top. & S. Fe	78	79	77	77½	−1⅝
74	75	2,300	At., T. & S. Fe pf	75	75	74	74	−1
...	4½	500	Atl., Birm. & At	4½	4½	4¼	4¼	−⅛
84⅝	84⅞	500	Atlantic Coast Line	84⅞	85½	84⅞	84⅞	−⅛
7	8½	1,000	Atlantic Fruit	7	8	7	8	−⅛
17⅜	18½	500	Atlas Tack	17¾	17¾	17⅜	17⅜	−⅜
103	104	8,200	At., Gulf & W. I	102⅝	103⅝	100	101⅜	−2⅝
53½	55	100	At., G. & W. I. pf	54	54	54	54	−⅝
103¼	104½	200	Atlantic Ref. pf	103⅜	103⅜	103½	103½	+½
9	9¼	200	Austin Nichols	9½	9½	9½	9½	...
81⅝	81⅝	28,900	Baldwin Locomo	83½	86⅜	81	81⅜	−3⅞
53	55	100	Baldwin Loco. pf	93	93	93	93	−1
30	30½	13,500	Balt. & Ohio	31	31	30	30½	−1
47	48	500	Balt. & Ohio pf	47⅜	47½	47⅜	47⅞	+¼
35½	36	200	Barnsdall, Class A	35	36	35	36	...
35	36	300	Barnsdall, Class B	35	35	30	30	−5
...	...	1,800	Barrett Co.C.C.c of d	106	106	102¼	102¼	−3⅜
...	⅝	600	Batopilas Mining	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	...
2½	2¾	400	Bethlehem Motors	2¾	2¾	2½	2½	−⅛
47	48⅞	500	Bethlehem Steel	49⅝	50	47	48	−⅛
49½	50	18,200	Beth. Steel, Class B	50¾	51	48⅞	49⅝	−⅝
99	100	300	Beth. Steel 8% pf	100½	100½	99½	99½	−2
3¼	3¾	1,500	Booth Fisheries	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	+⅛
9¼	9⅝	3,800	Brooklyn Rap. Tr	9⅝	9⅞	9⅜	9⅝	...
6¼	6¾	600	B. R. T. cfs. of dep	6¾	6¾	6½	6½	...
48	50	100	Brooklyn Un. Gas	49	49	49	49	−2
35	37	100	Brown Shoe	36	36	36	36	−1¾
3¾	4⅜	300	Bruns. T. & R. Sec	3¾	3⅞	3¾	3⅞	+⅛
76	77	900	Burns Brothers	76⅞	77	76⅞	77	+½
4	4½	1,000	Butte Coal	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	...
8	8¾	1,300	Butte & Superior	8⅜	8⅝	8	8¼	−¾
10	10¾	700	Butterick Co	10⅝	10⅞	10	10	...
10¾	10¾	2,100	Caddo Cent. O. & R	11	11⅛	10	10⅛	−1⅛
56	57	3,400	California Packing	58	59	55¾	56	−2
25	25¾	5,500	Cal. Petroleum	25⅜	27	24⅜	25	+¼
66¼	67	300	Cal. Petroleum pf	67	67	66½	66½	+¼
40½	42½	400	Calumet & Arizona	40⅞	41¾	40⅜	41	−1⅞
40	...	100	Canada Southern	39⅝	39⅝	39⅜	39⅜	−1
110¼	110¾	10,600	Canadian Pacific	111⅝	112	110½	110⅞	−¾
6¼	6½	200	Case (J. I.) Plow	6⅝	6¾	6¼	6¼	−2½
75	79	300	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	79	79	78	78	−1½
31½	32½	6,200	Central Leather Co	32¾	33	30½	32¼	−¾
80	85	300	Cent. Leath. Co. pf	83	83	83	83	−2
25½	25⅝	1,200	Cerro de P. Copper	26⅝	26⅝	25½	25⅝	−⅛
62	63	17,800	Chandler Motor	67	67⅜	61⅝	63	−3½
54⅛	54⅜	5,600	Chesapeake & Ohio	54⅛	54⅜	51¾	51¾	−2¼
7	9⅝	100	Chicago & Alton	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	−⅜
6¼	6¾	4,400	Chi. Gt. Western	7⅜	7⅜	6⅝	6⅝	−⅛
15¼	15½	1,000	Chi. Gt. West. pf	17	17	15½	15½	−1
24¼	25	18,700	Chi., Mil. & St. P	25	25½	21	24⅞	−⅝
37½	38¼	7,700	C., M. & St. P. pf	38	38½	36¾	38½	...
61	62	2,100	Chicago & N. W	64½	64⅝	61	62	−2¾
98	102	1,100	Chi. & N. W. pf	102	102	100	100	−3
59½	60	700	Chi. Pneu. Tool	62⅞	62⅞	60	60	−3
22½	22½	16,800	Chi., R. I. & Pac	24	24	21½	22	−2
65	65¾	1,200	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	65⅝	66¾	65	65	−1
55¼	55¾	1,500	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	56	56	55	55	−1½
61	65	200	Chi., St. P., M. & O	61	62	61	62	−2½
8⅝	8⅝	15,000	Chile Copper	8⅝	8⅝	8¾	8⅝	−⅛
16⅜	16⅝	5,700	Chino Copper	17¼	17¼	16⅝	16⅝	−⅛
41	44	1,100	Clutt-Peabody, ex d	41½	41½	40½	40½	−⅞
81	83½	300	Cluett-P. pf., ex d	80	80	80	80	−3½
18½	20	6,600	Coca-Cola	20⅛	20½	18	19⅝	−⅛
22	23	2,200	Colo. Fuel & Iron	22	22	22	22½	−2½
22½	24	300	Colorado & South	24	24	22½	22½	−2½
63¼	63¾	2,600	Columbia Gas & El	53¾	54	52½	53	−⅝
9⅞	9¾	10,300	Columbia Graph	10⅝	10¾	9⅝	9⅝	−⅛
60	61¾	100	Columbia Graph. pf	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾	−1⅝
72	74	100	Consol. Cigar pf	72	72	72	72	−3
72½	75	4,400	Consolidated Gas	73½	75⅜	71⅝	72½	−3½
5	5¾	1,100	Con. Interst. Cal. M	5¾	5⅝	5	5	−⅛
18	18½	600	Consol. Textile	18	18	18	18	−⅛
40	56	1,700	Continental Can	58½	58½	55⅝	55⅝	−2½
...	4¼	1,000	Continental Candy	4⅝	4⅝	4	4¼	−⅛
64	66	100	Continental Insur	66⅝	66⅝	66⅝	66⅝	−1
63½	64	8,400	Corn Products Ref	63⅞	64⅞	61	63⅞	−½
25	25⅝	12,000	Cosden & Co	26⅜	26⅞	24⅝	25⅝	−1⅝
76½	77	20,810	Crucible Steel	80¼	81½	75½	76⅝	−4
81½	82	300	Crucible Steel pf	82½	82½	81½	81½	−⅝
17	17⅜	5,400	Cuba Cane Sugar	16⅜	17⅜	16⅜	17⅜	+⅞
5⅝	5⅞	2,200	Cuba Cane S. pf	5⅝	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	+⅛
22½	23	5,600	Cuban-Am. Sugar	22½	24	22	22½	+1⅝
15½	15¾	100	De Beers Mines	15½	15½	15¾	15¾	−⅛
93½	95	1,100	Delaware & Hudson	94½	95	93⅝	93⅝	−⅞
200	210	200	Del., Lack. & West	210	210	210	210	...
1¼	1⅝	1,300	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	1⅝	1⅝	1¼	1¼	−⅛
9¾	10	2,000	Dome Mines	10	10	9⅞	9⅞	−⅛
13⅜	13⅝	300	Elkhorn Coal	14⅝	14⅝	13⅝	13⅝	−⅞
5½	6	300	Emerson Brant	6½	6½	6½	6½	−⅛
50¼	51	1,000	Endicott-Johnson	51½	51½	50¼	50¼	−⅝
85	85½	200	Endicott-John. pf	85½	85½	85½	85½	...
11½	11⅝	8,700	Erie	12	12¼	11½	11⅝	−⅛
16½	17	3,700	Erie 1st pf	17⅛	18⅛	16¾	17	−⅛
12¾	13⅜	1,000	Erie 2d pf	12½	12⅝	12	12	−⅛
40½	41¼	4,400	Famous Players	40	42	40	41	+½
68	69	500	Famous Players pf	69	69	69	69	...
4	7½	100	Fed. Min. & Smelt	5	5	5	5	...
22	23	700	Fed. Min. & Sm. pf	24½	24½	21½	21½	−3⅝
10¼	10⅝	2,300	Fisk Rubber	10⅝	10½	10½	10⅝	−⅛
12	12⅝	1,300	Freeport-Texas	13⅝	13⅝	12⅜	12⅜	−⅞
2	2¼	900	Gaston, Wm. & Wig	2¼	2¼	2	2	−⅛
46	48	400	Gen. Am. Tank Car	46½	47⅝	46½	47	−1
36¾	37	8,700	General Asphalt	40	41	35½	36⅞	−3⅜
76½	77	300	General Asphalt pf	76⅝	76⅝	75	75	−3
52½	53	900	General Cigar	53	53⅛	52½	52½	−⅛
81	82	300	Gen. Cigar deb. pf	81⅝	82	81⅞	81¼	−⅜
116⅜	117	8,200	General Electric	118	118½	116½	116¾	−1⅜
12⅝	12⅞	23,200	General Motors	13¾	13¾	12⅝	12⅝	−⅜
66	68	200	General Motors pf	67⅝	67⅝	67½	67½	+½
69½	70	2,300	Gen. Motors 7% deb	70	70¼	69½	69½	−½
59½	60	1,300	Gen. Motors 6% deb	60¼	60¾	59⅝	59⅝	−⅝
27⅞	28¼	6,800	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	30	30	27	27	−3½
69	72	200	Goodrich pf., ex div	72	72	72	72	−¾
13	15½	500	Granby Consol	15¼	15¾	15	15	−1
9	10	400	Gray & Davis	10½	10¾	10¼	10¼	−1¼
70¾	71	13,000	Great Northern pf	71½	72¼	70½	70⅝	−1½
25	25¼	5,000	Gt.N.cfs., ore props	25¼	26	25	25	−1
15	17	400	Guantanamo Sugar	15	17	16⅜	16⅜	−⅝
25	27	200	Gulf States Steel	12	12	11⅜	11⅜	−2¼
17½	19	200	Gulf, Mob. & N. pf	28	28	27¾	27¾	−2¼
52	52¾	2,800	Haskell & Barker	21	21	20	20	−1¼
13	14	400	Hendee Mfg	54	54	51½	52	−2
58¼	59	12,300	Houston Oil	14	14	13½	13½	−⅝
8¾	8½	2,300	Hupp Motor Car	57	64	55¾	58	+1¾
83¾	83¾	800	Illinois Central	9¾	9¾	9½	9½	−⅛
5⅞	6	1,100	Indiahoma Ref. x d	83⅜	83⅜	83¾	83½	+¼
29	29¼	11,500	Inspiration Copper	6	6	5⅝	5⅞	...
3½	3⅝	1,200	Interborough Con	28½	29⅜	28	29	+1
9¼	9½	1,500	Do pf	3⅜	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛	−⅛
40	42	1,000	Do pf	9⅝	9⅝	9¼	9¼	−⅜
94	94½	2,000	Int. Agricultural	9⅞	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	+⅛
100	103	200	Do pf	46	46	40¾	40¾	−6¾
10⅜	11	2,900	Int. Harvester, new	95⅝	95⅞	94½	94½	−¾
47	47¾	9,900	Do pf, new	101¾	102	101¼	102	+1
29¼	30	2,600	Int. Mer. Marine	11¼	11⅜	10⅜	11	−⅛
11⅜	11⅝	13,000	Do pf	47½	48⅜	46½	47⅛	...
38⅜	39	8,200	Int. Motor Truck	29⅜	30	29	29	−1
69	70	100	Internat. Nickel	12¾	12¾	11⅜	11⅜	−⅜
20¾	21	2,000	Internat. Paper	43	44	38⅜	38⅝	−4⅞
89	90	100	Do pf., stamped	69½	69½	69½	69½	−1½
28½	29	500	Invincible Oil	21½	21½	20	21	−½
4	4½	21,000	Iron Products	29½	30	29	29	−1
3	3⅞	800	Island Oil & Trans	4½	4½	4	4⅛	−⅛
8	8½	200	Jewel Tea	3	3¼	3	3	...
13	14	800	Do pf	8½	8½	8½	8½	−⅛
16	16½	2,800	Jones Bros. Tea	14¼	14¼	14	14	−1
41	43	500	Kan. City Southern	16⅜	17	15½	16	−⅝
27	28	4,200	Kelly-Spring. Tire	43	43	41½	41½	−⅝
32	38	200	Kelsey Wheel	31⅝	31⅝	29½	29½	−⅝
15⅝	15¾	13,100	Kennecott Copper	38	38	36	36	−3
6¼	6½	2,300	Keystone Tire & R	16¼	16⅞	15⅜	15⅜	−⅝
45½	47⅜	5,900	Lackawanna Steel	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	−⅛

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
15½	16	500	Lee Rubber & Tire	16¼	16¼	16	16	−¼
49	49½	4,000	Lehigh Valley	51¼	51¼	49	49	−1¼
129	130	400	Liggett & Myers	130	130	129¾	129¾	−¼
14⅝	14⅞	6,000	Loew's, Inc	16	16	14⅝	14⅝	−1¼
96	97	1,100	Lorl., Incorporated	97	97	96	96	−1
25	28	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	27½	27½	27½	27½	−½
93¼	99	100	Do 1st pf	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	−1½
122	123	1,500	Lorillard (P.) Co	124	124½	120¾	122	+2⅜
97½	98	200	Do pf	97⅝	99	97¾	99	+1
97	97½	1,100	Louisville & Nash	97	98	97	97	...
56	56½	100	Mackay Cos	58	58	58	58

STANDARD OIL ISSUES

STANDARD OIL CO. (INDIANA)

PAR VALUE $25

Closing Quotation

64-66

BUY—SELL—QUOTE

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
25 Broad St. Phones 4500-1-2-3 Broad

Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe.

As compared to many other of the large railroad systems the Atchison property is in an enviable position.

The outlook for the company under the new railroad law is clearly brought out in an analysis of the property which we have just issued for our clients.

This special review discusses the income record and prospects, effect of the rate and wage increases, value of its oil lands, etc. Every stock or bond holder should examine this exhibit.

A few extra copies are available for the first inquirers. Send two-cent stamp, with name and business address, for Circular No. 591.

MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE
John Moody, President.
35 Nassau St., New York

The House of CHAS. H. JONES & CO.

We Wish You

A Merry Xmas and a Prosperous New Year

CHAS. H. JONES & CO.
MUNICIPAL RAILROAD & CORPORATION BONDS
20 BROAD STREET — NEW YORK

American Tobacco Scrip

RIGHTS
General Electric
Southern Pacific
Tidewater Oil
Nat'l Park Bank
Corn Exchange
Home Insurance

SCRIPS
American Tobacco
Tobacco Products
Porto Rican Am. Tob.
Willys Corporation

SPECIALISTS IN RIGHTS AND SCRIPS

McDONNELL & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
120 Broadway Tel. Rector 7800
Direct Private Wire to San Francisco

Scranton Securities

International Salt 5s
Retsof Mining Company 5s
Spring Brook Water 5s
International Textbook
Int. Educ. Pub. Com. & Pfd.
Pennsylvania Coal & Coke

Bought—Sold—Quoted

Weissenfluh & Co.
10 Wall Street, New York.
Telephone Rector 8917.
SCRANTON WILKES-BARRE

GREATER EARNINGS BY UNION PACIFIC

November Report Shows Improvement Over Receipts in October and September.

The November earnings report of the Union Pacific system, submitted to the Interstate Commerce Commission yesterday, shows considerable improvement over the figures for October and September. Railway operating income for November shows an increase of 18.3 per cent. over November, 1919, amounting to $4,396,291, as compared with $3,781,566 a year ago. And this heavier increase in the preceding month it was only 5.7 per cent, and in September showed a decline from the preceding year of 9.6 per cent.—came at the same time that maintenance of way and structures and equipment expenditures were greater than in November of last year. It also shows after the big increase in payrolls due to the Labor Board wage

In gross for the month the company's operating revenues were $14,796,240, as compared with $11,744,036 in the preceding November and $17,360,595 in the preceding month. This comparison shows that while there was a decline in the volume of business handled the company has squared itself around so that there is a healthier relation between income and expense. While this is true, the figures still fall as a true reflection of what the company's earnings will be when all of the present tangles in the rate structure have been untangled. Now soon Intrastate and Interstate rate differences will be eliminated is purely a matter of conjecture, but railroad heads hope that something definite will be done after the turn of the year.

For the eleven months ended with November the showing for the Union Pacific System is not so favorable. This is due to the fact that wage awards allowed in July were retroactive to May 1 and the roads did not begin to enjoy the effect of the July rate advances until Sept. 1. Under operating revenues for the eleven months Union Pacific received freight revenue of $128,420,983, as compared with $119,118,621 in the corresponding period of the year before, while there was an increase of 6.2 per cent. in passenger receipts to $34,861,290. The increase in gross revenues for the period was 14.2 per cent. to $192,654,109, while railway operating expenses increased 28.4 per cent. to $142,657,461, as compared with the eleven months of 1919. As the result, railway operating income for the period was only $35,491,875, as compared with $44,242,722, a decline of 13 per cent.

A general international commercial banking business transacted.

Principal Branches
Brussels, Belgium
Buenos Aires, Argentine
Cali, Colombia
Harbin, Manchuria
Havana, Cuba
Manila, Philippine Islands
Panama City, Panama
Port au Prince, Haiti
Rio de Janeiro, Brasil
Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic

Agents and correspondents in all the other important commercial centers of the world.

AMERICAN FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION
53 Broadway, New York
Capital and Surplus $6,500,000

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, DEC. 21, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$33,942,000	$39,960,500	$17,139,500
Year to date	3,729,782,550	3,577,535,325	1,944,637,000

GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales $1,000.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Yield.
1,461	—Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	89.90	90.00	89.82	89.82	—.08	89.90	89.90	4.03
150	—Liberty 3½s, reg	89.80	89.80	89.80	89.80	..	..	..	..
..	—Liberty 1st 4s, 1932-47	..	..	..	..	..	84.80	85.50	..
40	—Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42	84.00	84.00	83.50	83.50	..	84.50	84.70	..
283	—Liberty 1st conv. 4¼s, 1932-47	84.98	85.10	84.80	85.00	..	85.00	85.50	5.18
25	—Liberty 1st conv. 4¼s, reg	84.80	84.80	84.60	84.60	..	..	..	..
3,987	—Liberty 2d conv. 4¼s, 1927-42	83.60	84.20	83.52	83.70	+.60	83.60	83.70	..
4,932	—Liberty 3d conv. 4¼s, 1928	85.76	86.40	85.70	86.10	+.50	86.10	86.20	6.40
6,806	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1932-38	83.90	84.50	83.86	84.06	+.20	84.00	84.02	5.40
6,000	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg	84.10	84.10	83.92	83.92	..	..	..	..
6,239	—Victory 4¾s, 1923	95.04	95.06	94.96	94.96	..	94.94	94.96	7.60
55	—Victory 4¾s, reg	94.80	94.80	94.80	94.88	..	..	..	..
3,177	—Victory 3¾s, 1922-23	94.98	95.00	94.84	94.86	—.08	94.94	94.96	6.60

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Chinese Ry 5s
1..... 40
1..... 39¾
City of Berne 8s, temp ctfs
5..... 94½
Cy of Christiania8s,Kuhn, Loeb&Cocfs
1..... 94½
1..... 93¾
City of Copenhagen 5½s
13..... 72
Cy of Paris 8s
5..... 92
30..... 91⅝
1..... 91¼
5..... 91½
21..... 91⅝
6..... 91⅞
1..... 92
3..... 91¼
1..... 91⅛
City of Zurich 8s, rects
5..... 95
9..... 94½
Dom Rep 5s
2..... 73
Dom of Can 5s, 1921
28..... 98⅞
5½s, 1921
8..... 98½
5s, 1926
5..... 87½
2..... 86½
6½s, 1929
8..... 87
14..... 86⅞
French Gov 8s
22..... 100
12..... 100½
47..... 100
Gov of Switz 8s, tmp rcts
7..... 101⅞
5..... 102
Jap Gov 4½s, sterling loan
19..... 75⅝
15..... 75⅛
5..... 75¼
24 series 1st30f.
75
30..... 75¾
60..... 75⅝
10..... 75¼
4s, ster loan
1..... 53½
61..... 55
3..... 56¼
Kingd of Belg 7½s, rects
2..... 96⅝
5..... 96
10..... 96½
23..... 96½
1..... 96
6s, 1925
5..... 89
3..... 87
Rep of Cuba 5s of 1904
18..... 76½
1914
10..... 79
U K of G B & I 5½s, 1921
81..... 97⅜
15..... 97½
5½s, 1922
5..... 94⅝
5..... 94⅝
11..... 94⅝
5..... 94¾
117..... 94⅝
5½s, 1929
6..... 88¾
82..... 88½
23..... 88
5½s, 1937
29..... 83
1..... 83¼
1..... 83
20..... 82⅞
38..... 83
22..... 82⅞
14..... 82⅝
US of Mex 4s
1..... 30
Adams Exp 4s
3..... 56
Alas G M cnv deb 6s, Br A
5..... 15
Alb & Susq 3½s
1..... 69½
AmAgCh cv 5s
1..... 88½
Am Cot Oil 5s
5..... 74
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s
1..... 73
22..... 73¾
20..... 73½
15..... 72¾
5..... 72⅝
21..... 72½
1..... 72¾
1..... 72⅝
20..... 72½
1..... 72⅝
28..... 73
8..... 73¼
14..... 73⅝
French Gov 8s
22..... 100
12..... 100½
47..... 100
Gov of Switz 8s, tmp rcts
7..... 101⅞
5..... 102
Jap Gov 4½s, sterling loan
19..... 75⅝
15..... 75⅞
5..... 75¾
24 series 1st30f.
75
30..... 75¾
60..... 75⅝
10..... 75¾
4s, ster loan
1..... 53½
61..... 55
3..... 56¼
Kingd of Belg 7½s, rects
2..... 96⅝
5..... 96
10..... 96½
23..... 96½
1..... 96
6s, 1925
5..... 89
3..... 87
Rep of Cuba 5s of 1904
18..... 76½
1914
10..... 79
U K of G B & I 5½s, 1921
81..... 97⅜
15..... 97½
5½s, 1922
5..... 94⅝
5..... 94⅝
11..... 94⅝
5..... 94¾
117..... 94⅝
5½s, 1929
6..... 88¾
82..... 88½
23..... 88
5½s, 1937
29..... 83
1..... 83¼
1..... 83
20..... 82⅞
38..... 83
22..... 82⅞
14..... 82⅝
US of Mex 4s
1..... 30
Adams Exp 4s
3..... 56
Alas G M cnv deb 6s, Br A
5..... 15
Alb & Susq 3½s
1..... 69½
AmAgCh cv 5s
1..... 88½
Am Cot Oil 5s
5..... 74
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s
1..... 73
22..... 73¾
20..... 73½
15..... 72¾
5..... 72⅝
21..... 72½
1..... 72¾
1..... 72⅝
20..... 72½
1..... 72⅝
28..... 73
8..... 73¼
14..... 73⅝
Am Tel & Tel col 4s
148..... 72
col tr 5s
10..... 75½
8..... 75¾
2..... 75¾
4..... 75⅞
10..... 75¾
10..... 75¾
10..... 75¾
2..... 75¾
10..... 75¾
10..... 75¾
2..... 75¾
8..... 76
conv 4s
3..... 63½
conv 4½s
15..... 78
85..... 78¾
conv 5s
28..... 94
7..... 93⅝
1..... 93¾
8..... 93⅝
5..... 93⅝
5..... 93⅝
1..... 93½
1..... 93¼
1..... 93⅝
AmWkPap1s
3..... 16
Ann Arbor 1st 4s
1..... 80
Armour & Co 4½s
18..... 72
8..... 73¼
10..... 73¾
A, T & S Fe gen 4s
4..... 74
3..... 74½
8..... 74
4..... 73⅝
20..... 73⅝
15..... 73⅝
5..... 73⅝
21..... 73⅝
1..... 73⅝
Atl & Bus3½s
1..... 63½
2..... 63¾
AmAgCh cv 5s
1..... 88½
Am Cot Oil 5s
5..... 68½
Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s
1..... 73
50..... 80¾
Am Tob 4s
22..... 87½
5..... 87¾
Am Tob 4s, 1951
5..... 87½
Am Type Fdr 7s
1..... 70
Anglo-Fr 5½s
10..... 64½
1..... 65
2..... 64½
3..... 64½
5..... 64½
10..... 64
2..... 63½
3..... 63
1..... 64
6..... 63½
15..... 63
ref 5s
3..... 84
13..... 64½
5..... 64½
2..... 64
2..... 63½
6s
1..... 85½
15..... 86
4..... 86¼
F L E & W V 4s
1..... 80½
2..... 59½
So W D 3½s
2..... 73½
1..... 72
11..... 73
4..... 73¼
Tol C Div 4s
4..... 52
3..... 51
2..... 52
B T of Pa 7s, int recelpts
3..... 101½
7..... 101⅞
2..... 102
6..... 101⅞
B S ext 5s
5..... 87¼
1st & ref 5s
10..... 77
8..... 76½
pur money 5s
1..... 75
3..... 75⅛
1..... 75
3..... 75¼
2..... 76
26..... 75
Brad C & f 6s
10..... 82
10..... 81½
B R T 7s, '21
1..... 41⅝
2..... 41
cfs of dep
3.5..... 40½
stamped
2..... 87½
B U El 1st 5s
5..... 59½
stamped
1..... 58¾
B Un Gas 5s
3..... 74½
Bush Term 5s
1..... 89
1..... 88
B T B gtd 5s
2..... 71
10..... 70⅜
Cal G & E 5s
1..... 83½
2..... 83⅞
C Nor 7s, 1 r
3..... 99⅝
10..... 99⅝
5..... 99⅞
50..... 99⅞
C of Ga Ry 5s
1..... 85½
16..... 85
2..... 85¾
Cent Leather 5s
7..... 86
Cen P gtd 4s
10..... 71⅝
5..... 71½
10..... 71⅝
13..... 71
25..... 70¼
15..... 70¾
2..... 70¾
5..... 70¾
C & O con 5s
8..... 88
1..... 87⅞
gen 4½s
3..... 72⅝
2..... 72⅝
2..... 72⅝
6..... 72⅝
conv 4½s
8..... 70⅜
3..... 70½
1..... 70½
4..... 70½
2..... 70⅝
5..... 70⅝
32..... 70½
1..... 70
conv 5s
5..... 79¾
10..... 79
2..... 78⅝
1..... 78½
4..... 78¾
2..... 78
8..... 77½
1..... 77½
10..... 77
Craig Val 5s
15..... 71½
Chic & Alt 3½s
1..... 44
2..... 43½
3..... 43¼
Chic & Alt 3½s
1..... 35½
2..... 35
C, S & Q 4s
25..... 78¾
St 4s
46..... 85½
24..... 85¾
6..... 85⅞
5..... 85¾
C & Alt 3½s
1..... 70
III Div 3½s
1..... 70
III Div 4s
1..... 79¾
C & E 1st 5s
2..... 76
5..... 76½
Chic Gt W 4s
2..... 62
4..... 63
2..... 63
11..... 63¼
1..... 63½
14..... 63¾
Chic Un Sta 4½s, Ser A
35..... 76
10..... 75½
C & W Ind c 4s
2..... 56½
2..... 55¾
4..... 55¾
11..... 55½
Chilie Cop 7s
5..... 90½
4..... 90¾
col tr 6s
2..... 84
11..... 83⅞
19..... 83
5..... 82
4..... 83
10..... 83⅞
C, C, C & St L gen 4s
10..... 85
ref & imp 6s
4..... 86⅝
C & So 1st 4s
2..... 77⅝
6..... 76½
1..... 76¼
5..... 75½
20..... 75¼
5..... 75½
ref & e 4½s
2..... 69
2..... 69
15..... 69¼
7..... 69
Comp-Tab-R s f 6s
2..... 81
Con Gas cv 7s
12..... 98½
2..... 98⅝
2..... 99
5..... 99¼
1..... 99
Cuba Cane S conv 7s
1..... 77⅞
16..... 77
21..... 76½
5..... 77½
10..... 76
D&Hist ref 4s
3..... 74½
D&RG con 4s
8..... 61½
con 4½s
5..... 60
D M & F D 1st gtd 4s
5..... 40
DetRTun4½s
5..... 75
E T, Va & Ga con 5s
1..... 84
Erie1st con 4s
9..... 40
6s30f..
10..... 83½
Fa col tr 4s
2..... 72¼
2..... 72½
2..... 72¾
5..... 72¾
conv 4s, A
13..... 83
4..... 85
conv 4s, B
2..... 85¼
5..... 85½
conv 4s, D
3..... 80¾
3..... 80
5..... 80½
2..... 80
Fla E G Ry 1st 4½s
1..... 73½
FWARG 1st 4s
1..... 91
Gen Elec Debs
5.5..... 98¾
14..... 100
4..... 99¾
deb 5s
3..... 96½
Gr Trunk Ry 7s, int rcts
3..... 100
2..... 99⅞
1..... 99
GulFuw 1st 5s
1..... 84
GulWar ref 4½s
1..... 77½
Hud & M 1st & ref 5s, A
4..... 57½
12..... 57¼
adj inc 5s
38..... 22
25..... 21¾
21..... 21½
1..... 21½
5..... 21½
13..... 21½
10..... 21
Ill C 1st 5½s
6..... 70
ext 5½s
1..... 73
ref 4s
14..... 72
4s, 1953
5..... 69¾
10..... 69
Ill Steel 4½s
2..... 78½
4..... 77
Int-Met 4½s
1..... 13⅜
101..... 14
ctfs of dep
1..... 12¾
9..... 12¾
11..... 13
IRTist & ref5s
1..... 47⅝
2..... 47½
20..... 47⅝
1..... 47⅝
2..... 47⅝
3..... 47½
10..... 47½
2..... 47½
17..... 47
10..... 47¼
15..... 47
1..... 47¼
15..... 47⅜
25..... 47¼
2..... 47¼
97..... 47½
1..... 47⅝
30..... 47⅝
28..... 47
Int Agr Corp col trust 5s
1..... 72½
Int & Gt Nor 6s ext at 7%
2..... 88
I M M s f 6s
1..... 77
2..... 76¾
8..... 76
2..... 76¾
Iowa C 1st 5s
17..... 70
KC,FtS&MGs
1..... 62
2..... 61½
2..... 61¾
5..... 61
Kan C So 5s
10..... 70
4..... 70¾
Kan C So 3s
10..... 52¾
K C Term 4s
1..... 68¾
1..... 68¼
13..... 68
4..... 67¾
LackSt5s,'23
3..... 91
1..... 90
1..... 90½
1950
1..... 73
LacGLofStL ref & ext 5s
1..... 71
LS&MS4s,'31
5..... 78¾
11..... 78
LV Pa con4½s
1..... 77½
Leh Val col tr 6s, temp rcts
1..... 98½
12..... 98
Ligg & M 7s
2..... 101½
Ligg & M 5s
1..... 77
Longisl ref 4s
1..... 67
LorillardCo5s
2..... 77½
Lou & N 7s
2..... 103
1..... 102¾
5..... 103
unified 4s
19..... 79½
19..... 79
So Mon jt 4s
2..... 57
A,K&Cin4s
10..... 70¼
Manh Con 4s, tax exempt
3..... 83¾
1..... 83
Midvale Steel col trust 5s
5..... 72¾
31..... 73½
18..... 73¾
23..... 73¾
22..... 73¾
17..... 73½
1..... 73¾
5..... 73¾
M, S & N W 1st 4s
10..... 75
M & St L 1st & ref 4s
2..... 46½
M,K&T 1st 4s
10..... 54½
11..... 54¼
3..... 54
2..... 53¾
Mo Pac gen 4s
17..... 51
12..... 50¾
2..... 50¾
12..... 50¾
11..... 50¾
18..... 50½
15..... 50¾
5..... 50¾
1st & ref 5s, 1923
3..... 89¾
Mont Power 5s, Ser A
2..... 80½
11..... 80½
Montr Tramw 1st ref 5s
5..... 68
5..... 68
Morris & Co sink fnd 4½s
6..... 72
Mor & Esx 1st & ref 5½s
1..... 67¾
1..... 67
N O & St L 1st con 5s
14..... 93
Nat Tube 5s
10..... 86¾
N O Term 4s
15..... 86
N O, Tex & Mex income 5s
1..... 55
3..... 54½
NYAirB 1st 6s
5..... 87½
NYCent deb 6s
3..... 85¾
14..... 85½
1..... 85¾
2..... 86¼
2..... 86¾
85..... 86
4..... 77
Int-Met 4½s
1..... 13⅜
101..... 14
ctfs of dep
1..... 12¾
9..... 12¾
11..... 13
IRTist & ref5s
1..... 47⅝
2..... 47½
20..... 47⅝
1..... 47⅝
2..... 47⅝
3..... 47½
10..... 47½
2..... 47½
17..... 47
10..... 47¼
15..... 47
1..... 47¼
15..... 47⅜
25..... 47¼
2..... 47¼
97..... 47½
1..... 47⅝
30..... 47⅝
28..... 47
Int Agr Corp col trust 5s
1..... 72½
Int & Gt Nor 6s ext at 7%
2..... 88
I M M s f 6s
1..... 77
2..... 76¾
8..... 76
2..... 76¾
Iowa C 1st 5s
17..... 70
KC,FtS&MGs
1..... 62
2..... 61½
2..... 61¾
5..... 61
Kan C So 5s
10..... 70
4..... 70¾
Kan C So 3s
10..... 52¾
K C Term 4s
1..... 68¾
1..... 68¼
13..... 68
4..... 67¾
LackSt5s,'23
3..... 91
1..... 90
1..... 90½
1950
1..... 73
LacGLofStL ref & ext 5s
1..... 71
LS&MS4s,'31
5..... 78¾
11..... 78
LV Pa con4½s
1..... 77½
Leh Val col tr 6s, temp rcts
1..... 98½
12..... 98
Ligg & M 7s
2..... 101½
Ligg & M 5s
1..... 77
Longisl ref 4s
1..... 67
LorillardCo5s
2..... 77½
Lou & N 7s
2..... 103
1..... 102¾
5..... 103
unified 4s
19..... 79½
19..... 79
So Mon jt 4s
2..... 57
A,K&Cin4s
10..... 70¼
Manh Con 4s, tax exempt
3..... 83¾
1..... 83
Midvale Steel col trust 5s
5..... 72¾
31..... 73½
18..... 73¾
23..... 73¾
22..... 73¾
17..... 73½
1..... 73¾
5..... 73¾
M, S & N W 1st 4s
10..... 75
M & St L 1st & ref 4s
2..... 46½
M,K&T 1st 4s
10..... 54½
11..... 54¼
3..... 54
2..... 53¾
Mo Pac gen 4s
17..... 51
12..... 50¾
2..... 50¾
12..... 50¾
11..... 50¾
18..... 50½
15..... 50¾
5..... 50¾
1st & ref 5s, 1923
3..... 89¾
Mont Power 5s, Ser A
2..... 80½
11..... 80½
Montr Tramw 1st ref 5s
5..... 68
5..... 68
Morris & Co sink fnd 4½s
6..... 72
Mor & Esx 1st & ref 5½s
1..... 67¾
1..... 67
N O & St L 1st con 5s
14..... 93
Nat Tube 5s
10..... 86¾
N O Term 4s
15..... 86
N O, Tex & Mex income 5s
1..... 55
3..... 54½
NYAirB 1st 6s
5..... 87½
NYCent deb 6s
3..... 85¾
14..... 85½
1..... 85¾
2..... 86¼
2..... 86¾
85..... 86
1..... 88½
4..... 88¾
7s, inter rcts
13.....100¼
gen 5½s
4..... 95¾
10..... 95¾
con 4s, Ser A
11..... 66⅞
ref & imp
4½s, Ser A
5..... 72¾
5..... 73
L S col 3½s
5..... 58¾
10..... 58¾
M C col 3½s
2..... 59
2..... 57¼
N Y Conn RR gtd 4½s
15..... 40
30..... 40¼
NY,O&Wref 4s
2..... 59
NYRys adj 5s
1..... 3½
ctfs of dep
18..... 3½
4..... 3
10..... 3¼
ref 4s
1..... 16½
NY State Rys con 4½s
2..... 47
N Y Tel s f deb 6s
2..... 84
2..... 83
1..... 84
5..... 83¾
5..... 83¾
4½s
2..... 72½
12..... 73
1..... 72½
2..... 73
11..... 73½
4..... 73
N Y, W & B 4½s
1..... 34¾
Norf & W c 4s
3..... 73
4..... 73½
1..... 73
conv 6s
14..... 102
2..... 102
15..... 101¼
Div 4s
5..... 74½
6..... 73¾
P C & C 4s
10..... 75
Nor Pac 4s
21..... 73½
18..... 73¼
8..... 73¾
27..... 73¾
4..... 73¾
14..... 73½
9..... 73
1..... 73½
3s
2..... 54
2..... 53¾
Nor S Pwr 1st & ref 5s
4..... 76
11..... 76½
Ont Transm 5s
1..... 65
Oreg S L gtd ref 4s
1..... 76¾
2..... 76¾
18..... 76½
G W R & N 1st & ref 4s
1..... 83
2..... 83¾
Pac G & El 5s
55..... 78
5..... 80
Penn gtd 4½s
2..... 93¾
82..... 96½
P Co gen 5s
1..... 88½
6..... 88¾
3..... 88¾
P S Co s f 5s
2..... 88
1..... 88¾
Reading gen 4s
5..... 78
10..... 77½
8..... 77½
R J O col 4s
14..... 67
R I & S f 5s, 1940
5..... 85
R Gr W 1st 4s
11..... 60½
RI, A & L 4½s
8..... 63¾
9..... 63¾
2..... 63
St L, I M & S unif & ref 4s
6..... 68¼
3..... 68¾
Riv & G 4s
7..... 66
3..... 65¾
St L & S F p l 4s, Ser A
1..... 58¾
12..... 60
31..... 58½
5..... 59¾
5..... 59½
p l 4s, Ser B
20..... 71
p l 4s, Ser C
2..... 56½
6..... 55¾
5..... 56
adj 5s
10..... 62
10..... 61½
1..... 62¾
10..... 61
3..... 61½
4..... 62
2..... 61½
2..... 61¾
10..... 61½
3..... 61
income 6s
10..... 46
10..... 46½
5..... 46¾
1..... 88½
4..... 88¾
7s, inter rcts
13.....100¼
gen 5½s
10..... 95¾
10..... 95¾
con 4s, Ser A
11..... 66⅞
ref & imp
4½s, Ser A
5..... 72¾
5..... 73
L S col 3½s
5..... 58¾
10..... 58¾
M C col 3½s
2..... 59
2..... 57¼
N Y Conn RR gtd 4½s
15..... 40
30..... 40¼
NY,O&Wref 4s
2..... 59
NYRys adj 5s
1..... 3½
ctfs of dep
18..... 3½
4..... 3
10..... 3¼
ref 4s
1..... 16½
NY State Rys con 4½s
2..... 47
N Y Tel s f deb 6s
2..... 84
2..... 83
1..... 84
5..... 83¾
5..... 83¾
4½s
2..... 72½
12..... 73
1..... 72½
2..... 73
11..... 73½
4..... 73
N Y, W & B 4½s
1..... 34¾
Norf & W c 4s
3..... 73
4..... 73½
1..... 73
conv 6s
14..... 102
2..... 102
15..... 101¼
Div 4s
5..... 74½
6..... 73¾
P C & C 4s
10..... 75
Nor Pac 4s
21..... 73½
18..... 73¼
8..... 73¾
27..... 73¾
4..... 73¾
14..... 73½
9..... 73
1..... 73½
3s
2..... 54
2..... 53¾
Nor S Pwr 1st & ref 5s
4..... 76
11..... 76½
Ont Transm 5s
1..... 65
Oreg S L gtd ref 4s
1..... 76¾
2..... 76¾
18..... 76½
G W R & N 1st & ref 4s
1..... 83
2..... 83¾
Pac G & El 5s
55..... 78
5..... 80
Penn gtd 4½s
2..... 93¾
82..... 96½
P Co gen 5s
1..... 88½
6..... 88¾
3..... 88¾
P S Co s f 5s
2..... 88
1..... 88¾
Reading gen 4s
5..... 78
10..... 77½
8..... 77½
R J O col 4s
14..... 67
R I & S f 5s, 1940
5..... 85
R Gr W 1st 4s
11..... 60½
RI, A & L 4½s
8..... 63¾
9..... 63¾
2..... 63
St L, I M & S unif & ref 4s
6..... 68¼
3..... 68¾
Riv & G 4s
7..... 66
3..... 65¾
St L & S F p l 4s, Ser A
1..... 58¾
12..... 60
31..... 58½
5..... 59¾
5..... 59½
p l 4s, Ser B
20..... 71
p l 4s, Ser C
2..... 56½
6..... 55¾
5..... 56
adj 5s
10..... 62
10..... 61½
1..... 62¾
10..... 61
3..... 61½
4..... 62
2..... 61½
2..... 61¾
10..... 61½
3..... 61
income 6s
10..... 46
10..... 46½
5..... 46¾
20..... 46
10..... 45¾
4..... 46
1..... 45¾
96..... 45
22..... 44½
10..... 44¾
10..... 44½
7..... 44
L 1st 4½s
4..... 65
1st term 5s
11..... 59
10..... 59½
con 4s
1..... 59
2..... 58¾
1..... 58¾
2..... 58¾
St P & K C S L 1st 4½s
1..... NB
5..... 38
1..... 38½
6..... 38
gold 4s, stpd
1..... 50½
adj 5s
19..... 33
35..... 33½
So Bell T & T 1st 5s
8..... 81¾
So Pac col 4s
3..... 67¾
conv 4s
20..... 74
5..... 73½
4..... 73⅝
11..... 74
10..... 73¾
conv 6s
1..... 96½
1..... 95¾
11..... 95
23..... 92¾
10..... 93
1st ref 4s
16..... 73⅜
14s30f. 72¾
6..... 73¼
So Ry 1st 5s
1..... 82½
1..... 82⅝
3..... 82¾
1..... 82
gen 4s
7..... 57
5..... 57⅜
20..... 57½
10..... 57⅝
5..... 57¾
10..... 57⅞
7..... 57½
5..... 57⅝
10..... 57¾
Term As of St L ref 4s
1..... 70
ThirdAv ref 4s
7..... 40¾
2..... 40
5..... 41
3..... 40½
adj 5s
28..... 25
Tol Walhond'g Vy&Olstgtd 4½s, Ser B
20..... 82
Un Pac 1st 4s
10..... 79¾
1..... 79¾
2..... 78¾
4..... 79
conv 4s
6..... 78⅝
16..... 94½
10..... 94¼
10..... 94
25..... 93⅞
1..... 93⅜
16..... 93⅛
1..... 93
10..... 94
11..... 93¾
15..... 93⅝
12..... 93
US Rubr 7½s
1..... 96¾
1..... 96½
7s
3..... 97¼
1st & ref 5s
1..... 79½
3..... 79¾
3..... 79¾
1..... 79¾
17..... 79¾
US Steel Corp s f 5s
22..... 90
2..... 89¾
2..... 90
13..... 89¾
84..... 90
84..... 89¾
Utah P & L 5s
7..... 76
Va-Car Chem conv deb 6s
5..... 85½
1st 5s
7..... 89¾
Virgn Ry 1st5s
9..... 81
1..... 80¾
15..... 80
10..... 79¼
Wabash 1st 5s
8..... 84¼
2d 5s
2..... 73⅜
Westn Elec 5s
2..... 93
1..... 92¾
1..... 92¾
2..... 92¾
Wn Marrld 4s
5..... 53
West Pac 5s
10..... 80½
1..... 80½
5..... 80½
West Shore 4s
8..... 69
West Va fund & ref 6 4½s
10..... 75
W U Tel tr5s
1..... 78¼
Weningh E & M temp 7s
4..... 94¾
6..... 94⅝
16..... 94½
16..... 94¼
10..... 94
25..... 93⅞
1..... 93⅜
16..... 93⅛
1..... 93
10..... 94
11..... 93¾
15..... 93⅝
12..... 93
Wilson & Co 1st 6s
14..... 84
2..... 83¾
33..... 84
25..... 80
Wis Cent gen 4s
9..... 66

Cerro de Pasco Copper Corporation

10-Year Convertible 8% Bonds
Price to Yield 8%

Convertible into the stock of the corporation at the rate of 30 shares of stock for each $1000 bond equivalent to $33⅓ per share of stock.

Price range of the stock during 1920 has been from $25 to $61.38 per share.

Bonds constitute the sole funded debt of the corporation.

Net income (estimated) will equal nearly 3 times the interest and sinking fund requirements of these bonds in 1920.

Complete details in our Letter No. T 198

Herrick & Bennett
Members New York Stock Exchange
66 Broadway 51 E. 42nd St.
New York New York
Rector 9060 Murray Hill 3486
Peekskill, N. Y.

Recreated Opportunities in Railroad Bonds

have been placed at the command of investors by the reaction in market values since October. The fundamentals of the situation remain unchanged. We believe that at present prices, railroad bonds as a class are attractive not only for income return but also for substantial market appreciation.

Ask for circular AAA-1 containing list of suggestions.

M. J. Hoey & Co.
MEMBERS
New York Stock Exchange
N. Y. Coffee & Sugar Exch.
74 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 4530.
Uptown Office: 516 Fifth Ave.
Telephone Vanderbilt 4084.
386 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.

We Will Sell

LaPorte Oil & Refining
5-Year 7% Notes
At 85

The holders of these notes are offered the Right to Convert to Century Oil Stock.

Notes at 85 figure

Century Oil Stock
at about 7¾

L. Sherman Adams
Listed and Unlisted Securities
Member Boston Stock Exchange
New York Telephone Canal 1674
70 State Street Boston, Mass.

—TOLEDO, OHIO—

Secor, Bell & Beckwith
Members New York Stock Exchange
We invite your inquiry on
Libbey-Owens Sheet Glass Com. & Pfd.
Tol. Gas, Elec. & Heat 5% Bonds 1935
And all local securities.
Circular "T-55" on request.
Gardner Bldg. Toledo

FOUNDED 1852.

Investment Securities
Letters of Credit
Foreign Exchange
Travelers' Checks
Correspondents Throughout the World.

Knauth-Nachod & Kuhne
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Equitable Building New York

Foreign Exchange
Closing Rates—

	Cable.	Check.	Currency.	
England	$3.52	$3.51½	$3.37	Sterling
France	5.82	5.81	6.20	Francs
Belgium	6.17	6.26	6.30	Francs
Italy	3.44	3.43	3.65	Lire
Germany	1.38	1.39	1.42	Marks
Switzerland	13.38	15.26	16.00	Francs
Spain	12.80	12.85	12.35	Pesetas
Greece	7.43	7.44	8.50	Drachmas
Roumania	1.16	1.16	1.00	Lei
Czecho-S.	1.18	1.17	1.40	Kronen
Jugo-Sla.	.90	.88	..	Kronen
Austria	.29	.34	.33	Kronen
Hungary	.21	.29	.30	Kronen
Poland	.19	.18	.21	Marks
Russia	..	..	.55	Rubles

Call, Wire or Write for Rates.

MORTON LACHENBRUCH & CO.
42 Broad Street, New York.
Private Wires to CHICAGO-PHILADELPHIA-ST. LOUIS
PITTSBURGH-DETROIT-CLEVELAND-GRAND RAPIDS

"The Oil Industry"
Devoted to the interest of investors in oil securities. Published monthly.
Free on request.
R. C. MEGARGEL & CO.
27 Pine Street—New York.

PRICHITT & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
60 Broadway New York

Cities Service All Issues
Wayne Coal 6s 1937
Amer. Light & Traction
Charles E. Brickley & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
61 Broadway Tel. Bowling Green 6700

$6,500,000

Riordon Company, Limited

Twenty-Year First Mortgage & Refunding 8% Bonds

Dated December 1, 1920. Due December 1, 1940.

Interest payable June 1 and December 1. Principal and interest payable in Montreal and in United States gold in Boston and New York.

The Company agrees to pay interest without deduction for any present or future Canadian taxes except income taxes upon residents of Canada or for any United States income tax up to 2% which it may be required or permitted to pay.

A strong sinking fund is provided in the trust deed which, it is estimated, will retire at least 80% of the issue before maturity. Bonds callable at 110 until Dec. 1, 1930, thereafter at decreasing premiums until maturity.

The following information is taken from official sources:

Riordon Company, Limited, is one of the largest manufacturers of bleached sulphite pulp in the world and controls one of the largest holdings of pine and pulp wood timber lands and leases in North America. These timber lands aggregate 12,105 square miles, an area nearly as great as the States of Massachusetts and Connecticut combined.

The business has been in successful operation since 1857. The Company's properties and resources are so situated that its costs of production of bleached sulphite pulp, which is the basis for the manufacture of high grade paper, etc., should be among the lowest prevailing in Canada, which are probably the lowest in the world.

These bonds will be secured in the opinion of counsel by a direct first mortgage on the Kipawa plant with its appurtenances, which properties cost to November 1, 1920, over $14,250,000. This is a complete and self-contained unit. The bon

Grand Trunk Western 4s, 1950
Seaboard Air Line 6s, 1945
Russian Gov. Bonds, all issues

Adams Express 4s, 1947
Chi., So. Bend & Nor. Ind. 5s, 1937
Columbus Gas Co. 5s, 1932
Indianapolis Trac. & Term. 5s, 1933
Michigan Light 5s, 1946
Oregon Elec. Ry. 1st 5s, 1933
Webster Coal & Coke 5s, 1947

Packard Motor Com. & Pfd.
Goodyear Tire & Rubber
American Light & Traction
Arkansas Valley Railway
Detroit Edison

MORTON LACHENBRUCH & Co
42 Broad Street, New York
Private Wires to CHICAGO PHILADELPHIA ST. LOUIS
PITTSBURGH DETROIT CLEVELAND GRAND RAPIDS

Des Moines & Ft. Dodge 1st 4s
East Tenn., Va. & Ga. 5s, 1930
Indiana, Illinois & Iowa 4s
Iowa Central 1st 5s
New York Connecting 4½s
New York, Penna. & Ohio 4½s
Oregon & California 1st 5s
Virginia Midland General 5s

European Issues

Central Pacific 4s, 1946
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul 4s, 1925
N. Y., N. H. & Hart. 4s, 1922
Province of Buenos Aires 6s

PYNCHON & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 970
LONDON LIVERPOOL PARIS
PRIVATE WIRES
to principal cities of United States & Canada

Established 1855

BREITUNG & COMPANY
INCORPORATED

7 & 9
Hanover St.

Present Market Position
and
Future Prospects
for
The Fertilizer Stocks
with special reference to
Amer. Agricultural Chemical
Virginia-Carolina Chemical

We welcome inquiries on the above class of stocks.

Specially prepared memorandum on request.

Taylor, Bates & Co.
NEW YORK
Members
New York Stock Exchange
New York Cotton Exchange
Main Office 100 Broadway Rector 1140
Uptown Office Hotel Belmont Murray Hill 5632

BOLES & WESTWOOD
Members Phila. Stock Exchange
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Land Title Bldg. Philadelphia
PHONE: LOCUST 4723

WIN HIGHER RATES

Judge Knox Enjoins Public Service Bodies From Attacking New Fare Schedules.

HEARING SET FOR DEC. 31

Wall Street Estimates Carriers Will Gain $32,800 a Day While Injunction Stands.

A temporary injunction restraining Attorney General Newton and the two Public Service Commissions in this State from further litigation in efforts to prevent railroads putting into effect the new intrastate rates was granted in the United States District Court yesterday by Judge John C. Knox. The order for argument to show cause why the injunction should not be made permanent is returnable on Dec. 31.

The Interstate Commerce Commission issued an order on Nov. 13 authorizing the railroads operating within this State to advance rates for transportation of passengers, milk and cream. The power of the Federal rate fixing body to set charges for transportation inside New York State was challenged by the Public Service Commissions and Attorney General Newton obtained a temporary injunction in the State Supreme Court forbidding the railroads to put the new schedules into effect.

This injunction was vacated last week by Supreme Court Justice Hasbrouck in a hearing at Kingston, who ruled that the Interstate Commerce Commission had the power to fix intrastate rates. Attorney General Newton and counsel for the Public Service Commissioners then said they would continue their efforts to block the rate rise.

Claims of the Railroad.

The New York Central Railroad Company claims that the Federal Court has jurisdiction in the litigation because the railroad company is a consolidated corporation organized and existing under laws of New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois and Indiana, and is a "citizen" of each of those States. The complaint further asserts that the case involves the question under the commerce clauses of the Constitution and the Fourteenth Amendment, as well as the Interstate Commmerce act and the Transportation act of 1920, both passed by Congress.

The complaint recites that the railroad, which inaugurated the new fares on Monday, was carrying out the orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and there had been interference and threats of attempted interference with the railroad's obedience to these orders by the State authorities.

The court order restrains the Attorney General and counsel for the commissions from starting any new actions or proceeding with any already initiated. One of the phrases says they are restrained from "harassing and threatening to harass" the New York Central.

The New York Central, the Lackawanna, the Erie and other roads already have begun using their intrastate schedules.

May Mean $32,800 More a Day.

When word was received in the financial district yesterday that the restraining injunction had been obtained by the New York Central and other railroads estimates were forthcoming that during the life of the order receipts of the New York Central would be augumented by $18,000 a day. It was also estimated that for all of the roads in New York State enjoyment of the increased rates would mean total annual additions to revenue of $12,000,000, or a little more than $32,800 a day.

That the Public Service Commission would fight the case to the end was a natural conclusion and no great measure of relief for the roads in this State was generally expected among local railroad men until the matter had been finally disposed of by the United States Supreme Court. This probably will occur in the case of the Illinois Railroad Commission's opposition to the Interstate Commerce Commission's interstate rate schedules applying in that State. The Illinois case is now being considered as the test case in the interstate-intrastate rate dispute, and special efforts are being made to push the matter through to a final settlement by a ruling of the United States Supreme Court.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle...6		Oct. 21,'22	99	99¼	...
Am. Chicle...6		Oct. 23,'22	90	93	7.71
Am. Chicle...6		Oct. 26,'22	87¼	91¼	7.58
Am. Cot. Oil 6		Sep. 2,'24	85	88	10.40
Am. T. & T.		Oct., 1922	93½	94	9.40
Am. T. & T.6		Feb., 1924	91¼	92	9.10
Am Thd Co.6		Dec., 1928	92½	94½	8.26
Am. Tobacco..7		Nov., 1921	99¼	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.7		Nov., 1922	99½	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.7		Nov., 1923	99½	100	7.00
Anaco. Co...6		Jan., 1929	84½	87½	9.40
Anaco. Co...7		Jan., 1929	89½	89¾	8.80
A.-A. O., Ltd.7½		Apr., 1925	99	99½	7.90
Arm. & Co. c.7		July15,'24	93¾	94¼	7.90
Beth. St. Cor.7		July15,'23	94	94½	9.50
Beth. St. Cor.7		July15,'22	97	97¾	8.70
Can. Pac. Ry.6		Mar. 2,'24	91	92	8.70
Col. Graph., Co. 8%		Aug., 1925	85	90	10.80
Cudahy Pack.7		July15,'23	93	93½	9.05
Fed. Sug. R..		Nov., 1924	91	94	7.75
Cent. Arg. R.6		Feb., 1927	73	78½	11.00
C., R. I. & P.6		Feb., 1922	93½	95½	10.80
L. Ry. Co...6		July, 1929	89¼	90½	7.50
The B.F.Goodrich Co. cv.7		Apr., 1925	83	83¾	11.75
Gulf Oil Corp.6		July, 1921	97	98	7.50
Gulf Oil Corp.6		July, 1922	94¾	96¼	8.70
Gulf Oil Corp.6		July, 1924	94½	96	7.75
Hocking Val..6		Mar., 1924	89	91	9.00
Int. Rap. Tr..7		Sep., 1921	66½	67½	...
Kan. C. Ter..6		Nov., 1923	91	93	8.70
Kennecott C..7		Feb., 1930	88¼	89¼	8.75
Laclede Gas..		Jan., 1929	86	88	9.10
Llg. & Myers.6		Dec., 1921	96¾	97½	8.70
Nat.C.&S.10-yr.8		1930	90	96	8.60
Penn. Co. ...4½		June15,'21	98½	98¾	7.50
Phila. Co....6		Feb., 1922	91¾	92¾	14.00
Proc. & G...7		Mar., 1921	99¼	100	6.00
Proc. & G...7		Mar., 1922	99¼	100	7.00
Proc. & G...7		Mar., 1923	99¾	100	7.00
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J. cv.7		Mar., 1922	86	87½	...
R.J. Rylds. T.8		Aug., 1922	96	96¾	8.40
Sears, R. & C.7		Oct. 15,'21	96¾	97¼	10.10
Sears, R.& C.7		Oct. 15,'22	93¾	94¼	10.25
Sears, R. & C.7		Oct. 15,'23	93½	94	9.20
Sinc. C. O. C.7		May15,'23	87¼	88	10.90
Solvay & Co..8		Oct., 1927	98½	99	8.30
Southern Ry..6		Mar., 1925	91¾	92½	11.80
S'west B. T..7		Apr., 1925	90	92	9.20
St.P.Un.Dep. guaran. 5½		Dec. 15,'23	94	96½	7.20
Stand. Oil Co. (Cal.)		Jan., 1931	99¾	100	7.00
Swift & Co..6		Aug. 15,'21	97¾	97¾	6.90
Swift & Co..7		Oct. 15,'23	93½	94	8.50
Utah Sec.Cor.6		Sep. 15,'22	78	80	...
West'n Elec. Co. conv....6		Apr., 1925	99¼	99¾	7.70

EARNINGS.

Railroad.

UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM for November—

	1920.	*1919.	†1918.
Gross	$19,547,152	$15,720,959	$14,140,640
Bal. after tax	4,398,301	3,781,566	4,458,731
Net oper. income	3,966,987	3,389,006	4,388,994
11 mos. gr.	202,654,109	163,516,422	144,723,156
Bal. after tax	58,491,975	44,242,782	47,539,325
Net oper. income	38,067,859	42,974,761	47,777,242

*Corporate and Federal combined. †Interstate Commerce Commission report. ‡Includes $3,176,208 representing back pay for hauling mail, years 1918 and 1919.

Public Utilities.

CAROLINA POWER & LIGHT CO. for October—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
Gross	$153,830	$128,377	$25,462
Net after tax..	42,124	37,397	4,727
Total income..	45,852	39,216	6,636
Sur. after chg.	27,518	23,396	4,122
12 mos. gross..	1,548,067	1,200,197	348,870
Net after tax..	429,342	308,505	36,037
Total income..	601,912	552,038	49,874
Sur. after chg.	398,589	360,816	35,753
Bal. after pf. dividends ...	282,639	234,813	27,826

PHILADELPHIA RAPID TRANSIT CO. for November—

Gross	3,726,376	3,055,953	670,423
†Net after tax..	1,137,244	990,814	146,430
Total income..	1,192,200	1,032,844	159,356
Sur. aft. fixed charges	272,928	218,069	153,937
11 mos. gross..	34,917,705	32,216,937	2,700,768
Net after tax..	9,322,972	10,122,756	*799,784
Total income..	8,954,338	10,606,086	*751,980
Sur. aft. fixed charges	858,206	1,682,748	*824,442

*Decrease. †Includes payment of full wage scale for the month.

Though With Reaction in the Late Market.

Exchange rates on the European markets advanced in nearly all cases yesterday, and an irregular reaction at the last left most of them with net gains for the day. Sterling and Italian exchange ended lower, but rates on France, Scandinavia and several other Continental points ended higher.

Canadian exchange was slightly higher; South American rates were little altered.

TUESDAY, DEC. 21, 1920.

RANGE OF RATES, SIGHT EXCHANGE.

	High	Low.	Previous.	Monday's
LONDON	3.53¼	3.50¾	3.51⅛	3.52½
PARIS	5.04¾	5.00¾	5.00¾	5.00⅝
ROME	3.45	3.39	3.41	3.42½
AMSTERDAM	31.30	31.25	31.25	31.15
BERLIN	1.39	1.38½	1.39	1.38½
MADRID	12.06	12.01	12.01	12.08

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Tuesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.			
Demand	3.51⅛	3.49¾	3.83½
Cables	3.51⅝	3.47	3.84½
Com., 60 days	3.48¼	3.40½	3.78
Com., 90 days	3.44½	3.38½	3.76
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	5.00¼	4.85¼	9.63
Cables	5.01	5.86	9.64
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.41	3.44	7.70
Cables	3.42	3.45	7.71
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.14	6.14	9.78
Cables	6.23	6.15	9.79
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.59	1.36	2.09
Cables	1.59½	1.36½	2.10
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.26	.28	.70
Cables	.27	.29	.72
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.16	1.15	1.00
Cables	1.17	1.16	1.03
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.15	15.00	18.90
Cables	15.20	15.05	14.05
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand	2.41	2.20	3.20
Cables	2.46	2.26	3.25
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	7.38	7.50	15.50
Cables	7.43	7.55	15.58
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	31.25	30.62	37.50
Cables	31.35	30.72	37.625
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.20	.19	..
Cables	.21	.20	..
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.65	.72	1.05
Cables	.74	.75	1.10
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	14.90	14.80	20.60
Cables	15.00	14.85	20.75
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	.17	.17	1.20
Cables	.17¼	.17½	1.22
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Demand	1.14	1.35	3.35
Cables	1.15	1.36	3.30
SERBIA: Belgrade—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	2.89	2.95	4.80
Cables	2.94	2.98	4.85
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	12.91	13.10	19.55
Cables	12.93	13.12	19.45
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	19.70	19.55	21.55
Cables	19.75	19.40	21.70
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	15.22	15.07	18.68
Cables	15.25	15.10	18.15

Far East.

	Tuesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.			
Hongkong, demand	56.25	54.50	98.00
Hongkong, cables	56.35	54.60	98.50
Peking, demand	70.00	78.00	160.00
Shanghai, demand	72.50	72.00	168.50
Shanghai, cables	73.00	72.50	169.00
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	26.00	26.00	46.00
Cables	26.50	26.50	46.50
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS — Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.			
Demand	45.50	45.50	49.00
Cables	46.00	46.00	49.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	32.00	31.50	....
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	48.75	49.875	50.25
Cables	48.875	50.00	50.50

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44c per Arg. paper dol.			
Demand	34.25	35.375	43.125
Cables	34.375	35.50	43.25
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.			
Demand	14.125	13.35	27.75
Cables	14.25	13.50	27.875

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100c per Canadian dollar.

Demand	84.0	86.1	92.9

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par 51.40 cents per ruble:

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, par ruble	.62½	.72½
500 ruble notes, par ruble	.57½	.62½

IN FIGHTING ROADS

Machinists Would Prevent Purchase of Equipment From Rail-Controlled Concerns.

ATTACKS THE AMENDMENT

Johnston Asserts Clause in Transportation Act Was Slipped Through Without Debate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—President W. H. Johnston of the International Association of Machinists sent a request today to President Wilson to veto an amendment to the Transportation act which would defer until 1922 Section 10 of the Clayton Anti-Trust act. The section provides that the railroads cannot purchase equipment and other supplies from concerns which they control without the supervision of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Mr. Johnston charged that the amendment was put through when only a handful of Senators were present, and that it was legislation in favor of the railroad corporations which would permit them to make enormous and illegitimate profits.

"This amendment simply legalizes a great steal from the American public," said Mr. Johnston. "In filing this protest, it is our purpose to afford the President an opportunity to exercise his constitutional right to protect the people against the disastrous effects of a tion."

"It is amazing," said Mr. Johnston, "that such a resolution, permitting great railroad interests another year of unlimited opportunity to prey upon the public, could have been passed without debate, without any information as to the sinister intent being allowed to leak out to the public.

"It has been the established custom for railroad officials and Directors to be heavily interested in concerns from which railroads buy their supplies and equipment. Through private deals by these Boards of Directors and officials, free from the public scrutiny, prices were paid which netted millions of dollars in profits to these railroad interests. By Section 10 of the Clayton act Congress, in 1914, intended to forbid these acts of piracy.

"When this act was passed it was the small stockholders who were protected against such deals from which they alone suffered. But today under the guaranteed returns of the Cummins-Esch bill every family in the country must be protected, for every family is assessed to pay the bill."

Mr. Johnston further asserted that the amendment had been put through at a time when the railroads have given definite evidence of their intention to use exemption from the law to defraud the public.

"Recent deals," he asserted, "between railroads and equipment concerns with which they are allied have come to light. These have involved unwarranted charges for the repair of locomotives and cars which will mount up into tens of millions of dollars. This money has been extracted from the public.

"Evidence as to these contracts, through which enormous profits have been realized, is at present in the possession of the Interstate Commerce Commission. This shows that work has been charged for at rates two, three and four times legitimate costs as shown by the actual cost of similar work in railroad shops.

"With such evidence before us we are certain that if the American public had been given a chance to express itself, every real representative of the people in the Senate and in the House of Representatives would have been lined up against the passage of this sinister measure."

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
City of Berne 8s	93	93¼
City of Christiania 8s	93½	94½
City of Zurich 8s	94¾	95¾
Argentine 6s	..	86⅞
Belgium 6s, 1921	99⅝	100
Belgium 6s, 1925	87	89
Belgium 7½s	96	98¼
Dom. of Canada, 5s, 1921	98¾	99
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	98½	98⅝
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	..	88½
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	87	88
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	80	85¾
Chinese Government 8s	39¼	40
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	77½	77½
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	61¾	61¾
Dominican Republic 5s	72	72¾
City of Lyons 6s	78½	84
City of Marseilles 6s	78½	84
City of Bordeaux 6s	78½	84
City of Copenhagen 5½s	72½	73
French Government 8s	100	100
Government of Switzerland 8s	102	102½
Japanese 4½s	73¾	73¾
Japanese 4½s, second series	73¾	73¾
Japanese 4s	55¾	56
City of Tokio 5s	45	45¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 3½s, 1921	87¼	87¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	94¾	94¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1929	..	88
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	82¾	83
United States of Mexico 5s	..	39¾
United States of Mexico 4s	20½	20¾
Italy 6½s	81	84

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
4s, c. 1925	..	100	Pan 2s, c. 1961	..	90
Pan 3s r. 1961	..	89	P I 4s, '34	81½	90
			P I 4s, '35	81¾	90

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	21	28
Ad Rumely 1st	14½	..
Alb & Sus.	120	150
A A Cables	94	100
All Realty.	71	..
Allis-Ch. M pf.	68	71
Am S 1st pf.	94	..
Am Ag Ch pf.	76	80
Am Bk N	39	43
Am Bt Sug pf.	60	73
Am B S & F. ex d.	44	48
Do pf. ex div	83¾	87½
Am Lin pf.	75	85
Am Rad.	64½	67½
Do pf.	..	100
Am Shipb.	..	80
Do pf.	..	80
Am Sm pf, A	70	..
Am Snuff.	90	95
Do pf.	75	82
Am S Tob pf.	78	82
Am T & C.	47	53
Am Wh pf.	87	89
Ann Arbor.	12	15
Do pf.	20½	30
Assets R.	2¾	2¾
Asso D. G. 2d pf.	37¾	40

	Bid.	Asked.
C. C. C & St L.	34	51
Do pf.	..	78
Ch. P pf.	81	85½
C & S 1st pf.	47	53
Do 2d pf.	40	50
Comp T R.	32	37
Con Cigar.	51	53
Cont C pf.	96½	100
Corn P R pf.	92	100
Crex Carp.	..	57
C-Am Sug pf.	92	95
Dav Chem.	23	28
D & Co pf.	84	94
D & R G.	7¾	8
Det Ed.	90	98
Det U Ry.	..	79
Dul Tr.	..	17
D, S S & A	3	3½
Do pf.	5	8
Dur Hos'y.	32½	33
Do pf.	84	87
Elec. S B.	85	95
Elk H Coal pf.	35	37
Esn B & pf.	20	60
E. Rodak.	515	520
Do pf.	100	103
Erie & P.	45	55
Fairbanks.	..	48
Fisher Bdy 97	100	105
Do pf.	70	85
Gen Chem.	115	122
Do pf.	82	89
Gen Clg pf.	76	78
G. M & N.	8	9
Hatfr Elec	11	15
Hartman.	68½	70¾
Hyd Steel.	19	21
Homestake.	48	54
Ill C I L.	36½	..
Int Mot Tr 1st pf.	68	71
Do 2d pf.	52	58
Int N pf.	75	85
Int Pa pf.	85	105
Int Salt.	56¾	..
Iowa Cent.	5	8
K C. Ft S & M pf.	58	61
Kayser (J) 70	75	..
Do 1st pf.	100	120
Kelly Sp T pf.	70	73
Do 8% pf	75	85
Kelsey Wh pf.	70	96
K & D M.	4	10
Do pf.	20	..
Kress(S H)	90	95
Lael Gas.	38	40
L E & W.	104½	111½
Do pf.	22½	23
L & M. B.	120	134
Do pf.	90	100
L-W B 2d pf.	98	105
Mah Coal.	350	700
Mex Petr.	2¼	..
Man El S.	85½	150
Man R pf.	..	93
Max M 1st pf. sta.	4	4½
Do 2d pf.	1	2½
M Dep Sts pf.	93½	96½
Mich Cent.	90	..
M. St P & S S M pf	83	93
Do pf.	85	86
Mor & Es.	60	..
Mullins B. pf.	73½	..

	Bid.	Asked.
N. C & St L	99	105
N. & W. pf.	103¼	107
Nat B pf.	86	92
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	7	14
N. Y. C & St. L. 1st pf.	58	68
Do 2d pf.	37	65
N. Y. L & W. pf.	81	88
Nunnally.	10	12
Ohio F S.	40	50
Otis El pf.	87	..
Pac Coast.	20	35
Pan Am Pet	60	100
Do 2d pf.	45	80
Pac Mail.	..	15
P T & Tel.	37	40¾
Penney pf.	86	..
Peo & E.	7	10
Pere M pf.	34	40
Pett-Mull.	35	62
Pond Cr pf.	87	96
P Jones.	20	32
Do pf.	65	73
Pierce O pf.	74½	76
P. Y & A pf.	73	121
Pitts C pf.	84	85
P. Ft W & C pf.	113	120
Pitts & S pf.	..	85
P & W Va pf.	68	76
Pr Stl Car pf.	91	95
R R Sec. I C stk cfs	46	50
Ry Stl Spr pf.	99	102¾
R T 1st pf.	..	82
Do 2d pf.	..	83
Reis & S.	98	..
Rep I & S pf.	81	85
R Reis.	6	10
Do 1st pf	61½	64
St L S F pf.	27½	31
St L S W pf.	31	34
S-R S & I pf.	79¾	87¾
So P R S pf.	85	100
Stern B pf.	..	94½
St'd Mill pf	70	80
Studeb Cor pf.	80	95
Sun Stl 1st pf.	93	97½
T P L Tr.	200	300
Third Av.	10	14
Tide W O.	168	182
T. St L & W. pf.	6	10
T C R T pf.	..	88
Und Type.	120	150
Un Shipb.	100	120
U Clg Stz.	126	150
Do pf.	98½	105
U D Ice pf.	40	44¾
U S Exp.	5¾	7
U S Ind A pf.	91½	94¼
Va-Car Ch pf.	93	95
Va R Ry & P pf.	..	45
West U T.	80¾	81½
W E & M 1st pf.	30	60
W'sire Stl.	16	25
Wilson pf.	78	85

How Much Is Investment Satisfaction Worth to You?

THE words "investment satisfaction" mean a great deal. The money one invests is the money that means independence and comfort in declining years. It is more important than the money one uses and spends from day to day. Anyone who has ever made an unsatisfactory investment knows how severe the penalty is.

"Investment satisfaction" means safety, first and foremost, but this is not all. An investment might be safe and yet not be paid promptly. Before you invest, make sure that the investment is safe, and, moreover, make certain that the actual cash will be ready to pay both principal and interest promptly when principal and interest come due.

A really satisfactory investment must require no management and entail no anxiety or care. This means that it must be absolutely free from depreciation and fluctuation in value, and backed by a service that relieves the investor of all responsibility.

Then, finally, it should pay a reasonably attractive interest yield—not too small, yet not so large as to cause difficulty on the part of the borrowing corporation in making payments to the investors.

If investment satisfaction is worth anything to you, investigate the *Straus Plan*, which has brought safety, freedom from care, and a good income to tens of thousands of investors in the last 38 years. Write today for our booklet, "Common Sense in Investing Money," which you will find to be full of valuable hints. Ask for

Booklet A-500

S. W. STRAUS & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1882 INCORPORATED
150 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Telephone Cortlandt 8064
CHICAGO CLEVELAND PHILADELPHIA SAN FRANCISCO
DETROIT BOSTON INDIANAPOLIS MILWAUKEE
BUFFALO WASHINGTON PITTSBURGH MINNEAPOLIS

Thirty-eight years without loss to any investor

1913 1920

A COMPARISON OF BOND PRICES

Long term bonds are selling at levels considerably lower than before the war.

Long term, fixed interest-bearing obligations should materially improve in price as money conditions return to normal.

This price disparity is shown strikingly in a diversified list of bonds which we have prepared, and which will be sent on request by our

Bond Department
HALLE & STIEGLITZ
Members New York Stock Exchange
30 Broad Street, New York
Atlantic City Baltimore Philadelphia

Securily Yearly Maturities High Yield

As a well-secured short-time investment, we recommend the Five-Year Serial 8% Gold Notes of a well-known New England manufacturing company.

These notes are:
1. Secured by net quick assets of 2½ times, and net tangible assets of 5½ times, the amount of these notes.
2. Followed by capital stock having a current market value over 6 times this issue of notes.

Prices for various maturities to net from
9.08% to 9.42%
Ask for descriptive folder T-390
Hollister, White & Co
115 BROADWAY NEW YORK
Boston Philadelphia

You Can't Lose *All* the Time

but you will lose all in time by speculating in securities of doubtful intrinsic worth.

With this in mind we are recommending a Bond with an exceptional degree of security from the standpoint of assets and earnings.

Price to yield 8.85%

We would welcome an opportunity to furnish complete information.

Letter T on request.

Charles L. Murphy & Co.
Investment Securities
115 Broadway
New York
Telephone Rector 2198.

Exempt from All Federal Income Taxes
$250,000
Los Angeles, Calif.
School District
Serial 5½% Bonds

Principal and semi-annual interest, May 1 and November 1, payable in New York City.

The Los Angeles City High School District includes the entire city of Los Angeles and over two hundred and fifty square miles of additional surrounding territory.

Maturities 1948 to 1959

Price to yield 5.20%

William R. Compton Co.
Investment Bonds
14 Wall Street, New York
St. Louis Chicago
Cincinnati New Orleans

AMERICAN LIGHT & TRACTION CO.
COMMON STOCK
To Net About 11%
(Has paid quarterly dividends since 1914)
Lower operating costs should increase earnings.
Particulars on Request.
MAC QUOID & COADY
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
14 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 9970

Bond Bargains
10% Net
We recommend a Gold Bond of a National Banking System carrying profit sharing certificates. Matures in 15 years.
Circular on request.
Clarence Hodson & Co.
26 Cortlandt St., New York.

MILLER & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
EQUITABLE BLDG.
120 Broadway New York

FOREIGN CURRENCY
Bought and Sold
Shuman & Seligmann
Members New York Stock Exchange
30 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 7270

LISTED SECURITIES
Bought and Sold
for
Investment or on Conservative Margin
Account
B. H. & F. W. Pelzer
Members New York Stock Exchange.
12 Broadway New York City
Phone Broad 6037.

G'dyear Tire & Rub. Com. & Pfd.
Northern States Power Com. & Pf.
Standard Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.
Private Wire to Chicago
111 Broadway Phone Rector 6799

THE external bonds of many foreign governments now offer investment opportunities, of varied maturities, to return high yields.

W. A. HARRIMAN & Co.
INCORPORATED
NEW YORK: 25 BROAD STREET
BOSTON: 60 FEDERAL STREET
SYRACUSE: ONONDAGA BANK BLDG.

We announce the opening of larger and more convenient offices in charge of
MR

Public Utility Bonds

At the present time when most industries are suffering severe depression, Public Utilities are again proving their stability. Increased rates and decreasing costs combine to show substantially increased earnings.

Ask for Circular B-28

F. M. Dyer & Co.

Investment Securities

27 William St., New York City

Telephone Broad 5985

Baltimore New Haven

Cuba Cane Debentures

$100 $500 $1000

Denominations

AVERAGE yearly earnings since organization six and one-half times interest requirements. Paying 7% annually and selling at a price, if carried to maturity, to

Yield over 10%

Full information on request

Lamborn & Co.

Specialists in Sugar Stocks

Seven Wall St. New York

Tel. Rector 6310

MEMBERS

N. Y. Stock Ex. N. Y. Produce Ex. N.Y. Cotton Ex. Chic. Bd. of Trade N. Y. Coffee and Sugar Ex., Inc. London Prod. Clearing House, Ltd.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

- 50 Amer. Lithographic com.
- 100 American Chicle com.
- 100 American Hawaiian S. S.
- 40 American Cigar com.
- 100 Air Reduction
- 25 Am. Machine & Foundry
- 100 Atlantic-Lobos Oil com.
- 100 Atlas Port Cement com.
- 25 Bank of America
- 25 Bank of Manhattan Co.
- 25 Celluloid Co.
- 100 City Investing common
- 100 Clinchfield Coal com.
- 200 E. W. Bliss common
- 50 Del., Lack. & West. Coal
- 10 Franklin Insurance
- 50 Great Amer. Ins.
- 25 Home Ins. "Rights"
- 100 Jas. Butler com. & pfd.
- 25 Ingersoll-Rand com.
- 25 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
- 50 Midland Securities
- 50 National Sugar
- 25 National Fuel Gas
- 50 Nat. Park Bank "Rights"
- 100 N. Y. State Rys. com. & pfd.
- 50 Nile-Bennett-Pond com.
- 100 Penn Coal & Coke
- 50 Phelps, Dodge Corp.
- 50 Realty Associates
- 50 Singer Manufacturing
- 250 Singer Mfg., Ltd.
- 10 Victor Talking Machine
- 100 Ward Baking com.
- 100 Woodward Iron common

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.

Phone 4000 to 4010 John. 86 Wall St., N. Y.

G'dyear T. & R. Com. & Pf.
Gen. Baking Com., Pfd. & 6s
Todd Shipyards
Nat. Park Bank Stk. & Rts.
Tidewater Oil Stk. & Rts.
General Electric Rights
Southern Pacific Rights
Home Insurance Stk. & Rts.
Corn Exch'ge Bk. Stk. & Rts.
Aetna Explosives 6s A's & B's
Talc Products 1st 7s, 1925

Specialists in Dividend Scrips and Rights

C. C. Kerr & Co.

2 Rector St., N. Y. Phone 6780 Rector

Atlanta & Charlotte Air Line 6½s & 5s, 1960
Cuba Cane Co. 8s, 1931
Consolidation Coal 5s, 1950
Dominican Republic 5s, 1938 & 58
Empire Refining 6s, 1947
Kentucky-Ind. Terminal 4s, 1961
L. & N., St. Louis Div. 2d 3s, 1980
Louisville & Jeff. Bridge 4s, 1945
Panhandle 4½s, Series A & B
Pennsylvania Coal & Coke

DUNHAM & Co.

Investment Securities

43 Exchange Place, New York

Telephones 6300-10 Hanover

"Rights"
National Park Bank
Corn Exchange Bank
Home Insurance Co.

CLINTON GILBERT

2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4846 Rector

American-Hawaiian S. S.

Bought—Sold—Quoted

Stone, Prosser & Doty

66 William St., N. Y. Hanover 7733.

Chevrolet Motor
Bankers Trust Co.
Welch Grape Juice Cm. & Pf.

McCLURE, JONES & REED

Members New York Stock Exchange

115 Broadway Phone 3221 Rector

SHIP REPAIR SAVING

Cost-Plus Method Abandoned by Shipping Board for Competitive Bidding.

DIRECTOR TELLS OF SYSTEM

Steamship Representatives Pledge Co-operation in Reducing Bills—Further Saving Predicted.

New methods of repairing Shipping Board vessels, devised by Commander Richard D. Gatewood, Director of the Division of Construction and Repairs, have resulted in a saving of $2,000,000 a month from July to November. An additional saving of $1,500,000 a month is expected later.

When Commander Gatewood took charge of the repair and construction division in July, the average monthly cost of repairs was $6,500,000. Any repairs suggested by commanders of the various vessels were made on the cost-plus system, and the cost was based usually on war prices.

What he did to correct this situation was told by Commander Gatewood at a luncheon yesterday in the Bankers' Club. Frederick L. Thompson, Vice Chairman of the Shipping Board, and Commissioner John A. Donald were guests of honor. Other guests were representatives of big steamship lines.

The purpose of the luncheon was to confer with the shipping men and obtain their co-operation in reducing repair costs. This co-operation was cordially promised.

After the luncheon Commander Gatewood was asked whether the failure of many steamship concerns which had bought vessels from the board on monthly payments was not largely due to excessive repair costs.

"There is no doubt of that," he replied. "The Government is trying to build up a merchant marine and its efforts are greatly interfered with by the heavy charges of keeping the vessels in operating condition. This, together with the low freight rates, is the explanation of the many failures."

Commander Gatewood said competitive bidding had been substituted for the cost-plus method.

"The old system," he explained, "was to take the word of an officer in charge of a vessel that certain repairs were needed. Now we send an expert to examine the vessel. We often find that small repairs are all that are needed. Sometimes it happens that the vessel is reported fit for sailing without a dollar being spent upon it."

The board, the commander said, had nearly 900 vessels under its control. Many were under lease to steamship companies on agreements compelling the Government to keep them in serviceable condition. This condition is kept faithfully.

The commander briefly traced the evolution of high costs with special reference to exorbitant charges for materials.

"These high charges were made not only on Shipping Board work," he said, "but on that of all private operators, so that operation of our ships has been seriously handicapped. All the evils of excessive costs were found in nearly all repair yards. The prices now are virtually the same as charged at the height of the war, when cost was hardly a consideration."

After asserting he had reduced the repair bills about $2,000,000 a month, the commander said:

"We are not satisfied even with this showing. If the repair yards would fully co-operate with us and do their part in the maintenance of our splendid fleet, at least another million and a half dollars a month could be saved out of operating costs on Shipping Board vessels alone."

Revision of ocean rates between Atlantic and Gulf ports and foreign ports on corn, oats, wheat and related grain products will be taken up by the Shipping Board at a hearing Jan. 4. Establishment of a differential on these commodities will be considered, officers of the board said today, but meantime present rates will continue in force.

SHIPPING BOARD SHIPS MAY BE CUT IN PRICE

Reduction Is Proposed to Facilitate Their Sale to Private Owners.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Sharp reduction at an early date in the price of Government-owned merchant ships to facilitate their transition to private control was said today to be under consideration by the Shipping Board.

Under the new shipping act a mandate was conferred upon the board by Congress to turn the merchant fleet over to private ownership, but board officials said this could not be done at the existing scale of prices for Government tonnage.

At present the Government prices range from $180 to $175 a deadweight ton for coal burners and $175 to $165 a ton for oil burners, the latter prices applying to the largest class of steamers of from 8,000 to 10,000 deadweight tons and over. But with the slump in ocean rates, a tight money market and the general unsatisfactory shipping situation, officials said it might be necessary to lower the prices on the larger vessels to around $125 a ton to dispose of them.

For some time sales of Government ships have been practically at a standstill, board officials said, but by cutting the capital cost of tonnage, they contended, buyers would stand a better chance of showing an earning on the investment, even in the face of low rates. At the same time, it was said, the board is considering some form of guarantee against loss to ship purchasers by means of further price reductions as a means of stimulating the sale of Government ships.

Claims against the Emergency Fleet Corporation arising out of cancellations of contracts for the construction of wooden ships will be heard Jan. 7. The Shipping Board announced today that all wooden shipbuilders who had filed or who wished to file claims would be heard at that time.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

English Government Bonds Irregular, French Bonds Higher.

LONDON, Dec. 21.—Old 3½ per cent. consols unchanged at 44¼; British 5 per cent. war loan ¼ point lower at 81⅛; 4½ per cent. war loan ⅝ higher at 77. Rand Mines 2⅞, De Beers Mining 13⅛, both unchanged.

PARIS, Dec. 21.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 50 centimes higher at 56 francs 85 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan unchanged at 85 francs 20 centimes.

Exchange on London 43 centimes lower at 59 francs 39 centimes; American dollars were quoted at 14 francs 77 centimes, as against 17 francs 11¼ centimes yesterday.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	$5.80	$5.75	$5.80	$5.75
Quicksilver	50.00	...	50.00	...
Aluminum	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00
Iron, No. 2 S'ft'r	...	28.00	...	28.00

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 13¾c. 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Friday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	73	10	0	74	0	0
Copper, futures	73	18	0	74	5	0
Tin, spot	205	5	0	207	10	0
Tin, futures	210	0	0	211	5	0
Spelter, spot	25	5	0	26	0	0
Spelter, futures	26	15	0	27	1	0
Lead, spot	22	10	0	23	5	0
Lead, futures	22	15	0	24	10	0

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
20 railroads	88.62	88.15	88.21	—.15
25 industrials	81.14	77.85	78.30	—2.41
50 stocks	85.08	83.04	83.80	—1.34

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
Dec. 20	87.41	86.34	86.66	—.75
Dec. 19	86.27	85.27	85.51	—.90
Dec. 17	87.19	86.17	86.06	—.93
Dec. 16	88.07	86.84	87.42	—.38
Dec. 15	88.13	87.37	87.81	—.38

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	73.73	Dec. 3	62.04	Dec. 21	63.80
1919.	90.40	Dec. 26	84.10	Dec. 13	85.60
1918.	74.59	Dec. 11	71.42	Dec. 21	73.39
1917.	86.36	Dec. 31	81.23	Dec. 22	85.81
1916.	90.36	Dec. 4	86.18	Dec. 21	86.18

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	94.07	Apr. 6	62.04	Dec. 3	63.80
†1919.	90.40	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	87.76

Full Years.

1919.	90.40	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	89.60
1918.	90.18	Nov. 11	64.11	Jan. 14	73.39
1917.	90.46	Jan. 4	67.47	Dec. 20	81.23
1916.	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	84.18

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	87.13	—.14	—.20	—4.39

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Dec. 20	87.36	—.22	Dec. 10	88.54	—.14
Dec. 18	87.49	—.29	Dec. 9	88.46	—.11
Dec. 17	87.78	—.16	Dec. 8	88.39	—.09
Dec. 16	87.94	—.13	Dec. 7	88.10	—.03
Dec. 15	87.07	—.22	Dec. 6	88.50	—.10
Dec. 14	87.75	+.12	Dec. 4	88.74	+.06
Dec. 13	87.63	—.51	Dec. 3	88.68	—.06
Dec. 11	88.14	—.30	Dec. 2	88.75	—.15

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	72.14	Oct. 21	66.87	May 21	67.10
†1919.	79.05	June 2	71.05	Oct. 18	71.33

Full Years.

1919.	79.05	June 2	71.05	Dec. 18	71.33
1918.	82.36	Nov. 12	75.05	Sep. 27	73.75
1917.	88.48	Jan. 20	76.34	Dec. 20	76.80

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

WHEAT LAGGING IN CHICAGO MARKET

But Trading in Corn Brisk and the Demand for Rye Far Above the Supply.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—Grain markets were active and higher early, but the close was very heavy, due to the pronounced weakness in stocks. The bulk of the trade was in corn. At the top, May sold at 76 cents, or 3¾ cents above the low of last week, with the finish at 74½ cents, and immediately after the close sales were made at 74 cents. Net gains, however, were ½@1⅛ cents, while oats were unchanged to ⅛ cent higher. Wheat, after a range of 4@4¾ cents, closed 2 and 3 cents lower, with May leading.

Trading in wheat has quieted down, the market being left to take care of itself. There was some buying by houses with export connections, to remove hedges against sales of 750,000 bushels to Europe; but the local element was inclined to the bear side, and some of the leading professionals put out fresh lines on the early advance.

For several days the undertone has been rather easy, the failure of big export sales to develop being a factor. People in close touch with conditions, however, say that a liberal business will result in case of a break in futures.

Cash premiums in the West were slightly easier on hard Winters, due to increased Southwestern offerings; but bids to the country, track, the Gulf, were advanced 1 cent, to the basis of 27 cents over March for No. 1 hard, thirty-day shipment. No. 1 Northern, Manitobe, now at Buffalo, sold at 25 cents over March, the highest premium on the crop, and some of it will be shipped to Baltimore for export. No. 2 Northern from Chicago sold at 20 cents over March, track, Baltimore. Deliveries on December contracts aggregated 15,000 bushels, with 150,000 bushels sold to go to store.

There is a large outstanding short interest in December rye as the result of spreading between that grain and wheat. Closing of the spreads today caused rye to finish ¾ cent higher. All of the rye delivered on December contracts has gone to exporters and has been ordered out, with 50,000 bushels to move at once. One of the largest cash handlers in the West said that he could have sold 1,000,000 bushels today had the grain been available.—Minneapolis December closed ¾¾ under Chicago, while the freight rate is equal to about 12 cents per bushel. It would not be surprising to see some fireworks in rye before the close of the month.

Some of the leading buyers of corn of late were on the selling side of the bulge, but they supported the market on the break. Cash prices were ½@1½ cents lower, compared with the December, and 100,000 bushels were sold to go to store. Sentiment after the close was decidedly bearish as the result of the break in stocks, and it is generally believed that there will be a lower range, unless heavy buying develops. Financial conditions are being very closely watched.

Bad weather conditions affected the movement of wheat in the West, and primary arrivals were only 880,000 bushels, against 1,412,000 a week ago and 1,303,000 last year. Shipments were 588,000 bushels, against 953,000 a week ago and 981,000 last year.

Receipts of corn were 785,000 bushels, against 870,000 last week and 552,000 last year. Shipments of 201,000 bushels compared with 270,000 bushels last week and 240,000 last year.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	$1.72	$1.68	$1.69	$1.70½
March	1.66¾	1.61¾	1.62¾	1.64¾
May	1.63¾	1.57¾	1.58¾	1.61¾

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	72⅜	69⅛	70⅞	69	1.44¾
May	76	73⅛	74⅝	74	1.53⅝
July	77⅛	74⅜	75⅛	74⅝	1.52⅝

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	48	47⅛	47⅜	47⅝	82⅛
May	50⅝	49⅜	49⅛	49⅝	79⅝
July	49⅝	48⅝	49	49⅝	79⅝

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	$1.53¾	$1.36	$1.36	$1.54¾	$1.54¾
May	1.43¾	1.40	1.40	1.59¾	1.59¾

PROVISIONS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard— Jan.	13.13	12.87	12.92	12.62	28.52
May	13.60	13.15	13.42	13.27	24.15
Ribs— Jan.	11.40	11.20	11.20	10.85	18.77
May	12.15	11.80	12.10	11.65	18.90
Pork— Jan.	22.85	22.75	22.75	$2.00	$7.90

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Harris, Forbes & Co., E. H. Rollins & Sons, Parkinson & Burr, Coffin & Burr, Inc., and Royal Securities Corporation are offering an issue of $6,500,000 twenty-year first mortgage and refunding 8 per cent. bonds of the Blordon Company, Ltd., at 98 and interest yielding about 8.10 per cent.

Halsey, Stuart & Co. and William R. Compton Company are offering today $325,000 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma School District 5 per cent. bonds, $164,000 of which matures each year Jan. 1, 1940, and Jan. 1, 1945. The bonds are a direct obligation of the entire school district with a population of 100,000, including Oklahoma City, and are being offered at prices to yield 5½ per cent.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Holders of Record.
Bank of N. Y.	8	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 27
Do	3	Ex	Jan. 3	Dec. 27
Barnet Leather pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 30
Cent. Aguirre Sug.	62	Q	Jan. 5	Dec. 22
Cent. Union Trust	6½	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 22
Chi. Ry. Equip.	3	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 27
Empire Trust	4	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 27
Do	4	Ex	Dec. 31	Dec. 27
Irving Bank	3	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 24
Kansas City So.	1	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Leh. & W.-B. Coal A	1.25	SA	Dec. 30	Dec. 22
New N. Y. & Tel.	25	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 22
N. Y. T. C. & Tr.	2	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 24
Do	2	Ex	Jan. 3	Dec. 24
Ohio Fuel Supply	3½	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 6
Do	2½	Ex	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Phila. & West. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Westmoreland Coal	2½	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 21
Do	1	Ex	Jan. 3	Dec. 21

*Payable in Victory 4¼ per cent. notes.

ON FORDNEY TARIFF

Decides, 206 to 76, to Suspend the Rules—Passage Is Expected Tonight.

MADDEN ATTACKS THE BILL

Longworth Urges Reciprocity With Debtor Nations—Senate Obstacle Predicted.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Decks were cleared today for the consideration of the Fordney Emergency Tariff bill in the House tomorrow. By a vote of 206 to 76 the House agreed to suspend the rules for calendar Wednesday and allow the bill to have the right of way.

It is expected that the debate will be concluded by tomorrow night and the bill passed by a decisive vote.

That the bill will not get further than the House is generally conceded. The Senate was not in session today, but the declaration of Democratic Senators that instead of being an emergency step the bill was a purely protective tariff measure and merely an opening wedge for Republican Party principles, still echoed through the corridors. No one about the Capitol appeared to believe that the bill would survive.

Objection to the bill developed in the House on the part of Representative Madden of Illinois, one of the most influential Republican members. He said that he preferred tariff legislation on a comprehensive scale to piece-meal remedies such as the present bill provided. After Representative Rayburn, Democrat, of Texas, had blocked unanimous consent for suspension of the rules tomorrow, thus forcing the vote, Representative Madden said:

"I would say that I think the unwisdom of the legislation proposed must be manifest to everybody. The proposition is to legislate on three or four articles the prices of which have fallen, while those three or four articles are still in the hands of the owners, and to eliminate from consideration articles that are in the hands of thousands and thousands of other industries throughout the United States, and thus indulge in the passage of special legislation, instead of general legislation which I would very much like to see enacted."

General debate upon the bill will be limited to an hour and a half each by the supporters and opponents. After the general debate amendments will be offered, but these can only concern the rates now inserted in the bill, and cannot involve the inclusion of new articles, according to the rule adopted.

While Republicans were sanguine that the bill would be disposed of tomorrow evening, some of the Democrats said that they believed the final vote would not come until Thursday.

Indications were today that because of the Senate opposition to the emergency tariff bill the Republicans would now bend all their efforts to paving the way for a general high protective tariff bill, to be passed soon after the Republican Administration comes into power in March. Representative Longworth, one of the Republican leaders in the House, sounded the opening note of a general tariff discussion today in a speech to the House.

He advocated separate and reciprocal agreements, discriminating in favor of the nations which now owe the United States some $14,000,000,000. Taking the ground that it would not be "respectful" to the debtor nations to assume that they would not eventually pay their obligations, he said:

"But if it came to the last ditch, if it should eventuate that the only possible way to collect these debts would be to surrender to the nations of the world the home markets of America, I would say, 'Let us sacrifice every cent of the money owed us rather than sacrifice our industrial independence.'"

Mr. Longworth continued:

"Would the abandonment of any measures restricting importations into this country, effected nominally in the interest of those countries which are our largest debtors, redound in the end so much to their advantage as to the advantage of other countries which owe us nothing? It seems to me there is a fundamental fallacy in that argument.

"Our principal debtors are Great Britain, France, Italy and Belgium. They owe us something between $8,000,000,000 and $9,000,000,000 in loans, and probably between $2,500,000,000 and $3,000,000,000 for exports. In all of these countries the cost of production and the price of labor are relatively high.

"To me it seems obvious that duties sufficiently low to invite large importations from those countries would invite even larger importations from the lowest countries like Japan and the Orient generally and South America. Would not an invitation to the world to compete with entire freedom in the American market be in fact accepted by those countries when we least desire to benefit, with the ultimate result not for the benefit of our late Allies and greatest debtors, but, in fact, to their ultimate discomfiture?

"If discrimination in favor of the debtor nations is to be a feature of our future tariff policy, there is one way to

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Revenue receipts and expenditures at close of business Dec. 18:

	This Month.	Corresponding Month, 1919.	*Fiscal Year, 1921.	*Corresponding Fiscal Yr., 1920.
Customs	$11,864,910.27	$15,611,834.68	$145,497,341.53	$153,863,981.40
Internal revenue:				
Income and profits tax	559,335,416.71	962,567,303.86	1,816,766,187.71	1,760,573,542.91
Miscellaneous	99,253,650.87	94,919,514.45	746,653,483.33	712,761,562.24
Miscellaneous revenue	18,334,708.62	35,419,057.41	314,561,710.50	336,916,315.24
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	978,041.95	433,077.01	3,676,673.00	2,527,090.88
Total ordinary	$689,657,545.52	$708,980,807.38	$3,725,187,425.06	$2,994,332,363.87
Excess of ord. receipts over ord. disbursements	687,639,185.21	$23,326,013.53	438,730,790.45	...
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	...	...	...	694,896,924.30
Expenditures	189,018,360.31	276,784,788.78	2,281,457,686.85	3,431,229,227.57

*Receipts and disbursements for June reaching Treasury in July are included.

Send Your Christmas Greetings to Europe by Radio

Here is a timely and modern method of international communication which the Radio Corporation of America is prepared to send to any of the seven national listed below with:

Accuracy : Economy : Reliabilty

Marconigrams to

Great Britain	17c per word
Norway	24c " "
Sweden	26c " "
Denmark	25c " "
Finland	30c " "
Germany	36c " "
Poland	32c " "

And on January 1st a new service To France 20 cents per word

For quick service, telephone our nearest office. Uniformed messenger will call for and deliver Marconigrams to any part of the city.

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA

EDWARD J. NALLY, *President*

Always Open— 64 Broad Street, Telephone Broad 3900

8 A. M. to 6 P. M. | 233 Broadway, Barclay 7610
| 233 Broadway, Ashland 7415
| 500 Fifth Avenue, Vanderbilt 8154

EDMONDS BILL RECOMMITTED

Deferring of Tax Penalties to Apply Only to This Year.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—The House Ways and Means Committee voted today to recommit for redrafting the Edmonds bill, proposing to defer the date when penalties become effective for failure to pay Federal taxes.

Representative Green, Republican, of Iowa, explained that as the bill was reported it would defer penalties on all uncollected taxes of this and previous years, although it was intended to apply only to taxes on this year's incomes and profits.

James I. Bush Joins Equitable Trust.

James I. Bush has been appointed a Vice President of the Equitable Trust Company. He will be in charge of the new business department. Mr. Bush leaves the Guaranty Trust Company of this city to take his new position. Joseph E. Smith, Assistant Secretary of the Equitable, has been appointed manager of the new business department.

Two Corporations to Merge.

The Board of Directors of the Barnsdall Corporation voted yesterday in favor of a merger with the Bigheart Producing and Refining Company, the exchange of stock being five shares of Bigheart for one of Barnsdall. The Bigheart Producing and Refining Company is a Massachusetts corporation.

Equatorial Oil Co. Expands.

DOVER, Del., Dec. 21.—A certificate of increase in capital stock from $15,000,000 to $150,000,000 was filed here today for the Equatorial Oil Company of New York.

Doheny on National Surety Board.

E. L. Doheny, President of the Mexican Petroleum Company and the Pan-American Petroleum and Transport Company, was elected a Director of the National Surety Company yesterday.

BROOKLYN BANK IN MERGER.

Metropolitan Bank of Manhattan to Absorb Hamilton Trust Co.

The directors of the Hamilton Trust Company of Brooklyn yesterday approved the proposed merger of that institution with the Metropolitan Bank of Manhattan. The directors of the Metropolitan Bank had already approved of the consolidation. The name of the combined institutions will be the Metropolitan Bank, and the offices of the trust company, at 197 Montague Street, will be known as the Hamilton Branch of the bank.

Willard E. Edmister, President of the Hamilton company, will continue as a director of the Metropolitan and will also be a member of the Advisory Board of the Hamilton Branch. George Hadden, Secretary of the trust company, will become a Vice President of the Metropolitan and will be in charge of the Brooklyn branch.



Your doctor—
Your lawyer—
and your bank—

WHEN the average man understands the real meaning of "bank service" and "trust service," the use of banks will be as universal as the use of doctors and lawyers.

Equitable Service means help in building your business, in saving and investing; the care of your real and personal property and relief from the many details of insurance and other personal financial matters.

And if you haven't property to be cared for, Equitable Service also means helping you to build an estate.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

BANKING TRUSTS & INVESTMENTS
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS

Total Resources Over $300,000,000

37 Wall Street

Uptown Office: Madison Ave. at 45th St.
Colonial Office: 222 Broadway
London—3 King William St., E. C. 4 Paris—23 Rue de La Paix

Copyright, 1920, Equitable Trust Company of New York

FINANCING NEW YORK

Your Gift Problem

HAVE YOU CONSIDERED making a gift of money or property at Christmas—a gift not merely to give present happiness, but one which will insure the permanent welfare of the recipient?

You may have hesitated because such a gift might involve financial management requiring business experience and wisdom beyond the years or training of the beneficiary.

You can make such a gift, however, by means of a *voluntary trust*, leaving to this Company the duty of properly administering the funds or property. This insures to the recipient of the gift all of the benefits without any of the responsibilities.

We have a booklet on the subject of *Voluntary Trusts* which we shall be pleased to send you.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York

140 Broadway

Fifth Avenue Office: Fifth Avenue & 44th Street
Madison Avenue Office: Madison Avenue & 60th Street
Grand Street Office: 368 Grand Street

Capital & Surplus $50,000,000 Resources over $800,000,000

Bargains in

Copper
Oil
Steel
and
Equipment
Stocks

now selling for less than liquidating values

Write Dept. T-33 for descriptive literature

CHARLES H. CLARKSON & Co.
66 Broadway, - New York.
TELEPHONES: RECTOR, 4460-4

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

200	Air Reduction
25	Aluminum Co. of Amer.
25	Amer. Alliance Ins.
50	Amer. Cigar pfd.
50	American Chicle com. & pfd.
100	Amer. Cyanamid com.
100	Amer. Trading. com.
5M	Atlantic Mutual Ins. scrip.
25	Atlas Port Cement pfd.
25	Battery Park Nat. Bank
100	Cinn.-Northern R. R.
50	Colo. Fuel & Iron pfd.
50	Continental Insurance
25	Del., Lack. & West. Coal
50	Empire St. & Iron com. & pfd.
200	E. W. Bliss common
50	Fidelity International Trust
100	General Baking com. & pfd.
50	Glens Falls Ins.
5	Globe & Rutgers Ins.
50	Hercules Powder pfd.
50	Home Ins. " Rights "
25	Ingersoll-Rand pfd.
25	Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
25	Midland Securities
100	Niles-Bement-Pond com.
$5,000	New York State Rys. 4½s
20	N. Y. Life Ins. & Trust
100	N. Y. State Rys. com. & pfd.
25	Old Dominion S. S.
5M	Old Dominion S. S. 5s
200	Pyrene Mfg.
100	R. J. Reynolds Tob. pfd.
50	United Theatre Equip. pfd.
100	Ward Baking pfd.

J.K.Rice, Jr.&Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 34 Wall St., N. Y.

Seaboard Air Line
1st Consolidated
6s, Due 1945

To yield about 13 per cent.

Circular on request for E-73

HUGHES & DIER

Members { Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Stock Exchanges, Chicago Bd. of Trade, N. Y. Produce Exch.

42 New St., New York
Telephone Broad 5140

Goodyear Tire & Rubber
Com. & Pref.

UNGER and COMPANY
Unlisted Securities Dep't.
30 Pine St. N.Y. John 5210

N. A. MacDonald & Company
Incorporated
Investment Bankers
Buffalo, New York

BRANCH OFFICES:
Rochester, N. Y. — Montreal, Canada.
Lockport, N. Y. — Ottawa, Canada.
Hartford, Conn. — Toronto, Canada.

Investor's Folder

For recording investments, dividend dates, income tax data, etc.

Free Upon Request for D.

HEYWOOD BROOKS & CO.
149 Broadway, New York

Tidewater Oil
Imperial Oil, Ltd.

Douglas Fenwick & Co.
Members Pittsburgh Stock Exchange
DIRECT WIRE TO PITTSBURGH
24 Wall St., 223 Fourth Ave.,
New York. Pittsburgh, Pa.

Investment
Securities

J. W. BELL & CO.
86 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 3522

Bordens
Gt. Falls Powder Co. 1st 5s, 1940
Wis. Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1952

VANDERKIEFT, DEBAUN & CO.
Tel. Bowling Green 6880. 61 Broadway

UNITED VERDE EXTENSION

GOLD BROS.
44 Broad St. Tel. Broad 2444.

FOREIGN SECURITIES
Specialist in German Bonds
HENRY C. ZARO
BANKER
Authorized under the Banking Laws of the State of New York
30 Cooper Sq., N. Y. *Tel. Orchard 7007*

C.W. Pope & Co.

As developments warrant, we prepare special letters concerning the various unlisted issues. They appear about once a week and will be mailed on request.

Correspondence solicited; it will receive personal and detailed attention.

No Margin Business Accepted.

66 Broad St. New York City.

Open Hearth and Bessemer Quotations Drop to Steel Corporation's Level.

OTHER MILLS TO FOLLOW

Reduction Believed to Mean That Volume of Business Will Be Small.

The price of steel rails, as quoted by the independent steel manufacturers, has broken to $47 a ton for open hearth and $45 a ton for Bessemer, this being the level quoted by the United States Steel Corporation for more than a year. The prices of the independents, however, have run about $10 above the figures named. The Lackawanna Steel Company announced a reduction to the Steel Corporation level on Monday, and yesterday it was learned that the Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company, which is a big manufacturer of rails at its Cambria plant, was quoting the Steel Corporation level. There were rumors that the other large independents also had reduced their prices, but verification was lacking.

Inquiry at the Bethlehem Steel Corporation disclosed that no official was present who could speak with authority on the subject. Some weeks ago the Bethlehem company took rail orders on the basis of price adjustment before the end of the year. It is understood that there was no expectation then that the price would be reduced to the Steel Corporation level.

The quotation on rails has been a subject of much interest in iron and steel circles. When Judge Gary of the Steel Corporation returned from France he was quoted in a way which made it seem probable that steel rail prices might be advanced. The Steel Corporation, however, announced subsequently that its price schedule throughout would remain unchanged.

The independents were therefore placed in a position of having to meet the Steel Corporation level unless the rail business was of a volume and urgency to permit them to maintain a higher schedule and still obtain orders. The financial district was inclined to the belief yesterday that the reduction in price by the independents foreshadowed a smaller volume of rail business than anticipated.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London unchanged at 40d per ounce. New York prices for bar silver unchanged at 99⅛c per ounce, the Mint price; for foreign silver ⅛c higher at 62½d.

Range of prices for silver bullion this month:

	—Highest.—		—Lowest.—	
London	44⅝d	Dec. 3	38⅝d	Dec. 10
New York	70c	Dec. 3	55⅛s	Dec. 10

Range for the present year to date.

London	89¼d	Feb. 11	38⅝d	Dec. 10
New York	$1.37	Jan. 11	59¼c	Dec. 10

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Following is the range of prices in the important miscellaneous commodities in New York:

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market closed 1@9 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Tone.
Spot	...	...	...	8.60
January	8.76	8.74	8.74	8.80
February	No sales			8.60
March	9.15	9.03	9.03	9.09
April	No sales			9.03
May	9.38	9.25	9.25	9.83
June	No sales			8.25
July	No sales			9.43

Total sales, 10,800.

COFFEE.

The coffee market closed 4@39 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	6.60	6.41	6.43	6.57	15.15
May	6.99	6.80	6.87	6.96	15.25
July	7.34	7.13	7.16	7.29	15.45
September	7.53	7.37	7.41	7.45	15.30

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market was irregular.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	4.65	4.50	4.61	4.55
May	4.70	4.70	4.70	4.65
July	5.00	4.85	4.95	5.17
January	No sales			4.50

January Alone Above Former Record—Stock Market Decline Causes Drop.

The sharp break in the stock market and late reports of lower spot prices in the South combined to depress the cotton market in the final hour of yesterday's buiness and sent all prices, with the single exception of January, to new low records for the year. January, which got down to 14.58, was 3 points above its record low of Nov. 27. Spots here also fell to a new low of 15.25, down 25 points on the day from the Monday price, which had equalled the previous low of the season.

The developments which brought about these low records were not, strictly speaking, in the cotton market, but came from outside. Wall Street houses, undoubtedly actuated by what was going on in the stock market, became aggressive sellers of cotton contracts in the late afternoon and this selling, more than anything else, was what caused the decline in cotton.

There had been a heavy opening, due mainly to the lower Liverpool cables and the break there was in spots, which were quoted at a new record low of 9.91d, which displaced the previous low of 10.06d, made on Nov. 30. Following this a rally which took the list up 15 to 25 points net occurred and the market was moving along quietly and apparently firmly enough until the Wall Street selling started. Then the supply became so heavy that the demand, which was little more than nominal, could not take care of it and the break followed.

Spot markets in the South were rather heavy, although not particularly active. Prices were generally 25 to 50 points lower on the day. No change of consequence was reported in the goods trade and none is expected before the latter part of next week, and probably not until after the turn of the year.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Dec.	14.75	14.95	14.60	14.73	14.90
Jan.	14.88	15.06	14.58	14.78@14.80	14.93
Mar.	14.70	15.05	14.46	14.62@14.66	14.80
May	14.90	15.12	14.60	14.74@14.77	14.93
July	15.02	15.18	14.65	14.80@14.83	15.02
Oct.	15.13	15.28	14.80	14.95	15.10

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, down 25 points to 15.25c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 15.25c, uncnanged; New Orleans, 14c, down .25; Savannah, 15.70c, unchanged; Augusta, 14.15c, down .50; Memphis, 14.50c, down .50; Houston, 13.75c, down .25; Little Rock, 15c, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	51,787	43,532	41,694
Exports	39,308	2,544	12,679
Exports, season	2,245,880	2,085,459	2,519,411
N. Y. stocks	23,241	22,717	61,129
Port stocks	1,403,062	1,385,315	1,602,342
N. Y. arrivals	1,124	347	...

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was dull at 9.91d for middling. Sales 5,000 bales, of which American 2,000. Imports 19,000 bales, of which American 15,000. Futures opened quiet 12 to 14 points down and closed steady 5 to 9 points down on the day. Prices, December 10.24d, March 10.55d, May 10.76d, July 10.76d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were dull and easier.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argent. (unlisted)	5	Sept., 1945	92	93
Belgian (Restor'n)		1934	55¾	58¾
Bel. Prm. Ln., 2045		....	61¾	64½
British Victory	4	1960	256	266
British Fund	4	1960	233	243
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1922	350	360
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1927	334	344
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5½	1920	343	353
Canada 6	5½	Dec., 1920	51¾	53¼
Canada	5½	Nov., 1923	81	83
French Gov. Vic.	5	1931	49¼	52¼
French Loan, '17	4	1943	39½	42¼
French Prem.	5	Loan of '20	56¾	59¾
French Loan, '20	6	1931	57¾	60¾
Italy Treas.	5	1923	34½	35½
Italy Treas.	5	1925	32¾	35
Russia, ruble bds.	5½	Feb., 1926	6	11
Russia	5½	1921	8	10
Sweden	6	June, 1939	77¼	78½
Switzerland	5½	1929	79½	80½

Company Says Simon Guggenheim Has $3,000,000 in American Smelting and Refining.

STOCK IN OTHER NAMES

Plaintiff's Counsel Asserts Action Is to Protect Himself and Other Stockholders.

The American Smelting and Refining Company yesterday issued a brief reply to the suit filed on Monday by Karl Eilers, a former Vice President of the company. It was stated that the answer to the complaint will be formally made today. The statement put out yesterday asserted that Simon Guggenheim, President of the American Smelting and Refining Company, had an investment of $3,000,000 in the company on the basis of par and that his brothers were substantial holders of American Smelting securities.

The statement said:

"The attack of Mr. Eilers is the attack of a discharged employe. As to the charge of Mr. Eilers that President Simon Guggenheim and his brothers have only inconsequential holdings of American Smelting & Refining stocks, President Guggenheim's present investment in the company represents a par value of $3,000,000 and his brothers have substantial holdings."

It was explained that while President Guggenheim does not show as a large holder of stock on the company's books, being credited with probably not more than 100 shares of preferred, a true estimate of the Guggenheim holdings cannot be obtained from the books, since the stock is carried in other names.

W. L. Goodbody, counsel for Karl Eilers, issued the following statement in connection with the suit:

"The characterization of the mandamus proceeding of Mr. Eilers as an attack by a discharged employe is far from the fact. Mr. Eilers is and was during his affiliation with the American Smelting and Refining Company entirely independent of his salary from that company, and his present action is the result of his desire to protect his investment as a large stockholder of the American Smelting and Refining Company and the holdings of all the stockholders, and particularly of the many friends of the Eilers family who invested because Mr. Eilers and his father were identified with the management.

"He found that it was not possible to do so as a member of the Board of Directors and deliberately put himself into a position where Simon Guggenheim was forced not to permit him to be reelected at the last annual meeting. Mr. Eilers feels that he can lay the matters before the stockholders more effectively from the outside than he could from the inside."

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

Quoted on a Percentage Basis.

Name	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1920-'27	4½	7.75	6.75
Bethlehem Steel	1920-'30	7	7.75	7.00
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1920-'33	4½@5-6	7.10	6.50
Canadian Pacific	1920-'32	4½@6	7.50	6.40
Ches. & Ohio	1924-'35	6½	6.75	6.40
Chicago & N. W.	1920-'23	4½	7.00	6.40
Cin., N. O. & T. P.	1920-'27	4½@5	7.75	7.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	7.37	6.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	7.12	6.40
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	7.50	6.87
Erie Railroad	1920-'27	4½@5	8.00	7.00
Grace Steamship	1920-'34	6	7.87	7.25
Illinois Central	1920-'27	4½@6	7.10	6.40
Illinois Central	1925-'35	7	6.85	6.40
Int. Prod. S'ship	1920-'28	7	8.50	7.50
Louis. & Nash.	1920-'23	5	7.00	6.40
Michigan Central	1920-'32	5 @6	7.00	6.40
Minn. & St. L.	1920-'27	5 @6	7.75	7.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1920-'24	6	8.25	7.25
New York Cen.	1920-'32	4½@5	7.25	6.40
New York Cen.	1921-'33	7	7.12	6.40
Norf. & West.	1920-'24	4½	7.00	6.40
Northern Pacific	1921-'30	7	7.12	6.40
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'29	4½@5-6	8.25	7.25
Pac. Fruit Exp.	1928-'35	7	6.90	6.40
Pa. Gen. Freight	1920-'23	4 @4½	7.00	6.37
Phila. & R. Ry'e.	1921-'25	6½	6.87	6.40
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	7.10	6.40
Seaboard Air L.	1920-'27	4½@5-6	8.25	7.25
Sinclair Refining	1920-'21	6	8.50	7.50
Southern Pacific	1920-'23	4½	7.10	6.40
Southern Pacific	1924-'35	7	6.87	6.40
Southern Ry.	1920-'28	4½@5	7.82	6.62
Union Pacific	1924-'35	7	6.80	6.40
Virginian Ry.	1920-'39	6	7.50	6.75
White Oil Corp.	1920-'23	6	8.50	7.50

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Rights Expire.	Yester-day's Bid.	Yester-day's Ask.	Mon-day's Bid.
Corn Exch. Bank	Feb. 3	42	44	42
Detroit Edison	Jan. 10	...	¼	...
General Electric	Jan. 20	3¾	3¾	3½
Home Insurance	Feb. 1	170	175	175
Landers, F. & Clark	Dec. 20	3½	4½	3½
Lone Star Gas	Jan. 20	...	¼	...
Mexican Eagle Oil	...	8	12	8
Nat. Park Bank	Feb. 3	70	75	70
Pacific Developm't	Jan. 10	...	¼	...
Shaw (W. W.)	...	16	18	16
So. N. E. Tel.	Jan. 12	...	½	...
Southern Pacific	Mar. 1	23	23¼	23¼
Tidewater Oil	Jan. 19	13	14	13¾
Un. Zinc Smelt. Co.	Jan. 6	...	¼	...

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the stockholders of New York Stencil Works is to be held at the office of Campbell, Flaherty, Turner & Strouse, No. 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 29th day of December, 1920, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of reorganizing the corporation pursuant to Section 24 of the Stock Corporation Law, so as to permit the issuance of shares without par value to the effect that one share of outstanding corporate stock shall be exchanged for one share of preferred stock and one and one-half shares of non par value common stock.
Dated, New York City, December 12th, 1920.
HARRY E. NASON, Secretary.

BANK OF CUBA
IN NEW YORK

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Bank of Cuba in New York will be held at the office of the Bank, No. 34 Wall Street, January 11th, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors and Officers for the ensuing year and of considering and acting upon such other matters as may come before the meeting.
Dated, New York City, December 21, 1920.
W. A. MERCHANT, President.

ESTABLISHED 1784
The Bank of New York
National Banking Association

New York, December 11th, 1920.

The Annual Meeting of the shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at its banking house, No. 48 Wall Street, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon.
FRED'K C. METZ, JR., Cashier.

SLEEPING PARTNERS CO., INC.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Sleeping Partners Co., Inc., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, Times Building, Times Square, New York, on Thursday, January 6, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon.
GEO. H. NICOLAI, Secretary.

THE BOY CO., INC.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Boy Co., Inc., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, Times Building, Times Square, New York, on Thursday, January 13, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon.
ELLSWORTH MORGAN, Secretary.

BANK OF EUROPE

The annual meeting of the stockholders for the election of Directors of the Bank of Europe will be held at its Banking Rooms, No. 1429 First Avenue, New York City, on January 11th, 1921, from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.
By order of the Board of Directors,
VINCENT M. WOTTISEK, Cashier.

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

45 Wall Street, December 21, 1920.

AN ELECTION for Trustees to supply the places of those whose terms of office expire, and for Inspectors of the next election ensuing thereafter, will be held at the office of the Company on the Fourth day of January next (the first Tuesday), between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
WILFRED J. WORCESTER, Secretary.

THE FARMERS' SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY

475 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Annual Election for Directors of The Farmers' Safe Deposit Company will be held at the office of the Company, on TUESDAY, January 11th, 1921, at 2 o'clock P. M.
AUGUSTUS V. HEELY, Secretary.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 21.—Thirty new corporations having an aggregate capitalization of $1,620,000, were chartered today. They include:

Louis Maycrink, Manhattan, commission merchants, $10,000; M. F. Navarro, J. Berbery, L. Maycrink, Larchmont.

McGuire Convertible Automobile Body Co., Manhattan, $300,000; J. J. and B. and E. McGuire, Yonkers.

Leslie's, Manhattan, women's apparel, $10,000; L. W. Fischer, G. F. Mattuck, M. Lefkort, 135 Broadway.

Palestine Commerce and Navigation Co., Manhattan, $500,000; R. Brown, J. Meltzer, A. Dolowitts, 718 Cortelyou Road, Brooklyn.

Watertown National Securities Corp., Watertown, $40,000; R. G. Hannahs, A. F. Wardwell, G. W. Knowlton, Watertown.

Belgian Arts and Trades, Manhattan, $25,000; L. Shults, J. Harris, M. S. Levine, 233 Broadway.

Transfer Realty Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; C. B. Plante, F. Scheuer, S. K. Abrahams, 15 William St.

333 Fifth Av. Leasing Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; L. Neuberger, G. Weimer, D. Nachbar, 378 Macy Place, Bronx.

Harry Drug Stores, Lake Placid, $150,000; J. B. Madden, E. B. McDevitt, E. E. MacConnell, Lake Placid.

Bessie Damsey, Manhattan, women's apparel, $50,000; A. Nierenberg, H. Alperstein, B. Damsey, 201 East 16th St.

Leo W. Greenberg & Co., Manhattan, furs, $25,000; S. Geffen, R. and L. W. Greenberg, 108 West 27th St.

Gracesil Realty Co., Manhattan, $20,000; S. D. Munay, H. J. Halperin, A. N. Birenbach, 102 Convent Av.

J. O. Roas Engineering Corp., Manhattan, 1,000 shares preferred stock $100 each, 1,000 common no par value, active capital $105,000; B. G. Smith, F. W. Bolowics, E. P. Murphy, 30 East 42d St.

Brief Case Leather Goods Co., Manhattan, $5,000; M. Goodich, E. Schoenzeit, H. H. Feldstein, 220 Broadway.

Eaton Corp., Syracuse, tobacco, $100,000; J. A. Seubert, W. A. Ellis, H. E. Eaton, Syracuse.

Well Built Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $12,000; J. and A. Glass, N. Rolnick, 1,438 52d St.

Lowenstein, Folkman & Co., Manhattan, insurance and real estate, $5,000; O. H. Muhlmeister, Michael L. Folkman, J. A. Lowenstein, 80 Maiden Lane.

H. Sollender, Manhattan, furs, $5,000; I. Bernstein, S. Schill, M. Sollender, 427 East 3d St., Brooklyn.

Kleppel & Kalman, Manhattan, $5,000; S. Rockow, B. Brownstein, K. Kalman, 261 South 9th St., Brooklyn.

Klein & Rosen, Manhattan, cloaks and suits, $10,000; J. Sarner, M. Rosen, J. Klein, 1,116 East 13th St., Brooklyn.

Leading Perfumers and Chemists, Manhattan, $10,000; S. L. Lebis, I. Perlmutter, H. Shapiro, 1,550 53th St., Brooklyn.

General Metal and Copper Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; M. Moss, F. and H. Loebenstein, 1,886 Crotona Parkway.

Yale Waist Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $20,000; S. J. Liebeskind, L. H. Solomon, A. Drillich, 200 5th Av.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Oppenheim, Collins & Co., Manhattan, $2,700,000 to $4,700,000.

Asia Banking Corp., Manhattan, $4,000,000 to $8,000,000.

Simone Co., Manhattan, $1,000 to $25,000.

Berth Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000 to $35,000.

R. K. Carter & Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $350,000.

Bryan Duvall Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Charles Broadway Rouss, Manhattan, $1,300,000 to $5,000,000.

Matlack Coal and Iron Corp., Manhattan, $100,000 to $500,000.

Chelsea Fibre Mills, Manhattan, $1,000,000 to $2,000,000.

Henning, Bormeck & Heyser, Queens, $18,000 to $125,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

Financial and Commercial Corp., Manhattan, $200,000 to $25,000.

Georges Aubert, Manhattan, $50,000 to $500.

MERGER.

Century Cement Machine Co., Rochester, with Williams Works.

CAPITAL CHANGE.

Nohako Trading Co., Manhattan, to Weidemann Co.

DESIGNATIONS.

Union National Corp., Delaware, stocks and and bonds, $2,500,000; representative, J. L. Downey, 68 Broadway.

Polish Mechanics Co., Ohio, machine shop, $25,000; representative, H. Borguszewski, 216 East 57th St.

American Alum Corp., Delaware, $6,000,000; representative, G. Hill, 35 Liberty St.

Foss & Burnp, Massachusetts, leather belting, $100,000; representative, T. A. Burns, 2 Hudson St.

Miller-Strong Corp., Delaware, drug stores, 200,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 250,000 shares common stock, no par value; representative, E. P. Dodge, Buffalo.

American 3 Ways Luxfer Prism Co., Illinois, 5,000 shares common stock, no par value; representative, C. P. Mills, 139 Spring St.

Battery Appliance Corp., Delaware, $3,000,000; representative, A. F. Garbe, 120 B'way.

CHARTER VOIDED.

National Union Co., New Jersey.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Peter Knaus Corp., Manhattan.
Giordano & Cuzzoni, Manhattan.
Elton Realty Corp., Brooklyn.
American Sales Book Co., Elmira.
Arkansaw Trading Co., Greenwich.
Vanrensselaer Land Co., Albany.
Marco Brothers, Bronx.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Dec. 21—New charters granted: Stafford Roller Bearing Car Truck Corp., Carlstadt, $1,000,000; Auguste M. Thiery, Raymond E. Cook, William J. Gilleran, New York.

Universal Roach Trap Mfg. Co., New York, $150,000; Gustav Schuchardt, Richmond Hill; Morris Reiser, New York; William J. Cogan, Bayonne.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Dec. 21.—Charters filed:

Kansas Truck and Motor Co., manufacture, $1,000,000; C. T. Cohee, C. B. Outten, S. L. Mackey, Wilmington.

St. Croix Valley Dry Milk Co., manufacture milk powders, $1,000,000; C. T. Cohee, C. B. Outten, S. L. Mackey, Wilmington.

Land and Sea Investment Co., $500,000; J. P. Pullia, H. C. Mackey, W. M. Chesler, Milwaukee.

Farmers' Transportation Co., $300,000; Justin P. Hopkins, Philadelphia; Shattor E. Haupt, George E. Stewart, Wilmington.

Kohn Overall Manufacturing Co., $500,000; C. T. Cohee, C. B. Outten, S. L. Mackey, Wilmington.

Clare Investment Co., $150,000; J. P. Pullan, H. C. Mackey, M. M. Chesler, Milwaukee.

Stuart Oil Corp., N. Y., petroleum, $120,000; L. S. Dumenell, C. J. Klek, A. G. Gabriels, New York.

Lewis C. Frank Corp., manufacture boxes, containers, $100,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

York Farm Coal Co., real estate, $100,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, E. M. MacFarland, Philadelphia.

Wilford & McKay, manufacturing, $100,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Craig Damper Regulator Co., forging iron, steel, $50,000; Charles B. Bishop, R. H. Ochletree, A. S. Bishop, Wilmington.

Romic Enterprises, amusements, $80,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Lulevko, drug store, $50,000; M. M. Lacey, M. B. Reese, L. S. Dorsey, Wilmington.

Pfluger Co., real estate, $25,000; Herman C. Koschwitz, D. I. Pfluger, B. H. Pfluger, Washington.

American Advertising Sales Corp., stocks and bonds, $15,000; C. B. Outten, C. T. Chee, S. L. Mackey, Wilmington.

Torrington Co., manufacture vacuum cleaners, $10,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Union Motors, manufacture and repair, $5,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, E. M. MacFarland, Philadelphia.

CAPITAL INCREASE.

Equatorial Oil Co., N. Y., $15,000,000 to $150,000,000.

Foreign Trade Conditions Are Unsettled, Says Babson.

Special Barometer Letter off the press January 1st, outlines coming conditions for you. With this information you can see what's ahead and plan your year accordingly. It contains forecasts of vital interest to every business man.

REPORT ON REQUEST

This Letter and Booklet—"*Increasing Net Profits*"—will be sent to interested executives without charge.

Clip out the Memo—now—and hand it to your secretary when you dictate the morning's mail.

Merely Ask for Bulletin 113X

The Babson Statistical Organization
Wellesley Hills, 82, Boston, Mass.
The Largest Organization of Business Statisticians in the World

Cities Old Hero

MEMO For Your Secretary

Write The Babson Statistical Organization, Roger W. Babson, President, Wellesley Hills, 82, Boston, Mass., as follows: Please send me a copy of Bulletin 113X, "What's Coming in 1921?" and Booklet, "Increasing Net Profits"—gratis.

Read by Investors for Facts about their Holdings
Investment Information Column
New York Tribune
First to Last—the Truth.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

FOR YEARS WE HAVE PAID
6% TO SAVERS
on our Systematic Savings Plan. Our 21st year. Under N. Y. State Banking supervision. Descriptive Booklet on Request.

BANKERS LOAN & INVESTMENT Co.
A Savings and Loan Association
Dept. M. 63 WALL STREET, N. Y.

What's Coming 1921?

Will prices continue to drop?
How about wages?
Business better or worse during winter, spring, summer and fall?

Babson's Reports



Our close relations with Lloyds and National Provincial Foreign Bank, Ltd., enable us to offer complete banking facilities throughout France and Belgium. Branches in Cairo and Alexandria, Egypt, throughout Morocco and West Africa. Special facilities for handling transactions in Tunis and Algeria.

Our New York Agency invites inquiry.

BANK OF BRITISH WEST AFRICA
New York Office, 100 Beaver Street
Agents
R. R. APPLEBY ROWLAND SMITH
Head Office: London

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Tuesday, a week before and a year ago:

	Dec. 21, 1920.	Dec. 14, 1920.	Dec. 21, 1919.
FOODSTUFFS:			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.90½	$2.01	$2.50
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.99⅝	1.02¾	1.62½
Oats, No. 2 white	.62	.64	.96
Flour, Minn. patent	9.50	9.50	15.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.09¾	.09½	.15
Sugar, granulated	.05¾	.05¾	.09
Butter, cream, 92 score	.56	.54½	.73
Eggs, fresh - gathered firsts, per dozen	.74	.85	.81
Lard, prime	13.60	14.40	22.25
Pork, mess	29.50	30.00	47.00
Beef, family	28.00	28.00	27.00
METALS:			
Iron, E. Phila.	34.00	36.50	41.19
Steel billets, Pitts.	43.50	43.50	48.00
Lead	4.55	4.85	7.15
Copper	13.25	13.75	18.75
Tin	33.00	32.00	55.00
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	15.25	15.80	39.25
Printcloths	.05¾	.05	.13¾

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	—Highest.—		—Lowest.—	
Wheat	$3.23	Jan. 7	$1.79	Nov. 27
Corn	2.31⅜	May 15	.94½	Nov. 27
Oats	1.56	May 7	.60	Nov. 22
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	9.00	Dec. 1
Coffee	.16¾	Jan. 11	.08¾	Dec. 21
Sugar	.22	July 1	.06	Dec. 17
Butter	.77	Apr. 24	.51½	Dec. 4
Eggs	.89	Dec. 10	.42½	Mar. 12
Lard	23.50	Jan. 9	13.55	Dec. 20
Pork	47.00	Jan. 2	29.50	Dec. 21
Beef	30.00	Oct. 16	20.00	May 12
Iron	53.51	Aug. 31	34.00	Dec. 16
Steel	65.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 2
Lead	9.50	Mar. 15	4.85	Dec. 13
Tin	65.25	Jan. 11	32.00	Dec. 14
Copper	19.50	Jan. 5	13.25	Dec. 21
Cotton	43.75	July 22	15.25	Dec. 21
Printcloths	16¾	Apr. 13	.05½	Nov. 30

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.		EAST.	
Alpha	.60	East Divide	.02
Best & Belcher	.15	Extension	.26
Challenge	1.20	Florence	.03
Confidence	1.90	Gold Reef	.04
Con. Virginia	1.85	Harmill	.20
Gould & Curry	.06	Hasbrook	.02
Hale & Norcross	.18	Kernick	.08
Imperial	.70	Knox	.05
Jacket	.10	Rovert	.03
Mexican	.15	Verdi	.03
Ophir	.24	Victory	.04
Overman	.30	West	.04
Seg. Belcher	.10	Zoss	.21
Scorpion	.05	GOLDFIELD.	
Sierra Nevada	.09	Booth	.02
Union	.22	Consolidated	.06
Utah

Common and Preferred
Childs Restaurant
Common and Preferred
Fairbanks Co.
1st and 2nd Pfd.
Galena Signal Oil
Common
Green Star S. S.
7s, Dec., 1924
Mercantile Stores Co., Inc.
Bonds and Stock
Seaboard Air Line
6s, 1945
S. O. of Indiana
Par $25
Toledo, Peoria & West.
4s, 1917

Charles E. Doyle & Co.
21 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 7106-7-8-9

Pacific Oil

An analysis of valuation and earning power

Ask for Circular No. 39.

WE HAVE ORDERS IN
Lehigh Pr. Securities Com.
Willys Corp. 1st Pfd.
Goodyear Com. & Pfd.
Reynolds (All Issues)
General Baking Pfd.
Rollin Chemical Corp. Pfd.
Safety Car Htg. & Ltg. Com.
Nor. States Power Pfd.
Detroit Pressed Steel Pfd.
Northern Sec.

Gwynne Bros.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Tel. Broad 5270 25 Broad St., N. Y.

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Buy & Sell
American Alliance Ins.
Corn Exchange Bank "Rts."
Continental Insurance
Glens Falls Insurance
Great American Ins.
Home Insurance "Rights"
Nat. Park Bank "Rights"
U. S. Fire Insurance
Westchester Insurance
J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phone 4000 to 4010 John. 56 Wall St., N. Y.

Write for Our
INVESTOR'S GUIDE
which will greatly assist you at all times in selecting sound securities. Ask for A-28.
RUSSELL SECURITIES CORP.
116 Nassau St., New York.

Dividends 24%
On Par
Hart Oil
3 Sources of Income.
9,000 Acres Being Developed without cost. Active Drilling Campaign. Earnings Steadily Increasing. Price $2.00 Per Share.
For Bank References and Purchasers Write Dept. Q.
HART OIL CORPORATION
123 Liberty St., N. Y. Phone Rector 9613

WANTED
A BROKER OR INVESTMENT BANKER
With sales force
to handle a portion of the preferred and common stock of a large progressive chain store organization. Three dividends paid. Liberal terms. Communicate with T. D., 114 Times.

K&Co.
WE WILL BUY
500 American Thread Pfd.
30 Bordens Co. Common
100 Farrell Coal Common
50 General Baking Pfd.
25 Stein Bros. Preferred
10M United Lt. & Ry. 5s. 1932
100 Western Power Com.
100 Ward Baking Common
WE WILL SELL
30 Gilette Safety Razor
100 Lehigh Power Securities
50 Northern Ohio Elec. Pfd.
100 National Ice Com.
25 Stern B.os. Preferred
100 U. S. Trucking
100 U. S. Finishing Com.
100 Woodward Iron Com.
KIELY & CO.
40 Wall Street, — New York
Phone—John 6330

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,200	‡Acme Coal	7	6½	6½
500	‡Aetna Explo	9¾	9¾	9¾
400	‡ Do Declo certifs	9¾	8¾	9¾
800	‡Air Reduc	35	32	32
600	‡Am Chicle	27	25	25
100	‡Am W Paper	4¼	4¼	4¼
400	‡Auto Fuel S.	67¾	67¾	67¾
100	‡J G Brill	46	46	46
500	‡Brit-Am Tob, coupon	11¾	11¾	11¾
1,000	‡Car Lt & P	2¾	2¾	2¾
350	‡Cruse Co	9½	9½	9½
1,800	‡Emp Tube & R	19	17½	18¾
75	‡Emp F&G pf	81	81	81
800	‡Farrell Coal	13½	13	13
300	‡Garland Ss.	5	5	5
250	‡Goodyear	22	20	21
210	‡Dygear T pf	50	46	46
100	‡Hercu Paper	17	17	17
1,500	Indian Refin	17	3¾	3¾

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

500	‡Ang-Am Oil	17¾	17	17
110	‡Bk Oil, Ind.	323	316	301

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

600	‡Allen Oil	1	¾	1
50,000	‡Allied Oil	18	16	17
4,500	‡Boone Oil	1¾	1¾	1¾
15,000	‡Boss-Wyo	¾	¾	¾
5,500	Bush Stan	27	25	25
50	‡Carib Trad	25	25	25
1,500	‡Cities Serv B T Sh	30¾	29	29
1,200	‡Col Emerld	2¾	2¾	2¾
1,000	‡Cosden & Co	2	2	2
2,300	‡Cushing Pet	1¾	1¾	1¾
900	‡Denny Oil	1	1	1
1,000	‡Elk B Pet	7¾	7½	7¾
500	‡Englh Pet	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,000	‡Fensland Oil	1¾	1¾	1¾
700	‡Glenrock Oil	2¾	2¾	2¾
500	‡Granada Oil	5	5	5
500	‡Hudson Oil	2¾	2¾	2¾
2,700	‡Inter Pet	15¾	15¾	15¾
200	‡Lone Star	24¾	23	23½
1,200	‡Lyon Pet	1	¾	¾

MINING STOCKS.

1,300	Al-Br Col M	¾	¾	¾
2,500	Ariz Globe C	1	1	1
2,000	‡Atlanta	1¾	1¾	1¾
3,800	‡Bel Ext p	¾	¾	¾
2,200	‡Bel Mex	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,000	Big Ledge	¾	¾	¾
2,000	‡Boss & Mon	41	40	41
2,300	‡Caledonia	17	16	17
3,000	‡Candel Sil	13	13	13
1,500	‡Cashboy	1¾	1¾	1¾
6,800	‡Cent Sil	64	63	64
400	Cons Cop M	2	2	2
1,500	‡Cl Sal Sil	¾	¾	¾
2,500	Emma Sil	3	3	3
29,000	‡Du Cross M	35	32	34
4,500	‡Gold Z Div	22	21	22
7,500	‡Goldfield C	1¾	1¾	1¾
2,500	‡I Do Dev	2	1½	2
1,500	‡Hasbrouck	1¾	1¾	1¾
575	Hecla Min	4¾	4¾	4¾
6,500	Howe Sound	2¾	2¾	2¾
3,200	‡Jim Butler	18	17	18
3,200	‡Jumbo Ext	3	2¾	3
2,000	‡Kewanaka	1¾	1¾	1¾
2,200	‡Knox Div	7½	6½	7

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$60,000	‡Allied Packers 6s	51½	50	50
5,000	Am Tank 7s	89	89	89
5,000	‡Am Tel & Tel 6s, 1922	93¾	93½	93¾
15,000	‡Am Tel & Tel, 1924	91¾	91¼	91¼
30,000	‡Anaconda Copper 7s	89¾	89¼	89½
5,000	‡Anglo-Am Oil 7½s	99¼	99	99
20,000	‡Armour & Co 7s	94½	94¼	94¼
25,000	‡Beth Steel 7s, 1925	94	93½	93½
3,000	‡Columbia Grapho 8s	89½	89½	89½
75,000	‡Consolidated Gas 8s	98½	97¾	97¾
1,000	‡Consol Textile 7s, w i	92	92	92
80,000	‡Denmark 8s	97¼	97	97
5,000	‡Diamond Match 7s	100	99½	99½
7,000	‡Duquesne Light 6s	88¾	88¾	88¾
4,000	‡Empire Gas & Fuel 6s, '24	80¼	80¼	80¼
20,000	‡Goodrich 7s, 1925	83	83	83¼
45,000	‡Inter Rap Tran 7s	67	66½	66½
20,000	‡Kennecott Copper 7s	90	89	89
20,000	‡Kingdom of Norway	99¾	99	99
5,000	‡Laclede Gas light 7s	86¼	86½	86½
1,000	‡Morris & Co 7½s	95¼	95	95
16,000	‡National Leather 8s	99¾	99¾	99¾
40,000	N Y, N H & H 4½s	53½	52	52
5,000	‡Ohio Cities Gas 7s	91	91	91
20,000	‡American Ref Lite 6½s	44¼	42	42
20,000	‡Sears-Roebuck 7s (1 yr)	97½	97	97
40,000	‡Sears-Roebuck 7s (1 yr)	94½	94	94
15,000	‡Sears-Roebuck 7s (3 yr)	93¾	93¾	93¾
1,000	Shattuck 6s	92	92	92
60,000	Sinclair 7½s	88	87½	87½
210,000	‡Stand Oil of Cal 7s	100½	99¾	100
5,000	‡Stand Oil of N J 7s, 1925	100	100	100
5,000	‡Stand Oil N Y 7s, 1926	100	100	100
5,000	‡Stand Oil N Y 7s, 1927	100	100	100
5,000	‡Stand Oil N Y 7s, 1928	100	100	100
5,000	‡Stand Oil N Y 7s, 1929	100	100	100
5,000	‡Stand Oil N Y 7s, 1930	100	100	100
8,000	‡Stand Oil N Y 7s, 1931	100¾	100	100¼
30,000	‡Swift & Co 7s, 1925	93¾	93¾	93¾
2,000	‡Swiss Govt 5½s	80	80	80
5,000	‡Texas Co 7s, notes	97¾	97¾	97¾
2,000	‡Union Tank Line 7s	99¾	99¾	99¾
15,000	‡Western Electric 7s	97¾	97¾	97¾

GERMAN BONDS.

Marks		High.	Low.	Last.
6,000	‡Berlin 4s	12¾	12¼	12¼
4,000	‡Cologne 4s	15	14	14
10,000	‡Dresden 4s	14	14	14
10,000	‡Frankfort 4s	15	14½	14½

‡Sells cents per share. †Unlisted.

Note—Omitted 100 Willys at 10 on Monday, Dec. 20, also Conley Tirfoil, 200, at 11. Low on Midwest Monday, Dec. 20, was 140.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	90½	91½	90¾
4½s June, 1965	90½	91½	90¾
4½s Nov., 1963	90½	91½	90¾
4½s Nov., 1957	90½	91½	90¾
4½s May, 1957	90½	91½	90¾
4½s Apr., 1966	85¾	86½	85¾
4½s Mar., 1964	85½	86½	85¾
4½s Mar., 1962	85½	86½	85¾
4½s Sept., 1960	85½	86	85½
4½s Mar., 1960-30	85½	86½	85½
4s May, 1959	81	82½	81
4s May, 1958	81	82½	81
4s May, 1957	81	82½	81
4s May, 1956	80½	82½	80½
4s May, 1955	80½	82½	80½
4s May, 1958	85	87	85
3½s May, 1954	75	74½	73

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
3½s Nov., 1954	73	74½	73
3½s Nov., 1953	73	74½	73

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1924-1932	5.50	5.00	5.50
4½s 1921-1923	5.75	5.00	5.75
4½s 1924-1931	5.50	5.00	5.50
4½s 1921-1923	8.50	5.50	8.50
4½s 1940-1945	5.25	5.00	5.25
4½s 1940-1953	5.30	5.00	5.30
4½s 1926-1939	5.50	5.00	5.50
4½s 1921-1925	6.25	5.25	6.25

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
345	Cities Service	240	236	248	253
1,325	Cities Service pf	63¾	62	63½	64
1,900	Cities Service pf. B	58	57½	57½	6
3,678	Cities Service bk. shares	30¾	29	30¼	30¾
$21,500	Cities Service deb. B	123	118	118	123
48,100	Cities Service deb. C	90	88	89	91
27,900	Cities Service deb. D	85	83	83	85
405	Empire Gas and Fuel pf	83	82	82	84

	Bid.	Asked.
Am Gas & Electric	53½	54
Am Gas & Electric pf	35½	36
Am Light & Traction	98	99
Am Light & Trac pf	73	74
Am Power & Light	40	42
Am Power & Light pf	58	62
Am W W & Electric	1¾	2
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	36	39
Am W W & E partic	4	6½
Appalachian Power	1	5
Appalachian Power pf	15	22
Carolina Power & Lt	27	32
Colorado Power	10	12
Colorado Power pf	75	80
Columbus Electric pf	53	58
Com Power, Ry & Lt	5	11
Com Power Ry & Lt pf	20½	22½
Conn Power pf	75	77
Eastern Texas Electric	68	73
Eastern Texas Elec pf	1	5
El Bond Electric	84	87
Electric Bond Sh pf	75½	81
Federal Light & Trac	5	7
Federal Lt & Trac pf	42	49

	Bid.	Asked.
Am W W & El col 5s	49¼	50½
Appalachian 1st 5s, '41	62	67
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	76	83
Col Gas & El deb 5s, '27	75	80
Col Gas & El 1st 5s, '25	80	83
Conn Power 5s, '53	73	...
Dallas Electric 6s, '22	100	...
East Tex Elec 6s, '42	73	77
Empire Gas & El 6s, '24	82	83
Midwest Utilities 6s, '23	80	84

	Bid.	Asked.
Miss River Pow 5s, '51	74	75
Nor States Pow 5s, '41	74	76
Nor States Pow 6s, '26	80	83
Seattle Electric 5s, '20	77	79
Stand Gas & E 6s, '35	65	70
Stand Gas & El 7s, '21	94	99
Stand Gas 6s, '26	83	87
Utah Securities	78	80
West States Gas & E 5s, '41	76	81

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd.	17	17½	17½
Atlantic Lobos	30	35	20
Do pf	80	90	90
Borne-Scrymser	380	410	400
Buckeye Pipe Line	81	83	81
Chesebrough Mfg	170	190	180
Do pf	100	100	97
Continental Oil	100	110	105
Crescent Pipe Line	27	29	27
Cumberland P L	120	130	120
Eureka Pipe Line	85	95	85
Galena Signal Oil	44	48	44
Do pf, new	95	100	95
Do pf, old	95	100	95
Illinois Pipe Line	130	135	130
Imperial Oil, Ltd.	90	95	90
Indiana Pipe Line	83	83	83
Int Pet Co, Ltd.	15	16	15½
National Transit	23	24	23
New York Transit	155	165	158
Northern Pipe Line	90	95	90
Ohio Oil	270	280	280

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Penn-Mex Fuel	35	37	35
Prairie Oil & Gas	425	450	450
Prairie Pipe Line	180	185	190
Solar Refining	350	370	350
Southern Pipe Line	98	100	98
South Penn Oil	230	240	235
S W Pa Pipe Lines	55	60	57
Stand Oil of Cal	303	307	308
Stand Oil of Ind, par $25	65	67	66
Stand Oil of Kan	560	600	560
Stand Oil of Ky	400	440	410
Stand Oil of Neb	390	410	400
Stand Oil of N Y	312	317	320
Stand Oil of Ohio	380	400	400
Do pf	102	105	102
Swan & Finch	45	60	45
Union Tank Car	99	102	100
Do pf	93	96	94
Vacuum Oil	265	275	285
Washington Oil	30	35	30

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Am Brass	157	168	165
Am Chicle	23	28	28½
Do pf	62	67	63
Amal Leather	6	20	...
Do pf	58	80	...
Am Light & Trac	88	90	90
Do pf	78	82	80
Atlas Powder	118	124	118
Do pf	74	77	74
Babcock & Wilcox	102	104	104
Borden & Co	81	83	81
Do pf	79	81	79
Childs Co	78	80	79
Do pf	88	90	88
Crocker-Wheelar	90	95	90
Draper Corp.	123½	128½	...
Du Pont	143	155	145
Do pf	76	78	78
E W Bliss	250	300	250
Do pf	87	95	...
Gil Safety Razor	153	158	158

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Hercules	188	195	188
Do 1st pf	91	93	91
Illinois Traction	10	15	10
Do pf	32	57	35
Ingersoll-Rand	153	167	153
Do pf	92	97	96
Merck	...	70	...
Merrimac Chem	76	78	76
New Jersey Zinc	133	138	133
Nites-Bem't-Pond	63	65	63
Do pf	...	90	...
Northern Securities	75	85	75
Royal Bak Powder	100	108	100
Do pf	78	80	78
Scovil Mfg	300	320	300
Singer Mfg	145	150	147
Stand Screw Co	220	240	220
Van Raalte	15	20	15
Do pf	52½	57	52½
Valve Oil 1st cv pf	95	100	97

In Texas.

E. BUNGE & CO.—Judge Knox has appointed Frank E. Stripe receiver in $30,000 bond for Ernest Bunge, trading as E. Bunge & Co., stockbrokers, at 44 Broad Street. It is stated that the liabilities are about $200,000 and the assets about $150,000.

ACME QUALITY STORES—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed in Brooklyn yesterday. Frank Singer of 1,124 Pleeman Avenue, Wallabout Market. Singer was trading these under the name of the Acme Quality Stores, with a chain of seventeen groceries in Brooklyn. It was stated that an assignment had been made to Charles Burstein, a lawyer, for the benefit of the creditors. Efforts to collect outstanding accounts and change the market prices were the cause of the action, it was said.

DOROTHY WAIST COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Isidore Sandberg, trading as Dorothy Waist Company, by these creditors: R. Benjamin, $1,000; S. Siegel, $355, and J. Primarck, $240. Judge Knox has appointed Henry K. Davis receiver, in $10,000 bond. It is stated that the liabilities are about $75,000, and the assets approximately $25,000.

A. C. BINDING CO. COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Abraham Ashkinasy and Morris Colen, co-partners, trading as A. & C. Binding Company, trimmings and cotton goods, at 139 48th St. Twenty-fourth Street, by these creditors: H. H. Levine Dress Company, $675; H. Greenstein, $450, and H. Johnson, $10. Judge Knox has appointed James L. Bell receiver, in $3,000 bond. It is stated that the liabilities exceed $30,000, and that the assets consist of merchandise worth about $5,000.

A. CLOTHING COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Feinberg and Harold J. Abramson, jobbers in men's clothing, under style of F. & A. Clothing Company, at 724 Broadway, by these creditors: B. Siller, $306; R. Melicow, $480, and Morell Bros., $555. Liabilities are said to be about $5,000 and assets about $1,000.

CHARLES KRELMAN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Charles Kreiman, men's furnishings, at 1,635 Southern Boulevard, by these creditors: George Fox & Co., $1,000; Alfred A. Wood, $1,000, and Sara Meyers, $904. It is stated that the liabilities are about $28,000 and the assets about $10,000.

LOUIS POLLOCK—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed here against Louis Pollock, shoes, at 50 Liberty Street, Newburgh, N. Y., by Endicott, Johnson Corporation, a creditor, for $1,488.

EUGENE H. ROSEVELT JR., student, residing Westchester Country Club Grounds, Eastern Boulevard, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $15,148 and assets of $2 cash and books, $25. There is only one creditor, Axel Emil Henser, whose claim for injuries received has been reduced to a judgment.

WOLF FISCHER, also known as William Fischer, residing at 305 East Houston Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $11,491 and assets of $2,610, main item of which is stock $2,310.

KAHAN OBERMAN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Kahman Oberman, retail dry goods dealer at 189 Sutter Av., Brooklyn, by Brody & Topkin, $46.95; Rosenberg & Speigelman, $109, and Sidney Heberman, $300.

VICTOR CANDY CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Charles Peters and George C. Theis, individually and as copartners, doing business as the Victor Candy Co., Brooklyn, by Peter Rendias, $500; Peter Christie, $300, and Alex Gabriel, $290.

SAMUEL STERN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Samuel Stern of 3,018 West 31st St., Brooklyn, with liabilities of $3,642 and assets of $1,000.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 21.—Creditors' petition in bankruptcy was filed today against Louis Fallmann, Lynn, by the Independent Shoe Company and others, Lynn, with claims of $20,000.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed today against the Great Lakes Chemical Co., Highland Park, Ill., in behalf of the Barnett & Davie Co. and others, with claims aggregating $15,000.

JUDGMENTS.

Entered yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Aba, Benjamin—City of N. Y. $108.29
Brooklyn, Queens Co. & Suburban R. R. Co.—Salary 4,122.55
Bisher, James A.—J. Baker & Co. 1,019.80
Buck, Charles W.—F. Philippone 108.39
Beller, Abraham, and Aaron—New Netherland Bank of N. Y. 2,772.66
Carr, Bard Cary Auto Body Co.—Gen. Fireproof Auto Body Co., Inc. 150.20
Cohen, Aaron R.—L. Bachner 545.65
Cull, Mary A., admx.—Union Ry. Co of N. Y. City 283.70
Cimiucca, Anthony—City of N. Y. 103.20
Comodeo, Egidio—Ebling Brewing Co. 140.72
C. W. Sawyer Corp.—I. Sekine Co., Inc. 434.03
Columbia Product Corp.—Sprout-Waldron Corp. 626.87
Cahn, Ferdinand—James Talcott, Inc. 3,228.61
Davis, Ida (David Davis Sons)—O. W. Ehrborn 319.95
De Schanel, Jacques H.—A. P. Loesberg 198.40
Dick, Louis—B. Rosenfeld 282.15
Eisenstein, Max—City of N. Y. 186.70
Friedman, Morris (S. & R. Restaurant)—E. Greason 102.41
Foley, Timothy J.—N. Bloom 357.40
Foster, Raymond—M. Solomon 120.72
Field, George—New Netherland Bank of N. Y. 1,172.02
Finger, Joseph E.—Tilman Holding Corporation 112.00
Griffin, Joseph T.—L. Fischer 70.20
Gross, Curt—G. Gross 1,024.57
Gallagher, James J.—E. Bunge 2,490.58
Huggins, Nathaniel—T. R. Tobin 758.40
Harris, John, and National Surety Co.—People, &c. 2,000.00
Houston, Monroe D.—I. Reichner 152.60
Horowitz, Morris—New Netherland Bank of N. Y. 1,202.27
Imperial Silk Garment Co., Inc.—S. Stephen et al. 1,079.59
Inquirer Printing and Pub. Co.—Henry Lindenmeyr & Sons 177.20
Johnston, Cryden & Co., Inc.—D. W. Gregory Adjustment Co., Inc. 181.80
James, Mildred—T. Honiggs 638.20
Jorgensen, Carl—J. Wiener 374.25
Jaffa, Samuel—H. Herrmann Furniture Co. 1,106.83
Kleine, Albert—E. A. Rubin 280.87
Kremer Solidair Tire Corp.—S. M. Skelding 492.75
Kennedy, Arthur—T. Smith 1,208.17
Lane, Mary, and James W. Peters—H. E. Dade 6,390.11
Levey, Samuel M., and Morris Greenman (Levey & Greenman)—L. Zucker-man et al. 158.80
Macy, Sylvanus J.—A. W. Eichsob. 13,181.50
Marlowe, Henry, and Rose Orengo—Rottenberg Sons Co., Inc. 230.87
Mandel, Peter, and Christ Casino-People, &c. 300.00
Mins, Henry F.—F. L. Vos 467.13
Male, Francis S., trustee—Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co., costs 237.45
May, Theodore—W. Gross & Co. 494.85
Newark Express and Transportation Co.—E. W. Higbee Jr. 832.58
Okns, Elva—F. C. Reilly, costs 117.77
Putting Out Corporation—Schneider & People, &c. 1,000.00
Progressive Amusement Co., Inc.—J. Brunton 382.70
Propper, Alexander, and David S. Hesse (Alexander Propper & Co.)—W. Iselin et al. 487.02
Pearl, Charles, Joseph Klein, Merovitz, Son & Co. and Jacob Merovitz—A. Schlesser 134.38
Rosenblatt, Abraham; Samuel Braunstein and Fridel Lichtman—A. Wagner 2,391.15
Riesberg, Alfred, and New Amsterdam Casualty Co.—People, &c. 200.00
Same—Same 500.00
Reed, Edward—Ironbound Realty Corp. 114.75
Ross, Nilton J.—B. Altman & Co. 5,684.13
Robert E. Roberts, Inc.—J. Heim 186.38
Reid, Wilfred C.—Hudson Boiler Mfg. Co., Inc. 296.70
Shailek, Joseph—M. J. Dunn 216.05
Sulsberger & Sons Co.—D. Levinson 100.95
Summit House, Inc.—John S. Silin & Sons, Inc. 416.50
Schwartz, Irving and Benjamin (I. & B. Dress Shop)—Chappek 122.58
Shapiro, Sylvia—H. Grinwald 225.20
Sands, Tucker K.—People and National Bank of Leesburg, Va. 290.45
Self, William and Sidney (William B. Self & Co.)—T. Sulz 229.45
Stearns, Edwin M.—Gotham National Bank of N. Y. 7,630.76
Schweighart, John—H. Weinstock 231.41
Towner, Wm. Rufus—J. Clarke 108.88
Taylor, Raymond—Racine Rubber Tire Co. of N. Y., Inc. 124.13

In Bronx County.

Dunay, Henry—M. Cohn 375
Hanson, John S.—Model Bldg. & Loan Association 1,182.44
Kahane, Emil—L. Joseph et al. 47.20
Lanigan Bros.—London Guarantee & Accident Co., Ltd. 230.59
Maslow, Jake—L. M. Stern 816.83
Reed, Edward—Ironbound Realty Corp. 114.75
Steiner, Samuel—J. Auerbach et al. 210.58
Schiny, Aaron—S. Stershon 228.72
Solomon, Isidor—W. Lustig 57.41
Schwartz, Samuel—J. Cohen 75.00
Sperling, Herman—London Guarantee & Accident Co., Ltd. 131.70
Tenzer, Samuel—A. Schonbrun 1,677.83
Weinstein, Joseph—L. Feldman 91.56
Wanka, Oscar—H. Reese et al. 236.61

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Cross, Marks—S. Bedig; Nov. 20, 1920 (vacated) $109.45
Berliner, Bertha—H. M. Levin; Oct. 28, 1912 138.22
Oppenheim, Emil W.—E. J. Bullwinkel Co.; Nov. 1, 1920 106.83
Rubin, Hymen—Bakers Mutual Ins. Co. of N. Y.; Oct. 13, 1920 280.87
Foard Holding Co., Inc.—Heights Plumbing Supply Co.; March 9, 1921 197.04
N. Y. Taxi Cab Co.—P. P. Cougan; June 5, 1911 287.40
Robinson, Haywood, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c.; July 10, 1920 (vacated) 300.00
Anglesey, Robert, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—Same; June 9, 1920 (vacated) 200.00
Dougherty, James, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—Same; Sept. 10, 1918 (vacated) 2,500.00
Auerbach, Rachmiel, and Samuel Fox—J. Kahn; Dec. 6, 1919 1,082.91
Grotsky, Israel, and Samuel Paritsky—S. Silberstein et al.; Nov. 2, 1918 1,351.73
Schneider, Max—S. Tenenbaum; Dec. 4, 1920 121.17
591 Morris Av. Co. and Gaetano De Figlio—H. Herrmann Lumber Co.; Feb. 28, 1918 633.90
Jacobson, Abraham—E. Greenfield Co.; Dec. 17, 1920 763.95
Charles & Co.—D. Lieber; Jan. 2, 1920 3,386.46
Uscia, Joan and Ramon—C. Rechin-ger; Jan. 26, 1920 (reversed) 1,374.62
Ziegfeld Cinema Corp.—Manhattan Desk Co.; Dec. 17, 1920 235.30
Meyrowitz, Philip—F. W. Dodge Co.; Nov. 20, 1917 163.55

In Bronx County.

Greenberg, Harry—N. Radus; July 15, 1914 $25.90
Same—Forward Assn.; Aug. 12, 1915 85.45
Same—Bernheim Dist. Co.; June 20, 1916 87.76
Same—S. Edelstein; July 25, 1914 36.16
Greenberg, Harry, and Abraham Kraus—S. Hechter; Nov. 20, 1914 114.85
Jameson, Mary O. and Rose E. M.—J. L. Brady; Dec. 12, 1914 92.47

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

ANNUAL MEETING OF CHILDS COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of Childs Company will be held at the office of the Company, 200 Fifth Ave., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 30th day of December, 1920, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next Annual Meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The Polls will remain open for one hour.

CHARLES L. ROBERTS, Secretary.
Dated New York City, December 16, 1920.

NOTICE TO THE STOCKHOLDERS—A special meeting of the stockholders of E. W. ROBISCHON, INC., will be held in New York City, 1,133 Broadway, Room 620, on the fourth day of January, 1921, at 10 A. M., for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of the said corporation from the present amount of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000.00), consisting of 250 shares of capital stock at a hundred dollars ($100.00) each, to one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.00), to consist of 1,000 shares of one hundred dollars ($100.00) each.

There will be a meeting of the Board of Directors immediately following.

E. W. ROBISCHON, President.
H. E. DICKINSON, Secretary.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of International Hide and Skin Company will be held at the office of the company, Room No. 2004, No. 5 Nassau Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, January 3rd, 1921, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of electing three directors for the ensuing year and two inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. The polls will open at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and will remain open for at least one hour.

F. L. CROCKER, Secretary.
New York, December 16, 1920.

BROWN, WHEELOCK COMPANY, INC.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, 14 Wall Street, on Wednesday, January 5th, 1921, at twelve o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such business as may properly come before the meeting. The transfer books of the Company will be closed at three P. M. December 24th, 1920, and remain closed until 10 A. M. January 6th, 1921. C. P. DONNELLY, JR., Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

CREW LEVICK COMPANY
FIRST MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS

Notice is hereby

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....% to 6% for the best names
Monday .....% to 6% for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Stocks Represent Profits.

In the case of surplus stocks carried by small retailers, an opinion held is that they represent profits rather than liabilities. It was explained that during the advancing market such stores put their money back in merchandise after taking profits that were larger than usual. Bills were paid and the extra stock represented so much potential, or paper, profit. Even with the liquidation of this surplus at reduced prices the transaction should result in additional capital. This, at least, is the reason given for the small number of failures under the present extraordinary conditions.

***

Business Doubly Hard.

Not only do the wholesale garment manufacturers find it difficult to get orders, but there is said to be another problem presented by the necessity of purchasing materials. A good deal of business is being done on the basis of getting the order before buying the goods out of which the garments are to be made. The manufacturers are now said to be finding short of desirable fabrics and, therefore, have to do some shopping in the market to get what they require to fill orders. Formerly, stocks were so plentiful that none of this bargaining was necessary, and the order could be made up from materials in stock.

***

Don't Want the New Things.

The opinion was expressed yesterday by a garment manufacturer that the retailers who still have stocks to dispose of are showing no interest in new styles and discourage the introduction of new designs. This wholesaler, however, advised some caution in this matter, and pointed to the handicap under which a store will labor if it sticks to the selling of old merchandise too long. "A rival merchant who has taken his losses," he said, "will put in the new designs and make it harder than ever to sell out old stocks. The progressive merchant forgot profits some months ago, and has practically sold out all the merchandise which in a short time will be a liability for a store to carry."

***

A Sidelight on Hosiery Exports.

During the war, a local export concern sold many thousand dollars worth of hosiery to Tunnis, but this business was abruptly cut off this year when prices went up and French exchange declined. A letter from a correspondent in that country describes the difficulty of selling under existing conditions, and mentions that trade with Germany is preferred both from the standpoint of the merchandise to be obtained and the exchange rate. The exporter in question expects the spread of the condition described to South American markets, despite the reduced price of hosiery which has been brought down some 50 to 60 per cent.

***

Wage Reduction a Bearish Factor.

Buyers of woolens and other materials, who so often heard additional wage advances given as the reason for price increases during the period of inflation, now have an opportunity of reversing the argument. Despite the price reductions made, they urge further concessions as a result of lowered wages. Sellers may try to convince them that prices were established on the basis of discounting future wage decreases, but this statement seems to have little weight with customers who had to pay the extra heavy levies when circumstances were the opposite of the present. Bringing down prices and then cutting wages, so the market feels, is something like putting the cart before the horse, but no one has suggested an alternative.

***

Furniture Men Have a Problem.

Among the specialty retailers or department store buyers who will have trouble, despite actual or promised reductions by manufacturers, in getting their prices down to a basis at which the public will buy in a normal way, will be those whose business it is to sell furniture. This will be largely because of the big mark-up required on this merchandise in order to do business at even a fair profit, the need of this marking being due to the high expenses involved in handling furniture. Where a $5,000 purchase of jewelry can readily be carried from a store on a woman's finger, wrist or breast, a similar purchase of furniture would require at least a carpenter to guard delivery. Other expenses are supplied by the large warehouse space needed to carry on a furniture business in any sizeable way, in addition to the store space necessary, the need of expensive delivery equipment, the upkeep of the last-named factor it was said yesterday that the furniture department of a single local store has a fleet of forty trucks assigned to it alone.

***

Predicts Call for Steel Knives.

During the coming social season, predicts the American Cutlery Bureau of Information, more steel knives will be seen on the dinner tables of the land than ever before. This will be due, the Bureau said in a statement issued yesterday, to an overnight change of fashion which makes their use the proper thing. The backs of the newest dinner knives are straight, although there are some which show curved backs and edges. The Bureau is also the authority for the information that it is again proper to carve at the table, rather than at a side board, and that both the host and hostess participating in the rite. This has again brought to the fore the old-fashioned carving set, which had practically disappeared from "smart" homes.

***

A Difference of Opinion Exists.

Opinions in the fur trade apparently do not agree on just what attitude the large dealers in raw skins should take in regard to encouraging the shipment of fresh-caught furs to market. One of the leading auction concerns recently sent a letter to trappers advocating the entire abandonment of their activities for the season, asserting that to do so would mean much better prices for their wares next season, as well as keeping the raw fur market from slumping still further, seemingly of an entirely different mind on the matter, a prominent dealer has sent to the trappers on his list a revised schedule of prices. While all of the revised quotations are still much below the corresponding 1919 figures, in some instances they exceed those in the previous 1920 list by as much as 66 2-3 per cent. The only apparent reason for the advances was that the concern in question wanted furs, and that the trappers were unwilling to supply them at the original prices.

***

Gray Goods Very Dull.

Less and less business is being done in the local gray goods market as the holiday approaches. Important sales were altogether lacking yesterday, and the unimportant ones were scattered. Nothing worth noting was reported in the printcloths, buyers having given to sheetings the bulk of the little attention they showed in the day's offerings. Five-yard sheetings sold for this month's delivery at 17½ cents, while 5.35-yard, for similar shipment, brought 6% and 5¾ cents, respectively. December lots of 39-inch 64-104, 4.20-yard sateens brought 13½ cents.

***

Dresses Starting Up Well.

True to expectations aroused at a recent meeting of manufacturers here, the demand for Spring dresses was said yesterday to be growing steadily. For some time there has been no fault to find with the way buyers have taken the high-priced lines of these goods, but yesterday's report was the first from authoritative sources which spoke in a really optimistic way of the business being done in the more popular-priced ones. As in the higher-grade goods, panel effects are going well, and there is a nice call reported for Canton crepes. In the more staple fabrics taffetas seem to have the call, with brown and navies particularly in favor.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Bruno, Dolberg & Co., who organized recently to carry on an export business in textiles, have obtained permanent quarters at 91 and 97 Worth Street, where they will occupy the entire premises on and after Feb. 1. Until that date they will continue in their present temporary offices at 289 Broadway.

The accounts handled by A. B. Lowry, resident buyer of women's ready-to-wear garments, 1,070 Broadway, when he was a member of the resident buying firm of Rumelsburg & Lowry, have been retained by him.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARTIFICIAL SILK Wanted—Any quantity, any grade; pay cash. Steinberger, 31 Bond St. Spring 1705.

ARTIFICIAL SILK Wanted—Quantities. E. S. Meritzer, 349 5th Av., New York. Murray Hill 2808.

ARTIFICIAL SILK Wanted—Mainly 150. Levy, Anspach, 100 5th Av. Watkins 7317.

CANTON CREPE Wanted—Open to buy good quality canton crepes for Spring shades; immediate delivery. Madison Square 1832.

CANTON CREPES Wanted—Better grades only, all shades. F. S. L. Mfg. Co., 48 West 24th.

CANTON CREPE, TAFFETAS Wanted—Good quality. Countess Dress, 12 East 32d St.

CANTON CREPE Wanted—Navy and brown. Langfelder & Shrier, 30 East 33d.

CANTON CREPE Wanted—All colors. Selchof & Gaier, 58 West 18th St.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Open for jobs in all colors and quality. Manhattan Maid, 137 West 27th.

CLOTHING Wanted—Will buy $100,000 men's, boys' suits, overcoats, pants for cash; must be best figure; will look at samples at 11 Broadway, Central Mgtc., Room 15, on Dec. 23 and 24, between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. Louis Gordon Jr., Son & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.

COATS, SUITS AND WRAPS Wanted—Jobber looking at samples of medium and high-priced coats, suits and wraps. 29 West 30th, 9th floor.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on Spring wraps and coats of better grade. Call any morning, first floor, 8 West 30th St.

COATS, CHILDREN'S, Wanted—Placing orders; sizes 2-6 and 8-14. 45 West 27th (5th floor).

COATS and SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring suits and coats of the better kind. 236 5th Av., 7th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring coats, ladies' and misses'. Pistrong Bros., 128 West 22d. Chelsea 8229.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at ladies' and children's Spring coats all week; mornings only. 12 East 32d, 4th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on ladies', juniors and children's all week. 9th floor, 5 East 17th.

COATS and SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples of the better kind. 134 West 24th St., 6th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Placing orders on high-grade misses' coats and suits. 158 West 27th, 8th floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Placing Spring orders. Call mornings. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d.

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring samples. 4th floor, 33 West 26th.

COATS Wanted—Buying Spring coats after 3 o'clock. Weinstein, 110 West 27th St.

COATS AND WRAPS wanted for Spring. I. N., 45 West 27th, 4th floor.

COATS Wanted—Looking at Spring coats. Schwartz & Schwartz, 38 West 28th.

COATS and SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring models. 5th floor, 45 West 27th.

COATS Wanted—Open to buy Spring coats of the better kind. 5 East 27th, 11th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on sport coats. 40 West 27th, 4th floor.

CORDUROY Wanted—9000, firm finish, navy, brown, gray; for cash. Stuyvesant 2450.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Cash paid for flesh and white 64, nainsook, 36 and 36 inch; also batiste and Windsor crepe. Mr. Damby. Spring 9671.

COTTON GOODS, Sheetings, Drills, Ducks Wanted—Full details in first letter, spot cash. L 631 Times Downtown.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Batiste, crisp, sheer, at a price. Handcraft Blouse, 15 West 31st.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Organdies, nainsooks, batistes, &c., Chelsea 8925.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—8-thread, flesh 66; pick quantity for cash; also wash satins; bring sample pieces. Mitchell Bros., 594 Broadway.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—High quality, five threads, all colors. Mendelson & Vogel, 51 West 24th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Quantity of crepe de chine, at a price. Carlos Waist, 31 West 27th.

CREPES AND TAFFETAS Wanted—Cronenmeyer 660 and changeable. Tel. Penn. 556.

CREPE Wanted—Canton, navy, brown, black and gray. Belmar Dress Co., 35 West 26th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Stewart's, Eclipse Dress Co., 42 West 35th.

CREPE, Canton, Wanted—Quantity. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on taffetas, canton crepes, crepe de chines, Georgettes and tricotines of the better kind; after 9. Landsman Garment Co., 25 West 23d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders on the better grade tricotine and silk dresses. Call with samples, 23 East 26th, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing orders on high-class, snappy charmeuse and canton crepe dresses. Geverts Mfg., 29 West 30th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders on stout dresses, new Spring styles. Call with samples all week, 37 West 32d, third floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber will pay cash for any quantity of tricotine, serge and silk dresses. 153 West 27th (3d floor). Chelsea 7385.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing stock orders on tricotine and serge dresses for the Spring. Call from 4 to 6. M. Wexler, 60 West 30th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing stock orders on better dresses, snappy style, novelty materials. Warren Dress Co., 258 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing Spring orders; call with samples, after 11 A. M. Betty Dress Co., 1,123 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders on dresses, all materials; call with samples. Spero, 260 5th Av.

DRESSES for sports wear—Buying chantilly, charmeuse and satin dresses. Manhattan Maid, 137 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy 1,000 tricotines for cash; bring samples. 7th floor, 25 West 31st St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on large samples in all materials. 5th floor, 39 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring styles. Furman, 89 Union Square.

DRESSES, Jobs Wanted—Also looking at Spring models. Room 38, 1,193 Broadway.

FURS Wanted—Quantity kit coney, cape collars or skins for cash. Benj. Levy, 11 West 32d. Penn. 6196.

FURS Wanted—2,000 squirrel and Australian opossum collars for cash. Selmark, 122 West 34th.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Open to buy 250 pieces two-thread georgette at a price. Schulman Waist Co., Inc., 34 West 27th St., New York City.

GEORGETTE Wanted—$3; good quality; for cash. Rosedale Waist Co., 117 Prince St.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Pure white; must be cheap. Sunshine, 48 West 25th.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Heavy quality, for cash. Loyal Waist, 147 West 22d.

GINGHAMS Wanted—Amoskeag; spot cash if right price. Gerson-Kaufman Co., 368 6th Av.

JAPS Wanted—Natural 6 Mme. M. R. Silverman, 1,372 Broadway. Fitzroy 2781.

JERSEYS Wanted—Can use 1,000 pieces 14-ounce, 54-inch all wool or worsted heather at 75c net cash; this is for our ready-to-wear manufacturing department. M. Silverman & Son, Philadelphia, Pa.

JERSEY Wanted—Wool or worsted; quantity at a price. Morris Hall, 1,333 B'way.

JERSEYS Wanted—Open for quantity heather mixtures. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

LININGS, Tussah Silks Wanted—And mercerized, any lining suitable for coats; must be a price, otherwise not interested, for cash. Rosenberg, 45 West 25th.

MESSALINE Wanted—Large quantity, will pay cash; all colors. Zaldenberg & Le Kashman, 122 West 27th. Watkins 6300.

NETS Wanted—46-hole ecru nets; also white double chiffon. Forster Embroidery Co., 120 5th Av.

OXFORD Wanted—Good quality. Schrader & Levy, 129 West 22d.

PONGEES Wanted—12 mme., first quality, 100 pieces; immediate delivery; must be cheap. Beauty Waist, 32 West 20th.

PONGEE Wanted—12 momme pongee, for immediate delivery, spot cash. Biltmore Waist, 121 West 27th.

PONGEE Wanted—First choice 40in. 14 momme; pay cash. Basher, Spring 3383.

SATEEN Wanted—Black, 40-inch. Manhattan Petticoat Co., 80 West 29th.

SATINS and Tub Silks Wanted—Light flesh. M. Cohen Petticoat Co., 132 West 27th.

SERGES AND TRICOTINES Wanted—Open to buy for cash any quantity of American, U. S. Gilbert, Arlington, Botany, Amoskeag, Pacific, &c.; mill condition; at right price. Action, 824 Times Downtown.

SERGES Wanted—11 to 14 ounce smooth worsted, French backs and flannels; any quantity; spot cash; must be cheap. Alden Woolen Co., 885 Broadway.

SERGES and Poplins Wanted—7301, 7129, 8136, Brightwood Colonial Cloak and Suit Co., 34 East 12th.

SERGES Wanted—1464 or similar, nothing above $1.50. Watkins 534. 138 West 25th, seventh floor.

SERGES, Tricotines Wanted—104, 4632, 817, 129; quantity for cash. Longacre 4134.

SERGES Wanted—Quantity, U. S. 225, 6036, 1464, No. 9 or similar. Watkins 534.

SERGES Wanted—Men's wear; tricotines; cash. H. Cantor Co., 12 East 28th.

SERGE Wanted—French or men's wear, for cash. Bahn, 9 West 20th.

SERGES Wanted—6036, navy. Benjamin Heidt, Fitzroy 3157.

SERGES Wanted—Good quality serges, gabardines and tricotines; spot cash. Watkins 9520.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Silk stripe, madras and fibres, in quantities; cash. Levy, twelfth floor, 286 4th Av.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Better qualities only. Harry Berger Shirt Co., 76 5th Av.

SILKS Wanted—Satins, shirtings, crepe de chine, sport silks, wash satins, taffetas, crepe meteors, pongees, novelties, printed and plain georgettes; pay highest spot cash prices; have several retail stores; no lots too big; can use odds and ends or remnants in anything. New York Silk Exchange, 237 4th Av. Madison Square 1903.

SILKS Wanted—Will buy for spot cash, ¾ and 5-thread crepe de chines; also crepe meteors, radiums, satins, novelties, georgettes, taffetas, sport silks; printed georgettes; also all kinds of shirtings and all kinds of remnants in silk from 1½ yards up. Store, 34 East 28th. Madison Square 2873.

SILKS Wanted—Ready to buy for cash 4-3 thread crepe de chine at a price. Harris Blouse, Inc., 2-16 West 32d, sixth floor.

SILKS Wanted—For lining, fancy jap, plain and changeable peau de chine. Gordon V. Lyons, 157 West 26th.

SILK Wanted—Line for Chicago cutting-up trade; best of references. A 518 Times Downtown.

SILK, SATIN or Messaline Wanted—Brown, purple, peacock. Manhattan Petticoat, 8 West 24th.

SILKS (Japs) Wanted—3½ momme; also georgettes, at a price. Madison Square 9208.

SILKS Wanted—Peau de cygnes, radium linings; quantity for cash. Bernstein, 51 West 31st.

SILKS Wanted—Jap silks, all kinds of fancy silks. Safran & Kreeger, 23 East 26th.

SILK (Japs) Wanted—White, natural, six momme. Mr. Schwalbe, Longacre 4787.

SILKS, JAP, Wanted—At a price. Hirsch & Bro., 15 West 27th.

SILKS Wanted—Jap, 3½ and 4½ mme. Watkins 6168.

SILVERTONES and Velours Wanted—Light weight, all shades; spot cash. Watkins 6456.

SPANGLED FLOUNCING or Panels Wanted—36-inch, for black evening; any quantity; cash. S. & E., 115 West 27th St., 4th floor.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted—Better grade Spring, from reliable contractors and manufacturers, to place samples with representative for the jobbing trade; big business for the right party. Pozmick, 1,161 Broadway.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at misses' juniors' snappy Spring models. 20 West 30th St., 1st floor, between 4 and 6 P. M. daily.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing quantity orders on Spring suits. See Mr. Lawrence, 12th floor, 12 West 27th St.

SUITS and COATS Wanted—Placing orders on high-grade Spring suits and coats. 32 East 31st, 9th floor.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted—Placing orders on high-grade misses' suits and coats. 158 West 27th, 6th floor.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at better grade Spring suits and coats. 8th floor, 35 West 31st.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring suits, 4th floor, 3 West 29th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Open for large quantity, brown, navy and also other colors; bring samples piece with you. Wiesen & Goldstein, 1,107 Broadway, corner 24th St., 10th floor.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Will buy any quantity in black and colored taffets for spot cash; call with samples. Bassers, 34 East 29th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Open for any quantity; navy, brown; good quality only. Fairmont Dress, 107 West 20th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Good quality, all shades; also crepe de chines. Prudential Textile, 35 East 29th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Brown taffeta, unlimited quantity, for cash. Zimetbaum, 38 West 32d. Longacre 4350.

TAFFETA and Peau de Cynes Wanted—In changeable and solids. M. Cohen Petticoat Co., 132 West 27th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Good quality, black and brown; price no object. Hyman W. Ginsberg, 25 West 31st.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Open to buy large quantity, in all colors. Bronner Bros., 18 West 27th St.

TAFFETAS' Wanted—Changeable, quantity, all colors. 1,133 Broadway, Room 719, between 1-3.

TAFFETA Wanted—Open for 500 pieces, all colors. Claremont Dress Co., 34 West 33d.

TAFFETA Wanted—Navy, finest quality only. Langfelder & Shrier, 30 East 33d.

TAFFETA Wanted—All grades, dark colors; quantity. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

TAFFETAS, Georgettes and Foulards Wanted. Betty Dress Co., 1,123 Broadway.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Stehli's brown or similar. Harry Eidlinger, 20 West 27th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Low ends, all shades. Brodie-Siegel & Co., 52 West 27th St.

TAFFETAS Wanted—All colors; cash. Bildmore Dress, 6 West 20th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Read's navy, tricotine; will pay cash for 9092; also Horstmann & Huffmann's tan, rookie, navy, twill cords. Pollak & Green, coats and suits, 142 West 24th.

TRICOTINE and POIRET Wanted—Pacific, Reed's 6388 and similar qualities; for cash. Mendelson-Sussman Co., Fitzroy 5611.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Will buy navy, all wool tricotine for cash; prices must be right. I. & B. Sapiro Cloak Co., 37 W. 20th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Read's or any other goods, fine quality; open to buy quantity for cash. Philip Mendels, 29 West 38th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Good quality; price must be under $2.25 per yard. Joseph Rosenberg & Co., 38 West 32d.

TRICOTINES AND SERGES Wanted—Popular make. Call with samples, 44 East 23d. Room 4006.

TRICOTINE Wanted—6838 Amerikan, for cash; quantity. Ben Schindelheim & Co. Chelsea 6782.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Andrew's, Read, Deland; better make. S. & M. Silverstein, 12 West 27th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Open for 200 pieces navy, at a price. Claremont Dress Co., 34 West 33d.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Reed's 3800, or similar quality; for cash. Ben Glasberg Co. Fitzroy 5611.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Open for quantity in navy at $2 a yard. Princess Dress, 25 West 31st St.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Quantity, all wool, about $2. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Any quantity, for cash, also seconds. 153 West 27th, third floor.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Quantity; $2 and under. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

TRICOTINES AND SERGES Wanted—Navy and black. Koen Bros., 23 West 32d.

TRICOTINE Wanted—American 6838 or Greer's 8030. Madison Square 8160.

TRICOTINE Wanted—At a price for cash. Linde & Rubin, 129 West 27th.

TRICOTINES, Serges and Poiret Twill Wanted—Room 35, 1,193 Broadway.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Read's 7161, quantity, for cash. Chelsea 6549.

VELOURS Wanted—Lightweight at the right price; brown and reindeer only; if price is right will pay cash. Dorfman & Weisen, 16 West 125th.

VELOURS Wanted—Lightweight, big quantities at price. Sonners & Levine, 1,161 Broadway. Watkins 9633.

VELOURS Wanted—Open for velours, nothing over $1; also silvertone in all colors. Call Chelsea 7673.

VELOURS Wanted—Large quantity, all shades; must be cheap. Bell Garment Co., 22 West 27th.

WAISTS Wanted—Georgettes, crepe, all prices, cash. K. & W., 484 Broadway.

Contracts Wanted.

CONTRACTORS making a popular priced line ladies' suits, willing to connect with jobber; 14 machines. Phone Watkins 8625.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARMY GOODS — Army regulation garrison shoe, $4.65; navy blue wool pea coats, $7.85; West Point officer shoes, $3.85; army wool mackinaw, 36 ounce, $7.50; army O. D. slippers, $1; hip boots, $2.75; army hobnailed shoes, $3.50. Elias Berlow Corp., 110 Duane St.

ARMY and navy underwear, new, $11 per dozen, hip rubber boots, $3 per pair; O. D. wool shirts, lined and double elbow, $30 dozen; leather jerkins, $3.95. Chas. Rose, 385 Bridge St., Brooklyn.

ARMY AND NAVY STORES—1,000 leather aviation helmets, 400 jerkins, 250 men's black leather coats, reversible lining. Leo F. Sturm, 8 West 30th.

ARMY AND NAVY GOODS—All descriptions, new and reclaimed; lowest prices. Berger-Krans Co., 27 West Houston St., near B'way.

ARMY GOODS—16-oz. O. D. melton, 58 inches wide; sell reasonable. Chelsea 9423.

BAGS—Entire line ladies' imported and domestic handbags, silk and velvet, offered at remarkably low prices. Lanscatra Co., 3 West 29th. Longacre 4144.

BAGS, beaded, French, handmade, below market price; spot delivery. Products of American Industries, 168 East 45th. Madison Square 2746.

BATHROBES, nightshirts for men; cheap. L. Greenberg & Co., 7 West 22d. Gramercy 1680.

BATHROBES—Jobs men's, women's, children's. Brown & Son, 30 West 17th.

BEAVERS, J 56 Dobson, $1.80 net cash; immediate delivery. Stuyvesant 8416.

CANTON CREPES—All shades, good quality; immediate delivery. Latzter, 489 4th Av.

COATEES—Plush, best for trimming, for cheapest price. 7th floor, 46 West 25th.

COATEES—Plush and cloth close out, sacrifice prices. Korenteff, 12 West 21st.

COATEES—Silk plush fur-trimmed, $8.75. Gelfond, 161 West 29th.

COATS AND WRAPS—Immediate delivery; chinchillas, opossums, caracals, tasmanian, bolivia, &c.; autria, Australian opossum and raccoon trimmed; also a large assortment of sheeper coats at a price. Stellerman, Donovan & Berkman, 1,440 Broadway.

COATS AND WRAPS—For trimmed and plain; wonderful variety of styles; made in the season's most desirable fabrics; priced exceptionally well. Mesoritsky & Stellerman, 22 West 27th.

COATS—Sport, chappy, fur trimmed, suede lined, $14.75 net downtown. Trade cards, opossum fur shawl collars, leather suede lined, $25. Leo Sturm, 9 West 30th.

COATS—Closing out ladies' plush coats, raccoon and opossum collars; also ladies' and children's cloth coats at sacrifice prices. 106 West 33d St., 1st floor.

COATS—Come at once! Wonderful selection in bolivia, and suedine, with raccoon and Australian opossum collars, at remarkably low prices. L. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS—300 of the better grade, fur-trimmed and plain, to close out at a sacrifice. W. Philips & Co., 146 West 25th, 12th floor.

COATS, close out, 2,000 infants' children's, all descriptions; snappy styles; at sacrifice. Salable Mfg. Co., 541 Broadway. Spring 3253.

COATS—Infants' intermediates and children's cloth and silk fabric coats to close out, $1.50 up. Rosenfeld Bros. & Rosenberg, 22 West 21st St.

COATS, Wraps—Trimmed with squirrel, opossum, beaver-rite and sealine; 300; will sacrifice. Marcus Klepper & Co., 34 West 27th.

COATS and Wraps—300 better grade fur-trimmed and plain at closing out prices. Rubinstein & Dochter, 140 West 23d.

COATS—Wrappy styles, large fur collars; cheap; also plain and fur trimmed suits. Lee Baxter & Co., 38 West 35th.

COATS—Children's, juniors', ladies', fur trimmed; close out. Edelson & Hand, 10 West 22d.

COATS—Sacrificing stock beaver, raccoon; Australian collars; $33.75. Bernstein, 31 West 31st.

COATS—We are selling out our stock of girls' coats at greatly reduced prices. A. Bender & Son, 125 West 19th St.

COATS—Sacrificing bolivias, suedines, plain and fur trimmed. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

COATS—Closing out entire stock of plush coats, short and long. Newman, 137 West 27th.

COATS—500 raccoon, Australian opossum, sealine trimmed; great sacrifice. Morris Waldman, 17 West 28th.

COATS—Australian opossum collars, $25; close out, also job all wool coats, fur collars, $12. Ulius Bros., 37 West 31st.

COATS—Peco and Baffin seal plush, fur-trimmed, at special prices. Tannen & Kaplow, 146 West 25th St.

COATS AND WRAPS—Closing out balance of stock at sacrifice. Supreme Manufacturing Co., 19 West 24th.

COATS—Our Spring line of suits and coats is ready for your criticism. N. Burwits & Son, 38 West 21st.

COATS—3,000 must be sold, very big sacrifice; latest materials and styles. Gelfand, 141 West 28th.

COATS—Ladies' and children's, to close out at a very cheap price. Halprin Bros., 36 West 20th.

COATS—Big job of coats, suits and dresses to close out very cheap. A. Lustgarten, 8 West 19th.

COATS—Big sacrifice, ladies' cloth, fur-trimmed, assorted, $6.75. Frank, 48 West 22d.

COATS—Children's, cloth; all sizes; close out; 200; your price. Bolly Polly, 48 West 22d.

COATS and suits of better kind, 100 each, to close out at sacrifice. Waxman, Chelsea 8332.

COATS—30 wrap-coats, silk lined, to close out at a price. Lavine & Soloff, 162 West 21st.

COATS—Close out cheap, 500 velour, all lined. Blumenson & Co., 56 West 22d St.

COATS—Special coat at $10.90 for January sales. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th.

COATS—Children's, juniors', closing out. D. Kantor & Wasserman, 3 East 17th.

COATS AND WRAPS—Better kind; close out. 32 East 31st, 10th floor.

COATS, children's, to close out. Levitan Bros. & Zarkower, 136 West 21st.

COATS—To close out; will sacrifice. Klar Bros., 40 West 27th St.

CORDUROYS—6000, 618, all colors; also remnants. Stuyvesant 2450.

CREPE DE CHINE—Crepe meteors and georgettes, 52 colors, and silks of every description, for spot delivery; prices far below manufacturing cost; export trade solicited. St. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 7400.

CREPE DE CHINE, quantity, powdered, flesh, 3-thread; cheap. Watkins 2968.

DRESSES—We have about 2,000 all-jersey dresses, embroidered on waist and skirt, at the unusually low price of $5.75; also tricotines and serges at remarkably low prices; if interested, call, write or wire. Goldblatt & Schaeffler, 150 West 25th. Chelsea 3295.

DRESSES—1,000 on the rack; final clean-up sale of tricotine and velour dresses at a sacrifice price; good styles and workmanship; immediate delivery. Posnick Nonas Co., 18 West 21st. Chelsea 8663.

DRESSES—Jobbers, call to see our 75 beautiful Spring dresses, all materials; selling them very cheap; we are working at a very small profit and give right merchandise. Paris, 18 West 27th.

DRESSES—Our racks are full of fine values priced right for your requirements; sales; serges, tricotines, velours in all colors, all sizes. Meyer Bosniak, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES — Styles specially designed to put action into December and January sales; our regular $22.75 models now $10.75. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES—Spring models of all leading materials at my usual rock-bottom prices; now ready for immediate delivery. 7th floor, 148 West 24th.

DRESSES—300 of better kind at sacrifice, tricotine, velvets, charmeuse, and evening gowns; no reasonable offer refused. Hahn-Benjamin, 143 West 29th.

DRESSES—At sacrifice, 200 serges, tricotine and satins; coats, 100; exceptionally good values. Heidberg & Cohen, 18 West 27th St., Room 605.

DRESSES—Stout and maternity; closing out seasonable materials, desirable styles; rock bottom prices. Liman Dress, 17 West 17th.

DRESSES—Big bargains; wool velour, $6.75; wool serges, embroidered, $4.75; satins, tricotines; close out. Loeb-Nussbaum, 110 West 23d.

DRESSES—Jobbers! Spring line of better grade advanced models in the latest materials now ready. Alex. Beckerman, 510 4th Av.

DRESSES—Contractor has assorted evening gowns and party dresses, better grade, to close out, cheap. 9th floor, 14 West 17th.

DRESSES—Closing out at sacrifice prices satins and charmeuses. L. Frank & Son, 6 West 32d.

DRESSES—Jobbers! Jobbers! Spring line of better grade advanced models now ready. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES—Better grade silk, chiffon velvet, tricotine, spangled robes, lace and evening dresses. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES—Closing out wonderful new line taffeta dresses; original models; excellent values. 306 5th Av. Suite 1904.

DRESSES—Removal sale, sacrifice entire stock tricotines, silks, jerseys. Ruby, 7 West 30th.

DRESSES—Contractor has 1,000 tricotines to be picked off the racks for half the price. Jeanne Mfg., 120 West 31st.

DRESSES—Serges, tricotines, satins, taffetas, to close out very cheap. Chatham Dress, 259 5th Av.

DRESSES—Contractor has job lot of silk dresses, juniors, to close out at a sacrifice, 154 West 23d, 2d floor.

DRESSES—Tricotine and charmeuse; better grade; to close out; low price. 510 6th Av., 9th floor.

DRESSES—150 party dresses, recently made; all colors and sizes; low price. Simon, 44 East 32d.

DRESSES—Children's serges, silk, 6-14, $5 up; bargain. Greater New York, 244 5th Av.

DRESSES—800 tricotines and silks, sacrifice price. Samuel Yaner, 30 East 20th.

DRESSES—1,000 tricotine for January sales. F. W. R. Dress Co., 11 West 20th.

DRESSES—Job to close out at a great sacrifice. Roman Dress Co., 15 West 30th.

EMBROIDERY—Small lots imported centre pieces at sacrifice to quick buyer. Call Room 9, 28 Whitehall St.

FUR—Marmots plain, trimmed; Australian opossum, kit, brown coney coats; close out, sacrifice prices. Watkins 9737. Weiss & Bro., 234 West 39th.

FURS to close out; taupe fox scarf $10 each; immediate delivery. Vanta Bros., 124 West 28th. Chelsea 1584.

FURS—Several hundred Slynx, in gray only, suitable for trimming millinery and coats. M. Rubin, 16 East 17th St. Stuyvesant 8240.

FURS—Raccoon and black opossum, shawl collars, at a price. Watkins 7708.

FURS—Marmot coats to close out. Call Watkins 2297.

GOLDTONES. Plumette, Joel's 400, shade 229, 225; close out cheap. Gramercy 440.

HOSIERY—10,000 dozen men's 176 needle cotton hose, wide gauge, 15,000 dozen ladies' 176 needle hose, 85c, $1.10 dozen; all perfect goods; also big jobs in woolen hose to close out cheap. Quinto Co., 1,123 Broadway.

MOHAIR LININGS—50 pieces S. R. E. and P. S. I., assorted colors, 49½ cents. Watkins 5872.

NECKWEAR—Men's, silk-knit four-in-hand, to close out. Emil Gilck, 621 Broadway.

NECKWEAR—One lot 36in. knit to close. Simpson, 79 Seventh Av.

PAJAMAS—Quantity of men's flannelette nightshirts and pajamas to close out reasonably. Goldstein-Kirschner, 554 Broadway.

PETTICOATS—Jersey, changeable taffeta, satins and novelties, $1.75 up; exceptional offering. Greater New York, 244 5th Av.

PETTICOATS, silk, jersey; closing out, $1.75. El Lingo, 1 West 31st.

PLUSHES—Peco, immediate delivery, 15-17 net. Stuyvesant 8416.

POIRET TWILL—Garfields 4375, Ardross 1308 and other makes; also good tricotines; immediate delivery. Madison Square 3880.

POLO—New Spring fabrics; selling below cost price. Madison Square 10250.

PONGEES, 12 momme, Gilt, 36 Inch; 67½c. Madison Square 4066.

SCARFS—Woolen, 320 dozen olive drab brushed wool scarfs to close out 10c quick buyer. H. Gelb, 441 Broadway.

SERGES — All wool and cotton warps, all makes; tricotines, poplins, panamas, serges, broadcloths, silvertones and other styles. Franklin Woolen, 30 West 24th.

SERGES, Tricotines—6301, 7301, 7190, 11433, 4632, 104, 5200, WSL, 81 RBGL 5098, 9708, DRW, 12060, 785, poplin, PPL, 8156, 774, Weinstein Co., 1 Square 845.

SERGES—WFX, 7120, 6120, SBGL, WSG, CFS, C8G, PRW, FRS, PPL PGL MFL 5808, 54230, 54298, 3097, 4081; also plaid skirting. Watkins 5714.

SERGES—104, 7120, 7301, 0036, 225, 1464, 5808, 0306, C8G, 7012, 7117; very cheap. Madison Square 8765.

SERGES—0036, tricotines 5782; navy and tan; cheap for cash. Madison Square 7779.

SERGES, tricotines, 7301, 7120, 7614, 11433, 9, 0036, 225, 6782. Watkins 2193.

SERGES—Style 0306, 7120, C8G 12060, also 21227 pole. Madison Square 9413.

SERGES—Ameskeag, 7512; quantity exceptional low price. Mendelson & Vogel, 51 West 24th.

SERGES—Juilliard's 5807, 5808, at a price. Longacre 5456.

SERGES—7801, 7614, 11433; below market price. Watkins 5872.

SERGES—7801 dark navy, 0306, 5830. Warren Woolen, 41 West 25th.

SHIRTS—Silk; don't miss the final closing out of lots of silk shirts; we want to start the year 1921 with empty shelves; come here and yet your bargains. Rainbow Shirt Corp., 189 Greene St., near Bleecker. Spring 6625.

SHIRTS—Army, U. S. A. Standard, 9¼ oz. flannel shirts, cut full with double elbow and lined chest; double stitching throughout, $36 per dozen, just 10 days. M. H. Rosen & Co., 389

GOOD BIDDING FOR AUCTION OFFERINGS

Building on the Corner of Rector and Greenwich Streets Sold for $52,000.

MANY TENEMENTS IN LIST

Several Brooklyn and Bronx Properties Also Attract the Attention of Investors.

Several properties in various parts of the city were offered at auction yesterday in the Vesey Street Salesroom and lodging from the active bidding for some of the choicer parcels the results indicated a very satisfactory interest in Manhattan realty. In view of the general business depression and the approach of the holiday season, the prices obtained were deemed excellent. In addition to the Manhattan parcels, several good properties were sold in the Bronx, Brooklyn and Queens.

Most important of the offerings was the four-story tenement with stores at 94 Greenwich Street, on the northwest corner of Rector Street, a plot 20.11 by 90.8 feet and irregular, sold by Samuel Marx as auctioneer in partition. The opening bid was $20,000, which was quickly raised to $30,000, and the property was finally knocked down for $52,000 to Daniel W. McCrea, a party in interest. Mr. Marx also sold the five-story tenement house at 726 East Sixth Street, plot 30 by 97 feet, east of Avenue C, for $18,000. It was in foreclosure sale, the indebtedness with taxes aggregating about $16,000. The plaintiff, F. Kingsbury Curtis, was the buyer.

Joseph P. Day offered a number of properties. Among the Manhattan parcels were the five-story building at 1,950-1,952 Third Avenue, northwest corner of 107th Street, plot 50.5 by 100 feet, a voluntary sale and purchased for $70,000 by David Vogel; two tenements with stores at 1,713-1,715 Lexington Avenue, north of 107th Street, plot 38.4 by 75 feet, purchased by Adolph Blumenthal for $22,500; a six-story tenement at 351 East 114th Street, plot 25 by 100.11, sold for $21,500, and a five-story tenement at 200 West Tenth Street, east of Weehawken Street, knocked down for $12,000.

In the Bronx Henry Eggers was the buyer of two dwellings at 2,869 and 2,875 Heath Avenue, each on plot 25 by 100 feet, north of 229th Street, for $17,000 each.

Among Mr. Day's Brooklyn offerings were three four-story flats at 582-590 Rogers Avenue, plot 90 by 96 feet, purchased by H. Johnston for $21,250; a two-story building at 732 Jefferson Avenue, bought for $9,700 by Joseph Cook; four-story tenement at 205 Luquecr Street, purchased by T. L. Lucas for $19,500 and a dwelling at 1,153 Fifty-eighth Street, plot 80 by 100, sold for [illegible].

At Lynbrook a large plot on the northeast corner of Merrick Road and Hempstead Avenue, 108 by 137 and irregular, sold for the Frank Schlosser estate, was knocked down for $90,000, and a house at 45 Nineteenth Street, Elmhurst, was bought by Frances Laurence for $8,000.

At foreclosure sale, the five-story tenement at 60 Montgomery Street, plot 25 by 94 feet, with liens aggregating $30,000, was sold by Jacob H. Mayers to the plaintiff, Abraham Schwarz, for $21,000.

Private Dwelling Sales.

The four-story dwelling at 215 East Twenty-ninth Street, lot 15 by 100 feet, has been sold by Ryan & Co. to Henry Ehf for a client of Porter & Co.

The four-story dwelling at 224 West Forty-sixth Street, lot 17.6 by 100, has been purchased by Douglass Simpson from the Mahoney estate. J. B. English was the broker.

Joseph H. Calisher sold to Harry Kaplan the three-story dwelling at 1,542 Madison Avenue, 17 by 70, near 104th Street.

William G., Theodore and Oswald M. Shaw bought the three-story dwelling at 361 West 117th Street, 16.8 by 100. Gustav Lindholm sold to Emil Gieszdanner the three-story dwelling at 235 West 127th Street, 14 by 100.

William C. Reick has transferred his former home at 1,014 Madison Avenue to Chandler Bates, his son-in-law, who married his eldest daughter, Miss Amy Ridgway Reick.

J. S. Maxwell sold for the estate of Ella M. O'Brien the six-story English basement house, 14 by 100, at 628 West 138th Street, to a buyer for occupancy.

The Biltmore's New Treasurer.

Eugene D. Miller, one of the best known hotel men in this city, was elected Vice President and Treasurer of the Hotel Biltmore yesterday. The election followed the meeting of the Board of Directors which accepted the resignation of Thomas M. Appiegarth, who had held office in the company since its formation, and who retires after thirty years' active service with a pension for life. Mr. Miller has for years been the personal representative and the chief executive of the companies of which John McE. Bowman is the President, and has handled the finances of The Biltmore, Belmont, Murray Hill, Commodore, Ansonia and various other hotels in the Bowman group, which employ over 10,000 in help.

The Bronx Market.

The Grand Terrace Construction Company sold to Morris Shapiro the five-story apartment house at 1,018 East 168th Street, 40 by 100. Schwab & Co. negotiated the sale.

Edward Hurley sold to Albert D. Phelps the three-story dwelling at 2,255 Tiebout Avenue, 18.7 by 76.3.

The Ebro Realty Company sold to Jeannette Duffy the three-story dwelling at 2,639 Marion Avenue, 37.6 by 100.

Carrie E. Ficke sold to Louisa Heine the five-story flat at 342 East 139th Street, 25 by 100.

Maria Holdermann sold to Caterina Locicero the four-story flat at 580 Morris Avenue, 25 by 70.3.

Suburban Buying.

Residences at Ridgewood, N. J., have been sold by S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman for Mrs. Carolina E. Whitehead at 17 West End Avenue to Wm. Schlatge, and at 286 Prospect Street to Mrs. Sarah A. Barnard.

The Wykagyl Holding Company has sold two plots in Wykagyl Park, near New Rochelle, to Pierpont Van Cott.

The Malba Estates Corporation has sold at Malba-on-the-Sound, the DeWitt M. Taylor property on North Drive to Edward Smith, and a waterfront building plot to J. W. McKeon.

Col. Ruppert Buys Corner.

Col. Jacob Ruppert has increased his realty holdings in the Dyckman section by the purchase of the vacant plot, 100 by 100, at the northeast corner of Post Avenue and Academy Street. Col. Ruppert has owned the five-story apartment house with stores at the corresponding corner of Sherman Avenue and Academy Street, one block away, for six years. Henry F. Schulte sold the plot.

L. I. City Plant Leased.

Judson A. Harrington subleased for a long term of years for the American Chicle Company to the U. R. S. Candy Stores, Inc., the large modern five-story and basement factory containing about 180,000 square feet of space, located on the south side of Harris Avenue, running from Ely Avenue to William Street, Long Island City.

BUSINESS BUILDINGS SOLD.

The Schulte Realty Co. Pays $125,000 for Seventh Avenue Corner.

The Schulte Realty Company purchased from the estate of Anna Gerken the four-story loft building, on a lot 20 by 51, at 740 Seventh Avenue, southwest corner of Forty-ninth Street. The Schulte Company is holding the property for sale or rent, and negotiations for a long-term lease are already under way.

The parcel has been owned by the Gerken estate since 1863, and was held at $125,000. It is assessed for $115,000. H. J. Morris negotiated the sale.

The Benenson Realty Company, operators, resold to a Western client the six-story loft building, on a plot 50 by 92, at 120 and 122 West Eighteenth Street, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues. It shows an annual rental of $24,000; asking price, $150,000. S. Alexander was the broker.

The Cruikshank Company sold for Albert E. Gallatin and others the five-story and basement store and loft building at 276 Pearl Street, on a lot 22.11 by 90. The property has been purchased for owner's occupancy.

$280,000 Cortlandt Street Lease.

Tankoos, Smith & Co. subleased for the Schulte Cigar Stores Company for a term of twenty-one years, at a rental aggregating $280,000, the entire five-story and basement building, on a plot 22 by 124, at 48 Cortlandt Street, on the north side, directly west of the Hudson Terminal Building. The lessees, William Mishkin and Joseph Harkavy, on May 1, 1921, will make extensive alterations and improvements and occupy the entire building as a restaurant establishment. Tankoos, Smith & Co. recently leased to the Schulte Cigar Stores Company, at a rental aggregating $1,000,000, the same property in conjunction with the entire block front on the east side of Greenwich Street, extending from Cortlandt Street to Dey Street.

Tenement Trading.

The five-story tenement house at 212 and 214 Broome Street and 71 Norfolk Street, being the northwest corner, has been sold by Marston & Co. for William H. Turrell.

The five-story store tenement, 24.8 by 50, at the northwest corner of Goerck and Rivington Streets, has been sold by Emma Breustle to Pauline and Peritz Wexler.

Hirsch Uram bought from William P. Dixon, as executor, the five-story tenement, 12.9 by 100, at 101 Mangin Street.

Fifteen Houses at Auction.

Fifteen new houses on Sixty-eighth Street, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second Avenues, Brooklyn, will be sold at public auction this evening by Joseph P. Day in the Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange Salesroom.

Bill to License Realty Brokers.

A bill to license real estate brokers will be introduced at Albany early in January. The bill will be discussed at a meeting of real estate men to be held at noon today at the Hotel Boulevard.

Commercial Leases.

Harris, Vought & Co. have leased, in conjunction with Ogden Clarkson, the parlor floor at 4 East Forty-eighth Street to Paul M. Frankel.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased for Bing & Bing the ground floor of 102 and 104 Fulton Street to James Demas and Peter Kallas from Dec. 1 at an aggregate rental of about $75,000.

Sol. Stern has leased for the Gould Realty Company, through Carstein & Linnekin, the store and basement at 75 and 77 Spring Street, northeast corner of Crosby Street, to Louis D. Cahn.

Judson A. Harrington has subleased to the Amalgamated Paper Company the ground floor containing 17,000 square feet of space in the twelve-story Gair Building, No. 5, at 70 Washington Street, corner of Front Street, Brooklyn.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

$100,000 for Rent Assignments

$350,000 for 2d Mortgages. Will divide. First Mortgages from $20,000 up. Brokers protected. Submit particulars.

S. A. ISRAEL, 99 Nassau St.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Xmas Present
House Auction Sale
TO-NIGHT
in Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange, 189 Montague St., at 8 P. M.,
15 Fine New Dwellings
Both Sides 68th St.,
Between 21st and 22d Sts.,
BROOKLYN
Right at Subway Station.
Be sure to attend this sale.

Joseph P. Day
Auctioneer
67 Liberty St., New York City. Telephone 744—Cortlandt

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

36,000 SQUARE FEET
Immediate Possession
GREENWICH NEAR SPRING ST.
Two Cold Storage Plants
Stable Accommodations for 50 Horses
ON LONG TERM LEASE
Driveway From Street to Street
Suitable for manufacturing, warehouse or garage; first floor concrete containing 11,000 square feet; four stories; 2 elevators; steam plant, offices, &c.
WOLFE & CO., 31 Liberty St. Phone John 5262.

FOR SALE
NO. 319 WEST 74TH ST.
5-Story American Basement Dwelling.
17 rooms, 3 baths, immediate possession. For particulars apply to
CLARK T. CHAMBERS
233 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 7230

FURNISHED HOUSE
IN MURRAY HILL SECTION.
11 rooms and 3 baths.
To let from Jan. 1, 1921, for year or season. Rent $500 per month. House very attractively furnished; now occupied by owner.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 B'WAY.

BUSINESS HESS PROPERTY

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

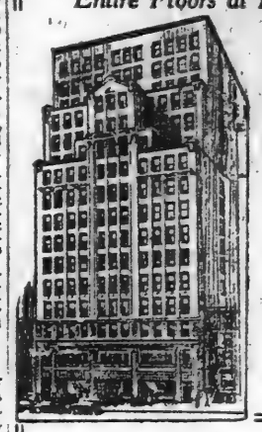
DAINTY ELABORATELY APPOINTED COUNTRY SUBURBAN HOME FOR SMALL FAMILY; VERY LARGE ROOMS AND TILED BATHROOM. PLOT 100X210 FT. GARAGE INCLUDED. LESS THAN ONE HOUR FROM N. Y. CITY. PRICE $16,000 COMPLETE. READY TO LIVE IN. $1,750 CASH TAKES IT, BALANCE ON MORTGAGE. IT IS A REAL OPPORTUNITY. DETAILS FROM P. O. P. O. BOX 378, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK CITY.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOUSE AND GROUNDS
At price equal to value of building alone at pre-war prices; 11 rooms, 2 baths, fine brick house, garage, land over 100 feet wide; ($30,000); reasonable offer desired.
BELLOWS & WARREN,
Getty Square, Yonkers.
20 minutes from 42d Street.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Ready for Occupancy
Entire Floors at REASONABLE Rental



New 16-Story Building
15 West 37th St.
Adjoining Fifth Ave.
Store, Offices
AND
Showrooms
4700 to 8100 Sq. Ft.
PER FLOOR
Light on Four Sides

16-Story Building
15 West 36th St.
adjoining 5th Ave.
Entire Floors
4200 Sq. Ft. per floor
Light on Four Sides
100% Sprinkler

11-Story Building
49 West 24th St.
bet. 5th and 6th Aves.
Entire Floors
45 x 84
Suitable for Mfg.
100% Sprinkler

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR FEBRUARY 1ST, 1921
Julius Tishman & Sons, Inc.
18 EAST 41st ST., N. Y. VANDERBILT 1977

145 WEST 45th STREET
ADJOINING BROADWAY
Offices and Professional Studios
HIGH-CLASS FIREPROOF BUILDING
Equipped with Approved Vaults for Film Storage
ENTIRE FLOOR 5300 SQUARE FEET AND A FEW DESIRABLE OFFICES
Immediate possession if desired.
ROBERT P. ZOBEL, 35 WEST 39th STREET OR YOUR OWN BROKER

LIGHT LOFT TO LET.
10,000 SQUARE FEET AT $1.00 per square foot.
PRIVILEGE TO SUBLET PART.
18-20-22 West 20th Street
Near Fifth Avenue.
Running Through to 23 West 19th Street.
MODERN FIREPROOF BUILDING. SPRINKLER SYSTEM. 4 ELEVATORS. POSSESSION AT ONCE.
Inquire:
Arragon Holding Corp.,
35 NASSAU STREET.
RECTOR 9454 or 1073. OR YOUR OWN BROKER.
Superintendent on Premises.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOMES AT MOUNT VERNON
(28 minutes from Grand Central Sta.)
ANDERSON REALTY Co
22 East 1st St. Tel. 1844-5 Mount Vernon.

FLORIDA—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FLORIDA
A COMFORTABLE HOME with a good living for yourself and family on a Florida orange grove; does that appeal to you? Write for particulars; they will interest you.
TEMPLE TERRACES, Inc.,
48 E. 41st St., N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

50,000 SQ. FEET
Choice Modern, Light
OFFICE SPACE
ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY AND WALL STREET. SUITABLE FOR EXECUTIVE, BROKERAGE OR GENERAL USE. ENTIRE INDIVIDUAL BUILDING OR SEPARATE FLOORS. MODERN AND FIREPROOF. POSSESSION MAY 1ST. LOW RENT.
TANKOOS, SMITH & CO.
REAL ESTATE
11 JOHN ST., COR. BROADWAY
TELEPHONE CORTLANDT 2372-6938
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

STORE
and Basement
For Wholesale or Retail
35 W. 35th St.
Less Than $1.25 per Square Foot
Albert A. Rosenshine Building
Size of Building 57x100
Possession February 1st
Apply Premises or Your Own Broker

Top Floor for Rent
No. 2 East 46th St.
Adjoining Fifth Avenue
Immediate Possession
Reasonable Rent
Size 30 feet front by 85 feet deep.
Unexcelled location for Highest Class of Shop, Office or Atelier.
Apply for further particulars to
BRETT & GOODE CO.,
582 Fifth Ave. Bryant 695

OFFICES TO RENT
From 100 to 5700 square feet, light on all sides. Will divide.
MODERATE RENT
112-18 West 44th Street
Immediate Possession. Tel. Bryant 8997. Brokers Protected.

GARAGE
AND SERVICE STATION
FIREPROOF; 80x107; FORTIES, NEAR 11TH AV.; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
GODEN & CLARKSON (Corporation),
605 5th ave. Tel. Vanderbilt 1124.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

ANNOUNCEMENT
Printing Crafts Building
461 EIGHTH AVE.,
Block front 33rd to 34th Sts.
SPACE FOR RENT
Floors 24,000 sq. ft. each
Half Floors Offices
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
Special Features
Unexcelled Light.
Best Transit Facilities.
Fourteen Elevators.
Sprinkler System.
Convenient to Post Office & Express Office.
Cooperation of Brokers requested.
Full particulars and information may be obtained from
CROSS & BROWN COMPANY
AGENT
18 East 41st St., New York
Murray Hill 7100

FOR RENT
3 FLOORS
Size 43x100 Each
Large Electric Elevators, Steam Heat, Separate Entrance.
Apply to
AIMONE GALLERIES
(NEW BUILDING)
42-44 East 49th Street
Near Madison Ave. Or Your Own Broker.

PASSAVANT BUILDING
440 4th Av., Southwest Cor. 30th St.
ONE ENTIRE FLOOR
PLOT 90x100
$12,000
Possession February 1st, 1921.
North Light. Automatic Sprinklers. Complete Supervisory Service.
WALTER C. WYCKOFF, Agent
403 Madison Avenue
AT 46TH STREET PHONE VANDERBILT 8585

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

452 5th AVENUE [KNOX BLDG.] S.E. Cor. 40th St.
Northerly Exposure, overlooking Public Library. Three offices of 500 to 600 sq. ft. each to let from May 1st.
For rents and particulars apply to
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street

LOFT TO LET
116-118-120 East 27th St.
From February 1, 1921
66 Feet 8 Inches Front
12th Floor; light on four sides; skylights; fireproof; 3 elevators; Fire Sprinkler equipment and all modern improvements.
For full particulars inquire of
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

102 E. 52nd ST. Park Ave.
2 very large and light rooms bath and kitchen
Apply to
R. C. VOTH, 375 Park Ave.

LESSEE WILL SUBLET
PART OF
50x100 LOFT
Prominent Madison Ave. corner between 30th and 34th Streets. No manufacturing. Write V. V., Box 16, Suite 405, 110 West 34th Street.

OFFICE and SHOWROOM
To Let
1,700 Square Feet
210 Fifth Ave.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—APPLY
Schulte Realty Co.,
386 Broadway, N. Y.
Phone 5830 Canal.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
19-21 West 57th St.
NEW BUILDING
ENTIRE FLOORS
TO LEASE
Also Studio Suitable for Photographer
Apply on premises or
THOMAS V. McLAUGHLIN
2 Rector St. Rector 1920.

To Lease from Feb. 1st
29-33 W. 38TH ST.
740 Sq. Ft. Net.....$2,500
1,600 Sq. Ft. Net.....$5,000
55 WEST 16TH ST.
Lofts $3,500
J. C. & M. G. MAYER,
347 Madison Ave. Murray Hill 6985.

TO LET
5-7-9 West 37th St.
12th Floor, Top. 7500 Sq. Ft.
Excellent Light
Also SHOWROOM, 7th Floor
Possession February 1st, 1921
H. J. SACHS & CO., 38 West 21st St.

6TH AVENUE NEAR 28TH ST.
BUILDING TO LEASE
FOR 21 YEARS
or will lease single floors.
NOTE—This elevator building is 44 by 85, adjoining "L" station; best location in New York.
Inquire of OWNER,
J. AARON,
643 6th Ave. (4th floor)

GARAGE
52,500 square feet
3-story reinforced concrete building, elevator and ramps; entrances on both 55th and 56th Street, between 10th and 11th Aves.; 21-year lease direct from owner.
George Dose Engineering Co., Inc.
43 West 27th St., or your broker.

BEAUTIFUL STORES
For rent, through which several hundred people will pass daily. Rent reasonable. Four and a half years' lease.
HOTEL ALGONQUIN ANNEX,
APPLY C. D. STEELE,
59 WEST 44TH STREET.

42d St., 511 & 513 WEST
Modern eight-story building, high ceilings. LOFTS 50x100; TWO ELEVATORS. Seventh Loft, $4,000; Possession Feb. 1. M. M. HAYWARD & CO., 2,940 Broadway.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

60,000 SQ. FT. WANTED
50's or 60's
WEST SIDE
For Service Station
For Large Automobile Co.
Send particulars to
Douglas Gibbons & Co.
6 E. 45th St. Vanderbilt 6Z6

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS
JUST COMPLETED
The Wheeler & Van Loo
559-565 W. 188th St.
Near 191st Subway Station
5th Ave. Bus Passes Property
4 ROOMS, $95 to $105
Rental Representative on Premises.
F. J. McMAHON CO., Agents
1,438 St. Nicholas Av., corner 189nd St.
Phone Wadsworth 8810.

600 WEST 161st St.
5 ROOMS AND FOYER
2 BATHS, FIREPROOF
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920
INQUIRE MELROSE 7460.

602 WEST 190TH ST.
HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENT.
4 ROOMS AND BATH.
RENT $42.50.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

It is cheaper to own your apartment than to pay rent.
Investigate
Jackson Heights
4, 5 and 6 Rooms
New Garden Apartments
unusual neighborhood advantages; on Co-operative Plan;
Moderate Price—Liberal Terms.
Social and Business References Required.
THE
Queensboro Corporation
50 E. 42d St., Manhattan,
Corner Madison Ave.
Send for Views and Details

Unfurnished—West Side.



Opposite the Schwab Mansion
"305 West End Avenue"
AT SEVENTY-FOURTH STREET
A RESIDENTIAL HOTEL
Just Completed
Suites of two or more rooms with complete and Superior Service also A few One Room Apartments
RESIDENT MANAGER – *Columbus 7200*

117 West 58th St.
Hotel Sevillia
12-Story Fireproof Building
A Few Suites
2-3-4 Rooms
AND BATH, JUST COMPLETED, SEVERAL FURNISHED
EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RENTALS
Excellent Restaurant, Maid Service
Apply on premises, or
Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St.

Harperley Hall
1 WEST 64TH STREET
UNFURNISHED
7 Rooms and 3 Baths; Housekeeping
2-4 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette
ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
2, 3 and 4 Rooms, with Kitchenette
Refrigeration in all apartments.
TELEPHONE "COLUMBUS 8000"

CITY REAL ESTATE
If week a Sec.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

374 MANHATTAN AV.
Near 116th St. elevated, subway stations. Five stories, basement. All improvements. Each floor contains two apartments, seven rooms and bath each. RENTAL $6,600. GREATEST BARGAIN OPPORTUNITY. SURETY REALTY CO., 135 BROADWAY.

GUARANTEED POSSESSION.
Eleven-room house on West 11th St.; steam heat, bath, 2 toilets; Winter's coal in cellar; corner property. WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC., 72 Greenwich Av. Watkins 7456.

Three-story and basement brownstone house, modern improvements, excellent condition, 18x100, 9 rooms, 2 baths; strictly residential street; just north of City College Park; has never been rented; price $21,000. E. A. Fairbanks, 271 West 125th St.

BARGAIN—Residence on 88th St., near West End Av.; 3-story and basement, 22x100, 12 rooms, 3 baths; elec. light; now vacant; possession at once; only $3,000 cash required. Keys at this office. M. H. Gaillard & Co., 2,290 Broadway, at 83d St.

854 LEXINGTON AV., NEAR 64TH ST.
3-story and basement residence; unusually light; possession now or later; price and terms reasonable.
M. MORGENTHAU, JR., Agents.
206 Broadway. Cort. 3066.

125th St., between 7th and 8th Aves., $11,000 private house, free and clear; always occupied by owner; good condition; 15.8x100; ten rooms and bath. E. A. Fairbanks, 271 West 125th St.

PARK AVENUE SECTION.
Large house, 20 rooms, 3 baths; appraised at $140,000; will take $100,000; liberal terms; fine for alteration. Apply 344 Madison Av. Tel. Plaza 8547.

MILLINERY DISTRICT.
10 West 116th St.—Six-story new law; must be sold to settle estate. B. Bloch, 412 West 148th St.

LEASE, 47th, near 8th Av., house, 20x100; $6,500. Phone Bryant 6014.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

ATTENTION!—2D MORTGAGE MONEY. $300,000 LOANABLE; VARIOUS AMOUNTS; CENTRALLY LOCATED PROPERTIES PREFERRED; BROKERS PROTECTED. EXCELSIOR ESTATES, 135 BROADWAY.

WE BUY SECOND MORTGAGES IN NEW YORK.
SANFORD MTGE. CO., 7 EAST 42D ST.

FOR short terms; prefer small properties; good locations. I. Schwadron, 320 B'way.

Mortgage Loans Wanted.

WANTED—A second mortgage for $35,000 on corner property, located in the best business section in Manhattan. Inquire in silk store, 419 4th Av., N. Y. C.

WANTED—First mortgage $6,000, at 6%, 3 years; dwelling and 4 lots; city property; value $13,500; owner's bond. M. C., 58 Times.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

LARGE quantity galvanized and black iron pipe fittings; full particulars on application, Lewis Wrecking Company, Pelham Bay Naval Station. Tel. Westchester 1318-1319.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

SALE OR RENT—New, up-to-date dwelling, 7 rooms, 2 tiled baths, open fireplace, sleeping porch; large enclosed sun parlor, perfect appointments, all improvements; large plot; high-class surroundings; splendid transit, near station and schools; immediate possession; $150 per month. John A. Baldwin, 26 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

LARCHMONT MANOR—Eight rooms, 3 baths, gas and electric lights, 2-car garage, open fireplaces, oak floors throughout, sun parlor; on a beautiful shrubbed plot, with Sound views; $5,000 below cost; act quick. DRUMMOND, 17 West 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 7823; or 225 Huguenot St. Tel. New Rochelle 3242.

7 ROOMS AND BATH
gas and electric light, newly decorated, near school and station; bargain; $10,500; terms. DRUMMOND, 17 West 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 7823; or 225 Huguenot St. Tel. New Rochelle 3242.

AN OLD-FASHIONED HOUSE, in an old-fashioned street, with an old-fashioned barn; in addition to the house there is a small 5-room cottage on ground, all for less than $5,000. Geer; 243 West 53d.

SCARSDALE—House, 8 rooms, completely furnished; lease $150 month; sale $15,000; easy terms; garage. Tel. Scarsdale 628.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

A REAL SACRIFICE.
Handsome English stucco home of 10 rooms and 2 baths, with garage, on beautifully shaded corner plot; southern exposure, facing 100 ft. on parked boulevard and 196 ft. on cross street. Large sun porch off living room, with glass-enclosed breakfast room; sleeping porches on second floor; hot water heat and all improvements; built in 1913; $21,500; could not be replaced for $25,000. Phone me now for an appointment to inspect. F. H. Honberger, Fitzroy 2905, 1 West 34th St.

BARGAIN, $14,500, worth $18,500; eight rooms, stucco and hollow tile, hot water heat; built six years; large corner plot; garage. A. L. Kingsley, 47 West 34th St. Fitzroy 6896.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.—House for sale, eight rooms, three baths; splendid order; located; $24,000. Phone Boulevard 6545, or Schuyler 8399. Guyon L. C. Earle, 280 West 86th St.

OWNER leaving city will sell Colonial home, 7 rooms, 2 baths, sun parlor; 30 minutes out. H. G. Robinson. Fitzroy 6896.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

BUSINESS CONDITIONS NECESSITATE SELLING MY HOME IN HAWORTH, N. J.; COMPLETELY RENOVATED THIS YEAR; 8 ROOMS AND TILED BATH; BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED; 2 MINUTES FROM STATION. A BARGAIN IF SOLD BEFORE JAN. 1. FOR DETAILS WRITE R. M. M., 609 ST. PAUL BUILDING, CITY.

FINANCIAL DIFFICULTY COMPELS ME TO SACRIFICE NEW HOME IN NEW JERSEY, 18 MILES FROM JERSEY CITY. SIX ROOMS AND TILED BATH; EVERY IMPROVEMENT, INCLUDING HARDWOOD FLOORS AND TRIM. MUST ACT QUICKLY. WRITE H. T. F., 609 ST. PAUL BUILDING, CITY.

SALE OR RENT—Comfortable year-round bungalow in residential suburb, 30 minutes from New York; 6 rooms, bath, open fireplace, all improvements; near station, schools, stores; immediate possession; $65 monthly. John A. Baldwin, 26 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

WEST ORANGE, N. J.—Stucco, modern, 8 rooms, bath; screens; 92x250; shrubbery, grape arbors, trees, hedge; near school, trolley; Mountain Station, D., L. & W.; $17,000. P. 782 Times Downtown.

MODERN six-room house, bath, every improvement; corner plot; garage; excellent location; 5 minutes station; 35 minutes out. E. Prisch, Rochelle Park, N. J.

MOUNTAIN LAKES, N. J.—Residences for sale, $9,000 to $40,000; rent $75. Mrs. H. C. Kilnirup, 45 John St., New York. Phone John 4579 or Boonton 401.

RIDGEFIELD PARK—Times Square 30 minutes; shingle house, built five years; six rooms; all improvements; $5,500. Bryant 9855.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WILL purchase private dwelling, Manhattan, if reasonable; quick possession. S 527 Times.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.

2 NEW BUILDINGS
JUST COMPLETED
NOW LEASING.
105th & Riverside Drive
4, 5 & 6 Rooms
Very Special Suites, reasonable rental.
Representative always on premises.
220 West 71st St.
Bet. B'way & West End Av.
3 and 4 Rooms
Exceptionally attractive apartments. Large rooms, closets and every modern improvement. Representative always on premises, or
PATERNO BROS.,
601 W. 113th St. Tel. 1116 Morningside.

Unfurnished—Uptown.

68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS
3 and 5-Room Complete Apartments. Beautiful water view; entrance to Wall & G. GIRARD, 215 Montague St.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

NEWLY renovated 16-room private house, 30th, 2 baths, electricity; $30,000 mortgage at 4½ per cent.; immediate possession; price $17,500. McCullagh, 124 East 28th.

WEST SIDE (near 72d)—Five-story apartment house; price $60,000; rent $10,000. Norman Denser, 2,807 Broadway, Audubon 9700.

FOR SALE or to lease, plot 50x100, 46th St., near Broadway; unimproved. J. G., 419 East 46th.

EAST 81ST—Four-story 17-ft. dwelling; basement; $21,000. Owner, Monroe 4000.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

FLATBUSH—Positively a sacrifice, new two-story and cellar detached brick and stucco 8 rooms and 2 tiled baths; slate and tiled roof; copper gutters and leaders; has all the very latest improvements; sun parlor, breakfast room; 2 sleeping porches; double garage to match house; plot 50x100; two blocks to Broadway and Brighton subway station; a Beverly Road home; price $25,000, reduced from $40,000. Apply 805 Church Av. Phone 2346 Flatbush or 3400 Flatbush, evenings.

NEW ONE-FAMILY STUCCO with garage; price right; terms reasonable. 2,811-13th Sedwick Av., north of Kingsbridge Road.
BUILDER ON PREMISES.
Telephone Kingsbridge 1083.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

NO CASH.
Now six or seven room stucco Flatbush house, with garage; may be bought no cash down; only requirement is monthly payment equal to rent. Rental offered is $70 month. WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC., 72 Greenwich Av., N. Y. C. Watkins 7456.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

LOT INVESTORS.
We buy and sell lots all over Long Island; before buying anywhere, see us and save money. C. C. Lewis & Bros., 47 West 34th St., New York. Phone Fitzroy 6470.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

BEGINNING Jan. 1, will take long lease at favorable rental on desirable eight-room house in Westchester County, Sound, or river shore locations preferred. Write, giving full description, to Hall, 829 Broadway, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

WANTED—Small estate, on North Shore, L. I., not less than acre, about 8 room house; $25,000 or less. N. W., 33 Times.

WANT to lease private dwelling, Manhattan; pay security; references. S 328 Times.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

WILL exchange high class elevator apartment house for large country home on Jersey shore and cash. Norman Denser, 2,807 Broadway (Audubon 9700).

WANT business plot, residence seashore or country, or farm for equity of $40,000 to $150,000. Gross & Gross, 130 Market St., Newark, N. J.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

FARMS, all sizes, located in the potato belt. Clifford G. Brown, Cranbury Station, Middlesex County, N. J.

HOMESEEKERS: Send for Virginia farm list. Dept. 254, Emporia, Va.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICE 57TH AV.
Broadway and 23d St.; 250 feet; suitable for showroom, buyer or manufacturer's agent; unusually light; pleasant. Room 208, 10 West 23d St. Gramercy 1070.

SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, $7,500 net, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard C. Forbes, 66 Broadway, Rector 7461.

TO LET, suite of offices, located on West 46th St., between 6th and 7th Avs., tastefully furnished; telephone connections; two-year lease. Apply Room 534, 522 5th Av., or phone Murray Hill 1963.

BROADWAY HOTEL LEASE.
9 years to run; small modern apartment hotel; gross income about $75,000; asking $30,000; submit offers; no brokers. H. M. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d St. Col. 1477.

LARGE ROOM, VERY LIGHT, FIRST FLOOR ABOVE STREET, OPPOSITE ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, 18 VESEY ST.; RENT REASONABLE; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

OFFICES TO RENT.
Company moving offices uptown have 7700 rent approximately 12,500 square feet light space; high class building, vicinity City Hall, desirable term; principles only. S 450 Times.

FURNISHED DAYLIGHT OFFICES with telephone, 1,000 or 500 square feet; reasonable rent; possession Jan. 1; 55th Av., above 42d St. Ogden & Clarkson, 506 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1134.

STORE—B'WAY, NEAR 96TH ST. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; 10-YR. LEASE. Kempner. Tel. Vanderbilt 9811.

5TH AVENUE, 44TH STREET.
Office space, highest class buildings; units 400, 900, 1,000, 1,400 sq. ft.; furnished and unfurnished; immediate possession. Telephone Vanderbilt 634.

MADISON AV. AND 42D ST.—Desirable corner office, 2 private and main outer offices; lease to May 1, 1923; approximately 900 square feet; immediate possession. S. 57 Times.

STORES, OFFICES, SHOWROOMS, READY FOR OCCUPANCY. VARIOUS SIZES AND PRICES. HARLINGTON BUILDING, 31 WEST 27TH ST. PHONE 6213 CHELSEA.

DESKROOM, with telephone and stenographer service, for rent from Jan. 1; location 5th Av., above 42d St. Telephone Vanderbilt 8540.

34TH ST., 126 WEST—Second floor store; show window front; immediate possession. M. & L. Hess, Inc., 907 Broadway, Stuyvesant 4200.

55TH ST., 343 WEST (adjoining Broadway)—Desirable stores for rent from May 1; light, up-to-date loft; immediate possession; rents reasonable; size 25x100. Apply premises.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS; ALL SECTIONS. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 33 NASSAU ST., CORNER BEEKMAN. 1 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 8176.

30TH ST., 140 WEST—Lofts, half lofts, light four sides; passenger, freight elevators. Superintendent, phone Fordham 1823. Brokers protected.

BROADWAY (near 66th)—Two front rooms, ground floor, elegantly furnished; desirable; doctor, dentist; studio, business. Telephone 1353 Riverside.

TWO FLOORS, 20x80 feet, for rent separately or together, third and fourth floors; splendid condition and good light. Jarvis Corporation, 105 West 42d St.

250 SQUARE FEET of space (or part of it) for office or sample room; light manufacturing no objection; ideal location. 1,500 Broadway.

LEASE—Large loft, containing 7,000 square feet, on 16th, near 6th Av., suitable for manufacturing purposes; passenger, freight elevator. Wolfe & Co., 31 Liberty St.

OFFICES, SHOWROOMS.
30-2 East 20th St., ready for occupancy Feb. 1; two

APPROXIMATELY 1,200 SQ. FT. FOR RENT IN FINANCIAL DISTRICT; WOULD RENT PARTLY FURNISHED IF DESIRED; VERY DESIRABLE AND WELL ARRANGED OFFICES. ROOM 410, 25 NASSAU ST.

50,000 SQUARE FEET.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
GREENWICH, NEAR SPRING STREET.
Two good storage plants.
Stable accommodations for 50 horses.
ON LONG-TERM LEASE.
DRIVEWAY FROM STREET TO STREET.
Suitable for manufacturing, warehouse or garage; first floor, concrete, containing 11,000 square feet; four stories; 2 elevators; steam plant, offices, &c. Wolfe & Co., 31 Liberty St. Phone John 8262.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
The right location is half the battle; we have the location for your showrooms and executive offices; entire fourth floor in the Gorham Building, 5th Av. and 36th St. entrance; or will lease for term of years; lowest price in this section; we also offer in the same building, ninth floor, 2,000 square feet of beautiful studio space. Apply Deane Co., 296 Broadway. Telephone Worth 348.

STORES AND LOFTS.
exceptionally light, suitable for offices, showrooms, light manufacturing, 1,200 to 1,400 square feet; elevator building; reasonable.
606-616 LEXINGTON AV., near 57th St.

---

700 SQUARE FEET
very light office space; partitions already installed; immediate possession; reasonable rent.
SCHWABACK & RAPHEL,
2 WEST 30TH ST.

ENTIRE floor in garage, 10,000 square feet; light on four sides; including elevator service, light and heat; possession Jan. 1. 619-621 West 129th St., one block west of Manhattan St. subway station. Telephone Morningside 9100.

A CORNER STORE AND BASEMENT,
Northeast Cor. 3d Av. and 39th St.
25 foot front.
Rent $2,500.

Excellent business location.
James Kyle & Sons, 721 Lexington Av.

TO SUBLET.
Corner loft, eleventh floor, Madison Av., above 28th St., for balance of present lease; approximately 12,000 square feet, at less than $1.50 per square foot; immediate or Feb. 1 possession. B. M., 347 Times.

Floors, 21-year lease.
Best location, 54th.
High-class tenants only.
Rent secondary consideration.
S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.,
Tel. 5610 Vanderbilt. 17 W. 44th St., N. Y.

FOR RENT in Manhattan Life Building, 66 Broadway, a suite of nine offices, containing about 2,300 square feet; newly furnished; mahogany fixtures and furniture for sale; possession Jan. 1, 1921; low rental. Apply at Room 1701, 66 Broadway.

OFFICE to sublet in Jersey City, northeast corner; 100 feet from Grave St. Station, Hudson Tubes; excellent light on two sides; heat and service; ready Jan. 15th-31st. A 875 Times Downtown.

SHARE OFFICE in Liberty Tower Building, consisting of two private rooms and outside office, fully furnished, telephone and stenographic service, with party or firm of standing. Apply Room 1145, Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St.

LOFT, 25x100, or part, manufacturing or jobbing, elevator, steam heat, low insurance, including Holmes Protection; reasonable. E. W. Marten Lining Co., 382 Lafayette St., near 4th St.

BUILDING, 50,000 sq. ft., 25c. a foot; ideal for storage; elevator; bargain; quick action necessary; principals only. Henry L. Nielsen Offices, 154 Nassau St. Beekman 9110.

ALL LIGHT LOFT, 75x100.
Fireproof, sprinkler; $8,000. At 159 West 24th St.

DESK, WITH TELEPHONE SERVICE.
Downtown attractive office. Room 218, 15 Park Row. Tel. Barclay 3320.

LOFT, 26 WEST 31ST.
25x75; elevator building; $3,300.
AMES & CO., 26 WEST 31ST.

DESIRABLE OFFICES, telephone installed, furnished, rent all or part; near 42d St. Herron, 489 5th Av.

LOFTS, very light, immediate possession; steam; 20x104. 49 West 3d, 137 Grand St. Tel. 9837 Rhinelander.

OFFICE SPACE; stenographer and phone service included, $50 monthly. Dansen, 165 Mercer. Spring 4587.

SUBLET 500 SQUARE FEET
office; immediate possession; $1,400 per year. associated Motors Corp., 221 B'way.

OFFICE SPACE sharing, also office furnished or unfurnished; reasonable. Bowling Green 2099.

PERRY ST., 161-165; light lofts, 66x100; heavy construction, fireproof, elevator, heat. Julius Tiedeman, Inc., 1,183 Broadway.

SMALL light office, fully equipped, City Hall district; available immediately. Room 812, 5 Beekman St.

PART of loft, 3,000 square feet; extremely light corner, 5th Av. and 15th; possession Feb. 1. Shayne, 1148 Broadway.

OFFICE to let; light, airy; reasonable rent; immediate possession. 83 Union Square, Room 86.

5TH AV., 170 (22d St.)—Offices, each 2 north windows. Superintendent or Vanderbilt 4294.

A PRIVATE office, desk room with service, Grand Central zone. Suite 808, 51 East 42d St.

WELL-EQUIPPED OFFICES. Times Square section, with telephone. Call Vanderbilt 4468.

OFFICE SPACE for 2 desks. Room 1711, 30 Church St.

5TH AV. (42d St.)—Office 220 sq. ft.; immediate occupancy. Vanderbilt 9004.

OFFICES to sublet, one large, one small. Cleck Advertising Service, 1,133 Broadway.

OFFICE and desk room, telephone and stenographer service. Apply 503 World Building.

DESK ROOM, use of mahogany desk, telephone, filing equipment, &c. Col. 7539.

SMALL office space and desk room, with telephone. Berg, 117 West 46th St.

3D. WEST—Large private office, waiting room; furnished, $75. Phone Bryant 6914.

54TH, 29 WEST—Light, cheerful offices, sublet furnished or unfurnished, with telephone.

OFFICE and showroom to let; 303 5th Av., corner 31st; reasonable rent.

DESK ROOM, furnished; moderate. 4 Stone St., Room 407. Bowling Green 1230.

OFFICE space; light, telephone; stenographer; moderate rent. 286 5th Av., Suite 508.

LARGE ground floor for business purpose, 331 West 57th. Stewart. 3854 Morningside.

STORE, 21x80, steam heat. 204 East 38th. Murray Hill 9753.

OFFICE and showroom, sublease; 34th St., near Broadway. Call Pennsylvania 2780.

BUILDING, 196 Greenwich St., sale or lease; immediate possession. Durose, 156 B'way.

LOFT to let; reasonable rent; immediate possession. A. Romm, 654 B'way.

BROADWAY, 60—Two sunny furnished offices, each 8x14; desk space. Room 1405.

FURNISHED or unfurnished office to let; light, cheerful. 178 5th Av., Room 409.

LEASE, West 50s, near 5th, terms, years; $8,000 yearly. K. A., 1,358 Broadway.

PART or whole loft to sublet; top floor. 10 West 20th St.

PART of 5th Av. office to rent; telephone connections. Room 1206, 516 5th Av.

STORES—Suitable any business; new building. 112-118 West 44th St.

Long Island.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
5,000 to 100,000 square feet space; early occupancy; or will build to suit.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
Bridge Plaza. LONG ISLAND CITY.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

OLD building, stable or large store and basement for general bleaching; anything here in 100,000 New York City; can take immediate possession or not later than May 1; we will alter to suit. State full particulars by letter. J. Schnaible & Son, Inc., 15 Crosby St., New York City.

OLD building, stable, open lot, or large store and basement, for retail lumber yard; long lease; from 17th St. to 59th St., between 6th and 8th Avs.; to take possession not later than March 1, 1921; we will alter to suit; state price by letter. Midtown Lumber Co., 120 West 17th St., N. Y. C.

OFFICE SPACE WANTED.
Grand Central zone; list your space with us; clients waiting; we especially want spaces from 300 to 500 square feet; furnished and unfurnished. Bauer, Milbank & Molloy, 51 East 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 1936.

WANTED, loft for printer, 6,000 sq. ft.; carrying capacity 200 lbs. per sq. ft.; possession immediate or Feb. 1; west side, below 23d St. Daniel Birdsall & Co., Inc., 96 Worth St. Phone Worth 800.

WANTED.

WAREHOUSE, ABOUT 2,000 SQUARE FEET, GROUND FLOOR; PRICE ABOUT $200 PER MONTH. E 5 TIMES.

LOFT wanted, 60x100, with sample room and office fixtures, for immediate possession, between 19th and 30th Sts., west of Broadway. T. E., 297 Times.

FACTORIES.

BROOKLYN, Queensboro, New Jersey factory properties, sale, rent, and built on easy terms. Schuitter-Baker Co., Factory Brokers, 156 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

FACTORY FLOORS AND BUILDINGS.
Sites to sell, operate and sell construction; rents from 25c. to 90c. per square foot. Martin Co., 26 Court St., Brooklyn. Main 1708-3896.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

FACTORY BUILDING, BLOOMFIELD, N. J. 12,000 ft. to lease. F. Kochendorfer, Bus. Dept., City Hall P. O., N. Y. C.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

9TH AV., Near 20th St. (4th Av. Hotel)—Two sunny rooms and bath; furnished; parlor floor; hotel service; $17.50 weekly.

19TH ST., 102 EAST (Union Square), Hotel Laclede—Two-room suite with bath; $21 week; hotel service.

27TH ST., 35 EAST (Hotel Sexton)—Attractively furnished 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; 1 block from subway; $17.50 up.

29TH ST., 101-105 EAST (Hatfield House)—Elevator apartment hotel; desirable 1, 2 and 3 room suites; maid and hall service; attractive rentals. Inquire on premises or
SPOTTS & STARR, INC.,
Times Building. Tel. Bryant 4000.

36TH, (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment to be occupied exclusively by owner; suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $20 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

42D, 34 EAST—Hotel Regent; two and three room suites, complete hotel service; $37.50 up; special rates for permanent guests. Phone Madison 10564.

54TH, EAST (Near Vanderbilt Hotel)—Well furnished, sunny, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $150 month, season. Plaza 374.

43D ST., 102 WEST—Studio to let (north skylight); studio, 2 rooms, bath, all modern improvements. Apply premises.

49th St., near 5th Av.
Two beautiful rooms, bath, kitchen; $100 month. 664 Madison Av. Plaza 9547.

60TH, 18 EAST—Double room, bath; 2 rooms, bath; any size suite; sublet 2 rooms, $250; 2 rooms, $175; sublet special 2-with apartment, 2 rooms, bath, $125. Jacinto Hotel.

62D ST., 40 EAST—Elegantly furnished 7-room, 3 baths apartment; season or year. Eschwege.

93D ST. (corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner; 3-4 rooms, bath; $45 per room, bath, up. Hotel Ashton.

95TH, 183 EAST (Apt. 7)—Light rooms, new tiled bath, new parquet floors, newly paneled, stippled walks, ornate electric fixtures, new plumbing fixtures; immediate possession; rental $1,500 per annum. Leon S. Altmeyer, 62 East 86th.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON.
Madison Av., southwest corner 93d St.—Newly decorated apartment, 3 room and bath, $48 up; 2 rooms, bath, $100 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

APARTMENT, furnished, drawing room, dining room, bedroom, bath, kitchen; immediate possession; $350 per month. Crippa, 42 East 60th. Phone Plaza 9200.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
Apartments, choice localities; long, short leases; East and West sides; 4-15 rooms.
CLARK REALTY COMPANY,
247 Madison Av. (45th St.) Vanderbilt 1450.

DOUGLAS GIBBONS & CO.,
6 East 45th St. Tel. Vanderbilt 626.
Choice selection of apartments and houses, furnished and unfurnished; season or year.
PARK AV. AND VICINITY.

DOUGLAS GIBBONS & CO.,
6 East 45th St. Vanderbilt 626. The finest furnished apartment on Park Av.; 11 rooms, 3 baths, 3 master and 5 servants' bedrooms; $1,000 per month; 5 months.

EAST SIXTIES, near Park—Two large bedrooms, living room, bath, two baths, kitchenette; luxuriously furnished; $235. A 578 Times.

EXQUISITELY furnished bachelor apartment, Ritz-Carlton district, service; immediate possession. Vanderbilt 9065.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.
Owner going abroad Jan. 1, must sell or lease his handsomely furnished 3-room apartment, newly decorated, Sloane furnishings throughout, at 128 East 19th St., best residential section of Gramercy Park; large living room, 19x25; brick wood-burning fireplace; complete kitchen; modern elevator building; private telephone; maid service. R. De Fiores, 462 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 9648.

GRAMERCY PARK SOUTH, 26 (Hotel Irving)—Two rooms and bath, facing beautiful Gramercy Park; all hotel service; table excellent; reasonable rates. Phone Gramercy 8264.

GREENWICH VILLAGE, 149 West 13th—Charming, sunny apartment, modern, two rooms, bath; attractive, high-class building. Chelsea 9331.

LEXINGTON AV. (near 32d)—Two rooms, bath; large kitchenette apartment; $90; immediate possession. Vanderbilt 5406, between 9-5.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,044 (75)—Kitchenette apartments, 1 and 2 rooms, entire floor, bath; from $65-$123.

MADISON AV., 715—Gentleman would share three-room apartment with business man.

NEAR PARK, AV.—Lady going to Palm Beach will rent for one or two months beautifully furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchen and bath; rent $275. Phone Plaza 5139.

RAILING REALTY COMPANY, 270 Park Av., Tel. Murray Hill 7914, offers furnished apartments at great sacrifice; Park, Madison, 5th Avs.; others east, west side sections.

THREE rooms, $100; four rooms, $125; elevator; immediate; conveniences. B 456 Times.

UNUSUAL.
Artistically furnished 2-room, bath and kitchenette apartments; spotlessly clean, cosey and comfortable; hotel and theatre district; $100 to $175 per month. Office, 150 East 51st St. Phone Plaza 645.

Furnished—West Side.

11TH (just off 5th Av., Hotel Van Rensselaer)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service. Stuy. 1410.

12TH ST., 49 WEST.
2 rooms, bath, beautifully furnished; immediate possession; rent $100 per month.

12TH, 23 WEST—Immediate, parlor, bedroom, bath, twin beds, fireplace, linen, silver; $135. 10-12-4-7. Spencer.

23D ST., 421 WEST—Till Jan. 3, large studio alcove, bath, fireplace, electricity. Loomis, Call before 6.

---

34 WEST 50TH ST.—UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY. MAGNIFICENT APARTMENT AT REDUCED RATE; LIVING ROOM, 2 BEDROOMS, BATH, FOYER AND KITCHENETTE, TO SEPT. 30. INQUIRE SUPERINTENDENT. MITCHELL.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, tiled bath, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; unquestionable appliances; highest references essential; $45-$125 up monthly. Longacre 3560.

47TH, 135 WEST—To sublet, two rooms, bath; special rates for the balance of season. Mr. Sanborn, Hotel Flanders.

48TH, 31 WEST—2-room apartment, beautifully furnished; all improvements; $150. Apply Superintendent, or Chelsea 5229.

49TH, 22 WEST—Unusually attractive apartment, handsome new furnishings, new building, modern conveniences; very large living room, bedroom, bath and kitchenette; open fire, steam heat, piano; $275 month; long or short lease; maid service; immediate possession.

49TH ST., 19 EAST—Attractive 3 rooms, furnished; bath, kitchenette. Babcock.

51ST, 34 WEST
NEAR FIFTH AV.
Exquisite kitchenette apartment, equipped for housekeeping; large parlor with big bay windows, overlooking garden, southern exposure; big log fireplace, grand piano, mirrors, floor lamps, all done by decorator in ivory and gold; nice bedroom with south and east windows; sun streams in upon big four-poster bedroom set; tiled bath, sunken tub, kitchenette, with range big enough to roast a Christmas turkey; spend Christmas in your own kitchenette; maid service available. Telephone Circle 4248. Mrs. Prescott's apartment, seen all day.

51ST, 16 WEST—Furnished or unfurnished two-room apartment, kitchenette, bath; lease, option.

52D ST., 223 WEST, COR. BROADWAY.
High-class elevator apartments, newly furnished; full hotel service.
ONE ROOM AND BATH, $90 UP.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $140 UP.
REFERENCES REQUIRED.

54TH ST. (At Broadway)—Hotel Albemarle; parlor, bedroom and bath; reasonable rates.

55TH ST., COR. 7TH AV.—THE REGAL, MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED, MAID AND VALET SERVICE, 2 ROOMS AND BATH, $175; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

55TH, 138 WEST—Two handsomely furnished rooms, bath, pantry; bachelors preferred. Kent.

55TH, 63 WEST—Two rooms, bath, pantry, especially desirable for bachelor. Kent.

56TH ST. (Near 5th Av.)—Modern apartment of 4 rooms and bath; beautifully furnished; will rent for three months or longer, or will sell furnishings and lease. Telephone Circle 5396.

55TH, 206 WEST
(HOTEL THORNDYKE)—VERY ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH, 150 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED TWO ROOMS, BATH AND KITCHENETTE APARTMENT; OPEN FIREPLACE; IDEAL FOR BACHELORS. BOYLE.

57TH, 301 WEST—Attractive 2-3 rooms, long or short lease. Barbour.

58TH, 21 WEST—Choice two rooms, bath, kitchenette, beautifully furnished; gentleman; for three months from Jan. 1. Can be seen after 10:30. Superintendent.

58TH, 149 WEST—To sublet from first of January, attractively furnished apartment, living room, two bedrooms, kitchen and bathroom. Phone Circle 325 or Spring 1309.

58TH, 31 WEST (5th Av.)—Beautifully furnished two large, sunny rooms; bedroom; new building; maid, valet, restaurant service; $323 October, 6800 Plaza (Apt. 74).

58TH, 38 WEST—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; also sublet apartment for Winter, one month. Stein apartment.

59TH ST.—Central; two large rooms, kitchenette, bath; $160. Telephone 3778 Plaza.

61ST, 10 WEST (The Pasadena, Corner Broadway, New Elevated and Subway)—Newly decorated two, three, four rooms, bath, light, linen, maid service included; rate, $30-$65 weekly; $5, $10, $15 daily; restaurant in building. Columbus 4600.

65TH ST., 37 WEST—Two rooms (kitchen), $150 month; lease; immediate possession. Trusty.

66TH, 246 WEST (The New West End)—Two-three room apartments, bath, kitchenette; $65-$130; references required.

66TH, 22 WEST—High-class 3-room apartment, kitchenette; refined surroundings; maid.

66TH, 160 WEST—Three beautiful rooms; piano. Richards, Apt. 43. Columbus 3906.

70TH ST., 229 WEST—Private family will lease parlor floor, one or two rooms, exquisitely furnished, private bath, kitchenette privilege for breakfast. 8790 Columbus.

70th (corner)—Handsome furnishings, entire floor; 2 rooms, bath; Gentlewomen's Exchange, Murray Hill 1475.

71ST, 243 WEST—Fully equipped for housekeeping; 3 large, beautiful rooms, with kitchenette, private bath, piano, in high-class apartment. Apt. 3 East.

71ST—9 rooms, 3 baths, all outside, elegantly furnished; $500. Columbus 1278.

72D, 344—Attractively furnished five rooms, two baths; housekeeping; elevator; lease; 2-6 afternoons; private phone. Columbus 8320.

74TH, 103 WEST—Large studio, kitchen, bath; also 2 rooms, housekeeping.

74TH ST., 251 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; sacrifice. Tel. Schuyler 7974.

76TH (344 West End Av.)—Luxuriously furnished two-room apartment; high-class; sublease.

77TH ST., 338 WEST (corner Riverside Drive, overlooking beautiful Hudson)—Suite of three large rooms and bath, expensively furnished; piano, &c., $275 per month, including mail service. Apply Superintendent.

77TH ST., 338 WEST (Near Drive)—One beautiful large room, bath and shower available for 1; maid service; $150 per month.

79TH ST., 307 WEST—Six rooms and bath, expensively furnished throughout; wonderful location. Apply Superintendent.

79TH (Broadway)—5 rooms, nicely furnished, to June; very sunny and light; $215. Cathedral 8620.

81ST, 208 WEST (TF)—Charming three-room attractively furnished elevator apartment (kitchen); immediate.

83D, 53 WEST—Exclusive building; one 3-room apartment to sublet; artistically furnished; grand piano; kitchen; $250. Nickerson.

84TH, 31 WEST—Exceptionally large, newly appointed three rooms, bath and kitchenette apartment; latest improvements; also parlor floor, suitable for doctor or studio.

84TH, 50 WEST—Two rooms, bath; all modern conveniences; very desirable. Columbus 1278.

85TH, 332 WEST—Newly furnished four or five rooms, bath, shower, in modern building, near Drive. Apt. 6.

86TH AND BROADWAY, (The Belnord)—7 rooms, 2 baths, piano, Victrola, china, linen, silver; immediate possession; maid to remain; $800 monthly; appointment. Apt. 307.

86TH, 309 WEST—One large room apartment, attractively furnished; bath, service. Superintendent.

86TH, 200 WEST (Apt. 23)—Rent immediately, five-room front apartment; reasonable.

86TH ST., 108 WEST—Artistic, sunny two rooms, kitchenette; 4th floor. Anderson.

87TH, 203 WEST—Six charming rooms; low rental. Apartment 3. Schuyler 2853.

89TH ST. (near Central Park)—Furnished or unfurnished, elegant suite, two large rooms and dressing room, private bath; occupancy Jan. 1. Address owner for private interview. References. D 105 Times.

89TH ST., 305 WEST (Riverside)—Beautiful large 1-2 rooms, adjoining bath; kitchenette; sunny front basement, bath, kitchen; $75.

89TH ST., 332 WEST (near Drive)—Beautifully furnished apartment, two rooms, bath; large, complete kitchenette; very desirable. Lewis.

89TH (near Riverside)—7 rooms, 2 baths, beautifully furnished; immediate possession. Cathedral 5825.

90S (West End)—Five rooms, two bedrooms; exceptionally furnished; $225. Columbus 5974.

91ST, 20 WEST—Beautifully furnished front two-room kitchenette apartment. Lawrence.

91ST—3 rooms, front, elevator, piano, beautifully furnished; $225. Columbus 1278.

93D, 64 WEST—Artistic 3-room apt.; piano, mahogany; references; lease. Milling.

97TH, 308 WEST—5 unusually large furnished rooms, bath, electricity, telephone, all night elevator service; long, short lease.

99TH, WEST—Exclusive, newly furnished 3-room housekeeping suite, $200. Riverside 8804.

101ST ST., 311 WEST—Five rooms, bath, elevator; $175 monthly, or sell furniture and lease cheap; $125 unfurnished. Superintendent.

106TH, 320 WEST—High-class two-room, bath, kitchenette apartment. Inquire janitor.

107TH, 203 WEST—Exceptionally furnished five rooms, shower bath, telephone, elevator, complete kitchen; immediate possession.

110TH, 509 WEST—SUMPTUOUS HOME; SIX BEAUTIFUL ROOMS; FRONT; SOUTH; $800, 5B.

111TH ST., WEST (272 Manhattan Av.)—Attractively furnished five-room elevator apartment, suitable two, three; $135. Apt. 41.

111TH, (272 Manhattan Av., Corner)—Beautiful rooms facing Morningside Park. Cathedral 3714.

115TH, 357 WEST—Three beautiful rooms, complete for housekeeping; player piano, Victola; $125; lease; references. Hansen, Cathedral 6140.

115TH, 315 WEST—Three light room, bath, elevator apartment; block "L." Supt.

116TH ST., 610 WEST (near Columbia)—Five-room apartment, third floor front, immediate possession; lease to Sept. 1; also three-room, bath, kitchenette apartment, Jan. 1; references required. Telephone 3040 Morningside. Thompson.

118TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE 1-2 ROOM APARTMENTS, WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

119TH, 435 WEST (opposite Columbia)—2 rooms, kitchenette, 10th floor; immediate. $21.

137TH, 607 WEST—4 rooms (Broadway-Riverside), very comfortable; immediate. Apartment 1.

137TH ST., BROADWAY (67 Hamilton Place)—Five rooms, handsomely furnished, front, elevator, linen, silver; $175. Apt. 36.

144TH ST., WEST—Nicely furnished four-room apartment. Phone Audubon 3091.

146TH, 606 WEST—Floor, owner's residence, three rooms, bath, kitchenette, $125; adults.

151ST, 446 WEST—Four all light, well furnished rooms, bath, $30. Janitor.

156TH ST. (888 Riverside Drive)—Unusually attractive six rooms, two baths; superior surroundings. Audubon 8100 (53d). Kent.

181ST ST., 575 WEST—To sublet, Jan. 1; 3-4 months, four-room apartment, attractively furnished, mahogany throughout, modern elevator building; references required; particulars address Box L 637 Times Downtown.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY.
Exclusive listings. Consult Mrs. DINGLEMAN, renting specialist, 129 W. 72d. Col. 886.

ARTISTICALLY furnished 5-room modern apartment, $135 monthly. Morningside 9200, Apt. 43.

AVAILABLE NOW.
Two to six room, kitchen and kitchenette apartments; elevator, non-elevator; rates $40 up; references essential. Office (open Sunday), 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

BACHELOR has three rooms, bath, 69th, near Central Park West; willing to share with congenial man; references; $70, half. C. B., 239 Columbus Av.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 385—8 large, light rooms; magnificently furnished; newly decorated; beautiful view; elevator; immediate possession; $300.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 457—Beautiful four-room apartment; two bedrooms, twin beds; near "L"; references. Milling.

CENTRAL PARK WEST—Eight rooms, two baths, sublet; will sell lease and furnishings $3,000. D 107 Times.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d. Col. 1077.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY
To Buy Completely Furnished Apartment, 2 Rooms, Bath and Kitchen. With Favorable Lease. GILHOLM, 57 West 52d St.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS SPECIALIST, Wickliffe Gray, 280 West 72d. Columbus 3974.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT, SEASON OR LONGER. SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

HOTEL ANDERSON,
102 WEST 80TH ST.,
1 AND 2 ROOMS AND BATH.
DOCTOR'S APARTMENTS.
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
RESTAURANT AMERICAN AND A LA CARTE.

East Side.

90TH (corner Lexington Av., 162)—Room with meals, $18 weekly up; good home cooking, hotel service, elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

MADISON AV., 213 (near 34th)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

AND, OF WEST—Handsome large room, with bath; also single room; references.

70TH, WEST—Large front room for two, adjoining bath; also single room, including meals. Home cooking, in Christian family. Phone 2139 Columbus.

78TH, 9 WEST—Elegant large room, private bath; suitable 2 or 3; refined boarding house; table guests. Berger.

78TH, 129 WEST—Large, sunny room, excellent table, parlor dining; table guests.

80TH, 143 WEST—Large, warm room, second floor; table board; homelike; references.

83D, 124 WEST (Graycourt) — Attractive, modern, steam heat; references; table board.

83D ST., 5 WEST—Desirable, large rooms; excellent table; electricity; steam heat.

162D ST., 247 WEST—Large front room, adjoining bathroom, in high-class Jewish home. Riverside 6843.

163D, 229 WEST—Front parlor apartment, single; continuous hot water; home cooking; 2 doors Broadway facing Marseilles Hotel.

120TH, 123 WEST—Nice double room; excellent Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

121ST, 414 WEST—Large, warm rooms, board; near Columbia College. Apt. 2.

122D, 132 WEST—Comfortably furnished double, single rooms, electricity; excellent table; Jewish.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549—Attractive cosy rooms, adjoining bath; excellent board; $16. Payne.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

HOUSEKEEPING; near bath; electricity; steam; below 42d; permanent; $40. K 229 Times.

JAPANESE COUPLE—Beautiful, new, sunny, four-room apartment, complete. B 442 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468 (Cor. 119th St.)—Eight rooms, 2 baths, extra lavatory; completely furnished. Tel. Morningside 6945.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550—Five beautiful rooms (two bedrooms), $300; immediate. Morningside 630.

SIX-ROOM apartment, furnished, immediate possession; located on Broadway, between 98th and 99th Sts.; can be seen by appointment. 1,200 Pennsylvania 6668.

SIX ROOMS, TWO BATHS.
(Furniture for sale; $1,300), or will rent furnished for six months or longer. Wood Dolson Co., Broadway, corner 80th.

ST. NICHOLAS AV. (near 154th St.)—Will sell for $800 small apartment, gorgeously furnished 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; attractive lease. Further information phone Tremont 407.

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, 40—Attractively furnished five-room apartment, all modern conveniences, select neighborhood; $125 monthly. See Superintendent.

TO SUBLET, attractively furnished 4 room and bath apartment, southern exposure; Jan. 1 to June 1; $200 per month. Goldstein, 150 West 85th. Call Riverside 9894 before 10 A. M. or Spring 6338 for appointment.

TWO bachelors having seven-room apartment on Riverside Drive would like to share with two other bachelors. Phone Hanover 8470, or Fitzroy 3895.

WEST END AV., 631—Completely furnished two-room, bath, kitchenette apartment. Janitor.

WEST END AV., 439—Artistically furnished apartment; two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Schuyler 8819.

WEST END AV., 589—Two rooms, bath and kitchenette; sacrifice. Tel. Murray Hill 7914.

Furnished—Bronx.

THE BELNORD,
1,057 HOE AV.
High-class, fireproof, elevator apartment. DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE.
VIEW DESIRABLE.
THREE ROOMS AND FOYER, $900.
To lease to responsible tenant; all windows to the street. Superintendent on premises. Tel. Intervale 807.

PROMINENT location, corner apartment, lease; Fordham section, West Bronx; desirable for dentist. Harry T. F. Johnson, 210 East 188th.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

MODERN two-room, bath apartment, furnished to suit; maid service; subway; $100. Lieutenant Collins, 175 8th Av., Brooklyn.

Furnished—Long Island.

WHITESTONE, L. I.—Furnished two rooms, kitchenette, bath; $65 monthly. 3858-R Flushing.

Furnished—Westchester County.

IMMEDIATE occupancy, Yonkers, three-room, furnished, sunny apartment; rent $70; convenient train and trolley. L 689 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished—East Side.

27TH, 39-43 EAST (Between Madison and 4th Avs.)—High class apartments, 3-4-7 rooms; possession; agent on premises.

29TH ST., 101-103 EAST (Hatfield House)—Elevator apartment hotel; desirable, 1, 2 and 3 room suites, maid and hall service; attractive rentals. Inquire on premises or Spotts & Starr, Inc., Times Building. Tel. Bryant 4000.

40TH, 32 EAST (adjoining Hotel Martha Washington)—Beautiful, newly decorated apartments, high ceilings, splendid light; also two stores to rent. Apply to Manager Martha Washington Hotel.

56TH ST., 163 EAST—Murray Hill Section; roof bungalow; 5 rooms, 2 baths, roof gardens, elevator; immediate possession; $5,000.

41ST ST., 41 EAST—Three rooms, bath and kitchenette. Herbert A. Sherman, on premises.

508, EAST—Three rooms and bath; modern apartment; telephone; southern exposure; front; two flights; business adults only; rent $55 monthly. B 447 Times.

62D, 17 EAST (Near 5th Av.)—Attractive 2 large rooms, bath, foyer, fireplace; lease furnished or unfurnished; $130, lease; will redecorate; open for inspection. Phone Hanover 6895.

66TH ST., 328 WEST—Two-room suites with bath and pantry; new, modern and unusually comfortable. Apply Superintendent.

67TH, 63 WEST—Parlor, two bedrooms, bath, kitchen, all light, telephone. Morgan.

West Side.

EVELYN LODGE—Charming all-year residence, lovely location; 35 min. to Wall St.; cozily furnished; excellent chef and service; small tables; parlors, smoking room, open fires; weekly, $18 up, with meals; $75 monthly; 12 years one management; booklet. 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Block from ferry.

WEST END AV., 702 (99th St.)—Large front room, suitable two; French couple; table guests; references.

BOARD WANTED.

CHRISTIAN gentleman wishes light, comfortable room with private family; with breakfast, other meals optional; west side elevator apartment. Write Room 66, 2 Columbus Circle.

GENTLEMAN with semi-invalid wife wishes board with nurse; 3 bedrooms; elevator central. C 371 Times.

BOARD, single room, gentleman; moderate rate. Schuyler 8320.

BUSINESS GIRL desires room, board, with refined private family. D 89 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

A PRIVATE family on Long Island will rent single furnished room, with good board, to one or two gentlemen of refinement; no other boarders; easy commuting; comforts. B 435 Times.

GREENWICH INN LODGE (Sound Beach Conn.)—Sunny shaded rooms, with or without baths; excellent meal; 50 minutes from New York; golf, saddle horses, fishing; reasonable rates.

HEALTHFUL home for invalids, incurables and elderly people; best care and food. Sunny Rest Sanitarium, 374 Palisade Av., Yonkers, 5642 Yonkers.

NERVOUS AND MENTAL CONDITIONS. LYNWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

56TH ST., 20 WEST.
Two rooms, kitchenette and bath; parquet floors, steam heat, electric light; large closets; ready for occupancy; rent $1,300 to $1,500; also one large studio on second floor, size 30x20, with private bath and private hallway; rent $1,600. Apply on premises, or Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

56TH, 30 WEST—Apartments, 2 rooms and bath, very desirable locality.

59TH ST. (Central)—Two large rooms, kitchenette, bath; $125. Telephone 8778 Plaza.

69TH ST., 106 WEST.
2 rooms, bath and kitchenette; immediate possession; $1,200.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

75TH ST., 340 WEST (near Broadway)—New nine-story building, three and four rooms; housekeeping; high class; three rooms, $2,000; four rooms, $2,800; immediate possession. Telephone Columbus 4454.

76TH, 103 WEST—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, renovated, fireplace; reasonable. Superintendent.

77TH ST. (West)—Three rooms, kitchenette, tiled bath, open fireplace; entire floor; artistic and attractive; rent $137. Columbus 8238.

86TH ST., 200-6 WEST—Five, six, seven and eight room apartments, with bath. Apply superintendent, on premises.

93D ST., 307 WEST—Eight-room elevator apartment; sublet; immediate possession.

106TH ST., 210 WEST—2-room apartment and kitchenette; all improvements; suitable for doctor; $85; just completed.

106TH, 312 WEST (Riverside)—Two beautiful apartments, modern, newly decorated; 2 and 4 large rooms; many closets; $125.

112TH ST., 228 WEST—Attractive 3-5-room apartment; parlor floor; suitable doctor.

114TH, 251 WEST (Monterey Apartments)—facing on 3 streets and 2 parks; 5-room apartments, all outside rooms; immediate possession. Supt

The New York Times
Classified Advertising Rates.

	Per Agate Line
Count spaces words to an Agate line.	
Minimum space (two lines.)	1 Line.
Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	45c
Boarders and Board Wanted	45c
Help Wanted	50c
For Sale, &c.	55c
Lost and Found (Sunday use)	55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	55c
Steamship Board	60c
Mortgage Loans	65c
For Sale	65c
Automobiles Exchange	65c
Agents Wanted	65c
Business Announcements	75c

Per Word.

Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c).. 15c
Buyer Wants and Offerings to Buyers.. 15c

For insertion in the Sunday edition, advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and resorts must be received in The Times Building by noon Saturday. Financial and Auction display advertisements by 6 P. M. Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. Deadlines: All other classified advertisements not later than 12 o'clock on Saturday.

Advertisements to be inserted in the daily edition must be received by 6 P. M. on the preceding evening.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER, 24 years' experience; take charge; quick, competent, all around reasonable salary. A 872 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 10 years' experience, desires position; control set of books; best references. Residence, 215 Sands St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, senior years' practical experience; capable handling complete set books and supervising office. A 869 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, executive experience; books, systems, systematizing, investigating; highest credentials; $6. E 4 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, part time, write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. B 863 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, or assistant, to do evening and Saturday afternoon work or to devote entire time. C 872 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, executive experience; books, systems, systematizing; highest credentials; $6. E 4 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, part time, write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. B 863 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, or assistant, to do evening and Saturday afternoon work or to devote entire time. C 872 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced sales ledgers, payrolls; good connections. A 870 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, accountancy student, desires position with opportunities. K 380 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, take full charge, handle correspondence, collections, financial statements. E 11 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 10 years' experience; knowledge stenography, typewriting, desires position. D 34 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, good typist, college education, references. C 339 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER (26), experienced, competent, complete charge, reference, 1,644 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 5 years' sales, purchase ledgers, payrolls. Advertiser, 212 West 116th St.

BOOKKEEPER, 27, capable of taking charge of as assistant. D 53 Times.

BUYER, 25, considerable experience buying piece goods, knows underwear in large quantities, would locate with growing concern where honest effort and hard work will build a future. F 278 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 9 years' experience, careful driver, on all cars, foreign or domestic, references, courteous, obliging, desires position; city or country. Telephone 927 Watkins. Address Rieri, 217 7th Av.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 28, married, ten years experience in private, wants steady position, speaks three foreign languages; best references. Nessonin, 311 West 50th. Chelsea 7728.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 11 years' experience, wishes position private family, best references. Martin Shea, 128 East 71st. Rhinelander 4182.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, Argentinian, 16 years' experience, private references, familiar with all cars. Phillips, 920 8th Av. Circle 2078.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 8 years' experience, wants position, private, best references. Telephone Circle 7076. Burns, 363 West 50th.

CHAUFFEUR, 32, single, refined, long experience, safe driver, expert mechanic, gentle manner, city, country. Sauerstein, 6 East 126th St.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 35, desires position, commercial car, good and hard work, long honest reference, character, ability. P 303 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, nine years' experience, first-class mechanic, all cars, best references. F. J. Pecaro, 318 Amsterdam Av., City.

CHAUFFEUR, Gentleman, discontinuing automobiles, thoroughly reliable, trustworthy chauffeur, Hendricks, 442 West 57th.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, pursuing graduate studies desires part time position. P 317 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, secretary, clerk, general, advertising, office work, seeks connection. K 440 Times.

COUPLE, Scotch, Swiss, convenant French, Spanish, as valet de chambre (butler) and chambermaid with family or single men, care of latter, 878 McPherson St., Brooklyn.

COUPLE—Educated, refined wife experienced bookkeeper, cashier housekeeper, man experienced secretary, stenographer, hotel, school, institution, go anywhere. B 445 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, 5 years' experience office buildings, factories, garages, knowledge building and zoning laws. A 672 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, shop and engineering office experience, detailer. A 868 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, six years' experience, engineering training, moderate. B 449 Times.

EDITOR, technical or trade paper, increase magazine's influence. L 640 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER, mechanical, 26, technical graduate, with seven months' experience, engineering department of big manufacturing company, desires permanent position; best references. E 3 Times.

EXECUTIVE.
I HAVE FOR SALE:
BRAINS,
ENERGY,
ADAPTABILITY,
PERSONALITY,
UNUSUAL EXPERIENCE,
TECHNICAL TRAINING,
YOUTH (AGE 28),
LOYALTY.
I LIKE TO ORGANIZE AND WORK WITH PEOPLE.
I WOULD LIKE A JOB WITH HOOVER, BECAUSE I'D HAVE TO STEP SOME TO WIN HIS SUPPORT, BUT IT WOULD BE WORTH HAVING WHEN I GOT IT.
I AM IN THE MARKET NOW. WHAT IS YOUR PROPOSITION?
Y 2335 TIMES ANNEX.

EXECUTIVE assistant, 30, thorough training, correspondence, accounting, shipping, exporting, selling, loyal, energetic and capable, salary secondary to opportunity; available Jan. 1. B 432 Times.

EXECUTIVE, age 32, business manager-accountant, credit man and correspondent; 14 years' experience, including a number of years banking; desires change. Particulars upon request. E 12 Times.

FACTORY MANAGER, manufacturing and efficiency experience; cost accountant, auditor, age 35; best credentials. Knight, 80 Macon St., Brooklyn.

GARDENER, caretaker, single, thoroughly experienced in all outdoor work; no objection to live stock; excellent reference. B 434 Times.

GENTLEMAN, English, refined, 24, accustomed to traveling, desires position as traveling companion to gentleman; reasonable salary, best references. D 93 Times.

GENTLEMAN, extensively traveled, commercial experience, wishes confidential position as traveling companion to gentleman. J 356 Times.

GUARD or messenger, ex-soldier, best references. A 874 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER, if necessary will cook; prefer small family. Japanese. D 58 Times.

JAPANESE, long experienced cook, butler, general work, private family, city, country. King, 121 South 22d St., Philadelphia, Pa.

MARINE ENGINEER—First class machinist and all round mechanic on steam engines; knowledge of laying out jobs; ten years' experience in or out of town. 2,000 5th Av., City.

MEDICAL ATTENDANT.

Middle-age doctor, placed in unusual circumstances by sudden loss, will offer full time professional service as attending physician to invalid in exchange for the comforts of home and small salary, or expenses and small salary; can drive car if desired; unquestionable reference. C 835 Times.

OFFICE MAN, 28, college graduate, thoroughly experienced bookkeeper, cashier, knows foreign languages; best references. Box 1,621 50 Av.

OFFICE MAN, 24, assistant to executive, experienced correspondent, thorough knowledge office routine. B 451 Times.

OFFICE MAN (26), accountant, correspondent, thoroughly experienced, reliable. L 843 Times Downtown.

PHYSICIAN desires connection with industrial firm in metropolitan district; excellent training and experience. Y 2339 Times Annex.

PURCHASING AGENT (assist), understands buying of printing and paper; a practical printer. A 880 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SALES MANAGERS, EXECUTIVES.
I started an enterprise with a capital consisting of character, ability and determination; I succeeded and am eager to apply my concepts in a larger sphere; age 28. D 97 Times.

SALESMAN—Young man, 20, whose past year's earnings were $12,000, moving permanently to Cleveland, Ohio, is open for a real selling opportunity in that section; broad business and selling experience warrants handling any character commodity; immediate returns immaterial. D 108 Times.

SALESMAN, acquainted with wholesale grocers, would act as exclusive representative on commission basis in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut for reliable manufacturer of food products, who can handle large volume of business. B 1022 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, thoroughly experienced in electrical specialties and supplies; would locate with manufacturer or dealer where honest effort and hard work will be recognized; good correspondent and executive. F 277 Times.

SALESMAN—TRANSLATOR,
English, Spanish, Portuguese, French, Italian, 33, married, expert English-Spanish stenographer, bookkeeper; can be buyer, salesman, anything; adaptable any line; $33. Dent, 5629 Hudson Boulevard, North Bergen, N. J.

SALESMAN, especially trained for advertised trade-marked product, as representative or local district manager; no books, stocks, insurance; moderate compensation until ability proved. E 8 Times.

SALESMAN, WANTS SIDE LINE PRINT. BID. HOMEPAGE PRINTING AND STEEL PLATE BUSINESS STATIONERY. C 807 TIMES.

SECRETARY—YOUNG MAN, 25, GOOD APPEARANCE, WELL EDUCATED, CAPABLE CORRESPONDENT, WANTS TO TRAVEL; HIGHEST REFERENCES, CHARACTER, ABILITY. D 101 TIMES.

SECRETARY, stenographer, office manager, educated, refined, 12 years' experience; would leave city. B 444 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, 28, married; 10 years export, domestic. L 636 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Can you use a young man who is neat, honest, industrious and who has had a thorough stenographic training? If you will give me a chance I know I will make good; will begin at $20. Address Young Man, 36 West 123d St. Phone Harlem 518.

STENOGRAPHER, 24, rapid, accurate, conscientious; moderate salary; good opportunity. A 500 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, high and business school graduate. Schult, 592 Sanford Av., Flushing.

STENOGRAPHER, 17, intelligent beginner; 2 years high school. Telephone Lenox 7167.

STENOGRAPHER, 10 years' experience; knowledge stenography, typewriting, desires position. D 33 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 26, thoroughly experienced, college education, references. C 339 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, experienced, refined, desires position with reliable firm where hard work will merit promotion; best references; will travel if necessary; salesmanship preferred. B 452 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, 23, desires connection; future through effort; 3 years' business experience, speaks French, German, unpadded credentials, character, ability. A 872 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN—Japanese student, understands little English, desires position as school boy in refined private family. Write P. O. Box 1027, City Hall Station, New York City.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge designing, painting, wishes position, preferably helper to interior decorator or scene designer. L 615 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN,
24, receiving and shipping clerk, 4 years' experience, willing to start with $25 week salary. D 71 Times.

YOUNG MAN, educated, speaking Russian, French, German, business training, highest references, desires opening. F. H., 1,192 Lexington Av.

YOUNG MAN, 27, desires reliable connection; stock, office, shipping experience; executive ability; salary secondary; references. L 72 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, wishes connection reliable concern; two years' road experience; complete knowledge bookkeeping, shipping. D 88 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, conscientious, desires position where earnest effort is rewarded; salary secondary consideration. A 880 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, with practical experience of installing cost system, clerical routine and routing, factory work, desires position with manufacturing concern. D 98 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25 years of age, thorough knowledge office routine, stenographer, typist; light bookkeeping, correspondence. K 396 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, college graduate, 3 years' executive, selling and traveling experience, seeks opening with future; salary no object. K 286 Times.

YOUNG AMERICAN, knowing Spanish, French and stenography, desires position with opportunity to learn exporting. F. L. Garner, 503 West 111th St.

YOUNG MAN, 21, tall, alert, neat appearance, wishes position of truck, messenger or guard; references. D 110 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, business experience, desires evening position. Frank, 21 East 112th St.

YOUNG MAN, college student, wishes position evenings or part-time day. F 275 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, technical college graduate (C. E.), seeks any job with future. B 744 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, refined, average intelligence, desires employment evenings. D 91 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, office and sales experience, capable, highest credentials. What can you offer? K 291 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, college graduate, four years' executive, selling, traveling experience, seeks opening with future. D 92 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, willing, desires good, steady position with growing concern; furnish all reference. L 573 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, high school education, desires position anything. K 289 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, multigrapher, typist; can do clerical work. A 596 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 32, wants position with real estate office; best references. C 358 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24 wants a position; no sale or office work. B 441 Times.

TIRES. BRANCH MANAGER. TIRES.

10 years' rubber experience, tires and mechanical line; contract as district manager expires Jan. 1; can this selling and executive training be dovetailed into your organization? Successful record merits investigation. Y 2325 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ASSISTANT BUYER AND MANAGER for trimmed hat department of large wholesale millinery house; an excellent opportunity. Y 2386 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, for wholesale drygoods and notion house; capable of taking entire charge of office and competent to handle all correspondence; prefer one with several years' experience in commercial line; reply fully stating age, experience and salary desired. M. C., 684 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, thoroughly experienced, competent, for Newark office of large corporation; none but experienced need apply. Lackawanna Laundry Co., 43 High St., Newark, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER,
entire charge; double entry, trial balances; small manufacturing; state age, experience, salary. B. S., 871 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, capable of assuming entire responsibility, knowledge stenography and typewriting; six years' experience, thoroughly competent. D 96 Times.

BOOKKEEPER (Assistant)—One experienced on the Burroughs bookkeeping machine preferred. Rivoli Silk Hosiery Co., 890 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly reliable and dependable, accurate at figures; state age, salary expected, references, &c. L 634 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, thoroughly competent, take full charge double entry, trial balance, &c. Strauss & Co., 306 West 52d.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, knowledge of stenography, for cloak house. Apply 5 P. M., Blumenthal & Sugarman, 39 West 29th St.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer for office of general building contractor. Write, giving full information, S 548 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, stenographer; 3 years' experience; reference; $18. L 852 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, seven years' experience; competent, executive ability, credentials; $30. A 598 Times.

CAMP DIRECTOR.
Executive ability; opportunity for one with good record and past camp experience with young children. Box 677, 200 Cable Bldg.

CHAMBERMAIDS—Hours 8-4, $40 monthly and private room, $12 week and sleep out; married women preferred. Broadway Central Hotel, Broadway and 3d.

COMPANION to elderly woman, by one who has filled similar position for woman of note; good disposition, companionable, best references. B 486 Times.

COUPLE, wife cook and housekeeper, husband to assist wife, some garden work and care of Dodge sedan car; family of three. Call 1 to 2 P. M., Phipps, 29 West 38th, or phone Great Neck 69.

DESIGNER, high class, to make up model hats; large wholesale house; state who you have been with and what you can do. Address Y 2337 Times Annex.

GIRL or woman, refined, desiring permanent, comfortable home to assist care of children. Mrs. Hall, 329 Broadway, Dobbs Ferry. Phone Dobbs Ferry 11.

GOVERNESS, 2 children; good wages and home; call Wednesday morning. A. Fine, 640 West 139th.

GOVERNESS, nursery or child, 1-7 yrs.; refined, agreeable disposition; references. B 455 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, simple cooking, partial care of home. Call mornings, 134 West 12th. Chelsea 9063.

HOUSEKEEPER, cooking and first floor work, for country; reference. A 583 Times.

LIBRARY ASSISTANT for position with lawyer, must have experience in cataloging; state experience, age and salary. V 705 Times Downtown.

MAILING—Several young women experienced in alphabetizing, addressing and mailing; temporary work. Reply in own handwriting, giving references, pay expected, telephone. C 869 Times.

MARCEL WAVER, experienced, wanted. 8 Penn Arcade, 151 West 33d St.

MATRON, white, take charge ladies' retiring room railroad station, attend passengers and sell toilet articles. Call 2 West Broadway, one flight up.

MILLINERY DESIGNER FOR MILLINERY DEPT: ONLY THOSE WITH 5TH AV. EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY. J. M. GIDDING & CO., 5TH AV. AT 46TH.

MODELS, SUITS, SIZE 16;
GOOD PAY; PERMANENT POSITION.
PHIL KATZ, 11 EAST 26TH.

MODELS, STOUT, SIZE 42½, BUST 46; SAMPLE MODEL; PERMANENT POSITION. MAJESTIC COSTUME CO., 45 WEST 23TH.

MODELS WANTED, SIZE 16, ATTRACTIVE, EXPERIENCED, FOR SUITS AND COATS; PERMANENT POSITION. ISAAC LOEWENBERG & CO., 1,140 BROADWAY.

MODEL, experienced, cloaks and suits; size 16; steady position. Apply all week, Moyses & Dreyfus, 1 East 33d St.

MOTHER'S HELPER—Young person preferred; white; good home; some knowledge of cooking. Call Mrs. A. Duke, 309 W. 98d.

NURSE, WHITE, TO CARE FOR INFANT AND SMALL BOY; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE AND BEST OF REFERENCES; REFINED HOME WITH SMALL FAMILY; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR PROPER PARTY. 241 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, APT. 10A. PHONE 2245 RIVERSIDE.

NURSE—Undergraduate or graduate, thorough knowledge of stenography, typewriting; doctor's office, 9-1:30; give full particulars; references in answer. Box 130, Jersey City.

NURSE-Stenographers wanted for doctor's office. Call Wednesday morning between 10 and 12 o'clock, Dr. C. G. Kerley, 132 West 81st.

NURSE for seven-months-old infant. Address, giving full details, Box 522, Lawrence, Long Island, N. Y.

NURSE, practical, for chronic case. Telephone Plaza 4485 for interview.

NURSE for 1-year-old child, for country; references. A 582 Times.

NURSE, practical, for infant, country. Bayside 455.

SALESLADIES—Hosiery, manufacturer to consumer, $15 daily commission. Room 405, 1,170 Broadway.

SALESLADY wanted for infants' retail shop. Maison Joses, 8 East 46th.

SALESMANAGER, assistant, in large packing case plant; must be good correspondent and be familiar with follow-up system; one capable of getting action. Address, stating full particulars, Box 701, 209 Cable Bldg.

SALESWOMEN—SECURITY.
We have an unusual opportunity for several experienced security saleswomen; we are selling 8% preferred stock, carrying an attractive common stock bonus, in a sound industrial—a national necessity; now is the time to cash in on the re-investment period; our proposition is strong, attractive, basically sound, and will bear the most rigid investigation; liberal commission basis. S 679 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-Stenographer, typist, with knowledge bookkeeping, executive ability, good fundamental education and business experience; state salary wanted; only, detailed qualifications and salary desired. National Organization for Public Health Nursing, 156 5th Av.

SECRETARY, college graduate or equivalent education; stenographer, experienced in social work preferred; reply by letter only, stating qualifications and salary desired. National Organization for Public Health Nursing, 156 5th Av.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER. ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, PACKARD GRADUATE, EDUCATED, COMPETENT, DEPENDABLE; $25. B 430 TIMES.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, age 25, thoroughly experienced, $22. Phone Hours 7378W. F. S., 438 9th St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SECRETARY, stenographer, English, highly efficient; medical work specialized. B 437 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and Typist — Old-established corporation requires first-class stenographer and typist, accustomed to tabular matter; excellent conditions; pleasant town; hours 9-5; only applications stating age, experience, religion and salary will receive attention. V 783 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER IN OFFICE OF FIRST-CLASS CONCERN; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR ONE POSSESSING PROPER QUALIFICATIONS; STATE AGE, EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE, SALARY EXPECTED. T 569 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER to assist in office of wholesale house; salary start $18-$18; good opportunity for bright and ambitious young lady; state age and experience. O 714 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for large manufacturing concern, familiar with detail and clerical work. Reply, stating experience, salary and age. T 570 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—An educated stenographer of refinement, over 20, in advertising business. Apply Room 610, 1 West 34th St. Business experience necessary.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced in accountant's work, wanted immediately; excellent opportunity; best surroundings. Call Room 1503, 1,182 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, ASST. BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE; SALARY $18. A 849 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; pleasant office and surroundings; salary $25. Apply Tuesday, Suite 2002, 130 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, first class, educated; accuracy indispensable; must be able to read proof sheets. S 682 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, owning typewriter, desires same work. Phone, afternoons, Wadsworth 9688. Apt. 306.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, experienced, Christian; legal work preferred; $35. A 866 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience; excellent references. K 292 Times.

TEACHER, 10 years' experience all grades, desires position in private school; highest references. A 545 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, wholesale hotel supply house; must have experience on plug board; hours from 7:30 A. M. to 4 P. M., Saturday 1 P. M.; state qualifications and salary. Address P. O. Box 11, Station C.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, experienced, to operate standard plug board in busy office; must be bright, courteous and alert. Apply after 10 A. M., Liberty Lace and Netting Works, 251 4th Av.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, large importers downtown, west side; active board; state experience, salary expected. S 686 Times Downtown.

TRANSLATOR.
German and French translator for work in the foreign department of a large downtown bank; knowledge of typing desirable; state age, education, experience and salary desired. P. S., 820 Times Downtown.

TWIST by large blank book manufacturers; must be rapid; state religion. V 782 Times Downtown.

WOMAN OF REFINEMENT, MIDDLE-AGED, TO ACT AS CASHIER AND TO ASSIST MANAGER OF LARGE APARTMENT HOUSE; REPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. Y 2318 TIMES ANNEX.

YOUNG COLLEGE WOMAN

who wants "to begin" in advertising; splendid opportunity for actual experience and broad contracts; $35.

McCALL CO.,
236 WEST 27TH ST.

YOUNG LADY to operate switchboard and do general office work; experienced typist preferred. Answer by letter only, stating full particulars and salary expected, Dellyvale Linen Co., 23 East 22d St.

YOUNG LADY — Large publishing house wishes experienced operator for Belknap addressing machine to work on wrappers; state experience, salary expected. D 743 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY to assist in dentist's office. Call Wednesday A. M., Room 333, 17 West 42d.

YOUNG LADY for general office work; $15 and advancement. S 550 Times.

YOUNG LADY, experienced in soliciting merchandise over the telephone; must have high command of English and initiative. 561 Times.

YOUNG LADY with personality, refined, able to converse; experience unnecessary; interview doctors. Dr. Katner, 500 5th Av.

YOUNG LADY in dental office. Dr. Weyman, 108 West 73d St.

YOUNG WOMAN, WHITE, LOOKING FOR GOOD HOME WITH SMALL REFINED FAMILY; BEST SURROUNDINGS; TO CARE FOR INFANT AND SMALL BOY; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR PROPER PARTY; REFERENCES NECESSARY. CALL 258 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, APT. 10A. PHONE 2245 RIVERSIDE.

YOUNG WOMAN, 25 to 40, high school graduate, for educational work, who would like to spend Winter in the South; splendid salary; opportunity to develop into executive position. K 211 Times.

YOUNG WOMEN under 18 years, for filing positions; advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, New York.

Instruction.

A NEW FIELD FOR WOMEN.
INDUSTRIAL PERSONNEL WORK;
Women of good education and character, pleasing personality, with some business experience and executive ability, find unlimited opportunities in employment management and personnel service; practical and theoretical details can be mastered by devoting a few hours' spare time weekly; assistance to positions given when capable of directing work efficiently; candidates selected for training by personal interview only. For appointment, telephone Pennsylvania 8900, extension 18, or write "Executive," Room 904, 37 West 39th St.

DON'T BE A "JOB-HUNTER."
With our school back of you positions are always available. Over 5,000 graduates holding positions in which we have placed them after a brief course of instruction. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses. Call for particulars or send for catalog.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
1,170 Broadway, at 28th St.
Phone Madison Square 6067.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
542-544 5th Av. (45th St.).
The oldest and consequently the most successful; prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions. Write for Catalogue S.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN—Big demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

MORE POSITIONS open for Marinelli graduates than can be filled; learn the Marinelli methods of beauty culture. Call or write, Marinelli, 366 5th Av., 4th Floor.

$25-$75 WEEK through Prof. Rohrer's Hair-dress, Manicure, Face, Electric, Scalp and Beauty School. 119 West 42d St. Pamphlet.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, Inc.,
W. J. SWIFT, Pres.
C. P. HASSON, Sec't. J. J. McLAUGHLIN, Treas. & Gen'l Mgr.
U. S. Realty Bldg.
115 BROADWAY.
These and many others are on our list of openings NOW:
BUYER—35-40 years, thoroughly experienced in buying supplies and equipment for large scale production, grey iron foundry; $4,000 up.
COST ACC'T—25-28 years; must be experienced in cost in mfg. of cement and be a bookkeeper; $200 month.
BANK ACC'T—25-30 years; good general acc't; trust company or trust dep't; bank experience essential; $2,500.
INSURANCE MANAGER—Knowledge of brokerage insurance and office management; $40.
FLORIST MANAGER to buy and care for growing plants; flowers; only years of experience will be considered; $40 start; rapid advancement.
LAW CLERK—23-25 years, knowing N. Y. courts and procedure; young N. Y. attorney will find this an opportunity; $2,000.
STENOGRAPHER—Downtown licencers; two or three years' experience; $30 start; good opportunity.
BOOKKEEPER—Downtown desirable experience; $1,500; good opportunity.
SHIPPING DEP'T HEAD—Executive abilities to assume full charge of department; $35 and up; good opportunity.
2 Collection Correspondents.....$25
2 Addressograph Operators.....$20
CALL BEFORE TWO O'CLOCK.

PERSONNEL EXCHANGE,
26 JOHN ST.
Stenographers, typists, bookkeepers, clerical workers.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
60 BROADWAY.
Law steno., $25-$30; other stenographic and secretarial openings, $40-$20; bkpr., typist, $25; comptometer op., $25; collegegrad., 2 or 3 years' mathematics and 2 or 3 years of physics, salary commensurate; clerical openings, $20-$16; file clerk, $25; long carriage typist, $25. Many others. Register free.

J. H. EARLY,
220 West 42d St.
BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST $25
STENOGRAPHER (broker) 25
UNDERWOOD BOOKKEEPING MACHINES OPERATOR 90
CLERKS (high school graduates).....75
TELEPHONE OPERATOR (some filing).. 20
Uptown Christian firms.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
WALL ST. SPECIALISTS, 60 BROADWAY,
Brokerage bookkeeper, $40-$50; P. & S. clerks, about $30; stock clerk, $30; C. H. clerk, 5 runners.
Bookkeeper-typist, $25; college graduates, inexperienced, unmarried, to go out of town, $25-$30; bank bookkeeper, $1,400 and bonus; many others; register free.

BLANCHE REID EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
154 Nassau. Beekman 3551.—Company leaving New York requires stenographers, typists, file clerks living vicinity Newark; good salaries; stenographic positions, $20-$25; typists, expert, $1,020 yearly; Underwood bookkeeping machine op., $25; dictaphone, $23; experienced file clerk, downtown, $20; clerks, beginners, $17.

SECURITY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
51 EAST 42D ST.
Clerks, Typists and Stenographers.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.

BRISTOL SECRETARIAL BUREAU,
500 5th Av., have positions for secretaries, stenographers and typists; Christian firms.
STENOGRAPHER, French-English, $30. Fulton Agency, 93 Nassau St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS—Growing firm of certified public accountants has vacancies for seniors, semi-seniors and juniors; all applications will be treated confidentially, but must give full particulars as to experience, education and salary. V 791 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Accountant having experience handling holding company accounts; one with oil and gas business experience preferred; state references, experience, salary expected in first letter. Box 1000 Times, 1 Rector St.

ACCOUNTANT, highly experienced man, understanding control accounts, to come in part time to help with balances. Forie Heller, 36 West 57th.

ACCOUNTANT, certified, by practicing firm of accountants, to entertain partnership or other arrangements. L 630 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, juniors. Call Wednesday, 9 A. M., International Audit Co., 2 Rector.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR wanted by a foreign language advertising agency; must be thoroughly experienced and capable of earning from $7,000 to $10,000 a year; drawing account and commission; for a man who knows his business, this is an exceptional opportunity. S 558 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS — Established Brooklyn monthly; steady position; liberal commission basis. Write full particulars. A 864 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER for general ledger, in an active bank; must have highest credentials, possess a thorough knowledge of double entry and the principle of accounting; state age, experience and salary expected and when available. Second National Bank, Red Bank, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT—Young man, 16-20, in accounting department of large wholesale house; neat penman, accurate at figures; reply in own handwriting stating age and salary expected. S 674 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and general office man, by knit underwear commission house; must have had experience in general office work and good references; please state experience and salary wanted. E 9 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER — Young man to take charge of double entry books and general office details; salary $25. Address in own handwriting, giving references, experience, &c. A 895 Times.

BOOKKEEPER with good experience; must take full charge of books of importing house; salary $35. A 887 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, accustomed to lots of detail, able to take off trial balance, wanted for audit department of fire insurance company; write age, experience, salary. V 760 Times Downtown.

BOY—Prominent law firm requires a clean-cut boy for general office work; experience not essential, but must be quick, reliable and willing. Room 1917, 49 Broadway.

BUSINESS LETTER and sales correspondent; must have following among buyers of naval stores and coal tar products; give details business connections. D 103 Times.

CASHIER for restaurant, part time, $12 and meals; hours suitable for student; closed Sundays. A 570 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, single, colored, Southerner, combination houseman. Telephone Rector 1122.

CHAUFFEURS write James C. Stoops, 315 West 47th. Longacre 3743.

CHIEF STEWARD, thoroughly experienced; references required. B 457 Times.

CHAUFFEUR wanted to operate 2½-ton truck on shares; must be reliable and able to get work; give full particulars in first letter. A 865 Times Downtown.

CLERK for front office; references; long hours, able to use typewriter. Apply by letter only. L. I. College Hospital, Henry and Pacific Sts., Brooklyn.

ESTIMATOR wanted, experienced in heating and ventilating work; state experience and salary desired. B 400 Times.

FOREMAN, working, wanted for a small architectural and light iron shop, located east of the city; could use also along with him 3 or 4 competent mechanics in the line; steady work to satisfactory men. Apply by letter, giving your qualifications and references. Z 2310 Times Annex.

MACHINIST or toolmaker; must be first-class man; good working conditions; high pay. C 807 Times.

MANAGER—We require the services of a thoroughly experienced manager in a department store doing about $175,000 business per annum, located in a town of 15,000 population near Baltimore, Md.; applicant must have department store experience; no buying required; must give references. Address Y 2332 Times Annex.

MAN OF PARTS.
Salesman, 30 to 50, college man preferred, to sell correspondence courses for nationally known school; permanent, dignified; commission; experience unnecessary; must be hustler; 100 men making $5,000 to $10,000 yearly. Room 17, 729 6th Av.

MEN—MAGAZINE SUBSCRIPTION
to sell a business service magazine to the manufacturing trade in New York City; exceptional proposition; men can earn $80 to $100 a week in commissions, which are paid weekly. Apply by letter only, stating full experience, &c. George J. Floren, Room 1005, 1,182 Broadway.

MEN,
at least 5 feet 8 inches in height, regularly employed, having spare time Saturdays and Sundays, can find profitable and steady employment for both days; patrol duty; by applying Captain Hart, 66 West 39th St., one flight up.

NECKWEAR SALESMEN.
WE WANT MEN'S NECKWEAR SALESMEN; REAL LIVE WIRES; ONLY BIG SALESMEN WITH LARGE NECKWEAR TRADE NEED APPLY, AS OUR PROPOSITION WILL ONLY BE TO SUCH MEN; TO A SALESMAN WITH LARGE TRADE WE WILL OFFER A BIG PROPOSITION; APPLICATIONS TREATED STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL; SALARY OR COMMISSION BASIS.
I. ISAAC & CO.,
880 BROADWAY, N. Y.

OFFICE BOY wanted in old established banking house; splendid opportunity for a boy about 16; other boys connected with this house who have shown ability and willingness to work are now holding important positions. Address, giving age, personal references and salary expected, Y. L., P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York.

OFFICE BOY in executive's office of large daily newspaper; state age and salary desired; excellent opportunity for advancement. S 1038 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY, large Christian law office; state references. L 635 Times Downtown.

POCKETBOOK or leather specialty maker wanted; one who has executive ability and a thorough knowledge of this line; factory located in Newark; in replying state age, past experience and salary expected. Address Pocketbook, Box Y 2254 Times Annex.

RECORD CLERK—Competent young man to take charge of warehouse records; state experience, references and salary. A 873 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN — Nationally-known firm has opening for specialty men who, with practical and over-night study, can earn $15 to $20 a day; small priced service; 1st class seller; easy terms; drawing account against commissions. Mr. Wilcox, Room 58 (7th floor), 4 Court Square, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMEN—Leading firm of cost accountants and industrial engineers wishes to employ high-class salesmen or negotiators; salary and commission; applications considered only from men of experience and successful record. Address Engineer, 735 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN,
High-class executive, preferably officer, to do advance work on the source records of the World's War; our high-class capable men make around $900 weekly, combining salary and commission. Call 10 to 12-80, Room 1954, 50 Church St.

SALESMEN—SERVICE.
Easy contract; liberal commission; New York City territory; conscientious salesmen wanted; weekly advances against commissions to men showing good records of results in previous business connections. Telephone Cortlandt 5985 for appointment.

SALESMEN wanted by hosiery and underwear house to cover New York, Brooklyn and Long Island territory; only those with thorough experience and established trade. Apply by letter giving all particulars. Y 2343 Times Annex.

SALESMAN for one of the best lines of hair nets and kindred lines; various territories; commission basis; we have something interesting to offer to high type man; may handle other non-conflicting notion line. Stroup Importing Co., 1,123 B'way.

SALESMAN, securities, wanted, with ability to sell Dusenberg Automobile and Motor Company, on commission, 8 per cent. preferred stock; exceptional sales record established. Dusenberg Automobile and Motors Company, Inc., 5 Columbus Circle.

SALESMAN—Prominent ladies' neckwear, boudoir cap house, require representative with acquaintance same or kindred lines for New York State and New England; commission

MME. WALSKA PLANS RETURN TO EUROPE

Applies for a Passport Here After Leaving Opera Company in Chicago.

HER HUSBAND IN AIKEN

Alexander Smith Cochran Has Not Planned to Accompany His Wife on This Visit.

Following her sudden departure from Chicago after quitting the opera company there last week on the eve of the production of "Zaza," in which she was to have sung the title rôle, Mme. Ganna Walska, the Polish soprano, has come to New York and is at her home, 101 East Ninety-fourth Street. Her third husband, Alexander Smith Cochran, the wealthy yachtsman, whom she met last July on the Cunarder Aquitania and married later in Paris, did not come here with the singer. Mr. Cochran is understood to be at his Winter place in Aiken, S. C. His town house is at 820 Fifth Avenue.

Further interest in the singer's movements was aroused yesterday when she visited the Passport Bureau in the Custom House to make application for a passport to go to Europe. She was accompanied by a man who was said to be her attorney.

There was no record at the Passport Bureau of any application for a passport having been made by Mr. Cochran, and it is probable, according to his friends, that he will spend the remainder of the Winter in America. Mme. Walska intimated that she might take up her residence in Paris.

From the Custom House she returned to her home. To all inquiries there last night the Polish housekeeper answered "I do not know." She declined to take up cards. Friends of the singer warmly denied rumors of any differences between herself and Mr. Cochran over her recent operatic plans. Among opera devotees it was said that while Mme. Walska possessed a well-trained soprano voice, it had been found unequal to the rôle of "Zaza," for which she had been warmly sponsored by Harold McCormick, who personally escorted her to Chicago for the rehearsals.

Before her marriage to Mr. Cochran Mme. Walska's two previous ventures into matrimony were first at 17, when she was married to Baron Arcadie d'Kingorn, a Russian army officer, who was killed early in the war, and her second husband was Dr. Joseph Frankel, to whom she was married in 1915, and who died last April. Mrs. Cochran is a blonde, tall and slender, with large dark blue eyes.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Certificate No. B41382 for 2 shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, registered in the name of Leigh P. Gerard, and B79214 for 20 shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway common, registered in the name of Adolph G. Lotter. Finder please communicate with Paine, Webber & Co., 82 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.

LOST OR MISLAID—Policy No. 815,452, issued by The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, on the life of Robert M. Maclay. The finder will please return it to the undersigned. An application has been made for the issuing of a duplicate. M. J. Maclay, 560 5th Av.

LOST—Black moire silk bag, leather, with inserts, containing two keys, check book, glasses; payment stopped on signed check; lost Monday night between 125th St. and 59th St.; reward. Write F. A. E., Room 2502, 110 West 40th St.

LOST—Lady's brown velvet handbag, on 7th Av., between 56th and 59th St. Return to S. Klein, care Mirremont Mfg. Co., 534 West 56th St. or call Circle 8152.

LOST—Corporation minute book and contents en subway, Dec. 11, 1920. Reward. Return to Edward S. Kelly, attorney, 302 Broadway, Manhattan.

LOST—Black suitcase marked I. T. W.; liberal reward if contents intact, no questions. Apply Ritz-Carlton office.

LOST—Crocheted lace, between 96th and 106th St., B'way, on Sunday morning, between 10 and 12. Academy 140, Apt. 12L.

LOST—Small black change purse, containing money, 5th Av., between 59th and 42d Sts.; reward. Vanderbilt 9760.

LOST—Shell rim spectacles, in leather case. Telephone Morningside 8209. Apt. 93I. Reward.

LOST—Monday evening, blue beaded bag, containing money, mail, Broadway-71st St. Please phone Cathedral 9984. E. Niesson.

LOST—Opera glasses with monogram "L. M. G." Reward, return, Riverside 4185.

$100 REWARD

for return of diamond and sapphire diamond shaped scarfpin and silver cigarette case, engraved "G. J. S.," lost Dec. 6; proportionate reward for return of either. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

Jewelry.

LOST—Early morning, Dec. 21, Japanese Signet ring, initials "H. C. L." set with two small diamonds, between 145th St. "L" station and 1,824 Weeks Av., 176th St. and Grand Concourse; reward. Room 1008, 709 5th Av.

LOST—On Sunday afternoon, lady's gold watch, initials G. M. P. on back, between 183 East 45th St. and 28 West 54th St. Finder please return to Central 6789 for Nurses, 132 East 45th St. Reward.

LOST—In neighborhood of 72d St., one gold watch and chain; also knife, initials "H. C. W." Please return to E. M. Cattle & Co., 5th Av., opp. St. Patrick's Cathedral. Liberal reward; no questions asked.

LOST—A lady's Elgin wrist watch in Grand Central Terminal or 42d St. subway station, about 9 A. M. Tuesday, Dec. 21; reward. Frank Ohl, 248 Madison Av., corner 38th, New York City.

LOST—Brooch, Saturday morning, between 56th and 59th, Amsterdam and B'way; large carved moonstone, surrounded by sapphires and diamonds; liberal reward. Jacobi, 302 West 87th.

LOST—Pearl necklace in 5th Av. shopping district, Tuesday, Dec. 21. Finder please deliver to Theodore A. Kohn & Son, Jewelers, 521 5th Av. Reward.

LOST—At Capitol Theatre, Monday afternoon, an earring consisting of pearl surrounded with diamonds; proper reward for return of same. B 448 Times.

LOST—Dec. 12, in vicinity of Ritz-Carlton, square sapphire and diamond cluster ring; liberal reward, no questions asked. Return to Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av.

LOST—Necklace of amber beads, last Sunday afternoon, between Metropolitan Opera and my home. (Miss) Edna Ries, 2 West 94th St.

LOST—Bar pin, sapphires and diamonds, in Times Square district or 7th Av. subway; liberal reward. Phone Bryant 9212. Mr. Dana.

LOST—In Lord & Taylor's a string of pearls in box marked Bendel. Telephone Lenox 9000, Vanderbilt 9000; reward.

LOST—Pearl and sapphire crescent brooch, Saturday night, Dec. 18, Waldorf-Astoria Hotel; reward. Phone Circle 5195.

LOST—Gold Waltham wrist watch, between Hotel Savoy and 66th St. subway; reward Hotel Savoy.

LOST—Hudson tubes, 33d and 34th Sts. and 5th Av., carved jade pin, gold mounted; reward. G. K. Hooper, Madison, N. J.

LOST—Between 57th and 59th Sts. or at Plaza Hotel, a D. A. R. pin with diamonds in centre; reward to finder. 141 West 56th St.

LOST—Dec. 20, cameo pin; reward. Gallagher, 47 Romaine Av., Jersey City.

LOST—Dec 20, diamond bar pin, in street; reward Academy 2016.

$300 REWARD

for return of platinum ring, large square sapphire with small diamonds in mounting; lost Dec. 12th between 45th and 61st Sts. Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av.

$75 REWARD

for return of diamond pin forming the letters "C. S. R.," lost Dec. 11 between 34th and 108th Sts. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$400 REWARD

for return of platinum and diamond oval shaped brooch, containing 87 diamonds, lost Dec. 16 between 29th and 39th Sts., or in taxicab. W. D. Tusten, 681 5th Av.

$1,000 REWARD.

Diamond platinum pin, 227 stones, 7 large ones in centre. Schuyler 6650.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—On Saturday, 18th, in Gimble's store, third floor, seal muff. Liberal reward if return to V. C. Armstrong, 61 Broadway.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Black Pomeranian dog, lost Dec. 20, '20, corner of East Broadway and Montgomery, about 7 A. M.; answers to name of Dixie; reward paid for return. A 870 Times Downtown.

LOST—Irish terrier, license 1870, reward, return Apt. G, 105 West 163d St. Phone after 6, Jerome 2968.

Found.

FOUND—Lady's tan leather envelope purse, Tuesday, Dec. 21. Call Harlem 2425, between 6 and 7 P. M.

FOUND—Scotch collie, brown and white. Phone Stuyvesant 1496.

PERSONAL.

RE THOMAS PITTS OF TAPLOW BUCKS, England, deceased; will any sons of the son or sons of Mrs. Harris, sister of Richard Pitts, of Kenniford, near Exeter, England, deceased, who went to America several years ago and who, it is believed, resided near New York, communicate with Messrs. Watts, Woodcombe and Watts, Solicitors, Newton Abbot, Devon, England.

INHERITANCE—THE NEXT OF KIN OF CHARLES SAVOYER HOSTETTER, born in 1830 in New York, are wanted for succession by Me. Coulot Avocat Genealogiste, 21 Bd. St. Germain, Paris.

JULIA M. QUINN—A VERY IMPORTANT message from your brother awaits you at Hotel Alberti.

LUELLA MYRTLE L.—PLEASE COME home; mother is very sick; if not, write to her. L. L.

L. S.—CHILDREN AND I WANT YOU; no one knows eternity. Your Wife.

$116,000 TO AID FRANCE.

New York's Response to Appeal by Miss Morgan for Devastated France.

Approximately $116,00 has been contributed by the New York public in the last week to the fund raised for the American Committee for Devastated France. Miss Anne Morgan, Chairman of the Executive Committee, announced this total yesterday. It completes the first part of the triple program, which is to raise $250,000 locally for rehabilitation work overseas.

"Part one of our money-raising program concerned the general public, which we have canvassed for $100,000," said Miss Morgan. "Returns today show that the amount contributed in New York was $115,544.04 and 8,100 francs, approximately $116,000.

"The second part of the money-raising program is built around the Leonard-Mitchell match in Madison Square Garden on Jan. 14. The net proceeds of this sporting event will go to the American Committee for Devastated France, and we expect to realize at least $50,000 from it. The third part of our fund-raising plan is now in course of preparation and will be announced on Jan. 24.

"The New York campaign committee of the American Committee for Devastated France wishes to express satisfaction over the generous response of the New York public at a time when many appeals are being made. This effort for France is not a charity, but a duty we owe to humanity in helping the French start anew among the ruins left by the Germans. In providing for child hygiene and public health nursing the Americans who contributed to this work are helping to assure a healthy generation to rebuild the war-ruined land."

VIENNA WAITERS WIN.

Carry Their Strike Contentions Through Government's Mediation.

VIENNA, Dec. 21.—The general strike of hotel and restaurant waiters, which for the last five days had disorganized life in the city, ended at midnight, when the Government, acting as mediator, brought about a compromise by which the objectionable registry offices for professional waiters will be closed and be replaced by joint non-party union agencies.

All the other demands of the waiters were granted by the employers.

POLICE TAKE STEPS TO BAR FLAG RIOTS

Reserves Ready to Prevent Trouble Where British Ensign Marks Pilgrim Day Celebrations.

Recalling flag riots at the Union Club and the Capitol Theatre, William J. Lahey, Chief Police Inspector, established a special police reserve yesterday to guard against any disturbance growing out of the celebrations of the Pilgrim tercentenary.

"During the last few weeks," said the Inspector's order, "some disturbance has occurred, particularly at the Capitol Theatre and the Union Club on Thanksgiving Day. Demonstrations were made particularly against the British flag."

Calling attention to the fact that yesterday was the 300th anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrims, the order continued:

"A careful canvass will be made of all places in your precinct where any ceremonies are to take place, or where the British flag is to be displayed in connection with this celebration, and take such police measures as will prevent any disorder thereat.

"In addition to the regular reserve, the first squad will be held in reserve from 8 A. M. to 12 M., the fourth squad from 12 M. to 8 P. M. and the eighth squad from 8 P. M. to 12 midnight. Commanding officers of districts and precincts will be on duty in uniform with their commands and take personal command of their forces if called upon to prevent or suppress disorder."

NAVY BALL AT COMMODORE.

Many Dinners Precede Benefit for Service Club.

The Naval Ball, held last night at the Commodore, for the benefit of the Navy Club, was largely attended. Many dinners preceded it.

Admiral Henry B. Wilson, Commander of the Atlantic Fleet, sent the band from the U. S. S. Pennsylvania, which played during the evening. Captain G. K. T. Stone, in charge of the Third Naval District, looked after the decorations of the large ballroom, which was festooned with pennants, signal flags and the Navy flag.

The ball was held under the patronage of Admiral and Mrs. Wilson, Rear Admiral and Mrs. J. H. Glennon, Rear Admiral and Mrs. E. W. Eberle, Rear Admiral and Mrs. A. H. Robertson and other high officials of the Navy.

How to Figure Your Income Tax

On the net income of $25,000 a corporation whose invested capital is $200,000, pays in income and excess profits tax $3,380.

In a partnership of three with the same income on the same invested capital, the cumulated taxes of the partners sharing equally are $1,219.89.

The above and other similar examples are illustrated in our Tax Booklet. Please write for your copy on your letterhead.

James Barr and Co.
Certified Public Accountants
Woolworth Bldg., New York
Detroit Syracuse

Monroe Clothes
"New York's Styles Americus" Monroe Clothes New York

Monroe Evening Clothes $40



AT the Theatre—the Club—the Dinner and the Christmas and New Year's Dance, the wearers of Monroe Evening Clothes will be right up there with the Best Dressed.

OF highest grade fabrics, smartly styled, faultless in fit, and tailored by custom craftsmen, Monroe Evening Clothes provide every nicety of detail that you only expect from the highest priced 5th Ave. Tailors—

Monroe
FULL DRESS and TUXEDOS
Now $40
and well worth $75.

SEE what you are elsewhere asked for real Quality Evening Clothes—Then come to one of our Upstairs Monroe Clothes Shops and see the difference in price only.

YOU'LL BUY YOURS HERE.

MANHATTAN
42nd Street, corner Broadway
50 E. 42nd St., corner Madison
Nassau Street, corner Frankfort
5 Cortlandt St., cor. Broadway
14th St., opp. Acad. of Music
34th Street, corner Broadway
46th Street and Broadway
59th Street at Columbus Circle
125th Street, corner 7th Ave.
181st St., cor. St. Nicholas Ave.
BRONX
Bergen Ave. at 149th St.

BROOKLYN
413 Fulton Street
587 Fulton at Flatbush
NEWARK—151 Market Street
JERSEY CITY—Newark Ave. & Bay
PATERSON—220 Main Street
YONKERS—Getty Square
PHILADELPHIA—10th and Market Streets
ALBANY, N.Y.—Corner N. Pearl and State Sts.
SCRANTON—308 Lackawanna Ave.
BALTIMORE—Cor. Light and Balto. Sts.

Monroe Clothes
"New York's Styles Americus" Monroe Clothes New York

Wallach Gift Certificates
In any denomination from $1 up. Make last minute shopping satisfactory. You spend what you like. The recipient chooses for himself.



Wonderfully Fine
$135, $125, $100 Overcoats

Styled and Tailored by
Hart Schaffner & Marx

$72.50

Overcoatings of the highest type—the finest that America produces—Ulsters, Ulsterettes, Great Coats, Boxy types, Form-fitting Coats, Raglans, and Chesterfields; all with beautiful silk linings; wonderful value at $72.50.

Drastic Suit Reductions
Savings Up to $35

Very Finest Suits
made by Hart Schaffner & Marx to sell at $100, $90 and $85
$65.00

Handsome Suits
made by Hart Schaffner & Marx to sell at $85, $80 and $75
$52.50

Beautiful Suits
made by Hart Schaffner & Marx—and worth up to $65
$35.00

No Charge for Alterations

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3rd Ave., cor. 122d

Remington
GOOD AS THE NAME
PHONOGRAPH
IS GUARANTEED TO IMPROVE THE TONE OF ANY RECORD
25% to 30%
MAKE US PROVE IT
"The Tone Is Best By Every Test"
Demonstrated at
1564 BROADWAY, (near 52nd St.)
941 Intervale Ave. 386 Grand St.
201 W. 145th St. 21 W. 30th St.
NEW YORK
73 FLATBUSH AVE.
798 Franklin Ave.
BROOKLYN



EMERALITE
The National Desk Lamp
FOR THE TYPIST
DAYLIGHT is best for the eyes because Nature made it perfect in quality and diffusion. You can have electric daylight on every desk with Emeralite and the new
Daylight Attachment



The daylight attachment can be applied to any Emeralite.

Better light means better eyes—better work. Emeralites add tone and increase the efficiency of any office. The cheapest eye insurance you can buy. Write for booklet showing 50 patterns. Sold by office supply and electrical dealers.

H. G. McFaddin & Co., 38 Warren St., New York
Makers of lighting devices since 1874



DESK TOP DAYLIGHT

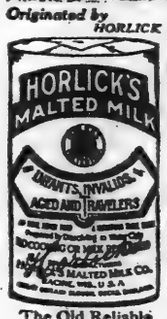
Sunset Route



THROUGH STORYLAND to SUNSET SEAS
Skirting the Southern border of the United States, through a land of beauty and romance.
SUNSET LIMITED
(Observation Car—Through Dining Car)
New Orleans, San Antonio, Los Angeles, San Francisco
"No biting blizzards to block and delay because it's summerland all the way."
Tourist Sleeping Car Daily, Washington, D.C. to San Francisco
Sleeping car service to Globe, Arizona, for side trip to ROOSEVELT DAM on the APACHE TRAIL
For information and literature address
SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES
A. J. Poston, General Agent, Passenger Dept., Room 2015, 165 Broadway.



Originated by HORLICK



The Old Reliable Round Package

Get the ORIGINAL
Fresh, full-cream milk and the extract of selected malted grain, reduced to powder form.
The Food-Drink for All Ages.
Used successfully for over 1/3 century.
Superior to tea, coffee, cocoa
A quick lunch readily digested.
Invigorating, Nourishing, Delicious
Ask for Horlick's at All Fountains
Prepared in a moment by briskly stirring the powder in hot or cold water. Keep at home or when traveling.
Ask For and Get Horlick's
thus Avoiding Imitations
SUBSTITUTES Cost YOU Same Price
Write for free sample to Horlick's, Dept. B, Racine, Wis.

LAST TWO DAYS OF IMPORTERS SALE DIRECT TO THE PUBLIC
at a saving of 50% to 100% on the finest line of ladies' leather bags and beaded bags of beautiful designs and shapes.

- Silk and Leather Cigarette Cases and Wallets
- Porcelain Figure Lamps with handsome silk shades
- Viennese Ceramics
- Viennese Bronzes and Lamps
- Ostrich Feather Fans and Hand-Painted Fans
- Manicure Sets of best steel
- Beautiful Sterling Silver Jewelry, Neck Chains, Lavallieres, Brooches, Cuff Buttons in jewel cases
- Hand-Painted Miniatures on ivory, made up into 14-karat gold brooches
- Beautifully Dressed Viennese Tea Catty Dolls
- Oil Paintings in handsome gilt frames

Absolutely only two days more of selling direct to the public.
GEORGE BANKS COMPANY
OPEN EVENINGS Until 7:30 P. M. 112 West 44th Street, Room 404 Near Sixth Avenue (Opposite Belasco Theatre)

EVERYBODY'S BUYING THEM
WAR DEPARTMENT CANNED MEATS

A MYSTERY STORY with as quaint and lovely a heroine as ever graced the pages of a novel. No wonder Eugene Buckhanon realized that he had met his fate as soon as he saw Melisenne Tyrone step through the door of the mysterious house. "The House with a Red Name."—At all bookstores.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Rain today; Friday, fair and much colder; west to northwest gales.
☞ For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,979. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

700 RESERVES JOIN POLICE; FOUR ARMED MEN CAUGHT IN AUTO

Patrolman Leaps on Speeding Car in Face of Pistol and Captures Occupants.

ENRIGHT RENEWS WARNINGS

Announces Further Protective Measures to Stop Crimes—Depredations Continue.

BURGLARY RISK COSTS RISE

Insurance Companies Planning Rate Increase—Women Aiding in Robberies and Hold-Ups.

Despite the extraordinary police activities of the last few days desperate criminals still were abroad in the streets of New York yesterday. Commissioner Enright last night announced new protective measures and issued renewed warning to citizens to exercise care, particularly with respect to hired automobiles. He also asked them at the same time to forward to headquarters all information which might aid the department's warfare against crimes of violence.

The principal new measures were preparations to increase the active police forces, of which it was announced 700 to 800 already were on patrol, and the perfection of arrangements with the telephone company for speedy relaying to headquarters of all calls for help.

The number of crimes that became public despite the secrecy with which complaints were blanketed was somewhat decreased, and the character of the crimes a little less daring, but highwaymen, burglars and safe robbers still were active.

The Commissioner's order to all members of the force to examine suspicious automobiles bore startling fruit in Brooklyn last night when a young patrolman repeated the daring leap onto the running board of an automobile containing gunmen which cost Lieutenant Floyd Horton his life and succeeded in capturing four men who, the police believe, were bent upon some desperate venture.

Order to Halt Ignored.

Cornelius T. Miller, 25 years old and 3½ years on the force, was the patrolman. He is attached to the Poplar Street Precinct, which embraces territory along the Brooklyn waterfront and under the Brooklyn Bridge approach, where few persons are abroad after nightfall on legitimate business.

Miller was on post at Front and Washington Streets when a seven-passenger touring car, traveling at a dangerous speed, swerved out of Water Street into Washington. It was pouring rain, the side curtains were battened down and Miller could catch no glimpse of the occupants. He shouted to the chauffeur to halt, but the man only put on speed.

The instant's lost motion as the car straightened out again in Washington Street gave Miller his opportunity. Pulling his pistol as he leaped, he landed on the running board. Before he could get secure footing there the muzzle of an automatic pistol was poked through the window of a tonneau side curtain. The policeman brought his own weapon down with all his force on the hand that clutched the automatic. There was a groan of pain from within and the pistol landed on the running board.

As he worked his way forward, Miller stooped and got the pistol. With one weapon in each hand he ripped away the front curtain, thrust one of the two pistols he now held within and told the driver.

"You can stop or I'll kill you."

Two Pistols Found in Auto.

The car slithered up to the curb and stopped. Inside Miller saw four men. One sat with the driver. The other two were huddled in the far corner of the tonneau. All had mufflers swathed about their necks and each wore a slouch hat shading his eyes.

"The Poplar Street station for yours," said the policeman, and the car took up its new journey. In front of the station house Miller, unwilling to risk any of his quarry, yelled for help, and a squad of "cops" came tumbling out. Search of the car after the four men were lined up before Captain House disclosed two pistols on the floor, in addition to the two Miller had captured. Two dozen cartridges were scattered on the floor.

The prisoners gave their names as Pasquella Matino and Joseph Barbara, both of 212 Forsyth Street, Salvator Alimo of 412 Chrystie Street and Dominico Cascio of 134 Forsyth Street, the chauffeur. Cascio said the three had engaged him to drive them to Brooklyn, where they said they were to meet another man under the bridge. The employers, Thomas J. Sanrelo of 11 Second Avenue who owns the car, confirmed his statement when the police telephoned to him.

Alimo had nothing to say and Matino and Barbara told stories diametrically opposed. Matino said Alimo got a blackhand letter from a man who demanded that he appear under the Brooklyn Bridge plaza with $2,000 and that the three were on their way to get the blackhander. Barbara said the trio were themselves blackhanders and were on the way to "stick up" a man they had ordered to meet them there.

After Captain Rouse with two patrolmen had made a vain search of the

Continued on Page Three.

Pinehurst, N. C.—Carolina Hotel Now Open. Interesting events in golf and other sports. Thru Pullman, Penn., 3:05 P. M. daily.—Advt.

Make your Xmas Dinner a complete success. Serve BELL-ANS after eating.—Advt.

Ten Prisoners at Auburn Set Free for Christmas

AUBURN, N. Y., Dec. 22.—Commutations of the sentences of ten prisoners, the largest number in the history of Auburn Prison to receive clemency in one month, were approved at a special session here today of the State Parole Board, the members of which traveled all day that they might reach here in time to act on the cases of deserving prisoners before Christmas.

REGULARS ROUT D'ANNUNZIO'S MEN

First Clash Reported 10 Miles From Fiume—Destroyer Shells Island Force.

SIEGE OF THE CITY BEGUN

Poet's Plot to Force a Battle With Jugoslavs in Dalmatia Is Upset by Loyalists.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—An encounter between Italian regulars and d'Annunzio's Legionaires is reported to have taken place at Jelenl, 10 miles from Fiume, says a dispatch to The London Times from Trieste. One regular soldier was killed and two were wounded.

The dispatch adds that the Government carabineers put the rebel arditi to flight by a counterattack.

The greater part of d'Annunzio's legionaries who landed at Castelvenier has been captured by the Italian regulars, according to a Trieste dispatch to The London Times, received by way of Milan.

D'Annunzio's forces consist of 5,000 troops at Fiume, 200 at San Marcos, 200 on the island of Arbe and 600 on Veglia. They possess several field guns, machine guns and armored cars. The poet's fleet includes five destroyers, two torpedo boats, eight tugs and five steamships.

General Caviglia's appeal to the civilians in Fiume to leave the city, says the dispatch, has created a tremendous impression.

The Italian Government blockade was hastened with the purpose of forestalling Gabriele d'Annunzio's plot to abandon Fiume, land all his forces in Dalmatia, foment the population to attack the Jugo-Slav troops, and thus create an incident destructive of the Rapallo Treaty, says a dispatch to The London Times from Milan.

The expedition to Castelvenier, the dispatch adds, the first step in this plan, failed because of the alertness of the regular troops and the failure of the legionary reinforcements to arrive from Fiume. Two steamers loaded with troops of the poet, and having guns with them, were ready to steam from Fiume Harbor and land forces in aid of the carefully prepared insurrection in Dalmatia, but these vessels were prevented from departing.

ROME, Dec. 22.—The Italian torpedo boat destroyer Zeffiro has shelled the forces of Gabriele d'Annunzio occupying Veglia, says the Stefani Agency.

The Legionaires who landed at Castelvenier marched to Zara, but on the way left their commanding officer and six men and two machine guns in the hands of the regular troops.

The legionairs already in Zara made their escape in a collier.

Other raids on military positions have been carried out in Dalmatia.

Castelvenier was assigned to the Jugoslavs by the treaty of Rapallo, and its only strategic importance lies in the fact that it commands the southern part of the Montagna canal. D'Annunzio by the occupation of San Marcon on Nov. 4 already commanded the northern part of the canal.

General Taranto of the Italian forces has under his orders at Zara about 20,000 men.

The Foreign Affairs Committee of the Chamber of Deputies met yesterday and discussed the ultimatum issued by General Caviglia regarding Fiume.

It was pointed out in debate that Fiume was a foreign State and that an ultimatum could not be sent without the approval of the Chamber, as an ultimatum is the first step toward war, which, so far as the Italian nation is concerned, cannot be declared without the consent of Parliament.

The committee decided to call upon the Foreign Minister and the Minister of War for an explanation.

Siege of Fiume Begun.

UDINE, Italy, Dec. 22 ((Associated Press).—Fiume, the stronghold of Captain Gabriele d'Annunzio, the insurgent Italian leader, is being besieged by regular Italian forces.

General Caviglia, commander of the regular troops, has given d'Annunzio's legionaries and the residents of Fiume forty-eight hours in which to get out of the town.

Fiume will be completely shut off at 6 o'clock Thursday evening by an iron ring of carabineers and Alpini.

Question d'Annunzio's Motives.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Dec. 22.—The last faint hope that d'Annunzio might be induced through General Caviglia's ultimatum to pronounce the famous words used by Garibaldi, "I obey," has entirely vanished.

Government officials have tried to sound adherents of d'Annunzio to find out what exactly are the insurgent leader's motives for so obstinately refusing to negotiate when 40,000,000 Italians are asking him to cede, but without success. The press as a whole says that if d'Annunzio had obeyed the Government he would have gone down in history as a great patriot, but his last decisions have brought him down in the estimation of the nation.

FALL MALL Rounds the cigarette with a free and easy draught.—Advt.

ASSERTS GERMANY ARMS IN SECRET TO ATTACK FRANCE

Lefevre, Ex-Minister of War, to Tell Chamber Today of New Cannon Krupps Are Making.

ALSO OF NEW MACHINE GUN

Says 60,000 Machine Guns Made Before the Present Year Have Been Concealed.

HAS PLAN OF NEW MODEL

Decides to Appeal Against Cabinet's Army Program So Nation Can Prepare.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 22.—Former War Minister Lefèvre is going to appeal to Parliament to decide between him and the Cabinet, from which he resigned a few weeks ago because it would not accept his view that the German danger is so great as to prevent reduction of the term of French military service.

M. Lefèvre purposes in tomorrow's debate on the army estimates to lay before the Chamber full proofs of his assertion that Germany is dodging disarmament and plotting speedy revenge.

"I have communicated fact after damning fact," he says, "to my colleagues in the Government, but they turn a deaf ear. Now I will publish the facts broadcast, and if my late colleagues do not like it they can always impeach me before the high court."

In an exclusive interview M. Lefèvre today gave THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent an outline of some of the principal charges he intends to make in his speech, that will be an attack not only on German duplicity but on the Cabinet. The former War Minister's friends aver that had he not abstained from the debate last Friday following his resignation, on account of a spirit of solidarity with the Government, it would have been overthrown. The Leygues Cabinet may live longer than its opponents believe, but if, as M. Lefèvre asserts, he can produce proof positive of his charges regarding Germany there may follow such a revulsion of feeling in the country as not only to bring down the Government, but to produce the abandonment of the new method of compromise with Germany and return to the former policy of the "mailed fist" and "deliver." Lefèvre said:

"I intend to speak out without fear or favor.

"I will say that I know the Krupps are steadily manufacturing in the greatest secrecy new cannon, some of which are really formidable weapons.

"I will say that I know Germany still has more than 60,000 machine guns dating from before 1920.

"I will say that I know that since the beginning of this year the German Government has set going the construction of a new series of machine guns in tens of thousands.

"All this I know. How I know—that is my business. Doubtless our control commissions have learned about part of this construction, but the secret is so well kept that they have never been able to lay hands on a single model of the new series, whereas I have plans of the new weapon before my eyes. Still more, there was offered to me as French Minister of War through a neutral intermediary 5,000 of the new German machine guns, 1920 model, to be delivered at Cherbourg camouflaged in soap boxes."

Ever since the Spring, reports have been reaching the French military authorities with regard to the secret manufacture of new Krupp howitzers and machine guns. In April last THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, who accompanied the French troops into Frankfort, received from an authoritative source details of a howitzer which was to be of a calibre of 309 millimeters (just over 12 inches) and capable of the same rapidity of fire and accuracy as the 1918 model 6-inch gun. A new Krupp light machine gun was stated to embody numerous improvements and to carry 150 and perhaps 200 cartridges per band.

"These are two examples among many," continued the ex-Minister. "I will bring forward scores of others, with chapter and verse to support them, in my speech before Parliament."

Explaining his opposition to the reduction of military service to eighteen months the ex-Minister stated that he was thinking less of the immediate requirements of the army—troops for the Rhine, for upper Silesia, for Morocco, for Syria and the Near East—great as they were, than of the situation a year or two hence when it will be necessary to bridge the awkward gap in France's effectives caused by demobilization of the classes now with the colors eighteen months earlier than had been expected. Pointing to a map of Central Europe he said:

"Even now the conditions over there (he waved his hand across the map from Vienna to Vilna) are alarming enough. Do you know that last Summer when Reds were at the gates of Warsaw Germany had 80,000 troops well armed and ready massed on the Polish frontier? French strength on the Rhine, the French threat to Germany's richest districts, cowed them into inactivity. But had we been weak they would have crushed Poland from the rear.

"Two years hence who knows what may happen? The Bolshevist menace grows greater every day. No spirit of loyalty to my late colleagues can overcome my duty to my country. I would be neglecting that duty if I failed to utter a most urgent and solemn warning of the dangers before us."

AUGUSTA—CHARLESTON—SAVANNAH through service daily. Atlantic Coast Line. Office, 1,260 Bway. Tel. Longacre 6900.—Advt.

Fire Destroys Schoolhouse; Two Girl Students Missing

LYONS, N. Y., Dec. 22.—Two students, members of a party rehearsing a Christmas entertainment, are believed to have lost their lives late today when fire destroyed the Lyons High School, a $200,000 structure. A cigarette stub, carelessly thrown into a waste basket, set fire to Yuletide decorations and threw the rehearsal into a panic.

Many other students, playing basketball on an upper floor, hurried from the building on fire escapes. The Christmas rehearsal was held on the first floor. All students were accounted for tonight with the exception of the two who may have been trampled in the rush for safety. They are Helen Baltzell, 14, and Elizabeth Burns, 13.

Sparks, carried by the wind, set fire to near-by buildings. The Newark Fire Department was called, but a heavy rain began falling after darkness, which smothered the flames.

MUST PAY LIVING WAGE TO WORKMEN

Kansas Industrial Tribunal Defines Employers' Obligations to Faithful Employes.

IN THE CASE OF FLOUR MILLS

Court Finds They Are Observing the Principle Without Curtailing Flour Output.

Special to The New York Times.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 22.—According to a sweeping opinion written by Judge Huggins and concurred in by the other two Judges of the Court of Industrial Relations, skilled and faithful craftsmen in Kansas industries must receive a living wage. This was the order of the court in answer to the complaint brought by employes against the Topeka flour mills which recently shut down to about half their capacity.

"A very important question connected with the matter before us is its effect upon labor," says the decision. "The people of Kansas have solemnly declared by legislative act that workers engaged in this industry shall at all times receive a fair wage and have healthful and moral surroundings. In the reduction of the hours of operation, therefore, the millers should be very careful and solicitous concerning the matter of labor. Skilled and faithful employes should be given such treatment as will enable them during the period of limited production to support themselves and families.

"The evidence before us shows that in the Topeka mills skilled men in the milling business are being paid a monthly wage, and therefore are drawing pay whether the mill is running or not. So far as it is possible to do so, this rule should be recognized in all the mills of the State, for it is necessary in the promotion of the general welfare that skilled and faithful workers should always be available for these essential industries which so vitally affect the living conditions of the people."

Kansas flour mills are essential industries under the terms of the industrial court law, and the mills are subject to regulation by the court; but the court has found nothing to indicate that the mills are closing in an effort to maintain prices or curtail production. The case was brought before the court by the employes of some of the Topeka mills, who asserted that they had been thrown out of work.

The court found that the mill warehouses were full of flour and the elevators full of wheat, and that the mills were actually operating at about 60 per cent. of their capacity.

The opinion of the court was written by W. L. Huggins, presiding Judge, who asserted that the people of the State were able to get all the flour desired promptly, and there seemed to be no evidence which would warrant any further proceedings against the millers at this time.

The markets for wheat and flour are unstable and the buyers of flour are buying in very small quantities at the present time. The court found that operation at 60 per cent. of capacity was reasonable continuity of service.

The court announced the appointment of a committee to draft the rules and regulations to be adopted by the court relating to the milling industry of the State. The committee is composed of C. V. Topping, Secretary of the Southwest Millers' Association; L. A. Fitz, head of the milling division of the Agricultural College, and G. A. Engh, accountant for the Industrial Court.

This committee is to draft the rules and regulations under which all mills must be operated in the State and the millers will be required to obey them when it comes to shutting down or limiting production in any way.

EMERGENCY TARIFF BILL PASSES HOUSE; VOTE IS 196 TO 86

Party Lines Are Ignored in Action on Measure for Relief of Farmers.

RAINEY FIGHTS TO THE END

Excoriates Democrats for Walking Into What He Terms a Republican Trap.

BILL DOOMED IN THE SENATE

Fordney Says He Expects to See Payne-Dingley Tariffs Reenacted in Special Session.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—By a vote of 196 to 86 the House tonight passed the emergency bill to aid American farming interests through a high protective tariff on imported agricultural products. The vote was not reached until 8:30 P. M., after debate which had continued since noon. Party lines were ignored in the vote, forty-one Democrats being recorded in favor of the bill and fourteen Republicans against it. Nearly all the Republicans and a majority of the Democrats present voted for the measure.

It was evident that those who opposed the bill on the theory that it was an avowal of Republican tariff principles conceded defeat from the start. But for the opposition of Representative Henry T. Rainey of Illinois, ranking Democratic member of the Ways and Means Committee, the fight was listless. Mr. Rainey, however, made a consistent attempt to defeat the bill, offering amendments at each opportunity and making speech after speech under the five-minute rule. It was not until after 8 o'clock tonight that he made his last denunciation of the bill, saying:

"It violates every economic principle that can be applied to a bill of this character."

Little Chance for the Bill in the Senate.

There seems no chance whatever of the bill passing the Senate. Some of the speakers today admitted this freely. It is understood that the bill may never even get out of the Senate Finance Committee, but will be pigeon-holed there.

A significant forecast of the Republican policy was made tonight on the floor by Chairman Fordney of the Ways and Means Committee, who had the bill in charge. He said he hoped that soon after the extra session to be called by President-elect Harding Congress would pass a bill protecting industry and agriculture in general with a tariff as high as the Payne or Dingley schedules. This bill, he said, would serve as a relief measure until permanent tariff legislation could be enacted.

In the course of the debate this afternoon and tonight there were some bitter recriminations of Democrats who gave support to the bill. Representative Rainey led in these, saying that he did not know how these Democrats would be able to explain to their constituents. Representative Garrett of Tennessee, also a Democrat, said that Democrats who voted for the emergency bill could not complain when permanent tariff rates were made high.

"I do not recall in my career in the House a more ingenious political move on the part of the Republicans than this," he said. "It would put Democrats in the position of supporting high tariff rates."

Rainey-Longworth Wrangle.

Near the end of the debate there was a passage between Mr. Rainey and Mr. Longworth of Ohio. Mr. Rainey said the duty on lemons in the bill was "infamous." Mr. Longworth accused Governor Cox, the late Democratic Presidential candidate, of supporting a high duty on lemons. Words flew between the two men.

The bill was passed with absolutely no change in the schedule fixed by the Ways and Means Committee. Three hours were consumed in general debate and the rest of the time in submitting amendments, which were confined to suggesting lower or higher duties than those set forth by the Ways and Means Committee.

The first amendment, presented by Representative Newton, Republican, of Minnesota, was to exempt from the new duties all wheat contracted for before Dec. 20, the day the bill was reported to the House. Because his amendment instructed the Secretary of the Treasury to provide regulations, it was ruled out

Continued on Page Four.

Clara Smith Hamon Surrenders at Juarez; Ardmore Sheriff Takes Her to El Paso

EL PASO, Dec. 22 (Associated Press).—Worn and weary after her flight, which carried her from Ardmore, Okla., to Chihuahua City, Mexico, Clara Smith Hamon, accused of killing Jake L. Hamon, Republican National Committeeman, at Ardmore, tonight surrendered in Juarez to Sheriff Buck Garrett of Ardmore and was allowed to spend the night with her family here.

Sheriff Garrett announced he would start with her for Ardmore early tomorrow morning. The Sheriff made the following statement:

"Clara says she will make her $10,000 bond the first thing after reaching Ardmore. She will spend a day or two with relatives in Carter County, Oklahoma, and then will return to El Paso to make her home with her parents. When her trial is called Miss Smith will, of course, go back to Ardmore, but her home will remain here."

"I want the whole world to know my story," said the woman, "but I could not give out any connected interview tonight. All I can say is that I want to get back as soon as I can."

The surrender of the woman who has been a fugitive for a month ends a search which led through the Oklahoma and Texas oil fields into Mexico, and which began Nov. 22, when the County Attorney at Ardmore obtained warrants charging her with the shooting of Hamon and with a statutory offense.

Hamon was shot in his hotel at Ardmore, Sunday, Nov. 21. He walked to the hospital, where he said a gun he had been cleaning was accidentally discharged. He died Nov. 26.

Make Your Xmas Dinner a Complete success. Serve BELL-ANS after eating.—Advt.

THE SWEDENBORGIAN offers rooms and good dining service. Brooklyn Plaza.—Advt.

HARDING WOULD HAVE FIVE CHIEF POWERS OFFER WORLD COURT AND CONFERENCE PLAN; NO ONE YET INVITED TO ENTER CABINET

Outline of the Principles On Which Harding Would Base His "Association of Nations"

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 22.—From authoritative sources, THE NEW YORK TIMES is able to present an outline of the principles upon which Senator Harding is working in connection with a modified association of nations.

None of these principles, it is held, conflict with the general foreign policies which the President-elect laid down in his speech of acceptance, his speech to the Indiana delegation on Aug. 28, and his address at Des Moines, Sept. 7. His plan purposely has not yet reached the detailed stage.

A brief outline of the theories of international relationship which Senator Harding has presented to his Marion visitors follows:

1. No association of nations can succeed without the endorsement of the leaders of public thought. This applies to other countries as well as the United States.

2. In reaching these leaders the discussion must relate not to details but to broad, general principles. It is Senator Harding's belief that insistence upon minor details of the League of Nations idea before agreement to its fundamentals had been obtained led to the adoption of provisions objectionable to many. Agreement in the essentials is what he seeks first.

3. Theories of international relationships throughout their discussion must be kept in a state capable of change as various opinions are encountered and consideration of the matter progresses.

4. Elimination of all governing features in an association of nations. Each nation shall remain free to make its own decisions.

5. Construction of an international relationship based on the world court idea, deciding justiciable questions only, but co-ordinated with an association of nations for conference on matters relating to general policy.

6. Confining the first approach in the formation of an association of nations to an effort to obtain the assent of the influential powers, it is apparently Senator Harding's belief that aside from their military power, the five moral leaders of the world today are the United States, Great Britain, France, Japan and Italy. This principle is essentially a development of the first, in that it applies to nations that are leaders of the civilized world instead of individual national leaders.

7. Once agreement of the five leading powers is obtained, the other nations will fall in line.

8. In obtaining the approval of the influential powers, care must be taken that the agreement shall be specific enough not to afford a possibility of an offensive and defensive military alliance of the five great world powers, and the association of nations itself must place all nations on an equal footing in the presentation of their views on matters of world policy.

LLOYD GEORGE SAYS LEAGUE NEEDS US

It Cannot Be Regarded as Complete Until We Enter, He Declares.

HOPEFUL WE WILL JOIN

Declares Disarmament Will Be Impossible Until All Nations Go In.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—David Lloyd George, the Prime Minister, presiding at a luncheon given today in the House of Commons for the British and Dominion delegates to the recent League of Nations Assembly in Geneva, declared that the League would never achieve real progress until all the nations were represented.

Lloyd George said that he looked forward hopefully to the United States coming into the League. This, he asserted, was essential.

There could be no real peace, declared the Prime Minister, until competition in armaments ceased, and before disarmament was possible all the nations must be in the League, for all must march together. He was glad to know that they were doing something. The Premier asserted that if the Geneva Assembly had existed in August, 1914, the war would have been impossible.

He was sanguine there would be no obstacle to Germany's admission to the League if she manifested an intention to fulfill her obligations.

Says Disarmament Must Be Open.

There was no use, on the one hand, laboring for the association of nations and for the establishment of peace, the Prime Minister declared, and, on the other, erecting great armaments in order to force other nations into competition in that terrible race for armaments which had more to do with the late war than almost any other individual force. He said the nations could not take the risk of disarmament until every nation was included. It could be done only by agreement.

Disarmament, he declared, was not a thing which could be done secretly and behind closed doors; it must be done in such a way that every one knew, so that the agreement, once arrived at, was at once respected. Mr. Lloyd George said that all the nations must reach a common agreement not to start again that disastrous rivalry in armaments which must inevitably end in a clash, unless arrested.

Certain amendments, he asserted, would be necessary before the League became a really effective exponent of international opinion. The League, he held, had already done much. For one thing it had raised the status of labor throughout the world, and the Labor Bureau was doing great things. The League's most conspicuous work probably was the establishment of the International Court of Justice, he said, which would have a very determining effect on international justice in the future.

No league of nations, however, could possibly be regarded as complete until America was included, Mr. Lloyd George said.

When you think of writing Think of WRITING.—Advt.

BORAH UNYIELDING TO BRYAN ON PEACE

Commoner and Senator Unable to Reach Common Ground in Washington Conference.

REED RAPS "WORLD COURT"

Senator Declares a "Judicial League" No More Feasible Than a Political One.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22. (Associated Press).—William J. Bryan, who recently visited President-elect Harding at Marion, held a long conference today with Senator Borah, of Idaho, a leading Republican opponent of the League of Nations.

The purpose of Mr. Bryan's visit here, it was stated reliably, was to discuss the possibilities of obtaining an agreement or reaching common ground in the movement toward a plan for maintenance of world peace. From what could be learned of his conference with Senator Borah, it was said that the views of both Mr. Bryan and the Idaho Senator were unchanged. It was indicated that Senator Borah remained implacable toward any arrangement involving any international confederation.

Significance was seen in Bryan's call upon Borah because of his recent talk with Senator Harding and his expressions of hopefulness, after his Marion visit, for a solution of the world peace problem.

Information obtained here from Senators and others, who have conferred with the President-elect, is that Senator Harding has formulated in his mind only a general outline of effecting an arrangement for peace and has not yet come to consideration of details. Some who have visited the President-elect state, however, that apparently he does not contemplate discarding the Treaty of Versailles, but is considering urging the incorporation of some features in developing his peace policy.

The difficulties of establishing a world court or substituting some such plan for the League of Nations are being discussed among Senators.

"A judicial league is no more feasible than a political league," was a statement made today by Senator Reed, a Democratic "irreconcilable," who had a talk with Senator Harding last week.

"It is the accepted rule," he went on, "that no judge shall sit in any case in which he has any interest; also that the litigants themselves should not participate in the judgment.

"Take the case of the Panama Canal tolls question. If submitted to an international court the American justice would be bound, under the accepted practice, to retire. If Great Britain raised the question of tolls it might be that the British justice also would retire, but this would leave settlement of the question to judges representing nations which would have interests identical with Great Britain's in seeing that American vessels should not have free tolls through the canal."

In connection with the Panama tolls question, some of those who have conferred with Senator Harding recently, returned here, believe that one of the first acts of the new Administration will be to restore free tolls for American shipping.

Serve BELL-ANS after Xmas Dinner, to relieve over-eating discomfort.—Advt.

HARDING PEACE PRINCIPLES

Program as Outlined Said to Have Backing from Both Extremes.

PURPOSELY AVOIDS DETAILS

He Hopes Thus to Have United Support to Present His Association Plan to Big Powers.

CABINET SELECTIONS WAIT

But He May Name State and Treasury Chiefs Early—No Offer Made to Hughes.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 22.—Information became available here today upon two important elements of the administration of President-elect Harding—the selection of his Cabinet and the principles upon which he is working in relation to his proposed "association of nations."

In his conferences upon the latter subject it has become apparent that the President-elect believes that the first approach to the formation of his "association of nations" should be to obtain the assent of the five leading nations, the United States, Great Britain, France, Japan and Italy, his theory being that once these nations have joined, the other nations will fall in line. The basic of this association is to be a world court to deal with justiciable questions, other questions to be considered by the nations in conference. [How these theories have been developed is shown in an adjoining column.]

Senator Harding has taken care to keep details out of the discussion with his visitors in the endeavor to confine their attention to the fundamentals. Once the fundamentals are agreed upon, he apparently believes, the details should follow along the line of the accepted general principles.

His conferences have been in effect a sifting process in which the principles retained are the ones acceptable to both extremes.

One instance of his method was the Bryan-Harvey proposal for a national referendum before engaging in offensive warfare. This plan was discussed for a week in the President-elect's conferences, and it is believed that the general opposition to the proposal led to its gradual retirement from the topics discussed.

Senator Harding has expressed his satisfaction over the manner in which his conferences have progressed. It is understood that he has found the general principles which he raised with his visitors to be acceptable to League advocates and to several irreconcilables as well. In inviting conferees to Marion he has had in view the obtaining of the approval of his plan from all shades of opinion in the Senate, since a two-thirds majority is essential for ratification of any treaty.

On the League of Nations question the Senate was divided into supporters of an unrevised League, those who favored a League with reservations, and the irreconcilables. Senator Harding's conferences thus far have been confined mainly to reservationists and "bitter enders," but it is understood that before he leaves for Florida he will hear several leaders favoring the present League.

May Fill Two Cabinet Posts Early.

Senator Harding is considering the early selection and announcement of his choice for at least two important Cabinet posts in advance of naming the rest. Those close to the President-elect think that the positions will be those of Secretary of State and Secretary of the Treasury, in order that the Administration may be able to get in early touch with developments in those departments.

There are no indications that Senator Harding has definitely decided upon the next Secretary of State or Secretary of Treasury. No offers have been made, nor will they be made before Christmas or possibly early in January. This much was admitted by Senator Harding today in denying Washington reports that Charles Evans Hughes had been selected for Secretary of State and had accepted. The President-elect styled this report "mere holiday fiction." It can also be stated that Mr. Hughes had no conference in Washington with Senator Knox relative to the State Department.

The fact that no Cabinet officers have been chosen by Senator Harding, and may not be named until he leaves Marion for Florida in February, does not remove Mr. Hughes from the field of Cabinet speculation, or even as a formidable possibility as Secretary of State. It is known that Senator Harding is considering the offer of some recognition to Mr. Hughes, either a Cabinet post or a place in the Supreme Court, from which Mr. Hughes resigned to accept the Republican nomination in 1916. The present indications are that Mr. Hughes figures among the foremost of those mentioned for the Cabinet.

It is not known whether Senator Harding is considering Mr. Hughes as a Cabinet official solely for Secretary of State, Secretary of the Treasury or Supreme Court Justice, or for any one of the three.

appointment. This was one object of the visit to Marion Monday of Governor Sproul, who was accompanied by W. W. Atterbury, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad. It is thought here that Senator Penrose's objections to Senator Knox entering the Cabinet have been removed by a promise Sproul is reported to have made not to appoint a Senator hostile to Penrose.

Hughes and Knox Foremost.

As the situation stands, Hughes and Knox are apparently uppermost in Senator Harding's mind among the possibilities for the State Department. There remains in the background ex-Senator Sutherland of Utah, one of Senator Harding's campaign advisers. The fact that Sutherland was born in England and is ineligible for the Presidency in case of death of the President and Vice President, is thought to lessen his chances of consideration for Secretary of State.

In choosing his Cabinet Senator Harding is under the necessity of taking into account geographical influences. Should he select first his Secretaries of State and Treasury, it is believed that he will do it without regard to geographical considerations.

With his plan for an association of nations still in a fluid state, so far as details are concerned, the supposition is that the President-elect will first assure himself that his choice for Secretary of State is in accord with the general principles of his plan.

The greatest activities on the part of business, labor and farming groups in presenting their views to Senator Harding have centered on the Interior, Agriculture and Labor Departments. Apparently this pressure has only just begun, and Senator Harding has consented to receive delegations from all parts of the country who wish to present candidates for these posts.

One important point with Senator Harding is the selection of Cabinet officials willing to agree to drastic reorganization of their departments. Senator Harding does not wish to be embarrassed by objections of Cabinet members, jealous of their powers. It is believed that one condition Senator Harding will make to acceptance of Cabinet posts will be the agreement of the appointee to facilitate the reorganization of the departments.

Senator Harding is considering Herbert Hoover for the Cabinet, and it is thought that he hopes to draw upon his services in connection with departmental reorganization and putting the Administration on a business basis.

While there are many aspirants for diplomatic posts, particularly in Europe, it is understood that no offers of appointment will be made until after the President-elect selects his Secretary of State and confers with him on these matters.

May Make Early Overtures to Powers.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 22 (Associated Press).—It became known tonight that President-elect Harding's conferences had brought him nearer the solution of the problems of his administration. A world peace plan based on the united moral influence of the great powers is taking more or less concrete form in his mind.

Mr. Harding still remains free from final committal to any detailed program. During his conferences here, however, he has placed upon the table an outline of procedure which he formulated before the campaign was over. In an avowed spirit to give and take he has filled in a feature here and there and has erased others at the suggestion of his conferees. Much is still to be done, but the President-elect views the progress already made as insuring success.

Roughly, the plan as it now shapes up is understood to contemplate a diplomatic exchange with Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan soon after the Administration begins, asking that they consider the possibilities of an agreement between them and the United States to exert a united moral force for world peace. It is not expected that the proposal will suggest in any respect a political alliance though it may reiterate the faith of the United States in a world court in which all nations might voluntarily become litigants.

What the next step might be must depend upon the willingness of the four great powers to co-operate. Mr. Harding has every expectation that they will be ready to second such a move, and if they do a diplomatic conference at Washington is among the possibilities.

At such a conference would be determined such questions as the availability of The Hague tribunal and workable features of the Versailles League in weaving the texture of the new covenant.

WILSON PLANS TO RIDE WITH HARDING MARCH 4

Usual Program Will Be Carried Out—President Takes a View of Shopping Crowds.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—President Wilson plans to accompany President-elect Harding from the White House to the Capitol on March 4 and back again to the White House for luncheon, as is the usual custom when a new Chief Executive is inaugurated.

Joseph P. Tumulty said today that Mr. Wilson outlined to him yesterday his plans concerning Inauguration Day. As is the custom, Mr. Harding will call at the White House just before noon and will be received by the retiring executive. Then, under present plans they will ride down Pennsylvania Avenue to the Capitol, where the President-elect will take the oath of office and give his inaugural address.

The new and retiring Presidents will lead the usual parade up the avenue to the White House, where Mr. Wilson will entertain Mr. Harding at luncheon. Immediately afterward President Wilson will retire to his new home on S Street to take up the life as a private citizen after eight years in the White House.

The continued improvement in the President's health, according to Mr. Tumulty, will make possible the visit of the President with President-elect Harding to the Capitol even in the event of bad weather.

Mr. Tumulty said that he found the President yesterday in better spirits than at any time since he was taken ill more than a year ago. They discussed a variety of topics, but Mr. Tumulty said that the Executive did not bring up the subject of the Treaty of Versailles and did not indicate in any way what disposition he was prepared to make of it.

The President, Mr. Tumulty said, stated during their talk that he was not greatly interested in the writing of memoirs for an autobiography, as it was a form of literature that had never greatly appealed to him. It has been generally understood that when Mr. Wilson retires from office he will take up the preparation of a history of the war.

The President went window shopping on F Street yesterday, viewing the Christmas crowds and the brightly decorated shops from an open automobile. Accompanied by Mrs. Wilson the President was driven slowly down one side of the street, which is the main artery of the capital's shopping district and up the other. Few in the hurrying crowds recognized the Chief Executive.

ONLY 'RUMORS,' SAYS HUGHES.

But He Won't Discuss Story He Will Be Secretary of State.

Charles Evans Hughes, speaking yesterday of reports that he had been invited to enter Harding's Cabinet as Secretary of State, that he had been in Washington to talk the matter over with friends in the Senate and had decided to accept, said:

"The stories published are irresponsible rumors and I do not care to discuss them."

SENATOR CHAMBERLAIN ILL.

Is in a Washington Hospital and Operation May Be Necessary.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Senator Chamberlain of Oregon is under the care of specialists at a local hospital, it became known tonight.

His condition was said to be serious, with the possibility that an operation may be necessary.

KINGSLEY FOR UNION OF ALL ANGLOSAXONS

New England Society President Urges Federation of English-Speaking Nations.

CALLS FOR REAL LEADERS

Speaker Gillett Opposes Continued Government Aid to All the Rest of the World.

Darwin P. Kingsley, in an address last night at the Waldorf-Astoria before the New England Society of this city, of which he is President, urged the formation of a federation of English-speaking nations built on the principles of the American Federal union. Menaced, he said, by perils identical with those which our forefathers faced, if the English-speaking world would exercise its sovereignty and create the instrumentality needed, as the Pilgrims did, he believed in all the vast areas of the land and sea controlled by the Anglo-Saxons the spectre of war would be laid.

The time had come for the United States of America and the British Empire, he said, without hostility to any other nation or any other people, without any plan of aggression, but merely for purposes of defense and to preserve civilization, to face the facts. Among the facts he cited was the control by the Anglo-Saxon of more than half the arable land and active wealth of the world; the division of the Anglo-Saxon's empire into two sovereignties politically, which, he said, now faced each other, driven by an intenser competition and menaced by more subtle and determined external enemies than ever before, and the building here in America of a great merchant marine, which under the rules and practices of sovereignty called for a fighting fleet.

"We must also face this fact," Mr. Kingsley continued. "The British Empire cannot endure unless it controls the seas, and our plans, forced by the logic of acts undertaken primarily in the interest of the British Empire, will probably compel us to dispute that supremacy.

"What, then, should we do? The answer is simple—not to do the obvious thing is to resist fate.

Calls for Real Leaders.

"Call a federation of the English-speaking peoples a super-government if you will, but what American, what Briton, what Canadian, what Australian, would not be proud to be at once its citizen and its sovereign?

"What we need, what the British Empire needs, is leaders who do more than shout 'America first,' 'Britain first.' Alexander Hamilton and John Marshall typify the leadership needed; a leadership that sees beyond technical political frontiers, a leadership that understands Anglo-Saxon history and Anglo-Saxon ideals, that would preserve what has been gained through a thousand years, that would stand solidly against the furies that now seek to inflame the world."

Speaker Gillett of the House of Representatives declared his opposition to governmental assistance to the rest of the world. He thought efforts in that direction should be entirely private.

"The misery, the physical deterioration and the moral decadence in Europe make a strong appeal to our sympathy," the speaker said, "and it is not strange that in this era, when seeking assistance from the National Government has become a habit, there should be a strenuous effort to have the United States Treasury act as almoner for the rest of the world. Behind this movement is very eminent and powerful influence. But I think that is unwise charity and unsound finance. It is a private, and not a Government function. The money raised here by taxation is held in trust not for the world, but for our country. When at war it may be as useful and legitimate to appropriate for our allies as for ourselves, but in peace we have no right to divert public funds to foreign donations. If we once admit that obligation, where shall we limit it?"

Should Combat Radical Teachings.

Speaker Gillett spoke of the chaotic conditions in countries where Bolshevist doctrines were finding listeners and wondered if the lessons gained by the Pilgrims in their unsuccessful experiments in communism had been forgotten. He thought we did too little to combat radical teachings among the disaffected, and advocated meeting Soviet propaganda with propaganda.

Similarly doomed to failure as were the communistic ideas were some of the leading policies of our labor unions, Mr. Gillett said. He added that he was not opposed to unions, recognizing the good they had accomplished for the worker, but they had evolved one principle which was inconsistent with progress and could not prevail. That was the theory that the standard of work shall be set not by the best but by the poorest, that no man need do more than the very weakest can do.

PROPOSE INSURING IMPORT CREDITS

Balfour Tells Commons of a League Plan to Help Needy Nations.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—In the House of Commons tonight A. J. Balfour gave a survey of the League of Nations meeting at Geneva. He gave prominence to the scheme adopted by the Council of the League for helping impoverished countries which are in need of imports.

He said that one of the great problems under which the economic world was now groaning was that those who produced could not sell and those who wanted to buy could not buy. The difficulty was in the problem of arranging adequate credits. The proposal was to make it possible for any country which required imports for the essential needs of life, not luxuries, to use whether in some form or another, in the shape of its national lands or particular sources of revenue, it had assets on which borrowing might legitimately take place. If it had, the League proposed to find machinery for valuing these assets and borrowing. The country could issue bonds upon its assets in payment for goods imported.

Mr. Balfour said he was authorized by the President of the Board of Trade to say that the British Government was seriously considering whether, so far as this country was concerned, the scheme of these bonds might not be supplemented by some form of insurance which would make their convenience and utility for the purposes for which they were called into existence more certain.

The most profoundly impressive feature of the Geneva gathering, Mr. Balfour added, was the aspect of co-operation by all nations meeting not only in the Council and Assembly but in social intercourse. As regards the achievements of the League, he said it was a "creditable output for eleven months of work," and concluded:

"I am more than ever convinced that the experiment we have begun is an experiment we can never afford to drop."

CHAMBER UPHOLDS FRENCH CABINET

Two Deputies Come to Blows in Stormy Debate Between Royalists and Socialists.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 22.—Following the stormiest session the French Chamber has had in many a day, the Leygues Cabinet this afternoon obtained a vote of confidence 472 to 60.

The immediate origin of the debate was the winning of a parliamentary seat from the Bloc National by a Socialist candidate. It was the first Socialist victory since the general election a year ago, and the conservative and reactionary side of the Chamber wished to see in it the beginning of the danger of Bolshevism to the country. At least that was the log on which they stood to attack the Government.

A Protestant pastor, M. Soulier, led the attack with the text that he wished to know why the Government was not fighting Bolshevist propaganda. Fifteen thousand copies of a Bolshevist leaflet had been distributed in the country districts, he declared, and had troubled the minds and weakened the arms of the workers. The propaganda of the condemned Caillaux tended to the same end. But there was worse, the parson went on to say.

"We haven't a Premier; the person who poses as such is too absorbed by his numerous tasks to be able to form a bond between the Government and Parliament and stand before the country as the representative of the majority," he said.

The attack was veiled, but it was no less obvious. When he began to speak of other members of the Cabinet the pastor was even more direct. Scandals in stocks were instanced against one Minister and injustices of the tax on turnover against the Minister of Finance. Then the orator came to the Minister of the Interior, always the bête noir of Daudet and his followers. His friendships and his past (the reference was to his relations with the exiled Minister Malvy and with Caillaux) bound him and he was not able to resist the Bolshevist propaganda and watch vigilantly enough his former friends.

When he came to his peroration M. Soulier showed plainly that he and his fellows were not in accord with the Government. They represented the majority, and it's the party of the minority which ought to govern," he declared.

André Berthou, mounting the tribune, began an attack on the Government on the ground that it did not condemn and suppress the Royalist plots of Daudet and his followers in just such a way as they demanded that Socialist propaganda should be suppressed. M. Berthou took the line that Daudet and his friends were the real enemies of the republic and he, like the Left, wished the Government to put an end to the dangerous plottings of the Royalists against the safety of the republic.

In the middle of his speech the excitement of the Chamber was further increased by a fight which broke out between Prince Murat and a Deputy of another way of thinking. They had passed from words to grips before the attendants separated them and friends succeeded in restoring calm.

The debate which had occupied the whole morning was renewed in the afternoon. Charges and counter-charges were made across the floor by one speaker after another. It was a case of the two extremes of the Chamber struggling for control of the middle and at the same time accusing it of weakness in both cases.

After many words and much heat had been expended in argument, Premier Leygues, through a two-minute declaration, which ended the debate and removed, for today at least, all danger to his Government. He recalled the Deputies to their duty by instancing the dangerous game the task they had to perform in settling the peace of the world. If any country was free to menace Bolshevism, he declared, it was France, and France and the Government of which he was the head would not tolerate for an instant any threats either from Royalists or Bolsheviki.

Each party, content with this declaration with regard to the other, joined in cheering the Premier.

SAY OUR NAVY IS OBSTACLE.

Parley on Limitation Proposed as Sequel to Premier's Speech.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, Dec. 23.—The Daily Chronicle, in an editorial reference to that part of Premier Lloyd George's speech dealing with disarmament, says:

"Can the League of Nations prevent the powers from drifting back into the old race of rival armaments on a gigantic scale? If it can it will prevent future war, but if it cannot the war will come. It is not at present checking this disastrous tendency, as America's naval program would alone show, but at present America is outside the League and it seems axomatic that unless America either becomes a member or at any rate enters into some organic relation with it the League cannot achieve its paramount purpose.

"It is just because disarmament is a fundamental test of the change from a war world to a peace world that it cannot be adopted until all the leading powers have by deed as well as by word subscribed to that change. Britain at least is contributing what she can toward it. Her hands are clean. Her voice is unequivocal.

"Lloyd George's declaration and appeal yesterday could not be bettered, and if deeds speak louder than words, then the deeds of the British Government claim no less a hearing. Alone among the post-war governments in Europe it has voluntarily abolished conscription within its borders. In its naval construction it has installed a definite holiday. It could do no more, and it cannot indefinitely continue doing this unless a reciprocal response comes from the other powers."

The Daily News says:

"To abandon hope of any undertaking with America would be a tragedy which we are not ready to contemplate. There are three navies that predominate in the world today—the British, American and Japanese. Britain and Japan are in alliance, and both have accepted all the obligations of the covenant of the League of Nations—almost insuperable barrier against war if the undertakings are loyally honored.

"A naval understanding arranged as part of the machinery of the League itself is greatly to be desired, but if America is to remain for some years still in isolation, then the case for direct approaches is irresistible. This country by its relation both to Japan and to America is admirably placed for the initiation of a discussion on naval understanding, and any definite advance in that direction is the logical outcome of Lloyd George's speech. If he is not prepared to make such an advance, his speech is reduced to a hollow piece of rhetoric."

LONDON BANKER AT THE BAR

Farrow Held in £26,000 Bail for Falsifying His Reports.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—Thomas Farrow, head of one of the biggest banks in the United Kingdom for people of small means, this morning was brought into police court on a charge connected with the failure of his institution on Monday, which spelled ruin to thousands of poor people just before Christmas.

The man who at one time was hailed as a national benefactor for his notable crusade against usurers was charged with having been concerned with William Walter Crotch, banker, and Frederick Harb, accountant, in issuing a false report and balance sheet last June with the intent to induce people to advance money to Farrow's Bank. He was remanded for three weeks, bail being fixed at £14,000, with additional sureties of £14,000.

The banker presented a woeful spectacle as he entered the dock after several days' illness. He leaned trembling-ly against the railing and asked weakly if he might sit, adding: "I have been seeing imaginary persons."

COHN IS BARRED IN ARNSTEIN TRIAL

Prosecution Counsel Voice Suspicions Over the Manner of His Arrest.

JURY MAY HAVE CASE TODAY

Counsel for the Defense Will Begin Argument Before the Jury This Morning.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Isadore (Nick) Cohn of New York, arrested here last night by two New York detectives under circumstances that are expected to be the subject of an investigation, did not appear as a witness today in the trial of Jules (Nicky) Arnstein and three other men who are charged with having conspired to bring into the District of Columbia $5,000,000 worth of bonds stolen from New York security houses.

Efforts to have Cohn called as a witness for the court, or a witness for the defense under a stipulation, were rejected by the presiding Judge, Justice Ashley M. Gould, and Arnstein's attorneys decided that they did not care to have Cohn called unless under these privileged circumstances. Bonds were fixed at $10,000 for Cohn's appearance for trial on the conspiracy charge.

The real interest in the case centred in the manner of Cohn's eleventh-hour appearance in Washington and his arrest at the Union Station here by Detective Sergeant August Mayer and Detective Grover Cleveland Brown, of the New York Police Department, who said they were tipped off as to the time of Cohn's arrival by some one whose name they have refused to give.

Detectives Admit Getting Tip.

Late last night, after he had grilled Mayer and Brown for two hours, Mr. Archer said they admitted that they came to Washington as the result of a telephone message Sunday night from a friend of William J. Fallon and Eugene McGee, attorneys for Arnstein and the others being tried here on the conspiracy charge. Mr. Archer said the two detectives had made no report to Assistant District Attorney Dooling that they intended to make the arrest. Mr. Dooling expressed surprise to THE TIMES that Detective Sergeant Mayer had not notified him of the possibility of Cohn's arrest. Mr. Dooling spoke of "many things in connection with this case that have mystified the prosecution both in Washington and New York," and asked, "Who told Mayer that Cohn was expected at the Washington railroad terminal?"

For his part, Attorney Fallon told Justice Gould in court today that he did not know in advance that Cohn was to be arrested, and could not explain how it happened or what the purpose of the arrest was. Presumably, as a result of the two extremes of the Chamber struggling for control of the middle and at the same time accusing it of weakness in both cases.

After many words and much heat had been expended in argument, Premier Leygues, through a two-minute declaration, which ended the debate and removed, for today at least, all danger to his Government. He recalled the Deputies to their duty by instancing the dangerous game the task they had to perform in settling the peace of the world. If any country was free to menace Bolshevism, he declared, it was France, and France and the Government of which he was the head would not tolerate for an instant any threats either from Royalists or Bolsheviki.

Each party, content with this declaration with regard to the other, joined in cheering the Premier.

Court Declines Cohn as Witness.

Cohn, who had been locked up over night in a police station cell, was brought to the court house today to be held pending his expected appearance as a witness in the Arnstein trial. He remained in a cell directly under the courtroom. When the trial was resumed today Attorney Fallon, for the defense, centred his efforts, as far as Cohn was concerned, to have him called to the witness stand. Soon after the court convened he asked Justice Gould if the Court had read of Cohn's arrest.

"I do not know that it matters if it did or if it did not," Justice Gould answered.

Fallon then explained his reason for the question. Because, he claimed, the "newspapers carried garbled accounts of the arrest. It may have happened that the minds of the Court and the jury may have been prejudiced against the man on trial." The attorney followed this remark with a request that each juror be questioned as to whether he had read the article. The Court declined this request on the ground that the jury had already been instructed not to read any newspaper stories of the proceedings.

Then Fallon demanded that Cohn be summoned as a court's witness. The Court declined to grant this demand. Fallon then asked that Cohn be summoned as a defense witness. "We want the truth," he explained, "and I believe if Cohn were allowed to testify he would exonerate these defendants."

Justice Gould refused this request also on the ground that Cohn's testimony could not be impeached if he were called as a defense witness. In answer to questions by the Court, Fallon stated that he intended to discredit Cohn's testimony—if allowed to testify—if he did not say what he, (Fallon) wanted him to say and if he thought he was not telling the truth.

The Court then reminded Fallon that Cohn had some rights in the matter, among others being his privilege of not having to testify against himself, because, the Court said, any testimony that Cohn gave which tended to incriminate him could be used against him if he were brought to trial.

After these arguments Cohn's name was not mentioned except by Assistant District Attorney James B. Archer in his opening argument before the jury. The defense announced that it would not call as witnesses two newspaper men who had been subpoenaed, and would rest its case.

Fallon will present his side of the case to the jury tomorrow morning, and he will be followed by T. Morris Wampler, counsel for Bowles, Sullivan and Easterday, who are on trial with Arnstein. The case is expected to be in the hands of the jury tomorrow afternoon.

Acting Inspector Coughlin, head of the Detective Bureau, said yesterday that Detective Sergeants Mayer and Brown informed him on Saturday last that they were told "Nick" Cohn might appear in Washington on Sunday, and he ordered them to go to that city immediately to arrest him.

"I knew the source of their information," declared Inspector Coughlin, "but I cannot reveal it. I can say, however, that they visited a certain place in this city before they left for Washington and obtained additional information which justified their trip to Washington in quest of Cohn."

BUSINESS CRISIS IN TURKEY.

Rise of Exchange in Constantinople Causes Numerous Bankruptcies.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 22.—Commerce here is suffering an acute crisis on account of the inability of importers to meet their obligations owing to the extraordinary rise in foreign exchange. The banks are refusing to accept Greek bonds as security for loans. Unless commerce with Anatolia is re-established soon there will be a commercial catastrophe. The rise in exchange was provoked by the needs of Constantinople, which has been importing $10,000,000 worth of commodities monthly. The Turkish pound has dropped from 25 cents to 12 cents.

SEEK AS EMBEZZLER BOGUS 'RICKENBACKER'

Imposter Who Married New York Girl Also Accused of $3,000 Theft.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Dec. 22.—Police of Jacksonville and other Florida cities tonight are searching for a man accused of posing as Captain Eddie Rickenbacker, the leading ace of America's war aviators, and of having under that name married Miss Frances G. Hannan of New York and Jacksonville Monday at St. Augustine and of having fled with more than $3,000 obtained from several persons.

A "John Doe" warrant, charging embezzlement, was sworn out against the missing bridegroom late today by Charles Day, a hotel proprietor here. Day in his warrant charged the missing man with obtaining $750 on a fraudulent check which he endorsed.

W. M. Farans of New York, a salesman for a brass manufacturing concern, has told the police that he would like again to see the man, declaring that after serving as a witness at the wedding he found that $1,000 in cash, his watch, a diamond ring and a diamond stickpin were missing.

Mrs. Ross L. Hannan of New York, mother of the bride, said today that she did not know the man her daughter had married, but that her daughter had told her she had known him "a long time."

MORE VIENNESE MAY STRIKE.

25,000 City Employes Demand Christmas Bonus—Bread Going Up.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 21.—Although the waiters' strike ended today, others are taking its place. A group of municipal employes, comprising some 25,000 men, has asked the municipality for a Christmas bonus owing to the enormous cost of living. The municipal chiefs replied that their coffers were empty, but said they would ask the general Government what could be done. The Government reported that its cash resources were similarly exhausted, and, although the negotiations have not yet been broken off, the disaffected employes probably will strike.

The employes of the Northern Railway System are likewise meditating a strike, since, in spite of six months' negotiations, their wage demands have not yet been acceded to.

The Tramway tailors walked out today owing to the refusal of their demand for a 60 per cent. increase in wages. So have dental mechanics, for the same reason. Various hospitals and sanitariums have joined the general movement, and if the employes do not receive a Christmas bonus the hospitals will probably be as deserted as the hotels and restaurants have been.

VIENNA, Dec. 21 (Associated Press).—The price of bread throughout Austria will be raised 33 per cent. beginning Jan. 1. The postage and telegraph rates will be increased a similar amount.

The price of potatoes in Austria is now 160 times that charged before the war.

BERLIN AWAITS McCORMICK.

Senator's Visit Regarded by Germans as of Great Significance.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 22.—Senator McCormick will arrive here from Warsaw tomorrow and stop at the Hotel Adlon. Not only officialdom, but the public is highly interested in his visit, which German statesmen characterize as a political innovation, McCormick being the first member of any parliament who with its tacit consent, as it is believed here, acts as a diplomatic agent and whose advice to the next President of the United States may, according to the impression prevailing, be of immeasurable importance to the future of the whole world.

Officials feel that the utmost delicacy is imperative in dealing with this visitor, who, reports from other European places previously visited say, insists on being treated as a private traveler, and consequently no preparations have been made for his reception. It is known, however, that the American Commission will dine Senator McCormick Thursday night, when a few high German officials like Scholz, Federal Minister of Economic Affairs, and Federal Minister of Finance Von Raumer will also be invited.

MAY TAX FOREIGN BANKS.

French Resent Invasion by American and British Institutions.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 22.—The Finance Commission of the Chamber of Deputies today began the study of a bill which aims at the imposition of a special tax on foreign banks doing business in France.

The preamble to the bill says:

For some time past many banks, "profiting by the low exchange rate, have installed themselves in France very luxuriously and at great cost and are acquiring in the best possible conditions against French interest all the facilities indispensable to their operations. They tend to lay hold of our savings and drain our capital abroad with a purpose often hostile to our national interest."

The bill gives expression to a great deal of criticism which has been uttered by the general public in the last two years of the invasion of Paris by Americans and British banks. While practically no house building operations have been going on, the construction of new bank premises at the most fashionable and popular corners of the city has been pushed and has roused very general condemnation.

In the popular mind the effect produced is inevitably disadvantageous to the countries represented by the banks, and whether the bill meets the approval of the Finance Commission or not it will certainly have that of a great majority of the French people.

20,000,000 CHINESE STARVE.

State Department Reports Famine Worst in Forty Years.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Based upon reports which it has just received, the State Department today issued a statement emphasizing the extreme gravity of the famine situation in the provinces of Honan, Shantung and Chihli, China.

"Many inhabitants," declared the statement, "are leaving these provinces, selling their household effects at famine prices, and it is said that about twenty millions of people are affected. It is understood that there are cases where whole families are on the verge of actual starvation. There has been little rain in this region for three years, and the crop failure has been almost complete, resulting in the worst famine in forty years."

REDS TO BE DEPORTED.

Twenty-three, Sentenced a Year Ago, Surrender at Ellis Island.

The twenty-three Communists who are listed to be deported today to Russia on the Cunarder Imperator, by way of England, surrendered yesterday afternoon at Ellis Island and will be taken on board this morning under guard.

They will land at Riga and pass through Latvia to Russia by arrangements made with the Latvian Government and the State Department at Washington. The Communists were sentenced to be deported nearly a year ago, but have been free under bail because there was no way to send them back to Russia.

FALL RIVER MILLS CUT WAGES OF 35,000

Reduction of 22½ Per Cent. in 100 Plants Effective on Jan. 3.

OTHER SECTIONS AFFECTED

Two Massachusetts Concerns Abolish Bonuses and Profit-Sharing Dividends and Lower Pay.

FALL RIVER, Dec. 22.—A wage reduction of 22½ per cent. for the 35,000 cotton mill operatives in this city was announced today after a conference between the Fall River Cotton Manufacturers' Association and the Textile Council. The reduction, which will become effective on Jan. 3 in all of the 100 mills controlled by members of the association, brings this textile centre into line with the reduced scale of wages in other cotton making centres of New England.

President James Tansey of the Textile Council said that general meetings of all of the textile unions in the city would be held early next week to vote on acceptance or rejection of the cut. Less than one-third of the operatives here are union members, but the action of the Textile Council usually is accepted as the guide among the workers.

Most of the mills in the city are either closed or running on reduced schedules. The American Print Works, which embraces the Fall River Iron Works Corporation, controlling eight cotton mills, was closed today for three days.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Dec. 22.—Announcement was made today that a 22½ per cent. wage reduction would be put into effect soon in all of the woolen and worsted mills in Central and Northern Berkshire County. Between 2,500 and 3,000 are normally employed in the eleven mills. Several of the plants have been closed for some weeks, and no date has been set for their resuming operations.

HOLYOKE, Mass., Dec. 22.—The Farr Alpaca Company, the largest textile manufacturing concern in this city, today posted notices of a wage reduction of 22½ per cent., effective Jan. 4. The company also gave notice of the discontinuance of the special 7 per cent. profit-sharing dividend that has been paid in other years. The reduction affects 2,800 employes.

BOSTON, Dec. 22.—The Amalgamated Clothing Workers' local union today issued a statement regarding the recent announcement by the Manufacturers' Association that wages would be reduced 22½ per cent. and piecework system of payment restored. This action was declared in the statement to be an attempt to "rob the workers of everything they have gained during years of labor to establish an American standard of living," and the recent break in relations between the manufacturers and the union was referred to as "a resort to industrial warfare rather than to negotiation and arbitration."

"The union wants to continue to settle all grievances arising between the workers and his employer through investigation, discussion and judgment," the statement said, ending with the assertion that "any attempt on the part of the manufacturers to reduce their standards will be opposed as a matter of self-defense."

BRIDGEWATER, Mass., Dec. 22.—The Stanley Iron Works here, with head offices in New Britain, Conn., today posted notices of a 15 per cent. reduction in wages, effective at once. A 5 per cent. monthly bonus is also abolished and a drop from time and a half to straight time for all overtime is announced.

MARTINSBURG, W. Va., Dec. 22.—The Interwoven Mills, employing 1,500 persons, today announced a reduction in wages of 20 per cent. The plant, which was recently closed, will reopen Jan. 3. The new scale will be approximately 60 per cent. above the pre-war scale.

DEFER ACTION IN LAWRENCE.

American Woolen Company Considering Wage Reduction, Says Wood.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Dec. 22.—President William M. Wood of the American Woolen Company said today that the company was "very reluctant to make any move" in the matter of wage reduction in its mills and "before deciding definitely on the best course to pursue we would like to give the matter a little more thought." He was addressing a meeting of 100 representatives of the company's mills in this city.

"I am advised by our selling agents in New York," Mr. Wood added, "that we cannot hope for any substantial business from the clothing manufacturers and they in turn from the retailers until they learn that not only have the raw material markets been liquidated but all others going to make up the cost of cloth, which of course includes labor. Today orders are not obtainable.

"Commodities have receded in prices and many of them are now on a lower basis than they should be because much lower than the cost of replacement. Yet, notwithstanding all this reduction in prices, there has still been something wanting to invite the full confidence that is necessary to start the public buying. Naturally the eyes and minds of all have been fixed upon one item which has been reduced, that is labor. With this liquidation of labor, along with that of the commodities, the raw materials, confidence in lower prices would probably induce a buying movement.

"The upward movement of wages the American Woolen Company was behind no competitor or industry. We stated to you that we should be among the last to reduce. We have kept our word. The situation that has compelled and is compelling the reduction in wages we face with great reluctance, hoping that in some way it might not be necessary. But, economically it seems inevitable. We are still studying the question. But we are confronted with the serious question of competition. We cannot hope to secure orders for our mills against both foreign and domestic competition if they pay wages lower than our own.

"The man who manufactures the best goods at the lowest prices is entitled to and does secure the business. It is necessary that we should put on the market the very best goods at the lowest possible price to meet all competition. In order to secure the necessary work that you all may be constantly employed or as nearly that as possible. And it must be obvious to you all that this cannot be done by paying higher wages than our competitors.

"We are very reluctant to make any move, and before deciding definitely on the best course to pursue we would like to give the matter a little more thought."

DO NOT FORGET
—AMONG YOUR—
CHRISTMAS GIFTS
"THE 100 NEEDIEST CASES"
Make Checks Payable to
"100 NEEDIEST CASES FUND"
And Send to
The New York Times, Times Square.

WORKERS TO HELP RUN CHICAGO GAS COMPANY

Convention Called to Frame a Plan for Co-operative Government of Labor.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 22.—A "constitutional convention" of its employes is to be called by the Peoples Gas Light and Coke Company, to formulate an employe representation plan. It is part of the "new thought" in industry which in the last three years or so has led a number of large employers to set up systems of co-operative government by which the workers receive an equal voice with the management in dealing with questions of pay, hours, rules, working conditions and any other debatable matter that can arise between employer and employe.

A working draft of a plan was made public today by the company. In a short time the workers will hold an election by departments to pick delegates to a convention at which a system will be shaped line by line. There will be one delegate for every fifty employes and the management will have equal representation in the assembly.

The gas company has about 5,000 employes. The plan will be offered to the non-unionized departments, including about 2,500 workers, as the unionized branches have the usual contracts. Later, after it has got into smooth operation, opportunity will be given to the unionized departments to vote themselves under the system if they desire.

This has been the case in several other establishments, notably the Standard Oil Company of Indiana, where the shop council plan finds some of its strongest supporters among officials of unions in plants that are nearly 100 per cent. union, despite the adverse attitude of the American Federation of Labor toward the theory.

The machinery proposed is simple. It is based upon the experience of some 300 American companies, among them the International Harvester Company and the Standard Oil of Indiana, whose system was devised by W. L. MacKenzie King, former Commissioner of Labor of Canada and later the leader of the Liberal Party of the Dominion. Briefly, it proposes three types of joint council in which elected representatives of the employes are to sit and vote on equal terms with the number of management representatives. They are:

Department joint councils, one for each department or group of small departments.

A general joint council representing the departments.

Special joint councils when necessary representing two or more departments.

Employe representatives are to be chosen at semi-annual primaries and elections, the voting to be by secret ballot. By a system of appeals, questions can be taken up through the joint councils directly to the President of the company, and then if there is no agreement between the President and the employe delegates the disputed matter would be submitted to arbitration.

The plan proposes the creation of an industrial relations department, to serve as a constant connecting link between workers and management, an idea which is said to have worked out admirably in the case of the Standard Oil Company system.

"This plan is simply a natural step in the development of managerial policy," said Samuel Insull, president of the gas company. "The principle is not at all new with us. In all the institutions with which I am connected it has been the practice for years to have the business run by employe-operat ion committees appointed from the top.

"The proposal now is to put the same idea into effect from the bottom upward, in relation to the questions that concern the mass of the workers. Employe representation, as we see it, is simply recognition of a natural human desire in every one of us to express his own individuality, to have something to say in the business which he is making his life work."

CANADA CONSIDERS TARIFF RETALIATION

Reapplication of 7½ Per Cent. War Duty or Increase in British Preference Are Mentioned.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Dec. 22.—Ottawa politicians think that the tariff legislation now proposed will never pass at Washington, or, at least, until the Harding Administration is installed. However, in the event of the proposals affecting Canadian agricultural produce becoming operative, with the consequent banking of Canadian wheat, flour, cattle, potatoes and similar products, a vexed situation will be created.

The removal of the entire 7½ per cent. war duty this year is operated to save about $100,000,000 to American exporters to this country, and in some quarters the suggestion is heard that it ought to be applied anew. But a more likely measure, it is thought, would be to increase the British preference and thus direct to British channels much of the business that now goes to the United States.

SLIGHTED, SAY 26TH MEN.

Monuments to Regulars, They Say, Rob Them of Battle Glory.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 22.—Officers and men of the Twenty-sixth (Yankee) Division are "fighting mad" at the news brought to them from Europe by Colonel Edward L. Logan to the effect that monuments have been erected to the honor of the First and Second Divisions at Vaux, Vigneulles and Hatton Chatel, "robbing the Twenty-sixth Division," they say of the victories which they themselves won at those important points.

The Yankee Division officers and men are practically unanimous in placing the blame at the door of the War Department and they charge the failure to recognize the Twenty-sixth in the victories at these points is one more slap at General Clarence R. Edwards by the Secretary of War.

CIGARETTES FOR HARDING.

Sent by Kansas Man in Protest Against Lucy Gaston's Letter.

Special to The New York Times.

ATCHISON, Kan., Dec. 22.—A carton of cigarettes, purchased by contributions of 10 cents each by nineteen Atchison men, was mailed to President-elect Harding today. In the same mail was sent a letter written by Carl Brown, who led the movement, explaining that the gift was prompted by reports that Miss Lucy Page Gaston of Chicago had written him a letter from Topeka urging him to discontinue the use of cigarettes.

"We do not necessarily defend cigarettes," said the letter, "but we want you to understand that was recent pernicious audacity on the part of a female who writes you such an insulting letter under a Kansas date line."

URGES DEATH FOR ROBBERY.

Missouri Legislator Prepares a Bill for Next Session.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 22.—A bill to make bank robbery, highway robbery and burglary offenses punishable by death will be introduced at the next session of the Missouri Legislature, M. A. O'Donnell, Representative-elect from Jackson County, announced today. Mr. O'Donnell is drafting the proposed bill.

"I believe that imposing the extreme penalty in these crimes will have a wholesome effect on criminals," he said. "Even in normal times these crimes should demand extreme punishment."

ESTABLISHED 110 YEARS
BLACK STARR AND FROST
Gifts of Distinction for the Holiday Season
PEARLS
DIAMONDS
JEWELRY
WATCHES
SILVERWARE
GOLD WARE
STATIONERY
LEATHER G

POLICE SEEK HEAD OF BAIL SYSTEM

Campaign Begun to Find Group Suspected of Sharing Crooks' Loot.

BIG INCREASE ON 41 BONDS

Magistrate Simms Warns Lawyers to Speed Cases — Scores Police Laggards.

While judges yesterday were sending men accused of crimes of violence to cells by stiff raises in bail bonds, the police began an effort to determine whether there is one head to the whole bail system as used by old offenders.

The object of the police inquiry, directed by Acting Inspector John Coughlin, is to learn if the ease with which highwaymen, burglars and the like get out of jail and manage to commit new crimes when awaiting trial is traceable to any organized group of bail agents and runners. If so the police are determined to find whether a division of the loot is the consideration which makes certain men eager to engage in the traffic on behalf of known crooks.

No charge is made by the police that the big surety companies have any concern with such traffic. There is a definite suspicion, however, that there may be a well-knit organization of go-betweens and that some of the small fry who furnish cash bail for men with records may be a part of that organization.

Convinced that some of the crimes which have terrorized the city of late have been committed by men who should have been safely behind bars, the department is determined to break up the practice if it can be shown to have any unlawful aspects without waiting for slower-moving reforms by legislation agitated by the City Bar Association, a number of judges and magistrates.

Many of the agents who appear at headquarters or go scurrying to the precinct house almost as soon as a prominent crook is arrested have their offices in a building in Grand Street, east of the Bowery. It was to these men that the detectives turned their attention yesterday, hoping to trace some of them back to a central directing head.

Surety Companies Balk Inquiry.

Inspector Coughlin had one of these agents with him for a long time yesterday afternoon. He admitted later that the examination was an initial step in the campaign, but declined to say whether the man had furnished information of the kind sought. The Inspector said that some effort also had been made to work backward on the trail by learning from certain surety companies with what intermediaries they customarily dealt before agreeing to bail old offenders. This effort was defeated by a refusal of the companies to open their books. The Inspector did not indicate whether he would make an effort to compel the companies to place their records at police disposal, but it was pointed out that should any evidence of possible crime be uncovered the District Attorney's office easily could get the records before the Grand Jury.

The procession back to jail was started by Judge John F. McIntyre in General Sessions, who summoned before him the defendants in 204 cases of burglary, robbery, assault and violation of the Sullivan law. There was an assembly of about 150, many of them old offenders, the court being crowded with an unsavory collection. Armed attendants kept vigilant guard. Headquarters detectives made sure none of the men brought a weapon into court.

Despite the protests of the accused and the pleas of their counsel, Judge McIntyre raised the bail in forty-one cases to $20,000, $25,000, and in one case, $30,000. These forty-one defendants, who had been at liberty under bonds of a few thousand dollars each, were forced to go back to the Tombs, with little likelihood that they would be able to gain freedom before juries had passed on their cases.

Forty-four more defendants who did not receive notices in time are due to appear before Judge McIntyre today. Unless they do, or offer valid excuse for their absence, bail will be declared forfeited. Many of those to appear today probably will be compelled to retire behind bars.

Astor Robber Admits Guilt.

The increasing disposition of defendants to take their punishment when they find themselves held in heavy bail was shown again yesterday when Lawrence Hawthorne, 22 years old, of 29 West Sixty-fifth Street, was arraigned. He is one of the men who tried to rob guests of the Hotel Astor and was caught after a fight. Judge McIntyre recently placed him under $100,000 bail, and yesterday he appeared in court and pleaded guilty.

Joseph B. Rosenback, attorney for Young Hawthorne, asked Judge McIntire to postpone sentence until next week, but the Judge waved aside his plea, saying:

"I will sentence this young man on Friday." Under the law two days must elapse between conviction and sentence.

Magistrates in the lower courts are beginning to demand extraordinary bail. Magistrate Charles E. Simms in the Tombs Court served notice on lawyers that their cases must be prepared when called, so as to keep defendants in serious cases off the streets.

"Commissioner Enright said a few days ago that the police were unwarrantably detained in courts when they should be on duty," said Magistrate Simms. "That sometimes occurs, but I have found that much more often the police hang around in the Clerk's room before and after their cases have come up, so as to avoid going back to duty, especially on days like this. I have frequently told them to go out myself, and often I have made it a point to push aside other cases and take up those in which policemen were witnesses, so as to get them back on patrol."

A record for speed was made yesterday in the County Court in Brooklyn, when Judge Haskell sentenced Vincent Prarsesandola, who held up two messengers on Saturday and tried to get away with a satchel containing jewelry worth $10,000. He was sentenced to from ten to twenty years in Sing Sing.

BURGLARY INSURANCE COSTS GOING HIGHER

Companies to Change Policies Requiring 80 Per Cent. Protection in Many Lines.

The situation facing the burglary insurance companies as a result of the failure of the police in New York and elsewhere to cope with the crime wave has become so acute that underwriters at a closed meeting last week decided to make drastic changes which will bear heavily on policy holders. An official of one of the leading companies who attended the meeting said yesterday that in burglary insurance the average loss ratio was 70 per cent. and the percentage showed indications of increasing.

"The amount of stolen goods recovered by the police is less than 1 per cent.", he said. "The police co-operation has been far from satisfactory in such cities as Kansas City, Chicago and, of course, New York. The financial drain on the companies from the burglary departments long since assumed serious proportions and we had to consider ways of conserving our business. The companies are in a position where they have to work with the police departments, no matter how ineffective the latter are, and we cannot very well openly assume the role of critic.

"Three times last year we increased the rates to policy holders. This time it was decided to make a revision in the writing of policies, instead of considering another increase. We have arranged to institute a co-insurance plan affecting new business Feb. 1 and renewals after March 1. Co-insurance requires the policy holder to take out a premium covering at least 80 per cent. of the value of his stock in certain mercantile lines. In other lines we have decided on a minimum amount without co-insurance."

Among the classes of business where a specified minimum would be required without co-insurance at the present high rates, according to the official, were: umbrellas, $20,000; feather goods, $20,000; jewelry, $20,000; gents' furnishings, $10,000; tapestries, $20,000; antiques, $20,000; merchant tailors, $15,000; knit goods, $15,000, and hosiery, $10,000.

The official said that further increases in hold-up insurance—a profitable source of income until the present crime wave—were being contemplated Statistics were being prepared, he said, and it was not unlikely that a new scale of premiums would be instituted in another month. The present rates against messenger hold-ups are $7.50 a thousand and inside hold-ups $5 a thousand.

$20,000 COAT STOLEN.

Banker's Sable Garment Taken From Auto in Fifth Avenue.

Mrs. W. B. Dickerman of 998 Fifth Avenue told yesterday of the theft from her automobile in Fifth Avenue of a Russian sable coat valued at $20,000, which belonged to her husband, a banker and owner of racing horses. Although the robbery took place on Nov. 29, it was kept a secret by the Police Department.

At 4 o'clock on the afternoon of Nov. 29 Mrs. Dickerman called at Gunther's, 391 Fifth Avenue, to take the fur coat and a nutria lap robe from storage, and drove with them to Tiffany's. On entering the store Mrs. Dickerman left the furs on the back seat of the limousine, directing her chauffeur to watch them.

A few minutes later the attention of the chauffeur was distracted by a passerby who spoke to him. After a few words with the stranger the chauffeur turned to see if the furs were safe, and found that the coat was gone.

A conductor of a Fifth Avenue bus told the chauffeur that he had seen a man take the coat and run down West Thirty-seventh Street. Mrs. Dickerman reported the loss at the West Thirtieth Street Police Station. Subsequently, on the advice of the police, she advertised for the coat as lost, offering at first $500 reward and later $1,000.

Mr. Dickerman said yesterday that the chauffeur had been in his employ a long time and that he trusted the man implicitly. The coat was valued especially because it had been a gift to Mr. Dickerman, who was at one time President of the Stock Exchange and is a member of the Metropolitan, the Brook, the Century, the Union, the Riding and the Country clubs.

HOLD-UP MAN IS SENTENCED.

Gets 10 to 20 Years in Sing Sing Four Days After Crime.

Vincent Parascandola, confessed highwayman, was sentenced yesterday, four days after the commission of his crime, to Sing Sing prison for from ten to twenty years by County Judge Haskell in Brooklyn. Parascandola, who is 20 years old, with another man, who escaped, held up two messengers of J. B. Bowden & Co., manufacturing jewels of 15 Maiden Lane, near the factory of the firm in Prospect Street, Brooklyn, last Saturday, and stole a bag containing $10,000 in cash and jewelry.

Sergeant Patrick Curran of the Poplar Street station captured Parascandola, who was armed with a revolver, after a chase over back fences, cornering the man in a closet in a house in Adams Street. Parascandola still held the bag containing the money and jewelry.

The Kings County Grand Jury yesterday sent a letter to Police Commissioner Enright calling his attention to the "ability, capability and heroic efforts" displayed by Sergeant Curran.

HARLEM CRACKSMEN GET 400 WATCHES

Open Safe on 125th St. After Climbing Ladder and Jimmying Door.

TWO NEGROES ROB A MAN

Detectives Catch Party of Three About to Seize $900 Payroll.

Highwaymen, safe-crackers, burglars and pistol carriers all figured in yesterday's crime news. On 125th Street, Harlem's busiest thoroughfare, safe workers some time yesterday morning, despite automobile patrols and police sharpshooters, gained access to the second floor shop of Abraham Senanke, a watch repair man at 35. They ascended a ladder in the rear, jimmied a door leading from the hallway and rolled away from the window a safe in which the repair man kept his watches. It yielded readily to a "can opener" and about four hundred watches were taken. Emanuel Backer, a jewelry repair man in whose shop Senanke had a workroom, had a considerable quantity of valuables in a larger safe. The thieves tinkered with that, but either decided it was too much for their equipment or were frightened away.

Real safe crackers got at the safe in Maurice Horowitz's drug store at 2,297 Second Avenue late Tuesday night or early yesterday morning. They wrenched a bar on a window, trundled the safe into the prescription room, where they could not be seen from the street, drilled a hole in it and blew off the combination lock with nitroglycerin. The police think they timed the explosion to coincide with the passing of an elevated train, as no sound was noticed by persons in the neighborhood. In the safe were $250 in cash, four diamond rings, two watches and chains, a diamond brooch and a quantity of cocaine, morphine and heroin. All these the burglars took, adding to their stock of narcotics from a small wall compartment. Their haul was worth about $1,500 in all.

The prescription room was wrecked, and the whole place bore evidence of the search for drugs.

According to the druggist, he called the East 126th Street Police Station on the telephone, but it was two hours before detectives arrived. When they came, he said he was surprised at the listless manner in which they regarded the burglary. He said he suggested that they look about the safe for fingerprints, but they declined to do so, declaring that it was the work of regular "yeggs," and that regular "yeggs" always wear gloves.

Mr. Horowitz also said the detectives instructed him to say nothing to reporters concerning the burglary.

James J. Driscoll, a salesman of 215 Bayonne Avenue, Bayonne, N. J., was beaten in an upper hallway at 6 West 137th Street yesterday afternoon by two negroes, who robbed him of jewelry and cash totaling $175 in value. Detectives of the West 136th Street station searched a number of negroes congregated at 136th Street and Lenox Avenue after Driscoll had described his assailants and locked up two whom they charged with burglary.

Three men, all said to have police records, one of them, the police said, having jumped his bail on a robbery charge in Brooklyn, walked into the print shop of Gus Schwender at 315 East Twenty-second Street yesterday just as he had completed putting up the money for his $900 payroll.

They demanded the money, and Schwender was just about to surrender it, fearing they would kill him if he resisted, when detectives of the East Twenty-second Street station who had been trailing the men because they were acting suspiciously burst in. They charged the three men, Joseph Corcio, Carmine Lanese and Joseph Deargrosa, with burglary. The detectives said they recovered from the men a diamond studded locket worth more than $200 and an overcoat and suit taken in a robbery earlier in the afternoon from the Grand Metal Spinning Company, Lafayette and Worth Streets. Max German, manager of the concern, later told the police the three men had applied for jobs, but he did not know they had committed a robbery before they departed.

MRS. BROOKS FREED ON BAIL.

Woman Held as Material Witness in Murder of Lieut. Horton.

Mrs. Lucille Emma Brooks, wife of a Chicago insurance man, and John Cavanagh, who were arrested in connection with the murder of Police Lieutenant Floyd Horton last week, were held as material witnesses under $10,000 bonds each by Judge McIntyre in General Sessions yesterday. Mrs. Brooks furnished bail and was released. Cavanagh did not have a bondsman.

Nicholas Loresch, who was indicted for murder in the first degree as a result of the shooting, will be arraigned before Judge McIntyre today.

Beat Bank Cashier, Steal $12,000.

FLINT, Mich., Dec. 22.—Four men shortly after noon today held up the cashier of the Clio State bank at Clio, north of here, beat him into insensibility and escaped with currency estimated at $12,000.

Blow Safe in North Dakota Bank.

BARNEY, N. D., Dec. 22.—Robbers blew the safe in the State Bank here last night and escaped with $2,500 in cash and more than $15,000 in negotiable securities.

37 OF POLICE FORCE ON YEAR'S HONOR LIST

Fitzpatrick and Inmen, Killed on Duty, Head Enright's Commendations.

The 1920 report of the meritorious actions of members of the Police Department was made public yesterday by Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright. The names of two policemen killed in line of duty will be recorded with fifty-three others already inscribed on the bronze tablet just inside the entrance of the Police Headquarters Building. The report was included in the daily general orders of the department.

The names and deeds of those honored were:

Acting Detective Sergeant John A. Fitzpatrick, mortally shot by an unidentified man on the evening of May 30, 1920. While on patrol he questioned three men attempting to start an automobile, one of whom drew a revolver and shot Fitzpatrick in the left breast. The detective died soon after, and his three assailants escaped.

Patrolman Henry Inmen of the Webster Avenue Station, shot and instantly killed on Feb. 21, 1920, by two burglars whom he surprised robbing a candy store at Gunhill Road and Bainbridge Avenue, the Bronx. The two bandits made their escape.

Among those who received honorable mention were:

Inspector James W. Halbck, Lieutenant Harry Bobert, Patrolman William S. Matthews, now retired, and Patrolman Thomas C. Dines, who rescued sixty-four persons from the steamer Princess Anne, which was stranded about a mile east of Rockaway Point on Feb. 6, 1920.

Acting Detective Sergeant Michael Fiaschetti and Giuseppi F. L. Dardis for arresting four murderers in connection with the death of Joseph Holbach and his wife, Helen, who were shot and killed on the morning of Jan. 20, 1919, in their home at South Ozone Park, Queens.

Patrolman Patrick G. Fitzgibbons of the Eighteenth Inspection District, who rescued George Godfrey from a perilous position on Feb. 4, 1920, when a canopy in front of the Rivoli Theatre fell. Godfrey was caught under the canopy and Fitzgibbons, without any hesitation, dragged him out.

Patrolman Michael A. Batto of the Amity Street Station, Brooklyn, who displayed exceptional bravery in the arrest of two criminals on the night of Oct. 25, 1919. Batto was stabbed by one of them but succeeded in arresting both.

Patrolman Frank C. Lemon of the West Forty-seventh Street Station, who arrested two men at 1:15 A. M., May 16, 1920, after they had entered the premises of 79 Second Avenue and shot and instantly killed Solomon Fishbein. Both prisoners carried loaded revolvers when the officer arrested them.

Patrolman Arthur J. Knoch of the West 135th Street station, who arrested Robert Crowley in the early hours of May 16, 1920, after he had fired a shot at a man. The officer pursued and arrested Crowley.

Patrolman Gustave Zimmerman Jr. of the Greenpoint Avenue station, Brooklyn, who arrested a hold-up man on May 14, 1919, and disarmed him.

The commendation of the department is also awarded to Acting Inspector John D. Coughlin, Acting Captain John J. Sullivan and Acting Detective-Sergeants William N. Brosnan and Bernard W. Doyd, all of the Detective Bureau, for arresting Frank Kelly in connection with the murder of Katherine Dunn and Emma McDonald of Brooklyn.

Sergeant George Ellis and Patrolmen George P. Smith and James M. Dempsey, Gustave Thompson and Ralph Martin, Harry J. Hermance, Bart A. O'Connor, John S. Corcoran, Edward Beben and Edward J. Donnelly who aided in the rescue of the passengers on the Princess Anne, were also commended.

The list included Sergeant William McCauley, Patrolman William V. Friedman of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station, Detective Bureau, and Patrolmen John J. Ryan, James Lavelle, Frank Blank and Thomas J. Callanan for arresting three bandits in a bank messenger hold-up. Detectives August Mayer and Grover C. Brown for arresting three men and recovering $42,000 in Liberty bonds, and Detectives Murphy and Louis Herman for arresting three notorious anarchists.

ROUND-UP IN BOSTON.

Forty or More Suspected Criminals Are Gathered In.

BOSTON, Dec. 22.—Two score more of suspicious persons were gathered in by the police dragnet in the twenty-four hours ending with roll call today. The drive, which is prosecuted by officers in plain clothes and the uniformed force in an effort to bring into custody all persons regarded as likely to spread here the crime wave that has rolled over other cities, has eliminated several hundreds of persons from participation to date.

The need for alertness was emphasized in an order from Police Commissioner Curtis, repeated at roll call today, which said that officers in pursuit of suspects should go with revolver in hand.

Plans Life Term for Armed Thieves.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 22.—If the Legislature passes a bill to be introduced at the coming session by Assemblyman F. J. Tattersall of Passaic County, highwaymen who use weapons will be liable to life imprisonment. Burglars who use weapons will also come under the provisions of the law.

Grabs $80,000 in Bank Valise.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 22.—A thief snatched a satchel containing $75,000 in checks and $5,500 cash from two bank messengers today on a street crowded with thousands of Christmas shoppers and escaped.

MAN JUST RELEASED TAKEN AS BURGLAR

Negro Trapped in Roof Chase Near Fifth Avenue After Police Open Fire.

HIS COMPANION ESCAPES

Prisoner Taken Close to House in Fifty-second Street Previously Robbed.

After a chase at 11 o'clock last night over the roofs of houses in the block of West Fifty-second Street, between Fifth and Sixth Avenues, in which two detectives fired half a dozen shots, Albert Smith, 20 years old, a negro, who said he lived at 157 West Fifty-first Street, was locked up in the East Fifty-first Street Station on a charge of burglary.

A few minutes before the burglar alarm in the home of Dr. Francis J. Quinlan, at 66 West Fifty-second Street had sounded, and hurrying to the top floor the physician saw two men working at the skylight. Dr. Quinlan's home had been entered three times in two years by burglars, so he hurried to the telephone and got Detective Sergeants Muller and Layden at the East Fifty-first Street Station.

Hurrying to an adjoining house in Sixth Avenue in a police automobile in which they had just ended a tour of their precinct, the detectives reached a hall window on the fourth floor, overlooking the row of residences running to Fifth Avenue.

It was raining heavily, but the detectives could see two men on Dr. Quinlan's roof. As Layden started to climb to the roof of the nearest house, one of the men ran, but his companion did not move until the detectives were upon him. When he saw them he leaped over the low walls dividing the buildings east of the physician's residence, till he came to 34 West Fifty-second Street, where he reached a six-foot wall.

By that time the detectives had opened fire, and when one of their bullets grazed the side of the intruder's face he turned, and, throwing up his hands, shouted: "Don't kill me."

Layden then covered him with his pistol and Muller went in quest of the other man. He had disappeared, however, and the detectives decided that he dropped to a fire escape and made his way to the yard.

After the detectives had searched the prisoner they brought him back to Dr. Quinlan's house and then to the street, where an excited crowd of citizens and policemen had gathered when the physician had blown a police whistle. Many of the residents on the block came to their windows with pistols.

While Mullen with half a dozen policemen went in question of the second man in the yards in the centre of the block, Detective Layden questioned the captive, who said his name was Smith. He said he was released from the Tombs only eight days ago, where he had been detained for several weeks on a charge of unlawful entry. The detective discovered that the negro's shoes were unlaced. Evidently he had intended to take them off after he had forced the skylight.

Mullen and the policemen returned fifteen minutes later and reported that the second man evidently had made his way back to one of the tenement houses in Sixth Avenue and escaped to the street. Smith later was taken to Police Headquarters to be fingerprinted.

LAGUARDIA PROTESTS AGAINST MORE POLICE

Says Addition to Force Will Cost $2,000,000 a Year and Is Not Necessary.

At the December meeting of the Bronx Board of Trade, held last night in the rooms of the organization, Fiorello H. LaGuardia, President of the Board of Aldermen, who was the guest of honor, opposed vigorously adding men to the New York police force as a needless addition to the already overburdened budget of New York City.

"It is administration that we need," he said, "and not an increase in the police force. This is a matter which concerns every business man in the city and every taxpayer. Under the impulse of the present situation the police force has been increased by 1,269 men. Five hundred men were provided in the 1921 budget. The increase of 500 men is sufficient to meet present conditions and to bring the force up to proper strength for a good many years to come. If you believe that the additional 769 men will be added to the force within the next few days you are greatly mistaken.

"The present civil service list contains but 350 men. It will be several months before the full quota of 500 men can be obtained, trained, uniformed and on duty. It will be well toward the end of next year before the additional 769 will be doing patrol duty. The present crime wave will, in all reasonableness, be crushed long before then, let us hope. But bear in mind this additional regiment of 1,269 men is a permanent fixture, which by 1925, will cost an additional $2,000,000 a year, and not only is this large increase unnecessary, but you haven't the money to pay for it."

GAMBLING JURY DISAGREES.

First Saratoga Case May Be Retried—Five More Plead Guilty.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, Dec. 22.—The jury in the case of Jules Formel of New York, charged with maintaining a gambling house here, reported late today that it had failed to agree, and was discharged. Wyman S. Bascomb, Special Deputy Attorney General, who conducted the prosecution announced that he would move tomorrow for a re-trial.

Five more respondents indicted on gambling charges were arraigned late today and pleaded guilty, making a total of twenty who have so pleaded. Formel was the first respondent in the gambling crusade to be tried.

Hold Up Rosedale Bank.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 22.—The Intercity State Bank at 5 Southwest Boulevard, just across the State line in Rosedale, was held up at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon by three bandits who escaped with between $4,000 and $5,000.

The bank lost $25,000 in a daylight hold-up on April 25, 1919.

Toledo Bandits Escape.

TOLEDO, Dec. 22.—Thirty-six hours after one of the largest robberies in the history of the city the police have found no trace of the six men armed with shotguns who held up ten American Railway Express Company guards and escaped with a safe containing $16,500 in cash and bonds.

Six Held for Dance; 100 Freed.

Five women and one man, principals in a vaudeville including a dance given by the Touraine Literary Society, were held in $5,000 bail on charges of indecency by Magistrate McQuade yesterday. Charges against the 110 men spectators of the performances were dismissed. All had been arrested in a raid Tuesday night on a ball in West Forty-fourth Street.

THIEF'S SHOT FATAL TO CHICAGO JEWELER

Other Burglars Get $5,200 in Attack on Another Jeweler, and Escape.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 22.—While city officials deny that Chicago is suffering from the effects of a real wave of crime, during the last twenty-four hours an unprecedented stream of complaints flowed into police headquarters detailing the activity of hold-up men, burglars, automobile bandits and pickpockets.

Paul J. Loberg, a jeweler, was shot in the head and fatally wounded tonight in a battle with two robbers who attempted to hold him up in his store at 3,536 Milwaukee Avenue.

The two robbers drew revolvers as soon as they entered the place. Loberg, who had prepared himself for just such an emergency, reached quickly inside his coat and drew a revolver. The state of Loberg's revolver showed that he fired twice before a single bullet fired by the robbers struck him in the head.

The jeweler's sister-in-law, Miss Bertha Anderson, who was in a room at the rear of the store, rushed out in time to see the two robbers run out of the door. They failed to obtain any loot.

Three men, working on the theory of "if at first you don't succeed, try, try again," held up the jewelry store of Marcus Springer, 1,549 West Roosevelt Road, and escaped with $5,200 in gems and cash.

Four taxicab drivers were robbed by thieves posing as fares. Three of the robberies started in the business district, in one of which a woman took a part. Policemen took two shots at two bands of burglars and wounded one man. Frank Drew, a watchman employed by a group of merchants, surprised four men trying to break into the Pipp & Sherry clothing store at 571 West Roosevelt Road. They ran and Drew shot, hitting George Wells of 1,215 North Halstead Street twice in the legs.

CRIME CONFERENCE CALLED FOR JERSEY

State, County and Municipal Officials and War Veterans to Meet in Trenton.

The State of New Jersey prepared to take sterner measures yesterday in its campaign to prevent an influx of New York crooks as a result of Commissioner Enright's banishment order and to put an end to violent crime in that State.

Governor Edward I. Edwards called a State-wide conference in Trenton next Tuesday at which all State and county officers, World War veterans and municipal police chiefs will discuss a warfare on crime. The Governor in Jersey City last night said he hoped the American Legion would play a prominent part in the conference.

One of the measures under discussion is the mobilization of the home guards formed in many parts of the State in wartime. These guards comprise bands of trusted citizens, already possessed of some training which would fit them particularly, it was said, for the task of supplementing regular officers of the law.

The call sent out by the Governor read:

"Your presence in person or by designated representative is urgently requested at a conference of veterans of peace and war, of State and county officials, to be held in the Senate Chamber, State House, in Trenton, N. J., Tuesday, Dec. 28, at noon, for the purpose of co-ordinating our State forces in a comprehensive way to combat and eradicate the present crime wave in the State."

Discussing his purposes, the Governor said:

"I shall recommend to the conference that we organize to keep criminals out of the State and to pick up and care for those who are already here. I want to get something done in the country districts and I hope to get the men of the American Legion to help in city and country. That is all I can say about it. I shall let the conferees work out their own plans."

Among those specially invited to the conference are Colonel Thomas D. Lindon, Commander of Bordentown Military Institute; Leonidas Coyle, Commander of the American Legion in New Jersey, County Prosecutors and Sheriffs and officials of bordering counties of New, York and Pennsylvania.

WOMAN IN AUTO HELD UP BY WOMAN HIGHWAYMAN

Contractor's Wife Stopped and Searched at Pistol Point Near White Plains.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Dec. 22.—A woman highwayman made her appearance in this section this afternoon and, aided by two men, held up and robbed Mrs. Clarence W. Mertz, the wife of a wealthy Port Chester contractor, as she was driving her automobile to White Plains. The hold-up took place on Westchester Avenue about two miles from White Plains.

The woman directed the work of one of her men companions while the other sat in an automobile close by. The woman searched Mrs. Mertz and took $80 in cash. She rejected two monogramed rings and about $1,000 worth of checks which Mrs. Mertz had in her bank book. The woman handed Mrs. Mertz two $1 bills just before she and her companion hurried out of the automobile, with the remark:

"You may need this to buy gasoline."

Mrs. Mertz told the police the three bandits were in a big automobile, which stopped on the roadway in such a position that she had to slow up. The woman and one of her companions then leaped out of the big car, the man with a revolver in his hand. The woman got into Mrs. Mertz's car and the man followed. They demanded what money and valuables she had. She gave them her bank book and rings and they then searched her for more.

"The woman seemed to be the brains of the hold-up," Mrs. Mertz told the police. "She spoke with a decided Italian accent. Her companion looked and talked like an American. The woman was about 30 years old, stocky built and dark. She wore gray clothes and a small dark hat."

After the robbery Mrs. Mertz continued on to White Plains and deposited the checks and reported the matter to the police. State troopers were notified and scoured the countryside in automobiles without result.

FLAMES ROUT MISS ANGLIN.

Actress Who Lost Auto Tuesday Driven From Home by Fire.

Miss Margaret Anglin, whose automobile was stolen Tuesday night from in front of the theatre where she is playing, was driven to the street yesterday afternoon by a fire in the apartment house where she lives at 28 East Thirtieth Street.

Miss Anglin was getting ready to leave for a matinee when flames, caused by a short circuit in the apartment below, made their way up the elevator shaft. Throwing on a wrap, Miss Anglin hurried down the seven flights of stairs to the street. The fire was extinguished before much damage was done. This and the theft of Miss Anglin's automobile came on top of the theft of some of her jewels not long ago.

Orders Boston Private Bank Closed.

BOSTON, Dec. 22.—On the eve of Christmas depositors in the North End foreign quarter today found the private banking office of L. D. Griswold, on Salem Street, closed by order of Bank Commissioner J. C. Allen. The Commissioner announced that the $50,000 capital of the Griswold office was "practically gone." The ground on which the place was closed was said to be the fact that it was doing business after the manner of a savings bank without the required license.

A Trustee's Investments

Just now various trustees who have money to invest are considering and perhaps discussing with the beneficiaries how to invest it.

Bonds are said to be very low and the income from them proportionately large. This is said to be a good time to buy them and trustees are told that they are sure to go up.

This has been said, however, for each succeeding year for a dozen years, but till now the price of bonds has gone steadily down. Perhaps they really are going up now, but whether they are or not, a wise trustee will not buy them.

If they go up he gets no credit for it. If they go down, the beneficiaries will want to know why he has lost some of his principal.

The safe course and the profitable one is to buy mortgages or mortgage certificates guaranteed by the Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Company. They go neither up nor down, they pay 5½%, and the principal is always paid in full.

TITLE GUARANTEE & TRUST CO

Capital $6,000,000 Surplus $11,000,000

MANHATTAN 176 Broadway, 137 West 125th St. BROOKLYN 175 Remsen St., 186 Montague St.

BRONX 370 E. 149th St. QUEENS 320 Fulton St., Jamaica, 67 Jackson Av., L. I. City

RICHMOND 90 Bay St., St. George NASSAU Mineola

A Business Writer

is wanted by a large publishing house. He should be a man who has had sales experience but whose sales ability is best expressed through the written word rather than in personal salesmanship. He will be required to plan and execute a variety of selling helps for a large sales force, and to write good copy for newspaper and magazine advertisements. He should also be familiar with layout and competent in the buying of art work.

A personality suitable to an important position in a large organization is essential.

Salary to be discussed later, but we do not want a man who hasn't proved to the satisfaction of others that he is worth $5,000 a year.

Only written applications will be received. Make it in detail, be sure it will be treated in confidence and address it to Y 2854 Times Annex.

If your reply is considered favorably an interview will be arranged at a mutually convenient time and place.

ADVERTISEMENT.

France Bore The Brunt!

Just as we needed France before the armistice, so she needs us to-day—

To help the people to help themselves,
To provide nurses for children dazed by four years of privation—and for the care and education of expectant mothers,
To supply looms and sewing machines,
To start schools of domestic science and manual training,
To grant loans of money to farmers and merchants,
To provide tools, seeds, building materials to reconstruct homes, schools, churches and farms.

IN the four counties of France where the American Committee for Devastated France is concentrating its work, the destruction was complete. Of France's 1,500,000 dead, more than 600,000 men came from the desolated areas. The war is over, but France is still fighting—fighting back to peace.

This isn't charity—it's an investment in mankind. Yes—the French will repay! All they need is help to help themselves.

NEVER before since 1917 has this Committee asked the New York public for a penny. But to-day—this week—it asks for $250,000.

Think of your own home and what it was spared—think of those other homes in France and what they withstood—

Then invest in the new generation of France!

American Committee for Devastated France, Inc.

Make checks payable to Joseph P. Swan, Treasurer, American Committee for Devastated France Campaign Fund, Guaranty Trust Company, 140 Broadway, Depository.

700 NEW RESERVES; ARMED MEN CAUGHT

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

bridge neighborhood for the man who, Maltese and Barbara agreed, was to wear a red necktie, the four were held on charges of felonious assault based on the thrusting of the pistol toward the policeman.

Commissioner Issues Statement.

Nothing else half so spectacular occurred in police-crime circles during the day, so far as was learned. Two safe robberies, one attempted payroll holdup, a few fair-sized burglaries and the apprehension of a number of "gun toters" helped complete the list of known offenses. These had transpired before Commissioner Enright made his public statement, which said:

Dec. 22, 1920.

City of New York, Police Department, Office of the Commissioner.

I have requested the New York Telephone Company to give preference to calls from citizens for Police Headquarters or any of the police stations, so that in the event of trouble or need of help a police officer can be rushed immediately to the place where his services are needed.

Citizens are requested to promptly report to Police Headquarters, to the nearest police station or any police officer any suspicious circumstance. Where motor vehicles are concerned, the number and description of the car and, if possible, a description of the occupants should be taken.

Citizens having any information regarding the movement of criminals, or any information which may be of value to this department, are requested to transmit it to Police Headquarters immediately, either by telephone or mail. Call Police Headquarters, 3100 Spring, and ask for "Crime Information."

Many people possessing knowledge which may be of great importance to this department refrain from imparting it to the police authorities because of the trouble it may give them to take the necessary steps, or because of lack of knowledge as to how or to whom the information should be communicated. All information will be treated confidentially.

Garage owners should give special attention to suspicious cars or suspicious persons using cars, particularly in the night time, and promptly report the circumstances to the police.

Orders have been issued to stop parking of automobiles in front of banks or jewelry houses until further orders.

(Signed) R. E. ENRIGHT,
Police Commissioner.

Coughlin Discusses Situation.

Discussing the general situation at Police Headquarters, Inspector John Coughlin, in charge of detectives, said there had been a marked diminution in petty crime during recent intensified police activities and that, for example, complaints of pickpockets had dwindled from six to twenty-five a day to a half dozen in a week. Only the bigger criminals, he said, were persisting, the small fry being the first to run to cover.

Inspector Coughlin, asked what had been accomplished by the picked sharpshooters touring the city in automobiles, said some of them were engaged in trailing suspected taxi bandits and it was hoped some of those gentry would be caught red handed before long.

The Inspector also said it was important for the public to understand that only uniformed men were charged with the duty of examining citizens on lonely streets between midnight and daylight. Hence all pedestrians should be wary of any person in plain clothes who might approach them under the pretense that he was a policeman.

George P. Le Brun, Secretary of the Legislative League for the Conservation of Human Life, said he believed the New Jersey authorities were to some extent responsible for conditions on this side of the river. With Governor Edwards in the chair, he added, the league would renew its efforts to induce the New Jersey Legislature to enact a statute similar to New York's Sullivan law.

The league also is preparing to have introduced in Congress a national bill prohibiting the carrying of concealed weapons. It will ask the New York Legislature to strengthen the Sullivan law by altering some of the provisions with respect to pistol permits.

News that between 700 and 800 police reserves already were scattered on patrol in the five boroughs came from headquarters last night when 800 members of the reserve force met there to listen to an address by Colonel William E. Wood, their Chief of Staff, who announced to them that he hoped to have between 3,000 and 4,000 men on duty in a short time.

Despite the automobile patrolling only about fourteen men were bagged in Tuesday night's roundup. About half of them got out on bail and only a handful were in the line-up yesterday. Many others seized in wholesale raids in coffee houses and such places and booked on disorderly conduct charges were released for lack of evidence when arraigned before magistrates.

Judge McIntyre Increases Bail.

Judge John F. McIntyre in General Sessions found his own way of dealing with the bail question when he ordered 204 men awaiting trial on charges of theft or violating the Sullivan law to report in court. Forty-two of those who appeared were forced back to the Tombs when their bonds were set at $20,000 to $30,000, and more who report today will follow their fellows behind bars to await trial.

Burglary insurance companies said they were facing an average ratio loss of 70 per cent. and that the situation was growing so acute a secret meeting of underwriters had been held at which it was determined to require policyholders in some lines to take out a co-insurance policy covering a specified per centage of their entire stocks while other branches of trade would be required to carry a stipulated minimum amount of insurance with the co-insurance form of policy. It was added that an increase of burglary rates was contemplated.

That women are assisting in some daring holdups was intimated when the recent experience of a wealthy woman living in Central Park West just above Seventy-second Street was learned.

As this woman emerged from the subway about 10:30 o'clock one night recently she was accosted by a fashionably gowned young woman, who asked if she might walk with her, explaining that in these days she was afraid to walk alone. The young girl said she lived near the older woman's destination and the two started off together. The older woman noticed that the girl's bare hands displayed several diamond rings and warned her of the imprudence of allowing them to be in evidence.

"I never carry more than 25 cents these days," the woman said. "I keep my jewelry in a safe deposit vault, and I pay all my bills by check. You ought to do the same."

By then the pair had crossed Columbus Avenue. A taxicab which had been trailing them apparently, drew up at the curb. The young woman, her face registering disgust, abruptly left her companions, jumped into the taxi as the chauffeur swung open the door, and exclaimed to the driver:

"Beat it. There's nothing doing. The old woman hasn't got a cent on her!"

The cab disappeared.

DO NOT FORGET
—AMONG YOUR—
CHRISTMAS GIFTS
"THE 100 NEEDIEST CASES"
Make Checks Payable to
'100 NEEDIEST CASES FUND'
And Send to
The New York Times, Times Square.

ORIGINAL
ALLEGRETTI
FAMOUS CHOCOLATE CREAMS
and Our Other High Grade Confections
THE ORIGINAL ALLEGRETTI
NOW AT
15 WEST 38TH ST.

The Christmas Feel
It's in the Air—

Visions of Turkey and Cranberries as well as sugar plums, dance through young heads and old. But the one thing that will have the call from "soup to nuts" of the Christmas dinner is Knickerbocker Ice.

Tinkly pieces in water glasses when you are seated at the table; crushed mounds for oysters—sparkling settings for fruit cocktail glasses—Silver filled holders—and after the last big plum has been pulled from the pudding—again the call for Knickerbocker Iced Water.

Knickerbocker ICE Company

To Exporters
and all
Merchants
trading with
Mexico

The best and most effective advertising medium in the Republic of Mexico is an attractive card placed in each of the 350 electric street cars of Mexico City. For terms apply direct to the

PUBLICITY AGENT
MEXICO TRAMWAYS COMPANY
P. O. Box 490, Mexico, D. F.
or to the
CANADIAN ENGINEERING AGENCY, INC.
115 Broadway, New York City

FRENCH BOOKS for Xmas

On account of the rate of exchange you can buy, very low, fine French Books and you'll find a large assortment of

French { Children's Books, Art Books, Fashion Magazines, Fiction Books, Bound Sets

At **DORBON-AINE** Inc.
FRENCH BOOK SHOP
19 East 57th Street

$10 Less Is Really $17 Less

Through making my ready made clothes I save; save the cost of an extra "Organization," that item alone saves 7 per cent. Then from my moderate first price I clip $10.

$30	Suits	and	Overcoats	$20
35	"	"	"	25
42	"	"	"	32
52	"	"	"	42
62	"	"	"	52
89	Overcoats			79

G. N. VINCENT, 524-526 6th Ave., near 31st St.

MOUNTAINS SANK IN ANDEAN QUAKE

Peaks in the Region Affected Lowered 160 Feet, and One River Wiped Out.

THREE VOLCANOES ACTIVE

Indians Worshipping Them to Avert Further Disaster—Few Lives Lost on Chilean Side.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co

LONACHO, Chile, Dec. 22.—A two days' tour of the scene of the recent earthquakes produced ample evidence that the seismic disturbance of Dec. 8 and 9 was one of the most stupendous natural phenomena that the world has seen in recent years. It was caused by a settling of the Andes Mountains and was accompanied by violent eruptions from two volcanoes and a slight disturbance at a third.

Large mountains in the Andes sank an average of 160 feet, producing an earthquake much stronger in violence than that which destroyed a part of Valparaiso in 1906. The centre of the disturbance was Latitude 39.20 and Longitude 71.41 West and on both sides of the lower Franeura River. An area several miles in extent in this valley sank from one to three feet. The trees growing there were not damaged, but the buildings were destroyed.

A mountain two miles long between the Lafenco and Palhuin Rivers sank apparently fifty yards, and it is now possible to see peaks beyond it which were formerly hidden. The Franeura River was formerly a swift stream flowing between high banks, but now the banks are almost level with the river and the current is sluggish.

One of the river's arms, which was 200 miles long and 200 yards wide, dropped 100 feet, but otherwise it does not appear to have changed. Residents of the valley pointed out fifteen mountains which had dropped a sufficient distance to disclose peaks that had been hidden from sight.

The River Turbio, five miles long and 300 feet wide, has completely disappeared, leaving a dry canyon.

These phenomena were accompanied by violent earthquakes along a line between the Villarica and Llaima volcanoes, both of which erupted flames for five days. The most severe shock was felt on midnight of Dec. 8, and was characterized by a violent twisting motion, which broke the legs from beds. This shock was also vertical, and it bounced wooden houses off their foundation posts, dropping them three feet to one side. More solid foundations were pushed several inches out of alignment.

The first shock was followed by nineteen other sharp ones during the following twenty-four hours. Accompanying them were noises similar to the roar of trains. The noises came alternately from the direction of the three volcanoes, Villarica, Llaima and Lanin, while the first two mountains kept up a continual cannonading, and at the same time lighted up the surrounding country by shooting brightly colored flames more than 1,000 feet into the air. Llaima sent forth a large quantity of lava, but only cinders came from Villarica.

A new crater opened up half way down the side of Villarica and flames shot out from many fissures clear around the mountain near the snow line.

The casualties were slight, due to the territory being sparsely populated and because the houses were constructed of wood, which prevented them from completely caving in. The earth is still quivering, and the people are fleeing, fearing further settling.

The railroad towns nearest the volcanoes are rapidly filling with refugees who are fleeing from their homes as a result of a prediction made by Captain Nuno, of the Chilean Navy, that severe seismic disturbances would occur between Dec. 22 and 27. The Captain predicted the time of the recent outbreak to within forty-eight hours of its occurrence.

Lonacho hotels and private houses are already caring for several hundred people from Pucon, Villarica and the surrounding region. The launch chartered by the Chicago Tribune correspondent brought two women and six children, including a babe in arms, across Lake Villarica. They continued on their way to Lonacho, traveling empty-handed, without food or a change of clothing, and depending on the hospitality of the country folk along the wayside. The correspondent later brought two boys to Lonacho on a borrowed horse. The boys carried all their possessions in a gunny-sack.

The people of the entire region in the neighborhood of the volcanoes are living in extreme fear, and most of those who have not left it sleep in their clothing. Thousands of Indians from Concepcion and southward are devoting their entire time to feasts to appease the wrath of the volcanoes, which they worship, in an effort to prevent the predicted renewal of the eruption. More than 1,500 Indians attended a feast at the foot of Villarica, which was given by Chief Antinao, praying to Villarica, which they call "Bad Devil."

COCHRAN WON'T TELL PLANS

Husband of Mme. Walska Here, Refuses to Discuss Passport.

Alexander Smith Cochran, husband of Mme. Ganna Walska, Polish soprano of the Chicago Grand Opera Company, who resigned last week, arrived in New York yesterday and went to the Racquet Club. He declined to comment on the fact that his wife had applied on the previous day for a passport to Europe or to say whether he intended to leave the United States.

NO WORD OF LOST BALLOON.

Navy Department Continues Search, but Without Result.

No word was received yesterday by the naval officers at the Naval Air Station, Rockaway Point, L. I., of the A-5508, the balloon which has been missing since it left there a week ago last Monday.

The officers said that the agencies invoked by the Navy Department to aid in the search were continuing their work, but without success so far.

EMERGENCY TARIFF BILL PASSES HOUSE

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

on a point of order. He then offered it with the objectionable clause eliminated.

"You want to shift the burden from the flour manufacturer to the producer," Mr. Fordney asserted. "Since Dec. 3, 56,000,000 pounds of Canadian wheat have been imported from two ports, and 72,000,000 are waiting to come in. This amendment will mean that 200,000,000 bushels would come from Canada."

"Surely, you do not want to injure the wheat milling industry," interjected Mr. Newton.

"I don't want to protect the speculator at the expense of the producer," shouted Chairman Fordney.

In a short speech in opposition to the bill Representative Percy Quin of Mississippi, Democrat, said its passage would mean "putting the harpoon into the farmers under false pretences."

After fifty-five minutes the Newton amendment was rejected by such a decisive chorus of "Noes" that a count was not even demanded.

Representative Rainey at once began hammering away at each schedule in the bill. His first amendment was to cut the wheat schedule from 30 cents to 25, which, he said, was the rate in the Payne-Aldrich law of 1909.

"I just want to see how much higher you will go than the Payne-Aldrich bill, which was rejected after two years," he said.

His amendment was defeated by a viva voce vote.

When the schedule imposing 15 cents per bushel upon corn was reached, Representative Rainey said this was a "gold brick," as it applied to Argentine corn, which, he asserted, was imported by the Corn Products Company at Edgewater, N. J., made into syrup and shipped out on the same tramp steamers which brought it in, without ever paying a duty.

Rainey Commiserates Boston.

Representative Black of Texas, Democrat, tried to cut in half the proposed duty of 2 cents on beans, but Chairman Fordney insisted that under the Payne-Aldrich law, which placed the duty at 1 cent, competition came from Europe, whereas it was now confined to the Orient, which held a trade balance of $150,000,000 against the United States. Representative Rainey said the new schedule on beans was a Christmas present from Chairman Fordney to his constituents in the Saginaw district of Michigan, where 15,000 of the 60,000 bean growers in the United States lived.

Of the proposed rates on peanuts, Mr. Rainey said:

"This is inserted in the bill for the political purpose of trying to seduce Southern members away from the Democratic Party. This is a Peanut bill. Canada uses Southern peanuts, and she can impose an embargo in retaliation for this embargo on her products."

By a vote of 53 to 42 the House refused to strike out the additional duty of 7 cents per pound on goods manufactured from cotton. Representative Walsh, of Massachusetts, Republican, made the motion to kill the proposed rate, saying that it was no use to put it into effect, as New England cotton goods industries were practically at a standstill, and to impose the new duty would only add to the existing industrial stagnation.

The wool schedules aroused great opposition on the part of the dyed-in-the-wool anti-protectionists, Representative Rainey making a fiery speech, in which he predicted that, in the Congressional elections two and four years hence, Republican constituencies would blame their Representatives for voting for high tariffs.

Store Closes at 5 P. M.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Women's Silk Sweaters



Splendid Values at

$20.00

FOR CHRISTMAS GIFTS, or personal wear, more of those Pure Silk Sweaters that sold so quickly last week. This new shipment is limited in quantity, and early selection is urged.

Tuxedo Coat Sweater
Fancy Block Weave
Sash and Pockets

Navy, Beige, Pink, Buttercup, White.

Third Floor.

TIFFANY & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET

GOLD AND PLATINUM WATCHES AND WRIST WATCHES

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue. 46TH and 47TH STS.

Unusual Values
in
"Last Minute" Holiday Suggestions

Beautiful Beaded Bags
also
Velvet and Silk Bags
with *draw-strings, shell* and *sterling mountings*—a unique collection including many imported novelties.
Formerly to $150, $35—$50

Matinee, Debutante and Beautiful Evening Feather Fans
Mounted on frames of *ivory, amber* and *pearl.*
Formerly $45 to $175, at $18—$25 to $75

Wonderful Necklaces
Of *pearl, jade, amber* and *white coral* in the various lengths—*at greatly reduced prices.*

Fur-trimmed Evening Wraps
The Gift Luxurious
Formerly to $295, at $145—$175
Of *chiffon velvet* and *metallic* and *velvet brocades* with *deep collars of rich* and *fashionable furs.*

Lane Bryant



Gifts *for* Baby

Delightful little Gifts, assuring pleasure and satisfaction to giver as well as receiver.

Specially Reduced Prices

CAPS 59c to 10.95	COATS 3.95 to 29.95
DRESSES 89c to 35.00	GERTRUDES 69c to 7.50
KIMONOS 95c to 16.50	BOOTIES 29c to 2.25
LAYETTES 12.95 to 95.00	SWEATER SETS 4.95 to 16.50
BLANKETS 1.10 to 23.50	ROMPERS 98c to 4.95

Also a complete line of Nursery Accessories and Nursery Furniture, Carriage Covers, Toilet Baskets, Cribs, Scales, Wardrobes, Bassinettes, Chairs, etc. Many specially reduced for the Holidays.
SECOND FLOOR

21-23 West 38th St. **Lane Bryant** Just West of Fifth Avenue

Crouch & Fitzgerald
Announce:

That conditions in the fine-leather market have so relaxed that they can now offer

Material Reductions in the Cost
OF
Bench Wrought Luggage

They are especially pleased that these price-reductions are possible now, when they are of greatest advantage to those who are selecting Holiday gifts, rather than at some later date.

Kit Bags, Club Bags, Ladies' Bags, Suit Cases, Fitted Cases, Hat Cases
at the three Crouch & Fitzgerald Shops.

24 West 40th Street South of the Public Library
177 Broadway Between Fulton & Cortlandt Sts.
and at *Washington, D. C.* 1303 *F Street.*

MARK CROSS LONDON
Lined Gloves For Men and Women
The World's Greatest Leather Store
484 Fifth Av., N. Y. 253 B'way.
Boston—145 Tremont Street
London—49 Regent Street

DIAMONDS-WATCHES
Fine Jewelry
Christmas Gifts
SELECT NOW
From our immense stock
DIAMONDS RANGING SIZE TO $1,000
ON CREDIT
Strictly confidential No red tape
Small Weekly or Monthly Payments
CALL OR SEND FOR XMAS CATALOG
ROYAL DIAMOND & WATCH CO.
35 MAIDEN LANE, 6th FLOOR
OPEN EVENINGS TILL 9 O'CLOCK



Clearance Sale

Young Men's Suits and Overcoats

(sizes 33 to 40 chest measure)
that have been formerly priced up to $70

Sale Price
$39.50

All other sack suits, including our standard blue, and all other overcoats, including those made for us in London

Formerly priced from $75 to $110

Sale Prices
$49.50 and $59.50

"Prep" suits for young men from 14 to 18 years. Formerly up to $85. *Sale Prices* $34.50 and $49.50.

DE PINNA

Fifth Avenue at 50th Street



It will show him you were thinking of his needs

A gift that he will enjoy day after day

OF course, he may have a safety razor now, *but the chances are he is not thoroughly satisfied with it.* Ordinary safety razor blades grow dull quickly. That means discomfort. It also means constant blade expense.

What more welcome Christmas present could you find for him than this razor that sharpens itself?

Probably he has wanted an AutoStrop Razor for some time, but has neglected to buy it. Get him this Christmas what he hasn't found time to purchase for himself. Give him the razor he has wanted—the one razor that will add to his comfort and pleasure every morning of the year.

The AutoStrop Razor is a razor and stropping machine in one. Without removing the blade or taking the razor apart, it can be sharpened, used for shaving and cleaned.

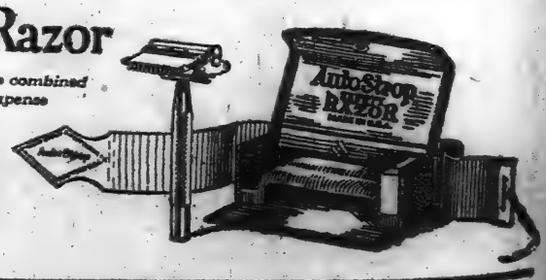
Every time he shaves he will appreciate the care and thought you gave to choosing the right present.

Ask your dealer to show you the many styles of AutoStrop Razor sets—from the folding pocket kit to fitted and complete traveling sets—from the standard set at five dollars to the attractive sterling silver set at twenty-five.

AutoStrop Razor

—a razor and stropping device combined —saves constant blade expense

On razors, strops, blades, etc., hereafter manufactured by us we shall apply the trade mark "Valet" in addition to the trade mark "AutoStrop" as an additional indication that they are the genuine products of the AutoStrop Safety Razor Co., New York.





Genuine Cowhide Traveling Bags, with English frames, three pockets, and leather lining. Sizes 16 and 18 inches. Without question the best values in New York at **8.95**

Broadway **Saks & Company** 34th Street

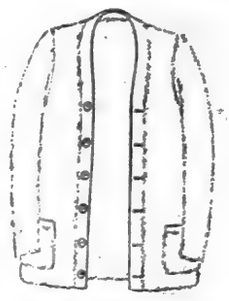
New Store Hours, up to and including December 24th, 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Genuine Cowhide Suit Cases, so well constructed, they *must* give good service. Reinforced at corners with heavy leather. Brown or russet **12.95**



Last Minute Gift Suggestions—All Priced Very Low

—if there is someone you have overlooked, or if you have yet to discover *the ideal gift*, you will surely find it in the great stocks of Saks & Company. Here are a few suggestions that we hope will solve your last minute problems of gift giving. The prices are extremely low, and the quality as always—*right!*



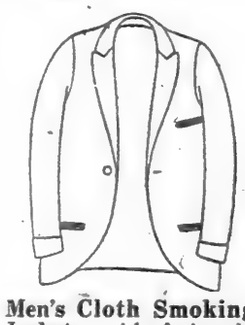
Men's Sweaters

Men's Brushed Wool Sport Sweaters in roll collar and V-neck styles. Made of brushed mohair yarn or pure worsted. Colors: brown, grey, navy, heather mixtures and camel's hair effects. . . . **9.50**

Men's Imported Sweaters in V-neck style. Blue heather, brown heather, and camel's hair colorings **10.50**

Men's Wool Vests

—knit in pure Australian wool, with braid edging. Colors: brown, green heather, blue heather, grey, pearl grey, camel's hair . . **7.50**



Men's Cloth Smoking Jackets, with facing in contrasting color, silk cord edging and silk frogs. Including tax . . . **5.95**

Men's Velvet Smoking Jackets. Smart Tuxedo model, made of superior quality Velvet, with collar and cuffs of grosgrain silk. All silk lined . . . **37.75**

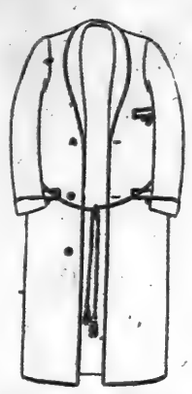


Genuine Cowhide Shopping Bags. Sturdily made to resist hard wear. Cordovan color, and sizes 14, 15 and 16 inches . . . **7.50**

Men's Genuine Pin Morocco or Pin Seal Wallets, with 14 karat gold corners in three-fold hipbook style, some with pass case . **8.50**

Imported Writing Portfolio in saffin leather. Five colors to choose from . **3.50**

Main Floor



Men's Beacon Blanket Robes in a large variety of splendid patterns . . **6.95**

Men's Wool Blanket Robes of extra fine quality woolen blankets, in jacquard patterns and camel's hair effects. Including tax **15.75**

Men's Imported Wool Dressing Robes, trimmed with contrasting color silk, cloth or velvet. Oxford, tan, blue, and camel's hair colorings. All sizes. Including tax . . **21.25**

Men's Silk Dressing Robes in full and three-quarter lengths. Made of heavy silks in Persian, Paisley, and floral designs. Including tax **32.25**



Men's Imported Fibre Silk Mufflers, in white, grey, black, navy blue, with colored borders . . . **2.95**

Men's Silk Knitted Cravats in a host of plain colors, black, and smart stripings . **2.65**

Men's Domet Flannel Nightshirts in a variety of excellent patterns. With or without collars . . **1.65**

Main Floor

Women's Hosiery of Quality

Women's All Wool Ribbed Sports Hose, full length, with flare garter top. Rich brown and green heather mixtures . . . **1.95**

Women's Full Fashioned Thread Silk Hose with reinforced garter top, toe and heel. All wanted shades. **1.95**

Women's Novelty Lace Silk Hose, full fashioned. Black, white, cordovan, grey, silver and gold **3.95**

Main Floor



Ten-Piece Ivortus Toilet Sets—as pictured—consisting of large mirror, hair brush, comb, puff box, hair receiver, nail polisher, shoe horn, button hook and nail file, packed in beautiful lined box. Each piece engraved with any style monogram *free* **25.50**



Girls' Bloomer Dresses, sturdily made of fine chambray in plaids and plain colors. Two models are featured, trimmed with white collars and cuffs, and generous sashes of self material. Sizes 6 to 12 years . **3.75**

Second Floor



Mesh Bags in green gold finish, of fine reversible mesh, finished with three mesh tassels and strap or chain handle **10.95**



Platinum Bar Pins in filigree designs, set with 1 large diamond and 12 small diamonds . **235.00**

Indestructible Pearl Necklaces in 30 inch opera length. Made of lustrous pearls, perfectly graduated, and fitted with solid gold clasp **15.00**



Women's Diamond Rings, made of seven diamonds set in platinum, with 18 kt. white gold engraved shank. The effect is that of 1¼ karats . . **45.00**



Women's Sweaters

at very moderate prices

At 2.95

Women's Surplice Sweaters that are very light of weight, but very, very warm and comfortable underneath the coat. Made of shetland wool in all the wanted light and dark colors.

At 5.95

Women's and Misses' Wide Brushed Wool Scarfs, with pockets and belts. Suitable for skating and tailored wear. In brown, navy, and black.

At 5.50

Women's Worsted Tuxedo Sweaters, full fashioned, with collars and cuffs of heavy brushed wool. In navy, buff, brown, black, peacock and beaver.

At 11.50

Women's Sport Sweaters of pure worsted in Norfolk model, with tuxedo collar and cuffs. In all the fashionable shades.

At 29.75

Women's Pure Silk Sweaters in tuxedo coat model in plain and fancy weaves. Colors: black, navy, brown, buff, white and pink. *Third Floor*



Dainty Blouses of voile in white, flesh and bisque, smartly trimmed with collar, cuffs and vestee of modish eyelet embroidery . **2.00**



Dressy Blouses of soft Georgette Crepe with wide frill edged with val lace. Generous tucking adds further charm, and the colors are white, flesh and bisque . . **5.00**



Hand-Made Blouses of rare beauty, made of sheerest batiste, and trimmed with the finest of drawn work, embroidered dots and real filet lace **6.95**

Lustrous Satin Blouses in high and low neck models, perfectly tailored or adorned with frilling of self material. **6.95**



Boudoir Caps that are truly bewitching—made of net in Dutch effect, with ribbon trimming . . **1.50**

Boudoir Caps of fine net, with trimming of lace and ribbon .. **2.00**

Bodices of washable satin, with insertion of filet lace and shoulder straps of lace to match .. **1.00**



Women's Beacon Blanket Robes, carefully tailored. In floral designs, fleur de lis patterns and smart checks—with shawl or convertible collar, finished with cord or ribbon . . **7.95**



Ribbon Bracelet Watches of 14 kt. solid gold, fitted with 15 jewel lever movement . . **15.00**



White Gold Bracelet Watches, mounted on ribbon. Oval, octagon, square and tonneau shapes, engraved or engine turned designs. The movement is 15-jewel . . **29.50**

Women's Gloves

Women's Strap-Wrist White Glace Gloves of excellent quality . . **2.95**

Women's 16-Button Mousquetaire White Gloves. Made of fine imported skins . . **4.95**



Men's and Women's Umbrellas

Women's Satin Bordered Silk Umbrellas with full length bakelite handles, bakelite tips and stub ends. Colors: red, purple, blue, green and brown **7.95**

Women's Fine Silk Umbrellas with most exquisite handles of sterling silver, or bakelite, sterling silver trimmed. Bakelite tips and stub ends. All colors **9.85**

Men's Silk Umbrellas with wide tape edge, and 8-ribbed Paragon frame. Handsome crooked handles of carved woods **6.45**

Main Floor

JEWELRY
WATCHES
PEARLS, PRECIOUS STONES
STATIONERY, SILVER PLATE
—
REED & BARTON
ESTABLISHED 1824
THEODORE B. STARR, Inc
ESTABLISHED 1862
FIFTH AVENUE AT 47TH ST.
4 MAIDEN LANE

Rain Coats

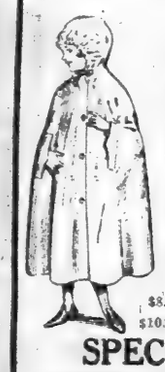
USEFUL HOLIDAY GIFTS
for the Entire Family

LAST 2 DAYS

Boys' Black Rubber Coats
Guaranteed Waterproof. Newest style, fine quality rubber. A coat that any boy will be proud to wear. Sizes 4 to 16
Regularly Sold at $7.50
Special
$3.95



Hats to Match, 67c



Girls' Cape With Hood
Very fine quality Satine—in Blue, Red and Tan—a good, serviceable gift
Sizes 4 to 16.
Regularly Sold at $4.00
Special
$2.45

BETTER GRADE
$6 Value $3.45
$8.00 Value $4.45
$10.00 Value $5.45

SPECIAL
485 MEN'S and WOMEN'S RAINCOATS
of every description
Values up to $30..... $14.50

GOODYEAR Waterproof Company
Our Only Store
840 B'way S. E. Cor. 13th St.
Open Evenings Until 9 P. M.
MAIL ORDERS promptly attended to. All goods shipped in handsome Xmas Box. Send age or size wanted. Also check or money order

PLAZA ART and AUCTION ROOMS
EDWARD P. O'REILLY, AUCTIONEER
5 AND 7 EAST 59TH STREET (At 5TH AVE.)

Auction Events This Week
Part I. of the Library of
JOHN BOTTOMLEY, Esq.,
TO-DAY (THURS.) at 2 P. M.
Noted Collection of Dramatic Books and Fine Standard Sets
BY ORDER OF
WILLIAM T. DREW, Esq.,
and others.
Sale Friday, Dec. 24, at 2 P. M.
A collection from various estates, Persian and Chinese Rugs, various sizes, both modern and antique.
NOTE—The above collections are on public view until time of sale.



BACO RUBBERS
protect your health—and your pocket-book as well
They save your shoes
J. BACO & CO. NEW YORK

BLASCO IBANEZ' Novel
The Enemies of Women
$2.15. If not on sale in your local bookstore, it can be had from
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

Press Associations Before House Committee.

TELL OF LACK OF FACILITIES

Private Companies Disposed to Assent to the Plan for One Year.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Representatives of newspapers and news press associations appeared before the committee on merchant marine and fisheries of the House today to urge that, for the term of one year, at least, the naval radio stations of this country be thrown open for the sending and acceptance of press dispatches, when not in use for official business.

It was contended that the present arrangement by which the Department of Commerce has the power to raise or clamp down the embargo on the use of the naval radio was unsatisfactory; that adequate service was not being provided for the press by privately owned and operated radio corporations to and from many parts of the world, and that delays in transmission were frequent.

Congressman Edward A. Britten of Illinois appeared in behalf of a change of policy which would aid in the distribution and collection of news. After an extended exchange of views, he urged an amendment to the existing resolution of Congress, which would provide for a permit covering one year and for its renewal, by the Department of Commerce, after a public hearing, in the event that, at its expiration, it could be shown that the private radio corporations were not yet in a position to handle the press business offered.

Expect Agreement on Plan.

As a result of the evidence adduced at the hearing, it seemed probable tonight that an agreement would be reached for an amendment which would satisfy the conflicting interests. Officials of the privately owned radio companies who attended the hearing expressed the view that no serious opposition would be raised to a change in the resolution which temporarily gave the publishers assurance of the use of the naval radio stations so that they might go ahead with contemplated negotiations for the improvement of radio facilities abroad. But strenuous objection was raised by these radio officials to a step which would put the Government into the field permanently as a competitor with private business. Such a step, it was held, would be a move toward public ownership and injure the development of the privately owned corporations.

Congressman William S. Greene of Massachusetts, Chairman of the House committee, agreed with emphasis, that anything which savored of public ownership or the entrance of the Government into competition with private business should be avoided.

"I suppose," he said at the conclusion of the hearing, "that we have got to try to give the newspapers what they want, but there is not going to be any Government ownership talk and we've got to see that private enterprise gets its chance too."

Pierson Asks for More Service.

The request for more extensive use of the naval radio facilities was made by members of the American Publishers Association's Committee on Cable and Radio Communication, of which Joseph Pierson of The Chicago Tribune is Chairman. Mr. Pierson and other members, explained that it was a question solely of obtaining more adequate service. They held that from time to time under the present arrangement, naval radio stations were idle although the privately owned corporations were unable to handle the business offered, and there were delays of many hours in transmission.

It was the purpose of the committee, Mr. Pierson and others explained, to endeavor to make arrangements in Europe, for better facilities, but it was difficult to carry out such an undertaking and arrange for the sending of additional matter by wireless, unless it was known definitely that for a specified time—a year was advocated—the Department of Commerce, which has power under the present form of the for a permit extending a year was substituted. This brought about a more amicable relationship and paved the way to something approximating an agreement.

Want Permit Limited to a Year.

William Brown, appearing for the Radio Corporation of America, and Calvert Townley of the International Radio Telegraph Company and Westinghouse interests, indicated that there might be no objection to a permit being granted for the period of one year, subject to renewal, if the private companies were then unable to provide proper service. Mr. Brown said that at present the Radio Corporation of America probably was unable to handle all "press file" to certain points. He was definite only in his statement that all business to and from Norway could be handled. He felt certain, he said, that his company would have no objection to the naval radio handling all press matter possible for one year, at least; but for the impression to get out that the Government was entering into permanent competition might prove very harmful, and any step which tended in that direction would be opposed.

The officials of the International Radio Telegraph Company said that they would oppose anything which created a situation where business such as press messages which they might want later was taken away from them permanently, although at present they might be glad to have the naval radio stations handle it. All seemed agreed that until radio communication was developed more there could be no serious objection to the navy handling press matter sent at a greatly reduced rate.

The testimony on behalf of the newspapers and news press associations was centred on an effort to show that facilities were inadequate for the proper handling of news at present and that it was a serious mistake to permit the naval radio stations to remain idle. It was held that even when the privately owned radio corporations had asserted they were able to handle the business delays had been long and at times destructive where the value of the news transmitted was concerned.

Bullard and Rogers Back Request.

Rear Admiral Bullard, Director of Radio Communication, and Walter S. Rogers, American member of the General Communications Conference, were sturdy supporters of the viewpoint taken by the newspaper representatives. Admiral Bullard said he believed that the newspapers were patriotic in their endeavors. He emphasized the point that great benefit came to the United States by the proper distribution of news abroad concerning its activities. Friendly relations would be brought about between Governments and commerce promoted, he said.

The Admiral said that the navy radio stations had earned about $1,500,000 last year, a fact which was not generally

Mr. Rogers told the committee that in his opinion, the privately owned radio corporations would gain by having the naval stations carry press matter. He said that it was the opinion of those who closely observed conditions, that trade followed the distribution of news and the establishment of better relations between nations, and where trade was increased there would be found additional business, at the high commercial rates, for the privately owned companies.

Congressman Rufus Hardy, of Texas, asked several questions on this line and developed its importance to the nation and to business. Congressman Carl R. Chindblom, of Illinois, who has been a student of the radio question, also took the position that steps should be taken to relieve a situation such as that pictured by the representatives of the newspapers.

Chairman Greene held that the newspapers had been negligent in not bringing their complaints to the committee earlier. He said he had been approached by no one representing the newspapers and did not know the matter was to be brought up at this hearing until the last moment.

Mr. Pew of the International News explained that the newspapers and press associations had hoped that normal conditions of communication would return after the war, but that such had not been the case.

Eugene Young of The New York World told of delays in the transmission of cable dispatches from Europe recently. He said it was impossible to obtain answers to queries sent abroad, either by cable or wireless, without many hours of delay.

The complaint was made on behalf of the newspapers by Congressman Britten that they were not notified nor did they receive any hearing by the Secretary of Commerce when the subject of shutting down the use of the naval radio stations for press dispatches at the request of private radio corporations was under consideration. This was admitted by Eugene T. Chamberlain, Commissioner of Navigation, of the Department of Commerce, who had supervision over the radio for the Government.

It was determined to hold another session on Jan. 6, when one representative of the newspapers and one of the private radio corporations will be heard, if they desire. It is probable that an effort will be made to obtain an amendment to the existing resolution in Congress soon after that hearing.

Importers Since 1866
McGibbon & Co.
1 AND 3 WEST 37TH ST.
ONE DOOR FROM FIFTH AVENUE

NOVELTY FURNITURE
Reasonably Priced
Gateleg, Tipleaf, Refectory, Davenport and Console Tables.
Colonial Windsor Arm, Rocker and Side Chairs,
Rush Bottom or Mahogany Seats.
Colonial Clocks and Mirrors

HANDKERCHIEFS
SPECIALLY SELECTED—NEATLY BOXED
Ladies' Pure Linen Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 65c, 75c, $1.00 each.
Ladies' Initial Handkerchiefs, $3.75 doz. up.
SPECIAL—Men's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, Hemstitched or Initialed, $7.50 doz. up.
STORE OPENS 9 A. M. TO 5:30 P. M.
McGibbon for Quality

Macy's

For a MAN'S Christmas

HOUSE COATS
Special
$8.87
inc. tax

There is no gift more acceptable to a man than a comfy house coat. Comfort and durability are combined in these coats—and the low price is extremely attractive.

They are made of double faced fabrics in the popular shawl collar model.

COLORS: Blue, Brown, Green and Gray

Sizes 34 to 48

Silk Smoking Jackets

Made of figured brocaded silk. All are silk lined and silk faced. In one button, notch collar, tuxedo style.

COLORS: Green, Gray, Blue, Red and Purple effects.

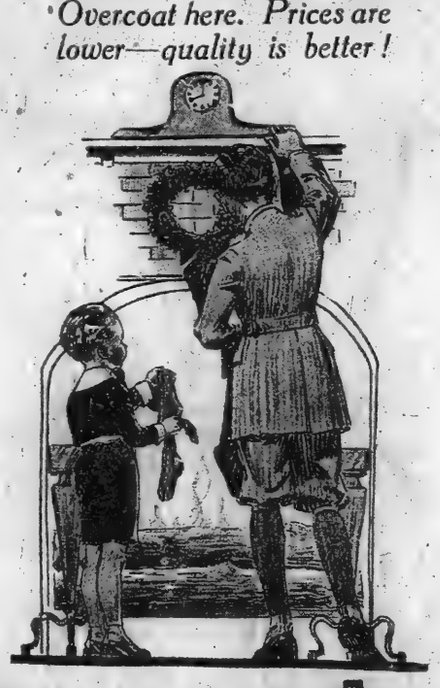
Price
$30.88
inc. tax

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

The House of Distinctive Jewels
Gifts for the Holidays
Moderate-priced Diamond Bracelets, Brooches, Rings and Novelties
561 Fifth Ave., Corner 46th St.

Boys!
Get your Xmas Suit or Overcoat here. Prices are lower—quality is better!



Kid Klothes
COPYRIGHT
SALE!
Suits—Overcoats
Mackinaws—Reefers
That Were Up to $30
Now $10.75

Other Specials
Now $6.75

Other Specials
Now $15.75



Moe Levy & Son
Our Only Store
New York City
119-125 Walker Street
Every Subway
or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station, within sight of our store.
OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7—SATURDAYS UNTIL 10

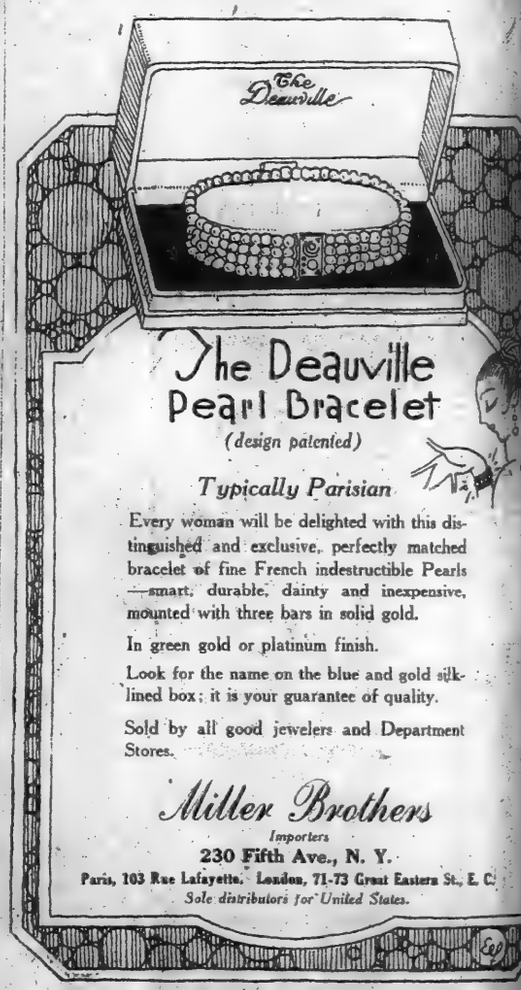


Ship Models To Go Above the Mantel

FROM Norway and Holland come these quaint Ship Models—genuine reproductions of staunch old Dutch and Norwegian craft. They belong over fireplaces in living rooms or libraries—bringing to any room the romance and adventure of the sea.

In three sizes—24 inches, 30 inches and 36 inches long. Prices—$85, $150 and $250.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
312-314 Fifth Avenue near 32nd St.



The Deauville Pearl Bracelet
(design patented)
Typically Parisian

Every woman will be delighted with this distinguished and exclusive, perfectly matched bracelet of fine French indestructible Pearls—smart, durable, dainty and inexpensive, mounted with three bars in solid gold.

In green gold or platinum finish.

Look for the name on the blue and gold silk-lined box; it is your guarantee of quality.

Sold by all good jewelers and Department Stores.

Miller Brothers
Importers
230 Fifth Ave., N. Y.
Paris, 103 Rue Lafayette. London, 71-73 Great Eastern St., E. C.
Sole distributors for United States.

CONFIDENTIAL CONVENIENT CREDIT

Beautiful 'Xmas Gifts
DIAMONDS, WATCHES
Gold Jewelry

Take your choice of any of our handsome jewelry to-day, while our stocks are largest—you pay us only a dollar or so a week—an amount you'll never miss! You can afford to buy a watch or ring or fine piece of jewelry this year. Our terms are liberal and confidential.

We carry a line of Jewelry from $10 to $2,500.

Bracelet Watch, guaranteed for 20 years. Special at $27.50.



Aquamarine Ring. Ribbon Bracelet Watch
At All Prices.

SUGGESTIONS THAT MAY AID YOUR CHOICE

Bar Pins	Cuff Links
Bracelets	DIAMONDS
Bracelet Watches	Diamond Ear Rings
Brooches	Dinner Rings
Cameos	Emblem Rings
Chains	Fancy Stone Rings
Cigar Cutters	Finger Rings
Cigarette Cases	Gold Knives

Operating six big stores in various States gives us Tremendous Buying Power. We get Rock Bottom Prices and share the saving with you.

CASTLE CONFIDENTIAL CREDIT
$25.00 $1.00 Weekly
$50.00 $1.00 Weekly
$100.00 $2.00 Weekly
1374 Broadway
2 DOORS ABOVE 37th St.
A STORE—NOT AN OFFICE
Call or Write for Book of Gems.
OPEN EVENINGS TILL 10 O'CLOCK

Operators Are Unwilling to Grant $30 a Month Increase and Ten-Hour Day Asked.

New York is threatened with another harbor strike. A joint union committee has been negotiating with the Towboat Owners' Association for a new contract in place of the one which will expire on the first of the year. Yesterday a break came over both the question of wages and the demand of the workers for a ten-hour day, when the union's arbitration committee walked out of a meeting in the Towboat Exchange and refused to deal further with the employers.

The unions have asked for a $30 a month all-around increase in wages and a ten-hour working day. It was said yesterday that the boat owners were not willing to grant the increase. In place of a ten-hour day the owners seek to have a sixty-hour week written into the new contracts. It was this proposal, the men said, that caused the open rupture. The men contend that a sixty-hour week breaks up the uniformity of employment; that they can be called upon to work long periods and then only a few hours a day for the rest of the week. The short hours would so break up their day that they might just as well put in eight or ten hours as to go home, it was said.

A joint union committee met yesterday at the headquarters of the Masters, Mates and Pilots to plan a strike campaign. If a strike is called about 8,000 masters, mates, pilots, oilers, deckhands, firemen and cooks will go out. The engineers will automatically cease to work, and so it is estimated about 11,000 men will be affected and 500 towboats and steam lighters will be tied up. The Towboat Exchange is said to represent about 60 per cent. of the boat owners. The unions expect the other owners to sign the new agreement.

Captain William A. Maher, head of the Masters, Mates and Pilots' Association, went before the Salary and Grade Committee of the Board of Estimate yesterday and asked for a readjustment of the wage scale of marine workers on the municipal boats. He told President Maurice Connolly of Queens, Chairman of the committee, of the prospects of a strike on Jan. 1. He pointed out that quartermasters and licensed mates on the city's ferryboats receive less than deckhands and that stokers on fire tugs get more than engineers. Deckhands on the Staten Island ferryboats receive $1,600 a year, while mates, who are two grades higher, are paid $1,566. The committee deferred action until Tuesday.

"A compromise between now and January is all that will prevent a recurrence of a harbor strike, which in the last two winters has caused losses at this port running up into millions of dollars," said Captain Maher.

The Marine Engineers Beneficial Association, at a conference with the Towboat Owners Association on Tuesday, renewed the old agreement. Captain Maher said that this action on the part of the engineers would not interfere with the strike of the other boat workers. The indignation of the pilots and harbor boatmen, he said, was aroused yesterday when sixty-six towboat owners attempted to dictate the "most unfavorable terms imaginable" to the union workers.

The harbor workers under the leadership of Captain Maher are an independent association. Their refusal to accept the terms of the Towboat Owners' Association means that they will be without a contract after Jan. 1.

witnesses testified for the defense that they saw Judge McGannon leave his automobile at Euclid Avenue and East Ninth Street, five blocks from the scene of the shooting, and saw a "new third man" board the car after McGannon had gone.

Another witness, Harry A. Gallagher, a city fireman, testified that a "big man" passed him near the scene of the shooting after Kagy had been shot. The "big man," he swore, was not McGannon, although he resembled him somewhat.

Gallagher was the third witness of the day to testify regarding the "new third man," and the sixth of the day to corroborate McGannon's alibi that he left the machine "five blocks away" from where the shooting took place.

Mrs. Henriette Jouget testified that on the night of the murder she saw a big man, whom she did not know then, but knows now, was Judge McGannon, get out of an automobile at the corner of East Ninth Street and Euclid Avenue. She testified that a little before that time she saw a big man step into a doorway near the corner, change his hat and take something from one pocket and put into another. She swore that this man boarded the automobile after Judge McGannon left it.

Mrs. C. A. Beardsley was another witness to tell of the "new third man." She testified that she and her daughter passed the Euclid-East Ninth Street corner about midnight and saw Judge McGannon get out of an automobile and walk away and another man step on the running board and talk to the driver.

Miss Ethel Beardsley, her daughter, also a witness, corroborated her mother's testimony.

DROPS O'KEEFE INDICTMENT.

Court Discharges Postmaster at Trial of Nassau County Officials.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, N. Y., Dec. 22.—At the close of the State's case in the trial in the Supreme Court here today of Assemblyman Thomas A. McWhinney, a member of the Lockwood committee; Supervisor George Wilbur Doughty, Republican leader of Nassau County; Sheriff Charles W. Smith and Thomas H. O'Keefe, Postmaster of Oyster Bay, on an indictment charging them with conspiring to permit gambling in Nassau County, Justice Young dismissed the indictment against the fourth defendant.

The principal witness today was Allen C. Myers, a private detective, who declared that when Assistant-District Attorney Edwards and members of a citizen's organization raided a gambling house in East Rockaway a man named Stuckey met them at the door and said to Mr. Edwards: "This isn't fair. The Sheriff said we could have ten or fifteen minutes. Can't we fix this up? How much will it take?"

Other witnesses, including the Assistant District Attorney, had testified that when they informed Sheriff Smith of the proposed raid a few hours before they went to the house the Sheriff excused himself for a time, saying he was suffering from cramps and wanted to get some medicine. District Attorney Weeks asserted in his address to the jury at the opening of the trial that Sheriff Smith "tipped off" Stuckey of the coming raid.

Leonard Thorne, a constable, testified that when Sheriff Smith joined the raiding party at Lynbrook he overheard him ask Carman Hunt, who was later removed as County Detective, where the raid was to be made, and that the Sheriff immediately announced he was going to a drug store to obtain medicine.

The defense will open the case when the trial is continued tomorrow.



In the Bloomingdale Phonograph Shop the

Sonora
THE INSTRUMENT OF QUALITY
CLEAR AS A BELL

Make it a perfect Christmas by bringing the worlds best music into your home—please your family and yourself by the gift of gifts. The Sonora is a thoroughly satisfying phonograph—its tone, "clear as a bell," is a deep and lasting delight. Do not wait any longer — get your Sonora in time for Christmas.

Immediate Delivery
Easy Payments

Arrange your own terms within reason and we shall be glad to co-operate with you. Our system of small monthly payments is very convenient—come in and see about it. Immediate delivery—come in before its too late!

Priced from $125 to $1500

Open Evenings Until Christmas to 10 P. M.

Bloomingdales—Second Floor.

There are the Twentieth Century Limited, the Pennsylvania Special and the Express Elevators to The Man's Shop at Lord & Taylor

Society's Activities



THE reflex of social activities is daily observable just now in The Man's Shop. It comes there hourly in the very general search for holiday gifts. It may be in the selection of scarfs or socks which a man already fairly supplied will prefer to those in his chifforobe.

Or in the man's own selection of evening suit, waistcoat and dinner coat.

Frequently it has had its origin way down in the mountains of North Carolina, where a prominent New York society woman started an industry—the hand-weaving of the new famous Biltmore homespuns by the sons of mountaineers.

From these homespuns, oddly enough, are made the Asheville overcoats, for which men of social position are showing a decided preference. They are in rich, dark colorings, from an almost black Oxford, or a sedate blue, to the heather shades—and they are exclusive to the Man's Shop.

They are in direct contrast with the swinging, guardsman type of coat—perfect examples of that simple conservatism which prevails today more than ever.

In the brushing up of the business man's wardrobe—the purchase of tweed and cheviot suits, and suits for country use—in the general replenishment of the chauffeur's livery, the approach of the holidays, with its out-of-town days, is pleasantly reflected.

The men's gifts here available are almost without limit; and the Express Elevators—without stop—enable you to do this large share of your Christmas shopping in a dignified way, far above the bustling throngs of Murray Hill.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street — FIFTH AVENUE — 39th Street

The Man's Shop, Tenth Floor

Branch of New Jersey Bureau of Licenses for Motoring

Express Elevators Without Stop



JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd, Manhattan
Court Street at Montague, Brooklyn

25 Holiday Gifts For A Man

Dress and Fancy Waistcoats
Initial Handkerchiefs
Tan Capeskin Gloves
Silk Handkerchiefs
Wool Knit Jackets
Knitted Neckwear
Fur Lined Gloves
Madras Pajamas
Lounging Robes
Smoking Jackets
Walking Sticks
Madras Shirts
Leather Goods
Comfy Slippers
Silk Neckwear
Wool Mufflers
Mocha Gloves
Wool Hosiery
Silk Pajamas
Silk Mufflers
Silk Hosiery
Bath Robes
Silk Shirts
Umbrellas
Jewelry

4 Holiday Gifts For A Woman

Mufflers
Umbrellas
Silk Hosiery
Mannish Wool Hosiery

Silk Shirts Are Gifts A Man Will Take To His Bosom

$15.00, $12.50, $10.50 Shirts
$7.95
WHITE OR COLORED, AS PREFERRED

Even If Price Is No Object In A Gift, Surely A Reduced Price Is No Objection. The Fabrics Include Celebrated Empire Broadcloth Silks, Jap Brocade Silks, Fancy Jersey Silks And Crepe Silks In Colorings Of Splendor And Smartness Designed For And Confined To Patrons Of The John David Shop

JOHN DAVID GIFT BONDS
An Genuine Morocco Case Without Extra Charge

JOHN DAVID GIFT BOXES
Excess Every Purchase Without Extra Charge

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL CHRISTMAS

Lord & Taylor

38th Street — —FIFTH AVENUE— — 39th Street

All Leather Luggage
At Reduced Prices



Fine Fitted Bags and Cases For Men and Women
Reduced to within a fraction of their original cost.

Women's Fitted Cases—Reduced to $37.50
(Centre Illustration)
Splendidly made of black cobra-grained cowhide, all hand sewed, padded top, moire silk lining with pockets in either end, fitted with eleven articles of fine French ivory. Tax included.

Women's Fitted Cases—Reduced to $47.50
(Illustration at left)
A removable easel—holds eleven toilet articles, fine French ivory. The case is made of fine cobra-grained cowhide, hand sewed edges, padded top, lined with moire silk with pockets in either end. Tax included.

Men's Fine Fitted Cases Reduced to $75.00
Several styles, some similar to illustration at right; others with fittings on removable easel or in toilet roll at end of case. Tax included.

Seventh Floor

Direct to Consumer
From Manufacturer

200 All Silk Umbrellas

Taped Edges with Celluloid Handles, Ivorene Tips and Ends in Purple and Green to match.

Our Price Only $5.50

200 Best All Silk Umbrellas

with 2-inch border tape in Blue, Purple and Green with Ivorene Tips and Ends, Select Variety of Handles.

Our Price Only $8.50

200 Gloria Silk Mixture

umbrellas, with a special selection of Ring Handles, some with Leather Straps.

Our Price Only $4.25

Sale To-day and To-morrow

Come Early and Avoid the Rush

Wangee Umbrella Company
92 EAST 10TH ST.,
½ Block East of Wanamaker's
Near 4th Avenue
Phone 4138 Stuyvesant

More Registered Voters Than Democrats Have.

BIGGEST GAIN IN BROOKLYN

Party Leaders Declare That Borough Now Holds the Balance of Political Power.

According to the enrollment for 1920, the figures of which were given out yesterday by John R. Voorhis, President of the Board of Elections, New York is to be considered a Republican city. Gaining 260,637 over the enrollment for 1919, while the Democrats show a loss of 14,800 compared with last year, the Republicans have a lead over the Democrats of 112,463 registered voters in the entire city.

The largest Republican gain is in Kings County, where the Republican total for 1920 is 259,402, compared to 178,628, giving the Republicans control of Brooklyn by 80,774. According to Brooklyn Republican leaders that borough will henceforth hold the balance of political power in the city. The figures show that the Republicans have taken the Democratic stronghold of Manhattan away from the Democrats, the Republican majority in the borough being now 40,033. The Bronx remains true to the Democrats, the latter having a majority in the borough of 2,632 enrolled voters. Queens also remains Democratic by 2,071, although making a decided slump Republicanward, while Richmond still is in the Democratic column by 3,641.

The Democrats not only lost heavily in every borough as compared with the Republicans, but in the entire city they showed a decrease of 14,800 over last year's enrollment. The huge Manhattan and Brooklyn Republican gains were a big surprise to the Democrats, whose leaders place the entire blame on the Republican Presidential landslide. They asserted last night that the Republicans would show no such strength in a Mayoralty year. They insisted that, while the Brooklyn enrollment showed a great gain for the Republicans, that borough, in fact, always had been classed as independent and would be found so in future elections.

Total Registration in City.

The total registration for the entire city this year, according to the Board of Elections figures, was 1,373,546, an increase over 1919 of 295,378. The Republican enrollment is 645,630, as compared to 382,993 in 1919, an increase of 260,637. This year's Democratic enrollment in the entire city is 531,167, as compared to 572,501 in 1919, a decrease of 41,334. The Socialist enrollment is 80,845, as compared to 87,213 in 1919, a decrease of 6,368. The Prohibition enrollment is 1,373, as compared to 1,293 in 1919, an increase of 80.

The enrollment by boroughs in 1920 was as follows:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Manhattan	320,963	282,867	603,830
Bronx	128,814	72,544	201,358
Kings	212,963	122,963	494,926
Queens	91,902	53,204	145,106
Richmond	19,909	10,267	30,236
Total	572,501	801,845	1,373,546

The following table shows the enrolment by parties in each borough for 1920:

	Males.	Females.
Manhattan.		
Republican	138,089	91,129
Democratic	137,570	87,180
Socialist	12,570	7,466
Prohibition	853	872
Bronx.		
Republican	47,325	27,301
Democratic	53,214	26,247
Socialist	8,446	1,239
Prohibition	255	291
Kings.		
Republican	157,780	101,622
Democratic	119,965	58,663
Socialist	11,702	8,313
Prohibition	875	1,182
Queens.		
Republican	38,633	27,321
Democratic	46,271	21,764
Socialist	1,738	805
Prohibition	239	336
Richmond.		
Republican	7,257	5,000
Democratic	11,352	4,546
Socialist	220	59
Prohibition	120	212

Women played an important part in the dethronement of Tammany in Manhattan. In that borough 29,594 more women enrolled in the Republican Party than did women in the Democratic Party. In Brooklyn the proportion was still greater, 42,950 more Republican women enrolling.

Vessel Seized In Suit.

An application on behalf of the Spanish Ambassador that the Turkish steamer Gul Djemal be released from the libel in an Admiralty suit instituted by the Mount Royal Steamship Company, was denied yesterday by Federal Judge Knox. The Turkish Government, it was explained, was anxious that the vessel be permitted to sail instead of being moored here pending the settlement of what may be a long controversy.

Judge Knox said that if error had been committed in libeling the Gul Djemal it could be corrected on appeal and that the release of the vessel might embarrass the State Department.

TO HEAR PLEA TO BAR SONG.

G. Ricordi & Co. Claim Infringement of Puccini Copyright.

Federal Judge Knox is expected to hear argument tomorrow morning on an application made by Nathan Burkan, counsel for the music publishing house of G. Ricordi & Co. of New York and Milan for an injunction restraining Jerome H. Remick & Co. from printing and selling the song "Avalon" on the ground that the music is the same as that of the aria in the last act of Puccini's "La Tosca," the copyright of which is held by the plaintiffs.

Al Jolson and Vincent Rose have received credit as the composers of the song and music.



A *Useful* Christmas Gift—
a box of the
Best Wearing Socks Made

Interwoven

REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
TOE AND HEEL

Socks



The Remsen Farmhouse at the Close of the Eighteenth Century

Brooklyn's Early Dutch Settlers—and Their Homes

SETTLEMENT on the western coast of Long Island was at first slow—the early Dutch pioneers, skilled in agriculture, gradually spread over its productive meadows and timber farmhouses began to dot the landscape.

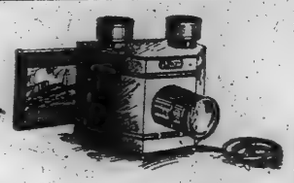
Many of these old Dutch homes still exist and typify the character of Brooklyn's development into the present great Home Town. There has been no boom in Brooklyn real estate, but a steady uninterrupted advance in the value of Brooklyn homes.

Today, our Guaranteed First Mortgages on this form of property pay a higher return to the investor than ever before. Absolute safety is the outstanding feature of Brooklyn and Queens mortgages, obtainable in any amount and guaranteed by us as to principal and income. They now yield 5½%. Also Guaranteed First Mortgage Bonds from $250 upwards.

We have an interesting booklet to send you

HOME TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY
Henry J. Davenport, *President*
Willoughby and Jay Streets, Brooklyn

The All Year Gift for the Young Folks



A Radiopticon

Post Card and Picture Projector. Simple and safe to operate; attach to any house socket. Complete with all necessary wiring and connections.

$12.00 and $16.50

WILLOUGHBY
Kodak Headquarters
110 West 32nd Street — Opposite Penn. Hotel



Fire Sets from $15.00 to $50.00

"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"

CHRISTMAS reigns every day at Ovington's. For Ovington's, from one end of the year to the other, is a gift shop, letter-perfect in the selection of good gifts, and trained by long experience to proper handling.

Gifts are arranged on special tables at $5.00, $7.50, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00, $20.00, $25.00, and each table contains special values.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
312-314 Fifth Ave. Near 32nd St.

BOOKS FOR CHRISTMAS

The Sea and the Jungle *By H. M. TOMLINSON*
"The most vibrant and living impressions of both that have ever been put on record," says Grant Overton in *Life*. $5.00

Memoirs of the Count de Rochechouart
Sidelights on France and Russia during the Napoleonic wars. $5.00

Birds of La Plata *By W. H. HUDSON*
Fully described in two volumes, superbly illustrated in colors. $15.00

By-paths in Sicily *By ELIZA PUTNAM HEATON*
"Folklore of the Isle of Unrest. . . . Interesting, alive."—*Times*, London. $3.50

Among Italian Peasants *By TONY CYRIAX*
Tourists seeking the picturesque rarely see this artist's Italy. $5.00

Diplomatic Reminiscences *By A. NEKLUDOFF*
A Russian's observations in Sofia, Stockholm, etc. $8.00

Memories. In two volumes. *By LORD REDESDALE*
A fascinating record of an unusually full and rich life. $12.00

The Cathedral of Reims. *By Monsgr. M. LANDRIEUX*
A record of beauty, wantonly destroyed. Fully illustrated. $6.00

Old-World Lace. Illustrated. *By CLARA M. BLUM*
Distinguishes the kinds of old lace by countries and periods. $10.00

Herbert Beerbohm Tree *By MAX BEERBOHM*
Memories of his life and friends. Fully illustrated. $7.00

The Cream of Curiosity *By REGINALD L. HINE*
An account of Mss. of three centuries, hitherto unpublished. $5.00

The General Staff and Its Problems *By Gen. LUDENDORFF*
Official documents, records of conferences, etc., of the highest importance. In two volumes $15.00

A Tour of America's National Parks. *By H. O. REIK*
The most wonderful public playgrounds in the world. $4.00

Chips of Jade *By ARTHUR GUITERMAN*
Bits of Oriental philosophy done into crisp, spicy verse. $2.00

These books should be on sale in your bookstore; if not, they can be had from

E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave., New York

Back to pre-war battery prices

PREST-O-LITE batteries for all cars

Last to raise, first to reduce

THAT new storage battery your car needs—can now be bought at a big and substantial saving. You will think the good old days have really come back when you see what Prest-O-Lite has done to restore the low cost of motoring.

Heavy reduction in cost of your new battery

Yet quality has been rigidly maintained. That unusual pep and reserve power for which the Prest-O-Lite battery has always been famous, is greater than ever to-day.

A full powered battery of correct size for your car is ready, waiting for you at the new price. A Prest-O-Lite battery in your car will give you a world of satisfaction.

The Prest-O-Lite Service Station in your locality will quote you the new low price. If your old battery still has some value, they will make you a handsome allowance in buying a new battery, a still further saving in addition to the substantial discount that the new low price will give you.

THE PREST-O-LITE COMPANY, Inc.
30 East 42nd Street, New York
Automotive Electric Service Corp., Distributor, 206 Amsterdam Avenue.

Service and Sales Stations Everywhere

PS 11—18

Imported Havana Cigars



Highlights Among Gifts for Men

Give a box of them to your men-folks. It is an always welcome gift. It shows real understanding of a man's desires. It is a compliment to his taste for the finer things in life.

This year more so than ever. The 1920 Imported Havana Cigars are better than any since 1905, due to this year's exceptional crop of Havana Tobacco.

A Gift truly luxurious, though not extravagant.

THE IDEAL CHRISTMAS GIFT

Cigar Manufacturers' Association of the Island of Cuba

The 1920 Crop Havana Tobacco Best Since 1905

An English Wife in Berlin

By EVELYN PRINCESS BLÜCHER

The Boston Transcript calls it:—
"So far the most revealing and absorbing personal record."

The New York Evening Post says:—
"Informal, racy of the moment, lively in mingling of personal incident with political happening, it reflects with unconscious dramatic quality the development of the German catastrophe and the aftermath of disaster."

The Chicago Evening Post says:—
"It is in a class by itself; fairly teems with interesting details."

Price $6.00. It should be on sale at your bookstore; if not, it can be had from

E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY, 681 5th Ave., N. Y.

Mid-Week Pictorial

CHRISTMAS NUMBER

This week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL contains 32 pages, a special Christmas issue. The front page is an etching of Miss Constance Binney, especially posed for the MID-WEEK as The Christmas Girl. There is a dazzling array of other beautiful women. The issue contains 22 etchings of Americans famed for their beauty. There is a double page reproduction of a painting of Lerolle, depicting the birth of Christ in the manger, a work which won high honors at the Paris Salons. This etching is of unusual beauty and appeal and is well worth framing. There are 92 etchings in the number, 32 pages. On news stands, 10 cts.



He'll Appreciate This Gift!

A Marathon Belt embodies all the essentials of *Style, Comfort* and *Service* which are sure to please any man—your husband, father, brother or beau. Standardize your gifts to men, give them Marathon Belts of Washable Flexyde.

Look for this Mark

At Men's-wear and Dep't Stores.

MARATHON
WASHABLE FLEXYDE
BELTS

S. M. WERHEIMER & CO., Sole Distributors,
33 Union Square West, N. Y.

PRIVATE SALE—XMAS GIFTS

Importers Selling at Retail
For 2 Weeks Only—Stock of

LADIES' Beaded Velvet Silk HANDBAGS

Genuine Parisian Manufacture
Also Ostrich Fans and Jewelry Novelties
AT HALF PRICE
Call at Showroom
BISHOP & GRO'SHUT, Importers
3 West 29th St. Take elevator to Suite 906.

OF VANDERLIP DEAL

Guarantees Demanded by Americans on Kamchatka Concession All Agreed To.

REGARDED AS BEST WEAPON

Writer Argues That Grants to Foreign Capitalists Will Help Promote World Revolution.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—What is regarded by officials as an obviously inspired article appeared in the Dec. 9 issue of the Moscow Izvestia, a Soviet organ, under the heading of "Concessions and American Capital," by the writer Vilensky, on the subject of the so-called concessions recently obtained from the Soviet régime at Moscow by Washington B. Vanderlip of California and the Americans associated with him in the enterprise.

A summary of the article, reaching Washington by cable today, says it opens with the statement that the presence of American capital in Asia and the plans of American capitalists "for developing certain Asiatic territories have practical value and great utility" for the Bolshevist régime itself. The reference obviously is to the international policy of Moscow toward Peking and Tokio.

The development of the investment of American capital in the direction of Asia, says the article, is due to two main causes, first and foremost because of the critical situation that exists in American industry during the period of readjustment, and secondly because of the general situation which exists between the eastern and western shores of the Pacific Ocean. The need of additional sources of raw material and additional markets for manufactured goods, which are alleged to exist in America, have turned the eyes of American capitalists toward Asia.

The United States is represented as having on its hands a great program of construction growing out of the war needs of fuel such as oil and coal. It also needs coal basos, continues the article, for its growing merchant marine. The mining of gold and other precious metals is another objective alleged to have stimulated attention to hitherto undeveloped fields in Asiatic Russia. It is for all these reasons, declares the article, that American capital represented by the "Vanderlip group" has "promised Soviet Russia enthusiastic support" in developing its natural resources.

The article asserts that in return for investing their capital the American financiers have exacted the following guarantees:

1. A concession in Kamchatka to run for sixty years.
2. The Soviet régime to give an undertaking that American property on this concession will not be nationalized.
3. The concessionaires may bring in American labor without restriction or interference.
4. That the American capitalists shall be entitled to construct any railways, telephone and telegraph lines, railroad and shipping piers, workmen's houses, &c., which may be necessary to develop the property.
5. The concessionaires shall have the right to export all the goods and raw materials that they may produce on the property.

In case of a dispute with the Soviet régime on any point of the agreement and in case of a desire of either party to annul any article of the agreement, the matter is to be submitted to arbitration by a disinterested third party, which is to be some foreign Government.

The article concludes with the statement that the Moscow Government realizes that foreign capitalists are helpless to change the political and social conditions of their respective countries even on the supposition that they might desire to do so, and therefore the Soviet authorities are approaching the matter in a practical spirit. Since a world revolution is one of the goals of Russia, it concludes, concessions to capitalists from other countries are at present the best weapon in the hands of the Soviet authorities to bring this about.

ACCEPTS SCHOOL PRIZES.

Board of Education Thanks Mrs. Morgenthau for Offer.

The offer of Mrs. Henry Morgenthau to give prizes yearly for the next four years to the 7A classes for work in cooking, housekeeping and sewing was accepted with thanks by the Board of Education yesterday.

Superintendent Ettinger submitted a letter to him from Principal Paul of the De Witt Clinton High School, protesting that smoke and gases from a building in Fifty-eighth Street, on the west side of the school, were a menace to the health of the teachers and pupils of the greatly interfered with their comfort and convenience. The matter was referred to the Board of Health.

It was decided to close the Board of Education Building at 2 P. M. on Dec. 24 and Dec. 31. A Christmas Day celebration will be held for the employees of the Board of Education on the evening of Dec. 29 in the Washington Irving High School. There will be a Christmas tree, refreshments, a vaudeville entertainment and other features.

The Committee of the Whole will meet on Dec. 31. Samuel Stern offered a resolution that the board convene at 4 P. M. each meeting day. It has been the practice to hold the meetings at any time, even as late as 7 P. M. or later. Mr. Ryan said the by-laws of the board set the hour at 4 P. M. It was only necessary to enforce this law.

KLAW LOSES LEGAL FIGHT.

Court Denies Application to See Ziegfeld "Follies" Books.

Supreme Court Justice Cohalan denied yesterday the application by Marc Klaw for a writ of mandamus to compel Florenz Ziegfeld and Abraham L. Erlanger to permit him to inspect the books of Ziegfeld's "Follies" and "Midnight Frolic" on the ground that he believes excessive expenditures are being made in the interest of Messrs. Erlanger and Ziegfeld.

The court said that a stockholder was entitled as a matter of right to see only the stock book, and that Mr. Klaw made no demand to see that. He pointed out that the defendants offered to furnish Mr. Klaw with a financial statement as required by law.

Jacques Pintel Plays Own Works.

Jacques Pintel, a pianist who has before been heard here, appeared at Carnegie Hall last evening in a program including five preludes and a waltz of his own, with works of Bach, Schumann, Wagner, César Franck and Leschetitsky. His playing was marked by Gallic taste, effective in lighter music, not without charm in certain tone contrasts, with which he lighted up the serious mood pictures of Schumann's "Fantasie."

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Dear Me," with Hale Hamilton and Grace La Rue in the leading roles, will be the next attraction at the Republic Theatre when "Daddy Dumplins" has finished its run.

There will be matinees of "The Prince and the Pauper" at the Booth daily next week, except Monday.

Matinees of "Her Family Tree," in which Nora Bayes will be seen at the Lyric on Monday night, will be given next Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

The New Barrie Play.

MARY ROSE, a play in three acts, by J. M. Barrie. At the Empire Theatre.

Mrs. Otery	Ada King
Harry	Tom Nesbitt
Mr. Morland	G. B. Clarence
Mrs. Morland	Winifred Fraser
Rev. George Amy	A. S. Homewood
Mary Rose	Ruth Chatterton
Simon Blaize	Tom Nesbitt
Cameron	Guy Buckley

The new play which Barrie gave to London in the Spring of this year reached New York last evening, when it was presented at the same Empire Theatre which has served to introduce most of his work to his affectionate and understanding American public. It is a curiously austere and deeply moving piece, called "Mary Rose," which ranks with "Peter Pan" and one or two of his shorter things in the forefront of the Barrie plays. Several of its scenes are of incomparable beauty.

It would be among the boons we all would ask of the theatre that the coming of such a play from Barrie or any one else should call forth for its service a company of players as good as the play itself. In the case of "Mary Rose" in America it was not to be. Its interpretation at the Empire is never inspired and often it is streaked and defective, yet the play shines through. Given with a production that is no more than fair-to-middling, it still stands as one of the plays all lovers of the theatre should see and see again.

This wistful and gently pathetic work of Barrie's is an authentic tragedy—a tragedy of which human love, the little perishable loves of mortals for one another, is the frail but undaunted central figure. The relentless antagonist is Time.

To all the heart-torn people of his day whom he sees stretching out longing hands toward their dead, he has written this story of Mary Rose. She is a woman whose sheltered and happy life is lighted and warmed by all the love that Barrie can imagine. Out of the quiet, smiling household of which she is the pride and charm she suddenly and mysteriously disappears. And life, in a way that it has, goes on without her. In time the pain of her going, the very memory of her fades mercifully from their preoccupied lives.

Twenty-five years later, as suddenly and mysteriously as she had gone, Mary Rose returns, unaware that more than a day has passed. She is the same dear, rose-like, young Madonna. But her people, the very ones in whom her going had cut so deep a wound, have been so changed by the passing decades that they have lost all kinship with her. Her parents are bent, querulous, enfeebled. Her young husband is scarcely recognizable in the pushing and grizzled Admiral. He cannot even tell her what has become of her baby.

It is in the final scene that Mary Rose's baby, now a scarred and swaggering Aussie fresh from the wars, comes face to face with the girl who had been—who still is—his mother. From a full scrutiny of that meeting Barrie averts his face and the last you see of Mary Rose, her realesed spirit, its earthly pilgrimage completed, is mounting to the skies, and as she goes to the sound of unearthly music the heavens show a falling star.

For the destructive twenty-five years the playwright makes ready by spinning an old wives' tale of a misty and mystical spot in the bleak, outer Hebrides called the Island That Likes to Be Visited, an eyrie place of which the legend runs that mortals stepping on its shore hear a strange call and vanish inexplicably from human sight. The weaving of this legend into the sturdy fabric of "Mary Rose" is a triumph for this canny and frugal playwright. Indeed, the whole play is so artfully made that all the tyro dramatists in the world could sit open-mouthed before it and come away none the wiser, so invisible is his craftsmanship.

That is praise which could scarcely be accorded the performance which Ruth Chatterton brings to the role of Mary Rose for you are occasionally distressed by its quite visible mechanics, a little as though it were a simply and prettily colored portrait through the stretches and strokes of which you could still see the original pencilled outline left there by a careless or inexpert hand. Yet there are moments of charm and right feeling in it and it is at least a loyal copy of the performance which Fay Compton gives in London.

Indeed there is some ground for suspicion that much of the dissonance which creates a gradually subsiding irritation can be traced to her adoption ready-made of a manner of playing alien to her own habits and instincts. However, it is not a matter for much furrowing of the brow. Mary Rose is not the most exacting nor the most important rôle in the play, and if it is suggested here that Lotus Rea would come nearest to the embodiment Barrie probably had in mind, it is a suggestion offered only as a key to a better understanding of the play.

The more important rôle is that dual one of the husband Mary Rose leaves behind and of the boy, grown to roughhewn manhood, whom her lingering spirit finds in the dusty and foresaken home to which as an unwelcomed prodigal son he comes back at last. This is played by Tom Nesbitt, who played it often in London and whose sister, Cathleen Nesbitt, is well enough known to New York audiences. His is a helpful and generally excellent performance, marred only by an occasional tendency in the significant crises of the play to an utterance that can only be described as sepulchral. Of the rest there should be a word for O. B. Clarence and A. S. Homewood, who bring delightful aid to those charming scenes of squabble, which are played thirty years apart, yet so exactly alike that they make unexpectedly poignant the funny, fussy preoccupying routine of life. An admirable performance in a tiny rôle is that of Ada King as the old caretaker. Indeed, the scene between her and the returning soldier is a little better done than any other in the play.

The exalted and frightening music which Norman O'Neill wrote for the prelude and interludes of "Mary Rose" is preserved for the American production. This string music, in which the soprano voices of a choir invisible are tellingly mingled, provides, even when too loudly sung as at the Empire, a singularly potent induction for the play. In its interest, the audience is bidden to be seated one and all before the lights go down. It was, therefore, announced in advance of the first performance that the curtain would rise at 8:15 and that none arriving after that would be seated until the end of the first act. The considerable number of literal-minded playgoers who took the management at its word last evening and so had a more than fifteen-minute extra wait for their pains, are not likely to obey a similar summons issued on another occasion from the same house.

CARUSO HAS NEURALGIA.

Unable to Appear in "L'Elisir," and "La Boheme" Substituted.

General Pershing was a box guest in the Metropolitan parterre last evening, when the opera, which was to have been "L'Elisir d'Amore," had to be changed at the last moment because of a sudden indisposition of Signor Caruso. It was denied that the tenor had suffered a return of his recent throat trouble, or anything else more serious than an uncomfortable touch of neuralgia in the muscles of the back.

"La Boheme," with Mr. Gigli and Mme. Alda as the lovers, was the substituted opera, a choice that the audience accepted in holiday mood, roaring with amusement when Mr. Scotti carried off a plump Musetta, Miss Roselle, on his shoulders in the Cafe Momus scene. Messrs. Picco, Martino and others completed the cast, and Mr. Papi conducted.

Two Pianists in Matinee of Music.

Ella Dahl Rich and Agnes Hope Pillsbury gave a matinee of music for two pianos yesterday in Acolian Hall, their performance of Grieg's "March of the Dwarfs" being redemanded, while one of Brahms's "Hungarian Dances" won another for encore. The gave works of Handel and other classic masters with arrangements from Mendelssohn's "Songs Without Words," Debussy's "Arabesque" and a minuet from Bizet's "L'Arlesienne."

Sight Seeing Royal Blue Line

Seeing New York, up town, down town, over the great bridges to Brooklyn. 10 A.M., 2 P.M. Chinatown, New York After Dark. 8 P.M. Luxurious glass roof heated automobiles. Distinctive Service. Ask at hotels for our free map and guide.
ROYAL BLUE LINE CO. OF N.Y.
Office Starting Point, Hotel McAlpin

SEE GAIN IN EUROPE

Head of Sinclair Oil Company Optimistic Over Conditions Abroad.

SIAMESE PRINCE RETURNS

Ex-Senator Watson Says Germany Will Not Pay Indemnity Till Force Is Used.

The White Star liner Olympic arrived yesterday afternoon at Pier 59, North River, with 2,298 passengers, 5,400 sacks of Christmas mail, 548 tons of Christmas parcels and almost $2,000,000 in gold. Commodore Sir Bertram F. Hayes, her commander, said that the voyage had been uneventful, with the exception of two days in midatlantic, when the ship encountered heavy westerly gales.

Among the notables aboard was Prince Mahidol of Songkla, brother to the King of Siam, who has been the subject of many Eastern poems, and the Princess. He returned to continue his studies at the Harvard Medical College after spending seven months in his native land.

Phya Chanindra, a Siamese scientist, returned with the Prince.

Another passenger was H. F. Sinclair, head of the Sinclair Oil Company, who said that he had been abroad on business and returned with optimistic opinions concerning Europe and the United States. Oil, he added, was the principal object with the Government of Great Britain, which, he said, was trying to get control of it in all parts of the world. England was slowly progressing financially, Mr. Sinclair said, and the French had realized they were not going to get all the money expected from Germany and were going to work in earnest.

Samuel Sloan, Vice President of the Farmers Loan & Trust Company, who returned from a holiday in Europe with Mrs. Sloan, said that the American public should not become pessimistic over the present fall in stocks.

Former U. S. Senator C. W. Watson of West Virginia returned with gloomy ideas about the future of Central Europe and said that he did not believe Germany would pay her indemnity until compelled to do so.

Count Francis Pulaski, counsellor of the Polish Legation in Washington, said that Poland is in the hands of the Socialists.

Alvin T. Fuller, the Governor-elect of Massachusetts, returned with his wife and Mrs. F. A. Fuller, his mother.

Another passenger was Owen W. Bohan, Assistant District Attorney, who went to Italy to assist in the prosecution of Alfred Cocchi, the murderer of Ruth Cruger.

Lloyd B. Sanderson, general manager of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company and the Pacific Steam Navigation Company in the United States, returned from a short trip to England to arrange for the opening of the company's service from this port to Hamburg and Southampton next Spring. He said that the shipping outlook in Europe was bad and that orders for constructing freighters had been canceled but work on new passenger liners was being carried on.

Nelson W. Greenhut returned after the successful formation of the British and American Safety Razor Company in England. The company will establish factories for the manufacture of the three safety razors now made by the American Safety Razor Corporation.

Maude Fulton Marries Robert Ober.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 22.—Maude Fulton, the playwright and actress, was married at midnight on Monday to Robert Ober, well known as a leading man and now appearing here in "East Is West." Miss Fulton is the author of "The Brat" and "The Humming Bird," and has been appearing here recently in the latter.

MUSIC NOTES.

Albert Coates, the London conductor, was greeted with enthusiasm by the New York Symphony players, with whom he led his first rehearsal yesterday at Aeolian Hall. Mr. Coates will conduct three concerts, two at Carnegie Hall on Thursday and Friday of next week and one at Aeolian the following Sunday.

Anna Pavlowa and her Ballet Russe are to return to the Manhattan Opera House for twelve more performances, beginning Thursday, March 10. This will be Pavlowa's farewell engagement in America before returning for a Spring season in Paris and her usual Summer visit in London.

McBRIDE'S
THEATRE TICKET OFFICES
1497 BROADWAY
[TIMES SQUARE WEST]

NO MATTER how popular the show, no matter the box-office price of your tickets, McBride's makes only a 50c service charge—and renders well the service they charge for so modestly. McBride's branch offices are at:

Hotel McAlpin Waldorf-Astoria
71 Broadway 165 Broadway

PHONE 1100 BRYANT



THURSDAY BRINGS
That Treasury of Opportunities
The Billboard
America's Leading Weekly Theatrical Digest
Over 2000 Jobs for Actors, Musicians,
Artists, Advance Men, Stage Carpenters, Operators, Stage Hands, Etc.
15 Cents. All News Stands

TICKETS FOR ALL THEATRES 50c ADVANCE
The Original TYSON & CO. ESTABLISHED 1889
1472 B'WAY. 100 B'WAY. 4080 Bryant 9100 Rector

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40 St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:15.
FIRST MATINEE SATURDAY, 2:15.
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
RUTH CHATTERTON
in J. M. BARRIE'S New Play
MARY ROSE

BELASCO WEST 44 ST. EVES. AT 8:15.
TONIGHT AT 8:15 SHARP.
Those not in their seats before that time cannot be seated until after the first act.
LIONEL ATWILL in the New Play "DEBURAU"
By Sacha Guitry. adptd. by Granville Barker.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:20.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.
INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS" By Avery Hopwood.

BRAMHALL 138 E. 27th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
Mixed Marriage by St. John Ervine

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TODAY & SAT., 2:30.
Patricia Collinge in A. E. THOMAS' NEW COMEDY JUST SUPPOSE

LAST 2 WEEKS
CORT West 48 St. Evs. 8:20. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
JIM JAM JEMS
The Smashing Musical Hit.

BAB LAST TWO WEEKS with HELEN HAYES
Park Thea. Col. Cir. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
BEG'G MON., JAN. 2ND. Francis Wilson & De Wolf Hopper in "ERMINIE" Mail Orders Now.

Punch & Judy 49th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
A CLARE KUMMER Comedy ROLLO'S WILD OAT
OLAND YOUNG
Extra Mats. Wed., Dec. 29, & Thurs., Dec. 30.

TONY SARG'S MARIONETTES RIP VAN WINKLE
SPECIAL MATINEES—FINAL WEEK: TODAY, 11 A. M. & 3 P. M.; TOM'W & SAT., 11 A. M.

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
GEO. M. COHAN'S production of
THE MEANEST MAN IN THE WORLD
MR. COHAN in the Title Role.

TICKETS FOR ALL THEATRES 50c ADVANCE
The Original TYSON & CO. ESTABLISHED 1889
1472 B'WAY. 100 B'WAY. 4080 Bryant 9100 Rector

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

NEW AMSTERDAM MATS. WED. & SAT.
Ziegfeld Production
Marilynn Miller
Leon Errol in
Sally
NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF—NEW
Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evs. at 8:15. Pop. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
"BEST THAT THE MUSICAL THEATRE CAN PROVIDE."—Herald.
MITZI
in "LADY BILLY" A MUSICAL COMEDY HIT.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way, 43d St. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
GEO. M. COHAN'S PRODUCTION
THE TAVERN
GREATEST MYSTERY OF THEM ALL.
ARNOLD DALY as the Vagabond.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
GEO. M. COHAN'S Comedians
MARY
(ISN'T IT A GRAND OLD NAME?)

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE
TONIGHT at 8:20 sharp, "DIE SUENDEN GLOCKE" (The Sin Bell). Drama by Hans Knobloch.
XMAS AFT. at 2:30. XMAS NIGHT, 8:20. Humperdinck's Opera, "HAENSEL AND GRETEL." Marie Mattfeld as "Haensel." Complete Ensemble, Chorus, Scenes, Orchestra of 40.
MON. EVE., DEC. 27. Premiere of Franz Lehar's New Viennese Operetta, "WO DIE LERCHE SINGT" (Where The Lark Sings). Prices 50c to $2.50. Seats Now Selling.
DEC. 27-28-29 at 2:30, "SNOW WHITE AND THE SEVEN DWARFS." Dec. 30 and 31, at 2:30, "CINDERELLA." Prices 35c to $1.00. Seats Now Selling. All performances in German.

COHAN & HARRIS Th., W. 43 St. Ev. 8:15
WELCOME STRANGER
with GEORGE SIDNEY.

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FRANK BACON 'LIGHTNIN'
JOHN GOLDEN Presents

GLOBE Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
FRED STONE "At his best" in "TIP-TOP"
Seats Now for Extra Holiday Mat., Fri., Dec. 31

Announcement
MICHEL FOKINE
Creator of the Modern Russian Ballet, will establish on or about January 1, 1921, a
DANCE STUDIO
at 226 West 72d St. Interviews daily, 2 to 4 P. M., at above address, or at Hotel Marie Antoinette, 67th St. and Broadway, 10 to 12 A. M. Phone Bryant, Columbus 2740.

DANCE TONIGHT
At that exquisitely beautiful "rendezvous" of Dance
ROSELAND
Broadway at 51st St.
Sat. and Sun. Matinees.
Evenings 7:30 to 1 A. M.
Continuous Dancing all night New Year's Eve. Reservations should be made at once.

CARNEGIE HALL WEDNESDAY EVG., at 8:15 January 5
ONLY N. Y. RECITAL—FRIEDA
HEMPEL
Seats at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

Lexington Th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. 51st St. & Lex. Av. Phone Plaza 5620
FRITZ LEIBER
in the PLAYS OF SHAKESPEARE.
Commencing Monday next in Hamlet. Tuesday, Julius Caesar; Wed. Mat., Merchant of Venice; Wed. Night, Macbeth; Thur., Hamlet; Fri., Julius Caesar; Sat. Mat., Romeo and Juliet; Sat. Eve., Richard III. Popular Prices, 50c to $1.50. Seats Now.

BROOKLYN.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
THREE B. F. Keith HOLIDAY ATTRACTIONS
CHRISTMAS NIGHT, DEC. 25
9 Headline Acts Vaudeville
SUNDAY NIGHT, DEC. 26
Sunday Evening Entertainment
6 Acts and Feature Picture
NEW YEAR'S EVE, DEC. 31
9 Headline Acts Vaudeville
SEATS ON SALE BOX OFFICE NOW

MAD. SQ. GARDEN, SUN., DEC. 26 at 8:15. Tickets 25c to $2.00. Now at Box Office
MALE SYMPHONY BAND
MISS SOLLER Conductor
FRANK KALTENBORN, Violin; LEAH LEASKA, Soprano; BEETA RIVIERE, Mezzo; MILLO PICCO, Baritone; SERGEI RADAMSKY, Tenor.
—DIRECTION JULIUS HOFT—

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE Bryant 6300
Mats. Daily, 25c-$1.
THE 4 NORTONS, MORTON & GLASS, CLARA MORTON, MME. BESSON & CO., in Barrie's "Half an Hour," WM. & GORDON DOOLEY & CO.
COLUMBIA, B'y & 47 St. Twice daily 2:15 & 8:15
Top Prices $1 Lee Wrothe & His Best Show.

AEOLIAN HALL
Thurs. Eve. at 8:15 December 30
Only New York Recital
By MAURICE
DAMBOIS
'Cellist
COMPOSER—PIANIST
Steinway Duo-Art Piano Used.
Steinway Duo-Art Piano Used.
PADEREWSKI AND HOFMANN
Tickets 50c. to $2. Now at Box Office.

CARNEGIE HALL, Sun. Aft., Dec. 26, at 2.
HIPOLITO LAZARO
Assisted by Mercedes Padrosa, Spanish Pianist. Rector Cabral, Peruvian Violinist.
AEOLIAN HALL, MONDAY, DEC. 27, at 3.
GUIDO AGOSTI
PIANO RECITAL. (Steinway).

OPERA TICKETS Phone Bryant 7877
Seats for Caruso and all Operas. Subscriptions bought, sold, exchanged for Metropolitan, Chicago Opera Co. Seats for Toscanini Concert, LA SCALA Orchestra at Metropolitan and Carnegie Hall, all parts of the house. CONSOLI, 1433 B'way (40-41 Sts.)

TOSCANINI and LA SCALA ORCHESTRA
OPERA TICKETS FITZROY 4189.
Metropolitan and Chicago Opera Subscriptions, Season, alternate or single performances. BOUGHT, SOLD or EXCHANGED SEATS FOR ALL SUCCESSES. Jacobs' Theatre Ticket Office, Hotel Normandie, B'way & 36th St.

MOTION PICTURES.

CRITERION
BROADWAY AT 44TH ST.
Jesse L. Lasky Presents
William De Mille's
"Midsummer Madness"
"One of those Rare pictures that deserves a second visit."—N. Y. Herald.
A Paramount Picture
with Jack Holt, Conrad Nagel, Lois Wilson, Lila Lee.
From Cosmo Hamilton's Novel, "His Friend and His Wife."

$100 for 250 Words
How would you have the photo-play end? Write the Contest Department, Criterion Theatre.

RIVOLI B'WAY at 49th Lois Weber Production "TO PLEASE ONE WOMAN"
A Paramount Picture
Rivoli Concert Orchestra

RIALTO Times Sq. BEBE DANIELS Oh Lady, Lady!
Famous Rialto Orchestra.

44TH ST. THEATRE MATINEE EVERY DAY
EVENINGS, 8:15. MATINEES, 2:15.
The D. W. Griffith Masterpiece
WAY DOWN EAST
Orchestral & Vocal Accompaniment. All Seats Reserved. Order in Advance.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Twice Daily. Matinees, 2:30. Evenings, 8:30.
WILLIAM FOX Presents
Over the Hill
By Will Carleton. Directed by Harry Millarde.

CAPITOL 2nd Sensational Week. POLA NEGRI in "PASSION"
B'way at 51 Street. Mats. 50-50. Nights 55-$2.
World's Largest and Most Beautiful Theatre.

STRAND MARK B'way & 47 St. JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD'S "ISOBEL," or "THE TRAIL'S END." Strand Orchestra.

PLAZA Mad. Ave. at 58th St. DORIS KEANE in "ROMANCE" and MACK SENNETT'S feature Comedy "DOWN ON THE FARM." Plaza Orch. & Organ. Review, News, Comedy.

A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM
SHAKESPEARE
with Music by MENDELSSOHN'S
DAVID BISPHAM
will read the play, assisted by
RACHEL DEMPSEY SAXON, Soprano
Chorus of Women's Voices from the ORATORIO SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
Historical Cycle at Carnegie Hall, Thurs., Dec. 23—Fri., Dec. 24—Sat., Dec. 25.
FIRST APPEARANCE IN AMERICA
ALBERT COATES
Guest-Conductor
(From the Royal Opera Covent Garden and London Symphony Orchestra)
British Program, including
First performance in America of
VAUGHAN WILLIAMS'
"London Symphony"
Tickets at Box Offices. George Engles, Mgr.

JOINT RECITAL AT CARNEGIE HALL Tonight at 8:15
Mischa Levitzki | Maurice Jacobsen
Sonatas by Brahms, Cesar Franck.
Solo Groups by Both Artists.
Tickets on Sale at Box Office.

CARNEGIE HALL, THIS SAT. (Xmas) NIGHT
THIRD RECITAL—MISHEL
PIASTRO
SEASON'S MOST BRILLIANT VIOLINIST
Tickets 75c to $2 NOW (Chickering)

HIPPODROME, Sun. Eve., Jan. 9
FIRST NEW YORK APPEARANCE
KUBELIK
JOINTLY WITH ALFRED
MIROVITCH
Tickets $1 to $3.50 (Box Seats $5). Now on Sale. Mail Orders Accepted. Mgt. S. HUROK

GOOD TIMES
MATINEE EVERY DAY At the HIPPODROME
SEATS SELLING 2 WEEKS IN ADVANCE

NATIONAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
ARTUR BODANZKY COND'R.
CARNEGIE HALL SAT. Afternoon, DEC. 25, at 2:30.
SUN. Evening, DEC. 26, at 8:15.
Solo—BENNO—Pianist
MOISEIWITSCH
Program—GLUCK, Overture, Iphigenia in Aulis; GLUCK, Dance; BACH-MANNOFF, Concerto C minor; WAGNER, Prelude; Meistersinger.
TUES. AFT., DEC. 28, AT 2:30.
Sun. Eve., Jan. 2 (Ben. Babies' Hosp.) at 8:15
Violin Soloist KREISLER Mendelssohn Concerto
THE KNABE IS THE OFFICIAL PIANO.

Hippodrome, Sunday Night, Dec. 26
Annual Holiday Concert in Aid of
CATHOLIC BIG BROTHERS
GREATEST PROGRAM OF THE YEAR
KREISLER * ALDA
MISCHA LEVITZKI
DIAZ, CASINI, TREVOR
Seats Now at Box Office.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

The Double Pleasure
with which the New York diner-out begins his evening: the Shanley dinner and entertainment.
Vaudeville — Refreshing novelty — during dinner and after until 1 A. M.
TODAY'S TABLE D'HOTE LUNCHEON
12 to 2:30—music—$1.25
Blue Point Oysters
Celery or Olives
Cream of Celery or Consomme Payanne
Supreme of Sole a l'Anglaise
Roast Prime Ribs of Beef au jus
Lamb Stew, Dublin Style
Pressed Capon with Peas, Sauce Supreme
Broiled Lamb Kidney with Bacon
Boiled Potatoes Persillade
Hot Sago Pudding or Vanilla Ice Cream
Assorted Cakes Demi-Tasse
A la carte service all day.
SUNDAY TABLE D'HOTE DINNER—NOON AND EVENING—$2.50
Coming—Supper Dancing
SHANLEY'S
Broadway—43rd to 44th St.

TABLE RESERVATIONS CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S EVE.
30th St. & Broadway The Famous Hofbrau Qualntest Place in America.
A Superior Dinner Christmas Day Noon to 9 P. M.
4924 Longacre EXCELLENT LUNCHEON—SELECT TABLE D'HOTE, $1.00
Janssen wants to see you
Finest Sea Food, Game, Milk-fed Chickens BANQUET ROOMS
FINEST DANCING ORCHESTRA
Exquisite Milk-fed Chicken Dinner, with Waffles

B'way & 47th St. Phone Bryant 7891
STRAND ROOF
DINNER DE LUXE $2.00 5:30 P. M.
A la Carte All Hours—After Theatre Specialties.
A Smashing Success THE ENTIRELY NEW AND ELABORATE REVUE
AT 7:20 & 11:30. SAME SHOW AT DINNER AS AFTER THEATRE—DANCING

HOTEL THERESA
9th Ave., 124th to 125th St.
One block from "L" and Subway Sta. Trolley and bus lines at door.
A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES
Dining Room At Top of Building
Special Table d'Hote or A La Carte Meals
Tel. 7600 Morningside.
R. P. LEUBE, Manager.



Quality Food, At moderate price, Deliciously cooked, Tastefully served.
Honest-to-Goodness TABLE D'HOTE Dinner $1.50, Luncheon 90c, Upstairs. BIG A LA CARTE MENU
Sea Food and Game in Season. Honest, cheery, Music soon and ev'g.
Enjoy our Special Sunday Dinner, $1.50. A big treat!
WENNING'S
"THE QUALITY RESTAURANT"
121 W. 45th, bet. B'way & 6th Av.
NO CREDIT. NO COVER CHARGE.
Big Christmas Dinner, Tom, Favors. Watch for big ad this page Dec. 24 and 25

Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway Station at 86th Street Corner, NEW YORK.
Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel, Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
For Transient or Permanent Residence. Furnished or Unfurnished Suite
All the Comforts and Advantages of the Best New York City Hotels at Attractive Rates.
RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

Hotel Hamilton
73rd St., East of Broadway
A Luxurious Residential Hotel
ROOMS AND SUITES FOR TRANSIENT AND PERMANENT OCCUPANCY
Descriptive Booklet on Request

THE CAMBRIDGE
40 WEST 69TH STREET
The latest fireproof apartment Hotel now open.
SUITES OF 2 ROOMS OR MORE ON A YEARLY LEASE UNFURNISHED
Exceptional Low Rentals
Spacious closets.
SUPERIOR RESTAURANT.
Also Doctor Suite, 3 rooms, main floor.
Under same management Hotel Langdon, 54th Av. & 56th St.
E. H. CHATILLON.

HOTEL Manhattan Square
50 West 77th Street
A luxurious residential hotel opposite Museum of Natural History. Newly redecorated, furnished & unfurnished apartments. Transient and permanent accommodations.
Very attractive rates.

Hotel Netherlands
5TH AVE. AT 59TH ST.
Great Northern Hotel
118 W. 57th St. and 109 to 121 W. 58th St.

HOTEL ENDICOTT
COLUMBUS AVE., 81st to 82nd ST.
One Block From Central Park.
A Few Desirable Suites of 2 and 3 rooms on yearly lease

57 West 10th St.
The Marlborough Inn
We invite you to partake of one of our delicious dinners.
"A TREAT—TO EAT"
SPECIAL NEW YEAR'S EVE DINNER
Tel. 4502 Chelsea
We serve special Sunday Dinners.

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 Broadway, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH STREET
TRANSIENT ACCOMMODATIONS
Telephone 2634 Riverside.

TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
43D STREET.....144 W. 43d St.
DOWNTOWN.....7 Madison Street
WALL STREET.....3 Rector Street
HARLEM.....2,189 Seventh Avenue

BRONX.....2,914 Third Avenue
WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.....3,925 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Albee Building
CHICAGO.....1204 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....813 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....905 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....12 Salisbury Square, E.C.
PARIS.....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two Cents a Copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 200 miles; Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday: Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn. Ten Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, postage paid. One Year. Six Mos. One Mo.
Daily and Sunday...$12.00 $6.00 $1.00
Daily only.....10.00 5.00 .85
Sunday only.....4.00 2.25 .45
Sunday only, Canada 3.00 1.25 .25
One week, 25c. One week, 30c.

FOREIGN RATES

Daily and Sunday...$26.00 $13.20 $2.40
Daily only.....17.40 8.70 1.45
Sunday only.....5.75 3.15 .65
Magazine Section, $2.50; Magazine, $1.50.

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNALIST (Monday), per year, $3; Canada, $3.50; other countries, $4.
Binder for 52 issues (one vol.), $1.50.
THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
THE TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursday), one year, $2; Canada, $2; other countries, $3.50.
Binder for 26 issues, $1.50.
TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $1; Canada, $1.50 (Foreign $2); Per copy, 15c.
Entered as second-class mail matter.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $3; per year, $10.
THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes in the set—illustrated—cloth, $40; three-quarter leather, $100; full leather, $150—encyclopedic history European War.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it, or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, DEC. 23, 1920.

ALL BUT THE DETAILS.

It is understood that Mr. HARDING'S consultations at Marion are about finished. He is to enjoy a holiday far from the madding best minds. All his visitors, however they may differ with each other, are of one accord in praising the next President's personal courtesy as well as his lofty conception and desires for his country and the world. It has been a charming fellowship, apparently, all through. Senator HARDING himself has testified to this, and has added that he had found it much easier than he had expected to hit upon a general agreement regarding our true international policy. But on this pleasing optimism Senator POINDEXTER poured something of a cold douche just as he was leaving Marion on Tuesday. He remarked that, so far as he could gather from his interview, "Senator HARDING'S plan has not yet reached the detailed stage."

Thus the great new Republican scheme for an association of nations is ready—all but the details! But the details are everything. Without them the project may never emerge from the realm of a pious hope. Everybody will admit, even HIRAM JOHNSON admits, that there ought to be some kind of agreement among the nations to free the world from dread of another great war; but as soon as anybody undertakes to say precisely what agreement the angry objections begin to hurtle through the air. So that we may not have got on so far as we thought in the Marion conferences. The existing state of the case is not unlike that which often attends legislation in France. There the Chamber is asked to affirm the "principe" of a proposed law. After that there comes the work of "rédaction"—and that is the crux of the whole business. It is the details which are really the essence of the case, and over them the hapless legislators grow pale with the necessary labor.

It is comparatively simple to get all the visiting statesmen at Marion—it would be to get the Senate—to approve a general aspiration for world peace. But to translate that into action, especially into the form of words requisite for a treaty, is a labor which the gods may delight in, but which is sure to pain the physics in the Administration and in Congress. In such matters, when we say that we have achieved all but the details, we really say that we have achieved nothing. The work is all to be done. Mr. HARDING will have to find some man or men to spend days and nights of toil upon his project, which so far appears to be only an airy sketch. Some talk lightly about "mere matters of detail." Lord SALISBURY used to say that this meant that you were content with a "mere dream." A thousand and one things will have to be wrestled with in drafting a new association of nations. Then there will be the somewhat formidable "detail" of getting a two-thirds vote in the Senate. Another little detail will be the modest request to forty-seven nations to throw away the work on which years have been spent, and which they have accepted as the best thing attainable in this imperfect world, and cheerfully to begin all over again on undefined lines.

There is no reason to speak slightingly of what has been done at Marion. Mr. HARDING has kept his promise. He has taken counsel with some of the ablest men in both parties. But the whole has been only preliminary spade-work. The real job has yet to be tackled. The details of it may seem petty, even miserable, but each one of them will be found vital. And we are confident that, as honest and competent men apply their minds to the task, they will be more and more driven to the conclusion that the only way to get a workable agreement is to have the United States in the League of Nations.

THE NEEDIEST CASES.

One element at least in this year's response to the appeal for the Hundred Neediest Cases gives ground for the greatest satisfaction. That is the great number of gifts, even though their size is small. In the past few years stories of suffering and distress such as this generation had never expected to hear again have come from all parts of the world, but the familiarity of the story has not hardened the hearts of those who are able to help. New York is still ready to relieve distress.

Yet this general response, gratifying though it is, cannot obliterate the fact that on the basis of the total amount so far received it seems probable that many cases will have to be left uncared for which would have been relieved in previous years. That total is still far below the records of 1918 and 1919, and unless money is contributed much destitution will be left without relief. One contributor wrote to THE TIMES yesterday, adding $25 to a contribution of $50 already made. "I "hope," he wrote, "by working a little longer daily to be able to send "another contribution." That man is probably in a worse position today than he was a year ago, like nearly everybody else; but he shows in the clearest possible way his realization of the difference between straitened circumstances and destitution. These are hard times, but they are harder for the Hundred Neediest Cases than most of those who have given for their relief can imagine. Hardly any of us but can spare a little more for those who have nothing.

THE WAR FINANCE CORPORATION.

The Senate passed the resolution to revive the War Finance Corporation with the House amendment striking out the objectionable instructions to the Federal Reserve Board regarding its method of doing business. Secretary HOUSTON testified before the committee that, while he disapproved the policy proposed, he would, of course, execute any direct mandate of Congress. If the President should sign the bill, the War Finance Corporation would be revived, but that would be only the beginning of the matter.

The War Finance Corporation is in the nature of a bank, and discretion must be exercised in its every act. Unless Congress is prepared itself to administer the corporation, it must allow it a measure of judgment. The idea of banking conducted by majorities, issuing instructions to the Treasury, is not reassuring, nor is it likely to be carried out. The corporation will show by its operations whether it is needed. In a year when there was eight billions of foreign trade it financed only $46,000,000 of it; and the foreign trade was larger in the ten months after the corporation ceased functioning than in the previous similar period.

The fact is that foreign trade got itself done then, and is getting itself done now, on a scale which is surprising though inadequate. The figures for November show the greatest excess of exports for any November. It is true that the exports decreased, but the imports decreased still more. The relation between exports and imports is as close as the relation between domestic and foreign trade. Assistance to one is assistance to the other. On both sides the ocean conditions are similar in that there is resistance to the falling market. There are large stocks abroad of cotton which we sold far above present prices and which are held off the foreign market in the same manner that some of our retailers and farmers are seeking to recover costs of production and to be financed rather in holding than in moving their stocks. There is an obstruction to exporting more cotton until the old exports are sold in the foreign market. In breadstuffs, too, there is an obstruction to exports which would not be removed by credit to those seeking higher prices. It is not enough that the corporation should be ready to lend. It must find borrowers, and the only borrowers whose business would break the deadlock are those who are willing to buy at the market.

Secretary HOUSTON and the Federal Reserve Board have explained abundantly that domestic trade has never had more credit, and should have no more except on condition of doing business at the market level. Our foreign trade for the last fiscal year was three billions above the previous maximum year. Our exports and imports together are thrice those of 1914. And the War Finance Corporation was not functioning. It does not follow that it is superfluous. The purpose in reviving the corporation, as expressed in the resolution, is to facilitate financing of export trade in commodities. The method, necessarily, is to arrange credits which will enable foreign purchasers to take our products, chiefly cotton and wheat. That is commendable; it has been repeatedly shown to be a necessary step. The questions that occur are whether the intervention of a Government corporation is necessary, whether the work might not quite as effectively be performed by private effort; and, secondly, whether the farmers and planters now holding wheat and cotton will accept the services of the corporation, for the details of which they have no liking. Will they not prefer to hold their stocks in the hope that the market will improve? Will they not prefer to wait for the revival of the export trade which will come when the foreign buyer can get the goods? Will they not prefer to wait for the revival of the export trade which will come when the foreign buyer can get the goods? But the impression is widespread that the chief persons in interest, the farmers, the planters and the holders of agricultural products, really expect the revival of the Finance Corporation to enable them to sell for better prices.

That explanation, probably, accounts better than any other for the lively interest in the subject shown by so many Senators and Congressmen. One of the arguments, in effect, is that there will be real distress and much discontent among the farmers if they have to sell at present market prices, which, it is insisted, are below the cost of production. It is not easy to see how even the Finance Corporation could facilitate export trade at prices higher than foreign purchasers are able or willing to pay. If by this means the export trade is really facilitated and a broader market demand created, the natural effect would be some rise in prices. If the plan works in that way and there is no purpose to enable producers to hold their stock for what would be in effect a speculative rise, it may work well.

RAILWAY STRIKES.

As between the plan outlined in the Poindexter Anti-Strike bill and that which Mr. ATTERBURY laid before the employés of the Pennsylvania Railroad there can be no question as to which is the more human and, therefore, the more practicable and efficient. Again and again it has been demonstrated that industrial unrest springs in the main from a lack of clear knowledge on the part of the workmen of the problems of their industry. Or, rather, it springs from very positive misinformation spread by radical agitators—tales of 1,000 per cent. profits and the like. When recourse to the strike is forbidden by law, color is lent, however falsely, to the radical cry that the men are being "enslaved." But when the men are invited to present their cause frankly and the basic facts are as frankly laid before their representatives, the fundamental good sense of the American workman is brought into play.

During the last seventeen years, according to Mr. ATTERBURY, "although "occasionally strikes have been "threatened, never once has a strike "been called." As regards the great Brotherhoods whose representatives he was addressing, the statement is doubtless true. But in very recent memory there was a strike that badly crippled the Pennsylvania—the so-called outlaw strike. Undoubtedly that was the skeleton at this industrial love feast, and it was all the more obvious because so scrupulously ignored. The precise facts with regard to that strike have not yet transpired, but the two main elements are well known. Due largely to the crippling of the railway by Government control in wartime the wage schedules had lagged behind the cost of living, so that there was much real privation, and, taking advantage of this grievance, radical propaganda was rife. The responsible leaders of the Brotherhoods stood firm and held their more intelligent followers in line; but men of less knowledge, in the more poorly paid posts, got out of hand and for a time tied up several of the great national arteries, inflicting loss and injustice upon the public. Hereafter, if the present plan is put in effect, no grievance can arise that has not the means of a speedy and thorough hearing, no force of ignorance can be set in motion that cannot be brought to light.

Out of his varied experience as lumberjack and investigator of labor problems, Mr. SHERMAN ROGERS has witnessed many instances in which strikes resulted from the dissemination of radical lies, and he has knowledge of not a few in which the apostles of unrest were baffled by industries in which the men were taken into the confidence of their employers. "There is only one cure for a lie," he says, "and that is the truth." Where the truth in a situation is open to the day, the American workman does not fail to acknowledge reason and justice.

TROUBLES OF A HOLY CITY.

General RONALD STORRS, who has been Governor of Jerusalem since Lord ALLENBY captured the city, has some unusual ideas of the responsibilities of his office. It is perhaps only an unhappy sense of humor that leads him to refer to himself as "the successor of PONTIUS PILATE." Of the many Governors of alien race who have ruled Jerusalem PILATE was far from being the most tactful. He seems to have had little talent for dealing with a discontented subject people.

However, General STORRS does not seem to be the man to wash his hands of anything. His tastes lie in the other direction. He has forbidden drinking bars in Jerusalem, "as they "seemed so wholly out of keeping "with the surroundings." Jerusalem is a holy city, the holy city of three religions. To its Arab inhabitants drinking is forbidden by law, a restriction in which they have the company of free-born Americans and Russian Bolsheviki; but nothing in Christian or Jewish doctrine imposes on followers of those religions the abstinence commanded to the devotees of MOHAMMED and of LENIN. It may be that the Governor's own conscience is troubled by the fact that the Jerusalem wine is of the best, but the impression is widespread that the Governor's own conscience would have little part in the matter. The Governor told them that the rails would have to be laid over his dead body. Perhaps, as the wicked would suggest, he was only trying to preserve the economic interests of native cabmen and donkey drivers; but more plausibly it is a part of his plan to preserve the sanctity of the city. Stucco and corrugated iron are forbidden as sternly as street cars and rum. Evidently the Governor wants to preserve not only the sacred character but the historical appearance of Jerusalem.

There could be no objection to this if Jerusalem were only a shrine or a historical monument. But it is also a city where people live, the capital of a country where a great scheme of colonization and economic development has been started. This conflict of interest is an old story in Italy, where the men who wanted to make a modern industrial nation grew accustomed to the horrified protests of excellent persons (mostly foreigners), who held that Italy had no right to be anything but a picturesque ruin. The all-seeing H. G. WELLS has spoken of "English "spinsters who want Italy kept under "glass". There may still be worshippers of the past who somewhat illogically think it a crime to permit factories in Milan or shipyards in Venice; but Rome survives, though it has both bars and street car lines.

The case of Jerusalem is different, of course; its holiness has constituted its chief attraction for invaders, and but for its associations the Arabs would hold it today. But so long as people live there, so long as it is the seat of a Government, it is something else besides a holy city, and its inhabitants deserve some consideration as well as its worshippers.

THE BALLOON MYSTERY.

Ten days after three officers left Rockaway Point with a few days' rations in a spherical balloon to study air currents in New York or New England, according to the wind's direction, the fate of these officers, one of them WALTER HINTON of the NC-4 transatlantic voyage, was a mystery. Ballooning has generally been a safe means of travel through the air, even when the aeronauts have been venturesome. If the risks taken were not fantastic they were accounted for sooner or later. Of sixty-four balloons that ascended from Paris during the siege in the Franco-Prussian war—Paris was thus kept in communication with the outer world—only two were never heard of again, being blown out to sea. The attempt of SALOMON ANDRÉE, with two companions, STRINDBERG and FRANKEL, to reach the North Pole from Spitzbergen in a balloon in July, 1897, was the forlornest of hopes, and they perished in the Arctic wastes. This was the most tragic of balloon disasters. Before the dirigible came into use balloon ascensions were a pastime in France, a feature of almost every exhibition and fair, so exhilarating and safe that everybody who craved a thrill went up. The percentage of accidents was negligible.

When Lieutenants HINTON, FARRELL and KLOOR sailed away before the wind on Dec. 13 in their basket, no one who saw them heading north thought of danger. To HINTON, who had crossed the Atlantic in a seaplane, the experience promised to be a pleasure trip. The balloon was seen by many sky-gazers as it drifted over this city. It passed above Central Park. Since that Monday afternoon the only trustworthy report of its progress came from Wells, N. Y., in the southern Adirondacks, after misgivings about the voyagers began to be felt. A balloon was seen in the township of Denning near Slide Mountain, Catskills, on Sunday last, but could not have been the missing naval "ship," for her gas must have given out long before Dec. 19. Moreover, the aeronauts were not rationed for a long voyage. Professors GUSTAFSON and ROYCE of Cornell have reported that they sighted a balloon blown northeast on the night of Dec. 14, the day after the start, at Stephentown, N. Y., near the New York-Massachusetts State line and south of Wells, where the balloon was seen the preceding night. It is not easy to reconcile the Wells report and the Stephentown intelligence, which if confirmed would have indicated that the voyagers were being driven toward the New England coast in New Hampshire or Maine. In aeronautics they were not novices, and it must be assumed that, if they passed over Stephentown, they must have known their direction and danger and what to do in an emergency.

The naval authorities for several days believed that the balloonists had been forced down in the Adirondack wilderness or whirled over the Canadian border to the wild country in the lake triangle of St. John, Abitibi and Mistassini. Both territories are buried under deep snows. Painstaking search work was done by army airplanes in the Adirondacks, but without result, and forest rangers assisted without getting any clue. None of the carrier pigeons taken by HINTON arrived at Rockaway Point, which in itself was singular. The naval people are always tenacious in hope—that is the service spirit, and there is no reason why hope of hearing from the aeronauts alive but the worse for their endurance should not be entertained. But they must have come down in the wilderness or have been blown out to sea, and should knew how to triumph over the perils of being lost far from a settlement.

CONSOLATION FOR FARMERS.

However doubtful the fate of the attempt at Washington to make the farmers prosperous and happy by an application of protection, that all-saving remedy, Attorney General PALMER has at least protected in another way the farmer's cellar. The Volstead act allows the manufacture of non-intoxicating cider for home use without a permit. The Bureau of Internal Revenue held that home-made cider must be "non-intoxicating in fact," although it need not contain less than one-half of 1 per cent. of alcohol. This ruling seemed to show a certain tenderness for the farmers. For the rest of us any juice with more than one-half of 1 per cent. of alcohol is forbidden. Doubtless there are iron-headed men who could demonstrate practically that a quart of whisky is non-intoxicating in fact, at least for them.

Secretary HOUSTON asked the Department of Justice whether the phrase "non-intoxicating cider and fruit juices" in the Volstead act means "non-intoxicating in fact" or "containing less than one-half of 1 "per cent. of alcohol." Mr. PALMER decides, in effect, that cider has a right to ferment in the home and to become intoxicating by that fermentation; and that the use of home-fermented, home-intoxicating cider is lawful under the Volstead act. Thus the farmer has his troubles, he also has his small but highly relished joys, privileges, exemptions, elect, esoteric, denied to the general. In his cellar and his home the process of law doesn't run against the process of fermentation. After the toils of the day he can go down cellar in his slippers, hold the friendly ample pitcher, brown, blue, green, yellow or white, under the docile "fasset" and be sure of a genial home-made evening. None but the strong deserve the strong, and we dare not think that cider has degenerated. Some of it must still be "stronger'n ten yoke "o' oxen an' old Bill Carter's one-"eyed bull," as the Yankee farmer described his wine of the country.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Reminder That All Have Duties.

It is a mark of civilization, as distinguished from barbarism, that the defense of the private citizen, his life and his property, is for the most part undertaken by the organized forces of the community, the State or the country in which he lives. The law and its representatives, not his own strength, armed or other, are supposed to protect him.

There is, therefore, some cause for disquietude, at first thought, in the issuance, or rather in the reason or necessity for the issuance, of such an appeal to the private citizen as has been made by one of the Assistant United States Attorneys. On its face this request is in effect an admission that at least a part of the work hitherto intrusted to and performed by the police must now be undertaken by those who have had no training in its performance, who are not likely to do it particularly well—who, as amateurs, sometimes may do it particularly ill.

On further reflection, however, these apprehensions disappear or are largely reduced by appreciation, on the one hand, that in emergencies, such as the one now existing, measures not to be approved at other times become more than justifiable. That is a lesson so often taught during the World War that it cannot have been forgotten already. In the next place, while trusting to the courts and the police is certainly commendable, there is such a thing as trusting them too much—such a thing as abandoning to them all responsibility for the preservation of social order and the administration of justice—and really what the Assistant United States Attorney has asked or suggested is only that every good citizen realize anew, and act upon the realization, that he still has duties to perform as well as privileges to enjoy.

Discretion Carried to Excess.

There is no doubt that in our many years of peace and prosperity too many of us fell into the habit of avoiding too sedulously what we called "trouble." Not only, for instance, did the disposition to avoid jury service, if even a colorable excuse for escaping it could be found, become an almost general one, but there had grown up a like reluctance to attend court as a witness in any cause except one's own, and about three men out of five who see a fight in the street, or one person maltreating another, are more likely to depart quietly from the scene than to make a personal effort to find out what is happening and to right the wrong that may be going on. If no policeman happens to be within call, there is not apt to be any interference in such cases unless among the bystanders there chances to be somebody more than ordinarily disposed to extend the range of his effective interest, and should such a person be present he gets little or no sympathy if he come to any sort of grief or inconvenience in consequence of attending to affairs not regarded as his own.

"Mind your own business" is a good rule, of course, but, like "safety first," it can serve as an excuse for conduct cowardly and selfish—can and often does. Regard for the general welfare is also a part of everybody's business, or ought to be, and that all honest folk so hold it is really what, and all that, the Assistant United States Attorney has asked.

A Penalty Light But Swift.

New Jersey has reason to be proud of the speed with which two men caught robbing a bank were tried, convicted and sentenced. All this was done in less than a single day. But the State cannot be particularly proud of the fact that it was necessary to hurry the case in order to get the prisoners to the electric chair before the Governor's term expires.

New York Once Had a "Wonder."

One JOHNNY COULON seems to have created a real sensation in Paris by revealing what looks like a mysterious power. He is a youth of few pounds, but when he chooses, according to deeply interested observers, including a professor—impressive title!—large and husky athletes cannot lift him from the floor. At any rate, they don't, which apparently is treated as if it were the same thing, though it isn't, quite.

Years and years ago a young woman in much the same way acquired fame as "the Georgia Wonder," here and in other cities. She, too, showed what looked like an ability to stand firm against the efforts of men much more muscular than herself, but after a while her secret was discovered. It was only an adroit utilisation of the laws of equilibrium by means of which the "wonder" was able to use the whole of her strength against very little of that possessed by those who contended against her.

The Parisian professor insists that JOHNNY COULON'S achievements cannot thus be explained—that he has a queer power, psychological as well as physiological. That may be, of course, but the theory is so far from plausible that without much danger it can be dismissed as false. Paris also is now excited, it seems, over a new seeress who tells the destiny of her clients from the study of a mirror on which they have breathed. She and JOHNNY COULON go well together, and so do those who believe in the one with those who have like confidence in the other.

"IRISH UNREALITIES."

A Simplified Way of Looking at the Problem.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I cannot see where there are "Irish Unrealities," the title of your editorial today, in the true state of opinion in Ireland regarding the solution of her difficulties and tragedy. When, at least, 80 per cent. of the people, in a formal election under British law, assert their demand for a republic and, as you say, "that the only road to peace is for England to recognize it and make a treaty with it as a sovereign nation," and when this position is asserted in the face of terrible military violence and occupation over a period of years, and when those who oppose it chiefly are "planters" and usurpers of the soil of only three or four generations in the country, how can any American raise a doubt as to the just and reasonable and only real solution?

There is nothing "unreal" about such a situation, except the excuses of the invader and usurper and his defenders. The "elusive phantoms" in the case, which you conjure out of the circumstances, are the phantoms of promises and "solutions" presented in ever-varying form by English politicians and their supporters here and their interested agents in Ireland and London.

You say that Sir Horace Plunkett "informs us that Ireland would be perfectly content with a dominion form of government such as Canada has." Sir Horace, being a Unionist and Imperialist, is a poor authority on that point, though an excellent and much respected one on industrial Ireland. He does not, manifestly, speak for the vast majority of the people. But where do you get the grounds for your reiterated assertion that "Lloyd George has repeatedly summoned representative Irishmen to come forward and say if this is true (their desire for dominion government), and none have come?"

Lloyd George has never done any such thing. Instead, he forces through an invitation "Home Rule" bill, dividing Ireland into two parts, and stripping both of all real power. This is done, as all well informed people know, to get rid of the "Home Rule bill on the statute books," which his political master, Sir Edward Carson, forbade, by force, both George and Asquith to put into operation.

How long should a brave and liberty-loving people submit to such injustice and mockery?

JOHN JEROME ROONEY.
New York, Dec. 21, 1920.

Dominion Home Rule Acceptable.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There could be nothing more unreal than your editorial article, "Irish Unrealities."

English policy has always been to play fast and loose with Ireland. Carson has been the agent of the English aristocrats. To show his and their insincerity, witness that he is now willing to accept a Home Rule bill that gives Ireland more than the bill against which he organized a rebellion. Why? The aristocrats are against dominion home rule.

England rarely yields anything except under compulsion. Her women achieved a partial victory, but think of the extreme measures they were compelled to adopt. I have never been in Ireland, but I can reason by analogy. I do not think there is any doubt that Ireland would accept dominion home rule, but in order to get it she must ask more—to get less. At any rate, let us advocate the dominion idea.

WILLIAM J. FARRELL.
New York, Dec. 21, 1920.

CHRISTMAS GIVING.

For every joy the months have brought,
For every perfect day,
For love and home and family,
For life's fair primrose way,
In thanks for happiness and ease—
At Christmas, give a tithe of these!

If sorrow holds its bitter cup
Your shrinking lips to press,
If grief walks near for company,
Or fear, or loneliness—
Give, and through giving comfort find,
Courage of heart and peace of mind!

Make thou of sorrow and of joy
Your Christmas rosary—
And for each bead (a sad, or sweet,
Or poignant memory)
Give, in the little Christ-Child's name,
Who joy to bring all children came!

ELLEN V. CARUTHERS.

THE WEEK'S BUSINESS.

Where He Will Stay Four Days.

AMERICANS GIVE RECEPTION

At Banquet for Secretary, President Pessoa Declares Common Ideals Bind Two Americas.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Dec. 22.—Bainbridge Colby, Secretary of State of the United States, announced today that he would leave here Friday night for Montevideo, where he will make a four-day visit.

This afternoon Secretary Colby visited the Senate, Chamber of Deputies and the Supreme Court. Later the North American Chamber of Commerce gave a reception in his honor.

Senator Alfredo Ellis, who in 1906 addressed Elihu Root, then Secretary of State, on behalf of the Senate, today acted in a similar capacity on Mr. Colby's visit.

"The Federal Senators in solemn session," said Mr. Ellis, speaking in English, "purpose to receive you in the bosom of the Brazilian nation and through you to salute President Wilson and the entire people of the United States."

Mr. Ellis referred to the history of the United States from the days of George Washington to the late war. Concerning the war, Mr. Ellis said:

"It was to save the world from a backward turn to slavery and to military oppression that your youth presented itself proudly, nobly, before Lafayette's tomb to salute that immortal hero who helped you win your liberty and through your Chief to say, 'Lafayette, we are here.'

"The task was the same. For freedom's sake the American army crossed the seas. A long time ago Lafayette with his small host crossed the ocean to save the American people from bondage."

Mr. Ellis said Brazil and the United States were destined in the future, as in the past, to tread the same path, hand in hand in the pilgrimage for a better life, finer culture and higher civilization.

President Pessoa, in addressing Mr. Colby at the banquet given in his honor last night, said that North and South America were bound by ties of common ideals. These ties must be drawn still closer, however, the President declared, to bring to completion the work of democratic civilization undertaken by the two Americas. President Pessoa said:

"Your visit is a source of much happiness to us. Your presence reminds me of the happy days I passed in the United States. The two continents of America, so great in the riches of nature, are bound by bonds of common ideals. By common destiny the two continents are devoted to culture and democracy. To complete the work of democratic civilization entered upon by North and South America even yet more intimate relations are necessary between the peoples of the two continents.

"We have much to learn from you. We not only see here your commercial citizens but the visits of your statesmen remind us anew of our common political aims. For this reason we have received with great pleasure various North American statesmen and also yourself today. We welcome you not only because of your vigorous personality, but also for the high nature of the mission with which President Wilson has entrusted you. Personally, I never will forget my association with him in the Peace Conference, where his loyal friendship for and support of Brazil never failed.

"I feel that I speak for all Brazil in toasting the greatness of the United States, our unbreakable friendship and the health of President Wilson and yourself."

In responding, Secretary Colby referred to the long friendship between the two countries.

"There exists such a strength of friendship between the two countries," he said, "that despite malevolent efforts to lessen this friendship, it remains unshaken, as manifested during the long period of friendly relations. We always have been friends and if we differed in ideas we differed as friends. Never have we lost the respect due one another, which is the foundation of true friendship, with individuals as with nations."

At the end of his speech Secretary Colby toasted Brazil and President Pessoa.

PENSION BILL TOTAL FALLS.

Amount is $265,500,000, a Decline of $14,000,000 Since Last Year.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Carrying $14,000,000 less than was appropriated for this year, the annual pension bill was reported today by the House Appropriations Committee. The total in the bill is $265,500,000.

House leaders have agreed to consider the measure tomorrow with the expectation that it will be passed before adjournment tomorrow evening for the Christmas recess.

The bill was drafted by sub-committee, headed by Representative Cannon of Illinois. The estimated pension disbursements in the bill are:

Civil War, $251,632,182; War of 1812, $21,145; Mexican War, $340,638; Indian wars, $2,168,915; Spanish-American War, $5,844,380; World War, $36,734; regular establishment, $4,476,215.

During the year the number of pensioners decreased 32,237 and the sub-committee said that this accounted for the cut of $14,000,000, as compared with this year's total.

The sub-committee estimated that in addition to the $265,500,000 carried in the pension bill, the Government during the next fiscal year would expend an additional $309,995,490 in War Risk compensation, maintenance of soldiers' homes, medical and hospital treatment for war veterans and vocational training. It also estimated that by the end of the coming fiscal year the Government would have paid out $5,820,815,717.04 in pensions since 1790.

OPPOSE SHIP LIQUOR BAN.

P. A. S. Franklin Heads Delegation Which Asks Modification.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—A delegation of leading New York ship operators, headed by P. A. S. Franklin, President of the International Mercantile Marine, conferred today with Acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue Meyer regarding the effect of prohibition regulations on American shipping.

The shipping men were understood to have sought modification of the regulations forbidding liquor on American ships outside the three-mile limit. They also took up the question of the seizure of ships in American ports for violations of the prohibition laws.

HIGHER FARE IN TWO STATES

I. C. C. Rulings in the Minnesota and Arkansas Cases.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Passenger fares in Minnesota were ordered raised to the level of such tariffs in interstate commerce in a ruling handed down today by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The commission held that the Minnesota fares as established by the Utilities Commission of that State were unduly prejudicial to interstate passengers and unjustly discriminatory against commerce.

Passenger and excess baggage rates in the State of Arkansas as recently fixed by the State commission also were held discriminatory today by the Interstate Commerce Commission, which ordered immediately effective tariffs corresponding to those charged in interstate commerce.

DAY DENOUNCES INQUIRY.

Chancellor Brands as Foolish the Criticism of $6,000,000 Drive.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, Dec. 22.—Demanding that the Syracuse Chamber of Commerce, the Citizens' Club and the University Club appoint a committee to investigate his administration of Syracuse University, Chancellor James Roscoe Day today branded the criticism raised by the launching of the $6,000,000 drive for the university as "foolish and untrue."

The Chancellor declares that the institution is in dire need of funds. Unless the $6,000,000 is raised the university, it is declared, will be required to suspend half of the work it is doing. He wants the local committee to decide whether the university has one building too many, one course of study too much or a Chancellor who has bought unwisely or without authority during the twenty-seven years of his tenure.

MILLER FOR CUTTING TAXES.

Promises He Will at Least Stop Rising Cost of Government.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 22.—Governor-elect Nathan L. Miller had a conference today with George A. Glynn, Chairman of the Republican State Committee; Assemblyman Machold and Senator Luak. Later he conferred with Controller-elect Wendell of Fort Plain.

"The country needs optimism very badly," Judge Miller said in an informal address today. "I have to deal with some of the things that are causing pessimism in the country and one of them is the heavy burden of taxation. I have no doubt one of the definite causes of the present recession in business is the withdrawal of capital from industry for burdensome taxes, arising from excessive cost of government. The subject I intend to deal with after Jan. 1 is to bring down the cost of government, or at least to stop the mounting costs.

"I do not know how it is going to be done, but I can tell you it will be done."

DROP POLICE HOSPITAL.

Coleman du Pont Says $5,000,000 Plan Lacks Proper Support.

In an open letter to the public and the press, Coleman du Pont announced yesterday the virtual abandonment of the project for a $5,000,000 police hospital with a $2,000,000 endowment. Mr. du Pont, who headed the hospital movement, announced that in addition to the "unusual developments in financial conditions" which recently caused the cessation of collections, "the divided sentiment of the public and among the men of the force, steadily developed by certain influences, reveals a condition unparalleled in the experience of men unselfishly devoted to similar movements for the public welfare."

Mr. du Pont predicted many more years' delay before the institution could be built, and concluded:

"The funds, which were generously voluntarily and collected in support of the movement, will be turned over to the police relief funds, thus going to the originally intended for the subscribers, for the relief of sick, pensioned and their families."

FOR WAR DEAD IN HOLLAND.

Services Held in Cemeteries Where British Have Been Buried.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Dec. 22.—Simple, impressive services were held today at the two cemeteries in Holland where the remains of British officers and men who perished in Holland during the war were recently gathered.

The British Minister, Sir Ronald Graham, laid a wreath tied with the national colors on each grave.

LABOR RETAINS TWO SEATS.

Elects New Members in Monmouth and Wales.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—George Barker, Laborite, was elected to the House of Commons for the Abertillery Division of Monmouthshire in the recent by-election to fill the seat made vacant by the resignation of William Brace, President of the South Wales Miners' Federation, who accepted a position in the Government. Barker polled 15,498 votes as against 7,842 cast for G. Hay Morgan, Coalition Liberal.

In the bye-election in the West Rhondda Division of Rhondda, W. John, Labor, polled 14,035 votes, and Gwilym Rolands, Coalition Unionist, 869. The seat was made vacant by the resignation of William Abraham, Laborite, who retired because of old age.

LOOKING INTO LABOR BOARD.

Legislative Committee Now Investigating State Industrial Commission.

The joint legislative Committee on Labor and Industries which has been revising the labor law and more recently has taken up investigation of the State Industrial Commission, at the end of its session held yesterday at the Bar Association, took a recess until after the Christmas holidays. Senator John Knight of Wyoming County, Chairman of the Committee, said last night that there was enough work ahead of that body to keep it busy for another month before it could hope to report.

Senator Knight denied that he was committed to a reorganization of the Industrial Commission that would necessarily involve the ousting of all or some of the present commissioners.

"Whether such a reorganization is to be undertaken," said the Senator, "will depend largely upon the trend of testimony as yet incomplete."

Despite this statement there is every likelihood that the present commission will be legislated out of office and the State's supervision of industrial conditions placed on a new basis soon after Governor-elect Miller takes office.

"In our revision of the labor law we have kept so far effected any substantial changes," said Senator Knight. "The labor law, as it now stands, was enacted as the result, largely, of Republican initiative and the party stands sponsor for it."

At its hearing yesterday the committee [illegible] Chief Deputy Commissioner William C. Archer.

FUND FOR NEEDIEST STILL $20,000 SHORT

Contributions Thus Far Reach $53,274.23—Total for Day, $9,442, Is Highest Yet.

THIRD $1,000 IS SENT IN

More Than 200 Cases of Distress Have Been Cared For in Former Years.

EVERY CENT GOES TO POOR

Letters Enclosing Money Show Wide Sympathy Awakened by Appeal of The Times.

The total of contributions yesterday by THE TIMES and the four charitable organizations for the Hundred Neediest Cases was $9,442.19, including $235.06 not recorded on Monday, that day's donations through the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities.

This brings the total contributions since the first appeal was made on Dec. 12 to $53,274.23, but that sum is nearly $20,000 short of the total on the corresponding day one year ago—although some explanation for that may be seen in the fact that the corresponding day last year was nearer Christmas, when last-minute givers were hurrying in their contributions. The first appeal last year was made on Sunday, Dec. 14, and the first this year on Sunday, Dec. 12, so that in reckoning of number of days this year's fund falls far short of the 1919 total.

But the generous gave evidence yesterday that they were anxious to see a joyful Christmas in the homes and hearts of these unfortunate women and children who are picked out as the 100 neediest cases on the voluminous pages of the four charitable organizations. Yesterday's total was the highest this year—the highest by nearly $1,700, but it falls short of the corresponding day of last year, which was the day before Christmas. The total for that day last year was $10,337.53.

Daily Contributions Gain.

Differing from last year, the contributions this year have been mounting steadily day by day, each recording a higher amount for the fund than the preceding day. The first appeals last year brought record responses for a few days, but then the daily totals fell off. Each day this year has seen wider response to the sorrowful facts that tell the family history of the Hundred Neediest.

Expressing hope that no case would fall short of the minimum required, some of the early donors to this year's fund sent in second subscriptions yesterday. One of these was from "A Friend," who live in Baltimore. Her letter reads

Baltimore, Dec. 26.

Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Enclosed you will please find check for $10 for your neediest cases from a friend. I sent my subscription in last week, but as the fund seemed to be growing so slowly I felt that I must send you something more. I earnestly hope that this week will bring you many more subscriptions and that all your families may be looked after. A FRIEND.

A gift of $1,000—only the third this year of like sum was received yesterday from Edwin Gould, Chairman of the Board of the St. Louis Southwestern Railway Company. Mr. Gould's check was sent out from his office at 501 Fifth Avenue direct to THE TIMES, and briefly stated that the money was for the general fund of the Hundred Neediest.

Several touching letters accompanied the contributions yesterday, and most of them expressed the regret—common among all the givers—that they could not give more. Some of the letters are written in the scrawly hands of school children, others in the careful copperplate style of a generation whose surviving members are gray-haired and venerable. Some come from this city, but there are many others from cities in other parts of the country, where the wide appeal of the Hundred Neediest has been read.

Some of the gifts are from children who have been saving their coins for weeks in the hope of carrying happiness to some one else on Christmas Day. Others are from grown persons who have to make sacrifices to send in the sum which they first set in their generous hearts and then are forced to pare down with the knife of circumstances. One innovation was made by some givers this year in sending in the money which they collected on Liberty Loan certificates on Dec. 15.

100 Cases Aided in Former Years.

In the last four years' history of the fund the response to the appeal of the Hundred Neediest has been sufficient to alleviate the distress of 300 families, sometimes more than twice the original number of neediest cases. Back of this front line of Hundred Neediest this year, as in all other years, stands the second line of distressed families who would be submerged with just a little higher flood of the tide of misfortune, but who, with just a little aid against their misfortunes and obstacles, could be brought back to health, happiness and independence.

It is still doubtful whether the fund this year will be sufficient to care for that second Hundred of Neediest. The next few days will tell. With these two days more before Christmas there is still time for the fund of 1920 to leap ahead of the fund of 1919, which, through the generosity of the donors, has restored its hundreds of persons to a realization of the hope that springs eternal.

One hundred per cent. of each gift, large and small, goes for the relief of the Neediest. There are no overhead charges. Every cent donated goes to the person for whom it is intended, to increase his happiness and decrease his misfortunes. The following are typical cases of distress picked at random from the Hundred Neediest:

CASE 15.

Children of Cruel Mother.

If it hadn't been for the memory of his laughing little six-year-old sister Marion, Donald, who is eight, might have chosen to die in the nice clean hospital where he was recovering from the cruel beating that his mother gave him. He is expected to be discharged soon. It is expected that Gabriel will be in condition once more to "carry on."

Total amount needed, $1,200.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 66 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

CASE 19.

The Terrors of Nelly W.

Cleaning office floors has no terrors for Nelly W. when she knows it means coming home to her three boys and girl, all under 11. It is when the fear clutches her that there will be no children to come home to that she calls upon her Maker to help her. Nelly is only 30. Last year her husband, a confirmed drinker, deserted her and she has not heard from him since. The children, quiet and well-bred, have been told that their daddy is traveling and will come back to them with gold in his pockets and smiles on his face. It may be that the spirit of Christmas will come to Nelly this year and assure her of the home she is trying to hold together with her meagre earnings.

Total amount needed, $384.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 66 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

CASE 92.

Would Starve With Them.

With the knowledge that his wife and the two babies, both under 2, would surely starve while was gone, Dick cannot be induced to go to a sanitarium, which is the only hope there is for his bad lungs. He would rather stay and die with them, he says. Dick is not past the curing stage. A year's sojourn in the country will put him on his feet. What good is that, he asks, if he will come back to an empty home. The assurance of a fund of $15 a week for a year will save this family from dire suffering or worse. Total amount needed, $750.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

Gertrude's Ambition Deadened.

CASE 93.

It was planned to let Gertrude be a school teacher. The death of her father, however, put an end to any such dreams. Gertrude is 14, the oldest of three girls. She has finished the eighth grade in the elementary schools. A two-year course at a secondary school will fit her to be the breadwinner for her mother and two sisters. Mrs. S. makes a little at the sewing she takes home, but it is far from enough to meet their needs. To give this lonely group the chance they need requires supplementing the mother's earnings.

Total amount needed, $840.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4086.)

CASE 21.

Christmas Once Meant Presents.

All day long she works on the pretty, dainty things that once she wore when life was gay and there was a strong husband to care for her, the five children and his mother. At night she carries home a package of the piece work and sews long after the children have been put to bed by their grandmother. Yet with all her work, her earnings fall short of the family's needs. There is a dangerous, bitter look gathering between her eyes. It can be softened by the additional help of $30 a month.

Total amount needed, $360.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

Wish They Could Send More.

The following are extracts from some of the letters which enclosed contributions for the fund:

A Friend—As I have known the awful struggle, and am still working hard to keep the family of older people comfortable, my heart just aches over the hundred neediest cases," and, as THE TIMES says, the amount will help, I am sending a tiny check to be used where it is most needed. I wish I could send many thousands of dollars as a thank offering for the perfect health with which God has blessed me, but as this is all I have my little offering will help some one less fortunate than I. Enclosed find $3 to be applied as your judgment decides. I should be glad if the 3 had some 0's after it, but it is my best.

Phillip H. Stechler Jr., aged 2 years—Please give the enclosed amount of $25 to the neediest of the hundred families. I hope that this will tend to bring them a little of the big happiness I have received.

Anonymous—Enclosed is $10 interest on Liberty bonds and a check for $4. The money is from Billy, Betty, Mollie and Robbie Cox, to go toward helping any one of the Hundred Neediest.

Ogden Brower, Jr., 16 Cedar Avenue, Montclair—Enclosed you will find my check for $15. My father, Ogden Brower Sr., asked me to read to my children and have them pick out the ones to whom they want to give their share of the $15. My little girl, Elizabeth Ogden Brower, wants her $5 given to Case 85. My oldest boy, Ogden Brower 3d wants his $5 given to Case 32, and my youngest boy, John Le Foy, wants his given to Cast 79.

Alice T. Lockwood, 123 West Ninety-second Street—Enclosed find my check for $20—a little help in a great work.

E. F. Gill—I am enclosing $2 to be added to the fund for giving assistance to the Hundred Neediest Cases. I wish it could be a larger donation to a cause so worthy.

Julia Thacher, 29 West Fifty-fourth Street—Please find enclosed a small contribution for the 100 Neediest Cases. I wish it were ten thousand in commendation of your efforts in behalf of suffering humanity.

Lillian G. Behrisch—Helen Theodora, to whom Santa Claus has promised a doll who closes her eyes and has real, red hair, is sending the enclosed check to make someone else happy on Christmas Day. She does not care to which one of the Hundred Neediest Cases it is given. In fact, she hopes that so many people will send checks that hers may help the 200th case.

S. Reis, 650 West 177th Street—Enclosed you will find a check for $2 from Sanford and Maurice Reis. We saved it from our spending money to give to the fund for the hundred neediest families.

Mrs. Theresa L. Appel, Hotel Pennsylvania—Enclosed find check for my mite. Sorry it is not larger, but the call is great from all sides, and I try to give my share to those who need it most, among them your worthy cause.

Anonymous—I am sending a small check for $15 to give a little cheer in any fashion it is best to use it, and only regret it is not more.

A. M A.—Enclosed find $10 to be used as is thought best in the relief of the Hundred Neediest Cases. I am sorry not to feel able to send more, but already have begun to plan for a much larger contribution next year.

M. S. K.—Enclosed find check for $18.30, which amount has been contributed by the members of the reorganization department of the Equitable Trust Company.

No agents are employed by THE NEW YORK TIMES or any of the charitable organizations to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State Pension law.

Contributions are deductible from income tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessaries, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.

Checks may be drawn to the order of the Hundred Neediest Cases and sent THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DO NOT FORGET
—AMONG YOUR—
CHRISTMAS GIFTS
"THE 100 NEEDIEST CASES"
Make Checks Payable to
'100 NEEDIEST CASES FUND'
And Send to
The New York Times, Times Square.

CASE 34.

Burden Too Much for Boy.

They called him "Whistling Mack" because he always radiated such good cheer. Good reason he had to do so, with his fine wife and four sturdy children. One day Whistling Mack had disappeared. Three months later his body was found in the waters of the river where he worked. In all probability he fell in while at work on the barge. This fact could not be proved, and the company that employed him cast off the responsibility for his death. Sixteen-year-old John accepted the burden of support for the family. What he made was hardly sufficient, so his mother took work home, at which the children helped her when they came from school. Today the eyesight of Whistling Mack's wife is almost gone; the children are wan and undernourished and John is breaking his heart over the fact that he cannot earn enough. Total amount needed, $720.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4086.)

CASE 20.

Six on $0 a Week.

With all his savings gone John H. has nothing but the $9 a week he gets for part time work to feed and clothe his family of six. John was a good provider until an acute attack of asthma made almost constant attendance at the clinic necessary. In another year John will be well enough to take a full-time job. Mrs. H. cannot help him, for it takes all her time to take care of him and the four babies, the oldest of whom is 7 and the youngest a month old.

Total amount needed, $432.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4086.)

CASE 50.

Peg-Leg Pete.

Peter, long a cripple, now has an artificial leg, and is learning a trade where his misfortune is not a handicap. But he is not earning enough as yet for his six children, all under 14 years. His wife is showing the effects of her heavy and long-continued strain. Help is needed for a year before this family is self-supporting.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4086.)

CASE 59.

Scraps Disappointing.

Nine-year-old Ben, who is his mother's chief assistant as janitor in the dank east side tenement, is losing his faith in human nature. People, he says, no longer throw things away. It was by picking up scraps in the garbage and selling them to bleary-eyed ragmen that Ben used to surprise the family by bringing home a bottle of milk or a bag of doughnuts for the three younger children. Today all they have is weak tea and old rye bread for supper. Ben and his mother get the rent of their flat for the service they render, but apart from that they have nothing to assure them existence for the coming year.

Total amount needed, $480.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 64.

Little Stephen's Courage.

Stephen is a lonely mite of 9 who wasn't wanted when he was born and hasn't been wanted since. This knowledge seems to have wormed itself into his heart. The fruit it has brought forth is unusual. It is the will to be. There is strength in the firm mouth of him; there is courage in the eyes of him. His shyness hides it, but if the spirit of the child could be made articulate it would express itself in the words, "I will be like boys who come from a real home."

Total amount needed, $400.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

CASE 87.

Only $4 a Week.

"Smiling Jack," they call him. For two years he has lain in the hospital with a lame leg, which in time will be cured. Home is a vision to Jack made up of flowers and castles such as he reads of in the books the nurses bring him. He doesn't know that there will be no home with a mother and three sisters and brothers unless St. Nicholas brings it to them. Mrs. D. makes only $4 a week at sewing. That is all the family have to live on.

Total amount needed, $650.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 2.

Nancy Works at Three Jobs.

Every morning at 5 Nancy goes to a factory to clean it up before the day's work there begins. Then she returns home and prepares her three boys for school. Until 3 o'clock she does washing for the neighbors, which helps pay for the milk her boys need. After 3 she goes to a school building to clean up the classrooms. Her evenings, she boasts, are free. Yet with all this work Nancy cannot succeed in bringing the look of health to the cheeks of any one of the three boys, the eldest of whom is 13. They and she are undernourished. Nancy cannot afford to pay for the milk, eggs and good beef juice they need.

Total amount needed, $300.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 66 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

CASE 11.

Fear of Eviction.

Gabriel V. not only provided well for his wife and family of eight children, but was enabled to put away a little bit toward a rainy day. The rainy day came with the force of a flood when Gabriel suddenly collapsed and had to be removed to the hospital, where he is now awaiting an operation. The $300 which he had saved has, little by little, been spent. Mrs. V. can do nothing with the two-year-old twins tugging at her skirts. All that saves the family today from starvation and the streets are the earnings of sixteen-year-old Anne, the oldest. The fear of eviction is keeping her awake nights, and the knowledge what eviction would mean to her father is making her apply herself to her work beyond her strength. In a year Jean, the

CONTRIBUTIONS TO NEEDIEST CASES

Contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases yesterday totaled $9,442.19, bringing the total for the ten days up to $53,274.23. They were received as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES	$5,804.75
Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	1,357.00
Charity Organization Society	466.28
State Charities Aid Association	127.00
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities	486.00
Brooklyn Bureau (Mon., Dec. 21)	235.06
Total	$8,442.19
Previously reported	44,832.04
Total	$53,274.23

Contributions received direct through The New York Times:

A. and I.	10	In Loving Memory of my Mother	10
Abbe, H. V.	20	2nd. Silk DyeingCo.	10
A. B. W.	5	In His Name	10
Ackerman, A. L.	10	In Memory of S.L.	5
Adams, C. F.	5	In Memory of "Our Margaret"	10
Adler, Paul and Dorothy	20	In Memor'm from X	10
A friend	5	In Memory W.S.W.	10
A friend	2	In Memory of Blanche Journier.	5
A friend	17	In Memory of Eleanor Rhodes	10
A friend	10	In Memory of M. and R. Greenberg	50
A group of workers	14	In Memory of Elias and Sarah Stone	30
A. G. P.	1.00	In Memory of My Brother	10
A. H.	2	In Memory of Harry Glueckert	10
Aitken, Miss F.	5	In Memory of Albany, N. Y. (no name)	5
A. J. C.	5	Jacobs, E. B.	2
A little boy	10	J. B. R.	25
Allison, B. E.	5	Jenkins, W. E.	10
"A Lithuanian"	5	Jensen, O. E.	5
A. L. P.	5	Jefferson, Mrs. T.	5
A. M. A.	10	Jones, D. L.	10
Amee and Bebby	10	J. P.	2
A. N. Cynthia	10	J. T. S.	10
Anonymous	5	Judin, F. C.	5
Anonymous	10	J. W. E.	10
Anonymous	5	J. W. E.	10
Anonymous	250	Ker, Ellen	2
Anonymous	5	Ketcham, F. H.	2
Anonymous	20	Kelley & Kats	20
Anonymous	100	Kilmer, John	100
Anonymous	100	King, H.	10
Anonymous	5	K. L.	5
Ange, C.	10	Kling, Mrs. C. P.	50
Another grandmother	10	K. S.	1
A. P.	5	Kohe, E. M.	5
Appleton, A.	2	Kohn, K.	2
Appel, T.	5	Kruskal, R.	10
Arons, C. L. F.	20	K. S.	5
Arkay Co.	5	Langdon, H.	5
A. S. W.	10	Lawrence, E.	10
A teacher	5	Lane, J. V.	10
A. T. J.	4	Levy, J. S.	4
A Times reader	1	Levy	1
Baby Arnold	5	Levy, J. M.	10
Barie, M. G.	5	Lewis, S.	5
Barnes, Mr. and Mrs.	5	Leaf, Mrs. L.	5
Bailey, Mrs. G.	10	Levy, B. E.	30
B. C. R.	5	Liggett, E. L.	5
Beck, Louis Jr.	5	Little Julia Giles	2
Behrisch, L. G.	5	Little, W.	4.75
Berley, C.	5	Little Bobby Boy	1
Bennett, Billie and Bunkie	3	L. K. S.	5
Beggs, Mrs. C. C.	100	L. N. M. & B. N.	2
Bijur, Nelly and Robbie Cox	10	Lowe, H. B.	20
Bill and Junior	5	Lowenthal, H. J.	5
Bing, E.	5	Lockwood, S.	10
Bishop, H. K.	20	Loschheim, Mrs. W. C.	15
Birbeck, Miss R.	5	Loomis, J. L.	35
Block, L.	20	Loder, V. B.	5
Bliss, H. C.	5	Low, Martha M.	10
Bliss, M.	10	L. P. S.	10
B. M. P.	5	L. R. M.	20
Bovnton, C. H.	2	L. S. B.	10
Brown, W. D.	100	Lutz, P. O.	10
Brown, R.	5	Lyall, Mrs. H. J.	50
Brooks, Miss B. G.	50	Lytell, Bert	100
Brown, D.	5	McAvery, J.	10
Brown, Betty	20	McAneny, Mrs. G.	50
Brower, Ogden 3d	5	McCoy, P.	5
Brower, E. O.	5	McNiven, D. M.	5
Brower, E. F.	5	McCutcheon, J. M.	10
Brower, J. L. F.	5	Marsland, R.	10
Brady, C. A.	10	Marshall, L.	10
Bullen, Mrs. H. L.	10	Mason, R. W.	10
Buckiin, M. W.	5	Maher, Mrs. R. J.	1
Burd, H. G.	5	Mahon, J.	1
Buck, E. A.	5	Maher, R. L.	5
Burke, Mrs. R. D.	10	Manning, C. M.	10
Buddy Broender	5	Mayer, Dr. H. H.	5
Buddy	5	Mayer Arden Corset Co.	5
Campbell, Mrs. S.	5	Marshall, M. D.	5
Caldwell, L. M.	5	M. B. W.	5
Campbell, Miss A. C.	5	Meagher, Mrs.	10
Carroll, Mr. and Mrs. F. M.	10	Meyer, K. A.	10
Catharine, L.	5	Merry Christmas	50
Cat, M.	1	Messler, R.	2
Cent. Union Trust Co.	5	Meyman, Dr. G. K.	25
Chas. M.	5	Mem. of Paul J.	100
Church, F. A.	5	M. F. V.	1
Chelton, Miss	5	M. G.	3
Class 7B, P. S. 30, Manhattan	10	Miller, M. C.	5
Clark, W. H.	5	Miller, Mrs. E.	10
C. M. H.	2	Miller, Sara	10
C. M.	5	Miller, R.	10
Cohen, Mrs. R. Jr.	5	Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. I.	25
Coffin, E. W.	10	Monks, M.	5
Coffin, M. G.	10	Moss, H. F.	5
Coffin, C.	5	Murray, S. C.	10
Cooper, G. H.	5	Munger, J. and C.	15
Cooper, H. M.	5	Munzane, A. M.	10
Cowell, Mr. & Mrs.	10	Murray, B.	2
Coffin, M. G.	5	M. W. S.	10
Coffin, C.	5	Nash, G. V.	10
Commes, F. A.	5	Nellie V.	5
Cox, Frances	5	Newman, I. S.	15
Connell, M. B.	5	Nield, E. A.	10
Cooke, M. B.	5	Nosnalp, J. H.	2
Craig, R. C.	5	Oak, Miss D.	5
Cruz, M. O.	5	Outhout, M. J.	5
C. T. S.	5	Owen, W. G.	25
Cullen, G. M.	5	Paige, Mrs. C. C.	50
C. W.	5	Paley, E.	1
Davidson, G. P.	5	Pale	25
Daly, J. J.	5	Parsons, E. M.	10
Davis, Mrs. S. E. and sons	5	Peckerman, S. W.	10
Daddy, Mamma and Baby	5	Peter, W.	10
Daisheim,	5	P. J.	50
Davidson, Edna, Arthur and Walter	5	Prentice, J. P.	10
Davis, T. J.	5	Prime, W. A. Jr.	10
Q. B. C.	5	Quinan, Mrs. A.	5
Del Maas, J. B.	5	Quarrington, Helen	5
Deming, E.	5	Rawson, M. L.	5
Darby, Miss B.	5	R. C. B.	15
D. F. B.	5	Reed, L. T.	5
D. F. L.	5	Reed, L. T.	250
Dennis	5	Reorganization Dept. Equit Trust Co.	16.50
Dibble, G.	5	R. H.	5
D. M. S.	5	Rosen, J.	10
Douglas, S. D.	20	Rockwell Miss C. O.	5
Dorothy and Mary	5	Rosenstein, H.	10
Ferry	5	Resmon, J.	10
Dulany, L. T.	5	Rosenberg, Mrs. L.	10
Duys, H. M.	100	Rosenberg, Mrs. L.	10
D. W. F.	5	Rumsell, Mrs. J.	10
Edland, B. W.	5	Sanford and Maurice Reis	2
Edelman, B. W.	5	Sallie and Edward	2
E. G. A.	5	Schulz, Mr.	5
Eger, D.	5	Schelle, Mrs. W. D.	25
E. H. S.	50	Schanck, W. G.	10
Elsing, Ruth	5	Schloss, R. S.	10
Elias	5	Schelling, M. D.	2
Ellis, E. M.	5	Scranton Friend	5
Ellison, L.	5	Seabury, K. E.	10
E. M. S.	5	Sealey, Mrs. I.	5
Emloh	20	Seward, Mr. and Mrs. T. M.	2.50
Englewood Friends	5	S. H. L.	2
E. R. B. & C. F. S.	3	Sherman, Miss L. R.	10
Erstein, Mr. and Mrs. M.	5	Sheard, Mrs. F. W.	10
Essex	100	Shoppach, A. G.	15
E. W.	10	Simpson, G. H.	50
E. W.	5	Slay, L. W.	5
F. B. & B. L.	10	Smith, C. M. Jr.	5
Ferguson, E. G.	5	Snodgrass, R. D.	25
Fischer, Mrs. S.	2	Solomon, A. K.	5
Fisher, Mr. and Mrs. A. M.	20	Schulman, S.	5
Finley, E. R.	5	Strauss, Mrs. H.	3
Former Civil Service employe	10	St. Paul Sunday S. Classes 10, 19, 23	6
Fox, H. C.	50	Stone, D.	5
Foreman, E. W.	25	Stanfield, J. J.	5
Fraher, T.	25	Stewart, E. H.	20
Frederick, M. B.	5	S. T. B.	10
Friday, E.	5	Strickland, F. E.	10
Fuller, Marion G	5	Stern, A. E.	10
Gaston	10	Stein, A.	25
Gemmerich, H. W	10	"Sven"	2
Gernon, M. L.	50	Swords, E. J.	10
George, A.	5	S. W.	10
G. H. H.	50	T. A.	10
Gilmore, Mrs. E.	5	Taxi Driver	25
Gill, E. F.	5	Teaver, Mrs. M. C.	5
Gladstone, J.	5	Three Dots	5
G. M. R.	10	The Wooderaft Girls of Greenwich Ch.	5
Goodwin, P. H.	35	Thacher, J.	10
Goldstein, F. B.	10	Titus, J. C.	5
Goldberg, M.	5	Tooker, N.	2
Gould, Edwin	1,000	Turner, C. L.	5
Greig, M.	5	Two Brothers	5
Graham, Mrs. W. H.	10	Untermeyer, Mrs. I.	25
Greene, G. B. Jr.	10	Valiant, G. F.	5
Graves, E. H.	100	V. B. C.	20
Grossman, C.	10	Warren, Mrs. G. H.	100
G. S. M.	5	Walker G. R.	100
G. S. D.	10	Walstrum, S. S.	10
Haber, H. E.	20	Weldon, Mrs. S.	25
Hallander, R.	2	Well Wisher	100
Happoldt, J.	10	Wells, F. B.	10
Hall, C. O.	10	W. F. M.	10
Hedden, Mrs. M. A.	10	W. F. B.	10
Henrich, C. A.	5	W. H. S.	5
Herr, C.	5	Wheaton, Mrs. I.	5
Heck, J. S.	5	Whitney, Gasper & Florence	25
Herbst, E. D.	2	Wilde, B. B.	5
Hegeman, G. C.	5	Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. J.	10
H. F.	5	Wise, Miss	100
H. G. M.	1	Wilson, Mrs. J.	5
Hill, W. J.	2.50	Winterborn, F. W.	5
Hovey, E.	2	Wilson, Grace	10
Hooper, A. J.	20	Wiseman, R. J.	5
Hooper, Mrs. G.K.	50	Wisner, T. W.	5
Hopkins, C.	1	Wilson, M.	10
Hoich, Mrs. N. F.	10	Wilson, Gracel	5
Holmes, Mildred W.	10	W. M. R. J.	1
Holbrook, Mrs. D.	15	Wolf, Mrs. D.	5
Hull, C. G.	5	Woodward, C.	10
Hughes, G. C.	10	Wright, V. A.	10
H. W.	1	X. Q. A. Y.	2
Hyman, C. S.	5	Zimmerman, Van R.	5
I. J. M.	2		
In Loving Memory of F. A. Wood	20		
Total			$6,634.75

Contributions received through the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:

A Friend	25	Lincoln, Mrs. F. W.	500
A Friend	10	Linde, Miss Car-	
A Thank Offering	5	oline	10
A Well Wisher	1	Lord, Mrs. Samuel	500
Barker, Mrs. F.	20	Magie, David	50
Bowne, John	10	Palmer, Miss Eliza-	
Burritt, S. S.	100	beth	10
Caldwell, Mr. and Mrs. Brown	50	Robinson, Mrs. M.	25
Chadburn, W. H.	5	Sachs, Harry	250
De Whalts, Attilio M., and Friend	5	Saarman, Ada, and Friend	5
Ener, Miss M. C.	1	Seaman, Katharine	5
Fisher, Anna R.	10	S.	1
Gleason Mrs. Cant.	5	S. W.	10
Gwynne, MissMabel	20	Talbert, Elizabeth	5
Hall, Mrs. E. W.	10	Terry, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Jr.	25
Hamilton, C. C.	20	Van Winkle, W. M.	5
In memory of S. H.	2	Witmon, Girard S.	10
Kingsley, Mrs. F. L.	2	Wolff, Mrs. T. M.	25
L.	2	W. T. H.	100
Total			$1,857

Contributions received through the Charity Organization Society:

A Friend	5	Jacobson, Henry H.	25
Anonymous	10	Lord, Harriet	10
Armstrong, Mrs. E. J.	10	McDonald, Kath	5
B. F. S.	2	Magee, David	10
Barker,	10	Mc.	1
Barker, Mrs. F.	20	Norris, Miss G.	1
Bladen, Helen	5	Nuele, Miss B.	4.38
Cooper, Esther S.	2	Raphael, R.	2
Crieger, Jenny B.	5	Royer, Lucy	15
Frank, Hannah	1	Sitterly, Mrs. A.	10
From a Friend	1	Stecklor, P. H. Jr.	25
From a Friend	4	Stewart, Ethel	10
From a Friend	1	Tebbade, Miss	10
Gleason, Mrs. Karl	2	Walstrum, Mrs. B. S.	2
Goldsmith, Louise	10	Wheeler, Georgiana	2
Goodman	5	Wheeler, Mrs. W. H.	5
Gwynne, Miss M.	20	Woodward, Genevieve	10
Hamilton, C. C.	10	Woodward, George	50
Hughes, Mrs. T. R.	1	Young, Mrs. A. M.	20
Huntoon, J. S.	10		
Total			$403.38

Contributions received through the State Charities Aid Association:

Arnold, Miss L. B.	85	McKinney, M. P.	3
A warm sympathiser	1	Morris, Miss G.	1
Cassano, Joseph	5	Sidenberg, Mrs. G., and children	20
Clark, A. B.	2	Taylor, Miss E. B.	2
Dewey, E.	10	Young, Mrs. A. M.	20
Du Bois, Mrs. E.	50		
E. H. B.	1	Total	$127
J. M. M.	2		

Contributions received through the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:

A. A.	5	MacCulloch, H.	3
A friend	2	Magie, David Jr.	25
Allen, E.	5	Marsh, Edith J.	40
Anonymous	1	Mendelhall, H. B.	10
Anonymous	2	Nason, S. M.	100
Anonymous	10	Putnam, Mrs. S.	10
Bennett, Emma W.	10	Rosenblum, Mgr. N.	10
Blair, Herbert	250	Sage, Alice C.	5
Brommer, C. H.	10	Self, C. H.	10
Conger, Augusta	5	Smith, Mrs. E.	10
Connor, John	5	Thompson, E. S.	5
Hall, Mrs. G. L.	10	Tusch, F.	5
In memory of F. C. N.	5	Total	$660
Low, Mrs. W. G.	25		

Contributions received on Monday, Dec. 21, through the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:

Anonymous	940	Lawton, Mary J.	10
Anonymous	5	Miller, Francis H.	5
Ashton, N.	10	Motyczenski, J. B.	3
Bailey, L. P.	5	Smeltzer, Evelyn	10
Brady, Imogen M.	1.06	Smith, Samuel L.	10
Carless, Miss E.	1	Taylor, Elsie B.	2
E. S.	10	Thomas, H. B.	5
Elliott, Mary H.	8	Tri-Mu Bible Class	10
Friend	1	Tuthill, E. A.	5
Hartcorn, E. G.	5	Vitalli, Lena U.	15
Hassell, Mrs. F.	10	Vitelig, Joseph C.	2
Hayes, Helen M.	5	Vitalis, Attilio, and friend	6
Hickman, Mrs. J.	1	W. A. G.	5
Hiller, Mrs. L.	5	Wilson, Emily	10
Hopkins, W. D.	10	Wolff, Louis	10
In mem. of three	10		
Jaeger, D. E.	10		
Mo. and Ed. L.	1	Total	$235.06

SOCIAL NOTES

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Warrin are giving a theatre party, with a supper and dance afterward at the Ritz-Carlton, this evening, for their daughter, Miss Margaret Warrin.

Mrs. Perry Tiffany is sailing today on the steamer Matura and will go to Dutch Guiana via Trinidad to join Mr. Tiffany. Miss Jane C. Tiffany and Miss Phyllis Hartmann will accompany her.

Craig Biddle has arrived here and joined Mrs. Biddle at the Vanderbilt.

Mr. and Mrs. Preston Gibson left yesterday for Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Egerton Leigh Winthrop have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Muriel E. Winthrop and Richard de Blois Boardman, which is to take place on Jan. 8, at St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie. A reception will follow at the residence of the bride's parents, 109 East 91st Street.

Mrs. Payne Whitney is giving a large dance tonight at her home, 972 Fifth Avenue, for her daughter, Miss Joan Whitney. The guests will be mostly boys and girls home from school for the holidays.

S. J. WAGSTAFF MARRIES.

Lawyer, Recently Divorced, Weds Mrs. Olga Thomas, Divorcee.

Samuel Jones Wagstaff, son of Alfred Wagstaff, and Mrs. Olga May Piorkowski Thomas, who has been living at the Murray Hill Hotel, took out a marriage license yesterday at the Municipal Building and were married soon afterward in the home of Mrs. Clark Prichett, 320 Park Avenue.

Mrs. Thomas obtained a divorce on Dec. 1 in Ulster County, N. Y., from Ar

FROM PETE HERMAN

West Side Boxer Wins Bantamweight Crown by Decision in Bout at Garden.

VICTOR HAS WIDE MARGIN

New Champion Outpoints Rival Decisively—Has Ten of the Fifteen Rounds.

GREAT CROWD SEES BATTLE

Throng of 15,000 Fills Big Arena—Wild Scene Follows Announcement of Judges' Verdict.

A new world's bantamweight boxing champion was crowned last night in the ring of Madison Square before a palpitating crowd of 15,000 spectators who jammed and crammed every inch of the old fistic arena. Joe Lynch, west side Irishman, gained the verdict of Judges Martin G. McCue and William Muldoon over Pete Herman of New Orleans, who has held the title for more than three years, after fifteen rounds of boxing that was in no sense above the ordinary. The decision, carrying with it the world's premier ring laurels in the bantam division of fistiana and a gold and diamond-studded championship belt donated by Promoter Tex Rickard, was vociferously received by the great throng which crowded the old amphitheatre.

Lynch had won and won cleanly. There could be no question of the west side boxer's right to the verdict, and the important distinction which it carried. The champion had been decisively outpointed by a margin of at least ten rounds to five, and there was, therefore, no excuse for any but a Lynch verdict. That the decision was popular was attested by the wild scene which ensued immediately Announcer Joe Humphries's clarion tones had been swallowed in a tumultuous shout which greeted the new bantam titleholder.

Bout Not Out of Ordinary.

The battle, as said before, did not reach a standard beyond the ordinary as far as actual work was concerned. There was none of the spectacular, sensational or dramatic about Lynch's triumph. Both boxers appreciated the importance of the match and their work reflected this feature in marked degree. Herman particularly was disappointing for he made no such real efforts to retain his laurels as would be expected of a champion. By this is meant that he failed to combat his opponent's attack with the sort of work commonly expected of a ring titleholder, whose means of livelihood depends on the destruction and effect he accomplishes with his glove-encased fists. In only five rounds did Herman show to advantage, and in only two of these sessions did he work anything at all like a champion.

Lynch, on the other hand, appreciated the opportunity open to him and worked accordingly. He took no chances beyond what he would take in the ordinary course of events against any other boxer. He boxed cautiously, following a well-defined attack, in which his crushing right was the chief medium of dealing out punishment. There was none of the sensational flurries Lynch showed against Sharkey or Goldstein. Both of whom crumpled before Lynch's blows in the same ring in recent bouts.

Lynch earned ten of the fifteen rounds. He carried off the third, fourth, fifth, seventh, ninth, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth rounds. In these sessions Lynch carried the offensive and crashed home solid blows to the face and stomach which stung Herman.

The latter refused to fight back, however, taking the punishment and falling into clinches, where he sought without effect to pepper Lynch about the midsection.

Herman took the first, second, sixth, tenth and eleventh rounds. In the first three sessions which were his the dethroned champion did not impress by margin his superiority. He gained each of the three rounds by the smallest of margins and only after the hardest work.

Lynch Better Boxer.

In addition to the physical handicaps he was laboring under, Herman was at a further disadvantage in boxing ability. He was facing an opponent whose work was superior in every respect. The combination proved too great for the little New Orleans boxer to hurdle. Herman's greatest work was accomplished at close quarters. It was then that he peppered the west side lad about the stomach with rights and lefts until Lynch held to protect himself from the punishment. In this department Lynch was excelled, but the west side boy made up for the disparity in this respect through his work at long range.

Lynch always kept his left hand extended, pawing and jabbing with the fist, always waiting for the opportunity to crash home a right. When the chance did present itself the west side Irishman would let fly with a crack which rattled Herman's teeth and shook the New Orleans Italian from head to heel. Repeatedly Herman sought the refuge of a clinch after receiving one of Lynch's terrific slams.

Lynch's fast work with both hands, his speed of foot and the offensive which he carried over the greater part of the battle, gained him the honors of the bout and the title. He boxed rings around Herman at long-range boxing, albeit there were infrequent instances when Herman, with a swift left hook or plunging left jab, beat his bigger opponent to the punch. The power behind the west sider's right, however, discouraged Herman's efforts at long-range exchanges, and the result was that the New Orleans boxer confined himself for the most part to rapid work with both hands at close quarters. For this assault Lynch provided an effective defense after the third round. The west sider securely tied Herman's hands and had the Southerner powerless in the clinches.

Herman earned but five of the rounds, and in three of these sessions his advantage was by the slimmest possible margin. The tenth and eleventh rounds were the best for the dethroned champion, but not even by his work in these two rounds could Herman make an impression on the margin Lynch accumulated in points. Lynch carried off the honors in every round except the first two, the sixth, tenth and eleventh. In the latter two sessions Herman pummeled his rival severely about the stomach with his peppery attack, and bobbed Lynch's head from side to side with left hooks. Occasionally the titleholder tried with a right for the jaw, but the blow never landed on its objective, sailing harmlessly past Lynch's protruding chin for the most part, or winding around the west sider's neck.

West Sider Aggressive.

In the third, fourth and fifth rounds Lynch brought the crowd to its feet in an orgy of cheering when he had Herman shaky from the terrific rights the west sider dealt out. Several times in the closing four rounds, too, Lynch shook Herman with his powerful right-hand drives, but the west sider was too eager and anxious in following up his advantages, and, as a result, was wild.

Lynch implanted a wholesome respect for his punching power in Herman early in the bout. In the third session he crashed home a right which landed high on the temple. Herman's knees sagged and he gave an involuntary lurch forward, falling into a clinch. Lynch shook his rival off and tried to follow his advantage. Herman backed to the ropes and Lynch, seeking to finish his rival, was wild and ineffective, while the crowd urged the west sider on in a terrific din of cheers. Herman protected himself effectively, drawing his gloved left hand up in a perfect defense for his jaw.

The result was that Lynch's blows had no immediate effect and Herman recovered quickly.

Several times in the fourth and fifth rounds Lynch crashed home his right, never quite on the vulnerable point of the chin, but always with stinging power back of the blow. Herman was sent crashing back on the ropes and was hard pressed to defend himself against a knockout. From the twelfth round to the finish Lynch repeated the dose, hitting the New Orleans lad savagely with stinging left-hand jabs and right crosses which took all the fight out of the defending champion and gave Lynch a lead in points which insured victory beyond doubt.

Herman Aggressor at First.

For the first two rounds Lynch did little. Herman was the aggressor and carried the fighting. The Southern boxer worked to close quarters, where he peppered Lynch about the mid-section with rapid-fire blows against which the west sider could not defend himself. Lynch contented himself with pecking away at long range, without accomplishing anything of moment.

In the third Lynch landed his first real hard punch, a right to the temple, which made Herman waver for a fraction of a second. The crowd yelled wildly as the defending champion lurched forward and his knees sagged, but Lynch was wild in his effort to apply the finishing touches and Herman quickly recovered. Through the fourth and fifth sessions Lynch continued his offensive and several times shook Herman with jolting rights to the side of the face and jaw. The latter fought strictly on the defensive until the sixth round, when he took the lead and kept the fighting at close quarters, where Herman enjoyed a distinct advantage.

Through the seventh, eighth and ninth rounds Lynch showed to advantage, jabbing with his left and seeking to force an opening for his crushing right. Herman was wary, however, and protected himself against possible attack on the jaw. In the tenth and eleventh rounds Herman again flashed in front, carrying Lynch before him in a hurricane offensive which completely surprised the west sider and threw him on the defensive. The milling in these two rounds was mostly at close quarters, and Lynch absorbed considerable punishment about the stomach. The west sider sought to keep Herman at bay with his left, but the Southerner came in steadily against the jab and worked diligently with both hands to the midsection. The recovery was only a flash in the pan, however, and from the twelfth session to the final bell Lynch was clearly entitled to the honors.

Several times in the closing four rounds Lynch landed his right, but always the blow was robbed of its power because it had to advance past Herman's protecting upraised left. The west sider repeatedly forced Herman to the ropes, and while holding the Southerner there, drove openings for his right, but invariably the blows went wild or high and had little effect. In the fourteenth round Herman was shaken with a heavy right to the jaw and he showed he did not relish the punishment by falling into a clinch. Emerging, he danced out of danger until his head had cleared. The final round found Lynch still the aggressor and seeking to land a finishing blow on his elusive rival, but Herman guarded well and frustrated his rival's efforts in this direction.

Great Ovation for Lynch.

Seldom has Madison Square Garden, the scene of some of the greatest ring combats in history, witnessed an orgy quite the parallel of that which greeted the crowning of the new champion. Friends of Lynch, of whom there was an overwhelming majority scattered through the capacity crowd, rushed pell-mell past all restraining hands to the ringside in an effort to clutch their idol in their embrace. Two of the joy-crazed Lynch admirers broke past the outspread arms of special policemen with their night sticks poised, and, clambering into the ring, grabbed Lynch in an embrace which threatened physical injury for the lad who had just attained the ambition of a lifetime.

Lynch was madly separated from the morose Herman by a husky who wanted to dance a jig and kiss the west sider all in the same motion. The new title-holder finally gained his freedom and again clasped the lifeless hand of Herman. Then, moving to the side of the ring, he leaned down between the ropes and grabbed Assemblyman McCue's right hand in a warm clasp. Flushed with the joy of victory, Lynch then strode across the ring to where Judge Muldoon stood, carried out of his ringside seat by the surging tide of humanity about him after he had handed up the slip which had its share in giving Lynch the title. A hearty shake, and then Lynch stepped down out of the ring into the wildest commotion imaginable.

Everybody wanted to grab the new champion and hoist him aloft on sturdy shoulders. For a time Lynch successfully defended himself against this friendly assault, but in the end he had to submit and, atop the broad backs of his friends from the west side of the city, Lynch was carried back to his dressing room. It was a wonderful Christmas present and none appreciated it more than Joe Lynch.

Lynch was the first to enter the ring, making his entrance to the platform amid a din and acclaim which, when he finally did gain the stool in his corner, was a considerable achievement in itself. Herman followed a few minutes later, and a number of challengers followed the champion into the ring. They included aJck Sharkey, Packey O'Gatty and Charlie Beecher. Challenges were also issued on behalf of Pal Moore and Joe Burman. A battery of photographers was in the ring during these introductions and challenging, focussing their cameraes on Referee Patsey Haley, who stood off in a neutral corner all spick and span in white shirt, flannel trousers, cream colored silk socks and a pair of yachting shoes.

Herman was the first introduced and received a healthy hand. The reception didn't compare, however, with that accorded Lynch when the west side Irishman was introduced. The crowd set up a yell which did not subside until the timer's bell had clanged several times. The weights were announced as 116 pounds for each fighter.

Bantams Draw Big Crowd.

Madison Square Garden held one of its greatest crowds. The magnet of the world's bantamweight titleholder in the ring defending his laurels in the first big battle between ring midgets seen in this city in a score of years filled the famous fistic arena. The turnout was pronouncedly greater than that which witnessed the last scrap here, when Jack Dempsey clashed with Bill Brennan. Every seat in the place was occupied and thousands stood about the aisles in the Garden watching from tiptoe the fistic entertainment. It is probable that the Garden never before held a crowd which equaled last night's.

Both boxers weighed in at 116 pounds at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

In the semi-final ten-round bout Johnny Buff outpointed Midget Smith. The first bout scheduled for ten rounds resulted in a knockout victory for Roy Moore, St. Paul bantam, over Jimmy Martin of Brooklyn after 1 minute 54 seconds of the first round. Martin substituted for Kewpie Collendar of Minneapolis, who did not appear.

The schedule of training season games between the Yankees and the Robins has been practically completed. It calls for games at New Orleans on March 19 and 20, and perhaps on March 17, too, if the Yanks can arrange a tussle with another team in that city on the following day. The two clubs will meet at Shreveport on Friday, Saturday and Sunday, March 23, 26 and 27. Again on April 2 and 3 games will be played at New Orleans, and there is a possibility of a third contest being added to this series. On the way north four or five combats will be staged, and the grand windup performances will take place at Ebbets Fields, Brooklyn, on April 9, 10 and 11. •

ATTACK ON JOHNSON

Calls On American League President to Get Out of Organized Baseball.

SAYS CHARGES ARE FALSE

Brands Ban's Statements About Directorate Election as Deliberate Lie—Huston Retorts.

The boom of guns and the rattle of musketry resounded in the civil warfare of the American League yesterday. In the first place, the executive of the organization, one Byron Bancroft Johnson—often dubbed the stormy petrel of baseball—unmasked the battery concealed behind his shelving brow and made what he conceived to be an answer to the charges made against him and his followers by Colonel T. L. Huston, part owner of the Yankees. The latter had commented to the general effect that Johnson's action in overriding the precedent of eighteen years by turning down in the selection of a directorate those clubs which failed to kow-tow to him showed a rule-or-ruin policy, and that his elimination from baseball was necessary both for the success of the new regime in organized baseball and for the best interests of the younger major league.

Johnson remarked in his reply that the league had always resorted to the ballot, instead of using the regular rotation method, when it was found that the latter plan would place an "undesirable member" upon the board.

"At our meeting," he said, "it was the sentiment that two members should not be brought into the directorate, as they had attempted to wreck the American League. Mr. Ruppert of the New York Club was elected a member of the board, but declined to serve. The club owners then elected Mr. Shibe to fill his place.

Frazee Takes Verbal Fling.

H. H. Frazee, President of the Boston Red Sox, glancing about for an inkwell, in order to pen a few remarks addressed to the party in Chicago, but dipped his quill pen inadvertently into a pot of vitriol which happened to be standing near. This is what he wrote, signed, sealed and mailed to the beloved chieftain of the league:

"If you are quoted correctly in the New York and Boston papers today in your statement which reads, 'The league had always resorted to the ballot instead of using the usual rotation method of the election of the Board of Directors when it was found the rotation method would bring an undesirable member to the board,' you are stating a deliberate falsehood. You further state, 'It was the sentiment that two members be not brought into the directorate as they attempted to wreck the American League,' which you also know is an absolute lie, and is but one more evidence of your gross stupidity and incompetence to further fill the office you now hold.

"I had hoped that you had learned something in the last two years, and since the agreement of peace was reached in Chicago I have refrained from making any comment until this uncalled-for attack on Mr. Comiskey and myself, I think it is about time for you to stop making threats and prove some of the many misleading statements and assertions that you have made. Regardless of the attitude of anybody else in the American League, I want you to know that from this time on there can be no peace, as far as I am concerned, while you and I remain in the American League.

"If you had any sense of justice or realization of the harm you have caused baseball, or one spark of manhood, or any regard for the game which has made you possible, you would tender your resignation as President of the American League before causing any further harm. If you wish to go into any discussion, either privately or publicly, of our relations since my connection with the American League in 1916, I will be pleased to meet you at any time or place you mention. But, in the meantime, I strongly advise you to eliminate any further attacks upon the Boston American League baseball club or me personally."

Charges Huston Took Letter.

Johnson further said in his reply to Col. Huston's remarks:

"Colonel Huston once removed from the files of the New York American League Club a private letter I wrote Colonel Ruppert regarding the gambling situation in Boston. He conveyed the contents of that letter to President Heydler of the National League, thinking I could not prove the statements I had made in it. I did prove them to the satisfaction of Mr. Heydler, and it led to the removal of Lee Magee and Hal Chase from baseball.

"That is the kind of man Colonel Huston is."

Colonel Huston's brief but pointed rejoinder was as follows:

"I am half owner of the Yankees and the letter files are, therefore, my person property. The Johnson letter was shown Mr. Heydler in the interest of clean baseball.

"I have a letter from Johnson, written under date of Dec. 13, 1918, while I was in France. He claimed at that time that Chase was clearly guilty of throwing games.

"Johnson faltered in his duty to baseball as a whole when he failed to act then on the information he possessed. It is he, and he mainly, who has failed baseball and the general public in dealing with the gambling situation. It is due to his failure and cowardice that recent baseball scandals were not averted.

"Prompt action by him as a member of the National Commission would have resulted in such punishment for Chase and Magee that the members of the White Sox would have been afraid to sell out the world's series in 1919."

Neither of the two gentlemen who addressed the above billets doux in reply to the Christmas greetings from Chicago are hopeful of immediate affirmative response to their suggestion that the best thing that Ban could do for baseball is to get out of it. Ban thinks it's wiser to stick around and wait for the skids to be applied, rather than to hit the toboggan slide of his own volition. "It may be for years, and it may be forever," according to his theory of his tenure of office, and he is not sure he could ever get another job anywhere near as soft and fat as his present one.

Several new players were signed yesterday by the Yankees. Edwin Grassick, a catcher, who has been playing semi-pro ball at Woodbridge, N. J., and was recommended by "Gavvy" Street, was taken on. The other recruits are all pitchers. One of them, a right-hander named Tom Godfrey, was signed by the new scout, Paul Krichell, and was acquired from Leif Tesreau's Hearn. Joe Kelley produced another starboard side twirler from Louisville, who has had the enthusiastic endorsement of several expert observers. His name is Joseph Aulbach. A big left-hander, with lots of shipyard experience hereabout, who will also join the tribe of Huggins is Joe Driscoll.

Edwin Mooers, who played with Jersey City last year, and Robert Murray, were released yesterday by the Yankees. Gene McCann gets them to add strength to his Bridgeport club.

A cable message was received yesterday at the Yankees' offices from Babe Ruth to the effect that he was leaving Cuba flat—not flat broke—and would hit New York, as hard as possible, on Christmas eve.

No Thought of Quitting, Says Ban.

CHICAGO, Dec. 22.—"There is nothing for me to say except that I haven't the slightest intention in the world of resigning as President of the American League, despite Mr. Frazee's request," said Ban Johnson tonight, when shown a dispatch from New York saying Harry Frazee had written the American League President a letter characterizing statements credited to him as deliberate falsehoods and demanding his resignation.

IN FEATURE RACE

Wins Sabine Handicap at New Orleans, With Master Bill Acting as Runner-Up.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 22.—The track was heavy at the Fair Grounds today and the horses which like to have their hoofs sink is a trifle instead of skidding over a hard surface had the better of most of the arguments. The sharpshooters were on the lookout for such racers and backed them with fair success, for three favorite and a well-played second choice showed the way past the judges.

The featured event of the card called out a field of only five candidates, but they were among the best now engaged in trying out their paces here. The race was the Sabine Handicap for three-year-old thoroughbreds over a course of a mile and a sixteenth. Veto, A. L. Woodliff's son of Ballot and Rosanna, looked pretty good to the speculators before the battle and he looked even better after the smoke had cleared away, for nobody had a chance to look backward at the speedy chestnut gelding, except for an instant, at any stage of the proceedings. Nevertheless, Lyke, who had the mount, had to work his passage as the contest drew toward a close.

Veto got away cleverly and was chock full of running, keeping well in the van until the six-furlong mark was reached, where he showed signs of a desire to call it a day. He may have been misinformed about the distance and thought he was in a three-quarter mile sprint. At any rate, he slowed up, and Lyke had to urge him to get him under way again.

Meanwhile, Fizer, which had been well up all the way, came along like a young whirlwind and usurped the lead for a few seconds. Veto didn't seem to care to be paced, so he thundered to the fore once more and drew away steadily in the stretch run, to win by a very comfortable margain from Master Bill, which took the place honors by an equally commodious interval. Fizer quit in a hurry when he found that merely getting ahead didn't win the race, and The Wit nosed his way into third place.

Racers of all ages competed in the five-furlong dash, which was run as the fourth contest on the list, and the three-year-old filly Talisman, second choice in the preliminary wagering, took the measure of the favorite, Hidden Jewel, in a fine speed duel down the stretch. Hidden Jewel looked all over a winner from the start to the half-mile post, having oceans of speed and all the willingness in the world to display it for the entertainment of the crowd. With four furlongs covered, however, the favorite showed signs of weariness and Talisman, close up from the three-furlong mark, flashed past into a tenuous lead, which he held and gradually increased to the wire despite the best efforts of the game but wearied horse from the Hirsch string. Rollo was third, a block or so to the rear of the two leaders.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For maiden two-year-olds; claiming; purse $800; five furlongs. American Maid, 112 pounds (McAtee), 6 to 1, 2 to 1, even, first; Secretary, 115 (Wilds), 5 to 2, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, second; Seaboard, 115 (Richerek), 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 2 to 1, third. Time—1:03 2-5. Rose of Picardy, Repent, Magic Castle, Calithump, Tony Sutton, Home Guard, Rape o' the Lock, Joe Whipple and Niobe also ran.

SECOND RACE—For fillies and mares three years old and upward; claiming; purse $800; six furlongs. Anna Gallup, 106 pounds (King), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, first; Marmite, 111 (Cate), 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 2 to 1, second; Winneconne, 102 (Woodstock), 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 2 to 1, third. Time—1:16 2-5. Annie Edgar, Miss Kruter, Kohinoor, Big Idea, Oaklawn Belle, Molly O., Cobalt Lass, Plain Heather, Tiger Rose and Catania also ran.

THIRD RACE—For two-year-olds; allowances; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Trantula, 106 pounds (King), 2 to 1, 3 to 5, 1 to 4, first; Episode, 106 (Ponce), 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 2 to 5, second; Bumble, 109 (Richerek), 18 to 5, even, 2 to 5, third. Time—1:09. Thornhedge, Lady Stella, Voormir and Trust Official also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Talisman, 106 pounds (Murray), 7 to 2, 6 to 5, 1 to 2, first; Hidden Jewel, 106 (Heinlach), 7 to 5, 3 to 5, 1 to 3, second; Rolo, 99 (McIntyre), 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 2 to 1, third. Time—1:01 2-5. Bobby Allen, The Nephew, Who Cares and Scurry also ran.

FIFTH RACE—The Sabine Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000; one mile and a sixteenth. Veto; 112 pounds (Lyke), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 6, first; Master Bill, 106 (Coltiletti), 7 to 2, even, 1 to 3, second; The Wit, 100 (McTaggart), 12 to 5, 3 to 5, 1 to 4, third. Time—1:49. Fizer and Honolulu Boy also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For two-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and a sixteenth. Phalsie, 109 pounds (Woodstock), 5 to 1, 8 to 5, 7 to 10, first; Wakeag, 109 (Heinlach), 5 to 2, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, second; Hindoostan, 114 (Thurber), 5 to 2, 4 to 5, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:49. Harvest King and Nellie Yorke also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and a sixteenth. Nebraska, 106 pounds (Mooney), 3 to 1, 6 to 5, 1 to 2, first; N. K. Beal, 111 (Murray), 9 to 2, 3 to 5, 1 to 5, second; Neenah, 102 (Smith), 15 to 1, 6 to 1, 3 to 1, third. Time—1:51 2-5. Goldcrest Boy, Medusa, Spearlene, Verity and Capt. Burns also ran.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $600; for maiden two-year-olds; five furlongs. Wireless 115 pounds, Ace 115, Voormir 115, Sangrocque 115, Philanderer 115, John Arbor 115, Elizabeth May 112, Smiling Through 112, Whittle 112, Rose Cliff 112, *American Maid 112.

SECOND RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds; six furlongs. *Simonite 115 pounds, *Anticipate 114, *Who Cares 112, Murray 112, Teacher's Pet 106, *Shoot On 112.

THIRD RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs. Annie Edgar 111 pounds, Fanyan 111, Justice Goebel 110, *Early Sight 109, *General 109, Turco 107, Ruvocco 107, Red Wing 104, American Rose 104, *Miss Kruter 102, *Van Sylvia 99.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds; one mile and a sixteenth. *Harvey Smarr 111 pounds, Parish 110, Adelante 110, Illinois Lad 110, Lady Ward 110, *She Devil 108, *John I. Day 108, *Peggy C. 102, *Lady Kathern 102.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; for two-year-olds; one mile. Charles A. Byrne 118 pounds, *Hines 110, *Tan Son 110, Sea Court 107, *Crimson Rambler 105, *Pimlico 105, *Louise Wynne 101, *Superb 100, *Fading Star 97, *Walk Up 97.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Young Adam 114 pounds, *Douglas S. 109, *Galway 109, *Bond 109, Margery 106, Light Wine 105, *Iron Boy 104, *Wildflower 100.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and an eighth. Austral 113 pounds, Great Gull 113, Highland Lad 113, Paul Connelly 114, King Neptune 109, Brookland 108, Corydon 108, Sasin 108, *Prunes 108, *Ben Hampson 108, Sandy Mac 107, *Thirteen 104, Captain Hodge 104, *Lorena Moss 101.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather cloudy; track heavy.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; six furlongs; purse $700. *Saimrose, 98 pounds; *Doublet II, 99, Ava R. 99, Lady Ione 98, Lavelon Hollins 107, *Driffield 107, Sayeth 109, Guardsman 109, Pas de Chance 112, Langhorne 112.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs; purse $700. Kentmere, 103 pounds, Molinco 105, Roseale 107, Perhaps 110, Blacktop 110, Dantzig 110, Sleepy Dear 110, Kings Belle 110, Draftsman 110, Kathleen K. 110, Fight 113, Bygone 113, Rama 116.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs; purse $700. *Fleer, 99 pounds; Just Fancy 104, *Chimera 104, Runnyran 107, *Blaseaway 107, Gus Scheer 109, Mather 109, Sister Susie 109, Osgood 109, Dainty Moore 104.

FOURTH RACE—Yuletide Handicap; for all ages; five and a half furlongs; purse $1,000. Stepson, 98 pounds; Pierre a Feu 102, Furbelow 105, Jumbo Jumbo 99, War Zone 108, Right Angle 106, aGrundy 112, Different Eyes 112.

aArmonia Stable.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; mile and a fifty yards; purse 700. *Silex II., 96 pounds; *Incinerator 96, *All Smoke 102, Major Fiske 104, *Garbage 105, El Coronel 107, Semper Stalwart 107, Piantarede 107, James 107, Biscuit 107, Jose de Vales 110, Stan Fehmer 110.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; mile; purse $860. *Little Ed, 102 pounds; *Dolph 103, *Candle Light 105, *American Eagle 103, Guaranteed 107, Darnley 107, American Soldier 108.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

ITHACA, N. Y., Dec. 22.—John Hoyle, coach of the Cornell crews, today stated that he was in favor of reducing the intercollegiate racing course to three miles. The present Hudson River course is four miles. Coach Hoyle pointed out that the three-mile race would be easier on the crews and would be a more brilliant contest from the viewpoint of the spectators. He urged that the three-mile course be given a thorough trial before it is condemned by the proponents of the four-mile course.

VIC MUNOZ VICTOR IN HAVANA FEATURE

Odds-On Favorite Captures Trial Handicap, Making It Three Races in a Row.

HAVANA, Dec. 22.—Vic Munoz scored easily in the trial handicap at five and one-half furlongs, the feature of the card at Oriental Park today, and in winning the event made it three in a row, which is probably a record for any horse at the present meeting. He was an odds-on favorite, and, breaking in front, rushed into the lead under restraint, setting a fast pace, and at the end was galloping to win by one and a half lengths. Spuggs was always close to the pace, and was an easy second, leading Aunt Deda by two lengths. Santa Claus, the only other starter, was never in the running.

The first race went to Jill, a 5-to-1 shot, which led for the entire trip. At the end the horse was tiring fast, but gamely lasted it out, to win by a little over a length. Frank Burke was second, three lengths in front of Rounded. Smite, showing improvement, made a runaway race of the second race. Taking the lead at the start, and increasing his advantage to the end, he won in a romp by six lengths. Zindo was second and Sayona third.

The third race was won by Avion. The fifth event went to Atta Boy, and the last event was won by Fly Home.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700. Five and a half furlongs. Jill, 111 pounds (Ball), 5 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, first; Frank Burke, 111 (Dominick), 5 to 2, even and 1 to 2, second; Roundel, 111 (Carmody), 3 to 1, 6 to 5 and 3 to 5, third. Time—1:06 1-5. Eastern Glow, Bibbler, Lama, Director James, Brigida, Snow Queen, Prince Bonero, Kernan and Truant also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700. Five and a half furlongs. Smite, 101 pounds (Hunt), 6 to 1, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, first; Zindo, 109 (Eames), 5 to 2, even and 1 to 2, second; Sayona, 111 (Dominick), 5 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, third. Time—1:06 2-5. Huntress, Superior, Ed Garrison, Elmont, Chanteur, Scarpia II. and Legotal also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700. Five and a half furlongs. Avion, 105 pounds (Kennedy), even, 1 to 2 and 1 to 4, first; Kewaas, 106 (Peterson), 8 to 1, 3 to 1 and 4 to 5, second; Driffield, 108 (McCoy), 10 to 1, 4 to 1 and 2 to 1, third. Time—1:07 4-5. Galopin, Litholick, Count Boris, Cy Merrick and Doctor D. also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $800; Trial Handicap; for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Vic Munoz, 113 pounds (Merimee), 7 to 10, 1 to 5, and out, first; Spuggs, 107 (Hunt), 6 to 2, even, and out, second; Aunt Deda, 104 (Burler), 6 to 1, 2 to 1 and out, third. Time—1:08 2-5. Santa Claus also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds; six furlongs. Atta Boy II., 112 pounds (Kennedy), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, and 1 to 5, first; Herron, 104 (Pickens), 4 to 1, 2 to 1, and 1 to 5, second; Allivan, 108 (Connors), 25 to 1, 6 to 1, and 5 to 2, third. Time—1:13 3-5. Drapery, Azuritax and Haran also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Fly Home, 102 pounds (Hunt), 5 to 2, even, and 1 to 2, first; Sol Gilsey, 109, (McCoy), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, and 2 to 5, second; De Witt, 104 (Gardner), 6 to 1, 2 to 1, and 6 to 5, third. Time—1:49 4-5. Leinster, Harry Glover, Hands Off, Waterford and Donna Granton also ran.

WILL ASSIST PROSECUTOR.

O'Brien Named to Aid in Actions Against White Sox Players.

CHICAGO, Dec. 22. — James O. "Ropes" O'Brien, former Assistant State's Attorney, will be engaged to assist in the prosecution of White Sox players and gamblers who are charged with conspiring to "throw" the 1919 World's Series and are now under indictment by the Cook County Grand Jury, it was announced today by President Johnson of the American League. Johnson said he expects early hearings in the cases.

During the last year O'Brien, as Assistant State's Attorney, secured convictions which sent several men to the gallows. During murder trials he always wore a red necktie.

"We must go to the bottom of this affair," Johnson said, "and no guilty persons must be allowed to escape. That is the only reason why the American League is taking an interest in this matter. Mr. O'Brien has a notable record for convictions and that is why we have decided to employ him."

BOYS' CLUB WINS ON MAT.

Defeats Brooklyn Polytechnic by a Score of 23 to 8.

Wrestlers from the Boys' Club met and defeated the team of grapplers from Brooklyn Poly last night in the Boys' Club gymnasium. The winners took five bouts to two of the losers, and the score was 23 to 8.

Four of the Boys' victories were on form and one on a decision, while Poly tallied one fall and one decision. Feldstein, second metropolitan champion, won in 1 minute 38 seconds in the 115-pound class.

BRITISH BOXERS ARRIVE.

Service Champions Here to Battle in I. S. C. Tournament.

A trio of England's service boxing champions, accompanied by Matchmaker Tex O'Rourke of the International Sporting Club, arrived yesterday on board the White Star liner Olympic for the international amateur boxing tournament which will be conducted by the International Sporting Club early next month. The latest British arrivals, following closely on the heels of the London police, who arrived here the other day are Captain Ernest Vivian Chandler of the Royal Artillery, a 180-pound boxer, who won the English middleweight championship three years ago, and is the present army titleholder in the heavyweight division; John Watson, 174-pound heavyweight champion of the British Navy, who holds the Lord Desborough Cup, and Hugh Brown, a 162-pound boxer, English middleweight champion in 1914, and runner-up for the title in the recent Olympic games at Antwerp, Belgium.

The trio, according to plans of the I. S. C., whose guests they will be during their stay here, will be installed at the Imperial Hotel. The English service champions will be joined here within a couple of weeks, according to present expectations, by the army and navy titleholders of France and Belgium, who are now en route. With the arrival of the French and Belgian boxers definite plans for the tournament will be adopted and a definite date and place announced. At present it is the intention to conduct the tournament under the rules of the International Boxing Federation, which provides for bouts of three rounds duration, with an extra round if a decision is not reached. It is intended, however, to seek a special dispensation for the coming tournament, so that the contests can be scheduled for six rounds. If this application receives favorable action, the tournament will be one of the most extensive international amateur ring affairs ever held in this country.

Joe Brooks, head football coach at Williams during the last two years, was appointed yesterday to the position of assistant coach at Columbia, according to an announcement by Graduate Manager Robert W. Watt. The likelihood of Brooks coming to Columbia as a member of the football coaching staff has been known for some time on Morningside Heights, but public announcement was withheld until Brooks had severed his relations with Williams.

Just what part the new coach will play in the football scheme at South Field is still a matter of speculation. In his playing days at Williams and Colgate, Brooks gained fame as a tackle, and it is considered likely that Coach Buck O'Neill will leave most of the line coaching to his new aid. In this work he will probably be assisted by Tom Thorp, who has been on the Columbia coaching staff for several years. It is believed that O'Neill himself will prefer to take charge of the backfield and punters, with Brooks and Thorp handling the line men, and possibly another new assistant instructing the ends. Brooks was also a goal kicker of note, and will probably have charge of this branch of the work.

The former Williams and Colgate tackle is a close friend of O'Neill and the two have been intimately connected in football in recent years. Brooks comes from the same football school as the former Syracuse coach and he will be ready to step in at once and use the O'Neill system next Fall. This fact, it is believed, counted heavily in the selection of Brooks as O'Neill's right-hand man at South Field.

Brooks, after preparing at Brooklyn Poly Prep, played at tackle on the Williams eleven in 1909 and 1910. A year later he went to Colgate, where he made a name for himself as tackle on the Maroon teams of 1912, 1913 and 1914. Under the tutelage of Larry Bankhart, Brooks developed into one of the greatest offensive tackles of the country and was prominently mentioned as a candidate for All-American honors. Although he was widely selected for mythical All-Eastern elevens, he never succeeded in getting a place on Walter Camp's eleven.

The Colgate tackle was a great placement goal kicker. Probably his best known feat was that of kicking four goals in Colgate's big game with Syracuse. In the same year, 1913, Brooks kicked a 22-yard placement goal against Yale, which fell before the Maroon warriors, 16 to 6.

After graduating from Colgate in 1915 Brooks helped Bankhart coach the Maroon eleven in the Fall of the same year. He undertook similar duties in 1916 but in 1917 he was absent from the gridiron while he fought in France as a Captain with the 150th Machine Gun Battalion of the Forty-second Division. Brooks was in the service in 1917 and 1918, and in 1919 and 1920 he was head coach at Williams. Brooke's Williams teams were always dangerous, and, with Benny Boynton to lead the attack, made good records against their Eastern opponents.

Brooks's appointment is an interesting sequel to the recent announcement of the schedule for 1922, the most formidable list of games yet arranged for the Blue and White eleven. In addition to Colgate, Brooks's old love, Dartmouth, Cornell, Ohio and Williams will be encountered, and it is considered that the hardest kind of work will be necessary to build a team capable of coping with such opponents. As O'Neill's assistant in this work Brooks will likely have the same prominent role Chik Meehan had at Syracuse when O'Neill was head coach there.

Further changes in the football coaching and training systems are expected on the Columbia campus. It is considered more than likely that a new end coach will be appointed, and improvements are expected in the methods of training the gridiron warriors. The latter step may take the form of the engagement of a well known trainer for the football and other athletic teams of the university.

Governor Receives Buckeye Team.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Dec. 22.—The Ohio State University football team, which will play the University of California at Pasadena New Year's Day, was received today by Governor Stephens. He said he was a native of Ohio, but was sorry "to see such fine young men going to certain defeat."



Give Him a Merry Christmas, and

—a happy New Year. A Club Package of Herbert Tareyton Cigarettes will do it. If he's already a Tareyton smoker



On the day before the last day before Christmas--

Why not simplify things by letting him choose for himself!

An order on us for a rainproofed *Scotch Mist, or fur coat, or new suit—so much more Christmassy than giving money!

Gift Certificates in greeting envelopes procurable at our four stores. Mailed on request.

Merry making in men's mackintoches!

Were $30.00.

$20.

Still more bargains here and there in men's and boys' furnishings.

Among them:

Adults' outdoor sleeping suits and bags that were $30.00—now $12. Children's $8.

Children's hats that were $3.00 up—now $1.75.

Boys' shirts that were $2.50 and $3.75—now $1.85.

Boys' shirts that were $4.50 to $6.00—now $2.45.

Boys' flannel pajamas that were $3.75 and $4.00—now $2.25.

Boys' flannel pajamas that were $3.00 and $3.50—now $1.75.

Children's brushed wool outfits—toque, jacket, leggins and mittens—were $12.00 and $15.00—$8.50.

Lots of other items, little in quantity, but big in value.

*Registered Trade-mark

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Broadway at 34th St.

Broadway at Warren. | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

DON'T SMOKE PAINT

Our pipes are made of the finest imported well seasoned BRIAR ROOT. We use NEITHER PAINT NOR VARNISH, leaving pores open to absorb moisture. They color like meerschaums. Absolutely NO BREAKING IN. Each pipe perfect and guaranteed.



WE MAKE THEM

Mail Orders Filled

PIPES REPAIRED PROMPTLY

BARCLAY PIPE SHOP

41 Barclay St., Cor. Church



The All-Year Gift—

A CAMERA



Just the thing for Little Folks & Grown Ups.

$2.86 UP

Get one at Kodak Headquarters

WILLOUGHBY

Cameras---Supplies

110 West 32d St. Opp. Gimbels

For Boys and Girls

An Ancient Map of Fairyland
In 3 sections, with booklet guide by Bernard Sleigh. $5.00

Princess White Flame
By GERTRUDE CROWNFIELD
A fairy tale "that ought not to be missed," says Hildegarde Hawthorne. $2.00

Hansel and Gretel
and Other Stories by the Brothers Grimm. Illustrated by Arthur Rackham. $5.00

Snowdrop
and Other Stories by the Brothers Grimm. Illustrated by Arthur Rackham. $5.00

These books should be on sale in any bookstore; if not, they can be had from

E. P. Dutton & Co.,
681 5th Ave., N. Y.

GOLF SITUATION SEEMS BRIGHTER

Western Delegates Confer With the Executive Committee of the U. S. G. A.

COMPROMISE IS PROBABLE

Difference of Opinion Between Factions Has Chiefly to Do With Dues and Voting Privileges.

With a view toward effecting a compromise, members of the Executive Committee of the United States Golf Association and representatives of the Western Golf Association met at an informal conference recently, and it is safe to predict that as a result of this meeting peace will once more reign between the two bodies where ten days ago war seemed a certainty.

The chief representative of the "radical" West, which a short time ago announced its intention of forming a new national association to be known as the American Golf Association, was Wilbur H. Brooks, the President, who has been nominated to serve again next year. Brooks was accompanied by three Directors of the Western Golf Association, while the United States Golf Association was represented by practically all its officials and members of the Executive Committee.

In the past the chief grievance of the Western Golf Association—and it has had many minor ones—has been the fact that the national association gave only about one-quarter of its members a voting privilege. The membership of the United States Golf Association is divided into two classes, active and allied. The former pay $30 a year and the latter only $10, there being no distinction as to qualifications. Therefore it may be seen that if any club wishes to join the voting or active class, the only essential is that $30 be paid instead of the usual ten-spot.

May Pay Difference and Vote.

Though it is a far cry from "taxation without representation" to this state, yet the Western Golf Association has dwelt on the old Boston tea party theory for many years. If the United States Golf Association cared to make its membership only one class, it would simply have to raise the dues so that all would pay $30. Instead of that, it is left up to the individual clubs in order to have the privilege of voting. An official of the W. G. A. the other day said:

"The grave objection to this present system is that it is wholly un-American and is opposed to the time-honored and deeply ingrained spirit of our democratic institutions. A membership in any organization should carry with it the right to vote. This dual system of so-called representation has never been and never will be satisfactory to the great mass of American golfers." The answer is simple. Every allied club my join the active class in the U. S. G. A. and enjoy the voting privilege.

The Executive Committee of the national association had, prior to the ultimatum of the W. G. A., decided to present to the delegates at the annual meeting for their consideration an amendment to the constitution of the U. S. G. A. whereby the number of Executive Committeemen would be increased by four. The idea was to have, in addition to the five officers of the association, four of the other executives represent four different recognized golf associations in the United States. The ruling body, therefore, had already gone more than half way toward the later demands made by the W. G. A., one of which had to do with having its nine Directors representing at least seven different States.

Another Change Threatened.

Another change which the threatened American Golf Association contemplated was in selecting the courses over which the "national" championships were to be played; in other words, by rotation. It is no secret that the Executive Committee of the U. S. G. A. has had a new selection system under consideration for a long time.

It has been the general opinion hereabout that the Western outburst was merely a "lot of talk" that would come to naught; that when it came to the final showdown the golf clubs throughout the country would remain loyal to the United States Golf Association, which is the only one recognized by the Royal and Ancient of St. Andrews. One subsidiary association after the other went on record with expressions of loyalty to the national body; those pledging themselves including the Metropolitan Golf Association, the Massachusetts Golf Association, the Golf Association of Philadelphia, the Western Pennsylvania Golf Association and many other minor bodies.

This made the boast of the Western Golf Association to the effect that it would have the support of many of the Eastern clubs, especially Boston, look rather weak, and later a number of the directors of the W. G. A. repudiated the entire affair, stating that no spirit of rebellion was raging in the West except in the minds of a few radicals.

To Get Final Settlement.

Despite the fact that the U. S. G. A. seems more firmly entrenched as the leading authority as the result of the "upheaval" and that nothing was likely to come of the whole affair, the officials of the National Association wanted to settle the matter once and for all time. That could only be done at a conference attended by officials of both organizations, and both sides should be given credit for the reason that wiser heads prevailed and that doubtless everything will be adjusted to the satisfaction of all concerned.

As a result, it is more than probable that harmony will prevail when delegates gather for the annual meeting of the U. S. G. A. in this city on Jan. 7. Whether or not the matter will be brought up at the meeting is problematical, although it is more than likely that if some compromise is arrived at prior to the annual session, the whole affair will be ignored—as though it had never been. The following is the announcement sent out by W. D. Vanderpool, Secretary of the U. S. G. A., last night:

"An informal conference was held on Tuesday, Dec. 21, between members of the Executive Committee of the U. S. G. A. and representatives of the Western Golf Association, at which time a full discussion as to the best interests of the game in the United States took place. There is every reason to believe that the differences heretofore existing between the two associations will be adjusted."

FOXHUNTERS WIN AT POLO.

Capture Close Game at Durland's by Tally of 9½ to 8.

The Foxhunter trio defeated the Oaks last night in a well-fought indoor polo game at Durland's Riding Academy by a score of 9½ goals to 8. The polo game formed part of the program of a musical ride, and a large gallery of admirers of horses and sport witnessed the events.

The line-up:

FOXHUNTERS.		OAKS.
Hdcp.		Hdcp.
1—G. C. Sherman..	3	1—M. Goodman..... 3
2—A. Kinny.....	2	2—H. Levinski..... 3
Back—D. O. Nelson.	3	Back—Dr. E. Biers. 3
Total.....	13	Total..... 9

Foxhunters allow Oaks 4 goals.

FIRST PERIOD.

Goals—Foxhunters: Sherman, Kinney, Nelson. Total 3.

Penalty—½ goal against Foxhunters for foul by Nelson.

Score at end of period—Oaks 4, Foxhunters 2½.

SECOND PERIOD.

Goals—Foxhunters: Sherman (3), Kinny (3), Nelson (3). Total 7. Oaks: Goodman (2), Levinski (2). Total 4.

Final score—Foxhunters 9½, Oaks 8.

Referee—H. Winn. Time—Two periods of 15 minutes each.

Wrestling in Chicago Is Placed Under City Control

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Wrestling was placed under control of a city athletic commission today, when the Council passed an ordinance creating the commission to regulate the sport. The commission will be composed of Mayor Thompson, Chief of Police Fitzmorris, two Aldermen and two citizens. The body will issue licenses for shows. Wrestlers must obtain a license before they will be permitted to appear in matches. All matches must be submitted to the commission for approval. The action grew out of an alleged "fake" match which broke up in a riot.

POLO PLAYERS TO HAVE BUSY SEASON

Candidates for International Team to Get Practice in Florida and California.

Nearly all the outdoor polo players, like migratory birds, have or are about to depart for warmer climes where they may enjoy their pet sport in comfort, and both California and Florida will be the scenes of many contests of the mallet wielders on the green during the Winter months, with some present and later activity at Aiken, S. C.

Miami is to be the centre of polo activities in Florida this year as heretofore, and James C. Cooley, manager of the Meadow Brook Club, will have charge of things at the Miami fields this Winter. Among the promient polo players who expect to spend most of the Winter there are C. C. Rumsey, Louis E. Stoddard, Watson Webb, Hal and Howard Phipps, G. M. Heckscher and Lionel Stahl of New York, H. E. Talbott Jr., Nelson Talbott, H. L. Platt and George Mead of Dayton, Ohio; L. A. Young of Detroit and Robert Hassler of Indianapolis.

Those who will play in California include Earl W. Hopping, Benny Gatins, Gerald Dempsey and Julius Fleishman, composing the Eastern Tigers, in addition to which there will be a team from Hawaii, a Canadian team, the Santa Barbara four, the Midwicks of Pasadena, two Coronado teams and probably a Mexico City team captained by Gerald de Perandarna. Most of the California games will be played at the Del Monte and Coronado fields.

A team of Cubans, belonging to the Havana Polo Club, is expected to take part in the tournament at Miami this Winter and some team picked from among the Miami players will play a return match at Havana, where a fine polo field has been completed. Thomas Hitchcock Jr. is at present at Oxford University and is reported to be getting more or less practice, while Rodman Wanamaker 2d expects to indulge in the sport in Spain during the Winter months, and is said to have urged young Hitchcock to accompany him there.

Among the players who will get some practice at Aiken later in the season, as well as others who have gone there already or are about to go, are Devereux Milburn, Watson Webb, C. C. Rumsey, Louis Stoddard, Thomas Hitchcock Sr., F. S. von Stade and Graham Miles, as well as Quincy Shaw and F. Ambrose Clark. The greatest activity at the Carolina resort will follow the California and Florida tournaments.

Among the players who are to be at these various resorts during the next few months are all of the men, with the exception of Thomas Hitchcock Jr., who have been named as players or substitutes for the American team that is to invade England next Spring and make a serious attempt to wrest from the British players the coveted Hurlingham Cup, emblematic of the championship of the world in polo, and, as that lone exception is getting practice now and may get more in Spain, it looks as if the representatives of Uncle Sam in the big series next June will not want for practice with which to keep in the pink of condition.

Robert Strawbridge Sr., Chairman of the American Polo Committee, is to leave for England on Feb. 1 to arrange numerous details in connection with the forthcoming international events, and a month later Watson Webb, Earl W. Hopping and C. C. Ramsey will sail for the other side to devote their time to the final schooling of the American string of ponies, of which forty already have been shipped abroad.

Devereux Milburn, captain of the American galaxy of polo stars, will leave for England with Louis E. Stoddard at the end of March, and then the serious practice will start in, for the American players know well that their British adversaries may be expected to put up a great fight and the trophy is far from won till the last chukker is ended.

SPEAR IS CUE WINNER.

Defeats J. M. Lewis, Jr., in National Billiard Tournament.

STANDING IN NATIONAL CLASS C BILLIARD TOURNAMENT

Player.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
F. A. Unger	3	0	1.000
G. Spear	3	1	.750
S. Blussel	2	1	.667
J. M. Lewis Jr.....	2	2	.500
C. J. Steinbugler...	1	2	.333
J. R. Johann.....	1	3	.250
Claude Lewis.....	0	3	.000

George Spear and Joseph R. Johann were the winners in the two games played last night in the 18.2 balkline tournament for the national Class C championship of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn. Spear defeated J. M. Lewis Jr. by a score of 150 to 94, while Johann won from Claude Lewis, 150 to 124. As a result of his victory Spear advanced to second place in the standing. He has won three of the four games he has played. Johann's triumph was the first he has scored in four starts.

The match between Spear and J. M. Lewis Jr. was far more interesting than the score indicates. Until the twenty-eighth inning Lewis gave his opponent a keen argument, but from that time to the finish he seemed to lose his stroke and fell an easy prey to Spear's prowess. Spear had an average of 4 10-35 and a high run of 18. Lewis's average was 2 16-34 and his high run was 22.

Johann came from far behind to win his match. In the nineteenth inning Claude Lewis was leading by a score of 80 to 27. It was then that Johann made his high run of 20. From that time he played in much better form. Johann had an average of 2 48-51 with a high run of 25, while Claude Lewis's average was 2 24-52 and his high run 23.

DOYLE ELECTED CAPTAIN.

To Direct Dequesne University's Football Team Next Year.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 23.—Walter Doyle, centre, was elected Captain of the 1921 Duquesne University varsity football team, and nineteen players were awarded letters at the annual banquet here last night.

The new Athletic Commission, recently appointed, attended the celebration and informed those present that the university would embark at once upon an enlarged program of sports, which will include baseball, basketball and, if possible, wrestling and boxing.

ARMY FIVE DOWNS CATHOLIC U., 22-16

Early Lead Keeps Cadets Out in Front in Hard-Fought Basketball Game.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Dec. 22.—Army won at basketball again today, defeating Catholic University, 22 to 16, in a hard fought game. The soldiers got away to an early lead. Dabesies and Vichuels shooting sensational field goals which, with Pfeiffer's keen eye from foul line gave the West Pointers a 11 to 3 lead at half time.

The visitors broke up Army's combinations effectively toward the finish of the final half and themselves turned loose a rally. They registered one more goal from the field than the cadets, but both Gleason and Dunn were poor shots from the foul line, garnering only two out of sixteen chances.

Vichuels, Pfeiffer and Dabesies were best for the Army, while the work of Lynch and Kelly excelled for Catholic University.

The line-up:

ARMY (22).		CATHOLIC U. (16).
Lawson	R. F.	Dunn
Dabesies	L. F.	Kelly
Whitsom	C.	Eberts
Vichules	R. G.	Gleason
Pfeiffer	L. G.	Lynch

Goals from field—Lawson, Dabesies (2), Vichules (3), Pfeiffer, Dunn, Kelly (2), Lynch (3), McNamara. Goals from foul—Pfeiffer 6 out of 8, Kessler 3 out of 5, Whitson 1 out of 4, Gleason 2 out of 12, Dunn 0 out of 5.

Substitutions—Army: Bonnett for Lawson, Forbes for Whitson, Kessler for Forbes, Lawrence for Bonnett, Stork for Kessler, Kessler for Pfeiffer. Catholic University: Conroy for Eberts, McNamara for Lynch.

Time of halves—20 minutes. Referee—Tom Thorp, Columbia. Umpire—Ed Thorp, De La Salle.

NAVY FIVE WINS EASILY.

Midshipmen's Quintet Smothers St. Joseph's in 39-to-4 Game.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Dec. 22.—Showing speed and accurate shooting in the first half, the Naval Academy basketball quintet ran up a good score in the second half against St. Joseph's of Philadelphia, winning by the score of 39 to 4.

Ault was the star for the Navy team, McKee and Byerly being the next highest scorers. All made some clever shots for the basket.

The first period ended 22 to 2, the visitors scoring only on shots from the foul line. Their one score from the floor was made late in the second half, Tracy caging the ball on a long shot. Devite played a fast defensive game for them.

During the second half, in which a second string played for half the time, the Navy's scoring slowed down.

The summary:

NAVAL ACAD. (39).		ST. JOSEPH'S (4).
Byerly	L. F.	Wizard
McKee	R. F.	Deaddy
Ault	C.	Crean
Watters	L. G.	Temple
Greber	R. G.	Devine

Goals from the field—Navy: Ault (5), Byerly (3), McKee (3), Watters (2), Barnes. St. Joseph's: Tracey. Goals from fouls—Navy: McKee, 2 in 4, Watters 6 in 11, Waidlich 9 in 4. St. Joseph's: Devine ,6 in 12.

Substitutions—Navy: Davis for Byerly, Waidlich for McKee, Johnston for Ault, Barnes for Watters, Parr for Greber, Byerly for Davis, McKee for Waidlich, Ault for Johnston, Watters for Barnes, Greber for Parr, Lyon for Greber. St. Joseph's: Devine for Deaddy, Tracey for Devine, Hagans for Crean, McDermott for Wizard, Devine for Temple, Deaddy for Devine.

Referee—McDevitt, University of Pennsylvania. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

SCHOOLBOYS DEFEAT YALE.

St. Paul's Ice Team Wins Hockey Game With Elis—Score, 7-3.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 22.—The St. Paul's School ice hockey team, composed of players averaging from 14 to 17 years of age, outskated, played the puck more than their opponents in scrimmages, and, in general, outplayed Yale here tonight before a record-breaking crowd at the Ice Palace. When the bugle sounded the score was 7 to 3 for the school seven.

Yale was unable to display any team play, doubtless because of Captain Kinkey Carson being obliged to struggle through the game with his left hand bandaged. The St. Paul team, attired in gay colors of red and blue, covered quickly, and displayed a stone wall defense. The St. Paul defensive men were as accurate in skating backward as forward when the puck was in possession of the Yale attack. The Yale team had few open shots against St. Paul's net.

The line-up:

ST. PAUL'S (7).		YALE (3).
Norris	R. W.	Moffat
C. Davis	C.	Carson
Scott	L. W.	Shirey
A. Davis	R.	Bulkley
Sargent	C.	Griscom
Banes	P.	Vantingen
McLeod	G.	Diefendorf

SCORE BY PERIODS.

St. Paul's	4	3—7
Yale	1	2—3

Goals scored—First period: Sargent, St. Paul's, 5:10; A. Davis, St. Paul's, 10:06; A. Davis, St. Paul's, 12:20; C. Davis, St. Paul's, 13:48; Bulkley, Yale, 18:30. Second period: Scott, St. Paul's, 0:06; Norris, St. Paul's, 13:10; C. Davis, St. Paul's, 17:15; Griscom, Yale, 18:40; Bulkley, Yale, 19:30.

Substitutions—Yale: Bassett for Diefendorf, L. Foster for Moffat; St. Paul's: Farrington for Scott, Wilcox for A. Davis, Nields for Sargent, Lamar for McLeod.

Referee—Eddie Hill. Goal judges—J. B. Huhn and M. A. Cross. Time of periods—20 minutes.

CRESCENT FIVE IS VICTOR.

Defeats Hudson City Collegiates in Close Tussle.

The basketball five of the Crescent Athletic Club had a close and interesting struggle with the Hudson City Collegiate team in the former's quarters last evening and the hosts emerged victorious over their doughty rivals, who are former college players, by the ultimate score of 25 to 20.

From the very outset the struggle kept the onlookers, as well as the contestants, on the qui vive, and it was not until a wonderful foul goal by Nicklas, three-quarters the length of the floor, near the close of the game, that the visiting aggregation began to slip sufficiently to make it apparent that they were probably beaten.

In the first half the New Moon athletes had the better of the argument to the extent of 16 points to 10, but early in the last period the Jersey City men began to draw up, and the teams played the final half only a point or so apart most of the way.

The line-up:

CRESCENT (25).		HUDSON CITY (20).
Nicklas	R. F.	E. Neinecke
Stannard	L. F.	Baughan
McTigue	C.	F. Neinecke
A. Stewart.....	R. G.	C. Neury
Griffin	L. G.	E. Neury

Goals from field—Crescent: Nicklas, Stannard, McTigue (2), A. Stewart, Griffin (3). Kinney. Hudson City: Neinecke, Baughan, F. Neinecke, C. Neury (3), E. Neury, Stellmeyer, Beddigek. Foul goals—Crescent: Stewart, 2. Hudson: Stellmeyer, 2.

Substitutions—Crescent: Kinney for Nicklas. Hudson: Stellmeyer for Baughan, Beddigek for E. Neury.

Referee—Mr. Mitchell. Stevens. Halves—20 minutes.

Xavier Prep Quintet Wins.

Due chiefly to close guarding, the Xavier Prep basketball team yesterday afternoon defeated the Cathedral Prep five by a score of 28 to 15. The game was played on the court of the Sixty-ninth Regiment. The first half ended with the score standing 16 to 6 in favor of Xavier. Stephens and Puy starred for the winners and Finn did the best work for Cathedral.

Trinity Five Defeats Alumni.

The basket ball team of Trinity School defeated a five composed of alumni of the institution last night on the floor of that school by the score of 38 points to 12.

ADAIR'S CUE JINX TAKES A VACATION

Charley Loses Hoodoo and Defeats Smith in First Round of 3-Cushion Tourney.

Ordinarily when Charley Adair attempts to play billiards in a tournament a jinx sits on his shoulder and his first efforts go for nix. But last night, while playing in the preliminary round of the national tournament for the three-cushion championship of the American Amateur Billiard Association, he lost the hoodoo and stroked the ivories as a true title prospect might. The result was that he defeated R. J. Smith by a score of 25 to 9, and Adair turned the trick in only twenty-nine innings.

Several times in recent years Adair has entered tournament competition but seldom has he been able to play up to his normal stride. He seemed to forget that he was playing a tournament game last night and stepped out just as if he were taking a little exercise gallop on the green cloth. In the first nine innings he gathered thirteen points, and put the game on ice, so to speak, for at that time the score stood 15 to 3 in his favor. Thereafter he treated Smith to nothing but "oil". Adair unleashed a variety of safety against which his opponent was helpless.

Adair also made many good shots. There was nothing sensational about his shots, but he counted almost every time that Smith left him an opening. Smith is a good player, but this is his first tournament and he lacks the necessary experience in competitive billiards. Adair made most of his points in clusters of two. He had two runs of three and a few ones. Smith's high run was also three.

Mountaineers to Play at Lehigh.

Special to The New York Times.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Dec. 22.—Another date was closed on West Virginia's football card today when Lehigh was scheduled at Bethlehem on Oct. 29. This is a return engagement for Lehigh's appearance here last October. In addition to Lehigh, games have been closed for West Virginia with Pittsburgh, Washington and Jefferson, Virginia, Washington and Lee, Rutgers and Bucknell.

For Women Christmas Shoppers

Men's Fine Neckwear in a Holiday Sale

We've been a men's store for 33 years. Naturally we know men's tastes and preferences. And our salesmen are ready and willing to give you the benefit of their long experience in the selection of prevailing patterns.

$1.00 fancy figured silks, correctly proportioned to tie easily and wear long. **65 cts.**

$1.50 striped and figured neckwear in rich embroidered silks..... **95 cts.**

$2.50 brocaded silk scarfs that are shape-retaining and unusual in their diversity of smart colors... **$1.35**

$3.00 extra heavy, long-wearing holiday silks that are a remarkable value at this price..... **$1.85**

Brill Brothers

279 Broadway, 125th St., at 3d Ave. | Broadway at 49th St. | 44 East 14th St., 47 Cortlandt St.

Buy Christmas Seals

Shop Management



OUR organization has many men among its personnel who have had years of practical shop experience in the manufacture and production of a great variety of products, among which are steam engines, pumps, compressors, etc., electrical apparatus of almost every description, railway cars, automobiles and tractors, and labor saving devices of which the washing machine is a type.

We are equipped and ready to undertake for any manufacturing or industrial interest the examination and study of any problems involving quantity and quality production, shop equipment and its allocation and shop organization and operation.

Ford, Bacon & Davis

Engineers

115 BROADWAY

NEW YORK

Pre Inventory Sale

Our stocks must be reduced and prices must be reduced to do it. So we have made the greatest reductions in our history—from one-third to one-half—on the price of every Suit and Overcoat in our store.

Entire Stock of Suits and Overcoats reduced without reserve!

Nothing is held back. Our entire stock is reduced—at least one-third and as much as one-half. Every garment is our own stock, which means that every one is absolutely all-wool, smartly styled and superbly tailored.

Here are the new prices!

486 Suits were $35
641 Suits were $40
275 Suits were $45

Now $23.50

371 Overcoats were $35
543 Overcoats were $40
211 Overcoats were $45

For $23.50 you get—

All-Wool Suits
Full-lined, half-lined and quarter-lined. Models include young men's single and double-breasted styles and conservatives. Blues, browns, grays, greens and fancy mixtures. All sizes.

All-Wool Overcoats
Lined with Skinner's Satin. All the popular styles, including Ulsters, Ulsterettes, and conservative Chesterfields, in blues, browns, grays and fancy mixtures. All sizes.

564 Suits were $50
358 Suits were $55
656 Suits were $60

Now $33.50

487 Overcoats were $50
321 Overcoats were $55
593 Overcoats were $60

754 Suits were $65
533 Suits were $75
201 Suits were $85

Now $47.50

801 Overcoats were $65
457 Overcoats were $75
196 Overcoats were $85

Overcoats (Only)
The best that money can buy—formerly priced up to $125..... Now $63.50

Men's Pants
Formerly selling at $8, $9 and $10..... Now $5.00

Moe Levy & Son

Our Only Store — New York City

119-125 Walker Street

Every Subway or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station, within sight of our store

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7—SATURDAYS UNTIL 10

THE STEARN COMPANY

Importers of Cigars

35 Wall Street | Tel. Hanover 8500 & 8488

CABINET SELECTIONS
of
CORONAS—MERIDIANAS—CABANAS—UPMANNS
ROMEO & JULIETAS
VILLAR Y VILLARS—FERNANDEZ GARCIA—AND OTHERS

Old Seasoned Briar Pipes—Special Humidors
(Pipes as breaking in)

Just the Christmas Gift for Your "I" Pal

CANTEENING OVERSEAS
By Marian Baldwin
$2.00 at any Bookstore, or of
THE MACMILLAN COMPANY, New York

EX-KAISER IN A CAGE.

A high meshed steel wire fence topped off with strands of barbed wire encloses the entire grounds of the ex-Kaiser's residence at Doorn, Holland. A photograph in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday will show the walk alongside the fence, never seen from anywhere except from above.

LOST—SUITABLE REWARD WILL BE PAID THROUGH THE AUTOMOBILE UNDERWRITERS DETECTIVE BUREAU FOR INFORMATION LEADING TO THE RECOVERY OF THE AUTOMOBILE DESCRIBED BELOW AND THE CONVICTION AND IMPRISONMENT OF THE PARTY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE THEFT: 1925 CADILLAC AMESBURY SUBURBAN MOTOR NO. 59-1668, BODY NO. 3284, TRANSMISSION NO. 59-4983, SWITCH NO. 2-410, NEW YORK STATE LICENSE NO. 359-040, CAR PAINTED BLUE-BLACK, WITH BLACK FENDERS; GRAY UPHOLSTERED; FOUR GOODYEAR CORD TIRES AND WHEELS, AND TWO CANTON CORD EXTRA TIRES, 32x5; EQUIPPED WITH SPARTAN HORN AND VAN SICKLEY SPEEDOMETER; INITIALS M. A. H. ON EACH REAR DOOR; MAT ON EACH RUNNING BOARD. TELEPHONE INFORMATION IMMEDIATELY 4506 JOHN OR 2081 BEEKMAN.

LOST or stolen, certificates representing 400 shares of Southern Pacific Company stock as follows:

Certificate No.	In Name of.	Shares.
E-60127	Herbert Robert	100
E-62365	Sutro Brothers & Co.	100
E-62366	Sutro Brothers & Co.	100
E-62390	Sutro Brothers & Co.	100

Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicates should not be issued. E. F. Hutton & Co., 61 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

LOST—On 24th floor of Equitable Building, Bond Department of Federal Reserve Bank, two $1,000 bonds, one $50 bond; liberal reward paid for return; no questions asked. L. H. Carr, 55 John St., New York City. Phone Beekman 7371.

LOST—From automobile near 26th St., 5th Av., Saturday afternoon about 4:30, tan leather traveling bag containing papers. Return to Boy Scouts of America, 200 5th Av., Room 858. Reward.

LOST—Pass Book No. 10370, Libe Harris, of the Chatham & Phenix National Bank, 256 East 77th St., New York; payment stopped. Please return book to bank.

LOST—Will the taxicab driver who drove gentleman to Flushing early Wednesday morning kindly phone Beekman 2226 regarding package left in car; reward.

LOST—Small package advertising material, Tuesday evening, oakite and print matter. Reward for mailing to Oakite, 55 Hopkins Place, Longmeadow, Mass.

LOST—Black purse, containing about $100, Hudson Terminal, Wednesday, Dec. 22, by young business woman; liberal reward if returned. M. C. S., 318 2d St., Jersey City.

LOST—Photographs, left in taxi Tuesday night; also handkerchiefs and address book; reward. Rutledge Hotel, 30th and Lexington Av.

$50 REWARD

and no questions asked for return of fibre suit case containing certain records and papers of no value except to owner, lost at Hotel Holley between 9 and 12 A. M., Dec. 18, 1920. A 867 Times Downtown.

Jewelry.

LOST—Liberal reward, no questions asked, for package of watches left in phone booth, John St. and Broadway, by disabled soldier. Phone Melrose 8503. H. Falkenstein, 348 East 189th St.

LOST—Morning Dec. 20, small gold watch on link bracelet and set around with rubies and diamonds; suitable reward and no questions if returned to Tousalin, 115 East 82d St.

LOST—Brooch, Saturday morning, between 90th and 75th, Amsterdam and B'way; large carved moonstone, surrounded by sapphires and diamonds; liberal reward. Jacobi, 302 West 87th.

LOST—Gold wrist watch, on black ribbon, initials "M. G.," between 36th and 38th Sts. on 5th Av., Wednesday afternoon; reward. Baas, 268 Beaumont St., Manhattan Beach.

LOST—Tuesday, Dec. 21, gold-colored enamel pin, Roman design. Finder will be suitably rewarded if returned to Cashier Hotel Belmont.

LOST—In Lord & Taylor's a string of pearls in box marked Bendel. Telephone Lockwood, Vanderbilt 9000; reward.

LOST—Hudson tubes, 33d and 34th Sts. and 9th Av., carved jade pin, gold mounted; reward. G. K. Hooper, Madison, N. J.

LOST—Sapphire and diamond oblong-shaped pin, at Biltmore Hotel "Cascades;" reward. S 579 Times.

$100 REWARD

for return of diamond and sapphire diamond shaped scarfpin and silver cigarette case, engraved "G. J. S.," lost Dec. 6; proportionate reward for return of either. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$500 REWARD

for return of platinum ring, large square sapphire with small diamonds in mounting; lost Dec. 12th between 47th and 61st Sts. Odell & Ballou, 574 5th Av.

$125 REWARD

For return of platinum and diamond pin containing 19 diamonds, lost Dec. 13, between East 53d and West 47th Sts. Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

$75 REWARD

for return of diamond pin forming the letters "C. S. R.," lost Dec. 14 between 34th and 106th Sts. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$400 REWARD

for return of platinum and diamond oval shaped brooch, containing 87 diamonds, lost Dec. 16 between 29th and 50th Sts., or in taxicab. W. D. Tusten, 681 5th Av.

$1,000 REWARD.

Diamond platinum pin, 227 stones, 7 large ones in centre. Schuyler 6650.

$5,000 REWARD

for recovery of jewelry stolen from messenger Provident Diamond Co at 49th St. and 7th Av. Nov. 27, 1920, at 9:10 A. M.

$2,000 REWARD

for information leading to arrest and conviction of said culprits; information confidential. Provident Diamond Co., 598 7th Av.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Dark blue velvet muff with gray fur trimmings and contents suitcase marked "C. E." containing tuxedo suit, three large pearl studs, white enamel and diamond cuff links, pearl waistcoat buttons; taken from auto 36th St. near 6th Av., 5 o'clock Tuesday afternoon; liberal reward. Barret, 50 East 45th St.

LOST—Black satin blouse, steel beaded, between Atlantic Av., Brooklyn-Wall St., Lexington Av. train, Wednesday. Cortlandt 1860.

LOST—In Gimbel Bros.' store, one mink neck piece. Please telephone Madison Square 9700. Ask for H. J. A. Reward.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Black Pomeranian dog, lost Dec. 20, 20, corner of East Broadway and Montgomery, about 7 A. M.; answers to name of Dixie; reward paid for return. S. P. Lemaires, 217 East Broadway.

LOST—About Dec. 14, in Summit, New Jersey, smooth Sealyham bitch, white, brown patch on left eye and brown right ear; answers to name of Trixie; $25 reward. Arthur A. Hagen, 32 William St., New York.

LOST—Airedale (male), Dec. 21, about 4 P. M., Riverside Drive near 80th St.; answers to name of Brom Bones; license No. 273436; reward. Return 82 Riverside Drive.

FOUND—Scotch collie, brown and white. Phone Stuyvesant 1480.

PERSONAL.

COUPLE WITH SMALL DAUGHTER, having lost beloved Boston terrier, eager to hear from owner who prefers good home for pet to exorbitant prices demanded by professional breeders. B 466 Times.

Christmas Gifts
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry.
CASH OR CREDIT
ONLY RELIABLE UP-TO-DATE CODES
EASY PAYMENTS
No Embarrassing References Necessary.
CALL, WRITE OR PHONE CORT. 5467
Will send representative if desired.
AMERICAN WATCH & DIAMOND CO.
6 MAIDEN LANE 4TH FLOOR TAKE ELEVATOR
Open Evenings Till 10 P. M.

For Christmas Give a Novel by MERRICK. His
Conrad in Quest of His Youth or the later
House of Lynch
are certain to be enjoyed. On sale at any bookstore, or if not, they can be had from
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Ave., N. Y.

IN CATHEDRAL TODAY

Body of Dr. Burch to Lie in State From 11 Until 2:30—Service to Follow.

WILL BE BURIED IN CRYPT

Masons Work Until After Midnight Preparing a Resting Place for the Clergyman.

The body of the Right Rev. Charles Sumner Burch, Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of New York, who died suddenly Monday afternoon, will be taken this morning at 11 o'clock from the Episcopal residence to the Cathedral of St. John the Divine after prayers have been said in the presence of the family.

The coffin will be opened and the body will lie in state until 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, when a public funeral will be held. Immediately after the service the interment will take place privately in the crypt of the cathedral.

It had been expected that the burial would not be until tomorrow, but by working until after midnight last night the masons were able to complete the underground vault for the Bishop's body. This is next to the vault of the late Dean William Mercer Grosvenor, and on the other side of the Dean is buried Bishop David Hummell Greer.

The vault will be covered with a marble slab on which will be this inscription:

Charles Sumner Burch,
Bishop Suffragan of New York,
1911-1919,
Eighth Bishop of New York,
1919-1920.
Born June 30, 1855.
Died December 20, 1920.

Bishop Burch is coffined in his full Episcopal robes. About his neck is a stole several hundred years old of Oriental design, given to him by a friend from abroad.

A special coffin had to be made to order because of the height and weight of the Bishop. He was 6 feet 2 inches tall and he weighed more than 230 pounds. In the grave the coffin will be encased in solid masonry.

The coffin is covered with purple broadcloth, and has a full-length glass top. It will finally rest within a solid oak box.

Thirteen Bishops to Attend.

Last night thirteen Bishops had signified their intention to attend the funeral. Bishop Frederick Burgess of Long Island will read the opening sentences from the New Testament as the procession walks up the aisle. Bishop Charles H. Brent of Buffalo will read the Lesson.

Bishop Ethelbert Talbot of Bethlehem, Pa., will recite the verses beginning, "Man That is Born of Woman." Bishop Edwin S. Lines of Newark, N. J., will read prayers. The Right Rev. Thomas F. Gailor, Bishop of Tennessee, and President of the Council of the Episcopal Church, will pronounce the benediction.

Only the family and the honorary pallbearers will attend the interment. Prayers at the tomb will be recited by the Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery, rector of Grace Church. The committal service will be conducted by Dean Howard Chandler Robbins of the cathedral. The benediction will be pronounced by Bishop Arthur S. Lloyd, rector of St. Bartholomew's Church, White Plains.

The honorary pallbearers will be the trustees of the Cathedral and the Standing Committee of the Diocese.

Other Bishops who will attend are William Lawrence of Boston, Chauncey B. Brewster of Connecticut, Charles T. Olmstead of Central New York, Wilson F. Stearly, Coadjutor Bishop of Newark; Charles Fiske of Syracuse and James H. Darlington of Harrisburg, Pa.

Governor Alfred E. Smith will attend the funeral and practically all of the more than four hundred clergymen of the diocese will be in the procession, besides the dignitaries of the Russian Church and the Greek Church of America.

The Cathedral seats 1,500, and not more than half will be reserved, the remainder being open to the public.

EAST SIDE MOURNS AHEARN.

Ex-State Senator's Funeral Attended by Tammany Delegation.

Hundreds of men, women and children of the lower east side attended the funeral services of Senator John F. Ahearn yesterday and paid a final tribute to the Tammany leader, who had been the political idol of the Fourth Assembly District for thirty-five years.

Tammany Hall sent a representation of 100 members, led by Grand Sachem John R. Voorhis. The honorary pallbearers included Governor Alfred E. Smith.

Frank Brainard.

Frank Brainard, former President of the New York Board of Trade, and also of the Produce Exchange, died Tuesday morning of pneumonia at his Summer home in Manasquan, N. J., after a two weeks' illness. He was born in Ohio sixty-eight years ago, and was a member of the firm of Brainard Brothers, produce merchants, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City. His residence in this city was 238 West Seventy-fourth Street.

Frederic Belasco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 22.—Frederic Belasco, lessee of the Alcazar Theatre here for many years and brother of David Belasco, New York theatrical producer, died at his home last night from pneumonia. He had been associated with theatrical enterprises on the Pacific Coast for more than thirty years. He was born in Vancouver, B. C., in 1863.

Patrick F. Madigan.

Patrick F. Madigan, autograph dealer, died of heart disease yesterday morning at his home, 2,864 Marion Avenue, at the age of 54. Mr. Madigan was born in West Rutland, Vt., and for more than thirty years had been engaged in the book and autograph business. His shop was at 8 West Forty-seventh Street.

Charles Morse Whitney.

Charles Morse Whitney, retired corporation lawyer, died yesterday morning of heart disease at his home, 20 East Ninetieth Street, at the age of 72. When in practice his office was at 40 Wall Street. For some years he lived at 1,656 Fifth Avenue, and had a Summer residence at Centreport, L. I.

Mrs. Oliver Doud Byron.

Funeral services will be held today for Mrs. Mary Kate Byron, widow of Oliver Doud Byron, the actor, and sister of the late Ada Rehan, the actress, at the Byron residence, 40 Harrison Avenue, Montclair, N. J. Mrs. Byron died Tuesday night, at the age of 76, two months after the death of her husband.

The Rev. James Griswold Merrill.

MOUNTAIN LAKES, N. J., Dec. 22.—The Rev. James Griswold Merrill, President of Fisk University, in Nashville, from 1901 to 1908, died here today, at the age of 80.

DAY OF GAYETIES

Parties for Misses Sawyer, Chard, Spencer, Fincke, Brown, Francis, Merchant and Others.

Yesterday afternoon and evening again brought the débutantes to the fore with many luncheons and dances. Mrs. Philip C. Sawyer entertained for her daughter, Miss Eleanor Sawyer, home for the holidays from college, with a luncheon and theatre party.

Miss Ethel Chard, the débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thornton C. Chard, who are in Albany this Winter, was the guest of honor at a luncheon that her great-aunt, Mrs. William Constable, gave at her residence, 17 West Forty-eighth Street.

Mrs. Hunting Merchant and Mrs. Edwin Campbell were hostesses at the Colony Club at a luncheon for the former's débutante daughter, Miss Betty Wolcott Merchant.

Mrs. Edwards Spencer also entertained for her débutante niece, Miss Mary Barbara Spencer, with a luncheon at her residence, 11 West Sixteenth Street. The girls who accepted were the Misses Dorothy Newton Sharp, Elise Parsons, Eleanor Potter, Lillian Remsen, Sarnia Marquand, Margaret Flint, Eleanor Landon, Katharine Knapp, Harriet Camac, Katharine Sharpe and Dorothy Maupin.

One of the largest balls of the Winter was that which Mr. and Mrs. James M. Brown of The Knoll, Short Hills, N. J., and Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin C. Fincke of Locust Manor, Fair Haven, N. J., and this city, gave at the Ritz-Carlton last night to introduce two débutante daughters, the Misses Julia Brown Fincke and Dorothy D. Brown, granddaughters of Mrs. Waldron Post Brown of New York, the ball being preceded by a dinner that the débutantes' uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. J. Wright Brown, gave at the Ritz before. There were also a considerable number of other dinners preceding the dance.

Mrs. Arthur Wheeler Francis gave a coming out dance last evening at the Colony Club for her daughter, Miss Frances Witherbee Francis, which was preceded by a large dinner that Mrs. Arthur Curtis James gave at her residence, 39 East Sixty-ninth Street.

The Colony Club was gay with Christmas green, holly, mistletoe and poinsettia.

Another dance, held at the Plaza, for young girls between 15 and 17 and the younger college boys was the middle holiday dance, which, planned for the Rose Room, grew to such dimensions that the large ballroom was taken for it. Mrs. W. R. K. Taylor is Chairman of the dances, and the patronesses include Mrs. A. Henry Mosle, Mrs. E. C. Parish, Mrs. J. Prentice Kellogg, Mrs. Howard Brokaw, Mrs. J. H. Iselin, Mrs. Lindsley Tappin and others. It was a jolly dance, that opened and also closed early. The Junior Holiday Dance will be on Tuesday, Dec. 28, and the Senior on New Year's Eve.

Herbert Clark Dies in Jerusalem.

JERUSALEM, Dec. 21.—Herbert Clark of New York City, a director of tourist parties, died here Sunday.

Herbert Clark was born in New Hampshire sixty-eight years ago and had lived in Jerusalem since he was 3 years old. With his brother, Frank Clark, he managed Clark's Tours and Cruises, and had special charge of the Oriental branch of the firm. For a time he acted as American Vice Consul at Jerusalem.

56,250,000 POUNDS
(The Total Surplus)

BRASS CARTRIDGE CASES

Analysis: 70% Copper, 30% Zinc
(Not warranted—read conditions of sale)

Dias.	Length.	Amount.	Location.
2.24"	12.05"	526 lbs.	Chicago, Ill.
37 m/m	3.64"	360,250 lbs.	Philadelphia, Pa.
75 m/m	13.62"	5,711 lbs.	Chicago, Ill.
"	"	44,944 lbs.	Cincinnati, Ohio
"	"	6,130,361 lbs.	New York
"	"	33,743,928 lbs.	Philadelphia, Pa.
"	"	2,117,705 lbs.	Rochester, N. Y.
"	"	94,625 lbs.	Toledo, Ohio
3.00"	10.5"	1,501,046 lbs.	Baltimore, Md.
"	"	97,894 lbs.	Chicago, Ill.
"	"	2,701,515 lbs.	New York
"	"	18,516,999 lbs.	Philadelphia Pa.
"	"	709,833 lbs.	Rochester, N. Y.
1.4"	7.34"	28,031 lbs.	New York
"	"	225,000 lbs.	Philadelphia Pa.
4.7"	Gun 14.6"	664,966 lbs.	Philadelphia, Pa.
4.7"	How. 8.66"	801,231 lbs.	Baltimore, Md.
6."	9.92"	490,500 lbs.	Philadelphia, Pa.

This material may be inspected at points of storage. Apply:
Baltimore, Md., Richmond Market Armory, Howard & Biddle Sts.
Chicago, Ill., 74th & Ashland Ave.
Cincinnati, Ohio, Walsh Bldg., 3rd & Vine Sts.
New York, 1107 Broadway.
Philadelphia, Pa., 1710 Market St.
Rochester, N. Y., 1048 University Ave.
Toledo, Ohio, Toledo Storage Depot.

CONDITIONS GOVERNING THIS SALE

No bids will be considered for less than entire lot. Sold "as is" f.o.b. present location. Condition or analysis not warranted. Successful bidder, on notification of award, must deposit cash or certified check for 10% of total amount. U. S. Government Bonds accepted at face value. All material must be paid for as removed, either by sight draft with bill of lading or cash against shipping papers. Approved "bankers acceptances," 30 or 60 days, accepted.

Purchaser must remove and pay for not less than 3,000,000 pounds a month, all to be removed and paid for within one year.

Purchaser to accept certified weights submitted by U. S. representative at loading.

Weights given above are estimates, no guarantee as to amounts stated.

Government reserves right to reject any or all bids or any part thereof.

Bids considered for either:
(a) Outright purchase at a stated price.
(b) Purchase at percentage of market price to be adjusted monthly.

No propositions other than outlined above should be submitted at this time, except those under (a) bids will be considered for outright purchase, payments as removed or total price in advance.

Bids will be received up to 12 o'clock noon, January 5, 1921, Eastern Standard Time,

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT U.S.A.

Submit all bids to:
Chairman
Ordnance Salvage Board,
War Trade Bldg.,
Washington, D. C.

WELDS CAPT. CRABBE

War Romance in Her Marriage to Marine Corps Officer in Aunt's Riverdale Home.

Miss Mary Washington Bond Morosini, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Attilio Pertinax Morosini of Essex Fells, N. J., and Captain William Lafayette Crabbe, United States Marine Corps, were married at 8:30 o'clock last evening at Elmhurst, the home of the bride's aunt, Miss Giulia Morosini, Riverdale-on-Hudson. The ceremony was performed in the armor room before an altar of roses and lilies of the valley, which framed an original painting by Harrison Fisher of a Red Cross nurse, used as a part of the decoration because of the bride's interest in war work. Suspended from a chandelier over the altar was a wedding bell of Easter lilies.

The Rev. Dr. David N. Kirkby, rector of the Church of the Ascension, who married the bride's parents, performed the ceremony.

The bride, who walked with her father, wore a bridal gown of white satin with a long court train and her veil was of tulle, depending from a bandeau of white bride's roses. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley and bride's roses, and her only ornaments were a diamond necklace and brooch, gifts of her aunt. She was attended by her mother and her aunt, Lieutenant Daniel W. Bender, U. S. Marine Corps, who served overseas under Captain Crabbe during the war, acted as best man.

The wedding is the culmination of a romance which began at the United States Rifle Range at Caldwell, N. J., where Captain Crabbe was stationed after being wounded in France, and he first met his bride when she was engaged in target practice. Captain Crabbe, whose home is in Louisville, Ky., is a grandson of Admiral George Crabbe, U. S. N. He is a graduate of Annapolis, and has served with the Marines in many parts of the world.

Thorne—Hall.

Charles Stockton Thorne, a coal mine operator of this city, whose home is in Deputy City Clerk John R. Dalton.

In their marriage license application Mr. Thorne said he is 53 years old and that he was divorced in Illinois on Dec. 19, 1918. The bride gave her age as 34 and said she was divorced in the New York Supreme Court on May 18, 1920.

Mr. Thorne is the son of the late Rev. William Henry Thorne and Mrs. Thorne of this city. He is a member of the Union League Club of Philadelphia, the Shenandoah Club of Philadelphia, the Engineers', Whitehall, Recess and Babylon Yacht Clubs.

Mrs. Victor Sorchan Gets Divorce.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 22.—Mrs. Charlotte H. Sorchan, whose petition for divorce from her husband, Victor Sorchan, was heard at the June session of the Superior Court, has received a final decree from Justice Sumner. The required six months having elapsed the divorce was granted on the ground of neglect to provide.

The Sons o' Cormac
and Tales of Other Men's Sons
By ALDIS DUNBAR
Irish folk tales, rich in beauty and inspiration. $2.50

Jungle Roads and other Trails of Roosevelt
By DANIEL HENDERSON
A book of fine adventure; just the thing for a live boy. $2.00

A Book of Boyhoods
By EUGENIE M. FRYER
Brief accounts of the early years of many men who later became leaders. $3.00

Quite seriously we assert that better reading for your growing boys would be very difficult to find.

E. P. DUTTON & CO.,
681 Fifth Ave., New York

ADVERTISEMENT.

To All Taxicab Users—

THINK!

. . . of What a "Mark of Responsibility" Means to You and Yours

From Editorial Page
N.Y. Eve. Journal
Dec 20 1920

Let your patriotism find some other expression.

A lady with fine earrings, diamond rings, best clothes on, is bound for a dinner dance in the evening. Her husband sees "a white taxicab trimmed with green" running along and tells the driver to go for his wife. The driver goes, takes the wife to a spot in the park where two gentlemen are waiting. A pistol is pointed, the lady steps out and waits while she is robbed of rings, earrings and money, even her stockings searched. Then the driver and robbers, genial confederates, drive off together, leaving her in the road, fortunately not injured physically.

What better encouragement to crime than sending an unknown taxicab, most convenient machine for robbery, to take a well-dressed, bejewelled woman on an errand through the park or through lonesome streets after dark?

There are responsible taxicab companies, with reliable drivers. There are associations of independent taxicab drivers, careful in admitting members to their organizations, thoroughly reliable.

There are individual taxicab owners, operating individually, perfectly honest. There are also jail birds and professional criminals, scores of them in every big city, running taxicabs as a side issue for part of a livelihood, waiting for a chance to rob women or men as their serious business.

IF YOU DON'T WANT TO BE ROBBED, CALL A TAXICAB WITH A REPUTATION KNOWN TO YOU.

Don't believe that any license number protects you. A number is easily changed. Responsible cab owners, outside of big companies, should all enter some organization of owners. The irresponsible should be put off the street.

Congress has decided to add forty-eight members to the

. . . and When You 'Phone for a Taxicab—Don't 'Phone for Just Any Taxicab

'Phone Circle 4500

for the taxicabs charging the lowest rates in the city—a 20th Century Brown and White with our "Mark of Responsibility" on the doors
(BE CAREFUL TO AVOID IMITATORS)

The "Mark of Responsibility"



TWENTIETH CENTURY BROWN AND WHITE 20 C T A TAXICAB ASSOCIATION Inc. PHONE CIRCLE 4500

. . . and Cost? Look at this Comparison of Rates

20th CENTURY TARIFF 1 TO 5 PASSENGERS		Double Tariff		Single Tariff		10c Tariff	
1st Mile	40c	1st Mile	70c	1st Mile	50c	1st Mile	40c
2nd "	30c	2nd "	60c	2nd "	40c	2nd "	40c
3rd "	30c	3rd "	60c	3rd "	40c	3rd "	40c
4th "	30c	4th "	60c	4th "	40c	4th "	40c
5th "	30c	5th "	60c	5th "	40c	5th "	40c
TOTAL	$1.60	Total	$3.10	Total	$2.10	Total	$2.00

NOTE that our rates remain the same whether 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 passengers are riding.

You will find 20th Century Brown and White Taxicabs with "The Mark of Responsibility" on the doors most anywhere, but if you can do so it is better to telephone—we keep a record of EVERY call of EVERY car telephoned for—it is safe and economical to use taxicabs bearing "The Mark of Responsibility."

20TH CENTURY BROWN AND WHITE TAXICAB ASSOCIATION, INC.

'PHONE CIRCLE 4500

1777 BROADWAY We Operate Over 500 Taxicabs **4500 CIRCLE**

Half Price Sale of Jewelry and Silver

You can buy certain lines of Hallmark Jewelry and Silverware now at exactly half price.

Sterling Silver Novelties, such as cigarette cases, vanity cases, gold mesh bags set with genuine stones, platinum-mounted jewelry, including brooches, bar pins, scarf pins, rings, napkin rings—all suitable for Christmas Gifts.

Come in and make your selection now. Pay one-half the original prices. All sales for cash. Engraving and War Tax extra. Mail Orders filled.



$35.00 $17.50 Solid green-gold Photo Case; beautifully designed.

$575.00 $287.50 14-karat green-gold Mesh Bag; length 6¾ inches; hand-woven gold strap with sapphire-set clasp.

$4.00 $2.00 Sterling Tea Ball of antique design; 1¾ inches long.

Sterling Cigarette Case, 4½ inches long; vest-pocket size, very handsome. $26.00 $13.00

$16.75 $8.75 Solid green-gold Lip Stick Holder; exquisitely hand engraved.

$3.00 $1.50 Match Holder; Sheffield plate; substantial and good looking.

$13.00 $6.50 14-karat Cuff Links; handsomely engraved patterns.

$650.00 $325 Sterling Tea Strainer with chain; good weight.

$16.00 $8.00 Cameo Ring; pink coral with pierced gold mounting.

$900 $4.50 Solid gold Waldemar Watch Chain; 13½ inches long; smart pattern.

$24.00 $17.00 Stunning Brooch, platinum front; 14-karat green-gold back, set with full-cut diamond.

$8.00 $4.00 Sterling Vanity Case with exquisitely wrought design.

The HALLMARK Jewelers
469 5th Ave at 40th Street
Second Floor

Buy it from the Navy

U. S. NAVY SALE

Call, Write or Phone for
Wholesale Catalogues
Now Ready or in Preparation.

—Ready—
...Valves, Pipe Fittings
...Paints, Oils, Greases, Glue
...Kitchenware, Tableware
...Non-ferrous Metals; rod, pipe, sheet, etc.
...Muntz Metal Condenser Tubes
...Stationery, Binoculars, Instruments of Precision, Supplies, Draughting and Musical Instruments
...Furniture, Ship and Shore.

—In Preparation—
...Boat and Ship Utensils and Fittings
...Ship Chandlery, etc.
...Tools of Various Trades
...Machine Tools and Power Driven Appliances
...Electrical
...Bath and Toilet; Plumbing
...Textiles, Clothing, etc.

All articles are of highest quality, accepted after strictest Navy inspection. The goods are located at this depot and at navy yards at other cities. Call at salesroom if possible. U. S. Navy, Board of Survey Appraisal and Sale, 25th Floor, Navy Supply Depot, 30th and 31st Avs., Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone Sunset 6200, Ext. 585.

EUGENE H. TRICOU,
Lieut. Commander (S. C.), U. S. N.

...Salvage.—Used or Damaged Materials. Lists are issued from time to time, from clearly the article or class of goods in which you are interested.

Buy it from the Navy

BUSINESS SURVEY.

The Annual Review of The Annalist, Jan. 3, will summarize business progress in 1920 and present forecasts of authorities on the trend of financial, industrial and economic development in 1921. Order in advance. 10 cents a copy. The Annalist, subscription $5. Published by The New York Times Company.

IRON PIPE RING KEPT BUILDING COST HIGH

Lockwood Committee Hears of Concerted Attack on Plumbing Economy.

MILLIONS LOST YEARLY

Fifty Per Cent. More Spent on High-Priced Material Unnecessarily.

LEGISLATIVE LOBBY BUSY

Metal Ceiling Combine Promises to Reform—White Lead Inquiry Today.

The existence of a combination of cast iron pipe manufacturers which fought legislation and plumbing innovations designed to save builders millions of dollars annually was disclosed at yesterday's sessions of the Lockwood committee at the City Hall.

It was revealed that ten pipe concerns, banded together as the Eastern Soil Pipe Association, working in conjunction with the six members of the Southern Soil Pipe Association, doing a business of about $150,000,000 a year, dominated the cast iron pipe field.

The Central Foundry Company, the largest of the ten concerns in the Eastern association, made all the discount prices for the other concerns, a practice that continued until June 2, 1920, when it was abandoned because of an opinion of the Attorney General in the Southern hardwood and lumber "open competition" case.

The conditions in the pipe industry were revealed largely through the evidence obtained by Samuel Untermyer, counsel to the committee, in the examination of Charles F. Tuttle, a professional secretary, who served in this capacity for the Eastern Soil Pipe Association as well as the American Institute of Lead Manufacturers, the Small Arms Society, the Institute of Dry Color Manufacturers, "and for six or seven galvanizers."

In planning to tighten its grip on the pipe industry the association arranged to boycott mail order houses and jobbers selling cast iron pipe to consumers at prices lower than those fixed by the association's members. A legislative committee and lobby were used to fight legislation obnoxious to the association and to carry on a nation-wide advertising campaign.

Mr. Untermyer criticized Tuttle on the affairs of the Eastern Manufacturers', Inc., which, the witness said, was a private corporation in which he and his wife held all the stock. After Mr. Untermyer asserted that the corporation was not "so innocent and harmless a family matter" as the witness declared, Tuttle said he would be glad to disorganize "if there is anything wrong."

Ceiling Ring Promises Reforms.

Another trade association that promised to "mend its ways" was the Metal Ceiling Association of New York, affiliated with the Building Trades Employers' Association, and consisting of twenty-eight manufacturers of metal ceilings combined for the purpose of "protection in strikes and lockouts" and for any objects "deemed advisable." Otto C. Margraff, Secretary, promised Mr. Untermyer that he would recommend the abrogation of the association's by-laws.

When the committee opened its session there were read into the record two letters from the Stone Masons Contractors' Association announcing a meeting to be held tonight at Bronx Temple Building, 148th Street and Walton Avenue, for the purpose of disbanding the association. This was in accordance with the promise made to the committee by Secretary Kennedy, who testified on Tuesday.

Mr. Untermyer began an inquiry into the cost of white lead by asking questions concerning the American Institute of Lead Manufacturers, of which the National Lead Company is a member, but he did not develop this line of questioning for lack of time, and will continue it this morning.

Captain John P. Leo, Chairman of the Bureau of Standards and Appeals of the city administration, the first witness at the afternoon session, said that to encourage building the Board of Standards and Appeals held a public hearing on the proposal to lower the cost of plumbing by substituting a lighter weight cast iron pipe for the heavy pipe now in use.

After saying that the introduction of the lighter weight pipe would decrease the revenues of the pipe companies, he said he received a great many telegrams from all over the country protesting simultaneously protesting against the use of the lighter pipe. The communications came from officials who were not interested in the New York field. He gave the committee twenty-six letters and two telegrams received on the day of the hearing and received six since then.

The witness said he had no way of knowing how the communications came to be sent, but admitted they came like a spontaneous inspiration from all over the country. None of the senders admitted they were interested in the proposed change in New York City.

At the public hearing, appearing in opposition to the proposal was Charles B. Meyers, representing a joint committee of the building trades.

Captain Leo said his board was not swayed by the propaganda, as its action would be based on the adaptability of the material in question.

Economy in Building Fought.

The witness was asked whether such attempts were incidental to every attempt at economy along housing lines and he answered: "I find it so, yes, sir. The particular interests affected immediately get busy, and they certainly have some wonderful organization."

Captain Leo was positive that the innovation would mean a saving of 50 per cent. in cast iron piping without in any way being detrimental to the construction in six-story buildings.

He then went into the anti-siphon trap which was tested and approved for use by the board on Dec. 27, 1918. The master plumbers, he continued, fought approval of the trap bitterly, and after it was adopted had the working plumbers adopt a resolution disciplining a union man who installed one in a building. The saving by the use of the trap would consist of the elimination of about one-third of the cast iron pipe heretofore used and also reduce the cost, thus much diminishing the cost of building.

An anti-siphon trap, a sanitary appliance which would eliminate about one-third of the pipe hitherto used, was approved by the bureau two years ago. In spite of the fact that the appliance is secure well in all cities of the country, at the White House and in the Congressional office buildings and all the big Atlantic City Hotels, Captain Leo said that not one anti-siphon trap was in use in this city. He explained that the Master Plumbers' Association were able to get the journeymen plumbers to adopt a resolution which punished by fine or expulsion any journeyman plumber found installing the device. The Eastern Soil Pipe Association and the Master Plumbers' Association wrote Captain Leo protesting against the innovation.

An architect who called for the trap said he had not installed because of the antagonistic action of the labor unions, he said.

Mr. Tuttle, who was on the stand almost the entire morning, was recalled at this point and questioned concerning Captain Leo's testimony. He was unable to say who conducted the campaign testified to by the previous witness, and admitted that the letters and telegrams "looked like a concerted action." Tuttle's testimony was followed attentively by a group of pipe manufacturers in the room.

Tuttle admitted his association opposed the use of anti-siphon traps because it would reduce sales.

The witness did not know the total volume of business done by the members of the Eastern Soil Pipe Association, but said he received 10 cents a ton on the output. The sum amounted to from $1,500 to $3,500 a year, he added.

Tuttle denied he had destroyed any of his papers when a process served called on him. He denied that his association was active in legislative matters or that it had a legislative committee.

Evidence of Terra Cotta Lobby.

Mr. Untermyer produced a letter written by Tuttle to one of the members of his association saying that the legislative committee was active in trying to prevent legislation affecting vitrified terra cotta pipe. The letter stated that the vitrified pipe manufacturers were making active efforts to secure modifications of the Building Code in the East, and announced the engagement of space for a cast iron pipe exhibit at the Harrisburg convention.

Tuttle quickly retracted his previous testimony and admitted the existence of a legislative committee, but said their activities were "very few." He said he knew of nothing of the flood of telegrams that poured into the legislature at Harrisburg when the question of using terra cotta pipe was up for consideration in April, 1919.

"It would be a bad precedent for other States if the bill passes," said one of the letters read by Mr. Untermyer. It was a letter from the Southern organization to the Central Foundry Company.

Tuttle admitted that the Southern Soil Pipe Association had co-operated with the Eastern Soil Pipe Association. He also admitted that terra cotta pipe was "much cheaper" than iron pipe.

Tuttle was asked whether he did not want to be a member of the legislative committees appointed. He said he thought not. Mr. Untermyer thrust into his hand a letter he sent to all the association members making such a suggestion, and the witness admitted it was true.

Evidence was adduced showing that the Central Foundry dominated the entire association and that no meeting was held when the representative of that concern was absent.

In pursuance to an arrangement, he said, the Central Foundry Company, after making its prices, passed them on to him and he sent them to other members of the association. He was asked to answer "yes or no" to the question whether that was for the purpose of fixing uniform prices. Tuttle said he could not make such an answer.

Prices Raised 300 Per Cent.

Mr. Untermyer called the attention of the witness to the fact that soil pipe had increased 300 per cent. since 1916. Several hundred letters of members of the association were placed into the record to show that they followed the price list of the Central Foundry Company.

When the witness denied that his association had opposed the use of lighter pipe Mr. Untermyer produced a sheaf of letters showing that this was the attitude of the members. The letters also showed that Philadelphia had adopted the use of the lighter weight pipe in spite of the opposition of the manufacturers.

Earlier in the day Secretary Margraff of the Metallic Roofing Association testified that members of the trade associations in the Building Trade Employers' Association were assessed according to the amount of their gross business. His organization, publishing a business of $9,000,000 annually, had to pay $10,000 a year.

One of the rules of the association provided that if a member abandoned a job no other member might finish the job, however, the consent of the original concern unless the association by a two-thirds vote vetoed the original contractor. Margraff said he was ready to eliminate that provision and other portions of the by-laws which were read.

James M. Berdan, General Manager of the Building Materials Department of the Johns-Manville Company, doing a business of $50,000,000 annually, testified that this company wanted to become a member of the Composition Roofing Association but could not obtain admittance because it insisted on guaranteeing its roofs for ten years instead of two years. His company refused to reduce its guarantee, he said.

Berdan's testimony corroborated the story of Secretary Lees of the roofers' association, who testified on Tuesday that the Johns-Manville Company could not obtain entrance to the association because it guaranteed its roofs for ten years instead of two.

The committee will meet at 10:30 this morning at the City Hall.

TO RELIEVE CONTRACTORS.

Board of Education Trying to Protect Non-Hettrick Concerns.

Resolutions by the Committee on Buildings and Sites recommending the cancellations of the contracts of Daniel J. Rice on Public School 182, Brooklyn, and Philip & Paul on Public School 3, Queens, were to have been offered at the meeting of the Board of Education yesterday, but Dr. John A. Ferguson asked that the matter be laid over for further consideration.

Arthur S. Somers said that the two contractors had admitted having relations with John T. Hettrick, but there were a number of subcontractors who had no dealings with him who would lose money if the contracts were canceled. He said that he did not think this was fair to innocent men, and he moved that their side of the question be presented to the Corporation Counsel to see if they could not be protected. The resolution was adopted.

Vienna Gives Up Czech Archives.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 22.—The Czech Crown archives, comprising hundreds of historic documents, some of them dating from the twelfth century, were taken from Vienna to Prague today by the Czechoslovak Minister, M. Glieden. The documents were transferred to Vienna from Prague by Maria Theresa in the year 1751.

The New York Times regrets the omission today of 10 columns of advertisements.

Ku Klux Klan Parades, Then Vanishes in Darkness

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Dec. 22.—More than 200 members of a branch of the Ku Klux Klan silently paraded the streets of South Jacksonville last night, completely disguised in white caps, masks and gowns and headed by a herald bearing a flaming cross. No explanation of the display was given.

In a recent similar parade in Jacksonville one of the advance riders announced that "a band of solemn, determined men" would pass and wanted "no one to follow them."

When the klansmen reached the trees of the city park, every light in the business district snapped out. They were switched on again a few minutes later and the riders had vanished.

W. J. Simmons of Atlanta, Imperial Wizard of the klan, recently announced that one of its purposes was to maintain "white supremacy," but that it would support constituted authority and not tolerate lawlessness.

REPARATION ISSUE NEARER SETTLEMENT

Germans Leave Brussels for Conference Recess Taking Allied Suggestions for Reforms.

FULL AGREEMENT EXPECTED

Hope That Teuton Property in United States May Be Made Available for Credits.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 22 (Associated Press).—At the conclusion of the first phase of the second financial conference to discuss German reparations, the delegates apparently have a good idea of Germany's ability to pay and of the assistance the Allies must give Germany to meet their demands. Informal discussions between the delegates will continue until the congress meets again on Jan. 10.

The German delegates left Brussels early this afternoon for Berlin. The allied delegations met again in the afternoon with the object of bringing about an agreement in their reports to their respective Governments. They will leave here tonight or tomorrow.

The Germans seem satisfied that the Allies will act favorably with respect to the assistance required by Germany. They took with them the allied suggestions regarding reforms, such as decreasing the budget, reduction of the number of Government employes, increase in indirect taxes and other measures to put Germany on her feet.

May Retain Some Shipping.

There is a feeling among the allied delegates that Germany should be allowed to retain some shipping, and hope is expressed in some quarters that German property in the United States may be made available for credits. The German requests, however, admittedly exceed the probable allied concessions, but it is felt in well-informed circles that satisfactory ground for a settlement is in sight.

All the delegates voiced their confidence that the January session would prepare the case for a speedy decision by the Geneva meeting of representatives of the German and allied Governments respecting the possibility of modifying the Treaty of Versailles in order to enable Germany to pay the minimum reparations acceptable to the Allies.

According to the original program, after the Geneva meeting, which succeeds the second session of the financial experts of Brussels, and after the Reparations Commission has fixed the total of the reparations due, the allied Premiers will meet and decide whether the reports of the different conferences are acceptable and also what guarantees are required for fulfillment of the modified understanding and the penalties for default.

The good relations between the German and allied delegates during the progress of the work of the first session has developed a feeling of confidence here that the second session will establish a basis for a solution of the questions, so that the subsequent conferences on the reparations program will virtually only have to deal with any intervening political developments.

The German delegation today could not make public statements, but it was learned from other quarters that Carl Bergmann (not Sigmund Bergmann, as his name previously had been given), head of the German delegation, at the conclusion of the conference voiced the appreciation of the Germans for the businesslike methods followed, which had resulted in excellent progress. He said he was determined to return in January with the intention of continuing his efforts in such good hope of finally settling the reparations question.

Lord d'Abernon, British Ambassador to Germany and a member of the British delegation, said: "The progress made during the conference is very satisfactory."

Look to Property Seized Here.

Use of German sequestered property in America as a basis of credit apparently is regarded here as an excellent possibility, but the delegates are hesitant about suggesting how the United States should manage its affairs. American holdings of German property are estimated at 4,000,000,000 gold marks, which is considered adequate to satisfy Germany's food demands, estimated by Herr Bergmann at 3,000,000,000 gold marks for the coming year, even after American citizens are compensated for property seized abroad.

Payment by Germany of 100,000,000,000 marks in gold remains the basis upon which experts and delegates are working. This amount, although far below what was authorized by the Treaty of Versailles, is considered by them collectable only on condition that Germany is helped along the lines suggested by the German delegates.

Allied experts, in secret individual reports, the substance of which has come to light, recognize Germany's real necessities, and delegates generally are impressed by arguments that Germany is an insolvent creditor who must be sustained as a going concern. The extent to which strict fulfillment of the of the Versailles Treaty may be waived, however, depends upon the allied Governments, to whom recommendations have been made by the various delegations.

Virtually none of the delegates is still of the opinion that the treaty can be executed literally, and experts agree with the Germans that reparations must be paid chiefly in kind. Some cash, however, will be demanded after a year or two, if not immediately.

New Agreement on Coal.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—A new coal agreement between Germany and the Allies to follow the Spa agreement, which terminates the end of January, has virtually been finished by the Reparations Commission and already has received the approval of most of the countries concerned. Under the new agreement Germany must provide a minimum of 2,000,000 tons monthly without any special compensation, as is the case with the Spa agreement.

MACSWINEY HAS A PASSPORT

Obtained One in Ireland — London Thinks He Is Returning.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—It became known here today that an American passport had been delivered in Ireland to Peter J. MacSwiney, brother of the late Lord Mayor Tefence MacSwiney of Cork, and that he obtained it without explaining to the authorities how he got to England without one.

Although the State Department at Washington demanded this information, it is reported that the department through an error issued the document without it. Immediately after the American Consul at Queenstown delivered the passport the Secret Service men lost sight of MacSwiney, and it is believed that he may be enroute to the United States.

TO RESTORE IRISH RAIL MEN.

Government Accepts Their Promise to End Munitions Boycott.

DUBLIN, Dec. 22.—The Government, as an outcome of the negotiations instituted by J. H. Thomas, General Secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, has agreed to the reinstatement of the railroad workers in Ireland who went out on strike over the question of carrying military munitions. The Government has accepted the pledge that there will be no further trouble, and it is expected normal service will be restored promptly.

Many Die in Russian Train Wreck.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 22.—A great railway disaster occurred recently near Petrograd. Several hundred persons were killed or wounded. The accident was due to the overcrowding of the train.

Secretary Baker Asks $76,000,000 More For Support of the Army This Year

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Secretary Baker has approved supplemental estimates for the support of the army for the fiscal year 1921, amounting to $76,278,127. Secretary Baker said today that of this amount approximately 55 per cent., or $42,573,675.02, represents the amounts included for pay, subsistence and transportation in the original estimates submitted by the War Department as necessary for the support of an army of 175,000 enlisted men for the fiscal year 1921, which was not included in the appropriation act of June 5, 1920, and which would have been required had an average enlisted strength of 175,000 men not been exceeded, leaving a little less than $34,000,000 which can be charged to expenses incurred by exceeding an average strength of 175,000.

"Congress," said Mr. Baker in an explanatory statement tonight, "was fully aware of the fact that it had failed to meet the needs of the army in its appropriations under the Army bill for the fiscal year 1921. While the Army bill was under consideration by the Senate on May 22, 1920, Senator Wadsworth stated: 'I think it is due to the Senate for me to make a statement in connection with this matter of pay. The House, in passing this bill, estimated for an army of an average strength of 175,000 enlisted men during the next fiscal year. It is true, of course, that the authorised strength of the army would be a good deal more than 175,000 men, but it is apparent from the recruiting figures and the statistics indicating the number of discharges which are daily or weekly taking place in the army; that we will not have in the regular army during the next fiscal year much more than 175,000 enlisted men on an average, so the House appropriations were supposed to be sufficient to pay for an army of 175,000 men. As a matter of fact, the House appropriations would not pay for an army of 175,000 men by some millions. The House simply cut the amount underneath that even, but since they passed this bill the Congress has passed and the President has signed the new army and navy increased pay bill, so it became incumbent upon the Military Affairs Committee of the Senate to meet the new obligation arising from the new pay law.

"'It has been necessary, therefore, for the Senate committee to increase the appropriations of the House in order to pay, or come withing shooting distance of paying, 175,000 men and the appropriate complement of officers for the next fiscal year at the new rates of pay; and may I say to the Senate that the figures submitted by the Senate committee are themselves insufficient to pay 175,000 men at the new rates for the next year, although they are very close to it.'"

BRITISH PREMIER WARY AS TO GREEKS

He Tells Commons There May Be "Explanations of Their Recent Action."

REVEALS TURKEY'S OFFERS

Intimation Given That She Might Be Willing to Trade Smyrna for Constantinople.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—The Prime Minister in the House of Commons tonight opposed hasty action in altering the Treaty of Sevres in favor of the Turks and against the Greeks. He advocated going warily with regard to the Greeks, as there might be explanations of their recent action.

The question of the revision of the Treaty of Sèvres was raised by Walter E. Guinness, who advocated re-establishing relations with a reasonable Angora Government and territorial concessions, provided the followers of Mustapha Kemal Pasha yielded to the Allies' control on essential points. Major Gen. Charles V. F. Townshend, former commander of the British troops at Kut-El-Amara, who was recently elected to the House of Commons, offered personally to undertake a mission to Mustapha Kemal Pasha.

The Prime Minister, in the course of a long reply, argued that it was impossible to go behind the Constantinople Government. That Government, however, had already approached Mustapha Kemal, who was en route to Constantinople, and if they arrived at an agreement the Allies would be able to discuss matters with the Governments representing the whole of Turkey.

In further explanation Mr. Lloyd George disclosed the fact that Turkey had intimated that if Constantinople were restored to her Turkey would be reconciled to the loss of Smyrna and Adrianople. These territorial questions, he said, were not so easy.

"If we restored Constantinople," said Mr. Lloyd George, "then similar agitation would arise about Thrace, Smyrna and Adrianople. Moreover, supposing Greece refused to restore Smyrna? Must we attack the formidable Greek army to compel this? Because we have little difficulty now we must not run into greater difficulty. We ought to proceed warily, otherwise we shall incur the hatred of the Greek race. We have been filled with resentment and with some contempt for their actions recently, but we do not know all the facts, and there may be explanations."

The Premier said he desired peace in Asia Minor and wished to treat the Turks fairly. He was willing to discuss any proposition they would submit, but begged the House not to change the whole British policy in the East because of abhorrence of the result of the general election in Greece. Great Britain wanted the friendship of the Greek people because that friendship was vital to British interests in that part of the world.

After saying that nobody knew quite what was happening in Greece and Asia Minor, the Prime Minister asserted that there was no agreement between Mustapha Kemal Pasha, the Turkish Nationalist leader, and Armenia, while Soviet Russia also was seeking to make an agreement, which fact and the fact that the Kemalists and Bolsheviki were broadcasting a state of conflict between the Turks and the Russians in that area. These were factors the development of which must be awaited.

ATHENS, Dec. 22.—Constantine of Greece plans to visit the Greek Army in Asia Minor, on the Smyrna front, some time about New Year's Day. His trip is conditioned upon the consent of the Allies being given, and it is pointed out that the late King Alexander received allied permission to go to Asia Minor. Alexander's visit to the Greek troops, however, was unofficial, it is said.

The people of Athens continue their celebration of the return of Constantine, strewing the streets with palm branches and marching in processions. Villagers near Athens are preparing to present to Constantine a golden cavalry saddle, the cost of which is estimated at $25,000.

Admiral Kelly, head of the British naval mission here, was summoned unexpectedly on Monday by Constantine, who presented to him the Grand Order of the Royal Order of the Saviour. In conformity with his Government's instructions, Admiral Kelly informed the Greek Government that he regretted he was unable to accept the decoration and returned the insignia.

The French Legation, which was sounded regarding presentation of the same decoration to Admiral Gramat, head of the French mission, disauded the Greek Government from persisting in its offer.

Gen. Haller Coming to Seek Aid.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 22.—According to Warsaw information, General Haller has been entrusted by the Polish Defense League with the mission to proceed to America to obtain financial and moral assistance for Poland from Polish-Americans.

GLOOMY OUTLOOK FOR EUROPE IN 1921

Bolshevist Irruption and Widespread Economic Collapse Are Feared.

ALL LOOKING TO AMERICA

Most Discussions of the Situation End With Expressions of Hope of Our Aid.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Dec. 22.—News from all parts of Europe reaching the League of Nations headquarters points to this Christmas as being the blackest for a long time in Poland, Latvia and Esthonia. Keen anxiety is felt concerning the Bolshevist military preparations. In Latvia itself the Bolsheviki are threatening to make common cause with their Russian brethren.

From every part of Europe, from old countries and new, and even from Asia, reports arrive of unrest and disturbance, of commercial crises, unemployment and inability to sell products, together with the greatest need of such products.

Food supplies are far smaller than before the war—indeed, far too small for the world's needs, even though the United States may lack for nothing and though large stocks are accumulating in many countries for want of buyers. Thus large manufacturers and wholesale merchants who have immense supplies produced or bought at a time when very high prices are still prevailing are being obliged to liquidate at very heavy loss.

Already failures for considerable sums are occurring, and economists and financiers acquainted with the state of Europe seem to have made up their minds to face a commercial crash, complicated in certain countries with revolution. The question now pre-occupying them is how to minimize the gravity of this crash. No one denies that a crash is inevitable; the only question is how to lessen its seriousness.

The political atmosphere on the Continent is so tense that in the Prague Parliament the German-speaking and Czech-speaking members have come to blows. Austria has never been so miserable, nor her exchange so low, and even Austria's statesmen are suggesting certain powers exercising a mandate over her until she can recover herself.

Hungary, for lack of coal, is stopping all passenger traffic on her railways between Dec. 23 and Jan. 3. Jugoslavia is breaking off diplomatic relations with Bulgaria and is even having a dispute with no pacific a power as Holland, and the Serbian Minister has been asked to leave Dutch territory.

Even in Switzerland unemployment is increasing steadily, some large factories having been obliged to close and discharge workers, and several serious bankruptcies having occurred.

SOVIET ARMENIA ANNULS ALL LOANS

Especially the American Loan, Which Workers Have Been Toiling to Pay.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—The Armenian Soviet in a proclamation has annulled all foreign loans, "especially the American loan," which the Armenian workers have been toiling to repay, says a Reuter despatch from Constantinople.

TIFLIS, Dec. 22.—Reports of important Bolshevist forces concentrating with heavy artillery along the Georgian frontier are causing considerable alarm in official circles here. It is feared the next action of the Soviet army will be an invasion of Georgia with the aim of imposing a Soviet régime, thus completing the hegemony of the Bolsheviki over the entire Caucasus.

The Soviet organization of Armenia is proceeding along the same lines as those followed in Azerbaijan. After abolition of private ownership of property, the Soviets repudiated all the country's debts.

ZURICH, Switzerland, Dec. 21.—A Moscow wireless message under yesterday's date received here today says the Georgian Government, replying to a Soviet note regarding mobilization in Georgia, declares that the mobilization of its forces was decreed in order to watch over the security of the frontiers.

PANIC IN FERRARA.

Red Guards Fire on a Parade of Nationalists, Killing Four.

BOLOGNA, Italy, Dec. 22.—A serious clash occurred yesterday at Ferrara, 27 miles north of Bologna, where the Socialists had organized a demonstration in protest against the recent attacks in Bologna upon Socialist Deputies. Four persons were killed and more than thirty wounded before the police and troops, who were rushed to the spot, restored order. Fifteen Red guards, who were among the large number who had fired upon the Nationalists from the confines of the adjacent medieval castle, were arrested. The other Red guards escaped.

Are There Fairies?

The camera says yes. Remarkable photographs showing "fairies" and a "gnome" dancing before an English girl, taken by her playmate. Leading photographers of England have declared the negative unretouched and genuine, and every detail has been investigated by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle and his representative, who have failed to find any evidence of "faking."

Rotogravure-Picture Section

The New York Times

NEXT SUNDAY

BLAME GOVERNMENT FOR BIG COAL LOSS

Operators at Hearing Tell of Bad Bargains by War Department and Shipping Board.

SEIZED DOCUMENTS READ

Witnesses Questioned on Payment to Geological Survey and Interest in Legislation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The story of how the War Department in September of this year insisted on purchasing 1,000,000 tons of bituminous coal at the high prices then prevailing, despite advice that the purchase be delayed in order that the Government might receive later on the benefit of receding prices, was told tonight to the Senate Committee on Reconstruction by Colonel D. B. Wentz, the President of the National Coal Association and the head of some of the largest bituminous properties in the country. The War Department gave orders to its purchasing agents to pay as high as $11 a ton for the coal. Had the department delayed the transaction it would have been able, said Colonel Wentz, to obtain most of the coal needed at $4, or even less, a ton.

Colonel Wentz, who was the last witness called today at the hearing, said that when on Sept. 16 last the War Department came into the market for 1,000,000 tons, he was one of a number of prominent coal men asked by the department to negotiate the purchase, the Government fixing its maximum price at $11 a ton and allowing a fixed commission of 50 cents a ton.

"When the representative of the department came to me," said Colonel Wents, "I advised him to buy only a little of the coal at that time and then buy a little more later on, explaining that if this was done a large sum of money would be saved to the Government as a result of the certainty of receding prices. They insisted, however, on immediate purchases, and they got the coal by going into the open market and paying the high prices then prevailing."

Drop in Prices Since September.

"Had your advice been taken, what would be the cost to the Government, on the supposition that most of the coal would have been purchased at about this time?" asked Senator Edge.

"I think it would be possible to get high-grade Virginia coal at $4 a ton, while it would be possible to obtain a still lower figure in other fields," replied Colonel Wentz.

Colonel Wents also stated while on the stand that the output of the mines in which he is interested had been sold during the last few months at an average price of $4.50 a ton. Owing to a 40 per cent. salary and wage increase given the employes of the companies last September, the price is now $4, and the Stonega Company of Virginia, one of the principal ones of the Wents interests, stood ready, he added, to contract its entire 1921 output at the $4 a ton rate at the mouth of the mines.

Colonel Wentz explained that not a ton of coal produced by his companies figured in his purchases for the War Department in September last. The entire mine stock at the time, he added, was then sold under contract. The result was that he went into the open market to buy the 150,000 tons that was his share in the Government's 1,000,000-ton order.

"The Government would have saved a very large sum if it had purchased the coal from the companies in which you are interested," remarked Senator Calder.

"But our coal was all contracted for and that was impossible," replied Colonel Wentz.

"Well, if you can and have been selling it at $3.50 a ton, don't you think other companies that sold it to the War Department for $11 charged an outrageous price?" asked Senator Calder.

"Well, would say that the price would seem to have been out of all proportion to the cost of production," Colonel Wentz answered.

Senator Calder called Colonel Wentz's attention to the testimony given before the committee by George H. Cushing, managing director of the American Wholesale Coal Association, who said he knew of Government officials who had taken advantage of the coal crisis and had made large profits by speculating in coal.

"Have you heard," asked Senator Calder, "of any Government officials, railroad men, Interstate Commerce attachés or any other persons occupying positions of public trust who engaged in coal speculations?"

"Yes," replied Colonel Wentz. "I have heard that there are instances of that sort, but I have no personal knowledge that any such thing happened."

Says Crisis Was Averted.

J. D. A. Morrow, Vice President of the National Coal Association, was the only other witness and he was on the stand all morning and most of the afternoon. Mr. Morrow said that Mr. Cushing was in error when he testified that there had not been a coal shortage. There was a time in the early Summer, Mr. Morrow said, when the situation was critical and was saved only through the energetic action of the Interstate Commerce Commission and the subsequent co-operation between the railroad and the bituminous coal operators.

Mr. Morrow admitted that outrageous prices had been charged by some operators as well as profiteers, but asserted that as a body the responsible operators of the country had sought always to keep prices within bounds and to put a curb on the profiteers.

Answering questions by Senator Edge, Mr. Morrow estimated that the average cost of producing bituminous coal during the past nine months had been in the neighborhood of $3.50 a ton at the mines, which with an average freight of $2.40 to New York City, would make the price laid down in New York City $5.90 a ton for bituminous coal. The average profit margin he placed at 70 cents from which he said had to be deducted interest on bonds and loans as well as excess profits taxes.

"As a general rule," said Mr. Morrow, "the coal operators have scrupulously kept their contracts with their customers."

The witness said he agreed with Mr. Cushing that high prices were in large part due to the fact that they were bid to excessive heights by the people themselves.

"Have you statistics which will show that prices sometimes as high as $21 or $22 were not general during the months you have in mind?" asked Senator Edge.

"I will try and get them for you," said Mr. Morrow.

By failing to make fuel contracts the Shipping Board, Mr. Morrow said, had expended huge sums that were excessive.

"The Shipping Board's handling of its coal requirements," he said, "is as inexcusable a sample of governmental inefficiency as I can conceive of. They would not even take the trouble to walk a few blocks and to see me about it. Ordinarily shipping concerns buy their bunker coal by contract eight months ahead."

It was said in the committee room that the Shipping Board had on occasion paid as high as $16 a ton for its coal.

Seized Records Are Read.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22 (Associated Press).—The examination of two officials of the National Coal Association by the Senate Investigating Committee was enlivened from time to time as Senators produced correspondence taken from the organization's files during an unannounced search of its offices in Washington last Saturday and Sunday, and questioned sharply the purpose and public interest of the steps taken by the association and Government agencies alike.

Chiefly the examination touched the actions relative to coal shortage taken by the Government agencies, presumably in the interest of consumers at large. Senator Kenyon, armed with minutes of the association's Executive Committee meetings, read a resolution which authorized the "drafting of an Interstate Commerce Commission order to make mines immune from damages" for failing to fulfill contracts to furnish coal.

"You did draft that order?" Senator Kenyon asked J. D. A. Morrow, Vice President of the association.

"We did, and the commission issued it, with some changes," the witness told him.

"And its general effect was to free mines from their liability to furnish coal they had contracted to deliver?" Senator Kenyon continued.

"Only in so far as the release was in public interest and necessary to get supplies to keep people in the Northwest and New England from freezing this Winter," Mr. Morrow returned. He added that the contract-breaking allowed the coal to move to the Great Lakes during the Summer. Senator Kenyon developed that the National Association had agreed to "go into the courts and defend the order" in case any operators brought injunction proceedings against it, that a number of the association members dissented from the policy and that a Colorado local association withdrew as a body because of it.

Payment of the Geological Survey for getting out coal figures was taken up with Mr. Morrow.

"Do you think that it is proper for an outside organization to pay for the Government's collection of statistics about the industry it represents?" Senator Kenyon asked.

"Not as a general policy," Mr. Morrow said, "but this was an emergency arrangement of tremendous importance to the public."

George H. Cushing, Managing Director of the American Wholesale Coal Association, who gave the committee on Monday the name of one former official who, he said, had profited, took the stand for a moment today. He said that he had not charged "coal men with conspiring to bring about a shortage panic." The name furnished by Mr. Cushing yesterday has not been divulged by the committee.

$600,000 BAIL IN COAL DEAL.

New Jersey Man Arrested for Alleged Mishandling of $300,000.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Dec. 22.—Hans O. Schundler of Madison, arrested last night on complaint of Coale & Co. of 149 Broadway, New York, in connection with a $300,000 coal transaction, was released today on $600,000 bonds pending hearing before the Supreme Court in Trenton Dec. 30.

A writ was served on Schundler last night at his home in Madison. It was impossible for him to get bail until this morning, when Howard Cole and Carnot M. Ward, two wealthy residents of Morristown, went on the bond.

Coale & Co. in their suit charged that Schundler owed them $300,000 on coal sold last Summer, alleging that the money was retained by Schundler.

According to Albert J. Holland, Schundler's counsel, his client has a claim of $800,000 against Coale & Co. for services in connection with transportation. Schundler owns a line of freight steamships and has offices in Hoboken. He says that Coale & Co. are indebted to him for about $500,000 above his indebtedness to them.

SOVIET TO SEIZE FOOD OF PEASANTS FOR ARMY

105 Workers Reported to Have Been Executed After Revolt in Petrograd.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 22. — A special dispatch to Berlingske Tidende from Helsingfors says the Russian Soviet Journal Plakatny announces officially that there are only enough food supplies for the army to last until Jan. 15, and that the Moscow Government has therefore ordered special military forces composed of armed town laborers and Tartars into the country districts to make the peasants do their duty and hand over their grain. To encourage these troops in their work the Government will allow them 15 per cent. of the supplies they seize.

The Russian Journal Obstjeje Dielo states that serious disturbances occurred lately in the factories of Petrograd, the workers demanding that some commissioners be removed, the food rations increased and the working hours, which are sixteen daily, shortened. The rebellion was crushed, 105 laborers being executed.

REDS SHOW BAD FAITH.

Delay in Signing Trade Agreement Explained in Commons.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—Delay in signing the agreement for reopening trade with Russia was explained in the Commons tonight by Sir Robert Horne.

The conditions which at present, he said, are holding it up are that of the Soviet Government refraining from anti-British propaganda in India, Persia and Afghanistan, and that of its acknowledging its debts to British subjects. It accepted the first of these conditions long ago, but it then hesitated to give such guarantee of good faith as was implied by inserting it in the trading Agreement, and, in point of fact, the anti-British propaganda has continued.

In regard to the rights of British citizens who were creditors of the Russian Government to arrest gold sent here in payment of goods supplied, Sir Robert Horne said he could not imagine Parliament interfering with the rights that British citizens always had to resort to the courts of the country to get their rights. Sir Robert added:

"I believe we shall still have a satisfactory issue out of these negotiations. If we do not, then British traders will be free to trade with Russia at their own risk, just as other countries are trading with Russia."

Bulgaria Refuses Soviet Demand.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 22.—Russian Bolshevist journals state that the Bulgarian Government has refused Foreign Minister Tchitcherin's demand for the resumption of diplomatic relations.

DO NOT FORGET
—AMONG YOUR—
CHRISTMAS GIFTS
"THE 100 NEEDIEST CASES"
Make Checks Payable to
"100 NEEDIEST CASES FUND"
And Send to
The New York Times, Times Square.

FIGHT OFF AMBUSH ON TIPPERARY ROAD

Police Escape Without Casualties, but Believe They Wounded Some of the Attackers.

DUBLIN CITY HALL SEIZED

Troops Take Over Municipal Buildings and Proceed to Fortify Them.

PEACE TALK BEING REVIVED

Complete Breach Is Denied in Dublin, and New Move Soon Is Forecast.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Dec. 22.—A patrol of eight policemen encountered an ambush in County Tipperary this morning, some miles northwest of the scene of Monday's fighting. They lined the roads and engaged their attackers for an hour and a half, and in the end beat them off. There were no casualties to the patrol, but it is believed that they inflicted losses on the attackers.

In pursuance of the notice already given to the Dublin Corporation, the military last night seized the City Hall and municipal buildings near Dublin Castle and today were engaged in making certain defensive arrangements, which include barbed-wire entanglements and sandbags. Before the soldiers took possession last night unknown men removed the flagstaff from the City Hall.

Peace Parley May Be Resumed.

DUBLIN, Dec. 22.—There is no truth in the rumors that peace negotiations have been broken off, the Associated Press is authoritatively informed. There has been only a hitch in the peace discussions and the belief is expressed that the negotiations will soon be resumed, with good prospects of success.

It is reported that Archbishop Clune

ELIGIBLES NAMED FOR GENERAL STAFF

Selections for Corps by Pershing Board Create Furore in Army Circles.

NOTED GENERALS BARRED

Dissatisfied Officers Assert Board Has Formed a Self-Perpetuating Body.

MANY NEW YORKERS ON LIST

They Include Maj. Gen. O'Ryan, Ogden L. Mills, Major Hamilton Fish Jr., and Elihu Root Jr.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—A bombshell has been exploded in army circles by the publication of a new general order containing the initial list of officers eligible for duty in the new General Staff Corps. This list has just been completed by a board of five General officers headed by General John J. Pershing, and it has been approved by Secretary of War Baker. It forms a new "elite list," because no one can be assigned to duty on the General Staff Corps, either in the War Department, General Staff, the General Staff with troops, or as military attachés abroad, unless named in the new "initial General Staff eligible list."

The selections have caused a great deal of dissatisfaction and much disappointment is expressed by officers whose names do not appear in the list and their friends.

No fault is found with the officers selected by the Pershing board, but there is a great deal of criticism because many distinguished soldiers were not chosen. Among those who are barred from General Staff duty are a number of general officers of the regular army who commanded divisions or corps and rendered valiant service during the war. There have also been passed by officers who are now serving on the General Staff in Washington or with troops. At least one corps area commander and also the ranking officers in command of the Hawaiian and Philippine Departments are not on the list.

Generally the selections are recognized as bringing into the General Staff the best specialized talent developed in the regular army during the war; and while officers familiar with the work of the army seem convinced that the selections were well made, the feeling is general that many more officers could be placed on the eligible list.

One criticism made is that the board has prepared a "self-perpetuating list" of officers for the General Staff, and that hereafter no officer will be able to get on that list unless he goes through the service schools or the War College. The Pershing board has been at work since last June compiling the list. As no officer from now on can be detailed for General Staff duty unless his name is on the "eligible list," the selections made really constitute the "Blue Book" of the army.

Could Have Made List Larger.

The Pershing board might have added a large number of officers, as the Army Reorganization Act of June 4, 1920, imposed no limit on the size of the list. It merely fixed the number of those who might serve on General Staff Corps duty and who were to be selected from the new list of eligibles.

Under the new law, the War Department is composed of a Chief of Staff, four assistants and eighty-eight other officers, while the reorganization plans call for 185 staff officers with troops. The Pershing Board list contains the names of 305 regular army officers and 302 men who served in the World War and are now either civilians or identified with National Guard units and the Officers Reserve Corps. The list of regulars omits the names of such general officers as Generals Bundy, Morton, Kernan, Edwards, Ruckman, Treat, Sage, Blatchford, Babbitt, Barrette, Hutcheson and Alexander. It will bar from General Staff duty such officers as Major General Squier, Chief of the Signal Corps; Major General Beach, Chief of Engineers, and one of the nine corps area commanders, Major General Bundy.

The civilian and National Guard section contains the names of a number of New Yorkers who were identified with the Twenty-seventh and Seventy-seventh Divisions or other units during the World War. Major Gen. Robert Alexander, now a Colonel in the regulars, who commanded the Seventy-seventh Division from New York when it moved through the Argonne, is not on the list, nor is Colonel Evan Johnson of the regular army, who was one of the brigade commanders of the Seventy-seventh. But Brig. Gen. George B. Duncan, who commanded the Seventy-seventh Division, for a while, is designated as eligible, as are Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, who commanded the Twenty-seventh Division, New York National Guard, and is now Major General commanding the New York National Guard, and Lieut. Col. Edward Olmstead of the New York National Guard, who was assistant chief of staff of the Twenty-seventh Division in France. Franklin Ward, who commanded the 106th Regiment of the Twenty-seventh Division, and is now detailed on duty in Washington as a member of the National Guard section of the General Staff, is a New Yorker not on the list, as is Colonel Theodore Roosevelt Jr.

Other New Yorkers picked by the Pershing Board are Ogden L. Mills, formerly a Captain in the Signal Corps; Colonel Wade H. Hayes of the Seventh Regiment, National Guard, emergency Lieutenant Colonel of infantry in the war; William J. Donovan, former Captain of cavalry in the New York Guard and emergency infantry Colonel; Lieut. Col. Edward Olmstead of the New York National Guard; Colonel Horace C. Stebbins of the Infantry Reserve Corps; Major Hamilton Fish Jr. of the New York Guard; Elihu Root Jr., formerly emergency Major; Grayson M. P. Murphy, formerly emergency Lieutenant Colonel; Lieut. Col. Herbert Parsons of the Quartermaster's Reserve Corps; Henry L. Stimson, formerly an emergency Colonel of field artillery; Cornelius Vanderbilt, Brigadier General in the Officers' Reserve Corps, who commanded a brigade in the Thirteenth Division; Lieutenant Cornelius W. Wickersham of the Infantry Reserve Corps; Cabot Ward, formerly a Captain in the National Guard, and John R. Kilpatrick, a New York Guard officer, who became an emergency Colonel.

Maj. Gen. Bundy Not Eligible.

Major Gen. Leonard Wood, who now commands the Sixth Corps area, is on the list. There are nine corps area commanders, and all but one are on the list, including, besides General Wood, Generals Shanks, Bullard, Cronkhite, Morrison, Read, Dickman and Liggett. The one omitted is Major Gen. Omar Bundy, commanding the Seventh Corps area, who was a corps commander in the war, and who also commanded the Second and Sixth Divisions. Major Gen. Charles G. Morton, commanding all the American forces in the Hawaiian Department, and Major Gen. Francis J. Kernan, commanding all the forces in the Philippine Department, are not named. General Morton commanded the Twenty-ninth Division and General Kernan was with the service overseas section in the war. However, Major Gen. Henry T. Allen, now commanding the American Army forces in Germany, and Brig. Gen. Charles W. Kennedy, commanding the Panama Department, are made eligible.

Among the general officers left out are Brig. Gen. Clarence R. Edwards, who heads the list of Brigadier Generals, and commanded the Twenty-sixth Division overseas; Brig. Gen. John W. Ruckman, commanding the Boston Artillery District; Brig. Gen. George Bell Jr., who commanded a division in the war; Brig. Gen. Charles G. Treat of the Thirty-seventh Division, who commanded the American troops sent into Italy during the Piave drive; Brig. Gen. W. H. Sage, a Medal of Honor man, who commanded the Thirty-eighth Division; Brig. Gen. R. M. Blatchford, Brig. Gen. Edwin B. Babbitt, Brig. Gen. John D. Barrette, Brig. Gen. Grote Hutcheson, who commanded the Fourteenth Division, and is now at Camp Meade, and Brig. Gen. U. G. McAlexander.

A number of officers of the War Department General Staff have also been barred. How long they will remain on General Staff duty, now that they are not eligible, could not be ascertained today, but it was indicated that they may be permitted to serve out the remainder of their four-year details.

General Peyton C. March, the present Chief of Staff, and his four assistants are on the list. The assistants are Major Gen. W. M. Wright, Director of Supplies; Major Gen. William J. Haan, Director of War Plans; Brig. Gen. Henry Jersey, Director of Operations, and Brig. Gen. Dennis E. Nolan, Director of Military Intelligence.

The list just published contains 607 names from which staff corps officers are to be picked. The 305 Regular Army officers whose names appear in the list include General Pershing, 21 Major Generals, 33 Brigadier Generals, 103 Colonels, 69 Lieutenant Colonels and 53 Majors. The law provides that after the completion of this list the name of no officer shall be added unless upon graduation from the General Staff School he is specifically recommended as qualified for General Staff duty and that hereafter no officer of the General Staff Corps, except the Chief of Staff, shall be assigned as a member of the War Department General Staff unless he be a graduate of the General Staff College or his name is borne on the initial eligible list. The Secretary of War is required to publish annually the list of officers eligible for General Staff duty, and such eligibility must be noted in the annual army register. The law provides that if, at any time, the number of officers available and eligible for detail to the General Staff is not sufficient to fill all the vacancies, Majors or Captains may be detailed as acting General Staff officers under regulations to be prescribed by the President.

The Complete "Elite List."

The new "elite list" has been issued in the following General Orders:

General Orders No. 74.

Initial General Staff eligible list. In compliance with Section 5, National Defense act, as amended by the act of Congress approved June 4, 1920, the following initial General Staff eligible list of officers of the Regular Army, National Guard and Officers' Reserve Corps, and former officers of the Regular Army, is published to the army for the information and guidance of all concerned:

Officers of the Regular Army.

Addis, Emmet, Major, cavalry.
Alexander, Roger G., Lieutenant Colonel, Professor, U. S. M. A.
Allen, Henry T., Major General.
Allison, James B., Lieutenant Colonel, Signal Corps.
Anderson, Edward D., Colonel, cavalry.
Atkins, Joseph A., Major, infantry.
Auitman, Dwight E., Brigadier General.
Babcock, Walter C., Colonel, cavalry.
Bach, Christian A., Lieutenant Colonel, cavalry.
Bailey, Charles J., Brigadier General.
Baitzell, George F., Colonel, infantry.
Bamford, Frank E., Colonel, infantry.
Bandholtz, Harry H., Brigadier General.
Barnes, John B., Major, infantry.
Beacham, Joseph W. Jr., Lieutenant Colonel, infantry.
Beck, Robert McC. Jr., Major, cavalry.
Beebe, Royden E., Major, infantry.
Benedict, Jay L., Major, infantry.
Bethel, Walter A., Colonel, J. A. G. D.
Birnie, Upton Jr., Lieutenant Colonel, F. A.
Bishop, Harry G., Colonel, F. A.
Bishop, Percy P., Colonel, C. A.
Booth, Ewing E., Colonel, cavalry.
Bowley, Albert J., Colonel, F. A.
Bowman, George T., Lieutenant Colonel, cavalry.
Bradson, Fay W., Major, infantry.
Bradley, John J., Colonel, infantry.
Brees, Herbert J., Colonel, cavalry.
Brewster, Andre W., Brig. Gen.
Briggs, Charles F., Colonel, infantry.
Brown, Lytle, Colonel, C. of F.
Brown, Preston, Colonel, infantry.
Browning, William S., Lt. Col., F. A.
Buchan, Fred W., Lt. Col., Cavalry.
Bullard, Robert L., Maj. Gen.
Bundel, Charles M., Lt. Col., F. A.
Burleigh, John J., Major, infantry.
Burr, George W., Colonel, Ordnance.
Burtt, Wilson B., Lt. Col., infantry.
Caldwell, Frank H., Colonel, cavalry.
Callan, Robert E., Colonel, C.
Carter, Jesse McI., Brig. Gen.
Catron, Thom, Major, infantry.
Chaffee, Adna R., Major, cavalry.
Chamberlain, John L., Maj. Gen.
Chamberlain, William, Colonel, C. A.
Cheatham, B. Frank, Colonel Q. M. C.
Cheney, Sherwood, Colonel, C. of E.
Churchill, Marlborough A., Major, F. A.
Clark, Francis W., Lieut. Col., F. A.
Clark, Henry B., Lieut. Col., C. A.
Clark, Paul H., Major, infantry.
Cocheu, George W., Major, C. A.
Coe, Frank W., Colonel, C. A.
Collins, Edgar T., Colonel, infantry.
Collins, James L., Major, F. A.
Conger, Arthur L., Lieut. Col., infantry.
Conner, Fox, Brigadier General.
Connor, William D., Brigadier General.
Cooper, Vaughn W., Major, cavalry.
Cox, Creed F., Major, F. A.
Coxe, Alexander B., Lieut. Col., cavalry.
Craig, Malin, Brigadier General.
Cronkhite, Adelbert, Major Gen.
Cross, Matthew A., Maj., C. A.
Crowder, Enoch H., Major Gen.
Crulkshank, William N., Colonel, F. A.
Currie, Dennis H., Major, F. A.
Davis, Robert L., Brigadier General.
Davis, William C., Colonel, C. A.
De Armond, Edward H., Major, F. A.
Dengler, Frederick L., Lieut. Colonel, C. A.
De Witt, John L., Lieut. Colonel, infantry.
Dickman, Joseph T., Major General.
Dodds, William H. Jr., Major, F. A.
Donaldson, Thomas O., Colonel, cavalry.
Drum, Hugh A., Brigadier General.
Duncan, George B., Brigadier General.
Edwards, Oliver, Colonel, infantry.
Eltinge, Le Roy, Colonel, cavalry.
Ely, Hanson E., Brigadier General.
Embick, Stanley D., Lieut. Colonel, C. A.
Emerson, Thomas H., Major, C. of Engrs.
Enochs, Berkeley, Colonel, infantry.
Erickson, Hjalmer, Lieut. Colonel, F. A.
Fair, John S., Lieut. Colonel, cavalry.
Farnsworth, Charles S., Colonel, infantry.
Fenner, William M., Colonel, infantry.
Fenton, Chauncey L., Major, C. A.
Ferguson, Harley B., Colonel, C. of F.
Fergusson, Frank K., Colonel, C. A.
Fiske, Harold B., Colonel, infantry.
Fitch, Roger S., Lieut. Colonel, cavalry.
Fleming, Adrien S., Colonel, F. A.
Ford, Stanley H., Lieut. Colonel, infantry.
Foreman, Albert W., Lieut. Colonel, infantry.
Fries, Claude S., Lieut. Colonel, infantry.
Fuqua, Stephen O., Lieut. Colonel, infantry.
Gallagher, Hugh J., Colonel, Q. M. C.
Gardner, Fulton Q. C., Major, C. A.
Gasser, Lorenzo L., Lieut. Colonel, infantry.
Gibbs, George S., Lieut. Colonel, Sig. Corps.
Gleaves, Samuel R. L., Colonel, cavalry.
Gordon, Walter H., Brig. General.
Gowen, James S., Colonel, infantry.
Graham, James M., Colonel, infantry.
Grant, Walter S., Lieut. Colonel, cavalry.
Graves, William S., Brig. General.
Greeley, John N., Major, F. A.
Griffith, Frederick D. Jr., Major, cavalry.
Grissinger, Jay W., Lieutenant Colonel, Medical Corps.
Grunert, George, Major, cavalry.
Gulick, John W., Lieutenant Colonel, C.A.
Haan, William G., Major General.
Hagood, Johnson, Brigadier General.
Hale, Harry C., Brigadier General.
Hamilton, Lawrence, Lieutenant Colonel, inf.
Hannaway, Thomas W., Major, inf.
Hannum, Warren T., Major, C. of E.
Harbord, James G., Major General.
Harris, Peter C., Colonel, inf.
Hart, William E., Colonel, Q.M.C.
Hartmann, Edward T., Colonel, inf.
Hartz, William W., Colonel, C. of E.
Harzbord, Edwin S., Lieutenant Colonel, inf.
Haskell, William N., Major, cavalry.
Hawkins, Hamilton S., Colonel, cavalry.
Hay, William R., Colonel, cavalry.
Hayne, Paul T. Jr., Lieutenant Colonel, cavalry.
Hearn, Roscoe H., Lieutenant Colonel, Inf.
Heintzelman, Stuart, Lieutenant Colonel, cavalry.
Hellmick, Eli A., Colonel, inf.
Herbst, George A., Lt. Col., infantry.
Herr, John K., Major, cavalry.
Herron, Charles D., Lt. Col., F. A.
Hersy, Mark L., Brig. Gen.
Hilgard, Milosh R., Lt. Col., Q. M. C.
Hinds, Ernest, Brig. Gen.
Hines, John L., Maj. Gen.
Hitt, Parker, Lt. Col., infantry.
Hodges, Campbell B., Major, infantry.
Hodges, Harry L., Major, cavalry.
Holbrook, Lucius R., Colonel, F. A.
Holbrook, Willard A., Colonel, cavalry.
Howell, Willey, Lt. Col., infantry.
Howse, Robert L., Brig. Gen.
Ireland, Merritte W., Colonel, Medical Corps.
Jadwin, Edgar, Colonel, C. of E.
Jervey, Henry, Bri. Gen.
Jewell, Frank C., Lt. Col., C. A.
Johnson, W. C., Lt. Col., infantry.
Johnston, William H., Colonel, infantry.
Jones, Clifford, Major, C. A.
Joyce, Kenyon A., Major, cavalry.
Kelly, William, Lieutenant Colonel, C. of E.
Kennedy, Chase W., Brigadier General.
Kerth, Monroe C., Colonel, infantry.
Kilbourne, C. E., Lieutenant Colonel, C. A.
Kimball, Richard M., Major, cavalry.
King, Campbell, Colonel, infantry.
King, Edward L., Colonel, cavalry.
Kingman, John L., Major, C. of E.
Kromer, Leon B., Lieutenant Colonel, cavalry.
Krueger, Walter, Major, infantry.
Kuhn, Joseph E., Brigadier General.
Lahm, Frank P., Major, Air Service.
Lanned, Conrad H., Lieutenant Colonel, F. A.
Lassiter, William, Brigadier General.
Leanard, Henry G., Colonel, infantry.
Lee, John C. H., Major, C. A.
Leitch, Joseph D., Colonel, infantry.
Lewis, Edward M., Brigadier General.
Liggett, Hunter, Major General.
Lincoln, Charles S., Colonel, infantry.
Locke, Morris E., Lieut. Colonel, F. A.
Longan, Rufus E., Colonel, infantry.
Lott, Abraham G., Colonel, cavalry.
Lynch, George A., Major, infantry.
Lynn, Clark, Major, infantry.
McAdams, John P., Major, infantry.
McAndrew, James W., Major General.
McAndrews, Joseph R., Lieut. Colonel, cavalry.
MacArthur, Douglas, Brigadier General.
McBride, Robert B., Lieut. Colonel, C. A.
McCloskey, Manus, Colonel, F. A.
McCoy, Walter D., Brigadier General.
McCleave, Robert, Colonel, infantry.
McCoy, Frank R., Colonel, cavalry.
McGlachlin, Edward F. Jr., Brigadier General.
McIntyre, Frank, Major General.
McManus, George H., Colonel, C. A.
McNair, Leslie J., Major, C. of E.
McNair, Williams S., Colonel, F. A.
McNeil, Clarence H., Colonel, C. A.
McRae, James H., Brigadier General.
Major, Duncan K. Jr., Lieut. Colonel, infantry.
Malone, Paul B., Colonel, infantry.
March, Peyton C., Major General.
Marshall, George C., Major, infantry.
Martin, Charles H., Colonel, infantry.
Manober, Charles T., Major General.
Merrill, Dana T., Lieut. Colonel, infantry.
Miles, Sherman, Major, F. A.
Miller, Troup Major, cavalry.
Mitchell, William, Colonel, Air Service.
Montgomery, John C., Major, cavalry.
Moorman, Frank, Major, Signal Corps.
Morrison, John F., Major General.
Morrow, Frank J., Colonel, infantry.
Moseley, George Van H., Brigadier General.
Mosea, Andrew, Major, C. A.
Muir, Charles H., Major General.
Munson, Edward L., Colonel, Med. Corps.
Murray, Peter, Colonel, infantry.
Myers, Rufus B., Lieut. Colonel, cavalry.
Naylor, William K., Colonel, infantry.
Nolan, Dennis E., Brigadier General.
Norvel, Guy B., Lieut. Colonel, C. A.
Nugent, George A., Colonel.
Nuttmann, Louis M., Colonel, infantry.
Oliver, Llewellyn W., Lieut. Colonel, cavalry.
Palmer, Bruce, Lieut. Colonel, cavalry.
Palmer, John McA., Colonel, infantry.
Parker, Francis L., Colonel, cavalry.
Patricks, Mason M., Colonel, C. of E.
Peck, Ernest D., Lieut. Colonel, C. of E.
Pershing, John J., General.
Pillow, Jerome G., Major, cavalry.
Read, George W., Major General.
Rees, Robert I., Lieut. Colonel, infantry.
Reynolds, Stephen C., Major, cavalry.
Rhea, James C., Lieut. Colonel, cavalry.
Rhodes, Charles D., Colonel, cavalry.
Rice, John H., Colonel, ordnance.
Richardson, Lorraine S., Colonel, infantry.
Richardson, Robert C., Major, cavalry.
Riggs, Kerr T., Major, cavalry.
Roberts, Charles D., Colonel, infantry.
Ross, Tenney, Colonel, infantry.
Russell, Edgar, Colonel, Signal Corps.
Russell, George M., Major, cavalry.
Shallenberger, Martin C., Major, infantry.
Shanks, David C., Major General.
Shatts, Samuel G., Lieut. Colonel, C. A.
Sherill, Clarence O., Lieut. Colonel, C. of E.
Shirley, M. A. W., Colonel, med. corps.
Short, Walter C., Major, infantry.
Simonds, George S., Lieut. Colonel, infantry.
Singleton, Asa L., Major, infantry.
Sirmis, Thomas H., Colonel, infantry.
Smith, Harry A., Colonel, infantry.
Smith, John F., Major, C.
Smith, William R., Brigadier General.
Smither, Henry C., Colonel, cavalry.
Snow, William J., Colonel, F. A.
Spalding, George R., Lieut. Colonel, C. of E.
Spaulding, Oliver L. Jr., Lieut. Colonel, F. A.
Spins, Marcellus G., Colonel, C. A.
Stanford, Alfred A., Colonel, F. A.
Steese, James G., Major, C. of E.
Stewart, March B., Colonel, infantry.
Stillwell, Joseph W., Major, infantry.
Stone, David L., Colonel, infantry.
Strong, George V., Major, S. J. A. G. D.
Sturgis, Samuel D., Brigadier General.
Summerall, Charles P., Major General.
Suppiee, H. Clay M., Lieut. Colonel, infantry.
Sweeny, Walter C., Lieut. Colonel, infantry.
Symmonds, Charles J., Colonel, cavalry.
Taylor, William W., Lieut. Colonel, infantry.
Terrell, John P., Major, C. A.
Thomas, John R., Lieut. Colonel, in-fantry.
Thompson, Charles F., Major, infantry.
Todd, Henry D. Jr., Brigadier General.
Tracy, Joseph P., Colonel, C. A.
Tuttle, Arnold D., Major, M. C.
Tyner, George P., Lieut. Colonel, cavalry.
Upton, La Roy S., Colonel, infantry.
Van Dam, Ralph H., Colonel, infantry.
Van Voorhis, Daniel, Lieutenant Colonel, cavalry.
Vestal, Samuel C., Colonel, C.A.
Wadhams, Sanford H., Lieutenant Colonel, medical corps.
Wainwright, Jonathan M., Major, cavalry.
Waldron, William H., Lieutenant Colonel, infantry.
Wallace, William S., Lieutenant Colonel, infantry.
Ward, Ralph T., Major, C. of E.
Watkins, Lewis H., Major, C. of E.
Weeks, Charles W., Lieutenant Colonel, infantry.
Weigel, William, Colonel, infantry.
Wells, Bryant H., Colonel, infantry.
Welsh, William E., Colonel, infantry.
Whitfield, Robert, Lieutenant Colonel, infantry.
White, Herbert H., Major, F.A.
Williams, Ezekiel J., Colonel, infantry.
Williams, Ezekel J., Colonel, infantry.
Williams, Richard H., Lieutenant Colonel, C.A.
Wilson, Walter K., Major, C.A.
Wilson, Wm. H., Lieutenant Colonel, C.A.
Winn, Frank L., Colonel, infantry.
Woltenmyer, Edmond, Colonel, infantry.
Wood, Leonard, Major General.
Woodruff, James A., Lieutenant Colonel, C. of E.
Wright, William M., Major General.
Wylie, Robert E., Colonel, C. A.
Youngberg, Gilbert A., Lieutenant Colonel, C. of E.

Officers of the National Guard and Officers' Reserve Corps and former officers of regular army:

Abbott, Gardner, civilian, formerly Major infantry emergency.
Aitken, Robert I., civilian, formerly Captain infantry emergency.
Alger, Frederick M., civilian, formerly Lieutenant Colonel F. A., emergency.
Anderson, John B., civilian, formerly Captain Q. M. C., N. G. Virginia and Lieutenant Colonel, Q. M. C.
Andrews, Avery D., civilian, formerly Brigadier General, emergency.
Andrews, Schofield, Lieutenant Colonel, infantry Reserve Corps.
Appleton, Francis R., Jr., Lieutenant Colonel, Infantry, Reserve Corps.
Atterbury, William W., civilian, formerly Brigadier General, emergency.
Ayers, Leonard P., Colonel, A. G. Reserve Corps.
Ayers, Milan V., civilian, formerly Major, U. S. A., emergency.
Baker, George M., civilian, formerly Captain, infantry, emergency.
Barber, Alvin B., civilian, formerly Major, C. of E. R. A., and Colonel, C. of E., emergency.
Bare, Walter E., Colonel, infantry, N. G. Alabama, and Colonel, infantry, Reserve Corps.
Barker, John H., civilian, formerly Major, Infantry, N. G. New York, and Major, A. G. D., emgency.
Barrow, David F., Lieut. Col., Quartermaster Reserve Corps.
Berkeley, Norbonne, civilian, formerly Major, F. A., emergency.
Bessen, Harlan, Captain, infantry, Reserve Corps.
Best, Fred C., Major, infantry, N. G. Wisconsin.
Blair, James A., civilian, formerly Colonel, U. S. A., emergency.
Boesch, Clarence E., Major, C. of E., Reserve Corps.
Bolles, Samuel L., Lieut. Col., Q. M. C., N. G. Washington.
Borden, Norman E., civilian, formerly Major, infantry, emergency.
Bradley, Francis W., Major, Infantry Reserve Corps.
Breckenridge, Henry, civilian, formerly Major, infantry, N. G. Maryland, and Lieut.-Colonel, infantry, emergency.
Bright, Graham B., Major, C. of E. Reserve Corps.
Brusy, Austin J., civilian, formerly Major, ordnance emergency.
Buchanan, Bertram C., Lieut. Colonel, Infantry Reserve Corps.
Burgess, W. Randolph, Major, A. G. Reserve Corps.
Burleigh, Theodore E., civilian, formerly Lieut. Colonel, infantry, emergency.
Bury, Frederick E., civilian, formerly Lieut. Colonel, infantry, emergency.
Butler, James E., Captain, Infantry Reserve Corps.
Buxton, G. Edward Jr., civilian, formerly Lieut. Colonel, infantry, emergency.
Binues, Curtis, civilian, formerly Captain, infantry, emergency.
Cabaniss, Jelks H., civilian, formerly Major, infantry, emergency.
Cadman, Paul F., Captain Field Artillery Reserve Corps.
Campbell, John W., Major Infantry Reserve Corps.
Canfield, Edward, civilian, formerly Captain C. A. C. R. A., and Lieutenant Colonel C. A. C., emergency.
Castle, Benjamin F., Lieutenant Colonel Air Service Reserve Corps.
Chaffee, Everitte V. John, Colonel Field Artillery Reserve Corps.
Chalfont, Ray K., Major Infantry Reserve Corps.
Chambers, Charles C., Lieutenant Colonel Infantry N. G. Ohio, and Lieutenant Colonel Infantry Reserve Corps.
Chapman, John C., Major Q. M. Reserve Corps.
Clemens, Paul B., civilian, formerly Captain infantry N. G. Wisconsin and Lieutenant Colonel, infantry, emergency.
Clement, Charles F., civilian, formerly Major cavalry N. G. Pennsylvania and Lieutenant Colonel, infantry, emergency.
Cochrun, James L., civilian, formerly Lieutenant Colonel, infantry, emergency.
Cole, Cyrus, civilian, formerly Brigadier General, emergency.
Cole, Howard S., civilian, formerly Major, infantry, emergency.
Comly, Charles, civilian, formerly Major, C. S. A., emergency.
Copp, Arthur W., civilian, fromerly Second Lieutenant infantry, R. A.; Captain, Infantry, N. G., Delaware, and Lieutenant Colonel, U. S., emergency.
Curtis, Louis Jr., civilian, formerly Captain field artillery, emergency.
Curtiss, William H., civilian, formerly Captain infantry, N. G. New York and Lieutenant Colonel infantry, emergency.
Cutchins, John A., civilian, formerly Captain cavalry, N. G., Virginia, and Lieutenant Colonel, Army Service Corps.
Dasher, Charles L., civilian, formerly Major, C. of E., emergency.
Davis, Abel, Colonel, Infantry Reserve Corps.
Davis, Dwight F., civilian, formerly Captain infantry, N. G., Missouri, and Lieutenant Colonel infantry, emergency.
Davis, George A., Major, Infantry Reserve Corps.
Davis, George G., Lieutenant Colonel, Infantry Reserve Corps.
Dawes, Charles G., civilian, formerly Brigadier General, emergency.
Day, Lee G., civilian, formerly Lieutenant Colonel, U. S. A., emergency.
Farley, John W., civilian, formerly Major, infantry emergency.
Fernbach, Oscar H., Major, Q. R. C.
Fish, Hamilton Jr., Major, N. G. N. Y.
Franchet, Charles P., civilian, formerly Lieutenant Colonel cavalry N. G., N. Y., and Major, cavalry emergency.
Freeman, Edward D., civilian, formerly Major, infantry emergency.
Freeman, George K., Lieut. Colonel, I. R. C.
French, Herbert W., civilian, formerly Captain, C. of E. emergency.
Frink, James L., Lieutenant Col., I. R. C.
Galbraith, Frederick W. Jr., civilian, formerly Colonel, infantry, N. G. Ohio, and Colonel, infantry emergency.
Gallup, Dana T., Captain, cavalry, N. G. Massachusetts.
Gentry, John W., Lieutenant Col., Q. R. C.
Gignilliat, Leigh R., Colonel, I. R. C.
Gill, Robert, Jr., civilian, formerly Captain, C. A. C., Maryland, and Lieutenant Col., C. A. C., emergency.
Glore, Charles F., civilian, formerly Major, infantry, emergency.
Goldsmith, Hal G., civilian formerly Major, infantry, emergency.
Goodman, John B. Jr., Major, infantry, Reserve Corps.
Goodrich, David M., civilian, formerly Lieut. Col., infantry, emergency.
Goodrich, Lewis E., Major, field artillery, Reserve Corps.
Gowenlock, Thomas R., Major, infantry, Reserve Corps.
Graves, Ludwick, Major, J. A. G. D., N. G. Missouri.
Greenlaw, Albert, civilian, formerly Captain N. G. Maine and Lieut. Col. infantry emergency.
Griffith, Halbert, civilian, formerly Captain infantry, N. G. Kentucky and Captain infantry emergency.
Hale, Richard K., civilian, formerly Lieut. Col. F. A., N. G. Massachusetts and Colonel F. A. emergency.
Hallett, Ralph H., Lieut. Col. J. A. G. Reserve Corps.
Halsey, Charles W., civilian, formerly Major Q. M. C. emergency.
Hanlen, John G. L., Major, infantry reserve corps.
Harry, Walter A., civilian, formerly Brigadier General, N. G., Georgia, and Brigadier General emergency.
Hayes, Wade H., civilian, formerly Captain infantry, N. G. N. Y., and Lieutenant Colonel infantry emergency.
Helms, Birch, Lieutenant Colonel, infantry reserve corps.
Henderson, Frank D., Major, infantry, N. G., Ohio.
Henrotin, Frederick F., civilian, formerly Major U. S. A. emergency.
Hill, Frederick T., Lieutenant Colonel Quartermasters' reserve corps.
Hines, Frank T., Brigadier General reserve corps.
Hoffman, Roy, Brigadier General infantry reserve corps.
Hogan, John P., civilian, formerly Lieutenant Colonel, C. of E. emergency.
Hornbeck, Stanley K., Major Quartermaster's reserve corps.
Horses, Hamilton R., Lieutenant Colonel infantry reserve corps.
Howard, Jack W., Major, infantry reserve corps.
Howard, James L., civilian, formerly Major, infantry N. G., Connecticut and Lieutenant Colonel infantry emergency.
Howe, Walter B., civilian, formerly Captain infantry emergency.
Hubbard, Samuel T. Jr., civilian, formerly Captain N. G. N. Y. and Major S. C. emergency.
Huger, Alfred, civilian, formerly Major Q. M. C. emergency.
Hughes, John C., civilian, formerly Major infantry emergency.
Hughes, William N., Jr., civilian, formerly Major infantry, R. A. and Colonel infantry emergency.
Huidekoper, Frederic L., civilian, formerly Lieut. Colonel A. G. D. emergency.
Hullihen, Walter, Major infantry reserve corps.
Hyde, George E., civilian, formerly Captain infantry emergency.
Jackman, Jerome, Major F. A. reserve corps.
Jervey, Huger W., civilian, formerly Major U. S. A. emergency.
Johnson, Archibald McL., civilian formerly Captain F. A., N. G. California and Major U. S. A., emergency.
Johnson, Carl B., civilian, formerly Major infantry emergency.
Johnson, Hugh S., civilian, formerly Major J. A. G. D. R. A. and Brigadier General emergency.
Johnston, John A., civilian, formerly Brigadier General emergency.
Jones, James S., civilian, formerly First Lieutenant, cavalry, R. A., and Colonel, A. G. D., emergency.
Joy, Benjamin, civilian, formerly Major, infantry, emergency.
Judah, Noble B. Jr., civilian, formerly Captain, F. A., N. G. Illinois, and Lieut. Col., F. A., emergency.
Kilpatrick, John R., civilian, formerly Second Lieutenant, cavalry, N. G. N. Y., and Colonel U. S. A., emergency.
Kistler, Erle C., civilian, formerly Major, infantry, emergency.
Kountze, William DeL., civilian, formerly Lieut. Col., infantry, emergency.
Kuhn, Richard P., civilian, formerly Major, infantry, emergency.
Kutnewsky, Walter R., Major, infantry, Reserve Corps.
Lakes, Arthur Jr., Major, A. G., Reserve Corps.
Lang, Sylvan, civilian, formerly Major, infantry, emergency.
Leach, George E., Colonel, F. A., N. G. Minnesota.
Lee, Lansing B., Major, infantry, Reserve Corps.
Lehman, Herbert H., civilian, formerly Colonel, U. S. A., emergency.
Lightner, George C., Major, C. of E., Reserve Corps.
Lindsley, Henry D., Colonel, A. G., Reserve Corps.
Loughridge, Paul, civilian, formerly Major, infantry, emergency.
Low, John C., civilian, formerly Lieutenant Colonel C. of E., emergency.
McConlogue, Ray B., civilian, formerly First Lieutenant infantry, National Guard Iowa, and Captain Field Artillery emergency.
McCormick, Robert R., Colonel, Field Artillery Reserve Corps.
McCullagh, Samuel, civilian, formerly Lieutenant Colonel Medical Corps emergency.
McNeese, Oswald W., Lieutenant Colonel Infantry Reserve Corps.
Mack, Harold L., Lieutenant Colonel Infantry Reserve Corps.
MacVeagh, Ewen C., Captain Field Artillery Reserve Corps.
Magroffin, Ralph Van D., Lieutenant Colonel Quartermaster's Reserve Corps.
Marks, Julian L., Major Quartermaster's Reserve Corps.
Marshall, Richard C. Jr., civilian, formerly Major C. A. C. R. A. and Brigadier General emergency.
Marston, Hunter S., Lieutenant Colonel A. G. Reserve Corps.
Martin, Edward, Colonel infantry, National Guard, Pennsylvania, and Colonel Infantry Reserve Corps.
Martin, Lawrence, civilian, formerly Major U. S. A. emergency.
Mather, Victor C., civilian, formerly Major Quartermaster's Corps, emergency.
Meehan, Thomas F., Lieutenant Colonel Infantry Reserve Corps.
Merrill, Charles E., civilian, formerly Major Infantry, emergency.
Miller, Otto, Lieutenant Colonel, Cavalry, N. G. Ohio.
Milliken, Eugene D., civilian, formerly Lieutenant Colonel U. S. A., emergency.
Mills, Ogden L., civilian, formerly Captain Signal Corps, emergency.
Montgomery, Robert L., civilian, formerly Colonel U. S. A., emergency.
Moore, Harriet Van D., civilian, formerly Major A. G. D., N. G., N. J., and Lieutenant Colonel, Infantry, emergency.
Morse, Charles H., civilian, formerly Captain Infantry, N. G., Massachusetts, and Major, F. A., emergency.
Mauthrop, John H., Lieutenant Colonel, A. S. S. Reserve Corps.
Murphy, Fred T., Colonel, Medical Reserve Corps.
Murphy, Grayson M. P., civilian, formerly Second Lieutenant Light Infantry, R. A., and Lieutenant Colonel Infantry, emergency.
Nelson, Carroll F. E., Major, Infantry Reserve Corps.
Nelson, David R., civilian, formerly Captain Infantry, N. G., Texas, and Major, Infantry, emergency.
Noland, Cuthbert P., civilian, formerly Major C. of E., emergency.
O'Connor, Joseph W., civilian, formerly First Lieutenant Infantry N. G. Massachusetts and Major infantry emergency.
Olmsted, Edward, Lieutenant Colonel N. G. N. Y.
Ord, Henry N, Major Cavalry Reserve Corps.
O'Ryan, John F., Major General N. G. N. Y.
Osgood, Charles G., Major F. A. Reserve Corps.
Otto, Henry S., civilian, formerly Major Q. M. C. emergency.
Page, John W., Major, Infantry Reserve Corps.
Palmer, Charles D., civilian, formerly Colonel infantry emergency.
Parsons, Herbert, Lieutenant Colonel Q. M. Reserve Corps.
Parsons, Leavitt C., Lieutenant Colonel Q. M. C., N. G. Massachusetts.
Pearson, Le Roy, Major, Q. M. C., N. G. Michigan.
Perkins, Grafton B., Lieutenant Colonel Q. M. Reserve Corps.
Perkins, James H., civilian, formerly Colonel infantry emergency.
Perry, Oliver S., Lieutenant Colonel Infantry Reserve Corps.
Peterson, Auguste R., civilian, formerly First Lieutenant infantry N. G. N. Y., and Captain infantry emergency.
Picard, Frank A., civilian, formerly Captain infantry emergency.
Pill, Samuel M., Major, C. of E. reserve corps.
Piessontini, Eugene S., civilian, formerly Major F. A. emergency.
Polk, Harry H., civilian, formerly Major infantry emergency.
Poole, John H., Colonel, C. of E. reserve corps.
Pope, Allan M., civilian, formerly Captain cavalry R. A. and Lieutenant Colonel F. A. emergency.
Pratt, Joseph H., Colonel, C. of E. reserve corps.
Presson, George McL., Colonel, A. G. D. N. G. Missouri.
Price, William G., Major General, N. G. Pennsylvania.
Profitt, Edward J. W., Lieutenant Col

Steel Corporation Excepted From Shut-Down Until After Jan. 1.

WAGE REDUCTIONS SPREAD

Labor Costs Being Readjusted From Ore Mines to the Finishing Mills.

Announcement of wage reductions, which promise to spread, and the closing of many plants for an indefinite period, mark a new and advanced stage in the liquidation process in iron and steel, according to The Iron Trade Review. It is estimated that fully 50 per cent. of the steel making and mill capacity of the country will be shut down until some time after Jan. 1.

In discussing the situation this publication says:

"The wage cuts of 20 to 25 per cent. posted by some Eastern independent mills and merchant blast furnaces and duplicated in part in the Wheeling district, some of which already are in effect, are expected to be followed in Pittsburgh and other territories on Jan. 1. Steel Corporation plants will be expected. The leading producer will not reduce at this time, in view of its favorable operating position. All indications, however, point to the beginning of a general readjustment of labor costs in the steel and iron industry which eventually will extend from the ore mines through the finishing mills.

"Starting this week, probably 50 per cent. of the country's steel making and mill capacity will be down until some time after Jan. 1. Eastern plate mills as a group are idle for the first time since 1915. In decided contrast to this situation, the Steel Corporation plants will be operating with slight interruption, as they are working against a heavy order book. At Pittsburgh they will be closed this week on Christmas Day only.

"The Carnegie Steel Company is operating this week at 95 per cent. of ingot capacity, with full output engaged for some months ahead. The Illinois Steel Company is on an 85 per cent. basis, while the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company last week ran at 94 per cent., the highest point in two years.

"The Iron Age says:

"'Definite announcements of wage reductions have been made at Johnstown and Coatesville, Pa.; Wheeling, W. Va., and Buffalo, generally about 20 per cent., with elimination of overtime. No reductions have been made at Chicago or at Youngstown thus far, but January will bring many announcements.

"The amount of new business coming to the books of the mills is underestimated in some current reports. Naturally, it is for early delivery, but so many consumers and dealers are running on small stocks that producers continue to hear from them. Such week to week buying is to be expected for some months. In the past mere week and tear has been counted good for a 60 per cent. mill operation.

"The whole scale of railroad buying, apart from rails, shows that the steel industry's expectations of what would come from increased freights were far too optimistic. In the cost reductions that are ahead iron and steel makers may be expected to move against the 40 per cent. increase in raw material freights and the added burdens of the mining system."

PONZI SENDS GREETINGS.

Tells Creditors in Christmas Letter to Be of Good Cheer.

BOSTON, Dec. 22.—Charles Ponzi today sent from Plymouth Jail a Christmas greeting to his thousands of creditors, bidding them be of good cheer. His letter, written on expensive paper, was engraved with the words "Charles Ponzi, Plymouth, Mass."

The one-time financial operator, who is serving a five-year sentence for using the mails to defraud, expressed hope that the miscarriage of his creditors' investments would not mar the spirit of the Christmas season, and asked them to look forward with him to the day when he would step from the jail a free man to aid them in recovering their losses. In closing he asked that if his Yuletide message found any response among them they send "a word of sympathy and encouragement" to his wife and mother.

Causes of the Fall in Prices.

Commenting on the situation in the financial and industrial markets, the Bulletin of the Swiss Bank Corporation of Zurich remarks that "the world-wide existing crisis does not proceed essentially from overproduction, for there are plenty of potential consumers; it is a consequence rather of the excessive dearness to which everything had been carried, including capital, a process which little by little widened the gulf between production and genuine consumption." It adds "the crisis of production and consumption, of the money market and the credit market, has been mainly from which convalescence will be long and trying. That convalescence will have the same phases as all previous recoveries from such overstrain on credit. Artificial measures and interventions by public authority with a view for quick cure will be absolutely ineffective."

Results in a Shipping Enterprise.

A sidelight on the changes in ocean traffic, ocean freight rates and profits of ocean shipping is shown by the Peninsular and Oriental Steamship Company's report for the fiscal year ended Sept. 30, which shows, after deduction for reserves and depreciation, a net result of £710,436, against £614,583 in the fiscal year 1918, £782,360 in 1918, £762,456 in 1917, £654,463 in 1916 and £494,180 in 1915.

Coolidge Gives Cup to Destroyer.

BOSTON, Dec. 22.—Governor Coolidge today presented to the signaling crew of the destroyer Graham a silver cup which he had offered to the destroyer of the United States Navy showing the greatest attainment in radio and visual signaling during the year. The Graham, which is now at Norfolk, was declared the winner by Captain N. E. Irwin of the battleship Oklahoma, who acted as judge.

Bank Activities in London.

During the present year up to the close of November, and in spite of the trade reaction and falling prices, checks cleared at the London Bankers' Clearing House are reported in London as having increased over the corresponding period in 1919 £10,294,675,000, or 40 per cent. The increase in 1919 over 1918 was £7,217,870,000, or 34½ per cent.

Evicted Miners Appeal.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., Dec. 22.—More than eighty striking miners who have been evicted from homes owned by coal companies in this region have appealed to the Circuit Court within the last two days. Forty-five were employed by the Howard Collieries Company and thirty-nine by the Williamson Coal and Coke Company, it was said. They were required to give bond in each case equalling a year's rent with interest. The total amount of the bonds was in excess of $30,000.

Final Accounting on Ryan Estate.

SUFFERN, Dec. 22.—Surrogate Mortimer B. Patterson of Rockland County entered a decree in New City today approving the final accounting of the executors of the estate of the late Mrs. Thomas Fortune Ryan. This ends the court proceedings except for nearly $200,000 to be held in trust for the children of the late Thomas F. Ryan Jr. Until the children are 30 years old the Central Union Trust Company will act as trustee.

Marks Is to Be Made at January Meeting.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 22.—In view of the agreement between the Hamburg-American Line and the American Harriman concern, it is interesting to note that at the extraordinary general meeting of the former to be held on Jan. 11 a proposal will be made to increase the capital by 100,000,000 marks in 6 per cent. preference shares.

In 1913 the capital of the company was raised by 30,000,000 marks to 180,000,000 marks. At the end of 1919 another 5,000,000 marks was issued, so that the capital of the company after the contemplated issue will be 285,000,000 marks.

One-fifth of the new issue will be exchanged for shares in the Hamburg-South America Line. Like other companies, the Hamburg-American Line makes arrangements in connection with the new issue which will prevent the capital from falling into the hands of interested foreign groups. The shares of both this line and the allied Hamburg-South America Line have been steadily rising lately, as it is believed that the coming issue marks the close of the period of marking time and the beginning of renewed activity.

At the meeting mentioned a proposal will also be made to increase the directorate from five to fifteen members. The greater part of the new issue will, it is reported from Hamburg, be devoted to acquiring or building ships.

THE NEW FRENCH LOAN.

Terms of the Recent Successful Subscription.

Paris dispatches of Sunday announcing that subscriptions to the new French International Loan exceeded 30,000,000,000 francs, of which 16,000,000,000 was in cash, call attention to the terms of the loan. The bonds bear 6 per cent. interest and are free of taxes. They are redeemable at the option of the Government on or after Jan. 1, 1931, but otherwise have no maturity date. On and after that date the French Government has the option of redeeming them at par or converting them into bonds bearing a lower rate of interest, but in case of such conversion or of any modification of the conditions under which they were issued, the holder is entitled to payment of cash at par.

In the announcement of the offer, early in October, it was stated that a French subscriber might make half his subscription to the new loan in French war bonds of 1915, 1916, 1917, 1919 or 1920, and either Treasury bonds or National Defense bonds would similarly be accepted; but payment of half of the subscription was required in cash. It was stated at the time of the October announcement that advance subscriptions of more than 2,000,000,000 francs had been received.

The last great public loan issue of the French Government was the 4 per cent. Liberation Loan of November, 1918, which was placed almost simultaneously with the signing of the armistice. The French Finance Minister at the close of that year announced that subscriptions to this loan at the issue price of 70.80 francs for a 100-franc bond had exceeded 30,000,000,000 francs. The three previous funded loans had realized, respectively, 15,000,000,000, 11,000,000,000 and 14,000,000,000 francs.

FRENCH CANCEL CONTRACTS

Propriety of Action, Due to Exchange, Is Questioned.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

PARIS, Dec. 22.—Maitre Le Grand, one of the most prominent lawyers in Paris, was interviewed today by a Tribune correspondent regarding the cancellation of American contracts by French business men because of the high rate of exchange.

"It is difficult to pass judgment as to the justice of cancellation without examining the cancellation clauses," he declared. "The 'act of God' clause, which was made use of only in exceptional cases before the war, has been much extended since. It is necessary for the best interests of production and distribution that this clause should be limited strictly to its proper use.

"I recently examined the coal situation and noted that numerous provisions for cancellation have been drafted by signers of contracts with American firms.

"The last contracts let to American coal interests, which were signed a few months ago, and in which the price agreed upon was from $29 to $30 a ton, cannot be executed now because the prices of American coal in European ports has slumped sharply. The Americans expected that the coal strike in England would leave a dangerous shortage in Europe and immediately began shipping in big quantities. Coal now in European ports is being sold at prices less than cost. On Dec. 17 coal sold at $12.85 a ton in French ports.

"Meanwhile the French consumption of coal has been sharply reduced through restrictions."

FIND AMERICAN A MURDERER.

London Inquest Places Blame in Kelly-Taylor Tragedy.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—A verdict of murder and suicide against George Augustus Kelly was returned today at the inquest held by the Westminster Coroner. Kelly, an American, who served in the British Air Force, shot a woman well known in London night life as Baba Taylor.

In the course of the inquest it developed that Kelly's mother lived at 70 Morningside Drive, New York. Another American witness in the case was Edward George Breen of Massachusetts. Like Kelly, he had served in the Royal Air Force, and they both stayed at Washington Inn, St. James's Square.

He spoke of Kelly's depression over Baba Taylor and his attempts to borrow money.

ASKS INSURANCE INJUNCTION

Revenue Agent Seeks to Keep Companies From Quitting Mississippi.

JACKSON, Miss., Dec. 22.—Stokes V. Robertson, State Revenue Agent, late today sued out a writ of injunction before Chancellor Striker, forbidding the 7 fire insurance companies doing business in this State, against whom he has suit for penalties under the Anti-Trust laws, from withdrawing from the State.

Weather in Grain and Cotton States.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 22.—Weather forecast: Ill.—3d Mo.—Snow flurries, much colder Thurs. Fri. fair, cold.

Wis.—Cloudy, colder Thurs. Fri., fair, cold.

Minn.—Fair Thurs. and probably Fri., colder Thurs.

Iowa.—Cloudy Thurs., snow flurries, colder in s. Fri., probably fair, cold.

N. Dak.—S. Dak.—Neb. and Kan.—Fair Thurs. and probably Fri., continued cold.

Mon.—Fair Thurs. Fri., unsettled, with snow in w.; not much change in temp.

Wyo.—Fair Thurs. and Fri., except snow in extreme n. w. Fri., not much change in temp.

N. C.—Clearing, colder Thurs., much colder at night. Fri., fair, much colder.

S. C.—Fair, much colder Thurs. and Thurs. night. Fri., fair, colder.

Ga.—Fair Thurs. and Fri., much colder Thurs. and Thurs. night.

Fla.—Generally fair, colder Thurs., much colder at night. Fri., fair, colder, probably freezing temp. Fri. morning in n.

Extreme N. W. Fla. and Ala.—Fair, much colder Thurs. Fri., fair.

Miss.—Fair, colder Thurs. Fri., fair.

Tenn. and Ky.—Generally fair, much colder Thurs. Fri., fair.

Ohio.—Light snow, much colder Thurs. Fri., generally fair, colder, except snow flurries near Lake Erie.

Ind.—Cloudy, much colder Thurs., snow flurries in n. Fri. fair, except snow flurries near Lake Michigan.

Lower Mich.—Snow, much colder Thurs. and Thurs. night. Fri., snow flurries, colder.

Upper Mich.—Snow and colder Thurs. Fri., cloudy, colder, probably snow in n. w.

Payment of 5 Per Cent. on Common Stock Starts Gossip Road Will Be Sold.

LINKED WITH THE D., L. & W.

One Report Says Line May Be Combined With Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh.

News received in Wall Street yesterday that directors of the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad (the Nickel Plate) had declared a dividend of 5 per cent. on the common stock brought forth the old rumor that this was preliminary to the absorption of the road by one of the larger carriers which needs a Chicago connection. At the same time attention was drawn to the fact that the road shows indicated earnings for the year sufficient to yield more than 7 per cent. on the common stock, traffic having increased steadily during the intensive campaign for speedy freight movement which started in July. The last dividend paid on the common stock was 3 per cent., in March, 1913.

For many years one of the chronic rumors of railroad mergers has linked Nickel Plate and Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, with the latter as the purchasing road. This, in many instances, has been traced to the fact that the former advertises a through passenger service between Chicago and New York, the Buffalo-to-New York connection being over the Lackawanna lines. This rumor has been denied many times, the most recent denial being made just before the segregation plan for D., L. & W. was announced.

But one guess yesterday seemed to have some merit. It was that a combination of the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh and Nickel Plate might be the outcome. This was stressed because a few weeks ago operating officials of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western made a careful inspection of B., R. & P. lines with officials of the latter road. No official confirmation was forthcoming of the immediate rumor that a merger was in prospect and none has been obtained since.

In the absence of definite news regarding the Nickel Plate dividend—one New York director did not receive a notice that a meeting was to be held in the West—it also was suggested that the declaration had been made to help strengthen the credit of the road.

O. P. and M. J. Van Sweringen, representing themselves and Cincinnati interests, bought control of the Nickel Plate from the New York Central in 1916 for $8,500,000. They paid $2,000,000 cash and gave ten notes for the remainder, the first of which falls due next July. Outstanding stock of the Nickel Plate is $13,989,600 common, $4,997,900 first preferred and $10,000,300 second preferred. Dividends of 5 per cent. were paid on the preferred this year.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Corps of Engineers.

Gillette, Capt. G. W., to 7th, Camp Jackson.

Following to Engineer School, Camp Humphreys, as student officers: Captains—Shattuck, A. B., Jr.; Marshall, J. C.; Agnew, P. A.; Neilson, A. M.; Moore, A. F. W.; Caffey, E. M. First Lts.—Griffiths, D. W.; Grove, L. R., Jr.; Butler, F. B.; Boatner, M. M., Jr.; Schilling, K. B.; Elleman, J. H.; Wanamaker, W. W.; Snow, B. C.; Bliss, J. S.; Trower, W. P.; Hahn, C. L.; Gilland, M. W.; Johnson, D. T.; Shrader, E. G.; Praeger, G.; Hennewav, N. L.; Sheridan, A. J.; Chadwick, B. F.; Jewell, C. D.; Twitty, J. J.; York, R. E.; Harding, C.; Hesp, W. V.; Bennett, W. C., Jr.; Cherpening, C. H.; Beaman, O. J.; Jarvey, F. F., Jr.; Walsh, C. E.; Dietrich, J. P.; Calaway, W. A.; Canan, H. V.; Beers, V. A.; Hughes, J. B.; Vidal, E. L.

Infantry.

Cronin, Maj. G. E., to 54th, Camp Grant.

Franklin, Maj. J. F., to 51st.

Brenier, Maj. C. E., 16th, Camp Sherman.

Wayne, 1st Lt. J. M., to 38th, Camp Pike.

Rupert, 1st Lt. L. L., to 64th, Camp Funston.

Medical Corp.

Marrow, Lt. Col. C. E., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.

Keyton, 1st Lt. J. A., from Germany to U. S.

Miscellaneous.

Smith, Lt. Col. C. S., Eng., will report to the Chief of Engs., Washington.

Stanford, Maj. L. H., to Ft. McPherson, at 4th Corps Area Sig Off., relieving Major W. B. Taylor.

Carmody, Maj. R. E., Cav., to Davenport High Schools, Iowa, as Prof. of Mil. Sci.

Enebos, Capt. E. T., F. A., to F. A. Basic School, Camp Knox.

Arthur, Capt. R. B., Ord. Dept., to Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.

Nelson, 1st Lt. E. H., Air Svce., to Dayton, Ohio.

Resignation.

Reynolds, 1st Lt. M., Air Svce.

Leaves.

Sampson, Maj. H. B., C.A.C., 10 days' ext.

Kelliher, Maj. J., F.A., 15 days.

Mallory, Capt. P. H., Q.M.C., 1 mo.

King, 1st Lt. A. E., Air Svce., 10 days.

Daniels, 1st Lt. E. M., Cav., 2 mos.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Kalbfus, Capt. E. C., to Nav. Oper., Navy Dept., Washington.

Wallace, Comdr. H. G. S., to command the Patapsco.

Heck, Lt. J. C., to Nav. Torp. Sta., Newport, R. I.

Johnson, Lt. J. W., to Hampton Rds.

Partello, Lt. M. C., to the R-8.

Marine Corps Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—These Marine Corps orders have been received:

Gamberg-Andresen, Col. C., to Mar. Barr., Mare Id.

Green, Maj. H. S., dismissed from the U. S. Mar. Corps.

Dyer, Maj. P. F.; Sheperd, Capt. L. C., to hdqrs., Mar. Corps, Wash'n.

Cunningham, Maj. A. A., to 2d Brig., Santo Domingo.

White, Capt. A. J., to U. S.

Smith, Capt. J. P.; Richal, 1st Lt. M. A., to Mar. Barr., Paris Id., S. C.

Dietrich, 1st Lt. C. R., transferred to inactive duty.

Lockburner, 1st Lt. J. D., to Mar. Barr., Phila.

Hollingsworthe 1st Lt. W. H., to the United States.

Estates Appraised.

KAPLAN, B. DAVID, (March 15, 1915). Total assets, $159,106—Real estate, $4,000; cash, $891; personal, $35,146; stocks and bonds, $870; interest in B. D. Kaplan & Co., woolen clippings, $116,500—net estate, $143,777. His wife, Anna, of 40 East 83d St., receives $35,197; sons and daughters, Samuel M. of Platt Grove, N. J., $18,197; Israel of 1,155 Park Av., Emanuel of Norwich, Conn., Albert A. and Monroe of 40 East 83d St., Rive K. Weinstein of 281 Central Park Av., Goldie K. Levy of Norwich, and Lenia K. Spitzer of 206 West 81st St., $14,197 each.

MUHLKER, Johanna, (April 20). Total assets, $120,656—Real estate, $30,000; cash, $7,441; personal, $75,725; stocks and bonds, $235—Net estate, $112,900. The estate goes to her sons and daughters and two grandchildren, as follows, the difference in the amounts being due to advances made to them—Arthur G. of 1,183 Park Av., $9,125; William H. of 54 Lyons Av., Newark, N. J., $14,385; A. Albert of San Francisco, $12,475; Henrietta Prluger of 235 West 121st St., $5,540; Emma C. Dressel of 2,240 Grand Boulevard, Hermine Deegen of 615 West 136th St., Edith Lawrence of New Britain, Conn., $14,385 each; granddaughters—Gertrude Pascoe of New Britain and Viola Hopkins of Hartford, $7,197 each.

SPENCER, JAMES H., (Sept. 27). Total assets, $184,903—Real estate, $7,213; cash, $380; personal, $100; stocks and bonds, $31,708; interest in Spencer Importing Co., $32,378; 3-5 interest in the estate of his brother, Winfield S., $87,984; additional assets, personal, not in New York, $5,253—Net estate, $149,221. His wife, Alice F., of 17 East 11th St., receives $74,610; son, Joseph W., of 28 Liberty St. and daughter, Estelle R., Rockwell of Westbrook, Conn., and Alice S. Lee of 17 East 11th St., $24,870 each.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
1:20	201 West End Av.; Ethel Olson.	Slight
2:00	Broadway and 117 St. (auto); James Gordon.	Slight
3:45	170 St. and Broadway (auto); H. B. Scott.	Not given
5:10	508 W. 133 St.; Robert Burns.	Slight
5:10	1,552 A. M. Av.; Anna Levy.	Slight
6:45	326 E. 48 St. (auto); S. Cohen.	Slight
8:20	1,081 Teller Av.; Emma Goldstein.	Slight
8:35	61 W. 91 St.; May Lyons.	Not given
9:30	391 E. 4 St.	Not given
P. M.		
12:10	274 7 St.; Philip Snyderman.	Not given
12:20	Front of 103 Allen St.; 2 Av. L.	Slight
1:25	23 E. 30 St.; G. & D. H. Investing Co.	Not given
2:15	658 11 Av.	Not given
3:25	129 E. 80 St.; Rinzel Biegger.	Slight
3:25	Av.; Montgomery & Stevens.	Slight
3:45	3,786 Broadway; H. Rosenberg.	Not given
4:10	325 Lexington Av.	Not given
4:45	213 Sullivan St.; Cordono Bros.	Not given
5:10	337 W. 77 St.; Martin Sayer.	Not given
6:10	382 E. 159 St.; J. Fiznn.	Not given
6:30	152 W. 19 St.; Melville Dress Co. and Arrow Necktie Co.	Not given
7:40	355 Bleecker St.; Tony Serra.	Not given
10:10	782 Washington St.; Grimes-O'Toole Co.	Not given
10:10	148 W. 4 St.; C. Van Acken.	Not given

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for stenographer and typewriter, Grade 2, will be received until 4 P. M. on Jan. 7. Candidates must be at least 16 years of age. The subjects and weights of the examination will be transcription 5, spelling 1, letter 2, citizenship 1. A qualifying physical test will be given. The usual salary on appointment is $960 a year.

United States.

The commission announces for Jan. 19 an examination for bookkeeper, urgent need of male eligibles, past their eighteenth birthday, in the Departmental Service, Washington, D. C., at $1,400 to $1,800 a year. Appointees may be allowed the increase granted by Congress of $20 a month. Competitors will be examined in spelling 10, computation 10, arithmetical operations 10, practical questions in bookkeeping 20, practical tests in bookkeeping 30. Classified employes who have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years are entitled to retirement with an annuity.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

COLT-STRATTON COMPANY, INC.
CERTIFIED COPY OF RESOLUTION OF THE STOCKHOLDERS TO CHANGE THE NAME OF THE CORPORATION TO STRATTON-BLISS COMPANY, INC.

We, the undersigned President and Secretary of COLT-STRATTON COMPANY, INC., do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of a resolution, and of the whole thereof, passed by the unanimous vote of the stockholders of said corporation, at a special meeting thereof held on December 22d, 1920, viz.:

"RESOLVED, That the name of the corporation be changed from the COLT-STRATTON COMPANY, INC., to STRATTON-BLISS COMPANY, INC."

Dated, New York City, N. Y., December 22, 1920.

HARRY L. STRATTON, President.
THEODORE H. BRIDGMAN, Secretary.
State of New York, City of New York, County of New York, ss.:

HARRY L. STRATTON and THEODORE H. BRIDGMAN, being both duly sworn, respectively each for himself, deposes and says, that he, the said HARRY L. STRATTON, is the President of, and he, the said THEODORE H. BRIDGMAN, is the Secretary of the Colt-Stratton Company, Inc.; that he has read the foregoing certificate and knows the contents thereof, and that the same is true to his own knowledge.

HARRY L. STRATTON, President.
THEODORE H. BRIDGMAN, Secretary.
Sworn to before me this day of December, 1920.

THERESA C. FISCHER,
Notary Public, New York County. New York County Clerk's No. 56, New York County Register's No. 2131. Certificate filed in King's Co., Clerk's No. 57, Register's No. 2099; Bronx Co., Clerk's No. 5, Register's No. 2222. Commission expires March 30, 1922.

State of New York, City of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 22d day of December, 1920, before me personally came HARRY L. STRATTON and THEODORE H. BRIDGMAN, to me known and known to me to be, respectively, President and Secretary of COLT-STRATTON COMPANY, INC., and to be the individuals who executed the foregoing instrument and they duly severally acknowledged that they executed the same.

THERESA C. FISCHER,
Notary Public, New York County. New York County Clerk's No. 56; New York County Register's No. 2131. Certificate filed in King's Co., Clerk's No. 57, Register's No. 2099; Bronx Co., Clerk's No. 5, Register's No. 2222. Commission expires March 30, 1922.

RECEIVER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS TO PRESENT CLAIMS.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, Eastern District of New York—MARY D. GOETTING, as Executrix under the Last Will and Testament of AUGUST H. GOETTING, Deceased, Complainant, against PHONO-MOTOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC., Defendant.

TO THE CREDITORS OF PHONO-MOTOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.:

Pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York duly made and entered herein on the 16th day of November, 1920, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all creditors of said Phono-Motor Manufacturing Company, Inc., a New York corporation having its offices at 235 Dean Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City and State of New York, to present statements in writing of their respective claims against said corporation, duly verified, to the undersigned, Henry A. Ingraham, as Receiver of said corporation, at his office, No. 177 Montague Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City and State of New York, on or before January 15th, 1921, under penalty of having their claims not so presented disallowed.

Dated, Brooklyn, N. Y., December 2, 1920.
HENRY A. INGRAHAM, Receiver.
AUSTIN, McLANAHAN & MERRITT, Attorneys for Receiver, 125 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CHARLES ROESSLER HEREBY GIVES notice that he has sold his hardware and paint supply business at 186 Ferry Street, Newark, N. J., to Jacob Stern. All creditors should present their bills for payment to Samuel M. Hollander, Counsellor at Law, 790 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED TUESDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Olympic	Southampton	Dec. 13
Caledonia	Antilla	Dec. 11
Olinda	Gibara	Dec. 15
Hampton	Stockholm	Nov. 24
Martha Washington	Rio Janeiro	Dec. 7
West Grama	Bluefields	Nov. 29
Palladio	Aarhus	Nov. 30
Edgemont	Southampton	Dec. 4
Lake Flanders	St. Thomas	Dec. 14
Tungus	Sanchez	Dec. 14
Frankstown	Para	Dec. 6

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Niagara	Havre	Dec. 11
Auburn	Hamburg	Dec. 11
Gen. Hodges	Colon	Dec. 15
Carrillo	Colon	Dec. 14
Panhandle State	London	Dec. 13

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Caracas	Curacao	Dec. 16
Fort Victoria	Bermuda	Dec. 22
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Dec. 21
Lorraine	Havre	Dec. 11

DUE SATURDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Kroonland	Antwerp	Dec. 16
Trelyon	Avonmouth	Dec. 10
Mar Cantribrico	Hamburg	Dec. 19

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Imperator	South'pton	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Great Britain, Ireland, Belgium.
Savoia	Havre	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	France, Italy, Switzerland.
Mandeville	Kingston	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Cuba, Jamaica.
Barenton	Haiti	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Curacao.
St. Michael	Para	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	North Brazil.
Panama	Haiti	12:00 M.	4:00 P.M.	Canal Zone.
Matura	Trinidad	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	West Indies.
Kelilina	Buenos Aires	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	South Brazil, Argentina.
Mopang	Varna	1:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Bulgaria, Rumania.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Baltic	Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Eastern City	Danzig	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Poland.
Teloa	Colon	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Central America, Cuba.
Escapa	Kingston	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Cuba, West Indies.
Meisonnier	Bnos Aires	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	South Brazil, Argentina.
Wacouta	Havana	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Mexico.
Ponce	San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Virgin Islands.
Siberian Prince	Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina.
Tuckanuck	Senegal	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	West Africa.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Mount Clay	Hamburg	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Germany, Austria, Hungary.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.	Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
C. of Shanghai, Manchester	Dec. 23	12:00 M.	Kandaria, Yokohama	Dec. 24	10:00 A.M.
Eastern Sea, Glasgow	Dec. 23	12:00 M.	Maine, London	Dec. 24	12:00 M.
Northumberland, Sydney	Dec. 24	12:00 M.	Steel Engineer, Algiers	Dec. 24	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Euclid	Buenos Aires	Dec. 16
Fluchurch	Barcelona	Dec. 16
Montana	Antwerp	Dec. 16
Ablanset	Lisbon	Dec. 13
Karena	Naples	Dec. 16
Roma	Marseilles	Dec. 17
Vindella	Glasgow	Dec. 21
Maryland	St. Michaels	Dec. 21
Lowlands	Hamburg	Dec. 20
Lorraine	Havre	Dec. 20
Eastern Pilot	Delagoa Bay	Dec. 19
Aeolus	Montevideo	Dec. 20
Santa Ana	Valparaiso	Dec. 20

SAILED.

Steamer.	From	Date.
Cambas	Naples	Dec. 11
Circinus	Naples	Dec. 11
Arizonan	Marseilles	Dec. 17
Karenga	Leith	Dec. 20
Las Palmas	Las Palmas	Dec. 16
Ansaldo I.	Genoa	Dec. 15
Abron	Gibraltar	Dec. 21
Galileo	Antwerp	Dec. 19
Havore	Havre	Dec. 19
Hutchinson	Plymouth	Dec. 18
Willpolo	Havre	Dec. 18

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 6 P. M. as follows:

Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand, via San Francisco	Ventura	Dec. 23
Japan, Korea, China (except Shanghai City) and Siberia, via Seattle	Hawaii Maru	Dec. 23
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Matsonia	Dec. 24
Japan, Korea, China and Siberia, via San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Dec. 24
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, French Indochina and Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra), and Philippine Islands via Seattle	Ixion	Dec. 26
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Niagara	Jan. 7

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Patten announces that mails of the following dates—Perth, Nov. 10; Auckland, Nov. 29, and Honolulu, Dec. 11—which arrived per steamer Tahiti, were dispatched east from Seattle on Dec. 20, and are due in New York on the afternoon of Friday, Dec. 24.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT. Southern District of New York.—AMOSKEAG MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Complainant, against HAUMAN CLOTHING CORPORATION, Defendant.—To all creditors of Bauman Clothing Corporation, Bauman Clothing Corporation and to all other persons interested in said estate,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to an order of this court, dated November 3, 1920, the undersigned receivers will on January 4, 1921, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of S. T. Leidesdorf & Co., 447 Fifth Avenue, New York City, receive sealed bids for the property and assets of the defendant described below:

Parcel 1.

The entire contents of the premises occupied by the defendant in the Myrick and Crane Buildings, Springfield, Mass., consisting of factory equipment, machinery and machinery parts, excepting about fifty-five pressing machines claimed by the U. S. Hoffman Machinery Co. under a certain conditional bill of sale; electrical and other equipment and pipe fittings and all other fittings; office furniture and equipment, excepting such fixtures as may be so affixed to the real estate as to be a part thereof.

This parcel also includes all the right, title and interest of the receivers and defendant in and to any leases or agreements held by or for the defendant relating to the use or occupation of the premises.

Parcel 2.

All factory equipment, machinery and machinery parts, excepting about fifty-five pressing machines claimed by the U. S. Hoffman Machinery Co. under a certain conditional bill of sale; electrical and other equipment, pipe fittings and all other fittings; office furniture and fixtures contained in the premises occupied by the defendant in the Crane Building, Springfield, Mass., excepting such fixtures as may be so affixed to the real estate as to be part thereof.

Parcel 3.

All factory equipment, machinery and machinery parts, excepting about fifty-five pressing machines, claimed by the U. S. Hoffman Machinery Co. under a certain conditional bill of sale; electrical equipment, pipe fittings and all other fittings; office furniture and fixtures contained in the premises occupied by the defendant in the Crane Building, Springfield, Mass., excepting such fixtures as may be so affixed to the real estate as to be part thereof.

Parcel 4.

All office furniture and fixtures contained in the premises occupied by the defendant in the Crane and Myrick Buildings, Springfield, Mass., excepting such fixtures as may be so affixed to the real estate as to be part thereof.

Parcel 5.

All the right, title and interest of the receivers and defendant in and to any leases or agreements held by or for the defendant relating to the use or occupation of the premises occupied by the defendant in the Crane and Myrick Buildings, Springfield, Mass.

No bids will be received except for one or more entire Parcels set forth as above.

The receivers reserve the right, subject to approval by the court, to award the property to bidders for Parcel 1, or to bidders for separate Parcels other than Parcel 1, in the event that the aggregate of the bids for Parcel bids exceeds the bids for Parcel 1.

All of the above property and assets are offered for sale without representation or warranty as to quality or condition and the allowance will be made to purchasers except for shortage for quantity as now contained in the said premises. Bidders are invited to make inspection of the same before submitting bids.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check to the order of the receivers for not less than twenty (20%) per cent of the amount thereof. The balance of the purchase price to be paid by successful bidders will be payable not later than five days from date of confirmation of sale.

All property purchased must be removed from the premises within five days from date of confirmation of sale and purchasers will be required to properly indemnify the receivers against any obligations incurred by or charged against them thereafter by reason of the continued use or occupation of the premises. Purchasers will also be required to effect their own insurance on all property purchased, to take effect within five days from date of confirmation of sale.

The receivers and the court reserve the right to reject any and all bids for any of the above assets offered for sale. All sales are subject to confirmation by the court. A hearing on confirmation will be held before Hon. Martin T. Manton, Circuit Judge, at Room 225, Post Office Building, New York City, on January 4, 1921, at 3 o'clock, at which time any party interested may make such objection to the confirmation of the sale or apply for such other relief as he may deem advisable.

Further particulars as to the above sale may be had on application to the offices of the receivers and their attorneys, or at the respective plants of the Bauman Clothing Corporation. The properties will be open to inspection by prospective bidders from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. daily until January 3, 1921.

Dated, New York, December 22, 1920.
SAMUEL D. LEIDESDORF,
JOHN B. JOHNSTON,
Receivers.
ALLEN R. MEMHARD, HENRY H. K



An Ideal gift for Christmas
—A well selected high grade bond

Send for our current list of offerings

The National City Company

Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: Fifth Ave. & 43d St.

Brooklyn Edison Co., Inc.

General Mortgage 7% Bonds

Series D, due Dec. 1, 1940

at the prevailing market price

to yield

7¼%

These bonds are the direct obligation of the Company which does all the Electric Light & Power business in the Borough of Brooklyn (except 29th Ward), City of New York, and are secured by a mortgage on all real or personal property subject only to approximately $12,000,000 underlying bonds.

Send for descriptive circular T-147

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston Philadelphia Albany
Buffalo Chicago San Francisco

W. F. Ladd & Co.

Investment Securities

New York

"European Financing in the United States."

Special circular D-88 sent on request

Merrill, Lynch & Co.
Investments
Commercial Paper
120 Broadway
New York
Members New York Stock Exchange

$100,000

MINN., ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE

1st Cons. 4s

Due July, 1938

To yield over 6.10%

Blodget & Co.
34 Pine St.
New York
Boston Chicago Philadelphia

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Uncertain Movement on Stock Exchange—New Declines as Well as Recoveries.

On most occasions in the longer past the immediate sequel to so extremely violent a decline as Tuesday's on the Stock Exchange would be either continuance of the decline at a still more rapid pace, or vigorous general recovery. Ordinarily the first result would occur when something was radically wrong with the credit situation, the second when it was learned overnight that the previous day's misgivings had been exaggerated. Yesterday's market pursued neither course. It recovered irregularly at the opening, and for a time nearly all stocks held firm at a moderate advance over Tuesday's closings; but resumption of active selling, very irregularly distributed, forced down prices again, sometimes violently, for many industrial shares. An equally illdistributed recovery toward the last left the day's net changes varying all the way between 4-point advances and 8-point declines. By actual count the gains and losses, after a total business almost as large as Tuesday's, were very nearly equal.

The suspension of a Stock Exchange house of long standing had no direct effect on the market; its difficulties were recognized as having apparently arisen from engagements in some of the stocks whose uncertain value and wild fluctuations have been one main cause of the recent occurrence on the market. Taken along with the action of stocks of that description in Tuesday's market, however, the incident suggested at least one reason for the much-remarked absence of confident buying, even on the severe declines. Investors with money in their hands and speculators who are free to buy have been reluctant to pay advancing prices so long as the chance existed that their bids might be utilized to "unload" the stocks which embarrassed speculators were carrying with the grudging assistance of their banks. There have been many such unlucky and ill-advised accounts, inherited from the reckless times of a year ago. The demoralization of the general market by their recurrent forced liquidation will probably end as soon as the better class of Stock Exchange securities have shown for themselves the evidence of genuine public support.

The noteworthy fact about the last week's commodity markets has been the unanimity with which decline in their prices has been ascribed to the condition of affairs in Wall Street. Illogical on its face as applied to staple values, such an influence exists wherever speculation prevails, it probably had a hand in yesterday's weakness on the grain markets and in the fall of cotton prices below the previous low level.

We are approaching the days when men of importance in the financial or industrial field are expected to give their forecasts of the coming year. Prediction of this sort will be of exceptional interest on this occasion, not only because pretty nearly all of the expert forecasts of a year ago shot wide of the mark, but because the existing position is confused and perplexing even beyond that of last December. As a preliminary contribution to the year-end prophecy, there is some interesting material in a statement by Mr. Ogden Armour, published yesterday. That liquidation and fall in prices of commodities have already gone so far that the process must for the present be somewhere near its end is no very venturesome prophecy; probably most people, even the pessimistically disposed, would subscribe to it.

But the prediction that resumption of purchases by the consuming public and a revival of business, when they come, will come "just as suddenly and just as irresistibly" as the consumers' strike and the trade reaction came, is a suggestion worth pondering; for it has been a marked characteristic of the entire after-war period that changes of direction in the economic movement occur with a suddenness not familiar in older days. The prediction is accompanied, however, by the suggestion that, since building materials and certain similar manufactured articles have not yet shared adequately in the economic readjustment, there will have to be further shrinkage in prices for such products.

Of the present position of the steel and iron industry, the mid-week trade reviews have little new to say. Perhaps the most interesting statement is the admission of the Iron Age that, apart from rails, "the whole scalp of railway buying shows that the steel industry's expectations of what would come from increased freights were far too optimistic." Even with rails, independent mills have ceased to ask a higher price than that which has been maintained for more than a year by the United States Steel Corporation. This has an obvious bearing on the recent talk of higher rail prices to be imposed by the corporation itself. But that intimation was from the first received with great skepticism.

MONEY.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 22.

Money on call on the Stock Exchange Wednesday obtained at 7 per cent. all day. In the time money market an increase in rates of from ½ to ¾ of 1 per cent. was quoted by the money brokers, over the prevailing rates since the opening of the week. On mixed collateral, all dates, the range was 7½ @ 7¾ per cent., and on all industrials, all dates, 7¾ @ 8 per cent., commercial paper discounted at 7¾ @ 8 per cent., extra choice-named paper going at the former rate. Bankers' acceptances enjoyed a brisk trade with quotations unchanged.

Call Loans.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Last	Tuesday's Last.
7	7	7	7	7

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days	7¼@7¾
4, 5 and 6 months	7¼@7¾
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	7¼@8
4, 5 and 6 months	7¼@8

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months	7¼@8
Other names, 3 to 6 months	8 @8

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days	6
Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days	6
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days	6

Open Market Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call	6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	6¼@6¾
Non-member and private bankers, all-gible, 60 to 90 days	6¼@6¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	6 @7½

London Market.

Money on the London market on Wednesday unchanged at 4¾ per cent.; short bills and three months' bills unchanged at 6¾ per cent. Gold bullion on the London market was unchanged at 115s 9d per fine ounce. Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Wednesday's exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $785,862,559; balances, $67,477,051; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $51,791,543; exchanges this day a year ago, $847,747,488.

Federal Reserve Rediscounts in 1920, Against $719,266,000 Last Year.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Nearly $3,000,000,000 worth of paper based on production and sales of farm products has been rediscounted by Federal Reserve banks this year, Governor Harding of the Federal Reserve Board, estimated in a special report sent today to Chairman Gronna of the Senate Agriculture Committee.

The amount of such rediscounts in 1919 was $719,266,000. Mr. Harding estimated.

The figures include eleven districts.

	1919.	1920.
Boston	$6,842,000	$34,579,000
Philadelphia	2,971,000	1,755,000
Cleveland	612,000	1,733,000
Richmond	102,000,000	221,000,000
Atlanta	91,300,000	230,000,000
Chicago	97,283,000	125,458,000
St. Louis	220,000,000	685,000,000
Minneapolis	75,000,000	238,000,000
Kansas City	122,453,000	229,423,000
Dallas	28,907,000	44,911,000
San Francisco	25,000,000	80,000,000

"The special figures furnished by the Federal Reserve banks in accordance with your request," said Governor Harding's letter, "are in all cases estimates, was a very small amount of farmers' paper rediscounted there. Figures from the other districts follow:

Farmers' Notes Not Rediscounted, Says Federal Reserve Board.

"It should be borne in mind also that the total amount of farmers' notes rediscounted by Federal Reserve banks gives no indication of the amounts advanced by the Federal Reserve banks to finance the production and sale of farm products, since large amounts advanced to member banks in other districts on commercial and industrial paper are used by these banks for loans to agricultural interests."

"This does not answer the information asked for by the committee," said Chairman Gronna. "The statement that I made in the Senate stands, namely, that the board does not know the amount of money loaned to farmers."

Shipping Board Regards Price for Bunker as Excessive.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—All bids received for furnishing a year's supply of bunker coal for American merchant ships at Atlantic and Gulf ports have been rejected, the Shipping Board announced today, as the prices ranging from $7 to $11.50 a ton, were regarded as excessive.

New bids for approximately 2,000,000 tons of bunker coal for delivery at Atlantic coast ports for a period of one year will be received and opened Jan. 14.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 22, 1920.

Day's Sales.	Tuesday.	Monday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1919.	Same Period 1918.	Same Period 1917.
1,420,526	1,598,802	908,268	584,973	Holiday.	217,368,163½	306,910,247	139,287,900	180,968,340

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
21	28⅞	500	Adams Express	25	25½	23	23½	−1⅝
14	15	700	Advance Rumely	14½	15	14	15	+ ½
40	42	900	Do pf	42½	42½	40	40	−3
25	25⅝	2,800	Ajax Rubber	25⅝	25⅝	24	25⅜	+ ⅜
⅝	¾	1,900	Alaska Gold Mines	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	− ⅛
¾	1	2,700	Alaska Juneau	¾	¾	¾	¾	...
45	45½	1,400	Allied C. & D. w. i	45½	45½	44½	45	−⅝
85	86	200	Do pf. w. i	85	85	84½	84½	−⅜
27	29	3,100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	27½	28	26½	28	+1
67	70	100	Do pf	70½	70½	70½	70½	−½
53½	53⅝	1,900	Am. Ag. Chemical	54¼	54⅜	53½	53½	−⅛
41	44	200	Amer. Banknote	43	43	43	43	...
33½	35	2,000	Am. Beet Sugar	33⅜	35	33⅜	33½	+ ⅜
48¼	48½	3,100	Am. Beach Mfg	48¼	49	45½	48	−1
...	41	200	Am. Brake S. & F	42	42	41	41	−4
22½	22⅝	3,100	American Can	22¼	23¼	22	22⅝	+ ⅛
74½	76	800	Do pf	75	76	75	75	+ ½
112½	113½	9,400	Am. Car & Fdy	115½	115½	111	113½	−2
106	107	100	Do pf	107	107	107	107	+ ⅜
16	16⅜	800	Am. Cotton Oil	15½	16	15½	15½	− ⅛
6⅝	6¾	2,900	Am. Drug. Synd	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6½	− ⅛
110	120	500	American Express	111	111	110½	110½	−2
5⅛	6	300	Am. Hide & Leath	5¼	5¾	5½	5¾	+ ⅜
35	35½	3,600	Do pf	35⅜	35⅝	35	35	+ ⅛
31⅜	31⅞	8,600	Am. International	31⅜	32½	30½	31⅜	+ ⅜
43¾	44	2,100	Am. Linseed	42	44	42	43½	+1¾
80	84	100	Do pf	80	80	80	80	−6
75½	76⅛	4,100	Am. Locomotive	75	76½	74¼	75⅝	+ ⅜
6¼	6⅝	7,300	Am. Safety Razor	6½	7	6¾	6¾	− ⅛
8¼	8⅝	4,200	Am. Ship & Com	8½	8¾	8	8⅜	− ⅛
33⅜	33⅞	8,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref	33½	34	32¾	32⅝	−1½
74	76	800	Do pf	74¼	75¼	74¼	74¼	−1½
27½	28¼	2,100	Am. Steel Found	27½	29	27½	27½	+ ¾
79	80	100	Do pf	79½	79½	79½	79½	...
85	85½	4,750	Am. Sugar Ref	83	85¾	82¾	85	+1⅜
98½	98¾	800	Do pf	98½	98¾	97½	98¾	+ ¾
66¾	67	2,500	Am. Sumatra Tob	65½	68	65¼	66½	+ ¾
94	95	3,100	Am. Tel. & Tel	94½	95	94¼	95	...
104½	107	6,400	Amer. Tobacco	106½	107⅞	104½	104¾	−2¼
102¼	103	5,500	Do, Class B	103¼	104	100⅜	102¾	−2¼
87	87	300	Do pf	87	87	87	87	+ ¾
87	92	100	Am. Wholesale pf	90	90	90	90	+ ¾
58	58¾	9,900	Am. Woolen	58¾	59¼	57	58¼	+ ¾
29	29¾	2,200	Am. Writing P. pf	29⅞	29⅞	29¾	29¾	− ¼
5⅝	6	1,500	Am. Zinc, L. & S	6¼	6¼	5⅞	6	− ⅛
28	30	600	Do pf	29½	29½	29	29	...
31¼	31⅝	18,800	Anaconda Copper	30½	31⅝	30	31⅛	+ ⅛
2¾	2⅞	400	Assets Realization	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2½	+ ⅛
17½	18	300	Asso. Dry Goods	18½	18¾	18	18	− ⅛
50½	55	100	Do 1st pf	50	50	50	50	− ½
85	87¼	300	Associated Oil	87	87	84	84	−4
78¼	79¾	6,300	A., T. & S. F	77	79¼	76¾	78¾	+1¼
73½	74	1,300	Do pf	74⅜	74⅞	73½	73½	− ⅞
4	4¼	100	Atl. Birm. & At	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	...
84	84½	700	Atlantic Coast Line	84½	84½	84	84	− ½
100⅝	100¾	14,700	Atl., Gulf & W. I	102	103¼	97⅛	100⅜	− ⅝
53½	56	200	Do pf	54	54	54	54	+ ½
104	105¼	200	Atlantic Ref. pf	104¼	104¼	104	104	+ ½
16¾	17⅛	500	Atlas Tack	17⅛	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞	− ⅛
...	6½	100	Atlantic Trust	6¼	6½	6½	6½	...
8	8½	7,100	Austin, Nichols	9	9	8½	8½	−1
...	62	100	Do pf	61	61	61	61	−1
80¾	80¾	32,300	Baldwin Loco	81¾	83¼	78	80¾	−1⅝
92	95	200	Do pf	92¼	92¾	92¼	92¾	+ ⅛
...	...	10,400	Baltimore & Ohio	30¾	31	30	30⅞	+ ⅛
...	...	500	Do pf	47	47	46¼	46¼	−1¼
35⅝	36	100	Barnsdall Class A	35	35	35	35	+ ⅛
35½	38	100	Barnsdall Class B	35	35	35	35	+5
20	23	200	Barnet Leather	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	−1⅝
...	...	100	Barrett Co	103	103	103	103	−5½
102	105	500	Do., con. cfs. of d	102⅝	103	102	102	− ⅛
⅞	1	800	Batopilas Mining	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	− ⅛
2½	2¾	300	Bethlehem Motors	2⅝	2⅝	2½	2½	...
47	48¾	200	Bethlehem Steel	48¾	49	48	48	+ ¼
50	50½	7,500	Beth. Steel Class B	49	51¼	49	50¾	+ ⅞
99¼	100	800	Beth. Steel 8% pf	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¼	+ ⅛
3½	3¾	400	Booth Fisheries	3½	3½	3½	3½	...
9¼	9⅝	1,300	Brooklyn R. T	9½	9½	9⅜	9½	...
6⅛	6½	1,000	Do., ctfs. of dep	6¼	6¼	6¼	6⅜	+ ⅛
48	49	500	Brook. Union Gas	48¾	49½	48	48	−1
4	4¼	100	Burns T. & R. Sec	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	+ ⅜
77	80½	500	Burns Brothers	78	78	77	77	...
3⅜	3⅞	6,800	Butte Copper & Z	4⅛	4⅛	3¾	3¾	− ⅜
8⅛	8⅝	2,400	Butte & Superior	8¾	8¾	8	8¼	− ⅛
10	10¼	800	Butterick Co	10	10½	10	10½	− ⅛
10	10½	1,500	Caddo Cen. O. & R	9⅞	10⅛	9¼	10	− ⅛
57¼	58	1,700	California Packing	57	58	57	57¾	+1⅜
24½	25½	5,700	Cal. Petroleum	25½	26⅞	24	24¾	− ⅜
66	67	200	Cal. Petroleum pf	66¾	66¾	66¼	66¼	− ¾
41⅝	42	400	Calumet & Arizona	40¾	42	40	42	+1
111½	112¼	9,500	Canadian Pacific	110¾	112	109⅜	112	+1½
5	6	500	Case (J. I.) Plow	6	6	5¾	5¾	−1⅛
71	75	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	79	79	79	79	+1
32¼	32⅝	3,500	Cen. Leather Co	31¾	32¾	31½	32⅝	+ ⅜
80	82½	200	Cen. Leather Co. pf	84	84	80¼	80¼	−2⅝
24½	25	4,400	Cerro de Pasco Cop	25⅜	25¾	24½	24½	−1¼
62	63	9,700	Chandler Motor	63	65	60	63	...
52⅞	53½	4,800	Ches. & Ohio	52	53⅝	51⅞	52½	+ ⅜
6½	8	400	Chicago & Alton	7	7	6¾	6¾	− ½
6	8	500	C. & E. I. eq. t. c	6½	7	6	7	+1
5	8	100	C. & E. I. eq. t c pf	5	5	5	5	...
7	7½	2,200	Chi. Great Western	7	7	6¾	7	+ ⅜
16	17	800	Chi. Great W. pf	15½	16½	15¼	16½	+1
23⅜	24	6,100	C., M. & St. P	23¾	24½	23	23⅝	+ ⅛
38⅜	39	3,200	C., M. & St. P. pf	38	39¼	38	38⅝	+ ⅛
62½	62¾	5,400	Chi. & Northwest	62	64	60	62½	+ ½
101	102	500	Chi. & Northw. pf	101	102	101	102	+2
59	60	1,100	Chi. Pneu. Tool	60	60	60	60	...
24	24¼	8,300	C., R. I. & P	22¼	25	22¼	24¼	+2¼
65	66	1,700	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	65¾	66	65	65½	+ ½
55¾	56	600	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	55¾	56½	55¾	56	+1
60	62	200	C., St. P., M. & O	61¾	61¾	61	61	−1
8¼	8½	5,700	Chile Copper	8¾	8¾	8¼	8⅝	− ⅛
16¾	16⅞	3,600	Chino Copper	16½	17⅛	16½	16⅞	+ ⅛
40	40	900	Cluett, Peabody	41¾	41¾	40¼	40¼	+ ¾
18⅝	19¼	2,000	Coca-Cola	19	19½	18½	18⅞	− ⅛
23¾	28½	700	Col. Fuel & Iron	22¾	23¾	22¾	23⅜	+1½
22½	25½	400	Col. & Southern	22½	23½	22½	22½	...
54¼	54½	2,900	Columbia G. & E	52⅞	54¼	52½	54¼	+1¼
9¾	9¾	7,700	Columbia Graphoph	9¾	10	9¾	9¾	+ ⅛
50	55	100	Columbia Graph. pf	50½	50½	50½	50½	+ ½
51	51¾	200	Consolidated Cigar	51½	53⅜	51½	53⅜	+ ⅞
73¼	75	2,600	Consolidated Gas	72½	73¼	72½	73¼	+1½
4½	5	1,600	Con. Int. Cal. Min	5	5	4½	4½	− ½
17½	18	1,300	Consol. Textile	18	18	17	17	−1
4¼	4⅝	5,800	Continental Candy	3⅝	4⅜	3¼	4¼	+ ⅛
64	64¼	7,900	Corn Products Ref	64	64¼	62	64	+ ¾
25⅜	25¾	4,200	Cosden & Co	25¼	26½	25¼	25½	+ ¾
78	78½	17,700	Crucible Steel	78	78½	74½	78½	+1⅝
81½	83	300	Crucible Steel pf	82	82	82	82	+ ½
17¼	17¾	1,800	Cuba Cane Sugar	16¾	17⅜	16¾	17¼	− ⅛
54¼	55½	4,400	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	56	56½	55	56	...
23¾	24	3,700	Cuban-Am. Sugar	22⅞	24	22¾	23¾	+ ⅞
93	96	1,000	Del. & Hudson	93	95¾	93	94	+ ¼
196	198	350	Del. Lack. & W	200	200	200	200	−10
⅞	1	100	Denver & Rio G	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	− ⅛
1½	1⅝	2,100	Denver & R. G. pf	1½	1½	1½	1½	− ⅛
9¾	10	1,000	Dome Mines	9⅞	10	9¾	9¾	− ⅛
3	3½	100	Duluth, S. S. & A	3	3	3	3	− ⅛
29	33	100	Durham Hosiery	32	32	32	32	+1½
80	85	100	Dunham Hos. pf	84	84	84	84	−2
14	14½	600	Elk Horn Coal	13½	14	13½	14	+ ⅛
...	8	100	Emerson Branting	6½	6½	6½	6½	...
50	51	2,200	Endicott-Johnson	50½	51	50	51	+ ⅜
85	85½	600	Endicott-John. pf	85½	85½	85	85¼	+ ⅛
11⅜	12	5,400	Erie	11⅜	12	11⅜	11⅞	+ ⅛
16⅜	17¼	2,200	Erie 1st pf	16½	17¼	16¼	17	+ ⅛
12¼	12½	400	Erie 2d pf	12	12½	12	12½	+ ⅛
43¼	44	3,100	Fam. Play.-Lasky	41¾	44	41	43½	+2⅝
68¼	70	800	Fam. Players pf	70	70	69	69¾	+ ¾
5	7	100	Fed. Min. & Smelt	5½	5½	5½	5¾	+ ⅛
22	23	500	Fed. Min. & S. pf	22	22½	22	22	+ ⅛
75	80	400	Fisher Body	80	80	78	78	−4½
10¼	10¾	3,600	Fisk Rubber	10¼	10⅝	10	10½	...
12⅜	12¾	1,600	Freeport-Texas	12⅞	13½	12½	12½	+ ⅜
2⅛	2¾	1,200	Gaston, Wms. & W	2	2½	2	2½	+ ⅛
37	37¾	9,300	Gen. Asphalt	36¾	38	35	36¾	+ ⅛
73½	79	300	Gen. Asphalt pf	75	76	75	76	+1
52½	53	500	General Cigar	51	52¼	51	51	...
80	81	100	Gen. Cigar deb. pf	81	81	81	81	...
117¾	117⅞	5,100	General Electric	117	117⅞	116⅜	117¼	+ ⅞
12⅜	12⅝	20,300	General Motors	12⅜	13¼	12⅜	12⅝	+ ⅛
86½	87	200	General Motors pf	87¾	87¾	87	87	+ ⅛
68½	69	1,400	G. Motors deb. 7%	69¾	69¾	69	69	− ⅛
59	59½	1,900	G. Motors 6% deb	59½	59½	58¾	59	− ⅛
28¾	28¾	5,100	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	27½	28½	27½	28¾	+ ⅛
70	72	500	Goodrich pf	71¾	71¾	70	70	−2
15¼	16	100	Granby Consol	15¾	15¾	15½	15½	+ ½
9	10	100	Grand & Davis	9	9	9	9	...
71¾	71¾	7,900	Gt. Northern pf	0	71¾	70¾	71¾	+ ¼
25½	25⅞	6,500	G.N.cts.for ore prop	25⅜	25⅝	25¼	25⅞	+ ⅛
16⅜	16⅝	800	Greene-Can. Cop	16⅜	16⅝	15	16	+ ⅛
11¼	11⅝	900	Guantanamo Sug	11¼	12	11¼	11⅞	+ ⅛
25⅜	26¼	1,300	Gulf States Steel	25⅜	26¼	25¼	25½	−1¼
8	8	800	Gulf, Mobile & N'or	8	8	8	8	...
19	19	300	Gulf, Mob. & N. pf	19	19	18½	18½	−1¼
51½	53½	1,700	Haskell & Barker	51½	53½	51½	53½	+1½
14¼	15	200	Hendee Mfg	14¼	14½	14¼	14¼	+ ⅛
48	55	200	Homestake Mining	49¼	49¼	49	49	+1
61½	62¾	6,000	Houston Oil	62¾	64	58¾	62¼	+1½
94	95	4,100	Hupp Motor Car	94½	96	94	95	+ ¼
18	19	100	Hydraulic Steel	19	19	19	19	−1
84½	86¼	1,800	Illinois Central	83¾	85	83⅞	85	+1½
5¾	5⅞	1,300	Indiahoma Ref	5¾	5⅞	5¾	5⅞	...
...	...	100	Indian Refining	14½	14½	14½	14½	− ⅜
29	29½	8,300	Inspiration Copper	29¼	29¾	28¾	29	...
3⅝	3¾	1,100	Interborough Con	3⅝	3¾	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
9¾	12¾	1,200	Do pf	9¾	10	9¾	9¾	+ ⅛
9	10	100	Int. Agricultural	10	10	10	10	+ ⅛
...	...	500	Do pf	42	44	42	44	+3¾
94¼	96	1,900	Int. Harvester, new	94¼	96	94	94¾	+ ¾
100	104	200	Do pf., new	103	103	103	103	+1
10⅜	11	2,900	Int. Mer. Marine	10¾	11	10¾	10⅞	− ⅛
47	47⅜	7,300	Do pf	47¾	48¾	46¾	46¾	− ⅜
29¼	30¾	400	Int. Motor Truck	29½	30¼	29½	29¾	+ ⅛
11⅜	11⅝	15,000	Internat. Nickel	11⅜	12⅜	11⅜	11⅞	+ ⅛
43	43¾	6,000	Internat. Paper	39¼	44	39¼	43¼	+4¼
69½	70	300	Do pf., stamped	70	70	70	70	+1½
19¼	20	3,500	Invincible Oil	20	20⅜	19	19	− ⅛
4	10	500	Iowa Central	5	5	5	5	− ⅛
27	28	500	Iron Products	28	29	28	28	−1
3	4¼	15,800	Island Oil & Trans	4	4¼	4	4¼	+ ⅛
3	4	200	Jewel Tea	3	3	3	3	...
13½	14	1,500	Jones Bros. Tea	13¾	14	13¾	14	...
16¼	16⅝	2,400	Kan. City Southern	15⅝	16½	15¾	16½	+ ⅛
41	43	500	Do pf	42	42	41¾	41¾	+ ⅜
58	60	100	K.C.,Ft. S. & M. pf	58	58	58	58	−3
29¼	29¾	2,800	Kelly-Spring. Tire	29	30	27	29¼	+ ¼
27	27⅝	400	Kelsey Wheel	27¾	28	27¾	28	+ ¼
78	80	100	Do pf	78	78	78	78	...

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
15	15¼	14,900	Kennecott Copper	15½	15⅝	14⅝	15	− ⅜
6⅜	6½	1,800	Keystone Tire & R	6⅜	6⅜	6¼	6½	+ ⅛
45⅜	46¼	2,000	Lackawanna Steel	45¼	47	45⅞	45⅞	+ ⅝
36	39	200	Laclede Gas	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	−2⅛
11½	12½	100	Lake Erie & West	20½	20½	20½	20½	−1
21¼	24	300	Do pf	23	23	23	23	...
15½	16	300	Lee Rubber & Tire	15¾	16	15¾	16	...
50¾	51	4,300	Lehigh Valley	49	51¼	49	51	+2
128	128½	200	Liggett & Myers	129	129	128¼	128¼	−1½
96	97	200	Do pf	96¾	96¾	95¾	96¾	+ ⅜
14¾	15	9,400	Loew's, Inc	14⅜	15¼	14⅜	14⅜	...
9¼	9⅝	1,300	Lorl., Incorporated	9¼	9⅝	9¼	9⅜	− ⅛
120½	121½	2,200	Lorill

January Reinvestment Suggestions

The end of the year: a time to analyze your list of investments closely. And a time to plan how best to reinvest the capital set free by maturing bonds.

We shall be glad to offer suggestions conforming to your needs.

SUTRO & KIMBLEY
Members New York Stock Exchange
66 Broadway
New York

Grain and Cotton

Readjustment of commodity values is of special interest at this time. Daily market letters sent upon request.

Correspondence Invited.

E. W. Wagner & Co.
Established 1887
Members { New York Stock Exchange / New York Cotton Exchange / Chicago Board of Trade
33 NEW STREET, NEW YORK
208 SO. LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO
Branches { 14 East 44th St. Mad. Av. & 42d St. / 26 Court St., Brooklyn

Nor. Pac.-Gt. Northern Joint 4%

Due July 1, 1921

(Chicago, Burlington & Quincy stock as collateral)

Selling to Yield

11%+-

Analysis upon application

BOND DEPARTMENT
Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co.
Members
New York Stock Exchange
165 Broadway, New York
BRANCHES
Hotel Belleclaire, B'way & 77th St.
Hotel Bretslin, B'way & 29th St.
3 East 44th St.

A municipal issue to yield 7.00%

$15,000

SanJacintoCo., Texas
7% Bridge Warrants
DUE 1922 TO 1938 INCLUSIVE

Price 99½ and Interest To Yield over 7.00%

Direct obligations of the entire county payable from a direct tax against all the taxable property in the county.

These warrants are ready for immediate delivery.

Write for Circular M.

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

Foreign Exchange

Closing Rates—

	Cable.	Chck.	Currency.	
England	$3.53⅜	$3.52⅞	$3.60	Sterling
France	5.92	5.91	6.20	Francs
Belgium	6.28	6.27	6.55	Francs
Italy	3.42½	3.41½	3.60	Lire
Germany	1.40	1.39	1.62	Marks
Switzerland	15.20	15.18	15.75	Francs
Spain	13.90	12.97	13.50	Pesetas
Greece	7.40	7.39	8.00	Drachmas
Roumania	1.97	1.89	1.85	Lei
Czecho-S.	1.18	1.17	1.40	Kronen
Yugo-Slav.	.80	.80	...	Kronen
Austria	.25	.24	.25	Kronen
Hungary	.19	.18	...	Kronen
Poland	.19	.18	.25	Marks
Russia	...	...	.75	Rubles

Call, Wire or Write for Rates.

MORTON LACHENBRUCH & CO
42 Broad Street, New York
Private Wires to CHICAGO-PHILADELPHIA-ST. LOUIS-PITTSBURGH-DETROIT-CLEVELAND-GRAND RAPIDS

LONDON, Dec. 22.—Old 2½ per cent. consols, 44⅛; British 5 per cent. war loan, 93⅛; 4½ per cent. war loan, 77, all unchanged.

Rand Mines, unchanged at 7⅜; De Beers Mining, ¼ point higher at 12⅞.

PARIS, Dec. 22.—Prices were very firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 14 centimes higher at 54 francs 95 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, unchanged at 85 francs 20 centimes.

Exchange on London, 31 centimes higher at 50 francs 70 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 14 francs 90½ centimes, against 16 francs 77 centimes yesterday.

CHICAGO, Dec. 22.—Cold storage stocks of meats and lard in the United States are down to thirteen days' supply. If all were available for immediate consumption, the Institute of American Meat Packers announced today. This is the lowest mark reached in several years. Nearly one-third of the supply is in the process of cure and therefore not available for immediate use, the Institute added.

During November the supply decreased 21,949,000 pounds, and on Dec. 1 the total of meats and lard in both cold storage plant and packing houses was 320,176,000 pounds.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 22, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$27,680,500	$32,597,250	Holiday.
Year to date	2,757,463,050	3,610,132,575	1,944,637,000

GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales ($1000).	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Changes Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
2,308	Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47	89.50	89.70	89.70	—.10	89.72	89.84	4.02
...	—Liberty 1st 4s, 1932-'47	...	...	...	...	84.60	85.00	...
12	—Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-'42	84.00	83.90	83.90	—.14	83.96	84.06	...
10	—Liberty 3d 4s, reg	82.00	82.00	82.00	...	...	...	...
621	—Liberty 1st conv. 4½s, 1932-'47	85.00	85.00	84.32	—.44	84.40	84.80	5.32
5	—Liberty 1st conv. 4½s, reg	84.50	84.50	84.50	—.10	...	...	...
9	—Liberty 2d conv. 4½s, 1932-'47	95.00	95.00	94.00	94.00	...	...	...
4,758	—Liberty 2d conv. 4½s, 1927-'42	83.90	83.90	83.50	83.64	—.06	83.62	83.70	5.18
2,454	—Liberty 2d conv. 4½s, 1927-'42, reg	84.50	84.50	84.10	84.20	+.20	84.20	84.30	5.36
5	—Liberty 3d conv. 4½s, reg	86.20	86.20	86.20	...	...	...	...	...
4,731	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38	84.12	83.98	84.08	+.06	84.04	84.08	5.40
41	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg	83.84	83.80	83.84	+.02	...	...	...
2,871	—Victory 4¾s, 1923	94.96	94.90	94.92	—.04	94.92	94.96	7.00
1	—Victory 4¾s, reg	94.76	94.76	94.76	—.12	...	...	...
1,782	—Victory 3¾s, 1922-'23	94.84	95.00	94.92	94.98	+.12	94.92	94.96	6.00

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S 4s, coup 10....104½; C of Bords 4s, temp ctfs 2....78; C of Berne 5s, temp ctfs 1....93½; C of Christiania5s,Kuhn, Loeb & Co ctf. 1....93½; Rep Cuba 5s of 1904 5....76¾; C of Copen5½s 1....78¾; C of Marsf 6s, temp ctfs 1....78; C of Paris 6s 13....91½; C of Zurich6s, rects 16....91½; 1....91½; 4....94½; 8....91½; 1....91½; 6....91½; C of Zurich6s, rects 4....94½; 3....94½; 10....94½; 2....94½; 2....94; Dom Rep 5s 10....72½; Dom of Can 5s, 1921 10....98⅝; 5½s, 1931 7....96½; 5s, 1926 10....89½; Jap Govt 4½s, ster loan 4....73½; 2d Series 1....73¼; 27....73½; 4s, ster loan 5....73¾; 16....73½; 4....55; KingBelg7½s, rcts 2....96; 4....93¾; 6s, 1925 5....80¾; KingItaly6½s 5....81; 4....81½; Rep Cuba 5s of 1904 5....76¾; 5....76; 2....76½; Rep Cuba 4½s 2....69½; U K Gt B & I 6½s, 1921 5....97⅝; 5....97⅞; 15....97⅝; 3....97⅞; 5....97⅛; 5½s, 1922 10....94½; 6½s, 1923 25....96; 50....88½; 1....88; 10....88½; 53....88; 61....87½; 50....87½; 5....87½; 6½s, 1937 46....82½; 15....82½; 10....82; 1....83; 11....82½; 1....82½; 40....82½; 5....82½; U S of Mex 4s 2....29½; 15....29½; U S of Mex 5s 10....29½; 2....29½; 5....29½; 10....29½; 15....29½; 5....29½; 10....29½; 5....29½; 10....29½; 5....29½; 10

We believe that the investor should today endeavor to secure the prevailing high rates of interest for a period of years by purchasing long-term bonds.
It may, however, even under present conditions, be good policy for him to keep a portion of his funds in Notes of early maturity purchasable to yield from

7%—10%

Recommendations on request

J.G.WHITE & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
37 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

Baltimore & Ohio

Southwestern Division

1st 3½s

Due July 1, 1925

Price to net

10.40%

BOND DEPARTMENT

Prince & Whitely
Established 1878
Members New York Stock Exchange
52 Broadway Tel. Broad 6323

A Utility

that during the past five years has put back into its property out of earnings over $25,000,000.

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company

Five Year 7% Convertible Gold Notes Maturing April 1st, 1925

Price 94½ & Interest To Yield About 8%

Ask for Circular 1-115

Chas. Wesley & Co
92 Cedar Street, New York
Telephone Rector 3801

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway, New York

Amer. Power & Lt. Co.
6%, due 1921
6%, due 2016
Com. & Pfd. Stocks

Phones Rector 9880-3, 9722-7, 6922-3
Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston

National Bank of Commerce

CLINTON GILBERT
2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4848 Rector

FOREIGN CURRENCY
Bought and Sold

Shuman & Seligmann
Members New York Stock Exchange
30 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 7270

SAO PAULO (Brazil) 5s, 1907
ST. PAUL 4s 1923 (European Loan)
CEN. PACIFIC 4s 1949 (Exr. Loan)
CHINESE REORGANIZATION 5s 1913
GERMAN BONDS (All Issues)
SARTORIUS, SMITH & LOEWI
Members New York Stock Exchange
20 Broad St. Phone Rector 8285

Mark A. Noble — Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. — New York
Chase Nat. Bk. — New Jersey Zinc
Equitable Trust — Curtiss Aero Pfd
Telephone 1111 Broad

Foster & Lounsbery Announce Suspension as Result of Big Drop in Prices.

ASSETS PUT AT $3,000,000

Acted as Brokers for Allan Ryan, but Say This Had Nothing to Do With Failure.

The suspension of the Stock Exchange firm of Foster & Lounsbery was announced shortly after the opening of the Exchange yesterday. This is the second Stock Exchange house to fail as a result of the heavy decline in stock market prices during the last few days, the previous instance being the suspension of Hollister, Lyon & Walton.

The firm of Foster & Lounsbery became a member of the Stock Exchange on July 1, 1901. It consists of J. Hegeman Foster, the floor member; S. Durell Lounsbery and W. Fraser Gibson. In the past this firm acted as brokers for Allan A. Ryan, but it was asserted yesterday that his difficulties had nothing to do with the suspension. In this particular the following statement was issued:

"Although we have long been brokers for Allan A. Ryan & Co., Mr. Ryan was in no way the cause of our suspension. His account was closed some time ago and was satisfactorily fixed up in every way."

Edward A. Cornell of the law firm of Davies, Auerbach & Cornell, counsel for Foster & Lounsbery, estimated the assets of the brokerage house at $3,000,000. He had no knowledge as to the liabilities. He said further that the bankruptcy proceeding was a friendly action instituted by Henry A. Cone, Edward H. Osborne and Manfred Neumogen, three creditors.

The firm's difficulties were generally ascribed to the failure of some large customers to make good on margins. Another report was to the effect that the firm had been manager of a pool in Texas Pacific Coal and Oil stock, the rapid decline in this issue having wrecked the pool. Still another report was to the effect that clients of the firm had been heavy traders in Vanadium Steel, a stock which has broken sharply in the last few days.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle...6	Oct 21,'22	96	98½		
Am. Chicle...6	Oct. 22, 25	90	95		7.75
Am. Chicle...6	Oct. 26,'27	87½	91½		7.85
Am. Cot. Oil..6	Sep. 2, '24	82	86		10.40
Am. T. & T...5	Oct., 1922	93¾	93⅞		9.40
Am. T. & T...6	Feb., 1924	91½	92		9.10
Am Th'd Co.6	Dec., 1928	92½	94½		8.80
Am. Tobacco..7	Nov., 1921	99½	100		7.00
Am. Tobacco..7	Nov., 1922	99½	100		7.00
Am. Tobacco..7	Nov., 1927	99¼	100		7.00
Anacon. Co...6	Jan., 1920	80	81		7.40
Anacon. Co...7	Jan., 1929	88	88½		9.00
A.-A. C., Ltd.7½	Apr., 1925	98½	99½		7.90
Arm. & Co. Co. 6	July 15,'20	94½	94⅝		9.00
Beth. St. Cor.7	July 15,'23	93½	94¼		9.00
Beth. St. Cor.7	July 15,'22	96½	97¼		9.00
Can. Pac. Ry.6	Mar. 2,'24	91	92		8.70
Col. Graph. Co. 8%	Aug., 1925	85	90		10.80
Cudahy Pack.7	July15,'23	93	95½		9.05
Fed. Sug. R...	Nov., 1924	89	92		9.00
Cent. Arg. R.6	Feb., 1927	75	78		11.10
C., R. I. & P.6	Feb., 1922	93½	95½		10.80
L. Ry. Co...6	July, 1923	89½	90½		7.50
The B.F.Goodrich Co. cv.7	Apr., 1925	81½	82½		12.70
Gulf Oil Corp.6	July, 1921	97	98		7.50
Gulf Oil Corp.6	July, 1922	94½	96¼		8.70
Gulf Oil Corp.6	July, 1925	84½	86		7.75
Hocking Val..8	Mar., 1924	89	91		9.00
Int. Rap. Tr..7	Sep., 1921	66½	67½		....
Kan. C. Ter..6	Nov., 1923	91	93		8.70
Kennecott C...7	Feb., 1930	88½	89½		8.75
Laclede Gas...	Jan., 1929	84½	87		9.35
Lg. & Myers.6	Dec., 1921	96½	97¼		8.80
N.C.C.&St.L.7	1930	100	105		8.60
Penn. Co. ...4½	June10,'21	98½	98¾		7.50
Phila. Co....6	Feb., 1922	91¾	92¾		14.00
Proc. & G....7	Mar., 1921	99½	100½		6.80
Proc. & G....7	Mar., 1922	99½	100		7.00
Proc. & G....7	Mar., 1923	99¼	100		7.00
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J. cv.7	Mar., 1922	86	87½		....
R.J. Fields, T.6	Aug., 1922	96	96¾		8.40
Sears, R.& C.7	Oct. 15,'21	96½	97		10.20
Sears, R.& C.7	Oct. 15,'22	93½	94		10.40
Sears, R.& C.7	Oct. 15,'23	92½	93½		9.80
Stnd. C. C.7	May 15,'25	80½	87½		11.60
Solvay & Co..8	Oct., 1927	97¾	98¼		8.40
Southern Ry..6	Mar., 1922	91¾	92½		11.60
S'west B. T..7	Apr., 1925	90	92		9.20
St.P.Un.Dep. guaran. 5½	Dec. 15,'23	93½	95		8.25
Stand. Oil Co. (Cal.)	Jan., 1931	99¾	99⅞		7.00
Swift & Co..8	Aug. 15,'21	97¾	97¾		8.00
Swift & Co...7	Oct. 15,'25	92¾	93¼		9.00
Utah Sec.Cor.6	Sep. 15,'22	78	80		....
West'n Elec Co. conv....6	Apr., 1925	96½	97		7.00

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due	Bid.	Asked.
Argent. (unlisted).5	Sept.,	1945	61½	62⅝
Belgian (Rentor'n).		1934	57½	58½
Bel. Prin. Ln..	2045		61½	64½
British Victory....	4	1960	256	258
British Fund.....	4	1960	235	243
Brit. Nat. W....		1925	340	360
Brit. Nat. W. L...	5	1927	334	344
Brit. Nat. W. L...		1920	343	353
Canada 6.....		3½ Dec., 1922	81	82
Canada.....		5½ Nov., 1923	79½	80½
French Gov. Vic...	5	1931	49¾	50½
French Loan, '17..	4	1943	39½	40¾
French Prem.....	5	Loan of '20	66¾	68¾
French Loan '20..	6	1931	67¾	69¾
Italy Treas.....	5	1923	34½	37½
Italy Treas.....	5	1925	32½	34½
Russia, ruble bds.	5½ Feb.,	1926	6	11
Russia	5½	1921	8	10
Sweden	6 June,	1939	77	78
Switzerland.....	5½	1929	78½	79½

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

Quoted on a Percentage Basis.

Name	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio.....	1920-'27	4½	5.75	6.75
Bethlehem Steel...	1920-'30	7	7.50	7.00
Buff., R. & Pitts..	1920-'33	4½@5-6	7.20	6.50
Canadian Pacific..	1920-'32	4½@6	7.50	6.40
Ches. & Ohio.....	1924-'25	6½	6.75	6.40
Chicago & N. W...	1920-'23	4½	7.00	6.40
Chi., R. I. & P....	1920-'27	4½@5	7.75	7.00
Chi., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	6.50	6.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	7.12	6.10
Delaware & Hud..	1922	4½	7.50	6.87
rie Railroad....	1919-'27	4½@5	8.00	7.00
Grace Steamship..	1920-'34	6	7.87	7.25
Illinois Central...	1920-'27	4½@5	7.10	6.40
Illinois Central...	1925-'35	5	6.85	6.40
Int. Prod. S'ship..	1920-'28	7	8.50	7.50
Louis. & Nash....	1920-'23	5	7.10	6.40
Michigan Central.	1920-'22	5 @6	7.00	6.40
Minn. & St. L....	1920-'27	5 @6	7.75	7.00
Mo., Kan. & T....	1920-'24	5	8.25	7.25
New York Cen....	1920-'22	4½@5	7.25	6.40
New York Cen....	1921-'35	7	7.12	6.40
Norf. & West....	1920-'24	4½	7.00	6.40
Northern Pacific..	1921-'39	7	7.15	6.40
N. Y. N. H. & H.	1920-'29	4½@5-6	8.25	7.25
Pac. Fruit Exp....	1923-'25	7	8.90	8.40
Pa. Gen., Freight.	1920-'23	4 @4½	7.00	6.37
Pitts. & L. Erie..	1921-'25	5	8.87	7.40
Reading Co.....	1920-'27	4½	7.10	6.40
Seaboard Air L..	1920-'27	4½@5-6	8.25	7.25
Sinclair Refining.	1920-'21	6	8.50	7.50
Southern Pacific..	1920-'25	4½	7.10	6.40
Southern Pacific..	1924-'35	7	6.87	6.40
Southern Ry.....	1920-'28	4½@5	7.62	6.62
Union Pacific	1924-'25	7	8.80	6.40
Virginian Ry....	1920-'30	6	7.50	6.75
White Oil Corp....	1920-'21	8	8.50	7.50

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	$5.00	$5.75	$5.50	$5.75
Quicksilver.....	50.00	....	50.00	....
Aluminium	23.00	25.00	23.00	25.00
Iron, No. 2X Silic....	38.00	....	39.00	....

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 13½c on the Metal Exchange.
London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot.....	73	10	0	73	10	0
Copper, futures.....	73	10	0	73	15	0
Tin, spot	302	0	0	305	0	0
Tin, futures	307	0	0	310	0	0
Spelter, spot	24	0	0	25	0	0
Spelter, futures.....	25	5	0	26	10	0
Lead, spot	21	15	0	22	10	0
Lead, futures.....	22	10	0	23	10	0

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Rights Expire.	Yester- day's Bid.	Ask.	Tues- day's Bid.
Corn Exch. Bank....	Feb. 3	42	44	42
Detroit Edison	Jan. 10	....	¼	....
General Electric	Jan. 20	3⅜	3½	3⅜
Home Insurance	Feb. 1	165	170	168
Lone Star Gas.....	Jan. 20	....	⅛	....
Mexican Eagle Oil.....		7	8	8
Nat. Park Bank.....	Feb. 3	70	73	70
Pacific Development..	Jan. 10	....	¼	....
Shaw (W. W.).....		15	18	16
So. N. E. Tel.....	Jan. 12	....	⅛	....
Southern Pacific	Mar.	21½	21⅝	22
Tidewater Oil	Jan. 15	154	160	158
Un. Zinc Smelt. Co..	Jan. 4	....	⅛	....

Cents Higher.

Exchange on European points showed an upward tendency throughout yesterday's market. In sterling particularly, rates opened at an advance and closed at the highest, with net gain of 1½ cents. There was a similar advance in rates on France, Holland, Spain, Italy, Belgium, Germany and Norway.

Exchange on Rumania was marked up from 1.14 cents per leu to 1.22, and on Poland and Greece the rate was a small fraction higher. Brazilian exchange declined from 14⅝ cents per milreis to 14. Exchange on Montreal closed at 84.5 cents per Canadian dollar, as against 84 Tuesday and 83.9 on Monday, when the year's lowest was touched.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 22, 1920.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Tuesday's Final.
LONDON	3.52⅝	3.52¼	3.52⅝	3.51¾
PARIS	5.52¼	5.50¾	5.52¼	5.50¾
ROME	3.43	3.40	3.43	3.41
AMSTERDAM.	41.25	41.25	41.25	41.25
BERLIN	1.39¼	1.39¼	1.39¼	1.40
MADRID	12.98	12.90	12.98	12.91

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Wednesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.			
Demand	3.52⅜	3.47⅞	3.81¾
Cables	3.53⅛	3.48⅝	3.82⅝
Com., 60 days.....	3.47½	3.42½	3.76
Com., 90 days.....	3.43½	3.40½	3.74
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	5.52¼	5.50¼	9.45
Cables	5.48	5.50	9.46
ITALY—Par, 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.43	3.43	7.67
Cables	3.44	3.49	7.68
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.25	6.50	9.71
Cables	6.26	6.21	9.72
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.39¼	1.35½	2.09
Cables	1.40	1.36	2.10
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.26	.26	.76
Cables	.27	.27	.72
CZECHOSLOVAKIA — Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.16	1.14	1.95
Cables	1.17	1.16	2.00
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.10	15.00	18.85
Cables	15.15	15.05	19.00
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	31.25	30.90	37.80
Cables	31.375	31.00	37.625
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per krone.			
Demand	.20	.19	....
Cables	.21	.21	....
JUGO-SLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.73	.72	1.05
Cables	.74	.74	1.10
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.05	14.70	20.50
Cables	15.10	14.75	20.65
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	.18	.17	1.20
Cables	.18½	.17¾	1.22
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Demand	1.22	1.22	3.20
Cables	1.23	1.23	3.25
SERBIA: Belgrade—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	2.80	2.90	4.80
Cables	2.94	2.93	4.85
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	12.06	12.05	19.40
Cables	12.56	12.07	19.45
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	19.75	19.60	21.50
Cables	19.80	19.65	21.65
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	15.22	15.39	18.05
Cables	15.27	15.42	18.11

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.			
Hongkong, demand..	56.25	56.00	86.00
Hongkong, cables....	56.35	56.10	86.50
Peking, demand....	79.00	80.50	180.00
Shanghai, demand..	72.50	74.00	168.50
Shanghai, cables....	73.00	74.50	169.00
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	26.00	26.00	46.00
Cables	26.50	26.50	46.50
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS — Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.			
Demand	45.25	45.50	49.00
Cables	45.50	46.00	49.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	32.50	31.50	....
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	48.75	49.875	50.25
Cables	48.875	50.00	50.50

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44c per Arg. paper dol.			
Demand	34.25	34.875	43.125
Cables	34.375	35.00	43.25
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.			
Demand	14.00	15.25	27.75
Cables	14.125	15.375	27.975

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100c per Canadian dollar.			
Demand	84.5	85.2	92.9

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par 51.40 cents per ruble:

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, par ruble...	.65	.75
500 ruble notes, par ruble...	.57	.65

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES?

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
City of Berne 8s.....	92	96½
City of Christiania 8s.....	93½	94
City of Zurich 8s.....	93	94½
Argentine 5s	99¾	64½
Belgium 6s, 1921.....	86¾	85⅞
Belgium 6s, 1925.....	94½	95½
Belgium 7½s	99	99
Dom. of Canada, 5s, 1921.....	98¾	99
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921.....	98¾	99¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926.....	86¾	86¾
Dom. of Canada 4½s, 1925.....	87¾	87½
Dom. of Canada 4½s, 1936.....	80	80¾
Chinese Government 5s.....	39	39½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944....	70¾	70¾
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949....	70	70
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949..	60½	61½
Dominican Republic 5s.....	72½	73½
City of Lyons 6s.....	77	80
City of Marseilles 6s.....	77	80½
City of Bordeaux 6s.....	77	81½
City of Copenhagen 5½s.....	72	73
French Government 8s.....	107½	100
City of Paris 6s.....	91½	92
Government of Switzerland 8s....	101½	102
Japanese 4½s	75½	76
Japanese 4½s, second series.....	75½	76
Japanese 4s	53½	55½
City of Tokio 5s.....	47	49½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921.	97½	97⅝
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922.	94½	94⅝
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1929.	87½	87⅝
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937.	82½	83
United States of Mexico 6s.....	37	38½
United States of Mexico 4s.....	28¼	29½
Italy 6½s	80	81

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
4s, c, 1925.....	105	....
Pan 3s, r. 1961	89	....
Pan 3s, c. 1961		90
P I 4s, '25.	81½	90
P I 4s, '35.	81¾	90

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Alb & Sus.120	140	
A A Cables	90	98
All Realty.	70	....
Am S 1st pf.	94	....
Am Ag Ch pf.	76	80
Am Bk N	41	43
Am Bt Sug pf.		80
Am C. & F. Fdy pf..	83¾	85
Am Cot Oil pf.	85	80
Am Ice.....	27	28
Do pf....	45	55
Am La F. Fire Eng.	9¼	10
Am Lc pf.	99	100
Am Re d.	64½	66½
Am Shipb.	..	80
Do pf....	..	80
Am Sm pf.	60	70
Am Snuff..	91	100
Do pf....	75	82
Am S Tob pf.	75½	81
Am T & C.	47	53
Am Wl pf.	88¼	92
Ann Arbor.	12	15
Do pf.	20½	25
Asso D G 2d pf....	26	28
Atl Ref..	960	980
Auto Sales.	2⅞	3
Do pf....	9½	20
Bald L pf	60	70
Do pf c..	85	102
Bch Crft.	20	..
Beth S 7% pf.	88	93
Booth Fish pf.	16	26
B'klyn Ed.	80	90
Brown Sh..	35	38
Do pf....	..	81
B. R & P.	50	85
Do pf....	85	105
Buff & S.	72	..
Do pf....	..	94½
Burns Bros pf.	98	105
Bush Ter..	..	85
Can So.....	40	..
C R R of N J.....	170	190
C'tain-teed	37	..
Do 1st pf	78¾	..
Do 2d pf.	65	75
C, B & Q.100	..	..
C & A pf..	8	15
Chi, St P, M & Om pf.	55	95
Ch, C. C & St L.....	55	58
Do pf....	55½	55⅞
C & S 1st pf.	47	54
Do 2d pf.	40	50
Comp T R.	75	125
Coni Can..	50½	52
Do pf....	99½	100
Cont Ins...	84	90
Corn P R pf.	93	100
Crex Carp.	..	50
C-Am Sug pf.	92	95
Dav Chem..	25	28
De B M...	16	18½
D & Co pf.	80	90
Det Ed....	90	95
Det U Ry....	79	80
D S S & A pf.	4	7
Elk H Coal pf.	25	35
Em B pf..	20	60
E Kodak..	490	500
Do pf....	100	105
Erie & P.	45	65
Fairbanks.	48	48
Fisher Bdy pf	97	100
G A T C..	45	49
Gen Ch c..	110	120
Do pf....	82	89
Gen Cig pf.	86½	88
Hall-r Elec	11	15
Hartman...	68½	69
H (C I L..	56½	60
Int Mot Tr 1st pf...	68	71
Do 2d pf.	52	58
Int N pf..	92	95
Int Pa pf.	85	105
Int Salt....	36½	..
Jewel Tea pf.	7½	8½
Keyser (J)	70	75
Do 1st pf	100	120
Kelly Sp T pf.	70	73
Do 8% pf	75	85
K & D M.	4	10
Do pf....	20	..
Kress(S H) ..	90	95
L Asph. B.	120	134
L-W Biscu.	23	30
Do 1st pf	93½	99
Do 2d pf.	99	105
Mah Coal.	350	700
Mc n Rch..	¾	2
Man El S....	..	35½
Man R pf..	..	95
Mav M 1st pf.	4	7
Do 2d pf.	3½	4½
M Den Sts.	67½	70
Do pf....	95	96½
Mich Cent.	90	..
M. St P & S S M...	63	67½
Do pf....	85	95
Mor & Es.	60	..
Mullins B pf.	75½	..
N. C & St L	97	107
Nat En pf.	86	90
Nat Ld pf.	100¼	102
Nat Ly's of M 1st pf.	7	14
N Y. C & St L 1st pf.	..	68
Do 2d pf.	59	65
N. Y., L & West	81	88
N & W pf.	64½	66½
Ohio P S.	43	50
Otis El pf....	..	87
Pac Coast.	18	30
Do 1st pf	60	100
Do 2d pf.	45	60
Pac Mail....	..	15
P U & Tel.	37	40⅝
Peo & E....	9	12½
Pere M pf.	30	40
Pet-Mull...	34½	37
Do 1st pf	..	98
P Jones pf	65	73
P, Y & A pf.	75	121
Pitts C pf.	84	85
P, Ft W & C pf.....	113	120
Pitts S pf. ..	..	85
P & W Va. pf.	68	76
P S, N J....	..	90
R R Sec, 1 C stk c.	48	55
Ry Sd Spr pf.	101	102
R T 1st pf...	..	83
Do 2d pf...	..	83
Rens & S..	88	..
Rep I & S pf.	82	85
R Refg....	6	10
Do 1st pf ..	..	61
St L S F pf.	27	32
So P R S pf.	..	100
Stern R pf.	..	94½
Stand Mill.	99	110
Sup Stl 1st pf.	65	97½
T P L Tr.	200	300
Third Av...	10	12
T St L & W ctfs...	7	10
T C R T..	36½	37
Do pf....	..	86
U Cig Sts.	126	150
Do pf....	98½	105
U S Ind A pf.	91	95
Coke	93	95
Va Ry & P ..	..	45
W Sc & M 1st pf....	50	50½
W'wire Stl	15	21
Wilson pf..	75	78
Wis Cent.	31	34
W'w'th pf.	102	105
Wor Pump pf. A....	73	76
Do pf. B.	53½	56

Exempt from All Federal Income Taxes

$375,000

Kansas City, Missouri

5% Water Works Bonds

Dated January 1, 1919 Due January 1, 1939

Coupon bonds, $1,000 denomination. Principal and semi-annual interest January 1st and July 1st payable in New York City.

Legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut and other Eastern States

Net bonded debt of Kansas City is less than 2¼% of the assessed valuation.
Population 1920 census 324,410

These bonds constitute a direct obligation of the entire city and are payable from an unlimited ad valorem tax against all taxable property therein and are issued for water works purposes.

Legality approved by John C. Thomson, Attorney, New York City.

Price to Yield 5.10%

William R. Compton Company
Investment Bonds
14 Wall Street, New York
St. Louis — Chicago
Cincinnati — New Orleans

The above statements were obtained from official reports and other sources, which we consider reliable.

General Asphalt Company

8% Ten Year Sinking Fund Convertible Gold Bonds

Dated December 1, 1920 **Due December 1, 1930**

Principal and interest payable at the office of Bankers Trust Co., New York City. Interest payable June 1 and December 1. Coupon bonds in $1000 and $100 denominations, with privilege of registration of principal. Redeemable at the option of the Company on any interest date on 30 days' published notice in amounts of $500,000 or multiples thereof, at 105 on or before December 1, 1926; at 104 on or before December 1, 1927; at 103 on or before December 1, 1928; at 102 on or before December 1, 1929, and at 101 thereafter prior to maturity, with accrued interest in each case; callable for Sinking Fund purposes at the same dates and prices.

Bankers Trust Company, New York, Trustee

The bonds are convertible at the option of the holder at any time after January 1, 1923, into common stock of the Company, par for par. If bonds are called, either at the option of the Company or for Sinking Fund purposes, conversion may be made up to and including redemption date.

The Company agrees to pay the normal Federal Income Tax not to exceed 2% per annum, and to reimburse holders resident in Pennsylvania for the four mills tax assessed in that State, and paid by them, upon request to the Trustee within 60 days after payment.

From his letter to us dated December 17, Mr. Arthur W. Sewall, President of the Company, summarizes as follows:

BUSINESS: The General Asphalt Company, through its subsidiary companies, is engaged in the production and sale of asphalt and oil, and the manufacture of a wide range of their products. Its diversified production gives it a dependable earning power throughout the year and has developed allied industries which are already established and capable of great future growth.

PROPERTY: The property includes valuable rights to deposits of asphalt in Trinidad and Venezuela and under United States patents in the State of Utah; also a well equipped railroad of 68 miles, owned and operated in connection with the Utah property. The refineries and manufacturing plants are being expanded to care for the increasingly diversified character of the Company's business. The oil interests, including association with the Royal Dutch-Shell Group in the ownership of petroleum rights on 312,500 acres of land in Venezuela, are considered a valuable asset.

BOND ISSUE: This $4,000,000 issue of bonds is a direct obligation of the Company, which itself has no mortgage debt. No mortgage, by either the Company or its controlled subsidiaries, upon their respective real estate, plants or physical properties will be created while any of this issue is outstanding, but property may be acquired subject to existing mortgage or purchase money mortgage not to exceed 75% of fair value of property acquired. It is intended to apply the proceeds of this issue to the payment of notes payable,

Reasons Why

Arkansas Valley Railway, Light & Power Company

11 Year 7½% Bonds

are prime investments will be sent on request for circular NT-62.

H.M.Byllesby & Co.
Incorporated
111 Broadway New York
Chicago · Providence · Boston

Long Term Bonds

offer an opportunity to obtain a liberal income for many years. Well secured, seasoned and readily marketable issues are available to yield:

6.50% to 8%

Ask for Circular T

Investment Department
LYMAN D. SMITH & Co.
Members N.Y. Stock Exchange
34 Pine St. Tel. John 4100
Branch Office
527 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 5700



Tobacco Products Scrip

Redeemable in cash August and November, 1922.
The Company has no funded debt, nor any other public obligations senior to this issue.
Total outstanding $546,000.
Bears 8% Interest.

Now obtainable at a price to yield approximately

14%.

BRISTOL & BAUER
80 BROADWAY NEW YORK
Phone Rector 4594

W. W. Lanahan & Co.
Investment Securities
Members { New York Stock Exchange. Baltimore Stock Exchange.
Calvert Building, Baltimore.
Telephone St. Paul 5778

WHEN IN DOUBT BUY
U. S. Government Bonds
C. F. CHILDS & Co.
Specialists

I. M. TAYLOR & CO.
Incorporated
FOREIGN GOV'T BONDS
7 Wall Street, New York
New York Boston Cincinnati

HARTSHORNE, FALES & CO.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
71 BROADWAY
Telephone 7810 Bowling Green

Bankers Trust Co.
National Park Bank Rts.
Atlas and DuPont Warrants
McCLURE, JONES & REED
Members New York Stock Exchange
25 Broadway Phone 3311 Rector

Special Article on
PENNSYLVANIA 4s, 1948
Shonnard, Mills & Co
Members N.Y. Stock Exchange
120 Broadway, N.Y.

Will Have Capital of $10,000,000; Undivided Profits and Surplus $20,000,000.

BUCKNER BOARD CHAIRMAN

Otto T. Bannard to Head Advisory Committee—Gibson Will Be President.

The New York Trust Company and the Liberty National Bank are preparing to merge under the official title of the former, according to a statement issued on behalf of the Presidents of the two institutions, Mortimer N. Buckner and Harvey D. Gibson. The plan for the merger still is in a tentative state and it may be a month or two before actual consummation is arranged.

The merged bank, if the plan become operative, will have a capital of $10,000,000, and undivided profits and surplus of nearly $20,000,000. Mr. Buckner, now President of the New York Trust Company, will become Chairman of the board, succeeding Otto T. Bannard, who will become Chairman of the Advisory Committee, and Mr. Gibson, now President of the Liberty National Bank, will become President of the New York Trust Company.

Plans for completing the merger, exchange of securities of the Liberty National for New York Trust stock, and so forth, are in the hands of a committee composed of Thomas Cochran, William H. Porter and Grayson, M.-P. Murphy, for the Liberty, and Dean Sage, Darwin P. Kingsley and F. H. Hoffstot, for the New York Trust.

If the consolidation goes through, as it is confidently expected it will, the merged bank will occupy the offices now being prepared for the Liberty National Bank in the American Surety Company Building at 100 Broadway. The Liberty National now has offices in the Equitable Building, while the New York Trust's offices are at 24 Broad Street.

On the date of last official report, Nov. 15, the Liberty National had a capital of $5,000,000; surplus and undivided profits of $7,658,900; loans outstanding of $98,350,000 and time and demand deposits of $74,144,000. The New York Trust Company on the same date had capital of $3,000,000; surplus and profits of $11,719,400; loans of $84,287,000 and demand and time deposits of $61,633,000. Before the merger it is expected that the New York Trust Company will increase its capital to $5,000,000, so that it will enter the merger on an even capital basis with the Liberty National.

Word that this merger was in contemplation came as a distinct surprise to most people in the financial district. Some months ago it was reported that the interests identified with the Liberty National and the Bankers Trust Company were seeking a basis for consolidation, and it was admitted at the time that prominent stockholders in both institutions had discussed this possibility. But the project subsequently was abandoned. Prior to that the Liberty National had absorbed the Scandinavian Trust Company.

The New York Trust Company, under its original title of the New York Security and Trust Company, was formed in 1890. In 1904 it merged with the Continental Trust Company, and in 1905 it assumed its present title. Otto T. Bannard, who had been President of the Continental Trust Company, became President of the consolidated company, and retained that office until Mr. Buckner succeeded him, when Mr. Bannard became Chairman of the board.

The Liberty National Bank was brought into being in 1891. It has been a prominent but until lately not an excessively large bank, for many years. It has numbered among its Presidents some of the best-known bankers in this city, including Henry P. Davison and Thomas Cochran, both at present members of J. P. Morgan & Co., and Seward Prosser, President of the Bankers Trust Company.

It is predicted that the consolidated bank will have one of the strongest Directorates of any banking institution in the country.

WEATHER GOOD FOR CROPS.

Winter Wheat Continues to Do Well —Much Cotton Yet Unpicked.

The Government's weekly bulletin on crop conditions is as follows:

The fields in the principal Winter wheat section continued bare of snow, but considerable snow fell at the close of the week in the western and northwestern portions of the belt. Temperatures continued rather uniform, with little alternate thawing and freezing, and Fall sown grains maintained their good to excellent condition in nearly all sections of the country. With ample soil moisture in most of California, a considerable quantity of wheat, barley and oats was sown in that State and the early seeded grains are up to a good stand.

Cribbing corn made good progress in Kansas; the week was favorable for husking in Nebraska until stopped by general snow on the 20th, and considerable husking was done in Iowa, except in the central portion where the snow was deep. The weather was unfavorable for husking in the Ohio valley.

Conditions were favorable for picking cotton, except in Arkansas. Picking progressed well in the northeastern portion of the belt, where this work was completed in many locations, but slow progress was made in Texas and Oklahoma. Much cotton remains unpicked in the latter State.

English Prices in November.

Referring to its index number of average prices as of Dec. 1, which showed a decline of 8¼ per cent. for the month of November and of 21 per cent. from the highest of the year, the London Economist remarks that during November the majority of wholesale quotations moved in a downward direction, a few were stationary and only one moved up slightly. Cereals and flour were all lower, the Royal Commission on Wheat Supplies having issued a revised schedule of prices for foreign wheat. These new rates show a general reduction of 5 shillings per quarter, while flour was reduced by 4 shillings per sack. Tea enjoys the distinction of being the one commodity to be quoted higher at the end of November than at the end of October.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London up ½d at 40½d per ounce. New York prices for bar silver unchanged at 99½c per ounce, the Mint price; for foreign silver ¾c higher at 63¾c.

Range of prices for silver bullion this month:

	—Highest.—	—Lowest.—
London	44¾d Dec. 3	38½d Dec. 10
New York	99c Dec. 3	83¾c Dec. 10

Range for the present year to date.

London	83¼d Feb. 11	38½d Dec. 10
New York	$1.37 Jan. 11	69¾c Dec. 10

FINANCIAL NOTES.

William R. Compton Company is offering $378,000 Kansas City, Mo., 6 per cent. waterworks bonds, due Jan. 1, 1939, at a price to yield 5.10 per cent.

Thomas H. Keaney and Martin G. Keaney have formed a partnership under the firm name of T. H. Keaney & Co., for the practice of public accountancy and tax report service.

Charles M. Dutcher, Treasurer of the Greenwich Savings Bank, was elected President of the institution yesterday, succeeding James Colinlan, who retires because of ill health.

M. C. Rheinboldt and C. S. Hasbrouck have been elected Assistant Treasurers and W. A. Cunningham Assistant Secretary of the Textile Banking Company, Inc.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Dec. 21	66.03	61.81	62.80	—1.56
Dec. 20	66.54	62.18	63.86	—.53
Dec. 18	66.97	62.17	64.21	—.39
Dec. 17	67.76	63.16	67.06	—.39
Dec. 16	69.07	64.17	67.45	—.34
Dec. 15	69.16	64.17	67.81	—.36

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
Dec.	73.72 Dec. 2	62.70 Dec. 21	64.24
1919.	90.40 Dec. 29	84.10 Dec. 12	89.09
1918.	76.34 Dec. 11	71.42 Dec. 28	73.39
1917.	66.26 Dec. 24	61.43 Dec. 20	63.53
1916.	68.28 Dec. 4	63.38 Dec. 21	66.23

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1920.	94.07 Apr. 5	62.70 Dec. 23	64.24
†1910.	96.39 Nov. 25	69.73 Jan. 21	86.19

Full Years.

1919.	99.59 Nov. 5	69.74 Jan. 21	89.09
1918.	80.16 Nov. 12	64.12 Jan. 15	73.39
1917.	90.46 Jan. 4	57.47 Dec. 20	63.53
1916.	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	84.23

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		—Net Change.— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	88.72	—.29	—.28	—1.54

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Dec. 21	87.10 —.16	Dec. 11	86.14 —.38
Dec. 20	87.26 —.23	Dec. 10	86.34 —.14
Dec. 18	87.49 —.20	Dec. 9	86.48 —.41
Dec. 17	87.73 —.16	Dec. 8	86.89 —.29
Dec. 16	87.94 —.15	Dec. 4	87.18 —.24
Dec. 15	87.07 +.32	Dec. 3	86.50 —.24
Dec. 14	87.75 +.12	Dec. 2	86.74 +.06
Dec. 13	87.63 —.51	Dec. 1	86.68 —.08

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
*1920.	72.14 Oct. 21	65.57 May 21	68.72
†1910.	79.05 June 2	71.05 Oct. 18	71.26

Full Years.

1919.	79.05 June 2	71.05 Dec. 18	72.90
1918.	82.36 Nov. 12	75.55 Sep. 27	78.78
1917.	89.48 Jan. 20	74.24 Dec. 20	76.90

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

WHEAT FOR GERMANY, CHICAGO PIT HEARS

Export Buying Starts Story That London Financiers Are Reaping Big Profits.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 22.—Financial conditions continue to be the dominating influence in the grain markets, and the general news was of a character that required a great deal of faith for one to take the buying side. Support of a good character, however, was given when most needed, but wheat closed ⅝@2½ cents lower, corn off ⅝@1¼ cents and oats ⅝@1¼ cents, while December rye was ½ cent higher and May ⅝ cent lower.

Houses with seaboard connections were persistent buyers of March wheat around $1.60, presumably removing hedges against export sales of 900,000 bushels via the Gulf. There were claims late in the day that 2,000,000 bushels had been sold, but they lacked confirmation. Premiums at the Gulf have declined 2@3 cents of late, today's business being on the basis of 29 cents over March, f. o. b., for late January, and 28 cents over for early February shipment. There were sales of 40,000 bushels No. 2 Northern here at 27 cents over March, track, Baltimore, and dark No. 3 Northern sold at 22 cents over March, track, New York. Millers were after Manitobas, now at Eastern lake ports, but they are held at a high price.

There is considerable mystery as to why the demand for wheat from Europe continues so active in the face of news tending to curtail purchases. Those in position to know say that a great deal of buying of late has been for Germany and probably some of the trade was business being financed through London. The story is that the English are taking a chance that Germany will be able to pay for the grain later, and are making an immense profit. It is figured that if Germany goes bankrupt, other countries will follow—so it matters little what price is paid for the grain or from what country it is obtained, although it is easier to sell sterling in the United States than elsewhere.

An official of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange says that the crop of the three Canadian Northwestern Provinces is far overestimated, and that, statistically, higher rather than lower prices should prevail in that country. Winnipeg December closed 5¼ cents higher today, congestion prevailing in that delivery, and outside markets without exception gained on Chicago.

A local man who has returned from the Southwest says the bulk of the St. Louis and Kansas City wheat stocks are sold for shipment, with mills having wheat coming to them as far ahead as early in April. The general impression, however, is that statistics indicating a scarcity of wheat before a new crop is harvested have lost their effects as a market influence. Previous to the war and for a long time afterward when stocks broke grains used to advance, but now the two advance and decline together to a greater or less extent, indicating that world financial conditions rather than anything else constitute the determining factor.

Following its usual custom, the Corn Products Company will close its Argo (Ill.) plant tomorrow and will remain closed until after the turn of the year. No. 4 yellow in the sample market declined 1¼ cents, as compared with December, to 1¼ cents under the future. Elevator interests bought No. 4 mixed and white to send to store for delivery on December contracts, with 100,000 bushels sold.

Primary arrivals of wheat of 912,000 bushels, compared with 1,004,000 a week ago, and 1,042,000 last year. Shipments were 687,000 bushels, against 758,000 last week and 602,000 last year.

Corn receipts of 853,000 bushels compared with 657,000 a week ago and 883,000 last year; shipments, 406,000 bushels; last week, 337,000; last year, 483,000.

International Institute of Agriculture's estimate on the wheat crops of Argentina, Australia and South Africa of around 307,000,000 bushels, or 38,000,000 bushels more than last year, compares with the latest figures from private sources of 330,000,000 bushels.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	$1.63	$1.61	$1.63	$1.69
March	1.62¾	1.59	1.61	1.65¾
May	1.58¾	1.55¼	1.57¼	1.58¾

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	71½	69	70¾	71¾	1.43
May	74¾	73½	73¾	74¾	1.33¾
July	75½	73¾	74½	75¾	1.32

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	47¾	46¼	46¼	47¾	82¾
May	49¾	48¾	48¾	49¾	84¼
July	48½	47½	47¾	49	76¾

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	$1.56¾	$1.54¾	$1.56¼	$1.58	$1.77¼
May	1.40¾	1.38	1.38	1.40	1.52½

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Jan.	13.05	12.95	12.95	12.92	28.70
May	13.57	13.25	13.25	13.43	24.55
Ribs—					
Jan.	11.55	11.37	11.37	11.30	19.97
May	12.22	12.05	12.05	12.10	19.50
Pork—					
Jan.	..	..	..	22.75	..

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Ariz. Ext.	2	2¼	Iron Blos.	28	30
Ariz. Silver	17	20	Iron Cap.	1	1¼
Ariz. Tip Top	7	8	La Rose	19	22
Black Hawk	14	15	Majestic	7	9
Boston Mon.	40	41	Mex. Metals	30	33
Calaveras	1	1¼	Midway Mose	23	25
Chief Con.	2¼	2½	Monarch	14	15
Crown Res.	19	20	Mut. Div. Tr.	55	57
Crystal, new	40	43	Nat. L. & Z.	2	3
Danbigh	13	15	Nipon	3	5
Eagle B. E.	2¾	3	Rainier	9	10
Eureka Cro.	34	36	Seven Metals	11	13
Fortuna	2	3	Silver Reef	4	5
Gadsden	30	35	U. V. Sil.	21	21½
Hecla	6	7	Yukon	1¾	1¾

Earnings Increased After Guggenheims Became Interested, Says Chairman of Board.

EILERS'S PLEA IS OPPOSED

Has Been Permitted to Make List of Stockholders, Counsel Tells Court —Decision Reserved.

Supreme Court Justice Burr heard argument yesterday on the application of Karl Eilers, former Vice President of the American Smelting and Refining Company, for a writ of mandamus compelling the company to permit him as a stockholder to examine the stock book in order to obtain a list of the 19,000 stockholders. Decision was reserved after John B. Stanchfield, who had been retained by the corporation to oppose the application, had stated that since the proceeding was brought access to the books had been given to Mr. Eilers and that he is now engaged in making the list desired.

Joseph H. Swan, representing Mr. Eilers, contended that the court had no discretion in the matter, and that as a matter of right the mandamus application should be granted. He said that while a representative of Mr. Eilers was then at work on the books obtaining the desired information, there was no assurance that the officials of the company would continue to permit him to do so.

The argument made clear that Mr. Eilers's purpose is to circularize the stockholders before the annual meeting in April in an effort to obtain sufficient proxies to overthrow the present domination of the corporation.

An answer filed yesterday by the corporation contains an affidavit by Edgar L. Newhouse, Chairman of the Board of Directors, denying that the corporation has been conducted for the benefit of the controlling interest and not for the benefit of the stockholders. He said that the board has twenty-eight Directors, many of whom own a substantial amount of the stock, although they may not be holders of record. Mr. Newhouse said he has been connected with the company since its organization and is familiar with the relations of the Messrs. Guggenheim with the corporation since they became interested in it. He added:

"During that period the Messrs. Guggenheim have not dominated nor controlled the action of the Board of Directors, but have advised and consulted with the officers and other members of the board upon the various matters of business policy that have arisen from time to time, and in deponent's opinion they have only exercised such influence as they possess by reason of their experience and ability in the business of smelting and refining; and particularly, they have not made use of the company to further and benefit their own selfish ends, but have, on the other hand, scrupulously refrained from taking any part in the decision of questions where there was any possible conflict between their own interests and those of the company."

Mr. Newhouse also said that the only member of the Guggenheim family who is now an officer is Simon Guggenheim, the President, and that he and his wife are the largest holders of the stock, to the extent of 28,000 shares of common and preferred. Isaac and Daniel Guggenheim are Directors, he said, but draw no salary, and it is stated that the Guggenheims have never participated in any decision of the board affecting their private interests. He pointed out that in 1901, when the Guggenheims became interested, the net earnings were 3.83 per cent. on the then outstanding stock, and in the following six and two-thirds years the rate was 8.18 per cent. The three years ending Dec. 31, 1917, netted 15.29 per cent., and for 1918 and 1919 the earnings were 11.10 and 9.09 per cent., respectively.

COMMODITIES STILL RECEDE

Concessions Made in All Staples, With New Low Records in Several.

Price concessions continued in yesterday's wholesale markets, wheat dropping 2¼ cents, corn 3½ cents and oats 1 cent per bushel. Flour was unchanged. In the groceries, coffee receded ¼ of a cent per pound to a new low for the year, eggs declined 1 cent per dozen, with butter and sugar unchanged.

The only change noted in provisions was a decline of $1 per 100 pounds in family beef, lard and pork being unchanged.

In the metals, tin dropped ¼ of a cent per pound, and lead declined 5 cents per 100 pounds, with copper, iron and steel billets unchanged.

Spot cotton reflected the weakness for contract months and lost 75 cents per 100 pounds, a new low price for the year, with print cloths unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Wednesday, a week before and a year ago:

	Dec. 23.	Dec. 15.	Dec. 22.
FOODSTUFFS:	1920.	1920.	1919.
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.58¼	$1.61	$2.50
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.95¾	.97¼	1.63¾
Oats, No. 2 white	.51	.52	.96
Flour, Minn. patent	9.50	9.25	15.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.09¾	.09¾	.15
Sugar, granulated	.06	.06¼	.09
Butter, cream, 92 score	.54	.54½	.73
Eggs, fresh-gathered firsts, per dozen	.73	.81	.75
Lard, prime	13.50	14.00	29.25
Pork, mess	30.00	30.00	47.00
Beef, family	27.00	27.00	27.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2X, Phila.	34.00	34.50	41.10
Steel billets, Phila.	43.50	43.50	48.00
Lead	4.50	4.85	7.15
Copper	13.25	13.75	18.75
Tin	32.75	33.50	56.00
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	14.50	15.80	32.25
Print cloths	.05¾	.05¾	.14

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	—Highest.—		—Lowest.—	
Wheat	$3.25	Jan. 7	$1.79	Nov. 27
Corn	2.31¾	May 15	.94½	Nov. 27
Oats	1.56	May 7	.69	Nov. 23
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	8.00	Dec. 1
Coffee	.19¼	Jan. 11	.09¾	Dec. 22
Sugar	.22	July 13	.06	Dec. 17
Butter	.77	Apr. 24	.51½	Dec. 4
Eggs	.82	Dec. 10	.42½	Mar. 19
Lard	23.50	Jan. 9	13.55	Dec. 20
Pork	47.00	Jan. 2	29.50	Dec. 21
Beef	33.00	Oct. 19	20.00	May 12
Iron	53.51	Aug. 31	34.00	Dec. 16
Steel	65.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 2
Lead	9.50	Mar. 15	4.50	Dec. 22
Tin	65.25	Jan. 13	33.00	Dec. 14
Copper	19.50	Jan. 8	13.25	Dec. 21
Cotton	36.75	July 22	14.50	Dec. 22
Print cloths	.16¾	Apr. 15	.05¾	Nov. 30

— PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 5,846 packages. Market firm on choice and fancy fresh creamery; secondary quiet; finest Danish at 53@53½c; ladles and packing stock, firm. Creamery, higher than extras, 1b, 56½@61c; extras, 92 score, 55c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 48½@54½c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 44@47c; seconds, 86 to 87 score, 37@42c; lower grades, 33@36c; unsalted, higher than extras, 53½@60c; extras, 53½@60c; firsts, 46@57c; seconds, 39@44c; held or storage, high grade, 50½@51½c; extras, 49@50c; firsts, 41@48c; seconds, 34@40c; lower grades, 28@33c; Danish casks, fresh, 50@52½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 52@54c; good to prime, 44@50c; common to fair, 36@42c; ungraded, extras, 40c; ladles, current make, firsts, 34@35c; seconds, 23@24c; lower grades, 21@22c; packing stock, storage, 27½@33c; current make, No. 2, 21@21½c; lower grades, 19@20c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 10,107 cases. Fresh eggs lower, closing weak; storage generally steady; whites steady, except for pullets, which are offered lower. Fresh gathered, extra, dozen, 78@79c; extra firsts, 74@76c; firsts, 71@73c; seconds, 67@70c; dirties, No. 1, 53@58c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 48@53c refrigerator firsts, 69@71c; seconds, 66@68c; State, Pennsylvania and near by fancy selected, gathered whites, 70@74c; fair to good, 65@68c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 70@74c; State, Pennsylvania and near by Western Sunnery brown, extras, 78@80c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded, extras, 76@78c; firsts to extra firsts, 72@76c.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

POTATOES—Receipts yesterday, 1,000 sacks; 1,000 barrels; 1,000 bags. Market steady; Long Island, 150 lb. sacks, $3.50@$4.50; Jersey, 150 lb. sacks, $3.50@$4.50; Maine, 150 lb. sacks, $3.50@$4.50; Western, 150 lb. sacks, $3.50@$4.50; Southern, 150 lb. sacks, $3.50@$4.50; Bermuda, $6@$7 per crate; Southern sweets, $3@$4 per barrel; Jersey, $3@$4 per barrel; Western, $3@$4 per barrel.

ONIONS—Receipts yesterday, 1,000 sacks; 1,000 barrels; 1,000 bags. Market steady; Long Island, 100 lb. sacks, $3@$4; Western, 100 lb. sacks, $3@$4; Connecticut, 100 lb. sacks, $3@$4; Orange, Conn., 100 lb. sacks, $3@$4; Egyptian, 100 lb. sacks, $3@$4; Spanish, $3@$4 per crate; Bermuda, $3@$4 per crate; Jersey, $3@$4 per barrel; Western, $3@$4 per barrel.

CABBAGE—Receipts yesterday, 1,000 barrels; 1,000 bags. Market steady; Long Island, $20@$30 per 100; Jersey, $20@$30 per 100; Western, $20@$30 per 100; Southern, $20@$30 per 100; Danish, $20@$30 per 100; Red, $20@$30 per 100; Savoy, $20@$30 per 100.

FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION
56 Wall Street, New York

Capital (fully paid), $4,000,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits, $754,000

BRANCHES AT
Shanghai Tokio Yokohama
Paris San Francisco Seattle



Transactions in Exchange
Travelers' Letters of Credit
Commercial Credits
Foreign Collections and Cheques
Acceptances
Transfers of Money
Advances against Collateral for the Financing of Foreign Business

OFFICERS
Charles A. Holder, President
T. Fred Aspden, Vice-President
E. B. MacKenzie, Secretary & Treasurer

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN says:
"A wise man will desire no more than he may get justly, use soberly, distribute cheerfully, and leave contentedly."

WHY A CORPORATE EXECUTOR?

I. Personal executors die—often while in the midst of administering an estate. That means trouble, delay, and usually loss.

Our Trust Department is perpetual—if one of its officials dies the others continue his work without an hour's interruption.

A Trust Department's work is organized and systematized.



THE BANK OF AMERICA
ESTABLISHED 1812
Manhattan & Brooklyn

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
At Forty-first Street
New York
London Paris
Foreign Exchange
Administrator Guardian
Member Federal Reserve System and New York Clearing House

BATTERY PARK NATIONAL BANK

STEADY GROWTH

In ten years our deposits have grown from one and a half to sixteen and a half million dollars. This growth reflects something of the confidence of our depositors, but tells nothing of the friendly and constructive service which inspires that confidence among small and large depositors alike.

PRODUCE EXCHANGE BUILDING

BANKING HOURS. BANKING HOURS.

GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK
Incorporated 1833
S. E. COR. 6TH AVE. AND 16TH STREET, NEW YORK
Interest rate January 1, 1921
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum, payable on and after January 17, 1921.
$1 OPENS AN ACCOUNT
DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 10 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JANUARY 1, 1921
CHARLES M. DUTCHER, President
Secretaries:
FRANCIS M. BACON, JR. S. OGDEN CHISOLM

SAVINGS BANKS.

165TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

UNION SQUARE SAVINGS BANK
No. 20 Union Square.

A DIVIDEND has been declared for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1920, on all deposits entitled thereto at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on sums from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after Jan. 17, 1921. Interest at the above rate was also declared on the excess of interest over $3,000 and not exceeding $5,000. Deposits made on or before Jan. 10 will draw interest from Jan. 1.

WILLIAM H. ROCKWOOD, President.
FREDERIC C. MILLS, Treasurer.
H. ROCKWOOD BRINCKERHOFF, Sec'y.
HUGH B. GARDNER, Cashier.
Open 10 to 3; Mon. 10 to 7; Sat. 10 to 12.
ACCOUNTS OF SOCIETIES ACCEPTED.

Metropolitan Savings Bank
1 and 3 THIRD AVE., Corner 7th St.
CHARTERED 1852. 136TH DIVIDEND.
New York, Dec. 14th, 1920.
INTEREST FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDING December 31, 1920, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT. PER ANNUM

will be credited to the depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws of the bank on sums from $5 to $5,000. INTEREST PAYABLE January 19, 1921. MONEY DEPOSITED on or before January 10th, 1921, will draw interest from January 1st up to $5,000.
JOIN OUR 1921 CHRISTMAS CLUB
Open Monday Evenings from 5 to 7.
Society Accounts Accepted.
ROBERT D. ANDREWS, Pres.
FRANCIS H. MOFFET, Sec'y.

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS
76 Wall Street.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT AN INTEREST DIVIDEND be paid to depositors entitled, thereto for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1920.

On accounts not exceeding five thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.

Payable on and after Monday, Jan. 17th, 1921.

DANIEL BARNES, President.
WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, Secretary.
New York, Dec. 6th, 1920.

NOTICE.

Deposits to draw interest from Jan. 1st or April 1st or July 1st or Oct. 1st must be made on or before the last day of the previous month.

Dry Dock Savings Institution
341 & 343 BOWERY, Cor. 2d St., New York.

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending December 31, 1920, on all deposits entitled thereto under the By-laws at the rate of FOUR Per Cent. per annum, payable on and after January 17, 1921.

Deposits made on or before January 10 will be entitled to interest from January 1, 1921.

ANDREW MILLS, President.
ANDREW MILLS, JR., First Vice President.
FREDERICK SHERWOOD, Treasurer.
SAMUEL WEBSTER, Secretary.

MAIDEN LANE SAVINGS BANK
170 Broadway, Cor. Maiden Lane.
4%
Deposits made on or before Jan. 10th draw interest from Jan. 1st.
Deposits received from 9 A. M. to 3:30 P. M. Saturdays 10 A. M. to 12 M.
Join our Xmas Club or Accumulative Savings Plan.
A. EUGENIUS ... Pres. ... Secretary.

Telephone Rector 4157

Direct Wire Connections to Chicago, Detroit, Grand Rapids

Argentine Govt. 4s & 5s
American Light & Traction 6s, 1925
Republic Traction 5s, 1953
Birmingham Ry., Lt. & Pr. 4½s & 5s
Commerce Power (Michigan) 5s & 7s
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. 5s, 56, 7s
Dom. of Can. War Loan 5s, March, 1937
Evansville Electric 6s, 1921
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s, 1924-26
General Gas & Elec. 5s, 1927
General Gas & Electric 6s, 1929
Georgia Lt. Pr. & Ry. 5s
Grand Trunk Pac. 3s, 1962
Grand Rapids & Ind., 2nd 4s
French Govt. 4s & 5s
Ind. Tel. Sales & Eng. 6s, 1921
International Traction 4s
Japanese Govt. 4s & 4½s
Kings Co. El. 4s, 1949
Laclede Gas Lt. 5s & 7s
Mississippi River Pr. 5s
Mason City & Ft. Dodge 4s
Michigan United Ry. 5s, 1936
New Orleans Ry. & Lt. 4½s & 5s
Northern States Pr. 5s & 6s
Ohio Cities Gas 7s, 1921-25
Province of Buenos Ayres 6s, 1925
Russian Govt. 5½s & 6½s
Ralston Purina 6s, 1925
Sears, Roebuck 7s, 1924-23
Standard Gas & Elec. issues
Swift & Co. 5s, 6s, 7s
Sonora Copper 8s
United Light & Ry. 5s & 6s
Virginia Ry. & Pr. 5s, 1934
West. Penn. Pr. 5s, 6s, 7s

American Cyanamid
American Light & Traction
Amer. Foreign Trade Corp.
Amer. Tobacco 6% Scrip
American Piano Com. & Pfd.
Bordens
Babcock & Wilcox
Burroughs Adding Machine
Congress Cs. Com. & Pfd.
Commonwealth Pr., Ry. & Lt. Com. & Pfd.
Empire Gas & Fuel 8% Pfd.
Garland Steamship
Grand Rapids & Indiana
Imperial Tobacco
Lincoln Motors
Michigan Limestone & Chemical
Northern States Pr. Com. & Pfd.
Packard Motor Com. & Pfd.
Phillip Morris
Southern Oil & Transport
Scottish American Oil V. T. C.
Standard Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
United Lt. & Ry. Com. & Pfd.
Union Carbide Com.
Willys Corp. Pfd.

Goodyear Tire & Rubber

STUDEBAKER

Capacity Production Predicted and 1920 Earnings Estimated

in our

"INVESTMENT SURVEY"

Scott & Stump

Investment Securities
SPECIALISTS IN ODD LOTS

Stock Ech'ge Bl'g. Philadelphia *Locust 6180-5*
40 Exchange Place New York *Broad 1331-3*

Cities Service Common

Bought—Sold—Quoted

ALFRED A. COHEN & CO.
INCORPORATED
40 EXCHANGE PL. N.Y. Tel. Broad 3935

Guanajuato Power & Elec. 6s
Guanajuato Power & Elec. Pfd.
Guanajuato Power & Elec. Com.
Michoacan Power 6s
Central Mexico Lt. & Pr. 6s
Central Mexico Lt. & Pr. Pfd.
Guanajuato Reduc. & Mines 6s
Richmond Radiator Com. & Pfd.

HOTCHKIN & CO.

53 STATE ST.
Tel. Main 460. BOSTON Cable Tockin

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Buy & Sell

Atlas Portland Cement
American Hawaiian S. S.
Amer. Lithographic Com. & Pfd.
American Cyanamid Com. & Pfd.
Battery Park Nat. Bank
General Baking Com. & Pfd.
Home Insurance "Rights"
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
Midland Securities
N. Y. State Rys. Com. & Pfd.
Niles-Bement-Pond Com.
Nat. Park Bank "Rights"
New Mexico & Arizona Land

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co.

Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 30 Wall St., N. Y.

HART OIL

Paying 24% On Par

"Investors interested in OIL, the Stable Industry, should study the rapid progress of this well-managed oil enterprise. Call or Write

L. A. HUGHES & CO.
Authorized Representatives
100 Broadway. Phone Rector 2383

Investor's Folder

For recording investments, dividend dates, income tax data, etc.
Free Upon Request for D.

HEYWOOD BROOKS & CO.
149 Broadway, New York

Eastman Kodak
(Common & Preferred)
Bought—Sold—Quoted

Stone, Prosser & Doty

52 William St., N. Y. Hanover 7733.

State Chamber of Commerce Official Calls New Firms Chief Offenders.

URGES ARBITRATION LAW

Praises Walton Act and Wants Federal Legislation Embracing Its Provisions.

More than $2,000,000,000 worth of merchandise is to be found on piers, in warehouses, at railroad stations, on cars and in steamships in the United States, ownership of which is disputed because of fault finding, attempted cancellations, and actual cancellations; while another $1,000,000,000 worth of American goods abroad is held up by similar circumstances, according to Charles L. Bernheimer, Chairman of the Committee on Arbitration of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York.

"The causes of these cancellations," said Mr. Bernheimer yesterday, "vary in the different industries. The Chamber of Commerce has been in communication with some thirty odd industrial and commercial associations and all report that cancellations this year have been on an unprecedentedly large scale, save in the oil and petroleum business."

As head of the arbitration system of the New York Chamber of Commerce, Mr. Bernheimer's observations lead him to believe that comparatively new firms lacking the stabilizing influences of experience and standing possessed by older and well-established business houses, are far more generally repudiating their contracts under the stress of the pressing times than the old school merchants. Where no arbitration clauses have been inserted in contracts, however, little can be done to help the merchants; but a recurrence of many of the troubles now besetting the business world can be averted in the future if a few simple remedies are applied, it was said.

"The merchant must return to old-fashioned care in doing business," said Mr. Bernheimer. "He must again inquire with care into the character, financial strength, and record of the concern from whom he buys or to whom he sells his merchandise.

"Finally, and not least of all, an arbitration clause should be inserted in each contract," he continued. "Since the New York State Legislature has enacted a law making arbitration agreements valid, enforceable and irrevocable, our experience at the Chamber has been extremely gratifying.

"This new law does not compel anyone to enter into an arbitration agreement, but having once entered into such an agreement, the parties are not able to act as they have been in the past. A number of States are now considering the enactment of similar legislation and while it may be Utopian, it is none the less hoped that some day it may be possible to frame a Federal law which will include all the features of the Walton act of the State of New York."

LIST STOCK ISSUES.

New York Exchange Committee Admits Long Array.

The following issues were admitted to listing on the New York Stock Exchange by the Committee on Stock List yesterday:

General Electric Company, $2,756,500 capital stock, with authority to add $27,765,000 on or before Jan. 20, 1921; the Delaware & Hudson Company, $10,000,000 7 per cent. bonds; United Paperboard Company, $918,600 common stock; Texas Pacific Coal and Oil Company, $165,648 capital stock; American Steel Foundries, $2,185,900 additional common stock; Remington Typewriter Company, $1,407,600 7 per cent. first preferred stock, $1,538,100 8 per cent. second preferred stock, and $1,714,200 common stock.

Pacific Development Corporation, 258,676 shares of capital stock; Allied Chemical and Dye Corporation, temporary certificates for $37,526,400 7 per cent. preferred stock and 2,143,455 shares of common stock; Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, $3,041,000 Equitable Trust Company certificates of deposit for 5 per cent. mortgage bonds; Columbia Graphophone, 63,533 shares of common stock; Chemical Consolidation, deposit certificates for voting trust certificates for 16,245 shares of common stock.

Barnsdall Corporation, $3,250,000 Class B capital stock; Callahan Zinc-Lead Company, $4,649,900 capital stock; Autosales Corporation, $119,385 6 per cent. preferred stock; Air Reduction Company, 153,023 shares of common stock; Standard Oil of New Jersey, $98,338,300 common stock of $25 par value, in exchange for present $100 par stock, with authority to add $11,661,700 of $25 par stock.

Atlantic Coast Line Plans Credit.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company asked authority today of the Interstate Commerce Commission to assume obligations amounting to $6,220,000 imposed by a trust agreement and lease payable to the Safety Deposit Trust Company of Baltimore, of which $1,720,000 is payable in cash upon delivery of certain equipment. The company plans to issue trust certificates amounting to $4,500,000 to be sold at not less than 94 per cent. of their par value.

The Spanish Harvests of 1920.

Spanish commercial bulletins now state that the crops of corn, linseed, sugar beets and potatoes in Spain have all been larger than the crops harvested in 1919, while the yield of rice, olives and sugar cane is smaller. The loss in olives is stated to have been very great, the crop of 1920 showing a reduction of 455,726 tons, the equivalent of 71,980 tons of oil.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.		DIVIDEND	
Alpha	.60	East Div.	.02
Best & Belcher	.15	Extension	.28
Challenger	1.20	Florence	.03
Confidence	1.80	Harmill	.20
Con. Virginia	1.00	Hasbrouck	.02
Gould & Curry	.03	Kernick	.08
Hale & Norcross	.18	Knox	.05
Imperial	.70	Myra	.02
Jacket	.10	Revert	.83
Mexican	.14	Verdi	.03
Ophir	.24	Victory	.04
Overman	.30	West	.04
Seg. Belcher	.10	Zone	.21
Scorpion	.03	GOLDFIELD.	
Sierra Nevada	.09	Booth	.02
Union	.23	Consolidated	.06
Utah	.03	Crackerjack	.04
TONOPAH.		Development	.03
Belmont	1.25	Florence	.12
Cash Boy	.04	Fraction	.02
Jim Butler	.17	Jumbo Ext.	.04
MacN. Crescent	.04	Lone Star	.04
Midway	.12	Silver Pick	.03
Monarch	.03	Spearhead	.02
North Star	.03	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Rescue	.18	Arrowhead	.06
Tonopah Ext.	1.30	Black Mammoth	.03
Tonopah, 76	.03	Broken Hills	.14
West End	.34	Bullwhacker	.35
West Tonopah	.04	Croesus	.32
DIVIDE.		Holly	1.45
Alto	.02	Round Mountain	.14
Belcher	.06	Fairview	.13
Belcher Ext.	.03	Simon	.53
Brougher	.10	Sterling	.03
Divide Tonopah	1.07½	White Cane	.04

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	1½	1¾	Isabella	3¾	4½
Doctor	1½	2¼	Mary McK.	3	5
Elkton	1½	2¼	Portland	35	39
El Paso	5	9	U. Gold M.	8	10½
Gold Cycle	87	90	Vindicator	13	15
Granite	1	2	Rose Nicol	4	4¼

December, January and March Under 14c—Wall Street and South Cause Drop.

There was another bad break in cotton yesterday and before the decline had run its course the whole list was down 65 to nearly 90 points on the day and at new low records for the year. December, January and March all broke under 14 cents for the first time, May sold at 14 cents flat and the rest were close to that mark. Spots here broke 75 points to the new record low basis of 14½ cents for middlings. In the last hour the market, apparently having run itself out on the decline, rallied slightly, but the close was weak, with prices down 45 to nearly 70 points net.

Southern and Wall Street selling, especially the latter, were the causes of the decline. The Southern selling was due to the lower spot prices in the South, where all markets were weak and where two, Dallas and Fort Worth, broke under 13 cents for the first time this year. It was the first time, as a matter of fact, that spots had been under 13 cents in about three years.

Wall Street selling, which probably was in greater volume than the liquidation from any other quarter, was persistent throughout the day and attained its greatest pressure around midday and in the early afternoon. This clearly reflected the situation on the Stock Exchange, so that, like the late break on Tuesday, outside forces really exerted a more powerful influence on cotton values than the forces within the market.

Trade news, while unsatisfactory, was no worse than on several other recent days, and without the aggressive Wall Street selling it is reasonable to suppose the market would have done much better than it did. However, the trade situation still is far from what it should be, and from present indications there is likely to be more weakness in the contract market unless the trade situation speedily improves. This improvement may come directly after the turn of the year.

Liverpool was weak, too, yesterday, both spots and futures breaking into new low ground. Trade conditions abroad are said to be very similar to those here and there is much room for improvement.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Dec.	14.55	14.55	13.85	14.05	14.78
Jan.	14.65	14.74	13.92	14.15@14.20	14.78
Mar.	14.55	14.61	13.82	14.03@14.08	14.62
May	14.70	14.75	14.00	14.18@14.20	14.74
July	14.70	14.78	14.11	14.25@14.32	14.80
Oct.	14.86	14.88	14.32	14.48@14.50	14.95

The local market for cotton was quiet, down 75 points to 14.50c, midland upland; 200 sales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 14.50c, down 75; New Orleans, 13.75c, down .75; Savannah, 15.75c, unchanged; Augusta, 13.50c, down .63; Memphis, 14.50c, unchanged; Houston, 13.00c, down .75; Little Rock, 14.50c, down .50.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	25,004	28,343	36,879
Exports	13,649	7,300	40,450
Exports, season	2,268,606	2,092,759	2,765,831
New York stocks	22,038	24,587	61,312
Port Stocks	1,412,024	1,400,672	1,589,427
N. Y. arrivals	100	2,136	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 9.76d for middling. Sales 3,000 bales, of which 200 American; imports 5,060 bales, all American. Future opened quiet, 18 to 22 points down, and closed easy, 40 to 45 points down on the day. Prices: December 9.84d, March 10.12d, May 10.25d, July 10.35d. Manchester—Yarns and cloths were dull.

Inquiry Begun into Replogle and Vanadium Transactions on Dec. 20 and 21.

DECLINE IN BOTH ISSUES

Curbing of Recent Raids Said to Be the Purpose of the Investigation.

The Business Conduct Committee of the New York Stock Exchange yesterday requested members to give details of all purchases and sales of Replogle Steel and Vanadium Steel for Dec. 20 and 21, and also to state their position in the stock at the close of business last Tuesday. The request asks in addition the name of the firm with whom the transactions were made, the customer and other details. This action follows a request for details of trading in Houston Oil sent out on Tuesday.

The Stock Exchange conducts such inquiries from time to time through the Business Conduct Committee. Not long ago there was an investigation of sales in Pierce-Arrow preferred. It is a set rule, however, that no details as to the findings of the committee are ever announced to the public.

Activity of the Business Conduct Committee at the present time is linked with reports that the Exchange is endeavoring to uncover the source of the raiding which has been going on in some stocks. Instances have not been lacking of where sharp and well organized drives were made against certain issues, and in view of the sensitive condition of the market, it is believed the investigation is being undertaken with a view to putting a curb on such operations.

In the trading Tuesday Replogle Steel dropped 10 points and Vanadium Steel more than 6 points. The stocks have suffered a heavy decline from their highs for the year, which in both cases were above 90.

Receiver for Eaglesmere Railroad.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 22.—H. Lausat Geyelin was today appointed temporary receiver for the Eaglesmere Railroad Company by Judge Ferguson in Common Pleas Court. The company has defaulted payment of interest on its bonds for the last three months, according to the application for the receivership, made by the Belmont Trust Company in behalf of bondholders.

Chile Copper Surplus Increases.

The Chile Copper Company for the quarter ended Sept. 30 reports surplus, after charges, including depreciation of $878,008, or the equivalent of 23 cents a share on the capital stock. In the preceding quarter the company earned 11 cents a share.

Hartford Brokerage Firm Suspends.

HARTFORD, Conn., Dec. 22.—Due to the depression in the Stock Exchange market lowering the collateral value of securities, Frisbie & Co., brokers and dealers in securities here, today suspended business indefinitely. It is understood that forced liquidation would mean a deficit of $150,000.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Revenue receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Corresponding Month, 1919.	*Fiscal Year, 1921.	*Corresponding Fiscal Yr., 1920
Customs	$12,662,191.26	$16,408,360.05	$144,204,662.44	$184,350,427.78
Internal revenue:				
Income and profits tax	504,695,444.21	727,243,567.96	1,552,228,185.24	1,825,239,806.91
Miscellaneous	101,431,157.27	98,174,097.31	148,880,999.73	716,010,146.10
Miscellaneous revenue	20,782,234.45	25,980,823.87	317,130,268.53	527,873,951.70
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	978,891.35	868,155,027.08	2,760,079,798.83	3,005,527,423.71
Excess of ord. receipts over ord. disbursements	531,068,158.58	$56,821,350.47	463,758,796.72	.....
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts	.....	.....	.....	650,281,597.36
Expenditures	198,881,760.09	501,324,370.01	2,382,321,002.11	3,655,809,020.73

*Receipts and disbursements for June revolving Treasury in July are included.

Big St. Louis Bank Strongly Endorses Credit Insurance—

A well-known St. Louis bank has written us a letter which we think will be of much interest to any manufacturer or wholesaler. Here it is:

"In analyzing the statements of Manufacturers and Jobbers in connection with applications for bank loans, we pay considerable attention to the element of Fire Insurance on the property and Life Insurance on any of the officers or members.

"Inasmuch as the annual turn-over of a merchant is several times the value of his stock on hand at any given time, it is also of vital importance that his credit accounts be insured against unusual loss through bad debts.

"We, therefore, have no hesitation in stating that in our opinion a Manufacturer or Jobber should carry Credit Insurance, and that his doing so is an important consideration to a bank."

Bankers appreciate that it takes more skill to do business successfully when prices are falling, as now, than when prices were increasing. And they therefore endorse precautions that prevent, else pay, bad debt losses beyond the normal, which the American's "Unlimited-Interim-Payment" Policy does.

Manufacturers and wholesalers, write or phone for particulars. No obligation.

Payments to Policyholders about $10,000,000.00

The AMERICAN CREDIT-INDEMNITY CO. OF NEW YORK
E. M. TREAT, PRESIDENT
ISSUES STANDARD UNLIMITED POLICIES

Greater New York Department,
Downtown Office, 91 William St.
Phone John 533-534-3365

Uptown Office, 104 Fifth Ave.
Phone—Watkins 2403
New York City.

B472

Exchange

A booklet we have prepared outlines the general subject of Foreign Exchange, indicating the possibilities in the bonds and currency of other countries. It describes methods of quoting and figuring, gives price ranges, reproduction of foreign drafts and other detailed information.

Sent on request for B-75

HUGHES & DIER
Stocks—Bonds—Grain
Members { Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Stock Exchanges, Chicago Bd. of Trade, N.Y. Produce Exch.
42 New Street, New York
Telephone Broad 5140
509 Fifth Ave. Tel. Vanderbilt 9533
67 W. 125th St. Tel. Harlem 8451
Philadelphia Pittsburgh Cleveland

MIDDLE STATES OIL

One of the few stocks that has held up well under the steadily falling prices in the past few weeks.

The probable reasons for the strength displayed by this issue discussed in our special report.

Call, Write or Phone for Copy.

Ask for T. 113.

MOSHER & WALLACE
STOCKS - BONDS - GRAIN
55 Broadway — New York
TELEPHONE: WHITEHALL 1140-1-2-3
Members { New York Produce Exchange. Consolidated Stock Exchange of N.Y.

Free Telephone Service to Philadelphia
Call Canal 4845

Saginaw-Bay City 5s, 1935
Kingston Gas & E. 5s, 1952
Nebraska Pr. 5s, 1949
Twin States Gas & E. 5s, '53
Omaha & C. Bluffs 5s, 1928

McCown & Co.
Members Philadelphia Stock Exchange
Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia

IRE & CO.

Canadian Car & F'dry Pfd.
Consumers Power Pfd.
Farrell Coal Com. & Pfd.
Goody'r T. & R. Com. & Pfd.
Safety Car Htg. & Ltg.
Un. Gas & El. (All Issues)

ROBERT E. HORTON & CO.
40 Wall Street — New York
TELEPHONE: JOHN 4151

SERVICE

The success of your account often depends upon the interest shown and service rendered by your broker.
Our executions are transmitted by signal on the floor of the Consolidated Exchange and are reported almost instantaneously. Our customers' interest is our first consideration.
Send for copy of our weekly market suggestions. *Ask for A. 216*

WILSON & CHARDON
Members Consolidated Stock Exch. of N.Y.
62 Broadway New York
Telephone Whitehall 1964

Standard Screw
Amer. Hawaiian S. S.
General Baking
Indian Refining Pfd.
Marlin-Rockwell

DAWSON & CO.
2 Rector St. Tel. Rector 9541

Chinese Railway 5's
Japanese 4's & 4½'s
Argentine 4's & 5's
Mexican Governments

COWEN & CO.
67 Exchange Place Tel. Rector 6700

T. H. KENNEY & CO.
Thomas H. Kenney (N.Y.) Martin G. Kenney Counsellor at law.
Public Accounting and Tax Report Service
61 Broadway, N. Y.
Tel. Bowling Green 6653-4.

1921 Outlook

Viewed from the standpoint of "Profitable Investing"
(Trade Mark Registered U. S. Pat. Off.)
Copy Free on Request.
A. HICKS LAWRENCE
50 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 3882

DIVIDENDS.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

90th Common Dividend

THE Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent. on the Common Capital stock of the Company, payable January 15th, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business, December 31st, 1920. Transfer books will not be closed.

G. P. WELLS, Treasurer.

Commercial Exchange Bank

New York, December 17, 1920.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of 3% on the capital stock of this Bank, payable January 2, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business Dec. 20, 1920.

GEORGE KERN, Cashier.

The Royal Bank of Canada

Fifty-first Annual Statement

NOVEMBER 30, 1920.

LIABILITIES

Capital Paid up	$20,134,010.00
Reserve Fund	20,134,010.00
Undivided Profits	558,035.57
Dividend No. 133, payable December 1, 1920	585,979.48
Bonus of 2%, payable December 15, 1920	402,680.20
Notes in Circulation	41,672,973.74
Deposits	455,017,387.02
Due to other Banks	14,965,810.47
Due to Dominion Government	19,972,801.38
Bills payable (Acceptances by London Branch)	3,997,678.28
Acceptances under Letters of Credit	17,228,647.29
	$594,670,013.43

ASSETS

Cash on Hand and in Banks	$147,509,386.19
Deposit in the Central Gold Reserves	23,500,000.00
Government and Municipal Securities	34,208,299.70
Railway and Other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks	16,117,459.49
Call Loans in Canada	12,899,573.85
Call Loans elsewhere than in Canada	44,962,994.23
	$279,197,713.46
Loans and Discounts	$286,842,000.84
Liabilities of Customers under Letters of Credit as per contra	17,228,647.29
Bank Premises	9,498,425.46
Real Estate other than Bank Premises	966,349.43
Deposit with Dominion Government for Security of Note Circulation	860,000.00
Other Assets not included in the foregoing	76,876.95
	$594,670,013.43

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Balance of Profit and Loss Account, 29th November, 1919	$1,096,418.74	
Profits for the year, after deducting charges of management and all other expenses, accrued interest on deposits, full provision for all bad and doubtful debts and rebate of interest on unmatured bills	4,253,649.24	
		$5,350,067.98
APPROPRIATED AS FOLLOWS:		
Dividends Nos. 130, 131, 132 and 133 at 12 per cent. per annum	$2,153,159.11	
Bonus of 2 per cent. to Shareholders	402,680.20	
Transferred to Officers' Pension Fund	100,000.00	
Written off Bank Premises Account	400,000.00	
War Tax on Bank Note Circulation	180,295.47	
Transferred to Reserve Fund	1,567,005.00	
Balance of Profit and Loss carried forward	546,928.20	
		$5,350,067.98

RESERVE FUND

Balance at Credit, 29th November, 1919	$17,000,000.00
Premium on New Capital Stock	1,567,005.00
Transferred from Profit and Loss Account	1,567,005.00
Balance at Credit, 30th November, 1920	$20,134,010.00

H. S. HOLT, President. EDSON L. PEASE, Managing Director. C. E. NEILL, General Manager.

Montreal, 18th December, 1920.

AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE

WE REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA:

That in our opinion the transactions of the Bank which have come under our notice have been within the powers of the Bank.

That we have checked the cash and verified the securities of the Bank at the Chief Office at 30th November, 1920, as well as at another time, as required by Section 56 of the Bank Act and that we found they agreed with the entries in the books in regard thereto. We also during the year checked the cash and verified the securities at the principal branches.

That the above Balance Sheet has been compared by us with the books at the Chief Office and with the certified returns from the Branches, and in our opinion is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Bank's affairs according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us and as shown by the books of the Bank.

That we have obtained all the information and explanations required by us.

JAMES MARWICK, C.A.,
S. ROGER MITCHELL, C.A., of Marwick, Mitchell and Co.,
JAMES G. ROSS, C.A., of P. S. Ross & Sons } Auditors.

Montreal, Canada, 18th December, 1920.

New York Agency: Corner William & Cedar Streets

F. T. Walker, J. A. Beatson, E. B. McInerney, Agents

WE OFFER ANY PART M 250,000
A. E. G. 4% BONDS
(German General Electric Co.)
Price $12.00 flat per M 1,000
SPOT DELIVERY
(4½% Bonds quoted 14 bid)
Henry Nightingale
Canadian, Mexican & Foreign Govt. Securities
42 B'way, N. Y. Phone Broad 7118

Thos. H. Cowley & Co.
Stocks and Bonds
115 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 5150

$100 BONDS
Argentine Government
5s, DUE 1945
To Yield About 9%
Price and description on application.
JOHN V. DUNE & CO.
44 Broad St. (Est. 1903) Tel. Broad 2394.

German Securities
F. B. Warren & Co.
15 Maiden Lane, New York
Tel. Cortlandt 7575.

Office Space For Rent

Approximately 1500 sq. feet completely equipped, furniture, carpets, telephone extensions, switchboard operator, etc., all outside offices. Centrally located on Broad Street near Stock Exchange. Well arranged for use of lawyers or small corporation.

Address "J.M." P. O. Box 372, City Hall Station, New York.



70
Foreign Markets

The Banco Nacional Ultramarino is an organization with 70 well equipped branches throughout the world, particularly in the Portuguese speaking countries. This closely knit organization renders every service in international banking and is the outgrowth of more than half a century of experience. These facilities are available through our New York Agency.

BANCO NACIONAL ULTRAMARINO
New York Agency, 93 Liberty Street
Joseph McCurrach, Agent
Head Office: Lisbon, Portugal

Established 1906.
FRED'K F. MARQUAND
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange, N.Y.
56-58-60 Broad St., New York
STOCKS AND BONDS

We Specialize in
MONTHLY AUDITS
SYSTEMS—TAX SERVICE
for Stock Brokerage Firms
Details upon application
H. ROSENBLUM & CO.
Certified Public Accountants
141 Broadway Phone Rector 1348

American Car & Foundry

A complete report of the above company covering Trade Outlook, Financial Position, Equity Values, Dividends and Dividend Reserve, featured in the current issue of

"The Ruskay Review"
which also contains articles on
Southern Pacific
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul
Pittsburgh & W. Va.
Pacific Oil
California Pet.
Remington Type.
Houston Oil

Send for circular T. 59

S·S·RUSKAY & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1877
Members Consolidated Stock Exch. of N.Y.
20 BROAD ST. NEW YORK
Phone 6 Rector 7001-7009

Cash and Opportunity

The possession of cash makes possible the grasping of many opportunities otherwise unavailable.

LEVISON & COMPANY
Bankers
141 Fifth Avenue, New York
Phone Stuyvesant 5400

Read by Investors for Facts about their Holdings
Investment Information Column
New York Tribune
First to Last—the Truth.

Yes?

Certificate No. 711, 6 shares preferred stock [illegible] standing on the books of the Company in the name of Eliza L. Carroll, with GREENSBORO NATIONAL BANK, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Aluminum Co. of Amer.
American Brass
American Cyanamid
American Thread
Central Petroleum
General Development
Gulf Oil
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
Niles-Bement-Pond
Oxford Paper
St. Croix Paper
Singer Manufacturing
Stanley Works
Warren Bros.

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Members N.Y. Stock Exchange — ESTABLISHED 1893 — Tel. Rector 6340
WIRE CONNECTIONS
BOSTON, CHICAGO, PHILA, MONTREAL, PITTSBURGH

Missouri Pacific
3rd Ext. 4s, 1938

Philadelphia Co.
Conv. 5s, 1922

Seaboard Air Line
Adj. 5s, 1949

Shawinigan
Water & Power
5's, 1950

ABRAHAM & CO.
Investment Securities
27 William St., N. Y. Phone Broad 3785

Willys-Overland

The third largest manufacturer of passenger cars and the second largest producer of farm tractors in the world.

Special report reviewing company's progress, dividend record, present status, etc., together with estimate of current year's earnings, will be mailed free upon request.

Ask for No. T-415

KOHLER, BREMER & CO.
STOCKS—BONDS
MEMBERS CONSOLIDATED STOCK EXCHANGE of N.Y.
32 BROADWAY, N.Y. — HAMPTON HOTEL
TEL. BROAD 6910 — ALBANY, N.Y.

NEW YORK CENTRAL

Quoted in the market lower than in 1913 or even 1907. Has this road gone backward or forward? An interesting analysis with a map—other features in:

Ask for a copy A-77

MARKET OPINION

R. H. MacMASTERS & CO.
Members Consolidated Stock Exch. of N.Y.
82-84 Broad St., New York
Phone: Broad 6580. Entire First Floor
CHICAGO MILWAUKEE NEW HAVEN

LYONS PETROLEUM

Rapid Growth
Fine Tested Properties
Ample Market Facilities
Established Earnings
Small Capitalization
Speculative Possibilities

Yields 8.4% annual rate of over 50%. Dividends No. 7. A stock dividend of 10% has also been declared. **Price $1.50 per share.** Financial statement from Business & Sell sheet and particulars regarding properties, etc., available upon request

WEED, EDWARDS & CO.
Investments
35 Nassau St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 1647-8-9

Singer Mfg. Co.
Old & New Stock
& fractions
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Stone, Prosser & Doty
32 William St., N. Y. Hanover 7733

Willys Corp. 1st & 2nd Pfd.
Chevrolet and Goodyear
Packard Motor Pfd.
R. B. HATHAWAY & CO.
Specialists in Motor & Tire Stocks

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$40,000	†Allied Packers 6s	....	....	50½
5,000	†Am Light & Traction	....	....	87½
15,000	†Am T & T 6s, 1922	....	....	93⅝
60,000	†Anaconda Copper 7s	....	....	93⅝
8,000	†Anglo-Am Oil 7½s	....	....	99
5,000	†Armour 7s	....	....	94
5,000	†Beth Steel 7s, 1925	....	....	95½
15,000	†Brazilian Light & Tract	....	....	85½
100,000	†Consolidated Gas 8s	....	....	98
50,000	†Denmark 8s	....	....	97½
15,000	†Diamond Match 7s	....	....	100
5,000	†Emp Gas & F 6s, 1924	....	....	92½
5,000	†Emp Gas & F 6s, 1926	....	....	91
5,000	†Galena Signal Oil 7s	....	....	93½
50,000	†Goodrich 7s, 1925	....	....	81½
50,000	†Gt Nor 6s Sweden	....	....	71½
70,000	†French 5s	....	....	49½
15,000	†Kennecott Copper 7s	....	....	87½
15,000	†Kingdom of Norway	....	....	99
2,000	†Lackeln Gas Light 7s	....	....	93½
10,000	†Morris & Co 7½s	....	....	94
10,000	†National Leather 8s	....	....	99½
10,000	†Nat Starch 6s	....	....	98
5,000	†Ohio Cities Gas 7s, 1922	....	....	90
4,000	†Ohio Cities Gas, 1924	....	....	90½
9,000	†Russian Govt 6½s ctfs	....	....	12
50,000	†Safeguard Air Line 6s	....	....	43½
30,000	†Sears, Roebuck 7s (2-yr)	....	....	98½
50,000	†Sears, Roebuck 7s (3-yr)	....	....	94½
50,000	†Sears, Roebuck 7s (5-yr)	....	....	93½
50,000	†Sinclair 7½s	....	....	87½
10,000	†Swift & Co 7s	....	....	98½
1,000	†Southwestern Tel 7s	....	....	91
70,000	†Standard Oil of Cal 7s	....	....	100
100,000	†Standard Oil of Ind 7s	....	....	100
50,000	†Swift & Co 7s, 1925	....	....	98½
15,000	†Swiss Govt 7½s	....	....	79½
5,000	†Texas Co 7½s	....	....	97
5,000	†Union Tank Line 7s	....	....	90½
10,000	†Swift & Co 5½s	....	....	87½
10,000	†Hamburg 4½s	....	....	13½
[illegible]	†Vienna 4s	....	....	2½

†Sale cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note—Dec. 13, 100 shares of Mexican Eagle at 25⅝, instead of 15⅝.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
180	Cities Service	245	237	243	248
1,215	Cities Service pf	65½	62⅜	63½	64
1,000	Cities Service pf B	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞	6
2,529	Cities Service bk. shares	30⅜	29¼	30	30½
$18,800	Cities Service deb. B	122	118	118	123
39,000	Cities Service deb. C	89½	87	88	90
22,400	Cities Service deb. D	86	83	83	85
380	Empire Gas and Fuel pf	82½	82	82	84

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
1,100	Alaska-RCM	⅞	⅝	¾	1
200	Am Mines	1	1	1	1
2,500	Ariz-G Cop	9⅛	8¾	9	9⅛
3,500	Bel Ext, p	3½	3	3½	3¾
4,200	Bel Dev, p	3¼	3	3¼	3⅜
30,000	Big Ledge	¾	¾	¾	1
2,700	Booth	3½	3	3½	3⅝
25,000	Bos & Mon	40	39	40	45
3,700	†Caledonia	17	16	16½	17
3,000	†CandelariaS	13	11	12	13
3,500	†Cashboy	5	4	4½	5
400	†Cerbat Bll	¾	½	½	1
5,600	†Cortez Bll	64	62	64	65
500	Con Cop Bll	2	2	2	2
700	Cres Con G	1¼	1¼	1¼	1½
7,500	Dly Ext, p	27	26	26½	27
1,500	El Sal Bll	¾	¾	¾	1
1,200	Emma Bll	3	2½	3	3⅛
5,000	†Eureka C M	36	34	35	36
1,200	†Eureka H	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅜
8,500	†Gold Z Dv	22	20	21	22
3,600	†Goldf Con	7	7	7	8
2,700	†Goldf Dev	1¼	1	1¼	1½
3,500	†Har Div M	20	16	20	21
250	†Hecla Min	4¼	4	4¼	4⅜
1,250	†Iron Blos	¾	¾	¾	1
5,800	†Jim Butler	18	14	17	18
4,300	†Jumbo Ext	5	4½	5	5⅛

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$40,000	†Allied Packers 6s	....	51	50	50½
5,000	†Am Light & Traction	....	87½	87¾	87¾
15,000	†Am T & T 6s, 1922	....	93½	93⅝	93⅝
60,000	†Anaconda Copper 7s	....	93½	93⅝	93⅝
8,000	†Anglo-Am Oil 7½s	....	99	99	99
5,000	†Armour 7s	....	94	94	94
5,000	†Beth Steel 7s, 1925	....	95½	95½	95½
15,000	†Brazilian Light & Tract	....	85½	85½	85½
100,000	†Consolidated Gas 8s	....	98	97½	98
50,000	†Denmark 8s	....	97½	98¾	97
15,000	†Diamond Match 7s	....	100	100	100
5,000	†Emp Gas & F 6s, 1924	....	92½	92½	92½
5,000	†Emp Gas & F 6s, 1926	....	91	91	91
5,000	†Galena Signal Oil 7s	....	93½	93½	93½
50,000	†Goodrich 7s, 1925	....	81½	81½	81½
50,000	†Gt Nor 6s Sweden	....	71½	71½	71½
70,000	†French 5s	....	49½	49½	49½
15,000	†Kennecott Copper 7s	....	89	87½	88
15,000	†Kingdom of Norway	....	99½	99	99
2,000	†Lackeln Gas Light 7s	....	93½	93½	93½
10,000	†Morris & Co 7½s	....	94	94	94
10,000	†National Leather 8s	....	99½	99½	99½
10,000	†Nat Starch 6s	....	98	98	98
5,000	†Ohio Cities Gas 7s, 1922	....	90	90	90
4,000	†Ohio Cities Gas, 1924	....	90½	90½	90½
9,000	†Russian Govt 6½s ctfs	....	13	12	12
50,000	†Safeguard Air Line 6s	....	43½	43	43½
30,000	†Sears, Roebuck 7s (2-yr)	....	98½	98½	98½
50,000	†Sears, Roebuck 7s (3-yr)	....	94½	93½	94½
50,000	†Sears, Roebuck 7s (5-yr)	....	93½	93½	93½
50,000	†Sinclair 7½s	....	87½	88¾	87½
10,000	†Swift & Co 7s	....	98½	98¾	98½
1,000	†Southwestern Tel 7s	....	91	91	91
70,000	†Standard Oil of Cal 7s	....	100	99⅞	100
100,000	†Standard Oil of Ind 7s	....	100	100	100
50,000	†Swift & Co 7s, 1925	....	98½	98¾	98½
15,000	†Swiss Govt 7½s	....	79½	79½	79½
5,000	†Texas Co 7½s	....	97	97	97
5,000	†Union Tank Line 7s	....	90½	90½	90½
10,000	†Swift & Co 5½s	....	87½	87½	87½
10,000	†Hamburg 4½s	....	13½	13½	13½
[illegible]	†Vienna 4s	....	2½	2½	2½

†Sale cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note—Dec. 13, 100 shares of Mexican Eagle at 25⅝, instead of 15⅝.

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

		High.	Low.	Last.
10	18 Penn Oil	235	235	235
500	18 Std Oil, N.Y.	215	214	214

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

10,000	†Allied Oil	17	15	17	1,800	Mexico Oil	1½	1½	1½
11,425	†Ark Nat Gas	7	7	7	400	Mex-Panuco	6⅝	6	6⅝
1,200	†Boone Oil	3⅛	1½	1¾	1,850	Midw Ref	138	134	135
5,300	†Bos-Wyo	⅝	⅝	⅝	4,000	Midwest Tex	⅝	⅝	⅝
4,500	†Carib Synd	6¼	5⅝	6	500	Mtn Prod	9⅝	9	9
1,000	†Chiles Serv				5,300	Noble Oil&G	1¼	1	1¼
	B T shares	30¾	29¼	29¾	1,100	N Am O & R	1⅝	1	1½
400	†Citles Ser pf	63	62	62	1,000	Omar, new	30⅜	29	30
1,200	†Col Emerald	2	1½	1⅝	40	†Pandie pf	37½	37½	37½
1,500	†Coden & Co	5½	5	5⅜	1,800	†Pennok Oil	4⅞	4½	4⅝
5,800	†Cushing Pet	1¾	1¾	1¾	1,000	†Prod & Ref	4¼	4	4
700	†Denby Oil	1	1	1	800	†Red Rock	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝
2,500	†Elk Basin	7⅝	7½	7⅝	500	†RyanCon.w	10	10	10
2,200	Engrs Pet	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	200	†SaltCk Prod	24	24	24
2,500	†Esmeralda	1⅛	1	1	800	†Salt Ck new	9⅛	8	9
2,000	†Federal Oil	2⅛	1½	2	100	†Sapulpa Ref	4½	4½	4½
500	†Fensland Oil	11	10½	10½	265	Savoy Oil	8	8	8
400	†Glenrock Oil	2½	2	2⅛	4,100	†Simms Pet	6⅞	6½	6⅝
1,500	†Granada Oil	4½	4	4½	50	†Sinclr Rs pf	76½	76½	76½
900	†Hatley-Gill	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	1,200	†Skelly Oil	7⅝	6⅞	7
4,800	†Hudson Oil	7	6⅝	7	11,300	†Texon Oil&L	1⅛	1	1⅛
1,700	Int Petrol	15½	15	15¾	400	†UnTexPete	9	9	9
2,000	†Jon Petrol	1	⅞	1	2,500	†Victoria Oil	1	⅞	1
700	†Maracaibo	13	12⅝	13	1,500	†Wilburn Oil	1¼	1	1¼
1,000	†Merritt Oil	11	10½	10½					

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

1,100	Alaska-RCM	⅞	⅝	¾	2,800	†Kewanaa	2	1	2
200	†Am Mines	1	1	1	3,500	†Knox Div	7	6½	7
2,500	Ariz-G Cop	9⅛	8¾	9	10,000	†Lone S C M	4½	4	4½
3,500	†Bel Ext, p	3½	3	3½	700	La Con	⅝	⅝	⅝
4,200	†Bel Div, p	3¼	3	3¼	200	†Marsh Min	7	7	7
30,000	Big Ledge	¾	¾	¾	2,500	†Marsh Min	8	7	7
2,700	†Booth	3½	3	3½	400	†Motherlode	5½	5½	5½
25,000	†Bos & Mon	40	39	40	15	†N J Zinc	128	128	128
3,700	†Caledonia	17	16	16½	300	†Ophir Sil M	⅞	⅞	⅞
3,000	†CandelariaS	13	11	12	700	Prince Con	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
3,500	†Cashboy	5	4	4½	1,700	Ray V Cop	1½	1½	1½
400	†Cerbat Sil	¾	½	½	1,000	Rex Consol	3	3	3
5,600	†Cortez Sil	64	62	64	2,500	†Sil K Div	1½	1	1½
500	Con Cop Sil	2	2	2	3,700	†Sil Pick	5	4½	5
700	Cres Con G	1¼	1¼	1¼	300	St Croix Sil	⅛	⅛	⅛
7,500	Dly Ext, p	27	26	26½	12,000	†S A G & L	3½	3¼	3⅜
1,500	El Sal Sil	¾	¾	¾	100	Stand Sil-L	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,200	Emma Sil	3	2½	3	2,800	†Sunset M	2	2	2
5,000	†Eureka C M	36	34	35	2,500	†Sutherland D	1¼	1	1¼
1,200	†Eureka H	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	3,500	†Tono Bel	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
8,500	†Gold Z Div	22	20	21	2,700	†Tono Div	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
3,600	†Goldf Con	7	7	7	620	Tono Ext	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
2,700	†Goldf Dev	1¼	1	1¼	150	†Tono Min	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
3,500	†Har Div M	20	16	20	1,400	Un Easts	2	2	2
250	†Hecla Min	4¼	4	4¼	5,000	†U S Con St	6½	6½	6½
1,250	†Iron Blos	¾	¾	¾	2,500	†White C M	1¼	1	1¼
5,800	†Jim Butler	18	14	17	2,500	Wilbert M	¾	¾	¾
4,300	†Jumbo Ext	5	4½	5	2,000	†Yukon G A	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$40,000	†Allied Packers 6s	....	51	50	50½
5,000	†Am Light & Traction	....	87½	87¾	87¾
15,000	†Am T & T 6s, 1922	....	93½	93⅝	93⅝
60,000	†Anaconda Copper 7s	....	93½	93⅝	93⅝
8,000	†Anglo-Am Oil 7½s	....	99	99	99
5,000	†Armour 7s	....	94	94	94
5,000	†Beth Steel 7s, 1925	....	95½	95½	95½
15,000	†Brazilian Light & Tract	....	85½	85½	85½
100,000	†Consolidated Gas 8s	....	98	97½	98
50,000	†Denmark 8s	....	97½	98¾	97
15,000	†Diamond Match 7s	....	100	100	100
5,000	†Emp Gas & F 6s, 1924	....	92½	92½	92½
5,000	†Emp Gas & F 6s, 1926	....	91	91	91
5,000	†Galena Signal Oil 7s	....	93½	93½	93½
50,000	†Goodrich 7s, 1925	....	81½	81½	81½
50,000	†Gt Nor 6s Sweden	....	71½	71½	71½
70,000	†French 5s	....	49½	49½	49½
15,000	†Kennecott Copper 7s	....	89	87½	88
15,000	†Kingdom of Norway	....	99½	99	99
2,000	†Lackeln Gas Light 7s	....	93½	93½	93½
10,000	†Morris & Co 7½s	....	94	94	94
10,000	†National Leather 8s	....	99½	99½	99½
10,000	†Nat Starch 6s	....	98	98	98
5,000	†Ohio Cities Gas 7s, 1922	....	90	90	90
4,000	†Ohio Cities Gas, 1924	....	90½	90½	90½
9,000	†Russian Govt 6½s ctfs	....	13	12	12
50,000	†Safeguard Air Line 6s	....	43½	43	43½
30,000	†Sears, Roebuck 7s (2-yr)	....	98½	98½	98½
50,000	†Sears, Roebuck 7s (3-yr)	....	94½	93½	94½
50,000	†Sears, Roebuck 7s (5-yr)	....	93½	93½	93½
50,000	†Sinclair 7½s	....	87½	88¾	87½
10,000	†Swift & Co 7s	....	98½	98¾	98½
1,000	†Southwestern Tel 7s	....	91	91	91
70,000	†Standard Oil of Cal 7s	....	100	99⅞	100
100,000	†Standard Oil of Ind 7s	....	100	100	100
50,000	†Swift & Co 7s, 1925	....	98½	98¾	98½
15,000	†Swiss Govt 7½s	....	79½	79½	79½
5,000	†Texas Co 7½s	....	97	97	97
5,000	†Union Tank Line 7s	....	90½	90½	90½
10,000	†Swift & Co 5½s	....	87½	87½	87½
10,000	†Hamburg 4½s	....	13½	13½	13½
[illegible]	†Vienna 4s	....	2½	2½	2½

†Sale cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note—Dec. 13, 100 shares of Mexican Eagle at 25⅝, instead of 15⅝.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Tues-day. Bid.
4½s July, 1965	90	91½	90½
4½s June, 1965	90	91½	90½
4½s Mar., 1963	90	91½	90½
4½s Sept., 1957	90	91½	90½
4½s May, 1957	90	91½	90½
4½s Apr., 1966	85	86½	86½
4½s Mar., 1962	85	86½	86½
4½s Sept., 1960	85	86½	85½
4½s Mar., 1960-30	85	86½	85½
4s May, 1960	81	82½	81
4s Nov., 1958	81	82½	81
4s May, 1957	81	82½	81
4s Nov., 1956	80½	82½	80½
4s Nov., 1955	80½	82½	80½
4s Nov., 1936	85	86	85
3½s May, 1954	73	74½	73
3½s Nov., 1954	73	74½	73
3½s Nov., 1953	73	74½	73

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1924-1932	5.50	5.00	5.50
4½s	1924-1933	5.55	5.00	5.55
4½s	1921-1923	5.75	5.00	5.75
4½s	1924-1931	5.50	5.00	5.50
4½s	1931-1939	5.40	5.00	5.40
4½s	1936-1953	5.50	5.00	5.00
4½s	1924-1936	5.50	5.10	5.50
4½s	1921-1923	6.50	5.50	6.50
4½s	1940-1945	5.25	5.00	5.25
4½s	1946-1953	5.30	5.00	5.30
4s	1926-1936	5.50	5.00	5.50
4s	1921-1953	6.25	5.25	6.25

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Tues-day. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd.	15½	16½	17
Atlantic Lobos	20	25	20
Do pf	80	90	90
Atlantic Refining	950	950	900
Do pf	102	103	102
Borne-Scrymser	390	410	390
Buckeye Pipe Line	81	83	81
Chesebrough Mfg	170	180	170
Do pf	97	100	97
Continental Oil	104	108	105
Crescent Pipe Line	28	29	27
Cumberland P L	120	130	120
Eureka Pipe Line	86	90	85
Galena Signal Oil	44	47	44
Do pf, new	103	106	103
Do pf, old	93	100	95
Illinois Pipe Line	148	153	150
Imperial Oil, Ltd	90	93	90
Indiana Pipe Line	83	85	83
Int Pet Co, Ltd	15	15⅝	15
National Transit	22	24	23
New York Transit	155	158	155
Northern Pipe Line	90	95	90
Ohio Oil	265	285	270
Penn-Mex Fuel	30	35	35
Prairie Oil & Gas	420	435	425
Prairie Pipe Line	185	190	190
Solar Refining	350	370	350
Southern Pipe Line	98	100	98
South Penn Oil	230	240	230
S W Pa Pipe Lines	83	85	83
Stand Oil of Cal	292	297	303
Stand Oil of Ind			
Stand Oil of Kan	360	600	580
Stand Oil of Ky	400	440	400
Stand Oil of Neb	390	410	390
Stand Oil of N J	570	580	575
Do pf	103	104	103
Stand Oil of N Y	297	305	312
Stand Oil of Ohio	380	400	380
Do pf	102	105	102
Swan & Finch	45	60	45
Union Tank Car	90	102	99
Do pf	93	96	93
Vacuum Oil	265	275	265
Washington Oil	30	35	30

SUGAR STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Yester-day. Ask.	Tues-day. Bid.
Caracas Sugar	40	45	40
Central Aguirre	47	50	49
Central Sugar	8	13	8
Do pf	35	45	35
Fajardo	80	90	80
Federal Sugar	97	103	98
Do pf	97	100	98
Holly	20	25	20
Do pf	80	90	80
Nat Sugar Ref	110	120	115
Santa Cecelia	40	50	40
Savannah	12	20	10
Do pf	40	55	45
Great Western	230	280	230
Do pf	100	110	100
Holly	20	25	20
Do pf	80	90	80
Nat Sugar Ref	110	120	115
Santa Cecelia	40	50	40
Savannah	12	20	10
Do pf	40	55	45

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market closed 12@37 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Closing Close.	Closing Bid.
Spot	....	....	....	12.25
January	8.46	8.35	8.37	8.38
February	No sales			8.47
March	8.90	8.81	8.86	8.88
April	No sales			8.93
May	9.18	9.07	9.13	9.12
June	No sales			9.13
July	9.35	9.33	9.33	9.33

Total sales, 14,500.

COFFEE.

The coffee market closed 9@24 points under yesterday's prices.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	6.40	6.34	6.36	6.45	13.15
May	6.71	6.13	6.75	6.87	15.85
July	7.10	7.05	7.05	7.16	15.85
September	7.34	7.30	7.30	7.41	15.35

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market was irregular.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	4.55	4.55	4.55	....
March	4.82	4.75	4.80	4.61
May	4.90	4.85	4.85	4.70
July	5.05	5.00	5.03	4.85
February	4.68	4.65	4.65	....

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE FLATT IRON WORKS COMPANY.

To the Holders of
First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Sinking Fund Twenty-Year Gold Bonds issued and outstanding under the Mortgage of The Flatt Iron Works Company to Central Trust Company of New York as Trustee, dated August 1, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that The Flatt Iron Works Company has called for redemption on February 1, 1921, all of the bonds issued and outstanding under the above mortgage at 105 per centum of the face amount of said bonds and accrued interest; that on said first day of February, 1921, there will become due and payable upon each of said bonds the principal thereof with five per cent. premium thereon, and that no further interest will accrue or be payable upon any of said bonds after said day of February, 1921.

Holders of said bonds are hereby required to present the same for redemption on said first day of February, 1921, at the office of Central Union Trust Company of New York, No. 80 Broadway, N. Y. City. All bonds so presented must be in negotiable form accompanied by the coupon due August 1, 1921, and all subsequent coupons.

Holders of said bonds may obtain payment of the same at any time prior to said first day of February, 1921, at 105 per centum of the face amount thereof, together with the interest accrued thereon to the time of such payment, upon the presentation and surrender at said office of said Trust Company of the bonds held by them respectively in negotiable form accompanied by all unmatured coupons.

Dated, New York, December 2, 1920.
THE FLATT IRON WORKS COMPANY.
By J. F. HARTLIEB, Vice President.

FINANCIAL NOTICE

To the Holders of Dominican Republic 5% Bonds, Issue of 1918, Due 1938.

In accordance with Executive Order 272 sealed proposals will be received by the Secretaria de Estado de Hacienda y Comercio until 10 o'clock A. M. of February 1, March 1 and April 1, 1921, for the purchase for retirement of bonds of the Dominican Republic dated January 1, 1918, due 1938, without regard to series, to an amount estimated at THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS ($320,000) on each of the above dates, a total for all three dates of $960,000. All proposals shall be submitted in triplicate and shall specify the number of the bonds offered, the series, the par value, and the price at which offered and shall be signed by an official duly authorized to act for the bidders. Upon the outside of the sealed envelopes containing proposals shall appear the words "Proposals opening of ..... (fill in date). Said proposals will be opened in public in the office of the undersigned on February 1, March 1 and April 1, 1921, unless such date be a Sunday or legal holiday, in which case the bids will be opened on the following day.

Arthur H. Mayo.
Lieutenant Commander (SC), U. S. N.,
Officer Administering the Affairs of the Secretaria de Estado de Hacienda y Comercio for the Military Government.

WESTERN STATES GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY FIRST AND REFUNDING MORTGAGE 5 PER CENT GOLD BONDS, DUE JUNE 1, 1942.

Pursuant to terms of mortgage, dated June 1, 1911, the undersigned invites tenders of above bonds for sale and delivery as of January 19, 1921, at a price not exceeding par, accrued interest and five per cent premium, to the extent of $114,596.15, the sum now available in the Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders stating numbers of bonds offered, addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, Sinking Fund, Western States Gas and Electric Company First and Refunding Mortgage 5 Per Cent Gold Bonds, will be received until 3 P. M., January 6, 1921.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
GEORGE H. STUART 3d, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, Pa., December 1, 1920.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER CO.

To Stockholders:
Holders of Voting Trust Certificates:
The Voting Trust Agreement between Stockholders of this Company and Voting Trustees will expire December 31, 1920. Application is being made to the New York Stock Exchange to list all classes of this Company's stock. New forms of stock certificates are being prepared. On and after December 31, 1920, holders of voting trust certificates may surrender such certificates duly endorsed for transfer and obtain stock certificates of equivalent kind and amount and stockholders may exchange old certificates for new certificates (without change of name or amount) at the Columbia Trust Company, 60 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
REMINGTON TYPEWRITER COMPANY.
By George K. Gilluly,
Secretary and Agent for Voting Trustees.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of Directors, to consider amending the Articles of Association so as to increase the authorized number of Directors, and to act upon any other matters which may be brought

Little Doing in Gray Goods.

Very little trading was done in the local gray goods market yesterday. In the print cloths, December-January shipments of 39-inch 68-72s and 38½-inch 64-60s were sold at 8½ and 8 cents, respectively. Buyers of sheetings were inactive throughout the day. It is said that this was done in the so-called clothing styles was the selling of additional nearby lots of 39-inch 64-106, 4.20-yard sateens at 13½ cents.

Not All Goods Are Declining.

The American representatives of one of the largest manufacturers of sport coats in Scotland have just received a letter from the latter which shows that some kinds of wearing apparel have not come down in price, in part, the letter says: "We regret to say that at the moment we cannot make any reduction in the prices you already have for these goods. There has certainly been a drop in prices of wools in this country but this does not effect the special qualities that our goods are made from. As a matter of fact, the alpacs and cashmere yarns for 'T——' and 'R——' are at present (quoted) at a higher rate, and we cannot hold out any hope of an immediate reduction in price."

Recasting Credit Reports.

The impression in credit circles is that the suggestion made at the recent cancellation conference of textile interests

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

FOSTER & LOUNSBERY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against J. Hegeman Foster, W. Frazer Gibson and A. Duvel Lounsbery, copartners, trading as Foster & Lounsbery, stock brokers at 24 Broad Street, by these creditors: Manfred L. Neumogen, $2,900; Edward H. Osborne, $5,000, and Henry H. Cone, $2,000.

AMERICAN STAR LINE, INC.—Judge Mayer has appointed George W. Sterling receiver, in $1,000 bond, for American Star Line, inc., shipping, at 25 Beaver Street. Under a bond brought in the United States through its solicitor, Francis G. Caffey, United States Attorney, on its own behalf and on the behalf of all other creditors. It is stated that American Star Line, Inc., is indebted to the complainant for a sum in excess of $300,000 for the purchase of the steamers American Star and Northern Star, and that it has other obligations in excess of $100,000 and not on hand sufficient money to meet maturing claims. American Star Line, Inc., was organized in 1916 and is a New York corporation. It was stated that the company had paid to the United States Shipping Board some $960,000 on account of the purchase price of the steamship American Star and the steamship Northern Star, but had fallen behind in payments and that the receivership was thought to be necessary to protect the interests of all concerned and to endeavor to tide the company over.

SIPKIN & GORSCHEN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Harry G. Sipkin and Samuel Gorschen, trading as Sipkin & Gorschen, manufacturers of women's and misses' coats, at 15 East 26th St., by these creditors: Katz Cloak Co., $2,250; M. & S. Hirt Mills, $900, and Max Rothstein Co., $750. Judge Knox has appointed Louis Jarawitz receiver, in $15,000 bond. It is stated that the liabilities are about $100,000 and the assets about $60,000.

AJAX DRESS CO., INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Ajax Dress Co., Inc., manufacturer of dresses, at 15 East 26th St., by Gottlieb & Hyman, creditors for $9,000. Judge Knox has appointed Max Pinanski receiver in $3,000 bond. It is stated that the liabilities are about $25,000 and the assets about $7,500.

WILSKER & SMOLLER—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against David Smoller, individually, and as surviving partner of Wilsker & Smoller, jobbers in silks and woolens, at 46 East 28th St., by these creditors: Max Kaufman, $500, and A. & S. Schaldhaus, $100. It is stated that the liabilities are about $60,000 and the assets about $10,000. An assignment was also made to Henry Lesser.

JACOB SOLOMON—Two petitions in bankruptcy have been filed against Jacob Solomon, retail dry goods and men's furnishings, at 143 East Forty-third Street, 654 Third Avenue and Tenth Avenue, by these creditors: Saddelle Goldberg, $424; Blanche Weber, $171; A. Mofter, $521; F. Miller, $338; H. Johnson, $400; L. Frank, $183. It is stated that the liabilities are about $25,000 and the assets about $15,000. An assignment was also made to Harry Josephson.

K. & G. CLOAK AND DRESS HOUSE—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Jacob Klein and Morris Glass, trading as K. & G. Cloak and Dress House, at 2,008 Third Avenue, by these creditors: William Greenberg, $272; Dankevsky & Brothers, $125, and Isidor M. Raffer, $765. Liabilities are said to be about $3,000 and assets about $1,000. The firm is engaged in the retail cloak and suit business.

RELIABLE CLOTHING STORE—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Resnik, retail dealer in clothing, trading as Reliable Clothing Store, at 1,572 Second Avenue, by these creditors: Martin Liebschutz, $116; I. Rosen, $124, and Harry Steingart, $114. Liabilities are said to be about $5,500 and assets about $1,500. An assignment was also made to Samuel Wiesler.

NATHAN F. LOBELSOHN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Nathan F. Lobelsohn, at 1,060 Third Avenue, by these creditors: C. Grossbandler, $171; A. Mafgaum, $126, and L. Brodsky, $226. It is stated that the liabilities are about $2,000 and the assets about $1,000. A second petition was filed against him by three creditors whose claims aggregated $696, and an assignment was made to Nathan M. Abramson.

DIANNA LUNCH COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Dianna Lunch Company, also known as The Royal, restaurant, at 1,500 Broadway, by these creditors: Sarah F. Rabinowitz, $1,200; Milton M. Siegel, $158, and William Lighter, $370.

ENVELOPE PAPER AND TAG CORPORATION—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Envelope Paper and Tag Corporation, manufacturer of envelopes, tags, &c., at 28 West Thirteenth Street, by these creditors: Lazda Mlchnick, $300; Charles S. Rich, $160, and Jacob Fox, $125. Judge Knox has appointed Robert C. Lee receiver in $5,000 bond.

JACOB SCHECHTER—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Jacob Schechter, jobber of cotton goods, at 115 Eldridge Street, by these creditors: J. Richman & Co., $380; Pincus Mainzer, $300, and Phillip Feldman, $162. Liabilities are said to be about $1,000 and assets about $1,500.

MARRON & ROBINSON—George Marron and Charles Robinson, copartners, trading as Marron & Robinson, millinery, at 60 West Thirty-sixth Street, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $13,517 and assets of $7,347.

ROSINA ALBANO, housekeeper, residing at 326 East Sixty-third Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $28,435 and no assets.

CHARLES ERELMAN—Judge Knox has appointed Charles W. McCandless receiver, in $2,000 bond, for Charles Erelman, men's furnishings, at 1,636 Southern Boulevard. It is stated that the liabilities are about $25,000 and the assets about $16,000.

F. & A. CLOTHING COMPANY—Judge Knox has appointed George W. Clune receiver, in $1,000 bond, for F. & A. Clothing Company, manufacturers of men's clothing, at 124 Broadway. It is stated that the liabilities are about $5,000 and the assets about $1,000.

PANCELLI BROS.—Judge Knox has appointed George W. Clune receiver, in $1,000 bond, for Pancelli Bros., wholesale fruit and produce, at 45 Commerce Street.

JASON JAFFERS, INC.—Judge Knox has appointed Louis Jaresawit receiver, in $5,000 bond, for Jason Jaffers, Inc., dealer in automobile tires, at 252 West Fifty-fifth Street.

LOUIS FOLLOCK—Judge Knox has appointed D. J. Atkins receiver, in $1,000 bond, for Louis Pollock, shoes, at Newburgh, N. Y.

THE DIAMOND CREAMERY CO., INC., at 235 Fifth Avenue, 2nd plant at Mamaroneck, N. Y., have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $108,375 and assets of $182,108, main items of which are stock, $74,922; machinery, &c., $44,522; accounts, $9,330; unliquidated claims, $5,136, and deposits in bank, $1,068.

CHARLES HERBEN, dry goods, at 1,063 Second Avenue, has assigned to Frank Gerson.

SEAMAN & FABECK—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Harry Crawman and Morris Fabeck, individually and as copartners, doing business as Crawman & Fabeck, retail dry goods, 1,703 Broadway, Brooklyn, by Kares Mills, for $998.

MONICA, CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Giuseppe La Monica, trading as La Monica & Co., wholesale food products, 1,752 Bath Avenue, Brooklyn, by Austin-Nichols, $325; William J. Quinn, $300, and William Lighter, $400.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, Dec. 22.—Creditors filed petition in bankruptcy against Empire Weaving and Knitting Corporation at East Rochester today, with claims aggregating more than $40,000.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

American Oceanic Corp.—Firemen's Fund Ins. Co. $1,824.29
Akaal Machinery Corp.—G. W. Clark & Co. 122.33
Adler, David—Siegel 6,705.00
American Distribution Sales Co.—U. S. Government Advertiser 382.45
Rohsung, Elise E.—M. M. Lippold et al. 133.18
Seller, Abraham, and Aaron Applebaum—New Netherland Bank of New York 2,772.46
Belzer, Robert G.—Faultless Fur Mfg. Co. 2,389.94
Brooks, Louis and Maxwell (M. Brooks & Son)—Corn Exchange Bank 161.91
Board of Education of the City of New York—R. Bulova 1,373.45
Cirotols, Fred—W. Kaisen et al. 128.18
Chambre, Ferdinand—Dooley-Killian Co., Inc. 254.90
Cassidy-Beaufort Co., Inc.—F. W. Taylor et al. 167.63
Colleti-Raina, Ignathus, and Margaret C. Raina—N. A. Norelli et al. 747.54
Cohen, David and Fannie—J. H. Carpenter et al. 4,227.45
Continental Import Co.—H. B. Davis et al. 23,002.08
Cohn, Frank—H. G. Horman 316.91
Pullet, Inez—D. W. Gregory Adjustment Corp. 175.18
Dansiger Dairy Co., Inc.—Saranac Realty Co. 590.71
Dunay, Henry—H. Cohn 579.37
Estasano, Jacob—Pacific Bank 4,274.44
Ellas, Joseph M. (Diamond Toy Mfg. Co.)—Uncle Sam Doll Corp. 901.90
Finger, Joseph E.—Cornerstone Realty Co., Inc. 112.50
Farrar, May—N. Y. Stanford Ry. Co., coats 111.20
Goldshagen, Louis, and Herman Halpern (Pearl Dress Co.)—H. Turk 279.93
Gennuso, Lorenzo—Goldbrook Shoe Co., Inc. 142.00
Goldstein, Maurice—S. Chanin et al. 365.41
Goldstein, Altar, and Louis A. Goldberg (Goldstein & Goldberg)—Breecker Bros. 1,633.66
House and Home Co.—Adolph Weichers Realty Co. 367.20
Hooks, George—Burns Bros. 257.05
International Rubber Co.—Chicago, Burlington & Quincy RR. Co., costs 796.83
Iskowitz, Henry (Matson Hotel)—M. Sonner 145.20
Knickerbocker Overseas Co., Inc.—Yale & Towne Mfg. Co. 302.38
Koch, Jennie, and Harry Katz—People, &c. 500.00
Kahra, Hans—S. Kahra 862.10
Lumb, Charles E., ex'r—H. Knubel 152.88
Lapham, Joan G.—President and Directors of the Manhattan Co. 31,044.93
Liberty Pastry Shop, Inc.—Levy Dairy Co. 346.79
Lista & Co., Inc.—M. W. Taggart 1,244.76
Munger Products Co.—Nelson Tool Co., Inc. 205.05
Mead, Edward—A. G. Fitzgerald 207.27
Maryland Casualty Co.—Victory Contracting Co. 188.97
Manahan, Joseph A.—J. Klugman 638.17
Middleton, William T.—Yale & Towne Mfg. Co. 815.83
Nelson, Martin—A. Pollak 7,250.63
Obester, J. E., and Samuel Rabinowitz —Sales Extension Corp. 404.68
O'Neill, William—Ninety-fourth Street Garage, Inc. 201.06
Pandolfi, Louis—George Garrizzo & Co., Inc. 438.90
Payton, Cerea—M. C. Goldman 568.41
Peters, Charles—B. Fuchs 512.50
Rhoades, May L.—F. H. Shapiro 115.41
Slougn, John F.—S. H. Bartsch 1,374.02
Saba Realty Co., Inc.—Pistenbauer, Nesbit Co. 343.83
S. Kosofsky & Co., Inc., James Sechlar & Brown Oil Service Co. 962.21
Society Waist Mfg. Co., Inc.—H. Turr 216.70
Schmieglow, Elnar C. (American Plastic Co.)—I. T. Steb & Co., Inc. 2,813.11
Saxer, Arnold C.—Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney Dry Goods Co. 179.69
Steiner, Samuel S.—J. Lazar 191.60
Schroeter, Carl H.—R. Hess 256.55
Schofield, Jr., John—Martin Kramer & Co., Inc. 123.76
United States Garter Co., Inc.—H. Pollister et al. 497.89
Vanitaka Mfg. Corp.—Fashionable Dyers Pub. Co., Inc. 164.40
Wheaton, Edward F.—A. Devine et al. 145.70
Whitehead, John T. and John T. Jr., (John T. Whitehead & Son)—John J. Leahy Electrical Supplies, Inc. 135.89
Watkins, Lucius, and Fidelity and Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c. 1,500.00
Zeoli, Angelo—B. Siragusa 126.25

In Bronx County.

Babcock, Harry G.—Brunswick Motor Sales Co., Inc. $140.42
Dunn, John F. and Mary P.—F. Salzberg 161.23
Daly, Aloysius A.—S. Gabriel 157.41
Darby, Charles F.—Dimeck & Fink Co. 259.69
Fox Meta 10—T. Well et al. 24.95
Kline Pratt—C. E. Jones 73.75
Kammer, Samuel—Silversteen & Co., Inc. 65.79
Mutual Froth Realty Co. of N. Y.—C. Lodeking 633.95
Owl Wet Wash Laundry Co., Inc.—Aldem, Sperre Soap Co. 169.03
Rotando, John, as admr.—H. H. Urie et al. 108.85
Schwartz, Joseph M.—A. Schwartz 80.47

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Berdon, Matthew S.—G. G. Gay; March 23, 1921 ..... $126.60
Newark Express and Transportation Co.—E. W. Hughes, Jr.; Dec. 21, 1920 ..... 252.28
Nelson, Thomas—C. H. Jones; Nov. 19, 1920 ..... 128.84
Mott, J. Varnum—H. F. Rathbun; Oct. 24, 1916 ..... 286.91
Fink, Adam—F. M. Brown; Sept. 16, 1913 ..... 126.20
Andrus, Harry W.—H. A. Palmer; Dec. 10, 1920 ..... 205.16
Crevelling, Albertina D.—A. Paglia; Oct. 27, 1920 ..... 2,042.82
Riley, Alice, and Charles Mule—People, &c.; Dec. 7, 1920 ..... 500.00
William Hall Co.—F. Maher; Nov. 25, 1920 ..... 1,637.15
Powers, Owen J. and Ernest O.—S. Shulman; Oct. 26, 1920 ..... 4,789.45
Tausek, Maxwell—Nickmeiles Co.; June 7, 1921 ..... 1,047.23
Crevelling, Albertina D.—P. Ording; Nov. 12, 1920 ..... 1,979.09

Reports on Holiday Buying.

There is something of mystery about the reports of holiday business in the retail stores, which seem to make accurate estimates impossible. In well-informed quarters yesterday it was stated that up to the 15th of the month quite a satisfactory trade was done, but that most decline has been experienced during the present closing days of Christmas buying. To do as well as the last named period before a greater volume of sales must be obtained, it is pointed out, and last year new records were established. On these grounds, observers are discounting reports of previous records being eclipsed.

No Suitings Auction.

From a source close to the operations of the leading factor in the woolen market it was learned that no auction of surplus suitings is contemplated, but that what remains of this will be put in stock and sold with new goods opened up for the coming heavyweight season. It is reported in the market that a Chicago clothing house was a large purchaser of these goods, which will be made up into garments to be sold at a very low price and at very low prices. Confirmation of this deal or the plans for the disposal of the surplus goods are awaited with interest by the trade, which would like to see these materials out of the way.

Reduced Production Danger.

In wholesale circles it is felt that several "holes" or shortages are growing up in dry goods and ready-to-wear stocks which must be filled. The reduced production of goods, taken along with these little scarcities, is regarded as something danger signal which buyers should heed. In the opinion of those who have been studying conditions closely, it will take only a few shortages of the sort described to precipitate a different feeling on the part of retailers. While no stampede of purchasing is thought possible or desired, the result, it is felt, will be to restore a more normal demand.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Dec. 22.—Charters filed: Dictators' Fountain Pen Co., $40,000,000; Cornelius A. Cole, Hackensack, N. J.; Robert A. Van Voorhis, Jersey City; Arthur B. Oakley, Pearl River, N. Y.

Yellow Valley Sugar Co., raise sugar beets, $4,000,000; T. L. Cretsau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Allied Industrial Finance Corp., finance and investment business, $1,500,000; J. M. Gilliett, San Francisco.

Lek-Tro Sales and Investment Co., manufacture electric popcorn machine, $250,000; L. D. Sawyer, Mardin, Okla.; M. W. Cesart, Elma, Okla.; Edith Simpson, Blackwell, Okla.

S. D. Loveland Co., ship brokers, $250,000; T. L. Cretsau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Pacific Ports Service Corp., wharfage and berthing of steamships, $100,000; T. L. Cretsau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Morris Manufacturing Co., manufacture gas and electric light lamps, $100,000; F. R. Hansell, Vernon Pimm, E. M. MacFarland, Philadelphia.

Shallcross Co., manufacture typewriters, &c., $60,000; M. M. Lacy, M. B. Reese, L. S. Dorsey, Wilmington.

Halstead Motor Truck Exchange, manufacture automobiles, $10,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Big Sandy Supply Co., butchers, $10,000; A. B. Budinger, Snow Shoe, Pa.; W. I. N. Lofland, Frank Jackson, Dover.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Ellingwood Co., Inc., New York, $1,000,000 to $1,000,000.

Captain Glass, South Connellsville, Pa., $500,000 to $2,500,000.

Duane P. Best Lisa, Philadelphia, $100,000 to $500,000.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Dec. 2. — New charters granted:

J. McKeefery Co., Newark; real estate, $125,000; Charles O. Gevarm, Harry H. Pickling, Gordon Grant, East Orange.

E. E. N. Rotary Motors Co., Grantwood, deal in automobiles, $125,000; Edward M. Norton, New York; Peter E. Brulaton, Coytesville; William H. Krebs, Grantwood.

Stannard Drug Co., Hoboken, $50,000; Adele L. Van Clove, Norman B. Van Clove, H. B. Van Clove, Montclair.

CANTON CREPE Wanted—Quantity. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

CHAMBRAY Wanted—All colors. Simons & Levine, 1,181 Broadway.

CHIFFON TAFFETA Wanted—Brown, black, navy. Mendelsoge & Vogel, 31 W. 34th.

CLOTHING Wanted—Will buy $100,000 men's, boys' suits, overcoats, pants for cash; must be low figure; will look at samples at Broadway Central Hotel, Room 15, on Dec. 23 and 24, between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. Louis Gordon Jr., Son & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on Spring samples in all materials. 5th floor, 39 West 32d.

COATS, CHILDREN'S, Wanted—Placing orders on sizes 2-6 and 7-14. 34 West 17th (5th floor).

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on ladies', juniors and children's all week. 9th floor, 3 East 17th.

COATS and SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples of the better kind. 134 West 26th St., 6th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Placing orders on high-grade misses' coats and suits. 156 West 27th, 8th floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Placing Spring orders. Call mornings. M. S. Wuzman, 6 West 33d.

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders for Spring samples. Call Thursday and Friday, 3d floor, 142 West 27th.

COATS Wanted—Spring, placing orders; bring samples. 958 6th Av., 1st floor. Phone for buyer to call, Chelsea 10800.

COATS Wanted—Spring, infants', children's. Call, with samples, supplying cloth, 224 8th Av.

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring samples. 4th floor, 39 West 28th.

COATS AND WRAPS Wanted—Of the better kind. 1,431 Broadway, 36th St. entrance, top floor.

COATS Wanted—Looking at samples Spring coats. 3d floor, East 27th.

COATS AND WRAPS wanted for Spring. I. N., 45 West 27th, 4th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at coats, better kind. 12 West 27th (4th floor).

COATS and SUITS Wanted—For Spring. 153 West 26th St. (8th floor).

COATS Wanted—Spring wraps, better kind. 141 West 25th, 12th floor.

COATS Wanted—Spring sport coats, cheap price. 141 West 28th, 12th floor.

CORDUROY Wanted—9000, firm finish, navy, brown, gray; for cash. Stuyvesant 2459.

COTTON GOODS, Sheetings, Drills, Ducks Wanted—Full details in first letter, spot cash. L. 681 Times Downtown.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—York goldsh cloth, brown, pattern F-17 only; send swatch. Straus, Royer & Straus, Inc., Baltimore, Md.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Jeans, twills, for manufacturer of middy blouses. 1,182 Broadway, Room 507.

COTTON NETS Wanted—All counts and colors; cash. Apple, 137 5th Av.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted—Juilliard's, in all colors; 5th floor, 28th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at fine georgettes, taffetas, canton crepe fancies; also misses' and juniors'. Call 10:30-2:30, Room 1814, 15 East 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber will pay cash for any quantity of tricotine, serge and silk dresses. 153 West 27th (3d floor). Chelsea 7385.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing stock orders on tricotine and serge dresses for the Spring. Call from 4 to 6. M. Wexler, 60 West 30th St.

DRESSES Wanted — Jobber placing orders on new styles in tricotines at popular prices. Call with samples, 130 West 25th, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring samples in all materials. 5th floor, 39 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs embroidered and beaded tricotines at a price. 510 6th Av., 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on taffetas, canton crepes and charmeuse of the better kind. Maurice Kutner, 270 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking for samples, all materials. Call 9-12, 14th floor, 6 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at better grade dresses. First floor, 52 West 27th.

DRESSES, Jobs Wanted—Also looking at Spring models. Room 38, 1,193 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Tricotines, poirets and silks, better kind. Lady Fair, 224 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples. 34 West 28th, 6th floor.

FURS Wanted—Collars of all kinds, spot cash. 7th floor, 48 W. 25th.

FURS Wanted — Ringtail and beaver jobs. Abraham Katz Co., 22 West 21st.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Will purchase cash for any quantity of two thread, all colors; price must be right. Spring 4975, Extension 42.

GEORGETTES Wanted—2x2 crepe de chines 54, pick row or finished, any quantity; cash. Klein Bros., 423 4th Av.

GINGHAMS Wanted—Everett chambrays, Essex chambrays, Everett classics, Yorks, Red Seals, Eastwoth seersuckers, Yorks seersuckers, Golden cloths, Indanthrene zephyrs, Gloria marvel, Imperial chambrays, Lancaster seersuckers and Bates zephyrs, any quantity; spot cash. Franklin 1774.

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR Wanted—Any quantity; sacrifice price; spot cash. A 684 Times Downtown.

JERSEYS Wanted—Can use 1,000 pieces 14-15 Reep., 2-ply wool or worsted leather at 75c net cash; this is for our ready-to-wear manufacturing department. M. Silverman & Son, Philadelphia, Pa.

JERSEYS Wanted—Tan and copen, worsted heather jerseys. Roth Bros., 9 West 36th. Watkins 5618.

JERSEYS Wanted—Open for quantity heather mixtures. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

JERSEY Wanted—Wool or worsted; quantity at a price. Morris Haft, 1,333 B'way.

MESSALINE Wanted—Large quantity; will pay cash; all colors. Saldenberg & Le Mahieu, 123 West 30th. Watkins 6900.

MESSALINE Wanted—Browns, any quantity. Call with sample pieces, 7th floor, Dorfman & Wiesen, 1,115 Broadway.

MESSALINE Wanted—36-inch, all colors, for cash. $16 5th Av., Room 305.

NETS Wanted—40-hole, ecru nets; also white double chiffon. Forster Embroidery Co., 120 5th Av.

PLAID Wanted—Amoskeag, 19000 range, for cash. E. Schmerler, 534 Broadway. Spring 873.

POIRET TWILLS and TRICOTINES Wanted. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 28th St.

PONGEE Wanted—12 momie; also striped and plain pongee de chine. Halper & Friedman, 627 Broadway.

PONGEE Wanted—12 momie. Mayer-Goldberg & Sons, 134 West 26th.

SERGES Wanted—Will exchange any quantity, all qualities, of navy serge for black. Mr. Kurash, Longacre 5133.

SERGES Wanted—Will buy quantity serges and tricotines for cash. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

SERGES Wanted—Big quantity; must be cheap, cash. Empire Waist and Dress Co., 54 East 11th.

SERGES Wanted—Spot cash, quantity Whitman's 11, also 9, 0036, 104, 7614, 6607. Madison 5479.

SERGES Wanted—Amoskeag 7120, Whitman's 1213, Chelsea 1456.

SERGES, Tricotines Wanted—164, 6422, 617, 139; quantity for cash. Longacre 4154.

SERGES Wanted—6038 or 6320, black only. Sol Cohen, Longacre 6186.

SERGES AND TRICOTINES Wanted—6, 0388, 9902. Watkins 8840.

SERGE Wanted—All-wool, any quantity, for cash. 153 West 27th (3d floor).

SHIRTINGS, Silk—We are interested in every kind of silk shirtings, including white jerseys and white heavy crepe de chine, at a price for spot delivery. Telephone or call with samples, Rainbow Shirt Corp., 189 Greene St., near Bleecker. Spring 6625.

SILKS Wanted—Will buy for spot cash, ¾ and 5-thread crepe de chines; also crepe meteors, radiums, satins, messalines, georgettes, taffetas, sport silks; printed georgettes; also all kinds of shirtings and all kinds of remnants in silk from 1½ yards up. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 3873.

SILK SHIRTINGS Wanted—Open to buy any quantity at a price; call with samples. M. Auerbach & Sons, 119 W. 24th. Watkins 6237.

SILK Wanted—Jap. Habutai, in 5-cut 6½ momme; quantity; at a price. Gibbs, Gran. 6167.

SILKS Wanted—Messaline, browns, any quantity. Call with sample piece, 7th floor, Dorfman & Wiesen, 1,115 Broadway.

SILKS (Jap) Wanted—24 to 7 flame., natural; quantity; cash no object. Stuyvesant 3120.

SILKS, WASH SATINS, CREPES Wanted—At price for cash. Bernstein & Co., 537 Broadway. Spring 7089.

SILKS Wanted—Peau de crynes, radium linings; quantity for cash. Bernstein, 37 West 31st.

SILKS Wanted—Plain, radium linings. Herman Goldstein, 127 West 25th.

SILKS Wanted—Twill satin, Charmeuse, 1,150 Broadway, Room 901.

SUEDINE Wanted—American 13068, Shade 336 only. Sprimg 1245.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted—Placing orders on high-grade misses' suits and coats. 156 West 27th, 8th floor.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at better grade Spring suits. 9th floor, 34 West 31st.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at better grade Spring suits. 9th floor, 34 West 31st.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Open for large quantity, buyers may send their orders; bring sample piece with you. Wlesse & Goldstein, 1,107 Broadway, corner 24th St., 10th floor.

TAFFETAS Wanted—350 pieces Stehlis 8355, 7 & D. 205, navy, black, brown; immediate delivery. Arthur Cohen & Schleifer, 127 Madison Av.

TAFFETA Wanted—All colors; not over $1 per yard; also three-thread crepe de chine and gros de Londre. Phone Spring 6403; ask for Mr. Gross.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Open for quantity in taffetas and crepe meteor. Gina Bros., 109 West 29th St.

TAFFETA Wanted—Open to buy navy and brown. Call with samples between 9-12, 1 Frank & Son, 6 West 32d.

TAFFETA Wanted—Can use a quantity of henna taffeta of good quality only. Madison Square 598. George Schulman.

TAFFETA Wanted—In black, navy and brown; open for quantity for cash. Alphra Waist Co., 31 West 27th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Good quality, all shades; also canton crepe. Maurice Kuther, 279 5th Av.

TAFFETA Wanted—Open for 300 pieces, all colors, at a price. Brucker Bros., 28 W. 28th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—For cash, 3249 and 266 or similar, all shades. Letster, 433 4th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Will buy any quantity in black and colored taffeta for rep waist; call with samples. Bassers, 24 East 29th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Big quantities; must be cheap, cash. Empire Waist and Dress Co., 54 East 11th.

TAFFETA Wanted — Quantity brown and navy; spot cash. S. Phillips, 14 East 32d. Longacre 3414.

TAFFETA Wanted — Chiffon, navy and brown; good quality only. M. Maltz, 14 West 31st. Longacre 4673.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Low ends, all shades. Brodie-Siegel & Co., 35 West 27th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—All colors, cash. Bildmore Dress, 6 West 20th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Stehlis brown, or similar. Harry Eidlinger, 20 West 27th.

TAFFETAS Wanted — Cheap. Jacob Holtman, 134 West 29th.

TAFFETA Wanted—All grades, dark colors; quantity. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

TAFFETAS Wanted — Large quantities. Eclipse Dress Co., West 33d.

TAFFETAS Wanted — Brown and gray. Room 904, 27 West 24th. Chelsea 8187.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy and brown; spot cash; at a price. Vogel, 141 West 24th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Baruch, Wolf's 13-50; Stoney's 117 or similar; will pay cash; submit samples by mail only. Room 820, 210 5th Av.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Reed's 5809, or similar quality; for cash. Ben Ginsberg Co., Fitzroy 5611.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Reed's 5902, Ardrows 1437, 0388, and similar. M. Schiff & Bro., 14 West 32d. Longacre 5893.

TRICOTINE AND POIRET Wanted—Pacific Reed's 0388 and similar qualities, for cash. Mendelson-Sussman Co., Fitzroy 5611.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Garfield's 4718 and 5210 or Botany's 5999. Madison Square 1969.

TRICOTINES Wanted—American 0388 and other grades; must be cheap. Fine, 12 West 27th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Open for 50 pieces navy at a price. Brucker Bros., 28 West 28th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Open for quantity, from $1.75 to $2.25. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Quantities, for cash. Seitz & Lovin, 2 West 33d. Pennsylvania 5079.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Big quantities; must be cheap, cash. Empire Waist and Dress Co., 54 East 11th St.

TRICOTINES Wanted—30 pieces navy. Wm. F. Read, Styles 4992, Telephone Madison Square 0153. Mr. Cohen.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Navy, at a price. H. & J. Galbowitz, 154 West 26th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—3304; will pay cash. Chelsea 7397.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Andrew's 5782 navy. Longacre 3983.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Reed's 5902 or similar. Gittleman & Potosky, 29 West 33th.

TRICOTINES, Serges and Poiret Twill Wanted—Room 38, 1,193 Broadway.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Navy and tan, for cash. Lipshitz & Feldshuan, 32 West 32d.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Any quantity, for cash; also seconds. 153 West 27th, third floor.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Quantity; $2 and under. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Reed's 7161, quantity, for cash. Chelsea 6849.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Good quality, at a price. Max Levine, 109 West 27th.

VELOURS Wanted—Light weight, at the right price; brown and reindeer only. If price is right will pay cash. Dorfman & Weisen, 16 West 25th.

VELOURS Wanted—At price; pay spot cash, brown; 54 Rep., 2-ply wool for women's wear. Vanderbilt 4634, 7388.

VELOURS Wanted—Dress weight, big quantity, at a price. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th.

VELVETS Wanted—Lyon or other good qualities in most any pastel shade. Spring 7934.

VELOUR Wanted—Checks and plaids, for caps; cash. F. 286 Times.

WOOLENS Wanted—F. & H. Marvella, colors 114-673; duvetyn, colors 673-115; whipcord, color 106; Reed's 7161, all colors. Madison Square 4371.

ZIBELINES, RARITANS Wanted = 1123 navy. Longacre 2927.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

15 cents per word. Two business and one bank reference required from advertisers.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE financed for manufacturers and jobbers confidentially without disturbing their present arrangement for making collections. CREDIT DISCOUNT TRUST, 433 4th Av. Phone Madison Square 8190.

EXPERIENCED young business man, having $3,500 cash, desires to become partner in business where a hustler is needed; references exchanged. A 888 Times Downtown.

CAPABLE business man will invest $10,000 with services in established paying business. Y 2334 Times Annex.

WILL invest $3,000 and services as partner or buy established business. D 124 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

IMPORTANT CORPORATION DESIRES SERVICES OF INTELLIGENT MAN WITH VIEW TO ULTIMATELY QUALIFYING AS DIRECTOR; INVESTMENT REQUIRED; WRITE FULLY, WITH FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS REFERENCES. P 392 TIMES.

BUSINESS man with $10,000 to take half interest in established manufacturing corporation that shows good returns; reference essential. Reply ALSCO, Room 56, 391 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

$25,000 wanted as first mortgage on Newfoundland timber and pulpwood, limit two years; would consider plans for development. H 134 Times.

A GOOD opportunity for one as co-partner who can invest $10,000 in an established business. Box 685, 209 Cable Bldg.

CAPITAL wanted to develop invention of mundial sale. B 1026 Times Annex.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

CONCESSIONS IN FLORIDA HOTEL. Opportunity for golf instructor for clubhouse and accessories, in prominent hotel; also barber shop, one chair; pool and billiard table, same hotel; ready for business; splendid opportunity; $500 for season, each. J. Friedman, 206 West 42d.

LARGE Brooklyn machine shop has surplus capacity; can quote excellent prices and give good deliveries on quantity production work of all kinds. The Duplex Engine Governor Co., Inc.

DISTRIBUTORS for territorial rights throughout States for newly patented automobile accessory; excellent opportunity for men able to organize. Mitchell & Livingston, Mosewk Building, 160 5th Av.

SALESMAN, experienced, intending to locate in California, will take care of the selling responsibilities for an established firm. P 398 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

FOREIGN BUYER AND IMPORTER, WITH SUCCESSFUL RECORD, THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH EUROPEAN MARKETS, BUYING FOR FIRST CLASS AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS ABROAD IN WEARING APPAREL AND TEXTILES WILL CONSIDER ADDITIONAL ITEMS FOR BUYING; SAILING END OF DECEMBER; WOULD TRANSACT BUSINESS OF CONFIDENTIAL NATURE. HIGHEST CREDENTIALS. D 77 TIMES.

THE Society of Restaurateurs

THE LANGHAM SOLD TO INVESTORS

Big Structure on Central Park West Block Front in All-Cash Deal.

WAS VALUED AT $2,500,000

Formerly Owned by Captain Greenhut, Who Gave Shadow Lawn Estate in Part Payment.

One of the largest and most important apartment house deals of the year was closed yesterday when the Langham, occupying the block front on Central Park West, between Seventy-third and Seventy-fourth Streets, was resold for a figure close to $2,500,000.

The property which is considered one of the most valuable apartment structures on the upper west side was purchased by Louis K. Comstock and Edgar Ellinger, construction engineers, for investment from A. Crosney and J. Freedman.

The structure, which is twelve stories high and occupies a plot fronting 204 feet on Central Park West and 100 feet on the side streets, was acquired about a year ago by the sellers from Max N. Natanson. Natanson bought it a few months before from the 135 Central Park West Corporation, B. J. Greenhut, President, through L. J. Phillips & Co.

At the time of the purchase Captain Greenhut, gave in part payment the beautiful estate at West End, N. J., formerly known as Shadow Lawn, the summer "White House," as it was occupied by President Wilson in 1916, and has since been purchased by Hubert Parson, son-in-law of the late F. W. Woolworth.

The buyers have taken over the property in the name of the Langham Corporation subject to a mortgage for $1,843,500. Edgar & Feinberg negotiated the sale.

PRIVATE DWELLING SALES.

Rhinelander Estate Buys to Enlarge Site for Proposed Apartment.

The three-story dwelling at 250 West Eleventh Street, fronting 16.7 feet, adjoining the southeast corner of Fourth Street, has been sold by Pepe & Brother for the William Dexter Company.

The Rhinelander estate bought from the Alcalde Realty Corporation the three-story dwelling at 152 East Ninetieth Street, 25 by 100, which is incorporated in the southeast corner of Lexington Avenue site on which the estate is contemplating erecting a tall apartment.

The Brown, Wheelock Company, Inc., sold for the Brewster estate 133 East Sixty-fifth Street, a four-story and basement high stoop stone front dwelling, 20 by 100.5, to a buyer who will make extensive alterations to the house and occupy. Charles H. Sabin, President of the Guaranty Trust Company, plans to erect a new residence on this block.

James J. Van Alst Jr. sold to George M. Bodman the three-story dwelling at 158 East Sixty-sixth Street, 18.6 by 100.5.

Edith Froman bought the three-story dwelling at 137 East Ninety-fifth Street, 17 by 100.8.

Genevieve G. Wells sold to Teresa M. Pascale the three-story dwelling at 81 Manhattan Avenue, 18.8 by 75.

The three-story dwelling at 208 West 121st Street, plot 18 by 101.11 feet, has been purchased by Samuel Krulewitch from Dr. Louis Marquet.

The Everett M. Seixas Company has sold the dwellings at 113 East Eighty-first Street for the Oak Point Corporation and 115 East Eightieth Street for Mrs. Rita Morgenthau, each on lot 20 by 100. These houses will be altered and occupied by the purchaser. The sellers were represented by the M. Morgenthau Jr. Company.

Business Property Deals.

Ryan & Co. sold for Mary A. Truslow of Montpelier, Vt., represented by Reeves and Todd, attorneys, to a client of L. A. Kissling, the four-story brick building, 447 West Forty-first Street, on a lot 25 by 100, held at $20,000.

George S. Runk has sold for the estate of Samuel D. Babcock the two-story garage, 141 West Fifty-first Street, on a lot 25 by 100, held at $50,000. The same broker recently sold No. 137, a similar garage, for Charles Steele.

Esther Dryer, who owns the six-story storage building, 35.9 by 95.9, at 221 and 223 West Thirty-seventh Street, has bought from Josephine G. Robinson the three and four-story houses, on plot 50 by 98.9, at 231 to 239 West Thirty-seventh Street.

The two four-story buildings, on plot 44 by 67, at the southwest corner of Washington and Harrison Streets, have been bought by Simon and Abraham Morabium from Rhinelander Waldo.

The Remes Realty Corporation sold to Sam Rosenzweig, 11 Bowery, a five-story building, 22 by 64.4.

The six-story commercial building at 429 Sixth Avenue, southwest corner of Twenty-sixth Street, plot 19.9 by 70 feet, has been sold by Dwight, Archibald & Perry, for Josephine Gordon Robinson to Milton E. Oppenheimer. The structure was built in 1904 by the seller.

The William P. Douglas estate, represented by Duer, Strong & Whitehead, as attorneys, have sold 405 and 407 Canal Street, two three-story buildings, 44 by 80, to Henry H. Jackson, the adjoining owner. E. J. Golner represented the sellers and the Duross Company the purchaser. Mr. Jackson now controls a Canal Street frontage of 110 feet.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HARRY BLOOM, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, December 23, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 58 Greene Street, and immediately thereafter at 22 West 19th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of middy blouses, desks, chairs, trunks, typewriters, platform scales, fixtures, etc., at 58 Greene Street, and office furniture and fixtures at 22 West 19th Street.

MAX G. COHEN, Assignee.

ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Petitioning Creditors and Assignee, 320 Broadway, New York.

Above sale adjourned until December 29, 1920, at same time and place.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISRAEL LERNER & HYMAN LERNER, individually and as co-partners, trading as I. Lerner & Son, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, December 23, 1920, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 58 Greene Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, skins, fixtures, etc.

SILVER & MOSKOWITZ, Attorneys for Petitioning Creditors, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL & MEISTER & CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, December 23, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 37 Maiden Lane, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of jewelry, safe, fixtures, etc.

JOSEPH H. FRIER, Receiver.

GREENBAUM, WOLFF & ERNST, Attorneys for Receiver, 15 Maiden Lane, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MUTUAL TALKING MACHINE CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, December 30, 1920, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 142 West 45th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of desks, tables, chairs, typewriter, adding machines, safe, office equipment, etc.

CORNELIUS J. SMYTHE, Receiver.

STERN, BARR & TYLER, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

$4,635,000 TIMES SQ. LEASE.

Shoe Manufacturer Takes Over Broadway Corner With Option to Buy.

The four-story building on the northeast corner of Forty-sixth Street and Broadway has been leased for a long term of years by I. Miller, shoe manufacturer, with an option to purchase the property for $1,000,000.

Under a lease negotiated by Davis, Wagner, Heater & Holton, attorneys, Mr. Miller, who now occupies a portion of the building under a lease expiring May 1, 1923, takes over the entire premises known as 1,552-1,554 Broadway for a term of sixty-three years beginning May 1, 1923.

For the first term of twenty-one years the net rental is $45,000 and for each subsequent term of twenty-one years the net rental is to be 5½ per cent. of the then appraised value of the land, with the provision that the minimum aggregate net rental shall not be less than $4,635,000.

The lease gives Mr. Miller a five-year option, commencing May 1, 1923, to purchase the property for $1,000,000 in cash and contains provisions for the improvement of the corner by the erection of a new building.

The premises have a frontage on Broadway of forty-five feet, five inches, and on Forty-sixth Street of eighty feet and are at present occupied by a four-story structure which was remodeled by Mr. Miller five years ago.

On the expiration of the present lease to the corner now occupied by a drug store, it is intended to erect a modern office building, the entire ground floor of which will be used as a retail shoe store. Mr. Miller at present is erecting a modern office building at Forty-sixth Street and Fifth Avenue which will be ready for occupancy on Feb. 1, 1921.

FIFTH AVENUE CORNER DEAL.

Billings Court at Thirty-fourth Street Taken Over by New Company.

A new company has been formed to take over the eight-story Billings Court Building, at the southeast corner of Thirty-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue, on a Chanler leasehold.

The new company, which is known as the 353 Fifth Avenue Leasing Corporation, with L. Neuberger, G. Weimer and D. Nachbar as Directors, has a capital of $50,000. The company was formed by Daniel Harrison, an attorney.

The building fronts 59.3 feet on Fifth Avenue and 100 feet on Thirty-fourth Street, and adjoins James McCutcheon & Co.'s store. The site has been owned by the Chanler estate, a branch of the Astor family, for a great many years, and several years ago the estate leased the ground to a syndicate which erected the building.

Trading in Tenements.

Henry S. Kirschner and Sherman Brokerage Company sold for Lustig & Schwimmer the ten-family flat and stores 74 East 113th Street, on a lot 25 by 100.11 to a client for investment.

Samuel Rachman sold to Zelda E. Kitay the five-story tenement and store at 208 West Sixty-first Street, 25 by 100.5.

Frieda Hart sold to Esra Dweck the five-story and four-story tenements at 52 Allen Street, 25 by 87.6.

William D. Kilpatrick resold to Mary P. Erkins the four-story flat at 241 East Fifty-eighth Street, 25 by 100.5.

G. Mandaro sold to Pietro Rocco the five-story tenement at 321 East Forty-eighth Street, 25 by 100.5.

The Kimmelman Leasing Corporation sold to Rose Berry the Klitonga, a six-story apartment house at 540-542 West 112th Street, 50 by 100, adjoining the Devonshire apartments at the southeast corner of Broadway.

Dealings in Brooklyn.

The three-story house at 412 Central Avenue corner Palmetto Street, plot 25 by 100 feet, has been sold by the B. F. Knowles Company for Mrs. Hirn.

The dwelling at 218 East Forty-second Street has been sold by the Clinton Trading Corporation to John Cramer. The broker in the sale was John F. Murphy.

E. T. Devneau as broker sold the two two-family stucco houses, known as 45 and 47 East Fourth Street, between Vanderbilt Street and Greenwood Avenue, for I. Herskowitz to a client for investment.

The F. C. Sauter Agency sold the two-story and store brownstone building at 315 7th Avenue for John H. Renken to Sophie Bartkowski.

Sale on Beekman Street.

The five-story commercial building at 134 Beekman Street, adjoining the northeast corner of Water Street, has been sold by Pease & Elliman for the estate of Della B. Sands, of which Henry Sands is executor. This is the first sale of the property in more than fifty years. It was last sold at the time that the Fulton Street ferry boats landed at the east end of Fulton Street.

Commercial Leases.

The six-story building at the southwest corner of Washington and Vestry Streets, owned by Frederic W. Rhinelander, has been leased to Marwell Brothers, wholesale grocers, by Frederick Southack & Alwyn Ball Jr.

The Duane Produce Company has leased the building at 366 Greenwich Street, north of Franklin Street, from Samuel Weil for a term of years.

Adams & Co. have leased for Pauline Feder the store at 29 and 31 East Twenty-second Street to the Howlett & Hochmeyer Company.

New Factory for Long Island City.

The Roman-Callman Company sold for Michael Ferger to the Van Dorn Steel Products Company of Manhattan, distributers for the Van Dorn Iron Works of Cleveland, Ohio, manufacturers of metal furniture and builders' supplies, a plot containing 10,000 square feet on the east side of William Street, 67 feet north of Freeman Avenue, Long Island City. The purchasers will erect a modern factory building.

$290,000 Fifth Avenue Loan.

A loan of $290,000 at 6 per cent. for five years has been obtained by the firm of Samuel Budd on the building at 572 Fifth Avenue, on a plot 20 by 100 feet, between Forty-sixth and Forty-seventh Streets, occupied by that firm. The loan was obtained through Charles B. Van Valen.

Deal on University Place.

The four-story business building at 124 University Place on a plot 26 by 100, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth Streets, has been sold by Innes & Center to the Liberty Auction Rooms for their own occupancy. The plot at 126 was sold a few days ago.

REAL ESTATE.

TO CLOSE AN ESTATE

5 Story Business Building with store, 131 West 14th Street; size 25x103.3. Price $33,000.

Corner 4 Story Business Building with Store, 94 University Place; size 27.2x40.3. Price $38,000.

255-7-9 Ninth Avenue, 3-4 Story Building with Stores; on plot 50x100; no leases. Price $45,000.

35 Amsterdam Ave., S. E. Corner 61st Street, 5 Story brick building with store; size 25.5x75. Price $55,000.

472 Ninth Ave., 4 story and basement with store; size 24.6½ x 100. Price $25,000.

B. Kempner & Son,
522 Fifth Avenue.
Murray Hill 4015

MORTGAGE LOANS.

THE WAY TO MAKE MONEY

Collect your 1920 rent income in a lump sum and then turn it over at a new profit. That's the way to make money. My cash is promptly available on reasonable terms. Non-binding contract; no "red tape" and strictest confidence. Tel. Watkins 2250.

Jacob Rabinowitz
100 Fifth Avenue, New York.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

West Side, Near 72d.
Exceptional Purchase.
Price $60,000—Rent $15,000.

EAST NINETIES
Price $34,000—Rents over $6,000.

Washington H'ts Corner
At a Sacrifice.
Small Amount of Cash.

AMSTERDAM AVE.,
Apartment houses to exchange for lots.

NORMAN DENZER
3,807 Broadway. Audubon 8707.

36,000 SQUARE FEET
Immediate Possession
GREENWICH NEAR SPRING ST.
Two Cold Storage Plants
Stable Accommodations for 50 Horses
ON LONG TERM LEASE
Driveway From Street to Street
Suitable for manufacturing, warehouse or garage; first floor concrete containing 11,000 square feet; four stories; 2 elevators; steam plant, offices, &c.
WOLFE & CO., 31 Liberty St.
Phone John 8262.

FOR SALE
NO. 319 WEST 74TH ST.
5-Story American Basement Dwelling.
17 rooms, 3 baths, immediate possession.
For particulars apply to
CLARK T. CHAMBERS
353 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 7320

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

"ALONG THE SOUND"
Chas. Field Griffen & Co.,
REAL ESTATE,
11 EAST 42D. MURRAY HILL 6441.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WILL SELL AT COST
Semi-bungalow, 7 rooms, bath; open fireplace, steam heat, electric light, gas; 1-car garage; corner plot, 100x150, 4 blocks from station, near school, 29 minutes from New York; electric service; built in 1916; leaving town, want quick action. Price $9,750. Thos. O'Connell, Manhasset, L. I. Telephone Main 226.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SAVE RENT BY BUYING



For $3,000 cash, balance like rent; price $11,750; plot 100x180 ft.; eight big rooms, fine tiled bath; wide veranda, big stone basement; in select, settled neighborhood; near lakes, golf and country clubs, churches, schools; easy commutation; express service; twelve minutes from station; investigate immediately; electric fixtures and shades installed.
Ready to move into today.
CURTIS SMITH, 442 Sterling Pl., Brooklyn, N. Y. Tel. 9887 Prospect.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Garage,
Warehouse or Factory
Immediate Possession.
Will alter to suit tenant.
Building with over 20,000 square feet, near
149th St. & 3rd Avenue
Long lease and moderate rental.
Apply to A. J. Pendleton,
229 West 70th St.
Tel. Col. 8780.

STORES FOR RENT
In new Building in West 32nd St., Opposite Main Entrance Pennsylvania Station, Pennsylvania Hotel and Gimbel Bros. Store.
FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO
SAMUEL KRONSKY, Inc.
MARBRIDGE BUILDING
Phone Fitz Roy 772. B'way & 34th St.

OFFICES FOR RENT
42D ST.—FIFTH AVE.
$25 Per Month Upwards
Large, Small, Single Suites.
WALTER J. SALMON
17 WEST 42ND ST.
Telephone Vanderbilt 47.

12 Waverly Place, Near B'way
25x82;
THIRD AND FIFTH LOFT;
Elevator, Steam Heat and Electricity;
$1,800 AND $1,900.
C. PERCEVAL, 4 9th Av.
CHELSEA 7960.

GARAGE
AND SERVICE STATION
FIREPROOF; 60x107; FORTIES, NEAR 11TH AV.; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
OGDEN & CLARKSON (Corporation),
605 5th av. Tel. Vanderbilt 1124.

BEAUTIFUL STORES
For rent, through which several hundred people will pass daily. Rent reasonable. Four and a half years' lease.
HOTEL ALGONQUIN ANNEX,
APPLY C. D. STEELE,
59 WEST 44TH STREET.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Light Lofts To Rent
18-20-22 West 18th Street
Running through to 23-25-27 West 17th St., between 5th and 6th Avenues.
FIREPROOF BUILDING. 100% SPRINKLER SYSTEM. 6th and 7th Lofts, 75x200. Light on all four sides.
32-34-36 West 18th Street
(Between 5th and 6th Avenues)
1st and 2nd Lofts, 75x100. FIREPROOF BUILDING. 100% SPRINKLER SYSTEM.
Apply on premises or
THE BEDELL COMPANY
Executive Office, 19 West 34th Street, Or Your Own Broker

NEW BUILDING
34th St., Opposite Entrance Pennsylvania Station
UNEXCELLED LIGHT TO RENT
3rd LOFT 1700 SQ. FT.
4 " 1700 "
5 " 1650 "
6 " 1650 "
7 " 1650 "
FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO
Samuel Kronsky, Inc.
MARBRIDGE BUILDING
Phone Fitz Roy 772. B'way & 34th St.

OFFICE and SHOWROOM
To Let
1,700 Square Feet
210 Fifth Ave.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—APPLY
Schulte Realty Co.,
386 Broadway, N. Y.
Phone 3626 Canal.

OFFICES TO RENT
From 100 to 5700 square feet, light on all sides. Will divide.
MODERATE RENT
112-18 West 44th Street
Immediate Possession. Tel. Bryant 8997. Brokers Protected.

21-YEAR LEASE.
Near 8th Av. in Fifties.
Five-story modern American basement. Suitable business; asking $12,000 net.
S. CHESOOD PELL & CO. Tel. 3616 Vanderbilt
17 West 44 St., N. Y.

GARAGE FOR SALE OR LEASE
15,000 sq. ft., ready for occupancy, located on Georgia Av., near Atlantic Av., Brooklyn. Inquire REALTY CONTRUCTION CORP., 66 Court St. Tel. Main 8478.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

22 West 4th St.
Loft 25x90..$2,600
LIGHT, FIREPROOF LOFT, ELEVATOR SERVICE, &c., SUITABLE LIGHT MANUFACTURING.
Apply Supt. on premises.

12-14 W. 18th St.
Loft 25x90, $3,000
Loft 51x90, $6,000
BEAUTIFUL LIGHT LOFTS, SUITABLE LIGHT MANUFACTURING PURPOSES; ELEVATOR SERVICE, &c.
Apply Supt. on premises.

LESSEE WILL SUBLET
PART OF 50x100 LOFT
Prominent Madison Ave. corner between 30th and 34th Streets. No manufacturing. Write V. V., Box 16, Suite 405, 110 West 34th Street.

DESIRABLE STORE TO LET
2 E. 28th St., at 5th Ave.
Size 20x30. Immediate possession.
Ruland & Whiting-Benjamin CORPORATION
26 East 58th St. Plaza 4051.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

WANTED—GARAGE OR STABLE
Suitable to alter. Have responsible client who will purchase or lease a well located garage property in Manhattan containing about 50,000 square feet of floor space; commercial section preferred.
Wm. A. White & Sons
46 Cedar Street Tel. 5700 John

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FACTORIES
Any Size Anywhere
For Sale or to Lease
NEW LISTINGS SOLICITED
Business Established 1796
GAILLARD REALTY CO.,
66 WILLIAM ST. TEL. 1691 JOHN

TO LET FOR BUSINESS. | TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

LIGHT LOFT TO LET.
10,000 SQUARE FEET AT $1.00 per square foot.
PRIVILEGE TO SUBLET PART.
18-20-22 West 20th Street
Near Fifth Avenue.
Running Through to 23 West 19th Street.
MODERN FIREPROOF BUILDING. SPRINKLER SYSTEM. 4 ELEVATORS. POSSESSION AT ONCE.
Inquire:
Arragon Holding Corp.,
33 NASSAU STREET.
RECTOR 9454 or 1073. OR YOUR OWN BROKER.
Superintendent on Premises.

TO LEASE—TWO FLOORS
ABOUT 6,000 FEET AREA EACH
68-72 WOOSTER STREET,
Between Spring and Broome Streets
Building up-to-date. Lower part of premises occupied by owners. Exceptional light. Large size electric elevator. Steam heat. Maple flooring throughout. Carrying capacity 250 lbs. to square foot.
INQUIRE ON PREMISES BROKERS PROTECTED

190-CAR GARAGE
21 year lease direct from Owner with privilege of renewal for 21 years.
Nominal cash security required.
Best location in the City.
Brokers protected
Gotham Realty Company
116 W. 39TH STREET *Suite 623* FITZROY 8256

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.

Harperley Hall
1 WEST 64TH STREET
UNFURNISHED
7 Rooms and 3 Baths; Housekeeping
2-4 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette
ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
2, 3 and 4 Rooms, with Kitchenette
Refrigeration in all apartments
TELEPHONE "COLUMBUS 8300"

FOR RENT
Apartments on North Side 52nd St. Between Fifth & Sixth Avenues
Lease for five years
Decorations and certain alterations to suit tenants
Principals only apply R. D., Box 372, City Hall Station.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.

6-7 Room Apartments
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
All Outside Rooms, Unusual Closet Space; Elevator; Hall Attendants, Etc.
Rents $1,700 Up
220 West 107th St.
Near Broadway.
Superintendent on premises.

600 WEST 161st St.
6 ROOMS AND FOYER
2 BATHS. FIREPROOF
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920
INQUIRE MELROSE 4000.

Unfurnished—Uptown.

68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS
3 and 5-Room Complete Apartments.
Beautiful water view. 2 minutes to Wall St.
G. GIRARD, 112 Montague St.

Unfurnished—West Side.

Are you satisfied with your present Apartment? If not—investigate
Jackson Heights
New Garden Apartments
Several neighborhood advantages; an Co-operative Plan; Moderate Prices—Liberal Terms. Social and Business Relations Desired.
THE Queensboro Corporation
50 E. 42d St., Manhattan.
Corner Madison Ave.
Send for Plans and Details

125 East 72d St.
MODERN 14-STORY APT.
6 Rooms
THE WYOMING
S.E. cor. 55th & 7th Av.
MODERN 12-STORY APT.
8 Rooms
$2,000 per annum
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Julius Tishman & Sons, Inc.
11 East 42d St. Tel. Vanderbilt 1077

Central Park West
81st to 82d St.
Hotel Beresford
A Few Suites of
1-2-3 Rooms
AND BATH
Several Furnished
EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RENTALS
Excellent Restaurant. Maid Service
APPLY ON PREMISES OR
Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St.

Now Ready
ELEVATOR APARTMENT
812 Riverside Drive
NEAR 158TH STREET.
Large Rooms. Finest Construction. Wonderful Outlook.
Only a Few Suites Left.
3-4-5-6 ROOMS
NORMAN DENZER
3807 Broadway, at 159th St.
Representative on premises.

JUST COMPLETED
186 Riverside Drive
Between 96th and 97th Sts.
1 AND 2 ROOMS, WITH TILE BATHS
Wonderfully large; maid service if desired; gas for light housekeeping; unobstructed view of the river; subway, buses and B'way cars all convenient. Rents $1,600-$2,500. Representative on premises any time.
WOOD, DOLSON CO., 30 St. & B'way.
Tel. Schuyler 1160.

125 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
(at 84th St.)
11 Rooms, 3 Baths
Every room outside
LOUIS P. DOWDNEY
247 W. 72nd St. Col. 6144

THE MIDDLETON
570 WEST 169TH ST.
CORNER ELEVATOR APARTMENT,
6 Rooms and Bath, Rent $125
Apply Superintendent on premises, or
F. J. McMAHON CO.
1,438 St. Nicholas Av., at 190d St.
PHONE WADSWORTH 8016.

Unfurnished—East Side.

940 Park Ave.
CORNER 81ST ST.
Modern fireproof apartments ready for occupancy. 7 rooms, 2 baths, $3,900, one left; 3 rooms, bath, $1,700, one left; 4 rooms, bath, one left, $2,600. All housekeeping apartments.
Apply for Rental on Premises.

Belgrave Block
Madison Av., 49th to 50th St.
2 and 3 Room
APARTMENTS
(with service, if desired)
Cruikshank Company,
141 Broadway Rector 4100
Worthington Whitehouse, Inc.,
on premises
446 Madison Av. Plaza 4000.

1229 PARK AVE.
SOUTHEAST CORNER 96TH ST.
High-Class Elevator Apartment.
Seven and eight rooms, two baths.
Apply to Superintendent or A. BRANDSTEIN,
133 East 116th St. Tel. Harlem 1848.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

NEW BUILDING
Ready for Occupancy
APARTMENTS OF
3-4-5 Rooms
Block Front, Concourse, 171st-172d Sts.
All Modern Improvements.
2 Blocks East of 170th St. 6th and 9th Ave. L Sts.
Lexington & Jerome Ave. Subway at 170th St.
Reasonable Rentals.
Agent on Premises.

CITY REAL ESTATE

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

GUARANTEED POSSESSION.
Three-room house on West 11th St.; steam heat, bath, 2 toilets; Winter's coal in cellar; owner vacating.
WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC.,
13 Greenwich Av. Watkins 1484.

BARGAIN—Less than 3 times the rent, over 50 per cent. on investment; good location; 20-family house, steam heat, hot water; price $18,100; terms $7,000 mortgage 6½ per cent. $1,500; reasonable terms. S. Goldwasser, 703 Amsterdam Av. Riverside 10457.

RIDGECOMBE AV., 255 (145th St.).
Three-story private house and basement; immediate possession; being remodelled.
Owner, LEONARD WEILL,
52 Broadway.

10 WALKER ST.
Five-story loft building; possession Feb. 1; reasonable; easy terms.
Owner, LEONARD WEILL,
52 Broadway.

BUSINESS compels me to sell my 4-story and basement private house in West 80th St.; 20.6x100; 14 rooms, 2 baths; parquet floors; price $27,000; good terms. Haste, $7 Times.

SUBLEASE 18-room house, 5 baths; beautifully appointed; long lease; immediate possession. 30 East 55d. Seen 10-4.

97TH, 41 WEST—Four-story dwelling; bargain. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

HANDSOME 3-story dwelling, near 86th St., can be bought with $2,000 down; electric lights. Telephone Columbus 224.

EAST 61ST—Four-story 17-ft. dwelling; bargain; $31,500. Owner, Murray Hill 4629.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Oppenheimer, 540 Bergen Av. (149th.)
$18,000, $35,000, $100,000, Manhattan, Bronx.
$18,000 to loan first mortgage, city property; give particulars, D 131 Times.

MONEY loaned on real estate; houses only; private party. B 464 Times.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

SALE OR RENT—New, up-to-date dwelling, 7 rooms, 2 tiled baths, open fireplace, sleeping porch; large enclosed sun parlor, perfect appointments, all improvements; large plot; high-class surroundings; about 30 minutes out; splendid transit, near station and schools; immediate possession; $150 per month. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

NEW ROCHELLE.
Eight rooms, tile bath, gas and electric light; lot 50x100; very fine condition; nice section; price $9,500; terms; act quick. DRUMMOND, 17 West 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 7325; or 228 Huguenot St. Tel. New Rochelle 3242.

7 ROOMS AND BATH
gas and electric light, newly decorated, near school and station; bargain; $10,500; terms. DRUMMOND, 17 West 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 7325; or 228 Huguenot St. Tel. New Rochelle 3242.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

BARGAIN, $14,500 worth $18,500, eight rooms, stucco and hollow tile, hot water heat; built six years; large corner plot; garage. A. L. Kingsley, 47 West 34th St. Pitaroy 6895.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.—House for sale, eight rooms, three baths; splendidly located; $24,000. Phone Boulevard 6545, or Schuyler 8399. Guyon L. C. Earle, 280 West 86th St.

OWNER leaving city will sell Colonial home, 7 rooms, 2 baths, sun parlor; 30 minutes out. H. G. Robinson. Fitzroy 6896.

WILL sell at sacrifice two lots in Fourth Ward, Borough of Queens, Clare Castle Terrace. B 462 Times.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

SAINTY ENGLISH VILLA—A real suburban country home for year-round living, with ½ acre, shaded by fine old oaks; fully decorated 7 handsome rooms, tiled bath; Gothic living room, with massive open fireplace; high in the hills; only 51 minutes by train; splendid service; sacrifice for $2,800 cash to desirable party, $7,200 on mortgage at bank; country clubs, schools, churches and markets in a refined, exclusive, residential neighborhood. Immediate. P. O. Box 748, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

MAPLEWOOD, N. J.—Six new Colonial residences, brick and frame, seven to ten rooms, one and two baths; all improvements; splendid location; price $16,000 to $21,000. Inquire your agent, or Stein & Davis, Builders, 237 South St., Newark, N. J. Telephone Market 4804.

SALE OR RENT—Comfortable year-round bungalow in residential suburb, 30 minutes from New York; 6 rooms, bath, open fireplace, all improvements; near station, schools, stores; immediate possession; $45 monthly. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—329 Washington Av., phone 1385-W; single, double corner rooms; steam, electricity; excellent table; $17 up weekly; near train and trolley.

MODERN six-room house, bath, every improvement; corner plot; garage; excellent location; 10 minutes station; 35 minutes out. E. Frech, Rochelle Park, N. J.

REAL ESTATE—Other Cities and Towns.

FOR SALE—A beautiful house on Sunset Av., Palm Beach, Fla.; fully furnished, ready for occupancy. For details write A 822 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

BEGINNING Jan. 1, will take long lease at favorable rental on desirable eight-room house in Westchester County, Sound or river shore locations preferred. Write, giving full description, to Hall, 329 Broadway, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

WANTED—To purchase two-story building for manufacturing, from 14th to 70th St., near East River; 5,000 to 10,000 feet on each floor. B. H. Weisker, 9 East Fordham Road.

WE have several investment properties which the owners would consider exchanging for a residence at Far Rockaway, Lawrence and Woodmere. Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Av. Murray Hill 6200.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

DWELLING, barn, 7½ lots, Woodhaven, Queens Borough; $15,000 free and clear; consider vacant or improved. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

100x115 vacant; West Bronx; equity $10,000. What's offered? Sharum, 170 Broadway.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

HOMESEEKERS—Send for Virginia farm list. Dept. 254, Emporia, Va.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
3,625 SQUARE FEET, 5 OFFICES.
POSSESSION FEB. 1.
4,000 SQUARE FEET OFFICE SPACE,
Including Burglar Proof Vault.
All exceptional values, unexcelled light, at 67 West Burrell Building, 171 Madison Av., corner 32d St. Apply Superintendent or phone Mr. Wilchins, Fitzroy 5880.

WILL SUBLET for five years, from Feb. 1, 3,000 or 6,200 sq. ft., at 471 4th Av., between 31st and 32d Sts.; rent $2.10 per square foot. Phone Mr. Eckart, 1,765 Madison Square.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

HOUSES to rent, very desirable locations. Bauer, Milbank & Molloy, Inc., 51 East 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 1936.

$9,000 buys excellent dwelling 306 or 310 West 118th St.; 3½ stories. Sharum, 170 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 7302.

21ST, EAST—Twelve rooms, 3 baths; latest improvements; 3 families. Plaza 4287.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

NEW ONE-FAMILY STUCCO
with garage; price right; terms reasonable. 2,811-2,822 Sedwick Av., north of Kingsbridge Road.
BUILDER ON PREMISES.
Telephone Kingsbridge 1052.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

NO CASH.
New six or seven room stucco Flatbush house, with garage; may be bought no cash down; only requirement is monthly payment equal to fair rental; will decorate to suit.
WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC.,
13 Greenwich Av., N. Y. C. Watkins 1484.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE—Lot, 50x100, on Ely Av.; excavated; 2 blocks from Bridge Plaza, L. I. City; owner contemplated manufacturing building and has plans prepared; will sell reasonable. Owner, 223 East 61st St. Telephone Murray Hill 4071.

LOT INVESTORS.
We buy and sell lots all over Long Island; before buying anywhere, see us and save money. C. Lewis & Bros., 47 West 34th St., New York. Phone Fitzroy 4619.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Oppenheimer, 540 Bergen Av. (149th.)
$18,000, $35,000, $100,000, Manhattan, Bronx.
$18,000 to loan first mortgage, city property; give particulars, D 131 Times.

MONEY loaned on real estate; houses only; private party. B 464 Times.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

SALE OR RENT—New, up-to-date dwelling, 7 rooms, 2 tiled baths, open fireplace, sleeping porch; large enclosed sun parlor, perfect appointments, all improvements; large plot; high-class surroundings; about 30 minutes out; splendid transit, near station and schools; immediate possession; $150 per month. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

NEW ROCHELLE.
Eight rooms, tile bath, gas and electric light; lot 50x100; very fine condition; nice section; price $9,500; terms; act quick. DRUMMOND, 17 West 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 7325; or 228 Huguenot St. Tel. New Rochelle 3242.

7 ROOMS AND BATH
gas and electric light, newly decorated, near school and station; bargain; $10,500; terms. DRUMMOND, 17 West 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 7325; or 228 Huguenot St. Tel. New Rochelle 3242.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

BARGAIN, $14,500 worth $18,500, eight rooms, stucco and hollow tile, hot water heat; built six years; large corner plot; garage. A. L. Kingsley, 47 West 34th St. Fitzroy 6895.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.—House for sale, eight rooms, three baths; splendidly located; $24,000. Phone Boulevard 6545, or Schuyler 8399. Guyon L. C. Earle, 280 West 86th St.

OWNER leaving city will sell Colonial home, 7 rooms, 2 baths, sun parlor; 30 minutes out. H. G. Robinson. Fitzroy 6896.

WILL sell at sacrifice two lots in Fourth Ward, Borough of Queens, Clare Castle Terrace. B 462 Times.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

SAINTY ENGLISH VILLA—A real suburban country home for year-round living, with ½ acre, shaded by fine old oaks; fully decorated 7 handsome rooms, tiled bath; Gothic living room, with massive open fireplace; high in the hills; only 51 minutes by train; splendid service; sacrifice for $2,800 cash to desirable party, $7,200 on mortgage at bank; country clubs, schools, churches and markets in a refined, exclusive, residential neighborhood. Immediate. P. O. Box 748, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

MAPLEWOOD, N. J.—Six new Colonial residences, brick and frame, seven to ten rooms, one and two baths; all improvements; splendid location; price $16,000 to $21,000. Inquire your agent, or Stein & Davis, Builders, 237 South St., Newark, N. J. Telephone Market 4804.

SALE OR RENT—Comfortable year-round bungalow in residential suburb, 30 minutes from New York; 6 rooms, bath, open fireplace, all improvements; near station, schools, stores; immediate possession; $45 monthly. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—329 Washington Av., phone 1385-W; single, double corner rooms; steam, electricity; excellent table; $17 up weekly; near train and trolley.

MODERN six-room house, bath, every improvement; corner plot; garage; excellent location; 10 minutes station; 35 minutes out. E. Frech, Rochelle Park, N. J.

REAL ESTATE—Other Cities and Towns.

FOR SALE—A beautiful house on Sunset Av., Palm Beach, Fla.; fully furnished, ready for occupancy. For details write A 822 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

BEGINNING Jan. 1, will take long lease at favorable rental on desirable eight-room house in Westchester County, Sound or river shore locations preferred. Write, giving full description, to Hall, 329 Broadway, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

WANTED—To purchase two-story building for manufacturing, from 14th to 70th St., near East River; 5,000 to 10,000 feet on each floor. B. H. Weisker, 9 East Fordham Road.

WE have several investment properties which the owners would consider exchanging for a residence at Far Rockaway, Lawrence and Woodmere. Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Av. Murray Hill 6200.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

DWELLING, barn, 7½ lots, Woodhaven, Queens Borough; $15,000 free and clear; consider vacant or improved. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

100x115 vacant; West Bronx; equity $10,000. What's offered? Sharum, 170 Broadway.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

HOMESEEKERS—Send for Virginia farm list. Dept. 254, Emporia, Va.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
3,625 SQUARE FEET, 5 OFFICES.
POSSESSION FEB. 1.
4,000 SQUARE FEET OFFICE SPACE,
Including Burglar Proof Vault.
All exceptional values, unexcelled light, at 67 West Burrell Building, 171 Madison Av., corner 32d St. Apply Superintendent or phone Mr. Wilchins, Fitzroy 5880.

WILL SUBLET for five years, from Feb. 1, 3,000 or 6,200 sq. ft., at 471 4th Av., between 31st and 32d Sts.; rent $2.10 per square foot. Phone Mr. Eckart, 1,765 Madison Square.

TO-LET FOR BUSINESS.

ONE FLOOR.
8,600 SQUARE FEET DAYLIGHT.
Steam, electricity, sprinkler, elevator.
MODERN CONCRETE BUILDING,
suitable any line of manufacturing business.
FRONTING PENNSYLVANIA R. R.
Advertising benefit worth rent.
LOW RENT, LONG LEASE.
CHARLES P. GILLEN & CO., Sole Agents,
828 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

STORAGE SPACE
FOR YOUR FILES.
We can rent you any amount of space you might require for your old files and records, space from 50 square feet to as much as you might require, at the most reasonable figures, in the business district of the city; write us your requirements or send for our representative. Write C X, 520 Presbyterian Building, Newark, N. J.

BROOKLYN FACTORY SPACE FOR RENT.
Two lofts, extremely light, 11,250 feet each, in a modern building where insurance rate is 12½c.; located in the heart of Brooklyn manufacturing district; convenient to dock and freight terminals. Woolf Instrument Corp., 516 5th Av., New York City.

57TH ST., 340 WEST.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND VALET SERVICE; TWO AND THREE ROOMS AND BATH; $25 WEEKLY AND UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

STORES AND LOFTS,
exceptionally light, suitable for offices, show rooms, light manufacturing, 1,200 to 2,400 square feet units; new elevator building; reasonable.
686-688 LEXINGTON AV.,
near 57th St.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION,
first loft, 3,000 square feet, for show room, stock room, offices; excellent location; near 5th Av.; elevator, electricity; heat; NO MANUFACTURING; rent $3,500 for quick action. Acme Merchandise Corp., 16-18 East 16th St.

ENTIRE floor in garage, 10,000 square feet; light on four sides; including elevator service, light and heat; possession Jan. 1. 619-621 West 129th St., one block west of Manhattan St. subway station. Telephone Morningside 3091.

TO SUBLET.
Corner loft, eleventh floor, Madison Av., above 29th St., for balance of present lease; approximately 12,000 square feet, at less than $1.50 per square foot; immediate or Feb. 1 possession. B. M., 347 Times.

WARREN ST.
Immediate possession, four upper floors, 25x75; building completely reconstructed, elevator, &c.; will rent long term, together or separately. R. B. Ittleson, 160 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 567, or your own broker.

FOR RENT in Manhattan Life Building, 68 Broad St., suite of nine offices, containing about 3,300 square feet; newly furnished; mahogany fixtures and furniture for sale; possession Jan. 1, 1921; low rental. Apply at Room 1701, 66 Broadway.

A CORNER STORE AND BASEMENT,
Northeast Cor. 3d Av. and 39th St.
25 foot front.
Lease or sale.
Excellent business location.
James Kyle & Sons, 721 Lexington Av.

OFFICE 5TH AV.,
Broadway and 23d St.; 250 feet; suitable for showroom, buyer or manufacturer's agent; unusually light; pleasant. Room 205, 10 West 23d St. Gramercy 1076.

SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, 87,500 net, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard C. Forbes, 66 Broadway. Rector 747.

TO LET—Basement, 3,500 square feet, 12-foot ceiling, at 14-16 Vandewater St.; suitable for warehouse or storage purposes. Inquire first floor of premises. Hildebrand Litho Co., 14-16 Vandewater St.

TO LET, suite of offices, located on West 46th St., between 6th and 7th Avs.; partially furnished; telephone connections; two-year lease. Apply Room 324, 522 5th Av., or phone Murray Hill 1962.

LARGE ROOM, VERY LIGHT, FIRST FLOOR ABOVE STREET, OPPOSITE ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, 18 VESEY ST.; RENT REASONABLE; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

FURNISHED DAYLIGHT OFFICES
with telephone, 1,000 or 300 square feet; reasonable rent; possession Jan. 1; 5th Av., above 42d St. Ogden & Clarkson, 605 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1124.

PART of elegant showroom to sublet, especially adapted to fancy goods line, on 5th Av., opposite Waldorf-Astoria; telephone, desk room; unusual opportunity. Callsher, 239 5th Av.

PART OF LOFT TO SUBLET; 1,400 SQ. FT. AT 906 BROADWAY, HEART OF BUSINESS SECTION; MODERATE RENTAL. ENCORE, 6TH FLOOR, 906 BROADWAY, N. Y.

THREE desirable adjoining outside offices for rent, all or part, in Tribune Building; about 600 square feet; possession Feb. 1. Office Sales Corporation, 154 Nassau St., New York City.

OFFICES, SHOWROOMS, STORES AND LOFTS to rent in various locations. For particulars apply SAMUEL KRONSKY, INC., Marbridge Bldg., Broadway at 34th. Phone Fitzroy 372.

5TH AVENUE, 44TH STREET.
Office space, highest class buildings; units 400, 800, 1,000, 1,400 sq. ft.; furnished and unfurnished; immediate possession. Telephone Vanderbilt 854.

MADISON AV. AND 42D ST.—Desirable corner office, 3 private and main outer office; lease to May 1, 1923; approximately 500 square feet; immediate possession. B. E., 67 Times.

DESKROOM, with telephone and stenographer service, for rent from Jan. 1; location 5th Av., above 42d St. Telephone Vanderbilt 8540.

20TH ST., 41 EAST—3-story building with store and basement; sidewalk elevator; size 25x100; possession Feb. 1, 1921. Wright Barclay, Inc., 326 5th Av.

DESK ROOM for rent; telephone, stenographer, typewriter. 168 Broadway, Room 604. Call by appointment. Phone Cortlandt 1993.

TO LET—7,500 square feet in three lofts at 36 cents a foot; 428 Broome St., between Broadway and Lafayette.

ROBERT BONNER, L. L., 281 BROADWAY.

FOR RENT—Four hundred square feet airy, light office, National Association Building, 25 West 43d St. For particulars telephone Vanderbilt 7294.

ATTRACTIVE STORE, 7th Av., at 58th St., suitable florist, milliner, lingerie, novelty shop or other high-class retail business. Apply Superintntdent, 300 West 58th St.

24TH ST., 17 EAST—Entire second floor, 25x100, desirable location for textile house; up to date in every respect. Inquire Frank F. Feis, 17 East 24th.

OFFICES—SHOWROOMS—FLOORS.
30 East 23d St., 150 to 2,500 sq. ft.
STEWART FORSHAY.

24TH ST., 138 WEST—Second floor store; show window front; immediate possession. M. & L. Hess, Inc., 907 Broadway. Stuyvesant 4300.

35TH ST. 343 WEST (adjoining Broadway)—Desirable stores for rent from May 1; light, up-to-date loft; immediate possession; rents reasonable; size 25x100. Apply premises.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS; ALL SECTIONS. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 32 NASSAU ST. JOHN 1171. 51 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 9175.

STORE—Large double store, steam, electric, tile floor, Lexington Av., 1 block from 125th St. Inquire Auto Store, 2,029 Lexington Av., corner 125th.

20TH ST., 143 WEST—Lofts, half lofts, light and under; passenger, freight elevators. Superintendent, phone Fordham 1823. Brokers protected.

TWO FLOORS, 20x80 feet; for rent separately or together, third and fourth floors; splendid condition, and good light. Jarvis Corporation, 105 West 42d St.

250 SQUARE FEET of space (or part of it) for office or sample room; light manufacturing no objection; ideal location. 1,363 Broadway.

LEASE—Large loft, containing 7,000 square feet, on 126th, near 5th Av., suitable for manufacturing purposes; passenger, freight elevator. Wolfe & Co., 31 Liberty St.

FOR RENT, on completion, Jan. 1, 1921, new one-story garage, facing
PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL, 32d St.
Please Owner, Longacre 3128.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

50,000 SQUARE FEET,
DESIRABLE POSSESSION.
GREENWICH, NEAR SPRING STREET.
Two cold storage plants,
stable accommodations for 50 horses.
WILLIAM LONG-CHEVY LEAD.

DRIVEWAY FROM STREET TO STREET. Suitable for manufacturing, warehouse or garage; first floor, concrete, containing 11,000 square feet; four stories; 2 elevators; steam plant, sprinkler, &c. Wolfe & Co., 31 Liberty St. Phone John 5262.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
The right location in half a minute; we have the location for showrooms and executive offices; entire fourth floor in the Gorham Building, 286-290 5th Av., also 36th St. entrance; will lease for term of years; lowest price in the city; other floors in the same building, ninth floor, 2,000 square feet, beautiful studio space. Apply Duane Co., 280 Broadway. Telephone Worth 248.

LOFTS, 6 WEST 18TH ST.
Light, steam, elevator; rent, $2,900, Feby.
AMES & COMPANY, 26 WEST 31ST ST.

OFFICES and show rooms, with telephone service, if desired; opposite Imperial Hotel. 1,393 Broadway. Spanish American.

47TH, 329 EAST—Bright loft, second floor, 25x100; suitable heavy manufacturing; heat, electricity. Murray Hill 3909.

BROOME ST., 496—Store and basement, 20x70; reasonable rent; Feb. 1. Spring 2996. 43 6th Av.

BUSINESS BUILDING near Grand Central, 25x100; lease long term; immediate possession; principals only. Kelly, 642 3d Av.

LOFT, 327 Broadway, adjoining Worth St.; 3,000 sq. ft.; no manufacturing. Wright Barclay, Inc., 320 5th Av.

ELEGANTLY furnished office and show room, or hall; very reasonable; textiles or dry goods. Room 1906, 250 5th Av.

141ST, 630 WEST (Corner Drive)—High-class elevator, 5 and 7 rooms, facing Hudson; immediate possession; rent reasonable.

86TH ST., 301 (Corner West End)—2 rooms, kitchen; large, light; reasonable.

57TH, 137 WEST—Entire floor, three rooms, kitchenette, bath; $85; private residence.

LOFTS and showrooms, 41 West 21st; $40-$150. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

SMALL light office, with all services included. 1212, 105 West 40th.

STORE, 20x60, parlor floor, light, suited for office; telephone service. 5 West 16th St.

5TH AV. (424 St.)—Office 220 sq. ft.; immediate occupancy. Vanderbilt 9084.

OFFICES to sublet, one large, one small. Oleck Advertising Service, 1,133 Broadway.

STORE, 21x34; steam; excellent light; electricity. 204 East 38th. Murray Hill 9752.

OFFICE and desk room, telephone and stenographer service. Apply 508 World Building.

CHOICE DESK ROOM, financial district. Apply agent, Room 708 Park Row Bldg.

STORE to let, very busy section; opposite Pennsylvania Hotel. 417 West 33d.

SMALL office space and desk room, with telephone. Berk, 117 West 46th St.

STORE, Madison Av. and 61st St. Fine location; moderate rent. Plaza 9647.

LIGHT, cheerful offices sublet, furnished or unfurnished, with telephone. 29 W. 34th.

OFFICE and showroom to let; 308 5th Av., corner 31st; reasonable rent.

OFFICE and showroom, 2d floor, lease; 34th St., near Broadway. Phone Pennsylvania 2780.

BUILDING, 196 Greenwich St., sale or lease; immediate possession. Duross, 156 B'way.

PART LOFT to let; reasonable rent; immediate possession. A. Romm, 654 B'way.

LEASE, West 50s, near 5th, terms, years; $8,000 yearly. K. A., 1,358 Broadway.

STORES—Suitable any business; new building. 112-118 West 44th St.

SMALL OFFICE and desk room for rent. 45 John St., Room 903.

LOFT TO LET, suitable studio, light manufacturing; $600-$900. 12 West 18th.

2,700 SQ. FT., third floor, $1.75 foot; will divide. Hawley, 244 West 42d.

Long Island.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
5,000 to 100,000 square feet space; early occupancy or will build to suit.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
Bridge Plaza. LONG ISLAND CITY.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

OLD building, stable or large store and basement for general blacksmithing business in or about New York City; can take immediate possession or not later than May 1; we will alter to suit. State full particulars by letter. Arlt, Sandbile & Son, Inc., 15 Crosby St., New York City.

OLD building, stable, open lot, or large store and basement, for retail lumber yard; long lease; from 17th St. to 59th St., between 6th and 8th Avs.; to take possession not later than March 1, 1921; we will alter to suit; state price by letter. Midtown Lumber Co., 120 West 17th St., N. Y. C.

OFFICE SPACE WANTED.
Grand Central zone; list your space with us; clients waiting; we specially want spaces from 300 to 500 square feet; furnished and unfurnished. Bauer, Milbank & Molloy, 51 East 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 1936.

WANTED, loft for printer, 6,000 sq. ft.; carrying capacity 200 lbs. per sq. ft.; possession immediate or Feb. 1; west side, below 23d St. Daniel Birdsall & Co., Inc., 56 Worth St. Phone Worth 800.

FACTORY space to manufacture Schiffli embroidery; about 5,000; solid floor; Bronx preferred. Reply Jaffe, 1,720 Lexington Av. Tel. Harlem 6457.

LOFT wanted, 40x100, with sample room and office fixtures, for immediate possession, between 18th and 30th Sts., west of Broadway. B., 297 Times.

SHOW ROOM SPACE WANTED; CHILDREN'S DRESS LINE; STATE FULL PARTICULARS. F 284 TIMES.

WILL buy ladies' specialty stock, good location; state terms. B 465 Times.

FACTORIES.

BROOKLYN, Queensboro, New Jersey factory properties, sale, rent and built for easy terms. Walter Baker Co., Factory Brokers, 756 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

FACTORY FLOORS AND BUILDINGS.
Size to suit, concrete and mill construction; from 35c. to 90c. per square foot. Martin Co., 32 Court St., Brooklyn. Main 7708-5836.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

FACTORY FOR SALE.
16,000 SQUARE FEET.
Loading platform, railroad siding.
2 ACRES.
Street improvements, unrestricted district.
NEW CONCRETE BUILDING.
1 FLOOR.
Steam, electricity.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
PRICE ACTUAL COST.
Charles P. Gillen & Co.,
828 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

67TH AV., Near 29th St. (4th Av. Hotel)—Two sunny rooms and bath, furnished; parquet floors; hotel service; $17.50 weekly.

15TH ST., 102 EAST (Union Square), Hotel Laclede—Two-room suite with bath; $21 week; hotel service.

17TH, 329 EAST—Sublet, January-May, three bedrooms, living, dining, bath, kitchen, maid's room; telephone; five references; $275; highest references required; linen, silver included. Phone Stuyvesant 3181 before 11, after 5.

37TH ST., 55 EAST (Hotel Senton)—Attractively furnished 2 rooms and bath; full hotel service; 1 block from subway; $17.50 up.

50TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

24TH, EAST (Near Vanderbilt Hotel)—Well furnished, sunny, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $150 month, season. Plaza 374.

49TH, 21 EAST—Bachelor's two-room apartment; unusually furnished; elevator; $180. Froman.

58TH ST., 43 EAST—Furnished apartment, for one month; four rooms, kitchen, bath; elevator; exquisitely furnished; $250.

60TH, 18 EAST—Double room, bath; 3 rooms, bath; any size suite; sublet 3 rooms, bath; 2 rooms, $175; sublet special Devlin apartment, 2 rooms, bath, $125. Jacinto Hotel.

60TH—Five rooms, $300 month; studio 25x28; handsomely furnished; immediate possession. Particulars, Vanderbilt 1460.

62D ST., 45 EAST—Elegantly furnished 1-room, 3 baths apartment; season or year. Eschwege.

63D ST. (corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; $45 per room, bath, up. Hotel Ashton.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON.
Madison Av., southwest corner 93d St.—Newly decorated apartment, 2 room and bath; $45 up; 3 rooms, bath, $100 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
East, west side; long, short leases.
APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
176 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1277.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.
Owner going abroad Jan. 1, must sell or lease his handsomely furnished 3-room apartment, newly decorated, Sloane furnishings throughout, at 126 East 19th St., best residential section of Gramercy Park; large living room, 19x25; brick wood-burning fireplace; complete kitchen; modern elevator building; private telephone; maid service. R. De Florez, 402 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 9648.

GRAMERCY PARK SOUTH, 26 (Hotel Irving)—Two rooms and bath, facing beautiful Gramercy Park; all hotel service; table excellent; reasonable rates. Phone Gramercy 8100.

LEXINGTON AV., 326—Room and bath or floor to let; some furnishings for sale; gentleman only; select locality.

MADISON AV., 534 (54th)—Attractive, sunny front apartment, two large rooms, bath; also small room; furnished. 11:30 to 1.

PARK AV., 19 (corner 35th)—Large 2-room apartment, bath; attractive, sunny.

PARK AV., 58th St.—Eight rooms, two baths, $350. Phone Plaza 6430.

UNUSUAL.

Artistically furnished 3-room, bath and kitchenette apartments; spotlessly clean, cosy and comfortable; hotel and theatre district; $120 to $175 per month. Office, 139 East 31st St. Phone Plaza 6445.

Furnished—West Side.

16TH, 7 WEST—Large bedroom, living room, bath, kitchen, elevator, telephone service; sublet 1 month, $175, or lease to October, $185. Tel. Chelsea 4502.

117TH (Just off 5th Av., Hotel Van Rensselaer)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service. Stuy. 1410.

42D, 222 WEST—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedroom and bath, $30 to $50 weekly; full hotel service.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 5-room, tile bath apartment, $125; 3-room, tile kitchenette; unquestionable applicants; highest references essential; $95-$125 up monthly. Longacre 3560.

46TH ST., 127 WEST—Beautifully furnished with piano, 2 rooms, private bath, apartment. Complete hotel service, by week or month. J. H. Kenny, Bryant 574.

47TH, 135 WEST—To sublet, two rooms, bath; special rates for the balance of season. Mr. Sanborn, Hotel Flanders.

48TH ST., 61 WEST—Beautifully furnished 2-room apartment and bath; all improvements; $150 monthly. Apply Superintendent.

49TH ST., 19 EAST—Attractive 2 rooms, furnished; bath, kitchenette. Babcock.

56TH, WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; piano; $130. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

51ST, 34 WEST,
NEAR FIFTH AV.
Exquisite kitchenette apartment, equipped for housekeeping; large parlor with big bay windows, overlooking garden; two pianos; big log fireplace, grand piano, mirrors, floor lamps, all done by decorator in ivory and gold; nice bedroom with south and east windows; sunshine in upon big four-poster bedroom set; tiled bath, sunken tub, kitchenette, with range big enough to roast a Christmas turkey; spend Christmas in your own home; maid service available. Telephone Circle 4748. Mrs. Prescott's apartment, seen all day.

51ST, 10 WEST—Furnished or unfurnished two-room apartment, kitchenette, bath; lease. Lopin.

52D ST., 223 WEST, CORR. BROADWAY.
High-class elevator apartments, newly furnished; full hotel service.
ONE ROOM, AND BATH, $90 UP.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $140 UP.
REFERENCES REQUIRED.

54TH ST. (at Broadway)—Hotel Albemarle; parlor, bedroom and bath; reasonable rates.

55TH ST., COR. 7TH AV.—THE REGAL, MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED, MAID AND VALET SERVICE; 3 ROOMS AND BATH, $175; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

56TH ST. (Near 5th Av.)—Modern apartment of 4 rooms and bath; beautifully furnished; will rent for three months or longer, or will sell furnishings and lease. Telephone Circle 6366.

56TH, 208 WEST
(HOTEL THORNDYKE)—VERY ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH, 205 WEST (corner 7th Av.)
Corner apartment of 9 rooms, 3 baths, magnificently furnished, in the Osborne; fireproof building; large rooms, high ceilings; immediate possession; $500 per month. Manager on premises. Circle 5420.

57TH ST., 21 WEST—Artistically furnished apartment, two rooms and bath, to lease until Oct. 1, 1921; rental $200 monthly; restaurant. Hiscoe. See superintendent.

58TH, 21 WEST—Choice two rooms, bath, kitchenette, beautifully furnished; gentleman; for three months from Jan. 1. Can be seen after 10:30. Superintendent.

58TH, 21 WEST (5th Av.)—Beautifully furnished two large, sunny rooms, kitchenette; new building; maid, valet, restaurant service; $225 October. 360 Plaza (exch. 74).

58TH, 131 WEST—Apartment, two rooms, bath, well furnished. Wahl & Co.

58TH—Seven rooms, two baths; elegantly furnished; $250. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

58TH, 38 WEST—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette; also sublet apartment for Winter, $250 month. Stein Apartment.

61ST, 10 WEST (The Pasadena, Corner Broadway, Near Elevated and Subway)—Newly decorated two, three, four rooms, bath, light, linen, maid service included; rate, $30-$55 weekly; $5, $10, $15 daily; restaurant in building. Columbus 4400.

65TH ST., 127 WEST—Beautifully furnished with piano, 2 rooms, private bath, apartment. Complete hotel service, by week or month. J. H. Kenny, Bryant 574.

65TH ST., 7 WEST—3 rooms (kitchen), $150 month; lease; immediate possession. Tracy.

68TH, 63 WEST—Elegantly furnished apartment, entire floor, 3 large rooms, bath.

69TH, 245 WEST (The New West End)—Two-three room apartments, bath, kitchenette; $95-$130; references required.

70TH, 127 WEST—Second floor, will sublet Jan. 1; handsomely furnished apartment; large living room, grand piano, bedroom, bath, shower, kitchenette; two large closets; $200 monthly. Apply L. J. Phillips, 148 West 72d St.

70TH ST., 229 WEST—Private family will lease parlor floor, one or two rooms, exquisitely furnished, private bath, kitchenette privilege for breakfast. 8780 Columbus.

71ST, 31 WEST (Hotel Joyce)—Sublet living room, bedroom, with private bath; complete hotel service; dining room on premises.

72D, 166 WEST—Apartment of four rooms; large living room, bedroom, dining room, tiled kitchen, ice refrigeration; particularly fine bathroom, alcove shower; if two bedrooms are required dining room can be furnished as an extra bedroom; apartment is sumptuously furnished; rental $400 monthly; also apartment of three rooms, consisting of bedroom, combination living and dining room, tiled kitchen, ice refrigeration; large bathroom, alcove shower; rental $275 monthly; maid service supplied if desired. Apply to Supt. on premises. Tel. Columbus 7840.

72D, 344—Attractively furnished five rooms, two baths; housekeeping; elevator; lease; 2-6 afternoon; private phone. Columbus 8320.

73D, 136 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Beautiful furnished two-room suites, with bath; moderate monthly and weekly rates; $100 monthly up; $25 weekly up.

74TH, 45 WEST.
VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED, ENTIRE PARLOR FLOOR, THREE LARGE ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, ELECTRICITY; COMPLETE SEPARATE KITCHENETTE; LINEN, SILVER; MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

74TH, 108 WEST—Large studio, kitchen, bath; also 2 rooms, housekeeping.

74TH, WEST—High class two-room apartment, $150 month. Moran, 1

The New York Times
Classified Advertising Rates.

Count six words to an Agate line. Per Agate
(Minimum space two lines.) Line.
Situations Wanted 40c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted.... 40c
Boarders and Board Wanted..... 40c
Help Wanted 55c
Real Estate 55c
Lost and Found (Sunday 60c) 55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted..... 55c
Country Board 60c
Mortgage Loans 60c
For Sale 60c
Automobile Exchange 65c
Agents Wanted 65c
Employment Agencies 75c
Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c) 15c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers..... 15c

For insertion in the Sunday edition, advertisements for Situations, Schools, Hotels and Resorts must be received at The Times Building by noon Friday. Real Estate and Apartment closing advertisements by 8 P. M. Wednesday; other classified advertisements and Help Wanted by noon Saturday.

Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition must be received by 4 P. M. on the day previous to insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

WOMAN, 30, with seven years' experience in high grade and agency work, desires position with life insurance work, dictaphone or secretarial; capable either in New York or out of city; will travel with all New England states; best of references. Address Box [illegible] Times.

YOUNG LADY, graduate high school, desires position requiring intelligence and accuracy; moderate salary. Y 2327 Times Annex.

Employment Agencies.

MRS. [illegible] Audubon 2856—High grade [illegible] cooks, city, country; references.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency—First-class servants. 2,280 Broadway, cor 82d St.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY — Help by month, week or day. 107 W. 133d St. Morn. 6816.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT EXECUTIVE,
office manager, auditor, cost accounting, public practice experience, thorough, organizer, systematizer, constructive calibre of mind, 25 years' experience, open permanent engagement; executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; salary $4,000; available on 1 month's notice. Jersey Commuter, 145 Halsey Street, Newark, N. J.

ACCOUNTANT EXECUTIVE,
office manager, auditor and specialist, possessing thorough knowledge of costs, highly organized organizer and systematizer, fully capable installing, revising, adjusting systems, 18 years' experience; married; near 41. Charles, $4,000. A 470 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, systematizer, closed, audited, adjusted; a firm without bookkeepers, $2,500 weekly. 299 Broadway, Room 2006.

ACCOUNTANT, 19 years' experience, cost accountant; capable manager; best credentials.

ACCOUNTANT, closing [illegible] reports, higher [illegible] 300 Madison Ave.

BOOKKEEPER, controls, [illegible] capable producing [illegible] Lexington Ave.

BOOKKEEPER, Certified Auditor's statements, [illegible] moderate charge [illegible] Grand Central Palace.

BOOKKEEPER, [illegible] desires position as bookkeeper with L. 614 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, desires connection [illegible] Apt. [illegible] Times.

BOOKKEEPER, [illegible] Times.

BOOKKEEPER, [illegible] Times.

BOOKKEEPER,



Garage for Adolf Gobel, Brooklyn. Louis Allmendinger, Architect.

We accept only as many contracts as we can give personal attention.

Each job is handled by one complete construction corps, in charge of an executive who keeps in close touch with "headquarters."

Either Mr. Barney or Mr. Ahlers visits the job regularly, and both are always available for consultation with client and architect.

This personal service *economically* attains speed which would otherwise be very costly.

Going to build a factory, warehouse or garage? Phone Bryant 2908.

Barney-Ahlers
Industrial Construction
"Speed with Economy"

Paradoxical Though It May Seem

EVEN during this general business reaction, there are some organizations running at a profit. Find them and you will also find Certified Public Accountants assisting them—compiling data on costs and operating expenses, instituting measures to prevent leaks and losses, watching overhead and calling for conservation wherever possible.

These phases of accounting service are so timely that sound business would call for their immediate application.

SEIDMAN & SEIDMAN
Certified Public Accountants
41 PARK ROW
NEW YORK
Grand Rapids Washington Newark

"Money Back" *from* Washington

Don't be a sour believer in the theory of "whatever is, is wrong." The Government must be supported by Taxation, but the Government refunds or removes unjustified taxes or assessments.

For example, if you lost money during any part of 1919 or if you have received additional tax assessments, a consultation with us is advisable.

"Growth Through Service"

DAVID BERDON & CO.
Certified Public Accountants
AT 277 BROADWAY
Telephone, Worth 3585



One Hand—

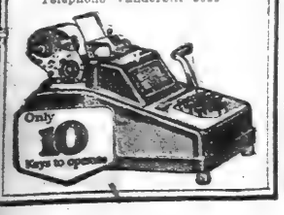
operates the SUNDSTRAND with comfort, speed and accuracy. The action is natural and inspires phenomenal speed.

Sundstrand FIGURING MACHINE

operates with 10 keys handling every kind of figure work.

A demonstration in your own office will be made without obligation. Write or 'phone.

U. S. ADDING MACHINE CO.,
191 Park Ave., New York City, N.Y.
Telephone Vanderbilt 3325



NEW FILM RECORD SET BY 'PASSION'

German-Made du Barry Picture, Sold Here for $40,000, Worth $500,000.

U. S. RIGHTS WENT BEGGING

106,000 Saw Photoplay in First Week—$10,000 Estimated Daily Receipts.

"Passion," the first important film of foreign origin to achieve success in this country since the war, is a production of the Germans, now being shown at the Capitol Theatre, where crowds have witnessed the screen version of Mme. du Barry's rise to power with none of the hostility that has greeted attempts to revive German opera and drama. So doubtful were the chances of this production's success in America that it is said to have been offered for a song in Berlin to American producers.

At the time that the production was finished in Berlin, the latter part of last year, the German producers would have been glad to take $10,000 for the American rights, which finally were sold for $40,000 to the Associated First National Pictures, Inc., of 6 West Forty-eighth Street. Conservative estimates place the value of the American rights today in excess of $500,000.

The first engagement of "Passion" was opened at the Capitol on Sunday, Dec. 12. This house, with a capacity of 5,500 seats, is reputed to be the largest cinema theatre in the world. There have been five performances a day since the first engagement, and the attendance during the first week is said to have been 106,000. Although the gross receipts could not be ascertained from the theatre, they are estimated by motion picture trades journals at $10,000 a day, which would have represented exceedingly gratifying receipts for a whole week six years ago.

Last Sunday the crowd was so great that extra policemen had to maintain order and clear traffic. Those who either gained admittance or sought it were estimated at 40,000. The result was a record week's showing.

The American rights for the German film productions were procured last September by David P. Howells, who acted as broker for the Associated First National Pictures, Inc. He saw the picture in Berlin soon after its production. Mr. Howells last night told a reporter for THE TIMES that there were representatives of other American distributors in Berlin at the same time, but they refused to buy the film even at its lowest figure.

The producer was the Universam Film Aktiengesellschaft of Berlin, and it found setting for the French historical picture in and around Berlin. The principal rôle was taken by Pola Negri, who, in a cable dispatch from Berlin to THE TIMES, recently was described as "Frau Pola Negri, one of Germany's most famous film stars," at the time that she was robbed of valuable jewelry. This cable was followed by a statement from the distributers that Pola Negri was a Pole and a friend of Paderewski.

ACCUSED BY FIANCEE.

Motorcycle Racer Held for Taking Back Engagement Ring.

William Wray of 1,129 Dean Street, Brooklyn, a motorcycle racer, was held in $1,500 bail for the Grand Jury yesterday by Magistrate O'Neill in the Flatbush Court. Wray had waived examination on a charge of grand larceny brought by his fiancée, Miss Belle Hill, of 562 West 148th Street, Manhattan.

Miss Hill charged that Wray stole the $800 diamond engagement ring he had given to her. She said she had given him $20 toward the purchase price. A detective testified that he had tried unsuccessfully to patch up what he coincided on Tuesday to sell milk in January at the December price, $3.18 a hundred pounds.

An Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges receipt of $5 from Mrs. K. C. Jones of Cranford, N. J., for the starving children of Europe, which has been turned over to the European Relief Council, 42 Broadway, New York City, and $2 from Mrs. J. Thornton, 1,389 East 17th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., for the starving Chinese, which has been turned over to the China Famine Fund, The Christian Herald, 95 Bible House, New York City.

BOND SELLERS AID HOOVER.

150 to Seek Ten Recruits and Pledges to Help Starving.

Herbert Hoover enlisted 150 of Wall Street's best bond salesmen yesterday, "in the campaign to sell 3,500,000 destitute children of Europe to American charity," with the pledge that each should recruit ten other salesmen and try to get subscriptions from at least twenty business men. They are to turn in their subscriptions to the $33,000,000 fund of the European Relief Council to be used this Winter in Central and Southeastern Europe.

At a meeting of these picked salesmen at the Bankers' Club Mr. Hoover said that he believed the squad had the soundest sort of investment for the American people. He said that the fund not only would save thousands of lives this Winter, but would create a great reserve of good will overseas for the United States.

"The bond salesman is the finest salesman in the world for a sound proposition," said H. D. Burrell, who presided at the salesmen's meeting, "and they recognize this project as the very soundest kind of charity."

Mr. Hoover met representatives of sixty trades and industries at luncheon and obtained lists of their companies for use in the campaign to raise the fund. They pledged their aid to the drive.

HILTON WILL IS PROBATED.

Family Share Lumber Dealer's Estate, Estimated at $6,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW CITY, N. Y., Dec. 22.—District Attorney Morton Lexow of Rockland County, acting Surrogate, probated in New City today the will of the late Joseph Hilton, a millionaire lumber dealer, who had a Summer home in Nyack. The estate is estimated at more than $6,000,000.

Mr. Hilton, who was the head of the Savannah Lumber Company of Georgia, bequeathed one-third of his residuary estate to his widow, Mrs. Ida Naylor Hilton. The remainder is left in equal parts to his son, Thomas Hilton, and two daughters, Mrs. Ida Hilton Seymour and Mrs. Lucy Hilton Strong.

PAROLED TO VISIT MOTHER.

Ex-Captain Morgan, Awaiting Sentence, Gets Christmas Privilege.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—A seven-day Christmas parole to visit his mother in Norfolk, Va., whom he has not seen for five years, was granted today to Charles Morgan, former army Captain, by Justice Gould in the District Supreme Court.

The court accepted the personal bond of the prisoner that he would return at the end of the period to the district jail, where he was awaiting sentence, having pleaded guilty to having raised a check.

Morgan was arrested in Alaska. He served in the Canadian forces and later as a Captain in the American army overseas during the war.

TOPERS MUST TELL WHERE THEY 'GOT IT'

Brooklyn Courts to Make Daily List of Drunks for Federal Attorney.

THREE ARE HELD IN BAIL

Newark Tug's Mysterious Night Visit to New York—Inquiry Ordered.

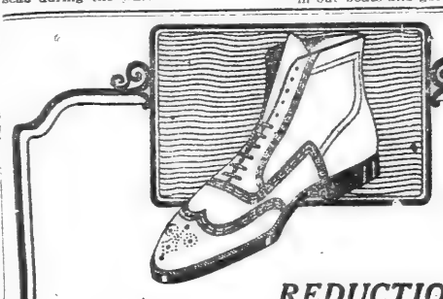
Plans for more drastic enforcement of the prohibition laws in Brooklyn were discussed there last night by Daniel J. Chapin, Federal Supervising Agent for this State, who was on an official visit to the Brooklyn office, and United States Attorney Leroy W. Ross.

The number of agents in Brooklyn is to be increased, Mr. Chapin announced. Orders had come from Washington to dismiss three agents under suspension, and other changes would probably be made in the personnel of the Brooklyn force, he said. Mr. Chapin praised the work of Captain Eugene E. Merrill, squad chief in Brooklyn. Brooklyn prohibition agents hereafter will carry signed subpoenas, according to Mr. Chapin, which is the practice in Manhattan.

Clerks of the Magistrates' Courts in Brooklyn were instructed yesterday by Deputy Chief Clerk William F. Delaney to send to him daily names and addresses of all persons convicted of intoxication. Copies will be given to United States District Attorney Ross, who will call such persons before him and ask them where they got it.

Peter Karvilas and his brother Stanley of 63 Hudson Avenue, Brooklyn, were held by Commissioner McCabe in Brooklyn yesterday in $1,000 bail each on a charge of violating the prohibition law. Paul Kopic, who has a saloon at 213 Oakland Street, Brooklyn, was held in a similar bond by Commissioner Barmore.

A tugboat of the Newark and New York Towboat Company made a mysterious visit to New York Tuesday night, according to Captain J. J. Appley, manager for the company, and he is trying to learn whether or not the boat was used by bootleggers. Fireman John Wuoln was the only person on the boat when it was found tied to a pier in the East River at the foot of Thirtieth Street. Wuoln told the police he went aboard the boat in Newark late Tuesday night to take a nap and when he awoke yesterday morning at 7 o'clock found himself in this city. He did not know who brought the boat, which is valued at $60,000, to New York. Announcing a rigid investigation, Captain Appley said that "nobody need think he can joy-ride in our boats and get away with it."



REDUCTIONS
in Men's High Shoes
DURING DECEMBER

Built by THE JOHN MURPHY SHOE

Lasts and patterns exclusively our own design.

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY
BROADWAY AT 40TH STREET
NEW YORK
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE BUILDING



PACIFIC LIMITED
Chicago
Milwaukee & St. Paul
Railway

Pre-War California Service

The *Pacific Limited* between Chicago and San Francisco is now in service via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

The new schedule saves time on your transcontinental trip.

Leave Chicago (Union Station) 10:45 a.m.
Arrive San Francisco 8:30 (third morning)

This convenient schedule—daylight departure and day light arrival—combined with the complete and luxurious equipment affords service par excellence.

Observation sleeping cars, standard sleeping cars, tourist sleepers, free reclining chair cars and dining car.

The route is over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Lines.

For sleeping car reservations and full information apply to

G. L. Cobb, Gen. Agt. Pass. Dept., C. M. & St. P. Ry.
42 Broadway, Phone Broad 6600
New York, N. Y.
GEO. B. HAYNES, General Passenger Agent, CHICAGO

An Ideal Xmas Gift

Start your child on the road to fortune by a Christmas gift of a Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificate at 5½% net. This will tend to the Thrift Habit, a priceless asset.

Certificates purchaseable in any amount, however fractional, from $100 up.

Send for Booklet E-178

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President.
Capital & Surplus $9,000,000
59 Liberty St., N. Y. Telephone 7895 Cort. 184 Montague St., Bkn. Telephone 7686 Main

MONEY to LOAN
in substantial amounts

An easy, convenient means of raising CASH quickly. Large or small loans on *jewelry only*, for duration of a year or less. Liberality, courtesy, strictest confidence. Call, phone or write.

One of New York's oldest, staunchest institutions.

Phone Watkins 4128

Established 1878
J. E. LEMON & CO.
475 SIXTH AVE. at 29th St.



Copyright, Hart Schaffner & Marx.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Full Dress or Tuxedo
Coat and Trousers
$58

Made to sell at $85 and $75

Here is a fine Christmas present to make to yourself if no one else is apt to do it—a gift that will better enable you to dress your part at all evening festivities during the holidays and later.

Full Dress or Tuxedo Vests
formerly up to $20
$15

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

MONEY
TALKS

But the Values Give the Argument.

Now, honestly, man to man, advertising aside, here are 200 of the finest ulsters and ulsterettes ever made by experts in the field of tailoring.

The Regular Prices were $70, $80, to $90.
NOW YOUR PICK FOR
$42

Plaid back, belted back or belts all round. Some with raglan shoulders. Satin lined or quilted lined, quarter lined or full lined.

Whether you need an overcoat now or next month, or next year, don't miss this opportunity to buy.

B'way & 9th St.
B'way & 51st St.
Arnheim
30 East 42d St.
19 East 41st St.

The Best Gift of All

A Guaranteed First Mortgage paying 5½% is the ideal Christmas gift. Thoroughly practical and yet, with its recurring interest period, a sentimental reminder of your continued regard. Select one of these.

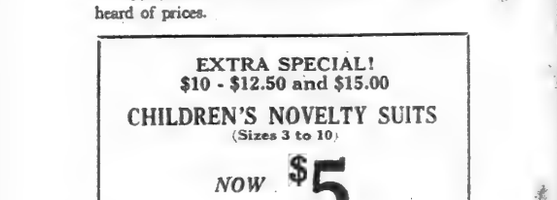
Amount of Loan	Rental	Value of Security
$1,250	$240	$2,250
3,250	Owner	6,500
5,500	$1,380	11,000
10,000	$2,830	17,500

Others on request

Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates $100 up

NEW YORK TITLE & MORTGAGE COMPANY

135 Broadway, New York
203 Montague Street, Brooklyn
163 Main St., White Plains, N.Y.
Bridge Plaza, L. I. City
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica
24 Bay St., St. George, S.I.



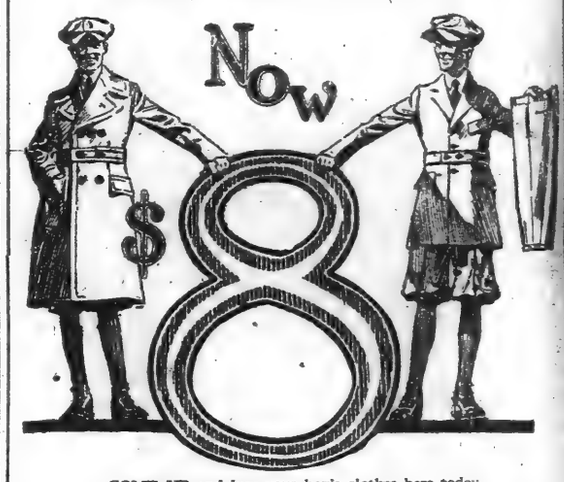
SECURE AS THE BEDROCK OF NEW YORK

Monroe Jr. Clothes

MOTHERS:

Just two more shopping days before Christmas—and what more practical, worth while—worth having gift for the boy than a good serviceable mackinaw, overcoat or two pants suit?

JUST THINK—Boys' ALL WOOL Overcoats, ALL WOOL Mackinaws and Boys' Two Pants Suits (Sizes 8 to 18) that sold from $15 to $24.75.



COME UP and buy your boy's clothes here today. An opportunity to get good clothes at never before heard of prices.

EXTRA SPECIAL!
$10 - $12.50 and $15.00
CHILDREN'S NOVELTY SUITS
(Sizes 3 to 10)
NOW $5

All Monroe Clothes Shops Are Upstairs. Open Evenings.

MANHATTAN
42nd Street, corner Broadway
50 E. 42nd St., corner Madison
Nassau Street, corner Frankfort
5 Cortlandt St., cor. Broadway
14th St., opp. Acad. of Music
34th Street, corner Broadway
46th Street and Broadway
59th Street at Columbus Circle
125th Street, corner 7th Ave.
181st St., cor. St. Nicholas Ave.

BRONX
Bergen Ave. at 149th St.

BROOKLYN
413 Fulton Street
587 Fulton at Flatbush

NEWARK—151 Market Street
JERSEY CITY—Newark Ave. & Bay
PATERSON—220 Main Street
YONKERS—Getty Square
ALBANY, N.Y.—Corner N. Pearl and State Sts.
SCRANTON—308 Lackawanna Ave.
BALTIMORE—Cor. Light and Baltimore Sts.

THE MORRIS PLAN

The Best CHRISTMAS CLUB You Can Join

Save $1.00 a week for 50 weeks and receive $50. plus 5% interest

The Best Christmas Present

A full paid 5% investment certificate of $50., $100. or more

CALL TODAY OR SEND YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS TO

The Morris Plan Co. of New York

Resources over $6,000,000 Under Supervision of N.Y. State Banking Department

Main Office 261 Broadway (Opposite City Hall)
Union Sq. Branch 1 Union Square
Bronx Branch 391 East 149th Street
Brooklyn Branch 26 Court Street (Opposite Borough Hall)

Hoyt's Service, Inc.
PLANNED ADVERTISING
116 West 32nd Street, N.Y.C.
BOSTON CLEVELAND SPRINGFIELD

FOR CHRISTMAS GIVE
LEE WILSON DODD'S
Book of Susan
On sale everywhere or can be had from the publishers. $2.00
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,980. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles

$1,000,000,000 CREDIT TO BERLIN OPPOSED; SECURITY DOUBTFUL

Government Experts Say It Would Not Have Priority Over Reparations to Allies.

CALL IT SECOND MORTGAGE

Doubt Germany's Ability Even to Pay Interest on Payments Entente Hopes to Exact.

POINT TO FIGURES FOR 1913

Declare That In Her Most Prosperous Year Her Imports Exceeded Exports $300,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—High officials of the Government voiced objection today to the plan for extension of a credit of $1,000,000,000 by the United States to Germany. The purpose of the suggested credit is to enable Germany to obtain surplus foodstuffs and raw products from the United States and thus afford relief to American agricultural interests, who look upon the project as a means for raising prices through exportation of their products.

Secretary Houston of the Treasury is opposed to the project, and officials of the State Department familiar with world economical, political and financial conditions, as well as payment of reparations by Germany, declared that they regarded the billion-dollar plan as impracticable. So-called German Commissioners are in Washington urging the project. One of these is understood to be William Wallace Brauer, a New York cattle exporter, who has been advocating the project. It was made plain at the State Department today that, so far as it had been advised, Germany, which it technically still at war with the United States, had sent no official representatives to this country to conduct negotiations.

Little is known in official circles concerning Brauer, but the understanding of officials here is that if he is authorized to speak for any interests in Germany it is only for commercial interests. Brauer recently had a talk with Norman H. Davis, acting Secretary of State, who is a financier and participated in the work of the American Peace Commission at Paris. Mr. Davis, who is considered to be one of the best American authorities on the financial, economic and reparation aspects of the Versailles Treaty, gave Brauer no encouragement whatever.

Word reached this country some time ago that the Berlin Government had been approached on the subject of an effort to obtain a loan in the United States by a person who asserted that he would be able to obtain the credit and that he was authorized to go ahead, but that subsequently the German Government, being convinced that the undertaking would not prove a success, withdrew the authority.

Officials Oppose Project.

Whatever attitude Congress may take in the matter, and there is no present indication that it will grant such a credit to Germany, it can be stated that high officials in the executive branch of the Government are opposed to the project. It is the conviction of these officials that unless such a credit extension to Germany were given priority over the payment of reparations by Germany to the Allies, a $1,000,000,000 credit would be in the nature of a second mortgage on German assets.

It is not the belief of officials in Washington that the Reparations Commission, which has been in session at Brussels, would not recognize the priority of such a loan over the reparations claims against Germany. As viewed by Government reparations experts the question involved is whether the Reparations Commission would let a billion dollar American credit like this go ahead of the reparations to be paid by Germany or, whether, in the event of such refusal to give the United States a first lien on German assets, the American people are willing to go "down into their jeans" for a billion dollars to enable Germany to purchase foodstuffs in this country, with no safe collateral in sight.

One high official remarked today that it seemed rather strange that some persons in this country were seemingly "breaking their necks to lend money to a country with which we are yet technically at war and without assurance of proper collateral."

Sees No Collateral in Sight.

"Clearly there can be no security," said the official, "unless such a credit is given priority of payment over reparations. If we were to put up a billion credit for Germany on such slight credit, without first obtaining an agreement for priority of payment, that would merely enable Germany to pay a billion more by way of reparations to the Allies, who already owe this country more than they are now able to pay."

It has been suggested that if a direct loan of a billion dollars is not granted the proposed credit extension to Germany might be based on the alien enemy property now in the custody of the Alien Property Custodian. The value of this property has never amounted to $1,000,000,000. At most it was not worth more than $300,000,000. It was stated by a Government official today that by the time this was pared down by elimination, based on recent legislation, it would not aggregate more than $200,000,000. This property cannot be disposed of for a number of years.

Continued on Page Three.

Make your Xmas Dinner a complete success. Serve BELL-ANS after eating.—Advt.

Japanese Volcano Spreads Sea of Fire at Its Base

TOKIO, Dec. 23.—The continued activity of the volcano Asama is causing alarm. Violent explosions occurred in the crater on Wednesday evening, and the country for many miles around was strewn with ashes. Later, after tremendous rumblings, a thick column of flame and smoke shot skyward, and the entire crater was a blazing furnace.

The towns around the volcano suffered from heavy earthquake shocks and showers of ashes. The forests and several villages were set on fire. It was impossible to gain access to the fire zones owing to the lava streams. An area covering two miles at the foot of the mountain is reported to resemble a sea of fire. One village has been entirely burned out. It is feared that the loss of human and animal life has been large.

REVEALS WILSON'S TROUBLES IN PARIS

Expert of Our Commission Tells How Clemenceau Called Him "Pro-German."

CLASHED OVER THE RHINE

President Tod His Aids He Did Not Know Whether He Would See the Premier Again.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 23.—Isaiah Bowman, President of the American Geographical Society and chief territorial adviser of the American Peace Commission, spoke tonight at the third session of The Public Ledger Forum on the Peace Conference.

In the course of his address Mr. Bowman paid a high tribute to President Wilson and in reply to questions from the audience said it was not true that he was averse to accepting advice, but on many occasions had sought it. The speaker told of a conference that the President held with the members of the American commission during the negotiations, quoting Mr. Wilson as follows:

"Gentlemen, I rely upon you and upon your preparations. Please tell me in every case what is right and I will fight for it. Give me a guaranteed position."

The party, called in by the President, Mr. Bowman said, consisted of seven Republicans, five Democrats and two Independents.

On another occasion, Mr. Bowman said, the President called the members of the commission together and told them that he was "in trouble."

"The French want the left bank of the Rhine and also the Saar Basin," he quoted Mr. Wilson as having said. "'I have told M. Clemenceau I will not agree to it. I do not know whether I ever shall see him again; in fact, I do not know whether the Peace Conference will continue. M. Clemenceau has called me a pro-German and has left the room.

"'Now, I want you gentlemen to assist me. I want you to find a solution for these vexing problems which will be just and fair to the Germans and still please M. Clemenceau, which is to say France.'"

"And," added Mr. Bowman, "that solution was found. It was the one eventually accepted."

Discussing Constantinople and the Balkan States, Mr. Bowman defended the settlement regarding Turkey. He said that the "operations performed by the surgeons of Versailles upon the Sick Man of Europe" were of greater benefit to the world at large than the "outright death of the patient" would have been.

Mr. Bowman declared that although the Turk was not actually expelled from Europe, "he, nevertheless, is really no longer there so far as any power of influence is concerned."

"When considering the great cost any other arrangement would have involved," the speaker asked, "shall we not agree that a policy of conciliation in dealing with the Turk was wholly justified? Driving the Turk from Europe would have meant the social and political wreck of the whole border of the Mohammedan world. It might have meant the disruption of India and the rest of the vast territories inhabited by Mohammedans in whose stability virtually all European powers have an interest.

"As matters now stand, only a shadow of the Turk is left in Constantinople. The armed forces about the Sultan have been reduced to 700 guards; the total armed forces of Turkey may not exceed 50,000 men, and allied warships are constantly anchored at strategic points, while the fortifications of the Bosporus and the Dardanelles are to be demolished.

"In short, the present feeble military forces of the Turk in Europe could be extinguished at a moment's notice."

HOUSTON DEMANDS UTMOST ECONOMY TO LESSEN DEFICITS

Secretary of Treasury Outlines Finance Problems to Senate Committee.

AGAINST MORE OBLIGATIONS

Says Bonus, Export Financing and Credit to Germany Would Mean More Taxes.

$7,500,000,000 DUE BY 1923

With Revenue Sources Tending to Dry Up, He Declares We Face a $2,000,000,000 Deficit This Year.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Secretary of the Treasury Houston testifying today before the Senate Committee on Finance urged the utmost economy in Government appropriations and expenditures, opposed the revival of the War Finance Corporation, the enactment of a soldier bonus law, the extension, as some persons in official life have suggested, of $1,000,000,000 credit to Germany, at least until the German Government and the German people know where Germany stands as to her exact indemnity obligations to the Allies.

The passing of much of the legislation which has been suggested, the Secretary pointed out, would mean additional taxes on the people, increase in the cost of living, and the impairment of the Treasury Department's ability to meet existing obligations. Persons, said the Secretary, who hold out to the farmers of the country a promise that war-time prices can be restored, are, in his opinion, the worst enemies the farmers have. Nothing of the kind, in the opinion of Secretary Houston, can or will happen.

The Secretary also disclosed that the Treasury Department is now trying to effect an understanding of some sort between the United States and the Allies regarding the debt of billions owed this country. The plan now under discussion involves a deferment of the payment of principal and some arrangement which will make possible the payment, in the meantime, of the interest.

Senator McCumber, Acting Chairman of the Committee, asked Secretary Houston to cover the whole field of Government finance and if possible to outline to the committee any propositions the Senate may have as to how best to meet the situation confronting the Treasury Department.

Faces Serious Problems.

"I have had this matter," said the Secretary, "under consideration for a very long time. The problems confronting the Government in the field of finance are not insuperable, but they are difficult. They are not, of course, as difficult as the financial problems that faced us during the period of war. At the present time our expenses are running lower and for the most part our anticipations as to tax receipts have kept up."

Secretary Houston said that the floating debt in the form of certificates approximates $2,300,000,000. On Jan. 1, 1923, about $800,000,000 in war savings certificates will mature, and in the Spring of the same year approximately $4,250,000,000 of Victory bonds will mature. The total obligations to be met by the Government in the next two and one-half years, Secretary Houston placed at about $7,500,000,000.

"In addition to meeting these obligations," continued Secretary Houston, "we shall, of course, have to finance the Government and I may point out that the estimates for the fiscal year 1920-21 are in round numbers $4,800,000,000, and for 1921-22 about $4,400,000,000. The estimated excess receipts, excluding the public debt, are about $680,000,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30 next, and for the following year, again excluding the public debt, about $556,000,000. But including the public debt the deficit at the end of the present fiscal year will approximate $2,000,000,000, and for the fiscal year 1921-22 it will approximate $1,500,000,000. It is therefore, obvious that if the program is followed and the estimates submitted are approximately correct, we shall go forward into 1922-23 with a deficit of about $1,500,000,000, and we would face, in addition, the funding of $4,250,000,000 in Victory bonds and war saving certificates. At the same time some sources of our revenue are tending to dry up and unless something is done to reduce our expenditures we shall have to look about for additional means of carrying on the Government, and we should realise that that remains is armed intervention by the great powers.

Continued on Page Three.

German General Wants Pershing or Foch To Lead World Army to Crush Bolshevism

BERLIN, Dec. 23 (Associated Press).—General Wilhelm Hoffmann, former Chief of Staff of the German East Army, declares in an interview in the Berlin Russian Daily Rul, that Bolshevism, having ceased to be regional, is now a world problem, which can be solved only by armed intervention by the great powers, acting in concert. An international army, under the leadership of Pershing, Joffre or Foch should occupy Petrograd, he says, and then march on Moscow, which, he asserts, is bound to fall before any properly officered force.

With the occupation of Moscow, Trotsky and Lenin would be unhorsed and their 3,000 Commissars overthrown, and the members of the whole régime, General Hoffmann predicts, would ask "safe conduct to pass the shortest way to oblivion." He feels certain that Russian workmen would be glad to desert their present leaders at the first indication that their overthrow was imminent.

"To remodel Bolshevism is impossible," said the General. "Any trade relations with Russia would only furnish a cloak for Red propaganda, for Bolshevist aims will ever be a world revolution. The crash of the Soviet régime would inevitably be followed by a reign of unparalleled anarchy. The only thing

"As Chief of Staff of the East Army I directed the propaganda against the Russian Army. The General Staff made use of every possible means to break through the Russian front. One of these means was poison gas, another was Lenin. The imperial régime dispatched Lenin to Russia from the Swiss frontier in a sealed car. With our consent Lenin and his friends disorganized the Russian Army. Von Kühlmann (former German Secretary for Foreign Affairs), Count Czernin (Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister) and I then closed the Brest-Litovsk treaty so that we could throw our army against the west front.

"We neither knew nor foresaw the danger to humanity from the consequences of this journey of Bolsheviki to Russia. At that time we weighed the matter with as little consideration as the Entente does now. Would the Allies, and especially Lloyd George, carry on negotiations and make concessions if they fully reckoned the frightful danger which Bolshevism represents?"

General von Hoffmann says the army command later realized the danger, and a plan was laid for the overthrow of Bolshevism, but events developed so rapidly that it was impossible to force the issue.

REPORT THREE MEN PICKED FOR CABINET

Hughes for State Department, Dawes for the Treasury and Fall for Interior.

OTHER SELECTIONS TO WAIT

Hays, Hert and Weeks Conspicuously Mentioned Among the Likely Nominees.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—A dispatch from Marion, Ohio, to The Chicago Tribune tonight says:

"President-elect Harding has decided on at least three Cabinet appointments. Offers will be made soon, according to definite information obtained here today. These men are:

"Charles Evans Hughes of New York for Secretary of State.

"Charles G. Dawes of Chicago for Secretary of the Treasury.

"Senator Albert B. Fall of New Mexico for Secretary of the Interior.

"Another appointment practically decided on is that of Secretary to the President. This post will be offered to Leroy Vernon, Washington correspondent of The Chicago Daily News.

"With this as a basis for his official family, the President-elect will shift his other Cabinet cards to suit the changing conditions. He may not announce them for several weeks.

"It may be said, however, that he and his advisers have decided to put somewhere in the Cabinet men who served as executives in the work of the Republican National Committee. These men are:

"John D. Weeks of Massachusetts, former Senator, slated tentatively for Secretary of the Navy.

"A. Tobias Hert of Kentucky, member of the Executive Committee during the campaign, slated tentatively for Secretary of War.

"Will H. Hays of Indiana, Chairman of the National Committee, slated for Postmaster General.

"Herbert Hoover is practically certain to be in the Cabinet, probably as Secretary of Commerce.

"Mr. Harding is being importuned concerning diplomatic appointments. Men being urged by their friends for the Embassy to Great Britain are: Cornelius Vanderbilt of New York, Colonel George Harvey and Frank A. Munsey.

"Mr. Harding, however, is believed to be more concerned at this time with placing 'big men' as envoys to the Latin American countries than he is with the European posts."

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 23.—Myron T. Herrick of Cleveland, former Ambassador to France, was called to Marion today by President-elect Harding to discuss the international peace plan which is to be put before the world by the coming Administration.

The conference is said to have concerned particularly the experiences of Mr. Herrick abroad last Summer, when he made a tour of European capitals and talked with many leading men.

Business conditions were taken up by the President-elect with Fred Upham, William Wrigley and Marshall Field of Chicago. Mr. Upham, who is Treasurer of the Republican National Committee, also discussed organization questions left over from the campaign.

Others who saw Mr. Harding during the day were Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton, Vice Chairman of the Republican National Committee, and Harry M. Daugherty.

Ex-President Taft is to come to Marion tomorrow to discuss the peace association plan and other subjects. Although an advocate of the present League, Mr. Taft has indicated that he will support any other practical plan to promote peace, and he is counted on by Mr. Harding to contribute to the proposal for an international court.

While the President-elect's conferences on the peace program are proceeding, he has under consideration several proposals for a trip South during January. He said today that no action had been taken on any of the invitations received. It is generally thought that he will leave for some Southern point during January, not to return to Marion before Inauguration.

CAUGHT AFTER CHASE AND FIGHT IN AIR

Police in Airplane Capture a Flier Wanted on a Charge of Forgery.

BULLETS DAMAGE MACHINE

Force Accused Man to Descend and He Is Captured—Served in the World War.

Special to The New York Times.

WINNIPEG, Man., Dec. 23.—A machine gun on an airplane manned by members of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and private detectives yesterday riddled a plane piloted by Joseph H. Gadbury, alleged confidence man, forcing him to land near Winnipeg and effecting his capture.

Gadbury, wanted in Britt, Iowa, on a charge of forgery and obtaining money under false pretenses, is being held in a Winnipeg jail. Police intend to return him to Iowa for prosecution.

Gadbury was an aviator serving in the World War. His home is in Tama, Iowa. Establishing himself in Britt and promising farmers of that community to build an airplane factory, Gadbury is alleged to have obtained approximately $18,000. He also is charged with passing worthless checks totaling $1,300, after which he started for Minneapolis and Winnipeg in an airplane.

Gadbury was forced to land at Emerson, near the Canadian border, where his ship underwent repairs. Meantime private detectives from Iowa were on his trail.

Arriving at Winnipeg these detectives obtained co-operation of the Canadian police and started from Winnipeg in an airplane to capture Gadbury.

En route to Emerson they met Gadbury in his plane and an aerial battle rivaling war exploits was staged.

The propeller of Gadbury's machine was damaged, the gasoline tank punctured and the fuselage riddled by machinegun bullets before the fugitive landed and was captured, the police say.

DUBLIN TROOPS RAID SINN FEIN ARSENAL

Make Big Haul of Guns and Ammunition—Patrol Attacked in Street.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Dec. 23.—Troops in the Fermoy district have seized a Sinn Fein arsenal of considerable size. This capture was made in a raid this morning, and general headquarters announces tonight that the booty consisted of 33 rifles and shotguns, 5 revolvers, 12 bombs, 2,220 rounds of rifle, revolver and shotgun ammunition, equipment, field dressings and documents. A quantity of explosives also was seized. This is the most extensive haul made by the Crown forces within recent months.

It was generally expected that the curfew regulations would be modified during the Christmas holidays, but incidents which occurred in Dublin last night have prejudiced the possibility. In three instances, at St. Stephens Green, Aungier Street and Camden Street, troops were fired at from houses. A fog was prevalent and to this circumstance perhaps can be attributed the fact that there was only one casualty, an officer being wounded slightly in the eye.

A sergeant's party of eleven, which had escorted a number of deportees to a boat at North Wall, were returning to their barracks toward midnight, when on reaching St. Stephens Green shots, officially estimated at thirty altogether, came from houses in different directions, and also, it is believed, from an ornamental garden in the famous square itself. Cover was taken by soldiers behind the stone pillars of a building and as the fog obscured the flashes they did not return the fire. Some auxiliary police arrived, and in their search of neighboring houses made one arrest, and in an empty dwelling found a revolver and fifty rounds of ammunition.

In Aungier Street where the Carmelite Monastery was raided, the Crown forces later on arriving in lorries were fired at from adjacent houses. Auxiliary police also rushed to the scene here and made ten arrests. It was at this spot that the officer was wounded.

In the monastery the troops found, according to general headquarters, a revolver and 100 rounds of mixed ammunition and two bandoliers. The discovery was made, I understand, in the apartment of the prior, known as the public room, and the father in charge suggested that the articles may have been deposited there by a visitor.

PAINT TRUST HOLDS COUNTRY IN GRIP; FIXES ALL PRICES

Four Concerns, With $300,000,000 Capital, Control 95 Per Cent. of White Lead.

IN LINSEED OIL AS WELL

Untermyer Wrings Truth From Secretary Tuttle, Who Reveals Combine's Methods.

RIPE RING TO DISSOLVE

Secretary Promises Lockwood Committee Counsel Action Within a Week.

Four concerns with an aggregate capital of approximately $300,000,000, control the manufacture of 95 per cent. of the white lead of the United States and fix prices through the American Institute of Lead Manufacturers, according to evidence placed yesterday before the Lockwood Committee by Samuel Untermyer, its counsel, during the examination of C. F. Tuttle, the Institute's Secretary.

After a mass of records and letters passing between the institute and its members showing in detail the "reporting plan" for price fixing had been placed into the record by Mr. Untermyer, Tuttle admitted that the plan "worked like a clock."

The members of the institute are the National Lead Company, controlling 55 per cent. of white lead, the principal ingredient in paint; the Sherwin-Williams Company of Cleveland; the du Pont de Nemours Company of Wilmington, Del., and the Eagle-Picher Company of Chicago. The latter owns the Hammer Brothers White Lead Company of St. Louis, which was a member of the institute in its own right until it came under control of the Eagle-Picher Company.

Prices were fixed through the medium of the National Lead Company, which acted as pacemaker, and which notified the institute of changes. Secretary Tuttle advised the three other members who confirmed receipt of the notice and advised the institute that their terms would be similar to those of the National Lead Company. Each member was advised by Tuttle of the replies made by his fellow-members.

Just before the session closed Mr. Untermyer began to delve into the affairs of the Linseed Oil Manufacturers Association. Linseed oil is one of the important ingredients of paint, and it was brought out that the National Lead Company was a member of the Linseed Oil Manufacturers Association, as it also made linseed oil.

White Lead Up 150 Per Cent.

The price of white lead, according to the testimony, has risen from 6 cents a pound in 1916 to as high as 15½ last month. The sale of white lead by the National Lead Company, the largest concern in the combination, with thirteen or fourteen branches in the United States, amounted to more than $21,000,000 in the eleven months of this year.

The revelations showing the stranglehold of the institute on the white lead business of the country caused Mr. Untermyer to say it would be more proper to call the organization "The American Rock-Ribbed Combination of Lead Manufacturers."

When Secretary Tuttle took the witness stand in the morning he announced that the Eastern Soil Pipe Manufacturers Association, of which he is also Secretary, would disband within a week. The evidence taken by the committee on Wednesday indicated that the association fixed the prices of soil pipe in the East and fought, through a legislative committee and through printed propaganda, new innovations in the plumbing industry designed to save the public immense sums of money. The price of cast iron soil pipe has gone up nearly 300 per cent. in the last five years, according to a witness.

The members of the combination did a business in dry white lead, white lead in oil and dross or imperfect carbon.

Mr. Untermyer read to the committee the "reporting plan" of the institute. It showed that the members were to file prices changed with the Secretary, together with terms and conditions of sale based on actual quotations to the trade.

Variations from the price list had to be sent to the Secretary, together with the name of the customer, and the Secretary had to notify the members of the variations. The institute was formed in 1918, said Tuttle, and the "reporting plan" was finished in the Fall of that year. He changed his mind about the time the plan was finished when Mr. Untermyer showed him correspondence he had with other members on the plan about a year later. He admitted changes were made from time to time.

Charles A. Meade, representative of the du Pont de Nemours Company, a member of the institute, wrote to Tuttle on July 26, 1918, saying, "It seems to me that the statistical report is about as near trouble proof as we can hope to get it."

A Close Eye on the Law.

Tuttle denied that when Mr. Meade said "trouble proof" he mean "as near proof against getting in trouble with the law as they could hope to get it." He admitted that the members of the association were following decisions of the courts closely, and were consulting counsel.

"They were following the decisions very closely to keep prayerfully within the law?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"I think so; yes, sir," answered Mr. Tuttle.

Mr. Untermyer produced two batches of clippings and papers showing that

Continued on Page Two.

Send Cigarettes to Harding; Prosecution Is Demanded

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 23.—Richard J. Hopkins, Attorney General, today formally requested attorneys at Atchison and Shawnee Counties to investigate reported violations of the State Anti-Cigarette law and begin prosecutions if evidence warranted them.

Nineteen Atchison men each contributed 10 cents toward a fund for a carton of cigarettes sent as a gift to President-elect Harding, while prominent Topeka women and the local American Legion Post have sent cigarette gifts to disabled soldiers at Camp Funston and in the Topeka State Hospital, according to information received by the Attorney General.

Both the gift and sale of cigarettes are illegal in Kansas.

STEEL DETECTIVE INDICTED TWICE

Robert J. Foster Accused of Refusing to Testify Before Lockwood Committee.

RELEASED ON $2,000 BAIL

Charged With Defying Investigators by Withholding Proof of Combine.

Robert J. Foster, chief investigator of the National Steel Erectors' Association, was arrested last evening by Detective Bernard Flood of the District Attorney's office on two indictments growing out of his appearance as a witness before the Lockwood committee on Dec. 16. The indictments, which were returned yesterday afternoon by the Extraordinary Grand Jury, of which William J. Spiegelberg is foreman, charge him with misdemeanors under the section of the penal law covering the powers of legislative committees.

Foster is accused of "wilfully refusing to testify" before the committee and of "wilfully refusing to produce material" asked for by the committee. He was released under $2,000 cash bail. He will appear for pleading before Justice John V. McAvoy on Tuesday.

The first indictment cites fourteen questions, asked by William A. Carson, acting Chairman of the committee, which, according to the indictment, Foster refused to answer. The questions related to certain contracts, agreements and understandings alleged to have existed between the Bethlehem Steel Company, the National Steel Erectors' Association, the Iron League, the American Erectors' Association and the National Steel Fabricators' Association, whereby the structural steel erectors, on the one hand, and the structural steel fabricators, on the other, agreed that the erectors would not use union labor on steel furnished by the fabricators, but would maintain the "open shop" on all contracts where such steel was used.

In the indictment charging the defendant with refusing to produce books and records of the different organizations it is charged that Foster was up to Dec. 20 a private detective and that for a long time prior to that time he had been employed "by the erectors to investigate, observe and keep surveillance over the work done by members of labor unions in and upon the erection of structural steel in the City of New York and throughout the United States in which structural steel was being used," and that on Dec. 16 he had in his possession "certain statements in writing and reports of investigations made and conducted by divers persons in the employ of the defendants and by the associations."

The indictment says that the National Steel Erectors' Association annually erected and controlled the erection of two-thirds of the structural steel for building purposes throughout the United States.

WANTS FOREIGN SHIPS TO MEET OUR STANDARD

Senator Jones Offers Bill to Bar Them Unless Conditions Equal Those Prescribed Here.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Foreign ships on which conditions were below those set by the American merchant marine would be denied entrance to American ports under a bill introduced today by Chairman Jones of the Senate Commerce Committee.

The measure would become effective ninety days after its passage. It is described as one "to promote and develop the interests of the American merchant marine." In addition to other papers now required by law, foreign vessels would be forced to carry permits issued by the Shipping Board.

The board would have authority to inspect all foreign craft entering American waters and to require that conditions as to sanitation, living quarters, food, finance and the like, up to the standard on American vessels.

CUTS ESTIMATES BY HALF.

Lloyd George Calls Army and Navy Figures More Than 50% Too High.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—Estimates, submitted by the Army and Navy Departments have been returned by Premier Lloyd George, as Chairman of the Cabinet's Finance Committee, and he has instructed the departments to reduce their figures by more than one-half, says the Daily Mail.

Mr. Lloyd George has directed that the total national expenditures for the coming year must be held at near £950,000,000 as against the estimates which

ENRIGHT ABOLISHES SOFT POLICE BERTHS, EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1

600 Men Expected to Be Returned to Patrol Duty From Special Details.

VICE SQUADS ARE EXCEPTED

Record of All Drug-Addict Arrests Ordered as Further Step in Crime War.

$150,000 BAIL FORFEITED

Three Men Captured in Stolen Auto Said to Have Confessed Four Hold-Ups.

Starting Jan. 1 the multitude of special details about which the rank and file of policemen have complained bitterly will be abolished.

A sweeping order wiping out the sinecures which Lieutenant Floyd Horton, just before he sacrificed his life for his police duty, cited as one of twenty-two reasons for the demoralization of the department was issued yesterday by Commissioner Enright.

While the order itself gave no hint as to the number of men directly affected, policemen who have asserted that these "soft jobs" have been created wholesale and on the flimsiest pretexts by the present Commissioner estimated that 600 men would be brought back to "pounding the pavements." This estimate, admittedly a loose one, was arrived at by subtracting from the total of a thousand men said to be enjoying easy berths those assigned to vice details, which are specifically excepted by the order.

The order itself, a brief official communication, merely said that all temporary assignments, excepting assignments to the detective division, office of the Police Commissioner, Deputy Commissioner and Telegraph Bureau would be discontinued at 12:01 A. M., Dec. 31.

Order Not Unexpected.

"Commanding officers requiring extension of such assignments," the order continued, "will submit new applications after Jan. 1, stating the necessity for detail in each case, together with date of original assignment. This will not affect temporary assignments to raided premises or disorderly hotels."

Officers of the department professed ignorance as to what details or how many men would be affected. It was said no one outside the Commissioner's own office knew the extent to which the practice of detaching men from regular patrol duty had been carried. Some believed the police band and the glee club would be among the first to go.

The order was not entirely unexpected. Commissioner Enright having said several days ago that he purposed to restore every possible man to routine police duty. He followed that by putting several Lieutenants, detached for welfare work, back on post.

The thirteenth count in Lieutenant Horton's indictment of the present administration of the department, was this:

"Due to so many useless details and excusals, precincts have been left for hours and hours without a single patrolman on post. It is so serious a policeman dare not tell his best friend of true conditions."

Similar complaints have been heard from others familiar with conditions, and it was said that in police circles throughout the city the order was hailed with great satisfaction by all except men enjoying particularly pleasant assignments.

In furtherance of efforts to get more efficient patrolling, Chief Inspector William J. Lahey summoned the inspectors in all boroughs to a Headquarters conference at which he impressed upon them the need for unusual vigilance and activity.

No Outstanding Crime Reported.

No outstanding crime of violence was reported yesterday, and the police last night, professing themselves well satisfied with the situation, asserted that the extraordinary protective measures are beginning to tell.

They pointed to many captures of gunmen and others accused of hold-ups, notably three alleged Brooklyn automobile bandits, as proof that they were subduing the lawless element.

The practice of concealing complaints from the public as thoroughly as possible was continued, while news of arrests was readily available, as usual, making it impossible to say whether thugs, highwaymen and burglars were really less active or whether the efforts at concealment were more successful.

The optimism at Headquarters did not prevent further efforts to stiffen the effectiveness of the force in addition to the abolition of special details. The department is turning to an intensive warfare on drug vendors and addicts as one of the most hopeful means of ending deeds of desperation. In this connection some captures were made which Carleton Simon, Special Deputy, described as important and encouraging.

Commissioner Enright recently sent out a general order to every precinct in the city which requires the immediate reporting of the pedigrees of all Federal and up-State drug law violators to Police Headquarters. The reports will be turned over at once to Dr. Simon. The Headquarters instructions also require that when prisoners charged with grand or petty larceny are being booked a record be made as to whether they are drug addicts. The new orders are a part of Dr. Simon's plan to keep a complete check on the drug addicts of the city.

Dr. Simon, discussing the intensified warfare on the drug evil, explained that

Three Boy Culprits to Share Christmas Joys; Many Write to Judge Begging Yuletide Mercy

WEST ORANGE, N. J., Dec. 23.—Recorder John B. Lander, who last week sentenced three boys to go to bed at 6:30 o'clock every night for a month, and not to receive any Christmas presents, has relented.

The Recorder said tonight that he would permit the boys to stay up as long as they pleased tomorrow night, Christmas Eve, and to receive Christmas presents. But the Judge will not allow them to remain up on Christmas night. Beginning Saturday they must go to bed again at 6:30 o'clock and every night thereafter until their month's sentence is up.

The Judge went to the homes of the boys personally to notify the parents of his decision in order that they might buy the boys Christmas presents if they desired.

The Judge has received many letters and telegrams asking him to permit the boys to receive their Christmas gifts, and not to insist on the punishment for that night. This caused the Judge to change his mind, he said.

The boys were found guilty of breaking into the St. Cloud school house and also tampering with the automobile of the minister of St. Cloud Presbyterian Church.

The Judge issued no statement tonight.

PALL MALL Rounds—You'll like the idea—a free and easy draught.—Advt.

Solve BELL-ANS After Xmas Dinner to relieve over-eating discomfort.—Advt.

always meant increased crime. In this connection it is known that Commissioner Enright believes that no inconsiderable part of recent highway crimes and burglaries have been committed by drug users who have acquired the habit since prohibition went into effect.

The first fruits of the widened activities of the narcotic squad came when detectives of Dr. Simon's squads and William J. McCormick, a Federal agent, brought to Headquarters Carl and Alfonso Richetti, brothers, seized in a small candy store they conduct at 127 Twenty-ninth Street, Brooklyn. The detectives said they purchased $3 worth of heroin with marked money and found $1,000 worth of narcotics concealed about the place. Alfonso, they said, had spent several years in Sing Sing, having been sentenced in 1909 to fifteen years and six months for robbery.

Another arrest made by the narcotic squad was that of Michael Valentine of 19 Minetta Lane, charged with having drugs in his possession.

Next to the drug arrests, the most important capture of the day, the police thought, was the arrest in Brooklyn of three men who are charged with having had a stolen automobile in their possession, and who, the police say, confessed to four highway robberies during the last six weeks. The prisoners, Russell Brice, living in Lexington Avenue, Manhattan; David Kron, 127 Herzl Street, and Samuel Bloom, 476 Rockaway Avenue, were held without bail for further examination in the Gates Avenue Court.

Spurious License on Car.

They were arrested at Hersl and Sutter Streets with a car bearing a spurious New Jersey license, the car having been stolen, the police alleged, from John A. Reis of 170 New York Avenue Nov. 23.

According to the police, the men told, they usually worked with a stolen automobile which they were prepared to desert at the first sign of trouble and escape in a car owned and driven by Bloom. On one occasion, on Nov. 8, they planned a burglary in the neighborhood of West Seventy-ninth Street and Eighth Avenue, Manhattan. They sat in Bloom's car. Another stolen car was hot a few fest away with a complete burglar's outfit in it. A policeman who happened along asked them if they knew about the empty car. They pleaded ignorance and drove away. The four hold-ups to which the men confessed were all committed in Brooklyn.

Another of their methods, the police said they learned, was to halt their car in a lonely street and pretend to tinker with it. If passing motorists halted they were able to hold them up if it seemed worth while.

Another capture which caused satisfaction was that of Harry Spann of 512 West Forty-seventh Street, who was charged with a series of burglaries in fashionable apartment houses from Fiftieth to Fifty-ninth Street, between Fifth and Madison Avenues. Kasper Furman, proprietor of a gown shop at 108 West Forty-seventh Street, was charged with criminally receiving stolen goods, the detectives alleging that after they got a confession from Spann they found more than $15,000 worth of stolen gowns in Furman's shop.

$150,000 in Bonds Forfeited.

Mrs. George Thoms of 87 East Fifty-fourth Street and Mrs. Frederick Knight of 731 Lexington Avenue identified gowns there as having been stolen from them. A chest of silverware valued at $1,500, stolen from Mrs. Knight's apartment, was recovered there by a pawnshop. Miss Lucile Grunning of 128 East Fifty-seventh Street identified some of the gowns.

Spann, the police said, operated alone and always in the late afternoons. Detectives said they trailed him from a department store to his home and then to an apartment at 17 West Fifty-seventh Street, where they seized him almost in the act of jimmying the door of a second floor apartment occupied by H. M. Gale. The screams of a negro maid frightened the man just as the detectives arrived. He led them a chase before they caught him in Madison Avenue.

Judge McIntyre and General Sessions continued to aid the police in their efforts to get known crooks off the streets. Many of those directed to appear before him that he might increase their bonds failed to appear. Their bonds were declared forfeited, which caused no great grief to any one except the bondsmen, the police believing they probably had fled the city for good. The amount of the bonds so forfeited was estimated at $150,000.

The General Sessions Judges had decided $25,000 was about the limit of bail that could be fixed in most robbery cases and the like, without violating the constitutional rights of the defendants, and at least ten of seventy whose bonds were raised surprised the court by being able to procure additional surety at once.

Raises Bail to $35,000.

In the case of James Dugan, accused of first degree robbery, grand larceny and assault growing out of a hold-up in Harlem last August while Dugan was out on bail awaiting trial on two charges of robbery, Judge McIntyre put bail at $35,000.

"If he attempts to raise that amount," said the Judge, "I want to be informed so that I can fix bail at a still higher figure. The community will breathe easier if this man is kept in jail until either his innocence or guilt is determined."

One hundred and thirteen persons were arraigned in General Sessions, three having been dragged in by their bondsmen, who were determined not to have their bonds forfeited.

No leniency can be shown to those convicted of crimes of violence, said Judge Thomas C. T. Crain of General Sessions, in sentencing John Costa, 24 years old, of 300 Cherry Street, to eighteen years and eight months. Costa made a specialty of robbing Chinese.

"Public clamor is a righteous clamor against deeds of violence," said Judge Crain. "The police force is about to be increased because of it. The police are exerting themselves as never before to apprehend and place under arrest those who break the law. Juries are becoming increasingly conscious that there is a grave responsibility upon them to find persons guilty when the evidence satisfies them beyond a reasonable doubt.

"The Court finds itself in a position where it cannot with propriety exercise the same degree of leniency that could with propriety be exercised were conditions different."

Takes Issue with LaGuardia.

Mayor Hylan received a letter from Morris Cukor, President of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, in which Mr. Cukor took exception to a statement by President LaGuardia of the Board of Aldermen in a recent speech that there were only 350 names on the eligible list for patrolmen. The letter said 657 names were certified to the department yesterday, and that 124 were certified a few days ago. The communication added that there were 882 applicants for the examination for patrolmen to be held Jan. 13. It added that preparations were under way for a further examination, so as to keep abreast with the requirements of the department and the exigencies of the situation.

"My figures were obtained from the commission on Tuesday of this week," said President LaGuardia, commenting on the letter. "Apparently Mr. Cukor worked very fast last night. I still insist that it will be well toward the end of the year before the 1,569 patrolmen authorized by the Board of Estimate will be doing efficient police duty."

It was said at City Hall that Commissioner Enright planned to begin intensive training of the men on the eligible list on Monday, when 300 of them will be mobilized in an armory. Others will be recruited rapidly, the whole authorized increase being eligible to appointment after the first of the year. Eighty probationary patrolmen were ordered last night to report to the training school for instruction prior to being assigned to patrol duty.

Burglar Steals Vanity Case.

BEDFORD, Dec. 23.—Police are looking for a burglar who early today broke into the Katonah Department Store and stole face powder, a manicure set, vanity case, perfume, fancy soap and other toilet articles.

$3,000 in Haberdashery Taken Monday Night, News Just Made Public.

MORE ROBBERIES REVEALED

$1,000 Coat and $3,500 in Valuables Taken From Homes—Twenty-third Street Store Looted.

Details of a number of robberies taking place since the increased vigilance of the Police Department and concealed in keeping with Commissioner Enright's policy became known yesterday. One of the burglaries took place in Ulmer's haberdashery store on Columbus Circle.

Some time between closing time Monday night and the following day thieves rifled a cash register there and appropriated $3,000 worth of men's supplies. According to Manager Cohen, the two show cases broken open were in full view of passersby and lighted by electric globes. Entrance was gained by the rear and although he had reported the incident to the police he said that he had heard no word from them.

While Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Josephs of 550 West 157th Street were celebrating their wedding anniversary with ten of their friends at dinner on the evening of Dec. 13, a burglar entered their apartment and stole a fur coat valued at $1,000 belonging to one of the guests. An expensive beaded bag, containing $100 in money, the gift of Mr. Josephs to his wife, also was taken.

On the same night robbers entered the apartment of B. A. Lowenstein at 630 West 172d Street, when he and his wife were dining out, and stole silverware and other valuables worth $3,500. The Lowensteins were married recently and the missing articles were wedding presents. The thieves gained entrance by the fire escape and through a kitchen window.

Two weeks ago tonight, it was learned, the family of Samuel H. Cohen found on entering their home at 512 Fifth Street, Brooklyn, that robbers had removed silverware and table linen valued at $2,000. About the same time, it was said, the home of M. Young at 4,502 Thirteenth Avenue, Brooklyn, was burglarized of $4,000 worth of valuables.

Although the jewelry store of Maurice Tigner at 53 West Twenty-third Street occupies space in a busy neighborhood, this did not influence robbers who, some time Monday night, threw a brick through the window and escaped with watches and jewelry valued at $1,500. When Morris Gold, a clerk, arrived the next morning he found policemen guarding the front. The latter pointed to a hole about three feet square in the window and the brick resting in the interior as evidence of what had happened.

A quantity of silverware worth $3,000 was taken recently from the store of G. Cropsey, a silverware polisher at 248 West Forty-second Street, it was said. It was also reported that rare wines had been stolen from the home of Mrs. A. Suisberger at 240 East Seventy-second Street.

TAKES ALLEGED THIEF IN HOTEL ENDICOTT

Plundered Guest Identifies as Hers Clothing Found in Prisoner's Satchel.

Quick response by police of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station brought about an arrest for burglary in the Hotel Endicott, Eighty-first Street and Columbus Avenue, last night, a few minutes after the discovery that the apartment occupied by Mrs. Irene Jager on the fourth floor had been robbed. Detective Joseph Lawless, who went to the hotel in response to a telephone alarm, found Ashby P. Long, 27 years old, of 1325 New York Avenue, Brooklyn, on the sixth floor of the hotel and took him into custody. Long, who said he was a salesman out of employment, explained his presence in the hotel by saying that he had come to call on a "Miss Lewis," who was not known to the hotel management.

When arrested, Long carried a handbag which was filled with clothing. Mrs. Jager, who is the wife of A. F. Jager of the Traders' Motor Trucking and Storage Company of 67 South Street, identified the bag and clothing as hers. A quantity of clothing, also owned by Mrs. Jager, was found in a bathroom on the fourth floor.

A number of pawn tickets for jewelry and clothing were found in the possession of Long when he was searched at the police station. The police will investigate these, although Long declared that all the pawned articles were his own belongings.

FIVE HELD AS BURGLARS.

Detectives Follow and Arrest Young Men in Room.

Five young men were locked up at Police Headquarters on charges of burglary last night when they aroused the suspicions of Detectives Miller and Layden of the East Fifty-first Street Station, who watched them from a doorway and followed them to the room of one of the men where they found approximately $1,500 worth of furs and other wearing apparel, according to the detectives.

The men described themselves as Richard Bogart, 17 years old, of 939 Third Avenue; George Garlety, 18, of 325 West Twenty-fourth Street; William C. Conitori, 19, of 231 West Sixty-seventh Street; William Ferguson, 18, of 17 West Sixty-seventh Street, and Clarence McMenanin, 19, of 977 First Avenue.

BANDAGES FAIL TO DISGUISE.

Prisoner Beaten by Policeman Identified in Court as Thief.

Despite the fact that his head was swathed in bandages as a result of an encounter with a patrolman who had ordered him to "move on" from in front of 2,131 Second Avenue last night, Robert Ryan, a clerk, of 2,377 Grand Avenue, the Bronx, when arraigned before Magistrate Raphael Tobias in the Night Court on a charge of disorderly conduct was identified by Frank Serello, a tailor, as the man who robbed him of $10 and his overcoat in the hallway of 229 East 110th Street on Dec. 11.

Serello, who happened to be a spectator in the court, jumped to his feet and accused Ryan as his assailant when the latter was being arraigned.

The Magistrate ordered Ryan to remove his bandages, and Ryan was then identified.

RHINEBECK CITIZENS WATCH.

Patrol Village With Arms—Poughkeepsie Takes Precautions.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Dec. 22.—An armed patrol of citizens is now guarding the village of Rhinebeck and estates of wealthy men in that vicinity against visits of burglars and hold-up men.

In this city employes at the City Hall all have been armed and a burglar alarm has been installed.

An unprecedented number of applications for revolver license is reported.

MEXICO WANTS GUARD HERE.

Consul General Asks for Special Police During Crime Wave.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 23.—Ramon P. de Negri, Mexican Consul General in New York, has appealed to President Obregon for permission to employ special consulate police, declaring this step seems advisable in view of the wave of crime there.

Detective, Opens Package and Reveals Christmas Ornaments.

The first case of a respectable citizen resisting Commissioner Enright's order to patrolmen to examine men on lonely thoroughfares between midnight and daylight was reported early today. The man was Warren McConihe, a lawyer of 525 Fifth Avenue and a former City Court Judge of Troy. He was on his way to his home at the Hotel Plaza after working late when, just after midnight, he was accosted at Fifty-eighth Street and Fifth Avenue by Patrolman Hughes of the East Fifty-first Street Station.

Hughes asked the lawyer whither he was bound. When McConihe replied he was on his way home to the hotel, Hughes examined his pockets to see if he carried a weapon. He didn't. The patrolman then spied a parcel under the lawyer's arm and said:

"Open that bundle."

"I don't care to," McConihe replied.

"You will open it or come to the station with me," said the policeman.

"I'll come, then," said the lawyer.

At the East Fifty-first Street Station the clerk Lieutenant repeated the request that McConihe open his bundle. The lawyer was obdurate, and Patrolman Hughes took it and opened it himself.

Christmas tree ornaments and a department store check showing they had cost $4 were disclosed.

The policeman tied up the bundle and handed it back to McConihe, who departed unmolested.

Outside he said to reporters: "I refused to open the bundle because I thought the policeman was going too far. I do not blame them for being zealous, but there is a limit. My rights were violated."

DETROIT GANGSTER KILLED.

Suspected of Two Murders, He Falls Victim to an Assassin.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Dec. 23.—Dan Cleary, de luxe gangster gambler, acquitted slayer of "Tony the Wop" Provino, another gangster, and suspected slayer of Al Saunders, also a gang member, was found shot to death on Mack Road early today. Later the body was positively identified as that of the man who ran out of the loan office of Alfred Jackson, private banker, in the Hodges Building last week a moment after Jackson had been fatally shot. Identification was made at the county morgue by Melvin Martin, elevator boy at the Hodges Building. The police had been looking for Cleary in connection with the crime for several days.

Late in the afternoon detectives arrested Louis Riccardi, who they allege was instrumental in causing Cleary's death. According to the detectives, the robbery of the banker was planned by Cleary and Riccardi.

Cleary was arrested about eighteen months ago on the charge of killing Provino, with whom he had associated for some time. Cleary was acquitted on the grounds of self-defense.

CHRISTMAS TREES ROBBED.

Thieves Invade Church in Atlanta and Bank in Scranton.

SCRANTON, Pa., Dec. 23.—New currency displayed on two illuminated Christmas trees in windows of the First National Bank at the most prominent business corner of the city, attracted thieves just before daybreak today. They hurled stones through the windows and gathered up the bills indifferent to the burglar alarm loudly clanging over their heads.

Police hurried to the scene and picked up the men with their pockets bulging with the new bank notes. One was Tommy Cawley, the other refused to write his name. Both are deaf mutes.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 23.—A thief broke into All Saints Episcopal Church last night and denuded a big Christmas tree of all gifts, the motor carrying away ribbons and decorations. Most of his loot was boxes of candy or other goodies, ready for the children's Christmas celebration.

NEGRO KILLS AGED FARMER.

Louisville Citizens Join in Hunt for Supposed Robber.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 23.—Residents in the southern part of Louisville, directed by police and detectives, engaged in a search today for a negro who last night shot George H. King, a 70-year-old farmer. King died today.

King and a daughter were sitting in their home when the negro entered, apparently for robbery. The couple were forced to lie face downward on the floor and when King attempted to arise he was shot in the back by the negro.

Bloodhounds followed a trail today for several miles but lost it because of frozen ground. Miss King failed to identify a negro who was arrested.

HELD AS BAD NOTE PASSER.

Department Store Cashier Causes Providence Ex-Policeman's Arrest.

An elderly, well dressed man was brought before Federal Commissioner Hitchcock late yesterday afternoon by Secret Service Agent Lyon, charged with attempting to pass counterfeit money. The prisoner was arrested on the complaint of a cashier in the store of R. H. Macy & Co., who alleged that two ten-dollar notes tendered by him were bogus.

The prisoner, who said he was Thomas Smith, was sent to the Tombs in default of $5,000 bail. According to Government detectives Smith was a policeman for twenty years in Providence, R. I., and during part of that period was head of the Patrolmen's Benefit Association.

KILLS BANDIT, THOUGH SHOT

St. Louis Policeman Probably Fatally Wounded in Store Hold-Up.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 23.—After being shot and probably fatally wounded by one of two unidentified bandits whom he discovered holding up a dry goods store here tonight, Patrolman Lawrence Krewett returned the fire, killing one of the men. The other escaped with approximately $500 obtained from the cash register.

This is the second time this week a policeman has interrupted a hold-up here and killed one of the criminals.

STEAL CHRISTMAS TURKEYS.

Boston Men Passing as Expressmen Are Said to Have Reaped Harvest.

BOSTON, Dec. 23.—Turkeys bought for the Christmas dinner, oranges, vegetables and other bulky packages that were entrusted to expressmen for delivery and failed to arrive were believed by the police to be accounted for today with the arrest of three men charged with larceny.

It was their plan, according to the charge, to hire a wagon and take a post in the market district pretending to do an express business. The bogus expressmen were alleged to have reaped a big harvest in the holiday trade and many householders who thought their shopping done will have to buy the turkey and fixings again.

Crime Wave Continues in Toledo.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Dec. 23.—With every policeman and detective in the city working full time to apprehend criminals in an effort to halt the epidemic of holdups, house robberies and safe blowing, nearly a dozen such crimes were reported to the police today.

Bandits Seize Truck and Load of Christmas Goods in Street.

STRICTER ORDERS ISSUED

All Pedestrians and Motor Vehicles Out After 1 A. M. Liable to Police Examination.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Despite new orders and increased police activity, there has been little diminution in Chicago's crime wave in the last twenty-four hours.

Thousands of dollars worth of Christmas presents and parcels, carried in a Marshall Field truck were seized by three armed bandits who held up Andrew Larsen, the driver, at Ninety-fifth Street and Wington Avenue today. One of the men mounted the truck and drove away with it after the trio had forced Larsen to alight. They took $30 in cash from him.

Six men in a black automobile held up the saloon of Tony Del Sando, North Campbell and West Grand Avenues, at 2 o'clock this afternoon and took $900. Del Sando and half a dozen customers were locked in a rear room.

There were in addition, numerous minor holdups and burglaries in various parts of the city, which in the aggregate netted the bandits several thousand dollars.

The State Supreme Court took a hand in the battle against crime in Chicago today and granted permission for the transfer of six more judges of the two Appellate Courts here to the Criminal Court, making a total of eight transferred. This action, unprecedented in the history of the bench in Cook County, temporarily halts the work of the Appellate Courts, for there will be left only three judges.

Chief Fitzmorris in his drive to rid the city of criminals issued orders to the police to search all persons acting suspiciously, no matter what the hour. Those who are found carrying concealed weapons will be escorted to the nearest police station.

All poolrooms and former saloons will be closed promptly at 1 o'clock, in accordance with the law. Violators will be dealt with severely. These two measures, he believes, will check the marked increase in crime during the last few days.

Many of these poolrooms and other resorts which have been open late are frequented by criminals.

"I do not consider it a wise policy to make suggestions to the public as to how they may co-operate with the police in driving out crime," said the Chief. "Such suggestions invariably lead to tip-offs as to any new methods the department may be considering."

More than fifty men were arrested in the early hours of this morning. They were "picked up" by the police after 1 A. M. when they were unable to explain satisfactorily their reasons for being on the streets at that time. The Chief has ordered the streets cleared of suspicious characters after 1 A. M.

Any car, and pedestrian, taxi driver or motorist found on the streets will be subject to whatever examination the police may desire. A military system of responsibility for their districts on the part of commanding officers took effect today.

"Don't let the criminal rest," was the word sent out. "From now on police Captains are on duty twenty-four hours a day."

Hold Up Coal Truck; Get $100.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 23.—Two armed men held up the driver of a coal truck and his helper tonight and escaped with the proceeds of the day's delivery of coal, amounting to about $100. The robbers jumped on the rear of the truck and one covered the driver and his helper with a revolver while the other got the coal. They then ordered the driver to turn around and drive in another direction. When the truck had gone a short distance the men jumped off and disappeared.

Miss Marjorie Mann Found Incompetent.

Marjorie I. Mann, daughter of the late S. Vernon Mann, a Wall Street broker, and several years prominent in society in Flushing, was declared an incompetent yesterday in an order issued by Justice James C. Van Siclen in the Queens County Supreme Court. She is now in Bloomingdale Asylum. Her uncle, Carl G. Smedburg of Summit, N. J., was appointed committee of her person and property. Miss Mann's property was rated at $118,362.

PAINT TRUST HOLDS COUNTRY IN GRIP

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

the institute was following closely all information concerning decisions in the cases of similar organizations.

The witness testified that he received statistical information from the members of the institute every month on forms prepared under his direction and that he made compilations from the statistics which he sent to the members. Products sold to State and municipal institutions, to Federal Government departments, shipyards and railroads were entered separately on a form, he said, to show "where the lead went." Asked what the object of preventing "unfair methods of competition" meant as noted in the by-laws when there were only four competitors, he replied that it meant "mistranding of lead." He did not know whether any of the four concerns had ever been engaged in mis-branding lead, but "there might be some one who would."

"But there was no such abuse existing?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"Not that I know of."

After Mr. Untermyer questioned the witness on one of the forms used by the institute for ascertaining variations in prices made by members below the list price, Tuttle admitted the institute was a clearing house through which one member knew what the other members were doing.

Q.—As I understand you, if one member of the institute quoted prices to a proposed customer, another member of the institute could through you find out exactly the terms on which that offer had been made, couldn't he? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—And after a sale had been made he could find out the same thing, couldn't he? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—And if there was any variation in the price it was the duty of the member of the institute who varied the price to notify you, wasn't it? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Variations from what price were you to be notified? A.—From the card price of the party making the report.

Q.—Each of the members of the institute had a card price, hadn't he? A.—Had published cards.

Q.—Containing the prices. The prices on white lead changed, didn't they, from time to time? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—And they changed simultaneously, didn't they? A.—I don't know.

Q.—Answer my question. A.—Sometimes they did.

Q.—Don't you know they changed simultaneously? A.—Practically so.

Q.—Whenever there was a list in the price they all lifted, and when there was a reduction they all reduced, didn't they? A.—Practically.

Q.—When there was a variation from that card or list price, it was the duty of the member varying it to let you know, wasn't it? A.—Yes, sir.

The witness said he destroyed a batch of price variation cards in January, 1920, because he had no room for them in his office.

Secretary Tuttle said he was ignorant of the business of the four companies, and he was asked what his salary was for "knowing nothing." He said he received $10,000 a year, out of which he paid the expenses of the institute. Mr. Untermyer thought the name "institute" misleading. He called it an "institution."

National Lead Company the Pacemaker.

Mr. Untermyer handed the witness a batch of papers and asked him whether it was not illustrative of the history of the price-fixing system. Tuttle answered in the affirmative, and Mr. Untermyer read several of the price-fixing transactions into the record, showing that the National Lead Company started the fixing of prices on a certain date and the others followed.

The method of fixing prices on Dec. 31, 1919, was as follows:

Secretary Tuttle telegraphed to the Eagle-Picher Lead Company, the Sherwin-Williams Company and the Hammar Brothers Lead Company as follows:

"American Institute of Lead Manufacturers, addressed to Eagle-Picher Lead Company, Chicago, Sherwin-Williams Co., Hammar Brothers White Lead Company, St. Louis: Wire received from National Lead—effective today—advance white lead in oil, white lead dry, all oxides and basic sulphate, one-half cent per pound, accept contract on dry products in barrels, for period of ninety days from date order is placed; products in kegs may be entered for shipment to April 1 only, invoices to date from time of shipment; no change in trade discounts or terms."

On Jan. 3 the National Lead Company wrote a letter to Tuttle confirming its telephone message of Dec. 31.

On the day Tuttle advised the members of the rise in price, he received a telegram from Sherwin-Williams saying: "Wired all branches today advancing lead one-half cent; price cards being mailed trade Friday."

Tuttle then wired all other institute members on the same day, Dec. 31, that Sherwin-Williams had advanced price of lead one-half cent. On the same day, and in the same language used by Tuttle in his original telegram, Hammar Bros. telegraphed the institute that it also had increased the price of white lead a half cent.

On the same day Tuttle wired to the other members of the institute repeating the telegram of Hammar Bros. Then he received a telegram from the du Pont de Nemours Company, under date of Dec. 31, that it had also advanced the price of white lead. Again Tuttle wired the du Pont Company's telegram to the other members of the institute.

Another telegram from the Eagle-Picher Company, saying that it too had fallen into line was received by the institute whereupon Tuttle wired the other members of the institute acknowledgment of the receipt of the Eagle-Picher Company's telegram.

During the reading of this correspondence Mr. Tuttle, who seemed to have lost his jaunty manner of the previous day, sat with his head in his hands.

"It works pretty evenly, doesn't it?" asked Mr. Untermyer. "Just like clockwork, isn't it?

"I would not say it was like a clock," said Tuttle.

"Like a good, well-wound, timekeeping clock?" the lawyer inquired.

"Yes," said Tuttle, wearily.

"That accurately describes the process, does it not?"

"Yes."

Mr. Untermyer did not go into the account maintained by Tuttle in the brokerage house of Chapin & Co., when the witness insisted that it was a private account and had nothing to do with the funds of the Eastern Soil Pipe Association, of which he is Secretary. It appeared that Tuttle maintained a speculative account amounting to several hundred thousand dollars, making his checks payable to Secretary, who deposited them to her account and who drew checks to her employer's order. This was done, Tuttle told the committee, because Chapin & Co. refused to accept checks of a corporation. Tuttle and his wife incorporated their private family business.

Mr. Untermyer read correspondence showing that the Eagle-Picher Company asked Tuttle to advise them whether they had to notify the institute when prices were made at variance with the card price and demanded to know why such reports had to be made. Tuttle said it was the rule of the institute.

It was also brought out that the members were keenly interested in learning whether their supposed competitors did not occasionally deviate from the rules. The Sherwin-Williams Company asked Tuttle to find out whether or not the Wetherill Company of Philadelphia was not selling below the card price after purchasing from a member of the institute. The Sherwin-Williams Company said it was under the impression that the Wetherill Company was controlled by the Eagle Company.

Mr. Tuttle, in his reply to the inquiry, said that the Eagle Company was not interested in the Wetherill Company and was not selling them.

On another occasion the Carter White Lead Company, a subsidiary of the National Lead Company, reported to the institute that reports had reached it that the Du Pont Company and Sherwin-Williams were selling for future delivery. The date was Nov. 18, 1919, and the complaint said that the Carter Lead Company was entering orders only for immediate shipment and not for Spring delivery. If other companies were taking orders for Spring delivery, the inquiring company wanted to know it, as well as the volume of the business being effected.

Tuttle wrote to the Carter Company saying that he had been advised by the du Pont people that no orders were being solicited for delivery later than December. He said he was advised by the Sherwin-Williams Company that according to past custom salesmen were permitted to include small amounts of lead with regular paint stock orders for Fall and Winter shipment on Spring terms, but such orders were negligible.

"And so the breastworks remained unpierced?" Mr. Untermyer asked.

Tuttle made no reply.

Mr. Untermyer read into the record the financial statements of the companies in the institute as appearing in Moody's Manual for 1920.

The following interrogation of Tuttle took place at the opening of the session:

Q.—Mr. Tuttle, you have had some discussion with me this morning concerning cast-iron pipe, have you not? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Having regard to the situation with respect to that company, that association, is it ready to good faith to disband? A.—I should say so, yes, sir. I have not talked with any one—

Q.—If you have not talked with them you cannot commit them. A.—I think I can. If it is to be suspended it will be suspended

Q.—That is not very conclusive. A.—I will undertake to see that it is.

Q.—Within what time? A.—Within any time you suggest.

Q.—Well, a week? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—And that means the association will dissolve? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—That its members will proceed in good faith to compete? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—That they will not exchange lists? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Of prices? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—And that there will be an open field of competition in the cast-iron business? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—From now on? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—You understand, do you not, that we can offer these gentlemen no immunity for their past acts? A.—Quite right.

Q.—They will have to assume the responsibility for what they have done. A.—Quite right.

Following Mr. Tuttle, Orlando C. Harn, Advertising Manager and Chairman of the Sales Committee of the National Lead Company, testified concerning the advance in the price of white lead since 1915. White lead, he said, was the most expensive component of paint and the price of paint was largely determined by the cost of white lead and linseed oil. His concern made linseed oil as well as white lead, he said, and was a member of the Linseed Oil Manufacturers' Association. He did not know anything about the affairs of the American Linseed Oil Company, one of the two largest linseed oil companies in the country.

Answering questions regarding trade discounts, Mr. Harn said that discounts from list prices on white lead were uniform.

"So that the price of the product is uniform throughout the United States?"

"Yes, sir," replied the witness.

An adjournment was taken until Tuesday at 10:30 A. M.

FIRE UPON MINGO MINE.

Unidentified Persons Shoot at Buildings From Mountainside.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., Dec. 23.—The Howard Collieries Company mine at Chattaroy, near here, was fired upon tonight by unidentified persons, according to information received by the Williamson Coal Operators' Association from H. V. Ingham, Superintendent of the mine. No casualties were reported. The fire was returned by Federal soldiers on duty there.

Military headquarters received word of the shooting, and an officer was ordered to Chattaroy to investigate and take charge of the detachment at that point.

The information received by the operators' association was to the effect that the assailants directed their fire upon the mine from a mountainside. Three bullets struck the house occupied by Superintendent Ingham. The mine, one of the forty-eight originally affected by the strike called in the Mingo field last July, has been in operation for a month, working with non-union labor.

Jewelry Salesman Slain.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Dec. 23.—Arthur J. Sigfried, salesman for a Kansas City jewelry firm, was killed in a local hotel this afternoon. Police and detectives have been unable to locate two trunks said to have contained diamonds and jewelry valued at more than $10,000.

COHN GIVES $11,000 BAIL

Arrested a Second Time on New York Charges, He Obtains Freedom for Christmas Holidays.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—After a deadlock of six hours the jury which is to decide the fate of Jules W. ("Nicky") Arnstein and other defendants in the Wall Street bond thefts seemed hopelessly divided in opinion late tonight and were locked up for the night.

The jury retired from the courtroom of Justice Gould shortly before 3 o'clock, the expectation being that they would not take an hour to decide whether Arnstein and the other accused men were to be set free or whether they must be penalized for their alleged conspiracy to transport stolen securities into the District of Columbia.

The members of the jury could be heard from their retiring room discussing the details of the case in loud tones, and a crowd of spectators gathered about the Criminal Courts Building, where the trial had been in progress for more than a month.

The argument against the bond theft defendants was concluded this afternoon, the closing speech being by District Attorney Laskey. Justice Gould occupied an hour in his address to the jury on the points of law.

In the meanest for Isadore ("Nick") Cohn succeeded in arranging the necessary $10,000 bail for their man, only to see him immediately rearrested by New York detectives on charges of conspiracy and theft preferred by the New York authorities. T. Morris Wampler, counsel for John, went to Justice Gould then with a petition for a writ of habeas corpus, on which Justice Gould fixed the bond in this case at $1,000. Cohn arranged to leave for New York tonight to spend Christmas with his relatives.

In summing up the prosecution's case in the Arnstein trial United States Attorney John E. Laskey fired verbal broadsides at each of the defendants, describing their operations as difficult for the police to shadow and their actions hard to watch.

There was a heated exchange of words between Laskey and William J. Fallon, chief of counsel for Arnstein, over remarks made by the Government prosecutor about Arnstein's presence in Washington. It was contended by Laskey that Arnstein came here on the morning of Dec. 14, bringing stolen securities with him, which were placed in the hands of Sullivan & Co. of this city and New York, where they were later exchanged for loans of large proportions at local banks.

"I say the United States has proved a conspiracy by Arnstein to defraud banks here of large sums, and that the master mind of these operations is here at this moment, trying to convince this jury that he had nothing to do with the wholesale thefts of bonds from Wall Street bond firms," said Laskey with some heat. This statement was challenged by Fallon, and Justice Gould was obliged to caution the attorneys about personal references in the argument to the jury.

COBLENZ EMBEZZLER TAKEN

Former Lieutenant, Twice a Deserter, Recognized by ex-Comrade.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 23.—John C. Gottenkiene, alias David L. Gordon, former Second Lieutenant in the Fifth Field Artillery, First Division, charged with deserting his command at Coblenz, Germany, in June, 1919, taking with him about $45,000 of his company's funds, was arrested here tonight and turned over to Department of Justice agents. They said he would be taken to Fort Leavenworth, where he would be court-martialed.

Sanford T. Pomroy of this city, who served as a Color Sergeant with the former officer, recognized Gottenkiene and notified a policeman. Government agents said Gottenkiene was arrested in Germany soon after he deserted and brought to Camp Taylor, Ky., but escaped last February.

FAIL IN DASH FOR LIBERTY.

Jones and Jackson, Negroes, Retaken by South Norwalk Police.

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., Dec. 23.—Harry Jones and Edward Jackson, negroes, under $6,000 bonds each on charges of highway robbery and assault, escaped from the police this afternoon while they were being taken to the county jail in Bridgeport. They were captured tonight, after having been at liberty for two hours, and brought back here.

The negroes started for Bridgeport in the custody of Detective Sergeant Thomas Hunt. They were handcuffed together in the back seat of an automobile, while the detective and Michael Gilbert, a chauffeur, were in the front seat.

While on the Boston Post Road between Westport and this city the prisoners loosened their handcuffs and attacked the men in the front seat. Sergeant Hunt said that his revolver was taken from him by Jones, who handed it to Jackson, when the latter had choked the chauffeur into insensibility. Jackson fired and Sergeant Hunt was wounded in the thumb and arm. The two negroes then fled to woods nearby.

Chief of Police Pennington of Norwalk started out with a score of men to hunt for the negroes. Deputy Sheriff Perry of Westport and Deputy Sheriff Benedict of this city also went out with squads of police and armed men. The posse headed by Benedict discovered the fugitives hiding in bushes, and, in the face of pointed rifles, they surrendered.

Jones and Jackson are charged with having held up and robbed James Toner and left him unconscious on the pavement.

FAMILY TROUBLES OF CHARLES D. SEYMOUR JR.

Wife Ill in Chicago When He Married Miss Hazel Witz, Atlantic City Girl.

Charles D. Seymour Jr., said by Federal officials to be a member of a wealthy family of New York and Gary, Ind., owners of mines in Nevada, is being held here by the Federal Bureau of Investigation on the complaint of the Baltimore Department of Justice agents charged with bigamy and violation of the Mann act.

He was arraigned before United States Commissioner H. V. Van Pelt today and held on $5,000 bond.

Seymour is alleged to have a wife and child in Los Angeles. He is alleged to have met Miss Hazel Witz at Atlantic City, N. J., and to have taken her to Washington, D. C., Philadelphia and Baltimore, and to have married her at Ellicott City, Md., on June 4, 1919.

Seymour was arrested at Lynn, Nev., a few days ago. The Federal official said that he admitted the double marriage, but denied violation of the Mann act.

The name of Charles D. Seymour Jr. was brought to public attention in June of last year when a young man of that name, according to report from Chicago was arrested in this city, on instructions from the Chicago police, who charged him with abandoning his nineteen-year-old bride, formerly Miss Hazel Witz, daughter of Mrs. Laura Witz of the Fisheries Division in Washington, D. C., to whom he had been married in Baltimore on the same day he met the girl. At the time of Seymour's reported arrest his bride was ill in a hospital in Chicago, suffering from mercurial poisoning caused by an overdose of calomel, which the bride said she obtained from her husband. There is no local police record of his arrest, and there is no Charles D. Seymour or Charles D. Seymour Jr. in the directories of this city.

Upon learning the cause of her illness the bride is said to have confided her troubles to John R. Ford, a Deputy Collector of Customs in Chicago, who had her removed in a taxicab to the hospital. Ford is a cousin of Charles R. Ford of Washington, brother-in-law of the girl's mother. He began an investigation before the police were requested to arrest Seymour.

At that time Mrs. Witz said her daughter was heiress to money left in trust for her by her grandfather until she reached 21. The grandfather was John J. Jackson, a Circuit Judge of Parkersburg, W. Va. She also explained that her daughter was a niece of Mrs. Cordell Hull, wife of Congressman Hull of Nashville, Tenn.

GOODWIN'S FATHER LOSES.

Must Account for $15,374 Judgment Paid to Actor's Estate.

Surrogate Cohalan, who heard objections by Klaw & Erlanger to the accounting by Nathaniel C. Goodwin of the estate of his son, Nat Goodwin, the actor, on the ground that the account did not include the contents of the actor's apartment and a judgment for $15,374 which was paid to Goodwin's estate after his death, decided yesterday that the judgment must be accounted for. The father contended that his son had assigned the judgment to him and that it became his property before Goodwin died. The Surrogate ruled against this contention.

The decision held, however, that the contents of the apartment are the property of Miss Georgia Gardiner, to whom Goodwin was engaged. Klaw & Erlanger have a claim for $11,000 against the estate for a loan.

Smoot Asks About Polish Loans.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The Senate today passed a resolution introduced by Senator Smoot, Republican, calling upon the War Department for information concerning credit extended to the Government of Poland. Senator Smoot obtained unanimous consent to his resolution, but declined to comment on the purpose of his inquiry.

STONE MASONS DISSOLVE.

Contractors' Association Fulfills Its Promise to Restore Competition.

ment Control, Senator Proposes Law on Profit Reports.

ATTACKS THE ASSOCIATIONS

Would Exempt Mortgages on Dwellings From Federal Taxes to Relieve Housing Shortage.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Full publicity for profits in the coal industry was urged in the Senate today by Senator Calder of New York, Chairman of the Committee on Reconstruction which is now conducting an investigation of the fuel situation.

Senator Calder said that before the Government embarked on the coal business itself, the committee believed that less drastic measures to control the country's fuel supply should be applied and suggested that it might be necessary in the near future to pass a law compelling coal operators, wholesalers, jobbers and retailers to file at stated intervals with the Federal Government a report which, among other things, would show from whom they got their coal, to whom they sold it, the price paid for it and the price at which it was ultimately sold to consumers.

In the course of the debate on the coal situation the action of Colonel D. B. Wentz, President of the National Coal Association, in purchasing last September 150,000 tons of coal for the Government at prices ranging from $6.50 to $11 a ton, was brought up by Senator Pomerene of Ohio. Colonel Wentz, who was a witness yesterday before the Committee on Reconstruction, testified that as an agent of the War Department he had purchased in the open market 150,000 tons of coal, for which he received a flat commission of 50 cents a ton, which would make his commission on the transaction $75,000.

"I do think," said Senator Pomerene, "that the facts which have been developed should be referred to the Department of Justice and if the man who represented the War Department was in the army at the time of the transaction the facts should be reported to the War Department for action by court-martial."

Pomerene Attacks Operators.

"Has the Senator (addressing Senator Calder) been able to reconcile the principle of common honesty with the course of conduct pursued by a man representing the United States Government, who sells coal from his own mines at $3.50 a ton and sells some one else's coal to the Government at $11 a ton, receiving a commission of 50 cents a ton on the transaction?"

"Colonel Wentz's answer to us," replied Senator Calder, "was that he had no coal of his own to sell at the time. As a coal wholesaler he was selling coal at the market price. He went out, as he said, at the request of the War Department, and arranged to purchase it for $11 a ton, receiving for his services a commission of 50 cents a ton."

"Colonel Wentz," interrupted Senator Edge, "advised the War Department not to buy coal at that time, but the department insisted he make the purchase, and he did so at prices varying from $8.90 to $11 per ton."

"Does the Senator from Ohio think it is the duty of the committee to reconcile the principle of common honesty with the practice of many coal operators?" asked Senator Kenyon of Iowa.

"No," answered Senator Pomerene; "with all the ability of the committee, I do not think the members could do that."

Senator Pomerene asked whether any inquiry had been made to find out what the War Department's fuel needs were at the time of the Wentz transaction, which was in September last.

"I have such confidence in the Secretary of War," added Senator Pomerene, "that I am sure he would not have purchased coal at this price unless he was imposed upon. Has not the committee found that exorbitant charges were made on coal supplied for domestic and industrial consumption, as well as on that supplied to the War Department when Colonel Wentz was contracting for the Government?"

"It has," replied Senator Calder, "and in recent months many of the coal operators have set a most unfortunate example to the country at a time when there should have been moral as well as physical reconstruction

$8,000,000 Profit From War Department.

"Our committee has been getting coal production costs," said Senator Calder, "and I want to call the attention of my associate from New York (Senator Wadsworth, chairman of the Military Committee) to what was done. The War Department bought 2,000,000 tons of coal in September and October at an average price of $7 at the mines, which coal cost $3 a ton to mine. It paid on this one series of transactions $8,000,000 in profits.

"Now, we have been learning something of the activities of one of the great coal associations here; how it has collected over $1,000,000 and spent it in Washington during the last three years; how its assistants have drafted car authority orders for the Interstate Commerce Commission; how its agents have dictated to the United States Geological Survey in what forms the official statistics of coal production should be collected and divulged; how its machinery works to turn loose a flood of information and reports when these will serve the interests of operators, and shut off information when it is adverse.

"We have learned how it spends $100,000 a year on legal expenses, and how it is seeking an alliance with wholesalers and retailers for joint action in behalf of the trade before Congress.

"Our investigation into the coal situation has convinced me that the private interests now in control of the production and distribution of coal, in spite of efforts by some, are actually unable to prevent a continuance or a repetition of the present deplorable situation, and that it is the duty of the Government to take such reasonable and practical steps as it may to remedy the evil.

"Men have contended that this business, too, will take care of itself, and considerable reference has been made to the operation of the railroads under Government control. It is a recognized fact that this coal business, if properly conducted, could easily supply fuel to the people at a price they could afford to pay.

"The committee has felt disposed, before it actually urges the establishment of a complete Government control, or even the licensing system, to recommend that all coal operators, wholesalers, jobbers, and retailers be compelled by statue to file at regular and frequent periods with some Federal Agency reports on the total tonnage produced or handled, the size and quality thereof, the amount of tonnage contracted for, the amount sold on contract and at spot sale, to whom, together with the prices made or received under such contracts or sales.

"We are not sure that this is the remedy, but believe it should be tried before the Government goes into business itself. It would afford opportunity for the public to know the exact cost of production, the price coal was sold for and to whom. It would also afford opportunity for coal to be traced to its final destination, and in all probability would bring the relief desired. The committee makes this recommendation now and has determined further to inquire into the situation, and has asked that its authority be continued in order that it may obtain evidence to enable it to recommend further legislation on the subject."

Senator Calder also spoke of the housing shortage in the nation, labor conditions, efficiency in government, the necessity of protecting home owners from "loan sharks" and other phases of the investigation conducted during the Congressional recess by the committee of which he is chairman.

HOLDS UP TARIFF BILL.

Harrison Forces Senate Delay—Says Sugar Protection.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The first volley in the fight in the Senate against the House emergency tariff bill was fired today by Senator Harrison, Democrat, of Mississippi.

When the measure was transmitted from the House he first demanded a roll call and then objected to the custom of dispensing with its reading. Thus he delayed until next week the sending of the bill to the Committee.

Senator McCumber, Republican, of North Dakota, Acting Chairman of the Finance Committee, said that the bill would not be taken up by that committee next week. He added that no hearings would be held.

An amendment adding sugar to the list of tariff-protected products was introduced by Senator Gay, Democrat, of Louisiana, who declared that Louisiana sugar planters were selling their product below the cost of production and were "facing bankruptcy." He argued that they were as much entitled to relief as producers of wheat, wool and other products. Senator Gay's amendment proposed a sliding tariff scale sufficient to hold raw sugar to a maximum of 8 cents a pound.

PROCTER HITS TARIFF BILL.

He Calls it a Huge Joke and Looks to Democratic Senators to Kill It.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Dec. 23.—"As passed by the House, the Fordney Tariff bill for the protection of the farmers of the United States is a huge joke," said William Cooper Procter tonight. "The bill was passed ostensibly to aid the farmers, but I cannot see how it will benefit them or the country as a whole. It will cause retaliation by South American and European nations, which will in turn cause another upward trend in the high cost of living. Even though the farmer is temporarily aided, the resultant upward trend of living will react upon him. In my opinion the bill is purely bunk.

"Even though the Republican Party is traditionally for a high protective tariff, and in that is supported by American manufacturers, there are times when a high tariff is harmful to the nation, and I think the Fordney bill is one such instance.

"I am powerless to act in the matter, and therefore will not attempt to take any steps toward the defeat of the bill when it is brought before the Senate for passage. Democrats are stronger in the Senate than in the House, and I look for them to wage a determined fight against it.

"I also expect Republican Senators to flock to their aid, as many will see the harmfulness of the bill in its present form. I will make no predictions as to the bill's fate in the Senate, however, as the American farmer has a tremendous hold upon Congress at present."

For Inauguration in January.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The third Monday in January instead of March 4 would be inaugural day under an amendment to the Constitution proposed today by Senator Ashurst (Dem.) of Arizona. The amendment also would provide that the terms of members of Congress begin on the first Monday in January and Congress meet on the second Monday in January.

Pershing May Head March 4 Parade

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—General Pershing may be Grand Marshal of the inaugural parade March 4, it was said today in connection with plans of the committee in charge of the ceremonies. He has been chosen Chairman of the Military Committee which will direct the parade.

Says Elation and Abuse of Power Mean Defeat.

RESPONSIBILITY IS GRAVE

Discusses the Country's Problems—Favors Disarmament, but Opposes the League.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The present is no time for elation on the part of the Republicans, but for caution and realization of the grave responsibilities that rest upon the party, said Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey in the course of a speech today in the Senate, when he discussed the problems confronting the country and suggested some features of a reconstruction program.

"Our task," said Mr. Frelinghuysen, "is serious. Our responsibility is grave. We must put the country on a sound financial basis. Our foreign policy must be thoroughly American. Above all, we must return to constitutional Government and cast aside any and all autocratic practices, many of which doubtless were advisable or perhaps necessary during the war. If we practice economy, avoid entangling alliances and are guided by the Constitution, I have no question but that we shall deserve to remain in power and remain in power for a long time. If, however, we spend too much time in elation, abuse our power and fail to do that which the people expect, they will turn on us as they have on the Democratic Party."

The Senator favored a sharp cut in the number of Government employes. He said that when the armistice was signed 117,000 persons were employed by the Government in Washington. The Republican Congress, he asserted, cut this number to 87,000, and Republicans, he said, should further reduce the number in the next six months.

Ninety per cent. of the soldiers, sailors and marines who took out war risk insurance had dropped it, he stated. This, he held, showed that the bureau had proved a failure. The insurance, he said, should be continued for those who wished it, and the War Risk Bureau should be abolished and its functions turned over to the Pension Office.

Sees Many Chances to Cut Forces

"Other bureaus in Washington," continued the Senator, "are swelled out of all proportions to what they should be. One of these is the Bureau of Loans and Currency in the Treasury Department. In 1917 this bureau employed forty people. It now has 2,000 on the pay roll. By simplification of method most of these could be done away with.

"All the auditors for the various departments should be centred under one head, as is contemplated in the Budget bill. They now employ 2,402 clerks. In the War Department auditing 1,037 are engaged, some of them on claims for horses stolen or bales of cotton burned during the War of 1812.

"The Bureau of Engraving and Printing has 7,213 clerks at work on activities growing out of the war, which should be rapidly completed.

"In the State Department 120 clerks are issuing passports, due entirely to the ludicrous fact that we are still legally at war with the long since defunct German Empire.

"The Public Health Service, placed upon a military basis, has here 2,000 clerks who stumble over each other in their efforts to keep up the friction of the technical conflict in which we are still engaged.

"The Adjutant General has about 3,000 clerks employed in the largest filing job in the world, but it is not to be

HAVE PLAN OF THEIR OWN

Think Some Project Will Be Worked Out, With All Sides Making Concessions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The irreconcilable Republican Senators are determined to continue their fight to keep the United States out of a league of nations or any association of nations not agreeable to their ideas. This is the position of Senators Borah and Johnson, and others who supported their view in the recent contest over the treaty, and they say that their number will be larger in the next Senate with converts from the reservation group and accessions from the new Senators.

It is becoming increasingly apparent to the irreconcilables that their attitude on the peace treaty is going to be contested by President Harding. The reports of Senators who have been in consultation with Senator Harding show that his notion, even in outline, of what this nation should do toward framing a plan to obtain peace is entirely at variance with the views of Messrs. Borah, Johnson, Knox and Brandegee, who form the strength of the irreconcilable group.

The irreconcilables see Mr. Harding turning to ex-President Taft and not unwilling to be guided to some extent by ex-Secretary Root. The opposition of the bitter-end group to Root, however, is so strong as to make it impossible for Mr. Harding to name him as Secretary of State. If he should accept Mr. Root's ideas on peace in toto, it might start bitter warfare between the Republican factions in the Senate.

The irreconcilables are more aggressive than the reservation group and Senator Lodge, who once headed the latter, is now more friendly to the views of the opposition than before election. Since Senator Harding wants to make his administration successful, he will undoubtedly try as far as possible to satisfy the middle grounders of both factions.

The irreconcilables, it is said, would be willing to support a plan for formation of a court, patterned after the Hague tribunal. It is said that their program would be as follows:

"An international court to pass upon justiciable matters.

"Codification of international law.

"An association of nations to decide upon disarmament.

"Formation of a peace tribunal; all nations to agree not to go to war until disputes have been submitted to this tribunal."

The bitter-enders declined to discuss for publication today the reports from Marion, outlining Senator Harding's views on the subject of an association of nations. They think that some plan will be finally worked out which will be supported by all factions. They know that they cannot have their entire say but must make concessions as must the reservation and pro-League groups.

It is generally believed by them that there will be a gathering in the United States of representatives of all nations to work out a program for peace and that this gathering will result from recommendations which President Harding will make in a message to the Senate.

Senator Borah made this comment today on recent developments abroad:

"If Mr. Lloyd George makes the going into the League a prerequisite to disarmament, it is but a neat way which the Premier has of saying that he is opposed to disarmament.

"In the first place, the American people have decided we are not going into the League. That is settled.

"Second, the Premier well understands and must appreciate that the Geneva conference failed utterly and pitiably in the matter of formulating a program of disarmament. The Geneva conference understood and the Premier understands that it is impossible to disarm under the terms of the League and in view of its obligations.

"If disarmament ever comes, it must come in spite of the League and against

HOUSE PASSES PENSION BILL

Total is $265,500,000 — Amount Since 1866 is $5,734,370,272.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—In two hours today the House, without a roll-call, passed a pension bill appropriating $265,000,000, to provide disbursements to the veterans of six wars or their dependents for the fiscal year 1922. The total amount carried in the bill is $265,500,000, of which $300,000 is for fees and expenses of examining surgeons.

The pensions are to be apportioned thus:

Civil War, $251,612,122; war with Spain, $5,844,240; War of 1812, $21,145; war with Mexico, $340,439; Indian wars, $2,165,915; regular establishment, $4,476,215; World War, $36,734; total, $265,500,000.

Since 1866, according to figures presented to the House, the United States has distributed $5,734,370,272 to those disabled in its wars, while the total expense of operation of the pension system from that date to 1920 has been $157,293,731. In 1866 the number of pensioners on the rolls was 126,722. The highest number was in 1902, when 999,446 were receiving pensions, due to the different bills, and especially the law giving $1 a day to all those who had fought ninety days in the Civil War. Those receiving pensions in 1920 numbered 592,190.

The amounts paid to pensioners, 1790 to 1920, inclusive, were: War of the Revolution, $70,000,000; War of 1812, $46,070,413.18; Indian wars, $18,452,059.38; war with Mexico, $53,562,977.63; Civil War, $5,502,445,815.43; war with Spain and Philippine insurrection, $89,385,794.39; regular establishment, $53,846,229.59; World War, $74,010.03; unclassified, $16,508,447.41; total, $5,830,815,717.04.

There are few pensioners from the World War, due to the operations of the war risk insurance, which was expected to make unnecessary the continuance of the pension system, so far as the injured from the recent war were concerned. However, the records show that 128 World War men received pensions in 1920. Civil War pensioners in 1920 numbered 538,729, as against 654,007 in 1913. Pensioners from the war with Spain increased from 28,472 in 1916 to 30,432 in 1920. In 1920 there were 71 veterans of the War of 1812 on the rolls, or their surviving relatives who were receiving pensions. The Mexican War pensioners in 1920 numbered 6,228.

CHINESE FAMINE SPREADS.

Five Provinces Affected, Minister at Peking Reports.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—A telegram has been received by the Department of State from the American Minister at Peking giving additional details regarding the famine situation in China. The famine area includes all parts of the provinces of Chili, Shantung and Honan, north of the Yellow River and south of a line from Paoting-fu to Tientsin, with large sections of Shansi and Shensi affected.

Reports of American missionaries and business men who have recently traveled in the stricken districts, indicate that at least 15,000,000 people are seriously affected and that a large majority of these are now living on a diet composed half of leaves, wild plants and bark, and half of edible food. Deaths from starvation are beginning to occur and it is likely that the death rate will rise rapidly as a typhus epidemic seems inevitable.

Six reliable relief committees have been organized and are working in full co-operation. The railway facilities in north China are now used almost exclusively for the transportation of coal and relief supplies. About $3,000,000 is at the disposal of the relief committees, and the Chinese Government Relief Bureau expects to raise about $15,000,000. These funds, with contributions from smaller relief societies, will provide for about 4,000,000 people, thus leaving 10,000,000 to 12,000,000 sufferers unprovided for.

Adequate food supplies are available in Manchuria if sufficient funds can be raised to purchase and make available these supplies to the people in the stricken areas. The American Minister states that the situation requires the generous and immediate support of the American people and of the rest of the world.

CRANE'S Bond is admitted. Anyone may recognize those things which make it what it so indisputably is.

But those things make it cost more. How much more? Well, as paper, and compared with the average business paper made from wood sulphite with some rags added [called rag-content paper], about twice as much.

But as one of the ingredients of a completed letter, in which time of dictator and transcriber, engraving, making the envelopes, and postage must all be figured, CRANE'S Bond costs but one or two per cent more—depending, of course, on the cost of the other items.

The question then is, Is not CRANE'S Bond worth more to your letters than so slight an additional cost?

100% selected new rag stock
119 years' experience
Bank notes of 22 countries
Paper money of 438,000,000 people
Government bonds of 18 nations

Crane's

BUSINESS PAPERS



ARMION

THE BUILDING FOR OFFICES AND SHOWROOMS

S.E. Cor. Seventh Ave. & 36th St.

Our business to get your business properly housed. The Armion will do it if—you are an executive of a large office organization or mercantile concern seeking showroom space in a high-class building with remarkable convenience of location. Ready now.

4 PASSENGER and 2 FREIGHT ELEVATORS. 100% SPRINKLER.

LEASES FROM FEBRUARY 1st

Loton H. Slawson Company

31 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK

$1,000,000,000 CREDIT TO BERLIN OPPOSED

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

posed of without authority from Congress.

The United States has always taken a stand in favor of inviolability of private property during war, and if this theory obtains, a high official said today, this property would be restored to its owners. The Allies tried to persuade the United States in the Paris Peace Conference to throw this alien property into the reparations pot. The American delegation fought against that suggestion, although they did permit a provision to go into the treaty consenting, in the event or ratification of the treaty by the Senate, to collect certain American claims against Germany out of this $300,000,000 of alien property.

Debt Must Be Fixed by May, 1923.

Under the Versailles Treaty the Reparations Commission must by May, 1922, fix the amount of German indebtedness under the various kinds of reparations. The amount of reparations Germany can pay, as well as the sum which the Allies should agree upon requiring Germany to pay, has, it was emphasized by an official today, never been definitely determined in terms of dollars. During the Peace Conference the reparations collectible under the treaty from Germany was roughly estimated by allied experts as between $35,000,000,000 and $40,000,000,000. When the Reparations Commission fixes the amount of reparations to be paid it must now be done arbitrarily, as the allied powers have failed, as contemplated by the treaty, to make out a detailed estimate of German assets and resources through employment of engineers.

The first phase of the second financial conference to discuss German reparations adjourned at Brussels yesterday until after the holidays. Instead of collecting between $35,000,000,000 and $40,000,000,000 in reparations, as originally contemplated more than a year ago, the allied representatives are now understood to be contemplating fixing the amount of reparations from Germany at between $20,000,000,000 and $25,000,000,000 in American gold.

France has insisted on making the payment of reparations as high as possible. Germany offered at one time to pay the fixed sum of 100,000,000,000 gold marks if the Allies would restore the German colonies. This offer when simmered down really amounted to willingness to pay the equivalent of $7,500,000,000 in American gold.

Put Limit at $15,000,000,000.

American financial and economic experts went over, at Paris, the question of Germany's ability to pay reparations. As a result of this study they came to the conclusion that if Germany were allowed to keep enough ships for her own commerce alone she would be able to pay from $10,000,000,000 to $15,000,000,000 within thirty years if given five years' leeway, in other words, if treated as a banker would treat a client. The interest on $10,000,000,000 at 5 per cent. would be $500,000,000 annually, and this would mean the payment of $15,000,000,000 interest alone in thirty years, in addition to the principal. If $20,000,000,000 were fixed as the amount of reparations the interest on this at 5 per cent. would be $1,000,000,000 a year. To obtain this $500,000,000 additional interest annually, one expert asserted today, the Allies would have to obtain payment in Germany currency instead of in gold marks. If Germany were really able to make the larger reparations payment the currency would be good, otherwise it would be worth little.

It was pointed out today that the Peace Treaty had taken so much away from Germany that it was now a question whether Germany could even pay $10,000,000,000 as she is not producing enough goods today to pay for her own necessary importations. Exportations of German potash, it was asserted, would only be a drop in the bucket in furnishing Germany with the necessary funds. When the American reparations experts went over the question of Germany's ability to pay they discovered that in 1913 Germany's total exports were worth $300,000,000 less than German importations.

$500,000,000 Balance in Best Year.

This, it was explained, was not a complete picture of the situation because before the war the German merchant marine, German insurance, and German cables were a source of income. Counting what the ships, insurance and cables brought in, foreign as well as internal income, Germany, by the greatest economy, in 1913, the year of her greatest prosperity, had a favorable balance of $500,000,000, but as between exports and imports alone she was $300,000,000 to the bad.

It was asserted by an expert today that even if the Allies had not taken away German ships, cables, colonies and foreign investments, it was not considered probable that Germany, after four years of destructive war, would be able to pay more than $500,000,000 a year in interest on reparation.

Experts here say there are many other elements, economic as well as political, that enter the question of Germany's ability to pay and to what extent it is wise for the Allies to compel Germany to pay. Assuming that Germany could make and export $10,000,000,000 worth of goods a year more than she could import, it was asserted by an expert today, the question is where she will be able to sell it. Before the war Germany had to buy from abroad more than she could sell. It was asked where Germany could obtain her markets for such a business, without taking foreign markets away from the United States, France and England, and that in the end would amount to the Allies paying Germany's indemnity for her.

The United States is itself looking for markets and making surplus products, for which it cannot find markets under satisfactory credit conditions. It was pointed out, and the question was asked to what extent the American people would be willing to have American people thrown out of work in this country in order to facilitate German exports to this country or to foreign markets where American trade competes.

Must Sell to Us and British.

It was suggested that if Germany cuts down on the importation of luxuries that would bar French trade out of the German market. The United States and England are now the principal countries whose currencies can be converted into gold, and it would be in British and American markets that Germany would have to compete the most if hopeful of raising the funds with which to pay the heaviest reparations.

Europe now owes the United States Government $10,000,000,000 principal on account of credits extended to the allied Governments during the war. Experts here asserted today that there are just two ways in which this sum can be paid—either by shipping goods to the United States or by shipping gold. Payment by shipment of gold is, at the present time, out of the question. If the United States should be willing to collect that debt in goods, it was asserted, it would mean the dumping of Europe's products upon the American market.

It was asserted by a Government expert today that there was one other way in which this debt situation might be met, if the United States is to collect the debt at all, and that would be through American investors being willing to invest in foreign countries enough to cover the surplus trade with that country.

FIGHT MATERNITY AID BILL.

Medical Men Foresee "Prejudiced and Misleading Propaganda."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Opposition to the Sheppard-Towner Maternity and Infancy bill, which proposes Federal aid in co-operation with the States for mothers and infants in homes and hospitals, was heard today by the House Interstate Commerce Committee.

H. B. Anderson of New York, representing the Citizens' Medical Reference Bureau, which opposes compulsory medicine, declared that the measure would be used to "promote prejudiced and misleading propaganda," and that it would be an entering wedge for large appropriations for the employment of physicians to advise and treat the public.

Mrs. Sophie Kenyon, of the American Medical Liberty League, and Samuel Salomon, representing the New York Anti-Vivisection Society and the Washington Society for Humane Regulation of Vivisection, also spoke against the measure.

Calder Offers Building Loan Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—A Federal Reserve Board bill designed to aid in the housing shortage was introduced today by Senator Calder, Republican, of New York. It would authorize mortgage loans from funds of savings departments of national banks up to 50 per cent. of their assets, upon the approval of three-fourths of a bank's directors and subject to Reserve Board regulation.

Another Soldier Dead in Coblenz.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The War Department was today advised of the death on Dec. 17, at Coblenz, of Private Frank Corcoran, 8th Infantry, of New Orleans, La.

HOUSTON DEMANDS UTMOST ECONOMY

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

there is a growing reluctance on the part of the people to a continuance of high taxes."

"You have just stated," said Senator Watson, "that some sources of revenue are tending to dry up. Would you mind indicating what those sources are?"

"Principally income and profits taxes," answered Secretary Houston, who pointed out that the number of persons paying income taxes is steadily decreasing, while the estimated collection of back taxes and profits taxes for the fiscal year ending June, 1922, is expected to yield about $800,000,000, as against $1,250,000,000 for the year ending June 30, 1921, and over $2,000,000,000 for the fiscal year 1919-20. On the other hand, customs receipts are climbing and are expected to total for the present fiscal year $850,000,000, as against $323,000,000 for the fiscal period 1919-20.

"The indications," the Secretary continued, "are for a decrease in these figures given and a greater deficit."

Secretary Houston repeated previous arguments for a rearrangement of the taxation schedule, especially the excess profits tax which, he pointed out, was not worked out equitably and has been practically impossible to administer.

"This provision also encourages the buying of non-taxable bonds, thereby further depleting the Government income. Is that not true?" asked Senator Smoot.

"Yes, that is true," answered Secretary Houston.

Referring to Government estimates now before Congress for action, Secretary Houston suggested that certain of these estimates might be subject to reduction. He added that the largest of the items are those for the army and navy, these two departments asking a total of approximately $1,600,000,000.

"As to what Congress will deem wise in the matter of these estimates is a question for Congress itself to answer," added the Secretary.

Against Reviving War Finance Board.

In answer to a question by Senator McLean as to what effect the revival of the War Finance Corporation, a resolution for the revival of which organization has passed Congress and now awaits the approval or veto of President Wilson, will have on the export trade of the country, Secretary Houston again announced his opposition to reviving the corporation. After the armistice and up to the time the corporation was suspended in May, Secretary Houston said that the corporation aided the export trade to the extent of about $46,000,000, and of this amount about 50 per cent. went to finance business for the General Electric Company, the Bethlehem Steel Company and the Harvester organization. Secretary Houston called the attention of the committee to the fact that where the foreign commerce of the United States totaled $3,300,000,000 before the war, it totaled about $8,000,000,000 in 1918, $7,900,000,000 in 1919, and that it is expected to reach approximately $8,100,000,000 for 1920. He said that it was true that the exports of agricultural products, which in 1919 totaled about $4,000,000,000, will fall below that total this year.

"Exports of meat products have fallen off and there has been a decline in cotton exportations," said the Secretary, "but the total value as well as the physical volume of our exports has increased in the last three years we have exported approximately $22,000,000,000 worth of commodities and have imported, roughly speaking, about $12,000,000,000 worth, which leaves an apparent balance in our favor of about $10,000,000,000, which does not include the debt due us by certain of the European countries. I have no doubt that it will be shown that there is a considerable offset applicable to these figures due to shipping activities on the part of the nations concerned and also to the expenditures and other activities of our citizens in those countries. The best estimate as to the balance of trade in our favor would seem to be between $3,500,000,000 and $4,000,000,000."

It will be some time before Europe again reaches the full productive stage, Secretary Houston said, although, he added, that production has shown some increase in practically all of the European countries. Referring to the proposition made in some quarters to extend a credit of $1,000,000,000 to Germany, Secretary Houston said he was against any such action. Until the amount of indemnity Germany must pay is definitely determined and fixed, he added, neither the German Government nor the German people, individually, will be in a position to determine what security they can offer.

"One way," added the Secretary, "to extend our foreign trade is to extend credits to the nations that want to trade with us. But I have assumed that this Government did not care to resume extension of credits to these Governments. However, if Europe can discover a basis for credit, I imagine that Europe will take more of our products and will be able to negotiate its transactions through the ordinary channels of finance.

Says It Would Bring No Change.

"My own judgment is that the revival of the War Finance Corporation will not materially change the export situation. In my opinion, it would simply result in shifting the financing of these operations from the ordinary commercial agencies for such purposes to the Treasury of the United States. It is true that the War Finance Corporation has a credit on the Treasury books of about $375,000,000. There seems to be an impression, quite common, that this $375,000,000, and other sums people are discovering, are lying loose in the Treasury. That is not true. If the War Finance Corporation operates, it will have to go out and sell bonds, or else go out and borrow the money it will need, and in this way compete with the regular financial activities of the Treasury. With all the problems confronting us and the burdens now shouldered by the Treasury, it does not seem to me that we should at this time put this additional burden on the department.

"Any person," added the Secretary, "who holds out to the farmers of this country a promise of wartime prices is, in my opinion, the worst enemy of our farmers."

Secretary Houston said that one reason why agricultural products were not now so greatly in demand in Europe was due to the fact that when the war ended the first thing the European soldiers and those dependent upon them thought about was "something to eat," and as a result they planted crops to ease the situation. Those crops are now coming in and as a result exportations to those countries of foodstuffs are falling off.

Secretary Houston, in answer to a question by Senator Watson, said that the Treasury Department is now at work on the foreign debt problem, trying to work out some plan by which the payment of the principal may be deferred and the payment of interest made possible.

"These negotiations to date," said Secretary Houston, "have not proceeded to my entire satisfaction."

Secretary Houston will continue his discussion of Government financial conditions next Monday morning. The committee adjourned until 10 o'clock that morning.

Merry Christmas to Prudence-Bondholders

¶ In wishing a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year to Prudence Bondholders, it is a great satisfaction to us, as it must be a great satisfaction to them, to know that they really have something to be thankful for. ¶ There is no passing of dividends or defaulting on the interest of Prudence-Bonds. ¶ Prudence-Bondholders will receive their checks the first of January as usual.

We pay the 4% Normal Federal Income Tax

REALTY ASSOCIATES INVESTMENT CORPORATION

31 Nassau St., New York 162 Remsen St., Brooklyn

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY, Trustee of this issue

DENOMINATIONS $1000, $500 AND $100

Too much of a hurry often means a poor engraving. Hand work, hand tooling, stripping—are matters of skill and care that should not be hastened.

Sterling, working night and day, offers you all the speed possible in your engravings consistent with the highest class of work.

Color Process, Ben Day, Half Tone, Line or Combination.

Phone or write and have a representative call.

Sterling
Engraving Co.
New York
TWIN PLANTS
200 William Street
Telephone: Beekman 3900
10th Avenue at 36th Street
Telephone: Longacre 820

WHY NOT
MUSICAL
INSTRUMENTS
?



LET
Christmas-Time
BE
Music-Time
[A Few Suggestions]

Autoharps	$6 to	$25
Banjos	$15 to	$80
Banjo-Mandolins	$15 to	$136
Banjos, Tenor	$25 to	$80
Banjo-Ukuleles	$6 to	$18
Bugles	$3 to	$12
Cornets	$15 to	$90
Dinner Chimes	$7 to	$90
Drums	$13 to	$450
Fifes	$1 to	$12
Flutes	$30 to	$200
Guitars	$15 to	$175
Harps	$75 to	$3,000
Mandolins	$5 to	$150
Music Rolls	$1 to	$5
Music Satchels	$2 to	$18
Piccolos	$10 to	$65
Saxophones	$75 to	$165
Trombones	$25 to	$85
Tarepatches	$15 to	$35
Ukuleles	$5 to	$25
Violins	$5 to	$750
Violoncellos	$70 to	$700

Catalogs free on request.
Telephone Murray Hill 4144.
Chas. H. Ditson & Co.
8-10-12 East 34th Street

57th Street
Art Galleries, Inc.
Alfred F. Gosweiler, Auctioneer
THIRTY-THREE WEST
FIFTY-SEVENTH STREET
RUG SALE
EXTRAORDINARY
Oriental and Domestic Rugs and Carpets, including a Magnificent Collection of Old American Hook Rugs, by order of
MISS ADA L. HILLYER,
of Crescent Beach, Conn.
and others in interest
AUCTION SALE THIS DAY
AT 2:30 P. M.

Smoky
Fireplaces
Made to Draw
Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.
No payment accepted unless successful
Frederic N. Whitley, Inc.
Engineers and Constructors
217 Fulton St., Brooklyn

SELL YOUR
AUTO AT AUCTION
Gigantic Auto Auction to Be Held at
Madison Sq. Garden
January 10, 11, 12, 13
List your car now. Entry fee, $10. For full particulars inquire office, MADISON SQUARE GARDEN AUTOMOBILE AUCTION SALES CO., 31 W. 26th St.
PEISER & POTTER, Auctioneers.
TELEPHONE LONGACRE 2906.

A GALLERY OF BEAUTIFUL WOMEN.

The beautiful women chosen for the Christmas number of the MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, which is now on the news stands, are the following: Misses Constance Binney, Mary Miles Minter, May Allison, Edna Murphy, Pearl White, Louise Glaum, Betty Blythe, Florence O'Denishawn, Florence Reed, Grace Kaber, Norma Talmadge, Hope Hampton, Alice Lake, Lois Wilson, Sylvia Breamer, Lillian Gish, Viola Dana, Constance Talmadge, Florence Moore, Vivian Martin, Rita Owen.

The issue is the special Christmas number, and embraces a beautiful double page reproduction of a celebrated painting of the Birth of Christ, a large picture which is ready for framing, besides pictures illustrating the big news events in all parts of the world. On news stands, 10c.—Advt.

All But Three of the Twelve Selected for Military Honors Saw Service Abroad.

TWO MEMBERS RETAINED

Under the Law the Governor-Elect May Detail Six Other Officers as Aids.

Men with war records will be in a large majority on the military staff of the next Governor. Of twelve officers who will be detailed by Governor-elect Miller as military or naval aides, nine saw service overseas.

Lieut. Col. James Leslie Kincaid, who will be appointed Adjutant General on Jan. 1, announced yesterday that the following would be detailed on the Governor's staff:

Major Robert Guggenheim, New York; Colonel Harrison K. Bird, New York; Commodore Louis M. Josephthal, New York; Lieut. Col. James Tabor Loree, Albany; Colonel Rodman Wanamaker, New York; Major Bernard Flood, New York; Captain Rickard J. Ryan, Watertown; Lieut. Col. Harry Wilder, Malone; Captain Charles F. Mangan, Binghamton; Lieut. Col. Henry Cookinham, Utica; First Lieutenant Cornelius Vanderbilt Jr., Albany; Lieut. Col. George G. Shepherd, Niagara Falls.

Of the prospective appointees, Commodore Josephthal and Colonel Wanamaker are members of the Governor's staff now. Major Guggenheim saw service overseas as Major of infantry. He is a Special Deputy Police Commissioner, is a member of M. Guggenheim Sons and is identified with the American Smelting and Refining Company, the Guggenheim Exploration Company and other Guggenheim interests.

Colonel Bird is a worker. He was Military Secretary to Governor Odell and has been Treasurer of the Republican State Committee. Comodore Josephthal saw service in the navy and was detailed during the war at the Atlantic Fleet base.

Lieut. Col. Loree is the son of President L. F. Loree of the Delaware & Hudson Railroad and is manager of that road. His overseas service was with the 27th and 30th Divisions, and in the Provost Marshal General's department. He was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal (U. S. A.), was made an "officer" of the Legion d'Honneur and received numerous other foreign decorations.

Colonel Wanamaker is a Special Deputy Police Commissioner. Major Bernard Flood is a Police Lieutenant attached to the District Attorney's office and is head of the Lafayette Post of the American Legion. He was attached to the Provost Marshal General's Department as an Intelligence Officer.

Captain Ryan was severely wounded during the war and is now undergoing treatment at Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C. He served overseas with the 165th U. S. Infantry. Lieutenant Colonel Wilder is the head of a light, heat and power company in Northern New York. He served in the war as Lieutenant Colonel of Artillery with the Seventy-eighth and Thirtieth Divisions.

Captain Mangan is a lawyer. He served on the staff of General Pershing overseas. Lieut. Col. Cookinham, also a lawyer, served with the Fifty-sixth Pioneer Infantry in France. He is a cousin of the late Vice President Sherman. Lieutenant Vanderbilt is a son of Brig. Gen. Cornelius Vanderbilt. Like his father, he saw service overseas with the Twenty-seventh Division and later served with the Thirteenth Division. Lieutenant Vanderbilt is a reporter for The New York Times.

Lieut. Col. Chepherd is head of the Niagara Falls Trust Company and of the Niagara Falls Chamber of Commerce of Niagara Falls. He served with the Third New York Infantry on the Mexican border.

The present Governor's staff is composed of seventeen members. Under the law Governor-elect Miller could detail six officers in addition to those included in the announcement.

SYRACUSE HONORS MILLER.

Non-Partisan Dinner Is Given for Governor-Elect.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 23.—Political lines were laid aside tonight as Syracuse paid honor to Governor-elect Miller at a dinner given by the Chamber of Commerce and attended by Republican and Democratic leaders of the State.

Judge Hiscock of the Court of Appeals presided and Charles E. Hughes was at Judge Miller's table.

The diners, numbering more than 400, included many members of the next Legislature.

Governor-elect Miller met during the day a committee appointed to represent the State Conference Board of Agricultural Organizations to discuss matters of interest to farmers.

Judge Miller, responding to congratulatory speeches by Judge Hiscock and Mr. Hughes, said that he would use every effort to bring about retrenchment and economy in the expenditures of the State Government. He referred to the statement of Secretary Houston before the Senate Finance Committee that the Government faces a deficit of $2,100,000,000 for the fiscal year as an example of the need for economy in public affairs. Mr. Miller said that the State should take heed of this estimate and check all extravagances.

In referring to the crime wave, the Governor-elect said:

"I do not know just how far a Governor can go to aid in checking a situation of this kind, but I pledge myself to assist in every way in the enforcement of all laws for the prevention of crime."

Among the subjects considered were the status of the Department of Farms and Markets, the Daylight Saving law, State Conservation with especial reference to trespass on privately owned land, police protection, eradication of bovine tuberculosis, and the status of co-operative movements in regard to effect on food production and distribution.

The committee comprised Sherman J. Lowell of Fredonia, master of the National Grange; S. L. Strivings of Castile, President of the State Farm Bureau Federation; W. N. Giles of Skaneateles, master of the State Grange; W. L. Bean of McGraw, President of the Grange League Federation Exchange; Harry Weiman of Kendall, President of the State Horticultural Society, and H. E. Babcock, Secretary of the G. L. F. Exchange.

GERMAN YARNS IN CHINA.

Propaganda Against the Entente Carried On by Wireless.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Since Oct. 1 the newspapers of Peking, China, which appear in English have been featuring German news items received from Nauen via wireless. The quantities of news dispatches are voluminous and according to intelligence forwarded here, the chief purpose is German propaganda for consumption in those sections of China which have been friendly to Germany.

The Nauen radio gives China a twenty-four hour service, in contrast to cable news from Europe, which is frequently delayed from five to seven days. It is being suggested that a fuller wireless service between the United States and China would counteract this new German influence.

The time of political propaganda carried on is indicated by some of the published items in the Chinese press. It is alleged that chaos exists in East Africa, where the British are asserted to have admitted it is impossible to substitute English methods for German. Other articles allege that the Entente is guilty of the deaths of the children of Germany and Austria. The Versailles Treaty is attacked and the conduct of the forces of occupation in Germany assailed.

Own Lawyers.

When the steamship Imperator sailed yesterday she took away twenty-three Communists who had surrendered to the Government because they wanted to get out of the country. The way for them to leave was opened up through Latvia into Russia largely through the efforts of Charles Recht and Miss Rose Weiss, their lawyers. The deportees were taken from Ellis Island on a special boat early in the morning and were placed on the steamship before she left her pier in Manhattan.

Among them was one woman, Pearl Powell of Brooklyn. She would make no statement. Stanislaus Serwatha took with him his wife and two daughters. The group were placed under lock and key in the forward steerage. Nine of the men were from New York, six from Brooklyn, and the others from points in New Jersey.

Yesterday's deportation leaves thirty-four Russian aliens under sentence of deportation on Deer Island in Boston Harbor. While a way was found for those who wanted to go back, the Government is still holding those who do not want to leave because no way has been found to ship them into Russia. Immigration officials believe, however, that through the act of Latvia their deportation may now be arranged.

The lawyers for those detained have asked that they be released. They quote a decision by Judge John C. Knox of the Federal Court that there is no law for the interminable imprisonment of aliens subject to deportation. This whole issue, affecting about 500 Russian "undesirables" in the United States, will be fought out in the United States Court in Boston on Dec. 30.

"It is not at all certain," said Mr. Recht, "that the arrangement with the Latvian Government will apply to all Russian deportees from the United States. In the case of the twenty-three who left today we secured passports from Ludwig C. A. K. Martens which assure the Latvian Government that the deportees will be received in Russia when they get to the border. It does not appear that the arrangement wit. Latvia and the Soviet Republic by which these deportees are sent back is a permanent thing."

STALLED AUTO FOILS THEFT OF LIQUORS

Orange Thieves Made Vain Efforts to Move Truck, Then Abandoned Car and Loot.

Automobile thieves backed a truck up to the home of Manton B. Metcalf, at 389 Centre Street, Orange, N. J., yesterday morning and tried to take away thirty-eight cases of wine and whisky in the cellar. The truck broke down, and they were forced to flee, leaving both the whisky and the truck behind.

Mr. Metcalf is spending the Winter in New York. His house is a large one, surrounded by gardens, well back from the road. The thieves backed the truck up on the lawn, then broke open the cellar door. They loaded the wine and whisky, only to find that the truck was sunk in the rain-soaked ground. Then they unloaded it and some of them went for help.

It was then about 7 o'clock, and John Dalto, employed on the estate, saw the thieves as he came to work. He ran and they tried to stop him with shots. When he got to the gardener's house, George W. Wraight, the gardener, opened the door, and the thieves threatened New York Times. One of the thieves locked the door and took the key.

A smaller truck was then brought into the grounds, and the three men on it tied a rope to the larger truck and tried to pull it from the mud. The rope broke and the thieves gave it up.

FINDS DRY LAW TAX ILLEGAL

New Orleans Judge Holds Property Cannot Be Seized to Pay It.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 23.—Opponents of the $500 tax clause of the Volstead Prohibition law won a victory in the United States District Court here today through granting of injunctions by Judge Foster restraining Refus W. Fontenot, Collector of Internal Revenue, from attempting to seize property to enforce payment of taxes on liquor illegally sold.

Judge Foster not only decided that the process of collection by distraint and seizure of property, as resorted to by the Revenue Department was illegal, but held that the charge which Congress sought to impose under Section 35 of the Volstead act, "lacks every fundamental element of the tax."

Judge Foster's decision is opposite to the recent ruling of Federal Judge Hazel of Buffalo, N. Y., who sustained the legality of the tax imposed by the Volstead act. The conflicting opinions of the two courts of equal jurisdiction are said to be the only rulings on the subject to date.

Subject to instructions from Washington District Attorney Mooney, plans to file an appeal either directly to the United States Supreme Court or to the United States Circuit Court.

WHISKY GUARD WOUNDED.

Suspected Thieves Follow Truck and Shoot at Attendants.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 23.—Joseph Kline of New York City, a guard of a truck loaded with whisky bound from Frankfort, Ky., to New York, was probably fatally wounded when several shots were fired late last night on Reading Road, this city, in what the police believe was an unsuccessful attempt to steal the whisky.

The shooting, police were told, was done by six men in a touring car, who had followed the truck from Kentucky. No shots were fired by the guards, the police were informed. Immediately after firing the men in the automobile speeded up their machine and disappeared in the darkness.

The truck carried 250 cases of whisky, valued at $10,000. It was in charge of George M. Warden, a New York wholesale whisky dealer. Others on the truck were William Quinn, chauffeur; John Troy and Joseph Grady, all of New York.

PUTS ARMENIA UP TO LEAGUE

Morgenthau Says It Must Find Way to Settle Trouble.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Dec. 23.—It is up to the League of Nations to find the modus operandi for settling the trouble in the Near East developing out of the Armenian situation, according to Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador to Turkey and now special representative for President Wilson in the proposed mediation in Armenia.

Mr. Morgenthau pointed out that the request for mediation came from the League and was accepted only after the President distinctly said that he would act only if he received the full co-operation of all the countries in the League.

Mr. Morgenthau said he believed the people of Armenia as well as of other countries in the Near East would be satisfied with mediation.

Papal Order to Priests in Silesia.

ROME, Dec. 22.—Clergy of the Roman Catholic Church in Upper Silesia must maintain an absolutely impartial attitude during the plebiscite which will determine the future status of that region, Pope Benedict today told Prince Adam Stephan Sapieha, Bishop of Cracow, who was received by the Pontiff.

Owners Exceeds Thus Far, Following Men's Refusal to Accept Cut.

OWNERS GET NO RETURNS

All Gains Are Divied Among the Employes, Who Pay Complete Expenses.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBERN, N. C., Dec. 23.—The plan of operation in force at the Newbern Iron Works and Supply Company of this city, which has been effective since last Monday, seems from all indications to be working out better than either the men or the manager of the business thought possible. The workmen are in complete control of the shop and are operating it for what they can get out of it after all loverhead expenses and the costs of raw materials have been taken out. The overhead includes the salaries of the office force.

The plan, which went into effect last Monday, was made temporarily until Wednesday owing to the absence of E. L. Wells, the manager. On his return the latter made the final arrangements for the men to take complete control of the shop end of the business and made this ruling retroactive for the whole of the week, following a salary cut of 10 per cent., effective last Monday, for the office staff.

Two weeks ago the management found that a cut in the salaries of the shop men working in the foundry and machine shops was necessary to keep the firm from running at a dead loss. A cut of 10 per cent. was made effective at once, which caused a strike of one day's duration on the part of the men affected. On the second day the employes returned to work, though dissatisfied. On Friday last another cut was found necessary by the manager, and after a consultation with W. A. McIntosh, Secretary and Treasurer and one of the two stockholders of the firm, the whole matter was placed in the manager's hands for any further action. He made another cut of 10 per cent., to which the men objected, threatening to strike.

Then it was proposed to the employes that they should offer any ideas of their own. Lee Parson, for man of the shop, proposed to take the responsibility of the running of the plant, the employes themselves to bear the cost of materials and pay overhead charges, including the salaries of the office force, and after these items had been deducted the residue was to be divided among the shop workmen according to the salary scale then in effect, each man to get his proportionate share of the profits.

The plan now in effect is working smoothly and the men seem to be well satisfied. The management is making no profit and the stockholders are willing to have the plant run at an even break to them. The contract is to last until both partieswish to change to some other plan. Neither party can break the contract without theconsent of the other.

The plant has a valuation of between $125,000 and $150,000 and the men employed number several hundreds. A representative of the men asserts that they have been able, through co-operation, to cut down expenses in two ways. The amount of work turned in this week is larger than that of last week and the time consumed on each job has also been cut. No decrease in cost of materials has been possible as yet owing to the amount of raw goods on hand, but this cost, it is hoped, will be cut down considerably in the next few weeks.

The men, says this representative, are contented and already see that their proposal is working out to their own interests. If a decrease in the volume of work should be unavoidable on their part, they are willing to stand the loss and make no further trouble for the management.

TEN YEARS IN ASYLUM, SUE FOR $1,000,000

Brush Sisters, Now Free, Accuse Two Doctors of Pronouncing Them Insane.

Ten years of life in an insane asylum is worth $1,000,000 in compensation, in the opinion of the Misses Phebe M. and Ada F. Brush, formerly of Huntington, L. I., and they have brought suits for that amount against Drs. W. B. Gibson and Walter Lindsay of Huntington, who, they allege, were responsible for their confinement to the State Hospital for the Insane at Kings Park, L. I. Each sister sues each physician for $250,000.

The action has been brought in the Supreme Court of Westchester County by Clarence Alexander of Yonkers, representing the Brush sisters, who also represented them in habeas corpus proceedings which resulted in their liberation.

The sisters allege that the two physicians swore to an affidavit on May 31, 1910, that they were violently, dangerously, excitably and homicidally insane. The Misses Brush declare the affidavits were false and that the doctors never personally observed or examined them and that the proceedings by which they were committed to the asylum were illegal.

The sisters are at present residing near Yonkers with a Miss Fergtuson, formerly a nurse at the Kings Park State Hospital, who aided them in obtaining their release.

Douglass Conklin, President of the Bank of Huntington, who was trustee for the sisters during their incarceration, is planning to restore to them their estate, valued at $30,000.

HONORED AS U. S. SOLDIER.

Body of Brazilian Who Died at the Front Buried in Arlington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The burial at Arlington today of Viriato Claudio de Mello, a Brazilian who was a member of the Seventeenth Regiment, Field Artillery, U. S. A., and who died while serving with the American forces in Germany, added a link in the chain of sympathy and friendship between Brazil and the United States, it was declared in addresses delivered on the occasion by the Ambassador of Brazil and Secretary Baker.

The Brazilian Ambassador read a message from President Pessoa, in which the latter said the occasion was "for the Government and people of Brazil of most high and noble significance. The Government of the United States of America," he added, "could not give to the people of Brazil a more vivid and lasting testimony of the feelings of cordiality that link the two countries by such close and friendly ties."

In addition to Secretary Baker a number of American army officers were present; representatives of the State Department and the entire staff of the Brazilian Embassy. The American flag which was used during the ceremonies will be sent to the young soldier's mother, who lives in Pernambuco. Wreaths from the embassy and the State and War Departments were placed on the grave.

Of His Earning Power.

An unusual proceeding came before Supreme Court Justice Burr yesterday in the form of an application by Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Lubelsky for a writ of mandamus to compel Colonel John J. Byrne of the Ninth Coast Artillery to discharge their son, Reuben, a furrier, earning $60 a week, on the ground that when he enlisted at the age of eighteen he did so without their knowledge and they didn't learn of this until August, several months before he reached that age. Their chief objection was that his attendance at drills and absence from the city during manoeuvres would reduce his earning powers.

Arthur V. McDermott, attorney for Colonel Byrne, objected to the Court hearing the case on the ground that the National Guard is a Federal institution over which the State courts have no control, and also that the son's enlistment puts him under the jurisdiction of the military authorities and takes away the authority of his parents.

Concerning the merits of the case, Mr. McDermott said that after the mandamus papers had been served on the regimental authorities young Lubelsky had been telling his comrades at the armory that he had "served a warrant" on his superior officer, and that Lubelsky's conduct was breaking down the morale of the regiment. The attorney also said that Lubelsky's military record had been poor; that charges were still pending against him and that he doubted if the Court would act anyhow until the charges had been disposed of.

Attorney McDermott also pointed out that if the application is granted it will establish a precedent under which other parents could compel the discharge of sons who enlisted without their knowledge. Justice Burr reserved decision.

CONGRATULATED BY HARDING

Colonel F. N. Dow Guest of 400 Portland Associates and Employes.

PORTLAND, Me., Dec. 23.—A congratulatory telegram from President-elect Harding was read at a testimonial dinner given tonight for Colonel Fred N. Dow, publisher of The Portland Evening Express and The Sunday Telegram, in honor of his eightieth birthday. More than 400 of his associates and employes in the various enterprises in which he has interests were present with representatives of social and political clubs. In his message the President-elect said:

"I have long known of the public services of yourself and your father, the late General Neal Dow and have rated them among the foremost agencies operating to keep the Pine Tree State in the van of national progress, where it has always stood. Maine has furnished an impressive share of that sturdy manhood and vigorous leadership in every crisis of our national life that has made and kept our country what it is."

NEW PRESIDENT IN CHILE.

Wilson Congratulates Alessandri on His Inauguration.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—President Wilson today sent a cable of congratulation to the new President of Chile, Don Arturo Alessandri, who was inaugurated today. Señor Alessandri, candidate of the Liberal element, was recently elected President after a contest which was so close that it was referred to a Court of Honor for final decision. Joseph H. Shea, American Ambassador in Santiago, was named to be the personal representative of President Wilson at the inauguration ceremonies.

The Chilean Embassy today received the names of the new Cabinet members who have been selected by President Alessandri. They are:

Minister of Interior, Pedro Aguirre Cerda.
Foreign Relations, Jorge Matto.
Justice, Armando Jaramillo.
Finance, Daniel Martner.
War, Carlos Silva Cruz.
Public Works, Zenon Torrealba.

Prof. John Uri Lloyd Seriously Ill.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Dec. 23.—Professor John Uri Lloyd, aged 71 years, founder of the famous Lloyd Scientific Library here, author of "Editorpha," "Stringtown on the Pike," and much scientific research literature and many novels, lies seriously ill at his home in this city and is not expected to survive.

That It Is Equaled Only by Munchausen Tales.

TELLS OF LACK OF PROOF

Anti-Semitism Has No Place Here, He Says in Discussing Articles in Ford's Paper.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—The alleged protocols of the "Wise Men of Zion," printed in Henry Ford's Dearborn Independent, have their only counterpart in literature in the fanciful tales of Baron Munchausen, ex-President Taft declared tonight in an address on anti-Semitism before the Anti-Defamation League, founded by the B'nai B'rith.

"One of the chief causes of suffering and evil in the world today is race hatred and any man who stimulates that hatred has much to answer for," Mr. Taft said. "When he does this by the circulation of unfounded and unjust charges and the arousing of mean and groundless fears, his fault is more to be condemned.

"How much of the article is due to Mr. Ford's initiative and how much he has yielded to the representations of others in consenting to its publication, one cannot say. But of course he is responsible for the effect."

Discussing the charge, based on the alleged protocols, of a Jewish conspiracy for world domination through Jewish international bankers Mr. Taft continued:

"No instance of the exercise of this world controlling power is cited as proof. The conclusion of the author rests on his own assertion and the further comprehensive and entirely satisfying assurance that 'everybody knows it.'

"If it be true that the international bankers and capitalists are Jews alone, if it be true that they wield a world power that controls Governments and nations and wars and peace and economic law, can the author of these articles in The Dearborn Independent explain why it is that now more than half of the 13,000,000 Jews in the world are still suffering not only persecution and oppression, but the bitterest penury and starvation?

"The tales of Baron Munchausen are the only things in literature that should be classed with these protocols, for they are not more preposterous. There is not the slightest ground for anti-Semitism among us. It has no place in free America."

Smallpox Among 1,400 Immigrants.

The immigration officials received word yesterday that smallpox had made its appearance among 1,400 steerage passengers on the steamship Duca D'Abruzzi, and that they would have to be detained two weeks in quarantine. The Royal Italian Mail Line had previously made arrangements for the vessel to land her cabin passengers and cargo and proceed to Philadelphia to land her steerage passengers and so lessen congestion here. That arrangement will not be necessary because of the reported smallpox.

REAL ESTATE

A man knowing conditions regarding downtown office renting can make a permanent connection with one of the largest downtown real estate firms.

Write R. E., Box 372, City Hall Station.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue. 46TH and 47TH STS.

"Last Minute" Suggestions
in
Practical Gifts

Handsome Fur-trimmed Day Coats
Formerly to $250 at $95--$145

What could be more acceptable to one's *Mother, Wife* or *Sister* than one of these *Luxurious Wrap-Coats*, fashioned in the *new soft materials* and *combined with rich furs.*

Fur-trimmed Evening Wraps
Formerly to $295 at $145--$175

The Gift Luxurious—of *chiffon velvet* and *metallic* and *velvet brocades*, with deep collars of fashionable furs.

Also offer today

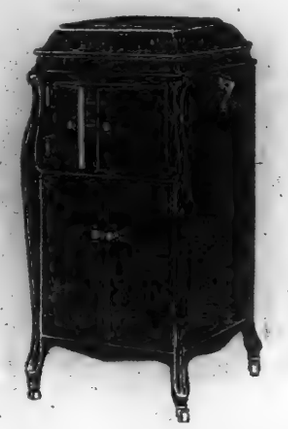
Tailored and Semi-dress Hats at $10
Formerly to $40

A somewhat limited group including very smart effects in velvet and duvetyn with trimmings of wings, bows and flowers, *scheduled for immediate disposal.*

NOTE—Special effort has been made to alter any garments purchased now in time for Christmas delivery.

TIFFANY & CO.
FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET
PEARLS JEWELRY SILVERWARE

This Year
A Victrola
for Christmas
(Ready For Immediate Delivery)



Special Victrola Offer

Victrola XIV	225.00
Records to the amount of	10.00
Total	235.00

$10.00 Down.
Balance in small month y payments

(*Victrola Dep't—Fifth Floor*)

James McCreery & Co.
5th Avenue *34th Street*



Originated by HORLICK



The Old Reliable Round Package

Get the ORIGINAL
Fresh, full-cream milk and the extract of selected malted grain, reduced to powder form.
The Food-Drink for All Ages.
Used successfully for over 1/3 century.
Superior to tea, coffee, cocoa
A quick lunch readily digested.
Invigorating, Nourishing, Delicious
Ask for Horlick's at All Fountains
Prepared in a moment by briskly stirring the powder in hot or cold water. Keep at home or when traveling.
Ask For and Get Horlick's
thus Avoiding Imitations
SUBSTITUTES Cost YOU Same Price
Write for free sample to Horlick's, Dept. B, Racine, Wis.

Dentists, physicians, attorneys and my present and prospective clientele will secure in any quantity

Houbigant's, Roger & Gallet's, Gueldy's, Gurlain's, Bereza Products, Ma Belle, Coty's full assortment and a full line of Coty's face powders at 75c per box.

Assortment is too big to enumerate.

L. LEWIS
452 FIFTH AVENUE
Knox Bldg., entrance on 40th St.
Established 1882.

The Kensico Cemetery
America's Burial Park

VERDUN'S HISTORIC TRENCH.

Next Sunday The New York Times Rotogravure-Picture Section will reproduce a series of three photographs taken on the occasion of the dedication of the final monument over the trench of heroes at Verdun, where 100 poilus made the supreme sacrifice.—Advt.

DELAYS in building mean loss of income. Taking everything into consideration, you will gain more by building now so that you can manufacture unhampered, than by waiting for doubtful decreases in cost.

Phone Madison Square 8084 for our representative.

WHITE CONSTRUCTION CO.
Incorporated
95 Madison Avenue, New York.
"Let WHITE build it of CONCRETE"

POWERS

Our Means—

The best of men, machines and materials are in our shops. The very backbone of this equipment is personnel.

Product of character attracts the craftsman of character. For years our shops have been the Mecca of the most progressive workers of the industry and the proving grounds of advanced ideas.

Powers superior *quality* and *service* eliminates the rough places in the relationship between plate maker and buyer.

Three Separate Powers Plants
POWERS PHOTO-ENGRAVING CO.
154 Nassau Street
POWERS REPRODUCTION CORP.
137 West 37th Street
POWERS COLORTYPE CO.
115 East 23rd Street

A Salesman Will Call

EVERYTHING IN PHOTO-
ENGRAVING

JOSEPH HEINRICHS



Christmas Gifts
948 Broadway
Near 23d Street
FINEST
Copper & Bronze Ware
IN EXISTENCE
Electric Specialties

For Christmas Give a Novel by MERRICK. His
Conrad in Quest of His Youth or the later **House of Lynch**
are certain to be enjoyed. On sale at any bookstore, or if not, they can be had from
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Ave., N. Y.

Suggestions for Christmas Gifts

PUBLICATIONS OF
THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY
TIMES SQUARE, NEW YORK

Subscription Rates in all postal zones, including Canada

MID-WEEK PICTORIAL
Published Thursdays.
$5.00 a year, postpaid; 10c. a copy. Canada, $6.00 a year, postpaid.

CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE
A monthly periodical.
$4.00 a year, postpaid; 35c. a copy. Canada, $4.50 a year, postpaid.

THE ANNALIST
Published Mondays.
$5.00 a year, postpaid; 10c. a copy. Canada, $5.50 a year, postpaid.

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE
Published Weekly.
$1.00 a year, postpaid. Canada, $1.50 a year, postpaid.

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX
Issued quarterly—bound in cloth.
$8.00 a year.

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES
A twenty-volume library of the war's richest literature, historic documents and authentic records.

Price, cash in advance;
Full leather binding, set, $130.
Three-quarter leather, $100.
Cloth, $80.

Just the Christmas Gift for Your "Y" Pal
CANTEENING OVERSEAS
By Marian Baldwin
$2.00 at any Bookstore, or of
THE MACMILLAN COMPANY, New York

CITIZENS QUIT FIUME AS FOOD IS CUT OFF

Population Opposes Fighting, Minister Resigns — Deputies Take Peace Offer to Rome.

POET'S MEN FIRST TO FIRE

Giolitti in the Chamber Insists That the Treaty Be Carried Out—Still Hopeful of Settlement.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—The evacuation of Fiume by civilians has begun, according to a dispatch from Milan to The London Times. Already 100 refugees have arrived at Candrida.

The food situation at Fiume is considered almost desperate.

The population numbers 52,000, and the food supply will not provide for them for more than a fortnight. The situation in the Islands of Arbe and Veglia is considered even worse.

A majority of the population of Fiume, says the correspondent, oppose any encounter involving bloodshed. Even some members of the Regency disagree with d'Annunzio. His Finance Minister, Professor Pantaleoni, has resigned and left Fiume. Fifteen men have deserted from his army.

Deputies Suzi and de Ambris have left Fiume for Rome to submit a proposal that Italy recognize the Regency with Barros, Arbe and Veglia, while the Regency renounces the immediate annexation of Fiume to Italy, which would be a subject for future negotiations, and also renounce further action in Dalmatia.

TRIESTE, Dec. 22 (By Courier to Udine).—Fiume is surrounded by Government forces. The approaches are heavily guarded on the north, east and west by powerful patrols of Carabineers and Alpini. Every road and lane is under surveillance. Nothing is being allowed to go into the town, but exit is permitted to those who wish to withdraw rather than to face a siege. By sea the fleet off Pola is not permitting the passage of any craft.

Throughout last night Fiume appeared to be a city of darkness.

Trains are not permitted to proceed beyond Abbazia, where all passengers destined for Fiume must get out. Mayor Gigante of Fiume has been notified by General Caviglia of the steps the Government intends to take in enforcing the blockade. As yet there has been no decision announced as to the attitude the commander of Fiume will take toward the withdrawal of the residents there. There was no marked change in the number of departures from the city today. All leaving will have to do so on foot.

One Carabineer was killed and two others were wounded by bombs thrown today by the poet's legionaires on the west side of the city. The legionaires made their escape.

D'Annunzio called a meeting of his Cabinet of "rectors" in a council of war yesterday afternoon, and it was decided to remain firm and oppose Italy's enforcement of the Rapallo treaty at the expiration of the time set by General Caviglia.

The Italian Commander-in-Chief ordered that the blockade should be effective beginning at 6 o'clock on the evening of Dec. 21 by land and sea to the territory of the State of Fiume and to territories outside of Fiume occupied by the Fiuman troops and to the islands of Veglia and Arre. The troops were ordered to proceed according to international law and the treaties in force, by whatever means, against any one who should attempt to violate the blockade order.

After delimiting geographically the zone of the blockade, the order of General Caviglia gave ships belonging to the State of Fiume forty-eight hours after the time of the blockade to withdraw from the zone of the blockade, and an equal time limit was set for the departure of foreign subjects, citizens or legionaires. The order added that after the expiration of this time limit ships or persons endeavoring to force the line of blockade by land or sea would be compelled to face the consequences described by international law and the treaties in force.

General Caviglia today issued the following appeal to the citizens of Fiume:

"The Treaty of Rapallo, approved by Parliament and signed by the King, is today Italian law. The military command which presides over you refuses defiantly to recognize and apply it and maintains an attitude hostile to Italy, characterized by acts of violence. Inasmuch as this grevious question cannot be prolonged without serious danger to the honor, security and life of Italy in all their phases, the Royal Government has ordered me to declare a blockade, effective from the evening of Dec. 21.

"Citizens! Your indescribable sufferings must end—there must be an end. The Italian Government only awaits your return to a state of full liberty to carry to you all the aid and support you need to re-establish your prosperity. Back up the Government with your potent voice in the aims it seeks by this indispensable measure of blockade. You are able to be heard by the Commandant (of Fiume). Induce him to spare to Italy the deprecable event of fraternal conflict. Get him in his great heart to find the force of will to obey the command of the fatherland."

General Caviglia also addressed an appeal to d'Annunzio's legionaries, urging them to see that it was their duty to return to their ranks in the regular army.

There have been many changes in the battalions along the Fiume frontier lately, General Caviglia taking out those troops thought to be of doubtful loyalty. The line now is occupied by Carabineers and Alpine Royal Guards.

In some quarters it is asserted that the blockade cannot but result in an amelioration of the situation in a short time owing to the shortage of the supply of food in Fiume. Some persons are prophesying that the trouble will be all over before the New Year.

Giolitti Checks Nationalists.

ROME, Dec. 23.—Premier Giolitti, speaking in the Chamber of Deputies concerning the situation in Fiume, begged the Nationalist Deputy Federzoni, who had interrogated the Government, to consider the Fiume question from all points. The Premier said the work of the Government must always be inspired by a desire for internal peace, and therefore the Government would not permit parties in the name of patriotism to bring up questions which necessarily would lead to a disturbance of the peace. He added that the Government would not allow any one to suggest to soldiers and sailors that they desert, that it would not allow armed bands in the name of Fiume to occupy territories that were not Italian and that it would not permit factions to disturb the internal life of the country.

The Premier assured the Chamber that the Government was doing all that was possible to settle the question in the best manner and was hopeful of reaching a peaceful solution. He had repeated that the Government could not allow civil war to be unchained in the name of patriotism.

The Tribuna says today that, although Gabriele d'Annunzio repeatedly had stated that fraternal blood should not be shed, his legionaires were the first to fire on the Italian torpedo boat destroyer Zeffiro, and that they also threw a bomb against a patrol of Carabineers, killing one man and wounding two others. These episodes have embittered the situation and demonstrated the possibility of even greater occurrences, the newspaper declares.

Signor Bonomi, Minister of War, explained before the Foreign Committee of the Chamber of Deputies today that the landing of some of the Russian General Wrangel's troops in Dalmatia was causing no apprehension whatever to the Italian Government. There was no idea that they would take any military action, he added.

Serbian officers have assumed command of the troops of General Wrangel, former commander of the anti-Bolshevist forces in South Russia, which recently landed at Buccari, six miles southeast of Fiume, to operate against Fiume in case of a conflict with the Quarnero regency, says the idea Nazionale's Trieste correspondent.

The Popolo Romano today publishes a dispatch from Abbazia saying that d'Annunzio has declared he will resist to the end and has invited the people of Fiume to hold themselves in readiness to sacrifice their lives and fortunes.

D'Annunzio, the dispatch adds, had several houses searched, because of fear of a revolt against him, most of the population of Fiume desiring to avoid a conflict with the regular Italian troops.

Many Jugoslavs Arrested.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—Fearing an insurrection Gabriele d'Annunzio arrested hundreds of Jugoslavs in the Fiume district today, according to information received by the Italian Mission here. The poet has placarded the city with threats of death for any one attempting to leave the zone or plotting against him, and declaring that a state of war exists between Fiume and Italy.

D'Annunzio expects all patriotic citizens of Fiume to be prepared to sacrifice their lives by blowing up Fiume should Italy succeed in capturing the city.

AWAIT NEWS OF CLASH.

Italians' Hopes of a Peaceful Christmas Upset by d'Annunzio.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Dec. 23.—The improved internal situation in Italy had led every one to believe that Christmas this year would be the gayest and most brilliant since the cessation of hostilities.

D'Annunzio, however, hed decreed otherwise, and the whole country is living in terrible trepidation, expecting at any moment to receive news of an encounter between Italians and Italians. The nation has at last faced the bitter truth, namely, that further pourparlers are absolutely useles when weeks and months of negotiations have had no other result but to demonstrate the decided will of the Regency of Fiume to complicate the national and international situation.

The Giornale d'Italia still holds out a faint hope of settling the whole affair amicably through the intercession of the Duke of Aosta, for whom every one feels great admiration and sympathy.

Refugees from Fiume declare the city is quiet, but that deep unrest fills all spirits. A young lady coming from Fiume said:

"We can reserve ourselves to reopen the question at a later date, but we would never again know peace if, because of Fiume, Italians had killed each other."

A major of arditi, three times decorated for valor, just arrived from Fiume, says that the death of Carabineer Meloni has caused a deep impression, not only among citizens, but also among officers and troops.

"I can assure you," he said, "that all superior officers and subalterns have a great feeling of fraternity for the troops which face them, and are horrified at the thought of ordering their soldiers to fire against Italian troops."

As far as can be gathered from those citizens who have left Fiume, the population is none too willing to support further sacrifices which the blockade will inevitably necessitate, and are beginning to long for peace to take up their normal life again.

AIRPLANE STAMPS.

Forty Varieties Have Been Issued—Belgian Congo's New Issue.

Although it is less than four years ago that the first postage stamp especially designed for airplane service was issued, it is estimated that, up to the present time, more than forty varieties have appeared, sufficient to make a very creditable specialized collection, and the demand for these airplane stamps is said to be steadily increasing. While many small countries which have done very little to encourage aviation have issued adhesives for aerial postage, Great Britain has thus far refused to issue any special stamps for such use, despite the urging of many philatelic societies in that country.

The first distinct aerial mail stamp on record was issued in May, 1917, by Italy for an experimental service between Rome and Turin. It was soon followed by another stamp for a hydroplane mail between Naples and Palermo. Two years ago the United States issued its first airplane stamp for the service inaugurated between Washington, Philadelphia and New York. The value was 24 cents. The rate was soon reduced. So many of the original issue were printed that uncancelled copies may be obtained without difficulty, but used copies on aerial mail are comparatively rare, especially those bearing the postmark of the first day's service.

Among the countries which have issued airplane stamps are Canada, Austria, Newfoundland, Germany, Hungary, Sweden, Switzerland, Esthonia, the United States of Colombia, Tunis and, more recently, the Belgian Congo. The Congo stamps are among the most beautifully engraved of all the airplane issues. There are four values, all printed in two colors. The 50-centime stamp is orange and black, showing a native trading station with an airplane overhead. The one-franc stamp is purple and black with an airplane flying over a village of native huts. The 2-franc is blue and black, the scene depicting an airplane over a lake on the shores of which are Europeans and natives in long, narrow boats. The highest value, 5 francs, is green and black, with a view of a square built tower over which an airplane is seen in flight.

For the airplane service established in Spain last April five of the current Spanish stamps were overprinted in black with the words "Correo Aereo"—Air Post. They are used in the service inaugurated between Barcelona, Alicante and Malaga.

Tunis has just issued its second airplane stamp. The first appeared in May, 1919. The new one is a 30-centime stamp in olive and blue, with a view of the ruins of Hadrian's aqueduct. Over the scene appears the airman's winged badge in red.

TWO BIG EVENTS FOR NAVY.

Midshipmen Look Forward to Boxing and Wrestling Tourneys.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Dec. 23.—Two of the most interesting events in the coming season of Winter sports at the Naval Academy will be the matches in boxing and wrestling against the teams of Pennsylvania State and the Virginia Military Academy, to be held on different Saturdays, probably during February.

Penn State and the Naval Academy are now on a firm basis of athletic rivalry, the strongest bond being the annual football game, which will be played on a home and home basis. Penn State has agreed to send its wrestlers and boxers here and is willing to schedule contests in baseball and basketball and lacrosse.

STATE TO HELP TRY CLARA SMITH HAMON

Oklahoma's Governor Asserts She Should Be Convicted and Sentenced to Prison.

SHE GOES TO ARDMORE

Mrs. Jake L. Hamon's Attorney Denies Existence of Will Leaving Prisoner Quarter of a Million.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Dec. 23.—The State of Oklahoma will aid in the prosecution of Clara Smith Hamon, charged with killing Jake L. Hamon, when the case comes to trial, Governor Robertson announced here at noon today. He will instruct the Attorney General's department to assist in the prosecution, he said.

The Governor said that public opinion in Ardmore might be so strongly prejudiced in favor of the woman that any attorney appointed by the court to prosecute her might be unsatisfactory to the State. The Governor said he was convinced "that there is a great deal of 'horse play' in the preparations for prosecution." In his opinion the woman "should be convicted of manslaughter and serve a term in the State penitentiary."

Members of the Attorney General's department stated that if the prosecution was to rest in their hands they would ask that the trial be held in another county where a jury might be impaneled with less difficulty and be less influenced by popular opinion.

ARDMORE, Okla., Dec. 23.—James H. Mathers of the Firm of Mathers & Coakley, attorneys for Clara Smith Hamon, said here today he has "understood all the time" that there was a will by Jake L. Hamon in existence, and that "Clara Smith is left one-fourth of the estate." He added that he did not believe the will to be in Ardmore.

About ten days ago, Mr. Mathers said, his client wrote him that Mr. Hamon had told her that he had made a will designating her as fourth party to the estate, and that the will had been deposited in a bank but did not state in her letter the name of the bank. He believed she would divulge that information when she reached Ardmore tomorrow.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 23.—Jake L. Hamon left no will and reports that there is a document naming Clara Smith as a beneficiary are erroneous so far as he can ascertain, Fred Ellis of Ardmore, Okla., attorney for Mr. Hamon's widow, stated tonight.

He asserted that he and others had made a thorough search of Mr. Hamon's personal effects and had failed to find trace of a will.

"He told me shortly before he received the wound which caused his death that he had not made a will, but that he expected to before long," added Mr. Ellis.

He said he had understood there was a will making Miss Smith a beneficiary through newspaper dispatches. According to press dispatches Miss Smith would receive $4,000,000 under the terms of the purported document.

EL PASO, Dec. 23.—Clara Smith Hamon left El Paso at 6 o'clock this morning, bound for Ardmore, by way of Fort Worth. She was accompanied by her attorneys and Sheriff Garrett of Ardmore. Her attorneys said that bond has been guaranteed on her arrival at Ardmore. They added that she was expected to spend the holidays in Oklahoma with friends and relatives and then returned to El Paso to stay with her parents until the trial in Ardmore. Her uncle, Ben. F. Harrison, also accompanied her.

"Clara Smith is going to fight for more than freedom," said her father, James L. Smith, today. "She is going to fight for what she believes to be her rights. What there is that is hers in the Hamon will and in the Hamon insurance policies she will demand, and nothing more."

In telling of his daughter's flight from Juarez to Chihuahua City Mr. Smith said:

"A man she met on the train from Juarez to Chihuahua must have been Heaven-sent. She had never seen him before. They did not even talk the same language. He approached her, knowing she was in trouble and volunteered to shield her. And Clara reposed her trust in him. He guarded her as carefully as though she were his own child."

The "friend" was a Chihuahua official, the father said, who took Clara to his home and his wife became her companion. The official policed his estate with private detectives to keep her safe and not even her own brother could approach until he had thoroughly established his identity.

The accused woman's attorneys announced that they had advised that she make no statements because of the charges against her. They said they would ask for a speedy trial and expressed the belief that her acquittal would result. "The sympathy of the people of Carter County, Okla., is with Miss Smith," Sheriff Garrett said.

THINK NEGROES HANGED A NEGRO PREACHER

Had Been Freed on Bail After Hearing of Charge of Killing a Young Girl.

PURVIS, Miss., Dec. 23.—Following the finding today of the body of Coleman Brown, an aged negro preacher, hanging from a tree and riddled with bullets soon after his release on bond in connection with the murder of a 14-year-old negro girl, Sheriff Williamson announced tonight that he believed that negroes were responsible for the lynching.

Sheriff Williamson stated that Brown was admitted to bail Tuesday, after an investigation had shown that he knew little, if anything, of the murder.

Feeling against the preacher among the negroes, however, he said, had been very bitter.

The body of the girl was found suspended by a clothesline from a tree.

EARTQUAKE IN TENNESSEE.

Several Towns Shaken and Houses Rocked Early This Morning.

ROCKWOOD, Tenn., Friday, Dec. 24.—An earthquake of considerable violence, accompanied by a rumble as of thunder, was felt here and in other towns as far south as Spring City at 2 o'clock this morning.

At Harriman many persons were awakened by the rocking of their homes, while Glen Alice, five miles south of Rockwood, reported that the entire village was aroused by the disturbance, which lasted several seconds.

SENNACHERIB'S DEFEAT RECORDED ON A PRISM

Assyrian Prizes Are Brought to Chicago From the New Arab State.

CHICAGO Dec. 23.—Fresh from the Near East, thirty-seven big boxes of relics of ancient Egypt and Babylonia were recently unpacked at the University of Chicago. They were brought here after an adventuresome trip by Dr. J. H. Breasted, Professor of Oriental History and Egyptology. In the judgment of museum officials here, they make the Oriental Museum at the University of Chicago the finest of its kind in the United States.

The university professor and his staff of four were the first white men to cross the Arab State after it was proclaimed, going from Bagdad to Aleppo. At times the expedition traveled at great personal risk.

One of the prizes brought to Chicago is an Assyrian prism chronicling the destruction of Sennacherib's army before Jerusalem. This great Assyrian King had marched a host against Jerusalem and sorely troubled Hezekiah, King of Judah. It is related in the Book of Isaiah that Hezekiah sent for the prophet Isaiah, that Isaiah prophesied that Sennacherib would not enter Jerusalem, but would return to Assyria by the way that he came, and that the Assyrian army suffered a great destruction.

"This is a six-sided prism containing the royal annals of Sennacherib," Dr. Breasted said. "It relates the chief campaigns of his western wars and chronicles this incident told of in Isaiah. There is a similar prism in the British Museum, but ours is three years older, and it is the first in the United States."

A flint knife-blade with a sharp edge, which Dr. Breasted characterized as the finest piece of chipped stone known to man, is another of the prizes of the collection. Still another is a small blue vase from Egypt, where glass was first used, which the professor said showed the first artistic use made of glass.

A picture of early Egyptian home life is afforded by a group of twenty-five figures found in an Egyptian tomb. Servants making bread, washing, playing on a drum and doing other familiar things about the house 4,000 or 5,000 years ago go to make up the finest group of the kind, it is said, that has ever been uncovered in one tomb.

The Second Tooth May Go More Quickly Than the First

When a person has teeth with unmistakably hard enamel, it naturally takes an exceptionally long time for "Acid-Mouth" to destroy them. But when one tooth decays, it stands to reason that the enamel everywhere in the mouth must be weakening, too, and so the other teeth seem to go more quickly than the first.

PEBECO
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
TOOTH PASTE
Counteracts "Acid-Mouth"

As 95 in every 100 persons are said to have "Acid-Mouth," at least 95 in every 100 should use Pebeco Tooth Paste regularly twice a day. Pebeco counteracts unfavorable mouth acids by stimulating the saliva in its normal work of neutralizing acids and keeping the teeth, gums and entire oral cavity thoroughly cleansed and healthy.

"OUR NAME IS OUR BOND"
Lehn & Fink

Pebeco is sold by druggists everywhere

"They don't write such English nowadays. The book is charming." —*The New York Sun*

Clean literature and clean womanhood are the keystones of civilization, and MY UNKNOWN CHUM "is the cleanest and best all-around book in the English Language."

Whether young or old, you will find "My Unknown Chum" the best of comrades all through life. He will introduce you to about all that is worth while—tell you how to invest even suffering with charm, how to manage should you, too, ever be "Hard Up in Paris" or elsewhere. His views of Cant—of Life—are worth in lasting results a typhoon of spoutings from blue-law fanatics, serio-comic revivalists and others, who with their Croesus Christ and profiteer pewholders have abandoned the lowly Nazarene and His followers to the three-balled mercy of neighborhood pawnbrokers.

Preachy? Not a bit of it. He'll lead you into delightful Bohemia, sip some punch with you in an historic Boston Alley, conduct you to all that is truly best on the other side—go with you to the theatre, there or here—take you Behind the Scenes if you like, chat with you about the art, the pleasures of the playhouse, with never a word or thought of the sensualistic rubbish that features only the flesh-mummer, her toothbrush brilliancy and the stage door—that leads to so many family scandals, domestic wreckage and divorce.

"Life is too short for reading inferior books."—Bryce.

My Unknown Chum

("AGUECHEEK") Foreword by HENRY GARRITY

"An Ideal Chum." You will read it often and like it better the oftener you read it—once read it will be your chum, as it is now the chum of thousands. You will see France, Belgium, England, Italy and America—men and women in a new light that will make it the Chum of the home, of your traveling bag—and an inspiration for letters. "It has naught to do with the horrors of war."

The essay-story of a beautiful English girl and wife will remind many a youth and man of what he owes to womanhood in these truly chaotic times.

It fulfills to the letter Lord Rosebery's definition of the three-fold function of a book—"TO FURNISH INFORMATION, LITERATURE, RECREATION."

U. S. SENATOR DAVID I. WALSH, of Massachusetts:—(The only book he has ever endorsed to the public.) *"'My Unknown Chum'—I cannot too strongly express the pleasure and companionship I found in this excellent book. It is all that is claimed for it—even more. It is not only a companion, but a friend."*

SIR PHILIP GIBBS, the brilliant War Correspondent:—*"'My Unknown Chum' is delightful."*

EX-MAYOR JAMES LOGAN, Worcester, Mass., Vice-Chairman Y. M. C. A.:—*"A friend gave me a copy of 'My Unknown Chum,' and since then I have given away about ten or twelve copies. I recently made a trip to San Francisco and took 'My Unknown Chum' with me for a second reading from cover to cover, a thing I have not done for thirty years, i. e., read a book the second time. It is wonderfully interesting."*

THE BAKER & TAYLOR COMPANY—the largest wholesale booksellers:—*"'My Unknown Chum' is a wonderful book—appeals to the cultivated classes. Has a remarkable sale. We sell more copies than we do of many 'best selling' novels."*

ALICE M. BRADLEY, author of the Belasco production "The Governor's Lady":—*"The title, 'My Unknown Chum,' most aptly describes the book. It is a chum, a confidant, with old-time manners and all-time observation and philosophy. He takes you with him and delights you. What delicious humor!"*

SIR THOMAS WHITE, Canadian Minister of Finance:—*"I have read 'My Unknown Chum' many times over with great pleasure. What a beautiful, simple, clear style, deep human sympathy and insight it exhibits. It is indeed well named, for it is truly a chum to those who love literature."*

CARDINAL GASQUET, the world's foremost scholar:—*"I have read 'My Unknown Chum' with the greatest possible pleasure."*

THOMAS G. PATTEN, Postmaster, New York:—*"'My Unknown Chum' is the most companionable book I have ever read."*

FRANK IRVING FLETCHER, whose own never signed Aphoristic English is read daily with interest and profit by millions of readers the world over:—*"Now and then there is a book which takes up its residence in the heart while a hundred classics lie neglected on the shelves. Such a book is 'My Unknown Chum.' It is a book with a heartbeat between its covers, bright, cheery, communicative and optimistic, written in the unaffected style of one who speaks to his own, and altogether more like a long lost chum than a chum unknown."*

SIR CHARLES FITZPATRICK, Chief Justice of Canada:—*"'My Unknown Chum' is a wonderful book. I can repeat some of the pages almost by heart. I buy it to give to those I love and to friends who can appreciate a good book."*

Note: When you travel at home or abroad "My Unknown Chum" (if you've read it) will surely go with you.

Price $1.90 Net Postpaid $2 At Bookstores, or

THE DEVIN-ADAIR COMPANY, PUBLISHERS, 425 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Oxford University Press, Toronto, Canada, Agents.



Proroguing Parliament, He Tells of His Grief Over Campaign of Violence in Ireland.

PRAISE FOR CROWN FORCES

Declares That Only Constitutional Methods Can Avail for a Settlement.

LONDON, Dec. 23 (Associated Press).—The King's speech on the occasion of the proroguing of Parliament at midnight tonight referred feelingly to the situation in Ireland.

"The state of affairs in Ireland grieves me profoundly," the King said. "I deplore the campaign of violence and outrage, whereby a small section of my subjects seek to sever Ireland from the Empire, and I sympathize with the loyal servants of the Crown who are endeavoring to restore peace and maintain order under conditions of unexampled difficulty and danger.

"It is my most earnest hope that all sections of the people of Ireland will insist upon a return to constitutional methods, which alone can put an end to the terrible events which threaten ruin to that country and make possible reconciliation and a lasting peace."

Then, announcing briefly the passage of the Home Rule bill the King continued:

"I sincerely hope that this act, the fruit of more than thirty years of ceaseless controversy, will finally bring about unity and friendship between all the peoples of my kingdom."

After reference to the continued friendly relations with foreign powers the King alluded to the Greek difficulty, and declared that the Government would, in conjunction with the Allies, endeavor to reach a solution compatible with their joint responsibilities.

The situation with respect to Russia was described as still unsettled and obscure, and the King expressed the hope that trade would shortly recommence with Russia and lead to an era of peace, greatly needed by the suffering people of Eastern Europe.

"It is of the highest importance," the speech continued, "that Poland and her neighbors should compose their political differences and devote their undivided energies to producing internal stability and to the task of economic reconstruction."

Says League Has Shown Value.

The distribution of the mandates and other work of the Assembly of the League of Nations were taken up and the Assembly was declared to have "shown its sense of the importance of including all nations in its membership by admitting two late enemies."

"It is my earnest hope," added the King, "that the spirit of harmony and good-will manifested at the Assembly is an augury of the value of the League as a force making for conciliation and peace throughout the world."

The King referred with gratification to the success of the Prince of Wales' imperial tour and regretted that the Prince was not able to inaugurate new councils in India. The promise was given that the Government would make every effort to reduce expenditure.

The King concluded by recounting the measures passed during the course of the Parliamentary session. He referred to unemployment as the darkest cloud on the horizon, springing less from internal causes than from contraction of the export trade, arising out of the poverty of other nations and their inability to secure credits. The Government, he said, was giving unremitting attention to this problem.

The session was somewhat unusual. It was expected that Parliament would prorogue about 8 o'clock, but there was difficulty in adjusting the differences between the two houses over the Agricultural bill, which had been tossed about from Lords to Commons and from Commons to Lords throughout the evening. This resulted in delay. The Lords insisted on their amendment, and the Government suffered four defeats in succession, and in most of these cases the House of Commons had, perforce, to accept these amendments, to prevent the bill from becoming a dead letter.

After sitting continuously for twenty-two and a half hours, the House of Commons rose at 1:15 o'clock this afternoon. The long session was caused by last night's general debate, during which T. J. MacNamara, Minister of Labor, spoke on unemployment; A. J. Balfour on the League of Nations, Sir Robert S. Horne, President of the Board of Trade, on commercial relations with Russia and Premier Lloyd George on the Near East.

Irish Intermediaries Still Hopeful.

The intermediaries who for several weeks have been quietly trying to bring together the Imperial Government and Irish representatives for the eventual arranging of a truce in Ireland are not ceasing their endeavors despite the near approach of Christmas, which it was hoped would mark the cessation of the long continued reign of terror.

Archbishop Clune of Perth, Western Australia, whose activities in Ireland and London are believed to have an important bearing on the preliminary negotiations, has returned here and is reported to have an appointment with the Prime Minister, but he has refused to discuss the prospects of a settlement. In other quarters, however, it is intimated that the negotiations now going on behind the scenes may be expected to come into the open at any moment with an established common ground for actual peace parleys.

Chicago Asks Visit by Mrs. MacSwiney.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—The City Council at its meeting yesterday unanimously adopted a resolution inviting Mrs. Terence MacSwiney, widow of the late Lord Mayor of Cork, to visit Chicago.

ASKS BAKER ABOUT DOCKS.

Senate Adops Resolution Calling for Information.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The War Department is asked in a resolution adopted today by the Senate for information about its alleged failure to turn over to the Shipping Board certain docks, wharves and terminal facilities as required by the Shipping act.

The resolution was offered by Chairman Jones of the Commerce Committee.

Japan Awaits Ambassador Morris.

TOKIO, Dec. 22.—The Yamato Shimbun reports today that Roland S. Morris, United States Ambassador to Japan, will arrive here on Jan. 10 in connection with the negotiations over the California anti-Japanese legislation.

Injunction Upheld on Bismarck Book.

BERLIN, Dec. 23.—An appeal taken by a firm of Stuttgart publishers against an injunction restraining them from publishing the third volume of Bismarck's memoirs was dismissed today by [illegible].

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Cable advices from Peking today state that on Nov. 30 a note was handed in to the Chinese Foreign Office by M. Yourin, the Russian Soviet Envoy in Peking, and that its contents are kept secret both by the Chinese officials and the Russian Bolshevist delegates.

The dispatch added, however, that there has just been published in the Chinese press the following inspired comment, apparently giving a correct version of the counter-proposals China has made upon the Russian Communist representatives:

1. There must be no Bolshevist propaganda in China.
2. Importation of contraband shall be forbidden.
3. Chinese nationals on the Russian border must be left in tranquillity and peace and not be harmed in any way.
4. Russia must allow no indignities to or abuse of Chinese nationals in Russia.

It was also announced that the Chinese Foreign Office had created a Bureau of Russian Affairs, and that its first chief would be Liu, formerly Chinese Minister to Russia.

The Sino-Bolshevist negotiations have been in progress nearly a year and began with an offer by the Russian Soviet of the abolition of Russia's exterritorial and other special rights in China which are prejudicial to China's independence. It is understood that the Chinese Government does not desire to proceed further toward formal recognition of the Moscow Government than Great Britain and that its decisions will be influenced largely by those of the British Government in its negotiations with M. Krassin and other Bolshevist envoys in England.

U. S. TARS AS SANTA CLAUS.

Adriatic Squadron to Make Hosts of Refugees and Children Happy.

VENICE, Italy, Dec. 23.—In addition to playing Santa Claus to thousands of refugees at Cattaro and Ragusa, the men of the American naval forces are planning to provide Christmas gifts for thousands of orphans in Venice and also to thousands of Dalmatian children.

The American Red Cross has augmented its forces in Dalmatia, where it has sent additional clothing and quantities of various supplies from other depots. An American torpedoboat destroyer will be kept at Cattaro or Ragusa to render such assistance as may be required.

Dr. Milenko R. Vesnitch, the former Serbian Premier; the Russian Minister at Belgrade and the French Admiral in Venice have expressed their congratulations to Rear Admiral Andrews, commander of the American forces in the Adriatic, for the prompt measures he has taken to assist Russian refugees.

The American Red Cross is relieving the earthquake sufferers in Albania. It is planned to send the Russian refugees inland, scattering them at many places, but the railroad facilities are scant and the process of distribution is slow.

TELL OF DYING REFUGEES.

Reports of French Ship Captains Thought Exaggerated.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—An anguished appeal is addressed to the French press by Captains Sorin and Laudie of the French ships Austria and Brisgavia, which they declare have been lying off Cattaro since Dec. 17 with 4,000 Russian refugees from the Crimea, for whom no arrangements are being made to land, and among whom typhus is already creating terrible ravages.

"As a result of the neglect of the local Serbian authorities," runs the message, "the ships are becoming floating death houses."

This news is in direct contrast with information received two days ago by Red Cross headquarters in Paris. A report from the Red Cross Commissioner in Albania, Colonel Jackson, who was transferred to the Dalmatian coast some time ago to handle the problem of the Crimean refugees, states that 8,000 refugees arrived at Cattaro in two French ships four days ago and were rapidly being disembarked and cared for.

Admiral Andrews, commanding the American naval forces in the Adriatic, is co-operating in the welfare work, which is being carried out at various points along the east coast of the Adriatic. The Dalmatian Hinterland is one of the few areas in Europe where there is an adequate supply, or even surplus, of food. There was every reason to locate the refugee camps there, and so far there have been no complaints from the Serbs either on account of typhus or for other reasons.

In point of fact Colonel Jackson reported that sanitary conditions were pretty good and there is no reason to suppose that the arrangements of the Red Cross and American Navy at Cattaro are not quite capable of handling the situation.

The Matin tonight publishes a statement by the Serbian Embassy here to the effect that 150,000 refugees are already being cared for on Serbian soil and that if there are typhus patients detained on shipboard at Cattaro it is simply for quarantine purposes because the barracks ashore are temporarily occupied by healthy refugees from whom they must be segregated.

BAD NEWS FOR EX-KAISER.

Brunswick Refuses to Recognize the Claims of His Son-in-Law.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DOORN, Holland, Dec. 23.—Following the arrival here today of Privy Councilor Niels of Berlin, the former Princess Victoria Louise and the Duke of Brunswick, who had planned to spend Christmas with the Princess's parents, the ex-Kaiser and ex-Kaiserin, left hurriedly, the Privy Councilor accompanying them.

Their departure was due to serious news from the Duchy regarding the Duke's claims and debates in the Brunswick Landtag. The Premier and Minister of Justice declared that the Duke could claim nothing from the State owing to the fact that he abdicated voluntarily. Both Ministers threatened to resign should the Landtag discuss the question.

The Majority Socialists and Democrats declined to negotiate with the Duke or even to consider the juridical aspect of his claims unless these were renounced.

The ex-Crown Prince is expected here today. His mother's condition is somewhat improved.

EXCHANGE CUTS JUDGMENT.

Brooklyn Case Involves Franc's Value in 1915 and 1920.

A novel law point involving the value of the French franc as compared with the American dollar was decided yesterday by Justice Townsend Scudder in the Brooklyn Supreme Court, who awarded to Theodore Revillon of Paris, France, a judgment of $21,409 against Roy A. Deme of Brooklyn. The suit grew out of a contract for the sale of 500 shares of stock in the Revillon Freres firm, made on May 4, 1915. The price was 225,000 francs and Deme signed promissory notes due on Aug. 4, 1915.

Revillon asked judgment in American dollars figured at the exchange value of the franc on Aug. 4, 1915, or $43,394. Deme asserted that he should pay the value of the franc when judgment was entered in the court here, Nov. 19, 1920.

Justice Scudder ruled that the notes became payable in dollars on the day plaintiff demanded their payment in this State and that instituting the present action was equivalent to a demand for payment. The suit was commenced on May 21, 1920.

British Committee Urges It Whether He Is First Lord of Treasury or Not.

LLOYD GEORGE TO REFUSE IT

Cuts for Some High Officials—More Pay for Members of Parliament Proposed.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—The report of the Committee on the Remuneration of Ministers, issued today, recommends that the Prime Minister's salary shall be £8,000 per annum, whether or not he holds the office of First Lord of the Treasury. Hitherto the Prime Minister has had no salary, as such, but has received a salary as the occupant of some other post, usually that of First Lord of the Treasury, for which the remuneration is £5,000 annually.

The committee also recommends that the Ministers shall be divided into five classes, with grades and salaries as follows: First class, £5,000; second class, £3,000; third class, £2,000; fourth class, £1,500, and fifth class, £1,000. By this grading the Ministry of Transport is reduced to second class. Sir Eric Geddes, the present Transport Minister, draws £5,000. The Minister of Munitions, who now receives £5,000, would be reduced to the third class.

A reduction is recommended in the case of the English law officers. The Lord Chancellor, who receives £6,000, would lose £1,000. His £4,000 as Speaker of the House of Lords would remain untouched. The Attorney General's £7,000 would be reduced to £5,000, with fees, as at present, for contentious business. The Solicitor General would come down from £6,000 to £4,000, with fees for contentious business also.

The salaries now attached to the Duchy of Lancaster, the Lord Privy Seal, the First Lord of the Treasury and the Lord President of the Council are abolished.

It is known that the proposal to fix the Prime Minister's remuneration at £8,000 was made to the committee by Mr. Asquith on the ground that it was difficult for any member without private means to maintain the position, but Mr. Lloyd George has made it clear that if such a recommendation were adopted he would not himself accept the increased remuneration, taking the view apparently that as he appointed the committee he should enter into a self-denying ordinance.

Meantime the House of Commons committee is discussing the salaries of Members of Parliament, who at present receive £400 yearly. Many of them, especially the Labor members, find it extremely difficult to make both ends meet. It appears that seventy-seven members of the House do not pay any income tax, while eighty-nine pay only about £6, so small are their resources.

It is understood that the committee will recommend that the members receive first-class railway passes between their constituencies and Westminster, that free postage be given them for Parliamentary letters sent to their constituents and that the Treasury's allowance of £100 expenses per member yearly is inadequate and should be reconsidered.

20 CALLED IN RUM INQUIRY.

Men Convicted in Magistrates' Courts to Be Questioned by Prosecutor.

A move that Federal authorities in Brooklyn expect will result in the arrest of scores of saloon keepers and the elimination of liquor traffic will be started today by Leroy W. Ross, United States Attorney, when he questions twenty men recently convicted in magistrates' courts on charges of intoxication.

Mr. Ross announced yesterday he had received from the clerks of these courts lists of persons arrested for intoxication and that he had subpoenaed twenty of them to learn where they obtained the liquor. He said that in every case where a man admitted he had purchased liquor in a saloon or "speakeasy" he would apply for a warrant for the proprietor and at the same time seize the liquor found in the place. Mr. Ross also said he received similar lists from Suffolk and Nassau counties and that eleven men would be questioned in a few days.

Enforcement officers yesterday raided a farm house at East Meadow, L. I., where, after seizing ten gallons of whiskey, they arrested John N. Elwek, his wife, Rosa, and his brother, James. When the three were arraigned in Mineola the officers showed the Court four boxes of prunes and 400 pounds of sugar which they said were to be used in making liquor.

Federal Judge Hand reserved decision on the demurrer to the indictment of Joseph A. Solovei, Assistant Corporation Counsel, charged with conspiring to bribe Frank J. Seib, a special agent of the Internal Revenue Department.

COKE HIT BY PRICE FALL.

Banking of Furnaces Sends Coal, Too, Down Below Cost.

Special to The New York Times.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., Dec. 23.—Sharp curtailment of coke production has marked the past week in this region and reached the point where there is virtually no demand for it, due to the large number of independent furnaces banking or going out of blast.

Practically every independent coke producer in the Connellsville region has either suspended operations or greatly restricted his output. Steam coal is selling at $2.75, hardly producing cost, gas coal at $3.75 and lump coal at $4.25. Best grades of foundry and furnace coke are offered at $8.50.

Coal operators in Monongalia County, W. Va., agreed today to suspend operation of their plants from noon Friday until Monday morning, Jan. 3, due to the demoralized market and low prices. Coal in Scotts Run and Morgantown Field is selling at $2.53 a ton, which figure operators declare is below production costs. The suspension may continue beyond the date set unless the market improves.

Names Receiver for Silk Concern.

Federal Judge Knox appointed Joseph Read Patterson receiver of the Raw Silk Trading Company, dealers in raw silk, yesterday, on petition filed by three creditors, Arnholt Brothers, with claims amounting to $18,273; the Gosho Corporation, $17,481, and Suzuki & Co., $16,786. The liabilities were said to be $2,000,000, and the assets $500,000. The alleged bankrupt concern is capitalized at $250,000.

Plan to Market Connecticut Tobacco

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 23.—The Connecticut Tobacco Growers' Association at a meeting here today decided on a plan to dispose of the 1921 crop through a central warehouse rather than individually as in the past. The association members control between 3,000 and 4,000 acres of tobacco fields.

PANIC IN PORT OF BATUM.

Moscow Soviet Expected to Wipe Georgian Republic Out.

TIFLIS, Dec. 21 (Associated Press).—Russian Bolshevist forces appear to be concentrating for a campaign which will eliminate the Republic of Georgia from the map of the Caucasus region.

Heavy Soviet forces have been concentrated at Tuapse, a port on the eastern shore of the Black Sea, and at Gagri, a port still further to the southeast, toward the Georgian frontier. Bolshevist detachments are reported at Kazak, to the southeast of Tiflis, while the Tenth Bolshevist Army, which has been operating along the Armenian frontier, is said to have passed through Karakliss, moving toward the Georgian Republic.

Independent Georgia has been tolerated by the Bolsheviki because of the trade advantages offered at Batum, which has been regarded in Moscow as a corridor which permitted the Bolsheviki to bring in supplies from Europe. Reliable information from Batum, however, indicates serious disturbances, the Georgian garrison there having revolted. This resulted in a panic, and people stormed the ships in the harbor to escape before the arrival of Bolshevist troops, which were reported in the neighborhood.

It is understood the Allies regard the situation so seriously that they have considered the dispatch of warships to insure the evacuation of allied missions in Georgia.

The recent oil agreement concluded between Soviet Russia and Georgia has not been carried out, and as a consequence train service has been reduced to a strict minimum, involving a serious commercial crisis. Supplies are awaiting transport to towns suffering from shortage of food, and prices of necessities of life have increased to fantastic figures in many places.

DOUBLES ITS TROLLEY FARE

Brooklyn Company Divides Flatbush Avenue Line Into Two Zones.

Beginning next Thursday, the Brooklyn City Railroad Company will divide its Flatbush Avenue line into two zones with a five-cent fare charge in each, under a recent court decision that Flatbush and Flatlands made two zones.

In announcing the double fare the company says one fare will be charged between Park Row, Manhattan, and Foster Avenue, and an additional fare to the terminus. Last Saturday the company filed with the Public Service Commission a new two-fare schedule on the Graham Avenue line, but the commission held it up pending hearings.

Similar action was taken on double fare schedules on the surface lines of the B. R. T.

LENIN TELLS OF PLANS.

Finds Russia's Economic Revival Depends on Electrification.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—A wireless dispatch received here from Moscow says that Nikolai Lenin, the Bolshevist Premier, addressing the All-Russia Congress of Soviets, dealt in detail with measures for the economic restoration of the country. He declared that the restoration of transportation and of agricultural and industrial production was only possible if the Government's program for electrification was realized.

"An electrification plan," said Lenin, "has been elaborated, the financial cost of which is estimated at 1,500,000,000 gold rubles. We cannot cover this with the gold at our disposal, and we have no great stocks of provisions for sale. Therefore we must provide the cost of electrification by concessions to foreign capital and exports of timber."

The dispatch quotes the Moscow newspapers as saying the Soviet Government has resolved to abolish the right to private ownership of books. All existing libraries will be appropriated by the State, and in the future it will be illegal for private individuals to acquire or continue to own a book.

LAY IN AMBUSH IN VAIN.

Detroit Detectives Set Trap for Blackmailers, but None Appear.

DETROIT, Dec. 23.—Detectives and Deputy Sheriffs lay in ambush six hours tonight at an unfrequented spot near Monroe in a futile effort to catch the writers of a letter received early this week by relatives of Fred Hemmeter and J. Walter Weitzel, who disappeared recently, in which the men were said to be held prisoners and would be released for $35,000 ransom. If this was not paid, the letter threatened, the men would "be put to death and their bodies shipped to Detroit."

Authorities believed the letter was genuine, but no one appeared at the designated spot to receive the money. It was the second such letter received by the Hemmeter and Weitzel families.

Both men, prominent in business circles, dropped from sight Dec. 4. A few days later their automobile was found in the Detroit River. The river bed was dragged for miles, but no trace of bodies was found.

Would Bar Ku Klux From Mails.

The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People has asked Postmaster General Burleson to deny the use of the mails to the Ku Klux Klan, on the ground that it is engaged in terrorizing negroes so that they will be afraid to vote. Recently the association complained to the Department of Justice that the Ku Klux Klan was establishing branches in this city.

Order Greeks Out of Asia Minor.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 22.—Greeks employed in provincial branches of the Ottoman Bank in the Heraklea coal field have been ordered to leave Asia Minor within forty-eight hours. Turkish Nationalists, who control ports along the Black Sea coast of Asia Minor, have commandeered all Greek steamers anchored in these harbors.

Attacks Her Near East Policy Despite Signing of Syrian and Palestine Zone Convention.

SAYS SHE DOMINATES GREECE

And Seeks to Grab Territories Which Constituted the Ottoman Empire Before the War.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—At the French Foreign Office this morning Premier Leygues and the British Ambassador signed a convention on behalf of their respective countries settling the frontiers between the French mandate area in Syria and the British mandate area in Palestine and making provision about water supplies and railways in the frontier area.

This settlement was arranged in London during the conference of the two Premiers and its signature today came only accidentally after the British Premier's speech yesterday in the House of Commons against revision of the Turkish treaty. That speech has ended for the moment any hope the French may have had of a revision of the treaty of Sèvres and had cleared the ground for an open declaration of difference of policy, and criticism of England's "imperialistic" ambitions in the Near East."

In the Chamber this afternoon a Deputy of the Right opened the attack and obtained applause for his praise of the Turks as the most chivalrous inhabitant of the Orient. The Temps, too, this evening declares for frank discussion and proceeds to it so freely as to make the scarcely-veiled declaration that the British and Italians are selling guns and ammunition to Mustapha Kemal and the Turkish Nationalists with which to fight the French in Cilicia.

"The Turks," the Temps declares, "are receiving arms by sea. Ships, often Italian ships, are landing them on the south coast of Asia Minor and no British torpedo boat ever stops these transports. In that way we arrive at the paradoxical result that the Turks fire on the French who are in Cilicia as defenders of Turkish independence."

The British attitude toward the Greece of King Constantine is the immediate text for the Temps's criticism.

"England is protecting Constantine against France," the Temps declares. "Further, she is protecting both against France and Italy a treaty which gives to Greece Smyrna, Gallipoli and Adrianople."

The Temps then proceeds to examine the nature of this protection by England and finds that it is a curious combination of protection and mastery because of England's control of the sea.

Everywhere, says the Temps, both the Greeks and the Government of Constantinople are bound to subservience by this British sea domination. In plain words, Greece by restoring Constantine has put herself into England's pocket. At the same time the English are endeavoring to get the Bolsheviki to cease [illegible]

French Protest to Germany.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—The French Government has protested to Germany for having stopped the payment of certain amounts of reparation, which it is charged constitute a violation of the Peace Treaty.

JAPANESE EMPEROR BETTER.

He Presides at Privy Council Meeting—Full Recovery Expected.

TOKIO, Dec. 22.—Emperor Yoshihito, who has been ill for a long time, presided at a Privy Council meeting today for the first time this year.

He appeared almost restored to his former health and his complete recovery is expected shortly.

Domino Syrup

Adds a delightful flavor to cooking

American Sugar Refining Company

"Sweeten it with Domino"

BLOOMINGDALES

59TH TO 60TH ST.—LEXINGTON TO 3D AVE.

Prices Low in

Cut Flowers and Greenery

Open All Day Saturday and Sunday

The gift of flowers carries with it the true spirit of the season—joyousness. The message for Her, a "Merry Christmas" for others, good cheer for the sick—all this does it convey. And so that it will be delivered just when you wish, our cut flower shop will be open Christmas Day, and Sunday, and orders will be delivered within one hours notice. Our entire stock of Christmas flowering and decorative plants, combination baskets of fruit and flowers, and Christmas greens, all reduced drastically.

Bloomingdales—Cut Flower Shop



REDUCTIONS in Men's High Shoes DURING DECEMBER

Lasts and patterns exclusively our own design

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY

BROADWAY AT 40TH STREET

NEW YORK

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE BUILDING



Make Your Little Girl the Happiest Child in this Town. Bring Her AMBERG'S WALKING DOLL

Please note that the quality of this doll (which is of composition and which is fully jointed) is the very highest. Yet the price is very moderate indeed.

In order that you may be sure of getting the original, which is nationally famous, look for the maker's name.

Louis Amberg & Son

Makers of AMBERG DOLLS The World Standard

Amberg makes a marvelous line of dolls and animals which can be bought from R. H. MACY, STERN BROS., McCREERY, F. A. O. SCHWARZ, HEARN'S, ABRAHAM & STRAUS

Saks & Company

BROADWAY at 34th STREET

Announce for Today a Clearance Sale of

Men's Silk Dressing Robes

Regularly $30.00, $35.00 and $40.00

Now $25.00 Tax $1.75

ROBES of the very highest order, made of fine neckwear silks, moire silks, and mattlassé silk, some beautifully silk bound, others silk cord edged. Kimono and shawl collar styles, each a wonderful value.

Men's All Wool Dressing Robes

Now $25.00

Formerly $35.00 and $40.00. Excellent range of patterns.

SECOND FLOOR

J. M. Gidding & Co.

564-568 AND 568 Fifth Avenue: 46TH AND 47TH STS

Will hold a Sale Today of

Imported Beaded Bags

at $75, reduced from $150 to $175

at $125, reduced from $200 to $250

Novelty Silk, Velvet and Leather Bags

at $25, $35 and $50

reduced from $50 to $100

Ostrich Feather Fans

at $35 and $50

reduced from $50 and $75

Also Many Paris Novelties in Jade and Semi-Precious Stones at Decided Reductions.

Let a Box of Huyler's NEW YORK Candies be your Christmas Greeting

Chocolates	Cream Peppermints
Bon Bons	Christmas Novelties
Hard Candies	Fruit Cakes
Salted Assorted Nuts	Candy Figures and Santas

Fancy Gift Boxes and Baskets

WHAT THE UNITED STATES EARNS AND SPENDS

"Wealth and Income of the United States," by B. M. Anderson Jr., of the Chase National Bank, will appear in The Annual Review of The Annalist January 3, 1921. Best financial review. Published by The New York Times Company. 10 cents a copy at all news stands.

DIPLOMATIC BREACH IS LAID TO BRITISH

State Department Inquires About Letter to Kellogg Denying Cable Censorship.

DUE TO SECRETARY'S ERROR

Allowed That Amends Will Be Given If Asked—Guatemalan Envoy Apologizes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The State Department received today a letter from Senator Kellogg, Chairman of the Senate committee investigating cable communications, reporting the action of the First Secretary of the British Embassy in sending direct to the committee a denial of testimony given by a witness before the committee that the British Government censored cable messages to the United States from Great Britain.

The department, when it received all the facts from both the Senate and the embassy, will act in a manner as a court, but it is believed that no incident will be made of the affair by the department, owing to more serious matters engaging the attention of the British Government and the department.

It is understood that the First Secretary of the Embassy, during the illness of Sir Auckland Geddes, the Ambassador, dispatched the denial to the Senate committee, acting in ignorance of diplomatic procedure and customs here, and probably being worried by what he considered to be a false impression left with the committee by Newcomb Carlton, President of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

It became known in this connection today that the State Department has never given credence to reports that the British Government was violating the oceanic cables for commercial purposes.

It is believed that the department regards the affair as insignificant in view of the known circumstances, the breach not having been committed by the head of the embassy. It is expected that the embassy will give assurances that the offense will not be repeated if called upon by the State Department for an explanation.

Predict Request for Explanation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23 (Associated Press).—Official cognizance was taken today by the State Department of the action of the British Embassy in writing directly to Chairman Kellogg of the Senate committee investigating cable communications denying the testimony of witnesses that the British authorities imposed a censorship on cable messages coming to the United States from Great Britain.

At the department's request Senator Kellogg sent to Acting Secretary Davis a copy of the embassy's letter, together with a transcript of the testimony of officials of American cable companies that a censorship was imposed. Mr. Davis, who returned to his office late today after an absence of several days on account of illness, conferred with Assistant Secretary Merle-Smith, in charge of Western European affairs, and Solicitor Fred K. Nelson. At that time, however, the letter from Senator Kellogg had not reached the department.

Officials declined to discuss the incident, but it was indicated that the embassy would be asked for an explanation of what was regarded as a breach of diplomatic courtesy. A similar course was followed recently when Dr. Julio Bianchi, the Guatemalan Minister, took up directly with Senator Moses of New Hampshire a discussion of the Senator's resolution asking the State Department for information concerning the detention of former President Cabrera by the present authorities in Guatemala.

It was made clear, however, that the two incidents were not regarded as within the same category, as one dealt with contemplated action by the legislative branch of the Government, whereas the other had only to do with an effort to correct what was regarded by the embassy as erroneous information which had been given to a Senate committee in the course of a hearing.

Officials also indicated their belief that there was some reasonable explanation of the embassy's action in dealing directly with Senator Kellogg instead of through the State Department, as is the usually accepted procedure.

Neither the embassy's letter nor that of Senator Kellogg to Mr. Davis was made public. The latter [illegible] understood to have been signed by R. Leslie Craigie, First Secretary of the embassy, and it was dispatched after a public statement had been made at the embassy that such a communication would be sent. Enclosed with the embassy's letter was a newspaper dispatch printed in this country quoting a high official of Scotland Yard as denying that there was a censorship on cablegrams originating in the British Isles for the United States.

Despite this denial, Senator Kellogg in his letter to Secretary Davis asked the State Department to inquire of the embassy whether a censorship existed, as testified to by Newcomb Carlton, President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, and John Goldhammer, Secretary of the Commercial Cable Company.

While this incident was under consideration by department officials announcement was made that the incident of the recall of Dr. Bianchi on Senator Moses had been closed, "in view of the Minister's explanation and apology."

In a communication to the department Minister Bianchi said it had been his intention when he called upon Senator Moses merely to explain the policy of his Government in the imprisonment of Dr. Cabrera and to exonerate himself. He said he had not commented upon the policy of the United States nor that of the American Legation in Guatemala, adding that he regretted the incident and promised that it would not be repeated.

SAYS BRITISH RAILED AT AMERICAN FLAG

Woman Who Visited Ireland Describes Attempt to Tear Down Ensign in Queenstown.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—An attempt by British soldiers to tear down an American flag from her father's home in Queenstown, Ireland, where she was staying last August, was described today by Mrs. Michael Mohan of Corona, Long Island, before the commission of the unofficial Committee of One Hundred Investigating Conditions in Ireland.

Mrs. Mohan said she had put up the flag as a protection against raids, and that when a party of soldiers saw it one of them shouted: "Tear down that damned American flag and trample on it." The soldiers then, she said, smashed windows in a fruitless attempt to climb up to the flag.

The witness told the commission that when she reported the incident to American Consul McAndrews at Queenstown she was informed that the "English hate Americans as much as they do the Irish" and that the Consul would not be permitted to cable a report to America, as the cablegram would be censored. The Consul, she added, advised her that possibly she could cable a report to her husband. She did so, she said, but her husband did not make the cablegram public because of fears for her safety.

John C. Clarke, who said he was an Erie Railroad policeman, commissioned by the State of New Jersey, said he visited at the house in Queenstown mentioned by Mrs. Mohan and was forced by a dozen times to hold up his hands while Cameron Highlanders searched Clarke, who said he went to Ireland to give his young son into the care of relatives, declared that he saw a member of the Black and Tans near Cork tear earrings from a woman's ears and take other jewelry.

The hearings were adjourned today until Jan. 12.

BALFOUR HID NO FACTS FROM WILSON, HE SAYS

Adds That He Cannot Charge His Mind With All He Said to Denman in 1917.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—Arthur J. Balfour authorized the following statement to THE NEW YORK TIMES today relative to assertions made by William Denman, former head of the Shipping Board, that in conferences in 1917 with the British Mission (which Mr. Balfour headed), they approached the realm of certain "secret treaties" between the Allies regarding Shantung, the division of Germany's Pacific islands, and the seizure of German ship in Chinese waters.

"Mr. Balfour said that he cannot charge his memory with all that occurred in conversations, which took place three and one-half years ago, nor does he fully understand the cablegram summarizing certain allegations, said to have been made by Mr. Denman.

"Mr. Balfour added that he had no secrets from the President about any of the arrangements made between Great Britain and her allies."

BEATTY WITH CABINET FOR NAVY DISCUSSION

Big Building Program Here A Source of Disquiet, Says Westminster Gazette.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—Lord Beatty attended a Cabinet council held today at Downing Street, when the naval position in its various aspects was considered.

Referring to yesterday's speeches by Mr. Balfour and Premier Lloyd George on the League of Nations, The Westminster Gazette says:

"Mr. Balfour touched very lightly upon the question of disarmament, which is a delicate matter for the League in these early days, but the hiatus is filled by the frank speech of the Prime Minister, which comes almost as an echo of his deliverances in past days. Without America and Germany within the League most of the talk about disarmament must remain in the air. With them included all steps are practicable.

"It would be foolish to disguise the fact that the project for vastly increasing the navy of the United States is a source of disquiet. That feeling may be unwarranted. That it exists is beyond all question. The matter is one wholly for the American people. If they are determined to build they must go their way. But nothing is more certain than that the creation of a great American fleet, however pacific its purpose, will arouse both doubts and fears in other quarters of the world and will lead to building elsewhere.

"So far as this country is concerned, we have expressed our view that we should not be tempted in any circumstances to regard America as a possible opponent. A clash between the two nations is unthinkable if only because it would be the extinction of civilization in the world. But this is not a matter between any two nations. Arming on a great scale in any quarter of the world must mean the starting of a competition that will beggar all nations and bring us all to the disaster that navies are intended to provide against. The one hope of rescue from that position is in the League of Nations. From this time onward it should be the work of citizens of all nations to make that body more comprehensive and more powerful, for in its successful working lies the future of mankind."

HOST TO BERLIN CHILDREN.

Senator McCormick Provides Yuletide Cheer for Little Ones.

Senator Medill McCormick of Illinois, in a cablegram sent from Berlin yesterday to Herbert Hoover, said he would entertain today several of the war-stricken children "whose Christmas will be gladdened because we bid them share our Yuletide cheer." Senator McCormick expressed his delight that he would be able to look into the faces and hear the high-piping and now merrier voices of a goodly company of those children.

"In weary Europe," the cablegram said in part, "where new troops and new tariffs still hold back the promise of the present, the children hold forth the hope of the future. They do so, they are able to do so, only because we uphold their little hands.

"Wherever I have been to see them they have come crowding and clustering about me to show the American clothes which cover them and to hold out to be tasted the food which they tell me comes from America."

CHILDREN'S TREE IN VIENNA.

American Santa Gladdens Deformed and Ill-Fed Little Ones.

VIENNA, Dec. 23.—The American Relief Administration of the European Children's Fund crowned the year's successful activity with a Christmas celebration touching in its character.

The entertainment began with songs by the children's choir, one of which was especially composed for and dedicated to those "whose humane hearts prompted them to send food and clothing to the children in their darkest hour."

Among those grouped around the Christmas tree were a number of deformed and undernourished children, whose pale faces showed that much more than Christmas goodies would be needed to restore them to health. Their features visibly brightened when they saw those whom they have come to look upon as second parents hold out welcome gifts and their own parents whispering, "See, the American Father Christmas has not forgotten you."

President Hainisch and other members of the Government have expressed gratitude to the relief committee.

KOREANS CHARGE CRUELTY.

Tell of Massacres of Men, Women and Children by Troops.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—A statement charging Japanese military authorities with deeds more "frightful and barbarous" than anything ever alleged to have occurred in Belgium during the war was issued here today by the Korean Commission, based, the commission said, on authentic reports received by it from Manchuria.

The Japanese punitive expedition sent to the Hunchun district following the clash last November between Japanese troops and Korean insurgents was alleged to have burned thirty-two villages, "killed all the male inhabitants of the district, and massacred 145 peaceful inhabitants" in one town, where one house was burned, it was added, "with women and children inside."

"Authentic reports received by the Korean Commission in Washington," the statement said, "show a total of 388 non-combatants arrested and executed, of whom 86 were wives and 13 were mothers, who answered 'odoro kaso' (gone somewhere, we do not know) to questions as to the whereabouts of their husbands and sons."

The Japanese Government's "reign of terror in Korea," the commission asserted, had now been carried into Southern Manchuria, where "some million Koreans" reside under Chinese rule, "driven out of their native land by the Japanese."

DEAL WITH SOVIET QUASHED BY COURT

Claim of Original Owner to Timber Krassin Sold to an English Firm Is Allowed.

CONTRACT RULED INVALID

Moscow Government, Not Recognized by That of Westminster, Has No Status in Britain.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—Sir Robert Horne in his statement in the Commons last night on trading relations with Russia referred to a judgment delivered in the London courts this week by Justice Roche which is important as clarifying the legal position from the English viewpoint as regards the Russian Soviet Government.

The facts of the case heard by Justice Roche were that timber belonging to a Russian firm was confiscated in 1918 by the Soviet. In August, this year, Krassin, the Soviet's commercial agent in this country, disposed of this timber by contract to a firm in this country. When part of the goods arrived in England the original owners claimed it and by Justice Roche's judgment were declared to be the owners. This contract was made under seal of "the agents of the Soviets of the People's Comissaries" and practically the judgment invalidates all such contracts made by Krassin, or on his behalf, if it can be proved that the goods in question had been seized by the Soviet from their rightful owners, or even if produce of the soil from which the real owners have been expropriated is exported as Soviet property.

The point to be decided by Justice Roche was, if the Soviet decreed that the goods were theirs, was that decree valid in this country. Justice Roche held that even if the Soviet Government had so decreed, the British Government had never recognized the Soviet Government, which in this country had, therefore, no legal status. Its power to seize property was not, therefore, allowed.

The legal correspondent of The Morning Post discussing the case says:

"Assuming that Krassin can only dispose of 'confiscated' goods, his efforts and those of the people in this country who are arguing for resumption of commercial relations with Russia are brought to a dead stop. The only practical way in which the judgment can be neutralised is by the British Government formally recognizing the Russian Soviet as a de jure Government."

PROTESTS SALES BY WRANGEL.

Soviet Claims Ships and Other Property Belong to Russian People.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 22.—George Tchitcherin, the Russian Soviet Foreign Minister, has sent a wireless message, dated Dec. 20, to the Premiers of Greece, Rumania and Jugoslavia protesting against the alleged sale by General Baron Wrangel of property, including merchant vessels, which he says belong to the Russian people. The message says:

"The Soviet Government has learned that the adventurer and Russian rebel, Baron Wrangel, openly is selling along the Mediterranean and Adriatic littoral goods, including vessels of the Russian merchant fleet, belonging to the Russian people. Such traffic only is possible with the consent of the State where such sale is being transacted.

"Any Government directly or indirectly supporting any such unprecedented act of international brigandage not only commits a hostile act toward the Russian people without the least justification, but causes the immediate and material prejudice of Russia. We are compelled to call your attention to this state of things, against which we protest with the greatest energy, demanding that urgent measures for preventing waste of the patrimony of the Russian people and assuring restoration of its merchant fleet be taken with the least delay."

GREEK FORCES RETIRING.

King Thought to Be Planning to Reduce Army in Asia Minor.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—The Greek Mission announces that the Greek forces along the south shore of the Sea of Marmora are falling back to the Asiatic side of the Dardanelles.

The Smyrna bridgehead is also being contracted and the Greek advance posts are being withdrawn to a smaller zone around the port.

The Greeks expect Franco-British naval forces to aid them along the Asiatic side of the Dardanelles if the Kemalists attack.

The retirement is taken to mean that Constantine's policy will be to reduce the size of the Greek army in Asia Minor, permitting the demobilization of classes which have been under the colors for a long time.

ROME ASKS BISHOPS TO 'WATCH' Y. M. C. A.

Asserts That While Professing Freedom in Religion It Instills Apostasy to Catholic Church.

ROME, Dec. 23.—The Holy Office issued a decree today asking Catholic bishops to watch "an organization which, while professing absolute freedom of thought in religious matters, instills indifferentism and apostasy to the Catholic religion in the minds of its adherents." The decree mentions the Young Men's Christian Association by name, and says it is upheld by many Catholics who do not know its real nature, and that it corrupts the faith of youths.

Clauses of the canon law which forbid papers, periodicals and organizations favoring religious radicalism and indifferentism are recalled in the decree, which requests the bishops to communicate with the Holy See within six months the decisions taken on the subject at regional congresses.

Mgr. Michael J. Lavelle, rector of St. Patrick's Cathedral and diocesan consultor, when the decree of the Holy Office was called to his attention suggested that local conditions in Italy must have given rise to the decree, but said he had not been informed definitely of any trouble in that country between the Church and the Y. M. C. A. He asserted that the Catholic Church in America and the Y. M. C. A. had long maintained cordial relations.

The decree was a surprise to the local Y. M. C. A. officials, according to C. V. Hibbard, Associate General Secretary, in charge of the overseas work of the Y. M. C. A., to whom questions were referred in the absence of Dr. John R. Mott, international head of the organization.

"I am sorry if they don't seem to understand us," he said. "The policy of the Young Men's Christian Association lends no countenance to the charge that it has engaged in any proselyting. Indeed, we have sanctioned absolutely no form of proselyting."

Mr. Hibbard said that the decree was the first intimation he had that all was not well between the Catholic Church in Italy and the Y. M. C. A. He said that the American organization during the war had sent its men to Italy to aid in the maintenance of homes for soldiers and that only the happiest relations then existed between the Y. M. C. A. representatives and the Catholic Church.

DUTCH PLOT TO SEND YOUNG POLES TO AMERICA REVEALED

Young Pole Is Held Up in Dutch Port With False Visa and Counterfeit Stamp on Papers.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROTTERDAM, Dec. 23.—The existence of a widespread conspiracy to smuggle undesirables, especially young Poles of military age, into the United States is becoming more apparent despite severe restrictions on immigration. The scheme is supported by plenty of money and considerable intelligence.

At the sailing of the Ryndam on Tuesday an American Consular representative discovered and lifted a Polish passport presented by a young Pole of military age and of the intelligent class. It was endorsed by a facsimile visa with the forged signature of the American Consul at Warsaw. The most clever part of the fogery, however, was a counterfeit American consular fee stamp, which is the key to the genuineness of all documents authenticated by American consular officers. The forged stamp was a very fair piece of workmanship and is the first ever discovered by the consular service.

The Pole was arrested by the Rotterdam police, but refused to make any statement.

The Consulate General has heard rumors for some time of counterfeit visas, but did not consider them a danger because of the difficulty of counterfeiting the stamp. Now, however, the situation is considered serious.

Consul General Anderson has refused a statement, except to admit the facts. The Dutch authorities have turned back about a hundred Poles with false papers in the last month.

CAMBON BIDS LONDON ADIEU

Retires After 22 Years' Service as French Ambassador.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—Paul Cambon, who has been French Ambassador at the Court of St. James for more than twenty-two years, left London today on his retirement. His successor is M. de Saint Aulaire.

M. Cambon has been one of the outstanding figures in the diplomatic life of the British capital. He has been described as one of the shrewdest and wittiest members of the Corps Diplomatique. A great gathering of personal friends were at Victoria Station to bid him farewell.

"After all, England has been my home for twenty-two years, and it is hard to go," he said to one of them. "But we must all cease work at some time in our lives."

M. Cambon has been a guest at innumerable gatherings recently and at one of them an unfortunate incident occurred. The Ambassador was expected to make a speech, but he told his host before the luncheon that his voice was in such condition that if anybody smoked a cigar he would infallibly become inaudible. His host consequently gave directions that cigars should not be handed around to the guests and only cigarettes were served with the coffee.

Bonar Law, who was sitting next to M. Cambon and whose partiality for strong black cigars is well known, quite unconscious of his neighbor's throat trouble, took out a huge one and puffed it luxuriously.

M. Cambon with a smiling gesture to his host deprecated any interference with Bonar Law's evident enjoyment of his smoke, but by the time the Ambassador's turn came to speak the evil had been done and his words were, as he had predicted, inaudible to all but those seated quite near him.

SHERIFF SMITH TESTIFIES.

Admits He Had Cramps When Told of Gambling Raid.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, L. I., Dec. 23.—Sheriff Charles W. Smith was the principal witness today at his trial, together with Assemblyman Thomas A. McWhinney, a member of the Lockwood committee, and Supervisor J. Wilbur Doughty, Republican leader of Nassau County, charged with conspiring to permit gambling in Nassau County. District Attorney Weeks subjected the witness to a rapid fire of questions, and at one time referred to an alleged visit made to the prosecutor in behalf of David H. Gideon and William M. Busteed, who recently pleaded guilty to running a gambling house at Hewlett.

"Didn't you tell me that Gideon and Busteed were good fellows, that they would stop if you asked them to and why not let them run?" asked the prosecutor.

"I don't remember that," replied the Sheriff.

"Didn't I put my hand on your shoulder and say, 'Sheriff, tell them to stop now'?"

"I don't remember," again replied the Sheriff.

The District Attorney previously had questioned the witness about the raid on a gambling house in East Rockaway last March, when, the prosecution contends, the Sheriff "tipped off" the manager regarding the raid.

Sheriff Smith admitted that he complained of cramps when he was informed where the raid was to be made and left the party for a few minutes to go to a drug store, but denied that he warned the manager of the raid.

The trial will continue on Monday.

STONE AGE RELICS FOUND.

Many Human Skeletons and Mammoth Bones in Moravian Cave.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 23.—According to a Brünn report, a most important discovery has been made near Prerau, Moravia, of an enormous cave of the Stone Age, estimated to be 80,000 years old, the cave containing twenty skeletons of the family of a mammoth hunter, and near by the remains of more than 1,000 mammoths and many thousands of mammoth teeth carefully sorted by the hunter.

Some 40,000 utensils of various materials also were found, a number well made, showing a considerable degree of culture.

RHALLIS RESIGNS ON BRITISH REBUFF

Head of Naval Mission Returns Decoration to Constantine on London Instructions.

MINISTERS' STAY IN DOUBT

American Envoy Signs King's Visitors' Book—Dr. Sicillianos to Represent Athens Government Here.

ATHENS, Dec. 23.—Premier Rhallis, it is understood, has definitely tendered his resignation as a result of the refusal of Admiral Kelly, head of the British Naval Mission here, to accept the Grand Cordon of the Royal Order of the Saviour.

Admiral Kelly was summoned unexpectedly by Constantine on Monday and presented with the decoration, but in conformity with the instructions of his Government the Admiral informed the Greek Government he was unable to accept the decoration, which he returned.

There is much speculation as to how long the allied Ministers will remain in Athens, due to their notifying Premier Rhallis that they would remain "for the moment," but without contact with the Government. One assumption is that they will stay here until after the Nice conference.

The Patris protests against the seizure by the police of the private automobile of ex-Premier Venizelos, which was presented to him by friends.

Storms raging in the Mediterranean are preventing the departure of all vessels.

Exchange is improving, the dollar now being valued at 13 drachmas.

Edward Capps, United States Minister to Greece, and Major Martin C. Shallenberger, Military Attache at the American Embassy, called at the King's palace yesterday and signed their names on the visitors' book. They were accompanied to the palace by the Brazilian Minister, and it was explained that their action was inspired by politeness and was not the result of instructions from Washington.

Dr. Sicillianos, aged 40 and head of the Political Bureau of the Foreign Office, said today he had been nominated Minister to the United States. He stated that he would go to America early in January and possibly would be accompanied by the Princess Anastasia, who before her marriage to Prince Christopher of Greece was Mrs. William B. Leeds of New York.

Dr. Sicillianos several times was imprisoned by the Venizelists. He declared the Greeks were determined to lose all if necessary, even their lives, to keep their King.

DUTCH CHAMBER VOTES FOR ENVOY TO VATICAN

Bill for Vilna Expedition Expected to Pass—No Trade With Soviet.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Dec. 23.—After a stormy session lasting from 11 o'clock in the morning until 7 o'clock at night, the Second Chamber passed the bill voting a credit to institute a permanent representative at the Vatican. This debate brought up the acute question of the Catholic party's increasing stronghold in Holland, to the great and growing dissatisfaction of other parties, especially the Socialists and Radicals, who accuse the Government of continually playing to the Catholics.

In the course of the debate the Foreign Minister stated the view that the Netherlands weakened its international position during the war and that a representative at the Vatican was of the utmost importance to Holland.

The Socialists and communists again vigorously attacked the League of Nations, and the latter party also violently opposed sending troops to Vilna. But it is expected that the bill will speedily be passed.

The Foreign Minister also stated that in view of the present situation in Russia the Government could not undertake the responsibility of trade relations with Russia.

PREFER SCHOOL TO MOTHER

Custody of Two Children Denied to Mrs. Amelia B. Chamberlin.

WHITE PLAINS, Dec. 23.—After talking with the two children of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur B. Chamberlin of New York, Supreme Court Justice Tompkins today declined to allow Mrs. Amelia B. Chamberlin, the wife, who is separated from her husband, to have the children over the holidays.

Mrs. Chamberlin applied for a writ of habeas corpus, claiming that she was entitled to the custody of the children, who are at Mrs. Lewtas Burts's school, Peekskill. Justice Tompkins directed that the trial of the case be held Tuesday, when the question of custody will be determined.

The children, Jane, 9, and John 8, said that they did not want to go with their mother. Jane said "We are afraid of our mother. We want to stay in the school." Justice Tompkins ordered that the children be left in the custody of the matron of the school.

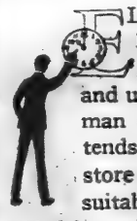
BELL ANNOUNCES INVENTION

Originator of Telephone Refuses to State Nature of Idea.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Dec. 23.—Announcement of a new invention by Alexander Graham Bell, inventor of the telephone, was made upon his arrival here today from Scotland, where he visited his native city of Edinburgh. He declined to state the nature of his latest discovery.

Professor Bell, accompanied by Mrs. Bell and his granddaughter, Miss Grovenor, of Washington will go to Baddeck, Cape Breton, to pass part of the Winter.

FOUNDED 1856



TENTH hour selecting of holiday remembrances usually is surrounded with confusion and uncertainty. If the gift is for a man or boy, and your inclination tends to the practical, we have a store full of appreciable articles suitable for men and boys, with the added incentive—Reduced Prices.

BROKAW BROTHERS
1457-1463 BROADWAY
AT FORTY-SECOND STREET



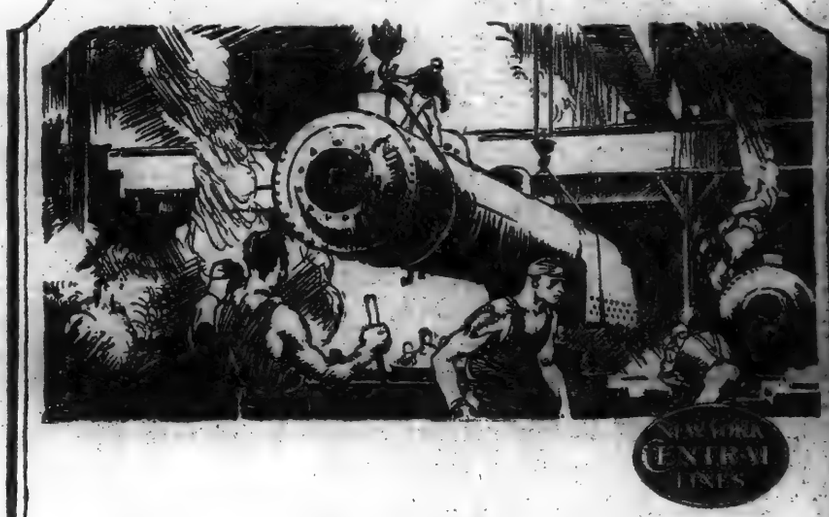
D O U B T

A REVIEW OF THE OVER-GARMENTS PRESENTED BY FINCHLEY, AT SIXTY DOLLARS, WILL PROMPTLY DISPOSE OF ANY TENDENCY ONE MIGHT HAVE TO QUESTION THE STATEMENT THAT VALUE HAS NEVER BEEN MORE PRONOUNCED.

SIXTY DOLLARS

CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON
READY-TO-PUT-ON
TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

FINCHLEY
5 West 46th Street
NEW YORK



Sound at the Core

THE fundamental soundness of America is a guarantee for better business in 1921.

During the present period of economic readjustment, business men are putting their houses in order in confident preparation for the period of better business, soon to come.

The New York Central Lines, which carry one-tenth of the railroad traffic of this country, are ready to perform their full share of the work ahead.

Every business man knows the part that bad transportation can play in aggravating business troubles. Every business man knows how, at times in the past, he has been embarrassed and hindered by freight congestion and slow deliveries.

Sound transportation conditions are a stimulus to business, just as are sound banking conditions. Transportation and credit are the cornerstones of good business.

Substantial progress has already been made in rehabilitating the New York Central Lines from the rack and tear of War demands. New cars and locomotives are now coming into service; much has been done in overhauling existing equipment; and the New York Central Lines are, today, in position to carry even a greater share of the burden of transportation than ever before.

New York Central preparedness means ease of transportation, which invites fuller production and business growth over a wide and industrially dominant territory.

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

MICHIGAN CENTRAL — BIG FOUR — LAKE ERIE & WESTERN;
BOSTON & ALBANY — TOLEDO & OHIO CENTRAL — PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE
NEW YORK CENTRAL AND SUBSIDIARY LINES



International Text Book Co.,
Scranton, Pa.

"Turner for Concrete"

One of 22 buildings erected by Turner last winter.
30 buildings now under way including—

American Woolen Co.
Andover, Mass.
Diamond Match Co.
Springfield, Mass.
Warrenite Mfg. Co.
Lisbon Falls, Maine
Whitaker Paper Co.
Baltimore, Md.
Central Supply Co.
Big Stone Gap, Va.
Chattanooga Paper Co.,
Lockhaven, Pa.

TURNER
Construction Co.

Xmas Tree OUTFITS

8 Lights Beautiful Colored Lasting *Tungsten* Large Reg. Value $4.00 SPECIAL **$2.49**

BATTERY OUTFITS

3 Bright Colored Tungsten Lamps. Reg. $3.00. Reduced to..... **$1.98**

VICTORY IRON

Special Guaranteed Suitable Xmas Gift Reg. Value $7.50 OUR PRICE **$4.75**

PERCOLATORS

(Hot Point)
Heavily Nickeled and Durable. Unusually Fine Xmas Gift. Reg. Value $15.00. Extra Special **$12.50**

Variety Electric Trains and Other Electrical Specialties at Reduced Prices.

Electrical & Engineering Corp.
714 8th Ave. (45th) Bryant 6874

Books for Boys

The Sons o' Cormac
and Tales of Other Men's Sons
By ALDIS DUNBAR
Irish folk tales, rich in beauty and inspiration. $2.50

Jungle Roads and other Trails of Roosevelt
By DANIEL HENDERSON
A book of fine adventure; just the thing for a live boy. $3.00

A Book of Boyhoods
By EUGENIE M. FRYER
Brief accounts of the early years of many men who later became leaders. $3.00

Quite seriously we assert that better reading for your growing boys would be very difficult to find.

E. P. DUTTON & CO.,
681 Fifth Ave., New York



Make Shaving a Pleasure With Cuticura Talcum

After shaving with Cuticura Soap the Cuticura way, Cuticura Talcum is an almost indispensable adjunct. Antiseptic and prophylactic, it is soothing and refreshing to the most tender skin.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 43C, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Year's Review of Finance and Commerce

The Annual Review of The Annalist, January 3, 1921, will deal with financial and economic developments for the past year, and men prominent in the world's affairs will give their opinions of business prospects for 1921.

Expressions of opinions on the business of the past year and prospects for the coming year will be contributed by

James B. Forgan, Chairman Board of Directors, First National Bank of Chicago.
George M. Reynolds, President, Continental and Commercial National Bank, Chicago.
Emory N. Clark, President, First and Old Detroit National Bank.
F. M. Prince, Chairman Executive Committee, First National Bank of Minneapolis.
John G. Lonsdale, President, National Bank of Commerce, St. Louis.

THE ANNALIST

Published weekly by
The New York Times Company

Order in advance of your newsdealer.

10 cents a copy
$5.00 a year by mail

AND GUARDS CLASH

Many Are Injured Following Attempt to Drag Non-Union Workers From Escort.

USE OF "GUNMEN" CHARGED

President of Union Says He Will Ask District Attorney for an Investigation.

Two hundred union pickets and guards employed by clothing manufacturers engaged in a near riot at noon yesterday in Prince Street near Broadway, and before half a dozen policemen intervened many of the combatants had received minor injuries.

The trouble started when pickets, seeing a dozen non-union men walking through Prince Street, escorted by guards, attempted to drag the non-union men away. About fifty young women, employed in neighboring shops, yelled encouragement to the union men and in a few seconds half a dozen had been beaten unconscious by blows from blackjacks and clubs.

Policemen Kelly and Moore of the Elizabeth Street Station were the first to reach the combatants, and they seized William Corso of 276 Mott Street and Salvatore Dallo of 215 Mott Street, who said they were connected with a detective agency employed by the manufacturers.

David Schalvason of 28 Christopher Street, Brooklyn, who admitted he was a member of the union, was lying unconscious in the street. Later he appeared as complainant against Corso and Dallo in the Jefferson Market Court. Magistrate Levine held the two guards in $500 bail each for examination on Schalvason's charge of assault.

There was another fight in front of the plant of J. Friedman & Co., clothiers, at 121 West Nineteenth Street. Several policemen assigned to protect the nonunion workers drove the fighting pickets, guards and their charges away.

In a Statement issued yesterday by Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, he announced he would request District Attorney Swann today to begin a Grand Jury investigation of the alleged hiring of "gunmen" by members of the employers' organization.

Hillman made the announcement after Magistrate Simms, in the Tombs Court, increased the bail of five men who were arrested in an automobile at Crosby and Broome Streets last Tuesday by Detective Sergeants Perrizzo and Terminello. The detectives told the Magistrate that when they searched the prisoners they found a pistol on Charles Troisi, a chauffeur, of 282 Mott Street; a razor on Michael Ostuni of 278 Mott Street, and a large knife on Anthony Mignol of 384 Mott Street.

One of the men had a bandage on his face, and he admitted to the detectives, they said, that he was hurt a few days before in an altercation with members of the Clothing Workers' Union in West Nineteenth Street. The other two prisoners—Thomas Capasso of 178 Mulberry Street and DDominick Balzano of 275 Mott Street, who were arrested in the automobile, previously had been identified by five women members of the union as the men who assaulted them with weapons on the day of the trouble in West Nineteenth Street.

Magistrate Simms held Troisi, Ostuni and Mignol in $20,000 bail each on charges of felonious assault and of violating the Sullivan law, and Capasso and Balzano in $15,000 each on the felonious assault charge.

Hillman also said that manufacturers in Boston had shut out their workers. "This fits in with what the union publicly stated—that a nationwide effort is being made to stop production and maintain higher prices in the course of an open shop-union smashing campaign," said Hillman. He added that the trouble in this city had extended to 600 workers in the trousers industry. He said that the General Executive Board of the union held a meeting yesterday at which it was decided to help the 6,000 workers in Boston.

NEEDLE FIGHT SPREADS.

Baltimore Union Announces Strike for New Year's.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 23.—A general strike in the clothing industry of Baltimore, involving 6,000 workers, will be ushered in with the new year, according to a decision of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, announced by Hyman Blumberg, its local business agent, today. This will be the counter-offensive of the union against the spread of the New York employers' lockout to this city.

Blumberg said the manufacturers were engaged in an intercity conspiracy to bring about the return of the war demand for clothing, accompanied by the war's insufficient production and abnormally high prices. He said that New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore, which produce sixty per cent. of American-made clothing, were the cities singled out for curtailment of production until the end had been accomplished.

Blumberg said that the lockout in Baltimore followed a visit by Harry Gordon, representing the clothing manufacturers of New York. As soon as he left town, it was alleged, two big firms "locked out their employes because the union would not consent to a 30 per cent. salary reduction and the 'open shop.'" All the smaller manufacturers, it was said, have followed this lead.

CHEER FOR MINGO STRIKERS

Candy, Fruit, Toys and Hams Sent to Tent Colonies.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., Dec. 23.—The Mingo County coal strike district resolved itself into a frenzy of eleventh hour preparations today for extending Christmas relief to striking miners and their families, not only those in the tent colonies, but to those still occupying company houses.

In addition to relief cars of candies, nuts, fruits and toys intended for the children of the strikers, a carload of hams was received this morning. Volunteer workers set to work with a will to distribute the meat throughout the strike area.

The feminine contingent of the army of occupation which has been in minus quantity since the provisional battalion marched into the coal fields has become an actuality with the arrival of the wives of ten staff officers from Camp Sherman. They will be permitted to stay in Williamson until next Monday, when they will return to the Chillicothe camp. Many of the married men of the battalion have obtained leave to spend their holiday at home or at Camp Sherman with their families.

Military headquarters tonight was without the report of a single disturbance within the strike district.

To Select Three School Examiners.

An examination to fill three vacancies for examiner in the Board of Education is to be held at once by the Municipal Civil Service Commission, it was announced yesterday by Morris Cukor, President of the commission. The place pays $7,700 a year. There is a contention between the Board of Education and the Civil Service Commission as to which has the right to fill the vacancies during the time the civil service list is being promulgated. The question has been submitted to the State Civil Service Commission, and meantime the local comission will fill the vacancies temporarily, in accordance with an agreement with President Prall of the Board of Education.

Carter Knitting Works and Two Toledo Firms Announce Temporary Suspensions.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., Dec. 23.—J. & P. Coats, thread manufacturers, announced today that their mills would be closed tomorrow night until Jan. 3. About 3,500 are employed in the plant.

NEEDHAM, Mass., Dec. 23.—The William Carter Company, which operates knitting goods factories in this town and in Springfield, posted notices today that a 20 per cent. cut in wages would go into effect after the holidays, and that the mills would be shut down one week. A 5 per cent. bonus will be given this year as usual.

LYNN, Mass., Dec. 23.—Shoe workers today refused the request of the manufacturers that they consent to the abolition of the wage bonus of 20 per cent., which was included in a peace agreement between the manufacturers and union men.

After considering the proposition, Joint Council No. 1, United Shoe Workers of America notified the Manufacturers' Association that it had been rejected "because the manufacturers had failed to show that by the abolition of the bonus an increase of business would be secured."

TOLEDO, Ohio, Dec. 23.—The two Toledo factories of the Electric Auto-Lite Company, a subsidiary of the Willys-Overland Company, will close tomorrow, throwing 400 men and women out of work, it was announced today by C. D. Miniger, President of the company.

More than 1,500 men were thrown out of work until Feb. 1, when the Edward Ford Plate Glass Company plant at Rossford closed down today. Officials of the company declared that there is no contemplated reduction in wages when operations are resumed. The reason given for the shut-down was for a "readjustment of financial affairs."

SUED BY WOMAN, GIVES UP.

Robert Barbour, in Breach of Promise Case, Held in $2,500 Bail.

Robert Barbour, Paterson thread manufacturer, whose arrest in a breach of promise suit by Miss May Rollins for $250,000 was sought on Sept. 29 last, when he sailed for Belfast, returned several days ago. Yesterday he went to the Sheriff's office to give himself up. The arrest order, granted in Brooklyn on the ground that Mr. Barbour was going abroad, was still in effect and the defendant gave a bond for $2,500.

Mr. Barbour said his attorney had prepared papers to be served on Miss Rollins and her attorney, Arthur C. Mandel, notifying them that unless their complaint was filed within ten days a motion would be made to dismiss the action. Mr. Barbour said he met the young woman many years ago when in college and that she was several years his senior. He said he had witnesses to prove that on July 13 last, when Miss Rollins averred she was beaten by him in his Paterson apartment, she was motoring with another man. Mr. Barbour's attorney added:

"Mr. Barbour did not learn the nature of the charges made by Miss Rollins until he received newspaper reports in England. Neither Mr. Barbour nor his attorney, prior to Mr. Barbour's sailing from New York, was served with the summons or complaint disclosing the nature of the charges.

"Mr. Barbour's sailing had nothing whatever to do with evading any process. He had to depart for business reasons and his passoptr was procured several months previous to the date of sailing."

TEXANS LYNCH A WHITE MAN

Vickery Accused of Slaying Patrolman—Inquiry on Police Aid.

FORT WORTH, Texas, Dec. 23.—Thomas W. Vickery, white, held on a charge of murder in connection with the killing Monday night of Policeman Jeff C. Couch, was taken from the county jail here shortly after midnight by a mob and hanged.

Twenty-five masked men entered the jail and overpowered the jailer and his assistants. The prisoner, clad only in night clothes, was removed from his cell, taken to a grove near the packing house district, and hanged to a tree. After firing a few shots into the body, the masked men dispersed.

Sheriff Smith and Chief of Police Porter, who had been warned anonymously by telephone that Vickery was being hanged, reached the grove soon after the mob had disbanded. They removed the body to a morgue.

Vickery was 30 years old and a driver. He had been in jail since Monday night, when Policeman Couch was killed. The policeman had answered a call from a garage to arrest an intoxicated man. He was shot when he arrived at the garage.

Vickery at a preliminary hearing on Wednesday was remanded to jail without bail. Application for writ of habeas corpus was filed and hearing of the application had been scheduled for today.

A special session of the Grand Jury has been called to convene Friday to investigate the lynching. Reports that members of the police department made up a party which removed Vickery from the jail will be investigated by the Grand Jury, it is understood.

COOLIDGE CHEERS SICK BOSS

Joins Other Officials in Messages to "Diamond Jim" Timilty.

BOSTON, Dec. 23.—"Diamond Jim" Timilty, who from a boss of bricklayers became political boss of his district, is ill at the City Hospital. When the fact became known today his bedside was fairly besieged with callers and was piled high with flowers.

Governor Coolidge, the Vice President-elect, sent Major Edward J. Sampson of his staff with a letter of greeting and Christmas cheer to the ward leader's bedside. They had been friends through their service in the Senate, and Jim, nominally a Democratic leader in a Democratic district, swung the vote to his friend "Cal" in the last two elections.

Congressman George H. Tinkham, Mayor Andrew J. Peters, Senator Alvin E. Bliss, Supervisor of Administration Thomas White and other officials of city or State joined with horney-handed men of the street bricklaying gangs in the stream of callers and well-wishers during the day.

"Diamond Jim" gained his name from a ring and stickpin that he had worn invariably after he had made enough money to buy the stones.

QUASHES GOODYEAR SUIT.

Columbus Judge Sustains Motion to Suppress Summons.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 23.—Common Pleas Judge Kinkead today sustained a motion to quash summons in the suit filed by Frank S. Monnett, former Attorney General of Ohio and a minority stockholder in the Goodyear Rubber Company, asking appointment of a receiver for the company. This nullifies the action in this county, it is said, unless service can be made on an agent.

At the same time the Court sustained a demurrer filed by F. W. Freeman, a local broker, named in the Monnett suit as a defendant. Freeman claimed that he had no connection with the case and should not have been named in the suit.

There are no company agents in Franklin County, it was asserted by counsel for the rubber company, on whom summons could be served.

LOSE WAGE DEMAND

Operators Refuse to Agree to Reopening of Wilson Commission's Award.

UNION REJECTS COMPROMISE

Representatives Will Put Situation Before General Scale Committee for Future Action on Tuesday.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 23.—Declining to reopen the award of the United States Anthracite Coal Commission, the mine operators here today rejected the demands of the miners for additional wage increases, a minimum of $6 a day labor rate and the establishment of a universal eight-hour day. They notified the miners' representatives that they stood ready to adjust any "individual cases of inequality" due to the application of the commission's award.

The mine workers' representatives replied that they could not accept a compromise and stood by their original demands. They said the situation would be placed before the union's General Scale Committee at a special meeting in Hazleton next Tuesday, at which time a "definite policy for future action" would be outlined.

The miners asked general increases of approximately 13 per cent. in addition to the 17 per cent. granted by the commission. This, they contended, would give them advances equal to the 27 per cent. awarded to the bituminous mine workers.

The operators held that the agreement with the United Mine Workers, based on the findings of the commission, was a "binding contract," and its repudiation would be a "breach of faith with the public," which was a party to the submission of the award. They also contended that mediation and collective bargaining have value only in so far as both sides adhere to the findings of mediators and agreements which result from such action.

"In the judgment of the operators no condition has arisen since the award of the commission," said the operators' reply, "either in general wage structure of the country or in the cost of living, which has produced a burden upon the anthracite workers. On the contrary, many classes of workers in other industries have voluntarily accepted a reduction in wages and the cost of living has steadily declined."

This is a "time for constructive effort on the part of the employes and employers in the industry, a time for harmoney ad co-operation rather than of discord and of insistent demand for concessions," said the operators.

Representatives of the mine workers issued a statement maintaining that "the work of the commission and the general industrial conditions of the country have nothing to do with and do not intelligently answer the just contentions of the mine workers in regard to general inequalities.

"Regardless of the awards and the conditions of the country," added the statement, "the operators could mutually agree, if they were so disposed, to legally change, modify or amend the agreement, in either great or small degree, and be in strict harmony with the interpretation placed on the President's telegram by Secretary of Labor Wilson."

Thomas Kennedy of Hazleton, President of the United Mine Workers in District 7, and Chairman of the Miners' delegation, stated that the situation was entirely in the hands of the Scale Committee. He would make no comment as to the probable action of the committee and was reluctant to discuss the probability of a stoppage of work in the anthracite region.

James Purcell and L. R. Thomas, United States Commissioners of Conciliation, came here from Washington at the direction of Secretary of Labor Wilson and conferred with the miners' representatives.

"We want to do all we can to prevent trouble," said Mr. Thomas, adding that "the situation looks bad."

More than 125,000 anthracite mine workers are affected by the operators' reply.

OPPOSE MENNONITE INFLUX.

Mississippi Legionaires Protest Proposed Immigration.

JACKSON, Miss., Dec. 23.—A protest against proposed migration of 40,000 Mennonites from Manitoba Province, Canada, to Southern Mississippi was telegraphed to the State Department and Mississippi members in Congress today by the Mississippi Division of the American Legion. The message quoted a resolution opposing the proposed movement on the ground that the Mennonites are "undesirables."

"The Mennonites were conscientious objectors during the war," the resolution said, adding that they stayed at home "while Canada was being bled white in the trenches," and that they taught "only the German language in their schools and in many other respects are unfit to live on American soil."

PUTS BOY ON 'NARROW PATH'

Judge Landis Gives Choice of Two Roads to Chicago Lad.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—Judge Kenesaw M. Landis gave Roy V. Warner, aged 17, charged with cashing a $17 check stolen from the mails, his choice of two paths today.

"Do you want to go to hell," the Judge asked, leaning over the bench "or do you want to go along the narrow path? The road to hell is lined with beautiful scenery, but the other path is the better."

Warner said he guessed he would try the strait and narrow road. The Judge sent him to jail until Jan. 5, "to think things over."

82,354 PUPILS ON PART TIME.

November Figures Show Increase of 30,940 Over a Year Ago.

Reports from Principals of public schools for November show that 82,354 pupils were on part time out of a total registration of 856,825. The registration was 25,381 above the November, 1919, figures, while the increase in part time was 30,940. Part time, however, decreased 157 from the October figures.

The following are the figures by boroughs:

	Part Time.	Increase Over 1919.
Manhattan	9,422	4,338
Bronx	14,381	1,657
Brooklyn	48,960	19,414
Queens	8,623	3,840
Richmond	973	681

Of the part-time increase over November, 1919, 27,387 pupils were in the elementary schools and 3,553 were in the high schools.

Formel to Be Tried Again.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Dec. 23.—An immediate retrial of Jules Formel, indicted by the Extraordinary Grand Jury as a common gambler, was ordered today by Justice Van Kirk, following a disagreement of the jury in the first trial, which was concluded yesterday. The case was set for Monday, Dec. 27, and a new panel of fifty jurors was drawn superseding the entire panel of one hundred which had been selected earlier in the term.

WALKER ELECTRIC TRUCKS

You'll Know Them by Their Steel Disc Wheels

One year and a half ago Cushman's Sons, Inc., bought 14 Walkers. Now they operate a fleet of 107.

Is your city delivery problem similar to theirs? You can solve it the same way.

WALKER VEHICLE COMPANY
Grand Central Terminal

The chief reason why we do the major part of all construction work ourselves is that we thereby save the sub-contractor's profits to the Owner.

We'd rather do it ourselves anyway—then we know it'll be done right.

Put it up to us to put it up for you!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

Mothers!

Get Your Boy's Xmas Suit or Overcoat Here!



Kid Klothes

COPYRIGHT

Sale!

The price of every Kid Klothes Suit, Overcoat, Mackinaw and Reefer we have has been reduced from one-third to one-half. No Mother can afford to miss this Sale because Kid Klothes are the finest boys' clothes made and because the old prices were one-third lower than any other boys' clothing.

Suits—Overcoats
Mackinaws—Reefers
Values up to $16.50

Now $6.75

Other Specials
Now $10.75

Other Specials
Now $15.75

Special Values for Boys

CAPS—Were $2 and $3.50.....Now 95c
BLOUSES—Were $2, $3 and $4..Now 95c
STOCKINGS—Were 75c and $1..Now 39c
NECKWEAR—Was $1 and $1.45..Now 55c

Moe Levy & Son

Our Only Store — New York City

119-125 Walker Street

Every Subway or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station, within sight of our store

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7—SATURDAYS UNTIL 10

DOBBS

Dobbs & Co. New York's leading *HATTERS*, are showing wonderful *DOBBS VELOUR* hats in shapes especially designed for New York men ~ These velours are made by the Cavanagh Edge Process & are superior in every respect to those from abroad

610 Fifth Avenue ~ 244 Fifth Avenue



THE DOBBS VELOUR

Exclusive Representatives in Many of the Principal Cities



So convenient and effective for sore throat

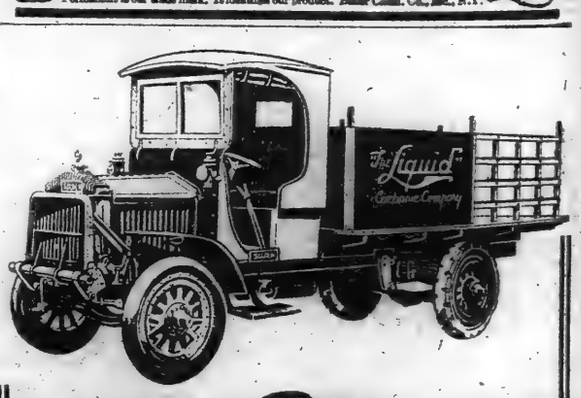
With gargles or sprays it is impossible to keep a sore throat under anything like continuous treatment. With Formamint, it makes no difference where you are, at work, in crowded car, shop, theatre or church, you can dissolve one of these delicious, almost candy-like tablets in your mouth once an hour or so. An effective yet harmless antiseptic is released and, carried by the saliva, continuously bathes the entire lining of the mouth and throat, checks germ growth, and gives the sore, infected tissues chance to heal.

Formamint tablets used when especially exposed to infection reduce your danger of catching sore throats, and even influenza, from others.

Children can—and should—use them freely as defence against throat affections and influenza which spread so readily in congested school-rooms.

Formamint is sold by all druggists. Any druggist will tell you how widely Formamint is recommended by throat specialists, physicians and dentists.

Formamint
GERM-FIGHTING THROAT TABLETS
Formamint is our trade mark. It identifies our product. Bauer Chem. Co., Inc., N.Y.



Selden Trucks

Engineered for Endurance
Built for Economy
Serviced for Dependability
Sold on Convenient Terms

MANHATTAN MOTORS CORPORATION
"It's ALL Service"
238-256 West 19th Street, New York Phone Watkins 6515

LAST LONGER
Ask the driver

REIS UNION SUITS
REIS
MAN'S CLOSEST FRIEND

FOR CHRISTMAS GIVE
LEE WILSON DODD'S
Book of Susan
On sale everywhere or can be had from the publishers. $2.00
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

CHRISTMAS CHEER FOR 5,000 SOLDIERS

Society for Poor Will Distribute Holiday Stockings to Children of the Needy.

BIG PARTY AT ELLIS ISLAND

East Side Confectioner in Role of Santa Claus for 1,500—Even Horses Remembered.

Scores of organizations will complete plans today to see that Christmas is merry for every inmate of hospitals, orphan asylums and similar institutions. Others are planning celebrations for disabled soldiers, and an appeal has been made that every citizen provide something for veterans still on the casualty lists. The Community Service estimates that there are 5,000 of these veterans in hospitals here.

Seventeen Christmas parties are planned by the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor. Special Christmas boxes are to be sent to all of its patients in tuberculosis hospitals and sanitariums. Christmas stockings containing clothing and toys will be given to the 5,000 children in families under its care. Distribution began yesterday.

On Christmas Eve those in the Victoria Apartments, the Home Hospital for Tuberculosis Patients, will have a party on the roof of the building, and on Christmas morning the 125 mothers and children at "Carbine Frost" will celebrate.

The Community Service appealed yesterday to the public to invite disabled veterans to Christmas dinner. Officials announced that the response did not compare to that for Thanksgiving Day. Invitations should be telephoned to headquarters at 15 East Fortieth Street, Murray Hill 8210.

Atlantic Division Chapters of the American Red Cross are planning extensive entertainment for disabled men still in the hospitals of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut, beside providing for thousands of men in the army camps and naval bases. New York County Chapter has converted the building at 3 East Fifty-third Street into a Christmas rendezvous. The house was opened last night and will remain open until after New Year's Day. An old-fashioned Christmas celebration will include dances, dinners and music.

Red Cross to Give Presents.

In co-operation with other relief organizations the Red Cross is to distribute presents at the Red Cross Convalescent House, Camp Dix, N. J. A huge tree will be the attraction in the house, and smaller ones will brighten every ward where there are patients unable to leave their beds. Similar arrangements are being made by the Red Cross at the Mitchel Aviation Field Hospital, Hempstead, L. I., and at Fort Totten.

Civilian needs have not been forgotten," said an announcement. "Three hundred youngsters of various nationalities patients in the Ellis Island Hospital for ailments discovered on their entry into the country, will celebrate their first Christmas on American soil under the auspices of the Red Cross, with 250 United States sailors, ex-service men and soldier aliens in the hospital assisting in the arrangements.

Christmas trees are to be set up in each of the twenty-six wards of the hospital, in the private reception room of the nurses on Island No. 2, where the Ellis Isle cases are segregated, and in the Red Cross recreation house. Gifts for all patients will be distributed on Christmas morning by Mrs. John S. Ellsworth, assisted by other Red Cross workers.

Numbers of Christmas boxes made by the Junior Red Cross members have been received for forwarding to children in the destitute areas of Europe. The boxes include clothing, candy and books. A total of 7,000 Christmas boxes have been sent to Vienna and Budapest by Red Cross chapters from all over the country.

Tree for the Immigrants.

More than 2,000 detained immigrants on Ellis Island will have a bright Christmas due to the plans made by Commissioner Frederick A. Wallis. There will be a special party for the children this afternoon, but all the grown-ups have been invited. There is to be a big three, and Mrs. Frederick Warde of the Presbyterian Home Mission will have charge. On Christmas Day there will be an entertainment with speeches by Commissioner Wallis and others.

The Boy Scouts of Greenwich Village will do their "good turn" on Christmas Day by entertaining the villagers around a tree set up in Grove Street Park. The tree will be illuminated at 5 o'clock, and there will be speeches and music. The Scouts who will thus celebrate the day are members of the five troops connected with St. Joseph's Catholic Church at Sixth Avenue and Washington Place.

Disabled soldiers are requested to send their names to the Federal Board for Vocational Training, 37 West Forty-third Street, for the board wants every one of them to have a Merry Christmas.

John McE. Bowman of the Commodore Hotel will give a dinner and entertainment at noon today to 700 service men taking vocational training. The Union League and Yale Clubs are planning a noonday dinner on Christmas to seventy-five disabled soldiers.

The Salvation Army will today distribute dinners in baskets to needy persons, and free Christmas dinner for as many as may apply for them will be served today by the Greater New York Philanthropic Society at its kitchen, 37 City Hall Place. The society will begin serving at 11 o'clock. The Bowery Mission is to give a dinner party to 400.

John Doukas, a confectioner of 50 Avenue B, yesterday played the rôle of Santa Claus to about fifteen hundred poor children. Each one got a box of candy. He said that he was glad to act as Santa Claus because he came from Greece twenty-eight years ago with $1.25.

Nurses of the Visiting Nurse Service are carrying the season's cheer into the homes of their patients. Several weeks ago each nurse made out a list of the gifts she would like to distribute. Armed with these lists the purchasing agent of the Henry Street Settlement has been making a shopping tour. Now the gifts have arrived and distribution has begun. Miss Elizabeth Farrell, Supervisor of the Ungraded Public Schools, has contributed a collection of toys made by the children of her school.

Three hundred kiddies from the various branches of the settlement will be the guests of Mrs. William Randolph Hearst at the Capitol Theatre on Christmas morning.

The Horse Aid Society, of which Mrs. Jacob Ehrlich is the head, will provide horses of poor owners with Christmas dinners at The Market, West Twelfth Street, on Christmas Day.

The staff of Bellevue Hospital plans a Christmas never to be forgotten for the 1,500 patients. There will be a ten-foot tree in most of the wards and a gift for every one. Yesterday ferns were placed in each ward as a memorial to Miss Carrie J. Brink, who died Dec. 10 after twenty years' service as Assistant Superintendent of the Training School.

The celebration began Wednesday, when the forty oldest patients had an entertainment. Mrs. William Adams Delano of 131 East Thirty-sixth Street entertained yesterday eighteen children. There will be something doing every day until the new year.

A quantity of gifts, toys, clothing and other articles and $400 in cash have been received by the Health Department for the patients in the department hospitals.

SERVICES IN MANY CHURCHES.

Special Musical Programs to Mark Observance of Christmas.

There will be Christmas services with special music in many churches. In the Cathedral of St. John the Divine Dean Howard C. Robbins will preach at the 11 o'clock service from the purple and black draped pulpit where the late Bishop Burch was to have officiated. There will be services at 8 A. M., 10 A. M. and 5 o'clock in the afternoon. There will be a midnight mass in St. Patrick's Cathedral tonight. A pontifical mass will be sung at 11 o'clock. The celebrant will be Archbishop Hayes, and the preacher the Rev. Charles W. Lyons. Vespers will begin at 4 P. M. A special musical program is to be rendered at the 11 o'clock service in the Church of the Covenant, 310 East Forty-second Street. The Rev. Graham C. Hunter will preach.

At the 5:30 o'clock services in St. James's Church, Madison Avenue at Seventy-first Street, on Christmas Day, the choir will sing carols. There will be services at 8 and 11 A. M.

Christmas services in the Church of the Transfiguration, Twenty-ninth Street near Fifth Avenue, will begin at midnight, and continue at 6, 7, 8 and 9 A. M. The preacher will be the rector, the Rev. George Clarke Houghton.

Midnight mass will be celebrated in the Church of St. Rose of Lima, 510 West 160th Street, with low mass at 10 A. M. and high mass at 11 o'clock.

There will be a mid-day Christmas carol at noon in St. Paul's Chapel, Broadway and Fulton Street, the choir assisted by choristers of the Chapel of Cornelius the Centurion on Governors Island.

At the Fourth Presbyterian Church, West End Avenue, at Ninety-first Street, there will be Christmas music and sermon at 11 o'clock and carols at the evening service.

Services in St. Stephen's Catholic Church in East Twenty-eighth Street, will be Midnight Mass and High Mass at 11 o'clock. A special musical program has been arranged for the Church of St. Francis Xavier, 48 West Sixteenth Street. Masses will be said at midnight and 11 o'clock. The Christmas services in St. Agnes's Church, Ninety-second Street, near Columbus Avenue, will be held at 11 A. M.

A service such as has been famous for years in the Church of the Madeleine in Paris, will usher in the Christmas services at St. Ann's Church, Clinton and Livingston Streets, Brooklyn, this evening. Christmas hymns will be played on St. Ann's chimes for fifteen minutes, beginning at 10:15 o'clock. There will be services at 5, 8 and 10:30 A. M. on Christmas.

Christmas services in the Church of the Pilgrims, Remsen and Henry Streets, Brooklyn, will be at 10:30 A. M. and at 7:45 P. M.

CHRISTMAS SYMBOLS PAGAN

Geographical Society Traces Origin of Customs Observed Here.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Symbols of American Christmas observance, the Christmas tree, candles and mistletoe, are relics of nature worshipping days adapted to the uses of Christianity, says a bulletin issued today by the National Geographic Society, tracing the origin of these Yuletide customs. They have to do with the pagan theory of the rebirth of the sun, the bulletin says. The tree coming down from Aryan ancestors, the candles from Teutonic sun worshippers and the mistletoe from the Druids.

The Christmas spirit of giving, exemplified by Santa Claus, goes back to Roman days, the bulletin continues, adding that while "there is more sentiment and less of the ecclesiastical in the United States in observance of Christmas than in European lands, mince pie, traditionally a necessity on every American Christmas dinner table, has a religious origin.

"The choice exhibits therein," the bulletin says, "were symbolical of the rich gifts brought by the wise men to the Christ child and the aroma to that of the frankincense which they also proffered."

QUIET HOLIDAY FOR WILSON.

Absence of Grandchildren Will Cause Omission of Tree.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Preparations were made today at the White House for another quiet Christmas celebration because of President Wilson's condition.

Distribution of turkeys to all employes by the President, a precedent established by President Arthur, began today, nine barrels of turkeys having been received for the purpose. The usual decoration with holly and greens was in progress.

Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of the President; Dr. Stockton Axson, brother of the President's first wife, and a few of Mrs. Wilson's relatives will be at the White House during the holidays. The President's other daughters, Mrs. Francis B. Sayre, and her three children and Mrs. W. G. McAdoo and her two children, will not be here this season.

On account of the absence of children there will be no Christmas tree. The President and Mrs. Wilson are expected to follow their Christmas Day custom, however, and distribute gifts to children along the road, which the President followed, when in good health, on his visits to a golf club in nearby Virginia.

WAR CHECKS FOR CHRISTMAS

Government Bureau Rushes Work to Bring Yuletide Cheer.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—War Risk Bureau clerks rushed work on mailing out checks to former service men or their beneficiaries this month as a measure of Christmas cheer, getting out a total of $35,540 December payment checks for more than $15,000,000 up to Dec. 15, it was announced tonight by the bureau.

On Dec. 20 the bureau had 328,607 active accounts, it was said, and now has paid out since its operations began a total of $331,006,958 in insurance, compensation and other war claims.

DEBUTANTES GREETED.

Misses Meeker, Cawthra, Woodin and Landstreet Presented.

Yesterday proved another field day for débutantes, nearly all of the events occurring in the evening.

Mrs. Payne Whitney was hostess at a large dance she gave for her daughter, Miss Joan Whitney, who will probably make her début next Winter. The guests included many of this year's buds as well as sub-debs and college boys home for the holidays, and some older men. Many of the guests came from or went to the other dances of the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Warrin entertained with a theatre party, followed by supper and dancing at the Ritz-Carlton, for their daughter, Miss Margaret N. Warrin, who is already out.

Mrs. Henry Eugene Meeker introduced her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Meeker, at a dance at the Ritz. It was in the large ballroom and the decorations were pink begonias. Mrs. Meeker and the débutante, in white and silver, had the latter's cousins, the Misses Katharine and Eleanor Hurd, and also two of her school chums, the Misses Lorna Underwood of Boston and Theresa Higginson of Chicago, receiving with them. There were some 600 guests, and as usual a number of small dinners preceded the dance, Mrs. Bertram H. Borden being one of the hostesses.

Miss Genevieve Cawthra, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Cawthra of 40 East Sixty-second Street, made her début at a dance Mrs. Cawthra gave in the large ballroom at the Plaza. Mrs. Cawthra and Miss Cawthra had the Misses Nathalie Hanna, Virginia de Haven, Cynthia Bigelow, and Wilma Kohler receiving with them. The decorations were Christmas holly and mistletoe and a supper was served at 12:30 in the adjoining suite of rooms. Among those giving dinners before the dance were Mrs. Carroll L. Walmsley and Miss Ada Heinze.

Miss Elizabeth F. Woodin, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Woodin, made her début in the Rose Room at the Plaza. Miss Lemoine Dunlap of Virginia received with Miss Woodin and Mrs. Woodin. The guests included the season's buds, who went from dance to dance throughout the evening.

Miss Mary Davis Landstreet, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fairfax S. Landstreet, made her début at a large dinner and theatre party which her uncle, Thomas Beattie Davis, gave for her. After the play and supper at the Ritz the young people went to the dances of the evening. There were 114 guests.

In the afternoon Mrs. Julius F. Workum of 30 East Eighty-second Street gave a tea dance to introduce her daughter, Miss Clara F. Workkum. A dinner for those receiving followed, and then a party to the play, who received with Miss Workum were the Misses Gertrude Osborn, Dorothy Clemens, Barbara Hooker, Isabella Wood, Katherine Morris, Eleanor Towne and Eliza B. Parish.

BISHOP BURCH LAID AT REST IN CRYPT

Governor Smith, Mayor Hylan and Representatives of All Churches Pay Tribute.

FUNERAL IN THE CATHEDRAL

Archbishop Hayes Sends a Message —290 Clergymen in Procession—Bishops Present.

The body of the Right Rev. Charles Sumner Burch, eighth Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of New York, was laid at rest in the crypt of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine yesterday afternoon, and for the first time in sixty-six years the Diocese of New York was without a Bishop.

The State, the city and representatives of every communion paid honor to Bishop Burch at the funeral service in the Cathedral. Governor Alfred E. Smith attended, with eleven members of his staff. Just behind the Governor sat Mayor John F. Hylan, who came alone.

The Cathedral was crowded and more than one thousand persons had passed beside the bier to take a last look at the Bishop's face between 11 and 2:30 o'clock.

Message from Archbishop Hayes.

The Most Rev. Patrick J. Hayes, Archbishop of the Roman Catholic Archdiocese of New York, sent the following letter yesterday to Dean Howard Chandler Robbins of the Cathedral:

Archbishop's House,
452 Madison Avenue,
New York.

Very Rev. Dean Robbins, Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York City.

My Dear Dean Robbins: Permit me to express my sincere sympathy in the bereavement that has befallen your church and this community in the passing of the late and lamented Bishop Burch.

Sincerely yours in Christ,
PATRICK J. HAYES,
Archbishop.

J. P. Morgan, Treasurer of the Church Pension Fund, sat in a front seat. Near him was Colonel William Barclay Parsons, President of the Board of Trustees of Columbia University, and R. Fulton Cutting. Among others in the auditorium were Stephen Baker, Justice Vernon M. Davis and Miss Genevieve M. Davis, Alfred E. Marling, Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, Rabbi Samuel Schulman, Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Hobart, R. A. C. Smith, William J. Schieffelin, Mrs. James Herman Aldrich, Mrs. William T. Manning and the Misses Frances and Elizabeth Manning. Among those in the section reserved for the personal friends of the Burch family was Mrs. Alice M. Douglass, in whose apartment at 550 Riverside Drive the Bishop died, having gone there from the street when he was stricken with heart disease.

290 Clergymen in Procession.

There were 290 clergymen, thirty-two choir boys and eighteen choir men in the procession, which took twenty-five minutes to enter the cathedral to the accompaniment of Handel's Dead March in "Saul."

The procession was led by Canon E. Briggs Nash and the Rev. Robert S. W. Wood, rector of St. Mary's Church, Tuxedo, his assistant. Conspicuous in the procession were four dignitaries of the Greek and Russian Churches with their staffs, in the brilliant and many colored vestments of their office.

The Trustees of the Cathedral and the members of the Standing Committee of the Diocese were the honorary pallbearers. The lay trustees in the procession were: Franklin D. Roosevelt, Major August Belmont, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, William Fellowes Morgan, Charles Steele, Professor William H. Burr of Columbia, and Robert G. Hone, Secretary of the trustees. All the clerical trustees were in the line. They were the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires of St. Thomas's; the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning of Trinity; the Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery of Grace Church; the Rev. Dr. Frank W. Crowder of St. James Church, and the Rev. Dr. Francis S. Smithers, Jr., of Poughkeepsie.

Eleven bishops marched at the end of the long procession. They were the Right Rev. Thomas F. Gailor, Bishop of Tennessee; the Right Rev. Ethelbert Talbot of Bethlehem, Pa.; the Right Rev. Chauncey B. Brewster of Connecticut, the Right Rev. Charles H. Brent of Buffalo, the Right Rev. Edwin S. Lines of Newark, N. J.; the Right Rev. Frederick Burgess of Long Island, the Right Rev. Philip Mercer Rhinelander of Philadelphia, the Right Rev. Arthur S. Lloyd, the Right Rev. Wilson Reiff Stearly of Newark; the Right Rev. Charles Fiske and the Right Rev. James W. Morris of the Canal Zone.

Bishop Burgess read the opening sentences of the service. Bishop Brent mounted the pulpit and read the lesson, and Bishop Rhinelander, from a stall, led the congregation in reciting the Creed. Bishop Talbot read the Old Testament lesson and the choir sang an anthem by Goss, during which all the clergy of the cathedral gathered about the bier. There Bishop Lines read prayers and Bishop Gailor pronounced the benediction.

Then the casket with the academic hoods of Bishop Burch was carried on the shoulders of eight men through the door on the 113th Street side and into the crypt, where the interment was private. It was accompanied by the bishops, the honorary pallbearers, the cathedral clergy and the members of the Bishop's family.

As the coffin was lowered into the new-made vault Dr. Stires dropped earth upon it as the words were read, "Dust to dust, ashes to ashes." Dr. Manning and Dr. Slattery read prayers and Dean Robbins recited the committal service. Bishop Lloyd pronounced the benediction.

Family and Relatives.

Mrs. Burch leaned upon the arm of her only son, Albert A. Burch of Clyde, Ohio, and was accompanied by Captain and Mrs. Arlando Marson, son-in-law and only daughter of Bishop and Mrs. Burch. Mrs. A. R. Comstock of Duluth, Minn., a sister of Mrs. Burch; Mr. and Mrs. Lyndon Burch, grandson of the Bishop, and Mrs. Burch, and his wife, made up the family group.

The United States flag and the flag of the city of New York were carried in the procession.

The Synod of New York and New Jersey of the Episcopal Church, of which Bishop Burch was President, was represented by the Bishops of the province: William J. Tully, President of the Synod's House of Deputies; the Rev. Dr. Roy F. Duffield, canon of the Cathedral at Garden City; the Rev. Dr. Charles K. Gilbert, the Rev. Dr. Frank H. Reazor of West Orange, N. J.; Colonel William S. Cogswell and Walter Kidde.

Masonic Lodge Represented.

The Masonic Grand Lodge of New York, of which Bishop Burch was grand chaplain, was represented by Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, the Rev. C. Wallace Petty, the Very Rev. Oscar F. Redeer, dean of the Cathedral of the Incarnation, Garden City; the Rev. Dr. William R. Watson of Bayshore, L. I.

There were scores of floral tributes. A great cross of white chrysanthemums dominated all the others, as it was placed back of the head of the coffin and in front of the high altar.

FOUR ARE MENTIONED FOR DR. BURCH'S POST

Dr. Stires in Lead—Drs. Manning, Slattery and Fosbroke Also Favored.

The keenest speculation is developing as to who will succeed Bishop Charles S. Burch.

It is the consensus of opinion among the clergy that the same three local rectors who were nominated Sept. 17, 1919, when a successor to Bishop David H. Greer was to be named, and which resulted in the election of Bishop Burch by an overwhelming majority, will be nominated again. There were the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires of St. Thomas's Church, the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning of Trinity Church and the Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery of Grace Church.

Dr. Stires came second to Bishop Burch, Dr. Manning next and Dr. Slattery last. The Right Rev. Nathaniel S. Thomas, then missionary Bishop of Wyoming, got a few votes. But as he has since been chosen to a diocese he is not eligible, as Bishops cannot be translated from one See to another.

As each of the three rectors has a large following, it will not be a surprise if there is a deadlock. Therefore there is talk of a "dark horse." This may be Dean Hughell E. W. Fosbroke, of the General Episcopal Theological Seminary.

At present, however, it looks as if Dr. Stires will be elected if he will consent to leave St. Thomas's. He is the only New York clergyman who is a member of the Council of the Episcopal Church. He is President of the Standing Committee of the Diocese of New York, and as such is at present in charge of the diocese. He has just begun his twentieth year as rector of St. Thomas's. He built the present $1,500,000 Gothic church. It is all paid for and has some endowment already. Because of this success it is believed he will be able to build the nave of the cathedral, which is one of the duties that will fall to the next bishop, and which will require several millions of dollars. He is at present Chairman of the Building Committee of the Cathedral. A new $100,000 rectory adjoining the church is being built.

Dr. Manning and Dr. Slattery also hold many important offices. Dr. Manning has always been considered the likely candidate of the "High Church" party, but they left him at the last election and voted for Bishop Burch, disapproving of Dr. Manning having supported the Congregational Concordat. This was a proposal that clergymen of non-Episcopal denominations submit to additional ordination at the hands of an Anglican bishop so that under certain prescribed circumstance they could administer the sacraments of the Episcopal Church.

Just who the "High Church" party will support this time is a subject of much conjecture. They control forty-two votes, it is said.

Dr. Stires and Dr. Slattery are considered "Low" churchmen, hence they are apt to split the Low Church vote.

The Standing Committee of the diocese met yesterday and decided to announce on Monday next the date of a special convention of the diocese to elect a successor to Bishop Burch.

ENGAGEMENTS.

Miss Julie S. Chamberlain to Wed Alexander B. Trowbridge Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Birge Chamberlain of Englewood, N. J., announce the engagement of their eldest daughter, Miss Julie Stafford Chamberlain, to Alexander Buel Trowbridge Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Buel Trowbridge of Flushing, L. I. Miss Chamberlain was graduated from Vassar College with the class of '20.

Mr. Trowbridge, who is a graduate of Cornell University, is the Rhodes scholar-elect from New York State to Oxford. While at college he was President of the Christian Association and a member of the track team and football squad. In his senior year he was elected to membership in the senior honorary society, Quill and Dagger.

Judge Charles Cooper Nott and Mrs. Nott of 185 East Seventy-third Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Frances Jerome Nott, to Stacey Courtis Richmond, a son of the late Stacey C. Richmond, and of Mrs. Richmond of Dongan Hills, S. I. Miss Nott made her début last Winter, having been graduated from Miss Porter's school at Farmington, and is a member of the Junior League. Mr. Richmond is a senior at Harvard. He served some months during the war with the Harvard unit in the Italian Ambulance Corps.

Mrs. Ferdinand H. Cook of 249 West End Avenue announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Beatrice Valerie Cook, to Lester Darling Egbert, son of Professor and Mrs. James C. Egbert of Columbia University. Mr. Egbert is a graduate of Columbia, class of '14, and is a member of the Zeta Psi Fraternity. During the war he served in France as a Lieutenant with the Twenty-second Aero Squadron. No date has been set for the wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Ingersol White of Syracuse announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marion Strong White, to Gurney Lapham Smith, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Snowden Smith of Syracuse. Miss White is a graduate of Miss Porter's school at Farmington, and is a member of the Junior League. Mr. Smith was graduated from Yale with the class of '14 and served during the war as a Lieutenant in the Twenty-first Field Artillery. He is a graduate of the Harvard Law School.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel C. Peckster of this city announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Anne Gertrude Peckster, to Alfred Paul Tischler, son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Tischler, also of this city.

The engagement is announced of Miss Catherine Schoder, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Schoder of this city, and Raymond C. Whitaker of Freeport, L. I.

Mrs. George V. Camp of 1 Lexington Avenue announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Frances Knowlton Camp, to Wiser Brown, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Clinton Brown of Prescott, Ontario, Canada. Mr. Brown, who is a graduate of Cornell University, served during the war for fourteen months in France with the Twenty-third Engineers.

WEDS CAPT. MacCORMACK.

Miss Mary Hyde Seymour a Bride in the Paulist Church.

The wedding of Miss Mary Hyde Seymour of Northampton, Mass., to Captain Daniel W. MacCormack, U. S. A., took place at 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning in the Paulist Church. The Rev. Father McSorley performed the ceremony in the presence of a few relatives and friends. Miss Caroline Waters was the bride's maid of honor and William J. Quinn acted as best man. Following the ceremony a reception was held at the home of Mrs. E. G. Seibels, 157 West Fifty-seventh Street, and later the couple left for Lakewood, where they will spend their honeymoon.

The bride is a graduate of Smith College and in the Spring of 1918 went to France to serve with the Y. M. C. A., where she remained for more than a year. Captain MacCormack saw service in France and after the armistice was a member of a mission which went to Russia to study conditions there. Upon their return from their honeymoon they will reside in this city.

Hall—Garrett.

The marriage of Norris Folger Hall of Cambridge, Mass., a son of Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Beecher Hall of Haverford, Pa., and Professor of Chemistry at Harvard, and Miss Alice Garrett, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Garrett of West New Brighton, took place yesterday according to the ceremony of the Society of Friends at the bride's home, 101 Bard Avenue, West New Brighton. The bride was graduated from the Brearley School and worked in France at Tours with the Y. M. C. A. and also did reconstruction work with the Friends' Unit in Northern France. Professor Hall was a Captain in the Chemical Warfare Service abroad during the war.

GEORGE H. PERRIS, JOURNALIST, DIES AT 53

War Correspondent, Stricken at Geneva, Succumbs to Pneumonia in London.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—George Herbert Perris, the well-known London journalist, died today in his fifty-fourth year. He was taken ill in Geneva, where he was attending the meeting of the League of Nations, but came back to England with the British delegation on a special train. Pneumonia developed with rapidly fatal results.

His death is greatly regretted by a large circle of friends. One of his brothers, Ernest A. Perris, is editor of The Daily Chronicle and another is Secretary of the Anglo-American Society.

George Herbert Perris was born at Liverpool in 1868, a son of the Rev. H. W. Perris. He had been a journalist since 1883, serving on several English newspapers and periodicals. He spent ten years on the staff of The Speaker and eight years as editor of Concord. Curiously enough, he was one of the founders and Honorary Secretary not only of the Anglo-Russian, but also of the Anglo-German Friendship Committee. He had been foreign editor of The Tribune and later of The Daily News, but his most notable journalistic achievement was his correspondence for The London Daily Chronicle throughout the war.

During this long and arduous service he saw nearly all the great battles in France, including the defense of Verdun and those in the Argonne, Champagne and Flanders. The French Government made him a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor. After the armistice he followed the allied armies to Metz and Strasburg, witnessed the arrival of the American troops on German soil and was at the Versailles conference. Some surprise was expressed in 1914 at his appointment by The Chronicle, for Mr. Perris had long been known as an advocate of peace, but he at once displayed a keen knowledge of military matters and a remarkable ability for estimating army leaders.

He paid three visits to this country and delivered many lectures here. In 1902 and in 1906 he talked on international topics, Russia and the peace movement, but on his last visit, in 1919, he discussed the war. He was the author of a score of books on a wide variety of subjects and was assistant editor of the Home University Library. In 1918 his son, Lieutenant Noel Perris, was killed in an aeroplane in a collision with another plane.

DIES AFTER PACKING GIFTS.

Man Is Found Asphyxiated Amid Christmas Packages.

John G. Winn, who the night before had tied up many Christmas gifts with red ribbon and holly, was found asphyxiated yesterday in his room at 156 East Twenty-eighth Street, and the police of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station, who found one of the burners on the gas stove open, believe his death was accidental.

Mrs. Gussie Lippert, who conducts the rooming house where Mr. Winn boarded, discovered the dead man after smelling gas. He was identified late last night by his brother-in-law, H. L. Dawsey of 491 First Avenue, who the night before had made plans with Mr. Winn to erect a Christmas tree for his children.

Henry Bell Gayley.

Henry Bell Gayley, a lawyer with offices at 149 Broadway, who had been in practice there for twenty years, died yesterday afternoon of heart disease at his residence, 930 Park Avenue. He was the last of five brothers, two of whom were James Gayley, Vice-President of the United States Steel Corporation, and Oliver C. Gayley, Vice President of the Pressed Steel Car Company. Mr. Gayley was born at Lockhaven, Pa., fifty-eight years ago, was graduated from Princeton, and was a member of the Princeton Club and of the Ardsley Golf Club. His widow, who was Miss Estelle Canda, and a son and daughter, survive him. Services will be held at the residence Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Joseph M. Riker Dies of Injuries.

Joseph M. Riker, President of the Merchants and Manufacturers' National Bank of Newark, died yesterday in the City Hospital, Newark, from a fracture of the skull which he received Tuesday night when a trolley car struck him and his wife. The accident occurred at Lincoln Park. His wife was dead upon arrival at the hospital and Riker was unconscious until his death. Specialists operated on him yesterday. The Rikers lived at 83 Lincoln Park. Double funeral services will probably be held on Monday, depending on the arrival from San Francisco of Joseph M. Riker Jr.

Dance In Aid of Destitute Blind.

A tea dance will be given this afternoon in the ballroom of the Colony Club for the benefit of the Society for the Relief of the Destitute Blind. There will be an exhibition of useful and artistic articles, made by the inmates of the home, which will be for sale. Among those who will assist are Mrs. James E. Alexandre, Mrs. H. Casimir de Rham, Mrs. Pennington Satterthwaite, Mrs. Edwin E. Jamison, Mrs. Newbold Morris, Mrs. A. Russell Peabody, Mrs. John R. Drexel Jr. and the Misses Gertrude Parsons, Elizabeth Lynch, Mary De Peyster Carey, Nina Rhoades and Mary F. Willis, all of whom are members of the Board of Management.

Obituary Notes.

MRS. MARY LYMAN ATWATER CHOATE, widow of William G. Choate, died Tuesday at her home in Wallingford, Conn.

MRS. MARGARET T. SHEA, a public school teacher in Ridgewood, L. I., died yesterday of pneumonia, aged 53 years, at her home in Great Neck, L. I.

ERNEST ALBERS, for six years Treasurer of the Republic Theatre and for ten years in the service of A. H. Woods, died Wednesday at the age of 31.

JAMES BURNS, father of Mayor James E. Burns of Glen Cove, L. I., and a well-known resident of that place, died on Wednesday at the age of 80 years.

JOSEPH MEEHAN, a veteran nurseryman and writer on horticultural topics, died yesterday at his home in Philadelphia, aged 80 years.

Dr. Sol C. Dickey of Warsaw, Ind., 62, one of the founders of the Winona Assembly and Winona Bible Conference and a minister of the Presbyterian Church, died yesterday in Jacksonville, Fla.

J. A. NELSON, Second Assistant Treasurer of the United States in the Lincoln Administration and a witness of the assassination in Ford's Theatre, died yesterday in Tonopah, Nev. He was 85 years old.

W. C. SMITH, part owner of the Nova Scotian schooner Delawana, who was stricken with paralysis during the international fishermen's regatta off Halifax last Fall, died yesterday in Lunenburg, N. S., at the age of 66.

JOSEPH SELIGMAN, 55 years old, of 130 West Seventy-third Street, died suddenly yesterday of acute indigestion while telephoning in the offices of W. J. Wollman & Co., 130 Broadway, stock brokers, by whom he was employed as a salesman.

PETER LYTHGOE, proprietor of the Parkway Assembly Rooms and Garage in Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at his home, 276 Seventy-eighth Street, Brooklyn. He was a native of Manchester, England, and a member of Greenwood Lodge 502, F. and A. M.

JONATHAN EUGENE WHITE, for fifteen years a searcher of titles for the Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company, died on Tuesday at his home, 107 Cambridge Place, Brooklyn, aged 75 years. He had been a resident of Brooklyn for more than sixty years and belonged to the Mayflower Society and the Sons of the American Revolution.

THEODORE FRELINGHUYSEN ALLEN Jr., connected with Hamlin & Co., in the insurance business in Manhattan, died on Wednesday at his home, 228A Third Street, Brooklyn. He was born in this city forty-three years ago and was a descendant of Ethan Allen and nephew of Colonel Ethan Allen, one of the founders of the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

FREDERICK GEORGE JAHN, for thirty years with the International Postal Supply Company, of which he was Treasurer and Superintendent, died on Wednesday at his home, 1,854 East Twelfth Street, Flatbush, at the age of 58 years. Mr. Jahn was a mechanical engineer and was the inventor of machinery now used in Post Offices and banks for the cancellation of letters and checks. He was at one time associated with Thomas A. Edison in perfecting the first cylindrical phonograph. He was a member of the Long Island Automobile Club and the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce.

Price Revision on Edwin Clapp Shoes

IMPORTANT price revisions affecting our entire stock of Edwin Clapp Shoes are now in effect. This presents an exceptional opportunity to secure highest-grade footwear of exceptional workmanship and leathers at material savings.

Special Prices on Cordovan and Calf Shoes

We are closing out several lines of Black and Tan Cordovan and Russia Calf Shoes previously priced at $19 and $20.

Present prices, $13.85 and $15.50
Including tax.



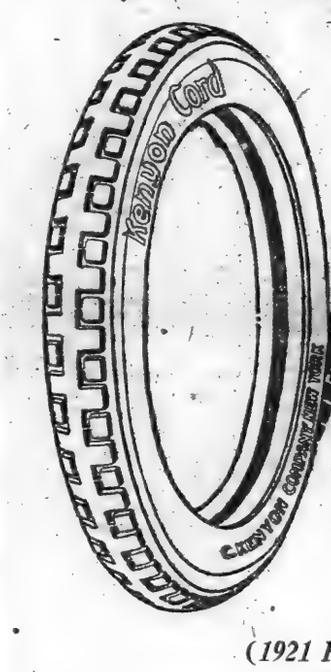
WOMEN—Price Revisions have also been made on our women's shoes which embody feminine style with masculine service.

THE Edwin Clapp SHOE
Established 1853

New Down-Town Store
146 Fulton Street, near Broadway

Up-Town Store
6 East 42d Street—3 doors from Fifth Ave.

Kenyon Cord
Tires and Tubes

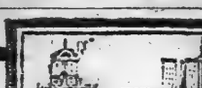


CAN a tire ride too elastic on the road? That is merely a question of personal taste. If it's a fault, it's a good one.

(1921 Prices now in effect)

Sold by Reliable Dealers

C. KENYON COMPANY, Inc.
Makers of Kenyon Weatherproof and Kenreign Waterproof Coats
DEALER'S SERVICE DEPT., 754 Pacific St., Brooklyn, N.Y.



METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
60 WALL STREET 716 FIFTH AVENUE

"The secret of giving affectionately is great and rare."
—CORNEILLE

GIFTS

THE question of gifts to those nearest and dearest to you is a puzzling one. But, in choosing from all those at your command, what could be more significant of your lasting regard than a gift that will endure through many Christmases.

Funds may be set aside in a "living trust" with income payable to anyone you may designate. We invite you to consult our officers.

4½ & 5% ON SAVING
Paid by the old reliable
FRANKLIN SOCIETY
FIFTEEN PARK ROW, N. Y.
Park Row Bldg., Ground Floor.
32 Years Old—Safe—Conservative.
DATING FROM JAN 1st

? ? ?
San Francisco Chicago New York
THE ONE QUESTION when intelligent people meet.
"Have YOU read
CAIUS GRACCHUS
By Odin Gregory?"
At everywhere. Boni & Liveright, N.Y.

BLASCO IBANEZ' Novel
The Enemies of Women
$2.15. If not on sale in your local bookstore, it can be had from
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N.Y.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Published Every Day in the Year by the New York Times Company.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

OFFICES: [TELEPHONE BRYANT 1000]
TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
TIMES ANNEX...434 St., w. of Broadway
DOWNTOWN.....7 Beekman Street
WALL STREET.....1 Rector Street
HARLEM.....2,109 Seventh Avenue

BRONX.....2,914 Third Avenue
WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.....3,823 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Albee Building
CHICAGO.....1302-1304 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....613 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....903 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....12 Salisbury Square, E.C.
PARIS.....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two Cents a Copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 200 miles; Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn. Ten Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, postage paid. One Year. Six Mos. One Mo.
Daily and Sunday..$12.00 $6.00 $1.00
Daily only..... 10.00 5.00 .85
Sunday only..... 4.00 2.25 .45
Sunday only, Canada 6.00 3.25 .55
*One week, 35c. †One week, 30c.

FOREIGN RATES

Daily and Sunday...$26.00 $13.30 $2.40
Daily only..... 17.40 8.70 1.45
Sunday only..... 9.75 5.12 .86
Binder, Picture Section, $2.50; Magazine, $1.50.

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNALIST (Mondays), per year, $5; Canada, $5.50; other countries, $6.
Binder for 52 issues (one vol.), $1.50.

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.

THE TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursdays), one year, $3; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50.
Binder for 52 issues, $1.50.

TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $4; Canada, $4.50 (foreign $5). Per copy, 35c.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX (Quarterly—Full Cloth, one copy, $7; per year, $8.

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes in the set—illustrated—cloth, $80; three-quarter leather, $100; full leather, $136—encyclopedic history European War.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it, or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, DEC. 24, 1920.

MR. HARDING REPORTS PROGRESS.

There is discoverable ground for hope and satisfaction in the body of general principles now put forth as the result of the conferences at Marion of the "best minds" with Senator HARDING. If these principles are accepted by him, we can say at once, and with confidence, that he is not a hopeless reactionary. He has moved forward, not backward. Already he holds the opinions in respect to the elementary facts of national co-operation which the friends of world peace had reached some fifteen or twenty years ago. That is real progress. The interval that separates him from the great statesmen who for many years have been studying this subject is now measurable; we may hope that in the course of time he will span that interval and move forward to a position abreast that now occupied by great numbers of the world's "best minds" not as yet participating in the Marion conferences.

Mr. HARDING accepts the solid foundation upon which the builders of the League of Nations reared that edifice. It is his belief that, "aside from their "military power, the five moral "leaders of the world today are the "United States, Great Britain, "France, Japan and Italy." Those Powers would be the beginning of his "association of nations." "Once "agreement of the five leading Powers "is attained, the other nations will "follow in line." That reasoning is impregnable; we are justified in believing that what has happened will happen again. Inasmuch as the other nations did "fall in line" when these five great Powers reached an agreement concerning the principles of the League of Nations, Mr. HARDING has full warrant for his confidence that, if the same Powers now abandon the League and consent to enter his association, the others will follow.

It is a very large "if." Mr. HARDING insists that details must be put aside until all fundamentals have been agreed upon. Details are petty, of course, but if neglected they sometimes become annoying. There is one detail—he might consider it a trifling one—to which his attention ought to be invited. It concerns the willingness of the five great Powers, or of any of the others, to desert the League and embrace his new association. Article XX. of the League Covenant runs in this wise:

> The members of the League severally agree that this Covenant is accepted as abrogating all obligations or understandings inter se which are inconsistent with the terms thereof and solemnly undertake that they will not hereafter enter into any engagement inconsistent with the terms thereof.

Unless the five great Powers, in joining the new "association," are willing to violate out of hand this solemn undertaking, they must withdraw from the League, but that can be done only after two years' notice. We might with equal propriety, and with equal chances of success, invite the forty-seven members of the League to discard their present Constitutions and laws and accept ours. The cardinal virtue of Mr. HARDING'S proposed new association seems to be that it would establish a league of nations which would be Mr. HARDING'S, not Mr. WILSON'S. He would have a world court; the present League has that. He would have "an association "of nations for conference on matters relating to general policy"; that is a vague expression, we have a dreadful fear that it smacks of super-government, but the League Covenant provides for conferences—one has just been held. He would eliminate "all governing features," "each nation shall remain free to make its own decisions." Each nation in the present League is free to make its own decisions. That truth, resolutely insisted upon by Mr. HARDING'S opponents in the recent campaign, was expressly proclaimed, affirmed and illustrated as a working principle during the meeting at Geneva. A studied avoidance of "detail" makes it impossible to say just how far Mr. HARDING'S association is identical with the League, but it may be confidently asserted that in working out the plan, if it ever came to anything, the final difference would be only the elimination of Mr. WILSON'S name. That is the prompting motive.

There are obvious risks in bringing forward as new and original ideas and plans made familiar by studies undertaken many years ago. It looks like solemn but most undignified fooling. The people of the United States are too intelligent, altogether too well instructed in this matter, to be "taken in" by the proposal, even when coming from this high quarter, that we ask the forty-seven nations to abandon the League of which they are members and adhere to the vague generalities put forward by Mr. HARDING and his "best minds." The remarks of Mr. LLOYD GEORGE and of Mr. BALFOUR on Wednesday show how the suggestion is regarded across the water. Countless Americans feel that we are making a humiliating exhibition of ourselves. It is humiliating that the attention of the next President should have been devoted, even for a brief time, to puerilities like the proposal of a referendum before going to war and other matters of a like whimsical nature. Mr. HARDING speaks of the "five moral leaders of the world today." Some months ago we were unquestionably one of the five. Millions of people here and abroad doubt whether we hold that place today. The fear prevails that in the heat and passion of our party politics we forgot and forsook our moral leadership. It is a position that can be regained in only one way. It is permitted us to hope that partly through broadening vision, more largely by the force of circumstances, we may recover our rightful place among the nations. As the new Administration and its advisers study the subject of making provision for safeguarding the world's peace, under that sense of responsibility of which they cannot rid themselves, they will inevitably be driven to the conclusion that we must accept that form and basis and principle of association which the other nations have already accepted and established. "The outline of principles" sent forth from Marion plainly shows the drift of things.

THE NEEDIEST CASES.

Nothing is more gratifying in the responses to the appeal for the Hundred Neediest Cases than the spirit which prompts so many of them. "The gift without the giver is void." The givers to this cause, day after day, are evidently sending their hearts along with their money. Children are devoting part of their savings to other children. Mothers feel that they can care for their own babies better after having done something to help the little ones of the poor. Widows take from their meagre store to aid widows forced by extreme want. In more than one instance, persons who have themselves been charitably helped out of tight places in years gone by express their gratitude by subscribing to the Neediest Cases of today.

The humane and moving aspect of this particular Christmas fund need not obscure its practical and even businesslike features. We have here the finest kind of organized and intelligent charity. It is no haphazard giving that is requested. The Cases are of concrete need, definitely ascertained and carefully sifted. The work of distribution is so attended to that every cent of every dollar contributed goes direct to the intended beneficiary. It is thus a veritable form of gilt-edged charitable security in which to invest.

DEMANDS OF THE FARMERS.

Governor HARDING of the Federal Reserve Board informs the Senate Committee on Agriculture that last year $719,000,000 of farm paper was rediscounted, and that this year the same rediscounts approach two billions. The accounts are not kept to distinguish this business, and the estimates are only minimums, since there is no telling how much money raised on commercial rediscounts was indirectly applied to the use of the farmers. These are the funds which enabled the production of the unusually large crops and also helped raise the prices to the level from which the fall is so disconcerting to the farmers.

It is clear that far less money is necessary to move the crops than to "hold" them. Speculation would take up any amount of money, and unlimited credit would raise the price of anything. The farmers are unable to see that "holding" their crops is speculation, and that the selling of their crops in the future market, before they were harvested, would have realized the profits whose loss they are now lamenting. Spot prices are now far above future prices, and the farmers are now in the same dilemma of indecision about taking current prices or trusting to the promises of those who still predict that a farmers' strike can bring back the old prices, despite the daily approach to a new crop. Wheat is raised around the world, and there is a new harvest somewhere almost every month in the year. In October the officials of the Wheat Growers' Association declared that wheat would sell at $3 in ninety days. Sixty days have elapsed, and the prediction weakens as the days pass, although now the farmers have the promise of a tariff to help them by keeping foreign-grown wheat off the domestic market. It is a vain reliance, for the price of wheat is fixed where the surplus is bought and eaten, not where it is raised.

Looking backward, it is clear that the credit which the farmers had so abundantly is the cause of their having overstayed their market. Credits and tariffs are futile in markets responding to economic influences, and the farmers are in no different plight from others. No one has pleaded the case of the farmers more convincingly than Secretary MEREDITH. On one page of his annual report he puts the crop losses of the farmers at $3,000,000,000, and on another page he shows that the value of the farms has increased 65 per cent. in five years and fivefold in twenty years. There are some ruined farmers, but as a class they never were so wealthy as now, when they are demanding all sorts of relief for themselves at the cost of others worse off.

AN INCREDIBLE REPORT.

Incredible is the rumor that District Attorney SWANN may be appointed to succeed the late Judge MALONE on the Court of General Sessions bench. Whatever the solicitations of Tammany politicians, there are imperious and impregnable reasons against this proposed singular appointment.

They are found in the severe report made by former Justice INGRAHAM as a Special Commissioner to investigate the charges made against the District Attorney by Governor WHITMAN. They are found in the Bar Association's review of his record when he was nominated for Justice of the Supreme Court and its refusal to approve his candidacy as the people refused to approve it in November. They are found in Governor SMITH'S own action in going over the District Attorney's head and naming special counsel to perform the work which was officially his of adviser to the Extraordinary Grand Jury. Finally, it cannot be believed that the Governor will mar the close of an administration so high-minded and independent, so fruitful in faithful service to the people of New York.

MR. LODGE ON PROGRESS.

In his tercentenary address at Plymouth Senator LODGE said of the Pilgrims:

> The sustaining power of the nineteenth century, which was faith in the continuous progress of mankind on the earth, was not theirs.

Without discussing whether there is or is not a "law of progress" and without insisting that progress is "continuous," we may fairly insist that Mr. LODGE obstinately resists progress as an aspiration or a fact. The Western world has outgrown religious wars. Even in the Eastern world it has become difficult, if not impossible, to revive them successfully; and attempts to revive them rest upon personal and political not religious motives. Dynastic wars are gone. These secular causes of war having disappeared, most of the nations of the world are trying to limit or prevent wars of the modern type, wars of economic and territorial expansion or excessive nationalism. Two kinds of wars are obsolete. In the course of time may not war become as much of a curiosity and antiquity as ordeal by battle?

Mr. LODGE cannot stomach efforts to begin and bring about this immense progress. Apparently he believes in the law of stagnation.

TIDING LABOR OVER.

The new Court of Industrial Relations in Kansas obviously intends that its rule shall work both ways. Hitherto it has been regarded chiefly as a means of preventing strikes such as that of the coal miners last Winter, which set the whole State shivering. In the decision reported yesterday it invokes its authority to prevent a "strike" of capital. The Topeka flour mills, as a consequence of the general depression, lately closed down to about half capacity; and, in response to an appeal from workmen who had been laid off, the Court declares that "skilled and faithful employés "should be given such treatment as "will enable them during the period "of limited production to support "themselves and families."

As to the humanity of this decision, and its justification on the grounds of abstract reason, there can be little question. If it is desirable to protect the consumer from freezing, it is equally desirable to protect the producer from starving. If labor may be abridged in its right to strike, so capital may be abridged in its right to discharge. On the nearer view the cases do not run exactly parallel. Last Winter the miners deliberately combined to take a course of action that they knew would work the utmost hardship upon the public. This Winter the responsibility does not rest upon the employers, who are themselves fellow-sufferers with their workmen; yet the Court looks to them alone for the remedy. Even on the grounds of abstract reason it would appear that, if the laborer is to be coerced in behalf of the public, then it is the public and not the individual employer who should walk Spanish when the boot is on the other foot.

Even the remedy of State unemployment doles has not worked quite perfectly; in England it has been found to breed inefficiency and slacking. If the payments are exacted from the employer, they will be less likely to lead to abuse; but it will scarcely be possible to avoid the penalty of all similarly local expedients. By increasing the cost of production they drive business to other and less humane States. There appears, moreover, to be an intention to discriminate between workmen who are more skilled and faithful and others who are less so. A committee appointed by the Court is to draft "rules and regulations" covering such matters. It is not unlikely to discover a difference between abstract and general justice and justice that is individual and concrete.

To say this is not to carp, but rather to show a warm and lively interest. Modern industry presents many problems which, in relation to the long history of civilization, are brand new and utterly without precedent. The best of men can only grope toward a solution, a new code of ethics. Broadly stated, the problem is to insure for the employé all the freedom and prosperity which is compatible with the general weal, and to the employer such safeguards as shall enable him to maintain the vigor and efficiency of our great industries. Among the best of men all liberal folk include those Kansans who are responsible for the Court of Industrial Relations, and especially as they show so clear an intention to make justice even-handed. The problem they are dealing with is as vital as it is difficult.

GENERAL STAFF ELIGIBLES.

The eligible list of officers selected by the Pershing board for duty with the General Staff does not have the approval of many officers who served with distinction during the war. That was to be expected; no list that could be made up would escape criticism if the supreme test of qualification were soldierly conduct in the field; furthermore, no list that was based upon demonstrated capacity for staff duty as well as upon efficient leadership would satisfy all the officers in the army that was organized during the war. If the Pershing board had prepared a much larger list of eligibles, which it could have done under the Reorganization act, there would still be resentment and complaint. The composition of the board is mandatory: it consists of the General of the Army, the commandant of the General Staff College, the commandants of the General Service Schools, and "two other general officers of the "line, selected by the Secretary of "War, who are not members of the "General Staff Corps." Of General PERSHING'S qualifications to contribute to an eligible list there can be no question. The second member of the board, Major Gen. JAMES W. ANDREW, was PERSHING'S Chief of Staff in France from May 6, 1918, to May 26, 1919. The other members of the board, Generals MUIR, DRUM, HINES and STURGIS, have excellent field records or have had considerable staff experience.

It would be difficult to assemble better judges of what constitutes eligibility for staff duty. In army circles their selections are commended, even praised, but at the same time there is a feeling that merit has been overlooked in some instances. It must be borne in mind that all the competent officers in the army, the National Guard and the Reserve Corps cannot be included in an eligible list of 607, of which 305 represent the regular army. There is reason in the criticism that it should have been made somewhat larger, for, to quote the law, "after the completion of the "initial General Staff Corps eligible "list the name of no officer shall be "added thereto unless upon graduation from the General Staff School "he is specifically recommended as "qualified for General Staff duty, and "hereafter no officer of the General "Staff Corps except the Chief of "Staff shall be assigned as a member "of the War Department General "Staff unless he is a graduate of the "General Staff College, or his name "is borne on the initial eligible "list." To the layman this may seem technical, but the point is that the initial list, if now completed, is final and many able and zealous officers are forever shut out. Among them are men of established reputation, some of whom have already done admirable staff work. Those who are within two or three years of retirement for age probably have no regrets. Still, it is agreeable to be recognized as eligible, as in line for honorable staff work. Some of the officers named by their friends as having been neglected are perhaps temperamentally unfitted for staff duty, or lack the talents it calls for. It does not follow that because a man is a fighting officer, brave and resourceful in the field, he will shine on the staff, or even be of much use.

It may be ventured that comparatively few officers on the regular army list are not properly there. As a matter of fact, it is a roll of which any army might be proud. As to the National Guard and Reserve Corps list there will be many differences of opinion concerning the eligibility of some of the elect, but it must be considered that the range of duty on the War Department General Staff and the General Staff with troops calls for men of varied accomplishments. It may be said that the list could have been extended with advantage to the interests of the army and with justice to officers whose absence from it is cause for wonderment. It does not seem to be too late to add to the selections, as the law does not limit the eligible list.

ARMENIA AND ITS MASTERS.

Soviet Armenia has annulled all foreign loans, "especially the American "loan, which the workers of Armenia "have been toiling to repay." This seems to be the first fruit of the recent revolution which turned over the remnant of Armenia to the control of Moscow. The American "loan" in question was a food credit extended through the relief administration. It was an emergency measure to prevent starvation, with the understanding that payment was to be made if the Armenians ever got into a position which made payment possible. Nobody has heard of the workers of Armenia toiling to repay the bonds which their Government deposited; they have had other and more immediate claims on their attention. But the Bolshevist leaders find it convenient to represent the downtrodden Armenian proletariat as enslaved to the capitalists of America.

Mr. MORGENTHAU seems to think that if the Allies should recognize the Bolshevist Government of Russia they could make "the saving of Armenia" a condition. But the Bolsheviki would doubtless tell us that Armenia is already saved, converted to the true gospel of Bolshevism. It is hard to see what guarantee the world could exact except their promise; nobody could compel them to "restore" Armenia if they did not want to. The Armenian question has long since passed beyond the stage of moral influences. Armenia has been partitioned between Red Russia—acting, as usual on its borders, through a local Government controlled from the Kremlin—and the Turkish Nationalists of MUSTAPHA KEMAL. At present KEMAL has nearly all of it, and the Armenia which retains the name of independence—under a Soviet Government—is only a corner of what was claimed as the national territory. Russia and Turkey may fall out over the spoils; already there has been evidence of suspicion in Moscow over the friendliness of the supposedly Bolshevized Azerbaijanis for their Moslem coreligionists, and over the tendency of KEMAL to take all he can get and hold on to it. But nobody who is not prepared to put both Russia and Turkey out, and keep them out, can do anything for Armenia now.

Whether or not the protection of Armenia immediately after the war would have required a large army and a mandate for all Turkey, as the Harbord mission recommended, it is clear enough that nobody can save Armenia now who is not prepared to keep a large army on the spot for some years, and conquer at least all of Eastern and Central Anatolia as well as the Caucasus. Nobody is willing to do that. The only alternative is to buy somebody off. The French would buy off the Turks by offering them Smyrna. Aside from some grave moral objections, this would leave the Near Eastern question quite as unsettled as it is at present; and, moreover, MUSTAPHA KEMAL appears to think that he can recover Smyrna and hold Armenia as well. Mr. MORGENTHAU, apparently, would buy off Russia. But there is no guarantee that either Government would stay bought. The Allies would have to pay the price and trust to the somewhat dubious honor of the Reds or the Turks for delivery of the goods.

It is the old story. Everybody sympathizes with the Armenians, but nobody is willing to take any trouble over them. The only people who will take trouble over the Armenian question, who will send troops into Armenia and fight matters out, are the Turks and the Russians.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

More Wives Wanted by Farmers.

Among the men ranking high in these troubled times as offering plans at once interesting and practical for solving great and difficult problems certainly must be placed GEORGE SMITH, a Colorado farmer living, he says, seven miles south of Denver. According to a dispatch printed yesterday by The Herald, Mr. SMITH, unlike what seems to be a large majority of his class, is not seeking relief from the National Government in the shape of credit extensions and a high tariff on agricultural products. What he wants is much simpler—simply the passage of a new law for the regulation of marriages. And he argues his proposal with eloquence and vigor in a letter to Governor SHOUP:

> My wife is sick and I can't hire any house help. You are a good Governor, or the people wouldn't have elected you by such a large majority the second time. You should originate some good help for farmers, and I offer you something to help the farmers and you can lead all the other Governors if you can get it made a law.
>
> It is, let the city men have one wife and the farmers have two wives. You see, one could help the other, and a farmer could more surely raise boys to work the farm and not need to hire at high wages. Then the farmers could sell crops cheap and make money, and living in cities would be cheaper, and many young men would leave cities to be on a farm and have two wives. I am certain a farmer can't get any help unless it is born and raised on a farm. Experience is needed every time.
>
> You would be a better man than LINCOLN if you can get the United States to let all the farmers have two wives. You see, the farmer would be independent of hired help in a few years, both on farm and in housework. A farmer could often marry two sisters, or good pals. Think it over.

What Would His Wife Say?

Whether or not Governor SHOUP is "thinking it over" The Herald's representative failed to reveal—a manifest oversight, if not a proof of journalistic ineptitude. But if the Governor is not giving careful consideration to Mr. SMITH'S plan, the Governor is a strangely inappreciative man.

For while the plan is open to objection from some points of view, that it would work—can hardly be doubted. Its feasibility was illustrated long ago, in Utah, where BRIGHAM YOUNG, using it in somewhat extended form, populated a wilderness and made the desert blossom with a speed probably never equaled in any part of the world where the privilege of duplicating helpmeets was not enjoyed.

Many will hold that more than the material success of Mormonism is required to earn approval for Mr. SMITH'S proposal, but his statements are not easy to deny—not even that relating to "two sisters, or good pals"—and it well may be that thus could be started that "return to the land" on which the welfare of the world is supposed to depend.

One notices, however, that Mrs. GEORGE SMITH has not yet expressed her opinion of her husband's scheme.

Earthquakes and the Seismograph.

On the morning of Dec. 13 there were printed in THE TIMES dispatches from many points in this and other countries, reporting that the seismographs at all those places had recorded vibrations produced by an earthquake, far away, but evidently of unusual violence in the region where it centred.

Since then, strangely enough, no news of a terrestrial disturbance at that time has come from any part of the world, but now arrive detailed accounts of a particularly severe earthquake that on Dec. 8 gave the Andes in Chile such a shaking as they rarely had had before. But that earthquake seemingly affected the seismographs not at all, or at any rate produced no more excitement in those delicate instruments than they show almost every day as the result of tremors too small to get attention from anything else. At any rate, no seismograph activities were announced as occurring when, as is now known, there was a really prodigious earthquake.

What this means will have to be explained by the scientific folk, for otherwise there may arise, in minds not scientific, distrust of an instrument whose proclamations hitherto have been accepted as unquestionable.

He Combined Efficiency and Courage.

More fortunate than Lieutenant FLOYD HORTON, CORNELIUS T. MILLER, a young patrolman attached to the Poplar Street Precinct, in Brooklyn, showed equal courage, Thursday night, when he leaped to the running board of a swiftly moving automobile, knocked the ready pistol from the hand of one of the car's four occupants, and forced its driver to take them all to the police station where they belonged.

Of course, MILLER knew the deadly risk he took, but he also knew his duty and he did it without hesitation and efficiently.

It is opportunity, rather than greater courage than his fellows have, one likes to believe, and can, that has raised this young man to prominence in the eyes of his appreciative fellow-citizens. What he did thousands on the police force at least would have attempted, with as little regard as he for personal safety, and, with his good luck to help, they would have effected the four arrests as brilliantly. But his achievement is none the less remarkable, none the less commendable, on that account.

New York has often, as now, had reason to criticise its police as an organized and commanded force, but no more now than at any time in the past has the city had reason or excuse for distrusting—for not admiring and respecting—the great majority of its individual members as the bravest and most devoted of municipal servants.

PLYMOUTH AND JAMESTOWN.

This Time the Honors Go to the Pilgrim Fathers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You recently printed a letter from Ada Ramp Walden of Augusta, Ga., in which she takes the ground that those of us who have been celebrating the tercentenary of the landing of the Pilgrims have been guilty of attempting to snatch deserved laurels from the settlers of Jamestown.

Miss Walden visualizes the subject on the bias. In 1903 some of us who are now interested in commemorating the landing of the Pilgrims spent our time and energy in promoting the Jamestown enterprise. Hundreds of thousands of dollars in appropriations were secured and a most successful celebration was held—a beautiful exposition on beautiful Hampton Roads, on one of the finest sheets of water in America, of which we have many pleasant as well as historic memories.

In 1909 there was a combination to commemorate the Hudson-Fulton event. Other historic features have been celebrated, but in all these cases the question of priority as to date is negligible.

The tributes we now pay to the Pilgrim Fathers are for the influence they ultimately exerted, not alone upon the colony, but upon the nation.

Because the Cavaliers of Virginia had a priority, as Miss Walden well observes, that is no valid reason why the Pilgrims should fail of having deserved honor paid to them.

There is a place in the world for both Plymouth and Jamestown, and some of us have given our time and enthusiasm toward celebrating the achievements of both colonies, and the united action of both has and will help to make a greater and better nation.

OLIVER STONE.

New York, Dec. 22, 1920.

WITH A GIFT TO A CHILD.

Mary's little son
Was small like you.
When they brought Him gifts
What could He do?

He did not understand
Red gold and myrrh—
He turned to Mary's breast
And clung to her!

You do not care
For any gift we bring—
Silver cup or dress,
Or little ring.

You are too small
To love a shining tree.
The Wise Men were old
Old, all three!

Gold and scented wood,
Songs and a star—
A little helpless boy
As you are.

We, who are old,
Still bring and give,
For so love speaks
While men live.

Little boy, then, take
What gift we bring.
Let the giver love
The offering!

LOUISE DRISCOLL.

RARE TAPESTRY EXHIBITED.

"Vers l'Ideal," Mlle. Dubois's 13 Years' Work, in American Galleries.

There was placed on exhibition yesterday afternoon, at the American Art Galleries, under the patronage of King Albert and Queen Elisabeth of Belgium, a beautiful tapestry, depicting the Renaissance of Art, and called "Vers l'Ideal," a thirteen years' work of Mlle. Fernande Dubois of Belgium. The tapestry is of great size, occupying an entire side of the American Art Association's main gallery.

Mlle. Dubois was originally a needle worker of great skill and because of her talent in this line it was suggested that she attempt to revive the old art of Flemish tapestry weaving. This tapestry was started in 1907 and continued, with great difficulty, during the war. During the occupation of Brussels by the Germans they made Mlle. Dubois a favorable offer to go to Germany, finish her tapestry and start a school of weaving, but she refused. At the close of the war the tapestry would have been purchased by the Belgian Government, but for financial conditions. If a purchaser should be found for it in this country the money will be used to found a school of weaving in Brussels with Mlle. Dubois in charge.

The Belgian Ambassador to the United States, Baron de Cartier, made a short address yesterday and George Leland Hunter spoke on tapestry weaving and the work of Mlle. Dubois. The speakers were introduced by Gustavus T. Kirby and Mr. Hunter introduced Mlle. Dubois. There was a reception and on the receiving committee were, among others, Baroness de Cartier, Mr. and Mrs. George Blumenthal, Mr. and Mrs. Robert de Forest, Miss Elsie de Wolfe, Judge and Mrs. Elbert T. Gary, Mr. and Mrs. C. Oliver Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Kahn, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Kirby, Mr. and Mrs. Pierre Mali, General and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt and Mr. and Mrs. Whitney Warren.

The tapestry will continue on free exhibition today.

RATHBONE BACK FROM CUBA

Foreign Banks in Cuba Gain by Ignoring Moratorium.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Albert Rathbone of New York, former Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, who recently was selected by the Cuban Government as financial adviser, has returned to the United States after conferring in Havana with President Menocal and other Government officials and with private bankers.

Mr. Rathbone passed through Washington today on his way to New York. He is expected in Washington within the next few days to discuss the Cuban situation with officials here.

The original moratorium in Cuba declared by President Menocal was to have expired on Dec. 1, but it was found necessary to extend it to the end of the present month, and it is probable that a still further extension may be necessary. Some of the foreign banks in Havana, however, it has been learned, are not taking advantage of the moratorium, and as a result their banking business has increased.

HUGO STINNES IN VIENNA.

Still Talk in Berlin of Union of Austria and Germany.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

BERLIN, Dec. 23.—Count Czernin, former Austrian Minister for Foreign Affairs, is visiting in Berlin, and Herr Hugo Stinnes, Germany's billionaire industry king, is visiting in Vienna. It is reported that while Czernin is discussing the political aspects of Austria's joining with Germany, Stinnes is arranging financial help for restoring Austria's industrial and economic life provided Austria joins.

For several days a union of the German-speaking peoples has been discussed in both capitals. While most Germans declare their State would not be benefited by uniting with a nation that is worse off than they are, it is believed that, should the Entente's objections be removed, Germany will accept Austria. At any rate, Herr Stinnes's visit will result in big financial undertakings in Vienna.

FOUND GIBBONS CHEERFUL.

Bishop Corrigan Says His Condition Does Not Warrant Alarm.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 23.—Cardinal Gibbons's condition was unchanged today, according to advices from Union Mills, Md., where he is staying at the home of friends. He is said by those close to him to be cheerful and is conserving his strength in every possible way.

Bishop O. B. Corrigan, Vicar General of the diocese, paid a visit of several hours to the Cardinal yesterday. He said upon his return that the Cardinal was about the same as he had been for the last three or four days.

"I found him weak, but in a very cheerful mood," the Bishop added. "There seemed to be nothing in his condition to warrant present alarm."

Dr. Charles O'Donovan reported tonight that a slow improvement is noticeable in the Cardinal's condition. Plans for the Cardinal's annual New Year's reception at his residence and other engagements have been cancelled.

COBLENZ STORES TO OPEN.

Those Placed 'Off Limits' for Overcharging Can Resume Jan. 15.

COBLENZ, Dec. 23.—The stores of German merchants in Coblenz which were placed "off limits" for overcharging members of the American forces in Germany last Summer will remain closed until Jan. 15.

The date on which the effectiveness of the army order will expire was announced today at military headquarters.

HOLD UP STATE MILL WORK.

Dakota Commission Cannot Sell Bainbridge Bonds to Supply Money.

BISMARCK, N. D., Dec. 23.—Work on the State Mill and Elevator Building at Grand Forks is to be discontinued this week, or as soon thereafter as practicable, according to a resolution passed by the State Industrial Commission.

The resolution stated that the financial situation necessitates discontinuance until further funds can be obtained through the sale of mill and elevator bonds.

When completed the mill was to have a capacity of 2,000 barrels of flour daily and the elevator to hold 1,500,000 bushels of grain.

REWRITING MANDATE REPLY.

Great Britain Understood to Be Preparing New Note to Colby.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—It is understood here that the British Government is rewriting its reply to the note of Secretary Colby respecting the nature of mandates and relating particularly to the alleged British determination to exclude the United States from participation in the development of the oil resources of Mesopotamia.

It is pointed out that the action taken by the Assembly of the League of Nations was in consonance with the position taken by the United States in the Colby note.

BRAZILIAN LAUDS MONROE DOCTRINE

Senator Ellis Calls United States Champion of Liberty in Greeting Colby.

SECRETARY TALKS ON TRADE

Montevideo Makes Preparations to Receive Him Monday—Santo Domingo Mission to Be There.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Dec. 22.—In a speech welcoming Bainbridge Colby, Secretary of State of the United States, to the Brazilian Senate yesterday, Senator Alfredo Ellis referred to the Monroe Doctrine, saying in part:

"To your great nation as the elder brother of the seventeen republics of the New World was reserved the hard task of watching over the safety and liberty of the whole family. That program was defined and is known throughout the world as the Monroe Doctrine. Many think that the Monroe Doctrine means that the whole continent is to be considered as a hunting ground for the Americans on account of their power and preponderance over their weaker brothers. Luckily your great President, Mr. Woodrow Wilson, when speaking to the Mexican people, defined lately the clear spirit and true significance of the so-called Monroe Doctrine. It is a doctrine of defense.

"It was a compromise to defend the American republics against the ambitious incursions and plans of Metternich's Holy Alliance to recolonize America anew.

"In proclaiming that doctrine the American Government became the champion of liberty throughout the New World. No one of sound mind can imagine that Washington's sword should be used as an instrument to plant the seed of oppression over all America, instead of that of liberty, on both continents. Washington was not only the Father of His Country, but he is considered throughout the Americas as the father of democracy and the great champion of liberty. No one can imagine our elder brother as a pirate or transformed into a feudal lord of the Middle Ages, enriching himself at the cost of surrounding neighbors instead of preaching over the land the principles of justice, right and liberty.

"No one can suppose that your powerful nation, the most fronded tree of the republican forest, would need for its enormous growth and development the sap of sister trees growing confidently under its beneficial and friendly shade. Our national purposes are the same, there are many points of similarity in our history, and our program is directed along similar, related lines. For more than a century there has been no rift in the cordial good-will that has marked our mutual relations. Each year there seems to be a deepening sense of this great and salutary fact. How fortunate that two great nations should be engaged in the common task of administering expanding interests!

"Confidence in our respective institutions has stood the test of time and trial. We face future problems with confidence born of the past and patient and noble striving to redeem errors and in that temper let us each, in our own sphere, approach whatever lies before us with the assurance of faith, remembering that there is an interdependence among nations, not only in the matter of peace and war, but in trade, capital, but in moral spirit. The great moral resources that make the peace and security of nations can only be nurtured in relations of sympathy and friendship."

In responding Secretary Colby said:

"I had expected a courteous and friendly reception at your hands, for such is your reputation for hospitality. I am quite overwhelmed by the points and emphatic manifestations which greet me on all sides of your cordiality and good-will toward my country and my fellow-countrymen. It is more than impressive; it is touching; and I assure you that the report of your greeting which I shall take home with me will carry gladness and rejoicing to the people of the United States."

RIO JANEIRO, Dec. 23 (Associated Press).—Speaking at a reception given here today by the North American Chamber of Commerce, Bainbridge Colby, Secretary of State of the United States, declared that the exchange question was a worldwide problem which confronted the United States as well as the countries of South America. The reception was attended by many representatives of Brazilian commercial associations.

Secretary Colby said that the question of exchange had grown out of conditions of the World War and was a matter of economic equilibrium which could not be solved in a day. He declared this problem, which was agitating Brazil at present, was also pressing difficulties in the continent to the north.

Sebastio Commercial Attaché of the Brazilian Embassy in Washington, who accompanied the Secretary on his trip to South America, referred in an address to the various representations which he had brought from commercial bodies of the United States expressing a desire to aid Brazil in the problems of its commercial men. As an instance, he cited a letter from a banker advising Brazilians to restrict purchases from the United States in order to help the exchange.

In addressing Secretary Colby when he visited the Chamber of Deputies yesterday Deputy Benito de Miranda, in behalf of the Deputies, said:

"The history of your country is full of great deeds, for which your nation may well be proud. To my mind there are two culminating points for the well-being of America and the reconstruction of Europe. The first was when President Monroe proclaimed the doctrine raising a barrier against the pretentious appetites of the 'Holy Alliance.' The second was when President Wilson a century later launched his historic Fourteen Points, clearly showing the European peans, long consumed with odious rivalries, what should be taken henceforth to be the American ideas for their guidance. Brazil always has been on your side and has contributed to the small extent within her power toward the consummation of your ideals. She will continue to support them."

Secretary Colby responded in the same strain.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Dec. 22. Bainbridge Colby, the United States Secretary of State, is expected to arrive here Monday. Foreign Minister Buero will meet the battleship Florida, on which Secretary Colby will arrive, outside the port aboard the cruiser Uruguay, to which Mr. Colby will be invited to transfer from the Florida.

The honors of an Ambassador will be given to Secretary Colby by the garrison. President Brum will receive him in Government House immediately after his arrival and an official banquet will be tendered him the same night.

Dr. Federico Henriquez Carbajal, former President of Santo Domingo, and his nephew, Max Henriquez Ureña, the author, arrived here today at the head of a mission which will endeavor to promote intellectual intercourse between the Spanish speaking countries of America. It is said they will use Secretary Colby's visit to initiate a campaign against American occupation of Santo Domingo.

MEDAL FOR RELIEF WORK.

France Again Recognizes American Laboring in Devastated Area.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—The gold medal of "Reconnaissance Française" was awarded today to the American Committee for Devastated France for "its important war and construction relief work in the Departments of Aisne and Oise."

Mrs. A. M. Dike is President of the committee, and Miss Anne Morgan Vice President. Both of these officials have been previously decorated and cited individually by the French Government.

DAYS AID FOR NEEDY DROPS TO $8,164.54

Amount Nearly $1,300 Less Than Wednesday's, Though Fourth $1,000 Gift Is Sent.

SECOND 100 FACE NEGLECT

But Cases Cited by The Times Have Created Widespread Sympathy, Letters Show.

HOOVER'S SONS SEND $300

Boy of 8 Forwards $2 and Offer of Eatables — Every Penny Relieves Misery.

Contributions received yesterday by THE TIMES and the four charitable organizations for the Hundred Neediest Cases totaled $8,164.54.

In the eleven days in which contributions have been received the fund has grown to $61,434.77, an amount far short of that contributed in the like period last year, and far from sufficient to care for those whose appeals have been presented and an additional hundred. The acceleration which was noted in the later days of this year's giving, after the fund had started sluggishly, was not maintained yesterday, the day's total being nearly $1,300 short of Wednesday's.

Christmas is now almost at hand. The need of these families trying so hard to stay together is acute. Every one of them is vouched for by one or another of the four largest charitable organizations in the city. Competition for work is greater than it was a year ago, and price levels of necessities have not fallen appreciably. So it is much more difficult for those in imminent danger of being submerged to keep their heads up. They must have help.

"Case No. So and So cared for" is the simple and businesslike notation the charitable organizations make as the needs of each case are met. Behind that notation lies news on Christmas morning for some poverty-stricken little family that this great city has heard, that the bread-winner's gallant struggle against adversity is not to go unheeded and unhelped—that Santa Claus is going to stop at one more dismal home and, stopping, leave permanent, constructive relief for the sick and the destitute.

Second 100 May Be Neglected.

That is the bright, cheerful, unselfish side of the picture. There is another. If those who have something to spare—something to sacrifice—be it great or small, do not send in contributions in sufficient amount, there will be no second hundred as there has been every year of the appeal's existence since 1912. There is much real, grinding distress in the city now. In this season self-respecting little groups, mothers who are ill, small children who need a little sunshine and laughter, honest workers who pray only for a chance to get well, are looking to the more fortunate for the things they must have.

The number of contributions, the diversity of date lines, the little passages of good-will and tender feeling in which they abound, all go to show that the plight of those in whose behalf the appeal is made reaches the hearts of persons of all ages and all conditions in life. No doubt there are many others, not yet heard from, whose hearts have been moved and whose procrastination will be overcome in time to make this a real Christmas for every last one of the second hundred.

Glancing over the hundreds of letters it is easy to see that there are two classes to whom the fund offers a particularly welcome channel of giving. The many letters on mourning paper show that those who have lost dear ones of their own are sadly glad to devote sums, that in other years were used to gladden their Christmases to those whose need is greatest. And children, themselves members of happy households where their every need is gratified, show that they are learning early in life the lesson of self-denial and that their simple hearts are touched by the deprivations of other little ones as pictured in the cases. Here is a typical letter from such a boy:

Sunny Ridge,
New Rochelle, N. Y.

Editor NEW YORK TIMES.
Dear Sir.

I am a little boy of 9 years old and have always had a happy Christmas, and I would love to help the little boy in your Case 31, as I feel very sorry for him and wish you would buy him some candy and warm clothes with the money I am sending in this letter.

I saved up this money in U. S. War Stamps and my dad has sold them for me.

Hope you will send me Owen's name and address and that he will have a Merry Christmas.

Yours truly,
GAY MILIUS JR.

Fourth $1,000 Gift Received.

The fourth gift of $1,000, from an anonymous donor, was received yesterday. At the same time the number of contributions of $1 and other small sums went to show that those who can spare but a little are realizing that "every little helps."

Other things besides money came to THE TIMES yesterday. Hugh and Roger Simpson, R. F. D. 24, Bethel, Conn., sent clothing, books and toys; W. C. Jr., sent candy, toys and books for Case 61 and two dolls were received for Case 17. The little ones for whom these gifts are intended all will be happy to receive them, but as THE TIMES is not equipped to handle gifts of that kind, it is suggested that hereafter they be sent direct to one of the charitable organizations sharing in the results of the appeal.

A contribution from Billwiller Brothers acknowledged on Dec. 22 as $5, should have been $100.

One hundred per cent. of every single gift is applied directly to the practical relief for which it is intended. There are no overhead charges, every cent going directly to the persons whose distress it is intended to relieve.

Even the most casual selection of a group from the list of one hundred cases offers proof that the troubles of these

---

CASE 12.

No Dreams of Happiness.

He dreams of riding through the woods at break-neck speed, of living in the open with no father to kick him and tell him he'll never amount to anything. He dreams of going to a desert isle and discovering a treasure trove, but his dreams can't come true, not yet, at least, so Stephen goes on a childish rampage which makes his foster parents declare he is unmanageable. He is thirteen, but according to the mental tests given him he registers 2 years ahead. Some day the dreams of this boy are going to lead him to do notable things, those who have observed him say. What he needs now, however, is the kindly hand and guidance of a person who will consider the fact that the child is a homeless orphan with no mark against him and who will give him the mental training that his keen mind craves.

Total amount needed, $400.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

CASE 85.

Mother Deserted Him.

Nobody has ever asked Mat, who is only 6, what he wants for Christmas. Nobody has ever cared. The only kindness he has ever known was that of a foster mother in whose care he was placed after his own mother decided she could get along better without him. His foster mother died, leaving him a lonely, unfriendly little chap, who, all unknowingly, alienated people by repeating the language he had heard in his own mother's home. They say it is frightful. So was the life he had to live. Those things will be wiped out when the chance is given him to live in a clean, wholesome environment.

Total amount needed, $400.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

CASE 50.

Fatherless and Motherless.

Fifteen-year-old Mary Miles is fatherless and motherless. Her voice is pitched low, as if fearful that she is intruding upon a world which proved inhospitable and unkind to her parents. She feels she isn't wanted—which isn't true. This Christmas surely the spirit of giving will insure Mary the home and the shelter she needs.

Total amount needed, $400.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

CASE 99.

Aid Gone, Family Suffers.

Mac G. was employed in one of the city's civil service departments. Last January he fell desperately ill. For several months his benefit society helped support the good American home that he and his wife had built up for their three young children. He is no longer eligible for this aid. His wife goes out twice a week to do the kind of work that others used to do for her. The rest of the time she spends nursing Mac and taking care of the home. In six months it is expected that he will be able to return to his duties.

Total amount needed, $450.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 37.

Girl Supports Eight.

Helen, who is 15, works in a flower and feather factory. Every evening she brings home a bundle of wire and petals, which her mother turns into gaily colored blossoms every free moment she has after caring for the five younger children and visiting her sick husband in the hospital. There aren't many of these moments, however; it is Helen who is the real wage earner. She is gay and cheerful at her task. It is only in the darkness of the night that her cramped little spirit calls out that it isn't fair. The Winter is coming on, and she is growing fearful of how she is going to buy the children the things they need.

Total amount needed, $420.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 67.

Parents Leave Taint.

"The evil that men do lives after them." That seems to be the only reason for the lack of normal mental endowment of Helen G. She is 18, but the effects of having lived with an alcoholic mother and father have left their mark on her mind. Today she is being taken care of in a school where efforts are being made to interest her in things of her own age. Her seventeen-year-old sister Grace has been more fortunate in that she has escaped the mental taint. Today she is learning how to be a stenographer. By June she will be ready to take care of herself as well as her sister. Until then she requires money to pay for her board and tuition.

Total amount needed, $210.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4668.)

CASE 31.

Tired of Moving.

"Ain't I ever gonna have a real home, with a Christmas tree and a sled and skates and candy and everything?" It's hard to answer little Owen's question. He is only 8 but he has moved so many times he can't count them. Moving to Owen means more than moving to the ordinary child. It means changing the people he lives with. Owen was taken away from his parents when he was a baby because they didn't want him and didn't want each other. Ever since he has been traveling. Some day a real home will be opened to him. Then, maybe, he will have his wish granted. Just now he needs warm Winter clothing, a pair of shoes, new ones, he hopes, and extra milk to bring back the color to his cheeks which enforced traveling has removed.

Total amount needed, $350.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

CASE 23.

"Wishing" for Healthy Father.

When five-year-old Betty and the boys of four, two and ten months huddle together in bed, where they are placed by their mother for warmth, the two oldest play a game called "Wishing." Betty begins with "daddy with a lantern," which means that she is asking that her father, who used to be a miner when he was well, should be strong and healthy again. Ned pipes up with "Rockin' chair for Muddy," which tells how greatly he misses the songs his mother used to croon to him. Big Lem, who was injured while at work, used to hide his head in his pillow when he heard them at this game. He is at the

---

Total amount needed, $400.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 3200.)

Hoover's Little Sons Send $300.

One of the most interesting letters accompanying a contribution received yesterday was one forwarding $300 from the two young sons of Herbert Hoover, showing that despite Mr. Hoover's long preoccupation with the ills of Europe, troubles nearer to home were not overlooked in his household. The letter follows:

42 Broadway, Dec. 20, 1920.

Dear Sir: The inclosed two checks for $300 represent one-half of the savings of two small boys, Herbert Hoover Jr. and Allan Hoover. They have asked that this sum be applied toward relieving Case 90 of your neediest cases, as they were particularly touched by the appeal of this case.

The other half of their savings they are devoting to the relief of the starving children in Central and Eastern Europe. Sincerely yours,

CHRISTIAN A. HERTER,
Secretary to Mr. Hoover.

Seven-year-old Nancy S. Seely brought to THE TIMES this letter:

December.

Dear Editor of NEW YORK TIMES:

I Read case 31 in THE TIMES on Dec. 10 of Little 8 Year old Owen With No Home at all. He is Just a Year older Than I and I Feel very very sorry for The Little Fellow and I would Like To give 5 Dollars But I can only afford 2 Dollars But if You Would Tell me where He lives I could Do someing else for The poor Little child. I live In The country and I could send a Bag or a Barral of apples or a Bushel of carrots as The Year goes on But for chrismas I would Like To send Him a Box of candy and a Horn and a John Martin Book if you will send The address of Him From Nancy S. Seely, Pleasantville, N. Y.

From one who herself once was in the class of the Hundred Neediest came this communication:

108 East 17th St.
New York City.

To THE NEW YORK TIMES
For
The Hundred Neediest Cases Xmas Fund.

Enclosed is the Widow's Mite, ten dollars, in grateful remembrance of Christmas, 1908, when undernourished, crippled, husband ill, and two little children to care for I was in the class of the 100, and good Samaritans came in made the last Christmas we were to have together rich with material blessings. Husband left one other planes three weeks later and Beatrice and Veronica joined him, and one of my dearest memories is that last Christmas, when every material need was met and the little ones gladdened by the new toys Santa Claus left and the Christmas tree they helped papa to dress, as Santa had so much to do, they must help!

My prayer is that the sum needed and more will be realized from it. Is more than anyone can know a true way to celebrate the season. "He that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord."

Beatrice and Veronica's Mother.

C. M. HALE., 108 East 17th St.

This one came from a taxicab driver:

New York, Dec. 20, 1920.

NEW YORK TIMES:

After reading about those 100 N. C. I left a letter with a P. O. order No. 698901 of $50 in memory of my wife at your office at Times Square last Saturday afternoon. Being unable to point out any special case as all seemed to be in need of help I left distribution to your judgment. Enclosed you will find a P. O. order of $25 to apply on any one as you may deem fit, and please acknowledge receipt of both donations. I hope by working a little longer daily to be able to send another contribution.

TAXI DRIVER 502.

Here are interesting extracts from a few others:

Mrs. M. L. Kendall, Walpole, N. H.: "I cannot choose out of the dreadfulness—Please use it as you think best."

Mr. M.: "Enclosed please find check for $10.50. This is the result of a raffle of a cake baked for that purpose."

Louis A. Shapiro, 115 Broadway: "Enclosed you will find a small contribution. This contribution is from a little girl who has everything she desires."

Charles K. Carson: "Enclosed please find small check from my little son, whom Santa will visit, to little ones he thinks he obliged to forget these trying times."

Gertrude Gill Grigg: "I enclose only a drop in the bucket. Hoping the bucket will so overflow that this may go toward helping the Hundred Neediest."

Lillah B. Vendryes: "Each case as I read seems in one way or another just as heartbreakingly pitiful as the previous one. This is all I can afford but it is sent with a heart full of sympathy and a prayer that your splendid appeal will bring forth unprecedented success."

John Meckley of Jefferson, Pa., cut out the Hundred Neediest poem by Caroline Bisphan Bispham published in this newspaper, endorsed it "Amen"; and attached his contribution.

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO NEEDIEST CASES

Contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases yesterday totaled $8,164.54, bringing the total for the eleven days up to $61,434.77. They were received as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES....	**$6,011.04**
Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.....	**549.50**
Charity Organization Society..	**1,120.50**
State Charities Aid Association	**214.50**
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities..	**$69.00**
Total	**$8,164.54**
Previously reported.....	**$53,270.23**
Total	**$61,434.77**

Contributions received direct through The New York Times:

Abbey, H.....	$1	Carson, C. K.....	3
Ackerman, F. D., Scenic Studios, Inc.	25	Carter, P. E.....	10
A friend	2	Carrie, E. S.....	5
A friend	6	Carpenter, H. G....	5
A friend	5	Callmeyer, V. F. and M. L.....	13
A friend	5	Cash	1
A friend	5	Chase, E. S.....	10
A friend	2	Chadwick, E. K..	15
A friend	2	Chapin, Mrs. C. G.	10
A friend	2	Chisolm, K.	10
A friend in old Maryland	10	C. G.....	25
A. J.	5	C. L.....	2
Alice and Granville Allen, Alice	10	C. W.....	25
Alexander, S. & L..	4	Clark, Mrs. I. B..	25
Alberson, W. L....	100	Class No. 5, Bay Ridge H. S.....	3.06
Amory, F. A.....	20	Clarke, Mrs. A....	100
Annie and Phyllis..	100	Corrigan, Mr. and Mrs. J. W.....	100
Anonymous	10	Conkling, H. C....	15
Anonymous	21	Coen, Dr. J. M....	5
Anonymous	5	Cornell, A. Y.....	5
Anonymous	25	Coleman, Mrs. D..	5
Anonymous	1,000	Crane, B.	10
Anonymous	5	Cranz, F. E.....	5
Anonymous	5	Curran, T. F.....	5
Anonymous	25	Curren, J. F.....	10
Anonymous	10	Davidson, D.....	15
Anonymous	10	Deuser, S. E.....	5
Anonymous	1	Dieckmann, R. L...	5
Anonymous	25	Diggs, D. M.....	5
Anonymous	10	Dodsworth, E. T..	10
Anonymous	50	Dunning, C. A....	15
Anonymous	10	Dunn, Mrs. A. J..	5
Anonymous	20	E. B. Q.....	10
Anonymous	1	E. C.	10
Anonymous	25	E. C. R.....	10
Anonymous	25	26th and Maygaret	10
Anonymous	5	Egleston, C.....	5
Anonymous	2	E. J.	5
Arnold, T. J.....	10	Elmore, Mr. and Mrs. G. O.....	50
A. S.....	5	Ellis, M. R.....	10
Ash, Mrs. Eva.....	25	Ely, R.	25
Atwood, H.....	10	E. L. P.....	5
Atwood, L. E.....	10	E. L. G.....	2
A. V. E.....	5	E.M.C. and P.V.C..	4
Baby Hugh	5	Employes, So. Pac. Co.....	40.50
Baby Joseph	2	E. N. W.....	5
Barber, D.....	50	E. N.	5
B. C. P.....	5	Behrens, Manfred and Leonard.....	10
Bechold, A. L.....	5	Etherington, Mrs. W. F.....	25
B. F. C.....	25	Evans, F. H.....	5
B. G. H.....	5	E. V. N.....	10
Biesenthal, S. B..	30	E. W.	1
Bill, C. A.....	5	Finch, H. L.....	10
Bill	2	Flint, G. A.....	100
Bischoff, Mrs. H..	25	Fougner, H.....	25
Blumgart, Dorothy, Rose and Louise.	25	F. P. F.....	5
Blair, M. B.....	10	Frank, Jerry and John	5
Block, I.....	50	Freedman, R. E....	1
Brewen	5	From Bronx.....	1
Briggs, Miss A. B..	10	From a friend.....	1
Burritt, E.	10	Friend	10
Bunnell, E. M.....	10	F. W. O. C.....	5
Cash (W. W. M.)..	10	F. W. P.....	5
Cahn, R.	2	G. B.	1
Caldwell, G. F....	10	Geddes, L. B.....	10
Gilbert, Mrs.			
Gilfillan, R. C....	10		
Goldsmith, L. A...	25		
Grigg, G. G.....	5		
Greig, C. H.....			
Griffin, H. S.....	10		
Grambger, M. A....			
Groer, ...			
Graves, Miss J. M.	5		
G. B. C.....			
Greenhalgh, E. F.	10		
G. W. H.....			
Hamilton, L. J....			
Hale, C.	10		
Hall, ...			
Hastins, Mrs. H...			
Hales, M. F.....	10		
Hayes, W.	10		
Hays, E. R.....	5		
Harrington, ...			
Harrison, C. C....			
Hastings, Mrs. E.			
H. B. and G. W. A.			
H. B. M.....	10		
H. B. W.....	10		
Healy, T. J.....	5		
Hershey, M. S.....	20		
Helnie	5		
Herrick, J., Jr....	10		
Hermann, J. H. G.	10		
H. H. and C.....	5		
Hirschbach, M.....	5		
Hone, B. J.....			
Hoover, Herbert Jr.	150		
Hoover, Allan.....	150		
Hutzler, M. D.....	2		
Hugus, B. B.....	5		
Hoyler, D.....	100		
I. A. M.....	1		
I. K.....	1		
Ingenthon, F.....	2		
In memoriam.....	10		
In memoriam, Irwin	2		
In mem. of M. E. F.....	5		
In mem. of J. G. M.....	10		
In mem. of Fred. G. Z.....	1		
In memo. of M. Battle	10		
In mem. of P. Hohn	3		
In mem of E. M. T.	10		
In mem. of our little grandson, W. Davis Howe	10		
In mem. of M. E. M.....	10		
In mem. of M. J. Walsh	30		
In mem. of L.T.H.	10		
In mem. of C. G. C. B. G., A. Z. G.....	15		
In mem. of two dear mothers.....	5		
Iseman, H.....	5		
I. W.....	5		
Jaffa, F. S.....	5		
Jenne, K. S.....	20		
Jeanne and Claire.	10		
J. F.....	5		
J. G.....	1		
J. G. B. and N. T. B.....	5		
J. H. A., in gratitude	5		
Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. N. C.....	5		
Jolliffe, R. M. J..	10		
Jones, R. L.....	10		
Joseph, Mrs. I. A.	2		
Jones, E. P.....	2		
Johnson, T.....	2		
"K."	10		
K. M.....	1		
Kastner, J.....	2.50		
Kappelman, E. L..	25		
Katz, Mrs. S.....	10		
Kaufman, G.....	10		
K. A. M.....	2		
Kendall, Mrs. M. L.	3		
Kearsley, Mrs. W. K.....	5		
K. H. G.....	10		
Kilbourne, R. E...	1		
Kirby, J. H. C...	10		
Kleban, M. H.....	10		
Kreut	5		
Kuehler, G. W....	50		
Kuhn, J. L.....	5		
Lane, C. B.....	25		
Langdon, A.....	5		
Lawton, Dr. B. E.	5		
La B.....	2		
Levy, R.....	10		
L. E. F.....	1		
Lewis, A. C.....	75		
Levine, N. J.....	10		
L. G. M.....	5		
L. G. D.....	10		
Lichtenstein, J. B.	10		
Lilienthal, S.....	10		
Little Tondle	2		
L. J.....	5		
L. M.....	50		
Lorsch, A.....	10		
Lowry, M. C.....	15		
Logan, N. L.....	2		
Ludowieg, A.....	5		
McAvoy, M. A.....	3		
McCallister, the Misses	5		
McCarroll, W.....	4		
McCarthy, Mrs. L. A.....	50		
McGivire, A. T....	10		
McKnight, P. R....	10		
McManus, L. E....	3		
Marshall, E. L....	5		
Maidment, E. F....	5		
Margot	5		
Mays, M. R.....	10		
Mayer, H. R.....	10		
M. A. C.....	2		
Martorelli, H. D..	5		
Mayers, Barbara..	5		
Mansfield, T. P..	5		
M. C. A.....	10		
M. E. L.....	10		
M. F. M.....	1		
Meckley, J.....	1		
Mellon, D. G.....	5		
Mitchell, V. L....	2		
Miss A.....	100		
Miss M. M.....	100		
Morton, Mrs. G....	5		
Mosher, C. P.....	5		
M. S. M.....	5		
M. F. L.....	1		
Murphy, Mrs. G. M. P.....	100		
Mulley, A.	5		
Mulley, F. H.....	5		
Newton, F. H.....	10		
Nelson, H. M.....	5		
Neuffer, Miss A. H.	5		
Newbauer, Mrs. W. C.	5		
Newhouse, Mrs. S. S.	10		
No name	5		
Norton, C.	5		
Ogden, Mrs. O. W.	25		
Ogden, H.	10		
O'Reilly, T.....	5		
Parrish, D. M....	10		
Pan Beta Mu Kappa (Inc.)	10		
Palmer, H.	5		
Porterfield, Miss..	5		
Planten, R. S.....	25		
Porter, J. M.....	2		
Pomeroy, C.	5		
Poppenhusar, B.L.	10		
Pott, James	5		
Price, D.....	5		
Publishers Printing Co.....	100		
Burdum, Mrs. J.W.	10		
Rapf, R.	5		
R. C. D.....	5		
Recht, R.	25		
Reynolds, Mrs. E.	2		
Reiss, J. J.....	5		
Riesenberg, H....	5		
Rice, Miss C.....	10		
R. J.	2		
R. M.	25		
Rose, I. J.....	10		
Roberts, R. McC..	5		
Ros, W. B.....	5		
Room 703, T. C. C.	5		
Rosenberg, C. H..	5		
Room 8, Bay Ridge H. S.....	3.48		
R. T. C.....	5		
Rudisill, I.....	10		
Salmond, J.....	10		
Saloman, M. A....	10		
S.	4		
Schnell, E. S.....	4		
Schmabach, B. V..	25		
Schiller, R.	5		
Schmidlin, G.....	5		
Schwerin, S.....	10		
Schleit, A. O.....	3		
Schmid, R. H.....	5		
Seals, A. J.....	10		
Sener	5		
Seabury, R.	10		
S. F. M.....	5		
Shane, R. S.....	2.50		
Sherwood, Mr. and Mrs. J. L.....	25		
Shapiro, L. A.....	5		
Shapin, S.	5		
Sheldon, B.	20.50		
Simon, R.	5		
Sloane, H. P.....	25		
Smith, Mrs. B. S..	5		
Smalley, L. J.....	5		
Smith, F. D.....	5		
Snyder, C. A.....	5		
Somerville, J.....	5		
Spritzer, H.	10		
Spier, C. L.....	5		
Spill, F.....	10		
Steinfeld, A.....	10		
Stellwagen, F. L..	10		
Strauss, Mrs. B...	1		
Stiner, M.....	10		
Stern, F. W.....	10		
Stephens, W. C....	10		
Stephens, T. C....	10		
Stephens, E. C....	10		
Strauss, F. A.....	10		
Stephens, Mrs. F. W. K.	5		
Stabb, T. E.....	5		
Strauss, H. & R..	10		
Sundheimer, Mrs. I.	1		
Sweet, Mrs. Mary E.	5		
Sweetser, J. A....	10		
S. W. Jr.....	100		
Tacoma Friends....	5		
Taintor, S. A....	5		
Terru, F.....	5		
Thomson, Mrs. A. L.	10		
The Twins, Edwin and Jean.....	2		
The Widow's Mite.	1		
Tiffany, R.....	5		
Tompkins, O. D....	10		
Traub, Mrs.	5		
Trube, M. F.....	10		
Two Sisters.....	10		
Typaldos, G. Z....	5		
Vedrines, E. B....	5		
Visscher, B. L....	5		
V. S. L.....	5		
Washburn, Mr. and Mrs. W. I.....	100		
Waltz, W. I.....	25		
Wahepdil Club.....	5		
Waxman, N.	10		
Waysworth, F. V...	3		
Watson, H. A.....	10		
Ward, C. G.....	10		
Waterbury, B. B..	5		
Watson, Peter.....	10		
West, Mr. and Mrs. H. L.....	5		
Weller, M. G.....	25		
Weller, A. Y.....	5		
Whetmugh, Miss J.	5		
Whyte, M. L.....	10		
Whitney, G. T.....	2.50		
Whiting, S.....	5		
Wiener, Mrs. R....	5		
Williams, J. R....	10		
Willard, C. T.....	25		
Wm's, A.	10		
Wilson, M.....	5		
Will, M. L.....	25		
Williams, Grace & Nellie	5		
W. L. W.....	100		
W. N. P. C.....	10		
Woodbridge, G. W.	5		
Wright, W. L.....	5		
Total	$6,011.04		

Contributions received through the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:

A friend	$1	Lawrence, Mrs.	
Ahend, H.	50	John L.	50
Badge, Florence L.	5	Low, Mary	3
Bines, Miss M. F.	30	L. S. R.....	10
De Long, Mary Mc.		Mayschless, G.F.	2
Gill	5	Mrs. G. M. S.....	2
Duke, the Misses..	10	M. R.	2
Eidlitz, Ella. W...	5	Milford, H. W.....	5
E. F.	5	Mrs. H. Mrs. A. A.	5
Gwynne, Miss Alice	10	Paris, Irving	5
Halsey, Miss K. T.	20	Peck, Sarah N.....	5
H. G. C.....	10	Platt, Margaret S.	25
Hop, Albert A....	5	Rose, John	25
Hotchkiss, E. S...	50	Roper, Eleanor....	2
"In His Name"...	3	Russell, Genevieve.	3
In memory of a dear babe	2	Smith, Courtland..	25
In memory of little Sally	5	Suarez, Mrs. J. A..	5
In memory of Mrs. Anna H. Field...	15	Taylor, Miss A....	5
J. F.	2	Watson, Mrs. O....	5
Klug, Hertha	10	W. L. K.....	5
		Young, Murray	50
		Young, Mrs. A. Murray	60
		Total.....	$349.50

Contributions received through the Charity Organizations Society:

A. D.....	$2	Johnson, Louis....	$5
A Friend.....	25	Jones, A. K.....	660
A Sympathiser.....	1	Moy, Miss M. J.	10
Bennet, Miss M..	10	M. D. F.....	5
Blair, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph P.....	50	M. L. F.....	5
Buchanan, Louise.	1	M. W. L.....	5
Cash	1	Neville, J. A.....	5
Cash	2	Newberg, Caroline.	20
Davis, Lee L.....	25	Ogden, Charles W.	10
Ellis, Neuman.....	25	Payson, George H.	100
Frazier, Harriette R and Gertrude..	30	Peck, Miles S. N...	25
From "Porch Club"	5	Pittenhouse, J. B.	2
Geono, C. D.....	2	Rogers, John.....	20
Green, Mrs. Henry.	35	Simon, Sam.....	10
Gwynne, Alice.....	10	Three Little Children	2
In Memory of My Husband	5	Wells, O. J.....	10
Total		Wiley, Mr. and Mrs. John H...	2.50
		Total.....	$1,120.50

Contributions received through the State Charities Aid Association:

A. A. A.....	$5	Kirk, Edward G..	$4
A friend	1	Mary Elizabeth....	2
A sympathizer.....	1	Millus, Gay Jr....	50
De Forest, Miss M.	10	Roger, John	20
For love of Junior.	3	Rushing, Miss H.	10
Gleason, Karl	2	Ulville, J. A.....	2
Huntington, Miss Amy Lou	100	Wand, Charles and Martha	1
Kemmy, Mrs. Clara F.	3.50	Total.....	$214.50

Contributions received through the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:

A. V.	$2	Gomph, Anna M..	$4
Anonymous	10	Hathaway, Louise L.	5
Anonymous	10	Langdon, C. B....	10
Anonymous	1	McEmer, Miss	5
Blasch, Beatrice B.	100	Perry, George K..	2
Brandt, Matilda....	1	Shipley, O. M....	5
Brinkerhoff, A. G.	5	Terry, Mrs. John T., Jr.....	20
Cooper, E. J.....	5	Wiley, Mr. and Mrs. J. H.....	5
Dale, Mrs. M.....	2	Winship, Daisy....	10
Frasier, H. R. and G. M.....	25	Total.....	$269
A friend	5		
Gleason, Karl	2		

W. G. McAdoo's Sister Dies Suddenly

Mrs. Rosalie McAdoo O'Neale, wife of James S. Saunders O'Neale of 714 West 114th Street and sister of former Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo, died suddenly Wednesday night about 10 o'clock of heart disease. She had just left a lecture in a building at 110th Street and Fifth Avenue when she collapsed and died almost immediately.

Duke of the Abruzzi Goes to Africa.

NAPLES, Dec. 22.—The Duke of the Abruzzi, cousin of King Victor Emmanuel, sailed from here today for agadoxo, Italian Somaliland, being called to that country in the interest of a company formed to manage cotton and wheat farms.

Operation for Senator Chamberlain.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Physicians attending Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, who has been ill in a hospital here since early in the week, decided late today that an operation would be necessary. The operation will be performed, it was said, either tomorrow or Saturday.

SOCIAL NOTES

In New York.

Bernard M. Baruch of 6 West Fifty-second Street is at his hunting lodge, near Georgetown, S. C.

Baroness de Cartier, who has been stopping at the Ritz-Carlton since her return from Europe, will go to Washington today to join the Belgian Ambassador, Baron Cartier, for Christmas.

Mrs. Wm. P. Hardenburgh will give a small dance this evening at her home, 10 East Sixty-fourth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis A. Biddle, who recently returned from Paris, are stopping at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mrs. Edward H. Ripley is in Washington for a brief visit and is staying at the Hotel Lafayette. Mrs. Ripley, Miss Pauline Riggs, Frederick C. Howe and Harold Phelps Stokes are also guests.

Mrs. Luther Bardett Little, who was in Roosevelt Hospital for several months in consequence of a severe accident, is convalescing at her home, 55 East Ninety-third Street.

Mrs. C. Van Rensselaer Cogswell will give a dance for her débutante daughter, Miss Molly Van Rensselaer Cogswell, at the Ritz-Carlton this evening.

Dr. Cassius Lopes de Victoria of this city left yesterday to spend the Christmas holidays at St. Augustine and Palm Beach, Fla. He expects to return on Jan. 4.

Henry G. W. Dinkenspiel, Siamese Consul at San Francisco, has come to this city with his family and is stopping at the Biltmore over the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Sabin will entertain this evening at a dinner followed by a dance.

Mr. and Mrs. Irving T. Bush will give a reception and dance for Miss Hope Bush and her young friends at the Bush Terminal Building on Monday evening. Supper will be served from 9 to

IN SQUASH TENNIS

Harvard, Columbia and Yale Clubs Complete First Half of Season in Deadlock.

JAY GOULD DEFEATS HYDE

Wins Spectacular Battle of Class A Experts—Kidde Beats Dana and Coward Conquers Bull.

METROPOLITAN LEAGUE SQUASH TENNIS STANDING, CLASS A.

Club.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Harvard	3	1	.750
Columbia	3	1	.750
Yale	3	1	.750
Crescent A. C.	1	3	.250
Princeton	0	4	.000

The first half of the squash tennis tournament for the Class A championship of the Metropolitan League ended yesterday afternoon with three teams tied for first position. This triple tie came about principally through an unexpected defeat of the Harvard Club by the Columbia Club seven, while the Yale Club advanced at the expense of the Crescent Athletic Club. The Harvard Club racquet wielders not only lost to Columbia, after having defeated the three other teams in the league, but acknowledged defeat by the surprisingly one-sided score of 6 matches to 1. Columbia's overwhelming victory was distinguished especially by two spectacular matches, in which Jay Gould administered to F. Van S. Hyde his first defeat in an important match in several seasons of tournament play, and Frank Kidde won from Anderson Dana, the No. 3 man on the national ranking list, in three brilliantly played games. The Yale Club conquered Crescent by the same score of 6 matches to 1.

The Harvard, Columbia and Yale clubs have now won three games each and lost one, which makes a much more exciting and interesting race than seemed probable when Harvard, with a wealth of excellent material, was setting so fast a pace in the early stages of the tournament. The Class A players will be idle until after the holidays, and the second round of the tournament will start Jan. 13 and continue through Feb. 10.

The meeting of Gould and Hyde yesterday was particularly significant in that it brought together the two men who, as prospects shape up in the first half of the season, appear to have the best chance for national championship honors. The present champion, Auguste V. Cordier of the Yale Club, has not been at his best thus far in the season, though he gave indications in his victory for the Yale Club over Baxter of Crescent yesterday that he is fast rounding into form, after the setback entailed by his long illness. Appel and Winston have not been playing this season, and of the topnotchers remaining active Gould, who ranked No. 4 last season, and Hyde, No. 6, have been displaying the best form.

Gould Outlasts Opponent.

Gould won yesterday in three hectic games, scoring 18—14, 11—15, 15—9. This was veritably a battle of squash tennis Titans. Both played magnificently and it was not until the late stages of the third game that there was definite indication of the ultimate winner. Hyde had made a fine pull-up in this game from 5—9 to 9—all, but the effort seemed to sap some of his strength, while Gould continued to play strongly and, taking advantage of his opponent's relaxation of effort, ran out the points that spelled victory. The match was remarkable for its demonstration of the brilliant getting ability of both players. Both made marvelous recoveries of shots that were all but unplayable. Both revealed astonishing dexterity of wrist, especially in backhand stroking. Each played the other's backhand to a large extent and with honors even in the skill with which they handled the shots.

Play was tremendously fast in every rally. Despite the brilliancy of the exchanges, most of the points were short, sharp and decisive. There was considerable interference, but this was an unavoidable result of the swiftness of the shooting. Gould won by outlasting his opponent and continuing at the top of his form to the end, as already stated. Hyde tired a bit from his efforts.

The first game required 19 innings for completion. Hyde made a flying start, scoring five aces in his first hand, but after that Gould gradually forged to the front. They were tied at 7—all, but Gould then drew up to 13—7, whereupon Hyde, waging an uphill battle, set the game five hands later at 13—10. Gould then ran through the extra points with the loss of but a single ace. The second game was also even up to 10—all. Hyde then assumed the lead, with admirable position play leading to well earned aces. He won the game, 15—11.

In the rubber, Gould retained but eight hands to win. He had two high runs of 4 and scored 3 in another inning. Play was fast and furious, with Hyde contesting every point bitterly. After his pull-up from 5—9 to 9—all, however, his work fell off a trifle and he missed two shots in particular that should have been easy for him. This seemed to encourage Gould to renewed efforts and he ran the game and the match out by scoring 6 aces in his next two hands.

A Question of Endurance.

The Kidde-Dana match settled into a question of endurance in the third game, and the Columbia man stood the test better. In skill they were equally matched. Kidde won the first game at 15—10 and led in the second at 13—8, when Dana started a rally, set the game at 13, and then pulled out the victory at 18—14. His effort tired him, and the effect was to give the Montclair lawn tennis expert just enough of an edge to nose out Dana in the third game at 15—12.

Others who won points for the Columbia Club were Putnam, Keeler, Mahan and Bulkley. Putnam had a hot three-game encounter with Morrison, and Mahan, the lawn tennis player and former Columbia Club squash champion, defeated Grinnell at 15—7, 10—15, 15—10. Tomes was the sole Harvard Club winner of the afternoon. He defeated Marvin in straight games. The Columbia Club team's victory seemed the more impressive yesterday in that the Blue and White seven, though then minus the services of Gould and Kidde, had lost to the Yale Club the preceding week by a score of 7 to 0.

The Yale crescent meeting furnished a surprise in Thomas Coward's defeat of C. M. Bull Jr. by scores of 15—11, 12—15, 15—1. Coward, who has had a meteoric rise to the forefront of squash tennis players this season, showed considerable improvement in service and position play and exhibited the dazzling speed he has employed all season. The longer the Yale Club man played the faster he played, until finally, in the third game, he fairly overwhelmed the Crescent expert. He allowed his more experienced opponent but a single ace in the rubber game. His was a sensational demonstration of hard hitting, speedy footwork and good court tactics.

The national champion, Cordier, allowed Baxter of Crescent but four points in their two games. Cordier played his best squash of the season thus far, looking more like the champion of a year ago than at any other time since his illness. Fink won the only Crescent victory. He defeated Livingston Platt by scores of 18—16, 15—10, coming from behind to win the opener after a nip-and-tuck struggle. The second game was more decisive, Fink's command of the angles being too complete for his adversary. MacGuire, Stern and Wainwright won for the Yale Club in straight games, while Baker won by default.

The summaries:

Columbia Club 6, Harvard Club 1.

Jay Gould, Columbia, defeated F. Van S. Hyde, Harvard, 18—14, 11—15, 15—9; Frank Kidde, Columbia, defeated Anderson Dana, Harvard, 15—10, 14—18, 15—12; E. W. Putnam, Columbia, defeated P. M. Morrison, Harvard, 15—12, 10—15, 17—16; F. S. Keeler, Columbia, defeated F. S. Whitlock, Harvard, 15—9, 15—7; Lyle E. Mahan, Columbia, defeated L. I. Grinnell, Harvard, 15—7, 10—15, 15—10; Duncan Bulkley, Columbia, defeated J. A. Richards, Harvard, 15—11, 11—15, 15—11; A. H. Tomes, Harvard, defeated A. L. Marvin, Columbia, 15—12, 15—7.

Yale Club 6, Crescent A. C. 1.

Thomas Coward, Yale, defeated C. M. Bull Jr., Crescent, 15—11, 12—15, 15—1; R. E. Fink, Crescent, defeated Livingston Platt, Yale, 18—16, 15—10; C. J. MacGuire, Yale, defeated C. W. Dingee, Crescent, 15—8, 15—8; Auguste J. Cordier, Yale, defeated Andrew Baxter Jr., Crescent, 15—1, 15—3; H. R. Stern, Yale, defeated N. F. Torrance, Crescent, 15—1, 15—1; Stuyvesant Wainwright Jr., Yale, defeated M. M. Sterling, Crescent, 15—5, 15—3; D. S. Baker, Yale, won from J. W. Ivins, Crescent, by default.

STEINBUGLER BEATS UNGER.

Takes Match in National Class C Billiard Tourney by 150 to 127.

STANDING IN NATIONAL CLASS C BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

Player.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
F. A. Unger	3	1	.750
G. Spear	3	1	.750
S. Brussel	2	1	.667
J. M. Lewis Jr.	2	2	.500
C. J. Steinbugler	2	2	.500
J. R. Johann	1	3	.250
Claude Lewis	0	4	.000

Playing much the best billiards that he has shown this season in competition, Charles Steinbugler last night defeated Ferdinand A. Unger in the Class C 18.2 balkline tournament for the national championship of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players which is being staged at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn. The score was 150 to 127 in favor of Steinbugler. It was Unger's first defeat in the tournament. He has been prancing along on the ivory highway as if he meant to gallop in with the title tacked to the end of his cue, but last night's defeat involved him in a tie with George Spear for the lead, each of these players having won three games and lost one. Steinbugler, on the other hand, advanced to a tie for fourth place with J. M. Lewis Jr., each having split even in four matches played.

Last night's match was one of the most interesting that has been played in the tournament to date. Steinbugler started as if he meant to make a runaway match of it. By the end of the sixteenth inning he was leading, 98 to 43. Unger had been unable to find his stroke and had missed many easy shots. He then found himself, however, and in the next six innings he collected 74 points. Steinbugler had been going along fairly steadily in the meantime and in spite of this burst of speed by his opponent was still in the van, the score standing 123 to 112. Unger had pulled up to within striking distance, but was unable to overhaul Steinbugler, and the latter finally won by a margin of 23 buttons.

PRIMAKOW IS VICTOR.

Defeats La Rue in Three-Cushion Billiard Tourney by 25 to 18.

Joseph Primakow blossomed forth at John Doyle's Academy last night as a contender for the national three-cushion championship of the American Amateur Billiard Association. He defeated George LaRue in the preliminary round of the title event by a score of 25 to 18 in thirty-nine innings. Each player had a high run of three.

Primakow, it will be recalled, was somewhat of a sensation in local amateur three-cushion ranks last season. He was suddenly called out of town on business, however, and not much has been heard of him since. As a matter of fact, he has had very little opportunity to practice this year, but has shown such impressive form in his work thus far that there are many who concede him at least a fair chance of cueing his way into the front rank this season.

Last night Primakow got away to a bad start. He was unable to find himself and at the end of the twentieth inning the score stood 14 to 10 in favor of LaRue. It was then that Primakow used skillful safety play and completely stopped his opponent. In the last nineteen innings of the game Primakow scored fifteen points while LaRue was making but four.

Harry Frantzen and R. J. Smith will meet in tonight's game. The Primakow-LaRue game completed the first round.

The standing of the players follows:

Player.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
J. Primakow	1	0	1.000
C. Adair	1	0	1.000
H. Fritsch	1	0	1.000
F. Owles	1	0	1.000
H. Frantzen	0	1	.000
G. La Rue	0	1	.000
L. Basel	0	1	.000
R. Smith	0	1	.000

ZIVIC TO TURN PRO.

Olympic Boxer Will Meet Young in Christmas Day Bout.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 23.—Pete Zivic, who was a member of the United States boxing team at the Olympic games, will turn professional here on Christmas afternoon when he meets Patsy Young in one of the preliminaries of the Harry Greb-Jeff Smith bout.

Zivic, who is a bantamweight, was one of the most consistent amateur winners in the Pittsburgh district. He was defeated at the Olympic games in the final bouts of his class.

Olympic Star to Be Married.

SPOKANE Wash., Dec. 23.—Carl Johnson, member of the American Olympic track team and captain last season of the University of Michigan track team, announced today his retirement from active participation in track sports. He is to be married here Dec. 30.

Scores 95 Points in Basketball.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Dec. 23.—What is believed to be the record score in this section of the country for a basketball game of regulation time is that made by the Glens Falls High School here tonight in a game against the Granville High School. The Glens Falls players won by a score of 95 to 7.

IN INTERCITY BOUTS

Take First Prizes in Two of the Three Classes—Lindon Captures the Other.

Visiting amateur boxers carried off the premier prize in but one of the three classes in which they participated last night in the amateur ring tournament held at the Crescent A. C., Brooklyn. In this departure from the rule, it happened that two out-of-town lads were rivals in the same final bout. They were Billy Lindon of the Willow A. C., Pittsburgh, and Jimmy Russell of the Stillman A. C., Boston. After three interesting rounds the judges disagreed, but Referee Eddie Forbes declared in favor of the Pittsburgher, without ordering an extra round.

The decision was manifestly just, although there were some dissenters in the crowd which packed the New Moon gymnasium. Lindon, a tall, rangy lad, while not a particularly hard or accurate puncher, nevertheless did the bulk of the leading and landed oftener than his rival in the first two rounds. In the third session, Russell uncorked a rally which for a time carried Lindon away, but the Hub lad suddenly subsided and Lindon, dancing in and out with an annoying left hand jab and occasionally crossing a right which landed high, carried off the honors.

Lindon accomplished a surprising victory in his first bout of the evening by a similar style of attack. The victim in this instance was Jack Stark of the Bronxdale A. C., metropolitan champion at the weight. The local title-holder found Lindon a particularly difficult target to hit, and, in evading Stark's blows, Lindon landed often enough to accumulate a margin in points over the local champion.

Singer and Bradley Win.

The victors in the two other classes in which inter-city matches were conducted were Willie Singer of the Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A., a promising southpaw youngster, and Jack Bradley of the Pastime A. C. Singer carried off the premier prize in the 115-pound class, after going through two of the most spectacular bouts of the evening. In his first match, the lad who is being piloted by Nat Oak engaged Robert Honeyford of Pittsburgh. This contest went to an extra round after the judges had disagreed at the end of the customary three sessions and at the clang of the gong after the fourth stanza another disagreement was announced. Referee Forbes, however, gave the award to Singer.

In the other semi-final round bout, Murray Schwartz of the Clark House A. A. advanced to the final flight through a victory in three rounds over Fred Sataraile of Boston.

Through the final, Singer and Schwartz fought in hurricane fashion. Both slugged freely in the opening round and several times it appeared as if Singer would be flattened. The Y. M. H. A. youngster, however, recuperated quickly and retaliated with an assortment of hard rights and lefts which robbed Schwartz of much of his speed. Near the bell Singer connected with a hard right which sent Schwartz sprawling. Through the second session the action lagged, but Singer's puzzling southpaw style proved difficult for Schwartz and the latter was unable to accomplish anything effective. The final round was a repetition of the first, both slugging freely, with Singer, though weary, several times shaking his foe and carrying off the laurels of the bout.

Gains Award Easily.

Bradley, after gaining a decision in three rounds over James Rivesto of Pittsburgh, clashed with Ed Watters of Boston, in the final for the prize in the 145-pound division. The Brazilian Cross wearer fought a cautious well-planned battle, and easily gained the judges' award.

One of the best bouts of the night came in the final match of the 135-pound class for local boxers. The principals were Nick Maniero and Phil Bloom of the Bronxdale A. C. Maniero, a sturdy, heavy-hitting lad who possesses a rudimentary knowledge of the finer points of boxing, overwhelmed the clever Bloom and several times had his rival in distress. In the final round, particularly, did Maniero show to advantage. He unleashed a rally in this session which had the crowd yelling wildly for a decisive victory, but Bloom stood up under the punishment and lasted the limit of three rounds. The judges' verdict went to Maniero.

The summaries:

Intercity Classes.

115-Pound Class—W. Singer, Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A., defeated Robert Honeyford, Pittsburgh, four rounds, referee's decision (judges twice disagreed); Murray Schwartz, Clark House A., defeated Fred Sateraile, Boston, three rounds, judges' decision.
Final Bout—Singer defeated Schwartz, three rounds, judges' decision.
125-Pound Class—Jimmy Russell, Boston, defeated Joe Labati, People's Institute, New York, three rounds, judges' decision; Billy Lindon, Pittsburgh, defeated Jack Stark, Bronxdale A. C., three rounds, judges' decision.
Final Bout—Lindon defeated Russell, three rounds, referee's decision (judges disagreed).
145-Pound Class—Edward Watters, Boston, defeated James Cardinelli, Clark House A. A., three rounds, judges' decision; Jack Bradley, Pastime A. C., defeated James Rivesto, Pittsburgh, three rounds, judges' decision.
Final Bout—Bradley defeated Watters, three rounds, judges' decision.

Regular Classes.

118-Pound Class, Novice, Semi-final Round—Steve La March, unattached, defeated H. Sarno, Paulist A. C., one round, referee's decision; F. Pagano, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated Cirigliano, People's Institute, two rounds, referee's decision.
Final Bout—Pagano defeated La March, three rounds, judges' decision.
158-Pound Class, Final Bout—Charles Brannigan, Bronxdale A. C., defeated J. Hanley, Holy Cross Lyceum, three rounds, referee's decision. (Judges disagreed).
135-Pound Class, Semi-final Round—Phil Bloom, Bronxdale A. C., defeated Charles Murray, Bronxdale A. C., one round, referee's decision; Nick Maniero, unattached, defeated M. Weiss, unattached, three rounds, judges' decision.
Final Bout—Maniero defeated Bloom, three rounds, judges' decision.

CITY COLLEGE FIVE WINS.

Lavender Downs Seton Hall, 28 to 22, in Fast Basketball Game.

City College's basketball team added another victory to its string by vanquishing the Seton Hall quintet in a game last night on the C. C. N. Y. court, 28 to 22. The Lavender floor team took an early lead in the first half and was on the long end of a 17 to 14 score when the half ended. A sudden spurt by Seton Hall tied the score shortly after the second period had got under way but City College opened the gap again and held a comfortable lead to the final whistle.

Lamm's foul shooting kept the Lavender floor artists out in front in the early stages of the game. When Seton Hall was detected fouling freely in the opening chapter Lamm took advantage of the fact to toss five out of six tries from the fifteen-foot mark. Flynn contributed a pair of one-hand shots that ran the score up to 11 to 4, but the visitors uncorked a spurt near the midway mark and closed the period only three points behind City College, which led by 17 to 14.

Skillful foul shooting by Donahue at the beginning of the second period allowed Seton Hall to tie the score at 19, but at this stage City College got out in front and stayed there.

In a preliminary game the City College freshmen took the measure of Curtis High School, 35 to 16. The freshmen were never extended to win.

The lineup:

C. C. N. Y. (28).		SETON HALL (22).
Krinsky	L. F.	Fries
Lamm	R. F.	Flynn
Murray	C.	McCann
Raskin	L. G.	Donahue
Feigin	R. G.	Donovan

Goals from field—Krinsky, Lamm (3), Murray (4), Raskin, Klauber, Fries (2), Flynn (2), McCann (2), Donovan (2). Goals from foul—Lamm 7 out of 9, Klauber 1 out of 1, Donahue 6 out of 12.
Substitution—City College: Klauber for Lamm.
Referee—Tom Thorp, Columbia. Umpire—Ed Thorp, De La Salle. Time of halves—20 and 15 minutes.

MONTH'S VACATION

New Champion Decides to Rest Before Resuming Activities in the Ring.

The first day in Joe Lynch's career as bantamweight champion passed without untoward incident. The little west side Irishman, who, on Wednesday night, had scored a clean-cut victory over Pete Herman of New Orleans, conqueror of Kid Williams, spent yesterday in much the same fashion as on previous days when he was just plain, ordinary Joe Lynch, aspiring west side bantamweight, with a powerful right-hand punch and an appreciable knowledge of scientific boxing. As is characteristic of him, Lynch modestly avoided the limelight. He has a select circle of close friends who alternated in playing host to him yesterday, while newspaper men, some of them accompanied by photographers, scouted about town and crowded the little office in the Gaiety Building where Lynch's manager, Eddie Mead, makes his headquarters.

Everybody wanted to see Lynch to felicitate him on the realization of his ambition and to discuss with him the progress of the memorable bout in which he lifted the bantamweight title from Herman's swarthy brow. Photographers besieged Manager Mead's office on the assumption that Lynch would put in an appearance there, but their vigil was in vain. Lynch kept in touch with his manager over the telephone from time to time, modestly, but emphatically, shunning the glare associated with ring champions.

Lynch did not carry a mark from his championship battle. He was about yesterday as fresh as ever and without any telltale evidence of the combat which ended with him in possession of the title. The new champion modestly declined to take credit for his achievement, pointing to Manager Mead and Trainer Connie McCarthy, as the real causes for his triumph. Mead, rotund, jovial and radiating satisfaction and perhaps a little relief now that the goal had been attained, refused to agree with the champion.

Lynch to Take Vacation.

The plans of the new bantamweight king call for a continuance of his ring activities just as soon as he has completed a short vacation. Lynch and Manager Mead hold the opinion that the west sider has earned a rest, and Lynch plans to enjoy the respite. The conqueror of Herman will leave this city soon for Lakewood, where, according to Manager Mead, he will remain for about four weeks. Then Lynen will return to this city to begin the stern business of defending his championship. Mead has in prospect a tour of the country, in which Lynch and Andy Chaney, a featherweight boxer whom Mead is piloting as a prospective successor to Johnny Kilbane, will engage the leading men of their weight in a series of bouts in different sections of the country. Mead, while elated over Lynch's achievement, was principally concerned yesterday with the status of Chaney and the latter's chances to bring a second title to the Mead collection.

"I've had the distinction of piloting one boxer to a championship," said Mead, "but I'm not going to stop with Lynch. I've got Andy Chaney pointed for the featherweight title now, and if there is any chance at all of advancing him nothing will prevent the succession of Chaney to the throne now occupied by the inactive Johnny Kilbane. Chaney has everything a champion should have—boxing skill, combativeness and hitting strength. It remains only to get Kilbane into a ring with him and the title is ours. This, of course, will be a hard task. I have been trying to secure a match for Chaney with the champion for the last year, but am no nearer such a meeting now than before I started. However, I am hopeful and so is Chaney, and we plan to persist until results are produced.

Seeks Kilbane Match.

"Promoter Tex Rickard, of Madison Square Garden, has been trying to arrange a match between Chaney and Billy De Foe, who is regarded as a dangerous contender for the featherweight title. I am prepared to accept terms for such a bout, but as yet there has been no acceptance from De Foe's manager.

"Promoter Rickard has also been trying to get Kilbane to agree to a meeting with Chaney, but in this, too, nothing has developed of a definite nature. I have submitted my terms to Promoter Rickard, as follows: I offered to take 25 or 60 per cent. of the receipts, on a $3 to $15 scale of prices, and I will give Kilbane whatever guarantee he would demand within this sum. As an alternate proposition I have agreed that if Promoter Rickard secures the acceptance of Kilbane to a bout against Chaney the latter will box for $1,000 training expenses."

Manager Mead has been swamped with telegrams of congratulation on Lynch's victory over Herman and offers for bouts in different parts of the country. None of the offers has received serious attention. They have been shunted aside until the business of receiving and returning felicitations is completed. Then the Mead-Lynch combination will give their attention to the many offers submitted to them.

"Lynch will be a fighting champion," said Manager Mead. "But first he must rest. I think the campaign he has just ended entitles him to a little vacation, and Joe feels the same way. After a rest of about four weeks, Lynch will be ready for any and all of them, and this includes Burman, Moore and Tremaine and any others who question his right to the championship. I am not going to pick opponents for the champ. He has boxed them all in his climb to the top, and he will continue along this path. Let the promoters decide who can make the weight and who will attract the greatest crowds in bouts against the champion, and I'll agree for Lynch. We have had plenty of offers for bouts and hundreds of telegrams from Joe's friends all over the country congratulating him on his success, which, I think, indicates that Joe will be a popular champion. One thing is sure, Joe will not go to England to defend his title. The little old U. S. A. is big enough for us."

Herman Sails for England.

Herman, dethroned titleholder, sailed yesterday on the Imperator for London, where he is scheduled to box Jimmy Wilde in a twenty-round bout, under the auspices of Promoter Rube Welch, Jan. 14. The champion was accompanied by his manager, Sammy Goldman, and the latter's wife and baby boy; Trainer Tony Poloxsollo, and Chris Chaney, a New Orleans featherweight, who is billed to box on the same card. Battling Levinsky and his wife were also passengers with Herman. Levinsky is going to England for a bout against Bombardier Wells.

Herman refused to discuss the defeat. Goldman took an optimistic view of the bout, stating that the best man had won and praising Lynch for his superb ability and clean boxing tactics. Herman had signed for the Wilde battle before he signed for the match against Lynch, and the New Orleans Italian was confident he would be in possession of his title when he sailed for Europe. Manager Goldman accounted for Herman's disappointing showing by saying that the former champion had "left his fight in the gymnasium."

Promoter Welch of England cabled Matchmaker Tex O'Rourke of the International Sporting Club that he did not regard the Lynch-Herman battle in the light of a world's championship bout, because of the fact that the men did not box under the rules of the International Boxing Union, which provides for ringside weighing in. This attitude, however, will not be taken seriously on this side of the ocean, since the bout was contested under the rules of the Walker law, embodying the provisions of the Army, Navy and Civilian Board of Boxing Control, which stipulate that boxers must weigh in eight hours before entering the ring.

Pal Moore, Memphis bantamweight, and Jack Sharkey, west side Italian, will clash in the stellar fifteen-round bout at Madison Square Garden next Wednesday night. Arrangements for the match were completed last night by long-distance telephone to Chicago, where Moore is now established. The terms of the bout provide that the two boxers weigh in at 120 pounds at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of the contest.

Panama Joe Gans, colored middleweight, will engage Sailor Darden of Charleston, S. C., in the semi-final ten-round bout, and Earl Baird of Tacoma, Wash., and Tommy Elm, rugged Paterson, N. J., boxer, will clash in the first ten-round bout.

REFEREE SET DOWN FOR THIRTY DAYS

Announcing Wrong Decision Costs Connolly Suspension —131 Licenses Issued.

The Boxing Commission and the License Committee, at their joint session yesterday, played Santa Claus to a host of boxing officials and other exponents of the sport. When the respective heads of the two governing bodies, Joseph Johnson and Larry McGuire, had completed their afternoon's work a total of 131 applications for licenses had been favorably acted upon and that number of boxers, managers, seconds, referees, judges, time keepers and clubs had shared in the bounty of Old Nick as personified by the controlling bodies of the ring sport. In addition two minor cases were disposed of, in one of which Tommy Connolly received a left-handed share of the Yuletide spirit.

Connolly, an up-State arbiter, was set down for thirty days for failure immediately to rectify a mistake which occurred in a bout at which he officiated. The battle in question was between Walter Laureate and Ruble Cohen, and was held at the Lyceum Sporting Club of Troy on Dec. 6. Investigation showed that Laureate had won the bout, but in announcing the decision a mistake was made and the contest declared a draw. The incorrect announcement was investigated by Commissioner Charles E. Walsh of Binghamton, whose report resulted in the issuance of the following statement by the Boxing Commission and License Committee:

"Laureate was officially declared the winner of the contest, and Tommy Connolly, referee, of Syracuse, for failure or endeavor to at once correct the alleged mistake of the announcer, is suspended for thirty days."

Following is a complete list of the licenses issued:

Boxers.

Willie Anderson, Bill Becker, Patsy Bogash, Kid Brown, Jimmie Brown, Pinky Brown, Biff Bruns, Sailor Jack Carroll, Ed Carson, Billy Casey, Young Charles, Battling Chinga, Tommy Clark, Joe Clifford, Irish Patsy Cline, Willie Connors, Young Don, Dickie Dundee, Sailor Joe Dundee, John Evans, Paul Edwards, Willie Fentour, Johnny Finley, Bennie Foster, John Fox, Larry Freeman, Jack Gilbert, Al Ginger, Matt Gorman, Johnny Gray, Young Henry, Young Hoffman, Joe Jennets, Sam Johnson, Young Andy Johnson, Al Kale, Fighting Kankroo, Lou Kean, Fay Kelser, Harvey Kelly, Jimmy Ketchell, Joe Lanahan, George Leary, Young Leroy, Pete McCoy, Tommy Mack, Young Frankie Madden, Sailor Maher, Lew Mandl, Johnny Merrill, Fighting Joe Moran, Sam Mosher, Larry Murray, Frankie Nelson, Young Rector Owen, Al Proctor, Young Willie Richie, Joe Rose, Louis Rosso, Jackie Sanders, Louis Shulkin, Ted Seidman, Joe Sheridan, Gunboat Smith, Harry Sondy, Barney Stone, Spike Sullivan, K. O. Van Benschoten, Danny Ward, Bennie Wenger, Manny Wechsler, Eddie Weygant, Charlie White, Johnny Williams, Harry Wills, Frank Wilson, Gus Wilson, John Winters, Billie White, Louis White, Young Zaccone, Fighting Zunner.

Managers.

Robert Bertonazzi, James L. Davenport, Fred J. De Lorme, Charles A. Feldman, Alexander Fink, Anthony J. Niederreiter, W. A. Sanders, Charles Schaeffner, Augustus Wilson.

Referees.

Thomas F. McCormick, Arthur A. McGovern, George Ross Speckhardt.

Judges.

Richard J. Fell, William J. Flynn, George Schwegler.

Timekeeper.

Daniel E. Wesley.

Seconds.

Harry Arnold, Charley Beecher, Moe Bimstein, James Blythe, William E. Bounty, John Curley, John Curran, Leo Dattner, James L. Davenport, Jimmie Dime, Alexander Fink, Al Goldstein, Richard Jones, Feltz Kline, Patrick J. Kelly, Morris Ladisky, Jerry Luvadis, George Lynch, Daniel McLaren, Arthur Joseph McMahon, Robert Martin, George Michalakos, Dominick Pitchetelli, Paul Potenza, Henry Richters, Conrad F. Rube, W. A. Sanders, Louis Frank Siefstein, Louis Siegel, Harry Simmonds, Augustus Wilson.

Club.

Columbus Sporting Club, 92 Waverly Street, Yonkers, N. Y.

IN REGATTA COURSE

Varsity Race at Poughkeepsie Will Probably Be Rowed Next Year at Three Miles.

The first official statement in the controversy now raging concerning the distance of the varsity race at the Poughkeepsie regatta next June came yesterday from Charles Halsted Mapes, Chairman of the Board of Stewards of the Intercollegiate Rowing Association and the Columbia representative on the board. Mr. Mapes indicated in a talk with rowing men that there is very slight chance of next Summer's race being rowed at any distance other than three miles. Invitations have been sent out for a race at the new distance, he said, and it will be hardly possible now to change the conditions of the Hudson River event.

At the same time the Columbia steward revealed that the board has taken cognisance of the recent protest of Columbia oarsmen against the three-mile race, and that the sentiment at Cornell and Pennsylvania, the other two members of the association, is being sounded. Charles E. Treman and John Arthur Brown, respectively the Cornell and Penn members on the Board of Stewards, have begun investigations to determine the prevailing opinion at their schools concerning the proper length of the race, which was four miles until 1917, when the stewards voted to reduce it to three. The first race since that edict was passed was held last year on Cayuga Lake, Ithaca, but observation conditions permitted only a two-mile race.

Penn Likes Four-Mile Race.

According to the best of information, Mr. Brown reported that many of the Penn oarsmen with whom he has talked had favored the four-mile race, basing their decision on the same grounds as Columbia's oarsmen, who, a a recent meeting, passed a unanimous recommendation in favor of the traditional distance. Mr. Treman, it is said, also found some sentiment at Cornell for the four-mile pull, but both stewards will continue their inquiries still further.

Two of the three coaches involved have stated their preferences. Jim Rice at Columbia has long been an advocate of the four-mile race, while John Hoyle, who has succeeded the late Charles E. Courtney at Cornell, said a few days ago that he, like his predecessor, is firmly in favor of the short pull. Coach Wright of Penn has not yet come out on one side or the other.

For the regatta, invitations have been sent to the Navy and Wisconsin, in addition, of course, to Syracuse, which has been a regular participant in the race on the Hudson. Wisconsin has not been represented for several years, the Western college having announced in 1916 that it would not row at Poughkeepsie so long as the distance was four miles. Both Wisconsin and the Navy have kept close to the two-mile distance in their dual races and regattas, and it is believed by the Stewards that any attempt to raise the distance to four miles this year would probably result in their staying out.

Navy May Join Regatta.

The Navy has not rowed at Poughkeepsie since 1907, when the Midshipmen finished third, behind Cornell and Columbia. Reports from Annapolis indicate a sentiment in favor of going into the big regatta, especially in view of the Navy's place at the top of the rowing world as a result of its victory in the Olympic events.

Objections to the Poughkeepsie regatta are still being voted at Penn, according to reports brought over by Mr. Brown. It will be recalled that last year the Quakers were prime movers in taking the race to Ithaca in the middle of June. The Red and Blue rowing authorities are said still to be dissatisfied with the conditions of the race because of its lateness, the great expense involved in training at Poughkeepsie, and the necessity of keeping the crews together for so long after the end of the college term. An additional reason is the fact that the Penn boat house on the Hudson is practically worthless and would need extensive repairs before it could be made ready for use. Columbia is the only member of the association that is well equipped in this respect.

Stecher Taken to Hospital.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 23.—Joe Stecher, former heavyweight wrestling champion, who has been at a local hotel for several days suffering from neuritis in the left arm, was taken to a hospital today. He came here following his recent defeat in New York by Ed "Strangler" Lewis for the championship. His physicians said they thought he could leave the hospital in two weeks.

Specially Selected Importations
Highest Grade Havana Cigars

H. Upmann	Ramon Allones	Romeo y Julieta
Por Larranaga	Punch	Partagas
Fernandez Garcia	Belinda	Cazinoeda
Rey del Mundo	Mi Necha	Calixto Lopez

CORTEZ FINEST KEY WEST CIGARS
MEDALIST IN ALL SIZES
JOHN COTTON'S CELEBRATED ENGLISH MIXTURES
TREBOR LONDON MADE PIPES.

GROSVENOR NICHOLAS & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
60 BROAD ST., NEW YORK
FORMERLY BEAVER & 80. WILLIAM STS. TEL. BROAD 2100 2100—1966.

Unrestricted Choice!
SUITS
Formerly Priced up to $85
Now $47.50
These Suits are distinguished by their superb all-wool fabrics, smart style and excellent workmanship. Better Suits cannot be bought at any price—the equals of these bring twice our price elsewhere.

Suits and Overcoats that were up to $45
Now $23.50

Suits and Overcoats that were up to $60
Now $33.50

Unrestricted Choice!
Worumbo Cloth
Overcoats
Formerly Priced up to $125
Now $63.50
Overcoats as good cost twice as much elsewhere—better overcoats cannot be bought for any price!

The Cloths
Worumbo Montagnacs, Vicunas, Whitneys, Shetlands, Blizzard Cloths and smooth faced cloths.

The Models
Large roomy ulsters, young men's ulsters, raglan shoulders, smart young men's form-fitting coats and a big selection of Chesterfields for the more conservative dresser.

The Colors
All the popular mixtures, blues, browns, grays, greens and many heather effects.

Sizes
Regulars, longs, shorts and stouts from 32 to 52.

Moe Levy & Son
Our Only Store — New York City
119-125 Walker Street
Every Subway or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station, within sight of our store.
OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7—SATURDAYS UNTIL 10

Give Him "An Order on Young's"



Hats and Other Gifts

He always says: "Give me nothing but sensible gifts." This suggests an order on Young's, with which he can select something useful. And he's bound to have fun in selecting it.

With an order on Young's he can choose—

Soft Hats, $4 up. Derbies, $5 up. Velours, $6 up.

Gloves — Neckties — Umbrellas — Caps
Canes — Mufflers — Novelties — Wallets
Leather Goods

By our plan, the price need not appear on the order.

169 Broadway, 231 Broadway, 610 W. 181st Street, 2822 Third Avenue
605 Broadway, 849 Broadway
943 Broadway, 1197 Broadway, 871 Fulton St.
1361 Broadway, 1458 Broadway, 718 Broadway
Brooklyn Branches:
Newark Branch:
851 Broad Street, opposite C. R. R. Station.

Installations

Whenever equipment work is required in connection with a construction project, Walter Kidde and Company is prepared both to design and install the requisite equipment.

This includes plumbing, piping, heating, electric wiring and automatic sprinkler systems. The work is carried on simultaneously and in conjunction with actual plant construction

Walter Kidde & Company
Incorporated
Engineers and Constructors
140 Cedar Street, ... New York



The man-who-goes-to-market the last day before Christmas will not only find us on the job 'til six, but ready to help him save money.

Bargains here and there in furnishings and sporting goods.

If you've no time to go to market, let's rush some Gift Order forms to your office—so much nicer than giving money.

Handsome certificate mailed in Christmas envelope

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. — "Four Convenient Corners" — Broadway at 34th St. / Broadway at Warren — Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

never too late

never too late to buy him a merchandise order on these stores, permitting him to select what pleases him most. Redeemable at any time in any of our stores—enclosed, without charge, in a leather wallet theatre ticket size- in any amount from $2 up.

Weber and Heilbroner

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
SPECIAL SALE
HIGH GRADE SHOES
WHILE THEY LAST
$7.95
Norwegian Grain
Heavy Double Soles
High Shoes and Oxfords
Regular price $13.00

WILKE PIPES ARE MADE *for REAL PIPE SMOKERS*

SWEET from the FIRST PUFF
NO BREAKING IN. SECRET PROCESS of CURING THE BRIAR ROOT LEAVES THE WOOD PORES OPEN to ABSORB the MOISTURE
COLOR LIKE MEERSCHAUM
Yes We Repair Pipes
LARGEST STOCK OF MEERSCHAUM AND AMBER GOODS IN TOWN
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED
WILKE PIPE SHOP 207 BROADWAY Corner Barclay St.

Give Yourself a
Xmas Present

Present yourself with a new store of health and a new zest for the New Year by taking a course of toning up exercises at McGovern's Gymnasium.

Let's talk it over.

McGovern's Gymnasium
5 West 66th Street
New York City
Phone—Columbus 1228.

IN ONE MILE RACE

Shows Way to Hustling Field of Juveniles on Jefferson Park Track.

FOUR FAVORITES VICTORS

New Orleans Form Players Have Another Good Day—Illinois Lad Wins at Odds of 12 to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS Dec. 23.—The form players had another field day at Jefferson Park this afternoon, four favorites romping home in front out of the seven races contested. Three of the quartet of popular victories came in a string at the beginning of the program, but in the fourth race Illinoise Lad broke the succession by winning with odds of 12 to 1 quoted against him. The fourth triumph for a favorite did not come until the sixth race, in which Young Adam was victorious over a field of seven in a one-mile event for three-year-olds and upward.

The best race on the card was the fifth event, a one-mile test for two-year-olds and carrying a purse of $800. Tan Son, showing a great flash of speed, went into a long lead at the beginning and held the advantage against Sea Court and Walk Up, which pressed the leader closely through the stretch. Tan Son was given a hustling ride and it was this that enabled him to outstay Sea Court in the final run. Sea Court, after a rough voyage in the early stages of the race, closed the gap well and was going fast at the finish. He trailed Tan Son by a length and was a length and a half in front of Walk Up, which showed a good effort and captured third place.

There were nine horses in the field that went to the post but most of the number found the pace too hot and tired badly. Superb was well up at the half way mark but disappointed his backers by falling behind rapidly once the turn into the stretch was reached. Superb was able to get nothing better than sixth position. Huen ran a good race but tired near the end.

Illinois Lad's Victory.

The improved form showed by Illinois Lad in his triumph in the fourth race was the biggest surprise of the afternoon. The Farrow entry was kept well up from the start and at the half-way station was only a length behind Peggy C., the favorite, which showed speed in the middle of the race, but lost ground going wide at the lower turn and quit rapidly thereafter. When Peggy C. was put out of the riding, Illinois Lad went into the lead and in the last quarter held Harvey Smarr safely all the way, leading the latter home by two lengths. Harvey Smarr, after being allowed to drop out of the running in the first half, closed with a rush and took second honors, four lengths in front of Lady Ward. The latter got away to a poor beginning, but closed a sizable gap and might have done even better than third if she had not tired at the finish.

Young Adam was the best of a field of seven that started in the sixth event, a one-mile race for three-year-olds and upward. Wild Flower was the only rival that could stand the pace set by J. W. Hatch's colt, which closed a big gap after a bad beginning and drew out in the last eighth to win by five lengths. After keeping well up until the turn into the stretch, Wild Flower slackened perceptibly and lost the lead to Young Adam, which closed with a great rush and fairly left the other horse standing still. Wild Flower was only a neck ahead of Bond for second place, the latter in turn leading Douglass S. by only half a length. Lightwine suffered from poor handling and Galway and Iron Boy were never in the running.

Sandy Mac, ridden by Coltletti, scored another victory in the last race on the program, which was at a mile and an eighth for three-year-olds and upward. Sandy Mac was forced back in the early stages but Coltletti, by some good riding, saved much ground at the last two turns and snatched first place from Corydon by a neck. The winner finished gamely, but barely got his nose in front of Corydon, which showed improved form under a hustling ride by Lyke and held on well all the way. Third place went to Great Gull, which was way back when the stretch was reached but came up fast and was a head in front of King Neptune for fourth honors. The latter horse ran well but was not equal to the pace.

Ace Is Best in Sprint.

A five furlong dash for two-year-old maidens was first on the program and it resulted in a comfortable victory for Ace, which looked to be much the best of a field of seven. Philanderer showed good speed and led most of the race, but was overtaken by Ace at the beginning of the stretch run and never got out in front again. Ace had to be aroused hard in the last sixteenth to draw away from Philanderer. Third place was taken by John Arbor, which got away poorly, was badly ridden by Mink, but finished strongly and won third place in the final stride. Ace was the favorite in this event.

Another choice came home in front in the second race at six furlongs for three-year-olds, which was won by Shoot On. Anticipate was second, only a length behind the leader, and Murray had to be content with third place. Shoot On was away fast, but had to be urged hard all the way down the stretch. He was all out at the turn, while Anticipate, which began slowly, finished well after going wide into the stretch. Murray closed a big gap in the last quarter.

Vansylvia, another favorite, made a bad beginning in the third race at five and a half furlongs, but took the lead at the stretch turn and won well in hand. Justice Goebel was first most of the way, but began to tire in the last eighth and finished one and a half lengths behind Vansylvia. General took third place by a neck from American Rose.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; maidens; purse $600; five furlongs. Ace, 115 pounds (McGraw), 2 to 5, out, first; Philanderer, 115 (Smith), 3 to 1, even, second; John Arbor, 115 (Mink), even, third. Time—1:02 4-5. Wireless, San Greque, Smiling Through and Whittle also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Shoot On, 112 pounds (Heinisch), 5 to 2, 3 to 5, 1 to 4, first; Anticipate, 111 (Mooney), 7 to 10, 1 to 3, second; Murray, 112 (Heupel), 2 to 5, third. Time—1:16 2-5. Simoonite, Who Cares and Teachers Pet also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Van Sylvia, 90 pounds (Mooney), 8 to 5, 3 to 5, 1 to 3, first; Justice Goebel, 110 (Rodriguez), even, 2 to 5, second; General, 109 (Heinisch), 2 to 5, third. Time—1:08 4-5. Banyan, Early Sight, Turco, Ruvoco, Red Wing, American Rose and Miss Kruter also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and a sixteenth. Illinois Lad, 110 pounds (Martin), 12 to 1, 5 to 1, 2 to 1, first; Harvey Smarr, 111 (Mooney), 2 to 1, even, second; Lady Ward, 110 (Heupel), 2 to 5, third. Time—1:50 2-5. Adelante, She Devil, John I. Day, Peggy C. and Lady Kathern also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $800; one mile. Tan Son, 110 pounds (King), 7 to 1, 2 to 1, 6 to 5, first; Sea Court, 107 (Hamilton), 7 to 5, 3 to 5, second; Walk Up, 97 (Josiah), 3 to 2, third. Time—1:42 3-5. Chas. A. Byrne, Hiseh, Crimson Rambler, Pimlico, Superb and Fading Star also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile. Young Adam, 114 (Morris), 9 to 10, 2 to 5, 1 to 4, first; Wild Flower, 100 (Bryson), 3 to 1, 7 to 5, second; Bond, 109 (Pollard), 2 to 1, third. Time—1:41 3-5. Douglas S., Galway, Light Wine and Iron Boy also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and an eighth. Sandy Mac, 107 pounds (Coltletti), 13 to 5, even, 1 to 2, first; Corydon, 114 (Lyke), 8 to 5, 8 to 5, second; Great Gull, 113 (Rodriquez), even, third. Time—1:53 3-5. Austral, Paul Connelly, King Neptune, Ben Hampson and Tairton also ran.

TURFMEN QUESTION TAX COMPUTATION

Bowie Owners and Commission Differ as to Basis for State's 15 Per Cent. Levy.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 23.—Shirley Carter, counsel for the Bowie race track, called at the office of the State Racing Commission today seeking information as to the commission's method of computing the 15 per cent. State tax on the net revenue of the track for the last six months of the year, which was the first six months under the jurisdiction of the Racing Commission. He did not indicate whether the track owners would ask the commission to revise its figures.

The differences between the track owners and the commission relate to the questions of depreciation to be allowed and the amount to be charged to improvements made in the last six months. The track owners, it appears, want to charge all the improvements to the six months' income, though three of them—Pimlico, Havre de Grace and Bowie—received practically as much income in the first six months of the calendar year as they received in the last six months. Laurel alone had no Spring meeting, so that it had no income other than that received in the month of October, when the track was operated every week day.

O'Hara Coming North.

It was reported that James F. O'Hara, general manager of the Bowie track, who has been in New Orleans, where he is connected with the Jefferson track, was on his way to Baltimore, and his return is thought to have something to do with the action of the commission in cutting salaries in the Bowie report, and, among them, his own stipend of $20,000 a year.

The nineteen or so directors of the Bowie track appear somewhat distressed over the action of the commission in cutting down their pay. The track owners undertook to pay them at the rate of $1,00 a year each, but as the affairs of the track seem to have been handled by an Executive Committee, the commission thought the pay for directors should not be greater than that of the other tracks, and made a drastic cut so that the total pay for all directors should not exceed $1,200 a year.

Pimlico to Make Legal Fight.

Pimlico has already given notice that it proposes to make a legal fight to compel the commission to revise its figures so that the amount of tax to be paid the State will be reduced. Isaac Lobe Straus has been employed to attend to the legal matter, although the regular counsel of the Maryland Jockey Club is Clarence K. Bowie. Just what steps Mr. Straus proposes to take have not yet been indicated.

One question that has been raised in connection with the Pimlico tax is whether the tax shall be paid before or after the Federal profits tax is paid. The Pimlico contention, as shown in its report, is that the Federal tax should be deducted before the State tax is computed. The Racing Commission contends that the State tax shall be computed and collected first.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For maiden three-years-olds and upward; claiming; mile and a sixteenth. Tony 113 pounds, Royden 113, *Old Rose 108, Pindar 108, *Old McKenna 108, *Breeswax 105, Eleve 105, *Pansy Blossom 105.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-old fillies; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Our Kate 100 pounds, Mary Erb 109, Lady Granite 109, *Mary Ponso 107, Louise Wynne 108, Gladye 106, Gallthump 108, Bally Gilben 108, *Obstinate 104, *Phatoon 104, *Segurola 104, *North Shore 101.

THIRD RACE—For horses and gelding, 3 years old and upward; claiming; six furlongs. *Nominee 116 pounds, Bengali 113, Toe the Mark 112, *Back Bay 111, Liberator 110, Dancer 110, Comanncho 110, Pullux 110, *Kirtzie's Cub 108, *Nolawn 107, *Frank Wilson 105, *Appeaway 105, *Hopover 105, *Day of Peace 102. Also eligible: Plain Bill 107, Link Boy 109.

FOURTH RACE—For horses and geldings three years old and upward; claiming; six furlongs. Murphy 116 pounds, Mormon 115, Lancelot 113, General 113, Yaphank 112, Tarascon 110, Enos 110, Hank O'Day 110, Dalwood 110, Harry Burgoyne 105, Amackassin 105, *Circulate 105, *York Road 105, *Jay Thummel 105. Also eligible: Dottas Best 105.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; handicap; allowances; six furlongs. Columbia Teas 113 pounds, Hadrian 113, Veteran 113, The Portuguese 103, Ettaho 113, Sagamore 110, Ground Swell 110, Lieutenant Perkins 110, Sammy Kelly 110, Kirah 107, Ahlaze 107, Johnny Overton 105.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; mile and a sixteenth. Lucius 110 pounds, George Washington 110, Billy Stuart 110, *Kingling II. 108, *Brickley 105, *Malvolio 105, Courting Colors 105, *Alhena 105, *Salute 105, Captain Hodge 105, *Lorrena Moss 103, Spectacular Girl 110.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; mile and a sixteenth. Orsno 110 pounds, Blue Bannock 110, Indolence 110, *Ben Hampson 108, Colonel Lit 107, *Oo High 98, Astee 110, Capitania 110, Dr. Shafer 110, John I. Day 108, Legaulois 104.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear; track fast.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For maiden two-year-olds; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Lotta Speed 105 pounds, Scotty 105, Wishing 105, The Enquirer 105, Mavehona 105, George W. 108, Willow Tree 109.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Terrible Susan 102 pounds, *Nonsense 104, *Okemus 104, *Jack Dawson 104, *Sentry 105, Firsworth 107, John J. Riley 107, Bibbler 107, Rhadames 112.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Vim 102 pounds, *Lady Hester 107, Superior 107, Snow Queen 112, Plantagenet 112, Honest George 112, Cavan Boy 112, Twenty-seven 115, Night Wind 118.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Pro ey Jane 102 pounds, *Punctual 102, Fleer 107, Perigourdine 112, Ed Garrison 112, Stiletto 112, Our Nephew 112, Jack K. 118.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $700; mile and fifty yards. *Rain Rose 100 pounds, *Grey Rump 101, *Pie 103, *Major Fiske 104, *Mildred 105, Jimmie O'Brien 108, *Sea Prince 108.

SIXTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; mile and a sixteenth. *Timothy J. Hogan 103 pounds, *Hunter Platt 103, *Lariat 103, *Guardsman 103, *Black Thong 106, Bulger 111.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear; track fast.

Steelworkers in Basketball.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 23.—The Carnegie Steel Company employes here have organized a basketball league, in which many different departments are represented. Six clubs compose the league. Games are to be played twice a week.

YULETIDE HANDICAP

Clever Sprinter Breaks Down Opposition and Races to Victory in Havana Feature.

HAVANA, Cuba, Dec. 23.—Mumbo Jumbo won the Yuletide Handicap, which featured the program at Oriental Park today, and in winning the event displayed clever sprinting ability. The layers took big chances with the black gelding by quoting three to one against him. Mumbo Jumbo never left the result in doubt after the lifting of the barrier. Boyle broke him away fast, and, rushing into the lead, raced down all opposition and then drew away in the last furlong to win easily by one and a half lengths. Furbelow, from a slow beginning closed fast, and was an easy second, with Right Angle third. Right Angle did not bleed today, which accounts for his finishing so well up.

Marion Hollins gained the decision in the first race. She stole a long lead, but in the last sixty yards tired badly and just managed to win by a neck. Pas de Chance was a length in front of Doublet II.

Fright, racing the colors of Oneck stable, scored very easily in the second event, leading to the finish a field of clever juveniles. He drew away into a long lead at the stretch turn, and, increasing his advantage to the end, won easing up by two lengths. Blazeaway won the third event. The fifth race went to All Smoke and the last event was won by Candlelight.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Marion Hollins, 107 pounds (Kennedy), 7 to 5, 1 to 5, 1 to 4, first; Pas de Chance, 112 (Connors), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, second; Doublet 24, 99 (Penman), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, third. Time—1:15 2-5. Sain Rose, Ava K., Lady Ione, Driffield, Sayeth and Langhorne also ran.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-olds; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Fright, 113 pounds (Wilson), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, first; Rama, 116 (Kennedy), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, second; Bygone, 113 (Dominick), 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 2 to 1, third. Time—1:07 4-5. Kentmere, Molinero, Roseate, Perchance, Black Top, Sleepy Dear, King's Belle and Kathleen K. also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Blazeaway, 107 pounds (Hunt), 3 to 1, 2 to 1, even, first; Just Fancy, 104 (Carmody), 12 to 1, 5 to 1, 5 to 2, second; Sister Susie, 109 (Connors), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 4, third. Time—1:07 2-5. Dinty Moore, Runnymeade, Gus Scheer, Mather and Osgood also ran.

FOURTH RACE (The Yuletide Handicap)—For all ages; purse $1,000; five and a half furlongs. Mumbo Jumbo, 100 pounds (Boyle), 3 to 1, 6 to 5, 2 to 5, first; Furbelow, 106 (Kennedy), 2 to 1, even, 1 to 2, second; *Right Angle, 105 (Carmody), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, third. Time—1:07 2-5. Step Son, Pierre-a-Feu, War Zone, *Grundy and Different Eyes also ran.
*Coupled.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and fifty yards. All Smoke, 102 pounds (Hunt), even, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Sinn Feiner, 110 (Butwell), 6 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, second; James, 107 (Boyle), 3 to 1, 6 to 5, 2 to 5, third. Time—1:46 1-5. The Incinerator, Garbage, El Coronel, Semper Stalwart, Plantarede, Biscuit and Jose de Vales also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $800; one mile. Candle Light, 105 (Wilson), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, first; Darnley, 107 (Dreyer), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, second; Guaranteed, 107 (McDermott), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, third. Time—1:41 1-5. Littie Ed, Dolph, American Eagle and American Soldier also ran.

TELEGRAPHERS PLAN MEET.

Western Union A. A. to Hold Indoor Games—Wefers Entered.

An attractive card of events has been arranged for the indoor athletic meet of the Western Union A. A. to be held in the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, Jan. 8. Bernie Wefers Jr. of the New York A. C., local sprint champion, will be among the competitors. Wefers is scheduled to start from scratch in a 300-yard handicap event.

A number of prominent local athletes have entered for a mile handicap test and a large field of novices is expected to start in a 1,000-yard event for non-prize winners. A two-mile bicycle race is another event which has attracted a representative entry.

Officials of the meet have been advised that the St. Anselm's A. C. will nominate a strong team in an effort to lift the point trophy.

HOCKEY PLANS ARE UPSET.

Boston May Have but One Amateur Ice Seven Instead of Two.

BOSTON, Dec. 23.—Plans to have two hockey teams in this city as members of the Eastern wing of the United States Amateur Hockey Association have been upset temporarily by the withdrawal of the players assigned to the St. Alphonsus Association team.

Raymond Skilton, who was to have been captain of this team, announced he would lead instead an independent group of players that would include most of those who were to play with St. Alphonsus. There is a possibility, as a result, that the Boston A. A. will be the only team representing this city in the Eastern wing with the New York and Philadelphia clubs, but an effort is to be made to follow the original two-team plan here.

W. VA. TO MEET LEHIGH.

Date Is Fixed for Football Game to Be Played at Bethlehem.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Dec. 23.—West Virginia University and Lehigh will meet on the gridiron on Oct. 29, 1921, at Bethlehem, Pa. The date was closed yesterday by the Mountaineers' Athletic Commission. So far as arranged, the 1921 football schedule of West Virginia calls for games with Pitt, Washington and Jefferson, Virginia, Washington and Lee, Rutgers, Bucknell and Lehigh.

BALTIMORE SIGNS CLARKE.

Orioles Secure Star Pitcher of South Carolina University.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 23.—Rufus Clarke, former star pitcher of the University of South Carolina baseball team, has been signed by the Baltimore club of the International League in response to "a very flattering offer," Manager Jack Dunn announced today.

Clarke, who is a brother of Sumpter Clarke of the Chicago Nationals, had a wonderful record on his college team and had been sought by half a dozen big league teams, Dunn said.

TO GO TO SUPREME COURT.

Baltimore Federals Seek Appeal to U. S. Highest Tribunal.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Counsel for the Baltimore Federal Baseball Club waived today before the District Court of Appeals the right to a new trial under the court's recent action in setting aside judgment of $264,000 for the club against organized baseball.

The court was asked to amend its decree so as to permit direct application on appeal to the United States Supreme Court.

Giants to Play Athletics.

Secretary O'Brien of the Giants announced yesterday that a game had been booked with the Athletics at Lake Charles, La., on Friday, March 25. It is probable that the two teams will also have a pair of encounters in some Southern League city.

Pitcher William Evans Weds.

OIL CITY, Pa., Dec. 23.—William Evans, former pitcher of the Pittsburgh Nationals, who left to play with the Oil City independent nine last season, was married to Miss Anna D. Elder at Burlington, N. C., according to an announcement received here.

BOSTON, Dec. 23.—Varsity football players from new England colleges hit the line of parcel post sacks hard today as members of a team organized by the Railway Mail Service to reach the goal of delivery by Christmas. Into the jam of sacks, mountains high, that stood in the way of countless other packages coming in from all sides, smashed Jim Fitzpatrick, Ben Broderick and Jack Heapby, Boston College gridiron stars, and Bill King, tackle of the Boston University eleven. Men from Harvard, Dartmouth, Tufts, Bowdoin and Holy Cross, home for the holidays, also helped to bring the barrier down. Christopher Reising, Superintendent of the New England branch of the R. M. S., said "gridiron grit" was an important factor in expediting movement of the mails through the terminals here.

CORNELL HARRIERS HAVE FIRST DRILL

Hold Practice Run in England for Coming Race With Oxford-Cambridge Team.

CAMBRIDGE, England, Dec. 23.—Cornell's cross-country runners who will meet the pick of Oxford and Cambridge Universities at Roehampton on Dec. 30 took their first practice run today, covering the five-mile Cambridge course. The time was not taken, but Coach Moakley said the performance was satisfactory.

All the men, with the exception of R. E. Brown, who is suffering from a cold, are in good condition and are expected to make as excellent a showing as when Cornell won the intercollegiates.

The Americans are encountering some new conditions here, due chiefly to England's capricious climate, with extreme dampness and drizzling rain, contrasting with Ithaca's fine Winter weather. There are also differences in the running courses here, there being numerous water jumps, necessitating the runners taking cold plunges. There are also hedges and hurdles and heavy going over plowed fields.

Cornell's training will consist chiefly of practicing jumps and running over heavy roads.

The Cornell visitors have been the guests of Cambridge since their arrival Tuesday. They will spend Christmas in London and finish training at Oxford.

The forthcoming contest is attracting considerable interest in university athletic circles because it will be the first Anglo-American cross-country competition. The team which will meet the Americans is considered the best possible combination of distance runners in last twenty years.

CORNELL HAS OPEN DATE.

Ithacans Cannot Find Suitable Gridiron Opponent for Nov. 12.

ITHACA, N. Y., Dec. 23.—Completing Cornell's football schedule for 1921 is proving a more difficult task than usual, Romeyn Berry, graduate manager of athletics, announced tonight. The problem to be solved is finding a suitable opponent for the Ithacans for Nov. 12. The game with Columbia to be played Nov. 5 was originally scheduled for Nov. 12 at the Polo Grounds, New York, but it was found that Pennsylvania and Dartmouth had engaged the Brush Stadium for that date. Cleamer have also been arranged with Colgate, Dartmouth and Pennsylvania.

Many Champions to Struggle at Lake Placid for National Honors on Ice.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Dec. 23.—Entries for the national outdoor speed skating championships to be held here New Year's Day closed today. Eighty-five skaters, comprising the cream of the exponents of the steel blades of this country, will compete for the big titles. Chief among the entries are Joe Moore of New York, international sprint champion; Charles Jewtraw of Lake Placid, Eastern champion; Leslie Boyd of New York, metropolitan indoor and outdoor champion; George Thomsen, Chicago, international junior champion; Ben O'Sickey, former Cleveland flyer, who will represent Philadelphia; Boby Hearn, Brooklyn champion; Al Leitch, who will represent Lake Placid; George Pickering, crack skater of Paterson, N. J.; Archie Rogers, Hudson Valley champion and holder of world's record for the marathon distance.

Other entries are: Mike McLaughlin, John Houseworth, Henry Niebuhr, Wes. Becker, Ray Becker, Ray Bequet, representing Tremont Skating Club of New York City; Charles Schmidt, Louis J. Morris, Jack Leeman, Ernest Werle and Louis Belledin of the Peerless Skating Club, West New York, N. J.; Irving Reiner, D. McCool and Edward Cusick, Dyckman Oval Skating Club, New York; Jack Ruping, Schenectady, tri-county champion, and others.

Miss Rose Johnson of Chicago, international ladies' champion, is entered in the ladies' race, and Raymond Murray, 10-year-old wonder skater of New York, will compete in the schoolboy race.

The races will start at 10 A. M., the trial heats being staged in the morning and the semi-finals and finals in the afternoon.

PLAN ALL-YEAR FOOTBALL.

Carnegie Tech Hopes to Keep Squad Organized the Year Round.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 23.—A plan has been evolved at Carnegie Tech to keep the football squad organized the year around, and thus help its efficiency. The plan is to hold meetings at regular intervals throughout the year.

Under this plan, all kinds of ideas will be brought out. New plays, the faults of last season, and the sort of opposition that will be met in 1921 will be discussed. According to one of the men, the new plan is to have the tech football team "think football every day of the year."

Coach Walter Steffen will be brought from his home in Chicago early in the Spring to attend one of these meetings.

PURDUE IS AFTER SPEARS.

Dartmouth Football Coach May Get Call to Western University.

BOSTON, Dec. 23.—Failure of the Dartmouth Athletic Council to reappoint Clarence W. Spears of Chicago as football coach to date has been followed by the receipt of word here from N. A. Kellogg, athletic director of Purdue University, that Spears is being considered as coach of the eleven there. Spears's contract with Dartmouth expired this Fall. He was an All-American guard as a member of Dartmouth teams and finishes a course in the Dartmouth Medical School this year.

Arrange Dartmouth-Cornell Series.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 23.—It is learned here that Dartmouth and Cornell have just arranged a three-year series of football games. The 1921 game will be played at Ithaca, that in 1922 at Hanover and the 1923 game in New York.

Pre-Christmas Sale
of Men's Distinctive
O'COATS & SUITS

OUR late Removal Sale enabled us to dispose of the stocks bought during the high-price era, and to offer you now the newest and smartest clothing (purchased after the "big break" in prices)

at Enormous Savings!

$45 & $40 O'coats & Suits in all-wool fabrics. **$27.50**

$55 & $50 Faultlessly Tailored Overcoats and Suits. **$33.50**

$75 & $60 Smart O'coats for Men & Young Men. **$44.50**

$95 & $80 O'coats & Suits of high-character fabrics. **$55.50**

$115 & $100 O'coats & Suits; Nationally Advertised Brands. **$68.50**

$135 & $125 English O'coats; finest fleeced materials. **$74.50**

Men's Sensible Gifts at Tremendous Reductions

Metro Silk Shirts $5.65

Beacon Blanket Robes $5.95

Money back with a smile. Alterations free.

Matthews

1181 Broadway, Cor. 28th St.

An English Wife in Berlin
By EVELYN PRINCESS BLÜCHER

The Boston Transcript calls it:—
"So far the most revealing and absorbing personal record."

The New York Evening Post says:—
"Informal, racy of the moment, lively in mingling of personal incident with political happening, it reflects with unconscious dramatic quality the development of the German catastrophe and the aftermath of disaster."

The Chicago Evening Post says:—
"It is in a class by itself; fairly teems with interesting details."

Price $6.00. It should be on sale at your bookstore; if not, it can be had from

E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY, 681 5th Ave., N. Y.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd, Manhattan
Court Street at Montague, Brooklyn

25 Holiday Gifts For A Man
Dress and Fancy Waistcoats
Initial Handkerchiefs
Tan Capeskin Gloves
Silk Handkerchiefs
Wool Knit Jackets
Knitted Neckwear
Fur Lined Gloves
Madras Pajamas
Lounging Robes
Smoking Jackets
Walking Sticks
Madras Shirts
Leather Goods
Comfy Slippers
Silk Neckwear
Wool Mufflers
Mocha Gloves
Wool Hosiery
Silk Pajamas
Silk Mufflers
Silk Hosiery
Bath Robes
Silk Shirts
Umbrellas
Jewelry

4 Holiday Gifts For A Woman
Mufflers
Umbrellas
Silk Hosiery
Mannish Wool Hosiery

25% Off
Holiday Robes And Jackets
$7.50 To $93.75
Instead Of $10.00 To $125.00

These Are Days Of Business Re-Action, When A Merchant Must Dedicate Himself Without Stint And Often Without Profit To The Service Of The Public. That We Accept The Obligation Without Evasion Is Proved By Our Prices. Included Are Brocaded Silk Robes, French Wool Robes, English Wool Robes, Blanket Robes, Terry Robes, Light Flannel Robes, Silk Lounging And Wool Smoking Jackets

JOHN DAVID GIFT BONDS
In Genuine Morocco Case Without Extra Charge

JOHN DAVID GIFT BOXES
Encase Every Purchase Without Extra Charge

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL CHRISTMAS

DON CARLOS AFTER 43 YEARS

Verdi's Historical Opera Received With Mild Enthusiasm at Metropolitan.

GLOOMILY COLORED MUSIC

Dance of "The Pearls" a Striking Effect — De Luca, Matzenauer and Ponselle in Cast.

DON CARLOS, opera in Italian, in four acts and nine scenes, from the French version by Mary and du Locle, after Schiller's drama; music by Giuseppe Verdi. At the Metropolitan Opera House.

Philip	Adamo Didur
Don Carlos	Giovanni Martinelli
Rodrigo	Giuseppe De Luca
The Grand Inquisitor	Louis d'Angelo
Count Lerma	Angelo Bada
A Monk	William Gustafson
Elisabeth of Valois	Rosa Ponselle
Princess Eboli	Margarete Matzenauer
Tebaldo	Ellen Dalossy
Countess Aremberg	Maria Savage
A Herald	Angelo Bada
A Voice	Marie Sundelius

Conductor—Gennaro Papi.

By RICHARD ALDRICH.

Another of the new productions promised for the season at the Metropolitan Opera House was set before the subscribers last evening. It was Verdi's opera of "Don Carlos," known probably by name to many of the subscribers and by little more—unless it were as the source of the air often sung in concerts, "O don fatale."

The performance was listened to with the attention and curiosity that a new production at the Metropolitan Opera House deserves. It enlisted some of the leading and most popular singers of the company—Mme. Matzenauer, Miss Ponselle, Messrs. Martinelli, De Luca and Didur. There was applause at certain points; the efforts of the artists were recognized, and there were recalls after the curtain fell upon the nine scenes. It would be too much, however, to say that the opera was received with an excess of enthusiasm, or that there were evidences that Verdi's musical inspiration in "Don Carlos" had deprived the audience of self-control.

Written to French Libretto.

"Don Carlos" was written to a French libretto for the Parisian public, and was produced at the Grand Opéra in Paris on March 11, 1867, as a part of the festivities of the Universal Exposition of that year. It is a "historical" subject, such as Verdi had treated before; but this time the influence of Meyerbeer in the general plan is more clearly to be envisaged than in any of his preceding works.

The opera was not a success at its first production. It was, for one thing, of monstrous length. Verdi, who made short shrift of his Italian librettists' notions in bending them to his wishes as to the length and other qualities of their books, let Messrs. Méry and du Locle alone and shouldered the burden they put upon him. Seventeen years later he went to work to reduce the opera to more practical dimensions and made a revised version of it in four acts instead of the original five.

He wrote to a friend while he was engaged on this task that he was working for a "lost cause." It was not exactly so. "Don Carlos" has at various times had successes in Italy and has been in the repertory of several Italian opera houses; but it has not had even there anything like the general acceptance that other operas of Verdi have had. Outside of Italy, however, it has never had any success at all, either in France or in any other country of Europe.

It was produced a few times in New York in 1877 by Max Maretzek's company at the Academy of Music—this, of course, being in the original version in five acts. Since then "Don Carlos" has been a stranger to the operatic stage of New York; and it was doubtless new to almost everybody in last night's audience. New—and old; for "Don Carlos" bears fatally the wrinkles of old age, the physiognomy of a bygone period.

Don Carlos was in truth a historical character; he was the son of Philip II. of Spain; he was a morbid, impulsive youth; his fiancée did become his stepmother; he did sympathize with the oppressed Netherlanders. The cold-blooded investigations of historians, however, have shown that he was not put to death by the Inquisition at his father's command, but that he died insane and of a fever brought on by injudicious diet and imprudent exposure. Such an ending, of course, would never do for an opera, even a historical opera; and Verdi's librettists could only follow the legend, as the other poets did who have been beguiled by the halo of romance hanging over the unfortunate Spanish Prince—Schiller, Alfieri, Otway.

Atmosphere of Gloom.

"Don Carlos," thus, is a historical opera and shows most of the disadvantages inherent in the historical operatic subject: the elaboration of detail necessary for the description and presentation of the historical data which a fixed and limited historical period demands; the predetermined outlines of the characters; the political questions; the relations of the characters and the events in which they played their parts. It is weighted down with the doings of kings, princes, princesses and nobles, the fate of dynasties.

It can hardly be said that this halo of romance sheds much glamour on the opera. Don Carlos is not presented in any strongly sympathetic guise; nor does Elisabeth engage strongly the listeners' interest. Their relations and their fate are surrounded by an atmosphere of gloom that is rarely penetrated or lightened. The music is correspondingly gloomily colored.

There is much parlando and accompanied recitativo of a quality that today seems dull. The duet between Don Carlos and Elisabeth in the opening scene, when their identity is revealed to them, cannot be called effective, even in an operatic sense; it is, for Verdi, singularly ungrateful for the voices and not striking in its musical quality. A conventional duet for Don Carlos and his comforting friend in the cloister sticks very closely indeed to thirds and sixths. There is a relief in the "smiling landscape" prescribed for the next scene, where the Princess Eboli sings what the score describes as a "veil song," with some florid decorations, to the accompaniment of the mandolin—a chance for Spanish "local color" that Verdi, as he consistently did, declined.

There is an example of elegant converse between the Princesses Eboli, Elisabeth and Rodrigo—the score prescribes "elegance" about the doings of the French Court, masking the delivery by Rodrigo of a letter to Elisabeth from Don Carlos, who himself soon appears and engages in a dull duet with her. Philip II. discusses the political and economic situation in the Netherlands with Rodrigo in a duet which can also be described as dull. Nothing fades more quickly in opera than the tinsel glitter of music for the ballet; and the ballet in the Queen's garden has pretty well lost what color and vivacity it once had. Nor is the scene of pageantry before the Cathedral of Valladolid, with the sudden appearance of Don Carlos imploring his father to intervene in the miseries of the Flemings, worked up in music that enhances the brilliancy, the impressiveness or the dramatic value of the occasion. The best thing in the opera, the only one that has really survived, is the air of the Princess Eboli, "O don fatale," at the end of the scene in the King's library; an air that is still a favorite of contralto singers in the concert hall.

Another number that also rises above the level of much in "Don Carlos" is the trio in the garden scene of the third act between Don Carlos, Elisabeth and Rodrigo, a piece in which there is a flash of the old Verdian fire and impetuosity.

But operagoers will not find in this opera much of the fire, the vigor, the manly, sane, and healthy spirit that animate so many of his earlier operas to an operatic immortality. The inexhaustible melodic gentilezza, it seems, was smothered by the burden of the libretto he had to set. There is little in "Don Carlos" of the vulgarity that has been complained of in Verdi's earlier work; but there is little also of its vitality.

The biographers and historians have tried to see in "Don Carlos" a significant point of transition in Verdi's art; the workings of a new spirit that burst into flower in "Aida" and reached its finest fruition in "Othello" and "Falstaff." There is indeed a different feeling in much of the orchestration; there is more restraint, more feeling for color, less of the noise that is sometimes in the earlier Verdi. But are the two stopped trumpets heard on the death of Rodrigo really Verdi's? The opera as a whole, however, seems more the result of marking time than of any defined progress in the marvelous development of his genius that was to follow; the conscientious output of a skilled intelligence that sought in vain for inspiration in the subject it was treating.

The Cast and Scenery.

The opera was presented by a cast of which it might be said that Mr. De Luca was the most distinguished in appearance and manner, the most plausible in his representation of the grandee. His singing, also, was finished in style, agreeable in voice. Mme. Matzenauer also sang the music well; much of it gives scope to the richness and beauty of her voice; some of it lies too high, and gave her trouble. Mr. Martinelli made a conscientious effort to give an intelligent impersonation, without attempt to economize his voice. The representation of Philip II. by Mr. Didur was striking, well considered, as all his representations are, for the denotement of the character; also lacking something in the requisites of voice. Miss Ponselle showed familiar qualities of voice and action as Elizabeth.

Some excellent scenery has been provided for "Don Carlos" by Mr. Urban. The best sets are those showing the Forest of Fontainebleau in Winter, and the square outside of the Cathedral in Valladolid. The garden in which the ballet is danced is of the fantastic sort. The cloister scene, used twice, is suitable. The ballet makes much use of the fluttering butterfly effects that have recently found favor in the eyes of the ballet mistress.

A striking and at least a novel effect in the ballet is the classic dance of "The Pearls," the pearls being inclosed in their native oyster shells, but none the less active on that account.

Miss Galli and Mr. Bonfiglio executed the solo passages. The performance was under the direction of Mr. Papi, who worked conscientiously to make it a success.

LEVITZKI-JACOBSEN RECITAL

Pianist and Violinist Play in Aid of McGill Scholarship.

There was fitting occasion for the holiday spirit in a joint recital by Mischa Levitzki and Sascha Jacobsen last evening at Carnegie Hall, the first of three by these and other artists to endow a Margaret McGill scholarship promoted by alumni of the Institute of Musical Art. Harold Bauer, Jacques Thibaud and Pablo Casals will play for the same cause on St. Valentine's Day, and a final recital in mid-March will be by Hulda Lashanska and Frank La Forge.

Miss McGill was the institute's late assistant secretary; she had been a pupil in singing, graduating in 1910 and earning a teacher's diploma in 1914. Young men and women graduates and students assisted as ushers last night, including eleven soldiers in uniform, sent to the bandmasters' school from regiments as remote as Columbus, Ohio; Omaha, Neb., and El Paso, Texas.

Mr. Jacobsen and Mr. Levitzki were heard in sonatas for violin and pianoforte, that of Brahms in D minor, Op. 108, and the sonata of Franck. The violinist also gave pieces by Rachmaninoff, Franko, Godowsky, Grasse and Kreisler, assisted at the piano by Emanuel Balaban, whose name was missed in the program. Mr. Levitzki added five of Chopin, including the "Butterfly" etude.

SHOWS NEW ART OF JUDO.

Originator Demonstrates Attack and Defense Method at N. Y. A. C.

Jigoro Kano, originator of judo, an art of defense and attack said to be replacing jiu jitsu in Japan, demonstrated it last night before several hundred men at the New York Athletic Club. Mr. Kano, who is over 60, went through a series of offensive and defensive movements with one of his countrymen with an agility that drew frequent applause. He showed judo not only as a system of attack and defense, but also as a comprehensive plan of physical, mental and moral culture.

Mr. Kano defined judo as the study of the maximum efficiency of the mind and the body for the purpose of attack and defense. He said that the art was playing an important part in the curriculum of the modern Japanese school. He said there were nine grades of judo and a man who reached the tenth would be, in effect, a great genius. He described I. Taguchi, one of his assistants in the demonstration, as the strongest judo expert in the eastern part of the United States and added that he had only reached the fifth grade of the art.

ORGANIZE TO FIGHT ARSON.

Pennsylvania Towns to Hold Meetings to Find Means to Stop Fires.

Special to The New York Times.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Dec. 23. — Mass meetings for the purpose of finding ways and means of combatting the arson ring responsible for more than forty incendiary fires in this county will be held in Salem, New Salem, Fayette City and Belleverron. According to an announcement made here today it is expected that some action will also be taken toward securing more adequate police protection in the isolated sections, where it is feared loss of life may occur if the fire bugs persist in burning private dwellings.

No fires have been reported since early Tuesday morning. Residents believe the incendiaries are biding their time until another favorable opportunity presents itself.

FLANNERY HEADS FIREMEN.

Lieutenants' Association Elects Honorary Officials as Members.

Lieutenant Joseph L. Flannery of Engine Company 44, in East Seventy-fifth Street, was re-elected President of the Fire Lieutenants' Association at the meeting last night at the New York Press Club. He defeated Lieutenant Walter J. Dugan of Truck 171 for the second time.

Other officers elected were: Albert Hodge, Engine 239, Vice President; Charles Riley, Engine 261, Financial Secretary; Louis Lange, Engine 247, Secretary; Gustav Moue, Engine 63, Treasurer; Leland Wallace, Engine 213, Warden; Alexander M. Guise, Engine 233, and Adam Metzler, Hook and Ladder 81, Trustees. The association elected Honorary Deputy Chief Harry M. Archer, M. D., and Honorary Battalion Chief M. Francis Loughman honorary members.

Pershing Gets Ovation at "Afgar."

The presence of General Pershing at the Central Theatre last night, where he occupied a box at the performance of "Afgar," was the occasion of an ovation after the first act. The applause continued until the General arose, and the entire house then arose for the playing of "The Star-Spangled Banner." An added interest was given the General's presence by the fact that Tim O'Connor, the principal comedian of "Afgar," last played before General Pershing at a soldiers' entertainment in Coblenz.

THE PLAY

By Alexander Woollcott

At the Belasco Theatre.

DEBURAU, a play in four acts and six scenes, from the French of Sacha Guitry, adapted by Granville Barker. At the Belasco Theatre.

Jean Gaspard Deburau	Lionel Atwill
Charles Duplessis	Elsie Mackay
Monsieur Bertrand	Barnard A. Reinold
Robillard	Hubert Druce
Lauffert	Joseph Herbert
Lafargo	Rowland Buckstone
Justine	Margot Kelly
Madame Renard	Pauline Merriam
Clara	Marie Reyes
Henriette	Isabel Leighton
Clement	Edmund Gurney
The Barker	Sidney Toler
The Money Taker	Stein Reimer
The Unknown Lady	Lylia Barnard
A Journalist	St. Clair Bayfield
The Lady with the Lorgnette	Eden Gray
Madame Raboulin	Rose Coughlan
The Young Man	John Roche
Maid	Sallie Bergman
Master Charles	Georgia Ryan
Charles Deplessis	Morgan Farley
A Doctor	John L. Shine
The Prompter	Fred Bickel
Scene Shifter	Robert Roland
Duchess	Pauline Merrian
A Sweetheart	Hope Sutherland
A Lover	Marinos Byron
Titine	Mildred Call
Alexandre	Edward Laurelly
A Gentleman	Edwin Noel
Another Gentleman	Nick Morris

One who is as fond of Sacha Guitry's "Deburau" as he might be of a dear, familiar song went, last evening, half hopeful, half apprehensive, to see its first New York performance and found that to the occasion offered by this excellent and appealing play Mr. Belasco had risen fully. Now, in what little retrospect the first hour after the final curtain affords, it seems to him that this production is the most creditable Belasco achievement yet witnessed by the theatre which bears his name. The fragrance, the glamour and the wistfulness of a quaint and singularly beautiful Parisian play have been caught and held there for American audiences.

Jean-Gaspard Deburau was one of the most celebrated of those early nineteenth century pantomimists who wrought such a sublimation from the once-Italian Pierrot that that poor moon-faced, moon-struck clown became a symbol of all human aspirations and human frailty. Just as Sacha Guitry in his own way is following in the steps of his distinguished father, so Deburau was succeeded one day at the Theatre des Funambules by his son. This abdication and succession, indeed, all the curious arc which a player's life describes, is traced in this play at the Belasco—a drama of an actor, by an actor, for an actor. Taking as his pliant and inviting material the story of this half-forgotten mummer who had his little hour up a Parisian side-street some four-score years ago, the younger Guitry has written a bitter-sweet comedy which is itself the comedian's credo and apology, a study of the illusions and the ironies, the hurts and the compensations, the truths and the pretenses which make up the pageant of the theatre.

It seemed almost certain that much of the beauty of this play would of necessity hold its own in any adversity of translation and performance, but there were two especial points of doubt which must have been in many minds as the first curtain rose last evening. What had the skillful but sometimes capricious Granville Barker done to Guitry's free verse in his capacity as adter? And what of Deburau himself, an inexhaustible rôle and one as all important in this play in his honor as Hamlet is in "Hamlet"? Here, if ever there was one, was a rôle that seemed to have been written for Richard Mansfield. What would Lionel Atwill do with it?

On the first question it is possible after the first hearing to make only a halting and indecisive answer. To make a quaint play fatter, to fasten all minds to the reminder that it is a retrospective, fondly archaeological romance of a make-believe world, to set for it something of the minuet's pace, Mr. Barker, apparently in memory of "Prunella," has thrown the free Guitry text into occasionally ingenious rhymed verse, sometimes even into the mincing step of the rhymed couplet. This is a process which gives the play something and takes away more, a little more than it gives. It slackens its movement, chills something of its ardor, makes faintly fanciful its scenes of heartache and longing. Of all the talents which met last evening at the Belasco, Mr. Barker's was the least.

But of Mr. Atwill's part, there need be no hemming and hawing in the answer. He brings to the rôle of Jean-Gaspard Deburau a performance of distinguished beauty, one full to the brim of charm and eloquence and understanding, equipped for it with just such a fine, resonant, old-time voice and this old-time play hungers for and just such a mask as the Pierrot of Pierrots should have. He stands, an arresting and impressive figure at the centre of as competent and shrewdly chosen a company as Guitry himself could have asked.

This company is without notable deficiencies anywhere and to name those who help most is to run through a long list that leads off with a youngster named Morgan Farley, who acquits himself handsomely as the younger Deburau and with an old-timer named Rose Coghlan, who was received last evening like a dowager queen on a state occasion and who acknowledged the hullabaloo of greeting by playing with all the relish in the world. Then let us applaud the fine gusto of Sidney Toler as the barker of the Funambules and Edmund Gurney as the chief drunkard of the Futu, now long since gone, one and all, to their reckoning.

But mostly one wants to applaud Mr. Belasco for the fastidious and generous and affectionate production he has given to a play which must have had a very special appeal to him. For once in a way all that is best in him as a producer is peculiarly suitable to the piece in hand. What fun he must have had rebuilding the Funambules, summoning to its portals Georges Sand and the young Chopin and all the great folk of that day and showing them in its auditorium with the old oil lamps a-flicker and all the scene a hubbub of color and whispering and smothered laughter.

It is the old, old score against Mr. Belasco that in his time he has busied himself overmuch with the cheaper and more negligible stuff of the stage, but it would be comparatively easy to defend in argument the position that at least he has always risen to the level of what good plays have chanced his way. It would be easier than ever now that "Deburau" has come to town.

WM. HARRIS'S PRODUCTIONS

His First to Be New Drinkwater Play, "Mary, Queen of Scots."

William Harris, who returned from England on the Olympic on Wednesday, announced yesterday that he will produce the new Drinkwater play, "Mary, Queen of Scots," in New York in February. Mr. Harris has also contracted for two other plays by Mr. Drinkwater, "Oliver Cromwell" and "Robert E. Lee," which he plans to present next season. Mr. Drinkwater will return to this country next month for a lecture tour.

Mr. Harris will produce two other plays this season—"Irish Dew," by Abby Merchant, and "The Bronx Express," by Ossip Dymow, and adapted by Guy Bolton. He has also acquired the rights to a French play, "Le Retour," by Francois de Croisset and Robert de Flers, which he will present here next season.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The Provincetown Players will offer a new program at their theatre in Macdougal Street next Monday night. On the bill will be "Diff'rent," a play by Eugene G. O'Neill, with Edna St. Vincent Millay in the leading role, and "What D'You Want," a farce by Lawrence Vail. A second group of players will appear at the Selwyn Theatre for special matinees next week in "The Emperor Jones" and "Tickless Time."

Margaret McKee, whistler, will make her debut in the Hippodrome show next Monday afternoon.

There will be a special entertainment of music and motion pictures arranged by S. L. Rothafel for orphaned and crippled children at the Capitol Theatre tomorrow morning.

EXPLORERS NEARING ANTARCTIC LANDS

Commander Cope and Staff Expect to Arrive There on Christmas Day.

DASH TO POLE IN AIRPLANE

This Will Be Only an Incident, However, the Object Being Five Years of Survey.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—Dr. John L. Cope, commander of the British Imperial antarctic expedition, has sent the following message from Port Stanley, capital of the Falkland Islands:

"Sailing from here Dec. 29 with full equipment and dogs. Hope to land at Graham's Dec. 25. All the party well. Expect to hear from us in eighteen months. Good-bye."

Commander Cope, with four companions, purposes spending eighteen months in surveying and charting the western shores of Weddell Sea and in carrying out scientific work in the antarctic. The party will live during the entire period in tents and huts, and will depend for fresh meats on seals and penguins.

Jules Verne, by the wildest stretch of his imagination, never conceived of an adventure in the realm of fiction more thrilling than that undertaken by the British Imperial Antarctic Expedition headed by Commander John Lachlan Cope, who, with five ships and their crews, started in September on a five-year quest to solve the riddle of the great unknown south polar sea.

Cope's reputation for daring and bravery was established when, as surgeon and biologist of the Sir Ernest Shackleton expedition, he and eight of his comrades in misfortune, all hope of rescue abandoned, lived for two years in a little hut established by the intrepid Scot amid the icy wastes of Ross Island. They were marooned when the Aurora, the Mawson expedition ship of 1916, was driven away from them during a blizzard. Their final rescue constituted one of the most interesting chapters in polar explorations.

The expedition, backed by $750,000, has for its purpose the circumnavigation of the antarctic Continent, a dash to the South Pole, the exploration of more than 1,200 miles of territory never before trod by civilized man, the discovery of new whale fishing grounds, the study of weather conditions and the extent of south polar mineral deposits, especially of manganese, coal, granite, marble and rubies. Commander Cope declared before sailing that for six months of the year the climate of the northern area of the Antarctic is no more rigorous than that of Alaska or Siberia.

Cope's ship, the Thor I., left England on Sept. 28 and from Norfolk, Va., where the commander stepped aboard her, on the following Oct. 26. The Thor I. on the way to her base, stopped at Montevideo and then went to Deception Islands in the Falklands, where motion pictures were made of whales disporting themselves at sea and being harpooned for their ambergris and bone and oil. Late in October a second ship left Cardiff, Wales, for the Falkland Islands. Three whalers of 700 tons each and one whale catcher of 200 tons also accompanied the explorers from their base.

The personnel of the expedition included also N. G. Lester, navigator; Thomas W. Bagshowe, geologist; Captain George H. Wilkins, chief of the scientific staff, who accompanied the Stefansson expedition in the same capacity, and 120 men. An airplane called the Kangaroo and so constructed that it can land on the ice by means of skids was to be employed in the dash to the South Pole. The goal was expected to be reached in a flight of from 20 to 35 hours, instead of a tortuous journey of many days on sledges. The flight was to be undertaken in Summer and was not to be a non-stop journey.

The Kangaroo carried, besides five men, fuel, a sledge, cameras and food for one month, and this weight was expected to handicap the fliers in crossing a mountain range with peaks 11,000 feet high, which rise as natural obstacles to the Pole. The start was to be made from the great ice barrier at the Bay of Wales. The total weight of the plane, occupants and equipment was 12,600 pounds and it was to be driven at an average speed of ninety-three

BUSCH HELD IN $10,000 BAIL

Truckman's Arrest Followed Finding of A. P. Campbell's Body.

Theodore Busch, 22 years old, a truck driver of 764 Tenth Avenue, was held in $10,000 bail for the Grand Jury yesterday by Magistrate William A. Sweetser in Yorkville Court when arraigned on a charge of homicide, growing out of the death last Thursday of Arlo P. Campbell, an insurance broker, found with a fractured skull at Third Avenue and Twenty-seventh Street. It is charged that Busch engaged in an altercation with Mr. Campbell, who is said to have been compelled to drive his motor car into an elevated pillar in avoiding a crash with Busch's truck.

Miss Irma Louise Flower of the Hotel Buckingham, claiming to be a relative of the family of the late Governor Roswell P. Flower, testified that she was driving uptown with Campbell at the time of the accident, but she denied that she had witnessed any altercation. Mrs. Josephine Smith of 159 East Twenty-fifth Street swore she saw a short man strike a tall man, neither of whom she recognized, and Dr. Charles Norris, Chief Medical Examiner, told the court he found that Campbell was killed by a blow with a flexible instrument, apparently with a leather covering, which made a circular fracture of the skull.

FUNERAL FOR MRS. LEE.

Police Still Believe She Took Her Life, Though Friends Doubt It.

Funeral services for Mrs. Penelope Bond Lee, whose body was found at Long Beach Monday night, were held yesterday at the Church of Our Lady of Victory, Throop Avenue and McDonough Street, Brooklyn. The body was brought from Long Island yesterday to the home of former Supreme Court Justice Luke D. Stapleton at 294 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, whose daughter married a brother-in-law of Mrs. Lee. Interment will take place today at New Britain, Conn.

"While friends may be reluctant to accept the theory of suicide," said Captain Walter Barriscale of the Long Beach police, "we have been unable to find that any one was in any way connected with her death or any indication that she was murdered. In the absence of positive evidence I want to make it clear that we merely have an opinion that Mrs. Lee killed herself."

Coroner B. T. Neu of Lynbrook, L. I., said that he had not received a report from the laboratory to which he sent the digestive organs of Mrs. Lee for analysis. The death certificate was marked "probable suicide; pending investigation."

C. P. R. Cuts Canadian Fares.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Dec. 23.—The Canadian Pacific Railway today announced a reduction of 10 per cent. in all railway fares between points in Canada. Fares were increased 20 per cent. last September.

MOTION PICTURES.

TODAY
By William Fox

THIS IS CHRISTMAS EVE. THE MERRIEST OF ALL PERIODS. YOU WILL PROBABLY WISH EVERY ONE A MERRY XMAS. IF YOU MEAN IT—IT IS THE SUBLIMEST OF ALL UTTERANCES, AND YOU SHOULD GO FURTHER. YOU SHOULD TELL THEM. HOW TO HAVE A MERRY XMAS AND YOU CAN DO NO BETTER THAN SUGGESTING THEIR WITNESSING "OVER THE HILL"

AT THE LYRIC THEATRE. IF YOU ARE MERELY SAYING MERRY XMAS TO HEAR YOURSELF TALK—DON'T SAY A WORD ABOUT THE PICTURE.

WHEN YOU TELL THEM BE SURE TO REMIND THEM "OVER THE HILL"

MOVES TO THE BROADHURST THEATRE NEXT SUNDAY, WHERE TWO PERFORMANCES A DAY WILL BE GIVEN.

THE XMAS DAY MATINEE WILL BEGIN AT 3:30 AT THE LYRIC.

I WISH YOU A MERRY XMAS AND THAT MEANS SEEING "OVER THE HILL."

44TH ST. THEATRE MATINEE EVERY DAY
EVENINGS, 8:15. MATINEES, 2:15.
The D. W. Griffith Masterpiece
WAY DOWN EAST
Orchestral & Vocal Accompaniment.
All Seats Reserved. Order in Advance.

LYRIC 43d St., W. of B'way. Twice Daily. Matinees, 2:30. Evenings, 8:30.
WILLIAM FOX Presents
Over the Hill
By Will Carleton. Directed by Harry Millarde.

CAPITOL 2nd Sensational Week.
POLA NEGRI in "PASSION"
B'way at 51 Street. Mats. 30-50. Nights 55-85.
World's Largest and Most Beautiful Theatre.

Loew's New York Theatre & Roof
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
BUCK JONES in "JUST PALS"
EDITH ROBERTS, "WHITE YOUTH."

MARK STRAND JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD'S "ISOBEL," or "THE TRAIL'S END."
B'way & 47 St. Strand Orchestra.

PLAZA "EYES OF THE HEART," with MARY MILES MINTER.. Also
Mad. Ave. at 59th St. "THE VEILED MYSTERY."
Plaza Orch. & Organ. Comedy News.

Sight Seeing Royal Blue Line
Seeing New York, up town, down town, over the great bridges to Brooklyn, 10 A.M. 2 P.M. Chinatown, New York After Dark, 8 P.M. Luxurious glass roof heated automobiles. Distinctive Service. Ask at hotels for our free map and guide.
ROYAL BLUE LINE CO. OF N.Y.
Office Starting Point, Hotel McAlpin

CRITERION
BROADWAY AT 44TH ST.
Jesse L. Lasky Presents
William De Mille's
"Midsummer Madness"
"One of those Rare pictures that deserves a second visit."—N. Y. Herald.
A Paramount Picture
with Jack Holt, Conrad Nagel, Lois Wilson, Lila Lee.
From Cosmo Hamilton's Novel, "His Friend and His Wife."
$100 for 250 Words
How would you have the photo-play end? Write the Contest Department, Criterion Theatre.

RIVOLI Lois Weber Production
B'WAY at 49th "TO PLEASE ONE WOMAN"
A Paramount Picture
Rivoli Concert Orchestra
SPECIAL PERFORMANCES
For Children at the Rivoli.
1926 A. M. Beginning Tomorrow, Xmas Day.
PICTURES—XMAS FANTASY.
CHILD ACTORS
DEC. 25TH TO JAN. 1ST, INCLUSIVE
Patrons May Remain Through First Regular Performance, Which Begins at Noon.

RIALTO BEBE DANIELS
Times Sq. Oh Lady, Lady!
Famous Rialto Orchestra.

WINTER GARDEN
OPENING Wed. Night Dec. 29
SEATS NOW FOR THE FIRST FOUR WEEKS
INCLUDING NEW YEAR'S EVE.
PASSING SHOW OF 1921
Presenting
WILLIE and EUGENE HOWARD
MARIE DRESSLER—HARRY WATSON
and 400 OTHERS

CENTURY THEATRE, 62d & C. P. West. Evs. 8. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2.
Mat. Tom'w Good 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2
Seats
LAST FIVE WEEKS.
F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present
POST SENSATIONAL SUCCESS EVER KNOWN IN THE WORLD
MECCA
Musical Extravaganza of the Orient.
COMPANY OF 250—11 BIG SCENES.

Century Promenade Above Century Theatre
CENTURY MIDNIGHT REVUE
Opens at 10:30 for Dining and Dancing.

CENTRAL THEATRE, 47th & B'way. Evs. 8:30
Mat. Tom'w Good 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2
Seats
F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present
The London and Paris Sensation,
DELYSIA "AFGAR"
In a Musical Show
"How Cabaret New York by storm"—Telegram.

APOLLO West 42d St. Evs. 8:00.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FRANCES WHITE in "JIMMIE"
with BEN WELCH and Star Cast.

SELWYN West 42d St. Evs. 8:20.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
FRANK TINNEY in the Musical Comedy TICKLE ME

TIMES SQ. Thea., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30.
Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
SPECIAL MATINEE FRIDAY, DEC. 31.
FLORENCE REED in MIRAGE

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEA.
ARTHUR HOPKINS offers
THE BEGGAR'S OPERA
SEATS NOW
First Night Monday, Dec. 27.

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. at 8:20.
Mats. TOM'W & WED., 2:20.
The Reigning Musical Comedy Success
PITTER PATTER with ERNEST TRUEX

39TH STREET THEA., near B'way. Evs. 8:30.
Matinees Tomorrow & Wednesday, 2:30.
BEN-AMI
"SAMSON AND DELILAH"
PAULINE LORD

SHUBERT Thea., 44 St., W. of B'y. Ev. 8:30
Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
THE BOHEMIANS, INC., ANNOUNCE
THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920

Full subscription price, including war tax, allowed on OPERA TICKETS The Original TYSON & CO. 1472 B'WAY. 4080 Bryant
ESTABLISHED 1888 100 B'WAY. 9100 Rector

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:15.
Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:15.
FIRST MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2:15.
"One of the plays all lovers of the theatre should see and see again."—Times.
"The latest delightful product of J. M. Barrie's Genius."—Post.
"Barrie at his best."—Herald.
CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
Ruth Chatterton
in the New Play
MARY ROSE
by
J. M. BARRIE
"The haunting beauty of 'Mary Rose' is felt after the theatre has been left miles behind."—Eve. World.
"A spellbound audience."—Eve. Telegram.
"Barrie at his best."—Telegraph.

BELASCO WEST 44 ST. EVES. AT 8:15.
FIRST MAT. TOM'W, 2:15.
LIONEL ATWILL in the New Play 'DEBURAU'
By Sacha Guitry. Adpid. by Granville Barker.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30.
Mats. Tomorrow & Thurs., 2:30.
INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS" Avery Hopwood.

BRAMHALL 126 E. 27th St. Evs. 8:30.
Mats. Sat. & Wed., 2:30.
Mixed Marriage by St. John Ervine

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TOM'W & THURS., 2:30.
Patricia Collinge in A. E. THOMAS' NEW COMEDY JUST SUPPOSE

LAST 2 WEEKS
CORT West 48 St. Evs. 8:20.
Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
JIM JAM JEMS
The Smashing Musical Hit.

BAB LAST TWO WEEKS with HELEN HAYES
Park Thea. Col. Cir. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed.
BEG'S MON., JAN. 3RD Francis Wilson & Do Wolf Hopper in "ERMINIE" Mail Orders Now.

Punch & Judy 49th, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Tom'w, 2:30.
A CLARE KUMMER Comedy ROLLO'S WILD OAT
OLAND YOUNG
Extra Mats. Wed., Dec. 28, & Thurs., Dec. 30.

TONY SARG'S MARIONETTES in RIP VAN WINKLE
Spcl. Mats.—Final Week: Today & Tom'w, 11 A. M.

CARNEGIE HALL WEDNESDAY EVS., at 8:15 January 5
ONLY N. Y. RECITAL—FRIEDA
HEMPEL
Seats at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

GOOD TIMES HAN O'HAR'S SENSATIONAL VICTORY (A Real Show)
MATINEE EVERY DAY At the HIPPODROME
EVES. AT 8:10. MATINEES AT 2:10.

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. of B'y. Every Eve. at 8:15.
Boman Bros., Dorothy Burton & Co., Mlaine Dancers, 5 others. In Theatre, 'Mole of City.' Excel. Vaud. All Seats Reserved.

"ICELAND" ICE SKATING
BROADWAY-53D ST. ADMISSION 75c.

OPERA TICKETS Plaza Circle 7877
Seats for Carols and all Operas. Subscriptions bought; best, unobtained for Metropolitan, Chicago Opera Co., Seats for Tetrazzini Concert, LA SCALA Orchestra at Metropolitan and Carnegie Hall, all parts of the house.
CONSOLI, 1433 B'way (43-44 Sts.)
TOSCANINI and LA SCALA ORCHESTRA

OPERA TICKETS PHONE FITZROY 4180.
Metropolitan and Chicago Opera Subscriptions, Season, Alternate or single performances.
BOUGHT, SOLD or EXCHANGED.
SEATS FOR ALL SUCCESSES.
Hooley Theatre Ticket Office, Hotel Normandie, B'way & 38th St.

N. Y. HIPPODROME
SUNDAY NIGHT
DEC. 26 AT 8:15
★ GREATEST PROGRAM OF THE YEAR ★
Annual HOLIDAY CONCERTS in AID OF CATHOLIC BIG BROTHERS
FRANCES ALDA
FRITZ KREISLER
MISCHA LEVITZKI
RAFAELO DIAZ
GUTIA CASINI
NORMAN TREVOR, Master of Ceremonies
SEATS NOW ON SALE AT HIPPODROME BOX OFFICE.

DANCE TONIGHT
At that exquisitely beautiful "rendezvous" of Dance
ROSELAND
Broadway at 51st St.
Sat. and Sun. Matinees.
Evenings 7:30 to 1 A. M.
Continuous Dancing all night New Year's Eve. Reservations should be made at once.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE
Bryant 6300. Mats. Daily, 25c-$1.

COLUMBIA, B'y & 47 St. Twice daily 2:15 & 8:15
Pop. Prices Ed Lee Wrothe & His Best Show.

FLYING THE MAILS.
An article giving details of the methods of sending mail by airplane, in The New York Times Book Review and Magazine next Sunday. Enthralling work graphically described. Illustrated by rotogravure.—Adv.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
TODAY, MAT. at 2, BUTTERFLY. Farrar, Fornia; Chamlee, Scotti, Bada—Moranzoni.
TONIGHT at 8, LA JUIVE. Easton, Rappold, Gallo; Caruso, Harrold, Reiner, Bodanzky.
SAT. at 2, MEFISTOFELE. Alda, Pinza (debut); Gigli, Mardones, Bada—Moranzoni.
SAT., 8:15 (Pop. Prices), AIDA. Destinn, Homer (debut); Kingston, De Luca, Martino—Bamboschek.
SUN. Eve., 8:30. Concert. ZIMBALIST, Violinist; Peralta, Perini, Zerola, Mardones—Bamboschek.
NEXT MON., 8PM. MAT. at 2 (2 to 5).
BLUE BIRD. Easton, Gordon, Sundelius, Ellis, Delaunois; Bodanzky, Chalmers—Wolff.
MON. 8:15 P.M. PAGLIACCI. Rappold, Zenatello, Amato, Moranzoni. CARILLON MAGICO. Galli—Papi.
WED. at 7:45, TRISTAN. Matzenauer, Gordon; Sembach, Whitehill, Blass—Bodanzky.
THURS. at 8:15, TOSCA. Farrar, Gluck, Scotti, Malatesta, Arnaldo—Moranzoni.
FRI. MAT. at 1, PARSIFAL. Easton, Gordon, Sundelius; Sembach, Whitehill, Bodanzky, Blass, Gustafson—Bodanzky.
FRI. at 8, MANON LESCAUT. Alda, Gluck, Martinelli, De Luca, Paltrinieri—Papi.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
TUES.,

RED CROSS SUPPLIES WERE SOLD BY FRANCE

War Department Absolves Organization From Offering of Garments Here.

PART OF WAR SALVAGE

Baker Explains That Goods Put on Market Were Bought in Bulk From Army by French Government.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The circumstances under which hospital garments, particularly pajamas, given to the American Red Cross and by it, in turn, to the military establishment, found their way into commercial markets have officially been laid bare. A letter signed by Secretary Baker and a public statement issued by the War Department completely exonerate the Red Cross.

When it came to the attention of the Red Cross that mospital garments bearing its emblem were being offered for sale in this country the fact was laid before the Department of Justice, the War Department and Attorneys General of the States where the articles were found on sale. Steps were taken at once to stop the sales, and to prevent supplying of the merchants concerned. The history of the incident is told in a statement issued by the War Department, in part as follows:

"It should be understood that the American Red Cross is not in any way responsible for the recent appearance for sale in the United States of articles bearing the Red Cross label and made in Red Cross Chapter workrooms. Large quantities of these articles, bespeaking the generous attitude of the American people, were on hand in the various American hospitals in France at the time the armistice was signed. These articles had already been donated by the Red Cross to the army. As these hospitals were abandoned and salvaged the various supplies were collected into warehouses. When the bulk sale of all War Department surplus supplies to France was consummated entire warehouses with non-inventoried contents were turned over in that sale.

"Owing to the rapid withdrawal of troops from France and the necessary abandonment of hospitals and depots of the medical department of the army, it was impossible in all cases to segregate from medical department property such articles as pajamas, blankets, towels, sheeting, &c., which had been in use in hospitals and unused articles, so generously denoted by the American Red Cross for use in army hospitals in France and to return to that association such articles. Consequently when the surplus army supplies were turned over upon the consummation of the bulk sale to France this property was included with other medical supplies."

The statement further recites that there was actually turned over to the American Red Cross, under the agreement with the French Government, supplies estimated at nearly $10,000,000 in value, taken from the stocks in France before turning such stocks over to the French Government. The stocks reserved for the American Red Cross included many of the identical articles of the kind referred to in the press articles mentioned, as well as War Department surplus medical supplies.

Surgeon General Ireland has asked Ernest T. Bicknell, acting director for Foreign Operations of the Red Cross of America, the following letter:

"In reference to your letter of Dec. 8, 1920, I regret to learn that articles originally made by the Red Cross for use in the hospitals in France are finding their way on the commercial market in this country.

"In making the so-called bulk sale to France no instructions were furnished covering Red Cross property, although there were no doubt large quantities of supplies on hand at the various hospitals as well as in war houses. However, it was not considered practicable, from the War Department's standpoint, to place any restrictions on the French Government as to the manner in which it should dispose of articles thus acquired. The sale therefore, by France of such Red Cross stores as were turned over to them has perhaps been made without knowledge of the embarrassment that would ensue to the original donor, the American Red Cross. I believe that the French Government will co-operate fully in minimizing recurrence of such instances and am referring a copy of your letter to the State Department, with a suggestion that it be brought to the attention of the local French representatives and that promptly advise you upon receipt of their answer."

SEEDS FROM AFRICA.

Sixteen Hundred Lots Brought Here by Agricultural Explorer.

A shipment, consisting of 1,600 lots of seeds and plants of African fruits, vegetables, grains and flowers not common to this country, have been sent to the United States Department of Agriculture for a test as to their adaptability to American soil. The sending of this collection of African varieties was the result of a trip made by Dr. H. L. Shantz, an agricultural explorer, who accompanied the Smithsonian-African expedition, which made a tour of interior Africa from Cape Town to Cairo, penetrating the Orange Free State, the Transvaal, the Congo, East Africa, the Sudan and Egypt, with side trips to other parts of the Continent and adjacent islands.

Included among the new crops is a gourd two feet long, which contains two gallons of succulent seed about the size of an almond. The meat of these seeds resembles that of the butternut in taste, and in addition to their possibilities as a nut substitute they are rich in oil. Many new kafir corns and sorghums, as well as grasses, suitable for the semi-arid West, as well as the pinelands of the South, some excellent new mangoes, a number of oil plants, some dry land rice, and a large number of ornamentals and grasses are among the specimens. The department experts have found that several crops which flourish in Central Africa are adapted to the southern parts of the Southwestern United States.

LOSE MONEY ON CATTLE.

Farmers Could Have Made More by Selling Instead of Feeding Corn.

Figures on the cost of fattening beef cattle in districts of Missouri, Indiana and Iowa, as the result of a survey in the last two years by the United States Department of Agriculture, show that cattle growers in the areas covered by the reports just issued failed to make as much on their cattle as they might have made had they sold their corn instead of feeding it.

In Missouri, where the investigations were carried on in co-operation with the University of Missouri, most of the cattle covered in the surveys arrived at market having cost the farmer between $11 and $16 per hundred, with average costs as follows: Winter, 1918-19, all cattle (3,475 head), $13.78; Winter, 1919-20, cattle covered by survey records (3,415 head), $13.90; by cost-accounting records (2,076 head), $13.83.

In the Missouri area, figuring on the basis of the average steer and counting corn at the farm price current when it was fed, there was a presumptive average loss of $4.54 per head for cattle covered in the first Winter of the study and of $20.95 and $23.70 per head, respectively, for the two groups covered during the second Winter.

In Iowa, where the studies were conducted by Iowa State College, with the Department of Agriculture co-operating, most of the cattle studied in the Winter of 1918-19 cost between $13 and $18 per hundred, laid down at market, while most of those covered in 1920 cost between $11 and $16 per hundred. Averages were as follows: Winter, 1918-19, all cattle (3,996 head), $15.32; Winter, 1919-20, cattle covered by survey (3,165 head), $13.52; by cost-accounting method (1,129 head), $14.41.

Figuring on the basis of the average steer and counting corn at its farm price, there was a presumptive average loss of $8.61 per head for the cattle covered during the first Winter of study and of $10.03 and $9.33, respectively, for the two groups covered during the second Winter.

In the Indiana area, where the study was conducted by Purdue University with the co-operation of the United States Department of Agriculture, most of the cattle studied cost the farmers between $12 and $17 per hundred laid down at market. Costs were practically the same for 1918-19 and for 1919-20. Averages were as follows: First Winter, all cattle (1,540 head), $14.44 per hundred; second Winter, cattle covered by survey (2,199 head), $14.37; by cost-accounting methods (817 head), $14.79.

In the Indiana area, figuring on the basis of the average steer, with corn counted at the farm price, there was a presumptive average loss of $4.53 per head for the cattle covered in 1918-19 and of $19.33 and $27.11, respectively, for the two groups covered during the second Winter.

Figuring without reference to the market price of corn—that is, counting actual amount received for corn fed, it was found that more than half the farmers concerned realized less than $1 per bushel by marketing their corn through cattle and that a considerable percentage of the cattle did not return anything for the corn fed to them.

Acquitted in Albany Coal Case.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 23.—Stephen C. Voelker, first of several men indicted in connection with a local municipal coal scandal, was acquitted on the charge of grand larceny by a Supreme Court jury tonight. Voelker was connected with the Montgomery Coal Company, which it was claimed collected money for coal sold to the city, but which was not delivered.

BEETLE UPSETS INDIAN RITE.

Government Quarantine Prevents Annual Exchange of Corn.

Once more the advance of the white man has come in conflict with the sacred institutions of the native rulers of our soil. There is indignation on the Cattaraugus reservation of the Seneca Indians, lying about thirty miles southwest of Buffalo, N. Y. The European corn borer, a scourge imported from across the great waters where gunpowder, firewater, derby hats and all the devastating influences originated, has come to infest their sacred maize. Corn is among the most revered products among Indians, and is concerned with a number of their annual ceremonies, including the green corn dance and the annual exchange of the ears of corn among the various families and reservations. One of the council houses is in quarantine and the other is not.

The advent of the European corn borer brought a quarantine by the Federal Horticultural Board of the United States Department of Agriculture, which restricted the transfer of corn from one locality to another. The pest affected the tassel of the corn, which the Indian likes to see waving erect, and caused it to droop. Members of the tribe who cling to the early traditions blame the white man severely and some even attribute their trouble to a training school on the reservation which has brought innovations to upset the traditions of the Red Men. Nevertheless, once the pest is with them, they are determined to do all in their power to eradicate it.

Through their leaders they have given full assurance that they will abide by the quarantine and comply with all regulations and determination measures. Seneca Indians of Western New York maintain a peculiar government, with council houses at Versailles and Red House. They assert that their authority has been handed down from the original Six Nations, and that to a certain extent they are independent of either State or Federal control.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Strauss, Rear Admi J., to Comdr-in-Chief Asiatic Fit.

Wood, Capt. C. D., to Asiatic Sta.

Baum, Comdr. G. M., to duty on Asiatic Sta.

Blakely, Comdr. C. A., to force Engr. Offr. destroyer force, Atl. Fit.

Wadsworth, Comdr. A. S., to the Michigan as Nav.

Brown, Lt. Comdr. M. S., to the Truxton; in command when commissioned.

Collins, Lt. Comdr. M., to the North Dakota as Nav.

Craven, Lt. Comdr. T. A. M., to Aid and Force Offr. on staff Comdr. battleship force, Atl. Fl.

Dichman, Lt. Comdr. G. C., to Nav. Insp. of Avia. Engr. Material, Buffalo, N. Y.

Douglass, Lt. Comdr. A. E., to the Aroostook as Exec. Offr.

Horner, Lt. Comdr. R. B., to the Black Hawk as Exec. Offr.

Avery, Lt. H., to the Fulton under instruction in subm.

Bolan, Lt. T. J., to barracks, Hampton Rds.

Clay, Lt. C., to destroyer force, Atl. Fl.

Dunlavey, Lt. H., to course Instruction at Nav. Med. School, Washington.

Hendler, Lt. G. W., to Navy Reorg. Sta., Harrisburg, Pa.

Hook, Lt. F. R., to the Relief; on board when commissioned.

Jayne, Lt. J. K., to the Fulton, under instruction in subs.

Stanford, Lt. R. B., to Sacramento.

Steele, Lt. J. M., to the R-8.

Van Winkle, Lt. J. S., to Navy Recrg. Sta., New York.

White, Lt. T., to the Michigan.

Fuller, Lt. E. J., to the Langley; on board when commissioned.

Coast Guard Orders.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—These Coast Guard orders have been gazetted:

Eberly, Lt. Comdr. W. H., and Shea, Lt. Cmdr. W. H., to Southern Div., P. C.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Quartermaster Corps.

Quigley, Capt. W. K.; Zimmerman, Capt. H. C., and Griffith, Capt. S. T., to Panama.

Kenny, Capt. T., to Honolulu.

Dental Corps.

Williams, Capt. W. T., will report to Comdg. Gen., 7th Corps Area, Ft. Harrison, for assignment to duty.

Price, Capt. M. A., to Walter Reed Hosp.; duty.

Air Service.

Eidson, Capt. C. G., to Avia. Repair Depot, Montgomery, Ala.

Ruggles, 1st Lt. F. W., to March Field.

Miscellaneous.

Leasure, Lt. Col. S. C., Inf., to Honolulu.

Morrow, Maj. N. P., F. A., to New Orleans.

Baker, Capt. E. O., Sig. Corps, to Camp Pike, with 5th Sig. Batt.

Cheely, Capt. S. L., Vet. Corps., to Chicago.

Ely, Capt. E. S., Fin. Dept., to Omaha, as Fin. Offr., relieving Capt. C. Halls, Fin. Dept., who will proceed to Ft. Sheridan.

Lupiow, 1st Lt. W. D., C. of E., to Coblenz, Germany.

Resignation.

Richards, Capt. K., Sig. Corps.

Leaves.

Atkinson, Col. B. W., Inf., 12 days.

Morrow, Col. F. J., Gen. Staff, 10 days.

Coles, Maj. T. L., Ord. Dept., 2 mos.

Lattimore, Capt. B. S., F. A., 10 days.

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for laboratory assistant (bacteriology) will be received until 4 P. M. on Jan. 12. Candidates must be at least 18 years of age. The subjects and weights of examination will be: Rules, 6; experience, 3; citizenship, 1. A qualifying physical test will be given. There is one vacancy in the Health Department at $1,000 a year.

United States.

Receipt of applications to close Jan. 25, 1921. The commission announces an examination for oiler, men or women, over 18 years of age, at the Post Office Department, Washington, D. C., at $840 a year, plus increase granted by Congress of $20 a month. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on physical ability, 40; training and experience, 60. Applicants must have had at least six months' experience as an oiler. Mechanicians helper. Classified employes who have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years are entitled to retirement with an annuity.

Weather in Grain and Cotton States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Weather forecast:

Ill. and Mo.—Fair Fri. and probably Sat.; warmer Sat.

Wis.—Generally fair Fri. and probably Sat.; rising temperature Sat.

Minn.—Fair Fri. Sat., unsettled, warmer.

Iowa—Fair Fri. Sat., increasing cloudiness, warmer.

N. Dak.—Increasing cloudiness, warmer, Fri.; snow in w. Sat., fair.

S. Dak.—Increasing cloudiness, warmer Fri. Sat., probably snow.

Neb.—Fair Fri.; rising temperature. Sat., unsettled, warmer.

Kan.—Fair Fri. and probably Sat.; rising temperature.

Mont.—Snow Fri. and probably Sat.; rising temperature.

Wyo.—Partly cloudy Fri. and Sat.; probably snow in w. and s.; rising temp. Fri.

N. C. and S. C.—Fair Fri. and probably Sat.; colder Fri.

Ga.—Partly cloudy Fri.; colder in e. and s. Sat. probably fair.

Fla.—Partly cloudy Fri. Sat. probably fair.

Extreme N. W. Fla. and Ala.—Partly cloudy Fri. Sat. fair; not much change in temp.

Miss.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; not much change in temp.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; not much change in temp.

Ohio—Cloudy, somewhat colder Fri., with snow flurries in n. and e. Sat. generally fair.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The storm that was central over Michigan Wednesday night moved to the lower St. Lawrence Valley with increased intensity, attended by rains in the lower lake region, the Ohio Valley and the Atlantic and East Gulf States and snow in the upper lake region and the upper Mississippi Valley, and by gales throughout the region of the Great Lakes. Buffalo, N. Y., reported a maximum velocity of ninety-six miles an hour from the southwest Thursday, which was the highest velocity ever recorded at that station.

Another storm of marked intensity was central off the North Pacific Coast Thursday night, and it was attended by rain in the Pacific States from Central California northward. Pressure was high Thursday over the central valleys, the Plains States and the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions.

The weather became colder Thursday in the region of the Great Lakes, the central valleys and the East Gulf States, and abnormally low temperatures continued throughout the Plains States and the Northwest.

The outlook is for generally fair weather in the States east of the Mississippi River Friday and Saturday, with temperature considerably below normal except in New England. However, snow flurries are probable in the upper Ohio Valley and portions of the lake region Friday.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic Coast at and between Sandy Hook and Provincetown, Mass., and on the Pacific Coast from San Francisco northward.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Northern New England—Cloudy and colder Friday, probably snow in northern Maine; Saturday fair and colder.

Southern New England—Fair and colder Friday and Saturday.

Eastern New York—Partly cloudy and colder Friday, with snow flurries in extreme northern portion; Saturday fair and somewhat colder.

New Jersey—Fair Friday and Saturday; colder Friday.

Western New York—Snow flurries and colder Friday; Saturday cloudy, probably snow flurries near the lakes.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	52	35	4 P. M.	48	43
6 A. M.	43	35	6 P. M.	43	41
9 A. M.	45	36	8 P. M.	40	40
12 M.	50	39	11 P. M.	39	37

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 46; for the corresponding date last year it was 38; average for the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 33.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 45; at 8 P. M. it was 42. Maximum temperature, 52 degrees at 2:30 P. M.; minimum, 39 degrees at 11 P. M. Humidity, 97 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 80 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.64 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.83 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
1:06—589 Wales Av.; S. Nicola	Slight
3:20—601 W. 35 St.; Cudahy Packing Co.	Slight
8:27—59 E. 99 St.; Mary Reddner	Slight
P. M.	
2:50—356 W. 56 St.; G. Ehret Realty Co.	Not given
5:15—1,056 Findlay Av.; May Hast	Not given
5:30—310 3 Av.; J. Colgeron	Not given
5:35—434 W. 56 St.; John Rhine	Slight
6:15—101 W. 235 St.; Federal Cloak Co.	Not given
6:15—132 W. 25 St.; United Button Co.	Not given
6:20—98 West St.	Not given
7:45—16 W. 30 St.; Fan Tan Dress Co.	Not given
8:20—129 E. 69 St.; Preston Corporation	Not given
8:50—1,890 7 Av.; Engine room; Max Stone	Not given
9:20—121 E. 108 St.	Not given

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

The Grand Climax
to your evening—the charming finale that gives it a sparkling crown of pleasure: *the Shanley supper-and-entertainment.*
Unique Vaudeville until 1 A. M.
TODAY'S TABLE D'HOTE LUNCHEON
12 to 2:30—music—$1.25
Blue Point Oysters
Celery Olives
Clam chowder, Long Island or Consomme vermicelli
Codfish cake, tomato sauce
Roast sugar cured ham with spinach
Seafood in cream au gratin
Veal cutlet, Napolitaine
Broiled Canada mutton chop
Hollandaise potatoes
Vanilla cream puff or Strawberry ice cream
Assorted cakes Demi-tasse
A la carte service all day
SUNDAY TABLE D'HOTE DINNER—NOON AND EVENING—$2.50
Coming—Supper Dancing
SHANLEY'S
Broadway—43rd to 44th St.

Thomas Healy's
Broadway & 66th St. N.Y.
GOLDEN GLADES ROOF
NEW "SHOW OF SENSATIONS" REVUE
ST. MORITZ CARNIVAL——ICE BALLET FETE
Broadway's Biggest and Best. Crowded with Beauty and Novelty. Vaudeville and Thrills. Featuring World-Famous Skaters, Noted Principals and 20 Singing, Dancing Debutantes.
TWICE NIGHTLY DINNER, 7:30 SUPPER, 11:30
SPECIAL CHRISTMAS DINNER
Golden Glades Roof and Main Dining Room
Saturday and Sunday. Reserve Tables for New Year

30th St. & Broadway THE Famous Hofbrau Quaintest Place in America.
Tomor'w & Sunday Noon to 9 P. M. A Superior Christmas Dinner $2.00
RESERVE YOUR TABLES EARLY
Longacre 4924 EXCELLENT LUNCHEON—SELECT TABLE D'HOTE, $1.50.
Janssen wants to see you.
FINEST DANCING—ORCHESTRA BANQUET ROOMS
Reserve Your Tables for New Year's Eve.

B'way & 47th St. STRAND ROOF Phone Bryant 7891
DINNER DE LUXE $2.00 5:30 to 9 P. M.
A la Carte All Hours—After Theatre Specialties.
A Smashing Success THE ENTIRELY NEW AND ELABORATE REVUE
AT 7:20 & 11:30. SAME SHOW AT DINNER AS AFTER THEATRE—DANCING.

The Touraine
9-11 EAST 39TH STREET
NEW YORK CITY
An apartment Hotel catering to patrons who desire exclusive surroundings. Several desirable furnished apartments by the year or shorter period.
RESTAURANT A LA CARTE
A. R. SMITH, Prop.
Formerly of the St. Regis

NEW YORK'S CLUB-LIKE HOTEL
the hermitage
TIMES SQUARE
42D ST., BROADWAY, SEVENTH AV.
An Atmosphere Pleasing to Both Men and Women.
Rates: Single, $3, $4 and Over.
EXCELLENT CUISINE.
FRANK C. HUELEY, PROPRIETOR.

HOTEL GRAFTON
WASHINGTON, D. C.—American plan $6 per day; $35 per week; European plan $2.50 per day; exceptional cuisine; desirably located. HARRINGTON MILLS, Proprietor.


We use Holidays not to make money but to make friends
Hence that big Thanksgiving Dinner—which we served so cheaply and which was patronized so largely. Now will follow in the same spirit
Our Bountiful Christmas Dinner
Again a $2.50 Dinner for $1.50, still barely covering cost. Roast Turkey, Chestnut stuffing, own genuine Plum Pudding, matchless Pastry, and so on. We'll be all decorated, too, and have a big
Christmas Tree
loaded with favors for all and sundry (just friendly little tokens.) A cheery place also for any New Yorkers who want a
Cure for a Lonely Christmas
Good Special Music and Christmas Carols
More room this time: both floors.
Christmas Eve from 5:30 to closing, and Christmas Day from noon to closing.
WENNING'S
"THE QUALITY RESTAURANT"
121 W. 45th, bet. B'way & 6th Ave.
No Check Room—No Cover Charge.
Reserve for New Year's Eve Early.

Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway Station at 86th Street Corner, NEW YORK.
Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel, Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
For Transient or Permanent Residence.
Furnished or Unfurnished Suite
All the Comforts and Advantages of the Best New York City Hotels at Attractive Rates.
RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

Forest Hills Inn
Forest Hills Gardens, L. I.
15 *Minutes (actual running time)* From Pennsylvania Station.
Long Island R. R. Electric Trains
One of the finest (fireproof) residential hotels in the city. More than 80 trains daily. 30 minutes from Wall Street. 25 minutes from shopping and theatre districts. No other place in the city equals the Inn for its food, conveniences and accessibility.
Telephone Boulevard 6280.
F. J. HAWLEY, Mgr.

Hotel Hamilton
73rd St., East of Broadway
A Luxurious Residential Hotel
ROOMS AND SUITES FOR TRANSIENT AND PERMANENT OCCUPANCY
Descriptive Booklet on Request

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 Broadway, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH STREET
TRANSIENT ACCOMMODATIONS
Telephone 1924 Riverside.
Tea Rooms.
Dixie Cupboard, 149 West 57th St. Christmas Dinner, $2.00. 12:00, 2:30, 5:00, 8:00.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Probate Court. Suffolk, ss.—To HASKETT STAPLES, an absentee who formerly resided in Boston, in the County of Suffolk, having property in said County, to all persons claiming an interest in the property hereinafter named; and to all whom it may concern. Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court to appoint William S. Nichols, of Salem, in the County of Essex, or some other suitable person, receiver of the following-described property of said absentee, to wit: a certain deposit, with the accumulations thereon, in the Treasury of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. You are cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Boston, in said County of Suffolk, on the thirteenth day of January, A. D. 1921, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted. And the petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this notice once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The New York Times, a newspaper published in said City, County and State of New York, the last publication to be seven days at least before said Court. Witness, ROBERT GRANT, Esquire Judge of said Court, this twenty-second day of December, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty.

JOHN R. NICHOLS, Asst. Register

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF NEMETH STATE BANK for authority to change its name to AMERICAN UNION BANK.

Notice is hereby given that Nemeth State Bank, a domestic corporation, having its office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, will present to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term Part I thereof, to be held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 3rd day of January, 1921, at 10:15 o'clock in the forenoon of said day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, a Petition for an Order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to American Union Bank.

Dated, December 9th, 1920.

NEMETH STATE BANK,
By John Nemeth, President.

LEWIS & KELSEY, Attorneys for Petitioner, Office and Post Office Address, 120 Broadway, New York City.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	Rises.	Sets.
High water	6:15	6:44	6:35	7:06	8:52	9:34	A. M.	P. M.
Low water		12:49	6:23	1:18	2:30	3:03	7:18	4:24

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Bankdale	Marseilles	Nov. 18
Clarksburg	London	Dec. 8
Sophie Frankel	Southampton	Dec. 5
Graciana	Newport News	Dec. 21
Class	Tampico	Dec. 9
Agwimoon	Port Lobos	Dec. 15
Evansville	Hull	Dec. 8
Lake Marlon	Santiago	Dec. 10
West Hesonax	Bordeaux	Dec. 4
Monmouth	Liverpool	Dec. 1
Cananova	Cienfuegos	Dec. 15
Walter C. Munson	Nuevitas	Dec. 10
Frodnes	Havana	Dec. 16
Carrillo	Cartagena	Dec. 4
El Capitan	San Juan	Dec. 17
Moravia Bridge	Bremen	Dec. 4
Mavora	Demerara	Dec. 11
Burma	Messina	Dec. 17
Caracas	Laguaira	Dec. 11

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Baldhill	Clark City	Dec. 4
Nevada	Havre	Dec. 11
Niagara	Lobos	Dec. 15
Occidental	Lobos	Dec. 15

DUE TODAY.

Niagara	Havre	Dec. 11
Auburn	Hamburg	Dec. 11
Gen. Hodges	Orient	Dec. 13
Carrillo	Colon	Dec. 16
Panhandle State	London	Dec. 13
Caracas	Curacao	Dec. 18
Fort Victoria	Bermuda	Dec. 22
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Dec. 21

DUE TOMORROW.

Kroonland	Antwerp	Dec. 16
Trelyon	Avonmouth	Dec. 10
Mar Cantribico	Hamburg	Dec. 10

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

MAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Baltic, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Eastern City, Danzig	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Poland.
Toloa, Colon	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Central America, Cuba.
Zacapa, Kingston	9:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Cuba, West Indies.
Meisenaire, B'nos Aires	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	South Brazil, Argentina.
Wacouta, Havana	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Mexico.
Ponce, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Virgin Islands.
Siberian Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina.
Tuckanuck, Senegal	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	West Africa.

MAIL TOMORROW.

Mount Clay, Hamburg 9:00 A.M. 12:00 M. Germany, Austria, Hungary.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Northumberland, Sydney	Dec. 24	12:00 M.
Kaidaria, Yokohama	Dec. 24	10:00 A.M.

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Maine, London	Dec. 24	12:00 M.
Steel Engineer, Algiers	Dec. 24	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Holmengrav	Malaga	Dec. 14
Nyanza	Genoa	Dec. 18
St. Francis	Genoa	Dec. 18
Chester Kiwanis	Antwerp	Dec. 20
Siberian Prince	Rotterdam	Dec. 18
Renaico	Mollendo	Dec. 18
Tuscanstar	Avonmouth	Dec. 22
Atlantic City	Lisbon	Dec. 22

SAILED.

Steamer.	From	Date.
United States	Copenhagen	Dec. 22
West Avenal	Barbados	Dec. 19
Bombardier	St. Michaels	Dec. 20
Hokkai Maru	Barry	Dec. 22
Ada O.	Rotterdam	Dec. 21
East Side	La Pallice	Dec. 18
Elkridge	Genoa	Dec. 18
Dochra	La Plata	Dec. 20

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 6 P. M. as follows:

Hawaii, via San Francisco	Matsonia Dec. 24
Japan, Korea, China and Siberia, via San Francisco	Shinyo Maru Dec. 24
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, French Indochina and Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra), and Philippine Islands via Seattle	Ixion Dec. 26
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Niagara Jan. 7

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Patten announces that mails of the following dates—Perth, Nov. 16. Auckland, Nov. 29, and Honolulu, Dec. 11—which arrived per steamer Tahiti, were dispatched east from Seattle on Dec. 20, and are due in New York on the afternoon of Friday, Dec. 24.

WHITE STAR LINE
Nearby Sailings
BALTIC..... 12 Noon Dec. 24 to Liverpool
OLYMPIC.... 1 P. M. Dec. 29 to Cherbourg and Southampton
NEW YORK—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON
OLYMPIC. 1 P.M. Dec. 29, Mar. 23, Apr. 20 ADRIATIC. 12 Noon Jan. 19, Feb. 16, Mar. 16

New York—Liverpool		New York—Boston—Azores—Gibraltar Naples—Genoa	
Baltic	12 Noon Dec. 24 —— ——	Canopic	3 P.M. Dec. 28 Mar. 22 May 17
Celtic	12 Noon Jan. 15 Feb. 26 Apr. 2	Cretic	3 P.M. Jan. 5 Mar. 8 May 3
Vedic (new)	12 Noon Jan. 26 —— ——		
Cedric	12 Noon —— Feb. 5 Mar. 12		

AMERICAN LINE

New York—Cherbourg—Southampton (COMMENCING DEC. 31, N. Y., Plymouth and Cherbourg.)		New York—Hamburg Direct Service	
*Kroonland	12 Noon Dec. 31 Feb. 5 Mar. 12	Manchuria	12 Noon Jan. 13 Feb. 24 Apr. 7
*Lapland	12 Noon Jan. 8 Feb. 12 Mar. 19	Mongolia	12 Noon Jan. 27 Mar. 10 Apr. 21
*Finland	12 Noon Jan. 15 Feb. 19 Mar. 26		
*Zeeland	12 Noon Jan. 22 Feb. 26 Apr. 2		

*Red Star Line steamers en route Antwerp

RED STAR LINE

New York—Cherbourg—Southampton—Antwerp (COMMENCING DEC. 31, N. Y., Plymouth, Cherbourg and Antwerp.)		New York—Danzig—via Hamburg Third Class Passengers Only.	
Kroonland	12 Noon Dec. 31 Feb. 5 Mar. 12	Gothland	12 Noon Jan. 12, Feb. 26 Apr. 13
Lapland	12 Noon Jan. 8 Feb. 12 Mar. 19		
Finland	12 Noon Jan. 15 Feb. 19 Mar. 26		
Zeeland	12 Noon Jan. 22 Feb. 26 Apr. 2		

IDEAL WINTER CRUISES
West Indies—Panama Canal—South America
Leaving New York January 22, February 21, March 23, 1921, $400 upwards.
WHITE STAR LINE S. S. "MEGANTIC"
20,740 Tons Disp.—Largest Steamer to Tropics
25-26 Days. Specially Selected Ports of Call
Including Barbados—Cuba—Jamaica—Kingston—Port Antonio—Martinique—Panama Canal (Panama City)—Porto Rico—Trinidad—Venezuela—Virgin Islands, etc.
International Mercantile Marine Company
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York. Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, North River.

CUNARD-ANCHOR
Historical places and institutions in Europe—always a source of information and education—may be visited to advantage at this time of the year. Your comfort is assured if you travel on one of our steamers.
Passenger and Freight Services from New York

CARMANIA	Liverpool	Dec. 28	Jan. 29	Feb. 19
CALABRIA	Gibraltar, Naples, Patras, Dubrovnik & Trieste	Dec. 28	——	——
VAUBAN	Liverpool	Jan. 5	——	——
CARONIA	Mediterranean Cruise, with Shore Excursions	Jan. 15	——	——
COLUMBIA	Londonderry and Glasgow	Jan. 15	Feb. 19	Mar. 26
K. A. VICTORIA	Liverpool	Jan. 15	Feb. 15	——
PANNONIA	Piraeus, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Jan. 18	——	——
IMPERATOR	Cherbourg and Southampton	Jan. 20	Feb. 17	——
SAXONIA	Halifax, Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg	Jan. 22	——	——
ITALIA	Viga, Patras, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Feb. 1	——	——
AQUITANIA	Cherbourg and Southampton	Feb.	3	Feb. 26 Mar. 22
ALBANIA (New)	Plymouth, Cherbourg and London	Feb.	8	Mar. 15 Apr. 19
SAXONIA	Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg	Mar.	1	Apr. 12 ——
SCYTHIA (New)	Liverpool	Mar.	—	Apr. 2 Apr. 23
CAMERONIA (New)	Londonderry and Glasgow	Mar.	5	Apr. 6 May 4
MAURETANIA	Cherbourg and Southampton	Mar.	10	Apr. 7 May 12

List of Later Sailings on Request
The R. M. S. "CARONIA" will sail on January 15th for a seven weeks' round trip to the MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT AND THE NILE.
A most tempting opportunity
CUNARD LINER, CUNARD CUISINE, CUNARD SERVICE
and an itinerary planned with only one aim—that of the passengers' enjoyment and comfort.
OFFICES: 21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
Via Plymouth and Boulogne-Sur-Mer

N. AMSTDAM	Noon Dec. 28	Feb. 19	Mar. 26
RYNDAM	Noon Jan. 8	Feb. 12	Mar. 19
ROTTERDAM	Noon Jan. 25	Mar. 1	Apr. 9
NOORDAM	Noon Apr. 2	May 7	——

General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

Norwegian America Line



An Ideal gift for Christmas
—A well selected high grade bond

Send for our current list of offerings

The National City Company

Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: Fifth Ave. & 43d St.

Water Power

Development on a tremendous scale of hydro-electric powers heretofore unavailable is made practical through recent passage by Congress of the Water Power Act.

Properly secured hydro-electric bonds already occupy a highly favorable investment status, but undoubtedly such securities will be increasingly in demand as the hydro-electric industry enlarges its present firmly entrenched position as one of our principal sources of energy.

Ask for our Water Power Booklet

Harris, Forbes & Co
Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

A Valued Christmas Present

Instead of a check on Christmas Day, why not give a good bond? Practically all issues can be bought in small denominations. Semi-annual coupons act as a constant reminder of the donor. There can be no more acceptable present than money given in the form of a bond.

Write for Circular 152, which will give you our recommendation.

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street, New York

LIST OF
Federal Income Tax Exempt

Municipal Bonds

YIELDING
5% to 6½%

Will be sent upon request

R. M. Grant & Co.
31 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK
Boston St. Louis Chicago

THE extraordinary opportunities now offered the discriminating investor are clearly evidenced by the low prices at which bonds of even the highest types may be purchased today.

In our list of "January Investments" we give specific instances of what we consider to be especially attractive issues.

Write for List No. 1310

Spencer Trask & Co.
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange
Members Chicago Stock Exchange

FINANCIAL MARKETS

General Recovery in Stocks, in Another Day of Million-Share Trading.

For the first time since Tuesday of last week, the Stock Exchange witnessed yesterday a substantial and general recovery. Every one of the seven business days between the two dates had been marked by a downward trendency of prices and by more or less numerous points of special weakness, and many important shares, both industrial and railway, had fallen 10 points or more during that period, on top of the extensive declines which had preceded it. On the face of things, therefore, yesterday's recovery need have caused no surprise, even when the buying came largely, as it did on yesterday's market, from previous speculators for the decline.

Whatever the course of the market is to be in the next few days, the significance of yesterday's recovery, which ranged between 2 and 6 points in a very considerable number of stocks, was proof that the actual demand for stocks was not counterbalanced, in its effect on prices, either by forced liquidation or by fresh sales of professional speculators. A 10 per cent. decline in a single week "discounts" a good many unfavorable developments, and it certainly cannot be said that the tangible occurrences of the period have been such as of themselves to warrant the change in prices.

The market moved in one direction practically all day. It opened with overnight advances and closed around the highest, after a total trading which again, for the third successive day, went beyond a million shares, with the number of separate stocks again unusually large. The conspicuous advances were fairly distributed between the industrial and railway shares, recovery being as a rule proportioned to the declines of the past few days.

While the bond market as a whole did not show the same vigorous tendency to recovery as the stock market, prices for Liberty bonds advanced sharply; reflecting undoubtedly both the removal of speculative pressure and the putting-in of genuine buying orders when it appeared that the decline was checked. The change in the Wall Street atmosphere, as a result of a day's halt in the prolonged decline and reversal of the movement, was in fact unusually marked; the financial markets drifted many days ago into a position where sentiment rather than fact or reason was the controlling influence. It could hardly be doubted that yesterday's recovery even in grain and cotton was a direct result of the better feeling in the Wall Street markets.

The 5-cent recovery in wheat had other causes; among them a continued large export demand and the passage by the House of the so-called Emergency Tariff Bill for imposing high protective duties on wheat and other agricultural products. It is difficult to imagine, however, that even the proposed prohibitive 30-cents-per-bushel duty on wheat would profoundly affect supply and demand conditions in that trade. In the nine months of 1920 for which we have the full reports our import of wheat was 5,200,000 bushels, as compared with an export of 130,000,000. Canada is usually cited as the foreign producer against whom we urgently need protection; but in the same nine months we exported 13,000,000 bushels of wheat to Canada alone, against the 4,400,000 received from her. Few people, however, seriously expect the House measure to be accepted by the Senate and enacted.

There was again much food for consideration in the European bank statements. At the Bank of England the ratio of the banking reserve to public and private deposits fell to the lowest percentage of the war-time. A very large increase in loans and deposits due to preparations for the year-end, and a loss of two millions sterling in reserves, due, like the equally large loss in this week of 1919, to holiday demand for cash, brought the ratio down from 9⅝ per cent. to 7¾. It was 11½ a year ago. The Bank of France reported further reduction this past week of 64,835,000 in outstanding circulation. This makes total contraction in the paper currency, during the seven weeks since Nov. 3, of 2,200,000,000 francs, or $440,000,000 at the old rating of the franc. The amount now left in circulation is less by 216,000,000 francs than the paper outstanding at the close of 1919. The new 6 per cent French loan, whose proceeds have made possible this reduction of the inflated currency, is estimated to have attracted total subscriptions of not less than 50,000,000,000 francs, something less than one-half of which was paid in cash.

MONEY.

THURSDAY, DEC. 23.

Money on call on the Stock Exchange ruled at 7 per cent. Thursday. Borrowing for new account was small and limited. In time funds, market was quiet and unchanged, on mixed collateral rates being quoted at 7½@7¾ per cent., and on all industrials 7¾@8 per cent. Borrowers were bidding 7@7½ per cent. but lending banks maintained their offerings at quoted rates. Renewals were going at 7¼ per cent. There was no change in rates for either prime named commercial paper, or for bankers' acceptances. Business continues quiet.

Call Loans.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Last	Wednesday's Last.

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days.....7½@7¾
4, 5 and 6 months.....7½@7¾
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days...7¾@8
4, 5 and 6 months.....7¾@8

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months.....7¾@8
Other names, 3 to 6 months.....8 @8

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days.....8
Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days.....6
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days..6

Open Market Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call....6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6½
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....8 @8½

London Market.

Money on the London market on Thursday unchanged at 4% per cent.; short bills and three months' bills unchanged at 6⅛ per cent. Gold bullion on the London market was down 10d. at 116s 6d per fine ounce. Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Thursday's exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $944,810,731; balances, $70,407,681; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $60,382,409.

London Unchanged, Prices Steady at Paris.

LONDON, Dec. 23.—Old 2½ per cent. consols, 44⅛; British 5 per cent. war loan, 91½; 4½ per cent. war loan, 77, all unchanged.

Rand Mines, 2½. De Beers Mining, 12½, both unchanged.

PARIS, Dec. 23.—Prices were steady on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 17 centimes higher at 57 francs 12 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, unchanged at 85 francs 20 centimes.

Exchange on London, 2 centimes lower at 59 francs 68 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 15 francs 83½ centimes, against 16 francs 90½ centimes yesterday.

PENN R. R. ORDERS $9,400,000 RAILS

Buys 200,000 Tons to Replace Material Worn Out Under Federal Control.

The Pennsylvania Railroad has ordered 200,000 tons of rails at $47 a ton, deliveries to begin early next Spring and to continue through the year. This order, calling for $9,400,000, is much larger than normal rail purchases of the company, the 1919 tonnage being 106,000.

In this connection it has been said that roadbeds of many of the larger as before 1917. It is officially stated that some of the new rails will be used to replace Pennsylvania tracks that deteriorated during the war.

The order was distributed among these companies: Illinois Steel Company, 50,000 tons; Carnegie Steel Company, 50,000 tons; Bethlehem Steel and Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company, 45,000 tons each, and Lackawanna Steel, 10,000 tons.

Inquiries for rails by other railroads as reported in trade publications indicate that many of the companies will soon give large orders for replacement work. Some roads which are subject to severe Winter temperatures must replace not only much steel, but ties and ballast as well next Spring.

One of Four Transfers Shows Drop of $18,500.

There was a drop of $18,500 in the price of seats on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday. Four sales of seats were announced, the last of which went at $77,500, as compared with $96,000 when the last previous sales were announced. The highest price yesterday was $86,000, or $10,000 under the level which ruled when the last announcement of transfers was made.

The membership of Kintzing P. Emhons was sold to George B. Dabney for $86,000; the membership of Owen F. Roberts went to A. Edward Ellis for $81,000; the seat of Archie M. Reid was sold to Leonard Sneckner for $80,000 and the membership of Allen Arnold went to H. Randolph Knowlton for $77,500.

Newark Banks to Consolidate.

The Fidelity Trust Company of Newark yesterday was admitted to membership in the Federal Reserve Bank of the New York district. The trust company will be consolidated with the Union National Bank, also of Newark, about Jan. 1.

Stock Market Sidelights.

Speculators for the decline turned about face yesterday with the result that their covering operations caused a vigorous rally throughout the general list. Advances averaged more than 1 points for the industrials and the rail responded with an upturn of about 1½ points. It was simply a demonstration of the oversold position of the market. Those who have been following stocks down with further selling orders were playing a dangerous game and a level was struck at which the floating supply was inadequate to meet any buying movement of substantial proportions without causing a marked rise in quotations. Wall Street all along has been looking for a stock market rally and its postponement was something of a mystery. Apparently the shorts had reached a point where they were unwilling to carry their commitments over the holiday, and the advance which began late Wednesday afternoon was carried throughout yesterday's session. For the first time in many days the scene in commission houses indicated a moderate degree of cheer. It was realized, of course, that while the advance was of decided proportions there was no way of estimating how far coverings would go, this depending on the size of the short interest and the degree of fear that had been engendered by the demonstration of yesterday.

***

Disregarding Bad News.

It was true that there was little in the way of good news bearing directly on the market, but there was something in the way of bad news, which the market in its happier frame of mind, simply disregarded. This was with reference to the passing of dividends by the Inspiration Copper Company and Greene Cananea. The announcement failed to bring even a flutter of interest. The Street is becoming a bit hardened to dividend cuts. The first in this line unsettled the market and undoubtedly the continuation of cuts or the passing of dividends for a time gave ammunition to speculators for the decline. The effect of unfavorable action on dividends has, however, long since been discounted.

***

Losses Established.

It was stated rather gleefully yesterday that those who had been selling to establish losses for tax purposes, and who refused to buy back their stock in the belief that they could get them again lower down in the price scale, might have a loss in buying back at higher prices, which would more than offset the gain as applied to tax payments. This, of course, could refer only to selling undertaken at the outset of the week, since the upturn of yesterday was hardly sufficient to bring the general level above that at which earlier selling was done. Wall Street has been considering that it was a bit unethical to sell to establish losses and fail to complete the operation by buying back, hence the satisfaction that some had been trapped for the time being at least.

***

Cheerful Bond Dealers.

Bond men, in rather marked contrast to their brothers in the stock business, are in cheerful mood and view the coming of the new year with anything but apprehension and misgivings. Their market is doing well, as well as could be expected considering the general depression, and there are indications that after the first of January it will do better. The so-called "reinvestment demand" has been a little slow in showing itself this year; in fact, so slow that more than a few do not expect any "reinvestment" buying at all. But they do look for good business to come in the ordinary course of things. Cheaper money, which is almost universally predicted, and idle funds, also generally expected, are being counted on, among other things, to help the bond business and the bond market.

***

The New York Central Loan.

Word from Washington that the Interstate Commerce Commission had approved a loan of $26,775,000 to subsidiary companies of the New York Central lines was not much of a surprise to the financial district yesterday, as it has been expected for some time. The company during 1920 has done more than enough private financing to meet the requirements of the commission when loans are made to help the carriers. It was understood when the New York issues were floated that they were probably forerunners of a loan from the commission.

***

Railroad Orders Growing.

News that the Pennsylvania Railroad had placed a comfortable order for 200,000 tons of steel rails at $47 a ton, which reached Wall Street yesterday, served as somewhat of a bracer for the hopes of equipment manufacturers. In some quarters this order, along with an order for rails which was placed some weeks ago by the Baltimore & Ohio, and a greater volume of inquiries net alone for rails but for cars and locomotives, argue well for an increase in business soon after the turn of the year. At the same time those who are more conservative feel that such business will consist chiefly of emergency and bare necessity orders, as the railroad heads are cutting their budgets down as much as possible in every department in carrying out their economy campaign. That the economy campaign will be pushed by a majority of the roads is evident, for it is chiefly through a decrease in operating expenses that earnings may be enlarged, especially so under the fixed traffic rates established by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

***

More Merger Rumors.

While rumors of railroad mergers are frequent these days, students of the railroad situation as a whole pay them scant attention, on the premise that consolidations now will only serve to further muddle a problem which, while clearing steadily, is still murky. It has been suggested that the Interstate Commerce Commission may soon present a tentative plan for a merging of the railroads into systems and rate groups as specified in the Transportation act, but it is not expected that definite plans will be adopted until some of the more pressing items before the Commission have been disposed of. That any general plan for wholesale mergers will be adopted before the last quarter of next year is not considered probable, as the new rate structure approved by the Commission will not have received its real test until the interstate-interstate rate dispute is settled, which probably will not be until late in the year.

***

"Standardizing" Banks.

Senator Calder's proposal that national banks be permitted to maintain separate savings departments is one more step in the direction of standardizing banking institutions. With trust companies doing a general banking business, national banks doing a trust company business, brokerage houses placing themselves under the Superintendent of Banks in return for the privilege of exercising certain banking functions and the other developments of the last few years, the old saying that a "bank is a bank" soon will be an actuality. And, to most people, a bank is a bank, whatever its technical designation may be.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

THURSDAY, DEC. 23, 1920.

Day's Sales.	Wednesday.	Tuesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1919.	Same Period 1918.	Same Period 1917.
1,088,221	1,420,526	1,598,802	Holiday.	657,717	218,456,384½	306,910,247	139,943,617	182,121,102

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
14⅝	15	800	Advance Rumely	14½	14⅝	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅛
43	45	700	Advance Rumely pf	42⅝	43½	42⅝	43⅛	+3½
31½	33	200	Air Reduction	32	32	32	32	...
24	25	1,700	Ajax Rubber	25	25½	24½	24½	— 1½
⅞	1	1,200	Alaska Gold Mines	⅞	1	⅞	1	+ ⅛
⅞	1	500	Alaska Juneau	1	1⅛	⅞	1	+ ⅛
28½	28½	900	Allis-Chalm. Mfg	27½	28⅝	26⅝	28¼	+ 1⅜
70	71	200	Allis-Chalm. pf	70½	70½	70½	70½	...
46	46½	2,900	Allied Ch. & D., w	45	48⅝	45	46	+1
85	86	400	Do pf., w. i	85¼	86	85¼	86	+1½
54½	55	900	Am. Agr. Chemical	54½	54⅞	54½	54⅞	+1⅜
37	37½	900	Am. Beet Sugar	35	37½	35	37½	+3⅝
50½	53½	800	Am. Bosch Magneto	49	49½	47¾	49½	+1½
40	45	500	Am. Brake S. & Fy	40	40	40	40	—1
81¼	85	300	Am. B. S. & Fy. pf	84½	83¼	81½	81½	—4½
23⅝	24	6,100	Am. Can	23⅝	24½	23½	24	+1⅛
77	77	600	Am. Can pf	76	76½	75½	76½	+1⅝
117	117¾	4,900	Am. Car & Found	114	118	113	117½	+5
17	18	1,200	Am. Cotton Oil	16⅝	17¼	16⅝	17⅛	+ ⅝
6⅞	7	2,650	Am. Drug. Synd	6⅞	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	+ ⅛
112	115	300	Am. Express	110	111½	110	111½	+1
6¾	7	500	Am. Hide & Leather	5½	6⅝	5½	6⅝	+ ⅝
38	38½	3,100	Am. Hide & L. pf	38	38	38	38	+3
37	38	100	Am. Ice	37½	37½	37½	37½	+ ⅝
50	55	200	Am. Ice pf	53	53	53	53	...
33¼	33⅝	7,400	Am. International	32¾	33⅝	32	33½	+1⅜
45	45½	2,700	Am. Linseed	44	46	43	45	+1⅝
80¼	80⅞	2,500	Am. Locomotive	77	80¼	77	80¼	+4⅜
98⅞	100	100	Am. Locomotive pf	99	99	99	99	—2
8⅝	9	5,300	Am. Safety Razor	6½	8⅝	6½	8⅝	+2⅝
8¼	8⅝	5,700	Am. Ship & Com	8¼	8⅝	8	8⅝	+⅛
35	35½	3,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref	34	35⅝	33⅞	35⅝	+3
74	75	900	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	73	75⅞	74	75	+¼
99	100	100	Am. Snuff	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼	...
28⅞	29	2,700	Am. Steel Found	27⅝	29¼	27⅝	28¾	+1
80	81	4,700	At., Top. & S.F	78½	81	78¼	80½	+2½
75	79½	900	At., Top. & S. F. pf	73½	78	73½	78	+2½
4⅝	4¾	1,000	Atlanta, Birm. & At	4¼	4⅝	4¼	4⅝	+ ⅛
85½	90	400	Atlantic Coast Line	84	85	83½	85	+1
6¼	6¾	800	Atlantic Fruit	6¼	6½	6¼	6¼	—⅛
105⅝	106	8,200	At., Gulf & West I	101⅝	106½	100½	105½	+3⅝
53½	54	100	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾	+⅜
104⅝	106	200	Atlantic Ref. pf	104¼	104¼	104¼	104¼	+1⅛
16⅞	17⅜	600	Atlas Tack	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
8	8½	4,100	Austin-Nichols	8½	8½	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
3	4	100	Auto Sales	3	3	3	3	— ⅛
84	84½	23,300	Bald. Locomotive	81¾	84¾	80½	84½	+3⅝
93	93½	400	Bald. Locomot. pf	92	93	92	93	+1
32½	32⅝	11,000	Baltimore & Ohio	30⅝	32½	30⅝	32⅝	+1½
47⅜	47½	900	Balt. & Ohio pf	47	47½	47	47½	+⅛
35	35⅞	200	Barnsdall, Class A	35	35⅞	35	35⅞	+ ⅛
34½	35	100	Do, Class B	35	35	35	35	...
59	70	200	Barrett Leather pf	60	60	60	60	—9
103	107	200	Barrett Ch. c. of d	103¼	105¼	103¼	106½	+3½
¾	1	200	Batopilas Mining	¾	¾	¾	¾	...
2½	2¾	500	Bethlehem Motors	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝	+ ⅛
51½	52	900	Bethlehem Steel	48½	51⅝	48½	51⅛	+3½
54½	54⅝	12,600	Do, Class B	50¾	54⅝	50¾	54⅝	+3⅝
99⅜	100	600	Do 8% pf	99⅜	100	99⅜	100	+ ⅝
3¼	3½	400	Booth Fisheries	3⅜	3¼	3⅜	3⅜	...
9¾	10	2,400	B'klyn Rapid Tran	9⅝	10	9⅝	10	+ ⅛
6⅜	6⅝	600	Do ctfs. of dep	6½	6¾	6½	6¾	+ ⅛
50	55½	700	Brklyn Union Gas	48	49	48	49	+1
36	38	132	Brown Bros., odd lots	37⅝	38	37⅝	38	...
4½	5	400	Bruns. Ter. & R. S	4⅝	5	4⅝	5	+ ⅛
60	85	100	Buff., Roch. & Pitt	60	60	60	60	—5
		50	Do, odd lot	65	65	65	65	...
81	83	400	Burns Brothers	80½	81	80½	81	+1
3⅝	4	2,600	Butte Con. & Zinc	3⅝	4	3⅝	4	+ ⅛
8½	8⅝	1,000	Butte & Superior	8¼	8⅝	8¼	8⅝	+ ⅛
10½	10	300	Butterick Co	10½	11	10½	11	+ ⅛
11⅞	12	1,000	Caddo Cent. O. & R	10⅞	12	10⅞	12	+2
59⅜	60	1,100	Cal. Packing	58	60	58	60	+2¼
26½	27¼	3,000	Cal. Petroleum	25¾	27½	25¼	26⅝	+2
42	43	1,200	Calumet & Arizona	42	42	42	42	...
114	115	6,400	Canadian Pacific	111¼	115	111¼	115	+3
	79	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	78	78	78	78	—1
34½	35	3,100	Central Leather Co	32⅝	34½	32⅝	34½	+1⅝
82	83	100	Do pf	81½	82	81½	82	+⅝
25⅝	26¼	3,200	Cerro de Pasco Cop	25	26¼	25	26⅛	+⅛
64¼	65½	6,100	Chandler Motor	63	65⅝	62⅝	65½	+2¼
53⅝	56	3,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	54	56¼	53½	55⅝	+3¼
6⅞	7⅜	200	Chicago & Alton	7⅛	7¼	7⅛	7¼	+ ⅛
7¼	7½	800	Chi. Gt. Western	6⅞	7⅜	6⅞	7¼	+ ⅛
17½	17⅝	1,100	Do pf	16½	17¾	16½	17½	+ ⅛
25½	26	9,900	Chi., Mil. & St. P	24¾	25⅞	24	25⅞	+1⅜
40⅝	41	6,200	Do pf	38⅝	41	38⅝	41	+2¼
64¼	64½	6,800	Chicago & N. W	63¼	64½	62½	64¼	+1⅝
62	64	400	Chi. Pneu. Tool	61	62	61	62	+2
23	23¼	5,700	Chi., R. I. & Pac	24¼	25¾	24½	25	+ ¾
67½	68½	500	Do 7% pf	67	67½	67	67½	+2
57½	58½	1,000	Do 6% pf	56¾	58¼	56¾	58	+2
59	61	100	C., St. P., M. & O.	58	58	58	58	—3
8⅝	8⅞	5,900	Chile Copper	8⅝	8⅞	8⅛	8⅝	+ ¼
17½	17⅝	3,300	Chino Copper	17	17⅝	16⅞	17⅝	+ ¾
18⅞	19	1,800	Cluett-Peabody	18⅝	19	18⅝	19	+ ⅛
25	26	100	Col. Fuel & Iron	25	25	25	25	+1¼
24	26	100	Colorado Southern	24½	24½	24½	24½	+2
53½	56	1,100	Colum. Gas & Elec	53¼	55½	53¼	55½	+1⅞
9½	10	7,000	Columbia Grapho	9⅝	10⅛	9⅝	10	+ ⅛
50	60	100	Colum. Grapho. pf	60	60	60	60	+ ⅛
35	39½	200	Comput. Tab Rec	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	+1¼
52	52½	900	Con. Cigar	51¾	52	51¾	52	—⅛
70	72½	100	Con. Cigar pf	72½	72½	72½	72½	+1½
75½	76	2,100	Con. Gas	73½	75½	73½	75½	+2¼
4½	5	1,100	Con. Int. Cal. Min	4⅝	4¾	4⅝	4¾	...
17	17¼	100	Con. Textile	17⅜	17¼	17⅜	17¼	+ ⅛
93¼	94¼	700	Continental Can	93¼	95	93¼	95	+ ¾
4¾	4½	800	Continental Candy	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	...
66	66½	6,300	Corn Prod. Refin	63½	66½	63½	66	+2
96⅝	100	200	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼	+ ¼
27½	28	2,400	Cosden & Co	26	28	25⅝	28	+2½
82¼	82¼	17,000	Crucible Steel	78⅝	83¼	78⅝	82¼	+4
18	18½	2,500	Cuba Cane Sugar	17¾	18½	17¾	18½	+⅝
56½	57	1,800	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	56	57	56	57	+1
26¾	27	1,800	Cuban Am. Sugar	24	27	24	26⅞	+3½
16⅛	16½	300	De Beers Mines	16¼	16¼	16⅛	16⅜	+ ⅛
97	100	700	Del. & Hudson	94⅝	98½	94⅝	95½	+1½
195	200	300	Del., Lack. & West	199¾	200	199¾	200	+ ⅛
⅞	1	400	Den. & Rio Grande	1	1	⅞	⅞	+ ⅛
1⅝	1⅝	2,000	Den. & Rio G. pf	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝	...
9½	9⅝	1,300	Dome Mines	9⅝	9⅝	9½	9⅝	...
490	505	10	Eastman Kodak	495	495	495	495	...
14	14½	200	Elk Horn Coal	13½	14	13½	14	...
7	7	1,900	Emerson Brant	6¾	7	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
50⅝	51	3,800	Endicott-Johnson	50⅛	50	50⅛	50⅛	— ⅞
80	84⅞	600	Endicott-John. pf	85¼	85¼	85	85¼	— ⅞
12⅝	13	4,300	Erie	12⅞	13	12½	13	+ ⅛
18¼	18⅞	2,100	Erie 1st pf	17⅝	18½	17⅝	18½	+⅝
13⅞	13⅝	400	Erie 2d pf	13½	13⅞	13¾	13¾	+ ⅛
48	48⅝	4,100	Famous Play.-Las	43	49½	43	48	+4⅞
70	75	700	Fam. Play.-L. pf	70¾	74	70¾	72	+2½
3	7½	100	Federal M. & S	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	...
22½	24½	300	Fed. M. & S. pf	23¾	23¾	22½	22½	+ ⅛
80½	81½	200	Fisher Body	80½	80¾	80¼	80¼	+1½
10⅝	10¾	2,500	Fisk Rubber	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
13⅝	14	2,600	Freeport-Texas	12⅝	14	12⅝	14	+1½
2½	2¾	2,800	Gaston, Wm. & W	2	2¾	2	2¾	...
43	47	400	General Am. T. C	45	46	44½	44½	—3½
40¼	41	6,800	General Asphalt	38	40⅝	37	40½	+2¾
80	...	200	General Asphalt pf	76¾	78¾	76¾	78¾	+2¾
32¼	33	400	General Cigar	32½	33	32½	33	+ ⅛
81	81½	100	General Cig. deb. pf	81	81	81	81	...
118½	119½	2,700	General Electric	118	118½	117¾	118½	+1¼
13⅝	13¾	15,500	General Motors	13	13½	12¾	13½	+ ⅝
67	69	100	General Motors pf	67	67	67	67	...
70	71	1,100	General M. 7% deb	69½	70⅝	69½	70⅝	+1⅝
38	39½	1,100	General M. 6% deb	39	39⅝	39	39	...
32	34	4,800	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	28	33¼	28	33¼	+5¼
71	72	400	Goodrich pf	70	70¾	70	70¾	+⅛
17	17¾	300	Granby Con	16	17⅜	16	17⅜	+ ⅜
73⅝	73⅞	7,300	Great Northern pf	72	73⅝	71⅞	73⅝	+1⅝
25⅝	25⅞	5,100	Gt. N. ctfs. for O.P	25½	25⅝	25¼	25⅝	+ ⅛
16	16½	1,900	Greene-Can. Cop	16⅛	16⅜	15⅝	16⅛	+ ⅛
12½	13	3,400	Guantanamo Sugar	11⅝	12½	11⅝	12½	+⅝
26	29	600	Gulf States Steel	27	27	25	27	+1½
5⅝	8	3,700	Gulf, Mob. & Nor	7⅜	8	7⅜	8	+⅝
21½	22	2,900	Gulf, M. & N. pf	18½	21	18½	21	+2⅝
68½	70¼	100	Hartman Corp	69¼	69¾	68¼	69¾	+1
54	54½	1,300	Haskell & Barker	53½	54½	53½	54½	+1
14¼	15	100	Hendee Mfg	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	— ⅛
67	68	3,200	Houston Oil	64	67¾	64	67¾	+5
9⅜	9¾	2,500	Hupp Motor Car	9½	9⅝	8½	9⅝	+ ⅛
35	36	2,700	Illinois Central	35	36¾	35	36¾	+1
33¼	...	100	Ill. Cent. leased lines	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼	...
5⅞	6	300	Indiahoma Ref	5¾	6	5¾	6	+ ⅛
28⅜	28⅞	13,500	Inspiration Copper	28⅛	29¼	28⅛	29¼	+ ⅞
4	4¼	3,400	Interboro Consol	4	4¼	3¾	4¼	+ ½
10⅜	10⅝	800	Interboro Consol. pf	10¾	10⅝	10⅜	10⅝	+1
10⅞	11⅛	800	Inter. Agricultural	9⅝	10	9⅝	10	...
46	47	400	Inter. Agri. pf	45	46	45	46	+2
95½	96	3,000	Inter. Harv., new	94¼	96	93½	95⅝	+1¼
11⅝	12	3,200	Inter. Mer. Marine	10⅝	12	10⅝	12	+1⅜
49¾	50	5,100	Inter. Mer. M. pf	47¾	49¾	47¾	49¾	+2
32	33½	400	Inter. Motor Truck	30	32	30	32	+2½
70	74	100	Do 1st pf	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼	+2
13¾	13¼	5,700	Inter. Nickel	11⅝	12⅝	11⅝	12¾	+ ⅝
72	80	1,000	Inter. Nickel pf	79	79¾	79	79¾	+ ⅝
45½	47½	3,000	Inter. Paper	42	47½	42	47

Public Utility Facts

The following tabulation shows the number of cities in the United States in which higher street railway fares have become effective.

	May 1 1919	Dec. 1 1920
5c fare	20 Cities	119 Cities
6c "	0 "	4 "
7c "	19 "	64 "
8c "	109 "	211 "
10c "	164 "	134 "
	312	532

Corresponding increases in lighting and power rates have also become effective.

This evidences the very general recognition through court and commission decisions that public utilities are public necessities and are entitled to receive a reasonable return on their fair values.

This situation is inviting the attention of investors.

Stone & Webster
INCORPORATED
120 Broadway, New York
Telephone Rector 6020
Boston Chicago

LEE, HIGGINSON & CO.

Established 1848

BOSTON NEW YORK CHICAGO

HIGGINSON & CO.
London

Is This the Time to Buy Bonds?

Write for our Special Circular which reviews the situation and offers suggestions.

BODELL & CO.
115 BROADWAY
Providence Boston

We accept orders to buy stocks and bonds listed on the New York Stock Exchange for cash or margin and recommend the purchase of income producing securities during the present period of depression.

McClave & Co.
Members { New York Stock Exchange / New York Cotton Exchange
67 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone 3810 Rector
UPTOWN OFFICE
Hotel Ansonia, 73d St. & B'way
Telephone 1815 Columbus

Investment Suggestions

GLIDDEN, DAVIDGE & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
20 Broad Street, New York
City Bk. Bldg., Syracuse, N.Y.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Advance and Reaction in European Rates — Day's Net Changes Unimportant.

Foreign exchange rates on Europe advanced rather sharply in the early hours; but reaction followed with the subsiding of demand and return of dullness, and there was little net change for the day. Sterling closed a small fraction higher, Italy and Spain a fraction lower.

Rates on Denmark and Norway advanced nearly one-fourth cent per krone, and Rumanian exchange rose to 1.30 cents per leu as against 1.22 on Wednesday and 1.14 Tuesday. Brazilian exchange closed one-fourth cent above Wednesday; the rate on Canada was a small fraction better.

THURSDAY, DEC. 23, 1920.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Wednesday's Final.	Final.
LONDON	3.53½	3.51¾	3.52¾	3.52¾
PARIS	5.93¾	5.91¾	5.92¾	5.92¾
ROME	3.43	3.41	3.41	3.43
AMSTERDAM	31.45	31.35	31.35	31.35
BERLIN	1.40	1.39½	1.39¾	1.39¾
MADRID	12.93	12.83	12.93	12.96

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

	Thurs-day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
Europe.			
STERLING—Par $4.86⅝ per sovereign.			
Demand	3.52¾	3.51¾	3.51¾
Cables	3.53¾	3.52¾	3.52¾
Com., 60 days	3.47¾	3.46¾	3.76
Comm., 90 days	3.46¾	3.44¾	3.74
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	5.92¾	6.04	9.45
Cables	5.93	6.04¾	9.46
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.41	3.86	7.67
Cables	3.42	3.86	7.68
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.24	6.34	9.71
Cables	6.25	6.35	9.73
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.35½	1.37	2.09
Cables	1.40	1.37½	2.10
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.28	.22	.70
Cables	.27	.23	.72
CZECHOSLOVAKIA — Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.16	1.11	1.95
Cables	1.17	1.12	2.00
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.90	15.20	19.85
Cables	15.95	15.25	19.90
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per fllnmark.			
Demand	2.41	2.35	2.95
Cables	2.46	2.40	3.00
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	7.25	7.45	15.30
Cables	7.80	7.60	15.38
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	31.25	31.375	37.50
Cables	31.375	31.50	37.625
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.20	.18½	..
Cables	.21	.19½	..
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.73	.70	1.05
Cables	.74	.71	1.10
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	13.25	14.85	20.50
Cables	13.30	14.90	20.65
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	.17¾	.17	1.20
Cables	.18	.17½	1.22
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Demand	1.30	1.24	3.20
Cables	1.31	1.25	3.25
SERBIA: Belgrade—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	2.89	2.90	4.80
Cables	2.94	2.93	4.85
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	12.95	13.15	19.40
Cables	12.95	13.17	19.45
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	19.75	19.70	21.50
Cables	19.80	19.75	21.65
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	13.22	13.57	15.05
Cables	13.25	13.60	15.11
Far East.			
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong: per tael for Shanghai and Peking.			
Hongkong, demand	56.25	56.00	96.00
Hongkong, cables	56.35	56.10	96.50
Peking, demand	79.00	80.50	180.00
Shanghai, demand	72.50	74.00	168.50
Shanghai, cables	73.00	74.50	169.00
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	26.00	26.00	46.00
Cables	26.50	26.50	46.50
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS — Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.			
Demand	45.25	45.50	49.00
Cables	45.75	46.00	49.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	32.50	31.50	....
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	48.75	49.875	50.25
Cables	48.875	50.00	50.50
South America.			
ARGENTINA—Par 42.44c per Arg. paper dol.			
Demand	34.125	34.25	43.125
Cables	34.25	34.375	43.25
BRAZIL—Par 32.43 cents per paper milreis.			
Demand	14.25	14.80	27.75
Cables	14.375	14.925	27.875
Canada.			
MONTREAL—Par 100c per Canadian dollar.			
Demand	84.6	85.2	92.9
Russian Currency.			

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par 51.40 cents per ruble:

	Bid.	Asked.
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.60	.70
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.55	.60

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 21,'22	89	90½	..
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 23,'23	90	95	7.75
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 26,'27	87½	91½	7.55
Am. Cot. Oil	6	Sep. 2,'24	82	86	10.40
Am. T. & T.		Oct., 1922	99¾	99⅞	9.30
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	96¾	97¼	9.30
Am. Tob. Co.	6	Nov., 1923	95¼	94½	9.50
Am. Tob. Co.	6	Nov., 1921	99½	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1922	99½	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1925	99½	100	7.00
Anacon. Co.	8	Jan., 1920	87½	88½	9.00
Anacon. Co.	7	Jan., 1920	87½	88½	7.70
A. & A. O. Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	98½	99½	7.70
Arm. & Co.	7	July 15,'30	99½	100	7.80
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July 15,'23	93¾	94¾	9.00
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July 15,'22	96¼	97	9.10
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	91	92	8.70
Col. Graph. Co. 8%		Aug., 1925	85	90	10.80
Dudahy Pack.	7	July 15,'23	93	95¼	9.05
Fed. Sug. Ref.		Nov., 1924	89	93	8.00
Cont. Arg. Re	6	Feb., 1927	74	77	11.30
G. R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	93½	96½	10.80
Gt. C. C. & St. L. Ry. Co.	6	July, 1929	89½	90½	7.30
The B.F.Goodrich Co.	6½	Apr., 1925	80	81¼	13.20
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July,'1921	97	98	7.30
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1922	94¾	96¼	8.70
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1923	94½	96	7.75
Hocking Val.	6	Mar., 1924	89	91	9.00
Int. Rap. Tr.	7	Sep., 1921	96	97	..
Kan. C. Ter.	6	Nov., 1923	90	93	8.70
Kennecott C.	7	Feb., 1930	86¼	89¼	8.75
Laclede Gas.	7	Jan., 1929	83	86	9.35
Lig. & Myers.	6	Dec., 1921	92¾	97¼	8.90
Nat. C. & S.	10	yrs	90	96	8.60
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	98½	99¾	7.50
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	92	93	13.70
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1921	99¾	100¼	6.90
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1922	99½	100	7.00
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1923	99¾	100	7.00
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J. cv.	7	Mar., 1922	85	87	..
R.J. Rylds. T.	8	Aug., 1925	95¾	96¼	8.50
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'22	95¾	96¼	10.30
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'23	93	93¾	9.50
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'24	93	93¾	9.50
Sinc. C. O. C.	7	May 15,'23	87	87¾	11.50
Solvay & Co.	8	Oct., 1927	98¾	99¾	8.40
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	91¾	92½	11.60
Stand. Milling	7	Apr., 1925	90	92	9.20
St. P. Un. Dep. guaran.	5½	Dec. 15,'23	93¼	95	8.25
Stand. Oil Co. (Cal.)	6	Jan., 1923	..	99¾	7.00
Stand. Oil Co.	6	Aug. 15,'23	..	97¾	8.80
Swift & Co.	7	Oct. 15,'22	95¼	95¾	9.00
Swift & Co. Over.		Sept. 15,'23	93	95	..
Swift & Co.	6	Apr., 1925	96¼	97¾	..

Salary Advances Also Granted by Banks and Brokers.

The seasonal announcements of bonuses to bank and other downtown employes, as well as wage increases, continued yesterday in fair volume, although they were not as numerous as this time a year ago.

The Mercantile Bank of the Americas, Inc., announced the usual Christmas bonus of 10 per cent. to officers and employes in the New York and all foreign offices.

Freeman & Co. distributed a cash bonus to employes at the annual dinner given them at the Bankers' Club, which was attended by the entire organization.

Mark H. Cohen, an insurance broker, announced an increase in his salary schedule to employes ranging from 10 to 25 per cent., effective Jan. 1, while four department heads will share in the profits of the business.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London up ⅛d at 40⅝d per ounce. New York prices for bar silver unchanged at 99⅜c per ounce, the Mint price; for foreign silver ½c higher at 69½c.

Range of prices for silver bullion this month:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
London	44⅛d	Dec. 2	38⅝d	Dec. 10
New York	99c	Dec. 2	88½c	Dec. 10

Range for the present year to date.

London	89⅛d	Feb. 11	38⅝d	Dec. 10
New York	$1.27	Jan. 15	88½c	Dec. 10

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, DEC. 23, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$26,412,750	Holiday.	$21,889,000
Year to date	3,783,882,800	3,610,132,575	1,966,476,000

GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

$1,000.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.	Closing—Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
1,834	Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47	90.80	90.80	90.70	90.80	+.06	90.80	90.90	4.02
11	Liberty 1st 4s, 1932-'47	....	....	....	....	....	84.80	85.00	....
11	Liberty 1st 4s, 1927-'42	82.86	82.70	82.52	82.70	+.36	83.00	84.00	....
490	Liberty 1st conv. 4½s, 1932-'47	85.00	85.00	84.90	84.90	+.58	84.80	85.00	5.38
21	Liberty 1st conv. 4½s, reg	84.40	84.40	84.20	84.20	—.80	....	....	....
5	Liberty 2d conv. 4½s, 1932-'47	94.00	94.00	94.00	94.00	....	....	....	....
3,766	Liberty 2d conv. 4¼, 1927-'42	93.86	94.04	93.86	94.04	+.40	93.86	94.04	5.15
186	Liberty 2d conv. 4¼s, reg	93.54	93.54	93.50	93.50	....	....	....	....
3,308	Liberty 3d conv. 4½s, 1928	96.36	96.56	96.36	96.56	+.36	96.50	96.56	4.36
80	Liberty 3d conv. 4½s, reg	96.12	96.24	96.12	96.24	+.14	....	....	....
5,406	Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38	94.06	94.50	94.00	94.50	+.22	94.50	94.56	5.30
40	Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg	93.94	94.02	93.94	94.02	+.06	94.38	94.42	....
2,086½	Victory 4¾s, 1922	94.96	94.96	94.96	94.96	—.02	....	....	7.04
1,086	Victory 3¾s, 1922-'23	94.92	94.94	94.96	94.96	—.06	94.96	94.96	6.04

City of Berlin 8s, temp ctfs	1	74½	20	76	6½s, int ctfs	2	75¾	2	75¾
1	93½	4	75	2	100⅜	2	75¾	1	101½
2	93	10	74½	C&WI con 4s		2	75¾	9	102⅜
1	92¾	gen unf 4½s		1	54½	9	72¼	con 4s	
City of Cop'gen	1	70½	16	54½	18	75¾	5	73	
6½s	2	70½	Chile Cop 7s		8	76¼	5	71½	
1	73	A & C A L 1st	10	89	KC, FS & M 4s	1	61½	div 4s	
5	72	5s, Ser B	2	88½	1	61½	5s30f.	74	
3	71¼	1	88½	2	88¾	2	61½	Nor Pac 4s	
3	71½	4	85	25	89¼	Kan C So 5s	1	69¾	8
4	71¼	Atl Fruit t 7s	31	90	6	68½	2	72¾	
City of Christ'a 8s, K. L & Co ctfs	1	66	col tr 6s		5	70	12	71¾	
2	93	55	10	62¾	1	70¼	7	71¼	8s Pac Col 4s
B & O pr l.	3½	2	78	3	62¾	21	72	10	72	5
2	78	1	62	2	62¼	45	71¾	2	67	1
City of Lyons 5s, temp ctfs	78	30f.	78	2	62¼	21	71¼	2	66½	conv 4s
2	77	2	62¼	15	62¼	10	72	18	73	1
City of Paris	5½s, 1922	gold 4s	54	1	62¾	15	73½	3	73	1
21	91½	5	63¼	1	62¾	4	73¼	50	73	1
2	91½	5	63¼	1	62¾	3s	10	73½	1	73½
6	91½	5	63¾	1	62¾	20	53¾	conv 5s	5	94¼
2	91¾	1	63¼	C. C. C & St L	12	53¾	5	94¼	20	94½
24	91	1	63¾	gen 4s	2	53¾	20	94½	16	94½
5	91¾	10	64	23	63¼	Nor States Pr 1st & ref 5s	2	70	2	95
1	91½	conv 4½s	24	64	ref & imp 6s	2	70	50	94½	
17	91½	2	63½	1	63¾	1	64¼	17	76	1st ref 4s
City of Tokios	42	10	63	3	63¾	1	66¼	7	75¾	2
City of Zurich 8s, receipts	94	33	63½	deb 4½s	8	76	GenElec deb 5s	1	65¾	5
4	94	25	63	Cola&e 1st 4s	4	76	1	65¾	deb 6s	1
Dom Rep 5s	72	2	62¾	4	76	1	65¾	1	98¼	Grd Trunk Ry 7s, int rcts
10	72	1	62¾	1	75¾	Lac G L of St. ref & ext 5s	1	70½	1	99¼
Dom of Can 5s, 1921	17	62¾	ref & ext 4½s	7	69¼	L S & M So 4s, 1928	5	80¾	1	99¼
13	62½	Col & 9th AV 1st 5s	5	16	Con Gas cv 7s	5	96¼	4s, 1931	1	77¼
5	62¾	12	63	2	96¼	1	77¼	4	77¾	
5s, 1926	30	62¾	5	15	10	99¾	O-W R R & N 1st & ref 4s	3	76¼	
30	86¾	2	63	Con Gas cv 7s	Cuba C Sug conv 7s	1	68¾	S	68½	
5½s, 1920	5	86¾	2	63¼	5	96¼	21	74½	1	68¾
1	88¼	6s	12	88	10	99¾	P&LE&WV 4s	2	60	21
5s, 1931	1	87¾	9	87¾	1	99¾	2	61	B W Div 4½s	10
1	80¾	10	88½	Cuba C Sug conv 7s	21	76¾	4	76½	Tol-CinDiv 4s	13
5	80	P, LE&WV 4s	2	60	4	76½	13	76¾	40	77
French Gov 8s	100	2	61	1	76¾	13	76¾	1	77¾	
4	99¾	1	61	4	76¾	40	77	1	77¾	
24	100	S W Div 4½s	10	72½	13	76¾	1	77¾		
Gov of Switz 8s, temp rcts	4	101½	Tol-CinDiv 4s	8	61½	1	76¾	1	77¾	
5	101½	1	61½	1	51¾	1	77¾	1	77¾	
10	101¾	Bell Tel Pa 7s, int rcts	1	101	28	77	9	77¾		
3	102	6	101¼	4	77	1	77¾			
Jap Gov 4½s, sterling loan	13	75¾	3	101½	Del & Hudson temp 7s	1	102¾			
1	75¾	Beth Stl ext'd	2	87	1	103				
2d series	4	75¾	5	86½	2	102½				
4	75¾	1st & ref 5s	1	77	conv 5s	3	60			
Jap Govt 4s, sterling loan	12	75	5	76½	Den & Rio G con 4s	1	60¼			
22	56	1	76¾	3	77	1	60¾			
1	56¼	BradenC a 6s	1	80½	B R T gold 5s	2	60¾			
6	56	3	80½	3	25	2	60¾			
21	53¾	7s, 1921	5	40½	2	60¾				
King of Belm 7½s, rects	4	40½	7	41¾	1st ref 5s	6	40			
20	98	cfs of dep, st	6	33¾	3	40				
1	94	6	33½	1	40					
3	94¼	BklynUGas 5s	4	74½	10	41				
3	95	4	74½	Tr Co c of d	5	36				
6s, 1925	1	86¾	CalG&Elec 5s	8	83	15	35			
King of Italy 6½s	10	81	Can Nor 7s, int rcts	3	81¼	Det United Ry con 4½s	1	60		
Un King of Gt Brit & Ire 5½s, 1921	10	97¾	1	100	E Tenn, V & G con 5s	6	84			
5½s, 1929	85	88¾	6	99¾	Erie 1st gen 4s	1	89¾			
5	86¾	1	99¾	3	89¼					
20	86½	CentGaRy 5s	8	84	7	89¼				
8	86¼	CentPac gtd 4s	2	70	5	89½				
26	86¼	5	69¾	1st con 4s						
10	87	8	70	1	80½					
5	86½	10	70¼	11	50					
11	86¾	T S L 4s	1	80½	cv 4s, Ser A					
5½s, 1922	4	94¾	C & O gen 4½s	25	65	2	84¾			
5½s, 1937	15	92¾	2	72	2	85				
11	83	1	71¾	Ser B	2	84¼				
4	82¾	2	72	2	84¼					
23	82¾	4	71¾	cv 4s, Ser D	1	40				
1	83	1	71¾	1	62¾	Mont Tramw 1st ref 5s	4	64¼		
5	82¾	conv 4½s	5	70	10	39				
5	83	conv 5s	5	77½	5	38¾				
10	82¾	5	77¾	2	38¾					
1	83	5	77¾	2	39					
U S of Mex 4s	29	64	77¾	GenElec deb 5s	1	65¾				
5s	39	5	77¾	4	65¾					
15	38	6	77¾	deb 6s	8	98¼				
20	38¾	10	77¾	Cola&Ist 4s	1	65¾				
20	39	67	78	1	65¾					
20	38¾	10	79	deb 6s	8	98¼				
8	38¾	Chic&Alt 5s	2	35¼	Grd Trunk Ry 7s, int rcts	1	99¼			
N Y City 4½s, 1963	1	38	C, B&Q gen 4s	11	35	1	99¼			
30	90¾	10	72	5	99¾					
10	90¾	10	73¼	2	99½					
4½s, May,'57	1	73¼	9	99¾						
2	90½	6	74¼	15	99¾					
Nov., 1957	1	90	joint 4s	10	96¼	Great Nor ref 4½s	8	76		
4½s, 1960	5	85	5	96¼	HocVy 1st 4½s	8	75½			
5	85¼	31	96	Ill Steel 4½s	4	85¾				
A'as G M cv deb 6s, S A	5	85¼	3	69	Ind, Ill & Ia 4s	3	73			
10	15	2	95¾	Hud & M 1st & ref 5s, Ser A	Ind Steel 5s	3	87¾			
Alb & Sus 3½s	1	70	Hi Div 4s	5	73	3	86¾			
Am S & Ref temp 1st 5s	27	71	1	87¼	C&Erie 1st 5s	15	75			
1	70¾	1	75	1	73¼					
1	70¾	ChiGtWest 4s	3	48½						
20	70¾	3	48							
1	71	5	49							
3	70¾	C. M & St P gen 4s, A	5	63¼						
15	70¾	5	61½							
6	70¾	4s30f.	20	70¾						
Am Tel & Tel col 4s	25	82¼	5	63½						
20	72¾	5	63¼							
1	73	5	62¾							
9	72	3	62¾							
Col tr 5s	5	61	4s, 1924	8	76					
1	73¾	Wen Sts'a, B	4	13						
2	76	1	58	5	14¾					
15	75½	gen 4½s	5	15						
1	76	6	74¾	17	15¾					
1	76	5	74¾	16	15¾					
1	76	5	74¾	2	15¾					
5	75¾	14	74½	1	15¾					
10	76	conv 4½s	2	64	20	15¾				
conv 4½s	4	64	3	63¾	cfs of dep	5	15¾			
19	78½	10	64	10	13¾					
conv 6s	5	63¾	10	13						
718	83	2	63¾	2	13¾					
81	92¾	1	63¾	2	13¾					
30	93	1	63¾	2	13¾					
1	92¾	5	63	1	13¾					
1	92¼	15	63½	10	13¾					
20	92¾	5	63	10	13¾					
5	92¾	conv 5s, B	5	65	Int Rap Tran 1st & ref 5s	15	44¾			
11	73¾	5	64	5a10f.	43¾					
5	73¾	ref 4½s	15	44¾						
5	73¾	2	57½	5a10f.	43¾					
5	73¾	C&NW gen 4s	6	44¼						
4	73½	2	74½	10	44¼					
5	73¾	Chi Ryn 5s	10	44¾						
6	74¾	15	49							
3	74¾	10	43¾							
1	74¾	10	43¾							
1	74¾	10	43¾							
1

Deposit Accounts

Investment Securities

Foreign Exchange

Letters of Credit

Winslow, Lanier & Co.
~ Bankers ~
59 Cedar Street New York
Established 1849.

F&Co

Safe

Profitable

Investments

FRAZIER & Co.
65 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Tel. Bowling Green 6025
PHILADELPHIA
WASHINGTON BALTIMORE
PITTSBURG

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS
THE GLIDDEN CO.
Common and Preferred

Through our Cleveland office we are able to give prompt and satisfactory service in the execution of your orders for the sale or purchase of these stocks.

OTIS & CO.,
49 Broad St., N. Y.
Phone Broad 2120
Members N. Y. and Cleveland Stock Exchanges

Investment Bonds

Herrick & Bennett
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
66 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 9060

MONTGOMERY & CO.
Bonds ~ Notes ~ Preferred Stocks
Philadelphia — New York — Chicago

BLYTH, WITTER & CO.
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MUNICIPAL & CORPORATION BONDS
61 BROADWAY
NEW YORK
Telephone 7638 Bowling Green
SAN FRANCISCO SEATTLE LOS ANGELES

City of Copenhagen 3½%
Loan of 1902
SPOT BONDS
HUTH & COMPANY
30 Pine Street, New York
Telephone John 6214.

William R. Compton Co.
Investment Bonds
14 Wall Street, New York
St. Louis Chicago
Cincinnati New Orleans

HORNBLOWER & WEEKS
Established 1888
Investment Securities
BOSTON NEW YORK CHICAGO
PROVIDENCE PORTLAND, ME. DETROIT

GRAHAM, PARSONS & Co.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
435 Chestnut St. 30 Pine St.
Philadelphia New York
John 5727-30

2 COMPANIES PASS COPPER DIVIDENDS

Inspiration and Greene-Cananea Vote to Withhold Usual Quarterly Payments.

BOTH CITE STRONG POSITION

Step Taken to Conserve Assets Due to Conditions in the Metal Markets.

The Inspiration Consolidated Copper Company and the Greene-Cananea Copper Company yesterday announced the passing of quarterly dividends. Three months ago Inspiration declared a dividend of $1 a share and Greene-Cananea made a distribution of 50 cents a share.

In the case of Inspiration the following statement was issued:

"The Directors of the company decided that on account of prevailing conditions in the metal markets the resources of the company should be conserved and its present strong financial position maintained; therefore no dividend was declared.

"The following is a summary of the financial position of the company as of Dec. 31, 1920 (December results estimated):

"The net income from the beginning of operations to Dec. 31, 1919, amounted to $44,726,075. The surplus, Dec. 31, 1919, was $9,879,259. The profits for the year 1920 are estimated at $1,938,843, after making allowances for all expenses, including Federal income tax and loss on Liberty bonds sold.

"During 1920 the company declared three dividends at the average rate of $1.17 a share amounting to $4,136,884, leaving a surplus at Dec. 31, 1920 (December estimated) of $7,681,218. The company has in copper on hand upon the basis of the contract price for that which has been sold but not delivered, and cost for the balance, a total of $10,216,723, against which it owes for advances on metal $2,212,848. The company has no other indebtedness except for current operating expenses."

The following statement was made after the Greene-Cananea meeting:

"The Directors of the company decided on account of conditions prevailing in the metal market that the interests of the shareholders would be best served by maintaining the strong financial position of the company, and therefore no dividend was declared.

"The financial position of the company (upon a consolidated basis) is as follows:

"Surplus, Dec. 31, 1919, $7,873,309; profits for the year ending Dec. 31, 1920 (December estimated) $842,449; dividends paid during year, $500,000; surplus, Dec. 31, 1920, approximately $8,-179,758.

"The company has in copper on hand upon the basis of the contract price for that which has been sold but not delivered and cost for the balance a total of $7,340,305, against which it owes for advances on metal $1,812,848.

"The company has no other indebtedness except for the current operating expenses."

KINDLIER TO CONSORTIUM.

China Now Shows Less Resistance to Supervision.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Frederick W. Stevens, representative of the American banking group in the Chinese loan consortium, has arrived at Peking, and at the same time official dispatches received here state that the attitude of the Chinese Cabinet toward the consortium, which formerly was distrustful, is more conciliatory, its apprehension that the proposed loans would compromise China's sovereignty having been allayed.

Mr. Stevens was formerly a Michigan lawyer and also associated with the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. He will remain in Peking as the permanent resident representative of the American members of the consortium.

The Chinese Government has wanted the foreign banking groups to advance it an administrative loan without supervision, as former loans to the Chinese Government have been made, but one of the chief objects of the consortium, as favored by the Governments of Great Britain, Japan, France and the United States, has been to establish the principle of supervision in order to prevent the wholesale misappropriation and dissipation of loans without being applied to the objects for which they were authorized.

The policy of the new consortium is to advance money under supervision, and principally for public utility enterprises, such as the construction of railroads, other communications, and the development of China's resources. The Government must guarantee the disbandment of the large standing army in China, to whose support a considerable part of the revenues of the country has been going.

Today's advices stated that the Chinese Minister of Finance has been meeting with the representatives of the consortium in Peking and that the attacks on the consortium which have been appearing in the Chinese press have ceased.

Invincible Oil Earns $8,000,000.

It was stated yesterday that the total production of the Invincible Oil Corporation for this year would be approximately 3,000,000 barrels. An official of the company estimated that earnings would be in the neighborhood of $8,000,000, or about $20 a share. E. R. Ratcliff, President of the company, states that production during 1921 will be better than 8,200 barrels a day.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Barr & Schmeltzer have received an issue of $360,000 Albany (N. Y.) 5 per cent. registered public improvement bonds, maturing 1922 to 1941. The bonds will be offered shortly at 5.75 to 4.70 per cent., according to maturity.

Frank H. Fayant, assistant to the Chairman of the Association of Railway Executives, has been made Vice President of Thomas F. Logan, Inc., advertising agents for the New York Central Lines, General Electric Company, Consolidation Coal Company and others.

The Anglo-American Oil Company, Limited, will pay on and after Jan. 15, 1921, an interim dividend of 2 shillings per share from the net earnings of the current year, free of British income tax. Payment will be made by the National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd., at its head office in Bishopsgate London, or at any of its branches, or by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York.

The Board of Directors of the American La France Fire Engine Company, Inc., have elected Lewis Clarge, President of the American Exchange National Bank, a member of the Executive Committee.

On Jan. 1 James L. Martin of Chicago will enter the firm of Pynchon & Co. as a general partner. He will make his headquarters in the Chicago office of the firm as one of the resident partners. The business of James L. Martin & Co. will be discontinued Jan. 1.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the National Aniline and Chemical Company, Inc., held Dec. 21, Orlando F. Weber resigned as President and J. W. Newlean was elected to succeed him. Mr. Weber, who continues as Chairman of the Board of the National Aniline and Chemical Company, Inc., has been made a President of the Allied Chemical and Dye Corporation.

London Reserve Ratio Lowest of Wartime—Reduction in French Circulation.

The statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes for the last week:

Gold coin and bullion	increased £849,301
Reserve in banking department	decreased 2,386,000
Notes in circulation	increased 3,346,000
Loans on Government securities	increased 35,000
Loans on other securities	increased 4,706,000
Public deposits	decreased 5,631,000
Other deposits	increased 9,981,000
Notes in reserve	decreased 2,394,000

Proportion of the bank's reserve to deposit liabilities this week is 7.76 per cent., last week it was 9.64 per cent.; two weeks ago, 9.34 per cent. Highest reserve percentage of the year was 23⅛ on March 17; lowest, 7¾ yesterday, which was also the lowest of the war period. Until yesterday the lowest reserve ratios reported by the Bank of England were 7¾ per cent. on Dec. 3; 8⅛ on Oct. 6; 8½ on July 30 and 9¼ on Dec. 31, 1919. The ratio in the war panic week of Aug., 1914, was 14⅝ per cent.

The statement compares as follows with the corresponding week one year and two years ago:

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Total gold holdings	£127,760,501	£91,391,566	£79,110,764
Res. in bkg. dept., gold & notes	11,629,000	17,692,806	27,253,834
Notes in circu.	124,602,000	92,148,760	70,306,930
Pub. dep.	13,769,000	20,337,942	23,642,681
Other dep.	136,080,000	133,360,971	149,036,977
Gov. sec.	71,177,000	68,675,120	71,105,744
Other sec.	78,914,000	85,170,163	92,140,127
Ratio of reserve	7.76%	11.50%	15.78%

The Bank of England's official minimum discount rate was left unchanged at 7 per cent., at which it has stood since April 15. A year ago it was 6 per cent., having been advanced to that rate on Nov. 6, 1919. At this date of 1918 and 1917 it was 5 per cent. against 6 per cent. in 1916 and 5 per cent. in 1915 and 1914.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes, in francs:

Gold in hand	increased 933,000
Silver in hand	increased 1,300,000
Notes in circulation	decreased 64,835,000
Treasury deposits	decreased 30,955,000
General deposits	decreased 20,981,000
Bills discounted	decreased 2,177,000
Advances	increased 21,599,000

The principal items in the statement compare as follows with the same date one and two years ago, in francs:

Gold—	1920.	1919.	1918.
	5,499,933,000	5,578,523,300	5,477,567,859
Silver—	265,700,000	268,034,071	318,348,246
Circulation—	37,444,263,000	37,274,539,576	30,249,612,230

The highest point which the French Bank's outstanding note circulation has ever reached was the 39,644,392,000 francs of Nov. 3; the lowest point of the present year to date was 36,914,-357,000 francs, on April 1.

Montana Bank Closes, Cashier Held.

PLENTYWOOD, Mont., Dec. 23.—The Sheridan County State Bank of Plentywood is closed and Chester J. Beiseker, the cashier, is under arrest today charged with making false reports to the State Banking Department. Officials in charge of the bank, according to the Prosecuting Attorney of Sheridan County, have found shortages in excess of $100,000.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC NET INCOME LOWER

Company Reports $2,857,878, or $2,208,623 Less Than in November a Year Ago.

OPERATING REVENUES RISE

Wage and Maintenance Costs More Than Offset Advance in Traffic Receipts.

The earnings report of the Southern Pacific Company for November and the eleven months of this year as submitted to the Interstate Commerce Commission was a disappointment when it was issued yesterday. The figures showed that traffic had fallen considerably below the October level and that the decrease in net railway operating income, as compared with the corresponding period a year ago, was a good deal more than was the case in October.

Railway operating revenues for the month increased $4,096,070 to $26,654,-505, as compared with November, 1919, while railway operating income increased $6,256,949 to $21,943,858 and net income amounting to $2,857,878 was $2,-208,623 lower than in November last year.

Under the head of revenues freight produced $18,274,457, which was $3,061,-172 greater than in November, 1919, and passenger revenues increased $1,-149,995 to $6,226,096. This, however, was more than offset by an increase of nearly $3,000,000 in maintenance of way and structures and equipment, and $2,838,131 in the transportation expense item. The latter was due to the most recent wage awards made by the United States Railroad Labor Board.

For the eleven-month period the showing was even more significant, gross showing an increase of $39,832,477, as compared with the corresponding period of the preceding year, while the increase in railway operating expenses was $31,338,755. This resulted in a decrease in net railway operating income for the eleven months of $18,933,649 to $17,848,782. But this is explainable because the road had to make up back pay to employes dating back to May 1 and did not begin to enjoy additional revenues to offset the wage increases until the latter part of September, the month in which the advanced rate schedules became operative.

Gas Company Cuts Dividend.

The New York Mutual Gas Lighting Company has declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent., payable Jan. 10, to stock of record Dec. 29. This is a cut of 1 per cent. from the amount usually announced at this time. Since 1913 the company has paid annual dividends of 9 per cent., 5 per cent. of which was declared in June and 4 per cent. in December. Total payments this year amount to 8 per cent., including the January payment. The company is controlled by the Consolidated Gas Company, which owns 55.32 per cent. of the outstanding capital stock.

Transcontinental Co. Now Controls Latin America Petroleum Corporation.

The Transcontinental Oil Company has acquired control of the Latin America Petroleum Corporation and the latter's 600,000 acres of oil land in Colombia, according to an announcement made last night by Roosevelt & Kobbe, counsel who helped to bring about the arrangement. The deal was closed yesterday by R. W. Edgett, Vice President, and E. B. Dishman, Secretary, representing the Latin America corporation.

The deal was closed subject to a prior sale of about forty square miles in alternating sections which was made by the Latin America concern to the South American Petroleum Corporation, in which Morehouse & Co., 70 Wall Street, are the dominating interest.

New officers who have been elected by the Latin America Petroleum Corporation are J. G. Trees, President; A. B. Dalley Jr., Vice President; F. B. Parriott, Vice President, and T. R. Coewell, Secretary and Treasurer, with M. L. Benedum as Chairman of the Board of Directors.

LOAN TO NEW YORK CENTRAL

Company and Subsidiaries to Get $26,775,000.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—A loan of $26,775,000 to the New York Central and seven subsidiary lines to help finance the purchase of new equipment and additions and betterments to cost $56,-625,000, was approved today by the Interstate Commerce Commission. The roads are to furnish $30,000,000 for this purpose and the fund will be expended jointly.

The subsidiary lines of the New York Central to share in the loan are the Michigan Central, the Big Four, the Cincinnati Northern, the Toledo & Ohio Central, the Zanesville & Western, the Kanawha & Michigan Railway and the Lake Erie & Western.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.			
Alpha	.60	Divide Tonopah	1.07½
Best & Belcher	.15	Dividend	.02
Challenge	1.20	East Divide	.02
Confidence	1.80	Extension	.26
Con. Virginia	1.90	Gold Reef	.04
Gould & Curry	.05	Hasbrouck	.02
Hale & Norcross	.18	Kernick	.06
Imperial	.70	Knox	.03
Jacket	.10	Myra	.02
Mexican	.10	Revert	.03
Ophir	.25	Verdi	.03
Overman	.30	Victory	.04
Seg. Belcher	.10	West	.04
Scorpion	.03	Zone	.20
Sierra Nevada	.09	GOLDFIELD.	
Union	.24	Booth	.02
Utah	.03	Consolidated	.06
TONOPAH.		Crackerjack	.04
Belmont	1.28	Florence	.15
Cash Boy	.04	Jumbo Extension	.04
Jim Butler	.15	Lone Star	.04
McNamara Creac	.04	Silver Pick	.05
Midway	.12	Spearhead	.03
Monarch	.03	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
North Star	.05	Arrowhead	.06
Rescue	.19	Black Mammoth	.06
Tonopah Extension	1.30	Broken Hills	.14
Tonopah "66"	.05	Bullwhacker	.53
West End "66"	.91	Crossus	.03
West Tonopah	.04	Holly	1.45
DIVIDE.		Round Mountain	.14
Alto	.03	Fairview R. M.	.15
Belcher	.03	Simon	.54
Belcher Extension	.03	Sterling	.04
Brougher	.10	White Caps	.04

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	1⅛	1¼	Isabella	3½	4
Dr. J'pot	1½	2½	Mary McK.	3	5
Elkton	9	12	Portland	35	40
El Paso	8	9	Tr. Gold M.	8	12
Golden C.	54	60	Vindicator	13	15
Granite	7	9	Rose Nicol.	3½	4½

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	$5.25	$5.50	$5.50	$5.75
Quicksilver	50.00	..	50.00	..
Aluminium	23.00	25.00	*23.00	*23.00
Iron, No. 2X Silic.	..	39.00	..	39.00

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 13¾, 30 days.

London Quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	72	5	0	73	10	0
Copper, futures	73	0	0	73	10	0
Tin, spot	198	0	0	202	0	0
Tin, futures	205	0	0	207	0	0
Spelter, spot	22	10	0	24	0	0
Spelter, futures	24	12	6	25	7	6
Lead, spot	21	10	0	21	15	0
Lead, futures	22	15	0	22	10	0

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 23.—Fifty new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $2,247,800, were chartered today. They include:

Candor Co-operative 4-L-F-Exchange, Candor, Tioga County, producing and manufacturing on co-operative plan, $10,000; R. A. Powers, C. H. Rockwell, J. D. Scofield, Candor.

Day & Powers, Buffalo, real estate agency, $5,000; C. C. Day, L. W. Manchester, H. L. Powers, Yorkshire.

Walter R. Montesor & Co., Manhattan, contracting in electrical work, $25,000; F. and W. Bernstein, W. R. Montesor, 1,382 Shakespeare Av.

Bonnard Novelties, Brooklyn, $40,000; T. J. O'Donnell, G. M. C. and A. Bonnard, 112 Berriman St., Brooklyn.

John G. Nickerson, Manhattan, merchandise, $10,000; E. A. London, H. G. and J. G. Nickerson, 1,600 Broadway.

Naval Tailors, Brooklyn, wearing apparel, $5,000; M. M. and S. Goldstein, W. S. Berres, 148 Pennsylvania Av., Brooklyn.

Sharff Bros., Brooklyn, realty and merchandise, $5,000; S. Sharff, E. and M. Reiffer, 25 Louisiana Av., Brooklyn.

Scottsville Paper Box Board Corp., Rochester, $1,000,000; J. H. Weis, F. H. Fawman, W. F. Shafer, Rochester.

Prydun Co., Manhattan, make non-skidding chains, $10,000; G. Yule, R. L. Pryor, E. J. Dunn, 105 West 40th St.

Baltic Exchange, Manhattan, import and export, 100 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 400 common, no par value; active capital, $12,000; J. F. Bush, E. Hoffmann, J. E. Prettyman, 40 Wall St.

Winter Products Manufacturing Co., Manhattan, furs, $21,000; A. V. Feary, E. J. Feinberg, M. Henkel, 306 West 51st St.

Empire Film Laboratories, Manhattan, make photographic films, $30,000; J. P. H. Dewindt Jr., G. A. Kranske Jr., L. L. Alterman, 220 West 19th St.

Mountaindale Electric Light and Power Co., Mountaindale, $10,000; F. J. Carden, S. Wingard, H. Goldstein, Mountaindale.

Wiesenfeld & Krauss, Bronx, haberdashery, $20,000; I. Siegel, B. Krauss, D. Wiesenfeld, 74 Delancey St.

Harlow C. Curtiss, Buffalo, realty, $225,-000; L. P. Hannock, L. C. Cooper, H. C. Curtiss, Buffalo.

Height Dress and Costume Co., Manhattan, $5,000; A. Russakow, M. Josephson, B. Lerner, 2,105 Monterey Av., Bronx.

Fallback Realty Co., Manhattan $50,000; H. W. Riggs, T. Black, J. A. Davis, 150 Columbia rieights, Brooklyn.

French Silk Underwear Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $10,000; E. Siegel, J. Eskanazy, E. Sykora, 2,520 Bailey Av., Bronx.

Fairyland Lunch and Ice Cream Parlor, Manhattan, $75,000; A. Papatian, E. Khmatlian, A. Kevounian, 372 West 157th St.

W. V. A. Waterman Co., Albany, stock brokers, $100,000; W. V. A. Waterman, D. T. Humphrey, S. E. Vail, Albany.

Loraine Sport Wear Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. M. Guttman, I. Fine, L. Smith, 375 Clifton Place, Brooklyn.

Fay Auto Lock Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; H. Kottler, C. B. Greenberg, J. Kainen, 2,230 8th Av.

Wyandale Farm Products Co., Springville, Erie Co., $10,000; W. R. Clark, F. Thiel, H. G. Vance, Springville.

Ell Berman Co., Manhattan, architectural woodwork and furniture, $50,000; I. Dubinbaum, M. Poses, I. Berman, 390 East 2d St., Brooklyn.

Royal Bakers' Supply Co., Bronx, $15,000; H. P. Pepper, C. and I. Enklewitz, 1,994 Anthony Av., Bronx.

Industrial Transportation Co., Manhattan, $100,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. trucking, $25,000; L. Rosenberg, M. Moore, J. Carney, 564 Greenwich St.

Ashland Cloak and Suit Co., Manhattan, $10,000; O. Chinich, A. and D. Wilensky, 141 West 19th St.

Elsted Pearls Corp., Manhattan, 100 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 common, no par value; active capital, $15,000; J. F. Killackey, A. C. Duffey, S. Elstad, 70 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn.

Netherlands Trading Society, Manhattan, ship brokers, $10,000; H. Deleeuw, E. T. McLoughlin, H. Rosenstein, 523 Metropolitan Av., Brooklyn.

Acme Weighing Co., Manhattan, commission merchants, $100,000; J. A. Gilbert, J. H. Burnell, E. W. Bragdon, 792 Macon St., Brooklyn.

Fifth Av. Taxicab Co., Manhattan, $5,000; S. and A. Hunau, S. Levine, 116 East 108th St.

Brooklyn Metal Wheel Toy Co., Brooklyn, make baby carriages, $40,000; V. S. and M. J. Alberts, H. Perimutter, 1,731 60th St., Brooklyn.

F. J. Berberich Mfg. Co., Queens, make thermometers, $5,000; W. J. Hoerner, B. Boschert, F. J. Berberich, Woodhaven.

Hoffman Patents Holding Corp., Buffalo, $5,000; W. M. and G. Hoffman, H. B. Niland, Buffalo.

Weber Trimming Co., Manhattan, $20,000; J., S. and H. Weber, 271 Broadway.

Swope-Stanley Motors, Rochester, $75,000; E. E. Fairchild, J. E. Swope, O. W. Stanley, Rochester.

Joseph Schmidt, Brooklyn, restaurant, $10,-000; M. C. Hefferman, L. M. Duffy, J. Schmidt, 380 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Geo. W. Sloan Lumber Co., Lyons, Wayne Co., $40,000; E. P. and J. C. Paton, G. W. Sloan, Lyons.

Grodin Silk Co., Manhattan, silks and textiles, $20,000; R. and M. Deibel, B. Grodin, 127 West 111th St.

Spencer & Lewis Construction Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; L. D. Spencer, B. G. and R. V. W. Lewis, 2,906 West 17th St., Brooklyn.

Makegood Waist Co., Manhattan, women's apparel, $30,000; B. and C. Bloomgarden, J. Epstein, 144 West 27th St.

F. Pressman Co., Manhattan, textiles, $15,-000; A. Salter, T. B. Brooks; F. Pressman, 701 West 177th St.

Central Printing Co., Manuhattan, $10,000; E. Spector, D. R. Ledman, M. M. Ahern, 1,713 East 14th St., Brooklyn.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Edward Nash & Louis Watjen, Manhattan, carry on business with $105,000 and 600 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,500 common, no par value.

Electro Light Engraving Co., Manhattan, $20,000 to $65,000.

Armand Schmoll, Manhattan, $1,500,000 to $2,500,000.

Consolidated Tool Works, Manhattan, $101,000 to $151,000.

S. Blick Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $100,000.

B. R. McCrane Warehouse Co., Richmond Co., $5,000 to $100,000.

Eastern State Journal, White Plains, $20,000 to $120,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTIONS.

Chipman Chemical Engineering Co., Manhattan, $1,650,000 to $600,000.

Sydenham Corp., Manhattan, $250,000 to $175,000.

NAME CHANGE.

H. O. Co., Buffalo, to H. O. Cereal Co.

NEW DESIGNATION.

N. K. Fairbanks Co., N. J., New Rep., R. Catlin, 65 Broadway.

DISSOLUTIONS.

J. Ferber, Manhattan.

Jay Dress Co., Manhattan.

Perlmutter-Mittelman Co., Manhattan.

M. E. Friedlander, Manhattan.

Estates of Chatham, Manhattan.

Citizens Coat, Apron and Towel Supply Co., Manhattan.

Bester Sport Wear Co., Manhattan.

Carlisle Cord Tire Co., Manhattan.

Meteor Press, Brooklyn.

Perfection Auto Repair Co., Brooklyn.

Arverne Realty and Construction Co., Queens.

Pearce Electric Co., Rochester.

Haberle-Crystal Spring Brewing Co., Syracuse.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Dec. 23.—Charters filed:

Goodrich Transit Co., boats, $1,250,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Seneca Oil Co., $500,000; Robert A. Van Voorhis, Arthur R. Oakley, Pearl River, N. J.; Cornelius A. Cole, Hackensack, N. J.

Sinora Co., of Philadelphia, manufacture talking machines, $500,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Rhodes Corp., manufacture of motors, $500,000; Rose Terpenstone, Charles Bushbaum, Adolph Bushbaum, New York.

Welfare Loan Society of Centralia, real estate, $400,000; A. J. Kingsbury, L. J. Phillip, J. Wharton, Dover, Del.

H. Richardson Hill & Co., stocks and bonds, $300,000; C. T. Cohee, C. B. Outten, S. L. Mackey, Wilmington, Del.

Will L. Smith, foreign merchants, $300,000; M. L. Rogers, T. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

Alturas Development Co., general development, $250,000; R. C. Coleran, G. M. McGinnis, Phila.; C. R. New, Liberty, Pa.

General Tool Products and Engineering Corp., manufacture tools, $220,000; A. W. Britton, Samuel B. Howard, Robert K. Thistle, New York.

Hope Mining Co., $150,000; George R. Wooden, William Baylis, Grady M. Fischer, New York.

Wyoming Dyestuffs and Chemical Corp., $100,000; C. T. Cohee, C. B. Outten, S. L. Mackey, Wilmington.

Truxtine Ship Corp., transportation of passengers, $100,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Whipple Ship Corp., transportation of passengers, $100,000; T. L. Croteau, M.A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Philadelphia Bond Corp., stocks and bonds, $100,000; Wray G. Arnold, Frank W. Fry, Frank A. Cabeen, Jr., Philadelphia.

Tire Tractor Co., manufacture, $100,000; Wilber A. McCoy, Pittsburgh, Pa.; W. I. N. Lofland, Frank Jackson, Dover.

Concord Coal and Clay Co., own and develop coal and clay, $25,000; Wilber A. McCoy, Pittsburgh, Pa.; W. I. N. Lofland, Frank Jackson, Dover.

Edgerton & Beers, commission, $15,000; George Beers, Washington; Alice B. Edgerton, L. Edgerton, Orlando, Fla.

W. A. Keene, construction, $5,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Syracuse Washing Machine Corp., $6,500,-000 to $7,000,000.

Haldt Transportation Co., Philadelphia, $100,000 to $200,000.

Cumming Transportation Co., Philadelphia, from $100,000 to $200,000.

Rapid Coaling and Transfer Co., Baltimore, $120,000 to $180,000.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Dec. 23.—New charters granted:

Swiss Knitting Co., Dover, $300,000; Herman A. Kattermann, Emil D. Kattermann, Emil G. Kattermann, Dover.

Shu Milk Products Corp., Newark, shoe polishes, $200,000; Alexander D. Cross, William F. Dockum, A. Johnny Mack, Newark.

Homestead Silk Mills, Paterson, to work silk, $125,000; Max Stein, Samuel Picon, Paterson; Wolf Rand, Newark.

Economy Tire Exchange, Newark, $100,000; Hyman Cohen, Harry A. Harrison, Harry Settel, Newark.

Walter Thompson, Lakewood, express, $75,000; Walter R. Thompson, Mae W. Thompson, Gerald Johnson, Lakewood.

Thriller Construction and Operating Co., Jersey City, amusement resorts, $50,000; George A. Noffka, Katie Noffka, Grantwood; William Ford, New York.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	81.62	80.80	81.47	+1.43
25 industrials	81.89	78.99	81.78	+2.80
50 stocks	86.75	84.84	86.61	+2.37

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Dec. 22	85.06	82.76	84.24	+.44
Dec. 21	86.03	83.04	83.80	-1.86
Dec. 20	86.54	85.36	85.66	-.55
Dec. 18	86.97	85.97	86.21	-.35
Dec. 17	87.76	86.76	87.06	-.39
Dec. 16	88.07	86.96	87.45	-.34

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	78.73	Dec. 3	62.70	Dec. 22	86.61
1919.	90.40	Dec. 26	84.10	Dec. 12	86.09
1918.	76.54	Dec. 11	71.42	Dec. 26	73.38
1917.	86.96	Dec. 31	87.44	Dec. 20	85.58
1916.	99.35	Dec. 4	88.88	Dec. 21	88.23

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1920.	94.07	Apr. 8	62.70	Dec. 22	86.61
†1919.	99.39	Nov. 5	80.73	Jan. 21	86.13

Full Years.

1919.	99.59	Nov. 3	80.74	Jan. 21	86.09
1918.	80.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 13	73.33
1917.	90.46	Jan. 4	87.47	Dec. 20	85.58
1916.	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues 86.63	—.00	—3.78	—4.63

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Dec. 22	86.72	—.38	Dec. 13	87.63	—.51
Dec. 21	87.10	—.16	Dec. 11	88.14	—.20
Dec. 20	87.26	—.23	Dec. 10	88.34	—.14
Dec. 18	87.49	—.29	Dec. 9	88.48	—.41
Dec. 17	87.78	—.16	Dec. 8	88.89	—.29
Dec. 16	87.94	—.13	Dec. 7	89.18	—.32
Dec. 15	87.07	+.32	Dec. 6	89.50	—.24
Dec. 14	87.75	+.12	Dec. 4	89.74	+.06

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	72.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	66.63
†1919.	79.05	June 2	71.05	Oct. 18	71.26

Full Years.

1919.	79.05	June 2	71.05	Dec. 18	72.00
1918.	82.86	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917.	89.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	76.80

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

Quoted on a Percentage Basis.

Name	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1920-'27	4¼	7.75	6.75
Bethlehem Steel	1920-'30	7	7.75	7.00
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1920-'32	4½@5-6	7.20	6.50
Canadian Pacific	1920-'32	4½@6	7.50	6.40
Ches. & Ohio	1924-'33	6½	6.75	6.40
Chicago & N. W.	1920-'23	4½	7.00	6.40
Chi., R. I. & P.	1920-'27	4½@5	7.75	7.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	7.87	6.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	7.12	6.40
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	7.50	6.87
Grace Steamship	1920-'34	6	7.87	7.25
Erie Railroad	1920-'27	4½@5	8.00	7.00
Illinois Central	1920-'27	4½@5	7.10	6.40
Illinois Central	1925-'35	7	6.85	6.40
Int. Prod. S'ship	1920-'28	7	8.50	7.50
Louis. & Nash.	1920-'23	5	7.10	6.40
Michigan Central	1920-'32	5 @6	7.00	6.40
Minn. & St. L.	1920-'27	5 @6	7.75	7.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1920-'24	5	8.25	7.25
New York Cen.	1920-'32	4½@5	7.25	6.40
New York Cen.	1921-'35	7	7.12	6.40
Norf. & West.	1920-'24	4½	7.00	6.40
Northern Pacific	1921-'30	7	7.10	6.40
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'29	4½@5-6	8.25	7.25
Pac. Fruit Exp.	1925-'35	7	6.80	6.40
Pa. Gen. Freight	1920-'23	4 @4½	7.00	6.37
Pitts. & L. Erie	1921-'25	6½	6.87	6.40
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	7.10	6.40
Seaboard Air L.	1920-'27	4½@5-6	8.25	7.25
Sinclair Refining	1920-'21	6	8.50	7.50
Southern Pacific	1920-'25	4½	7.10	6.40
Southern Pacific	1924-'33

Phone Rector 5000

Josephthal & Co

120 Broadway, New York

Members New York Stock Exchange

Private Wires to Principal Cities

Foreign Exchange

We Buy—Sell

Anglo-Amer. Oil Co.

Intercontinental Rubber Market on N. Y. Curb

HERMAN BROS.
Recognized Specialists for past 10 years
27 William St., New York
Telephone Broad 2706

S. O. of Indiana ($25 Par)
S. O. of New York
S. O. of California
S. O. of Ohio Com.
Bought, Sold and Quoted

C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Rector St., N. Y. Phone 6780 Rector

Cities Service Common
Bought Sold -Quoted

ALFRED A. COHEN & Co
INCORPORATED
40 EXCHANGE PL. N.Y. Tel.-Broad 3935

Amer. Hawaiian Steamship Stock

J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 Rector 76 Wall St., N. Y.

Eastman Kodak — Borden Co.
Singer Mfg. & Ltd. — American Chicle
Equitable Trust — Savannah Sugar
Com Ex. Bank Rts. — W. Ind. Sug. Fin. Pf.
Stone, Prosser & Doty
52 William St., N. Y. Hanover 7733.

WHEN IN DOUBT BUY
U. S. Government Bonds
C.F. CHILDS & Co.
Specialists

Investment Securities
J. W. BELL & CO.
56 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 3522

John B. Thayer
MUNICIPAL BONDS
111 Broadway
New York
Telephone Rector 8418

100 Years of Commercial Banking
CHATHAM & PHENIX NATIONAL BANK
Capital & Surplus $12,000,000
Resources $150,000,000
149 Broadway, Singer Bldg. And 12 Branches.

Central Union Trust Co.
of New York
80 Broadway
BRANCHES
5th Avenue at 60th Street
Madison Avenue at 42d Street
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $20,000,000

The First National Bank of Boston
Capital, Surplus and Profits
$37,500,000

THE DOMINION BANK
Head Office, Toronto, Canada
New York Agency, 51 Broadway
C. S. HOWARD, Agent.

SHIPPERS COMBINE IN PROTEST TO U.S.

Say Failure to Unload Cargo at Havana Caused a Loss of $2,000,000.

BLAME AMERICAN LEGATION

Assert It Permitted Poznan to Sail Over Protest of Cuba—Redress Is Sought.

About 150 American shippers have combined to protest to the State Department over the action of the American Legation in Havana in granting permission for the steamship Poznan to return to New York without having unloaded her cargo, and to seek redress for a loss estimated at $2,000,000. The Poznan was chartered from the Polish-American Steamship Company by the Acme Operating Corporation, and when she sailed for Havana in October she had a cargo estimated at $5,000,000.

Fisher C. Baily, of Joshua L. Baily & Co., dry goods commission merchants, Thomas and Church Streets, head of the Shippers Committee, said yesterday that the Acme Operating Corporation contracted to deliver the goods in Havana with a full knowledge of conditions there and made an extra freight charge because of them. When it was found that the Poznan could not be unloaded, the shippers charged, the Acme Corporation applied to the American Minister in Cuba for permission to leave port with her cargo intact. The permission was said to have been granted over protests of the Cuban Government. It was charged the American Legation also sent this letter to customers of the shippers:

"Havana, Cuba, Dec. 3, 1920.—Disposition of freight on the Poznan—Merchants in Cuba having freight on the Poznan can arrange for its early return to the Port of Havana on a smaller vessel without additional expense, by requesting the American firms from, or through whom, their purchases were made, to arrange that this be done. * * * The shipper should be so advised by the merchant in Cuba so that he may take necessary steps to expedite the merchandise, or not to send it back to Havana.

The next the shippers heard from their shipments was a circular from the Acme company inclosing a bill for the return freight. A statement issued by the committee said:

In the Poznan case not only have the shippers paid the extra high freight from New York to Havana, and the heavy extra unloading fees originally charged on account of conditions there, but the corporation is also trying to force the shippers to pay an equal amount for return freight from Havana and unloading charges in New York, although the steamer was returned from Havana to New York without the consent of the consignees or the knowledge, wish or consent of the shippers, with one exception, a gentleman whose loss it is believed amounted to about 10 per cent. of the total, but who, being a former New York Congressman, had political influence and was able to help persuade the State Department to get the Cuban Government to allow the return of the Poznan, although various fines are reported to have been lodged against her and her agents on account of failure to fulfill various laws, such as supplying proper manifests, &c., which fines it is alleged are still unpaid.

It is hoped that either the State Department or the Shipping Board will intervene, owing to help the shippers on this load, and for the future to prevent American ships from losing possibly millions of dollars on account of the operations of such estimated ship charterers or owners who possibly obtained possession of United States shipping Board boat by paying a more or less nominal deposit or a few months' rental, and then sail abroad and return home without unloading, and hold the cargo to obtain freight charges both ways.

REJECT MILK PRICES.

Conference Board Won't Accept $3.18 a Hundred Pounds.

Officials of the New York Milk Conference Board announced yesterday that they have written the Dairymen's League declining to accept the price of $3.18 a hundred pounds, forty-seven quarts, for milk of 3 per cent. butter fat for next month, which is the price prevailing this month.

The distributors, in a letter to the Dairymen's League, urged that current market conditions be remedied and milk prices reduced. A conference on the points were requested by the distributors, who also declared that if the producers regarded the price they had named as final, the distributors would accept it as an ultimatum and would act accordingly.

Pending a reply from the producers, milk conference board officials said no further action would be taken.

CANADA'S RATES TO RISE.

Freight Charges in the East to Be 35 Per Cent. Higher.

By the first of next year Canada's freight rate will be increased 30 or 35 per cent. according to locality, the higher rate prevailing in the East. This increase is applicable to all freight commodities with the exception of those which are expressly stipulated in the judgment, and for which special provision is made.

Simultaneously with the increase in freight rates, passenger rates all over the country are to be advanced 20 per cent., so long as they do not exceed 4 cents a mile. This increase is effective only to Dec. 31. After that date and for the six months' period from Jan. 1, 1921, to July 1, 1921, a 10 per cent. increase is authorised; following July 1, passenger rates return to those in force at the present time.

An increase of 50 per cent. in sleeping and parlor car rates and an increase of 20 per cent. in the rate on excess baggage also are authorized. The rates of milk, commutation fare and the minimum charge for shipment rate will not be increased.

Authorization is given in the free rate on coal for an increase of from 10 cents to 20 cents, on flat rate, according to distance. When the freight rate is under 80 cents a ton, an increase of 10 cents is allowed. When it is over 80 cents, and under $1.50, the increase authorized is 15 cents, and when the rate is over $1.50, the increase will be 20 cents a ton. The rate on cord wood, slabs, mill refuse, &c., for fuel purposes, is increased 10 per cent.

Fajardo Sugar Co.'s Profits Rise.

The report of the Fajardo Sugar Company for the year ended July 31 shows a big increase in earnings as compared with the preceding fiscal year. The surplus available for dividends in the current report after allowance for charges, but before Federal taxes, was $5,436,918, or the equivalent of $94.73 a share on the outstanding common stock. This compares with $471,033, or $14.11 a share on the common outstanding when the previous report was issued. Gross receipts were $12,423,333, as compared with $4,701,324 in the preceding year.

Pulp and Paper Investments.

OTTAWA, Dec. 23.—Investments in the pulp and paper industry in Canada total $264,591,300, the Bureau of Statistics announced here today. The figures covered operations in ninety-nine plants.

NEW RAIL STRIKE THREAT IN MEXICO

Unions Order the Trainmen to Be Ready to Walk Out When Notice Is Given.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 23.—Mexico again is threatened with a railway strike, the local congress of railwaymen having issued orders to all trainmen to be ready to strike on early notice. The last threatened strike was settled by former President de la Huerta when the strikers received a small wage increase. Differences between the local unions and the conductors is one of the main factors in the threatened strike. The union conductors complain that the engineers are paid more proportionately than the train crews, and they demand an increase.

Charges in the local courts against Paulino Fontes, former Manager of Railways, and Juan Barragan, Chief of Staff under Carranza, charged with misappropriation of funds, have been declared null. The courts order the return of all properties which were seized by the revolutionary troops on their entry into Mexico City.

It is reported that over 30,000 miners are idle throughout the republic owing to the drop in the price of silver. Ex-President de la Huerta and the Secretary of the Interior, General Calles, are expected to leave for the State of Sonora to investigate the shutdown of mines in Cananea.

News that France decided to withhold recognition of Mexico until the United States acts causes no surprise here, as officials recognize that the allied countries will wait the lead of the United States in their policy here.

It is reported that Pancho Villa is again in politics, backing a movement to make Raoul Madero Governor of the State of Coahuila. Late movements of Villa include trips to Chihuahua and other towns which he had captured when in the field. This causes some uneasiness here. Troops have been posted at strategic locations in the States of Coahuila, Durango and Chihuahua, where they can command the Villa settlements. The War Department believes that any attempt to alter the peaceful condition of the country can be suppressed without difficulty.

Reports that oil has been found in the State of Coahuila have started a rush to the new field. Other reports say there are signs of oil in San Luis Potosi and Tamaulipas.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 23.—French residents of Mexico have been asked by Foreign Minister Hidalgo to lay before their home Government statements of conditions prevailing in Mexico and the guarantees for their safety made by the Mexican Government.

This action on the part of the Foreign Minister follows the receipt in dispatch from Paris last night in which Premier Leygues was quoted as saying that he was less hopeful of French recognition of Mexico if full guarantees were not forthcoming.

SEEK RETURN OF RAILWAYS.

Mexican Owners Urge State to Relinquish Control of Lines.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The Board of Directors of the National Railways of Mexico are reported, in advices from Mexico City today, to have petitioned their Government for the immediate return of the lines, which have been under Government operation for seven years, during which time they have lost 108,000,000 pesos about $54,000,000. The board stated in its report that the reasons for Government retention of the lines, for the movement of troops, &c., have disappeared, and that the State, which is a poor administrator of public services, has failed lamentably in the operation of the roads.

A crisis is threatening Mexico owing to the closing down of mines, according to dispatches from Mexico City today. More than 2,000 mines have already ceased operations, due principally to the low price of silver. The Mexican mines produce largely a low-grade of ores and require considerable development.

The situation has progressed to the extent that thousands of workmen formerly employed in the mines have appealed to the Government for transportation away from the mining districts to other centres where they may earn a living.

FRANCE'S STEEL INDUSTRY.

Plants Destroyed by Germans Are Being Rebuilt on Larger Scale.

The French Commission in the United States announces that France is making progress in the rebuilding of her iron and steel industries. Reconstruction plans in those industries look far into the future, when France, through the return of Alsace-Lorraine, will occupy a dominating position, says the commission. Destroyed plants are being rebuilt on a larger and more modern scale. Damage wrought by the Germans in these industries is estimated at about 4,300,000,000f. Great difficulties are encountered in replacing machinery, practically all of which was destroyed or stolen.

Official figures furnished by the Comite des Forges show that the monthly production in the devastated regions in 1913 was 278,000 tons of iron and 235,000 tons of steel, representing 64 per cent. of the total iron production of France and 60 per cent. of her steel production. In September, 1920, the total iron production in the eastern part of France was 132,000 tons. The devastated regions furnished 100,000 tons of steel during the first ten months of 1920, which represents a great increase over 1919, when only 6,000 tons were produced.

Rapid progress has been made since the beginning of this year in increasing the output of blast furnaces. In the first part of 1919 only 21,000 tons were produced monthly. Later this was increased to 41,000 tons a month, but since Jan. 1 last the production has increased as follows: January, 53,000 tons; February, 63,000 tons; March, 74,000 tons; April, 81,000 tons; May, 90,000 tons; June, 111,000 tons; July, 116,000 tons; August, 123,000 tons; September, 132,000 tons.

The commission says that it is necessary to differentiate between the North and East, because while the mills of the North were completely destroyed and machinery wrecked or stolen, the mills of the East suffered less, being damaged only during the last few months of the war. Reconstruction in the North has been from the foundation upward and it is here that reconstruction is planned on a much larger scale. Before the war there were twenty-four blast furnaces in the North and eighty-nine in the East. None of the northern furnaces were operating up to October last, but resumption of eastern furnaces totaled twenty-two in 1919. This year sixteen more have been placed in operation, making the total in operation on Oct. 1 thirty-eight. In northern mills on July 1, 6,000 workmen were employed, as compared to an average of 31,000 in 1913. Eastern mills were employing 14,000 men, as compared to a normal average of 29,000.

To Conserve Morgan Horses.

Efforts of the United States Department of Agriculture to restore the Morgan strain of horses, which had become nearly extinct, showed their effect in the recent 300-mile test for army horses. Out of twenty-seven entries only ten finished, and of these the sixth and seventh were Morgan horses, one of them raised on the department's stock farm in Massachusetts. The horses were required to travel sixty miles a day for five days, carrying the regulation cavalry load of 245 pounds.

COTTON PRICES RISE WITH STOCK RALLY

Wall Street Buying Brings Good Advance—Local Spots Gain 50 Points.

The stock market influence again played an important part in the movement of cotton prices yesterday, just as it had on the two preceding days. Wall street houses, probably more cheerful as a result of the rally in stock prices, failed to follow up their cotton contract selling of Wednesday and Thursday at the start and in the afternoon turned up as good buyers. It was largely their buying, in point of fact, which caused the good advance in the afternoon, after the market had enjoyed one spurt and had become more or less inactive.

This harmony of movement between stocks and cotton is becoming more pronounced, which would seem to indicate that the real cotton people are content at the moment to mark time, while waiting for some definite turn in the actual cotton situation. This turn, it is quite possible, will come as soon as New Year's Day is passed, and it is not improbable that the turn will be for the better. It would be difficult to imagine it being for the worse, as cotton is now so low that apparently the only thing which could happen to it would be to increase moderately in value.

The Southern spot markets yesterday were improved over their position of the day before. The advance in Southern spots was not regular by any means, but it was sufficient to show that pressure had been somewhat relieved. At Dallas and Fort Worth, where cotton had broken under 13 cents for the first time since 1916 on Wednesday, there were gains of 45 and 50 points, respectively. Spots here were up 50 points to 15 cents.

Liverpool was dull and fairly heavy, with some slight recovery at the close. Spots, however, were down 22 points to 9.54d, a new low. There will be no Liverpool market today and none until Tuesday.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Dec.	15.85	14.55	13.83	14.45	14.03
Jan.	14.15	14.73	14.15	14.65	14.18
March	14.55	14.95	14.05	14.50@14.52	14.03
May	14.40	14.80	14.34	14.65@14.67	14.18
July	14.60	14.82	14.42	14.69@14.72	14.53
Oct.	14.80	15.00	14.75	14.90	14.48

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, up 50 points to 15 cents for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were:

Galveston, 14.00c, down .50; New Orleans, 14.00c, up .25; Savannah, 15.75c, unchanged; Augusta, 13.50c, unchanged; Memphis, 14.50c, unchanged; Houston, 13.25c, up .25; Little Rock, 14.50c, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	19,946	28,134	.....
Exports	100	36,240	18
Exports, season	2,288,700	.....	2,256,849
New York stocks	25,259	.....	24,807
Port stocks	1,437,592	.....	1,599,422
N. Y. arrivals	1,173	.....	.....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was dull at 9.54d for middling. Sales 2,900 bales, of which American 1,000. Imports 1,000 bales, none American. Futures opened quiet, 9 to 14 points down, and closed quiet, 15 points down to 3 points up on the day. Prices: Dec. 9.99d, March 10.11d, May 10.24d, July 10.30d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were dull

FOREIGN COTTON NEEDS.

Reports on the Probable Needs of Different Countries—Exchange a Factor.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Exchange and ability to get credits will determine largely the amount of American cotton to be taken by foreign countries, particularly Germany, American consular agents said in reports transmitted today to the Senate by President Wilson. They were gathered last Summer in response to a Senate resolution.

Germany will need between 600,000 and 700,000 bales for the year ending Aug. 31, 1921, the consular agent at Berlin estimated. Between one-third and one-half of the 10,000,000 spindles are operating, he added. Before the war Germany consumed about 1,800,000 bales of American cotton annually. The Germans require six months credit, the report said, and proposals for those furnishing the raw product to take the finished articles in payment have not gotten anywhere because of a German law.

Belgium needs for the year were estimated between 50,000 and 150,000 bales; Greece, about 26,000; Spain, 330,000; France, 965,000; Japan, between 525,000 and 800,000, and Norway, about 25,000.

No definite information as to needs of other countries was obtained.

HAIL INSURANCE INCREASES.

Risks Rise From $25,000,000 to $550,000,000 in Twenty Years.

Hail insurance is a form of crop insurance that in recent years has attained considerable importance, especially in the Great Plains States, where the hail risk is comparatively great. According to reports just issued by the United States Department of Agriculture the hail risks in force have increased in the last twenty years from about $25,000,000 to more than $550,000,000.

It appears that in the early days of hail insurance little information existed as to the nature of the hail hazard and its relative severity in different localities. Many of the early hail mutuals were patterned after the local farmers' mutual fire insurance companies, without an adequate recognition of the radical difference between the fire hazard on the farm and the hail hazard. Unlike fire, a hailstorm seldom strikes one farm only, but usually cuts a swath through many farms in the same locality. Thus the company that insures against hail in a limited territory stands to suffer very heavy losses at intervals, while a company that insures against fire in the open country is likely to have its losses more evenly distributed.

Failure to understand this essential difference between hail and fire insurance resulted disastrously to many of the earlier hail insurance mutuals. In spite of many failures, however, this class of insurance has made steady growth, a growth which the department specialists in insurance attribute to the need for such insurance on the part of farmers rather than to any general success on the part of the mutuals offering protection.

Department specialists urge that farmers who may be contemplating the organization of a mutual or of a joint stock company to handle hail insurance take into consideration the danger of operating in a limited territory, where a single storm may in an hour cause losses that cannot possibly be met in full. General experience has been, it is pointed out, that whenever it has been necessary to prorate losses the membership of mutuals has fallen off in the year following such action. The management of the company is almost invariably blamed for failure to settle in full, regardless of the facts in the case. Many companies have failed to survive the prorating of losses even when managed by men whose integrity was unquestioned among those who knew them personally.

Five States, North and South Dakota, Montana, Nebraska and Oklahoma, now have State hail insurance. In most instances premiums on State hail insurance are collected very much as our taxes. The premiums are generally scaled according to the prevalence of hail in the different districts covered.

COMMODITY PRICES GAIN.

Better Level of Prices Evident in Wholesale Markets—Firm Tone.

There was a recovery in cash prices for commodities in the wholesale markets yesterday, most articles commanding a higher level. In the grains wheat advanced 3¾ cents and corn 2¾ cents per bushel, while oats and flour unchanged. In the groceries coffee was up ¼ cent per pound, with sugar, butter and eggs unchanged.

Lard was ¼ of a cent per pound higher, beef and pork were priced unchanged. In the metals, iron No 2X Philadelphia, dropped $1 per ton to a new low price for the year, with other metals unchanged.

Spot cotton was 50 cents per hundred pounds higher than Wednesday's closing, with printcloths unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Thursday, a week before and a year ago:

	Dec. 23. 1920.	Dec. 16. 1920.	Dec. 23. 1919.
FOODSTUFFS:			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.06½	$1.83	$2.50
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.96¾	.99	1.63¾
Oats, No. 2 white	.63	.62	.83
Flour, Minn. patent	9.50	9.25	16.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.09¾	.09¾	.15
Sugar, granulated	.06	.05¾	.09
Butter, cream, 92 score	.56	.54½	.73
Eggs, fresh-gathered firsts, per dozen	.73	.74	.66
Lard, prime	13.65	13.90	22.25
Pork, mess	39.00	39.00	47.50
Beef, family	37.00	38.00	37.00
METALS:			
Iron, ex. Phila.	33.00	34.00	41.10
Steel billets, Phila.	45.50	45.50	48.00
Lead	4.50	4.85	7.15
Copper	13.25	13.75	18.75
Tin	32.50	34.00	56.00
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	15.00	16.00	30.25
Printcloths	.05¾	.05¾	.14

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$3.25	Jan. 7	$1.79	Nov. 27
Corn	2.31¾	May 15	.94½	Nov. 27
Oats	1.50	May 7	.60	Nov. 23
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	9.00	Dec. 1
Coffee	.18¾	Jan. 11	.08¾	Dec. 22
Sugar	.23	July 12	.06	Dec. 17
Butter	.77	Apr. 24	.51½	Dec. 4
Eggs	.80	Dec. 10	.42¾	Mar. 19
Lard	23.50	Jan. 9	13.55	Dec. 23
Pork	47.00	Jan. 2	29.50	Dec. 21
Beef	38.00	Oct. 16	20.00	May 13
Iron	53.51	Aug. 31	33.00	Dec. 1
Steel	65.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 2
Lead	9.50	Mar. 15	4.50	Dec. 22
Tin	65.25	Jan. 11	32.00	Dec. 14
Copper	19.50	Jan. 5	13.25	Dec. 21
Cotton	43.75	July 22	13.50	Dec. 22
Printcloths	.16¾	Apr. 13	.05¾	Nov. 30

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Following is the range of prices in the important miscellaneous commodities in New York:

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was more active closing 8@14 points net higher.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.
Spot	8.70	8.45	8.45	8.00
January	No sales			8.49
February	No sales			8.50
March	9.10	8.95	9.00	8.99
April	No sales			9.09
May	9.30	9.20	9.25	9.24
June	No sales			9.25
July	No sales			9.45
December	8.50	8.50	8.50	9.25

Total sales, 15,400.

COFFEE.

The coffee market closed 15@17 points above yesterday's prices.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year
March	6.50	6.40	6.36	6.38	15.18
May	6.94	6.76	6.90	6.75	15.15
July	7.06	7.07	7.20	7.05	15.52
September	7.53	7.40	7.47	7.30	.....
January	8.32	8.32	8.32	..	.....

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market closed 5@21 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	4.62	4.60	4.60	4.65
February	4.40	4.35	4.35	4.40
March	4.75	4.65	4.65	4.80
May	4.83	4.83	4.84	4.95
July	5.05	4.93	5.05	5.05

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 4,885 packages. Market ruling steady for choice and fancy grades of fresh table; lower qualities somewhat weaker; good trading in latter. Creamery, higher than extras, pound, 56½@58c; extras, 92 score, 56c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 49@54½c; seconds, 87 to 89 score, 37@42c; lower grades, 33@36c; unsalted, higher than extras, 59½@60c; extras, 58½@59c; firsts, 45@57c; seconds, 38@43c; held or storage, high scoring, 50½@51½c; extras, 49@50c; firsts, 40@48c; seconds, 33@38c; lower grades, 25@32c; Danish casks, fresh, 50½@52½c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 52@54c; good to prime, 44@50c; common to fair, 30@42c; renovated, extras, 40c; ladles, current make, firsts, 17@22c; seconds, 22½@23½c; lower grades, 21@22c; packing stock, storage, 22@23c; current make, No. 2, 20@21c; lower grades, 17@19c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 7,177 cases. Fresh gathered steadier at unchanged prices; storage generally steady; whites steady for prime to fancy; pullets very dull. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 76@78c; extra firsts, 74@75c; firsts, 71@73c; seconds and poorer, 65@70c; dirties, No. 1, 63@66c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 49@52c; refrigerator, firsts, 60@61c; seconds, 58@59c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western henery whites, extras, 44@45c; extra firsts, 82@83c; firsts, 80@81c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 80@83c; undergrades, 70@76c; pullets, 63@68c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 84@85c; extra firsts, 82@83c; firsts, 80@81c; undergrades, 70@78c; pullets, small to medium size, 65@68c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 70@81c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western henmery browns, extra, 78@80c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded, extras, 78@79c; firsts to extra firsts, 71@76c.

RULES FOR ENTRY OF ALIENS

State Department Issues Instructions Regarding Passport and Other Data.

Efforts by aliens to enter the United States from Canada without having obtained a passport for the United States from the foreign Government of which they are citizens, and without securing visés from the appropriate American Consuls abroad, have reached the attention of the State Department. Under the existing regulations, American Consuls have no discretion except to refuse visés in these circumstances.

Many aliens, now living abroad and desirous of coming to the United States, have friends and relatives in this country who are anxious that they should come to America. To avoid difficulties and delays, the friends and relatives in the United States should write informing them of the new regulations concerning the visés of passports of those desiring to come to America from foreign countries. They should advise them to follow explicitly these instructions:

1. The aliens abroad should obtain passports from the foreign Government to which they owe allegiance.

2. They should present the passports in person to the American Commissioner or Consul in the district abroad where they now reside. At the office of the Commissioner or Consul they should make a declaration or application for a visé permitting them to proceed to the United States. They should take with them three small photographs. It is also desirable for them to present letters or affidavits from relatives or friends in this country setting forth details as to why they desire to come to the United States, what their occupation will be while in this country, with whom they will reside and a statement (if the aliens are to be supported by relatives already in the United States) as to the ability of the relatives to care for them properly on arrival.

No alien whose passport does not bear a visé stamped thereon by the American Commissioner or Consul abroad will be allowed entry into the United States. Persons in this country should no longer take up with the Department of State the cases of alien relatives who desire to come to this country, because the aliens themselves should first make application direct to the American Commissioner or Consul abroad.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE CUBAN-AMERICAN SUGAR COMPANY

Notice is hereby given that the Two Million ($2,000,000.00) dollars par value of first lien six per cent. serial gold notes (Series C) maturing January 1st, 1921, together with the coupons thereon, should be presented for payment to The Central Union Trust Company of New York, No. 80 Broadway, New York City, on or after January 3rd, 1921.

JAMES H. POST, Treasurer.

BRITAIN BUSY AGAIN IN CHICAGO MARKET

3,000,000-Bushel Purchase, for Germany It Is Said, Makes for Higher Prices.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 23.—A resumption of buying of wheat by the British Commission, which was said to have taken 2,000,000 bushels, and the Continent 1,000,000, made for a higher range of prices. Offerings were light, until March sold up to the offer price, and this class of selling prevented a further advance. Closing trades were 4¼ to 5 cents higher. Corn gained 1¾ to 1¾ cents and oats ¼ to 1 cent, while rice was up 2 to 3¼ cents. The bulk of the wheat bought today was credited as destined for Germany.

The export business was largely in hard Winters via the Gulf, but seemingly the buying failed to effect premiums, which were quoted as unchanged. Houses with Southwestern connections reported country offerings as liberal, and this condition prevents any material advance. A late cable from London indicated that purchases by the British will not be resumed until next Wednesday and that if they do re-enter the market, they will pay no more than 87 shillings 4 pence per quarter, equal to about 5 cents per bushel under the close of the March tonight, which was $1.66.

Seaboard demand here was rather quiet, although a small quantity of dark No. 3 Northern sold at 22 cents over March, track, New York, and that price was bid for more. No. 2 Northern, however, is slow and the deliveries of 125,000 bushels on December contracts today went around freely.

Congestion is becoming more apparent in Winnipeg; and, at the top, December there sold at $2.01⅜, up 8 cents over the previous day's close, with the finish at $1.99⅜. Due to the difference in exchange, this price figures out practically the same as Chicago December in American money.

The trade was greatly confused, immediately after the close, over the Washington report that the Senate had passed a bill to extend for one year loans made by the banks to facilitate farm loan banks. This was confused with the Emergency Tariff bill and resulted in heavy buying of offers on all grains and considerable bullish talk.

The general belief is, however, that it will have no effect on the market. There is little disposition to press the short side of any of the grains at the present time. A majority of the leading local professionals who are bearish are doing little and waiting for the turn of the year before selling freely. Apparently strong interests are making every effort not to advance prices but to stabilize the markets around the present level.

While liquidation in stocks is regarded as over in some quarters, there are numerous Chicago traders who have no profits to report on the income tax statement this year and are holding on to all of their stocks. They say, however, that they will cut out part of their holdings in January, to establish losses.

Primary receipts of wheat were 704,000 bushels against 1,039,000 a week ago. Last year was a holiday. Shipment were 643,000 bushels against 644,000 last year.

Arrivals of corn were 918,000 bushels against 497,000 a week ago; shipments, 387,000 bushels against 273,000 last week.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	$1.71	$1.67	$1.70¾	$1.63
March	1.67	1.63	1.66¾	1.61
May	1.63¼	1.59½	1.62¼	1.57½

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	.72	70½	70½	68	1.30¼
May	.75½	73¾	74⅝	73¾	1.30⅝
July	.76¾	74¾	75⅞	74¼	1.29⅝

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	47⅞	46⅝	47⅜	46¼	85¼
May	49¾	48½	49½	48¾	82⅝
July	48⅝	48¼	48⅝	47½	75⅝

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	$1.60½	$1.58½	$1.58½	$1.56¼	.....
May	1.43	1.41¾	1.41⅝	1.38	1.81¼

PROVISIONS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
Jan.	13.37	13.32	13.35	12.85	23.17
May	13.85	13.80	13.80	13.25	24.05
Ribs—					
Jan.	11.77	11.55	11.55	11.37	18.70
May	12.53	12.30	12.32	12.05	19.87
Pork—					
Jan.	23.20	22.85	22.85	.....	.....

Standard Screw
Amer. Hawaiian S. S.
General Baking
Indian Refining Pfd.
Marlin-Rockwell

DAWSON & Co.
2 Rector St. Tel. Rector 9541

Babcock & Wilcox

Stone, Prosser & Doty
52 William St., N. Y. Hanover 7733.

Shawinigan Water & Power 5½s, 1950

ABRAHAM & CO.
Investment Securities
27 William St., N. Y. Phone Broad 3785

Specialists in Foreign Government Securities
Max Hesslein & Co.
60 Broadway New York
Telephone Bowling Green 4277

BREITUNG & CO., Inc.
7 & 9 Hanover Street

UNITED VERDE EXTENSION
GOLD BROS.
44 Broad St. Tel. Broad 2444.

Situation in Canada Reviewed At Bank of Montreal Meeting: Reassuring Note of Confidence

Sir Vincent Meredith, President, States That While There Does Not Seem to Be Any Cause for Apprehension, There Is Every Reason for The Exercise of The Utmost Measure of Caution. Urges Dominion Government to Divest Itself of Ownership and Operation of Railways.

Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, General Manager, says Bank's Faith in Canada Today is Stronger Than Ever Before. On the Other Hand, the Country Had Never Faced a Banking and Business Situation Requiring More Delicate Handling.

The 103rd Annual Meeting of the Bank of Montreal was featured by special addresses on the industrial and banking situation in the Dominion of Canada.

Sir Vincent Meredith, Bart., the President, in his address, reviewed the commercial conditions and the manner in which Canada is affected by the world-wide conditions. Sir Vincent took the view that Canada is well buttressed on many sides, and that the exercise of prudence and sagacity should enable her to meet the shock of falling prices, restricted credits and deflated currency, without serious impairment of her commercial and financial vitality.

Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, the General Manager, in his address, dealt with the principal banking developments of the year, and reviewed the credit situation in the country.

President's Address.

Sir Vincent Meredith, the President, in his address to shareholders, said in part:—

"The year just closed has been a difficult one for bankers, but the progress we have made and the results we are able to show will, I feel sure, prove satisfactory to our shareholders.

"An overwhelming demand for credit has taxed resources to the utmost. Following a period of excessive prices and inflated currencies characteristic of war times, the country is now in the midst of the process of readjustment. It has been difficult to make producers, merchants and others carrying heavy stocks, who have grown accustomed to high prices, accept the inevitable by recognizing the fact that it is futile to attempt to overcome natural laws and to realise that economic conditions, which no artificial means can alter alone are the cause of price decline. The demand for intervention through Government control is still insistent in some quarters. Canada alone cannot control world-wide conditions, and it is idle to turn to the Government for relief from falling prices. This applies to wheat as well as to other commodities.

Development of Foreign Trade.

"The necessity for financing foreign trade has come very closely home, and pending an international working scheme, I feel it would be well for Canada to move locally. I am still of the opinion that a corporation to foster foreign trade so as to keep our factories busy and give employment to labor is desirable and sooner or later must be launched. If export trade can be revived it will solve many of our difficulties.

Import Restrictions on Securities.

"The action of the Minister of Finance in calling upon all dealers to refrain for the present from purchasing Canadian securities held abroad, for the purpose of conserving the country's resources, has met with criticism abroad as well as from some quarters at home. Nevertheless, the Minister, in view of the enormous trade balance against Canada, has wisely pursued the policy decided upon.

Government Owned Railways.

"Canada today has a very large National Railway System which is being operated at a heavy loss, thereby increasing the load of an already heavily tax-burdened country. Sooner or later some means must be found to relieve the situation. We confidently believe that by proper public administration of the lines, deficits can be cut down. My own view is that the proper solution will be found if the Government, at the earliest feasible time, divests itself of ownership and operation of the roads and places them under corporate control upon terms fair to the country and upon conditions that will ensure the service for which the construction of the lines was undertaken.

Resume.

"To sum up, the situation in Canada at present, as I view it, is that while there does not appear to be any cause for apprehension, there is every reason for the exercise of the utmost measure of caution.

"Happily, Canada is well buttressed on many sides, and the exercise of prudence and sagacity should enable her to meet the shock of falling prices, restricted credits and deflated currency, without impairment of her commercial and financial vitality."

Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, the General Manager, in his address, dealt with the principal banking developments of the year, and reviewed the credit situation in the country.

General Manager's Address.

Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, the General Manager, in his address to shareholders, said in part:—

"As comparisons are constantly made between Canada and the United States, owing to general similarity in conditions, one anomaly attracts special attention, viz., that with credit restrictions as acute here as it is across the line, the price of money is materially lower in the Dominion.

"This condition, in days of world-wide high interest rates, has attracted much attention in other countries, and is regarded as a tribute to Canada's good banking system. The one disadvantage of this cheap money condition is that persons on f

Atlantic Lobos Oil
Royal Baking Powder Pfd.
Bush Terminal Pfd.
Magnolia Petroleum
Ranger Gulf Corp.
Biograph
Sonora Phonograph Pfd.
Holly Sugar
General Baking
American Typefounders
Central Aguirre Sugar

Holt & Company
71 Broadway. Tel. 7060 Bowling Green.

K&Co

American Thread Pfd.
Celluloid Company
Farrell Coal Com.
Stern Bros. Pfd.
U. S. Trucking
U. S. Finishing Com. & Pfd.
Woodward Iron Com.
Yukon Alaska Trust

Amer. Pr. & Lt. Com.
Amer. Gas & Elec. Pfd.
Elec. Bond & Share Pfd.
Northern Ohio Elec. Pfd.
Standard Gas & Elec. Com.
United Gas & Elec. 1st Pfd.

KIELY & CO.
40 Wall Street, — New York
Phone John 6330

An analysis of valuation and earning power

Ask for Circular No. 39.

M·S·WOLFE & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1906
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange of NY
41 BROAD ST. NEW YORK
Phone Broad. 25

Atlanta & Char. Air L. 4½s & 5s, 1963
Crew Levick 6s, 1931
Consolidation Coal 5s, 1950
Dominican Republic 5s, 1938 & 58
Empire Refining 6s, 1927
Kentucky-Ind. Terminal 4½s, 1961
L. & N. & Mob. & Nash. Coll. 5s, 1980
Louisville & Jeff. Bridge 4s, 1945
Atlantic Lobos
Cities Service Stocks & Bonds
Pennsylvania Coal & Coke
Phelps Dodge & Co.

DUNHAM & Co
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place, New York
Telephones 8300-16 Hanover

Adams Express Co. 4s, 1947
Kansas City Ry. 2nd 6s, 1944
N. Jersey Power & Lt. 5s, 1936

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1885 — Tel. Rector 6340
WIRE CONNECTIONS
BOSTON, CHICAGO, PHILA., MONTREAL, PITTSBURGH

H&E
Am. Typefnds. Com. & Pfd.
Consumers Power Pfd.
Farrell Coal Com. & Pfd.
Goody'r T. & R. Com.&Pfd.
Todd Shipyards
United Gas & El. (All is.)
Wire Wheel Com. & Pfd.

ROBERT E. HORTON & Co.
40 Wall Street — New York
TELEPHONE: JOHN 4151

Guanajuato Power & Elec. 6s
Guanajuato Power & Elec. Pfd.
Guanajuato Power & Elec. Com.
Michoacan Power 6s
Central Mexico Lt. & Pr. 6s
Central Mexico Lt. & Pr. Pfd.
Guanajuato Reduc. & Mines 6s
Richmond Radiator Com. & Pfd.

HOTCHKIN & CO.
52 STATE ST.
Tel. Main 440. **BOSTON** Cable Toskin

Goodyear Tire & Rubber
Com. & Pref.

UNGER and COMPANY
Unlisted Securities Dep't.
30 Pine St. N.Y. John 5210

P.M., L.E.&D.R.4½s,'32
Chi. Railway 1st 5s, '27

Wolff & Stanley
Tel. Rector 2920. 72 Trinity Pl.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,500	Acme Coal	5	5	5
100	Amalg Leath	5	5	5
1,800	Am W P	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
100	Auto Fuel S	67½	67½	67½
900	Am P & P	1½	1½	1½
100	Br Am P & L	12½	12½	12½
2,000	Car L & P	2	2	2
200	Cuba C C	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
1,100	Elec W Co	17	17	17
600	Ferrell Co	15¾	15	15
100	Gardner M	15	15	15
160	Goodrich S	19¼	19¼	19¼
3,800	Goodyear	22	20	20
1,100	Int T. pf	41	38	41
1,000	Hum Cove	⅛	⅛	⅛
100	Havana T	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
700	Hercules P	16¾	15¾	15¾
2,000	I T pf (Bal	7⅛	6	6
200	Indian Pack	8¾	8¾	8¾
300	Int Cl. pf	54	54	54
100	M G C of D	15¾	15¾	15¾
65	M V C S	55	55	55

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

850	†Anglo-Am	16⅛	16	16⅛	20	28	Penn Oil	231	230	231
100	†Ohio Oil pf	108	108	108	110		†Std Oil, NY	314	310	314
60	†Prairie Pf	430	429	430						

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

650	†Alex Oil	⅛	⅛	⅛	2,100	†Merritt Oil	11	10½	11
15,000	†Allied Oil	16	15	16	500	Mexico Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,200	†Ark Nat Gas	7⅛	7	7	550	†Mid Kan	138	135	135
1,200	†Boone Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	5,100	†Midw Tex	⅜	⅜	⅜
8,400	†Bos-Wyo	⅞	⅞	⅞	1,000	†Mtn Prod	9¾	9	9¾
8,500	†Carib Synd	7⅛	6¾	7	3,500	Noble Oil&G	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
175	†CaribTrad'g	25	19	23	1,000	N Am Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	†Chiles Serv. B T shares	28¾	29	29	1,000	Omar, new	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
1,000	†Col Emerald	2⅝	1⅞	2⅝	1,300	†Pennok Oil	5¾	5¾	5
500	†Coeden & Ge	5	5	5	6,000	†Prod & Ref	4¾	3¾	3¾
1,700	†Denny Oil	⅞	⅞	1	300	†RyanCon, w i	11	10½	10¾
2,500	†Elk Basin	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	100	†SaltCkProd	24	24	24
2,500	Engrs Pet	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1,500	†Salt Ck, new	9	9¼	9¼
2,500	Federal Oil	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	200	†Sapulpa Ref	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
500	†Gill'dOil pf	75	74	75	400	†Sirlet Prod	3	3	3
700	†Glen Rock	2½	2	2½	5,500	†Simms Pet	6¼	6¼	6⅜
1,500	†Granada Oil	4¼	3¾	4	2,600	Skelly Oil	7⅞	7	7⅛
500	†Guffey-Gil	25½	25½	25½	12,700	†Texon O&L	⅜	⅜	⅜
2,600	†Hudson Oil	⅞	⅞	⅞	1,000	†Tex-Penn	⅞	⅞	⅞
3,200	†Int Pet	16⅛	15¾	16	1,000	†Victoria Oil	¼	¼	¼
100	†Maracaibo	12¼	12½	12½					

MINING STOCKS.

6,100	Alaska-BCM	⅜	⅜	⅜	1,000	†Kewanaa	1	1	1
100	†Am Mines	1	1	1	2,700	†Kings Div	7	7	7
2,500	†Ark U Cop	¾	¾	¾	5,000	†LoneScConM	4	4	4
2,000	†Atlanta	1	1	1	2,000	La Con	½	½	½
3,000	†Bel Ext, p	3	3	3	1,000	†MacN M	⅞	⅞	⅞
5,000	†Bel Dy Con	4	3	4	100	†Mex Bor	19	16	16
4,000	Big Ledge	¾	¾	¾	3,000	†Marsh Min	8	7	7
2,500	†Booth	3	3	3	300	†McKin-Dar	21	21	21
20,000	†Bos & Mon	40	39	40	100	†Motherlode	5½	5½	5½
7,500	†Caledonia	17	15	16	500	Nip Mines	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
3,000	†Candel Sil	13	11	12	100	†Onyx Hill M	½	½	½
5,000	†Cashboy	5	4	5	500	Prince Con	⅞	⅞	⅞
4,800	†Cortez Sil	64	62	64	800	Ray Verde C	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	Con Va Sil	2	2	2	1,000	Rex Con	⅝	⅝	⅝
500	Crea Con G	1¾	1¾	1¾	2,000	†Sil Cr I P	4½	4½	4½
7,700	Div Ext, p	27	26	26	400	St Croix Sil	⅜	⅜	⅜
3,000	El Sal Sil	⅛	⅛	⅛	100	Stand Sil-L	½	½	½
15,000	†Eureka C M	36	34	36	2,000	†Success M	1½	1½	1½
1,100	†Eureka H	1⅞	1⅝	1⅞	7,300	†Tafalla Sil	62¾	60½	62¾
5,000	†Forty-nine	4	3¾	4	500	†Tono Bel	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
8,500	†Gold Z Div	22	20	21	1,700	†Tono Div	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
7,000	†Goldf Con	6	3	6	500	Tono Ext	1	1	1
8,000	†Har Div M	19	18	19	300	Tono Min	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
700	†Hecla Min	4	3⅞	4	750	Un East	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,000	Howe Sound	2¼	2¼	2¼	1,000	†Vic Div, p	4½	4½	4½
2,600	†Jim Butler	16	16	16	500	†W E Con	⅛	⅛	⅛
8,000	†Jumbo Ext	5	4	5	7,100	†White C M	4	3	4

BONDS.

$40,000	†Allied Packers 6s	57	50	50½
15,000	†Am T & T 6s 1922	94	93½	93⅝
20,000	†Am T & T 1924	94½	90½	90½
60,000	†Anaconda Cop 7s	98	97½	98
20,000	†Anaconda 6s	81	80	81
5,000	†Ang Am O 7½s	99	99	99
30,000	†Armour 7s	99½	99	99
17,000	†Beth Steel 7s 1935	93½	93¼	93¼
15,000	†City of Bergen 8s	94½	94	94½
75,000	†Cons Gas 8s	98	97⅝	98
3,000	†Cons Textile 7s w i	92	92	92
50,000	†Denmark 8s	96¼	96¼	96¼
10,000	†Diamond Match 7s	100	99½	100
5,000	†Emp Gas & F 6s, 1926	91½	91¼	91½
10,000	†Galena Sig Oil 7s	93½	93½	93½
75,000	†Goodrich 7s, 1925	81¾	80	81¾
20,000	†Govt of Sweden 5s	77	77	77
40,000	†Inter Rap Tran 7s	67½	66½	66½
2,000	†Kennecott Copp 7s	88	88	88
30,000	†Kingdom of Norway	99½	98¼	98¾
1,000	†Lacledo Gas 7s	98	98	98
5,000	†National Leather 8s	99¾	99¾	99¾
17,000	†N Y N H & H 4s	57	57	57
4,000	†Ohio Cit Gas 7s	91½	91½	91½
2,000	†Ok Cities Gas, 1924	91½	91½	91½
40,000	†Seaboard Air Line 6s	42	42	42
5,000	†Sears Roebuck 7s (1 yr)	97	96¾	97
15,000	†Sears Roebuck 7s (2 yr)	94	93¾	94
5,000	†Sears Roebuck 7s (3 yr)	93¾	93	63½
30,000	Sinclair 7½s	87½	86½	87½
7,000	†Solvay & Cie 8s	99	98¾	99
5,000	†Swift & Co 7s, 1925	93	93	93
17,400	†Swiss Govt 6½s	78	77	77
1,000	†Texas Co 7s Notes	96¾	96¾	96¾
10,000	†Union Tank Line 7s	99¼	99¼	99¼
1,000	†Western Elect 7s	97	97	97
Market	GERMAN BONDS.	High.	Low.	Last.
20,000	Vienna 4s	2¼	2¼	2¼

†Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted. *Odd lot. **Crossed.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yester-day. Bid.	Wednes-day. Ask.	Bid.
4½s	July, 1967	90½	91¼	90
4½s	June, 1965	90½	91¼	90
4½s	Mar., 1965	90½	91¼	90
4½s	May, 1957	90½	91¼	90
4½s	Apr., 1966	85	85¼	85
4½s	Mar., 1961	85	85¼	85
4½s	Mar., 1962	85	86¼	85
4½s	Sept., 1960	85	85¼	85
4½s	Mar., 1960-30	85	85¼	85
4s	May, 1959	81	82¼	81
4s	Nov., 1959	81	82¼	81
4s	May, 1957	81	82¼	81
4s	Nov., 1956	80	82¼	80¼
4s	Nov., 1955	81	82¼	80½
4s	Nov., 1936	85	88	87
3½s	May, 1954	72½	74½	73

		Yester-day. Bid.	Wednes-day. Ask.	Bid.
3½s	Nov., 1954	72½	74½	73
3½s	Nov., 1955	72½	74½	73

The following bonds are quoted on a basis to yield the investor:

4½s	1924-1932	5.50	5.00	5.50
4½s	1921-1923	5.75	5.00	5.75
4½s	1921-1923	5.75	5.00	5.75
4½s	1950-1953	5.50	5.00	5.50
4½s	1944-1946	5.40	5.05	5.40
4½s	1950-1953	5.25	5.05	
4½s	1924-1953	5.50	5.25	5.50
4s	1940-1949	5.30	5.05	5.25
4s	1960-1930	5.45	5.20	5.30
4s	1925	6.25	5.25	6.25

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
460	Cities Service	241	233	241	246
1,110	Cities Service pf	63½	62½	63½	64
772	Cities Service pf. B	5¾	5½	5¾	6
2,471	Cities Service shares	30	29	30	31
$20,500	Cities Service deb. B	123	118	118	123
46,000	Cities Service deb. C	89	88	88	90
26,100	Cities Service deb. D	86	83	83	86
395	Empire Gas and Fuel pf	83	82	82	85

	Bid.	Ask.
Am Gas & Electric	96	98
Am Gas & Electric pf	82	84
Am Light & Traction	84	86
Am Light & Trac pf	70	75
Am Power & Light	46	48
Am Power & Light pf	58	62
Am W W & Electric	2	5
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	35	38
Am W W & Elec 2d pf	4	6½
Appalachian Power	1	5
Appalachian Power pf	15	24
Carolina Power & Lt	27	32
Colorado Power	3¾	5
Colorado Power pf	80	90
Columbus Electric pf	83	88
Com Power, Ry & Lt	9	101
Com Power, Ry & Elec pf	27	30
Conn Power pf	72	77
Eastern Texas Electric	68	73
Eastern Texas Elec pf	67	..
El Paso Electric	84	87
Electric Bond & Share	78	80½
Federal Light & Trac	5	7
Federal Lt & Trac pf	42	49

Bonds.				
Am W W & El con 5s	46	49	Miss River Pow 5s, '51	74	75
Appalachian 1st 5s, '41	60	65	Nor States Pow 5s, '41	75	77
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	78	83	Nor States Pow 5s, '46	77	82
Col Gas & El deb 5s, '27	75	80	Seattle Electric 5s, '20	77	79
Col Gas & El 1st 5s, '25	80	83	Stand Gas & E 6s, '35	65	70
Conn Power 5s, '53	..	..	Stand Gas & El 7s, '21	94	99
Dallas Electric 5s, '22	100	..	Stand Gas & El 6s, '26	83	87
East Tex Elec 6s, '42	73	77	Utah Securities	78	80
Empire Gas & El 6s, '24	80	82	West States G & E 5s,	41	75	80
Midwest Utilities 6s, '25	80	84				

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Wed's-day. Ask.	Bid.
Am Brass	160	163	157
Am Chicle	22	25	23
Do pf	62	67	62
Amal Leather	6	20	..
Do pf	30	60	..
Am Light & Trac	84	86	86
Do pf	78	82	78
Atlas Powder	118	124	118
Do pf	74	77	74
Babcock & Wilcox	102	104	102
Borden & Co	81	83	81
Do pf	78	81	78
Childs Co	76	80	76
Do pf	88	90	88
Crocker-Wheeler	90	95	90
Draper Corp	123½	128¼	..
Du Pont	145	152	145
Do pf	75	76	76
E W Bliss	250	300	250
Do pf	90	100	..
Gil Safety Razor	130	135	133
H J Heinz Co 7% Dec. 1, 1930	..	93½	94½
Hercules	188	195	188
Do 1st pf	91	93	91
Illinois Traction	10	15	10
Do pf	52	57	52
Ingersoll-Rand	155	165	155
Do pf	92	97	92
Merck	..	79	..
Merrimac Chem	76	78	76
New Jersey Zinc	127	132	133
Niles-Bem't-Pond	58	62	60
Do pf	..	90	..
Northern Securities	75	85	75
Royal Bak Powder	100	108	100
Do pf	78	86	77
Scovil Mfg	300	330	300
Singer Mfg, new	93	96	..
Do old	143	146	145
Stand Screw Co	220	240	220
Van Raalte	15	20	10
Do pf	52	57	52
Valvo Oil 1st cv pf	97	100	97

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Wednes-day. Ask.	Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd.	15⅞	16	15⅝
Atlantic Lobos	20	25	20
Do pf	80	80	80
Borne-Scrymser	390	410	380
Buckeye Pipe Line	82	84	81
Chesebrough Mfg	175	190	170
Do pf	97	100	97
Continental Oil	104	106	104
Crescent Pipe Line	28	29	26
Cumberland P L	120	130	120
Eureka Pipe Line	80	90	80
Galena Signal Oil	43	44	43
Do pf, new	95	100	95
Do pf, old	95	100	95
Illinois Pipe Line	130	155	143
Imperial Oil, Ltd	35	40	35
Indiana Pipe Line	83	86	83
Int Pet Co, Ltd	16	16	15
National Transit	22	24	22
New York Transit	155	160	153
Northern Pipe Line	90	95	90
Ohio Oil	265	275	255
Penn-Mex Fuel	28	33	33
Prairie Oil & Gas	435	450	420
Prairie Pipe Line	177	182	180
Solar Refining	350	370	350
Southern Pipe Line	97	100	98
South Penn Oil	235	245	230
S W Pa Pipe Lines	55	58	55
Stand Oil of Cal	294	296	292
Stand Oil of Ind	58	58	58
$25 par	..	67	69	64
Stand Oil of Kan	560	600	560
Stand Oil of Ky	400	440	400
Stand Oil of Neb	380	410	390
Stand Oil of N Y	310	320	297
Stand Oil of Ohio	340	360	360
Do pf	102	105	102
Swan & Finch	35	40	45
Union Tank Car	100	104	99
Do pf	93	96	93
Vacuum Oil	275	285	283
Washington Oil	30	35	30

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Wednes-day. Ask.	Bid.
Am Cigar	78	85	75
Do pf	78	82	78
Am Tob scrip	93	96	90
Geo W Helme	140	150	140
Do pf	87	93	88
MacA & Forbes	100	106	100
Do pf	75	82	78
J S Young	*80	85	86
Do pf	96	99	95
Porto Rico-Am	85	93	85
Do scrip	90	96	90
RJReynolds, A new	80	85	80
Do B, new	30	33	29
Do pf	35	45	35
United Leaf Tob	140	160	140
Do pf	94	97	94
Werman-Bruton	150	160	150
Do pf	97	98	98

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Alaska Juneau	27	27	27
5	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	37	37	37
70	Am E Sugar	57¾	57¼	57¼
475	Am Can	124½	122¾	124½
1,400	Am C & F	117¾	113¾	114
75	Am Druggist	60	60	60
190	Am H & L	60	60	60
50	Am Int Corp	38¾	38¾	38¾
270	Am Locos	90	87	90
495	Am Saf Raz	84	84	84
190	Am S & C	84	84	84
180	Am S R	35	35	35
75	Am T & T	95	95	95
350	Am Woolen	67¾	67¼	67¾
500	Anaconda Cop	31¾	31¼	31¾
30	At, B & At	49	49	49
90	Atchison	80½	79¾	79¾
1,060	A, G & W I	106½	106¼	106¼
6,740	Balt Loco	59¾	58¾	59¾
482	Balt & Ohio	32¾	32¼	32¾
50	Beth Motors	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,510	Beth Steel B	54¾	53¾	54¾
180	Booth Mag	48	48	48
160	Brklyn R T	10	10	10
140	Butte & Sup	8¾	8¾	8¾
545	Butte C & Z	4	3¾	3¾
50	Caddo Oil	11¾	11¾	11¾
600	Cal Petrol	27	27	27
590	Can Pacific	115	114¼	114¾
210	Cerro de P	26¾	25	26¼
550	Chand Mot	63¾	62¾	63¾
180	Ches & Ohio	58¾	58	58
60	Chi Gt West	6¾	6¾	6¾
50	Chi Mil & P	17	17	17
50	Chi R I & P	24½	24½	24½
1,400	Corn Products	108	107¾	107¾
490	La Salle	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
600	Mass Con	2	2	2
525	Mex Pet	3¾	3¾	3¾
50	Michigan	2	2	2

Railroads.				
460	Bos Elev	61	60	61
134	Do pf	73½	73½	73½
150	Bos & Me	21½	21½	21½
65	Do pf	28	28	28
1	Bos & Prov	125	125	125
200	Bos Sub Elec	10	10	10
200	Do pf	1¼	1¼	1¼

Miscellaneous.				
50	Am Agr Ch	55	55	55
40	Do pf	70¾	70¾	70¾
1,500	Am Oil	2¼	2¼	2¼
15	Amoskeag	72	72	72
95	Do pf	72	72	72
575	Am Pn Serv	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
65	Am Sug Ref	88¾	88¼	88¼
135	Do pf	99	98	99
1,130	Am Tel	93¾	84½	93¾
700	Am Woolen	60	60	60
95	Do pf	90	90	90
100	Anglo-Am	10	10	10
130	Atlas Tack	17½	17	17½
85	Beacon Choc	4	3½	4
250	Bos-Mex Pete	65	60	65
1,550	Century	60	50	55
100	E Bos Land	4¾	4¾	4¾
530	Eastern Mfg	22	21½	22
10	Eastern SS	16	16	16
78	Edison	154	152	152
2,875	Gray	10	9	10
2	Gen Elec	117¾	117¾	117¾
300	Hendee	14¾	14¾	14¾
125	Int Cement	45¾	21	45¾
650	Int Prods	7	6¾	7
70	Island Oil	4¼	4¼	4¼
1,180	Island Oil	4¼	4	4¼
750	Invincible Oil	25¾	25	25¾
480	Int Paper	45½	42¾	45
250	InterboroCon	4¼	4¼	4¼
30	Kan City So	17¾	16¾	17¾
200	Kelly Spgfld	32¾	31½	32¾
650	Kennec't Cop	15¾	15	15¾
500	Keyst'e T&R	7⅞	6¾	7⅞
180	Lack Steel	48	47¾	48
750	Lehigh Val	53	52¾	52½
170	Lowe'r Inc	15¾	14⅝	15
4,200	Nat Lead	75	73	73
30	New Con Cop	6¼	6¼	6¼
1,300	Nipissing	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
2,500	North Butte	9	8¾	8¾
150	Ojibway	1¾	1¾	1¾
360	Old Domin	15½	15	15¾
166	Osceola	22½	22	22
100	Pond Creek	13	13	13
88	Quincy	35¾	35	35¾
30	Ray	11	11	11
700	Shannon	72	70	72
100	South Utah	3	3	3
100	St Mary's Ld	28½	27¾	27½
25	Superior Cop	3	3	3
300	Super & Bos	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,050	Trinity	85	85	85
300	Tuolumne	37	37	37
150	U S Smelt	33½	32¾	33½
42	Do pf	40¾	40¼	40½
460	Utah Apex	2¾	2¾	2¾
10	Utah Con	3	3	3
50	Utah Copper	45¾	45	45
1,206	Utah Metals	90	85	90
15	Wolverine	9	9	9

Stocks.				
25	C J & S pf	66	65¾	65¾
465	Mc Central	35	32	32
516	N Y, N H & H	17¾	18¾	17¾
25	Old Colony	63	62½	62½
26	West End	39	37¾	39
5	Do pf	48	48	48

Miscellaneous.				
15	Loew's	12	12	12
95	Mass Gas	79½	79	79½
10	Do pf	89½	89½	89½
840	Mex Inv	18	17¾	18¾
30	Mullins Body	18¾	18¾	19¾
1,895	Nat Leather	7¾	7¾	7¾
103	New Eng Tel	85	84	85
60	Ohio Body	10	9¾	9½
285	Orpheum	25	24½	25
148	Pac Mills	148	148	148
100	Punta Sugar	43¼	41	43¾
45	Pullman	102	101	102
260	Plant pf	86¼	86	86¼
180	Transcon Oil	6¼	6	6¼
230	Union Oil	20½	20½	20½
315	Union Pac	115¾	113¾	115
50	Un Fruit	104½	103½	104
785	Un Retail St	50½	46¾	50½
11	Un Shoe	11	11	11
60	Un Food Pr	17	17	17
50	U S R & Im	35¾	33¾	35¾
70	U S Sm & R	33¾	33¾	33¾
525	U S Rubber	60¾	59¾	60¾
3,200	U S Rubber pf	58¾	53¾	58¾
1,560	U S Steel	79½	77¾	79½
180	Utah Copper	47¼	45	47¼
40	U Ry Inv pf	18¾	17	18¾
1,125	Vandium	33¾	30¾	32¾
790	Vivaudou	7	7	7
40	Va-Car Ch	28¾	22¾	28¾
50	Wabash	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
50	U Md 2d pf	17¾	17¾	17¾
50	Westing El	41	40¾	40¾
590	Willys-Over	5¼	5¼	5¼
60	White Oil	14¾	14¾	14¾
175	White Motor	33	30¾	32¾
180	Worth Pump	40¾	38½	40¾

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
370	Arund Sand	23	22½	22½
50	Atlantic Pet	3¼	3¼	3¼
250	Celestine	75c.	75c.	75c.
200

To Make Big Yarn Purchase.

In an endeavor to stabilise prices for worsted yarns in the oil throughout the country, members of the Pennsylvania district of the National Association of Hosiery and Knitted Textile Manufacturers will in the near future make a minimum purchase of 100,000 pounds of this commodity. Double that quantity may be bought if it is thought to be for the best interests of the knit goods industry to do so at this time. Forty-five factories are represented in the membership of the group which will make the purchase. Although the prices to be paid have not been announced, it is said that the decision to buy was reached only after a very careful study of the market was made and competitive bids received.

Raw Silks Show Little Snap.

The Yokohama raw silk market continues unchanged, with nominal quotations firm at the pegged prices. Stocks there are reported at 50,000 bales by cables received in this city by E. I. Gwalter & Co. The Canton market has improved somewhat, and sales for the week are reported at 500 bales of new-style reelings for American account. Prices are firm and reelers are refusing concessions. The Shanghai market is unchanged, with a moderate business done in coarse sizes. Other varieties are neglected there. Milan is reported quiet and somewhat irregular, due to uncertain conditions among manufacturers in France and Switzerland. In the local market the best business has been done on spot silks, particularly the coarser sizes of the Japanese and Canton varieties.

Glove Silk Trade Organizes.

The glove silk manufacturers have organized as a division of the Silk Association of America. Hugo M. Schloss of the Realsilk Fabrics Corporation was elected chairman of the Executive Committee of the new division, which will follow up its organization meeting with another conference shortly. It is proposed to draw up a standard contract order form as soon as the preliminary details of organization have been completed.

For Polish Cotton Purchases.

As a result of the recent visit of Roman Rybarski, Polish Vice Minister of Finance, to this country, the plan now being discussed in cotton circles whereby cotton may be shipped to Poland is to have shippers here accept mortgages on textile properties, the documents to be guaranteed by combinations of Polish banks. In turn, the Polish Government stands ready to guarantee the underwriting by the banks. These mortgages will secure the shipper while the cotton is being made up and sold on the European market. On a normal basis, the Polish textile industry consumes about 70,000 tons of

Medium Sizes Selling Best.

Hat frames of medium size are outselling both the larger and the smaller types, according to one of the leading manufacturers of these goods here. In the rather limited demand for both of these sizes, he says, the small ones have a bit the better of it. Soft shapes with cushion brims and round, full crowns are much in demand. There is also a good business being done in turbans with cut brims, and visor brim effects in turbans are in favor, too. There is very little demand for poke shapes here yet, in spite of the style factors "pulling" for them. Mushroom effects also are slow sellers at the moment.

Fibre Silk Shirts Favored.

After some unsatisfactory experience with the lack in wearing quality of low priced silk shirts, men seem to be leaning now toward fibre silk garments, according to manufacturers of this type of merchandise. The wearing quality of an artificial silk shirt, so its supporters claim, is as much as twenty times that of the low grade silk article. Some new designs have been prepared in the fibre silk shirts for Spring, and combinations of this material with linen and cotton also are offered. Fibre silk stripes have been used with cotton and linen bodies, so that the stripe may last as long as the rest of the material.

Hudson Seal Prices at Auction.

The sale of 30,000 Hollander dyed Hudson seal skins featured an auction of furs held yesterday by Joseph Feldstein at 124 West Twenty-fifth Street. The ownership of these furs was not disclosed, but the other offerings comprised the stock of Harry Levy, a dealer who assigned for the benefit of creditors. The Hudson seal brought on an average about $1.80, some pelts going for less, and one lot for $2.05. Small manufacturers and dealers were the chief bidders Hudson seal, in its undressed and undyed condition as muskrat, brought as high as $5.05 at the February auction before the price break. Trappers' lists issued by dealers at first offered 90 cents a skin for muskrat. This has been raised to $1.25 and as high as $1.50.

Materials Skimped in Garments.

Garment buyers are being especially careful just now in examining the merchandise shipped to them, particularly where bargains have been picked up. The reason is that, when manufacturers turn out garments "at a price," the workmanship and materials are often not up to sample. But there is understood to be another cause for skimping the quality of women's ready-to-wear just now, and it is the growing shortage of materials. The manufacturers are endeavoring to stretch their fabric supplies as far as possible without having to make additional purchases; or else they are unable to get the full

Holiday Hits Gray Goods.

Gray goods were noticeably affected here yesterday by the approach of the holiday. For the most part the business put through consisted of scattered sales of print cloths for nearby delivery at prices recently current. Now 38-inch 80 squares buyers paid 19¾ cents, while 68-72s of the same width brought 8 cents. Eight cents was paid for 38¼-inch 64-60s. No sheetings business of importance was reported, nor was there any worthwhile trading in fine-yarn cloths or specialties.

Winter Fur Sale Offerings.

Offerings at the forthcoming annual Winter auction of the New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation were announced yesterday. About seventy different kinds of skins are represented in the collection, which will be held at the Masonic Hall here on Jan. 17 and days following, and in numbers they range from 20 Polar bear pelts to 475,000 moles. Among the "bread and butter" furs to be sold will be about 280,000 muskrats, of which about nearly 5,000 are black, 2,500 beavers and 100,000 skunks. In the fancier furs are included 300 fishers, 1,000 blue foxes, 400 cross foxes, 1,500 white foxes, 125 "silvers," 950 chinchillas and 875 Russian sables. The list also contains 320 dressed and dyed seals. "Show Day" will be Jan. 12, when the collection will be put on display in the corporation's warehouse at 48 to 58 Great Jones Street.

BOARD HAS SOLD 430 SHIPS.

$297,811,393 Realized for Vessels of 2,157,124 Deadweight Tons.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—The Government up to Dec. 4 has sold 430 merchant ships, totaling 2,157,124 deadweight tons, for $297,811,393, according to a summary issued tonight by the Shipping Board.

Since July 15, when the board's last summary was issued, sales were increased by forty vessels of 96,705 deadweight tons, which brought $67,745,572.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The address of Brune, Pottberg & Co., exporters of cotton goods, will be 35 and 37 Worth Street after Feb. 1, instead of 25 and 27, as recently stated under this heading. The present quarters of the firm are at 299 Broadway.

Harry Landres & Brother, resident buyers, 212 Fifth Avenue, will take new and larger quarters on Feb. 1 in the Arena Building at 38 West Thirty-second Street. The increase of space was made necessary by the growth of the business. The firm will continue to specialize in buying women's ready-to-wear garments.

Marketing Scheme.

OWENSBORO, Ky., Dec. 23.—The organization of tobacco growers of the Green River tobacco district, formed here recently to work for higher tobacco prices, has disbanded following a report of its Executive Committee of failure to arouse sufficiently the interest of farmers in a contemplated tobacco pooling arrangement.

Reports the committee showed that tobacco pledged to the pool was 3,000,000 pounds short of the amount required before the association would attempt to handle sales. After submission of the report, the Executive Committee resigned.

Meantime prices on the market here have reached an average of $11 per hundred pounds, compared with $4 the opening day a month ago. In this period only 2,000,000 pounds of tobacco has been sold, bringing an average of $7.91 per hundred pounds. About 6,000,000 pounds had been sold at this date last year for a $19 average.

RECEIVERS FOR CARLIN CO.

Construction Concern's Creditor Takes Action to Avoid Liens.

Receivers were appointed yesterday by Federal Judge Knox for the P. J. Carlin Construction Company, which built important sections of the dual subway and which is holding the foundations for the new prison buildings at Ossining and for a new power station for the United Electric Light and Power Company.

The action was brought by Harris B. Johnson, a creditor for $3,997 due on casualty insurance. It was begun to avoid the filing of liens and claims on work which the company is doing by several small creditors which might jeopardise the contracts. The receivers are Joseph P. Carlin, President of the company, and Frank E. Stripe.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BALTIMORE—Berrish & Co.; Mr. Berrish, jobs Fall, Spring coats, suits; 31 East 27th, Room 36.
BOSTON—Rubin Raincoat Co.; J. L. Rubin, raincoat materials; McAlpin.
BOSTON, Mass.—G. G. Dress Co.; Mr. Goldstein, Spring dresses; 29 West 28th St., 3d floor.
CANTON, Ohio—Seltner Co.; B. Seltner, boys' heavy wool mackintoshes; 276 5th Av., Room 603.
CHICAGO—H. Resler & Co.; H. Resler, cotton wash, wool goods; Pennsylvania.
CHICAGO—Spaulding Waist Shops; H. Nathan, jobs sweaters; 276 5th Av., Room 603.
CLEVELAND—Adler Stores; G. Adler, jobs women's Winter coats; 1,170 Broadway, Room 310.
DETROIT — Goldberg Bros.; M. Goldberg, furnishing goods; McAlpin.
DETROIT—Zuieback-Hartmann Co.; I. Zuieback, waists, coats, suits, dress materials; 634 B'way; McAlpin.
EL PASO, Texas—I. Laskin & Bros.; H. Laskin, general mdse.; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—J. C. Kahn & Sons, H. Kahn, carpets; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—Milady Dress & Costume Co.; M. Rubin, dresses; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—Corrsin's Fashion Shop; L. Phillips, jobs silk waists; 1,170 B'way, Room 610.
PHILADELPHIA—L. Harris & Co.; J. Buchsbaum, cotton Spring dresses; 45 W. 27th, Room 405.
SAN FRANCISCO—A. J. Marcus Co.; M. Epstein, khaki, wash skirts, middies; 277 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—Leon Segall; J. Buchsbaum, Fall wraps, jobs opossum collars; 45 W. 27th, Room 403.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARTIFICIAL SILK Wanted—Quantities. H. S. Meritzer, 389 5th Av., New York. Murray Hill 2809.

BLOOMERS Wanted — Cotton, quantities; cash. S 591 Times.

CANTON CREPE Wanted — Quantity. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

COATING Wanted—Cotton warp, 22 to 24 ounce, black or dark blue; quantities. M. Parker, 239 4th Av. Gramercy 2047.

COATS Wanted—Open for large quantity of fur-trimmed cloth coats; must be cheap. Chicago Mail Order Co., 243 6th Av.

COATS and SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples of the better kind. 124 West 26th St., 6th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Placing orders on high-grade misses' coats and suits. 108 West 27th, 10th floor.

COATS AND WRAPS Wanted—Of the better kind. 1,333 Broadway, 35th St. entrance, top floor.

COATS AND WRAPS wanted for Spring. L. Nu, 104 West 27th, 4th floor.

COATS and SUITS Wanted—For Spring, 133 West 26th St. (8th floor).

COTTON GOODS, Sheetings, Drills, Ducks Wanted—Full details in first letter. spot cash. L 631 Times Downtown.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Batiste, crisp, sheer, also Swiss organdie, at; a price. Hannaset Blouse, 15 West 21st.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Three-thread, flesh; quantity; cash. Gordon & Schuval, 116 West 14th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at fine georgettes, taffetas, canton crepe, fancies; also misses' and juniors'. Call, 10:30 to 2:30, Room 1814, 15 East 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber will pay cash for any quantity of tricotine, serge and silk dresses. 153 West 27th (3d floor). Chelsea 7385.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders on dresses, all materials; call with samples. Spiro, 259 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring samples in all materials. 5th floor, 39 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at samples, all materials. Call 9-12, 14th floor, 6 West 32d.

DRESSES, Jobs Wanted—Also looking at Spring models. Room 38, 1,193 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at all week. Room 804, 27 West 24th.

FUR COLLARS Wanted—Beaver-rite and sealine. Gordon V. Lyons, 127 West 26th.

GEORGETTES Wanted—2x2; crepe de chines 64, pick row or finished, any quantity; cash. Klein Bros., 423 4th Av.

GINGHAMS Wanted—Everett chambrays, Essex chambrays, Everett classics, Yorks, Red Seals, Eastworth seersuckers, Yorks seersuckers, Golden cloths, Indanthrene zephyrs, Gaze marvel imperial chambrays, Bates seersuckers and Bates zephyrs, any quantity; spot cash. Franklin 1774.

JERSEYS Wanted—Treco, quantity, must be right price; cash. Stoff Petticoat, 38 West 32d.

MESSALINES Wanted—Browns, any quantity; call with sample pieces. 7th floor, Dorfman & Wiesen, 1,115 Broadway.

POIRET TWILLS Wanted—Open to buy a quantity, all shades, at a price. Maidright Dress, 45 West 29th.

PONGEE Wanted—12 Mme. M. R. Silverman, 1,372 Broadway. Fitzroy 2781.

PONGEE Wanted—14 Mme., first choice Gifu; pay cash. Bosher, Spring 3383.

SERGE Wanted—All-wool, any quantity, for cash. 153 West 27th (3d floor).

SERGES Wanted—7614, also American tricotines. J. Dunn Co., 127 West 25th.

SERGES Wanted—Amoskeag 7301, spot cash. Louis Horowitz, 6 West 18th.

SILKS Wanted—Will buy for spot cash, ¾ and 5-thread crepe de chines; also crepe meteors, radiums, satins, messalines, georgettes, taffetas, sport silks; printed georgettes; also all kinds of shirtings and all kinds of remnants in silk from 1½ yards up. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 2673.

SILKS Wanted — Messalines, brown, any quantity; call with sample pieces. 7th floor, Dorfman & Wiesen, 1,115 Broadway.

SILKS Wanted—Printed radiums, will pay cash if necessary. Call Watkins 8942.

SILKS Wanted—Plain, grey Radium. Brooks Co., 37 West 20th. Watkins 4177.

SILK Wanted—Jap, 3½ momme, natural, at a price. Madison Square 9293.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted—Placing orders on high-grade misses' suits and coats. 108 West 27th, 8th floor.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at better grade Spring suits and coats. 8th floor, 25 West 31st.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples. 43 West 27th, Room 501.

TAFFETA Wanted—Navy and brown; good quality. M. R. Silverman, 1,372 Broadway. Fitzroy 2781.

TAFFETAS Wanted—For cash, 5249 and 206 or similar, all shades. Latster, 433 4th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Will buy any quantity in black and colored taffeta for spot cash; call with samples. Bassers, 34 East 29th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy and brown; spot cash; at a price. Vogel, 141 West 24th.

TAFFETA Wanted—All grades, dark colors; quantity. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Good taffetas wanted, all colors. Jewel Dress Co., 23 West 29th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Low ends, all shades. Brodie-Siegel & Co., 52 West 27th.

TAFFETA Wanted—All colors, also Canton crepe. Seligson, 16 West 19th.

TAFFETAS Wanted — All colors. Regent Dress Co., 158 West 29th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—All colors; not over $1 per yard; also three-thread crepe de chine and gros de Londre. Phone Spring 3486; ask for Mr. Gross.

TAFFETA Wanted—Can use a quantity of Canton taffeta; good quality only. Madison Square 898. George Schulman.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Juilliard 1256 and cheaper grade, at a price. Zimmern & Brunner, 225 Broadway.

TAFFETA Wanted—In black, navy and brown; open for quantity for cash. Alpha Waist Co., 31 West 27th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Open for quantity of tricotine and serge, at a price. Call Friday, all morning, with samples. Goldblatt & Schaeffler, 130 West 25th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Baruch, Wolf's 15-50; Posey's 117 or similar; will pay cash; submit samples by mail only. Room 820, 215 4th Av.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Hand's 1266, or similar quality; for cash. Ben Glasberg Co. Stuyvesant 5611.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Open for quantity, from $1.75 to $2.25. Hirsch & Bro., 154 West 27th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Quantity; 62 and under. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Read's 9992, navy. Harwelts, 21 West 31st. Gramercy 4462.

TRICOTINES, Serges and Poiret Twill Wanted—Room 88, 1,193 Broadway.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Read's 9992, navy, for cash. Madison Square 8193.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Read's 7161, quantity, for cash. Chelsea 6549.

TRICOTINE Wanted—0888, 5782. M. R. Silverman, Fitzroy 2781.

TWILL CORD Wanted—F H 1031, tricotines, 0388, Reed's 5892. Watkins 3641.

VELOUR CHECKS Wanted—Parker-Wilder, Style 126, all colors. Heyman Cohen & Sons, Inc., 38 West 21st. Watkins 8133, Dept. A.

VELOURS Wanted—Open for large quantity checked velours, at a price. Swaybill & Miller, 3 West 30th.

VELOURS Wanted—Heavyweight, for cash. Ehrlich Bros., 25 East 10th St. Stuyvesant 5562.

WRAPS and Coats Wanted—Jobber placing orders for Spring. 1,372 Broadway, 9th floor. Mr. Altman.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARMY GOODS — Army regulation garrison shoe, $4.85; navy blue wool pea coats, $7.85; West Point officer shoes, $3.85; army wool mackinaw, 30 ounce, $7.50; army O. D. slippers, $1; hip boots, $2.75; army hobnailed shoes, $3.50. Elias Berlow Corp., 110 Duane St.

ARMY AND NAVY STORES—1,000 leather aviation helmets, 400 Jerkins, 250 men's black leather coats, reversible lining. Leo F. Sturm, 8 West 30th.

ARMY GOODS—Jerkins's, finest lot, immediate delivery from floor; also other merchandise bargains; bring cash. Walden, 100 5th Av.

ARMY GOODS—16-oz. O. D. melton, 58 inches wide; soil reasonable. Chelsea 9428.

CANTON CREPES—All shades, good quality; immediate delivery. Letzter, 433 4th Av.

CANTON CREPES—Heavy quality, $2.50. 1,204 Broadway, Room 400, Longacre 4507.

COATEES—Plush and cloth, close out, sacrifice prices. Korostoff, 12 West 21st.

COATEES—Plush, best for trimming, for cheapest price. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

COATEES—Silk plush fur-trimmed, $9.75. Gelfond, 141 West 28th.

COATS AND WRAPS—Fur trimmed and plain; wonderful variety of style; made in the season's most desirable fabrics; priced exceptionally well. Meseritzky & Stollerman, 23 West 27th.

COATS—Sport, chappy, fur trimmed, suede lined, $14.25 net; dovetone suede coats, opossum fur shawl collars, leather suede lined, $25. Leo F. Sturm, 8 West 30th.

COATS—Come at once! Wonderful selection in bolivia and suedine, with raccoon and Australian opossum collars, at remarkably low prices. L. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS, close out, 2,000 infants' children's, all descriptions; snappy styles; at sacrifice. Saleable Mfg. Co., 541 Broadway. Spring 8262.

COATS—Children's, juniors', ladies', fur trimmed; close out. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d.

COATS—Sacrificing stock beaver, raccoon, Australian collars; $23.75. Bernstein, 31 West 31st.

COATS—300 raccoon, Australian opossum, sealine trimmed; great sacrifice. Morris Waldman, 17 West 28th.

COATS—Australian opossum collars, $25, close out, also job all wool coats, fur collars, $12. Ullus Bros., 37 West 32d.

COATS—130 assorted ladies' light woolen; from Paris; immediate delivery. Gamble, 250 Broadway, Room 331. Worth 7789.

COATS—Peco and Baffin seal plush, fur-trimmed, at special prices. Tannen & Kaplow, 146 West 25th St.

COATS—Our Spring line of suits and coats is ready for your criticism. N. Hurwitz & Son, 38 West 21st.

COATS—2,000 must be sold, very big sacrifice; latest materials and styles. Gelfond, 141 West 28th.

COATS—Close out cheap, 300 velour, all lined. Blumenson & Co., 56 West 22d St.

COATS—Special coat at $10.00 for January sales. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th.

COATS and WRAPS—Better kind, close out. 32 East 31st, 10th floor.

COATS—To close out; will sacrifice. Klar Bros., 40 West 27th St.

CORDUROYS—9000, 618, all colors; also remnants. Stuyvesant 1404.

CREPE DE CHINE—All shades, good for manufacturing and export trade; prices below manufacturing cost. Amin Merhige, Sunset 6697.

DRESSES—We have about 2,000 all-jersey dresses, embroidered on waist and skirt, at the unusually low price of $5.75; also tricotines and serges at remarkably low prices; if interested, call, write or wire. Goldblatt & Schaeffler, 130 West 25th. Chelsea 3205.

DRESSES—1,000 on the rack; final clean-up sale of tricotine and velour dresses at a sacrifice price; good styles and workmanship; immediate delivery. Pomick Nonas Co., 18 West 21st. Chelsea 9698.

DRESSES—Our racks are full of fine values priced right for your reduction sales; serges, tricotines, velours in all colors, all sizes. Meyer Boaniak, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES—Styles specially designed to put action into December and January sales; our regular $22.75 models now $10.75. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES—Spring models of all leading materials at my usual rock-bottom prices; now ready for immediate delivery. 7th floor, 148 West 24th.

DRESSES—Jobbers! Spring line of better grade advanced models in the latest materials now ready. Max. Beckerman, 510 8th Av.

DRESS—Contractor has assorted evening gowns and party dresses, better grade, to close out, cheap. 9th floor, 14 West 17th.

DRESSES—Closing out at sacrifice prices satins and charmeuses. I. Frank & Son, 6 West 32d.

DRESSES—Closing out wonderful new line taffeta dresses; original models; excellent values. 203 5th Av., Suite 1904.

DRESSES—Jobbers! Jobbers! Spring line of better grade advanced models now ready. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES—Removal sale, sacrifice entire stock tricotines, silks, jerseys. Ruby, 7 West 30th.

DRESSES—Contractor has 1,000 tricotines to be picked off the racks for half the price. Jeanne Mfg., 129 West 31st.

DRESSES—Children's serges, silk, 6-14, $5 up, buy now. Greater New York, 344 5th Av.

FUR—Marmots plain, trimmed; Australian opossum, kit, Brown's coney coats; close out, sacrifice prices. Watkins 9787. Weiss & Bro., 214 West 29th.

PETTICOATS—Jersey, changeable taffeta, satins and novelties, $1.75 up; exceptional offering. Greater New York, 344 5th Av.

PLUSHES—Peco; immediate delivery; $3.50 net. Stuyvesant 8416.

RUGS—Ten Kermansha, best quality, unwashed, 12x15, 15x11, 18x14, 22x14, 12x9, 15x11, 19x15, 20x19, 21x16, 12x12, at sacrifice, $3. Hundred Shiraz, most washed, 4x6, 6x9, at $1.50. K. R., 147 Times.

SERGES, TRICOTINES—6301, 7120, MFL, 11423, 4632, 87, 7512; several number tricotine. Weinstein Co., Madison Square 842.

SERGES—7120, 0308, 12080, navy, CSG, navy and black. Madison Square 9418.

SERGES, TRICOTINES—7301, 7120, 7614, 11432, 9, 0036, 5782. Watkins 2196.

SHIRTS—Silk; don't miss the final closing out of lots of silk shirts; we want to start the year 1921 with empty shelves; come here and get your bargains. Rainbow Shirt Corp., 150 Greene St., near Bleecker. Spring 6625.

Wholesale Only

JOB of DRESSES
15 ASSORTED TRICOTINE STYLES.
HIGH CLASS GARMENTS
TO CLOSE OUT AT LOW PRICES.
Glasser & Weinstein, 38 W. 32d.

WORMSER & CO.
Commercial Bankers
95 Fifth Ave. Phone Stuy. 3360
Accounts Financed.
Advances on Merchandise.

Notice to Garment Manufacturers and Retailers

The announcement recently sent out regarding the appointment of Mr. W. J. Jennings as Manager of the Ready-to-Wear Divisions of the Bush Terminal Sales Building gave the erroneous impression that he is now connected with many of the houses represented by Mr. Wm. T. Knott.

We hereby wish to correct that impression and state that Mr. Jennings has no connection with any of the houses represented by Mr. Wm. T. Knott.

BUSH TERMINAL SALES BUILDING
J. P. FALLON, General Manager.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

THE P. J. CARLIN CONSTRUCTION COMPANY—Judge Knox has appointed Joseph P. Carlin and Frank E. Stripe receivers, in $25,000 bond, for The P. J. Carlin Construction Company, in a suit brought by Harris B. Johnson, a creditor for $3,997, with interest thereon, for premiums due from the defendant upon casualty insurance written for the defendant. It is stated that the defendant is engaged in building construction and is now constructing under contract important structures in New York State, including foundation work of Hell Gate Power Station and a large prison building at Ossining. It is also alleged that defendant is temporarily embarrassed, on account of the withholding of large sums of money now due by concerns for which it is engaged in building and is threatened by the filing of liens and claims against the properties upon which it is working, which liens or claims would jeopardize the contracts. Many creditors are said to be pressing their claims, and the appointment of a receiver was asked for the purpose of preserving the assets. The defendant joins in the request for a receiver.

RAW-SILK TRADING COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Raw-Silk Trading Company, Inc., at 854 Fourth Avenue, by these creditors: Arnhold Brothers, $18,273; Goshe Corporation, $17,481; Samuel Brunal & Co., $16,760. Judge Knox has appointed Joseph Read Patterson receiver, in $2,000 bond. It is stated that the liabilities are upward of $2,000,000 and the assets upward of $500,000.

AMERICAN STAR LINE, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the American Star line, Inc., shipping, at 25 Beaver Street, by these creditors: A. Y. Underwood, $600; Macfarlane, Garvey & Co., $500, and Selig J. Kairman, $200. On the 22d inst. Judge Knox appointed George W. Sterling receiver in $1,000 bond, for the company in an equity suit brought by the United States through its solicitor, Francis G. Caffey, for a claim in excess of $200,000.

JOHN W. Mail [illegible] & Co., INC., foreign exchange broker, at 141 Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $161,300 and assets of $4,211, consisting of cash, $50; office furniture, $300, and unliquidated claims, $3,761. Among the creditors are Josephthal & Co., $31,400; Zimmerman & Forshay, $20,250, and Guaranty Trust Company, $15,500.

TRI-STATE GARAGE AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed here against John H. Calhoun, trading as Tri-State Garage and Transportation Company, proprietor of a garage and dealer in auto accessories, at 2 and 4 Mamaroneck Avenue, White Plains, N. Y., by these creditors: John J. Hughes, $680, Strang & Taylor, $383, and Westchester Electric Supply Company, $90.

MORRIS SOLOMON—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Morris Solomon, dry goods, at 1,954 Third Avenue and 927 Columbus Avenue, by these creditors: Irving Glasser, $500; Leon Logowsky, $100, and William Acker, $200. It is stated that the liabilities are about $20,000 and the assets about $10,000.

CHARLES GERBEN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Charles Gerben, dry goods, at 1,082 Second Avenue, by these creditors: Manhattan Merchandise Company, $117; H. Ruchman, $185, and S. Kapiwits. An assignment was made Dec. 22.

KAYE SHOP—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Rose Kosofsky, trading as Kaye Shop, retail women's wear, at 2,292 Eighth Avenue, by Albert Graef, a creditor for $650.

ANNA ROSEN, shopkeeper, at 1,651 Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $7,431 and assets of $6,567, main item of which is stock, $4,000. Judge Knox has appointed David W. Kahn receiver, in $3,500 bond.

NETTIE L. EVERETON, housewife, at 6 and 8 East Thirty-seventh Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $6,837 and assets of $80, accounts due.

VIM DRESS HOUSE, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Vim Dress House, Inc., at 18 West Twenty-seventh Street, by these creditors: Joseph M. Crane, $93; L. Neuman, $50, and Harry Gold, $50.

WILLIAM BOOTH & BRO.—Judge Knox has appointed Guy C. Heater receiver, in $2,500 bond, of the assets in this district of C. Edwin Booth, trading as William Booth & Bro. Bankruptcy proceedings were recently instituted in Brooklyn, N. Y.

BUTTERBAUM & NEWITZ, furs, at 313 Seventh Avenue, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $74,116 and assets of $73,825, main item of which is stock, $60,000. N. Y. Fur Auction is a second creditor for $35,000.

WEINBERG & GOORFIN, furs, at 48 West Twenty-sixth Street, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $239,913 and assets of $137,447, main items of which are: real estate, $26,000; stock, $107,310. Among the creditors are: Funsten Bros., $83,430; Weinberg & Holman, $50,000, and Metropolitan Bank, $43,242.

THE STIENER DYEING CO., INC., at 442 West Fourteenth Street and 675 Hudson Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $75,313 and assets of $19,086.

BERNARD RUTCHIK, woolens, at 225 Grand Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $62,701 and assets of $13,219, main items of which are: accounts, $7,468, and stock, $5,000.

ISAAC STERNBERG & SON, at 1,140 Broadway, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $28,480, and assets of $22,209, main item of which is stock, $12,500.

CLINTON LEATHER GOODS STORES, at 34 and 79 Clinton Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $8,363 and assets of $7,758, main item of which is stock, $7,000.

FOSTER & LOUNSBERY—Judge Knox has appointed Morgan M. Mann receiver, in $50,000 bond, for Foster & Lounsbery, stock brokers, at 24 Broad Street. It is stated that the firm's assets are worth, substantially, $3,000,000, consisting largely of stocks and bonds.

DEWING & CO.—Judge Knox has appointed William A. Todd receiver, in $25,000 bond for Dewing & Co., stock brokers, 11 Wall Street, in place of Albert B. Kerr, who has acted as receiver since the petition in bankruptcy was filed on Aug. 31, but who has resigned on account of ill health.

EL RAYO SILK CO., INC.—Judge Knox has appointed Nathan Lawris receiver, in $500 bond, for El Rayo Silk Co., Inc., at 834 Fourth Avenue and Paterson, N. J.

JACOB SOLOMON—Judge Knox has appointed Henry Caplan receiver, in $7,500 bond, for Jacob Solomon, dry goods, 637 Tenth Avenue, 884 Third Avenue and 143 East Forty-third Street. It is stated that the liabilities are about $30,000 and the assets about $15,000.

DIANNA LUNCH CO.—Judge Knox has appointed Morris Frank receiver, in $1,00 bond, for Dianna Lunch Co., also known as The Royal, at 205 Sixth Avenue. Liabilities are said to be about $8,000 and assets about $2,000.

WILLIAM MEYER & CO.—Judge Julius M. Mayer has authorized Alfred C. Coxe Jr. and George Pohlman receivers for William Meyer & Co., importers of laces, at 880 Broadway, to issue receivers' certificates amounting to $75,000 so as to carry on the company's business. The certificates, which will consist of two series, primary and secondary, are to bear interest at 6 per cent. and be payable on July 1, 1921. The money will be used to pay duties and advances on merchandise in bond.

BEST SERVICE PAPER BOX CORP.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Best Service Paper Box Corp., manufacturers of paper boxes at 21-23 Grattan Street, Brooklyn, by Mutual Paper Company for $81.84; Hyman Levitt, $300, and B. Bunder, $200.

ERNEST HENLE—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Ernest Henle, bookkeeper, 263 Vernon Av., Brooklyn, with liabilities of $9,167.33 and no assets.

Out of Town.

TAMPA, Fla., Dec. 23.—Highland Mercantile Company, Inc., Dundee, Fla., has made assignments and deeds of stock and real estate for the benefit of creditors. Liabilities will run close to $40,000, while assets will probably total more.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Dec. 23.—Voluntary petition in bankruptcy has been filed by J. T. Lameasure, President of the United States Forged Tool Corporation, 224 Twenty-first Street, it having been decided at a recent meeting of the company's stockholders that bankruptcy proceedings were necessary to pay the company's obligations. The debts are listed at $12,858.30, while the assets are placed at $15,120.16.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

American Children's Dress Co.—D. Lerner et al. $29.95
Berry, Dorothy L.—E. H. Sayre et al. 250.60
Berry, Raymond F.—A. S. Petit & Sons, Inc. 1,380.89
British American Corp. of India, Ltd.—I. Dorfman & Son 3,685.82
Barry, Philip—Starobin Electrical Supply Co., Inc. 152.04
Bacron, Harris—I. Bruschi 857.01
Berger, Solomon and Samuel Waidman—M. Geller et al. 1,420.98
Calio, Charles—M. Spiedt 121.15
Casullo, Joseph and Nicholas Bazzo—People &c. 500.00
Cohen, Samuel and Hyman (Cohen Bros.)—H. Cohen et al. 248.90
Cordero, Harry E.—S. Cutter 2,131.50
C. W. Sauer Corp.—T. Bloch et al. 573.69
Duran, Manuel—M. A. Vogel et al. 474.30
Deuth Eugene J.—Edgar A. Levy Leasing Co., Inc. 502.69
Deutsch, Adolph—A. Kheel & Sons, Inc. 1,650.58
Ebner, Paul J.—Bank of Farmingdale 532.41
Same—Same 507.50
Fifth Avenue Coach Co.—M. A. Stephens Freed, Joseph and Hyman Zachs—J. C. Cohen et al. 6,630.79
Fuldner, Richard C.—W. Reynolds 809.65
Same—C. Reynolds 900.00
Green, Geo. W.—A. & J. Engel, Inc. 100.00
Graff, James M.—E. Fuss et al. 1,206.30
Goldstein, M.—H. Friestal 144.90
Goldman, Isaac—G. Robinson 1,054.20
Gensardi, Josephine or Covine and Michael Covine—R. Sachs 2,899.10
Goldstein, Jacob and Isie Rosenzweig (G. & R. Dress Co.)—J. Levenstein 534.42
Griffin, Percy and John Wynkoop (Griffin & Wynkoop), American Exchange National Bank and Harris D. Risch—City of N. Y., costs 187.20
Howell, Anita—A. F. Kounts et al., costs 176.70
Harrah, Roy—Thomas Nelson & Sons 130.20
Harris, Rube—T. Moffa 107.07
Interstate Banking Co., Inc.—Goldmeyer, Thiel & Arnold, Inc. 171.75
Jaffess Realty Corp.—M. Firbman 525.00
Jarvis, Lamson Jr., & Co.—Western Union Telegraph Co. 1,058.23
Kohl, Maurice—M. Wurtsburger et al. 189.45
Kahn, Abraham (Helen Dress Co.)—G. Gross 124.30
Knobloff, Jacob D.—S. Diamond, costs 106.75
Kessel, Nicholas—H. Antovitis 805.11
Kearney, Philip—E. Kearney 82,222.92
Lambert, Albert—Manhattan Desk Co. 219.31
Levy, Julius—Pioneer Film Corp., costs 109.05
Leshaw, Charles, Louis N. Leshaw or Louis H. Lokashofsky, and Joseph Pokashofsky—People Investment Corp. 165.95
Levin, Elias, and Louis Winick (Levin & Winick)—Moses Cohen & Son 3,023.33
Same—Same 3,873.33
Levin, Albert L.—Kales Stamping Co. 1
MacNevill, William W.—T. Lewis 175.20
Mason-Art, Inc.—Hohl & Jaffe, Inc. 327.91
Mears, John H.—L. Barth & Son, Inc. 138.95
Marino, John and Sol Levy—People &c. 200.00
National Surety Co.—W. R. Fletcher 2,402.03
Novick, Irving—S. Bachhaut 627.40
Opler Bros., Inc.—Rode & Brand 479.05
Orobello, Joseph—S. Glassman 131.43
Powell, Adelaide, or Mrs. W. H. Powell—American Historical Society, Inc. 429.65
Potter, Henry B.—J. M. Gidding & Co. 223.42
Pelzer, Harry (Consumers Specialty Shops)—S. Bier 183.62
Pearse, Arthur L.—H. R. Watney, costs 117.10
Same—H. S. Bope, costs 118.18
Rappaport, Samuel, and David Diamond (Rappaport & Diamond)—Schekter & Kaplan, Inc. 1,161.11
Ritter, Leo and Wm. C.—N. Erlanger

Leaders Pressing Gov. Smith to Name District Attorney General Sessions Judge.

DECISION DUE NEXT WEEK

Appointment Would Clear the Way for Advancing Talley to Swann's Office.

Tammany Hall is bringing pressure to bear on Governor Smith to appoint District Attorney Edward Swann to succeed the late James T. Malone as Judge of the Court of General Sessions. According to the best information obtainable last night, the Governor is not at all convinced that such an appointment would be wise, nor is he inclined to heed the wishes of the organization in this respect.

It was said on good authority that the Governor would not decide the appointment until he reached Albany to wind up the affairs of his office toward the middle of next week. It is known that Governor Smith would like to name Edward J. McGoldrick, whom he appointed a Supreme Court Justice last Spring, and who failed of election when a candidate for Supreme Court Justice last Fall, but as yet Mr. McGoldrick has not indicated that he wants the place.

Should Governor Smith yield to the Tammany pressure it is regarded as likely that he will go one step further to please the organization by appointing Chief Assistant District Attorney Alfred J. Talley to succeed Mr. Swann as District Attorney. The appointee logically would be a candidate for the office in the election next year, and the Tammany leaders are said to regard Mr. Talley as the strongest candidate they could name. This, rather than love for District Attorney Swann, is thought to be at the bottom of Tammany's insistence on the latter's appointment as a General Sessions Judge.

Justice Bernard J. Glennon of the Supreme Court is mentioned as a possible successor to District Attorney Francis Martin of the Bronx, who will go upon the Supreme Court Bench to succeed Justice Glennon, who is serving under appointment from the Governor. Justice Glennon would have been a candidate for his present place, but stepped aside for Mr. Martin in accordance with an agreement made before he was appointed.

County Judge Charles J. McDermott of Kings has indicated his intention to retire to resume the practice of law, and Governor Smith may have the appointment of a successor for that place before Jan. 1.

PLEA FOR FORESTRY POLICY.

Increased Newsprint Consumption Demands It, Says Service Chief.

"The progress of civilization has been marked by an increased per capita consumption of paper," declares the Chief of the Forest Service of the United States Department of Agriculture in an article issued by the department.

"From far off Australia, from China, from Japan and from South America are coming demands upon the paper-making resources of the North American Continent. Large publishing houses of England are acquiring pulp factories and forests on this side of the Atlantic. Confronted by a world hungry demand for paper the United States will indeed find a foreign source of supply a broken reed upon which to lean.

"The paper problem of the United States is primarily a forest problem," continues the Forest Service Chief. "The paper industry of the United States is now concentrated largely in the coniferous forest belts of the Great Lakes, the northern Alleghenies, New York and New England. Twelve years ago these forests furnished all of the raw materials for the industry. Year by year, as they have been depleted, the adjacent timber belts of Canada have been drawn upon until now a full third of our paper or paper-making materials come from the Dominion. The pulp woods left in the Northern and Eastern States cannot last, under the present rate of cutting, more than fifteen or eighteen years. The spruce forests of Canada will continue to furnish pulpwood for a longer period, but in their turn are no less exhaustible. Meantime our consumption of paper is steadily increasing and now exceeds thirty-five pounds per year for every man, woman and child in the country.

"What then is the answer? The New England and Middle Atlantic States contain 31,000,000 acres of heavily cut or logged-off lands. The Lake States contain 25,000,000 acres of logged-off forest. Here are 64,000,000 acres of timber-growing land within a stone's throw of our pulp mills, land which could supply these mills several times over with pulp wood if they were but kept at work, growing it. In the application of forestry to these enormous areas, much of which are now practically waste land, lies the only effective solution of the national paper problem in the future, as well as the problems arising from shortages of other essential forest products. There is no situation that emphasizes more clearly the need for a national forestry policy, enlisting the owner of the land and the public alike in the restoration of these areas to producing forests.

"There will be a gap, of course, between the end of the old forest crop and the beginning of the new. To fill that gap and at the same time distribute our paper industry in a much more logical relation to the resources of the country as a whole, we must turn to the paper-making woods of the West. The Western States contain easily 400,000,000 cords of paper-making woods, and Southern Alaska contains another 100,000,000 cords. With 5-cent news print in our principal paper markets there is no fundamental reason why these Western resources should not be drawn upon for a national supply as well as the local requirements of their own States.

"While the pulpwood forests of the West offer an immediate opportunity to increase the production of paper on American soil and will contribute largely to our future supply, it is undesirable from every standpoint that the paper industry should cut itself out of existence in the Eastern and Northern States. And there is no reason why a large paper industry in our Eastern forest regions should not be permanent, supported by raw material produced wholly within our own borders. All that is required is the intelligent use of land for the production of timber when not suited by its nature to more valuable products.

"Regulation of price, control of distribution, restraint upon profiteering, however necessary as temporary expedients, will not solve the paper problem. There is but one effective solution—increased production of paper and continuous crops of the raw material whereof it is made. Our need for paper today is simply a concrete measure of our need for a national forestry policy."

TEXAS TEACHER SHORTAGE.

The teacher shortage in Texas presents an alarming problem, according to School Life. During the session of 1919 and 1920 Texas suffered a shortage of about 2,000 teachers. Moreover, this number of school rooms closed did not represent the actual shortage, for in cities and towns every grade was overcrowded, some grades reporting as many as ninety children to the teacher. Many teachers taught two shifts of children each day.

About 80 per cent. of the teachers in rural schools are mere boys and girls, and about 50 per cent. of the county teachers hold only a second-grade certificate. Many taught last session without any certificate, in open violation of the law. About 50,000 children in Texas last session did not attend school at all, because no teacher for them could be found. About 40,000 Texas children were taught by those whose preparation was not above that of the eighth grade. Many schools held their usual length of term only by private subscriptions.

James H. Cruikshank, operator, has resold six of the ten dwellings in West 139th Street, formerly owned by the Astor estate, to separate buyers. They are all of the three-story type, each being 25 by 99.11 feet. Grover Cleveland bought 10, Edward Gholson purchased 18, Willis W. Brown obtained 20 and 22, Estelle B. Hamilton bought 24 and Lulu Cain acquired 26.

Arthur F. Schermerhorn has transferred to the 47 West Fifty-second Street Company the three four-story and basement dwellings at 61 to 65 West Fifty-second Street, and 67, adjoining, a five-story flat. The combined properties occupy a site 80 by 100, located 75 feet east of the northeast corner of Sixth Avenue. They were conveyed subject to mortgages for $143,000.

John H. Scully sold to Peter Ward the three-story dwelling, 17.10 by 99.11, at 109 West 129th Street.

Max Noreck sold to Rachael Lowenstein the three-story dwelling, 15.6 by 100.11, at 15 West 113th Street.

The three-story dwelling, 18.4 by 99.11, at 2 West 131st Street, has been bought by Jane Means from Mary F. Hession.

The Brown-Wheelock Company, Inc., sold for the rector, warden and vestrymen of the Church of the Epiphany, 143 East Thirty-fifth Street, a four-story and basement high stoop house, formerly used as the rectory of the church, which adjoins. The buyer plans to alter it into small suites.

$5,244,150 FOR HOUSING.

Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. Makes 160 Building Loans.

The Real Estate Committee of the Board of Directors of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company yesterday authorized 160 building loans, aggregating $2,081,950, and farm loans amounting to $3,162,200. The building loans were made in accordance with the company's policy of loaning money on small houses to relieve the housing situation.

There were 159 of these, of which seven were for low-priced apartment houses. These building loans were very widely distributed, being made in fifteen States. There were seven in Missouri for $97,000; three in New York City for $94,000; fifty-seven in West Virginia for $196,000; forty in Ohio for $153,000; twenty-three in New York State outside of Greater New York for $56,000; five in Florida for $15,600; seven in Kansas for $23,000; two in Michigan for $4,400; two in South Carolina for $15,000 and one each in New Jersey, Colorado, California, Connecticut and Georgia.

The business building loans were two in South Carolina for $70,000; one in Maryland for $100,000; one in Arkansas for $200,000; one in Illinois for $240,000; one in Connecticut for $100,000; one in Washington State for $100,000, one in Montana for $30,000 and one in Kentucky for $29,000. The housing loans were for the most part fifteen-year loans payable in instalments.

The Bronx Market.

James E. Barry sold for Elizabeth Drennan a three-story two family house at 641 West 185th Street, just east of Wadsworth Avenue, to an investor.

I. Lincoln Selde Company sold to Bronx National Realty Corporation for George Singer 881 East 181st Street, a one-family frame dwelling with garage, on plot 50 by 96.82 by irregular, fronting on both 181st and West Streets.

Two residents of Fieldston owning land on Waldo Avenue, J. M. B. Lyeth and Paul Schell, have purchased through George Howe additional land adjoining their present holdings. The land purchased lies between the two residences. Mr. Lyeth also purchased several lots to the rear of his property facing on Livingston Avenue.

Brooklyn Hospital Sells Property.

Justice Aspinall signed an order yesterday permitting the Brooklyn Eye and Ear Hospital of Livingston Street, Brooklyn, to sell its property there to Polytechnic Institute, diagonally opposite. The stated consideration is $150,000, of which $20,000 is to be in cash. Simeon B. Chittenden, President of the Institute, declared that the school needs more room.

The hospital directors stated that they are negotiating for the purchase of a site for a new hospital on Greene Avenue between Carlton Avenue and Cumberland Street, Brooklyn.

New Jersey Buyers.

John B. Milliken, Treasurer of the Yale Lock Company, has sold a residence on Lincoln Street, Montclair, with a plot of about 74 by 200 feet, to William J. Morton. It was sold for $19,000. The Simpson-Merritt Company acted as brokers.

Bowles & Co. have sold for Morris W. Ehnes his residence on Leonia Avenue, Leonia, to F. S. James.

Investor Buys Bowery Corner.

Morris Feuer purchased for investment from Herman Woog the southwest corner of Bowery and Bleecker Street, four-story store and loft buildings, on plot 40.5 by 95.7 by irregular. The property had been held at $100,000. William F. Fuerst, Inc., negotiated the sale.

Buys Heights Garage Site.

Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd, in conjunction with William J. Spielberger, sold for the Jones Estate the plot consisting of eight lots on the east side of Jumel Place, beginning about 125 feet north of West 167th Street, running through to Edgecombe Avenue. The buyer will erect a garage.

Greenwich Village Lease.

The four-story building at 72 Grove Street has been leased through Huberth & Huberth for a term of twenty-one years to Michael Hallanan. The property faces Sheridan Square, opposite the subway station and the Greenwich Village Theatre. Mr. Hallanan owns the adjoining and abutting properties.

SCHOOL MAPS MISLEADING.

Variations in Scale Convey Wrong Impressions Sometimes.

It has long been the dream of geographers to make a series of maps of the world on a uniform scale. Indeed, it is considered unfortunate for the school children that the geographies do not show all countries by maps on a single, uniform scale, for unless a student observes very carefully the figures showing the area of the country mapped he is likely to get the impression that certain distant lands, which are generally mapped on a small scale, are smaller than those with which he is familiar. Take Australia, for example. The maps in the geographies now used in most of our schools show it on a small scale, about one-third as large as that used for the map of the United States, yet Australia is in fact nearly as large as the United States, or only about one-fortieth smaller. China is shown smaller in area than the United States, yet it is about one-third larger.

The work of preparing maps of the entire world on a uniform scale of one to one million—that is, maps on which one unit represents one million like units on the ground—has been under way for several years, and the United States Geological Survey, Department of the Interior, has made considerable progress in its work on the parts of this map that were assigned to the United States. The principle used in preparing these maps, if adopted by the publishers of school books, will give children accurate impressions of the relative sizes of the countries of the world.

Big Structure on Eighth Avenue Figures in a $4,000,000 Transaction.

Holding Company Capitalized at $2,500,000—Reserve Some Space for Office Rental.

A syndicate of printing interests provided the important feature in the realty market yesterday by purchasing the twenty-two story Printing Crafts Building occupying the block front on the west side of Eighth Avenue between Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth Streets. The deal, it is said, represents approximately $4,000,000. The buying syndicate will take title to the property under the name of the Printing Crafts Realty Company, which has been capitalized at $2,500,000. The purchasing members include the Charles Francis Press, the Bartlett-Orr Press, Eugene C. Lewis & Co., Rogers & Co., Robert L. Stillson & Co., The New York Monotype Company, Flower Steel Electrotype Company, Tri-Chromatic Engraving Company and the Moore Press Company.

The property was sold at auction under foreclosure proceedings early this month and was bought in by Franklin Pettit in the name of the Trepok Realty Company, the latter being the selling concern in the present transaction. Mr. Pettit paid at the auction sale $2,425,000, which was $232,000 over the liens on the property. The assessed value is $3,900,000. The various mortgages on the realty, including bond issues, aggregate a trifle more than $3,000,000.

The building is the largest commercial structure in the Pennsylvania zone area. It was erected just prior to the war and was well rented to printing concerns, having been especially constructed for heavy service. During the war the Department of War took over the building and the Government still occupies some space, but this is being rapidly vacated and in a few months, it is stated, all of the Government departments will be out of the building.

The buying concern was organized and represented in the deal by Lewis & Kelsey, attorneys. It is the plan of the new owners to reserve at least 40 per cent. of the space for general office purposes. Most of the buyers have been tenants in the building.

$400,000 HEIGHTS DEAL.

Riverside Drive Apartment House Purchased by New Company.

The six-story elevator apartment on the northeast corner of 161st Street and Riverside Drive, held at $400,000, has been purchased by the newly formed 900 Riverside Drive Corporation, Inc., having for Directors I. Witkind, M. Lewis, and J. L. Joseph. It has a frontage of 110.1 feet on the drive and 223.1 feet on the street, and was sold by the Mang-Houst Realty Corporation, which acquired the property in June, 1919, from the builder, Henry Friedman.

The structure was erected a few years ago by the Melvin Construction Company (Friedman Brothers) on land purchased from Harris & Maurice Mandelbaum, who had acquired all of the vacant holdings of the Loyal L. Smith estate in that section, and sold them off to builders.

Westchester Activity.

A plot of three and one-half acres on Mitchell Place, Pelham Manor, held at $4,000, has been sold through Fish & Marvin for the Witherbee Real Estate and Improvement Company. The same brokers also sold for Matthew Howe a Pelham Manor dwelling held at $40,000.

The Wykagyl Holding Company sold a plot in Wykagyl Park to David H. Darrin.

Prince & Ripley, Inc., sold an old Colonial homestead property on Mamaroneck Road, White Plains, N. Y., for Wallace W. Lyon to P. Lewis Grinberg of White Plains. The house is one of the oldest type of Colonial architecture, a portion of it being built over 150 years ago, and constructed of hand-cut timbers held together by wooden pegs. It includes one and one-half acres of ground and was held at $35,000.

The Scarsdale Estates, Robert E. Farley, President, sold a wooded plot, facing the Bronx Parkway, at Greenacres, to Dr. J. M. Steiner of White Plains, N. Y.

Realty Notes.

David Gerstner was the buyer of the loft stucture at 126 University Place, reported sold yesterday.

Quinlan & Leland negotiated the lease of the northeast corner of Broadway and Forty-sixth Street to I. Miller for a term of years, at an aggregate rental of $6,635,000.

The Hank Realty Company is the buyer of the apartment house at the southwest corner of Morningside Drive and 116th Street, sold recently by Max N. Natanson.

Buys $100,000 Estate at Croton.

The Emma P. Forbes estate at Croton-on-Hudson has been sold to a New Yorker, who plans to develope the property as a country estate. It contains 125 acres, several outbuildings, and a lake. It was held at $100,000. Kenneth Ives & Co. were the brokers.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Sale
63 West 54th Street.
5 story American basement. Completely furnished. Owner going abroad is compelled to sacrifice. House in excellent condition.
Inquire immediately.
PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 Madison Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 6200

FOR SALE
NO. 319 WEST 74TH ST.
5-Story American Basement Dwelling.
17 rooms, 3 baths. Immediate possession. For particulars apply to
CLARK T. CHAMBERS
353 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 7520

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOMES AT MOUNT VERNON
(28 minutes from Grand Central Sta.)
ANDERSON REALTY Co
22 East 1st St. Tel. 1844-5 Mount Vernon.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR RENT FURNISHED
$50.00 per month, within five minutes of station and trolley, nine-room house, old-fashioned fireplaces, homelike, amid pleasant surroundings. Available immediately.
$75.00 per month, nine-room house, completely furnished; all improvements. Owner going to Florida, will rent from Jan. 10 to April 15, 1921.
THE TRACY REALTY CO.,
Cos Cob, Conn. Phones 27-1639.

SE. Cor. 40th St.
Northerly Exposure, overlooking Public Library. Three offices of 500 to 600 sq. ft. each to let from May 1st.
For rents and particulars apply to
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street

LOFT TO LET
116-118-120 East 27th ST.
From February 1, 1921
66 Feet 8 Inches Front
12th Floor; light on four sides; skylights; fireproof; 3 elevators; Fire Sprinkler equipment and all modern improvements.
For full particulars inquire of
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

102 E. 52nd ST. Park Ave.
2 very large and light rooms bath and kitchen
Apply to
R. C. VOTH, 375 Park Ave.

Top Floor for Rent
No. 2 East 46th St.
Adjoining Fifth Avenue
Immediate Possession
Reasonable Rent
Size 30 feet front by 85 feet deep.
Unexcelled location for Highest Class of Shop, Office or Atelier.
Apply for further particulars to
BRETT & GOODE CO.
582 Fifth Ave. Bryant 695

WAREHOUSE—FACTORY OR GARAGE
36,000 SQUARE FEET
4-STORY BUILDINGS
GREENWICH ST., NEAR SPRING
ON LONG TERM LEASE
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Driveway from Street to Street.
First floor concrete; contains 11,000 square feet; two cold-storage plants; 2 elevators; stable accommodations for 50 horses; steam plant, office, etc.
WOLFE & COMPANY
31 Liberty Street.
Phone John 6262.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
19-21 West 57th St.
NEW BUILDING
ENTIRE FLOORS
TO LEASE
Also Studio Suitable for Photographer
Apply on premises or
THOMAS V. McLAUGHLIN
2 Rector St. Rector 1939.

To Let for Business
153 West 15th Street
8,000 square feet, one floor, exceptionally light, 2 electric elevators. Inquire on premises or Greenstein, 206 West 29th Street.

Lofts, Offices, Showrooms
IN ALL SECTIONS OF CITY.
3,000 feet loft, $1,950.
23,000 feet, may divide. $25,000. Heavy Mfg.
2,500 feet office or showroom, $6 000.
Many Others at Varying Prices.
JOHN W. PARIS, INC.,
141 West 36th St. Telephone Fitzroy 6604.

BEAUTIFUL STORES
For rent, through which several hundred people will pass daily. Rent reasonable. Four and a half years' lease.
HOTEL ALGONQUIN ANNEX,
APPLY C. D. STEELE,
59 WEST 44TH STREET.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
20,000 square feet near L. I. R. R. and Atlantic Avenue, for storage or manufacturing. Electricity; steam; elevator.
PRINCIPALS ONLY.
T. E. Peirce, 44 Court St., B'klyn. Main 4163.

LIGHT LOFT
281-283 EAST 137TH ST., NEAR 3D AV.
Light three sides, best accessible factory location. Melrose 8178.

BUSINESS HESS INC PROPERTY

GARAGE FOR SALE OR LEASE
15,000 sq. ft., ready for occupancy, located on Georgia Av., near Atlantic Av., Brooklyn. Inquire REALTY CONTRUCTION CORP., 44 Court St. Tel. Main 8276.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Wanted
OFFICE SPACE
3 to 4,000 Square Feet
In WALL STREET District
Immediate Possession
LEASE TO MAY 1, 1921.
Brown-Wheelock Co.,
Incorporated
14 Wall St. Rector 9040

BUSINESS PROPERTY—Sale or To Let.

36,000 SQUARE FEET
Immediate Possession
GREENWICH NEAR SPRING ST.
Two Cold Storage Plants
Stable Accommodations for 50 Horses
ON LONG TERM LEASE
Driveway From Street to Street
Suitable for manufacturing, warehouse or garage; first floor concrete containing 11,000 square feet; four stories; 2 elevators; steam plant, offices, &c.
WOLFE & CO., 31 Liberty St.
Phone John 5262.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
$15,000 to loan first mortgage, city property; give particulars. D 131 Times.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE
Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

SALE OR RENT—New, up-to-date dwelling, 7 rooms, 2 tiled baths, open fireplace, sleeping porch; large enclosed sun parlor, perfect appointments, all improvements; large plot; high-class surroundings; about 30 minutes out; splendid transit, near station and schools; immediate possession; $160 per month. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

SALE OR RENT—New, up-to-date dwelling, 7 rooms, 2 tiled baths, open fireplace, sleeping porch; large enclosed sun parlor; perfect appointments; all improvements; large plot; high-class surroundings; about 30 minutes out; splendid transit; near station and schools; immediate possession; $150 per month. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

FOR RENT, JAN. 1-MAY 1, 1921.
Attractively furnished apartment; 2 minutes' walk to station; $165 per month.
BURKE STONE, INC. Bronxville 1480.

SCARSDALE—House, 8 rooms, completely furnished; lease $150 month; sale $10,500; easy terms; garage. Tel. Scarsdale 626.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

LONG ISLAND—Home, 1½ acres; orchard, lawn, shade. Particulars write B. A. Nugent, E. Quogue, L. I.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

MAPLEWOOD, N. J.—Six new Colonial residences, brick and frame, seven to ten rooms, one and two baths; all improvements; splendid location; price $16,000 to $21,000. Inquire your agent, or Stein & Dehls, Builders, 237 South St., Newark, N. J. Telephone Market 4004.

MOUNTAIN LAKES, N. J.—Residences for sale, $9,000 to $40,000; rent $75. Mrs. H. C. Kilntrup, 45 John St., New York. Phone John 4579 or Boonton 401.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.

Are you satisfied with your present Apartment? If not—investigate
Jackson Heights
4, 5 and 6 Rooms
New Garden Apartments
unusual neighborhood advantages; on Co-operative Plan;
Moderate Price—Liberal Terms.
Social and Business References Required.
THE
Queensboro Corporation
50 E. 42d St., Manhattan.
Corner Madison Ave.
Send for Views and Details

117 West 58th St.
Hotel Sevillia
12-Story Fireproof Building
A Few Suites
2-3-4 Rooms
AND BATH, JUST COMPLETED, SEVERAL FURNISHED
EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RENTALS
Excellent Restaurant, Maid Service
Apply on premises, or
Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St.

JUST COMPLETED
READY FOR OCCUPANCY
FT. WASHINGTON AVE.
S. E. CORNER 173RD ST.
Extraordinary elevator apartments, unusually beautiful rooms, containing every improvement; avenue under supervision of Park Department; arranged in suites of
3-4-5-6 Rooms, 1-2 Baths.
AGENT ON PREMISES
CHARLES BERLIN Renting Agency
BROADWAY, CORNER 162ND ST.
141 EAST 177TH ST.

Apartments for Rent
4 West 50th St.
Two and three rooms and bath.
Desirably located
Rent $2000 to $2500
Suitable for doctor
Immediate possession
PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 MADISON AV. TEL. M. H. 6200

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS
JUST COMPLETED
The Wheeler & Van Loo
559-565 W. 188th St.
Near 191st Subway Station
5th Ave. Bus Passes Property
4 ROOMS, $98 to $105
Rental Representative on Premises.
F. J. McMAHON CO., Agents
1,438 St. Nicholas Av., corner 182nd St.
Phone Wadsworth 8910.

Harperley Hall
1 WEST 64TH STREET
UNFURNISHED
7 Rooms and 3 Baths; Housekeeping 2-4 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette
ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
2, 3 and 4 Rooms, with Kitchenette
Refrigeration in all apartments
TELEPHONE "COLUMBUS 8300"

600 WEST 161st St.
6 ROOMS AND FOYER
2 BATHS, FIREPROOF
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920
INQUIRE MELROSE 6262.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS
3 and 5-Room Complete Apartments.
Beautiful water view; 25 minutes to Wall St.
G. GIRARD, 215 Montague St.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE
New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

SALE OR RENT—Comfortable year-round bungalow in residential suburb, 30 minutes from New York; 6 rooms, bath, open fireplace, all improvements; near station, schools, stores; immediate possession; $65 monthly. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

SALE OR RENT—Comfortable year-round bungalow in residential suburb, 30 minutes from New York; 6 rooms, bath, open fireplace; all improvements; near station, schools, stores; immediate possession; $65 monthly. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

MODERN six-room house, bath, every improvement; corner plot; garage; excellent location; 5 minutes station; 35 minutes out. E. Frech, Rochelle Park, N. J.

FARMS.
New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

HOMESEEKERS—Send for Virginia farm list. Dept. 254, Emporia, Va.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
ONE FLOOR
8,600 SQUARE FEET DAYLIGHT.
Steam, electricity, sprinkler, elevator.
MODERN CONCRETE BUILDING,
suitable any line of manufacturing business.
FRONTING PENNSYLVANIA R. R.
Advertising benefit worth rent.
LOW RENT, LONG LEASE.
CHARLES P. GILLEN & CO., Sole Agents,
828 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

WILL SUBLET for five years, from Feb. 1, 2,000 or 3,200 sq. ft., at 471 4th Av., between 31st and 32d Sts.; rent $2.10 per square foot. Phone Mr. Eckert, 1,765 Madison Square.

DESIRABLE, small, medium-size offices for rent, furnished or unfurnished; ready for occupancy about Jan. 1; natural light; phone and stenographer service if desired; excellent location opposite Penn Hotel and within half block of Penn Station. Sixth Floor, 134 West 32d St.

ENTIRE floor in garage, 10,000 square feet; light on four sides; including elevator service, light and heat; possession Jan. 1. 619-621 West 129th St., one block west of Manhattan St. subway station. Telephone Morningside 3091.

17 WARREN ST.
Immediate possession, four upper floors, 25x75; building completely reconstructed, elevator, &c.; will rent long term, together or separately. E. Nelson, 160 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 7661, or your own broker.

FOR RENT in Manhattan Life Building, 66 Broadway, a suite of nine offices, containing about 3,300 square feet; newly furnished; mahogany fixtures and furniture for sale; possession Jan. 1, 1921; low rental. Apply at Room 1701, 66 Broadway.

SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, $7,500 net, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard C. Forbes, 68 Broadway. Rector 747.

TO LET—Basement, 3,500 square feet, 12-foot ceiling, at 14-16 Vandewater St.; suitable for warehouse or storage purposes. Inquire first floor of premises, Hildebrand Lithg. Co., 14-16 Vandewater St.

TO LET, suite of offices, located on West 46th St., between 6th and 7th Avs.; partially furnished; telephone connections; two-year lease. Apply Room 324, 522 5th Av., or phone Murray Hill 1902.

FURNISHED DAYLIGHT OFFICES
with telephone, 1,000 or 300 square feet; reasonable rent; possession Jan. 1; 5th Av., above 42d St. Ogden & Clarkson, 605 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1124.

THREE desirable adjoining outside offices for rent, or part, in Tribune Building; about 1200 square feet; possession Feb. 1. Office Sales Corporation, 154 Nassau St., New York City.

OFFICES, SHOWROOMS, STORES AND LOFTS to rent in various locations. For particulars apply SAMUEL KRONSKY, INC., Marbridge Bldg., Broadway at 34th. Phone Pitzroy 772.

MADISON AV. AND 42D ST.—Desirable corner office, 2 private and 2 in outer office; lease to May 1, 1923; approximately 500 square feet; immediate possession. B. E., 97 Times.

FOR RENT—Four hundred square feet airy, light office, National Association Building, 20 West 43d St. For particulars telephone Vanderbilt 7294.

34TH ST., 133 WEST—Second floor store; show window front; immediate possession. M. & L. Hess, Inc., 907 Broadway. Stuyvesant 4200.

STORE, 13 WEST 56TH ST., UNDER FASHIONABLE FRENCH DRESSMAKING ESTABLISHMENT, SUITABLE FOR MILLINERY, ANTIQUES, &C.

850 SQUARE FEET of space (or part of it) for office or sample room; light manufacturing no objection; ideal location. 1,263 Broadway.

HALF OF LIGHT LOFT
TO LET; FIREPROOF,
SPRINKLERS.
153 WEST 27TH ST., 3D FLOOR.

FOR RENT—Attractive furnished suite of offices in Woolworth Building; switchboard; immediate possession. V 801 Times Downtown.

55TH ST., 248 WEST (adjoining Broadway)—Desirable stores for rent from May 1; light, up-to-date, loft; immediate possession; rents reasonable; size 25x100. Apply premises.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS; ALL SECTIONS. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 32 NASSAU ST., JOHN 1171. 51 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 9175.

STORE—Large double store, steam, electric, tile floor, Lexington Av., 1 block from 125th St. Inquire Auto Store, 2,029 Lexington Av., corner 124th.

20TH ST., 143 WEST—Lofts, half lofts, light four sides; passenger, freight elevators. Superintendent, phone Fordham 1923. Brokers protected.

TWO FLOORS, 20x60 feet; for rent separately or together, third and fourth floors; splendid condition and good light. Jarvis Corporation, 105 West 42d St.

FOR RENT, on completion, Jan. 1, 1921, new one-story garage, facing
PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL, 32x84.
Phone Owner, Longacre 2722.

STORES, OFFICES, SHOWROOMS READY FOR OCCUPANCY. VARIOUS SIZES AND PRICES. EARLINGTON BUILDING, 51 WEST 27TH ST. PHONE 6213 CHELSEA.

OFFICES at 123 Liberty St., also one floor sub-divided; immediate possession; long lease. For particulars apply The Seneca Co., World Building.

LOFTS AND OFFICES.
DESIRABLE LOCATIONS. BILTMORE REALTY CORP., TIMES BLDG. PHONE BRYANT 7738-1527.

WILL LEASE reasonably a two-story and basement brick building in Bronx, built 50x100, suitable for factory or garage. Davis, phone Plaza 4016.

OFFICES and show rooms, with telephone service, if desired; opposite Imperial Hotel, 1,263 Broadway. Spanish-American.

47TH, 329 EAST—Bright loft, second floor, 25x100; suitable for heavy manufacturing; heat, electricity. Murray Hill 3909.

ELEGANTLY furnished office and show room, or hall; very reasonable; textiles or dry goods. Room 1308, 220 5th Av.

SHOWROOMS and offices, reasonable rent, 49 to 53 West 38th St. Apply J. L. Hofstadter, 40 West 38th, or your own broker.

LOFTS, very light, immediate possession; steam; 25x104. 49 West 3d, 127 Grand St. Tel. 8837 Rhinelander.

For rent, 434 square feet, immediate possession. Broadway, near Wall St. Brown-Wheelock, 14 Wall St. Rector 9040.

OFFICE SPACE or desk room, phone; stenographic service optional. Marvis, Canal 5047.

A PRIVATE office, desk room with service. Grand Central zone. Suite 808, 51 East 42d St.

CONCRETE FLOOR, 25x100, suitable for manufacturing. 225 East 64th.

5TH AV. (42d St.)—Office 220 sq. ft.; immediate occupancy. Vanderbilt 9094.

OFFICES to sublet, one large, one small. Clock Advertising Service, 1,133 Broadway.

OFFICE and desk room, telephone and stenographer service. Apply 503 World Building.

STORE to let, very busy section; opposite Pennsylvania Hotel. 133 West 33d.

LEASE, West 50s, near 5th, terms, years; $8,000 yearly. K. A., 1,538 Broadway.

STORES—Suitable any business; new building. 112-116 West 44th St.

DESKROOM space, phone service. Apply first floor, 77 5th Av. Stuyvesant 6262.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
8,600 SQUARE FEET DAYLIGHT.
ONE FLOOR.
Steam, electricity, sprinkler, elevator.
MODERN CONCRETE BUILDING,
suitable any line of manufacturing business.
FRONTING PENNSYLVANIA R. R.
Advertising benefit worth rent.
LOW RENT, LONG LEASE.
CHARLES P. GILLEN & CO., Sole Agents,
828 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

FACTORIES.
BROOKLYN, Queensboro, New Jersey factory properties, sale, rent and built on easy terms. Walter Baker Co., Factory Brokers, 758 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

FACTORY FLOORS AND BUILDINGS.
Size to suit, concrete and mill construction; rents from 25c. per square foot. Martin Co., 32 Court St., Brooklyn. Main 7708-5036.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

FACTORY FOR SALE.
16,000 SQUARE FEET.
Loading platform, railroad siding.
2 ACRES.
Street improvements, unrestricted district.
NEW CONCRETE BUILDING.
1 FLOOR.
Steam, electricity.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
PRICE ACTUAL COST.
Charles P. Gillen & Co.,
828 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
Furnished—East Side.

15TH ST., 102 EAST (Union Square), Hotel Laclede—Two-room suite with bath; $21 week; hotel service.

27TH ST., 25 EAST (Hotel Benton)—Attractively furnished 2 rooms and bath, full hotel service; 1 block from subway; $17.50 up.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Gutledge.

30TH ST., 22 EAST—Handsomely furnished apartment, 11th floor; 4 master's bedrooms; long or short lease. Matthews.

60TH ST., 42 EAST—Furnished apartment, drawing room, dining room, bedroom, kitchen, bath; $850 per month; immediate possession. Phone Plaza 9200. Crippa.

60TH, 18 EAST—Sublet, bargain, 1 and 2 room suites. Jacinto Hotel.

83D ST. (corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; $45 per room, bath, up. Hotel Ashton.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON,
Madison Av., southwest corner 83d St.—Newly decorated apartment, 1 room and bath, $45 up; 2 rooms, bath, $100 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
Apartments; choice localities; long, short leases; East and West side; 4-12 rooms.
CLARK REALTY CO., Inc.,
247 Madison Av. (45th St.) Vanderbilt 1450.

BACHELORS, ATTENTION!
Madison Av., near 34th St.—Cozy and clean, 2-room and bath apartments, $125 a month. Phone Plaza 645.

DOUGLAS GIBBONS & CO.,
6 East 45th St. Vanderbilt 626. The finest furnished apartment on Park Av.; 11 rooms, 3 baths, 3 master and 5 servants' bedrooms; $1,000 per month; 5 months.

DOUGLAS GIBBONS & CO.,
6 East 45th St. Tel. Vanderbilt 626.
Choice selection of aparts and houses, furnished and unfurnished; season or year.
PARK AV. AND VICINITY.

GRAMERCY PARK SOUTH, 28 (Hotel Irving)—Two rooms and bath, facing beautiful Gramercy Park; all hotel service; table excellent; reasonable rates. Phone Gramercy 8264.

NEAR PARK AV.—Lady going to Palm Beach will rent for one or two months beautifully furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchen and bath; rent $275. Phone Plaza 3139.

Furnished—West Side.

107TH, 67 WEST—Large bedroom, living room, bath, kitchen, elevator, telephone service; sublet 1 month, $175, or lease to October, $135. Tel. Chelsea 4502.

11TH (just off 5th Av., Hotel Van Rensselaer)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service. Stuy. 1410.

20TH—ONE, TWO, THREE ROOMS, KITCHENS, BATHS. CHELSEA 6005.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, tiled bath, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; unquestionable applicants; high-est references essential; $65-$125 up monthly. Longacre 3580.

46TH ST., 127 WEST—Beautifully furnished 3-room, 2 room, private bath, apartment, complete hotel service, by week or month. J. H. Kenny, Bryant 2744.

47TH, 137 WEST—To sublet, two rooms, bath; special rates for the balance of season. Mr. Sanborn, Hotel Flanders.

48TH ST., 41 WEST—Beautifully furnished 2-room apartment and bath; all improvements; $150 monthly. Apply Superintendent

Count six words to an Agate line. Minimum space two lines. | For Agate Line.

Situations Wanted..... 40c
Furnished Rooms; Rooms Wanted..... 45c
Boarders and Board Wanted..... 45c
Help Wanted..... 50c
Real Estate, Sale..... 50c
Real Estate, Rent (Sunday 60c)..... 55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted..... 55c
Country Board..... 60c
Loans..... 60c
For Sale..... 60c
Miscellaneous Exchange..... 65c
Rooms Wanted..... 65c
Employment Agencies..... 75c

Per Word.

Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c)... 15c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers... 15c

For insertion in the Sunday edition of advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and resorts must be received by 6 P. M. Saturday in New Jersey. Real Estate and Apartment display advertisements by 6 P. M. same day. Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. tomorrow. All other classified advertisements not later than 12 o'clock noon Saturday.

Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition must be received by 4 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

81ST ST., 19-21 WEST—Strictly high-class fireproof apartments of two rooms and bath; maid service optional; desirable tenants; rental $1,200 and $1,320.

119 ST. 102 WEST—Studio to let (north skylight); studio, 2 rooms, bath, all modern improvements. Apply premises.

46TH ST., 12 WEST—Three large rooms, bath, Kitchenette; modern improvements. Feinberg.

44th St., near 5th Av.
Two beautiful rooms, bath, kitchen; $1100 month. 684 Madison Av. Plaza 9547.

49TH ST., 126 WEST.
Newly renovated, attractive apartment, six rooms and bath, kitchen, steam heat, electricity; rent $1,500 to $1,800.

47TH 3 WEST—Studio, two large rooms, bath, kitchen. Apply Superintendent.

54TH 33 WEST (near 5th Av.)—Attractive 3 large rooms, bath, kitchenette; large closets; furnished or unfurnished, fireplaces; entire floor; open for inspection; lease, $135. Phone Hanover 6467.

50TH ST., 318 WEST—Two-room suites with bath and pantry; new, modern and unusually comfortable. Apply Superintendent.

57TH ST., 140 WEST—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette, maid service; will redecorate; possession at once; $1,500 per year. Payne Whit. Merrill, 9 East 44th. Murray Hill 8806.

56TH, 30 WEST—Apartments, 2 rooms and bath, very desirable locality.

67TH ST., 106 WEST.
3 rooms, bath and kitchenette; immediate possession; $1,300.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

3RD ST., 189 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette and bath, all improvements. Inquire on premises or phone Ilgen, Orchard 9820.

105 WEST—Apartment, four rooms, in remodeled private residence; $150; concessions.

80TH ST., 240 WEST—Five beautiful rooms; latest improvements. Apt. A. Phone 1773 Schuyler.

81ST ST., 29 WEST—A BEAUTIFUL SUITE OF THREE ROOMS, BATH AND FOUR ROOMS, BATH; MODERN, HIGH CLASS BUILDING; $150 MONTHLY.

67TH ST., 331 WEST—A BEAUTIFUL SEVEN-ROOM AND TWO-BATH BUNGALOW WITH GARAGE IN THE HEART OF THE WEST END RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (90TH); $250 MONTHLY; ALL CONVENIENCES. G. W. CAHEN.

84TH ST., 340 WEST—Sublet six-room, two baths, front; highest type 12-story elevator apartment; 3 years' lease; rental $3,000. Apt. 6E.

90TH ST., 206 WEST—Five, six, seven and eight room apartments, with bath. Apply superintendent on premises.

84TH ST., 340 WEST—Two-room kitchenette apartment, modern conveniences, high-class, 12-story building; rent $1,500.

64TH ST., 137 WEST—Entire floor, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; $85, private residence.

3RD ST., 307 WEST—Eight-room elevator apartment; sublet; immediate possession.

94TH ST., 3 WEST—Six beautiful rooms, bath; modern apartment, front; $125; leaving city possession immediate.

101ST, 3 WEST—Six large rooms, front, modern elevator apartment; $125.

108TH ST., 253 WEST—Will assign my lease of beautiful 8 rooms and 2 baths apartment, $3,600 rent.

110TH ST., WEST—SUBLET, SEVEN LARGE ROOMS, RECEPTION HALL, TWO BATHS, EXTRA LAVATORY; HUDSON VIEW FROM THREE ROOMS; HIGH CLASS; $90 MONTHLY. CATHEDRAL 6178.

114TH, 231 WEST—Monterey Apartments; facing on 3 streets and 2 parks; 8-room apartments, all outside rooms; immediate possession. Supt. on premises or apply Howard C. Forbes, Realtor, 747 7th Av.

127TH, 82 WEST—One room, kitchenette, bath, modern improvements, choice; inspect premises.

144TH, 563 WEST—Seven rooms, elevator, all improvements; newly decorated; immediate possession; $140. Apply Superintendent.

145TH ST., 503 WEST—Five room apartment, all improvements; $55.

146TH, 600 WEST (corner Broadway)—Elegant, immediate possession, for five, six, seven room and bath apartments, corner, seven rooms, southern exposure; high grade, superior service. Apply on premises or Jules Schuing, 2,240 Broadway.

APARTMENT FOR SALE.

In the Prairie Apts., Central Park West; eight rooms and three baths, on twelfth floor; also two rooms, bath and roof garden on floor above, connected by private stairway. Horace L. Knowles, 30 Central Park West.

BROADWAY, 3,089 (124), Buckingham Apts)—Six rooms, bath; decorated, 1st floor; open Broadway light; elevator; immediate occupancy reasonable.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.

Doctor's office, two rooms and bath. Hotel Berrsford, Central Park West, 81st St.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.

Doctor's office, 4 rooms; private entrance from street. Hotel Sevilla, 71 West 58th.

ELEGANT NEW MODERN APARTMENTS ONE, TWO, THREE ROOMS, KITCHEN AND BATH, INCLUDING MAID SERVICE, GAS AND ELECTRICITY.
$165 TO $200.
350 WEST 85TH ST.
331 WEST 86TH ST.
1 WEST 95TH ST.

EXCEPTIONALLY WELL FURNISHED 9-room and 3-bath apartment, complete in every detail; finest location on Riverside Drive; wonderful view of Hudson River; possession to Sept. 15, 1921.
Apply WOOL, DOLSON & CO., INC., Broadway and 50th St. Phone Schuyler 1100.

HAMILTON PLACE, 51 (near 130th and Broadway)—Wonderful 5-room apartment, reasonable.

HIGH-CLASS apartment, immediate possession, elevator building, 461 Ft. Washington Ave.; $140; 610 West 183d St., 6 rooms, $450, 120 Lafayette Av., 6 rooms, $180.50; walk-up building, 530 West 183d St., $85.50. Apply on premises or Chas. S. Kohler, Inc., 1,424 St. Nicholas Av.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240—Two and three all outside front rooms, fireproof apartment hotel; wonderful view; reduced prices.

RIVERSIDE, 121 (87th)—Handsome floor, also one-room apartment; suitable physician; references.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 834 (north of 158th St.)—High-class house, non-elevator; four rooms and bath, $90; immediate possession.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (145th St.)—Fireproof building, 6-room corner apartment; possession Cortlandt 3961, Audubon 8904.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION—Seven rooms, elevator apartment; reduced rent. 82 Washington Place.

WEST END AV., 465, AT 82D.
Corner apartment, 3 rooms and bath; ideal doctor's office; sublet for 2 years. Apply on premises. M. G. Bernard.

WEST END AV., 706—Apartment, second floor, eight rooms, baths, electricity. Janitor, or phone Fordham 1923.

386 ST. NICHOLAS AV.
2 sunny rooms, kitchenette and bath, all improvements; splendid neighborhood; $75 and $85; immediate possession; open for inspection Tel. Morningside 9438.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

6 ROOM apartments, all improvements; rent $70-$85. Inquire 333 Walton Av.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

STERLING PLACE, 189-181—Two and three rooms, all improvements; both subways.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

6 ROOM, high class elevator apartment; all outside, southern exposure; possession January 1; $120. Teel, 8c. Broadway and Valentine Lane, Yonkers.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.
Two splendid new elevator buildings; 160 small apartments; selections of 3 and 4-room suites, $1,320 per annum up; some with immediate occupancy. Apply "The Gardens Apt." by station, or phone Boulevard 6346. Gwynn L. C. Earle, Agent, 200 West 86th St., N. Y. Tel. Schuyler 6230.

THREE rooms and bath or 5 rooms and 2 baths to let in a fine private residence in Far Rockaway, near Inwood Station. Widener, 155 Broadway, Brooklyn.

Real Estate.

80TH (cor. Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; $11 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $14 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly and up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

60TH, 18 EAST—Rooms, adjoining bath, $40 month; also room, bath.

West Side.

16TH, 51 WEST—Artistic, old mahogany and chintz, immaculately clean, warm, continuous hot water, private bath; restricted; connected. C 343 Times.

70TH, 424 WEST, (Chelsea Square)—Modern room, all improvements. Hanberer.

40TH ST., 66 WEST—Large room; southern exposure; adjoining bath; references.

50TH ST., 452 WEST—Front furnished room to let; two men; desirable. Mrs. J. Tritle.

70TH, 226 WEST (Central Park South)—Attractive single room, lavatory; $14; gentleman; charming private apartment, overlooking park.

67TH, 145 WEST—Large bedroom, elegantly furnished, private bathroom; electricity; select; references.

66TH, 14 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, PRIVATE BATHS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; DISHES, LINEN, SILVER; $15 UPWARD.

70TH, 125 WEST—Select accommodations; second floor, front, two rooms, bath; other rooms; bath; single, lavatory; electricity; clean inside.

70TH, 50 WEST—FRONT PARLOR, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE, PRIVILEGES, $18; MEDIUM, $9.

70TH, 210 WEST.
BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR, $15.

71ST, 62 WEST.
DOUBLE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; ELECTRICITY; COMPLETE; $18.

71ST, 341 WEST—Large comfortable room, bath, kitchenette privilege; improvements; board optional.

71ST, 19 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR, $12.

72D, 156 WEST—Handsomely furnished large front room; references.

73D, 242 WEST—Medium size room, suitable for two gentlemen; references.

75TH, 140 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, $14.

74TH, 150 WEST.
MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM; PRIVATE TILE BATH, LAVATORY; ELECTRICITY; COMPLETE; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; REASONABLE.

74TH, 236 WEST.
HANDSOMELY FURNISHED, LARGE ROOM, BATH ADJOINING; HOUSEKEEPING PRIVILEGE; REASONABLE.

70TH, 237 WEST—Clean, warm, with private bath; small; electricity, phone; reasonable.

76TH, 241 WEST—Large, small single rooms, electricity, running water; gentlemen.

77TH ST., 338 WEST (near Drive)—1 room and bath, beautifully furnished; $16 per week.

$30. 310 WEST—Medium and small room, electricity; private house; references; gentlemen.

85TH, 330 WEST—Parlor and bedroom suite; elevator apartment. Schuyler 5835. Reed.

86TH, 130 WEST—Beautifully furnished double and single rooms, southern exposure; all conveniences; subway and elevated location.

86TH, 172 WEST—Beautiful room with bath; also medium room and skylight.

87TH (Riverside Drive)—Handsome room, teacher's apartment; congenial young woman. Schuyler 3032.

87TH, 342 WEST—Handsome large room, private bath, kitchen; medium room, $10.

89TH, 74 WEST—CLEAN, WARM ROOM; DESIRABLE LOCATION; REFERENCES. MRS. SMITH, 4686 RIVERSIDE.

89TH, 70 WEST—Cozy rooms, steam heat, running water; also parlor floor.

91ST, 50 WEST—Large, sunny room with alcove; southern exposure; adjoins bath.

93D, 151 WEST—Beautiful large room, with kitchenette; also two connecting rooms.

93D, 129 WEST—Large front, well-furnished room, with bath, electric light, telephone.

95TH, 251 WEST—High class room, bath. Apartment 3N.

102D, 247 WEST—Furnished rooms, with and without private bath; all improvements. Riverside 8343.

105TH, 71 WEST—Large, clean, front; suitable two gentlemen; $12; electricity, phone.

112TH, 101 WEST—Front parlor and bedroom; improvements; telephone, elevator; suitable 2 or 3; $20 weekly. Apt. 5A.

118TH, 210 WEST—HOTEL CECIL. ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

121ST, 337 WEST—Pleasant room for young woman, business, student. Morningside 4436.

138TH, 620 WEST—Room and private bath, private entrance, private house, $50.

IRVING PLACE (near 15th St.)—Bachelor apartments, 1-3 rooms, all outside, just completed; modern, parquet floors, bath and shower; handsomely furnished; maid service; reasonable rentals. Apply at premises, 1 Irving Place, or telephone Fitzroy 2324.

HOTEL NOMIS, 650-652 West 125th St.—All light, airy outside rooms; every convenience; transient $1 up; permanent, weekly, $5 up; with bath, transient, $2.50 up; weekly, $15 up; all cars pass door; half block from subway station. Tel. Morningside 649 and 708.

PENN POST HOTEL.
FIVE MINUTES FROM ANYWHERE.
31ST. AND 8TH AV.

OPPOSITE PENN. STATION. GEN. P. O. 200 NEW, MODERN ROOMS, AIRY AND LIGHT; $1.50 PER DAY, $8 PER WEEK; TURKISH BATH IN CONNECTION. SEC. TELEPHONE 514 CHELSEA.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Living room, with piano and bedroom, bath, facing river; separate, yet connecting; accommodate three; kitchen privileges; $22; also single room, $7. Call 615 West 136th. Apt. 1S.

RIVERSIDE, 161 (87th)—Beautiful room, dressing room; modern bath; kitchenette privilege.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 262—Beautiful large room, facing Hudson; shower bath; gentleman.

West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 54b—Attractive sunny rooms, adjoining bath; excellent board; $125. Payne.

WEST END AV., 469 (81st)—Unusual proposition; bachelors' club; excellent table; impressive; convenient.

EVELYN LODGE—Charming all-year residence, lovely location; 20 min. to Wall St.; cozily furnished; excellent chef and service; small tables; parlors, smoking room, sunroom; 3 cpl. up, with meals; 10 guests 12 years one management; booklet. 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Block from ferry.

Brooklyn.

PINEST corner, Park Slope, 20 minutes Manhattan; excellent boarding home, open Jan. 1; now renting, furnished and unfurnished, southern rooms, 2 blocks subways, 1 block Park. 50 8th Av., Brooklyn.

BOARD WANTED.

ROOM and table board wanted; Scotch family preferred; city or suburbs. A 807 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Good, intelligent woman to board baby of 14 months. Harlem 408.

COUNTRY BOARD.

GREENWICH INN LODGE (Sound Beach, Conn.)—Sunny steam heated rooms, with or without baths; excellent meals; 50 minutes from New York; golf, saddle horses, fishing; reasonable rates.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

WEST END AV., 700 (94th St.)—Exceptionally attractive, sunny two-room suite, five windows, piano, electricity, beautifully furnished; also large room suitable two, and single rooms. Phone Riverside 9345. Britten.

Brooklyn.

NICELY furnished room, suitable two; all conveniences; centrally located; moderate. Prospect 4167.

ROOMS WANTED

Furnished.

MIDDLE-AGED man wants room, west side; state dimensions. A 893 Times Downtown.

ROOM and board in exchange for work for one month; plain cook, good seamstress. D 155 Times.

GENTLEMAN desires room with private bath or running water; small congenial private family preferred; west side, between 42d and 110th. B 488 Times.

GENTLEMAN (Italian) wishes a bedroom in a private family; will furnish the best references. B 478 Times.

BUSINESS woman wants furnished, unfurnished medium-sized bedroom, sitting room, convenient 58th and Madison Av.; permanent. J 357 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. V 740 Times Downtown.

COOK—Lady, leaving for California, desires to place excellent, refined woman as cook; Swedish; seen mornings. 330 West End Av., corner 86th, 4th floor.

LADY, Christian, with child 4 years old, college graduate, refugee from Russia, industrious, plain cooking, good sewing, desires place of housekeeper in refined family; mutual references. D 135 Times.

NURSE, registered graduate, desires position as welfare nurse or head nurse in employes of factory. Lucas, 430 East 19th.

PRIVATE SECRETARY—Woman, 32 years, desires private secretaryship where intelligence, education, personality, integrity and independence of thought are desired more than experience. D 137 Times.

SECRETARY—Refined young lady desires secretarial position, assistant, doctor's office. D 113 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, experienced, Christian; legal work preferred; $35. A 860 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, desires evening employment. D 88 Times.

WOMAN, refined, desires to go South with family, assist light household duties in return for transportation; highest references. P. O. Box 214, Montclair, N. J.

Employment Agencies.

MRS. KEMP'S AGENCY, Audubon 2856—High grade colored servants; city, country; references investigated.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, audited, systems, tax reports, arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly up. Goldwater, 220 Broadway, Worth 5068.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, desires permanent position; experience; salary no object. D 138 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, 27, experienced office man, assist to any firm, seeks part time employment. E 1220 Times Bronx.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, desires 3 or 4 days weekly with C. P. A. firm. L 278 Times.

ASSISTANT to executive, 27, ex-army officer, possessing initiative and executive ability, accountant, correspondent, typist; references. B 481 Times.

AUDITOR—Traveling auditor, fine references; $4,000 a year and expenses. Y 2539 Times Annex.

AUTO MECHANIC, garage man, good driver, hard worker. A 902 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, fluent correspondent, several years' export experience, familiar with export technicalities, good education and accounting; training, shorthand, executive capabilities. A 904 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, seven years' practical experience, capable handling complete set books and supervising office. A 891 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, high school education, knowledge office routine; four years' practical experience; best references; salary $40. S 507 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, public accounting experience, seeks position part time. L 277 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. S 923 Times Downtown.

BUYER, 33, considerable experience buying cotton goods, hosiery, underwear in large quantities; would locate with growing concern where honest effog and hard work will build a future. F 276 Times.

CARETAKERS—Couple wish to take care office or apartment house. D 146 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, eleven years' experience, married, best references; private or commercial. Circle 7907. H. Stark, 418 West 47th.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC desires position, private or commercial; 4 years' experience. Tel. 9178 Newtown.

CHAUFFEUR, French, speaks several languages, licensed; references; wishes position. S 586 Times.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, expert, first-class mechanical ability, experience in plant management, including control mechanical operations, chemical process and maintenance; expert on incombustible basis products for films, celluloid, art-silk lacquers, &c.; broad experience in the manufacture of cellulose acetate, anhydride, sodium acetate, triphenyl-phosphate and other important chemicals; desires change of position where his knowledge and experience can be put to greater use. B 481 Times.

COOK — BUTLER—Married couple, Swiss, conversant French, Spanish, German, wife first-class French cook, husband butler or general housework, with small family or single gentleman; excellent references. Vez, care Isler, 875 McPherson St., Brooklyn.

DOCTOR recently arrived from Canada, speaking English and French, seeks a position which will enable him to continue his courses. Dr. R. Turgeon, 105 West 104th.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, 5 years' experience office, buildings, factories, garages; knowledge building and zoning laws. A 890 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, college graduate, 8 years' business experience manufacturing, printing and publishing; accustomed to supervision large clerical force, employment, production; salary secondary to opportunity. B 462 Times.

FRENCHMAN, Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, understanding thoroughly modern French agriculture and stockraising, seeks management of large property. Telephone Mrs. Chapman, Morningside 2843. B 500 Times.

GUARD or messenger, by man active, stalwart and used to firearms; references. A 915 Times Downtown.

JAPANESE, long experienced cook, butler, general work, private family, city, country. King, 121 South 22d St., Philadelphia, Pa.

MAN, reliable and trustworthy, highest references from last employers, can and willing to do anything for a moderate salary; just back from California, where he held position of trust. Box 111, 3,013 3d Av.

MAN (43), trustworthy, active, systematic, American, desires opportunity; some knowledge real estate, building operations. A 1077 Times Harlem.

MIMEOGRAPH OPERATOR, experience mimeographing and office detail work; references. B 486 Times.

PUBLICITY MANAGER—Part, full time, industrial, financial; highest references. D 120 Times.

BLANCHE REID EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 154 Nassau. Bookkeepers and Positions; also stenographers, typists, comptometrists, typists, clerks (beginners); dictaphone, stencil cutters, Underwood bookkeeping machine; also stenographers, typists, clerks, living near Newark.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT — Young man, preferably senior college student, to leave town for about 10 days and assist accountant in taking inventory in Virginia; must leave town Saturday; all traveling expenses paid. 116 Nassau Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Accountant having experience handling holding company accounts; one with oil and gas business experience preferred; state references, experience, salary expected in first letter. Box 1000 Times, 3 Rector St.

ASSISTANT to Personnel Director—Financial firm has vacancy in training department for man under 30; college graduate preferred; good personality; experience desirable, but not essential; $3,000 to start. Write full particulars immediately to B 466 Times.

BILLING MACHINE, Elliott-Fisher copyist, experienced; good opportunity; state age, salary, &c. A 908 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER for general ledger, in an active bank; must have highest credentials, possess a thorough knowledge of double entry and the principle of accounting; state age, experience and salary expected and when available. Second National Bank, Red Bank, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, invoicing, &c.; opportunity offered; some knowledge pipefittings an asset, but essential; state age, experience and salary. A 906 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant to head bookkeeper, by large export concern; one familiar with this line preferred; give full particulars as to experience and state lowest salary desired. A 881 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, wanted by Stock Exchange firm; must be good penman; state age, experience and expectations. Address M. L., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER (Junior) wanted to assist on ledgers of downtown insurance office; reply, stating age, salary and experience. S 894 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, thoroughly experienced; busy office. Republic Textile Co., 22 West 32d St.

BOY, about 16 years of age, for general office work in downtown commercial house; good prospect for advancement; no experience necessary but must have good references. P. O. Box 1,947, City Hall Station, New York.

BOYS, 15-16 years of age, wanted; large downtown office; only those willing to pay strict attention to business need apply. Answer, stating religion and salary. A 636 Times Downtown.

COUPLE to cook, clean and take full charge of house for a physician; must have highest references for character and ability. Answer, stating experience and wages required, B 1027 Times Annex.

DETECTIVES, experienced investigators, shadowing; state age, experience, references, salary expected. V 797 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER—Wanted, a licensed chief engineer to take charge of generating plant of an institution; write, stating references, experience and salary expected. S 695 Times Downtown.

ESTIMATOR required for plate and window glass concern; one familiar with builders and contractors in Greater New York. H 1053 Times Harlem.

ESTIMATOR, pipefitting, experienced; manufacturing, export house; state age, experience and salary. A 907 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN, working, wanted for a small architectural and light iron shop, located out of the city; could use also good man with him 3 or 4 competent mechanics in this line; steady work to satisfactory man. Apply by letter, giving your qualifications and references. Y 2310 Times Annex.

GENTLEMAN speaking Russian and Polish, as secretary to physician; good executive; salary, references. D 140 Times.

INVESTIGATORS and ADJUSTERS, burglary insurance; state age, experience and salary desired; strictly confidential. V 798 Times Downtown.

MANAGER—We require the services of a thoroughly experienced manager in a department store doing about $175,000 business per annum, located in city of 100,000 population near Baltimore, Md.; applicant must have department store experience; no buying required; must give references. Address Y 2332 Times Annex.

MAN wanted to take care of furnace in private house; 58th St., near Avenue A. Telephone Plaza 2265.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR—Young man, capable of turning out neat work on No. 4 and 36 machine; good opportunity and salary. Apply to J. A. Kavanagh, Chevrolet Motor Co., 224 West 57th.

NECKWEAR SALESMEN.

WE WANT MEN'S NECKWEAR SALESMEN. REAL LIVE WIRES; ONLY BIG SALESMEN WITH LARGE NECKWEAR TRADE NEED APPLY. AS OUR PROPOSITION WILL ONLY BE TO SUCH MEN; TO A SALESMAN WITH LARGE TRADE WE WILL OFFER A BIG PROPOSITION; APPLICATIONS TREATED STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL; SALARY OR COMMISSION BASIS.

I. ISAAC & CO.,
880 BROADWAY, N. Y.

PHYSICIAN, in established medical office, speaking Russian and Polish; good business man; give details. D 139 Times.

REAL ESTATE experience renting men; plenty of live leads; commission. George W. Gustus & Co., 214 West 34th.

SALESMEN, NECKWEAR AND SWEATERS.

WE WANT A BIG MAN FOR NEW ENGLAND OFFICE IN BOSTON TO LOOK AFTER THAT TERRITORY. A VERY BIG OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; COMMISSION. SHEPLAN, SABUL & PALMER, FLATIRON BUILDING.

SALESMAN, syndicate cut or advertising solicitor, experience preferred but not necessary; have opening for three salesmen capable of earning $5,000 yearly or better on commission; we do business with merchants and bankers throughout the country; applicants must be willing to devote entire time and have sufficient funds to finance themselves until orders are verified. Call third floor, 151 West 68th St., New York.

SALESMAN—SPECIALTY MAN TO REPRESENT A WELL-ESTABLISHED CORPORATION SELLING GOVERNMENT COMPILED INFORMATION; COMMISSION, BONUS AND EXPENSE; 50 MEN AVERAGING $125 WEEKLY; IF OVER 25 YEARS OF AGE AND WITH A SALES PERSONALITY AND RECORD, APPLY TO 40 WEST 39TH ST., 2D FLOOR.

SALESMEN—SECURITY.

We can offer to a few experienced salesmen of highest calibre an opportunity to assist in the placing of a limited amount of preferred stock, carrying an attractive common stock bonus, in a sound industrial that will bear the most rigid investigation; commission basis; give references. S 640 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—Side-line and commission men wanted to sell a high grade line of workingmen's gloves; T. F. Sargent gloves; territory open, Michigan, Middle West and Southwestern States for salesmen selling big or small towns with other lines; liberal commission. For full information write Spencer Glove Co., Waverly, N. Y.

SALESMEN—Increase your income; other lines may be dull, but not ours; liberal commissions and renewals; we will instruct you; no salaries or advances; good profits, increasing yearly. The Johnston & Collins Co., 55 Liberty St. Ask for Mr. Johnston or Mr. Kurzwell.

SALESMEN—SERVICE.

Easy contract; liberal commission; New York City territory; conscientious salesmen wanted; weekly advances against commissions to men showing good records of results in previous business connections. Telephone Cortlandt 5065 for appointment.

SALESMAN—Young man; have an opening for a young city salesman to call on hardware dealers locally; must be of highest character; experience not essential; opportunity to come with fast growing firm; salary basis. T 276 Times.

SALESMAN—Organization of character and responsibility can offer experienced salesman in or out of city unusual advertising specialty proposition; full or part time; liberal commissions; pocket samples. V 806 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, securities, wanted, with ability to sell Dusenberg Automobile and Motors Company, on commission, 8 per cent. preferred stock; exceptional sales record established. Dusenberg Automobile and Motors Company, Inc., 5 Columbus Circle.

SALESMEN, five, of ability and neatness for work in most influential membership organization of its kind; leads, full cooperation; big commission; no competition. For appointment, Columbus 857.

SALESMEN, West and Middle West to carry as side line, ladies' hand bags for good established house; salary or commission. E. M., 686 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted for Ford cars and tractors; commission basis. Apply by letter, Mills Tiger Co., Gladstone, N. J.

SALESMEN—SWEATERS. WE WANT WORKING SALESMEN FOR SWEATER LINE; LIVE WIRES; ONLY SALESMEN WITH LARGE SWEATER TRADE NEED APPLY. WE ARE ONLY INTERESTED IN SUCH MEN; BIG OPPORTUNITIES; ALL APPLICATIONS TREATED STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. COMMISSION. SHEPLAN, SABUL & PALMER, FLATIRON BUILDING.

SALESMEN

FOR CLOTHING.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33D ST. AND BROADWAY.

REQUIRE SEVERAL THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED CLOTHING SALESMEN FOR MEN'S CLOTHING; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY.

APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, 5TH FLOOR.

SALESMAN WANTED FOR NEW YORK AND VICINITY

by mid-Western manufacturer of edge tools with national reputation; applicants must be producers and have knowledge of edge tool business in territory mentioned; applications for consideration must give full and complete outline of past experience, present position, references and salary expected; position pays straight salary and expenses. Y 2252 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.

An industry of national scope would like to hear from salesmen with cutlery experience; this experience is not essential as men of good address, personality and character who would like to sell will be interviewed by appointment; write, stating references and experience; commission basis, Box 29, Room 201, Annex, 120 Liberty St.

SALESMEN wanted, experienced in general merchandise line, for city and vicinity; good opportunity for the right men commission basis. Apply New York Bargain House, 734 Broadway.

SALESMAN — Embroidery manufacturer (hand and Swiss) requires experienced salesman for cutting-up trade; attractive position for right party; salary or commission. B 477 Times.

SALESMEN (3) wanted, preferably with Ford cars, to sell a Ford necessity; fine territory open for live wires; commission. Write or call at Room No. 103, 5 Columbus Circle.

SALESMEN, with attractive trade in paper boxes, attractive connections with reliable house; salary and commission; write full particulars. R 881 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN to carry side line of men's neckwear for New England States and the South on commission basis. National Neckwear Co., 814 Broadway.

SALESMAN, millinery, experienced, to handle manufacturer's line of artificial flowers; commission basis. Canisa Bros., 907 West Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced, with car preferred, to canvass vacuum cleaner in Brooklyn and Queens; high commission. Phone Flatbush 5481.

SALESMEN for complete line of men's, boys' and children's headwear; large territory open; commission basis. Box 687, 209 Cable Bldg.

SALESMAN, age 30-34, of neat appearance, to sell novelties; earn $10 daily commission. Call between 10-12 A. M., Up-to-Date Co., 93 Avenue B.

SALESMAN with trade of bakers and confectioners to carry can get an interest in our line as well as salary and commission. Y 2360 Times Annex.

SALESMAN—Experienced clothing salesman, retail; salary and commission. Apply G. N. Vincent, 524 6th Av.

SALESMAN, experienced auto accessory, to assist us at auto show Jan. 8 to 15; salary. Y 2350 Times Annex.

SALES MANAGER wanted by nationally known Eastern candy manufacturer; must be able to suggest practical policies, make field surveys, handle salesmen and brokers; will have advantage of many years national advertising and trade good-will; state full particulars. Y 2364 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, one who will assist in first aid office of large corporation; handle clerical details together with stenography; reply, giving age, nationality, experience, religion and salary desired. S 583 Times.

STENOGRAPHER in office of large downtown corporation; state age, experience and salary desired. Address M. T., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station.

YOUNG MAN

TO ASSIST IN BEVING DEPARTMENT OF CLOAK HOUSE; ONE HAVING HELD SIMILAR POSITION PREFERRED; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT TO WILLING WORKER.

RITTER BROS.,
125 WEST 25TH ST.

YOUNG MAN who thoroughly knows wholesale plumbing and heating line, source of supplies and methods of doing business in New York City.
Only man who can qualify need apply, and to such a man there is an excellent chance for advancement.
Box 162 3,013 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN, experienced and trained for assistant to credit manager; large downtown hardware and paint supply house; Christian firm; write age, religion, experience, education, &c. B 690 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to act as clerk in small retail butcher market and make himself generally useful; reply, giving age, nationality, experience and salary desired. S 585 Times.

Instructions.

WHY NOT SETTLE THE QUESTION NOW?
Start the New Year right by finding out the work for which you are best fitted by reason of your natural talents and aptitudes. Let us make an analysis of your abilities to determine your right vocation. From the study of the face our trained analysts will know the right work for you. Call here for full details. Booklet "Your Right Position" on request.
MERTON INSTITUTE, INC.,
96 5th Av. (at 15th St.), N. Y.
Tel. Watkins 9795.

BOOKKEEPER—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 328 Pulitzer Bldg., New York.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN—Big demand for high salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

SALESMEN—Side-line and commission men wanted to sell a high grade line of workingmen's gloves; T. F. Sargent gloves; territory open, Michigan, Middle West and Southwestern States for salesmen selling big or small towns with other lines; liberal commission. For full information write Spencer Glove Co., Waverly, N. Y.

SALESMEN—Increase your income; other lines may be dull, but not ours; liberal commissions and renewals; we will instruct you; no salaries or advances; good profits, increasing yearly. The Johnston & Collins Co., 55 Liberty St. Ask for Mr. Johnston or Mr. Kurzwell.

SALESMEN—SERVICE.

Easy contract; liberal commission; New York City territory; conscientious salesmen wanted; weekly advances against commissions to men showing good records of results in previous business connections. Telephone Cortlandt 5065 for appointment.

SALESMAN—Young man; have an opening for a young city salesman to call on hardware dealers locally; must be of highest character; experience not essential; opportunity to come with fast growing firm; salary basis. T 276 Times.

SALESMAN—Organization of character and responsibility can offer experienced salesman in or out of city unusual advertising specialty proposition; full or part time; liberal commissions; pocket samples. V 806 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, securities, wanted, with ability to sell Dusenberg Automobile and Motors Company, on commission, 8 per cent. preferred stock; exceptional sales record established. Dusenberg Automobile and Motors Company, Inc., 5 Columbus Circle.

SALESMEN, five, of ability and neatness for work in most influential membership organization of its kind; leads, full cooperation; big commission; no competition. For appointment, Columbus 857.

SALESMEN, West and Middle West to carry as side line, ladies' hand bags for good established house; salary or commission. E. M., 686 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted for Ford cars and tractors; commission basis. Apply by letter, Mills

LOST or stolen, certificates representing 400 shares of Southern Pacific Company stock as follows:

Certificate No.	In Name of	Shares
E-50137	Herbert Robert	100
E-42068	Sutro Brothers & Co.	100
E-42069	Sutro Brothers & Co.	100
E-42060	Sutro Brothers & Co.	100

Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicates should not be issued. E. H. Hutton & Co., 61 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

LOST—Certificate No. E-116766 for ten shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company common stock, registered in the name of Alexander M. Bensenhaver, probably lost in or about No. 120 Broadway, New York City; transfer stopped; appropriate reward if found please notify Leonidas Dennis, 47 Cedar St., New York City.

LOST OR MISLAID—Policy No. 615,432, issued by The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, on the life of Robert M. Maclay. The finder will please return it to the undersigned. An application has been made for the issuing of a duplicate. M. J. Maclay, 280 5th Av.

LOST—On 34th floor of Equitable Building, Bond Department of Federal Reserve Bank, two $1,000 bonds, one $50 bond; liberal reward paid for return; no questions asked. E. M. Carr, 55 John St., New York City. Phone Beekman 7371.

LOST—Dec. 23, between 53d and 53d Sts., dark blue hand-crocheted child's red beaded bag, small amount of money and key tagged "Mary"; suitable reward. Telephone Circle 4788.

LOST—In woman's room, Wall St., 7th Av. subway, gray leather handbag, containing gold watch and $56. Finder communicate with Wilde, Empire Trust Co., Rector 9000. Reward.

LOST—Between 54th St. and 5th Av. and Pennsylvania Station, a hand-painted landscape picture in gold frame; of sentimental value to owner; reward. Phone Hanover 1765, or Woodmere 2894.

LOST—From automobile, near 58th St., 5th Av., Saturday afternoon about 4:30, tan leather traveling bag, containing papers. Return to Boy Scouts of America, 200 5th Av., Room 856; reward.

LOST—Thursday night; left in taxi, between 125th St. Station and Riverside Drive and 120th St., small black traveling bag, containing watch, ring and other valuables. Reward. Rockwell, 606 West 122d St.

LOST—Small package advertising material, Tuesday evening, oakite and print matter. Reward for mailing to Oakite, 35 Hopkins Place, Longmeadow, Mass.

LOST—Between Plymouth Theatre and Hepner's, Thursday, 5 P. M., small purse, with checks and cash. Return to 333 West 45th. Liberal reward.

LOST—Opera glasses, Wednesday evening, in Brown and White taxi, from Morosco Theatre to Broadway and 92d St.; reward. Lang, 234 West 92d St.

LOST—Party who found velvet purse in 42d St. Library return keys and pen, keep money. D. Loeb, 350 West 190th. Telephone 3800 Wadsworth.

LOST—Black purse, containing about $160, Hudson Terminal, Wednesday, Dec. 22, by young business woman; liberal reward if returned. M. C. S., 218 2d St., Jersey City.

LOST—Black bag containing pearl beads, 93d, Broadway, to Symphony Theatre; great sentimental value; reward. Muller, 5,683 Trenton.

LOST—Pair of opera glasses Tuesday evening, Dec. 21, from Gaiety Theatre or Brown and White taxi; suitable reward. Return to 33 East 31st St. Plaza 2924.

LOST—From car, package of books; liberal reward, no questions asked. Walterman Bros., 40 East 21st St., or A. Samillant, 1,448 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

LOST—Beaded bag, in 5th Av. bus, Thursday evening, containing horn spectacles. Address 48 West 11th St. $5 reward.

LOST—On 42d St., between 5th and Madison Avs., brown fur lap robe. Reward for return to 26 West 52d St.

LOST—Pocketbook, card Mennigke; keep money, please return keys. B 501 Times.

Jewelry.

LOST—Wednesday evening, Dec. 22, between 72d St. and Central Park West and 113th St. and Broadway, open face gold watch; monogram on back; photograph on inside cover, black ribbon fob with gold buckle; may have been dropped in Black and White taxi; $25 reward. Return to Cashier, Hotel Majestic.

LOST—Liberal reward, no questions asked, for package of watches left in phone booth, John St. and Broadway, by disabled soldier. Phone Melrose 8305. H. Falkenstein, 343 East 138th St.

LOST—Morning Dec. 20, small gold watch on link bracelet and set around with rubies and diamonds; suitable reward and no questions if returned to Tounalin, 115 East 82d St.

LOST—Small gold watch on black ribbon, initials M. M., Dec. 22, between 35th St. and 5th Av. and 33d St. and 8th Av.; reward. B 495 Times.

LOST—Tuesday, Dec. 21, gold-colored enamel pin, Roman design. Finder will be suitably rewarded if returned to Cashier Hotel Belmont.

LOST—Tuesday, Dec. 21, 37th St., between 5th and 7th Avs., gold chain bracelet, heart H. D. in small diamonds; reward. 56 West 37th St.

LOST—Platinum bar pin set with diamonds in 30 Church St. terminal building, Tuesday, Dec. 21; reward: M. A. Suiser, 107 West 69th St.

LOST—Three sapphire platinum bracelets, Nassau St. or Interborough subway; very liberal reward. Telephone 8823 Broad.

LOST—Platinum diamond and sapphire bar pin, evening Dec. 22, Montmartre Cafe. Liberal reward. F. Gould, Riverside 9006.

LOST—Platinum, diamond and sapphire bar pin, evening Dec. 22, Montmartre Cafe; liberal reward. F. Gould, Riverside 9006.

LOST—Blue enamel diamond bracelet, near 97th and Madison Av. Reward. 1,422 Madison Av. Phone Lenox 10058.

LOST—Hudson tubes, 33d and 34th Sts. and 8th Av., carved jade pin, gold mounted; reward. G. K. Hooper, Madison, N. J.

LOST—Sapphire and diamond oblong-shaped pin, at Biltmore Hotel "Cascades"; reward. B 570 Times.

A DIAMOND-STUDDED Masonic locket on Broadway, corner 151st St.; suitable reward. Return to Stone, 2,630 Broadway.

$100 REWARD

for return of diamond and sapphire diamond shaped scarfpin and silver cigarette case, engraved "C. J. S." lost Dec. 8; proportionate reward for return of either. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$50 REWARD

for return of an octagonal gold vanity box, basket design, three diamonds, one emerald, one sapphire; lost Dec. 22. Communicate with E. B. Hopwood, 35 John St., New York City. Telephone Beekman 5007.

$400 REWARD

for return of diamond and platinum flexible bracelet, lost Dec. 14, between 58th and 34th Sts., or in taxicab. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$125 REWARD

For return of platinum and diamond pin containing 19 diamonds, lost Dec. 13, between East 53d and West 47th Sts. Charlton & Co., 634 5th Av.

$75 REWARD

for return of diamond pin forming the letters "C. S. R." lost Dec. 11 between 34th and 108th Sts. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$400 REWARD

for return of platinum and diamond oval shaped brooch, containing 37 diamonds, lost Dec. 16 between 29th and 58th Sts., or in taxicab. W. D. Turten, 681 5th Av.

$35 REWARD for diamond and jade earring lost Dec. 22 between East 39th St. and East 41th St.

Tiffany & Co., Fifth Av. and 37th St.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—From automobile, Wednesday night, between New York and Larchmont, Persian lamb coatee, sable collar; reward. Phone 1166 Main.

LOST—Package containing camisole, between West End Av. and Broadway, 90th to 112th St.; return to Apartment 8C, 309 West 99th St. Telephone 7944J Riverside.

LOST—Sable scarf, late Wednesday night, in or outside of Riggs's restaurant; liberal reward. Shore Road 90.

LOST—Gentleman's blue ulster, left in taxi Wednesday night at Broadway and 113th St.; reward. Phone Morningside 4682.

LOST—A mink neckpiece on West 89th St.; reward. Phone Mr. Faber, 420 East 23d. Gramercy 5000.

OF LOST BALLOON

Canadian Air Board and the Mounted Police Aiding Search for American Navy Bag.

MRS. FARRELL CONFIDENT

Believes Husband and His Two Companions Are Stranded in Dominion Forest.

No word was received yesterday by the naval authorities of the A-6598, the balloon which has been missing since it sailed away from the station at Rockaway Point, L. I., a week ago last Monday. In a message from Ottawa, Canada, where he has gone to direct the search for the missing airship and its crew of three, Lieutenant A. W. Evans said the Canadian Air Board and mounted police were co-operating in every way to trace the craft.

Although officers at the Rockaway Point Station were beginning to abandon hope for the return of Lieutenant Stephen A. Farrell, Lieutenant Walter Hinton and Louis Kloor Jr., Mrs. Farrell declared yesterday that she entertained no gloomy fears regarding her husband and his comrades. At the Farrell home, 1,701 Woodbine Street, Ridgewood, a reporter found the Christmas activities in full swing and an air of cheerfulness.

"Why should I give up hope?" Mrs. Farrell asked. "My husband has been on long and dangerous trips before and out of communication with the outside world for many days. Of course, I am anxious to hear from him, but I believe—and I have studied the problem—that he is safe with his comrades in some isolated part of Canada.

"Perhaps they have landed near a forest and have taken up with trappers who are now starting out on their fall hunting trip. I realize that it is next to impossible for strangers to find their way out of some of the Canadian forests without guides. It would be a perilous trip and probably the trappers are taking care of them but cannot abandon their work to guide the men out of the forest at this time. The men will have to stay with the trappers until the latter have time and opportunity to take them to some place from which they can communicate with us.

"It is a rule that when navy or army men start out on a hazardous trip, such as this endurance contest, if there is an accident and the men land safely they are to stay in that safe spot, knowing that within a reasonable time, if they have not been heard from, a search will be started. With the dispatching of Lieutenant Evans from the naval air station to Ottawa to assist the Canadian Government the search has just begun.

"Eugene and Emily here are both very confident that their father will return safely. Eugene points out that the trappers usually stay out on their Winter campaigns about six months, and he declares that unless we are notified officially of my husband's death, he will not give up hope until after the trappers have returned in the Spring.

"I was worried somewhat at first by the reports that two of the carrier pigeons taken on the trip had been picked up dead, but even if these were pigeons taken by my husband's party, he has told me in the past that pigeons released from balloons around the Canadian border frequently run into snow too heavy for them to weather.

"I should not be surprised to hear from my husband at any time now." Mrs. Farrell concluded.

LOST AND FOUND.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Black Pomeranian dog, Dec. 20, 1920, corner of East Broadway and Montgomery, about 7 A. M.; answers to name of Dixie; reward paid for return. S. P. Leveridge, 277 East Broadway.

LOST—Airedale, male, Dec. 21, about 4 P. M., Riverside Drive, near 80th St.; answers to name of Brom Bones; license No. 273456; reward. Return 82 Riverside Drive.

LOST or stolen, in vicinity of Convent Av. and 148th St., collie dog, answering name "Ted"; name also on collar; reward. Call Audubon 442.

LOST — Dog, resembles fox, name "Ponchito"; reward. Alfa Vadasca, 215 West 51st St.

LOST—French bull puppy brindle, 177th St. and Riverside Drive; very liberal reward. Ryan, 720 Riverside Drive.

Found.

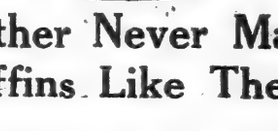
FOUND—Ladies' initialed wrist watch, Ziegener, 7 Hanover Square. Phone Broad 956.

FOUND Dec. 11 brown beaded bag. Room 1708, 19 West 44th St.

FOUND — Scotch collie, brown and white. Phone Stuyvesant 1495.

PERSONAL.

ACCIDENT—116TH ST. AND BROADWAY, Dec. 20, at about 8 o'clock in the evening, when elderly lady was struck by an automobile. Any person witnessing the accident will confer a favor by communicating with her son, A. H. Sawyer, 251 4th Av.



Mother Never Made Muffins Like These!

Because she had to use ordinary white flour—robbed of half its food-value and flavor by "refining."

She didn't have genuine whole wheat flour like Wheatsworth—with the real, nut-ripe, toothsome flavor of the whole golden grain.

No wonder Wheatsworth muffins are a revelation of goodness and flavor to those who have only eaten ordinary muffins.

Wheatsworth
WHOLE WHEAT FLOUR

makes better-tasting bread, muffins, pancakes, crullers, pie-crust, etc.—

And makes all these foods far more nourishing and digestible!

Give your family real food—made of real, honest unrobbed whole wheat flour—Wheatsworth.

Ground fresh daily—Recipes in every bag.

At Your Grocers

F. H. BENNETT BISCUIT CO., N. Y.
Makers of Wheatsworth Whole Wheat Crackers

GALVESTON DOCKS IN PERIL.

One Life Lost and Ships Ignited in Oil Explosion on Barge.

GALVESTON, Dec. 23.—One man was killed, three others were injured and property losses estimated at from $100,000 to $300,000 were caused by an explosion and fire at the Southern Pacific Oil terminals on the waterfront this afternoon. The explosion occurred on a barge.

The fire spread to the tanker Hastmal, one of the conveyers of the Southern Pacific grain elevator, and the steamship Aschenberg, loaded with grain. The Aschenberg made her way through burning oil to safety and ran aground on the north side of the channel. The Morgan Line steamship El Occident caught fire and was towed to mid-channel burning. Late in the afternoon the chief clerk at the Southern Pacific docks reported that the fire fighters believed the flames were under control and while the eastern side of the docks had caught fire the flames were not likely to spread further.

NICARAGUA TREATY UP.

Central American Delegates Find It Most Difficult Question.

SAN SALVADOR, Republic of Salvador, Dec. 23.—The Central American Union Congress, at San José, Costa Rica, has reached a critical stage, which originated in the discussion of the Bryan-Chamorro treaty between the United States and Nicaragua. The delegates are striving to find a ground on which the opposing parties can agree in order to save the union idea.

The congress has adopted the geographical limits of Central America. The line begins with Guatemala at the north and ends with Costa Rica.

The approval of article by article of the program continues. The United States-Nicaraguan treaty, which is the cause of more discussion than any other political question connected with the congress, is to be the last subject for debate.

DOG AND GIRL BOTH BITE.

Injured Animal Nips Owner, Who Wounds Policeman.

A fox terrier was run over by an Amsterdam Avenue car yesterday afternoon, and when its owner, Miss Henrietta Lister of 1,423 Amsterdam Avenue, picked it up and tried to bind up its hurts the dog bit her. Policeman Rodriguez sent for Dr. Foster of the Knickerbocker Hospital, and while trying to calm Miss Lister she became hysterical and bit his hand.

The ambulance surgeon attended to the policeman and Miss Lister and the policeman killed the dog.

Mule Routs Milk Thief.

RALEIGH, N. C., Dec. 23.—A terrific racket last night in the barn of A. Johnson, a farmer near here, announced that a milk thief had met his Waterloo at the business end of a farm mule. Johnson had planted the mule in the stall of a cow which the thief had been milking at night. When the farmer reached the barn last night, shotgun in hand, he found a battered milk pail, a wrecked milking stool, a hat, but no thief.

The only present he ever liked

He did his Christmas shopping very late last year; to be exact, the day after Christmas.

Came in with a Holiday smile and told us his family, after twenty years of failure, had given up trying to find a gift he wanted, and had raised a fund to buy one of our Gift Certificates.

Said it was the first time since he had left college that he'd had a chance to spend some one else's money, and he meant to make the most of it.

He certainly did enjoy selecting that gift. His general specifications were: something he couldn't afford—had always wanted—and would really enjoy after he bought it.

We have forgotten what he finally selected, but we recall that most of the things that interested him would never have been picked out by his family.

After all, the perfect gift is what a man wants, whether it is a hat, a pair of gloves, silk shirt, an umbrella, fine neckwear, sox, or a good bathrobe, and a Wallach Gift Certificate is the best means of getting it.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers — 246-248 West 125th
Broadway, cor. 29th — 3d Ave., cor. 122d

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

CHRISTMAS NEW-YEAR
McCue Bros. & Drummond
33 Broadway 1442 Broadway
New York
Will deliver to bearer a Stetson of the value of _____ dollars as a *Christmas Greeting* from
No. _____

A Xmas Gift Suggestion

GIFT that every man will appreciate—a

STETSON HAT

that he can choose for himself.

You buy the order
We deliver the hat

McCUE BROS. & DRUMMOND
High Grade Hats ONLY
52 Broadway — 1442 Broadway
Near Exchange Pl. — Bet. 40 & 41 Sts

THE MORRIS PLAN

The Best CHRISTMAS CLUB You Can Join

Save $1.00 a week for 50 weeks and receive $50. plus 5% interest

The Best Christmas Present

A full paid 5% investment certificate of $50., $100. or more

CALL TODAY OR SEND YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS TO

The Morris Plan Co. *of* New York

Resources over $8,000,000 Under Supervision of N.Y. State Banking Department

Main Office, 261 Broadway (Woolworth Bldg.) — Union Sq. Branch, 1 Union Square — Bronx Branch, 391 East 149th Street — Brooklyn Branch, 26 Court Street (Opposite Borough Hall)

Monroe Clothes



Monroe All Wool Suits and Overcoats

NOW $35 Were $50 — NOW $27 Were $40 — NOW $40 Were $60

Christmas Time, "Sale Time"—ANY TIME and ALL THE TIME Monroe Clothes cost you from $10 to $20 less than elsewhere.

COME UP TODAY; see what real saving is yours buying Monroe Clothes

—direct from the maker
—via our lower rent UPSTAIRS shops
—from America's Largest Clothiers

OPEN TONIGHT UNTIL 10—CLOSED ALL DAY TOMORROW

MONROE, Jr. (sizes 8 to 18.) — TWO PANTS SUITS, OVERCOATS, MACKINAWS — Were $15 to $24.75 — NOW $8

MANHATTAN
42nd Street, corner Broadway
50 E. 42nd St., corner Madison
Nassau Street, corner Frankfort
5 Cortlandt St., cor. Broadway
14th St., opp. Acad. of Music
34th Street, corner Broadway
46th Street and Broadway
59th Street at Columbus Circle
125th Street, corner 7th Ave.
181st St., cor. St. Nicholas Ave.

BRONX
Bergen Ave. at 149th St.



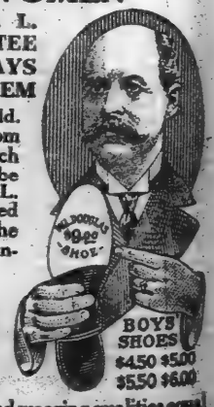
BROOKLYN
413 Fulton Street
587 Fulton at Flatbush
NEWARK 751 Market Street
JERSEY CITY Newark Av. & Bay
PATERSON 220 Main Street
YONKERS—Getty Square
PHILADELPHIA 10th and Market Streets
ALBANY, N. Y.—Corner N. Pearl and State Sts.
SCRANTON—330 Lackawanna Ave.
BALTIMORE—Cor. Light and Baltic Sts.

YOU CAN ALWAYS SAVE MONEY BY WEARING W.L.DOUGLAS SHOES SOLD DIRECT FROM FACTORY TO YOU AT ONE PROFIT

W. L. DOUGLAS
$6.00 $7.00 $8.00 $9.00 & $10.00 SHOES
FOR MEN AND WOMEN



THE STAMPED PRICE IS W. L. DOUGLAS'S PERSONAL GUARANTEE THAT THE SHOES ARE ALWAYS WORTH THE PRICE PAID FOR THEM



They are the best known shoes in the world. Sold in 107 W. L. Douglas stores, direct from the factory to you at only one profit, which guarantees to you the best shoes that can be produced, at the lowest possible cost. W. L. Douglas name and the retail price are stamped on the bottom of all shoes before they leave the factory, which is your protection against unreasonable profits.

W.L.Douglas $8.00, $9.00 and $10.00 shoes are absolutely the best shoe values for the money in this country. They are made of the best and finest leathers that money can buy. W.L.Douglas $6.00 and $7.00 shoes are equally as good values for the price. They combine quality, style, workmanship and wearing qualities equal to other makes selling at higher prices. They are the leaders in the fashion centers of America. The prices are the same everywhere; they cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York.

W. L. Douglas shoes are made by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

CAUTION Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. The name and prices is plainly stamped on the sole. Be careful to see that it has not been changed or mutilated.

W. L. Douglas, *President*
W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.

☞ If not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from factory. Catalogue free. 240 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS STORES IN GREATER NEW YORK

★ 85 Nassau Street.
847 Broadway, near 14th.
★1352 Broadway, cor. 36th St.
1495 Broadway (Times Sq.)
★ 984 Third Avenue.
★1452 Third Avenue.
★2202 Third Av., cor. 120th St.
★2779 Third Av., bet. 146th & 147th Sts.

★ 250 West 125th Street.

BROOKLYN

★ 706 Broadway, near Thornton St.
★1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Ave.
★ 478 Fifth Ave., cor. 11th St.
★ 859 Manhattan Ave. (Greenpoint)
★ 449 Fulton Street.

JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.
★HOBOKEN—120 Washington Street.
★UNION HILL—276 Bergenline Ave.
★NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
★PATERSON—192 Market St., cor. Church
★TRENTON—20 East State Street.

Stores marked with a ★ (27) complete lines of W. L. Douglas Shoes for Women.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Generally fair today and Sunday; moderate to fresh northwest winds.
☞ For full weather report see Page 12.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,981. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 25, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | Within 300 Miles | Beyond 300 Miles

WILSON TAKES STEP TO GIVE UP CONTROL IN SANTO DOMINGO

Orders Military Rule Relaxed Preparatory to Withdrawing American Forces.

NATIVES TO REVISE LAWS

Admiral Snowden to Proclaim That a Dominican Commission Will Be Named.

PEACE AND REFORMS GIVEN

Country Was Taken Over in 1916 While Civil War Threatened Foreign Complications.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24. — President Wilson today ordered a relaxation of American military rule in Santo Domingo as an initial step in the direction of the complete self-government of the Dominican people. For four years the United States Government has been in military occupation and control of Dominican territory and affairs, with a naval officer serving as Military Governor, having intervened in Santo Domingo in November, 1916, with the declared intention of restoring order and prosperity in that country.

In view of the substantial accomplishment of the objects for which the military occupation of Santo Domingo by the United States was undertaken, President Wilson has directed Rear Admiral Thomas Snowden, the present Military Governor of the country, to issue a proclamation announcing that the United States Government believes the time has come when it might "inaugurate the simple processes of its rapid withdrawal from the responsibilities assumed in connection with Dominican affairs."

Admiral Snowden was instructed to announce to the Dominicans in his proclamation that the formation of a commission of representative Dominicans would soon be completed. This commission will be entrusted with the formulation of amendments to the Dominican Constitution, will revise the laws of the country and frame a new election law, which, when approved by the American Military Government, will be submitted to a Dominican constitutional convention and the Congress of the Dominican Republic for approval. After that the United States will withdraw its forces from the country.

Text of Admiral's Proclamation.

The proclamation to the Dominicans, which President Wilson has directed Admiral Snowden to issue immediately, reads:

Whereas, the friendly purposes of the United States in the employment, pursuant to rights derived from the Treaty of 1907, of its military forces within the Dominican Republic for the restoration of public order and the protection of life and property have been substantially achieved; and

Whereas, it has always been the desire and intention of the Government of the United States to withdraw its aid as soon as it could do so consistently with the said purposes and as soon as the improved conditions in Santo Domingo to which the United States has sought to contribute should give promise of permanence;

Now, therefore, I, Thomas Snowden, Rear Admiral, U. S. N., Military Governor of the Dominican Republic, acting under the authority and by direction of the Government of the United States, declare and announce to all concerned that the Government of the United States believes the time has arrived when it may, with a due sense of its responsibility to the people of the Dominican Republic, inaugurate the simple processes of its rapid withdrawal from the responsibilities assumed in connection with Dominican affairs.

Announcement is, therefore, made that a commission of representative Dominican citizens will be appointed, the personnel of which will shortly be announced, to which it is my purpose to attach a technical adviser. This commission will be intrusted with the formulation of amendments to the Constitution and a general revision of the laws of the republic, including the drafting of a new Election law. Such amendments to the Constitution and such laws, or such revision of existing laws, as may be recommended by the commission, upon approval by the Military Government in occupation, will be submitted to a constitutional convention and to the National Congress of the Dominican Republic, respectively.

The reason for the action taken, according to an announcement at the State Department is that "complete tranquility has existed for some time throughout the republic, and the people for the first time in many years have been enabled to devote themselves to peaceful occupations without fear of disturbance."

Taken Over in Perioc of Disturbance.

The proclamation under which American military occupation of the Dominican Republic began was issued by Rear Admiral, then Captain, H. S. Knapp, on Nov. 29, 1916, in which it was stated that the purpose of occupation was "with no immediate or ulterior object of destroying the sovereignty of Santo Domingo," but to assist the country to return to a condition of international order.

The military control of the United States was established because of the

Continued on Page Three.

Pinehurst, N. C.—Sunshine, good fellowship, true sport. Carolina Hotel now open Thru Pullman, Penn., 2:05 P.M. daily.—Advt.

Harding Greets the Country; Urges Chorus of Good Cheer

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 24.—President-elect Harding issued tonight the following Christmas greeting to the country:

Like every normal human being I wish everybody a very merry Christmas. It gets us out of the rut to join a national chorus of cheer and good will.

There is peace, there is confidence in the morrow.

There is even cheer in the belief that the distress of today is quickly to pass, and we may hope for as well as wish a prosperous new year.

SUMMARY EVICTION UPHELD BY COURT

Appellate Division Rejects That Part of New Rent Law Suspending It.

VICTORY FOR LANDLORDS

Decision in Conflict With One in Second Department—Right to Exorbitant Rent Denied.

Both tenants and landlords won points in litigation over the new rent laws in decisions handed down yesterday by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of the First Department. In a decision on the rights of landlords to obtain summary dispossess warrants the court conflicted somewhat with a previous decision of the Appellate Division of the Second Department which sustained the law forbidding evictions.

The decision declaring part of the law suspending summary proceedings unconstitutional came in the cases of the People on behalf of the H. D. H. Realty Corporation against William J. Murphy, Municipal Court Clerk, and the People on behalf of Sydney Ballin against Thomas O'Connell, Municipal Court Clerk.

Landlord's Rights Upheld.

Justice Laughlin declared that the chapter referred to and upon which the tenant took his stand was unconstitutional "in so far as it forbids the issuance of summary dispossess warrants pursuant to final orders heretofore made in summary proceedings on which the issuance of the warrant had been suspended by the court until Sept. 30, 1920," and was invalid and void as an attempt by the Legislature "by a statutory stay to deprive the owner or landlord for the period of two years one month and four days of the right to the possession of his property and to legalize the right of the tenant to remain during that period."

In the case of 810 West End Avenue, Incorporated, against Henry R. Stern, Justice Laughlin in the prevailing opinion said that the defendant entered into possession of one of the landlord's apartments prior to Dec. 8, 1919, and has since remained in possession, although the agreement between the landlord and tenant provided that the term should end on Sept. 30, 1920.

The court held that Chapter 947, forbidding the maintenance of an action to recover possession after the expiration of the term prescribed by a lease for a period of more than two years was "null and void" in that no remedy was created by the Legislature to take the place of the remedy suspended and that no other remedy exists and that the chapter was void in that it deprived the plaintiff of property without due process of law in violation of the Constitution of the State of New York and of the Constitution of the United States. A similar decision was given in the parallel case of Jacob L. Guttag against Hyman Shatzkin.

The Appellate Division decided unanimously that City Court Judge Edward B. La Fetra was within his rights in declining to uphold the Brixton Operating Corporation and the Durham Realty Corporation, landlords, in summary proceedings to oust tenants from apartments, upon which the terms of the leases had expired. Justice Laughlin held, the other Justices concurring, that the Legislature had the authority to suspend summary proceedings if the other remedy, ejectment proceedings, remained to the landlords. Having held that that part of the new rent laws suspending actions in ejectment, except for certain causes, to be unconstitutional, the court held that the other remedy remained.

Exorbitant Rent Condemned.

Justice Laughlin, in an opinion concurred in by Justices Merrell and Greenbaum, sustained the lower court in the case of the Edgar A. Levy Leasing Company against Jerome Siegel, a tenant at 137 West Fifty-seventh Street. The plaintiff sought to obtain $180 a month for a period of two years from Oct. 1, 1920, that being the amount of increase in the rent agreed to by the tenant in a renewal of a lease. In holding that the landlord could not collect this increased rent, despite the existence of a lease, Justice Laughlin said:

"It appeared to the Legislature that there was a serious shortage of housing accommodations and that landlords generally were taking undue advantage thereof and exacting unreasonable and exorbitant rentals, and that collectively the landlords had a monopoly of housing accommodations, and would have until houses and apartments could be built, and that there was no freedom of contract on the part of the tenants, it being therefore within the authority of the Legislature to authorize such a defense to all leases thereafter made and to limit recovery to a reasonable rate of rental, regardless of the amount of rent agreed upon as a condition of making the lease."

Presiding Justice John Proctor Clarke and Justice Victor J. Dowling dissented. Justice Clarke in a written opinion said that the result was either to take private property for public use without due compensation, which was not permissible, or to take private property for private use, which has never been allowed.

Justice Clarke said the questions should be submitted as speedily as possible to the Court of Appeals, and for that reason contented himself with a brief expression of dissent.

PALL MALL Rounds round in shape—at better class shops.—Advt.

TAFT SEES HARDING, INDORSES PROGRAM FOR BRINGING PEACE

Says Senator Seeks by World Conference to Adjust Our Relations With Germany.

HAILS IDEAS AS PRACTICAL

Project Won't Satisfy All, Says Ex-President, but Should Result in a 'Useful Association.'

URGES HILLES FOR CABINET

Two Chicagoans Are Also Mentioned for Treasury, With Weeks in the Background.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 24.—Ex-President Taft came here today to confer with Senator Harding on his plan for a new association of nations. Following the former Executive's talk with the President-elect, which lasted from breakfast time until almost noon, Mr. Taft gave out a statement wherein he expressed his pleasure over the conference and gave definite confirmation of the eight principles, as set forth in yesterday's Times, on which the coming President is seeking to approach the problem of world peace.

This statement supplied more concrete explanation about Senator Harding's ideas than had come to light before. As Mr. Taft sees the principles which Mr. Harding has in mind, they are revealed as being:

A determination to avoid the political and military obligations of the present treaty and League.

A conviction that a common ground of procedure must be found with the leading powers.

A conviction that the moral force of the leading powers must be directed toward a gradually effective limitation of armament.

A belief that a court must be established with jurisdiction over all justiciable questions.

A desire to bring about a conference of nations to negotiate and press to compromise every non-justiciable question threatening war, and to obtain an arrangement by which the United States can adjust relations with Germany without subscribing to what are called objectionable features of the treaty.

An aversion to participate in commissions provided for by the treaty which concern the affairs of Europe alone.

The application to nations of the same principles of courtesy and consideration that are employed among gentlemen.

Mr. Taft's Statement.

Mr. Taft appeared impressed by the intent of Senator Harding to accept this or that suggestion, provided the United States were not asked to accept any "super-Government" or to participate in political and military engagements involved in the covenant of the present League of Nations.

Mr. Taft's statement in full was as follows:

"I enjoyed my conference with Senator Harding. I found that he had been using the conferences with his visitors to formulate and confirm the general views he expressed in his acceptance speech and that of Aug. 28, and that he felt confident that the desire of the American people, as interpreted by him in his campaign experiences and in the results of the election, was to avoid the political and military obligations of the treaty and the League.

"He feels strongly the necessity for reaching a common ground with the leading powers of the world for an agreement that shall secure a gradually effective limitation of armament, a court with jurisdiction over justiciable questions and a conference of nations to negotiate and press a compromise of every non-justiciable question threatening war and which shall give us the benefit of the adjustment of our relations with Germany secured to the United States in the treaty without the objectionable features of the provisions of the treaty as shown in the Republican reservations and without participation in such commissions under the treaty as concern European nations alone.

"I am much encouraged to think that the Senator is working out a practical solution, which may not be wholly satisfactory to the enthusiasts at either extreme, of whom I may be considered one, but will satisfy those anxious to make progress and anxious to give the United States the leadership she should have in guiding all the nations to permanent peace so far as that is practicable.

"Of course, the Senator is properly chary of a definite program because it must depend on the circumstances of the situation, which only actual conferences with all concerned may develop, but he is bent on working out in a very practical way a real and useful association.

"He is in an accommodating state of mind as to details and even important provisions, if the definite objections he always expressed to the methods and aims and obligations of a political and military character contained in the treaty and the League are obviated in the new agreement."

The ex-President's last sentence is taken here to mean that Senator Harding is not as ready as some persons have asserted to abandon the League of

Continued on Page Eight.

Make your Xmas Dinner a complete success. Serve BELL-ANS after eating.—Advt.

Tariff Reprisals Are Urged in Argentina If We Close Door to Their Farm Products

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 24.—Protesting against the recent tariff measure passed by the American House of Representatives, which it is claimed virtually prohibits the import of wheat, flour, corn, wool and various meat products by the United States, the Argentine Confederation of Commerce, Industry and Production has sent a note to the Argentine Government advising that reprisals be taken against products from the United States imported by Argentina if the House measure is enacted into law.

The note, written by Carlos Tornquist, who was Argentina's representative at the Brussels financial conference, asks the Government to enter into negotiations with the United States with the purpose of preventing the final sanctioning of the bill.

"We doubt that a measure of this kind," says the note in part, "could be undertaken with complete knowledge of the facts which relate to it—among others the possibility that Argentina would see herself obliged to adopt similar measures with respect to products coming from the United States."

The note calls attention to the present unfavorable exchange rate as regards Argentina, and says that the new American measure would accentuate it. It declares that the Argentine trade balance is not so favorable as it would appear to be in the United States, and that American products arriving here already pay a surcharge of nearly 50 per cent., which is much less than that paid by Argentine products arriving in the United States. It asserts that the money paid for ship charters and insurance in both directions goes to the United States and not to Argentina.

"The restrictions on the exportation of Argentine products, such as would be entailed by the imposition of the tariffs alluded to," says the note, "necessarily would lead to similar measures, which perhaps could be considered reprisals—measures which we believe it in the interest of both countries to avoid."

The Confederation of Commerce has sent a cable of similar import to the United States Chamber of Commerce at Washington asking its intervention and pointing out "the danger to Argentine and American commercial relations" which the passage of the law would represent.

FOURTH JURY AFTER BUILDING GRAFTERS

To Meet Jan. 3 and Take Up Evidence Taken by Lockwood Committee.

BRINDELL CLASH MONDAY

Untermyer to Oppose Change of Venue—Buffalo Conditions to Be Investigated.

Another additional Grand Jury has been empanelled to investigate evidence of crime brought out by the disclosures before the Lockwood committee. This Grand Jury, which will meet on Jan. 3, will be the fourth to deal exclusively with matters growing out of the Lockwood committee's investigation, two such Grand Juries now being at work in the Court of General Sessions and one in the criminal term of the Supreme Court.

It also was decided to empanel a special jury for the trial of Robert P. Brindell, head of the Building Trades Council, the labor leader who is alleged to have exacted payments from contractors for the privilege of employing union men. Samuel Untermyer, counsel of the Lockwood committee, has announced his intention of prosecuting Brindell in person. The first skirmish will take place on Monday before Justice William P. Burr, in the argument over the application of Martin W. Littleton, counsel for Brindell, for a change of venue. Mr. Untermyer will oppose the attempt to change the place of trial from New York County.

Mr. Untermyer expects to begin the banking and insurance phase of the housing inquiry just as soon as the Brindell trial, assuming that it begins on the date now set, Jan. 5, is completed. A great deal of material has been collected and it is said to be the intention of the committee to have an inquiry which will rival in thoroughness the investigation conducted by Charles E. Hughes more than a decade ago.

There is a possibility of a clash in the Legislature over the resolution to extend the committee. The authority of the present committee will end with the year, but a resolution extending it and giving it wider powers will be introduced on the opening day of the Legislature. If any fight develops in the Legislature, it was said to be likely that it would be over the form of this resolution.

Buffalo to be Investigated.

The success of the Lockwood committee in revealing combinations in the building situation in New York City has brought requests for a similar investigation in Buffalo, where conditions are described as very much like those which existed here. The committee has had investigators in Buffalo and has received a report which supports this contention.

The investigation in Buffalo will include an examination of the methods of the New York State Builders' Supply Association, members of which are said to control the sale of most of the building materials in the State outside New York City. The brick situation up State also will be investigated. Information has reached the committee that brick, selling in New York City for $18 a thousand, is selling in Buffalo for $32 a thousand and is quoted as high as $37 in Watertown and other up-State cities.

Buffalo, with a population of 506,000, is reported to be short 2,000 apartments, with one and two-family houses practically impossible to obtain for rent.

John P. Leo, Chairman of the Board of Standards and Appeals, who testified before the Lockwood committee on Wednesday, said yesterday that the board would meet Monday and consider an amendment of the Building Code to permit the substitution of standard iron pipe which will stand a pressure of thirty pounds to the square inch, for plumbing in buildings less than six stories in height instead of an extra-heavy pipe.

Mr. Leo said the board would have a public hearing on the matter within ten days, and he believed the substitution of the standard pipe for the extra heavy would be favored by the board. He said that four-inch pipe of the standard type cost $2.80 per five-foot length, while the price for a similar length of extra heavy pipe was $4.20.

Starrett for the "Open Shop."

Paul Starrett, president of the George A. Fuller Company, one of the largest building firms in the city, informed THE TIMES yesterday that the reports of his testimony before the Lockwood committee had been misleading in that he had been made to appear as a supporter of the "closed shop" principle.

"I am a strong believer in the open shop," said Mr. Starrett. "It is my be-

Continued on Page Two.

RIGHT TO ONE SPREE IS UPHELD BY COURT

Justices Mullen and Whitaker Order Jury Trial of Suit by Employe.

JUSTICE BIJUR DISSENTS

Real Estate Agent Under Contract Appealed on Loss of Job Due to Intoxication.

The Appellate Term of the Supreme Court decided yesterday by a vote of two to one that the discharge of an employe under contract is not justified merely because he has been intoxicated once, and reversed a judgment in the City Court dismissing a suit of Frederick W. Herbert against the Wood Dolson Company, a real estate concern. Two members of the court, Justices Mullen and Whitaker, voted to have the case heard by a jury.

Justice Bijur held that even one fall from sobriety justifies discharge as a matter of law, and as a result of his dissent from Justices Mullen and Whitaker the Appellate Division will decide the issue.

Justice Bijur's ruling said:

"I think that one single act of voluntary positive drunkenness on the part of a servant during business hours, unexcused and apparently inexcusable, warrants his discharge by the master as a matter of law. No serious attempt is made by the plaintiff to explain the occurrence and the good faith of the employer is not challenged. The act was, as I view it, a substantial abandonment pro tanto of the master's service and warranted his master in withdrawing from the servant that confidence which lies at the root of the relation. It thus became, as a matter of law, an adequate cause for discharge."

Justice Mullen's opinion, concurred in by Justice Whitaker without comment, apparently was written with thought of the future when the proposed blue laws might be enacted. He says:

Cannot Enforce Higher Morality.

"However much a single act of drunkenness is to be deplored, the courts are not warranted in attempting to create and enforce a higher standard than that set by the average of mankind in the community. The day may come when intoxication will be such a cause for disgrace that a single instance will be sufficient to justify the discharge of a servant by his master because of it, as a matter of law, regardless of the nature of the services or the effect of the insobriety upon the master's business.

"I am quite clear, however, that that day is not yet here, and that it would be hardly short of absurd to say that, as to a real estate agent in 1920, in the city of New York, such a question as we have here can be taken from a jury upon the ground that no reasonable and conscientious man in the jury box could possibly cast his vote for a verdict that the discharge was not justified. I advise that the case be set down for a new trial upon which the question should be left to the jury."

The facts of the case as stated in Justice Mullen's opinion were that Herbert was hired by the defendant on Oct. 4, 1919, to solicit real estate business. He went to the defendant's office on Dec. 5 in a state of intoxication and it was admitted that he was in no condition to perform any business requiring a clear head. "He was not boisterous or offensive," the Court says, "and he caused no disturbance. He was to some extent incoherent, his 'eyes burned,' a 'dizziness came over him' and he 'felt weak in the knees.'"

Had Drinks with His Clients.

Justice Mullen says it cannot be doubted that the defendant's agent in sending Herbert away did the natural thing. Herbert had driven to the office in his own car and the defendant sent his chauffeur to take him to a garage. "An hour or so after the plaintiff felt sufficiently well and clear-headed to drive to his home at East Rockaway," the Court says. He was discharged two days later and sued for breach of contract.

Herbert testified that his intoxication was caused by three drinks he had taken with two men whom he had interested in a real estate transaction. "The drinking was apparently in celebration of the successful outcome of the negotiations," the Court says. "Very little point seems to have been made at the trial, and little is made here as to the drinking being excusable by reason of the business the plaintiff had in hand. I think the nature of the occasion might be gone into a little more fully."

Justice Mullen refers to decisions in this State holding that a discharge for "frequent intoxication" and for a "prolonged spree" is justified as a matter of law, and also to a ruling by the House of Lords in England that when the intoxication is an isolated act committed under circumstances of festivity it is a question of fact."

Justice Mullen said the defendant relied on a decision in Alabama that there may be circumstances under which a single act of drunkenness is sufficient to warrant discharge, as in the case of a clergyman or physician, and he adds:

"I suppose it cannot well be doubted that a single act of drunkenness would warrant the discharge of a locomotive engineer or the agent of a temperance society or anti-saloon league."

When you think of writing think of WHITING.—Advt.

SLAIN DRY AGENT FOUND AT BAYONNE; SEEK BOOTLEGGERS

James F. McGuinness, the Victim, Related to J. P. Tumulty by Marriage.

SUICIDE THEORY DISCOUNTED

Dead Man Had Been Active in Pursuit of Whisky Runners in New Jersey.

BODY LAY AT EDGE OF BAY

Pistol Not His Own in One Hand With Empty Chamber—Left Home to Buy Gift.

James F. McGuinness, a prohibition enforcement agent attached to the staff of Daniel J. Chaplin, Supervising Prohibition Agent for the State, and related by marriage to Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to President Wilson, was found dead yesterday in Newark Bay at the foot of Forty-third Street, Bayonne, with a bullet wound in the right temple. The fact that the bullet had plowed through the man's derby hat and the absence of a motive for suicide last night led Thomas Tumulty, a brother to Secretary Tumulty, to say that the man had been slain.

McGuinness, who was 38 years old and lived with his wife and three children at 335 Summit Avenue, Jersey City, gained the enmity of bootleggers through his vigilance. He took a prominent part in the investigation of the liquor traffic in Staten Island and New Jersey, and it was the belief of some of his relatives and friends last night that, despite the fact a pistol was clutched in the dead man's right hand, he was slain by gunmen hired by the bootleggers.

It was learned, that the pistol, found beside the body contained an empty shell.

Ever since the killing of Robert Eckert on Staten Island the prohibition enforcement officials have been constantly on the alert for criminals transporting liquor into Staten Island and the other boroughs from points near Newark Bay.

When Chief Cady and Detective Donovan of the Bayonne police found papers on the body of the man indicating his connection with the prohibition enforcement office in this city, they questioned persons near the scene of the crime to learn whether the dead man had been seen in the company of others during the night. They obtained no information along this line, and admitted last night that while the case had first appeared to be a suicide there were several circumstances that mystified them.

Brother Identifies Body.

The body was identified last evening at the Bayonne morgue by a brother of the dead man, who said that Mrs. McGuinness was a cousin of Secretary Tumulty. He said that McGuinness had had no trouble at home and that none of the members of the family could understand why he should kill himself.

Chief Cady and Detective Donovan last night were endeavoring to trace the pistol found beside the body. It was said that the brother of the dead man asserted he never saw the pistol before, and that it was not the one usually carried by McGuinness.

McGuinness left his home in Jersey City Heights early yesterday morning to go to the office of State Director O'Connor at 49 West Twenty-seventh Street. It could not be learned last night whether he had appeared at Mr. O'Connor's office during the day.

The spot on Newark Bay where the body was discovered is a lonely one, and it was said that prohibition officers on several occasions have arrested men there on charges of bringing contraband liquors into New Jersey by means of motorboats.

Dr. Bert Daley, County Physician, made a superficial examination of the body last night at the morgue, and announced that he would not perform an autopsy until further information is obtained by the police.

The County Physician said that a bullet entered the dead man's head at the right temple, and passed out behind the left ear.

Wife Scouts Suicide Theory.

Mrs. McGuinness, when informed of the finding of the body, said her husband had no reason to commit suicide, and expressed the belief that he was slain. She said that he spent the early part of Thursday night buying Christmas presents for their three children and other members of the family.

When her husband arose yesterday morning, Mrs. McGuinness said, he immediately set to work preparing for the holidays. He placed a Christmas tree in the parlor of their home, and was decorating it, when he said that he would have to start for his office.

She joined in endeavoring to learn from officials at Mr. O'Connor's office whether her husband had been assigned to any particular work in the vicinity of Newark Bay.

Investigation by the police of the conditions under which the body was found revealed that a passer-by first saw it on the muddy beach about six feet from land. The clothing was wet and it was apparent that the body had been in the water several hours.

Because of the muddy condition of the shore at that point the detectives were unable to find any trace of footprints. They learned that an automobile tire was washed ashore a short distance from the place where the body was found and that the man who found the tire did not see the body.

Mrs. James Tumulty, mother-in-law of the dead man, said last night that when the agent left home yesterday morning he had in his pockets $200 with which he intended to buy a coat for his wife. The night before he telephoned to Miss Julia Tumulty, a cousin of Secretary Tumulty, and made an appointment to meet her here to aid him in the purchase.

When he did not appear at the appointed place yesterday forenoon, Mrs. Tumulty said, her daughter called up Mrs. McGuinness and asked why her husband did not meet her. Mrs. McGuinness told her that he had left for his office several hours before.

Mrs. Tumulty also said that McGuinness had in his pocket a gold watch and chain, but when his brother and other members of the family called at the morgue they were informed but $16 was found on the body.

Santa Claus Drops Toys From Airplane

RIDGEWOOD, N. J., Dec. 24.—Santa Claus came out of the clouds, not bounding over the hilltops, to Ridgewood today. He circled so low before the assembled hundreds of dancing children that they could see the pink of his cheeks and the whirl of his whiskers as his airplane cut didoes in the air and then to cap the climax the old boy dropped dolls and toys that floated down in miniature parachutes to the eager throng below.

Santa's trip was arranged by the Christmas Tree Association of Ridgewood. Lieutenant Fred Nixon of Paterson, aviation pilot, brought the holiday saint here. Harry Rouclere, proprietor of the Rouclere Hotel of Ridgewood, rode in the plane and impersonated Santa Claus. When Santa descended a troop of children escorted him to Wilsey Hall, where presents were distributed and exercises held.

DOCTOR'S WIFE HELD ON FRAUD CHARGE

Mrs. Ruth Ruickholdt Accused of Attempting to Get Jewelry by Trick.

POSED AS WEALTHY WOMAN

Arrested as She Called at Express Office for Goods—Doesn't Know Why She Did It.

Detective Frank Casassa, attached to Inspector Coughlan's staff, yesterday arrested Mrs. Ruth Ruickholdt, wife of Dr. Charles A. Ruickholdt, of 890 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., as she received a package at the office of the Adams Express Company, 52 Broadway. She was taken to the West Thirty-seventh Street police station, charged with grand larceny, and put in charge of the police matron while the police got into communication with her husband.

It took Inspectors Coughlan and Lahey several hours at Police Headquarters to make Mrs. Ruickholdt admit that she was not Mrs. Alfred Mitchell, whom she professed to be. According to the police, Mrs. Ruickholdt, posing as Mrs. Mitchell, who is wealthy and socially known in Connecticut, tried to defraud the jewelry firm of Perry & Stone of New London, Conn., of a diamond ring and watch.

The police say that Mrs. Ruickholdt a few days ago sent a telegram to the firm asking them to send diamonds and a platinum wrist watch of the total value of $20,000 to $30,000 to Mrs. Mitchell to be called for at the Adams Express Company's office at 52 Broadway. She used the telephone at the McAlpin Hotel to call up the telegraph office in sending the message, and a clerk at the hotel became suspicious. Upon investigation he found that the real Mrs. Mitchell was in Florida. The jewelry firm was notified and reported the matter to the Pinkerton Detective Agency which in turn called in the New York Police Department. A counterfeit package was sent to the Adams Express Company's office, and when a tall, handsome woman asked for it yesterday Detective Casassa arrested her and took her to headquarters.

After a long cross-examination the woman, according to the police, admitted she was Mrs. Ruickholdt and that she was living at the Murray Hill Hotel under the name of Mrs. E. L. Porter of Boston. Asked why she had tried to impersonate Mrs. Mitchell, the woman, according to the police, broke down and replied that she did not know.

"I am only a foolish woman," she sobbed. "This will kill my husband."

According to the police the woman by a similar method obtained $1,000 from Mrs. Elma Sharp of Derby, Conn., also tried well to do and prominent socially in Connecticut. The police say that on Dec. 2 Mrs. Ruickholdt sent a telegram from the Hotel McAlpin to Mrs. Sharp, signing it Charlotte Sharp, stating that she was in trouble and asking that $1,000 be sent to her immediately. The money was sent, but later Mrs. Sharp learned that her cousin, Miss Charlotte Sharp, had not sent the message. The matter was reported to the police and the mystery cleared up when Mrs. Ruickholdt was arrested.

When the woman was taken to the West Thirty-seventh Street Station the police searched her room at the Murray Hill Hotel. They said they found about $850 worth of goods which had been obtained from a Forty-second Street sporting goods store and ordered sent to Charlotte Sharp at the hotel. This case also is being investigated.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 24.—Mrs. C. A. Ruickholdt is the wife of Dr. Charles A. Ruickholdt of this city. It was said at the Ruickholdt home tonight that the doctor was in New York. The family had had no word about the arrest of Mrs. Ruickholdt. Mrs. Ruickholdt's husband inherited $35,000 from the estate of his father, Dr. August Ruickholdt. Some time ago it was reported that Mrs. Ruickholdt had inherited $200,000 from a relative in London. Whether she received the money is not known here.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Dec. 24.—Mr. Perry of the jewelry firm of Perry & Stone said tonight that the fact that Mrs. Mitchell was represented as ordering jewelry worth from $20,000 to $30,000 by telephone excited suspicion. The woman in telephoning also asked for Mr. Stone, a member of the firm who has been dead three years.

Serve BELL-ANS After Xmas Dinner to relieve over-eating discomfort.—Advt.

ENRIGHT RESIGNS HIS LIEUTENANCY; BECOMES A CIVILIAN

Commissioner Puts Himself on Pension List at $3,750 a Year Under Law of 1918.

PARK CLOSED AT MIDNIGHT

Police Find It a Rendezvous for Criminals and Shut It Between 12 and 6 A. M.

HOTEL DETECTIVES WARNED

Enright Again Defends Police and Denies Suppression of News Concerning Crimes.

Christmas Eve was quiet in criminal circles, so far as events there became public. There were one or two exciting early morning crimes and the record of arrests and arraignments showed that hold-up men and burglars still were active. The rest of the day passed without a thrill, except that Richard E. Enright, Police Commissioner, transferred Richard E. Enright, police lieutenant, from leave of absence to the retired list. The Commissioner placed himself on the pension roll at $3,750 a year, one-half the salary of a chief inspector.

This action by the Commissioner, several Christmas promotions and a few transfers were the principal events of the day. The only actual added measures of protection were the closing of Central Park between midnight and 6 A. M. and an appeal issued by the Commissioner to hotel detectives and watchmen to be vigilant in protecting guests.

Mayor Hylan wrote a long letter to Mrs. George E. Owens, whom he addressed at the Hotel Astor, reviewing recent steps to suppress crimes of violence, and Commissioner Enright in an interview renewed his defense of the department, denying that any news of crime was being suppressed.

Commissioner Now a Civilian.

News that Mr. Enright had become a civilian at midnight, Dec. 24, was made public in the first item of General Orders No. 292. The item read:

"The following members of the force are relieved and dismissed from the police force and placed on the roll of the Police Pension Fund and are awarded the following pension:

"To take effect 12 M. Dec. 22, 1920:

"Lieutenant Richard E. Enright, 1634 Precinct, at $3,750 per annum, in accordance with Chapter 951, Laws of 1918. Appointed Nov. 2, 1896."

Others mentioned in the order were two sergeants, retired at their own request.

The law of which the Commissioner availed himself was one of the police bills passed by the Legislature in 1918 at the instance of the Mayor and the Commissioner.

The Commissioner, who had been holding his position on a leave of absence granted by Mayor Hylan from year to year, a leave which expired on Dec. 22, explained that his purpose in retiring at this time was to make vacant a place for another Lieutenant. Promotion of a Sergeant to the Lieutenancy he relinquished would in turn permit the appointment of another Sergeant, which would make a vacancy for another patrolman in addition to the 1,360 recently authorized by the Board of Estimate.

Mr. Enright's action at a time when there is much agitation with regard to police affairs aroused much speculation at headquarters, but beyond his own announcement of his reason no explanation was forthcoming.

The effect of the retirement is to enable him at any time he ceases to be Commissioner to draw $3,750 a year from the city for life. Had the law not been passed he would have been eligible for retirement at one-half a Lieutenant's pay, or $1,650 a year.

Legality of Action Questioned.

Men familiar with the workings of the department, particularly in its legal aspects, were inclined to question both the propriety and the legality of Mr. Enright's making himself the beneficiary of legislation that he had been instrumental in getting onto the statute books. Some veterans of the department thought the question would be thrashed out in the courts as the result of a taxpayer's suit. They held that Mr. Enright, the Commissioner, could not retire Mr. Enright, the Lieutenant on leave of absence. They believed the added tax on the pension fund imposed by his retirement and the prospective similar retirements of Deputies Cray and Faurot would not be sustained by the courts.

Aside from the occurrence at Headquarters, the most interesting event of the day was an attempt at burglary in the apartment of Robert L. Ireland in the Murray Hill Hotel.

A few hours after Commissioner Enright had been apprised of this early morning crime he issued this statement:

"In most of the large hotels throughout the city there is a special staff of house detectives who are supposed to look after the safety of guests as well as the property and interest of the hotel generally. These detectives should give special attention to suspicious characters who may frequent these hotels and promptly communicate with the police when co-operation is desired. There are usually one or more police officers in uniform, in front or in the immediate vicinity of all large hotels, and there are many detectives of this department always in these localities.

"Members of this department cannot be expected to, nor should they, enter hotels and watch over the affairs of the guests in the various rooms, but when called upon we will render every possible assistance."

Commissioner Enright conferred with Park Commissioner Francis D. Gallatin

criminals and that pedestrians or automobilists using it at night run the risk of being attacked. His order covering the closing of the park read:

"To members of the department, particularly to the police in the Arsenal Station, the Thirty-third Precinct, for the protection of the public:

"The Commissioner of Parks, Francis D. Gallatin, and Police Commissioner Enright have directed that Central Park be closed for pedestrians and vehicular traffic from 12 midnight to 6 A. M. until further orders. The transverse roads will be open for traffic and well policed."

"All persons found in the park after 12 P. M. will be warned to leave it before midnight and persons found inside its boundaries after the closing hour will be forced to furnish satisfactory explanations or will be taken to the Arsenal Police Station.

Promotions Are Announced.

Several officers, sergeants and patrolmen were summoned to headquarters yesterday while Commissioner Enright pinned on their breasts the badges of the ranks to which he had promoted them in time for them to enjoy their elevation on Christmas Day. Two acting Inspectors headed the list, being made regular Inspectors. They were Thomas F. Walsh, in charge of the Eighth Inspection District, Staten Island, and Byron R. Sackett, in command of the Tenth Inspection District, Brooklyn.

Inspector Walsh became a patrolman in 1895, Sergeant in 1903, Lieutenant in 1909 and Captain in 1918. He was born in 1868, lives at 250 West Twenty-ninth Street and was a bookkeeper before he entered the department. He received commendation for excellent police duty in saving the life of a drowning man Aug. 31, 1914.

Inspector Sackett joined the force in 1899, became a Sergeant six years later, a Lieutenant in 1907 and a Captain in 1917. He is 45 years old and lives at 518 West 138th Street. He received commendation for stopping a runaway horse in 1917.

The new Captains and their assignments were: Ernest Von Dieselski, to command the detectives of the Seventeenth Detective Division, with headquarters at the Fourth Street Station, Queens; James McIvor, to command the New Dorp, S. I., Precinct; Patrick Keamy, to command the Old Slip Station, and John McCarthy, to command the Fifth Street Station.

Eight Sergeants Promoted.

These eight sergeants were promoted to Lieutenancies: James Cavanaugh, Headquarters Division; Frederick Spellman, Ralph Avenue, Brooklyn, Station; William Plant, Wilson Avenue, Brooklyn, Station; Denis Glavin, Tottenville, S. I., Station; Joseph Courtenay, East Twenty-second Street Station; Adam McMullin, Ralph Avenue, Brooklyn, Station; Martin Noonan, Motorcycle Squad No. 2; Daniel Connelly, Madison Street Station. Courtenay is President of the Sergeants' Benevolent Association.

These nineteen patrolmen were made sergeants: Patrick O'Brien, Headquarters Division; Richard O'Connor, Coney Island Station; Hugh McGuire, Poplar Street Station; John S. Armstrong, Automobile Squad, John J. McGowan, Traffic D; Patrick McDonald, Traffic B; Clarence A. Tiomeny, Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn; Daniel S. Cashman, Lawrence Avenue, Brooklyn; Morris Greenberg, Motorcycle Squad No. 1; Edward Brady, Richmond Hill, Queens; Jeremiah J. Crowley, Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn; John J. Keating, East Twenty-second Street Station; Harry Taylor, Long Island City Precinct; Martin F. Bracken, Headquarters Division; David Rossberg, Richmond Hill; Daniel L. Murtaugh, Traffic B; Edward Burke, Traffic A; Burgis E. Thompson, Traffic B, and Michael T. Murphy, Astoria Station.

Police Captains Transferred.

The following transfers of police captains was announced at Headquarters:

Oscar P. Himmel, from the Old Slip Station to the Lawrence Avenue Station, Brooklyn; Frederick W. Blohm, from the Fifth Street Station to the White Plains Avenue Station, the Bronx; Richard O'Connor, from the East Eighty-eighth Street Station to the East 104th Street Station; Abraham I. Stewart, from the New Dorp Station, Staten Island, to the Astoria Station; Charles E. Northup, from the Lawrence Avenue Station, Brooklyn, to the Bath Beach Station; Albert F. Mason, from the Astoria Station to the East Eighty-eighth Street Station, and John Sweet, from the White Plains Avenue Station to the Traffic Station, the Bronx.

Captain Stewart is the man who wounded himself slightly a few days ago in killing an alleged highwayman. It was said his transfer had nothing to do with the incident, being made at his own request that he might be assigned to duty nearer his home in Astoria.

The letter addressed by Mayor Hylan to Mrs. George E. Owens, President, the Government Club, Hotel Astor, New York, said it was in reply to one addressed by Mrs. Owens to the Mayor of Dec. 20 "demanding what plans are being formulated for adequate police protection." The Mayor wrote that the many vile and disreputable hotels that were in existence when he came into office had been driven out of business, said he had driven out of business powerful gamblers who had been unmolested for years, and attributed some of the enmity to his Administration to his refusal to let the gamblers operate. He blamed existing conditions on the great labor unrest throughout the country, the many persons thrown out of employment and "after-war conditions generally."

Review of Police Measures.

In a review of recent police measures the Mayor alluded to the restoration of the old platoon system, generally credited to Commissioner Arthur Woods, saying it had been established by Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo; he told of the calling out of police reserves, the instituting of automobile patrols, the request to other city departments to be on the alert, the investigation of citizens abroad after midnight, special protection for banks and jewelry houses, the use of motorcycles with side cars in patrolling, and concluded:

"Automobiles will be secured in the very near future so that inspectors can patrol their districts. Some of these districts are many miles long and the inspector is now obliged to walk or take a trolley car.

"The Police Commissioner has likewise requested the telephone company to give first preference to all persons calling the Police Department so that assistance can be rushed from the nearest station house to the scene of trouble. As soon as a full quota of equipment can be obtained, officers will be furnished with motorcycles for such work.

"The Police Commissioner is now securing the use of armories so that the additional increase in force allowed by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment can be placed in training immediately. During the time these men are in training they will render service in plain clothes while off training duty.

"Any constructive suggestions which you may submit will be carried out if feasible."

At the Hotel Astor last night it was said Mrs. Owens did not live there.

TIMES SQ. WILL MISS THEM.

Promotions Transfer Noted Traffic Policemen to Other Duties.

Police promotions yesterday will remove two well known figures from Times Square—Patrick "Babe" McDonald and Burgess E. Thompson—who had directed traffic for years at the juncture of Broadway, Seventh Avenue and Forty-third Street. Both are now Sergeants, and while McDonald will continue in Traffic B as the immediate supervisor of the men he formerly worked with in the Times Square section, Thompson will go to the Madison Street Station.

McDonald, famous as Olympic champion and the holder of more records and medals for "putting the heavy shot" at a greater distance than any other man of his time, got his greatest fame from the title of "Babe" bestowed upon him by the newsboys of Times Square. McDonald is a giant of more than six feet in height and built in proportion, and never in the record of the swirling traffic of autos in Times Square did any chauffeur ever venture to ignore a traffic rule when McDonald's great bulk loomed in front of him. When McDonald went to the Olympic Games at Stockholm his newsboy admirers pooled their spare pennies to buy him a loving cup.

RECORDS ARE OPEN

Commissioner Denies That Department Systematically Suppresses Reports.

SEES END OF CRIME WAVE

Only 1,500 Men on Patrol at One Time—1,000 Reserves on Duty Last Night.

The repeated reports that the Police Department was engaged in a systematic suppression of complete lists of crimes and that they were made public only when arrests occurred, were denied by Police Commissioner Enright in an interview last night.

"There has been no change regarding these matters since I have been at the head of the department," he asserted. "In fact I have not adopted any rule affecting publicity of all criminal cases except in so far as discussion of details may have a bearing on a proper pursuit of the criminals or the recovery of stolen property. In other words, men engaged in investigation of a crime have been forbidden to discuss details of them pending completion of their work, but the facts relating to the occurrence of the crime and its nature are free to any one who may have legitimate access to it.

"As to the records of all crimes, they are open to the public at all times. The records are correctly kept and show the actual existing conditions. In order to suppress or to change the records of crimes, or to affect any part of them, it would be necessary to have the collusive assistance of many men. If a Commissioner desired to do this it would be necessary for him to take into his confidence 500 different men.

"In each precinct the first reports of crimes go through the hands or receive the attention of Police Captains, Lieutenants, Sergeants, patrolmen, clerical men, precinct detectives and finally the general detective force. All would have to be in collusion to suppress, change, or to conceal or withhold from the records any one of the actual reports of the commission of a crime and the receipt of a complaint in relation thereto."

Says Situation Is Under Control.

The Commissioner declared that the present crime wave was being dealt with in the most effective way and that the police were in absolute control of the situation. He predicted that normal conditions would soon prevail because of the measures already taken to cope with it and other emergency means available. The actual number of men available for patrol at any given time of the day or night over the city's 3,514 miles of streets is 1,500 men.

"Of the entire force I have 1,500 men at all times to guard a line as long as from New York to San Francisco," said the Commissioner.

There are 10,700 men of all ranks in the department. The reason there cannot be more than 1,500 on patrol duty at one time was told by Mr. Enright in these figures: Officers compose 1,400 members of the force; Traffic Division, 1,400; Detective Bureau, 600; precinct detectives and others in plain clothes for warrant service in the Department of Health, 500; average daily of sick or vacations, 800, making a total of 4,900, showing apparently 5,800 on patrol. Deductions based on the eight-hour daily tours of duty reduce the total to approximately 1,900, which is further reduced by an average of one arrest or court attendance for one in four of the patrolmen, bringing the patrol force to 1,500.

To these are now added 125 recruits for the Training School, who are sent out with regular patrolmen for night duty, but they cannot be uniformed and added as patrolmen until March.

"To meet the emergency and to get as many men as I have mentioned I have returned to the system of nine hours instead of ten squad duty, as established by Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo, which has added 600 men for patrol," said the Commissioner.

Answers "Soft Berths" Criticism.

Asked about the criticism that "soft berths" had been in existence and abolished in the emergency, Mr. Enright got a record of the personnel of those holding jobs that kept them off the streets, and he replied that 108 men in these positions were permanently disabled and 20 were temporarily disabled. Several of them, it was said, are veterans of the Civil War, others of the Spanish-American War and some of the World War.

"Long ago I replaced able-bodied policemen in these jobs with men who were either on the sick list or were so disabled that they were evidently soon to be retired on pensions," explained Commissioner Enright. "All of these jobs include work that is necessary, but there are fewer of these jobs at Police Headquarters today than there ever was in any former administration. One of them is a one-legged World War veteran. They do clerical work and filing and sometimes we use these to guard raided places, so that the effective patrolmen on duty may be kept to the maximum.

"Soft berths," repeated the Commissioner. "The softest berth I know of in the department today, or at any time during my administration, is that of day work, which, naturally, most of the men prefer. Policemen generally work harder in some of these day jobs than any business man or clerk, as, for example, the traffic men, who stand in cold, storm and trying positions by day so that they are free to go home at night. Most of the men taken from special details and sent out on patrol include policemen who were assigned to the Tax Department, Bureau of Licenses, Department of Health and similar assignments."

Additional automobiles for the police are being obtained in order to cope with criminals using high-power cars. Some have come from the Commissioners of other city departments and Commissioner Whalen of Plant and Structure is preparing to supply more. They will be used as an additional patrol and support of the auto rifle squads. The crime hunters will consist of these divisions of forces, rifle and other plainclothes squads in autos, mounted men from the Traffic Division, patrolmen and motorcycle squads.

1,000 Reserves on Duty Last Night.

The Commissioner said 1,000 of the Police Reserves, uniformed and armed, were on patrol duty last night and more of them will be at work. The reserves, who receive no compensation, furnish their own cars for auto patrols, and they had forty-two cars out last night for as many squads. As these men are mostly in business and employed by day their service will be available only at night.

Commissioner Enright, declaring that he and the Police Department were subject to unfair attacks by the newspapers, said:

"Magistrate William McAdoo, referring to his administration when he was a Police Commissioner says in his book 'Guarding a Great City':

"'I would not allow any New York newspaper to come into my home and annoy my family because of the criticism of myself and the police at that time.'

"Some of the press seem to have forgotten the lovely things they said about former Police Commissioners," went on Mr. Enright. "If they repeated today some of the things they said about Theodore Roosevelt when he was a Police Commissioner the people would resent it. Everybody knows how they crucified Commissioner Waldo, and yet today they are trying to draw an invidious comparison against me and my administration and his."

HE CORNERS IN HOME

Burglar Says New Police Methods Forced Him to Work Unarmed.

Burglaries and violations of the Sullivan law figured largely in such crime news as the police allowed to become public yesterday, complaints of offenses generally being suppressed as has been the custom of late, unless arrests were made.

The capture of James Beaney of 902 Intervale Avenue early yesterday morning, the police said, showed that recent stringent police methods had had one excellent effect in discouraging burglars from carrying pistols. The police charged that Beaney went to the roof of the apartment house at 528 East 149th Street, climbed down a ladder and entered the apartment of Max Haase. Haase heard a noise in his bathroom, cornered the burglar there and sat on him until the police came. Patrolman Joseph McKenna, who arrested Beaney on a burglary charge, said he asked his prisoner why he was not armed, and Beaney replied:

"A man would be a fool to carry a revolver knowing that the police would search him if he were found in the street after midnight."

Magistrate Silberman in the Morrisania Court held Beaney without bail after he had admitted two previous convictions and acknowledged having served a term in a Connecticut prison.

Arrest Two in Chicken Market.

Patrolman Sweetser of the East 126th Street Station arrested two men in the chicken market of Rosen & Scher, 313 East 122d Street, yesterday morning, alleging that he found the lock broken off the door and the men inside with two bags of live chickens and a few which had been suffocated. Magistrate Ten Eyck in Harlem Court held them in $10,000 bail each on suspicion of burglary. Magistrate Ten Eyck also held Robert Ross of 310 East 110th Street in $10,000 when he was arraigned on the charge of having held up Michael Ciola of 224 East 110th Street at 110th Street and Second Avenue, Dec. 20. Ciola said two men "stuck him up" and took $10.

Giuseppe Rospolo of 215 Eldridge Street was arrested at Eldridge and Stanton Streets yesterday morning as he was about to drive away in an automobile, by Patrolman Thomas Lawlor, who said he found a loaded pistol on the man and two overcoats in the automobile. The chauffeur was held on a charge of driving without a license. In Essex Market Court Rospolo was held for examination and Barber was sent to jail for thirty days because of his inability to pay a $50 fine imposed in Traffic Court.

Ashley Long, a salesman arrested for entering the apartment of Mrs. Irene Jaeger in the Hotel Endicott on Thursday, was held in $5,000 bail after waiving examination in West Side Court. "I don't know why I did this fool stunt," he said.

Patrolman Cornelius Link on traffic duty at 103d Street and Broadway, yesterday seized Joseph Isabella of 305 East 106th Street, charging he was the man who escaped from him on Dec. 6, after he had stolen three silk dresses from in front of a store at Broadway and Seventy-ninth Street. The prisoner waived examination and the police say admitted the patrolman's long memory was accurate.

Fifth Avenue Sees Thief Chase.

Cornelius Stafford, a negro elevator operator of 2 West 112th Street, was held in $10,000 bail in Jefferson Market Court on a charge of stealing a fur coat belonging to Robert Baskins, a merchant of 42 Leonard Street, from his automobile in front of Tiffany's.

Mr. Baskins was in Tiffany's at Thirty-sixth Street and Fifth Avenue, and James Cookes, his chauffeur, in charge of the car, saw Stafford jumping out with the coat and chased him up Fifth Avenue. Stafford ran through Thirty-seventh Street toward Sixth Avenue and was gaining when he fell over a boy and was captured. Police records show that Stafford has been convicted several times and was only recently released from Sing Sing.

Raiding an apartment on the top floor of a Hudson Street building, Brooklyn detectives yesterday subdued four men they found there with a woman, after firing several shots at the men, who tried to escape by windows and doors. They charged the men with assault and held the woman as a material witness. The raid was made by detectives working on the hold-up on Dec. 20 at Flatbush Avenue Extension and Prince Street of Charles Redfern, Chief of the Keansburg, N. J., Fire Department, who lost a gold watch and a diamond scarf pin.

A person desiring to carry a concealed weapon in this city must obtain a permit issued by the New York City Police Commissioner or one of his deputies, according to a ruling of Magistrate Geismar in the Fifth Avenue Court, Brooklyn, in the case of John Magnifico, a café owner of 855 Third Avenue, charged with violating the Sullivan law. Magnifico had a permit issued by a Justice of the Peace of Orange County, N. Y., stating the weapon could be carried in any part of New York State. He was held in $10,000 bail for Special Sessions.

AUTO BANDITS SEIZE $5,000.,

Rob Cripple With Miners' Pay at Station—One Wounded.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Dec. 24.—Three automobile robbers today held up W. J. Neale, American Express agent at the West Shore Railroad station, Fort Montgomery, and took over $5,000 consigned to the Hudson Iron Mine Company for its payroll.

The bandits stopped near the station just before the train arrived with the money, which Neale, a cripple, took from the express car. He had started toward the station when one of the bandits approached him, put a revolver to his side, and said:

"I guess I'll take that." He took the money and ran.

John Anderson, a station employe, saw the theft and fired six times at the highwayman, who fell. Scrambling up he managed to get to the car, which sped south.

Posses were immediately organized to block the road. It was at first reported that cadets from West Point pursued the robbers in automobiles, but this was denied by the Superintendent of the Academy.

GIVE ARMS TO CHICAGO BOY.

Doctors Develop Stumps and Fix on Artificial Limbs.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 24.—A remarkable and successful feat of surgery has just been performed at St. Luke's Hospital in this city upon Henry Weigmann, 12 years of age, who was born without arms, without even the stumps of arms. His shoulders, until recently, have been smooth as if his little body had never been intended to have arms. But at the Spaulding School Henry learned to draw by holding his pencil between his chin and his shoulder. He wanted to become an artist.

People interested themselves in the boy, and last May took him to St. Luke's Hospital. There was an operation, and from beneath Henry's smooth little shoulders the beginnings of two arm bones were extracted. Muscles were taken from his chest and affixed to the bones. In six weeks Henry was able to move his new arm stumps.

Henry's teachers, the doctors and the Service League for the Handicapped contributed $475 and bought two specially constructed artificial arms, and a woman from South Dakota has sent Henry his first shirt with long sleeves and his first coat with long sleeves. Today the arms were fitted to the new stumps and Henry mastered two of the three essential movements.

BEATEN BY BURGLAR

R. L. Ireland Suffers Broken Ribs When Intruder Disarms Him With a Chair.

WIFE JOINS HIM IN BATTLE

Robber Escapes Despite Cordon of Police Around Hotel—Victim Tells of Struggle.

Reluctance of Robert L. Ireland, a retired coal producer, to shoot and kill a youthful burglar whom he and his wife discovered in their suite in the Murray Hill Hotel yesterday morning led to a twenty-minute struggle between the intruder and the occupants of the suite. The robber escaped after he had been beaten by Mr. Ireland with the broken leg of a chair with which the burglar had disarmed his captor.

Both Mr. Ireland and his wife, who was Miss Mary Esther Wood of Brooklyn, were beaten about the face and body. They ascribed the escape of the robber to the failure of other hotel guests to come to their aid, although Mr. Ireland said, at least twenty looked into the halls, but quickly closed their doors when they realized he was pursuing a burglar.

Mr. Ireland said if the burglar was armed he never got an opportunity to use his weapon. During the entire encounter the intruder defended himself with a screwdriver from blows rained on him by Mr. Ireland from the front and Mrs. Ireland from behind.

Robber Cut on Head and Face.

Although the robber was bleeding profusely from cuts on the head and face, and the reserves from the West Thirtieth Street Station surrounded the hotel within ten minutes after the chase in the hallways, nobody could be found who saw the burglar leave the hotel.

A cap found in Mr. Ireland's apartment revealed it was purchased in a nearby city, but detectives were of the opinion that the robber was familiar with the interior of the hotel and escaped by a rear stairway for employes on the East Forty-first Street side.

Mr. and Mrs. Ireland occupied a suite on the fourth floor on the Fortieth Street side of the hotel, facing Park Avenue. About three months ago a burglar entered their suite, since which Mrs. Ireland has kept her jewelry in the hotel office safe. She placed several valuables there Thursday night after attending a concert in the hotel. At 5:45 o'clock in the morning Mrs. Ireland heard a noise in their drawing room and awakened her husband.

"I looked at the clock," explained Mr. Ireland, who up to three years ago was a partner in M. A. Hanna & Co., coal producers, of which the late Mark A. Hanna was for many years the head, "and since the time of an attempted robbery a negro hall-boy and his wife had been aroused by mice.

"I was about to go back to sleep when I heard light footsteps in the drawing room. I slipped over to the dresser and took my automatic pistol from the top drawer. Then I tip-toed in my bare feet to the door leading to the dressing room, between the bedroom and the drawing room, and I saw that somebody had turned on the electric light.

Decides to Shoot on Sight.

"That convinced me a burglar was in the suite. I decided to shoot him on sight. When I peered into the drawing room my eyes fairly bulged. A boyish-looking fellow was sitting in the centre of the floor, his back turned to me. He was busily trying to pry open Mrs. Ireland's jewel case with a screwdriver.

"It was such an easy matter for me to kill the fellow that I simply couldn't bring myself to do it. Instead, I crept up behind him, and, pointing the pistol at his head, shouted:

"'Get up on your feet and stand over near that window in the corner.'

"He arose without even looking back. He appeared so calm and innocent in his actions that I was convinced he was a novice in the burglary business and there would be no difficulty in detaining him until the arrival of a policeman.

"Mrs. Ireland jumped out of bed when she heard my voice and came running into the drawing room. The youth moved over toward the window, and as he turned around to face me I ordered him to put up his hands. I was within five feet of him. He was less than 21 years old, swarthy skinned, with a deep gash across his left cheek and evidently a Greek or an Italian.

"I started to tell Mrs. Ireland to call a policeman, when, quick as a flash, the youth picked up a small chair and hurled it at me. Before the chair left his hand I pulled the trigger. The pistol didn't explode. There was no bullet in the chair struck me. It knocked the pistol from my hand and broke some ribs in my right side.

"Then the robber made a pantherlike leap at me, but Mrs. Ireland jumped on him and pinioned his arms. Despite the pain of my broken ribs, I went to Mrs. Ireland's aid. The fellow was struggling desperately. He had broken my wife's hold upon him by a blow with the screwdriver across the arm.

"I struck him in the face and knocked him across the room. The broken leg of the chair lay at my wife's feet. I picked it up, rushed at the burglar and struck him on the head. The blow didn't seem to bother him, although the wound bled freely.

"Mrs. Ireland bravely tackled the burglar again, while I rained blow after blow on his head without any appreciable effect. Then for fifteen minutes the three of us tumbled about the room, knocking over furniture. From the start Mrs. Ireland kept screaming for help, but during all our struggle with the robber not one person in the hotel came to our aid."

Mr. Ireland said both he and his wife were tiring rapidly. The intruder, as he began to gain the upper hand, struggled toward the door leading to the hallway.

"Hardest Head I Ever Struck."

"Mrs. Ireland still was clinging to his body," Mr. Ireland continued, "when I decided to give him one final blow on the head. I put all the strength at my command into the blow. The fellow didn't fall. I said to him:

"'You've got the hardest head I ever struck.'

"Dragging both of us, he reached the door, opened it and shaking us off, started for the stairway. Mrs. Ireland jumped on him again and again I

MRS. BROOKS ACCUSED IN LT. HORTON MURDER

Lawyer for Nicholas Loresch Asserts "Real Murderers" Are About to Be Released.

Bernard M. Sandler, lawyer for Nicholas Loresch, who is under indictment for murder in the first degree growing out of the killing of Police Lieutenant Floyd Horton, charged yesterday in open court that Loresch had been "framed up" by Mrs. Lucille Emma Brooks and John Cavanagh, whose testimony before the Grand Jury resulted in Loresch's indictment. Mr. Sandler said the positions of his client and that of Mrs. Brooks and Cavanagh, who have received immunity, should be reversed.

"The real murderers are about to be released on nominal bail at witnesses for the people," said Mr. Sandler, "having become immune from prosecution by virtue of their testimony given before the Grand Jury. I intend that the whole truth about this woman shall come out. This defendant is going to tell the truth."

Mr. Sandler's charges were made during the argument of a motion to admit Loresch to $10,000 bail, the same amount in which Mrs. Brooks and Cavanagh are now held. The motion was denied.

Mr. Sandler said Mrs. Brooks owned the revolver with which Lieutenant Horton was shot.

"She loaded the revolver and gave it to the boy, Joe Loresch, a mental defective," he continued. "The Police Department has developed through inspector Coughlin that this woman loaded the pistol, told Cavanagh of an attempted attack made by a negro hall-boy and after one attempt to get a man to go after him had failed, got Joe, who was a mental weakling, to do it.

"I have her hat. She says she was nowhere near the hallway where Joe Loresch's body was found. Her hat was in the hallway where the young man's body was taken. She put the revolver back in her stocking and made the threat: 'I'll kill the guy who killed this kid.'"

Mrs. Brooks told the District Attorney that her memory of the events of the evening on which Lieutenant Horton was killed were very hazy, because of many drinks, which she had had early in the evening. She said Cavanagh was not in the taxi with herself and Nicholas and Joe Loresch when Lieutenant Horton was killed. Joe Loresch was killed by the policeman.

FIFTH AVENUE WATCHED?

Not Enough to Bother Anybody, Says One Citizen Out on Xmas Eve.

Fifth Avenue is supposed just now to be the best policed street in the world. Nothing should happen there without a lynx-eyed policeman being right on the spot to see that the law is kept in both the spirit and the letter. Nevertheless, there is one citizen who has his doubts.

He was in Fifth Avenue in the neighborhood of Tenth Street early on Christmas Eve and needed to go uptown in a hurry. A Black and White taxicab was passing. The citizen signaled and the taxicab stopped. But just as he was about to board it, a second taxicab, a black one this time, drew up to the curb.

"Nothing doing," said the citizen. "I take the man I had already engaged." And he did. The Black taxi man was sullen. Black and White was sarcastic—audibly and with a biting tongue. The two cabs passed along up the avenue, side by side, each driver telling the other home-truths about himself, his ancestors, habits of life and home surroundings. Just below Thirty-fourth Street it was more than human nature could endure.

Despite the protests of his fare, Black and White stopped and invited the other man to come down and settle it. Nothing loath, Black did come down, and they set to it, the fare impatiently drumming on the window pane, but in vain.

The bout lasted nearly five minutes. Then Black quit. Black-and-White, with a parting objurgation, resumed his seat, and with a murmured apology to his fare proceeded uptown and duly deposited him at his destination.

But did a policeman interfere? Was there a policeman in sight?

Certainly not. And there is one citizen who does not see why a hold-up, an abduction or anything else spectacular should not be staged on Fifth Avenue at an early hour in the evening without any legal hindrance whatsoever. He says:

"There is an awful lot of bluff about this police activity. I know it."

Seize Whisky in a Dressed Turkey.

State troopers Thursday night encountered liquor hidden in a new manner. Corporal Hirsh Dyke and Trooper Henry Lewis stopped a car containing two men and a woman in White Plains. In a dressed turkey they reported finding a two-quart bottle of whisky and in a head of lettuce and a pineapple two small bottles of grain alcohol, apparently destined for a Christmas feast. The automobile party was brought to New York for arraignment in Federal Court on a charge of prohibition violation.

FOURTH GRAND JURY TO GO AFTER RINGS

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

lief that laws should be passed making the closed shop illegal. This does not mean that I am inimical to unions. I believe unions are a benefit to the men and to the employer, if properly run. Taking our own business, it is of great advantage to use to be able to make bargains with representatives of unions, establishing wages upon which to base our estimates for work.

"The building business in the large cities, especially where fine work is necessary, under present conditions cannot be properly done without the use of union labor, for the reason that ninety per cent., at least, of good mechanics are in the unions, and a good mechanic is worth, in productiveness, at least twice as much as a poor mechanic.

"I have always taken the position in arguments with labor delegates that they have no right to prevent a man from earning his living because he does not join their unions. I have stated to important officials of the union that I believed, as I do believe, that the interest of the unions would be best advanced and placed in the proper light before the public if they would themselves declare for the open shop. Labor organizers claim that this is impracticable on account of union politics.

Says Union Men Are Most Efficient.

"We use union men exclusively on our work where we control the situation, for the reason that they are the most efficient, and therefore the most economical for us to use. I believe that if the unions would come out for the open shop, inside of a very short time all the first-class business in New York would be one hundred per cent. union, and the unions themselves would have the cordial support of the public. In other words, my position is that I am strongly in favor of the unions properly run on the open-shop principle.

"The ill-advised action of the Building Trades Employers' Association in signing an agreement with the Building Trades Council, headed by Brindell, to make all building construction in New York one hundred per cent. union, against the protest of their entire Iron League membership, forced the resignation of this membership from the Building Trades Employers' Association and precipitated a costly and hopeless fight. For the last fifteen years steel in New York has been erected on the open-shop principle, although a number of the influential members of the Iron League operated one hundred per cent. union, and practically all the union steel erectors had steady employment. I believe that if this union had followed along the lines on which it had been working, it could have built its membership up so that within a short time all steel erection in New York would have been on a union basis."

FOR ASTOR ROBBERY

Life Sentence Not Severe Enough, Judge McIntyre Tells Laurence Hawthorne, 22.

YOUTH SENT TO SING SING

Pleads for Clemency, but Court, Warning All Criminals, Asserts "There Will Be No Mercy."

Laurence Hawthorne, the 22-year-old bell-boy who pleaded guilty last week to burglary in the first degree following his arrest in connection with the Hotel Astor robbery on Dec. 15, was taken to Sing Sing last night to begin a term of not less than thirty nor more than sixty years. He was sentenced yesterday morning in General Sessions, by Judge John F. McIntyre, who said that because of a peculiarity in the law a "life sentence" was "not nearly severe enough," and might result in Hawthorne's release in twelve years.

Hawthorne pleaded for clemency. He said his father was the owner of the Fairview Stock Farm at Wellsville, Va. He offered as an excuse his youth and said he was merely the dupe of others. He had never had any intention of killing anybody who resisted a robbery.

"Why didn't you tell who your two companions in the crime were?" asked Judge McIntyre.

Hawthorne replied he had told the police all he knew.

Judge McIntyre said that under the law if Hawthorne had been convicted on all five indictments returned against him it would have been possible to sentence him to 235 years in prison, but that, inasmuch as he had pleaded guilty to one indictment, sixty years was the maximum sentence.

Life Term Not Long Enough.

"Under the statute," said Judge McIntyre, "I could send you to prison for a life period, but in imposing that sentence I would have to apply a minimum period of twenty years, and deducting the compensation and commutation time from a twenty-year sentence you would be free in about twelve years' time. So that you will not be able to be out in that time and again resume your crime activities, I will impose an indeterminate sentence for such a time as will insure your incarceration in State's prison for at least a period that will not liberate you until you are quite an old man.

"I have been asked to consider your youth and be lenient in the imposition of sentence. I do not feel I would be doing my full duty if I yielded to the importunities of yourself and others to save you from a long term of imprisonment. This city in recent times has been invaded by a lawless set of thugs, thieves and murderers who have been perpetrating crimes in this city for some time. I feel, however, that the police have been doing the best they could, and I wish to add that in my judgment the policemen of this city are a brave and fearless body of men. Certain conditions have become such as to render it difficult to cope with them to the extent of apprehending all violators of the law.

Severe Penalties Henceforth.

"Every man who is convicted before me of burglary or robbery must expect from now and henceforth the severest penalty the law will permit me to impose upon transgressors."

Hawthorne and his confederates invaded a room at the Hotel Astor where Mr. and Mrs. Owen C. Lindthwaite of Red Bank, N. J., and Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Worley of Newark were dining and attempted to rob them at the point of a revolver. Mr. Lindthwaite and Mr. Worley fought the robbers and Hawthorne was knocked unconscious and held until the police arrived.

Bandit Holds Up Policeman.

QUINCY, Ill., Dec. 24.—A Quincy policeman was held up early today on one of the principal business streets. The robber backed the policeman against a wall, rifled his pockets and escaped in a shower of bullets from his victim's pistol.

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops

FIFTH AVENUE—*37th and 38th Sts.*

FOR THE HOLIDAY WEEK

Misses' FESTIVITY FROCKS . . . . .



To Dance the New Year in and on, or take part in its informal frolics.

AFTERNOON FROCKS OF CRÊPE DE CHINE embroidered with clusters of flowers in vari-colored worsted. Navy, brown, pearl gray or beige 39.50

INFORMAL FROCKS OF CREPE GEORGETTE, a-flutter with pleat..gs that ripple down the skirt. Coral, Copenhagen, gray, navy blue 49.50

DANCE FROCKS OF CREPE GEORGETTE crossed with bands of glistening silver lace. Gray, coral, turquoise 49.50

DANCE FROCKS OF TAFFETA with skirt veiled in billowy tulle: appliqued velvet flowers. Turquoise, rose, apple green 59.50

Sizes 14 to 20 years

MISSES' GOWN SHOP—*Second Floor*

THE TEXTILE MARKET

Worsted and woolen industries' developments will be discussed by Alexander Walker, Vice President of Strong, Hewat & Company, in The Annual Review of The Annalist, January 3. Published by The New York Times Company. 10 cents a copy at all news stands.

May Christmas Joy Be With You Today and Every Day Hereafter Is the Sincere Wish of

James McCreery & Co.

THE sort of happiness Christmas inspires is far above the material. It is spiritual in nature and therefore the only real happiness man can experience. It is this happiness, this feeling of Peace and Good-will Toward Man that we wish for you today and every day hereafter.

IT is a source of genuine pleasure to us to know that we have helped in our own small way toward the realization of this wish. Our contribution consisted in the effort to make pleasant and comfortable those hours you devoted to shopping. With the dawn of a New Year approaching every McCreerian has resolved that SERVICE TO CUSTOMERS will be their watchword—that McCreery patrons will reap the fruits of the ideals on which this establishment was founded 63 years ago and has ever endeavored to uphold—Justice, Co-operation, Economy and Energy.

FEIN LEADERS K FOR A TRUCE

That They Vetoed Plans Christmas Coup—In- Weary of Strife.

ON CORK RESIDENTS

Complaints Must Be Posted —Dublin Editors Sentenced.

[illegible], by The Chicago Tribune Co. [illegible], Dec. 24.—There will be a truce in Ireland in so far [illegible]dors of the Sinn Fein can [illegible] influence in that direction. [illegible] reason to believe that some [illegible] planned a great outbreak [illegible]day season, but the leaders, [illegible] Michael Collins, reputed chief [illegible] Republican army," intervened, [illegible] anything being done which [illegible]ndition hopes for peace, which [illegible]ve revived again.

[illegible]ement weather of the last few [illegible] has had its effects on the [illegible] of the Irish militants. These [illegible]s are forced to lie out in the [illegible]rly fed and insufficiently clad. [illegible] died of pneumonia, recently [illegible] rest are getting tired of the [illegible] seems to lead nowhere.

[illegible] is much suffering among the [illegible] of the men who are interned. [illegible] thousand are interned at Bally[illegible]ness, and many thousands are on [illegible] for whose families no provi[illegible] have been made. Arthur Griffith [illegible]ued an appeal from prison for [illegible]tions of food, money and cloth[illegible] the distressed families. A com[illegible] of women is organizing distribu[illegible].

[illegible]employment situation has been [illegible] by the reopening of the Irish [illegible] the men receding from their [illegible] to carry troops and munitions. [illegible]ly restores the railway men, [illegible] the commercial life of the [illegible] which had been handicapped [illegible]-up.

[illegible] Fein committee has received [illegible] of a dispatch from Sir Eric [illegible] British Ambassador to the [illegible] States, asking the Government [illegible] that money and munitions [illegible] sent to Ireland with a view [illegible]ng pressure upon the United [illegible] to secure the suppression of the [illegible] Fein organization and the [illegible] of de Valera.

Martial Law Orders for Inhabitants.

[illegible], Dec. 24.—A military proclama[illegible] that all householders in the [illegible] law area on Jan. 1 affix on the [illegible] of their doors a list of all [illegible] with age, sex and other de[illegible]. Hotels and lodging house[illegible] are requird to furnish daily to [illegible] street police station a similar list [illegible] information as to where each guest [illegible] from and where he is going.

[illegible] forces yesterday raided the [illegible] of Clondulane, County Cork, and [illegible] twenty-four arrests. The prison[illegible] were taken to the barracks in Fer[illegible] a mile and a half west of Clondu[illegible].

[illegible], Dec. 24.—P. J. Hooper, edi[illegible] of The Freeman's Journal, has been [illegible] to twelve months' imprison[illegible] and a fine of £3,000 has been im[illegible] on The Freeman's Journal be[illegible] of the publication of an article [illegible] ill-treatment of a prisoner in [illegible] barracks.

[illegible] Edwards and Martin Fitz[illegible] directors of the paper, also were [illegible] to twelve months in prison on [illegible] charge. All three were recent[illegible] convicted by court-martial.

Food Sent from Here.

[illegible], Dec. 24.—The Evening [illegible]'s Cork correspondent says that [illegible]'s meeting of the relief [illegible] announcement was made that [illegible] was coming from New York with [illegible] for the sufferers from the recent [illegible] and disorders, while American [illegible] also were sending large [illegible] of money. The English and Amer[illegible] Society of Friends (Quakers) has [illegible] in his help.

BELFAST, Dec. 24.—Sir Edward W. [illegible], the Ulster Unionist leader, in a [illegible] message today to the people [illegible] says:

"I am afraid the present Christmas in [illegible] parts of Ireland finds little sub[illegible] for congratulation on the peace [illegible] ought to reign at such a time. The [illegible] and outrages which are doing so [illegible] to ruin the fair name of Ireland [illegible] themselves a blot on that Chris[illegible] the birth of which we celebrate [illegible]. But let our prayers be of [illegible] a great change may soon be [illegible] about, and let us in Ulster try [illegible] the example by carrying out [illegible] the religion to which [illegible] to the great benefit of all [illegible] and to the glory of Chris[illegible].

COLBY BIDS FAREWELL TO BRAZILIAN HOSTS

Florida Scheduled to Sail Last Night for Montevideo—Argentina Prepares Welcome.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company. by Wireless and Cable to The New York Times.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Dec. 24.—In bidding farewell to high officials of the city in a reception given for them on the battleship Florida this afternoon, Secretary Colby said he had been overwhelmed by the kindness shown him during his stay here.

"I had heard much of Brazilian hospitality," he continued, but it has surpassed all my anticipations. The honor shown to me by President Pessoa I accept on behalf of my country and countrymen, and when I relate to President Wilson my hospitable reception I am sure that it will evoke feelings of the deepest and most sincere appreciation. There is a strong bond between the United States and its sister republic of Brazil. It is not state in terms of treaties, it does not require the reinforcement of mutual pledges. The roots lie in a similarity of our histories, in the logic of events, in the parallelism of our national aims and destinies. I leave Brazil with my heart overflowing with gratitude and kindliness, profoundly impressed with what the Brazilian nation has accomplished and even more deeply impressed with what it is destined to accomplish in the future."

RIO DE JANEIRO, Dec. 24 (Associated Press).—Bainbridge Colby, the American Secretary of State, this afternoon took leave of President Pessoa and afterward gave a reception for high city officials on the United States battleship Florida. The Florida is scheduled to sail late tonight for Montevideo, Uruguay.

luncheon given at Guanabara Palace today, the Vice President of the Republic, members of the Cabinet, high military and naval officers and members of Congress being present. Later he paid an official call on the Mayor of the city.

During the afternoon the Brazilian section of the Inter-American Commission held a special session to welcome Mr. Colby. Dr. Amaro Cavalcanti, who represented Brazil at the recent Financial Conference in Washington, welcomed the Secretary on behalf of the commission.

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina, Dec. 23.—Doubts as to whether Bainbridge Colby, United States Secretary of State, would be officially received by the Argentine Government as the nation's guest were settled today by an announcement by the Foreign Office that Mr. Colby was to be so received and that Argentina would send a warship to Montevideo, Uruguay, to bring him to Buenos Aires.

The Foreign Office made public a memorandum from Frederic J. Stimson, United States Ambassador to Argentina, in which he stated that the United States Government considered that Mr. Colby's visit would show "without any doubt that there does not exist, and never has existed, any vestige of friction on the part of the United States by reason of the policy followed by the Argentine Government during the recent war."

The memorandum also stated Mr. Colby had no intention of "making reference to questions which have arisen during the last few years, but was only bringing assurances of the friendship of the United States.

BOSTON'S POLICE TROUBLES

Year's Report Shows Difficulties in Forming New Force.

BOSTON, Dec. 24.—The difficulties involved in making over the police department after the strike of September, 1919, were shown today when Commissioner Edwin U. Curtis in his annual report said that seventy-three members of the force had to be dismissed for various offenses and 241 resigned, forty-five during a fire.

During the previous year twelve were dismissed and twenty-six resigned. Some of the figures quoted included the 19 deaths due directly to the strike. Six men were discharged during the last year for joining an organization forbidden by the rules of the department.

The increase in crime was indicated by the Commissioner's report, which placed the amount of property stolen in the fiscal year ending Nov. 30 at $1,630,000, as contrasted with $262,014 in 1916. The loss by theft last year was $1,415,488.

NO PARDON FOR DEBS.

President Reiterates His Determination Not to Free Socialist.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—White House officials were unable to say today whether President Wilson would grant any Christmas pardons, but they did say that the President had refused a pardon to Eugene V. Debs, who is serving a ten-year sentence in the Federal penitentiary at Atlanta for violation of the Espionage law.

Senator Watson Ordered to Hospital.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Physicians have ordered hospital treatment for Senator Watson of Indiana. Intestinal trouble has developed, but with no surgical treatment in a hospital Senator Watson's attendants hope that an operation may be avoided.

The Senator's condition has caused him to cancel an appointment to confer with President-elect Harding at Marion.

LEFEVRE FAILS TO SCARE FRANCE

Leygues Scores a Success in Reply to Assertions of Germany's Strength.

TELLS OF GRIP ON RHINE

Says It Won't Be Relaxed Till the Treaty Is Executed — Germany Can't Come Back, Says Fabry.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—Premier Leygues scored a marked success in his reply today to André Lefèvre, his ex-Minister of War. The debate of the last two days has terminated without a vote for or against the Government, as Lefèvre's criticisms were not put in the form of an interpellation and represented an indirect rather than a direct attack. On the whole, the position of the Government has been strengthened instead of weakened, and the Premier has surprised many who judged him to be the leader of a makeshift Government doomed to speedy extinction.

The comments of the press today indicated that M. Lefèvre's attack has fallen rather flat. The kindest thing said of it was that it served a useful purpose as a public warning to the nation not to be lulled to carelessness regarding Germany. But it is pointed out that he revealed little that was new, and that, if it is true that Germany is not wholly disarmed and is plotting revenge, it is still truer that her military strength as compared with that of France is now so greatly inferior as to warrant France, in General Castelnau's phrase, to "take a breathing space" by the reduction of the period of military service.

The Chamber debates of the week have shown that M. Leygues's policy of compromise and conciliation toward Germany has general support, which is all encouraging sign for the peace of Europe and the future prosperity of France.

Lefevre Dreads German Science.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—Andre Lefèvre, former Minister of War, today completed his speech begun last night in the Chamber of Deputies, in which he explained the differences with his Cabinet colleagues which brought about his resignation and gave his reasons for insisting on two years service with the colors while the other Ministers favored a period of from twelve to eighteen months. Today he gave further reasons, saying that it was the German laboratory that France had to fear more than anthing else.

"That is what we ought to keep under control," declared M. Lefèvre. "We should prevent science from giving a weak German army a powerful weapon of surprise."

The new War Minister, Examilius Raiberti, replying to his predecessor, said he was in accord with Marshals Foch and Pétain in advocating a reduction of the period of military service and lightening the army budget. He announced that the Germans had destroyed or delivered 3,805 cannon, and that 4,000 more were in the course of delivery.

Premier Leygues took the floor again today and recalled that France held bridgeheads on the Rhine which she was supposed to give up in fifteen years only if Germany executed the Treaty of Versailles. He added to the statistics given by M. Raiberti, saying that of the 30,000 motors and 18,000 airplanes Germany possessed after the signing of the armistice she had delivered 25,000 motors and 16,000 airplanes.

Andre Tardieu interrupted the Premier to ask if it were not a fact that the Franco-American treaty, having been ratified and the Franco-British treaty being non-effective for that reason, France, according to the Treaty of Versailles could hold the left bank of the Rhine until Germany executed the treaty terms.

League Points to Rhine Guarantees.

To this M. Leygues replied:

"It is quite true that we no longer are in the position we were in 1914 created by a military alliance. We are on the left bank of the Rhine we hold by international guarantees. It certainly cannot maintain such a state of affairs indefinitely, but that is a detail. The British Government has declared that it is prepared to abandon its fifteen years' occupation of the bridgeheads we could withdraw on the treaty as executed, but if the treaty terms are not carried out we will continue to hold them."

General De Maud'huy, Deputy for Metz, then shouted:

"We are in Germany, as if the Germans want to use barbarous methods if they train their helpers in Paris from airplanes we shall burn a hundred in Frankfort and a hundred in Mayence. Let Germany understand that it is the only means to prevent disloyal barbarous warfare."

M. Lefèvre resumed the floor, saying he regretted that the Premier's figures were not more precise. He declared that the German army would seem to be reduced to 140,000 men. He had documents in his possession showing that under divers names there were formations in Germany of men under arms numbering more than 2,500,000.

M. Tardieu appealed to the Chamber not to give Germany the impression that France doubted her means of defense. He asserted that Germany's armament had been reduced to a point where it was no longer dangerous.

The Chamber voted provisional appropriations for the first two months of next year amounting to 2,415,000,000 francs. The vote was 511 to 64.

Lefevre on Germany's Hidden Arms.

In his speech last night M. Lefèvre said: "I believe Germany still has 200,000 machine guns." He affirmed also that the Krupps had continued working under intense pressure, turning out field guns, after the armistice and until the Peace Treaty's commission of control was installed.

"What kind of gun is this?" M. Lefèvre asked. "We know from documents found on battlefields that the German 77 of the new model of 1916 was not satisfactory. Is it logical to suppose that Krupp after the armistice continued to make unsatisfactory pieces? No: Krupp was working upon a new gun, one that would use the new projectiles which we found left behind when the Germans were abandoning the left bank of the Rhine. They were much more carefully made than the ordinary 77 shells. The cases were marked 'For the experimental batteries.'

"They were able to get away guns, but not all of the shells, and we never have seen one among the seventeen or eighteen thousand we took. Where are they?"

M. Lefèvre also affirmed the existence of two machine guns, one for airplane use, firing 1,500 shots a minute, and another for use against tanks and low-flying aircraft.

MORE CARS FOR B. R. T.

One Hundred Ordered to be Delivered in 18 Months.

John H. Delaney, Transit Construction Commissioner, signed yesterday an order for 100 additional steel cars for use on the lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.

It was stated that the cars would be delivered in eighteen months and that they would cost $36,410 each, an advance of $9,012 over the unit price paid for the preceding 100 and of $15,008 over the lowest price paid for the steel car equipment of the B. R. T. Company. The cars are of the standard type now in use by the company.

CONSTANTINE JESTS AT ALLIES' EXPENSE

"They Don't Know What They Are Going to Do," He Says of Envoys at Athens.

AUDIENCE TO AMERICANS

King Tells Correspondents That Anastasia Is Now "a Recognized Greek Princess."

ATHENS, Dec. 24 (Associated Press).—King Constantine, dressed in the uniform of a General of the Greek Army, apparently still wearied from his trip home from Switzerland, called in the American correspondents today and gave them his first interview since he came back to Athens. He said he appreciated the courtesy of the American officials in calling on him, which was a "matter of common politeness."

Constantine said that, as far as he understood the situation from the short time he had been at home, the Greek Government would follow a conciliatory attitude toward the Allies, and that he did not expect a change in the Cabinet at the present time. He amilingly shrugged his shoulders regarding the uncertainty as to whether the British and French Ministers would remain in Athens.

"They don't know what they are going to do," he said. "Yesterday they expected to go, today they are uncertain. Maybe tomorrow they will change their minds again."

Constantine said that the widow of King Alexander had no status in royalty, but that friendly relations with her would be maintained.

"Princess Anastasia (formerly Mrs. William B. Leeds of New York) is now a recognized Greek Princess," Constantine added. The King said he had talked with her yesterday.

During the interview Constantine impressed the correspondents who had not seen him before with the personality, which was characterized by simplicity in his demeanor there was no suggestion of royalty. Constantine said Queen Sophia had been very seasick during the trip from Italy; so had the other members of the royal family. "Strange to relate," Constantine said, "I was not ill."

Speaking of the coming marriages of the Duke of Sparta to Princess Elisabeth of Rumania and of Crown Prince Charles of Rumania to Princess Helen of Greece, Constantine said that no dates had been decided on. He said, however, that there would be no double marriage—that the Duke of Sparta would be married in Bucharest at the bride's home and Prince Charles in Athens.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—The French Foreign Office expressed the belief today that revision of the Turkish Peace Treaty would be almost inevitable if Constantine retained the throne of Greece. Officials of the Foreign Office are also of the opinion that the recent speech of David Lloyd George, the British Prime Minister, concerning the possibility of changing the Treaty of Sèvres does not close the door to such action, but merely delays it.

It was pointed out that French opinion had always been favorably inclined toward Turkey, and that, although the Treaty of Sèvres was distasteful to France, no protests were raised because of friendship for Venizelos, in the interest of whose country Turkey was largely made to suffer.

INCREASES ELKINS ALIMONY.

Court Orders Blaine Elkins to Pay an Additional $3,000 a Year.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Mrs. Mary Kenna Elkins, divorced wife of Blaine Elkins, son of the late Senator from West Virginia, Stephen B. Elkins, convinced Justice William Hitz in Equity Court yesterday that an income of $6,000 a year, derived from dividends on $120,000 worth of industrial bonds, was not sufficient for the needs of herself and her 3-year-old son. Mrs. Elkins is a daughter of the late Senator Joseph Kenna of West Virginia.

These bonds were settled upon Mrs. Elkins after she obtained an absolute divorce from Blaine Elkins, in lieu of alimony and for the surrender of her dower rights in the Elkins estate. The Court yesterday signed an order directing Mr. Elkins to pay his wife an additional $250 a month as a permanent maintenance.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
584-586 and 588 6th Avenue. 45th and 47th Sts.

Will Begin Monday
December 27th

After-Christmas Sales
of
Mid-Winter Fashions
at very much less
than former prices

Day and Evening
GOWNS

Luxuriously Fur-trimmed
SUITS

Stunning
DAY COATS AND WRAPS

BLOUSES MILLINERY

RICH FURS

and IMPORTED NOVELTIES

A
Christmas Greeting

¶ From this day of happiness we all look forward to the coming year with the confidence and courage characteristic of America.

¶ Our country, blessed among the nations, has all that it ever had and more.

¶ Exempt from invasion in war, inspired by the joy of service to others across the sea, full of faith in this country, its future, its government and its people, we have cause only for rejoicing and for deepest gratitude.

¶ To our friends, who are all the people of this, the world's greatest city, we give thanks for the confidence that enables us to speak of "our best year," as 1920 draws to a close. We shall strive in years to come, as in years past, to earn friendship and success, by doing our best.

R. H. Macy & Co. INC
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

GIVE UP CONTROL IN SANTO DOMINGO

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

[illegible]ously disturbed conditions in the [illegible] republic, dangerous both to Do[illegible]ans and to foreigners, and also [illegible] of the repeated failures of the [illegible] Government to observe its [illegible] obligations with the United [illegible].

In the proclamation of occupation it [illegible] stated that the American Govern[illegible] had patiently endeavored to aid [illegible] Government, but that the [illegible] was not inclined or was not able [illegible] adopt the measures suggested, for [illegible] reason this Government believed [illegible] time at hand to take steps to assure [illegible] execution of treaty obligations and [illegible] maintain domestic tranquillity in the [illegible].

A comparison of the financial condition of Santo Domingo at the time the American occupation began with that of today shows the progress made under American rule. In November, 1916, the treasury of the Dominican Government [illegible] overdrawn by about $15,000 and the [illegible] of salaries, supply bills, &c., [illegible] in arrears. The military [illegible] paid all the indebtedness [illegible] existing. Since that time it has [illegible] all the expenses of the Government, [illegible] large repayments on the [illegible] debt, and according to recent [illegible] had $3,300,000 in the Treasury.

It is expected that the $20,000,000 bond-[illegible] of the country, inherited by the [illegible] Government, which will be due [illegible], will be repaid in 1925, thirty-[illegible] years before it will fall due. An [illegible] $5,000,000 loan made in 1918 [illegible] to be repaid in 1922. This [illegible] improvement in the financial con[illegible] of Santo Domingo has been ac[illegible]d, it is stated, mainly through [illegible] of all taxes due the Gov[illegible]ment four per cent favor; through [illegible]ation of the Internal Rev[illegible] Department and some changes in [illegible] revenue law, and by placing [illegible] of the taxes upon property [illegible] eliminating a multitude of [illegible] and inadequate taxes.

[illegible]ion to the financial reforms [illegible] the Military Government has [illegible] general education and sanitation, creating communications through road building and the establishment of mail, telegraph and telephone service and making port improvements.

Davis Explains American Course.

Acting Secretary of State Davis issued the following statement with reference to the American Government's plan of action respecting withdrawal from Santo Domingo:

"In 1907 the Governments of the United States and Santo Domingo concluded a treaty by virtue of which the customs revenues of the republic were to be collected by a general receiver of Dominican customs appointed by the President of the United States in order that the payment of interest and amortization of the national debt of the Dominican Republic might be guaranteed. The Government of Santo Domingo agreed likewise not to increase its public debt without the previous approval of the Government of the United States. The conclusion of the treaty was rendered desirable because of the imminent danger of foreign intervention in Santo Domingo, due to the default of the Dominican Government in the years immediately preceding 1907, on the payment of the service of its national debt.

"Upon the conclusion of this treaty, conditions in Santo Domingo at first improved, but with the recurrence of revolutionary disturbances the Government of Santo Domingo, in order to raise additional funds, increased the public debt of the republic without the approval of the United States, thus violating the terms of the treaty of 1907.

"The Government of the United States thereupon, in 1915, requested of the Dominican Government that a new treaty be entered into providing for the continued collection of the customs under American control, the appointment of a financial adviser, and the control by the United States of the Dominican constabulary. To this the Dominican Government refused to agree.

Landed Forces in Civil War.

"About this time the Dominican Minister for War, Desiderio Arias, headed a revolutionary movement. Arias obtained control of a considerable portion of the Dominican Army and gained possession of the fortress of Santo Domingo City. Other forces, loyal to the President, controlled the country surrounding the capital.

"Civil war had begun when the United States, with the consent of President Jimines, landed naval forces in Santo Domingo to prevent a continuance of bloodshed and to protect foreign life and property. Shortly thereafter President Jimines resigned, and instructions were given to the commander of the American naval forces in Dominican waters to land marines in the several ports of the republic, in order that they might co-operate with the local authorities in restoring public order and to watch over the election of a new President.

"The Dominican Congress proceeded to elect Dr. Henriquez y Carvajal as Provisional President. The Government of the United States was unwilling to recognize the new President until it received satisfactory assurances that law and order would be maintained and that the finances would be honestly administered, and to this end it required the conclusion of a treaty similar to that requested in 1915. The newly elected President refused to agree to this demand and the American authorities declined to pay the Dominican revenues collected by an American official in accordance with the treaty of 1907 to the members of a 'Government' which the United States had not recognized.

Progress Under American Control.

"The deadlock continued for several months and finally the United States Government directed the officer in command of the naval forces in Dominican waters to assume the direction of affairs. Finally, in November, 1916, since all endeavors to induce the Dominican authorities to consent to the requirements of this Government had proved unavailing, and with the declared intention of restoring order and prosperity to Santo Domingo, Captain H. S. Knapp, U. S. N., was directed to proclaim the establishment of a temporary Military Government of the republic.

"In the proclamation of Captain Knapp, dated Nov. 29, 1916, establishing the Military Government, it was specifically stated that the occupation was undertaken with no immediate or ulterior object of destroying the sovereignty of Santo Domingo, but was designed to assist the country to return to a condition of internal order which would enable it to observe the terms of the treaty concluded with the United States in 1907, and the obligations which rested upon it as one of the family of nations.

"Complete tranquillity has existed for some time throughout the republic, and the people for the first time in many years have been enabled to devote themselves to peaceful occupations without fear of disturbance. The finances of the country have been placed on a stable basis; great improvements have been brought about in public works; particular attention has been devoted to sanitation and public health; the educational system has been completely reorganized with the result that whereas there was a school attendance of about 18,000 pupils before the occupation, there are now 100,000 pupils attending school.

"As the result of the American administration, the gross revenues of the republic have increased from a total of some $4,000,000 in 1916 to a total of over $7,500,000 in 1919."

The quaint play is "white magic." It takes you over the Road to Yesterday—to the young days of the founders of many prominent families. It is gratifying to note on the list of Knickerbocker patrons names that have stood for the *best* for generations; gratifying to know that the Knickerbocker wagon is to be seen every morning leaving "white magic"—clean, pure ice—at many stately mansions built during the old regime.

Washington Irving gave to New York the name Knickerbocker. Almost ever since the Knickerbocker Ice Company has been serving Father Knickerbocker and his family, and takes this opportunity to wish old and new "Knickerbockers" an Old-time Merry Christmas!

Knickerbocker ICE Company



Tube Mill-Standard Seamless Tube Co
STEEL FURNISHED AND ERECTED BY McCLINTIC-MARSHALL CO.

The depressed bay roof type of building construction has advantages in lighting and ventilation which makes it very desirable for machine shops and general manufacturing purposes.

It is a McClintic-Marshall product.

McClintic-Marshall Corporation
General Offices: Pittsburgh, Pa.

McClintic-Marshall Steel Bridges & Buildings

Eat Your Xmas Day Dinner at
A. Fischer-Thomson
Pure Food Restaurant.
Nation Famous for Established Food Standards.
1414 Broadway, at 39th St.
A Merry Christmas Dinner, $1.60.



Keep Your Skin Clear By Using Cuticura

The Soap, for daily use in the toilet, cleanses and purifies, the Ointment soothes and helps heal little irritations or roughness. Cuticura Talcum soothes and cools the skin and overcomes heavy perspiration. Delicate, delightful, distinctive.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 20, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

American Beauty Number

For Christmas Mid-Week Pictorial

The Christmas MID-WEEK PICTORIAL is now on news stands. It is overrun to 56 pages. The Christmas features are: A reproduction of a celebrated painting of the Barrel of Christ, which won such honors at the Paris Salons; it occupies two pages and is well worth a frame. There is also a gallery of twenty-three of America's most beautiful women, including a full page etching of Miss Constance Binney, who posed especially for the Christmas number. Pictures are shown of big events the world over. On news stands, 10 cts.

THOUSANDS ON CHRISTMAS EVE

Thousands Made Happy by Gifts and Feasting in Hospitals and Homes.

SERVICE MEN ENTERTAINED

All in City Institutions Remembered —Greetings From Cardinals Mercier and Lucon Received.

Santa Claus came to great numbers of New Yorkers yesterday and this was especially true of the thousands in city institutions, hospitals and various homes. Mayor Hylan issued a Christmas greeting to every one and Cardinal Mercier of Belgium, and Cardinal Lucon of Rheims, sent the best wishes of the season to their friends here though the Knights of Columbus.

Cardinal Mercier, in his message, said support of his reconstruction fund by Americans had provided Belgians with a happier Christmas than it otherwise could have been. Cardinal Lucon declared the recent Knights of Columbus pilgrimage would remain one of the most striking civic memories of Rheims.

Thousands of meals were served to children and grown-ups and baskets containing today's feast were given to the needy. It was the boast of Bird S. Coler, Commissioner of Public Welfare, that all of the sick, the aged and the children under the care of the city had been remembered, and this was largely because of the generous response to the Commissioner's last-minute appeal.

At the hospital on Randall's Island the children gave an entertainment, and the star number on the program was the playing of the newly organized children's orchestra. After the entertainment Commissioner Coler, Deputy Commissioner Christopher J. Dunn and Dr. John S. Richards, the Superintendent, distributed gifts.

At the Metropolitan Hospital and the City Home for the Aged there was merrymaking and the distribution of gifts. About 2,400 aged men and women in the home each received a Christmas [illegible]

Gifts Limited Only by Doctors.

The only limit placed on the distribution of candy and other confections to the many children in Metropolitan Hospital was that imposed by the doctors. Each little girl got a doll and the boys [illegible] toys.

Bellevue and City Hospital included Miss Muriel Vanderbilt, Miss Katherine Mackay, Mrs. Cadwallader Jones, Miss [illegible], Mrs. Archibald Peterson, Mrs. Sherman Haight and Mrs. Bird S. Coler.

Through the generosity of Mr. and Clement Astor the Social Service Department of Bellevue Hospital distributed presents to all other hospitals having Social Service Departments. Baskets were given away through the courtesy of Mrs. Harry Hastings, Judge Jeremiah Mahoney and Mrs. Mary E. Woolley. Mrs. Sarah Friedman, acting for the Star Democratic Club of the Bronx also gave many baskets.

Mrs. [illegible] distributed toys to the children in its wards. Doctors in [illegible] acted as Santa Claus, the same program was carried out in [illegible]

Dr. A. J. Barker Savage, Superintendent of Broad Street Hospital, and the doctors and nurses entertained the patients. There was a tree on every floor and no one was forgotten in the gift giving.

Gifts From Disabled Men.

The 240 wounded soldiers in Polyclinic Hospital had their Christmas celebration yesterday. In the auditorium of the hospital a staff of entertainers made the afternoon enjoyable. The orchestra of the hotel Pennsylvania furnished music. There was a tree and each soldier received a present.

[illegible] service men [illegible] Federal Board for Vocational Education in Line du Heights, 137 East Broadway, decided that instead of spending pretentious [illegible] sessions in distributing [illegible] they would [illegible] Christmas [illegible] gift buying [illegible] "shut-in" [illegible] visiting [illegible] Yorkers [illegible] Disabled Veterans.

About 40 wounded soldiers and their friends were the guests at luncheon of Louis McE. Bowman, president of the Lotos Club, Commodore [illegible] Disabled soldiers were entertained at dinner by the Executive Committee of the American Committee for Devastated France in Hotel Plaza, Fifth Street. There was a tree, vaudeville and motion pictures.

Hundreds of persons gathered last night in front of the Union Club, 120 Madison Avenue, and listened to the singing of Christmas carols by the 210 members of the club. The club [illegible] Gold Buslines, Inc., distributed [illegible] tickets to about 3,500 families under the supervision of Commander Evangeline Booth.

The First Hungarian Literary Society entertained about 300 children last evening at its headquarters, 317 East Seventeenth Street. Each child got clothing, shoes and toys.

One thousand disabled war veterans will have turkey dinners today in the homes of residents of the city who responded to the appeal sent out by the New York Community Service. Many persons offering the hospitality asked for from three to eight men, and many promised additional entertainment.

Disabled veterans who have no Christmas dinner invitations should apply today before 11 o'clock at the Service Club for Soldiers, Sailors, Marines and Coast Guard Men, 230 West Forty-sixth Street, and they will be assigned to volunteer hosts and hostesses.

Children Feast on Board Ship.

About 300 alien children on the Carmania, of the Cunard line, who will not be landed for several days, were entertained by the company on board the ship, lying at West Fourteenth Street, yesterday afternoon. A Christmas dinner was served to them in the first cabin dining room. After the dinner the ship's band gave the children a concert.

Hundreds of children, little aliens detained temporarily on Ellis Island, danced merrily about a great Christmas tree which Commissioner Frederick A. Wallis and his assistants placed in the great hall of inspection at the immigration station. Every child received a present and so did every mother.

The Boy Scouts of St. Joseph's Catholic Church, Sixth Avenue at Washington Place, last night dedicated and lighted a large Christmas tree in Grove Street Park, in the heart of Greenwich Village. There was a short address by the Rev. Joseph A. Breslin and a musical program.

The Knights of Columbus have completed arrangements to provide Christmas cheer for service men inmates of fourteen Public Health Service hospitals in different parts of the country.

Clothing for the 3,000 poor children in the neighborhoods of the five shipyards of the Todd Shipyards Corporation in New York and Hoboken will be a feature of the yards' celebration. The distribution began yesterday afternoon. The employes assessed themselves 10 per cent. of their wages to make the gifts possible and the company contributed an amount equal to that given by the employes.

The great Christmas tree in the Elks Club in West Fort[illegible]-third Street was lighted last evening. It is said to be the largest ever set up[illegible] a house in this city. Originally forty-eight feet high, it was found necessary to cut off ten feet and remove a window frame before it could be taken into the building. The tree contains 2,000 small electric lights. The distribution of gifts from the tree will be made between 11 and 3 o'clock today. Ten thousand sweaters, caps, stockings and other articles of clothing, as well as toys, candies and fruit, will be given to poor children.

Title for Treaty Negotiator.

ROME, Dec. 24.—King Victor Emmanuel has conferred the title of Count on Giuseppe Volpi, who participated in the negotiations which led to the conclusion of the Treaty of Rapallo. Signor Volpi also negotiated the Treaty of Ouchy between Italy and Turkey after the war in Tripoli.

Mayor Calls on All Citizens to "Give a Thought to Their Neighbors."

Mayor Hylan issued yesterday this Christmas greeting to the citizens of New York:

City of New York,
Office of the Mayor,
Dec. 23, 1920.

CHRISTMAS GREETING—1920.

Let us all make this Christmas a time of special thought. These are days of reconstruction and readjustment, when all good citizens should turn their gaze away from their own selfish interests and give a thought to their neighbors. This is the real Christmas spirit.

Where groups are inspired by greed and avarice, bitterness and hate, there can be no true Christmas feeling. Christmas is a time of charity and brotherly love. Selfishness and love of one's neighbor cannot go hand in hand. The sacrifice of self for the welfare of those whom we meet every day is something we can all practice with profit. It is the principle preached and practiced by Him whose birth at Bethlehem all Christendom has celebrated for almost two thousand years.

Let us speak the thoughtful word of encouragement for our neighbor who finds the trials of life many and burdensome, and let us console him whom grief and misfortune have claimed for their own. In helping one another we will be working for the common good. We should have kind thoughts for all, even those who vilify and malign us. Time, which cures all ills, may soften the hearts of our enemies.

There will be thousands of homes on Christmas Day where good cheer will be lacking and where little children will receive no welcome visit from the Santa Claus of their dreams. We cannot be wholly happy without doing something for these forgotten waifs in the homes of the poor. Those of us who have plenty and to spare should bring such aid and comfort as we can to the homes where poverty and disease have denied little children the God-given rights of health and happiness. We will then be showing real gratitude for the bounty which is ours, and will be heeding the teachings of the humble Nazarene who gave the greatest of all gifts to mankind.

Let us pray God to instil into our hearts a genuine Christmas spirit, in order that we may have a better and a sounder appreciation of what it means to say "Merry Christmas."

JOHN F. HYLAN,
Mayor.

MIDNIGHT MASS OPENS CHRISTMAS SERVICES

Exercises Marked by Special Musical Programs—Ritual of 1747 Used.

Christmas Day services in many of the Catholic Churches of the city began with midnight mass. In St. Patrick's Cathedral the special musical program included the Processional "Gesu Bambino," P. A. Yon; the Ordinary of the Mass, Mitterer; Offertory, "Adeste Fidelis" and the Postlude "Grand Chœur," Dubois. There will be Pontifical mass at 11 o'clock with Archbishop Hayes as celebrant, and vespers will be sung at 4 P. M.

A special musical program was given at midnight mass in the Church of St. Rose of Lima, in West 16th Street. This mass was written in 1745. This is the first time it was sung in the United States. The program of the midnight mass will be repeated at the 11 o'clock high mass.

Night workers' mass was said in old St. Andrew's, Duane Street and City Hall Place. The musical program was under the direction of Professor Joseph Dietzinger. Miss M. Hoskins violinist and Miss Josephine Rise flutist. There was a midnight mass and a special musical program in the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, 465 West 142d Street. Solemn mass will be sung at 11 o'clock.

Christmas will be observed by special services in St. Mark's-in-the-Bouwerie. "Missa de Angelis" and carols will be sung at 8 A. M.

There will be a note of sadness in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, where Bishop Burch was to have preached at the 11 o'clock service. His place will be taken by Dean Howard C. Robbins. There will also be services at 8 A. M., 10 A. M. and at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Rev. Graham C. Hunter will preach at the 11 o'clock service in the Church of the Covenant, 310 East Forty-second Street. There will be an elaborate musical program.

At St. Stephen's Catholic Church the choir of fifty boys and a male quartet, under the direction of Dr. John Philip Foley, choirmaster, sang at the midnight mass. Solemn high mass was sung in the Church of St. Francis Xavier, 46 West Sixteenth Street. Mass in C and the Offertory Motet were sung by the St. Cecelia Choir. There will be another high mass at 11 o'clock and solemn vespers and benediction at 7:30 P. M.

'THE NIGHT BEFORE CHRISTMAS'

Children Bedeck Grave of Famous Poem's Author.

The Children of the Sunday School of the Chapel of the Intercession, Broadway at 155th Street, and members of the Dickens Fellowship yesterday decorated the graves of Clement Moore, author of "'Twas the Night Before Christmas," and Alfred Tennyson Dickens, son of Charles Dickens, both of whom are buried in Trinity Cemetery, which adjoins the chapel.

The placing of the wreaths followed services in the chapel, the children marching into the cemetery with lighted lanterns.

THOUSANDS TO SPEND CHRISTMAS ON SHIPS

Great Number of Immigrants Detained on Vessels and at Ellis Island.

According to estimates yesterday, between 8,000 and 10,000 immigrants will spend Christmas on shipboard in New York Harbor, and there will be 2,000 more in the buildings on Ellis Island for the festive season. The latter will be entertained by Christmas celebrations.

The immigrants in the hardest luck are 1,160 from the White Star liner Adriatic, which arrived two weeks ago with a case of typhus on board. The patient was sent to Swinburne Island and the 1,164 steerage passengers were sent to Hoffman Island for twelve days' observation. When the time expired sixty-four citizens were permitted to land, but the others had to remain on the island because the Immigration Commissioner has ruled that they must take their turn after the passengers on the Nieuw Amsterdam, Carmania, Olympic, Susquehanna, Madonna, Heilig Olav, Bergensfjord and Drottingholm have been examined.

TREE IN MADISON SQUARE.

Crowd Gathers in Light of Its 5,000 Candles for Celebration.

A Christmas tree, big enough for the heart of Manhattan, was lighted last night in Madison Square Park, and in the glare of its 5,000 electric candles a bration was held and Christmas Carols sung. It is called the Tree of Light, and made its first Yuletide appearance fifteen years ago.

The tree, 65 feet high, could be seen for more than two miles along the highways converging at the park. As soon as it had been lighted hundreds of persons, in addition to the many organizations participating in the celebration, gathered about the tree.

AT SKY-HIGH PRICES

Restaurants Get Concession to Remain Open All Night—Tables at a Premium.

WINES FLOW IN STREAMS

Americans There Have Little Cause to Envy Home Folk—Opulence in Gowns.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—In spite of all the talk of lower prices, this Christmas is making a record as the dearest ever in Paris. Reduction in wholesale prices has not yet touched the retail gift shops and food, which is an essential of Christmas, is dearer than ever. In restaurants where, after the midnight church service tonight, all Paris will celebrate réveillon with supper, oysters, chicken and champagne, the cheapest price being asked is 60 francs a head, without wine, and with a subtle addition of a tax of 25 per cent. on the bill for poor relief.

In the famous restaurants of Montmartre and the centre of the city the supper bill will run to 120 francs ($24 normally), without extras, which will far more than double that figure. Such tariffs have never been known before, yet every restaurant is full and tables are not to be had by other means than the most extensive bribery.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—With their wireless greetings dispatched, with Christmas presents bought at seventeen francs for the dollar, and with prospects of cocktails and then dinner accompanied by white wines, red wines, champagne and liqueurs, Americans in Paris are not envious of friends and relatives back home this evening.

The warm, damp weather is not like the holiday time in the United States, but there is plenty of holly and mistletoe in the show windows, and vendors are selling little Christmas trees on every corner.

The entire American colony turned out this evening, determined to remain out all night for the first time since the big French holiday on July 14. Since then the cafés and restaurants have been closing at 12:30 o'clock. Tonight everything is running full blast until 8 or 9 o'clock on Christmas morning, and certain Montmartre and Latin quarter resorts expect to keep going right through Christmas Day and tomorrow night.

All the theatres have arranged to stay open all night, serving cocktails in lobbies and foyers and having dancing on the stage.

At the cocktail hour the leading American bars—Claridge's, Maxim's, the Chatham, Henry's and Ciro's—were jammed with Americans and Englishmen toasting the holiday. Elmo Mano's bar raffled a live goose which had been strutting around the café for a fortnight, making friends and customers. Before the lucky number was drawn it was agreed by the ticket holders that the pet goose would not be killed. A former American soldier won it. He marched home leading the lame goose down by a string, to the amusement of the boulevard crowds.

Lew Hausser's place raffled a live pig which had been on exhibition in the café, and turkeys were raffled in other places.

Nobody ate dinner this evening, because all were waiting for special suppers to be served at midnight, costing from 100 to 500 francs a plate, without champagne.

VEGETABLES CHEAPER IN HOLIDAY MARKETS

Department of Agriculture Cites Some Big Declines—Fruits Also Lower in Price.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The American housewife in doing her marketing today for the Christmas dinner found vegetables and fruit prices much below those of a year ago, according to a comparative analysis of prices issued today by the Department of Agriculture.

Potatoes in the larger city markets, the price analysis showed, averaged $1.65 a hundred pounds today the country over, as compared with an average of about $3.75 a hundred pounds a year ago.

Cabbage was reported to be selling at $11 a ton in Cincinnati, where a year ago the price was $85 a ton, and the contrast was said to be nearly as great in other cities. Onions ranged from 75 cents to $1.25 a hundred pounds in large lots, compared with $5 to $6 a year ago. Baldwin apples were selling at $4 to $5 a barrel for the best grades, as compared with $7 to $8 last season.

"For the producer," the statement added, "the sting of the situation is that all these vegetables were raised with labor, fertilizer, seed and machinery that cost even higher than that which raised the crops of the year before."

TREE FOR HORSES IN BOSTON

They Nibble Apples and Sugar From Branches in Post Office Square.

BOSTON, Dec. 24.—The fruits of the Christmas season went to the horses as well as the humans of the city today. At a Christmas tree set up in Post Office Square the few remaining draught animals in the business district gathered round for gifts. From the tree they nibbled apples and sugar lumps and from feed bags ate their fill of sugared corn-on-the-cob, carrots, apples and oats.

The Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, which arranged the horses' Christmas tree, provided also for the drivers and to them sandwiches, doughnuts and coffee were served.

POPE PLEADS FOR PEACE.

Bloodshed Over Fiume He Would Regard as Sacrilege.

ROME, Dec. 23.—Pope Benedict is deeply concerned over the situation at Fiume, and has instructed Mgr. Constantini to use all the means at his disposal to prevent a conflict and avoid bloodshed. He believes that as the differences of opinion between the Italian Government and Gabriele d'Annunzio are now reduced to such a small degree it would be sacrilege if human life were imperiled to settle them.

Anxiety has also been expressed by the Pope over the fate of the Catholic Moslacan population, which, by the Rapallo treaty, is abandoned in the midst of the Serbian orthodox.

BANDITS GET $50,000.

Seize Gems From Milwaukee Dealer While Bargaining in Street.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 24.—While thousands of Christmas shoppers were surging past Milwaukee's busiest downtown corner this afternoon, two armed bandits held up Joseph Malnekoff, a diamond dealer, and escaped with jewels valued at $50,000.

According to Malnekoff's story to the police, the two men asked to look at diamonds and he displayed them. When he turned around after reaching for scales to weigh a stone, he said he looked into the muzzles of two pistols.

Send Christmas Greeting Assuring Both Services of the Country's Appreciation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Secretary Daniels sent the following message today to all ships and stations of the navy:

"To the Navy Family:

"Christmas greetings and appreciation of splendid service, which the Navy has rendered in this year that is closing, and in the World War. Its peace record and its real Americanism is an earnest evidence of its future service in preserving the peace of the world.

Secretary Baker sent the following message to the men in the army:

"The Secretary of War greets the officers and men of the army, and wishes them not only a happy Christmas but a New Year filled with peace and progress. The traditions of valor and sacrifice established by the army in the World War are a common pride and inspiration to all the people of the country. The new army inherits these traditions, and it seeks not only to be worthy of them but to prepare itself both for the country's defense should emergency call and usefulness to the country in time of peace. We all have an interest in the welfare of each soldier and the country wishes each one of them prosperity and happiness.

CHRISTMAS SHOPPING WAS HEAVY BUT EARLY

Great Volume of Business Reported by Stores and Little Crowding on Last Day.

Christmas shopping was done early this year, in this city at least. For two or three weeks the stores have been jammed with holiday crowds, and the sales were reported to have been unusually heavy. The number of shoppers apparently began to diminish during the last week, gradually growing smaller until yesterday, when it was a comparatively easy matter to get about the streets and in the stores in the heart of the shopping district. There were a great many shoppers yesterday, but nothing like the number who made holiday purchases on Christmas Eve in former years.

The managers of a dozen stores, including large department stores, said yesterday that their Christmas trade had fully measured up to their expectations. Several said that they did the largest business in the history of their stores.

CHRISTMAS CHEER AT DOORN

William Gives Count Bentinck "Fraternity of Nations" Painting.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Dec. 24.—Brilliantly illuminated Christmas trees were not lacking at the Christmas Eve celebration at the House of Doorn, where the usual festive spirit was prevalent. The non-arrival of the ex-Crown Prince, who was expected all the afternoon, did not appear to dampen his father's cheerfulness, although the sudden departure of the Duke and Duchess of Brunswick the day before, on the receipt of disquieting news from home, was a keen disappointment to both parents.

The ex-Kaiser showed liberality to his whole household staff. Every one received a present, and the servants 10 guilders each and much wine and sweetmeats.

The celebration included prayers and the singing of old German Christmas hymns, in which William joined lustily. The ex-Kaiserin, although considerably better, was not allowed by her physicians to be present at the festivities, but listened to the Christmas carols from the staircase.

William gave Count Bentinck a painting representing the fraternity of nations.

The ex-Crown Prince made a Christmas donation to the poor fisherfolk and children of the Island of Wieringen as a token of his gratitude to the community.

URGES POLYANDRY ON FARMS

Woman Asserts Wives Need Two Husbands to Lighten Drudgery.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Dec. 24.—A Colorado farmer having proposed to Governor Shoup that the sanctioning of plural wives for farmers by Congress would ultimately relieve the rural community labor shortage, Mary Cornwell of Woodrow, Col., has suggested to the Governor that a law permitting two husbands for women on the farms should be enacted. Her letter reads in part:

"I have read that a farmer has applied to you suggesting that farmers should have two wives at the same time. It should be reversed. The wife should have two husbands at the same time. The farmer always has two wives. The first one dies at 40 or 45—glad to close her tired eyes on the everlasting drudgery. Then the lonesome widower marries another woman to take up the burdens.

"Now reverse this, give the farmer's wife one husband to work in the fields, the second to stay around the house, help with the drudgery and keep her company, and occasionally have a pleasant word to say to her; to shovel snow from the walks, to carry the water and to take a hand in all the primitive servitude that characterizes life on the ranch. The Indians lived more comfortably than the average ranch wife."

REPORTS SMALL SEEN HERE.

Widow of Missing Theatrical Manager Gets New York Message.

Special to The New York Times.

TORONTO, Ont., Dec. 24.—A telephone message was received by Mrs. Ambrose Small from New York today that her husband, the missing theatrical manager, had been seen in New York on Eighty-fourth Street. The informant was told to get all the information possible and forward it to the Chief of Police in Toronto, who is custodian of the reward of $50,000.

COOLIDGE TO WASH DISHES.

His Wife Will Cook Dinner for Their Family at Northampton.

BOSTON, Dec. 24.—Governor Coolidge, the Vice President-elect, will devote a part of Christmas Day to washing dishes.

He left today for his home in Northampton, where he will spend the holiday quietly with his family. Mrs. Coolidge will prepare the dinner for her husband and their two boys and afterward all four will make short work of clearing the table and cleaning the dishes.

ASKS LANDINGS IN MEXICO.

Navy Department Requests Permits for Planes on Flight to Panama.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Request has been made of the Mexican Government by the American Navy Department for permission for landings on Mexican soil by the naval seaplanes expected to leave San Diego, Cal., Dec. 28, on a flight to Panama.

Navy Department officials explained today that the request was merely a matter of courtesy and routine, and that such requests were universally honored by friendly Governments.

ENGLISH FOR IRELAND

Unemployment and Troubles in Ireland Cast Shadow Over Traditional Celebrations.

CAYETIES FOR CHILDREN

They Replace the Warriors of the Last Few Years—Newspapers Suspend Three Days.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—Christmas this year has become once again the great children's festival. For the last two years there was a wish to do something for the men and girls just back from the war. Today it is toys that make the greatest show, and theatres are putting on an unprecedented number of children's plays. Moreover, two circuses are coming to town. London has not known the scent of the sawdust ring for years.

Shops have conducted a grand campaign of advertising and have made a brave display of pretty girls, but as they closed down tonight on the last belated present-purchasers they were not enthusiastic over the results. Of course there have been many sales of frankly extravagant gifts, ladies' handbags, for example, at 40 guineas; model locomotive engines for boys at 14 guineas, and so on, but the public on the whole has kept off rash buying. They have gone in for useful things and the newspapers have indulged in jokes about Santa Claus providing things to eat and drink, or kitchen utensils.

The shops today were comparatively empty, due, doubtless, mainly to the campaign for buying early in December, but it nevertheless has borne out the General Post Office reports of a fall-off in the number of parcels sent through the mails, due partly, perhaps, to the heavy increase in postage fees and also to a general disposition to curtail the number of presents.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—The United Kingdom as a whole was facing a far from cheerful holiday season when Christmas Eve arrived. Part of the country, to be sure, was preparing for an old time festival, and homes and hotels in the West End were arranging celebrations worthy of ancient traditions. In contrast with this, however, must be placed the grim situation in Ireland and the desperate want which has invaded homes by the scores of thousands throughout the kingdom, due to unemployment.

It was estimated today that at least a million people are without work, and London's East End was looking sadly and longingly toward the luxury of the west end. Everywhere there were reminders for the well-to-do of what Christmas can mean to the less fortunate.

Even the gay throngs in Piccadilly could not escape the haunting look of women who sang for pennies by the curb, or of former army officers in war-stained, tattered uniforms, who ground out music from hurdy-gurdies while they watched through the slits of the masks they wore to hide their identity.

VIVIANI BACKS LEAGUE; TALKS OF AMENDMENT

France May Propose Armed Force Again—Sees Difficulty on Article X.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—Former Premier René Viviani spoke optimistically of the future of the League of Nations today in giving an account to the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Chamber of the present Assembly of the League at Geneva, at which he was a delegate.

France, he said, probably would not hesitate to present for consideration to the Committee on Amendments to the Covenant the proposition of Leon Bourgeois to give the League an armed force. He declared that the League at the present time must not be considered as destined solely by its own force to preserve the world from war, but expressed the opinion that those sceptical of its utility were quite wrong.

"I conceive the rôle of the League at present," M. Viviani continued, "to be that of a great moral guild that will be all the more powerful in proportion as it is prudent in its acts."

Asked regarding Article X. of the League covenant, the former Premier, after pointing out the universal character of the article, said:

"It is difficult for a country that does not want to deceive to promise its aid in case of aggression upon no matter what part of the globe."

M. Viviani asked the members of Parliament to support the young movement, which "not only is the fruit of the past, of history, but is imposed by circumstances to bring the people together and give them the habit of thinking in common and is susceptible of one day becoming the greatest moral authority the world has ever known."

SIXTY TONS OF TOYS FOR AISNE AND RHEIMS

French Gifts Carried to Devastated Regions in American Committee's Trucks.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—Sixty tons of toys, given by the children of France, will be distributed in the devastated Aisne and Rheims regions by the League of Officers and ex-Soldiers of France, under the direction of M. Binet-Valmer, the French writer, who is Vice President of the League.

The idea first occurred to M. Binet-Valmer last year, when visiting the centres of the American Committee for Devastated France, and it was through the aid of the camions of the committee that forty tons of toys—40,000 packages—were transported from Paris to the devastated area.

Appeals for old toys, written by M. Binet-Valmer, have appeared this month in all the principal Paris papers, and the response from the children has been enormous. The headquarters of the league have been overflowing with dolls, jumping-jacks and gay harlequins, and rough soldier hands have been busy sorting and wrapping the "surprise packages," each of which contains a toy and a cornucopia of sweets, accompanied by a letter from the child donor.

COBLENZ, Dec. 24.—Old-fashioned home-made candy and popcorn balls, with Salvation Army doughnuts, will be distributed to every American soldier on the Rhine in the Christmas box which the American Red Cross, the Young Men's Christian Association and the Salvation Army have prepared as part of the celebration. In addition, all the mess halls have arranged for a dinner to include about all the dishes known at home and prepared from the best food obtainable. The dinner will be washed down with light wines, after which plenty of cigars will be at hand.

Harding's Secretary Sees Tumulty.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—George P. Christian, Secretary of President-elect Harding called today on Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to President Wilson, at the White House. Mr. Christian came here to spend the Christmas holidays and Mr. Tumulty invited him to the Executive offices.

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th and 35th Streets

Greeting

TO THE PUBLIC, OUR FRIENDS AND PATRONS, WE TAKE OCCASION TO EXTEND

A Merry Christmas

WHICH INCLUDES, OF COURSE, OUR VERY HEARTIEST COMPLIMENTS OF THE SEASON



J. M. Gidding & Co.

ARE NOW SHOWING FOR PALM BEACH AND SOUTHERN WEAR

EXTENSIVE IMPORTATIONS OF HANDMADE DRESSES WITH HATS TO MATCH

TRAVEL SUITS
COATS
SPORTS WEAR
GOWNS
WRAPS
HATS
AND
SOUTHERN FURS

PALM BEACH SALONS
ROYAL
POINCIANA
GROUNDS

Bayonet Trench Memorial

Series of three photographs of the dedication of the Rand monument over the famous Trench of Bayonets at Verdun, showing the completed memorial, the Rand family of Buffalo, who erected the monument; President of the French Republic, and French and American army officers.

Rotogravure-Picture Section

The New York Times

TOMORROW

CHRISTMAS DAY

Roast Turkey Dinner

Celery

Cream of Vegetable Soup

Young Turkey

with

Cranberry Sauce

Baked Onions with Butter Sauce

Mashed Potatoes and Giblet Gravy

Mince Pie and Cheese

or

Ice Cream and Cake

Tea, Coffee or Milk

The Service that follows means the Perfection of Cookery and Attendance.

Childs

HOTEL BELLECLAIRE

Broadway at 75th Street

The Hotel Belleclaire wishes [illegible], everywhere, a joyful [illegible]. But wishing it won't [illegible] it upon everywhere—more [illegible].

We would like to be able to [illegible] and all over the world and [illegible] in the homes of all people [illegible], the good will, the happ[illegible], the comfort, the good [illegible] that those of us in the [illegible] are blessed with.

The Belleclaire family will en[illegible] Christmas because a naturally [illegible] family cannot allow its sym[illegible] for those less fortunate to [illegible] that out the joy of the day.

If you are lonely to-day, come [illegible] and dine with us—morning, [illegible] or night. You will get a [illegible] meal—at a reasonable price [illegible] and you will be in a happy, [illegible] atmosphere.

ROBERT D. BLACKMAN.



The Antique Gold Duplex Phonograph Frame, $12.75

GREETING

It is our hope that the gift you have received from Ovington's have added a little to the joy of Christmas Day.

OVINGTON'S

"The Gift Shop of 5th Ave"

B'WAY at 38th

5TH Ave. nr. 32d St.

MERRY XMAS!

Can you picture a dyspeptic merry? It takes a really well man to be merry.

There is a merry crowd at McGovern's Gymnasium daily because they are all healthy.

Women 8 to 1 A. M.
Men 1 to 8 P. M.

McGOVERN'S GYMNASIUM
9 West 60th Street
New York City
Phone—Columbus 1998

Annual Review of
THE ANNALIST
January 3, 1921

Survey of financial and commercial developments in the United States last year and forecast for 1921 by men active in financial and economic activities. Complete reports of the year's business in stocks and bonds listed on the Stock Exchange of New York and other leading cities, and of transactions in unlisted securities.

Chart of Stock Exchange averages for the last nine years—to date; a bond chart for the same years; also chart of the Cost of Living from 1913 to date.

Dated January 3, 1921.

THE ANNALIST

Published weekly by the New York Times Company

10 cents a copy

$5.00 a year by mail

Payable in advance of newsdealer

BRITISH DISCUSS PAY FOR PREMIER

Now Asserted That Lloyd George Will Accept Rise From £5,000 to £8,000.

CITE RESTRICTED FUTURE

Prime Minister Abandons Holiday at Chequers and May Play Golf in Surrey.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—Premier Lloyd George had been expected to spend Christmas at Chequers, the famous Buckinghamshire mansion which Lord Lee of Fareham and his wife have made over to the nation as a country residence for the Prime Minister and other public servants in high places. Mrs. Lloyd George—she announced soon after receiving the order of the British Empire which entitled her to the designation that she preferred to be described as plain Mrs. Lloyd George instead of Dame Margaret—is in indifferent health, and it was thought that a period of rest in the Bucks air at Chequers would do her much good.

It is announced tonight, however, that the Prime Minister is not going to Chequers after all, and, although no further indication of his intentions is made public it is probable that he will spend Christmas at his modest home in Surrey, where, weather permitting, he may enjoy some golf.

Some amusement has been caused by reports on the Premier's attitude toward the increase of his salary recommended by the special committee which has been sitting on the question of the payment of Ministers and other legislators. As already cabled, the committee recommended that the Prime Minister's salary be increased from £5,000 to £8,000 a year. The Parliamentary correspondent of The Daily Chronicle, who is understood to be in close touch with No. 10 Downing Street, announced that Mr. Lloyd George would not himself accept the increased remuneration, taking the view apparently that the Prime Minister of the day, who appointed this committee, should enter into a self-denying ordinance.

Tonight a writer of political gossip in The Evening Standard, who also is understood to be in close touch with No. 10 Downing Street, declares that there is no basis for The Chronicle's report, and that while the Prime Minister has naturally announced no decision he will accept the committee's recommendation if it is carried into effect. One of his friends remarked today, according to The Standard's correspondent:

"Of course he will accept it. He is worth £18,000."

The Morning Post, which remarks that "This is not the time to increase the emoluments of any one, and least of all of politicians," says editorially:

"It is perfectly true that a Prime Minister who is equal to his responsibilities renders services which cannot be rated too highly or remunerated too well. When he is out of office, as he may be by the vicissitudes of political fortune any day, he may find the dignity of his position quite beyond his private means. Yet, etiquette closes to him every career but that of politics.

"It is not good that the Prime Minister should have to choose between clinging to office and facing financial embarrassment and therefore if any political office is legitimately pensionable it is that of the Prime Minister. It is a gross anomaly that the Lord Chancellor should receive a pension of £5,000 a year for life and that the Prime Minister should be left to shift for himself.

"The extra £2,000 which the committee proposes to attach to the Prime Minister's salary would be better converted into a pension, but to make that change acceptable at the present time it would be necessary to enforce far more severe economies in other directions than the committee proposes. The scale, especially where lawyers and minor Ministers are concerned, is still too high."

McCORMICK MEETS GERMANS

Senator Finds His Visit Widely Discussed in the Berlin Press.

BERLIN, Dec. 23. Senator Medill McCormick of Illinois arrived here from Warsaw tonight, three days overdue, and found he had been one of the most advertised men in Germany, crowding Santa Claus for space in the newspapers, which for days have commented upon the probable nature of his mission. It is generally taken for granted by the German press and public that he is the confidential representative of President-elect Harding.

Senator McCormick proceeded direct from his train to the American Military Mission, where he was the guest of the American Commissioner, Ellis Loring Dresel, at a dinner which was the first of a series of entertainments during which it is expected the Senator will meet a number of political leaders and German Government officials, including President Ebert.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

BERLIN, Dec. 24.—Senator Medill McCormick was the guest of United States Commissioner to Germany Ellis L. Dresel at a dinner late last night. This was the first social function given at the old American Embassy to which Germans were invited since diplomatic relations were broken off in 1917.

$500,000 FIRE IN HALIFAX.

Big Dry Goods Stores Is Destroyed and Others Damaged.

HALIFAX, N. S., Dec. 24.—A half-million-dollar fire occurred today in the business district of Halifax. The dry goods establishment of Wood Brothers, Ltd., was destroyed and a music store and furrier's building nearby damaged.

Apparently starting in the Woods store during the night, the flames were not discovered until they burst through the roof at 8 o'clock this morning. It was two hours before they could be brought under control.

FEAR BISMARCK BOMBSHELL

Monarchists Hope to Delay Explosion Till Grants Are Voted.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 24.—Vorwärts says it has authentic information of the means which members of the ex-Kaiser's entourage have decided upon to prevent the publication of the third volume of Bismarck's memoirs until some definite arrangement has been reached regarding the settlement of the Hohenzollern claims to property now in the hands of the Government. Certain facts not yet generally known and Bismarck's characterization of William II. will, it is believed, have so destructive an effect on the Hohenzollern cause that even the monarchists will refuse to support it.

William himself is supposed to be as yet unaware of the nature of the contents of the third volume, since no member of his entourage has found courage enough to show him the book, and newspapers containing extracts from it have been carefully kept from him.

Gives $50,000 to His Next of Kin.

HOLYOKE, Mass., Dec. 24.—Gilbert Potvin Sr., one of this city's largest real estate owners, has made a Christmas distribution of nearly $50,000 to his children and grandchildren, it was announced today. To Mrs. G. J. Prew and Gilbert Potvin Jr., his children, he gave checks for $10,000 besides $5,000 automobiles. Each of his grandchildren received $500.

DENIES THAT FRANCE BLOCKS CABLE ACCORD

Foreign Office Says There Is No Franco-Japanese Combination Against Us.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—The French official point of view concerning the controversy over the former German cables was explained to The Associated Press today in a statement issued by the Foreign Office.

"The American newspapers charge France with being in league with Japan against the United States in the cable question and hindering by its irreconcilable attitude a settlement of the question," says the statement. "In the cable question France defends its interests, as Japan is defending hers.

"The conclusion that Japan and France have joined hands against the United States is wrong. France is willing to permit the United States to share the benefits in the exploitation of the German cables seized by the Allies. France proposed to the United States joint ownership and joint exploitation of the cables seized. The United States refused to accept this solution, although it seems more advantageous to them than the proposition made by England. The charge of irreconcilability against France, therefore, is unfounded."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The incident resulting from the action of the British Embassy in writing to Chairman Kellogg of the Senate Committee investigating cable communications, regarding evidence given before the committee relating to a British cable censorship, will be taken up by State Department officials after the Christmas holidays.

It was said at the department today that a course of procedure had not yet been decided upon. Meanwhile further discussion of the incident is withheld.

The British Embassy is endeavoring to obtain from its Government full information as to the handling of cable messages originating in Great Britain and destined for America, and is confident that the outcome of the incident of a few days ago will show that in writing to Senator Kellogg it meant no disrespect to the State Department, but simply was undertaking to give the Senator the facts.

When it receives the report from its Government, the embassy will forward it to the State Department for transmission to Senator Kellogg, if the department wishes to do so. It was said at the embassy today that there was no censorship of cable messages, and that the only requirements were that copies of all messages be filed with the officials within ten days after the dispatch of the original.

This practice, it was stated, obtained in every country except America, and was regarded as necessary to protect the cable companies from imposition and also to insure accuracy.

Ambassador Geddes, who has been confined to his bed by a touch of influenza, was much improved today and expected to get to his office for a time.

EXPECT MORE DELAY IN ARMENIA REPLY

Allies Likely to Await Cannes Parley Before Answering Wilson Inquiry.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The failure of the League of Nations through Paul Hymans, president of the League Assembly, to reply to inquiries addressed by President Wilson to the League asking for information concerning the avenues through which Henry Morgenthau, as the President's personal representative, may approach the Turkish nationalists and the Armenian Government, is regarded here as meaning that the British, French and Italian Governments, from whom the information would come, are uncertain as to what avenues are available for use in the proposed mediation.

President Hymans has now been asked twice for this information. His delay in replying is believed to be partly due to uncertainty on the part of the principal Allied Governments as to what definite assurances they can give the President that his personal representative will have the full diplomatic and moral support demanded by President Wilson in his acceptance of the League invitation to mediate between the Turkish nationalists and Armenia.

At the forthcoming meeting of the Allied Premiers, probably at Cannes, for the purpose of considering the Near Eastern problem with a view to consideration of a possible revision of the Treaty of Sevres, it is considered probable that the question of mediation will again be taken up, and that an answer to President Wilson's inquiries will be delayed until that meeting.

The impression is growing here that some of the Allied Governments are now doubtful of the probability of mediation on account of the erection of a Soviet Government in Armenia and the increasing strength of the Turkish nationalists under Mustapha Kemal Pasha, who is admittedly more powerful now than the Turkish Government and has been demanding a revision of the Turkish treaty. Another influence that may be operating against carrying forward the mediation project is possible disinclination of the Allies to apply and enforce the boundaries of Armenia as fixed by President Wilson at their request.

TURKS SPREAD SOVIETISM.

Moscow Agents Show Hostility to American Relief Workers.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 23.—Bolshevist agents at Samsoun are adopting an unfriendly attitude toward Americans. It is reported by Colonel J. P. Coombs, Director of the Near East Relief, who has just returned from that Black Sea port.

"The Soviet representatives," Colonel Coombs says, "endeavored to persuade two Russians, who were officers in the Imperial Army, and who are now chauffeurs for the Near East Relief, to sign documents alleging that the Americans had provided General Wrangel with supplies. In spite of menaces the officers refused to sign."

Colonel Coombs declared the Turks gradually were introducing the Soviet system in Anatolia, and continued:

"The Communist Party in Angora is opening branches in the principal towns of Asia Minor. A Communist court, composed of three Judges with full powers, is pronouncing the severest penalties against suspects. This terrorism also is applied to the opponents of the Turk Nationalist regime with the result that Nationalist authority is becoming stronger."

SAVED BY WINDOW JUMP.

Sons, Daughter and Wife of H. C. Eldridge Escape From Fire.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., Dec. 24.—Fire at 4:30 o'clock this morning destroyed the Summer home of Harry C. Eldridge, a New York stock broker, situated on the Stockbridge Road in Great Barrington, causing a loss of $40,000. The house had been opened this week by Mrs. Eldridge.

Her daughter Constance and two sons, William and Harry, home for the holidays, escaped by jumping from windows in their night clothes.

While breaking through a large window Mrs. Eldridge sustained a deep cut on the right arm. Costly rugs, paintings and furniture were burned.

D'ANNUNZIO REFUSES TO PARLEY FURTHER

Cuts Himself Off From Italian Officials and Calls On Fiume to Resist.

PEOPLE ARE TIRED OF HIM

Feverish Work on Defenses Going On—Foreigners Asked to Leave to Save Food Supplies.

FIUME, Dec. 23 (Associated Press).—Captain Gabriele d'Annunzio has refused to receive any further communication from the Italian officials outside of Fiume, either oral or written, considering that hostilities have begun. Whenever the poet, or the "commander" as he is called here, moves trumpets blow, while his wild march, "Eja, Eja, Ala, Ala!" resounds.

Most of d'Annunzio's time is occupied by ministerial and war councils and in issuing proclamations and addresses to what he describes as his "loyal population of Fiume."

The people here have declared themselves tired of a situation in which they are deprived of a voice and their exasperation is increased by the almost complete destitution to which the city has been reduced by two years' paralysis of its commerce. They disapprove of d'Annunzio's policy in risking a conflict with either Italy or Jugoslavia, especially as they believe that at this time General Caviglia means business.

D'Annunzio's Latest Appeal.

TRIESTE, Dec. 24.—It is reported here that the Council of Rectors at Fiume has proposed to Gabriele d'Annunzio a plan for a peaceful solution of the differences with the Italian Government, namely, evacuation of the Islands of Arbe and Veglia, but the poet refused to consider the suggestion.

D'Annunzio's latest proclamation, which is of a most violent nature, declares:

"We have spoken and written too much. If our words are not made good we shall lose our honor, having already lost all else. There is but one duty—resist."

Communication with Fiume is most difficult owing to the strict blockade which has been put into force. Ricardo Gigante, Mayor of Fiume, has addressed a proclamation to the people of the city, inciting them to extreme resistance and announcing that he takes upon himself the responsibility for shedding blood.

Late reports from Fiume say the work of putting the city into a state of defense is going on feverishly. All foreigners have been asked to leave within three days in order to diminish consumption of the necessaries of life. Theatres must close at 10 P. M., while circulation in the streets at night is prohibited.

Giolitti Confers with Millo.

ROME, Dec. 23.—A minute report of the situation in Dalmatia was given to Premier Giolitti today during a long interview which he had with Admiral Millo, Governor of Dalmatia, who has just arrived in Rome. The Admiral explained the difficulties encountered at Fiume in having to steer between the necessity of enforcing the Rapallo treaty and placate the resentment of the people at having police carabineers and royal guards watch their city.

A representative here of the "Regency of the Quarnero" today published a communique in which he said it was uncertain who threw the bomb on Wednesday at Fiume which killed a carabineer and wounded two others. He recalls that there are bands of malefactors at the frontier between Fiume and Jugoslavia, the members of which are taking advantage of the present situation to pass from one place to another.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—A dispatch to the Central News from Rome says Gabriele d'Annunzio has withdrawn his troops from Mount Luban for tactical reasons. The dispatch adds that following the proclamation of martial law d'Annunzio has expelled several of his legionaires from Fiume for alleged lack of discipline.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

MILAN, Dec. 24. In commenting on the Fiume situation the Corriere d'Italia, a popular Catholic organ, says the Government should take all measures necessary to subdue Gabriele d'Annunzio for the sake of Italy's honor and dignity.

"It is no longer possible," it says, "to accept temporizing proposals for negotiations with a commandant who will not obey even when the Italian Government applies coercion. Discussions ought not to be entered into with any Italian official who will not obey his King.

"Indulgence only produces new complications and difficulties of all kinds. D'Annunzio openly incites sailors in the Italian Navy to desert."

Concluding, the article says: "It is necessary to finish with this dangerous and capricious man for the sake of Italy's dignity."

ERIE GUARD DEAD, MAN HELD

Railroad Detective Sergeant Said to Have Shot Subordinate.

John Casey, an Erie Railroad detective, is dead, and Floyd Warner, sergeant of detectives of the Erie force, is held on a charge of murder in the Weehawken jail, following a fight and shooting affray in the Erie Railroad yards at Weehawken last night. The shooting followed Warner's questioning of Casey and Michael Lovett, Erie detectives.

According to the story told the police by Lovett, he and Casey were walking through the yards when they met Warner, who asked them what they were doing. A dispute quickly developed into a fist fight, in which Warner received a broken jaw and a badly bruised face. Finding himself about to be overcome, he is said to have drawn his revolver and shot Casey, who died before the arrival of an ambulance.

Warner refused to make a statement to the police, who say that Lovett's story is conflicting. Coroner Charles Dark of West New York viewed the body and will hold an inquest.

SUES HUYLER FOR FATALITY.

Mrs. Bates Asks $10,000 for Death of Her Husband in Collision.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Dec. 24.—Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Bates of Harrison, N. Y., has brought suit in the Superior Court at Bridgeport against Coulter D. Huyler of Greenwich, the New York candy manufacturer, for $10,000 for the death of her husband, Charles Bates, a carpenter, who was killed near the Huyler home in Roundhill on Sept. 21 last while a passenger in a motorcycle sidecar operated by Samuel Coupe of Harrison.

Redfield L. Forrest was operating the Huyler car, which struck the motorcycle. Forrest was freed of all blame by Coroner J. J. Phelan of Bridgeport, who conducted an inquest following the accident.

CHRISTMAS FATAL FOR GIRL.

Tree Sets Fire to Her Costume at School Party in Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 24.—Before any one of an audience of 600 could reach her, Annie Lee Bowden, 12 years old, who was playing the part of Mrs. Santa Claus at a public school entertainment in Zuni today, received fatal burns when her costume caught fire from candles which illuminated a Christmas tree.

She died almost immediately.

BOLSHEVIKI NEAR WAR WITH GEORGIA

Lenin May Not Be Able to Prevent Open Hostilities, Washington Advices Say.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Diplomatic dispatches received in Washington today by cable stated that relations between Soviet Russia and Georgia had not only reached an impasse, but the breaking point, and that hostilities between the two States were imminent.

The situation as described in the cablegrams received today has been growing worse since the first two weeks of December, when the police and constabulary of Georgia rounded up all males who lacked documentary identification or were without visible means of support. The dragnet caught a large number of individuals whose papers indicated that they were Bolshevist agents. The prisoners were taken out into the forests, where they were forced to cut wood for the relief of the fuel famine sufferers.

The Bolshevist régime, in retaliation, arrested Georgian representatives in Baku and Erivan and cut off shipments of oil and other fuel into Georgia. The Bolsheviki demanded further the immediate surrender of three of the ships formerly belonging to General Wrangel's Government in the Crimea, that had sought refuge inside the jurisdiction of Georgian waters. The Bolsheviki also demanded guarantees of the non-molestation by allied destroyers of Russian ships entering Georgian ports. In reply to the semi-ultimatum of the Bolsheviki the Georgian Government refused to release the Bolshevist prisoners on the ground that it had discovered a plot to overthrow the Government, and Bolshevist demands in general were refused.

According to the news received today the situation is the most critical that has so far arisen in the relations between Moscow and Georgia. Previously Nickolai Lenin, who has been able to dominate affairs in the Caucasus from Moscow, has been following a policy of conciliation with Georgia and opposed the invasion of Georgia from Azerbaijan by Bolshevist forces. But the information received today stated that the Eleventh Bolshevist Army was massing on the Azerbaijan frontiers of Georgia and that the Bolshevist military leaders were planning a coup d'etat with local Bolsheviki in Georgia. It had been planned that the Georgian Government should be overthrown early in December, but the project miscarried probably because Lenin himself was understood to be opposed to it through fear of its effect on the Anglo-Soviet negotiations.

Indications now are that Moscow may lose control over the situation and not be able to prevent the invasion of Georgia. Armenian interests in Georgia were turned over to the Soviet Russian Minister on Dec. 14. The Bolsheviki have cut all communications between Georgia and Alexandropol and Kars. The Turkish Nationalists, however, are reported to have guaranteed protection to all Americans in the territories affected and such as are under Kemalist control.

EARTHQUAKE CLAIMED 2,000 VICTIMS IN CHINA

Shocks of Dec. 16 Were of Terrific Force in the Province Kan-Su.

TOKIO, Dec. 23. A Shanghai dispatch to the Asahi Shimbun reports a terrific earthquake in Kan-su Province (in the extreme northwest of China) on Dec. 16 with casualties estimated at 2,000.

TIRANA, Albania, Dec. 22.—Forty-two persons were killed, 200 were injured and 500 made homeless by the recent earthquake in the Tepelent district, it was learned today. The small number of casualties was due to the fact that the district was thinly populated, since most of the inhabitants had left it owing to the devastation suffered during the warfare between the Albanians and Jugoslavs.

BOUGHT OFF 20 RIVALS TO MARRY HER BARON

Chicago Heiress, Fighting for Her Son, Calls de Korwin Fortune Hunter.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 24. Mrs. Cecile Young Heyworth De Korwin, whose cebonair husband, Baron Joseph De Korwin, sued out a writ of habeas corpus to obtain possession of Stanislas Stephen De Korwin, his seven-year-old son, won her fight temporarily tonight. The Baron claims that his service in the war won him recognition among 3,000,000 Poles. He had never seen his son, who was born in Vienna, until today.

Judge McKinley continues the case until next Thursday to hear a score of witnesses, but he decreed that for the present the lad should remain with his mother.

The court fight revealed the disastrous finish of a sensational international courtship. Mrs. De Korwin was formerly the [illegible] of Chicago. Her father [illegible] Chicago millionaire [illegible]. She is heiress of an estate valued at $2,500,000.

The Baron in his petition for the possession of his son states he is 48 years old, was born [illegible]. He says he is of a noble family.

Charges and counter charges flew back and forth during the court hearing, which held many sensational scandal.

"My wife is not fit to rear this boy," said the Baron. "I took him from her other home in Europe and now they and are the principal guests of honor at the [illegible] of Count [illegible], Baroness Stephanie [illegible], of the Castle [illegible], Paris, which is much more [illegible] for rearing the boy. I [illegible] to them."

The Countess was in court, she explained that she [illegible] to America especially to assist the Baron in finding and obtaining the custody of his child. She said the search had required six years.

"Every time we have tried to find the boy or his mother they have heard of our coming and fled," she explained.

"It's all bunk. My husband has cost me $150,000," Mrs. De Korwin objected.

"Yes, your Honor, that's what this nobleman is seeking now—money. He married for money, and he looks upon his son as a certified check that he will get there," A. S. Trude, counsel for Mrs. De Korwin, declared.

"When Mrs. De Korwin married him," the attorney continued, "she had to buy off nine former sweethearts and eleven others who had claims against him. One of his morganatic wives held him up on the wedding day, and Mrs. De Korwin had to pay her $1,000 before the wedding march could be played."

"That's all untrue. I never had a morganatic wife," the Baron countered, "and I don't want my wife's money. I only want my son to be properly reared. My chief ambition is for him to be a good American citizen."

BELGIAN CREDIT IN BRAZIL.

New Commercial Treaty Involves Advance of $14,250,000.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—A commercial treaty between Brazil and Belgium has been completed, whereby a credit amounting to $14,250,000 is opened to the Belgium Government at the Bank of Brazil, says a cable message from Assistant Trade Commissioner R. H. Connell at Rio Janeiro to the Department of Commerce.

Belgium agrees to return to credit purchases to the account of Brazil at Brussels at the prevailing rate of exchange, likewise Brazil agrees to purchase Belgian products and credit the amount to the Belgian account in Rio.

In all the coinage of days since the world began no day ever equalled

The Birthday of Mary's Son in the Stable of the Little Inn of Bethlehem

For thousands of years the expectant world waited for the Christmas that came with its wonderful gift over which the angels sang "peace on earth, good will to men."

Christmas is a man born—not a sentiment.

To get right with Christmas would make men right with one another, nation with nation, and put together again aright this old world almost falling to pieces.

Let us pay real tribute to Christmas!

Signed

Wanamaker's

December 25, 1920.

HEARN

Fourteenth Street ESTABLISHED 1827 West of Fifth Avenue

Christmas Greetings To Our Customers and Friends

HIGH on the Christmas Tree of Happy Thoughts we hang our wishes for a New Year of peace, joy and prosperity to one and all.

We thank our Customers for their gift of continued patronage and good will to which we owe the success of our great business enterprise.

James A. Hearn & Son

NEW PICTURES OF MOUNT VESUVIUS.

A page of special photographs of Mount Vesuvius, showing the new conformation and cone, together with other startling views of this famous volcano, taken by Frank A. Perret, head volcanologist of the Smithsonian Institute, will be reproduced tomorrow in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times.—Adv.

If You Are Tired or Need a Change YOU WILL FIND THE WELDON HOTEL GREENFIELD, MASS.

One of the most comfortable in New England. It affords all home comforts without extravagance.

For repairing china, glassware, furniture, meerschaum, vases, tipping billiard cues, etc.



MAJOR'S CEMENT

Major's Rubber and Leather Cement are good. All dealers.

MAJOR MFG. CO., N. Y. C. Established 1876.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Published Every Day in the Year by the New York Times Company.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President
B. C. Franz, Secretary.

OFFICES [TELEPHONE BRYANT 1000]
TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
TIMES ANNEX [24 St. at Broadway
DOWNTOWN 7 Beekman Street
WALL STREET 8 Rector Street
HARLEM 2 West Seventh Avenue

BRANCH OFFICES:
Boston 2,014 Third Avenue
Washington Bldg. 2,500 Broadway
Washington Allies Building
Chicago 1,836-1,854 Tribune Building
St. Louis Star-Times-Democrat Building
Detroit 905 Ford Building
San Francisco 742 Market Street
London 3 Bolt Court, Fleet Street, E.C.
Paris 40 Rue de Richelieu, Palais-Royal

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two Cents a copy in Greater New York. Three cents outside Greater New York. Four Cents elsewhere in the United States. In Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn, Ten Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, postage paid to points in the United States and Mexico:

	One Year	Six Months	One Month
Daily and Sunday	$12.00	$6.00	$1.00
Daily only	10.00	5.00	.85
Sunday only	4.00	2.25	.45
Sunday only, Canada	6.00	3.25	.55

The week-day edition is delivered by carrier in New York City for 50 cents a week.

FOREIGN RATES

	One Year	Six Months	One Month
Daily and Sunday	$25.00	$12.50	$2.40
Daily only	17.00	8.70	1.45
Sunday only	9.75	5.12	.90

Postage to foreign countries, Sunday Magazine, $1.50.

ALL RIGHTS OF REPUBLICATION

THE ANNALIST, $10 a year; $5 per year in Canada, $5.50 other countries. Single copies 10c. Entered as second class matter at the New York Post Office.

THE NEW YORK TIMES REVIEW AND MAGAZINE, $4 per year; Canada $5.50; other countries $6.

THE TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, Thursdays, one year, $3; Canada $4; other countries, $6.50. Number for 12 issues $1.50.

TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year $4 (Canada, $4.50 (foreign $5). Per copy 35c.

Entered as second class mail matter.

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy $3, per year, $8.

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes in the set, illustrated cloth, $80; three quarter leather, $100; full leather, $130—encyclopedic history European War.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DEC. 25, 1920.

CHRISTMAS DAY, 1920.

At Christmas play and make good cheer,
For Christmas comes but once a year.

Thus THOMAS TUSSER, who flourished in the sixteenth century, poet and farmer. According to FULLER, he traded "at large in oxen, sheep, dairies, grain of old kind"; the wiser THOMAS adds, "to no profit." But TUSSER'S lines about Christmas, from his quaint "Farmer's Daily Diet," are immortal. No one could celebrate Christmas more joyously, for he was likewise a musician, chorister and glee singer, and he knew how to heap a table with smoking viands and to build hospitable fires at Yuletide. Christmas, as a festival and season of song, antics and laughter, has changed easily since TUSSER'S time, but the spirit of neighborliness, good-will and kindness, and the charity which is greater than faith and hope, have not changed and are the essentials of Christmas. Its legends, traditions and customs are indestructible. Even the great war affected Christmas little, certainly not the sentiment of it. Three years ago today, when Frenchman, Briton and American faced Germans in the trenches, the foemen came out of their dugouts, disregarding orders, and fraternized. They exchanged what poor things they had for gifts. Pitiful as at the same time beautiful, was this brief truce of the private soldiers, who in a few more hours, when the guns were to thunder again, would kill and maim and rage.

No, the Christmas spirit will survive all the world's tragedies. It is the fashion to call it a children's festival, but all ch keep up the winsome fiction of Santa Claus and masquerade in his habiliments to the wonder and ecstasy of the little folk are only children of a larger growth. There is none so cynical and atrophied of art that he would forego Christmas. It is only the lonely and friendless and world-soured who find Christmas insupportable. If men and women do their duty toward their fellows in the season of charity, there should be no one so poor and wretched but the day will be a restful and inspiring truce in the struggle for existence. The Salvation Army has a saying: "A man may be down, but he is not out." Many derelicts of manhood, many broken and despondent, have been encouraged to face the world again and renew the fight with hope in their eyes and faith in their hearts because the season of peace on earth and good-will toward men has revealed to them that there is still a humanity strong and sympathetic to help.

The fact that it may say that the world has gone wrong, and that the outlook for healing peace and restorative industry too dark for care-free rejoicing. But the man overcome by this feeling is like the soldier who throws away his arms and limps to the rear. Civilization has been tested and strained often, without being wrecked. There have been great wars before, great plagues have swept the earth, cities have been razed by conflagrations, kingdoms have come tumbling down and revolutions have threatened to uproot all, after in fragments all the wealth of generations of thrift and the principles of safe and sane government. But the reaction to peace and prosperity has always occurred. So it will be again. To quote "old TUSSER" once more:

At Christmas be merry, and thankful withal,
And feast thy poor neighbors, the great with the small.

Away with care, readers; be young hearted and the cost of living is jesting.

THE NEEDIEST CASES.

Christmas morning brings for some of our neighbors no good cheer, no comfort, no hope. Some of those whose stories have been printed in the list of the Hundred Neediest Cases find Christmas Day giving them no message of better times to come. The contributions are still far below the record previously attained.

Many of these unfortunates have been relieved; others, doubtless, will be taken care of by the contributions still coming in. But the need is a great one; there are many more for whom Christmas is only one more day of suffering. The response this year has not fallen short in generosity; there has been a great number of small contributions, indicating the widespread interest in the suffering of this Winter. But financial difficulties have made many unable to give as much as they had hoped. Many of those who contributed immediately after this year's appeal was published have found it possible, after comparing their condition with that of the really unfortunate New Yorkers who may live just around the corner, to send in something more. Most of us can do as well. The families who are still without hope for the future are of sufficient value to the community to make this a profitable investment for any one who feels the problems of his city.

FORCING HARDING TO FIGHT.

Even the sweet influences of the Christmastide do not soften certain hard hearts at Washington. The irreconcilable Senators remain obdurate. In vain does Mr. HARDING'S Christmas appeal sound in their ears. "Let's get together!" They are willing to get together only on condition that he come bodily over to their position. Short of that, they promise nothing, they yield nothing. Mr. HARDING'S new "association" does not smell to them any sweeter than the old League. Even a "judicial league" they are beginning to speak of as a dangerous and hateful thing. They continue to bear themselves as veritable old Scrooges at Christmastime.

Their present implacable attitude merely reinforces the view which sagacious Washington observers have held all along. It is that the Hiram Johnson group are not looking for a compromise with Senator HARDING. They are rather spoiling for a fight. Having successfully stood off the Senate last Winter and bluffed the Republican Party at the Chicago Convention, they hope to pursue their victorious career with the new Administration. They are prepared to resist Senator HARDING'S most winning smiles and most affectionate embraces. They know exactly what they want, and if they don't get it from him there will be war.

This disagreeable alternative must have been foreseen as a possible necessity by Senator HARDING and his wisest advisers. It is doubtless good tactics to try to win over BORAH and JOHNSON by conciliatory advances. But if they will not take one step toward a common meeting ground, if they insist upon absolute surrender or else a fight, then a fight it must be. Mr. HARDING, when President, can easily muster big enough battalions to put these guerrillas to flight. And if he reads the signs of the times aright, he will be making his plans betimes to do it.

THE TREASURY'S DILEMMA.

Secretary HOUSTON bluntly told the Senate Finance Committee facts about the Treasury's condition. This will not yield to a vote on any or all of the measures before Congress. He gave information rather than argument, which is the reverse of the method of most of his critics and of most of those with happy-thought remedies up their sleeves. The Secretary set forth debits and credits which show that the Treasury faces a deficit of $2,100,000,000 this fiscal year and $1,500,000,000 next year. The revenues are shrinking and the expenses are not being reduced as they should be. The alternatives are more taxes at a time when the country is tax weary, or more loans at a time when borrowing is equally burdensome, or the rejection of the various measures which Congress is considering. A soldiers' bonus of two billions, on top of sundry State bonuses, would take two billions from an anaemic Treasury. The loan of a billion to Germany would not be out of a Treasury surplus, but could come from nowhere but from the pockets of the people, after the taxgatherer had gone through them.

The proposal that the War Finance Corporation should advance sundry billions to help the farmers sell their surplus crops on the basis of $376,000,000 to the credit of the corporation in the Treasury depends upon the Treasury turning a book credit into cash, again out of the people's pockets. It makes no difference whether these proposals are good or bad; none of them can be executed by the Treasury without going to the people for the money. If the Treasury borrows, it increases the present dangerous inflation. If the funds are found by taxation, private enterprise is in heart today with the conflicting little folk. They must not suspect from a cloud on the brow, from preoccupied looks, that St. Nicholas, protector and patron of children, has not visited the household to make everybody happy and friendly on the day of all days.

THE NEEDIEST CASES.

Christmas morning brings for some of our neighbors no good cheer, no comfort, no hope. Some of those whose stories have been printed in the list of the Hundred Neediest Cases find Christmas Day giving them no message of better times to come. The contributions are still far below the record previously attained.

Many of these unfortunates have been relieved; others, doubtless, will be taken care of by the contributions still coming in. But the need is a great one; there are many more for whom Christmas is only one more day of suffering. The response this year has not fallen short in generosity; there has been a great number of small contributions, indicating the widespread interest in the suffering of this Winter. But financial difficulties have made many unable to give as much as they had hoped. Many of those who contributed immediately after this year's appeal was published have found it possible, after comparing their condition with that of the really unfortunate New Yorkers who may live just around the corner, to send in something more. Most of us can do as well. The families who are still without hope for the future are of sufficient value to the community to make this a profitable investment for any one who feels the problems of his city.

FORCING HARDING TO FIGHT.

Even the sweet influences of the Christmastide do not soften certain hard hearts at Washington. The irreconcilable Senators remain obdurate. In vain does Mr. HARDING'S Christmas appeal sound in their ears. "Let's get together!" They are willing to get together only on condition that he come bodily over to their position. Short of that, they promise nothing, they yield nothing. Mr. HARDING'S new "association" does not smell to them any sweeter than the old League. Even a "judicial league" they are beginning to speak of as a dangerous and hateful thing. They continue to bear themselves as veritable old Scrooges at Christmastime.

Their present implacable attitude merely reinforces the view which sagacious Washington observers have held all along. It is that the Hiram Johnson group are not looking for a compromise with Senator HARDING. They are rather spoiling for a fight. Having successfully stood off the Senate last Winter and bluffed the Republican Party at the Chicago Convention, they hope to pursue their victorious career with the new Administration. They are prepared to resist Senator HARDING'S most winning smiles and most affectionate embraces. They know exactly what they want, and if they don't get it from him there will be war.

This disagreeable alternative must have been foreseen as a possible necessity by Senator HARDING and his wisest advisers. It is doubtless good tactics to try to win over BORAH and JOHNSON by conciliatory advances. But if they will not take one step toward a common meeting ground, if they insist upon absolute surrender or else a fight, then a fight it must be. Mr. HARDING, when President, can easily muster big enough battalions to put these guerrillas to flight. And if he reads the signs of the times aright, he will be making his plans betimes to do it.

THE TREASURY'S DILEMMA.

Secretary HOUSTON bluntly told the Senate Finance Committee facts about the Treasury's condition. This will not yield to a vote on any or all of the measures before Congress. He gave information rather than argument, which is the reverse of the method of most of his critics and of most of those with happy-thought remedies up their sleeves. The Secretary set forth debits and credits which show that the Treasury faces a deficit of $2,100,000,000 this fiscal year and $1,500,000,000 next year. The revenues are shrinking and the expenses are not being reduced as they should be. The alternatives are more taxes at a time when the country is tax weary, or more loans at a time when borrowing is equally burdensome, or the rejection of the various measures which Congress is considering. A soldiers' bonus of two billions, on top of sundry State bonuses, would take two billions from an anaemic Treasury. The loan of a billion to Germany would not be out of a Treasury surplus, but could come from nowhere but from the pockets of the people, after the taxgatherer had gone through them.

The proposal that the War Finance Corporation should advance sundry billions to help the farmers sell their surplus crops on the basis of $376,000,000 to the credit of the corporation in the Treasury depends upon the Treasury turning a book credit into cash, again out of the people's pockets. It makes no difference whether these proposals are good or bad; none of them can be executed by the Treasury without going to the people for the money. If the Treasury borrows, it increases the present dangerous inflation. If the funds are found by taxation, private enterprise is

PREFERENCE FOR VETERANS.

Aside from the politicians, there is much hasty, unreasoned though well-intentioned support of the proposed amendment to the Constitution of this State giving veterans of all wars an absolute preference in appointments and promotions in the State civil service and in that of all villages, cities, counties. The warm and just gratitude we all feel for those veterans should not be used intentionally or unintentionally to break down or impair the merit system. Nor is it complimentary to the veterans to exempt them from the impartial and general test and ascertainment of merit. They can hold their own, and are ready to hold it, with all comers in the examinations, and many of them have derived from their military education and experience a mental quickness, a readiness of resource, an energy and effectiveness that give them a superiority over many civilians.

There is a preference, however, which may rightly be given to the veterans without impairing the merit system. At its convention in Minneapolis the American Legion passed sound and public-spirited resolutions on this important subject, important alike to the veterans and the public. The Legion put itself on record as "governmental service and to avoid "fostering the claim of the unfit and "the undeserving under color of "patriotism." The Legion declared in favor of "a preference over candidates otherwise equally qualified "to veterans of the World War and "to the widows of those who laid "down their lives in the service." That is, the preference of veterans is limited to those of them who reach an equal footing with non-veterans in the examination. The only absolute preference is to be given to veterans wounded or permanently incapacitated. They are to have that absolute preference for any civil service post which their physical disability doesn't prevent them from filling.

The New York State American Legion is in favor of these preferences. They can be granted without injuring the public service or breaking down the merit system. They should be adopted at Albany.

GRABBING THE NATIONAL PARKS.

Last Spring Mr. SMITH of Idaho introduced in the House of Representatives a bill granting to the people of Idaho—that is, to certain irrigation-scheme promoters—some 8,000 acres in the southwestern corner of the Yellowstone Park for a reservoir. The land was represented as being simply a stretch of ugly, useless swamp. The district wasn't well known. Some inquisitive friends of the pleasure ground of the people took the trouble to visit the "swamp." They found it rich in cascades and waterfalls and hot springs, a region of great beauty. Yet the Senate passed this grab bill.

It is pending in the House. Strong, rich and well-organized interests are pushing it. If it is beaten in this session, it will pop up again in the next Congress. Friends of the national park system must keep their eyes on this measure and help beating it. Eternal vigilance is the price of park protection. Somebody is always trying to curtail or injure the national parks.

The Federal Water Power act passed in the last session of Congress contains one obnoxious and dangerous provision that must be repealed. This provision gives the Water Power Commission authority to grant licenses for dams and so on in the national parks. This is another way toward despoliation of the national parks. Congress should block that way at once.

SANTA CLAUS IN BERLIN.

Senator MEDILL MCCORMICK has at last arrived in Berlin, where, according to dispatches, he is getting about as much space in the papers as Santa Claus. This is proper. To the innocent German mind he represents America, the inexhaustibly rich, which has repudiated the policies of WILSON and is doubtless preparing to lend Germany a billion dollars, or do something else equally magnificent. The Germans are not alone in their confidence that something will be found in the stocking. British papers publish a report that MCCORMICK will sit in at the next meeting of allied Premiers. It is only two years since Europe greeted WOODROW WILSON in the firm belief that he had brought along the millennium in his steamer trunk; and it still seems willing to hope for the best from any wandering American sufficiently prominent to provoke denials that he is an agent of the next President.

While Europe is eagerly looking up the chimney, what is happening to the young visitor? He seems to have been contaminated by the low ideals of "abroad." He is accused of mentioning "new tariffs" among the ills from which Europe suffers. The Senator has been too long away from home. Among his friends in Washington a new tariff—almost any tariff—is not an evil but a panacea. They must be worrying not a little about their wandering boy. It is a part of their creed—or of one of their creeds—that President WILSON went innocently abroad and was taken in by the wicked Europeans. Senator MCCORMICK seems likely to go the same way. If he wants to find a lamp still burning in the window when he comes back from his travels, he would better abandon these sacrilegious remarks about tariffs.

PREFERENCE FOR VETERANS.

Aside from the politicians, there is much hasty, unreasoned though well-intentioned support of the proposed amendment to the Constitution of this State giving veterans of all wars an absolute preference in appointments and promotions in the State civil service and in that of all villages, cities, counties. The warm and just gratitude we all feel for those veterans should not be used intentionally or unintentionally to break down or impair the merit system. Nor is it complimentary to the veterans to exempt them from the impartial and general test and ascertainment of merit. They can hold their own, and are ready to hold it, with all comers in the examinations, and many of them have derived from their military education and experience a mental quickness, a readiness of resource, an energy and effectiveness that give them a superiority over many civilians.

There is a preference, however, which may rightly be given to the veterans without impairing the merit system. At its convention in Minneapolis the American Legion passed sound and public-spirited resolutions on this important subject, important alike to the veterans and the public. The Legion put itself on record as "governmental service and to avoid "fostering the claim of the unfit and "the undeserving under color of "patriotism." The Legion declared in favor of "a preference over candidates otherwise equally qualified "to veterans of the World War and "to the widows of those who laid "down their lives in the service." That is, the preference of veterans is limited to those of them who reach an equal footing with non-veterans in the examination. The only absolute preference is to be given to veterans wounded or permanently incapacitated. They are to have that absolute preference for any civil service post which their physical disability doesn't prevent them from filling.

The New York State American Legion is in favor of these preferences. They can be granted without injuring the public service or breaking down the merit system. They should be adopted at Albany.

TRADE IN STOLEN GOODS.

Mr. MCADOO, in his recent pronouncement on the ills of the world and how to cure them, wanted to reopen trade with Russia. "It is not necessary," he declared, "to recognize the Soviet Government to do this. Why should we refuse to let people in distress, in Russia or elsewhere, buy our goods if they can pay for them?" Why, indeed? Why should the stodgy bourgeois object to those criminals, of whom Mr. ENRIGHT speaks so feelingly, buying presents for their girls if they can pay for them? The fact that the payment is in cash case derived from the proceeds of robbery would impress only a stuffy intellect obsessed by middle-class morality.

A good many people in England have been quite as much interested in Russian trade as Mr. MCADOO, but the English courts take a different view of the matter. A Russian company with an English branch was engaged in the manufacture of veneer. The mill and the manufactured material stored there were confiscated by the Bolshevist Government in 1919, and some of the product was shipped to England a few weeks ago for sale to an English company which had made a contract with the Krassin mission. The goods were claimed by the original owners.

The purchasers set up in defense certain letters from the British Foreign Office stating that the British Government recognized the Krassin mission as representing what counsel called "a State Government of Russia," and held that this constituted recognition as a government de facto if not de jure, which would make valid the expropriation of the goods. The court held otherwise and gave title to the original owners. Naturally, this unsettles nearly all the business connections made in England by the Krassin mission. The question of exempting from attachment Russian gold shipped into England is apparently still unsettled, and since nearly everything else that the Bolsheviki can use in payment for goods was expropriated from some private holder there is nothing to offer British merchants who want to sell goods to Russia.

This is what the State Department means when it says that anybody who wants to trade with Russia can do so at his own risk. The risk can be removed only by recognition of the Russian Government as a government de jure, and even in this case its right to the property which it has seized from foreign Governments, or even from foreign private individuals, is debatable. British financiers have declared that, even if trade is reopened, the commodities available in Russia will soon be exhausted and trade can be continued only by a credit from the British Government. In Italy there has been dissatisfaction over the poor quality of some wheat exported from Russia, and opponents of recognition have declared that those who are interested in Russian trade virtually want the Government to guarantee them.

That is what is wanted by those few Americans who, in talking of reopening trade with Russia, know what they are talking about. They want the Government to guarantee them, at the very least, against lawsuits, by recognizing the Bolsheviki. This means, of course, that our exports to Russia will be paid for by the people who used to do business in Russia. This is a profitable system of economics—for the Bolsheviki.

TO RESTORE SCARCITY.

Congress is merely pottering with the real problem of falling prices for farm products. Higher customs duties and embargoes only scrape the surface. The trouble is that we are suffering from an abundance of goods. If they were all destroyed, there would be work for all and prices would soar again to dizzy and happy heights. Then why not enact that they be destroyed — burned by the common hangman?

Take the item of wool. Senator SMOOT states that a two years' supply —800,000,000 pounds—is now in storage in this country. In England there is $300,000,000 worth of wool in warehouses. What hope of sudden wealth for the sheep raiser is there with such an amount hanging over the market? It can't easily be consumed by the mills, so let it be consumed by fire. Then the lambs would begin to gambol again on a thousand hills, and the people would be once more in the

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Do Cards Demand a Reply?

Among the problems that Christmas brings, not the most important, of course, but to a good many people not the least puzzling, is the one created by the Christmas card. Experts in seasonal and other etiquette may know whether or not the receipt of such a card should be "acknowledged," but common folk—of whom, unfortunately, there are large numbers—do not know just what to do, if anything, when they get one of these expressions of remembrance and cordiality from a person to whom a like manifestation of the Christmas spirit has not been sent.

They want to be courteous, and appreciative of courtesy, and yet, somehow, a written response to a printed salutation does not seem to be exactly the right thing—not exactly the fair thing, indeed, as it involves the taking by the recipient of considerably more trouble than the sender had taken. And, after all, there will remain the inexplicable fact that two cards had not crossed in the mails.

When that crossing has occurred there is no problem, but the Christmas card habit, though so many have fallen into it, is still far from universal, probably because there still lingers in some quarters a feeling or suspicion that the Christmas card is an evasion of an unavowed obligation to send a real Christmas present, and in those quarters its arrival is therefore not a cause of unmitigated joy.

This, however, is a way of looking at Christmas cards that is entirely wrong. They are not, or at any rate should not be, substitutes for Christmas presents, but a pretty extension of the Christmas desire to be kind—an extension of it beyond the circle of friendship that is close enough to demand or authorize an exchange of more substantial manifestations of affection or helpfulness. That they do not cost much—by the way, they are not so very cheap nowadays—is a merit rather than a fault, and, anyhow, Christmas is not a time for keeping a balanced account of favors exchanged.

Their Luck a Loss for Others.

Of all policemen the members of the traffic squad are brought into direct, personal contact with the greatest number of people, and they are especially fortunate in that it is their privilege, as well as their duty, far oftener to show that policemen can be kind and helpful than it is to illustrate their sterner potencies as representatives of the law.

Perhaps that is why the traffic men are able to make so many friends, and why, in turn, everybody regards them as the finest flowers in the police garden—an appreciation thoroughly well earned, but possibly viewed a little askance by other policemen who do not have the same opportunities to win popular favor.

These remarks are intended to serve as an introduction to an expression of mingled gladness and regret that BURRIS THOMPSON and PATRICK MCDONALD, the two traffic men whose post for fifteen years has been at the perilous crossing of Seventh Avenue and Forty-third Street, are to be seen there no more. The satisfaction is due to the fact that both have just been promoted to the rank of sergeant, the regret to the breaking off of relations formed in these long years of service which had come to be for a very large number of people who used this crossing something warmer than respect.

The members of THE TIMES staff have all learned to know these men especially well to recognize, by profiting by their efficiency, their carefulness, their tireless readiness to protect and help certain reckless drivers of cars and trucks may not have liked them so well, for they could be severe when the occasion demanded severity, but, as a rule, they governed the confused currents, vehicular and pedestrian, with equanimity, and for the innumerable greetings they received they always had a smile for answer.

He Invited What He Received.

Much indignation of a very characteristic kind is finding expression in Berlin just now because the American Ambassador in Paris would not allow Germany's representative to be introduced to him at an official reception. While this very small "diplomatic incident" is to be regretted, there was in it no just ground for German resentment. It never would have occurred if the German Ambassador had not proved himself to be an ignorant and utterly tactless person.

He knew, or ought to have known, that Ambassadors whose countries are at war do not "meet" each other, and his request for an introduction invited, and in fact necessitated, the humiliating rebuff he received. As if to make the episode as embarrassing as possible for himself, he stood within hearing distance when his request brought its inevitable refusal. Apparently he thought that his nearness would make the refusal impossible.

Therein the German illustrated anew the common German inability to realise that the conflict which shook and shattered the world is not yet forgotten, any more than is the identity of the nation whose mad ambition is so inadequately punished by her sharing in the innumerable woes that war produced. They expect to be pardoned too soon and too cheaply, and they are indignant and amazed that their naïve willingness to let bygones be bygones is not reciprocated by their victims.

Two Poisons Both Blew Back.

One German who can recognize facts and dares to state them is General HOFFMANN, the man whose sword, so dramatically thrown on the table at Brest-Litovsk, hastened the signing of the treaty which made that hitherto almost unknown town famous, or infamous, pretty well around the world.

The General now says that, to disorganize the Russian army, Germany used two devices, poison gas and LENIN.

The coupling is cynically frank, but it is admirably exact—the two certainly went together. The employment of poison gas General HOFFMANN evidently has seen no reason to regret, but he admits that LENIN, though an effective weapon against Russia, has turned out to be not less dangerous to Germany, and that the sending of him across the frontier was a sad mistake.

The confession is belated, but even so it is worth getting. At any rate it deserves to be well pondered in Germany.

TO HIS URBAN BROTHERS.

A Virginia Farmer Offers His Christmas Greetings.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

At this season of good-will and goodfellowship it seems fitting and proper that a lone Virginia farmer should send a message of congratulation to his urban brother, trusting it will be accepted in the spirit with which a superior always receives a favor from one in a more lowly station in life.

We of the soil who have tended our flocks and tilled our land faithfully through the last twelve months have been able, aided by kindly nature, to pour into the larders of our city brethren all the food staples needed to take away the haunting fear of the "high cost of living." Verily, our agricultural heart rejoices to think that we can also clothe and shoe him without putting the old-time crimp in his bank roll. Of course, we will not take full credit for this, but must, perforce, give some to the old law of supply and demand, and possibly Schedule "K."

To the hard-working milk wagon driver, barely able to keep the wolf from the door on a pittance of $8 per diem; to the patient, never-complaining garment worker, whose heart is rent between dear Soviet Russia and greedy capitalistic America; to the brawny son of union labor, who never strikes without just cause and seldom is responsible for the loss of more than a few hundred thousand dollars worth of farm products—to all of these, what a boon it must be to have their material wants supplied for a little bit more than nothing.

It is pardonable pride, if we feel elated because we have been the instruments by which that end has been achieved, and we know it must be so, for we have been receiving a little bit less than nothing for our products.

Early in life we were taught to believe that "it is an ill wind that blows nobody good," and so, when we sell Irish potatoes at about 50 cents per barrel, prime sweet potatoes at 1 cent per barrel, cowhides at less than a quarter per hide, calfskins ditto, eggs at 50 cents a dozen, we feel certain that the "Ultimate Consumer" is reaping the benefit, is really living on the fat of the land. Also the lean, for corn-fed steers are bringing 8 cents per pound, hogs 9 cents and chickens 15 cents. And our heart chortles with glee.

However, to paraphrase the words of the late E. H. Harriman, "Where do we stand?" The fertiliser manufacturers have told us that, with the permission of the Government, they will sell their product next year at the same price it sold this season past. The implement manufacturers have announced they cannot afford to reduce the price of their wares, but may be forced to increase it. The railroads are pleading to be allowed again to raise their rates. The express companies have insisted that they must be allowed to break at least eighteen eggs in every thirty-dozen crate.

Of course, we would like to continue to play the rôle of food philanthropists—produce food at a loss—but we cannot do it. Therefore many of us in the coming year, in spite of slogans such as "Food Wins the War," or "Feed the Nation," or "Feed Starving Europe," will merely try to feed the farmer. That means a decreased acreage of all things.

It behooves those, then, who consume what we produce to eat while the eating is good—and cheap.

ALBERT A. RICHARDS.

Onancock, Accomac County, Va., Dec. 21, 1920.

The Happier Co-Ed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have followed with interest the discussion in your columns concerning the advisability of restricting the number of "co-eds" at Cornell. There is much to be said on both sides. My personal experience is that "co-eds" in a man's college are objectionable.

A woman's curiosity backed by a sincere wish to take an active part in the happenings about her prompt her to infringe on these sacred male rights and traditions. First it manifests itself in individual effort, then they organize. Then follows the attempt to have the gymnasium closed to "co-eds" one day a week, followed by campus "drives" for funds for a "co-eds" club. The sororities work their way in, and the men feel their influence and feel cramped. These are the wrongs I fight in my own Alma Mater.

If they would only realize it, "co-eds" get much more by going to a woman's college. They are more free there, they rise in the esteem of their male friends, and are not exposed to the two greatest evils which befall "co-eds," namely, being snubbed or being absolutely rushed to death.

I will go further and offer a remedy. Apply the Harvard-Radcliffe system. Keep the sexes "co-ed" apparte in their own college, with their own government, their own traditions. Let them soil their own veils and flaunt their own colors. However, give them the benefit of the same trustees and let them have access to the same system of learning and the same professors. They are fourth Degree with their own little campus, and are free to exert themselves to their utmost along any line, without cramping the rights of mere males.

R. HALDEMAN, '17, of P. '19

Cambridge, Mass., Dec. 3, 1920.

LEGEND OF CHRISTMAS.

They say that on that first, strange
Christmas night,
So dazzling was the radiance of the
Light,
That sun and moon and stars leaped in
the sky,
And danced in ecstasy.
The silly sheep fled, scampering in dismay,
Yet stayed their foolish fleeing, so they
say,
To kneel in adoration and in prayer.
And peace was everywhere.
The crooked stump stood straight, the
legend tells,
And held forth leafy arms; and tiny
bells,
Wee, starry blossoms, gemmed the living green.
No withered thing was seen.
The lion and the lamb watched side by
side,
Sharing the wonders of that Christmastide.
The air was rich with perfume, sweet
with song.
The cock crowed all night long.
And every Christmas Eve, so runs the
tale,
In field and forest, mountain-top and
vale,
The blessed fairies guard, that over all
No evil may befall.
They say that angels hover all the night,
Close to the listening earth; and when
the light
Of Christmas morning heralds the glad
Day,
They fold their wings and pray.
You never saw these wonders? No,
nor I!
Only the pure and childlike may descry
The tiny fairies flitting in the grass,
And speak them as they pass.
Guiltless of guile, from greed and envy
free—
Oh! very like the Christ-Child must you
be,
To hear a blessed angel when he sings,
Or feel the brush of wings.

WILDA SAUVAGE OWENS.

TAFFA SUGGESTS ARMS LIMIT

Tarafa Suggests the Adoption of Our Federal Reserve System.

HAVANA, Dec. 24.—The adoption by the Cuban Government of as much of the United States Federal Reserve banking system as is legally possible has been recommended to President Menocal by José Manuel Tarafa, a prominent Cuban financier. Señor Tarafa, who recently made an unsuccessful trip to the United States for the purpose of negotiating a Cuban loan of $100,000,000 with American bankers, has submitted to the President a number of suggestions which, he believes, will straighten out the financial situation in the Island.

In case there are legal obstacles to Cuba being admitted to the United States Federal Reserve system, Señor Tarafa declares the United States Government should be invited to co-operate with Cuba in establishing in this city a bank of emission. Another plan suggested is that invitations be extended American banks enjoying the confidence of the Federal Reserve Board to establish branches here, in agreement with the Cuban Government, a bank of emission under the regulations that govern the United States Federal Reserve Banks, the Washington Government being asked to send a branch in this city to take up dirty and unsanitary American bank notes and replace them with new bills.

Other recommendations include the issuing of two series of bonds to secure bank loans, Governmental guarantee of savings deposits of workers and inspection of banking institutions by a proposed national Treasury commission, which would have the power to suspend Government loans to banks found guilty of violating regulations.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The draft of a measure designed to clear the way for an improvement of finances in Cuba has been prepared for submission at a special session of the Cuban Congress called for next Monday, according to advices received today by the State Department. Unofficial information has indicated, however, the improbability of a quorum, since the group which has been opposing the plans for financial reform is expected to continue the tactics which have heretofore blocked passage of any reform measure.

Albert Rathbone of New York, formerly a Treasury Department official who was sent to Cuba as a financial adviser, has given to the State Department a report embodying the suggestions made by him to President Menocal, and it is believed that the Cuban President will incorporate in his message to Congress Monday many of the suggestions made by Mr. Rathbone.

RIGID ARMY METHODS GONE.

West Point Director Says a New Discipline Has Come In.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Old rigid army methods were swept forever into the past by the World War, necessitating production of a new type of officer "understanding the mechanics of human feelings," said Brig. Gen. Douglas MacArthur, Superintendent of West Point Military Academy, in his annual report.

With nations, not merely professional armies, in arms "improvisation will be the watchword," he said, and there must be a "liberalization of conception" on the part of the army officer that "amounts to a change in his psychology of command."

The training system at West Point has been rebuilt on this basis, General MacArthur said, adding:

"The results have transcended my most sanguine expectations; they will be felt throughout the army at large with the graduation of the classes now under instruction."

To reach the end sought the report said, there had been at West Point a "substitution of subjective for objective discipline, a progressive increase of cadet responsibility tending to develop initiative and force of character rather than automatic performance of stereotyped functions."

General MacArthur paid a tribute to the wartime citizen soldiers. "Personnel was of necessity improvised, both at the front and at the rear," he said, and men were used with a minimum of training.

"In the general result," the officer added, "this was largely offset by the high personal type of those engaged. Discipline no longer required extreme methods. Men generally needed only to be told what to do, rather than to be forced by fear of consequences of failure."

FIGHT RELIGION IN SCHOOLS.

Child Study Federation Opposes Pupils' Dismissal for Instruction.

In a letter to Anning S. Prall, President of the Board of Education, the Federation for Child Study opposes the project of dismissing school children one hour earlier each week for religious education when their parents so request. Among objections offered are that the bars would be let down for dancing classes, musical instruction, street coaching and other diversions, depending upon the attitudes of parents that with increased teaching salaries the public has a right to demand full measure of teaching value and that religious matters should not be linked even indirectly with the school system.

The letter argues that ethical and moral education in the schools tends to "unite our people and make for democracy, whereas religious differentiation tends to discriminate among our children, causing differentiations which do not promote democracy."

DIVIDES JORDAN VALLEY.

Agreement Gives Upper Part to Syria, Lower to Palestine.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—(Jewish Telegraphic Agency.)—Under the convention signed yesterday by Premier Leygues and Lord Hardinge, the British Ambassador, fixing the boundaries between Palestine and Syria, the River Yarmuk and the upper part of the Jordan remains Syrian territory. Palestine will be entitled only to whatever surplus of water may be available.

The details of the Palestine boundary settlement were announced yesterday by the Zionist Organization of America. The northern frontier line of Palestine starts just south of the Ladder of Tyre, traverses and includes the whole of the Jewish colonies of Galilee, the town of Banias, opposite Tyre, site of the Biblical Dan, and the Hulch district, including the eastern banks of the Jordan, between Lake Hulch and Lake Tiberias. It leaves within the French sphere the whole of the Litani River, the upper sources of the Jordan, the slopes of Mount Hermon and the plains of the Jaulon and Hauran.

WILSON GREETS ALESSANDRI

State Department Makes Public Message to New Chilean President.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—President Wilson's message to Arturo Alessandri, the new President of Chile, dispatched yesterday on the occasion of Mr. Alessandri's inauguration, was made public today by the State Department. It follows:

"In the name of the Government and people of the United States, and in my own behalf, I offer to your Excellency sincere congratulations on your induction into the high office of President of Chile, and my and their best wishes that under your wise direction your Administration may conduce to your own good fame and to the increased happiness and prosperity of the Chilean people."

$5,000 Gift for Blind Soldiers.

Allied soldiers who lost their sight in the war will be benefited by a personal Christmas gift of $5,000 made by William Nelson Cromwell to the trustees of the Permanent Blind Relief War Fund, of which he is President.

SAYS JAPAN WANTS ARMAMENT LIMIT

Hayashi Declares That Her Naval Program Has Already Been Curbed.

NO FEAR OF BIG WAR BOOM

Ambassador Enthusiastic Over World Court Establishment by League.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—Supplementing a statement issued through an agency that Japanese policy had been consistently directed to maintaining friendly relations with China and the United States, Baron Hayashi, the Japanese Ambassador in London, who attended the League of Nations conference at Geneva, said in an interview with The Evening Standard today:

"The value of the work done at Geneva is undoubted. Just think of the international court that was established! I do not believe that we should ever have been able to bring that court into existence without the League of Nations. There are many international questions that can be considered in such a body with beneficial results.

"The mere expression of views on disarmament will be of great value. This question of disarmament is one of the most important to be considered by the nations of the world. There is no fear, of course, of any immediate war. I do not think that in the near future any power on earth will be prepared to go to war, if one excepts the Soviet Government.

"Under these circumstances there are people who regard merely as a pretext any increase at the present time in our vessels. As to Japan, it should be remembered that our naval program was produced even before the war, but that the time of its inception it has been checked again and again on account of internal conditions. I am quite sure that Japan, in common with all other nations who see the advantage from the extremely important financial point of view of limiting armaments, would be ready to do anything that lies in her power with that object in view."

JAPAN'S ARMAMENT BUDGET

Big Increases for the Navy and Army Asked by Minister.

FUND FOR NEEDIEST GROWS TO $71,864.52

Day Before Christmas Shows Best Receipts This Year, With Gifts of $10,429.75.

IS STILL BEHIND RECORD

Artemas Ward's Contribution of $3,000 Chief Factor in Swelling the Total.

MANY ORGANIZATIONS HELP

Schools and Children Prominent Among the Hundreds Who Send In Modest Sums.

The fund for the Hundred Neediest Cases on the rolls of the four charitable organizations yesterday was brought to $71,864.52 by contributions amounting to $10,429.75. This is the highest total in the columns of the Hundred Neediest this year, but still the fund is nearly $12,000 short of the total recorded in THE TIMES on Christmas morning in 1919. The total at Christmas last year was $83,743.31, with most of the Hundred Neediest on the 1919 list assured of the minimum sum required to give them the assistance so badly needed for the struggle back to health and independence.

Yesterday's lists also contained the largest contribution of this year's fund, and, had it not been for this gift the daily total would have been far below some of the other daily totals and far under the total usually reported on the Hundred Neediest on Christmas morning. This was the contribution of $3,000 from Artemas Ward—$1,000 to the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, $1,000 to the State Charities Aid Association, and $1,000 to the Charity Organization Society. The donor did not specify any particular cases he wished to aid, but left it to the discretion of the organization officials to use the money for such Neediest cases as were unprovided for. This is his letter accompanying the gifts

New York, Dec. 23, 1920.
(Name of Organization.)

The appeal for the One Hundred Neediest Cases published by THE NEW YORK TIMES prompts me to send to your association the enclosed check for $1,000 toward the relief suggested. I greatly appreciate the work which your association is doing.

Yours very truly,
ARTEMAS WARD.

Officials of the organizations said that Mr. Ward had for years been a donor to their funds and always sent second and third gifts when he found that more was needed. He is a donor to many charities. In 1912 he heard that the hospital of Hope, at 126th Street and Scott Avenue, the Bronx, needed more to re-educate cripples so that they could support themselves. Immediately he promised sufficient capital to buy a building and to endow an institution for this purpose. In 1914 forty children were in the classes. He had assisted in many other causes.

Mr. Ward is senior partner of the advertising firm of Ward & Gow, of 200 Fifth Avenue, and his home is at 6 East Seventy-eighth Street.

Aid from Organizations.

Many organizations sent in yesterday sums collected for the Hundred Neediest with expressions of the hope that the fund this year might be able to alleviate more distress and assist more families than ever in its history. One contribution was from the crew of the U. S. S. J. Fred Talbott, Destroyer No. 156, which had just put into Charleston from patrol duty.

Another check came from the bursar's office at New York University, with $73.85 gathered "among the faculty and students of the College of Engineering and College of Arts and Pure Sciences."

Other group subscriptions came from the employes of the auditor's office of the Southern Pacific - Atlantic Steamship Lines at Pier 40, North River; the Woolworth Union School; The Metrem Club, composed of the salesmen of the metropolitan office of the Remington Typewriter Company, and the Gamma Sigma Sorority of 207 West 110th Street.

School children continued to pour in their coins so that less fortunate children on the rolls of the Neediest might have a chance in the battle of life and not be always crushed down by hunger and misfortunes which they were unable to overcome. The pupils of Grade 7 in the public school of Boonton, N. J., sent in $30 to be devoted to the needs of the neediest children, and the following letter enclosed a check of $3 from Grade 7A of Public School 115, in this city:

New York, Dec. 23, 1920.
To the Editor of The New York Times:

We have collected the enclosed amount of money from Class 7A and wish to present it to Case 19 of the Hundred Neediest aCses. We know that it isn't much, but we hope that it will help a little.

Yours sincerely,
LORRAINE COHEN,
President of Class 7A.

Many Small Subscriptions.

Hundreds of small subscriptions continued to pour into the Neediest Fund yesterday, aiding to roll up the total. Most of these donors send their money in the knowledge that every cent of it will go for the Hundred Neediest Cases, with no overhead charges taken out, and the letters accompanying some of these gifts show that some of the generous donors know something of the misfortunes which have beset the Hundred Neediest.

This is one of the cordial letters that accompanied a gift yesterday:

Warwick, N. Y., Dec. 23, 1920.
To the Editor of The New York Times:

Enclosed please find $5 to the most needy case. I have refrained from going to any theatre or motion picture for the past four months in order that I could give something this Christmas to these poor unfortunates. I only wish it was ten times more. Hoping you receive all you are asking for is the wish of F. J. M.

This is another touching letter, received from a Norwegian woman who came to this country two months ago, and who remembers something of her own childhood's Christmas in her native land of snow.

New York, Dec. 22, 1920.
To the Editor of The New York Times:

Dear TIMES: I have readed, what you write about all those poor people in your town, which needs help, since I began. I best remember one case, I suppose it is case four, about the little girl (Nancy is her name) who means she remember her mother as a pretty dream, but who is now without her and is as you write seriously ill and in a hospital. I have been thinking so much about that little girl, and I wish I could do anything for her in one or another way? I have only been in your country for two months, and am not so rich that I can give an amount to all those poor, I wish I was, but if you would give me that little girl's address at the hospital, I think I shall go there the Christmasday and try to make her a little joy, instead of that she would have got, if she has had her little mother.

I suppose you get the money you want for her, but I know that there are so many little things children like to have, and I would be glad to have that little child to do anything for what I can, as I am feeling lonely here and am much longing for two little children of my brothers, which I left two months ago.

I hope you will tell me where I can see little Nancy Christmas Day, and I hope at last that you will be able to help all those poor people for Christmas you have written about.

Excuse me if I have not written the letter as good as it ought to be, but you see it is not so easy for me, being so short over here. Respectfully,

A. J.

One hundred per cent. of every gift goes to the Neediest cases. There are no overhead charges of any kind and every cent of the $3 from the children of Grade 7A, P. S. 117, and every cent of Mr. Ward's thousands is this moment on its way to a case where a cent means more than at any other place in this big city—or has already arrived there.

Here are some of the cases of the One Hundred Neediest, picked at random from the list:

CASE 18.

Eager to Support Family.

Have you ever seen a thoroughbred straining at the bit waiting for the signal to go? Little fifteen-year-old Jane was just such a creature. In a little while she felt she would be ready to help her mother and the six younger fatherless children. Today the hot tears roll down her peaked little face as she lies in bed impotent with typhoid fever. It was not going to be a happy Christmas at best for this wretched little family. Just now things seem well-nigh hopeless.

Total amount needed, $1,236.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 32.

"Buck Up!" Says Margaret.

No matter how she adds and subtracts, her earnings cannot be stretched to pay for the things that she knows her mother and the children need. Louise is only 19. She is the sole support of an invalid mother and five younger children. Margaret, 15 runs the house and takes care of her mother. Late into the night the two girls sit together with pencil and paper. It always ends the same way. Louise stifles the sobs that her mother must not hear and Margaret tells her to "buck up." Bucking up, however, will not bring the children the clothes they need and be food to nourish them.

Total amount needed, $360.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

CASE 38.

Burden Too Much for Boy.

They called him "Whistling Mack" because he always radiated such good cheer. Good reason he had to do so, with his fine wife and four sturdy children. One day whistling Mack had disappeared. Three months later his body was found in the waters of the river where he worked. In all probability he fell in while at work on the barge. This fact could not be proved, and the company that employed him cast off the responsibility for his death. Sixteen-year-old John accepted the burden of support for the family. What he made was hardly sufficient, so his mother took work home, at which the children helped her when they came from school. Today the eyesight of Whistling Mack's wife is almost gone; the children are wan and undernourished and John is breaking his heart over the fact that he cannot earn enough.

Total amount needed, $720.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4066.)

CASE 22.

Husband and Son Die.

Until Fred became of working age Mrs. K. took care of the family of four left her at the death of her tuberculous husband. After six years of what appeared to be an endless struggle Fred took his place beside her as breadwinner of the family. Without apparent warning he suddenly sickened and died of the same disease that took his father. The second shock was more than Mrs. K. could stand. She suffered a physical and mental collapse and was removed to the country. She is back again today, greatly improved but fearful of the problem of taking care of the three remaining children, the oldest of whom is 13.

Total amount needed, $240.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4066.)

CASE 24.

Black-Eyed Little Strangers.

José and Dolores. They are as Spanish as their names. And they would be as laughter loving were it not for the memory of a home with parents in Porto Rico. These things are no more. Five-year-old José and eleven-year-old Dolores were dispatched to an uncle in the land of opportunity. Unfortunately the uncle could barely keep his own family and the two miserable, homesick waifs soon began to feel what it means not to be wanted. They have been sken away, and now are fast learning what kind of American food makes rosy cheeks and sturdy legs. Not yet able to speak the tongue that is so strange to them, the two dark-eyed children cling to each other. They would much rather go back to starve with their uncle than be separated.

Total amount needed, $728.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

CASE 25.

Accident Makes Family Dependent.

Stanislas B. was a cabinetmaker who emulated the Miller of the Dee in his happiness and good cheer. He had a wife, he had a home and he had his children three. One day Stanislas suffered an accident to his foot, which necessitated two amputations. While he was recovering from these the fourth baby came. Today Stanislas can go around on crutches, but it will be months before he can again take up the burden of providing for his family of six. It has not yet been decided whether he can wear an artificial limb. The care of the baby and the children, the eldest of whom is only 10, and the attendance on her sick husband make it impossible for Mrs. Stanislas to do anything toward helping to fill the empty larder.

Total amount needed, $600.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

CASE 28.

Dying Mother Exacts Promise.

Granny H. promised her daughter, who died within one hour after her husband, that she would not let the four little children be sent to institutions. Helped by a son and daughter, who lived with her she kept that promise. The daughter is now married, which means that the family income has been reduced. The children's uncle can provide them with shelter and clothing, but he has not the means to give them the good food they need.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 34.

Toil Breaks Mother's Strength.

Just as long as the five children were well, Mrs. J. was able to provide for them what with cleaning offices in the early morning and working in a laundry the rest of the day. A bad accident to ten-year-old Bob made it imperative for her to stay at home and nurse him. It was then that the accumulated strain of five constant years' toil began to tell on her. It is no longer possible for her to continue at the life-breaking rate she went. Ralph, the oldest, now has his first job. He is willingly placing his shoulder to the wheel, but the burden is heavy and he can't move it very far.

Total amount needed, $480.

Case reported by the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 7040.)

CASE 8.

Only a Dream Mother.

All that seven-year-old Nancy Evans has of the memory of her mother is an occasional swift dream when some wonderful image of the kind seen in fairy book pictures seems to bend over her. All that she has of the memory of a father is that of a ragged, unkempt man who came for her one day and brought her to the office of the charity offices. He told the lady who took her in charge that he was her stepfather. Then he left. On account of neglect Nancy has been through a series of illnesses, from which she is just recovering. She is being told that when she is well and strong a real mother will come for her and keep her forever.

Total amount needed, $400.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

CASE 39.

Children Have Faith in Christmas.

It was not until thirteen-year-old Charles told the two younger children of 7 and 5 that "there ain't goin' to be any Christmas this year" that they understood how great was the loss that had come to them. Last Summer their father lost his life in an accident. A fourth baby has just come to join them. What with the shock of her husband's death and the coming of the baby, Mrs. J. is in no condition to take up the care of her family.

Total amount needed, $650.

Case reported by the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn. (Telephone Main 8200.)

CASE 35.

Cardboard Soles for Shoes.

All day Mrs. A. works in a hot, steaming laundry. At 6 she comes home and prepares a meal for her three children, the eldest of whom is 14. After the meal she sends the children to bed so that she can wash, mend and patch the clothes up to the light, and as the rays time. She picks up the shoes of eleven-year-old Billy and cuts a piece of cardboard to fit the soles. She does the same to little Dick's. She holds their clothes up to the light, and as the rags come through she shudders at the thought that the Winter's cold will pierce through to the undernourished little bodies.

Total amount needed, $450.

Case reported by the Charity Organization Society, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 4066.)

CASE 36.

A Clean Bed and Milk.

"What do you want Santa to bring you for Christmas?" Peggy, who is seven and large-eyed and pale, was asked. Peggy smiled a three-cornered little smile. "A clean bed and milk every morning and—a doll." That is not the kind of wish that happy little girls wish. But Peggy has not been happy. She remembers being dragged through the streets by a drunken mother, who taught her to beg. She remembers other things that it would be a kindness to obliterate from her little mind. And she remembers getting very sick and being taken to a hospital, where for the first time in her life she slept in a clean bed and had milk whenever she asked for it.

Total amount needed, $400.

Case reported by the State Charities Aid Association, 105 East Twenty-second Street. (Telephone Gramercy 1454.)

Generous Thoughts in Letters.

Every letter that brings a contribution expresses some generous sentiment and the regret that the contribution cannot be made larger. Here are some of the letters from yesterday's mail:

Beverly Macdonnell Cahn, 250 Park Place, Brooklyn: "I am a little girl 8½ years old and have saved all my pennies since last Christmas so that the poor little children may have a nice Christmas dinner. Kindly give these to Santa Claus for the Hundred Neediest Cases."

West Hoboken: "To be used toward your Hundred Neediest Cases. May you be able to do more than last year."

F. C. M.: "Just a trifle for the Neediest Cases. Wish it were more."

A Friend: "To some poor child. Wish it were more."

Mary E. Woolley, Mount Holyoke College, South Hadley, Mass.—" Enclosed I am sending a check for $5 for the Hundred Neediest Cases fund, hoping that it may go to some mother to enable her to keep her children with her. I wish it were possible for me to make it one hundred times as large."

"L. F." Staunton, Va.—" Though just a poor schoolmarm, I find that I am rich in comparison to the poor unfortunates of the big cities, and so I send you enclosed $5. The pity of it that some of these poor things can't be shipped to small towns where they'd find light jobs of odds and ends for themselves and children, be comfortable and respectable! I wish I had more to give you. Peace be with you!"

Robert Bruce and David Hall, 93 South Irving Street, Ridgewood, N. J.—" We cannot let your appeal go by any more than in previous years, and we trust there will be hundreds like ourselves, who, at the last moment, will come forward with their contributions."

Lavinia Wood, 317 West Forty-fifth Street—" Please find enclosed check for $5, and I wish it might be multiplied one thousand times. I should like to have it used for some little boy, as I am sending it 'in memory of Mitchel.'"

Mrs. W. G. Green, 39 Claremont Avenue—" Am so glad to help a little in your glorious work."

No agents are employed by THE NEW YORK TIMES or any of the charitable organizations to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State Pension law.

Contributions are deductible from income tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessities, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.

Checks may be drawn to the order of the Hundred Neediest Cases and sent to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO NEEDIEST CASES

Contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases yesterday totaled $10,429.75, bringing the total for the twelve days up to $71,864.52. They were received as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES	$5,000.75
Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	2,292.00
Charity Organization Society	1,508.50
State Charities Aid Association	1,208.50
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities	353.00
Total	$10,429.75
Previously reported	61,434.77
Total	$71,864.52

Contributions received direct through The New York Times:

A band of girl pioneers	$5	Horwood, M. W.	10
A Brooklyn friend	2	Holmes, Dorothy D.	5
A Californian	5	Hope, A. H.	5
A. D. C. in remembrance of Louise	5	Huntington, L. F.	5
A friend	10	Hull, Robert, Helen and David	10
A friend	1	Hill, C. M.	2
A friend	2	Hinemon, M. M.	10
A friend	10	Hyman, Ethel Elmer	5
A friend	2	Hyres, Howard	10
A friend	5	Hyman, Florence S.	10
A friend	10	I. B. M.	2
A friend	10	I. C.	10
A friend	25	I. S. M.	50
A friend	25	In Mamory Helen	3.45
A friend	25	In Memory W. J.	5
A friend	10	In Memory L. F.R.	5
A friend	10	In Memory Mrs. C. W. Tod	10
A friend	25	In Memory Capt.	25
Orange	5	W. G. B.	5
Anderson, H. F.	5	In Memory Frank	2
Andrews, Mrs. J. W.	5	In Memory M. S.	5
Anonymous	2	In Memory Mrs.	5
Anonymous	5	Nan Fisher Kahn	100
Anonymous	2	In Memory Father	25
Anonymous	2	In Memory Mother	25
Anonymous	10	In Memory E. O. G.	25
Anonymous	10	In Memory Jimmy	10
Anonymous	5	In Memory Mitchell	5
Anonymous	5	In Memory My Mother	5
Anonymous	5	In Memory W. C.P.	3
Anonymous	7.50	In Memory Quentin	5
Anonymous	10	In Memory Sister Margaret	5
Anonymous	10	In Memory G. B.	10
Anonymous	10	In Memory W. F.	100
Anonymous	11	In Memory Kenneth	3
Anonymous	10	In Memory Emerson	3
Anonymous	10	In Memory My Loved One	1
Anonymous	20	In Memory C. B. L.	5
Anonymous	25	In Memory Mother	25
Anonymous	25	In Memory W. S. G.	5
Anonymous	25	In Memory Malcolm	10
Anonymous	29.50	Troop Robertson	5
Anonymous	10	In Loving Memory A. D. L.	10
Anonymous—Doris	10	Issacs & Tillo	2
A nurse	5	J. J. S.	2
A sympathizer	10	J. H. L.	10
B. H.	5	J. M. H.	5
B. T. Hepburn and Kath. Clifford	10	J. R. H.	10
Brodek, Miss Marian	10	J. L. H.	5
Back, Elizabeth M.	10	J. H. B. C.	1
Bacon, G. F.	5	Jackson, Claudia	2
Bacon, John M.	5	Jackson, Caroline L.	10
Bailey, F. T.	5	Jaretzki, Mrs. A.	10
Bason, Pauline	4	Jardine, Mrs. J.	2
Beach, Edwin E.	10	Jones, C. W.	2
Beck, Miss D. M.	25	Jefferds, Mrs.	10
Beers, W. F.	2	John and Paul	10
Bennett, Mrs. S. J.	5	John and Harmon	10
Blair, Mrs. J. S.	15	Johnson, E. N.	10
Bean, Elsie	1	Joseph, Miss	5
Blodgett, Marie L.	10	Jones, R. H.	5
Blouse & fur dept., Gimbel Bros.	5	Juiler, Joseph	10
Blum, Jeanne	2	K. H.	5
Boeert, Mr. and Mrs. G.	5	K.	25
Bonser, F. G.	5	Katherine and Mary	10
Bonnton, P. S., Gr. No. 7	10	Karsalk, L.	5
Boucher, Francois	5	Kalbfleisch, Jean	10
Bovey, John M.	10	Kurniker, H.	50
Brady, Hannah F.	5	Keller, F. W.	5
Britlain, Mrs. C. B.	3	Keene, W. B.	10
Brooks, H. L.—in memory of Krichaginer	10	Keith, Baby Jerome Sanford	5
Brooks, Mrs. E.	1	Klauber, Susanne	5
Brown, E. L.	25	Klee, Mrs. Benj.	10
Bruce, Harriet B.	30	Kingsbury, E. B.	10
Buell, Mary C.	5	King, Charles	25
Buddie	1	Kingsley, Helen	1
Bundschuh, H.	10	Kraft, S.	5
Burchan, Luella	5	Krasky, Mrs. B.	5
Burnett, Mrs. S. D.	5	Langdon, E. A.	10
Butler, N. A.	5	Lanling, E. B.	10
C. O. F.	2	Lauterstein, Edith	10
C. H. M.	5	Lawton, Dick and David	3
Cahn, B. MacD.	4.85	Lee, Mrs. Wm. W.	10
Carmichael, R. S.	10	Leslie, J. C.	100
Carrie M.	5	Leslie, Emma R.	50
Casanova, E.	25	Levy, Mrs. P. H.	3
C. E. G.	10	Levenbudt, M. V. & R.	10
Chicago	2	Lewien, Louis	5
Clark, E. M.	10	Lincoln, J. M.	10
Class 7A, P. S. 115	3	Lilienthal, Hattie	5
Clayton, A. D.	5	Licking, R. S.	10
Coleman, Teresa	10	Link, Mrs. A. P.	5
Comegno, L.	5	Litton, W. H.	10
Corbin, John	15	Little Ruth	2
Cuninger, L. B.	10	Lionella Perera & Co.	100
D. E. P.	2	Louis, S.	10
D. M.	20	Louis, Harry J.	25
Damon, Valerie & William Jr.	3	Lott, Mr. and Mrs. M. R.	2
Davis, Grace P.	5	Lowrey, M. S.	10
Deschere, Mrs. M.	5	Lohman, C. G. A.	10
Dittler, Mr. and Mrs. & son	12.50	Lucas, Clyde G.	10
Dorney, R.	5	Lussher, Walter C.	10
Douglas, George	10	L. L. M.	29
Duttes, L.	5	L. P. D.	1
Duncan, L. W.	10	L. F.	10
E. A. B.	2	M. B. O.	3
E. E.	2	M. G. C.	1
E. H.	2	M. E. S.	3
E. H. H.	15	M. H. G.	50
E. H.	2	M. K.	5
E. H.	5	M. M. G.	1
E. H.	15	M. M. & A. J. O.	1
E. H.	2	M. S. S.	1
E. A.	5	McDermott, J.	10
E. C. F.	5	McKnight, F. J.	5
E. C.	2	McDonrav, L. B.	5
E. F. M.	5	Macpherson, G.	3
Earl, G. H.	10	Madeira, Jana L.	5
Eddy, C. F.	2	Magal, Lloyd	2
Ellinger, R. De R.	5	Malburn, Mrs. Wm. P.	10
Evans, Mary	5	Mandleberg, K.	10
F. S.	10	Mann, E. W.	10
F. R.	10	Marjorie D.	5
F. G.	5	Marshall, Dr. G. G.	3
F. H.	5	Massey, Mrs. C. R.	10
Faculty & Students College of Engineering and College of Arts and Pure Science	77.85	Masterson, H. H.	5
Father Sisters	25	Melhado, M. A.	5
Field	200	Merica, F. Y.	5
Fine, M. M.	5	Merriam, Miss	10
Fletcher, M. P.	3	Metropolitan V. to B. Club	25
Foote, S.	25	Metrem Club	50
For Mother	5	Millius, C.	25
For Mrs. H. B.	40	Miller, M. E.	10
Friend	10	Miss Nightingale's Classes	91.85
Friend, S.	5	Mono, Robt. E.	5
Friend, S.	10	Mrs. D.	10
Frankman, St. R.	3	Mrs. E. C. R. and friend	15
From Little Carl's Piggy Bank	2	Mrs. H. G. S.	1
G. A.	25	Mrs. B. B. S.	2
G. H. D. & E. C. D.	3	Mrs. J. M. S.	10
G. T. W.	2	Mrs. W.	2
Gambling, T. H.	5	Moody, Ann A.	5
Gamma Sigma Sorority	10	Moody, Paul D.	5
Gans, Ralph M.	2	Moore, Agnes J.	10
Gantz, F.	50	Moore, Kneeland	5
Gibbs, W. M.	1	Morriss, W. H.	50
Gilmore, J. F., Jr.	1	Morris, George T.	5
Goldberg, S. M.	10	Moses, Edwin P.	2
Gould, Mrs. C. J.	10	Muir, A.	25
Grant, Alfred E.	50	Murgatroid, M. B.	2
Grant, Mrs. W. G.	25	Niemann, Mrs. B.	5
Greehan, A. L.	5	No Name	2
Haines, Wm. M.	10	No Name and Address	2
Hagman, Peter	5	Norman, Beatrice	5
Hall, Mary L.	5	O. J. N.	10
Halpin, Francis	5	Ola	50
Harcourt, Miss I.	1.50	Olmquist, A. C.	5
Harding, Mrs. Earl	5	Oakley, Fannie L.	10
Hart, Up	5	Orton, Louise S.	10
Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. H. R.	10	Osborne, A. A.	10
Hayden, M.	5	Ottaway, Mrs. G.	2
Hedges, L.	5	P. S. M.	10
Heaton, S. M.	10	Parsons, A. B.	5
Hecker, L.	5	Parsons, Mrs. J. E.	25
Hegeman, H.	5	Parker, N. Z.	10
Hellman, Mrs.	5	Patterson, A. S.	10
Hennessy, A.	5	Pattison, Hugh	10
Hemingway, H. J.	5	Peekskill	5
Herbert and Betty	10	Peggy	2.50
Hermann, H. E.	5	Perrin, Charles L.	10
Hess, A.	5	Petrie, Jeane D.	5
Hitchcock, Mrs. D. M.	5	Phelps, H. E.	1
Phillips, C. E.	25	Stern, A. J.	25
Platt, E.	5	Stein, Rabe	25
Pool, H.	5	Stetson, Minerva	2
Powell, Mrs. H. W.	10	Susan	10
Preziado, Mrs.	1	Sundstrum, Junior and Norman	5
Price, James	10	Swift, Lacy B.	10
Pupils of Westmere Union School	20	Sympathizer	1
R. C. B.	1	Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. John B.	5
R. L. E.	2	Taylor, Mary	5
R. L. S.	1.50	The Hooker Children	10
R. M. S.	5	Thompson, Mrs. C.	1
Rabson, Mrs. C. A.	5	Tod, W. C.	10
Ranney, W. H.	10	Torrey, O. C.	5
Rehbarger, Edith D.	5	Tredway, Anne J.	10
Reed, W. C.	10	T. J.	5
Reed, Mrs. G. C.	10	T. S. O.	5
Reed, G. McD.	25	U. S. S. J. Fred Talbot Destroyer No. 156	10
Rees, Jane	5	Van Brant, Irene A.	10
Rosenthan, B. W. and D. W.	2	W. D. C.	15
Reutsch, Master C. S.	1	W. M. D.	40
Rowell, Olive D.	100	W. M. D.	15
Rockwell, H. G.	10	W. T. A.	25
Robinson, F. H.	2	Waldo, A.	10
Robertson, J.	5	Walker, Louise C.	5
Rostmore, Mary S.	15	Walker, S. G.	5
Rutherford, Mrs. S. M.	2	Walter, Mrs. E. K.	10
Santa Claus	10	Ward, Karka	5
Scholer, Jacob	10	Warfield, F. P.	100
Schroeder, H. W., Scarburgh, Mr. and Mrs. R. S.	25	Warner, Mr. and Mrs. W. R.	2
Seeley, Mrs. E.	1	Washington, H. H.	5
Seely, Nancy S.	5	Weaver, Mrs. R.H.	5
Sewell, C. G.	5	Wearn, E. W.	1
Simons, R. L.	5	Well, M. M.	5
Sinclairy, Billy Jr.	5	Writz, C. E.	5
Sherwood, Grace	5	West Hoboken	5
Shimer, R. H.	5	Whitehead, E. F.	5
Smith, Mrs. C. R.	10	Whyte, Louis	100
Smith, Julia M.	5	Wicht, C. H.	12
Smiley, C.	5	Wood, R. L.	10
Someone	3	Woodruff, N.	10
Spencer, Vinyla	3	Wolf, Mary E.	10
Stone, Kate L.	10	Worth, B. G.	25
Strong, Bobby Jr.	5	Worthington, T. T.	5
Stiger, Mrs. G. K.	5	Wray, William	10
		Young, Eugene F.	25
		Young, Mrs. John	5
Total	$5,089.75		

Contributions received through the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:

A Friend	$15	Lamont, F. A.	$10
A Friend	5	Lucas, Clara A.	5
Anonymous	500	Mayo, Miss Julia S.	40
Anonymous	5	Mcdonald, Mrs. C.	5
Bain, E. & Mother	5	Erie W.	100
Beach, Frank C.	2	McGowan, Mr. and Mrs.	5
Betts, Mrs. L.	20	M. L.	5
Black, Mrs. E. K.	5	Palmer, Miss R. W.	5
Bonnist, M. A.	5	Pitkin, Mrs. A. J.	200
Bourke, A.	5	Pitkin, Miss A. D.	50
Butler, Miss V.	40	Rodman, Mrs. C. S.	5
Cash	3	Rodman, Miss N.	5
C. C.	2	Rodman, Selden	5
Daakyne, Mr. and Mrs. Fred M.	10	Sanders, C. B.	5
Diffler, A. F.	5	Seager, Mr. and Mrs. H. R.	100
E. E. S.	5	Stott, A. W.	1
Fraenersen, J.	5	Toof, Mrs. J. T.	5
Hendrick, Mr. and Mrs. J. B.	2	Torrey, Mrs. C. H.	5
Hess, F. W.	12	Tuckerman, Mr. & Mrs. Paul	50
I. T. L. S.	50	Ward, Artemas	1,000
Kaufman, Miss K.	5	With best Wishes	20
Total	$3,293		

Contributions received through the Charity Organization Society:

Anonymous	$50	Ingersoll, Henry	45
Anonymous	5	Howe, Mrs. F. H.	2
Bone, Anna W.	25	Kane, J. Sperry	25
Buchanan, M. E.	10	Loomis, Julia L.	100
Butler, Louise	5	Lovell, W. S.	5
Cromack, Alice P.	5	Memory of Malcolm D.	10
Danks, Florence	5	Pray, Rebecca	4
Droge, Rebecca	4	Peters, J. C.	10
Pierce, Mary	10	Ransom, Mary L.	10
Frazier, Henrietta R. and Gertrude	10	Sachs, Edith	10
Graham, W. H.	10	Solomon, Clara	5
Hall, D. R.	5	Stillman, W. J.	5
Halle, Mrs. J. L.	25	Strauch, Maud M.	2
Hascom, Virginia	10	Terry, Mr. and Mrs. T.	27
Heinzleman, W.	5	Ward Artemas	1,000
Heilner, H. W.	50	Wilson, Lucy H.	10
Hooper, Mr. and Mrs. G. G.	500	Total	$1,505.50

Contributions received through the State Charities Aid Association:

A Widow	$2	Johnson, M.	$1
Anonymous	100	Mrs. M. G.	40
Anonymous	15	Low, Mrs. F. S.	2
Anonymous	5	Lucas, C. B.	5
Chaney, Dr. C. L.	25	Plagavent, Peter	6
Cohan, Mrs. E. B.	2	Reed, Mrs. Wm. G.	5
Cribben, W.	25	Russell, M. G.	5
Heller, M. K.	2.50	Ruth	5
In Memory of Little Girl	1	Schnakenberg, D.	25
In Memory of Malcolm D.	10	Shipman, Mrs. M.	5
		Stevenson, Mrs. M. S.	10
		Ward, Artemas	1,000
Total	$1,208.50		

Contributions received through the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:

A. M. K.	$1	Kent, Elizabeth B.	$5
Alsop, Rev. R. F.	10	Lee, R.	5
Anonymous	10	Latimer, Julia W.	100
Anonymous	25	Loines, Hilda	10
Beel, Florence H.	5	Lucas, Clara	5
Bettis, Mrs. I. S.	3	Lyonsay, Miss E.	3
Busk, Joseph R.	5	Russell, Marion G.	5
Franch, W. H.	5	Sears, Mrs. H. F.	5
Greenstone, W. & D.	10	Van Sinderen, Mrs.	5
Hebard, Mary F.	25	Adrian	100
Johnson, N. L.	2	Weeks, Mrs. L. C.	10
Total	$353		

EDWARD H. VAN INGEN DEAD.

Founder of Woolen Importing Firm Dies at His Home at 81.

Edward H. Van Ingen, founder in 1863 of the firm of E. H. Van Ingen & Co., importers of woolens, at 160 Fifth Avenue, died last night at his residence, 9 East Seventy-first Street, at the age of 81. Until a month ago he had remained actively in control of the business. Following several minor ailments, an attack of pneumonia finally proved fatal.

Mr. Van Ingen was born in this city and devoted his life to the business that bears his name. In the interests of the firm he made 178 crossings of the Atlantic, continuing his practice throughout the war. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Mary L. McLane; two sons, McLane Van Ingen, his partner, and Dr. Philip Van Ingen, and two daughters, the Misses Louise and Ann Van Ingen.

Howard J. Flannery Found Dead.

Howard J. Flannery, 34 years old, of 2,515 Forbes Street, Pittsburgh, was found dead yesterday in his room at the Hotel Algonquin. He had been in poor health recently and heart disease was assigned as the probable cause of his death. Mr. Flannery was sales manager of the Montour and Lake Erie Coal Company, and had several other interests in Pittsburgh. He served in the American Ambulance Corps in the war and was invalided home. He graduated from Fordham in 1905.

WEDDINGS.

Miss Dorothea V. Fuller the Bride of Kenneth C. Parker at Waldorf.

Miss Dorothea Virginia Fuller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Fuller of this city, and Kenneth Colburn Parker of Winchester, Mass., were

OF PASSION PLAY

Oberammergau Peasants Leave Decision to the Village Elders Over 1922 Performance.

DEPENDS ON FINANCES

And Whether War Animosities Shall Be Sufficiently Allayed to Attract Visitors.

OBERAMMERGAU, Bavaria, Dec. 24.—The Yuletide finds Oberammergau on the eve of a plebiscite, not to determine boundaries or political alignments, but a plebiscite of the Elders to determine whether, in their opinion, the Christian spirit is widespread enough in the world to make it possible for them to enact the Passion Play in 1922 and attract visitors from former enemy countries to see it.

The Oberammergau peasants portray the sufferings and death of Jesus Christ in fulfillment of a vow made by the villagers in 1634 to present the sufferings of the Saviour every ten years as an expression of the villagers' gratitude for having been spared from a plague.

The last presentation of the Passion Play was in 1910, the peasants being unable to present it in 1920 because of the unsettled condition of the world and the havoc which the late war wrought among the performers and musicians. Owing to the financial distress of the village also, the wood carvers cannot afford to stage the spectacle unless liberally supported by visitors.

The costumes for the play are intact, but great expense would attach to repairing the assembly hall, seating 4,000, which has been sadly neglected.

The Passion Play is essentially a matter of the heart and soul with the Oberammergau peasants. All of them are anxious to resume it at the earliest moment possible when they are sure it can be done without bankrupting the village, and they have finally decided to submit the question to a secret vote of the Council of Elders. They have agreed to abide uncomplainingly by the decision of a ballot to be taken within the next few weeks.

Lang and other leading figures in the sacred drama maintain the patriarchal appearance of their stage rôles and may be seen daily going to and from their work.

The earnings of the Passion Play never were large in comparison with those of the ordinary theatrical performances. "Christus" Lang never received more than a thousand marks for enacting the trying role of the Saviour fifty times in any season, yet the earnings were abundant for the simple needs of the villagers.

Within the past twelve months the Oberammergau actors have been constantly rehearsing, producing small Biblical plays in preparation for the greater work. One of the most important plays of recent date was "Samson," in which the title rôle was played by a brother of "Christus" Mair, who was one of the most famous interpreters of the rôle of Jesus in the Passion Play.

CARUSO SINGS IN 'LA JUIVE.'

Gets Ovation on His Appearance After a Brief Illness.

One of the most keenly interested opera audiences on a Christmas Eve in many years filled the Metropolitan last night, applauding when the curtains opened on "La Juive," as announced, and interrupting the music for a personal ovation when Caruso soon after appeared. There had been doubt as to his ability to do so after two upsets in the last fortnight, but the tenor confounded the prophets of ill omen, and a few lucky ticket speculators were said to have gotten $75 for their remaining seats when it became known he would sing.

Caruso spent the afternoon with his wife trimming a tree for their little daughter, Gloria, a year and one week old today, at their new home on the eighteenth floor of the Hotel Vanderbilt, where a family party was bidden after the opera. In the theatre Mr. Caruso distributed gold pieces to some of the older chorus members employed, but declined to tell of his gifts, and he spent his waiting time in posing for new photographs in his make-up as Eleazar. Miss Easton was the Rachel in last night's performance. Miss Scotney, Messrs. Harrold, Rothier and others sang and Mr. Bodansky conducted.

Geraldine Farrar sang a matinée "Butterfly" to another large house, with Mario Chamlee, new as the American Lieutenant, one of the best seen here, and Mr. Scotti as the Yankee Consul. The Misses Fornia and Egener, Messrs. Bada and d'Angelo were others in a familiar cast, led by Moranzoni. Miss Farrar, in response to Christmas greetings from fellow-artists behind the scenes, said her holiday celebration this year would be dimmed by the absence of her husband, Mr. Tellegen, on tour, and by the illness of both her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Farrar.

FIRE AT THE WALDORF.

Storeroom Blazes, Fills Lobby With Smoke—$3,500 Damage.

Guests at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel were frightened last night when the lobby and corridors filled with smoke from a blazing storeroom on the second floor which caused damage estimated at $3,500.

Sergeant Dunn of the West Thirtieth Street station, passing by, noticed smoke coming from the Thirty-third Street side, and while he was giving the alarm from the Thirty-third Street entrance, employees of the hotel fried vainly to put out the fire. Captain William A. Bailey of the West Thirtieth Street station ordered patrolmen from adjoining posts to divert traffic and keep back the crowds.

Under the room where the fire occurred is a ballroom, which was set for a Christmas party, and water which came through from above did considerable damage.

HIS BATH POSTPONED.

Brooklynite, While Disrobing, Falls Two Stories Out of Window.

Forgetting to draw the shade until after he had nearly disrobed preparatory to taking a bath, Frederick Roetting of 528 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, reached for the shade, slipped and fell out of the window. He went down two stories, landing in a courtyard.

Tenants of the house heard a crash and ran out. Mr. Roetting was treated by an ambulance surgeon from St. John's Hospital, but was found to be so slightly injured that he was not taken to the hospital. He suffered a sprain of one shoulder.

$500,000 CHRISTMAS GIFT.

Bequest of Ray Merwin, New York Broker, to Mrs. Goodale.

TACOMA, Dec. 24.—Santa Claus came a day early to the home of Mrs. Ray D. Goodale, in Puyallup, and left half a million dollars in her stocking for herself and baby son.

The gift came in the form of news that the woman and baby have inherited the estate of Ray Merwin, a New York stock broker who died recently.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

A Christmas party will take place on the stage of the Hippodrome at noon today for the children of the various Hippodrome workers. It is expected that about 200 children will be present.

General Pershing attended the performance of "Tip-Top" at the Globe last night.

The choir boys of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine will attend the matinee of "The Prince and the Pauper" at the Booth today and will sing between the acts.

Mrs. Normae de R. Whitehouse of 116 East Fifty-sixth Street will go to Palm Beach early in January, to remain until April.

Mrs. William Marston Seabury will give a tea dance on Dec. 31 at her residence, 29 West Ninth Street, from 4 until 7, for her daughters, the Misses Lispenard and Ethelreda Seabury, and the younger girls and boys. Miss Lispenard Seabury will make her début next Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Erskine Boist of London, who arrived on the Olympic, are at the Ritz-Carlton. Mrs. Boist was formerly Mrs. Fletcher Ryder of San Francisco, and is the mother of Mrs. Stanhope Nixon.

Mrs. Richard Mortimer of 555 Park Avenue has gone to Palm Beach for an extended visit.

Midshipmen on Christmas leave from Annapolis will hold a hop this evening at 10 o'clock at the Plaza, and the affair will be attended by many West Point cadets, who are also in New York on leave.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard C. Brokaw will give a dance this evening at 984 Fifth Avenue for Miss Julia Brokaw, who is not yet out.

The Fall Mall supper dance will be held at the McDowell Club this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Schieffelin and Phillip Rhinelander are among those giving dinners this evening at their residences.

The Right Rev. James Henry Darlington, Bishop of Harrisburg, and Mrs. Darlington arrived in New York yesterday, and will be at the Gotham until after New Year's Day.

HOOVER SENDS GOOD NEWS.

Cables Overseas Workers That Relief for Children Is Assured.

Herbert Hoover cabled the overseas workers of the European Relief Council yesterday that $10,000,000 already had been subscribed to the $33,000,000 fund for use among the 3,500,000 needy children in Central and Southeastern Europe through the Winter. He pointed out that this sum assured that at least 1,000,000 children could be fed until the next harvest made them independent. His message to the workers said:

"On this Christmas Eve I take great pleasure in informing you that $10,000,000 is assured in cash and pledges out of the $33,000,000 we require. This splendid initial gift of America to the children of Europe leads me to believe that America's charitable people will assure the remainder necessary to finance the minimum program. Pass this on as America's Christmas message to the children."

Mr. Hoover also received a message yesterday from Michael Hainisch, the new President of the Austrian Republic, signifying acceptance of the post of honorary protectorship of the European Relief Council.

CARDINAL GIBBONS BETTER.

Christmas Pontifical Mass at Cathedral to Be Omitted.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 24.—Cardinal Gibbons spent a restless night, but this morning he was better, according to a report from the home of Miss Mary O. Shriver, Union Mills, Md., where he is staying.

Owing to his condition no plans are being made for his celebration of Christmas, though a midnight mass will be said tonight at Miss Shriver's residence. Father Smith, the Cardinal's secretary, who has constantly with him, will be the celebrant. For the first time in many years the Christmas Pontifical mass at the cathedral will be omitted.

ROME, Dec. 24.—A topic which formed the principal part of the conversation at Pope Benedict's Christmas reception at the Sacred College was the condition of Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore. Mgr. Cerretti, Papal Under Secretary of State, was frequently asked concerning the latest reports from the United States. Expressions of regret and wishes for the Cardinal's early recovery were heard everywhere.

WIFE HOLDS UP INHERITANCE

Cincinnati Man Seeks Injunction to Force Her to Sign Joint Checks.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Dec. 24.—Although they have more than $6,000 in a bank in Buffalo, money and securities in Cincinnati banks, they lack money for Christmas or even for the ordinary household needs, declared Edwin C. Bromfield, aged 62, in an injunction suit filed today against Jennie S. Bromfield, aged 59, his wife. He asks the court to order her to sign checks for their living expenses.

Bromfield says that when he received an inheritance from his father's estate several years ago he deposited it in the Marine National Bank, Buffalo, N. Y., in the joint names of himself and his wife, and that the signatures of both are necessary on checks in order to draw any money. Since March, 1916, he alleges his wife has refused to put her name to any checks on that account, "although he and she are suffering for the actual necessities of life."

WOMEN FIND QUICK VERDICT.

Hackensack Jury Out Only Five Minutes in Damage Case.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Dec. 24.—The first jury in Bergen County, composed entirely of women heard today the damage suit of Gerald Galloway against Thomas V. McIntegart for damages to his automobile. All of the women are attached to the County Clerk's office and compose what is called a "struck" jury, having been hastily summoned when no venire had been drawn. The jurors are the Misses Lillian Prelle, foreman; Florence A. Christie, Lillian Galbraith, Mabel Weickert, Ruth Williams, Catherine Heath, Irene Tully, Marie Klaus, Elsie Van Diemen, Marian Demarest, Laurette Keen and Lila Stephens.

After being out for five minutes the jury returned a verdict in favor of Galloway for $89.50, the amount of damage specifically claimed.

I. W. W. CHEER PRISONERS.

Send Money and Christmas Baskets to Comrades Serving Terms.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Dec. 24.—A check for $1,200 was received today by Warden A. V. Anderson of the Federal Penitentiary, from the headquarters of the Industrial Workers of the World at Chicago for distribution among prisoners who belong to that organization. Thus sixty prisoners will receive a twenty-dollar note Christmas morning.

In addition all so-called political prisoners will receive a basket of fruit and some tobacco, distributed by the I. W. W. Welfare League.

William G. Brown Weds Again.

Friends of William Grant Brown, lawyer, with offices in the Woolworth Building, were surprised yesterday to hear of his marriage on Thursday to Mrs. Grace Huntington Strong of 44 West Seventy-fifth Street. The former Mrs. Strong was a widow and the daughter of the late Frederick S. Wells.

MUSIC NOTES.

"Hansel and Gretel" is announced for two performances today at the Manhattan, to be followed next week by a new operetta, "Where the Lark Sings," by Franz Lehar.

Luisa Tetrazzini is to give her only recital in Brooklyn tomorrow afternoon, appearing with her own concert company at the Academy of Music.

Fritz Kreisler, Mischa Levitzki, Frances Alda, Ada Sassoli, Rafael Diaz and Norman Trevor are to aid the Catholic Big Brothers' benefit at the Hippodrome tomorrow evening.

Millo Picco, Serge Radamsky, Berta Riviere, Leah Leaska and Frans Kelterborn appear at the Garden tomorrow night with a band of fifty men, led by a woman conductor, Miss Soller.

Mahler's First Symphony is to be performed by the Philharmonica, under Josef Stransky, next Friday in Carnegie Hall, when Henry Hadley will also lead his rhapsody, "The Culprit Fay."

AWAY WITH HUSBAND

Polish Soprano Will Sail for Europe With Alexander Smith Cochran Next Week.

QUITS HER STAGE CAREER

Trip of Several Months to Follow Retirement From Chicago Opera Company.

The mystery which surrounded the movements of Mrs. Alexander Smith Cochran since, as Mme. Ganna Walska, the Polish prima donna, she suddenly left the Chicago Grand Opera Company and came to New York five days ago, was cleared up yesterday when Mr. Cochran booked a suite of two rooms and bath for himself and wife on the White Star liner Olympic, which sails at 1 o'clock on Wednesday, Dec. 29, for Cherbourg and Southampton.

Neither Mr. Cochran nor his wife would discuss the matter yesterday at her home, 101 East Ninety-fourth Street, where they were receiving friends and getting ready for the trip, which will last for several months.

Friends of the pair said that Mr. Cochran had opposed his wife's going to Chicago to join the opera company and that she had given up her stage career. Mr. Cochran's house at 820 Fifth Avenue has not been opened since their return to New York in September. Caretakers will be left in charge of the house and also Mrs. Cochran's house, where they are now living in East Ninety-fourth Street, and the servants will accompany them on the Olympic.

MANY DEBUTANTES AT CHRISTMAS EVE DANCES

Miss Mary Van R. Cogswell Introduced to Society at the Ritz —Friday Juniors at Plaza.

Miss Mary Van Rensselaer Cogswell, the younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cullen Van Rensselaer Cogswell, made her début last evening at a dance Mrs. Cogswell gave for her at the Ritz-Carlton. Mrs. Cogswell and Miss Cogswell had the latter's sister, Mrs. Thomas Robins Jr., assisting them in receiving. The large ballroom was used, gay with Christmas decorations, and the seated supper was in the main restaurant. There were about 500 guests, including nearly all of the season's débutantes and the young college men, and a few older people. Among the buds were the Misses Eliza Parish, Georgina Wells, Carolyn Ferriday, Betty Barber, Nancy Jay, Eleanor Manning, Lee Dodge, Annie Auchincloss, Katharine Bliss, Mary Stevens, Mary Cameron, Margaret Flint, Emily Hammond and Constance Jennings.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederic H. Hatch gave a dinner at the Colony Club before the dance for Miss Cogswell. Their guests were the Misses A. Ruth Ogden, Louise Morris, Georgina Wells, Julia A. de Forest, Eleanor Coward, Sophie Dyer, Margaret Flint and Alden R. Hatch, Erie Hatch, Courtlandt Van Rensselaer Jr., John A. M. Thomas, Charles McCrea, Langdon Post and T. Alden Hatch.

Mrs. William P. Hardenburgh entertained with a dinner and dancing at her residence, 10 East Sixty-fourth Street, the guests being members of the family and relatives and a few old friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Sabin gave a large dinner, followed by dancing, at their residence, 14 East Sixty-fourth Street, the guests being chiefly young married people.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Delafield gave a small and informal dance for their young daughter, not yet out, Miss Rita Delafield, the guests being the younger girls and boys.

The first of the Friday Juniors was danced last evening at the Plaza. The patronesses this year are Mrs. Samuel Sloan Auchincloss, Mrs. Thomas W. Lamont, Mrs. G. Trowbridge Hollister, Mrs. George D. Pratt, Mrs. James R. Lowell, Mrs. Dudley Phelps, Mrs. Chauncey Stillman and Mrs. Percy H. Stewart. The next dance will be on New Year's Eve.

The fourth of this season's Bachelor Dances was held last night at the Vanderbilt. Among those who entertained guests were Alfonso de Navarro, Norman Trevor and Charles Hudson Pope.

"Pagans" at the Princess Jan. 3.

"Pagans," a serious play by Charles Anthony, will open at the Princess Theatre on Monday night, Jan. 3. The cast will be headed by Joseph Schildkraut, son of Rudolph Schildkraut of the Jewish Art Theatre; Irene Fenwick and Helen Ware. Also in the company will be Alice Fischer, Harold Vermilye, Frederic Burt and David Glassford.

IN CABINET MAKING

Farmers Against Weeks for Treasury—Johnson Opposes Hoover for Labor Post.

SOME LEADERS ANTI-HUGHES

Penrose Does Not Want Knox Taken From Senate and His Appointment Is Unlikely.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Agitation by American farmers for relief against falling prices, which has been strong enough to lead the Republican party to hurried legislative action as shown by the passage by Congress of the resolution to revive the War Finance Corporation and the emergency tariff bill by the House, is having an important part in deciding the type of men who will be Secretary of the Treasury and Secretary of Agriculture in the Harding Cabinet.

The sentiment of the sections chiefly devoted to agriculture has made itself felt with Senator Harding. The result is that his personal desires as to his Secretary of the Treasury seems to have been changed.

Senator Harding is credited with having had ex-Senator Weeks of Massachusetts in mind for that post, but the West has risen in protest against a banker and a New England man and is demanding a Westerner for the place and insisting that he shall not be a banker or at least one associated with large Eastern interests.

Mr. Harding, it is understood, intended to name his Secretary of the Treasury and Secretary of State early so as to give these men an opportunity to formulate policies on domestic economics and international problems.

Information that reaches here goes to show that the farmer opposition to men mentioned as possibilities for Secretary of the Treasury has bowled out at least one man whom Senator Harding had in mind for that portfolio.

The divergent views in the party and the Pennsylvania political situation, it is said, have given Mr. Harding trouble in deciding upon the appointee for Secretary of State.

In the first place, the treaty irreconcilables in the Senate have been aggressive in fighting Elihu Root's appointment, although there appeared no necessity for this, as Mr. Harding was not disposed to choose him. They have also declared in a general way against giving the portfolio to any one favorable to the League of Nations. That has made it necessary for Mr. Harding, if he accepts such views to take a "bitter-ender" or a man of rather negative stand upon the League question.

There seems to be a trend toward Charles E. Hughes for Secretary of State, although many party leaders are opposed to having him in the Cabinet. They do not like his firm manner, and say that his training as a jurist has unfitted him for public life, where, they hold, compromises are necessary if success is to be won. The belief prevails here that Mr. Hughes will be appointed to one of the first vacancies on the Supreme Court.

Senator Knox, who is acceptable to the irreconcilables, and has been strongly urged upon Mr. Harding, will not be appointed. That can be stated as a fact.

Mr. Knox does not wish to undertake the arduous task in the first place. Moreover, Senator Penrose, who would be consulted in case a Cabinet office was to go to Pennsylvania, is strongly opposed to Mr. Knox leaving the Senate. Because of the bitter differences between Penrose and Governor Sproul, the Senator finds himself surrounded by a younger group in the party seeking to succeed to the leadership. At the head is Governor Sproul, and associated with him is Wm. W. Atterbury, First Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Governor Sproul would be called upon to appoint a successor to Mr. Knox, if he went into the Cabinet, and Senator Penrose is convinced, it is said here, that his appointee would be inimical to the Republican organization as now constituted. This tangle in Pennsylvania, in the opinion of those knowing Senator Harding, is certain to prevent the appointment of Mr. Knox.

Senator Johnson, it is stated here, has informed Senator Harding of his determination to oppose Hoover for Secretary of Labor, the post which many leaders believe Hoover is best fitted to take in the Cabinet. New difficulties are arising to confront the President-elect.

It can be stated that nothing in the way of relief for the farmer is likely to become effective at this session of Congress. Mr. Harding foresees this, and is especially eager to have his Secretary of the Treasury ready to recommend legislation at the special session to help the agricultural population. It is said that he will recommend legislation in the first week of the session.

TAFT SEES HARDING, INDORSES PROGRAM

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

Nations completely, and that he stands by his declaration that the good in the League should be preserved.

Ex-President Pleased by Talk.

Mr. Taft showed by his demeanor as well as by his words that he was pleased with the conference he had with Mr. Harding. He seemed confident that when the next President came to build upon the broad basis of the principles outlined there would be more of the League of Nations left for American acceptance than some persons have maintained.

He intimated that he believed Senator Harding was conforming loyally to his pre-election pledges.

The correspondents had time to ask only one question of Mr. Taft, as he was anxious to catch a train for Cincinnati, where he spends Christmas with his brother, Charles P. Taft. The question was this:

"In view of the belief that the next President may offer to you the Supreme Court Chief Justiceship, does that meet with your desire or ambition?"

Mr. Taft laughed and regarded his inquisitors with twinkling eyes. The question, obviously, did not displease him. His reply was:

"Gentlemen, I shall answer that by saying that if or when such an invitation shall be extended to me I shall certainly give it my best consideration."

Friends See Harding Making Gains.

Friends of Mr. Harding think that he is making great progress in reconciling the leaders of opinion as he presents his central theory that the first thing to do is to get nations together as one gets men together when anything important is to be done.

"What does one do in any town meeting when one wants a good thing brought about?" Senator Harding asks. "The first thing is to convince the ten men who lead in the community of the wisdom and practicability of the idea. Very well, then. If that applies to men it must apply to nations."

The friends of the President-elect say that he has impressed all his callers (Hughes, Hoover, Root, Butler, Wickersham, Fall, and Reed to name a few) by his poise and tact and insistence that nothing impracticable is worth a cent and he has brought reasonably close together these leaders of antagonistic views on the league.

Senator Harding believes, his friends say, that this is an existence of give and take, always with moral, even religious, ends in sight. That principle, they assert, he purposes to apply to the great problem of our future relationship with all other nations.

Taft Speaks for Hilles.

During Mr. Taft's visit he discussed Cabinet possibilities with Senator Harding, and spoke more than a good word for his long-time friend, Charles D. Hilles of New York, in relation to the post of Secretary of the Treasury. Mr. Hilles, with George M. Reynolds and Charles G. Dawes of Chicago, seems to lead in the consideration for this post, although John W. Weeks of Massachusetts is in the background.

If the reports from New England and the gossip here is true, Mr. Weeks was pressed with urgency for the post of Secretary of the Treasury. But if other reports are true, Senator Harding has not wished to give that place to him, but has restricted consideration of his name to the war or navy posts. There is friendship of long standing between Harding and Weeks, and it is stated that the ex-Senator can be Secretary of the Navy, which he is disinclined to be because former Annapolis classmates would be subject to his action, or he can be Secretary of War.

The suggestion became stronger today that Charles E. Hughes, would become Secretary of State. The belief exists here that Senator Harding, having begun with the consideration of Hughes, Root, Lodge, Knox, Sutherland and David Jayne Hill, has by elimination put aside all names except those of Hughes and Root. There is a belief here that Mr. Root is still retained in consideration to meet the possibility that Mr. Hughes might not be able to accept the post, for which he seems to lead.

There is much gossip about Harry M. Daugherty being invited into the Cabinet. The prevailing opinion here is that if he wants to be Attorney General he can have the place. This selection would virtually eliminate for Cabinet consideration George Sutherland of Utah, who stands high in Senator Harding's estimation. Moreover, it is understood that both Will Hays, Chairman of the National Committee, and A. Tobias Hert of Kentucky seek Cabinet honors, Mr. Hays desiring to be Postmaster General and Mr. Hert requesting the war portfolio.

Hundreds of Presents to Open.

Senator and Mrs. Harding will eat their Christmas dinner at home tomorrow, half a dozen newspaper men being guests.

The Senator and his wife will be forced to spend much time during the day opening their Christmas packages, of which hundreds have come from all parts of the country.

Miss Marion P. Hayden to Wed Henry Latane Stevens.

Mr. and Mrs. John Frank Hayden of 863 Riverside Drive announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marion Fassenden Hayden, to Henry Latane Stevens, son of the late Rev. Dr. William Dix Bose Stevens and Mrs. Stevens of 2,606 Fifth Avenue. Miss Hayden is a graduate of Barnard College, class of '17. During the war Mr. Stevens served as an ensign in the transport service.

Nathaniel Atkinson of Santa Cruz, Cal., announces the engagement of his daughter, Miss Ethel Marguerite Atkinson, to Richard L. Weidenbacher of Philadelphia. No date has been set for the wedding.

Butler—Lane.

Mrs. L. St. John Butler of 66 West Seventy-fifth Street announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Blanche Louise Butler, to Albert Appleton Lane Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert A. Lane of East Orange, N. J. Miss Butler is a graduate of Mlle. Veltin's school. Mr. Lane, who is a graduate of Colgate, class of '20, and a member of the Delta Kappa Epsilon Fraternity, served during the war with the American forces as a chemist.

Ford—Olcott.

The engagement has been announced of Torrey Ford, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Sewell Ford, to Miss Elizabeth Olcott, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Olcott of Duluth, Minn.

King Albert Decorates Frank L. Polk

The Belgian Ambassador, Baron de Cartier de Marchienne, bestowed yesterday—on Frank L. Polk, former Assistant Secretary of State of the United States, the insignia of grand officer of the Order of Leopold, as a token of the personal regard of King Albert of Belgium.

NATIONAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
ARTUR BODANZKY COND'R.
CARNEGIE HALL | THIS AFTERNOON at 2:30. | TOMORROW NIGHT at 8:15.
Solo—BENNO—Pianist
MOISEIWITSCH
Program—GLUCK. Overture, Iphigenia in Aulis; GLIERE, Sirens; RACHMANINOFF, Concerto C minor; WAGNER, Prelude, Mastersingers.
TUES. AFT., DEC. 28, AT 2:30.
Sun. Eve., Jan. 2 (Pop. Conc.) at 8:15
Violin Soloist KREISLER Mendelssohn Concerto
THE KNABE IS THE OFFICIAL PIANO.

CARNEGIE HALL TONIGHT
THIRD RECITAL TO-NIGHT
PIASTRO
SEASON'S MOST BRILLIANT VIOLINIST
Tickets 75c to $3 at Box Office. (Chickering)

HIPPODROME, Sun. Eve., Jan. 2
FIRST NEW YORK RECITAL
KUBELIK
JOINTLY WITH ALFRED
MIROVITCH
Tickets $1.00 to $3.50 (10% War Tax Extra.)
On Sale Monday at Hippodrome. (Chickering.)
Mgt. Hurok's Bureau, 47 W. 42d St.

CHARLES RANN KENNEDY
EDITH WYNNE MATTHISON
Will Give a Reading of
"The Terrible Meek"
Auspices of Community Forum,
High School, 155 West 65th Street.
Sunday (December 26) Evening, 8:15.
(No Admittance After Reading Begins.)
Admission Free—The Public Invited.

CARNEGIE HALL
WEDNESDAY EVE., at 8:15 January 5
ONLY N. Y. RECITAL—FRIEDA
HEMPEL
Seats at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, THURS. AFT., DEC. 30, AT 3
GRIFFES GROUP
Edna Thomas, Mezzo. — Olga Steeb, Piano.
Sascha Jacobsinoff, Violin. — Knabe Piano.
Seats at Box Office. Mgt. Katharine A. Bamman.

AEOLIAN HALL, TUES. AFT., DEC. 28, at 3
PIANO RECITAL BY ERNESTO
BERUMEN
Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

GOOD TIMES MAN O'WAR'S SENSATIONAL VICTORY (A Real Race)
MATINEE EVERY DAY At the HIPPODROME
EVES. AT 8:10. MATINEES AT 2:15.
COLUMBIA, B'y & 47 St. Twice daily 2:15 & 8:15
Pop. Prices. Ed Lee Wrathe & His Best Show.

MOTION PICTURES.

CRITERION
BROADWAY at 44TH ST.
Jesse L. Lasky Presents
William De Mille's
"Midsummer Madness"
"One of those Rare pictures that deserves a second visit."—N. Y. Herald.
A Paramount Picture
with Jack Holt, Conrad Nagel, Lois Wilson, Lila Lee.
From Cosmo Hamilton's Novel, "His Friend and His Wife."

$100 for 250 Words
How would you have the photo-play end? Write the Contest Department, Criterion Theatre.

RIVOLI B'WAY at 49th Lois Weber Production "TO PLEASE ONE WOMAN"
A Paramount Picture
Rivoli Concert Orchestra
SPECIAL PERFORMANCES
For Children at the Rivoli.
10:30 A. M. Beginning Today, Xmas Day.
PICTURES—XMAS FANTASY.
CHILD ACTORS
DEC. 25TH TO JAN. 1ST, INCLUSIVE
Patrons May Remain Through First Regular Performance, Which Begins at Noon.

RIALTO Times Sq. BEBE DANIELS Oh Lady, Lady!
Famous Rialto Orchestra.

44TH ST. THEATRE MATINEE EVERY DAY
EVENINGS, 8:15. MATINEES, 2:15.
The D. W. Griffith Masterpiece
WAY DOWN EAST
Orchestral & Vocal Accompaniment.
All Seats Reserved. Order in Advance.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Twice Daily. MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.
WILLIAM FOX Presents
Over the Hill
By Will Carleton. Directed by Harry Millarde.

CAPITOL 2nd Sensational Week. FOLA NEGRI in "PASSION"
B'way at 51 Street Mats. 50-50. Nights 55-85.
World's Largest and Most Beautiful Theatre.

STRAND MARK JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD'S "ISOBEL," or "THE TRAIL'S END."
B'way & 47 St. Grand Orchestra.

PLAZA Mad. Ave. at 59th St. "EYES OF THE HEART," with MARY MILES MINTER. Also "THE VEILED MYSTERY."
Plaza Orch. & Organ. Comedy News.

Sight Seeing Royal Blue Line
Seeing New York, up town, down town, over the great bridges to Brooklyn, 10 A.M. 2 P.M. Chinatown, New York After Dark, 8 P.M. Luxurious glass roof heated automobiles. Distinctive Service. Ask at hotels for our free map and guide.
ROYAL BLUE LINE CO. OF N. Y.
Office Starting Point, Hotel McAlpin

THE Passing Show of 1921 Seats Now
CENTURY THEATRE Roof & C. P. Way. Evs. 8. Mats. Today & Wed., 2
MAT. TODAY Good Seats 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2
LAST FIVE WEEKS.
F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present
MOST SENSATIONAL SUCCESS EVER KNOWN IN THE WORLD
MECCA
Musical Extravaganza of the Orient.
COMPANY OF 400—11 BIG SCENES.
Century Promenade Above Century Theatre
CENTURY MIDNIGHT REVUE AT 11:30
Opens at 10:30 for Dining and Dancing.

CENTRAL THEATRE, 47th & B'y. Evs. 8:30
Mat. Today & Wed., 2:30.
Mat. T'day Good Seats 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2
F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present
The London and Paris Sensation,
DELYSIA in A Musical Show
"AFGAR"
"Won taken New York by storm"—Telegram

BROADHURST 44 W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Last Mat. T'day, 2:30. Last 2 Tms.
Henry Hull Alan Tell George Marion
in Katz L. McLaurin's Comedy Triumph. "When We Are Young"

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S W. 39 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Mts. Today & Wed.
5TH MONTH SPANISH LOVE

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:30.
THE BAT "KEEPS STANDERS ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World.
EXTRA MATS. NEXT WEEK THURS. & FRI.

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30
Daddy Dumplins with MACLYN ARBUCKLE

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
"LADIES' NIGHT"

CASINO 39th and B'way. Evenings at 8:20.
CHRISTMAS MATINEE TODAY.
ZIMBALIST'S PLAY WITH MUSIC.
HONEYDEW

COMEDY Theatre, W. 41st. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TODAY & THURS.
! HOLBROOK BLINN
As a lovable, laughable bandit—
THE BAD MAN

LYRIC—MONDAY, DEC. 27 Seats Now
Nora Bayes
In a Fantastic Musical Play.
"HER FAMILY TREE"

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Phone Bryant 134.
2ND YEAR—THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT
IRENE
Seats 6 Weeks Ahead. MATS. TODAY & WED.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-day.
MR. DITRICHSTEIN in "THE PURPLE MASK."
Next Week LEO | DECIL LEAN | in "LOOK WHO'S HERE" | with Cleo Mayfield
SUNDAY CONCERTS: Continuous 1:30 to 11:30.

TICKETS FOR ALL THEATRES 50c ADVANCE The Original TYSON & CO. ESTABLISHED 1885 1472 B'WAY. 100 B'WAY. 4080 Bryant 9100 Recke

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Today and Wed. 2:15
FIRST MATINEE TODAY, 2:15.
"One of the plays all lovers of the theatre should see and see again."—Times.
RUTH CHATTERTON in J. M. BARRIE'S MARY ROSE

BELASCO WEST 44 ST. EVES. AT 8:15. FIRST MAT. TODAY, 2:15.
LIONEL ATWILL in the New Play "DEBURAU"
By Sacha Guitry, adptd. by Granville Barker.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Thurs. 2:20.
INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS" By Avery Hopwood.

BRAMHALL 138 E. 27th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
Mixed Marriages by John Erwine

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d. Evs. 8:20. MATS. TODAY & THURS., 2:30.
Patricia Collinge in A. E. THOMAS' NEW COMEDY JUST SUPPOSE

LAST 2 WEEKS
CORT West 48 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed., 2:30.
JIM JAM JEMS
The Smashing Musical Hit.

BAB LAST TWO WEEKS with HELEN HAYES
BEG'G MON., JAN. 3RD Park Thea. Col. Cir. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Wed.
Francis Wilson & De Wolf Hopper in "ERMINIE" Mail Orders Now.

A CLARE KUMMER Comedy ROLLO'S WILD OAT ROLAND YOUNG
Extra Mats. Wed., Dec. 28, & Thurs., Dec. 30.

TONY SARG'S MARIONETTES RIP VAN WINKLE
Spcl. Mats.—FINAL WEEK: TODAY AT 11 A. M.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE
TODAY at 2:30. TONIGHT at 8:20.
Humperdinck's Opera, "HANSEL AND GRETEL." Marie Mattfeld as "Hansel." Complete Ensemble, Chorus, Scenes. Orchestra of 40.
MON. EVE., DEC. 27. Premiere of Franz Lehar's New Viennese Operetta, "WO DIE LERCHE SINGT" (Where The Lark Sings.) Prices 50c to $3.50. Seats Now Selling.
DEC. 27-28-29 at 2:30, "SNOW WHITE AND THE SEVEN DWARFS." Dec. 30 and 31, at 2:30, "CINDERELLA." Prices 25c to $1.00. Seats Now Selling. All performances in German.

NEW AMSTERDAM MATS. WED. & SAT.
POP. 50c to $2.50 MAT. TODAY
Ziegfeld Production Marilynn Miller Leon Errol in Sally
NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF—NEW
Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evs. at 8:15. Hon. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
POP. 50c to $2.00 MAT. TODAY
MITZI
in "LADY BILLY" A MUSICAL COMEDY HIT.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way, 43d St. Mts. Today & Wed.
GEO. M. COHAN'S PRODUCTION
THE TAVERN
GREATEST MYSTERY OF THEM ALL.
ARNOLD DALY as the Vagabond.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Mats. Today & Wed.
GEO. M. COHAN'S Comedians
MARY
(ISN'T IT A GRAND OLD NAME?)

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30
JOHN GOLDEN Presents
FRANK BACON 'LIGHTNIN'

COHAN & HARRIS Th., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15
WELCOME STRANGER
with GEORGE SIDNEY.

CLOBE. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed.
FRED STONE "TIP-TOP"
Seats Now for Extra Holiday Mat., Fri., Dec. 31

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Wed., 2:30.
GEO. M. COHAN'S production of
THE MEANEST MAN IN THE WORLD
MR. COHAN in the Title Role.

N. Y. HIPPODROME
TOMORROW NIGHT (SUNDAY) AT 8:15
★ GREATEST PROGRAM OF THE YEAR ★
FRANCES ALDA
MISCHA LEVITZKI
RAFAELO DIAZ
FRITZ KREISLER
GUTIA CASINI
NORMAN TREVOR, Master of Ceremonies
SEATS NOW ON SALE AT HIPPODROME BOX

LONG SHOT VICTOR AT JEFFERSON PARK

Hank O'Day Makes Great Finish on New Orleans Track and Wins at 25 to 1.

COLUMBIA TENN IS FIRST

Captures Terrebonne Handicap by Wide Margin—Approval Leads Big Field and Pays 15 to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 24.—Victories by three outsiders enlivened the racing at Jefferson Park this afternoon and only one favorite managed to get home first in the seven events on the program. The best of the outsiders was Hank O'Day, which was a 25-to-1 shot when he went to the pole in the fourth race. In the previous event Approval, quoted at 15 to 1, scored a close victory over a big field of three-year-olds and upward, and the last race of the afternoon saw Aztec, a 12 to 1 shot, romping home first in a field of ten.

Hank O'Day, which showed greatly improved form today, was completely overlooked by the public, which made Mormon the favorite. The latter was never in the running and finished next to last in a field of eleven. Hank O'Day, after a poor start, gained steadily in the first quarter, but was in seventh place at the half-way mark, where Enos was leading by a length over Harry Burgoyne. While the latter two horses were fighting it out for the lead at the turn into the stretch, Hank O'Day, finishing with a rush, made a great run down the stretch and won in the final stride from Burgoyne, which showed improved form but could not stand the pace in the final eighth.

Third place went to Enos, which was away fast but began tiring in the last sixteenth and finished four lengths behind Burgoyne. Amackassin, which tired in the first half mile, closed the gap, but lost third place to Enos by a length, while the rest of the field trailed badly.

Approval Wins at 15 to 1.

Approval, which won the third race at 15-to-1 odds, was given a hustling ride by Mooney and managed to outstay Back Bay in the stretch. Approval moved into the lead at once and held on well all the way, while Back Bay spoiled a good showing by hanging back a trifle at the end, losing first place to Approval by the narrow margin of a neck. Third honors were taken by Pullus, which went well at the finish and was always a strong contender. Kiratie's Cub showed a laggardly effort and Nominee was far back most of the way, finishing seventh.

Aztec, the third of the outsiders, had a rough voyage in the seventh race, for three-year-olds and upward at one mile and a sixteenth. The Field gelding seemed hopelessly out of it in the early stages and was in eighth place at the midway mark. Under a fast ride by Roberts, however, Aztec moved up fast in the last quarter and drew out with a burst of speed in the stretch run winning from Col. Lit by a length and a half. The latter led constantly during the final quarter and seemed to have the race, but he tired in the last eighth and barely saved second place from Indolence, which was a neck behind at the finish line. Indolence seemed to be lame going to the post but despite this showed a good effort and was very much in the running near the end. Le Gaulois, the favorite, quit badly in the last quarter after leading most of the way and finished ninth.

The feature race of the program, the Terrebonne Handicap, a six-furlong dash for three-year-olds and upward, was a comfortable victory for Columbia Tenn, which was well handled by Taylor. Columbia Tenn flashed into a good lead and was hustled along at the head of the field, holding the others safe during the stretch and keeping his lead intact. The margin of victory was a length and a half, with Ground Swell second by a head and Sagamore third. Both horses went prominently from the start and Sagamore saved much ground in the stretch. While The Portuguese came fast but had to be urged strongly by Hempel to finish fourth.

The only favorite to take a race during the afternoon was Old McKenna, which showed the way in the first event, a mile and a sixteenth race for three-year-olds and upward. The winner was prominent during the entire trip and improved his position in the stretch run by means of a good ride by Gregory, who outstayed Royden at the end and brought his horse home by a neck. Royden began slowly, had to go wide at the first turn and was Allowed to swerve badly during the stretch drive. With better handling, Royden would probably have taken the measure of Old McKenna. Old Rose took third place after showing a good performance all the way and holding on well in the last eighth.

Victory by a Nose.

The closest victory of the program was that in the second number, at five and a half furlongs, for two-year-old fillies. Plantoon, which moved into the lead with a rush, tired badly after being straightened out in the stretch and barely first place from Louis E. Wynn by a nose. It was a close shave for Plantoon, which lasted long enough to win a lucky race. Louis E. Wynn showed the most speed of the field of eleven, but was held back by a slow start and managed to close the gap only by making a rushing drive into the stretch. Mary Fonso also got away to a poor start and captured third position, a neck and a half behind Louise Wynn. The favorite in the race, Segurola, quit badly after going a half mile, and was never a serious contender.

Athena won the sixth event, leading a field of three-year-olds to the finish line in a close race. Athena, after a tardy start, moved up steadily through the field and overhauled Lorena Moss in the stretch by a bit of fast running. Lorena Moss was second at the end and was a length behind Athena, while Kingling II., which went prominently all the way, took third place from Spectacular Girl by a neck.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For maiden three-year-olds and upward, claiming; purse $700; one mile and a sixteenth. Old McKenna 108 pounds (Gregory), 8 to 5, 3 to 5 and even, first; Royden 102 (Garner), 7 to 10, 1 to 3, second; Old Rose 108 (Mooney), 6 to 2, third. Time—1:49 2-5. Pansy Bloom, Beeswax, Eleve, Pindar and Tony also ran.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-old fillies; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Plantoon 104 pounds (Pollard), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, and 4 to 5, first; Louise Wynne 105 (Collins), 6 to 5, 3 to 5, second; Mary Fonso 107 (Roberts), 6 to 5, third. Time—1:09 1-5. Segurola, Lady Granite, Calithump, Mary Kerb, Bally Gihon, Our Kara, Obstinate and Gladys also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; horses and geldings; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Approval 105 pounds (Mooney), 15 to 1, 6 to 1, 3 to 1, first; Back Bay 110 (King), 8 to 5, 4 to 5, second; Pullus 110 (Lyke), 6 to 5, third. Time—1:14 2-5. Liberator, Frank Wilson, Cozzacho, Kirsties Cub, Bangall, Nominee, Joe the Mark and Nolawn also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; horses and geldings; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Hank O'Day 110 pounds (Garner), 25 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, first; Harry Burgoyne 105 (Mooney), 5 to 2, 7 to 5, second; Enos 110 (Pauley), 4 to 1, third. Time—1:14. Murphy, York Road, Mormon, General, Circulate, Amackassin, Jay Thummel and Dotta's Best also ran.

FIFTH RACE—The Terrebonne Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; allowance; purse $800; six furlongs. Columbia Tenn 113 pounds (W. Taylor), 11 to 5, 1 to 10, 1 to 20, first; Ground Swell 110 (Murray), 8 to 5, 2 to 5, second; Sagamore 111 (Rodriguez), 1 to 4, third. Time—1:14 2-5. Sammy Kelly, Johnny Overton, Etaha, The Portuguese, Hadrian and Vetvan also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one and one-sixteenth miles. Athena 105 pounds (McDermott), 9 to 2, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, first; Lorena Moss 102 (Mooney), 3 to 5, 1 to 3, second; Kingling II. 108 (Roberts), 4 to 5, third. Time—1:49 1-5. Lucius, Brickley, Malvolio, Captain Hodge, Billy Stuart and Starting Colors also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one and one-sixteenth miles. Aztec 110 pounds (Roberts), 12 to 1, 5 to 1, 5 to 2, first; Colonel Lit 107 (Williams), 7 to 5, 7 to 10, second; Indolence 110 (Hempel), 2 to 1, third. Time—1:49 1-5. On High, Dr. Schaefer, Ben Hampson, Bluebannock, Captania, Le Gaulois and Orenzo also ran.

Golf Planned for 60-Year-Old Veterans and Novices of 16

Sixty-year-old veterans of the links and sixteen-year-old novices with the niblick and mashie will have their innings next year at the Del Monte Golf Club, which has just announced two of the tournaments that will be held on the California course. On March 12 and 13 there will be a tournament for the veterans, and no one under the ripe age of 60 will be allowed to tee off in the opening round. In order not to give the contestants too heavy a task at one time, only nine holes will be played each day at medal competition.

The event for the younger players will come in July, when the State junior tourney, sanctioned by the California Golf Association, will be held at Del Monte. Although the conditions have not yet been announced, it is likely that the age of eligibility will be placed at 16 years.

TWO FAVORITES IN FRONT AT HAVANA

Mavehona and Cavan Boy Help Form Players, While Bibbler Finds His Racing Legs.

HAVANA, Cuba, Dec. 24.—A very ordinary program was decided at Oriental Park today and form players had a poor day, only two favorites scoring. The choices to gather purses were Mavehona in the first race and Cavan Boy in the third.

The victory of Mavehona in the opening event was the first real good thing of the meeting to go over. She ran in the colors of W. R. Coe, but her margin of victory at the end was very small. The filly met with early interference, gamely raced along, but in the last sixteenth tired badly, swerved over to the rail and gained the decision by a nose.

Bibbler finally found his racing legs and won a purse. He took the lead in the second soon after the start and, increasing his advantage to the end, won in a gallop by three lengths. Fireworth, the favorite, was away poorly and had no chance, but closed fast, finishing second. Sentry was third.

Cavan Boy won the third rather easily, defeating Plantagenet. The fourth event went to Perigourdine and the fifth to Pullus. The last race was won by Black Thong.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For two-year-old maidens; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Mavehona, 105 pounds (Wilson), even, 1 to 3, 1 to 6, first; Willow Tree, 109 (McCoy), 6 to 2, 3 to 5, second; Tea Singer, 105 (Garner), 7 to 2, even, third. Time—1:09 1-5. Lotta Speed, Scotty, Wishing and George W. also ran.

SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Bibbler, 107 pounds (Dreyer), 3 to 1, 8 to 5, 3 to 5, first; Fireworth, 107 (Crump), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, second; Sentry, 105 (Atkinson), 7 to 1, 5 to 2, 8 to 5, third. Time—1:00 4-5. Terrible Susan, Nonsense, Okemus, Jack Dawson, John J. Riley and Rhadames also ran.

THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Cavan Boy, 112 pounds (Meehan), even, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Plantagenet, 112 (Eames), 7 to 2, 7 to 5, 7 to 10, second; Lady Master, 107 (McCoy), 7 to 2, 7 to 5, 7 to 10, third. Time—1:09. Vim, Superior, Honest George, Twenty-Seven and Night Wind also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and fifty yards. Perigourdine 112 pounds (Dawson), 7 to 1, 5 to 1, 6 to 5, first; Ed Garrison, 112 (Butwell), 2 to 1, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, even, second; Polar Jane, 102 (Kennedy), 8 to 5, 3 to 5, 1 to 3, third. Time—1:08. Punctual, Fleer, Stiletto, Our Nephew and Jack K. also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds ;claiming; purse $700; one mile and fifty yards. Pie, 103 pounds (Mangan), 4 to 1, even, 1 to 4, first; Sea Prince, 108 (Kennedy), 2 to 1, 1 to 2, 1 to 6, second; Mildred, 106 (Atkinson), 1 to 2, 1 to 5, 1 to 10, third. Time—1:45 2-5. Rain Rose, Grey Rump, Major Fiske and Jimmie O'Brien also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and one-sixteenth. Black Thong, 106 pounds (Kennedy), 3 to 5, 1 to 2 and 1 to 4, first; Laresar, 103 (Hunt), 6 to 5, 1 to 5 and 1 to 6, second; Promise J. Hogan, 108 (Lancaster), 5 to 2, 4 to 5 and 1 to 3, third. Time—1:48 1-5. Hunter Platt, Guardsman and Bulger also ran.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $700; two-year-olds; five furlongs. Shorty's First, 102 pounds; Big Bill 102, Whippett 102, Black Top 102, Queen of Trumps 105, Aunt Deda 105, Vic Munoz 106.

SECOND RACE—Purse $700; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs. Polar Cub 95 pounds, *Bread Line 99, *Avion 107, Slippery Silver 112, Frascuello 113, Hocnir 116.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs. *Apple May 100, *Aigrette 105, Hai Rack 105, *Lania 105, *Huntress 105, Red 110, Marty Lou 110, Sayonna 110, Cy Merrick 110.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs. *Jill 102 pounds; *Juanita 3d 102, *Durella 105, Doctor D. 108, May Rose 105, McClelland 110, Laughing Eyes II. 110, View 110.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,000; all ages; Santa Claus Handicap; six furlongs. Penelope 90 pounds, Osgood 102, Black Prince 100, Pomerene 106, Assumption 105, Purebred 103, Aaron 108, Black Prince and Pomerene Armonia Stable entry.

SIXTH RACE—$3,000 added; two-year-olds and upward; one mile and fifty yards; the Christmas Handicap. All Aglow 100 pounds, Helen Atkin 104, Armistice 105, Mess Kit 105, Lackawanna 106, Herron 108, War Zone 108, Sweep Clean 110, Mumbo Jumbo 111, Atta Boy II. 112, Bally 116, Cromwell 125. Mess Kit and Lackawanna Armonia Stable entry.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; one mile; three-year-olds and upward. American Soldier 106 pounds, *Riverside 107, Zole 108, Bierman 108, Faux Col 110, Pierre-a-Feu 112.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear; track fast.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and up; claiming; $700; five and a half furlongs. Port Light 116 pounds, Serbian 115, Ground Swell 114, Brista 114, Jock Scot 114, Trusty 114, Head Over Heels 114, *Assume, 113, Murphy 112, Thursday Nighter 111, *Shilling 110, Marmite 108, *Sweet Liberty 108, Kohinoor 108, *Mickey Moore, 102. Also eligible: *Jago 112, Turf 108.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and up; claiming; purse, $700; six furlongs; Youneed 108 pounds, Char. Leydecker 107, Bobby Allen 107, Title 106, Cock o' the Roost 106, Scurry 105, Kuklux 104, Archie Alexander 103, Chesty 105.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and up; claiming; $700; mile and a sixteenth: Merchant 114 pounds, Bar One 112, *Bombast 110, Broom Peddler 108, *Waukeag 107, N. K. Beal, 107, Murray, 107, Nelle Yorke 105, Glenwell 104, *Madrone 102, *Bond 102, *Douglas S., 102, *Golden Dawn 101.

FOURTH RACE—For two-year-olds, allowances; $700; seven furlongs: Polythia 114 pounds, Ace, 110, Bunga Buck 110, Bit of Green 107, Master Jack 107, Madelian Lillian 107, Undine 104, Jim Gorg 110.

FIFTH RACE—Christmas allowance; all ages; purse $1,500: Sterling 114 pounds, Ed Rickenbacher 114, Brotherly Love 108, Pictor 109, Filbberty Gibbet 108, Baladin 102, Master Bill 100, Dancing Spray 100, Fantoche 98.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and up; claiming; $700; mile and three-sixteenths: Lord Herbert 112 pounds, *Honolulu Boy 109, *Summer High 108, War Club 106, Comme Ci 108, *Dark Hill 103, *Kimpalong 103.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and up; claiming; $700; mile and a quarter; three-year-olds 108 pounds, Great Gulf 107, Paddy Year 107, *Solid Rock 106, *Capital City 106, *Pit 106, *Lad 102, *Austral 102, *Tugs 102, Sandy Mac 101, *She Devil 99, *Susan M. 99, *Keep 97, *On High 95.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear; track fast.

Two Soccer Games on Card.

The attraction for followers of soccer this afternoon will be a National League championship game between the New York and Paterson Football Clubs, scheduled to be played at New York Oval. The New York Club will have another National League game on Sunday with the Federal Ship eleven at Harrison Field.

NET TEAM IN FINE FORM, CABLES HARDY

Davis Cup Players Rounded Into Perfect Condition, Captain Says in Message.

Cable messages received here yesterday from Samuel Hardy, Captain of the American tennis team now at Auckland, New Zealand, stated that the players were in excellent condition and keen for the opening Davis Cup matches, which begin on Dec. 28. The New Zealand climate has enabled the challenging team to round into perfect condition, and the report says the players are looking forward with confidence to the contest for the international championship.

The order of play and the final selection of the players who will meet in the four singles and one doubles match will not be announced until Monday, under the twenty-four hour clause governing the contest.

All reserved seats for the matches have been sold and a capacity throng of spectators will witness the three-day tournament which will decide the possession of the international tennis trophy.

The report from Captain Hardy that the American Davis Cup team is in excellent physical condition and unbothered by the tricky New Zealand climate is good news to American followers of lawn tennis. The principal worry in this country has been as to whether the effect of the New Zealand December climate would be as disastrous upon the tennis form of William T. Tilden 2d and William M. Johnston, America's dependence in these matches, as it has been in the past in the case of other American stars who have gone to contest the challenge round against Australasia, backed by almost as much confidence as that which accompanies Tilden and Johnston.

Have Already Defeated Pattersen.

If Tilden and Johnston are at their best they should be able to win at least three of the four singles matches. Both Tilden and Johnston have defeated Gerald L. Patterson, who is Australasia's main reliance in the singles, and even though the margin of superiority was small, especially in the case of the 1919 match between Johnston and Patterson at Forest Hills, both should be able to repeat. Brookes may play in the singles, though the chances are that, as Captain of the Australasian team, he will reserve himself for the doubles.

Brookes, though still the foremost doubles strategist in the world, is hardly likely to prove a dangerous opponent to the youthful Tilden and Johnston in the singles. What little the American might lack in Brookes's court tactics, tired of long experience, they would more than make up in the greater activity that goes with their youth. Both, on present form, should defeat Brookes in singles, as Tilden has done already, and not Rodney W. Heath or J. O. Anderson or J. B. Hawkes or R. V. Thomas, who have been mentioned as other possible representatives of Australasia in the singles, could hope to vanquish Tilden and Johnston on form, unless by reason of some peculiar and local circumstance impossible to foresee at this great distance. The fact that such circumstances have arisen in the past is not accepted in this country as an index of what is to happen next week. Tilden and Johnston, in the American view, will have to be off form to lose in the singles.

Doubles Match Should Be Close.

The doubles match, with Brookes and Patterson as the probable opponents of Tilden and Johnston, is a toss-up. Last year Brookes and Patterson won the American championship, and then, in the course of a series of special exhibition matches at Forest Hills between America and Australia, Tilden and Johnston, playing together, in a test match of great importance, defeated the Australians by sheer brilliance of individual play. In this connection, the fact is not to be overlooked that the Australians, Brookes especially, had had the fine edge worn from their doubles play by their long and arduous campaign which they had been through not only on this side, but in England and on the Continent. If Tilden and Johnston are to defeat Brookes and Patterson in doubles next week it must be by superiority in forcing tactics. Aggressiveness and brilliancy must conquer superiority of court craft, for the wily Brookes has been able to impart to Patterson some of the same command of smooth and machinelike team play that characterized the work of Brookes and Wilding.

COURT TENNIS WILL START.

Tourney for Title in Indoor Game to Be Held in January.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 24.—Play for the professional court tennis championship of America starts at the Racquet Club in this city on Jan. 10. The leading professionals of the country are entered in the event, which will continue throughout the week. They include R. Duston of Boston, who will meet J. Miss, Philadelphia, in the preliminary round; Jock Soutar, Philadelphia, who will play Otto Glocker, Boston, in the first round, and C. J. Fairs, former champion of the world, who drew a bye.

Jay Gould, open champion of America, and amateur champion of the world, will defend his title in a round with the winner of the tournament.

The present holder of the professional court tennis championship of America is Walter Kinsella of New York. Kinsella is not entered in the forthcoming tournament in Philadelphia. This is because he did not consider that he had been notified of the Philadelphia tournament in sufficient time to allow him to prepare for the defense of his laurels in an adequate manner. He regarded the time for practice as all too short.

In view of the special circumstances arising from this situation it is among the probabilities that a match may be arranged between Kinsella and the winner of the Philadelphia tournament, which would constitute the real titular contest. The winner of that match would then be in a position to challenge Gould for the open championship of the country.

TO CONTEST SCHOOL TITLE.

Cleveland Football Team Departs for Game at Everett, Wash.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 24.—Coach Sam Williaman and his East Technical High School football squad, twenty strong, left here today for Everett, Wash., where they will contest on New Year's Day with the holders of the Pacific Coast title for national high school football honors.

All the players were reported in excellent physical condition. A workout was planned at either Pasadena or Los Angeles. According to schedule they will arrive in Everett the morning of Dec. 30.

TO MEET YALE MARKSMEN.

Colgate Rifle Team Will Open Season Against Blue.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMILTON, N. Y., Dec 24—The Colgate rifle team will open its season this year with a meet with Yale on Jan. 11, according to an announcement made by Colonel James Ballantine of the Colgate Faculty, who is acting as coach and graduate manager of the team. Other meets are pending and it is expected that Syracuse, Army and Columbia may be met on the same date.

The Colgate freshmen will shoot against the Yale freshmen, and accordingly freshmen marksmen are practicing daily with the Varsity on the university range under the supervision of Colonel Ballantine.

OHIO STATE STARTS PASADENA PRACTICE

Buckeye Football Team Is Warmly Greeted at Scene of Game With California.

PASADENA, Cal., Dec. 24.—No time was wasted by the Ohio State football squad, which arrived today for its game here New Year's Day with the University of California.

The players, their coaches and trainers and the sports writers who accompanied them were greeted by committees from the Tournament of Roses Association, under whose auspices the contest will be staged. Committees from the Ohio State Alumni Association and the Southern California Association of Ohio Societies joined in escorting the party to its headquarters at a hotel. The squad then inspected Tournament Park, the scene of the game, and shortly afterward, in a light rain, began secret practices.

Football writers of Los Angeles and Pasadena newspapers commented on the fact that the Ohio players were much lighter than the Harvard team which defeated Oregon here last year. The Buckeyes are said to average about 175 pounds, while the Harvard players averaged more than 190.

Dr. John Wilce, chief coach, said his men had stood the long trip well.

"In fact," he added, "they stood it much better than I had expected. The practice at Ames, Denver, Orden and Palo Alto kept them in good shape. Fullback Willman and halfback Henderson are suffering from injuries, but I am confident they will be ready to get into the game with California."

Counterfeit tickets to the game are being sold in Los Angeles and other cities, it was announced today by the Pasadena Tournament of Roses Association.

TENNIS DRAWS ANNOUNCED.

Stars Enter for National Junior and Boys' Indoor Titles.

Announcement was made yesterday afternoon of the draw for the national junior and national boys' championships in indoor tennis, which will be contested next week at the Seventh Regiment Armory, beginning Monday morning at 10 o'clock. There is an entry list of forty-one in the junior singles and twenty-one in the boys' singles, a record for the event, which is the sixth annual championship.

The junior title is held at present by Vincent Richards, the Fordham and Yonkers boy, who will defend his championship again next week. Richards won in 1918 and 1919. Next year he will be beyond the age limit for junior honors. Other entries on the junior list are Louis H. Roullion of Harvard, Paul deF. Hicks of Yale, Jerry Lang of New York, who is also the George Washington University titleholder; Arthur Reynolds of Fordham, A. B. Sheridan of Yale, John J. Blust of the University of Pennsylvania, A. L. Hopkins of Yale, A. Epstein, College of the City of New York; Parke Cummings of Harvard and C. G. Hurd of Hotchkiss School.

The draws follow:

National Junior Indoor Championship Singles (Second Round; First Round Byes)—R. Bradley vs. H. Livingston Merchant, John Jerome Tucker vs. Edgar P. Snow, Louis H. Roullion vs. Harry Pickells, Morris H. Ruger vs. Jack Martin, Casper H. Menne vs. Ernest Kuhn, George Case vs. Arthur Orth.

First Round—Jesse Sonn vs. Valentine Gross, Charles M. Wood Jr. vs. Paul de F. Hicks, Jerry Lang vs. Chapman Haff, J. K. Robinson vs. David D. Hedekin, C. F. Mathey vs. Leslie Rosenthal, K. C. Fay vs. Arthur K. Glore, Arnold Bradley vs. William M. Lydecker, Arthur Reynolds vs. Arthur Reynolds, A. B. Sheridan vs. John Pollock.

Second Round (First Round Byes)—John J. Blust vs. winner of Sheridan-Pollock match; Paul S. McHugh vs. A. L. Hopkins, W. R. Hicks vs. A. Epstein, Morton Bernstein vs. Vincent Richards, Eugene Stein vs. Willis Geis, C. G. Hurd vs. Parke Cummings.

National Boys' Indoor Championship Singles (Second Round, First Round Byes)—Carl Schuster vs. Louis H. Roullion, William Einsmann vs. Palmer Sealy, Edward Gittler vs. David D. Hedekin.

First Round—Paul O'Brien vs. Stanley Noble, J. C. Judge 2d. vs. Richard Dodge, Irwin Levy vs. Howard Lesser, Alan Weissman vs. Austen G. Block, Sydney J. Gittler vs. Fred Gretsch Jr.

Second Round (First Round Byes)—William F. Mohan Jr. vs. winner Gittler-Gretsch match, Arnold M. Kashowitz vs. Herbert D. Bearman, William Noble vs. Eugene H. McCaulitt.

HOLIDAY BOUTS SCHEDULED.

Boxing Programs Arranged for Today by Three Local Clubs.

Three boxing clubs in the metropolitan district will conduct Christmas Day shows for their patrons today. Two of the organizations have arranged matinee entertainments and the other will hold forth in the evening. The night show will be held at the Pioneer Sporting Club in East Twenty-fourth Street. Two fifteen-round contests, a ten-round event and a six-round encounter will be held.

In the principal fifteen-round bout Packey Hommey and Bobby North, east side lightweights, will be opponents. The other limit contest will bring together Willie Spencer, the east side, and Jimmy Tomasulo, the Elizabeth boxer who formerly held the national amateur bantamweight title. In the ten-round bout, Irish Kid Williams of Brooklyn and Frankie Olsen of Pearl River, N. Y., will exchange blows. The principals in the six-round match will be Vic McLoughlin of Halifax, N. S., and Jimmy O'Brien.

The Commonwealth Sporting Club of Harlem has arranged a matinee show, featuring three ten-round bouts. Sam Mosberg, former Olympic lightweight champion, will make his Manhattan début as a professional boxer in one of the principal bouts. Mosberg's opponent will be Paul Edwards of the east side. The principals in the other ten-round contests will be Johnny Hart vs. Gus Lewis and Red Monroe vs. Sam Vogel.

At the East New York A. A. of Brooklyn another matinee show will be held. Phil Bloom, veteran Brooklyn lightweight, will clash with Eddie Gorman of Ridgewood in the stellar fifteen-round bout. In a ten-round semifinal Sammy Smith of East New York and Pinkey Brown of Brownsville will exchange thumps. A six-rounder will bring together Joe Mate of Brooklyn and Eddie White of Long Island.

NAVY TO DEFEND TITLE.

Champion Gymnastic Team Will Compete in 1921 Intercollegiates.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md. Dec. 24.—The Naval Academy gymnastic team, intercollegiate champions last year, will enter the finals of the Intercollegiate Gymnastic Association to be held at Princeton on March 19, and will have the following schedule of home matches: Feb. 5, University of Pennsylvania; 19, Haverford; March 5, Yale; 12, Princeton.

The team will again be coached by Head Master Mang and Instructor Saxama, and the squad is the largest which has ever reported in this sport. Some of the point winners of last season's team who are again candidates are Hales (Captain), rings and general tumbling; Nold, rings; Cory and Gervin horizontal bar; Strang, Pearce and Krecek, side horse; Pearson and Silverman, parallel bars.

Athletics Sign College Pitcher.

STILLWATER, Okla., Dec. 24.—Wilbur Ray, the only athlete who has won a letter in four different sports at the Oklahoma A. and M. College here, has signed a contract with the Philadelphia Americans as a pitcher, he stated here today. He will report, he said, at the Athletics' Spring training camp at Lake Charles, La., late in February.

Big League Stars Sought For Florida Winter Baseball

TAMPA, Fla., Dec. 24.—Suggestions that Babe Ruth, Ty Cobb, Tris Speaker and other major league baseball stars be obtained for baseball clubs of the Florida West Coast Winter Baseball League were said today to be under consideration by Rube Allen, the league Secretary.

Competitive bidding for the services of the big league players by the St. Petersburg and Sarasota clubs led to the suggestion that their services be obtained by the league management and awarded to the weaker teams.

QUASH INDICTMENTS AGAINST PLAYERS

Judge Wallis Acts in Cases of Accused Men in Pacific Coast League.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 24.—Conspiring to throw baseball games is not a criminal offense in California, according to a ruling of Judge Frank R. Willis of the Los Angeles Superior Court today when he dismissed indictments charging W. Baker (Babe) Borton, former member of the Vernon club of the Pacific Coast Baseball League; W. G. Rumler and Harl V. Maggert, former Salt Lake players, and Nathan Raymond, alleged gambler of Seattle, with having conspired to "throw" games during the 1919 season.

Judge Willis not only sustained demurrers filed by attorneys for Borton and Maggert, but held that defects in the indictments could not be cured by a resubmission of the matter to the Los Angeles County Grand Jury.

This was said to mean the end of the case, so far as any criminal prosecution was concerned, and the dismissal of the charges against the four accused men.

Judge Willis said the players in signing contracts with the teams had entered into agreements to play baseball to the best of their ability. But, he continued, admitting they had not done so, their act amounted only to a breach of a civil contract which he held was in no way "actionable as a criminal cause."

Judge Willis declared that the action of the men, if they were guilty, was reprehensible, but there was no remedy along the lines of criminal prosecution.

An indictment against "Than" Raymond, who was accused of taking part in the alleged conspiracy, was also dismissed. The decision of the court followed the entry of a demurrer to the indictment which was presented by counsel for the accused men when they were called upon to plead recently. The demurrer was argued several days ago, but Judge Willis took his decision under advisement until this morning.

Borton and Maggert were in court and expressed great joy at the decision. Rumler and Raymond, who were not in town, were notified by telegraph.

CHESS TOURNEY TO START.

Five Colleges Will Play in Meet of Triangular League.

Five colleges, including New York University, City College, Cornell, Pennsylvania and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, will be represented this year in the annual tournament of the Triangular College Chess League, scheduled to start at the rooms of the Manhattan Chess Club Monday morning, one day in advance of the chess meeting of Columbia, Harvard, Yale and Princeton.

The proximity of the dates of the two meetings may lead to an interleague match before the thirty-six varsity players engage. Nicholas Doebler, Massachusetts Institute of Technology is a new member of the Triangular League and will meet Pennsylvania in the first of the five rounds to be contested. New York University is paired against City College, while Cornell, holder of the championship, will have a bye.

The personnel of the five teams, filed with H. Helms, Secretary of the Triangular League, follows:

Cornell: H. Adelsberg, '21; H. Garfinkel, '22; N. N. Gotthoffer, '22, and A. Kevlits, '23.

City College: A. Weisbord, '21; H. Sternberg, '22; H. Grossman, '23, and H. Slochower, '23.

Pennsylvania: R. S. Fraser, '22; F. G. Palacio, '21; B. L. Rosenberg, '22, and J. Cooper, '24.

New York University: A. A. Cohen, '22; Lester Denonn, '23; A. Kreins, '22, and D. Bourgin, '22.

Massachusetts Institute of Technology: R. F. Lyon, '21; S. N. Nelson, '20, J. Brimberg, '23, and C. Thumim, '21.

SIX MEETS FOR RUTGERS.

Scarlet Swimmers Are to Have an Active Water Season.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Dec. 24.—Six dual meets with some of the leaders in swimming in the East have been arranged for the Rutgers swimming season this year, opening early in January. In addition, two championship events, one for the interscholastic championship and one for the Eastern Collegiate title, will be staged in the Ballantine Gymnasium pool.

The Rutgers team will visit New York twice this season. The first invasion will be on Feb. 4, when the Scarlet meets C. C. N. Y. in the latter's pool. On March 19 the Rutgers team will enter the intercollegiate championship in New York.

Alfred K. Sherwin has been elected captain of the team for the coming season. Coach Jim Reilly, former New York A. C. star, has had his men working hard for several weeks and expects to have a first-rate aggregation, of which Leo Giebel of the American Olympic team will be the star. Lukens is the only man lost from last year.

The schedule follows:

Jan. 15, Lehigh at New Brunswick; Feb. 4, C. C. N. Y. at New York; Feb. 5, Interscholastic Championship at New Brunswick; Feb. 18, Swarthmore at New Brunswick; Feb. 5, Johns Hopkins at Baltimore; Feb. 26, Catholic University at Washington; March 5, Eastern Collegiate Championship at New Brunswick; March 11, Springfield at Springfield; March 19, Intercollegiates at New York.

SET INDOOR MEET DATE.

Harvard, Dartmouth and Cornell to Contend on Feb. 26.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 24.—Harvard, Dartmouth and Cornell will hold their indoor triangular track meet on the afternoon of Feb. 26 in Mechanics Hall, Boston, Fred W. Moore, graduate manager of athletics at Harvard, has just announced. The indoor games of the New England Amateur Athletic Association Union will be held at the same time.

TO COMPETE IN RELAYS.

Cornell Decides to Send Team to Penn Track Carnival.

ITHACA, N. Y., Dec. 24.—Cornell will send a team to compete in the Penn relay carnival at Philadelphia April 29 and 30, the Cornell Athletic Association has announced. Invitations received from the Boston Athletic Association and the University of Illinois to send teams for relay events Feb. 5 and March 5, respectively, were being considered, it was said.

LIMIT CHILDS CUP RACE TO 3 CREWS

Regatta Officials Announce Permanent Policy Regarding Future Trophy Events.

Reports that Columbia, Princeton and Pennsylvania would not invite any other colleges to row in the Childs Cup race when it is held on the Harlem River next May 14 were confirmed yesterday by officials of the association in charge of the race. It was also learned that Charles Halsted Mapes, the Columbia representative, had told a meeting of Columbia oarsmen last week that the navy and other colleges would not be asked to take part in the annual race, but that the three colleges mentioned in the original deed of gift of the Childs Cup race would confine the event to themselves.

Jim Rice, Columbia coach, attributed the decision of the institutions partly to the conditions that will obtain on the Harlem River. The veteran coach said that not more than three crews could row abreast comfortably on the stream, and if other eights were invited it would be necessary to follow the system of last year, when heats had to be conducted on the Schuylkill. The Navy and other crews were known to be fa- and other crews w ere known to be favorably inclined toward rowing in the race next Spring.

Other rowing men pointed out that the original deed of gift for the cup specified Penn, Columbia and Princeton as the three colleges that were to race annually for the trophy. In past seasons other colleges have been invited to the regatta, but usually they have not been eligible to win the cup. It is now the sentiment among the three member colleges that the rules laid down by Mr. Childs should be followed to the letter in future races. The event will rotate among the three from year to year. It will be staged on the Harlem next Spring, at Princeton in 1922 and at Philadelphia in 1923, after which it will again return to New York waters.

Conditions at the race last Spring are said to be partly responsible for the latest decision of the three colleges. It will be recalled that the Childs Cup event was made a part of the eight-oared race of the American Henley. Because of the large number of crews entered in the eight-oared race it was decided to hold two heat races on the previous afternoon and the Childs Cup race itself was one of these preliminary tests. The subordination of the annual classic to another regatta did not prove satisfactory to those behind the Childs Cup race, and in the future it will be a distinct and exclusive event.

MANY SHOOTERS EXPECTED.

National Rifle Association Anticipates Establishing New Record.

Brig. Gen. Fred H. Phillips Jr., Secretary of the National Rifle Association, in announcing the program of the 1921 national indoor championship matches, states that the course of fire in several of the matches has been changed with a view to maintaining the competitive spirit and of simplifying the work of keeping the records of the thousands of shooters. There were nearly 1,000 teams of ten men—10,000 shooters—in the national matches last Winter, and it is believed that enough new shooters were developed during the Summer to add several hundred additional teams and several thousand new shooters to the list this Winter.

The 1921 matches will begin on Feb. 5. It will be necessary for every club wishing to enter its shooters in the tournament to make its entry previous to Jan. 15. The matches will be held earlier than usual so as to complete them before the opening of the Spring outdoor small bore season commences. The competitions will be civilian interclub, military units, intercollegiate, military schools and all high schools. The first two matches will be at seventy-five feet targets and the last three on the fifty-foot range. In the civilian and military unit matches four sighting shots will be allowed, followed by twenty shots for record, all of which must be fired in thirty minutes. In the intercollegiate, military and high school competitions two sighting shots will be allowed and ten shots for record will be granted and must be fired in fifteen minutes.

In all of the competitions teams of from five to ten shooters will be allowed, the five highest scores counting. The matches will consume ten weeks' time. Five of the matches will be shot standing and five prone, alternating weekly. It will be permissible to use a gun sling, any .22 calibre rifle weighing less than ten pounds and any sight. There will be a judge for every match. These judges must be approved by the National Rifle Association. Each judge will act as executive officer,

Houston Lighting & Power Company

1905
First Mortgage 5%
Sinking Fund Gold Bonds

Due April 1, 1931

This company serves a rapidly growing industrial district. Its gross earnings have increased 280% in the last 10 years. Net earnings five times interest charges on these bonds.

Price to Yield
7½%

Ask for Circular T H

A. H. Bickmore & Co.
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

Stock and Bond Register

In this can be kept a convenient record of your holdings, showing the dates on which interest and dividends are payable. Upon request we will be glad to mail a copy of the above to any investor.

Correspondence Solicited

List of Selected Bonds mailed on request

STROUD & CO.
52 Broadway, New York
1429 Walnut St., Philadelphia

MUNICIPAL BONDS
EXEMPT FROM ALL FEDERAL INCOME TAXES
FIELD, RICHARDS & CO
52 BROADWAY
New York
Cleveland Cincinnati

Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co.
14 Wall Street The Rookery
New York Chicago

Specialists in Foreign Government Securities
Max Hesslein & Co.
60 Broadway New York
Telephone Bowling Green 4277

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE
Total Resources
31st May, over $440,000,000
New York Agency, 16 Exchange Pl.
Head Office—Toronto

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS
Boxes from $6.00 upwards.
NEMETH STATE BANK
10 East 22nd Street, New York.

PARTNER
$10,000 WANTED

Fully secured. Gentleman having extensive clientele dealing stocks wishes open office legitimate broker service. Y 2295 Times Annex.

SAVINGS BANKS.

Union Dime Savings Bank
40th Street and 6th Avenue.

An Interest Dividend (123d consecutive) has been declared at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum, credited Jan. 1, 1921, and payable on and after Thursday, Jan. 20, 1921, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-Laws from $5 to $3,000.
Money deposited on or before Jan 10, 1921, draws interest from Jan. 1, 1921.

ALEX. P. W. KINNAN, President.
FRANCIS M. LEAKE, Treasurer.
FRANK F. HAZARD, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK
New York, December 9, 1920.
Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year will be held at its banking house, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M.
H. C. STEVENS,
Second Vice President.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of Directors, to consider amending the Articles of Association so as to increase the authorized number of Directors, and to act upon any other matters which may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the banking house, No. 57 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
WILLIAM F. HOLLY, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

UNIVERSAL LEAF TOBACCO CO., INC.
The regular quarterly dividend of 2% on the Preferred Stock of Universal Leaf Tobacco Company, Inc., has been declared payable January 3, 1921, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business December 22, 1920.
D. C. PHILLIPS,
Secretary.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices of Stocks Generally Lower — Reserve Bank Ratio Again Rises.

The weekly bank statements, which were published yesterday afternoon because of today's holiday, were highly favorable. With the Associated Banks a large reduction in loans and in deposit liabilities, accompanied by $20,900,000 increase in reserve credits at the Federal Bank, caused $22,200,000 increase in the surplus, which was thereby brought to the highest figure since Nov. 13. The more important showing, however, was that of the New York Federal Reserve Bank, which reported for the ratio of cash reserve to deposits and outstanding notes an increase from 39.1 per cent. to 39.9.

This is the highest percentage since the large rediscounting incident to the Government's operations began, three weeks ago. It is still an unduly low ratio; although 2¾ per cent. above the year's low mark, it is 2¾ per cent. below the percentage of the last week of September. By a not uninteresting coincidence it is almost exactly the same as at this date last year. Rediscounts and note issues are larger now even than a year ago, but there is reason to regard the present high figures for those accounts as temporary, in the sense that every extensive reduction in both, such as could not occur in the credit inflation of that period, is now almost certainly before us. Circulation and rediscounts were increased substantially this present week, the rising reserve ratio being a consequence of large increase in cash reserves, chiefly through settlements by other reserve banks. But the actual situation will be shown two or three weeks hence.

On the Stock Exchange, yesterday's movement of prices was irregular; marking on the whole a reaction from Thursday's abrupt advance. Active industrial shares were lower, some of them losing 2 to 3 points. There were rather numerous signs of professional activity, but the day's business was much the smallest of any day this week. Call money did not vary from 7 per cent. all day; exchange on Europe was pretty uniformly lower.

Liberty bonds continued their recovery of Thursday, reaching a price 1 to 1¾ points above the low level of last Monday, and leaving the week's net changes unimportant in the active issues. This recovery was perfectly logical. Last December, in the face of the throttling influence of the severe money tension, Liberty bonds recovered ⅛ point in Christmas week and ⅛ to 1 point in the last week of the year. They were bought even then for the "January investors," whereas at present, with the money stringency in a way to be definitely relaxed, they are selling 3 to 7 per cent. under their prices of a year ago.

No doubt their standing in the investment market has been at least temporarily affected by the statements made this past week to the Senate committee at Washington in regard to the outlook for the national finances. But in these statements it is very necessary to discriminate between prediction of what is bound to happen even with a proper attitude on the part of Congress and prediction of what would be the situation if all the outside demands for access to the Treasury were granted. It is easily possible to misunderstand even the Secretary's own declaration of Thursday that, "including the public debt, the deficit at the end of the present fiscal year will approximate $2,000,000,000." Mr. Houston did not mean that inclusion of interest on the public debt would create that shortage; on the contrary, payment of $975,000,000 on interest account would still, as estimated by the Treasury, leave revenue $888,000,000 greater than expenditure for the twelve months up to the end of June. The two billion deficit is calculated by assuming as part of the expenditure all the maturing short term debt, whose total, along with a few such items as $235,000,000 for the sinking fund, would foot up $3,000,000,000. But the certificates of indebtedness have already been in part extended and another considerable part has been redeemed out of the surplus revenue, which already exceeds $460,000,000 for the past six months.

Week-end reviews of the country's mercantile trade hardly reflect the traditional cheerfulness of Christmas eve, yet in some regards they suggest the early possibility of better things. The admittedly easier credit situation has exerted some positive influence already. In the South particularly, a section where trade paralysis has been longer in evidence than in any other section, improvement of retail trade is reported and reorders by retailers from the wholesale trade. But retail business elsewhere, although naturally increased by holiday purchases, has been disappointing, and the mercantile agencies report regarding prices that "big cuts are expected next week to clean up stocks." It is intimated that road salesmen will start out promptly after Jan. 1, expecting better buying; this with the qualification, however, that "the spring trade will have to be in two instead of the usual six months' time."

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argent. (unlisted).5	Sept.,	1945	59	61
Belgian (Reator'n)		1934	55¾	58¾
Bel. Prm. Ln., 2045		....	61½	64½
British Victory....4		1960	256	260
British Fund.....4		1960	233	243
Brit. Nat. W. L..		1922	350	380
Brit. Nat. W. L.5		1927	334	344
Brit. Nat. W. L..		1920	343	353
Canada 6.....	5½	Dec., 1922	81¾	83¾
Canada 5½		Nov., 1923	81¾	83
French Gov. Vic...5		1931	49¾	52¾
French Loan, '17..4		1943	39½	42¾
French Prem.....5	Loan of '20		56¾	59¾
French Loan, '20..6		1931	57¾	60¾
Italy Treas.....5		1923	34½	37½
Italy Treas.....5		1925	32	34½
Russia, ruble bds..5½		Feb., 1925	6	10
Russia 5½		1921	9	11
Sweden 6	June,	1939	77	78
Switzerland 5½		1929	78¼	79½

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Rights Expire.	Yester- day's Bid.	day's Ask.	Thurs- day Bid.	Ask.
Corn Exch. Bank	Feb. 3	42	44	42	..
Detroit Edison	Jan. 10	..	½	..	..
General Electric	Jan. 20	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	..
Home Insurance	Feb. 1	165	170	165	..
Lone Star Gas	Jan. 20	..	½	..	..
Mexican Eagle Oil		7	9	7	..
Nat. Park Bank	Feb. 2	70	73	70	..
Pacific Development	Jan. 10	..	¼	..	..
Shaw (W. W.)		16	18	15	49
So. N. E. Tel.	Jan. 12	..	½	..	..
Southern Pacific	Mar. 1	22	22⅛	22⅛	..
Swan & Finch	Mar. 1	..	½	..	..
Tidewater Oil	Jan. 10	13½	14½	13½	..
Un. Elec. Smelt. Co.	Jan. 6	..	⅝	..	..

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Market, Under Pre-Holiday Influence, Extremely Dull and Price Movements Narrow.

The foreign exchange market was extremely dull yesterday and price movements were confined within narrow limits. Sterling, as a matter of fact, stood at one price throughout the day, the quotation showing a recession of a cent in the pound from the closing prices of the previous day. Allied Continentals were inclined to be mildly heavy, French francs being off 6¼ points at the closing and bills on Rome were down about 2½ points at the conclusion of business.

FRIDAY, DEC. 24, 1920.
Range of Rates, Tight Exchanges.

	High.	Low.	Thursday's Final.	Final.
LONDON	3.51¾	3.51¾	3.51¾	3.52⅜
PARIS	5.86	5.86	5.86	5.87½
ROME	2.41	2.39½	2.39½	2.41
AMSTERDAM	31.32	31.25	31.25	31.25
BERLIN	1.80½	1.78½	1.80½	1.80½
MADRID	12.93	12.86	12.93	12.96

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Bureau.	Fri- day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.8665, per sovereign.			
Demand	3.51⅛	3.51⅛	3.79⅜
Cables	3.51¾	3.51¾	3.81
Cons., 60 days	3.46½	3.46	3.76
Cons., 90 days	3.44½	3.44	3.72
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	5.86	5.85	9.44
Cables	5.86¼	5.86⅜	9.45
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	2.39½	2.40	7.47
Cables	2.39¾	2.40	7.48
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	4.19	4.34	8.71
Cables	4.21	4.35	8.73
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.39½	1.40	2.60
Cables	1.40	1.41	2.60
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.30	.25⅛	.10
Cables	.31	.25⅛	.10
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.16	1.15	1.15
Cables	1.17	1.16	1.16
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	18.26	18.30	18.80
Cables	18.30	18.35	19.00
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per markmark.			
Demand	3.41	3.35	3.30
Cables	3.46	3.40	3.35
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	7.30	7.40	15.90
Cables	7.35	7.45	15.88
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	31.25	31.40	37.50
Cables	31.375	31.50	37.625
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.20	.19⅝	..
Cables	.21	.20	..

Europe.	Fri- day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.12	.12	1.05
Cables	.14	.12	1.10
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.20	14.90	20.45
Cables	15.30	14.95	20.60
POLAND—Par 19.3 cents per mark.			
Demand	.17¾	.17	1.20
Cables	.18	.17½	1.22
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Demand	1.28	1.18	3.20
Cables	1.30	1.20	3.25
SERBIA (Belgrade)—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	2.89	2.83	4.80
Cables	2.94	2.93	4.85
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per pesata.			
Demand	12.93	13.08	19.40
Cables	13.00	13.10	19.45
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	19.29	19.80	21.65
Cables	19.75	19.95	21.60
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	16.20	15.07	18.06
Cables	15.25	15.19	18.15

Far East.	Fri- day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.			
Hongkong, demand	56.25	56.00	96.00
Hongkong, cables	56.33	56.10	96.50
Peking, demand	79.00	80.50	180.00
Shanghai, demand	72.50	74.00	168.50
Shanghai, cables	73.00	74.50	169.00
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	36.00	36.00	46.00
Cables	36.50	36.50	46.50
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS — Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.			
Demand	45.25	45.50	49.00
Cables	45.75	46.00	49.25

Per Unit.	Fri- day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	32.50	32.50	....
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	46.75	46.90	50.35
Cables	46.875	46.925	50.35
South America.			
ARGENTINA—Par 42.44c per Arg. paper dol.			
Demand	34.25	34.125	41.125
Cables	34.375	34.25	41.25
BRAZIL—Par 32.4c cents per milreis.			
Demand	14.875	14.875	27.75
Cables	14.90	14.90	27.875
Canada.			
MONTREAL—Par 100c per Canadian dollar.			
Demand	85.0	85.0	92.9
Russian Currency.			

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par 51.40 cents per ruble:

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, par ruble	.25	.70
500 rubla notes, par ruble	.55	.65

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London up 1⅛d at 42d per ounce. New York prices for bar silver unchanged at 99½c per ounce, the Mint price; for foreign silver 1⅞c higher at 66⅝c.

Range of prices for silver bullion this month:

	—Highest.—	—Lowest.—
London	44¾d Dec. 8	38¾d Dec. 16
New York	.700 Dec. 8	.599 Dec. 16

Range for the present year to date.

London	89¼d Feb. 11	38¾d Dec. 16
New York	.700 Dec. 8	.599 Dec. 16

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Stock Market Highlights.

As compared with recent days, trading in the stock market yesterday was of decidedly small volume. The display of strength which was evidenced on Thursday failed to hold over and while prices opened higher the subsequent movement was irregular. Wall Street was not in the least surprised by this; in fact, it would have been surprised had the market acted otherwise. Extensive short covering does not come into a market without some direct happening that seriously affects the security of the short position. Thus far this has failed to develop except in so far as it may be assumed that prices have more than discounted any unfavorable developments which may arise. At all events, short covering was not largely in evidence yesterday. There was, however, a display of strength in some of the issues which may be classed as specialties. But in the main there was a distinct lack of buying power and it was known that many times there are no bids for certain issues. This makes for violent breaks such as have been recorded from time to time.

***

Bolstering the Market.

There is coming to be a decided endeavor on the part of some to bolster market opinion. Encouraging reports are put out possibly with all due regard for the facts, but the object is none the less clear. There is nothing reprehensible in this except when the object is assuredly an attempt to create a favorable sentiment for an issue which is ear-marked as one of the questionable variety. Some of this sort of thing has been cropping out recently and it is so artificial in character that it may prove disastrous rather than encouraging. There are many stocks which have been overrated as to intrinsic worth and the sooner the real position is disclosed the better it will be all around.

***

Stock Exchange Listings.

In the light of what has developed in the last few weeks there is every reason to question the judgment of the Listing Committee of the New York Stock Exchange in admitting some issues to the Big Board. Just as there was an orgy of speculation last year, there was also an orgy of listings, and it appears now that some issues were placed in the position for trading which might better have been refused admittance to the Exchange. When a stock that *is* really nothing more than a prospect is listed the Exchange must in a measure assume responsibility, especially when it is known that distribution is of decidedly questionable extent. In the liquidation which is going on such issues are coming to light and it seems almost as if a weeding out process should be employed.

***

Dullness in Prospect.

During the coming week it is likely there will be little business moving in the financial district. There is one small issue of equipment trust certificates scheduled to be floated, but aside from that there seems to be nothing in prospect. Usually the week between Christmas and New Year's is a dull one, and this year promises to be no exception.

***

Money Outlook.

Call money yesterday was not in especially heavy demand and the supply was entirely adequate for all purposes. Yet the rate held firm at 7 per cent., where it has stood fairly consistently since the beginning of the month. The withdrawal of $36,000,000 of Government funds on Tuesday will hardly make for any stringency, considering that yesterday's bank statement showed the Government's balance to be $160,517,000, but, on the other hand, there is nothing to indicate that the situation will become any easier. Changes, or, to be more specific, changes for the better, are not likely to come now until after the first of the new year.

***

The Cuban Situation.

Although Mr. Rathbone has returned from Cuba, where he went to gather first-hand information of the situation on the island, bankers still appear to be pretty much in the dark concerning the affairs of Cuban bankers and commercial interests. It is possible that some quite definite developments will eventuate next week, but yesterday bankers were inclined to doubt this. If there is to be a Cuban loan, they said, it probably would not come until after the first of the year.

***

Railroad Credit.

The peak of railroad credit rates appears to have been broken, at least for the time being, and both railroad bankers and railroad managers are more confident of the future than they were a short time ago. Announcement yesterday that J. P. Morgan & Co. had purchased from the Atlantic Coast Line an issue of $4,500,000 one to fifteen-year 6½ per cent. equipment trust certificates, which propably will be publicly offered next week, indicated the definite turn into lower rates. Two or three weeks ago the Chesapeake & Ohio brought out a relatively small issue of equipments at the same coupon figure, and the securities went very well.

***

Another Rail Reorganization.

News that the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railway Company had filed a petition with the Interstate Commerce Commission for authority to issue securities to take over the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad Company, which is in the hands of a receiver, was received as constructive news in railroad circles yesterday. The company has benefited as the result of the increased rates which went into effect Sept. 1, and after its reorganization a satisfactory return should be earned on the aggregate value of the property, provided, of course, that traffic remains normal. This will mean the straightening out of another kink in the railroad problem, and it is hoped that other reorganization plans now in progress will soon be carried through. Favorable word regarding the Missouri, Kansas & Texas reorganization plan has been obtained from a number of the twenty-five committees representing the various interests of security holders, and while no definite date for an announcement has been set it would not be a surprise if it came soon after the turn of the year.

***

Piecework in the Shops.

While railroad heads have been moving carefully in their relations with railroad employes, the opinion is gaining ground that one of the items which probably will be stressed at the next meeting of the Railroad Labor Board in Chicago, on working conditions, will be the advisability of re-establishing piecework in the railroad shops. It is expected that most of the opposition to such suggestions will come from the labor leaders and the unskilled workmen, but that skilled craftsmen will welcome it. No senior mechanic who has become an expert through long years of study and work welcomes present conditions, when he is held down to the same wage paid to a man at the next machine whose work is inferior to his own. The operators probably will make their suggestion from the basis of efficiency. Opinion as to the result is about evenly divided, although it would appear that the issue will not be settled immediately.

Wm. A. Read & Co.

Industrial, Railroad, Electrical Utility and Municipal Securities

List of Current Offerings Furnished on Application.

New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston

DIVIDENDS.

235th Dividend
CHARTERED 1799
BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY

New York, Dec. 16, 1920

The President and Directors of the Manhattan Company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the Capital stock of this Company, payable on and after Jan. 3rd, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business Dec. 23rd, 1920.

The transfer books will not close.

OWEN E. PAYNTER, Cashier

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY
90th Common Dividend

THE Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾) per cent on the Common Capital stock of the Company, payable January 15th, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 31st, 1920. Transfer books will not be closed.

G. P. WELLS, Treasurer

DUQUESNE LIGHT CO.
DIVIDEND NO. 24
Pittsburgh, Pa., Nov. 17, 1920.
A quarterly dividend of
ONE AND THREE-FOURTHS PER CENT.
(1¾%) on the 7% Cumulative Preferred Capital Stock has this day been declared, payable February 1st, 1921, to stockholders of record January 1st, 1921.
Cheques will be mailed.
C. J. BRAUN, Jr., Treasurer.

GORHAM MANUFACTURING CO.
Preferred Dividend No. 108.
The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-fourths per cent. (1¾%) on the 7% Preferred Cumulative Voting Stock of the Company has been declared, payable January 3, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 24, 1920, and the regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) has been declared, payable January 3, 1921, on such of the 6% Preferred Stock of this Company as has not been exchanged for the new issue of Preferred Stock. ALFRED K. POTTER, Treasurer.
Providence, R. I., December 22, 1920.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
OFFICE OF PENICK & FORD, LTD. Incorporated.
New Orleans, La.
The Directors of Penick & Ford, Ltd., Incorporated, have declared quarterly dividend No. 47 of one and three-quarters per cent. upon the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable January 1, 1921, to stockholders of record December 24, 1920. Transfer books will close December 24, 1920, at 3 P. M., and reopen January 4, 1921, at 10 A. M.
Checks will be mailed.
EMILE BIENVENU, Secretary.

INDIANA AND ILLINOIS COAL CORPORATION.
New York, December 15th, 1920.
The Board of Directors of Indiana and Illinois Coal Corporation has this day declared a dividend of three and one-half per cent. (3½%) on the Preferred Stock of the Corporation for the six months' period ending December 31st, 1920, payable January 15th, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business on January 8th, 1921. Dividend check will be mailed.
THEODORE C. KELLER, Treasurer.

Commercial Exchange Bank
New York, December 17, 1920.
The Board of Directors has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of 5% on the capital stock of this Bank, payable January 2, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business Dec. 23, 1920.
GEORGE KERN, Cashier.

Office of The United Gas Improvement Co.
N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets.
Philadelphia, December 3, 1920.
The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of one per cent. (50c per share) on the Common Stock of this Company, payable January 15, 1921, to holders of Common Stock of record at 3 P. M. on December 31, 1920. Checks will be mailed.
I. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY.
55 Cedar St., New York, Dec. 24, 1920.
The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of 6 per cent. on the capital stock of the Company, payable January 3d, 1921, to stockholders of record December 27th, 1920.
JOHN A. HOPPER, Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF NEW TRUSTEE UNDER MORTGAGE OF NORTHWESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILWAY COMPANY TO CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
DATED DECEMBER 1, 1911.
PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Central Union Trust Company of New York (formerly Central Trust Company of New York), Trustee under the mortgage of Northwestern Pennsylvania Railway Company, dated March 1st, 1911, has resigned and discharged itself of the trusts created by said mortgage, in the manner provided therein, and that the board of directors of the Crawford County Railways Company, successor to said Northwestern Pennsylvania Railway Company, has appointed the Erie Trust Company, of Erie, Pennsylvania, as Trustee to fill the vacancy caused by such resignation, as provided by Article 9, section 7, of said mortgage, and that said new Trustee has duly accepted said appointment, and has become vested with all the estates, properties, rights, powers, and trusts of its said predecessor under said mortgage.
Erie, Pa., Dec. 22, 1920.
GEORGE W. KUNZ,
Secretary of the Board of Directors of the Crawford County Railways Company.

WHITE, CASE.
14 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.
GUNNISON, FISH, GIFFORD & CHAPIN.
615 Masonic Temple,
Erie, Pennsylvania,
Attorneys.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS,
Washington, D. C., December 20th, 1920.
Sealed proposals will be received at this office, Room 309, District Building, until 12 o'clock, P. M., December 29, 1920, for furnishing and delivering at the site of the Woodridge-Langdon School, Monroe Street, between 18th and 20th Streets, N. E., of so much as may be required of Eckington, Langdon, B. & O. R. R. sidings Eckington, Langdon, Woodridge, D. C., Red Building, Brick. Specifications and forms of proposal may be had upon application to the Purchasing Officer, D. C., Room 309, District Building.
Thilman Hendrick, Charles W. Kutz, M. J. Boardman, Commissioners, D. C.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

FRIDAY, DEC. 24, 1920.

Day's Sales.	Thursday.	Wednesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
606,915	1,088,221	1,420,526	1,211,910	721,195

Year to Date.	Same Period 1919.	1918.	1917.
219,063,299½	308,122,157	139,664,812	183,224,014

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
21	25	200	Adams Express	22	22	22	22	−3½
14½	15	800	Advance Rumely	15	15	14½	15	+ ⅛
40½	50	100	Do pf	45½	45½	45½	45½	+1½
33	34	200	Air Reduction	33	34	33	34	+2
..	..	500	Ajax Rubber	25	25½	25	25½	+ ⅝
⅝	1	300	Alaska Gold Mines	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	− ⅛
⅝	⅞	800	Alaska Juneau	1	1	⅞	⅞	− ⅛
45½	46½	800	Allied C. & D. 1st	46¼	46¾	45¾	46	....
25¾	28½	400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	28¼	28⅝	28¼	28½	....
54⅛	54½	800	Am. Ag. Chemical	54⅛	54⅞	54⅛	54½	− ⅝
76	80	100	Do pf	80	80	80	80	+ ⅛
36½	37	1,200	Am. Beet Sugar	37½	39	36¼	36½	− ⅝
49	50	700	Am. Bosch Mag	50	50⅜	48½	48⅝	−1
..	44	300	Am. B. S. & Fdy	42	42	41	41	+1
23¼	23½	1,400	American Can	24½	24⅝	23½	23⅝	+ ⅛
76½	77½	400	Do pf	78¼	77⅞	76½	77½	+1
116½	117	1,400	Am. Car & Fdy	118	118	115¾	117	− ½
106¼	108	100	Do pf	106½	106½	106½	106¾	− ⅛
..	..	600	Am. Cotton Oil	17¾	17¾	16¾	16¾	− ½
⅞	7⅛	600	Am. Drug. Synd	7	7	6¾	7	+ ⅛
113	120	100	American Express	113¾	113¾	113¾	113½	+2
6¾	7	300	Am. Hide & Leath	7	7¼	7	7	+ ⅛
37½	38¼	700	Do pf	38¾	38¾	38	38	....
52	55	100	American Ice pf	53	53	53	53	....
32½	32¾	4,100	Am. International	33¼	33¼	32½	32½	−1
44¾	45½	100	Amer. Linseed	45	45	45	45	....
78½	79	1,900	Am. Locomotive	80¼	80¾	78¾	79	−1¼
..	8¼	3,300	Am. Safety Razor	8⅝	8¾	8	8½	+ ⅛
8¼	8½	4,200	Am. Ship & Com	8½	8⅝	8	8½	+ ⅛
34⅝	24⅝	4,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref	35¼	35¾	34⅝	35	− ⅝
73	74	700	Do pf	74½	74½	74	74	−1
90	100	100	American Snuff	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	....
29	29½	1,700	Am. Steel Found	29½	30	29	29¾	+ ⅛
80¼	82	200	Do pf	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾	+ ¼
88¾	88½	1,600	Am. Sugar Ref	88⅝	89	87¾	88	....
98	98¾	300	Do pf	98½	99	96½	99	+ ¾
69½	70	1,200	Am. Sumatra Tob	70¼	70¾	69½	69⅝	− ⅛
77¼	81	125	Do pf	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾	+ ¼
94½	95	2,700	Am. Tel. & Tel	95	95¾	94	95	− ⅛
109	110	400	Amer. Tobacco	112	112	109¼	109¼	−2¾
105½	107	2,400	Do, Class B	106¾	108½	104¾	106¾	−1½
86½	87	200	Do pf	87¼	87¼	86¾	86¾	− ⅛
59	59¼	2,300	American Woolen	60¾	60¾	59	59	−1⅛
30	32½	100	Am. Writ. Paper pf	30	30	30	30	+ ½
6	9⅝	400	Am. Zinc, L. & S	6	6¼	6¼	6¼	+ ⅛
31½	32	5,800	Anaconda Copper	31¾	32	31⅝	32	+ ⅛
18	18½	300	Asso. Dry Goods	18	18	18	18	....
53½	55	100	Do 1st pf	54½	54½	54½	54½	+3½
81	81	1,900	At., T. & S. F	81	81	80	80¾	− ⅛
76	78	100	Do pf	76¼	76¼	76¼	77¼	+1¾
4	4½	1,700	Atl., Birm. & At	4¼	4¼	4¼	4½	+ ⅛
85	86	100	Atlantic Coast Line	85½	85¾	85½	85½	+ ½
6	7	1,300	Atlantic Fruit	6¼	6¾	6¼	7¼	+1
102	102½	5,200	Atl., Gulf & W. I	104	104	101½	102	−3½
50	53	300	Do pf	53¾	53¾	53	53	−1⅝
14	17	700	Atlas Tack	15⅞	15⅞	15⅝	15⅝	−1
..	8½	2,700	Austin, Nichols	8⅝	8½	8¼	8¼	....
..	..	1,000	Do pf	61	61	61	61	....
82	82½	10,900	Baldwin Loco	84¾	84¾	82	82¼	−1⅞
92	93	300	Do pf	93	93	93	93	....
32½	32¾	5,800	Baltimore & Ohio	32½	32½	32

LONG ISLAND ROAD LOSES RATE APPEAL

Restraining Order on 20 Per Cent. Increase Is Continued by Justice Benedict.

STATE AUTHORITY UPHELD

Means $3,000,000 Yearly Loss and Service May Be Cut, Says President Peters.

The [illegible] temporarily restraining the Long [illegible] Railroad Company and the [illegible] Public Service Commission from putting into effect the 20 per cent increase in passenger rates authorized by the Interstate Commerce Commission was dissolved yesterday on an order which Justice Mitchell Benedict of the Supreme Court in the Brooklyn Term handed down in chambers. Justice Benedict, who held in relation to the up-State case that the order of the commission took precedence over State authority in matters relating to interstate and intrastate commerce,

Under Justice Benedict's order rates cannot be increased until final hearing on the question of the injunction being made permanent. The opinion questions the right of the commission to set aside jurisdiction of the State over intrastate commerce, expresses doubt of the intention of Congress to clothe the commission with such powers, and holds that the centralization of power might result in absolutism or anarchy and government of, by and for the people be brought to an end.

Ralph Peters, President of the Long Island Railroad Company, says in a statement that the refusal of the court to permit the increase will represent a loss at the rate of more than $3,000,000 a year because 70 per cent. of its business comes from passenger traffic, and estimates that it may be necessary for the company to restrict expenses by curtailment of service.

The action was instituted by the State Attorney General working in co-operation with the Public Service Commission and the Corporation Counsel. The injunction by Justice Hasbrouck of a temporary restraining order covering all of the railroads in the State, issued by Justice Cropsey, prohibiting railroads hope the courts would not attempt to interfere with the Interstate Commerce Commission, yesterday's decision was a blow to them. The decision covers forty typewritten pages and is the longest on record in Kings County.

Court Fears Federal Power.

Justice Benedict says that the case involves drastic usurpation of power on the part of the Federal Government, that it seeks to lay its hand on purely intrastate carriers and to control their rates the same as to interstate rates.

"If it shall succeed in establishing its right so to do," reads the opinion, "the vital vestige of State authority over carrier rates will be destroyed."

The decision states that not a single fact has appeared in the report of the Interstate Commission to sustain its order increasing rates or to show that the difference between intrastate and interstate rates results to the prejudice of any individual or locality in competition with another. It only means the opinion says that the commission is attempting to establish a unified control over all the railroads.

"Needless to say, all improvement work such as grade crossing eliminations, building of additional facilities, new equipment, &c., cannot be taken up and it also means that it may be necessary to curtail train service to a large extent.

The increased revenue expected from freight traffic is not materializing, due to the general depression in business, and the volume of passenger traffic also shows a falling off, due to the same cause. It must be remembered that the Long Island Railroad derives 70 per cent. of its gross revenue from passenger traffic. In the year 1920 the average earnings per passenger per mile will be 1.5 cents. The average cost of handling each passenger per mile will be at least 2.8 cents. This means a direct loss on passenger business of three mills per mile on about one billion one hundred million passengers carried one mile. Reduced to dollars and cents, this means a loss of over $3,000,000."

Mohawk Rubber Declares Dividend.

AKRON, Ohio, Dec. 24.—Directors of the Mohawk Rubber Company today declared the regular quarterly cash dividend of 1½ per cent., payable Jan. 1. Reports of December sales showed a satisfactory increase and business prospects are bright, it was said.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Arix. Ext.	2	2½	Iron Blossom	20	30
Arix Silver	17	20	Iron Cap	6	6¼
Ariz. Tip Top	6	7	La Rose	15	22
Black Hawk	11	13	Majestic	7	9
Bonza Mon.	40	41	Mex. Metals	30	35
Chiverea	1	1⅛	Midway Mines		30
Coal Con	2¾	2⅞	Monarch		15
Crown Res.	19	20	Mut. D. Tr.	43	46
Crystal, new	39	41	Nat L. & Z.	2	2½
Dunlap	13	15	Nixon	8	8
Eagle B. B.		2¾	Rainier	8	9
Eureka Cro.	38	40	Seven Metals	11	15
Fortuna	2	3	Silver Reef	4	6
Jackson	22	25	U. V. Ext.	22	22½
Kirma	6	7	Yukon	.90	1.00

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	71.80	70.91	71.29	— .16
25 industrials	81.78	79.92	80.35	—1.41
50 stocks	76.83	75.42	75.82	— .79

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Chge.
Dec. 23	66.75	64.44	66.61	+2.37
Dec. 22	65.98	63.70	64.24	+ .44
Dec. 21	63.80	62.04	63.80	—1.76
Dec. 20	66.34	64.34	65.66	— .52
Dec. 18	68.07	65.97	66.21	— .86
Dec. 17	67.78	66.76	67.06	— .39

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Dec.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1920.	73.72 Dec. 2	62.70 Dec. 21	65.82
1919	90.40 Dec. 26	84.16 Dec. 12	89.09
1918	78.34 Dec. 11	71.42 Dec. 28	73.39
1917	86.28 Dec. 31	77.43 Dec. 20	83.86
1916	99.28 Dec. 4	85.86 Dec. 21	89.22

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1920	84.07 Apr. 8	62.70 D-c. 21	65.82
†1919	99.89 Nov. 5	69.73 Jan. 21	89.35

Full Years.

1919	99.89 Nov. 5	69.74 Jan. 21	89.69
1918	86.16 Nov. 12	64.12 Jan. 14	73.39
1917	90.46 Jan. 4	57.47 Dec. 20	83.86
1916	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change	Month. Year.
40 issues 66.83	+.22	+.43 +4.63

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Dec. 23	66.63 —.09	Dec. 14	67.75 +.12
Dec. 22	66.72 —.28	Dec. 13	67.63 —.51
Dec. 21	67.10 —.16	Dec. 11	68.14 —.20
Dec. 20	67.26 —.25	Dec. 10	68.34 —.14
Dec. 18	67.51 —.26	Dec. 9	68.48 —.11
Dec. 17	67.78 —.10	Dec. 8	68.59 —.29
Dec. 16	67.94 —.13	Dec. 7	68.18 —.32
Dec. 15	67.07 +.32	Dec. 6	68.50 —.24

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1920.	72.14 Oct. 21	65.57 May 21	66.83
†1919.	79.05 June 2	71.05 Oct. 18	71.48

Full Years.

1919	79.05 June 2	71.05 Dec. 18	72.00
1918	82.38 Nov. 12	75.65 Sep. 27	78.78
1917	89.48 Jan. 20	74.24 Dec. 20	76.90

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

MONEY.

FRIDAY, DEC. 24.

Money on call on the Stock Exchange ruled at 7 per cent. Friday. This was unchanged over the previous ruling quotation. Time money was likewise quoted at prevailing quotations of early week. The market for both call and time funds was very quiet. For the week, call funds ruled practically at 7 per cent., with a low of 6 per cent. made on Tuesday. In fixed period money, mixed collateral, all dates, the market was quoted 7½@7¾ per cent., and on all industrials, 7¾@8 per cent. Activity of the week was mainly confined to renewals, which obtained at 7½ per cent. No changes were noted in prime named commercial paper, or rates for bankers' acceptances.

Following is the range of call money rates for this week for a series of years:

Call Loans.

	High.	Low.	Ruling.
1920	8	7	10
1919	8	6	10
1918	6	4½	6
1917	6	4¾	6
1916	2½	2	2½
1915	2½	1¾	2

	High.	Low.	Ruling.
1914	5	2½	2½
1913	4	5	5
1912	12	1½	8
1911	6	3	3¼
1910	6	3½	3½
1909	6	2	2½

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days.....7½@7¾
4, 3 and 6 months.....7½@7¾
All industrial collat-ral, 60-90 days..7¾@8
4, 5 and 6 months.....7¾@7¾

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months.....5½@5¾
Other names, 3 to 6 months.....5 @5¼

Discount Rates. Federal Reserve Bank.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call....6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....6¼@6½
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6½@6¾
Not eligible 60 to 90 days.....7

London Market.

Money on the London market on Friday unchanged at 4% per cent.; short bills and three months' bills unchanged at 6⅛ per cent. Gold bullion on the London market was down 5d at 116s 1d per fine ounce. Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Friday's exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $901,946,549; balances, $77,170,010. Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $73,981,109.

Total exchange of checks for the week, $4,040,194,560, as compared with $5,681,133,325 for the preceding week. Following is the comparison with exchanges for the corresponding week in previous years:

1920	$4,040,194,560	1916	$3,073,177,744
1919	4,552,503,344	1915	2,264,049,009
1918	3,450,342,811	1914	1,345,267,840
1917	2,816,950,000	1913	1,942,502,946

*Five days.

NEW JERSEY BANKS GAIN.

Trust Companies, State and Savings Institutions in Good Condition.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 24.—The total resources of trust companies, State and savings banks of New Jersey on Nov. 15 was $851,331,631.68, an increase of $74,049,039.76 over that date in 1919. This general prosperity of the State is reflected in a report of State Banking Commissioner Frank H. Smith. His report is on the standing of 124 trust companies, twenty-seven savings banks and twenty-seven State banks.

Some of the items on trust companies follow: Cash on hand Nov. 15, $11,958,766.81, an increase of $1,334,157.23 over that date in 1919; surplus fund, $23,317,564.50, increase $1,465,156.04; deposits on time, $270,724,561.18, increase $46,123,070.02; deposits payable on demand, $223,007,719.63, increase $9,678,549.89; resources, $390,223,555.93, a gain of $52,346,658.44.

The State banks showed: Cash on hand $1,550,611.06 on Nov. 15, increase $208,854.43; surplus fund, $1,942,300, a gain of $197,500; deposits, $46,693,670.87, increase $8,864,588.90; resources, $53,916,627.10, a gain of $9,719,998.45.

The condition of the savings institutions was shown to be: Cash on hand, $839,464.35, a decrease of $11,845.94, compared with the previous period; amount due depositors, $190,382,390.79, a gain of $11,367,563.38; resources, $207,191,448.65, increase $11,949,039.76.

DENVER TROLLEY INSOLVENT

Court Names President Receiver on Application of Creditor.

DENVER, Col., Dec. 24.—Application for a receiver for the Denver Tramway Company, which operates the street car lines in Denver, was filed in the United States District Court here today. The application was filed by the Westinghouse Electric Company, a creditor.

The tramway company was granted its first franchise in 1886.

Ernest Stenger, President and General Manager of the company, was appointed receiver by the court.

The petition alleges that the company's deficit for the year 1918 was $118,879; for the year 1919, $26,422, and that the company has defaulted in the payment of taxes due the City of Denver in the approximate amount of $35,000. It also states that interest now owed on the company's bonds amounts to a figure close to $247,000.

London's New Security Issues.

Issues of new securities on the London market during November are reported as £40,743,439, as against £30,481,297 in October and £28,085,850 in September. The increase in the November issues occurred chiefly in shares of railway, oil, iron, steel, engineering and electrical companies, though the new subscriptions to commercial and industrial enterprises in general were slightly below those of October.

AMERICAN BANKERS NAME 1921 BOARDS

Prominent New York Financiers on Commerce and Marine Commission.

ALL SECTIONS REPRESENTED

Questions of Economy and National Welfare to Have Attention of Well-Known Men.

John S. Drum, President of the American Bankers' Association, yesterday announced the personnel of committees created for the ensuing year at a meeting of the Administrative Council.

The Commerce and Marine Commission, out of whose work has grown the $100,000,000 Foreign Credit Finance Corporation, is composed of John McHugh, Chairman, Vice President Mechanics and Metals National Bank; Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of Board, Irving National Bank; Charles H. Sabin, President Guaranty Trust Company; Fred I. Kent, Vice President Bankers Trust Company; Daniel G. Wing, President First National Bank, Boston; Arthur Reynolds, Vice President Continental and Commercial National Bank, Chicago; William A. Law, President First National Bank, Philadelphia; E. O. Watts, President Fifth National Bank, St. Louis; Charles A. Hinsch, President Fifth-Third National Bank, Cincinnati; Robert F. Maddox, President Atlanta National Bank, Atlanta; Thomas B. McAdams, Vice President Merchants National Bank, Richmond; Richard S. Hawes, Vice President First National Bank, St. Louis; James J. Fagan, Vice President Crocker National Bank, San Francisco; Waldo Newcomer, President National Exchange Bank, Baltimore; John L. Hamilton, President Equitable Securities Company, Columbus, Ohio; W. F. Collins, Secretary, 5 Nassau Street.

Men Who Will Study Economics.

The Economic Policy Commission which has to do with the consideration of all questions involving money and currency, public finance, Federal taxes, &c., consists of Paul M. Warburg, Chairman, Kuhn, Loeb & Co.; Walter W. Head, President Omaha National Bank, Omaha; W. H. Robinson, President First National Bank, Los Angeles; Charles A. Hinsch, President Fifth-Third National Bank, Cincinnati; A. B. Adams, President Dollar Savings and Trust Company, Youngstown, Ohio; Evans Woollen, President Fletcher Savings and Trust Trust Company, Indianapolis; George E. Roberts, Vice President National City Bank; A. L. Aiken, President National Shawmut Bank, Boston; R. S. Hecht, President Hibernia Bank and Trust Company, New Orleans; M. A. Traylor, President First Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago; John W. Staley, President Peoples State Bank, Detroit; Waldo Newcomer, President National Exchange Bank, Baltimore.

The Agricultural Commission, which for many years has promoted friendly relations between the banker and the farmer, includes: Joseph Hirsch, Chairman, President Corpus Christi National Bank, Corpus Christi, Texas; F. N. Shepherd, Director, Empire National Bank, Lewiston, Idaho; J. R. Wheeler, President Farmers' and Merchants' Union Bank, Columbus, Wis.; E. J. Bodman, Vice President and Secretary Union & Mercantile Trust Co., Little Rock, Ark.; Chas. B. Lewis, President Fourth National Bank, Macon, Ga.; Will Gordon, Vice President Farmers' Savings Bank, Marshall, Mo.; W. G. Edens, Vice President Central Trust Company of Illinois, Chicago.

The Public Relations Commission, having in charge publicity in which the association is interested, has for its Chairman Francis H. Sisson, Vice President Guaranty Trust Company. The other members are: M. E. Holderness, Vice President First National Bank, St. Louis; Fred W. Ellsworth, Vice President Hibernia Bank & Trust Co., New Orleans; H. L. Remmel, President Bankers Trust Company, Little Rock, Ark.; William F. Sheehan, President First National Bank, Zanesville, Ohio; C. F. Weed, Vice President First National Bank, Boston; John R. Washburn, Vice President Continental and Commercial National Bank, Chicago.

President Drum also appointed as members of the Executive Council at large the following bankers: W. H. Robinson, President First National Bank, Los Angeles; E. W. Decker, President Northwestern National Bank, Minneapolis, and J. Kent, Vice President Bankers Trust Company, New York City; R. G. Rhett, President Peoples National Bank, Charleston, S. C.; John W. Staley, President Peoples State Bank, Detroit.

Membership Widely Distributed.

Other committees of the association are as follows:

Administrative Committee—John S. Drum, Chairman, President Mercantile Trust Company, San Francisco; Thos. B. McAdams, Vice President Merchants National Bank, Richmond; John H. Puelicher, President Marshall and Ilsley Bank, Milwaukee; Richard S. Hawes, Vice President First National Bank, St. Louis; John F. Hagey, Vice President First National Bank, Chicago; Tom J. Hartman, Vice President Producers State Bank, Tulsa, Okla.; I. H. Kempner, President Texas Bank and Trust Co., Galveston; Joseph Wayne Jr., President Girard National Bank, Philadelphia, representing Trust Company Division; Edmund D. Hulbert, President Merchants Loan & Trust Co., Chicago, representing Savings Division; W. A. Sadd, President Chattanooga Savings Bank, Chattanooga, Tenn., representing National Bank Division; Henry H. McKee, President National Bank, Washington, representing State Bank Division; E. C. McDougal, President The Marine Trust Company, Buffalo.

Finance Committee—Thomas B. McAdams, Vice President Merchants National Bank, Richmond, Chairman; John H. Puelicher, President Marshall and Ilsley Bank, Milwaukee; Harry M. Rubey, President Rubey National Bank, Golden, Col.; Rome C. Stephenson, President St. Joseph Loan and Trust Company, South Bend, Ind.; O. N. Sams, President Merchants National Bank, Hillsboro, Ohio; W. E. Purdy, Assistant Vice President Chase National Bank, New York City; Frank W. Blair, President Union Trust Company, Detroit; Arthur B. Morton, Vice President Pennsylvania Company for Insurances on Lives and Granting Annuities, Philadelphia; J. R. Dominick, President Traders National Bank, Kansas City, Mo.

Committee on Federal Legislation—C. H. McNider, President First National Bank, Mason City, Iowa, Chairman; Frederick Collins, Vice President Bank of Commerce and Trust Company, Memphis; George B. Brock, President Home Savings Bank, Boston; H. J. Haas Vice President First National Bank, Philadelphia; R. W. Akin, Cashier Peoples State Bank, Sullivan, Ind.; George O. Walson, President Liberty National Bank, Washington.

Committee of Five (Par Collection)—M. J. Dowling, President Olivia State Bank, Olivia, Minn., Chairman; McLane Tilton, President Commerce Bank and Trust Company, Charlottesville, Va.; Fred Collins, Vice President Bank of Commerce and Trust Company, Memphis; Charles de B. Clairborne, Vice President Whitney-Central National Bank, New Orleans; E. M. Wing, President Batavian National Bank, La Crosse, Wis.

Insurance Committee—L. E. Sands, President First National Bank, Pittsburgh, Chairman; Oscar G. Forman, President Foreman Brothers Banking Company, Chicago; Frank L. Hilton, Vice President Bank of the Manhattan Company, New York City; J. A. Latta, Vice President Northwestern National Bank, Minneapolis; George S. Murphey, President First National Bank, Manhattan, Kansas.

Committee on Membership—L. E. Phillips, Vice President Bartlesville National Bank, Bartlesville, Okla., Chairman; P. E. Doty, President First National Bank, Beaumont, Texas; W. D. Longyear, Vice President Security Trust and Savings Bank, Los Angeles.

Education and Thrift Boards.

Committee on Public Education—John H. Puelicher, President Marshall and Ilsley Bank, Milwaukee, Chairman; Stewart D. Beckley, President American Institute of Banking and Cashier City National Bank, Dallas; Robert B. Locke, Vice President American Institute of Banking and Manager Federal Reserve Bank, Detroit; Henry H. McKee, President National Capital Bank, Washington; Rudolph S. Hecht, President Hibernia Bank and Trust Company, New Orleans; Rome C. Stephenson, President St. Joseph Loan and Trust Company, South Bend, Ind.; E. H. Sensenich, Vice President Northwestern National Bank, Portland, Ore.

Committee on Public and Private Thrift—S. Fred. Strong, Treasurer Connecticut Savings Bank, New Haven, Conn., Chairman; John J. Pulleyn, President Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, New York City; J. A. House, President Guardian Savings and Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio; Oliver J. Sands, President American National Bank, Richmond; E. R. Decker, President Northwestern National Bank, Minneapolis; Joseph R. Noel, President Noel State Bank, Chicago; D. W. Twohy, President Old National Bank, Spokane.

Committee on State Legislation—Craig B. Hazelwood, Vice President Union Trust Company, Chicago, Chairman; H. A. Baker, Cashier Manufacturers Bank, New Richmond, Wis.; Charles B. Lewis, President Fourth National Bank, Macon, Ga.; John J. Pulleyn, President Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, Camden, N. J.; F. J. Belcher Jr., Vice President First National Bank, San Diego; Charles S. McCain, Vice President Bankers Trust Company, Little Rock, Ark.; Edward Buder, Vice President and Treasurer Mercantile Trust Company, St. Louis; J. Pope Matthews, President Palmetto National Bank, Columbia, S. C.; W. P. Andrews, cashier First National Bank, Fort Worth, Texas; Robert B. Clark, Active Vice President The Bank of Tupelo, Tupelo, Miss.; J. L. Ormond, cashier Citizens State Bank, Marianna, Fla.; J. N. Kehoe, President Bank of Maysville, Maysville, Ky.

Committee on State Taxation—Ernest J. Perry, President First Fond-du-Lac National Bank, Fond-du-Lac, Wis., Chairman; A. E. Adams, President First National Bank, Youngstown, Ohio; Wayne Hummer, President La Salle National Bank, La Salle, Ill.; Frank B. Cook, President Columbia Trust Company, Salt Lake City; Oscar W. Mollarius, cashier Bank of Washington, Washington, Mo.

VOTE NEW GOODYEAR ISSUE.

Stockholders Authorize $50,000,000 in First Mortgage Bonds.

Special to The New York Times.

AKRON, Ohio, Dec. 24.—The first steps toward refinancing the Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company were taken today when stockholders voted authority to Directors to issue and sell $50,000,000 in first mortgage bonds and adjourned until Dec. 29, when a proposal to put common stock on a no-par basis will come up.

An audit of the company's books made by Price, Waterhouse & Co. for bankers which have underwritten the entire new bond issue showed that the company had assets to cover all outstanding indebtedness and leave enough for $100 for each share of preferred and $53.87 for each share of common.

The total assets of the company were placed at $153,076,540 and total indebtedness at $42,696,243, leaving net assets of $110,380,597. The assets were figured on present value and after changing off all doubtful accounts. The new bonds will bear interest of not over 8 per cent. and maturity dates will not exceed twenty-five years. Of the authorized issue, President F. A. Seiberling expressed his belief that not more than $20,000,000 would be needed. Proceeds will be used to retire indebtedness.

The meeting was thrown into an uproar for a moment when Frank S. Monnett, former Attorney General of Ohio, who instituted the recent suit against the Goodyear Company, started speaking, led a small minority of shareholders in opposition to the proposed refinancing plan.

The vote on the first proposal (only the preferred stockholders voting) was 409,371 for and 1,120 shares against. A second vote, in which all shareholders voted, resulted in 498,914 of preferred for and 987 against. The second proposal authorized issuance of the bonds and the execution of a mortgage to cover them.

Concerning Germany's Currency.

A formal statement by the German Reichsbank asserts that ten thousand million marks in Germany's paper money were at the date of the statement being hoarded with the purpose of tax evasion, and that for such action the government's tax policy was responsible.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Following is the range of prices in the important miscellaneous commodities in New York:

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was firmer, closing 10@14 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot				8.15
December	No sales			5.36
January	No sales			5.36
February	No sales			5.40
March	9.00	8.86	8.86	8.85
April	No sales			5.86
May	9.27	9.15	9.15	9.12
June	No sales			9.15
July	No sales			9.30

Total sales, 7,300.

COFFEE.

The coffee market closed 2@5 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	No sales			5.82	
March	6.50	6.45	6.47	6.52	14.93
May	6.89	6.83	6.88	6.90	15.06
July	No sales			7.20	15.32
September	7.44	7.40	7.43	7.47	15.02

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market closed 11@20 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	4.30	4.30	4.30	4.50
February	4.42	4.42	4.42	4.65
March	4.54	4.54	4.54	4.85
May	4.70	4.69	4.69	4.84
July	4.83	4.80	4.85	5.05

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

Quoted on a Percentage Basis.

Name	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1920-'27	4½	7.75	6.75
Bethlehem Steel	1920-'30	7	7.75	7.00
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1920-'33	4½@5-6	7.20	6.30
Canadian Pacific	1920-'36	4½@6	7.50	6.40
Chesa. & Ohio	1924-'35	6½	6.75	6.40
Chicago & N. W.	1920-'23	4½	7.10	6.40
Chi., R. I. & P.	1920-'27	4½@5	7.75	7.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	7.37	6.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	7.12	6.40
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	7.50	6.87
Erie Railroad	1920-'27	4½@5	8.00	7.00
Grace Steamship	1920-'32	7	7.87	7.25
Illinois Central	1920-'27	4½@5	7.10	6.40
Illinois Central	1925-'35	7	8.85	6.40
Int. Prod. S'ship	1920-'26	7	8.50	7.50
Kans. & Texas	1920-'28	5	7.10	6.40
Michigan Central	1920-'32	5 @6	7.00	6.40
Minn. & St. L.	1920-'27	5 @6	7.75	7.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1920-'24	5	8.25	7.25
New York Cen.	1920-'32	4½@5	7.25	6.40
New York Cen.	1921-'35	7	7.12	6.40
Norf. & West.	1920-'24	4½	7.00	6.40
Northern Pacific	1921-'30	7	7.15	6.40
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'29	4½@5-6	8.25	7.25
Pac. Fruit Exp.	1925-'35	7	6.90	6.40
Pa. Gen. Freight	1920-'23	4 @4½	7.00	6.37
Pitts. & L. Erie	1921-'35	6½	6.87	6.40
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	7.10	6.40
Seaboard Air L.	1920-'27	4½@5-6	8.25	7.25
Sinclair Refining	1920-'21	6	8.50	7.50
Southern Pacific	1920-'25	4½	7.10	6.40
Southern Pacific	1924-'35	7	6.87	6.40
Southern Ry.	1920-'28	4½@5	7.62	6.62
Union Pacific	1924-'35	7	6.85	6.40
Virginian Ry.	1920-'30	6	7.50	6.75
White Oil Corp.	1920-'23	6	8.50	7.50

German Bank Statement Changes.

BERLIN, Dec. 24.—The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany as of Dec. 15 shows the following changes:

	Marks.
Treasury certificates	increased 633,325,000
Notes	increased 4,732,000
Bills discounted	increased 4,110,078,000
Securities	increased 27,082,000
Circulation	increased 462,502,000
Deposits	increased 4,287,828,000
Liabilities	increased 25,536,000
Coin	decreased 1,025,000
Gold	decreased 1,000
Advances	decreased 14,376,000
Investments	decreased 7,200,000

The total gold holdings are given as 1,091,580,000 marks.

PRICE CUT COMING, TRADE PAPERS SAY

Decrease in Wages, Production Costs and Overtime Cause of New Phase.

BIG CONTRASTS REPORTED

Many Cancel Orders and Retail Sale Is Under Normal—Xmas Shoppers Cautious.

Further recessions in retail prices are foreshadowed by wage decreases, according to the weekly survey by the R. G. Dun & Co., Review. Some seasonal increase in buying is reported, but on the whole, the situation is described as holding sharp contrasts, improvement in some lines running in contradistinction to retrograde movements elsewhere.

The publication says:

"The development of new business is such as to give encouragement to some interests, but it is mainly for nearby delivery, and usually at lower prices. Replenishment of supplies is evidently becoming necessary in some quarters, and freer ordering of goods after the turn of the year is expected in certain trades where prices seem to be approaching a condition of stabilization. The general situation, however, still presents sharp contrasts with moderate improvement in a few lines, being more than offset by a retrograde movement in other directions. A new phase, though one which had been foreshadowed, has appeared in the wage decreases that are occurring in various industries, and costs of production are steadily declining in many instances. The influence of this change should later be seen in further recessions in retail prices, yet estimates of consuming demand at lower prices must allow for the diminution of public buying power. Not only are wages being readjusted and overtime work largely eliminated, but there are fewer opportunities for employment as manufacturers curtail or temporarily suspend operations, and the Christmas turnover was marked by conservatism and discrimination in purchasing."

Bradstreet's Review says:

"A continued bleak spot in the general trade situation is disclosed by the statement that very large sums are tied up in products, a great deal of them in transit, on which orders have been canceled, this including much export as well as domestic trade.

"The week's dispatches point to a very general increase in buying at retail, due to the holiday influence, coupled with cold weather in the West and along the lakes, helping sales of heavy apparel and furnishings. Except at a few points, however, the volume of retail trade is holding below that of a year ago by varying percentages, though at a few points better than earlier anticipated. Southern retail trade seems to have advanced. In wholesale lines there are presented what has been hitherto absent, reports of filling-in orders from retailers.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, DEC. 24, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$24,460,400	$33,041,550	$34,573,500
Year to date	3,808,343,150	3,643,174,125	2,001,049,500

GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales $1,000.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.	Closing— Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
2,107	—Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47	84.76	90.00	84.70	89.84	+5.10	89.80		4.00
1	—Liberty 1st 4s, 1932-'47	84.52	84.52	84.52	—.28	85.00	86.00		....
9	—Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-'42	84.80	84.80	84.00	84.00	+.30	84.00	84.70	....
400	—Liberty 1st conv. 4½s, 1932-'47	85.04	85.90	85.04	85.50	+.60	85.50	86.00	5.24
150	—Liberty 1st conv. 4½s, reg.	84.70	84.70	84.70	84.70	+.60	....	....	....
4,333	—Liberty 2d conv. 4½s, 1927-'32	84.08	85.00	84.08	84.60	+.56	84.50	84.60	5.12
10	—Liberty 2d conv. 4½s, reg.	84.10	84.10	84.10	84.10	+.60	....	....	....
2,857	—Liberty 3d conv. 4½s, 1928	86.50	87.40	86.30	87.20	+.64	87.16	87.24	6.28
5,029	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38	84.46	85.30	84.30	85.10	+.64	85.10	85.16	6.28
2,703	—Victory 4¾s, 1922	94.90	94.96	94.90	94.94	+.04	94.90	94.96	7.04
685	—Victory 3¾s, 1922-'23	94.94	94.96	94.92	94.96	+.06	94.90	94.96	6.00

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Chinese Ry 5s	84	Lo & N col 4s	76	4s, 1934	58	9.....	71	1.....	84½	5.....	49
5.....	39	10.....	65¼	1.....	58	1.....	75	ref 4s	imp	12.....	47½
City of Bord'x	75	Atl F temp 7s		16.....	58½	14.....	73¾	1.....	65	16.....	48
6s, temp ctfs	76	5.....	54	6.....	58½	6.....	77	4½s, S A		5.....	47¾
5.....	76½	3.....	54	gen 4½s	73	1.....	75¾	L S col 3½s		5.....	47½
City of Chris'a		18.....	55	12.....	73½	1.....	76	10.....	38	10.....	47¾
8s, K, L &		11.....	54	2.....	74½	Ind Steel 5s		N Y, C & St L		2.....	47
Co ctfs	74	51.....	53½	1.....	73¾	1.....	83½	Deb 4s		1.....	68½
15.....	92	Bald Loco 5s		5.....	75½	Inter-Met	49	1.....	68½	1	8-Wheels
2.....	94	5.....	92¾	1.....	73¾	6.....	14¼	N Y Con R R		5.....	65¾
22.....	92	Balt & Ohio		conv 4½s		10.....	15	gtd 4½s		con 4s	
City of Cop'gn		pr lien 3½s		1.....	63½	10.....	15¼	N Y G E L H		1st term 5s	
5½s		10.....	76¾	6.....	63½	5.....	15	& P pur m 4s		5.....	65¾
5.....	72	1.....	78¾	3.....	63½	12.....	14¾	14.....	60	5.....	66
4.....	72½	gold 4s		5.....	63½	10.....	15¼	N Y N H & H		3.....	60½
6.....	72	2.....	63½	1.....	64	14.....	48½	cons deb 6s		2.....	60¾
City of Lyons		11.....	64	1.....	63¾	1.....	48	N Y Tel 4½s		conv 4s	
6s, temp ctfs		10.....	63¼	1.....	64	4.....	48¼	65.....	72¾	10.....	72
4.....	76½	3.....	64	conv 5s, SrB		Int Agr Corp		10s30f..	72	3.....	73¾
City of Paris

FARMER FOR CREDIT TO FIND HIM MARKET

J. R. Howard Tells Senators Plan Is Not Extension to Germany Alone.

OPPOSES HIGH TARIFF NOW

But Asserts That AgriculturaHsts Want Same Protection as the Manufacturers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—J. R. Howard, President of the American Farm Bureau Federation, testifying today before members of the Senate Committees on Finance, Agriculture and Banking and Currency, said that the impression which is quite general that the farm organization wants this Government to extend a billion-dollar credit to Germany is not correct. What the farmers want, Mr. Howard explained, is credit extension to all countries where it may be possible to find a market for the surplus products of the farmers of the United States.

The Farm Bureau Federation represented by Mr. Howard is said to be the largest organization of farmers in the United States. It now numbers 1,500,000 members, principally in the West and South, and thousands are being added to its rolls weekly. Mr. Howard said today that the increase in membership in Texas alone is now averaging more than 10,000 farmers every week, and that the gain in Georgia is in proportion.

The New York State branch, he added, has 70,000 members. William Wallace Brauer, the New York cattle exporter, who has been advocating the extension of $1,000,000,000 credit to Germany to enable that country to purchase food and other products in this country, did not appear before the committee. It is understood that he will probably do so next week. Brauer is known to have been in correspondence with several Western Senators.

During the discussion of the surplus wheat supply in the West and the falling price Mr. Howard said that in considering the wheat problem it should be remembered that increased railway charges must be deducted from the price paid the farmer. The Chicago price, he added, is largely controlled by the Liverpool price. Mr. Howard also said that the farmers were disappointed because of the fact that the bill passed by Congress which authorizes co-operative organizations among farmers failed to exempt such organizations from the provisions of the anti-trust laws.

It was also brought out during the hearing that the Federal Reserve Board is opposed to the enactment of the bill introduced by Senator Hitchcock, which proposes the use of $70,000,000 Federal Reserve profits for the discounting of agricultural paper.

This information was imparted by Senator McLean. Another bill, since withdrawn, which was proposed by Senator Hitchcock would have authorized the transfer of this money to Federal land banks to be used in extending loans on personal security as well as on real estate. This proposition is said to have been looked upon with some favor by the Federal Reserve organization.

Senator Frelinghuysen suggested that it might be possible to establish a commodity exchange with foreign countries through the agency of the War Trade Board, through which cotton or other farm products could be exchanged for the products of Germany and other nations. He also suggested that warehouse receipts might prove available as a basis for credit extension to farmers.

Mr. Howard said that, in his opinion, the recently passed farmers' co-operative law should be administered by the Department of Agriculture rather than the Federal Trade Commission. Referring to the proposed tariff on farm products Mr. Howard said that, in his opinion, farmers are entitled to equal protection along with manufacturers. He added, however, that he considered what he described as a high trade barrier undesirable at this time.

"What the farmers want," added Mr. Howard, "is a credit arrangement which will make possible orderly marketing of their products during consumptive years. The United States cannot prosper and be happy unless the farmers are making some money and are also happy."

Gray C. Silver, also an official of the American Farm Bureau Federation, testified along the same lines as did Mr. Howard.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24 (Associated Press).—Hearings on legislation to regulate grain exchanges dealing in grain futures will be held by the House Agriculture Committee, beginning Jan. 4, Chairman Haughen said today. Half a dozen measures to regulate such trading have been introduced in the House at this session.

FORDS ABOLISH OFFICES.

Action Is Part of Plan of Reorganization of D., T. & I. Railroad.

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, Dec. 24.—Henry Ford and his son, Edsel, of Detroit, under a reorganization plan of the Detroit, Toledo & Ironton Railroad, have abolished the offices of Harry A. Fidler, General Traffic Manager; E. C. Davis, Treasurer; H. B. Waters, Chief Engineer, and Dr. L. L. Syman, Superintendent of the Medical Department, according to an announcement here today.

Local officials of the road interpreted this step as the beginning of a movement by the Ford interests to run the railroad solely as an adjunct to the motor properties in Detroit.

The Range of Wheat Prices.

In view of the range of cash prices for wheat on the New York market from $3.25 per bushel on Jan. 7 to $1.79 on Nov. 27, the range of prices in previous years on the Chicago market is interesting. In 1919 the highest price was $3.50, touched in December; the lowest, $2.20, in August. During 1918 the high price was $2.42, in December; the lowest, $2.17, touched in January, February, March, April, May and June. During 1917 the high price was $3.43, in May; the low price $1.64¾ in January. In 1916 the high price of $2.02 was reached in October; the lowest was 98¼ cents, in June. During 1914 wheat at Chicago ranged between a low of 77¾ cents in July and $1.33 in September.

British Government's Revenue.

The London Statist compiles the following comparative statement of revenue, expenditure and surplus or deficit of the British Government during a series of years beginning with April 1:

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Surplus (+) or Def. (-)
1918..	£188,801,999	£188,361,930	+£180,069
1918..	196,242,807	197,492,989	+749,828
1914..	226,604,080	560,477,533	+$335,779,453
1915..	336,786,825	1,559,158,377	£1,222,391,552
1916..	573,427,583	2,198,112,710	£1,624,685,128
1917..	707,254,565	2,696,221,402	£1,988,986,840
1918..	880,021,000	2,579,301,000	£1,699,280,000
1919..1	339,471,381	1,665,772,928	+$326,201,547
1920*..	799,271,680	697,984,921	+101,286,759

*Results up to Nov. 27 for the current fiscal year. Estimated revenue for the whole current fiscal year, £1,418,300,000, estimated expenditure £1,184,102,000, estimated surplus £233,196,000.

RUSSIA'S SIBERIAN GOLD.

Statistics of the Export Movement From That Country.

The Ekonomicheskaya Zhisn of Moscow gives the following particulars regarding the disposal of Russian gold in Siberia:

The former Siberian Government had exported from Kasan and Samara 30,563 poods of gold, valued at 645,410,096 rubles, in addition to golden objects from the Chamber for Weights and Measures, pure gold and platinum, gold-containing silver, silver-containing gold, &c., in 514 cases from the mint, weighing about 2,000 poods and valued at 6,122,021 rubles. The total value of the gold exported was 651,332,117 rubles. In March, August and September, 1919, 190,899,650 rubles worth of gold was sent to Vladivostok and in part deposited for various operations, viz: sold to the French in May, 1919, 126 poods; in July to the English and French, 696 poods; in July, 140 poods; in August, 502 poods; in September, 500 poods to the Japanese and in September, 750 poods to the French; a total of 3,232 poods; 1,800 poods were deposited as security for the Japanese loan, 3,037.5 poods were deposited with the Anglo-American Syndicate, 100 poods were paid for procuring arms from America, 80 poods were paid to the firm of Remington and 50 poods for procuring Colt minewerfers, a total of 6,012.5 poods.

The whole quantity sold and deposited was 9,244.5 poods. In October, 1919, gold in bars valued at 10,337,744 rubles, in Russian currency 33,000,000 rubles, a total of 7,000 poods, valued at 43,377,744 rubles were sent to Vladivostok, but seized in Tchita by Semenov. Gold in bars to the amount of 486,568 rubles from the smelting labratory was sent to Tchita from the Omsk branch of the Government bank was transferred there. Of the quantities of gold mentioned over 19,000 poods, valued at 400,626,103 rubles, was sent from Omsk to Irkutsk on the retreat of Kolchak's army and was taken over at the beginnnig of March from the Czechs and sent to Moscow. (One pood equals 526.6 troy ounces.)

URGES TRADE WITH SPAIN.

Department of Commerce Calls Attention to Opportunities.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Opportunities for trade with Spain are called to the attention of American business men in a report just made to the Department of Commerce by Trade Comissioner Arthur Young, dealing with Spanish finance and trade conditions. Spain, Mr. Young said, is the only European nation with a balance of trade in its favor as a result of the war, and has a surplus sufficient to pay cash for American goods.

Spain's balance of trade at the close of the war, Mr. Young said, was $772,000,000 and the condition of the entire country is prosperous. This was largely due, he explained, to the fact that Spain, the only large European neutral, was able to export goods to the warring nations and received cash for its products while at the same time withstanding any ill-effect from curtailment of imports. As a striking feature of the Spanish financial situation during the war, the Comissioner pointed out that Spain even extended a credit of $30,000,000 to the United States. By curtailing loans just after the signing of the armistice, he further said, Spain was able to retain the large trade balance obtained during the war and at the same time protect its big war loans.

Mr. Young suggested that American business concerns desiring Spanish trade should adopt a credit system which would gradually become elastic enough to permit competition with European houses.

About one-half of the entire exports from the United States to Spain consists of cotton. If this country exported nothing but cotton to Spain the balance of trade would still be in our favor, the report says.

SEEK TRANSPORT SOLUTION.

Roads and I. C. C. Co-operate, Chairman Clark Reports.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The Interstate Commerce Commission is co-operating with carriers and shippers "in bringing about appropriate readjustments" through reductions in transportation charges, wrote Chairman Clark of the commission to Senator Harris, Democrat, of Georgia, answering today the Senator's suggestion that lower rates would produce more traffic and mean more income for the roads.

Readjustments are being sought, "especially where it appears that the existing charges are such as to prevent the movement of the traffic," Mr. Clark said, agreeing that "both the public and the roads deserve an honest living," but adding, "I fear that both are now suffering.

"The financial results from operation of the roads by the Government are well known," said the Chairman's letter, "as is also the fact that the level of operating expenses had risen out of all proportion to the revenues from the then existing rates. The operation ratios were and still are abnormally high and it is by no means certain that even with the desired levels of rates the carriers can, under the existing level of operating expenses, the principal items of which are wages and fuel, earn a 'reasonable income for their investment.' We are endeavoring to keep abreast of the situation."

MUST FILE INVENTORY.

Philadelphia Suburban Gas Faces Protests on Its Rates.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 24.—The Philadelphia Suburban Gas and Electric Company, against whose gas, electrical and steam heating rates protests have been filed before the Public Service Commission by a number of boroughs has been ordered to make an inventory of its properties by July 1 next and an appraisal by Oct. 1 and file them with the commission for the determination of various complaints now pending.

The company is also directed to file monthly reports of progress.

The inventory is to include used and useful property as of March 31, 1921, and the appraisal to cover the original cost, historical cost, reproduction estimate under prices prevailing during the ten-year period ending Dec. 31, 1920, and a similar reproduction estimate based on fair average prices prevailing during the year ending March 31, 1921.

BROKERS OBSERVE HOLIDAY.

Music a Feature of Christmas Eve on Consolidated Exchange.

Members of the New York Consolidated Stock Exchange held their Christmas Eve celebration on the floor of the Exchange yesterday afternoon. The celebration was under the direction of a Committee on Arrangements, consisting of Lewis Gilbough, Henry Plummer and J. E. Hoey.

Music was supplied by the Seventh Regiment Band, under command of Lieutenant L. W. Matt, a veteran of the World War. During the festivities I. Sachs, a member of the institution, led the band in the playing of "Prosperity Forever," which Mr. Sachs composed. The board room was attractively decorated.

Industrials on the German Boerse.

From Berlin it is stated that toward the close of November ten of the leading industrial shares of the Berlin Stock Exchange were selling at more than 1,000 per 100-mark share. It is further added that the quotations of all these stocks were double those of the same date in November, 1919, and that some were up four or five times as compared with that date. The correspondent adds that "there is no limit to the possible rise of German stocks except a reversal of the general exchange movement."

EXPORT WHEAT MAY EXCEED ESTIMATES

Chicago Traders See Possibility That Cross-Sea Ports Are Being Overloaded.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 24.—Grain markets were very quiet with a strictly holiday trade. Bulk of the business was of a local character, and there was very little of that. Lack of support, rather than any great selling pressure, made for a lower range, with wheat closing ¾ cent lower on the deferred deliveries, while corn was off ¾@1¼ cents. Oats were unchanged to 1 cent lower and rye ½@1½ cents lower.

There was an absence of seaboard buying in wheat, and, with prospects that business with Europe would be limited for several days, many of the local professionals were inclined to take the selling side, although in a very limited manner. The general disposition is to go slow until the December is out of the way. In some quarters the belief is expressed that there are sufficient holdings of the December to make it interesting for the shorts in case there are no unexpected developments; but the deliveries of 114,000 bushels today passed around freely and were not stopped until the bell tapped.

Country offerings in the Southwest continue fairly liberal, and would probably increase with any material advance in prices; but, at the present time, the hope of the leading interests is mainly in preventing any further decline rather than trying to advance prices.

Those in a position to know claim that the amount of wheat sold for export from the United States and still unshipped, is far in excess of any estimates made by the trade so far; and, if this view is correct, it would seem to indicate that there is danger of overexporting.

The reported offerings of Argentine wheat to Europe at 6 to 7 cents under what domestic could be laid down for from the Gulf, combined with the cables reporting rains in India, had a depressing effect, although traders on the whole were not inclined to go home short. Were Argentine to start to export heavily, it would undoubtedly have considerable effect on the market, especially on premiums on hard Winter at the Gulf.

No. 2 red on track here sold today at 38 cents over the December, an advance of 3 cents over the previous day's nominal finish, and the best premium on the crop.

No. 4 mixed corn sold in the sample market at 4½ to 5 cents under December, a full delivery discount under the December, and that future led the decline. Cash prices were off 1 cent as compared with the December for the day. Sales of 75,000 bushels were made to the Seaboard for export from Chicago and Milwaukee, but the foreign demand seems to be mainly for small lots.

Primary receipts of wheat for the week aggregated 5,240,000 bushels, compared with 6,156,000 for five days last week and 6,103,000 last year. Shipments were 1,029,000 bushels, against 4,220,000 the previous week and 2,232,000 last year.

Receipts of corn of 4,316,000 bushels compared with 3,324,000 last week and 4,244,000 last year. Shipments were 1,581,000 bushels, against 1,526,000 the previous week and 1,927,000 last year.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	$1.71	$1.69	$1.71	$1.70⅝
March	1.69¾	1.64	1.65¾	1.66⅜
May	1.62¾	1.60½	1.61½	1.62⅝

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	72	69¼	69⅝	70	1.23¼
May	75⅜	74	74⅜	74⅞	1.28
July	75⅜	74¼	74⅜	75½	1.26⅝

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	47⅝	46¾	46½	47⅜	80¼
May	49¾	48	49¼	49⅝	81
July	49	48¼	48½	48¾	74⅜

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	$1.59⅜	$1.58	$1.59	$1.58¾	
May	1.41¾	1.40⅝	1.40⅝	1.41¼	1.77⅜

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Jan.	13.45	12.97	13.00	13.35	23.45
May	13.95	13.40	13.40	13.80	24.30
Ribs—					
Jan.	11.97	11.62	11.62	11.55	18.60
May	12.75	12.25	12.27	12.52	19.30
Pork—					
Jan.	23.40	23.00	23.40	22.85	37.00

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 2,031 packages. Prices steady on the desirable grades of fresh creamery; medium and lower grades slow; large trading in Danish at 51¼@52½c; ladies and packing, no change. Creamery, higher than extras, pound, 50½@57c; extras, 92 score, 56c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 48½@54½c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 43½@47c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 37@42c; lower grades, 32@36c; unsalted, higher than extras, 59½@60c; extras, 58½@59c; firsts, 45@57c; seconds, 38@43c; held or storage, high scoring, 50@51½c; extras, 49@50c; firsts, 40@48c; seconds, 35@38c; lower grades, 29@30c; Danish cacks, fresh, 51@52c; State dairy tubs, finest, 52@54c; good to prime, 44@50c; common to fair, 30@42c; renovated, extras, 40c; ladies, current make, firsts, 27@28c; seconds, 22½@25c; lower grades, 21@22c; packing stock, storage, 22@23c; current make, No. 2, 20@21c; lower grades, 17@19c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 15,241 cases. Prices firmer, at unchanged prices; storage show a firmer tone; no sales heard, at unchanged prices. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 76@78c; extra firsts, 74@75c; firsts, 71@73c; seconds, 65@70c; dirties, No. 1, 33@36c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 24@32c; refrigerator, firsts, 60@61c; seconds, 56@58c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, hennery, whites, extras, 64@65c; extra firsts, 62@63c; firsts, 59@61c; seconds, 56@58c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 60@63c; under grades, 70@78c; pullets, 63@68c; Pacific Coast, white, extras, 84@85c; extra firsts, 82@83c; firsts, 80@81c; under grades, 75@78c; pullets, selected, small out, 75@76c; usual sizes, 65@68c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 70@81c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, hennery, brown, extra, 70@80c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded extras, 76@78c; firsts to extra firsts, 72@75c.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.

Alpha	.10	Divided	.02
Best & Belcher	.15	Extension	.20
Challenge	1.00	Florence	.03
Confidence	1.80	Gold Reef	.04
Con. Virginia	2.60	Harmill	.03
Gould & Curry	.05	Hasbrouck	.02
Hale & Norcross	.18	Kernick	.07
Imperial	.50	Myra	.02
Mexican	.07	Rexet	.03
Ophir	.37	Verdi	.03
Overman	.20	Victory	.04
Seg. Belcher	.10	West	.06
Scorpion	.20	Zone	.20
Sierra Nevada	.09		
Union	.25	GOLDFIELD.	
Utah	.03	Booth	.02
		Consolidated	.06
TONOPAH.		Crackerjack	.04
Belmont	1.25	Jumbo Ext.	.04
Cash Boy	.04	Lone Star	.04
Jim Butler	.15	Silver Pick	.05
Midway	.12	Sweet Home	.05
Montana	.75	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
North Star	.05	Arrowhead	.06
Rescue	.19	Black Mammoth	.05
Tonopah Ext	1.30	Broken Hills	.14
Tonopah, Tid	.03	Bullwhacker	.03
West End	.90	Croesus	.03
West Tonopah	.04	Holly	1.45
DIVIDE.		Round Mountain	.14
Alto	.03	Fairview Mount.	.15
Belcher	.03	Simon	.54
Belcher Ext	.02	Sterling	.03
Brougher	.10	White Caps	.04
Divide Tonopah	1.12	COLORADO SPRINGS.	

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	1¼	1½	Isabella	3½	4
Doctor	1½	2	Mary Mack	3	5
Elkton	1½	2½	Portland	30	37
El Paso	8	10	U. Gold M.	8	10½
Gold Cycle	54	57	Vindicator	12	14
Granite	1	5	Work Mtn.	2½	4½

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 24.—Thirty-seven new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $1,659,000, were chartered today. They include:

46, 12th St. Corp., Manhattan, 100 shares preferred stock, $50 each; 100 common, no par value; active capital, $5,500; F. B. and F. G. and L. M. Repetti, 25 Mount Morris Park West.

Brighton Terrace, Rochester, realty; $500,000; J. E. and A. G. Gleason, W. H. Snow, Rochester.

Posner Bros. & Fisher, Manhattan, women's wear, $30,000; M. and T. Posner, A. P. Fisher, 1,208 54th St., Brooklyn.

Liberman Bros. Crockery Co., Manhattan, $20,000; M. and A. and H. Liberman, 354 Bowery.

Federal Merchants Corp., Manhattan, real estate agency, $20,000; S. and P. Stern, A. Kachenstein, 997 Hopkinson Av., Brooklyn.

Hannaleon Corp., Manhattan, real estate agency, $18,000; L. and M. E. and L. Wall, 607 West 125th St.

Tire Fusing Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; D. Klein, C. Selnik, J. Zito, 2,200 Broadway.

A. Emmerich & Son, Manhattan, silks, $10,000; A. McBossie Jr., W. and A. Emmerich, Woodmere.

Crescent Corset Co., Manhattan, $50,000; G. C. Hoag, G. H. Crocker, A. E. Kretschmer, Forest Hills.

Fashionnes Footwear, Manhattan, $5,000; B. Broad, S. and E. Sachs, 95 W. 119th St.

Great Eastern Hotel Corp., Brooklyn, $100,000; M. Hertz, J. Farry, J. A. Haene, 1,301 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

Knickerbocker Yarn Co., Manhattan, knit yarns and buttons, $100,000; A. E. Onish, S. B. Marcus, L. Stimel, 763 Jennings St., Bronx.

John Allen Machine Corp., Queens, $50,000; A. E. Jansson, H. A. Carr, E. J. Allen, Elmhurst, L. I.

Buddy Dress Co., Manhattan, women's apparel, $50,000; H. Goldberg, W. C. B. Schlesinger, G. F. Hirsch, 68 E. 90th St.

Mooney Realty Corp., Manhattan, $90,000; M. and A. and J. J. and J. Mooney Jr., 307 E. 18th St.

Beacon Hat Co., Manhattan, $5,000; S. I. Aaronsky, K. C. Keenan, H. Hadwerger, 1,298 Clay Av.

Hercules Contracting Co., Manhattan, $50,000; J. A. Russo, G. Atanasio, E. J. Denaro, 7,224 14th Av., Brooklyn.

Julius Fajans Realty Corp., Bronx, $20,000; J. Fajans, A. Ihlefeld, C. Woers, 379 East 139th St.

Regal Finance Corp., Manhattan, brokers in metals, cotton and eatables, $50,000; S. and M. Heischuber, H. Feik, 38 Bond St.

W. T. Harding, Manhattan, grain, sugar and food, $50,000; E. A. Axelli, C. H. Watts, W. T. Harding, 56 Fort Washington Av.

Monahan Auto Repair Co., Manhattan, $10,000; T. Monahan, E. A. Cuny, W. F. Kenny, 559 West 23d St.

Leith Transportation Co., Manhattan, trucking, $10,000; J. N. MacLean, J. P. Levy, L. S. Leith, 26 Cortlandt St.

H. Edelstein, Manhattan, groceries, $20,000; H. Horowitz, A. and H. Edelstein, 602 Oak Terrace, Bronx.

American Multi-Color Corp., Manhattan, printing, $250,000; G. J. Rosen, S. H. Sternberg, M. L. Phillips, Woolworth Building.

Hilsire J. Holder Corp., New Rochelle, mercantile, $25,000; H. J. Holder, G. W. Harstedt, J. Reid Jr., New Rochelle.

J. Horst Steiglder Co., Manhattan, printing, $25,000; H. W. Weir, G. G. Rayne, H. J. H. Strickland, 10 Barclay.

World Silver Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. Schwarz, A. Niersberg, E. Hyman, 949 Falls St.

Morrison & Miller, Plattsburg, realty and insurance, $5,000; T. H. Morrison, C. M. and L. Miller, Plattsburg.

Rosenberg & Co., Manhattan, jewelry and novelties, $50,000; H. Herman, D. Sandman, H. Eilkan, 609 West 186th St.

F. and C. Embroidery Co., Manhattan, $10,000; I. Flum, J. Cohen, S. Kahn, 13 West 31st St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Klett Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $25,000 to $100,000.

Van Patten, Manhattan, $25,000 to $50,000.

Parkiap Construction Corp., Manhattan, $5,000 to $75,000.

Davidson & Schwab, Manhattan, $500,000 to $750,000.

M. Gottesman & Co., Manhattan, $550,000 to $1,000,000.

Metal and Alloy Specialties Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Messer Heater, Manhattan, $10,000 to $25,000.

Trinity Coal Corp., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Continental Radio and Electric Corp., Manhattan, $30,000 to $90,000.

B. Rauh & Co., Manhattan, $514,000 to $1,200,000.

Knoll Real Estate Co., Greenburg, $10,000 to $265,000.

Armstrong, Reth Cady Co., Buffalo, $58,000 to $100,000.

Olympic Amusement Co., Buffalo, $675,000 to $750,000.

REORGANIZATION.

Harris Forbes & Co., Manhattan, carry on business with $2,000,000 and 20 shares common stock, no par value.

DESIGNATIONS.

Locust Aerial Transportation, Del., $1,000,000; rep., M. Witowski, Buffalo.

Goodhand, Smith & John, Del., gloves, 1,500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 2,000 common, no par value; rep., C. G. Goodhand, 315 4th Av.

White Co., Ohio, new rep., W. H. Moore, Long Island City.

REVOCATION.

H. W. Dubiake, Ill.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Glassman, Miller & Co., Manhattan.

185 West 73d Corp., Manhattan.

Bentlee Mfg. Co., Manhattan.

Bosniack Trading Corp., Manhattan.

Export Press, Manhattan.

Chemical Food and Products Corp., Manhattan.

M. Mosson Co., Brooklyn.

John Wagner Co., Albany.

Louis Schworer, Queens.

New Rochelle Plumbing Supply Co., New Rochelle.

Bonestrel Realty Co., Greece, Monroe Co.

Durey Land and Lumber Co., Caroga, Fulton Co.

NAME CHANGES.

N. S. Gates Co., Manhattan, to Gates, Warner, Frankard Co.

Burnet & Keeney, Manhattan, to Burnet Keeney Continental Co.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Dec. 24.—Charters filed:

Barbasol Co., manufacture shaving brushes, &c., creams, $5,500,000; T. L. Cohee, C. B. Cutten, J. L. Mackey, Wilmington.

Oil Seeds Co., manufacture soaps, extracts, $1,000,000; Fred K. Koechwitr, Forest Hills; James Nick, Rose, N. Y.; James F. Hogan, Brooklyn.

Pennsylvania Aero and Auto Service Corp., operate motors, $1,000,000; Samuel George, K. Pakpa, Quarry New York; Ferdinand B. Clark, W. M. Felton, Harrisburg, Pa.

Carr Brothers, Inc., exporters and importers, $600,000; W. F. Cook, L. B. Phillips, Dover.

Willets & Paul Co-operation, land operators, $500,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, St. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Gillespie Steamship Corp., $250,000; George S. Brengle, East Orange, N. J.; Charles F. Quartell, Brooklyn; F. J. R. McEnligart, New York.

W. J. Gregor, opticians, $25,000; B. W. Gregor, N. Leahy, O. O. King, Pittsburgh.

A. J. Shlut, hides and skins, $50,000; Abraham Shlut, Jacob L. Leibowits, Louis Reches, Wilmington.

General Options and Securities Corp., $300,000; F. R. Hansell, E. M. MacFarland, J. Vernon Pimm, Phila.

Gompers Garage, automobile supplies, &c., $6,000; Samuel H. Gompers, J. Harry O'Rourke, Roger O'Donnell, Washington.

CAPITAL INCREASE.

J. S. Young, Phila., $2,500,000 to $5,000,000.

WOULD TAKE OVER RAILROAD

New Company Seeks to Reorganize Chicago & Eastern Illinois.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railway Company, a new Illinois corporation, applied today to the Interstate Commerce Commission for authority to take over the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad Company, now in the hands of a receiver, reorganize it and issue stocks and bonds to the amount of approximately $80,000,000.

The company proposes to issue general mortgage bonds amounting to $32,156,000 to mature in 1961 and bearing interest at 5 per cent., and preferred stock amounting to $24,030,150 and bearing interest at 6 per cent. It also seeks permission to issue $4,285,000 of prior lien bonds at such interest rates as may be determined from time to time, these to be used to refund obligations held by the Government and for purchasing new equipment and making additions and betterments.

The foreclosure sale of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad has been set for Jan. 11, pending the approval of the Interstate Commerce Commission. The bankrupt road had a capitalization of $115,605,000, while the reorganized company plans a capitalization of about $91,000,000.

MEXICAN EAGLE DIVIDEND.

Oil Company Will Pay 54 Per Cent. on Dec. 31.

Joseph Walker & Sons, announce that they are officially informed that the Mexican Eagle Oil Company has declared a dividend of 54 per cent. payable Dec. 31 at the American Exchange National Bank against presentation of coupon no. 15 on the ordinary and coupon no. 22 on the preferred. Of this 54 per cent. dividend, 49 per cent represets the final distribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1920 making the 5 per cent. paid last January and the 6 per cent. last June, a total of 60 per cent. (3 per share for the year.)

The company announced the increase of the authorized capital from 115,000,000 to 160,000,000 pesos and the granting of subscription rights for new shares at par in respect of every two shares now held. These rights expire on Jan. 31, and in order to exercise them coupon no. 16 on the ordinary shares and coupon no. 23 on the preferred shares must be sent to London together with check for 28 shillings per full new share or 14 shillings per half new share.

COMMODITY PRICES DECLINE

Recession in Prices Continues—All Staples Affected—Corn Drops 3½c.

Cash prices in the wholesale markets yesterday, on the holiday eve, showed a continuance of the declines which have coursed through the line of staples in subjoined table. Corn dropped 3½ cents, oats 1 cent per bushel, with wheat and flour unchanged. Coffee dropped ½ of a cent per pound, sugar, butter and eggs unchanged. In the provisions lard receded ¾ of a cent per pound, with pork and beef unchanged.

In the metals iron and steel were unchanged, likewise copper and tin, but lead advanced ¼ of a cent per pound.

Spot cotton recovered 25 cents per hundred pounds, with printcloths unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Friday, a week before and a year ago:

	Dec. 24. 1920.	Dec. 17 1920.	Dec. 24 1919.
FOODSTUFFS:			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.38½	$1.37	$2.30
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.65	.69½	1.61¾
Oats, No. 2 white	.40	.41	.96
Flour, Minn. patent	9.50	9.50	15.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.06½	.06⅝	.15½
Sugar, granulated	.06	.06	.00
Butter, cream, 92 score	.56	.55	.70
Eggs, fresh - gathered firsts, per dozen	.72	.74	.80
Lard, prime	13.90	14.10	22.25
Pork, mess	30.00	30.00	47.00
Beef, family	27.00	28.00	27.00
METALS:			
Iron, No. 2, Phila	$3.00	84.00	41.10
Steel billets, Pitts	43.50	43.50	44.00
Lead	4.75	4.70	7.15
Copper	13.25	13.50	18.75
Tin	37.50	34.00	57.25
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	15.25	16.00	35.25
Printcloths	.05⅝	.05⅝	.14

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	—Highest.—		—Lowest.—	
Wheat	$3.25	Jan. 7	$1.79	Nov. 27
Corn	1.31½	May 15	.64½	Nov. 27
Oats	1.50	May 7	.60	Nov. 23
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	9.00	Dec. 1
Coffee	.16¾	Jan. 11	.06¾	Dec. 22
Sugar	.22	May 12	.06	Dec. 17
Butter	.77	Apr. 24	.51½	Dec. 4
Eggs	.89	Dec. 10	.43½	Mar. 13
Lard	22.50	Jan. 9	13.55	Dec. 20
Pork	47.00	Jan. 2	29.50	Dec. 21
Beef	28.00	Oct. 19	20.00	May 12
Iron	53.51	Aug. 31	33.00	Dec. 23
Steel	65.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 2
Lead	9.50	May 15	4.50	Dec. 21
Tin	65.25	Jan. 11	33.00	Dec. 14
Copper	19.50	Jan. 5	13.25	Dec. 21
Cotton	43.25	July 22	14.50	Dec. 22
Printcloths	.16¾	Apr. 13	.05⅛	Nov. 30

TO SELL STOCK TO WORKERS

Standard Oil of California Shareholders Will Vote on Proposition.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 24.—Stockholders of the Standard Oil Company of California will be asked at a special meeting March 30 to authorize an increased capitalization of $15,000,000, which is to be sold to employes on the installment plan, it was announced today.

The company proposes that for each share subscribed for by an employe the company will pay a bonus, which will be applied to the purchase price. Officials expect a majority of the 10,000 employes will take advantage of the plan.

The par value of the capital stock at the same meeting will be reduced from $100 a share to $25 a share.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Advancing Prices at Paris, Holiday at London.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—Today was a holiday on the Stock Exchange.

PARIS, Dec. 24.—Prices were strong on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 23 centimes higher at 57 francs 35 centimes; 5 per cent., war loan, unchanged at 83 francs 20 centimes.

Exchange on London, 27 centimes higher at 59 francs 95 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 10 francs 95 centimes, against 16 francs 83½ centimes yesterday.

COTTON PRICES RISE IN SLUGGISH MARKET

Day of Evening-Up Operations Ends With 5 to 10 Point Net Gains.

There was very little business moving in the cotton market yesterday. Liverpool was closed and the traders there apparently were entirely concerned with the holiday, for the orders which came over the cables were unusually small. The South, while still doing a nominal business, was much less interested in the market than on ordinary days, and the ring and the commission houses here were confining themselves to evening-up operations.

Wall Street again was a factor, but only because the general market was so dull. The volume of business which came from Wall Street houses was much smaller than on any previous day of the week, but most of it was buying, and this, coupled with the scant supply, forced prices up rather well in the forenoon. There was a decline of 3 to 15 points in the near months and a loss of 5 to 6 points in the late months at the start. This was quickly turned into net gains of 27 to 47 points for all months to July. The options beyond that, probably because of the extreme dullness, were inclined to lag, and on the early bulge October moved up only 22 points.

After this rise prices eased off, partly because of the dullness and partly because of the bearish interpretation of the week-end statistics. There was only nominal pressure against the list, however, and at the close prices showed net gains on the day of 10 points in January down to 5 points in October.

Exports for the week totaled 138,499 bales, of which 24,700 went out yesterday. This was somewhat in excess of the previous week's movement, which amounted to 122,218 bales.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Dec.	14.20	14.92	14.20		14.45
Jan.	14.50	14.96	14.50	14.75@14.80	14.65
March	14.47	14.80	14.47	14.58@14.60	14.50
May	14.70	14.97	14.61	14.87@14.75	14.63
July	14.75	14.90	14.70	14.76@14.79	14.69
Oct.	14.95	15.12	14.95	14.95	14.90

The local market for cotton was quiet, up 25 points to 15.25c for middling uplands; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 14.00c, unchanged; New Orleans 14.00c, un

ALBANY INAUGURAL PLANS MADE PUBLIC

J. J. Lyons, Secretary of State-Elect, Is in Charge of the Ceremonies.

GREAT CROWD IS EXPECTED

800 Syracusans Going by Special Train to Witness Miller's Induction Into Office.

ALBANY, Dec. 24.—With the completion of the many details in connection with the inauguration of Governor-elect Nathan L. Miller in this city on Saturday, Jan. 1, the Secretary of State-elect, John J. Lyons of New York, in full charge of the ceremonies, announces the day's program. While the ceremonies will not differ materially from those in the past, there is every indication that the coming occasion will attract one of the largest crowds that ever gathered here for an inauguration.

Colonel Charles E. Walsh of the Tenth Infantry will be in command of the military parade which will begin the day. The various military units will reach Albany the night before and will be quartered at the State Armory.

Governor-elect Miller and Governor Smith, with their staffs, will review the parade as it passes the Executive Mansion, joining it and being escorted in a short line of march to the State Capitol, where the soldiers will stand at attention as the two Governors enter the building.

The inaugural ceremonies in the Assembly Chamber will begin at 11:15 o'clock, when the retiring Secretary of State, Francis M. Hugo, will introduce John J. Lyons, the new Secretary, who will be in charge from then on. The members of the Assembly, the Senate, the commanding officers of the land and naval forces, the Board of Regents, members of the Court of Appeals and State officers will be escorted by ushers to the Chamber and, recognized by Mr. Lyons, will take their seats. Governor Smith and Governor-elect Miller, with their secretaries and staffs, will be the last to take their seats on the platforms.

Bishop Richard A. Nelson will invoke the divine blessing. Secretary Lyons will introduce Governor Alfred E. Smith, retiring, who will welcome Governor-elect Miller.

Frank H. Hiscock of Syracuse, Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals, will administer the constitutional oath of office to the new Governor. At a signal from the third floor of the Capitol, Battery A will boom forth the news.

Governor Miller will be introduced to the assemblage by Secretary Lyons, a selection by the band will follow, and Governor Miller will deliver his inaugural address. Bishop Edmund F. Gibbons will pronounce the benediction, the audience will stand as the Governor and his staff pass from the Chamber, and the ceremonies of ushering in a new Chief Executive of New York State will be over. A public reception will be held at the Executive Mansion from 4 to 6 P. M.

Three hundred residents of Syracuse, Governor Miller's home town, will come to Albany by special train in order to be present at the inauguration of their fellow-citizen. This train will leave early in the morning and run on a fast schedule in order that there may be no delay in the inauguration.

INSURANCE MAN IS MISSING.

James H. Epworth of Bernhard Agency Last Seen on Monday.

A general alarm has been sent out for James H. Epworth, Secretary of the Bernhard Insurance Agency at 43 Cedar Street, who has been missing since noon on Monday. No financial or other reason is known to account for his absence, and it is feared that he met with foul play, as he had about $2400 with him.

Mr. Epworth was to have attended a conference in his office on Monday morning, but did not appear. Yesterday Thaddeus Livingston of the Bernhard company learned that Mr. Epworth left his home in Montclair, N. J., on Monday morning at 8:30 o'clock, and was seen on the train by Ralph McClintock, a neighbor. About 11:30 o'clock he was seen in a downtown restaurant by Dallin De Witt, a former resident of Nutley, who spoke to Epworth for a moment.

Mr. Epworth lived with his wife and two small children at 22 Cottage Place, Nutley. He was 38 years old, smooth shaven, had black hair ringed with gray, and wore when last seen a green-gray ulster, a brown soft hat and a black suit with pencil stripes. He was about 5 feet 4 inches tall and weighed 145 pounds.

WON'T RESIGN, SAYS SWANN.

District Attorney Denies He Is Seeking General Sessions Bench.

District Attorney Edward Swann issued a statement yesterday denying categorically reports that he would resign his office here before Jan. 1 to accept an appointment to the General Sessions bench. The reports were that Governor Smith would appoint Mr. Swann for the year 1921 to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge Malone.

"I have no knowledge of any such movement," said Mr. Swann; "no one has suggested it to me; I have made no application or request, and have not authorised any one to use my name in connection with the vacancy. I am not a candidate for the appointment. I left the General Sessions bench five years ago for the important office of District Attorney. I have stood twice for that office and been twice elected by the people, and have one year more to serve. The work is enormous and very exacting, but it is of great interest, and although I am greatly in need of rest—it having been impossible for the last five years for the District Attorney to take any vacation, Summer or Winter—I have no intention of leaving the office at this time, in the midst of a crime wave, when the vigorous and speedy prosecution of criminals, big and small, and the imposition of speedy and adequate sentences is so necessary for the people of this county."

Negroes Lynched Preacher of Own Race.

JACKSON, Miss., Dec. 24.—Coleman Brown, negro preacher, lynched at Purvis yesterday, met death at the hands of members of his own race, according to Sheriff Williams, who made an investigation. Brown was suspected of having a hand in the murder of Delia Green, a fourteen-year-old negro girl, who was hanged from a tree with a clothes line.

CRAIG NAMES SMITH DEPUTY CONTROLLER

Ex-Park Commissioner Gets $8,500 Post—Controller To Reorganize His Office.

Controller Charles L. Craig announced yesterday the appointment of Henry Smith of 342 Riverside Drive, as Deputy Controller, an office with a salary of $8,500 a year. During the McClellan Administration Mr. Smith was Park Commissioner of Manhattan and held over under the Gaynor Administration. He will have charge of the legal work connected with the Controller's office.

Simultaneously with the announcement of Mr. Smith's appointment came the news that Controller Craig is planning to reorganize his office. During the next month he hopes to consolidate several bureaus and do away with others in an effort to simplify and co-ordinate work. It is expected that a number of jobs will be eliminated. The fact that the Controller has been allowed by the Municipal Service Commission to fill eight exempt positions will allow him to appoint new men to office.

Among the bureaus that will be overhauled are the Receiver of Taxes, Law and Adjustment, Collector of Assessments and Arrears, Bureau of Audits, Bureau of Municipal Investigation, Bureau of Accounting and Bureau of City Revenue. If a bill the Controller will present to the incoming Legislature, is enacted, he hopes also to reorganize the City Chamberlain's office.

As part of his reorganization plan the Controller intends to have Deputy Smith represent him when he cannot attend Board of Estimate meetings.

New Yorker Gets 5-Year Sentence.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 24.—Albert B. Dwight of New York, arrested here for attempting to defraud a bank, pleaded guilty today before Judge Monaghan and was sentenced to five years in the County Prison. Dwight is deaf and the formalities of his arraignment and plea were conducted in writing. He was arrested Nov. 4, after he had tried to cash a worthless check for $1,000 and had dazzled bellboys with $5 tips.

Xmas Retail Dry Goods Trade Good.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 24.—Marshall Field & Co., in their weekly review of the wholesale dry goods trade, say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods was less in volume than during the corresponding period of last year. Orders from salesmen on the road were less than the same week a year ago. There have been twice as many customers in market, however, and a great number of inquiries on merchandise for January delivery have been received. Retail merchants report an excellent Christmas business. Collections were not up to the standard of a year ago."

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday, for 3 and 4 pap omit. for the best names. Thursday, 5½ to 6 per cent. for the best names. The quotations are for six months' paper.

Quiet in Gray Goods.

The holiday-making spirit was uppermost in the gray goods trade yesterday, to the exclusion of all but a very quiet business. Some few transactions were reported. Thirty-nine-inch 80 squares sold for this month's delivery at the current price of 10½ cents, and there were sales of 38½-inch 64-60s at 9 cents. The 60-48 construction sold at 8¾ cents. All these trades were effected on the basis of delivery this month.

Cutters Are After Silks.

Largely as a result of the demands of the cutters-up, an active business in silks is expected here after the holidays. Especially wanted, judging from recent demands, will be Canton crepes, taffetas, radiums and messalines. Because of the demand for the crepes and the taffetas developing at a time when the mills are closed for the inventory season, available supplies of them are reported scarce. This is true of all colors in the crepes and of browns and blues in the taffetas. An active retail demand in addition would doubtless mean a marked revival in manufacturing after the turn of the year.

Gray Shades Handicapped.

Gray is given a high place among the colors to be favored for the coming Spring, but it is said to be laboring under one handicap, and that is the impossibility of redyeing other shades to get this color. This is considered a point in its favor by those who desire to stimulate the call for fresh merchandise, but it presents an obstacle to the disposal of surplus goods in shades which cannot be reconverted. Until accumulated stocks are sold it is thought that gray will not gain its full support and that other and darker shades will be pressed for sale.

Review of the Coal Trade.

Underproduction and over-demand have both played a part in this year's anthracite coal shortage, Saward's Journal will say today in its annual review of the coal trade in this city. Statistics show that production since April 1 has been 61,000,000 tons, 4,000,000 tons below the average of recent years. This would have created a bad enough shortage if demand had been only normal, but the fact that consumers became alarmed and ordered coal in excess of their requirements made the situation seem worse than it really was. In the bituminous trade the two outstanding features of a very hectic year have been the record high prices of the Summer and the enormous expansion in the export trade.

Must Get Them Upstairs.

Buying during the current holiday season has tended to prove somewhat the assertions made here recently that this city is becoming a main floor proposition no far as store business is concerned. This puts up to executives of the stores the problem of getting their prospective customers upstairs. Several things have been suggested for the purpose, the more likely including the transfer of rest rooms and other service features to higher floors than they now occupy. Even the "raising" of some of the so called impulse goods is advocated in certain quarters, while in others it is asserted that the transfer of such departments as candy and toilet articles would act as the desired magnet.

Were Prices Marked Up?

Although none of the really prominent stores and shops was mentioned in connection with it, it is charged by certain consumers that some retailers made a practice this year of marking their gift goods higher than ordinarily through the greater part of the holiday season. While it is impossible to prove that this was done without access to the retailer's records, in at least one instance a retailer deliberately had new and higher prices written over the old ones on the tickets and labels on his goods. The advances were not large, it appears, ranging only from about 5 to 50 cents on goods picked at random, but they served to turn careful shoppers from prospective customers into "lookers."

Neckwear Lines Ready.

Men's neckwear lines for Spring have been about completed, and salesmen will shortly leave on their trips. From the wholesale standpoint the conclusion of the holiday season marks a turning point in operations, to be followed by a demand approaching normal. Neckwear, so the manufacturers claim, is not an item which was made to carry some of the burden imposed by losses in other departments, because it was one of the first articles to see a readjustment of values. This unfortunate condition restricted the outlet for goods, inasmuch as retail prices did not generally show the reductions taken at wholesale. The retail concessions which will be taken from now on are expected to restore a more favorable business in neckwear.

Buyers to Be Here in Force.

From the preparations being made by local resident buying offices, a large influx of store representatives is counted on after the first of the year. In contrast with past visits, buyers will place orders instead of confining their activities to merely looking around and shopping. While the visit of many will be postponed until an idea is gained of how the January sales are progressing, others have in mind the replenishment of stocks reduced through holiday buying. Wholesale opinion is that there will be a surprise in store for buyers who have not lately been in this city, owing to the much healthier condition which exists in many lines through the disposal of surpluses which formerly cluttered up the market.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The Millinery Chamber of Commerce will hold its third annual meeting at the Hotel Astor on Jan. 14. A luncheon at 12:30 will precede before the meeting, which opens at 2 o'clock.

August Krazeise, with the Carter Dry Goods Company of Louisville, will become general sales manager of the Enterprise Manufacturing Company, women's and children's belts, commencing Jan. 1.

MORE DECLINES IN PRICES.

The Tendency in That Direction Again Shown This Week.

Comparatively quiet conditions prevailed in the wholesale commodity market this week, as usual just prior to a holiday, but price declines largely predominated again, with eighty-seven recessions against fourteen advances appearing in the list compiled by Dun's Review. A better feeling developed in wheat, corn, oats and rye, reflecting liberal foreign purchases, action on farm relief measures and an improved cash demand, while in the live stock division conditions were found in hogs and beef. In sheep, however, there was some easing off in values.

Light demand had a depressing effect on provisions, but this is regarded as a natural tendency during a holiday week. There was a free inquiry for high-grade fresh butter, and limited supplies strengthened quotations on desirable offerings, while cheese was steady. Moderate receipts, moreover, caused pronounced firmness in eggs suitable for the best trade.

The tone of the iron and steel markets continues easy, further price concessions being announced in finished lines, and the situation in the minor metals remains reactionary. Efforts to bring about a stabilization of prices are a feature in the dry goods trade, where additional readjustments have occurred, and the yielding in hides and leather has not halted.

The following table gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on standard commodities selected from those mentioned above. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for this week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com., bbl.	$3.50	$1.00	$4.00
Beans, m., c., 100 lbs.	9.00	9.00	11.75
Butter, St., c. to f., lb.	.50	.53	.53
Cabbage, per bbl.	1.25	1.25	8.00
Cheese, w. m., fcy., lb.	.27½	.27½	.31½
Codfish, G. Bks., 100 lbs.	12.50	13.50	18.00
Coffee, Santos 4s, lb.	.09½	.09½	.24½
Eggs, nearby, f., doz.	.54	.54	.80
Eggs, West., ins.	.53	.53	.67
Onions, bag	.75	.75	3.00
Peas, Scotch, c. 100 lbs.	4.50	4.75	6.25
Potatoes, bbl.	4.00	4.00	5.00
Rice, fancy head, lb.	.06½	.06½	.14
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.18	.18	.34
Tea, Japan, best lb.	.75	.75	.50
Bacon, 14@c down, lb.	.15½	.15¾	.20½
Beef, ltvs, 100 lbs.	7.75	7.25	8.75
Hams, big, in tcs., lb.	.18½	.20½	.25
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.	9.15	8.95	13.40
Sheep, live, Ch., 100 lbs.	7.75	8.50	12.00
Barley, malting, bu.	.87	.96	1.70
Hay, pr. Tim., 100 lbs.	1.85	1.90	1.65
Rye, No. 2, bu.	1.73½	1.73	1.09½
Aluminum, pig, lb.	.34	.22½	.53
Spelter, lb.	.06	.06¼	.09
Brown sheet'gs, yd.	.13½	.14	.29
Cloths, print, 38½-in., 64@60, yd.	.08	.07¾-.08	.20¾
Hides, pack. No. 1, lb.	.19	.19	.38
Hides, cows, hvy, native, lb.	.15	.18	.38
Leather, blk. sole, lb.	.35	.35	.58
Leather, un.bks., r., lb.	.50	.50	.88
Rubber, up-riv., f., lb.	.19	.19½	.47¼
Rubber, Plan., 1st latex cr., lb.	.17¼	.17¼	....
Silk, China, st. fil. 1st, lb.	6.50	6.50	13.80
Silk, Japan, fil. No. 1, Sinshiu, lb.	6.40	6.40	13.30
Sinshiu, lb.	6.50	6.50	13.80

*Nominal.

The common variety of apple showed the largest advance in the foodstuff division with an increase of 50 cents a barrel. The price of fancy apples remained stationary at $6 a barrel. The opposite action took place in butter where the best fancy rose 1½ cents a pound and the common to fair declined 3 cents. Fancy eggs remained at the same price as last week but Westerns saw a reduction of 2 cents a dozen. Pens declined 25 cents a hundred pounds. There was a fractional reduction in the price of bacon, and hams also came down 2½ cents a pound. Live beef and hogs, quoted in Chicago, both saw advances, the former to 50 cents a hundred pounds and the latter 20 cents for the same quantity.

In the grain division, there was a fractional advance in corn, and wheat saw a good rise. Rye went up 6¼ cents a bushel. The only declines were in prime timothy hay which sold off 5 cents a hundred-weight and barley which brought 2 cents a bushel less.

The metal group did not show much change. In the miscellaneous list, brown sheeting experienced a price reaction of half a cent a yard and printcloth constructions were slightly higher. Chicago packing hides continued at last week's price but native cowhides were 3 cents a pound lower. Plantation rubber was quoted fractionally lower.

The Competition Expected.

In the retail competitive battle which all trade factors foresee during the coming month, there are some who believe the small store will be at a disadvantage with its larger competitor, and others who maintain the opposite view. On new replacement costs the large stores, it is explained, will be able to show some startling reductions which will probably influence action in other departments where concessions are not so clearly indicated. The small dealer will not be in a position to meet such tactics, it is argued, since further reductions must be confined to one line. Those who hold that the large store will have no advantage explain that its smaller rival has been able to effect a quicker readjustment, and therefore has the price advantage.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The weather became colder Friday over the eastern half of the country, while there was a reduction to higher temperatures over the Plains States and the Rocky Mountain and plateau region. The outlook is for generally fair weather in the States east of the Mississippi River Saturday and in the Atlantic States Sunday, but the weather will become unsettled from the upper lake region southward to the East Gulf Coast Sunday.

Temperatures will continue considerably below normal over most sections east of the Mississippi Saturday and in the Atlantic States Sunday, while the temperature will rise Sunday in the region of the Great Lakes and the Ohio Valley, Tennessee and the East Gulf States.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Northern New England—Fair Saturday and Sunday; somewhat colder Saturday.

Southern New England—Fair Saturday and Sunday; not much change in temperature.

Eastern New York—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; somewhat colder in northern and central portions Saturday.

Western New York—Fair Saturday and Sunday; not much change in temperature.

Western New York—Cloudy Saturday; Sunday fair; not much change in temperature.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	30	36	4 P. M.	37	35
6 A. M.	37	35	6 P. M.	35	33
9 A. M.	36	35	9 P. M.	32	29
12 Noon	36	37	11 P. M.	32	29

This thermometer is 404 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 36; for the corresponding date last year it was 33; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 33.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 36; at 8 P. M. it was 33. Maximum temperature, 39 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 32 degrees at 10 P. M. Humidity, 82 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 76 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.09 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.

12:20—174 St. and Southern Boulevard; auto; Howard Gritner.....Not given

12:50—613 Broadway; Charles Koch & Co.....Not given

2:10—29 E. 28 St.....Slight

5:00—110 W. 148 St.....Not given

9:20—192 Amsterdam Av.; Irwin Ackman.....Slight

10:10—264 E. 110 St.; Frank Palmuth.....Not given

11:45—42 E. 90 St.; Joseph Greeland..Slight

P. M.

12:10—2,104 2 Av.; Alera Laedina..Not given

12:10—128 Broome St.; Martin Simon.....Not given

12:30—382 W. 46 St.; John A. Schoen..Slight

1:30—210 W. 12 St.; Samuel Schoenfeld.....Slight

1:50—39 W. 26 St.; George Chambers..Slight

1:55—230 W. 36 St.; N. Y. Tel. Co.....Not given

2:15—127 Rutgers St.; J. Felts.....Not given

3:15—12 W. 28 St.; Arai & Co.....Not given

6:15—296 Broome St.; Mog Cotton Co.....Not given

6:50—7-9 W. 18th St.; Dressler & Schneiderman.....Not given

6:50—725 Morris Park Av.....Not given

6:50—421 Broadway; L. & R. Underwear Co.....Not given

6:50—32 W. 24 St.; Schulman & Goldberg.....Not given

7:10—53 Walker St.; J. Abramowitz.....Not given

7:15—315 Canal St.....Not given

7:20—135 W. 62 St.....Not given

7:35—78 W. 83 St.; Benjamin Linnden..Slight

8:40—434 W. 120 St.; Lieber & Campbell.....Not given

8:45—182 St. & Lincoln Av.; D. M. C. scow.....Not given

9:30—484 E. 115th St.; Joseph Cors.....Not given

9:50—1 W. 33 St.; Waldorf-Astoria.....Not given

10:20—282 W. 61 St.....Not given

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Navy Dept.

Neely, 1st. Comdr. A. L., to the Hannibal.

Maxwell, Lt. R. S., to Nav. Train. Sta., San Fran.

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for inspector of carpentry and masonry, Grade 2, will be received until 4 P. M. on Jan. 7. Candidates must be at least 21 years of age. The subjects and weights of the examination will be: Experience 5, technical 3, citizenship 1. A qualifying physical test will be given. There is one vacancy in the Buildings Bureau, Brooklyn, at $1,683 a year.

United States.

Receipt of applications to close Feb. 1 1921. The commission announces an examination for lockmaker, man, age above 20, in the equipment shops of the Post Office Department, at $3.75 per diem, plus increase granted by Congress of $1.04 per diem. Competitors will not be required to report for examination at any place, but will be rated on: Physical ability 40, training and experience 60. Classified employes who have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years are entitled to retirement with an annuity.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook.	Governors Island.	Hell Gate.		THE SUN.	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	Rises.	Sets.
High water	7:00	7:30	7:29	8:03	A. M.	P. M.
Low water	0:53	1:40	1:18	2:09	7:18	4:36

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Colon	Cristobal	Dec. 13
Fort Victoria	Bermuda	Dec. 22
Agwidale	St. Nazaire	Dec. 9
Chivanga	Tampico	Dec. 15
Ida	Philadelphia	Dec. 23
Lake Fletcher	Philadelphia	Dec. 23
Baldrill	Puerto Cortez	Dec. 18
Nevada	Havre	Dec. 11
Occidental	Lobos	Dec. 18
Niagara	Havre	Dec. 15
Auburn	Hamburg	Dec. 11
Gen. Hedges	Colon	Dec. 15
Carrille	Colon	Dec. 16

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Panhandle State	London	Dec. 10
Caracas	Curacao	Dec. 16

DUE TOMORROW.

Tolyan	Avonmouth	Dec. 10
Mar Caribbean	Hamburg	Dec. 10
Calamares	Colon	Dec. 17

DUE MONDAY.

Rochambeau	Havre	Dec. 12
Ocamo	San Juan	Dec. 20
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Dec. 18

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Mount Clay, Hamburg	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Germany, Austria, Hungary.

SAIL MONDAY.

Ft. Victoria, Bermuda	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	
Mopang, Varna	1:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Bulgaria and Rumania.

SAIL TUESDAY.

Nieuw Amsterdam, Rot.	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Holland, Germany, Austria.
Cermania, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Great Britain and Ireland.
Calabria, Patras	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Greece, Italy.
Canopic, Naples	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Italy.
V. Verdi, Naples	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Italy.
St. Patrick, Rio Janeiro	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	South Brazil.
Carrillo, Colon	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Central America, West Indies.
Siberian Prince, Santos	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.	Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Northumberland, Sydney	Dec. 26	12:00 M.	Maine, London	Dec. 29	12:00 M.
Kandaria, Yokohama	Dec. 28	10:00 A.M.	Steel Engineer, Algiers	Dec. 29	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Lisbon Maru	Kobe	Dec. 17
Alaska Maru	Shanghai	Dec.
Arabian Prince	Cape Town	Dec. 20
Trafford Hall	Perim	Dec. 20
Ebro	Talcahuano	Dec. 21
Valacia	London	Dec. 20
Santa Rosa	Buenos Aires	Dec. 23
Adriatic	Southampton	Dec. 24

SAILED.

Steamer.	From	Date.
Minnesotan	Gibraltar	Dec. 23
Australasian	Las Palmas	Dec. 20
Iroquois	Shields	

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 6 P. M. as follows:

Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, French Indochina and Netherlands East Indies (Sumatra), and Philippine Islands via Seattle.....Ixion Dec. 28

Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.....Niagara Jan. 7

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Patten announces that mails of the following dates—Shanghai, Nov. 28; Mukden, Dec. 2; Yokohama, Dec. 6, which arrived per steamer Suwa, were dispatched east from Seattle on Dec. 21 and are due in New York on the morning of Sunday, Dec. 26.

WHITE STAR LINE

Nearby Sailings

OLYMPIC.... 1 P. M. Dec. 29 to Cherbourg and Southampton

NEW YORK—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON

OLYMPIC, 1 P.M. Dec. 29, Mar. 23, Apr. 20 | ADRIATIC, 12 Noon Jan. 19, Feb. 16, Mar. 16

New York—Liverpool

Celtic	12 Noon Jan. 15	Feb. 26 Apr. 2
Vedic (new)	12 Noon Jan. 26	—— ——
Cedric	12 Noon	—— Feb. 5 Mar. 12

New York—Boston—Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa

Canopic	3 P. M. Dec. 28	Mar. 22 May 17
Cretic	3 P. M. Jan. 5	Mar. 8 May 3

AMERICAN LINE

New York—Cherbourg—Southampton (COMMENCING DEC. 31, N. Y., Plymouth and Cherbourg.)

New York—Hamburg Direct Service

Manchuria..12 Noon Jan. 13 Feb. 24 Apr. 7

Mongolia..12 Noon Jan. 27 Mar. 10 Apr. 21

RED STAR LINE

New York—Cherbourg—Southampton—Antwerp (COMMENCING DEC. 31, N. Y., Plymouth, Cherbourg and Antwerp.)

New York—Dover—via Antwerp

Third Class Passengers Only.

Kroonland	12 Noon Dec. 31	Feb. 5 Mar. 12
Lapland	12 Noon Jan. 8	Feb. 12 Mar. 19
Finland	12 Noon Jan. 15	Feb. 19 Mar. 26
Zeeland	12 Noon Jan. 22	Feb. 26 Apr. 2

Gothland, 12 Noon Jan. 12, Feb. 26 Apr. 13

IDEAL WINTER CRUISES

West Indies—Panama Canal—South America

Leaving New York January 22, February 21, March 23, 1921, 9,000 upwards.

WHITE STAR LINE S. S. "MEGANTIC"

20,740 Tons Disp.—Largest Steamer to Tropics

25-26 Days. Specially Selected Ports of Call

Including Barbados—Cuba—Jamaica—Kingston—Port Antonio—Martinique—Panama Canal (Panama City)—Porto Rico—Trinidad—Venezuela—Virgin Islands, etc.

International Mercantile Marine Company

Offices, 9 Broadway, New York. Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, North River.

CUNARD-ANCHOR

Historical places and institutions in Europe—always a source of information and education—may be visited to advantage at the time of the year. Your comfort is assured if you travel on one of our steamers.

Passenger and Freight Services from New York

CARMANIA	Liverpool	Dec. 28 Jan. 29 Feb. 19
CALABRIA	Gibraltar, Naples, Patras, Dubrovnik & Trieste	Dec. 28 —— ——
VAUBAN	Liverpool	Jan. 5 —— ——
CARONIA	Mediterranean Cruise, with Shore Excursions	Jan. 15
COLUMBIA	Londonderry and Glasgow	Jan. 15 Feb. 19 Mar. 26
K. A. VICTORIA	Liverpool	Jan. 15 Feb. 15 ——
PANNONIA	Piraeus, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Jan. 18 —— ——
IMPERATOR	Cherbourg and Southampton	Jan. 20 Feb. 17 ——
SAXONIA	Halifax, Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg	Jan. 22 —— ——
VESTRIS	Liverpool	Jan. 22 —— ——
ITALIA	Vigo, Patras, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Feb. 1 —— ——
AQUITANIA	Cherbourg and Southampton	Feb. 3 Feb. 26 Mar. 22
ALBANIA (New)	Plymouth, Cherbourg and London	Feb. 8 Mar. 15 Apr. 19
SAXONIA	Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg	Mar. 1 Apr. 12 ——
SCYTHIA (New)	Liverpool	Mar. — Apr. 2 Apr. 23
ALGERIA (New)	Londonderry and Glasgow	Mar. 5 Apr. 6 ——
MAURETANIA	Cherbourg and Southampton	Mar. 10 Apr. 7 May 12

List of Later Sailings on Request

The R. M. S. "CARONIA" will sail on January 15th for a seven weeks' round trip to the

MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT AND THE NILE

A most tempting opportunity

CUNARD LINER, CUNARD CUISINE, CUNARD SERVICE

and an itinerary planned with only one aim—that of the passengers enjoyment and comfort.

OFFICES: 21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

MIAMI——HAVANA

DIRECT STEAMSHIP SERVICE

First Sailing December 27th, 1920.

NEW SHORT EXPRESS ROUTE——OVERNIGHT RUN

Palatial Steamer "CITY OF MIAMI," speed eighteen knots, equipped with oil burning machinery and one hundred and two staterooms, including five parlor suites.

SAILINGS

Leave Miami—Monday, Wednesday, Friday.....5:00 P. M.
Arrive Havana—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday.....8:00 A. M.
Leave Havana—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday.....4:00 P. M.
Arrive Miami—Wednesday, Friday, Sunday.....7:00 A. M.

FARES—INCLUDING BERTH

One Way $25.00, war tax $1.00—Round Trip $40.00, war tax $2.00.
Parlor $10.00 extra—Dining Service a la carte.

IMPORTANT

Passengers can procure passports at the company's city ticket office, Hotel Halcyon Building, Miami.

HAVANA AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION,
HOTEL HALCYON BUILDING. PHONE 1345.
MAKE RESERVATION NOW FOR FIRST SAILING.

FRENCH LINE

Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Express Postal Service

NEW YORK—HAVRE—PARIS

LEOPOLDINA	Dec. 28	Feb. 16 ——
ROCHAMBEAU	Jan. 4	Mar. 2 Apr. 13
LA LORRAINE	Jan. 8	Feb. 5 Apr. 2
LA TOURAINE	Jan. 15	Mar. 12 Apr. 13
FRANCE	Jan. 29	Feb. 17 Mar. 17
LA SAVOIE	Jan. 23	Feb. 26 Mar. 26
CHICAGO	Feb. 15	Mar. 19 Apr. 26

NEW YORK—BORDEAUX

CAROLINE.....Dec. 29

HAMBURG DIRECT

NIAGARA.....Jan. 5

COMPANY'S OFFICE, 19 STATE ST., N. Y.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE

NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM

Via Plymouth and Boulogne-Sur-Mer

Sailing of S. S. New Amsterdam postponed to Wednesday, Dec. 29, Noon.

N. AMSTDAM	Noon Dec. 29	Feb. 19 Mar. 26
RYNDAM	Noon Jan. 8	Feb. 12 Mar. 19
ROTTERDAM	Noon Jan. 25	Mar. 1 Apr. 9
NOORDAM	Noon Apr. 2	May 7 ——

General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

Clark's 17th Annual Cruise to the

MEDITERRANEAN AND EUROPE

will start Feb. 4, 1922, by specially chartered large ocean liner, 70 DAYS, first class at a slight advance over former popular prices, including shore trips, hotels, guides, drives, etc. Programs ready and booking open May 1st. Tours to Europe May, June, July, 1921.

FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

U.S. MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY Inc.

100% American 100% Service

NEW YORK to QUEENSTOWN (Westbound) —BOULOGNE—LONDON

First Class Only

Luxurious new 16 Knot Ships

	Sailings:	
PANHANDLE STATE:	Jan. 1	Feb. 5
OLD NORTH STATE:	Jan. 15	Feb. 19

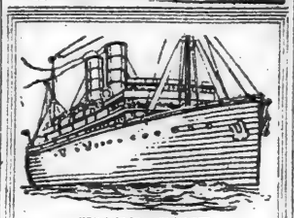
NEW YORK TO BREMEN AND DANZIG DIRECT

S.S. SUSQUEHANNA

Cabin and Third Class Only.
Sailing Dec. 30—Feb. 10.

Passenger Dept., 42 Broadway, N.Y. Phone 1200 Whitehall

Freight Dept., 120 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 8300 Rector.



WARD LINE

Direct weekly service from New York to

HAVANA

AND POINTS IN CUBA

MEXICO

VERA CRUZ TAMPICO

Regular sailings to Nassau.

For information address

New York and Cuba Mail S. S. Co.

Foot of Wall Street, New York

RESORTS

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL & COTTAGES
on the Beach. Cap. 600
CONVENIENT TO ALL AMUSEMENTS
Sea Baths. DIET KITCHEN. Orchestra
Family Patronage Invited
C. L. HANSTEIN, President
LYMAN LYNHAM, Manager

HOTEL CHELSEA

Occupying entire block of ocean front in the fashionable Chelsea section.

800 bed chambers with private baths (fresh and sea water). High-class orchestra, cafe, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet. Open all year. J. R. THOMPSON & CO.

The Breakers

OCEAN FRONT FIREPROOF

AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS

NEW ENGLAND.

Pickwick Arms

FRENCH CUISINE

HOTEL and RESTAURANT

GREENWICH, CONN.

NOW OPEN

Just completed. Fireproof construction. Finest appointments. Located on Boston Post Road in the heart of Greenwich, one hour from New York. Daily concert during dinner.

EUROPEAN PLAN

For Reservations apply to F. V. Heim, formerly managing director PICCADILLY HOTEL, LONDON.

Patrons are requested to make early reservations for New Year's Eve.

SOUTHERN STATES.

Hotel Bon Air AUGUSTA GA

Delightful for a Winter Vacation

OPEN DECEMBER 15th

Two full 18-hole courses—in splendid condition

C. G. TRUSSELL, Manager

GOLF AT ST. AUGUSTINE

HOTEL ALCAZAR

New Open

PONCE DE LEON

Opens January 4th

FLORIDA'S IDEAL WINTER CLIMATE

BUSINESS RECORDS

Failures of the Week.

BRADSTREET'S reports 337 failures in the United States for the week, against 414 for the previous week and 77, 100, 187,

3 HELD FOR FIGHT IN CLOTHING STRIKE

Magistrate Fixes Bail at $10,000 for Men Accused of Attacking Striking Presser.

INQUIRY ASKED BY UNION

Manufacturers Assert Their Right to Guard Their Workers and Property—Picket Demonstration Planned.

Three men accused of carrying concealed weapons and felonious assault during a fight between union and non-union clothing workers in West Nineteenth Street on Thursday were held in $10,000 bail each for trial yesterday by Magistrate Charles E. Simms in Tombs Court. Those held were Charles Troisi, chauffeur, of 282 Mott Street; Michael Ostuni, presser, of 278 Mott Street, and Anthony Mignol, bootblack, of 384 Mott Street. Dominick Balsano and Thomas Capasso were discharged. Frank Colarusso, a striking presser, charged that the five men attacked him.

The Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America in a statement yesterday said that the District Attorney would "probe the charges that these men were hired by an agency under contract with the Clothing Manufacturers' Association." It was added that the District Attorney's office, at the solicitation of the union, was also investigating assaults on pickets by hired guards.

In an open letter to the public Sidney Hillman, General President, and Benjamin Schlossberg, Secretary of the Amalgamated, said:

"The New York clothing manufacturers are producing trouble at the present time, but not clothes. They do not want to produce clothes. They do want to produce chaos. They aim to destroy the workers' union; that is our affair, or so the public may regard it. What is certainly the people's affair is the supply and price of clothing.

"By instituting a lockout in New York, by trying to extend that lockout to other markets, the manufacturers aim to create a shortage, unload stocks at a high figure, maintain profiteering and, if possible, unload the blame on labor."

The Clothing Manufacturers' Association issued a statement that Harry A. Gordon, counsel for the association, had spent Wednesday in Rochester in an unofficial capacity and not for the purpose making a co-operative agreement between the two markets. The manufacturers also declared it was their right to guard their workers and property against violence.

The union in turn announced on Monday morning that the first of a series of mass picketing demonstrations would begin in the clothing manufacturing district. According to the program the pickets will meet in their halls at 6 A. M. and march to the "lockout" factories on Broadway and nearby streets.

CHANGE DRUG REGULATIONS.

Use of Unofficial Prescription Blanks for Narcotics is Barred.

Introduction of two radical changes in regulations of the State Department of Narcotic Drug Control, to uncover "a great deal of illicit use of drugs by those doctors who are commercializing the drug evil for their own financial benefit," was announced here yesterday by Commissioner Walter R. Herrick.

"Of all the handicaps which the department has experienced in the control of the drug evil, the abuse of the unofficial prescription blank stands second only to that of the smuggling and peddling of habit-forming drugs," he said.

The first change does away with use by doctors of this "unofficial prescription blank" for administering or dispensing of opium, cocaine or their derivatives. The second compels the doctor prescribing the drugs to ascertain the last previous physician of an addict, and the date and amount of the narcotic administered.

"The greatest abuse of the use of the unofficial blank," said the Commissioner, "is by the doctors who prescribe drugs for drug addicts on such blanks and conceal the real reason for so doing by inscribing on the blank that it is for some disease other than drug addiction. In this way they are able to pamper to the taste of the addict unhampered and without restriction."

WANTS FARM LOANS TAXED.

Houston Contends Joint Stock Land Banks Are Private Enterprises.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Withdrawal of the tax exemption privilege from farm loan bonds issued in the future by joint stock land banks has been recommended to Congress by Secretary Houston on the ground that these banks are organizations of private capital for commercial purposes in which the profits accrue to the benefit of investing stockholders.

Tax exemptions in the case of joint stock land banks were declared by the Secretary to amount to a gift at the expense of the Government and taxpayers generally. The privilege, he said, should not be continued with respect to the private mortgage companies, organized for private profit. This is emphasized, the Secretary asserted, in this period of high taxes, when the Government has established the policy of subjecting its own securities to partial taxation, and when the Treasury cannot afford to dispense with any of the receipts which otherwise would accrue on account of taxes.

COAL EVIDENCE TO PALMER.

Department of Justice Going Over Testimony Taken by Calder.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Evidence on coal profiteering taken by the special Senate committee headed by Senator Calder has been turned over to the Department of Justice and is now in the hands of A. W. Riley, special assistant to the Attorney General. It is said that if Mr. Riley finds any testimony which gives grounds for prosecution the matter will be placed before Frank K. Nebeker, assistant to Attorney General Palmer, who will then institute proceedings.

It is not expected, however, that the Department of Justice will make any announcement until the Calder committee has completed its hearings.

Prosecutions of alleged coal profiteers in five coal-producing States have been seriously interfered with by decisions holding the Lever act unconstitutional, it was stated at the department today. Court proceedings have been hampered in Indiana, Colorado, Kentucky, Pennsylvania and Missouri, it was alleged.

BAR DEARER GAS IN CHICAGO

Increase From $1.15 to $1.40 Denied—Valuation Figures Cut.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 24.—A decision of big importance to the people of Chicago was rendered today by the Public Utilities Commission when it denied the petition of the Peoples Gas Light and Coke Company for an increase in rates from $1.15 a thousand cubic feet of gas to $1.40.

The company asked for new rates on the basis of a valuation of $144,000,000. This figure was denied by the commission, the value being placed at $85,000,000 as a basis on which the petition was denied.

The present rate of 60 cents for the first 400 feet, $1.15 for each additional thousand feet up to 50,000 and $1 for each thousand feet thereafter will remain in effect by the order of the commission. Fifty thousand cubic feet is never used in one month by a private consumer, engineers say. A straight rate of $1.40 a thousand cubic feet is not a fair rate, the commission maintains.

DENIES BLAME FOR RETURN OF CARGO

Acme Company's Head Says Goods on the Pognan Could Not Be Delivered in Havana.

According to B. L. Stafford, President of the Acme Operating Company of 11 Broadway, the shippers of the goods on the steamship Poznan which were brought back from Havana because of the strike and other conditions were wrong in placing the blame on the charterers.

"We did everything possible to deliver the goods in Havana," Mr. Stafford said, "but it was impossible. The Poznan waited in the harbor of Havana for forty-seven days and then returned to New York, which, in the opinion of the captain, was the safest place to land the goods, where they could be protected from the weather.

"The Acme corporation resents the insinuation which appeared in articles in the newspapers that American shippers should be protected against uninvestigated steamship companies. During the last three years the Acme's business has totaled over $6,000,000, and the company is now operating eight steamships and is doing a business of over $2,000,000 a year."

LATEST DEALINGS IN THE REALTY FIELD

Investor Buys Revere Hall, on Morningside Heights, Valued at $230,000.

$1,500,000 BROADWAY LEASE

Six-Story Building at 31 and 33 Broadway Taken Over by Rumanian Banking Concern.

Mrs. Eugenia E. Simpson sold to an investing client of Butler & Baldwin Revere Hall at 623 West 114th Street. The property consists of a six-story elevator house on plot 75 by 100 and contains four apartments on a floor. The rent roll is more than $40,000 per annum, and the property was held at $230,000.

Ryan & Co. sold for a client of William T. Van Alstyne to the Midlon Realty Company the two five-story single flats, on plot 37 by 98, at 610 and 612 West 138th Street, adjoining the corner.

Horace S. Ely & Co. sold for the Nivisar Realty Company the five-story tenement at 2,049 Second Avenue, 25 by 100 feet, and for the same company brokers resold the property for the Midlon Realty Company to William F. Mulcahy and Alma Bertsch. It was held at $35,000.

The Market Street Realty Company bought from Charles M. Marks, as executor, the two five-story flats, 50 by 100.5 at 433 and 435 West Fifty-second Street and the abutting similar houses, 50 by 100.5, at 426 and 428 West Fifty-third Street.

$1,500,000 Lower Broadway Lease.

The six-story building now in course of construction at 31 and 33 Broadway has been subleased by Poor's Publishing Company to Bank Marmorosch-Blank & Co., a Rumanian banking concern.

The lease, which was negotiated by William Cruikshank's Sons and Tannenbaum, Straus & Co., is for a term of twenty years at an aggregate rental of $1,500,000. The structure occupies a plot fronting 41.7 feet on Broadway and having a depth of 113.6 by irregular. The Mumm estate owns the property and leased it to Poor's Publishing Company.

Tenement Investments.

The H. M. Weill Company sold for Edward Dryer two old tenements at 237 and 239 West Thirty-seventh Street, on a plot 50 by 100 feet. The buyer plans to erect a new building on the plot

TO LET FOR BUSINESS. TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Stores, Floors and Offices

620-8 Madison Ave.
S. W. Corner 59th St.
Stores and Offices

The Stores are especially well suited for any high class Wearing Apparel, Ladies' Furnishings, Haberdasher, etc.

The Offices are ideal for Brokers, Builders, Engineers, Architects.

Possession February 1921

"Griffon" Building
151-3 W. 19th St.
46.7 x 90
Third Floor.

27-33 W. 20th St.
100 x 92
Several Floors.

13-15 E. 22nd St.
54 x 98.9
7th Floor
Also smaller units.

28-30 W. 23rd St.
thru to
9-19 W. 22nd St.
Several Floors.
21,000 sq. ft. each.
Immediate possession of 21,000 sq. ft.
Balance February 1921
Exceptional Light

115-17 E. 23rd St.
28 x 98.9
Store and Basement.

22-4 W. 27th St.
50 x 98.9
9th Floor

34-8 W. 27th St.
68.6 x 98.9
9th Floor. Immediate Poss.

Hess Building
4th Ave. N.W. Cor. 26th St.
100 x 200
4th Floor
Also smaller units

329 Fourth Ave.
40x83
4th and 8th Floors
Also Offices

821-3 Broadway
N. W. Cor. 12th St.
49 x 87 x irreg.
10th and 11th Floors

134-40 W. 29th St.
100 x 98.9
Store and Basement.
Possession February 1921
Sixth Floor.
Possession January 1st, 1921
Also smaller units.

127 W. 30th St.
25 x 60
Store and Basement.
Immediate Possession

131 W. 30th St.
25x60
Store and Basement.
Immediate Possession

19-21 W. 31st St.
Life Building
Several Stores.
Possession January 1921

12-14 W. 32nd St.
34 x 98.9
7th Floor.
No Manufacturing.

907 Broadway — HESS INC — Stuyvesant 4200

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
NO. 319 WEST 74TH ST.
5-Story American Basement Dwelling.
Immediate possession. Key at premises. For particulars apply to
CLARK T. CHAMBERS
32 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 7620

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

PENN TERMINAL BUILDING
7th Ave., 30th to 31st St.
NEW
17 Story Fireproof Building
ADJOINING
PENNSYLVANIA STATION & HOTEL
NEAR MAIN POST OFFICE

ENTIRE
FLOORS
260,000 SQ. FT.
OFFICES
600 SQ. FT. UPWARD.
STORES
SUBDIVIDED TO SUIT.

FOR EXECUTIVE OFFICES OR SALESROOMS
NO MANUFACTURING
Occupancy Jan. 1, 1921
REGENT REALTY CO.
32 W. 42D ST. TEL. 5596 VANDERBILT
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

153 West 15th Street
LOFT
8,000 feet, one floor, $6,500. Exceptionally light, 2 electric elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Inquire on premises or Greenstein, 206 West 29th Street. Watkins 9316.

BEAUTIFUL STORES
For rent, through which several hundred people will pass daily. Rent reasonable. Four and a half years' lease.
HOTEL ALGONQUIN ANNEX,
APPLY C. D. STEELE,
59 WEST 44TH STREET.

GARAGE FOR SALE OR LEASE
18,000 sq. ft., ready for occupancy, located on Georgia Av., near Atlantic Av., Brooklyn. Equipped for CONSTRUCTION CORP., 44 Court St., Tel. Main 8276.

Brooklyn.

4 LOFTS TO LET
4,000 square feet each, fireproof building, located between Manhattan and Brooklyn Bridges; available January 1, 1921; near Jay Street Terminal.
J. F. CAVANAGH,
137 Remsen Street, Brooklyn. Main 6341.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

Now Ready
ELEVATOR APARTMENT
812 Riverside Drive
NEAR 158TH STREET.
Large Rooms. Finest Construction. Wonderful Outlook.
Only a Few Suites Left.
3-4-5-6 ROOMS
NORMAN DENZER
3007 Broadway, at 159th St.
Representative on premises.

Harperley Hall
1 WEST 64TH STREET
UNFURNISHED
7 Rooms and 3 Baths; Housekeeping
2-4 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette
ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
2, 3 and 4 Rooms, with Kitchenette
Reservations in all apartments
TELEPHONE "COLUMBUS 3500"

600 WEST 161st St.
6 ROOMS AND FOYER
2 BATHS, FIREPROOF
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920
INQUIRE MELROSE 7862.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS
3 and 5-Room Complete Apartments. Beautiful water views; 5 minutes to Wall St. G. GIRARD, 215 Montague St.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Does the lease of your apartment expire soon?
If so—Investigate
Jackson Heights
4, 5 and 6 Rooms
New Garden Apartments
Unusual neighborhood advantages
On Co-operative Plan;
Moderate Price—Liberal Terms
Social and Business References Required.
THE
Queensboro Corporation
50 E. 42d ST., MANHATTAN
Corner Madison Avenue
Send for Views and Details

MORTGAGE LOANS.

SUMS $10,000, $15,000, $25,000, $100,000 for first mortgage Manhattan, Bronx. Oppenheimer, 540 Bergen Av., corner 149th St.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

READY TO MOVE IN.

Two of the most complete new Colonial houses with garages in the finest location of Westchester County, seven minutes to station (Harlem Division); steam heat, gas, electric light, thermostatic hot water supply; each house has two tiled bathrooms with showers and one extra toilet in basement; plot 90x105; prices, $20,000 and $22,000; will take as low as $2,000 cash, balance above mortgage like rent, at buyer's convenience, or will rent on long lease for $150 per month net. G. R. Schulze, Mohegan Heights, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

SALE OR RENT—New, up-to-date dwelling, 7 rooms, 2 tiled baths, open fireplace, sleeping porch; large enclosed sun parlor, perfect appointments, all improvements; large plot; high-class surroundings; about 30 minutes out; splendid transit, near station and schools; immediate possession; $150 per month. John A. Baldwin, 27 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

FOR RENT, JAN. 1-MAY 1, 1921.
Attractively furnished apartment; 2 minutes' walk to station; $165 per month.
BURKE STONE, INC. Bronxville 1480.

SCARSDALE—House, 8 rooms, completely furnished; lease $150 month; sale $16,500; easy terms; garage. Tel. Scarsdale 628.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

SALE OR RENT—Comfortable, year-round bungalow in residential suburb, 50 minutes from New York; 6 rooms, bath, open fireplace, all improvements; near station, schools, stores; immediate possession; $65 monthly. John A. Baldwin, 27 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

MAPLEWOOD, N. J.—Six new Colonial residences, brick and frame, seven to ten rooms, one and two baths; all improvements; splendid location; price $16,000 to $21,000. Inquire your agent, or Stein & Debie, Builders, 237 South St., Newark, N. J. Telephone Market 1504.

FOR SALE, new Colonial house at Fanwood, N. J.; 7 rooms; all modern impts.; steam heat, gas and electric; owner leaving town; price $7,500; only $3,000 cash; easy commutation to Newark or New York. P. O. Box 869, Albany, N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

15TH ST., 102 EAST (Union Square), Hotel Laclede—Two-room suite with bath; $21 week; hotel service.

18TH, 515 WEST—8-room modern elevator apartment to sublet.

39TH (Corner Lexington Av., 183)—Apartment hotel exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH ST., 25 EAST—Handsomely furnished apartment, 11th floor; 4 master's bedrooms; long or short lease. Matthews.

49TH, 19 EAST—Nice and attractive two rooms, furnished; kitchenette and bath.

55TH ST., 35 EAST—Furnished three rooms, bath; elevator, telephone; newly decorated; quietness.

93D ST. (corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; $45 per room, bath, up. Hotel Ashton.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON, Madison Av., southwest corner 93d St.—Newly decorated apartment, 1 room and bath, $45 up; 2 rooms, bath, $100 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

BACHELOR seeks one or two gentlemen to share his apartment, located in Fordham; reasonable terms. Hoffman, Fordham 3288.

GRAMERCY PARK SOUTH, 26 (Hotel Irving)—Two rooms and bath, facing beautiful Gramercy Park; all hotel service; table excellent; reasonable rates. Phone Gramercy 6284.

Furnished—West Side.

11TH (just off 5th Av., Hotel Van Rensselaer)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service. Stuy. 1410.

42D, 222 WEST—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedrooms and bath, $30 to $50 weekly; full hotel service.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, showers, hall kitchenettes; unquestionable applicants; highest references essential; $65-$125 up monthly. Longacre 3560.

45TH ST., 187 WEST—Beautifully furnished with piano, 2 room, private bath, apartment, complete hotel service, by week or month. J. H. Kenny, Bryant 574.

47TH, 135 WEST—To sublet, two rooms, bath; special rates for the balance of season. Mr. Sanborn, Hotel Flanders.

48TH ST., 51 WEST—Beautifully furnished 2-room apartment and bath; all improvements; $150 monthly. Apply Superintendent.

50TH ST., 8 WEST—Gentleman tired of hotel or club life may find desirable modern apartment of 2 rooms and bath; service; meals if desired; references.

51ST, 34 WEST, NEAR FIFTH AV.
Exquisite kitchenette apartment, equipped for housekeeping; large parlor with big bay window; overlooking garden, southern exposure; big log fireplace; grand piano, mirrors, floor lamps; all done by decorator in ivory and gold; nice bedroom with south and east windows; sun streams in upon big four-poster bedroom set; tiled bath, sunken tub, kitchenette, with range big enough to roast a turkey; maid service available. Telephone Circle 4248. Mrs. Prescott's apartment. Seen all day.

51ST, 16 WEST—Furnished or unfurnished two-room apartment, kitchenette, bath; reasonable. Lopin.

52D ST., 222 WEST, COR. BROADWAY.
High-class elevator apartments, newly furnished; full hotel service.
ONE ROOM AND BATH, $90 UP.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $140 UP.
REFERENCES REQUIRED.

54TH ST. (At Broadway)—Hotel Albemarle; parlor, bedroom and bath; reasonable rates.

55TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.—THE REGAL, M. E. BELL, MANAGER. APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED, MAID AND VALET SERVICE, 2 ROOMS AND BATH; $175; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

57TH, 63 WEST—Two rooms, bath, pantry, especially desirable for bachelor. Kent.

57TH, 208 WEST
HOTEL THORNDYKE)—VERY ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH ST., 340 WEST.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND VALET SERVICE; TWO AND THREE ROOMS AND BATH; $25 WEEKLY AND UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

57TH, WEST—Two-room apartment; tile bath, kitchenette, $135. Schuyler 5809 appointment.

61ST, 10 WEST (The Pasadena, Corner Broadway, Near Elevated and Subway)—Newly decorated two, three, four rooms, bath, light, linen, maid service included; rate, $35-$55 weekly; $5, $10, $15 daily; restaurant in building. Columbus 4400.

61ST ST.—8-room apartment for sale; rent $1,200 per year. Apply Wm. A. Taylor, Inc., 205 Columbus Av.

67TH, 3 WEST (Harperley Hall)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, attractively furnished; overlooking Central Park; rental $300 per month to April 1.

67TH, 245 WEST (The New West End)—Two-three room apartments, bath, kitchenette; $95-$150; references required.

70TH, 127 WEST—Second floor, will sublet Jan. 1; handsomely furnished apartment; large living room, grand piano, bedroom, bath, shower, kitchenette; two large closets; $200 monthly. Apply L. J. Phillips, 148 West 72d St.

70TH, 127 WEST—2 homelike rooms, bath, kitchenette; telephone, southern exposure. Singer.

74TH ST., 100 WEST—2-room apartment; accommodate 3; piano; $150 month. Moran.

77TH ST., 338 WEST (Corner Riverside Drive)—One, two and three large room apartments, with bath; beautifully furnished and maid service. Apply Superintendent.

86TH ST. (near Drive)—2 rooms, kitchenette and bath, piano, front apartment; rent $150 a month. Apply Fredk Vittei & Sons, B'way and 70th St. Tel. 9700 Schuyler.

88TH, 308 WEST—Charming, exclusive two rooms, bath, kitchen, $175-$200. Superintendent.

86TH ST., 332 WEST (Near Drive)—Beautifully furnished apartments, two rooms, bath, complete kitchenette, $150 and $200; desirable. Lewis.

94TH, 2 WEST (Corner Central Park West)—Christian family offer bright, comfortably furnished front suite, living room, bedroom (twin beds) and bath, to select, 2 gentlemen or business couple. Apt. 5 North. Jordan. Phone for appointment, Riverside 1162.

97TH (West End Av., 762)—Unusual luxuriously furnished four rooms, kitchen, piano, city's best location, sublet, suitable professional. Stevenson.

109TH, 107 WEST—2 and 3 rooms; high-class; $75 up; weekly rates during holidays. Telephone Academy 1611.

110TH, 509 WEST — SUMPTUOUS HOME; SIX BEAUTIFUL ROOMS; EVERYTHING NEW; FRONT; SOUTH; $350. 3B.

113TH ST., 330 WEST—5 rooms, complete housekeeping apartment; 3 windows facing south; exceptionally spacious rooms; refined elegance displayed in furnishings; most unusual home; 9 months' lease; 2-room light housekeeping apartment to sublease until September. Phone Resident Manager, Cathedral 7380.

115TH, 820 WEST (Riverside)—Immaculate two rooms, bath, kitchenette, reasonable. Apartment 6.

115TH, 315 WEST—3 light rooms, bath; elevator apartment; block "L." Supt.

117TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE 1-2 ROOM APARTMENTS, WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

119TH, 435 WEST (Opposite Columbia)—Two rooms, kitchenette, 10th floor; immediate. 10C.

124TH, 510 WEST—Front elevator apartment, five, six rooms, southern, eastern exposure; lease. Weber.

HOTEL ANDERSON,
102 WEST 80TH ST.,
1 AND 2 ROOMS AND BATH.
DOCTOR'S APARTMENTS.
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
RESTAURANT AMERICAN AND A LA CARTE.

AN elegant and completely equipped apartment, between 70th and 86th Sts., on West End Av., 2 minutes' walk from subway; 3 large rooms, 2 baths; southern exposure; can be seen by appointment. C 413 Times.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY. Exclusive listings. Consult Mrs. DINGLEMAN, renting specialist, 129 W. 72d. Col. 830.

AVAILABLE NOW.
Two to six room, kitchen and kitchenette apartments; elevator, non-elevator; rates $50 up; references essential. Offices (open Sunday), 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

BROADWAY, 2,788 (107 and 108th Sts.)—Elegantly furnished, new and decorated two rooms; kitchenette, bath; everything for housekeeping; elevator; electricity; $100. Lawrence.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
B. K. Van Winkle, 352 West 72d. Col. 1077.

CITY REAL ESTATE

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

GUARANTEED POSSESSION.
Eleven-room house on West 11th St., steam heat, bath, 2 toilets; Winter's coal in cellar; corner property.
WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC.,
72 Greenwich Av. Watkins 7484.

EAST 61ST—Four-story 17-ft. dwelling; bargain; $21,500. Owner, Murray Hill 4639.

51ST, EAST—Twelve rooms, 2 baths; latest improvements; 3 families. Plaza 4287.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

BEAUTIFUL 2-family brick house; all modern improvements; just completed; refined residential section; one block from Fordham Road station, Jerome Av. subway and terms reasonable; builder on premises, 2,491 Davidson Av., or telephone Cortlandt 1900.

NEW ONE-FAMILY STUCCO
with garage; price right; terms reasonable. 2,811-2,825 Sedwick Av., north of Kingsbridge Road.
BUILDER ON PREMISES.
Telephone Kingsbridge 1032.

ONE-FAMILY dwelling, 7 rooms, bath; painted, decorated; vacant; 1,551 Boscobel Av., West Bronx; 2 short blocks Jerome Av. subway station, 167th St.; price $6,700; reasonable terms. Owner, on premises.

ACT QUICK—Beautiful brick 2-family; steam heat, hot water, electric light; all outside rooms; cash necessary $4,000; balance installment mortgage. Wallace, 2,699 Valentine Av., above 180th.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

FLATBUSH (near Brighton Broadway subway station and Prospect Park)—New, up-to-date detached brick and stucco bungalow, 8 rooms, 2 tiled baths, tiled kitchen, sun parlor, breakfast room, 2 sleeping porches, all the latest improvements; tiled roof; double garage to match; must be sold; price $23,000; reduced from $40,000. Apply at 305 Church Av. Phone 2246 Flatbush or 2499 Flatbush evenings.

FLATBUSH (near Prospect Park)—2-family detached frame, 15 rooms and 2 baths, separate entrances; steam plants and porches; double garage; large lot; possession of both parts; price $16,000; owner leaving city. Apply 305 Church Av. Phone 2246 Flatbush or 2499 Flatbush.

NO CASH.
New six or seven room stucco Flatbush house, with garage; may be bought no cash down; only requirement is monthly payment equal to fair rental; will decorate to suit. WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC.,
72 Greenwich Av., N. Y. C. Watkins 7484.

HAVE new semi-detached house and garage; $150 month buys ft. Garcia, 2,062 75th St., Brooklyn.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

$75 MONTHLY as rents includes all expenses, buys 6-room cottage in Richmond Hill; small security; 10,426 109th St. Take Fulton St. "L" from Brooklyn Bridge to Greenwood Av. station; use Napier Av. stairs. Tel. Richmond Hill 3472.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 461—5 rooms; high-class elevator building; immediate possession; $175. Apply on premises, or Chas. S. Kohler, 1,428 St. Nicholas Av.

GENTLEMAN wishes to share furnished apartment with other gentleman; references. Call after 7, Malson, 315 West 56th.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT, SEASON OR LONGER.
LAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 87TH—Young woman teacher share her handsome two-room apartment with congenial young lady. Schuyler 3032.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468 (Cor. 110th St.)—Eight rooms, 2 baths, extra lavatory; completely furnished. Tel. Morningside 9245.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550—Handsomely furnished five rooms, two bedrooms; immediate. Morningside 620.

TWO ROOMS and bath; southern exposure; rent reasonable. Apartment 411, Hotel Berkley, 44th St. and Amsterdam Av.

Unfurnished—East Side.

27TH, 39-43 EAST (Between Madison and 4th Avs.)—High class apartments, 3-4-7 rooms; possession; agent on premises.

60TH, 32 EAST (adjoining Hotel Martha Washington)—Beautiful, newly decorated apartments, high ceilings, splendid light; also two stores to rent. Apply to Manager Martha Washington Hotel.

62D ST., 141 EAST—8 rooms, corner apartment; $1,800. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

EXCLUSIVE MURRAY HILL.
36TH ST., 103 EAST.
BUNGALOW ON ROOF, FIVE ROOMS AND TWO BATHS; PRIVATE ROOF GARDEN; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; $3,000; OPEN FIREPLACE; UNUSUAL APARTMENT.

Unfurnished—West Side.

10TH ST., 60-62 WEST—Four rooms and bath; elevator. Apply premises.

15TH ST., 158 WEST—Three rooms and bath; modern in every respect; $75. Apply Superintendent.

16TH, 144 WEST—Large living room, bedroom, bath, utility closet; new, modern, unusually comfortable; rents reasonable; immediate possession.

16TH, 5 WEST—One and two room apartments; all improvements; skylights.

31ST ST., 19-21 WEST—Strictly high-class fireproof apartments of two rooms and bath; maid service optional; desirable tenants; rental $1,500 and $1,800.

52D ST., 58 WEST—Attractive two-room and bath apartments; electric lights, hardwood floors, hot water heat and supply; ample closet room. Jas. A. Dowd, 874 6th Av. Circle 32.

57TH ST., 140 WEST—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette, maid service; will redecorate; possession at once; $1,800 per year. Payson Mc. Merrill, 9 East 44th. Murray Hill 8300.

58TH, 158 W.—Attractive 7-room apartment; high-class building. Apply Superintendent.

66TH ST., 106 WEST.
2 rooms, bath and kitchenette; immediate possession; $1,300.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

73D ST., 168 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette and bath, all improvements. Inquire on premises or phone Regent, Orchard 3629.

80TH, 249 WEST (Broadway)—Beautifully furnished 1 and 2 room apartments; unfurnished if desired; very moderate rental; restaurant on premises; maid service and linen included.

80TH, 240 WEST (Broadway)—Beautifully furnished apartments; very moderate rental; restaurant on premises; maid service and linen included.

81ST ST., 29 WEST—A BEAUTIFUL SUITE OF THREE ROOMS, BATH, AND FOUR ROOMS, BATH; MODERN, HIGH CLASS BUILDING; $150 MONTHLY.

86TH ST., 331 WEST (808)—A BEAUTIFUL SEVEN-ROOM AND TWO-BATH BUNGALOW, WITH GARAGE, IN THE HEART OF THE WEST SIDE RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (808); $350 MONTHLY; ALL CONVENIENCES. G. W. CAHEN.

86TH ST., 340 WEST—Sublet six-room, two baths, front; highest type 12-story elevator apartment; 2 years' lease; rental $3,000. Apt. 6E.

86TH ST., 209-C WEST—Five, six, seven and eight room apartments, with bath. Apply superintendent, on premises.

86TH ST., 340 WEST—Two-room kitchenette apartment, southern exposure, high-class, 12-story building; rent $1,500.

104TH, 3 WEST—Six large rooms, front, modern elevator apartment; $125.

114TH, 351 WEST—Monterey Apartments; facing on 3 streets and 2 parks; 5-room apartments, all outside rooms; immediate possession. Supt. on premises or apply Howard C. Forbes, Rector 747.

137TH, 612 WEST—7 rooms, high-class; elevator; newly decorated; rent $150.

141ST, 650 WEST (corner Drive)—High-class elevator, 7 rooms, 2 baths, facing Hudson; immediate possession; rent reasonable.

150TH, 625 WEST—9 rooms, 3 baths, high-class apartment; immediate possession.

163D ST., 644 WEST—Five-room apartment; all latest improvements; $80.

180TH, 660-661 WEST (corner Broadway)—Elevator, immediate possession, for five, six, seven rooms and bath; one six rooms, corner; one seven rooms, southern exposure; high grade, superior service. Apply on premises or Jules Nehring, 4,249 Broadway.

APARTMENT FOR SALE
In the Prasada, 50 Central Park West; eight rooms and three baths, on twelfth floor; also two rooms, bath and roof garden on floor above, connected by private stairway. Horace G. Knowles, 50 Central Park West.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
Doctor's office, two rooms and bath. Hotel Beresford, Central Park West, 81st St.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
Doctor's office, 3 rooms; private entrance from street. Hotel Melilla, 117 West 58th.

ELEGANT NEW MODERN APARTMENTS ONE, TWO, THREE ROOMS, KITCHEN AND BATH, INCLUDING MAID SERVICE, GAS AND ELECTRICITY.
$405 TO $700.
339 WEST 86TH ST.
331 WEST 86TH ST.
1 WEST 95TH ST.

EXCEPTIONALLY WELL FURNISHED 9-room and 3-bath apartment, complete in every detail; finest location on Riverside Drive; wonderful view of Hudson River; possession to Sept. 15, 1921.
Apply WOOD, DOLSON & CO., INC.,
Broadway and 80th St. Phone Schuyler 1100.

HIGH-CLASS apartment, immediate possession, elevator building, 461 Ft. Washington Av., $140; 610 West 122d St., 6 rooms, $140; 129 Wadsworth Av., 6 rooms, $180. 3; walk-up building, 539 West 183d St., $85.50. Apply on premises or Chas. S. Kohler, Inc., 1,428 St. Nicholas Av.

PINEHURST AV., 90—Five and six rooms; modern elevator apartment; immediate occupancy; decorations to suit. Warrington Hall. Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240—Two and three all outside front rooms, fireproof apartment hotel; wonderful view; reduced prices.

RIVERSIDE, 151 (87th)—Handsome floor, also one-room apartment; suitable physician; references.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 708 (148th St.)—Fireproof building; 6-room corner apartment; possession Cortlandt 2661. Audubon 6804.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION—Seven rooms; elevator apartment; reduced rent. 82 Washington Place.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 125-127—Four rooms and bath; modern apartment.

WEST END AV., 465, AT 82D.
Corner apartment, three rooms and bath; ideal doctor's office; sublet for three years. Apply on premises. Can be seen all day Saturday and Sunday. M. G. Bernard.

WEST END AV., 567 (near 87th)—Attractive two large rooms, bath, kitchenette; private entrance; entire floor; fireplace; large closets; will redecorate; furnished or unfurnished; lease; $90. Phone Hanover 6895.

WEST END AV., 708—Apartment, second floor, eight rooms, bath; electricity. Janitor or phone Fordham 1923.

386 ST. NICHOLAS AV.
2 sunny rooms, kitchenette and bath, all improvements; splendid neighborhood; $75 and $85; immediate possession; open for inspection. Tel. Morningside 9436.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—Westchester County.

5-ROOM, high class elevator apartment; all outside, southern exposure; possession January 1; $130. Teel, So. Broadway and Valentine Lane, Yonkers.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.
Two splendid new elevator buildings; 168 small apartments; selections of 2 and 4-room suites, $1,320 per annum up; some with immediate occupancy. Apply "The Gardens Apt.," by station, or Queens Boulevard 6848. Guyon L. C. Earle, Agent, 280 West 86th St., N. Y. Tel. Schuyler 8390.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED—Furnished apartment from Jan. 1 to June 1, containing 4 bedrooms and 2 baths; also maid's room and bath; do not require silver or linens; rent must be reasonable. Address C. W. Avery Cottage, Woodmere, L. I.

SEND details of your Fur. Apts. to rent. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

TWO bedrooms, kitchen or kitchenette, for 1-6 months; $150-$200. B 503 Times.

Unfurnished.

FAMILY requires possession of unfurnished apartment Jan. 15; must contain four bedrooms and two baths, also maid's room and bath; three years lease. B 1019 Times Annex.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

11TH, 10 EAST—Large room, steam heat; gentlemen only.

30TH (cor. Lexington Av., 183)—Exclusively for women; $11 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $14 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly and up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

32D, LEXINGTON AV., 503—Connecting rooms; subway; gentlemen only; references. Plaza 9360.

West Side.

9TH ST., WEST—Small, attractively furnished room, private house; bachelor only. Stuyvesant 0764.

40TH ST., 66 WEST—Large room; southern exposure; adjoining bath; references.

43D, 107-109 WEST—Bachelor apartments, double and all single rooms, with or without bath; modern; electric light; telephone. Durand.

59TH, 229 WEST (Central Park South)—Attractive single room, lavatory; $14; gentleman; charming private apartment, overlooking park.

63TH, 14 WEST—Two rooms, bath; maid service, elevator; large, light room.

70TH, 135 WEST—Select accommodations; second floor, front, two rooms, bath; other rooms, bath; single, lavatory; electricity; cleanliness.

79TH, 345 WEST—Single room, all conveniences; references. Apt. 3D.

72D, WEST—ATTRACTIVE SINGLE ROOM, $10; LARGE PRIVATE RESIDENCE. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 658.

78D, 242 WEST—Medium size room, suitable for two gentlemen; references.

74TH, 240 WEST—Large second story front, bath, steam, electricity, couple; gentlemen.

76TH, 237 WEST—Clean, warm, with private bath; small; electricity, phone; reasonable.

82D, 24 WEST—Attractive, double room; private bath, electricity; refined home; gentlemen.

84TH, 38 WEST—Large, light room, modern conveniences; private family.

86TH, 130 WEST—Beautifully furnished double and single rooms, southern exposure; all conveniences; subway and elevated location.

86TH, 329 WEST—Large, front room, kitchen privilege; $75 month. Schuyler 6982.

86TH, 172 WEST—Beautiful room with bath; also medium room and skylight.

87TH (Riverside Drive)—Handsome room, teacher's apartment; congenial young woman. Schuyler 3032.

92D, 55 WEST—High class newly decorated; telephone, electricity, running water; gentlemen.

97TH, 200 WEST—Furnished rooms, modern house, exclusive; references required. 3392 Riverside.

102D ST., WEST—Comfortable room, southern exposure, running water, bath, electric; private family; gentleman; reference. Phone 3010 Riverside. Subway 103d St., Broadway.

102D, 247 WEST—Furnished rooms, with and without private bath; all improvements. Riverside 6343.

112TH, 542 WEST, 6C—A room for gentleman, first class; references.

115TH ST., 610 WEST—Room, $10; student, business woman. Apartment 63A.

118TH, 210 WEST—HOTEL CECIL, ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

121ST, 537 WEST—Pleasant room for woman, business, student. Morningside 4436.

124TH, 541 WEST—American family; elevator; Broadway subway; gentlemen; $6. Apartment 21.

124TH, 31 WEST—Light, sunny room, private family. Apt. 5E. Harlem 5024.

126TH ST., 530 WEST, (Apartment 48)—Attractive, clean, well heated; suitable one, two.

176TH, 620 WEST—Large, double front room, newly furnished; private house; suitable for two; gentlemen only.

BUSINESS GIRL—Neatly furnished warm room, next to bath, elevator apartment; telephone, electricity, use of piano; family of two; near West 181st subway; $8 weekly. C 72 Times.

DOUBLE room, running water; gentleman; private family; meals if desired. Riverside 5160.

HOTEL ABERDEEN—Rooms with private bath; telephone in rooms; modern hotel service; fireproof; $17.50 weekly, permanent. 22d St., bet. 5th Av. and Bwya. Penn. 1600.

IRVING PLACE (near 15th St.)—Bachelor apartments, 1-3 rooms, all outside, just completed; modern, parquet floors, bath and shower; handsomely furnished; maid service; reasonable rentals. Apply at premises, 1 Irving Place, or telephone Fitzroy 2834.

PARLOR, back, twin beds, running water; particular people. Morningside 4999.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575, corner 135th St.—Handsomely furnished large room and bath; $15 week, $60 month. Apartment 1. Private family.

RIVERSIDE, 151 (87th)—Beautiful room, dressing room; modern bath; kitchenette privilege.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

ONE to three large unfurnished rooms to let; bath and kitchen privileges; refined couple or business woman. Phone Lenox 9366.

ROOMS WANTED

Furnished.

LARGE, steam/piano, private home; American business man; absolutely permanent; Manhattan, below 96th. N 204 Times.

MAN of refinement seeks large, pleasant room, walking distance 34th St., 5th Av.; permanent. C 376 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. V 90 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS LADY going to Kansas, open for any business transaction. C 378 Times.

SECRETARY—Managerial experience; half or all day; well educated; knowledge French; highest references. 8 West 95d, Apartment 2F.

STENOGRAPHER, French, English; experienced, reliable, conscientious, wishes permanent position; best references from abroad and here. C 374 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED

East Side.

36TH (corner Lexington Av., 183)—Rooms with meals, $18 weekly up; good home cooking, hotel service, elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

MADISON AV., 813 (near 54th)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

76TH, 9 WEST—Elegant large room, private bath; suitable 2 or 3; refined Jewish boarding house; table guests. Berger.

50TH, 143 WEST—Large, warm room; second floor; table board; homelike; references.

50TH, 142 WEST—Large, warm room; 2d floor; table board; homelike; references.

52D, 124 WEST (Graycourt)—Attractive, modern, steam heat; references; table guests.

102D ST., 247 WEST—Large front room, adjoining bathroom, in high-class Jewish house. Riverside 6343.

103D, 239 WEST—Front parlor apartment, single; continuous hot water; home cooking; 2 doors Broadway facing Marseilles Hotel.

120TH, 128 WEST—Double room, private bath; Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 461—5 rooms; high-class elevator building; immediate possession; $175. Apply on premises, or Chas. S. Kohler, 1,428 St. Nicholas Av.

GENTLEMAN wishes to share furnished apartment with other gentleman; references. Call after 7, Malson, 315 West 56th.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT, SEASON OR LONGER.
LAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 87TH—Young woman teacher share her handsome two-room apartment with congenial young lady. Schuyler 3032.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468 (Cor. 110th St.)—Eight rooms, 2 baths, extra lavatory; completely furnished. Tel. Morningside 9245.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550—Handsomely furnished five rooms, two bedrooms; immediate. Morningside 620.

TWO ROOMS and bath; southern exposure; rent reasonable. Apartment 411, Hotel Berkley, 44th St. and Amsterdam Av.

Unfurnished—East Side.

27TH, 39-43 EAST (Between Madison and 4th Avs.)—High class apartments, 3-4-7 rooms; possession; agent on premises.

60TH, 32 EAST (adjoining Hotel Martha Washington)—Beautiful, newly decorated apartments, high ceilings, splendid light; also two stores to rent. Apply to Manager Martha Washington Hotel.

62D ST., 141 EAST—8 rooms, corner apartment; $1,800. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

EXCLUSIVE MURRAY HILL.
36TH ST., 103 EAST.
BUNGALOW ON ROOF, FIVE ROOMS AND TWO BATHS; PRIVATE ROOF GARDEN; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; $3,000; OPEN FIREPLACE; UNUSUAL APARTMENT.

Unfurnished—West Side.

10TH ST., 60-62 WEST—Four rooms and bath; elevator. Apply premises.

15TH ST., 158 WEST—Three rooms and bath; modern in every respect; $75. Apply Superintendent.

16TH, 144 WEST—Large living room, bedroom, bath, utility closet; new, modern, unusually comfortable; rents reasonable; immediate possession.

16TH, 5 WEST—One and two room apartments; all improvements; skylights.

31ST ST., 19-21 WEST—Strictly high-class fireproof apartments of two rooms and bath; maid service optional; desirable tenants; rental $1,500 and $1,800.

52D ST., 58 WEST—Attractive two-room and bath apartments; electric lights, hardwood floors, hot water heat and supply; ample closet room. Jas. A. Dowd, 874 6th Av. Circle 32.

57TH ST., 140 WEST—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette, maid service; will redecorate; possession at once; $1,800 per year. Payson Mc. Merrill, 9 East 44th. Murray Hill 8300.

58TH, 158 W.—Attractive 7-room apartment; high-class building. Apply Superintendent.

66TH ST., 106 WEST.
2 rooms, bath and kitchenette; immediate possession; $1,300.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

73D ST., 168 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette and bath, all improvements. Inqu

MOONSHINE RAIDS BECOME BLOODLESS

Federal Agents Destroy Eight Stills in Kentucky Mountains Without Casualties.

MANY SHOTS EXCHANGED

But No One is Hit, and Several Mountaineers Are Taken In as Prisoners.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Dec. 24. — Raids upon moonshine stills in the mountains of Kentucky have become bloodless, according to Government agents who recently conducted one of the most important raids made in years.

Whether the "shooting eye" of the mountaineer or the Secret Service agent has become dimmed or whether the desire for less killing has reached into the far mountain recesses, is a disputed point, but the fact remains that twelve revenue agents raided and destroyed eight large stills in Whitley County, fired numerous shots, were fired at numerous times, but so far as is known not a casualty was recorded.

Standing in clumps of sparse shrubbery on the top of knobs along Laurel Fork in Whitley County sentries posted apparently by moonshiners watched the operations of Federal prohibition officers during the recent sensational raid in the "South America" section of Whitley County, according to members of the party. The raiders from the office of Chief Field Deputy U. G. McFarland were reticent about the battle reported to have raged about the stills. "There wasn't a thing to it," they were unanimous in saying. "We just went

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On 24th floor of Equitable Building, Bond Department of Federal Reserve Bank, two $1,000 bonds, one $50 bond; liberal reward paid for return; no questions asked. L. H. Carr, 65 John St., New York City Phone Beekman 7071.

LOST—Left in taxicab between San Remo and 628 West 114th St., package containing flat silver, 6 knives, 6 forks, 6 teaspoons, reward, no questions asked. Return to Ullman, San Remo, 74th St. and Central Park West.

LOST—Foreign correspondence, invoices, addressed to Arthur H. Bennett, Ltd., 49 Wall St. Liberal reward if returned to the above mentioned address.

LOST—Black portfolio containing exchange check book and addressed note, lost Monday night; $10 reward for return. 111 West 121st. Phone 3655 Morningside.

LOST—Black purse, containing about $100, Hudson Terminal, Wednesday, Dec. 22, by young business woman; liberal reward if returned. M. C. S., 318 2d St., Jersey City.

LOST—Pocketbook containing bank book on Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, Liberty bond, &c., Thursday evening, in Brooklyn; reward. Academy 1156.

LOST—Goodyear tire, 33x5, all weather tread, cord, mounted on fair wheel; reward $8 Parkson Av., Bronx. Phone Intervale 922.

LOST—Black suitcase with Christmas presents, 87th St. and Madison Av. Reward Mrs. Bright, 1,190 Madison Av.

LOST—Envelope containing party worked canvas tapestry, reward. Telephone Vanderbilt 6227.

Jewelry.

LOST—Package containing gold meshbag, left in taxi about 7:30 P. M., Dec. 24, that took a fare from in front of 574 5th Av. to address on East 77th St. Liberal reward, no questions asked, if returned to Udall & Ballin, 574 5th Av.

LOST—Liberal reward, no questions asked, for package of watches left in phone booth, John St. and Broadway, by disabled soldier. Phone Melrose 8565. H. Falkenstein, 348 East 138th St.

LOST—Morning Dec. 20, small gold watch on link bracelet and set around with rubies and diamonds; suitable reward and no questions if returned to Tobalin, 115 East 82d St.

LOST—Five link gold chain and antique gold lockets, between 42d St. and Amsterdam Av. and 9th Av. "L" to Cortlandt; suitable reward. 501 West 143d St. 49.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, Friday morning, between 54th St. and Fifth Av. and Chemical Bank; reward $50. Return to R. B. Smith, 389 Park Av., New York.

LOST—Small gold watch on black ribbon, initials "M. M." Dec. 22, between 35th St. and 5th Av. and 42d St. and 5th Av. reward. W. 45 Times.

LOST—Wednesday afternoon, one pearl earring with diamond on top. If found kindly return to 51 East 62d St., and suitable reward will be paid.

LOST—Tuesday, Dec. 21, gold-colored enamel pin, Roman design. Finder will be suitably rewarded if returned to Cashier Hotel Belmont.

LOST—Gold signet ring with sunken crest, probably 7th Av. subway or 42d-Hy Times Square; reward. R. F. Bausman, 17 Battery Place. Whitehall 637.

LOST—Pearl stickpin, clasp, clutch, Thursday afternoon uptown subway express. Liberal reward. Phone 6214 Bos. for three.

LOST—Platinum diamond and sapphire lapin, evening Dec. 22 Montmartre Cafe. Liberal reward. F. Gould, Ritz Carlton 9000.

LOST—Dec. 21, $10 gold meshbag, between grand C. I. R. R. & 1st reward. Dorf, 216 West 70th. Tel. 9170.

LOST—Diamond scarf pin, Thursday evening, 125th St. and 7th Av.; reward. Winchell, 143 West 128th St.

LOST—Sapphire and diamond oblong-shaped pin, at Biltmore Hotel "Cascade"; reward. S 576 Times.

LOST—Bar pin, with pearls and sapphires. Miller, 105 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.

$5,000 REWARD

for recovery of jewelry stolen from passenger Provident Diamond Co. at 47th St. and 5th Av. Nov. 27, 1920, at 9:10 A. M.

$2,000 REWARD

for information leading to arrest and conviction of said culprits; information confidential. Provident Diamond Co., 508 5th Av.

$2,500 REWARD

Lost, in the shopping district, probably Dec. 22, after 3 P. M., a pair of platinum octagon shaped earrings, each with a 3-karat diamond. Communicate with E. B. Hopwood, 55 John St., New York. Telephone Beekman 8087.

REWARD $500.

On Friday evening, Dec. 24, between 157 West 57th and Delmonico's Restaurant, a diamond plaque, platinum setting. Telephone Miss Frances Cameron, Circle 3841, or return to Jacques, 561 5th Av.

$125 REWARD

For return of platinum and diamond pin containing 19 diamonds, lost Dec. 15, between East 53d and West 47th Sts. Charlton & Co., 654 5th Av.

$400 REWARD

for return of platinum and diamond oval shaped brooch, containing 87 diamonds, lost Dec. 16 between 29th and 59th Sts., or in taxicab. W. D. Tuston, 881 5th Av.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Mixed black and white overcoat, in taxi, Thursday, about 4:30 P. M., from Commodore Hotel to Pennsylvania Station; reward. Phone Riverside 7188.

LOST—Sable scarf, late Wednesday night, in or outside of Riggs's restaurant; liberal reward. Shore Road 90.

LOST—Brown Knox hat. Return to F. V. Morton, 650 West 177th St.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST OR STOLEN—In vicinity of Convent Av. and 145th St., cocker dog answering name "Tedi"; name also on collar; reward. 442 Audubon.

LOST—French bull puppy, brindle, 175th St. and Riverside Drive; very liberal reward. Ryan, 720 Riverside Drive. Audubon 7270.

LOST—Black French bulldog, male, vicinity 65th St. and Columbus Av.; reward, no questions asked. Remey, 127 Columbus Av.

PERSONAL.

TWO ATTRACTIVE BROTHERS, JEWISH, 9 and 12 years of age, out for adoption. Apply by letter to the Juvenile Aid Society, 516 North 4th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

ACCIDENT, 110TH ST. AND BROADWAY, Dec. 20, at about 8 o'clock in the evening, when elderly lady was struck by an automobile. Any person witnessing the accident will confer a favor by communicating with her son, A. H. Sawyer, 251 4th Av.

were a lot of shots fired, but how many of them were fired at us we don't know. That was all there was to it."

The raiders from the local office were Steve Cornet and Charles Winfrey, who were the leaders of the raid; J. H. Reynolds and Joe Cavanaugh. They were accompanied by Sheriff Renfro of Whitley County and seven deputies.

Steve Cornet, after some persuasion, told of the raid.

"We left Williamsburg on the morning of Dec. 3 and went via Holden, Tenn., the nearest railroad point, into the section of Whitley County known to the natives as 'South America,' he said. "We hunted there for stills in the hollows of Laurel Fork and Glean Fork, sources of the Cumberland River. We destroyed eight stills in all.

"The first still destroyed was one owned by De Witt Gibson. We arrested the three Gibson boys without any trouble. They were at their home. The next still, we believe, belonged to a man named Williams. The next two destroyed were owned by persons whose names we could not ascertain. We had no trouble the first day, although quite a number of shots were fired in the distance. I could not say positively that the shots were fired at us, but think that possibly they were signals to warn the countryside that raiders were about. We could see men standing on the tops of the knobs where they could see the road winding around the banks of Laurel Fork, which, I believe, is the crookedest stream in the world. Sometimes it is hard to tell which way it runs.

"The second day we continued the search along the Laurel Fork. It was at this time that the nearest to any real trouble occurred. We left an old man named Parsons and another man to guard the mouth of a hollow while we searched it. Just after we left the guards, a mountaineer popped out from behind a ledge, fired several shots at the guards with a pistol and ran.

"We gave chase, firing as we ran. The man fell, but when we searched we could find no trace of him. This led to one of the amusing incidents of the trip. During the chase we found two stills of which we had no inkling. The man led my party directly to an eighty-gallon still, which we destroyed. Another section of the party—we had become divided during the chase—found the second still on the opposite side of the hill from that down which the fugitive ran. We did not find out who owned either still.

"We then went up a hollow where we found another still. This was a rough hollow and we had to climb over boulders and hang on to trees to get to the still. We then started in the opposite direction. Two miles down another rough hollow we found the last still destroyed."

Mr. Cornet could not say how much whisky or beer was destroyed. "We didn't keep track of it," he said.

The prisoners were taken to Pineville and warrants sworn out for a number of other men. The warrants were left in the hands of Sheriff Renfro.

PASTOR WARNS BARTENDERS

Gives Them 48 Hours to Quit Jobs in Homestead, Pa., Saloons.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 24.—"I'll give you bartenders forty-eight hours to quit your jobs and get away from the saloon business. If I find you still at the same old stands when I call again, I shall see that you are handed exactly the same treatment as the men who own the saloons," declared the Rev. Mr. Woodfin, a prohibition agent of Homestead today in a warning to every bartender in the city.

"I have evidence against every saloon in the city," he said afterward. "I also have evidence against every bartender in the city. Not only the owners of the saloons have sold intoxicating drinks, but their bartenders have done so. The law specifically deals with all persons selling intoxicating liquors."

DRINKERS NAME HOTELMAN.

First Arrest Under Disclosures by Persons Convicted of Intoxication.

The first arrest for violation of the Volstead act as a result of United States Attorney Ross's questioning of persons convicted of intoxication in Magistrates' courts was reported yesterday. Frederick Praex, owner of the Nassau Hotel at Sag Harbor, L. I., was arraigned before Commissioner Barmore in Brooklyn on a charge of maintaining a nuisance in selling liquor on the premises. His bartender, Arthur Flynn, was also accused of violating the prohibition law. Bail was fixed at $1,000 each. Information that led to the arrests was furnished by Joseph Fournier and Zeke Burrows, who were sentenced to serve ten days in the Riverhead jail for intoxication.

MORE RAIDS IN CHICAGO TO END CRIME WAVE

One Man Is Held for Slaying and Robbing Jeweler and Another for Hold-Up of Women.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 24.—A squad of detectives today after besieging a Hyde Park apartment house for two hours battered down the doors of one of the apartments and arrested Paul Hanson, suspected of being one of two bandits who on Wednesday night entered the store of Paul J. Loberg, a jeweler, and killed him when he offered resistance.

Hanson put up a defense by stating that his wife had been keeping a diary recording his whereabouts at each hour of the day since he was released on $10,000 bail several weeks ago following his arrest on a charge of burglary. The police are inclined to scoff at the genuineness of the diary, which narrates that Hanson was dining at the house of a friend at the time Loberg was killed. Hanson is locked up pending an examination.

At 4 o'clock this afternoon the police started another series of raids all over Chicago in an effort to clear the city of crooks before Christmas Day. Automobiles filled with detectives were sent to patrol the boulevards, while others were out in pairs to do sentry duty on streets where hold-ups are most frequent.

Policemen were instructed not to wait for an overt act before making an arrest. Every man with a criminal record or suspected in connection with any recent theft was to be picked up on sight. The suspects are to be held in custody until after Christmas, and probably until after New Year.

Despite the activity of the police, Christmas robbers continued their daring tactics of the last few days and many daylight hold-ups are reported.

Three men in a small automobile stopped a driver for Meyer & Co., tailors, in an alley and compelled him to unload ten bolts of cloth from his wagon. Shortly before 6 o'clock tonight five men in an automobile drew up in front of the Chicago City Bank and Trust Company and held up Fred Klein, a grocer, as he was about to enter and deposit the receipts for the day.

In another effort to put the police force on its toes Chief Fitzmorris will ask the City Council to grant pay increases of 15 to 27 per cent. to each of the 5,241 members of the department. The increases would amount to more than $2,500,000.

The Chief recommends that patrolmen be increased from $2,000 to $2,500 a year and that the pay of the twenty-seven Captains be raised from $3,300 to $3,000, with "corresponding increases" for the eighty-six Lieutenants and the 879 Sergeants.

Thief Strips Four Christmas Trees.

BRAINTREE, Mass., Dec. 24.—The crime wave struck this town in its softest spot—the Christmas trees of its school children—and today the Yuletide spirit of good-will to men was mixed with a wish that the town's meanest thief be brought to justice. Four big trees hung with toys, fruit, candy and the other good things intended to bring joy to the kiddies of the Hollis School were stripped by a thief.

DENIES MEN RUN NEWBERN PLANT

President Pays Their Weekly Wage, Minus Ten Per Cent. Cut Recently Announced.

TO BE ON A SLIDING SCALE

Profit-Sharing Basis Is in Effect, Official Says, and More Output Means More Pay.

NEWBERN, N. C., Dec. 24.—Employes of the Newbern Iron Works and Supply Company received today their first week's pay on the profit-sharing basis established by the concern in agreement with the workers. The pay contained in the envelopes handed out today represented a reduction of 10 per cent. from the wages received a week ago, and the new scale of pay, based on profits above actual operating expenses, was said by company officials to represent roughly the wage schedule put forward by the concern several weeks ago before the profit-sharing plan was agreed on.

Leaders among the employes after the pay roll had been distributed said that while not pleased with a reduction of wages they were convinced that the company was giving them a square deal and that they were getting their full share of whatever actual profits were made.

Ernest L. Willis, President of the company, in a statement given out after the men had been paid off, declared that the officers of the concern had not turned over the plant in any way to the workers, but had arranged a sliding scale of pay which operates on the volume of business done. He asserted that the company desired to show its employes that their interests were at all times being looked after, and that it hoped business conditions soon would improve to such an extent that the men would be able to turn out sufficient work to enable them to make even greater wages than before the wage reduction put into effect under the old system was made.

"I want it distinctly understood that I am not pessimistic," said Mr. Willis, "and that we have not turned our plant over to the workers. Our company still is operating it and will continue to do so. We are merely trying to satisfy our employes and to make it possible for them to continue at their tasks and make a living wage."

The profit-sharing basis for payment of wages was evolved after the company had announced two reductions in wages, each of 10 per cent., within a few weeks, due, it was said, to the decline in prices received by the concern for its products. The first reduction was accepted by the employes after they had staged a one-day walkout. The second reduction was received with disfavor by the workers, and after company officials had explained the situation they agreed to payment on a profit-sharing basis.

ALBANY RAIL SHOPS CLOSE.

More New England Firms Announce Wage Cuts.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 24.—Approximately 1,000 employes of the New York Central car department at West Albany did not go to work today, notices having been posted by the company that the shops would remain closed indefinitely. Officials at the shops assigned no reason for the shut-down.

BENNINGTON, Vt., Dec. 24.—Seventeen Bennington manufacturers joined today in an announcement that in the near future wages in their plants would be reduced to the basis which prevailed in the Autumn of 1919. No figures were given and the date when the new scales would be put into effect was not set. Among the plants affected are knit underwear and cassiery mills, machine shops and wood-working shops. Nearly every manufacturing plant in the town is now closed, with openings in most cases planned for Jan. 3.

GROVELAND, Mass., Dec. 24.—The Groveland Mills, which manufacture woolen goods, today announced their first wage reduction in forty years. The reduction will go into effect on Jan. 3 and will affect about 300 employes. Its amount has not yet been determined, A. D. Veasey, the owner, stated.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 24.—The Crucible Steel Company plants in the Pittsburgh district have closed down and will remain closed until further notice.

The Crescent Works on Penn Avenue, which had been operating on full time, closed down today, throwing 2,400 men into idleness. The Painter, Labell, Parks and other smaller crucible mills in the district have been idle for several days.

DANIELS WANTS LEVER ACT.

Repeal Threatens the Navy's Coal Supply, He Says.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Continuation of the Lever act, repeal of which is provided in a bill already passed by the House, is "vitally important" to insure an adequate fuel supply for the navy at reasonable prices, Secretary Daniels declared in a statement tonight. He urged continuation of the act, "at least until peace has been formally declared."

Only by exercise of the commandeering authority conferred under the act, the Secretary said, has the navy in purchasing its coal been able to "avoid the profiteering prices demanded by suppliers." More than 7,000,000 tons of coal, according to the Secretary, have been commandeered by the navy in the last three years at prices ranging from $2 a ton at the mines in October, 1917, to $4.24 last September.

Secretary Baker said today he did not believe army coal purchases during the recent coal stringency had enabled dealers to make an $8,000,000 profit on army contracts as stated in the Senate yesterday by Chairman Calder of the Coal Investigating Committee. The Secretary added, however, that he was not prepared to say how extensive were the contracts the army entered into at that time.

FACTORY WAGES DECREASE.

Earnings of New York Workers Dropped 23 Cents After October.

ALBANY, Dec. 24.—Earnings of the State's factory workers in November showed a slight decrease—23 cents—from October.

The State Industrial Commission today issued a statement showing that the average weekly pay of the factory workers in November was $28.60. The report states that although employment has declined steadily since last Spring, the earnings have remained almost stationary since June, when they were $28.77. In July they were $28.49, in August $28.71, in September $28.73 and in October $28.93.

Part time work in many plants as a result of depression and seasonable inactivity in some industries are given as reason for the November decrease.

The most notable reduction in average earnings during November appears in the men's clothing industry which shows a falling off of $1.94 from October and of $4.68 from a year ago. Workers in cooking and heating apparatus, cement and plaster, leather, boots and shoes, miscellaneous leather goods and silk goods industries also suffered reductions.

A gain of $6.20 occurred in the fur goods industry.

PRINTERS WIN RISE IN WAGE SCHEDULES

Arbitrators Award Increases Ranging From $2.50 to $5 a Week.

19,000 WORKERS AFFECTED

Eight Unions Benefit by Advances, Which Are Retroactive to Oct. 1.

Speeding up their work so as to complete the task before the holidays, the three arbitrators in the wage increase demands of approximately 19,000 workers in the book and job printing trade in this city, announced last night increases ranging from $2.50 to $5 a week, retroactive to Oct. 1, last. Readjustment of the wage scale was demanded by the unions on account of the increase in cost of living as compared with last January, when the agreement was made, and the arbitrators took into consideration only two factors—the increased cost of living and the economic condition of the industry.

The eight unions involved in the arbitration demanded increases ranging from 25 to 42 per cent. The employers offered to give the workers a flat increase of $4 a week. This was rejected by the unions. The employers then withdrew their offer and the whole question of wages went to arbitration, as provided in the contracts made last January, following a long strike in the printing industry.

The arbitrators were Dr. George W. Kirchwey, formerly Dean of the Columbia Law School and now Professor of Penology at the New York School for Social Work; Dr. William M. Leiserson, Impartial Chairman of the Labor Adjustment Board of the Rochester Clothing Industry, and Dr. William F. Ogburn, Professor of Economics at Barnard College.

The decisions of the arbitrators were announced by the Labor Bureau, Inc., 1 Union Square, which acted as economic adviser to the unions. Evans Clark of the bureau said the workers expected a greater increase, but the awards were considered in the nature of a victory for organized labor, particularly as the tendency everywhere is for reduction in wages.

In the group arbitrated by Dr. Kirchwey is Typographical Union No. 6, with 6,500 members in the book and job trade, who were awarded an increase of $5 a week over the present scale of $45. They had demanded $18. The 2,836 members of Press Assistants' Union No. 23, who had demanded $18, were awarded $4 a week increase, bringing the new scale up to $43 a week. The pressmen in Job Pressmen and Feeders Union No. 4, who now receive $40 a week and had demanded an increase of 40 per cent., will get $4 a week increase, while the feeders, who demanded a similar increase, get an advance of $3, bringing their wages up to $32 a week. There are 1,200 workers in the union, equally divided between pressmen and feeders.

In Dr. Ogburn's group, the 2,800 members of New York Printing Pressmen's Union No. 51, get an advance of $5 a week over the present scale of $45. They had asked for 40 per cent. The cutters in Paper Cutters' Union, No. 119, who asked for 25 per cent. increase, were awarded $3.50 a week, bringing the scale up to $45.50. The sheet straightener in the same union get an advance of $5, the new scale being $40 a week. They had asked 25 per cent. increase. There are 900 cutters and 600 straighteners. Dr. Ogburn awarded to the 400 paper handlers in Paper Handlers' Union No. 1, an advance of $3 a week, the new scale being $38. They had asked for $15 increase.

Dr. Leiserson awarded 200 mailers in Mailers Union No. 6 an increase of $3 a week over the present scale of $37. They asked for 30 per cent. The 2,100 bindery women in Bindery Women's Union No. 43 were awarded an increase of $2.50 a week, bringing the new scale up to $30 a week. They had asked for an increase of $12.

MILK STRIKE LOOMS AS PRICE STAYS UP

Farmers Charge Bad Faith to Distributers in Maintaining High Rate Here.

Although the Dairymen's League, Inc., representing the producers, offered a reduction of approximately one-fourth of a cent a quart for January milk, conditioned upon the distributers lowering the price to the consumer 1 cent a quart, there appeared yesterday a strong possibility of a milk strike next month. League officials said that the distributers had not done as much for the consumers in December as the producers did, which would have made the reduction this month 2 cents instead of 1 cent a quart.

The league announced a few days ago that the January price to distributers would be the same as in December—$3.18 a hundred pounds for 3 per cent. milk, or at the rate of .0727 per quart testing 3.6 per cent. butter fat. The New York Milk Conference Board rejected this price, but asked for a conference.

The Executive Committee of the league will be in session here Monday, when arrangements will be made for a further conference with the New York Milk Conference Board, if the board accepts the proposal.

The Board of Arbitration, which is hearing the demands of the milk drivers for an increase in wages, did not finish its work this week as expected, but will likely render its decision next week. The drivers ask for an increase of $10 a week.

SAYS WOMAN HAD BIG LOOT.

$15,000 in Goods Said to Have Been Found in Alleged Shoplifter's Home.

Mrs. Selma Vollmer of 188 Columbia Avenue, North Bergen, N. J., and a member of a prominent family, according to her attorney, was arraigned before Magistrate McGeehan in Women's Court yesterday on a charge of stealing a shirtwaist in a department store. Detective George Clausen of the Stores' Mutual Protective Association told the Court that several days ago he and several North Bergen detectives went to the woman's home, where they found eighty-eight pillow cases, twenty-three lace curtains, hundreds of pairs of silk stockings, boudoir caps and other articles worth $15,000.

When the woman was searched in the department store, according to the detective, she had $1,986 in her pocketbook. She was held for Special Sessions and bail of $5,000 fixed.

TO BUY STOCK FOR WORKERS

Union Pacific Announces Plan to Make Them Stockholders.

OMAHA, Dec. 24.—A plan whereby employes of the Union Pacific Railroad, the Oregon Short Line and the Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company may purchase common capital stock of the Union Pacific upon a partial payment basis was announced today.

The plan provides that the road will purchase stock in the open market on receipt of orders from employes, who will pay for it in twenty-four equal instalments by deductions from the monthly payroll.

Montreal Safe Robbers Get $5,000.

MONTREAL, Dec. 24.—Burglars today entered the business establishment of Alderman Louis Rubenstein, former figure skating champion of the world, dynamited a safe and stole $5,000.

TOLD WOMAN TO FLEE

Clara Smith's Attorneys Assert She First Heard of Death at El Paso.

FORT WORTH, Texas, Dec. 24.—Clara Smith Hamon arrived here late today from El Paso on her way to Ardmore, Okla., where she is charged with the murder of Jake L. Hamon, Republican National Committeeman and wealthy oil operator.

While one of her attorneys departed tonight for Ardmore to arrange for her appearance in court and her expected release on $10,000 bail, the woman remained with members of her family in Fort Worth, where she expected to spend Christmas.

That she will plead "not guilty" to the charges against her was the declaration of James H. Mathers, one of her attorneys. The woman declared that her only plans for the future were to devote herself to her family.

BIG SPRINGS, Texas, Dec. 23 (Associated Press).—Consecration of "her future energies" to atoning to her family for the sorrow she has brought it" and determination "never again to waste an hour of her life," were avowed late today by Miss Clara Smith on her way to Ardmore. In an interview Miss Smith spoke on religion, philosophy, psychic research, art, fancy work and most earnestly of all her impressions of Mexico, where she stayed three weeks.

In an interview she said he name was Mrs. Hamon, not Miss Smith.

ARDMORE, Okla., Dec. 24.—Clara Smith Hamon will enter a plea of "not guilty" to the charge of killing Jake L. Hamon when the case is called for trial here in January, James H. Mathers of her counsel said today.

"Clara Smith Hamon did not flee from Ardmore as a fugitive from justice," Mr. Mathers said. "It was not until she had reached El Paso that she learned of Mr. Hamon's death. She did not dream that Mr. Hamon would die; none of us thought so at the time."

The attorney issued a statement saying that Clara Smith left Ardmore on the Monday following the shooting of Mr. Hamon. Early that day, the statement said, at the request of Mr. Hamon she was called to his bedside. Mr. Hamon advised her to leave Ardmore and it was on his suggestion that she consented to go.

According to the statement the woman, in company with her sister, went by automobile from Ardmore to Durant, Okla., and thence to Denison, Texas, where she took a train to Dallas, Texas, proceeding thence to Fort Worth. There she purchased a ticket to El Paso and first learned of Mr. Hamon's death, the statement continued.

Becoming frightened at the news of Mr. Hamon's death, the statement says, the woman consulted her uncle, Judge Harrison of El Paso, who went to Fort Worth, Texas, and employed attorneys to defend his niece should she come to trial.

"Upon Mrs. Hamon's arrival in El Paso," the statement ended, "she was met by her uncle, taken into Mexico and placed in the care of influential men of that country, who have guarded her since that time."

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 24.—A conference having to do with the affairs of the Jake L. Hamon estate was scheduled here today between Fred Ellis, attorney for Mrs. Hamon, the widow, and Frank L. Ketch, former business manager for and administrator of the estate of the late Oklahoma Republican National Committeeman.

An inventory of the Jake L. Hamon estate in Missouri, filed in the Probate Court today by Henry C. Page, Public Administrator, shows the oil promoter and politician owned property in this State valued at $477,466.77. The property is all in Kansas City except two life insurance policies with a St. Louis company for $200,000.

20 RETURNED TO SING SING.

Vincent Gaffney Among Those Transferred—Warden Surprised.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, N. Y., Dec. 24.—Twenty of the most desperate criminals in Auburn prison were transferred to Sing Sing Prison today much to the surprise of Major Lewis E. Lawes. Included in the group were Vincent Gaffney, gunman, serving a life term for the murder of a gang leader on the lower west side in New York, and Isadore Prosser, east side gunman, both of whom had escaped and been recaptured before they were transferred from Sing Sing to Auburn a little more than a year ago.

The twenty convicts arrived at Sing Sing at 10:45 o'clock tonight in charge of four guards. They were handcuffed in pairs. They made the journey from Auburn in a regular train, and were huddled in the rear of one car along with other passengers.

The train was due at Ossining at 8 o'clock but was late, and Warden Lawes and half a dozen prison guards waited at the station an hour for its arrival.

The convicts were hurried from the train to an auto truck and within half an hour all were in cells.

EX-PROFESSOR DIVORCED.

Mrs. M. I. Watson Gets Custody of Two Children and Alimony.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 24.—Mrs. Mary Watson this afternoon received an absolute divorce from Dr. John Broadus Watson, former Professor of Experimental Psychology at Johns Hopkins University. To Mrs. Watson is awarded the custody of their two children, Mary and John Watson, minors, and $4,000 a year alimony. If Mrs. Watson dies or remarries the doctor will pay $1,200 a year for the support of each of the children until they become self-sustaining. When the children become of age or self-supporting the alimony to Mrs. Watson will be reduced to $2,400 a year.

Mrs. Watson and other witnesses testified to the infatuation of the doctor for "Rosalie," member of a well known family in this city, whose last name was carefully kept out of the records.

BRADY BEQUESTS ALLOTTED

Tribune Fresh Air Fund and N. Y. Hospital Get $10,000 Each.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court decided yesterday that The New York Tribune Fresh Air Fund and not the fresh air fund of St. John's Guild is entitled to a $10,000 bequest under the will of James Buchanan ("Diamond Jim") Brady, which was left to "the Fresh Air Fund of the City of New York."

The court also ruled that a bequest of $10,000 to "the Railroad Employes' Hospital of the City of New York" must go to the residuary legatee, the New York Hospital, because there is no such organization. The Y. M. C. A. claimed the money for its Railroad Branch.

DRUG SALOON RAIDED.

Police Find Cocaine and Arrest Nine in Brooklyn After Fight.

Detectives of the Narcotic Squad under Dr. Carleton Simon, Special Deputy Police Commissioner, raided a saloon at Union Avenue and Jackson Street, Brooklyn, yesterday and arrested nine men. They found two pounds of cocaine in a guitar case. Policeman, disguised as laborers, visited the saloon, and as a result of their reports the raid was made. When the men were arrested they told the police to stop joking, and a battle was under way when Detectives Mcog and Higgins and two Federal agents went in to help.

Food Prices Drop in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 24.—Christmas shoppers of San Francisco today found practically all components of the Christmas dinner lower in price than last year, according to announcement by grocers. Turkeys could be purchased for 10 cents lower than last year, and cranberries were cheaper. Christmas trees also could be purchased for 50 and 75 cents lower than last year's figures, it was said.

ROSALSKY WOULD PROSECUTE FORD

Judge Preparing Bill to Punish Those Who Libel Jews and Other Denominations.

TALKS ON ANTI-SEMITISM

Contrasts Treatment of Jews in America With That of "Benighted" European Countries.

Judge Otto A. Rosalsky told a delegation of the Daughters of Jacob, who presented him yesterday with a judicial robe, that he was preparing a bill to bring to court those "who persist in libelling not only Jews but every other denomination." Judge Rosalsky assailed Henry Ford for his alleged anti-Semitic utterances, characterising him as "the greatest menace to American institutions."

"The anti-Semitism which now pervades throughout the world is an attack by the unthinking," said Judge Rosalsky, "but America has been awakened to its duty, and the great men of this country now realize that it is their duty to stem the tide. A man like Ford is the greatest menace to American institutions; first, because he is an ignorant man; secondly, because he uses his wealth improperly, and, third, he is not inspired with the teachings and lessons of Americanism. During the war his son escaped from performing his duty toward our country, whereas the records show that the Jews have contributed more than their allotment.

"The history of the Jew throughout the world is that when you give him an opportunity to dwell in freedom he is not a destroyer. He is a builder, and the records of our institutions demonstrate that whenever the Jew has been given his freedom and enjoyed justice and opportunity, he has been responsible for making substantial contributions to our civilization. In my years I have never differentiated between the Jew and Gentile. They are all alike.

"The Jews of America, the Jews of England and in whatever country they dwell, wherever they enjoy freedom, or even where they are subjected to persecution, have been faithful to their respective countries. I have no fear of the future of the Jew of America or England. I have great fears as to the future of the Jews in some of the benighted lands of Europe. Therefore, we know how to contrast benighted institutions with American institutions. We Jews who have been subjected to tyranny and massacre, and who have tasted from the bitter cup of cruelty and intolerance, know what it means to appreciate the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States.

"Therefore I say that inasmuch as the people of America here today have awakened from their lethargy, and are now taking the initiative in responding to the outrageous and unwarranted attacks made by Ford and others of that type, they should drive him and his followers into obscurity, but I do think that in order to make Ford and others answerable for their conduct it will be necessary to secure additional laws, and I am now engaged in the preparation of a law which will bring Ford and others to court if they should persist in libeling Jews, not only Jews, but every other denomination."

REJECTS $1,000,000 WILL.

Jury Decides James J. McCabe Was Incompetent to Make It.

The jury before Surrogate Cohalan which has been hearing the contest of the will of James J. McCabe, machinery manufacturer, for two weeks, decided yesterday that Mr. McCabe was incompetent to make the will disposing of his $1,000,000 estate. Members of his family opposed the will on the ground that he did not know what he was doing when he gave $50,000 to charity, an equal amount to his manager, Patrick Sheeran, $5,000 to his chauffeur, bequests to distant relatives and the bulk to his family. The testimony indicated that the decedent had delusions when he made his will.

The jurymen gave Surrogate Cohalan a gold fountain pen because of the manner in which he conducted the trial. "We hope to see the day when your Honor will grace the bench of the United States Supreme Court," said the foreman.

WARDS IN BATTLE WITH ARSON SUSPECTS

Benjamin Bevier Held as Firebug in Fayette City, Pa.— Monessen Buildings Burned.

Special to The New York Times.

FAYETTE CITY, Pa., Dec. 24.—The arrest of Benjamin Bevier, son of a minister, while he was declared to be trying to set fire to a local garage; a gun battle between guards and two firebugs in the peach orchard of Andrew Brown, President of the First National Bank, whose $50,000 barn was destroyed by fire last Monday, and the destruction of the Park Hotel and the grocery of Harry Eckman, in Monessen, by incendiaries, were the outstanding developments in the arson ring's activities last night and today.

Bevier was committed to jail this afternoon on information charging arson made before Alderman Darby of Uniontown. The charge was made by the State police. According to State troopers, Bevier was arrested in the garage of William Seibel, in Fayette City, while in the act of firing the building with a broom soaked in oil.

When taken to jail Bevier said that he went to the garage of Seibel, where he was employed, and finding a pair of overalls hanging on a nail, lighted them and carried them to the street, waving them and shouting. He declared that he lighted the overalls as a joke.

Trapped in the orchard on the Brown farm, about 100 yards from the site of the Brown barn which was recently destroyed, two arson suspects fought their way to freedom through a cordon of guards at 1:30 o'clock this morning, after nearly 100 shots had been exchanged. Fleeing over a hill, the suspects could be seen plainly in the moonlight as they turned to return the fire of the guards. No person was injured so far as is known. The authorities believe that the men were members of the arson ring seeking to destroy the Brown homestead.

Half an hour after the gun fight on the Brown farm fire destroyed the Park Hotel and the Eckman grocery on Shoemaker Avenue, Monessen, causing a loss of $75,000. Occupants of the hotel were aroused by shots fired by Ralph Brautegan at a man who was running from the scene. All the guests escaped.

JURY DISAGREES IN ARNSTEIN CASE

He and the Three Other Defendants Are Released, Their Bonds Renewed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—A disagreement was reported by the jury after twenty hours of deliberation in the case of Jules ("Nicky") Arnstein, of New York and his alleged associates, who have been on trial in this city for a month on charges of conspiracy to bring into the District of Columbia stolen bonds valued at $5,000,000. The jury was discharged by Justice Siddons with his thanks and best wishes for a Merry Christmas, the Judge ending a mistrial.

The others tried with Arnstein were Norman S. Bowles, a Washington lawyer; David W. Sullivan of Washington and Willen W. Easterday of New York.

The report of the disagreement did not seem to surprise Arnstein or any of the other defendants, though he said he had expected an acquittal. News that the jury stood 9 to 3 for conviction did not worry any of the defendants, but when it was admitted that after hearing the case the jury would be locked up last night and began to feel a little weary after being acquitted.

After he had been out of the court room a few minutes, Arnstein, who seemed interested bitter disappointment at the jury's verdict, said: "I should have been acquitted," he asserted. "The prosecution did not have enough evidence to convict even begin to make out a case against me. Now, I will have to go through with this thing all over again. Whatever happens, I am not afraid to face a jury music once more, and the sooner the better. I can say the same thing for my trial in New York. I am not afraid of that either. It will not take long, I suspect could be seen plainly in the moonlight as they turned to return the fire of the guards. No person was injured so far as is known. The authorities believe that the men were members of the arson ring seeking to destroy the Brown homestead.

Half an hour after the gun fight on the Brown farm fire destroyed the Park Hotel and the Eckman grocery on Shoemaker Avenue, Monessen, causing a loss of $75,000. Occupants of the hotel were aroused by shots fired by Ralph Brautegan at a man who was running from the scene. All the guests escaped.
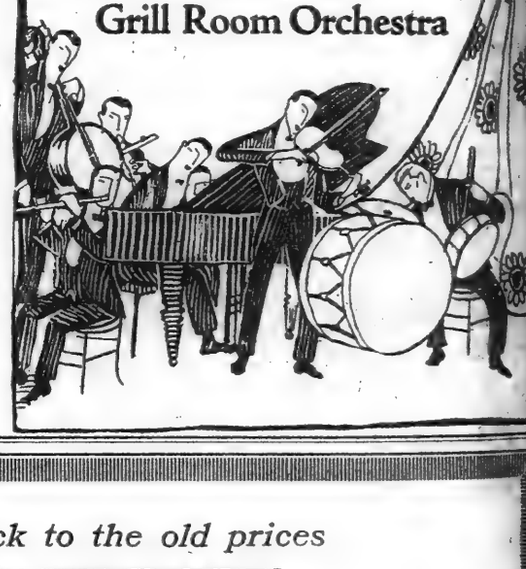
HOLIDAY DANCES AT Hotel Pennsylvania

TEA DANCES and Supper Dances, every afternoon and evening, except Sunday, during Holiday Week—Dec. 25 to Jan. 1, inclusive. In the Grill.

Reminder: This is a good time to fix up New Year's Eve reservations.

It's often remarked that there's no better dance-music than that of

The Pennsylvania's Grill Room Orchestra



Back to the old prices

USL

U. S. LIGHT & HEAT CORPORATION

BATTERY PRICES REDUCED

20 to 25%

January 1st, 1921

U. S. Light and Heat Corporation
Niagara Falls, N. Y.

H. B. Shontz Co., Inc.

Service Station and Distributor

157 W. 54th St. New York

NEW YORK'S 100 NEEDIEST CASES STILL REQUIRE AID—SEE PAGE 20, THIS SECTION

Section 1 | "All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Cloudy and warmer today; Monday rain or snow; fresh northwest to northeast winds.
For full weather report see Page 22.

Section 1

VOL. LXX....No. 22,982. NEW YORK, SUNDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1920. In Seven Parts. Including Rotogravure Picture Section, Book and Magazine Section. FIVE CENTS In Manhattan, Bronx, and Brooklyn. Elsewhere TEN CENTS

SAYS NEW TREATY WILL NULLIFY CALIFORNIA LAW

Foreign Minister Uchida Tells Japanese Diet He Hopes For Agreement With Us.

OTHERWISE WILL PROTEST

Seeks to Obtain Understanding With U. S. Senate That Compact Will Pass.

JAPAN TO DEFY MOSCOW

Informs Washington She Will Guard Fishing Rights on Russian Coast Obtained by Treaties.

TOKIO, Dec. 24.—Addressing preliminary meetings of the Diet here today, Viscount Uchida, the Foreign Minister, expressed the opinion that a new Japanese-American treaty would be concluded leading to nullification of the California land law. He said he expected such action to result from the negotiations which had been in progress at Washington between Ambassador Shidehara and Roland S. Morris, United States Ambassador to Japan.

The Ambassadors, he said, were making efforts to obtain an understanding with the Senate to obtain passage of the treaty. He announced that in view of the sincerity with which they were endeavoring to solve the problem Japan had refrained from protesting against the California law, but that if the negotiations failed a formal protest would be lodged.

Answering interpellations, M. Uchida said that the negotiations were proceeding on the understanding that such a treaty would override the State laws.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—It has been known here for some time that negotiations were in progress looking to the drafting of a new Japanese-American treaty, involving the California land law, to which Viscount Uchida, Japanese Foreign Minister, referred at preliminary meetings of the Diet yesterday, but it is believed that they have not so far taken the form of a treaty.

It is understood that through the negotiations bases are being laid of a possible treaty which will mitigate the severity of the Webb law, enacted several years ago by the California Legislature, and also of the new law, created last month by referendum and providing against certain alien holdings of real property in California.

While details of the negotiations have been withheld, it is understood that the underlying principle has been to preserve the rights of Japanese residents of Pacific Coast States to property which has been legally acquired, but of which they would be deprived by application of the new law, in California at least.

JAPAN STANDS ON RIGHTS.

Refuses to Be Excluded From Share in Russian Fisheries.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—In the face of efforts of the Soviet Government at Moscow to exclude Japanese from the fishing industry on the Asiatic coast of Russia, the Japanese Government, it was learned in an authoritative quarter today, intends to maintain its rights in that region as guaranteed by treaty with the old Czarist Government of Russia. It is reported that a statement of Japan's position has been furnished to the United States Government.

Fisheries in Kamchatka are supposed to be included in the concessions obtained from the Soviet Government by Washington B. Vanderlip.

The convention of 1907 between Russia and Japan concerning fisheries was renewed in 1919, and Japan asserts that it is still in force. Article XI. of the Treaty of Portsmouth, which terminated the Russo-Japanese War, provided:

"Russia engages to arrange with Japan for granting to Japanese subjects rights of fishery along the coast of the Russian possessions in the Japan, Okhotsk and Bering Seas."

In execution of this article, a fishery convention was entered into between Russia and Japan in 1907, by which Russia conceded to Japanese subjects fishery rights (except in territorial waters of Asia, with the exception of rivers and inlets; authorized Japanese subjects to take and prepare fish and other aquatic products in specially designated fishing lots, which would be leased to them and Russian subjects alike at public auction, and stipulated to treat Japanese and Russian subjects without any distinction in matters relating to the fishery industry in general.

Japan has in this manner obtained extensive rights and interests in the Asiatic coast of Russia through the Treaty of Portsmouth and the subsequent agreements entered into between the two Governments.

The total number of Japanese fisheries or fishing lots along the coast of Russian possessions in the Japan, Okhotsk and Bering seas was 251 in 1919, and this number increased to 309 in 1920.

The products of those fisheries in 1919 exceeded 29,000,000 yen (approximately $14,500,000) in value, and more than 16,000 men were employed by them during the same season.

It is believed that, on the basis of the Russo-Japanese treaties and agreements respecting the Pacific coast of Russia, the Japanese Government will oppose the jeopardising of Japan's economic interests in those regions by any concession or other disposition that might be attempted to be carried out by the Soviet Government at Moscow.

ALDA—KREISLER—LEVITZKI and others in the year's best concert TONIGHT at the HIPPODROME. Aid Catholic Big Brothers. Don't miss it. See Amusement Columns (Musical Section) for details.—Advt.

Wisbey Frenis, Factories and Factory Sites Fred S. Corbin, 10 Wall St. Rector 9121.—Advt

Dutch 'Drys' Force Tax Rise Which Will Bar Spirits to Poor

THE HAGUE, Dec. 25.—The "dry" forces today succeeded in putting through the Dutch Parliament, after a hard fight, a law increasing the internal revenue tax on spirits 150 per cent. and on beer 100 per cent. after Jan 1.

As the present tax amounts to approximately 1½ guilders a liter on gin manufactured in Holland and 3½ guilders a liter on imported whiskey, cognac, &c., the effect of the increase, according to the "drys," will be to make spirits practically prohibitive for the poor. The beer tax now amounts only to a fraction of a cent a glass, and the new increase is not expected to change the price materially.

SCIENTISTS PUZZLE OVER QUAKE RECORDS

Shocks of Dec. 16 May Have Been From China, Though Indicated as Nearer.

2,800 MILES WAS ESTIMATE

Chinese Disaster 6,000 Miles Off—Instruments May Not Have Caught First Tremors.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—On Dec. 16 a mysterious visitor scrawled a record of its call, but left no address, in a dozen places in the United States and Canada. Its visiting cards were written like ouija-board messages on seismographs in a dozen observatories. It was supposed to come from various places, but it was not until yesterday that it was apparently located when a news pespatch from Tokio indicated that on Dec. 16 an earthquake occurred in far-off Kan-su Province, China, causing 2,000 casualties.

Seismic experts are puzzled, some of them evidently agitated, over the news of this earthquake in China. Their bewilderment comes from the fact that on Dec. 16 the seismographs at the United States Weather Bureau, Georgetown University and other places recorded earthquake shocks only about 2,800 miles distant from Washington. As Kan-su Province is half-way round the world on the fortieth parallel of latitude, that of New York, and as the distance between the eastern coast of the United States to Kan-su, measured through the earth, is about 6,000 miles, while the scene of the earthquake disturbance of Dec. 16, according to records here, is approximately 2,800 miles from Washington, seismic experts are endeavoring to ascertain whether anything is wrong with the records.

Observers in this country, Canada and Mexico are showing their interest by asking their brother experts in Washington for their records.

Perhaps Two Different Shocks.

Generally speaking, the Washington experts do not agree with the theory that their instruments failed to approximate the distance of the disturbance of Dec. 16. They are inclined to believe that there were disturbances within 3,000 miles of Washington on the day when the big shock brought disaster to far-away China.

As one aspect of the problem presented itself today it resolved itself into the question whether the calculations made in this country were all away or the instruments did not record the exact beginning of the tremors in China.

The instrumgnts in the United States Weather Bureau and those at Georgetown University made the same record. According to dispatches from different observatories received by Father Tondorf, the noted seismic expert of Georgetown University, the records are at variance. The corrected records at Ottawa, received today by Father Tondorf, show that the disturbance was further away than 3,000 miles, while the records made at Harvard do not agree with those made here or in Mexico.

Father Tondorf said that there were two possible explanations of the situation in view of the report of the earthquake in China on Dec. 16, the day the seismographs here showed that the epicenter was within 2,800 miles.

The first is that there were other disturbances and that there was an earthquake movement within 2,800 miles, as well as another in China.

The second is that if the first tremor recorded in this country occurred in China and nowhere else the instruments at Georgetown University and the United

Continued on Page Two.

PENROSE OPPOSES PIECEMEAL TARIFF ACTION BY CONGRESS

Will Be in Washington Soon and Is Expected to Stand Against Farmers' Bill.

BUT MAY YIELD TO POLITICS

He Holds Price Fall Inevitable and Thinks Credit Legislation the Real Need Now.

DYEMAKERS URGING HELP

Bills to Protect This and Other Industries May Be Tacked on Emergency Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Senator Penrose, Chairman of the Finance Committee, is expected to return to Washington soon to discuss with his colleagues the proposed emergency tariff legislation and the efforts of Congress to meet the problem of falling prices by the passage of bills which, in his opinion, are in opposition to the laws of trade. The Finance Committee has charge of tariff matters in the Senate.

It is known that Senator Penrose is in agreement with the position taken by President Wilson in his message to Congress at its last session that an increase in tariff duties now is unnecessary, that the tariff law cannot now be rewritten along scientific lines, and that no tariff law can halt the operation of the laws of supply and demand, which have brought about lower prices in farm products and idleness in industrial centres.

Mr. Penrose has declared against tariff changes by piecemeal. His position is unchanged, but he may yield his judgment to the demands of the farmers, who today are powerful in politics, more so than before the war. But those who know Mr. Penrose believe that he will approach the situation frankly and instead of advising the raising of tariff bars, will urge amelioration of the credit situation so as to permit American producers to sell abroad, and thereby stabilize prices at home.

Under the Senate rules, if the Finance Committee should report the emergency tariff measure passed by the House, it may be loaded down with as many schedules as desired. There are half a dozen House tariff bills in the committee at present, proposing high duties on industries developed out of war necessity. These include measures relating to dyes, tungsten, magnesite, pearl buttons and optical glass and surgical instruments.

Mr. Penrose declined to permit the committee to report these bills in the last session. But if the Senate committee takes the House bill seriously, all these bills will be attached to the emergency tariff bill.

If the opportunity comes at this session, Senator Knox will urge the passage of the bill imposing a practically prohibitive tariff on German dyestuffs. Such a measure has passed the House and is pending in the Senate. Should it appear likely that the emergency tariff bill will pass, Senator Knox will try to have the dyestuffs bill incorporated in it.

The dye industry in this country, established during the war to supply dyes for manufacturing purposes and make poisonous gases for warfare, seeks protection of the Government until it is able to compete with the dyes of Germany. More than $100,000,000 capital has been invested in the industry, and those who have gone into it say that if protected for three years it will be able to hold their ground against all competition. President Wilson has recognized their claims to consideration by advocating in his messages that Congress enact a tariff which will enable the dye industry to develop.

"There are two grounds upon which I am advocating a high tariff against German dyestuffs," said Senator Knox today. "Upon the principle of building up a new industry in this country, and conserving the country's resources, I would favor it. The possibilities of the dye industry are enormous. Conservative estimates show that $1,000,000,000 is wasted annually in the gases which flow into the air from our coke ovens. In Germany not a cubic foot of that gas is wasted; it is all utilized in by-products from which dyes, drugs and other chemicals are produced. It is folly for us to endure that great waste.

"Once the dye industry is firmly established in the United States beehive

Continued on Page Three.

Clara Smith Hamon Released on Bail; All the Wealth of Ardmore on Her Bond

ARDMORE, Okla, Dec. 25.—Clara Smith Hamon, charged with the murder of Jake L. Hamon, Republican National Committeeman, arrived here at noon today, pleaded not guilty before a Justice of the Peace, waived preliminary hearing and was released on $12,000 after being bound over for trial at the January term of the District Court.

Accompanied by Sheriff Garrett and her attorney, the woman arrived at 12:07 o'clock from Juarez. The party went from the train to a waiting automobile and was driven at once to the County Court House. There a conference was held in the Sheriff's office, attended by the Sheriff, Mrs. Hamon's uncle, R. F. Harrison, and Charles A. Coakley, one of her attorneys. Soon afterward the party drove to the office of Justice of the Peace H. M. Cannon, where Clara Smith Hamon was arraigned. She pleaded not guilty and waived preliminary hearing.

The party then returned to the court house to arrange for the bond. The news that Mrs. Hamon was at the court house soon spread and the halls were quickly crowded. District Judge Champion fixed the bond at $12,000. She was bound over for trial at the January term of the District Court.

As she left the court house, her face wreathed in smiles, she clung closely to the arm of Sheriff Buck Garrett. As she was being led to a cab she posed for photographers. The Sheriff accompanied Mrs. Hamon when she left this city for Wilson, Okla., where she will rest with relatives for a few days.

The circulation of a bond late yesterday by Fred E. Tucker, former Oklahoma State Senator, to be tendered Mrs. Hamon when she made her petition for bond, resulted in the affixing of many signatures, a few of which represented wealth estimated at between $4,000,000 and $5,600,000, Mr. Tucker said. Men prominent in the affairs of practically all professions in Ardmore subscribed as bondsmen, he said.

This bond, however, was not entered. At the eleventh hour, it was decided that it was best to frame a new bond. The four man who signed Mrs. Hamon's bond are Wirt Franklin, Max Westheimer, L. H. Love and T. A. Thurmond. The first two are wealthy oil men and the others are wealthy cotton brokers

Hotel Seville, 5th Ave. and 29th Street.—Room with private bath, $3.00. Suites at moderate rates. Restaurant and Grill.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

PALL MALL Rounds the cigarette with a free and easy draught.—Advt.

FLORIDA—5 THROUGH TRAINS DAILY. Atlantic Coast Line R.R. Office, 1,246 Broadway (32d St.) Tel. Longacre 5460.—Advt.

Illinois Trainmen Santa Claus for Cripple Who Waved to Them From Cot at Window

Special to The New York Times.

CHAMPAIGN, Ill., Dec. 25.—Santa Claus chartered two of the Illinois Central's fast passenger trains today and brought them to a stop before a lonely little farm house near the village of Laclede, in Effingham County, into which delegations of Illinois Central trainmen carried their gifts to Lottie Sprouse, an 18-year-old invalid.

For six years Lottie has carried on a romance with the trainmen, although her identity was unknown to them until a few months ago. When 12 years old she was stricken with infantile paralysis and rendered helpless. Her father met with financial reverses and could not afford to have her treated.

From a cot near a window in her home Lottie began waving her hands at trainmen as they whisked by. During the last two years she has not missed waving to a single train, even signalling those at night with a lighted match. Trainmen considered it a duty to "wave at the arm in the window." Recently they investigated and found out her condition and circumstances.

They passed the word over the Illinois division and a fund was subscribed. A big wheel chair, a robe, a large blanket, house slippers and a number of other gifts were given by the Champaign delegation. While it was presenting its gifts, one delegation from Centralia arrived and placed at her disposal a fund which trainmen will supervise while she is receiving medical attention.

When Lottie sat in her wheel chair today, it was the first time she has left her cot in six years. She waved to every train.

HARDING SLEW GOOSE AND DID NOT TELL

Tragedy of a Fatal Stone Throw and Execution of a "Gobbler" by Irate Grandfather.

ALL HAPPENED 45 YEARS AGO

But the Deception, Now Told, Has Been on President-Elect's Conscience Ever Since.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 25.—The first President could not tell a lie. The man who will be the twenty-ninth President not only could, but did. That was forty-five years ago, but it still rests upon Warren G. Harding's conscience.

Perhaps if it was only about a cherry tree the truth would have been easy, but this was a case of the prize gander of Grandfather Dickerson's flock, and the most lordly turkey gobbler in three counties was made an innocent victim.

At Christmas, 1875, Grant was still President. He was thinking of a third term, but Grandfather Dickerson and other friends of Rutherford B. Hayes, himself an Ohio man, were thinking otherwise.

After Dr. George Tyron Harding married into the Dickerson family it was the custom for both families to gather for Christmas dinner at the Dickerson farm, a few miles from Blooming Grove. Strings of crisp popcorn and bright red apples on a sturdy young spruce, the whole illuminated by sputtering tallow candles, provided an illusion which modern tinsel and electric lights could never dispel.

But before the packages, dangling from the tree, could be opened the Dickerson cows had to be brought in from pasture. To a ten-year-old grandson this was an aggravation. If he wanted to chase cows there was a whole herd of them on his father's farm at Blooming Grove. But Grandfather Dickerson was an inflexible believer in the stern method of raising children. His vigorous right arm carried a sting to it, remembered to this day. Young Warren started quickly but unwillingly for the cow pasture.

A flock of geese were strutting in the barnyard, triumphantly honking their escape from the dinner table for another year at least. In the cowpath lay a flat stone which a dextrous arm could send sailing over the water for scores of feet. There was no water, but there were the noisy geese. With no other motive than to silence the creatures, which had no apparent sympathy for those impatiently awaiting a Christmas treat, young Warren threw the stone idly in their direction.

Had he tried a thousand times deliberately he never could have duplicated the shot. The stone struck grandfather's prize gander just below the head. He gave one squawk, circled the flock and then flopped over dead, with his feet in the air.

Young Warren remembered that he had a previous engagement, and ran to the pasture. Returning behind the cows, he found the whole Harding and Dickerson families surrounding grandfather and the dead gander. In accordance with prudent farm custom, the feathers had already been plucked.

Grandfather Dickerson was not saying much, but he was looking at a turkey gobbler which, thinking he was being admired, had spread his tail feathers. But Grandfather Dickerson was not admiring the bird. His fingers twitched.

"I hate to do it," he said at last, rolling up his sleeves, "but I always said that if that turkey touched another one of my geese I'd wring his neck and I'm a man of my word."

Young Warren Gamaliel pleaded for the life of the turkey gobbler. Without casting suspicion elsewhere, he intimated that the turkey was innocent. But the turkey gobbler died, not by the axe, but with his neck twisted between firm fingers.

Christmas season that year was spoiled for Warren. During the days that followed he assisted in the digestion of both gander and gobbler, but his heart was not in his eating.

Last night in the yard of Warren G. Harding at Secret Service man chased away a big, black cat that was endeavoring to climb a tree where swung two dressed turkeys. Had the cat been successful, who knows who might have paid the penalty for spoiling a President-elect's Christmas dinner?

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 25 (Associated Press)—It was a real Christmas today at the home of President-elect and Mrs. Harding. There were no political conferences.

Immediately after breakfast the Senator and Mrs. Harding began to take a peep at what Santa Claus had been sending for the last two weeks or more. There were hundreds of them, ranging from cigarettes to Georgia possums. Not a single present was opened until this morning.

The only company that the future tenants of the White House had prepared for were half a dozen newspaper men, who were invited to help eat the turkey which an admiring friend had sent for the Christmas dinner.

Betty Sparkes, aged 4, and her sister Dorothy, aged 3, daughters of one of the newspaper correspondents, were the special guests of the President-elect. The little girls occupied places of honor at the Senator's side.

AUGUSTA — ASHEVILLE — AIKEN. Daily through service from New York, Southern Railway System. 816 Madbridge Bldg., B'way at 34th. Phone Pitarsy 6211.—Advt.

Havana and Miami, Palm Beach, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Belleair, Fla.; through sleepers. Seaboard Air Line Ry. Office, 1184 Broadway (26th St.) Tel. Mad. Square 1373.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

YOUTH CONFESSES STARTING 30 FIRES

Albert Smith, 20, Admits Incendiarism That Has Terrorized Pennsylvania District.

SEIZED AFTER NEW EXPLOITS

Property Worth Upward of $4,500,000 Destroyed Near Uniontown in Two Months.

Special to The New York Times.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Dec. 25.—Following the arrest today of Albert Smith, the 20-year-old son of a real estate dealer of Fairhope, he confessed that he was the author of thirty of the incendiary fires that have caused about $4,500,000 damage in this section in two months. The State police announced his confession.

It is stated that Smith declared that he started the "fires just to get some excitement."

Developments in the case came very swiftly today. The South Brownsville school and the Episcopal Church in Brownsville, the double dwelling of Harvey Elliott and George Elliott, the Heilman farm house, the James Shearer farm house, the barn of James Clark at Albany Hill and the Braznell public school at Braznell, Jefferson Township, were fired last night.

Young Smith is accused of starting the fires at the South Brownsville school house, and the four buildings at Albany Hill.

Smith is also said to have set the fires at the Redstone Methodist Episcopal Church, the Star Junction School, the Marion School, the Gibson School, the Presbyterian Church at Gillespie, the Greek Catholic Church at Brownsville, a planing mill of the Fayette City Construction Company. At that place, two other schools and the valuable barns of Martin and Lynn, farmers living near Mount Vernon, the $50,000 fire which Monday morning destroyed the barn of Andrew Brown, President of the Fayette City National Bank.

The South Brownsville school was set afire shortly after 9 o'clock last night. A pedestrian passing the place saw a man acting queerly and notified Justice of the Peace Chalfant. A squad investigated and a short time later the Justice was notified that the suspected man had entered the school and was believed to have been cornered on the third floor. Justice Chalfant hurried to the place and was just in time to see a blaze start on the third floor of the building.

The officers, who until this time had remained at the entrances and windows on the first floor of the school, ready to pounce on the man if he attempted to leave, rushed into the building, one or more going in through every entrance. A hurried search was made, but no one was found.

The men then turned their attention to putting out the fire on the third floor, which had spread with alarming rapidity. It was found necessary to call out the three fire companies in Brownsville, and after a hard fight the firemen smothered the flames, with a total loss of $2,000.

An investigation showed that books, papers and maps had been piled up in the rear of a front room on the third floor and fired. The flames had eaten their way through the floor into the walls on the second floor. The building is one of the finest of its kind in Fayette County.

The Brownsville Episcopal Church was damaged only slightly, due to the holding of a midnight service Christmas Eve. When the first arrivals for the service entered the church they discovered a fire smoldering in the rear of the main auditorium. They were able to extinguish it before any great damage had been done.

The Heilman home, the Shearer farmhouse, the Elliott home and the Clark barn were fired in the order named within two hours about midnight.

Deputy Sheriff Steinman gathered a posse of more than fifty men and sped to the scene in automobiles. While the posse was passing a stretch of wooded land a man was seen to walk out in the road. Steinman stopped his car and questioned the man, who, he says, told a story of being in Brownsville playing pool. When asked why he was walking such a great distance to his home, which he said was in Fairhope, the man, who proved to be Smith, said he did it regularly "for the exercise." Steinman placed him under arrest.

Smith was taken to Uniontown and put through a severe grilling. After telling several conflicting stories, it is said, he confessed to firing the school at South Brownsville and the buildings at Albany Hill. When notified of the arrest his father is said to have stated that he believed him to be insane. Officials, fearing a lynching, it is said, took young Smith to the barracks of the State police at Greensburg, where he is being held.

THE GREENBRIER offers every comfort and sun during holiday season. Booklet Plaza.—Advt.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

INQUIRY INTO DEATH OF DRY AGENT IS ORDERED BY PALMER

Secretary Tumulty, Related by Marriage to McGuinnes, Starts Federal Action.

WIDOW SURE HE WAS SLAIN

Police Hold That Powder Marks Prove Dead Man Took His Own Life.

RECENTLY DEMOTED IN RANK

Neither Superior Officers Nor His Acquaintances Know Any Reason for Suicide.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—The Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice under instructions of Attorney General Palmer tonight began investigation into the death of James F. McGuinness, a prohibition enforcement agent found dead at Bayonne, N. J., yesterday. Special agents will be sent to co-operate with the local authorities. The action was taken upon request of Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to President Wilson, who is a cousin of Mrs. McGuinness.

Mr. Tumulty also urged a complete investigation in telegrams sent to chiefs of police, county prosecutors and Department of Justice agents. "I am certain from the information now at hand," the telegrams said, "that McGuinness met with foul play. Every fact of his home life negatives any other idea."

The mystery surrounding the death of James F. McGuinness, whose body was found late Friday afternoon in Newark Bay at the foot of Forty-third Street, Bayonne, with a bullet wound in the right temple, appeared to deepen yesterday with the dual investigation undertaken by the police and the Federal authorities. It also became known that McGuinness recently had been demoted from chief of field agents of the Federal Prohibition Enforcement Department here to squad chief in charge of the agents operating in lower Manhattan.

The Bayonne police still hold to the opinion that McGuinness killed himself. Although they are unable to ascribe any motive, powder marks were found on his head. Members of his family, prohibition agents and people in the neighborhood of Summit Avenue, near Mercer Street, Jersey City, where he had lived all his life, believe that he was murdered by bootleggers, probably in New York City, and his body taken in an automobile to the point where it was found.

The movements of McGuinness from the time he left his home shortly after 8 o'clock Friday morning until his body was found at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon by Charles Mack of Thirty-seventh Street, Bayonne, have not been traced. Acting Chief Daniel C. Cady of the Bayonne police, said that no one had seen McGuinness in Bayonne Friday, so far as he could learn, and that he was not well known there.

Acting Federal Supervising Prohibition Agent Samuel M. Sewell, in the absence of Chief Chapin, said that he had no information of the whereabouts of McGuinness on Friday. This information, he said, might be available tomorrow morning, when all the agents report at headquarters. He said that he called for McGuinness about 10 o'clock Friday morning but he had not reported at the office up to that time. No particular attention was paid to his absence.

Pleased With New Work.

Mr. Sewell, who had known McGuinness for a number of years, said that there was nothing in his record as a revenue officer which would cause him to take his own life. So far as he knew McGuinness had not been displeased because he was made squad chief and his former position given to John C. Murphy, who came here from Washington.

Mrs. McGuinness said that the change in positions could not have furnished a motive for suicide, as her husband had remarked that he was pleased at the change because it took some of the strain off him, having supervision of twenty-nine men instead of about 150.

Detective Patrick Donovan of the Bayonne police visited Mr. Sewell yesterday with the .38-calibre Colts pistol found clutched in the right hand of McGuinness, to learn whether it had belonged to McGuinness. Mr. Sewell said that it was not the kind carried by prohibition agents, and he did not know if McGuinness had one of his own. Through the serial number the prohibition officials hope to learn more about the pistol. Mrs. McGuinness told newspaper men she was positive that her husband had only the one pistol furnished him.

Widow Certain He Was Slain.

"My husband did not commit suicide; he had too much life in him; he had every reason to live and nothing to cause him to kill himself," the widow said yesterday.

Mrs. McGuinness was certain that her husband had more than $15.94, which was found on the body, when he left home. She said that on Wednesday night he made plans to buy her a coat and had more than $200 in his pockets at that time.

Police Chief Cady bases his theory of suicide principally on the fact that there are powder marks around the bullet wound in the victim's head; also that there were no footprints save those thought to have been made by McGuinness or other marks on the muddy shore where the body was picked up.

Dr. A. P. Hasking, Assistant County Physician, notified the Morgue keeper, Louis Baumuller, to release the body last night, as no autopsy would be performed and it was removed to the McGuinness home.

Pope Says World Is Afflicted Today by Five Great Plagues

ROME, Dec. 24.—"The world is afflicted today by five great plagues," said Pope Benedict in replying to the greetings of the Sacred College extended by Cardinal Vannutelli, as Doyen, at the reception to the Pontiff today.

The Pope enumerated these as the negation of authority, hatred among brothers, thirst for pleasure, disgust for work, and forgetfulness of the supernatural objects of life. These evils can only be overcome with the aid of the gospel, said the Pope, and therefore he would never cease to remind the people of it, this being his mission and his intention.

Re-establishing the traditions of his predecessors, Pope Benedict celebrated three midnight masses in the Pauline Chapel, which was beautifully decorated with flowers and glittering with candles. All the members of the Ecclesiastical and Lay Court were present, together with the entire personnel of the Apostolic Palace and a limited number of distinguished guests.

The Pope uttered a special prayer for the recovery of Cardinal Gibbons and the preservation of his life.

SAYS 'HYPNOTIC EYES' SENT HER TO JAIL

Mrs. Ruickholdt, Charged With Attempted Fraud, Denies Guilt, but Admits Infatuation.

HUSBAND ILL IN WASHINGTON

But She Gave the Hypnotic Man She Met Here Proceeds of All She Ever Got.

The hypnotic eyes and manner of a young man whom she met in this city some time ago were declared yesterday by Mrs. Ruth Ruickholdt, wife of a physician of 800 Chapel Street, New Haven, Conn., to be responsible for her arrest the day before on suspicion of being concerned in an attempt to defraud Berry & Stone, jewelers, of New London, of a gold watch and a diamond ring.

"This man has been the curse of my life," Mrs. Ruickholdt was quoted as having declared to Detective Frank Caussasa of the West Thirtieth Street station, who arrested her Friday when, representing herself as Mrs. Alfred Mitchell of New London, she called at the Adams Express Company's office at 52 Broadway and claimed a package alleged to contain jewelry which had been sent to this city on a telephone order from the McAlpin Hotel.

"I have given him the proceeds of everything I have ever got because I cannot escape the compelling force of his eyes and manner. I have sought to avoid this man for the sake of my husband, who is ill, and the members of our families. I hope none of them hear of my arrest, for I will be disgraced forever."

Shortly before Mrs. Ruickholdt was arraigned before Magistrate Levine, in the Jefferson Market Court, yesterday morning she told the detective her husband, Dr. Charles A. Ruickholdt, was ill at the Raleigh Hotel in Washington, D. C., but that she expected he would come to this city when he learned of her predicament.

She said she came to this city from her home a week ago. During the war she gave her entire personal fortune to charitable organizations engaged in war work, she said. She refused to state the amount of her fortune. Her married life, she said, always had been happy, and she declared she was more concerned about the embarrassment her "mistake" would cause her husband.

Mrs. Ruickholdt pleaded not guilty to the charge, and the magistrate held her in $2,500 bail for examination tomorrow.

Detective Caussasa immediately went to a prominent hotel, where he spent the afternoon and evening awaiting the appearance of the man with the "hypnotic eyes and manner." Mrs. Ruickholdt, it was said, furnished the detective a detailed description of the youth.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Dr. Charles A. Ruickholdt, the New Haven physician whose wife, Mrs. Ruth Ruickholdt, was arrested yesterday in New York on the charge of impersonating Mrs. Alfred Mitchell, in an effort to defraud a New London jewelry firm of a watch and ring, said this afternoon that he was still in the dark on the whole matter.

"I have not learned any more than I read in the newspapers this morning," he said. "I do not know where Miss Anna Nevins, who is Mrs. Ruickholdt's relative, lives. Mrs. Ruickholdt was to meet Miss Nevins in New York, and they were coming down here together on the sleeper. I was waiting at the telephone last night, waiting to hear from my wife, when the instrument rang and a newspaper man informed me of what had happened.

"I have not heard from Mrs. Ruickholdt since I saw her in Philadelphia last week. I was staying then at the Sans Souci Hotel, 1,337 Arch Street. She told me she was going to meet Miss Nevins in New York, Miss Nevins to come down from Boston, where she had been staying.

"Mrs. Ruickholdt has been in and out of Washington for several weeks, spending the time between here and New York. I have been ill with pleurisy, and I am very much depressed. There is nothing for me to do but sit and read the Bible and try to get some consolation out of the Psalms, and that is what I have been doing.

"I don't know anything about this matter. It may not be true. I am not sitting in judgment on any one. I am merely standing pat and awaiting developments."

Dr. Ruickholdt said he was waiting here for money to get away from Washington. He spent this afternoon at the home of friends, but expected to return tonight to the Raleigh Hotel where he has been since Monday last.

NASSAU—TAKE "FLORIDA SPECIAL" to Miami. Semi-weekly sailings. Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Office, 1246 Broadway.—Advt.

ROBBER'S CIGARETTE STARTS $75,000 FIRE; REVEALS BURGLARY

Jewelry and Bonds Valued at Thousands Stolen From Safe in East Fourteenth Street.

HELD IN MURRAY HILL CASE

Enright and Other High Police Officials Take Day Off—Records Denied Public.

10 HOLD-UP SUSPECTS HELD

Two Youths Arrested One Minute After Bronx Station Receives Complaint.

Thieves, burglars and hold-up men seemingly declared a Christmas armistice yesterday. At least, this was the opinion of the police, based upon the fact that comparatively few reports of crimes were received at Police Headquarters and the various station houses and branch detective bureaus.

Whether the bands of criminals who have been running wild in some sections of the city recently had become affected by the Yuletide spirit and were taking the day off, or whether the returns of any burglaries that may have been committed were not in, could not be determined. Experienced policemen said it might be well to await the resumption of business on Monday before deciding that there had been a recession of the "crime wave," on the theory that some burglaries and robberies of stores and business places, closed for the two-day holiday, might have taken place without the knowledge of the owners.

Police Headquarters was quiet during the day. Commissioner Enright remained away, as did most of the other high officials of the department. As is usual on a holiday, only those members of the force were on duty whose presence was necessary for the conduct of the routine work of the department.

Records Not Open to Public.

Inquiry at widely scattered station houses in the city indicated that records of crimes were not open to public inspection, as might have been inferred from a statement by Commissioner Enright in an interview Friday that the "records of all crimes were open to the public." Requests by TIMES reporters for permission to inspect the records were denied in every instance. It was explained that it was contrary to police regulations to permit outsiders to inspect the blotters.

In other cases the reporter was told that the matter was in charge of the detectives. In every case both Police Lieutenants and detectives denied that they had received any special instructions or orders to suppress news of crime. The detective in charge at Police Headquarters in the Bronx said it was the policy there to give out to newspaper reporters all news concerning crime except where, in the opinion of the police, such a course would tend to defeat the ends of justice.

At seven police stations in Brooklyn, Coney Island, Fort Hamilton, Bath Beach, Sheepshead Bay, Parkville, Fourth Avenue and Fifth Avenue, the inquirer was told it was contrary to police regulations to permit a reporter to inspect the blotter, but that he would be given information of anything of current interest.

The same reply was received in the Bronx, with the additional information from desk lieutenants that reports of robberies were referred at once to the detectives, who thereupon became responsible for such cases. The Bronx detectives on duty were at police headquarters at the Bathgate Avenue station house for their weekly conference, and a request for permission to inspect their records was refused.

Bronx Detectives Withhold Records.

At the police stations in the lower section of Brooklyn a reporter was told he could get information concerning all crimes recorded on the books kept by the desk lieutenants, but would not be permitted to see the records kept by the detectives. The desk blotters contained records of crimes of either a petty nature or of so serious a character, such as murder, that they could hardly be kept secret. No record of burglaries or robberies of any kind was kept by the desk lieutenant, it was said. These were known in the police vernacular as "squeals," and were said to go invariably to the detectives. No list of recent burglaries or robberies could be seen at any of these precincts.

A fire which did $75,000 damage to the stock of Mishkoff, Goldberg & Levy, clothing merchants, on the fifth floor of 46 East Fourteenth Street, disclosed a safe burglary in the office of Atkin & Hartman, shirt manufacturers, on the fifth floor of 44 East Fourteenth Street. The burglars, who forced an entrance to 46 East Fourteenth Street and dug through the wall into the adjoining building, are believed to have started the fire accidentally.

The two buildings run from Fourteenth to Thirteenth Street, and the burglars are believed to have forced an entrance on the Thirteenth Street side and into the office of Mishkoff, Goldberg & Levy, whose safe was blown open about six months ago, when $5,000 in cash and Liberty bonds was stolen. They cut a hole, two feet square, through six eighteen-inch masonry wall to enter the loft occupied by Atkin & Hartman and pierced a thinner wall, ten inches thick, to get into the office.

The front of the safe was ripped open and several thousand dollars' worth of jewelry, bonds and money were stolen. The jewelry was the property of Mrs.

William Atkin. Mr. Atkin said he could not tell the amount of the loss until he had checked up with his partner.

An assortment of burglars' tools were found near the safe, and in Mishkoff, Goldberg and Levy's loft—a saw and several picks, believed to have been used to cut the hole in the wall, were found by firemen, after the fire had been extinguished.

The fire was discovered about 10 o'clock in the morning by a passerby in Union Square, who saw smoke issuing from a window. The firemen succeeded in confining the fire to the fifth floor. It was their belief that the fire was accidental and probably was caused by one of the thieves dropping a cigarette when leaving the building. It was said the fire might have been smouldering for several hours before discovered.

Held as Murray Hill Suspect.

August F. Idler, 34 years old, an insurance agent, was arrested last night in his apartment at 332 West 111th Street, and detained on suspicion, although Robert L. Ireland, the retired coal producer, failed to identify him as the robber with whom he had the encounter in his suite at the Murray Hill Hotel. Mr. Ireland described his assailant as a smaller man.

Idler called at New York Hospital between 4 and 5 o'clock yesterday morning and was attended by a physician for a cut over one eye and a badly bruised face. When asked how he received the injuries, Idler was said to have replied: "I was at the Biltmore with a friend, and, after leaving him, went down Madison Avenue, where I was attacked and robbed by several men."

Another physician who overheard the remark suspected that Idler, from his injuries, might have been the assailant of Mr. Ireland, and notified the police. A detective questioned Idler as to why he had not informed the police he had been held up, and went out to telephone Police Headquarters to find out whether a man of Idler's description was wanted. When the detective returned Idler had left the hospital.

The detective later located Idler at his home. The latter denied any participation in the attack upon Mr. Ireland.

Five Charged With Hold-Up.

Five men, arrested on a charge of having participated in the hold-up of Frank Alter in his grocery at 1,748 First Avenue on Dec. 15, were held in $5,000 bail each for examination tomorrow by Magistrate Robert C. Ten Eyck, in Harlem Court. Alter was shot at the time.

The five men were arrested by Detectives Chesterfield and Martin Solomon of the East Sixty-seventh Street Station, who saw them in a taxicab and took them into custody when their answers to questions were unsatisfactory. They gave their names as John Brandfold, 24 years old, of 103 East 102d Street; Ernest Slezak, 27 years old, of 353 East Eighty-seventh Street; Louis Roth, 28 years old, of 480 Williams Avenue, Brooklyn; John J. Bastable, 26 years old, of 265 West 129th Street, and Ludwig Ritchle, 26 years old, of 315 East 163d Street, the Bronx.

Five men charged with participation in another hold-up, that of Charles Redfern, chief of the fire department of Keansburg, N. J., in Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, on Dec. 20, were arraigned in the Adams Street Court in that borough and held in $5,000 bail each for examination tomorrow. They gave their names as Angelo Salvatore Filizzo, Michael Passanello, Julius Adamo and Numzio Franze.

An unidentified man was found dying from a gunshot wound in his abdomen in the hallway of 14 Tiffany Place, Brooklyn, last evening. Dominick de Mato, 10 years old, stumbled over the body and notified a policeman of the Amity Street station. The man, a young Italian, died before the arrival of a physician. The police were unable to get any information either as to the identity of the victim or the circumstances of the shooting.

The "crime information" department, recently instituted by Commissioner Enright in his attempts to check the spread of crime, worked well yesterday when John Butler of 3,992 Third Avenue called "crime information" by telephone and was connected with Bronx Police Headquarters at 3:47 P. M. Mr. Butler told the police he had seen two youths, whom he believed to be acting in a suspicious manner, in the neighborhood of his home at East 172d Street and Third Avenue.

Youths Arrested in Basement.

Exactly one minute later, or at 3:48 o'clock, according to the police record, Detectives Clark, Cassell and Kennedy and Patrolman Cahill left the Bathgate Avenue station house in an automobile. In a basement at 172d Street and Third Avenue they arrested two youths who gave their names as Benjamin Landsman, 15 years old, of 1,659 Bath Avenue, Bath Beach, and Henry Romano, 19 years old, of 4,002 Third Avenue.

Landsman was held on a charge of juvenile delinquency and Romano on a charge of grand larceny, after the detectives had learned that there had been robberies in Bath Beach about which they wished to question Landsman further. A specific charge of the theft of a handbag containing $42 from Miss Jennie Copolo of 2,141 Washington Avenue was made against Landsman. Romano was charged with having received half the money.

Robbery Suspect Arrested.

George L. King, 29 years old, was arrested by Detective James McCarthy of the Flatbush Avenue station, Brooklyn, at his home, 420 West 116th Street, on a charge of having been concerned in the robbery of Henry Fettel, a wealthy real estate dealer, on Nov. 22 last. Mr. Fettel, who lives at 187 Linden Avenue, Brooklyn, was called from breakfast at his home to face two men, one of whom threatened him with a revolver while the other took from him a diamond stud, a diamond ring and a watch and chain, all valued at more than $5,000.

Walter Phinney was captured at the time after a chase and is now under indictment on a charge of burglary. As the result of King's arrest the police have recovered the watch, which had been buried at Bedford Avenue and Lenox Road. According to the police, King confessed he had planned the robbery after he had met Mr. and Mrs. Fettel at the Bald Mountain House in the Adirondacks last Summer and had learned they were wealthy. He will be arraigned tomorrow in the Flatbush Avenue Court. King, who is believed to be a member of a respectable Brooklyn family, was said to have had his name changed to King during the war.

Another safe robbery was discovered when an employe of Thomas Roulston, who has a store at Neptune Avenue and West First Street, Brooklyn, notified the police that burglars had entered by a rear window and had stolen $500. Tools which had been used to rip open the safe were left behind.

JEWELER SAYS ROBBERS GOT $12,000 IN GEMS

Syracuse Man Describes Thieves, But No Trace of Them Has Been Discovered.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 25.—Police authorities throughout Central and Northern New York are searching today for two gunmen who yesterday afternoon held up Moses E. Cantor, jeweler, and got away with $12,000 worth of diamonds.

Descriptions of the men have been sent abroad and every train out of the city has been watched, but no report has been received of anyone answering the description being picked up. Cantor was alone at the time of the robbery and there were no others who saw the men.

According to the story told to the police by the victim, about 5:30 o'clock Gussie Sax, a boy assistant in the store, was sent out by the proprietor to get him a lunch from a restaurant. The store, which is a room at one end of a corridor on the second floor, had not been entered by a customer for a half hour. Then two men entered, one short, swarthy and wearing a gray chinchilla overcoat and a green hat, and the other tall, with a black overcoat and derby.

The short fellow began examining a clock on the showcase. The other said he had $500 which he wanted to spend for a diamond. Cantor unlocked his safe, took out a wooden box containing envelopes of unset diamonds and showed them to the tall man, who said they did not suit. Cantor then took another similar box from the safe, one in which unredeemed diamonds were kept, and put it beside the other on the showcase.

The next moment a gun was pointed at him, and the big fellow remarked: "Keep still or I'll blow your head off." He then raked the diamonds into his overcoat pocket. The short man pulled the cord which shut off the electric light and both went out of the store, pulling the door, shut after them.

Cantor picked up what had been a metal cigar lighter, about a foot long and with a knob at one end, which he kept handy for protection, and hurled it through the glass of the door, thinking it might attract attention if some one if there were persons in the corridor. He then went out, but no one was in sight.

The elevator man had seen no one enter or leave the building who answered the description given of the men. Cantor called Police Headquarters, and detectives began an investigation, but there was little on which to work. Cantor has been in the building less than a month. On Dec. 4 and Dec. 20 he purchased diamonds from S. A. Liberman & Son, No. 413 University Block, their total value being $5,500. The lot contained about thirty-five loose stones. They were insured before they were turned over.

CAUGHT IN STOLEN AUTO.

Elizabeth Policeman Arrests Man Accused of Orange County Thefts.

Special to The New York Times.

HAVERSTRAW, N. Y., Dec. 25.—Sheriff William Leonard of Orange County announced today the arrest of Herbert Conklin, charged with numerous robberies in Monroe and vicinity. He was caught through asking directions of a policeman.

Conklin was arrested in an automobile stolen in Haverstraw. Besides being accused of this theft, Conklin is charged with robbing Rogers's drug store in Monroe, Adams's garage in Highland Mills and Owen's general store in Washingtonville. He is said to have operated with two partners. He was captured in a suburb of Elizabeth, N. J., and held to await extradition. A policeman whom he asked to direct him noted the resemblance of the automobile to the one stolen at Haverstraw and trailed Conklin until he was arrested.

LOSES $1,700 BY 'BOX GAME.'

St. Louis Saloon Keeper Reduced to Penury by Series of Robberies.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 25.—John Cicerich, proprietor of a saloon, was swindled out of $900 in cash and $800 in Liberty bonds by two men who worked the ancient "box switching" game on him in a room at the St. Francis Hotel yesterday. Cicerich several months ago was robbed in his saloon by bandits and more recently two strangers with whom he took a walk robbed him of $300.

He told the police a stranger had asked him to see a friend who was dying in the St. Francis. In a room there Cicerich saw a man, fully dressed, writhing on a bed. The first man explained that the man on the bed was dying and that he wanted to leave his wealth to an honest person.

Cicerich agreed to prove his honesty by drawing all his money from the bank, and was made beneficiary of the "estate." The "dying" man placed in cloth covered package into a metal box, which was to receive Cicerich's money also and be deposited in the bank. The key to the locked box was given to Cicerich by one of the swindlers. At the bank Cicerich discovered that he had been duped. Both men had fled. Cicerich declared he was now penniless.

25 MURDERS UNSOLVED.

St. Louis Police Fail to Hold Single Person for These Crimes.

Special to The New York Times.

ST LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 25.—There have been twenty-five unsolved murders in St. Louis in the last year. In none of these case are there any person under indictment or awaiting further investigation.

Thirteen of these murders were committed by robbers or in the pursuit of criminals. Four policemen have lost their lives. Two were supposedly killed by highwaymen and two are thought to have been shot while following burglars. Four of the murders were "gang killings," and four more were Italian feud cases. Of the remainder, two were killings of women, apparently crimes of passion, and the deaths of two men were not explained sufficiently to be classified.

In the same year the total number of homicides shown by the coroner's record was 101. Recent additions to outstanding mysteries have been the death of Special Policeman Charles M. Daly from wounds inflicted by a highwayman, and the discharge of a man who had been held in investigation of the killing of William Laumann, a druggist, in his store.

MORE HELP NEEDED

For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

WOULD REWARD ROBBER KILLERS

Chicago Alderman Urges Promotion for Every Policeman Who "Gets" His Man.

SAYS THE MAYOR APPROVES

Instances Too Great Forbearance on Part of Three Members of Force Slain by Thugs.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 25.—Alderman Joseph O. Kostner today announced a plan to make immediate promotion the reward for every patrolman or sergeant who kills a burglar or hold-up man in the act of committing burglary or robbery.

"The plan may seem a little cold-blooded, but I believe it is what the force needs," Alderman Kostner said. "I have conferred with Chief of Police Fitz-Morris and it has his approval."

At Wednesday's City Council meeting Alderman Kostner intends to introduce an order directing the Council Finance Committee to incorporate his plan in the 1921 budget. The order will call for the creation of ten temporary sergeancies and five temporary lieutenancies for the use of Chief Fits-Morris in promoting patrolmen and sergeants who answer roll-call with the scalp of a burglar or rooper at their belts.

"That some incentive is needed to quicken the trigger finger of the police force is proved by events during the last three weeks," Alderman Kostner said. "Three policemen have been shot and killed in that period.

"The older members of the force specially are too sparing of criminal life. Take Patrolman Conlon, killed in the attempted stick-up of the Ashland Block drug store, for instance. He called on the robber six times to halt before firing. It was only when the robber fired a shot at him that Conlon pulled the trigger. The delay cost Conlon his life.

"In the case of Detective Sergeants Burns and Lenehan, killed by two hold-up men Oct. 3, they told the murderers to put away their guns, giving them a chance for life. The hold-up men answered with shots that sent the Sergeants to their graves.

"The robbers are not slow with their guns. Why should the police give quarter?"

Chief of Detectives Hughes has also put his O. K. on the plan, according to Alderman Kostner. With Chief Fitz-Morris's recommendation, behind it the suggestion has an excellent chance of receiving Council approval, as every request which the Chief has made of the Aldermen has been granted as soon as received.

CHICAGO'S 'QUIET' HOLIDAYS

Only 10 Hold-ups, 14 Motor Thefts and Some Bloodshed.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 25.—Chief Fitzmorris's round-up of criminal suspects on Christmas Eve was reflected today in a yuletide celebration comparatively free of banditry. Fewer than a dozen hold-ups were reported, a striking contrast to the preceding part of the week, when footpads counted between a score and two score of victims daily.

While the highwaymen remained quiet, incidents of gunplay principally featured the Christmas police records.

Enraged because she went to a Christmas Eve dance with another man, Joseph Weiss, 27 years old, shot and wounded Mrs. Anna Goodman, 24, in a rooming house, then he shot himself dead. Weiss was a tailor.

Several shots in a saloon led to an investigation by Traffic Policeman Michael Donovan. Frank Bodine, 28 years old, and another man ran from the front entrance. The policeman pursued them.

"Leave him alone," said Bodine, who stopped running when the policeman captured his comrade.

The two men are said to have attacked the policeman. The latter shot Bodine in the abdomen. The other man escaped.

Stanley Augustine, 23, was stabbed below the heart, probably fatally, and Leo Green, 28, was shot and wounded in the left leg in a fight in the saloon of Romen Borzak.

Ten hold-ups were reported in the course of the early morning hours and late Friday night, and fourteen automobiles were reported stolen.

LOCK UP WALKING ARSENAL.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—"Gun toters, yeggs and other bad characters who cannot get along with the police of New York City are not going to find easy pickings in Washington," said Judge Robert N. Harper in Police Court today when he sent Hilleary Smith, a longshoreman, of 399 Warren Street, Brooklyn, to jail for six months and fined him $35 on charges of carrying concealed weapons, drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

Smith, the police said, was the most complete "walking arsenal" ever arrested in Washington. He carried, they said, three large automatic revolvers, three razors, two dirk knives, 200 cartridges, a pack of cards, said to have been marked, and two half-pints of whisky. In a paper sack, tied to one of the bottles, was a pair of loaded dice.

OBREGON DISTRIBUTES GIFTS TO CHILDREN

Holds Fiesta for Mexico City's Poor With Bands and Giant Christmas Tree.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 25.—The poor children of Mexico City received a treat at the hands of President Obregon and his wife, who played Santa Claus to 10,000 of them. Hours before the time set for the opening of the baseball park, where the fiesta was held, the streets leading to the grounds were crowded with laughing, shouting children anxious to receive Christmas gifts.

One of the largest trees ever used was placed in the centre of the Park and decorated wit thhree-colored electric lights. FIre Department ladders were used to place the decorations on the tree, which was over sixty-five feet high. The centre of the Park was lined with booths where ladies of Mexican society, accompanied by several American women, distributed toys, a bag of candy and a sandwich to each child. President Obregon personally took charge of the distribution.

A hundred suits of clothes and sweaters were distributed among the most poorly clad. The toys, clothes and candy had been purchased with money sent by American ladies who were guests at President Obregon's inauguration and raised by local subscriptions. The military bands played popular airs all the afternoon. After the distribution of the gifts the children were entertained at an open air theatre, where Mexico City's best artists performed. As each child left the park a fifty-cent piece was given him by officials of the President's staff, headed by General Perez and General Trevino, with the best wishes of the President.

The park was opened after dark for the entertainment of the larger children with a display of fireworks. The surprising quality of the gifts, most of which were expensive toys, was due to the fact that President Obregon personally ordered the selections. President Obregon threw dignity to the winds. Accompanied by his young son, he mixed with the crowds of children, laughing and playing with those who had never seen the President when he was not surrounded by armed guards. With the exception of fifty soldiers, who were detailed to help the police restrain the children from sacking the booths no armed forces were visible, the President, his wife and children being accompanied by his Chief of Staff and a few personal friends.

At a Cabinet meeting at midday the Ministers discussed means of solving the crisis effecting cotton and sisal production. The return of the railways were not settled, being referred to next Saturday's meeting. A local paper publishes the statement that American bankers will establish five banks in Mexico, one having $50,000,000 capital. It is understood no banks will be established until after the passage of the new banking law, now in Congress.

OBREGON FOR STATE LAW.

He Abolishes Carranza's Policy of Controlling Governors.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 25.—President Obregon has established a new system of State Governments. During the Carranza régime each State Governor kept a representative near the President. President Obregon now has issued orders to the State Governors that no representatives will be accepted.

He also has advised the Governors that they will be responsible for the settlement of all strikes and labor troubles in their States, the Federal Government taking no part until the Governors may have demonstrated that they are unable to handle the situation. Then martial law would be declared and the Federal Government take charge of the States.

THINKS BALLOONISTS SAFE.

Lieut. Evans Confident Men Lost a Fortnight Will Be Found.

Confidence that the three missing naval ballonists are safe somewhere was expressed in a telegram received at the Rockaway Point Naval Air Station last night from Lieutenant A. W. Evans, who went to Ottawa, Canada, a few days ago to organize a corps of men detailed to search for the three—Lieutenant A. L. Kloor, Stephen A. Farrell and Walter Hinton. The three sailed away on a long distance flight in a free balloon nearly two weeks ago and nothing has been heard of them since.

The facts on which Lieutenant Evans bases his belief that the ballonists are safe were not stated in the telegram. He has not obtained any definite news concerning them, and it is believed at the air station that he has discovered nothing in conditions in Ottawa to upset the theory that the men landed in some place far distant from means of communication.

It was said by officers at the air station that they believed the missing aviators might have to wait for weeks before they could get any one to guide them to a settlement with a telephone or telegraph office. Lieutenant Evans is returning to Rockaway Point, having completed arrangements for the searching party in Canada.

STEADY INCREASE IN UNEMPLOYMENT

Chicago Reports Textile, Automobile and Steel Industries Hard Hit.

PLANTS SHUT 'FOR REPAIRS'

Woolen, Silk, Men's Clothing, Leather and Shoe Factories Are Also Laying Off Men.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 25.—During December unemployment in this country has kept growing, but Chicago has not been nearly so hard hit as have the industrial centres of the East, particularly the textile and automotive centres, which for months have been in the doldrums. The fact is illustrated by a report from one of the leading Eastern railroads on its present traffic in Chicago for less than carload lot shipments. This report shows:

Outbound shipments from Chicago to the East were 80 per cent. less than in December a year ago.

Inbound shipments from the East to Chicago were 70 per cent. less than for the same period in 1919.

Some of Chicago's largest industries are running almost with as large a force as during the Autumn.

The agricultural implement industry, for instance, with approximately 25,000 workers, since Nov. 1 has had a lay-off of about 7 per cent., meaning only 1,750 out of employment. Some of the big steel mills are running at the old 80 per cent. capacity which measured their output last September and October. Others are operating at only 35 to 40 per cent. capacity. The independents are hardest hit, but in the Calumet-Indiana section they are apparently in much better shape than in the mill centres of Ohio and Pennsylvania.

Some plants in the metal industries have closed down entirely until after New Year's "for repairs." One employment manager estimates that in the Calumet-Indiana territory about 20,000 men are either out of work or are on part time. Another estimates it at 15,000.

The building trades in Chicago are hardest hit. Next come the clothing workers. Leading builders say activities are now reduced by 75 per cent. Most of this, of course, is seasonal, but the estimate is that 25,000 to 30,000 building craftsmen in Chicago are out of work.

Government figures just out covering volume of employment in thirteen manufacturing industries, indicate the extent of the slowing down throughout the country. Comparison of employment in identical establishments in November, 1919, and November, 1920:

	Per Cent. Decrease in No. of men.	Per Cent. Decrease in Payroll.
Automobiles	29	37
Cotton finishing	24	23
Hosiery and underwear	30	30
Woolen	39	34
Silk	15	19
Men's clothing	31	37
Leather	30	28
Boots and shoes	31	33

There were increases in iron and steel and car building.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., Dec. 25.—The record for December will show a curtailment in production at the steel mills at Pueblo, C. F. Welborn, President of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, said last night. For two or three short periods the working force has been reduced from 6,000 to 4,000 men, and the thirty-day period will probably show that the big plant worked but little over half time.

"There has been no diminution in the demand for steel rails," said Mr. Welborn. "In fact, this demand is increasing, but there has been a sharp decline in orders made in the wire and nail and the mechant products department of our plant. We are hoping that the first of the year inventories will result in conditions calling for increased order."

KU KLUX WARNS LOAFERS.

Both Whites and Blacks Are Threatened in Georgia.

COLUMBUS, Ga., Dec. 25.—White-robed figures paraded here tonight and scattered circulars which read:

"Warning: Undesirables, both white and black, we are after you. We know you! Take warning! This loafing, thieving and prowling around has got to stop. Ku Klux."

Wreck Ties Up I. R. T. Traffic.

An eight-car train on the Lexington Avenue Division of the I. R. T. jumped the rails near the Atlantic Avenue Subway station last night, and for an hour and a half service was blocked. A shuttle service was established between the Atlantic Avenue station and the terminal of the road at East New York, and passengers bound for the Bronx had to transfer to trains of the Seventh Avenue line, and thence to northbound Lexington Avenue trains at Borough Hall, Brooklyn.

DENOUNCE 'JEHOVAH SYKES.'

Denver Police Declare Religious "Prophet" to Be a Menace.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Dec. 25.—Chief of Police Armstrong, after six weeks of investigation by his men into the teachings of Jehovah Sykes, self-styled "Second Christ, King of the World," and alleged immoralist, who is at the head of the Temple of David here, says that the man should be run out of town.

"I am convinced that Sykes and his outfit are a menace to society, and we will not harbor his free love in our city," said Armstrong.

After publication of the police expose on the alleged conduct of Sykes and some of his followers, a committee of church elders appeared and offered to defend and to explain their teachings, stating that a misinterpretation of their creed had gained currency.

The chief complainants against Sykes are former members of the church. They allege that their homes were broken up by Sykes; that their children were hungry and ate from trash cans because of his order to cease work for seven months to prepare for the end of the world.

Sykes's latest prediction is that there will never be another President of the United States inaugurated. He, instead, is to be monarch supreme of the whole universe, and Marie Freide, a church woman, is to be his Queen.

Sykes was sentenced in San Francisco on June 25, 1919, to eighteen months' imprisonment in the Federal Penitentiary at McNeil's Island, Washington., for conspiracy to obstruct the draft law, but was released on bond pending a decision by the United States Supreme Court on a petition for a writ of certiorari. Sykes was pastor of the "Church of the Living God," in Berkeley, and, several of his followers were convicted with him.

Charges of gross immorality, contributing to juvenile delinquency, sedition, and several others of a like nature, were filed with the District Attorney's office against Sykes by Chief of Police Armstrong on Friday.

A gold watch and chain are said to have been used by Sykes as a sort of witch's pendulum. Holding the end of the chain between thumb and forefinger, with the watch dangling below, Sykes would ask:

"Is this person possessed of the devil? If so, vibrate."

If the watch and chain remained motionless, the person on trial did not have a devil, but if the watch moved the person had a devil. He is said to have assisted in his own wife to this test. The watch vibrated and he declared his wife had a devil. That was one of his excuses for casting her aside and taking Marie Freide to be his "Queen."

I understood the watch vibrated when my husband asked Jehovah if I was possessed of a devil," said Mrs. Sykes on Friday in her room at 2,217 Court Place. "I know that was his method of finding out."

WOULD DIVORCE J. H. BROWN

Former Grace Drew Sues Well-Known Denver Attorney.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Dec. 25. — Charges that James H. Brown, an attorney and son of H. C. Brown, a Colorado pioneer and builder of the Brown Palace Hotel, was cruel and failed to support her are contained in a divorce complaint filed in the County Court by his wife, a former opera singer.

Mrs. Brown has been separated from her husband some time and lives in St. Louis. She came to Denver a few days ago to sign the complaint. She charges her husband with mental cruelty and refusal to speak to her for days at a time.

Simultaneously with the filing of his wife's papers, Brown filed a formal answer, denying the charges. The case has caused a stir.

Mrs. Brown, formerly Grace Drew, was a star in "Alma, Where Do You Live?" and prima donna in "The Chocolate Soldier." Mr. Brown, who is 61 years old, has been a prominent lawyer here.

Both Brown and his wife were married before. Brown's first wife was Miss Mary A. Clarke. They were divorced Sept. 8, 1913. Grace Drew obtained a divorce in October of the same year from John W. Drew, a St. Louis business man. At that time she declared emphatically that she would never marry again. But the following January she married Brown, whom she had come to know, because as an attorney he managed her financial affairs in Denver, where she had gone to live.

WOMEN ASK DISARMAMENT.

Peace Society Holds Demonstration in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—A demonstration on disarmament was conducted by the Women's Peace Society at the Franklin Monument late today, the principal address being delivered by Mrs. Robert M. LaFollette, wife of the Senator.

"It is not for the restoration of the weapons of war or any of the insignia of military power," Mrs. Lafollette said, "that the women of Germany are appealing to the mercy of the Allies. No, they are only asking that their milk cows, on which they depend to save the lives of their starving children, be not taken from them.

"And in this heart-reading appeal they have the sympathy of the sisterhood of the world. Theirs is the elemental cry that moves women to action. We women want the starving fed, the blockades lifted, trade restored, friendship renewed, mutual forgiveness, peace and good-will on earth again."

Mrs. Lafollette declared that the women would vote to defeat Senators and Congressmen who stand "for war and militarism." "We women have the power," she said. "On the issue of militarism we hold the balance of power. We have the ballot. We propose to be practical. We are going to watch Congress.

"And here on this day, precious to the hearts of the Christian world, at the very door of the Capitol of our beloved nation, we vow to use our votes to defeat Senators and Representatives in Congress who stand for war and militarism and to elect Senators and Representatives who stand for peace and disarmament."

REAL RICKENBACKER WAS NEAR ARREST

Suspected as the Florida Fugitive, Ace Barely Escaped Going to Chicago Cell.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 25.—Eddie Rickenbacker, the premier American ace, came near spending Christmas in a Chicago jail instead of with his mother in this city, he told friends here today.

On his way East from California, Rickenbacker registered at a Chicago hotel. The clerk, believing him to be the fake "Eddie Rickenbacker," who was married in Jacksonville, Fla., early this week, and was alleged to have disappeared later after having embezzled several thousand dollars, called the house detective to arrest him.

After much explaining, Rickenbacker convinced the police that he was the real Eddie Rickenbacker, and he was finally released.

HER JOKE NOW ON HER.

Lawyer Claims Colorado Belle as Common-Law Wife.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., Dec. 25.—Some months ago Oscar A. Johnson, prominent attorney of Boulder, proposed marriage to Miss Edith M. Haight of Littleton and was rejected. Johnson was 62 years old and Miss Haight not yet 30. Several times later Johnson repeated his proposals, with the same result. Then one night last April, when the couple sat on the Haight front porch, Johnson gazed meditatively at the moon and spoke solemnly:

"I, Oscar, do take Edith M. Haight as my lawful wedded wife, to love, honor, cherish and obey till death do us part."

Miss Haight laughed at the joke.

"I dare you to say that, transposing the names," said Johnson.

"You can't dare me," laughed Miss Haight, "I, Edith Haight, do take Oscar Johnson as my lawful wedded husband, to love, honor, cherish and obey till death do us part."

"Fine," said Johnson. "Now we are married."

The next day Johnson appeared at the Haight home and demanded that the young woman get ready to start on their honeymoon in California.

"Don't carry a joke too far," said Miss Haight.

"It's no joke," the lawyer assured her. "You're my wife—my common law wife," and he produced a statute to prove his case.

Then, when Miss Haight refused to consider even this, Johnson gave his ultimatum.

"Were married, and if you won't come with me, I shall have to file divorce proceedings."

Nearly distracted, Miss Haight sought out Attorney John T. Maley in Denver, and told him the circumstances, and yesterday Mr. Maley filed suit, asking the Court to restrain Johnson from visiting, accosting or in any manner trying to communicate with the young woman.

Otis Harlan a Bankrupt.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 25.—Otis Harlan, well-known comedian, yesterday filed a petition in bankruptcy. He swears that his debts total $22,000 and that his assets, consisting of real estate in the Bronx, New York City, amount to $17,300. Of his liabilities $9,435 are listed as secured claims.

GIVE CHEER TO STRIKERS

Williamson Community Supplies Tree and Gifts.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., Dec. 25.—The first public assembly in Williamson since the Tug River coal district was placed under military control on May 1 was permitted by the military tonight about the community Christmas tree.

Soldiers on strike duty, mountaineers and residents of Williamson gathered about the tree erected in the court house yard and, through organized direction, held appropriate services and sang Christmas songs.

Not a child of a striking miner in either the Mingo tent colonies or in company houses was missed by relief workers, according to union leaders. Every stocking was filled this morning and each family was adequately supplied with provisions.

Company funds were drawn upon to provide turkey and trimmings for the troops in Williamson and on outpost duty throughout the coal district. Christmas trees were set up at all military posts. The soldiers went into the mountains and cut their own trees. Those on duty in Williamson already had their tree prepared, as the community celebration took place directly in front of military headquarters.

Reports from all sections of the strike district tonight indicated that quiet had prevailed during the day.

FIVE CRIMES IN SYRACUSE

Four Homes Are Robbed and One Man Is Assaulted on Christmas Day.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 25.—One assault and four burglaries were reported in this city today. One arrest was made in the assault, but no clues have been found to any of the burglars.

William Mackey is in a hospital with severe cuts in his face and neck as a result of the assault. He is weak from loss of blood and his condition is critical. Charles Adams, a negro, is held charged with being Mackey's assailant. The fight took place in a "hard cider joint" and the slashing, it is said, followed an argument between the two men. Adams wielded a razor, it is alleged, drawing the blade across Mackey's face and into his throat. The police raided the joint and arrested five negro men. They are being held as material witnesses.

Chief of Police Cadin has ordered a clean-up of all pool rooms, hard cider joints and objectionable places.

Shoots Wife, Kills Himself.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 25.—John Kennedy, aged 50, a former Pittsburgh Police Lieutenant, today went to the home of his wife, with whom he has not been living for several months, and, after shooting her, killed himself. Hospital surgeons said Mrs. Kennedy could not survive.

Gerdes Electric Ventilators

For Health and Efficiency

Diffuse unheated fresh air without draught or chill.

Send for booklet and references.

Theodore R. N. Gerdes,
105 Bank St., New York.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

664-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue. 46TH and 47TH STS

Will Begin Tomorrow

After-Christmas Sales

of

Mid-Winter Fashions

at very much less than former prices

Day and Evening GOWNS

Luxuriously Fur-trimmed SUITS

Stunning DAY COATS AND WRAPS

BLOUSES MILLINERY

RICH FURS

and IMPORTED NOVELTIES

BERGDORF GOODMAN

616 FIFTH AVENUE

FUR SALE

Handsome Chinchilla Cape	$8000	formerly	$12000
White Caracul and Natural Blue Fox Wrap	1200	formerly	2500
Beautiful Russian Ermine Wrap	1800	formerly	2500
Very Dark Mink Wrap	3500	formerly	6500
Finest Broadtail Coat—Chinchilla collar	4500	formerly	6500
Grey Caracul Wrap—very smart	900	formerly	1500
Seal Wraps—smart shape	650	formerly	900
Mole Wraps—latest styles	600	formerly	850
Squirrel Capes—graceful and stylish	900	formerly	1200

Short coats in caracul, seal, mole, beaver, squirrel—Priced very low.

SCIENTISTS PUZZLE OVER QUAKE RECORDS

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

States Weather Bureau failed to get the preliminary tremor, but merely recorded it after the vibration had been under way, and so the distance was miscalculated. He said that there was no way of determining at this time whether the first or the second theory was accurate.

Father Tondorf has asked for the seismograms of the other observatories and is making a study of them. So far as he has learned the records at Ottawa, Harvard and in Mexico are at variance, and the only records that actually agree as to time and intensity of vibration are those made at the United States Weather Bureau here and at Georgetown. These are only two seconds apart and show that the disturbance was 2,800 miles distant.

In the opinion of seismic authorities there is no way of determining definitely whether the instruments failed to get the preliminary vibration or whether there were several tremors at the same time, unless further inquiry shows that there has been another convulsion, which may have occurred at sea.

They expressed the opinion, however, that, if the record was actually that of the China tremor, the instruments failed to record the first tremor, and that they dipped down into the vibration after the preliminary tremor had been lost. In this case, they say, there may have been a miscalculation, although at this time they are at sea as to solving the problem which is puzzling them and has excited the interest of observers everywhere.

"The reports from different seismographs are contradictory," said Father Tondorf. "My report checked up almost exactly with that of the United States Weather Bureau. In the last couple of days I have heard from Harvard, Mexico and Ottawa. The first report from Ottawa showed that the tremor was within 3,000 miles, but the second calculation made at Ottawa showed that it was further away. The records in Mexico are different, as are those in the Harvard observatory.

"It is just possible that the first wave of the tremor was indistinct and that our records dipped down after the preliminary tremor. This would have brought about miscalculation and would make it impossible to estimate the exact distance."

Father Tondorf said that there was no way of overcoming this possible failure of the instruments to get the vibrations when they began, if they were indistinct and far distant.

According to Professor W. J. Humphreys, the seismic expert in the United States Weather Bureau, the instrument there did not record the seismic disturbance in China on Dec. 16. He was firm in his conclusion that the shock in China would have been too indistinct to make a real seismogram here, and that there was another convulsion of the earth on the same date within 2,800 miles—the one that was recorded on the seismograph in the Weather Bureau and at the Georgetown University.

"There could have been no mistake in the calculations," he said. "The reading of our instrument and that at Georgetown University are of the same vibration and time. I cannot agree with those who have reached the conclusion that the record was that of the quake in China. While we have not yet received information of another quake on that date, yet I am convinced that there was a distinct convulsion of the earth within 2,800 miles distance. It might have taken place in the ocean, and we may never determine its exact location.

"We are certain that our reading is correct. I doubt whether the shock in China would be distinct enough to be recorded here. Of one thing I am certain, that the shock recorded in America was within 2,800 miles, and not as far away as China. It would seem that the earth has accumulated a lot of strain, and there might have been several quakes on that day. The instrument at Chicago indicates that the shock was within 3,000 miles."

"Then you are positive that the calculations were correct and that the record here was not of that 6,000 miles away, in China?" he was asked.

"That is my present belief. The instruments are accurate, and there was no misreading. My opinion is that there were several movements of the earth at the same time, now that we have been told of the earthquake in China."

Chicago Observer's View.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 25.—Charles A. Donnell, expert in charge of the local Weather Bureau seismograph, is not satisfied that the Chinese earthquake is the one recorded on the seismographs of the United States on Dec. 16. He declares that an earthquake occurred in Chile on that date and that it is more likely that it was the one recorded.

"Our estimates on the location of earthquakes are based upon the difference of time between the recording of the primary waves and the secondary waves. On Dec. 16 there was some doubt as to when the primary wave began to be felt. This was due to the fact that seismograph is disturbed by wind conditions and also by what are known as microseisms or small earthquakes. It is possible under these conditions that there may have been a grave error in our calculations. I will say, however, that the charts of the seismograph records which will be exhibited at the convention of the Academy for the Advancement of Science, which opens next week in Rosenwald Hall, will be labeled merely 'record of earthquake of Dec. 16, location unknown.'

"The only way in which I know how to improve seismograph records is to locate the instruments in buildings less easily shaken by the wind. It is known that even a fifteen-mile wind will shake a building sufficiently to disturb the seismograph record."

Repetti Places Recorded Quake in China.

Although some seismographic experts in other cities are of the opinion that insufficient data prevent an absolute statement as to the location of the tremor of Dec. 16, C. W. Repetti, formerly seismographic expert of Fordham University, said yesterday that the "lost" earthquake was apparently the same one which inflicted a heavy toll in the extreme northwest of China.

The instrument at Fordham was not in use on Dec. 16, Mr. Repetti said, and he depended for his judgment on the records made at Georgetown University. "The fact that a shock of no mean proportions had taken place was reported on all the instruments," he said. "Until the news dispatch from China was published no reports had come in by telegra

$500,000,000 CREDIT TO FARMERS

Governor Harding Reports Reserve Banks Have Increased Instead of Restricting Loans.

FIGURES REFUTE CHARGES

More Than 2½ Times as Much Paper Discounted in Eleven Months as in Year 1919.

TABLES STILL INCOMPLETE

Returns From Reserve Banks of New York and San Francisco Not Yet Turned In.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—More than two and one-half times as much agricultural paper has been rediscounted by Federal Reserve banks in the eleven months down to Dec. 1, 1920, as was rediscounted during the entire year of 1919, according to estimates furnished by Governor Harding of the Federal Reserve Board to Senator A. J. Gronna, chairman of the Senate Committee on Agriculture. The estimates furnished show that farm paper rediscounted already this year amounts to almost two billion dollars. The estimates are: 1920, $1,980,063,000; 1919, $729,266,000.

The farmers have been complaining that Federal Reserve banks discriminated against them, and instead of making credits to the growers more elastic, actually restricted loans. These charges have been made many times within the last three months, beginning with the bitter meetings between farm delegates and Secretary of the Treasury Houston, and Governor Harding in October. Treasury officials have consistently maintained that credits were not restricted but were greatly increased. Nevertheless, the farmers have insisted that they have been discriminated against, and on this contention they have based their demand for a revival of the War Finance Corporation. The bill reviving the corporation has been passed by Congress and is now in the hands of the President.

More Loans Than Are Tabulated.

In his letter to Senator Gronna, Governor Harding intimates that while his figures are merely estimates based on the production and sales of farm products, undoubtedly much more money than is tabulated was actually loaned to the farmers. He writes:

"In compliance with the request made in your letter of Dec. 14, for information regarding the amount of actual agricultural paper rediscounted during the years 1919 and 1920 (to date), based on agricultural production and sales of the respective years, I have the honor to submit herewith copy of a tabular statement compiled from telegraphic data received from all Federal Reserve Banks, excepting the Federal Reserve Banks of New York and San Francisco. Figures from the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco have not yet been transmitted to the board, but will be sent you separately as soon as received.

"The Federal Reserve Bank of New York states that it has never classified its discounted paper with reference to industries represented by makers of notes rediscounted and is therefore unable to furnish the information desired promptly, even approximately. In view, however, of the very small amount of farmers' paper discounted in the New York district, it is not believed the omission of the New York data seriously impairs the value of the statement.

"Section 13 of the Federal Reserve act provides that notes, drafts and bills drawn or issued for agricultural purposes or based on live stock having a maturity of not longer than six months, are eligible for rediscount by a Federal Reserve bank, the limit of maturity in all other cases being ninety days. The Federal Reserve banks rediscount large amounts of agricultural paper which has a maturity not exceeding ninety days, but such paper is classified with other paper of like maturity.

"Therefore, agricultural and live stock paper, as shown by the Federal Reserve banks, applies only to paper having a maturity of longer than ninety days. The board receives this information from day to day and the amount of agricultural and live stock paper under discount at each Federal Reserve bank, that is, paper having a maturity of from ninety days to six months, is published each month in the Federal Reserve Bulletin.

"The special figures furnished by the Federal Reserve banks in accordance with your request are in all cases estimates, no exact figures of the total volume of loans for agricultural purposes being available at the Federal Reserve banks. In the first place, most of the borrowings at Federal Reserve banks by member banks during the year 1919 and a considerable proportion of these borrowings during the current year have been in the form of the borrowing banks' own notes, secured by Government obligations or by commercial, industrial and agricultural paper. It is known that member banks in New York City have made large loans to their correspondent banks throughout the country, and it is reasonable to suppose that part of the proceeds of such loans have been applied by the borrowing banks for agricultural purposes, but it is impossible to state the amount.

Conditions Similar in Other Banks.

"The same is true with respect to loans made by member banks in Chicago, St. Louis, Minneapolis, Kansas City, New Orleans and other financial centres throughout the country. Non-member State banks lend large sums in the aggregate for agricultural purposes, but as they have no dealings with the Federal Reserve banks their loans to farmers are not reflected in the figures furnished by the Federal Reserve banks, although it is a fact that all Federal Reserve banks have been lending a large amount to member banks, which have in turn rediscounted paper for non-member banks.

"It should be borne in mind also that the total amount of farmers' notes rediscounted by Federal Reserve banks gives no indication of the amount advanced by the Federal Reserve banks to finance the production and sale of farm products, since large amounts advanced to member banks in other districts on commercial and industrial paper are used by these banks for loans

"The increased holdings of agricultural paper by the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston during July and August of the present year, represent in the greater part paper held under rediscount for other Federal Reserve banks. The comment made regarding the incompleteness of the figures in the first table applies with equal force to the figures in the table showing the monthly holdings, which are exclusive of the Federal Reserve Bank holdings of non-agricultural paper, the proceeds of which may have been used by the member banks to finance production and sales of agricultural staples.

Governor Harding's estimate of the paper rediscounted with the Federal Reserve banks, based on the production and sale of farm products, follows. In each case the 1919 figures are given first, and the 1920 figures second. Remarks by Governor Harding are appended. The figures, as applied to the Federal Reserve banks in each of twelve cities, are:

Boston	$2,642,000	$4,979,000	..These figures confined to farm and dairy loans and do not include large amounts advanced in cotton, wool and similar lines.
New York	No data	No data	
Philadelphia	2,971,000	3,580,000	..Figures are confined to strictly agricultural paper, omitting the paper of wool dealers, cotton merchants, produce dealers, packers, agricultural implements and fertilizer concerns.
Cleveland	612,000	1,753,000	..Total agricultural and livestock paper discounted. These figures do not reflect accommodation granted to agricultural interests, as many members borrow on United States securities to afford accommodation to agricultural borrowers.
Richmond	102,000,000	325,000,000	..Figures include estimated amount of commercial and industrial paper discounted, the proceeds of which were used for agricultural purposes.
Atlanta	91,300,000	280,000,000	..Figures include estimated amount of commercial and industrial paper discounted, the proceeds of which were used for agricultural purposes.
Chicago	47,263,000	128,408,000	..Figures represent amount of farmers' notes discounted. Actual amounts loaned for production and sale of farm products is much in excess of amounts given, as sales of farm products are largely financed by commercial paper, which large amount are loaned to banks on commercial paper or notes secured by United States obligations, the proceeds of which are loaned for agricultural purposes either directly or through correspondent banks.
St. Louis	220,000,000	685,000,000	..In addition a large part of loans on commercial and Government secured paper was unquestionably for benefit of farmers.
Minneapolis	75,000,000	225,000,000	
Kansas City	123,481,000	220,432,000	
Dallas	28,997,000	44,911,000	..Figures do not include member banks' collateral notes, the proceeds of which were used for loans to agricultural interests.
San Francisco	35,000,000	122,000,000	..Figures include total amounts of paper rediscounted during the two years, based upon production and sales of farm products, excluding notes secured by Government obligations. The bank is unable to estimate the amount of paper rediscounted which represents borrowings on account of production and sales during the preceding year.
Total for 11 banks	$729,266,000	$1,980,063,000	

The second table alluded to by Governor Harding, showing the total amount of live stock and agricultural paper held by each Federal Reserve bank on the last Friday of every month during the last two years reveals that the twelve banks began with $50,001,000 of this paper in January, 1919, going to $68,250,000 in June of that year and decreasing to $51,068,000 in December last year. From $56,905,000 in January, 1920, the amount rose steadily until no less than $245,599,000 was in the banks in November of this year.

WILL DISCUSS FUTURE OF WOMAN'S PARTY

Next Month's Meetings May Decide Whether It Will Maintain Separate Existence.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Whether the National Woman's Party, the militant suffrage organization, will continue as a separate political group, and, if so, what platform it will adopt, will be discussed at two conferences arranged today for Jan. 13 and 28. Both these conferences, which will be held in Washington, will be preliminary to the national convention of the Woman's Party to be held here Feb. 15 to 19.

Members of the party's Executive Committee will participate in the conference on Jan. 13, and members of the State Advisory Council and State Chairmen in the conference two weeks later. Reports will be prepared at both conferences, which will be submitted to the convention on the third day of the session, Feb. 17.

There is great interest among the suffragists as to the future of their party. It may turn out that the organization will continue as a unit in order to push legislation insuring equal rights to women under Federal and State laws. At present, the women say, there are many inequalities, men having the general advantage in court proceedings. On the other hand, the Woman's Party may be dissolved and its contemplated work carried out by the Federation of Women's Clubs, a large and influential organization.

The report of the Executive Committee on its opinion concerning the program of the party will be presented to the convention by Mrs. Donald R. Hooker of Baltimore, the report of the National Advisory Council by Mrs. Edward C. Grise of Pennsylvania, and the report of the National Committee of State Chairmen by Mrs. Agnes Morcy of Boston, State Chairman of Massachusetts.

PENROSE OPPOSES PIECEMEAL TARIFF

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

ovens will be supplanted by by-product ovens and the $1,000,000,000 which is lost each year will be conserved and turned into the use of the human family.

"But there is a reason for building up the dye industry in this country which transcends the desire to establish a new industry. It is the national defense. The World War developed poisonous gases as a new and vital instrument of modern warfare. Ammunition dumps captured during the last drive of the allied armies showed that fully 50 per cent. of the shells, instead of containing explosives, as practically all shells did at the beginning of the war, were loaded with poisonous gases. The Germans used gas with deadly effect against us.

"These gases are manufactured in dye plants, and it was to counteract the use of gas as a weapon that the industry sprang up in this country. Now if we permit it to languish, obviously we neglect a measure for the national defense that has proved highly important. Great Britain and France have recognized this fact and both have imposed an embargo against German dyes, which will result in building up the industry in those countries. We should do the same.

"By developing the manufacture of dyes we not only provide new business activities and plants which give employment to many people, but at the same time we adopt measures for the national defense which in the event of another war in the future would be of the most vital importance. Why should we go ahead building battleships and overlook a phase of the defense which has been demonstrated to be of such great importance?

"The duty of Congress is very plain, in my opinion. I propose to use my efforts toward the establishing of this new industry and firmly entrenching it here because I believe it is the part of wisdom for us to do so."

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, Dec. 25.—Senator Penrose, who is here, does not believe that his physicians will seriously object to his plans to go to Washington next week. He expects to start for the capital on Hhursday, but may not leave before Saturday. He will not go anyway, if the physicians oppose.

"I have never made a move without their knowledge and consent since I became ill," he said.

Argentine Paper for Reprisals.

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 25.—Commenting on protests which have been made here against the proposed new tariff law in the United States, La Razon says:

"There is no good in protesting against what the Americans are doing. We must imitate them. In playing the same game we will come out ahead." An increased tariff on North American products is suggested.

NEW TYPES OF SHIPS FOR AMERICAN NAVY

Airplane Carriers Now Under Construction Can Accommodate 15 Machines Each.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Among the 140 vessels under construction for the navy are four types new to the American battle fleet, but long in use by the other principal maritime powers. They are the battle cruiser, of which six are being built; the scout or light cruiser, the airplane carrier and the fleet submarine.

The battle cruiser will be of great speed, light armor, long cruising radius and strong offensive armament, the ships being designed primarily for ranging work ahead of the main body and for action at long range against vessels of their own class. They are to have a speed of slightly more than thirty-three knots (about forty miles) an hour and will carry eight 16-inch guns mounted two in a turret.

The ten light cruisers also will function as scout cruisers. They will have a speed of 33.7 knots and will carry an exceptionally heavy armament for vessels of their class, mounting twelve 6-inch guns. They are designed to develop 90,000 horsepower, half that of the battle cruisers.

One of the most interesting of the new types is the aircraft carrier Langley, formerly the collier Jupiter. This vessel is being built along the line of the General Board's policy that aircraft carriers should be combatant vessels whose speed and other characteristics will permit of their use with the fleet at sea. The Langley will carry in the neighborhood of fifteen airplanes of both the sea and military scouting types. The ship's flying deck will consist of a huge platform, fifty-six feet above the waterline, extending from bow to stern, a distance of about 525 feet, and with an amidships width of 65 feet. The planes will be housed below on the hangar deck when not in use and will be carried to the flying deck in elevators. Catapults will be provided on the flying deck to project the planes into the air and give them the necessary momentum for a start. Arresting devices will be rigged on the flying deck to permit of landing directly on the deck while the Langley is under way, and huge cranes will also be installed to pick planes out of the water.

Beneath the flying deck other traveling cranes will be provided to hoist aircraft out of the hold spaces and to carry them to machine shops, assembling spaces and the elevators. Shop facilities for repairs will include a completely equipped machine shop, wing repairing shop, molding spaces, a metal shop and various storerooms.

An ingenious method for providing smoke pipes without breaking the flying deck area is devised for the Langley. The ship will have two smoke funnels, one on each side, clear of the flying deck and interconnected so that the smoke may always be discharged on the lee side and thus not interfere with the landing or discharge of aircraft.

The fleet submarines under construction number six. Six others authorized have not yet been contracted for. Their principal characteristics will be a long cruising radius, enabling them to accompany the fleets under practically all conditions, and new structural designs to make them as nearly as possible proof from depth charges. They will be more than 300 feet long, with a displacement of about 2,000 tons. The propelling machinery for surface cruising will be two main Diesel engines aft. The other Diesels forward will drive electric generators which will provide current for the two main electric motors to propel the submarines when submerged. The estimated surface speed is twenty knots and the submerged speed is ten knots.

In addition to these new types, Secretary Daniels and the General Board have recommended the construction during the next three years of three other types heretofore unknown in the United States Navy. They are the destroyer leader, long-range cruising submarine and mine-laying submarine similar to the German U-117.

MORE HELP NEEDED
For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

TO THAT BY ROOT

Brazilians Call It Milestone on Highway of Real Pan-Americanism.

CITY TOURED ON LAST DAY

Secretary Bade Formal Farewell to President Pessoa and Gave Reception Before Florida's Departure.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Dec. 24.—Secretary Colby completed the first leg of his South American journey tonight when he and the members of his mission bade farewell to a Brazilian Government reception committee on board the Florida, just before the battleship hauled up her anchor and started for Montevideo at 10:45 o'clock.

Mr. Colby left Brazil conscious of the open and sincere friendship between that country and the United States. The Brazilians took advantage of every opportunity during the party's stay of four days here to impress him with the depth and sincerity of their traditional friendship. Many Brazilians compared his visit with that made by Elihu Root, declaring that such visits by leading American officials were milestones in the highway leading to a real, vital Pan-Americanism.

Mr. Colby spent a busy final day. He arose early and in an automobile toured the city, escorted by Mayor Carlos Sampaio, Ambassador Morgan, Alfredo Neimeyer, Director of Public Works, Alberto Moreira and other Brazilian and American officials. Tijuca Mountain and the beautiful wooded regions overlooking the city were first visited. From Alto Boa vista the Florida was visible as a mere speck on the surface of the bay hundreds of yards below. The party also visited the Chinese view and other locally noted mountain resorts. Mayor Sampaio gave a luncheon at the Hotel Itamaraty near by.

Afterward the party motored through the wonderful tropical rural regions south of Rio de Janeiro, ascending the Mountain of Gaven. Mr. Colby halted at Monroe Palace, headquarters of the Chamber of Deputies, long enough to pay a tribute to Brazil because it had made such a prominent public building a lasting monument to the Monroe Doctrine.

"Every man, woman and child calling the republics of the Western Hemisphere home owes a debt of gratitude to Brazil for having perpetuated this impressive memorial as the tribute of civilization to democracy," said the Secretary. "Coming from the United States, which first promulgated the doctrine of the great American President, Monroe, every citizen of the United States must be thrilled to look at this palace and see in it a vindication of the policy which has made for the advancement and protection of the republics linked together by it. It is the hope of the people of my country that the bonds thus created by this doctrine shall never fail to command respect, secure the right to independence and liberty and never prove irksome or be unjustly used to impair its unity or universal value."

Mr. Colby visited President Pessoa at Cattete Palace at 3 o'clock for a formal leave-taking. He thanked President Pessoa for the many courtesies, official and otherwise, received throughout his visit, and declared the warmth of the welcome even surpassed his expectations. Clasping the President's hand, the Secretary said he was so impressed by Brazilian friendship for the United States that the happy remembrance would still be fresh in his memory when he returned to the White House to convey Brazil's greetings to President Wilson.

President Pessoa replied that he hoped the remainder of the mission's visit to South America and the return home would be most enjoyable. He declared Brazil had been honored by the visit and that the people would long remember the mission.

After returning to Guanabara Palace Secretary Colby at 5 o'clock, escorted by a Brazilian marine guard, went to the wharf and was taken to the Florida. The reception on the battleship was a brilliant affair. Officials, diplomats, members of the American colony and Brazilian society were among the guests, including Senhora Epitacio Pessoa. The Florida was in gala attire.

PESSOA REGRETS OUR PEACE TREATY STAND

Brazil's President Believes Failure to Ratify Caused Loss of World Leadership.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Dec. 24.—President Pessoa in an interview expressed great regret that the United States had lost her pre-eminent position as the leader in international policies by failing to ratify the Peace Treaty, and intimated that he believed the failure was due to internal politics. He said:

"It is a great pity that the internal politics of the United States has prevented the ratification of the Peace Treaty. By failing to do so your country has lost the commanding leadership in world affairs that President Wilson won for it at Paris. I do not keep very close track of American political conditions and probably do not understand the influences responsible for the failure of your Senate to accept the Peace Treaty. Brazil is naturally very much interested in the beneficial purposes of the League of Nations. Therefore it is a matter of regret that the United States, which took the lead in the promotion of that great project, has not retained it.

"We hope that eventually it will take advantage of the opportunity for doing so. I wish that you would say to the people of America through your newspaper that the people of Brazil will make every earnest endeavor to continue the bond of friendship existing between our two countries. I am a very great admirer of President Wilson and of the people of the United States, and Mr. Colby has gratified me very much by the favorable impression he has received during his too brief stay. I am sure that he would the more fully realize the depth of the friendship of Brazil for the United States of America if he could remain longer. It is a very great pleasure to have met him, for our people like him ver much."

ITALIAN JOINS PAPAL ENVOY.

First Recognition of Vatican Representative Noted in Vienna.

ROME, Dec. 24.—News that Marquis della Torretta, Italian Minister at Vienna, participated in the official reception given by the Papal Nuncio in honor of the new President of the Austrian Republic has created a considerable impression here, being the first time an Italian diplomat has officially recognized a representative of the Pontiff abroad.

It is recalled that Marquis della Torretta's relations with Mgr. Cerretti, Papal Secretary of State, during the Paris peace conference, were excellent, and that later he shared his scanty supplies with Mgr. Valfre d'Bonzo, now Cardinal and formerly Nuncio at Vienna during the worst period of famine there.

Hoffmann's Admission Proves Need to Shun Reds, Says Francis.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 24.—David R. Francis, former Ambassador to Russia, commented today on the quoted statement of General Hoffmann, former Chief of Staff on the German East front, warning against Bolshevism as a world peril and admitting that Berlin sent Lenin to Russia to demoralize the army so that the German forces on that front could be sent west to the Bolshevist revolution on Nov. 7, 1917, that Lenin was a German agent, and now that General Hoffmann admits it, I hope the apologists and defenders of the Bolsheviki in America see the folly of their contention.

"The object of General Hoffmann's interview is to call attention to the menace of Bolshevism throughout Europe. He thinks that the Bolshevist Government of Russia cannot be overthrown by the Russian people themselves, and advises that the allied Governments send an army into Russia to depose the Soviet tyranny.

"This is a candid confession for a ment be deposed by the Allies on the ground that it was co-operating with the Central Empires, with which we were at war, and only maintained itself in power by a reign of terror which was a disgrace to civilization.

"In my judgment it would be a grievous mistake for any of the allied or associated Governments to resume commercial relations with Soviet Russia. Whatever any of these countries may send to Russia would be used by the Soviet Government to strengthen and perpetuate its despotic reign. That country has already been injured by Bolshevism to an extent that will take two generations at least to rewair."

Pulls Into the Water.

TROY, N. Y., Dec. 25.—John F. Phelan, a prominent Cohoes attorney, was drowned in the Cohoes Company's canal in that city this afternoon when his automobile backed through an open and into the water. The machine was of the limousine type and before rescuers could extricate the man he was dead.

Firemen were summoned and while the water was being drawn out of the canal they made fruitless efforts to chop through the roof of the automobile to release Phelan.

The Tailored Woman INC.

A Shop of Tailor-mades



After-Christmas Sale

of

SUITS COATS DRESSES

for

MISSES AND WOMEN

Suits of peachbloom, marvella, duvet de laine, fortuna, silk duvetyn, velours, mixtures.

Now $35, $68, $95

Coats of marvella, duvetyn, evora, heavy coatings.

Now $45, $68, $95

Dresses of tricotine, satin, velvet.

Now $45, $68, $95

Each Group Presenting the Correct Tailored Mode at Clearance Prices

622 Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

C. G. Gunther's Sons

391 Fifth Avenue

OUR CENTENARY SALE

will close on December 31st, the time when our January reductions customarily go into effect. We have therefore decided to combine both.

For the Final 5 Days

in addition to the present substantial reductions which the Centenary Sale offers, will be added further reductions which we ordinarily make in January.

This Applies to the Entire Stock

Furriers exclusively for one hundred years

FED AND CLOTHED

Santa Claus More Bountiful Yesterday Than of Recent Years.

POVERTY MORE IN EVIDENCE

Welfare Workers Report Conditions Worse—Cheer in Hospitals, Missions and Jails.

New York opened its arms to its poor and sick yesterday, took them in and cheered them with Christmas food and gifts, made the hearts of thousands of children glad with simple toys, brought happiness to the wards of hospitals, and proved again that it can be one of the most generous cities in the world.

There was need for its generosity. Welfare workers in the missions of the Bowery and east side and in the community settlements and relief associations in other sections agreed that conditions were worse than last year.

One of the biggest Christmas trees in the city was at the Elks Club, in West Forty-third Street, where all day long a line of children stretched to Broadway, waiting to get into the big room in which towered a tree of enchantment thirty-six feet high and loaded with twinkling lights. Around it sat and stood a shifting crowd of wide-eyed youngsters watching Santa Claus William Hartman and John Boone, the clown. They flowed up one stairway and down another, and when they left each had a confused impression of having been in Fairyland, where some one had given them the big bags of gifts they carried over their shoulders.

Elks Make 10,000 Children Happy.

It was the largest celebration the club has ever held. Nearly 10,000 children were taken care of, and 6,000 sweaters, 6,000 caps, 12,000 pairs of stockings, 8,000 dolls, with candy, fruit, games and toys, were given away. It cost $35,000, and the smiling officials of the club said it was worth every cent. Children from the Stage Children's Fund danced and sang for the less fortunate youngsters who had trudged through the cold. The youngest of them was Dorothy Susse, three and a half, who danced with all the nonchalance of an infant Pavlowa.

The mothers received 1,000 baskets of food, each containing two chickens, coffee, tea, sugar, spaghetti, tomatoes, milk and two loaves of bread. While the children were waiting in the street they had cookies and hot coffee so they wouldn t catch cold.

The Salvation Army gave away its food baskets on Christmas Eve, and supplied more than 5,000 families. Yesterday trees were lighted in the various corps houses and 5,000 children received presents. The Volunteers of America also gave 5,000 dinner baskets, the distribution being held in Madison Square Garden under the direction of General and Mrs. Ballington Booth. Mrs. Booth also sent out 500 packages to the wives and families of men now in prison.

Wounded Soldiers Entertained.

Wounded service men were not forgotten, and hundreds of them were entertained at clubs and in private homes, as well as in the hospitals. In the Fox Hills, Marine and Polyclinic Hospitals disabled men found trees and gifts and entertainments. The 275 disabled men who are being trained by the Federal Board for Vocational Education in Lincoln Institute turned themselves into 275 Santa Clauses and visited the hospitals to wish their buddies a happy Christmas and a healthy New Year.

At the Union League Club eighty-two wounded men were entertained. They were taken to the club in automobiles from vocational schools, and were guests at a turkey dinner eaten to the music of a jazz orchestra. Five wounded soldiers were entertained at the Yale Club.

The appeal sent out by the New York Community Service for invitations for disabled men brought so many responses that 1,000 men were the guests yesterday in private homes where they were made a part of the family circle. Some families entertained eight or ten. Many more had Christmas dinner at the Service Club at 230 West Forty-sixth Street.

The Knights of Columbus distributed more than 2,500 boxes of candy and many boxes of cigarettes, tooth paste and shaving soap to the disabled soldiers in the Public Health Service hospitals. They also distributed toys in all New York orphanages, most of the toys having been made by disabled soldiers in the Knights of Columbus toy section at St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Washington.

At the Health Service Hospital at Fox Hills, Staten Island, a reception was given in the Red Cross reception house for all the wounded who were able to leave their wards. A tree was in each of the thirty-four wards. In the afternoon there was an orchestra concert and a vaudeville entertainment. At the United States Marine Hospital at Clifton there were celebrations in the wards.

The city hospitals lost their institutional cheerlessness for one day, and gifts and dainty food contributed by thousands of persons broke the monotony of illness for the city's sick poor. "New York is the most generous city in the world," exclaimed Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Commissioner of Health, when he saw the response that had been made to his request for Christmas dainties.

Nurses Sing Christmas Carols.

A procession of nurses, carrying lighted candles, went through all the wards of the City Hospital yesterday morning at 5:30 o'clock, singing Christmas carols. There were fourteen Christmas trees for the 700 patients. In the Metropolitan Hospital, the workhouse, the almshouse and other institutions also on Blackwell's Island there were dinners and presents for the inmates. Bird S. Coler, Commissioner of Public Welfare, and several friends of the medical staff on "the island," visited the various buildings early in the day.

The patients at Bellevue and children in the out clinic took part in the largest celebration the old hospital has ever seen. Later fifty Bellevue children were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Randolph Hearst at the Capitol Theatre, and received stockings filled with toys, fruit and candy.

Miss Mildred Lum and several assistants were at the Health Department Building most of the day finishing the work of preparing presents. They sent warm clothing to the tuberculosis patients at the Otisville Sanitarium, and the children in Willard Parker Hospital received sweaters and woolen caps, as well as toys and candy.

The patients in Flower Hospital had an unexpected treat, when in the afternoon a boy violinist went through the wards playing Christmas music and old familiar songs. There were also Christmas trees and gifts in every ward. The big Christmas celebration for the children took place on Friday, when hundreds of them were given presents by the hospital authorities.

In New York and St. Vincent Hospitals the nurses woke the patients early in the morning with carols, and a doctor in each ward played Santa Claus. Enter-

MORE HELP NEEDED
For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

during too high on the lower chart, was served. Fordham and Lincoln Hospitals were visited by the representatives of religious and social welfare bodies, who brought gifts.

Santa Claus Goes to Jail.

Santa Claus even found his way into jail, and at the Tombs the scores of men who have been committed in the last few days because of the increase in their bail bonds dined on chicken, mashed potatoes, fruit and mince pie. There are 617 prisoners in the Tombs, and it took 700 pounds of chicken to feed them all. Friends of the prisoners were also allowed to send to them one chicken, sliced, and one pound of ham.

Mass was celebrated in the prison at 8 o'clock, and the Protestant services were held at 9 o'clock. Welfare workers visited the prison during the day and brought ice cream and candy to the twenty-five women and 115 boy inmates.

Christmas dinners were also served in the Jefferson Market, West Side, Harlem and Bronx County Jails. In the Raymond Street Jail, in Brooklyn, twenty men and two women charged with homicide had a special dinner.

An international Christmas party was given by Mme. Luisa Tetrazzini in the Hotel McAlpin yesterday to 100 children, representing twenty nationalities. She distributed dolls, fire engines, drums and other toys from the hotel Christmas tree, which she had helped Manager Frank A. Ready to prepare. When the noise from the drums had subsided Mme. Tetrazzini gathered the children around her at the piano and sang carols and operatic selections which they requested. It was a surprise to the children whose parents are guests of the hotel.

Hotel Employes Get $250,000.

Children of the employes of the Waldorf-Astoria had a party in the Astor gallery, where there was a tree loaded with gifts and a table loaded with turkey. Nearly $250,000 in Christmas bonuses was also distributed by the management to employes of the Waldorf-Astoria, McAlpin, Claridge, Annex, Woodstock, the Fifth Avenue Restaurant and the Café Savarin.

The Thomas A. Williams Democratic Club, at 259 West Ninety-seventh Street, had a Christmas party for the poor children of the district, which embraces the west side from Seventy-second Street to 110th Street. Three thousand children received presents of clothing, toys and candy.

The 1,000 boys and 900 girls in the Catholic Protectory in the Bronx had a celebration that began with high mass. A band concert was held in the morning and at noon they had a turkey dinner. There were five large trees over which Brother Paul, head of the institution, presided as Santa Claus. There was another band concert and moving pictures at night.

The Hadley Rescue Hall served dinner to several hundred men last night. The hall has been crowded recently with men out of work, and the numbers have been growing steadily. It was said at the hall that there is more poverty this Winter than in the last eight years. The Bowery Mission also served 400 dinners. The old breadline there has been discontinued since 1916, but the increase in unemployed makes it probable that it will be started again.

The newsboys of the Brace Memorial Newsboys' Home at 244 William Street were the guests yesterday of Thomas W. Lamont. In the evening they had a vaudeville entertainment, and the boys put on a show of their own.

A Christmas party on the stage of the Hippodrome for the children of those employed in the big theatre was given by Charles Dillingham.

Governor Alfred E. Smith played Santa Claus for his children at his home, 25 Oliver Street, yesterday morning, and then went to pay his usual Christmas visit to his mother, Mrs. Catherine Smith, at 9 Middagh Street, Brooklyn. In a few days he will be a private citizen again.

CHRISTMAS ON THE LINERS.

Nine Thousand Immigrants Had Turkey, and Children Get Toys.

The nine thousand immigrants who ate their Christmas dinners on board ship in the harbor had soup, turkey, plum pudding and mince pies.

Church service was held at 10 A. M., and, punctually at 8 bells, noon, the buglers blew loud blasts on deck, and the hungry immigrants streamed down to the long tables covered with good things. In each dining room there was a Christmas tree laden with toys and boxes of sweets to be given to the children in the afternoon.

The first-class dining saloons were decorated with holly and mistletoe, and the officers had their Christmas dinner at 1 o'clock.

Captain R. W. Melsom, R. N. R., of the Cunarder Carmania, dined with his officers and was entertained by the ship's mandolin band, who gave a concert in the evening, followed by a dance.

SANTA IN AIRPLANE VISITS WASHINGTON

Distributes Gifts to Hundreds of Children—Red Cross Entertains Disabled Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Santa Claus because of lack of snow discarded his traditional sleigh and reindeers today and arrived here by airplane. Escorted by two other planes, each bearing gifts, he arrived at the Polo Grounds and, assisted by soldiers, distributed toys to hundreds of children who had gathered in anticipation of his coming. It was said that he had obtained a loan of the aircraft from the War Department.

Wounded and disabled service men at the Walter Reed Hospital were remembered by the Red Cross, who provided them with gifts and an entertainment of vaudeville and motion pictures. The presents were distributed from a number of huge Christmas trees.

GIRL PRISONERS CELEBRATE.

State Reformatory Has the Merriest Time in Its History.

Special to The New York Times.

BEDFORD, Dec. 25.—Prisoners of the State Reformatory for Women in Bedford were swamped with gifts today from reform and social organizations and friends. Mrs. Anna Hedges Talbot, the Superintendent, gave the girls the best Christmas celebration Bedford has ever had. There was a big community Christmas tree, illuminated, in front of the reformatory schoolhouse. In each cottage there was a tree laden with gifts. Besides many miscellaneous presents, each prisoner received a box of candy, a basket of fruit and a calendar. There was a chicken dinner and plum pudding.

In the morning there was a Christmas mass for Catholic girls in the chapel. In the afternoon a play was given by the amateur actresses of the institution.

FEW AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

President and Mrs. Wilson Entertain Only Relatives.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—President and Mrs. Wilson spent Christmas quietly at the White House surrounded by a few relatives, including Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of the President, and Dr. Stockton Axson, his brother-in-law. On account of the absence of the President's grandchildren there was no tree.

Christmas dinner was served in the evening after the customary drive of the President and Mrs. Wilson through Rock Creek Park. Yesterday the President and his wife followed their custom of distributing Christmas gifts to the children along the way which the President was accustomed to take on his visits to a golf club in Virginia before his illness.

It was the first time the President had been able to follow this custom in three years. A year ago he was confined to the White House by illness and two years ago he was in France, where on Christmas day he reviewed the American Expeditionary Forces at American General Headquarters at Chaumont.

FRANKLIN SIMON & CO

A STORE OF INDIVIDUAL SHOPS — FIFTH AVENUE, 37th AND 38th STS., NEW YORK



FASHION DEPARTURES TYPIFYING THE MANY BY MENTIONING THE FEW:

Hats of Shaggy Wool, Angora or Felt
22.00 to 35.00

Afternoon Hats of Algerian Crêpe
45.00

Deauville Frocks of Knitted Mohair Yarn
25.00 to 75.00

Sweaters of Shaggy Chiffon Alpaca
18.00 and 19.75

Algerian Silk Knit Jumpers
39.50 to 69.50

Separate Skirts of Wool Homespun
16.75 to 45.00

Strap Sports Pumps
9.50 to 15.00

English Stockings of White Cashmere, Broad Ribbed
3.75

Beach Parasols Imported from Japan
6.00

Harem Veils of Crêpe Chiffon
12.95

Bathing Frocks of Algerian Silk, after Vionnet
29.50 to 75.00

EACH IN ITS INDIVIDUAL SHOP

Women's and Misses'
SUNSHINE RESORT FASHIONS . . . . . .
Feature Sun Colors and Primitive Fabrics

FASHIONS FOR PALM BEACH AND THE OTHER SUNSHINE RESORTS TURN FROM THE GLITTER OF MODERN FABRICS TO THE UNLUSTROUS PRIMITIVE TEXTILES OF LONG AGO—WOOL HOMESPUNS, TWEEDS, DULL SURFACE SILKS AND CRÊPE WEAVES IN COTTONS. SIMPLICITY OF LINE REMINISCENT OF THE UNADORNED GRACE OF CLASSIC COSTUME FINDS ITS COMPLEMENT IN THE SUN COLORS, RANGING FROM ORIENTAL BAKED YELLOWS THROUGH SUNSHINE ORANGE, AND FROM THE UNBURNISHED TERRA COTTA OF ATHENIAN URNS TO ANCIENT POMEGRANATE HENNA.

Accepted Fashion Influences Personally Observed at Continental Resorts from the Riviera to San Sebastian:

GOWNS OF UNLUSTROUS FABRICS

Algerian silk gowns

Hand made imported Paris cotton frocks

Cotton homespun frocks

29.50 to 295.00

SHAGGY WOOL IN CAPES

Capes of shaggy wool, imported or American

Capes of fibre silk combined with shaggy wool

27.50 to 125.00

NEW PARIS MODEL GOWNS, SUITS AND WRAPS

GOWNS from Cheruit, Premet, Paquin, Maurice Mayer, Bernard.

SUITS from Lanvin, Bulloz, Premet, Paquin, Bernard, Antoinette.

WRAPS from Paquin, Arnold, Antoinette, Aline, Leon.

SUITS OF PRIMITIVE WEAVES

Suits of hand loomed imported homespun

Suits of white flannel

45.00 to 125.00

SPORTS SUITS, CAPES AND COATS

Knitted wool suits

Suits compose; homespun and velveteen

Sports capes and coats of imported hand-loomed homespun

55.00 to 85.00

Franklin Simon & Co.

City Traffic Almost Stops and Newspaper Offices Are Closed Up Tight.

HOTELS BID FOR GUESTS

Irish Office and Labor Ministry Among Few Departments Which Keep at Work.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 25.—London, this Christmas Day, is a city of great silence, only occasionally broken by the rumbling of a rare motor bus and a still rarer taxicab. This morning and evening the church bells rang out their summons to special services of the day, and for a few moments the streets took on an air of almost normal activity as congregations came and went. In the evening also a number of cinema houses opened, but the audiences in the West End at least were small. In the outlying districts, where the movie habit has taken a greater hold on the population, good business was done, but on the whole Londoners passed the day at home.

Public and private initiative both took a hand in measures for relief and entertainment of the unfortunate and unemployed, and many men and women who had been engaged in canteen and hostel work during the war and demobilisation periods returned to their erstwhile tasks today at the solicitation of the local authorities, and such organizations as the Salvation Army, which sought to minister to the Christmas comfort of ex-service men in particular.

Gatherings at fashionable hotels and restaurants were noticeably small by comparison with wartime Christmas days, when difficulties of domestic service drove multitudes of people out of their homes for luncheon and dinner.

Hotel Prices Lower Than Last Year.

It was noticeable also that practically all the leading hotels had been forced to reduce their prices, following the example set last armistice day, when the Ritz management provided dinner at a fixed price of 25 shillings per head. That was the ruling rate today, whereas last Christmastide 2 guineas was generally charged at first-class establishments. This, of course, is exclusive of wines, coffee and liquors.

The particular reduction in prices is not entirely due to the decline in the cost of living, for restaurant managements were confronted by the fact that there would be few conveyances available, and that, consequently, patrons would have to be specially attracted by good menus at relatively low charges.

It appears that some hostesses who had arranged to give Christmas night dances overlooked the circumstance that not only men belonging to unions like the railway men's and busmen's and taxi drivers' would refuse to work this evening, but that private chauffeurs and independent owners of taxicabs would elect to make holiday, and stories are being told this evening of at least two well-known women who are faced with the probability of having few if any guests at parties which they had arranged.

Three Days Without News.

London is today not only almost trafficless, it is entirely newspaperless. By an arrangement come to between the compositors and other unions of newspaper workers and association of newspaper proprietors, no journal is being published in England today, tomorrow or Monday, which is Boxing Day and a bank holiday. In Scotland newspapers suspended publication today, this being the first time in the history of the Scotch press that the old established papers of the country have failed to come out on a week day. Scotch papers will appear Monday morning, as Boxing Day is not a bank holiday north of the Tweed.

London newspaper offices are entirely closed up except for watchmen left at the doors to receive any messages that might be delivered. Agency tickers are silent and have been so all day with two solitary exception, when one message came from Paris to say that King George was expected to pay a visit to Verdun and another came from Washington bearing on the reported dissatisfaction of the State Department with the action of the British Embassy in writing direct to Senator Kellogg respecting Newcomb Carlton's testimony before the Senate Committee on Cable Communications. Parenthetically it may be stated that well-informed opinion here is somewhat nonplussed by reports received from America in regard to this matter. Development of an "Anglo-American incident," even if it should prove intrinsically unimportant, would be regarded as particularly unfortunate at a period when the immediate future of the world is beset with difficulties and perils which are darkly overshadowing celebration of this day of peace and good-will.

Not even from Ireland has any news come this Christmas Day, and at the Irish office here—which is one of few Government offices where work is being carried on, chief among the others being the Ministry of Labor where unemployment problems are exacting immediate attention—it was stated that everything appeared to be quiet on the other side of St. George's Channel. Hopes have grown considerably of late that much good may come out of the Government of Ireland bill in its amended form, generally believed to have been greatly improved by the combined efforts of the Lords and Commons, and there are many people who now see in it a germ at least of a tolerable and permanent settlement of the Irish difficulty. The position also has been improved by the proclamation of martial law in the disturbed districts, and by the firm action which has been taken by the military authorities in regard to reprisals.

The trend of the more sober Nationalist opinion is held to be plainly turning against the attempt to win independence by assassination, and with reprisals done away with it is hoped an altogether better public opinion will spring up in Ireland and pave the way to a prompt and permanent settlement.

HEAVY SHOPPING IN DENVER.

Holiday Purchases Exceed Those of Any Previous Year.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Dec. 25.—Santa Claus carried a heavier pack this year than ever before, more gifts being distributed in Denver on Friday night and today than during any Christmas in the history of the city.

This was indicated by the number of parcels handled by the Post Office and by the crowds of shoppers thronging the Denver department stores during the pre-Christmas season.

Many Denver business firms remembered their employes with substantial Christmas bonuses. Bonuses were awarded by the First National, Denver National, Hamilton National, Interstate Trust, United States National and Colorado National Banks, and Christmas gifts of some nature were awarded by each of the other Denver banking institutions.

Wilson, Cranmer & Co. awarded a cash bonus, and Otis & Co. paid insurance premiums and opened a savings account for each employe. Many Denver retail stores presented turkeys and merchandise orders to their employes.

Invalid soldiers at the Federal hospital and also hundreds of Denver's poor families received gifts and big Christmas dinners.

Bonuses established in Chicago this year exceeded all previous records, totaling, according to financial experts, a sum considerably in excess of ten million dollars.

Some establishments employing around two thousand workers paid a 30 per cent. bonus this year. Practically all the banks, with a list of employes ranging from fifty to fifteen hundred, paid an average of ten per cent. All the great mercantile establishments, manufactories and other concerns whose weekly pay rolls run into many thousands of dollars tacked on a good sized bonus for faithful service during the year. Some bankers believe that the total would be nearer twelve million dollars.

This vast amount, cut up into sums ranging from $8 or $10 to as many thousands, went far toward solving the Christmas buying problem.

The bonus system has taken a firm grip upon Chicago. Employers favor it, as they say it makes for better service and goes far toward causing employes to remain in one service. An enterprise which pays a substantial bonus is able to have its pick of employes and they are more loyal and dependable, according to the heads of concerns who have tried the system.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 25.—The banks of New Orleans are giving a Christmas tree for their employes and shareholders. On it they have hung $2,000,000. Among the employes of New Orleans banks approximately $460,000 is to be distributed as bonuses, and among those whose money is employed in the New Orleans banks about $1,500,000 as regular and extra dividends.

Columbus Newspapers Give Bonuses

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 25.—Salary bonuses amounting to more than $100,000 were given today as Christmas presents to employes of The Columbus Dispatch and The Ohio State Journal and other employes of Robert F. and Harry P. Wolfe of this city. The bonuses covered the six months' period ending Jan. 1, and are the second granted this year.

PARIS QUIET AFTER REVEL.

War Orphans There and Elsewhere Receive American Gifts.

PARIS, Dec. 25.—After celebrating Christmas eve with much the same abandon as marked the pre-war observance of that night, Paris gave itself over today to a quiet but joyous festival—the first real one since the war.

The American Red Cross did its bit in ten European countries, giving the orphaned children a taste of the American Christmas. Two hundred thousand of these war waifs received bags of candy and toys, while needy mothers received knitted articles.

In Albania sixteen cases of rag dolls, made by the girls of the Pittsburgh public schools, were distributed to the orphans. The meaning of Christmas was brought home in a similar way to the children of other war countries.

American visitors participated actively in the celebrations, and today all the American organizations in Paris gave dinners and entertainments, while the American churches held special services.

BRING CHEER TO AUSTRIA.

Americans Give 100,000 Pairs of Shoes and Stockings to Children.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 25.—The Christmas celebration of the American Child Relief Fund, arranged by Lieutenant Hynes and held yesterday in the marble hall of the Belvidere Palace in Vienna was attended by the American colony and heads of the Austrian Government, President Hainisch, Police Chief Schober, Professors Pirquet, Tandler and Dopsch, American Commissioner Frazier, Colonel Smith, Major Bakeman, Captain Richardson, Lieutenant Livingstone and many others. They listened to the children's choir and orchestra and the productions of the famous pianist, Alfred Grünfeld.

By simultaneous American Christmas celebrations in Austria yesterday 150,000 children received chocolate cakes, 100,000 paris of shoes, as many stockings, and 340,000 pieces of linen.

McCORMICK HOST IN BERLIN.

Hundreds of War Orphans Christmas Guests of the Senator.

BERLIN, Dec. 25.—United States Senator Medill McCormick entertained several hundred war orphans at an old-fashioned Christmas dinner this afternoon and presented the children with candy, toys and warm clothing.

The entertainment was arranged by the Quakers, whom Senator McCormick asked to gather together as many of the poor children as possible and permit him to show them a good time.

President Ebert has issued a proclamation of appreciation for the sympathy shown for needy Germans by foreigners, and has especially thanked the Quakers and other American organizations which have been feeding the children and hungry students.

Herr Ebert expressed appreciation also for the work done by the charitable organizations of Denmark, Norway, Finland, Holland, Sweden, Switzerland and South America. In conclusion, the message says that the German people, hard pressed and hungry, will not forget what has been done for them.

GIVES STAGE TO SING SING.

David Belasco Also Presents Prisoners With 4 Sets of Scenery.

David Belasco gave a stage and four sets of scenery to Sing Sing prisoners as a Christmas present. He heard recently that the men had a hall for entertainments, but that they lacked a stage, "props" and the scenery necessary to make the plays realistic.

A stage, 20 by 38 feet, fourteen feet high, with fly gallery and all the necessary machinery, arrived at the prison Friday, and with it seven men of Mr. Belasco's staff to set it up. The gift was received by Warden Lewis E. Lawes on behalf of the prisoners. When they heard of it they began plans for a real theatrical performance.

SENDS CRUST FOR WORKERS

Singular Package for Federal Employes' Fund in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Dec. 25.—A large crust of dry bread, spread one inch thick with butter, to which was attached a card bearing the words:

"Here's something for needy government employes," was found in a package from a mysterious "Uncle Sam," opened at the Federal Building today. Post Office officials said that this was the thirtieth similar package received within three months. The authorities think that the person sending the packages is a crank.

COOLIDGE VISITS HIS SONS.

He and Mrs. Coolidge Spend Christmas With Them at Northampton.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Dec. 25.—Vice President-elect Coolidge had a family observance of Christmas at his home in this city. With Mrs. Coolidge the Governor came from Boston last night to spend Christmas Eve and today with his two sons, who are in school here, and today they were joined by his father, Colonel John C. Coolidge of Plymouth, Vt.

There were few callers, the neighbors, as is their custom on the Governor's home visits, respecting his desire for rest.

Fine quality ink-and-ink worsted dropstitch. Tuxedo style. All colors.

8.00

Formerly 13.50 and 14.50

Slip-over Sweaters

Fine quality Ink-and-ink worsted dropstitch. All fashionable colors.

6.50

Formerly 10.50

The Specialty Shop of Originations

FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET

Beginning Tomorrow, Monday

DECEMBER CLEARANCE SALE

At Price Reductions that Are Extraordinarily Large

Hand-made

BLOUSES

10.00

Formerly up to 22.50

A collection of about three hundred blouses, including a large variety of styles in white voile and batiste.

WOMEN'S DAY-WRAPS, COATS and EVENING WRAPS

Smart Wraps & Coats

Veldyne wraps in navy, black, brown, bedouin, gray with self collars. Also velour with fur collars.

Formerly up to 95.00

55.00

Velveteen Evening Wraps

Graceful models with large draped collar. In the leading light and dark shadings.

Formerly 135.00

75.00

Distinctive Wrap-Coats

Elegant wraps of marvella and evora with fur collars. Also duvetyn with self collars.

Formerly up to 225.00

145.00

Splendid Day Coats

Made of fine quality veldyne and velour in the fashionable shades—belted models with self stitching.

Formerly up to 125.00

68.00

Fine Wraps and Coats

Plain and fur trimmed models of finest quality veldyne and marvella in desirable colors.

Formerly up to 150.00

95.00

Handsome Day Coats & Wraps

Reproductions of Paris imports in the richest materials combined with luxurious furs.

Formerly up to 295.00

195.00

Evora Wraps & Coats

Three distinct models in evora and other soft fabrics in black, navy, brown and other colors.

Formerly 125.00 to 145.00

75.00

Duvetyn & Marvella Wraps

A collection of handsome duvetyn and marvella wrap-coats.

Formerly up to 195.00

120.00

Handsome Velvet Eve'g Wraps

An exact replica of one of the season's handsomest Paris models.

Formerly 365.00

195.00

All Other Day-Wraps, Coats and Evening Wraps

Formerly 350.00 to 750.00 At Proportionately Large Reductions

Women's Dresses

Street and afternoon dresses in satin, georgette and chiffon in light and dark colors. Some French hand-made dresses.

38.00

Formerly 55.00 to 98.50

Light and dark street and afternoon dresses in chiffon, georgette, satin and tricotine. Some French hand-made dresses.

58.00

Formerly 110.00 to 135.00

Afternoon, dinner and evening dresses in light and dark color chiffon, satin, crepe silk georgette, net and taffeta.

88.00

Formerly 135.00 to 195.00

A collection of evening, dinner, afternoon and street dresses. Featuring satin, velvet, duvetyn, crepe silk, brocade and net.

125.00

Formerly 165.00 to 325.00

Women's Suits

Suits of splendid tailoring in velour and duvet de laine. Plain or fur trimmed.

48.00

Formerly 65.00 to 89.50

Plain or fur trimmed suits in various styles of velour, duvet de laine and tricotine.

68.00

Formerly 95.00 to 145.00

Fur trimmed and plain suits of duvetyn, veldyne, duvet de laine and velonde.

88.00

Formerly 125.00 to 175.00

Sports Apparel

Scotch Tweed Suits

Hand loomed in Scotland and exclusive with this shop.

60.00

Formerly 100.00

Leather Jackets

Black and brown glace kid.

30.00

Formerly 75.00

Leather Coats

Full and three-quarter length models in tan, black and brown.

50.00

Formerly 75.00 to 110.00

English Tweed Coats

In smart styles and colorings.

50.00

Formerly 100.00

Flannel Sport Shirts

Light and dark colors, adjustable collars.

7.00

Formerly 12.00

Women's Fur Coats

Hudson Seal Coats

30-inch long model.

185.00

Formerly 295.00

Hudson Seal Coats

36-inch long model.

225.00

Formerly 395.00

Trim'd Hudson Seal Coats

36 inches long. Collar and cuffs of natural skunk, beaver or squirrel.

325.00

Formerly 550.00

Trim'd Hudson Seal Wraps

45 & 48 inches long, with natural squirrel.

550.00

Formerly 850.00

Natural Squirrel Wraps

48-inch long model in clear blue skins.

750.00

Formerly 1150.00

Misses' Wrap-Coats

Wraps of soft coatings in brown, navy, bedouin and nanking. Large collars.

48.00

Formerly 89.50 and 95.00

Fur collar wraps of veldyne and other fabrics. Collars of nutria, opossum, mole,

78.00

Formerly 125.00 to 150.00

Wraps of veldyne, marvella and vel mirage with collars of beaver, mole, opossum.

115.00

Formerly 175.00 to 195.00

Misses' Suits

Misses' suits in sizes 14 to 18, in youthful types of duvet de laine, silvertone.

35.00

Formerly 59.50 to 65.00

Plain tailored and fur trimmed suits in velour de laine and veldyne.

45.00

Formerly 65.00 to 89.50

Misses' Dresses

Poiret twill, velveteen, satin, wool jersey, light colored crepe de chine, georgette, net.

38.00

Formerly 55.00 to 95.00

Dresses of Poiret twill, velveteen, chiffon velvet, light and dark crepe de chine, georgette and taffeta.

55.00

Formerly 75.00 to 135.00

Dresses of Poiret twill, tricotine, velour, velveteen, chiffon velvet, satin, georgette, laces. Also evening frocks.

75.00

Formerly 125.00 to 160.00

At Greatly Reduced Prices

About One Thousand Pairs of

HIGH and LOW SHOES

For Women and Misses

8.00

Regularly 12.00 to 16.00

Walking boots or oxfords in brown or black Russia calfskin, black kidskin, welted soles, military or Cuban heels.

Dress boots or oxfords in patent leather, black or brown kidskin.

Dress pumps in patent leather, black or brown Russia calfskin, hand turned soles, Louis XVI. heels.

Not all sizes in all styles, but collectively all sizes.

Extraordinary Sale at Greatly Reduced Prices of CORSETS and BRASSIERES

More Time to Evacuate ...sions Not Belonging to ...me—Food Already Low.

TERMS OFFERED ROME

...nunzio Gives All Orders, but ...ides Himself Aloof Even From His Own Council.

...TICE, Dec. 24.—An extension of ...has been asked by d'Annunzio at ... for the purpose of evacuating ...ssidding there but not belonging ...t city.

...airplane of d'Annunzio forces has ...captured while making a forced ...s near Husak.

...ng the Americans who left Fiume ...the declaration of a state of war ...ussell Corell, a Los Angeles busi... D'Annunzio signed a special ... for him, writing across the pass... "He leaves Fiume forever to re... his own country."

...pilot has placed the defense of ...under Captain Hostwenturi.

...'Annunzio Offers New Terms.

...E, Dec. 24.—Former Deputy Al...de Ammis, who is Secretary of ...of the Council of Fiume, is on ...ay to Rome with a new project ... it is asserted might solve the ...question.

...proposal embodies first, acknowl...ent by the Italian Government of ...Regency of Quarnaro," including ...Sarros, Arbe and Veglia; second, ...ition by the Regency of its claim ...mediate annexation to Italy, this ... to be postponed until after ne...ions between the Regency and the ... Government, and, third, renun... by the Regency of any action ...er Adriatic territories, which ... that the Regency would disin...l itself in the Dalmatian question. ...the other hand, d'Annunzio has ...informed that the Italian Govern... did not go into the question of ...Sarros and Delta at Rapallo be... it did not wish to negotiate in... so vital to Fiume without rep...ative of the city having a voice ...matter. It was recalled that ...Barros always belonged to the ...ry of Fiume despite the claims ...tia, which never succeeded, even ...h the Austrian courts, to have ...retended right of property over ... recognized.

...situation at Delta is quite dif... as it is on the left bank of the ...River, which marked the frontier ...en Hungary and Croatia. Delta ...nder the juridical administration ...ak, but the Governor of Fiume ...ed his state of sovereignty to ...e it.

...ood Scarce and Prices Mount.

...STE, Dec. 24 (Associated Press). ...ne, Arbe, Veglia and San Marcos, ...blockade by the Italian fleet, are ...y beginning to feel the scarcity of ...

...greater part of Gabriele d'Annun...troops are remaining in their bar... at Fiume and their officers are ...ect communication with the poet, ...oks after the military as well as ...olitical affairs of the beleaguered ...

...diately after official notice of ...ckade was given to the "Regency ... Quarnero," the Italian General ...lis, who already had a group of ...y posted around the Fiume fron...osed in upon the city, barring all ... three sides. For about 100 yards ... the city the railway tracks were ...ed, stopping traffic into the city. ...ads immediately outside were torn ...d those crossing the frontiers were ... with tree trunks and wire en...ments. Here and there trenches ...been dug, from which patrols are ...g a lookout.

...lian troops surround the blockade ... short intervals, royal guards and ...neers hold the sea line, while Al... troops dominate the city from the ...astern heights. What is consid... the most dangerous spot, however, ... mouth of the River Recina.

...nunzio, according to information ...g out of Fiume, is virtually taking ...t, and is displaying great nervous...y in the work of defense. He is ...ing orders, giving advice, writ...proclamations and reciting aloud.

...post-commander is highly indig... about some of the conditions in ...al Caviglia's ultimatum, especially ...pertaining to the disbandment of ...gionaries, which he considers an ...rous offense to the independence ... regency which, he declares, has ...t to form an army for its own de... even with foreign subjects, as ... and Holland have done in the ...r their foreign legions.

...while the blockade has caused a ...increase in the price of all neces... some of which have reached fan... sums, as, owing to the danger of ...ation, many of the people have ...ased large stocks of food. Tins of ...ed milk, for instance, have en... disappeared from the market, ...fresh milk is not coming in from ...ighboring country, which is occu... by the Italian forces. Meat is a ...f extraordinary luxury. Measures, ...er, have been adopted to punish ...pulous shopkeepers and also food ...ers.

...the blockade was instituted no... has been able to enter Fiume. ...have been obliged to turn back, ...of them being parents desirous of ...ng the city so that they might ...de their sons to return to the reg... army and cease assisting in plans ...ry to law.

...number of persons requiring to be ... Fiume is 52,000 approximately. ...the Regency is believed to have ...ulated rations only sufficient for ...for two weeks. This has contrib... greatly to the depression of the cit... who are reluctant to endure priva... and suffering even to insure inde...

...of the leaders of the National ...ll during the struggle in opposi... international attacks against the ...ity of Fiume are now divided be... the gratitude they feel toward ...nunzio for his services and the con... that the Treaty of Rapallo has ...for Fiume all her interests, if ...her ideals. However, even these ...are not likely to influence d'An..., who keeps himself entirely aloof ...ming even into contact with the ...ers" of the government of the ...of Fiume.

...depression pervades the whole ... the sound of shots occasionally ...the silence. The people of Fiume ...at least the almost incredible fact ...the sons of the Italian mother ...y are standing opposed to each ... with arms in their hands ...ought most of the population is ...ced that actual bloodshed between ... and the Italian soldiers is im...le, many have left the city, pass... through the Jugoslav suburb of ...to Abbazia and other coast ...

...overnment Course Criticised.

...ht, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

...ecial Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

...RE, Dec. 23.—In spite of propa... favorable to d'Annunzio by Na...ist papers throughout the country, ...ess and public opinion are becom...ly more opposed to d'Annunzio's ...venture. A well known Admiral ...ing to THE NEW YORK TIMES cor...dent, said:

..."Italians' opposition to d'An... is not because they consider the ...of Rapallo perfect or even the ...hat could be obtained in the cir...nces, but because all Italians feel ...must at all costs honor her sig... By this I don't mean to say ...nunzio has not any justification ...stand he has taken. On the con... think there is very much to be ...for his side. For instance, the ...of Rapallo leaves the water ...and electric light station of

Recent Debate in Reichstag a Violent Clash Between Monarchists and Republicans.

PAPERS DEMAND A KING

But Socialist Organ Rejoices That the "Hohenzollern Saints' Legend" Has Been Vigorously Attacked.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Advices from Berlin received here state that, in the Reichstag discussion over the smuggling of money for the Hohenzollerns ...terms, who, they maintained, had given Germany all the good fortune which had been hers during the last 200 years, and Count Westarp asserted that "the conviction was growing daily in Germany that the proper State form was the monarchy."

Such statements as Westarp's, as well as defenses of a personal character of the members of the former imperial family, brought about the most violent recriminations from the parties of the Left, and finally the Chairman was compelled to remind the members that they were in the Reichstag and to declare that in future no general discussion on monarchy and republic would be permitted.

A diplomatic report states:

"Some justification appears to be on the side of the conservative parties in their claim that the Majority Socialists have made an unwarranted interference in a pending case for purposes of a purely partisan character, but it may at the same time be questioned whether the Government would have proceeded with vigor and dispatch had its hand ...adding: "At last the patriotic parties had an opportunity to proclaim before the whole world their unshakable fidelity to their royal house and their firm adherence to the monarchy."

The view taken by the Nationalist Deutsche Tageszeitung is:

"The campaign of the Social Democrats against the Hohenzollern family has miserably failed. The very opposite was the result—a mighty and most impressive victory for the monarchist idea."

The organ of the Government and of the People's Party, the Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung, adopts the attitude that the Government was cognizant of the facts and was taking the necessary steps in the case, so that the only object of the Social Democrats could have been to exploit it for their own "sinister political ends." It continues:

"They (Social Democrats) know even better than we how greatly the German people, especially the proletarian classes, are longing for a change of régime, and they realize more than we how this longing for a re-established State authority ...The Democratic Berliner Tageblatt, ...of the Centre, replies in condemning the action of the Social Democrats as selfishly partisan, although the Democrats cannot approve of the reactionary desire for a restoration of the monarchy. The Majority Socialist papers claim a completed victory for their principles. Vorwärts holds that "the anger against the Social Democrats evidenced by the Nationalists proves that they consider it a great blow that their propaganda to keep the Hohenzollern saints' legend alive among the people was thus painfully disturbed and that the Social Democracy proved itself such a stanch defender of the idea of the republic."

The Socialist press charges that among the clients of the banking firm of Gruser, Philipson & Co. who smuggled money and property into Holland recently were the Hohenzollerns and other former German royalty and nobility, and these allegations were made the subject of an interpolation in the Reichstag, which precipitated the debate involving the monarchical and republican ideas.

The Minister of Finance replied that ...the reconstruction of Germany.

WAIL OF EX-KAISER'S GUARD.

Rebuffed If He Talks to Curious Visitors and If He Doesn't.

DOORN, Holland, Dec. 8.—The correspondents the other day found in a confidential mood one of the State police whose task for the past two years has been to guard former Emperor Wilhelm.

"This," said he, "is a thankless job. If I wanted to be dishonest, I could make thousands of guilders in bribes. But as I don't, all I get is rebuffs from my superiors if I answer a courteous question of a sightseer, or angry looks looks from the sightseer if I don't."

Auto Jumps Bridge, Drowning Two.

ST. PETERSBURG, Fla., Dec. 23.—Mrs. Henry Kramer and her sister-in-law, Miss Emily Kramer of New Brunswick, N. J., were drowned here today when their automobile ran off a bridge and dropped into fifteen feet of water. Mr. Kramer, who is 65 years of age, was rescued but was said to be in a serious condition at a hospital tonight.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.

34th Street—New York

Fur Clearance Monday

Our Entire Fur Stock

Reduced 40% to 60%

From Former Low Prices

Natural Squirrel Wrap Coat, 48 inches long. Deep Self reversed Border.
Formerly 1500.00
Reduced to
795.00



Mink Wrap Cape, 48 inches. Tail trimming on Cape. Exquisite Collar.
Formerly 4500.00
Reduced to
2250.00

Royal Russian Ermine Wrap of selected skins. Throw Scarf, tail trimmings.
Formerly 3500.00
Reduced to
1250.00

Hudson Seal Wrap Skunk Trimmed
Formerly 795.00
Reduced to 475.00

Luxurious Natural Dark Eastern Mink Wrap. Handsome Cape Collar.
Formerly 8000.00
Reduced to
3400.00

Bay Seal Coats

Models full 30 inches long of long selected Bay Seal Skins (Dyed Coney)..... *Formerly 225.00* **125.00**

Trimmed French Seal Coats

36 inches long. Collars and Cuffs of Squirrel, Skunk, Beaver or Raccoon..... *Formerly to 395.00* **210.00**

Trimmed French Seal Wraps

Luxurious Models Full 45 inches long, self trimmed or Cape Collars and Bell Cuffs of Skunk, Beaver or Squirrel..... *Formerly Sold to 625.00* **325.00**

Trimmed Hudson Seal Wraps

45 inches long. Self trimmed or handsome Skunk Collars and Cuffs..... *Formerly to 795.00* **425.00**

Hudson Seal Coats	to 695.00 *Reduced to*	335.00
Hudson Seal Coats	to 850.00 *Reduced to*	375.00
Hudson Seal Coats	to 895.00 *Reduced to*	425.00
Hudson Seal Wraps	to 975.00 *Reduced to*	425.00
Hudson Seal Coats (*Beaver Trimmed*)	to 850.00 *Reduced to*	450.00
Mole Wraps	to 895.00 *Reduced to*	450.00
Hudson Seal Wraps	to 795.00 *Reduced to*	450.00
Hudson Seal Coats (*Beaver Trimmed*)	to 925.00 *Reduced to*	475.00
Hudson Seal Wraps	to 1025.00 *Reduced to*	475.00
Mole Wraps	to 1095.00 *Reduced to*	495.00
Hudson Seal Coats	to 1295.00 *Reduced to*	595.00
Hudson Seal Wraps	to 1450.00 *Reduced to*	750.00

None Sent C. O. D. ***No Approvals*** ***No Credits***

Pittsburgh
Brooklyn
Philadelphia

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.

Cleveland
Buffalo
Newark

34th Street—New York

Drastic Reduction Sales—Monday

To Close Out

Women's and Misses' Suits, Gowns, Coats, Wraps, Skirts and Blouses, Junior and Girls' Coats and Dresses

At Unparalleled Reductions

250 Women's and Misses' Wrap Coats



Formerly Sold to 75.00

Reduced to

38.00

Silvertone, Velour, Tinseltone, Bolivia and Veldyne, in semi-fitted, straightline and wrappy models, Fur collared or plain Tailored. Silk lined and interlined.

300 Higher Cost Wraps

Formerly Sold to 400.00

Reduced to

75.00 125.00 *and* 195.00



The Entire Stock Without Reserve

Women's and Misses' Tailored Suits

To Close Out Regardless of Cost

200 Women's and Misses' Dresses



Formerly Sold to 75.00

Reduced to

38.00

Satin, Crepe de Chine, Georgette, Canton Crepe and Taffeta in Tunic, Draped and Straightline Models, Beaded, Embroidered and Button trimmed.

150 Higher Cost Gowns

Formerly Sold to 145.00

Reduced to

58.00 79.50 *and* 98.00



Police Restore Isadora Duncan's Nephew to His Ancient Greek Milieu.

BOY SIGHS FOR MODERNITY

Wanted to Enjoy His New Clothes and Knew at Least One Non-Vegetarian Christmas.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 25.—Menalkas Duncan was returned by the police yesterday to the bosom of his family. But the return of the prodigal was not celebrated by any killing of the fatted calf. It was celebrated by a battle royal between the Duncan household and some French newspaper men who were anxious to interview the erring Menalkas on his views on life as lived in trousers and on bedsteads, as against existence under the paternal roof in Grecian robes and on vegetables.

Menalkas, whose age is 15 and whose clothes to Grecian beauty are real, disappeared from his home one evening a little more than a week ago. He had gone out to buy vegetables for the supper of the little colony of which Raymond Duncan, brother of Isadora Duncan, is the leader, when, mysteriously, he was spirited away. Two days later he was seen walking with a former member of the colony. He was clad no longer in flowing robes and sandals, but had his hair cut short and wore a neat gray suit of modern pattern.

For a week the police tried to locate him and yesterday they succeeded. They arrested the man with whom he had been seen, and he at once confessed that Menalkas was staying with him at his home near Paris. There the police found the boy and after investigation restored him to his father, at the same time provisionally releasing the man who had spirited him away.

The real tragedy, however, was then to begin. Menalkas, it appeared, did not wish to return home. He preferred the fleshpots of Egypt to the vegetables of the Grecian colony of the Rue Bonaparte, and infinitely he preferred his nice gray suit to the chlamys and sandals. The law, however, was against him, and so he had to return with his father.

Immediately afterward the house was besieged by newspaper men who wanted to interview the prodigal. His father refused. The newspaper men became insistent. Voices were raised in the home of Greek culture, and even blows with canes were exchanged. The house where peaceful arts—hand-weaving and pottery—occupy the minds and hands of the colony became a bear garden. The police had to intervene, and the return of Menalkas has been marked by charge and countercharge by Mr. Duncan and the reporters, who have all been summoned to appear before a magistrate, who will no doubt content himself with a mild admonition to both parties.

Today quiet reigns, except in the soul of Menalkas, who hungers for the turkey and mincemeat which he had promised himself in celebration of his first modern Christmas.

NO WORLD PRESS CONGRESS

Notice of Indefinite Postponement Sent by New South Wales Premier.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—The convention of the Press Congress of the World, which was to be held during March and April, 1921, has been postponed indefinitely. The information comes from the American Consul in Sydney, Australia, Edward J. Norton, who states that the American consulate at Sydney has received from the Premier of New South Wales advices that the meeting of the Press Congress of the World has been again postponed and that this time the postponement is of indefinite duration.

The meeting was originally scheduled to be held in Sydney in October, 1920. The notification to the consulate from the Premier, Mr. Holman, included the following statement:

"The Press Congress of the World is an international organization which, in normal circumstances, should meet every third year, and, on each occasion, in a different country. Ordinarily the meeting would have been held in 1918, but postponements were necessary in consequence of the then prevailing conditions of war.

"Membership of the Congress embraced representative members of the press of some forty countries, and it is suggested that it may commend itself to your Government to select and send to the congress a delegation representative of the press of that country to be known as the 'United States national delegation.'"

At that time no further information regarding the meeting could be obtained by the American press from the President of the congress, Dr. Walter Williams of the University of Missouri, Columbia, Mo.

In calling the attention of the American press to the convention, it was felt at Sydney that the occasion would be opportune for American journalists to visit Australia, and, through meetings with the public and business men of the Australian Commonwealth, to assist in promoting good relations between the two countries. The statement on May 5, 1920, announced the report had been received from the American Consul at Sydney regarding the plans for the meeting of the Press Congress at Sydney, and on Sept. 14 announced the postponement of the conference until the Spring of 1921.

The reasons for the indefinite postponement have not been communicated to Washington.

BELGIUM FAST RECOVERING.

Shipping Manager Says Industry There Is Thriving.

Belgium is getting back to pre-war conditions more rapidly than any of the other belligerents, according to Percy V. G. Mitchell, General Manager of the International Mercantile Marine Company, who arrived yesterday from Antwerp with his wife and daughter.

"The labor situation in Belgium," said Mr. Mitchell, "is more settled than in England, France or Germany." The coal mines at Mons and Charleroi are producing more now than they did in the pre-war days, and the big steel mills at Liège and other centres are working at 90 per cent. of their normal output.

The linen mills at Bruges and Ghent and the glassware factories are also busy. Belgium has its financial setback like the rest of Europe, but the banks are well intrenched, and there was no fear of a panic when I left Brussels. Food is much cheaper, and there is no danger of there being any more strikes in the near future."

MORE HELP NEEDED

For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

Attempts All Summer to Capture Them.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, Dec. 25.—During the Summer Alpine guides reported having seen snow white animals looking like marmots. At first they thought the creatures must be white hares, but then the unmistakeable shrill whistle of the marmot was heard.

During the Summer every effort made to capture one was unsuccessful. They were seen in Urirothstock chain at a height of 8,000 feet, and now after considerable trouble Alpine guides have managed to dig out some. It appears that the marmots are not what are known as Albinos, that is with dark nose and eyes. They are freaks and except in color of fur do not differ from ordinary marmots.

They were found in a hibernating state with all their vital energies almost entirely suspended. Their coats, which are very soft and thick, are absolutely snow white so that the guides are now searching every likely place for burrows to obtain skins, for which fur dealers offer high prices, besides which all mountain dwellers consider marmot's fat a sovereign remedy for rheumatism and other ills.

It is known that Swiss Alpine marmots hibernate in colonies which sometimes include fifteen animals, but as their burrows are often very deep and above the snow line, are hard to discover. In the opinion of one fur dealer, white marmot's skin may become the most expensive fur, especially as the animals are in Winter about half as large again as the beaver. The public, however, demand that all white marmots captured should be transferred to the Swiss National Park, and thus the species be not only preserved but fostered as a possible source of profit.

This is the first time white marmots have been found in the Alps. One guide received an offer of 2,000f. by an American visitor in a Winter sports place for two live white marmots of different sexes, which he is anxious to take to New York. Among the Winter sports visitors to Switzerland this Christmas are some expert mountaineers who have engaged guides and hope to make high ascents in search of white marmots.

DROUGHT DEPRIVES SWISS OF POWER

Electricity Lacking for Many Services—Rivers and Lakes at Very Low Levels.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, Dec. 25.—Switzerland is having a phenomenally dry Christmas—not that the country lacks alcoholic drinks, but that it lacks water, so much so that in certain districts people are obliged to get out their old oil lamps and buy candles again, there being no water for electricity. Many factories for some time past have been closed wholly or partly because of electricity scarcity, and even the Loetschberg Railway between Berne and the Simplon Tunnel is obliged to run reduced train services and actually use steam-driven engines between Berne and Thun. Tram services in many places also have been reduced and trams are unheated, and in Fribourg and Lausanne electricity is forbidden for cooking or heating and is cut off during certain hours altogether.

The drought has now lasted about three months. There were no Autumn rains and very little snow has fallen hitherto. Moreover, in the high Alps heavy frost prevails, and consequently no snow melts, so that many rivers are mere streams. Many smaller watercourses are mere trickles or dry, and lakes are extraordinarily low, sometimes so low that steamer services have had to be suspended.

Even the Rhine is so low that no barges can reach Basel.

Switzerland is therefore having not merely a dark but dry Christmas.

KAISERIN'S RELAPSE HALTS CELEBRATION

Wilhelm Leaves Friends to Go to Her Bedside—Gifts Distributed at Doorn House.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DOORN, Dec. 25.—The ex-Kaiserin's condition became so serious during the Christmas Eve celebration that Wilhelm had to excuse himself to go to her bedside. She spent a restless night.

Among the guests at the ex-Kaiser's Christmas party was Jonkheer De Beaufort, First Secretary to the Legation at Washington, whose father has a large estate in the vicinity of Doorn. Not only the ex-Kaiser, but all the other Hohenzollerns recently at Doorn because of the ex-Kaiserin's illness, have dined with the De Beauforts the last week.

DOORN, Dec. 25 (Associated Press).—The Christmas celebration at the House of Doorn last night was interrupted by the serious condition of the former German Empress, who suffered a new attack of her malady, and the former Emperor had to excuse himself to go to her bedside.

On Christmas morning there was a distribution of gifts to the staff and to a few of the country gentry who were guests at the house. One of the gifts was a painting said to represent the "Fraternity of Nations," which was presented to Count von Bentinck.

Ex-Crown Prince Frederick William was expected to arrive here some time today.

SEES UNITED STATES AS GERMANY'S HOPE

Foreign Minister Simon Thinks Harding Will Speedily Arrange Peace Basis.

FRANKFORT, Germany, Dec. 25.—Dr. Walter Simon, the German Foreign Minister, in an article in the Frankfort Zeitung, says that in the night which covers Germany he sees only one ray of light and that "comes from the land of the Stars and Stripes."

He expresses the belief that Senator Harding will "not delay the establishment of a peace basis between Germany and America," and thinks that this, more than anything else, would tend to revive the spirit and economic life of the nation.

Although the outlook is very dark, the Foreign Minister hopes that through patience and before long "the people that walk in darkness will see a great light."

MRS. MACSWINEY IN CLINTON

She and Miss MacSwiney Are Guests of Senator Walsh.

CLINTON, Mass., Dec. 25.—Mrs. Muriel MacSwiney, widow of the Lord Mayor of Cork, and the latter's sister, Mary, were Christmas guests at the home of United States Senator David I. Walsh in this town.

They arrived last night, accompanied by Harry Boland, Secretary to Eamon de Valera, and were entertained by the Senator's brother, Major Thomas H. Walsh, and his sister, Miss Mary Walsh.

LONDON **Best & Co.** PARIS

Fifth Avenue at 35th St.—New York

Established 1879

ANNOUNCE, BEGINNING MONDAY—OUR DRASTIC

AFTER CHRISTMAS CLEARANCE OF WINTER APPAREL

Several Thousand Garments

AT A FRACTION OF ORIGINAL PRICES

NONE C. O. D. NO MAIL OR PHONE ORDERS NO EXCHANGES

WOMEN'S APPAREL—3rd FLOOR

	Originally up to	NOW
100 Taffeta and Tricotine Dresses	59.50	38.00
40 Tailored and Afternoon Dresses	75.00	45.00
65 Tailored and Afternoon Dresses	88.00	55.00
80 Tailored and Afternoon Dresses	110.00	75.00
40 Tailored and Evening Dresses	135.00	85.00
50 Evening Gowns—some imports	550.00	to 55.00 / 259.00
60 Sport and town suits	75.00	45.00
20 Suits—some with fur collars	98.00	55.00
15 Suits—some with nutria collars	115.00	75.00
35 Higher-cost suits—some imports	595.00	to 98.00 / 250.00
15 Untrimmed wraps and coats	165.00	135.00
20 Untrimmed wraps and coats	89.50	75.00
8 Handsome fur-trimmed wraps	495.00	to 225.00 / 398.00

	Originally up to	NOW
25 Sport coats	Special	to 49.50 / 75.00
15 Fur-trimmed coats	"	75.00
25 Fur-trimmed coats	"	79.50
35 Fur-trimmed wraps	"	85.00
45 Fur-trimmed coats and wraps	"	95.00
20 Fur-trimmed coats	"	110.00
18 Fur-trimmed wraps	"	115.00
15 Fur-trimmed wraps	"	125.00
12 Elaborately fur-trimmed wraps	245.00	125.00
10 Fur-trimmed wraps and coats	215.00	to 135.00 / 165.00
12 Luxurious Evening wraps	595.00	to 150.00 / 350.00
100 Georgette Blouses, 1st floor	25.00 / 19.50	10.00
52 Wool Plaid Skirts	18.50	9.80

MISSES' & GIRLS' APPAREL—2nd FLOOR

	Originally up to	NOW
50 Misses' Canton crepe or tricotine dresses	79.00	38.00
75 Misses' Silk and tricotine dresses	145.00	69.00
59 Misses' Suits—many fur-trimmed	95.00	45.00
40 Misses' Suits—fur-trimmed	145.00	95.00
25 Misses' Suits—fur-trimmed	325.00	195.00
25 Misses' Pleated wool plaid skirts	29.50	12.95
40 Misses' Sport coats—raccoon collars	69.00	39.50

	Originally up to	NOW
75 Misses' coats—many fur-trimmed	159.00	75.00
12 Misses' Velvet Evening Wraps—fur trimmed	375.00	195.00
95 Girls' tub dresses (5 to 10 yrs.)	15.00	6.95
70 Girls' tub flannel dresses (4 to 12 yrs.)	22.50	10.50
50 Girls' serge or jersey dresses 12 to 16 years	35.00	15.00
42 Girls' suits—12 to 16 years	95.00	45.00
95 Girls' coats—12 to 16 years	42.50	18.00

LILIPUTIAN BAZAAR APPAREL (*1 to 3 yrs.*) 4th FLOOR

	Originally up to	NOW
35 Boys' silvertone coats	22.50	14.50
30 Boys' mixture coats—raglan	24.50	16.50
32 Boys' chinchilla and Melton coats	32.50	22.50
55 Girls' Corduroy, heather mixture, broadcloth coats	15.50	9.75

Many fine coat and hat sets reduced

	Originally up to	NOW
35 Broadcloth coats — some fur trimmed	19.75	14.50
44 Coats — the majority fur trimmed	29.75	19.50
21 Coats of fine velour and broadcloth	38.00	29.75

All children's imported and domestic hats—reduced

225 BOYS' SUITS (*Heretofore 26.00 to 31.50*) 18.50—5th FLOOR

WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S SHOES

Third Floor

250 Women's tan calfskin oxfords
Originally 12.50
8.75

200 Boy's black calfskin lace shoes 11 to 2
Originally 8.00
5.50

2½ to 5½—5th floor
Originally 8.50
5.75

2000 PAIRS BOYS' & GIRLS' BLACK RIBBED COTTON STOCKINGS

Heretofore .45 to .55

3 pairs for . . . 1.00

WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S SHOES

Third Floor

500 Children's and Misses' comfy slippers
Special
1.45

400 Infants tan or white kid button shoes
Originally 4.50
2.85

Best & Co.

Fifth Avenue at 35th Street—N. Y.

Established 1879

BEGINNING MONDAY

The Fur Event you have waited for

CLEARANCE

OF ALL FUR GARMENTS

without regard to cost

"WAIT 'til after Christmas" has always been the slogan of prudently inclined buyers; this year the usual end-of-the-year reductions assume an added importance, for retail prices have kept pace with drops in the wholesale market. In many cases

The prices are little more than the cost of manufacture

Natural Pony Coats

225.00

Heretofore 310.00

Skunk or beaver collar and cuffs. Three quarter length.

Marmot & Black Pony Coats

125.00

Heretofore 185.00 & 225.00

Three quarter length, plain or trimmed models.

A Group of Coats

195.00

Heretofore up to 395.00

Genuine leopard, civet cat, French seal, in the wanted lengths.

Misses' Fur Coats

265.00

Heretofore 395.00

Leopard cat, seal dyed genette, natural genette, with contrasting furs.

Fine Gray Squirrel Coats

465.00

Heretofore 595.00

Three quarter length, excellent pelts, deep border of self fur.

Hudson Seal Coats

395.00

Heretofore 595.00

Higher-cost models, three quarter length, collar and cuffs of skunk.

Hudson Seal Wraps

495.00

Heretofore 795.00

Full length models, plain or contrasting fur trimming.

This Collection of Individual Models

	Heretofore	SALE
Short mink jacket	1500.00	795.00
Mole trimmed Hudson seal coat	795.00	550.00
Fitch trimmed Hudson seal coat	650.00	465.00
Taupe nutria coat, full length	695.00	550.00
Seal dyed otter coat with skunk	725.00	585.00
Hudson seal coat with beaver	395.00	295.00

HUDSON BAY SABLES

Capes Stoles Scarfs

REDUCED BELOW COST

guished Clergymen.

DEAN ROBBINS'S EULOGY

"Great, Towering Man, Gentle to a Fault"—Dr. Manning and Bishop Gailor Speak.

In practically every Episcopal church of this city and up State the rectors in their Christmas sermons yesterday morning eulogized the Right Rev. Charles Sumner Burch, Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of New York, who died suddenly last Monday. The Bishop's chair, which is in the chancel of every Episcopal church, is draped with mourning, and most of the churches have their front door draped with purple and black. Over the door of Trinity Church, at the head of Wall Street, and on the flagpole in the yard of old St. Paul's Chapel, Broadway and Fulton Street, the American flags are at half staff out of respect to Bishop Burch. They will remain thus for thirty days. Within the Episcopal churches the Christmas greens were mingled with the emblems of grief.

At the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, which was the See Church of the Bishop, the building was thronged. All present received a printed program which announced as the speaker of the morning "Bishop Charles S. Burch." The programs were printed last Monday morning, and he died in the afternoon. His place as preacher was taken by Dean Howard Chandler Robbins. Just before he went for the walk, which proved fatal, Bishop Burch called up Dean Robbins and asked that the Dean preach the Christmas sermon, explaining he felt too weak to undertake it.

All the mourning had been removed from the Cathedral except the purple and black which shrouds his throne. It was felt that Bishop Burch would not want the Christmas day saddened.

Christmas greens took the place of the purple and black which encircled the choir at the funeral last Thursday of the Bishop.

Dean Robbins eulogized Bishop Burch as "the faithful pastor of his diocese."

"Each one of the three bishops whose bodies rest in solemn peace in this Cathedral," said Dean Robbins, "was distinguished by an excellent gift adorning his high office. Bishop Potter was a Christian statesman, public spirited, standing for righteousness in the affairs of a great city. Bishop Greer was a Christian prophet, speaking with an earnestness and authority given only to those who know the mind of Christ through living contact with it. Bishop Burch was pre-eminently a Christian pastor. In the Office for the Consecration of Bishops, one of the questions asked is, 'Will you show yourself gentle, and be merciful for Christ's sake to poor and needy people, and to all strangers destitute of help?' Bishop Burch answered that question not only with his lips but with his life. He was gentle almost to a fault, this great, towering man: he could not bear to give pain; he could not refuse a request if there were any way to grant it; his life was shortened by his eagerness to do all that was asked of him.

"He was merciful to poor and needy people. Rank and social station counted for nothing in the gaining of his friendship; he cared for men and women because they were men and women, not because they were people of importance; if he had any preferences in his care and interest, it was for the obscure, for the unnoticed: men looking for work; clergymen in little missions and struggling parishes, doing hard work in difficult places and doing it the better because of their knowledge that their bishop knew and cared."

The Right Rev. Thomas F. Gailor, Bishop of Tennessee, and President of the Council of the Episcopal Church, preached at the Christmas sermon in St. Thomas's Episcopal Church, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street, as the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, the rector, is ill. Bishop Gailor paid a tribute to Bishop Burch.

"The most striking point about Bishop Burch was the seriousness with which he took his calling and his work," said Bishop Gailor.

At Trinity Church the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, the rector, devoted part of his Christmas sermon to a eulogy of Bishop Burch.

"It can be said of him in very truth," said Dr. Manning, "that in everything he was willing to spend and be spent. The diocese has lost a chief shepherd who gave freely of his strength and vigor in its development and progress."

The Rev. Dr. George Clarke Houghton, venerable rector of the Church of the Transfiguration (Little Church Around the Corner), Twenty-ninth Street, just east of Fifth Avenue, was ill and unable to attend the funeral of Bishop Burch. Yesterday he paid this tribute to the Bishop: "He was especially self-denying in his devotion to his work and to what he considered to be his work for the betterment of the lives and the living of those not only who belonged to him as a diocesan, but also to all of every creed."

DR. GAILOR IN BISHOP'S PLACE.

Will Confirm Two Classes Today in Out-of-Town Churches.

The Right Rev. Thomas F. Gailor, Bishop of Tennessee and President of the Council of the Episcopal Church, will discharge the engagements today which the late Bishop Burch was to have filled.

This morning Bishop Gailor will confirm a class in St. Mary's Church, Scarborough, of which the Rev. Charles W. Baldwin is rector. Mr. Baldwin had the class ready, and since the death of Bishop Burch last Monday the parents of the girls and boys have been anxious to know if the confirmation could take place. On request Bishop Gailor consented to serve.

This evening Bishop Gailor will confirm a class in St. Peter's Church, Westchester, of which the Rev. Joseph Albert Foster is rector.

COAL MEN SEE CRISIS AT END

Independent Miners Make New Cuts, and Supply Here Is Growing.

Anthracite coal conditions have so far improved that the Wholesale Coal Trade Association announced yesterday it felt justified in saying that so far as this city is concerned the coal crisis had ceased to exist. This was confirmed by the Public Service Commission, whose report of the coal that public utilities have on hand showed more in reserve than at any time since the shortage began last Summer.

"'Independent' anthracite is being offered by the wholesalers as low as $10.25, a reduction of 75 cents under last week," the Coal Association summary said. "The top price for this coal during the week was $12, or $2 less than the high price of the preceding week. 'Company' coal remains at $8.10. Anthracite is now coming into the local market in larger quantities, which, combined with the warm weather, is forcing down the price. The retail market will reflect the drop almost immediately.

"The demand in bituminous coal is so small that low grades can be bought below the cost of production at the mines, and numerous 'snowbird' mines, induced to open operations by the high prices, have gone out of business."

The amount of coal in the hands of public utilities Dec. 30, showed 408,597 tons of "steam" bituminous, 61,151 tons of bituminous, 130 tons of "steam" anthracite and 135,045 tons of anthracite gas coal. Not a single company had less than thirty-eight days' supply of anthracite.

Will Close Out Monday
At Remarkable Price Reductions

MISSES' and GIRLS' COATS and MISSES' SUITS

Misses' Wraps and Topcoats
35.00
Regular prices $45.00 to $69.50

Serviceable fabrics in the most desirable colorings; a number of fur trimmed topcoats included. Sizes 14 to 20 years.

Misses' Fur Trimmed Coats and Coat-Wraps
75.00
Regular prices $89.50 to $135.00

Including the season's smartest fabrics and most wanted furs. All silk lined and warmly interlined. Sizes 14 to 20 years.

Girls' and Juniors' Coats
18.00
Regular prices $29.50 to $45.00

Warm winter coats in youthful models of the most serviceable fabrics. Sizes 6 to 17 years.

Misses' Fur Trimmed Suits
75.00
Regular prices $95.00 to $145.00

High class suits of the season's finest fabrics; silk lined and interlined. Sizes 14 to 20 years.

NO EXCHANGES NO CREDITS

GIRLS' and MISSES' SHOPS—*Second Floor*

Téclas and Orientals

NOTHING to choose between them—and nothing to choose besides!

Técla

ALFRED A. KOHN
505 Fifth Ave. at 42d St.
REGULAR SEMI-ANNUAL
SALE
Offering Most Extraordinary Values In
THE SMARTEST
SHOES
FOR
Women and Men
RADICALLY REDUCED
8.50 9.50 10.50 11.50
Previously Priced from $12 to $20
Exceptional Reductions on Hosiery, Buckles and Accessories.

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street TELEPHONE 7000 MURRAY HILL Thirty-fifth Street

End-of-the-Year Clearance Sales
to begin to-morrow (Monday)

Important Reductions
have been made in the prices of a number of

Women's Wraps & Coats
which, at the new prices of
$37.50, 45.00 & 58.00
offer extraordinary values
Not every size in every style
Many of the garments are smartly fur-collared. All are silk-lined throughout and interlined.
(Third Floor)

A Number of Misses' Tailored Suits
comprising many of the present season's desirable modes, developed in the wanted materials,
at the greatly reduced prices of
$24.50 & 35.00
(Second Floor)

The Entire Stock of Misses' Coats & Wraps
has been radically re-priced.
Reductions of special interest include the following:
Utility Coats of all-wool mixtures, at $21.50
Wraps and Coats of duvet velour, all silk-lined $32.50
Wraps of Bolivia cloth, silk-lined, at $45.00
Higher-cost Coats, Wraps and Evening Wraps have also been marked at clearance prices.
(Second Floor)

Youths' and Boys' Winter Clothing
now on sale at greatly reduced prices
Youths' Long-trouser Suits (sizes 15 to 20) made of excellent-quality materials, including imported suitings, at $29.50
Boys' Extra-Knickerbocker Suits (sizes 8 to 18), tailored from smart mixtures, at $23.50
Mackinaws of excellent quality (sizes 8 to 18) $13.50
Ulsters of heavy-weight woolens (sizes 11 to 18) . $18.50, 28.50, 35.00
(Sixth Floor)

Drastic Reductions
in prices have been made throughout the stock of

High-cost Fur Garments Neckpieces & Muffs
as a result of which exceptional purchasing advantages are now being offered. Other special values include:

Muffs

Japanese Fox	$15.00
Wolf	15.00
Dyed Skunk	18.00
Raccoon (natural or dyed)	21.00
Fox	45.00
Australian Opossum	45.00
Skunk	45.00
Pointed Fox	65.00

Neckpieces

Japanese Fox	$15.00
Skunk	28.00
Wolf	35.00
Beaver	38.00
Fox	45.00
Pointed Fox	45.00

(Third Floor, Madison Avenue section)

Several Thousand Yards of Wool Suitings & Coatings
in Lengths for Suits, Skirts and Coats
at decided price concessions
All fashionable, all-wool materials; including broadcloths, plain and mixed cheviots, plaid and stripe effects; plain and embroidered serges and velours; and karakul and other fur cloths.
(Wool Fabrics, First Floor)

A Large Assortment of Cotton Dress Lengths
cut from materials of the finer qualities; including imported Ratines and imported and American Printed Voiles; at prices ranging from
$3.60 to 9.75 per Length
these representing reductions of fully one-half the original figures.
Also
A Quantity of Shorter Lengths
at clearance prices
(First Floor)

DEATH HOUSE MEN SEE MOVIE SHOW

Twelve Enjoy First Film Ever Exhibited in That Part of Sing Sing Prison.

CHICKEN DINNER IS SERVED

Prisoners Are Treated to Christmas Tree and Vaudeville by the Welfare League.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Dec. 25.—A dozen condemned men, including Jesse Walker of Brooklyn, who is the first scheduled to face the electric chair, as a special holiday privilege today saw the first moving pictures ever exhibited in Sing Sing's deathhouse. The men, who get very few privileges, enjoyed the pictures far more than did convicts in other parts of the prison their more elaborate Christmas celebration.

Thomas Meighan, the moving-picture actor who recently staged an escape scene at Sing Sing, presented a small moving-picture machine to the prison, and Warden Lawes had told the men that they could have censured pictures shown occasionally.

As the deathhouse is small, the machine has to be placed only twelve feet from the screen. The reels had to be run off twice so that the twelve men could see them through the steel-barred doors of their cages.

First a bedsheet, used as a screen, was stretched at the west end of the short corridor, which has a row of cells on each side. When the reels were run off the sheet was shifted to the east end and the film repeated.

Angelo Giordano of New York City, who has been in the death house now for more than two and one-half years, was one of the inmates to see the picture. Others were Michael Cassalino, who killed Mr. and Mrs. John Holbach in a South Ozone Park (L. I.) hold-up; Guy Nichols, partner of young Walker in the killing of Samuel Wolchak, the Brooklyn stationer, and James Odell, who held Edward Kneip of Rochester while his wife, Pearl Odell, beat him to death.

The condemned men, together with the 1,100 prisoners in the main prison, had a chicken dinner, with mashed potatoes, mince pie and coffee. The Rev. Father William E. Cashin, Catholic chaplain, had special Christmas services, with special music, which were well attended. There was a big Christmas tree and each man received a box of candy, cigars, cigarettes and fruit from the Mutual Welfare League and its friends. Outside talent gave vaudeville.

REVIVE 'HANSEL AND GRETEL'

German Opera Sung at the Manhattan Without a Disturbance.

Humperdinck's "Hansel and Gretel," known to two generations of children in New York, and last heard at the Metropolitan on Christmas Day, 1916, was revived at the Manhattan Opera House yesterday afternoon and night by the modest company that is to continue this week with matinees of both "Snow White" and "Cinderella," as well as a new production tomorrow night, "Where the Lark Sings," by Franz Lehar. Yesterday's performances, like those to follow, were in the original language, and were said to be the first occasions of opera in German given here without disturbance following the war. The theatre's doors bore "Christmas greeting" in red and green lights, and the lobbies were decorated with evergreen trees.

Marie Mattfeld, for years the Metropolitan's Hansel, appeared as guest in her familiar rôle, while Marie Schiller was an unexpectedly charming Gretel, and Harriet Behnee, an experienced artist, sang the Witch. Of those less known, John Boschen and Martha Schramm were the parents of the "babes in the woods," and the Sandman and Dewman were Elinor Marlo and Martha Gantzberg. Otto Wick conducted a small orchestra. The stage effects were not ambitious, save in the dream tableau of the "fourteen angels," for which the unnamed dancers shared the recalls.

NURSE SERVICE ASKS AID.

Force Inadequate to Handle Flood of Calls for Help.

The Henry Street Settlement, headquarters of the Visiting Nurse Service, appealed yesterday for funds with which to keep its nurses in the field, especially at this time when unemployment has made conditions acute.

"Midwinter brings us our heaviest calls," said Lillian D. Wald, head resident of the settlement, "and from present indications an unusual condition is to be expected this year. Our nursing force is totally inadequate to handle the flood of calls for our help which even today are pouring in."

Annual memberships are requested—$10 for associate member, $25 for contributing member, $50 for sustaining member, $100 for donor, $250 and over for supporting members. Checks should be made payable to Henry Street Settlement, 265 Henry Street, City.

ARMY OFFICER ENDS LIFE.

First Lieut. W. E. Bullock Commits Suicide in New Orleans.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 25.—First Lieutenant Walter E. Bullock, aged 21, for two months attached to the coast Artillery Corps at Jackson Barracks, shot himself in the right temple with a 45-calibre revolver in his room in Bachelors' Hall at the army post on Friday afternoon and died an hour later.

Mental derangement, caused by worry, is believed by Major Newton, Post Commander, to be responsible for the officer's act. He had been acting queerly for several days, Major Newton said.

Lieutenant Bullock was born on Aug. 8, 1899, in Pennsylvania, according to his army papers. He entered West Point Military Academy on June 14, 1917, and was graduated Nov. 1, 1918. He was transferred to the local post two months ago from Fortress Monroe, Va. His mother is Mrs. Blanche A. Hayes, 504 Forty-first Street, Philadelphia.

WANT AID FOR ELLIS ISLAND.

Larger Staff Is Planned to Examine More Aliens Aboard Ship.

To handle thousands of immigrants waiting on ships and on Hoffman Island, the Commissioner of Immigration will have as many as possible examined on board ship beginning today, and let them land if they pass the tests. To do this the staff of doctors and inspectors at Ellis Island must be increased, and the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Labor will be asked to furnish the extra help.

Among third-class passengers detained on the Olympic are M. Noble and his son, on their way to Australia via San Francisco. They could not get cabin accommodations, so traveled third to catch their ship for Sydney at San Francisco. It leaves in a few days.

AMERICAN TOYS FOR FRENCH TOTS.

Christmas joy was brought to the war-stricken children of devastated France by the American committee in charge of rebuilding the territory. Next Sunday's Rotogravure-Picture Section of The New York Times will portray the appreciation of these little ones in the toys given them.—Advt.

PULITZER RACE IN DETROIT.

Airplane Classic of 1921 to Be Triangular Course of 250 Miles.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 25.—The Pulitzer Trophy race, the airplane classic of America, is to be held here in 1921, according to Colonel Jesse G. Vincent, head of the Aviation Country Club. The decision was reached yesterday at a meeting of the club's Board of Directors with Lieut. Col. R. W. Allen of New York, who left for that city today to confer with the Contest Board of the Aero Club of America on final plans for the race.

As tentatively planned the contest would be staged over a triangular course, with the start at Selfridge Field, the army air station near Mount Clemens. The race, it was said, would be for about 250 miles.

The date for the race has not been fixed, but it would probably be held late in August, Colonel Vincent stated. The Aviation Club's Board of Directors has been empowered to arrange details of the contest, subject to approval of the Aero Club.

"The Broadway Shop Where Fashion Reigns"

Hagedorn's

Broadway, Corner of 81st Street

SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARANCE

Cleanup of the Year

Most extreme reductions of the entire season of 1920.

Street & Afternoon FROCKS

140 Satin Back Meteors, Velvets, Tricotines, Duvetyns and Wool Velours. Formerly $65.00 — $29.50

46 Satin Back Meteors, Canton Crepe, including many beaded and embroidered models. Formerly $95.00 — $59.50

18 Duvetyns, Tailored and Embroidered. Formerly $172.50 — $75.00

11 Brocaded Chiffon Velvets. Formerly $159.50 — $89.50

26 Afternoon and Street Gowns. Satin Back Meteors, simple in line, stylish and of highest quality. Formerly $159.50 — $89.50

15 Highest type Afternoon and Street Gowns, beaded and embroidered Georgettes and Satin Back Meteors. Formerly $195.00 — $125.00

Tricotine & Poiret Twill

frocks of the highest type, tailored, beaded and many hand embroidered.

$47.50 were $85 — $89.50 were $150 — $110 were $189.50

EVENING GOWNS

15 Evening Gowns, chic and stylish brocaded Satins, Laces, Nets, Velvets, Georgettes. Most exceptional. Formerly $110 — $50.00

22 Evening Gowns, an assortment of stylish and exclusive Brocaded Velvets, Metal Brocades, Laces, Nets and embroidered Chiffons. Formerly $145 — $79.50

18 Evening Gowns, exceptionally stylish and of highest quality, in Taffetas, Gold Cloth Brocaded, Brocaded Velvets, Chiffon Velvets, Nets and Lace. Formerly $225 — $115.00

13 Evening Gowns of highest type and most exclusive effects in Velvets, Chiffons and Laces, Sequins and Jets. Formerly $275 — $189.50

WRAPS & COATS

In every timely material, trimmed in mole, squirrel, beaver, Australian opossum and nutria.

$75.00 were $159.50 — $115.00 were $235 — $150.00 were $265

BLOUSES, UNDERWEAR and SWEATERS

Many beautiful blouses and an exceptional assortment of underwear and sweaters at reductions from

⅓ to ½

EVENING WRAPS

REDUCED FROM

⅓ to ½

Telephone Fitzroy 2400

Fifth Ave. **Stewart & Co.** at 37th St.

Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

CLEARANCE SALE

Fur Coats, Wraps & Small Pieces

At Emphatic Price Reductions

LUXURIOUS FUR COATS

Natural Muskrat Coats
Unusually smart three-quarter length Natural Muskrat coats with reversed border. Self collar and cuffs. Heretofore 275.00 — 149.50

Marmot Coats
Attractive three-quarter length coats of fine Marmot fur with large self collar and cuffs. Heretofore 185.00 — 95.00

Hudson Seal Coats
Rich Hudson Seal fur fashions these trotteur model coats with self-collar and cuffs. Heretofore 349.50 — 195.00

Scotch Mole Coats
Smart coats of silky Scotch Mole fur with large collars and cuffs of self fur. Trotteur model. Heretofore 275.00 — 195.00

Hudson Seal Coats
Three-quarter length coats of fine quality Hudson Seal with large collars and cuffs of genuine Beaver, Squirrel, Skunk or self fur. Heretofore 450.00 — 295.00

Natural Squirrel Coats
Trotteur length coats of fine quality Natural Squirrel fur with large self collars and cuffs. Heretofore 450.00 — 295.00

Hudson Seal Coats
Elegant 45-inch coats of lustrous Hudson Seal fur enriched with voluminous collar and cuffs of Natural Skunk fur. Heretofore 595.00 — 395.00

French Seal Coats
Smart coats of fine French Seal fur elaborated with large collars and cuffs of Australian Opossum fur. Trotteur length model. Heretofore 195.00 — 115.00

HANDSOME FUR WRAPS

French Seal Wraps
Knee-length wraps of French Seal fur, with collars and cuffs self fur. Heretofore 195.00 — 95.00

Hudson Seal Wraps
Handsome full-length wraps deep collar and cuffs of genuine Beaver or self fur. Heretofore 495.00 — 395.00

Hudson Seal Wraps
Beautiful full and three-quarter length wraps of finest quality Hudson Seal fur with large collar and cuffs of Skunk or self fur. Heretofore 450.00 — 295.00

Scotch Mole Wraps
Gorgeous full-length wraps of rich, silky Scotch Mole fur, beautifully adorned with large overcape collar of self fur. Heretofore 550.00 — 395.00

Scotch Mole Wraps
Beautiful full-length wraps of rich Scotch Mole fur with collars of Natural Squirrel. Heretofore 695.00 — 495.00

Hudson Seal Wraps
Full-length wraps of rich, velvety Hudson Seal fur with voluminous collar of self fur. Heretofore 795.00 — 495.00

Blue Squirrel Wraps
Exquisite full-length wrap of soft Blue Squirrel fur enhanced with huge self collar. Heretofore 895.00 — 595.00

Gorgeous Mink Wraps
Sumptuous full-length wraps of selected dark Eastern Mink skins. Heretofore 3000.00 — 1950.00

SEPARATE FUR PIECES

Squirrel Scarfs
Beautiful collar, scarf of supple Natural Squirrel fur. Heretofore 39.50 — 29.50

Handsome Fox Scarfs
Smart scarfs of beautiful fox fur in Taupe or Brown shades. Heretofore 49.50 — 29.50

Baum Marten Scarfs
Choker scarfs of rich Baum Marten fur. Heretofore 59.50 — 39.50

Cross Fox Scarfs
Cross Fox of exquisite beauty models this unusually smart scarf. Heretofore 79.50 — 59.50

Beautiful Fox Scarfs
Unusually attractive scarfs of bushy fox fur in Taupe or Brown shades. Heretofore 79.50 — 59.50

Russian Sable Scarfs
Gorgeous choker scarfs of finest Russian Sable skins. Heretofore 175.00 — 110.00

Silver Fox Scarfs
Handsome scarfs of selected Silver Fox skins. Heretofore 325.00 — 195.00

Natural Skunk Scarfs
Exquisite scarfs of beautiful Natural Skunk fur. Heretofore 69.50 — 49.50

Hudson Seal Muffs

10.00

Beautiful barrel-shaped muffs of Hudson Seal fur. Silk lined.

Telephone Fitz Roy 2400

Fifth Ave., **Stewart & Co.** at 37th St.

Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

CLEARANCE SALE

of

Women's & Misses' Apparel

The season's approved fashions and the finest fabrics—combined with superior workmanship.

At Decisive Reductions

FUR COLLAR COATS & WRAPS

Formerly Selling up to 59.50

35.00

The collection comprises handsome coats and wraps of Wool Bolivia and Wool Velour Coating, enriched with deep collars of Scotch Mole, Australian Opossum or Nutria fur; also smart self collars, many beautifully silk embroidered. All silk lined and interlined.

FUR COLLAR WRAPS

Formerly Selling up to 98.50

48.00

Beautiful wraps of genuine Veldyne, Peachbloom, Duvetyne, Bolivia or Wool Velour Superior, trimmed with handsome collars of Scotch Mole, Australian Opossum, Taupe Nutria fur, some with self collars. Rich embroideries, long silk tassels or deep tiers at back and other ornamentation create smart effects. Silk lined and interlined.

SQUIRREL COLLAR WRAPS

Formerly Selling up to 124.50

78.00

Large collars of Natural Squirrel, genuine Beaver, Nutria, Scotch Mole, Skunk or collars and cuffs of Australian Opossum or Ringtail Opossum adorn these luxurious wraps of Chamoistyne, Bolivia Superior, Veldyne. Silk and wool embroideries in various effects lend further enhancement. Silk lined and interlined.

FUR TRIMMED WRAPS

Formerly Selling up to 298.50

95.00

Sumptuous wraps of rich Evora, Chamoistyne or genuine Veldyne, gorgeously adorned with handsome collars and some also with cuffs of genuine Beaver, Natural Squirrel, Scotch Mole, Wolf, Ringtail Opossum or Australian Opossum, long silk tassels and rich embroideries. Silk lined and interlined.

FASHIONABLE DRESSES

Formerly Selling up to 69.50

18.00 *and* 28.00

Beautifully modelled dresses of fine Crepe-Back Satin, Georgette Crepe, Crepe de Chine, Satin, Velveteen, Tricolette, Tricotine, Duvet de Laine, or Velour. Handsomely trimmed with lustrous beads, colorful embroideries, applique and dainty laces.

EXQUISITE DRESSES

Formerly Selling up to 225.00

38.00 *and* 68.00

Unusually distinctive afternoon or evening dresses, fashioned of Chiffon Velvet, Duvetyne, Crepe-Back Satin, Canton Crepe, Tricolette, Velveteen, Georgette Crepe, Satin, Wool Velour or Tricotine, richly adorned with exquisite beading, fine laces, pretty tucks, colorful Silk and Wool embroideries.

FUR TR'D & TAILORED SUITS

Formerly Selling up to 250.00

28.00 *and* 48.00

Our entire stock of distinctive Suits, fashioned of such rich fabrics as Duvetyne, Veldyne, Peachbloom, Velour de Laine, Tricotine, Velveteen, Silvertone or Yalama. Many trimmed with Natural Squirrel, Nutria, Scotch Mole or Australian Opossum fur and exquisite embroideries. Every model reflects Stewart & Co.'s incomparable tailoring. All Silk lined and interlined.

None Sent C. O. D., Exchanged or Credited

ARNSTEIN RETRIAL AT INDEFINITE DATE

Absence of a Material Witness Will Defer Action, Washington Prosecuting Attorney Says.

CONTEST OVER DOCUMENTS

Defense Counsel Seek Possession of Records of the Bankrupt Sullivan Firm.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—John E. Laskey, United States Attorney for the District of Columbia, announced today that because of the enforced absence of George Storck, expert accountant and investigator of the Department of Justice, who was a Government witness in the case of Jules ("Nicky") Arnstein and his alleged confederates, which ended in a disagreement of the jury yesterday, the re-trial of thecase would have to be postponed indefinitely.

Storck, who composed a chart showing the alleged movements of the various bundles of stocks and securities which Arnstein and his alleged associates were charged with having handled, was called from Oklahoma to testify at Arnstein's trial. He has returned to that State on another important Government case, and his return cannot be predicted, it was stated.

The next step in the Arnstein case will be the attempt of William J. Fallon and T. Morris Wampler, counsel for the defendants, to secure from Assistant District Attorney John T. Dooling of New York possession of a trunkful of documents showing the business transactions of the bankrupt firm of Sullivan & Co. of New York and Washington, which Justice Gould refused to admit as evidence at the trial just ended. The avowed object of the defense is to obtain possession of this trunk to prevent Dooling using the contents as evidence when the New York cases are tried. Dooling will reply to the writ served on him within twenty days.

District Attorney Laskey said that the cost to the Government of trying Arnstein and the others would reach nearly $25,000 but that even if it cost twice that much to re-try the case it would make no difference.

Chief Justice Walter I. McCoy, of the District of Columbia Supreme Court, has set Jan. 14, 1921, as the date for the hearing on the extradition proceedings in which Isadore (Nick) Cohn and Norman S. Bowles, two of the defendants in the five million bond robbery case, figure. Their counsel is busy on this case.

When Bowles gave bond for his appearance on Friday Justice Gould notified Wampler that these petitions for writs of habeas corpus will not serve to act as "writs of delay," as there would be no appeal allowed if the requisition papers sent to this city from New York are honored.

Woman Candidate for Senate.

JACKSON, Miss., Dec. 25.—Miss Belle Kearney of Flora, Miss., prominent suffragist, prohibition lecturer and world traveler, today formally announced her candidacy for the United States Senate to succeed Senator John Sharp Williams.



1,000 Original MODELS *Half-Priced —and Less!*

BY investing your Christmas-gift money in a Maxon Wardrobe, you will not only acquire a luxurious, exclusive Gown or Wrap of great charm and superlative quality, but will also make make 100% interest, for the simple reason that, because they are Samples, you can get here "Two Unusual Costumes at the Usual Price of One."

$24 to $189

Elsewhere Twice or Thrice as Much

MAXON MODEL GOWNS
587 Broadway cor 48 St
One flight up—elevator or stairway

ROUT THE RAT!

Get behind the movement to free our homes of the carriers of disease.

Let us make YOUR home SAFE. Our method is certain and inexpensive.

GUARANTEE EXTERMINATING COMPANY
500 FIFTH AVENUE at 42nd Street New York
Telephone Vanderbilt 8715 - 8717 - 8718 4133
GUARANTEED VERMIN EXTERMINATION

Stanley & MacGibbon
5TH AVENUE AT 36TH STREET
Second Floor—Take Elevator

Clearance Reductions

½ Former Prices

Dresses—Coats—Suits

Entire Stock of Highest Class Winter Apparel Is Included in This Sale Without Reserve; Only a Few Items Are Particularized Here.

DRESSES
Tricotine, Satin, Velour Taffeta, in a variety of charming styles. 22.50

DRESSES
Crepe Satin, Taffeta, Tricotine, Crepe Media, and Chiffon Velvet, in a number of exquisite models. 32.50

DINNER GOWNS
Chantilly Lace over Crepe Satin. Other new evening materials. 45.00

Fur Collar COATS
Australian Opossum
Velour de Laine, Suedine and Bolivia. 34.75

Fur Collar COATS
Nutria, Mole and Australian Opossum
Bolivia, Frost Glo, Suedine, Velour de Laine. 45.00

Squirrel—Nutria—Australian Opossum Collar
WRAP-COATS
In a Variety of Colors
Bolivia, Chamoistyne, Frost Glo, Sevilla, and other highly desirable materials. 59.50

Fur Collar COATS
Beaver, Squirrel, etc.
combined with Bolivia, etc., in a variety of colors. 84.50

Advance Models DRESSES
In Fashionable Shades
of Kittens Ear, Canton Crepe, Georgette, Poiret Twill, Tricotine, Crepe Media, Taffeta, Lace, etc. 49.50

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th & 35th Streets

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th & 35th Streets

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th & 35th Streets

January Sale
FURS
50% off

Beginning TO-MORROW MONDAY

Beginning TO-MORROW MONDAY

Beginning To-morrow, Monday

It's Here;—The time for action in fur selling,—The time when the retailer must co-operate with the public,—The time when he must take his loss at any cost and SELL,—SELL,—SELL.

It's Here;—The time for the business pessimist to forget his inertia and get busy,—Wake up to conditions and work down to *facts*, put his shoulder to the wheel of progress and sound the death knell of inflated values.

Russeks shall be first to start the ball rolling, therefore 50% off the actual value of every fine, rich, smart fur coat, wrap or scarf in our half million dollar stock,—*One-half off* to all, beginning tomorrow, Monday. Furs at these prices *will not* and *cannot* go lower.

The loss is ours,—The gain is *yours*. Our object is two-fold,—Public service and self preservation. A half million dollar stock must be turned into *half* its worth in CASH. Half a loaf is better than none. Delay your fur purchase *no longer*.

Obey that impulse, buy NOW at 50% off ACTUAL VALUES.

Furs 50%
Under their Actual Value

$5,000 Smart Mink Wraps *2500.00*

$3,500 Smart Mink Wraps *1750.00*

$2,200 Smart Mink Wraps *1100.00*

$1,500 Smart Mink Coats *750.00*

$1,800 Caracul Wraps With Chinchilla Collar and Cuffs *900.00*

$1,100 Squirrel Wraps *550.00*

$2,000 Fine Broadtail Wraps *1000.00*

$195 French Seal Coats Squirrel Collar and Cuffs *97.50*

Furs 50%
Under their Actual Value

$3,000 Alaska Seal Coats Hudson Bay Sable Collar and Cuffs *1500.00*

$1,500 Alaska Seal Wraps *750.00*

$1,800 Royal Ermine Wraps *900.00*

$1,500 Kolinsky Wraps *750.00*

$600 Smart Mole Wraps *300.00*

$750 Hudson Seal Wraps *375.00*

$550 Hudson Seal Coats Skunk Collar and Cuffs *275.00*

$195 Pony & Marmot Coats *97.50*

36-inch Domet Flannel 24c Yd.

Reduced from 42c yard

Good quality pure bleached white for women's and children's undergarments.

Macy's—Flannel Dept.—Second Floor, Centre.

Macy's

Herald Square — Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

36-inch Outing Flannel 29c Yd.

Reduced from 39c yard

Extra heavy quality, soft and fleecy, in a variety of fancy striped patterns of pink and white and blue and white. Serviceable and warm for nightgowns and children's wear.

Macy's—Flannel Dept.—Second Floor, Centre.

Our Annual Sale of Household Linens

For the Annual January Sale

Sheets, Pillow Cases Muslin Sheetings

"Fruit of the Loom" Bleached Muslin Sheets and Pillow Cases at reduced prices. Limited quantities.

Sheets—Torn Size	Formerly	Sale Price
63x94½ inches	$1.84 ea.	$1.09 ea.
81x90	1.89	1.19
81x94½	1.98	1.29
Pillow Cases—		
42x39½ inches	56c	37c
45x39½	61c	39c

600 "Run of the Mill" Bleached Muslin Sheets of heavy durable quality, seamless, hemmed ends.
Torn size 90x108, formerly 3.24 ea., Sale Price **$2.79 ea.**

Macy's Extra Quality Bleached Cotton Sheets and Pillow Cases, hemmed and hemstitched ends, heavy and durable quality, at exceptionally low prices.

Torn Sizes.

Hemmed Sheets		Hemstitched Sheets		Hemstitched Pillow Cases	
72x99	$2.49 ea.	54x99	$2.09 ea.	42x38½	56c
81x99	2.69	65x108	2.59	45x38½	66c
Pillow Cases Hemmed		72x99	2.59	54x38½	94c
		72x108	2.79		
42x38½	47c	81x108	3.29		
50x38½	69c	90x108	4.49		

Bleached Muslin Sheets, hemmed ends. Torn size 72x90.
Formerly $2.29 each — Sale Price **$1.34 ea.**

Hemstitched All Linen Pillow Cases, 45x36, **$1.49 each**

45-inch Pillow Case Muslin, durable quality—
Formerly 64c yard — Sale Price **34c yard**

81-inch Bleached Muslin Sheeting—
Formerly $1.04 yard — Sale Price **64c yard**

90-inch Bleached Muslin Sheeting—
Formerly 94c yard — Sale Price **64c yard**

Macy's—Basement, 34th Street, Rear.

Towels

Pure Linen Crash Toweling, 29c yard
A special purchase of 2,500 yards of heavy absorbent pure linen crash, suitable for dish or roller towels. Neat red borders. 16 inches wide.

Extra Heavy Pure Linen Toweling, 37c yard
Our own importation from Scotland. Firmly woven and absorbent linen toweling with neat red borders. 17½ inches wide.

Pure Linen Glass Toweling, 49c yard
Finely woven and absorbent linen without lint or dressing, making it suitable for use on fine glass or china. Red checks only. 16 inches wide.

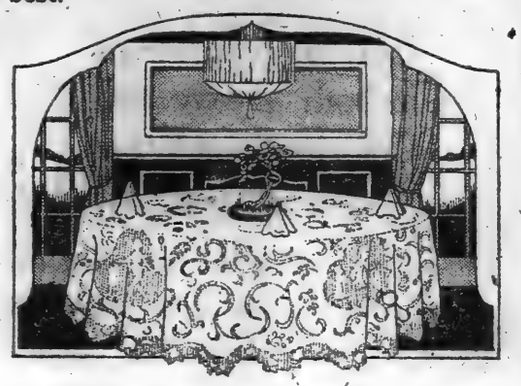
200 Dozen Dentist or Doctor Towels, 97c doz.
Originally priced at $1.44 and $1.68 dozen.
All plain white, absorbent, without lint or dressing. Size 13x19 and 15x22 inches hemmed.

200 Dozen Fancy Turkish Towels, 49c ea.
Soft and absorbent quality in attractive Jacquard weaves in cross bar and stripe effects in blue or pink. Hemmed ends.

Fancy Turkish Bath Towels, $1.19 each
Usually priced at $1.49 each. Heavy towels with a deep Jacquard border in basket pattern in pink, blue, gold or lavender.

Fancy Turkish Bath Mats, $1.79 each
Usually priced at $2.49 each. Heavy, washable bath mats, with Jacquard border in basket pattern, in pink, blue, gold or lavender.

AN opportunity to replenish the linen supply at prices unequalled for many months. Whether your demands are large or small, your wants can be filled, for quality and price have been combined to make this sale one of our best.



Towels

All Linen Hemstitched Huck Towels, 98c each
Of heavy and absorbent pure linen, with a wide damask border and monogram space. Size 21x38 inches.

Extra Fine Hemstitched Linen Huck Towels, $1.98 each
Originally priced $2.97 each. Of snow white, satiny finished pure linen huck, with a wide damask border and monogram space. Size 22x38 inches.

Pure Linen Twilled Kitchen Towels, 69c, originally 89c each
Extra heavy towels, with the word Kitchen typed across the center in red or blue. Hemmed size, 22x30 inches.

Napkins

Pure Linen Damask Napkins, $5.94 doz.
100 dozen of our regular $6.64 quality.
Full bleached, long wearing linen, in attractive circular patterns. Size 20x20 inches.

Extra Heavy Linen Damask Napkins, $6.44, originally $7.74 doz.
Priced for this sale, snow white, pure linen damask napkins from Ireland, suitable size for breakfast or luncheon. Size 19x19 inches.

Fine Pure Linen Damask Dinner Napkins, $11.48 doz.
Priced less than the cost of manufacturing.
Made of very fine, pure linen, satiny damask, in round designs. Size 24x24 inches.

Macy's—Second Floor, 35th St., Centre, and Main Floor Tables.

Table Damask

Fine Cotton Table Damask yard, $1.19
Serviceable, full bleached quality, 70 inches wide, in an assortment of patterns.

Fine Cotton Damask Cloths each, $2.97
500 cloths originally priced at $4.19 each.
Woven of snow white, selected yarn that can hardly be distinguished from linen, in effective circular patterns. Size 70x70 inches.

Pure Linen Irish Satin Damask yard, $2.49
500 yards of finely woven, pure linen damask, with a satiny sheen, 69 inches wide. In several pretty patterns.

Extra Fine Pure Linen Damask yard, $2.89
Heavy, long wearing quality of full bleached linen, with a satiny finish, 71 inches wide. In several attractive patterns.

Pure Linen Table Damask yard, $2.19
A special purchase of 500 yards priced very low for this sale.
Snow white, pure Irish linen damask, in several neat patterns. 69 inches wide.

Round Scalloped Damask Cloths ea., $4.19
Originally priced $5.19 each.
Finely woven, cotton damask cloths, 70 inches in diameter, neatly scalloped, and in several good circular patterns.

Irish Satin Damask Cloths each, $5.24
Originally priced $6.89 each.
Full bleached, pure linen damask cloths, in neat designs and hemmed for immediate use. Size 66x66 inches.

January Sale of Bedspreads, Blankets & Comfortables



White Marseilles Bedspreads, extra large, full size, sale price **$5.94.** Our usual price **$7.94.** In attractive raised patterns, closely woven and satin finished.

All Pure Wool Blankets, full size, **$8.94** pair.

All wool, woven in the old fashioned way. Warm and durable. In rich block plaids.

All Pure Wool Blankets
Made of high grade wool, with almost twice the usual fluffy thickness of the average all wool blanket. In white and block patterns. Sale Price **$13.89** a pair, double bed size. Formerly $22.89.

Comfortables
White sanitary, cotton filled. Extra large size **$2.94.** Originally $4.94.
Covered with attractive floral printed materials, closely woven.

Sateen Covered Lambs' Wool Filled Comfortables, full double bed size, $6.94
Covered with mercerized sateen on both sides, and filled with 100% pure wool. Stitched in artistic designs with floral centers and backs and plain borders.

Also many other items in bed coverings, not listed here, at proportionately the same savings.

Macy's—Basement, 34th St., Rear.

Clearance Sale of Misses' Dresses $15.74

Reduced for clearance, a group of previously high priced dresses, in a variety of attractive styles and materials that have proven most satisfactory.

This sale offers a remarkable opportunity to the young girl or small woman, as there are navy regulation dresses, tricotines, velveteens, gabardines, combinations of satin and serge, and satins, many with hand-embroidery or bead trimming. Sizes 14, 16, 18. Not all sizes in every style.

Macy's—Third Floor, 34th St., Front.

Women's Coats and Wraps Reduced

A large variety of coats and wraps has been reduced for this sale.

Fur trimmed wraps, evening coats, leather coats and English fleeces—all of superior quality and latest design.

3	Fur Trimmed Wraps	Originally $389.00—Now	$196.00
4	Fur Trimmed Wraps	Originally 214.00—Now	159.00
6	Fancy Wraps	Originally 189.00—Now	129.00
5	Fur Trimmed Wraps	Originally 139.00—Now	94.75
31	Evening Wraps	Originally 37.75—Now	22.74
53	Cloth Coats, sizes up to 48½, fur trimmed and plain	Originally 39.75—Now	19.74
9	Black Leather Coats	Originally 49.75—Now	22.74
21	English Fleece Coats	Originally 44.75—Now	22.74

Macy's—Third Floor, Front.

Clearance Sale of WOMEN'S SUITS

All taken from our regular stock.

		Reduced to
7 Suits originally priced up to	$224.00,	$124.00
29 Suits originally priced up to	174.00,	98.75
27 Suits originally priced up to	124.00,	79.75
44 Suits originally priced up to	79.75,	54.75
53 Suits originally priced up to	59.75,	33.75
65 Suits originally priced up to	39.75,	24.74

Materials are velour, duvet de laine, rayonnier, evora superior, tricotine, velveteen, jersey.
There are simple tailored models, straight line or belted ones, some have embroidery trimming, others fur collars of mole, nutria, opossum or squirrel.
All coats are interlined and handsomely silk lined.
Sizes 34 to 44.

Macy's—Third Floor, 34th St.

Clearance Sale of 127 Women's Dresses $29.75

Formerly $48.75 to $64.75

Dresses of exceptional smartness and quality in a number of desirable models.

Materials: Tricotine, twill, velveteen, charmeuse, satin, and Morocco crepe.

Trimmings: Braid, beads, and hand embroidery.

There are all sizes in the lot but not every size in every style.

Colors: Navy, black and brown.

Macy's—Third Floor, 34th St., Rear.

Remnants of Linings

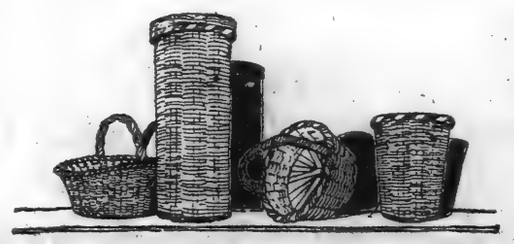
Attractively Reduced

Cotton Linings
Sateen and Percaline
34c to 89c yard
Formerly 47c to $1.29 yd.

Printed and Brocaded Satin
cotton back
$1.19 and $1.39 yard
Formerly $1.39 & $1.59 yd.

Fancy Sateen Linings
printed designs
49c to 79c yard
Formerly 64c to 98c yd.

Macy's—Lining Section, Second Floor, 34th St., Broadway.



Mexican Hampers and Baskets

Round hampers, covers to match, in three sizes:
20 inches high x 11 inches wide, $1.54
22 inches high x 14 inches wide, 2.29
25 inches high x 17 inches wide, 3.09

Market Baskets:
9½ inches high x 5 inches deep, 34c
10½ inches high x 6 inches deep, 49c

Waste Paper Baskets:
11 inches high x 10 inches wide, 98c
12 inches high x 11 inches wide, $1.34
13 inches high x 13 inches wide, $1.74

Mexican Willow Market Baskets with braided tops and handles. Oval:
12 inches high x 5½ inches deep, 94c
14 inches high x 6 inches deep, $1.29

Macy's—Basement, 34th St.

Clearance Sale of Hose

Women's Full Fashioned Silk Hose $1.14 Pair
Reduced from $1.79 pair
In black or white, sizes 8½ to 10

Children's Mercerized Stockings 39c Pair
Reduced from 59c to 69c pr.
Fine mercerized ribbed stockings, size 8 to 10, in white, sizes 7 to 10 in black

Macy's—Main Floor, Centre.

550 Imported Handmade Blouses

$4.69

Originally $9.74 to $15.74

Handmade blouses trimmed with fine tucks, net fluting, hand-embroidery and hand-drawnwork.

In white and delicate shades of flesh, Copenhagen, rose and orchid.

Sizes 34 to 46.

Macy's—Third Floor, 34th St.

See our grocery ad in today's World, American, Herald, Brooklyn Eagle, Staats-Zeitung

Especial attention is directed to the Extraordinary Values in our JANUARY WHITE SALES which commence To-morrow.

West 42nd Street and West 43rd Street

Stern Brothers

Business Hours: 9 A. M. until 5.30 P. M.

The Annual January Sale of

Household and Decorative Linens

Ireland's high-grade Linens—noted for their exceptional wearing and laundering qualities—are now offered in many instances

At LESS Than TO-DAY'S WHOLESALE COST

Irish Pure Linen Satin Damask Table Cloths

Full bleached; distinctive circular designs.

$5.90 and 7.50

Napkins to match, 22x22 inches—$7.25 a dozen.

Irish Pure Linen Satin Damask Table Cloths

Heavy weight; full bleached.

2x2 yards; - - - **$7.50**
2x2½ yards; - - - **$9.75**
2x3 yards; - - - **11.50**

Napkins to match
22x22 inches; - per dozen **$9.25**

Irish Pure Linen Satin Double Damask Table Cloths

Heavy weight; circular designs.

2x2 yards; - **$10.00, 12.00**
2x2½ yards; - **$12.00, 15.00**
2x3 yards; - **$15.00, 18.00**

Napkins to match
22x22 inches, doz. **$12.75, 16.00**

TOWELS

Huck Towels—Irish Pure Linen, hemstitched; guest size.....doz. **$7.50, 8.75**

Huck Towels, hemstitched; Union Linen; room size; per dozen.....**$4.75, 7.50**

All Linen Huck Towels—Hemstitched or hemmed; room size; per dozen.....**$8.75**

Irish All Linen Typed Glass Towels, hemmed; per dozen.....**$9.25, 12.00**

BEDSPREADS, Etc.

Dimity Bedspreads, hemmed; each.....**$2.25, 2.75, 3.75**

Satin Finish Bedspreads, hemmed; each.....**$5.00, 5.75**

Crochet Bedspreads, hemmed; each.....**$2.75, 4.50**

Pure Linen Sheets, hemstitched; pair **$15.00, 17.50**

Pure Linen Pillow Cases, hemstitched.....pair **$3.50, 4.50**

EXHIBITION

of American

DRESS SILKS

Featuring Novelties in both Weave and Color for Sport Wear

Attention is directed to the windows of our Forty-Second front which are devoted exclusively to this display

French Kid Gloves

Reduced to **$1.95** Originally $3.50

Excellent quality 2-Clasp Overseam Sewn Gloves, with Paris Point backs.

White and Colors; also Black with White stitching.

The Annual January Sale of

Women's White Undergarments

Excellent quality American-made assortments at

PHENOMENAL PRICE CONCESSIONS

Nainsook Nightgowns, - - - - - -	$1.15, 1.50, 1.95 to 2.85
Nainsook Envelope Chemises, - -	98c, 1.39, 1.69 to 2.75
Nainsook Corset Covers, - - - - -	89c, 1.00, 1.29 to 1.65
Nainsook Plain Chemises, - - - - -	1.00, 1.35 and 1.69
Nainsook Drawers, - - - - - - -	1.00, 1.65 and 1.95
Pink Batiste and Seco Silk Bloomers,	85c, 1.00 and 1.25
Outing Flannel Nightgowns, - - -	1.45, 1.90 and 2.85

Philippine Nightgowns and Envelope Chemises—

A most extensive showing of elaborately hand-embroidered and hand-made undergarments.

$1.95 and 2.95

CREPE DE CHINE UNDERGARMENTS

Tailored or lace trimmed models in a wide variety of styles.

Silk Night Gowns, - - - - - - -	$3.95, 4.95, 5.75 to 7.85
Silk Envelope Chemises, - - - -	1.95, 2.50, 2.95 & 3.95
Satin Bloomers, - - - - - - - -	$2.95, 3.25 and 3.95
Silk Step-in Drawers, - - - - - -	$2.95, 3.50 and 3.95
Silk Bodices, - - - - - - - - -	1.25 and 1.85

SECOND FLOOR

Decidedly Advantageous Prices on

WOMEN'S BLOUSES

French Voiles and Batistes—

Some are hand-made; trimmed with Filet lace hand-drawn and French dots; others with smartly tucked fronts, collar and cuffs. . . *Values to $7.90* **$3.95**

Dimity, Madras and Voiles—

Well tailored Blouses; some are trimmed with Filet and Irish lace edges; tucked fronts; some with pique collars and link cuffs; long sleeves . . . *$3.95 Values* **$2.95**

SECOND FLOOR.

Substantial Savings in the Half-Yearly Sale of

BLANKETS and BED COVERINGS

Superior quality assortments—all from our regular stock.

White Blankets

Cotton and Wool

Single Bed Size..pr. **$6.75 to $8.95**
Double " " ..pr. **$7.50 to 11.50**
Extra large.....pr. **10.50 to 13.50**

Comfortables

Double Size

Figured Silkoline, both sides, ea. **$3.75**
Printed Cambrics, plain borders. **5.00**
Plain Nainsook, wool filled..ea. **8.50**

Fancy Colored Blankets, $5.00, 6.50 and 7.75 each

New Designs in wide range of colors.

MUSLIN SHEETS

	Single	Three-qtr.	Double
Hemmed..	1.15	1.30	1.48
Hemst'd ..	1.80	2.00	2.45

MUSLIN PILLOW CASES

	42x36	45x36	50x36
Hemmed..	32c.	35c.	38c.
Hemst'd ..	42c.	45c.	48c.

A Most Remarkable Offering of

WOMEN'S UNION SUITS

High-Grade Garments taken from our regular stock and

Reduced for Immediate Disposal

$4.85 (Formerly 7.95)

Wool, Silk and Wool or Mercerized.
Low neck, sleeveless, knee or ankle lengths.

Flesh Color or White. All Sizes, but not in every style.

Exceptional Value-giving in

A Special Purchase Sale of

50 Women's High-grade Evening Wraps

AT HALF PRICE

Distinctive, regal originations designed upon lines as decreed and approved by Europe's most noted style authors.

Sale Prices:

$52.50 *to* $262.50

Originally made to sell for
$110.00 to $525.00

Materials comprise rich Brocades, Chiffon Velvets, Metallic Brocades, in self or fur trimmed effects. Exquisitely embroidered or beaded. Lined throughout and interlined.

ONE ONLY of EACH STYLE.

The Annual Clearance Sale of

Misses', Juniors' and Girls' Apparel

Misses' Suits
Formerly sold up to $89.75,
REDUCED TO . . . **38.50**

Misses' Coats
Formerly sold up to $75.00,
REDUCED TO . . . **45.00**

Misses' Dresses Tricotines, Satins and Velveteens.
Formerly sold up to $34.75,
REDUCED TO . . . **15.00**

Misses' Dresses
Formerly sold up to 125.00,
REDUCED TO . . . **45.00**

Girls' Wool Dresses
Navy Blue Embroidered Serge.
Formerly $12.75,
REDUCED TO . . . **$5.95**

Misses' Dance Dresses
Formerly $47.50,
REDUCED TO . . . **25.00**

Misses' Coats
Formerly sold up to 110.00,
REDUCED TO . . . **59.75**

Girls' Winter Coats
Formerly sold up to $37.50,
REDUCED TO . . . **20.00**

Girls' Fur Collar Coats
Formerly sold up to $42.50,
REDUCED TO . . . **24.75**

Girls' Regulation Dresses
Of Navy Blue Wool Serges.
Formerly $19.75,
REDUCED TO . . . **11.50**

An Extraordinary Sale To-morrow of

200 Women's

Fashionable DRESSES

at **$19.50**

(Formerly $37.50)

Superior Quality Serges, Tricotines or Wool Jerseys in a diversity of Coat, Tunic or Panel effects.

Elaborately embroidered, beaded or braid trimmed models in the most desired colors

Rarely is it possible to effect a saving of $18.00 on such practical, serviceable, fashionable Dresses as we offer in this timely sale.

Sizes 34 to 46

60,000 TO PICKET CLOTHING SHOPS

Amalgamated Workers Plan Big Demonstration of Their Power Tomorrow.

GAY GUARDS ARE IMPORTED

Some Manufacturers Oppose Wage Cuts as Against Efficiency In Factories.

About 60,000 members of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, unemployed due to the controversy between the union and the Clothing Manufacturers' Association of New York, will meet at 6 o'clock tomorrow morning and during the day picket the shops of the members of the association. According to union officials, special efforts will be made to maintain order.

"We are anxious to show the public, and the manufacturers themselves that we still have our normal strength and that the defections in the ranks of the workers have not been as great as some would like to have us believe," said one of the union officials.

Sidney Hillman, General President of the Amalgamated, said he had learned that the Manufacturers' Association, finding that but few guards could be employed here, had hired guards in Chicago.

It could not be learned yesterday what measures the police would take during the invasion of the clothing district by the pickets, but it was said that police officials did not take kindly to the union's plans.

"With so many unionists on the job and considerable bitterness in the air there is bound to be a disturbance of one sort or another," one police official said.

There was a temporary truce in the controversy because of the holiday. A few pickets were posted in the morning, union officials reported, to see that no manufacturer took advantage of the holiday to open his shop.

Thus far the Amalgamated has not found it necessary to appeal to the Needle Trades Workers' Alliance of America, of which it is a member, and no effort will be made to secure practical support from the alliance of 400,000 needle trades workers until an emergency arises, Mr. Hillman said. He thought the fund of $1,000,000 to be subscribed by Amalgamated workers in other cities would be ample to cover the needs of New York workers for some time. Restaurants and commissaries will be established next month, it was said, and workers permitted to purchase food and other necessities at cost.

Replies to a questionnaire sent to the 500 members of the International Association of Garment Manufacturers, making 35 different types of garments in 38 States and in four Provinces of Canada and in Mexico, showed, according to a report yesterday, that although about 15 per cent. of the members have reduced wages from 9 to 25 per cent., about 40 per cent. either propose to maintain their schedules, or have not considered a change. The remainder reported that they were considering reducing wages.

Commenting upon the attitude of the manufacturers toward wage reductions, Arthur Schwab of the association explained that although wage reductions might have some effect upon the final cost of heavy garments, such as overcoats, in which wages figure as an important item, the reduction which would be permitted in smaller garments, such as shirts, overalls, collars, underwear, hosiery, pajamas and similar articles, would be negligible.

Some of the manufacturers opposing the reduction of wages, Mr. Schwab said, held that living costs have not been materially reduced; that in an efficiently managed factory increased efficiency, higher quality and greater production are more instrumental in reducing costs than a wage reduction and that the good-will and interest of employes is too valuable an asset to be jeopardized by the uncertain and problematical advantage of a wage reduction.

AMERICANS RULE TOY MART.

Of $100,000,000 Worth Sold Here, 80 Per Cent. Were Made In U. S.

Eighty per cent. of all the toys sold in this country this year were of American manufacture, foreign competition being hardly a factor in the market.

Estimates by wholesalers show there were about $100,000,000 worth of toys on the market, of which $80,000,000 were made by American firms, $10,000,000 by Japan, $8,000,000 by Germany, and about $2,000,000 by France and other European countries.

The year also showed that warlike toys are going out of fashion.

Immediate Delivery

$50

puts this

Opera Grand

in your Home



Only 4 Feet 8 Inches Long.

Equally Attractive Monthly Payments

THIS is just the little Grand you have longed for — the Opera Grand — the smallest made. It takes practically no more space than an Upright. Come and hear it in our special booth arranged to show how little space is required.

MATHUSHEK

37 West 37th Street

Telephone Fitz Roy 976-977

ESTABLISHED 1856

W. H. HALL

FURRIER

18 West 38th Street

NEAR FIFTH AVE.

Since the foundation of this business in 1856 Hall's Furs have combined the three essential factors that enter into the buying of Furs— **Dependability — Style — Lowest Price.**

The Great Price Reductions

at which we will offer our Entire Stock of

FURS

Beginning Tomorrow, Monday, Dec. 27

afford a tangible opportunity to practice REAL Economy in the Selection of

Fur Coats, Wraps, Capes and Smaller Furs

W. H. HALL, 18 W. 38th St.

Telephone Fitz Roy 2707 — Formerly 6th Ave. and 22nd St.

Where There Is Justice, Co-operation, Economy and Energy, There Is Service

5th Avenue **James McCreery & Co.** *34th Street*

An Extraordinary Clearance of Women's and Misses' Apparel

The Prices Are Very Much Lower Than We Have Quoted During the Entire Fall or Winter

Purchases Will Appear On Bills Rendered February 1st — No C. O. D.'s — No Approvals — No Returns

Women's Wraps and Coats

At One-Half Former Prices

Exclusive Imported Creations and distinguished-looking models of American origination have been reduced to just half their original prices.

2	Imported Evening Wraps	formerly 975.00,	475.00
1	Imported Evening Wrap	formerly 850.00,	425.00
3	Callot Lace Wraps	formerly 510.00,	225.00
1	Evening Wrap, Brocaded, Fur Trimmed	formerly 415.00,	207.50
1	Fur Trimmed Chiffon Velvet Evening Wrap	formerly 295.00,	147.50
6	Evening Wraps of Brocaded Velvet	formerly 265.00,	132.50
2	Evening Wraps of Chiffon Velvet	formerly 250.00,	125.00
1	Fur Trimmed Street Coat	formerly 460.00,	230.00
1	Fur Trimmed Street Coat Wrap	formerly 340.00,	170.00
1	Fur Trimmed Street Coat Wrap	formerly 295.00,	145.00
2	Fur Trimmed Street Coat Wraps	formerly 280.00,	140.00
2	Fur Trimmed Street Wraps	formerly 235.00,	117.50
1	Fur Trimmed Street Coat Wrap	formerly 225.00,	112.50
3	Fur Trimmed Street Coat Wraps	formerly 205.00,	102.50
5	Street Coat Wraps without Fur	formerly 145.00,	72.50
9	Street Coat Wraps without Fur	formerly 105.00,	52.50
14	Street Coat Wraps	formerly 85.00,	42.50
54	Coat Wraps, some Fur trimmed	formerly 39.50,	19.75

(Fourth Floor)

Women's Dresses

Afternoon, Dinner and Evening Gowns of exceeding loveliness. Imported models and exclusive American creations, substantially reduced.

6	Dresses	formerly 300.00, 150.00
16	Dresses	formerly 150.00, 98.00
40	Dresses	formerly 98.00, 62.00
100	Dresses	formerly 45.00 to 59.50, 33.00
	All Imported Models Reduced to Half Former Prices	175.00 to 300.00
		formerly 350.00 to 600.00

(Fourth Floor)

Women's Suits

Tailleurs and luxuriously Fur-Trimmed Suits including Imported and exclusive American creations.

12	Fur Trimmed Suits	formerly 220.00 to 265.00, 125.00
20	Fur Trimmed models	formerly 105.00, 52.50
37	Suits, with or without Fur	formerly 65.00 to 95.00, 49.50
47	Tailleurs, with or without Fur	formerly 48.00 to 59.50, 35.00
56	Tailored Suits, some with Fur	formerly 35.00 and 39.50, 22.50

All Worsted Jersey Suits, smart sport models, splendid for general wear, in Plain or Heather Mixtures of various shades. 15.00 is actually less than the cost to manufacture. We secured them through a special purchase. **15.00**

(Fourth Floor)

Misses' Coats and Wraps

134 handsome Coats and Wraps, most of them luxuriously Fur Trimmed.

55	Coat Wraps	formerly 39.50 to 57.50, 29.50
80	Coat Wraps	formerly 75.00 to 98.00, 55.00
40	Coat Wraps	formerly 120.00 to 145.00, 95.00
9	Imported Coats and Wraps	formerly 135.00 to 560.00, 69.00 and 135.00

(Fourth Floor)

Misses' Dresses

Modish, Mid-Winter styles in Wool and Silk, with just the right degree of artistic adornment.

125	Dresses	formerly 24.50 to 37.50, 16.75
42	Dresses	formerly 45.00 to 59.50, 29.50
35	Dresses	formerly 75.00 to 85.00, 59.50
20	Dresses	formerly 89.00 to 119.00, 75.00
15	Dresses	formerly 178.00 to 265.00, 145.00
18	Imported Street Dresses	formerly 325.00 to 495.00, 95.00 and 135.00
15	Imported Afternoon Dresses	formerly 195.00 to 560.00 85.00 and 145.00
25	Imported Gowns	formerly 150.00 to 625.00, 85.00 and 155.00

(Fourth Floor)

Misses' Suits

A splendid assortment of Misses Tailleurs and Fur-Trimmed Suits.

40	Suits	formerly 35.00 to 49.50, 22.50
39	Suits	formerly 55.00 to 69.50, 39.50
25	Suits	formerly 82.50 to 169.50, 69.50
1	Imported Suit	formerly 495.00, 95.00

(Fourth Floor)

Fur Coats, Scarfs and Muffs

Coats, Wraps, Scarfs and Muffs of the Finest Furs Nature Produces reduced to prices far below prevailing wholesale costs!

Natural Muskrat Coats, 36 inches long, self trimmed	185.00 formerly 295.00
Natural Muskrat Coats, 36 inches long, Raccoon trimmed	195.00 formerly 325.00
Black Pony Skin Coat, 36 inches long, Raccoon trimmed	125.00 formerly 285.00
Hudson Seal Wrap, large shawl collar	formerly 965.00, 545.00
Mole Wrap, large shawl collar	formerly 625.00, 395.00
French Seal Wrap (dyed coney), beautifully lined	formerly 495.00, 245.00
Skunk Scarfs	formerly 75.00, 95.00 and 110.00, 55.00, 65.00 and 75.00
Skunk Muff	formerly 75.00 and 85.00, 47.50 and 55.00

(Fourth Floor)

Juniors' and Girls' Coats and Dresses

A wide assortment of smart, practical Coats and Dresses in the season's favorite styles and fabrics.

63	Coats, 6 to 16 years	formerly 24.50 to 35.00, 16.75
30	Coats, 8 to 16 years	formerly 45.00 to 49.50, 35.00
60	Dresses, 6 to 14 years	formerly 9.75 to 14.75, 6.95
75	Dresses, 6 to 16 years	formerly 18.50 to 29.50, 12.75

(Fourth Floor)

Annual "McCreery Silk" Remnant Sale

Prices Reduced ½

Thousands of Lengths Assembled From Our Wholesale and Retail Departments, Marked At Half Former Prices!

Plain and Novelty Silks, Satins, Crepes, Chiffons, Georgettes and Meteors.

Dress lengths, as well as shorter lengths. All the wanted shades and weaves.

As 1920 has been an exceptionally busy silk season we have accumulated a wider variety of lengths than we have ever before been able to offer.

Ample space on the Second Floor has been set aside for this event.

(Second Floor)

AUTOS KILL TWO; SEVERAL INJURED

Paterson Man Dies When Mixed Signals Result in Crash at Clifton, N. J.

KILLED BY FENCE PALING

Machine Runs Into Fence at Sharp Turn in Golden's Bridge, N. Y., Pinning Rider to Seat.

Two men were killed and several other persons were injured in automobile accidents in and near New York yesterday. A misunderstanding of signals between Alfred Hyde of 101 Trowbridge Street, Cambridge, Mass., and Andrew Buzzio of 39 Jefferson Street, Passaic, N. J., resulted in the death of Louis Sherman of 211 Governor Street, Paterson, when the Buzzio car sideswiped the car operated by Hyde at Lexington and Clifton Avenues, Clifton, N. J., and turned the Hyde car over upon its occupants.

Mr. Sherman was in the front seat of the car beside Mr. Hyde, who was his cousin, and the parents of the owner of the car, Mr. and Mrs. Abram Hyde, were in the tonneau. Witnesses told the police that the Buzzio car was going so rapidly that Buzzio was unable to stop until he had knocked down Adolph Schneweis of Clifton, one hundred feet away.

An ambulance surgeon from St. Joseph's Hospital, Paterson, examined Schneweis and found that his skull had been broken. He was hurried to the hospital, where it was said that he would die.

Buzzio and Hyde were arrested on a charge of manslaughter. They were released on bail at the Clinton Police Station. Mr. Hyde told the police that he and his parents had arrived from Cambridge on Friday to spend the Christmas holidays with the dead man's family.

When the automobile in which Nicholas Mansett of Chappaqua, N. Y., was riding with M. R. Rand struck a fence yesterday at a sharp turn at Golden's Bridge, N. Y., a paling in the fence pinned Mansett to his seat, killing him instantly. Mr. Mansett, who was 60 years old, was hurrying to a Christmas dinner at Brewster when the car skidded. Glass from the windshield cut Mr. Rand about the hands and face, but he dragged the automobile back to the road and carried the body of Mr. Mansett to the office of a physician.

Four persons were slightly hurt yesterday afternoon when a Red Cross automobile ambulance attached to Mitchel Field collided with an automobile owned and operated by Antonio Maresca of 4,226 Jerome Avenue, the Bronx, at Jamaica and Woodhaven Avenues, Queens.

In Maresca's car were his sister, Miss Mary Maresca of 235 East 106th Street, and Miss Josephine de Felio of 2,644 First Avenue. Fred E. Traver, chauffeur of the Red Cross ambulance, declared that Maresca ran into him, throwing Maresca and the two women to the street. The machines came together with such force that they were carried twenty feet along the road, where they knocked down Adolph May, 64 years old, of 61 Denington Avenue, Woodhaven.

An ambulance surgeon from St. Mary's Hospital, Jamaica, attended slight hurts suffered by Maresca, May and the two women.

GREEK OFFICIAL PROTESTS.

Colorado Vice Consul Complains of Seizure of Countrymen's Guns.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Dec. 25.—International complications are threatened as the result of the confiscation of firearms by the Sheriff of Weld County after the arrest of three Greeks near Frederick. The Greek Government has entered an official protest against the Sheriff's action through N. C. Calogeros, Greek Vice Consul for Colorado, but the protest was rejected by acting Governor Stephan.

The dispute arises out of the enforcement of a part of the game law, providing for the confiscation of firearms found in the possession of unnaturalized citizens.

George Logious, Joseph Xedakis and Nicholas Xedakis were arrested after investigation of charges that they had shot pheasants. When the sheriff searched their homes he found and seized several shotguns. The men were fined and, as they were not citizens of the United States, the guns were confiscated. They laid their case before the Greek Vice Consul.

In rejecting the protest Acting Governor Stephan called the Greek Government's attention to the law under which the sheriff acted.

MAY JOIN INTERNATIONALE.

French Socialists in Congress Said to Favor Move by 3 to 1.

TOURS, France, Dec. 25.—What was termed the strong increase in the revolutionary temper of the French people and preliminary indications that the French Socialists favor affiliation with the Third (Moscow) Internationale by three to one were the outstanding features of reports read at the first session of the French Socialist Party congress here today. A significant phase of the reports was the statement that the Socialist and revolutionary spirit has gained great strength in the agricultural districts of France.

The congress opened this morning with 350 delegates, representing 180,000 members of the party. It was decided to take up immediately the question of joining the Moscow Internationale, although this question was last on the program. The delegates will vote by mandate, having received their instructions from their constituents.

Opposition to the Parliamentary group, which is composed of sixty Socialist members of the Chamber of Deputies, continues to grow, and it appears certain the party will be split when final action on the motion to accept unconditionally adhesion to the Third Internationale comes up.

The delegates attribute the increase in the revolutionary spirit to the general disturbed conditions, world-wide unrest, and discontent with things as they are.

MORE HELP NEEDED

For the Hundred Neediest Cases.

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

NEW McGANNON WITNESSES.

Ten Will Appear for Defense Monday—Judge Will Contradict Miss Neely.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 25.—Ten new witnesses are to testify for the defense Monday in the trial of Judge William H. McGannon on a second degree murder charge for the killing of Harold C. Kagy, it was announced today by McGannon's attorneys.

One of the ten will be an "alibi" witness and the other nine will be used to attack the testimony of State's witnesses, six of them to attack the credibility of the testimony given by Miss Mary E. Neely, chief witness for the prosecution, that she witnessed the shooting.

William H. Boyd, chief counsel for McGannon, said today that Miss Neely would be recalled to the witness stand Monday, and also intimated that Judge McGannon would take the stand the same day, although he said the present plan was to call the Judge on Tuesday.

When Judge McGannon takes the stand, it is said, he will make a complete denial of all testimony that he was present at the shooting. This general refutation will be directed point-blank at Miss Neely's testimony that she "saw McGannon pull something from his pocket. Simultaneously a shot rang out and Kagy lurched forward." and will deny that he offered her $500 to change her story.

The jury spent Christmas Day at a hotel in charge of a bailiff.

SEEKS DE KORWIN LETTERS.

Wife's Attorney Says They Will Prove Baron's Fortune-Hunting.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 25.—Mrs. Cecile Young Heyworth De Korwin began a search today for certain missing papers that she believes will substantiate her contention regarding the motive behind Baron Joseph De Korwin's legal fight to obtain the custody of his 3-year-old son.

"The Baron is only seeking money," she said. "He's not concerned with the future of Stanislaus any more now than he was with my happiness when we were married."

The papers for which she is hunting contain letters which A. S. Trude, counsel for Mrs. De Korwin, says will prove the assertion.

At the same time the Baron's counsel, Edward B. Mayer, announced that his client was impatiently waiting for the resumption of Judge McKinley's hearing on Thursday to offer testimony.

"This whole affair, from the wedding to the present court fight, has been featured by the Baron's greed for his wife's millions," Mr. Trude declared. "Mrs. De Korwin never had a honeymoon. It was a financial eclipse, with the moon hidden by the Baron's outstretched hand. When she got through paying off his morganatic wives she began providing for the alleged noble's living expenses. Her duties as wife have been transcended in importance by her responsibility as a paymaster."

The Baron's story of his search for his son brought an ironical reply from Mr. Trude.

"Mrs. De Korwin has never attempted to hide from any one," he said. "If the Baron had really desired to visit the lad, born in Vienna, but reared in America, he could easily have done so by writing to his wife."

CROWDS ATTEND MASSES.

Christmas Services at Catholic, Episcopal and Lutheran Churches.

All the Christmas masses yesterday were crowded at St. Patrick's Cathedral, beginning with the midnight mass Christmas Eve. At 11 o'clock high mass Archbishop Patrick J. Hayes presided. He also officiated at vespers, which were sung at 4 o'clock.

A new musical composition was rendered, the author of which is Pietro A. Yon. The chancel was decorated elaborately with evergreens.

All the Roman Catholic churches were crowded at practically all masses yesterday, Christmas being a holy day of obligation. There were Christmas decorations and elaborate musical programs. The midnight mass in New York has come to be a regular Christmas feature in the religious world. This custom was started by Cardinal Farley, as he wanted his people to pray much during the World War.

Episcopal and Lutheran churches held Christmas services. The denominational churches will have their Christmas celebrations today.

47-49-51 West 42d Street

Sale Begins Tomorrow at 9 A. M.

Renard

Sale Begins Tomorrow at 9 A. M.

Tomorrow A Tremendous Mark Down Sale

FINAL BREAK IN PRICES

Sacrificing Without Reservation
Entire $250,000 Stock of Women's and Misses'

DRESSES & COATS

This is without exception the greatest event of the entire year. It brings you the opportunity to buy the newest and smartest models in high grade dresses and coats at prices that have never been equalled and will set a record for many years to come. Don't miss this wonderful chance. Come early tomorrow morning.

THESE REDUCTIONS BRING PRICES DOWN TO MUCH LESS THAN WHOLESALE



DRESSES—Worth up to 20.00
Tricotine, Serge, Tailored Velour, Embroidered Velour, Jersey—Velveteen
All Sizes for **7.85**

DRESSES *WORTH To 29.75*
Beaded Tricotine—Velveteen—Emb'd Tricotine—Satin—Poiret Twill — Wool Velour — Charmeuse.
12.85

DRESSES *WORTH To 40.00*
Emb'd Tricotine—Rich Satin—Crepe Back Satin—Silk Duvetyne—Embroidered Velour.
19.75

DRESSES *WORTH To 50.00*
Canton Crepe—Fine Tricotine—Silk Duvetyne—Embroidered Velour—Finest Satin.
29.75

DRESSES *WORTH TO 75.00*
Canton Crepe—Chiffon Velvet—Lace and Satin Combinations—Elaborately Emb'd Tricotine.
39.75

EMBROIDERED VELOUR COATS
Beautifully tailored and embroidered. Lined with silk
16.75

BOLIVIA COATS *Worth to 45.00*
Fine quality Bolivia, with large collars of finest furs, lined with silk and interlined.
27.50

COATS & WRAPS *Worth to 65.00*
Bolivia—Suedine—Duvette—Silvertip—Large fur collars of nutria, opossum, raccoon and Bay seal.
35.00

COATS & WRAPS *Worth to 85.00*
Bokhara—Chamoistyne—Veldyne—Velour de Laine, luxurious collar of squirrel, opossum, nutria, raccoon.
55.00

COATS & WRAPS *Worth to 110.00*
The very richest fabrics in the smartest models, with large collars of fashionable furs.
75.00



RENARD—West 42d St.—RENARD

The Store is closed at 5 P. M. daily

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street
TELEPHONE 7000 MURRAY HILL

Beginning to-morrow (Monday)
on the First Floor

An Unprecedented Offering of

Over Seven Thousand

Men's Outing Flannel Pajamas

at $1.65 per suit

This is a phenomenally low figure for Pajamas of this quality (being, indeed, less than one-half the regular price). The material used in making the garments is domet flannel of superior grade, and the workmanship is of a high order.

Twelve Hundred
Men's Outing Flannel Night Shirts

(of the same quality material) will at the same time be offered at

$1.35 each

Beginning tomorrow, Monday, December 27th, we shall put on sale

5116

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits—worth up to $90

$48

The assortment is composed chiefly of incomplete lines of choice suits, resulting from the eager response to our recent Sale announcements.

Added to these, are various lots of other mighty fine suits, late arrivals from the famed tailories of Hart Schaffner & Marx, and made to sell at $90, $85 and $75.

These 5116 suits at $48 include a big showing of beautiful blues and grays; the styles are the season's newest and best; smart single and double breasters.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th

246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

Telephone Orders Filled—Phone Fitzroy—1900—Ask for Telephone Order Desk

Merchandise of standard merit assembled in full assortments for this important event.

Lord & Taylor

38th Street FIFTH AVENUE 39th Street

An especially prepared sale at prices that represent substantial economies to our customers.

See After-Christmas Sale Advertisement on Page 3, Editorial Section

Beginning Tomorrow

Annual January Sale of Lingerie

Beginning Tomorrow

Negligees and Robes

Satin, Plain and Brocaded, Crepe de Chine, Crepe Meteor, Corduroy and Blanket Robes, a variety of lovely colors.

Crepe de Chine

Attractive Kimono model of Crepe de Chine, shirred front and back.
$6.95

Heavy quality Crepe de Chine hand-embroidered scalloped around the neck and down the front, ribbon tie.
$12.75 and tax

Satin and Brocade

Two-toned Satin, with flowing sleeves, a graceful style trimmed with pleating.
$10.75 and tax

Brocaded Satin, a draped model of elaborate effect, luxuriously trimmed with moufflon.
$22.50 and tax

Corduroy and Quilted Robes

Corduroy Robes, full model, collar and pockets.
$6.45

Imported Japanese Satin Quilted Robes, full model.
$16.75 and tax

Second Floor

Philippine and American Lingerie

Philippine Underwear

Importer's Sample and Surplus Stock Secured at Great Concessions

THE best values we have ever offered in hand-made and beautifully hand-embroidered Night Gowns and Envelope Chemises are presented in this sale at far below the current prices.

Exquisite needlecraft of the Philippine women is combined with real Filet and Irish laces in many of the models.

Gowns and Envelope Chemises
Attractive styles, dainty with embroidery
$1.95 $2.45 $2.95

Gowns and Envelope Chemises
Embroidered and lace trimmed
$3.95 $4.95 $6.95



Lovely Silk Underwear

Crepe de Chine, Radium Silk and Washable Satin, Tailored and Lace-Trimmed

WOMEN of exacting taste in dainty Lingerie will appreciate this offering of underslips in a variety of charming models, in flesh tint.

Simple tailored styles as well as elaborately trimmed models are included in the collection—all well made and of the soft, fine, silken fabrics of luxury.

Night Gowns
$3.95 $4.95 $5.95 $9.75

Envelope Chemises
$1.95 $2.95 $3.95

Step-In Drawers
$1.95 $2.95

American Made Lingerie

SOFT, serviceable materials, Batiste, Nainsook, Cotton Crepe, flesh tint and white, models attractively trimmed with dainty laces, embroidery and hemstitching.

Gowns of Nainsook and Batiste
$1.35, $1.50 $1.95 $2.95 $3.95

Gowns of Cotton Crepe
$1.50 $1.95

Petticoats of Muslin
$1.50 $1.95 $2.95 $3.95

Envelope Chemises
$1.50 $1.95 $2.95

Bloomers of Batiste and Windsor Crepe
75c, 85c, 98c

Second Floor

Breakfast Coats

A magnificent assortment of colorful and beautiful models in Satin, Taffeta, Crepe Meteor, Chiffon over Crepe de Chine, and Corduroy.

Satins and Taffetas

Breakfast Coats of unusual beauty in two-toned Satin and Taffeta, a variety of models, novel trimming effects and charming little style touches—all of excellent material—remarkably priced at—
$10.75 $12.75 $14.75 $16.75 $18.75 and tax

Chiffon Over Crepe de Chine

Soft, filmy draperies over Crepe de Chine, with attractive ruffles, a particularly graceful model—
$12.75 and tax

Embossed Corduroy

Handsome and comfortable Breakfast Coats for cool mornings, of Embossed Corduroy, lined throughout with silk—
$10.75 and tax

Second Floor

Semi-Annual Sale Mme. Irene Corsets

Women who appreciate the better quality in corsetry have long shown their preference for Mme. Irene—a name that signifies the absolutely correct corset.

Every Mme. Irene Corset is built on smart lines, designed with great care for comfort, together with support; fashioned of a fine quality material and marked by the exquisite daintiness of the finishing touches.

Three Remarkable Values

$4.95
Made of good quality plain coutil for the medium and average figure. Medium low bust and medium long skirt. Eyelet lacing below front steel.

$7.95
Tax 30c
Daintily figured broche is used for this model designed to meet the needs of the average figure. Desirable straight back, ribbon-trimmed top.

$10.00
Tax 50c
Beautiful broche corset for the average and full figure. Long skirt with deep elastic inserts in front. The top is finished with ribbon and lace.

No C. O. D.'s No Exchanges

Second Floor

Smart Lingerie Blouses



Hand-Made Blouses
$4.00
Sheer, dainty Voile and Batiste, with hand-drawn work, French knots, trimmed with Filet lace. Exceptional at this price.

Sport Blouses
$10.00
Irish Dimity, with tucked bosom, round collar and cuffs of pencil stripes in rose or blue.
Illustrated at right.

Hand-Made Blouses
$15.00
Fine French Voile with drawn-work, French knot embroidery, and trimmed with Filet lace.
Illustrated at left.



Third Floor

Silk Petticoats And Bloomers

A collection of very attractive models for street and evening, at extremely low prices

Taffeta
$3.95 $4.95 $5.95

Silk Jersey
$3.95 $4.95 $6.45

Radium and Pussy Willow
$6.95 $7.95

Messaline and Satin
$5.45 $6.95

Dance and Evening Petticoats

Manufacturer's sample line and surplus stock of evening Petticoats, many elaborately trimmed with fine lace.
$3.95 to **$10.50**
Many at less than cost.

Washable Satin Dance Petticoats, attractively trimmed with laces, in flesh tint, charming models.
$3.95 $5.45 $7.95

Bloomers in Crepe de Chine and Satin

Crepe de Chine tailored and re-enforced, a good full model.
$1.95

Washable Satin, hemstitched or lace trimmed.
$2.95

Ankle Bloomers in fine quality Silk Jersey. Black and street shades.
$3.95

Second Floor

Beginning Tomorrow

Annual January Sale of Household Linens

Beginning Tomorrow

Heralding the New Year 1921 with Lower Prices— and Abundant Assortments of Ireland's Finest Qualities

Linens for Your Dining Room

Odd Damask Table Cloths of Pure Irish Linen...**$5.95, $7.75, $8.75**

Odd Damask Napkins—dozen
$4.95, $6.95, $9.00

Table Cloths of Irish linen damask, lovely round designs:
2x2 yards.....**$9.00**
2x2½ yards.....**$11.25**
2x3 yards.....**$13.50**
Napkins to match—dozen...**$9.50**

"Gold Medal" Linens of pure linen damask—
Cloths, 2x2 yards.....**$9.50**
Cloths, 2x2½ yards.....**$11.75**
Cloths, 2x3 yards.....**$14.25**
Napkins to match—dozen...**$12.00**

Luncheon Cloths of linen damask, hemstitched—
36x36 inches.....**$3.50**
41x41 inches.....**$4.00**
54x54 inches.....**$6.50**

Tea Napkins of linen damask, hemstitched—dozen.....**$7.50**

Table damask of pure Irish linen, 2 yards wide—yard.....**$2.75**

Dinner Napkins, Irish double damask, large size—dozen.....**$21.00**

Table Cloths of pure linen damask, size 64x64 inches, with one dozen napkins to match, size 18x18 inches, per set.....**$15.00**

Linens for Your Bed Room

Sheets and Pillow Cases of pure Irish linen—
Sheets—pair.....**$16.50**
Cases—pair.....**$3.95**

Embroidered Pillow Cases—scalloped and hemstitched. Hand embroidered. Irish linen—
Pair....**$8.50, $10.50**

Bed Spreads—Irish embroidered batiste bed spreads. Brown's "Shamrock" brand—
$15.00 and **$17.00**

Charming Cotton Fabrics

White and Colored

Splendid Values at Moderate Prices

Imported White Renaissance Mull
$1.00 yard
Delightfully soft and sheer, with a silky finish; 44 inches wide.

Long Cloth
$2.75 piece
(10 yards)
Soft needle finish; 36 inches wide.

Baby Wool Flannel
$1.95 yard
White daintily embroidered in silk. Choice of scalloped designs.

Novelty Printed Cotton Voiles
$1.00 yard
Charming assortment of colorings and new designs; 39-40 inches wide.

French Novelties
$1.45 yard
Printed and embroidered designs on light and dark colored grounds; 40 inches wide.

French Printed Shirting Madras
85c yard
Attractive striped effects, in colored grounds; 32 inches wide.

French Ratine
75c yard
A wide range of lovely colors, also white; 36 inches wide.

Second Floor

Bathroom and Kitchen Towels

Hemstitched Huck Towels—all pure linen huck towels with damask borders; dozen, **$10.50, $12.00** and **$13.50**

Guest Towels—
dozen **$8.00** and **$10.00**

Huck Towels—famous "Old Bleach" towels, pure linen, grass bleached, hemstitched—
dozen, **$18.00, $19.00, $21.00**

Union Linen Huck Towels—Hemmed—
dozen, **$4.75, $5.75, $6.75**

Hemstitched guest size—dozen, **$4.50**
Turkish Bath Towels—
each, **25c, 50c, 60c, 75c** and **$1.00**
Imported Turkish Towels—made of Egyptian yarn—
each, **75c, $1.00** and **$1.25**
Hemmed Glass and Kitchen Towels—all pure linen.....dozen, **$6.75**
Crash Dish Toweling—heavy quality, all pure linen.....yard **35c**
Glass Toweling—checked, all pure linen yard **50c**
Servants' Towels—excellent quality huck.....dozen, **$3.50**

Decorative Linens

Hand-Embroidered Madeira Napkins—dozen, **$8.50, $10.50, $12.00**

Hand-Embroidered Madeira Luncheon Sets (13 pieces)—
set, **$6.75, $7.50, $8.75**

Hand-Embroidered Madeira Doylies—dozen, **$2.75, $3.50**

Hand-Embroidered Madeira Tray Cloths each **40c, 50c, 75c**

Hand-Embroidered Scarfs—each, **$4.00, $5.00, $6.00**

Hand-Made Scarfs—Filet lace trimmed each **$6.75, $7.50, $8.50**

Hand-Made Tray Cloths—Filet lace trimmed—
each **$1.65, $2.50, $3.00**

Luncheon Sets—hand-embroidered Filet lace trimmed (25 pieces) set, **$45.00**

Napkins—hand-made Filet lace trimmed.....dozen, **$21.00**

BELLIGERENTS SHOW BIG GAIN IN EXPORTS

Belgium Has 500 Per Cent. Increase for Nine Months of 1920 Over Period in 1919.

GERMAN TRADE REVIVING

Five Months of 1920 Give 21,000,000,000 Marks Gain Over 1919—France Trebles Foreign Shipments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—The Department of Commerce, which some time ago asked American consular officers in all parts of the world to transmit to Washington the latest official data obtainable regarding the import and export trade of the countries to which they are assigned, is now receiving those reports. The most interesting disclosure in the reports so far received relates to Belgium, where the export trade for the first nine months of this year is more than six times as great as it was in the corresponding period last year.

Germany's 1920 exports have increased from about 1,200,000,000 marks in the first five months of 1919 to over 23,000,000,000 during the corresponding period of the present year. The export business of Great Britain increased from about £620,500,000 for the first ten months of 1919 to more than £1,119,500,000 for the same period in the present year.

The import trade of the United Kingdom for the first ten months of 1919 totalled £1,201,582,092, while for the same period in 1920 it amounted to £1,454,160,923, or an increase of £252,577,936. In 1919 French imports amounted to 24,567,420,000 francs and in 1920 to 27,189,071,000 francs, an increase of 2,611,651,000 francs. French exports for the same period last year totalled 6,704,217,000 francs and for the corresponding period this year 16,557,711,000 francs, or an increase of 9,853,493,000 francs.

Italian imports for the period January to June, 1919, totalled 8,530,104,133 lire and in 1920 the total for the same period was 8,413,845,914 lire, or a decrease of 116,258,219 lire. Italian exports for the same period were 2,119,219,018 lire in 1919 and 3,889,654,926 lire for the corresponding months in 1920, an increase of 1,770,434,908 lire.

The report for Japan covers the period January to August. Japanese imports in 1919 totalled 1,378,139,438 yen and in 1920 1,891,168,699 yen, or an increase of 513,029,261 yen. Japanese exports for the 1919 period amounted to 1,188,504,812 yen and for the 1920 period to 1,443,-811,109 yen, the 1920 increase being 255,326,297 yen.

The Canadian report is for the period January to October and shows that during these months in 1919 the value of Canadian imports was $753,741,901 and in 1920 $1,152,455,798, a 1920 increase of $398,613,897. The exports for the same period in 1919 totaled in value $988,130,140, and in 1920 the total was $975,855,115, or a decrease of $12,295,025.

From January to September, 1919, the value of Belgian importations was 3,317,017,000 francs, and in 1920 the value for the same period was 8,457,678,000 francs, an increase of 5,320,661,000 francs. For the same period the Belgian exports were valued at 1,063,002,000 francs and in 1920 were valued at 6,441,624,000 francs, or an increase of 5,378,622,000 francs.

The German report is for the period January to May, inclusive. In that period in 1919 German imports totaled 5,339,000,000 marks, while in 1920 the total was 28,480,000,000, or an increase of 23,141,000,000 marks. For the like period the exports in 1919 were valued at 1,169,000,000 and in 1920 at 23,688,000,000 marks, or an increase of 22,519,000,000 marks.

The report for Australia is for January to June, inclusive. Australian imports in 1919 were valued at £40,672,559 and in 1920 at £56,339,044, an increase of £9,666,663. In 1919 Australian exports amounted to £64,420,018 and in 1920 to £74,904,164, or an increase of £10,484,146.

Denmark's import trade for the period January to September amounted in 1919 to 1,625,725,000 crowns and in 1920 to 2,101,709,000 crowns, the increase being 475,984,000 crowns. Danish exports for the 1919 period totaled 408,463,000 crowns and in 1920 1,110,215,000 crowns, an increase of 641,752,000 crowns.

From January to May in 1919 the import trade of British India was valued at 646,512,852 rupees, and for the same period in 1920 at 1,066,190,777 rupees, an increase of 419,618,145 rupees. For the same period the exports in 1919 were valued at 1,068,827,201 rupees, and in 1920 at 1,387,073,727 rupees, the increase for 1920 being 318,248,526 rupees.

Only export figures are given for Sweden. In 1919 Swedish exports for the period January to August were valued at 930,884,705 crowns, and in the same period in 1920 at 1,495,234,430 crowns, an increase of 564,349,727 crowns.

The import trade of the Netherlands for the period January to July, inclusive, amounted in 1919 to 1,920,585,408 florins and in 1920 to 2,425,410,301 florins, or an increase of 504,824,893 florins. In the same period the exports for 1919 totalled 871,317,442 florins and in 1920 to 1,239,871,429 florins, an increase of 368,553,987 florins.

Figures for Russia, China, the Argentine, Chile, Turkey, Austria, Hungary and other countries are not yet available for publication.

SHOT IN ROW OVER LIQUOR.

Wounded Hotel Owner Refused to Sell Drink to Policeman.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Dec. 25.—James McCormick, 28 years old, of the Garwood police force, while off duty this morning shot and probably fatally wounded James Doolin, proprietor of the Garwood Hotel at Garwood, about three miles from here, when Doolin refused to sell him a drink, according to the police.

Doolin, who was shot through the stomach, is in the Elizabeth Hospital. McCormick is in the Garwood police station recovering from the effects of liquor he is said to have drunk before going to Doolin's Hotel.

Doolin has a wife and two children. He has conducted the Garwood Hotel for twenty-five years.

MORE HELP NEEDED
For the Hundred Neediest Cases.

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.



First After Christmas Clearance Sale

ABSOLUTE SACRIFICE OF ALL FALL AND WINTER DRESSES

We will place on sale tomorrow nearly every frock in our shop. Every dress in this sale has been priced to attract a buyer without regard to its original cost. Models for every occasion in all desirable fabrics.

DIVIDED INTO FIVE GROUPS

$35.00 FORMERLY PRICED UP TO $78.00

$45.00 FORMERLY PRICED UP TO $95.00

All Other Frocks

$88.00 FORMERLY PRICED UP TO $195.00

$55.00 FORMERLY PRICED UP TO $115.00

$65.00 FORMERLY PRICED UP TO $135.00

Betty Wales Dress Shop

Baer Bros. Co., Inc.

394 Fifth Ave. at 36th Street

Lambert Brothers

MAKERS OF FINE JEWELRY

Solitaire Diamond Engagement Rings

$100 $250 $450 $1000 $675 $350 $200

Others $25 to $3500

WITH the Christmas rush over, Lambert Brothers are in a position to give particular attention to the redesigning and remodeling of antiquated pieces of jewelry—a line of work in which they long have enjoyed an enviable reputation. This work is done by Lamberts' own experts in their own factory on the premises under personal supervision, and the result is sure to be satisfactory.



14-karat green gold Wrist Watch, round, polished, accurate Swiss timekeeper, mounted on ribbon bracelet with 14-karat gold snap, $63.00
Other Gold-filled Wrist Watches, mounted on ribbon $21.00

Watches

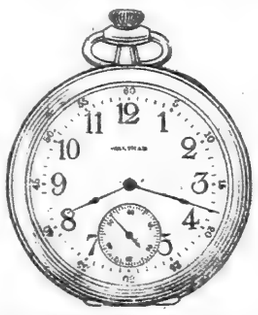
ALL standard makes of American watches with Lambert cases are represented in Lamberts' large stock. Inspect them before you make your purchase.



14-karat green gold Signet Ring, engraved and engine turned shank and 3 fancy raised block letters, $34.50
Others $7.50 up.

Bulletin of Jewelry

14 karat Gold Mesh Bags, $280 up; Sterling, $36.
14 karat Gold Vanity Cases, $115 up; Sterling, $17.50 up.
14 karat Gold Cigarette Cases, $170 up; Sterling, $10 up.
14 karat Gold Match Boxes, $42 up; Sterling, $6 up.
14 karat Gold Dorine Boxes, $35 up; Sterling, $5 up.
Bar Pins, set with semi-precious stones, $7.50 to $40.
Bracelets, 14 karat gold, $18 to $45
Bracelets, 14 karat gold with diamonds, $25 to $250.
Bracelets, platinum paved with diamonds, $700 to $2,500.
14 karat Flexible Bracelets, with semi-precious stones, $19 to $50



Man's 14-karat gold open face case, newest model, 15 jewelled Waltham movement $50.00
Other Walthams in 14-karat gold cases, $40.00 up. Same style in gold-filled case with 7-jewelled Waltham movement, $23.00. Others, $18.50 up.
Men's 14-karat gold Waldemar Chains, $12.00 up. 14-karat Vest Chains, $23.00 up.



Platinum Bar Pin, set with 31 diamonds, $550.00



Platinum Scarf Pin, Marquis diamond, 12 surrounding diamonds, 4 sapphires ... $350.00

Store Open Daily 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Third Avenue, Corner 58th Street

For the New Year 1921

Cards—
Calendars—

Uncommonly dainty New Year's Cards; and many styles of Calendars and Diaries—for your own use or for ideal New Year's Gifts.

Books—

A Book is a particularly expressive New Year's Gift, and we offer a choice assortment from which to make your selection.

BRENTANO'S
Booksellers to the World
Fifth Ave. and 27th St.

We Want An Exceptional Printing Service Man

It is a job calling for mature judgment and strong personality—among other things—and it will bring the successful applicant into one of New York's great printing houses. Our man must know how to make type work; he must have a sound foundation in engraving; he must be able to create his own layouts for printed matter; he must have a thorough knowledge of fine printing. Add to this the tact which is indispensable to the proper handling of his work. Probably the man we want has outgrown a more limited field and is now ready for bigger things. For the qualifications here outlined we are prepared to pay an entirely satisfactory salary. All letters will be considered strictly confidential. Address Box V812 Times Downtown.

—Maternity Apparel—

Includes a complete line of style-perfect Coats, Dresses, Skirts, Waists and Underwear.

The famous Lane Bryant
MATERNITY CORSET
is built with a perfect knowledge of the maternity figure requirements
Retains Stylish Figure;
Preserves Health;
Relieves Fatigue;
Supports abdomen and vital organs, preventing injury.

Lane Bryant
21-23 West 38th St., NEW YORK.
Tel. Fitz Roy 8415.



For Those Who Waited—Wonderful Opportunities for Real Saving.

21-23 West 38th Street — **Lane Bryant** — Just West of Fifth Avenue

Slenderizing Fashions for Stout Women

After-Xmas Sale of

Dresses *for* Stout Women

Appropriate for every event of the Winter Social Season, designed to fit and become the woman of stout proportions.

75 *Dresses were to* $64.50 — Dresses of Crepe de Chine, Georgette, Plaid Taffeta, Serge, Satin and embroidered Jersey, in beaded, ruffled and pleated effects. NOW **29.00**

54 *Dresses were to* $75.50 — Crepe Meteor, Crepe Tricot, Taffeta, Georgette beaded Satin Tricotine and Serges. Designed with slenderizing lines for stout women. NOW **39.00**

38 *Dresses were to* $94.50 — Satin, Georgette, Satin and Georgette combinations, with elaborate stitching in Silk and Gold Thread, distinguish this collection. The quality of tailoring is unexcelled. NOW **59.00**

28 *Dresses were to* $145.00 — Higher cost models developed in Silk Faille, Satin, Georgette and Satin and Georgette combinations, with Bugle Beads, surplices, net and lace drapes and girdles. NOW **79.00**



Tailored Crepe Meteor Dress 39.00

At the prices quoted the values are unprecedented

Late Winter Suits *for* Stout Women



Exquisitely embroidered hand-tailored Suit of Velde Cygne, trimmed with Collar of Sable Squirrel Fur. *formerly $360* 195.00

DESIGNED with a superb skill and artistic ingenuity unsurpassed. Suitable for immediate as well as early Spring wear.

In Three Very Special Groups

$35

35 Suits formerly to 79.50. Smart, serviceable materials are combined with trim, slenderizing lines in this collection of fine Suits.

$59

30 Suits formerly to 110.00. High grade Suits; scrupulous care in tailoring and minute attention to detail distinguish this group. Developed in wanted materials and shades.

$95

25 Suits formerly to 165.00. Includes higher grade Suits designed to minimize the stout lines of the large woman. The quality of fabrics is on a par with the tailoring.

Balance of highest-grade, custom-tailored Suits, about a dozen in all, formerly selling up to 350.00, are *all reduced to 195.00*.

Coats & Wraps *for* Stout Women

Smartest of the late season's creations, in newest fabrics, with slenderizing lines



Polo Cloth Coat 47.50



Velveteen Coat-Wrap formerly 100.00 59.50

In Four Very Special Groups

GROUP I **47.50** *Were to* 75.00

Warm, practical Coats of Plain and Silvertip Polo Cloth, in a variety of smart styles for dress and motor wear Black, Navy or Brown.

GROUP II **59.50** *Were to* 94.50

Coats and Wraps, modishly designed in Velours, fine quality Velveteens and Broadcloth. All desired colors. Handsomely lined and interlined.

GROUP III **79.50** *Were to* 115.00

Coats and Wraps of Yalama Cloth, Silk Plush, Velour and Silvertone. Some have large collars and cuffs of fur, others huge draped collars.

GROUP IV **95.00** *Were to* 145.00

High grade models of Chamoisette, Bolivia, and Velour, some with luxurious fur collars, others adapted to smart wear with separate furs.

SIZES FROM 39 TO 56

All garments are "made the Lane Bryant Way," proportioned to fit the woman with large hips, long waist, small hips or short waist

21-23 West 38th Street — **Lane Bryant** — Just West of Fifth Avenue

21ST GREAT JANUARY SALE!
The Household Dry-Goods Event of the Year.
Begins January 3rd. *Watch the papers.*

HEARN

Fifteenth Street ESTABLISHED 1827. West of Fifth Avenue

Special Values

Muslin Sheets Pillow Cases Spreads Blankets Comforters
Table Linens Towels Toweling Decorative Linens Pillows
Lace Curtains Portieres Rugs Flannels Corsets Undermuslins
Silk Lingerie Housedresses Infants' Woolens Infants' Dresses
White Goods

NOW, the Sales You've Been Waiting For!

HOLIDAY WEEK APPAREL REDUCTION SALES

HOLIDAY WEEK GIFT MONEY SALES

Here Is How We Have Planned to Make Your Gift Money Go Far

Following on Sale both MONDAY and TUESDAY

Special Purchases from manufacturers desiring to unload surplus stock and glad to make us price concessions because we pay **cash.**

Our Stocks deeply cut to Meet the New Conditions whenever wholesale prices are lowered and all Surplus Stocks cut to clearance prices.

Following on Sale both MONDAY and TUESDAY

Apparel Reduction Sales

Special Purchase Women's and Misses'

Taffeta and Canton Crepe

DRESSES

Special 17.77 Special

A dozen advance styles make this purchase as notable for its correct presentation of Spring styles as for its extraordinary values.

The variety of effects includes charming embroideries of silk, or gold tinsel or eyelet work. Some models are prettily piped with silk of a different color. Others show frilled, ruffled and pannier styles in many new designs. There are dresses with the longer lines, becoming to the matron, and fluffy youthful frocks of Spring-like gayety for the miss.

Colors are gray, brown, new blue, navy and black.

Other Apparel Reduction Sales

Women's and Misses' Dresses

Taken From Regular Stock

These dresses so successfully anticipated the trend of fashion that they present the up-to-date appearance of newest modes. This combination of sale prices and genuine style-value affords the opportunity of the season to buy at a bargain.

Materials include—*Tricotine, Crepe Meteor, Satin Charmeuse, Crepe de Chine, Crepe Back Satin, Velveteen and Black Lace.*

Apparel Reduction Sales

GIRLS' CLOTHES

These reductions will make it easier for your daughter to have all pretty, practical clothes she needs for the second half of the school year. Values are unequalled for the savings they afford.

Girls' All-Wool Serge Dresses

5.25 Were $8.94

Pretty frocks trimmed with silk or with braid, or made in regulation styles; are in sizes 6 to 14 years.

Girls' Winter Coats

Of warm all-wool materials, are mostly in brown, green and reindeer, fur trimmed collars and large pockets. Sizes 8 to 14 years..... were $14.94 **10.00**

Girls' Tub Dresses

Of pretty plaid gingham in large or small plaids, in a good selection of girlish styles; are very specially priced. Sizes 6 to 14 years —were $1.94..... **1.42**

Misses' and Girls' Middy Blouses

1.55 Were $1.94

Good quality lonsdale jean middies in regulation, yoke and other styles may be had in all white or with colored trimmings. Sizes 6 to 18 years.

Girls' Navy Blue Serge Skirts

1.72 Were $2.48

Well made, attractively kilted skirts with deep hem and attached muslin bodies; are in sizes 6 to 14 years.

Apparel Reduction Sales

Boys' Clothing

Now, while your boy is at home for vacation week, is the time to bring him in and select what he needs for the coming term. Apparel week reductions on our noted assortments mean splendid savings on each purchase.

OVERCOATS

Junior and school models of heavy Winter cheviot overcoating in plain colors and novelty effects—newest styles may be had in a large assortment—sizes to 18 years in the lot—

Junior Boys'—3 to 10 years		School Overcoats—11 to 18 years	
Our regular $8.50 & $11.94	6.50		
Our regular $12.50 & $14.50	9.50	Our regular $16.50 & $19.50	12.50
Our regular $16.50	12.50		
Our regular $19.50	16.50	Our regular $24.50 to $29.50	18.50

Junior Boys' Fur-Collar Overcoats—button to neck and roll collar—green, navy, brown and heather mixtures—3 to 10 years—were $19.50..... 10.50

MACKINAWS

Our regular $8.50..... 6.50 Our regular $13.50 & $16.50..... 9.50

Boys' Coats—made of khaki drill, lined with sheepskin—finished with loops and buttons—sizes 8 to 18 years—were $19.50..... 10.50

SUITS

Boys' Corduroy Suits—semi-Norfolk models —tan, light brown and mouse—trousers lined—7 to 17 years—were $10.50	7.50	**Boys' Suits**—Norfolk and semi-Norfolk models—majority with extra trousers—9 to 18 years—navy serge and fancy mixtures—were $9.94 & $11.94	7.74
were $13.50	10.50	were $16.50	10.50
Little Boys' Suits—sailor, Dutch and pleated Norfolk styles—were $2.94	1.95	were $18.50	13.50
were $3.96	2.94	were $19.50	14.50
were $4.96 & $5.94	3.96	were $24.50	18.50

BOYS' RAINCOATS AND OUTFITS
4.87 to 8.74

EQUALLY ATTRACTIVE REDUCTIONS IN BOYS' FURNISHINGS

New White Woolen Fabrics For Southern Wear Are Moderately Priced

These smart white materials are Fashion's latest word—for suits, skirts, dresses and coats, which you will take with you when you leave for the Southland.

White Tricotine *White Storm Serge*
White Broadcloth *White French Serge*
White Wool Poplin

Special Value—White Tricotines—48 inches wide—were $4.97..... **3.97**

Apparel Reduction Sales

Clearance
Trimmed and Untrimmed
VELVET HATS

Your best opportunity to indulge your taste for pretty hats is afforded by these striking values. There is a charming selection of varied models, one of a kind or at most only two of a kind.

Trimmed Velvet Hats—	
were $7.50 and $8.50	4.75
were $5.77	2.37
were $1.95 and $2.95	.97
Untrimmed Velvet Hats—	
were $1.87 and $2.87	.95
Feather Bands—	
were $2.95	1.25

Monday Tuesday

TWO-DAY SALE

COTTON HOSIERY

for Men, Women and Children

Every member of the family can share in the advantages of these price reductions. Assortments are large and of finest quality.

Special Purchase of Women's Extra Size Cotton Hose—lisle finish, ribbed top—full-fashioned—black, white and balbriggan—value .75..... .38

Women's Black Silk Lisle Hose—full fashioned— were $1.38..... .88

Children's Mercerized Hose—made of fine yarn—double heel, sole and toe—black, white and cordovan—sizes 5 to 9½—value .65..... .40

Men's Fine Cotton Socks—combed yarn—black, smoke and cordovan— value .24..... .19

Gift Money Sales

Hand Bags

A smart hand bag is always essential. You will find this suggestion, backed up by these good values, well worth considering if you have gift-money to spend.

HAND BAGS—crepe goatskin—new hidden-away pocket style—top handle—inside change compartment—clasp buttons— were $9.00..... **6.95**

VELVET AND LEATHER HAND BAGS—pouch and kodak styles—were $2.87..... **2.17**

Gift Money Sales

Robes and Kimonas

Of course, there are ever so many tempting ways of spending gift money, none that is more satisfying to a woman than buying a charming room robe. That point being agreed upon, it follows from these values that there is no place where it can be so well bought as here.

Women's Blanket Robes—made of Beacon cloth—two and three toned patterns, with and without collars—trimmed with broad panels of satin ribbon—plain stitched and shirred— were $10.94..... **7.59**

Women's Flannelette Kimonas—pretty floral patterns—straight and elastic belt models—hemstitched and satin braid finish —sizes 36 to 46— were $4.94..... **3.68**

Women's Corduroy Robes—narrow wale—large sailor collar—sash belt—lined throughout with dotted mull—were $8.50..... **6.50**

Gift Money Sales

GLOVES

The smartly dressed woman of 1921 will give more thought to her glove supply than ever before. More kinds of gloves are now required for evening and street wear. A part of your gift money spent on gloves while prices are so much reduced will be money wisely expended.

French Kid Gloves—8-button—overseam fingers—self stitched backs—black, white, brown and beaver—were $5.96..... **4.25**

12-button—were $8.96... **6.25**

16-button—white only— were $9.96..... **7.25**

French Kid Gloves—P K and overseam fingers—self and contrasting embroidered backs— were $3.24 and $3.48..... **2.25**

Chamoisette Gloves—12-button—white—made in beaver and sand—were $2.00..... **1.44**

Gift Money Sales

PETTICOATS

Special Purchase 1,200 Cotton Foulard Petticoats

.94 Were $1.86

Green, tan, brown, French blue, navy and other shades with foulard designs describes these practical, attractive petticoats. There are several models for selection.

Taffeta Petticoats

3.94

Were $4.94

A pleasing variety of plain and changeable colors and several styles in flounces gives wide range of choice.

Exceptional "Gift Money" Offerings

Finest Seamless Axminster **Reversible Wool Chenille**

RUGS RUGS

Specially priced at

67.00

Were $87.50 to $90.00

9x12 feet—extra fine heavy grades—designed in most artistic patterns and in all wanted decorative colorings.

Deep Pile Axminster Rugs—over a dozen distinct styles, including Oriental, medallion and small carpet designs— size 27x54 inches— were $5.97..... **3.97**

Best Grade Wilton Rugs—9x12 feet—artistic patterns on rose, blue and tan grounds— were $168.50..... **124.50**

Axminster Rugs—9x12 feet—small, well-covered designs in all desirable colorings —value $52.00..... **41.97**

Extra Large Axminster Rugs—11.8x12 feet— value $98.50..... **81.46**

Vacuum Sweepers

Best quality—metal body and mechanical parts—durable and inexpensive—will make a splendid gift—value $8.97..... **6.97**

Gift Money Sales

Gingham House Dresses

5.00

Were $6.94

Pretty dresses of plaid gingham with panel-front skirt, which has also two side flounces are finished with collar of white novelty cloth, well-fitting belt and pearl buttons. Sizes 36 to 46.

Gift Money Sales

Silverware

Silver-Plated Bread Trays—with handle—well-known make— were $9.95..... **6.95**

Large Sterling Silver Pepper and Salt Shakers—Colonial design— were $9.95..... **6.95**

Sterling Silver Candlesticks—10 inches high—were $18.50... **14.00**

8 inches high—were $16.50..... **12.75**

MORNING SPECIALS—Monday and Tuesday Until 1 P. M.

To prevent dealers buying, quantities restricted. No Mail or Telephone Orders.

$34.00 Seamless Axminster Rugs 29.66 9x12 ft.—newest style in oriental and small carpet effects; in rose, blue and tan grounds. RUGS—THIRD FLOOR.

67 ct. Children's Underwear..... .54 (Sizes to 10 yrs.) cotton fleece—high neck, long sleeves, ankle length. Larger sizes—were 81ct..... .67 KNIT UNDERWEAR—MAIN FLOOR.

$1.97 Women's Underwear..... .77 good quality cotton fleece—various styles. Larger sizes—were $1.17..... .87 KNIT UNDERWEAR—MAIN FLOOR.

28 ct. Cotton Huck Towels..... .20 full bleached, neat red fringed border, hemmed. TOWELS—MAIN FLOOR.

$2.58 French Serges..... 1.54 all wool, 40 and 42-inch widths—colors are brown, copen, blue, garnet, navy and black. DRESS WOOLENS—MAIN FLOOR.

$1.24 Little Tots' Dresses..... .84 white pique or lawn in yoke and empire styles—neatly trimmed with lace or embroidery. BABIES' WEAR—SECOND FLOOR.

$1.35 Men's Gray Underwear.... .80 Ribbed shirts or drawers—medium or heavy—all sizes in lot. MEN'S UNDERWEAR—MAIN FLOOR.

$2.97 Scrim Curtains..... 1.96 plain or valance styles with lace inserting and edge; white or Arabian. CURTAINS—BASEMENT.

38 and 48 ct. Scrim Curtaining.. .27 fancy colored borders on white or cream grounds. CURTAINS—BASEMENT.

47 ct. Crinkle Crepe..... .21 bluebird patterns on pretty colored grounds—suitable for kimonas, nightgowns, etc. WASH FABRICS—BASEMENT.

35 ct. Fancy Outing Flannels.... .17 Warm fleecy quality—splendid for sleeping garments and underwear. WASH FABRICS—BASEMENT.

$1.55 Men's Negligee Shirts.... 1.00 Neat stripes on white grounds—all sizes. MEN'S WEAR—MAIN FLOOR.

$3.95 Men's Sweet-Orr Trousers..2.85 Neat stripes—well made—all sizes. MEN'S WORK CLOTHES—BASEMENT.

$1.57 & $1.95 Dress Satins, 35-in..... 1.37 bright satin face—soft draping quality, street and evening colors, including white and black. SILKS—MAIN FLOOR.

or Joining the I. W. W.

LEADER FAVORS MORE FIGHT

The Present Form of Organization Does Not Appeal to the Members, He Asserts.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Dec. 25.—Mill employes here who belong to the Lawrence branch of the Amalgamated Textile Workers of America will hold an all-day session tomorrow to decide on their attitude toward proposals to change the form of their organization to meet the situation resulting from the recently announced wage reduction.

Ben Legere, one of the Amalgamated officials who announced the meeting, said today that four questions would be voted on: To retain the present organization; to join the Industrial Workers of the World; to become an independent body without international affiliation, or to start the "one big union" plan and endeavor to obtain the co-operation of independents and the United Textile Workers who are affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. The session will last from 10 in the morning until 9 at night.

The Amalgamated Textile Workers, of which A. J. Muste of New York is the head, has claimed a membership of 8,000 in Lawrence, but the number voting at meetings has been less than 600. Mr. Legere, who advocates the "one big union" idea, said that in his opinion the Amalgamated did not function efficiently because it did not appeal to the workers. "The Amalgamated members talk like radicals but do not act like them," he asserted.

ROCHESTER SHOP HIT.

Fifty-four Employes Strike Owing to Wage Cut.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 25.—The fifty-four employes of the Zeldin & Blumenthal tailor shop at 94 Selinger Street are on strike. According to the firm they refused to accept the union wages and left their work. The firm claims that they earned from $70 to $80 a week on previous work, and now that business has dropped off they refuse to accept a cut to the prevailing rate.

The firm claims that half of the employes wish to work and are prevented by the others. The charge is made that the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America is picketing the place and preventing the employes from returning at the reduced wages. This charge is denied by the union officials.

The argument between the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America and the Rochester Clothiers' Exchange affects the nineteen large factories in the city affiliated with the exchange.

at 10 o'clock admiring a display of French pastry.

"Bobby," who is about 2 feet 6 inches tall, shivered perceptibly, despite his heavy suit and overcoat. The policeman took the lad into a restaurant, where he was questioned by solicitous patrons while he ate hot bread and milk.

"You're a nice big boy," volunteered a kind-faced woman, seeking his confidence. "How old are you?

"I'm five," murmured the cold mite, between gulps.

"But you're up very late tonight, sonny; aren't you?" she persisted.

"Wanna see Santy Claus," he mumbled.

"What is your name?"

"Bobby."

"What's your last name?" asked another diner.

"Bobby's" snappy brown eyes gave no indication that he knew what was being asked. Further queries brought out that he has a little sister and a big brother. He told of having dinner "up at the house" with papa and mamma, but Bobby could not or would not divulge the name of his daddy. He admitted that Santa Claus had been to see him and had left something or other, but his description of what he found in his stocking was not clear. One fact he made stand out, however, and that was: "I go to Sunday school."

At the Twenty-fifth Precinct it was said that no further information that would lead to "Bobby's" identification could be obtained from the boy. He was sent down to the rooms of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

VETERAN DIES IN SUBWAY.

Machine Gunner Is Killed by Express Train at 72d St. Station.

John J. Doyle, 28 years old, of 488 Second Avenue, a veteran of the World War, either fell or jumped in front of a subway express train to Brooklyn last night at the Seventy-second Street station and received injuries from which he died a few minutes after being removed from underneath the second car. He was identified by Frank J. Kear of 848 West 161st Street, who told the police of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station that Doyle had served with a machine gun battalion in France, where he was shell-shocked. Recently he got work in Brooklyn, and at the same time went at intervals for treatment to the base hospital in Brooklyn.

A number of women who were standing on the platform fainted as they saw the veteran lunge before the train. Motorman Daniel Donovan applied the emergency brakes, but it was too late to prevent two cars from passing over the body of the former soldier. Patrolman Harry Singer was called from the street, and he obtained a piece of bell cord and an iron bar, with which he improvised a tourniquet, and went under the car to rescue the victim. He found that the left leg had been almost severed. A call for an ambulance was sent to Flower Hospital, but Doyle died soon after Dr. Herzikoff arrived with the ambulance.

$200,000 Worth of Koch Quality Furniture at 25% Reduction

On our already Lowest-in-the-City Prices

ALL REDUCTIONS MADE AT TIME OF PURCHASE. ORIGINAL PRICE TICKETS REMAIN ON EACH PIECE OF FURNITURE.

Involved in these great Furniture Reductions are the following, all of which are distinguished for construction and finish and assure a lifetime of constant service:

Dining-Room Suites	*Library Tables*	*Dressers*
Living-Room Suites	*Fireside Chairs*	*Chiffoniers*
Bedroom Suites	*Living-Room Chairs*	*Vanity Tables*
Book Cases	*Buffets*	*Bedroom Chairs*
Desks	*China Closets*	*Rockers*

For those who prefer to pay for their selections on a partial-payment basis, we recommend
THE KOCH PLAN OF DEFERRED PAYMENTS.

Bedell

West Thirty-Fourth Street—New York

Brooklyn—*Fulton near Hoyt . . . (Sale at All Three Stores) . . .* Newark—*Broad and West Park*

AFTER-XMAS REDUCTION SALE!

COATS, DRESSES AND SUITS

Offering Savings of $20 to $145 on a Garment

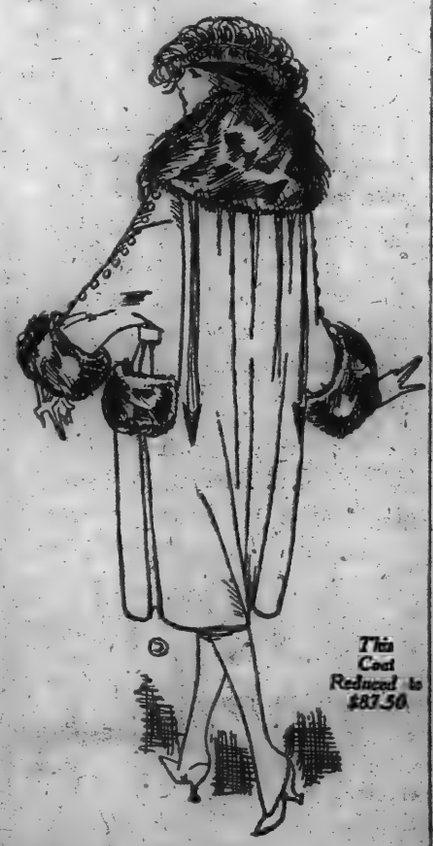
High Grade Women's Apparel Selected from Regular Stock Drastically Reduced for Quick Disposal

ACTUAL REDUCTIONS LISTED BELOW



This Dress Reduced to $50

Quantity		Former Price	Reduced to
1	De Luxe Evening Wrap	$295.00	$150.00
1	Elegant Evening Wrap	275.00	140.00
4	Rich Fur-Trimmed Wraps	250.00	125.00
1	Fur-Trimmed Suit	225.00	115.00
1	Fur-Trimmed Suit	185.00	95.00
2	Fur Collar Wraps	175.00	95.00
7	Smart Fur-Trimmed Suits	150.00	75.00
3	Fur Collar Wraps	150.00	75.00
5	Luxurious Coats & Wraps	135.00	67.50
6	Fur-Trimmed Suits	125.00	65.00
10	Distinctive Wrap-Coats	125.00	65.00
3	Fur Collar Wraps	110.00	60.00
6	High Class Wrap-Coats	99.75	60.00
9	Ultra Modish Dresses	110.00	55.00
6	Fur Collar Wraps	95.00	50.00
2	Dark Georgette Gowns	95.00	47.50
2	Crepe Meteor Gowns	89.75	45.00
5	Fur-Trimmed Suits	85.00	45.00
6	Fur Collar Coats	75.00	45.00
9	Ultra Fashionable Dresses	85.00	42.50
37	Formal & Informal Gowns	75.00	37.50
35	Fur-Trimmed Suits	70.00	35.00
35	Silk & Cloth Afternoon Dresses	69.75	35.00
6	Fur Collar Coats	60.00	35.00
20	Silk & Cloth Afternoon Dresses	59.75	30.00
22	Fur Collar Coats	55.00	30.00
21	Fur-Trimmed Suits	50.00	25.00
49	Afternoon Dresses	49.75	25.00
65	Fur-Trimmed Suits	39.75	20.00



This Coat Reduced to $87.50

An Extraordinary Opportunity in High Grade Apparel!

CLOSING-OUT SALE of Japanese Lingerie

ALL PRICES BELOW COST

THIS sale is different from other sales of lingerie in both the character of the merchandise and the nature of the reductions. The entire stock of Vantine Lingerie has been included because we have decided to discontinue selling women's lingerie—offering you your choice of ever so many charming vests and bloomers, chemises and nightgowns—in all favorite silks. Practical, as well as dainty, because of their washable quality, these underthings may be had in Habutai, Crepe de Chine or Satin in flesh, blue or white, plain or embroidered in delicate floral designs.

Every undergarment at a price below its actual cost to us! Offering you opportunities for savings not to be overlooked.

Vests

Japanese habutai silk vest, with hemstitched armhole, top and silk soutache ribbon.
Regularly $4.00
Reduced to $2.00

Hand-embroidered Japanese habutai silk vest. Straight bodice top and picoted straps. Cherry flower or chrysanthemum design.
Regularly $6.00
Reduced to $2.50

Japanese vest of satin with hemstitched straight bodice top and picoted straps.
Regularly $6.00
Reduced to $2.75

Hand-embroidered Japanese vest of satin with designs of cherry flowers or chrysanthemums. Hemstitched bodice top, picoted straps.
Regularly $8.50
Reduced to $3.00

Bloomers

Bloomers of Japanese habutai silk in pink or blue. Excellent tailored lines.
Regularly $5.75
Reduced to $2.75

Hand-embroidered bloomers of Japanese habutai silk with designs of chrysanthemums or cherry blossoms.
Regularly $6.00
Reduced to $3.00

Hand-embroidered bloomers of satin in plain tailored style to match satin vest.
Regularly $7.00
Reduced to $3.00

Hand-embroidered bloomers of satin in designs of cherry blossoms or chrysanthemums.
Regularly $9.00
Reduced to $4.50

Nightgowns

Hand-embroidered habutai silk nightgown with scalloped neckline and sleeves.
Regularly $18.00 Reduced to $7.50

Hand-embroidered nightgown of crepe de chine with scalloped V neckline and unusually lovely embroidery.
Regularly $29.00 Reduced to $12.50

Hand-embroidered crepe de chine nightgown, elaborately embroidered.
Regularly $32.50 Reduced to $15.00

Chemises

Hand-embroidered habutai chemise, scalloped top.
Regularly $12.50
Reduced to $6.00

Hand-embroidered habutai chemise with either bodice top or armhole effect.
Regularly $12.00
Reduced to $5.50

Hand-embroidered habutai chemise, bodice or armhole top.
Regularly $10.00
Reduced to $4.50

Envelope Chemises

Hand-embroidered habutai envelope chemise.
Regularly $9.00
Reduced to $3.50

Hand-embroidered satin envelope chemise.
Regularly $12.00
Reduced to $4.50

Hand-embroidered Crepe de Chine envelope chemise, hemstitched design.
Regularly $15.00
Reduced to $5.50

Petticoats

Hand-embroidered habutai silk petticoats in designs of roses or cherry flowers.
Regularly $25.00 Reduced to $9.00

No C.O.D's. War Tax Additional No Exchanges Second Floor No Credits

STORE HOURS 9 to 5:30

TO-NIGHT AT THE HIPPODROME

At 8:15
Greatest Program of the Year

Annual Holiday Concert in Aid of

CATHOLIC BIG BROTHERS

FRANCES ALDA
FRITZ KREISLER
MISCHA LEVITZKI
RAFAELO DIAZ
GUIDO CASINI

NORMAN TREVOR, Master of Ceremonies

Seats on Sale Today at the Hippodrome Box Office

The Printing Salesman We Want

—is at present one of the best three in New York City, having demonstrated this fact by what he has achieved during the past five years. He has the inward urge to grasp the opportunity when it occurs to move from the "best three" to the "one best" class. We are able to offer this opportunity to him at this time. It will carry with it an income attractively greater than he is now earning and the probability of becoming Sales Manager of one of New York's largest printing houses.

Inquiries will be treated with strict confidence, and should contain a brief account of the applicant's experience and what he has accomplished. Address Box V843 Times Downtown.

Every Person Should Support Government.

EMS BOUNTY SYSTEMS

Levy on All Incomes, Regardless of Source, Declaring Other Method Unsound.

favoritism in taxation in and exemption of any class or income is opposed, in a the National Tax Association cial committee, made public. The committee is composed Beatty, Salt Lake City; A. of the Manitoba Tax Com- Frank H. Jess of the State Taxes and Assessment of New H. S. Orcutt, New York; W. Jr., Secretary of the State Board of Equalization; of the University of Cali-

report states. "The exemption of any individual or class, in part or in whole, is favoritism or privilege, and as such is indefensible.

"If the basis of taxation be property, all private property should be taxable. If the basis be income, all private income should be taxable. Exceptions to this rule should be technical only and should never result in the lessening of any one's fair tax burden. The only ground for absolute exemption from taxation either of property or income is absolute public use."

The report condemns specifically any further extension of tax exemption in the nature of bounties, whether these may be of the war veterans' type or of the type of those granted on household furniture, tools, farm machinery, or of exemptions granted to industries or commercial enterprises.

The report urges that the income tax law should be amended to provide for a tax on all incomes, condemns the exemption of salaries of public officials, of the interest on farm loan bonds, War Finance Corporation bonds, and dividends of Federal Reserve Banks.

Attention is called in the report to the danger of increasing demand for tax exemption, and it declares against exempting new dwellings to increase housing facilities.

"Many mice nibbling away will destroy a large cheese," the report continues. "There is danger that the ment is that since the recipients of interest from municipal and other bonds are exempt, the same privilege should be extended to private bonds. Another form of the argument is that the rate of interest demanded on taxable loans is prohibitively high, and since more building is urgently needed the tax should come off. But we have already shown that the exemption of interest on public bonds is unsound, although constitutionally unavoidable, and it is no remedy for one evil to create another like it. Moreover, it is more than doubtful whether the removal of the tax would lower the interest rate.

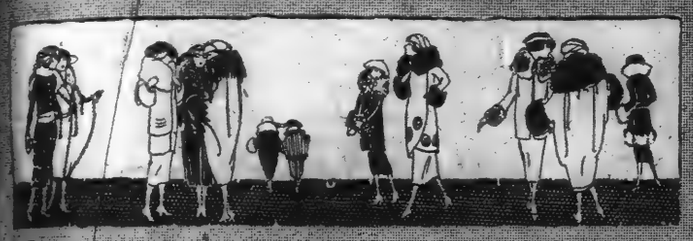
"Under an income tax every person should be taxed in proportion to his income, regardless of source. Any other rule results in the establishment of a privileged class.

"It is true that the exemptions granted holders of Liberty bonds and of State and local bonds have enhanced the disturbances of the money market and have intensified difficulties unavoidably incident to the war. But your committee can see no remedy for this, but only a further disturbance in the proposed tax exemption of mortgage interest.

"Exactly the same principle applies to the desired exemption of interest on the bonds of public utility companies."

German Minister Received by Brazil.

RIO JANEIRO, Brazil, Dec. 24.—George Alfred Plehn, the new German Minister to Brazil, presented his credentials to President Pessoa today.



As a Feature of the Opening of Our New Enlarged Women's Shoe Department We Are Offering

New Mid-Winter Footwear for Women

Specially Priced

12.20 *Including tax.* formerly 14.00 to 16.60

8.75 formerly 11.00 to 13.50

There are 32 different styles—each a new, Mid-Winter model which sold for several dollars higher. Sport, Street and Dress Styles.

Sizes and widths well represented in the lot.

At 12.20 *Including tax.*

Only strictly hand-made models in newest styles—low cut strap effects in Ooze leathers in various shades of Gray, Brown or Henna and all the wanted shades of finest Kid leathers or Satin.

Hand-finished Oxfords in tailored styles — Tan or Black Calfskin, Brown or Black Kidskin.

At 8.75

Walking Oxfords of Genuine Norwegian Calfskin with full wing tip, Tan or Black. Tailored models in all the wanted leathers, strap models in Gray Ooze, with Louis heels. Boots in various styles of Tan Calfskin or Black Kidskin.

Also Brown or Blue Kidskin or Tan Calfskin Boots, extra high cut models, formerly 15.00.

A Clearance Sale of

Discontinued Models of Low Shoes at 4.95

Several lines of low shoes in which there is an incomplete range of sizes have been reduced to this low price for immediate clearance.

A Special Sale of

Boys', Misses' and Children's Shoes

We have specially priced every Shoe in our Children's Department, including the first hard sole Shoes for Infants as well as every conceivable type for Boys, Youths, Misses and growing Girls. Special attention has been given to Infants' and smaller sizes.

Every pair included has been made over scientifically prepared lasts, built to give the necessary support and comfort to growing feet.

(Second Floor)

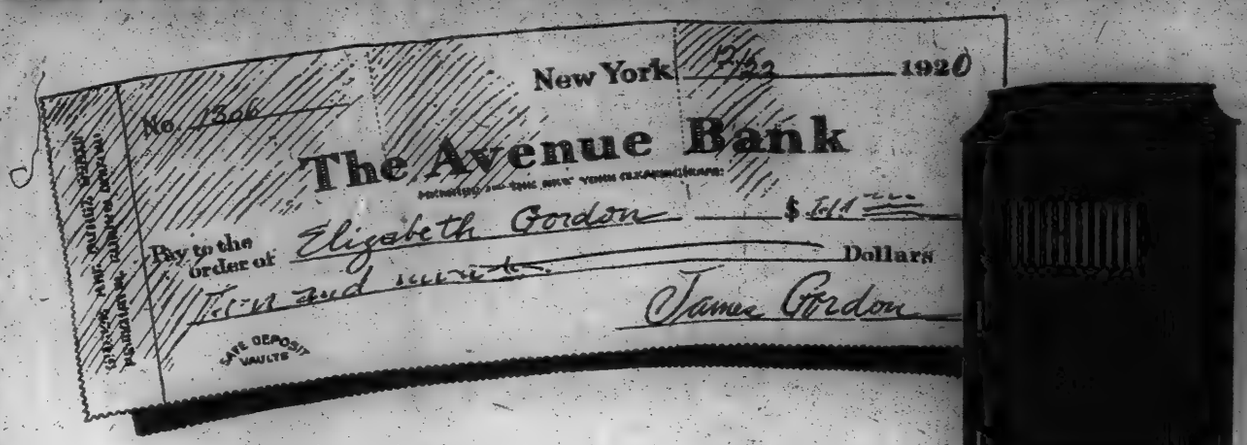
James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue *34th Street*

The AEOLIAN COMPANY

AEOLIAN HALL in MANHATTAN 29 West 42nd Street.

in BROOKLYN 11 Flatbush Ave. • in THE BRONX 367 East 149th St. • in FORDHAM 970 E. Fordham Rd. • WASHINGTON HEIGHTS 181st Street & Wadsworth Ave. • in NEWARK 895 Broad Street.



Invest Your Christmas Money in an

AEOLIAN-VOCALION

The Wonderful Phonograph that You Can Play

The beautiful Model illustrated, price $150 with $10 worth of records of your own choice and $3 worth of albums — Price Complete $163—will be delivered to you

This Week Only

For a Small Down Payment

Balance $7 Monthly

YOUR Christmas Gift money could not be used to better advantage than for the purchase of one of these Aeolian-Vocalions. They are phonographs of distinction; of splendid tone—rich, clear and powerful; simple and exceedingly tasteful in appearance. You love music and the friends whom you entertain in your home love music. The music the Vocalion gives you cannot be equaled by any phonograph on the market today.

Facts About the Vocalion

Tone Quality. The Vocalion is made by expert *musical instrument* makers. Its tone is more genuinely musical than that of any other on the market. Great musicians have pronounced this so, and your own ear will tell you so when you hear it.

A Wonderful Feature. No other phonograph possesses the wonderful *Graduola* tone controlling feature. The Graduola makes it possible for anyone to join in the playing of the music, singing with the singer, playing the violin or 'cello or leading the orchestra with expression, tone-color all one's own. A fascinating, instructive feature is the Graduola. To be used or not, as you wish. But why have a phonograph *without* it?

Handsome Appearance. In outward appearance the Vocalion is so superior; its cases are so tasteful, so artistic that it helps to furnish and beautify your room—a joy to you even when not being played.

Based on its size, tone volume, equipment and handsome finish, this style "450" Vocalion is extraordinarily good value at $150.

And the Special Terms offer here presented enables you to have one of these beautiful "Graduola" Model Vocalions with any $10 worth of records you may select for a very moderate down payment and only $7 monthly until the balance is paid.

Here is a list of fascinating new records from our latest bulletins. This offer permits you to select any $10 worth you wish, however.

The Bird Song	*Marie Sundelius,*	$1.25
Lassie O'Mine	*Colin O'More,*	1.25
Traumerei (Schumann)	*Sasha Culbertson,*	1.25
Songs My Mother Taught Me	*May Peterson,*	1.25
Sweetest Lady	*Elliott Shaw,*	1.00
Cohen at the Telephone	*Monroe Silver,*	1.00
June, I Love No One But You—Fox Trot	*All Star Trio,*	1.00
On the Shores of Tripoli—Waltz	*Yerkes' Marimba Band,*	1.00
Avalon—Fox Trot	*Sherbo's Orchestra,*	1.00
		$10.00

All Aeolian Stores Open Evenings During This Week

But $6,343.81 Sent In Runs Second to Largest Day's Fund Yet Contributed.

WARD GIVES $4,000 IN ALL

Sends Another $1,000 to Brooklyn Charity—Rockefellers Give $1,000.

THANK TIMES FOR APPEAL

Both Reliefs for Poor and Individuals Express Appreciation—Still Time to Help.

Although yesterday's Christmas mails brought to THE TIMES contributions amounting to $6,343.81, many of the Hundred Neediest Cases on the rolls of the four charitable organizations are still lacking in the minimum amount of money needed to restore health, happiness and independence. Some of the officials of the organizations thought that perhaps yesterday's and today's unopened mails in their offices might provide sufficient to care for those which are still very much among the neediest.

Contributions were hurried to THE TIMES by special delivery and by special messenger by many generous donors who hoped that their gifts might arrive in time to assure their chosen cases that the needed assistance was forthcoming on Christmas Day. These gifts made the day's total of $6,343.81 second in amount on the list of this year's fund. The only larger sum recorded was on Wednesday, Dec. 23, when the total was $6,654.75.

Other high totals in the last four days have increased the fund rapidly, but it is still some thousands short of the necessary amount and short of the total recorded on the corresponding day last year. The contributions yesterday carried the total to $78,208.33. With an unusual amount of Christmas relief work this year, the office staffs were tired out by Christmas Eve. Some took the day off, but many others volunteered to carry Christmas cheer to needy families.

It was learned yesterday that Artemas Ward, senior member of the advertising firm of Ward & Gow, whose gifts of $1,000 each to the three Manhattan charity organizations were recorded on Friday, also had given a similar sum to the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities. This makes Mr. Ward's total contributions $4,000—$1,000 to each of the four organizations that made up the list of the Hundred Neediest from their rolls. Dr. Thomas J. Riley, General Secretary of the Brooklyn Bureau, said that the check was received too late for inclusion in Friday's contributions; but will be included in the next list. Mr. Ward's contribution is the largest recorded this year.

Not All Aided In One Group.

W. H. Matthews, Director of the Family Welfare Department of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, said yesterday that not all of the twenty-seven neediest cases submitted by his organization had been cared for, but that he was not yet able to tell which cases still needed assistance. He was positive that some were short, but said that it would be a few days until he was able to check all of them up and apportion the money sent in for the general fund of all his twenty-seven cases. Mr. Matthews wrote yesterday the following appreciation of the contributions made this year, and in other years, for the Neediest Cases of his organization:

"For the last twenty years I have spent a considerable part of my time going in and out of just such homes as those represented by THE TIMES'S 'One Hundred Neediest Cases.' During the last five years I have known intimately many of the very families whose stories have appeared in THE TIMES columns at Christmas time, have known the children from year to year as they grew from sickly, pinched looking youngsters into robust, eager boys and girls of fourteen or more years. I have known the mothers, patient beyond degree, striving, struggling, sacrificing year after year as only mothers can sacrifice for the sake of their children.

"It is just a year ago this week that we brought together for a little Christmas party 200 of these children, most of whom had been 'TIMES Appeal Cases' at some time during the last four years. As I stood watching them that day, noting the health in their faces, their activity, I wished that every one of THE TIMES's contributors who had at different seasons invested in the future of these children might be there actually to see what return had come from their investments. They would have gone away with a feeling of solid satisfaction; they would have been eager to buy a few more bonds of the same sort.

"And then again I wish the readers of this morning's TIMES could have been with me yesterday, when I visited some of the homes of the families now being appealed for—could have heard these mothers tell in their trembling, mother-loving way what it would mean for their children to be helped through this coming year—always their children, never themselves in mind. It was one of these mothers that pulled from the upper drawer of a little old dresser to show me a carefully kept photograph of the family, taken when the father was alive, and said: 'Oh, he always was so good. I didn't have to worry about things in those days. You wouldn't let these mothers worry too much now, if you knew them. You would say: 'Go ahead, live, work and hope for your children and we will help you carry on.' They're not asking for much—just enough to supply the actual necessities of life.

"I know that many of their tables on Christmas Day were very meagre as compared with those which many of us eat about. They're not complaining about that—they know what it means every day of the year to sacrifice, to go without many ordinary comforts of life. I have never known a man or woman, when he or she was persuaded to visit one of these families in person, to say no to what was being asked for them. Left to themselves, they always gave more, always were suggesting this or that special thing for some child in the family. You can't all visit them. You don't all have the time to climb these tenement stairs and feel your way through the dark, narrow hallways. But these mothers and children are there, telling on every day, hoping for a better tomorrow. Give them the hope, the chance they ask for, and they'll bring you the return on your investment a hundredfold.

W. H. MATTHEWS.
"Director Family Welfare Department, New York Assoc. for Imp. the Cond. of the Poor."

$1,000 from Rockefeller Family.

Yesterday's mail also brought the annual contribution of $1,000 from John D. Rockefeller Jr. on behalf of Mr. and Mrs. Rockefeller and their children. This letter accompanied the gift:

New York, Dec. 24, 1920.

Gentlemen: Enclosed please find check to your order for $1,000, being the total of contributions from the following toward the "One Hundred Neediest Cases":

Miss Abby Rockefeller	$50
Master John D. Rockefeller 3d	50
Master Nelson Rockefeller	50
Master Laurance Rockefeller	30
Master Winthrop Rockefeller	30
Master David Rockefeller	10
Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr.	780
Total	$1,000

Very truly, CHARLES O. HEYDT.

Letters of appreciation of the generosity of the thousands of donors to the Hundred Neediest Fund were received by THE TIMES yesterday from the State Charities Aid Association and the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities. This is the letter from Homer Folks, Secretary of the State Charities Aid Association:

New York, Dec. 25, 1920.

THE NEW YORK TIMES, Times Square, New York.

Gentlemen: It will make Christmas a happier day, the State Charities Aid Association feels sure, for the many friends of the orphans and mothers appealed for in the "One Hundred Neediest Cases" published in THE NEW YORK TIMES to know that their generous and gracious response has made this day a bright and cheerful one for these victims of unfortunate circumstance. Their needs are met and adequate provision will be made for their future. They are no longer forlorn and friendless, for they know that many people whom they have never seen have come to their aid and wish them well. It has brought home to them in a luminous, vivid form the true spirit of Christmas."

We were particularly touched by the many letters which came in with the contributions, for they evinced a spirit of sacrifice and good-will and sympathetic understanding that made the gift itself, necessary as it was, of secondary importance. Children gave up cherished desires so other children might have their share of happiness; families contributed the amount they usually spend for each other; employes of firms banded together and gave whatever they could spare from hard-pressed salaries.

All this has meant that the distressing situations have been relieved. Martha of Case No. 47, outdone in her single-handed struggle to keep her little family together, is now receiving the scientific care she needs for her foot, as well as much-needed rest at an orthopedic hospital. She will not be permitted to undertake her burdens again until she is physically able to do so. Owen of Case No. 81 is having the long-awaited dream of a real home with a Christmas tree and everything that goes with it today, for both he and his little brother have been taken in with open arms and, if we know anything of human nature, they will remain. Nancy of Case No. 4, who has been seriously ill at the hospital, has been cheered by many visitors and is improving slowly. And so on through the list. To date, the contributions received for our share of the "One Hundred Neediest" are approximately $10,841.

The State Charities Aid Association acknowledges all of these gifts with deepest gratitude and wishes all those who have contributed so generously a return on this Christmas Day and the days to come of the happiness they have brought to others.

Sincerely yours,
HOMER FOLKS,
Secretary.

Brooklyn Bureau Sends Thanks.

This is the letter from Dr. Thomas J. Riley, General Secretary of the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:

Brooklyn, Dec. 24, 1920.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May we not extend to you the grateful thanks of the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities for the splendid campaign you have conducted again this year in behalf of the afflicted families of New York City? While the returns to date are less than those of last year, this was to be expected in view of the general condition of the times and the present apathy of the public toward fund-raising campaigns of any sort.

We do not need to tell you what the generosity of your readers means to the Brooklyn families represented in your campaign. Not only immediate relief from hunger, cold and the fear of eviction has been afforded, but a constructive plan for restoring them to self-support and independence has been made possible. Poverty is not cured overnight, and in raising sufficient funds to provide adequately for needy families for a period of at least one year THE TIMES has recognized an important fact in family welfare work.

It has been a source of much satisfaction to us in Brooklyn to note the hundreds of people living not only outside of Brooklyn, but even outside of New York City, who have contributed to our cases. This would indicate that it is the particular family situation which moves people, regardless of the locality in which the family in distress lives.

THE NEW YORK TIMES is to be congratulated on having a class of readers, extending from one end of the country to the other, who, year after year, open wide their pursestrings in answer to the appeal for "The Hundred Neediest Cases."

Very sincerely yours,
THOMAS J. RILEY,
General Secretary.

A third gift of $25 came yesterday from "Taxi Driver 502," who wrote previously that he was anxious to see that none of the Hundred Neediest went unprovided for this year. His brief card said:

New York, Dec. 24, 1920.

To the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES:

Enclosed find P. O. order for $25 in memory of my wife, hoping that it will help and cheer up some of the Hundred Neediest Cases.

TAXI DRIVER 502.

Other letters, many of them special delivery, brought in additional gifts to the fund this year from the same persons. These persons also have contributed to the Neediest Fund in other years. Extracts from some of these letters follow:

Louise S. Davis, 2,790 Broadway—"Enclosed please find check for the Hundred Neediest for $2, in addition to

---

THE NEW YORK TIMES Fund for "The 100 Neediest Cases" requires more than $122,000 to bring it up to the sum contributed last year. To achieve this would call for an average gift of less than 25 cents from each purchaser of today's paper. This would not only rescue the one hundred cases from their dire misery, but would relieve a second hundred, as has been done for the last four years. To at least two hundred families at our very doors the fund has meant salvation from starvation, cold, unhappiness and even death.

But in this Christmas season, for one cause or another, the contributions have fallen below the expected amount. That should not be so. It is hardly conceivable that the generous givers among those New Yorkers who have found Christmas merry and happy, if the situation is impressed upon them, will fail to remedy it. THE NEW YORK TIMES therefore renews the appeal, with the assurance that every one of the two hundred neediest cases is deserving of relief from destitution that is in no way the fault of the sufferers. The readers of THE TIMES, we are confident, will not pass by a verified deserving case of charity, and all of THE TIMES Neediest Cases are meritorious and appealing to every human heart. They must not be neglected.

Puzzling as it is to select a "typical case" from among the second hundred, not yet provided for, one of them may be regarded for the moment as an illustration. Perhaps any other case would do as well. But here is one to which special attention is directed, concerning which particular inquiry for details has been made:

The story is that of the widow of Tony the ice man. Tony had an ice and coal cellar. In the Summer he hauled and carried the shining slabs of ice that made damper and colder the cellar in which he conducted his business; in the Winter he breathed the heavy dust of coal when loading the buckets of fuel. Finally he succumbed to tuberculosis. For seven months he lay ill. During that time the fifth baby came to join the family. Then Tony died, and left the mother and five children, all under 9, alone in the world.

Consider Mrs. Tony's assets and liabilities.

She had the cellar, which her brother was willing to buy from her for $200. She had the four tiny rooms, the rent of which was paid by her two brothers, who lived with her, and the janitor service she gave. She had a strong right arm and hand. The left had been paralyzed as the result of a burn when she was a child. She had, at that time, a healthy body. That was all of her assets.

Her liabilities were, first of all, her children. The two oldest were girls. As far as could be ascertained, there was nothing wrong with them physically. Both seemed fine, upstanding children. But the two boys—. The first, a child of 5 at the time of his father's death, was so bow-legged as to require an operation. The second, at first sight, seemed to be suffering from a deformity of the shoulders. This, however, was discovered to be due to lack of proper care and nourishment. Then there was the baby, puny and sickly from the very beginning.

After seven months of ailing in a house already darkened by the care of the sick father, the baby died. It is hard to place this event in the asset or liability column.

Next as a liability was the paralyzed arm of Mrs. Tony. But she got around this by making the right arm do the work of two.

She sold the cellar. She took in a child from a foundling asylum and nursed it for the sum of $10 a month. She took in washing, which she managed to make clean by working with the one healthy right arm. She took care of her two brothers and cleaned the tenement, thus managing to keep the roof over her dependent young family. She sent the bow-legged boy to the hospital to be operated upon, and he came back a straight-limbed youngster. And she continued her hard and bitter fight against odds until every bit of her strength was sapped. Then she collapsed.

The fear of having the home life she was trying to preserve broken up brought her to a charity organization. She was helped over her period of incapacitation, and a new job was found for her as an examiner in a factory at wages of $12 a week. She thought she could surely manage to hold on until the children were older. She might have succeeded if illness had not overtaken her.

The doctors found she was suffering from the first stages of cancer and that an operation was imperative. She was taken to the hospital. The children were sent away to the country, where for the first time they saw and smelled the things about which their parents used to speak.

Mrs. Tony is convalescing now. The children are still separated, and will not be brought back until a home with their mother can be assured them. Mrs. Tony's brothers have returned to Italy. There is no help to be expected from that source. Filomena, the oldest girl, is 13, and will not be able to help for at least two years.

That is the case of Mrs. Tony.

There are many more like her in the second hundred cases—ninety-nine, to be exact—who hoped that Christmas Day would bring them something besides the fear of the future. That hope could not be fulfilled for all of them because the readers of this newspaper thought twice this year before answering the appeal made to them, or because, for some reason or other, they have not yet thought of the subject carefully.

One hundred thousand dollars should not prove too heavy a sum for the thousands who read the stories of the neediest. Times are hard, people say, and money is tight. Indeed, yes. Times are hard, and money is tight, but if it is so for the able-minded, able-bodied world, what must it be for those who have been left handicapped in a way that makes it necessary for them to bend their heads and put out their hands for help?

We are the richest country in the world. We are the happiest and most prosperous today. It goes without saying that we should show our appreciation of the happiness that is ours by giving to those who are suffering in our midst. It is too late to make the Christmas Day a happy one for Mrs. Tony and her brood. It is not too late, however, to assure her and the others that they will not be forgotten at the New Year.

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO NEEDIEST CASES

Contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases yesterday totaled $6,343.81, bringing the total for the thirteen days up to $78,208.33. They were received as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES	$6,343.81
Previously reported	$71,864.52
Total	$78,208.33

Contributions received direct through The New York Times:

A. B. B.	$2	F. B. M.	10
A. B. C.	10	F. D. W.	1
A friend	1	M. R.	10
A friend	1	Forster, R.	1
A friend	5	Ford, H. C.	10
A friend	2	From Chester	5
A friend	1	Fraser, F.	5
A friend	2	From a Girls' Sunday School Class	3
A friend	1	Frunbaugh, C. B.	1
A. G. S.	5	Fred and John	10
Allan, A. R.	100	Freeborn, Mrs. F. J.	1
A Little Nancy	5	Frederick at St. Luke's	1
Alling, Mrs. J. H.	3	Frisell, A. S.	50
A. L. S.	3	From Philip and Alfred	1
Ames, H. B.	5	Forgie Children	5
Am. Stocking Co.	10	Freedman, Mrs. L.	2
Anonymous	10	F. W. L.	1.10
Anonymous	2	Garstein, L. F. W.	10
Anonymous	1	Garner, L. H.	5
Anonymous	3	Garfield	8.01
Anonymous	10	Gary, R.	5
Anonymous	25	Gere, Yates Hart	10
Anonymous	20	G. G. H.	10
Anonymous	10	Gilchrist, A. R.	15
Anonymous	12	Griffith, Helen AB.	10
Anonymous	25	Gillmore, M. V. K.	2
Anonymous	5	Glass, Mrs. C. H.	3
Anonymous	10	Gottschalk, Max	5
Anonymous	5	Goodkind, M.	5
Anonymous	5	Grove, R. B.	5
Anonymous	50	Gross, B. R.	5
Anonymous	10	Greig, Dorothy	5
Anonymous	1	Griffith, M. A.	5
Anonymous	4	Green, H. C.	10
Anonymous	5	Guaranty Trust Co.	200
Anonymous	25	Gwynne, A. C.	100
Anonymous	20	Gwynne, A. C.	100
Anonymous	10	Gaguire, J. J. H.	5
Anonymous	5	Glen and Kit	25
Anonymous	5	Harris, Mrs. J. M.	10
Anonymous	25	Harlow, Mrs. E.	10
Anonymous	16	Halsey, C. D.	100
Anthony, G. B.	5	Hand, L. Hart	2
Aunt Mary and M. and H.	5	Hayes, J. C.	25
A Virginian	2	Harrison, Mary G.	5
A widow	1	Harris, Mrs. M.	3
A widow's mite	1	Harbeck, Miss M.	10
Ayre, H.	10	Harbison, M. K.	25
Barker, H. D.	10	Hanson, S. E.	10
Bacharach, E. S.	25	Hanning, H.	2.50
Baumann, L. B.	5	Harvey, Mrs. E. L.	10
Baby Tom	1.50	Harris, Mrs. M. N.	10
Raketel, Mrs. H. S.	10	H. B. Jr.	1
Belden, Mrs. C. M.	10	H. C. S.	5
Bertha and Joe	1	Herbst, B. S.	3
Becker, L. G.	10	Higgins, J. B.	
Betty, Robt. and Andrew Newburger	20	H. E. W.	5
Bennett Lawrence	30	H. E. S.	2
Berlinger, George and Joseph	500	Heinlein, Nanette and Miller	10
B. G.	5	Heward, Miss M. T.	5
Billy M.	25	Heartt, Philip	5
Billy	5	Herrick, Mr. and Mrs. A.	10
Billie and Hardie Bell	5	H. F. M.	10
Blanche Samek	5	H. G. C.	2
Bleecker, M. N.	2	Hick, Miss A.	10
Booth, R. E.	10	Hilson, M. E.	10
Bonlis	5	Horton, T. A.	20
Brewster, M. T.	15	Holder, Mrs. E. B.	100
Brooke, M. E.	10	Honey, E. T.	5
Brown, W. F.	10	Holloff, A.	5
Brown, I. M.	5	H. P. F.	10
Butler, E. D.	5	Hughes, Mr and Mrs. C. E. Jr.	15
Barton, A. G.	5	Hughel, F. F.	50
Burress, B. W.	5	Hunter College H. S. 168th St. Br.	35
Burnham, R. B.	5	Hutchinson, R. T.	10
Bulkley, Mrs. L. M.	10	Huributt, F. H.	2
Bunce, A.	4	Hunt, Louise and Helen	10
Byington, E. W.	10	Hyman, B.	10
Callan, Mr. & Mrs. E. P.	25	Idell, B. C.	3
Casper, E.	2	I. D. T.	5
Campson, A. H.	10	In her name	2
Chamberlain, S. R.	2	In his name	20
Chase, Mrs. H. L.	2	In memoriam	10
C. E. B.	5	In mem. A. H. H.	5
Clarke, Mrs. A. B.	50	In mem. L. D. J.	5
Clark, H. O.	2.50	In mem. of Whit	25
Clarendon, V. F.	10	In memory of my parents	1
Clark, Mr. & Mrs. M. S.	50	In mem. of Florence	5
Clark, K. R.	25	In mem. of A. K.	5
Cowper, V. S.	1	In mem. of M. Nathan Goodrich	5
Corts, Georgette	2	In mem. of Lucy, Helen and Frisbee	5
Coleman, J. S.	5	In mem. of Adolph and C. Cohn	3
Cotten, O.	25	In mem. of E. N. T. and A. H. T.	20
Cox, Mrs. R. H.	5	In mem. E. C. A.	10
C. S. Mac.	10	In mem. of H. J. Gliteson	10
Cullman, B. G.	100	I. R. S.	25
Daname, S. F.	1	I. S.	1
Danzig, J. J.	100	J. H. B., Mrs.	5
Davis, Mrs. E. H. L. S.	2	Joyce, Marie	2
De Long, Laura	5	Janette, Phoebe, Charles	25
Clifford, Dorothy A.	10	Jasper, H. N.	25
Doremus, R. H.	2.31	J. D. W.	25
Dodson, Mr. & Mrs. A. H.	10	J. S. W.	2
Driggs, R. L.	6	J. Mac.	25
D.	1	J. M. F.	5
Duval, Herman	100	J. M. G.	2
Durant, W. C. & Mrs.	210	Junior, Edwin and Billy Hachtman	5
Dowst, Henry P.	10	Kane, J.	2
Earle, E. P.	50	Kahn, G. W.	25
Eastman, Major Gen.	5	Kelly, T. W. C.	10
Eaton, A.	5	Kelser, J. F.	10
E. C. S.	2.50	K. G. W.	5.80
E. C. M.	10	K. J. W.	10
E. C. M.	5	Knepp, Mr. and Mrs. W. H.	10
Eddy, Mrs. F. H.	7	Koven, Mrs. W.	2
E. de P.	5	Kress, S.	5
E. D.	1	Kress, C.	10
Eddy, M.	50	Kraus, A.	25
Evans, Mary L.	5	Koentler, Milton	1
Edwards, C.	10	Lantry, Mrs. J. P.	50
E. F. K.	10	Lats, A.	5
E. E. T.	5	Labeschere, C. F.	3
E. K.	20	Lambert, Clay	2
Elma F. M.	25	Lichtig, C. B.	10
Elmer, F. D.	10	Low, Mrs. C. H.	25
E. S.	2	M.	5
Pretzfelder, Eits.	10	McKinstry, E.	10
Employes of L. Namm & Son	10	Martin, A.	2
Employes of Derryvale Linen Co.	12	Margaret, Martha and M.	10
E. M. S.	2.50	Mayer, Mrs. M. K.	10
White, Esther B. & H.	10	Mayer, L.	5
Ethel K. C.	1	Mary L. Evans	1
F. A.	100	Marie Joyce	1
		Marshall, Miss Q. E.	2
		M. A. S.	5
		M. C. L.	5
		Merserean, H. L.	5
		M. H. L. M.	5
		M. H. F.	5
		Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. M.	2
		Michaels, E. P.	15
		Minne, Mrs. E. T.	5
		Minnie, L.	10
		M. L. W.	5
		M. M. G.	1
		Moss, Mrs. C. A.	100
		Moriarty, T. B.	5
		Moore, R. D.	5
		Moore, E. E.	50
		Mottelay, P. L.	5
		Mrs. W. T. R.	10
		Mrs. S. A. K.	10
		Mrs. J. H. B.	5
		Mrs. James	100
		Mrs. R. H. Cox	5
		M. S. H.	5
		M. S. W.	5
		M. T. D.	5
		M. T. H.	5
		M. B. D.	5
		Nathan, Louise K.	5
		Needham, E. C.	5
		Newmark, Etta S.	20
		No name	1
		No name	1
		No name	10
		No name	10
		No name	2
		O'Connell, C. J.	5
		O'Gorman, R.	15
		Orville, Donald and Hugh	2
		Ostrander, M. M.	10
		Pardee, F. M.	10
		Parmele	1
		Perry, A. R.	10
		Peets, E. J.	2
		Phelps, Mrs. S. F.	5
		Phillips, A. V.	3
		Phillips, Mary A.	10
		Pond, Mrs. R. D.	1.50
		Polk, Mrs. W. M.	100
		Potts, J. R.	3
		Pounding, Louise	5
		Prescott, O. S.	10
		P. S.	5
		Putnam, E. H.	10
		Putnam, Mrs. A. W.	25
		Pyne, Mrs. G. M.	3
		R.	10
		R. W. B.	1
		R. H. H.	1
		Reno, L. S.	5
		Rockefeller, Mrs. W. A.	10
		Rockefeller, J. D. Jr., and family	1,000
		Total	$6,343.81

SMITH FACES BUSY WEEK.

Returns to Albany Tomorrow to Clean Up for Incoming Governor.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 25.—Governor Smith returns to Albany Monday for the most strenuous week of his two years as Executive head of the State. He will devote his time to clearing up State matters and getting things into shape for the incoming Governor.

The Governor will doubtless announce three appointments before he turns the reins of Government over to his successor. He will have the naming of a Judge of the Court of General Sessions in place of Judge Malone, as well as the naming of a District Attorney for the Bronx to take the place of District Attorney Francis Martin, who on Jan. 1 becomes a Justice of the Supreme Court. Another appointment which the Governor will doubtless fill is that of the County Judge of Kings County.

Many matters which have been sent to the Governor's office will be acted upon by the new Executive. These include a large number of applications for pardons and commutations of sentence. The Executive's mail is always well filled about the holiday season with this class of petitions. There is not sufficient time for Governor Smith to examine all of the cases.

The Governor is to be guest of honor at a dinner which will be given by the citizens of Albany Thursday evening at the Tan Eyck. Already every available seat has been reserved and the indications are that at least 500 will attend. Mayor James R. Watt is one of the leading spirits in the affair.

Jay-Thorpe Inc.

24-26 FIFTY-SEVENTH STREET WEST

Our First Sale of Lingerie

Beginning Tomorrow

PHILIPPINE LINGERIE

Gowns . . . . . 2.75 to 4.50
Envelope Chemises . 2.75 to 5.00
Corset Covers . . 2.75 to 5.00
Drawers . . . . 2.75 to 5.00
Vest and Straight Chemises 2.10 to 5.00

All hand-made, of a superior quality batiste, and daintily embroidered.

FRENCH LINGERIE

Gowns . . . . 8.75 to 45.00 — *Formerly from 14.50 to 65.00*
Boudoir Caps . . 4.95 to 8.75 — *Formerly from 6.00 to 19.50*
Envelope Chemises . 4.50 to 35.00 — *Formerly from 7.75 to 55.00*
Drawers . . . . 4.75 to 37.50 — *Formerly from 7.25 to 65.00*
Straight Chemises . 4.75 to 47.50 — *Formerly from 7.25 to 65.00*
Silk Bodices . . 5.50 to 25.00 — *Formerly from 6.75 to 45.00*
Sets of two and three pieces 12.00 to 95.00 — *Formerly from 16.50 to 137.50*

Of fine batiste, handkerchief linen, and silk, trimmed with real lace.

This sale will also include our entire stock of Boudoir Novelties, Quilted Wrappers, Bed Sacques, Mules, Negligees

AT ABOUT COST

Final Clearance

EVENING WRAPS

About twenty wraps of superior quality velvet, trimmed with the Season's smartest furs.

135.00
Formerly as high as 350.00

Also an odd number of evening wraps of chiffon velvet, trimmed with luxurious furs.

At Less Than Cost

DAY-TIME COATS

A number of the latest fur-trimmed models, of Marvella, Duvetyne, Oursine, Evoria and Veldyne

95.00
Formerly as high as 275.00

Also models of very superior materials, trimmed with the finest furs.

195.00
Formerly as high as 425.00

Merchant-tailored—Ready-to-Wear Clothes

Clemons

MERCHANT TAILOR
Established 1898
39TH & BROADWAY

THE BIGGEST EVENT IN OUR HISTORY!

Beginning To-Morrow (Monday) Morning
Store Open at 8 A. M.

HALF PRICE SALE

of all our

$125 Great Coats and Raglan Ulsters

REDUCED FOR IMMEDIATE CLEARANCE TO

$62.50

Absolutely the finest Coats that money can buy!

The materials comprise those seductively soft, strokable stuffs, (*all of them Imported!*) among which are genuine O'Briens. Every coat is avowedly over-sized, having been draughted on English lines. Nothing so sheerly luxurious has ever come under our observation and it is our belief, stated publicly, that coats such as these will never again be procurable for $62.50!

SPORT SCALES NEW HEIGHTS IN 1920

Man o' War and Babe Ruth Leading Figures in History-Making Year.

OLYMPIC GAMES STAND OUT

Other International Contests in Yachting, Tennis, Golf, Track and Boxing.

WORLD'S TITLE TO TILDEN

American Star Crowned Champion in Wimbledon Tourney — Miss Bleibtrey Greatest Swimmer.

A superman and a superhorse—these were sport's greatest contributions to the history of the year about to close. Some might rate the superhorse, Man o' War, as the outstanding figure of the two, for he has passed on from the field of competition and has left a story of achievement which may never be surpassed. The superman of the sport world, Babe Ruth, remains to strive for greater records than those made by him or evolving around him during the year. At any rate, the anomaly of baseball's greatest hitter astride the turf's leading performer for all time provides fitting leadership for the sport parade of 1920 as it passes in review.

Sport came back to its own during the year, even greater than was predicted at the start when almost every branch of athletic activity was in a state of rehabilitation after the war. The unexpected comeback of all kinds of sport during the latter part of 1919 caused high hopes for the year about to bloom, but even the most optimistic predictions of the various enthusiasts were more than realized. Crowds swarmed to ball parks, race tracks, football fields, to golf courses, to the ring, to the tennis courts—in every scene of athletic endeavor as they never swarmed before. Whether it was the natural development of passing years, whether it was due to a relief from war tension or whether prohibition furnished the main answer are questions open to debate. All undoubtedly played a part in what may be truly called the biggest year in sport history.

Interest Remarkable in Extreme

In such a renaissance of sport the interest attaching itself to the deeds of the superman and superhorse above referred to must be rated as remarkable in the extreme. Baseball and turf undoubtedly would have thrived along to the heights of success as other sports were, even without a Ruth or a Man o' War. Assisted by these marvels the diamond and the race track attracted an interest proportionately greater than other sports, adding to their lists of followers hundreds of thousands who were drawn simply to gaze upon the mastodonic mailer of the race horse of centuries.

Ruth performed almost daily for a stretch of several months while Man o' War started in fifteen races, but there was ever apparent a desire second to nothing in the history of sports to see these great timers. The New York Yankees, which Ruth won a member, played to a larger attendance for the season than has any other ball club in the history of the game. Attendance records were set in practically every city where Ruth performed, the greatest single being paid at Pittsburgh, where 25,000 persons turned out for a Sunday game which normally would have attracted less than 10,000 fans. Ruth answered the tremendous interest in his prowess during the year by making fifty-four home runs, a mark that no other hitter ever threatened during the late season except Ruth is ever likely to reach.

When Man o' War was scheduled to start, he was that taxed the capacity of the path usually provided. The superhorse, owned by the Glen Riddle Farms, started his wonderful campaign by winning the Preakness on May 19, and eleven days later he set the record for a mile in winning the Withers Stakes. Two weeks after this victory the Riddle horse set the record for a mile and a furlong fell before his speed at Aqueduct.

Won Miller and Travers Stakes.

At Saratoga in August he accounted for the Miller and the Travers Stakes, and at Belmont Park on Sept. 5, the old mark for a mile and five furlongs was shattered by this racing marvel. Two weeks later he won the Potomac Handicap at Havre de Grace and set a new track record in this performance. He closed his glorious career at Kenilworth Park, Windsor, Ont., on Oct. 12 by winning a match race with Sir Barton, the best horse of the older division. Man o' War finished eight lengths in the lead.

The occasional record maker, one able to top ever so slightly the best performances of the past, always becomes a sport idol, and it is not surprising that Ruth, breaking, eclipsing all past marks, should pack ball parks to capacity and become a figure of international interest. The same is true of Man o' War. No performer in any field of sport ever got the attention from public or press that Ruth received during the passing year. No horse in all the history of the turf received the ovation that was showered upon Man o' War.

Next in point of popular interest to the unusual deeds on diamond and turf were those involving international competition, of which the passing year provided an abundance. The Olympic games at Antwerp, drawing together competitors from every part of the world excepting the Central powers, attracted the usual attention among sport followers in the United States, even though they failed to draw the anticipated huge crowds at the Stadium or its nearby fields of competition. Again the athletes of Uncle Sam proved themselves the world's greatest performers in track and field sports, though they found stiffer opposition than had been their portion in the past.

Victory of the American Yacht.

Nor were the Olympic games the only features of international competition. For the first time in years there was an international yacht race for the America's Cup, with Sir Thomas Lipton's Shamrock IV. as the challenger and the Resolute, owned by a syndicate from the New York Yacht Club, as the defender. The American boat lost two of the first three races, then won three in succession and retained the trophy. United States entries also competed against leaders of other nations in golf, tennis, soccer, boxing, skating, hockey, track and field sports, motor boating and other lines of athletic endeavor with a marked degree of success. It is doubtful if any past year ever provided so much competition of an international flavor as did the one now waning.

Outstanding successes of United States athletes in the Olympic Games included world's record performances by Frank Foss, the polevaulter, and by Loomis in the 400-meter hurdle and by the American team of Paddock, Murchison, Scholz and Kirksey in the 400-meter run. Paddock won the 100-meter dash, Pat Ryan won the hammer throw and R. W. Landon set an Olympic record in the high jump. The 200-meter dash was taken by Woodring of the United States, and other American competitors were prominent enough in the point scoring to give the United States a decisive victory in the track and field competition. The final standing of the leaders showed the United States first with 212 points, Finland second with 103, Sweden third with 95 and England fourth with 85.

In sports other than track and field the followers of Uncle Sam attained no little success. Our cyclists were outclassed, but the boxers showed to advantage, taking some of the finals and finishing second as a team. In diving competition the American women made a clean sweep, and Pinkston, a United States entrant, won the fancy diving honors. The United States Naval Academy furnished the winning eight-oared crew at the Olympiad and made the victory doubly impressive by establishing a new world's record. Jack Kelly won the single sculls and with Paul Costello as a partner won the double sculls as well. The United States team was the winner in the trap shooting, besides making clean sweeps in the individual competition. Marksmen from this country excelled in the individual and team matches in rifle competition and enjoyed successes in other forms of shooting. In swimming, several victories were recorded by Norman Ross, Duke Kahanamoku and Miss Ethelda Bleibtrey. The American team of catch-as-catch-can wrestlers also added a victory to the imposing list of triumphs.

Great Interest in Yacht Race.

The international yacht race provided the usual spectacular display and public interest in keeping with its importance in the world of sport. The choice of a defender was settled in a series of match races between the Resolute and the Vanitie, two of the contenders for the honor five years ago, when the World War ended for a time all thought of an international yacht race. The Resolute was the choice of the Race Committee, and its early showing made the selection look good. Later it developed that the fishermen's fleet had defeated the Resolute took three races in succession and the cup remained here. The races did not draw up to past numbers, but changes in the times and certain shipping restrictions on excursion boats were regarded as the causes of smaller attendance along the course. On shore, however, there was no lack of interest in these events.

Baseball, still holding first place in the hearts of the great American public, had an eventful year on the field, in the box office and finally in its system of government, which has been completely changed. From the standpoint of interest and attendance the pennant races set new records, but it was a year that was not without its drawbacks. On the eve of the 1920 world's series between the Cleveland Indians and the Brooklyn Robins came revelations about the 1919 world's series which shocked the sporting world as nothing had ever shocked it before. The revelations were in the form of confessions that the series of the year before between the Cincinnati Reds and the Chicago White Sox had been sold out to gamblers by a number of Chicago players. Rumors of such a happening had been prevalent, but were not believed until some of the players confessed their part in the crime.

Both major leagues had interesting races. The Cleveland club, carrying the sympathy and well wishes of the nation after the unfortunate accident to Chapman, carried off the pennant in the American League, this being the first major league championship ever won by a Cleveland club. In the National League the Brooklyn club was winner. The world's series resulted in a decisive triumph for the American League champions, who had started poorly by dropping two of the first three games.

All major league clubs enjoyed prosperity even the chronic losers being carried along on the wave of success. Minor leagues sprang up throughout the country and they, too, participated in the success that went hand in hand with virtually every branch of sport.

Landis Baseball Dictator.

The government of the game was changed after the pennant races, and for the first time in the sport's history a man hitherto not identified with baseball is its supreme head. As a result of failure to reorganize the National Commission by those entrusted with its reorganization, eight National League club owners and three from the American League decided to band together and even go it alone in the league, if necessary, with Judge Kenesaw M. Landis as head. The other American League clubs were forced to get into line, and Judge Landis now rules the two major leagues. The minors are expected to come under his guiding hand early in the new year.

College baseball also had a highly prosperous year. The collegians do not carry on any schedule that will settle beyond dispute the champion team of their group, but the Antwerp program in the Eastern section this year were generally accorded to Georgetown, with the Navy team a strong contender for second place.

Boxing was marked during the passing year by the dethronement of three champions—Mike O'Dowd in the middleweight division, Battling Levinsky in the light heavyweight division, and Pete Herman in the bantamweight division. O'Dowd lost his title to Johnny Wilson of Boston in a bout last July. It was the greatest surprise of the year in fistic circles, and the change has not helped the sport, as the new champion has shown a tendency to avoid bouts against the leaders in his division. In October Georges Carpentier took the title which Levinsky had held for some time, but this result was not surprising, since Levinsky was far past his prime. Within the last week Joe Lynch, a New York boy, gained the decision over Herman which made the former the king of bantamweights.

The brightest chapter in swimming during the 1920 season was written by an American girl. Miss Ethelda Bleibtrey, World's records fell so frequently before this mermaid that one lost count of the unusual performances. In home waters and at the Olympics it was the same story. Norman Ross continued his string of successes at various distances, and Duke Kahanamoku also proved that he is still in the front ranks of the amphibians.

Dempsey Twice Victorious.

Other champions of a year ago still hold their thrones. Jack Dempsey defended his heavyweight title during the year against Billy Miske and Bill Brennan, winning each bout by a knockout. The champion lost some of his prestige, however, by his showing against Brennan. Jack Britton remains supreme in the welterweight ranks and Benny Leonard still reigns in lightweight circles. Johnny Kilbane holds the featherweight crown, but his refusal to defend it has stifled all interest in this class.

The legalizing of boxing in New York State has been one of the big features of the year so far as the ring game is concerned. At Madison Square Garden capacity crowds are the rule and new marks have been reached in receipts. All sections of the country had the same report to make in regard to intercollegiate football. Interest never was greater and the crowds in numerous instances were measured by the capacity of the stands. The urgent call for bigger stadiums was apparent everywhere and numerous institutions now are planning to erect amphitheatres which will accommodate from 30,000 upward. Princeton stood out as the leading team of the Eastern section, Ohio State excelled in the mid-Western group, California was the best eleven in the Far West and Georgia Tech in the South. There was considerable intersectional competition, which is growing yearly and must prove highly beneficial to the sport.

Golfers and their followers had a most interesting program for their entertainment in 1920. American amateurs went to Europe to compete in the championship tournament there, and, in turn, leading British amateurs came over here. Hagen and Barnes, then the two leaders in professional golf on this side, competed in the British open tournament and also played in France. Harry Vardon and Ted Ray later made a tour of this country, and their work was everywhere followed with much interest and by large galleries. Ray also won the American open championship.

Among the competitors the names of Chick Evans, Ted Ray, Jock Hutchison and Miss Alexa Stirling stand out most prominently. Evans won both the Western and national championship for amateurs. Ray won the national open in one of the greatest fields ever assembled for golf honors. Hutchison won the Western open and later the professional golfers' championship. Miss Stirling still stands alone among the women golfers of the nation. Jess W. Sweetser, the new intercollegiate champion, blossomed out during the year as one of the likely future greats of the sport. Others who showed to advantage during the year were Jim Barnes, Walter Hagen, J. Douglas Edgar and Bobby Jones.

Tilden Won World's Net Title.

The phenomenal success of William T. Tilden 2d, the runner-up for the 1919 tennis championship, was easily the outstanding feature of the net game during 1920. In a year of unusual activity Tilden defeated all the star players of this country, as well as Gerald L. Patterson, the Australian star; J. C. Parke and A. R. F. Kingscote, the leaders in English tennis; Gobert and Laurents of France, and Shimidzu, the Japanese expert. After winning the world's tennis championship at Wimbledon Tilden came home and defeated Johnston, the 1919 champion, in the final round of the national championship tournament at Forest Hills. This particular match was the most spectacular ever played in a national championship in this country. Tilden also won the national indoor title.

The American Davis Cup team, with Tilden and Johnston as the stars, defeated both the English and French teams in the qualifying rounds for the Davis Cup tournament and will meet the Australian team in the challenge round at Auckland, N. Z., this week. Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory resumed her place as the leading exponent of tennis among women, and Vincent Richards maintained his supremacy in the junior circles. The California team of William Johnston and Clarence Griffin holds first place in doubles and L. M. Banks of Yale is the intercollegiate champion.

As previously mentioned, the great performances of Man o' War overshadowed all else in turf circles, but the sport of kings was a prosperous one even when this superhorse was not showing his remarkable ability. Great crowds attended the races at the various New York tracks, as well as those of Maryland, Kentucky and Louisiana at which racing still flourishes. The big stake events attracted crowds at the various tracks which brought back memories of the olden days when the big rings prevailed. Announcements of better purses during the year about to begin bear testimony to the success which the turf enjoyed during the 1920 campaign.

The leaders during the year were: Tryster, owned by H. P. Whitney, in the two-year-old division; Man o' War, the most successful horse of the age, among the three-year-olds, and Sir Barton in the division for older horses. The big race of the year was that between Man o' War and Sir Barton for a $75,000 purse and a gold cup valued at $5,000. The most successful jockey was Jimmy Butwell, whose total in victories is beyond the reach of even those competitors now accepting mounts at New Orleans, Tia Juana or Havana.

Among harness horses Peter Manning stood out as the leading trotter of the year with the best mark for a mile, 2:02¼, and the highest mark in money won, with $26,550. Single G. paced the fastest mile, 1:59, but John Henry was the leading money winner among the pacers, with a total of $10,354. In trotting new world's records were established by Peter Manning with the three fastest heats for one race and the fastest heat ever trotted by a gelding-Bertha Dillon set a new mark for three-year-old fillies. Single G. set a new record for the fastest three heats in a race and other world's marks in pacing were established by Prince Ansco, Rifle Grenade, Prince Loree, Margaret Dillon and Louis Grattan. Prince Loree, with 2:03¼ for trotting and 2:00¾ for pacing, set a new figure for a double-gaited horse. Tommy Murphy was the most successful driver, accounting for thirty races and a total of $59,498.

Paddock's Great Track Feats.

Two figures stand out prominently in the 1920 history of American track and field athletics. One is Charley Paddock, California sprinter, who equaled the world's mark in the 100-yard dash and also the world's record for 100 metres. Paddock's century sprint was timed in 9 3-5 seconds, a figure reached by only two other runners, Dan Kelly and Howard Drew. It was a peculiar coincidence that Kelly should die the day before his mark was equaled by the greatest sprinter who has come to the front since Drew ended his career on the cinder path.

The other luminary is not of the track but of the field—Frank Foss of the Chicago A. A., the greatest pole vaulter in athletic history. Foss negotiated a record of 13 feet 5¼ inches in the Olympic Games, but his pole vaulting was one of the big features of the year. American records were set in the broad jump by Sol Butler of Dubuque, Ia., and the javelin throw by Milton S. Angier, of the Illinois A. C., to be displaced later by J. C. Lincoln of the New York A. C. Lincoln made a throw of 197 feet 6½ inches, about five feet beyond the figure set by Angier.

The Olympic Games stood out as the big feature of international sport, but there was plenty of other competition aside from the Antwerp program. In the Spring runners from Oxford and Cambridge came over here for the Penn Relays, and carried off first honors in the two-mile relay championship, setting a new world's record. In the same meet E. A. Montague, England's greatest runner, bowed to Gordon Nightingale of New Hampshire College in a spectacular three-mile run.

Later a Princeton team went to England and met with signal success, winning four firsts in the British A. A. A. games and taking six of ten events in a dual meet with Oxford. Members of the U. S. Olympic team tied in a dual meet with English athletes and defeated the French team at Paris. In the latter meet M. M. Kirksey of the Olympic club, San Francisco, equaled the world's record in the 2000-metre dash. Another interesting contest is on the card for the dying year. This week the Cornell cross-country team will meet a team representing Oxford and Cambridge.

Cycling provided new champions in both the professional and amateur ranks. Ray Eaton, who displaced Frank Kramer in 1919 after a long string of successes by the Orange (N. J.) veteran was superseded this year by Arthur Spencer of Toronto, Can., and the amateur title passed to Fred Taylor of the New York A. C. A new mark was reached in six-day cycling when three races were held in New York, the first in March and the others in November and December. The first was won by Goullet and Magin, the second by Eaton and Kaiser and the third by Brocco and Coburn.

The billiard crown still reposes on the head of Willie Hoppe with nothing to indicate that it will pass to another, although Edouard Horemans, European champion, plans to play Hoppe for the title early in the coming year. Hoppe defended his title against Welker Cochran and Jake Schaefer late this year, after these two had qualified for the championship tournament in the preliminaries played in San Francisco. John Layton of Sedalia, Mo., displaced Robert Cannefax as three-cushion champion and Ralph Greenleaf successfully defended his title as pocket billiard champion in a tournament at Chicago.

Strangler Lewis Takes Title.

Wrestling brought out a new heavyweight champion in Ed ("Strangler") Lewis, just as the year was about to pass into history. Joe Stecher, who earned top honors by successive victories over Lewis and Wladek Zbyszko late in 1919 and another victory over Earl Caddock in January, lost the title to Lewis in a match in New York early in December. Amateur grapplers displayed their usual activity and provided the champion team in the catch-as-catch-can tournament at Antwerp.

The big event in rowing was the victory of the Navy eight at the Olympic Games when the world's record for a mile and a quarter was broken. The time of the midshipmen was 5:65. The Navy crew had won the senior eight race at the national championship regatta before going to Antwerp. Jack Kelly's victory in the single sculls and the victory of Kelly and Paul Costello in the doubles were other outstanding features. Harvard won the race with Yale at New London and Syracuse triumphed in the intercollegiate regatta, transferred from Poughkeepsie to Lake Cayuga, Ithaca.

Professional rowing was featured by the race for the world's sculling championship between Ernest Barry of England and Alfred Felton, the Australian, who defeated Barry in 1919. Barry raced Felton on Aug. 28 on the Parametta River in Australia and regained the title.

...anadians Invade U. S. for A Series of Hockey Games

TORONTO, Dec. 25.—University of Toronto's senior intercollegiate hockey team will leave here tomorrow for a tour in the United States. The team will play games at Pittsburgh, Dec. 27 and 28; Cleveland, Dec. 30, 31 and Jan. 1, and Philadelphia, Jan. 3 and 5.

Winners in Sports in 1920

PROFESSIONAL BASEBALL.
World's champions—Cleveland Indians.
American League champions—Cleveland Indians.
National League champions—Brooklyn Robins.
Champion batsman, American League—George Sisler, St. Louis.
Champion batsman, National League—Rogers Hornsby, St. Louis.
Champion pitcher, American League—James Bagby, Cleveland, in games won. Robert Shawkey, New York, in effectiveness.
Champion pitcher, National League—Grover Alexander, Chicago, in games won.

FOOTBALL.
Leading Eastern team—Princeton.
Western Conference champion—Ohio State.
Southern champion—Georgia Tech.
Leading Pacific Coast team—University of California.

SOCCER.
National champions—Ben Millers of St. Louis.

TURF.
Champion horse of the year—Man o' War, owned by Glen Riddle Farms.
Leading money winner of the year—Man o' War, owned by Glen Riddle Farms, with $166,104.
Leading two-year-old—Tryster, owned by H. P. Whitney.
Leading three-year-old—Man o' War, owned by Glen Riddle Farms.
Leader in older division—Sir Barton, owned by Commander G. K. L. Ross.
Leading Jockey—Jimmy Butwell.

TROTTING AND PACING.
Fastest mile trotted—Peter Manning, 2:02¼.
Fastest mile paced—Single G., 1:59.
Leading money winner, trotting—Peter Manning, $26,550.
Leading money winner, pacing—John Henry, $10,354.
Leading driver in victories and money—Tommy Murphy. Won 30 races, and $59,498.

GOLF.
National amateur champion—Charles (Chick) Evans, Chicago.
National open champion—Edward Ray, England.
National women's amateur champion—Miss Alexa W. Stirling, Atlanta, Ga.
Professional Golfers' Association champion—Jock Hutchison, Chicago.
Intercollegiate champion—Jess Sweetser, Yale.
Team intercollegiate champion—Princeton.
Western amateur champion—Charles (Chick) Evans, Chicago.
Western open champion—Jock Hutchison, Chicago.
Western women's champion—Mrs. F. C. Letts, Glen Oak C. C.
Southern amateur champion—Robert T. Jones, Atlanta.
Southern open champion—J. Douglas Edgar, Atlanta.
Metropolitan amateur champion—D. E. Sawyer, Siwanoy C. C.
Metropolitan open champion—Walter Hagen, New York.
Metropolitan women's champion—Mrs. Quentin F. Feltner, South Shore F. C.
Eastern women's champion—Mrs. R. H. Barlow, Philadelphia.

LAWN TENNIS.
National singles champion—William T. Tilden 2d, Philadelphia.
National doubles champions—William Johnston and Clarence J. Griffin, California.
National mixed doubles champions—Wallace F. Johnson, Philadelphia, and Mrs. Hazel Hotchkiss Wightman, Boston.
National clay court singles champion—Roland Roberts, California.
National clay court doubles champions—Roland Roberts, California, and Vincent Richards, New York.
National junior champion—Vincent Richards, New York.
National junior doubles champions—Harold Godshall and Richard Hinchley, New York.
National boys' champion—J. L. Farquhar, Rutherford, N. J.
National boys' doubles champions—J. L. Farquhar and C. V. De Plaso, Rutherford, N. J.
Intercollegiate singles champion—L. M. Banks, Yale.
Intercollegiate doubles champions—A. Wilder and L. Wiley, Yale.
National women's singles champion—Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory, New York.
National women's doubles champions—Miss Eleanor Goss, New York, and Miss Marion Zinderstein, Boston.
National indoor singles champion—William T. Tilden 2d, Philadelphia.
National indoor doubles champions—William T. Tilden 2d, Philadelphia, and Vincent Richards, New York.
National indoor junior champion—Vincent Richards, New York.
National indoor junior doubles champions—Vincent Richards and Frank T. Anderson, New York.
National indoor boys' champion—Charles Wood Jr., New York.
National indoor women's singles champion—Miss Helene Pollak, New York.
National indoor women's doubles champions—Miss Helene Pollak and Mrs. L. G. Morris, New York.
National women's clay court champion—Miss Marion Zinderstein, Boston.

COURT TENNIS.
National open champion—Jay Gould, New York.
National amateur champion—Jay Gould, New York.
American professional champion—Walter Kinsella, New York.

SQUASH TENNIS.
National amateur champion—Auguste V. Cordier, New York.
World's professional champion—Walter Kinsella, New York.

RACQUETS.
National amateur champion—Clarence C. Pell, Tuxedo, N. Y.
National amateur doubles champions—Jay Gould and J. W. Wear, Philadelphia Racquet Club.
World's professional champion—Jock Soutar, New York.

TRACK AND FIELD ATHLETICS.
National Senior Champions.
100-yard dash—Loren Murchison, New York A. C., 0:10.
220-yard dash—Charles W. Paddock, Los Angeles A. C., 0:21 2-5.
440-yard run—Frank Shea, U. S. Navy, 0:49.
880-yard run—Earl Eby, Chicago A. C., 1:54 1-5.
One-mile run—Joie W. Ray, Illinois A. C., Chicago, 4:16 1-5.
5,000-meter run—H. H. Brown, Boston A. C., 15:26.
10,000-meter run—Fred W. Faller, Dorchester Club, Boston, 32:15.
120-yard hurdle—Harold E. Barron, Meadow Brook Club, Philadelphia, 0:15 1-5.
440-yard hurdle—F. F. Loomis, Chicago A. A., 0:55.
10-mile run—Fred W. Faller, Dorchester Club, Boston, Mass., 55:20.
7-Mile walk—Joseph E. Vance, New York A. C., 55:00 1-5.
Pole vault—F. K. Foss, Chicago A. A., and E. E. Myers, Chicago A. A., 13 ft. 1 in.
Shot put—P. J. McDonald, New York A. C., 47 ft. ¾ in.
Hammer throw—Patrick Ryan, Loughlin Lyceum, New York, 169 ft. 4 in.
56-pound weight throw—P. J. McDonald, New York A. C., 37 ft. ¾ in.
Running broad jump—Sol Butler, Dubuque, Iowa, 24 ft. 8 in.
Running high jump—John Murphy, Multnomah A. C., Portland, Ore., 6 ft. 4¾ in.
Discus throw—Augustus P. Pope, Univ. of Washington, 146 ft. 5 in.
Running hop, step and jump—Sherman Landers, Chicago A. A., 48 ft. 1 9-10 in.
Javelin throw—Milton S. Angier, Illinois A. C., 192 ft. 10¾ in.
All-around champion—Brutus Hamilton, University of Missouri.
Team championship—New York A C

CROSS-COUNTRY RUNNING.
Intercollegiate champion—John L. Romig, Penn State.
Intercollegiate team championship—Cornell.
National senior A. A. U. champion—Fred Faller, Dorchester Club, Boston, Mass.
National senior A. A. U. team champion—Dorchester Club, Boston, Mass.
National junior A. A. U. champion—W. Ritola, Finnish-American A. C., New York.
National junior A. A. U. team champion—Mohawk A. C., New York.

FENCING.
National foils champion—Sherman S. Hall, New York A. C.
National sabre champion—Sherman S. Hall, New York A. C.
National epee champion—Ray Dutcher, New York A. C.
Intercollegiate foils champion—J. F. Lyon, Yale.
Intercollegiate sabre champion—E. G. Fullinwilder, Naval Academy.
Intercollegiate epee champion—C. M. Deland, Yale.
Intercollegiate team foils champion—Naval Academy.

PROFESSIONAL BOXING.
Heavyweight champion—Jack Dempsey, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Light-heavyweight champion—Georges Carpentier, France.
Middleweight champion—Jack Britton, New York.
Welterweight champion—Jack Britton, New York.
Lightweight champion—Benny Leonard, New York.
Featherweight champion—Johnny Kilbane, Cleveland, Ohio.
Bantamweight champion—Joe Lynch, New York.

AMATEUR BOXING CHAMPIONS.
108-pound class—A. J. Devito, Paulist A. C., New York.
115-pound class—James Hutchinson, Meadow Brook Club, Philadelphia.
125-pound class—Jacob Zeeman, Brooklyn.
135-pound class—Tommy Murphy, Kansas City.
145-pound class—Jack Schoendorf, Milwaukee A. C.
158-pound class—Sam Lagonia, Bronxdale A. C., New York.
175-pound class—Willow J. Hogan, Pittsburgh.
Heavyweight class—Carl Wicks, Dorchester Club, Boston, Mass.

PROFESSIONAL BILLIARDS.
World's balkline champion—William F. Hoppe, New York.
Three-cushion champion—John Layton, Sedalia, Mo.
Pocket billiards champion—Ralph Greenleaf, Wilmington, Del.

AMATEUR BILLIARDS.
(National Association of Amateur Billiard Players).
Class A balkline champion—Percy Collins, Chicago.
Class B balkline champion—Julian Rice, New York.
Class C balkline champion—Sidney Brussel, Brooklyn.
Three-cushion champion—William Huey, Chicago.
Pocket billiards champion—Howard Shoemaker, New York.
(American Amateur Billiard Association).
Class A balkline champion—Frank Corr, Philadelphia.
Class B balkline champion—A. Ortez, New York.
Class C balkline champion—Arthur Macy, New York.
Three-cushion champion—Joseph Cosgrove, New York.
Pocket billiards champion—Morgan Hughes, New York.

BASKETBALL.
Intercollegiate League champions—University of Pennsylvania.
National A. A. U. champions—New York University.
Western champions—Chicago University.

YACHTING.
International race for the America's Cup—Won by the Resolute, owned by New York Yacht Club syndicate.

MOTOR BOATING.
One-mile champion—Miss America, owned by G. A. Wood, Detroit.
Harmsworth Trophy—Won by Miss America, owned by G. A. Wood, Detroit.
A. P. B. A. cruiser champion—The Victory, owned by H. A. Jackson, New York.

ROWING.
World's champion professional sculler—Ernest Barry, England.
National champion amateur sculler—John B. Kelly, Vesper B. C., Philadelphia.
National doubles champions—Vesper B. C. (Paul Costello and John B. Kelly).
National fours champions—Pennsylvania Barge Club, Philadelphia.
National senior eight champions—U. S. Naval Academy.
New London regatta—Harvard.
Intercollegiate regatta at Ithaca—Syracuse.

GYMNASTICS.
National all-around champion—Joseph Giezy, New York A. C.

SWIMMING.
100-yard free style, outdoor—Duke Kahanamoku, Honolulu.
440-yard free style, outdoor—Norman Ross, Illinois A. C., Chicago.
880-yard free style, outdoor—Charles Shields, Olympic Club, San Francisco.
One-mile free style, outdoor—Eugene Bolden, Illinois A. C., Chicago.
Long distance—Eugene Bolden, Illinois A. C., Chicago.
High diving—C. Pinkston, Olympic Club, San Francisco.
440-yard free style, outdoor, women—Miss L. Snowgrass, San Francisco.
880-yard free style, outdoor, women—Miss Ethelda Bleibtrey, W. S. A., New York.
Long distance, women—Miss Marie Curtis, Detroit A. C.

WRESTLING.
(Professional).
Ed (Strangler) Lewis, Kentucky.
(A. A. U. Champions).
108-pound class—Carl Benson, Swedish-American A. C., Brooklyn.
115-pound class—Sam Pommow, Chicago Hebrew Institute.
125-pound class—A. Gallas, Greek Olympic Club, Chicago.
135-pound class—George Metropoulis, Gary (Ind.) Y. M. C. A.
145-pound class—W. Tikka, Finnish-American A. C., New York.
158-pound class—E. Leino, New York A. C.
175-pound class—Carl Kunert, Gary (Ind.) Y. M. C. A.
Heavyweight class—Nat Pendleton, New York A. C.

POLO.
National open champion—Meadow Brook (L. I.) Club.
National senior champion—Meadow Brook (L. I.) Club.
National junior champion—Bryn Mawr Fox Hunters, Philadelphia.

TRAP SHOOTING.
Grand American Handicap—A. L. Ivins, Red Bank, N. J.
National singles champion—F. S. Wright, Buffalo.
National doubles champion—P. H. O'Brien, Butte, Mont.

CYCLING.
National amateur champion—Fred Taylor, New York A. C.
National professional champion—Arthur Spencer, Toronto, Canada.

CANOEING.
National champion—Leo Friede, New York.

AUTOMOBILING.
Champion race driver—Gaston Chevrolet, Indianapolis (deceased).

VON BOECKMAN IS WINNER AT TRAPS

Defeats Roberts in Shoot-Off for Nassau Club Honors at Mineola.

Paul Von Boeckman and A. L. Roberts carried off most of the honors in the merchandise shoot held by the Nassau Trapshooting Club at Mineola yesterday afternoon. The former won the high scratch prize and the latter the high handicap trophy. In the actual number of targets broken Von Boeckman and Roberts were tied with 49 out of a possible 50. In the shoot-off for high gun Von Boeckman won, 21 to 15.

While there were no scratch shooters entered, the fact that Von Boeckman had a handicap of only two made him the low-handicap man, and when he and Roberts tied in the actual number of targets broken these two men shot off for the high scratch prize.

The scores follow:

	Targets.	H'cap.	Total.
A. L. Roberts	49	2	51
R. W. Latham	28	16	44
H. K. Munde	39	4	43
P. Von Boeckman	40	2	42
F. Winslow	36	6	42
W. Simonson	37	4	41
F. S. Hyatt	32	8	40
V. Wright	22	16	38
H. Merrill	22	16	38
J. A. Valentine	28	10	38
E. L. Hass	30	6	36
J. F. Simonson	32	4	36
W. D. Grant	25	10	35
F. P. Godesky	23	12	35
Dr. G. S. Spenck	29	6	35
W. F. Hyatt	22	12	34
G. Draper	17	16	33
F. Hayes	23	10	33
Dr. G. F. Cleghorn	20	12	32
J. A. Howard	27	4	31
W. A. Davis	29	0	29
G. W. Lafcelle	12	8	20

*Professionals.

SISLER DECLINES JOB.

Star Player Not to Manage Browns —Signs Long-Term Contract.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 25.—George Sisler, first baseman of the St. Louis American Baseball Club and leading batsman of the American League, has refused an offer to manage the club, but has signed a long-term contract to continue playing with it, Bob Quinn, business manager, announced tonight. Sisler still had a year to play with the local club under a contract signed two years ago, but the new one takes in the unexpired term of the old one, it was explained.

Sisler turned down the managership of the team before terms were discussed, Mr. Quinn added, saying he feared the responsibilities incident to the position would interfere with his playing.

OHIO STATE TEAM RESTS.

Forgets Its Football Invasion of West and Celebrates Christmas.

PASADENA, Cal., Dec. 25.—The Ohio State University football squad, here for the game with the University of California eleven on New Year's Day, forgot about football today and observed Christmas. Entertainment arranged for the players included an automobile sightseeing tour about Los Angeles this morning and a Christmas dinner tonight, at which Ohio State alumni in Southern California were hosts.

Hard practice for the East versus West game will begin on Monday, Coach John Wilce announced today. The secret practice of the Buckeyes yesterday was said to have been a light signal drill.

Ohio State brought enough players to form more than two complete teams, and California is understood to be bringing nearly enough for three, so there will be no lack of substitutes.

All members of the Ohio squad were reported in good physical form today, with those who have slight disabilities making progress toward complete recovery.

KNOCKOUTS FEATURE BOUTS

Phil Bloom Among Four Boxers Who Stop Their Opponents.

A card of thirty-five rounds of boxing was scheduled as the matinee attraction at the East New York A. A. of Brooklyn yesterday afternoon, but less than eleven rounds of actual boxing was witnessed by the crowd which jammed the ropes. Knockouts were scored in all four bouts. The result was that Referee Johnny Otis had a rather busy afternoon of it, bending over prostrate ringmen and working his right arm up and down in the ten-second count.

Phil Bloom, Brooklyn's veteran lightweight, and Eddie Gorman of Ridgewood, were the principals in the feature bout, scheduled for fifteen rounds. Bloom crashed Gorman to the floor of the ring shortly after the start of the bout and, upon arising, Gorman was again sent down, this time to remain through the fatal count.

In the semifinal bout, scheduled for ten rounds, Sammy Smith knocked out Pinkey Brown with a terrific right uppercut in the third stanza. Joe Mate and Ed Wallace were the principals in the scheduled six-round contest which ended with Weiss knocked out in the sixth session. In a scheduled four-round bout Larry Friedman knocked out Kid Shamrock in the first round.

TENDLER IS RING VICTOR.

Substitutes for Benny Leonard and Stops Chick Simler.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 25.—Lew Tendler of this city, substituting for Benny Leonard, stopped Chick Simler of Scranton in the seventh round of an eight-round bout here today. Danny Kramer of Boston knocked out Johnny Solsberg of New York in the third round of a scheduled eight-round bout. Johnny Mealey of this city defeated Al Murphy of Scranton in a six-round slugfest. Abe Goldstein of New York knocked out Tommy Murray of Philadelphia in the third round of a scheduled eight-round bout. Jimmy Sullivan of New York defeated Bobby Barrett of this city in a six-round bout.

GREB OUTPOINTS SMITH.

Pittsburgh Boxer Wins 10-Round Bout—Pete Civic Loses.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 25.—Harry Greb of Pittsburgh received a newspaper decision over Jeff Smith of Bayonne, N. J., in a ten-round bout here this afternoon.

Pete Civic of Pittsburgh in his first professional bout was defeated by Patsy Young of Beech View in a six-round preliminary bout. Civic was former amateur bantamweight champion and was a member of the American Olympic boxing team this year.

ROCAP IS SELECTED.

Will Represent Pennsylvania in National Boxing Convention.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 25.—Governor Sproul has notified the Army, Navy and Civilian Board of Boxing Control that he has appointed William H. Rocap of Philadelphia to represent the State of Pennsylvania at the national convention of the board, to be held in New York next month. Gutson Borglum, the sculptor, is Chairman of the general committee, which plans to assume national control of boxing.

Fitzsimmons Wins Over Monohan.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 25.—Young Bob Fitzsimmons, son of the late heavyweight champion of the world, stopped Jim Monohan of New York in the fourth round of a scheduled twelve-round bout at Olympic Park here today. Fitzsimmons handed Monohan an unmerciful licking for four rounds, and the referee stopped the bout after Monohan had taken a count of nine.

Chicago Schoolboys to Skate Against New York on Jan. 20

CHICAGO, Dec. 25.—Picked schoolboy skating teams of New York and Chicago will race in New York about Jan. 20, according to an announcement today by Julian T. Fitzgerald, following the receipt of a telegram from Dr. A. E. Aldinger, Chairman of the Public Schools Athletic Association of New York. Mayor Thompson sent a challenge to New York in behalf of Chicago youths and appointed Fitzgerald Chairman of a Chicago Skating Committee. Fitzgerald today said he expects to send challenges to Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Cleveland. The Chicago boys will stop off at these cities if they are accepted. About twenty lads will compose the Chicago team. Candidates are already in training under the direction of Tom Eyck of the University of Chicago.

HERRON IS VICTOR AT ORIENTAL PARK

Captures Havana Feature at 4 to 1—Furbelow

H. CUTTING TO WED MISS ROBERSON

Couple Will Go to China With Natural History Museum's Expedition.

BOTH SERVED IN FRANCE

Miss Janet Taylor-Lord Engaged to Edwin Lyon Dale—Other Engagements.

William C. Roberson of 125 West Fifty-seventh Street announces the engagement of his daughter, Miss Constance Cleveland Roberson; to Heyward Cutting, son of 23 East Sixty-second Street, a son of the late Henri Mason Cutting, his mother now being Mrs. J. Lorimer Worden. Miss Roberson's mother was one of the Carters of Virginia. The marriage will probably take place about Feb. 1, and Mr. Cutting and his bride will go to China with Roy Andrews and an expedition sent by the Museum of Natural History to explore the interior. Mr. Cutting was in the Air Service, First Pursuit Group, in France for two years of the war. Miss Roberson served in France with the Civilian Relief of the Red Cross and later in the canteen work.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Edwin Lord of Tarrytown, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Janet Taylor Lord, to Edwin Lyon Dale, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Chalmers Dale of New York. Mr. Dale was commissioned a lieutenant while serving overseas in the Twenty-seventh Division. He is now in business in Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Lee Ziegler of 483 Riverside Drive announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Nathalie Margaret Ziegler, to Herbert E. Bradley, a son of Mrs. Josephine Bradley and the late Herbert Bradley.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Edna Mildred Aldridge to Carl Oscar Johnson, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Johnson of this city. Mr. Johnson was formerly in the business department of THE TIMES.

Mrs. M. Obendorfer of 418 Central Park West has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Ethel Emanuels, to Dr. M. B. Kremens of Philadelphia. Miss Samuels is the granddaughter of the late Rev. Samuel Bergman.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Miller of Cliff Avenue, Pelham, formerly of New Rochelle, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Natalie Miller, to Ernest C. Benjamin Jr. of this city and Easton, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Malnek of 35 West Ninety-sixth Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Janet Malnek, to Otto Knopf of this city, son of Mr. and Mrs. I. E. Knopf.

Mrs. Letitia Acker of Ridge Street, Port Chester, N. Y., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Harriett Emerson Acker, to Francis Ritch Smith of this city and Sound Beach, Conn.

Mrs. William C. Jutte of Pittsburgh announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Jane Holmes Jutte, to Eric Krebon of this city.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Janet Benson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Benson of Glen Ridge, to Messord Runyon of New Brunswick, N. J. Mr. Runyon is a graduate of Rutgers College and during the war he served overseas for two years in the hospital corps.

WEDDINGS.

James W. Elliott Marries Miss Annabelle Gilbert.

Miss Annabelle Gilbert, daughter of J. M. Gilbert of Stamford, Conn., and James W. Elliott, writer, were married at 6 o'clock last evening at the home of the bride's parents, 171 West Seventy-first Street. The Rev. Tunis E. Gouwens of Mountain Lake, N. J., performed the ceremony in the presence of a few intimate friends of the couple.

Wood—Peave.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Henry Peave of 512 West 148th Street announce the marriage of their daughter, Miss Isobel Berkeley Peave, to Captain Henry Tremaine Wood yesterday at noon in St. Mary's Episcopal Church, Lawrence Street, this city, the Rev. C. V. Ackley officiating. Mrs. John Lambert was matron of honor and Mr. Lambert the best man. The reception was at the bride's home.

MISS MULQUEEN'S NUPTIAL.

Attendants for Her Marriage to Paul G. Daly in St. Patrick's Cathedral.

Miss Madeleine Mulqueen, whose marriage to Paul Gerard Daly will take place at 4 o'clock tomorrow in St. Patrick's Cathedral, will have her sister, Mrs. John S. Reilly, as matron of honor, and the other eight attendants are to be Mrs. Herbert Sierck, Mrs. Laughran Daly and the Misses Ada Tripp, Helen Schniewind, Mary Cushman, Helen Smith, Mary Louise Nichols and Isabel McMillin.

Laughran Daly is to be Mr. Daly's best man and the ushers, who are to be led by the bride's youthful brother, Carr Mulqueen, will include Lee Brown Farrell, Thomas F. White, Duncan Campbell, Walter Donovan, John S. Reilly, Frank Cunningham, Thomas F. Curry, Chauncy M. Belknap, Stephen C. Markoe, Capt. T. W. Rafferty, Edward S. Morrill and Joseph L. Candy. Archbishop Hayes will officiate and the reception will be held at the Plaza.

Their 30th Wedding Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Lucas of this city will celebrate their thirtieth wedding anniversary this afternoon at the Hotel Pennsylvania. Mr. Lucas is the secretary of the Joint Distribution Committee of the American Funds for Jewish War Sufferers, of which Felix M. Warburg is the chairman. He is also one of the secretaries of the Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations of America and more than twenty years ago established the first Jewish centre in America.

Mrs. Lucas has been identified for many years with philanthropic and social work in this city.

Manhattanville Alumnae Breakfast.

The Manhattanville Alumnae Association will hold its annual breakfast on Jan. 25 in the Astor Gallery of the Waldorf-Astoria. The breakfast will be followed by Tableaux Vivants in celebration of the twenty-one years of the Association's existence. Among the Directors of the association are Miss Eleanor B. Lennane, Mrs. George G. Raymond, Mrs. George H. Bradford, Mrs. Thomas F. Quary, Mrs. Joseph T. Ryan, Mrs. Walter Burke, Mrs. Grover Whalen and the Misses Jane Charles, Corinne Roche, Anne S. Bailey, Mary Brown, Marcella McKeon and Adelaide Jones.

JOHN M. CAMPBELL DIES.

Once Prominent Philadelphia Democratic Leader and Lawyer.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 25.—John M. Campbell, once Democratic leader, lawyer, and for twenty-three years a member of the Board of City Trusts, died yesterday morning at his home at Chester Heights, aged 69 years.

Mr. Campbell was offered the post of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury by President Cleveland, but declined. From 1885 to 1889 he was Surveyor of the Port of Philadelphia. He was a member of the Board of City Trusts and later was Vice President of that body.

Mr. Campbell was Vice President and Solicitor for the Mechanics Insurance Company and Vice President of the Continental Trust Company.

Holiday Greetings.

MARX.—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Marx of 1,845 Seventh Avenue extend to their friends "the greetings of the season," and wish them a most prosperous New Year.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Hadley of New Haven and Cambridge, Mass., are in town spending the Christmas holidays with Mrs. Hadley's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Wood Blodgett, at the St. Regis.

Dr. Charles Adams Holder and Mrs. Holder have come in from their country place at Greenwich, Conn., and have taken an apartment at the Gotham for the Winter.

Colonel H. Rieman Duval of 41 East Fiftieth Street has gone to his hunting lodge at Falmouth, Fla., to remain several months. Miss Nannie C. Duval is in Baltimore, the guest of her cousins, Mrs. Douglas H. Gordon and Mrs. J. Triplet Haxall. Later, with her cousin, Miss Elizabeth Gordon, she will join her father at Falmouth.

The divers of dinners last evening, chiefly for members of their families, were Mrs. Vanderbilt Sr., Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan Sr. and Philip Rhinelander. Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Astor entertained at Ferncliff and Mrs. H. McK. Twombley had a family party at Florham, her country home at Convent, N. J.

Lord Waldorf Astor and Captain Bruce Bairnsfather sailed on the Baltic. Lord Astor came up from Florida, where he had been fishing at Bimini, and sailed almost immediately afterward.

Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt 2d has been added to the list of Vice Presidents for the Charity Ball, which is to be held at the Waldorf-Astoria on Feb. 1.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Henry Moale of 128 East Sixty-second Street will give a dance, preceded by a dinner, tomorrow evening at the Colony Club in introduce their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Boardman Moale. Mr. and Mrs. Adams Batcheller and Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Mead will also entertain at dinners preceding the dance.

GIBBONS CELEBRATES DAY.

Cardinal, in Sick Room, Eats Some of Host's Christmas Dinner.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 25.—Cardinal Gibbons celebrated Christmas in his sick room at the home of Robert T. Shriver near Westminster, Maryland, today with members of his household with him. He was able to eat some of the Christmas dinner, but visitors were denied him.

Mass was said in his room early in the day by the Reverend Father Albert E. Smth, the Cardinal's secretary.

Miss Elizabeth Butler Kernan.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., Dec. 25.—Miss Elizabeth Butler Kernan, daughter of the late United States Senator Francis Kernan and Hannah Avery Devereux Kernan, died in this city today. She was the constant companion of her father during his public life and made her home with him in Washington from 1875 to 1881. Years ago she became interested in settlement and Americanization work for Italians and was the first person to take up this work in Central New York.

Martin E. Wolff.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 25.—Martin E. Wolff, President of the Wolff Insurance Company and the Lyceum Theatre Company, died last night in Baltimore. Mr. Wolff was sixty-six years old. His father was a pioneer clothing merchant of Western New York. Mr. Wolff is well known for his connection with the history of the theatre in Rochester.

Russell S. Walker.

Russell S. Walker, President of the Brooklyn Dime Savings Bank, died yesterday at his residence, 210 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn, at the age of 65.

Mr. Walker went to the Brooklyn Dime Savings Bank in 1900 as its Secretary, becoming President in 1915.

Ex-Congressman John L. Bretz.

JASPER, Ind., Dec. 25.—John L. Bretz, 68, for several years Judge of the Dubois Circuit Court here, and who had served as a member of the Congress from the Third Indiana District, died at his home here today. He was in Congress four years.

George P. Cammann.

George P. Cammann, Secretary and member of the Board of Directors of the Almy Realty Corporation of 141 Broadway, died suddenly yesterday at his residence, 9 East Fifty-third Street.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM S. ORGAN, President of the Sharon Herald Company, of Sharon, Pa., died yesterday in Pittsburgh, of a fractured skull, caused by being struck by a freight train at a Pittsburgh crossing. He was 47 years old.

Miss ELINOR STAFFORD LANSING, 54 years old, daughter of the late Judge Jacob Lansing of Albany, and a cousin of Robert Lansing, former Secretary of State, died Friday at her home in Flushing, L. I.

WILLIAM S. DUGAN of Summit, N. J., a member of the Consolidated Stock Exchange, died Friday after a stroke of apoplexy. He was 52 years old.

Born.

DEUTSCH—Mr. and Mrs. Martin Deutsch (nee Blanche Schoenfeld) announce the birth of a son, Saturday, Dec. 18.

ENGLER—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Engler of 858 East 180th Parkway, Brooklyn, announce the birth of a son, Alan George, on Dec. 18 at the Lying-In Hospital, New York.

FRIED—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Fried (nee Rose Meyerash) of 835 West 156th St. announce the birth of a son, Dec. 22, at their home.

GOLDSTEIN—To Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Goldstein of 3,069 Broadway, a daughter, Dec. 11, 1920, Lloyds Hospital.

HOROWITZ—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Horowitz (nee Miriam Cohen) of 423 West 120th St. announce the birth of a daughter on Dec. 20, at Brunor's Sanatorium.

ISAACSOHN—Mr. and Mrs. Mark Isaacsohn (nee Evelyn Bleifuss) announce the birth of a daughter, Dec. 24, at Walles Sanatorium, Brooklyn.

KATZ—Mr. and Mrs. S. Walter Katz (nee Helen Mincho) of 57 East 96th St. announce the birth of a son, Dec. 22, 1920.

KROOPF—Jacob and Mrs. Regina Kroopf of 601 West 140th St., announce the birth of a son, Dec. 22, New York Nursery and Child's Hospital.

MILLER—Born, on Dec. 18, at Sydney, Australia to Mr. and Mrs. Murray Miller (nee Bertha Kaplan), a son.

MISHKOFF—Mr. and Mrs. Percy Mishkoff (nee Irene Loeve) announce the birth of a daughter, Dec. 20, Hill Sanitarium.

PALMER—Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Palmer of Riveredge, N. J., announce the birth of a daughter on Dec. 20, 1920.

POPPER—To Mr. and Mrs. William Popper (nee Estelle Hutter) of 360 East 196th St., New York City, a daughter, on Sunday, Dec. 19.

ROBINSON—Mr. and Mrs. I. Robinson announce the birth of a son at Laurence Hospital, Bronxville, Dec. 21.

RUBIN—Mr. and Mrs. L. Rubin (nee May Begis), 1,220 Grand Concourse, announce the birth of a son, Dec. 25, 1920, Sydenham Hospital.

SCHULMAN—Mr. and Mrs. I. Schulman (nee Beatrice Rose Gerchel) of 3,495 Broadway, announce the birth of a daughter, Dec. 18, 1920.

SCHWARTZ—Mr. and Mrs. Philip Schwartz (nee Gladys Bach) announce the birth of a daughter, Dec. 20, Flower Hospital.

SOLOMON—Mr. and Mrs. J. Solomon (nee Thekla Elias), 953 Jackson Av., announce the birth of a daughter, Babette Elaine, Dec. 18, 1920.

STERGERWALD—Mr. and Mrs. A. Stergerwald (nee Pauline Wolff), a daughter, Dec. 22, 1920.

UHLFELDER—Mr. and Mrs. Harry H. Uhlfelder (nee Etta Diamond), 420 West 150th St., announce the birth of a daughter, Shirley Gladys, Dec. 19, 1920, Women's Hospital.

Confirmation.

BONWIT—Mr. and Mrs. Julius Bonwit, 164 East 80th St., announce the bar mitzvah of their son, Irving, Saturday morning, Jan. 1, at Central Synagogue, Lexington Av., corner 55th St. At home Sunday evening, Jan. 2.

BRAND—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob C. Brand of 3,900 Broadway announce the bar mitzvah of their son, Herbert M., on Saturday, Jan. 1, 1921, at Washington Heights Synagogue, 504 West 161st St., at 9:30 A. M. At home after 3 o'clock. No cards.

FRIEDMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Friedman (nee Dansiger) announce the bar mitzvah of their son, Irving G., Saturday, Jan. 1, at the Tremont Temple, Concourse and Burnside Av., 10 A. M.

TEKULSKY—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Tekulsky, 138 St. Nicholas Av., announce the bar mitzvah of their son Samuel Jan. 1, Temple Anshe Chesed, 7th Av., 114th St.

Engaged.

ABRAMS—DE YOUNG—Mr. and Mrs. Philip De Young announce the engagement of their daughter, Esther, to Irving J. Abrams.

ALEXANDER—MELTSNER—Mrs. Rachael Meltsner of 826 West 122d St., announces the engagement of her daughter, Pearl, to Mr. Jacob Alexander.

AMSTERDAM—KLAUBER—Mrs. A. Klauber Mandel, 2,810 Broadway, New York, announces the betrothal of her daughter, Lilyan Klauber, to Bernard Amsterdam of Brooklyn, New York.

ASCHER—ROSENTHAL—Mr. and Mrs. Jos Rosenthal of 248 Carlton Av., Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their daughter, Dorothy, to Mr. Mike Ascher also of Brooklyn. Reception Sunday, Jan. 16 at Hotel Astor after 3 o'clock.

BARUCH—KESSNER—Mr. and Mrs. H. Kessner announce the engagement of their daughter, Minda, to Mr. Baruch, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Baruch. Reception Hotel Astor, Jan. 2, 1921, from 2 to 5.

BASTONE—POONS—Mr. and Mrs. S. Poons of 1,200 Semora Av. announce the engagement of their daughter, Anna, to Mr. Louis A. Bastone, Dec. 25, 1920.

BLAUSTEIN—BLOCH—Joseph Blaustein to Fannie Bloch. Reception Sunday, Jan. 2, 1921, 5-8 P. M., Savigny Hall, 229 Lenox Av.

BRITZ—RANK—Mr. and Mrs. William Rank of 410 Lenox Av. announce the engagement of their daughter, Lulu, to Mr. Everett Frank Britz, son of Mrs. Charles J. Britz and the late Mr. Charles J. Britz of 126 West 129th St.

COHEN—JOSEPH—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Joseph announce the betrothal of their daughter, Lillian, to P. Nat Cohen, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cohen. At home Saturday, Jan. 2, from 3 to 6, 413 Brook Av.

COHEN—MILLER—Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Miller announce the engagement of their daughter, Lillian, to Mr. Elliot Cohen, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Cohen of 448 Marlborough Road. At home Saturday, Jan. 1, 1921, from 3 to 6 P. M., 600 East 8th St., Flatbush, Brooklyn.

DE BRITO—MAY—Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. May, 500 West 144th St., announce the engagement of their daughter Dorothy to Mr. Henry De Brito. At home Jan. 2. No cards.

FERKAUF—MEYER—Mrs. David Meyer of The Crest, Hillsdale, N. J., announces the engagement of her daughter, Blanche, to Meyer M. Ferkauf of New York City, Dec. 25, 1920.

FINBERG — FLANDERS — Mr. and Mrs. Louis Flanders of 540 West 144th St. announce the engagement of their daughter, Hannah, to Mr. Donald Finberg of 74 Coligni Av., New Rochelle.

GOLDBERG—EPSTEIN—Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Epstein of 325 Central Park West announce the engagement of their daughter Miriam to Dr. Maurice Goldberg of Pittsburgh, Pa. At home to receive their friends, Sunday, Jan. 2, from 2 to 6. No cards.

GORDON—VOGEL—Mr. Irving Vogel, 852 Whitlock Ave., announces the engagement of his sister, Gertrude, to Lawrence L. Gordon, 645 West 171st St.

GOTTESMAN—GARFUNKEL—Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Garfunkel of 145 West 119th St. announce the engagement of their daughter, Esther, to Mr. Benjamin Gotteaman. At home Sunday, Dec. 26, from 3 to 6 P. M. No cards.

JOHNSON — ALDRIDGE—Mr. William Boyd Aldridge of 116 West 101st St. announces the engagement of his sister, Edna Mildred, to Mr. Carl Oscar Johnson of 86 Wadsworth Av.

JOSEPHSON—SOBEL—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sobel of 362 Convent Av. announce the engagement of their daughter, Anita Muriel, to Mr. Milton Josephson. Reception at Chalif's, 163 West 57th, on Jan. 9, 1921, from 3 to 6 P. M. No cards.

KATZ—BOGART—Mr. and Mrs. John Bogart, 441 Macon St., Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miriam, to Mr. Jerome B. Katz, son of Mr. and Mrs. Sol Katz, 799 Union Pl., Brooklyn. At home Sunday, Jan. 2, 1921, after 3 P. M. No cards.

KERMAN—ADELSON—Mrs. H. Adelson of 50 East 88th St., announces the engagement of her daughter, Pauline, to Mr. Martin Kerman of this city.

KORN—COLEMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Julius Coleman of 1,829 Seventh Av. announce the betrothal of their daughter Deborah Holen to Mr. Max Korn of Bensenhurst.

KREINDLER—BARSKY—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Barsky announce the engagement of their daughter, Doris, to Mr. Harry E. Kreindler.

LARKEY—NEUMANN—Mrs. G. Neumann of 179 Belmont Av., Newark, N. J., announces the engagement of her daughter Helene to Mr. Joseph Larkey of Newark, N. J.

LOWENSTEIN — ABRAMOWITZ — Mr. and Mrs. L. Abramowitz of Brooklyn announce the betrothal of their daughter, Minerva, to Mr. A. Lowenstein, son of Mr. and Mrs. B. Lowenstein of Brooklyn.

MEYER—DRIESEN—Mr. and Mrs. David Driesen of 840 Riverside Drive announce the betrothal of their daughter Mildred to Mr. Irving Meyer of Brooklyn, N. Y.

MIRON-SILBERMAN—Mrs. R. Silberman of 128 West 117th St., announces the betrothal of her daughter, Anna, to Mr. Sol S. Miron, December, 1920.

PEARL—HEILMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Heilman beg to announce the engagement of their daughter, Estelle, to Mr. Daniel H. Pearl of the Buckingham Hotel. Chicago papers please copy.

PRAEGER—LOEBL—Mr. and Mrs Meyer Loebl of 530 West 152d St. announce the engagement of their daughter, Ruth, to Mr. Rudolph Praeger.

ROSENBLATT—SPANDAU—Mr. and Mrs. Simon Spandau of Brooklyn announce the engagement of their daughter, Selma, to Mr. Jacob Rosenblatt.

ROTH — ABRAMS — Mr. and Mrs. Philip Abrams, 845 Vernon Av., Brooklyn, announce the betrothal of their daughter, Jeanette, to Mr. Harry J. Roth, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Roth. At home Jan. 9, 1921, after 7 P. M.

SAHN—BRANDT-SCHREIER — Mrs. Celia Brandt-Schreier of 502 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, announces the betrothal of her daughter Lillian to Mr. Samuel Sahn of Brooklyn. Reception 2 P. M., Jan. 2, 1921. At home. No cards.

SAMUELS—JACOB—Mrs. Carrie Jacob of 2,103 Tiebout Av. announces the engagement of her daughter, Minnie, to Mr. Max Samuels of Syracuse, N. Y. Syracuse and Denver papers please copy.

SCHER—KUEHNE—Mr. J. J. Scher of 969 Hoe Av. engaged to Miss Florence Kuehne of 1,010 Boston Road, Dec. 25, 1920.

SCHLESSINGER—ABRAHAMS—Miss Jessie Abrahams wishes to announce her engagement to Mr. Harry Schlessinger of Brooklyn on Dec. 26. Gathering at Miss Abrahams's home Dec. 26, after 1 P. M.

SCHWARTZ—WEISS—Mr. and Mrs. Morris Weiss, 945 East 163d St., formerly of 30 Amsterdam Av., announce the engagement of their daughter, Laura Frances, to Harry L. Schwartz, on Dec. 23, 1920. Notice of reception later.

SCHWARZ—ROTHSCHILD—Mr. and Mrs. Meier Rothschild of 620 West 115th St., announce the engagement of their daughter, Beatrice, to Mr. B. Leo Schwarz, son of Mr. and Mrs. Moe Schwarz of 606 West 115th St. Reception Hotel Majestic, Jan. 2, 1921, three to six. No cards.

SIMONS—BLOCH—Mr. and Mrs. M. Bloch of Richmond Hill, L. I., announce the engagement of their daughter, Valerie Billie, to St. Simons of Brooklyn.

SLOE—GARFUNKEL—Mr. and Mrs. A. Garfunkel, 75 Fort Washington Av., city, beg to announce the engagement of their daughter, Esther Garfunkel, to Mr. Joseph Sloe.

STEINBACH — FRIEDMAN — Mr. Ignats Friedman of 100 West 121st St., announces the engagement of his daughter, Fredricka (Ricky) to Dr. M. Maxim Steinbach, New York.

STEINBERG—HOFFMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Philip Hoffman of 68 Fort Washington Av. announce the engagement of their daughter, Betty, to Mr. William Steinberg.

WEILL — ROSEN — Mr. and Mrs. Wolfe Rosen, 19 West 111th St., New York City, announce the engagement of their daughter, Dorothy A., to Herman M. Weill of 826 East 178th St., New York City. No cards.

WEIL—BERNHEIM—Mr. and Mrs. Leopold Bernheim of Stuttgart, Germany, announce the engagement of their daughter, Jettchen, to Mr. Hermann Weil of Heidenheim, a.B.r., Germany, Christmas, 1920.

WEINMAN—BROOK—Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Brook announce the engagement of their daughter, Bertha, to Mr. Ira Weinman of 106 West 113th St., Manhattan. Reception Dec. 26, after 7 P. M., 228 17th St., Brooklyn. No cards.

WHITNEY—ROLLINSON—Mr. and Mrs. William H. Rollinson of Colonia, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Charlotte Louise, to Mr. Charles H. Whitney, son of Mrs. Thomas D. Whitney of Chicago.

Crocker MOURNING HOUSE
HATS, GOWNS, WAISTS, VEILS, NECKWEAR, FURS.
375 5th Ave. at 35th St.
Boston—Copley Square

Engaged.

YOUNGWOOD—SALOMON—Mr. and Mrs. Bryan Salomon of 825 West 178th St. announce the engagement of their daughter, Hazel, to Gabriel S. Youngwood.

ZIEGLER—ROSENFELD—Mr. and Mrs. B. Rosenfeld of 10 West 117th St. announce the engagement of their daughter Sadie to Mr. Elias Ziegler, son of Mr. and Mrs. Leon Ziegler of 203 West 117th St.

Married.

ALBRECHT—FOX—On Saturday, Dec. 25, 1920, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. Albrecht, by the Rev. William Rose Smith, Ann M. Fox to Abraham S. Albrecht, formerly of Atlanta, Ga., and now of New York City.

DE VRIES—WIESEN—Mrs. B. Wiesen, 1,208 Mills St., Fox Rockaway, announces the marriage of her daughter, Celia, to Louis De Vries, Sunday, Dec. 19, 1920.

FEINGERSH—SEGALL—Mr. Nathan Segall, 47 West 114th St., announces the marriage of his daughter, Martha, to Mr. Murray Feingersh, Friday, Dec. 24, 1920.

GLUCK—ROSENBERG—Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Rosenberg, 788 Park Place, Brooklyn, announce the marriage of their daughter, Florence, to Mr. Harry J. Gluck.

JACHES—GOTTLIEB—Cecelia Gottlieb to Jack Jaches, Dec. 25, 1920, at 156 Bay 29th St., Bensonhurst, N. Y.

JACOBS—SPEISER—Mrs. Fanny Davis announces the marriage of her sister, Miss Kate D. Speiser, 1,978 84th St., Brooklyn, to Mr. Louis K. Jacobs of 1,523 President St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

JONES—LLOYD—Thursday, Dec. 23, at St. Thomas's Church, by Rev. Dr. Leacock, brother Jones to Miss Eleanor B. Lloyd.

KREX—TOBIN—Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Tobin, 555 West 178d St., announce the marriage of their daughter, Marjorie Hortense, to Mr. Carl Krex, at the McAlpin Hotel, by the Rev. Dr. Aarpn Eiseman, on Dec. 22, 1920.

LEMLEIN—SACKS—Mr. and Mrs. Morris Sacks, 1,045 Park Av., announce the marriage of their daughter, Naomi, to Barton H. Lemlein, Dec. 22.

LEVY—GINSBERG—On Dec. 23, in N. Y. City, Miss Edna Rose Ginsberg of Binghamton, N. Y., to Mr. George Levy of N. Y. City.

MENDEZ—WISE—Mrs. M. Wise of the Commodore Hotel announces the marriage of her daughter, Edith F., to A. Pica Mendez, Rev. Dr. F. De Sola Mendez officiated.

PERLSTEIN — ROSENBERG — Mr. and Mrs. Herman Rosenberg of 91 Fort Washington Av. announce the marriage of their daughter Bert to Mr. Joseph Peristain of Chicago, on Dec. 19, 1920, by the Rev. Dr. Eiseman.

RAVED—ARNSTEIN—Mr. and Mrs. Louis Arnstein of 835 Riverside Drive announce the marriage of their daughter, Edna D., to Mr. Maurice Raved on Dec. 19, 1920.

REDLICH—BLEY—Mrs. Ernestine Bley, 615 West 162d Street, announces the marriage of her daughter, Rose, to Mr. Nathan Redlich Jr. on Dec. 22 at Hotel Ansonia.

REUBEN—WOLFSKEHL—Mr. Harry Wolfskehl of Brooklyn announces the marriage of his daughter, Beatrice, to Mortimore F. Reuben on Dec. 21 at the Hotel McAlpin.

ROSENBAUM—CHATEAUVERT—On Sunday, Dec. 19, 1920, Pauline A., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Irene Chateauvert, to Irving I. Rosenbaum of N. Y. C.

ROSENBLUTH—POLSKY—Mr. and Mrs. M. Polsky of 1,381 Fulton Av., Bronx, announce the marriage of their daughter Clara to Mr. Abraham Rosenbluth, at Chalif's, Dec. 23.

WALKER—JENNEY—On Dec. 24, 1920, Nina Dean, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William S. Jenney, 11 East 68th St., New York City, to Earl Hammond Walker, New York City.

Anniversaries.

LUCAS—Mr. and Mrs. Albert Lucas of Edgemere, L. I., will be pleased to receive their friends at their thirtieth wedding anniversary reception on Sunday, Dec. 26, 4 to 8 P. M., at the Pennsylvania Hotel, New York. No cards.

NEWMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Newman (nee Rose Praeger) of 332 East 58th St. announce their 25th wedding anniversary on Sunday, Dec. 26, 1921. At home after 7 P. M. Relatives and friends invited. No cards.

OPPENHEIMER—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Oppenheimer, parents of Moe, Edward and Mrs. Charles Magnus, announce their golden wedding anniversary. Reception at Carlton Hall, 108 West 127th St., Saturday, Jan. 1, 1921, after 8:30 P. M. No cards.

Died.

BEERS—On Dec. 24, 1920, Jane Beers, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Mabel F. Long, 1,816 East 13th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Funeral from the Home for Services, 160 Clinton Av., Newark, N. J., on Sunday at 3 P. M.

BLATT—George Frederick, at his home, 205 West 80th St., Saturday, Dec. 25. Funeral private.

BOGGS—Dec. 14, 1920, at 11 Thomas St., Newark, N. J., Harriet Augusta Boggs, widow of Joseph F. Boggs. Her children and friends knew her as a devoted Christian mother and a never ending source of inspiration. Her indomitable courage overcame all obstacles. Her love and devotion was saint like. Her sweetness of character and unfailing cheerfulness will linger in our memories like the exquisite fragrance of some delicate sun-kissed flower. Requiescat in pace.

BUTT—L. Havemeyer Butt of Tuxedo, N. Y., aged 34, of tuberculosis contracted in the World War, at Riverside, Cal., Dec. 24, 1920; beloved husband of May Frances Vogel.

CAMMANN—George P., suddenly, on Saturday, Dec. 25, at his residence, 9 East 53d St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CHALVIN—Dec. 19, at Tucson, Ariz., Henry B., husband of Juliette Chalvin, aged 51 years. Funeral Monday, Dec. 27, from Winterbotham's funeral parlor, 534 St. and 6th Av., to St. Vincent de Paul's Church, 234 St., near 6th Av. Mass at 10 o'clock. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

CLAUSEN—Dorothea R. (nee Riechers), passed peacefully into eternal rest on Friday, Dec. 24, in her 85th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 210 East 86th St., Sunday, Dec. 26, 8 P. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

COLE—Colonel Ashley W., at West Pittston, Pa., on Dec. 24, in the 80th year of his age, husband of Louise Formoso Cole and father of Ashley Trimble Cole. Funeral Monday, Dec. 27, at 8 P. M., from the Funeral Church, Broadway and 66th St., at convenience of the family.

COLYER—On December 24, 1920, Carrie E., widow of the late George R. Colyer of Jersey City. Funeral from her late residence, 1,200 Sunset Av., North Asbury Park, Sunday afternoon, 2 o'clock.

DAVIDSON—On Dec. 24, at Arlington, N. J., John Davidson, in the 78th year of his age. Funeral will be held from his late residence, 20 Bennett Av., Arlington, N. J., on Monday, Dec. 27, at 2 P. M.

DEAN—Elizabeth M., after a lingering illness, in her 87th year. Funeral Monday, Dec. 27, 11 o'clock, 29 Ashland Place, Brooklyn.

DODD—William. Campbell Funeral Church, Sunday, 1 P. M.

DUGAN—Dec. 24, 1920, William S. Dugan, beloved husband of Mary Helen (nee Goggin) and father of Helen and Catherine Dugan, formerly of the Seventh Ward, Manhattan, and Summit, N. J. Funeral Monday, 8:15 A. M., from his late residence, 400 West 152d St., thence to Church St. Rose of Lima, Short Hills, N. J. Mass 11 o'clock. Interment St. Rose Cemetery, Short Hills, N. J. Automobile cortege.

EHRLICH — Sanford, beloved husband of Gertrude (nee Kromsky), on Dec. 17, 1920, Denver, Col.

ELY—George Henshaw, on Friday, Dec. 24, 1920, husband of the late Lucinda Layman Ely. Funeral services at his late residence, 2,503 Avenue H, Flatbush, on Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

ESSENWANGER—Private George P., beloved son of Charles and Mary (nee Barnes), in Blois, France, on Sept. 27, 1918. Funeral service Tuesday, Dec. 28, 8 P. M., at Meagher's Funeral Parlor, 3,483 3d Av., near 168th St. Interment Kensico, Wednesday at 10 A. M. Buffalo papers please copy. Military cortege.

Died.

FABER—At Jamaica, N. Y., Dec. 24, 1920, Emma R. Quertrup Faber, wife of Leander D. Faber, in her 47th year. A mass of requiem will be said on Monday, Dec. 27, at 10 o'clock, at St. Mary's Church, Flushing Av., Jamaica. Kindly omit flowers. Interment at St. John's Cemetery.

FLATOW—Hattie (nee Brown) of 1,666 Union St., Brooklyn, N. Y., widow of Morris and beloved mother of Leon, Ralph and Carrie, on Saturday, Dec. 25, 1920. Notice of funeral hereafter.

GARTENLAUB—Ann, Dec. 24, in her 85th year, beloved mother of Regina Wexman, Oscar Gartenlaub, Yetta Weisberg and Molye Gartenlaub. Funeral from S. Schwartz's Funeral Parlor, 312 9th St., city, at 1 P. M., Sunday, Dec. 26. Omit flowers.

GAYLEY—On Dec. 22, 1920, Henry Bell Gayley, beloved husband of Estelle Cinda and father of Clifford and Madeleine Gayley. Funeral from his late residence, 930 Park Av., New York, Sunday, Dec. 26, at 3 o'clock.

GOLDKLANG—Private Max Goldklang, beloved son of Morris and Rose Goldklang and beloved brother of Israel L., Florence, Frances and Dorothy, who died overseas. Funeral from his late residence, 955 Vernon Av., Brooklyn, Sunday, Dec. 26, at 10:30 A. M.

GREENBERG—On Friday, Dec. 24, in his 69th year, Max Greenberg, beloved husband of the late Deborah Greenberg. Funeral services at Sam H. Ehrichild's chapel, 2,068 Lenox Av., at 120th St., Monday, Dec. 27, at 10 A. M.

GREENBERG—King Solomon's Lodge No. 270, F. and A. M. Brethren: With deep regret we announce that our beloved brother, Max Greenberg, has been called from his earthly labors. You are requested to attend funeral services on Monday, Dec. 27, at 10 A. M., from Rothschild's Parlors, 208 Lenox Av.

Isaac Schorsch, Master.
Otto Ochs, Secretary.

HALL—Dec. 24, 1920, James, husband of the late Sarah Hall, aged 75 years. Funeral from Campbell Mannamn, and son in the late Valentine and Margaretha Hammann. Funeral services at the chapel of First Presbyterian Church, 8th Av. and Eleventh St., New York, on Monday, Dec. 27, at 11 o'clock A. M.

HENDRICKSON—Suddenly, on Dec. 23, 1920, Rev. William H. Hendrickson, pastor of Spencer Memorial Church of Brooklyn, in his 62d year. Funeral services at his late residence, 60 Hinckley Place, Flatbush, Brooklyn, on Sunday afternoon, Dec. 26, at 3 o'clock. Interment at the convenience of the family.

HOROWITZ—Hannah, wife of the late Jacob Horowits, mother of William C. and Jeanette Davis, passed away Friday, Dec. 24. Funeral services Sunday, 40 o'clock, 518 West 111th St. Omit flowers.

JOHNSON—In France, Oct. 8, 1918, Sergeant Alexander R. Johnson, Co. C, M. R. S., Motor Transport Corps, aged 28 years. Funeral from his parents' residence, 1,748 Montgomery Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y., Monday, Dec. 27, 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

JONES—John, father of Gussie Solender, Bertha Wase, Lew, Gertrude and Daisy, suddenly, Dec. 25. Funeral Tuesday at 2 P. M., Meyers' Funeral Chapel, 228 Lenox Av.

KERNAN—Elizabeth Butler Kernan, daughter of the late Francis and Hannah Avery Devereaux Kernan, in Utica, N. Y., Dec. 25, 1920. Fun

LOWER TOTALS IN RESERVE DEPOSITS

But That Is More Than Offset by Decrease in the "Float" of the Banks.

WAR PAPER HOLDINGS UP

Redemption by Government Makes a $94,000,000 Reduction in Treasury Notes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Today being observed as a legal holiday throughout the country, the Federal Reserve Board's weekly bank statement was issued the day before, as at the close of business on Thursday, Dec. 22, 1920.

The statement indicates aggregate increases of about $141,500,000 in the holdings of discounted and purchased paper, as against a reduction of $84,300,000 in Treasury certificates. Large amounts of tax checks and drafts passed through the Clearing Houses during the week, resulting in a substantial decrease of the "float" carried by the Reserve banks. Besides, the Government made its first call for funds deposited the week before, causing the banks to regain their borrowings from the Reserve banks.

Net deposits are given $6,700,000 larger than the week before. Federal Reserve note circulation shows the usual pre-holiday expansion, the increase for the week being over $[illegible],000, while cash reserves increased $[illegible],000. As a consequence, the ratio shows a decline for the week from 45.5 to 45.1 per cent.

Reserve bank holdings of paper secured by United States war obligations show an increase of $[illegible],000; unsecured paper on hand increased by $116,700,000, while holdings of acceptances purchased in open market went up $6,500,000. On the other hand, the amount of Treasury certificates held by the Reserve banks was $84,300,000 less than the week before, the reduction being due chiefly to resumption by the Government of special certificates held by three banks. Total earning assets of the banks stood at $3,281,039,000, an increase of $57,200,000 for the week.

Of the total holdings of $1,177,300,000 of paper secured by United States war obligations, $[illegible],500,000 were held by the Boston, Philadelphia and Cleveland banks. Total deposits, net, were $[illegible],000, an increase of $[illegible],000 for the week. Of the total deposits, $[illegible],000 were credited to member banks, $[illegible],000 to Government credits and $[illegible],000 to foreign correspondents' credits. Total reserve deposits were $[illegible],000, an increase of $[illegible],000 for the week.

Federal Reserve notes in circulation showed a decrease of $94,800,000 for the week, and $[illegible],000 since the first of the year. Total reserves were $2,234,468,000, a decrease of $[illegible],000 for the week, and $[illegible],000 since the first of the year. The ratio of total reserves to net deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined was 45.1 per cent., as against 45.6 per cent. the week before. Reserve bank holdings of paper secured by United States war obligations were $1,177,300,000, against $1,261,500,000 the week before. Holdings of bankers' acceptances purchased in the open market were $[illegible],000, against $[illegible],000 the week before. Holdings of bankers' acceptances purchased by other banks were $[illegible],000, against $[illegible],000 the week before. Total earning assets were $3,281,039,000, against $3,223,841,000 the week before. Net deposits were $[illegible],000, against $[illegible],000 the week before. Federal Reserve note circulation was $[illegible],000, against $[illegible],000 the week before. Total reserves were $2,234,468,000, against $2,328,900,000 the week before. Cash reserves were $[illegible],000, against $[illegible],000 the week before. The ratio of total reserves to net deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined was 45.1 per cent., against 45.6 per cent. the week before. Reserve bank holdings of paper secured by United States war obligations were $1,177,300,000, against $1,261,500,000 the week before. Holdings of bankers' acceptances purchased in the open market were $[illegible],000, against $[illegible],000 the week before. Holdings of bankers' acceptances purchased by other banks were $[illegible],000, against $[illegible],000 the week before. Total earning assets were $3,281,039,000, against $3,223,841,000 the week before. Net deposits were $[illegible],000, against $[illegible],000 the week before. Federal Reserve note circulation was $[illegible],000, against $[illegible],000 the week before. Total reserves were $2,234,468,000, against $2,328,900,000 the week before. Cash reserves were $[illegible],000, against $[illegible],000 the week before. The ratio of total reserves to net deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined was 45.1 per cent., against 45.6 per cent. the week before.

Discounted paper held by the Boston, Philadelphia and Cleveland banks includes $120,200,000 [illegible] for the South and Middle West, compared with about $[illegible],000 the week before. Bankers' acceptance holdings of the San Francisco bank are shown inclusive of $[illegible],000 of bank acceptances purchased from the New York bank.

All classes of deposits show increases, totals thus the [illegible] Government deposits, $27,100,000; member bank reserve deposits, $[illegible],000; Government credits and Federal Reserve bank [illegible] $[illegible],000. These reductions were [illegible] transfers by a decrease of $6,100,000 from [illegible] deposits, $[illegible],000 from [illegible] deposits and $[illegible],000 from [illegible] deposits. Federal Reserve notes in circulation show a decrease of $94,800,000, which is the first decline for the year, [illegible] $4,868,000. As a consequence, the ratio shows a decline for the week from 45.5 to 45.1 per cent.

Reserve bank holdings of paper secured by United States war obligations show an increase of $[illegible],000; unsecured paper on hand increased by $116,700,000, while holdings of acceptances purchased in open market went up $6,500,000. On the other hand, the amount of Treasury certificates held by the Reserve banks was $84,300,000 less than the week before, the reduction being due chiefly to resumption by the Government of special certificates held by three banks. Total earning assets of the banks stood at $3,281,039,000, an increase of $57,200,000 for the week.

Of the total holdings of $1,177,300,000 of paper secured by United States war obligations, $[illegible],500,000 were held by the Boston, Philadelphia and Cleveland banks. Total deposits, net, were $[illegible],000, an increase of $[illegible],000 for the week. Of the total deposits, $[illegible],000 were credited to member banks, $[illegible],000 to Government credits and $[illegible],000 to foreign correspondents' credits. Total reserve deposits were $[illegible],000, an increase of $[illegible],000 for the week.

Federal Reserve notes in circulation showed a decrease of $94,800,000 for the week, and $[illegible],000 since the first of the year. Total reserves were $2,234,468,000, a decrease of $[illegible],000 for the week, and $[illegible],000 since the first of the year. The ratio of total reserves to net deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined was 45.1 per cent., against 45.6 per cent. the week before.

NATIONAL SYMPHONY PLAYS.

Bodanzky Gives "The Sirens"—Moiseiwitsch, Solo Pianist.

The National Symphony Orchestra gave a matinee program in Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon, as it does every evening, with Conductor Bodanzky, now in his closing week of [illegible] solo pianist, Benno Moiseiwitsch. The Russian artist was heard in the concerto No. 2 in C minor, by Rachmaninoff, Rachmaninoff, it is well known, in which the composer himself has no rival as performer, unites a tremendous power, perhaps unequalled since Tschaikowsky, yet to which Mr. Moiseiwitsch brought qualities of delicacy and sympathy. He was much applauded.

Mr. Bodanzky, who yields the baton to Willem Mengelberg after next Sunday, marked the last but one of his programs with the national men by bringing forward Gilbert's symphonic poem, "The Sirens," a descriptive narrative of graphic sort, free of modern harmonic vagueness and filled rather with opulent orchestral color in the Wagnerian full-blooded style. The concert began with Gluck's "Iphigenia in Aulis" overture, as retouched by Wagner's hand, and closed with Wagner's own prelude to "The Master singer."

Young Russian Violinist Heard.

Mishel Piastro, the young Russian pianist, played to a large audience in Carnegie Hall last evening, the second musical assemblage of the day in that place, where the oldest inhabitant does not recall any previous year when its concerts were held on Christmas Day. Mr. Piastro had me help of Josef Adler in a sonata in G major by Grieg, and the concerto in D by Paganini, both offering proof of his maturing gifts as interpreter and still more of his command of vital, gripping tone. He added lesser pieces, including a "Valse Macabre" of Godowsky and "A Prayer," by Henry Hadley.

"The Beggar's Opera" Co. Arrives.

The English members of "The Beggar's Opera" company, which opens at the Greenwich Village Theatre on Wednesday night, [illegible] from London on the United States mail steamship Philadelphia State, after being delayed by [illegible] weather on the Atlantic. The [illegible] parts of Nigel Playfair, the producer, [illegible] Miss Sylvia Nellis, Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] Hermes, Miss Dora Russell, Miss [illegible] Maitland, Alfred Heather, Charles McGrath and Miss Nancy [illegible].

LOST AND FOUND.

Jewelry.

LOST—Saturday evening, Dec. 22, between 72d St. and Central Park West and 113th St. and Broadway, [illegible] gold watch, [illegible] engraved on inside cover; [illegible] with gold buckle; may have been dropped [illegible] Black and White Taxi. $25 reward. Return to Cashier, Hotel Majestic.

LOST—Christmas Eve, on Broadway, between 72d St. and Columbus Ave., [illegible] lady's wrist watch and [illegible] ribbon; with tiny clips around face, [illegible] stem, winder reward. William Abe, 230 Valentine Lane, Yonkers. Tel. 2383.

LOST—Man's ring, two sapphires and one diamond set in platinum, some time Christmas afternoon, between 51st and 55th Sts., 5th Av. Liberal suitable reward. Telephone M. T. Richardson, Madison Square 6030.

LOST—Christmas Day, Madonna painted on ivory, generous reward. Phone Circle 4692.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Gray and white striped silk scarf, Saturday evening, between 33 West 74th St. and 235 West 75th St. Reward for return to 33 West 74th St.

Other Lost and Found Advertisements Page 19, Section 7.

BUYS RAILWAY FOR CASH.

New Group Acquires 140 Miles of the Illinois Southern.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 25.—It was learned today that W. F. Carter, an attorney of St. Louis, Mo., representing a number of clients, had purchased for cash the property formerly owned by the Illinois Southern Railway Company consisting of 140 miles of railroad, extending from Salem, Ill., on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, to Bismarck, Mo., on the Iron Mountain Railroad, with a transfer at St. Genevieve, and various items of rolling stock.

This stock was one of the promotions of John Walsh, the Chicago banker, and was taken over by the Clearing House Association of Chicago as one of the assets of his defunct bank at the time of that bank's failure.

The price paid was not made public, but it is understood that it was entirely satisfactory to the committee of the Clearing House Association. The original cost of the property was $5,000,000.

It is said that the purchasers intend to expend at least $300,000 on the rehabilitation of the property, and those familiar with the matter are of the opinion that the purchase of the property insures the improvement and satisfactory operation of the road.

Under an order of the United States District Court at Chicago, the operation of the road was abandoned in December, 1919, and it is expected that the news of the purchase and the contemplated reopening of the service will be received with a great deal of satisfaction by those industries and mines along the lines of the Illinois Southern Railway.

It is predicted that the operation of the road will relieve the congestion of coal shipments through the St. Louis gateway by more than 800,000 tons.

TO CONFER ON MILK PRICE.

Dairymen's League and Conference Board to Seek Agreement.

Arrangements were made yesterday for a conference tomorrow between representatives of the Dairymen's League, Inc., and the New York Milk Conference Board relative to the January milk price. The conference board objected to the price of $3.18 a hundred pounds named by the Dairymen's League for the milk supply for next month and asked for a further conference.

In complying with the request the Dairymen's League, through its President, George W. Slocum, proposed a further reduction of one-fourth of a cent a quart, provided the distributers would reduce the price to the consumers one cent a quart. It was pointed out that this would make a reduction by the farmers of 1¼ cents a quart and by the distributors of two cents a quart on the present price.

The understanding of the distributers [illegible] a reduction would [illegible] solely with the league's proposal, but the whole question [illegible] would be considered.

WORE COAT, BUT NO DRESS.

Absent-Minded Pittsburgh Shopper Discloses Fact in Department Store.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 25.—Stories of absent-minded professors are legion, but that told of a local matron deals with a case in point of forgetfulness. On Friday a well-dressed woman entered one of the large department stores, apparently fully dressed in the height of fashion. She wore a nobby fur turban, a massive fur coat and carried a handbag.

A short time in the store convinced her that her fur garments were causing her discomfort, so she threw open her coat and, forgetful to put on a dress under the fur coat, coat open, attracted the attention of a clerk, called attention to the fact. She fainted.

Assistance was rushed to her side and when she had regained consciousness was placed under the care of a physician in the Emergency Hospital. In a few minutes she was sent home in a taxicab.

ARMY FLIER WINS RACE.

Lieut. E. E. Bratten Covers 100 Miles in Less Than 41 Minutes.

LONG BEACH, Cal., Dec. 25.—Flying at 185 miles an hour, Lieutenant E. E. Bratten, army aviator, today won the 100-mile free-for-all race for the Albert H. Hays Challenge Trophy, opening event of the three days' National Winter Air Tournament at Dougherty Field today. Thirteen fliers started, twelve being army men. Eleven finished.

Lieutenant Bratten's time for the 100 miles, flown over a triangular course, was 40 minutes 52 seconds. The order in which the other leaders finished, with their time, was:

Captain L. H. Smith, 41 minutes 37 seconds; Lieutenant Harold Brand, 42 minutes; Lieutenant Nicholas Pitts, 42 minutes 24 seconds; Lieutenant Milo N. Clark, 42 minutes 49 seconds.

Lieutenants A. Lee Fossler and R. M. Worthington were forced to descend because of engine trouble. The first six machines to finish were American built, equipped with 400 horse power Liberty motors.

HOLIDAY THRONGS AT OPERA

"Mefistofele" and "Aida" Sung, With Two Newcomers in Casts.

"Mefistofele" and "Aida" to packed houses made another double opera event at the Metropolitan yesterday, following the previous day's paired "Butterfly" and "La Juive," and leaving tomorrow's "Bluebird" and "Pagliacci" to complete the most crowded triple holiday series in the history of this house. Boito's "Mefistofele" had a new protagonist, the Spanish basso, Mardones, if his acting fell short of the diabolical spirit of Dr. Faust's evil genius, his singing was a fresh delight, at moments magnificent. Gigli and Alda reappeared as the lovers, and Francesca Peralta made a favorable impression in the brief scene of Helen of Troy. As before, Moranzoni conducted.

Carolina Lazzari was another newcomer in Verdi's "Aida" last night, singing well as the Egyptian princess. With her were Destinn, Kingston, De Luca, Martino and Ananian, under Bamboschek's direction. The evening audience especially taxed the capacity of the theatre.

MUSIC NOTES.

Ossip Mannes is to conduct a third season of free orchestra concerts, starting Jan. 8, at the Metropolitan Museum of Art. John D. Rockefeller, jr., and others have provided funds for four concerts in January and four in March.

The Massachusetts Institute of Technology musical clubs will give a concert tomorrow evening at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Cathal O'Byrne, the Irish tenor, will sing at Dythian Hall, the Bronx, tonight, assisted by the Elsa Fischer String Quartet.

Eight thousand children are to enjoy a holiday program at the Rivoli's morning performance this week as guests of Hugo Reisenfeld and Welfare Commissioner Coler.

Holiday music at the Capitol will be supplied by the Paulist Choristers, seventy men and boys, under the direction of their leader, Father Finn.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The stage presented to Sing Sing as a Christmas gift by David Belasco will be dedicated tonight with a performance of Zona Gale's "Miss Lulu Bett," the play which Breck Pemberton is to present tomorrow at the Belmont Theatre.

There will be four matinees of the Clare Kummer comedy, "Rollo's Wild Oat," at the Punch and Judy next week, from Wednesday until New Year's Day.

Marcus Loew will open his ninth theatre in Canada tomorrow night at Windsor, Ont. All receipts for the first day will be devoted to a charity fund for the Dominion's ex-soldiers.

PERSONAL.

MISS FLORENCE SLATER, 129 EAST 107TH St., would like the names and addresses of any persons who have attended St. Mary's School, Raleigh, N. C.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Pressure was high Saturday over the Eastern States and the Pacific States and low and falling from the Mississippi Valley westward to the Rocky Mountains.

Light snow fell Saturday in the upper Mississippi and Missouri Valleys and the northern Rocky Mountain region, while fair weather prevailed over practically all other regions. Colder weather overspread the North Atlantic States, while there was a reaction to higher temperature in the Central Valleys and the West Gulf States.

A disturbance which was central over Northern Texas Saturday night will move northeastward, attended by snow in northern, rain or snow in middle and rain in southern sections east of the Mississippi River Sunday and Monday, except that fair weather will prevail in the Atlantic States Sunday.

The temperature will be rising Sunday except in New England. It will rise in the Atlantic States, the upper Ohio Valley and the lower lake region Monday, while colder weather will overspread Michigan, the middle and lower Ohio Valley, Tennessee and the East Gulf States Monday or Monday night.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND MONDAY.

Western New York—Unsettled and warmer Sunday, with snow by afternoon or night. Monday rain or snow and warmer.

Northern New England—Fair and continued cold Sunday. Monday probably snow with rising temperature.

Southern New England—Fair and continued cold Sunday. Monday snow with rising temperature.

Eastern New York—Increasing cloudiness with slowly rising temperature Sunday. Monday rain or snow on the coast and snow in interior; warmer.

New Jersey—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Sunday. Monday rain in south and rain or snow in north portion; warmer.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	28	25	4 P. M.	27	28
6 A. M.	27	24	6 P. M.	25	23
9 A. M.	27	21	9 P. M.	22	19
12 M.	28	24	11 P. M.	21	18

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 26; for the corresponding date last year it was 23; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 33.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 26; at 8 P. M. it was 25. Maximum temperature, 30 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum temperature, 21 degrees at 11 P. M. Humidity, 83 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 32 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.23 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.43 inches.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—N. C., S. C., Ga.—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Sun. Mon. rain and somewhat warmer.

Fla.—Partly cloudy and warmer Sun. Mon. unsettled, with rain in n.

Extreme N. W. Fla., Ala., Miss.—Rain, warmer Sun. Mon. rain, followed probably by clearing and colder.

Tenn., Ky.—Rain Sun. and probably Mon.; warmer Sun.; colder in w. Mon.

W. Va.—Increasing cloudiness, with rising temp. Sun., probably snow by night. Mon. rain or snow and warmer.

Ohio—Snow or rain Sun. and Mon.; warmer Sun.; colder Mon. or Mon. night.

Ind.—Snow in n. and rain or snow in s. Sun. and probably Mon.; warmer Sun.; colder Mon.

Lower Mich.—Snow Sun. and Mon.; warmer Sun.; somewhat colder Mon.

Upper Mich.—Snow Sun. and Mon.; warmer Sun.; colder Mon.

Ill.—Snow in n. and c., rain in extreme s. portion Sun. Mon. probably fair and colder.

Mo.—Unsettled Sun with snow in e. and colder in w. portions. Mon. probably fair and colder.

Wis.—Snow Sun. Mon. probably fair and colder.

Minn.—Cloudy Sun. with snow in extreme e. portion and colder in w. portion. Mon. fair, colder in e. portion.

Iowa—Fair in w., snow in e. portion Sun.; colder Mon. and in w. portion Sun.

N. Dak.—Generally fair Sun. and Mon.; colder Sun.

S. Dak.—Unsettled and colder Sun. Mon. probably fair.

Neb.—Generally fair Sun. and Mon.; colder Sun.

Kan.—Unsettled and colder Sun. Mon. probably fair.

Mont.—Generally fair Sun. and Mon.; colder Sun.

Wyo.—Generally fair Sun. and Mon.; colder in n. and e. portion Sun.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
3:10—442 9 Av.; Maze Realty	Not given
3:35—116 Madison Av.; Mr. Mondell	Not given
5:30—302 E. 55 St.; A. Sarana	Not given
7:50—157 W. 14 St.; L. K. Liggett	Not given
8:45—338 E. 8 St.	Not given
9:00—469 W. 21 St.; Dr. Quinlan	Not given
10:05—41 E. 14 St.; Goldbeck & Levy	Not given
10:15—25 W. 136 St.; A. Feinstin	Not given
11:50—70 E. 104 St.; I. Feinstein	Not given
P. M.	
1:35—2,244 1 Av.; Louis de Luce	Not given
2:40—16 W. 132 St.	Not given
2:40—17 Ludlow St.; F. Goldstein	Slight
3:05—171 3 Av.; J. O. Kamnon	Not given
3:50—107 W. 45 St.; Durand Restaurant Company	Slight
3:55—215 E. 111 St.; J. Attello	Slight
5:15—520 W. 57 St.; J. O'Neill	Slight
5:20—496 E. 180 St.; J. O'Leary	Slight
6:20—414 E. 82 St.; P. Donnelly	Slight
8:40—Pelham Parkway & East Chester Av.	Slight
8:05—261 Greene St.; All-Made Cloak Co.	Not given
8:25—38 Orchard St.; Siker & Millgrand	Slight
9:45—86 Orchard St.; A. Wattman	Slight
11:00—37 Columbia St.; Brown Wheelock	Slight

SPIRIT ADVICE ON LOANS.

Woman Invested $90,000 in Mortgages Thus Indicated to Her.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, Dec. 25.—Declaring that she had been guided by spirits, Mrs. Josephine Ladd of Malone invested more than $90,000 in mortgages in Syracuse real estate. The occult advice and the investments of the woman, who died about a year ago, were revealed here with the filing of the records of the mortgages.

Ten years ago, D. Alfred Eddy of Syracuse received a letter from Mrs. Ladd asking about some realty mortgage investments here. He replied and later made a transaction for her. At frequent intervals in the ensuing years he received similar requests, all of which he filled until he had invested more than $90,000.

About a year ago just before Mrs. Ladd died, she wrote Mr. Eddy that all of the realty investments were made at the instance of spirit warnings and advice. She declared that she was an ardent spiritualist and that all of her business deals had been engineered through spirits which had pointed out to her the properties on which she should lend money for mortgages.

OPPOSES NEW BUREAUS.

Miller, It Is Said, Won't Ask One for Dry Enforcement.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 25.—It is understood here that a State prohibition enforcement department will not be recommended by Governor-elect Miller in his first message to the Legislature, but that he will outline a program whereby the Police Departments of the cities and villages will enforce the dry law.

The consolidation of the Department of Narcotic Drug Control with the State Health Department and the reduction of a number of salaries is also contemplated. The abolition of the State Excise Department, which has done but little for the last half year, will also be recommended, it is said.

The new Governor is said to oppose increasing the income tax or an increased tax on automobilists. He has insisted that the budget must be cut, and that at least $58,000,000 must be cut, so that the State can get along on its revenues from existing laws.

ENGLAND'S NEW SILVER COIN

A report of the London bullion house of Samuel Montagu & Co. remarks that "the silver currency of the United Kingdom (500 instead of 925 parts fine in the 1,000, the authorized equity since the reign of Queen Elizabeth) will shortly be available for issue." This, it adds, is "the most radical change in our currency since the establishment of the gold standard, though, of course, far less important as to its effect upon this country and upon the world at large. Its influence, however, will permeate abroad, for it is a clear indication that, in the opinion of this country, the intrinsic value of subsidiary coinage is not of vital consequence so long as the material used is suitable. The employment of precious metal for the purpose is a mere survival of bimetallism, which has been abandoned by every country in the world."

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A. M.	Sandy Hook. P. M.	Governors Island. A. M.	Governors Island. P. M.	Hell Gate. A. M.	Hell Gate. P. M.
High water	7:56	7:38	7:30	8:01	9:06	9:46
Low water	1:57	1:40	1:19	2:09	3:05	3:32

THE SUN.

	Rises. A. M.	Sets. P. M.
	7:19	4:35

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Panhandle State	London	Dec. 14
Oldtop	Norfolk	Dec. 22
Mineola	Callao	Dec. 7
Raban	Kingston	Dec. 17
Westmoreland	Genoa	Dec. 8
Halway	Tuxpam	Dec. 17
Osanam	Havana	Dec. 18
Auburn	Hamburg	Dec. 3
Harry Lachenbach	Hamburg	Dec. 12

DUE TODAY.

Caracas	Curacao	Dec. 16
Treiyon	Avonmouth	Dec. 10

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Mar Cantribrico	Hamburg	Dec. 10
Calamares	Colon	Dec. 19

DUE TOMORROW.

Rochambeau	Havre	Dec. 18
Coamo	San Juan	Dec. 22
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Dec. 24

DUE TUESDAY.

Kroonland	Southampton	Dec. 17
Mesaba	Portsmouth	Dec. 15
Eastern Crown	Blyth	Dec. 10
America	Naples	Dec. 18

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TOMORROW.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Ft. Victoria, Bermuda	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	
Mopang, Varna	1:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	Bulgaria and Rumania.

SAIL TUESDAY.

Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Holland, Germany, Austria.
Carmania, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Great Britain and Ireland.
Calabria, Patras	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Greece, Italy.
Canopic, Naples	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Italy.
Giuseppi Verdi, Naples	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Italy.
St. Patrick, Rio Janeiro	7:00 A.M.	10.00 A.M.	South Brazil.
Carrillo, Colon	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Central America, West Indies.
Siberian Prince, Santos	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Olympic, Southampton	9:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Santa Luisa, Colon	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	West coast ports of South America.
Quilota, Guayaquil	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Ecuador, Panama.
Caracas, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Central America.
Lake Sebago, Haiti	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Dutch and French Guiana.
L'ke Narka, St. Thomas	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	West Indies.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.	Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Northumberland, Sydney	Dec. 27	12:00 M.	Maine, London	Dec. 27	12:00 M.
Kandaria, Yokohama	Dec. 27	10:00 A.M.	Steel Engineer, Algiers	Dec. 27	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Camoens	Rio Janeiro	Dec. 22
Sidlaw Range	London	Dec. 24
Utacarbon	Falmouth	Dec. 23

SAILED.

Steamer.	From	Date.
Suez Maru	Port Said	Dec. 22
Pannonia	Marseilles	Dec. 23
New York City	Bristol	Dec. 23
Communipaw	Portland, Eng.	Dec. 23

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 6 P. M. as follows:

Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and specially addressed mail for Australia, via San Francisco	Marama	Dec. 29
Japan, Korea, China (except Shanghai City), Siberia, French Indo-China and Netherlands East Indies, via Seattle	Suwa Maru	Dec. 31
Hawaii, Guam and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco	U. S. A. T. Sherman	Dec. 31
Hawaii, via San Francisco	U. S. A. T. Sheridan	Jan. 1
Hawaii and specially addressed mail for Japan, Korea and China, via San Francisco	Persia Maru	Jan. 3
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra) and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Empress of Russia	Jan. 8
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Niagara	Jan. 13

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Patten announces that mails of the following dates—Shanghai, Nov. 30; Mukden, Dec. 2; Yokohama, Dec. 6, which arrived per steamer Suwa, were dispatched east from Seattle on Dec. 21 and are due in New York this morning.

FEDERAL RESERVE STATEMENT.

The following table shows the total gold holdings and other chief items in this week's report of each of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks:

District.	Gold Reserve.	Bills on Hand.	Total Resources.	Due Members' Reserve Acct.	F. R. Notes in Circulat'n.
Boston	$203,195,000	$201,157,000	$500,152,000	$100,505,000	$295,140,000
New York	473,618,000	1,004,035,000	1,894,978,000	696,124,000	880,870,000
Philadelphia	201,431,000	157,940,000	483,210,000	105,850,000	252,740,000
Cleveland	209,109,000	217,974,000	619,657,000	136,384,000	386,707,000
Richmond	81,826,000	120,479,000	281,252,000	54,919,000	153,552,000
Atlanta	86,272,000	138,047,000	276,101,000	46,830,000	176,931,000
Chicago	288,672,000	592,272,000	955,920,000	236,104,000	520,883,000
St. Louis	80,375,000	117,722,000	265,144,000	64,692,000	139,721,000
Minneapolis	49,424,000	79,366,000	161,452,000	42,485,000	81,493,000
Kansas City	69,118,000	116,358,000	289,936,000	77,033,000	113,553,000
Dallas	44,527,000	74,458,000	181,037,000	47,112,000	81,193,000
San Francisco	178,133,000	213,049,000	453,187,000	105,965,000	272,548,000

Consolidated statement of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks compares as follows:

RESOURCES.

	Last Week.	Previous Week.	Year Ago.
Gold coin and certificates	$273,749,000	$211,497,000	$229,445,000
Gold settlement fund, Federal Reserve Board	383,727,000	353,866,000	352,785,000
Gold with foreign agencies	3,300,000	67,745,000	134,320,000
Total gold held by banks	$640,772,000	$633,108,000	$716,550,000
Gold with Federal Reserve agents	1,253,492,000	1,269,725,000	1,240,032,000
Gold redemption fund	161,538,000	151,535,000	121,850,000
Total gold reserves	$2,055,802,000	$2,054,368,000	$2,078,432,000
Legal tender notes, silver, &c.	180,952,000	180,100,000	57,104,000
Total reserves	$2,236,754,000	$2,234,468,000	$2,135,536,000
Bills discounted:			
Secured by Government war obligations	1,177,283,000	1,158,974,000	1,510,374,000
All other	1,554,428,000	1,457,775,000	684,524,000
Bills bought in open market	241,107,000	234,009,000	585,212,000
Total bills on hand	$2,972,858,000	$2,831,358,000	$2,780,090,000
United States Government bonds	26,859,000	26,859,000	26,834,000
United States Victory notes	69,000	69,000	84,000
United States certificates of indebtedness	281,253,000	365,555,000	273,507,000
Total earning assets	$3,281,039,000	$3,223,841,000	$3,080,495,000
Bank premises	18,168,000	17,952,000	13,002,000
Uncollected items and other deductions from gross deposits	761,005,000	890,042,000	1,075,100,000
Five per cent. redemption fund against Federal Reserve Bank notes	12,652,000	12,530,000	13,237,000
All other resources	8,117,000	8,430,000	8,062,000
Total resources	$4,318,035,000	$4,387,263,000	$4,325,432,000

LIABILITIES.

Capital paid in	$99,458,000	$99,275,000	$87,539,000
Surplus	164,745,000	164,745,000	81,067,000
Government deposits	26,049,000	33,175,000	72,357,000
Due to members—reserve account	1,721,391,000	1,738,326,000	1,786,874,000
Deferred availability items	539,261,000	614,166,000	822,080,000
Other deposits included for Govt. credits	23,652,000	38,471,000	97,059,000
Total gross deposits	$2,310,353,000	$2,444,636,000	$2,779,570,000
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	3,404,031,000	3,344,332,000	3,057,846,000
Federal Reserve Bank notes in circulation, net liability	218,832,000	217,434,000	261,039,000
All other liabilities	119,716,000	118,841,000	58,751,000
Total liabilities	$4,318,035,000	$4,387,263,000	$4,325,432,000
Ratio of total reserves to net deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	45.1%	45.6%	44.8%
Ratio of gold reserves to Federal Reserve notes in circulation after setting aside 35 per cent. against net deposit liabilities	49.8%	50.5%	50.3%

Individual Debit Account Shows Further Gain of $450,000,000 in Week

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Aggregate debits to individual account, as reported by 146 of the country's leading clearing house associations for the week ending Dec. 22, were $9,696,000,000, or $460,000,000 more than for the immediately preceding week. This increase in bank debits, in which all the larger centres, except Minneapolis, participate, reflects mainly the larger volume of holiday trade.

As compared with the corresponding week in 1919, debits for the week under review are $441,000,000 smaller, the total for New York City alone showing a reduction of $364,000,000, while many of the larger centres, including Philadelphia, Cleveland, Pittsburgh, Baltimore, San Francisco and Los Angeles report larger figures than the year before. The following table enters into details:

DEBITS TO INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNTS.

Comparative figures for centres reporting for week ending—

	Dec. 22, 1920.	Dec. 15, 1920.	Dec. 24, 1919.
New York	$5,399,147,000	$5,132,517,000	$5,740,489,000
Boston	484,424,000	448,302,000	526,042,000
Philadelphia	451,723,000	446,929,000	432,089,000
Cleveland	417,921,000	389,401,000	482,574,000
Richmond	187,682,000	189,900,000	196,537,000
Atlanta	228,450,000	209,082,000	277,096,000
Chicago	1,097,935,000	1,039,809,000	1,125,036,000
St. Louis	231,154,000	218,492,000	253,535,000
Minneapolis	135,080,000	144,778,000	161,379,000
Kansas City	294,820,000	285,013,000	328,404,000
Dallas	164,146,000	158,047,000	169,831,000
San Francisco	583,082,000	575,497,000	543,374,000
Total	$9,695,573,000	$9,236,057,000	$10,127,408,000

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 23.—Revenue receipts and expenditures at close of business Dec. 21:

	This Month.	Corresponding Month. 1919.	*Fiscal Year. 1921.	*Corresponding Fiscal Yr., 1920
Customs	$13,439,107.98	$17,202,679.93	$144,881,679.01	$125,144,746.78
Internal revenue:				
Income and profits

Gimbels
Phone Number
Pennsylvania
5100

The Women's and Misses' Apparel Shops are on the Third Floor.

STORE HOURS 9:00 TO 5:30

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32nd STREET - BROADWAY - 33rd STREET NEW YORK CITY

The Women's and Misses' Apparel Shops are on the Third Floor.

For Other Gimbel News See Section 2.

Tomorrow: After Christmas Sale of Apparel



Misses' and Girls' Wearing Apparel

At Cost

And Less than Cost—
Coats : Suits : Frocks
Savings from 25% to 50%

75 Girls' Cheviot Coats In blues and browns.	*Now*	$12.50
Girls' Dress and School Frocks Velvets, Serges, Silks.	*Now*	$13.75
Girls' Wash Frocks Ginghams, Chambrays.	*Now*	$1.95
Girls' Middy Blouses Lonsdale jean Blouses.	*Now*	$1.65
Girls' Middy Skirts Serges and plaids.	*Now*	$1.95
Misses' Trotteur Frocks 50 Frocks of tricotine.	*Now*	$29.75
30 Misses' Velvet Frocks In black and navy.	*Now*	$16.75
30 Misses' Evening Frocks Taffeta, pink, blue, nile.	*Now*	$13.75
Misses' Utility Coats Fashioned of heavy cheviot.	*Now*	$18.75
Misses' Dress Coats Velours and silvertones.	*Now*	$25.00

GIMBELS—Third Floor.

Great Reductions in Every Section of the Garment Store

Women who know values will have their fondest expectations surpassed in the unusually drastic price-concessions offered in these events. Prices have been cut deeper than ever before, and cut on merchandise of most timely value. Excellent apparel for Women and Misses—finest furs, charming imported blouses.

And, in addition to the great clearance events presented on this page, we are offering several groups of specially purchased merchandise—very carefully selected—priced on a lowered market—and marked specially. These purchases are a result of the excellent condition in which our stocks were previous to this event.

425 Women's New Spring Dresses

Specially Purchased and Far Under-Priced Fine Taffetas, Tricolettes, Beaded Georgettes

New frocks, fine frocks, frocks that would have sold for much more just a few weeks ago.



$19.75

Simple lines, straight lines—designed for figures slim or stout. 21 styles to choose from.



Such heavy, closely woven tricolette—developed in four models, specially suited for heavier figures.

Taffetas, pert and charming — cleverly trimmed with tiny ruffles and attractive ribbons. Twelve new models.

Georgettes, lined with silk and heavily beaded in most effective patterns. Five attractive styles.

Navy, Brown, Black

SIZES 34 TO 46

A Few Extra Large Sizes: 46½ to 50½

* * * *

And TRICOTINES—a group of splendid tricotine dresses taken from our stocks and very deeply reduced to this same moderate price.



150 Baronette Satin Skirts

$7.95

A Value Too Obvious to Require Comment

Quality baronette satin and silk sport crepe fashion these supremely tailored skirts. The baronettes, in orchid, white, navy, flesh and black; the crepes in black and white. Pockets, hand-made button-holes and pearl buttons for trimming. Sizes 25 to 32.

All Wool Poplin Skirts

$8.50

All-round knife pleated model in black and navy; colored stitching to form effective lattice work.

* * — *

Clearaway of Odd Sweaters : Half-Price

$4.95

Fews of a kind here; but the wanted weaves, styles, colors of the season. Broken sizes.

GIMBELS—Third Floor.

The Annual Clearance of Furs: Savings of 30% to 50%

Since it is our custom not to carry any furs over from one season to the next, we have taken reductions greater than ever before — reductions that will effect an immediate clearance of our entire stock.

Hudson Seal Trotteur Coats	*Reduced to*	$175
Hudson Seal Coats, skunk or beaver trimmed	*Reduced to*	295
Hudson Seal three-quarter Coats	*Reduced to*	245
Hudson Seal Long Coats and Wraps	*Reduced to*	395
Caracul Coats, three-quarter length	*Reduced to*	135
Grey Squirrel Sports Coats	*Reduced to*	245
Grey Squirrel Long Wraps	*Reduced to*	545
Moleskin Coats, three-quarter length	*Reduced to*	259
Moleskin Long Wraps	*Reduced to*	345
Mink Trotteur Coats	*Reduced to*	425
French Seal Coats, three-quarter length	*Reduced to*	115



And **at less than cost** we are offering all our Furs for Children, all our auto robes and fur rugs, all our fur bandings by the yard. In fact, exceptional values prevail throughout our entire stock of most dependable furs.

Skunk Collars	*Reduced to*	$37.50	Muffs	$37.50
Black Lynx Collars	*Reduced to*	55.00	Muffs	55.00
Mink, two-skin Scarfs	*Reduced to*	39.00	Muffs	35.00
Wolf Scarfs	*Reduced to*	18.50	Muffs	18.50
Jap. Kolinsky Stoles	*Reduced to*	45.00	Muffs	25.00
Hudson Seal Collarettes	*Reduced to*	35.00	Muffs	16.50
Australian Opossum Collarettes	*Reduced to*	22.50	Muffs	24.50
Beaver Collarettes	*Reduced to*	35.00	Muffs	35.00
Squirrel Collarettes	*Reduced to*	49.00	Muffs	39.00
Black Skunk Scarfs	*Reduced to*	17.50	Muffs	17.50

Clearance of Women's Coats AVERAGE HALF PRICE



$35

for 250 Women's Coats and Wraps that have been selling at prices up to double.

Sports coats for morning wear, becoming coats for afternoon wear and interesting wraps for the evening—every type of coat is included—and at a price which was worth waiting for.

Silvertipped bolivias, velours, tweeds, veldynes, kerseys, plush (both fur and brocade), chiffon velvets—these modish fabrics.

FURS on many of these wraps—on most of them.

Nutria, raccoon, Australian opossum, skunk opossum, and French seal.

Every Coat Remarkable at its price.

Clearance of Women's Suits AVERAGE HALF PRICE

A group of 300 Women's Suits that have been selling at prices more than double.

$25

We cannot remember when suits of this calibre were sold at this price. But a clearance must be a clearance—so we have ruthlessly cut the prices on suits of the finer type. Most of them are one-of-a-kind. So be early.

Duvet de laine, velours, yalama, tricotine, Oxfords, velour checks, cheveronas—these excellent fabrics—offered in their most modish shades.

FURS on many of these suits — though some are designed for wear with separate furs.

Such pelts as nutria, opossum, and French seal have been used.

All sizes—but not in each style.



1000 Hand Made French Blouses to be Cleared at Great Concessions

$2.95 $3.95 $5.00

Three groups of exquisite blouses, entirely hand sewed and made of finest French voile in delicate shades of unusual charm—blue, lavender, peach—as well as white.

Most of them are hip-blouses and basques—some are tuck-ins. Every one has a dash of charm—and none was ever offered at such a low price. We advise an early visit.

Brooklyn, Long Island and New Jersey Customers Direct to Gimbels via Tubes and Subways

Section 2 EDITORIAL SECTION

The New York Times.

EDITORIAL SECTION Section 2

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1920. E

RESTAURANT PRICES TO BE CUT AGAIN

Co-operative Buying Plan Will Result in Another 10 Per Cent. Reduction.

BETTER QUALITY ASSURED

Lower Wages for Help Necessary to Enable Owners to Scale Prices Down.

MEMBERS MEET WEEKLY

Compare Notes on Prices, Weed Out Undesirable Brands and Pick the Best.

A further reduction of 10 per cent. in food prices at leading restaurants early in the New Year is promised by restaurant owners if by that time there has been a readjustment of wages of the help, which they consider very probable, as arrangements to that end are now being made. Food prices to the restaurants, through the system of co-operative buying in effect for the last three months, have been materially reduced, and with the lowering of wages to the help there will be no excuse for maintaining present prices, leading restaurant men say. There has already been an average decrease of 10 per cent. in restaurant prices, and the contemplated cut early in the New Year will mean a total reduction of about 20 per cent. from the prices during the Summer month.

The general reduction in food prices with the exception of the fall in the eggs market, is attributed by some restaurant men to co-operative buying, and in this way, they say, the public generally has benefited through their efforts, although some do not eat at restaurants or hotels.

The trial of three months of the co-operative plan has convinced those connected with it that it has been successful beyond the expectations. It has created a demand for [illegible] refrigeration [illegible] been obtained [illegible] ably to several [illegible] to receivers, the storage [illegible] surplus shipments [illegible] been turned to the restaurants in the railroad cars, an arrangement having been made with one trucking firm to handle this business. Shortly, with the opening of the refrigeration plant, the organization expects to own and operate its own trucks.

The co-operative organization is known as the Standard Purveyors, Inc., and has offices at 489 Sixth Avenue. This corporation is the official distributor for the society of Restaurateurs. To become a member of the Standard Purveyors, Inc., it is necessary first to join the Society of Restaurateurs. There are now 140 members of the latter organization, fifty-two of them are members of the co-operative system. A campaign for new members is to be inaugurated early next year, when the leaders think the membership will be run up to 1,000.

Officers of the Standard Purveyors, Inc., are Leonard A. May, President; August Janssen, Vice President; Milton A. Rosenfeld, Treasurer; Paul Henkel, Secretary, Cyril J. Kaemmerlen, Assistant Secretary. The Committee on Contracts is composed of William T. Ockenden, Robert L. Hatch, Louis H. F. Mouquin, William H. Hirst is the attorney.

The plan of the corporation as regards the stock is revealed in the following extracts from a letter sent to restaurant owners.

"For your information concerning the purchase of stock in the Standard Purveyors, Inc., we will be pleased to issue same at its par value of $50 per share, minimum amount of stock to be issued, five shares or a total of $250. The stock is issued subject to stockholders' agreement, namely, that the stock certificates are held in trust by a Board of Trustees who will issue their trustees' certificate to you, under an agreement by which any dividends due to the corporation is secured by the deposit of the stock. As this works out in practice to a credit limit for the stock subscription, it is advisable to [illegible] an amount in proportion to your purchasing requirements.

"In order to become a stockholder in the Standard Purveyors, Inc., it is first necessary to be a member of the Society of Restaurateurs, the cost of membership being $15 for initiation fee and $30 dues for the year 1921, which entitles you to all the privileges and benefits of the organization."

The corporation at present is handling $200,000 worth of food products a month, and the officers expect soon to have the amount running up to $5,000,000 a month. The commodities are sold to the member-restaurants at cost plus 5 per cent. for overhead expenses, handling, &c. This is about 2 per cent. in excess of what the cost has actually been, and this money is later returned to members in the form of dividends. An official of the corporation said that the restaurants, through the co-operative buying, had been able to supply their tables at 10 per cent. under the prices they formerly paid, but that the most important point in connection with the scheme was that they had been able to obtain the finest quality of food at prices formerly paid for inferior goods. It was said that this held good through almost every item. In nearly every commodity, especially perishables, they are able to save from 24 to 48 hours in buying direct from the producers.

While most of the commodities have been purchased direct from the producers, thus effecting a saving both in money and in time of delivery, the corporation does not confine itself to purchases from the producer, but may also buy from the wholesalers and commission men. The buyers of the organization are free to buy where they can obtain the best quality at the lowest figures. Meats and fish, for the most part, have been bought through the usual channels, but through the combination they have brought down prices. Sea fish have been bought from the fishermen direct, and this plan may be continued, or the restaurant man may arrange to buy from the wholesalers here.

Turkeys and poultry generally, the corporation has found it advantageous to buy from the producers, or from dealers in the producing sections. The turkeys used for Thanksgiving were

Continued on Page 8, This Section.

CANADIAN SOLDIERS GET EXTENSIVE FARM LANDS

Loans From the Government Now Approximate $80,000,000—Applicants Number 58,811.

OTTAWA, Dec. 25.—According to figures given out by the Soldiers' Settlement Board of Canada, 202,730 acres of new land have been broken during the past year by soldier settlers in the Western provinces alone. The total area of land taken up by returned men in the Western provinces is 3,100,000 acres, and of this approximately 2,000,000 acres are free lands granted to veterans, of whom 8,192 have availed themselves of soldier grants under the act.

Soldier Settlement Board loans to returned men going on the land went over the $80,000,000 mark in November. The total to Nov. 23, was $80,042,043. There are 19,879 settlers loans. By provinces they are: Prince Edward Island, 302 settlers, $814 937; Nova Scotia, 395 settlers, $1,287,023; New Brunswick, 505 settlers, $1,449,704; Quebec, 459 settlers, $1,800,434; Ontario, 1,403 settlers, $6,064,-062; Manitoba, 3,258 settlers, $13,267,-823; Saskatchewan, 4,375 settlers, $19,-843,091; Alberta, 5,710 settlers, $22,529,-040; British Columbia, 2,941 settlers, $12,857,021.

The total number of applications for the benefits of the act received to the end of November was 58,811, of whom 41,906 were qualified to farm. The board has 916 returned men in training.

In 290 cases settlers have repaid their loans in full.

The board has purchased for returned soldiers stock and equipment of an aggregate value of $22,619,758, on which a saving was effected through special purchasing arrangements, amounting to $742,328.

VIENNESE PICK SCRAPS FROM CITY'S STREETS

Cold and Hunger Menace 300,000 Children—Appeal From European Relief Council.

Perhaps the most tell-tale sign of poverty, one that will betray even the wariest, is a habit of stooping to pick up scraps in the street. You see it occasionally in America among people of a certain condition. But in Vienna the practice has reached epidemic proportions, infecting people of all classes and in every quarter of the city.

Now it is an old man snatching at a cigar butt. Now it is a fashionable woman furtively swooping on a chip of wood. Twigs from the trees, fluttering bits of paper, orange peels—the sidewalks are swept clean of them all by the men needy army of scavengers.

The railroad yards are the favorite resort of those who are not ashamed openly to proclaim their poverty. There they gather in the hope of catching something from passing trains. Inside the yards, which is full of coal cars, pieces of paper are eagerly seized for fire.

The sufferings from hunger are even more acute than from cold. And it is estimated that 300,000 children in the Austrian capital alone must perish this winter of starvation unless the European Relief Council succeeds in raising the national collection of $53,000,000 which it aims to inaugurate now. With food and fuel the sole aim to supply [illegible] clothing and medical care to [illegible] children scattered through the Latin lands of Central and Eastern Europe.

Eight great organizations have joined hands under the auspices of raising funds and distributing it through Europe. They are the American Relief Administration, American Red Cross, American Friends' Service Committee, Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, Knights of Columbus, Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A. Their offices are at 42 Broadway, New York. Franklin K. Lane is the secretary.

REFORMS FOR SPAIN.

Subjects Which King Will Refer to in Message to the Cortes.

MADRID, Dec. 24.—Details learned today concerning the message which the King is expected to submit to the Cortes indicate that he will refer to measures for re-establishment of the social order in Spain which was approved as a result of the recent elections. He also will touch upon proposed financial reforms and questions of transportation and subsistence.

It is further indicated that the King will mention intended legislation in favor of the workers, which will be in accordance with the program of the Government party now in power. In conclusion he plans to deal with international relations, laying stress on friendly connections of Spain with Latin America and in general with other nations of the world. His message is to close by calling attention to the necessity for closer commercial relations with European and other powers.

AGED SPINSTER SUFFOCATED

Firemen Find Miss Augustine Bishop Dead After Fire in Her Home

Miss Augustine Bishop, 60 years old, of 302 East Fifty-fifth Street, suffocated yesterday morning by smoke which filled her bedroom on the second floor, coming from the shoe repairing shop of Antonio Suriano on the ground floor which was set afire, the police believe, by an overturned oil stove. The building is a two-story extension of a three-story tenement, and Miss Bishop was its only occupant.

Patrolman William Judge, who discovered the fire, thought no one lived in the extension and ran into the main building, in which the fire had spread, and helped Mrs. Agnes Lopresto, her six children and three guests, to escape from the third floor. Then he turned in an alarm.

When the firemen entered the burning extension they found Miss Bishop dead in bed. She had not been hurt by the flames, although the door had been eaten away by the blaze. A niece, Betty Winitjen, of 134 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, was notified of her aunt's death.

X-RAYS TO FIND FLAWS.

Now Used With Success in Inspection of Airplanes.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 25.—An up-to-the-minute application of X-rays is used in airplane construction to show up defective materials, workmanship and weak metal castings which would otherwise escape the observation of an inspector, according to John S. Shearer of Cornell in speaking here on "Recent Advances in the Production and Application of X-rays."

"Grains of wood in airplane parts are brought out remarkably," he said, "and it is easily discernible where two different woods have been joined together, a point of construction prohibited in airplane work. Knots in the wood are also shown up, as is unsatisfactory gluing together of parts.

"Electric heater coils are inspected by X-ray and the plates show the manufacturer where air has caused the insulation of the coil to disintegrate, and where the wire will eventually break."

100,000 ENROLLED TO HOLD BACK WHEAT

Growers' Association Organized in Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma and Texas.

AIMS TO WIN NORTHWEST

Kansas Agriculture Board Defends Failure to Sell Crops at a Loss.

WICHITA, Kan., Dec. 25.—The Wheat Growers' Association of America, which has been conducting a campaign to induce growers to withhold their wheat from the market until prices are higher, plans to have mid-Western States so well organized within the next six months that the growers will be able to control the price paid for the 1921 crop, W. H. McGreevy, Secretary and Treasurer, says.

The association now has a membership of approximately 100,000 in Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, and Nebraska, according to Mr. McGreevy, who has his headquarters here. The organization will be extended, he said, to Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota.

"The purpose of the National Wheat Growers' Association is to control the distribution and marketing of wheat through financial and selling agencies of its own selection at a price based upon cost, plus a fair and reasonable profit," said Secretary McGreevy. "Not only the wheat growers of our association, but the wheat growers in general are refusing to sell any wheat at present prices except in cases where financial conditions force the sale. For more than thirty days we have withheld our wheat from the market until now a large number of flour mills are idle and the local and terminal elevators are nearly empty. The wheat grower feels that he has practically accomplished what seemed at first impossible, and is now encouraged to continue withholding his wheat from market in order that a price which is fair and just shall be paid to him for his labor and the money invested."

Mr. McGreevy objects to the use of the term "wheat strike" in referring to the action of the wheat growers.

"Our growers are not striking as is commonly meant by the term," he said. "We are still sowing and attending to the many arduous duties of the farm. We are only holding our wheat to be marketed at any time the producer may think he will get a fair price."

The organization was formed about a year and a half ago in Southern Kansas and Northern Oklahoma. A. Slaughter of Manchester, Okla., was the originator. According to its promoters, its growth in the first six months was slow, but in the last few months it has been rapid until the membership has spread to every wheat growing county in the four States organized. These States have 220,896 growers, according to Kansas Board of Agriculture statistics. They produced this year 232,955,000 bushels out of the total for United States of 750,648,000 bushels.

The addition of Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota would bring the production for the area up to 359,003,000 bushels, or slightly less than one-half of that of the entire United States.

The Kansas Board of Agriculture recently issued a report on the wheat in farmers' hands in Kansas. It says:

"This year's Kansas wheat crop amounted approximately to 145,000,000 bushels, according to a preliminary report. Growers now estimate that of the total production 53.4 per cent. or 77,463,-727 bushels is still in the farmers' hands. At about the same date last year 35.5 per cent. or 50 000 000 bushels was in possession of producers, while in 1918, 11 per cent. or 10,000,000 bushels, was reported as held by growers.

"Chief among the reasons given for the unusually large amount of wheat in farmers' hands are the drastic drop in price and the car shortage. Reports indicate that probably 47 per cent. of the wheat unsold would have been marketed early had cars been available, but that wheat is being held mainly in hopes of such an upturn in prices as will return a profit—an exercise of business judgment which should be as free from criticism as, say, a haberdasher who declines to sell hats costing $10 for which his customer offers $5."

TO COMMISSION GREAT SHIP.

California, World's Finest War Vessel, Will Cost $15,000,000.

The Navy Department announces that the battleship California, which will be commissioned about the first of January, will be the greatest fighting ship afloat. Of the 700 vessels in the United States Navy she will be the peer a will mark the latest strides made in battleship construction in this or any other country.

The California will be the third electrically driven ship of the United States Navy, and the second to be manned by sons of the State after which she is named. She is 608 feet over all, 97½ feet beam, 33,000 tons displacement and will attain a speed of twenty-one knots. In her main battery she will carry twelve 14-inch guns, and the second battery will consist of twenty-two 5-inch rapid-fire rifles, a number of smaller guns and six torpedo tubes. The quarters for the crew will include reading, writing and dining rooms, gymnasium, and a theatre fitted up in a style undreamed of a few years ago. The ship will be an oil burner.

The cost of the California, which was built at San Francisco, will be about $15,000,000 when she is commissioned. She will be commanded by Captain Henry J. Ziegemeier, who commanded the Virginia during the war.

CAT'S BOARD NO 'NECESSITY'

Montclair Judge Rules Out Woman's Claim Against Landlord.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Dec. 25.—A cat's board, under certain conditions, is not a necessity, in the opinion of Judge Harry N. Reeves of the Montclair District Court. Miss Mary F. Apperson, a worker in the Newark Public Library, brought suit against Alphonso Dreyfus, owner of an apartment house in Newark, to recover damages for failing to allow her possession of an apartment which she had rented from May 1 last. On that day Miss Apperson moved her personal belongings to the house, but she avers that Dreyfus refused to permit her to put in her furniture until May 15.

At a hotel in Newark, where Miss Apperson spent the time between May 1 and 15, she was not permitted to keep her cat, and therefore was compelled to pay board for Tabby, which cost her $3 a week. Her suit was for $81, including for the first moving $20; hotel bill, $35; cat's board, $6. The Judge awarded damages for her claim, less the cat's board bill.

New York's Christmas Mail Sets New Record But Postoffice Handled It Without Delay

E. M. Morris, Superintendent of Mails in the New York Post Office, "pointed with pride" yesterday to the manner in which the Christmas mail, larger by from 10 to 20 per cent. than last year, was handled through the New York Post Office. For the first time since 1911 the mail receiving platform of the Pennsylvania Railroad at the New York terminal was "clear" at 3 o'clock on Friday afternoon, a record, Mr. Morris said, of which the local post office force and Pennsylvania Railroad officials were particularly proud.

"The letter mail was from 10 to 15 per cent. heavier than last year," the Superintendent of Mails said. "The insured parcel post mail was about 30 per cent. heavier; the ordinary parcel post about the same as last year. The mail was handled more rapidly this year than ever before, and there was no congestion at any of the New York offices.

"In the twenty-four hours ended at 1 o'clock yesterday the General Post Office canceled 2,666,000 letters. At the Grand Central 1,900,000 letters and cards were cancelled. The post card mail was especially heavy this year."

Mr. Morris said the parcels post officials had noticed that the packages handled were smaller, on an average, than in 1919. He complimented the railroads on the speed of delivery. About 1,500 extra clerks were employed during the Christmas rush, and in general the entire force was more efficient than in former years, Mr. Norris said. He has been Superintendent of Mails in the New York Post Office since 1918. From 1911 until 1918 he was Superintendent of Railway Mail Service at New York.

NO SECRETARY YET FOR NEW GOVERNOR

First Choices by Mr. Miller Did Not Want the Post and Others Are Under Consideration.

ALBANY'S HOUSING PROBLEM

Legislators Will Find More Difficulty Than Usual This Year in Obtaining Good Living Quarters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 25.—Governor-elect Nathan L. Miller appears to be having a difficult time to select a secretary for the new State administration, which goes into power at noon on Saturday next. It is understood that the post has been offered to two men thus far and both have declined.

Former Assemblyman Wallace Pierce of Plattsburg is reported to have declined the position, and then Professor William Orth of Cornell, head of the course on government, was approached. He was loth to give up his post at Cornell, it is reported, and thus the Governor is at present without a secretary.

In other years the incoming Governor has announced his secretary several weeks in advance of the inauguration. Although the new Governor has named his military secretary, his legal adviser and several others, he has thus far made no mention of the secretary, whose first duty is to transmit to both houses of the Legislature at the opening the message of the Governor. The military secretary must of necessity be named first, for he has to obtain his new uniform for the inauguration.

It is reported here on good authority that Governor-elect Miller is now considering the selection of one of three newspaper men, all of Western part of the State, as Secretary. They are Alfred H. Kirchhofer of The Buffalo Evening News, who was on Governor-elect Miller's special train during the campaign tour of the State; Charles M. Armitage, Secretary to Mayor Buck of Buffalo, and Daniel Ackerman of Syracuse, Secretary of the State Fair Commission.

Of the three it is reported that Mr. Ackerman stands the best chance. He lives in the new Governor's home town, Syracuse, and has known him personally for many years. The other two have the backing of the Erie County Republican organization and, like Mr. Ackerman, are capable young men.

Legislators coming to Albany for the opening of the 1921 legislature will find an acute housing shortage here and the prospects are that many of them will not have the same comfortable quarters they have enjoyed in other years. Many legislators had rooms at the "Tub" in State Street, a block or so from the Capitol, and many important conferences were held there during the legislative session. The "Tub," which was the name given to the Turkish bath establishment of Harret J. Benson, formerly a sergeant-at-arms of the Assembly, has been turned into offices for two State departments, the State Conservation Commission and the State Employment Bureau.

Then Keiser's Hotel, where for many years legislators lived, has burned down and has not been rebuilt although before another legislative session rolls 'round it is likely that it will be.

For several years Speaker Sweet and other members of the Legislature had a house at High and State Streets, just across a street from the Capitol, but this year it has been leased to others and will not be available for legislators as the house has its own boarders. The "House of Lords," a big residence in Elk Street just north of the Capitol, which housed legislators for several years, has been turned into a hotel and has a waiting list before the legislators are ready to invade Albany.

The Ten Eyck hotel recently made a big addition to its hostelry and then many Albanians, in order to solve the servant problem, went to live there. The result is that many of the rooms formerly available to Senators and Assemblymen are now occupied, and the January or April tenants must take what is left if they wish to live there.

Furnished room houses in Albany are filled to overflowing, especially those in close proximity to the Capitol. Those some distance away still have a few rooms to offer, but the choice ones have all been taken by those who wrote for rooms as soon as they were elected. Those who failed to make their selections will find that the number of rooms is limited and that those left do not offer a very wide choice. Most every legislator who lives outside of a regular hotel, wants to get a room almost on the Capitol steps, for the reason that Albany is hilly and it is an effort for many to walk up and down the steep ascent to the Capitol. The rooms in the vicinity of the Capitol are quickly snapped up.

Last year a half dozen Assemblymen engaged a furnished house in the Pine Hills section of the city and had a chef and housekeeper to look out for them. This year when the same men tried to get the house it was found that the place had been sold and that the new owner wanted $1,000 for the place from Jan. 1 to April 15. The Assemblymen turned down this modest demand.

DEATH FROM FAMINE INCREASES IN CHINA

1,000 Fatalities From This Cause Reported Daily in the Peking District.

WHOLE FAMILIES SUICIDES

Americans and British in Shanghai Raise $5,000,000 for Relief Fund.

PEKING, Nov. 15.—The extent of the famine in China has recently been brought out in a number of reports reaching here. The region chiefly affected extends east and west from the Gulf of Chi Li to Han-chinga in Shensi and north and south from Mongolia to Shang-ching in Honan.

Forty-two years ago China was swept by a memorable famine in which millions of persons perished from cold and hunger. In 1878, however, conditions were less serious than at present, for at that time a wheat crop preceded the drought, whereas today, due to two years' lack of rainfall, only limited areas have produced even the scantiest yields. Reports have told how the trees of entire districts have been stripped of their leaves for use as food. The starving people mix them with millet chaff, clover, or weeds, with a minimum of grain and bake them into cakes which resemble clay. Thousands of refugees who are endeavoring to migrate afoot from the famine areas are said to be living on such "food," hoping to reach the more fortunate cities and towns where they may possibly purchase the necessaries of life.

Extraordinary means to obtain money for food are reported from all sections of the five provinces. Little children are found deserted in the streets, and many have been rescued from the rivers into which they have been cast by their impoverished parents. The sale of children is often reported, much despised girl babies being offered for sums as low as a dollar. A boy of five years, whose mother had died and whose father was ill, was rescued from the river, who declared that if he could feed him he intended to "throw him into the river." There have been suicides of entire families.

Reports from numerous places in the famine area which, it is estimated, will require $200,000,000 worth of the plainest food to avert the greatest loss of life, have been received as follows: One thousand deaths from starvation are occuring daily in the Peking district; farm and draft animals in Tehchow and Siaochang, in Shantung, have been sold by their owners for a song because of lack of fodder to keep them and fuel to cook them if slaughtered; every road northward from Changteho, in Honan, swarms with lunger-pinched people, many of whom fall exhausted out of the weary procession to die by the roadside; the district southwest of Paotingfu, denuded of vegetation, looks as if it had been swept by a plague of locusts; at an village near Wu Ch'eng an old man with a basket on his arm containing about six pounds of red millet, explained that he had traded two overcoats and a pair of boots for the millet which he was taking to his wife and their seven children.

Efforts that so far have been made to relieve the famine situation include the following: The Chinese Ministries of Finance, Agriculture and the Interior have appointed a commission to dispense a $1,000,000 fund to be raised by a short-term loan; Shanghai reports that another fund of $1,800,000 is being raised by seven provinces at the request of Tang Shao-yi, the chief Southern Peace Delegate; the Japanese Government has supplied 500,000 bushels of rice, in addition, representatives of American and British commercial interests in Shanghai have raised $5,000,000 for the Chinese Relief Association.

The Peking-Hankow railway is allowing refugees to travel free on trains bound for South Honan and Hupeh. The trains have been crowded with little children or old persons unable to trek over the mountain roads to places where food is obtainable.

SENATOR NUGENT RESIGNS.

Gives Up Rest of Term to Enter Federal Trade Commission.

SPOKANE, Wash., Dec. 25.—A special dispatch from Washington to The Spokesman-Review last night says Senator John F. Nugent of Idaho, telegraphed his resignation as a United States Senator to Governor Davis of Idaho, to take effect Jan. 15. On that date Senator Nugent will step into office as a member of the Federal Trade Commission, to which he was appointed a few days ago by President Wilson.

Senator Nugent, the dispatch adds, said his resignation was compelled by the necessity for his early qualification as a member of the commission.

It is understood that Frank H. Gooding, elected to succeed Senator Nugent, will be appointed.

Who Broke the Hindenburg Line?

Ever since it was smashed a bitter dispute has raged among admirers of two American divisions.

The answer is now determined by an official report, and the decision will be presented in

The New York Times

NEXT SUNDAY

Order from your newsdealer in advance.

SOVIET THREATENS TO REACH BALTIC

Incorporation of Little Border States in Bolshevist Federation Predicted.

MANY DANGERS INVOLVED

French and British Policy Would Be Affected—Large American Relief Stores There.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 25.—The prediction that within three months the Soviet Federation will include Reval, Riga and Kovno, with the Baltic Sea once more the western boundary of Russia, is made in information about the Baltic situation I have just received from a well-informed authority on the spot. Such events as my informant foresees would raise serious problems not only for France and Great Britain, but for the United States. To Great Britain the entry of the Baltic States into the Soviet Federation would mean the abandonment of her dream of control over "Russia's western windows."

The little States of the Baltic were, in the main, the creation of England and far-sighted British Statesmen hoped that if they could be assured independent existence, it would give England an unrivaled position toward Russia, both as respects influence and trade. Just a year ago the British had virtually completed an economic and financial agreement with Esthonia, Latvia, and Lithuania, which would have stabilized them financially, but which gave Great Britain in return a monopoly of rights over their principle industries, timber and flax. By Jan. 1 of the present year the details of the scheme had been worked out and it received the assent of the Esthonian and Latvian Governments and only needed ratification by the respective Parliaments to become effective. This, however, was afterward refused largely, it is said, owing to the secret influence of Soviet gold. For the Bolsheviki had evident interest to prevent the British from getting a firm foothold on Russian soil and from assuring the political and economic dependence of the States which, as America always maintained, must by geographic position be a part of Russia.

To the French the spread of Soviet influence to the shores of the Baltic could not fail to be alarming for two reasons. First, the menace to France's ally, Poland, who would be militarily outflanked by the extension of the Soviet boundaries in the northwest, and again faced with war or submission to the Bolsheviki as a result of the Red support of the Lithuanian claim to Vilna. Secondly, the destruction of the barrier between Russia and Germany. Ever since the armistice the French have done their utmost to prevent a common frontier between Germany and Soviet Russia. They are haunted by the dread of a combination of German efficiency and Russian millions.

The problem that would confront America as a result of Bolshevization of the Baltic States is less palpable than in the case of France or Britain. The American Red Cross and Children's Relief Associations have got big organizations in the Baltic area, where upward of one hundred Americans are engaged in feeding and clothing children, housing the homeless, clothing the destitute and generally succoring the impoverished and devitalized population. Not only are there large stocks of Red Cross and Relief Association goods in the Baltic area which it is impossible to remove quickly, but I know that a great majority of Americans engaged in the work would decline to abandon it under the threat of a Bolshevist upheaval. If the Baltic States "go Red" this will happen at a moment's notice, and the result would be the same as if American organizations concerned were now working in Soviet Russia proper, a practice to which both the State Department and the Bolshevist leaders hitherto have been opposed.

CIVIL WAR VETERAN THE OLDEST STUDENT

Major C. Thurston Greene at 78 Goes to Evening School to Rebuild Memory.

Major C. Thurston Greene, 78 years old, who won his title and lost a leg in the Civil War, is believed to be the oldest student in the country. The Major, who can remember the stirring events of '61-'65, and who cannot remember recent events so well, is trying to rebuild his memory at the Bronx Y. M. C. A. Evening School.

As a former service man the Major received a scholarship in memory training when he applied. He wanted to go into active service when the Spanish-American War came, but they put him to training the recruits. Later he was a Professor of military strategy at Fordham University, then known as St. John's College. Major Greene lives at 2,082 Washington Avenue, the Bronx. He has twelve children, all of them living.

The Major made a little speech recently to his fellow-students, in which he told them some of his experiences. His father was a General in the Civil War. The Major won his first lieutenancy at Gettysburg. Previously he had seen service at Antietam, Chancellorsville, and later he served at Wauchatchie, Lookout Mountain and Ringgold. It was at the latter place that he lost his leg, shattered by a cannon ball which killed his horse. He was then Acting Adjutant General of the Third Brigade. In the World War the Major did his "bit" as a recruiting agent at Poughkeepsie, and is proud of the fact that, though more than 70, he was still able to serve his country.

Until Major Greene entered the evening school the record as oldest student was held by Claxton T. Gardner, 72 years old, who registered at the West 135th Street Branch of the Y. M. C. A.

SMALL FIRE MAKES TROUBLE

Overcomes Firemen; Imperils Three Families, Closes Subway Entrance.

Fire starting in the basement caused considerable damage yesterday to the drug store of Louis K. Liggett at Fourteenth Street and Seventh Avenue. Firemen who entered the cellar by breaking through the vault lights were slightly affected by smoke, and a second alarm was turned in by Acting Battalion Chief McGuire. The fire was extinguished in about twenty minutes, but not until it had eaten through the floor of the store.

Three families living on the three upper floors of the building were aroused and policemen led them through the smoke-filled hallways to the street. The entrance to the Seventh Avenue subway station nearest the building was closed

CHILEANS FORCE FIGHT ON LIQUOR TRAFFIC

Labor Opposed to Handling It and Demand Statement From New President.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Dec. 25.—One of the first official acts of President Arturo Alessandri, who assumed office on Thursday, was to receive a petition yesterday from the Chilean Federation of Labor protesting against the alleged attempts of the League for the Defense of the Wine Industry to force Northern port workers to unload liquors. The labor organization already had adopted a resolution, effective Jan. 1, to refuse to unload liquors, whether of home or foreign manufacture.

This decision was brought before the Senate by Senator William Edwards, who asked for an official declaration of the Government's attitude with regard to "liberty in commerce" in view of the federation's action.

Indications are that the whole subject will evoke lively debate when Congress reassembles after the Christmas recess.

In defending the wine industry, Senator Edwards said a distinction should be drawn between "wine and liquor." He declared a real campaign is developing in Chile against alcohol and wine. He asserted the importation of alcohol and its sale at bars could be prohibited, but that it was not admissible to adopt measures which would "ruin a national industry, prejudice workers in this line of employment and perhaps force a transformation of industry."

Referring to prohibition in the United States, Senator Edwards asserted it was impossible for Chile to imitate the United States in this respect, because that country never possessed a wine industry, except in one State, whereas it was a national industry in Chile, built up at great cost and effort and from which the Government derived an enormous income. Capital invested in the Chilean wine industry amounted to 900,000,000 pesos, he estimated.

The newspapers today publish a petition to President Alessandri from the Chilean Federation of Labor urging the Government to co-operate with the Commission on Control of Alcohol in order that the commission may realize its program based on education and ultimate transformation "of the wine industry, breweries and distilleries into great factors of public welfare." The federation represents 300,000 workers, it is said.

The petition vigorously assails alcoholism and declares that the Executive Labor Board recently was instructed to initiate a campaign against it throughout the republic. It proposes anti-alcohol teaching in the schools and colleges as a solution of the problem.

The wine growers are said to be organizing in defense of their interests.

PEOPLE ARE NOT GIVING THE CHURCH ITS SHARE

Contributions Haven't Increased in Proportion to Wealth, Says Methodist Leader.

CHICAGO, Dec. 25.—A united stewardship campaign in all Methodist Episcopal churches in the United States from Jan. 17 to Feb. 20, inclusive, was announced here today by the Rev. Luther E. Lovejoy of Chicago, Secretary of the stewardship work of the Committee on Conservation and Advance of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

"The penny is still the basic standard of giving to both the Church and Sunday school," Mr. Lovejoy's statement said. "Despite the fact that the aggregate wealth of the United States has increased ten times as much per capita, the average Methodist is contributing only 1 cent more per week, as compared to forty years ago.

"Until we are willing to give our sons and daughters for Christian service and to share our accumulating wealth with God, we shall never be able to save the world from sorrow and sin. It took billions to win the war of armies, so we need not be surprised at the suggestion that it will take millions to win the greater war for a redeemed humanity."

PLANS TO FLY OVER POLE.

Captain Bartlett Seeks Funds for Airplane Expedition to the Arctic.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 25.—Captain Robert A. Bartlett, who was master of the Roosevelt, Admiral Peary's ship on his expedition to the North Pole, has declared determination to cross the North Pole in an airplane.

To finance the expedition, he says, will cost about $300,000, and he is seeking to make arrangements with scientific bodies and wealthy men for the advance of this sum.

Captain Bartlett is known among army, navy and scientific men as "The Polar Bear," and is a veteran of five polar expeditions. He arrived here recently to become Port Captain in the Army Transport Service and is in charge of the transports being completed at Hog Island.

NICARAGUA'S PRESIDENT.

Chamarro Declared Elected Despite Charges of Fraud.

PANAMA, Dec. 24.—The Nicaraguan Legation at Panama today gave out a message from the Managua Foreign Office stating that the National Congress has declared Diego Manuel Chamorro and Bartolo Martinez constitutionally elected President and Vice President, respectively, of Nicaragua. The new Executives are to take office Jan. 1.

Announcement was made in Managua recently that supporters of José Andres Urtecha, former Minister of Foreign Relations, who was defeated in the Presidential election by General Chamorro, had appealed to the State Department in Washington to take some action regarding the election, asserting that flagrant frauds were committed. They were said to be supported by many influential members of the Conservative Party.

TO DIRECT WAR RELIEF UNIT.

Dr. Harry Plotz to Sail for Europe Wednesday.

Dr. Harry Plotz, medical advisor of the Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, one of the eight constituent organizations comprising the European Relief Council, will sail Wednesday for Europe to direct an overseas medical unit of twenty American specialists, sanitarians, dentists and pharmacists. The unit will serve for one year in the war-stricken countries of Eastern and Central Europe, under the auspices of the Joint Distribution Committee, and will sail about Jan. 15.

The unit will furnish medical supplies, surgical instruments, &c., to local doctors and hospitals who now lack everything, and as a result are helpless to combat the diseases sweeping the countries. It will also co-operate with the Governments in fighting epidemics, principally typhus; conduct educational health campaigns, build baths and furnish soap and fuel for them and organize boards of health in each community so that the work of the unit will go on after it leaves Europe.

This is the third American Jewish Relief unit sent to Eastern Europe within a year by the Joint Distribution Committee. An appropriation of $2,000,000 for the unit's work has been made by the committee.

INDEPENDENTS WANT WOODS NEXT MAYOR

Start Movement to Make Former Police Commissioner Anti-Tammany Candidate.

SEEK NO "REFORMERS'" AID

Promoters Want Only Practical Men to Aid in Overthrowing Present Administration.

REPUBLICANS DECRY FUSION

Leaders Disposed to Run "Straight" Ticket in 1921 Under Any Circumstances.

With the conduct of the Police Department under Mayor Hylan likely to become a leading issue in next year's mayoralty contest, a group of independent Democrats and Republicans is preparing to launch a movement to bring Colonel Arthur Woods, Police Commissioner during the Mitchel administration, to the front as standard bearer in the anti-Tammany fight.

The men in this group believe that developments during the last few weeks point to Colonel Woods as the logical candidate. They say that not only did he, while head of the Police Department, bring about many reforms which materially improved the morale of the department, added to its effectiveness in crime prevention and raised it to a level of usefulness it had never before attained, but during the last few days it has been demonstrated that only by returning to his methods has it been possible for the police to meet emergencies arising out of the epidemic of crime which has been sweeping the city.

Secret conferences have been under way for several days and the men identified with the preliminary activities in connection with the new movement are about ready to come out in the open and begin the work of organization. They expect to effect this on a borough and aldermanic district basis, which indicates their intention of taking active interest in the aldermanic fights. In addition to city and borough officials, a new aldermanic board will be elected next year.

So far only about a dozen men have been planning the new movement. Among them are some who helped Tammany with Col. Woods in the administration of the late Mayor Mitchel, including former Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson, Raymond B. Fosdick, who was Commissioner of Accounts under Mayor Mitchel, and more recently Under Secretary of the League of Nations; Edward V. Ingersoll, who was Park Commissioner of Brooklyn, and George Bell, ex-Commissioner of Licenses. Others in the movement are Joseph M. Price, who was prominently identified with the two Mitchel campaigns, and Eugene Kaufman. The first conference was held at the City Club a week ago Thursday.

Want Only Practical Men.

Nearly all of the men actively identified with the preliminaries are experienced campaigners against Tammany. For one thing, they would like to discourage the flocking to their banners of professional reformers who have been the bane of similar movements in other years. They want only practical men.

"There will be no shopworn reformers in our window display," said one of the men interested. "For sure we are making plans for an organization to form the head and front in a Fusion fight. If we can prevail upon one of the older parties to put the right kind of candidates on its ticket we will consider our work as an organization complete."

From informal "conversations" held with Republican leaders, promoters of the new movement have concluded that the Republican organization in the five boroughs would be unwise to go outside the fall for a Fusion kite next year. The G. O. P. leaders have expressed their opinion that, whether it means victory or defeat, the Republicans must take the lead in next year's anti-Tammany fight. Especially since figures became public showing enrolled Republicans more numerous than enrolled Democrats in Manhattan and Brooklyn, the two biggest boroughs, and the margin in favor of the Democrats exceedingly small in the remaining three, the Republican leaders have pressed this view on the independents, who have become convinced that the Republicans would be prepared to go it alone, although it might involve a defeat, rather than "play second fiddle" to a Fusion committee.

The men in the movement are quite reconciled to the Republicans assuming leadership in the fight, but they have impressed upon leaders they have committed with that it would be unwise to offend the Independent Democrats, whose support will be desirable, insisting too strongly on a "straight" Republican ticket.

Expect Renomination of Hylan.

Every move made by the independents is with the assumption that Mayor Hylan will be renominated.

The Independents are looking forward to the repeal of the direct primary law at the forthcoming session of the Legislature as a factor that will count heavily in favor of their cause. When the direct primary law first was before the Legislature, during the second Hughes administration, Mr. Hughes recommended exemption of municipal elections in this city on the ground that direct primaries made fusion difficult. In the Mayoralty campaign of three years ago the prospects of Mayor Mitchel were blighted by his defeat in the Republican primaries more than by any other factor that entered into his defeat by Hylan.

The Republicans have several candidates who want to run next year, among the men mentioned are Supreme Court Justice Cropsey of Kings, who has strong following in that borough, but might be opposed by a faction led by former Public Service Commissioner F. J. H. Kracke.

Senator Charles

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Published Every Day in the Year by the New York Times Company.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
E. C. Frank, Secretary.

OFFICES: [TELEPHONE BRYANT 1000]
TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
TIMES ANNEX.....138 st., w. of Broadway
DOWNTOWN.....7 Beekman Street
WALL STREET.....8 Rector Street
HARLEM.....3,109 Seventh Avenue

BRONX.....2,914 Third Avenue
WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.....3,525 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Albee Building
CHICAGO.....1302-1304 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....612 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....603 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....12 Salisbury Square, E. C.
PARIS.....Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two Cents a copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 200 miles; Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn. Ten Cents elsewhere.

By Mail postage paid.	One Year.	Six Mos.	One Mo.
*Daily and Sunday	$12.00	$6.00	$1.00
†Daily only	10.00	5.00	.85
Sunday only	4.00	2.25	.45
Sunday only, Canada	6.00	3.25	.55

*One week, 25c. †One week, 20c.

FOREIGN RATES

Daily and Sunday	$26.00	$13.30	$2.40
Daily only	17.40	8.70	1.45
Sunday only	9.75	5.12	.86

Binder, Picture Section, $2.50; Magazine, $1.50.

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNALIST (Mondays), per year, $3; Canada, $3.50; other countries, $4. Binder for 52 issues (one vol.) $1.50.

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.

THE TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursdays), one year, $3; Canada, $4; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.50.

TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $4; Canada, $4.50 (foreign, $5). Per copy, 40c. Entered as second-class mail matter.

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2 per year, $8.

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes in the set. Illustrated Cloth, $80; three quarter leather, $100; full leather, $130—encyclopedic history of the war.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, SUNDAY, DEC. 26, 1920.

COLBY AND COLOMBIA.

Secretary COLBY received a warm welcome in Brazil, and doubtless will be greeted as heartily in the other South American countries which he is to visit. But there is one thing that clouds these ceremonious receptions. It is the relations of the United States with the Republic of Colombia. The Colombian Treaty has been held up in the Senate for years. Just on the eve of Secretary COLBY'S sailing it was announced that the Senate would refuse to take up that treaty at this session. And the occasion was seized by some Republican newspapers to declare that it never would be ratified, since it was designed, as The New York Tribune said, to "throw discredit on Colonel ROOSEVELT."

Into that ancient history it is not necessary now to go. Whatever the original rights or wrongs of the secession of Panama from Colombia, it has always been admitted that Colombia had an equitable claim for compensation. This has been conceded by Republican Secretaries of State and Presidents as well as by Democratic. Mr. TAFT was as anxious to quiet this claim and do everything reasonable to restore friendly relations with Colombia as President WILSON has been. The ratification of the Colombian Treaty ought to be thought of, not as a partisan measure, but as a healing act, with great possibilities of benefit to our national prestige throughout all South America.

Shortly after Mr. ROOT, as Secretary of State, made his South American tour, the effect of his large-minded speeches was much impaired by what the United States did in Santo Domingo. Today it is the Colombian Treaty which is the skeleton at every official banquet given to Secretary COLBY. Better than the warmest expressions of sentiment would be an act of long-delayed justice to Colombia. The South Americans are acutely conscious of the issues involved. They would rather have deeds than fine words testify to the attitude of the United States. And if the Senate is really desirous of backing up the friendly gesture which Secretary COLBY is making to the republics south of us, it will abandon its sullen opposition to ratifying the Colombian Treaty.

ADVISING GREAT MEN.

The difficulty of being frank with highly placed persons is one of the world's oldest. Gil Blas is honest with the Archbishop at his peril. It is notorious that Premiers and Presidents find it hard to learn the truth. Nobody will tell it to them. Great officials differ in their "reactions" to plain speaking. An old Washington correspondent once described the opposite ways in which ROOSEVELT and TAFT received the advice of too candid friends. ROOSEVELT would grow very angry; he would object and retort and denounce; and then he would go off and do the thing he had been counseled to do, or refrain from doing what he had been told would be a blunder. On the contrary, TAFT would be most smilingly tolerant of criticism, would thank the critics, and thereafter pay no attention at all to what they had said.

Whether this account be correct or not, there is no doubt that every President ought to have some blunt teller of the truth near his person. It is not that his intimates are conscious liars. Nor do they mean to be fawning flatterers. But they are under an almost irresistible temptation to prophesy smooth things. Official optimism becomes a deadly atmosphere after one has breathed it too long. There can be no question that President WILSON, even before his prolonged illness, suffered from lack of information concerning the way in which the tides of popular sentiment were running. Even his extraordinarily keen political instincts played him tricks when full knowledge was not put before him. And the time came when the President, as a friendly Democratic Senator sorrowfully put it, "failed to visualize the country."

Even when advice appears to be eagerly welcomed by a man in a great executive position, or about to assume it, the Truthful Jameses whom he consults find it hard to give it to him straight. This has been pretty clearly shown in the Marion conferences. Senator HARDING announced them with commendable modesty. He frankly said that he desired to take counsel with men wiser than himself. He had no fixed plan. He wanted help in framing one. How much has he got? The best answer is probably to be found in the formal statements—some of them bearing visible marks of having been written in advance—given out at Marion by the various gentlemen who have talked confidentially with Mr. HARDING. These all, with one consent, have dwelt upon the remarkable range of knowledge and breadth of sympathy and loftiness of conception displayed by the President to be. The inference is plain that those who came to advise remained to listen. They could not help feeling that they were sitting in the shadow of a mighty name. And the amount of plain, unvarnished and possibly unpleasant truth which they uttered in that presence was probably very small.

There is often an unconscious insincerity in the professed willingness of high dignitaries and responsible officials to get good advice. Their apparent docility and humility are sometimes only concealed pride. What they really want is confirmation of their own opinion, not bold contradiction of it. They throw their ball of inquiry against the wall of counsel only because they confidently expect it to bounce back into their own hands. Yet there can be no minor office more important than that of truth-teller in ordinary to an Executive made ruler over many things. If a President has not got such a man, he ought to beg, borrow or steal one. It is not a question of keeping a President humble, but of keeping him informed. The need is not of a slave standing behind his chair to say mechanically, "memento mori," but of a disinterested and robust friend who knows the facts and who dares to state them even when they are most disagreeable to exalted ears. And whenever a President can find such a man, he ought to grapple him to his heart with hooks of steel.

JOHNNY COULON.

Ouija has a rival in Paris, and even here may soon have to battle for her laurels. JOHNNY COULON, the former American bantamweight champion, has developed a new form of poltergeist that has baffled the skeptics, thrilled the mystics and nonplused staid men of science. Strictly speaking, it is not a poltergeist, the favorite diversions of which are making grand pianos dance and hurling scuttles of coal down the kitchen stairs; it is rather a spirit of still-life. When JOHNNY consents, men of normal physique can toss him aloft and twirl him in midair; but when he places one finger lightly on his opponent's neck at the carotid artery and the other on his opponent's right arm at the radial artery, YVES LE BOULANGER and a dozen other strong men have failed to budge him from the floor. They tug and twist until JOHNNY is bruised and sore, but there he sticks.

A certain Dr. PAGES broached a plausible theory. JOHNNY'S fumbling at neck and arm was only a trick to keep his man at a distance, and so force him to lift at arms' length. CADINE, weight-lifting champion of the Olympic games, whom JOHNNY had caused to look foolish, warmly espoused this theory. CADINE couldn't lift his own son at arms' length, though he weighed some sixty pounds to JOHNNY'S 118. So Paris breathed easier. But JOHNNY came back with renewed trials in which the strong men closed on him and tugged until their eyes popped. So the skeptics were routed and color was lent to the claims of those who say that JOHNNY is possessed of a familiar if by no means affable spirit. All Parisians are laying fingers upon one another's carotids and radials in the hope of finding themselves nailed down.

More truly scientific minds, meantime, are proceeding with their own observations. There is a vast sum of testimony as to the existence of forces similar to, perhaps identical with, that which JOHNNY so convincingly manifests. Table tipping and a dozen other forms of levitation are produced mainly in the dark and are thus an easy resource of the fraudulent. But the apple or hazel bough of the "douser" trembles and turns by day in the open field, and any one who has seen it twist its own bark off will at least give a serious hearing to the case of JOHNNY COULON. As for the rappings, the hurlings and the smashings of poltergeists, there are records of them from all ages and from all countries. Professor WILLIAM JAMES collated ten cases, of the widest possible variation as to time and place, which all conform closely to a single "natural type." ANDREW LANG, who was an amused but not unscientific demonologist, noted that the disturbance oftenest centred in girls of a dozen years or so; he suggested that the natural type is a "type of hysterical disease." This conjecture obviously does not apply to our JOHNNY. The most alluring poltergeist on record is that which perturbed the household of SAMUEL WESLEY, father of JOHN WESLEY, and apparently centred in a bevy of the great Methodist's growing sisters. As to this boisterous visitant the elder WESLEY, who was a friend of POPE, ATTERBURY and Lord OXFORD, remarked in true eighteenth century parlance: "Wit, I fancy, might find many interpretations, but wisdom none."

Wisdom is now scrutinizing the case of JOHNNY COULON. Professor CHARLES NORDMANN has made experiments that seem to him to warrant several interesting conclusions. Even when the prescribed contact is made, JOHNNY can be lifted if he gives the word. Three men formed in a chain are powerless when the neck of the first and the arm of the third are touched; but if the chain is broken the force is lost. Its cessation is not immediate but gradual, requiring some seconds. If the sole of JOHNNY'S foot is raised from the floor, the force does not work; but if only his heel is raised it does. If his fingers are wet, the force works less strongly. Professor NORDMANN regards the phenomenon as physiological and probably psychologic. Its most interesting feature is that, unlike all other manifestations of the kind, it can apparently be commanded at will and under quite normal circumstances. It is thus as amenable to observation and experiment as any other phenomenon in nature.

WORLD FINANCE.

Secretary HOUSTON forecasts a deficit for the world's richest Treasury. Such Government deficits are now the rule. When the world's financial representatives gathered at Brussels, they reported that "three out of every four countries "represented, and eleven out of twelve "European countries, anticipate a deficit "the present year." The world is living beyond its means, says the report of the conference, because on the average 20 per cent. of national revenues are being spent on armaments. Millions lack food while billions are spent for powder and bullets. There is not the least hope of finding solid ground under the business of any nation so long as practically all nations preach deflation and practice inflation. Governments have not yet discovered that they must follow the counsel of the Brussels conference and turn their resources from preparations for war to preparations for peace.

Take the proposed loan of a billion to Germany. Why give priority of credit to a nation whose finances are almost hopeless? It would not be necessary to ask the question if the humdrum counsels of the Brussels conference were respected. The technique of financing Germany interests chiefly financiers, but the principle on which Germany and the world's starving can and should be fed interests all who want to sell food and all who want to buy it. There are many proposals for the issuance of what may be called national receiver's certificates to the sellers of the necessities of life, but they cannot be considered individually until the world is resolved upon the policy recommended by the Brussels conference—that unproductive expenditures must stop, along with expenditures of funds which inflate prices because raised by loans or taxation.

It is little to say that "defense" expenditures are unproductive. They are destructive. Men must live before they can use weapons, and the hungriest nations must be fed first. It matters not that Germany has no credit. She must be lent money because she owes the world so much that the world would suffer more from her as a doomed nation than from one convalescing. The means exist but are being wasted. It would weaken no nation if all nations turned their armament funds into rescue funds, under precautions that the action was in truth unanimous, and that the funds should be given priority in repayment above all other debts. There are ways enough of securing advances to the perishing. Every stick and stone in Germany is under public and private mortgage, but the productive power of Germany's people is free. When the inducement is sufficient the experts can find a way to make advances against it safe.

The world is not suffering from overproduction. Deflation cannot increase production, nor is any financial device a substitute for work and production. The increase of international purchasing power is more necessary than the decrease of national spending power. The way out of inflation is setting the idle and hungry at work in production of anything except armaments. LLOYD GEORGE last week set the example of heroic reduction of armament expenses. Others must imitate that example if the world is to be saved from famine and if civilization is to be preserved.

A COMMUNIST FAILURE.

There was another setback for the great Red crusade recently, and at a point of considerable strategic importance. The Czechoslovak Republic has in many ways come more nearly back to normal conditions than any other State in Central Europe. Its budget balances. The issue of paper money has been limited by law, and limited to a rather modest sum for these times. Demobilization has gone further than in the neighboring States. A Bolshevist revolution here would have unsettled all Central Europe and had serious repercussions everywhere east of the Rhine.

The Socialist Party is the strongest single political organization in the republic. For a considerable period there was a Socialist Premier. To be sure, Czechoslovak Socialists are usually very good patriots; the army that fought the Bolsheviki in Siberia was composed chiefly of Socialists. But the propaganda of Moscow was active, and was doubtless aided to some extent by the dispute with Poland, which produced a sort of reflexive sympathy for Russia. As all over Europe, the party split over the question of affiliation with the Moscow organization. President MASARYK believes in letting such questions be argued out, and argument was plentiful.

The extremists, however, were not content with argument. Seeing that things were going against them, they seized the building containing the party headquarters and publishing house. The moderates appealed to the courts, which ordered the extremists to get out. Then followed a riot; the Reds were thrown out, though not without casualties. In revenge they called a general strike.

In less than a week the strike had collapsed and the Red demonstration with it. Here and there riots occurred, but none of them, so far as can be judged from the cabled accounts, amounted to anything. In Slovakia, where Magyar propaganda has been diligently at work for more than a year in the hope of stirring up trouble, nothing happened at all. The Germans, one-fourth of the population of the country, stood aside from the dispute, though some of them were obviously moved to reflect that a Czech republic was preferable to a proletarian dictatorship. The Czechoslovak democracy was left to fight its own battle against international communism, and it won a speedy and apparently complete victory.

LENIN'S great movement has been having its troubles in Western Europe. The arrogant manifestoes of the Third International have resulted almost everywhere in splitting the Socialist Parties into a pro-Bolshevist minority and a majority which everywhere must drift further and further away from Bolshevism. In Czechoslovakia the opposing groups came to a show of strength, and the strength of the Bolsheviki was found to lie mostly in their lungs. The failure of the general strike was not only a landmark in the progress of a brilliant young nation, but an event of considerable importance in the history of world Bolshevism.

THE NEEDIEST CASES.

THE TIMES cannot admit that as large an amount ought not to be expected this year as was given last for the Hundred Neediest Cases. The money will surely be forthcoming when the urgency of the need is felt as strongly and widely as it should be. Put the matter in simplest mathematical form. If every purchaser of the Sunday TIMES were to give as little as 25 cents to this cause, the total would exceed $125,000. That sum would be ample to care for the Hundred Neediest Cases and for a hundred more waiting behind them. It is absurd to say that the necessary funds cannot be obtained.

At the latest estimate, about 4,000 separate subscriptions have been made. That number ought easily to be more than doubled. And there is no objection to "repeaters" in this good cause. Some may feel like adopting the plan of an "invisible guest." Invite somebody—in your imagination—to dinner, to the theatre, to the opera; throw in cab hire and orchids, if you like, and an after-performance supper, and then remit the amount of the bill to the Neediest Cases.

ACROSS ARABIA.

A fascinating narrative of a journey by H. ST. J. B. PHILBY across Central Arabia from the Persian Gulf to the Red Sea appears in the December number of The Geographical Journal. The departure was from Uqair, and Jidda on the Red Sea was the destination of the party. At Uqair, where IBN SAUD, the local Amir, rules, there is a considerable exchange of dates, mats and clarified butter for rice, coffee, tea, sugar and piecegoods brought from India on dhows, camel and donkey convoys transporting the Arabian products to the waterside. Although Uqair is a flourishing port, it could not be told from its fort, single warehouse and jetty at the head of a deep-water harbor, but it happens that the reefs in the Gulf of Bahrain prevent the passage of any craft but dhows. So the merchant marine of the port remains picturesque—no weather-beaten and ugly tramp steamers, no noisy argosy of modern commerce.

The Philby caravan filed out of Uqair on Nov. 18, 1919, thirty camels and fifteen white asses "of a large-boned breed," with camel merchants and the usual human impedimenta seen with such expeditions. On the second day the oasis of the Hasa, "the most flourishing spot in all desert Arabia," was sighted: "a "scene of fertility in the midst of the "wilderness, a great black forest of "palms, with here and there a hamlet of "mud huts." The oasis of Hasa is green and productive because it is on the side of a slope which reaches, many miles back, a height of 3,000 feet. The rainfall percolates toward the sea by underground channels; water is plentiful even in the sand tract east of the Hasa, and the district of Qatif, further north, "is full of springs and running streams, "the waters of which are used for the "irrigation of its rich palm groves."

In the Hasa itself there are a dozen or more perennial streams; some, like Ain al Harra, are warm, others sulphurous, and the rest cold and potable. The chief town, Hufuf, has a population of 30,000, and the industries are brass work, coffee pots, mortars, pots and pans, ornamental silver and gold work, and camel saddlery. Once a week there is a market, attended by 100,000 people. What an opportunity for the moving picture camera! Here is the superb mosque of Ibrahim Pasha, of which Mr. PHILBY says that "the great white dome "and graceful minaret, combining the "salient features of Byzantine and "Saracen architecture, stand out as the "most beautiful specimens of art in all "Central and Eastern Arabia." It was perilously near destruction in 1914, when IBN SAUD besieged the last Turkish garrison and to bring it to terms drove a mine under the floor of the mosque. The Turks, indifferent to the treasure of art, but knowing that they had to deal with a man who was as callous to beauty as themselves, capitulated. It has followed that under the strong rule of IBN SAUD the caravans between Hufuf and the coast are no longer harassed by brigands.

Several days after leaving Hufuf and its creature comforts, the Englishmen came in sight of "a low barrier of dull pinkish white." They were approaching the edge of the Dahana, the eastern flank of the great sand desert "which "holds the heart of Arabia in its desolating grip." WILLIAM GIFFORD PALGRAVE, who wrote about Central Arabia as picturesquely as GEORGE BORROW dealt with the interior of Spain—like PHILBY, PALGRAVE spoke Arabic fluently—suffers depreciation in the eyes of the accomplished gentleman who addressed the Royal Geographical Society upon his experiences in the same country sixty years later. PHILBY quotes PALGRAVE'S description of the perils of the shifting Dahana or Red Desert only to make the comment that he has lost respect for the pathfinder. "Whole caravans have been "known to disappear in the Dahana "without a vestige," declared PALGRAVE, which PHILBY is constrained to doubt. It is a painful thought that the moving narrative of PALGRAVE'S shipwreck in the Sea of Oman, one of the most graphic pieces of prose in the language, may have been highly colored, too.

During his journey PHILBY was in touch with the highlands of Najd, "the "least-known portion of all Central "Arabia." It is to be regretted that he did not have time and opportunity for exploration, because this tract of nearly 100,000 square miles is supposed to hold rich mineral deposits, including a gold mine. One of its three mountain belts has peaks reaching an altitude of 6,000 feet and is the source of the fertilizing Wada Sirra.

The end of the rough desert travel was the beautiful vale of Taif, and in the city of that name, quaint and attractive for its old buildings embowered in palms, the travelers paused, indulged in hot baths and lived on the fat of the land, eating repasts of mountain honey, cream cheeses, pomegranates, dates and excellent bread. At various localities in the Provinces of Kharj and Aflaj PHILBY believed that he had discovered Phoenician ruins of the time of 3000 B. C.; but in a talk after his paper was read Mr. HOGARTH, the Arabian specialist and explorer, was inclined to think that Assyrian Kings, and not the Phoenicians, had built the original houses and mosque about one thousand years later.

ALEXANDRE THE GREAT.

The elder DUMAS, maker with competent assistants of some three hundred volumes, of which half are highly readable today, died on Dec. 5, 1870. An editorial writer of Le Temps takes advantage of this semi-centennial to jeer at that boundless glutton of work and pleasure who delighted two generations and still delights the third. He was not "in the tradition." Therefore it is the duty of the superior French modern to throw bricks at him. The Temps man composes a little romance of his own for this purpose. He invents a critic and journalist who, like everybody else, read "The Three Guardsmen" in his youth and for some thirty-five years has never wanted to look at it again. He consents to submit himself to that trouble in honor of the semi-centennial and as an obligation to "actuality." Surely nothing can be easier than to pick up a copy of the most famous work of him who has the reputation of being the most popular of French romance writers. Every bookseller must keep it on hand.

Imagine his surprise and joy! "The Three Guardsmen" is out of print. Even the publisher of the "Complete Works" of DUMAS can't supply the missing volumes. The seeker runs all over Paris, gets the first odd volume at one shop, the second at another. To be sure, there is an English edition, but that is becoming exhausted and its price has quadrupled. Clearly, the work has lost its vogue. Everybody knows the title and neglects the book. "On the strength of "very distant recollections we are free "to admit that it was amusing." Hasn't the popularity of Father DUMAS waned? Shouldn't we "regard it as a legend"? The Superior One settles the question summarily. After forcing himself to read twenty pages, "the book falls from his hands." It is unreadable. "The great amuser is a bore," given to "heaviness, "platitudes, a clumsy, elementary and "embarrassed style, silly joviality." "The Three Guardsmen" owed its success "to a profound indifference to literature."

Well, Sir WALTER had no style. He had plenty of matter without art. One might think, too, that the very scarcity of "The Three Guardsmen," if we accepted the Parisian apologue as fact, indicated a strong demand for the offending volumes. The Superior One betrays a little uneasiness. If in one's green, unknowing youth one enjoys "these puerile and "complicated adventures without bothering about thought, style or good taste," aren't there grown-up folks who are fond of him? Alas, yes, "many among us"—the most fortunate of us, in fact—are still pleased with these old wives' tales." So there are people who divert themselves with dominoes or bridge. Really, "The Three Guardsmen" has no longer any "literary importance or significance."

It would be breath wasted to defend the matchless movement and action of the elder DUMAS in "The Three Guardsmen" or that powerful and original use, peculiar to him, of dialogue. The immortal Three and their valets, Milady, the humor, the energy, the passion and the valor, the historic and the romantic in that wonderful pageant of action and adventure, will never grow flat and stale. In moments of depression or ennui the book offers a sure escape into an enchanted country. So THACKERAY and millions of other adult children have found it; and so their descendants find it. It throbs with life. Why worry about its want of "literature"?

A NEW TARIFF.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Might not the question be asked, Will the agitation for higher protective tariffs make the world think America is trying to force it into buying from her at her own prices, and will buy nothing from it in return? And will it work out all right, or will it produce the hard times preceding the war?

Tampa, Dec. 20, 1920. J. B. HALTOM.

FRIENDS IN JAPAN.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Japan Society performed a valuable public service in bringing together Ambassador Shidehara, Ambassador Morris and Judge Gary at the society's dinner last week. The cordial expressions of friendly relations between this country and Japan, as then so well stated and enlarged upon by these speakers, were as gracious and sincere as they were refreshing. This prevailing sentiment of cordial feeling between those in authority and the people of each country has often been vouched for by those in a position to know. It was shown by Messrs. Vanderlip and H. W. Taft and associates on their return from Japan a few months ago, and so well described by Mr. Taft in his interesting articles soon afterward published in THE TIMES.

As Judge Gary forcefully stated at the dinner the other evening, "The jingoes in Japan did not represent the sentiment of the people of their own country in their efforts to stir up trouble." The endorsement of this statement by Baron Shidehara condemning jingoes, and his reference to national differences under such circumstances growing out of "mutual suspicion and misunderstanding" met with prompt and hearty response from those present; as also his fitting reference to each nation giving to the other "a little more credit for honesty of heart and purpose."

The point brought out by Ambassador Morris as to the very great importance of our commerce with Japan, and this of itself being sufficient to quell the talk of conflict, was also well received.

The writer is led to refer to this subject from the fact that during and since the war friends of my family living in Tokio and in position to know the sentiment of the Japanese people toward this country have in personal letters repeatedly referred to the conditions here mentioned, and in effect that the noisy and aggressive jingoes did not represent either the people of Japan nor those in authority there.

FREDERICK W. KELSEY.

New York, Dec. 22, 1920.

CONCESSIONS FROM LENIN.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read, with amazement, that bellicose appeal addressed to the people of this country by Mr. Washington D. Vanderlip, which appeared in recent issues of some of our metropolitan dailies.

To say that the appeal is impertinent and in very bad taste is to put the matter mildly.

Mr. Vanderlip's letter is an appeal to the citizens of this country to coerce their governmental officials, against their better judgment, to enter into friendly relations with those very persons against whom they have warned us so strongly and so frequently.

And why? Simply in order that Mr. Vanderlip and his colleagues may be able to legalize a contract which on the face of it is illegal and most unmoral.

I, for one, am not willing that this country should go to war with either Russia or Japan to enforce any contracts entered into by any promotor of this country with any temporary foreign power. I know millions of acres of good land awaiting development in our Far West, right at Mr. Vanderlip's back door.

It would prove far more profitable in the long run to develop that empire, and far less dangerous, than to plunge headlong into Russian politics.

In conclusion I want to remind every American citizen who read Mr. Vanderlip's appeal that the policy of enforcing commercial expansion through armed intervention is the same policy that cost the people of Germany and Austria their happiness, and the prosperity of their children's children.

It cost emperors and kings their thrones, and cost the entire world its peace. Is such a policy worth pursuing?

WM. S. SPORLING.

New Rochelle, Dec. 19, 1920.

WAR WASTE AN OLD STORY.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In Horace Greeley's autobiography, entitled "Recollections of a Busy Life," there is related an incident about Government property that demonstrates that the waste and extravagance in the recent war is but a repetition of history.

Mr. Greeley was in Utah and Nevada in 1859 when the Government was selling at auction its heavy army trains that had been sent 1,200 miles across the desert to Utah for the suppression of the Mormon insurrection in 1857.

Mr. Greeley says:

"Officers at Camp Floyd were engaged, under orders from Washington, in selling its heavy trains at auction, at prices possibly averaging one-half the actual value of the mules and one-tenth that of the wagons—the bidders being few and evidently combined to give Uncle Sam the worst bargain possible. Governments are made to be plundered, at all events are regularly used to that end.

"I presume that when the army was ordered from Camp Floyd to Texas the next year part of these same wagons were bought back from their purchasers at generous prices, which by no means implies any generosity on the part of those who bought them of the Government and sold them back again."

The foregoing circumstances have been acted over again, but on a larger scale, during the last year, and the work is still going on. War is terrific waste. OBSERVER.

Amityville, L. I., Dec. 21, 1920.

THE FAMINE IN CHINA.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am just in receipt of a letter from Peking dated Nov. 14, a paragraph of which indicates the terrible condition of the famine in China.

"Everybody—that is, every foreigner—is talking famine relief, and the situation is far from encouraging. There is so little sympathy from the Chinese themselves; that is, those in a position to help. They take the scourge as a sort of harsh but effective means of nature to relieve congestion of population, and then they have no spirit of philanthropy as we have. It is very strange, really."

Do the American people and others realize that Shantung and Chihli (provinces in China) furnished the 200,000 or more men, "coolies," who did the yeoman work behind the lines in France? The famine is most severe in these two provinces.

EMIL M. SCHOLZ.

New York, Dec. 24, 1920.

A GOOD POST OFFICE RECORD.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In view of the general criticism of the Post Office Department, as expressed in letters and other comment in various newspapers, the following statement may be of interest: I sailed for France on April 7, 1918, and returned to the United States on July 22, 1919. Prior to my departure for overseas an arrangement was made with my wife to number our letters consecutively. Record was kept by each of us, and I have mine before me. Of the 128 written by me, all were delivered. Of the 179 written by my wife and reaching France prior to my departure, I received 178, the missing one being No. 129. Several letters were forwarded to me from France, but no entry of these was made in my record, as its purpose had been accomplished.

I served in France with a division, two different corps headquarters and headquarters of a base section. I received mail at twelve different stations. OFFICER.

Schenectady, N. Y., Dec. 18, 1920.

GEN. HOFFMANN'S CONFESSION

Offered as a Lesson for Lenin's Dupes and Apologists.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

THE TIMES published this morning a statement from the German General, William Hoffmann, and placed the news head on General Hoffmann's call for world help to put out the Bolshevist fire—the fire that General Hoffmann himself helped to light.

I submit that attention may be centred anew on that part of General Hoffmann's communication in which he cries his own and the German fault. The titling could be "General Hoffmann's Confession of the German General Staff's Rôle in the German-Bolshevist Conspiracy."

And the confession itself should be placed before the eyes of any and every American apologist for Lenin, and before the eyes of any and every American who in Russia in those days of 1917 and 1918 let himself be made a dupe and a tool of the war enemies of his country.

Let General Hoffmann's confession be repeated for the need of all such:

"As Chief of Staff of the East Army, I directed the propaganda against the Russian Army. The General Staff made use of every possible means to break through the Russian front. One of these means was poison gas, another was Lenin. The imperial régime dispatched Lenin to Russia from the Swiss frontier in a sealed car. With our consent Lenin and his friends disorganized the Russian Army. Von Kühlmann (former German Secretary for Foreign Affairs), Count Czernin (Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister) and I then closed the Brest-Litovsk treaty, so that we could throw our army against the west front."

Compare now this confession with the statement in my United States Government report of May, 1918 (published the following September), "The German Bolshevik Conspiracy," against which Bolshevist apologists have stormed unavailingly for more than two years:

"Germany made its Russian peace at Brest-Litovsk with its own puppet Government.

"Trotsky rests rightly under the accusation of having staged his theatrical scene (at Brest-Litovsk) as a climax to the Russian disorganization desired by Germany. The actual order he gave was for the demobilization of the Russian Army, leaving the German Army unopposed.

"The actual effect of the move of the Bolshevist leaders was to enable Germany to combine its former army of the Russian front with its western army, for the launching of its March offensive in France. Such has been the fruition of Russia's German directed Bolshevism."

As for General Hoffmann's excuse, it is at once human and an example of the way the military mind disregards all but immediate military consequences:

"We neither knew nor foresaw the danger to humanity from the consequences of this journey of the Bolsheviki to Russia."

A tragic epitaph!

EDGAR SISSON.

New York, Dec. 23, 1920.

A YELLOWSTONE PARK RESERVOIR.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There is an attack being made against our national park system through the instrumentality of the Smith bill, which, if passed, would turn over to the people of Idaho 8,000 acres of land in Yellowstone National Park for a reservoir to further the irrigation of Idaho lands. To grant this would blaze the way for commercial inroads in our other national parks, and would make easier the invasion of other kinds of commercialism.

The United States would mean something different to us, and, I dare say, to peoples of all civilized countries if we had no parcels of our heritage [illegible] intact after a few hundred years' habitation.

What can we do about it? What can we do about it? We can write to our representatives in Washington telling them exactly where we stand and why, and we can request them to use their votes and influence toward killing such bills as the Smith bill. We can also affiliate with such all-American societies as promote the largest and best interests of the whole people in conservation. The National Association of Audubon Societies of New York is one such.

JOHN E. H. RANDERSON.

Albany, Dec. 21, 1920.

THE DRUID'S MISTLETOE.

Now, *sing heigh ho, the green holly*, cheerily sing!
Till Twelfth Night rounds the happy season, sing!
But who sings mistletoe? Not any one!
Why kiss ye, then, beneath its pallid spray?
Is this a plant to prosper Love, I ask,
That hath supped up, in creeping, secret wise,
The living ichor green, of harlier growths?
I never liked the mistletoe—not I:
At last, I learned (or dreamed) the reason *why*.

'Twas Christmas tide—and merry was the tide:
The dancers whirled along the gleaming floor
Beneath the lights, in mirrors duplicate;
And when, beneath a central, wreathen arch,
Whence downward hung a pallid bough austere,
By two and two their laughing toil they paid.
Somewhat apart I sat, and watched this scene,
A picture, first—caught up in floating rhythm;
But, even as I gazed, the lights dissolved,
And whirling forms and wreathen arch were not;
And yet, suspended in mid-air, remained
That branch of mistletoe. . . . Ah, magic trick!
Above, and all around it, now appears
Green implication of a leafy oak
(One land alone such oaken fibre knows). . . .
Upon the ground a snowy cloth is spread;
And upward, now, amid the umbrage dark,
An arm is reached, from sleeve of priestly white;
And now the gleam of golden blade is seen.
The mistletoe with quivering joy is seised:
For this, its death-in-life with patience grew,
For this, it flowered and set its clammy fruit,
For this, it severed lies on snowy cloth. . . .

Whence comes that murmur down the forest aisle,
What dim-seen throng beneath the oaken shade?
O priest, impatient grows that severed bough—
It feels a thirst green ichor will not slake!
There, stand white oxen (wain, with spread of horn
Not bound till now; their faces, broad and meek,
And lustrous rolling eyes the torch reveals—
Take thou, in firm, cold hand, thy gleaming blade,
And let the crimson life, to feed the pale;
Thou priest, refresh thy starveling eager plant
From opened vein—but I will look no more!

Returned the lights, the dancers whirling still
Beneath the arch their laughing toil they yield—
Where had I been the while? The scholars say
I had but tapped (the dreaming soul knows how!)
A source obscure, an ancient cloudy tale
By Pliny told—of Britain or of Gaul,
And that dark rite the Druid in December paid!
But this is why I hate the mistletoe—
Not with the honest holly to be twined.

EDITH M. THOMAS.

TIMES FIRST CHOICE OF MOST COLLEGIANS

Columbia and New York University Students Put It First on Newspaper List.

FAVORITE WITH BOTH SEXES

46.95 Per Cent., Thrice as Many as Take Any Other Paper, Read It Daily.

Professor George Burton Hotchkiss, head of the Department of Advertising and Marketing, and Richard B. Franken, lecturer, both of the Bureau of Research of New York University, have completed an investigation into the newspaper reading habits of college men. The questionnaire was answered by 1,361 students of both sexes, who are studying in Columbia University and New York University. The result has just been published by the Association of National Advertisers of this city, and it shows that 46.95 per cent. of the students prefer THE NEW YORK TIMES.

In answer to the question, "What New York daily newspaper do you read?" 1,025 students of both sexes, or [illegible] per cent., replied that THE TIMES

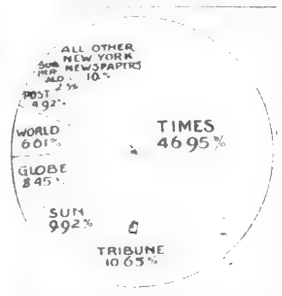


Diagram published by the Association of National Advertisers showing how The New York Times leads all other newspapers among college student readers.

was their favorite newspaper. In the women group the same answer was received from 50.56 per cent. of those questioned. The New York TIMES is read by [illegible] students as read the Globe, Sun and Tribune combined, and by [illegible] times as many as read any one of these newspapers. Here is a table giving the results in full:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
[illegible]	[illegible]	50.56	50.40
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	25.88
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	21.55
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	14.10
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	13.02
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	10.86
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	15.87
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	8.51
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	6.08
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	4.20
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	3.40
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1.66
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	1.44
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.81
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.67
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.54
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.47
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.27
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.27
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	.27

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

Specialists in Apparel — Hours of Business: 9 A. M. to 5.30 P. M.



A Remarkable Sale of Women's Dainty

HAND-MADE BLOUSES

at the very low price of 2.95

These tailored blouses simply *must* appeal to you for they are splendidly made of fine batiste, with well-shaped collars and cuffs that fit over the suit or sweater. Tucking and drawn work have been used to excellent advantage, and many have corded seams—an unusual feature in blouses at this low price. *Third Floor*

Junior Girls'

AFTERNOON FROCKS



Special 18.75

Very swagger is this pretty frock, simply designed, but decidedly good-looking.

Fashioned of Crepe de Chine, with pleated skirt and over blouse smartly belted and completed with white satin collar and cuffs. Sizes 12 to 16 years.

Colors: rust, Copenhagen, and navy. *Second Floor*

MONDAY—In An Important Sale of

Women's Wraps, Street and Sports Coats

At Most Remarkable Savings in Price

35.00 Coats—Now 22.75

Large collection of styles, especially suited to travel wear. Fashioned of dependable showerproof mixtures in green, brown, grey, and olive shades.

39.50 Coats—Now 29.50

Stunning Wraps and Tailored Street Coats, expertly developed in duvet de laine and silvertone, some with collars of sealine or self material. Silk lined and warmly interlined.

55.00 Coats—Now 38.00

Handsome Wraps, tailored coats and sports coats, carefully fashioned of duvet de laine, silvertone, and luella cloth with collars of sealine or self material. Silk lined and warmly interlined. Also—imported tweed coats, with collars of raccoon; lined with suede velour. All wanted colors.

59.00 to 75.50 Coats—45.00

Very smart street coats and dressy wraps of luella cloth, silvertone, duvet de laine and fine tweeds from overseas, many with collars of raccoon, Australian oppossum, taupe nutria and squirrel furs.

85.00 to 95.00 Coats—68.00

Beautiful Wraps and Wrap Coats, tailored with great care in bolivia, veldyne, chamoistyne, frost glow, strictly tailored or elaborated with squirrel, taupe nutria or Australian oppossum. Handsomely silk lined.

135.00 to 195.00 Coats—95.00

A very select collection of smart wraps, fashioned of bolivia, veldyne chamoistyne and velour de Nord, with large collars of beaver, mole, squirrel, nutria or Australian oppossum. Also beautifully embroidered models. Silk lined and interlined. *Fourth Floor*

WOMEN'S MID-WINTER SUITS

In a variety of beautiful models

GREATLY REDUCED

Suits that were $49.50 to $59.50 . . *Now* 33.00
Suits that were $59.50 to $69.50 . . *Now* 43.00
Suits that were $69.50 to $75.00 . . *Now* 53.00

Strictly tailleur and fur-trimmed suits, tailored with the greatest of care in duvet de laine, yalama cloth, velour, oxford cloth, and wool jersey. Not every size in each style, but *your* size in many beautiful models. Each suit silk lined and warmly interlined. *Fourth Floor*

Women's and Misses' Fashionable

SKIRTS REDUCED

Formerly 15.75 to 19.75

Now 9.75

Skirts of a very high order in making and material, showing many variations in smart pocket and belt treatments. Made of fine quality wool plaids in a wide variety of pretty colorings.

Also at 9.75—Some very fine Skirts of good quality velveteen; also Baronette satin skirts in white and high shades.

Fourth Floor



An Opportunity Seldom Equaled—

Sale of 1500 Children's Frocks

At Savings of 1/3 to 1/2

$ 1.50 Frocks	Now Reduced to	.95
3.00 Frocks	Now Reduced to	2.25
5.00 Frocks	Now Reduced to	2.75
6.50 Frocks	Now Reduced to	3.25
7.00 Frocks	Now Reduced to	3.95
8.50 Frocks	Now Reduced to	4.50
16.00 Frocks	Now Reduced to	9.75
20.00 Frocks	Now Reduced to	12.95

Every frock in the collection taken from our regular stock and offered for the first time at these remarkable savings. Fashioned of chambray, ginghams, organdies, voiles, serges, challis, rich taffetas and jersey cloth. Sizes 2 to 6 years. Five styles *pictured*. *Fourth Floor*

BOYS' UNION SUITS

Regularly $3.00

Monday at 1.50

High-grade union suits that will give lasting service because of their excellent making. Each garment is made of very fine quality grey cotton mixed worsted yarn, and sewn with mercerized thread. Sizes 6 to 16 years. *Second Floor*

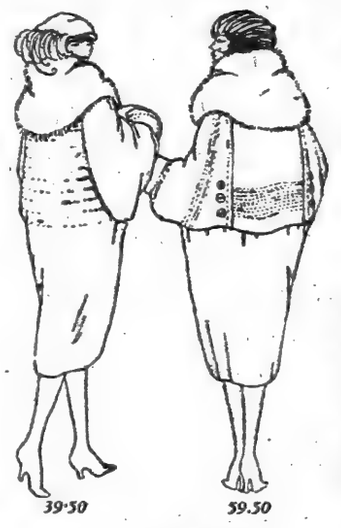
WOMEN'S EMBROIDERED JAP. SILK KIMONOS

Formerly $45.00, $40.00 and $35.00.

Reduced to 25.00

Made of beautiful Japanese silks, and richly embroidered in pastel shades. Colors: pink, blue, rose, Copenhagen, wisteria, red and black.

Third Floor



39.50 59.50

We will offer Monday Exceptional Values in a Special Presentation of

Misses' Wraps and Coats

At 39.50

Regularly 49.50 to 59.50—

Fur-Collared Wraps and Coats, developed in the season's most favored fabrics, including bolivia, chamo velour, luella and polo, combined with the smartest of furs. Beautifully silk lined. Sizes 14, 16 and 18 years.

At 59.50

Regularly 75.00 to 95.00—

Coats and Wraps that are a joy to own—luxurious in fur and fabric. Developed in fortuna, velde cygne, chamo bolivia and chamoistyne, with collars of Australian oppossum, taupe nutria and Hudson Seal.

Second Floor

Dance and Restaurant

Frocks for Misses

Designed for Holiday Festivities and Very Specially Priced



39.50 39.50

At 19.50

Frocks of shimmering taffeta and soft chiffons, with the tiniest of ruffles for trimming, and the added charm of metal, ribbon, silver lace and lovely French flowers.

At 35.00

Frocks that might have stepped out of the past, so quaintly are they fashioned—and so becomingly! A draped skirt displays more than a hint of lace petticoat—a pointed bodice has adornment of silver lace.

At 39.50—Restaurant frocks that are a dream of lovely Chantilly lace in brown or black, that falls softly over supple satin—the bouffant effect achieved by side panels of tulle. And if you prefer light colors, there are changeable taffeta frocks with tiny ruffled peplums, scalloped and petal draperies, in sunset, clover pink, turquoise, Nile, maize, orchid, azure blue and white. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Fourth Floor



49.50

WOMEN'S EVENING and DINNER GOWNS

Regularly 69.50 and 75.00

Special at 49.50

The model pictured has taken its inspiration from a "Jenny" origination—others have smart pointed tunics of graceful draperies—developed in Swiss Taffeta, Gros de Londre, or taffeta combined with silver lamie lace. In Flanders rose, pink, turquoise, orchid and maize. Or you may choose frocks of rich chiffon velvet in rose, American Beauty and white. Sizes 34 to 42.

Handsome

DINNER FROCKS

of lace and chenille dotted net

55.00

There is nothing smarter for restaurant wear or informal occasions than these distinctive frocks. Chenille dotted net is the last word in fashionable gowning, and it has been tastefully combined with satin to develop the handsome frock pictured. In black and brown.

Fourth Floor



55.00

SALE BEGINNING MONDAY

1000 Pairs Women's and Misses' Fashionable Boots

None before sold at less than 10.50—the majority at 12.50

Now Reduced to

7.50



The finest boots made for the present season, in a variety of models so extensive you cannot help but find *just the style* you desire. Models for dress or street wear—the workmanship of each pair exceptionally well done—developed in

Brown Kidskin, Tan Russia Calfskin, Patent Colskin, and Gun Metal Leather of the finest grades

Louis XV, Military and Cuban heels. All sizes and widths.

Second Floor

HIGH-GRADE CORSETS

REGULARLY 5.00 to 8.00

Reduced to 3.65

Several of the best known makes are included in this assortment. Made of fancy brocade, coutil and batiste. In flesh and white. Sizes incomplete. *Third Floor*

PORTO RICAN HERE TO ASK HOME RULE

President of Senate on Way to Confer With President-Elect Harding.

LOYAL TO UNITED STATES

People Opposed to Territorial Form of Government—Want State Rights or Protected Independence.

Antonio R. Barcelo, leader of the Unionist Party and President of the Senate of Porto Rico, has arrived in this country on his way to Washington to confer with President-elect Harding and Felix Cordova Davila, Resident Commissioner for Porto Rico, in an effort to have a more complete form of government established in his country. He said yesterday at the Belmont Hotel that Porto Rico would like to have her status fixed for all time and to have the Governor and the executive heads of departments elected by popular vote.

What will be the political future of Porto Rico is a question that Porto Ricans believe should be answered, Mr. Barcelo said. For years, he said, Porto Ricans were not even considered citizens of this country. Now that they have been admitted to citizenship, he believes it time that the question was answered whether the island will receive full State rights or obtain an independent government under American protection. In any case, he said, she does not want a territorial form of government.

"Porto Rico is well satisfied with the treatment given her by the United States and has absolute confidence in the ability and desire of the American people to solve her problems," said Mr. Barcelo.

"All propaganda which tends to show that the Porto Rican is not loyal to the United States is absolutely false; its falsity was proved during the recent World War, when Porto Rico voluntarily offered its sons to fight for the cause of America, and this was long before the application of the draft here was even considered. Apart from this, the island invested more than eleven millions in Liberty Bonds and prepared more than sixteen thousand soldiers, who were prevented from going to France by the signing of the armistice.

"Our political adversaries use 'Americanism' as a subterfuge and catch phrase, pretending to be extremely pro-American, and attempt to stigmatize as 'anti-American' all those who oppose a colonial system of government, for that is, after all, what a territorial government practically amounts to, putting, as it does, the government of a country in the hands of persons in whose choice the people have had no voice. Reduced to final terms, this is but the policy of carpet-baggers, who, finding it impossible to 'aspire to power legitimately by the vote of the people, attempt to appeal to official favor by a policy of aggression toward the expression of all traditional sentiment, pretending to find it disloyal to the United States and its glorious flag.

"It is not true that the Unionist Party is opposed to the teaching of English in the schools of Porto Rico. This charge is but propaganda of its political opponents used in an attempt to prove that the Unionists are anti-American.

"It is a most regrettable fact that the Socialist Party is practically a copy of the Soviet Party, an enemy to existing social order, even to using the red flag. Governor Yager is well liked by the Porto Rico people who desire him to be continued as their Chief Executive as long as possible. To sum it all up Porto Rico is loyal to the American flag and wears the badge of her citizenship with as much pride as do any other American citizens."

TO STUDY ZIONIST NEEDS.

Sir Alfred Mond, Financier, Will Make Tour of Palestine.

LONDON, Dec. 24 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)—Announcement was made today that Sir Alfred Mond, British financier, will leave Jan. 5 for Palestine, where he will spend some time studying conditions in connection with extensive Zionist plans for the country's development. It is considered probable that he will be accompanied by Professor Chayim Weizmann, President of the English Zionist Federation of London.

In the event Professor Weizmann goes to Palestine it is expected a trip to America, which he contemplated making next month, will be indefinitely postponed.

IN THE CURRENT WEEK

Today.

The annual convention of the Intercollegiate Zionist Association will be opened at the Jewish Theological Seminary, 531 West 122d street, at 9:30 A. M.

Dr. Henry Neumann will speak on "The Rewards of the Moral Life," before the Brick Ethical Culture Society at the Woodstock Library, 750 East 160th Street, at 11 A. M.

Anna C. Chandler will talk on "On Christmas Eve" at the children's story hour at the Metropolitan Museum of Art, at 2 and 3 P. M.

Margaret Sanger will lecture on "What Every Man Should Know" under the auspices of The Fine Arts Guild at Hunts Point Palace, 163d Street and Southern Boulevard, at 8:30 P. M.

There will be a meeting of the Comité [illegible] de New York at 2:30 Broadway, at 3 P. M.

The Young Ladies' League for the Aid of Needy Families will hold its subscription dance at the Hotel Pennsylvania beginning at 9:30 P. M.

Clement Haupt will lecture on "The Use of [illegible] Life" at the Metropolitan Museum of Art at 4 P. M.

[illegible] program of entertainment at the Harlem Forum, at Wadleigh High School, 114th Street and Seventh Avenue, at 8:15 P. M.

Professors of Harvard and the New York University will debate, "Resolved, That the Immediate Reorganization of Russia on Land Be Nationalized," at the Jewish Center, 121 West Eighty-sixth Street, at 8:30 P. M.

Louis L. Anspacher will speak on "The Russian Revolution in the Light of American Literature," under the auspices of the Brick Ethic Forum, at P. S. 84, Hamilton and Stone Avenues, Brooklyn, at 8 P. M.

The clubs and classes of the Educational Alliance will present a Pilgrim Pageant by Esther Willard Bates in the Straus Auditorium, 197 East Broadway, at 8 P. M. It will be repeated every evening at the same hour and place through Thursday.

There will be a concert of Ukrainian music under the auspices of the Music League of the People's Institute at Cooper Union, beginning at 8:15 P. M.

Charles Hann Kennedy and Edith Wynne Matthison will read Mr. Kennedy's "The Servant in the House" at the Community Forum, 108 West Sixty-fifth Street, at 8:15 P. M.

Tomorrow.

The [illegible] meeting of the Society of Biblical Literature and Exegesis will open at the General Theological Seminary, 175 Ninth Avenue, at 2 P. M., and continue through [illegible].

United States Senator William M. Calder will speak on "The Housing Situation" before the Marquette Club at the Hotel Commodore at [illegible].

Rabbi [illegible] will lecture on "Human [illegible]" under the auspices of The [illegible] Temple, Fifth Avenue and Seventy-second Avenue, at 8:30 P. M.

Tuesday.

[illegible] meeting of the Council of the Boy Scouts of America will be the guests of John Mason Brown at a dinner at the Hotel Commodore at the opening.

The annual meeting of the Eastern Division of the American Philosophical Association will open with an Executive Committee meeting at the Murray Hill Hotel at 4:30 P. M. and a smoker in Room 301, Philosophy Hall, Columbia University, at 8 P. M.

C. P. Metzger will deliver an illustrated lecture on "Some Experiences with Snakes and Turtles" before the Linnaean Society at the American Museum of Natural History at 8 P. M.

Edward Howard Griggs will speak on "The Individual and the State," under the auspices of the People's Institute, at Cooper Union, at 8 P. M.

Irving W. Fay will speak on "Current Events" before the Traffic Club of New York at the Waldorf-Astoria, at 8 P. M.

Norman Hapgood will speak on "American Relations to Russia" at the Broadway Tabernacle Forum, Broadway and Fifty-sixth Street, at 8:15 P. M.

Will Durant will lecture on "Poverty" under the auspices of the Educational and Cultural Society at the Parkview Palace, 110th Street and Fifth Avenue, at 8:30 P. M.

Wednesday.

There will be sessions of the Eastern Division of the American Philosophical Association in Room 301, Philosophy Hall, Columbia University, beginning at 9:30 A. M. and 2 P. M. The association's dinner will be at the Westminster Hotel in the evening.

Dr. Holmes W. Merton will speak on "Solving the Human Equation" at a Kiwanis luncheon at the Hotel McAlpin, beginning at 12:30 P. M.

The first free motion pictures for school children will be shown under the auspices of the Board of Education at the Washington Irving High School, Fifteenth Street and Irving Place, beginning at 2:30 P. M.

The Intercollegiate Conference on Labor and Radical Movements called by the Intercollegiate Socialist Society will open at the Rand School of Social Science, 7 East Fifteenth Street, at 2:30 P. M.

Samuel Untermyer, Scott Nearing, Morris Hillquit and others will speak on "Is Capitalism Collapsing?" at the annual dinner of the Intercollegiate Socialist Society at the Yorkville Casino, 210 East Eighty-sixth Street, beginning at 6:30 P. M.

The Harlem Council of Women will give an entertainment to classes of the foreign born at the Library at 224 East 125th Street, beginning at 7 P. M.

Andre Tridon will lecture on "Psychoanalysis and Insanity," under the auspices of The Fine Arts Guild, at the Parkview Palace, 110th Street and Fifth Avenue, at 8:30 P. M.

Thursday.

There will be sessions of the Eastern Division of the American Philosophical Association in Room 301 Philosophy Hall, Columbia University, beginning at 10 A. M., 2 P. M. and 3 P. M.

"How to Stimulate Radical Thought in Colleges" will be the subject at the conference under the auspices of the Intercollegiate Socialist Society at the Rand School, 7 East Fifteenth Street, beginning at 10 A. M. There will be a session on "Industrial Revolution in Theory and Practice" at 2:30 P. M. and another on "College Men and Women in Labor and Radical Movements," at 8 P. M.

Margaret Sanger will lecture on "Preparations for Parenthood," under the auspices of the Fine Arts Guild, at the Parkview Palace, 110th Street and Fifth Avenue, at 8:30 P. M.

Friday.

Eleanor Markell will lecture on "Reconstruction in Italy" at the Hotel Plaza at 11:30 A. M.

Everett Dean Martin will speak on "Nietzsche, the Social Psychologist," under the auspices of the People's Institute, at Cooper Union at 8 P. M.

Saturday.

Walter Pach will lecture on "Some Aspects of Modern Art" at the Metropolitan Museum of Art at 4 P. M.

Rose Pastor Stokes will read and there will be musical entertainment at the Comaraderie of the Intercollegiate Socialist Society at the Civic Club, 14 West Twelfth Street, beginning at 4 P. M.

The Young Folks Auxiliary to the Home of the Daughters of Jacob will hold a ball for the benefit of the home at the Hotel Commodore in the evening.

REAL ESTATE

A man knowing conditions regarding downtown office renting can make a permanent connection with one of the largest downtown real estate firms.

Write R. E., Box 372, City Hall Station.

JANUARY SALE

Prices in Effect

December 27th

FURS

Dresses Blouses
Cloth Coats Millinery

Balch, Price & Co.
FULTON & SMITH STREETS
BROOKLYN

Established Nearly a Century.

Gimbels Men's Clothing Shop Fourth Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY

For Other Gimbel News See Sections 1 and 3.

JUST HALF PRICE

Every Man's OVERCOAT AND SUIT

(except Full Dress, Tuxedo and Cutaway Suits)

January Clearance At Exactly One Half the Original Prices

Even the Men's Raincoats, the Trousers and the Mackinaws —every last one of them at One Half its Original Price

Society Brand Clothes and ten other nationally known brands of the best of clothing for Men. The labels are there—they tell their own tale. And so are all the original price tags—they tell theirs! Blue-pencilled to just *one-half!*

Thirty-three thousand square feet of space, 105 tables piled with the choicest merchandise that the country affords. What a display! At nine o'clock tomorrow morning we will throw open our doors to this greatest of all our sales.

Half price now. January Clearance now instead of in January.

One Half the Original Prices

Men's Winter Overcoats

400	*Half Price: Now*	$25.00
372	*Half Price: Now*	37.50
250	*Half Price: Now*	45.00
385	*Half Price: Now*	50.00
525	*Half Price: Now*	62.50

One Half the Original Prices

Men's Winter Suits

300	*Half Price: Now*	$25.00
400	*Half Price: Now*	37.50
625	*Half Price: Now*	45.00
1800	*Half Price: Now*	50.00
1200	*Half Price: Now*	62.50

One Half the Original Prices

Men's Raincoats

978	*Half Price: Now*	$ 7.50
300	*Half Price: Now*	11.25
200	*Half Price: Now*	15.00
250	*Half Price: Now*	18.75
475	*Half Price: Now*	23.75
200	*Half Price: Now*	30.00

One Half the Original Prices

Men's Odd Trousers

105	*Half Price: Now*	$3.75
302	*Half Price: Now*	4.75
175	*Half Price: Now*	6.25
612	*Half Price: Now*	8.25
415	*Half Price: Now*	10.00
604	*Half Price: Now*	12.50

Men's Winter Mackinaws and Pea Jackets

The Famous "Patrick" Mackinaws	*Half Price: Now*	$15.00
The Famous "Schuerman" Mackinaws	*Half Price: Now*	12.50
A Famous Make of PEA JACKETS	*Half Price: Now*	12.50



GIMBELS MEN'S CLOTHING SHOP—FOURTH FLOOR.

Brooklyn, Long Island and New Jersey Customers Direct to Gimbels via Tubes and Subways

REMOVAL IS SOUGHT OF MANY CITY HEADS

Realty Board's Plan for Efficient Administration to Be Urged on Governor.

MOUNTING TAXES DEPLORED

Experts Assert Changes in Charter Would Save at Least $26,560,338 Yearly.

A preliminary report by the City Government Committee of the Real Estate Board of New York on reorganization of the City Administration states that at least $26,560,338 could be saved by changes in the city charter. Some of the changes suggested are purely administrative and could be put into effect by the heads of the Mayor's departments, the Board of Aldermen, the Board of Estimate and the Borough Presidents.

The report will be printed for distribution among civic and taxpayers' associations interested in reducing the cost of government, and on Jan. 6 there will be a conference to reach some agreement on a plan to be submitted to the Governor, whose assistance will be asked to change the charter.

Many of the alterations suggested require legislative enactments, and others cannot be made without constitutional amendments. Part of the report of the board reads:

"The financial condition of the city is so grave and the burden on the taxpayer and rentpayer so severe that remedial measures must be taken. The budget even now cannot be levied in its entirety, because the Constitution of the State limits the amount that can be levied on real estate for local purposes, outside of the debt service, to 2 per cent. This makes it necessary to raise by other means $27,000,000, admitted to be required for the public schools.

"The assessed valuation of real property raised arbitrarily, for no other reason than that additional moneys were needed to support the Government, is $1,500,000,000 higher than in 1919, and 25,000 objections have been filed to its confirmation.

Think Courts Will Make Cut.

"Many of these objections, although denied by the Department of Taxes and Assessments, will be reviewed successfully by the courts and the total assessed valuation greatly lowered.

"The city next year probably will face a declining market in real property and must lower its assessed values. It is certain that unless prompt action is taken and a proper reorganization of City and County Governments effected, the time will soon come when the city either will be obliged to seek a constitutional amendment permitting a greater amount than 2 per cent. to be levied on real estate or face an illegal tax levy."

A memorandum shows how the high cost of government can be reduced in some measure. It reads:

"Amend the charter and make the City Chamberlain an elected officer and City Auditor with three votes in the Board of Estimate. This would enable the Legislature to abolish the Commissioner of Accounts and eliminate the Bureau of Audit in the Controller's office, the Auditing Bureaus of the Board of Education and of all the other bureaus and departments and the various pension bureaus and the Bureau of Law and Adjustment in the Controller's office, also the Bureau of Real Estate Awards.

Wants Chamberlain Appointed.

"The office of City Chamberlain could be filled immediately by appointment of Governor Miller to serve until Dec. 31 and a successor elected next Fall for six years.

"The Collector is now appointed. He should be elected and have three votes in the Board of Estimate. Governor Miller could appoint such a Collector to hold office until Dec. 31, 1921, his successor to be elected next Fall and to hold office for six years, the Legislature to abolish the Department of Licenses, the Bureau of Weights and Measures, the License Bureau in the City Clerk's Office, the Water Revenue Bureau in the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity, Department of Ferries, the Department of Markets. The Legislature could transfer the collection of taxes, assessments, water rates, ferry revenues, dock fees and rents to the proper departments of city revenue.

"The Tenement House Department should be consolidated in part with the Building Bureaus and in part with the Board of Health.

"The Legislature should create a department of public works to take over all public work including docks and bridges, building of school houses, abolish the Department of Plant and Structures and all Borough Public Works Departments."

45,000,000 CHINESE STARVING

One in Every Seven Facing Death Unless Promptly Helped.

The famine in five northern provinces of China threatens to surpass in the number of its victims all recorded calamities, says a statement issued yesterday by the American Committee for China Famine Fund, with headquarters in the Bible House.

There are 45,000,000 Chinese directly affected, a number greater than the entire urban population of the United States, according to the statement, and equal to the male population of this country. A Chinese famine sufferer could be placed every 250 feet along every public road in this country. Of China's 320,000,000 inhabitants one in every seven is in danger of starvation.

It is stated that 15,000,000 face death unless they get immediate help. The famine death rate is now 10,000 a day. Standing shoulder to shoulder, this would make a solid line nearly three miles long. It would crowd 100 street cars and fill nearly 1,500 seven-passenger automobiles. Dying at the rate of one each second, the daily toll among these famine victims would require two and three-quarters hours. The famine area in the northern provinces covers 90,000 square miles.

President Wilson has appointed Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co. Chairman of the American Committee for China Famine Fund, and a national organization has been built up to send supplies and money to the affected districts. The Red Cross has appropriated $500,000 for famine relief, and The Christian Herald China Famine Fund is raising money for the same purpose.

RELIEF FOR BRAZIL.

Government Accepts Plans to Meet Unfavorable Exchange Situation.

RIO JANEIRO, Dec. 24.—At a special meeting of the Directors of the Commercial Association the President of the organization announced that the Government had acted favorably on three suggestions advanced by the commercial men for relief from the situation growing out of the unfavorable exchange conditions.

He stated that the Government debts to the Brazilian Lloyd Steamship Company would be paid immediately, auctions of warehouse goods, except where they are perishable, would be suspended and a rediscounting department of the Bank of Brazil would begin immediate operations. The President announced that the master of auctions and other suggestions would depend for their execution upon action of Congress.

Pre-Inventory Sale

Of Men's and Young Men's

SUITS

At Half Price

Entire Stock of

$110	Suits Now	$55.00
$95	Suits Now	$47.50
$85	Suits Now	$42.50
$75	Suits Now	$37.50
$65	Suits Now	$32.50
$60	Suits Now	$30.00
$55	Suits Now	$27.50
$48.50	Suits Now	$24.25

No C. O. D.'s, Returns Or Approvals

400 Young Men's Suits

Only one and two of a kind—mostly in medium weights—all are well tailored and styled throughout, and are exceptionally good buys at this low price.

Special $19.75

Sizes 34 to 40

600 Young Men's Ulster Type Overcoats

$25

Formerly $39.75 to $55

Sizes 34 to 40

Good, all around coats that hold their own for style and warmth in any company and in any weather. The assortments are broad enough to please every taste—the radical as well as the conservative.

For a Quick Clearance

Men's All Leather High Shoes

$6.45

Formerly $14.50

Tan and Black Calf, Vici Kid—Norwegian grain—some in Tan and Black with suede tops. In the following sizes, but not in every style:

Sizes 7 to 9—A and AA Widths Only.
Sizes 6½ to 8—B Widths Only.

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue and 35th Street

Men's Clothes Shop—Second Floor

SPECIAL SALE

until end of week

All remaining Model Fur Coats, Scarfs and Muffs

at 50% reduction

from original prices

REINER FUR SHOP

24 West 39th St.

IMPORTANT FINANCIAL CHARTS

The Annual Review of The Annalist, January 3, 1921, will contain three important charts:

Stock Exchange averages for the last nine years—1912 to 1920.
Bond Chart, 1912 to 1920.
Chart of the food cost of living, 1914 to 1920.

This special issue will also publish the complete record of stock market transactions for 1920. It will give authoritative surveys of the financial, commercial and economic conditions of the United States in 1920, and present forecasts on the probable trend of financial, industrial and economic developments in 1921.

ANNUAL REVIEW OF THE ANNALIST

January 3, 1921

Published by The New York Times Co.

Order in advance from your newsdealer

W. & J. SLOANE

FIFTH AVENUE AT FORTY-SEVENTH STREET

New York

AN ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR Sweeping Readjustment Sale has proved to be, as we said it would—the most important event of its kind in recent years.

THE values were so extraordinary, and the selections so large and complete, that it received the endorsement of thousands of satisfied buyers.

WE now find, in its closing days, certain lines which are incomplete in assortment, yet highly desirable in every other respect. Rather than take them on our inventory, we decided to further reduce them to

PRICES SO ATTRACTIVE AS TO MAKE CERTAIN THEIR SALE BY FRIDAY NIGHT

These exceptional values merit the serious consideration of everyone.

The assortment comprises

FURNITURE	ORIENTAL RUGS
ODD CHAIRS and TABLES	DOMESTIC RUGS
MIRRORS	HOOKED and BRAIDED RUGS
DRAPERY FABRICS	CARPETS

Among these goods you may find the very article you desire—AT A PRICE SURPRISINGLY LOW.

WE shall say nothing further in detail regarding the savings represented. We prefer to let these values make their own appeal to those who are sufficiently interested to visit our establishment—the saving will repay them for their trouble.

The sale of these articles will start tomorrow morning and will positively close on Friday night.

NO APPROVALS NO GOODS RESERVED NO RETURNS

Free delivery to all shipping points in the United States

DOORS WILL OPEN AT 9 A. M.

SEES SLIGHT CUT IN FACTORY WAGES

53 Cents Less Per Week for Half Million Workers, Says State Report.

MANY INDUSTRIES ACTIVE

Decline in Food Prices Continues, Dropping 2½ Per Cent. for November-October.

Earnings of factory workers in this State have only decreased slightly, although unemployment has grown steadily since last Spring as a result of the industrial depression, according to the Bureau of Statistics of the State Industrial Commission. There was a decrease in November, as compared with October, of 23 cents in the average weekly earnings of the 545,000 employes covered by manufacturers' reports to the bureau. In November the average weekly earnings were $28.70, and the average weekly earnings for June, July, August, September, and October were, respectively, $28.71, $28.49, $28.71, $28.73 and $28.93.

The first evidence of a slump in industrial activity appeared last April, but the average earnings of factory employes continued to advance until June. Since then, with the exception of a small increase reported in July, due to vacations, and a small gain in October, the average earning in manufacturing has remained practically stationary.

"There are several factors that explain the failure of average earnings to assume a downward movement so far," the bureau points out. "In the first place, numerous increases in wage rates were granted to many employes during last Summer. These high rates are still operative, although a few isolated cuts in wage rates were reported during October and November. The fact that several highly-paid industries, such as jewelry and silverware, steel, railway equipment, paper, printing, and light and power, still maintain, or have maintained until a short time ago, a high level of activity, constitutes a second factor. The high earnings in these industries helped to offset decreases in earnings reported in other industries. A third factor is the tendency among many employers to lay off part of their employes rather than to retain all of them on part-time work. Finally, the tendency is to lay off the unskilled and less efficient first and to retain the more skilled workers and foremen. This explains the increases or lack of decreases reported during November in some industries where reductions in working forces did not result in lower average earnings. The chief force tending to reduce factory workers' earnings up to the present time has been part-time work rather than wage reductions.

"The most notable reductions in average earnings during November appear in the clothing industries, as the result of part-time work and seasonal inactivity. In November average weekly earnings in the industry were $[illegible] as in October, and of [illegible] ago. The [illegible] industry showed a reduction of $2.25 in October, and of $2.17 as compared with November [illegible]. Women's clothing shows a [illegible] in its earnings during [illegible] a decrease of $1.72 in November as compared with the [illegible] furnishings industries [illegible] decreases in average earnings during November were reported in a number of other industries. The largest [illegible] in the coal mining industries, which [illegible] to $4.18 per week, in the coal [illegible] part-time work at some plants [illegible] and also to [illegible] industry, which [illegible] drop of $2.96 in November [illegible] to two dollars in [illegible] from October to November occurred in the fur goods industry. This gain amounts to $6.20 and is the result of high seasonal activity. Increases of one to two dollars were reported in silverware and jewelry, structural and architectural iron, oil products, and groceries. In most cases the increases in average earnings accompany reductions in working forces and appear to be due to the dismissal of the lower-paid workers. The increase in earnings in the oil products industries is the result of greater activity in plants producing petroleum products.

"The decline in retail food prices in the United States, which began in July, continued during November. According to the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, the retail cost of food dropped 2½ per cent. for the country as a whole from October to November. Since July the drop amounts to 12 per cent. Compared with June, 1914, the retail cost of food in the United States was 95 per cent. higher in November, 1920, whereas the November average earning of New York State factory workers was 129 per cent. higher. Among the cities of the State the decreases in retail food prices during November are 1 per cent. for New York City and Rochester and 3 per cent. for Buffalo. Since July the decrease amounts to 10 per cent. for Buffalo and Rochester, and 9 per cent. for New York City."

TEACH WELLESLEY MAIDS.

Undergraduates Conduct Classes in Many Subjects for Servants.

WELLESLEY, Mass., Dec. 25.—The housemaids of Wellesley College have a curriculum of their own that makes for a college within the college. The servants have been found to rival their sister students of the undergraduate body in their thirst for knowledge and thirty-five are enrolled in courses that vary from pianoforte instruction to commercial training. One waitress who has exhausted a high school geometry book in a few months is preparing with independent study for admission to the college itself, bent on obtaining a degree. Her instructors say she is well advanced toward her ambition of exchanging the cap of service for the academic gown.

The college within the college is administered by Miss Dorothy M. Stevens of West Hartford, Conn., a graduate, as President, and has as its Faculty thirty-six other upper class students of the college. Music is the most popular course of the curriculum, which includes instruction in several instruments. Typewriting and shorthand classes have many members and several maids have graduated from service at the dormitory rooms and dining tables to a professional secretarial school, where they are finishing their preparation for commercial careers. There are classes also in English and in sewing, and in the latter the maids have been able to show their instructors both new stitches and old sewing ideas. Dancing classes are conducted as extra-curriculum activities and have a large attendance.

The auxiliary college idea is supported not only by the separate Faculty and courses but also by established tuition fees and a regulated dormitory life. The servant students live at Lake House on the shore of Lake Waban, formerly a student dormitory, where they have study rooms and reception hall in which from time to time they act as hostesses to members of their Faculty, while the college students return the courtesy as hostesses to the maids in socials at the barn.

FOR OTHER GIMBEL NEWS SEE SECTIONS 1 AND 2.

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY

Reduced 50%

Our Entire Stock of New

Imported Rich Gold and Silver Silk Brocades

FROM PARIS

$100,000 Worth in All

At One-Half of the October First Prices

YOU PAY $9.25 PER YARD

YOU PAY $11.25 PER YARD

YOU PAY $15.00 PER YARD

Prices Quoted Are the Prices You Pay

★ ★ ★

Original Price Tickets Now on Goods.

You Make Your Own Deductions at Time of Purchase.

We will also place on sale

1000 Yards Imported Chiffon Velvets

Below Cost To Us **$6.95** October First Prices

Usually selling at close to twice this price—in six desirable shades.

Sapphire blue, Copenhagen blue, Light blue, Navy blue, Dark brown, Black.

40 INCH SATIN CREPES $2.95 A rich, heavy quality in street and evening shades.

GEORGETTE CREPES $1.25 In the richer, costlier quality in full range of colors.

40 INCH SILK FOULARDS $2.25 A very fine quality in various designs on navy or Copenhagen and black.

IMPORTED BLACK DRESS TAFFETAS In chiffon finish, excellent quality; 38 inches wide. $1.95

40 INCH BLACK SATIN In heavy, rich, lustrous quality. $3.85

COLORED DRESS SATINS A heavy quality, lustrous finish; 35 inches wide. $1.95

GIMBELS SILK SHOP—Second Floor.

Annual Sale of Gossard Corsets and Brassieres



Gossard Corsets, *"They Lace in Front,"* and their many virtues are too well-known to require emphasis here. A mere announcement that their prices are

⅓ to ½ Below Regular

is sufficient to make this event a success. Gossard Corsets are the most popular and most perfect fitting front-laced Corsets made. Every model included conforms to the 1921 silhouette.

Gossard Corsets of Flesh Novelty or Plain Materials, low and medium bust models. **2.95** regularly 5.00 and 6.00

Gossard Corsets of handsome Flesh Broche for medium figure, long straight hip line. **5.50** regularly 10.00



Gossard Corsets of handsome Silk Broche for the larger figure, low bust and extra long skirt. **9.50** regularly 13.75

Gossard Corsets of handsome Silk Boche for medium short figures. **7.00** regularly 12.50

Gossard Corsets of Flesh Brocade for medium figures; of embroidered Batiste for slender figures. **4.25** regularly 7.00

Gossard Brassieres, bandeaux models; open back, of novelty cloths. **55c** regularly 1.00

Brassieres of Mesh materials; open back and front. **39c** regularly 75c

Suedine Bandeaux; open back model in flesh color. **1.65** regularly 2.50

Brassieres of various materials, lace, embroidery and satin combinations; open front or back. **2.65** regularly 5.00 and 6.00

(Third Floor)

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue *34th Street*

UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC SALE OF EXTRAORDINARY IMPORTANCE

At The American Art Galleries

Madison Square South, New York

ON FREE VIEW TOMORROW (MONDAY) and Continuing All Christmas Week

TO BE SOLD ON THE AFTERNOONS OF JANUARY 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, BEGINNING AT 2:00 O'CLOCK

Antique Oriental Art Treasures

BEAUTIFUL OLD SINGLE-COLOR, FIVE-COLOR AND FINE BLUE AND WHITE CHINESE PORCELAINS; ALSO ANTIQUE CHINESE IVORIES, CLOISONNE ENAMELS, BRONZES, JADES AND CURIOS.

Being the Entire Extensive and Exceedingly Rare Collection of the

ART HOUSE, INCORPORATED

12 EAST 41ST STREET

CLARENCE J. DEARDEN, MANAGER

SUCCESSOR TO THOMAS B. CLARKE

ESTABLISHED IN 1891

***DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE BY MR. DANA H. CARROLL, PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED, WILL BE MAILED TO APPLICANTS ON RECEIPT OF ONE DOLLAR.

The Sale Will Be Conducted by Mr. THOMAS E. KIRBY and his assistants, MR. OTTO BERNET and MR. H. H. PARKE

AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers

Madison Sq. South, Entrance 6 E. 23d Street, New York.



January 1st we leave the downtown district for

FIFTY-SEVENTH STREET

The New Shopping Center

and this entire week we will dispose of our stock, including the most attractive

TOYS GAMES
JUVENILE BOOKS
NOVELTIES

25%

Below Former Prices

STRAUSS TOY SHOPS

INCORPORATED.

308 Fifth Avenue (Near 33rd St.)

BRANCHES: PENNSYLVANIA STATION..... 2 SHOPS
HUDSON TERMINAL CONCOURSE..... 2 SHOPS
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. ..... 2 SHOPS

New Year Gifts

SUGGESTIONS THAT SHOULD AID YOUR CHOICE

Bar Pins, Bracelet Watches, Brooches, Cuff Links, DIAMONDS, Dinner Rings, Emblem Rings, Fancy Stone Rings, Gold Knives, LAVALLIERES, Toilet Sets, Scarf Pins, Signet Rings, WATCHES, Silverware



A STORE—NOT AN OFFICE

CASTLE CONFIDENTIAL CREDIT 1374 Broadway 2 DOORS ABOVE 37th St.

$25.00 $1.00 Weekly
$50.00 $1.00 Weekly
$100.00 $2.00 Weekly

Call or Write for Book of Gems. Open Daily 'Till 6 P. M. Saturday 'Till 9 P. M.

GRAHAM BROTHERS SPEED TRUCK

1½ Ton Complete with Body and Cab

$2885

GRAHAM BROTHERS FACTORY BRANCH

617 W. 57th St.

Phone Circle 6521 for demonstration

SELL YOUR

AUTO at AUCTION

Gigantic Auto Auction to Be Held at

MADISON SQ. GARDEN

January 10, 11, 12, 13

List your car now. Entry fee $10. For full particulars inquire office, MADISON SQUARE GARDEN AUTOMOBILE AUCTION SALES CO., 11 W. 30th St.

PEISER & POTTER, Auctioneers

TELEPHONE LONGACRE 2[illegible]

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS ACTIVITIES.

To understand the proceedings of the League of Nations now in session at Geneva it is important to be familiar with the preliminaries prior to the assembly. These are given in detail, together with the members, applicants and the invited members, and other important facts, in CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE for December. This is one of the 40 important features in that issue. Now on sale on news stands.—Adv.

Grain and Cotton

Readjustment of commodity values is of special interest at this time. Daily market letters sent upon request.

Correspondence Invited.

E. W. Wagner & Co.

Established 1887

Members { New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade

33 NEW STREET, NEW YORK
208 SO. LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO

Branches { 14 East 44th St. Mad. Av. & 42d St. 26 Court St., Brooklyn

Nor.Pac.-Gt.Northern Joint 4%

Due July 1, 1921

(Chicago, Burlington & Quincy stock as collateral)

Selling to Yield 11%

BOND DEPARTMENT

Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

165 Broadway, New York

BRANCHES
Hotel Belgravia, B'way & 77th St
Hotel Breslin, B'way & 29th St
5 East 44th St.

COCHRANE HARPER & CO

111 Broadway NEW YORK — 60 State St. BOSTON

Invincible Oil Corporation

Latest circular on request.

WEEKLY LETTER
Giving current news and development of
INDEPENDENT & STANDARD OILS
Furnished upon request.

Columbia Gas & Electric Co

First Mortgage Sinking Fund 5s

Due January 1, 1927

Price at Market to Yield Over 8.60%

Circular on Application

COGGESHALL AND HICKS

Members New York Stock Exchange
128 BROADWAY
203 WEST 79TH STREET
NEW YORK

We specialize in

Mexican Securities

Quotations and full information on request.

Foreign Bonds
Foreign Exchange

Phone Broad 7490

Einstein, Ward & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

MAIN OFFICE 25 Broad St. — UPTOWN BRANCH Delmonico's
Broad Exchange Bldg. 44th St. & 5th Av.

RELIEF IS NEEDED BY INSURANCE MEN

Legislature Will Be Asked to Extend Time for Disposing of Stocks.

ONLY A FOURTH SOLD SO FAR

Life Companies Worried Over Possibility of Having to Sell at a Sacrifice.

Three of the big New York life insurance companies, the Equitable, the Metropolitan and the Mutual, will face an uncomfortable problem in 1921 if the next State Legislature fails to extend again the time in which they will be allowed to dispose of their stock holdings, as prescribed in the law of 1906. In a stock market such as the one which has prevailed for the last few weeks the sale of an aggregate of $41,750,383 par value of various stocks held by the companies mentioned would entail a heavy loss, and it is hoped that an extension will be granted to the companies.

"The question among insurance and financial men, with one more year of grace, is," according to The Wall Street Journal, "as to whether these holdings can be marketed at values satisfactory to the holders in the time allowed. Statistics show that in the thirteen years since the law was enacted the companies have disposed of scarcely a quarter of their stock holdings. At this rate, their books will not be entirely clear of stocks on Dec. 31, 1921, unless they are governed by the approach of the time limit rather than the opportunities of the market.

"This is explained by the fact that, as reported by the companies, within the thirteen years since the law was made they have disposed of stocks whenever they could sell at no disadvantage to their own interests, and it is held that if the market in that period was no more favorable than to allow the companies to dispose of only one-quarter of their holdings the remaining year will not offer the proper market conditions to allow them to unload the balance at satisfactory prices.

"Life company officials have indicated that they will stand on the rights of their policy and stockholders in the matter and that they will oppose any attempt to enforce the law in disregard thereof. In view of this an appeal to the Legislature for an extension is not considered unlikely.

"Two extensions, which carried the date when the law was to take effect up to Dec. 31, 1921, have already been granted. The first was granted in 1911, the original year when the act was to take effect, five years after it became law through the efforts of former Governor Hughes. The extension period was five years, the same time as was allowed before original enforcement was intended. In 1913, all the companies still held a large majority of their stock holdings, and another five-year extension to Dec. 31, 1921, was allowed.

"Figures show that market conditions since 1906 have worked against quick disposing of holdings. The insurance company reports as of Dec. 31, 1905, show that the three big companies, Equitable Life Assurance Company, Metropolitan Life and Mutual, held stocks of a par value of $57,538,363 and a book value of $115,342,602. Many of them were purchased far above par. At the close of 1919 the stocks held by the three companies had reduced in par value from $57,538,363 to $41,750,780 and in book value from $115,342,402 to $44,296,588, showing a difference in par value of only $15,787,563, as against the difference in book value of $71,056,104.

"As of Dec. 31, 1905, the stock holdings of the Equitable were par value $17,101,310; book value, $32,628,570; of the Metropolitan, par value, $8,726,456, book value, $11,305,259; Mutual, par value, $31,710,603, book value, $51,318,774.

"As of Dec. 31, 1919, two years before the second extension of time is scheduled to end the three life companies held stocks as follows:

EQUITABLE.

Stocks.	Book Val.	Par Val.
17,180 A., T. & S. F. com.	$1,774,500	$1,718,000
10,000 A., T. & S. F. pf.	1,090,000	1,000,000
46,681 B'klyn City, B'klyn, N. Y., par $10.	613,401	466,810
8,558 C. & N. W. com.	1,257,320	883,900
5,150 C. & N. W. pf.	816,000	510,000
2,200 Illinois Central.	264,000	220,000
20,000 Man.Ry.Co., N.Y.	2,000,000	2,000,000
16,000 Penn., par $50..	800,000	800,000
16,182 Wabash Pac. pf..	1,294,560	1,618,200
400 Girard Tr. Co., Philadelphia ..	272,223	40,000
25,000 Nat. Bank of Com., N. Y..	4,864,585	2,500,000
1,250 B'klyn Life Ins. Co., N. Y....	190,608	125,000
4,500 Cons. Gas, N. Y.	562,500	450,000
Total.....	$15,400,787	$12,031,810

METROPOLITAN.

500 B.,R. & P.Ry.pf.	$89,857	$50,000
2,843 Chi. Gt. W. R.R. com.....	79,604	284,300
11,710 Chi. Gt. W. R. R. pf.....	649,905	1,171,000
8,730 Cin., Ind. & W. R. R. com....	48,367	873,000
8,730 Cin., Ind. & W. R. R. pf.....	103,470	873,000
1930.50 Det., T. & I. R. R com.....	9,652	192,050
1929.50 Det., T. & I. R. R. pf.....	28,957	193,050
321 Mich C. R. R..	48,190	32,100
1,500 Mil. Elec. Ry. & Light pf.....	175,500	150,000
400 Nor.R.R. of N.J.	28,663	40,000
24,780 P. & W.Va.Ry.c.	514,185	2,478,000
7,434 P.& W.Va.Ry.pf.	401,436	743,400
400 Sharon Ry.....	21,000	20,000
1,500 S-W R R (Cent N Y C	203,500	150,000
100 Third Av Ry N Y C	4,100	10,000
3,200 T C R R T, Minneapolis, pf...	406,935	320,000
17,252 W Pac R R C.	258,780	1,725,200
9,988 Do pf.....	299,640	998,800
5,500 W & L E Ry...	143,000	550,000
6,201 Do pf.....	235,295	620,170
257 C U T C, N Y	27,569	25,700
226 Frank T C Bkn	99,917	22,600
1,000 Hu m T C Bkn.	211,425	100,000
1,481 Met Tr C N Y	854,227	148,100
73 U S T C, N Y.	76,723	7,300
1,431 Allis-Ch M C pf	61,552	143,100
490 N Y Mut G L C	150,522	49,000
1,600 U S Exp Co. (54½% paid in liquidation) ..	109,400	160,000
Total of stock	$5,421,377	$11,970,870

MUTUAL

Stocks.	Book Value.	Par Value.
124,700 Bklyn. City R. R.	$2,409,210	$1,247,000
5,000 Ch. & N. W. pf.	458,432	300,000
19,000 C., M. & St. P. pf.	1,879,885	1,900,000
9,605 D., L. & W.R.R.	196,286	480,250
900 Ga. R.R. & Bnk.	173,079	90,000
3,500 Ill. Cent. R. R..	742,707	350,000
8,419 Morris & E. RR.	687,136	420,950
5,650 N. Y. Cen. R. R.	754,131	565,000
19,000 N.Y.,N.H.&H.RR.	2,960,684	1,900,000
60,000 Penn. R. R.....	3,370,471	3,000,000
7,000 Ren. & N. R. R.	1,404,444	700,000
2,000 StAv. R.R.,N.Y.	254,751	200,000
6,850 B.C.N.Asn.,SanF.	1,266,176	685,000
3,680 C.Un.Tr.,N.Y.C..	680,000	368,000
500 Com.Tr. of N. J.	150,000	50,000
1,000 1stN.Bnk.,N.Y.C.	443,450	100,000
500 Met.Tr.Co.,N.Y.C.	175,500	50,000
17,294 Nat.B.ofC.inN.Y.	2,128,397	1,729,400
300 TitleG.&T.,N.Y.C.	67,260	30,000
13,000 Con.Gas of N.Y.	2,867,306	1,500,000
1,500 D., L.& W. Coal.	75,000	75,000
13 375 N.Y.Dock ..Bkn	615,000	1,337,500
Total of stocks.....	$23,494,434	$17,749,100
Total 3 companies..	$44,286,598	$41,750,780

Course of Japan's Export Trade.

During the first nine months of 1920 the exports of Japan to China increased 11,302,000 yen, or approximately $2,200,000, over those of the corrpsponding period the year before. Exports to England increased 5,482,000 yen and to France 5,834,000. To the United States, Japan sent 4,277,000 yen more worth of goods in 1920 than in 1919, while its exports to South America more than doubled. To Germany Japan sent in the nine-month period this year 7,0,834 yen worth of merchandise, as against nothing at all shipped directly to that destination a year ago.

NEW ENGLAND ROADS EXPECT RATE RELIEF

Operators Believe That Talk of Receiverships Has Been Premature.

There has been a growing feeling among conservative railroad operators in the last few days that talk about a receivership for the New England railroads has been premature. They base this in the case of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad on the fact that a large share of all of the company's recent financing has been accomplished through the medium of either the Railroad Administration or the United States Treasury and the latter holds a considerable amount of the company's securities.

Also they assert that the Transportation act provides specifically for the inauguration of rates in rate groups which will provide a return of at least 5½ or 6 per cent. on the aggregate value of railroad property in such groups. This, according to the interpretation of some New England railroad men, means that the New England roads probably will be grouped together and the matter will evolve into a simple one of rate initiation. At first glance this seems an easy solution but critics are to be found who look at the problem from a more elemental viewpoint.

They say that the present rate structure, in so far as freight is concerned, is all that the traffic will bear. The articles which are manufactured Down East do not sell for enough to allow for another sharp increase in freight charges. And in lieu of increased freight rates they suggest that the New England roads may easily bear a further advance in passenger fares. That any move of this kind on the part of the New England railroads would be immediately met by a storm of public protest is realized, but as some observers see the situation it may narrow itself down to the point where it will be higher fares or insufficient service.

The roads have asked the Interstate Commerce Commission to onsider their pugnt and have urged that some more equal division of through rates between the trunk line roads and themselves be brought about. Hearings have been held at which counsel for the roads have asserted that they face speedy receiverships unless additional revenues are obtained and with an adjournment two weeks ago until this week little was brought out to indicate that the problem is being solved.

Nevertheless it is the feeling in the financial district that when the hearing before the Interstate Commerce Commission is resumed and the matter is put forward from the trunk line angle, some interesting suggestions may be forthcoming.

The New England roads are in an unfavorable position because they are far from fuel and supplies and really fulfill the agency of terminals in the distribution of traffic which originates on other roads a long distance away.

The New England roads want a division of through rates which will yield them some $25,000,000. The trunk lines, it has been stated, have voluntarily offered them a division which would mean $12,500,000 more revenue. But even should the Interstate Commerce Commission rule that the division should yield the larger amount it is considered as unlikely that this would suffice for more than a short time. Certainly it would not show a 6 per cent. return on the aggregate value of the railroads in New England. That an increase in passenger fares may be announced would cause no surprise among railroad operators and bankers who have been studying the situation.

RAILWAY RATES IN GERMANY.

Problems Surrounding a Proposed General Increase.

"A heavy increase in railway fares and rates," writes a German financial correspondent to London, "is impending in Germany. An experts' commission has unanimously recommended this, suggesting the doubling of prices, as the only way of fighting the present deficit of 16,000,000,000 marks. Reckoned in gold, German fares and rates are only about a third of those before the war. The Federal Railway Department hopes to save 5,000,000,000 marks by scraping and paring, one measure being the discharge of useless workmen, whose annual wages total 1,500,000,000 marks. So far the Government's system of fixing charges for State services (railways, posts, &c.) has been thoroughly bad. Instead of raising charges in good time, so as to counterbalance the jepreciation of money, it has waited until enormous deficits are reported, and has then raised charges half-heartedly, with the result that deficits continue, that more paper money must be printed, and that a new belated and half-hearted rise becomes inevitable.

"As Germans today pay, relatively to their inflated incomes, far less than before the war for rent, food, traveling and postages, there is no reason for this policy. The official justification is that the inflation is temporary, and that when it ceases State expenditure will be reduced; there is, therefore, no use in raising prices enormously in order merely to cut them down again. In fact, however, the deficits which result from this process, being covered by banknote printing, themselves postpone the return to a normal price-level."

Premium and Discount on Sterling.

On Dec. 1 the London financial newspapers calculated that sterling exchange was at a premium in eight of the sixteen principal foreign markets and at a discount in eight. The list of markets in which sterling ruled heavily in favor of London comprised Berlin, Brussels, Christiahia, Copenhagen, Madrid, Paris, Rio de Janeiro and Rome; the list of markets where sterling ruled against London comprised Amsterdam, Berne, Buenos Aires, Montevideo, Montreal, New York, Stockholm and Yokohama. At that date the heaviest depreciation of the pound sterling was at Yokohama, where the rate on Dec. 1 stood 28.8 per cent. below parity. New York came next with a depreciation of 28.4 for sterling, and Montreal third with a depreciation of 18.6. On the markets where sterling ruled favorably to London, the highest premium was that at Berlin, where it amounted to 1,094.3 per cent.; the next highest Rome, with a premium of 276.1 per cent., and the third Paris, with 128.1.

Liverpool Cotton Statistics.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 22.—Following are the weekly cotton statistics:

Quantity afloat, all kinds, 254,000 bales.

Quantity afloat, American, 194,000 bales.

STOCK EXCHANGE NEWS.

Memberships Posted for Transfer—Kintzing P. Emmons to George B. Dabney; sponsors, Fuller Potter and Charles T. Lovering. Owen F. Roberts to A. Edward Ellis; sponsors, W. K. B. Emerson and George B. Salisbury. Archie M. Reid to Leonard A. Sneckner; sponsors, Edward P. Field and Charles V. Benton. Allen Arnold to H. Randolph Knowlton; sponsors, George H. Bull and Dyer Pearl Jr.

Change in Firm—Feuchtwanger, Cahn & Co., Austin J. Feuchtwanger, admitted.

Branch Office—E. F. Hutton & Co. (new), Los Angeles, Cal. (Ambassador Hotel). W. E. Reynolds, Manager.

Nominating Committee—Dec. 20, 1920. The Nominating Committee for 1920 made the following report: Nominations for members of Nominating Committee for 1921, under Section 2 of Article IX. of the Constitution. Election to be held Jan. 10, 1921. Alan L. Corey (Charles D. Barney & Co.), Dewees W. Dilworth (Davies, Thomas & Co.), Thomas E. Forrest, (Forrest, Davis & MacDonald), Samuel M. Goldsmith, Herbert C. Sierck (Hornblower & Weeks).

New Address—Manfred L. Neumoegen, at Edwin Walsl & Co., 25 Broad Street.

Brooklyn Edison Co., Inc.

General Mortgage 7% Bonds

Series D, due Dec. 1, 1940

at the prevailing market price to yield

7¼%

These bonds are the direct obligation of the Company which does all the Electric Light & Power business in the Borough of Brooklyn (except 29th Ward), City of New York, and are secured by a mortgage on all real or personal property subject only to approximately $12,000,000 underlying bonds.

Send for descriptive circular T-147

E. H. Rollins & Sons

43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston Philadelphia Albany Buffalo Chicago San Francisco

Combines

Safety and **High Return**

Cities Service Company

Preferred Stock

Backed by large and growing equities. Dividend earned 4½ times over. 24,000 Holders of record indicates wide distribution, broad market and confidence of investors.

Returns, at present price, more than 9%

Price at market
Circular P-35 on request.

Henry L. Doherty & Company

Bond Department

60 Wall Street, New York

THE

Motion Picture Industry

We have available an interesting booklet describing this large and growing industry.

Send for Booklet R. T.

Farson, Son & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

We accept orders to buy stocks and bonds listed on the New York Stock Exchange for cash or margin and recommend the purchase of income producing securities during the present period of depression.

McClave & Co.

Members { New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange

67 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone 9210 Rector

UPTOWN OFFICE
Hotel Ansonia, 73d St. & B'way
Telephone 1911 Columbus

CONVENIENT BRANCH OFFICES IN MIDTOWN SECTION OF *New York Stock Exchange Firms*
STOCKS AND BONDS
BOUGHT FOR CASH OR ON CONSERVATIVE MARGIN

Crawford, Patton & Cannon
HOTEL ST. ANDREW, B'way at 72d
Main Office, 61 Broadway.

Wasserman Bros.
547 5TH AV., Cor. 45th
240 4TH AV., Bet. 18th and 19th Sts.
Main Office, 42 Broadway.

MILLER & CO.

Members New York Stock Exchange

EQUITABLE BLDG.
120 Broadway New York

1921 Outlook

Viewed from the standpoint of "Profitable Investing"

(Trade Mark Registered U. S. Pat. Off.)

Copy Free on Request.

A. Hicks Lawrence

52 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 3082

An Investment in one of

Canada's

greatest industries

To yield about 8.10%

The company is one of the largest manufacturers in the world of a product which enjoys a constant and increasing demand.

Send for circular giving complete details of this issue and the property behind it.

BLODGETT HART & CO. INC

115 Broadway, New York

134 So. La Salle St. Chicago — 60 State St. Boston
974 Ellicott Sq. Buffalo — 248 Genesee St. Utica

Direct Private Wires

WE have prepared for distribution to investors a list of

Seasoned Preferred Stocks

which gives the high, low and last prices and current yields of all leading issues.

Copy will be mailed upon request.

W. E. HUTTON & CO.

Established 1886

MEMBERS
New York Stock Exchange
New York Cotton Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade
Cincinnati Stock Exchange

60 Broadway, New York
Telephone Bowling Green 4140
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BLDG., CINCINNATI

Direct private wire connections to Chicago, Cincinnati and Cleveland.

Long Term Bonds

offer an opportunity to obtain a liberal income for many years. Well secured, seasoned and readily marketable issues are available to yield:

6.50% to 8%

Ask for Circular T

Investments Department

LYMAN D. SMITH & CO.

Members N.Y. Stock Exchange
14 Pine St. Tel. John 4100

Uptown Office
997 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 9700

Railroads

WE have prepared an important letter on railroads and the outlook for railroad securities. Copies may be had by applying to

C. I. Hudson & Co.

Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
Established Since 1874
66 Broadway, New York
Tel. Rector 7401

W. W. Lanahan & Co.

Investment Securities

Members { New York Stock Exchange. Baltimore Stock Exchange.

Calvert Building, Baltimore.
Telephone St. Paul 5775

J. R. Bridgeford & Co.

Investment Securities

111 Broadway New York

Bond Bargains

10% Net

We recommend a Gold Bond of a National Banking System carrying profit sharing certificates. Matures in 18 years.

Circular on request.

Clarence Hodson & Co.
28 Cortlandt St., New York.

WE OFFER, SUBJECT TO PRIOR SALE

£10,000 Argentine Govt. Recission 4s@$197 per £100
$50,000 Argentine Govt. 5s, 1945@57½ and acc. interest
($20 denominations)
£20,000 British Govt. Victory 4s@$280 per £100
£20,000 British Govt. War Loan 5s, 1929-1947@ $310 per £100
£10,000 Brazilian Govt. 4%, Issued 1889@$173 per £100
£10,000 Chilian Govt. 5%, Issued 1909@$255 per £100
$25,000 Dominion of Canada 5s, March, 1937@$83 and acc. interest
£10,000 Grand Trunk Pacific 3s, 1962@$245 and interest per £100
(Guaranteed by Dominion of Canada)
£10,000 Norway Govt. 3s, 1963@$167 per £100
£10,000 Norway Govt. 4s, 1971@$212 per £100
$50,000 Province of Buenos Ayres 6s, 1926@82½ and acc. int.
£25,000 Province of Ontario 6s, Feb., 1928@90 and acc. interest

Pesos 50,000 Mexican Silver 3s@$125 per 1,000 pesos
Pesos 50,000 Mexican Govt. Int. 5s@$170 per 1,000 pesos

$25,000 Russian Govt. Ext. 5½s@$110 per $1,000
$25,000 Russian Govt. 6½s@$140 per $1,000.

ERNEST SMITH & CO.

Dealers in Foreign Government Bonds

20 Broad Street, New York. Tel. Rector 6157

Direct Private Wire Connections to Chicago, Detroit and Grand Rapids

Foreign Exchange

All European Countries

PACAT FINANCE CORPORATION

42 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
TELEPHONE BROAD 7551

U. S. Government
Railroad & Public Utility
BONDS
for
Investment

BOLES & WESTWOOD

Members Phila. Stock Exchange
Land Title Bldg., Phila.

HARTSHORNE, FALES & CO.

Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
71 BROADWAY
Telephone 7810 Bowling Green

THE INVESTMENT CHART

A copyrighted form designed to aid the investor in determining the strong and weak points of a contemplated purchase. Ask for T-14.

I. D. NOLL & CO.

170 Broadway, New York

Investor's Folder

For recording investments, dividend dates, income tax data, etc. *Free Upon Request for D.*

HEYWOOD BROOKS & CO.

149 Broadway, New York

German Securities

F. B. Warren & Co.

15 Maiden Lane, New York
Tel. Cortlandt 7573.

Trading Suggestions

Every week we publish trading suggestions on listed stocks. These have proven of value to our customers.

We will be pleased to place your name on our mailing list to receive a copy regularly.

Execution of less than 100 share orders—investment or margin—our specialty.

If you cannot call send for circular A-217

WILSON & CHARDON

Members Consolidated Stock Exch. of N.Y.
66 Broadway New York
Telephone Whitehall 1984.

We offer, subject to prior sale and change in price,

Greek 5% Bonds of 1914

Due March 1, 1964

Coupons and Bonds redeemable at the option of the holder in either Francs, Drachmas or Sterling at the following fixed rates of exchange:

Coupons Francs 12.50 Drachmas 12.50 or 9 sh. 11d.
Bonds Francs 500 Drachmas 500 or £19:70:0

Price $65.00 per 1,000 Francs, or 1,000 Drachmas, or £39:14:0

Specialists in British, French, German and Austrian Bonds and all other Foreign Securities—Foregn Exchange

NEWMAN BROTHERS

115 Broadway, New York — Tel. Rector 8154-5-6-7-8-9
The Rookery, Chicago — Tel. Harrison 8954-5-6-7-8

BLOCK, MALONEY & CO.

Members of
NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE — CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE — CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE

Stocks, Bonds, Cotton, Grain, Provisions

74 BROADWAY NEW YORK — TELEPHONE RECTOR 9800

NEW YORK CENTRAL

Quoted in the market lower than in 1913 or even 1907. Has this road gone backward or forward? An interesting analysis with a map—other features in:

Ask for a copy A-77 MARKET OPINION

R. H. MacMASTERS & CO.

Members Consolidated Stock Exch. of N.Y.
82-84 Broad St. New York
Phone: Broad 6390. Entire First Floor
CHICAGO MILWAUKEE NEW HAVEN

Willys-Overland

The third largest manufacturer of passenger cars and the second largest producer of farm tractors in the world.

Special report reviewing company's progress, dividend record, present status, etc., together with estimate of current year's earnings, will be mailed free upon request.

Ask for No. T-415

KOHLER, BREMER & CO.

STOCKS—BONDS
MEMBERS CONSOLIDATED STOCK EXCHANGE OF N.Y.
32 BROADWAY 1ST & HAMPTON HOTEL
TEL. BROAD 6910 ALBANY, N.Y.

A

Buyers' Market

Shrewd buying of the many investment bargains now available is gradually increasing.

Our latest *market analysis* carries information on a number of stocks that appear to be selling much under actual worth, and which might prove of valuable assistance to those contemplating purchase.

Copy of the pamphlet will be sent free upon request.

Address Dept. T-33

CHARLES H. CLARKSON & CO.

66 Broadway—New York.
TELEPHONE: RECTOR 4560

MIDDLE STATES OIL

One of the few stocks that has held up well under the steadily falling prices in the past few weeks.

The probable reasons for the strength displayed by this issue discussed in our special report.

Call, Write or Phone for Copy.

Ask for T. 113.

MOSHER & WALLACE

STOCKS—BONDS—GRAIN
TELEPHONE: WHITEHALL 1140-1-2-3
(New York Produce Exchange / Consolidated Stock Exchange)

Established 1900.

FRED'K F. MARQUAND

Members Consolidated Stock Exch. of N.Y.
56-58-60 Broad St., New York
STOCKS AND BONDS

Why We Recommend

HART OIL

Proven Properties
Valuable Royalty Holdings
(240 acres being developed without cost.)
Honest & Efficient Management
Active Drilling Campaign
Large Surplus After Dividends

Hart Oil Corporation has recently brought in two large wells and plans to average at least one new well a month. It has paid 12 consecutive dividends.

Price $2.00

To Net 12%

Call at our office or clip this advertisement, write your name and address on it and mail to us—no obligation. Details of properties, management, also many bank references will be promptly furnished.

L. A. HUGHES & CO.
Authorized Representatives.
100 Broadway, N. Y.
Tel. Rector 2853

American Car & Foundry.

A complete report of the above company covering Trade Outlook, Financial Position, Equity Values, Dividends and Dividend Reserve, featured in the current issue of

"The Ruskay Review"

which also contains articles on

Southern Pacific
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul
Pittsburgh & W. Va.
Pacific Oil
California Pet.
Remington Type.
Houston Oil

Send for circular T. 50

S·S·RUSKAY & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1877
Members Consolidated Stock Exch. of N.Y.
20 BROAD ST. NEW YORK
Phone, Rector 7001-7009

We Offer, Subject to Prior Sale

FRANCS 250,000
FRENCH LOAN of 1917—4's
@ $40.75
LIRE 250,000
ITAL. GOV'T CONS. LOAN
of 1920-5's
@ 27.75
MARKS 250,000
HAMBURG AMER. LINE 4½'s
@ 15.50
MARKS 250,000
GERMAN GENERAL ELEC. 4's
@ 15.00
M'KS 500,000 COLOGNE 4's
@ 14.00
M'KS 250,000 LEIPSIC 5's
@ 15.25

MEYEROWITZ & COMPANY
165 Broadway, New York
Tel. Cortland 8211-12-13

LYONS PETROLEUM

Rapid Growth
Time Tested Properties
Ample Market Facilities
Established Earnings
Small Capitalization
Speculative Possibilities

Earning at the rate of over 50%. Dividends Also a stock dividend of 10% has also been declared. Price $1.50 per share. Financial statement from Bureau of Information and particulars regarding properties, etc., available upon request.

WEED, EDWARDS & CO.
Investments
25 Nassau St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 1647-8-9

"The Oil Industry"

Devoted to the interest of investors in oil securities. Published monthly.

Free on request.

R.C. MEGARGEL & Co.
11 Pine Street—New York.

Kansas City & Ft. Dodge 4s.
Kansas City Ry. 1st 5s & 2d 6s.
Kansas City Lt. & Pr. 1st 5s & 2d 6s.
Chicago, Memphis & Gulf 1st 5s.
Ft. Worth & Rio Grande 1st 4s. 1928.
Int. & Gt. Northern 1st 7s. 1922.
All of these bonds pay their interest, except Kansas City Ry., which is an excellent speculation.
Information furnished on the above securities.
A. S. H. JONES
14 Wall St., N. Y. Phone Hanover 906

A Competitive Advantage

That merchant who possesses cash has his less favorably situated competitors at a marked disadvantage. A consultation involves no obligation.

LEVISON & COMPANY
Bankers
141 Fifth Avenue, New York
Phone Stuyvesant 8469

Theodore Taylor Finance Corp.
Established 1888—Ralph T. Tyler, Pres.
Notes Purchased
49 Liberty St., N. Y. Tel. John 4949-3879

MONEY ADVANCED
on Diamonds, Commercial Accounts, Assignments of Bonds, Negotiable Storage Receipts and other Collaterals.
CENTRAL COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Private Bankers, 29 Nassau St.

WOULD CUT COAL BY WATER POWER

Harris, Forbes & Co. Point Out Great Savings Possible Under New Law.

ECONOMY IN LABOR ALSO

Figures Cited to Show Hydro-Electric Development Can Reduce Fuel Consumption One-half.

Through the passage of the Water Power act, development on a tremendous scale of hydro-electric power throughout the United States has been made practicable, according to a study of American water power prepared by Harris, Forbes & Co., who urge that such development be carried on rapidly in order to conserve the natural resources of the country, and that one of the greatest savings possible would be through the husbanding of our coal supplies.

"Of the 542,000,000 tons of coal consumed in this country in 1915," say Harris, Forbes & Co., "about one-half each was used for heating and for power purposes. It is computed that on the average about 50 per cent. of the energy is obtained from coal when it is used for heating, while for power uses only about 10 per cent. of the energy can be finally utilized. It is therefore obvious that a far more efficient use of our remaining coal supply will be made if our power requirements are met in some other way, and while we cannot expect that hydro-electric power will entirely supplant the use of coal for power, nevertheless a very large proportion of the approximately 250,000,000 tons per annum now utilized for this purpose can be conserved for other and far more efficient uses.

"In addition to the actual saving of the coal itself, it should not be forgotten that a similarly large saving in labor would result. For instance, it is estimated that the mining and transportation of our annual consumption of coal requires the labor of 1,500,000 men and the use of over 1,000,000 freight cars and 40,000 locomotives—and that every water horsepower now going to waste represents an equivalent loss of 5½ tons of coal per year. It is stated that the labor of three men and the use of one freight car are released for other uses every time 150 hydro-electric horsepower is developed, and it is a simple problem to compute that the utilization of the approximately 50,000,000 available and undeveloped water horsepower in this country would be equivalent to saving about 275,000,000 tons of coal per annum—half our present consumption—and would release a whole army of men and one-third of the freight cars now used in transporting that amount of coal.

"This naturally leads us to one of the most important future applications of electrical energy, namely, its substitution for coal as a motive power. About 20 per cent. of our present coal production is used by the steam railroads, and here again the saving of the coal itself is not the only important factor. It is obvious that far greater efficiency could be obtained by having large central power stations supply the motive power now produced in a great number of wasteful smaller plants represented by the numerous steam locomotives used in hauling individual trains, and in addition the saving in track space and rolling stock would be very large. Already extensive work of this nature has been successfully undertaken."

NEWS ABOUT COPPER MINES.

Davis-Daly Company Report Shows 50 Cents Per Share Profit.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 24.—The November output of the Calumet and Hecla Mining Company, including all subsidiaries, was 7,326,763 pounds of copper, which compares with 7,943,502 pounds in October and 7,288,214 in September.

The Chile Copper Company reports November production of 8,859,984 pounds, against 9,420,000 in October and 10,000,000 in November a year ago.

The annual report of the Davis-Daly Copper Company shows net operating profit of $292,178, or about 50 cents per share on the company's 600,000 shares.

India Market for American Goods.

In a report to the Department of Commerce, Trade Commissioner Batchelder says that the Indian market is particularly suited to American goods, which gained in popularity during the war. It is estimated that 80 per cent. of the automobiles in Calcutta are of American make. Many of the native merchants, especially in Bombay, are accustomed to direct dealing and pay for goods cash on delivery. Both native and British merchants are familiar with the use of catalogues in English. The need of meeting competitive prices in the Indian market and of learning, through personal visits, the trade methods and conditions of the country, is emphasized by the Trade Commissioner.

THE WORST IS OVER

The leading article in current number of our "Investment Survey" discusses the outlook for sound securities.

This bi-weekly publication will be sent upon request. Also ask for details of our 20-Payment Systematic Savings Plan.

Scott & Stump
Investment Securities
SPECIALISTS IN ODD LOTS
Stock Ech'ge Bldg. 40 Exchange Place
Philadelphia New York
Locust 6480-5 Broad 1831-6

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS
Boxes from $8.00 upwards.
NEMETH STATE BANK
10 East 22nd Street, New York.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.
FOR YEARS WE HAVE PAID
6% TO SAVERS
on our Systematic Savings Plan. Our 31st year. Under N.Y. State Banking supervision. Descriptive Booklet on Request.
BANKERS LOAN & INVESTMENT CO.
A Savings and Loan Association
Dept. M. 63 WALL STREET, N. Y.

DIVIDENDS.

GORHAM MANUFACTURING CO.
Preferred Dividend No. 105.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-fourths per cent. (1¾%), on the 7% Preferred Cumulative Voting Stock of the Company has been declared, payable January 3, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 24, 1920, and the regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) has been declared, payable January 3, 1921, on such of the 6% Preferred Stock of this Company as has not been exchanged for the new issue of Preferred Stock.

CLAYTON A. POTTER, Treasurer.
Providence, R. I., December 22, 1920.

MEETINGS ANNOUNCED.

	Books Close.	Books Open.	Date of Meeting.
Am. C. of Al Co.	Feb. 4	Feb. 25	Feb. 24
Am. Ice Co.	Dec. 21	.....	Jan. 11
Am. Linseed	Feb. 8	.....	Mar. 1
Ch. & Ph. N. Bk.	Jan. 10	.....	Jan. 11
C., R. & Q. R.R.	Dec. 20	Jan. 21	Jan. 20
Com., Nat. Bk. of	.....	.....	Jan. 11
Cent'l Dst. Co.	Jan. 31	Feb. 2	Feb. 1
Det., Hillsdale & S. W. R.R. Co.	Dec. 11	.....	Jan. 11
Erie & P. R.R.	Nov. 11	.....	Jan. 10
Hanover N. Bk.	Jan. 10	.....	Jan. 11
Leh. Val. R. R.	Nov. 18	.....	Jan. 18
Loft, Inc., Tem.	Feb. 15	.....	Mar. 16
M. S. Oil Corp.	Feb. 15	.....	Mar. 28
Nat. Bisc't Co.	Jan. 10	.....	Feb. 9
Nat'l Park Bk.	Jan. 8	Jan. 13	Jan. 11
Nat. Surety Co.	Dec. 31	Jan. 12	Jan. 11
N.C.C. R.R. Co.	Jan. 7	Jan. 27	Jan. 26
Nor. Cen. Ry. Co.	Dec. 24	.....	Feb. 24
P., C., C. & St. L. R. R. Co.	Dec. 18	.....	Dec. 29
P. & W.V. R. Co.	Oct. 25	.....	Jan. 10
Saxon Mot. Car.	Jan. 26	.....	Feb. 10
Seab. Nat. Bk.	Jan. 10	.....	Jan. 11
So. Pac. Co.	Mar. 22	Apr. 7	Apr. 6
U. Rys. of St.L.	Jan. 7	Jan. 10	Feb. 8
U. Rys. of St.L.	Feb. 3	Feb. 9	Feb. 8
Va.-Car. Chl. Co.	Dec. 9	After Mtg.	Dec. 28

FOR RIGHTS.

	Books Close.	Books Open.	Set'm't Day.	Privge Expires.
Corn Ex. B.	Dec. 23	.....	Jan 18	Feb. 3
Det Ed.	Dec. 11	.....	Jan. 4	Jan. 10
Gen. Elec.	Dec. 8	Dec. 20	Jan. 20	Jan. 29
Pac. Dev't.	Dec. 29	.....	Dec. 30	Jan. 10
So. Pac.	Jan. 14	.....	Feb. 8	Mar. 1
Tide W. O.	Dec. 16	.....	Jan. 4	Jan. 19

Eastern Cotton Mill Stocks Quoted.

Special to The New York Times.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Dec. 24.—The latest quotations on cotton mill stocks are:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Linen	..	120
Arkwright	90	..
Barnard	210	..
Bourne	..	170
Border City	130	..
Chace	..	180
Charlton	180	..
Conanicut	135	..
Cornell	200	..
Davis	103	108
Davol	..	160
Flint	195	210
Granite	145	155
Hargraves	..	35
King Philip	135	140
Laurel Lake	..	150
Lincoln Mills	130	..
Luther	..	210
Mechanics	..	160
Merchants	190	210
Narragansett	200	..
Osborn	130	..
Parker	45	50
Pilgrim	..	210
Pocasset	100	110
Richard Borden	160	180
Sagamore	275	278
Stafford	..	135
Seaconnet	..	80
Shove	..	110
Stevens	130	145
Tecumseh	200	..
Troy C. & W.	850	..
Union	200	..
Wampanoag	150	165
Weetamoe	135	145

Week's Mill Stock Sales in Boston.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 24.—Sales of manufacturing and miscellaneous stocks in Boston this week:

10	A. L. Sayles & Sons	12
160	American Lin. Co.	105
200	Atlantic Coast Fisheries Co.	4
1	Bates Mfg. Co. (½ shares)	9½
100	Bay State Fisheries Co. (for the lot)	$200
50	Cabot Mfg. Co.	200
400	Choralgelo Mfg. Co. (for the lot)	10
14	Curtis Airplane Corp. pf. voting trust certificates)	2
100	East Coast Fisheries Co. pf. (for the lot)	205
50	Fisk Rubber Co. 1st pf.	70½
200	Gosnold Mills Co.	102½
25	Great Falls Mfg. Co.	131
5	Nashua Mfg. Co.	104
50	Northwestern Leather Co. pf.	81
54	Quisset Mill	245
225	Submarine Signal Co.	7
215	Tremont and Suffolk Mills	100
1,050	U. S. Worsted Co.	3½
50	U. S. Worsted Co. 1st pf.	50
580	Wamsutta Mills	190

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

The following dividends were announced during the last week:

STEAM RAILROADS.

Company.	Rate.	Pa. rtic.	Pay. able.	Books Close.
Atlan. & West.	$3	SA	Jan. 1	Dec. 20
Kan. City S. pf.	1	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Nor. & W. pf.	1	Q	Feb. 19	Jan. 31
N.Y.C. & St.L.	$3	—	Jan. 3	.....
Penn. Co.	$3	SA	Dec. 31	Dec. 22
Phila. & W. pf.	1¼	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 9
P.,C.,C. & St.L.	$3	SA	Jan. 25	Jan. 1

BANK STOCKS.

Atlantic Nat.	2½	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 31
Atlantic Nat.	½	Ex.	Jan. 1	Dec. 31
Bank of N. Y.	5	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 27
Bank of N. Y.	$3	Ex.	Jan. 3	Dec. 27
Fifth National	2½	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 27
Irving National	$	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 24
Liberty Nat.	4½	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 24

TRUST COMPANIES.

Bankers	$	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 24
Central Union	5½	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 22
Empire	$	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 27
Empire	$	Ex.	Dec. 31	Dec. 27
Title G. & T.	$	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 24
Title G. & T.	$	Ex.	Jan. 3	Dec. 24
U.S. Mort. & T.	$	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 27

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS

Alliance Realty	1¼	Q	Jan. 17	Jan. 10
All Am. Cables	1¼	Q	Jan. 14	Dec. 31
Am. Banknote	$1	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Am. Cyanamid pf	1½	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 22
Am. Ship'b'd'g.	1½	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Do	2½	Ex.	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Am. Surety	2½	Q	Dec. 21	Dec. 24
Bar't Leath. pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 20
Barn., Cl. & B.	2½	Q	Jan. 31	Dec. 31
B. B. & R.K. pf.	2	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 20
Cent. Ag. Sug.	$2	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 25
Chi. Ry. Eq.	2	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 21
Cor. Phosphate	2½	Q	Dec. 30	.....
Do	2½	Ex.	Dec. 30	.....
Daly W. Min.	25c		Dec. 24	Dec. 17
D. C. Heath pf.	1½	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 27
Dome Mines.	25c	Q	Jan. 20	Dec. 31
Fed. Sug. Ref.	1¾	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 22
Do pf.	1½	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 22
Firestone T. pf.	1½	Q	Jan. 15	Jan. 1
Gorh'm M. 6% pf.	1½	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 24
Do 7% pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 24
Home Title Ins.	$	Q	Dec. 31	.....
Ind. Pneu. T.	$2	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 23
Do	$2	Ex.	Jan. 3	Dec. 23
L. & W. Coal	$3.25	SA	Dec. 29	Dec. 20
Mass Gas.	$1.75	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Mtge. Bond.	1¾	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 24
N.E. Tel. & Tel.	$2	Q	Dec. 31	Dec. 22
N.Y. Mut. Gas L.	$3	SA	Jan. 10	Dec. 29
N.Y. Title & M.	2	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 24
Do	2	Ex.	Jan. 2	Dec. 24
Nipissing M.	5	Q	Jan. 20	Dec. 31
Do	5	Ex.	Jan. 20	Dec. 31
Northw. Tel.	$1.50	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 31
Nova S. S. & C.	1¾	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Do pf.	2	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Ohio Fuel Sup.	2½	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Do	2	Ex.	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Okla. Nat. Gas	2½	Q	Jan. 20	Dec. 24
Otis Elevator.	$2	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Do	$2	Ex.	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Do pf.	$1.50	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Pitts. Rolls pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 25
P. & O. 8% pf.	2	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 24
Regal Shoe pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 21
Salt Cr'k Prod.	2	Q	Jan. 31	Jan. 15
Do	1	Ex.	Jan. 31	Jan. 15
Superior Steel.	1½	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Do 1st & 2d pf.	2	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 1
Textile Bank'g.	2	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Union Nat. Gas.	2½	Q	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
Un. Verde Ext.	50c	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 5
Va.-Car. Chem.	1	Q	Feb. 1	Jan. 15
Do	2	Q	Jan. 15	Jan. 3
War. H. Mf. pf.	2	Q	Jan. 1	Dec. 23
West. E. & M.	2	—	Jan. 31	Dec. 31
Do pf.	2	—	Jan. 15	Dec. 31
W'm'land Coal	2½	Q	Jan. 3	Dec. 21
Do	5	Ex.	Jan. 3	Dec. 21
Wis. Edison.	$1.50	—	Dec. 31	Dec. 23

Chance to Sell Cheap Goods.

It is suggested by Trade Commissioner Batchelder that 5 and 10 cent stores might profitably be established in India for the sale of imperfect goods, particularly hardware and enamel ware. The Hindus are inclined to think more of cheapness and external appearance than durability and value, and brass and copper are so high in the country that substitutes are being used for domestic utensils.

Motor Truck Deterioration

On account of the lack of proper storage facilities available, our Government has been forced to store in the open during the years 1918, 1919 and 1920 many idle motor vehicles. Naturally, they must have greatly deteriorated.

Many motor truck owners fail to appreciate the rapid deterioration which takes place when their equipment is not stored or garaged where it is protected from the elements.

Trucks which are permitted to stand idle and uncared for in the cold, sleet, rain or hot sunshine soon become badly damaged and unsafe.

Internal as well as external parts, cylinder walls, bearings, frame parts, bolts, nuts and rivets become pitted and rusted.

Do not fail to protect your investment in motor trucks as you would any other piece of machinery when not in use by keeping them in a dry, covered place and properly oiled and greased.

The Autocar Company, Ardmore, Pa.
Established 1897

Autocar

Wherever there's a road

December 24, 1920.

SAVINGS BANKS. SAVINGS BANKS.

THE EAST RIVER SAVINGS INSTITUTION
291-3-5 Broadway, New York
ESTABLISHED 1848
A semi-annual dividend at the rate of
Four Per Cent. Per Annum
has been declared on all deposits, $5 to $5,000, entitled thereto.
Deposits up to $5,000 will be received and interest paid thereon.
Amounts deposited on or before Jan. 13th will draw interest from Jan. 1, 1921.
Deposits Received by Mail
HENRY T. NICHOLS, President.
DANIEL W. WHITMORE } Vice-Presidents.
DARWIN R. JAMES, JR. }
LESTER VAN BRUNT, Secretary.

WHEREVER THE MAIL GOES
There is
The Williamsburgh Savings Bank
175 Broadway, Brooklyn, N. Y.
DIVIDEND JAN., 1921
AT THE RATE OF
4% Per Annum
DEPOSITS RECEIVED UP TO $5,000
ASSETS EXCEED $110,000,000
Join Our Christmas Club NOW
Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage on Brooklyn and Queens Borough Property
Send for our booklet "BANKING BY MAIL"

Citizens' Savings Bank
58 & 58 BOWERY, COR. CANAL ST.
121ST SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND
The Trustees have ordered interest at the rate of FOUR (4%) PER CENT. per annum to be paid to depositors on and after January 17, 1921, on all sums of $5 and up to $5,000 which have remained on deposit for the three or six months ending December 31, 1920, in accordance with the by-laws and rules of the bank. Money deposited on or before January 10 will draw interest from January 1.
HENRY SAYLER, President.
EDWIN A. LAHM, Secretary.
CARL A. RICHTER, Asst. Sec'y

Empire City Savings Bank
231 West 125th St.
The Trustees have declared interest for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1920, at the rate of
4% Per Annum
Money deposited on or before Jan. 13, 1921, will draw interest from Jan. 1.
A. S. VAN WINKLE, President.
H. C. MURPHY, Secretary.
JOIN OUR XMAS CLUB

IRVING SAVINGS BANK
115 CHAMBERS ST., N. Y.
The trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1920, at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT
per annum on all deposits from $5 to $5,000 entitled thereto, payable on and after Jan. 17, 1921.
Deposits to $5,000 made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1, 1921.
"JOIN OUR CHRISTMAS CLUB"
H. E. TENNER, President.
GEORGE B. DUNNING, Secretary.

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
9 W. Car. Madison Ave. and 59th St.
A dividend has been declared for the three or six months ending Dec. 31st, 1920, at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum, payable on or after Jan. 17th, 1921, on all deposits entitled thereto from $5 to $5,000.
Deposits made on or before
JANUARY 13TH
will draw interest from Jan. 1st, 1921.
WM. CRITTENDEN ADAMS, President.
ADOLPHE F. LE GOST, Treasurer.

COMMONWEALTH SAVINGS BANK
2007 Amsterdam Ave., near 159th St.
A Semi-Annual Dividend Has Been Declared at
4% Per Annum
Money deposited on or before Jan. 13th will draw interest from Jan. 1st.
Deposits up to $5,000 received.
John H. Beecher, Pres. Chas. S. Gaubert, Sec.

The Bowery Savings Bank
128 AND 130 BOWERY.
Branch 97 Liberty St.
NEW YORK, Dec. 13, 1920.
A semi-annual dividend at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum has been declared and will be credited to depositors for the period ending December 31, 1920, on all sums from $5 to $5,000, and will be payable on and after Monday, January 17, 1921.
Money deposited on or before January 10 will draw interest from January 1, 1921.
HENRY A. SCHENCK, President.
WM. E. KNOX, Vice-Pres. & Comptroller.
JOSEPH O. LIDDLE, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

K. P. EMMONS & COMPANY.
Notice is given of dissolution on December 31, 1920, of the above general partnership, and that K. P. Emmons is the liquidating partner.
K. P. EMMONS.
JAMES F. MIDDLEDITCH.
GEORGE SLOANE.

HART OIL CORPORATION

Announces the bringing in of their No. 2 Well on the Walker-Caldwell tract, with 1300 barrels per day, natural. The flow should be materially increased when the well is shot.

No. 1 Adjoining, came in for 1150 barrels
No. 3 Drilling below 2380 ft.
No. 4 Drilling below 625 ft.
No. 5 Building rig. No. 6 Located.

22 Wells Producing—18 Wells Drilling or contracted to be drilled ON ROYALTIES. 3 Producing, 1 drilling with other associates. EARNINGS MANY TIMES DIVIDEND REQUIREMENTS.
Stock $2 Per Share To Net 12%
For Particulars Write for Booklet.
HART OIL CORP., 123 Liberty St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 9613

GRAIN Provisions

For the benefit of those interested in commodities we maintain a complete wire service, our offices being furnished with Chicago Board of Trade and New York Produce Exchange quotations. Information or statistics may be had upon request.

HUGHES & DIER
Stocks—Bonds—Grain
Members { Chicago Bd. of Trade, New York Produce Exchange, Phila. and Pittsburgh Stock Exchanges
42 New Street, New York
Telephone Broad 5140
500 Fifth Ave. Tel. Vanderbilt 9133
67 W. 125th St. Tel. Harlem 5651
Philadelphia Pittsburgh Cleveland

How to Make Money and Keep It

Our FREE Booklet explains WHAT Steps are necessary to attain FINANCIAL INDEPENDENCE.

The diagram on Page 5 may prove the turning point of your whole life.

If you aspire to financial success, a copy of this wonderful new booklet is yours upon request. Ask for T-12-26.

American Institute of Finance
15 BEACON STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Send for Our
INVESTORS GUIDE
which will greatly assist you at all times in selecting sound securities.
Ask for B-26.
RUSSELL SECURITIES CORP.
116 Nassau St., New York.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

The Executors of the Estate of Mary B. Crocker, deceased, have in their Estate and for sale 1,089 shares of the Capital Stock of the CROCKER MOUNTING HOUSE, INC., of New York and Boston, out of a total of 3,000 shares, and will be pleased to receive offers for same. For particulars apply to
BANKERS TRUST CO., 16 Wall St. and Fifth Ave.
FRANCIS P. SHERMAN, 275 5th Ave.
JOHN M. STODDARD, 120 Broadway.

$5,000 Policy Costs $69.70
PENN MUTUAL LIFE
age 35; dividends reduce this cost after first year; organized 1847; assets 200 millions. Write for specimen policy at your age. Joseph A. Richmonds, Gen'l Agt. 62 Court St., Brooklyn. Phone Main 4100.

Executive Office Space FOR RENT
WALL STREET EXCHANGE BUILDING
43 EXCHANGE PLACE

AN entire floor of about 6,233 square feet with wonderful light, sunshine, and view of lower Manhattan and the harbor.

The Wall Street Exchange Building has a Wall Street entrance and is close to Broad Street and the New York Stock Exchange.

Management of
Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
46 Cedar Street
Tel. 5700 John

Security Salesmen and Dealers Wanted

Preferred stock and Common stock of a nationally known New York Industrial Corporation. The Company is the recognized leader in its field, with a record of remarkable success, and is known to all classes of people throughout the country. This stock is one which can be offered with confidence by stock salesmen and dealers to their clientele. Liberal commission arrangements.

W 32 Times.

Have you a son who has had high schooling whom you wish to start in a bank where an opportunity to grow and advance is afforded, under very favorable conditions? If so, communicate with Box No. V790 Times Downtown.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE MEXICAN EAGLE OIL COMPANY, LIMITED.
(CIA MEXICANA DE PETROLEO "EL AGUILA" S. A.)
NOTICE TO AMERICAN SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by Resolutions of the Company passed in Mexico City on the 22d December, 1920, it was resolved (a) to authorize an increase of Share Capital to 160,000,000 Pesos Mexican by the creation of 4,488,562 Ordinary Shares of Ten Pesos Mexican each, and (b) to offer to the present shareholders of the Company one of such new Ordinary Shares at par for every two Shares, either Preference or Ordinary, held by them.

To enable holders of Share Warrants to Bearer to take advantage of this issue, they must deposit at The London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd., 5 Threadneedle Street, London E. C. 2, or any of its branches; The Belfast Banking Co., Ltd., Belfast, or any of its branches; The Clydesdale Bank, Ltd., Glasgow, or any of its branches, Coupon No. 16 detached from Definitive Share Warrants representing Ordinary Shares and/or Coupon No. 23 detached from Definitive Share Warrants representing Preference Shares. These Coupons must be accompanied by a remittance to pay up in full at par for one new Ordinary Share in respect of every two old Shares represented by such Coupons.

For each new Share the sum of £1 8s. 0 (being the exchange equivalent of Ten Pesos Mex. Gold) is payable at the time of lodgement of such Coupons.

Due application for the new Shares must be made to the above-mentioned Bankers not later than the 31st January, 1921, but the Board may, in any special case at its absolute discretion, extend such time for not exceeding one month.

The above-mentioned Coupons and remittance must be forwarded to London by the Shareholders' Bankers, who in turn must forward and present them through their London agents.

The new shares will rank pari passu with the existing Ordinary Shares, but will not participate in any Dividend that may be declared payable on the 31st December, 1920.

Provisional receipts will be issued in exchange for the above-mentioned Coupons and remittances, which provisional receipts will in due course be exchanged for Definitive Share Warrants to Bearer.

Fractional receipts representing one-half of a new Share will be issued against payment of 14s. 6d. each in respect of each 40d Share and such fractional receipts if presented not later than 31st May, 1921, at the Office of Whitehall Securities Corporation, Ltd., London Financial Agents of the Company, 47 Parliament Street, S. W., with additional fractional receipts representing one or more complete Shares, and a letter of request signed by the holder, will be exchanged for provisional receipts for fully paid Shares.

HERBERT J. CARR,
Attorney in fact for Whitehall Securities Corporation, Limited (London Financial Agents).

$1,000,000 Stock Issue Offered

An established FINANCIAL CORPORATION with an unusually sound, profitable and diversified business offers a liberal contract for the New Year for added capital.

Opportunity for any successful sales organization able to sell $100,000 or more. W 818 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

PERSONAL FINANCE RECORD

Contains 13 practical forms for keeping a record of your investments—property, insurance, salary and all income. Holds at your finger tips data needed in making up Income Tax Reports. All Leather Cover—two sizes.
No. 1308, size 6¾ x 3½, price.... $1.50
No. 1311, size 8½ x 5½, price.... $2.50
Order on approval or send for catalogue
Special Purpose Book Co.,
217 Fulton St. Tel. Cort. 2550

BOND TRADER

Firm of Bond Brokers will pay a salary of from five to ten thousand dollars to a Bond Trader who is a producer and has real ability. Wonderful opportunity for the right man. Communications treated confidentially. Address "M. N." P. O. Box 522, City Hall Sta., N. Y. C.

PARTNERSHIP

Bond firm requires another active partner. Highest references exchanged. Box 22.
DOREMUS & CO.
44 Broad Street, N. Y.

WANTED

Solicitor for a personal service enterprise; high-grade man preferably retired from business, willing to serve on straight commission basis, but capable of earning $10,000 to $30,000 per annum. Address V 787 Times Downtown.

Read by Investors for Facts about their Holdings
Investment Information Column
New York Tribune
First to Last—the Truth.

DIVIDENDS.

THE MEXICAN EAGLE OIL COMPANY LIMITED
CIA MEXICANA DE PETROLEO "EL AGUILA" S. A.

A final dividend of 40% for the year ended June 30, 1920, and an interim dividend of 6% in respect of the current year, or a total of $2.6360 per share, have been declared and will be paid on and after December 31st, 1920, on presentation and verification of Ordinary Share Coupon No. 15, and/or Preference Share Coupon No. 25 at the American City-Corn Exchange National Bank, 128 Broadway, New York.
HERBERT J. CARR,
Attorney-in-fact for Whitehall Securities Corporation, Limited (London Financial Agents).

BELGIUM'S RECOVERY

A Summary of What Has Been Accomplished in Reconstruction Since the War.

Of all the warring countries in Europe, our Consul General at Brussels reports to the State Department, none has returned to its pre-war activities in a measure comparable to Belgium. When the armistice was signed the country found itself with a third of its factories ruined. In transportation essentials 1,250 miles of railroads, 1,800 bridges and 600 kilometers of canals had been destroyed, 60,000 railroad cars and 2,500 locomotives taken by the Germans, and the telegraph and telephone systems ruined.

Progress made toward reconstruction is so phenomenal that within the next six months all pre-war industries, excepting steel plants, will have attained, where they do not already exceed, the production of pre-war years. Practically all railway trains in the country are running on pre-war schedules, the roadbeds and bridges having been for the most part repaired or reconstructed. Reconstruction has been but little handicapped by the few strikes occurring, and there is little or no spirit of Bolshevism among the inhabitants.

This phenomenal progress has, however, been seriously affected by the price-cutting wave from America, the textile industry being among the first to suffer. Some of the mills are working on reduced time and a few shut down in the middle of July. The same is true of the shoe industry. Other industries likewise have been affected. Central railroad shops are at present repairing twelve locomotives a week as against nineteen in 1914, while in the shops along the lines production is one-half that of 1914. Circulation of passenger trains (June 1, 1920) has been restored to 56.6 per cent. of the 1913 circulation, while freight service had reached 80.1 per cent.

Of telephone subscribers in 1914, 80 per cent. have been refound. It is curious to note that at Antwerp, Malines and Turnhout there are now more subscribers than before the war. In Brussels there are 14,700 out of a pre-war 18,400, and at Liège about 4,000 out of a previous 5,000.

In 1913 Belgium stood fifth in number of blast furnaces, being outranked only by the United States, England, Germany and France. Fifty-five furnaces were in activity on July 1, 1913, with a production per 24 hours of 85 tons of pig, 280 tons casting and 7,473 tons steel. On Jan. 1, 1920, the number of furnaces had been restored to 52, with a daily output of 90 tons cast iron and 1,744 tons steel.

During occupation the Germans put into circulation 6,100,000,000 marks and compelled the Belgians to accept them at the forced rate of 1 mark for 1.25 francs. The problem of retiring the flood of marks from circulation was accomplished only partially through the monetary restoration bonds, 1,700,000,000 of the 3,000,000,000 francs raised being used for this purpose. To complete the replacement, 2,300,000,000 francs were put at the disposal of the Government by the Banque Nationale, the Government to repay only the principal and the actual charges of printing and issuing. Before the end of the year steps had been taken to repay part of this obligation by floating an internal loan for 2,500,000,000 francs, of which 1,000,000,000 francs were to be turned over at once to the Banque Nationale.

Eventual redemption of these marks at 1.25 francs each is assured by an agreement between Belgium and Germany whereby the latter agrees to convert 5,500,000,000 marks into 40 treasury bonds of the German Republic, bearing interest at 5 per cent. from May, 1921, and redeemable in blocks of 50,000,000 up to the time of maturity in 1939.

1,141 OIL WELLS SUNK.

Texas Spent $17,000,000 and Oklahoma $10,000,000 in November.

Oil wells costing $27,000,000 were completed in Texas and Oklahoma last month, according to the results of a survey in those fields made public yesterday by the American Oil Engineering Corporation of this city. Texas exceeded Oklahoma both in the cost of wells built and in the total initial production of new wells. The corporation's statement said:

"The Osage field and Stephens County, Texas, compare most closely in the number of wells completed, the former having a credit of 100 completions, of which 20½ per cent. were dry and 72 per cent. were producers. Stephens County has a credit of 179 completions, of which 20½ per cent. were dry and 79½ per cent. producers. The Osage completions also contained 7½ per cent. gassers.

"In total production and average per well, Stephens County is far ahead of the Osage, the former having a total of 65,948 barrels of new production, or an average of 485 barrels per well, against a total of 18,895 barrels of new production or an average of 140 barrels per well for the Osage.

"The only field to bring in larger average flush wells than Stephens County, Texas, was Okfuskee County, Oklahoma, which completed 21 wells, of which 76 per cent. were producers, 14 per cent. failures, and 10 per cent. gassers. The flush production of 16 producers completed average 534 barrels per well as against 485 barrels for Stephens County.

"The cost of the 482 wells completed in Texas during November is estimated at $17,000,000, and 658 wells completed in Oklahoma, exclusive of gassers, which will probably about pay for themselves, at $10,000,000.

"The total initial production of new wells in Texas was 83,099 barrels, and in Oklahoma was 70,954 barrels. Therefore these figures indicate that in comparing the two States the cost of development in Oklahoma was 60 per cent. of the cost in Texas, and the results obtained in barrels of oil produced in Oklahoma was 85 per cent. of that of Texas. In Texas 30 per cent. of the wells completed were dry, and in Oklahoma 22 per cent. were dry."

NEW FRENCH LOAN.

What Paris Believed to Be the Result of the Subscription.

Regarding the new French 6 per cent internal loan, the subscription for which closed Nov. 30, after having been opened for six weeks, a Paris correspondent of The London Economist reports that in official circles it resulted in an unparalleled success. "The actual figures," it was added, were not yet known, "but there is little doubt the total will far exceed that of any previous French loan. Estimates mentioned among bankers range from forty to sixty thousand million francs and are alleged to be based on calculations arrived at from certain known results.

"M. Francois-Marsal, the Finance Minister, is reported to have predicted some weeks ago, when the lists were opened, that it would produce forty thousand millions. What is known is that (largely, no doubt, in view of the fact that the Government had offered to pay 5.75 per cent. interest on all subscriptions received before the lists opened) over 3,000,000,000 francs had been received by the end of October. The success of the loan has undoubtedly been considerably helped by the resolve of the French trading world, under the auspices of the various Chambers of Commerce, to invest the whole of their receipts on Thursday last in the new issue.

NEW YORK FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.

STATEMENT AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS DEC. 23, 1920.

RESOURCES.

	Last Week.	Prev. Week.	Year. Ago.
Gold and gold certificates	$144,304,315.05	$111,078,000	$147,197,000
Gold settlement fund, Fed. Reserve Board	53,975,885.28	24,557,000	41,360,000
Gold with foreign agencies	1,211,100.00	24,862,000	49,286,000
Total gold held by bank	$199,491,302.33	$160,497,000	$238,003,000
Gold with Federal Reserve agent	235,127,330.89	245,765,000	307,385,000
Gold redemption fund	39,000,000.00	28,000,000	25,000,000
Total gold reserves	$473,618,633.22	$444,262,000	$570,438,000
Legal tender notes, silver, &c.	139,321,505.35	158,261,000	15,602,000
Total reserves	$612,940,138.57	$582,523,000	$616,040,000
Bills discounted: Secured by Government war obligations	141,009,764.57	493,239,000	584,588,000
All other	340,000.00		
For members	$464,949,764.57	$464,249,000	$584,588,000
	140,195,966.11	388,997,000	203,696,000
Bills bought in open market	$140,195,966.11	$388,997,000	$203,696,000
	96,829,105.11	89,357,000	181,312,000
Total bills on hand	$1,043,975,162.77	$942,603,000	$970,596,000
United States Government bonds	1,958,500.75	1,468,000	1,258,000
United States Victory notes	50,000.00	50,000	50,000
United States certificates of indebtedness	78,000,000.00	120,481,000	67,347,000
Total earning assets	$1,083,219,769.10	$1,064,602,000	$1,043,160,000
Bank premises	1,547,121.72	4,216,000	3,094,000
Five per cent. redemption fund against Federal Reserve Bank notes	2,727,110.00	2,061,000	2,029,000
Uncollected items and other deductions from gross deposits	159,126,618.84	188,520,000	255,000,000
All other resources	1,520,267.08	1,515,000	1,995,000
Total resources	$1,584,079,150.21	$1,527,586,000	$1,907,518,000

LIABILITIES.

Capital paid in	$26,251,000.00	$26,261,000	$22,588,000
Surplus	51,307,553.50	51,308,000	72,922,000
Government deposits	943,000.00	723,000	12,041,000
Deposits, members reserve account	696,136,249.81	688,956,000	766,254,000
Deferred availability items	106,947,281.68	110,829,000	183,585,000
Other deposits, including foreign Government credits	12,256,285.06	10,388,000	42,684,000
Total gross deposits	$819,283,830.20	$809,486,000	$949,582,000
Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	880,830,780.00	817,322,000	824,844,000
Federal Reserve Bank notes in circulation—net liability	29,867,200.00	26,754,000	34,624,000
All other liabilities	56,750,283.25	49,555,000	22,678,000
Total liabilities	$1,984,979,150.21	$1,843,886,000	$1,907,518,000
Ratio of total reserves to deposit and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	39.6%	39.1%	40.0%
Ratio of gold reserves to Federal Reserve notes in circulation after deducting 35 per cent. against deposit liabilities	/....	....	44.5%
Ratio of reserves to net deposits after deducting 40 per cent. gold reserves against F. R. notes in circulation	39.7%	37.1%	
Contingent liability on bills purchased for foreign correspondents	$6,075,365.79	$6,077,141.32	....

BANK DEPARTMENT SUMMARY.

STATE BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES NOT INCLUDED IN CLEARING HOUSE.

Loans and investments	$601,818,800	— $869,300
Gold	7,138,000	— 858,400
Currency and bank notes	5,690,000	+ 79,500
Deposits with Federal Reserve Bank of New York	31,080,800	+ 2,384,200
Total deposits	640,522,000	+ 7,418,900
*Net deposits	590,298,600	+ 4,883,100
Reserve on deposits	111,029,300	— 3,777,100
Percentage of reserve, 21.		

RESERVE.

	State Bks.	P. C.	Trust Co.	P. C.
Cash	$25,630,900	16.32	$50,042,800	13.84
Deposits in banks and trust companies	9,498,800	5.98	24,650,800	6.69
Total	$35,455,700	22.30	$75,593,600	20.53

*Deposits, eliminating amounts due from Reserve depositaries and from other banks and trust companies in New York City and United States deposits.

ALL NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE INSTITUTIONS

(AVERAGE FIGURES)

Week ended.	Loans.	Deposits.	Cash Reserve.
Dec. 24, 1920	$5,281,715,000	*$4,226,594,000	$344,409,000
Dec. 18, 1920	5,235,041,000	4,310,033,000	365,497,000
Dec. 11, 1920	5,185,421,000	4,221,651,000	343,487,000
Dec. 4, 1920	5,208,880,000	4,270,048,000	343,030,000
Nov. 27, 1920	5,218,745,000	4,292,427,000	348,816,000
Nov. 20, 1920	5,251,283,000	4,291,564,000	352,892,000
Dec. 27, 1919	5,191,447,000	4,318,384,000	559,430,000
Dec. 20, 1919	5,171,500,000	4,420,585,000	592,169,000
Dec. 13, 1919	5,114,731,000	4,332,260,000	566,721,000
Dec. 6, 1919	5,144,327,000	4,384,087,000	597,945,000
Nov. 29, 1919	4,680,685,000	3,922,347,000	567,210,000
Nov. 22, 1919	5,238,530,000	4,468,209,000	594,511,000
This year's high	5,486,134,000	4,484,543,000	593,480,000
In week ended	Oct. 16.	Oct. 16.	June 19.
This year's low	5,004,477,000	4,221,651,000	533,220,000
In week ended	March 6.	Dec. 11.	Aug. 28.
Last year's high	5,398,606,000	4,464,452,000	599,527,000
In week ended	Oct. 13.	Sept. 20.	Sept. 30.
Last year's low	4,706,068,000	3,921,493,000	537,160,000
In week ended	Jan. 4.	Feb. 15.	Feb. 15.

*United States deposits deducted, $183,858,000.

INDIVIDUAL BANK RETURNS.

AVERAGE FIGURES WEEK ENDED DEC. 24, 1920.

BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES MEMBERS OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.

	Loans, Discount, Investments, &c.	Cash in Vault.	Reserve with Legal Depositories.	Net Demand Deposits.	Time Deposits.
Bank of N. Y., N.B.A.	$43,494,000	$892,000	$4,498,000	$32,207,000	$5,087,000
Bank of Manhat'n Co.	126,443,000	3,463,000	13,207,000	109,288,000	11,948,000
Mech. & Metals Nat.	211,749,000	10,508,000	20,025,000	149,278,000	2,829,000
Bank of America	59,180,000	2,179,000	6,931,000	51,340,000	1,157,000
National City	573,122,000	9,254,000	60,219,000	(a)373,188,000	24,633,000
Chemical National	132,713,000	2,057,000	14,112,000	105,253,000	1,785,000
Atlantic National	13,342,000	475,000	2,091,000	15,029,000	502,000
Nat. Butch. & Drov's	4,526,000	123,000	657,000	4,549,000	62,000
Amer. Exch. Nati	126,771,000	1,571,000	11,810,000	87,372,000	3,981,000
Nat. Bank of Com	387,868,000	3,139,000	34,701,000	258,001,000	2,093,000
Pacific	21,792,000	2,212,000	3,326,000	25,769,000	276,000
Chat. & Phenix Nat.	125,053,000	5,403,000	14,974,000	109,360,000	13,743,000
Hanover National	123,949,000	2,815,000	14,379,000	108,385,000	.....
Metropolitan	37,778,000	2,406,000	6,260,000	42,070,000	4,000
Corn Exchange	151,988,000	7,371,000	23,624,000	148,516,000	12,409,000
Import. & Trad. Nat.	43,143,000	996,000	3,889,000	29,553,000	27,000
National Park	200,557,000	1,373,000	18,512,000	141,357,000	1,855,000
East River National	11,935,000	321,000	1,811,000	11,356,000	930,000
Second National	22,038,000	1,129,000	2,794,000	19,356,000	90,000
First National	323,908,000	1,168,000	24,685,000	180,052,000	4,851,000
Irving National	199,907,000	7,758,000	23,460,000	179,437,000	1,751,000
N. Y. County Nat.	13,821,000	915,000	1,836,000	13,218,000	854,000
Continental	7,218,000	191,000	764,000	5,874,000	100,000
Chase National	361,808,000	5,069,000	33,309,000	261,698,000	7,580,000
Fifth Avenue	10,705,000	1,233,000	2,047,000	10,594,000	.....
Commercial Exch.	8,551,000	474,000	1,460,000	8,715,000	.....
Commonwealth	8,850,000	598,000	1,523,000	9,579,000	.....
Garfield National	16,092,000	617,000	2,344,000	15,585,000	45,000
Fifth National	12,546,000	345,000	2,038,000	13,564,000	565,000
Seaboard National	44,782,000	1,270,000	6,211,000	46,219,000	822,000
Liberty National	103,246,000	997,000	9,689,000	71,767,000	2,221,000
Coal & Iron National	19,287,000	930,000	1,780,000	13,440,000	262,000
Union Exchange Nat.	19,263,000	851,000	2,777,000	20,471,000	318,000
Brooklyn Trust	37,849,000	908,000	3,994,000	28,687,000	5,272,000
Bankers Trust	292,435,000	1,431,000	27,702,000	(b)213,300,000	10,860,000
U. S. Mtg. & Trust	68,412,000	1,920,000	6,928,000	49,273,000	10,099,000
Guaranty Trust	225,851,000	2,422,000	45,285,000	(c)443,729,000	26,153,000
Fidelity-Inter. Trust	18,199,000	633,000	2,384,000	17,600,000	634,000
Columbia Trust	81,464,000	1,778,000	9,746,000	74,346,000	3,735,000
Peoples Trust	32,311,000	1,482,000	3,253,000	31,248,000	1,111,000
N. Y. Trust	84,713,000	664,000	7,969,000	61,530,000	1,433,000
Lincoln Trust	23,159,000	792,000	3,302,000	22,276,000	455,000
Metropolitan Trust	22,215,000	686,000	3,206,000	25,766,000	1,046,000
Nassau Nat., B'klyn	16,290,000	717,000	1,342,000	13,095,000	318,000
Farmers Loan & Tr	116,990,000	1,653,000	13,377,000	(d)111,338,000	14,219,000
Columbia	24,552,000	986,000	3,111,000	24,019,000	89,000
Equitable Trust	174,401,000	2,028,000	10,394,000	(e)167,554,000	12,326,000
Total	$5,112,651,000	$95,178,000	$525,982,000	*$3,884,310,000	$198,962,000

STATE BANKS NOT MEMBERS OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.

Greenwich	$18,937,000	$2,981,000	$1,823,000	$19,905,000	$50,000
Bowery	3,871,000	720,000	346,000	5,767,000	.....
State	73,198,000	3,807,000	2,142,000	31,267,000	41,896,000
Total	$98,026,000	$7,508,000	$4,311,000	$56,939,000	$41,946,000

TRUST COMPANIES NOT MEMBERS OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANK.

Title Guar. & Trust	$46,521,000	$1,053,000	$3,258,000	$28,416,000	$880,000
Lawyers Title & Tr	24,317,000	932,000	1,365,000	14,040,000	192,000
Total	$71,038,000	$1,985,000	$4,623,000	$43,356,000	$1,081,000
Grand total	5,281,715,000	107,671,000	534,916,000	†3,984,605,000	241,989,000

Includes deposits in foreign branches not included in footings: (a) $121,861,000, (b) $6,108,000, (c) $101,035,000, (d) $17,896,000, (e) $20,519,000.

Balances carried in banks in foreign countries as reserve for such deposits: (a) $55,882,000, (b) $310,000, (c) $14,466,000, (d) $4,960,000, (e) $6,281,000.

*Deposits in foreign branches not included.

†United States deposits deducted, $182,838,000.

NEW YORK ASSOCIATED BANKS.

STATEMENT AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS FRIDAY, DEC. 24, 1920.

ACTUAL CONDITION, CHANGES FOR THE WEEK.

Excess reserve	Inc.	$22,337,330
Loans	Dec.	34,351,000
Net demand deposits	Dec.	21,303,000
Net time deposits	Inc.	589,000
Cash in vault, Federal Reserve members	Inc.	9,056,000
Reserve in Federal Reserve Bank, member banks	Inc.	20,929,000
Reserve in own vaults, State banks and trust companies	Dec.	90,000
Reserve in other depositories, State ban ks and trust companies	Dec.	1,209,000
Circulation	Dec.	59,000

ACTUAL CONDITION, ALL MEMBERS.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Loans	$5,266,050,000	$5,197,484,000	$4,659,461,000
*Demand deposits	4,604,067,000	4,037,164,000	3,926,359,000
Time deposits	242,809,000	252,666,000	132,903,000
Circulation	34,894,000	37,021,000	35,934,000
Cash in vault, Federal Reserve members	102,252,000	115,228,000	113,270,000
Reserve in Fed. Res. Bank, mem. banks	542,277,000	523,382,000	541,328,000
Res. in other depos., banks & trust cos.	8,993,000	11,339,000	9,020,000
Cash in vault, State banks and trust cos.	9,545,000	12,952,000	11,389,000
Aggregate reserve	$560,815,000	$547,673,000	$561,937,000
Reserve required	530,235,470	539,440,490	519,132,660
Excess reserve	$30,559,530	$8,232,540	$42,804,340

*Government deposits of $160,517,000 deducted. Last week such deposits were $8,408,000.

AVERAGE CONDITION, CHANGES FOR THE WEEK.

Excess reserve	Dec.	$10,667,250
Loans	Inc.	46,674,000
Net demand deposits	Dec.	79,642,000
Net time deposits	Dec.	3,797,000
Cash in vault, Federal Reserve members	Inc.	1,237,000
Reserve in Federal Reserve Bank, mem ber banks	Dec.	20,792,000
Reserve in own vaults, State banks and trust companies	Inc.	79,000
Reserve in other depositories, State ban ks and trust companies	Dec.	375,000
Circulation	Inc.	47,000

AVERAGE CONDITION, ALL MEMBERS

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Loans	$5,281,715,000	$5,191,447,000	$4,662,606,000
*Demand deposits	3,984,605,000	4,054,645,000	3,901,420,000
Time deposits	241,989,000	253,939,000	134,186,000
Circulation	34,912,000	37,083,000	35,920,000
Cash in vault, Federal Reserve members	98,178,000	108,232,000	110,401,000
Res. in Fed. Res. Bank, member banks	525,982,000	536,466,000	527,142,000
Res. in other depos., banks & trust cos.	8,934,000	10,647,000	9,225,000
Cash in vault, State banks and trust cos.	9,493,000	12,337,000	11,019,000
Aggregate reserves	$544,409,000	$559,450,000	$547,286,000
Reserve required	527,881,580	540,431,040	515,789,010
Excess reserve	$16,727,420	$19,018,960	$31,601,090

*Government deposits of $182,888,000 deducted. Last week such deposits were $2,293,000.

SUPPLEMENTARY BANK AND TRUST COMPANIES

(Figures Compiled from Special Reports to The New York Times).

INSTITUTIONS CLEARING THROUGH MEMBERS.

NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS—Average Figures.

FOR THE WEEK ENDED DEC. 24, 1920.

	Loans.	%&c.	Other Cash including Bk. Notes	Res. Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	With Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN—						
Battery Park Nat	$12,060,000	$35,000	$250,000	$1,564,000	$745,700	$12,348,100
Colonial	15,689,000	300,000	1,767,000	1,594,000	.....	17,380,000
Grace & Co. (W. R.)	4,083,758	6,285	14,300	445,350	1,471,846	4,219,388
Mutual	10,546,000	29,000	522,000	1,776,000	.....	13,237,000
New Netherland	6,798,000	20,000	233,000	1,712,000	62,000	8,132,000
Washington Heights	3,467,000	125,000	253,000	239,000	.....	3,665,000
Yorkville	14,201,000	25,000	535,000	1,879,000	.....	16,037,000
BROOKLYN—						
First National	10,472,600	8,700	424,300	976,900	757,000	10,970,800
Mechanics	29,125,200	73,000	2,037,300	7,264,400	17,400	30,737,500
North Side	6,250,700	14,600	393,900	817,483	.....	7,480,100
JERSEY CITY, N. J.—						
First National	8,669,000	109,000	432,000	3,022,000	72,000	12,680,000

TRUST COMPANIES—Average Figures.

FOR THE WEEK ENDED DEC. 23, 1920

	Loans.	Cash.	Reserve Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	Dep. with Other Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
BROOKLYN—					
Hamilton	$8,971,000	$887,000	$526,000	.....	$8,737,000
BAYONNE, N. J.—					
Mechanics	8,991,542	418,314	977,348	$180,223	10,117,237

INSTITUTIONS NOT IN THE CLEARING HOUSE.

NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS—Average Figures.

FOR WEEK ENDED DEC. 23, 1920.

	Loans.	Gold.	Other Cash including Bk. Notes	Res. Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	With Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN—						
Bank of Cuba	$981,426	$80,500	$29,104	$54,987		$908,735
Bank of United States	26,224,600	10,000	920,600	2,430,300	$2,716,100	30,958,400
Broadway Central	2,817,500	95,500	219,350	199,950	33,900	3,053,600
Bronx Borough	3,616,204	10,000	203,807	514,288	.....	4,018,578
Bryant Park Bank	2,430,400	50,700	146,400	274,000	.....	2,657,600
Chelsea Exch. Bank	7,397,000	.....	720,000	1,102,000	.....	7,181,000
Cosmopolitan	2,738,600	.....	134,700	220,400	12,000	3,026,700
Europe (Bank of)	5,241,758	82,000	513,835	359,822	3,000	6,049,182
Gotham National	11,867,000	.....	553,000	1,558,000	.....	10,474,000
Harriman National	28,501,000	42,000	1,215,000	3,234,000	66,000	28,582,000
Public National	70,889,000	13,000	1,493,000	4,956,000	3,900,000	73,483,000
Twenty-third Ward	5,375,400	108,200	486,400	1,023,700	50,700	6,887,900
BROOKLYN—						
Bank of Coney Island	2,801,500	20,500	640,800	31,600	.....	3,197,900
Homestead	2,923,000	215,000	189,300	235,900	.....	3,316,500
Montauk	2,600,000	15,000	199,000	198,000	.....	2,850,000
Municipal	1,482,100	3,000	141,700	202,900	22,700	1,699,900
Peoples National	4,448,200	2,800	285,000	501,600	153,400	5,296,700
HOBOKEN, N. J.—						
First National	10,871,600	13,000	278,200	884,900	17,900	10,699,000

TRUST COMPANIES—Average Figures.

FOR WEEK ENDED DEC. 24, 192.

	Loans.	Cash.	Reserve Dep. N. Y. and Elsewhere.	Dep. with Other Banks & Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits.
MANHATTAN—					
American	$11,041,437	$1,038,575	$1,102,814	$104,424	$11,962,894
Central-Union	193,532,000	*27,601,000	5,836,000	1,639,000	200,186,000
Commercial	7,567,000	649,000	274,000	258,000	7,732,000
Empire	40,961,000	*2,780,100	4,936,700	2,855,800	48,601,400
Fulton	7,642,800	*1,384,700	643,000	.....	8,460,200
Hudson	6,990,400	467,400	1,604,200	242,800	7,978,800
Mercantile	15,587,000	156,000	1,830,000	774,000	15,350,000
N. Y. Life Ins. & Trust	25,871,600	1,789,100	976,700	.....	24,304,900
United States	54,272,025	4,500,000	6,143,098	.....	48,200,738
BROOKLYN—					
Kings County	22,475,170	1,693,195	1,695,832	.....	22,811,561
Manufacturers	28,136,200	1,322,700	6,312,400	38,200	31,620,700

*Includes amount with Federal Reserve Bank as follows Central-Union $23,737,000, Empire $1,085,300 and Fulton $1,213,100.

AGGREGATE TRUST COMPANIES' DEPOSITS.

The following figures of Clearing House trust companies include items not included in the net deposits as reported to the Clearing House:

Trust Companies.	Deposits.	Trust Companies.	Deposits.
Bankers	$273,574,000	Metropolitan	$30,251,400
Brooklyn	30,982,000	New York	68,956,000
Columbia	87,248,000	Peoples	25,790,100
Equitable	200,785,600	Title Guarantee	32,393,400
Farmers	149,253,405	United States Mortgage	71,665,000
Fidelity-International	19,727,000		
Guaranty	585,688,000	Total	$1,642,104,305
Lawyers Title	24,516,800	Change	+7,998,163
Lincoln	25,474,200		

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

15 cents per word. Two business and one bank reference required from advertisers.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

WILL FINANCE manufacturers, merchants and selling agents on their accounts and notes receivable in amounts up to $25,000 on our non-notification plan; interviews invited; confidential. TRADERS' FINANCE CORPORATION, Room 1812, 43 Exchange Pl., N. Y. C. Phone Hanover 2051.

WE FINANCE manufacturers and jobbers on their accounts receivable on a non-notification basis; relationship confidential as with your own bank. CREDIT DISCOUNT TRUST, 432 Fourth Avenue. Phone Madison Square 8190.

TWO high-class sales managers to invest $5,000 each in the greatest advertising specialty ever produced; must be big men, capable of handling their share of sales work; only high-tension, aggressive sales drivers will be considered; give past experience, references and one bank. P 404 Times.

AN AMERICAN, age 35, energetic, successful business executive, formerly treasurer and secretary of two large corporations, will invest with services up to $50,000 in an established paying business; give summary of proposition in first letter. B 471 Times.

CLIENT would invest $15,000 in modern upper Bronx flat; price must be very reasonable for quick sale; let us co-operate. Please write S. L. Aronds Co., 470 Tremont Av. Tremont 4083.

MECHANICAL engineer will invest up to $25,000 in going concern and take active interest in management. Y 2358 Times Annex.

$10,000-$25,000 to invest, with service, in established business; lighting line. Room 805, 103 Park Avenue.

YOUNG MAN will invest $1,000 and valuable services in small established wholesale business. A 905 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Piece goods store Greater New York; will purchase stock, fixtures and lease. A 712 Times Downtown.

LOOKING for a motion picture theatre; must be a paying proposition. B 434 Times.

CORPORATIONS with merit and responsibility assisted financially. A 941 Times Downtown.

$25,000 to $100,000, prosperous industrial, active merchant. E 29 Times.

HAVE $500 and services to invest; no quacks. L 664 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED.

WANTED to secure $50,000 to $100,000 loan for six months by a successful company; will pay current rate of interest plus liberal commission; note to be endorsed by stockholder carrying personal responsibility of more than $1,000,000. For particulars address V 816 Times Downtown.

PARTY wanted with $5,000 to $15,000, for State, county or city representative for manufacturer of greatest product of its kind made; protected by patent; highest references furnished; exclusive rights given; active or silent investor; large yearly returns assured, besides liberal salary if active. D 183 Times.

WELL ESTABLISHED and successful manufacturing company wants to interest party with $30,000 or more capital by a division of the profits; excellent opportunity for a young man of means and character. Y 2267 Times Annex.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY for bright man to join our organization with $5,000 or thousand to invest; good salary, good profits; high-grade engraving, advertising and printing; want to enlarge; references exchanged. S 740 Times Downtown.

LEADING dress manufacturer, long established, doing too large turnover for capital invested, desires inactive special partner; will make liberal arrangement with satisfactory party; investment required, $20,000 up; business running close to $1,000,000 per annum. Dress, 86 N. Y. Times, Brooklyn.

WANTED—$50,000 for one year, with option of renewal, by responsible parties now engaged in two going and profitable enterprises; money to be used in expansion; ample security. C. S., 441 Times Downtown.

LEATHER and findings wholesale business, established 50 years, requires additional capital; investors of high character only. Wm. M. Goldweber, 580 Newark Av., Jersey City.

SECURITY sales organization has opening for stock issue, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland territories; must be financially sound, stand investigation; no promotion. P. E. B., 1535 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

TWO men of the highest integrity want to meet a person of the same caliber with capital to market a new invention, which is a bottle filler. Call 105 West 40th St., Room 1901.

CORPORATION about to be formed to manufacture fireproof building blocks, for which there is great demand and which may be sold at about cost of lumber, seeks $15,000, with or without service. P 396 Times.

PROMINENT dry goods broker desires to co-operate with party having capital to invest in the wholesale dry goods business; can submit sound proposition. S 735 Times Downtown.

WANTED to buy modern broad silk mill of 300 to 500 looms; up-to-date machinery; must be a bargain. Clark, MacMullen & Riley, 101 Park Av., New York.

SALESMAN, high-grade, with several thousand dollars, to join me in imports business. I have valuable foreign connections and will invest an equal amount or more. Y 2392 Times Annex.

PARTNER wanted with $5,000-$10,000 for Florida orange grove enterprise. Address P. O. Box 447, City Hall Station, New York.

PARTNER, $5,000 to $15,000, prosperous business; money for expansion and secured. E 28 Times.

MAN wanted with few thousand dollars, take active interest in portable Turkish bath. 216 Centre St., 3d floor.

EXECUTIVE wanted with $15,000; established manufacturing, large profits; handle own money. P 403 Times.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK

New York, December 9, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year will be held at its banking house, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M.

H. C. STEVENS, Second Vice President.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of Directors, to consider amending the Articles of Association so as to increase the authorized number of Directors, and to act upon any other matters which may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the banking house, No. 57 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

WILLIAM P. HOLLY, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

New York, Dec. 22, 1920.

ALLEGHENY STEEL & TUBE CO.

PREFERRED DIVIDE

The Merchant's Point of View

A GENERAL impression prevails in mercantile circles that the next four or five weeks will be the most critical ones in the period of deflation through which the country is passing. The turn of the year is always a time when men total up their profits or losses in business and determine on future policies. This year it is going to be a question with many whether they will be able to overcome the effects of shrinkages of values and continue in trade. In anticipation a number have been wise enough to get rid of high-priced stocks even at a loss in order to get ready funds with which to buy at the reduced levels and thus have a chance to build up a paying trade again. Fortunately for general business conditions, there have been enough of these to form a pretty high average and the number of them will be added to materially before the new year goes very far. All the indications are for some pretty drastic clearance sales in the near future now that the holiday buying is over. These sales will have a value beyond that of merely moving stocks. They will indicate to some extent the purchasing power or inclination, or both, of the general public and will afford a guide as to how far the consumers are ready to go when prices are made low enough. There is hardly a doubt but that real bargains will be offered at retail and that the element of cost will not be considered. It promises to be a case of getting rid of goods for what they will bring. The prices obtained may be even less than the replacement cost.

***

The Holiday Trade and Thereafter.

It cannot be said that the holiday trade has afforded much of an indication of the general public sentiment. Reports of results obtained vary, not only according to localities but also as to different stores in the same locality. Some have been able truthfully to declare that their business has been fully up to expectations, while others make no secret that the results have been disappointing. In most cases the stores have done less than they hoped for. While, in some instances, this has been due to the mistaken attempt on the part of dealers to keep up prices, this alone does not account for the restriction of sales. A season of extravagance in buying is apt to be succeeded by one of the most rigid economy. The pendulum which swings violently to one side is sure to be as violently propelled to the other. It takes time to make the motions again more nearly constant and regular and finally bring the normal of use. This would be the case with buying even if the other factors now present were not present. It seems, unlikely, judging from precedent, that prosperous in purchasing will be resumed in the near future. But, on the other hand, there is a good prospect that, beginning with Spring, there will be a resumption of that steady buying which is more beneficial to business in general because it is more apt to continue. No matter what view pessimists may take, the country is not "broke," and people will continue to need things and get them. So the foreshanded retailers will make no mistake if they buy when prices reach their level which will be soon—and purchase with caution, which they are likely to do.

***

Taxation as it Affects Business.

Questions of human liberty it was long ago observed, ever revolve about the matter of taxation. The recollection of the Stamp Tax and the famous Boston tea party ought to keep the idea fresh in the minds of Americans. But taxation has other effects than political ones, and not the least of these is the effect on business of inconsidered or inequitable taxation. This is one of the reasons for the general opposition to the continuance of the excess profits tax. A still better reason is that, considering the losses brought about by the declines in prices this year, there will be few, if any, excess profits to tax. But, as the Chamber of Commerce of the United States says in asking the opinions of its members on what tax shall take its place, the fact remains that taxes must continue high. The question is not what shall the taxes be levied so as to supply sufficient revenue to the Government. Two things must govern. The one is that the cost of collecting the tax shall be as small as possible, which means that the nearer they are automatically collected the better. The second is that the chances to evade the taxes shall also be reduced to a minimum so that the honest shall not be at a disadvantage as compared with the rogues. The stamp taxes are regarded as an ideal way of raising revenue, but not enough can be raised this way to cover the Government's vast needs. To raise money by a tax on sales has many advocates, but also not a few opponents who urge that this will be a cover under which profiteering will be rife. Next to enforcing economy in expenditures this matter of the proper mode of taxation will call for more thought than, perhaps, any other within the purview of legislation.

***

Features of Temporary Tariff.

Apropos of this matter of legislation, what the House of Representatives did the other day, in adopting the temporary tariff measure for the avowed purpose of helping the farming interests, does not promise much as to its ability to help in adjusting taxation. Take the matter of wheat, for example. A tariff tax of 30 cents a bushel is placed on imports of it, the object being to keep out Canadian shipments and thus raise the price of the American article. As a matter of fact, this country not only exports wheat from Canada, but also exports wheat to it. During October, as it happens, the imports were very much larger than the exports. In that month we took, counting wheat and wheat flour, 10,535,342 bushels and only sent to Canada 624,338 bushels. But, taking the first ten months of the year as a whole, the imports from Canada were 15,879,962 bushels, while the exports were 14,086,841 bushels, or very nearly as much. Then, too, aside from any retaliatory measures which Canada might enact — and that country is one of the best customers for United States products—its wheat could be sent abroad instead of here and so cut down the price of American wheat in foreign markets even if it did not succeed in keeping the latter out altogether.

Another odd thing, of many, in that tariff bill is the tender regard for the sheep and live-stock interests. A tax is placed on imports of sheep, lamb and mutton. It is curious that this should follow the action of the Parliament of New Zealand, whence such products have been coming, refusing an export license to the Armours for just these very articles. It prompts to the suspicion that the fine Italian hand of what is called the Meat Trust has figured in the outcome.

***

Foreign Commerce of the Country.

A fair idea of what the foreign commerce figures for the calendar year 1920 are expected to show is made possible by the publication of the statistics for November. During that month both exports and imports showed a drop in value from those of October, the decline in the former having been $76,000,000 and, in the latter, $13,000,000. Taking the eleven months of the year the exports foot up $7,507,323,420 and the imports $5,013,117,832, showing an excess of exports amounting to $2,404,205,488. Estimating December trade according to the recent trend, the year's total of exports ought to be about $8,000,000,000 and that of imports about $5,300,000,000, showing a balance of about $2,700,000,000 in favor of the former. These figures at both ends show a great advance over pre-war ones, although the difference in values must be considered in making comparisons. Before the war the total foreign trade was about $4,250,000,000 with an average excess of exports of about $550,000,000. When this year's figures, however, are compared with last year's, the exports will appear to be about the same in value, while the imports will have increased by about $1,400,000,000. The resultant excess of exports over imports will be that much reduced. In the ordinary course of things the exports during next year should show a decline, not only in value because of the reduction in prices, but also in quantities, while the imports should increase. But, whether this happens or not, the calendar year 1919 will continue to stand as a record for favorable balance of trade.

***

Trade in Cotton and Cotton Goods.

A lot of nostrums are being invoked in the vain hope that cotton prices may be advanced to some point not warranted by the statistical situation. Of more avail are the projects for increasing the exports, especially those contemplating the financing of export corporations under the Edge act. It will take time, however, before these are effectively in operation and, meanwhile, actual cotton is selling at very low figures. In the exchanges the quotations during the week kept persistently below the 15 cent point and even ran below 14 cents. The demand has been comparatively small from the domestic spinners, not only because of the uncertainty of the price situation, but also because of the curtailment of production due to poor business. Nor are the foreign markets very promising for the time being, although evidences point to a much larger demand from them before very long. The exchange situation and the obtaining of credits are the stumbling-blocks. A brighter prospect for the immediate future appears in the goods market. Between now and the end of the year, revisions of prices are expected which will be recognized as basic and stable and will be calculated to stimulate the buying which has been so long deferred. The first fortnight of January ought to see considerable purchasing of all kinds of cotton goods and their speedy distribution to the retailers whose shelves need filling. Even in knit goods there are signs of some activity, although not a very brisk season is expected. The knitters have discovered they made a mistake in announcing; not so long ago, that their prices would have to be advanced. With falling prices in cotton and yarns there was no alternative except to follow the procession. The demand in hosiery also shows signs of picking up.

***

Situation in Wool and Woolens.

Wool markets have not been very responsive to the benefits which some thought would follow the easy passage of the temporary Tariff bill by the lower house of Congress. One reason for this is that few think that bill has any chance of becoming a law. The woolen manufacturers, who are about as greedy as the best or worst of tariff beggars, will probably have something to say in the matter, and for once they have a very good case. It would certainly be unjust to them to have a tariff on wool, thus forcing them to pay more for their raw material than their foreign competitors, and leave unchanged the tariff on woolens. In the old days, when the tariff beneficiaries were permitted to write the schedules, the wool growers were careful not to antagonize the woolen manufacturers. Each crowd looked after the other's interests and, between them, made the public pay. Now the woolen manufacturers find it necessary to sell as cheaply as possible because they cannot get high prices for their products, and they are in no mood to listen to proposals which will result in high prices. Abroad, more difficulty is being shown in selling wool, the existence of which in vast quantities is hanging like a pall over all markets. In the domestic goods market a little better feeling is prevalent, although the transactions do not show any large increase in volume. Conditions are not improved by the labor controversies in the clothing trade in this city and Baltimore, which promise to be fought to a finish. More business is expected in dress goods after the turn of the year.

COST FINDING SYSTEMS.

Plan to Extend Them to the Stamp and Stencil Industry.

As a result of meetings recently held in Pittsburgh and this city, plans have been completed by the officers, Directors and Cost Committee of the International Stamp Manufacturers' Association for the preparation of accurate systems of cost finding, accounting and general efficiency in the industry. The membership of the association, which includes manufacturers of rubber, steel or other kinds of stamps all over the country, is divided into ten geographical sections. In District 2, which embraces this city, Brooklyn, Philadelphia, New Haven and Bridgeport, as well as New York State and New Jersey, are located sixty-five leading makers of these articles.

A leading part of the plans will consist of sending an experienced accountant through the principal centres producing steel and rubber stamps, stencils, steel dies and allied merchandise to study these industries at first hand with a view to working out the desired systems. In the course of his work the accountant will visit this city, Boston, Hartford, Pittsburgh, Chicago, Minneapolis, St. Paul, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Baltimore and Washington.

The need of uniform cost and accounting systems, according to the announcement of the project, has resulted from the growth of the stamp industry, not only in size but importance. From more or less humble beginnings it has grown to a business of specialization that requires a very high type of mechanical skill and organization. The rubber stamp alone, the announcement asserts, has come to occupy a part as important in some business operations as the adding machine or the typewriter does in others. The steel stamp, with its various uses, such as making identification marks on steel and similar products, has been of great aid to manufacturers in facilitating their business by giving them means of permanently marking their wares and thus preventing substitution's by unscrupulous dealers.

MILLINERY FOR SPRING.

An Especial Feature is the Amount of Trimmings in Hats.

It looks as if the coming Spring millinery season will be a "trimmed" one for the first time in quite a while. Sponsored by the leading French style creators, the advance models for the new season show a lavish use of garnitures, and it seems as though trimmings have finally come into their own. A particularly good demand exists for flowers at the present time, according to the bulletin of the Retail Millinery Association of America, and the call for them, as well as for other trimmings, is increasing.

"Paris especially favors flowers for her Spring hats," the bulletin continues, "and has sent over models which illustrate how extremely effective the flower trimming may be if cleverly and artistically used. Some of the famous French houses have concentrated on all-flower hats that are unusually effective.

"In addition to trailing, trailing wreaths and clusters of delicately-colored flowers, the Spring hats are trimmed with blossoms made of yacca, velvet, patent leather, braid, ribbon and self fabric. Hand-painted flowers of silk, chiffon, satin and tinsella are also used. Fruits are beginning to be used, but only in a small way as yet.

"Ribbons also give every indication of being favored for the new season. Narrow picot-edged ribbons of silk, grosgrain and satin, and wide bows and sashes of moiré, faille, satin, &c., being especially popular. Ornaments of every kind, from jutting 'devil's horns' or bright-colored bones to drops of crystal, pearl, coral or turquoise, are used in abundance on the new hats. Long, transparent pins or brightly hued glass are also effective.

"Beads are giving every indication of continuing their popularity, and there are seen oddly shaped ones ranging in size from a small pea to a half dollar. Beads of coral, turquoise, crystal or pearl are used impartially. Pendant ornaments, dangling from chains of painted bone or wood, are in demand."

CUBAN TRADE CONDITIONS.

They Are Declared to Be Not Nearly as Black as Painted.

Retailers in Cuba are doing a good business even at the high prices asked, according to Leon Lowenstein of M. Lowenstein & Sons, cotton converters, who has just returned from that country, but the moratorium is preventing a liquidation of their bills owed to jobbers and wholesalers. The situation, in his opinion, is not as black as it has been painted, and the moratorium was declared to save three banks, which seemed to have strong political influence. It is this influence, he said, which makes it extremely difficult to do business with Cuba, as well as with South American countries owing to the interference with legitimate business.

"The greatest problem in Cuba at present," he said, "is to get merchandise through the Custom House. No secret is made of the fact that the lighterage companies benefit through this delay, and the trouble is therefore traced to political sources. With the growing strides made by American business in Cuba and the South American countries, it seems to be about time to take steps to break down this interference with business.

"The American houses which have shipped to Cuba have been rather promiscuous in their credit granting, with the result that many merchants there have bitten off more than they could chew. There is no excuse for this, with the present facilities for learning the financial standing of export customers. But, despite this condition, fully 90 per cent. of the present indebtedness ought to be paid if suitable extensions are now granted to Cuban customers, and if they are given full co-operation."

Conditions Bad in Vladivostok.

Trade Commissioner Meekins, in a report from Peking, China, reports on the conditions in Vladivostok, Siberia. He says that both foreign and domestic trade at that place is practically dead with the exception of the business being conducted by the Japanese. The residents of Vladivostok are afraid to buy anything more than enough for their b[illegible] on account of robberies. The Russian authorities imposed such high export duties upon furs, amounting in some cases to 80 per cent. ad valorem, that it has been impossible to [illegible] summer. The import duties are said to be equally exorbitant.

Japan Re-exports Asbestos.

Importation of large quantities of asbestos into Japan since January, 1920, from Canada and South Africa resulted in a surplus, which holders have decided to re-export to the United States, in view of the higher price quoted in that market. The first shipment of note was made about Nov. 1 and consisted of 100 tons.

SOME EXPERIENCES OF THE SALESMEN

Unpleasant Ones Due to Ignorance or the Lack of Merit in Goods Offered.

Some years ago a shoe manufacturing concern brought out some footwear for men that was as nearly waterproof as it is possible to make a leather shoe. The head of the business, a man of conservative action and speech, advised his salesmen to use the waterproof argument as strongly as possible in selling the shoe in question, but warned them not to get too enthusiastic about that particular feature.

In due time the men left for their respective territories, and, so far as known, all of them obeyed the cautioning of the "boss," excepting a young man who had recently been promoted to carrying a grip. In his anxiety to make a good showing in his new job his selling talk ran very largely to superlatives. All went pretty well, however, until he ran foul of a veteran buyer for a certain department store. The latter, who had earned a reputation as a "grouch," accepted the young man's enthusiastic statements concerning the merchandise he carried until the "waterproof" shoe came into the game.

Even then the buyer did not declare himself until the young salesman had asserted several times that the shoe was absolutely waterproof. At last, however, the repetition of this alleged virtue of the shoe got on the buyer's nerves and he burst out: "My dear young man, I was buying shoes when you were still reaching for the moon. In all that time I have seen only two kinds of absolutely waterproof shoes. One of them is a properly made rubber overshoe and the other is a horseshoe."

Relating the incident recently, the salesman, who has since been careful in his assertions concerning the goods he carries, said that that was the most embarrassing moment he had ever had in his business. Inquiries among other salesmen brought to light odd experiences on the part of other men, most of which happened when they were "green" at the business.

A young office clerk, a number of years ago, got dissatisfied with his job and sought a change. He scanned the "want ads" of the leading daily papers and finally found one calling for a salesman. He answered it, and found that a small factory, making smoking pipes, wanted a man to go on the road. The factory had just come into the ownership of a man who had been the foreman and who, although he knew all of the ins and outs of pipe making, did not know anything about selling. Largely due to the fact that the young man was willing to start work on a commission basis, without a drawing account, the exforeman gave him the job.

Neither of them knew anything about the selling game, the new salesman was to make a trip. The start was quite some say in the matter of their territory and, naturally, have no desire to go far afield into countries which may or may not prove profitable customers.

"Consequently, there is usually left only the poorer selling talent which may be applied to the task of developing business in foreign markets. The selection of men to do this traveling is often restricted, also, to those who can speak the languages of the countries which they are to visit, and the question of actual selling ability sometimes has to take second place to a knowledge of the language spoken or the customs of the country with which business is planned.

"It is my opinion that, if American manufacturers and others who wish to do business in South America would be more careful concerning the class of men they send as their representatives, more business would be forthcoming. A better class of salesmen is required in the export field, and the best results will not be obtained until more ability is to be found among them."

DOING THINGS IN TURKEY.

American Warehouses Erected Alongside of the Bosporus.

One of the best examples of American commercial enterprise that has come to light for some time is reported to the Department of Commerce by Trade Commissioner George Wythe, who is located at Constantinople. This is the erection in that city by a New York firm and its shipping organization of bonded warehouses, into which goods may be discharged direct from the steamer and stored at a reasonable rate. The project was undertaken to relieve the port congestion during the Winter months, when at times hundreds of lighters filled with merchandise were forced to wait weeks for an opportunity to discharge into the Custom House.

According to Mr. Wythe's report, the warehouses have been put up at a point on the European side of the Bosporus about four kilometers from Galata quay. They are so situated that it is possible for vessels to discharge alongside at all seasons of the year. The company which built the warehouses now has 42,000 cubic feet of storage space, which is conveniently divided into numbered sections so that goods may be located without difficulty or delay. American equipment is used in handling and stacking the goods, and the company also operates an automobile truck line for making deliveries to all parts of Constantinople. Turkish customs officials maintain an office at the warehouses.

GOODS SHOULD BE MARKED.

In Shipments to India This Is Essential to Avoid Trouble.

Lack of care in marking merchandise shipped to India by American manufacturers frequently causes the importers of the goods to suffer loss and needless delay, writes Consul L. G. Barre Dawson, who is stationed at Madras. According to Mr. Dawson this would be avoided if the goods were marked in this country to conform to the requirements of the Indian merchandise marks law.

The principal requirements of this law are that all goods imported into India shall have marked on them or their containers the name of the country of origin in letters fully as large as any of those contained in the trade mark or description of the goods. A strict requirement, in addition, is that all piece goods must have the number of yards in each piece stamped on them.

During the last year, Mr. Dawson reports, a number of shipments of American merchandise, including motor accessories, electric bulbs, iron screws, bolts and nuts, saw blades, &c., have either been passed with a warning by the Indian customs authorities or on the payment of suitable penalties. Where possible, the goods were passed after qualification of false trade descriptions.

German Activity in Venezuela.

A contract has been made between the Venezuelan Government and a native of Germany, at present living in Caracas, for lands in the State of Monagas aggregating a total of 73,000 hectares (1 hectar equals 2.471 acres), of which 40,000 hectares are destined for the uses of a colony, 30,000 hectares are ceded to the contractor for 50 years, with an additional 3,000 hectares for the [illegible] nea Maturin, the chief town of the region. The hills to the north are very well suited to cacao and coffee cultivation, while the level southern part is suitable for tobacco, corn, cotton, and sugar cane. Natural grasses abound, too, for cattle feed. It is thought that this recent colonization concession is part of a plan for the control of the cattle raising and meat packing industry of Venezuela.

TO STOP CANCELLATIONS.

Reporting of Delinquents to Be One of the Means Adopted.

The National Wholesale Men's Furnishings Association is sending out a letter to 20,000 retailers informing them of the establishment of a Complaint Bureau which will investigate cases of cancellation and the arbitrary return of merchandise. This bureau, the association states, will report the names of delinquents to its members and to the retail organizations as well as to the commercial agencies. This action will be taken to protect the retailers and manufacturers who observe their contracts and who suffer as a result of improper practices by competitors.

After stating that business stability depends upon the fulfillment of mutual obligations, and that most manufacturers as well as retailers endeavor to honestly live up to their contracts, the communication says:

"This association finds itself forced to establish a bureau to which its members shall report the names of those retailers who unjustly cancel orders or arbitrarily return merchandise, or unfairly request price readjustments. It recommends that the retailers also report to their State or national association the names of those wholesalers or manufacturers who do not live up to their contracts.

"The Complaint Bureau will investigate and report on all cases brought to its attention. When the final report is adverse, then the name of the offender will be reported to the members of the National Wholesale Men's Furnishings Association, the National Association of Retail Clothiers and the National Retail Dry Goods Association, as well as to the commercial agencies. Such action is the only fair course to follow to protect those retailers and manufacturers who observe their contracts."

Willard B. Stevens, Secretary of the organization, explained that, in reporting the names of those who violate their contracts to the retail associations, the idea is to let the retailers in such groups know the sources from which unfair competition may be expected, so that the honest merchants can be forewarned. By distributing such information, he said, the houses that stand by their contracts will be put on their guard in time to take adequate defensive measures.

BETTER SALESMEN NEEDED.

One Drawback to Trade With the Latin-American Countries.

Although traveling expenses are high and the cost of developing trade in South and Central American countries is therefore no small item, the type of salesmen sent out to get business in these territories is not quite what might be expected, according to those who have studied this angle of the export business. Commenting on the matter, the officer of a large export house gave several reasons why trade efforts, from the selling point, seem to be misdirected.

"In selecting salesmen to travel in the export markets," he said, "the concerns in this country often pick a man who is not suited for other work. The officers of the company are kept busy with the problems which come up at home, and therefore cannot leave their offices for the length of time it takes to make a trip. The star salesmen have quite some say in the matter of their territory and, naturally, have no desire to go far afield into countries which may or may not prove profitable customers.

"Consequently, there is usually left only the poorer selling talent which may be applied to the task of developing business in foreign markets. The selection of men to do this traveling is often restricted, also, to those who can speak the languages of the countries which they are to visit, and the question of actual selling ability sometimes has to take second place to a knowledge of the language spoken or the customs of the country with which business is planned.

"It is my opinion that, if American manufacturers and others who wish to do business in South America would be more careful concerning the class of men they send as their representatives, more business would be forthcoming. A better class of salesmen is required in the export field, and the best results will not be obtained until more ability is to be found among them."

DOING THINGS IN TURKEY.

American Warehouses Erected Alongside of the Bosporus.

One of the best examples of American commercial enterprise that has come to light for some time is reported to the Department of Commerce by Trade Commissioner George Wythe, who is located at Constantinople. This is the erection in that city by a New York firm and its shipping organization of bonded warehouses, into which goods may be discharged direct from the steamer and stored at a reasonable rate. The project was undertaken to relieve the port congestion during the Winter months, when at times hundreds of lighters filled with merchandise were forced to wait weeks for an opportunity to discharge into the Custom House.

According to Mr. Wythe's report, the warehouses have been put up at a point on the European side of the Bosporus about four kilometers from Galata quay. They are so situated that it is possible for vessels to discharge alongside at all seasons of the year. The company which built the warehouses now has 42,000 cubic feet of storage space, which is conveniently divided into numbered sections so that goods may be located without difficulty or delay. American equipment is used in handling and stacking the goods, and the company also operates an automobile truck line for making deliveries to all parts of Constantinople. Turkish customs officials maintain an office at the warehouses.

GOODS SHOULD BE MARKED.

In Shipments to India This Is Essential to Avoid Trouble.

Lack of care in marking merchandise shipped to India by American manufacturers frequently causes the importers of the goods to suffer loss and needless delay, writes Consul L. G. Barre Dawson, who is stationed at Madras. According to Mr. Dawson this would be avoided if the goods were marked in this country to conform to the requirements of the Indian merchandise marks law.

The principal requirements of this law are that all goods imported into India shall have marked on them or their containers the name of the country of origin in letters fully as large as any of those contained in the trade mark or description of the goods. A strict requirement, in addition, is that all piece goods must have the number of yards in each piece stamped on them.

During the last year, Mr. Dawson reports, a number of shipments of American merchandise, including motor accessories, electric bulbs, iron screws, bolts and nuts, saw blades, &c., have either been passed with a warning by the Indian customs authorities or on the payment of suitable penalties. Where possible, the goods were passed after qualification of false trade descriptions.

German Activity in Venezuela.

A contract has been made between the Venezuelan Government and a native of Germany, at present living in Caracas, for lands in the State of Monagas aggregating a total of 73,000 hectares (1 hectar equals 2.471 acres), of which 40,000 hectares are destined for the uses of a colony, 30,000 hectares are ceded to the contractor for 50 years, with an additional 3,000 hectares for the [illegible] nea Maturin, the chief town of the region. The hills to the north are very well suited to cacao and coffee cultivation, while the level southern part is suitable for tobacco, corn, cotton, and sugar cane. Natural grasses abound, too, for cattle feed. It is thought that this recent colonization concession is part of a plan for the control of the cattle raising and meat packing industry of Venezuela.

MAKING REDUCTION OF SALES PRICES

Some Difficulty in Determining the Principle on Which It Should Be Made.

More than the usual complaint has been heard by stores from their customers this season about their being led to buy merchandise at a high price one day, only to have the same goods offered at considerable reductions the next. These complaints are traced to the fact that public attention is focused so intently on prices this year and, also, to the disturbed conditions of trade which have brought uncommonly large price variances. But, in spite of abnormal conditions, the retailers are beginning to realise that there is a natural reaction on the part of their best customers to paying the highest prices only to have the bargain hunter benefit a short while after to the tune of a 25 or 30 per cent. reduction. Different factors determine the extent of this unfairness, it is pointed out, and in certain lines of merchandise there is no just cause for complaint, while in others the customer's argument is practically conceded.

As retailers have sought, time and again, to impress on the public mind, there is the risk in handling style merchandise to be considered when it comes to marking prices. For this reason the women's wear shops are just as liable as not to double their margins when introducing something that is new. The woman who wants to have the "new thing first" has to pay extra for the privilege, and the same rule is applied to those articles of men's wear which stress the style feature. But afterward, when the fashion introduced becomes more general, the style tax must become less if the merchant is going to retain his sales volume. The margins are therefore contracted until finally the close-out comes and the goods may be sold at cost or even less if the circumstances warrant. In all the transactions covering the sale of that style merchandise, the merchant may average less than his usual profit. In fact, it has been shown in numerous cases that an original mark-up of 100 per cent. shrunk so much in the process of marketing the goods that no profit at all was realised. This is now established by several concerns which were indicted for profiteering.

It is unlikely, store executives believe, that the woman who wants to keep in the forefront of fashion resents having to pay a higher price for getting a style first then if she afterward made a purchase at a lower figure when the design was not quite so fresh or the selection so wide. Consequently, retail opinion agrees that, where the style element is uppermost, there is small basis for complaint in having to pay more for the privilege of being the first to get what is new. But, although this seems to be established practice where style articles are concerned, the difficulty connected with the matter is just where to draw the dividing line. So many articles have a fashionable note about them nowadays that the retail problem is a knotty one. Whether or not this permits their classification as style merchandise. Therefore, most items have to be dealt with individually.

In men's wear, as indicated, there is not the style variation which occurs in women's apparel, even though differences from season to season have developed more in recent years, and, because of the fewer changes in designs, mark-ups are supposed to be of a more stable character. This, however, has not removed the price marking problem from the men's wear retailers. There was a case, not so long ago, of a large organization offering a rebate on overcoats to cover the difference between the first price paid and the sale price. Considerable comment was stirred up as a result of this rather unique move. The policy was questioned on the ground of the suspicion it might create in the mind of customers receiving the rebate. Some other retailers criticised the arrangement because it might lead these customers to believe that they had been profiteering and that the rebate would look like "conscience money." Rather than inspiring confidence, it was pointed out that the rebate might destroy it. But, as widespread as the criticism of this plan was, it nevertheless provoked considerable discussion concerning the rights of the customers to enjoy equal price opportunities. One retail representative said:

"The most equitable arrangement would be, of course, to charge all customers the same price, commensurate with a fair profit. There are some stores that have the same prices all the year around, but how have they fared in the present markets? Other merchants will agree with me, I think, when I say that it is impossible to determine right price until the season is ended. At that time, and not before can be struck of all costs, selling expenses and profits, and the average value established, but not until then. The rebate arrangement does not look good to me, and yet it seems to be a perfectly equitable plan. There is no doubt in my mind that the customers who make their normal purchases at normal times constitute the best patronage a concern can have. Certainly they should not be placed at a disadvantage with the casual shopper who comes in only when bargains are to be obtained.

"There are many factors to be considered when it comes to judging the rights of customers in the matter of regular and bargain prices. As I say, the regular customers of a house are the backbone of its trade and they deserve every consideration. But then, again, they in turn secure certain advantages over the customer who has to go the rounds of the stores in order to pick up something at the best price possible. Such purchases are made at the end of the season, and the customer does not get the comfort of having the garment for the full time it is needed. The practice, however, of purchasing a garment at the end of the season to be put away for the next is more common than it was, and no great danger of a style change is run where the purchase of a conservative mode is made."

"It seems to me that, if strict justice was to be done in this matter of price making, the regular customer ought to get the preference over the casual shopper. The cream of the trade, in other words, ought to get the cream of values. This is a rather radical suggestion but, looking into it, the merchant ought to see its advantages."

Retailers who have studied the points brought up in the discussion of regular and sale prices are of the opinion that wholesale price guarantees may indicate the application of the same price making method to retail sales, particularly when the trade is unsettled. But the only solution of the retailers' difficulties on the score of regular and sale prices is considered to be constant replenishment of stock, or small purchases frequently made. Operating by this method, it is pointed out that closeout sales would not necessitate radical price reductions or involve large quantities of merchandise.

RAW SILK MARKETS.

Sales Below the Pegged Price Have Been Stopped in Japan.

Selling of Japanese raw silks in Yokohama below the qualities selected by the Silk Syndicate, and at prices in some cases as low as 1,300 yen for Shushu No. 1, has been stopped by the Japanese Government, according to cables received here yesterday by A. P. Villa & Brothers, Inc. The syndicate had been opposed to this selling by reelers for some time, on the ground that it depressed the entire market. In the future, consequently, it will be necessary to pay the pegging price of 1,500 yen per picul for all No. 1 Shushus. The market at Yokohama has been very quiet of late, but unchanged.

At Canton there is an active demand for new-style reelings of the silks made up here into the so-called Canton crêpes, and as a result prices there have moved up 25 cents a pound. Shanghai and Milan have been "dead" all through the week. The local market has not been much better off, excepting for the business being done in silks for Canton crêpes. All of the manufacturers are closed now for inventory.

PICTURES IN ADVERTISING.

Swiss Are Great Adepts in Using Photography as an Aid.

Swiss business firms are said by Consul Thornwell Haynes, Berne, to display great talent in artistic advertising, more especially in the use of pictures and photographs. For the most part, he asserts in a report to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, these illustrations portray some well-known national event, or some artistic and historic piece of natural scenery. The big chocolate manufacturers and watch makers of Berne are particularly adept in appealing to the eye.

Mr. Haynes's report goes on to state that the Swiss have learned more thoroughly than the American manufacturers and sellers that no amount of expertly written description can tell the sales story so well as a good photograph, no matter what the merchandise may be. The principal reason for this, perhaps, is that the various languages of Europe make it more necessary to use pictures than words. Even in case of machinery and other things, in connection with which technical points have to be made, the Swiss have found photography a great aid in selling. American articles sold to Switzerland, concludes Mr. Haynes, as well as those sold throughout all Europe, yield themselves easily and readily to the photographic idea.

Oil Prospects in Australia.

Analyses of petroleum gas at Roma, Queensland, have been made which show it to be considerably richer than the gas from most petroleum wells. Using American standards of pressure and temperature in absorption tests, it is estimated that the Roma gas will yield 2 pints of petrol per 1,000 cubic feet. The Mines Department has decided to continue boring below the gas strata, in the belief that oil will be found. Difficulty in obtaining casing is delaying further boring at Maryburg, Queensland. The bore is now over 400 feet down, penetrating sandstones and shales which contain productive coal measures, while tests of a sample of the sludge from the bottom of the bore reveal a small percentage of oil.

Mexican Import Duty on Cotton.

A telegram from Consul Cornelius Ferris Jr. of Mexico City, states that a Presidential decree was signed on Dec. 17, 1920, placing a duty of 15 centavos ($0.0737) per kilo or 2.2 pounds on raw cotton imported into Mexico. The duty on raw ginned cotton has been 8 centavos per kilo.

THE BUYING OF SILVER.

Reasons Stated Why It Is Not Up to Where It Should Be.

"This country is becoming a land of people who delight in 'fakes,'" says a prominent member of the Sterling Silver Manufacturers' Association, which includes practically all the big people in the silver industry, "and one of the worst fakes in which families indulge is in silver of a poor quality and design."

These days, he says, we wear make-believe furs, use a manufactured ivory for real, and jewels no longer are the real thing mined out of the earth, but a commercial product, while the use of sterling silver, in which our ancestors delighted, has declined to such an extent that statistics show that there is the purchase of only $1 worth of fine silver per family per year.

Paul Reverse, who in the early days in the country designed silver which now finds its home in our museums, are today born to blush unseen. Our grandfathers and grandmothers purchased a beautiful piece of silver, a creamer, a pair of candlesticks or a tea service, and exhibited the same to their friends with the delight of artists and collectors. They became known as the possessors of things considered as worthy of ownership as a beautiful picture, while families of the present day are losing this sense of the beauty of fine silver and of the refinement of table appointments.

An innovation which this man believes will come, within the next ten or twelve years at the latest, to develop the sales of silver is the putting of women in the sales departments of silver establishments. Heretofore, this has only been done in a small and unintelligent way in department stores. As a woman are the buyers of silver, competent saleswomen would be able to meet them on a common ground. They would understand the psychology of a home and build up the trade.

Half the silver salesmen of today do more to kill trade than to build it up, he says. If a salesman knew his business when a woman came to buy a pair of candlesticks, for example, he would point out of the room into which they were going. Ten chances to one, the woman would not know the period of the room if it had one, but he would set her to thinking. She would find out what period meant and, if she was sincere artistically, would stop and think, and change the conditions. Salesmen should be educated.

Stores with twenty-five to one hundred years of prestige and reputation for good work and fair dealing place their reputations in the hands of incompetent, inexperienced salesmen through whom the value of thousands of dollars worth of advertising will be lost.

Why shouldn't a salesman devote a portion of his time to study while he is working, as a doctor or a lawyer will do, he asks? A doctor goes to his clinics and the student lawyer to the office, in an interim between his study of text books. "Require salesmen," he says, "to take up a supplementary course from time to time to keep up with the trend of the business."

Pamphlets and periodicals for the benefit of retail and traveling salesmen would be published annually. Each shop and factory should have, filled with standard books on design, art and craftsmanship and the late magazines devoted to art and design, all free to every employe.

When some of these things have been done in the industry which has made no progress in the last ten years will again stand on its feet, and the women of the country will begin again to take pleasure in the refinement and beauty of their table service and put a little money into things of permanent beauty which they now waste in large sums on the temporary beauty of clothes.

German Motor Car Firm in India.

Trade Commissioner Lundquist writes from Lahore that a German motor car firm is again in the Indian market, through a Swedish company, and is selling small construction dump cars for industrial railways at a very low cost.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARMY GOODS—Jerkins's, finest lot, immediate delivery from floor; also other merchandise bargains; bring cash. Walden, 104 5th Av.

SERGES—WFX, 7120, 6120, SBGL, WSG, CFS, CSG, FSW, FRS, FPL POL MFL, 5608, 54289, 54298, 5607, 4081; also plaid skirting. Watkins 5711.

DRESSES—Big bargains: wool velour, $6.75; wool serges, embroidered, $4.75; suits close out. Loeb-Nussbaum, 119 West 23d.

NIGHT GOWNS — Women's flannelette gowns with double yoke, $7.50 dozen; children's $5.75 per dozen; also all kinds of fabric of bloomers, kimonos, house dresses, suitable for special sales. Simon-Kahn, 911 Broadway.

HOSIERY—Women's leather stockings, $3.75, $6.50 and $8 dozen; men's, $3.50, $4.50 and $5.50 dozen. Simon-Kahn, 911 Broadway.

Help Wanted.

SALESMEN wanted, calling on druggist and notion trade, to carry side line of well-known article; big commission; pocket sample. E. Frankel Co., 231 4th Av., New York.

SALESMEN wanted, experienced help not; well-known brands; salary and commission. E. Frankel Co., 231 4th Av., New York.

THE MAN WE WANT. PROBABLY HAS A BIG POSITION NOW

But he is an ambitious, progressive man and will be keenly interested in a position that offers better opportunities.

We have such a position to offer this man—

He must have made an outstanding success in merchandising womens and misses' suits, coats and skirts, and we would prefer a man who has had retail buying experience in these lines. To such a man we can offer a position as

MERCHANDISE MANAGER

The question of salary is of secondary importance with us, as we are willing to pay whatever this man's services are worth, and can assure him that his efforts will receive further substantial recognition as his ability is demonstrated.

We will be very glad to outline in full the details and possibilities of this position to the man whose experience has fitted him for successfully managing these departments in a store which unquestionably holds a leading position in the retailing field of Boston.

CONRAD & COMPANY
25-27 and 29 Winter Street
BOSTON 9, MASS.

WANTED
NOTION SALESMEN
for MIDDLE WEST
Salesmen desirous of obtaining important connection with a very large house, and who meet the following qualifications, apply at once by letter. Must be acquainted with notion buyers of retail and jobbing houses in Middle Western territory. State age, experience, present occupation and salary. All applications treated confidentially. Y 2891 Times Annex.

Will Finance
Dealers, brokers or salesmen in the purchase of merchandise of any kind if sold to domestic manufacturers, wholesale or retail merchants. Profit-sharing. Box V 819 Times Downtown.

Baker, Evans & Co., Inc.
417 Fifth Avenue
Discount Accounts Receivable
INQUIRIES INVITED
Telephone Vanderbilt 6494

CASH AT YOUR COMMAND
If you're keeping half of your capital tied up in your ledgers you're simply robbing yourself! I'll give you cash for your accounts collectible without delay or "red tape." Easy terms and strictest confidence. Tel. Watkins 2250.
UNIVERSAL DISCOUNT CO
Jacob Rosenblatt
100 Fifth Avenue, New York.

BLOOMINGDALES

59TH TO 60TH—THIRD TO LEXINGTON—ONE BLOCK FROM PARK AVENUE

Our Annual January Sale of

Groceries and Canned Goods

At the Prices Youve Been Waiting for

HERE, in this Annual Sale of Canned Goods and Groceries, housewives will find the long-looked-for low prices. And what a satisfatcion it is to be able to accept the low prices so wholeheartedly, for the items listed are Pure Food Stuffs of unquestionable quality, the only kind to be found in our Pure Food Grocery Store. These are prices at which to lay in stores for the coming Winter.

Canned Vegetables

Asparagus—California State, No. 1 cans, ea., 21c; doz. $2.50
Asparagus—Eagle, large cans, ea., 34c; doz. $4.00
Asparagus—Del Monte, large, white, round cans, ea., 44c; doz. $5.25
Asparagus—Del Monte, large white, square cans, ea., 50c; doz. $5.50
Beans—Lima, Sinclare, No. 2 cans, ea., 17c; doz. $2.00
Beans—Tendanta cut, No. 2 cans, ea., 18c; doz. $2.10
Corn—Armour's Veribest, Maine, No. 1 can, ea., 10c; doz. $1.10
Corn—Monocacy Valley, No. 2 cans, ea., 13c; doz. $1.50
Peas—Chilton Banner, extra sifted, No. 2 cans, ea., 21c; doz. $2.39
Peas—Tanner Bros., sifted, No. 2 cans, ea., 28c; doz. $3.25
Peas—A1 Brand, sweet, No. 2 cans, ea., 13c; doz. $1.50
Tomatoes—Blue Coat Fancy Jersays, No. 1 cans, ea., 9c; doz. $1.04
Tomatoes—Maryland, No. 2 cans, ea., 9c; doz. $1.00
Tomatoes—Down Weight Fancy Maryland, No. 3 cans, ea., 17c; doz. $2.00

Vegetables (In Glass)

Peas—Extra small, per jar 45c
Peas—Extra sifted, per jar 40c
Corn—Per jar 35c
Succotash—Per jar 35c
Spinach—Per jar 35c
Tomatoes—Per jar 30c
Beets, Very small Ruby, per jar 35c
Beans—Refugee, tiny, per jar 48c
Beans—Refugee, small, per jar 43c

Cereals and Rice

The finest, fresh stock is always available on our shelves. Give the little folks plenty of fine cereal and milk and see them grow.

Quaker Oats—2 pkgs. for 25c
H. O Steam Cooked Oats—2 pkgs. for 14c
Sago—Pearl, 12-oz. pkg. 8c
Tapioca—Pearl, 12-oz. pkg. 8c
Beans—Pea, 5 lbs. for 36c
Marrow, 5 lbs. for 62c
Red Kidney, 5 lbs. for 60c
Yellow Split Peas—5 lbs. for 36c
Green Split Peas—5 lbs. for 42c
Yellow or White Corn Meal—5 lbs. for 26c
Rolled Oatmeal—5 lbs. for 31c
Fine Barley—5 lbs. for 43c
Coarse Barley—5 lbs. for 32c
Lentils—New Chili; 5 lbs. for 62c

Rice Special

Half head (broken); 5 lbs. for 32c
Fancy Blue Rose; 5 lbs. for 43c
Fancy head; 5 lbs. for 36c

California Fruit

Peaches—Banquet brand, No. 2½ cans, ea., 35c; doz. $4.15
Nonpareil, lemon cling; No. 2½ cans, ea., 36c; doz. $4.25

Canned Fruit Del Monte Brand

Apricots—No. 2½ cans, ea., 30c; doz. $3.50
Egg or Gage Plums—No. 2½ cans, ea., 30c; doz. $3.50
Bartlett Pears—No. 2½ cans; ea., 48c; doz. $5.65
Cherries—Royal Anne; No. 2½ cans; ea., 50c; doz. $5.50
Peaches—Lemon Cling; No. 2½ cans; ea., 40c; doz. $4.75
Pineapple—Sliced; No. 2½ cans; ea., 40c; doz. $4.75

Special Sheffields (Select)

Condensed Milk; per can 11c
Evaporated Milk; 2 cans for 25c

Evaporated Fruits

Apricots; Fancy Moor Park, lb. 40c
Apricots; Choice, lb. 35c
Apples, Evaporated, lb. 18c
California Prunes; 90-100, 3 lbs., 25c; 70-80, lb., 15c; box of 25 lbs., for $3.50; 60-90, lb., 12c; box of 25 lbs. for $2.85.

Candied Peels and Glace Fruit

Lemon or Orange Peel; lb. 42c
Citron; per lb. 42c
Glace Fruit (assorted); 14 oz. pkg., $1.25; 5-lb. boxes $4.25

Nuts in Shell

Almonds; Fancy paper shell, per lb. 42c
Mixed Nuts; per lb. 30c
Walnuts; budded, per lb. 46c
Walnuts; California, per lb. 36c
Brazil Nuts; per lb. 38c
Filberts; Naples; per lb. 22c
Pecans; per lb. 31c

Olives

Bloomingdale Pride: pts., 55c, qts. $1.00
Special Offering Large, Meaty Olives; pint Mason jars, 30c; quart jar, 50c

Olive Oil

Antonini; 1 gallon cans, $6.25; ½ gallon cans, $3.25; quart, $1.75; pint, 90c

Mince Meat

None-Such; ready to serve; 2½-lb cans 50c
None-Such; Condensed; pkg. 15c

Preserves & Jams

Bloomingdale Pride, Raspberry, Strawberry, Blackberry, 16 oz. jars; each 35c; doz. $3.90
Tee-Kay, Raspberry and Strawberry, 15 oz. jars, 45c; doz. $5.25
Imperial Raspberry Preserves, 16 oz. jars, 40c; doz. $4.75

Jellies

Imperial, Grape, Crabapple, Quince, Currant; 10 oz. tumblers, ea., 25c; doz. $3.25
Home-Made, Grape, Red Currant, Quince, Crabapple; 8 oz. tumblers, ea., 25c; doz. $2.55

Figs, Figs & Dates (In Jars)

Washed Figs; 8½-oz. jar, 33c; 12½-oz. jar 53c
Stuffed Figs; 8½-oz. jar, 43c; 12½-oz. jar 65c
Figs and Dates; 8½-oz. jar, 43c; 12½-oz. jar 65c
Figs and Dates; mammoth jar $2.25

Marmalade

Southwells, imported; 15 oz. jars, 45c
Crosse & Blackwells; 15-oz. jars 45c
Grays Stone Pots 43c
Kellers, 1-lb. Tins 43c
Homarma (real home-made from New Orleans), per jar 50c

New Sweet Cider

Bloomingdale Pride; gallon 75c
Motts Russet (1 gallon container) $1.00; ½-gallon container 55c

Non-Alcoholic Wines & Cordials

Port, Sherry or Muscat, bot., 90c; doz. $10.00
Cordials; bot., $1.00; doz. $11.50
Creme de Menthe, white or green; bot. $1.00
Grenadine, Domestic; bot., $1.10; doz. $12.00
Grenadine, Imported, bot. $2.00
Vermouth, National, bot. $1.50
Vermouth, Rexo; bot. $1.00

Molasses

Brer Rabbit, No. 10, Gallon Cans, each $1.50
Duffs, No. 5; Half-Gallon Cans, each 65c

Karo Syrup

Maple Flavor, No. 1, Half Cans, each 26c
Crystal White, Red Label; No. 2; Half Cans; each 23c

Coffee

Amora—Is composed of the finest coffees of the East Indies and the mountains of the Central Pacific slope; for aroma, body and flavor, Amora has no equal; 1-lb. cartons, 38c; 5 lbs. $1.80
Bon Ton—A special blend; 5 lbs. for $1.10
Genuine Santos—5 lbs. for $1.05
Genuine Maracaibo—5 lbs. $1.20

Tea: Extra Special

Fancy Orange Pekoe—5 lbs. $1.25
Fancy Orange Pekoe—5-lb. wooden caddy $2.45
Orange Pekoe (exceptional value)—5 lbs. for $1.00
Special Mixed Tea—5 lbs. $1.10

Shipments of Foodstuffs Abroad

We are fully prepared to send foodstuffs to friends and relatives abroad. We take care of packing, shipping, etc., relieving you of all details of handling.

Bloomingdales—Basement



Prices Greatly Reduced on China and Glassware

In keeping with the Bloomingdale forehanded policy of service to patrons, we are offering greatly reduced prices on China and Glassware in ample time for housewives to avail themselves of the savings in supplying needs for New Years, that day of open-housed, open-handed hospitality.

31-Pc. Set of Dishes: $4.95
American porcelain, neatly decorated with gold line on edge.

31-Pc. Set of Dishes: $6.95
American porcelain, with colored border decoration in green or blue and gold line edge.

52-Pc. Set of Dishes: $11.50
American porcelain, with blue windmill decoration and extra blue line.

51-Pc. Set of Dishes: $12.75
American porcelain, with choice of various tasteful border decorations.

100-Pc. Dinner Set: $18.75
American porcelain, in choice of a dainty floral design or gold border decoration.

100-Pc. Dinner Set: $24.75
American porcelain, in choice of several pretty floral border designs, with extra gold line tracing on handle and edges.

107-Pc. Limoges China Dinner Sets: $65

French Limoges China with attractive border designs and gold line edge, handles finished in gold matt effect.

Theodore Haviland 107-Pc. Dinner Sets: $99
Tasteful border decorations, handles finished in matt gold effect

15-Pc. Cereal Sets: $10
American ware in a variety of attractive decorations. Sets six 1-lb. jars, six spice jars, one salt box, one oil bottle, one vinegar bottle.

Homer Laughlin China Co. 100-Pc. Dinner Sets: $39.95
Handsome gold and black border decoration; handles finished in matt gold effect.

Special Sale Tables of
Decorated Bread and Butter Plates ..... at 5c
Decorated Tea Plates ..... at 10c
Decorated Dishes ..... at 20c each

Clearance of Glassware at 10c a Piece

Our entire stock of French Baccart glassware, in plain or etched patterns, consisting of wine and claret glasses and odd size tumblers.

WATER TUMBLERS of plain, thin blown glass, 12 for 60c.

WATER TUMBLERS of thin blown glass with neat decoration, 12 for 75c.

30-Piece Sets Stem Glassware

These sets consist of: Six Water Goblets, Six Clarets, Six Wine Glasses, Six Cordials, Six Sherbets

offered in the following patterns at reduced prices:

Our No. 331, etched border design, 30 pieces, **$10.00.**

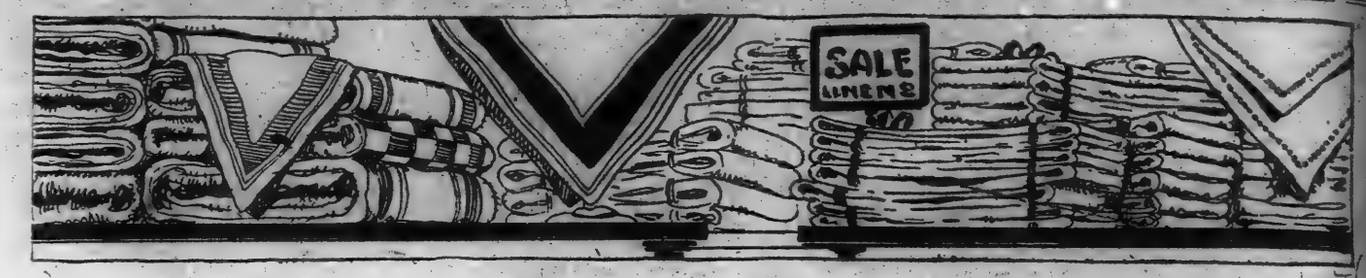
Our No. 415, etched border design; 30 pieces, $12.95.

⅛-inch gold band border and extra gold hair line; 30 pieces, **$20.00.**

Bloomingdales—Lex. Ave. Level

BLOOMINGDALES

59TH TO 60TH STREET—THIRD TO LEXINGTON AVENUE — ONE BLOCK FROM PARK AVENUE



The Greatest White Sale in Our History

Begins Monday : December 27th : at 9 A. M.

TABLE CLOTHS
NAPKINS
TOWELS
TOWELING
SHEETS
PILLOW CASES

33⅓ to 50% Less
Than the Prices of a Few Months Ago

BLANKETS
COMFORTERS
LONGCLOTHS
MUSLINS
CAMBRICS
DRESS GOODS

We Display a Few Specimen Values to Demonstrate the Low Prices

Turkish Bath Towels	*All Linen Table Cloths*	*Utica Sheets*	*Fruit of the Loom Muslin*	*White Bedspreads*	*Longcloths 10 Yard Pieces*
20c—25c—35c	*$5.50*	*Size 81x90 $1.35*	*18c yd.*	*$1.39 to $2.95*	*$1.75 & $2.25*

The Greatest White Sale in our history! That is the mark we have set for ourselves in the great year of 1921. And those who know this store best, know best what a task that is. That great host which goes to make up our regular patronage knows the high standard of value-giving set by us in our sales of the past. They know how, throughout the long years of war, we kept the faith with our customers, basing all prices on **cost to us**, giving customers the benefit of our foresightedness in anticipating the linen shortage the war would cause; and of any and every special purchase we were able to make.

It is meet and fitting that such a store should continue to lead the way in fair pricing, offering now, for the first time, pure linens, fine cottons, good blankets, sturdy bath towels, in short, complete assortments of White Goods, at the old, friendly low prices of five years ago. **Read the advertisement. Attend this sale. Fill up your linen closets. And save!** CAUTION: These prices have been brought about by the readjustment period. They may not be so low again in some time.

N. B.—On account of the unusual and extreme reductions, we reserve the right to limit quantities to each purchaser. Each item on sale only until quantities have been sold.

2500 Doz. Cotton Huck Towels at $1.75, $2.25, $2.75 Doz.

Youll buy several dozen of these splendid Towels at these exceptionally low prices. They are strong, durable and absorbent. Some are with colored borders, others are all white.

200 Doz. Part Linen Huck Towels at $4.00 Doz.

Splendid wearing towels, and very absorbent. Large size, 18x36". Wide blue borders that are fast colors.

Imported Hemstitched Linen Towels at $1.00 and $1.25 Ea.

Soft and mellow finish, pure linen, in fine or coarse weaves. Plain Huck or with Damask Borders.

2000 Doz. Turkish Bath Towels at 20c, 25c & 35c

All White or with blue borders. It is several years since we sold Bath Towels at 20c, 25c & 35c.

500 Bath Mats at $1.50 Ea.

Extra special for this JANUARY WHITE SALE and will be on sale as long as they last. Beautiful Jacquard Bath Mats in exceptionally pretty woven designs in colors of Blue, Pink, Gold, Lavender or White.

1000 Doz. Extra Large Bath Towels at 45c & 68c

Heavy quality made of double twisted yarns. Soft & absorbent, with attractive colored borders, or all White.

Part Linen Toweling at .24 Yd.

A splendid Toweling, soft and absorbent for Dish, Hand or Roller Towels. 18 inches wide with Red or Blue Borders.

All Linen Toweling at .39 & .45 Yd.

Known for their absorbent quality, made of pure flax yarns, medium or heavy weight, for all kitchen uses. Blue or Red Borders.

Typed Kitchen Towels at .35 to .79 Ea.

Imported from Ireland, with names "KITCHEN," "GLASS" or "PANTRY" woven on borders in all cotton, half linen, and all linen; hemmed ready for use.

Pure Lambs Wool Filled Comforts: $6.88

Splendid, heavy quality sateen, highly mercerized to a satiny finish, in handsome floral designs, with plain color border to match. Filled with the fluffiest pure lambs wool.

No C. O. D. orders filled.

On account of the unheard of low price we expect the extraordinary demand to exhaust our generous supplies but none can be had after the first lot is sold.

White Longcloths at $1.75 to $3.75 Pc.

Put up in 10-yard pieces. A very special finish and very desirable for women's or children's underwear. 36" wide.

Fine White Nainsook at $2.50 to $5.75 Pc.

10-yard or 12-yard pieces, fine and light weight, suitable for lingerie and childrens garments. 36" wide.

White Crochet Bed Spreads

Excellent, serviceable grades, in a variety of handsome centre patterns. Hemmed, ready for service.
SINGLE BED SIZE ..... 1.39 & 1.75
THREE-QUARTER BED SIZE .. 1.75 & 1.98
LARGE BED SIZE ..... 2.25 & 2.75

Krinkle Bed Spreads

Light weight, easy to launder, and do not require any ironing.
SINGLE BED SIZE ..... 62x90 in., 1.75
THREE-QUARTER BED SIZE 72x90 in., 1.95
LARGE BED SIZE ..... 80x90 in., 2.35

1000 Pr. Wool Mixed Blankets $6.50—$7.50—$9.50

The lowest prices in many years. Mill runs, slight defects that are hardly noticeable, such as a tiny oil spot, a mismatched border or other slight blemish that you wouldnt notice unless your attention was called to it.
Blankets for Single Beds.
Blankets for ¾ or Twin Beds.
Blankets for Full Size or Extra Large Beds.
White Blankets with Pink or Blue Border.
Grey Blankets with Pink or Blue Border.
Plaid Blankets in Various Color Combinations.

Irish Pure Linen Table Cloths and Napkins

Heavy quality satin finish Damask, warranted pure flax in a large variety of handsome circular and conventional designs. At the following reduced prices:
Table Cloths—2x2 yds., at 7.95, 8.95, 11.50
Table Cloths—2x2½ yds., at 10.95, 12.95, 15.50
Table Cloths—2x3 yds., at 13.95, 15.95, 17.50
Napkins to match—22x22 in., at ..... 9.95, 11.50, 14.50 doz.
Napkins to match—24x24 in., at ..... 14.50, 16.50, 17.50 doz.

200 Doz. All Linen Napkins at $5.95 and $7.95 Doz.

A special low price for these heavy quality all linen Damask Napkins, in a variety of dainty and pretty patterns.

2 Yd. Wide Mercerized Table Damask at $1.55 Yd.

Extra fine quality, beautiful designs. Will launder well and give excellent service.

200 All Linen Table Cloths at $5.50 Ea.

The lowest price in several years for all linen Table Cloths. They are of a fine quality Damask, snow white, size about 2x2 yards. In pretty designs.

800 Odd Damask Table Cloths at $1.75, $2.50, $2.95

Your choice of either hemstitched, scalloped or plain pattern Table Cloths. Excellent serviceable quality mercerized cotton Damask, in a variety of sizes and designs.
On account of the extremely low prices on these splendid Table Cloths we advise early shopping.

500 Doz. Odd Damask Napkins at $1.50 to $4.50 Doz.

Excellent wearing Napkins, made of heavy quality mercerized Cotton Damask, hemmed ready for use. In various sizes and qualities.

Mercerized Table Damask at .68 and .98 Yd.

Excellent quality pure white cotton Table Damask that will give satisfactory service and improve when laundered. A variety of pretty patterns.

The Famous "Utica" and "Mohawk" Sheets and Pillow Cases

At About One-Half Former Prices!

On account of the extreme reductions, we reserve the right to limit quantities to each purchaser. (No C. O. D. orders filled).

Utica Sheets

Size 54x90 inches at	$1.05
Size 63x90 inches at	1.15
Size 63x99 inches at	1.25
Size 72x90 inches at	1.25
Size 72x99 inches at	1.35
Size 81x90 inches at	1.35
Size 81x99 inches at	1.45
Size 90x99 inches at	1.65

Utica Pillow Cases

Size 42x36 inches at	$ .30
Size 45x36 inches at	.35
Size 50x36 inches at	.40
Size 54x36 inches at	.45

Mohawk Pillow Cases

Size 42x36 inches at	$ .25
Size 42x36 inches at	.30
Size 50x36 inches at	.35
Size 54x36 inches at	.40

Mohawk Sheets

Size 54x90 inches at	$ .95
Size 63x90 inches at	1.05
Size 63x99 inches at	1.15
Size 72x90 inches at	1.15
Size 72x99 inches at	1.25
Size 81x90 inches at	1.25
Size 81x99 inches at	1.35
Size 90x99 inches at	1.55

(All Sizes Quoted Are Before Hemming.)

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

"How Can I Keep Well?"

I WAS sitting in my office. Before me lay a pad, a paper and three freshly sharpened pencils. I was just preparing to write when my secretary announced a caller.

He was a man about 40 or 42 years of age. Height, about 5 feet 10. Weight, 170 pounds. In appearance, the typical American business man.

He asked me if I could spare him a few minutes of my time. I said I would be glad to do so—motioned him to a seat—and waited for him to speak.

"I have been reading about the Life Extension Institute for several months," he said in a quiet voice, "and a number of my friends have come here for examination. Several times I have been on the verge of dropping in myself, but something always intervened to prevent it. Then, again, I guess I felt too well to think about a doctor.

"But the other day something happened. Coming down to the office I received word that one of my best friends was seriously ill.

"I could hardly credit the news at first because I had seen him only a few days before and he had seemed in perfect health. Nor did I worry particularly, because he had frequently boasted of his good health and I felt sure that he would soon be up and around again. This morning I received word of his death.

"For the moment I was stunned. It seemed incredible that this man of all my friends should have been the one to go.

"It did not ease the sorrow of his family, nor mine, to learn that he had died of a preventable disease. Yet the shock of it crystallized into action my half-formed resolutions.

"And that is why I am here today. I do not want to break down as this friend of mine broke down. I want you to tell me how I can keep well."

He looked up at me intently as he finished and I saw that he was worried.

"There is only one way to keep well," I said slowly, "and that is to take reasonable care of your health.

"Disease does not develop over night. Like anything else it must start somewhere. Search it out before it gets too great a start and much good can be done. Wait too long through procrastination or the mistaken idea that the human body will go on and on forever without attention and serious results are almost sure to follow.

"No one is ever 'taken sick suddenly.' The outward final manifestations of disease may be sudden, but for weeks and months before, some vital organ has been giving way, until finally it can stand the strain no longer.

"Disease is insidious. Its early signs are often too slight to give you serious concern. But to the trained medical observer they tell a clear story.

"One of the best ways to keep well is to get a complete physical examination each year by thoroughly competent and experienced physicians. Thus the early development of disease, can be detected and measures taken to prevent its extension.

"As one famous physician puts it:—'All of us who have reached middle age are shocked from time to time by reading in the papers that some one whom we knew well—always one at or beyond middle age—and one whom we supposed to be in good health, has died suddenly or after a few hours of illness of acute indigestion or heart disease or apoplexy. The individual had apparently been well until illness suddenly came. But such was not the case. Chronic disease had long been slowly progressing and was not discovered because it had produced few or no symptoms, and therefore no physician had been consulted.'

"Let me tell you a little incident that will appeal to you as a business man:—

"Recently I talked with a textile manufacturer who informed me that he pays four men $5000 a year each to do nothing but inspect and test the machinery in his plant. These men are continually at work. They do not sit in their offices and wait for a breakdown to be reported. If a breakdown occurred very likely they would lose their jobs. When I asked this man how long the plant would run without inspection, he smiled pityingly. Such a question required no answer.

"The same principles are applicable to the human machinery. If a comparatively simple, inanimate machine requires daily inspection, is it too much to inspect once a year the marvellously complex human machine, with its almost infinite capacity for going wrong?

"More than 600,000 people die each year in the United States from preventable diseases. These are tragic figures. They show more clearly than words the indifference with which the average man takes care of his health.

"The Life Extension Institute was organized seven years ago by ex-President William Howard Taft, Irving Fisher and 100 leading medical men in this country and abroad to awaken the people to the need of periodic physical examinations and thereby to prevent needless suffering and premature death.

"More than 175,000 men and women have been examined by the Life Extension Institute. More than 200 concerns have extended its services to their important executives and employees.

"The character of the men behind the Life Extension Institute is the best guarantee of the high ethical plane on which it is conducted. The Institute works in accord with the highest ideals of modern scientific medicine. It is irrevocably opposed to fads and quacks and the catch-penny schemes of the charlatan.

"Guidance in individual hygiene is given by the Institute, but no medical or surgical treatment is furnished.

"I am glad you came in to see me and I believe we can help you."

* * * * * * * *

A little more than an hour later I met this business man as he came out of the examining room. He was no longer the worried man I had talked to before. He came up to me smiling and shook me by the hand.

"I have just had the most thorough physical examination I have ever had in all my life," he said enthusiastically. "I feel easier in my mind than I have felt for months. For the first time I know where I stand in regard to disease and health. How I wish that I had brought poor old Bill Johnston in here two months ago—"

* * * * * * * *

I watched him walk briskly from the office. Turning, I went back to my office, sat down before that pad of paper and the three freshly sharpened pencils and wrote the story which you have just been reading.

It is a story full of sadness and of hope. It is the kind of a story that should make every man and woman sit by themselves for a few moments—AND THINK!

* * * * * * * *

One year's subscription to the services of the Life Extension Institute entitles you to the following:—

1

The Standard physical examination of the Institute which includes an examination of the Eyes, Ears, Nose, Throat, Mouth, Teeth, Lungs, Heart, Circulation, Blood-pressure, Skin, Glands, Stomach and Abdominal Organs and general bodily conditions. Chemic and microscopic examination of the urine. Hemoglobin blood test for anemia. (Other special details are covered in the examination of women and children.)

2

A study and review by our Medical Staff of your daily living habits, personal and family history, activities, past illnesses, and any other information as to your physical condition and health problems which you may care to submit to us for consideration in connection with your physical examination.

3

Confidential detailed reports, following an extensive review by our Home Office Staff of all the data assembled in your case.

4

Suggestions for correction of Errors in Personal Hygiene.

5

Suggestions as to Proper Diet, with Appropriate Diet Lists.

6

Instructions covering Appropriate Exercises, with Diagrams.

7

Other General Suggestions and Hygienic Guidance.

8

Quarterly urinalysis—chemic and microscopic. The Institute will send you a special container for specimen every three months.

9

Mid-Year Questionnaire calling for a statement from the subscriber covering any changes that have occurred since the examination and as to the need of any additional hygienic counsel and guidance.

10

Educational health literature, including appropriate Keep-Well Bulletins and the Institute's monthly journal, "How to Live." These publications cover suggestions for healthful living and personal hygiene generally, that is, eating, drinking, sleeping, working, play, exercise, posture, fresh air, etc., and timely information regarding the care of the mind and body.

Certain X-ray examinations may be substituted for details No. 8 and No. 9, if the X-ray examinations are made at the Head Office in New York.

* * * * * * * *

The work of the Institute is national. In addition to a staff of twenty-five examining physicians in its Head Office in New York the Life Extension Institute has more than 7,000 examining physicians listed throughout the United States and Canada.

The Institute's laboratory in the Head Office is one of the best equipped in the country. In this laboratory more than 8,000 seriological, bacteriological and chemical examinations are made monthly. A complete X-ray Department is also an important feature of its Head Office equipment.

Examinations of subscribers living in New York City and vicinity are made at the Head Office, on appointment by telephone or letter, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. daily.

Visitors are always welcome at the Life Extension Institute to inspect the various departments.

Women physicians are available at the Head Office for the examination of women members who prefer them.

A coupon is printed below for the convenience of those desiring further information about the Life Extension Institute.

Officers and Directors

Hon. William H. Taft
Chairman of the Board of Directors.
Prof. Irving Fisher
Chairman Hygiene Reference Board.
Eugene Lyman Fisk, M. D.
Medical Director.
Harold A. Ley
President.
James D. Lennehan
Secretary.
Henry H. Bowman
President Springfield National Bank.
Robert W. de Forest
Vice President American Red Cross.
Arthur W. Eaton
President Eaton, Crane & Pike Co.
Horace A. Moses
President Strathmore Paper Co.
Edward L. Pierce
President Solvay Process Company.
Charles H. Tenney
President C. H. Tenney Co.

T-12-26-20

GENTLEMEN:—Please send me a copy of ***"The Growing Movement to Prolong Human Life"*** and other literature descriptive of the services of the Life Extension Institute. It is understood that this request involves no charge or obligation.

Name..... Address.....

LIFE EXTENSION INSTITUTE, Inc. **Telephone, Bryant 3073** **25 West 45th Street, New York**

The New York Times
Book Review and Magazine

SECTION THREE

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1920 THIRTY-TWO PAGES

(Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.)

THE PROTECTING SEX

By MARY FISHER TORRANCE.

IN THE SUNDAY TIMES for Dec. 12 one Samuel Saloman, purporting to be learned in the law, has an article under a headline selected with biting irony—"The Downtrodden Sex." Exhaustively Mr. Saloman reviews the well-nigh intolerable legal abuses at present suffered by the modern male at the hands of her whom Mr. Saloman proves, to his own satisfaction, to be not "downtrodden" at all, but "downtreading," and growing worse every minute.

While Mr. Saloman mentions once the law of the District of Columbia, another time that of the State of New York, in general he prefers to confine himself not to any particular jurisdiction, since the evils he laments seem prevalent throughout the length and breadth of this our chivalrous land in every one of our forty-eight States. But in reply to this diatribe, speaking as a member of the downtreading sex, I am going to limit myself to the laws of New York State, because I know no other. While New York may not be the most enlightened State, it is not the least so. Furthermore, as thus far men there have made the laws without active cooperation or interference by the women, they may justly take claim to all the protecting beneficences. They did it.

To quote Mr. Saloman:

> So long as women were content to acknowledge in effect inequality, to some degree claim dependence upon the other and stronger sex, men willingly assumed what now are felt to be unjust burdens.

Now, though Mr. Saloman may not appreciate the distinction, the members of the downtreading sex have never had any quarrel to pick with men in their personal relations. The institution of the home has never been—never will be—in danger of crumbling. With all their faults, we love them, our husbands, brothers, fathers, sons; they love us, the women of their families, will slave for us, protect us, die for us, if the call arise. But, sad to relate, once they have kissed us good-bye, in clean collars and shining morning faces, and take the train along with the other boys bound for a lawmaking picnic up in Albany, they forget to be "protectors"—they become nothing but legislators!



No Longer Man, but Legislator.

A young woman I know, of trend feministic, was discussing the omission of "obey" from her approaching marriage ceremony.

"Well," demurred her fiancé, "in that case, ought I to endow you with all my worldly goods?"

"You'd be perfectly safe," she counseled. "Title doesn't pass!"

I am enough of an idealist to believe that even today the vast majority of marriages are entered into by young people sincerely in love with each other, and who contemplate the old-fashioned arrangement whereby the man becomes breadwinner; his wife the homemaker and mother of children. He may fall down on his job; or she may—or they both may; but this is the typical arrangement looking toward a happy family life that the legislators have kept in mind.

And how have they legislated? According to Mr. Saloman, the husband of a wife "obligates himself properly and generously to contribute to her support." Generously, is it? Neither by common law, statute, nor Judge's decision do I find mention of the word "generously" coupled with the husband's acknowledged obligation to provide shelter, food and clothing for his family. Like beauty in the eye of the beholder, so "generosity" dwells in the mind of the husband; a wife has no enforceable claim on any specific share of her husband's income; if she becomes dissatisfied over what she considers plain niggardliness, she can, like Nora, go off and bang the door and leave the children behind her.

But so long as she remains, her husband has a claim on her "services"; not only in taking care of the home, but if the couple run a boarding house together, or keep store, though she bear the brunt of the work, the man, in default of any agreement of partnership between them, is entitled to receive all moneys and bank them as his own. Where husband and wife have a joint account, he has the right to draw out the entire amount to his own uses, despite the wife's formal protest to the bank.

There are always a goodly number of persons who neglect drawing their wills. In that case, how does the New York law protect women?

According to the Decedents' Estate law, "the real property of a person who dies without devising the same shall descend (1) to his lineal descendants, (2) to his father, (3) to his mother, (4) to his collateral relatives."

This rule is attended with certain qualifications, which need not be considered here; but it will be noticed that a wife is not included among the heirs to share in her husband's real property. All she has is "dower."

Now, "dower"—incidentally a term much used, generally misunderstood—is a survival of the old English common law, and represents a wife's inalienable interest in her husband's real estate. Where a man's investments lie in houses and lands this may prove a very valuable right indeed; but today, especially in our larger cities, a man may be as wealthy as Croesus and yet not possess one square foot of soil; in which case his wife's claim to "dower" may turn out to be worth nothing at all. At best it consists of the wife's interest for life in one-third of her husband's real estate.

To illustrate: John Smith dies, owning a house worth $25,000; leaving him surviving a widow, but no children, his only child having died in infancy—and a brother out West. John Smith should have made a will, but he didn't; like lots of other men who would gladly die for their wives.

And how does the law protect the widow, now that death has snatched away her breadwinner? "One-third for life"; 6 per cent. on $25,000 is $1,500 a year, one-third of $1,500 is $500; the brother out West getting the remaining $1,000, and, of course, the title to the house, subject always to his sister-in-law's dower. Here it should be emphasized, also, that, slight though it be, this "dower" right is the only share in a man's estate, real or personal, that a man cannot sell or will away from his family if he chooses. And, furthermore, if a

(Continued on Page 19)

st Side's Outdoor epartment Store

BELLA COHEN.

ARD STREET reigns supreme over the east side—the undisputed head of outdoor department store the east side. Its election recent occurrence, for of the east side were choked with pushcarts and unlicensed, running ships without rudders. owery to the banks of the from Grand Street to Street, in all the side people "doing" the ever "do," the pushcarts their way about regardr owners' safety, not to omfort. The result was dirt and danger. The outdoor department store kept stationary. It was welfare of the east side

ame about that Orchard elected the central builders, when the new order shed. There are a few ut they are smaller and interesting. These exfew blocks along First

Mr. Thomas.

dlow, Rivington, Delanand Houston Streets. nd main building enjoy rivileges: keeping to one street at all times, changone side to the other at accommodate the street eeping all articles of food d maintaining order and in their own immediate

ments of the peddlers on leges are irrelevant, imut highly satisfactory to

The comments of two omen are printable and hese lines:

rave 'em Poisian carpets eir pushcarts on, they ep 'em clean. They just We tell a feller to cover an' he says: 'I got a he Sergeant.' We tell a t the grass top on the e's sellin' an' she says: eart ain't mine, it's my Can you beat it?"

arise, the policemen manve quite an intelligible of what the Jewish ped- Yiddish from their own

sell only edibles?" some The same some one insists Orchard Street alone you



Purchasing Shoes in the Open Market.



Household Linen for Sale.

will find shoes not only for the oftenquoted baby, but for the young débutante's first appearance, the weary middle-aged woman, the worn-out grandmother, the robust street cleaner, the young dude and the bearded patriarch. Not only shoes, but underwear of all shades, hats, shirts, skirts, cuff links, scarfpins of unsurpassable brilliance, overcoats, men's smoking jackets, stockings, neckties, perfumes (breathe long and deep), shaving sticks, manicure sets, silver-backed hairbrushes, monogrammed or not, as the case may be; iodine, carpets, china sets, brooms, electric bulbs, sewing machines, complexion creams, phonographs, records, zithers, cocktail shakers, toothpicks, objets d'art—i. e., family portraits of anonymous families; pieces of statuary, for trifling sums but sometimes excellent value (another breath, not so long or deep); fur collars, copper utensils, thought only to be peculiarly Dutch but traceable to the basements on Allen Street; candlesticks, feather beds, vases, tobacco pouches, eyeglasses, feather boas, cigarette cases, card cases, artificial flowers, finger bowls, straps for all purposes, umbrellas, books in all languages, including the Scandinavian, considerably fly-specked and aged; timepieces of both the watch and clock variety, rubber plants, cutlery, silver or silver plated, you have your choice; dressmakers' dummies, sheet music and popular operatic selections especially arranged for the home—and here I capitulate.

Orchard Street is thronged—and I use this much-abused word advisedly—with buyers in search of the articles I have mentioned. It has frequently happened that two have sought and found the same object—then it is the peddler's cue to act the part of Solomon. And he does it with such smooth skill, such well-hidden enthusiasm—and always with ultimate success—that both depart with articles one of which one wanted, the other of which the second did not desire, but bought under the power of the persuasive tongue and eloquent hand.

The owners of the outdoor department store are like any aggregation of human beings. Some of them are as polite as a floor walker with a rose in his buttonhole. Others, on the contrary, are fierce and biting and inclined to be misanthropic. Clothes have a good deal to do with their attitude toward you. If you happen to be a woman and wear a hat and gloves, or if you are a man and carry a cane in addition to kid gloves, your finish is inevitable. The peddler will either overcharge you ridiculously or not bother with you at all, under the impression that you have come to gape and stare at him and not to buy his wares.

One day an editor gave me an advance order. On the strength of it I went out and got a new hat with a veil. As I got into the east side I turned into Orchard Street as a matter of habit. At one of the pushcarts I stopped. There, by itself, behind a pile of colored silk remnants, was a small bronze figure of a Civil War soldier sitting on the stump of a tree, his gun resting against his knee as wearily as its owner rested his face on his fisted hands. It reminded me of the youth in Stephen Crane's "The Red Badge of Courage." The change that was given me after the purchase of the hat burned in my pocket.

"How much is it?" I asked the peddler in English. He was a black-mustached, desperate-looking character.

He looked me over with half-lidded eyes and shook his head.

"No sell," he said in a cautious English.

I went away feeling baffled and out of sorts. But not before I heard the peddler say to a fellow-worker in Yiddish:

"These English ladies come down here in their hats as if they were going to the King's ball."

The next day, hatless but hopeful, I returned to the pushcart where the soldier had sat. But he was not there.

"Where is that little figure?" I asked the peddler in a Yiddish that equaled his own.

"What figure?" he asked, peering at me.

"The soldier," I replied. "You had it yesterday. Don't you remember?"

The peddler looked at me with open eyes.

"Oh, it's you!" he exclaimed, into his voice crept the notes of apology and perplexity. "Why didn't you come like you are now? I thought you were a lady—one of those high-toned, uptown ladies. And now, I gave it away already to a man. He's got a tobacco store, and he wants to put it in his window with tobacco around it. * * * Where he lives? How should I know? Oh, but why didn't you—?"

At another time, when I was not the heroine of the hour, I witnessed a fine bit of shoplifting, for the outdoor department store has its troubles as well as its indoor brother. At the corner of Orchard and Delancey Streets, where the shopping district virtually ends, a pushcart, containing fancy pins, brooches, scarfpins and other trinkets, stood. The woman was middle-aged, plump and possessed of an engaging smile. Above her and every one else at that moment the sun shone in a blue sky, but she carried an umbrella—a good, stout cotton umbrella.

She moved her fingers about in the little heaps of pins, as if she were playing with the sand at the seashore. At intervals, she lifted a pin up a few inches above the pushcart, scrutinized it minutely and then, as if dissatisfied with it, dropped it back into the heap with one hand, while with the other she dropped almost a handful into her umbrella.

I watched her, wondering just how long she would or could keep it up. Suddenly the peddler, a venerable looking old man, said to her:

"How long are you going to keep on measuring salt with my pins?"

The woman looked up innocently.

"I had a pin that I liked very much," she explained rapidly, "but I dropped it accidentally into the little pile here and I can no more find it than a blind man his way in the dark."

With which she walked off.

Lest I have given you the impression that the outdoor department store consists only of pushcarts, let me add that such is not the case. The stores that line the street have stands resting against their front windows, shutting out all light, but displaying their wares from a more tempting vantage. If the owner of the store does not want to use the space in front of his store, he rents it to some one, together with his cellar. In that case, I presume his rent is raised. Thus grocery and vegetable stores always allow their beans, barley, sugar, flour, fruit and parsley to let the sun kiss them in the Summer and the cold nip them in the Winter. Groceries must be covered or the owners are liable to arrest, fine or both. Ask the policeman; he knows.

Each branch of the central building in this outdoor department store is noted for certain articles that it has to sell. For instance, Stanton Street has all the Italian vegetables for sale; First Avenue, the cheapest and the freshest for all nationalities; Houston Street, soda water and ice cream; Rivington Street, candy and fruit; Hester Street, woolen, silk and satin materials in the newest shades, positively the best, &c.; and Grand Street, veilings, silk stockings, ribbons and fur pieces.

Whenever you adventuring go and decide to look the outdoor department store over but haven't very much time in which to do it, go directly to Orchard Street. No street in Bagdad, Venice or Shanghai has as much satisfaction in store for your curiosity as Orchard Street. But I give you fair warning: Don't look your curiosity and don't wear your Sunday best—also; don't go on Saturday or Sunday.

Queries and Answers

Communications for these columns should be addressed to the Editor of Queries and Answers, NEW YORK TIMES. They should be written on one side of the paper only, and must contain the name and address of the writer as an evidence of good faith. Owing to the great demands on the columns, only queries of peculiar interest will be printed.

QUERIES

A Rhymed Alphabet

K. BRITTON—Can any one tell me where I can find the rhymed alphabet, of which I can remember only two of the verses:

A. was an alderman fond of good cheer
Who invited his friends to a feast once a year.
H. was the horse that splashed Mrs. Roache
As that lady was just stepping out from her coach.

"Uncle Hopagog's One Leg"

S. P. W.—Where can I find in a book for children a story called "Uncle Hopagog's One Leg." I believe this story was published about thirty years ago in some book, but I am not able to find the name of same.

"Nor Lose the Luster"

A. C. R.—I am anxious to discover the poem from which these lines are taken:

Nor lose the luster till the heart stands still,
No dimming nor defacing there.

"Some Have Eyes"

C. P.—From what poem are these lines?

Some have eyes who cannot see,
And some have ears who cannot hear;
And some who boast of liberty
Are helpless servitors of fear.

"The Diver"

F. O. S.—Can you give me the words of the poem entitled "The Diver"? It is written, I think, by Roscwig, and begins:

In the caverns deep of the ocean old,
The diver is seeking the treasure of gold.
Risking his life, &c.

"Why John Biles Failed"

J. A. J.—Can any of your readers tell me where I can obtain a copy of a short story published about fifty years ago, with the title "Why John Biles Failed to Become a Lawyer"?

"I Cannot Always See"

CONSTANT READER—Can any one tell me where I can find the entire poem which commences:

I cannot always see and understand
The onward path my ship must take,
But looking backward, I behold afar
Its shining wake.

Around a Greek Word

SARAH LEVINSON—Something like twenty years ago a friend of mine in Chicago read a poem written around a Greek word whose meaning pertains to the Song of Life in contrast to the Song of Death. As he recalls it, this poem very much resembles "Thanatopsis," even to the repetition of some of the verses, but it laid emphasis on a life after death. My friend has for years been trying to locate this poem, but can recall nothing about it except the few thoughts expressed above. Can one of your readers help him out?

"I Am Only One"

A. E. H.—Who is the author and from what was this selected?

I am only one—but I am one. I cannot do everything, but I can do something. What I can do, I ought to do, and what I ought to do, by the grace of God I will do.

"A Pretty Chicken"

E. S.—Can some reader refer me to the poem beginning:

There was once a pretty chicken,
But his friends were very few.
For he thought that there was nothing
In this world but what he knew.

The Proud Miss McBride

H. S.—Will some reader give me the complete poem beginning, as near as I remember it:

Terribly proud was Miss McBride,
The very personification of pride,
As she minced along in fashion's tide,
Adown Broadway on the proper side,
When the golden sun was setting.

An Old Song

G. W. L.—My mother would like to find the words and music of an old song, part of which runs as follows:

When my feet have grown too weary
further on to press my way,
And my spirit waits its bidding to
be severed from its clay, &c.

CHORUS.

I'll be there to meet you,
I'll be there to greet you, darling,
I'll be there to guide you home, &c.

"It's English, You Know"

E. M.—Can you, or any of your readers, give me the following song in perfect form? I think it is taken from an English ditty:

The ladies they wear their hair dressed in curls,
It's English, you know, quite English;
They paint up their cheeks to resemble a rose,
It's English, you know, quite English.

"Chisel in Hand"

C. A. M.—I am desirous of locating a poem containing this line:

Chisel in hand stood the sculptor boy.

"Earth Is the Richer"

B. V. IMBRIE—Can any one give me the origin of the following quotation?

Earth is the richer that she (he?) lived,
And heaven that she (he?) died.

"Tho' Night Hath Climbed"

B. V. IMBRIE.—Can any one tell me the author of these lines and where they can be found:

Tho' night hath climbed her peak of highest moon,
And bitter blasts the screaming Autumn whirl,
All night thru archways of the bridged pearl
And portals of pure silver walks the moon.

"The Man of Morn"

F. W. C.—Can you locate the poem of which this is a verse:

The Man of Morn came down the street,
And all the weary and the old
Turned young and gay and blithe and sweet
And traveled back from gray to gold.
He took the sighs and sobs and tears
And turned them into smiles and song,
And stayed the doubts and healed the fears
And steeled the right against the wrong.

A Funeral Poem

F. E. P.—I would like the funeral poem containing three or more stanzas, each stanza ending thus:

Leave we now our sister sleeping.

"The Scent of the Roses"

L. V.—Can you locate for me a poem beginning:

Let Fate do her worst,
There are relics of joy,
Bright dreams of the past,
Which she cannot destroy.

And ends:

You may break, you may shatter the vase if you will,
But the scent of the roses will hang round it still.

"And Old, So Old"

L. H. B.—Can you aid me in discovering the author of

And old, so old! It almost seems
As though there flitted, shadow-wise,
Across the window's shuttered eyes,
Sweet faces fashioned out of dreams;
As though, did one but know the call,
A sudden lifted word would bring
Glad children round the corner wall,
Answering, rollicking.

"We Who Remain"

F. H.—Can you tell me who wrote the following lines, and in what volume I can find them:

But we who remain shall grow old,
We shall know the cold
Of cheerless
Winter and the rain of Autumn and the sting
Of poverty, of love despised and of disgraces,
And mirrors showing stained and aging faces. * * *

"Little House of Dreams"

L. V.—Would you be so kind as to aid me in finding the poem "Little House of Dreams"?

"An Infinite Being"

W. F.—Can you or your readers tell me who is the author of the following lines:

An infinite Being for infinite years
Was alone in the infinite void:
No sound ever broke on his infinite ears,
The silence was never destroyed.
No sight ever greeted his infinite view;
For, in fact, there was nothing to see,
All-knowing 'tis certain that nothing he knew,
Just because there was nothing to know.
In nothing his infinite skill was displayed:
He was monarch of nothing: 'twas all he surveyed.

ANSWERS

Susanna Blamire

LOUELLA D. EVERETT, Boston Mass.—The poem beginning, "When silent time wi' lightly foot," quoted by "A. C. G." in THE NEW YORK TIMES REVIEW AND MAGAZINE of Dec. 5, is entitled "The Nabob," and is comprised of eight stanzas. The author was Miss Susanna Blamire, who was born at Cardew Hall, near Carlisle, England, and remained there from the date of her birth, 1747, until she was 20 years of age, when she accompanied her sister, who had married Colonel Graham of Duchray, Perthshire, to Scotland, and continued there some years. She became enamored of Scottish music and poetry, and thus qualified herself for writing such sweet lyrics as "The Nabob" and "What Alls This Heart o' Mine?" On her return to Cumberland she wrote several pieces illustrative of Cumbrian manners. She died, unmarried, in 1794. Her poetical pieces, some of which had been floating through the country in the form of popular songs, were collected by Patrick Maxwell and published in 1842.

Others who answered this query were James Shand, Brooklyn; Henry Moir, New York; Elsie A. Starrett, Cold Spring-on-Hudson, N. Y.; Horatio G. Cozzens, New York; V. T. Artz, Chicago, Ill., and Mrs. J. J. Mackay, Raleigh, N. C.

"Eonchs of Ruby"

LAWRENCE E. ORR, Pittsburgh, Pa.—Answering "H. E. G.," whose inquiry appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE of Nov. 28:

"Eonchs of Ruby" was written by Dr. T. H. Chivers and was published in 1851 by Shepard & Spaulding, New York. Chivers's ten volumes are very rare, only the British Museum possessing a complete set. The library of Brown University has a copy of "Eonchs of Ruby." The controversy as to whether Poe or Chivers originated the form and rhythm of "The Raven" is discussed interestingly in an appendix to "The Complete Poetical Works of Edgar Allan Poe," edited by James A. Harrison, published by Thomas Y. Crowell Company, New York, from which the information here set forth is obtained. The following verse is here reproduced as an example of the style of the "Eonchs":

On the beryl-rimmed rebees of Ruby
Brought fresh from the hyalins streams,
She played on the banks of the Yuba
Such songs as she heard in her dreams,
Like the heavens when the stars from their eyries
Look down through the ebon night air,
Where the groves by the Ouphantie Fairies
Lit up for my Lily Adair.
For my child-like Lily Adair,
For my heaven-born Lily Adair,
For my beautiful, dutiful Lily Adair.

Others who answered this query were F. M. Young, St. Clairsville, Ohio; Horatio G. Cozzens, New York; Charles Y. P. Young, Ithaca, N. Y.; Joseph C. Green, Princeton, N. J., and George Lincoln Burr, Ithaca, N. Y.

"The Master of Palmyra"

J. BENTLEY MULFORD, Washington, D. C.—In reply to "C. K.," who seeks information on the work of Wilbrandt entitled "The Master of Palmyra," I herewith take pleasure in listing the following editions of such:

1—Master (The) of Palmyra, by R. and G. Marburg, after the German of Adolf Wilbrandt. Seventy-four typewritten pages. Copyrighted by joint authors, Blanco and Guido Marburg of New York.

2—Master of Palmyra, drama in five acts, by Adolf Wilbrandt, translated from the German by Charles Gordon. Copyrighted by Blanche Walsh in 1899.

3—Master of Palmyra, a dramatic poem, by Adolf Wilbrandt, translated by Harriet S. Oliva. Published in Poet Lore, volume 13, number 2, April-June, 1901 issue. Copyright claimed by Poet Lore Company of Philadelphia, Pa.

4—Master (The) of Palmyra, by Adolf Wilbrandt, also appears in volume 16 of "The German Classics of the Nineteenth and Twentieth Centuries"; masterpieces of German literature translated into English. Editor-in-chief, Kuno Francke. Published in 1914 by the German Publication Society of New York City.

5—Der Meister von Palmyra, dramatische dichtung in fünf aufzügen. Edited with introduction and noted by Theodore Henckels of Middlebury, Vt. Published in 1900 by the American Book Company of New York, Cincinnati, &c. 212 pages, including frontispiece (portrait). 12mo.

So far as I know, Adolf von Wilbrandt, who was born in 1837, is living.

This query was answered also by Horatio G. Cozzens, New York and Louis N. Feipel, Brooklyn.

"A Wine of Wizardry"

W. D. ANTHONY, Keyser, W. Va.—Answering "J. L. O'B's" query of Nov. 28, regarding the author of the poem in which occur the words:

The vampire, seated at her feast,
Stared bloodily against the leprous moon, &c.,

the poem, entitled "A Wine of Wizardry," is by George Sterling and appeared in the Cosmopolitan Magazine between September, 1906, and July, 1907. It is blank verse, some three or four hundred lines. It is a poem remarkable for its imaginative power and the grisly pictures it gives such as:

A shrieking ghost that fiends have flayed.

Others who answered this query were Alice Cameron Voorhis, Bonnington, Vt.; M. L. Fisher, William sport, Pa., and Hazel McCulloch, Minot, N. D.

Charles McIlvaine

HORATIO G. COZZENS, New York.—In reply to the request of Stella B. Bacon, in your issue of Nov. 28, for "a sketch of the life of Charles McIlvaine, author of "One Thousand American Fungi," the following appeared in The Chautauquan, July, 1902: "Captain Charles McIlvaine, civil engineer by profession and specialist on fungi: born at Springton Farm, Chester County, Pa. He commanded Major General Wright's headquarters guard and served as Judge Advocate of the South in the Civil War. He invented printers' copyable ink, which revolutionized commercial printing. His book, 'One Thousand American Fungi,' is monumental. By eating full meals of them he has determined over 800 edible species of fungi."

"Deep, Fiery Clouds"

V. T. ARTZ, Chicago, Ill.—The poem beginning "Deep, fiery clouds o'ercast the sky," as inquired for by B. F. B. in issue of Nov. 28, can be found among Mrs. Hemans's Hymns for Childhood, and is called "The Thunderstorm." These poems had a unique history. They were sent in MSS. to Professor Andrews Norton, for the entertainment of his children, having been written for the author's five small sons, and with no intention of publishing them. Later they were published under his auspices and meeting with success in America, were reprinted in Dublin, by the author, who wrote to a friend:

"I send you the fairy volume. You will see how unpretending it is, but it will give you pleasure to know that it seemed (like a playful child) to win criticism into a benignant smile."

Others who answered this query were John R. Johnston, Brooklyn, and Nellie L. Wilson, Jackson, Ohio.

By Matthew Arnold

H. A. WHITE, Washington, Pa.—"M. I. C." quotes two lines in your issue of Nov. 28, which are from Matthew Arnold's poem entitled "Resignation." The correct version is:

Fate gave, what chance shall not control,
His sad lucidity of soul.

This query was answered also by T. M. Parrott, Princeton, N. J.

"Old Glory"

RICHARD E. LOCKE, Rutherford, N. J.—The following poem is probably the one that "C. E. Y." asks for in your issue of Nov. 14:

OLD FLAG FOREVER

She's up there—Old Glory—where lightnings are sped;
She dazzles the nations with ripples of red;
And she'll wave for us living or droop o'er us dead,
The flag of our country forever!

She's up there—Old Glory—how bright the stars stream!
And the stripes like red signals of liber-ty gleam!
And we dare for her, living, or dream the last dream,
'Neath the flag of our country forever!

She's up there—Old Glory—no tyrant dealt scars,
No blur on her brightness, no stain on her stars!
The brave blood of heroes hath crimsoned her bars,
She's the flag of our country forever!

FRANK L. STANTON.

Others who answered this query were W. H. Vail, Newark, N. J.; Mrs. Clara T. Hillman, New York; Adelaide Mills, New York, and F. B. Robinson, Rochester, N. Y.

"Plighted"

LOUELLA D. EVERETT, Boston, Mass.—I append a copy of the poem "Plighted," by Dinah Maria Mulock Craik (1826-87), which may be the one "W. W. P." inquires for in THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE of Oct. 31.

PLIGHTED.

Mine to the core of the heart, my beauty!
Mine, all mine, and for love, not duty;
Love given willingly, full and free,
Love for love's sake—as mine to thee.
Duty's a slave that keeps the keys
But Love, the master, goes in and out
Of his goodly chambers with song and shout,
Just as he pleases—just as he please.

Mine, from the dear head's crown, brown-golden,
To the silken foot that's scarce beholden;
Give to a few friends hand or smile,
Like a generous lady, now and awhile,
But the sanctuary heart, that none dare win,
Keep holiest of holiest evermore;
The crowd in the aisles may watch the door,
The high priest only enters in.

Mine, my own, without doubts or terrors,
With all thy goodness, all thy errors.
Unto me and to me alone revealed,
"A spring shut up, a fountain sealed,"
Many may praise thee—praise mine as thine,
Many may love thee—I'll love them, too;
But thy heart of hearts, pure, faithful and true,
Must be mine, mine wholly and only mine.

Mine! God, I thank Thee that Thou hast given
Something all mine on this side heaven;
Something as much myself to be
As this my soul which I lift to Thee;
Flesh of my flesh, bone of my bone,
Life of my life, whom Thou dost make
Two to the world for the world's work sake,
But each unto each, as in Thy sight, one.

This query was answered also by Mary M. Jones Oxford, N. Y., and Lucy Askew Jackson, Wilmington, Del.

FOR THE NEW YEAR
BUY A BOOK FROM
EVERYMAN'S
LIBRARY

These books are now obtainable and should be procurable at your local bookstore; if not, they can be had from the publishers.

Aesop's and Other Fables.
Ainsworth. Old St. Paul's.
—The Tower of London.
—Windsor Castle.
A Kempis, Thomas. The Imitation of Christ.
Andersen, Hans. Fairy Tales.
Aurelius, Marcus. Meditations.
Austen, Jane. Emma.
—Mansfield Park.
—Northanger Abbey and Persuasion
—Pride and Prejudice.
—Sense and Sensibility.
Bacon, Francis. Essays of.
Balzac. "Ursule Mirouet" and 14 other volumes of Balzac's novels.
Bible. The Pentateuch and Early History Books.
—History Books, continued.
—Prophets and Poetry.
—Wisdom, Homiletic, and Apocalyptic.
—Books of the New Testament.
Blackmore. Lorna Doone.
Borrow, Geo. The Bible in Spain.
—Gypsies in Spain.
—Romany Rye.
—Wild Wales.
Bronte, Charlotte. Jane Eyre.
Buchanan. Life of Audubon.
Burns. Poems.
Calderon de la Barca, Mme. Life in Mexico.
Cellini, Benvenuto. Autobiography of
Century of Essays, A. An Anthology.
Chronicles of the Pilgrim Fathers.
Creasy, Sir Edward S. Fifteen Decisive Battles of the World.
Crevecoeur. Letters from an American Farmer, 1785-1818.
Dana. Two Years Before the Mast.
Darwin, Charles. Voyage of the "Beagle."
Defoe. Robinson Crusoe.
Dickens. Pickwick Papers.
—Martin Chuzzlewit.
Dumas. Three Musketeers.
—The Forty-five Guardsmen.
Eliot, Adam Bede —Felix Holt.
Emerson. Essays.
Everyman's Encyclopedia. 12v.
Greene. Short History of the English People. 2 v.
Hahnemann. The Organon of the Rational Art of Healing.
Hamilton, and others, Federalist.
Hughes, T. Tom Brown's School Days.
Hugo, Victor. Notre Dame.
—Toilers of the Sea.
Lever, Samuel. Handy Andy.
Lutzow, Count. History of Bohemia.
Lyell, Charles. The Antiquity of Man.
Malthus. Principles of Population. 2 v.
Mason. French Mediaeval Romances of the 12th Century.
Mignet. History of the French Revolution.
Parkman. Conspiracy of Pontiac. 2 v.
Plato's Republic.
Prescott. Conquest of Mexico. 2 v.
Prothero, R. E. The Psalms in Human Life.
Rhys, E. The New Golden Treasury.
Ricardo, David. The Principles of Political Economy and Taxation.
Roget's Thesaurus. With additions. 2 v.
Scott. Rob Roy and 27 other vols.
Shorter. Life of George Borrow.
Sismondi, J. C. L. de. Italian Republics.
Smith, Adam. The Wealth of Nations.
Smith, Eric F. Dictionary of Dates
Smith, William. A Smaller Classical Dictionary.
Stevenson. Treasure Island
Thackeray. Vanity Fair.
—The Virginians.
Thierry. Norman Conquest. 2 v.
Tolstoi, Count Leo. Anna Karenina. New Trans. by R. S. Townsend. 2 v.
—Childhood, Boyhood and Youth. Trans. by C. J. Hogarth.
—Master and Man.
—War and Peace. 3 v.
Voltaire, F. M. de. Life of Charles XII.

AND REMEMBER THAT
THERE ARE 753 VOLUMES
IN THIS STOREHOUSE OF
TREASURES FOR YOUR
MIND AND HEART.
In cloth, per vol., $1.00.
Send for a list.
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 5th Av., N.Y.

Latest Books

History and Biography

SEABORNE TRADE. By C. Ernest Fayle. 8vo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. Volume I, the Cruiser Period. $7.50.

One of a series of volumes, based on official documents, giving the history of the great war.

AN INTRODUCTION TO HISTORY OF JAPAN. By Katsuro Hara. 8vo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $3.50.

Gives the synopsis, as well as a general sketch, of the history of Japan.

A CENTURY OF PERSECUTION. By the Rev. St. George Lierin Hyland. 8vo. New York. E. P. Dutton & Co. $8.

Describes English religious, social and political life under the Tudor and Stuart sovereigns.

THE FIRST ONE HUNDRED NOTED MEN AND WOMEN OF THE SCREEN. By Carolyn Lowrey. 8vo. New York: Moffat, Yard & Co.

Contains short biographical sketches with illustrations.

THE AMERICAN EXPEDITION FIGHTING THE BOLSHEVIKI. Compiled and edited by Captain Joel R. Moore, Lieutenant Harry H. Mead, and Lieutenant Lewis E. Janes. 8vo. Detroit, Mich.: The Polar Bear Publishing Company.

An account of campaigning in Northern Russia during 1918 and 1919.

A HISTORY OF GREAT BRITAIN. By T. F. Tout. 12mo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $2.50.

A history from the earliest times to 1918.

Essays

THE GREEK ORATORS. By J. F. Dobson. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.75.

Gives a short account of their work and a general idea of the style of each.

THE PRIVILEGE OF PAIN. By Mrs. Lee Hwerett. 12mo. Boston: Small, Maynard Company.

Takes up such subjects as "Health and Strength," "Ill-health and Its Relation to Genius," "Handicapped Philosophers," &c. There is an introduction by Kate Douglas Wiggin.

REMNANTS. By Desmond McCarthy. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $4.50.

Essays on such subjects as "Music Hall Stars," "Lord George Sanger," "Bulwer-Lytton," "The Snob Doctor," "Voltaire," "Meredith," &c.

Poetry, Drama and Art

EARLY TUDOR POETRY. By John M. Berdan. 8vo. New York: The Macmillan Company.

The period covered is from 1485 to 1547, taking up the work of Hawes, Skelton, John Heywood, Sir Thomas More, Wyatt, Surrey and others.

THE SONG BOOK OF QUONG LEE OF LIMEHOUSE. By Thomas Burke. 12mo. New York: Henry Holt & Co.

Collection of short poems.

THE MARRIAGE FEAST. By Marie Tudor Garland. 12mo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $2.

HARP OF THE NORTH. By Arthur Wentworth Hewitt. 12mo. Boston: Colonial Press.

Collection of short poems.

PEARLS AND POMEGRANATES. By Dorian Hope. 12mo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $1.50.

Collection of short poems.

THE ORCHESTRA AND HOW TO LISTEN TO IT. By M. Montagu-Nathan. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $3.

Illustrated handbook for the general reader.

VERSES FOR A LITTLE MAID. By James Plaisted Webber. 12mo. Boston: Manson Hart Webster.

Collection of short poems.

FIR TREES AND FIREFLIES. By Carolyn Crosby Wilson. 12mo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $1.75.

Collection of short poems.

BUDDHA. Pamphlet. Washington, D. C.: Eastern Supply Company.

A sequel to "Yanka," a book of verse.

Religion and Philosophy

THE EVANGELICAL REVIVAL. By S. Baring-Gould. 8vo. London: Methuen & Co. $5.

Deals with that period of church history which saw the rise of Wesley and Methodism.

SHALL WE STAND BY THE CHURCH? By Durant Drake. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $2.

Aims to examine, impartially, the way to avoid the pitfalls into which the churches have so often fallen.

THE MEANING OF CHRISTIANITY. By the Very Rev. W. J. Lagrange. 12mo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $2.25.

A study of Luther and an account of his followers in Germany, translated by the Rev. W. S. Reilly.

THE RULES OF THE GAME. By Floyd W. Lambertson. 12mo. New York. The Abingdon Press. Two volumes.

One of the volumes is a teacher's manual. The other contains a series of lessons in religion.

THE CALL TO UNITY. By William T. Manning. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $2.

Takes up the question, "What power is there in an appeal for a united world by a divided church?"

CHURCH FINANCE AND SOCIAL ETHICS. By Bishop Francis J. McConnell. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $1.50.

Discusses the advantages which the author believes will come from a united Protestantism.

IS HELL ETERNAL, OR WILL GOD'S PLAN FAIL? By the Rev. Charles H. Pridgeon. 12mo. New York: Funk & Wagnalls Company.

A discussion of the question based on the study of many texts from the Bible.

THE OTHER SIDE GOD'S DOOR. By Mabel Nixon Robertson. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.50.

Contains what are supposed to be messages from the other world, from Lord Kitchener, Mary Baker Eddy and others.

INVESTIGATIONS IN OCCULTISM. By Rudolph Steiner. 12mo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $2.

Aims to show the practical value of occultism in daily life. The book is based on a series of lectures delivered by Dr. Steiner.

Fiction

MIND ADRIFT. By Daniel Wright Kittredge. 12mo. Seattle, Wash.: S. F. Shorey.

Gives an account by several travelers of the singular conduct of a fellow passenger on board the steamship Mungas plying between America and Egypt.

A SOUL'S PROGRESS. By P. W. Robertson. 12mo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $7.50.

Series of mystical sketches.

Travel and Description

CHIT-CHAT, NIRVANA, THE SEARCHLIGHT. By Matt J. Holt. 12mo. Louisville. Westerfield-Bonte Company.

Collection of travel sketches, essays, &c.

SOUTHWEST SKETCHES. By J. A. Munk. 8vo. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $3.50.

Profusely illustrated book of travels in Arizona, New Mexico and Southern California.

New Editions

MODERN TARIFF HISTORY. By Percy Ashley. 8vo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $5.

Third edition of a work first published in October, 1904.

A KISS FOR CINDERELLA. By J. M. Barrie. 12mo. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons. $1.50.

A new volume in the uniform edition of the plays of James M. Barrie.

ROYAL AUCTION BRIDGE. By "Bascule." 12mo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $1.75.

A new edition of a book first published in February, 1913.

EXPERIMENTAL WIRELESS STATIONS. By Philip R. Edelman. 12mo. New York: Norman W. Henley Publishing Company.

A new edition.

THE CHRISTMAS CAROL. By Charles Dickens. 12mo. Boston: The Atlantic Monthly Press. $2.

An exact facsimile of the first edition, published in London by Chapman & Hall in 1843, with a special introduction by A. Edward Newton.

TELEGRAPHY. By T. E. Herbert. 12mo. New York: Sir Isaac Pitman & Sons. $1.50.

A fourth edition revised.

EXPOSE OF CHRISTIAN SCIENCE METHODS AND TEACHING. By Charles B. Pease. 12mo. New York: The Restoration Publishing Company.

New edition.

HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES. By James Ford Rhodes. 8vo. New York: Macmillan Company. Eight volumes. $25.

A new and cheaper edition.

THE JUNGLE. By Upton Sinclair. 12mo. Pasadena, Cal.: Upton Sinclair.

A new edition.

Juvenile

ROMANCE OF THE RABBIT. By Francis Jammes. 12mo. New York: Nicholas L. Brown. $1.50.

Animal story translated from the French by Gladys Edgerton.

THE THREAT OF SITTING BULL. By D. Lange. 12mo. Boston: Lothrop, Lee & Shepard Company. $4.50.

A story of the great Indian uprising in defense of the last buffalo hunting ground

STORIES OF CHILD LIFE IN A JEWISH COLONY IN PALESTINE. By Hannah Trager. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $1.50.

Stories that picture the Jewish child as he is in his new surroundings.

THE DOINGS OF JANE. By Sarah Harvine Weaver. 12mo. Boston: The Stratford Company.

Humorous story for girls.

THE MARINES HAVE LANDED. By Lieut. Col. Giles Bishop Jr. 8vo. Philadelphia: Penn Publishing Company.

A story for boys from 12 to 17.

LABRADOR. By William Brooks Cabot. 12mo. Boston: Small, Maynard Company.

An adventure story of the war for young readers based on the author's experiences in Labrador, covering some twenty years of interior travel and thousands of miles of voyaging.

THE SONS O'CORMAC. By Aldis Dunbar. 8vo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.50.

Collection of stories of the ancient Irish heroes told for young readers.

HELPING THE WEATHER MAN. By Elizabeth Gordon; THE TURNED-INTOYS. By Elizabeth Gordon. 12mo. New York: P. F. Volland Company. $1.35 e.ch.

Illustrated stories for very young readers.

CAPTAIN LUCY'S FLYING ACE. By Aline Havard. 12mo. Boston: Penn Publishing Company.

A story for boys and girls from 10 to 15.

THE GINGERBREAD HOUSE. By Ruth Broun MacArthur. 8vo. Philadelphia: Penn Publishing Company.

A story of California for young readers.

THE BOY WITH THE U. S. INVENTORS. By Francis Rolt-Wheeler. 8vo. Boston: Lothrop, Lee & Shepard Company. $1.75.

An illustrated volume in the U. S. Service Series.

DON HALE WITH THE YANKS. By W. Crispin Sheppard. 12mo. Philadelphia: Penn Publishing Company.

Story for boys from 10 to 15.

Miscellaneous

BIBLIOGRAPHY OF INDUSTRIAL EFFICIENCY AND FACTORY MANAGEMENT. By H. G. T. Cannons. 8vo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $5.

Lists the books, magazine articles, &c., on the subject.

THE FREEDOM OF SPEECH. By Zechariah Chafee Jr. 8vo. New York: Harcourt, Brace & Howe. $2.50.

An inquiry into the nature and scope of the policy expressed in the Constitution, and discusses freedom of speech in relation to every phase of contemporary life.

OLD WORLD LACE. By Clara M. Blum. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $10.

A guide for the lace lover.

THE HEART AND THE AORTA. By H. Vaquez and E. Bordet. 12mo. New Haven: Yale University Press. $6.

Studies in clinical radiology.

MEDICAL GYMNASTICS IN MEDICINE AND SURGERY. By E. Bellis Clayton. 12mo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. $1.80.

A handbook for students.

ECONOMICS. By Jane Cunnison. 15mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.

Discusses the making of wealth as it concerns the individual and wealth as it concerns the State.

OLD AT FORTY OR YOUNG AT SIXTY. By Robert S. Carroll. 12mo. New York: The Macmillan Company. $2.25.

Offers various recommendations along physical, mental and spiritual lines that will help in attaining vigorous health and age.

AMERICA VIA THE NEIGHBORHOOD. By John Daniels. 12mo. New York: Harper & Brothers. $2.

One of a series of studies in Americanization.

THE ACCOUNTANT'S DIRECTORY AND WHO'S WHO, 1920. Edited by Rita Perine and Leonard Bickwitt. 12mo. New York: The Forty-fifth Street Press.

First edition based on old files of New York and Chicago business directories giving a complete list of the accountants of today in all the leading cities of the country.

AFRICA: SLAVE OR FREE? By John H. Harris. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $3.

Takes up the question, "Is Africa a vast storehouse of the most valuable natural resources, to continue to be exploited by the white peoples, or is she to work out her own salvation and gradually fit herself to bear a part in the councils of mankind?"

THE CREAM OF CURIOSITY. By Reginald L. Hine. 8vo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $4.

An illustrated account of certain historical and war manuscripts of the seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth centuries.

DRESS DESIGN. By Talbot Hughes. 12mo. New York. Isaac Pitman & Sons $4.

An account of costumes, for artists and dressmakers.

THE ABOLITION OF MONEY. By S. Kawashima. 12mo. Tokio, Japan: The Niyu-sha.

Discusses the subject from the point of view that it is the basis of human peace and equality.

INTERNATIONAL LAW AND THE WORLD WAR. By James Wilford Gardner. 8vo. New York: Longmans, Green & Co. Two volumes. $24.

The work was prepared in consultation with the late Professor Oppenheim and is scientific in character and based on wide reading and research.

WEALTH. By A. W. Kirkaldy. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.25.

Discusses its production and distribution.

THE PSYCHOLOGY OF PERSUASION. By William Macpherson. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $2.50.

Treats the subject mainly from its psychological aspects.

THE GREAT GAME OF BUSINESS. By J. George Frederick. 12mo. New York: D. Appleton & Co. $1.50.

A study of the idea underlying modern business.

THE COLONIAL ARCHITECTURE OF PHILADELPHIA. By Frank Cousins and Emil M. Riley. 8vo. Boston: Little, Brown & Co.

A profusely illustrated historical account.

THE MIND OF A WOMAN. By A. T. Schofield. 12mo. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $1.50.

A physical and psychological study.

BOOK EXCHANGE

Twelve cents a word. No advertisements accepted for less than cost of twelve words.

H. S. NICHOLS, INC., BOOKSELLERS. The English Bookshops, 333 Fifth Avenue (corner of 33rd Street, opposite the Waldorf), 17 East 33rd Street (a few doors from Fifth Avenue), New York City. Established 1886. Delightfully different from other bookshops, so quiet, so restful, so clean, so tidy, so pleasant and comfortable, but yet so thoroughly up to date and efficient; for at these shops you can buy or sell either a single volume or a whole library. Elegantly bound sets of standard authors; single volumes in exquisite bindings for gifts; luxurious editions; integral editions; pocket editions; all the best of the very latest books; first editions; coloured-plate books, sporting books; in fact, books to suit every person and every purse; literary and typographical curiosities, rare and precious volumes for collectors, large type library editions, books in bindings of Zaehnsdorf, Riviere and other renowned binders. Lovely picture books for children, reading books for boys and girls. The English Bookshops. Note our two addresses: 333 Fifth Avenue, 17 East 33rd Street.

G. E. STECHERT & CO., 151 W. 25TH St., Agents for Universities, Colleges, Public Libraries. Just received several hundred English novels of last century; first editions in three volumes. Catalogues in preparation: No. 38, valuable books on miscellaneous subjects; 39, Political Science; 40, sets of periodicals; 41, Natural Sciences. Stock of over 200,000 volumes, periodicals and books, new, second hand, foreign, domestic. Libraries bought.

I SPECIALIZE IN BINDING UP BACK volumes of the National Geographic Magazine. Full library buckram, $1.50; in ½ morocco, $2. Prospects on application. Missing numbers supplied, also complete back volumes. H. Kaufman, Library Bookbinder, 306 East 59th St., N. Y. C. Phone Plaza 5798.

ORIENTALIA — EVERYTHING ASIAN, including books on Ceramics, Painting, Sculpture, Oriental Rugs, Handicrafts, Folklore, Philosophy, Religion, Languages, Travel, etc. Also Prints and Manuscripts. Write us of your wants. Orientalia, 22 East 60th St., New York.

SPOT CASH PAID FOR SINGLE BOOKS and complete libraries; will call anywhere; immediate removal. Stammer's Bookstore, 61 4th Ave. (opposite Wanamaker's), New York. Phone Stuyvesant 2448.

BOOKS SEARCHED FOR AND FOUND. If you want some particular book very badly, for which you have searched and searched in vain, let us find it for you. H. S. Nichols, inc., 17 East 33d St., New York. (Established 1886.)

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR LARGE or small collections of books of every conceivable subject. Will call everywhere; spot cash and prompt removal. City Book Shop, 102 E. 17th St. Stuyvesant 4318.

CATALOGUE OF RARE AND CHOICE books (94 pages), containing purchases made in England during the past Summer. Post free on application to E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 Fifth Av., New York.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR LAW LIBRARIES, rare books, acts, statutes of all States, Christian Science literature. Send list. Central Book Co. 83 Nassau St., New York.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE COPY OF "The Life and Times of Akhnaton," by A. P. Weigall. Published in Edinburgh, Scotland, in 1911. Address A. Ross, 239 West 43d St.

FULL VALUE PAID FOR LARGE OR small collections of sets of prize books. Estimates cheerfully furnished. Madison Book Store, 61 E. 59th St., N. Y. Tel. Plaza 7391.

AUTOGRAPH LETTERS OF CELEbrated people bought and sold. Patrick F. Madigan, 8 West 47th St., N. Y. "The Autograph Bulletin" mailed free. Phone 9193 Bryant.

THE AIMS AND METHOD, A LIBERAL Education for Africans, by E. W. Blyden, 50 cents. Young's Book Exchange, 135 West 135th St., New York.

NEW CATALOGUE GRATIS. SCHULTE'S Bookstore, "House of Many Thousand Book Bargains," 80 and 82 4th Ave.

BOOKS AND AUTOGRAPHS—CATAlogue free. H. Atkinson, 188 Peckham Rye, London, S. E. 22, England.

OUT-OF-PRINT BOOKS FURNISHED Catalogues issued. E. R. Robinson, 410 River St., Troy, N. Y.

GERMAN BOOKS—LARGE, WELL-SElected stock. Beyer's Bookshop, 207 Fulton St., opposite Terminal, upstairs.

MARKS' UNUSUAL BARGAINS—DR Johnson's Mrs. Thrale, an Autobiography, containing letters and literary remains of Mrs. Piozzi, edited by Hayward, with 27 portraits in collotype, from paintings by Joshua Reynolds and others, very handsome volume, $3. The Arabian Nights, Richard F. Burton's translation, with supplemental nights, illustrated, 17 vols., $42.50. The three classics on antique themes by Pierre Louys, limited edition on large paper, Aphrodite, $12.50; Songs of Bilitis, $12.50, History of Flagellation Among Different Nations, a Narrative of the Strange Customs and Cruelties of the Romans, Greeks, Egyptians, etc., numerous illustrations, $1.50. Send for Catalog of over 400 Items. Harry F. Marks, 116 Nassau St., New York City.

THOMAS & ERON, INC., A CORPORAtion dealing in old and rare books, autographs, &c., are the largest buyers and distributors of old books in this country. We are in the market to buy for spot cash books in large or small quantities and entire private libraries. We especially want limited sets, de luxe editions and late encyclopaedias. Autographs also bought. The advantages accrued to the seller of books in dealing with a large concern are obvious. Thomas & Eron, Inc., 34 Barclay St., New York. Tel. 8062 Cortlandt.

FRIEDMANS' SPECIAL OFFER: MARK Twain, 25 vols., $25. Eugene Sue, 20 vols., ½ morocco, limited edition, $35. Stevenson, 25 vols. (Scribner Edition), $32. Richard Harding Davis, 12 vols., $9. William Butler Yeats, 8 vols., limited edition, $22.50. Maupassant, 17 vols., $12. Crale Kennedy Stories, 12 vols., $10. Century Dictionary and Cyclopaedia, 12 vols., ½ morocco, $15. A visit to our store will pay you. Friedmans', 53 West 47th St., New York.

FOR SALE—A COMPLETE COPY OF Hunt's Merchants' Magazine, one of the very few in existence, 63 vols., beginning 1839, containing all reading matter, together with the engravings, bound in ½ red morocco. Communicate by letter to W. P., Room 730, 140 Broadway.

PRIVATE SALE, 601 WEST 156TH ST. Tel. 3280 Audubon. Books for New Year Gifts. Fine Bindings. Famous Illustrators, Court Memoirs, Travel and Adventure, Standard English Literature. Catalogues. Specify subject desired. John Galletti.

CLEARANCE SALE OF OLD AND Rare Books, standard sets, 17th and 18th Century literature, book plates, etc. Catalogue 14A ready shortly. Nicholas L. Brown, 128 Lexington Ave., New York.

FOR OUT-OF-PRINT BOOKS AND SPEcial Subjects, 'phone, call or write: Stammer's Bookstore, 61 4th Ave. (opposite Wanamaker's), New York. Phone Stuyvesant 2448.

CALENDARS, ILLUSTRATED BY DUlac. Different designs. Limited number, $1 each. Drama Catalogue now ready, sent upon request. Gotham Book Mart, 128 West 45th St. (Bryant 8682.)

OLD LAW BOOKS WANTED — BUSIness established twenty years. Send list or brief description. C. S. Hook, Weymouth Apts., Atlantic City, N. J.

BOOKS ON PEDIGREES, GENEALOGY and heraldry. Every Anglo-Saxon and Celtic name. Chas. A. O'Connor, 31 Spruce St., New York.

FOR THE BOOK LOVER—RARE BOOKS, first editions. Books now out of print. Latest catalogue sent on request. C. Gerhardt, 25 West 42d St., New York.

AUTOGRAPH LETTERS OF FAMOUS People Bought and Sold. W. R. Benjamin, 1476 Broadway, N. Y., Pub. "The Collector." $1 year. Sample free.

WILL PURCHASE FINE SETS AND rare books. Guy Stonestreet, 507 5th Av., N. Y.

BACK NUMBERS OF MAGAZINES TO be had at Abrahams Bookstore, 145 4th Av.

NEW BARGAIN CATALOGUE READY. Send upon request. Charles W. Clark Co., 128 West 23rd Street.

WANTED: COSTUME AND ART BOOKS. Conder's Bookstore, 31 West 15th St.

CAT. 11—1,092 ITEMS, ON REQUEST. R. C. MacMahon, 78 West 55th St.

STIKEMAN & CO., BOOKBINDERS, Established 1887. Fine bindings of every description; restoring, inlays, solander and other cases for rare books. MSS., &c. 114 West 32d St.

ASK THE SEARCH-LIGHT
Anything You Want To Know
—FOUNDED IN 1895—
An organization of Practical Business Men, Investigators, Statisticians, Economists, Historians. An Information Library Comprising Millions of Classified Records, Clippings, and Pictures—All Subjects. Reports and Business Books Prepared.
EBBERT WILLIS HARDY
Founder, President and Executive Chairman
FRANCIS TREVELYAN MILLER, LL.D., Litt.D.
45 Fourth Avenue, New York Editor-in-Chief
NEIGHBORHOOD BOOK SHOP
435 PARK AVENUE NEW YORK

Our Literary Heritage From Europe

A Review by
BRANDER MATTHEWS

THE TRADITIONS OF EUROPEAN LITERATURE FROM HOMER TO DANTE. By Barrett Wendell. New York: Charles Scribner's Sons. 1920. Pp. 660. $6.

NOTHING brings a keener joy to the heart of a conscientious reviewer—and such I like to believe myself to be—than to have in his hands to appraise and to praise a book which seems to him altogether good—worthy in theme, comprehensive in conception, shapely in plan and skillful in execution. This joy is mine now that I have read with as much pleasure as profit the 600 pages of this admirable example of interpretive scholarship. My wonder how it was that a theme so attractive had never allured an earlier author to its treatment is conjoined to my satisfaction that it has at last fallen into the hands of a writer fully equipped to deal with it as it deserves.

What is the exact task that Professor Wendell has set himself to accomplish in this book? It is to catalogue for our benefit the items of our heritage from ancestral Europe, so that we may see more clearly "the traditions, historic and literary, which have accompanied our civilization to the point where we are part of it." That is to say, the primary object of this book is to tell again the story of the development of literature in Greece, in Rome and in the Middle Ages, not for the sake of this literature itself but for our sake rather, centring attention on the great writers who have set the patterns for poetry and the drama, for oratory and history, the patterns which we follow today, however unconscious we may be that they are inherited. Authors, and some of them are outstanding, who have not influenced us today, are passed over summarily, not neglected but left in the background, so to speak.

The aim of this retelling of literary history is to make us aware of our indebtedness to those who have left us inspiring models; it is not to weigh and measure the importance each of the succession of poets and prose masters of Athens and of Rome may have had in his own time, but the extent and the value of the influence he is exerting upon our poets and prose masters today. So it is that of all the Attic orators whom Jebb made vivid only Demosthenes is dealt with by Professor Wendell, not solely because he was the foremost of them, but mainly because his method was absorbed and assimilated by Cicero and because Demosthenes and Cicero pointed the path to Edmund Burke and to Daniel Webster. Unless a Greek or a Latin or medieval author established a tradition which has "so lingered in literature as to become part of the habitual thought of Europe," he does not demand inclusion in this survey. "Things in themselves less weighty or even legendary may sometimes be more noteworthy" for the special purpose of this work.

To say this is to say that Professor Wendell has approached classical antiquity from a point of view taken by very few indeed of his predecessors as literary historians. In fact, it is hardly too much to assert that he is interested in classical antiquity in proportion to the deposit it has made upon us moderns. When this deposit is palpable, he makes us touch it from ourselves; he illumines his analysis of the men of antiquity by constant comparison with modern men who have done the same sort of thing in a manner more or less similar. Professor Wendell is constantly pointing out how a Greek writer, Athenian or Alexandrian, has children or grandchildren in Paris and in London; Taken by themselves, the "Characters" of Theophrastus would hardly deserve attention in a consideration so cursory as ours. They chanced, however, in far later times, to stimulate imitations among the English and the French. Without them, to go no further, we should hardly have had the "Caractères" of La Bruyère or the numerous Character-Writers of seventeenth-century England. Without these we should hardly have had, in their present form, the sketches of character in the essays of Addison and Steele. Without these sketches—Sir Roger de Coverley, for example—we should hardly have had the novels of Richardson and Fielding; and without them the whole popular literature of the nineteenth century might have taken another turn. So Theophrastus has his place in the ancestry of prose fiction (p. 136).

For another instance of genealogical inquiry and of the happy elucidation of the remoter past by the more recent past, I may borrow from the consideration of Theocritus, whose idyls are the font and origin of pastoral poetry. Virgil in his "Eclogues" imitated Theocritus; and Spenser in his "Shepherd's Calendar" was influenced both by Virgil and Theocritus. To the imitation of the Syracusan lyrist we owe such graceful trifles as the "Pastor Fido" of Guarini, the "Aminta" of Tasso and the "Sad Shepherd" of Ben Jonson.

Without it, we might hardly have had in their present form the ballets of Italian opera, nor the Dresden china figures which made gay with flowering color the light boudoir of the eighteenth century. Without it, Marie Antoinette might hardly have played the milkmaid in her toy village at Trianon, no English-speaking children have told you all about Little Bo-Peep. And this recurrently fascinating prettiness was the last thing established among the literary traditions of Europe by the antique, unique originality of primal Greece. (p. 152).

He makes clear to us the influence of Menander, whose plays are lost, upon Plautus and Terence, and through them on the comedies of Shakespeare and Molière, and the influence of Seneca, whose plays were never acted and were never meant to be acted, upon the tragedies of Shakespeare and Corneille. He constantly illuminates and elucidates a Greek or Roman author who has seemed to many a severe and austere classic by bringing out his kinship with a more modern writer, thereby casting a warm glow upon what we may have regarded as only a marble bust on a library bracket. And by so doing Professor Wendell not only imparts vivacity to his page but he also vitalizes many an ancient worthy, forcing us to see that these men of old are still alive. For example, after explaining exactly what the "Satyricon" of Petronius was, a sort of Roman anticipation of the Spanish picaresque-romance, Professor Wendell praises "the facile graces of its excellently pure Latinity, the colloquial freedom of its often literal talk, the poised precision of its incidental criticisms, and the compact realism of its pictures from life"; and then he adds that it could have been written only by a man of exceptional wit, fashion and culture: "Here and there it makes the world of Nero live as vividly for us as the London of George II. lives in the prints of Hogarth." Nothing it seems to me could be happier than this juxtaposition of the English painter who was in essence a man of letters and the Roman author who used his pen as a brush.

Nor is this portrait of Petronius the best of Professor Wendell's bold portrayals of character. Those of Xenophon, of Julius Caesar, of Cicero and of Horace are as excellent. Indeed, I do not recall any portrayal of Caesar or of Cicero—not even those of Goumy, in his highly individual series of sketches, "Les Latins"—which seem to me more lifelike and more alive than these of Professor Wendell. Nothing in its kind could be better than this comment on Caesar's "Gallic War," held in painful remembrance by many generations of schoolboys. From the beginning of this autobiographic record, Caesar "impresses you as a writer who knows exactly what he means to say about a commander who always knew exactly what he meant to do. To this extent, the whole range of literature contains nothing more saturated with the temper of mastery than the 'Commentaries' of Caesar."

The book is divided into chronological sections, each of which begins by a helpful summary of the historical conditions of the time in which flourished the writers whose significant works are to be considered and measured with contemporary scales; and always those who receive the most cordial consideration which have served as models to the immediate ancestors and for whose passages quoted from Greek and Roman writers are not too many, they are generally brief. They are always translated into English, when, as is generally the case, the original is also given in the Greek or Latin, Provençal or Italian as the case may be. The book is aimed at the brood of intelligent readers who have not even Shakespeare's Latin and less Greek. Some of these, in fact, not infrequently, we are compelled with one English translation of the text and another in the notes, for, as we are emphatically reminded more than once, no one translation is ever entirely satisfactory, and the reader who may be aiming at what he finds in this book to be a mere acquaintance with any of the masters of ancient literature, is strongly not to confine himself to any one rendering, however highly regarded, but to possess himself of at least three: "This is the best way to get the unfettered to approach old texts—by harnessing a team of ponies."

For the benefit of the unlearned Professor Wendell has provided in his footnotes and in his extensive appendix of apt quotations, "Bibliographical Suggestions" (which extends to more than 30 pages), a guide to the best of the most easily available editions, and also to the more striking of the countless critical studies. For us Americans, it is an obvious advantage that Professor Wendell is also an American, as familiar with American contributions to the literature of scholarship as he is with British. British writers are often lamentably ignorant of American work, sometimes they ignore it.

While this book has been prepared with an eye single to the unlearned, to those who have never had the advantages of an early, educational Greek and Latin, it will be welcomed by those of us who in our youth toiled over classical texts under taskmasters who were grammarians rather than literary critics and who were intent upon forcing us into a quest of the second accent, neglectful of the duty laid upon them to help us perceive the vivid vitality of the masters of old time. I can testify that I worked my way through "Oedipus" of Sophocles without the hint that it was a play of compelling power which had once stirred the sands of spectators seated on the curving hillside of the Acropolis. This compelling power it still possesses after a score of centuries, as I discovered when I saw the "Oedipus" of King nobly impersonated by Mounet-Sully.

The teachers of the classics are not wailing their sad fate; they are not in danger of desertion; and they do not appear to perceive that this is due in part at least their own fault. If it may be because, in our admirably American phrase, they "have not delivered the goods." They have not measured up to their task. Perhaps there is a warning for them in the fact that this inspiring book on the "Traditions of European Literature," which is certainly tempt many to explore the subject with a livelier interest, is the work not of a professor of Greek or Latin, but of a professor of English. Perhaps there is also a warning for the professor of English—that these traditions are to be preserved if the advancing generations are not to be deprived of their heritage the burden must be borne by those who only much help as they shall on occasion from one or another of their classical colleagues.

THE NEW YEAR WAITS WITHOUT



Drawn by G. Warren Wheelock.

The Low Cost of Living

...LES J. ROHEBAULT.

...low cost of living that ...s the foundations. Does ...ement provoke derision? ...—but only from the un... ...lothing can be more ...

...instance, a few random ... on the Brokers' Fa... ...Monticair on a recent ...wo of its most distin... ...s. Strong and Weekes, ...gether in the smoker. ...clined to be moody and ...ch is surprising for so ...tivist. Strong says as ...ggests that his friend ...g holiday. Weekes has ...is emotions before he ...th anything like his ...

...see what happened to ...ading Company yester... ...ks darkly.

...es his own flippant ... for the moment and ...ined expression in his ...admits that he almost ...llowing the rapidly de... ...tations on his office ...d been so unexpected. ...T. had been riding the ...a like one of those ...es that breast the bli... ...suddenly shoot to the ...something must have ...with the engine or the ... for, just as every... ...rning his eyes to the ...dication of its ascent, ...a nose dive and was ...bottom when the gong ...n the curtain for that ...the possibility of dis... ...wreck when the show ...t had made breakfast ...pleasant function for ...morning.

..." he observes gloom... ...given it a dose of this ...cing. That's the latest ...the joy out of living." ...he possessed has been ...the same treatment—he called it—and with ...sult. Like everybody ...t freely in the period ... Price had no signifi... ...ce of today would seem ...tomorrow. It was with ...ith motor cars, hats, ...e whole long line of ...l luxuries. The ques... ...what did they cost but ...got.

..." was talking about the ... even then," Strong ...

...ng the time of their ... Weekes. "Now the ... has been started on ... and where are we? ...up with all sorts of ...t buy over again for a ... than I paid for them. ...of the slide looks far ...night I dreamed I had ...up in a cyclone. When ...alized it was only the ... from my various pos...

...ahead Mrs. Strong and ... are upon the same ...y happen to be sisters. ...nfidences are unre... ...need to hide the fact ...d been hoarding a bit ...f scarcity or that they ...ated as to the future ...

...ave over a hundred ...ar, Nell," Mrs. Strong ...How much have you?" ... same. The worst is, ...so full of all sorts of ...to put it in the cellar, ...gathered moisture. I ...that to do. And, Lily, ...for 10 cents a pound—"

..." of that confession! ...the beginning. There ...coiness in the relations ...husband since the price ... She has maintained ...he should have fore... ...ay. That was his rôle ...as always playing the ...e customers, so why ...a little predicting at ...



"I have had to surrender my keys."



"Ye'd think I was her hired man!"

home? Yet, when she had ventured gently—oh, so gently!—to intimate as much, he had lost his temper and accused her of having nagged him into using up all his influence with a customer, who was in the sugar business to sell her the stuff—at that ridiculously high price. Men were always unreasonable!

Mrs. Strong has a more tragic tale. Domestic differences are all in the day's tribulations and appear and disappear with monotonous regularity, but she has broken with her old grocer, who refused to take back any of her sugar at the price she paid him, and his is the only shop in the town that is really convenient for her.

However, sugar is a mere incident. There is her mink coat, for which she paid $4,000 only a year ago. The furrier was haughty then when she had mildly asked whether that price wasn't a bit elevated and had almost refused to wait on her. He had practically accused her of ingratitude in not realising that he was doing her a favor to let her buy the garment at all, and she had really feared he was going to take her name off his books. Now she had seen the absolute duplicate at $2,400 and the salesman had showed a willingness to bargain at that! Could any woman be expected to keep her disposition after such experience?

But we must not play the eavesdropper any longer. Nor it is necessary. The whole world rings with the outcry against the low cost of living. Here is no exaggeration. Only the other day the cables carried the weird report that the low value of the franc in American exchange was due to the fact that the French importer and the French manufacturer were faced with ruin through the fall in values of materials. A public ignorant of the laws of economics was demanding lower cost of living, which entailed lower prices all along the line from maker to retailer. Like the same public in America, they were shouting "Profiteer!" and refusing to buy.

Oh, that word profiteer! What a world of hypocrisy is skulking behind it! The men who bought three suits of clothes at $200 a suit—convinced that sheep were going to disappear and there would be no more wool—when they had no immediate use for more than one, flung opprobrium at the tailor, who passed it on to the wool merchant, who flung it over his shoulder at the jobber, whence it went to the manufacturer, the sheep raiser, the shepherd, the chap who sold the seed from which the grass was grown which nurtured the baabaas, the railroad which charged for the freight in various directions—a new theme for the house that Jack built. And, as with wool, so with all things. Is there among us one who may truly say, I am without sin?

But to return to the French and the world aspect of our subject. As the story goes, the French importers who had bought raw materials in the heyday of the high cost of living, and the manufacturers, who had done likewise, would have been forced into bankruptcy had they surrendered to the importunities of the public, so they appealed to the big financiers for aid. These cunning ones devised a plan for depressing the exchange which in turn automatically kept up the number of francs required to secure a given article.

When the present stocks of the importers and manufacturers have been worked off the franc may be expected to improve. Very likely some people, who are not proficient in economics and finance, may not understand this, but please remember that it is the cable and not I who should be held responsible.

Is not the demand for a low cost of living raising the deuce in Italy, Austria, Germany, Russia and even England? Is not everywhere visible the spectacle of the possessor of goods who won't give them up on a falling market and of obdurate purchasers whose nostrils are filled with the flavor of anticipated bargains? Everywhere peoples divided against themselves, a sad contrast to those happy days when everybody was eager to buy—buy—buy!

In our own glorious and greatly favored land the one-time spirit of trust and confidence has given way to suspicion and mistrust. No longer does Jones listen with rhapsodic attention to inside information—not even when it emanates from tried and trusty Robinson. Rather the woods are full of Jonases who want to know about that tip on Castor Oil, Limited. "Didn't you say it had a book value of $2,000 a share?" asks Jones. "I got it direct from the President," is the ready answer. "You wouldn't like to take over my few shares—only two hundred, Bob, at the price I paid?" Jones queries insinuatingly. "I've got all I can carry now," is the pained reply, and the friendship of a lifetime is disrupted forever.

Take this from the diary of a perplexed manufacturer: Last year this time he was oversold. Working double shifts he could not get his goods out fast enough. Price was no object, nor, consequently—were wages. Today his machines are barely moving. There's a big stock on hand—and a big loan waiting to be paid at the bank. He has cut his prices in half, for our heads of industry are readier to take their medicine than are the Europeans. His goods are actually offered at below pre-war prices. But there are no buyers. "It is being overdone," he cries indignantly. "There's been so much howl about the high cost of living that people don't want to pay anything. They expect me to give my goods away."

And the profits of yesteryear—ah, where are they? Gone a-glimmering for him as for so many. Is it generally known that the average manufacturer and merchant who was wading in war profits last New Year's now thinks himself lucky if his average from the outbreak of the war to date is equal to his pre-war average? There are practically no war profiteers left. What the Government did not take in super and excess profits taxes has been swallowed up in depreciation of inventories. Then there is something to be charged to celebration:

If there are still those who doubt the efficiency of the arguments already adduced, surely this matter of celebration ought to be convincing. Is anybody now taking Wifey to the jeweler with the admonition that she must not restrain her inclinations even the slightest, but just go the limit? Have you observed any man with a bored, indulgent air saying loudly to the overworked salesman behind the diamond trays, "My wife can't make up her mind whether she wants a necklace of diamonds, pearls, or emeralds—so we'll just take all three"? Not lately—but a year ago the dictaphones at Tiffany's wore out monthly absorbing that type of speech.

Nor is the débâcle in generosity confined to captains of industry and financial primates. Even the chauffeurs have noted the departure of the halcyon days and elysian nights. No longer does the bill for repairs pass uninspected. Instead of corona coronas the boss passes out the kind he bought for distribution among the Italian laborers on his farm. There is no longer a dollar to help pass the evening while the family is at bridge or the theatre. The boss's friends are shy on tips, too. In fact, the only way to make a little on the side is in competition with the taxis—when one can feel safe in taking that chance.

Under the circumstances even a chauffeur has to retrench. It is not uncommon to hear him complain that he can no longer indulge in box parties at the Hippodrome on his nights off. On a recent rainy night, when two of them were sheltered under the porte cochère of my hotel, I heard one say: "The Missus? Say, Jim, that woman had the nerve to ask me to beat the carpets. Ye'd think I was her hired man!" "Just as bad here," returned his companion. "Mine has changed her butcher and it's cold storage chickens and frozen meat for all hands. My wife says they ain't worth bringing home—but it puts a crimp in the wages to have to buy for yourself."

I hesitate to credit a rumor said to have originated within the very portals of the most exclusive of the butlers' clubs and pass it along merely to indicate the state of mind which makes possible the creation of such reports. A member noted for his conservatism and reserve, which have kept him constantly associated with our very best families, is said to have come staggering into a meeting of the board of governors of the club one night recently in a condition suggesting knockout drops. "It's come at last, gentlemen," he announced, before collapsing entirely; "we will have to buy our own liquor. I have had to surrender my keys to the wine cellar and"—leaning forward, white of face, he whispered hoarsely—"I am credibly informed that the lock is to be changed every ten days."

The sensation and the outbursts of indignant protest may be imagined. In the very darkest days of the war, when the Hoover rationing infamy wrung the withers of every self-respecting butler, no such indignity had been attempted. It simply could not be. Before the board adjourned the members unanimously resolved to resist to the last drop—in bottle or keg. Their honor had been assailed, their time-honored privileges attacked and, besides, they couldn't afford it, with the present dip in tips and honorariums and the manifest determination of the hard-hearted employers to cut in every direction—possibly even to reduce salaries.

"Would you believe it, gentlemen," one dignified member is quoted as saying, "when I spoke to my master about the shabby condition of my livery he actually had the unmannerliness—I can call it no less, gentlemen—to suggest that I look in at the ready-made department of Blank's dry goods shop!"

Naturally, every one dissolved in tears at that, and it required a vigorous circulation of the pocket flasks to make possible an orderly adjournment.

The shadow of the lower cost of living is upon the lesser laborers likewise. Even the servant in the house, surely a profiteer if ever there was one, is beginning to doubt that silk underwear is a normalcy. I have in mind the recent arrival of a ship from the Emerald Isle when several of the young ladies in line at the entrance to the Ellis Island ferry actually refused to pay the usual $5 to the runners who carry messages from the newly arrived to their impatient relatives in Manhattan. This resistance to a time-honored graft is significant of the growing caution in these double-handed spenders.

Lack of space alone prevents the presentation of all the evidence in the case. I have but skimmed the surface. From every walk of life could be adduced testimony showing beyond the possibility of denial how we all flourished—a veritable forest of green bay trees—under the much-maligned high cost of living—the period of optimism and high hopes, of daring imagination and far-flung enterprise—and how we are losing courage and initiative with the reversal of conditions.

Of course, there may be the hypercritical who will assert that there is no low cost of living, that the American dollar is still debased and dishonored and cheated of its true worth, that the profiteer is still abroad in the land and unashamed, and that we are bumping on the rocks because there is no real abatement in high prices, ergo, none in the cost of living. Pity the near-sighted! It is not the remaining high prices, the continuing demands of retailers, labor, servants and landlords that bring the present blight upon existence. It is the universal conviction that these are all doomed, that the trend in all downward, that it cannot be resisted for long by even the stoutest, and that the low cost of living is on the horizon and moving ever closer, which is upsetting the body politic.

Books and Authors

DR. BRANDER MATTHEWS was recently elected Chancellor of the American Academy of Arts and Letters, and also a member of that body's Board of Governors. Professor Matthews succeeds Professor William M. Sloane, who has in turn been chosen President of the organization, to fill the chair left vacant by the late William Dean Howells.

Dr. Matthews was born at New Orleans in 1852. He has been a professor, first of literature and then of dramatic literature, at Columbia University for the last twenty-seven years. He is the author of several comedies, stories, essays and books of criticism. He was one of the organizers of the Authors' Club, The Players and the American Copyright League.

An enterprising publisher in Paris has just issued "Marguerite," an early story by Anatole France, which appeared in a French magazine prior to the publication of "The Crime of Sylvester Bonnard." M. France has written a preface to the book in which he discusses the ethics of reissuing an author's immature writings after they have been allowed to lie forgotten for many years. "It would be an excess of literary vanity on my part," he writes, "to resurrect it ("Marguerite") myself, but my vanity would be perhaps more excessive were I to try to suppress it."

A letter just received from Lady Diana Manners's "representative" states that "Lady Diana not only assisted Mrs. Asquith in the preparation of her book, but also had a great deal to do with the compilation of social data in Colonel Repington's review of the war." Some of the English reviewers of the irrepressible Margot's autobiography expressed curiosity as to the identities of those who assisted her in gathering, compiling and writing the narratives of London social, literary, artistic and political life. The daughter of the Duke and Duchess of Rutland, who is known to literary London as the original of the heroine of more than one English novel, has recently flouted English social traditions by signing a contract to appear in a series of photoplays to be produced under the direction of J. Stuart Blackton.

In October the Little Review was arrested for the publication of an instalment of "Ulysses," a novel by James Joyce, author of "A Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man." This suppression destroyed the business of the October issue and financially prevented the publication of the next issue. To gain immediate relief and to prevent the censor from winning the case without a judicial decision, if possible, the Little Review took over the performance of "The Emperor Jones," given at the Provincetown Playhouse on the night of Dec. 9.

Books by two New York newspaper "colyumnists" are among the first to be selected by the American Scandinavian Foundation in furtherance of their plan to familiarize Scandinavians with American literature. Franklin P. Adams's "Something Else Again" and Christopher Morley's "Mince Pie" are now purchasable in two of Stockholm's largest book stores. Don Marquis's books would doubtless find an equally appreciative public there.

Ernest Thompson Seton, author-naturalist and founder of the Boy Scouts, is now touring a Southwestern vaudeville circuit in an act in which he tells of his personal experiences in the wilds. One of these is woven about "Skip," the audacious fox terrier that participated in a bear hunt and died in the White House with Theodore Roosevelt as one of the chief mourners. Mr. Seton's new book, "Woodland Tales," is to be brought out by Doubleday, Page & Co. next Spring.

Not long ago G. K. Chesterton and Hugh Walpole took opposing sides in a public debate held in London, the proceeds going to charity, on the proposition that "the modern novel is a sign of social decay." Mr. Chesterton took the affirmative and Mr. Walpole the negative, Edmund Gosse, the distinguished critic, who acted as judge, in his opening speech likened the affair to an exhibition of the "noble and manly art of self-defense," but promised the audience there was no danger of their being disappointed by the termination of the fray in thirty-seven seconds.

In opening, Mr. Chesterton said:

> The novel has become a sack in which a person stuffs anything he happens to have about him, with the result that it becomes to a large extent shapeless. I have a great respect for the genius of H. G. Wells, but in his later novels he has put pages which are simply his essays. The novelist's tendency is to philosophize and preach; to express annoyance with certain institutions; to insert recollections of travels in Iceland, or to discuss proposals for a new kind of umbrella; and, in fact, to use the novel for purposes for which it was not intended.

Mr. Walpole countered with the statement that:

> It (the novel) is going through an intermediate stage towards a new development, which will probably prove a step upwards. Present writers have a freedom and possibility of treating life which were denied to their predecessors. Can Thomas Hardy, Joseph Conrad, Rudyard Kipling and the late Henry James be accused of "formlessness"? Lucky is the generation that has such representatives.

In rebuttal Mr. Chesterton pointed out that, although "Pickwick" was the most formless of books, Dickens did not introduce an argument in favor of proportional representation in the interest of the electors of Eatanswill. Mr. Walpole retorted that Disraeli's "Sybil" and "Tancred" were both packed with dialogue concerned with the controversial topics of the day.

In rendering his decision, Mr. Gosse decided that neither of the disputants knew what "form" was, and that the audience was no wiser than when it arrived, and were now not quite so sure of what they had known before.

Nathan Gallizier, author of "The Leopard Prince: A Romance of Venice in the fourteenth century," published by the Page Company, is an Italian by birth and spent his youth in a seminary in Germany, where he studied for the priesthood. His education under monkish discipline is reflected in the painstaking, copperplate hand in which his manuscripts are written.

Little, Brown & Co. will next week publish a new novel, entitled "The Next Corner," by Kate Jordan, author of "Against the Winds." It is the story of a young American woman in Paris, who, while her husband, a mining engineer, was in Burma, fell in love with a Spaniard of high birth. Miss Jordan is a native of Dublin, Ireland, who came to this country in childhood. Her first story was published when she was 12 years old.

"Three Paragraphs," reprinted from Rolling Stones, O. Henry's short-lived newspaper venture in Austin, Texas, which is included in "O. Henryana," which Doubleday, Page & Co. have just published in a limited de luxe edition, pictures the garret home of a young "colyumnist", who, sitting by the bedside of his dying wife, tries to add three paragraphs to his humorous column in the daily paper while the office boy stands in the door demanding "copy." The writer despairingly dashes off three jokes suggested by his wife's delirious wanderings, thrusts them into the waiting boy's hands and turns to find himself alone in the room. His wife is dead. Several years later the author's own young wife died under circumstances almost as sad as these.

At an Aldine Club dinner one evening at which Hopkinson Smith was the guest of the evening, Mr. Smith's frail chair gave way under him and the author crashed to the floor right in the midst of Hamilton W. Mabie's presentation address. In closing his speech Mr. Mabie said: "And now Mr. Smith will again take the floor." This and other equally amusing incidents are to be found in "The Life and Letters of Hamilton W. Mabie," just published by Dodd, Mead & Co.

A short time ago Peter McArthur, author of "The Affable Stranger," received a postcard from Denmark, the writer of which stated that while patrolling the frontier during the war he had gained great solace from Mr. McArthur's book and wouldn't Mr. McArthur send him an autographed copy. Mr. McArthur has been a newspaper man, and having associated much with politicians, confesses to a low superstitious nature. So he wrote to Arthur Stringer and asked him if he by any chance had received a similar letter from the same lonely Danish soldier requesting an autographed copy of his book. Inquiry soon established the fact that the melancholy Dane had written a similar letter to every author whose name and address appeared in a certain anthology of Canadian authors.

The Patterson Cup, offered annually by the University of North Carolina for the year's best volume of essays, has this year been awarded to Miss Winifred Kirkland for "The View Vertical," published by Houghton Mifflin & Co. Miss Kirkland went to the university to accept the prize in person.

Jeffrey Farnol outlined and wrote the opening chapters of "Black Bartlemy's Treasure," his first sea story, just brought out by Little, Brown & Co., ten years ago and then laid it aside for his other books.

"The Dippers," the story of a team of professional American dancers at an English house party, by Ben Travers, formerly of the editorial staff of John Lane, and later a Major in the Royal Navy Air Service, is to make its appearance on Broadway in the form of a musical comedy.

A friend of Joseph Anthony, until recently connected with Harper & Brothers, has just received a letter from him in which Mr. Anthony writes:

> Tomorrow evening I deliver myself into the clutches of seasickness. I am slipping out for Italy as supercargo on the collier Middlesex. * * * The idea is simply to soak the book business out of my system on the nineteen-day trip across. * * * My salary as supercargo on the good ship Middlesex is $1 a month—to give me a fair chance in any crap games that may be in progress on board.

M. Paul-Louis Hervier, writing in the December number of La Nouvelle Revue, has the following to say about Robert Louis Stevenson's sojourn in France:

> Robert Louis Stevenson, at the beginning of the year 1883, rented a house at Hyères with a garden like that in a fairy story and with a classic view. He lived there, well and happy, for more than nine months, working most of the time and preparing notably the publication of "Treasure Island." Le Chalet de la Solitude, perched high on a hillock overlooking Hyères, has remained unaltered in the same spot for thirty-seven years. Stevenson's tenancy of the house is soon to be recalled to the numerous English tourists, with whom Hyères is a favorite Winter resort, by the erection of a commemorative plaque.

The Imperial Orgy

THE IMPERIAL ORGY. By Edgcumb Saltus. Illustrated. New York: Boni & Liveright. $3.

COMPARED with the Russian Czars as they are pictured in Edgar Saltus's "The Imperial Orgy," Nero and Attila, Caligula and Cagliostro, Caracalla and Domitian, Genghiz Khan and Torquemada, Tiberius and Timur, Heroc and the Borgias—all the blackguards whose "sins have lived after them"—would make ideal playmates for school children. Satan himself would appear like a second Daniel in the lions' den in the bestiarium of Russia's rulers as they are evoked by the author's prodigiously sinister picture.

In his effort to impress upon the reader the colossal corruption of these inhuman monstrosities, and to make him realize what an atrocious nightmare Russian history has been, Mr. Saltus has painted a panorama as lurid as any that futurist could conceive in a delirium induced by vodka and absinthe. Through the opera glasses of staccato, epigrammatic sentences he shows us a country time and time again turned into one vast shambles by some careless edict, holds up to our eyes the jewel-eled cups of the Imperial Bacchanals, filled with mud and blood, and describes nights of vice such as Rome or Babylon never knew. After a score or so of pages the imagination rebels against this scarlet picture and seeks relief by recalling some such limerick as:

> Willie killed his little sister;
> She was dead before we missed 'er.
> Willie's always up to tricks.
> Ain't he cute? He's only six!

Mr. Saltus's style is mannered in the extreme. Like some drugs, it is effective in small doses, but comaproducing in large ones. His paragraphs resemble nothing so closely as a string of headlines in the pink press.

The same fault may be found with his material. It's too much of a bad thing. His facts are not new; he has simply torn from Russian history those pages describing the yellowest crimes and vices of the Czars and rewritten them in his own hectic language.

Repeatedly in this back-stairs history he refers contemptuously to the "lackeys, charwomen and dishwashers of history," the presumable inference being that, "Here is an uncandied account of the Czars." And certainly no verbal orange blossoms or immortelles, calculated to spare the blushes of débutante readers, are scattered over the graves of the men and women whose nefarious careers are chronicled in the book.

"There is no immaculate history," writes Mr. Saltus, and then confesses himself checked by adding, "The maculacy of these people exceeds the powers of decent prose." He it said that he struggles bravely against this handicap. Perhaps the key to the mental attitude which preoccupied the author and prompted him to the writing of "The Imperial Orgy" is to be found in his own statement that "in horror raised to the ultimate degree there is grandeur."

The housemaids of history have tidied her alcove (the Empress Elizabeth's) burnished her morals and locked the door. * * * To look in on her is not good manners. Real history never had any.

Which would seem to argue that the "lackeys, housemaids, charwomen and dishwashers of history" whom Mr. Saltus so frequently derides have the advantage of him. It is permitted them to slip in the mud of the horrible; good manners are not expected of lackeys.

The last two chapters of "The Imperial Orgy"—King Terror and the Whirlwind—by indicating the inevitable swing of the pendulum from absolutism to anarchy, illumine brilliantly Russia's present chaotic state.

BUY YOUR NEW BOOKS FROM THE DUTTON LIST

Your bookseller should be able to supply ALL these books: if not, they can be had from the publisher.

NOVELS

The Book of Susan
By LEE WILSON DODD
A witty modern social study. $2.00

The Enemies of Women
By BLASCO IBANEZ
A vivid picture of war's effect on a group of Europe's idlers. $2.15

Also by BLASCO IBANEZ:
The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse
The Shadow of the Cathedral
Mare Nostrum
Woman Triumphant
La Bodega
Blood and Sand
Each $2.15

The House of Lynch
By LEONARD MERRICK
An artist's struggle against the domination of wealth. $1.90

Also by LEONARD MERRICK:
Conrad in Quest of His Youth
The Actor-Manager
The Position of Peggy Harper
Cynthia
The Man Who Understood Women
The Worldlings
When Love Flies Out o' the Window
While Paris Laughed
Each $1.90

Dead Man's Plack and An Old Thorn
By W. H. HUDSON
A romance of Saxon England. $2.50

Steel Preferred
By HERSCHEL S. HALL
Wally Gay's gripping story. $2.00

The Crescent Moon
By FRANCIS BRETT YOUNG
Thrilling with the mystery of the African jungle. $2.00

Tamarisk Town
By SHEILA KAYE-SMITH
Powerful in an unusual way. $2.50

El Supremo
By EDWARD LUCAS WHITE
A brilliant South American novel. $2.50

Salt By CHAS. G. NORRIS
A study of American education. $2.00

Erewhon
By SAMUEL BUTLER
A classic among visions. $2.00

The Way of All Flesh
By SAMUEL BUTLER
One of the world's great novels. $2.00

On the Branch
By PIERRE DE COULEVAIN
A fine interpretation of life. $2.00

REMINISCENCES, Etc.

An English Wife in Berlin By EVELYN PRINCESS BLUCHER
"Unique among books of late war-time experience and of an interest and value entitling it to a permanent place in literature."—*World.* $6.00

Herbert Beerbohm Tree
Memories of His Life Collected
By MAX BEERBOHM
Illustrated from unpublished drawings, portraits, etc. $7.00

Lord Redesdale's Memories
A racy record of a very full and rich life. Two vols. $12.00

Far Away and Long Ago
By W. H. HUDSON
Unfamiliar scenes and a revelation of rare personality combine to give the book unusual charm. $3.00

Memoirs of the Count de Rochechouart
Pictures France and Russia during the Napoleonic Wars. $5.00

The Ordeal of Mark Twain
By VAN WYCK BROOKS
Criticism of a high order. $3.00

TRAVEL AND OUT-DOOR BOOKS

The Sea and the Jungle
By H. M. TOMLINSON
Wonderful for the beauty of its descriptions of the magic of the sea, the mystery of the Amazon forests. $5.00

A Tour of America's National Parks
By Col. HENRY O. REIK, M. D.
Describes the most wonderful public playground in the world. Illustrated. $4.00

DELIGHTFUL ESSAYS

Not That It Matters
By A. A. MILNE
Essays of delightful humor. $2.00

E. P. DUTTON & CO.,
681 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

Books in the New "Science of Religion"

A Review by

G. E. PARTRIDGE, PH. D.

Author of "The Psychology of Nations," &c.

THE RELIGIOUS CONSCIOUSNESS. A Psychological Study. By James Bissett Pratt. New York: The Macmillan Company. $4.

THE PROBLEM OF REUNION. By Leslie J. Walker, S. J. London: Longmans, Green & Co. $4.50.

RELIGION AND THE NEW PSYCHOLOGY. By Walter Samuel Swisher, B. D. Boston: The Macmillan Jones Company. $2.

THE PHILOSOPHY OF MYSTICISM. By Edward Ingram Watkin. New York: Harcourt, Brace & Howe.

THE SOUL, OR RATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY. By Emanuel Swedenborg. Translated and edited by Frank Sewall, from the Latin. Third and Revised Edition. New York: The New Church Press.

THE fate that rules the making of books has brought for my table an armful of new works, all relating to the most serious sides of life. Among them I see four formidable volumes on religion. Here is the work of a Catholic philosopher—no mystic himself, he says—trying to formulate the philosophy of the mystic. Next comes a study of religion by the light of the new psycho-analytic or "Freudian" principles. Following this is a big volume by a professor of psychology, a textbook, one would think, in which the author has tried to gather up all the psychological studies of the religious consciousness of the last quarter of a century. Last, there is an interesting looking book, by a Jesuit writer, trying to show how the scattered creeds of all Christendom might once again be united. Wait! There is one more—a new edition of Swedenborg's famous work on the soul, which, as one versed in religious literature will remember, lay in its Latin manuscript a full hundred years before the world saw it.

Such books as these—some of them at least—will show us how far we have traveled in a generation of science; how far removed we are, for better or for worse, from the days, say, of the Andover trial, when theology began to feel the effects of "liberation" of thought in America. It was almost precisely a quarter of a century ago, in fact, when the wave of the new psychology reached the religious consciousness. James and Hall—one at Harvard and the other at Clark—were the pioneers. James was working out his views, which soon appeared in his famous "Varieties of Religious Experience," and Hall was already deeply devoted to the study of religion, later gathering up his first results in his epoch-making book on "Adolescence." Both had able students, men who have since extended the scientific investigation of religion. Starbuck had been collecting data at Harvard, and went over to Clark for a year; Leuba was there, also, and Hall's seminar became the centre of religious psychology. Psychology was young and enthusiastic, and it was determined to solve all the mysteries of life, although some of the workers had a sense of entering almost upon forbidden ground—or that they were becoming possessors of knowledge that must be kept for the elect. That was a quarter of a century ago, we say. Since that time the science of religion has gone far and with rapid strides.

If one wishes to see how Freudism interprets the religious life, let him read Mr. Swisher's book. Mr. Swisher is a clergyman, and his purpose is wholly serious and good. He starts with the thesis that religion had a phallic origin and our emotional life has a sex basis. Religion came out of the primitive form without a shred of morality about it to cover its nakedness. This primitive life still exists in us all—in the child and in the unconscious. Freudism is the psychology of the unconscious; we must look to the unconscious for the roots of religion. The most basic thing in religion is the group wish, which is exactly like the individual's neurotic desire to escape from the objective world into a world of his own making. The dream of the individual is a wish fulfillment. The New Jerusalem of Jewish literature is the dream, the wish fulfillment, of a whole people.

Throughout the whole length and breadth of the religious life the Freudian finds the signs in interpreting which he has become so clever. Paul suffers from an anxiety neurosis, and his neurotic symptoms are easily detected in the collective ideals of all early Christendom. There is a masochistic element in it, which has survived to our own day. Christians have hungered for martyrdom, in part, because they courted suffering, and in part for the sake of a quick deliverance from a bad real life into a better estate. All this the psycho-analyst reads like an open book. He finds here the motive of inferiority, the father complex, and all the rest of the psychic materials with which he is so familiar. In religion as a whole, and in the lives of individuals, the mechanisms are the same. Job's sufferings can be diagnosed without seeing the patient. The Book of Ecclesiastes shows us the clear marks of a neurotic who has not been healed of his mental disorder. In explaining mysticism, also, the Freudian is wholly at home. The neurotic taint is the root of it—some abnormal trait that drives the mystic from the world. The mystic experience itself bears a very close resemblance to the "abreaction of emotion," which takes place in the psycho-analytic treatment. "Lost in the abyss of our eternal blessedness, we perceive no distinction between ourselves and God." In other words, the sea of the unconscious, so much vaster in extent than the field of the waking consciousness, rises up and engulfs the devotee.

The Freudian feels that he is now in a position to tell religion much that it ought to know and take to heart. He can point out the great faults of the Church. The Church has limited its activities too much. It has given rise to a great number of secular orders that have been sapping its strength. It signed its own death warrant when it discarded symbolism—the very foundation of religion. Symbolism the Freudian feels that he understands through and through. He does little else, in fact, but interpret symbols. Everything in life is in some way symbolic and represents the unconscious desire or dramatizes its fulfillment. Symbolism is the substance of religion. So the psycho-analyst would offer his services with the greatest confidence, to the Church, as an expert.

If one should feel the need of an antidote for this new "New Psychology," he might well turn to Watkin's "Philosophy of Mysticism" or to Pratt's "Religious Consciousness." Both are devoted in considerable part to the study of mysticism. For one, mysticism is primarily a psychological phenomenon; for the other, mysticism is a sure pathway to reality.

> If we accept, as we must [says Watkin], the testimony of the mystic to the fact of his experience, we ought to admit his testimony to its nature as being essentially a self-evident experience of a transubjective reality. Just as the fact of sense perception carries with it an immediate certainty of the existence of an external object of that perception, so also does mystical experience involve an immediate certainty of the existence of an external object of that experience.

The mystic consciousness, in a word, discovers the truth; formulates that truth, and we have real knowledge about God—the Unlimited, and of the relation of the limited to the unlimited.

Dr. Pratt is more cautious. His purpose, he says, is to describe the religious consciousness, and to do this without having any point of view. Conversion may or may not be real in the theological sense; the mystic may or may not see reality in his visions. The first work, in any case, is to see what, psychologically, actually does happen: what the convert feels, what the mystic's vision is. By implication, however, the author does depart from strict neutrality. We may at least say this much, he admits: that the mystic's experience may be significant of something beyond itself; that while the psychology of religion must have a free hand, and while it is hopeless to look to it for a proof of anything transcendent, nothing that it can say should prevent the religious man who wishes to be perfectly loyal to logic and loyal to truth from seeing in his own religious experience the genuine influence of a living God. So far, perhaps, this is quite neutral enough, but Presbyterianism is a hard thing to escape from, even in writing a scientific book, and Dr. Pratt does certainly lean toward the side of the metaphysical interpretation. Cautiously, though, he makes his way along the line of the main problems of his science: conversion, belief, prayer, worship and all the other main themes of religious psychology. If one would know what may be believed while one still remains scientific, he will find in this book an answer. Much, indeed, and certainly everything for which the charlatan in religion may offer poor substitutes!

The author of "The Problem of Reunion" was Senior Chaplain to the 19th Division, B. E. F., and was formerly Professor of Philosophy at Stonyhurst College. He is widely and favorably known already as the writer of an able book in the field of philosophy. It was while he was serving in the trenches, one sees, that this Catholic philosopher felt the call to use his powers as a thinker and writer in laying the historical foundation for what he believes a great work—the reunion of the churches of Christendom. What are the conditions, he asks, upon which all Protestant and Catholic churches might once more be one, and the Western world be at peace from its warring creeds? Catholic in every principle, Mr. Walker can of course reach but one conclusion. It is to both the polity and faith of the Catholic Church that Protestantism must return. The Church would yield, adapt—in everything that does not concern "revealed truth"; in respect to celibacy, communion in one kind, the use of the dead language, abstinence, fasting, extempore prayer, lay preachers, lay representation, lay management in temporal affairs—in all such matters as these, which do not affect the faith, the Church would be found pliable.

The conclusion was foreordained. But on broad historical grounds Mr. Walker undertakes to explain the causes of the great schisms in the Church, and to show what, in each case, would be the condition upon which they might be closed; how East and West might unite in the Catholic Church; how there might be a reunion of faiths within the Protestant Church; how, finally, Catholicism and Protestantism could become one. The Protestant will find little to offend him in the book—and not much to give him hope for the realization of its noble ideal. "That intense faith in Christ's merit and power, from which springs a spirit of prayer, zeal for God's work and a readiness to suffer in His cause, is the chief legacy which the Reformation is supposed to have bequeathed to succeeding generations." Supposed! yes; and that is the ground upon which Protestantism still stands. What, then, is the remedy, when the difference is after all a difference of faith?

We ought to save a paragraph at least for Swedenborg. Much might indeed be said if these were opportunity. Strange though much of this old book may seem to the modern reader, its problems are still with us, and indeed renewed. As a religion, the Swedenborgian philosophy has had a curious history, but perhaps its strangest influence is that which it has had upon American philosophy and psychology by way of William James. Attenuated by inheritance though it was, the cast of mind it engendered never left the philosophy of James. So he, almost alone among our psychologists, has always been inclined toward the spiritualistic interpretation. His psychology was always breaking through the line that marks the physical from the metaphysical; and since the influence of James has gone everywhere in psychology, the metaphysical taint has gone with it. What will our psychology do? Will it presently eliminate the final traces of its corruption, or will it itself be influenced by the strong popular wave of interest in the "occult," and perhaps after all discover a chink in the wall between the datum and the reality? Perhaps if we should all—psychologists, philosophers and the "man in the street"—join Swedenborg in his valiant search for the soul, we might find it, or at least discover something that might lessen the conceit of our science, and at the same time give us relief from the intolerable ignorance of some of our soul searchers.

An English Wife in Berlin

AN ENGLISH WIFE IN BERLIN: By Evelyn, Princess Blucher. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co. $6.

AN entirely new point of view is presented by Evelyn, Princess Blücher, in this book, which consists of a day-by-day account, written for her mother in England, of events, military, political and social, in Berlin as seen during the war and the early days of the revolution following the signing of the armistice. What the author writes gives an extremely interesting account of life as seen from the Esplanade Hotel, that "caravansary for all the homeless exiles of position and influence who have been driven from house to house by the great tidal wave of war."

When war broke out, Princess Blücher was living in England with her husband, the great-grandson of the famous Marshal of Waterloo, and was forced to leave the country and all her own blood relations when the German Embassy left. Taking up her residence in Berlin, as the English wife of a German of high rank her position was obviously a difficult one. As a sympathetic observer of two antagonizing points of view she was well qualified to write this description of Germany from the inside that is neither an explanation nor a defense, but a study of the betrayal of the best elements in the German nation by those least worthy to survive.

Throughout the book one feels the bitterness of the struggle between the extremists of the military party, who felt that the critical situation demanded recourse to any methods, however brutal, and the attempts, futile for the most part, of the men of the Foreign Office to stem the tide of inhumanities so that Germany might have some shred of respect on which to build when the war was over.

Aside from the daily reports of the military and political situation, the changing Ministers and the reports from the various fronts, Princess Blücher has written a clear account of the internal break-up in Germany, the increasing difficulty to arouse enthusiasm among the workers, sunk in sluggish apathy, though beginning to question on what grounds they must continue to accept the "es ist verboten" on which they had been brought up. The increasing struggle to get food as Winter follows Winter without bringing a cessation of hostilities finds the people each year more weary of sending men to the front to be killed—for something about which they had the vaguest of ideas.

The gradual transition from the enthusiastic and excited Berlin of the early days of the war, when the name of the adored Kaiser had been on every lip, to the days when Berlin became a city of exhausted citizens, fighting for scraps of food and raiment, war-weary and hoping for some sort of settlement that would mean a return to normal conditions—all this is described in detail by Princess Blücher, who describes vividly the successive waves of emotional reaction as they swept across the city. As early as November, 1915, she prophesies the Socialist oncoming, though probably at the time she wrote it seemed like an idle suggestion. The effects on civilians of the blundering and stupidity of the officials in regard to rations and the "elephantine finesse" of the secret service men are clearly shown.

In the Spring of 1918 Princess Blücher writes of the character of the offensive as a race between Hindenburg and the Americans, and the realization by the rank and file in Germany of the folly of Admiral von Tirpitz's program in regard to submarine warfare that finally brought America into the war. The effect of Ludendorff's public acknowledgment, in August, of the failure of the offensive on the weakening morale of the patient, long-suffering, plodding people who had been taught to believe that they were only defending the Fatherland from attack is also shown.

The impressions received in Berlin of the closing in on all sides during the last weeks of the war, the failure of the Turks in Palestine, the growing mutiny of the troops, the indecision of the Emperor, the conflicting rumors, the spread of Bolshevism and the danger due to the flying of the red flag at the Russian Embassy are all told, with impressive power, by a person who was in an exceptionally advantageous position from which to witness the spread of wild disorder throughout the land during the last tottering days of the empire.

The description of the final period of breathless tension while waiting for the armistice terms, the strike of the sailors at Kiel, the last hours of the Kaiser before his abdication, the utter exhaustion of the people when the armistice did come, and the wild excitement of the first days of revolution has a thrilling sweep about it that gives this high rank among the really worth-while books of the war.

The crumbling of the entire economic organization in the months immediately following the cessation of hostilities, the difficulty in obtaining food and the flight to various spots in Europe of the discarded members of the royal families—these are the last things of which Princess Blücher writes as she leaves Berlin, "where every one is convulsed with rage, despair, hunger and cold," for England. After writing that her love for her native country may have made her see things from the British point of view she closes with "far be it from me to cast a stone at the misguided but battered people whose heroism and self-sacrifice have often verged on the superhuman and always called forth my admiration."

Books the Public Wants

By LESLIE FROST.

EVERYTHING on earth's been written about, and is sure to have been said better than I can say it. What's the use of trying to write?" is a common remark among the half-hearted pseudo-literary. And from the speaker's point of view I expect that's very much the truth. To all intents and purposes, everything has been mentioned in print—and has been said as well as that type of person could say it. But everything has not been said as well as it could be said by somebody. Far from it. And, happily, with human nature as it is and showing no sign of change, room will always be found for debate as to which is the best way to say a thing.

There are more ways than one. Even the public, which we have been somehow taught to believe will take anything we want to give it in the matter of books (as in everything else), will now and then, give it the chance, show faint evidence of discontent and desire. It seldom has the chance. It has recently had one of its few opportunities seriously to express its opinion about books—in this case, books that should be written. Mr. Fred Melcher of the Publishers' Weekly, who is forever plotting some new way to bring the world in general in closer touch with library and bookstore, the library and bookstore in closer touch with each other, and all three in closer touch with the publishing house, has been sending a letter to some of the prominent librarians of the country which runs somewhat in this vein:

> It has been a number of times suggested that the points which librarians gather as to books needed by the public and not found on publishers' lists might be of first importance to the publishers if this information could be gathered and printed. * * * May we ask the co-operation of yourself and the heads of your departments in sending in as extensive a list as is convenient of topics on books which are really needed. * * * It would seem as though this might be a step toward giving the librarians a function as producers, as well as distributers of what has been produced.

Thus the library, speaking in the name of the public, has been given a chance to supply authors—authors who find it easier to fill a demand than to create one—with subjects for books.

And Mr. Melcher's letter has brought in many varied and interesting replies—probably more interesting from the standpoint of those of us who sometimes wonder what the taste of the public as to books is and is becoming, than from that of the prospective author. The college professor or successful business man who knows his field from A to Z may find, in the apparently unlimited demand for technical and scientific books, a stimulus to lining up his knowledge in print. One's unavoidable comment on reading through these lists of topics for books is, "How people do like their information condensed and compressed into the smallest possible space, steam cooked under pressure and evaporated into a compact form like 'Two-Minute Oat Food.'" Save time! Get a successful butcher or baker or candlestick maker to tell you briefly and concisely and to the point, preferably in alphabetical order, how he climbed the business ladder round by round; then you can straddle the distance overnight. As an Indianapolis librarian puts it:

> What we want for those men who are learning to use books is that book that takes up in detail one specific form of business written by a man who speaks from actual experience in just that form of business, who tells what he found to be its problems, how he went about to solve them and with what success. * * * Books are wanted on the mail order business, on chain stores or cafeterias, on corporations, on special forms of accounting, and, above all, books telling all that can be told about the formation, building up and management of such businesses as the grocery business, the laundry business, the mattress and feather renovating business, books on salesmanship (theory, retail, traveling, sales management, sales conventions), advertising, special advertising campaigns, credits and collections, business letters with actual samples, &c.

Other topics that show the practical and scientific tendency of the times can be taken at random: "Books for general readers on diseases, what they are, why caused, their history, cure, prevention." "Books on costumes with illustrations." "Books on cartooning." "Popular books on farming as it is, not as the romancers make it." Popular books on cutlery, insurance from the point of view of the insured, airplanes (there are certainly two points of view there), real estate, food on ships (some of us don't see much of it), coal mining, clock and watch making, automobile manufacture (and repairing), &c.

The scholar who has his pleasure in neatness and system could most easily find a subject to his taste on these lists. Concordances and dictionaries of the great authors and painters are in demand. The Public Library of the District of Columbia asks for a R. L. Stevenson dictionary, a Ralph Waldo Emerson concordance, and an index of famous and popular pictures under title. Strange to say, I see no librarian has asked for a Dictionary of Poetic Adjectives, which I hear that some one "who has probably read more poetry than any man in America" is compiling. It's to be a dictionary of all the adjectives ever used in poetry, giving the nouns with which they were connected. When I asked if its purpose was to give us a chance to avoid using one of them, I was seriously told, "Oh, no; it's to give you a chance to use the best one." How little we have to exert ourselves nowadays!

A strong proof of this desire to systematize and formulate everything we possibly can, divesting it of the personal and individual touch, is the demand from almost every librarian for a book of, as one librarian puts it, "letter writing, notes of condolence, congratulations, introduction, applications for position, thanks for presents, birthday letters, resolutions." Another library asks for a book of "model occasional addresses, presentation speeches, after-dinner talks, &c.," and, lower down, "after-dinner speeches. Not Chauncey Depew, Choate, &c., but bright, pleasing remarks which might be a guide to young people called on for the first time." Another, "good, up-to-date after-dinner speeches and toasts." Another, "a rational book of etiquette, with special application to business and to persons who are not trying to climb but only to be reasonably civil."

Fiction is little in demand—poetry less. One or two libraries ask for poetry anthologies, chiefly of foreign extraction, or books of quotations. The Cleveland library wants a "quotation book with up-to-date quotations—from authors writing now." Why quotations? As for fiction, Indianapolis wants "love stories of good literary value and accepted, i. e., conventional ethical standards, with large print, for old people." Tacoma, Wash., asks for "some really worth while fiction with a Western setting," and Portland, Ore., for some fiction "about successful business women." Several libraries want some historical novels of ancient and mediaeval times.

One very noticeable point—as I glance through the topics gleaned from all parts of the country—is the desire for better books for children. It seems that children do not want all their information sugar-coated. That they have had their fill of "series" written by women who think they are cleverly "getting away" with "lessons" about, for instance, a foreign city by turning out ten to twenty books with similar titles: "Bessie Goes to Walk," "Bessie and Yvonne," "Bessie On a 'Bus," and so on. The Detroit Public Library says, "One of the great needs in children's books is better material concerning America, reliable description of various sections of the country written in a readable form—not a textbook, not a series of books with the same titles such as 'Our Little Cousin,' or the reader type such as 'Carpenter,' and the whole subject of 'science for children needs attention. Some of the books are written by scientists who know their subject, but who do not know how to present it to children. Others have been written by persons who have tried to dilute the subject to make it easy, and have in consequence produced weak and unsatisfactory books. * * * Children prefer straight out-and-out information to 'nature stories.'" Librarians seem to find that a child prefers a well-named book, a collection, if it is a collection, with a point, and that point expressed in the title. They why at an unrelated collection under the heading of First, Second, or Third Reader. We know ourselves how our interest is caught more quickly by a new book with a name such as "Adam" or "Smoke a than by one entitled "Fo Library of Fort Wayne, "In the library we want besides Readers, and in p pensive books for litt mothers often say that th contents of these books, care to buy Readers or And yet, strange to say, children turn away from known stamp of the sc turn to another stamp w as lacking in originality ual expression. The Cl library says that they w Scout books by first-cla e. g., White's 'Blazed T term Boy Scout in title."



Grand Central From 42d Street.
From a Drawing by H. R. Shurtleff.

Really literary history, of the United States (its States, its wars, its con everywhere being asked fo the exception of Great B France, we have very litt material of historical inte books by Marshall and are fine, but are inconveni and expensive" (St. L Library). Washington, D for a history of the Unit "well written, not textbo As to language, it would mention the demand of library of Raton, N. M. located here in a mining c this library has branches mining camps where we h foreign speaking peoples Greeks, Slavs, &c. What books in their language about American ideals, great men, written from can point of view. I also books written in simple the ones who are just beg read English. Most of th &c., that we have are w children, and it seems to the books for adults to language should be differ

Of the letters that have ceived from librarians, mo the type that begins: "I the enclosed notes on 'H Should Be Written' will be to you.'" Only one or two observations as to the k There are two I notice quite apropos. One libra that "it would be an e ter for me to give you a li which in my opinion shou written, but the question that should be is more And another says, "I th idea of issuing an article o That Should Be Written' teresting. I do not feel that it would be the best cure good books for childr out subjects which might the mediocre publishers t books which you wish to done." That last is true n far as children are conc only as far as publishers cerned. It would be poor p to stimulate the mediocre turning out books per ord tailed study of these lists of specific subjects, for th of filling every wish, wea rarous. The specific su only of interest in an anecdotal, philosophic way llection of what a book-ha ile calls for. But taken in way they should convey t lisher and author the impre practical and technically books of every descriptio sired, good books for chil history of the non-textboo as well as books of lan travel and biography.

Flying the Mails



"Pilots have pushed their steeds of fabric and steel through all kinds of weather."

WARD MINGOS

now and then we hear thing about the Air but few of us have it. It takes an expe- at of a certain railroad drive home the facts. med that United States es were flying over a portion of the country the way between the the Pacific. He visited ield at Bellefonte, Pa., with interest to statis- ures. They took him hops and hangars, ex- while theirs was only , other terminals and e had repair shops and where the planes were and assembled. But ed the railroad man ainesslike manner in all planes arrived and e whole thing worked mpared favorably with wn junctions; not so e, but adequate and, ient.

ed that there was a at the Bellefonte field. ty and restless. He told that he had an engage- York that evening, but e train and was try- a plane to fly over. rvalides, and the pilot g his luck, when there e field a plane loaded 000 letters mailed west skipp the day before rive its New York that plane stopped only to replenish its gaso- As it left the field the that the reserve pilot his suitcase to one f himself in the other. g the wings over 230 ntainous territory to intment with his girl. being filled with mail, other place for him to ad died himself to a

, that beats me!" ex- ailroad man. "When ast Headleading back flying game must be I can recall when e like flying—full of e didn't trust them- trains. But after we g regular trips and er our right of way k it as a matter of

making regular trips a now," said the field . "That plane just mail part of which cisco and other points within two days. That of the way and trav- on your trains. But it eighty miles an hour, or 120 all day long, herefore complete its t coast to coast in half the by a mail car. We irty planes flying back r the various divisions 3,500 miles of routes rk to San Francisco. hedule, too."

is news to a vast ma- ise, just as it was to executive. So many been made for the y of them proving only distant future—that to skepticism is en- nting that there are e that fly, we would flying to some pur- only in the vicinity of elds that one has visi- such activity. As a ficial record, the Air ported more than 100,- this year—one for t of the United States. ese machines in the tributed to the height e planes fly—usually from six to eight thousand feet above the earth, and coming lower only when forced down by fog or storm.

There are fifty veteran pilots guiding the mails every day between New York and Washington, New York and Chicago, Chicago to Omaha, Omaha to Cheyenne, on to Reno and San Francisco, between the Twin Cities and St. Louis and over the waters between Key West and Havana. Yes, and over Puget Sound between Seattle and Victoria, B. C.

They are as regular as the railroads, these mail planes. They have maintained their schedules 93 per cent. of the time all this year, rain or shine, as consistently as other mediums of transportation. The comparison stands. The Air Mail system is like a railroad. It has its junction points and terminals, its repair depots and service stations. Every 400 miles or so—New York, Cleveland, Chicago, Omaha, Cheyenne, Salt Lake, Reno and San Francisco—St. Louis and St. Paul, Washington and Philadelphia—are the terminals, with junction points and fast train connections at intervals of a hundred miles, and emergency fields at convenient points between them.

Each of the thirty machines—there are a hundred in the service today, but two-thirds are held in reserve—carries from 16,000 to 40,000 letters, as many as the average railway mail distributing car, which, with its pigeon-hole compartments and space for the necessary clerical help, has little more capacity. It costs more to operate the mail cars, say the officials, because railway mail clerks employed on the trains are more highly paid for less mail handled by them than are the clerks at the railway mail distributing terminals in all cities where the air mail is sorted at night. Officials explain the saving in time by pointing to one city for example.

The bulk of New York's mail is deposited after 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The last transcontinental mail train leaves at 8:40 o'clock that evening. It cannot carry all of the late mail, because the pouches cannot be made up in time. What is left over, as well as the mail deposited during the night, is dispatched westward by plane shortly after daylight. It is carried in trucks to Curtiss Field, Long Island, and the plane sets out immediately.

The procedure is followed at each terminal and inland junction point, planes taking on the accumulation of night mail in the respective cities, as well as that brought in on trains and planes from other points. The planes make so much better time than the trains that a saving of from twenty-four to forty-eight hours is effected in delivery from coast to coast, approximately half the time required by the all-the-way train delivery. Your letter mailed in New York is delivered in San Francisco inside of fifty hours. With perfection of the system, they expect to attain thirty-six-hour delivery. The old method required a hundred. Not only does that mail which starts by plane arrive more quickly, but also that starting on the trains all along the transcontinental system, because by a close connection system all the first-class mail is changed and interchanged from train to plane wherever it will create a saving in time.

Pilot Christenson on Dec. 3 flew 16,000 letters from Chicago to New York in five hours and thirty-one minutes. The fastest trains require eighteen hours. Possibly one of your letters flew with Christenson. There is no telling, for your letter, mailed in the usual way with an ordinary two-cent postage stamp affixed, may leave town by rail or plane. If it goes far it will be transferred from plane to train or vice versa at least twice.

The planes are not flying at night, as yet, though wireless instruments and field facilities are being installed in the Middle West and Far West at this writing, and officials hope to begin night flying the coming year. Many of the pilots have night flying thrust upon them, however. Page and Boggs were caught in a heavy storm while nearing New York. They lost their way and flew northward. Darkness overtook them in the Catskill Mountains. As they swooped down over Monticello, N. Y., sparks from their motor formed a comet's tail fifty feet in the rear. They finally discovered a field during a lightning flash and dropped into it safely. They spent the night in their plane, using the mail sacks for bedding.

Eddie Hubbard, who flies the Oriental mail, out of Seattle and catches Asiatic steamers touching at Victoria, often comes home after dark, depending upon intermittent flashes from a huge chimney on the Seattle waterfront to guide his seaplane into port. The big flying boats carrying passengers and mail from Key West to Havana leave after the arrival of the Northern mail trains in the mornings. They negotiate the high winds in an hour, over heavy seas that invariably require a day for boats to cross; but occasionally the brilliantly lighted flying Pullmans are compelled to continue down the Cuban coast past Havana seeking a harbor more hospitable to storm-tossed voyagers than the capital city affords.

The regular performance of 93 per cent. efficiency has spelled success for the Air Mail wherever it has gone. This is considered most remarkable because the service was started only in May, 1918, with an experimental route between New York and Washington. Some of the flying since then has been off snow-covered fields which so delayed the planes departing and arriving that skis were substituted for wheels whenever snow was encountered.

"The Mails Must Fly!" has been the slogan. Pilots have pushed their steeds of fabric and steel through all kinds of weather. Pilot Harris flew from Cleveland to Chicago last March during the tornado that halted all trains and other vehicles and scattered shipping far off the course as the gale swept the Great Lakes. Reporting to Washington after his arrival, Harris wrote:

"The wind was blowing about forty miles an hour. The motor sputtered and missed, and I thought how cold Lake Michigan under me would feel. I ran into the worst rain and hail storm I ever flew in near Gary, Ind. For five minutes I could see nothing, not even the instruments on the dashboard in front of me. I arrived safely at 1:50 P. M. I think that is pretty good time for mail from New York to reach Chicago—oh, what? I left New York at 7 A. M."

A pilot does not make a jump from coast to coast. He and the planes he flies are assigned to divisions, as are railroad men. A locomotive engineer learns his division, the grades and the performance of his engine at every turn. So it is with the pilot. He may be a two-motor man, in which case he probably flies the Eastern or Middle Western routes, while mountain fliers are assigned to the high-altitude planes operating over the mountains. They meet all degrees of temperature and struggle against hard weather, often flying for hours through snow, sleet, mist, rain and fog. In Winter one cannot fly far without having his energy sapped and resourcefulness fully tested. Flying the mountains is more hazardous because they have never been accurately mapped.

In the Far West the mail routes opened in September have proved disastrous to many machines. Pilots have glided down for the first time on fields supposedly prepared for their reception, only to find that the enthusiastic townspeople who had generously donated the field had forgotten to remove the stumps. Broken landing gears and punctured wings and tires have resulted.

Even the Appalachian Range in Pennsylvania baffles the flier till he learns his landmarks. Though he is trained to fly by compass and to make full use of all the new instruments installed, a pilot must depend utterly on his five senses. He must keep a close watch on his motor and guard it against fire. He must consult the weather reports continuously, reports which are handed him at every stop, so that he may take advantage of high winds at certain elevations and thus make quicker time, or if the reverse is true and he is running toward a storm, he may be warned and rise above or fly under it.

Fog one day obscured the Bellefonte field. A pilot arrived overhead, locating his position by means of a mountain top protruding above the mist that mantled the earth. He encircled the peak for two and a half hours, until his gasoline supply became exhausted. He was about to dive blindly when the mist cleared and he landed safely. Mechanics found twenty-four cigarette stubs on the floor of the machine.

Speeding eastward with the mails over Indiana, Pilot Haight found his plane virtually motionless in the air. He had encountered stiff head winds. These he fought all afternoon, until darkness brought him down. On making a forced landing a pilot's first thought is to get his mail pouches to the nearest railroad, and many and varied are the reports of vehicles and power employed. One pilot not long ago borrowed a pair of mules from a farmer and packed the mails seven miles over the hills to the railroad.

A day in January: To quote another's report: "Day was damp and misty. Zero weather. Mist froze to wires and struts (braces) as fast as it struck. Wires soon became coated. Struts the same. Instruments filled with ice and machine could not stay in the air. Landed at North Liberty, Ind., kicked ice off plane. Took off as before. Ice formed again and brought me down near Millersburg, Ind. Punctured a tire."

Out on the plains the railroads have extended the use of tool houses and repair sheds for planes brought down by storm. Spare parts are stored and kept in readiness for the belated postman dropping out of the clouds with a motor missing fire or a wind virtually blowing him backward on his course. And yet they take the mails through on schedule time. Many are the stories told, unofficially, of course. One hears of pilots flying the New York-

(Continued on Page 14)

London Book Talk

LONDON, Dec. 14.

CURIOSITY has just taken me to a debate on the modern novel between G. K. Chesterton and Hugh Walpole. I wanted to know what two such dissimilar minds thought about it. The debate was a disappointment, as are most of such duels, but there were circumstances which made the affair entertaining. The discussion took place in a gilded drawing room in one of the most aristocratic squares of London. An agreeable atmosphere of rank and fashion pervaded the proceedings. Fashionably dressed women almost composed the audience. The clothes of the combatants, too, were worthy of the occasion; certainly the elegance of Mr. Chesterton's morning coat—"not seen before by gods or wondering men"—would have done credit to an impresario; his well-groomed figure gave one a new thrill. He sat on a chair of gilt and red plush—each of us had a gilded chair, and the sight of ourselves was inspiring. And then, was there not in *the* chair that eminent critic and graceful and popular figure in society, Edmund Gosse?

It was Mr. Gosse's polished wit which provided most of the gayety of the afternoon, for Mr. Chesterton had brought along very few of his paradoxes. The actual subject of the debate, "The Modern Novel a Sign of Social Decay," had been selected by Mr. Chesterton, but the discussion barely touched upon the real issue, and, as Mr. Gosse said afterward, the audience were no wiser than when they arrived. It was mainly a discussion about the form of the novel, and Mr. Gosse said that neither speaker showed that he knew anything whatever about it.

Discussing the formlessness of the modern novel, which he compared to a sack stuffed with anything the novelist happens to have about him, Mr. Chesterton said that we might argue forever on what a lyric or an epic ought to be, but there are certain things that ought not to be in either. For example, if such a lyric as "My love is like a red, red rose" suddenly broke into a long gardener's catalogue of all the different roses, with their Latin names attached, that passage would not be lyrical. In some respects, he said, the drama cannot be a complete picture of life. For example, how can you put on the stage such a thing as a hard day's work? Yet a hard day's work plays a considerable part in human psychology.

In Mr. Chesterton's thinking, the hospitality of modern fiction is such that there is absolutely nothing you cannot put into it, and he defied his audience to tell him anything that might not occur in the next realistic novel. This led him to a dissertation on H. G. Wells, for whose genius he has a great admiration. What he objects to in Mr. Wells's later novels are the pages in them which are simply essays. As an example of what the misuse of material might lead to, he pictured a city where the streets were lined entirely with lamp-posts for no other purpose than for drunkards to cling to. Not that he has any objection, of course, to lamp-posts or drunkards, but the purpose of lamp-posts is to light streets. The "Pickwick Papers," said Mr. Chesterton, is one of the most formless of books, but it does not contain a long argument in favor of proportional representation, with tables of statistics in the interests of the electors of Eatanswill.

Mr. Chesterton's reference to social decay was his suggestion that if the modern novel continues along its present lines we may have something even more anarchical than one of Mr. Wells's novels, something which would be a sign of collapse—of social chaos. But I thought his best point was his remark on the tendency of the novelist to invoke the aid of science, than which "there is nothing more ephemeral." Zola's novels, he pointed out, are full of the theory of heredity, and ideas about heredity "change about every fortnight." It is the same with psychoanalysis. Art and human nature, he said truly, are more permanent things.

Mr. Walpole took up the point about formlessness by selecting three great living writers and masters of form, Thomas Hardy, Joseph Conrad and Rudyard Kipling, to whom he added Henry James. The modern novel, he said, is safe in their hands. He thought that the novel is going through an intermediate stage toward a new development which will probably be a step upward. Writers of today have a freedom and a possibility of treating the whole of life which were denied to their predecessors. But there is a danger of losing the spontaneity of the old authors because of being too much concerned with form. He contended that the old novelists were able to do what they pleased, and instanced the formlessness of Richardson's "Clarissa" and the controversial topics in the dialogue of Disraeli's novels "Sybil" and "Tancred."

Mr. Gosse is "sometimes" inclined to think that the novel is played out; that themes are very nearly exhausted. That was the impression he had got from French literature, and on this subject nobody can speak with greater authority. Mr. Gosse said that one of the most individual of French writers had recently written a novel about a clerk who was dismissed from his office and had nothing to live for except his mother. But nothing happens; he does not commit suicide and his mother does not even die—nothing happens. Mr. Gosse's concluding words were amusing. He decided that neither of the combatants were worthy of the imaginary cup to be awarded in this contest, so he would keep it for himself.

Some of us have been looking forward with a good deal of interest to Alec Waugh's next book. This very young author has given us nothing since he followed up that remarkable book "The Loom of Youth" with another success. "The Prisoners of Mainz," Waugh is still in his early twenties, and I suspect that, like many other young writers who fought in the war, he has found it difficult to take up his pen in these quickly changing days. He tells me he has just finished a book to be called "Pleasure." The stories in this book are all concerned with the theme of pleasure and what constitutes it, and he has aimed at a sort of cumulative effect. The longest story is about school friendship. From what I hear it may cause as much stir as did "The Loom of Youth" among our public school authorities.

JOHN O' LONDON.

Court Life in Old Japan

(Continued from Page 16)

tained to the dignified age of two months!

The author records that at the birth of the Emperor-to-be rice was scattered everywhere, to ward off evil. This custom doubtless accounts for the conventional wedding rice of 1920. Some of the most entertaining passages in Murasaki's diary are those in which she indulges in philosophical asides. They show her to have been an uncommonly sage woman. As Izumi Shikihi's diary follows immediately after Mirasaki's, it will perhaps not be amiss to quote here her opinion of the literary ability and her description of the personal appearance of the third diarist, whose contemporary and rival she was:

She is too plump, and her complexion is a fragrant white. She has a bright small face and beautiful hair, although it is not long. She presents herself before the Queen with false hair. Her plump appearance, oh, smile-giving! Her eyes and forehead are lovely indeed; her smile is full of sweetness. * * *

Lady Izumi Shikibu corresponds charmingly, but her behavior is improper indeed. She writes with grace and ease and a flashing wit. There is a fragrance even in her smallest words. Her poems are attractive, but they are only improvisations which drop from her mouth spontaneously. Every one of them has some interesting point, and she is acquainted with ancient literature also, but she is not like a true artist who is filled with the genuine spirit of poetry. Yet I think even she cannot presume to pass judgment on the poems of others.

Not too ungenerous an estimate, is it, considering the rivalry existing between the two ladies?

In summing up Izumi's personality in her introduction, Miss Lowell writes: "Difficult to deal with, maybe, like strong wine, but wonderfully stimulating." Readers of Izumi's diary will soon see the aptness of the simile. For if ever an author's work supplied internal evidence of its creator's vivid personality it is that of our lady of the third diary. Both her subject matter and her style are unmistakable indexes to her provocative, passionate temperament. She lived intensely, remained untamable to the end; and both her petulance and her fascination are reflected in her writing. The flavor of her can be gotten only by reading her own account of one of her many love affairs.

Hardly a page of any of the three diaries but what contains at least one poem and often several. Court conversations in the Heian period were customarily carried on by an exchange of poems. The comparative ease with which this could be done is better understood when the reader knows that there are only five rhymes possible in the language, which is syllabic, every syllable ending with a vowel. A translator's note confesses that the difficulties of turning these poems into English have not always been perfectly overcome. Because of the multiple suggestions conveyed to the Japanese mind by so many single words in that language, English words are too downright a medium into which to render the evanescent nuances of meaning and the delicate reserves of expression practiced by the authors of the diaries. Miss Amy Lowell's introduction to the book gives a technical exposition of the limitations of Japanese versification. No reader of the book should skip this introduction; it is by no means the least interesting part of "Diaries of Court Ladies of Old Japan." In addition to being an informative and scholarly essay, it helps the reader to an augmented appreciation and understanding of the diaries themselves. The editors have copiously annotated these throughout, but Miss Lowell's connected outline of the development of Japanese culture and the illuminating details she supplies about the social and political history of the country are more easily absorbed than the foot notes at the bottoms of the pages. The present reviewer has borrowed quite shamelessly from Miss Lowell's introduction and wishes to acknowledge indebtedness.

"Diaries of Court Ladies of Old Japan" is a mighty attractive piece of bookmaking; the heavy white paper and the good margins set off the black printing to good advantage. The book is illustrated with both colored and black-and-white reproductions of Japanese prints. At the back of the book are two brief appendices—the old Japanese calendar and a chronological table of events connected with the diaries. Both of these are helpful to the American who, because of his unfamiliarity with Japanese nomenclature, frequently has difficulty in fixing the identity of Japanese characters in mind.

SPEND YOUR CHRISTMAS CHECK ON BOOKS THAT LIVE

BLASCO IBANEZ'

great novels have the double greatness of telling a story that holds you breathless and at the same time brilliantly handling some question of world wide interest and importance. They are among the great novels of the world.

The Enemies of Women
is a brilliant picture of Monte Carlo which shows how the ideals of war stirred even Europe's pleasure-loving idlers.

The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse
is the one book which gives you a full panorama of the war.

Mare Nostrum (Our Sea)
portrays the tempting of a neutral through a wonderful sea story.

The Shadow of the Cathedral
As a work of art is his finest picture.

Blood and Sand
A panorama of how the thrill of the arena reaches all of Spain.

La Bodega (The Fruit of the Vine)
A wonderful word-painting of the wine-growing districts of Spain.

Woman Triumphant
A marvelous story of an artist's career and problems.
Each, $2.15. On sale everywhere.

Mexico in Revolution **By Blasco Ibanez**
the most illuminating book yet written on Mexican unrest. $2.00
These books should be on sale in your bookstore; if not, they can be had from
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

William Lyon Phelps calls LEE WILSON DODD'S

The Book of Susan

"A remarkable American novel. It is full of recognition and full of surprises steadily interesting, the main character original and the whole narrative full of charm."

The LITERARY DIGEST tells its million readers that it "is much above the average novel, and the author's insight into feminine psychology quite remarkable. Moreover, it has the great quality of interest, and those who read it will welcome the author's name upon another title-page."

$2.00. It should be in any bookstore; if not, it can be had from
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

Automatic Scripts of Extraordinary Interest

Last Letters of the Living Dead Man
By ELSA BARKER, Author of
Letters of a Living Dead Man

The latter is the book which started in 1914 the present wave of interest in the possibility of communication with a spiritual world. In the new volume, just ready, is an interesting prophecy of the future of the nations. Each volume $2.00

These books should be on sale at your bookstore; if not, order from
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

Manpower
By LINCOLN C. ANDREWS

A timely book addressed to those in whose hands the success of our Nation lies—those who are in charge of the work of others. It contains invaluable suggestions for handling men so as not merely to increase their efficiency but to make them dependable, loyal upholders of the body of which they are a part and of our democratic institutions.
Price, $2.00

This should be on sale in your bookstore; if not, it can be had from
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

The Novel of the New Woman
THE GREAT AMERICAN & EUROPEAN SENSATION
WOMAN
By MAGDELEINE MARX

Henri Barbusse, Romain Rolland, Bertrand Russell, Isadora Duncan, and Georg Brandes are but a few of the world celebrities who have hailed this book as a masterpiece. $2.00

Thomas Seltzer, 5 W. 50th St., N. Y.

For Happy New Year!
Buy That "Incomparable Book"
Between Scarlet Thrones
By Florence Willoughby Pickard
Wife of W. L. Pickard, LL. D., Author, Lecturer, University Prof.
"A vivid piece of fiction."—*N. Y. Times.* "Powerfully developed."—*Chi. Tribune.*
$1.20. Brentano's, any book store, or THE STRATFORD CO., Boston, Mass.

Books Bought
Highest prices paid for large or small collections of good books, autographs and entire libraries.
Especially Wanted:
11th Edition Encyclopaedia Britannica and other nice sets.
Our representatives call anywhere without charge.
Spot cash. Prompt removals at our expense.
Write, call or phone
Thoms & Eron
INCORPORATED
34 Barclay St., New York
Tel. 6962 Cortlandt
Largest buyers of sets and old books.

Latest Works of Fiction

(Continued from Preceding Page)

tions of Thorpes. This beautiful old place was being allowed to go to rack and ruin by its eccentric master, Geoffrey Thorpe, a miser and recluse, who lived alone, save for his housekeeper, and allowed no one to cross his threshold. But old Geoffrey Thorpe had a pretty, charming and penniless young niece, Letty Thorne, and it so chanced that Letty Thorne came to visit him on the very day that Mrs. Davenant arrived at Little Glentworth.

The close connection between the various mysteries of Geoffrey Thorpe's extraordinary behavior, the Lake House ghost whose footsteps Letty heard in the corridor at the dead of night and Mrs. Davenant's past is gradually unfolded in an interesting way. The story is not very probable, but it is entertaining and cleverly handled. It belongs to a rather old-fashioned type of romance, but it is treated in a modern way and affords some interesting glimpses of after-the-war England. Though the style is occasionally a trifle stilted, much of the book is well written, and its very complicated plot holds the reader's attention.

THE AFFAIR AT STYLES

THE MYSTERIOUS AFFAIR AT STYLES. By Agatha Christie. New York: John Lane Company. $2.

THOUGH this may be the first published book of Miss Agatha Christie, she betrays the cunning of an old hand. She first presents the mysterious affair of Styles as it became known to the world in July of a certain year of the war, and then proceeds to make it more and more mysterious by leading us gently to all sorts of wrong theories about the criminal. Mrs. Inglethorpe, rich, elderly lady, is found early one morning writhing in pain from the effects, as is determined later, of poison. She dies with the name of her husband on her lips. This husband (her second) had been her secretary, and was twenty years younger than she. His intrusion had been highly resented by John and Lawrence Cavendish, sons of Mrs. Inglethorpe's first husband by a former marriage, by John's wife, half Russian by birth, by Miss Evie Howard, faithful companion and general factotum of Mrs. Inglethorpe, by Cynthia Murdoch, a young protégé of the old lady, and in general by all and every one composing the household at Styles Court in the English County of Essex. All these people were impecunious and some of them deeply in debt, so that all were deeply interested in the disposal of Mrs. Inglethorpe's estate. But the facts that there was "the most awful row" between Mr. and Mrs. Inglethorpe on the day preceding the crime, that on the same day Mr. Inglethorpe was declared by the village chemist to have bought a bottle of strychnine on the pretext of having to kill a dog, that the story was about that he had been conducting an intrigue with a certain farmer's young and pretty wife, that he was absent from the house the night of the crime, that the remains of a burned will were found in the old lady's room, and that Mr. Inglethorpe, though denying all guilt, was quite unable to prove an alibi at the time that he was said to have visited the chemist's shop—all these things made the case very black for the young husband.

Mr. Inglethorpe would certainly have been arrested there and then had it not been for a certain delightful little old man, a refugee from Belgium and formerly a famous detective, who took a hand in the case. He prevented the arrest by producing an unimpeachable alibi for him, and secured that of John Cavendish. But if you think that that ends the story you are mistaken. You must wait for the last-but-one chapter in the book for the last link in the chain of evidence that enabled M. Poirot to unravel the whole complicated plot and lay the guilt where it really belonged. And you may safely make a wager with yourself that until you have heard M. Poirot's final word on the mysterious affair at Styles, you will be kept guessing at its solution and will certainly never lay down this most entertaining book.

MAN TO MAN

MAN TO MAN. By Jackson Gregory. Illustrated. Charles Scribner's Sons. $2

A SUFFICIENTLY lively if entirely commonplace story of the West is related by Jackson Gregory in his new book, "Man To Man." There is any amount of fighting, of course, including a pitched battle in a dark room between a blind man and the enemy who was responsible for his loss of sight; also cattle thieves, a dishonest foreman, a stampede, and a beautiful heroine quite ready to slap any man's face at considerably less than a moment's notice. The tale begins with the return of the hero, Steve Packard. He had gone to sea, sailing before the mast, and had been many years away from the West as well as from that Ranch Number Ten which his grandfather, called "Old Man Packard" by his friends, and "Old Hell Fire Packard" by his enemies, had given to his father. Now the news had come that his father was dead, and "with it word of Phil Packard's speculations and sweeping losses." The ranch was apparently all that was left, and Steve had suddenly made up his mind to go home and claim his inheritance. But he was not destined to have an easy time doing it.

For his father had mortgaged Ranch Number Ten up to the hilt to "Old Hell Fire Packard," and that elderly but energetic person told Steve to get out, immediately if not sooner, or else be broken as Terry Temple's father and many another man had been broken. But Steve, being a Packard himself, not unnaturally objected, turned his grandfather's men, including Blenham, the foreman and double-dyed villain of the story, off the ranch, and prepared for trouble. It came, and in large and abundant quantities, while Steve met it with fortitude and determination. The old foreman, Bill Royce, who had been his father's friend and whom Blenham had blinded, stood by him nobly, and though he had many narrow escapes, his horse being shot under him on one pleasant occasion, Fortune also stood his friend, wreaking poetic justice on Blenham, giving Steve everything he wanted, and turning the Packards into a united and happy family.

PORT ALLINGTON STORIES

PORT ALLINGTON STORIES AND OTHERS. By R. E. Vernède. George H. Doran Company. $1.90.

THERE is so much of charm, and so much of a delightfully humorous, tolerant irony in this new volume that one notices with great regret that it is a posthumous book. Mr. Vernède, who wrote these tales before he enlisted in September, 1914, was killed while leading an attack, April 9, 1917. He had intended, his widow tells us, to continue the Port Allington series, making a complete volume of them. And the whimsical humor of the five tales which tell of the doings of the Port Allington Literary and Philosophical Society makes us wish that we might know more of the experiences of that little group of intensely serious "Soaring Spirits" who met together on "first and third Tuesdays" in Mrs. Watherstone's salon. There they listened to papers on such matters as "Spiritual Socialism" and argued about them "in a style so subtle and cultured that the simplest subject seemed in their mouths capable of making one's head spin." But it would be a shame to give the reader too much information about them, instead of letting him have the pleasure of himself making the acquaintance of Mr. and Mrs. Watherstone, Miss Tindal Atkey, the Rev. Upton James, and the rest.

The other stories in the book are decidedly varied, ranging from the very light social comedy of "This Is Tommy," to the vivid, imaginative tale of "The Fhiless Death." Another ilmaginative, somewhat gruesome tale is that of the castaways, "On the Raft," while "The Maze" tells of a tragedy of the French Revolution. On the other hand, "The Sunk Elephant," "Madame Bluebeard"—who for some mysterious reason appears in places as "Madame Bluebird"—the two amusing schoolboy stories and certain others, belong to the lightest kind of farce. Deftness of phrasing, and a sense of character and of the social ironies mark a volume of tales whose sarcasm is never bitter and whose laughter is always good-natured.

THE LONG DIM TRAIL

THE LONG DIM TRAIL. By Forrestine Hooker. New York: Alfred A. Knopf. $2.

MANY of the stories of the West being published today, no matter how entertaining they may be, somehow leave an impression of unreality with their readers. As one of Uncle Sam's negro doughboys said of near-beer, "they jest naturly lack authority." This impression that the general run of this type of story is not a true reflection of life perhaps accounts more than anything else for the low esteem in which such tales are held by the more discriminating reader. Certainly there is nothing intrinsically unsuitable to literature in the Western theme; Bret Harte's work demonstrates that.

The suggestion of artificiality is pleasingly absent in "The Long Dim Trail," by Forrestine Hooker. The book's greatest charm lies in the fact that its pictures of life on the cattle ranges of Arizona compel the conviction that they are as accurate as they are vivid. Roarer, Bronco and Holy, the three musketeers of the ranches created by the author, and the foreman Limber, their D'Artagnan, all impress the reader as being fictional portraits of actual cowboys. It would not be surprising if they were drawn from life, for Mrs. Hooker has spent almost her entire life in the "wild and woolly." As a child she went through the Indian campaign days with General Miles (her father was an army officer), and after her marriage at Fort Grant she took up life on a ranch. The Diamond H ranch, the scene of much of the action in her novel, is an actual place. It was at the Diamond H that Augustus Thomas wrote "Arizona" and he used his surroundings there as the locale of that story.

There is action a-plenty in "The Long Dim Trail." To readers who will charge that that action is too melodramatic it may be retorted that the life the book portrays is not wanting in lurid drama. Into the action are woven two delicately told love stories. But the thing that singles this novel out from the average Western story in the author's pictures of the Sir Galahads of the frontier and her descriptions of their high-spirited pranks. It is a treat to read her account of the homely humor of her chivalrous cowpuncher character, men with hearts as open as the plains they ride. The present reviewer chuckled over more than one of the anecdotes related in the book—the description of a church ice cream festival, for example, the guests at which found tied to the door of the building in which it was being held a yearling calf bearing a placard: "For God's sake head of the Frojigui Son." Another chapter tells how Holy, whose sobriquet was the result of his profane fluency, bribed a local barber to dye green the white hair of a ranchman about to be married. The description of the efforts of a trio of cowboys to paper a room in a ranch house as a surprise for their boss's bride, is hilariously funny, and so are some of the yarns told by Hasayampa Bill, a Munchausen of the mesa.

EMPEROR OF ELAM

THE EMPEROR OF ELAM. And Other Stories. By H. O. Dwight. New York: Doubleday, Page & Co. $2.

HARRY GRISWOLD DWIGHT is a born story teller with the artistic capacity for subtle creation of atmosphere and a keen sense of dramatic values. He is also a widely traveled man. The consequent effect upon the reader of "The Emperor of Elam" a collection of fourteen short stories by him, is precisely that of accompanying a delightful raconteur on his rambles into the strange corners of the earth, strange places that the reader feels are familiar ones to his guide. For in these stories Mr. Dwight has not only brought into play all his skill in spinning a yarn entertainingly, but has also chosen the backgrounds for his tales from pretty much all over the map of the world. Some of the scenes are laid in the East which the author knows so well, Persia and Turkey, and others in Alaska and Italy, New England and Sweden, New York and London.

In that admirable collection of sketches entitled "Stamboul Nights," which won merited praise for Mr. Dwight a few years ago, he did for Constantinople what Thomas Burke later did for the East End of London in "Limehouse Nights" and O. Henry had already done for Bagdad-by-the-Subway in "The Four Million": made articulate the voice of a city.

The stories of the present volume, which appeared originally in magazines, but which have been recast for inclusion in the book, are extremely uneven in quality. It is in the Eastern tales that the author's musical diction and his appreciation of the suggestive limitations of words are most happily apparent. It is difficult to keep enthusiasm within bounds for the author's mastery of "the right way of putting three words together." In creating the illusive atmosphere which serves as such an excellent background for the vivid drama of the title story, "The Emperor of Elam," he displays this skill in a particularly praiseworthy manner. In "The Emerald of Tamerlane" the picturesque tale moves with that air of careless improvisation or merely faithful recording of the author's observations which is the stamp of the true story teller's art. The beauty and mystery that pervade the land of Iran become living things to the reader of this story.

Mr. Dwight's style as well as the literary worth of his stories diminishes somewhat in proportion as he shifts his locale westward. The Eastern stories are the most appealing in the book, and those which have their scenes in Italy the next best, with the possible exception of "The Pagan," a variation of the myth of Daphne, which has a New England background, but is told with a lyrical beauty that contrasts effectively with the spiritual bleakness of the Puritan domain.

"White Bombazine" is a delightful narrative of an escapade in the lives of three irresponsible young artists who impulsively elope to Sweden in response to a quixotic whim. The story is written with an elan worthy of Leonard Merrick. "The Bathers" is a poignant sketch of a chance meeting on a beach of the Adriatic between an ingenuous Italian fisher lad and a successful painter, who, shorn of the emblems of his culture, envies the son of the sea. In "Unto the Day," which tells of what for want of a less vulgar word must be called a flirtation in Florence, Mr. Dwight brings out exquisitely the beauty of transient human relations. Two souls touch for an hour and then like ships that pass in the night each go their separate roads of destiny. "Like Michael," the opening story in the book, serves admirably to illustrate two of the author's artistic abilities—that of painting colorful backgrounds and of delineating character by delicate touches of suggestion.

It is too bad that some of the stories in the book were included—"Mrs. Derwall and the Higher Life," for example, and "The Bald Spot," "Retarded Bombs" and "Henrietta Stackpole Rediviva." We resent their interference with our admiring conception of Mr. Dwight as the O. Henry of the Levant.

STRONGER THAN HIS SEA

STRONGER THAN HIS SEA. By Robert Watson. New York: George H. Doran Company. $1.90.

READERS in search of homespun entertainment will find in "Stronger Than His Sea" a cheery chronicle of a Scotch lad's boyhood and the romance of his youth. For any one not greatly concerned with the literary quality of his reading, Mr. Watson's story furnishes an ideal companion for a dull evening; there is something indefinably warming about the rich Highland dialect with which the pages of the book are so generously sprinkled, something heartening in the author's sympathetic recital of the pranks and adventures of a band of high-spirited schoolboys.

Few will keep their hearts sealed against the appeal of the hero, "Serious Sandy" Porter, who particularly endears himself to us as the organizer of a "strike" among his schoolmates. The demands of these unique "strikers" touch a responsive chord in the reader's memory of his own school days. The "terms" on which the pupils of Piershaw's School would consent to return to their classes, as set forth in the scrawled declaration which greeted the flabbergasted Dominie Toderick from the gatepost of the schoolhouse, read:

No homework.
No kept-in punishment.
A Half-holiday every Wednesday.
Cushioned seats for the Lassies.
A Ha'penny a Week for Pocket-money.

When the reader first meets Sandy the death of his ne'er-do-well father has just left him, at the age of 5, in the position of man-of-the-family to his mother and sister. Courageously he struggles to lighten the financial burden of his widowed and impoverished mother. He delivers milk, runs errands and does odd jobs whenever he gets a chance. And every penny that he earns he dutifully brings home to help with the household expenses. It is a commentary on the different sources from which affection and admiration spring that Sandy is less lovable and less convincing, too, in his character as stalwart paragon of all the filial virtues than in his rôle of the rebellious ringleader of the "strikers."

The hero's transition from boyhood to manhood is arrestingly abrupt. In one chapter he is a schoolboy and in the next a man. The years of growth "elapse," almost as arbitrarily as they do in a theatre program, and the suspicion intrudes that their passage has been hastened by the author's impatience to introduce his "love interest." The hiatus is more easily ignored than it might be, however, because of the tenderness with which Mr. Watson tells the simple love story of Sandy and Doreen Telford. There is nothing unfamiliar in this pastoral romance, but the author has successfully skirted the pit of sentimentality.

"Stronger Than His Sea" illustrates perfectly the difference between the novel that is literature and the story that is simon-pure entertainment. It is good of its kind—"light fiction" that scarcely aspires to the artistic dignity of holding the mirror up to life.

The Shang Yue's Sword



"Verily, Captain, you look very bloodthirsty. I am afraid you will kill me if I stay here long, as well as you have killed others this morning."

By MAJOR ST. P. RUDINGER, Chinese Military Forces, Retired

This is one of a series of sketches of Chinese life contributed from time to time by Major Rudinger to this Magazine

Ai yah! Yoo ssama-ss, nee gong-dioo ah! Oh, you cat-headed, monkey-tailed offspring of a bald-headed hedgehog, you must not stop the gentleman! Don't you know who he is?

"Hai, hai, ten thousand times welcome, extremely enlightened teacher! His presence makes the sun shine brighter and the barracks of this regiment have been transformed into a palace!

"And has the extremely dignified one eaten his rice? Oh is his exalted stomach hungry and desirous of food? If so, then the very little one will be happy to * * *

"No? The descendant of princes is not hungry! And he wants to know where he can find Fung 'Shang Yue,' the Captain Fung of the Third Company of the Second Battalion of this regiment!

"Hai, hai, oh pride of universities, the Captain Fung is no longer connected with this regiment, neither is he with the army. He has left, never to return.

"Why Captain Fung has left? Hai, hai, an uncle of his died and he had to mourn for him, or his second wife came down with two sons, and, therefore, Captain Fung had to leave the army * * *

"The noble foreign literate does not believe this? He says that the little one does not tell the truth * * * ai, yah, hard are these words, for does not the very insignificant one proudly call himself the friend of the extremely pompous one * * * ai, yah * * *

"The noble one says he knows that to tell the truth pleases the gods but not always the human beings. Very well and wise indeed. And it is for this very reasons that the little one says that the Captain Fung left because of happenings in his family.

"The extremely wise one promises never to tell if the little one would reveal to him the real reason why Captain Fung had to leave this most excellent regiment. Well and good. A man's word is as good as his bond, and therefore the little one will tell the real story how it came that the Captain Fung left the army.

"Hai, hai, very famous teacher of heavenly virtues, the Captain Fung left the army and this regiment and his company of his own free will and everybody was greatly surprised because of it. For did not even a Tsung Chang, a big Lieutenant-General of the army, loudly admire the Captain Fung, saying so in front of ten thousand military soldiers on the parade ground just behind the Kao Chang Miao, the headquarters of the garrison of Shanghai?

"Yes, yes, and now the Captain Fung is gone. And the gods have been kind to the little one. For have they not sent to him the extremely noble one, whose boundless generosity is known from An-tung down to Kwang-tung, and is he not known to be liberal with silver yuans? And is not a good story worth a good reward? Ai, ai, yah * * * pay day is a very long while off, and then it will be only four taels and twenty candareens a month for a private soldier, as is the rank of poor little me, and will not a tael be deducted therefrom to pay for food?

"Hai, hai. The Captain Fung was a very remarkable man indeed. A man very bold and rough but of very small brain. And he lacked self-respect, thus being unable to respect others. And he had very little knowledge of military things, very little indeed, but he was made a Shang Yue, a captain, because his third brother was married to a woman from Kwei-chow, whose brother-in-law had a cousin who is a high officer of the Lo Chuen Poo, of the Ministry of War up in Peking. Thus Fung received his commission, although he knew nothing of the army. Verily, oh friend of Kings, when the Captain Fung took a gun in his hand to shoot with, then it was more dangerous to stand behind him than to be where he aimed. And, therefore, the target-god is sure to assist him in his examination for a position as a civil mandarin, when Fung tries to become one.

"The pillar of sciences does not know the story of the officer and the target-god?

"There was once an officer in the army, a very poor officer indeed. And, although he pretended to know everything, he could not even shoot well and always missed the target. One day he had to resign his commission and applied for a position as a civil mandarin. During the examination he was in great trouble, for little was his knowledge. But a mysterious man appeared in a cloud and spake to the officer thus: 'Write thou what I tell you to write!' And the officer did as he had been bidden, and hai, his answers were considered good by the examiners and he obtained the position. And he asked the mysterious man: 'Who art thou and why hast thou assisted me?'

"And the mysterious man said: 'I am the target-god and I showed consideration to you because you always showed consideration to me when you were an officer in the army. For, when you shot at targets, you never, never hit me—never caused me inconvenience or pain. Therefore I assisted you.'

"Yes, honorable pride of sciences and philosophy, the Captain Fung is no more in the army.

"The extremely noble one will never tell?

"Hai, hai, many apologies, the little one has forgotten that the noble one has already promised so. For great trouble would there be for poor me, and much prison and making of roads and no visits to the teahouse or the theatre if other officers would find out how it came that Captain Fung was made to leave the army. * * *

"And thus goeth the story.

"Fung had been born in Yokohama, in the country of Ni Pan, where his father was a rich merchant. Haf, hai, his father was a Chinese man, but Fung was brought up in Japan, in Japanese schools, according to Japanese system and there he learned to despise the Chinese. And he learned very little. Nevertheless, when he came to China he pretended to know everything and very often boasted with his foreign knowledge.

"And very, very arrogant was the Captain Fung, when he came to this regiment about nine moons ago, shortly after the quarterly feast of the Dragon. And when he came to inspect us, dressed in a tunic of fine brown cloth, with red facings according to regulations and his epaulettes with the three stars shone very brightly and he wore a high and stiff collar and he had his mustache poaked in wax so that it stood stiff like that of the tiger and he walked with very much dignity. Verily, the Captain Fung looked like a real military tiger, but his brains were like that of the fox, just as foolish.

"And he came and looked us over. We, the whole company, had done our best to appear as soldier-like as possible, for we wanted to make our new officer happy by showing him that we were military tigers and not too-fehs—brigands. Verily, noble one, many hours had we spent laboriously cleaning our arms as well as our tunics, and the caps and the leather accoutrements, under the supervision of Too Mei-auh, our old Sergeant, who is a very exacting man, and who swears very fearfully and roars like a lion if not everything is in perfect order!

"But Captain Fung came along, swaggering, and accompanied by Mr. Tsi and Mr. Wei, who are both Tsung Yue's, First Lieutenants, and by Mr. Lung, who is a Shao Yue, a Second Lieutenant, and he twirled his mustache in the fashion of military tigers and looked haughty and kicked his sword aside with the heel of his left shoe when he walked as he had seen the officers do in Japan, and he looked us over with a haughty eye and spake thus: 'Men, I have taken this company under my command. Things will have to change and I will make real soldiers of you.'

"And he did not say a single word of welcome or of praise or of friendly understanding, and thus angered us very much. For hadn't we worked very hard to look soldier-like? And, the honorable one knows, did not our company distinguish itself very much indeed by successfully fighting a much greater number of insurgents three years ago during the rebellion?

"But he dismissed us and there was no feast of joy. Other officers when assuming command over a new company generally contribute to its joy by presenting a sum of money, however small, so that rice-wine and special food can be bought, and then they address the men, and talk to them, asking for their names and places of birth, thus forming a strong bond of friendship. And are not the soldiers happy to work for an officer whom they know to be their friend and protector?

"'Nay, honorable sir,' Captain Fung did nothing to promote friendship. He did not even thank when a soldier rendered the salute when passing him. And he treated us with great contempt and he had no consideration for the welfare of his men. Very often, when he had lost much money the night before playing mo-tszeung and drinking much wine, he arrived the next morning on the parade-ground with blood-shot eyes and his face haggard, and he was in a most bad temper. Then he made us march and run much longer than any officer had done before, and he cursed us in a loud voice, calling us cat-headed offsprings of turtles and snakes and many other vile names with a loud voice, so that the whole regiment heard it. And he had the habit of drawing his sword from its scabbard and throwing it on the ground and treading on it and saying that it was a disgrace for him to be in command of sea-crabs and not of real soldiers. And our hearts turned black.

"One evening, when we sat at our evening rice after a very hard day's work and very dissatisfied, for Captain Fung had punished many of us by deducting money from our pay, which he did very often, Liang, who is a Corporal in the second squad of the first platoon, spake thus: 'Verily, verily, this Captain Fung is not a good officer. He never appreciates anything we are doing, although we work very hard. And I know he is unjust, for some time ago I heard how the Lieutenant argued with him, saying that we had marched very well in company front, and Captain Fung said that it might be true, but he did not believe in showing the men that he was satisfied. Verily, verily, most unjust is this man Fung, and we must punish him.'

"And the Corporal took with him Wang, who is the bugler and known to be a great wag, and Tsung, who is attending to the writing work of the company, and Nieh, who is a Sergeant, and they all went into the bamboo grove behind the yamen of the quartermaster officer and there they sat, looking very wise and making hard thought and much oration, judging from their gestures, but we did not hear a single word.

"And then they returned, looking very grave and wild and making faces like water-devils.

"And just as bad as Cap was on the parade ground the schoolhouse. For, as t one knows, we soldier-t taught in school many use soldiers must know.

"But Captain Fung w bad teacher, for he knew He begun to tell us of th would not explain them b did not know. And whe asked questions, then the Fung made very bad lan him and took his sword chain on his belt and thre its scabbard into the man's, not caring that anybody hurt.

"One day Captain Fung the schoolroom and spo 'Men,' said he, 'tomorr will be coming to inspect pany a very big man, Chang, a Lieutenant Gen the Ministry at Peking, a spirits have ordained that in command of you evil m that I have to take you t General. I know that yo soldiers, but bald-headed f I order you to do your be you do not do so, then I half of your pay stopped send you to the prison-hou will have to make roads and to the theatre or the Hear and tremble, for gre rage!'

"And he beheld Row o men was buttoning his t he flew in a great rage. the sword at the man an us to stand 'Lee Ching' tion—and spent much time ing us.

"Hai, hai, he did not Wang, unnoticed, picked Captain's sword, and unfo the standing men did some the sword.

"And how he very caref back there on the floor wi lain when the Captain h it at the man.

"And when the Captain l tired of abusing us he to the men: 'Go thou and b my sword!'

"And the man did as he bidden, and the Captain fa sword in its scabbard on chain which hung down belt he wore.

"The next morning t company was lined up on ground, very well dressed clean and very soldierlike,

"Lieutenant Wei was spake to us, making fri cheerful talk and saying soldier should do his best very erect and still like

(Continued on Page



The Lord Mayor's Show.

Books for Holiday and Every Day



Two Ancient Knights and the Man in Brass—"English Pageantry."



OLD·CARL·HOOD:
HE'S·AYE·FOR·ILL·AND·NEVER·FOR·GOOD

"Some British Ballads." Illustrated by Arthur Rackham.

...LET LETTER. By Na-...Hawthorne. Illustrated by ...mson. New York: George ... Company. $10.

...TISH BALLADS. Illus-...by Arthur Rackham. New ...Dodd, Mead & Co. $5.

...PAGHANTRY. An Histori-...ue. By Robert Withing-...bridge: Harvard Univer-... Volume II. $6.

...RY. By Dorothy Parker, ...L. Chappell and Frank ...shield. Drawings by Fish. ...rk: G. P. Putnam's Sons.

...NZ. By Oscar Wilde. Il-...ted and Decorated by Alastair. ...rk: John Lane Company.

...OF JESUS. Selected and ...by Ethel Nathalie Dana. ...from paintings by Giotto, ...ardino Duccio, Ghirlandaio ...ola Da Siena. Descriptive ...the New Testament. Bos-...hall Jones Company.

...By Bernard Van Dieren. ...ed with fifty reproductions ...ings of the prophet's work. ...rk: John Lane Company.

...EN OF KASHMIR. By ...O'Connor. With sixteen ...plates and twenty-four li-...ngs from photographs. New ...Longmans, Green & Co.

...DY the sawdust is out of ...Christmas rag doll. The ...y is eaten; the new rec-...have been played to death ...nograph; the Christmas ...been smoked; the rings ...that Santa brought have ...ours become familiar pos-...es, even the tinsel on the ...tarnished. Put it away ...r precious gifts that were ...om the bottomless pack ...kind have retained their ...and they will still be fresh ...nds when the next jolly ...ls around. They are the ...fine editions that Uncle ...t Mary, father and moth-

...was so cram full of holi-...nts that we had no time ...ore than the covers—and ...on, only long enough to ...m. But today! Now we ...on the sofa or double up ...rite chair and really look ...first, the pictures. The ...ter can wait; we've got ...for that. And, after all, ...rds, words, words, com-...pictures? Dull things,

...what kind of book this is ...gave us. "The Charm ...," by V. Scott O'Connor. ...t sounds alluring. And ...ok at these illustrations ...re Nath Tagore (wonder ...relation to the poet-phi-...India?), by Mrs. Sultan ...Mrs. Sultan "—that's a ...e), by Miss Hadenfeldt ...e late Colonel Strahan. ...rgeous, aren't they? ...earn to visit that beauty ...they? The elusive qual-...charm of the place cer-...not be trapped in a net ...Hello, see what this pub-...says about Abanindra ...n. He was the founder ...rn School of Indian Art. ...And here he has inter-...color the very soul of ...nore than its exquisite ...auty. No wonder the ...England graciously gave

her permission to have the book dedicated to her. Grace, softness and beauty of line raise Tagore's paintings above the plane of mere "illustrations." Notice how his brush has captured the spirit that lies hidden behind the splendid glow of colors in the Happy Valley. The lustre of day, when the world is going about its business, and the mystery of night, when the dark canals are veiled in shadows, are, as he pictures them, truly symbolic of the East, where life and death forever jostle each other and secrecy and candor go always hand in hand.

The frontispiece, showing "Asoka, who, by the white stucco of his fame made spotless the universe," will hold the most casual eye until the mind has lost all count of passing minutes.

In his epilogue the author of "The Silken East" says:

> Kashmir in truth has paid the price of beauty, that "fatal gift" of which the poets have sung from early time; and she has paid it an hundred fold. Those who have lived here have fallen under her caresses as men fell of old under the wiles of Circe; and those without, born under a ruder heaven, have coveted her joys with a fierce desire, and have seized upon her treasuries with unstinted hand. It is under the stress of such events that her people has been evolved; and it is a character that is not noble or beautiful, though deserving of sympathy and hope from those who have had a happier destiny. There have been times when the life of a man in this land has been held of little more value than the life of a dog; when the fairest of its women—and its women have long been renowned for their beauty—have been carried off not once or twice but generation after generation to "fill the bagnios and the harems" of Hindustan. Neither their lives, nor their property, nor their honor have been left to this unfortunate people in the past.

Such is the dreadful beauty of Kashmir as described by the author, and given even more poignant expression by the artists whose work enhance his pages. The impression produced by the writing and the pictures together is as powerful as that born of anything which we have come across in a year's harvest of "travel books."

There are twenty-four excellent photographs in the book, too. Combined with the paintings and the text they give a picture of one of the most beautiful spots in India that will not be forgotten soon. One of these photographs is of the Shalimar. You remember that beautiful lyric of Laurence Hope's—"Pale hands I loved beside the Shalimar."

> Lovely as the place and the book about it are, we must not linger overlong by Kashmir if we wish to look at all our presents. There are other pages to be turned with delight. The holidays have brought many fine examples of the printer's craft, many books to be handled lovingly, many books of great charm and esthetic value, printed in clear, handsome type, with illustrations as abundant as they are beautiful. They are so fascinating that it's hard to decide which to look at first.

Suppose we take a peep into this de luxe edition of Hawthorne's "The Scarlet Letter." What an attractive setting Hugh Thomson's color work gives to the poignant story of Hester Prynne and her cross. It is eminently fitting that this classic of early New England life should be issued in this attractive form in the year of the Pilgrim tercentenary. And it was a happy editorial thought that included in this volume an autobiographical sketch of part of the author's life and a picture of him in the musty old Custom House at Salem, where he was once a clerk.

Surely no gift could be more appropriate to the Christmas season than this volume in which "The Story of Jesus" is told. The telling is largely pictorial. Ethel Nathalie Dana has selected and arranged the paintings and brief explanatory texts, most of which are quoted from the Bible. Very little is known of the lives of Giotto Bordone, Fra Giovanni Angelico, Domenico Ghirlandaio, Duccio di Buoninsegna, Barna da Siena and Gentile da Fabriano, the painters of the brilliantly colored pictures with which the book is illustrated. They all lived and died between 1276 and 1404. Most of their paintings which are here reproduced were done on the walls of medieval churches so the people of their times, who could not have read books even if printing had been invented, could absorb in picture form the life history of Him whose birthday the world celebrated yesterday.

Never did old poems appear more gayly bedecked than "Some British Ballads" which Arthur Rackham has gorgeously illustrated with sixteen paintings. Particularly fascinating is the painting which is reproduced as a frontispiece for the book showing Clerk Colvill with his sword drawn to slay the mermaid. It is hard to decide which is the more attractive feature of this book—Mr. Rackham's paintings or the ballads themselves. No authors' names are attached to the ballads, but a publisher's note says that several of them are based on the work of Francis James Child, author of "The English and Scottish Popular Ballads."

One of these ballads, the one to the illustration for which reference is made above, will have to serve to illustrate the piquant flavor that makes most of them such refreshing reading after the free verse which magazine editors are at present offering us as the real thing in poesy. Readers will understand the ballad better if they know in advance that "sark" is old English for shirt and "gare" for strip:

Clerk Colvill and his gay ladie
As they walked in the garden green,
The belt about her middle jimp
Cost Clerk Colvill of crowns fifteen.

"O promise me now, Clerk Colvill.
Or it will cost ye muckle strife,
Ride never by the wells of Slane,
If ye wad live and brook your life."

"Now speak nae mair, my gay ladie,
Now speak nae mair of that to me;
For I ne'er saw a fair woman
I like so well as thee."

He's ta'en leave o' his gay lady,
Nought minding what his lady said,
And he's rode by the wells of Slane,
Where washing was a bonny maid.

"Wash on, wash on, my bonny maid,
That wash sae clean your sark of silk."
"And weel fa' you, fair gentleman,
Your body whiter than the milk."

He's fa'en her by the milk-white hand,
He's fa'en her by the sleeve sae green,
And he's forgotten his gay ladie,
And he's awa' with the fair maiden.

Then loud, loud cry'd the Clerk Colvill,
"O my head it pains me saer."
"Then take, then take," the maiden said,
"And frae my sark you'll cut a gare."

Then she's gied him a little baneknife,
And frae her sark he cut a share;
She's ty'd it round his whey-white face,
But ay his head it aked mair.

Then louder cry'd the Clerk Colvill,
"O sairer, sairer akes my head."
"And sairer, sairer ever will,"
The maiden cry'd, "till you be dead."

Out then he drew his shining blade,
And thought wi' it to be her dead,
But she has vanished to a fish,
And merrily sprang into the fleed.

He's mounted on his berry-brown stead,
And dowie, dowie rade he hame,
And heavily, heavily lighted doun
When to his ladie's bower he came.

"O mother, mother, lay me doun,
My gentle lady make my bed,
O brother, take my sword and spear,
For I have seen the false mermaid."

"High Society," a book of Fish's inimitable drawings, with clever explanatory commentaries by Dorothy Parker, George S. Chappell and Frank Crowninshield, is well calculated to keep the spirit of holiday gayety alive long after the holidays themselves have past. The captions of some of the funniest pages by this social satirist, whose drawings are so familiar to readers of the magazine Vanity Fair, include "Wild Bores We Have Met," "The Poets That Bloom in the Spring," "The Seven Deadly Temperaments (as frequently met with in the ladies)," "Who's Who—in the Audi-



The Duke of Gordon's Daughter.

"Some British Ballads." Illustrated by Arthur Rackham.

girls, originally from Yonkers and New York but now of London and Oxfordshire, occupy the centre of the stage most of the time. Katty loses her third husband during the action of the story, but we are given to understand that she is considering Sir Francis Morrill as a fourth. Crystal, sometime married herself, is the womanly woman. She is the mother of two amusing children, who are easily the best-drawn characters in the book.

Katty and Crystal are engaged in after-the-war war work with Belgian refugees in England and Flanders. They know an unusual number of people, some of them very nice, no doubt, but of no great moment in the progress of our story. Daphne O'Brien, Mr. Dimock's ward, whose determination to become a nun calls him back to England from Argentina, quits her vocation and help Katty with her Belgian relief work. In Holland she meets Stefan Dakovitch, Serbian officer, and eventually marries him in San Francisco after he has gone back to the trenches, been taken prisoner, escaped through Russia and made his way to the United States.

The mundivagant proclivities of all of Mrs. O'Sullivan's characters are incredible. Fortunately all of them seem to have plenty of money; so no mention is made of the ever-increasing cost of traveling.

But what about Mr. Dimock? Horace Dimock, schoolmate of Katty's and Crystal's in Yonkers long ago, has at 46 accumulated a war fortune through the manufacture of Bovo. An ego-centric wooer, he falls in love with many women, and marries a few of them. Poor Mr. Dimock!

BULL-DOG DRUMMOND

BULL-DOG DRUMMOND. By Cyril McNeile ("Sapper"). New York: George H. Doran Company. $1.90.

THIS is not another story about Yale, but of the thrilling post-war exploits of Captain Hugh Drummond, D. S. O., M. C., late of his Majesty's Royal Lancashires, who returns from the hazardous front to find peace dull and tedious and incredibly stupid. So he inserts an advertisement in the "Agony Column," asking for a permanent position entailing venture and adventure: "legitimate if possible; but crime, if of a comparatively humorous description, no objection; excitement essential." And excitement he gets a-plenty, for first of all he flirts desperately with the beauteous Miss Benton in the Carlton and then dangerously with death, when she introduces him to a quite harmless-looking gentleman, one night Lakington, saying to him later: "That is one of the men you will probably have to kill."

She is the one whose answer to his advertisement seems more alluring than the rest, and she dispatches him on a mission in which he worsts the worst of international rogues in a series of battles and escapades involving considerable jaw-breaking, throat-throttling, and a fight over a poison bath. The Bull-Dog is ever suave and calm, and never loses his head even in the deadliest of scraps, always being very meticulous of the diction he uses in the tightest of situations. "Accept my congratulation," says Bull-Dog Drummond, who has been drugged and then awakes from his stupor to receive a staggering blow on the mouth from the villian, "you are the first man who has ever done that, and I shall treasure the memory of that blow." Which is a florid way of saying: "Curse you! You'll be sorry for that some day."

WEST WIND DRIFT

WEST WIND DRIFT. By George Barr McCutcheon. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co. $2.

IN this story of castaways on a desert island there is much of the pleasant humor one expects from this author, together with picturesque descriptions of sea and land, with appreciative studies of human beings of various types. Withal, there is a straightaway yarn, which, if not particularly original or strikingly dramatic, at least leads one logically from the first chapter to the last with the feeling that one has been in company of a good-humored entertainer. This is such an old estimate of the author of "Beverly of Graustark" and many other yarns written for popular consumption that it has no more originality than most of the incidents in "West Wind Drift." But let it stand, since it is one that cannot be gainsaid.

It was on a bright morning in October, some time during the late war, that the liner Doraine, Captain Weatherby Trigger commanding, sailed from a South American port, intending to cross the North Atlantic. She never reached her destination. How and why she didn't should be all the more interesting because the world at large never has known what became of the great passenger vessel. All told, there were some 750 persons on board, including a crew of a hundred and fifty. When the ship was twenty-four hours out a stowaway was brought to the Captain. The stranger was a well-built young man who said his home was in Baltimore, and though he was an American, his full name was Algernon Adonis Percival. He admitted naïvely that this had compelled him to fight a great deal, especially in school, where he had to prove that his name did not convey an accurate idea of his disposition. Percival turns out to be not only endowed with humor, but with many other qualities which bring a man friends. He said he was a stowaway because he wanted to get home from the remote spot in the tropics where he had made his way unseen aboard the liner, and had been cleaned ou at cards the night before. He had dodged about the vessel, to keep out of sight, for a day and night before he was discovered, and in that time had seen some suspicious moves by men who were undoubtedly German agents, which made him warn the rather irascible, but sterling, Captain Trigger.

The action is mainly taken up in the every-day lives of the people. There are some good characters, including a pompous millionaire banker, who finally accepts the dictum of Percival that it isn't what a man is in New York that counts on a desert island, but what he can do. This banker, Landover, is, indeed, one of the most interesting people one meets in the book, cad as he is when first introduced. The development of a mere mob gathering from the ship into a well-governed, orderly modern city is cleverly shown, and could hardly have been set forth in such convincing detail save by a writer who was more than a superficial student of economics. Brightly written throughout, Mr. McCutcheon's latest novel is worthy of his reputation.

TRAILS TO TWO MOONS

TRAILS TO TWO MOONS. By Robert Welles Ritchie. With a frontispiece by Frank Spradling. Boston: Little, Brown & Co. $1.75.

IN its setting and in the story it tells, "Trails to Two Moons" is unusual. For the first of these qualities it is highly commendable; for the second it at best merits Lola Pratt's epithet, "indiferinck."

Dealing with the days before the advent of the "flivver," when the cattle men of Wyoming were making their last stand before the sheep herders and homesteaders who finally did drive them south, "Trails to Two Moons" brings out the "romance of the period," and a great deal more which must be accredited not to period but to Mr. Ritchie. The book is pre-eminently a man's book. Indeed, barring the figure of Woolly Annie, Hilma Ring, blonde and buxom, is the only female in the book. The triangle produced by the clashing desires for Hilma of "Original Bill" Blunt, the cattle inspector, and "Zang" Whistler, the Robin Hood of cattle thieves, is given a new setting, although it is solved in the customary American way—happily.

Mr. Ritchie's style is puzzling. He would doubtless agree with another novelist who has modestly dedicated his latest book with the words, "Not what I wished, but what I was able to do." But he has told his story with a striving for style, unfortunately attempted by means of word badinage instead of characteristic incidents. Following the path recommended by such opposites as O. Henry and Gautier, Mr. Ritchie has studied—at times it seems as though he possibly (as we used to say when we were younger) might have swallowed—the dictionary.

All fiction in the last analysis concerns itself with the proportioning of characters, setting and action. Mr. Ritchie has stressed the two latter elements. The story is ultra-romantic and the characters not essentially of flesh and blood—mere types and caricatures. But the setting in which the story occurs is painted so very vividly that it lends the air of reality to "Trails to Two Moons" which the characters themselves and their vigorous actions lack.

PURITAN AND PAGAN

PURITAN AND PAGAN. By Elisabeth F. Corbett. New York: Henry Holt & Co.

TALES of studio life, when told by one familiar with the milieu, are always fascinating. When, in addition, some of the moving springs of the theatre are revealed one is safe in expecting a work that will hold one firmly to the end. It may be said without reservation that this author has produced a novel which would be captivating even without the glimpses it gives of a world about which the layman necessarily has but a cursory knowledge. The plot is sound, the dramatis personae consistently interesting, and the action logical and generally swift. Anne Desmond is a talented painter who lives alone in her studio on the edge of Greenwich Village. To her comes Max Meredith, who is married to an old school friend of Anne's and who lives in the country. Max's wife, Jo, has asked him to call on Anne and he does so. The two become friends, dining at restaurants where artists foregather and going to theatres and museums together. Then Roger Green, who has been Anne's instructor, comes into the action, and the reader is not clear about his part at first. Eventually, however, when Mary Allen, the gifted actress, and Anne Desmond are both concerned in a very frank love affair it is Roger who becomes the central figure.

The story is so cleverly told that one can never see ahead until the author desires it. Therefore, to tell how Roger, after many stormy experiences, finds peace and happiness at last is not to be told here. Mary, Anne and Roger are all powerfully drawn characters, and if Max is inclined to be somewhat colorless that must be attributed to the character itself and not to lack of ability on the part of the author to make it forceful. Both women are independent in spirit and only a novelist of power and subtlety could have presented them sympathetically and convincingly. Although the novel is long—347 closely printed pages—it is the sort of book the average reader lays down with a sigh of regret that it has come to an end.

MRS. DAVENANT

THE BEAUTIFUL MRS. DAVENANT. By Violet Tweedale. Frederick A. Stokes Company. $1.75.

WHEN Hilda Davenant—"The Beautiful Mrs. Davenant," as people called her—arrived at Little Glentworth, she immediately became the subject of much discussion. She had leased the house from Major Claude Carlton, who lived with his widowed mother at the Manor House of Great Glentworth, and all the county came to call. But there was no Mr. Davenant in sight, nor was such a person ever mentioned, and although Mrs. Davenant and her friend, Miss Agnes Howard, who lived with her, were both of them quite evidently well-bred women of the world, they never vouchsafed any information to any one regarding themselves or their history. Of course the neighborhood talked, and might have talked still more had it not had another mystery to discuss—the mystery of the strange doings at the reputedly haunted Lake House, the home of many genera-

(Continued on Following Page)

YOUR YEAR WILL BE INCOMPLETE IF THE COLLECTED EDITION OF THE WORKS OF

Leonard Merrick

IS NOT YOURS BEFORE NEW YEAR'S DAY

The Atlantic Monthly says:—
"Merrick is endowed with a sense, exquisitely keen, of the public taste," but adds, "he never wavers from his ideals." And the public in return has given an admiration which few writers at once receive and deserve to

Conrad in Quest of His Youth
The Actor Manager
The Position of Peggy Harper
Cynthia
The Man Who Understood Women and other stories
When Love Flies Out o' the Window
The Worldlings
While Paris Laughed
The House of Lynch

These books should be obtainable (at $1.90 each) in your local bookstore; if not, they can be had from

E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

Herbert Beerbohm Tree
Some Memories of Him and His Life Collected by
MAX BEERBOHM

The London Spectator says:—
"I thoroughly advise anybody who is interested in the theatre to read this book, for it is impossible here to do justice to the variety of amusement which it will afford the reader. There is the succulence of Lady Tree's contributions; there is Mr. Shaw's astringency, with his admirable general comments on the art of the theatre; there is Mr. Max Beerbohm's delightful affectionate irony, and there are the witty contributions by Sir Herbert Tree's daughters. In fact, the level of wit and writing in Mr. Max Beerbohm's collection is almost suspiciously high."

Illustrated from original drawings, photographs, etc. Price $7.00. This book should be on sale at your bookstore; if not, it can be had from

E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

BOOKS For the New Year 1921

A Book is a particularly expressive New Year's Gift, and we offer an unusually choice assortment from which to make your selection.

BRENTANO'S
Booksellers to the World
Fifth Ave. and 27th St.

William Howard Taft

In collaboration with nearly 100 other eminent Americans (including Rockefeller, Schwab, Butler, Eliot, Armour, Swift, Wood, Watterson, Wilson, Edison, Van Dyke, Coolidge, Gibbons, Lansing and Bryan) has written a most important little BOOK of KNOWLEDGE, which has just been published under the title

"ON GETTING ON"

A wonderful little book of inspirational messages from these great men who have "got on" to men who want to "get on." Tells in a comprehensive way what the authors did to get on; what is necessary to do to get on; how to use the experience of others to get on. Never before was such a helpful book published; it contains the life knowledge of these great men. Vast pocket size. By mail, 25 cents, silver. Money back if not satisfied. ULLERY & COMPANY, Publishers, Brattleboro, Vermont.

ELWELL!
NEW AUCTION BRIDGE
By Mrs. J. B. Elwell
$2.00 at all bookstores
Publishers BRENTANO'S New York

TOLD IN A CHINESE GARDEN
By Constance Grinelle Wilcox

Five delightful, fantastic plays for outdoors or indoors, especially adaptable to amateur performances.

Price $1.50

HENRY HOLT AND COMPANY



HIMEBAUGH & BROWNE
BOOKSELLERS
471 FIFTH AVE. OPP. LIBRARY
If you cannot come to our store send for our catalogue

Marqueray's Duel
Anthony Fryde's brilliant novel of modern life, 4th edition, $2 net.
R. M. McBRIDE & CO., Publishers

BOOKS BOUGHT
Entire Libraries or Single Volumes. Highest prices paid. Representative will call. Cash paid and books removed promptly.
Henry Malkan, Inc.
42 Broadway Phone Bread 2000

GENEALOGY: Are you familiar with your Ancestry? Our Catalogue of American Family and Town Histories (116 pages) will be sent to those interested on receipt of 5 cents for cost of mailing.
GOODSPEED'S BOOK SHOP, Boston, Mass

TURNING OVER THE NEW YEAR'S NEW LEAF—STONE AGE STYLE



Latest Works of Fiction

TOLD IN THE EAST. By Talbot Mundy. The Bobbs-Merrill Company. $2.

THE turbulent, anxious, terrible days of the great mutiny, when "India glowed red from end to end," forms the most colorful of backgrounds for two of the three novelettes which make up Talbot Mundy's new volume, "Told in the East." First comes the longest of the three, "Hookum Hai"—which means, "It is an order"—wherein we read how Jugget Khan, "free-lance Rajput and gentleman of fortune," rode hell-for-leather, through and over all obstacles, out of the burning, looted city of Jaipore, where, as he later told brave, honest, duty-devoted Sergeant Brown, "I have seen a barracks burning and a city given over to be looted. I have seen white women * * * run before a howling mob, and I have seen certain of them shot by their own husbands!" And in this self-same city of Jaipore three white women and the child of one of them lay hidden beneath the powder magazine while the howling, frantic mob hunted for them and could not find them there, where at the risk of his own life Jugget Khan had concealed them. He could not take them with him; he could only ride for help, leaving a terrible, red trail behind him. And help was not easy to find; but under the command of Sergeant Brown, nine English soldiers, the Rajput Jugget Khan, and the Indian fakir, who was their prisoner, marched to attack the city of Jaipore, and rescue the four who lay in darkness.

How vividly and how dramatically their adventures are related, no one who has read any other of Talbot Mundy's romances will need to be told. Stolid Sergeant Brown, who to the very end could not see that he had done more than just his duty, and picturesque, loyal and fearless Jugget Khan, who so magnificently paid his debt, are a pair of heroes whom it is good to meet.

Another tale of that year when "all laws of probability and general average were upset," has for its hero Mohammed-Khan, Rajput and Risaldar, who "For the Salt He Had Eaten," the salt of the British Raj, remained loyal in those dark days when loyalty to the Raj seemed surely to mean death—death in battle at the best, death by torture at the worst. But he was one of those whose "given word was law, and there it ended." For the sake of that given word, he brought Ruth Bellairs safely out of the horror that was the ancient city of Hanadra. He was a man of 60, a "two-medaled man and pensionless gentleman-at-large," and his sons and grandsons made up all his following. But with these, twenty-six horsemen in all, he charged the armed Hindu mob of more than a thousand, and, by so doing, saved the day for England. Their blood must be sluggish indeed, who can read the tale of Mohammed Khan and feel no quickening of the pulses.

Through the magic of these printed pages, we are transported to the India of the last century; its sights and sounds and smells reach our senses, and with them the thrill of the heroism and devotion manifested by so many—heroism of Ruth Bellairs, the girl of 21 who stood alone, "one white woman amid a swarm of sullen Aryans," yet kept her eyes dry and her chin high; heroism of the little band of soldiers who blew up their magazine and marched straight on Hanadra, well knowing that they would be out-numbered by something like a hundred to one; heroism of Risaldar Mohammed Khan, Rajput and gentleman, who at the last went bravely and proudly "to turn in his account of how he remembered the salt he had eaten."

The third story is at once shorter and slighter than either of the others, an amusing account of the experiences of two bluejackets and a dog, ashore at Adra on the Persian Gulf. There they met a certain dark-skinned individual named "Machassan Ah," and the subsequent proceedings were of the liveliest possible description. Colorful, dramatic, and brimful of thrilling adventure are these new stories by Talbot Mundy, "Told in the East."

IN SOUTHERN SEAS

ADVENTURES IN SOUTHERN SEAS. By George Forbes. New York: Dodd, Mead & Co. $1.75.

ON the high seas of life, said the greatest Scandinavian playwright, Romance is never a passenger on the same ship on which we find ourselves. Always she beckons to us from the vessel just disappearing over the far horizon. We set sail to overtake the alluring fugitive, and, when we have succeeded, we climb eagerly aboard, disdaining the ship until so late our home, only to find, as she in turn fades into the sunset, that Romance has escaped us once more and is away again on the very deck we have just deserted.

To most of us some long-gone age has appeared as the symbolical ship on the horizon, bearing the goddess of adventure eternally beyond reach; and we have mourned our powerlessness to recross the centuries and live in a more glamourful world. Our nostalgia of the yesterdays makes us avid of any printed page that enables us to span the unbridgeable gap of years for even an hour of vicarious living within reaching distance of the hem of Romance's robe.

Such pages abound in George Forbes's "Adventures in Southern Seas." The book is Marco Polo done into fiction—done in so colorful a fashion that the reader is glad that a pewter plate inscribed with the name of the good ship Endraght and dated 1616 was found on the coast of West Australia, glad that it came under the eye of Mr. Forbes and suggested to him the spinning of a tale of high adventures.

The author of this unique narrative has translated into fiction form the records of actual Dutch explorers of the sixteenth century, supplying from his imagination a connected series of events and a vivid dramatis personae. The data and references to chronicles of early voyages, he attests in an introductory note, are genuine transcripts from ancient records. They were gathered chiefly from rare manuscripts in the public library at Sydney, N. S. W., from a collection said to be the most comprehensive one extant of authentic descriptions of early voyages of discovery in the South Seas.

This source of actual fact, coupled with the well-manipulated device of having the tale told in the language of Peter Ecoores Van Bu, a fisher lad born beside the Zuider Zee in 1596, has crowned with success Mr. Forbes's attempt to reconstruct for his readers' enjoyment an atmosphere of "the long ago and far away." The very spirit of high adventure—the manifold dangers and hardships of ancient seekers after treasure—blows through the pages of the book. The reader voyages with Peter and Captain Dirk Hartog to New Guinea, to the Fiji Islands, to New Zealand, to West Australia and to other far-off lands, all of which were at that time either nameless or known by other names than the ones they now carry. With them, he has narrow escapes from bloodthirsty savages, from treacherous buccaneers, from mutinous crews, from storms and starvation and from monsters of the sea and land which naturalists cannot account for, but which still live in the legends that are told around the feasting tables of Malayan Kings—sea serpents, birds with chicks larger than the largest ostrich, gigantic sea spiders and venomous bats. Five voyages he takes in all, and after each one he sails back to Amsterdam, richer by much gold and many pearls and rubies.

HEARTS OF THREE

HEARTS OF THREE. By Jack London. The Macmillan Company. $2.50.

WHILE very, very many among the numerous novels published nowadays show clearly, even to the least discerning of readers, their close connection with the motion picture industry, few authors are as refreshingly frank about this same connection as Jack London has been in the "Foreword" to his wild romance of love and adventure, "Hearts of Three." In an entertaining way he explains how the phenomenally swift growth of the motion picture business brought about a shortage of plots. All the available stuff already printed in plays and stories and novels was soon used. Then followed an endeavor to enlist the services of well-known authors, whereupon, says Mr. London, it was quickly discovered that the ability to produce a good novel and the ability to produce a good scenario, so far from being one and the same thing, were, as a matter of fact, very many miles apart. For which reason the motion picture people, not being easily dismayed, decided that: "Division of labor was the thing. Allying themselves with powerful newspaper organizations, or, in the case of 'Hearts of Three,' the very reverse, they had highly skilled writers of scenarios (who couldn't write novels to save themselves) make scenarios, which, in turn, were translated into novels by novel writers (who couldn't, to save themselves, write scenarios)." And so the "labor" of this sanie "Hearts of Three" was divided between Charles Goddard, who wrote the scenario, and Jack London, who wrote the novel, both being engaged simultaneously upon their respective tasks. But the scenario writer, whom Mr. London describes as "the master of action and lord of speed," could, of course, work much faster than the novelist, and this led to some amusing results, one of which, the marrying of the hero to the wrong woman, Mr. London tells us about, while one or two others can be discovered by the amused reader.

TURNSTILE OF NIGHT.

THE TURNSTILE OF NIGHT. By William Allison. Frontispiece by John Newton Howitt. New York: Doubleday, Page & Co. $1.90.

MYSTERY is piled on mystery in this curious English novel, while the action is so abundant—not to say redundant—that, if it only possessed the merit of originality, it might prove fairly interesting. But the reader must keep a tight hold on a vast number of threads, beginning arbitrarily anywhere and anyhow, if he is to save himself from becoming hopelessly entangled long before he reaches the final chapter. The impression derived from the hurly-burly of detached happenings is that the author has read extensively of what is known as "popular" fiction, choosing, where possible, thrillers of the good old "shilling shocker" type, and has taken his pick of material.

It is not easy to outline the plot. Three men, two of whom are English and the third Chinese, are in an opium den in Calcutta when the story opens. They are discussing the possibility of making their way, in disguise, to a certain Buddhist temple in Thibet, where, if they are lucky, they hope to lay hands on a wonderful jeweled tablet, hidden beneath a figure of Buddha, which is known as the "Breastplate of the Seven Stars." Each of the seven stars is a priceless diamond, worth a large fortune, so that the total value of the breastplate is simply fabulous. To get to the temple they must pass through many great dangers, taking the chance of losing their eyelids, ears and various other important parts of their anatomy, if they should be discovered by any of the fanatical priests of the temple, or indeed by any other inhabitants of the strange Asiatic kingdom where white men go only at their peril. Before the three men start on their mission they are joined by another, who professes to have inside information as to the situation of the breastplate, and who says his father is English and his mother Russian. With all this in the kettle, there are obviously ingredients for a devil's brew, steaming with mystery and horror. What happens to the adventurers in Thibet is startling enough, but it is abruptly cut off by a shifting of the scene to Monte Carlo and thence to London. There we are taken to a strange, moldy, old house in Hammersmith, to see a man murdered, while a beautiful woman, whose ears have been cut off, hovers about and has some undefined connection with the tragedy.

In spite of the story being such a jumble, the writing evidently is that of a trained hand, for the sentences are neatly put together and the author is not devoid of descriptive power. His backgrounds are colorful, as a rule, though in his character drawing he is not so happy, for not one of his human figures really stands out. He has taken commonplace types, and, notwithstanding that they frequently find themselves in unusual environment, they never cease to be commonplace. The author's style lacks distinction, and he seems to have done his work like a clock-watching mechanic, entirely without inspiration. Nevertheless, readers who enjoy hurrying along from one disconnected incident to another and who like a long story will probably find this one to their taste.

MR. DIMOCK

MR. DIMOCK. By Mrs. Denis O'Sullivan. New York: John Lane Company. $2.

MRS. O'SULLIVAN'S first novel is a romance of today, dealing with post-bellum conditions in England, Ireland, Serbia, Flanders, Holland and America. The international flavor of it and its multiplicity of characters and interests make reading "Mr. Dimock" somewhat like being introduced to a room full of people, all of whom know each other as intimately as modern society permits, but who have obviously never even heard of you and do not much care to. The reviewer is no misanthrope, but he is always uncomfortable in such a crowd of strangers. The elimination of multifarious, unnecessary and befuddling details, or perhaps the addition of an indicial dramatis personae, might bring a clearer understanding of the picture.

Lightly touching upon home rule and the Sinn Fein in Ireland and war and rumors of wars in Serbia, it passes to the general topsy-turviness of existence in England, the unrest and the forgetfulness of the "tiresome war" in America, and gives one a glimpse of life in placid, untouched Holland. The Howard

once," "The Strategy and Finesse of Proposing," "The Open Season for Strikes," "Hints on Honeymoons For the Very Rich," "Divorce A Great Indoor Sport," "When Marriage Is a Failure—Cherchez La Femme (Have you a little failure in your home?)" and Blighters at Bridge (a terrifying triumvirate of familiar lady auction pests)" Readers of THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE are doubtless familiar with the fact that the clever social satirist who signs herself "Fish" is a slender Englishwoman still well on the popular side of thirty. The Victorian lady remnants, resplendent captains of industry, pussyfooting English butlers, amorous nursemaids, race touts, yearning young lovers, swanking soldiers, blank and vapid bores, bridge-playing parsons and middle-class millionaires who make their ludicrous appearances on the pages of her present book, posturing and posing against the background of the contemporary beau monde, are the product not only of a clever and sophisticated intelligence, but of a true artist as well.



Bernard van Dieren.

"Epstein," by Bernard van Dieren.

The foremost aim of "Epstein," by Bernard Van Dieren, is to give a selection of reproductions of the work of this sculptor, who has been so widely discussed in the leading artistic journals in both Europe and America. There are fifty plates in collotype, including two of the "Christ" which has been the cause of so much controversy, and one of Mr. Van Dieren.

All of these plates are gathered together at the back of the book; an arrangement that facilitates reference to them by any one reading the text and wishing to see the piece of sculpture under discussion. In his text the author throws considerable light upon the causes responsible for the fact that the expressions of Epstein's mind, as shown in his sculpture, have been so fascinating to some and so profoundly perplexing to others of accepted intelligence. The sculptor's personality, as revealed in his work, is the subject of a biographical section of the book.

Epstein's sculpture is scarcely more bizarre than the illustrations and decorations done by Alastair for a de luxe edition of Oscar Wilde's "The Sphinx," one thousand copies of which have been printed by John Lane. There can never be a reprint of this edition, as the stones from which the offset plates were printed were in Belgium at the time of the German invasion and were destroyed. In the front of the book appears the following interesting editorial note by Robert Ross:

"The Sphinx," although not published by Mr. John Lane until 1894, was written before Oscar Wilde's first volume was issued in 1881. The author always told me that it was composed and written in Paris, at the Hotel Voltaire, Quai Voltaire, in 1874, a date which accords well enough with the lines, "While I have hardly seen some twenty Summers cast their green for Autumn's gaudy liveries." Wilde was born in 1854. I cannot help thinking, however, that his account of the composition was a poetical license. Similar lines occur in his Oxford prize poem, "Ravenna," of 1878. The poem was polished and improved in 1889, after he unearthed the MS. from an old dispatch box at Tite Street in my presence. The final draft of the MS. is now in the British Museum, along with others presented by me to the Trustees.

Some of the other more arresting examples of Mr. Epstein's sculpture, reproductions of which are printed in the book, include the tomb of Oscar Wilde, in Pere La Chaise Cemetery in Paris; "Sun God," "Maternity," "Head of a Boy," "Venus," "Mother and Child," two studies of the sculptor's wife, and portraitures of her Grace the Duchess of Hamilton, of Mrs. Ambrose McEvoy, of Mlle. Gabrielle Soene, of W. H. Davies, of the Countess of Drogheda, of Admiral Lord Fisher, of Lady Gregory, of Augustus John, of Sergeant David Ferguson Hunter, V. C., and of "An American Soldier."



"None so self-devoted as Hester."

"The Scarlet Letter." Illustrated by Hugh Thomson.



Travelers in Kashmir.

"The Charm of Kashmir," by V. Scott O'Connor.

In "English Pageantry: An Historical Outline," Robert Withington continues his story of the pageant from Elisabethan times. Professor Withington, in his second volume, traces its history through the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries down to the revival in England under Louis N. Parker and the most recent pageants in the United States. Processional pageantry, the community drama, and the "festival" all receive their due share of attention. The author writes at considerable length on such subjects as "The Lord Mayor's Show," "Survivals and Revivals," "The Parkerian Pageant" and "Pageantry in the United States." The meticulous care with which the author has examined every facet of his subject is indicated by the fact that under each chapter heading there are anywhere from four to nine sub-headings, any one of which might easily be made the subject of a scholarly book. Scattered through the book are a score of reproductions of photographs and reproductions showing pageants in various parts of the world and in various ages. Some of the originals from which these reproductions are taken are rare engravings and books long out of print. One of them, for example, is of Jacob Hall, the famous rope-dancer. It is reprinted from a rare print in the collection of Sir John St. Aubyn, which was originally published in 1792 and is reproduced with the permission of the Society of Antiquaries (London) from the Fairholt collection. Another, of the Lord Mayor's Show, is from The Illustrated London News of Nov. 9, 1844. Still another, depicting the Boston Tea Party, is from a photo-engraving on the program of the 250th anniversary of the settlement of Boston, held in that city on Sept. 17, 1880. Perhaps the most unique picture in the collection illustrates "The Peasants' Revolt," a scene from the St. Albans Pageant of 1907. It was taken from a postcard in the Harvard University Library. Looking at these illustrations it occurs to the reader that only an author deeply interested in his subject would ever have made the effort that must have been necessary to gather his materials from such obscure sources.

One of the most important sections of Professor Withington's book—that is, one of the most important to students of the history of pageantry—is the extensive bibliography of every phase of the subject which the author has prepared with meticulous care and includes in his present bulky volume of more than 400 pages.

All of the books referred to in this review are of a large size. Without exception, they are extremely well bound and well printed on good paper. In the case of most of them the inside covers are handsomely decorated and the covers themselves carry attractive designs. "The Scarlet Letter," "The Story of Jesus," "Some British Ballads" and "The Charm of Kashmir" are boxed to insure their reaching the purchaser in perfect condition.



"The Return from Egypt," by Gentile da Fabriano.

"The Story of Jesus." Illustrated from Paintings by Giotto, Fra Angelico and others.

The Bolshevik Turned Napoleon

...EVISM: PRACTICE AND ...ORY. By Bertrand Russell. ... York: Harcourt, Brace & ... $2.50.

... a communist, and an undis... and unterrified com... munist at that, Bertrand Rus... sell returns from Russia con... firm the Bolshevist method of ... ing communism is a ruinous ... and that even if such an in... ... thing could occur as its suc... ... those methods it would be a ... thing for the rest of the ... as well as Russia. No such ... book as his "Bolshe... Practice and Theory," has ... on this subject. Small ... volume is, only 192 pages, it ... ing how much he says, how ... books into a paragraph, ... swift rush of his ideas, which ... are as clear as crystal ... orderly as a statute. The ... of its style is an unob... as Stevenson's. The daunt... with which he faces facts, ... even a fact which detracts ... own argument, is absolutely ... and gives one an almost ... feeling of standing in the ... of the perfect truth-seeker, ... positively inconsequential to ... whether the fact is for him ... him; if against him, he ... regrets nor minimizes, de... excuses it.

... it is unfair to state his ... first, but as he puts them ... preface he will probably not ... (Nobody should skip the ..., by the way; it is as power... bit of writing as any in this ... which is powerful in every ... He sees only three possible ... from the present situation:

... first is the ultimate defeat of ... by the forces of capital... The second is the victory of ... Bolshevists, accompanied by a ... loss of their ideals and a ... of Napoleonic imperialism. ... third is a prolonged world war ... which civilization will go under, ... all its manifestations (including ... will be forgotten.

... he is, he is quite convinced, not ... remotest possibility of liberty or ... brood or anything which fra... the dream of the Western So... ... issuing from this régime in ... He does not merely fore... ... real socialism or ideal com... ... will disappear in Russia; he ... us that they have already ... feared, and that the present ... meant is Czarist and militarist. ... to become imperialist; not ... sense of stretching over the ... a benevolent Socialistic im... ..., but in the hard old Napo... and Roman sense of imperial... the benefit of the imperator. ... It is hardly even Roman im... ... that he foresees, but the ... German imperialism that would ... been but for Rome's resistance; ... an Abyssinian imperialism. ... blames the Entente, which ... "war" on Russia is driving ... Hydra-headed Czar toward a ... that is already much to that ... taste. In plain words, if Rus... not trade with the Entente it ... least conquer Asia—which ... to be a fairly good beginning.

...evism, he explains, is no ... a social program but a reli... and he defines religion as a ... that can be held to the point ...aticism. Christ preached be... ...ce and justice, but his fol...



Napoleon at Moscow.

lowers laid Europe waste. "Bolshevism," says Mr. Russell, "combines the characteristics of the French Revolution with those of the rise of Islam; and the result is something radically new, which can only be understood by a patient and passionate effort of imagination." Christianity addressed men's minds on the subject of another world; Islam was hard and practical and set itself to the conquest of this world. Both Islam and Bolshevism were stirred to the necessity of the conquest of this world by the necessity of the conquest of bread.

This unprecedented revolution is now in the hands of a comparatively few fanatics, for Russia is no more Bolshevist than it is Czarist. These men have been in power for three years, and power alters the viewpoint of its holder. The communists have dreamed of an equality of wealth, which should take away from man his desire to tyrannize over his fellows; but they have not taken into account the necessity of an equality of power, or realized that men love power no less than they love money. In other words, he points out the fundamental error of those who account for wars and tyrannies on the theory that economic determinism is the cause of all. Economic determinism has its place, but it is only one of many influences.

Soviet government no longer exists except in form, he declares; and he blames other Socialist or communist writers who have been in Russia for glossing over this fact and other facts in their desire to avoid hurting the cause. The Soviets go through the form of electing their representatives, but the chiefs of the Communist Party have reduced it to that mere form. Russia is ruled by a few men; it is, in fact, governed not by Soviets, but by the Communist Party. As for liberty, there is none, though there is the form of it. The other Socialist groups may elect members to the All-Russian Soviet, but the communist clique controls the railways and can and does refuse to transport the delegates so elected. Even if they were permitted to get to their destination, the All-Russian Soviet seldom meets, and then only to ratify the decrees of the inner circle—somewhat, one may comment, as the French Revolutionary Convention met only to ratify the decrees of the Jacobin Club and the Committee of Public Safety. This revolution, however, bears no resemblance to the French, except in such accidental likenesses as this.

He pours scorn on those who cry out against the wickedness of capitalist opposition, even when he is urging the Entente, for its own sake, to make peace with Russian before driving her too far. All the communist teaching, from the very beginning, he points out, has been a prediction that as soon as the proletariat became dangerous capitalism would take up arms against them and that it was necessary to be prepared to meet capitalism with arms. Why cry out, then, when capitalism does the very thing you have always predicted? But one must add that Mr. Russell does not consider the Bolshevist Government a proletarian one in any sense. When he has an interview with a workingman he identifies him as "a genuine proletarian"—that is, one outside the Bolshevist movement. The proletariat is against the Bolshevist Government; so is the peasant. Instead of being a proletarian Government, Bolshevism is a fanatically religious and imperialist Government, and when it speaks of "the proletariat" it means, not the man who works with his hands, but anybody, whatever his occupation, who supports the ruling clique.

The reason the proletariat is against the Government is because the workers cannot get enough to eat. Even those who are in favor with the Government do not get enough to work on, and the result is a slackening in efficiency. He denies that this is due to the blockade; there is plenty of food in Russia, but the peasants will not bring it to the cities because of the Government's policy toward them and because they cannot get anything for it but "a piece of paper." Hence the peasant hates the Government, and he is not in the least concerned over whether the cities starve or not. He himself wants clothes, which he cannot get, no matter how many sacks of grain he may have to offer in exchange.

This minority, according to Mr Russell, rules by means of an army three million strong, an infinitesimal minority of the male population; but with guns in its hands and perfect ruthlessness about using them. Everything that is done is done for the army. In order to take a train a civilian must apply for a permit, which he may get after several days; but then it may take him several more to get on the train. The trains go out, to use a comparison better understood in America than the one Mr. Russell makes, like Coney Island street cars on a Sunday afternoon, with passengers on the roof and clinging to the sides. Arrived at the destination, the passenger cannot go to a hotel, for the Government has taken over all the hotels and is using them for its purposes.

In the cities the rationing is not even supposed to be impartial. Those in favor with the Government get more than others, though, as already said, they do not get enough to work efficiently. The communist leaders and the soldiers get enough to keep working, and, so far as the leaders are concerned, something over. The ruin of Russia is traceable to the collapse of industry. Communism is gone, and what will work out of the present government by clique—for the Bolsheviki are such a minority, in comparison with the rest of Russia, that even the whole party is not above the clique description—Mr. Russell does not undertake to say, beyond the three outcomes quoted earlier.

As for art and education, they are slipping out of sight. So Mr. Russell says, without caring in the least what other radical writers have said to the contrary. All they have done for art, he says, is to preserve "something of what existed before." But he inserts a chapter written by his secretary, Miss D. W. Black, which gives the Bolsheviki more credit. She conjectures that there will arise a new art created by groups instead of individuals, and instances a magnificent pageant in which thousands of persons took part. She is not quite so sanguine about education; there is no time to teach the pupils, and the most important thing to teach them is communism. Adult school education, if they get any, consists of learning "communism, reading and writing."

Mr. Russell does "not know how Bolshevism can be prevented from acquiring universal power." He thinks the conquest of Siberia added greatly to the momentum of imperialism—old-fashioned imperialism, be it remembered—and that the conquest of all Asia is a matter of only a few years, unless the Entente and America change their attitude toward Russia. But he holds faith in "those who stand out against Bolshevism, not from love of ancient injustice, but in the name of the free spirit of Man"—not as believers in capitalism, but as single-hearted believers in liberty, that liberty which the Czar and the Bolsheviki, in their turn, struck down. Such "will be the bearers of the seeds of progress, from which, when the world's gestation is accomplished, new life will be born."

American Literature in France

By FLORENCE FINCH KELLY.

Paris, Dec. 8.

THE American interested in books who comes to Paris quickly senses a new and lively interest in American literature among the French people. For a long time they have known and appreciated Poe and Whitman, the two American authors with whose works they are best acquainted, and they have read a little of a few others. But during the last two years their interest has been freshly aroused, and now they are eager, especially those who read English, to find out what Americans have written in the past and what they are writing now. And they have little opportunity of satisfying this new and lively interest; for in this city that is crammed with books, where one sees shelves and stacks and piles of printed volumes for sale wherever one turns, where bookshops are even more numerous than saloons used to be in New York City, American books are very, very rare. In the second-hand bookshops, whose wares spill over into sidewalk booths all through the Latin Quarter, one finds now and then a lone volume by an American author. It is most likely to be a novel, but it may also be a book of poems or essays or a discussion of some sort, and, although I have found in the course of my browsing about among them an occasional work by a representative of our nineteenth-century classics, novels of the last quarter century are more frequent. And once I discovered one of Stewart Edward White's earlier books in a French translation. They would seem, these bits of flotsam and jetsam, to be relics left behind by homeward hastening American students with no space to spare in their trunks. They are of little consequence in the literary contacts of the two countries, but they are interesting to the American wanderer in Paris because these are the only French bookshops in which he can find an American imprint.

Far more interesting was a copy that I saw in the window of one of those shops where the French art craftsman transforms an ordinary printed volume into a thing of beauty of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" in a French translation, beautifully printed, exquisitely bound and prominently displayed. It was the central gem in a window full of lovely examples of the bookbinder's art. No such artistic tribute to the work has ever been made in the land where the book was written and whose history and development it did so much to influence.

Of the three bookshops in Paris which deal in English-printed works, two, Smith's and Galignani's, do not attempt to carry American books. The third, Brentano's, orders American books for customers who want them, carries a few that have been published in England and are brought over here under the English imprint and keeps also a slender collection of volumes of American origin. A few of the American classics are represented in it and one finds there also some of the outstanding publications of recent date. But practically their only buyers are Americans resident in Paris. For the high rate of exchange between the two countries, coupled with the present cost of books in America, makes the price which must be asked for an American book in Paris almost prohibitive. With the price of books in the United States almost doubled, and the dollar worth more than three times its usual value in francs it is not surprising that Americans and English in Paris and English-reading French do not care to buy American books.

There are many indications in France of a new curiosity about American literature and of a strong desire to make acquaintance with American life, art and affairs through American books. Jean Richepin's collection of lectures on American literature, "L'Ame Americaine"—recently reviewed in THE TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE by Professor Brander Matthews—a course which he had given before publication in book form in a French college, is one of the most striking of them. The fact that a new chair was instituted in the Sorbonne a year or two ago whose subject is "American Civilization and Literature" is another. Its incumbent is Professor Charles Cestre, who is specially well fitted to deal with the subject because he has lived in the United States as exchange professor at Harvard and at the University of California and has made a special study of American literature.

For the equipment of this chair the Carnegie Foundation for International Peace will present about the middle of December to the University of Paris a collection of books dealing with American life. The collection is one of several similar libraries which the Foundation has given or will give to European educational institutions for the purpose of advancing international understanding and comity.

During the last year French readers have warmly welcomed the opportunity to make acquaintance with American books that has been offered by the American Library, with its carefully chosen stock of 30,000 volumes, of which many are by American authors and are representative of the development of American literature, history, life and affairs. Some 500 people use the facilities of the library every day, and of these the attendants estimate that fully one-third are French. They seem to find it especially valuable as a working library, and, although a good many take out books on cards for home reading—a system hitherto unknown to French readers—the main use which the large French patronage makes of the library is for working purposes.

An American young woman, Miss Sylvia Beach, daughter of a Princeton clergyman, has started upon the second year of an interesting experiment, an experiment which it must have taken some courage to initiate but which has been very successful. She has a small bookshop and lending library, which she calls "Shakespeare and Company," devoted entirely to English and American books, which she has established in the heart of the Latin Quarter, with big French bookshops all around her modest place. The larger part of her collection is English, because American books cost so much by the time they reach Paris, but she has on her shelves a tolerably fair representation of American authors through both the last and the present century. Both English and American residents in Paris frequent her shop, but the larger part of her patrons are French—professors and students in the Sorbonne, men and women in various walks of life who are interested in literature, but all eager to read American authors, of most of whom they have had no previous knowledge. Miss Beach says that not a little of the service she is able to render to her French clients consists in telling them something about American authors, outlining their lives and giving some idea of the character and amount of their works. She has interested a good many of her clients in Howells, of whom the French seem to know almost nothing. Her patrons, for instance, who are now reading his books, although reading English well and knowing a few other American authors, had never even heard of Howells.

In a small way, Miss Beach is doing a real service to American literature in France, in thus serving as an outpost on the frontier of literary contacts between the two nations. Several French critics are glad to get from her new American books of importance for review in French periodicals. Among them during the last year have been reviews in Europe Nouvelle by Valery Larbaud, Charles Le Verrier, in the Nouvelle Revue Française by Valery Larbaud and in Figaro by Regis Gignorex.

The Mercure de France has twice during the last few months published articles reviewing current developments in American literature. Other French periodicals have recently been publishing articles about American life and affairs which indicate a growing interest in the United States. Among them have been a description of the Republican Convention in Chicago last June in the Revue de Paris, a discussion in L'Action Nationale of "La Crise du Radicalisme aux Etats-Unis" by G. N. Trieoshe, and the Revue Universelle a study of "La Pensée Française et l'Empirisme Américain," wherein Mme. Maurice-Denis considers the increasing influence of the United States upon the social and intellectual life of France, while in the same issue there is a discussion by Marc Logé of the negro problem and of that caused by the large immigration of Russians and Poles. This same author has also written on the Japanese question in California. An American student in Paris who follows closely these articles on American affairs in French periodicals tells me that they are especially remarkable for two things, their ignorance or misconception of facts and the brilliancy and ingenuity of their discussions. But at least they prove the sudden springing into life in France of a keen interest in the American Nation.

How I Tried a Servant's Job

(Continued from Page 13)

dishwater, the chance to mother, if not her own children, the children of another woman.

I left the O. family at the end of two months with real regret. I had not been able to combine writing and housework as successfully as I had combined writing and office work. I had told them so, frankly, and they had been able to secure some one else in my place. There was no reason for continuing the experiment further.

I felt that I had learned many useful things in those eight weeks. I had saved more money than I would have saved had I remained for the same time at my office work. I had become, as the O's assured me, a good cook. I was in better physical condition as a result of eight weeks' of home cooking and daily exercise. Incidentally, I had impaled my finger on a fork, lurking unsuspected in the soapy depths of my dishpan, and it had swollen to the size of a toy balloon and the soreness of twenty boils, and I had conceived a tremendous amount of respect for those who manage households as a life job and an overwhelming desire to crawl off somewhere and sleep for a week. But I felt that I had proved my point.

Being a maid of all work is not the pleasantest job in the world, I must admit—but I believe that there are worse ones. I am not sorry that I tried it. I could, if I had to, have kept it up indefinitely. And if I, a woman whose academic training would compare favorably with Dr. O's own, whose only previous experience of service had consisted in receiving it, could do this thing, and thrive on it, it cannot be impossible. I still believe that there are women behind counters and typewriters who might be happier behind kitchen ranges and carpet sweepers. I still believe that the O. Henry heroine who is despairingly starving in her attic while the dissolute scion of wealth eagerly awaits her capitulation might do well to turn her attention to the "Help Wanted—Domestic" advertisements.

A Book from Macmillan's
Is A Gift For All The Year Round

NOVELS

BLIND By Ernest Poole

A Story of These Times, by the author of THE HARBOR.

"BLIND comes nearer to being the American 'Britling' than any story that has been written. Ernest Poole has done his best work since his first novel. It seems to us that with much the same machinery as THE HARBOR and much the same kind of story BLIND is more successful."—*N. Y. Evening Globe.* $2.50

MITCH MILLER By Edgar Lee Masters

"The Best Boy's Book in this Generation," by the author of SPOON RIVER ANTHOLOGY.

"All of you, young and old, who love Tom Sawyer and Huckleberry Finn, will love Mitch Miller and his pal Skeeters Kirby. . . . It is Mark Twain remoulded by a master hand."
—*New York Review.* $3.50

THE NOON MARK By Mary S. Watts

"'I'll tell you what,' said a man reading one of Mrs. Watts' previous books, 'this woman knows how men talk.' . . . Not a character in the book but impresses you with intrinsic reality. . . . She seems not so much to have observed these people from the outside as to have crept cannily into their skins. . . . transcribing with a humorous tolerance, a steady integrity, things as they are."—Alice Brown in *N. Y. Post Literary Review.* $2.50

POETRY

REYNARD THE FOX By John Masefield

Illustrated Edition.

A beautiful edition de luxe, with illustrations in black and white by Carton Moorepark, eight plates in color from old hunting prints, and a special Introduction in which the author tells how he came to write the book and introduces us to a closer acquaintance with Old Baldy. $6.50

HISTORY

THE OUTLINE OF HISTORY By H. G. Wells

The most talked-about book of the year, which is in such demand that the presses can hardly supply it with sufficient rapidity. "Everybody of standing reads Wells as soon as he comes out," says the *New York Globe* editorially. Even the non-bookish are reading this most wonderful of Histories.

Order At Once to Secure Sixth Edition, Now Going to Press.

Send for Descriptive Circular. 2 vols., $10.50

THE MACMILLAN COMPANY, Publishers, NEW YORK

Kings' Treasuries of Literature

Edited by
Sir ARTHUR QUILLER COUCH

Each 70 cents. Now ready are:



The Adventures of Odysseus
Alpha of the Plough
Bee: Princess of Dwarfs
Black Beauty
Child's Book of Saints
De Coverley Papers
Evergreen Stories
Farm Room Plays
Hawthorne's Wonder Book
History of a Candle
Kingsley's Heroes
Lamb's Tales from Shakespeare
Lay of the Last Minstrel
Lore of the Wanderer
Macaulay's Clive
Modern Poetry
Paradise Lost
Sesame and Lilies
Tale of Two Cities
The Shakespeare Progress
Tales from Andersen
Tales from Tolstoy
Tragedy of Richard II

Send for a descriptive circular and list of volumes to come.

A series of little books which satisfy a reader's desire for good taste, even beauty, in form as well as pleasing content. In schools they will suggest treasures rather than tasks, but as the *New York Herald* puts it, "These are books to live with, to keep on shelves and tables close at hand and to carry on journeys till they become at last a part of the book of our own lives."

They should be on sale in your bookstore; if not, they can be had from

E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Avenue, N. Y.

An English Wife in Berlin

By EVELYN, Princess BLÜCHER

The Boston Transcript calls it:—

"So far the most revealing and absorbing personal record."

The New York Evening Post says:—

"Informal, racy of the moment, lively in mingling of personal incident with political happening, it reflects with unconscious dramatic quality the development of the German catastrophe and the aftermath of disaster."

The Richmond News Leader says:—

"To begin it is to be lured on and on, in growing excitement and sympathy."

The Chicago Evening Post places it:—

"It is in a class by itself; fairly teems with interesting details."

Price $5.00. It should be on sale at your bookstore; if not, it can be had from

E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY, 681 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

Poets of Today and Yesterday

A Review by
HERBERT S. GORMAN

ADVICE. By Maxwell Bodenheim Alfred A. Knopf. $1.25.

BLOOD OF THINGS. By Alfred Kreymborg. Nicholas L. Brown. $2

THE ELFIN ARTIST. By Alfred Noyes. Frederick A. Stokes Company. $1.50.

VERSE OF TODAY AND YESTERDAY. By Abigail Fletcher Taylor. Small, Maynard & Co. $1.25.

THE difficulties of a critical approach to Maxwell Bodenheim are either extremely troublesome or manifestly simple. He is a phoenix of strange origin who must have risen from the ashes of some bird, for it is impossible to consider a writer bursting upon one from the blue with absolutely no antecedents, no formative guides to point back at, no genesis however strained and far away the writer has carried himself from it. Yet, in the case of Mr. Bodenheim, what writer can we point back to, saying: "There is the starting place of this disconcerting young American"? We run over the list; we ponder and wonder. Eventually we give it up and turn to the simplest means of criticism, the method that is, perhaps, the only authentic one, and that is to judge a man for himself, to discover what he is attempting to convey and to make up one's mind as to whether he has successfully conveyed it or not.

Mr. Bodenheim is a wizard of phrases. He is a master of the elusive word. He amazes one by the strange yet vital concordance of his composition. For him a word, an adjective or a noun, has its overtones. He peers behind phrases, finding strange lumber there and building up his airy structures with a decisive gesture. "Advice" is indubitably one of the important books of the year, as it is one of the books most compact with beauty, actually worthy of frequent rereading. It tantalises and beguiles one. It unfolds long skeins of thought. Its suggestiveness is enormous. Within a dozen lines Mr. Bodenheim covers a vast area of thought. Perhaps this is so because he grasps essentials so magnificently. He is the sort of poet who troubles one. If the reader is not in sympathy with his mood, he will feel chagrin at the apparent powers of the poet.

One thing is manifest in Mr. Bodenheim. He is an egoist of letters. He is pugnaciously sure of himself and undoubtedly contemptuous of a deal of the contemporary art about him. One feels that he would make no compromises, but that he realizes, perhaps with gusto, his own virtues, is quite sure of his place and so stands quite defiantly upon his own feet. It is assuredly an apparent fact that he is one of the most original poets writing in America, if not the most original. There is a distinctive peculiarity about his work. It could never be mistaken for the work of another man.

There is a certain sneer underlying many of his pieces. One feels that the writer considers himself omnipotent and that his judgments are delivered with no hesitation. If there was a time of hesitation, it is past. Today the poet has matured, and this is saying much for a man as young as Mr. Bodenheim. He has perfected his method, and his progress now will be along consistent lines. His thought will develop out of himself. He will always stand alone among poets, aligned with no group. And this fact may militate against his popularity in some measure.

There are two poems in "Advice" that may be quoted as showing two facets of Mr. Bodenheim's art. The first one, "Advice to a Forest," is compact with the delicate beauty that is so often the strength of this poet. But behind that beauty, apparently gossamer-like in its weavings, is the strength of thought that suggests steel. It will be noted that this poem brings out a phase of Mr. Bodenheim's thought that is scattered throughout his poems. It is a fatalistic conception of life, a fatalism that is developed more obviously perhaps in the "Rattlesnake Mountain Fables" in this book.

ADVICE TO A FOREST.

O trees, to whom the darkness is a child
Scampering in and out of your long, green beards,
O trees, to whom sunlight is a tattered pilgrim
Counting his dreams within your hermitage
And slipping down the road, in twilight robes;
O trees, whose leaves make an intimate lace
Reeling with the beat of your caught feet,
Do not mingle your tips in startled hatred,
When little men come to fell you.
These men will saw you into strips
Of pointed brooding, blind with paint,
But underneath you men will chase
The gray staccato of their lives
Down a glaring maze of walls
Much harder than your own.
And when, at last, the deep brown gaze
Of stolidly amorous time steals over you,
The little men who bit into your hearts
Will stray off in a patter of rabbits' feet.
Look down upon these children, then,
With the aloof and weary tolerance
That all still things possess,
O trees, to whom the darkness was a child
Scampering in and out of your long, green beards.

The second poem to be quoted is the picture of a man, or rather the picture of a man's soul. It is a surprisingly beautiful piece of work, even to those three last lines, that will bring many a reader up rather abruptly against a thought that lies beyond him.

TO A MAN.

Master of earnest equilibrium,
You are a Christ made delicate
By centuries of baffled meditation.
You curve an old myth to a peaceful sword,
Like some sleep-walker challenging
The dream that gave him shape.
With gentle, antique insistence
You place your child's hand on the universe
And trace a smile of love within its depths.
And yet, the whirling scarecrow men have made
Of something that eludes their sight,
May have the startling simplicity of your smile.
Once every thousand years
Stillness fades into a shape
That men may crucify.

These two poems will serve to show the quality of the work that is in this little book of Mr. Bodenheim. It is a book small only in size, for behind its lines tremble the multitudinous vibrations of a world of beauty and thought.

Turning to another volume recently published and dedicated to the New Forms we are met by an originality that is marked enough, but which hardly possesses behind it the power of thought and authentic inspiration that has been vouchsafed Mr. Bodenheim. Mr. Alfred Kreymborg's new book is decidedly interesting to read, but it is more often merely interesting than lifting and compact with genuine poetry. It is an obvious fact that only by experimentation can any art progress. The iconoclasts of today are the standards of tomorrow. Both Mr. Bodenheim and Mr. Kreymborg have deliberately shattered certain old shibboleths and been fairly successful in vindicating their attitude, Mr. Bodenheim perhaps a bit the more. "Blood of Things," Mr. Kreymborg's new book, is marked by many delicate lines and themes, but it does not reach the heights of "Advice." Mr. Kreymborg pirouettes much of the time. He is the delicate dancer of New Forms. His poems are insidious and fragile little figures rather rouged. They float like eiderdown. One gets a figurative picture of Mr. Kreymborg shaking his pillow of compositions out the window, and hundreds of curling little feathers of poesy circling down upon the heads of the passersby. Naturally they make no impression. They are interesting to look at, but their weight cannot be felt. From the group of poems called "Arias and Ariettes" let us take "Serenata":

Your brain is a garret
scurrying with gray mice
(mice that were white ere dust
touched them gray)
seeking the cheese
you removed from your cupboard.
(I am wrong, as usual.)
Your brain is a tower
clamoring with birds
(such whirring of wings, the color is blurred)
mocking the discordant choral
you used to try on your clavier.
(I am wrong, as usual.)
Your brain is a wintry wood on a hill
looking afar in the solitude
and hearkening the song
(is it snow or a breeze?)
the vast silence
essays with numbed breathing.
(I am wrong, as usual.)
Your brain is a balcony—
isn't it a balcony
waiting for hands below
to bring their crooked veins into tune?
And I the troubadour
who can twang you bass to the garden?
(Or am I wrong, as usual?)

Now this is pleasant to read, but it is hardly the kind of poetry that one would desire greatly to return to for a further reading. It has its moment, a rather faint moment it must be confessed. Mr. Kreymborg is inconclusive; his gestures are tentative; he does not strike fire with sufficient frequency to establish him firmly as an authentic poet. He undoubtedly possesses a lively fancy, but it is a bounded fancy. He yawns prettily as he writes. He grows precieuse. The many poems in "Blood of Things" are occasionally distinctive because of a faint aura that seems to hang about them. Many of the pieces are like a faint perfume that have their little moment and melt into the general atmosphere. Consider this poem from the group called "Dorothy," a group by the way which is as good as any in the book.

HER EYES.

Her eyes hold black whips—
dart of a whip
lashing, nay, flicking,
nay, merely caressing
the hide of a heart—
and a bronco tears through canyons—
walls reverberating,
sluggish streams
shaken to rapids and torrents,
storm destroying
silence and solitude!
Her eyes throw black lariats—
one for his head,
one for his heels—
and the beast lies vanquished—
walls still,
streams still—
except for a tarn,
or is it a pool,
or is it a whirlpool
twitching with memory?

Here is a fancy that is undoubtedly original, but it is a fancy that undoubtedly would have been more effective in two or three lines. One reaches the conclusion that there are too many words in the world for Mr. Kreymborg to be an entirely successful poet. He remains the gentle innovator, the delicate dancer of poetic mazes who occasionally misses a step.

Turning from these two poets whom we must classify as ultra-modern we stumble over Mr. Alfred Noyes's latest book, "The Elfin Artist." Now in these parlous nascent days Mr. Noyes has been vastly abused. He is in the strange predicament of the skyrocket who soared too quickly. Mr. Noyes went up with a fine flare almost a decade ago and he has been descending ever since. It is not that his work has grown poorer. It hasn't. It is merely that the public has had enough of that particular kind of work. Mr. Noyes carries on the Tennysonian limpidity. The aura of Matthew Arnold's "sweetness and light" sparkles like a halo about his head. Good heavens! how far we have traveled since those days when England's legal documents ended with "God save the Queen!"

Mr. Noyes continues to write his pleasant anachronisms, and it must be admitted that he does them with the usual dexterity and mellifluousness that is so much a part of his charm. He does possess charm and no one will actually die of ennui while reading his lines. But readers could far better occupy themselves with other poets, for Mr. Noyes brings nothing new to his readers, not even his thought.

There are a number of pleasantly rhymed pieces in "The Elfin Artist," pieces that have their singing moment and titillate the ear prettily and then cause the reader to wonder why he has wasted his time reading them. Certain pieces, such as "Mountain Laurel," "The Green Man," "The Sussex Sailor," "Interpretations," "A Devonshire Song" and "A Victory Dance," might be pointed out as possessing some measure of authentic poetry. "A Victory Dance" should be noted in particular, for it is quite unlike the general run of Mr. Noyes's poems. This one exception draws attention to the fact that Mr. Noyes does not grow at all. He still sings of nature, the English countryside, fairies, the milky kindness of human existence and flowers in exactly the same way that he first introduced himself to us. This is undoubtedly part of his failure. His authentic notes are so few and his poetical garment so meagre that he cannot desist from repeating himself over and over. It is amusing to remember that he was once the great rival of Mr. Masefield in England. But Mr. Masefield continues to move on, while Mr. Noyes sits on a green bank and blows the same old penny whistle. Here is a short piece, with the usual obvious moral that is to be found in Mr. Noyes's work, but which is more succinct and compact than the great majority of his endeavors:

THE GYPSY.

There was a barefoot gypsy girl
Came walking from the West,
With a little naked sorrow
Drinking beauty at her breast.
Her breast was like the young moon,
Her eyes were dark and wild,
She was like evening when she
And morning when she smiled.

The little corners of her mouth
Were innocent and wise;
And men would listen to her words
And wonder at her eyes;
And, since she walked with wounded feet
And utterly alone,
It seemed as if the women, too,
Would make her grief their own.

Ah, had she been an old hag
With shriveled flesh and brain,
They would have drawn her to their hearts
And eased her of her pain;
But, since her smooth-skinned loveliness
Could only hurt their pride,
They dipped their pins in poison
And, by accident, she died.

One can but remember Ralph Hodgson's gypsy girl with the "den of wild things in her eyes" and sigh. No, Mr. Noyes cannot turn the trick any more. His repetitions will add nothing to his fame, and that fame which was honestly earned years ago is fading with time.

Abigail Fletcher Taylor's book is called "Verse of Today and Yesterday," but to all intents and purposes it is decidedly verse of yesterday only. She possesses a rather thin and conservative vein of poetry that manifests itself in an expression of the usual themes in the usual meters and with the use of time-honored clichés and phrases. It is the sort of poetry that used to be found in stray corners of our best magazines, lauding nature and sounding a lofty spiritual note. One of her best pieces is this sonnet to John Muir, the great naturalist:

Alone with God he climbed the yearning height,
Above Yosemite's entowered vale,
Where calm Sierra's snow-wrought banners sail
Close heavenward in streams of fleecy light;
'Mid sheltering trees he watched the winged flight
And hissing tumult of the maddened gale,
As, fierce, against the adamantine mail
It vainly battered with uproarious might.

And we, afar in lowly plains, have caught
The wild onrushing of his mountain storms;
Have swung and swayed in many a giant pine;
With him the quiet glacier fields have sought;
Have found his flowers of matchless hues and forms—
And heard him speak with Nature's voice divine.



Photo © Gustave Sabelfelt.

Church of St. Julien le Pauvré, Paris, in the Street of St. Julien le Pauvre, Last Rebuilt in the 12th Century.

Pity the Poor Working Girl



"So I decided to save that dollar a week."

By HELEN BULLITT LOWRY

HAVE you ever seen a gas stove that hangs in the air, attached to the chandelier, like some evil-smelling, flaring, spreading parasitic growth? No?

Then that's because you are a prudent forehanded ant who leased in the Fall. You have not investigated "single rooms with use of bath." You are not a detached female. But we who have frivoled the renting season through like the grasshopper, must dance now to keep us warm. For the ants who have leases are profiteering as they in the renting season were profiteered against—only more so.

They advertise in the paper "Furnished room for rent, refined surroundings." And up the Brussels-carpeted gaslit stairs of the made-over-into-apartments browns tone front we climb—the carpets growing thinner and more threadbare each flight—to find on the top floor that they've been stuck with that tired five-foot apartment at $100 a month and are trying to make some detached female pay forty of it for "single room with use of bath" and a chandelier stove.

At that we can forgive them. It is the privilege of ants. Maybe we'd do it, too, if we'd thought in time of being an ant. At least they aren't telling people that they are running a home for the benefit of poor working girls.

It was into such a home that I followed a trail stumbled on in an old Colonial furniture shop.

"We're selling these quaint old chairs for the benefit of our Home for Poor Working Girls" smiled the decorator, or whatever it is they call the saleswomen in such shops. And "Give me the address" breathed the detached female. If anybody was handing out anything for the benefit of detached females she wanted to be there.

I went. It was a polite address on a good street and they told me I could have a room with two beds in it for $19.50 a week, if I could get some other detached female to join me—and, oh yes, I must remember to be careful to keep the blinds at the front windows even, or else a fashionable rich neighbor might object. No, it wouldn't be any cheaper than that, because the Home was almost self-supporting. There were only the Bazaar and the Benefit Theatrical Night to help things out.

Oh, yes, and we mustn't forget that we would each of us owe the $3 club dues for our club membership. Don't want to join the club? That is compulsory. And we certainly must come to the club tea this afternoon. Tea is always served on the afternoons when the Board of Lady Managers is meeting—and one of the Lady Board members is going to contribute a chocolate cake this afternoon.

So that's how we learned first hand that Mrs. G. had given us her opera box for next Friday—to be auctioned off at the Bazaar.

We poor working girls squirm. It somehow seems a bit as if they are rubbing the benefits in. But then this is only the first day. Perhaps the benefits themselves will atone.

Suddenly a conversation more interesting than benefits reached my ears, for two Lady Board members are exchanging ideas.

"My dear, don't you realize how many of our perfectly dear sixteen-year-old girls there are who haven't come out yet. The little dears are just bursting to do something for somebody else—you know, until they come out. And there isn't any war any more to give them motor corps and that sort of thing—and they have so much time on their hands till they come out. So I've been thinking."—the brocaded Lady Board member who is speaking leans eagerly toward the more authoritative tailor-suited Lady Board member who is pouring the tea and dispensing the chocolate cake to the Poor Working Girls—"I've been thinking that what we want to do is to organize a junior chapter of our club for half-grown girls in business—such dear little girls, I just love them, and let our own dear little buds be an influence on them."

Suddenly the new member is signaled out for special gracious attention. "You're a professional woman. I wonder if you couldn't help us organize those dear little girls I see in the elevator over at your office building."

"But what do you want to do for them?" murmurs the puzzled new member. "I'm awfully new to this club, and so I don't exactly know what's the idea."

"You tell her," generously thrills the brocaded Lady Board philanthropist, turning to the authoritative one at the teapot (who speaks with a baritone voice). "You're so wonderful; you can explain it so much better than I can."

The baritone one pours out another cup of tea before she replies. "Patriotism is our purpose. We ask every girl to sign the pledge to uphold the existing order of things—to uphold the Constitution of the United States. We will organize the women of the city into bands of loyal citizens. Our propaganda has just been launched."

I climbed the stairs to my $19.50 a week room to prepare to indulge in "use of bath." But my high-ceilinged room was cold. One of the hot air registers did not function at all and the warmth of the other could not be felt a foot away. I read on the door the list of rules and the list of mottoes.

Detached women, it may be added, see a lot of printed rules and also a lot of printed mottoes.

Ah well! Colder grows my $19.50 a week room until I go downstairs and approach the House Mother, as I think, with politeness.

"The heat is not sufficient in my room, but I would not think of asking you to change your entire coal bill for my sake. What I would like to do would be to have a better gas stove put in at my expense. I will pay for the stove, of course, and for making the connections, and the gas company can compute how much gas my stove will burn—which you can put on my bill."



"The little dears are just bursting to do something for somebody else."

She turns on me the look that, I have learned, is reserved for Poor Working Girls by their benefactors.

"A matter of that sort will have to be settled at a meeting of the board. Probably I can get the matter taken up at the next meeting of the board—in a week or so."

Shivering, I ascend to my floor, along whose dark halls Working Girls flit like hacked miserable ghosts. "Soon," I meditate, "I, too, will wear that hacked and haunted look. It's a result of taking a bath under the sign, 'Leave this bathroom at least as you would like to find it,' while eyes rest on the wash rag hung under the label, 'This rag for use of washing out basin only.'"

Five people try "use of bath" as I bathe—however, the good bolt holds, so I cannot identify them. Whence come they? Does this house fairly swarm with Poor Working Girls? I glance into an open door as I come out. It is a dormitory with four white institutional iron beds side by side. At last I have discovered the benefit part. There is a place after all in the world where beds may be had for 50 cents a night. For this end will Mrs. G.'s opera box be auctioned. To this end will sub-debs be allowed to do "something for others."

Eagerly I ask the price of one whom I pass in the dimly lit hall. And I learn, "Nine dollars a week for one bed and two hooks in the closet." I follow my informant into the white bedded dormitory.

"Then why do you stay?"

With a discouraged gesture she sits on the side of her bed. "Don't you know how it is with women? haven't anybody to live with; get to feeling like you might be one place as another. You afford an apartment unless you expenses—and how can two women know they want to live each other a whole year? Suppose the other woman lost or got sick, I'd have to do whole thing. And, anyway can't get an apartment these unless you'll sign a lease."

Despair of the whole place round me like the breath of Poe tale.

"The only real trouble," on the bed goes on, "is awful hard on us the way Board bring their friends inspect us, like we were children. It's worse when happen to be in your room at that deep-voiced Lady Board ber say to some sable-clad 'Now, this is one of our rooms doesn't even pretend to mak cial thing of it and introd friend to me. And, when you at home they use the skele to open your door.

"I used to have a ten week single room, but that being shown off to the Lady friends got me so I didn't it was my private room any I decided to save that dollar

"You have to figure clo your meals when rooms are to get and so high." Her cy der out the window to the the Rich Neighbor, before doors a private guard paces less beat. "I guess the Lad knows how things are, and the reason they don't pay tention when we make com but just say, 'If you don't get out.' That's exactly wh said to me when I asked pe to use my electric iron, stopped asking for things.

Well, the Lady Board really got around to my c though one board meeting where, it seems, my requ tabled. And now I suppo never will do it, for my room now houses another Working Girl.

But I wish that I knew ho the Lady Board knew that I freeze for all that. In the the night I brought in an stove and between the times was breaking the thin laws house I kept it locked in my For the word had come through the underground tem, with which all organ run by blue laws abound. House Mother herself uses appliances, specifically heating plate and a toaster.

So now I'm going some where they are not going to me. I want a hall room and deller heater, where I can self in.

The door swung shut behi No longer a little sister of t I walked at last proudly private guard. A little doo in the Great House wall and lish butler peers out and bec guard.

I suspect that the thing not to be benefited by the to work for them.

f Noa Noa



A Ravalongan Maori.

American Museum of Natural History.

ty of
is an
sense
ts off
con-
ditions
spect
n this
ot be
ed re-
This
nature
oke's
ebru-

with its "white coral wall" of beach and its blue lagoon, but Mr. MacQuarrie chose to add nothing to this picture of Papeete as seen from the sea. He is more concerned with the town itself, as viewed from within—with "the cheerful, gay little Paris of the Pacific," the majority of whose citizens are half-castes of French and native origin.

Readers of "The Moon and Sixpence" will be glad to know, what they must have suspected, that Tiare Johnson was no creation of Mr. Maugham's imagination, but a very real person, widely known as Lavinia, who played a large part in the social life of Papeete. Mr. MacQuarrie sketches the history of this lady, whose real name he informs us was Louisa Chapman. He is a sympathetic biographer, for he knew her "pineapple tarts, rum punch and iced cake" which she loved so well to dispense during her life, and he was among those mourners who followed her ample remains to their last resting place. "And although it is possible to object to Mr. Maugham's choice of such a name for dear old Lavinia, his picture is wonderful, so wonderful, indeed, that I can imagine her throwing up her hands in horror if any one had been brave enough to lend her the book. Lavinia was an extraordinary combination of saint and sinner. She sinned in French and Tahitian, but was eminently respectable in English. She would have enjoyed a French translation of 'The Moon and Sixpence.'" Contributory evidence was given by Frederick O'Brien when he wrote that "Lavinia," as the natives called her, knew "all the gossip of the South Seas."

Travelers who go to Tahiti now cannot lounge over drinks in the Tiare Hotel and make the acquaintance of "dear old Lavinia" and gather Polynesian gossip, for she was among the first to die in the ghastly influenza epidemic that claimed the lives of one-third of all the natives of Papeete.

Her funeral was an impressive affair, far more impressive than the royal funeral of King Pomare as recounted by Gaugin in "Noa Noa." But the last appearance of Lavinia on earth, despite its solemn character, was lighted by a gleam of humor, which was no doubt exactly what the lady herself would have wished. The assembled mourners were standing around the coffin weeping, and among them was Hector MacQuarrie, who had cycled into town to attend the service. "Henry her nephew, much overcome, had tried to drown his sorrow in rum. He lurched over to me and said, 'Hello, Mac! Gee, it's a pity! But, Mon Dieu, she was as heavy as lead!' I tried to ignore this remark, which was disturbing to the mourners, but, thinking I hadn't heard, he shouted with a gay laugh, 'D'yer hear, Mac, she was as heavy as lead—a very good woman though; she's gone, but, my hat, she was heavy!'"

Those who remember Mr. Maugham's description of Lavinia will appreciate Henry's sentiments. With a few strokes the author of "The Moon and Sixpence" drew a portrait of her which, as a study in amazing obesity, can be compared only with the meticulous drawing of Mrs. Manson Mignott done by Mrs. Wharton in "The Age of Innocence."

There are many chapters in Mr. MacQuarrie's book that reveal new vistas of Tahiti to our eyes. We do not remember having found in any other place a precise account of the effect produced by "movies" on the Polynesian mind. Mr. MacQuarrie's account is animated and illuminating. But what an incongruity—movies in the South Seas! Then we read of the pearl divers who ply their trade under the inviting waters of the lagoon; of the conventions and license of a native hula-hula; of fishing as practiced in the Paumotos; of cyclones; and, last of all, of the terrors of influenza in Papeete.

It is a charming book, and one well calculated to disturb the contentment of any city dweller, but the idyllic life in the South Seas is not without its shadows—the shadows which have fallen upon the natives from the "White Peril." It is unfortunate that the white man should teach the native the vices and not the virtues of civilization, but the story is always the same the world over. The author of "Tahiti Days" sees in the invasion of Papeete by the white "the cold-blooded murder of a fine race," and he writes: "Men despise the native, and eat his wife and daughter; and be it whispered gently, the native does not mind—very much—just a little, sometimes." And Frederick O'Brien, writing of the Marquesas, has the same story to tell. "My last hour in the Marquesas had come. I should never return. The beauty, the depressingness of these islands is overwhelming. Why could not these idyllic, fierce, laughter-loving people have stayed savage and strong, wicked and clean? The artists alone have known the flower destroyed here, the possible growth into greatness and purity that was choked in the smoke of white lust and greed."

If we persist in destroying our Utopias, where shall we turn to find content?

Seeing Pennsylvania

SEEING PENNSYLVANIA. By John T. Faris, Member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania and of the City History Club of Philadelphia. With Frontispiece in Color. 113 Doubletones and two Maps. Philadelphia and London: J. B. Lippincott Company. $5.

MISS AGNES REPPLIER it was who, considering the hypothetical fate of Americana blotted out as they have blotted out the Indian, and forced like the red men now to live on reservations, cried out: "May Pennsylvania be the appointed territory!" It is a fair State, indeed, with its mountains and its rivers and its valleys, its wild scenic grandeur and the gentle loveliness of its rolling farm lands—a State of the greatest variety in beauty; and it is a State whose scenery is very little known.

The Horseshoe Curve we all know, the Delaware Water Gap, the lake at Eagiesmere; but it is a real service that Mr. Faris does his fellow-countrymen in introducing them to the soft loveliness of the Chester Valley, to the Alleghany uplands, the Penn's Cave, to the varied charm of Pennsylvania's watercourses great and small. These are to name only a few of the spots to which he invites the traveler. In "Seeing Pennsylvania" the author has sought to cover adequately the beauty and picturesqueness of a State that not only abounds in what is beautiful and picturesque, but that is a very large section of territory! The one weakness of the book is just that effort at inclusiveness that is a good thing in itself: It is such a big subject it was impossible not to handle some of it a bit sketchy.

The general outline of the book Mr. Faris gives in his preface.

Many even of those who live in the State have scant idea of the wonders there are off the beaten track of travel, and of the riches of historic lore waiting to be uncovered. In the spirit of the traveler who longs to share with some one else a new beauty he has found, or of the reader who is not content until he has asked a friend to enjoy with him a treasure discovered in a book, the author of "Seeing Pennsylvania" covets the privilege of sharing the joys Pennsylvania has been giving him, an adopted son, with others not natives of the State, as well as with those who have spent a lifetime within its borders.

For the pleasure of readers, as well as for the convenience of those who may wish to take the trips outlined herein, the State has been described in connection with eight distinct routes which may be traced on the map in this volume. Every county in the State is entered by one of these routes, a few counties by several routes. Each route is practicable for the automobile or for the foot traveler. Those who use the railroad will be able to cover approximately the ground described.

But while the volume is thus conveniently arranged for a possible guidebook, its interest as pure reading matter has not been sacrificed. It is a delightful book for the library. The quaint and picturesque stories from Pennsylvania's history, the tales that hang about little-known localities, are particularly interesting.

The routes are: along the Lincoln Highway from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh, by the National Road from Philadelphia to Wheeling and Pittsburgh; from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh by way of Reading, Harrisburg and the William Penn Highway; through the Pennsylvania Highlands from Harrisburg to Olean and Elmira, N. Y., and back to Harrisburg by way of Wilkes-Barre; along eastern waterways, the anthracite country and the Poconos; from Pittsburgh to Lake Erie and back; through the oil region and skirting the forest country—a round trip from Pittsburgh; and through the heart of the Black Forest, a round trip to the north of Altoona. The present reviewer confesses to being particularly charmed by the last chapter, and by the Black Forest country, where, Mr. Faris quotes an authority, "the scenery is easily the finest in the State."

The pictures that illustrate the volume are in themselves beautiful, but are not all well reproduced.

and the total impression is of simplicity and dignity.

The technical quality of the drawing as pencil work also is admirable; the line is both vigorous and light, and in spite of the faultless perspectives and accurate outlines, the freedom of the touch and the spirited transitions from light to shade keep the precision from asserting itself too obstinately.

Mr. Conant's brief history includes university triumphs leading to the traveling fellowship from Harvard in 1916-17 and later the Sachs Research Fellowship in Fine Arts of Harvard University. Most of the drawings in the exhibition were done on the extended tour provided by the latter fellowship. The foreword of the little catalogue says something of the conditions under which the drawings were made. They "were all done out of doors, and the small ones were completed, in general, in two or three sittings, and with the use of one or occasionally two grades of pencil. To this and to the sureness due to a thorough knowledge of the architectural subject itself comes the cleanness and certainty of the draftsmanship; but something of their freshness is due to the fact that they were drawn without preliminary studies or laying out by means of guide lines. They owe their atmosphere of light and sun to the artist's manner of presenting his building in the terms of its own shadows, using local tones and color value where it is to the advantage of the composition or texture of the picture."



Etching by Appian.

In Exhibition of French Landscape Etchings at New York Public Library.

There is no reminiscence of the Italian "caprice" in Mr. Conant's compositions. Vivid and free as they are, they take no liberties with the scene, and the classic feeling he puts into his rendering of light and shade even where it drapes the buildings of Segovia and Burgos, of Amiens and Rouen, suggests that the animation of contemporary life seen in contrast with the immobility of architecture will never appeal to him strongly. One would like to see what he would do with the Greek temples. He belongs rather to their family than to any Roman line.

Color Prints.

The color prints at the Knoedler Galleries are as much the art of the people as the prints of Ukiyo-ye. They were made to please the popular taste and to record daily events or the sentiment of the time. There was no claim on the part of the printmakers to an exclusively aesthetic aim, and the artists whose work was put into this popular and profitable form were pleased enough to have it so. As in the case of the Japanese printmakers, the engravers built up an art that has outlasted the contemporary appeal that is sought by collectors and occasionally is given a higher place in their estimation than original paintings. So far from being derogatory to the taste of the collector, this high esteem for the modest print is testimony to the power of good work to overcome a humble origin. Poor prints are as little esteemed as they are numerous, but no lover of art can escape the fascination of a roomful of color prints, etching, aquatint, stipple or mezzotint, when, as in the present exhibition, the plates have been engraved by masters of the art, the impressions are fresh and sharp, and the color restrained and delicate.

The name of the artist has less to do with the "importance" of the print than the scoffers who do not collect prints are fond of affirming. One of the most delightful and "wanted" prints in the exhibition—wanted, to be sure, very much on account of its rarity—is by an unknown British artist. The subject is one that still charms the savage soul, a little, flowerlike girl in the garments of the poor and performing the task of a drudge. She is a street-sweeper, and behind her stretches a line of London housewalls. The color is both soft and full, like dahlias seen through London fog. The young, flushed face, the brownish gray walls, the blue and red and brown of the jacket and skirt and apron—the appeal is direct. That is one side of British sentiment, opulently recorded by the eighteenth century masters.

Another side is represented by the Morland prints. "The Angler's Repast" is here, with blues and pinks and greens almost as discreet as those of Watteau's poetic palette, and with a beauty of compositional line equal to his. Follow it from the gallant swain and silken-skirted lady along its slow curve to the colored servant in the boat handing out the sturdy provender and note how astutely the artist has broken it with the chair about to be placed for the lady. It is a lovely picture, and withal a lusty note of English character in praise of outdoor life and food and drink and a certain traditional formality in pleasure-taking. William Ward engraves it, and whoever is responsible for the color had the finest distinction of taste. Then come the sporting prints, and we have the English tradition in full cry. Hare and hounds and horses! Tenderly modeled rounded hills of English country, warm green under an Autumn sky, the keenness of morning air, the excitement of the immemorial festival of killing. From all the prints we get a vivid idea of what went on in England in earlier generations, and they give us also the impression of a rather exacting ideal of criticism among a people who "knew what they liked." Within its range the color print was brought to a close approach to perfection, and those who are seeking to revive it at the present day must sit humbly at the feet of their predecessors.

A Genius, a Prodigy, a Fool and a Normal

By WINIFRED SACKVILLE STONER Jr.

HAVING been erroneously classed as a genius, I am always deeply in sympathy with young people who are dragged into publicity because they have accomplished a few things that so-called "normal" children have not done at a certain age. There is nothing more terrible for any child than to be put up as an example of precocity and to be expected to shine in all things and at all times. No so-called genius or prodigy can speak more feelingly on this subject than I, for the newspapers and magazines in Europe and America have given much space to discussions concerning my so-called precocity and my fate. All newspapers, I must say, have been most kind to me. They have overestimated my abilities and have not dwelt upon my faults, and I have found all newspaper reporters "delightful." But nevertheless I have suffered through publicity and so does every one who comes into the limelight. Ergo, my sympathies are with the Hardy boy, chief of the latest crop of so-called geniuses.

In my opinion, however, Edward Hardy is not a genius. He is just a healthy, happy boy who has been able to accomplish more than most boys of his age because his parents showed him how to play for a purpose, to have an aim in all he did from his cradlehood days until he fulfilled one big aim—that of being ready to enter college at the age of 12 years. Because of this accomplishment he may be called a prodigy in these days when most boys and girls of this age are not yet in the high school, but being able to pass college entrance examinations does not make him a genius. A genius is born. A prodigy is made by his parents and through his own efforts.

There is a narrow line between a genius and a fool, but a very broad line between a genius and a prodigy.

Let me try to explain myself: A genius in olden days was a sort of god who helped humanity. Later on in history the word "genius" was applied to one possessed of some great talent for music, art, oratory, war tactics, &c. In looking into the lives of all great musicians, artists, warriors, &c., we find that they showed tendencies to excel along certain lines in early childhood. Mozart played on his violin at 5 years of age better than Edward Hardy could play on the same instrument at 12 years. Mozart could not have passed college examinations at the age of 35, when he died, but Mozart's music will live forever. He himself was very unhappy and died in poverty, being buried as a pauper.

This is the fate of most geniuses who give us joy by their music, art, poetry. They give up their lives to one art. They cannot think in dollars and cents, they suffer far more keenly than the ordinary mortal, and they deserve crowns of glory; but I for one do not envy, only pity, them. And I for one believe that every right-minded Government should provide food and shelter for geniuses who have proved their worth. Genius should not be compelled to hitch Pegasus to the commercial juggernaut. The temperamental genius loses his inspiration when he must think of filthy lucre and shoes for his feet. He should be allowed to create beautiful songs and glorious paintings for us, and we should pay him for his services. But because he is so absorbed in his one line of thought he is sometimes called a fool, and verily in some ways he deserves the title. But not altogether, for a real fool thinks he is wise when he has no talent.

I remember spending a week with a great astronomer who was so absorbed in studying about the stars that his wife had to feed him with a spoon in order to keep him supplied with necessary nourishment. He dwelt upon the skytop as an authority about the stars, but he knew of nothing that was going on around him. He was a genius even as Mozart.

The prodigy, however, is a healthy individual given the right birthright of health and love, and having every thought and action aimed toward some worthwhile goal. Herbert Spencer was so trained by his parents, and so were Dr. Witte, John Stuart Mill, Professor James Thompson, Lord Kelvin, and the last crop of so-called prodigies, William James Sidis, the Berle children, the sons of Professor Weiner Daphne Allen, Fitzgerald Villiers-Stuart and your humble scribe—myself (not that I consider myself worthy of being classed with the truly great, but I am fortunate at the age of 18 to be the author of a number of published books, to have been on the lecture platform with many famous speakers, to have the record of having finished a prescribed college course at the age of 12, and to be able to earn my own bread and butter at an age when most girls are wholly dependent upon their parents for support).



Winifred Stoner Jr.

Anything that I have been able to do I owe to my early training, and I firmly believe that in a few years from now the normal child will be expected to be ready for life's battle at 18 instead of just beginning. At the present time children do not have a chance to become individuals, and to work for goals. They are put into machines and come out sausages instead of works of art. They suffer from repression and are not encouraged to express themselves as thinking beings.

The normal child is so called if he submits to repression and does exactly as his neighbor, accomplishing just so much in a certain time. The normal child is allowed to grow like any animal until he reaches a prescribed school age, and is then sent to school to have his surplus energy taken out of him and to learn how to walk, talk and act like every other boy and girl. Is it any wonder that there are so few really brilliant people in the world?

The crying need of today is for schools for parents rather than schools for children. When parents are taught how to care for their children from the mental-physical-spiritual-moral-aesthetical-financial standpoints, then any normal child will be ready for college at 12 years of age and every boy and girl will be self-supporting before reaching the age of 21. Now that women have the right of suffrage, they should help to make better citizens for this Republic through forcing the Government to have parenthood training classes in every city and every town of the United States.

The Land of Noa Noa

and touched with a virginity of sense."

In these islands one finds an abandon to the simple joys of sense—an abandon in which one casts off the acquired over-wrappings of conversation and the inhibitory traditions which are the legacy of circumspect ancestors. There is a chastity in this surrender to life that cannot be found in the sedulously practiced restraint of civilized societies. This joyful union of man with nature finds expression in Rupert Brooke's poems written at Papeete in February, 1914:

Come with the dawn, and come away!
Hear the calling of the moon,
Aradi the wh spering scents that stray
About the idle warm lagoon.
Hasten, hand in human hand,
Down the dark, the flowered way.
Along the whiteness of the sand,
Afar in the water's soft caress,
Wash the mind of foolishness,
Spend the glittering moonlight there
Pursuing down the soundless deep
Limbs that gleam and shadowy hair,
Or floating lazy, half asleep.

If the "foolishness" of which we are to wash our minds in Tahiti is the foolishness of civilization, Rupert Brooke is more restrained in his language than was Paul Gauguin. The painter who found happiness in Tahiti and who met death in the Marquesas wrote in a spirited reply to a criticism of Strindberg: "Your civilization is your disease; my barbarism is my restoration to health."

Mr. MacQuarrie, like his literary and unliterary predecessors, fell beneath the magic spell of the South Seas, and his book is a delightful interpretation of the sensuous simplicity and lavish beauty of Tahiti and the Paumotos. Like so many others, his visit to the islands resulted from vital necessity and not merely from a traveler's whim. His explanatory Foreword we must quote in its entirety, for it is a masterpiece in a periphrastic age:

> With an uncertain spot on one of my lungs, and feeling hopeless and ill, I went to the South Seas to get well. I did. H. MacQ.

Mr. MacQuarrie's initial destination was Raratonga, one of the group that bears the uneuphonious name of "Cook Islands," and that lie southwest of the Society collection. A short stay sufficed to turn the wanderer's eyes toward Tahiti. "It (Raratonga) is a lovely island, but it gets on one's nerves after a few weeks."

Aboard the Moana, the voyage to Papeete required two pleasant days. Many writers have described the entrance to the harbor town of Tahiti, with its "white coral wall" of beach and its blue lagoon, but Mr. MacQuarrie chose to add nothing to this picture of Papeete as seen from the sea. He is more concerned with the town itself, as viewed from within—with "the cheerful, gay little Paris of the Pacific," the majority of whose citizens are half-castes of French and native origin.

Readers of "The Moon and Sixpence" will be glad to know, what they must have suspected, that Tiare Johnson was no creation of Mr. Maugham's imagination, but a very real person, widely known as Lavinia, who played a large part in the social life of Papeete. Mr. MacQuarrie sketches the history of this lady, whose real name he informs us was Louisa Chapman. He is a sympathetic biographer, for he knew her "pineapple tarts, rum punch and iced cake" which she loved so well to dispense during her life, and he was among those mourners who followed her ample remains to their last resting place. "And although it is possible to object to Mr. Maugham's choice of such a name for dear old Lavinia, his picture is wonderful, so wonderful, indeed, that I can imagine her throwing up her hands in horror if any one had been brave enough to lend her the book. Lavinia was an extraordinary combination of saint and sinner. She sinned in French and Tahitian, but was eminently respectable in English. She would have enjoyed a French translation of 'The Moon and Sixpence.'" Contributory evidence was given by Frederick O'Brien when he wrote that "Lovinia," as the natives called her, knew "all the gossip of the South Seas."



A Ravatongan Maori.

American Museum of Natural History.

Travelers who go to Tahiti now cannot lounge over drinks in the Tiare Hotel and make the acquaintance of "dear old Lavinia" and gather Polynesian gossip, for she was among the first to die in the ghastly influenza epidemic that claimed the lives of one-third of all the natives of Papeete.

Her funeral was an impressive affair, far more impressive than the royal funeral of King Pomare as recounted by Gaugin in "Noa Noa." But the last appearance of Lavinia on earth, despite its solemn character, was lighted by a gleam of humor, which was no doubt exactly what the lady herself would have wished: The assembled mourners were standing around the coffin weeping, and among them was Hector MacQuarrie, who had cycled into town to attend the service. "Henry her nephew, much overcome, had tried to drown his sorrow in rum. He lurched over to me and said, 'Hello, Mac! Gee, it's a pity! But, Mon Dieu, she was as heavy as lead!' I tried to ignore this remark, which was disturbing to the mourners, but, thinking I hadn't heard, he shouted with a gay laugh, 'D'yer hear, Mac, she was as heavy as lead—a very good woman though; she's gone, but, my hat, she was heavy!'"

Those who remember Mr. Maugham's description of Lavinia will appreciate Henry's sentiments. With a few strokes the author of "The Moon and Sixpence" drew a portrait of her which, as a study in amazing obesity, can be compared only with the meticulous drawing of Mrs. Manson Mignott done by Mrs. Wharton in "The Age of Innocence."

There are many chapters in Mr. MacQuarrie's book that reveal new vistas of Tahiti to our eyes. We do not remember having found in any other place a precise account of the effect produced by "movies" on the Polynesian mind. Mr. MacQuarrie's account is animated and illuminating. But what an incongruity—movies in the South Seas! Then we read of the pearl divers who ply their trade under the inviting waters of the lagoon; of the conventions and license of a native hula-hula; of fishing as practiced in the Paumotos; of cyclones; and, last of all, of the terrors of influenza in Papeete.

It is a charming book, and one well calculated to disturb the contentment of any city dweller, but the idyllic life in the South Seas is not without its shadows—the shadows which have fallen upon the natives from the "White Peril." It is unfortunate that the white man should teach the native the vices and not the virtues of civilization, but the story is always the same the world over. The author of "Tahiti Days" sees in the invasion of Papeete by the white "the cold-blooded murder of a fine race," and he writes: "Men despise the native, and eat his wife and daughter; and be it whispered gently, the native does not mind—very much—just a little, sometimes." And Frederick O'Brien, writing of the Marquesas, has the same story to tell. "My last hour in the Marquesas had come. I should never return. The beauty, the depressingness of these islands is overwhelming. Why could not these idyllic, fierce, laughter-loving people have stayed savage and strong, wicked and clean? The artists alone have known the flower destroyed here, the possible growth into greatness and purity that was choked in the smoke of white lust and greed."

If we persist in destroying our Utopias, where shall we turn to find content?



...he dip is the Lagoon."

Seeing Pennsylvania

SEEING PENNSYLVANIA. By John T. Faris, Member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania and of the City History Club of Philadelphia. With Frontispiece in Color. 315 Doubletones and two Maps. Philadelphia and London: J. B. Lippincott Company. $5.

MISS AGNES REPPLIER it was who, considering the hypothetical fate of Americana blotted out as they have blotted out the Indian, and forced like the red men now to live on reservations, cried out: "May Pennsylvania be the appointed territory!" It is a fair State, indeed, with its mountains and its rivers and its valleys, its wild scenic grandeur and the gentle loveliness of its rolling farm lands—a State of the greatest variety in beauty; and it is a State whose scenery is very little known.

The Horseshoe Curve we all know, the Delaware Water Gap, the lake at Eagiesmere; but it is a real service that Mr. Faris does his fellow-countrymen in introducing them to the soft loveliness of the Chester Valley, to the Alleghany uplands, the Penn's Cave, to the varied charm of Pennsylvania's watercourses great and small. These are to name only a few of the spots to which he invites the traveler. In "Seeing Pennsylvania" the author has sought to cover adequately the beauty and picturesqueness of a State that not only abounds in what is beautiful and picturesque, but that is a very large section of territory! The one weakness of the book in just that effort at inclusiveness that is a good thing in itself: It is such a big subject it was impossible not to handle some of it a bit sketchy.

The general outline of the book Mr. Faris gives in his preface.

> Many even of those who live in the State have scant idea of the wonders there are off the beaten track of travel, and of the riches of historic lore waiting to be uncovered. In the spirit of the traveler who longs to share with some one else a new beauty he has found, or of the reader who is not content until he has asked a friend to enjoy with him a treasure discovered in a book, the author of "Seeing Pennsylvania" covets the privilege of sharing the joys Pennsylvania has been giving him, an adopted son, with others not natives of the State, as well as with those who have spent a lifetime within its borders.
>
> For the pleasure of readers, as well as for the convenience of those who may wish to take the trips outlined herein, the State has been described in connection with eight distinct routes which may be traced on the map in this volume. Every county in the State is entered by one of these routes, a few counties by several routes. Each route is practicable for the automobile or for the foot traveler. Those who use the railroad will be able to cover approximately the ground described.

But while the volume is thus conveniently arranged for a possible guidebook, its interest as pure reading matter has not been sacrificed. It is a delightful book for the library. The quaint and picturesque stories from Pennsylvania's history, the tales that hang about little-known localities, are particularly interesting.

The routes are; along the Lincoln Highway from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh, by the National Road from Philadelphia to Wheeling and Pittsburgh; from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh by way of Reading, Harrisburg and the William Penn Highway; through the Pennsylvania Highlands from Harrisburg to Oleau and Elmira, N. Y., and back to Harrisburg by way of Wilkes-Barre; along eastern waterways, the anthracite country and the Poconos; from Pittsburgh to Lake Erie and back; through the oil region and skirting the forest country—a round trip from Pittsburgh; and through the heart of the Black Forest, a round trip to the north of Altoona. The present reviewer confesses to being particularly charmed by the last chapter, and by the Black Forest country, where, Mr. Faris quotes an authority, "the scenery is easily the finest in the State."

The pictures that illustrate the volume are in themselves beautiful, but are not all well reproduced.

and the total impression is of simplicity and dignity.

The technical quality of the drawing as pencil work also is admirable; the line is both vigorous and light, and in spite of the faultless perspectives and accurate outlines, the freedom of the touch and the spirited transitions from light to shade keep the precision from asserting itself too obstinately.

Mr. Conant's brief history includes university triumphs leading to the traveling fellowship from Harvard in 1916-17 and later the Sachs Research Fellowship in Fine Arts of Harvard University. Most of the drawings in the exhibition were done on the extended tour provided by the latter fellowship. The foreword of the little catalogue says something of the conditions under which the drawings were made. They "were all done out of doors, and the small ones were completed, in general, in two or three sittings, and with the use of one or occasionally two grades of pencil. To this and to the sureness due to a thorough knowledge of the architectural subject itself comes the cleanness and certainty of the draftsmanship; but something of their freshness is due to the fact that they were drawn without preliminary studies or laying out by means of guide lines. They owe their atmosphere of light and sun to the artist's manner of presenting his building in the terms of its own shadows, using local tones and color value where it is to the advantage of the composition or texture of the picture."

There is no reminiscence of the Italian "capricci" in Mr. Conant's compositions. Vivid and free as they are, they take no liberties with the scene, and the classic feeling he puts into his rendering of light and shade even where it drapes the buildings of Segovia and Burgos, of Amiens and Rouen, suggests that the animation of contemporary life seen in contrast with the immobility of architecture will never appeal to him strongly. One would like to see what he would do with the Greek temples. He belongs rather to their family than to any Roman line.



Etching by Appian.

In Exhibition of French Landscape Etchings at New York Public Library.

Color Prints.

The color prints at the Knoedler Galleries are as much the art of the people as the prints of Ukiyo-ye. They were made to please the popular taste and to record daily events or the sentiment of the time. There was no claim on the part of the printmakers to an exclusively aesthetic aim, and the artists whose work was put into this popular and profitable form were pleased enough to have it so. As in the case of the Japanese printmakers, the engravers built up an art that has outlasted the contemporary appeal that is sought by collectors and occasionally is given a higher place in their estimation than original paintings. So far from being derogatory to the taste of the collector, this high esteem for the modest print is testimony to the power of good work to overcome a humble origin. Poor prints are as little esteemed as they are numerous, but no lover of art can escape the fascination of a roomful of color prints, etching, aquatint, stipple or mezzotint, when, as in the present exhibition, the plates have been engraved by masters of the art, the impressions are fresh and sharp, and the color restrained and delicate.

The name of the artist has less to do with the "importance" of the print than the scoffers who do not collect prints are fond of affirming. One of the most delightful and "wanted" prints in the exhibition—to be sure, very much on account of its rarity—is by an unknown British artist. The subject is one that still charms the savage soul, a little, flowerlike girl in the garments of the poor and performing the task of a drudge. She is a street-sweeper, and behind her stretches a line of London housewalls. The color is both soft and full, like dahlias seen through London fog. The young, flushed face, the brownish gray walls, the blue and red and brown of the jacket and skirt and apron—the appeal is direct. That is one side of British sentiment, opulently recorded by the eighteenth century masters.

Another side is represented by the Morland prints. "The Angler's Repast" is here, with blues and pinks and greens almost as discreet as those of Watteau's poetic palette, and with a beauty of compositional line equal to his. Follow it from the gallant swain and silken-skirted lady along its slow curve to the colored servant in the boat handing out the sturdy provender and note how astutely the artist has broken it with the chair about to be placed for the lady. It is a lovely picture, and withal a lusty note of English character in praise of outdoor life and food and drink and a certain traditional formality in pleasure-taking. William Ward engraves it, and whoever is responsible for the color had the finest distinction of taste. Then come the sporting prints, and we have the English tradition in full cry. Hare and hounds and horses! Tenderly modeled rounded hills of English country, warm green under an Autumn sky, the keenness of morning air, the excitement of the immemorial festival of killing. From all the prints we get a vivid idea of what went on in England in earlier generations, and they give us also the impression of a rather exacting ideal of criticism among a people who "knew what they liked." Within its range the color print was brought to a close approach to perfection, and those who are seeking to revive it at the present day must sit humbly at the feet of their predecessors.

A Genius, a Prodigy, a Fool and a Normal

By WINIFRED SACKVILLE STONER Jr.

HAVING been erroneously classed as a genius, I am always deeply in sympathy with young people who are dragged into publicity because they have accomplished a few things that so-called "normal" children have not done at a certain age. There is nothing more terrible for any child than to be put up as an example of precocity and to be expected to shine in all things and at all times. No so-called genius or prodigy can speak more feelingly on this subject than I, for the newspapers and magazines in Europe and America have given much space to discussions concerning my so-called precocity and my fate. All newspapers, I must say, have been most kind to me. They have overestimated my abilities and have not dwelt upon my faults, and I have found all newspaper reporters "delightful." But nevertheless I have suffered through publicity and so does every one who comes into the limelight. Ergo, my sympathies are with the Hardy boy, chief of the latest crop of so-called geniuses.

In my opinion, however, Edward Hardy is not a genius. He is just a healthy, happy boy who has been able to accomplish more than most boys of his age because his parents showed him how to play for a purpose, to have an aim in all he did from his cradlehood days until he fulfilled one big aim—that of being ready to enter college at the age of 12 years. Because of this accomplishment he may be called a prodigy in these days when most boys and girls of this age are not yet in the high school, but being able to pass college entrance examinations does not make him a genius. A genius is born. A prodigy is made by his parents and through his own efforts.

There is a narrow line between a genius and a fool, but a very broad line between a genius and a prodigy.

Let me try to explain myself: A genius in olden days was a sort of god who helped humanity. Later on in history the word "genius" was applied to one possessed of some great talent for music, art, oratory, war tactics, &c. In looking into the lives of all great musicians, artists, warriors, &c., we find that they showed tendencies to excel along certain lines in early childhood. Mozart played on his violin at 5 years of age better than Edward Hardy could play on the same instrument at 12 years. Mozart could not have passed college examinations at the age of 35, when he died, but Mozart's music will live forever. He himself was very unhappy and died in poverty, being buried as a pauper.

This is the fate of most geniuses who give us joy by their music, art, poetry. They give up their lives to one art. They cannot think in dollars and cents, they suffer far more keenly than the ordinary mortal, and they deserve crowns of glory; but I for one do not envy, only pity, them. And I for one believe that every right-minded Government should provide food and shelter for geniuses who have proved their worth. Genius should not be compelled to hitch Pegasus to the commercial juggernaut. The temperamental genius loses his inspiration when he must think of filthy lucre and shoes for his feet. He should be allowed to create beautiful songs and glorious paintings for us, and we should pay him for his services. But because he is so absorbed in his one line of thought he is sometimes called a fool, and verily in some ways he deserves the title. But not altogether, for a real fool thinks he is wise when he has no talent.

I remember spending a week with a great astronomer who was so absorbed in studying about the stars that his wife had to feed him with a spoon in order to keep him supplied with necessary nourishment. He dwelt upon the skytop as an authority about the stars, but he knew of nothing that was going on around him. He was a genius even as Mozart.

The prodigy, however, is a healthy individual given the right birthright of health and love, and having every thought and action aimed toward some worthwhile goal. Herbert Spencer was so trained by his parents, and so were Dr. Witte, John Stuart Mill, Professor James Thompson, Lord Kelvin, and the last crop of so-called prodigies, William James Sidis, the Berle children, the sons of Professor Weiner Daphne Allen, Fitzgerald Villiers-Stuart and your humble scribe—myself (not that I consider myself worthy of being classed with the truly great, but I am fortunate at the age of 18 to be the author of a number of published books, to have been on the lecture platform with many famous speakers, to have the record of having finished a prescribed college course at the age of 12, and to be able to earn my own bread and butter at an age when most girls are wholly dependent upon their parents for support).



Winifred Stoner Jr.

Anything that I have been able to do I owe to my early training, and I firmly believe that in a few years from now the normal child will be expected to be ready for life's battle at 18 instead of just beginning. At the present time children do not have a chance to become individuals, and to work for goals. They are put into machines and come out sausages instead of works of art. They suffer from repression and are not encouraged to express themselves as thinking beings.

The normal child is so called if he submits to repression and does exactly as his neighbor, accomplishing just so much in a certain time. The normal child is allowed to grow like any animal until he reaches a prescribed school age, and is then sent to school to have his surplus energy taken out of him and to learn how to walk, talk and act like every other boy and girl. Is it any wonder that there are so few really brilliant people in the world?

The crying need of today is for schools for parents rather than schools for children. When parents are taught how to care for their children from the mental-physical-spiritual-moral-aesthetical-financial standpoints, then any normal child will be ready for college at 12 years of age and every boy and girl will be self-supporting before reaching the age of 21. Now that women have the right of suffrage, they should help to make better citizens for this Republic through forcing the Government to have parenthood training classes in every city and every town of the United States.

THE WORLD OF ART: *Prints and Drawings*



"Le Repos."

From an Etching by Charles Jacque.

In Exhibition of French Landscape Etchings at the New York Public Library.

LANDSCAPE etching is generally known to have started in Germany, moved through the Low Countries and Holland to England, finally crossing the Channel again and appearing, fully developed, in France. When it reached the "Men of 1830" a new spirit entered it. These men, regarded as a school, came nearer than any to fulfilling Courtois's maxim: "Il faut savoir et rester naïve." They knew their tools and their craft and their deep intention and the nature they interpreted, with a knowledge no less profound that they used it with the utmost simplicity of appeal. They were not even sophisticated enough to mask their simplicity with the appearance of simplicity.

In the exhibition of French landscape etchings now opening at the New York Public Library the temperament of the different members of the Barbizon school who are represented affirms itself more impressively than that of any of the other etchers in the distinguished group. Corot began to etch at fifty, and there was no reason to expect from him the fresh attack of a young man upon his technical and artistic problems. Corot, however, was one of the men who die young at whatever age the bolt falls. His poetic landscapes, shivering in the delicate frostiness of early morning and April, lose amazingly little in losing color. He had no such technical resource as Charles Jacque, but he was not less able to stamp his delicate but muscular personality upon his rare plates.

Jacque was the master of the Barbizon group in the craft of etching. His plates show energy, grasp of essential truths, and the clarity of interpretation that signifies thorough acquaintance with the original. His remarkable little farmyard with its rustic building, its group of children, its advancing pig, its observant ducks, its flight of birds—how every line calls up the image of country life! He had, however, his more classic mood. Sheepfolds and farmyards must yield in beauty to the plate called "Le Repos," two young haymakers stretched at ease in the foreground of a fair landscape. A few lightly built trees give them shade. In the distance a hay wagon, heavily laden, moves ponderously, accenting their delicious idleness by its toiling wheels. A sickle is thrown on the ground in front of them, discarded. The girl's head is turned as though she heard the voice of Virgil crying: "Up! ye husbandmen! What joy to plant all Ismarus with the vine, and clothe great Taburnus with the olive!"

The classic spirit broods, in truth, over all the Barbizon men. It touches Daubigny gently in his "Soleil Couchant," the clumsy beast drinking thirstily at a stream, the young driver fingering his switch, a wide distance wrapped in the serenity of evening. Rousseau is more powerful in his portrait of a great oak, but with the exquisite tact of his school he lightens its massiveness by the blond tone of its deep foliage. Rousseau made only four etchings, so far as his contribution to that art has been made known, but his great qualities as a composer are shown as clearly in this tree portrait as in any of his paintings.

Appian's work follows appropriately that of the Barbizon group. He was the pupil of Corot and Daubigny, and his tree study was carried as far as theirs. He was more of a decorator, and each of his plates suggests a planning of spaces and masses, a considered disposition of ornamental detail. He could be delicate or bold, but he seldom was spontaneous. Nevertheless his drawing of denuded tree branches in Autumn called from Hamerton the comment that trees in nature reminded him of Appian more often than of any other artist. Appian was born at Lyons, and a southern character is seen in his work.

But the Barbizon men are not all. Here is their forerunner, Huet, large and sincere, creating atmospheric tone and building broad masses with small staccato touches. Bracquemond is here with the first state of "L'hiver," as dramatic as it is real, with all the mystery of wintry darkness in wooded places. Georges Antonin Lopisgich inherits romance from a Dalmatian father and strikes a new note with his sharp flashes of light and his absence of outline. All his work is dry point, and a penciled note on one of the prints "faire marquer beaucoup les scintillements dans l'eau" emphasizes what the plates themselves tell us of his preoccupation with sparkling contrasts.

Veyrassat is another name not too familiar in the history of etching. Landscapes with horses are his specialty. In one of the little plates exhibited a boy is lighting a pipe. Again we have a mood attuned to the Georgics, rural and peaceful, but with a heavy underlying strength and solidity. Mr. Wedmore calls Veyrassat's works "brilliant little performances: entirely sterling." There could be no more precisely by the foliage of the trees, a slim woman walking with an air of elegance along a narrow path—whom does it suggest but Gainsborough, the aristocrat of the British school, with his "Mall" and his "Morning Walk"? No print makes clearer the claim of its author to sustained attention.

Lepère, of course, is present. What collection would be complete without his sprightly good-fellowship? But landscape without abundance of human reference is not his strength. His "Croix du Bois Maçon" exhibits his vitality and love of action without the aid of eager figures, but it is not quite Lepère. Finally, we have Legros, generalizing, careful of his dignity, somewhat consciously noble, as though he felt continually the presence of those "fools" with whom he found it so necessary always to keep to his gravity. Legros is an imposing but not quite an impressive figure. In his finest plates we seem to read him in translation.

***

Pencil Drawings by K. J. Conant.

Kenneth John Conant is showing the notes of his European odyssey at the Harlow Galleries, pencil studies of architectural subjects found in France and Spain, profoundly architectural in the sense that an arch or dome, the perspective of a rose window, the proportions of a column, are more interesting to the artist than a casual flutter of foliage against a wall or the picturesqueness of a cobbled street. To be interested in large things is the best possible incentive to treating detail in a large way, and it is the breadth of the detail in Mr. Conant's drawings that captures the imagination. Not even a gargoyle entices him to meticulous description. His gargoyles and niches and fretted doorways and windows take their place with delicate distinction in the architectural whole.



Color Print by an Unknown British Artist.

In Exhibition at the Knoedler Galleries.



Court of the Palacio de la Diputacion at Barcelona, Spain.

From a Drawing by Kenneth John Conant.

In Exhibition at the Harlow Galleries.

accurate adjectives to apply to them. Leheurtre with more of the urban in his mental attitude toward landscape, Beardsley conventionally clear and calm, and then we come to Maxime Lalanne, whose modest fame has flickered for half a century and now is gaining volume.

A number of rather large plates represent him with only a fair approach to justice, but in the plate "Aux Environs du Paris" we have in full that quality of graceful distinction that belongs to him alone among his contemporaries in the French group. Tall trees, quiet spaces, a cool gray house, broad and clear and tall, with the balanced fenestration of its type, partly veiled

How I Tried a Servant's Job

By FAITH ELLEN SMITH

SOME months ago I discussed with a friend the old, old problem of the girl without money and out of a job. "It's all very well for you to talk about girls being able to keep straight if they want to," said the friend, "but what would *you* do if your usual means of making a living were to fail you?" "Do housework," I replied, "if worst came to worst." My friend ridiculed the idea.

Suddenly, not many days afterward, I found myself facing that identical situation. I thought back to our conversation with grim amusement.

I had once read an article in which the assertion was blithely made that houseworkers were better paid, for less work, than the majority of clerical workers, and I had wondered what it was about working in some one's kitchen that drove girls to work much harder and much less profitably behind some one's counter or some one's typewriter, and why the starving heroine of fiction was invariably driven to ruin rather than to domestic service as a last resort. Now, I had tried poorly paid office work and found it unbearably monotonous. So this seemed a good opportunity of proving to my friend that I had, mistakenly or otherwise, the courage of my convictions. Consequently I inserted among the "Situations Wanted" advertisements the following:

HOUSEKEEPER - WRITER, who must have some leisure for her own work; will keep house for couple employed. Please write full particulars.

The response to previous advertisements for the sort of work that I knew I could do exceptionally well had not been such as to prepare me for the volume of correspondence that awaited me when I passed my call check across the counter. I had known in a general way that there was a servant problem, but had not realized its extent nor foreseen that a goodly portion of the would-be employers of domestic help in New York would consider their homes ideal locations for a "writer who must have some leisure for her own work."

I had before me a striking practical illustration of the fact that this was the day of the worker—that brawn and not brains was the commodity in demand. My surprise mounted with the swelling tide of my replies. I found myself devoutly hoping that neither the yung man who was so nonchalantly tossing envelopes at me nor any of the other advertisers who were waiting for their own mail beside me had read and remembered the number of my advertisement. I staggered off at last with my collection, and, having found a sequestered and secret spot, perused letter after letter with mingled emotions.

Finally I got to the bottom of the heap. I had weeded out the letter from a widower with two children, whose intentions perhaps were matrimonial, the letter from a lonely young man who wished to meet and discuss mutual interests in literature and art, the letter from a college professor's wife who offered me $5 a week to ride out to a far end of the city each morning to do up her work for the day and serve breakfast to a family of four, and "assumed that I would breakfast before coming"—(she assumed rightly. I trust that I shall breakfast many times before coming!)—innumerable letters from people who wanted maids of all work in large families, or companions or nurses.

One letter interested me. A physician, whose wife was a teacher in the city schools, wrote that in his home I should have the entire day, from breakfast until dinner time, to myself. I went to call upon the physician and his wife forthwith.

Now, years ago, when I was head of a household and sundry Berthas and Maggies and Imogenes came to me on a like errand, I remember that they—especially the strong-minded ones—overawed me dreadfully. I hope that I didn't overawe my prospective employer. I should hate to think that two of us spent a miserable half-hour. Only the frantic efforts of a strong will kept me from fleeing before she opened the door, and only my immediate liking for her and her husband and their little six-year-old son—and, of course, the memory of my boasting—gave me the courage to state my errand.

Despite my extensive correspondence, I was somewhat surprised at the ease with which I entered that household. I was prepared to startle some few of my friends with a request for references, but Dr. and Mrs. O. accepted me at my own valuation without question. It was years since I had cooked—almost since I had looked into a kitchen, and I said so, frankly. They assured me that I could learn. I was not at all sure that I should find my strength equal to the demands that housekeeping would place upon it. They promised me that by judicious planning I could so arrange my work as to have not only time to write, but time to rest each day. They said that they did not want a servant.

Their attitude toward me both then and later was that of business people, engaging another business person to perform a piece of work which they would have been willing, had they been able, to do for themselves. It seemed to me that they had found a singularly happy way of dealing with the situation. And so it came about that I found myself embarked upon the humanly gratifying task of proving to my friends that I had told them so!

Dr. O's apartment boasted one of those "private room and bath" arrangements that look so well—on paper. It opened directly off the kitchen—which leads me to suppose that the architect of the building planned it with a special eye to the purpose for which it was to be used. I can only suppose that his sole experience with the genus maid was with the type of spare and vinegary spinster whom I remember as "living out" in small town households in the days of my youth. And even such of those ladies as he knew must have been diminutive ones.

I achieved in time a remarkable facility in stowing myself and my belongings away in my new quarters. In the morning, for example, when the cheerful tinkle of my alarm awoke me, I would stretch out one hand to close my window, and the other, through my bathroom door, to turn on the water for my bath. Then I would remove my garments from the closetette above my bed. (After a time I got so expert that I did not bring my whole wardrobe down on my head!) and finally, rising on the foot of my bed, I would dive, with a gliding, sideways motion, between the medicine closet that overhung my bathtub on the left and the set of shelves that abutted it on the right, submerging like a fugitive U-boat to avoid cracking my head on the washboiler that reposed across its further end. I got out of my tub with a series of handsprings that landed me in the middle of my bed again, and the feeling that I had combined a complete course of setting-up exercises with my bath. Surely a lady who has just finished eight weeks of "general housework" is entitled to employ some poetic license. That room was small, but it was clean and the bed was comfortable. I doubt that all girls working in offices or shops in New York City are housed as comfortably.



"I would stretch out one hand to close my window, and the other through my bathroom door to turn on the water for my bath."

My employers had occasion to exercise the patience that they had promised. I have come to the conclusion that housework offers more opportunities of making blunders than any other known calling, and that I made them all. I opened the ball by dropping a dozen eggs the first morning of my housekeeping career, and thereafter ran the whole gamut of possible and impossible mishaps. I have been unmercifully taken to task in a business office for less serious blunders; but Dr. and Mrs. O. had always a story of some like experience of their own to tell or some excuse to make for my stupidity. Mrs. O. said when I was about to leave them that she hoped they had not made me feel like a servant, and indeed they had not. Most of the time that I lived in their house I felt far more like a guest. I suppose that in that particular I was lucky. There may be few families like the O's, but surely there must be some.

Before I had been at my job a week, I had arrived at the same conclusion as every one else whom I have ever heard discuss the problem—that the chief fault to be found with the housework's calling was the hours. During my short experience as an office worker, I had begun my day at 9 and ended it at 5 with an hour's intermission for luncheon. My evenings and Saturday afternoons and Sundays had been entirely my own. I was doing unimportant, uninteresting work that could forget the moment that I closed the office door behind me.

Now, as a housworker, I found that forgetting my work entirely was apt to have disastrous results. I went out walking with my mental list running through my head to the constant refrain of "butter and bread and a bottle of cream." I tossed in my bed with nightmare visions of what would happen if I overslept and the whole family as a result were late for their daily appointments. The responsibilities of my job were ever present.

And so, it seemed to me, was my job itself. I suppose that office work and housework gave me about the same amount of leisure time. The nearest estimate that I was able to make gave me forty-three hours to devote to my writing each week as a housworker as against forty-nine that I had spent on it as an office employe. But my leisure time never came at peculiar hours. I couldn't go to a matinee, for example, and get home in time to prepare dinner, and I couldn't finish the dinner dishes in time to go to the theatre or much of anywhere else—in the evening. And Saturdays and Sundays, when I most wanted time to myself, were my busiest days. Mrs. O. is, as I have said, a thoroughly sweet and charming woman and at present I think that we are very sincere friends and I hope that this article is not destined to hurt her. She was wonderfully kind to me—kinder probably, than I should have been if our positions had been reversed. But she assumed that I should be willing to take care of the little boy each every evening in the week and all day Saturday, and she was inclined to resent my being absent from the house even on half days. I knew there was no reason for my being there. am not resenting her attitude; doubtless it is the attitude of the majority of housewives. But there, I am convinced, lies the crux of the servant problem. It is not an easy thing to give up all one's contracts with the outside world and shut one's self indefinitely within four walls. I suppose that there are more pleasant ways of spending an evening than sitting quietly at home with a book or one's sewing, and I believe that she must be an unnatural woman who would not be found dear little Bobby O's society preferable, at least, to the loneliness of a solitary tail bedroom. That, indeed, seems to me another argument in favor of the housekeeper's calling—the fact that every normal woman longs, deep down in her heart, for home life—for at least occasional touch of the homely domestic things of the world—the smell of cooking, the feel of warmth, and

(Continued on Page 23)



"Any of the other advertisers who were waiting for their own mail."



"The O. Henry heroine who is despairingly starving in here one."

A Great Singer's Problem in Real Life and Fiction



© Bradley-Peyton Studios.

Geraldine Farrar.

By GERALDINE FARRAR

THE Dangerous Inheritance" is a colorful composite of those elements involving romance, youthful ambitions, court secret, international intrigue and inevitable victory of love over obstacles, quite as we wish it in books as in real life. Miss Forrester has left her lovers on the enchanted threshold of the "now they are married" episode, and it is left for us to picture the later development of these two artists' menage according to our tastes and experience. I will try to create my version from the feminine point of view, since to my mind the woman has the double burden of her sex, as well as bearing a torch to distinguish her from the general humdrum existence of her fellow-sisters.

It is quite true that complete harmony of the heart and spirit must command itself more for the perfection of the vocal gift than perhaps any other, as it is so closely allied to physical and mental well-being. If a great author, sculptor or painter loses or abuses a physical complement, his brain may still create for all time an enduring masterpiece. The most frantic tension that imposes the wreck of the mind and body of the creator has often been the price of such the acclaimed masterpiece. Many such notable instances will arise to memory. Not quite so with the delicate music box of the lyric utterance. Deep sorrow, anger, hysteria, and exaggeration of any emotional mood, may instantly render useless that indefinable well of song; in other cases, one may rise above the accidents and emotions that are a part of every human being's heritage, and profit accordingly for many diverse reasons. To my mind, the employment of the singing organ is so delicately artificial and overstimulating that the question of dual harmony devolves more upon the understanding and forbearance of the man-mate than the woman, in the case of necessary tranquillity and happy companionship where the woman is the professionally gifted one, or shares a musical profession in common with her husband or artist companion.

That "genius is an infinite capacity for taking pains" is more than a casual utterance. Nature has so fashioned women that, born with decided ambitions to encompass a destiny outside the four walls of home, they are always to be handicapped (at some awkward physical moment, or as a result of some emotional condition) and often-times betrayed by themselves either for their welfare or undoing. The instinct of mating, of motherhood, the thousand and one feminine atavisms cannot be thrown lightly aside, because to the heritage one woman bears in common with her millions of sisters has been added a voice, or a definite talent for expression, making her a factor to be reckoned with, in addition to the more conventional problems that confront every member of the feminine gender.

Then arises the important question—are love and success compatible?

Theoretically—perhaps, yes.

Practically—one must examine statistics boldly to ascertain the percentage of real success. The most brilliant and beautiful woman pianist of our day (since died), found the highest artistic complement in the companionship of four artist husbands, but divorced each one in turn with no prospect of enduring happiness. The normal confines of her household (added to continual domestic temperamental cross-currents) included her care of five children, keeping the pot boiling as wage earner and pedagogue, when not flying from one continent to another as a fêted and successful public performer; all in all a life that subsequently killed her spiritually and mentally before her body actually died, yet left the male influences in her career alive, successful and brilliant until this day.

She once said to me:

"I have been all my life betrayed by my own emotions and desire for complete and real companionship, and I have never had what I hoped and worked for in it, though I have given to that purpose all my understanding and efffort."

Another great singer who has married but once, with no spectacular domestic background to her serious and splendid career, has often remarked to me:

"Marriage is a very serious problem, and doubly so for the woman artiste. Too often masculine domination influences the complete artistic independence—and the woman acquiesces to save her emotional strength and from the sense of her own necessity for masculine understanding and protection, though she may not acknowledge her capitulation as such!"

I venture this to be true in spite of the splendid emancipation in many channels of the modern woman. As long as she is woman, there are certain functions that no conditions can deny, and with which she will ever have to reckon.

Primarily, music appeals to the senses—and is born of them and for them. Hence, the overtrained, the uncontrollable domestic nerves, yet the controlled set one uses for professional purposes; the decidedly abnormal focus of one's own importance, the conceits, the intoxication and glorification of self—the bitterness of envy and the frantic search for continued prestige and power that is a natural enough flowering in the hothouse of such intense training and continued development of self.

I do not honestly know a present-day successful singer who is a real



Zola Forrester.

Author of "The Dangerous Inheritance."

or great musician, in the sense that is demanded of the instrumentalist. The facile gift, heaven granted, precludes preliminaries and studies for such. The singer's life is ephemeral. When his body dies, his gift departs forever. He has to "make haste." His is no gift to generations who will find comfort and inspiration on stone, manuscript or canvas. Singing is so personal, so self-absorbing and sensuous an indulgence that it is perhaps a wise omission that has not included too much cerebral attainment or power of retrospection. All music is indeed the universal language, for it need not be articulate to appeal, but song is an expressive form of self and one's self indulgences (i. e., moods, inspirations, temperament, mental visions). Whether it springs from one throat or a thousand, its iridescent and tremulous beauty ceases when the lips close. Hence the instinctive feeling of close possession and exploitation of the individual.

What Miss Forrester's heroine will evolve would prove a fascinating study. If it is truthful, based on actualities, will she grow to be an envious, ambition-ridden, middle-aged woman, clinging to a waning reputation, and changing her husbands as she changes her hair dye? Or will she accept certain unavoidable conditions age and nature may demand, in return for motherhood and in solving the problems of her immediate surroundings? Will she subjugate her love to the glory of her composer husband? For he will doubtless ask it as his right.

I know of a case where the union of a musician and his prima-donna wife was threatened, till the husband demanded and obtained the immediate retirement and subsequent professional obscurity of a woman whose absolute devotion made him a career built partly from her sacrifice. I never knew (she was so clever in handling it) whether she ever regretted so radical a step in the flower of her career. She was rewarded by silently enduring his many infidelities and sorrows as a matter of course, and the privilege of being the last to close his eyes in death. It would be interesting if one could probe her heart and its true reflections.

Each woman will doubtless handle the problem of "Love Triumphant Versus Success" as her individual needs and instincts order her, but I am rather inclined to believe that, in the end, nature herself will have much to say regarding this matter, and keep her, for all her artistic and professional peregrinations, more or less an adjunct to some male partner, as we are bound to believe the Creator intended.

Flying the Mails

(Continued from Page 6)

Washington route in Summer garbed only in their pajamas, of other pilots who read and write letters as they fly. Now and then it is said of a pilot that once he had to climb out on the wings of his machine and repair the fabric, torn to shreds by driving sleet or hail. Daily flight of the mails is the outstanding achievement of commercial aviation today. What of the organization back of the pilot and his plane? What has built up this complex system of trackless skyways? Surely it has required much training of personnel and perfection in the construction of airplanes.

In the Post Office Department in Washington hangs a map of the United States. On it are tagged the positions of all pilots and planes in operation during the day. Changes are made hourly. Weather reports are consulted and from Washington relayed in quick messages along the entire route. The entire service is kept continuously informed of all routine business and particularly of the presence of mail planes over that division.

At College Park, Md., pilots are trained and machines tested. The pilot must understand his business thoroughly before he is even considered for acceptance. By this means air mail officials are taking advantage of the training so many Americans received during the war. The chief of flying operations is a pilot. So, also, is the chief of pilot examination and chief of radio. The chief engineer is a pilot. These officials are familiar with airplanes and their uses. The examining officer has had more than 5,000 applications to consider for positions as pilots. From that number he has picked 2,500 for initial tests. Only 225 were appointed. Fifty of these have been summarily discharged for insubordination. They could not resist the temptation to perform stunts and thrill residents near the fields. They had failed to consider themselves as racing car drivers transferred to trucks, none the less important and involving just as much skill, but not so frisky.

Until recently a pilot received from $2,000 to $3,000 a year salary, the increase depending on the number of hours he had flown the mails. But the system was not practical. A pilot upon attaining the maximum flying time and realizing that he could receive no higher pay stood back or disappeared and permitted the younger men to take out his plane, thereby enabling the beginner to reach his majority more quickly. This so confused the service that schedules were often interrupted. The system was finally changed, all pilots receiving a base pay of $2,000 a year and 5 cents a mile for flying. Under this rate pilots now receive from $5,000 to $7,500 a year. But they do considerable flying.

It is by strict enforcement of the rules and providing the pilot with all known facilities for his work that the officials believe they are building up a service which will develop steadily until the entire country is one vast network of air mail trunk lines. They have proved the feasibility of flying the mails by carrying that hundred million letters this year.

The Protecting Sex

(Continued from Page 1)

man desires to hold his property free and clear of a dower right attaching, he has simply to incorporate, allowing the "company" to hold the real estate acquired in future.

Suppose, in the preceding case of the Smiths, Mrs. Smith owned the house. If she dies intestate, her husband gets "courtesy"—a right to the use of all—not merely one-third!—of the wife's real estate during his lifetime; he can continue to occupy the $25,000 house or rent it and pocket the entire proceeds. "Courtesy" exists only where there has been living issue born of the marriage; if there had been no child, the entire use of the house as well as the title would have passed to the wife's relatives; Feminists are united in holding "dower" and "courtesy" to be archaic and clumsy devices for the protection of the surviving spouse; they should be done away with and "homestead property" laws passed, with husband and wife possessing reciprocal rights in all property of the other, both real and personal.

In the matter of personalty, the law is the same for both goose and gander; husband or wife takes one-third, children the remainder.

But suppose Mrs. John Smith dies without will, leaving no children? John gets all the personalty.

If her husband dies, leaving Mary all alone, you would expect to find her similarly protected, wouldn't you? Not at all! The widow gets it all only in case it does not exceed the sum of $4,000; any excess she has to divide with his relatives—his father, if living; if not, his mother and brothers and sisters.

If an unmarried persons dies—son or daughter—the father takes all the personalty. If the father be dead, the mother is allowed to share equally with the brothers and sisters.

Turning to the sad page of delinquent wives, Mr. Saloman cites one belonging to a friend of his. The lady deserted the man for no reason at all, it seems, except she couldn't stand him any more, and declined to return.

"Had the shoe been on the other foot," says Mr. Saloman, "if he had left his wife, even if he had good and sufficient reason for such action, the law would regard it as a criminal move on his part, and he could be arrested as a common felon."

While it is a felony here in New York to desert a child, it is not a felony to desert a wife; and if a husband chooses to cross the river and live in peace there, curbing his impatience to see the Broadway shows until they come to Newark—he is safe; the law will not touch him. But if he has deserted not only wife, but children, he can be extradited in any State in the Union; if—aye, there's the rub—there is something in the case to excite the District Attorney's office, where complaints of defaulting husband are as common as blueberries in Maine. Moreover, the courts will certainly not compel a husband to support a woman who has deserted him without "just" causes; and until the blessed day of our own Judge Norris, in the Court of Domestic Relations—thanks be for her!—the courts have all been men.

I approach the moot question of alimony. Says Mr. Saloman:

It would seem that with divorce—the severance of the marriage copartnership—the obligation of one of the partners to support the other definitely ceases. But generally man is still liable for whole or partial support of one who has no equitable claim on him.

I submit this is not a fair statement, and in this my friend Bertha Rembaugh, one of our best-known woman lawyers, one who looks toward the advance not so much of womankind as of humankind generally, concurs. She holds that marriage should be regarded as a partnership, on the dissolution of which the rights of the parties to share should be determined on the basis of what each had contributed of value—tangible or intangible—during the continuance of their joint venture. If a wife has pursued no gainful occupation during her most productive years, but centred her energies on keeping house and rearing children, then if her husband goads her into getting a divorce so that he may marry the other woman, ought the wife to emerge penniless after those years of devotion to the interests of the husband who is hers no longer?

But if, on the other hand, a woman has made no concessions to her status of wife and mother; if she has never been anything but a hindrance and drain on her husband's resources; if she has been able to keep on steadily in her profession as a *feme sole*, she ought not to profit by the dissolution of the agreement. But as for "alimony"—in most instances it proves a furtive will o' the wisp, capable of review at any time and enforceable only so long as the man remains within the State. And, of course, it terminates at a man's death and is not binding upon his estate.

The League of Women Voters, now spread nation-wide, has formed a Committee on the Unification of Laws, which is at present engaged on a survey of the laws in all States affecting women and children, marriage and divorce, property and descent and all other interests affecting the lives of home dwellers. After they have digested their findings they will make recommendations to their various Legislatures.

Meanwhile, if any member of the truly downtrodden sex feels himself insufficiently protected under our present New York code let him ponder on the fact that no mere woman, with husband, brother or son to love, had a hand in the drawing of it.

So why, Mr. Samuel Saloman and others—why pick on us?

Women and Citizenship

By ANNE O'HAGAN SHINN,
Editor, Bulletin of the Women's City Club of New York.

IN the article by Samuel Saloman, published in THE NEW YORK TIMES on Dec. 12, the author asks, in effect, whether it is not time to deprive women, now that they have received political enfranchisement, of certain privileges which they have had while unenfranchised. He thus raises the question of the whole status of women in law and in social custom. Are divorcées, for example, being possessed of both the ballot and alimony, unduly pampered? Should wives, now that they have the right to vote, expect support from their husbands?

Mr. Saloman is not alone in asking what effect upon woman's standing in the law enfranchisement has had, from what disabilities it has automatically freed her, and what disabilities still remain from which she must still work to free herself. The Women's City Club of New York, for example, has made these questions, as far as they apply to the State of New York, the chief subject of discussion in its next Quarterly Bulletin, to be issued in January. Women's present position before the law as citizens, as industrial workers, as civil service workers, as offenders against the Penal Code, will be treated by experts in each line. Any one who has been led by Mr. Saloman's article to believe that women have entered, with enfranchisement, upon a perfect debauch of privilege without responsibility, need only read the City Club's Bulletin to correct that belief and to learn many of the actual facts as these exist in New York.

It is unlikely, however, that many persons have been stampeded into such a panic by Mr. Saloman's article. Its most interesting feature for most readers must have lain in the inevitability of the approach of its author to a common ground with the most advanced of the feminists. At first glance, to be sure, Mr. Saloman seemed rather in the surly, peevish mood of the small boy whom the maternal will has compelled to admit his sister to his games:

"All right, then, but if I have to let her play ball with me and Jimmy I'm going to break her old dolls. What does she want her old dolls for if she's got to play ball all the time with me and Jimmy?"

This youthful temper may have been the underlying reason for Mr. Saloman's outgivings. But it was necessary for him, in order to camouflage mere futile ire with the semblance of mature logic, to advocate—what? Complete economic and social independence for women, their full and open acceptance as personally responsible individuals instead of merely as adjuncts—daughters, wives, mothers—to the men of a male hierarchy! For once it is admitted that a wife should owe to her husband exactly what he owes to her—and this is what Mr. Saloman is actually contending for—woman has been placed where the most ardent champions of feminism have been struggling to place her. If she owes her husband what he owes her, she must have the same economic and social freedom to gain the means to meet her responsibility. She is no longer the ward of her nearest male relative or of her husband, but an individual responsible for all her undertakings, even for the support of her family when she establishes one.

But political enfranchisement of women by itself does not mean such complete recognition of women, as even Mr. Saloman will confess, if he sincerely studies the laws of the various States instead of steeping his soul in the melancholy letters of anonymous and unconvincing "Elderly Husbands." Enfranchisement has not yet meant even unqualified citizenship. American women are not American citizens if married to aliens. As for Mr. Saloman's claim that woman is unduly pampered in the marriage-and-property laws—every instance he adduces is an instance in real estate property. He makes no mention of personal property—stocks, bonds, cash and all belongings which do not fall under the head of real estate.

A wife's right of dower pertains to real property only. The dower right assures a wife of a life interest in one-third of the real estate her husband owns during his life. In New York State, at any rate, a husband may not by will dispose of his real estate so as to deprive her of her right to that one-third of it. He may, of course, leave her all of it. If he dies without a will, however, she is entitled to only her dower right. His children, his father, his mother, his brothers and sisters are his heirs if he dies intestate. He may, however, bequeath all his personal property, all his stocks, bonds, money and valuables, exactly as he pleases, and unless his widow can prove fraud or undue influence in the making of the will, she cannot obtain possession of a cent, no matter what her labors meant to her husband in the acquiring of that property.

A husband's courtesy right in the real estate of a wife dying without a will is a life interest in all her real estate, provided a child has been born of the marriage. The child may have died before the wife, but if the child was ever born to the couple the husband's courtesy right is a life interest in the whole of his wife's real property, although she may by will bequeath it otherwise.

In view of this plain statement of the law, how disingenious—not to use a shorter, uglier word—is Mr. Saloman's statement: "Men for ages had been penalizing themselves voluntarily in the interest and for the benefit of the other and alleged weaker sex. So long as women were content to acknowledge in effect inequality, to some degree claim dependence upon the other and stronger sex, men willingly assumed what are now felt to be unjust burdens."

"Men for ages had been penalizing themselves voluntarily in the interest of the weaker sex" by taking complete possession at marriage of everything their wives possessed. "The law allows it and the court awards it." Gradually, slowly, inch by inch—infinitesimal bits of property protection for wives were won until in law today a man who has not had the forethought to put his savings into stocks and bonds is actually obliged to allow his wife a life interest in one-third of his real estate! It is, truly, a situation to wring groans and tears from a champion of the rights of men like our friend, Mr. Saloman.

"The man," quoth Mr. Saloman, reciting the heavy list of injustices under which his sex labors now that Mother has said that Susie must be allowed to play ball with Tommy and Jimmy, "in return for the privilege of voting and holding office—obligates himself to yield up his liberty, his welfare and his life if need be that the State may live. He is liable to jury duty— In the dread hour of war he is called to the colors—"

Jury duty is an unfortunate thing for Mr. Saloman to have named as one of the grievous burdens man is forced to bear which woman frivolously escapes. Woman wants to do jury duty! Woman does jury duty in many places. Wo ing for the right to everywhere, and dea in the persons of wom court on charges of privèd of its constitu judgment by a jury woman is not every to jury duty!

As for the good ment—do we actually after the war? For States may enter up vide soldiers in the sons, for the birth whom they risk th provide equally with which pay the cost of vide workers for mun without which wars prosecuted; they pro the wounded. Some died in the actual country. Mr. Saloma ticularly aid his cau may be!—by bringin old argument out again.

But, as has been man, perhaps whether he is tendin with the feminists. T tained that the posit was intolerably con the laws relating based, in a modern an ly free age, upon th of women's wardshi fathers, to the head o which they were bor bands or the head of which they were ancient sale-of-woma marriage, the moder tween-equals theory and the romantic love of marriage have feminists—and the seem to be about it with them—twisted into one of the mo tangles of law and cu able. Alimony, of co on the theory that woman had made a which involved the s woman, she paying fo her labors. But the put their hands to thei of marriage as a me hood. Marriage was a souls!

Breach-of-promise ac and grotesque as they of course Mr. Saloma ually acknowledge, 'out theory that marriage w for life support on the for life service on the every feminist is heart in advocating the swift to the rubbish heap o tered odds and ends from Roman law and and Salic law which ke in law a subject class, they have partly emerg

In some sections of woman has emerged which Mr. Saloman mu Iowa, for example, th the family and the edu children are chargeab property of both husbe and in relation thereto sued jointly or separatel ana a wife obtaining a property must contri tionately with her hu support and education dren and to the househ In Nevada a wife must husband out of her sepa when he has no sepa and they have no com and where he is not petent to support himse rule prevails in New such legislation should to the heart of a M spokesman for men wh have been penalizing voluntarily for the be alleged weaker sex." brings cheer to the wo decades had assumed a sibilities and burdens struggling to obtain eq privileges.

Trout Stories

TROUT FISHING MEMORIES AND MORALE. By H. T. Sheringham. New York: Houghton Mifflin Company. $4.

NOT often does one find an Englishman, expert at dry fly fishing for trout, writing chapters on eels and bait lures. Such an expert Englishman, when he turns author, usually scorns even the wet fly, extols the feathered floater as the sole medium of real art on the stream, and abuses the worm caster or ignores his existence.

But Mr. Sheringham, who is the angling editor of Field and ought to know how to behave before an audience of fishermen, is unashamed of his misdeeds. He baited hooks as the sentences (and his fish, too—who knows?) to suit the taste of his readers.

Anyway, the angler who can't learn something and get many new thrills from the book will not be found hereabouts. Four pounders splashing in the River Kennet! Eight pounders plopping on the glassy surface of a chalk stream! It is a relief, every now and then, to discover an unexciting page where the author digresses for observations about wild flowers, birds, the weather, and other unnumbered side interests that accompany the inexact science of hooking trout.

Travel and Adventure Here and Abroad

A SPRING WALK IN PROVENCE. By Archibald Marshall. New York. Dood, Mead & Co.
IN BERKSHIRE FIELDS. By Walter Prichard Eaton. Illustrated by Walter King Stone. New York: Harper & Bros. $3.50.
IN LOWER FLORIDA WILDS. By Charles T. Simpson. Sixty-four illustrations and two maps. New York: G. P. Putnam's Sons. $3.50.

THESE books form an interesting trio. Mr. Marshall forsakes the accustomed material of fiction for the material of personal adventure; Mr. Eaton, widely known as a critic, appears as an amateur naturalist; and Mr. Simpson, a naturalist by profession, undertakes the duties of an author. All three volumes are studies in place, to include them in one general category, but they clearly reflect the different viewpoints, and the divergent aims of their authors. Mr. Marshall lingers in historic churches in Old Provence; Mr. Eaton seeks birds, woodchucks and foxes in the Berkshire fields; and Mr. Simpson dwells with enthusiasm on the geologic history of Florida and the Florida keys.

It was fortunate for Mr. Marshall, and for his readers, that he began his walk through Provence as early as he did, for a slight delay would have ended in an indefinite postponement of his proposed journey, as a result of the outbreak of the war. As it was, he left Provence at Easter-time, 1914, and the account of his Spring pilgrimage was finished "under the shadow" of the great conflict. The publication of the book was delayed, and now, after six years, it comes to us as an echo from a peaceful and leisurely past.

In the old days there were two routes by which the average tourist was accustomed to enter the land of the troubadours. One was from Paris via Lyons; the other was through Orleans to Nimes. Usually, however, Avignon and Arles were mere shadows for the energetic traveler whose objective was Marseilles, and who sought the speed of the express from Paris. Mr. Marshall scorned these conventional avenues of entrance, and chose Mentone, the popular Winter resort in the Department of the Alpes Maritimes, as his point of departure. Thus he marched into Provence from the east, and his route was one of steadily increasing interest. It was just the itinerary that a practiced novelist, with a just sense of balance and sequence, would map out for his own pleasure.

Journeying from the mountain-girt village of Sospel to Draguignan, the author passed through Grasse and Fayence. From there to St. Maximin, and on to Aix, the road led over historic ground, for it was between St. Maximin and Treta that Caius Marius won his immortal victory over the tribes of the Cimbri and the Teutons two thousand years ago. Aix was Mr. Marshall's first important objective. "Once at Aix, one would be in the thick of it. Avignon, Nimes, Arles, and a score of points of interest lie within a few miles of one another. When I reached this rich and crowded corner, the adventure of walking through an unknown country would take second place."

After reaching "the French Athens" in a torrential downpour, Mr. Marshall took full advantage of his desirable location and filled his days with journeys on foot to the most historic towns and cities of Old Provence.



Saintes-Maries, the Fortress Church.

From "A Spring Walk in Provence."

In the great majority of instances Mr. Marshall's descriptions are successfully convincing. It is only occasionally that there is undeniable vagueness which leaves the reader in some doubt as to the exact nature of the object he is expected to admire. The wealth of material from which the author had to draw is apparent. His narrative is studded with quotations from travelers who had preceded him over the ground, and with local legends that he found clinging about the ancient ruins and buildings that he sought.

Mr. Marshall has produced a book that is interesting and quietly entertaining, but it is not one that will add to his reputation as a writer of finished prose. The book bears the marks of hasty composition, of a haste that has resulted in an occasional slovenliness and a frequent awkwardness of expression. Consider, for example, the following sentence: "This charming book of Mistral's and his poems give more of flavour of Provence than anything I have read, and the link between our times and his was not even snapped by his death on the day I walked through the country that he wrote more particularly of." One wonders how an experienced master of English could be capable of construction so clumsy as this. Faults of this kind in Mr. Marshall's book are the more apparent because they stand out sharply against a text which is, in the main, written with facility and grace. If the whole were an inferior product, one would be disposed to pass over blemishes, but "A Spring Walk in Provence" is possessed of too many admirable qualities to allow the flaws of carelessness to pass unnoticed.

The writer who loves Spring beauty need not travel so far as Provence for material to satisfy his pen, as Mr. Eaton demonstrates in his delightful book, "In Berkshire Fields." But Mr. Eaton is a lover of all the seasons, and he takes as much joy in the quiet, passive loveliness of a Winter landscape as in the more animated beauties of the Spring. The scene itself is not sufficient for Mr. Eaton; it is in the multitude of small creatures that populate the woods and fields that his interest chiefly lies. He has written of the birds and animals of the Berkshires with an accuracy perfected by long observation and with a sympathy arising from sincere affection. His charming descriptions are accompanied by the exquisite illustrations of Walter King Stone. It is seldom that one finds a book in which author and illustrator have directed their efforts so harmoniously toward a single end. Mr. Eaton and Mr. Stone have looked from the same viewpoint upon the same objects; the difference between their interpretations is one of medium only.

Mr. Eaton's skill in translating to the written page the perfect union of animate and inanimate nature may, perhaps, be best represented by the following passage:

> There is a special lure, like that of nothing else, about the shallow margin of a pond, where the shadowed woods come down to throw their reflections over the still, dark water, reflections broken by lily pads and rushes, where pickerel-weed grows, and water lilies, and white arrowhead; or about the sandy margin of clean water lapping in, tiny wave on wave; or about a quiet river wandering between banks of clematis and balsam apple, dogwood, and jewelweed, and under grained arches of drooping willows, bending as the earth waves deflect it into the mystery of the concealed landscape. No small part of such charm, surely, is in the bird and animal life, the snapper plopping from a log, the darting wraith of a pickerel in the weeds, the bittern's boom, the spotted sandpipers tipping a salute as they show off their speckled shirt-fronts on the little beach, the wailing kingfisher overhead, the heron sailing with slow wing-beats down the river aisle. When we lose them how much is lost!

Mr. Eaton makes an eloquent plea for the preservation of the creatures that he loves so well. Keenly aware that all persons do not share his affection, he dwells at length on the economic importance of maintaining the "balance of nature." "When we allow our cats to indulge in their favorite pastime of bird destruction, we are, in the majority of cases, doing vital injury to our crops and gardens, for many birds live entirely on weed seeds and agricultural pests. When we read that the sparrow family alone saved our farmers approximately $89,200,000 in a single year, the importance of preserving certain bird species becomes apparent to the least sentimental among us. There are a few outlaws in the bird kingdom that deserve extermination, but there are many, like the crow, that are not so objectionable as is generally imagined." "Crows are neither all bad nor all good; they are the most human of birds." The question of bird protection is one that should engage the attention of a larger number of persons than it does

Of the three volumes under consideration the one by Mr. Simpson will exert the least general appeal. This is through no fault in the author's style, but is due simply to his choice of subject. Only those with a geological bent will find a vital theme in the physical history of the Florida peninsula; and a still more limited company will share the author's enthusiastic interest in arboreal snails. The man who reads for entertainment only will not derive much joy from the information that "Several of our Littorinidae, marine gastropod mollusks with spiral shell, gills and an operculum" or lid that closes the aperture, live, for the most part, on land near the sea." Mr. Simpson has written on subjects that he loves. He has written well and he has presented his material in as popular a form as was possible, but the reviewer would be failing in his duty if he did not warn the casual book-buyer of the scientific nature of this volume with so attractive a title.

For more than twenty years the author has studied the flora and the fauna, the geologic evidence, and the geography of Florida. His book is the product of his long sojourn and many experiences in the wilds, and in it he advances answers to many important and perplexing questions.

The Shang Yue's Sword

(Continued from Page 7)

the temple when the big General would inspect the company. And we all felt very elated, indeed.

"Captain Fung was very late. We could see he had again drunk much wine and he looked very sullen and wild. He began swearing and abusing us and was getting very angry and still more angry when suddenly the command came from the Major, who commanded the ying—the battalion: 'Lee—Ching! Syanyo-khan—Chee! * * * Attention! Right dress!'

"And we did as we had been bidden.

"'Syanjin—khan! Posho! * * * Front, count off!'

"And we beheld the General and many other officers approaching.

"'Too—Chang!'

"And the battalion placed their rifles on their shoulders and stood still like the idols in the temple.

"And the big General came along, dressed in the light blue uniform which is worn on big occasions only, and he had much gold on his shoulders and a white plume on his cap and his belt shone with gold. And with him were many other high officers, some of them wearing the red band around their cape, indicating that they belonged to the Tsang Mo Peng Poo—the General Staff—and officers of the cavalry, with white facings, and others of the artillery, with yellow collars and those of the kung-ping, the engineers, whose collars are black. And the Major in command of the battalion joined the General, walking on his left side, and we beheld how Captain Fung, with his sword, saluted, when the big General came along.

"The very little one was the third man in the front rank and he beheld how the Major suddenly became very red in his face and how his eyes bulged and how he made a face like a water-devil, but only for a wink-with-the-eye-lash-time, when he looked at Captain Fung. And he made a sound very similar to that one a cat makes when she is about to sneeze and he looked very hard at the Captain Fung. And the General, too, looked at Captain Fung very hard indeed, looking very much surprised, and looking at Captain Fung and at his sword and the Captain did not look happy. The little one could see this very plainly. And he beheld how Captain Fung began to sway instead of standing still like an idol in the temple as befitted a soldier-tiger.

"And the General stroked his tiger-mustache and spake thus to the Captain: 'Verily, Captain, you look very bloodthirsty. I am afraid you will kill me if I stay here long, as well as you have killed others this morning!' * * *

"And Captain Fung looked very bewildered and swayed where he stood and did not make answering speech. And the General continued, while a great smile spread all over his face and he turned toward the Major, whose face was of the color of plum and spake thus: 'Major, does this Captain never clean his sword or does he keep the blood of his enemies on the blade to show his valor?'

"But the Major did not make answering speech, but stood very stiff and erect and his face turned the hue of purple.

"And the General, having probably heard of the ill manner Captain Fung treated his men, spake thus: 'Captain Fung, if you kill men, then at least you ought to wipe the blade of your sword. Look at it! * * *'

"And when the Captain looked at his sword, verily there were bright red spots on the blade. But they were not of blood, for they were of red paint which Wang had dabbed on the blade when the Captain had thrown the sword in the schoolroom. * * *

"And the General made big laughter and so made the Major and so made all the other officers who accompanied the General, and even we men could not hold any longer and had to make noises very weird to hear.

"And Captain Fung, as was his habit, took his sword and threw it on the ground and trod on it and turned round and began to run away very fast indeed as if the enemy would pursue him. * * *

"And, according to Hung, who is an attendant in the house in which the Captain Fung lived, Fung packed his belongings into a trunk of camphor-wood and ordered a carriage and drove to the station of the railroad which leads to Nanking, telling Hung to report to the Major that he had fallen sick and that his aunt had died and that his second wife had come down with two sons and that he had to travel to Manchuria and that he had to resign his commission and that his pay should be sent to his cousin who is a big official in Woo-Chang.

"Yes, honorable one, this is the true story why Captain Fung left the army, and now we men are very happy indeed, for Mr. Wei has been made our Captain and the Captain Fung is sitting in a small cell with a table before him on which are many papers and brushes, and he is working very hard trying to become a civil-mandarin, and the Target-God will surely assist him.

"And the honorable literate and writer of books on philosophy will never, never tell any one why Captain Fung had to leave the army?

"Hai, hai, and the day is a very warm one. A cattle of rice-wine would be very good to drink. * * *"

Many New Careers Open to Women



"No certainty of throwing off the shop at closing hours and turning into a butterfly at sunset, unless you are willing to spend all your life at $25 a week."

CAREERS FOR WOMEN. Edited by Catherine Filene, Director Intercollegiate Guidance Association. Boston and New York: Houghton Mifflin Company. $4.

A MIGHTY thought-provoking work is this "Careers for Women," though it is compiled with the merely practical purpose of furnishing, as the publisher's jacket says, "a complete and authoritative guide to the vocations open to women," and though it contains such hand-book particulars as directions on where to study for a particular job and the lines along which to work after you get it. Miss Filene's method is easily detectable after you have read a few chapters. She apparently sent out a questionnaire to certain carefully selected women who had made a success in their respective lines, and asked each similar, if not exactly the same, questions. However, as they all answered according to their own sweet will, there is variety enough and to spare in the style and matter.

At first the reader is overwhelmed by the size and stoutness of the book and the immensity of its table of contents. He knew, if he knew anything about the subject, that woman's field had been greatly widened, but he did not know it had become so extensive. He knew, for instance, that women managed cafeterias, and is not surprised to find the fact here set down; but as his eye roams over that amazing table of contents and finds such professions as "The Foreign Resident Representative," "The Vocational Adviser in Colleges," "The Director of a Clothing Centre," "The Plant Pathologist," &c., the range of women's occupations begins to astonish him, and her, too, if that is the reader's sex.

The astonishment is modified, however, or at least takes a different direction, on closer examination. The majority of these occupations are not specifically occupations for women, they are occupations for men as well. So the size and variety of these lists do not mean that woman's entry into the outer world has created occupations which she only can fill, or which she can fill better than men, although that is true in many cases; it means in general that women have begun to do pretty much everything that men do, at least in the intellectual field. Miss Filene confined her inquiries to vocations open to college women or at least to college and high school graduates; and the high school part is omitted from the consciousness of some of her contributors, for instance, the writer on "Women in Railroad Service." This is Pauline Goldmark, manager of the Women's Service Station, United States Railroad Administration, who answers as if she understood that only occupations for college graduates were of interest. Many of the other writers, notably the newspaper editors and writers, disregard this implication in Miss Filene's questionnaire, and their answers give information of value to all bright girls, whether from college or high school or self-educated.

Each of these successful and energetic women writes necessarily from a different standpoint. It goes without saying that they write with enthusiasm about their own professions, because they would not have succeeded unless they had enjoyed the work and thrown themselves heart and soul into it. But there is a certain unity in all of them; the advice they give does not differ in the main points. Each of them warns the girl reader that she must spurn delights and live laborious days. There is no royal road to success. Miss Filene evidently asked each of them to state the "disadvantages" of her work, and practically all of them answer that the disadvantage is that you have to work long hours and that you must be ready for the call no matter at what hour it comes. No certainty of throwing off the shop at closing hours and turning into a butterfly at sunset, unless you are willing to spend all your life at $25 a week. The big rewards are not for you unless you are willing to make your work the main thing. In most of these occupations you live like a fireman, ready to wake and slide down the ladder when the alarm sounds.

It would not be quite true to say that all of them dwell on this arduousness or on easy and pleasant work. "The Beekeeper," for instance, Letitia E. Wight Jr. of the School of Horticulture for Women, Ambler, Pa., says that "beekeeping means very active and delightful outdoor work for at least six months of the year." But these are exceptions, few in number. Most of them write of twelve months' hard work in the year, which if measured by regular office hours might be considered as fifteen or sixteen months. Questioned as to the "advantages," the answer is so general as to be almost uniform. The advantages consist in the work itself, the stimulus and pleasure afforded by contact with the world at its most interesting points. This answer is varied in a hundred ways—the designer goes to Paris to pick up ideas, the buyer meets and rubs against keen minds, but it is always the day's work that brings the intellectual pleasures. Always this is qualified by the statement that only the girl who likes these intellectual returns need hope for success. If it is merely the trip to Paris for its own sake that appeals to her, for instance, she will never go to Paris, for she will never become a successful designer.

Often this is implied rather than said, but it is the inescapable lesson. If you mean to use your business merely as a pot-boiler, while your real aim in life is fun or social recreation, you won't win out. Miss Filene asks each contributor to state the "financial returns" of her work, and in some cases the answer is as high as $10,000, but that $10,000 never goes to anybody except the one who is enthusiastically willing and even anxious to live like a fireman and turn night into day whenever necessary. Such a woman must be ready to live like the man who goes from his dinner at home down to the office to work at night. You have seen him, young ladies, in the movies if you have not met him at home in the person of Dad.

"Women who plan to enter the newspaper field," says Dorothy Pratt, Sunday editor of The Waterbury American, "must also make up their minds not to expect any treatment different from that which men accord one another. A woman is no different in this respect because she is a woman." But she adds, with that same sense that the apparent disadvantages of a profession are its real advantages to one who is fit for it, "One of the most delightful features of women in newspaper work is the comradeship between them and the men with whom they work." Katherine Barlett, who writes an admirable article on "The Reporter," includes among the "disadvantages" the fact that "a reporter is like a doctor and when necessary must work without regard to time." But she, too, finds the intellectual return to be the offsetting advantage:

> As a reporter you will come in contact with all sorts of people under all sorts of conditions. You will go among them as a privileged spectator, in everything but not of it. You will see a little at least of the stripped machinery of life. If these things do not seem to you more than sufficient compensation for the disadvantages, keep away from newspapers. If they do, try it, and perhaps you will agree with Kipling that it is the greatest game in the world.

The extent to which women are entering into competition with men on their ground is strikingly shown to the reader of this interesting book, for as has been said, few of the occupations enumerated are exclusively for women and the qualifications described for the beginner by the women at the top differ slightly or not at all from the qualifications demanded of men in the same lines. There are a number of occupations in which women, as a general thing, are obviously better fitted for the job than men. The number of new occupations created by the new conditions of life, too, is surprising. An example is "The Visiting Housekeeper," described by Emma A. Winslow, which is so new that Miss Winslow is not able to state "the upper limit of advancement" as yet, though she gives as a personal opinion that $2,500 may fairly be regarded as the present limit at the top. The work today is "in its pioneer stages," she says.

Another new profession is that of "Educational Director in Stores," described by Bernice M. Cannon, who holds such an office in William Filene's Sons Company, Boston. It is not so new, however, but that there are three schools which train girls for it, the names of which she gives. She is also able to give definite figures concerning the "financial returns," which range from $1,200 or $1,500 at the start to a maximum of between $4,000 and $5,000 later on—that maximum, however, having been attained as yet by only a few persons.

What has here been written is a mere dip into a book of wide range. It continually suggests that more and more professions will come within the reach of women within the next few years. In fact, one or two of the writers outline occupations which they regard as certain to be thrown open to women almost immediately and give directions to girls concerning the proper preparation for them. Differently as the various authors write, there is uniformity in one respect—in the brisk, snappy, pungent way in which they push their points at you and make you see the picture.

MONUMENT TO GEORGE ROGERS CLARK



Photograph by Ward. © Dorr News Service.

This Memorial to the Hero of Kaskaskia and Vincennes, the Soldier Who Saved the West and Southwest in the War of the Revolution, Has Been Presented to the University of Virginia by Paul G. McIntyre of Charlottesville, Virginia. The Sculptor is Robert Aitken.

Court Life in Old Japan

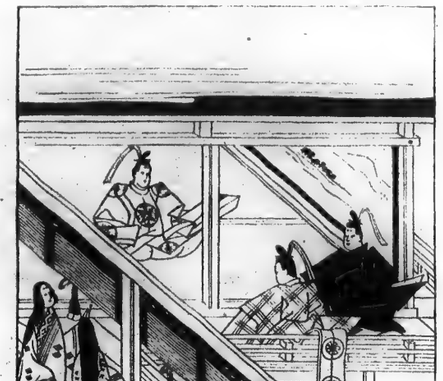


Court Dress of Military Official.

DIARIES OF COURT LADIES OF OLD JAPAN. Translated by Annie Shepley Omori and Kochi Doi, Professor in the Imperial University, Tokio. With an introduction by Amy Lowell. Illustrated. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company. $5.

THIS book is a window let into the wall of a far age in a far-away land — a window delicately tinted by the sensitive consciousness of three daughters of Nippon, whose intimate confidences furnish the magic key by which it is opened.

The game of whoever peers through this window confronts the arresting spectacle of the highly developed civilization that flourished in the Land of the Rising Sun when all Europe was engulfed in the blackness of her darkest ages. While the earliest of the Sagas published in this unique book was being written Richard the Unready was struggling to keep Danish barbarians



"Diaries of Court Ladies of Old Japan."

"In the daytime courtiers came to see him."



"The Lady got up and saw the misty sky."

from overrunning an island which is now called England and King Canute had yet to issue his orders to the unheeding sea. Five hundred years later still Christopher Columbus fruitlessly sent letters addressed to "The Emperor of Japan" into the interior of Cuba. As Miss Amy Lowell points out in her introduction to the book, it gives us pause to reflect that the earliest Japanese prints were almost as many centuries ahead of our Indies of the diaries as they are behind us.

The time at which all three of the intimate personal journals reproduced in this book were written is known to academic Japanese historians as the Heian period, which commenced in 794, when the capital was moved from Nara to Kioto ("City of Peace"—"Heian-jo") and lasted till 1186. Our ladies lived right in the middle of this period; the date of the first entry in the earliest diary is 1002 and the latest in any of them is 1059.

The author of "The Sarashina Diary," whose name is unknown, although her father was Governor of a province, jotted down her first observations at the age of twelve and her last after passing her fiftieth year.

The other two diarists were named Murasaki Shikibu and Izumi Shikibu. They were not related. Shikibu is a designation of rank, not a surname. Murasaki was the first realistic novelist of Japan as well as the brightest star in Queen Akiko's entourage. Her magnum opus—the Gouji Monogatari, or "Narrative of Genji," an enormous work of fifty-four books—still survives. Her personal journal covers a period of some three years of her life.

Izumi is considered the greatest woman poet of Japan. (In passing, it may be noted that at the time she lived much of the best literature of that country had been written by women.) Izumi is the author of seven volumes of poems, her diary being the only prose writing left by her. It is the shortest of the three—merely a record of her liaison with a prince.

The literary quality of the three diaries is extremely high. They would all be eminently readable if written only yesterday. Added to the enjoyment of their intrinsic merits is the fact that they present a faithful picture of the Court life of the times as well as some singularly striking contrasts between three women of totally different temperaments.

No three women could reveal more completely varying characters than the authors of these diaries have done in their day-by-day records of their thoughts, emotions and activities. The reader is the confidant of their most profound emotional experiences, and he finds compressed into a three or four line lyric the very essence of their philosophies.

The author of "The Sarashina Diary," a gentle, poetic nature, lived from childhood through maturity in a kind of dreamland of her own creation. As she herself writes, "I dwelt in the romances from morning to night, and as long as I was awake. The only thing that I could think of was the Shining Prince who would some day come to me, as noble and beautiful as in the romance." Eternal maiden dream! Never was it more pathetically unrealized. Wistfully she waited from year to year, but only once does the gleam of hope illumine the dreariness of her life, and then only for long enough to make her loneliness more bleak after its passing.

Thus death, or parting, separates us
each from the other,
Why must we part? Oh, world too
sad for me.

At a Court function she slips out of the imperial audience room to listen in the moonlight to the sweet-voiced reciters reading sutras, and, lo, the Shining Prince of her dreams appears.

He spoke gently and quietly. There was nothing about him to be regretted. "Who is the other lady?" he asked of my friend. He said nothing rude or amorous like other men, but talked delicately of the sad, sweet things of the world, and many a phrase of his with a strange power enticed me into conversation. He wondered that the should have been in the Court one who was a stranger to him, and did not seem inclined to go away soon. * * * And he asked us, "Which captivates your mind—Spring or Autumn? On which stays your mind?"

My companion answered in favor of Autumn and I, not being willing to imitate her, said:

Pale green night and flowers all
melting into one in the soft
haze—
Everywhere the moon, glimmering
in the Spring night.

So I replied. And he, after repeating my poem to himself over and over, said: "Then, you give up Autumn? After this, as long as I live, such a Spring night shall be for me a memento of your personality."

A few pages on in the diary occurs the following entry:

In the next year one tranquil evening I heard that he had come into the Princess's Palace, so I crept out of my chamber with my companion, but there were many people waiting within and without the Palace, and I turned back. He must have been of the same mind with me. He had come because it was so still a night, and he returned because it was noisy.

I yearn for a tranquil moment
To be out upon the sea of harmony,
In that enchanted boat.
Oh, boatman, do you know my
heart?

So I composed that poem—and there is nothing more to tell. His personality was very excellent and he was not an ordinary man, but time passed, and neither called to the other.

The artistry of that poignant entry is no greater than the author displays throughout her diary, particularly in her numerous and exquisite appreciations of natural beauty. She writes, of "a very beautiful beach with long-drawn white waves," of a mountain forrent the water of which was "white as if thickened with rice flour" and of a mountain range, "like folding screens with good pictures."

I saw that mountain far towards
the west. It towers up painted with
deep blue, and covered with eternal
snow. It seems that it wears a
dress of deep violet and a white veil
over its shoulders. From the little
level place of the top smoke was
going up. * * * The Fuji River
comes tumbling down, * * * I think
that the gods assemble there on that
mountain to settle the affairs of each
new year.

Or again, "the stream, rushing headlong, boiled up like molten metal and then shattered into crystals."

Murasaki Shikibu's style and the subject matter of her diary are as different from that of the "beautiful, shy spirit whose life had known much sorrow" as were their characters and lives. The poems exchanged on fans between the Court gentlemen and fair ladies of her pages are more often sprightly than sad. Murasaki was a woman of the world, as captivating as she was shrewd, a critical observer and an unerring reporter, as would naturally be the case with a nation's leading realistic novelist. As a critic of modes and manners she presents a clearer picture of the customs of the Kioto Court than is to be found in either of the other diaries. She describes at great length, for example, the ceremonies that attended the birth of a son to Queen Akiko. Some parts of this description are decidedly "strong meat," as are some of her other passages dealing with nights of carousal among the nobles of highest estate. It is interesting to note that the dance of the "Long-Pleasing Son," witnessed and reported by Murasaki, was performed by Court nobles of Japan in 1915 at the coronation of the present Emperor of Japan at Kioto. The author of the second diary makes frequent humorous and frank comments on his very youthful Royal Highness.

Sometimes the Honorable Infant did a very unreasonable thing and wet the Lord Prime Minister's clothes. * * * The dancing before the King had begun and it was very delightful, when the voice of the young Prince was heard crying beautifully. The Minister of the Right said flatteringly that the August Child's voice was in accord with the music.

In describing the Prince's nurse, she writes: "She was perfectly tranquil and grave and a good example for the young Prince." At the time of the entry the aforementioned "August Child" had not quite at-



"His Highness came in a humble palanquin."

(Continued on Page 27)

Mr. Masefield's Yarn of a Steeplechase

A Review by
RICHARD LE GALLIENNE

RIGHT ROYAL. By John Masefield. The Macmillan Company. $1.75.

THAT so good a poet as Mr. Masefield should be "popular" is of good omen, speaking well for the general health of the reading community. In spite of democratic opinion to the contrary, the best in poetry, or in any given poet, will always be caviare to the general. The poet is essentially a priest of the universe; he is an aristocrat, a dweller in the ivory tower, however successfully on occasion, he is able to emerge from his solitude and persuade the common people to hear him gladly. Such popular acceptance usually depends on some gift subsidiary to his finest gift. It may take the form of some spiritual, moral or philosophic message not too difficult to grasp. In Mr. Masefield's case it is mainly a gift of story-telling, combined with an implicit optimism of outlook, which, for all "the sad sincerity" with which his work has been wrought, is unmistakably there, together with a swift descriptive gift of men and things, a flying touch of beauty, lighting up the face of things, like sunlight on a day of southwest wind. For all that, Mr. Masefield has his ivory tower, glimpses of which are to be caught in all his poems, but chiefly in his almost painfully intense sonnets. This reviver of the hearty narrative method of Chaucer, bard of the fox hunt and horse race, is one of the loneliest and saddest of poets, and, though the "realists" and "modernists" claim him for their own, no recent poet is more directly in the masculine English tradition, and none has drunk more deeply at all the wells of "English undefiled."

Most poets have various moods and "messages," not necessarily consistent, or to be taken too solemnly, after the canting "psychological" criticism just now so much in evidence. Mr. Masefield's current pre-occupation is with what Wordsworth called "joy in widest commonalty spread," happiness on the simplest terms, as found, to employ the cant phrasecology of the hour, in "the group" pleasures of men and women. What multitudes of people have found pleasure in doing together for generations must have something very worth while in it, however superior "intellectuals" may smile contempt. I have little doubt that the Pre-Raphaelite poets, individually, would have found "the Derby" as exciting as any costermonger. Rossetti and Morris were both robust enough in their tastes. But they did not conceive it their business as poets to make a poem of it. They found mettle more attractive in Helen of the Tower and other kindred themes; just as a Greek poet, however brilliant a tour de force he might make of a chariot race, would consider the story of Antigone or Oedipus one of loftier and more lasting significance as a theme for song. Similarly this story of a steeplechase entitled "Right Royal," however well done, and it could hardly be done better, is a tour de force compared with "Dauber," "The Everlasting Mercy," or "The Widow in the Bye Street," not to speak of those sonnets already mentioned.

Mr. Masefield endeavors to make something of a symbol, as well as a picture, of his horse race, by philosophic parentheses and rather incongruous interpretations of the states of mind of "Right Royal's" rider, as the fortunes of the race veer this way and that and by Homeric suggestions of the Unseen "Watchers" of the race, et cetera; for, as I said, it is his merit always to have wrought with a sad sincerity. Fortunately, as with Emerson, himself from God he cannot free—even at a steeplechase. And in a new preface to "Reynard the Fox," he, with characteristic seriousness—would it be unkind to say self-consciousness?—makes this rather un-Chaucerian announcement of his poetic purpose—which, at all events does no harm, though some of us might prefer to enjoy so objective a poem without so subjective a gloss: "When people are happy together, I am quite certain that they build up something eternal, something both beautiful and divine, which weakens the power of all evil things upon this life of men and women."

Surely the age must be deadly serious and even solemn-owlish that cannot watch a fox hunt, or a horse race, without having them related, by hook or crook, to the Eternal Verities! However, Mr. Masefield's poetic "purpose" need not trouble those who prefer to take their poetry simply, without the aid of textbooks, for it in no way interferes with our enjoyment in his poetic achievement. For the benefit of those who have not read "Reynard the Fox," it may be said that "Right Royal" (the name of the horse hero of the poem) opens, after the Chaucerian manner, with a prologue introducing the various persons, human and equine, interested in the steeplechase, owners, riders, trainers, bookies and the several "entries" for the race, together with the general mis-en-scène of a race course, and to give a general idea of Mr. Masefield's method, I cannot do better than quote the opening descriptions of the human hero and heroine of the race—"Charles Cothill and the golden lady, Em," Cothill, as the result of a dream, having risked his all on "Right Royal," which he himself is to ride.

An hour before the race they talked
together,
A pair of lovers in the mild March
weather,
Charles Cothill and the golden lady,
Em:
Beautiful England's hands had fash-
tioned them.
He was from Steine, that manor up
the Lithe;
Riding the Downs had made his
body blithe;
Stalwart he was, and springy, hard-
ened, swift,
Able for perfect speed with perfect
thrift,
Man to the core, yet moving like a
lad.
Dark, honest eyes with merry gaze
he had,
A fine, firm mouth, and wind-tan on
his skin,
He was to ride and ready to be-
gin. . . .
She was a golden lady, dainty, trim,
As like the love time as laburnum
blossom.
Mirth, truth and goodness harbored
in her bosom.
Pure colors and pure contour and
pure grace
Made the sweet marvel of her sing-
ing face:
She was the very May-time that
comes in
When hawthorns bud and nightin-
gales begin.
To see her tread the red-tipt
daisies white
In the green fields all golden with
delight,
Was to believe Queen Venus come
again,
She was as dear as sunshine after
rain;
Such loveliness this golden lady had.
All lovely things and pure things
made her glad.
But most she loved the things her
lover loved,
The windy Downlands where the
kestrels roved,
The sea of grasses that the wind
runs over
Where blundering beetles drunken-
from the clover
Stumble about the startled passer-
by,
There on the great grass underneath
the sky
She loved to ride with him for hours
on hours,
Smelling the seasoned grass and
those small flowers,
Silkworts and thymes, that grow
upon the Downs.
There from a chalk edge they would
see the towns:
Smoke above trees, by day, or spires
of churches
Gleaming with swinging wind-cocks
on their perches.

One can certainly say of such lines as these, as Mr. Masefield says of his lovers: "Beautiful England's hands had fashioned them." If ever poetry was steeped through and through with England, "that dear dear land," the England of Chaucer, Spenser, Shakespeare and Milton, it is the poetry of Mr. Masefield. It is as much hers as her lawns and downs and hedgerows, as her cuckoo, her lark and her nightjar, her church towers and thatched cottages, that seem as much a part of "nature" as the fragrant countryside in which they are set. And it is the kind of poetry that England has been writing for centuries and that no other country has written.

How English, too, is the description of all the motley crowd come "to see the races"—I have but space for a line or two:

Then came cabs from the railway
stations,
Carrying men from all the nations.
Olive-skinned French with clipp
moustaches,
Almond-eyed like Paris apaches;
Rosy French with their faces shinin
From joy of living and love of di
ing.
Oregon men of six feet seven,
With backs from Atlas and hea
from heaven.
All kinds of bodies, all kinds
faces,
All were coming to see the races.
Coming to see Sir Lopez run
And watch the English having the
fun.

Sir Lopez was "first favorite against which Right Royal was considered to have the ghost of a chance. The horses themselves all individualized with a skilled tou or two, and all the preparatory and expectancy, alike behind scenes in the stables and in the wa ing crowd, with its humors:

Then came dogcarts and traps an
wagons,
With hampers of lunches, pies an
flagons,
Bucks from city and flash youn
bloods,
With vents "cut saucy" to sho
their studs;
Hardluck Towler and Spicey Ran
dom
Tooled in style in a rakish tandem
Blood Dick Haggit and Herti
Askins
Had dancers' skirts on their horse
gaskins;
Crash Pete Snonce, with that gi
of Dowser's,
Drove a horse that was wearin
trousers;
The wagonette from The Old Pi
Head
Drove to the tune "My Monkey'
Dead."

In such spirited fashion Mr. Mas field lays his scene and draws h character. The tense drama to fo low I must leave the reader to wat for himself.

Once the Kaiser's Court Painter

By GEORGE PALMER PUTNAM

DECORATED by rulers of two empires, Major Wojciech (Albert) Kossak, a cavalry officer in the new army of the even newer Republic of Poland, renounced his titles before coming to America a few weeks ago. He even went so far as to have the decorations melted up to give the precious metal to the Polish National Treasury. Major Kossak has kept, however, one decoration, that of the Legion d'Honneur, conferred upon him by the French Republic in recognition of his art. Nor in this the first time he has cast aside honors from royalty. Major Kossak is the only living court painter in captivity to have voluntarily thrown up his job.

History records at least one similar instance, when, in 1540, Benvenuto Cellini, court sculptor to Charles V. of Germany and Spain, left that ruler in a huff after throwing his chisel at the Emperor's feet.

At a great gathering at the Castle of Marienburg on the shores of the Vistula in 1901, Wilhelm, then German Kaiser, called upon all "Knights of the Black Cross to join hands in a holy war against Polish arrogance and impertinence." Some Polish children under Prussian rule had dared to pray in their native tongue, which was "verboten." Teachers beat several of them to death and the Kaiser ordered the insurrection which followed put down with great severity and cruelty. For eight years Major Kossak had been court painter to the Kaiser. He resigned the next day.



"The Rout of the Red Raiders."
By Albert Kossak.

But not until Poland became a republic did he chuck up his orders of knighthood. The honors and titles conferred by the Kaiser included the Order of the Prussian Crown and the Order of the Red Eagle. Decorated by the late Emperor of Austria-Hungary, with whom he had ridden to hounds, he consigned to the melting pot the Order of the Iron Cross of Austria and the Order of Franz Josef.

"You wonder why France decorated the Kaiser's court painter?" Kossak asked of me, his rugged face lighted by a humorous smile. "It is an amusing story. It almost—what do you say?—got the Kaiser's goat.

"At Wilhelm's direction I painted for various of his favorite regiments scenes from battles famous in their regimental histories; battles of Napoleonic, Franco-Prussian and other wars. Usually I pictured the French victorious, though the Prussians were always courageous; or, if it could not be otherwise, and the French must be in retreat, their heroism was a fine thing to see on the canvas. I was honored by France with that greatest of all decorations, the Legion d'Honneur. Perhaps it was for my painting of Napoleon on his famous white charger."

Kossak painted the Kaiser on several occasions.

"I have an interesting snapshot of Wilhelm on horseback," said Kossak. He brought forth from a photograph album the picture reproduced with this article, showing the one-time Kaiser of Germany astride a horse of the kind used in modern gymnasiums for exercising; the then "All-Highest" uniformed as a General of the famous Death's Head Hussars.

"Thus I painted him at Potsdam," said Kossak, "inserting the horse later on the canvas, beneath the Kaiser."

During the World War Kossak served as a dispatch bearer, and now ranks as a Major of Cavalry in the Polish Army. As a representative Polish patriot he has come to America and will exhibit his paintings in the interest of his native land.

"What would you like best to paint in America?" I asked this soldier-painter, who looks to be in his forties and not his sixty-four years.

"For the best interests of my Government, or for my own personal pleasure?" he asked of me. "Personally," replied this Polish lover of horseflesh, "I'd like to paint Man o' War. A great horse!"

Sunday,
December 26, 1920

The New York Times

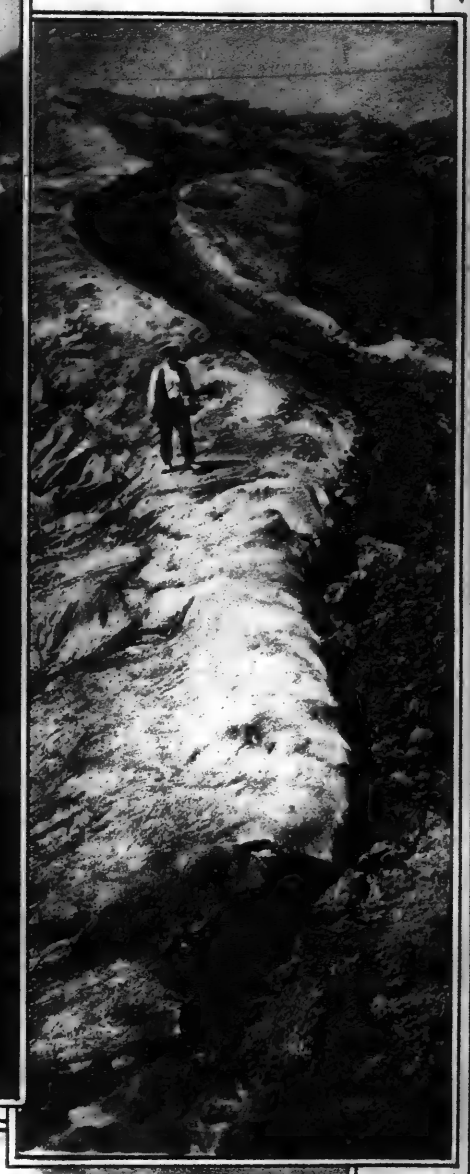
Rotogravure
Picture Section 4
In Two Parts



MR. PERRET'S PARTY DESCENDING THE OLD CRATER WALL

Now 350 Feet Deep, Having Been Filled in by Lava From 1,000 Feet Deep. Mr. Perret Does Not Appear in the Picture, Having Himself Taken All the Photographs.

(Times Wide World Photos.)



A STREAM OF LAVA FLOWING FROM THE NEW CONE Which Had Sufficient Heat to Melt Its Way Down Into the Hard Lava Floor and Flow in Its Sunken Bed.

(Times Wide World Photos.)



ON THE CRATER BOTTOM Near the Eruptive Cone in a Quiet Interval.

(Times Wide World Photos.)



ASSOCIATES OF MR. PERRET Measuring by an Electric Pyrometer the Temperature of the Lava Flowing From the New Cone, the Temperature Being 1,850 Degrees Fahrenheit.

(Times Wide World Photos.)



WHERE WASHINGTON'S ADVICE, "DODGE, BUT DON'T RUN," IS TOO GOOD: THE ERUPTIVE CONE Exploding and Filling the Air With Flying Masses of White Hot Lava; a View Much Too Near for Safety.

(Times Wide World Photos.)



REMARKABLE PHOTOGRAPH OF THE NEW CONE AND CRATER OF MOUNT VESUVIUS,

Taken From the Floor of the Great Crater by Frank A. Perret, Head Volcanologist of the Smithsonian Institution and Former Honorary Assistant of the Royal Vesuvian Observatory, Who Is One of the Leading and Most Daring Volcanologists Living, and Who Was Knighted by the King of Italy for Saving 5,000 Lives in the Great Vesuvian Eruption of 1903. The Smoking Cone Is Directly Above the Volcanic Conduit, and Its Formation Began Immediately After the Entire Top of the Mountain Blew Off Preceding the Great Eruption of the Spring of 1906.

(Times Wide World Photos.)

The New York Times



PRINCESS MARY,
Only Daughter of the King and Queen of England, Presenting the Colors to the First Kensington Girl Guides Cadet Corps of Queen Alexandra's House Physical Training College.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



THE VIRGIN AND CHILD—BY BOTTICELLI,
in the National Gallery, London.



CARDINAL DUBOIS
Arriving at the Cathedral of Notre Dame, Paris, for His Enthronement as the New Archbishop of Paris, Succeeding the Late Cardinal Amette.
(Times Wide World Photos.)





A CRIPPLE WITH A FELLOW FEELING:
NELLY,
Born Without Legs, a Member of the Dog Brigade of the National Women's League for Animals, Collecting Christmas Funds for Crippled Animals.
(Times Wide World Photos.)

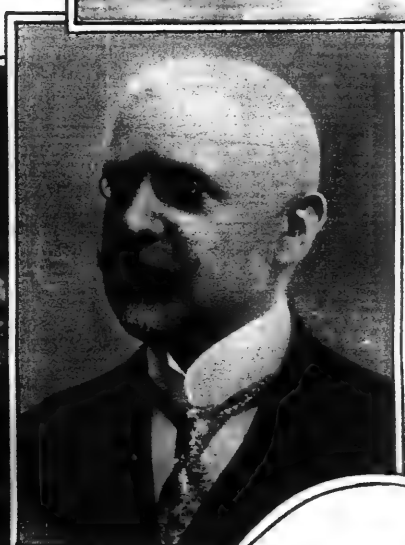
PROFESSOR CHARLES EDWARD GUILLAUME
of Sevres, France, 1920 Nobel Prize Winner for Physics.
He Is the Head of the International Bureau of Weights and Measures and Has Perfected Instruments for the Measurement of a Millionth Part of a Meter.
(Mirzoff.)



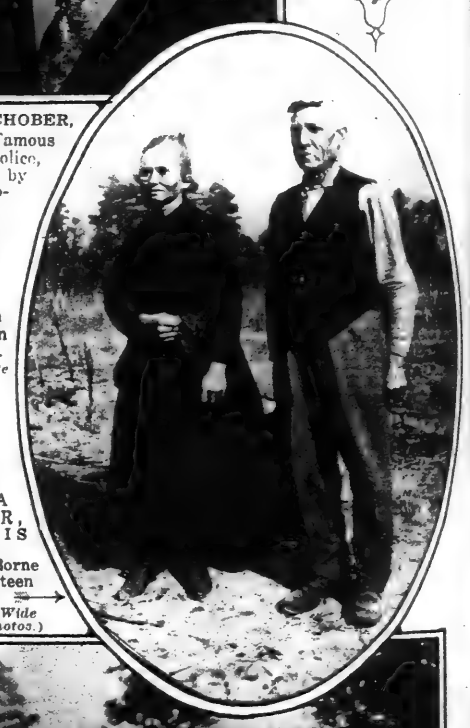
BERLIN CHILD, ONE OF A GREAT NUMBER OF COMPANIONS SO ENGAGED,
Invades a Cobbler's Shop to Collect Funds for the Plebiscite Campaign in Upper Silesia, Where Some of the Richest Coal Fields of Germany Lie.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



MISS CAROLYN WARNER,
Winner of the First Woman's Knickerbocker Golf Tournament to be Held in the National Capital, Only Girls in Knickerbockers Being Eligible to Enter the Contest.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



HANS SCHOBER,
Vienna's Famous Chief of Police, Regarded by Many Europeans as the Most Efficient and Successful Police Commander in Any City in the World.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



R. C. BLAND,
A NORTH CAROLINA FARMER,
AND HIS WIFE,
Who Has Borne Him Nineteen Children.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



MR. AND MRS. R. C. BLAND AND TWENTY-ONE OF THEIR TWENTY-FOUR LIVING CHILDREN, THE TOTAL NUMBER OF CHILDREN BORN TO THE PRESENT MRS. BLAND AND HER PREDECESSOR BEING THIRTY-FIVE, INCLUDING ONE SET OF TWINS.
Mr. Bland, Who Is a Farmer Living Near Washington, N. C., Is 65 Years Old and the Present Wife 46. When Mr. Bland's Nineteenth Child Came, Congressman Small, in Whose District the Farmer Lives, Promised a New Suit of Clothes to Each Additional Child. When the Sixteenth Child, After the Promise, Was Born Recently, Representative Small Forthwith Broke the Agreement.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



JAMES CORNELL BIDDLE
of Philadelphia, Who Spent Twenty Years of His Life as a Trappist Monk in a Monastery Cell at Gethsemane, Ky., and Who Has Recently Renounced His Vows and Wedded Miss Mary Lena Gaines of Warrenton, Va.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



SANTA CLAUS OR NOT; ARE THERE FAIRIES? THE CAMERA SAYS YES.
This Remarkable Photograph Showing the "Fairies" Dancing on a Hedge in Front of Alice Carpenter in the Village of Dalesby, West Riding, North of England, Was Recently Taken by Her Girl Playmate. It is an Enlargement of the Original Unretouched Negative Which Has Been Pronounced by Leading Photographers of England as Absolutely Genuine, Without Double Exposure, and Every Detail of the Taking of the Picture Has Been Investigated by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, Who Failed to Find the Slightest Evidence of "Faking." Sir Conan Writes: "Short of Final and Absolute Proof, I Consider, After Going Into Every Possible Source of Error, That a Strong Prima Facie Case Has Been Built Up. On the Photographic Side Every Objection Has Been Adequately Met."
(By Courtesy, The Strand Magazine.)



DUCK HUNTING BY AIRPLANE IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.
The Airplane Penetrates the Great Rafts of Birds, Which Are Killed by the Propeller Blades, While a Motorboat Follows the Flight Picking Up the Dead and Crippled Game.
(Pathe News.)



IRIS AND THE DANCING GNOME,
Second of the Two Extraordinary Photographs Taken of "Fairies" by the Carpenter Children in the North of England, Which Have Stood Every Possible Test as to Their Genuineness Which Could Be Applied by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle.
(Courtesy, The Strand Magazine.)





RAYMOND HITCHCOCK AND HIS FAMOUS TRICK HORSE
in a Tabloid "Hitchy-Koo" Performance on the Plinth of the Sub-Treasury Building in Wall Street to Aid the Salvation Army's Christmas Dinner Fund.
(Paul Thompson.)



THE HOCKEY TEAM OF SWEET BRIAR COLLEGE, VIRGINIA, WINNERS OF THE INTERCOLLEGIATE HOCKEY CHAMPIONSHIP OF THE OLD DOMINION.
They are, left to right, the Misses Madelon Shidler, South Bend, Ind.; Elizabeth Taylor, Richmond, Va.; Mary Elizabeth Fohl, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Lydia Purcell, Richmond; Margaret Gehris, Philadelphia; Maynette Rozelle, Chambersburg, Pa.; Harriet Brush, Nashville, Tenn.; Fanny Ellsworth, Bronxville, N. Y.; Burd Dickson, Pittsburgh; Louisa Newkirk, Philadelphia, and Gertrude Dally, Pittsburgh.
(N. P. Bell Co.)



ALLYN KING,
Leading Woman in "Ladies' Night," at the Eltinge Theatre, Wearing a Paris Gown of Metallic Silver Cloth, with a Garland of Silver Flowers Relieving the Severe Simplicity of the Waist.
(Schwarz.)



MISS CAROLYN ROBERTS
of St. Louis, Voted the Most Beautiful Girl at the Recent Yuletide Fête in Washington.
(International.)



INEZ PLUMMER
in a Scene from "The Broken Wing," at the Forty-eighth Street Theatre.
(Times World Wide Photos.)

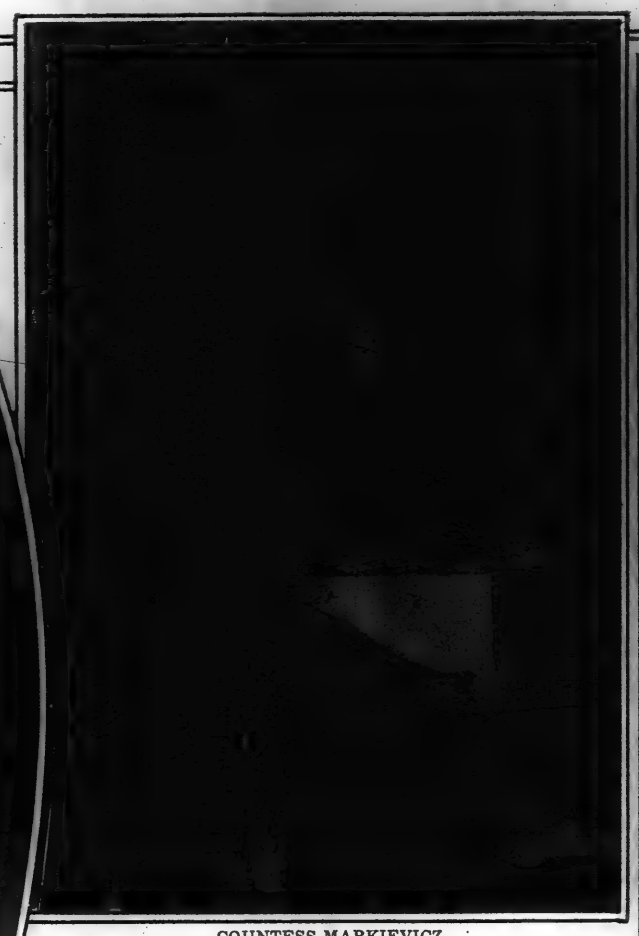
JOSEF HOFMANN, PIANIST, AND JOSEPH SCHWARZ,
One of Europe's Foremost High Baritones, Arriving on the Baltic.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



ENGLISH NOTABLES AT THE FUNERAL OF LORD GLENCONNER NEAR LONDON.
In the Group, Left to Right, Are: Francis Tennant, Lord Ribblesdale, Who Married Mrs. John Astor; Harold John Tennant, Earl Grey of Falloden, Mrs. Herbert H. Asquith, the "Margot" of Her Reminiscences, and Mrs. John Tennant.
(Central News Service.)



ARCHAIC
FOR THE
UNITED STATES:
THIS GREAT COLT
Which Ran Second to Spion
Kop in the 1920 English Derby,
Has Just Been Purchased at Public Auction at Newmarket, England, by John Sanford, American Breeder of Race Horses, for Approximately $75,000. Archaic Will Soon Be Brought to America.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



COUNTESS MARKIEVICZ,
First Woman to be Elected to the British Parliament, Refusing, However, to Take Her Seat, on Her Way in a Common Patrol Wagon, Accompanied by a Police Matron, to Her Trial by Court Martial in Dublin for Conspiring to Kill British Officers and Soldiers on Duty in Ireland.
(© Central News Service.)



PRINCE EMIR FEISAL, Former King of Syria, and Son of the King of the Hedjaz, Driven From the Throne by the French on Their Seizure of Damascus, Placing a Wreath at the Base of the Cenotaph in London.

(© Central News Service.)

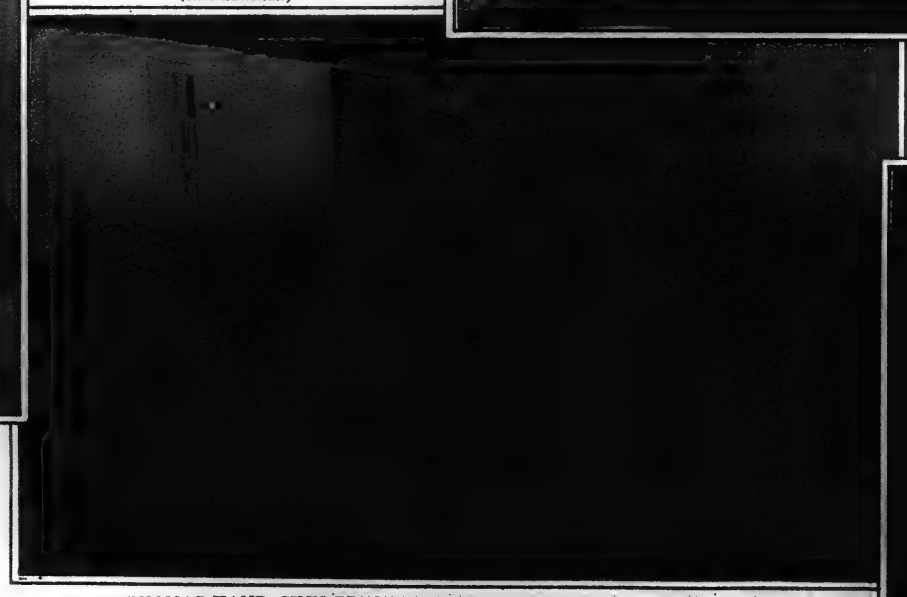


THE REVEREND FATHER MICHAEL O'FLANAGAN,
Sinn Fein Leader and Acting President of the "Irish Republic," Who Has Been Conducting Truce Negotiations With Premier Lloyd George.
(International.)

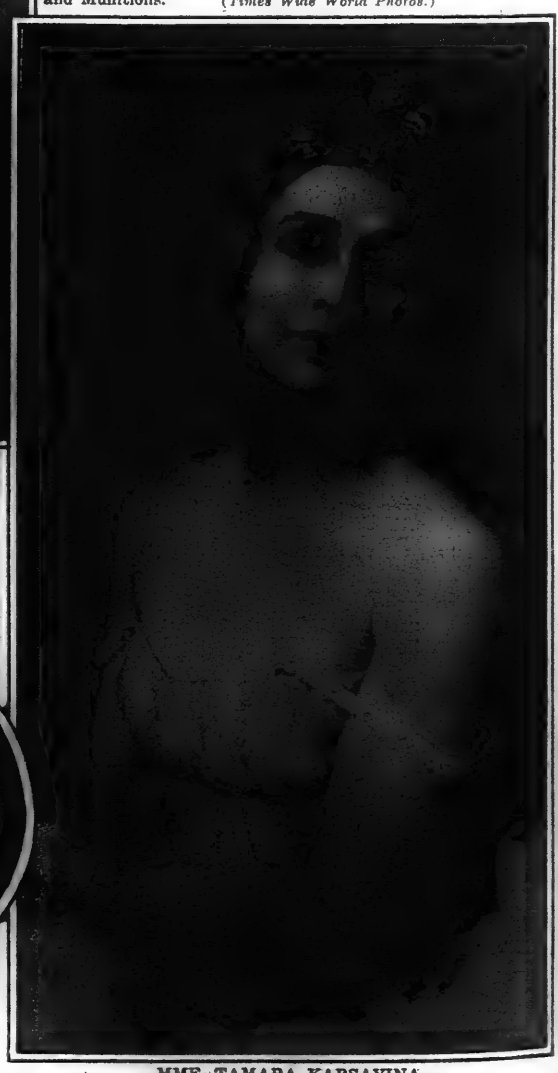




COUNT SFORZA, ITALIAN MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS; M. BERTHELOT OF THE FRENCH CABINET, AND GEORGES LEYGUES, French Prime Minister, Leaving No. 10 Downing Street After Their Final Conference With Premier Lloyd George Over the Greek Situation.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



RAILWAY MEN OF THE DUBLIN AND SOUTHEASTERN RAILWAY
Receiving Formal Notices From the British Government of Their Dismissal Because of Their Refusal to Run Trains Carrying British Soldiers and Munitions. *(Times Wide World Photos.)*



MME. TAMARA KARSAVINA,
Russian Danseuse, Whose New Dances, Now Being Shown on the London Stage, Are Creating a Sensation.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



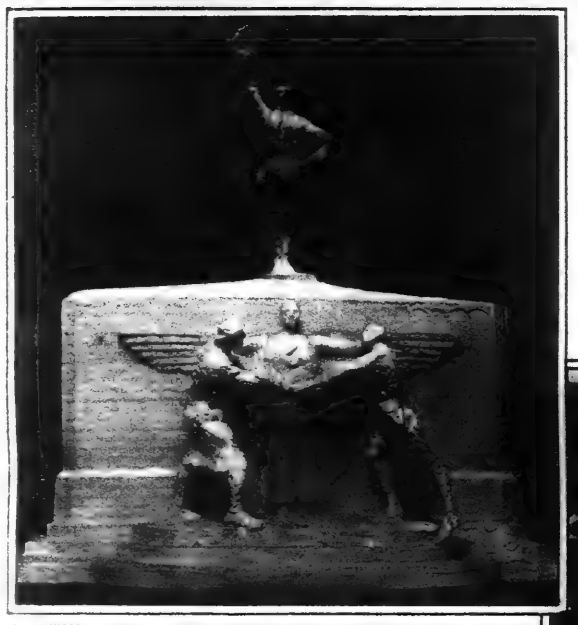
MISS ALICE HARDING,
Debutante Daughter of Governor W. P. G. Harding of the Federal Reserve Board.
(© Clinedinst From Keystone View Co.)



GILBERT M. CHESTERTON, AUTHOR AND Critic, as "Old King Cole," Playing the Auctioneer at the Recent London Christmas Bazaar for the Children's Convalescent Home.
(Times Wide World Photos.)

THOMAS HAND, SINN FEIN JUDGE OF SKERRIES, COUNTY DUBLIN,
Recently Shot and Killed While Trying to Escape During a Military Raid on His Cottage. He Is Here Shown With His Family Outside His Cottage Door, the Photograph Having Been Taken a Few Days Before His Death.
(International.)





PRESIDENT MILLERAND, ON BEHALF OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC, DELIVERING HIS ADDRESS OF ACCEPTANCE AT THE DEDICATION OF THE MONUMENT
Erected to Preserve the Famous "Trench of the Bayonets" at Verdun, Presented to the Republic by Ambassador Wallace on Behalf of the Family of the Late George F. Rand of Buffalo, N. Y. Ambassador Wallace Appears at the Left.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



TO THE AMERICAN VOLUNTEERS WHO DIED FOR FRANCE: DESIGN BY JEAN BOUCHER OF THE MONUMENT TO BE ERECTED IN PARIS BY THE FRENCH PEOPLE.



MEMBERS OF THE RAND FAMILY, INCLUDING MR. AND MRS. JAMES RAND, GEORGE F. RAND JR., AND SISTERS, THE MISSES EVELYN AND GRETCHEN RAND of Buffalo, With Former President Poincare, Marshal Foch, and American and French Officers at the Dedication of the Monument Over the "Trench of the Bayonets" at Verdun.
(Times Wide World Photos.)

THE RAND MONUMENT OVER "THE TRENCH OF THE BAYONETS" AT VERDUN IN COMPLETED FORM, the Late George F. Rand of Buffalo Having Given 500,000 Francs That the Trench, Which Covers a Battalion of Poilus Instantly Buried Alive and Upright by a Shell Explosion, Their Muskets and Bayonets still Piercing the Surface of the Earth Above Them, Might Be Preserved.



WHILE ATHENS WELCOMES CONSTANTINE WITH RIOT OF JOY, ELEUTHERIOS VENIZELOS, War Premier of Greece, "Parades" Alone Along the Promenade des Anglais, Nice.
(Times Wide World Photos.) →



PRINCE NICHOLAS, SECOND SON OF THE KING OF RUMANIA, Sparring With His Athletic Instructor at the Celebration of Founder's Day at Eton College, England.
← *(International.)*



CAMBRO, CALLED THE SMALLEST, LIGHTEST AND CHEAPEST MOTOR CAR in the World, Appears in London. It Weighs 150 Pounds and Can Be Bought for Less Than $300.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



SCENE IN THE RED SALON OF THE SPANISH PALACE OF COMMUNICATIONS, MADRID, AT THE CLOSING SESSION OF THE UNIVERSAL POSTAL CONGRESS,
Held This Year in the Spanish Capital, and Attended by Delegates From Every Civilized Country in the World.
(Times Wide World Photos.)

Aladdin





Sliced 1000 off Estimates



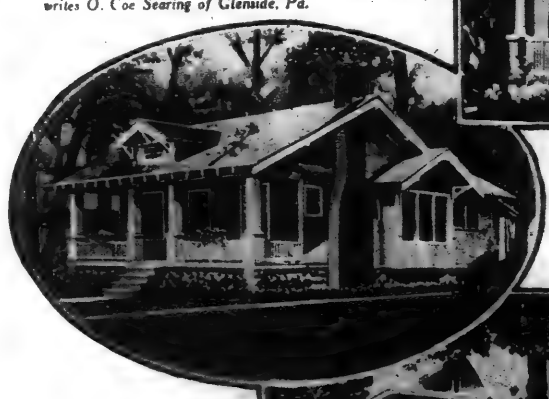
W. H. McKrill of Lansing, Mich., writes: "I couldn't begin to duplicate the quality of Aladdin material at any price."



Mrs. Elizabeth Norton of 811 West Henly St., Olean, N. Y., writes: "I have found the Aladdin Company more than fair in all their dealings, and no one can make a mistake by buying their home from them."



"I am entirely satisfied with my Aladdin Home," *writes O. Coe Searing of Glenside, Pa.*



"I found the Aladdin Company ready to do everything to please, and I am more happy with my Aladdin Home than I ever thought I could be." *writes Mrs. J. J. Bragger of Waterman, N. Y.*



Joseph Reynolds of 705 Mott St., Schenectady, N. Y., writes: "The new Aladdin Home saved me about $400 in lumber alone, and the material was all good and a perfect fit."

Mr. C. M. Hissong of La Grange, Indiana, writes: "I am the owner of an Aladdin Readi-cut house, and I am certainly more than satisfied. The carpenters in this palce said they never saw better material. I have worked a great deal at carpentering myself and I know I never before worked such fine material—not a crooked or twisted piece in the lot. Everything was cut-to-fit and went together without a hitch. I know I saved over $1,000 by buying an Aladdin Readi-cut house instead of buying at home. If I were to build either one or a hundred houses they would all be Readi-cut and bought of the Aladdin Company."

Read the Experience of Mr. O. H. Harden

Mr. O. H. Harden of Salamanca, N. Y., writes: "Recently I completed my new Aladdin Home and must say that I am very well pleased with it. Everything the Aladdin people agreed to furnish for this house came in one shipment, was first-class in every way and I am indeed very well pleased with the home.

"All pieces were cut to fit, and it did not take a carpenter to put it together, as any one that will study the instruction book on the erection of these houses can erect the house himself.

"I saved a great deal of money on my house—almost $1000, in material and labor—and am consequently very much in favor of the Aladdin Readi-cut houses, and strongly recommend them to any person who desires a durable and well-built house at a big saving of cost."

We have thousands of letters from satisifed owners of Aladdin Reudi-cut Homes who have had the same experience as Mr. Harden. No matter where you live there is an Aladdin Readi-cut owner near you to whom we will gladly refer.

Greatest Distributing System of Lumber in the World
Complete Material for Immediate Shipment

Shipments of Aladdin Readi-cut Homes are made from the four largest timber-producing sections of the United States. From the Atlantic to the Pacific—from Canada to the Gulf—Aladdin can serve you no matter where you live. Aladdin Homes are manufactured and shipped direct from the Aladdin Company's own mills in Michigan, Mississippi, North Carolina and Oregon. Wherever you live Aladdin Homes come to you in an absolutely direct line from the nearest timber region. Aladdin National Home Building Service means shorter routes, quicker delivery and lower freight rates for builders in any part of the United States. Three days to a week are saved in shipments reaching destination. Complete sales and business offices maintained in connection with each mill. Fully 24 hours' time is saved in your mail reaching our offices.

Dollar-A-Knot Quality.

Aladdin "Dollar-A-Knot" guarantee means lumber of the highest quality. Knotless lumber—the cleanest and clearest that comes out of the forest, is the kind that Aladdin Homes are made of. This is evidenced by our famous "Dollar-A-Knot" Guarantee, which has now been in effect for over 5 years. Better quality lumber does not grow. Highest grade paints, hardware, doors, windows, mill work, etc., are all included with every Aladdin Home. The same grade—the best—is furnished for the small as well as for the larger Aladdin designs.

20 Feet of Lumber from a 16-Ft. Board.

The Aladdin System of home building has been practicing for 15 years the principle the world has only learned recently—the elimination of waste of lumber and labor. The Aladdin Book explains this system thoroughly, shows how 20 feet of lumber is cut from a 16-foot board. The great Aladdin organization, composed of experts in every branch of home building, stands ready to help you build a home at an unusual saving. Put this group of experts to work on your problem. Send for the illustrated book, "Aladdin Homes," No. 637.

Aladdin Homes Cut-to-Fit.

The Aladdin Book of Homes has a message for you. Amongst its pages are shown, profusely illustrated in colors, many leading home designs. Aladdin Homes are cut to fit, as follows: Lumber, mill work, floors, outside and inside finish, doors, windows, shingles, lath and plaster, hardware, locks, nails, paints, varnishes. This material is all shipped to you in a sealed box car, complete, ready to erect. Safe arrival of the complete material, in perfect condition, is guaranteed. Send today for a copy of the beautifully illustrated book, "Aladdin Homes," No. 637.

Send for 100-Page Illustrated Book

The Aladdin Co.

Bay City, Michigan

Branches: Wilmington, North Carolina; Hattiesburg, Mississippi; Portland, Oregon; Toronto, Ontario, Canada

The Aladdin Company

Enclosed find stamps for the book, "Aladdin Homes," No. 637.

Name .....

Street .....

City .....

State .....





The New York Times



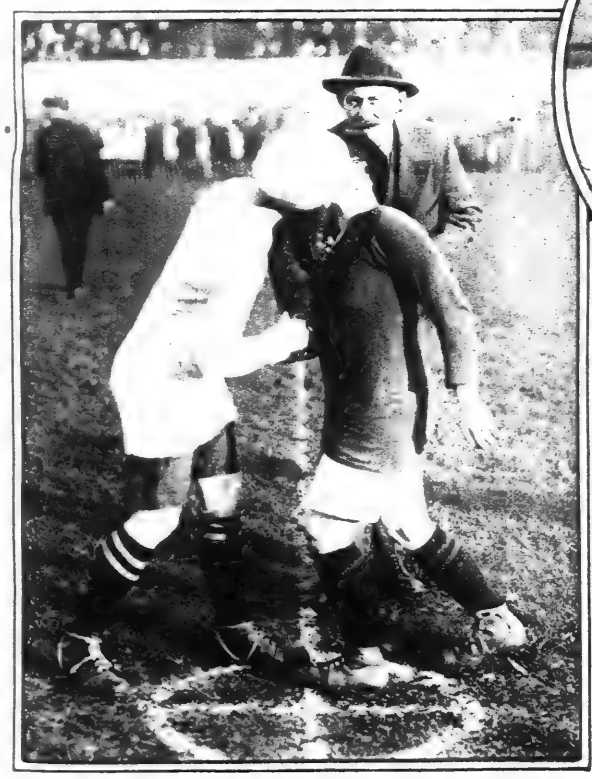
AS IF IN A ZOO CAGE: HIGH MESHED STEEL WIRE FENCE TOPPED OFF WITH STRANDS OF BARBED WIRE ENCLOSING THE ENTIRE GROUNDS OF THE FORMER GERMAN KAISER'S RESIDENCE IN EXILE AT DOORN.

This Photograph Shows the Walk Alongside the Fence, Nearer Than Which No Intruders Can Pass
(© Keystone View Co.)

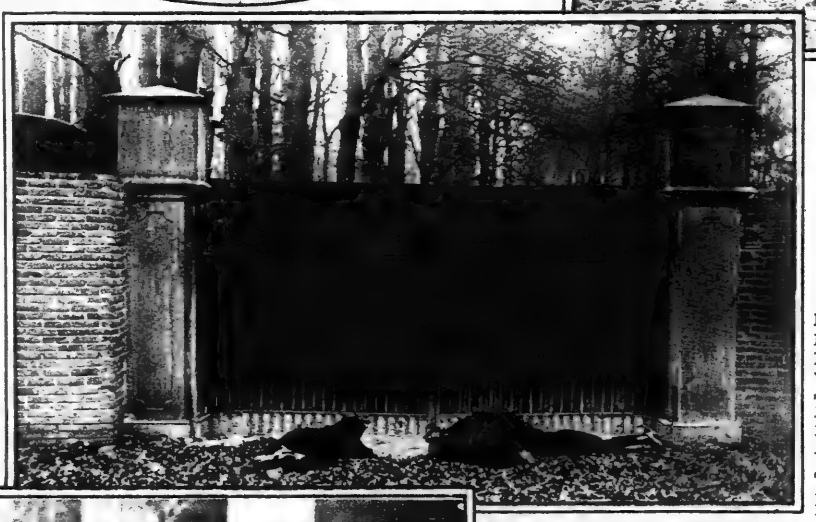


DOODLES, FAMOUS ENGLISH CLOWN, Demonstrating to Sir Harry Lauder How to Get Out of a Bunker With His Own Special Type of Mashie-Niblick.
(Central News Service.)





THE KISS OF RIVALRY: CAPTAINS OF TWO WOMEN'S FOOTBALL TEAMS
Exchanging Greetings Before the Start of the Match for the South of England Football Cup.
(© Central News Service.)



DUTCH CHILDREN PEEPING BENEATH THE GATE AT DOORN TO CATCH A GLIMPSE OF THE EX-KAISER.
(© Keystone View Co.)

LABYRINTHINE ENTRANCE TO THE KAISER'S PRIVATE GARDEN AT DOORN.
(© Keystone View Co.)



DONNA BEATRICE MARCONI, WIFE OF THE ITALIAN INVENTOR, WITH THEIR LITTLE DAUGHTER.
From a New Photograph Just Received in This Country.
(Underwood & Underwood.)



FORMER PRESIDENT PAUL DESCHANEL OF THE FRENCH REPUBLIC,
Who Recently Retired in the Midst of His Term on Account of Ill-Health, Standing With His Wife, Daughter, and Two Sons, and His Private Physician, Dr. Autheaume, in Front of the Malmaison Sanitarium Near Paris, Where M. Deschanel Is Rapidly Convalescing. This Is the Former President's First Appearance Since His Illness.
(Times Wide World Photos.)

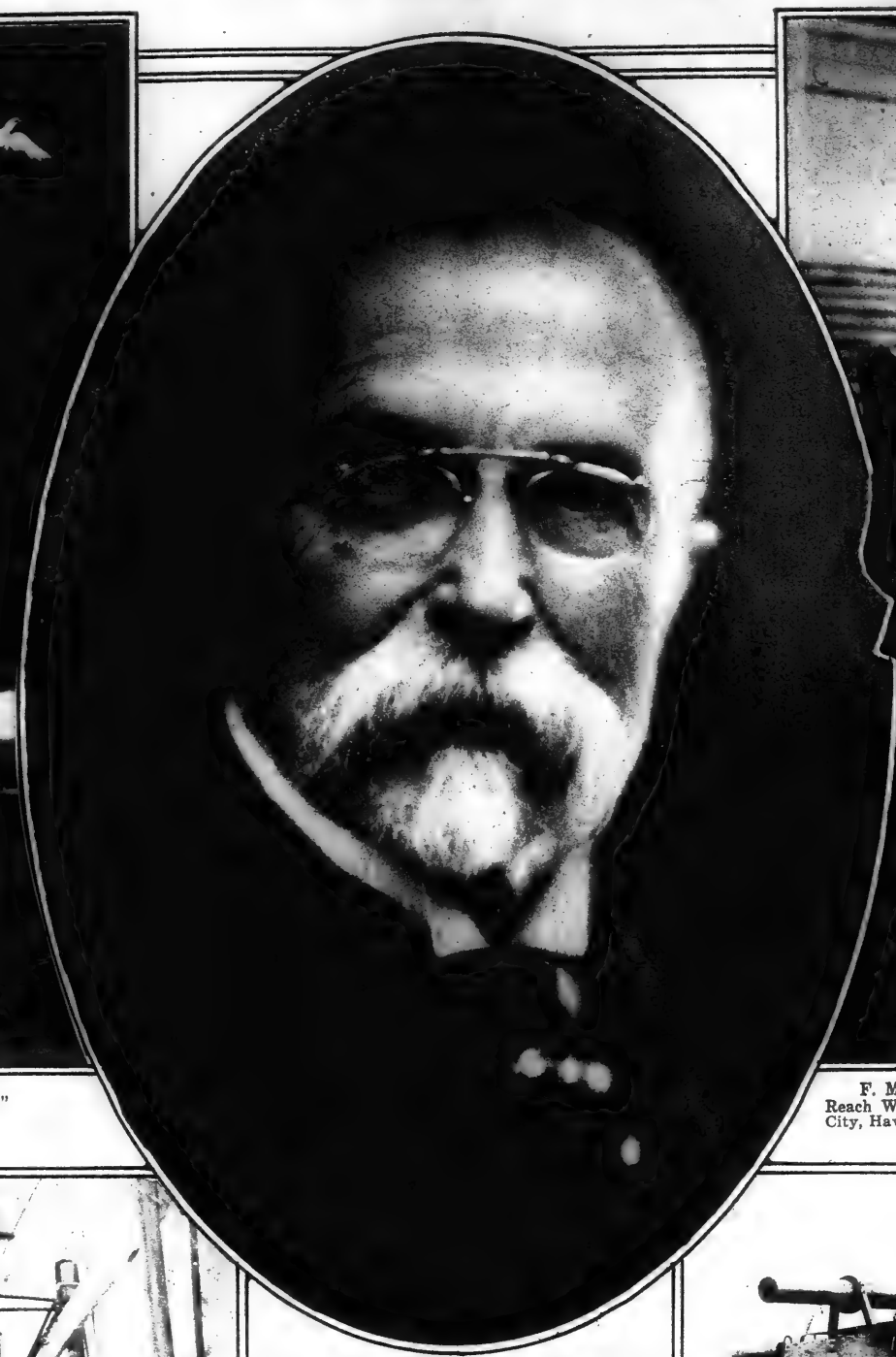


AFTER THE PRESIDENTIAL SHOOT: NOTABLES OF FRANCE
Viewing the Result of Their Recent Hunting Trip Near Paris. In the Group May Be Seen Marshal Petain, Marshal Foch and Hugh C. Wallace, American Ambassador to France.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



THE CALL OF THE COLLEEN: "COME BACK TO ERIN."

(By Wilmot Lunt. Courtesy, The Bystander.)



THOMAS GARIQUE MASARYK, PRESIDENT OF THE CZECHOSLOVAK REPUBLIC.

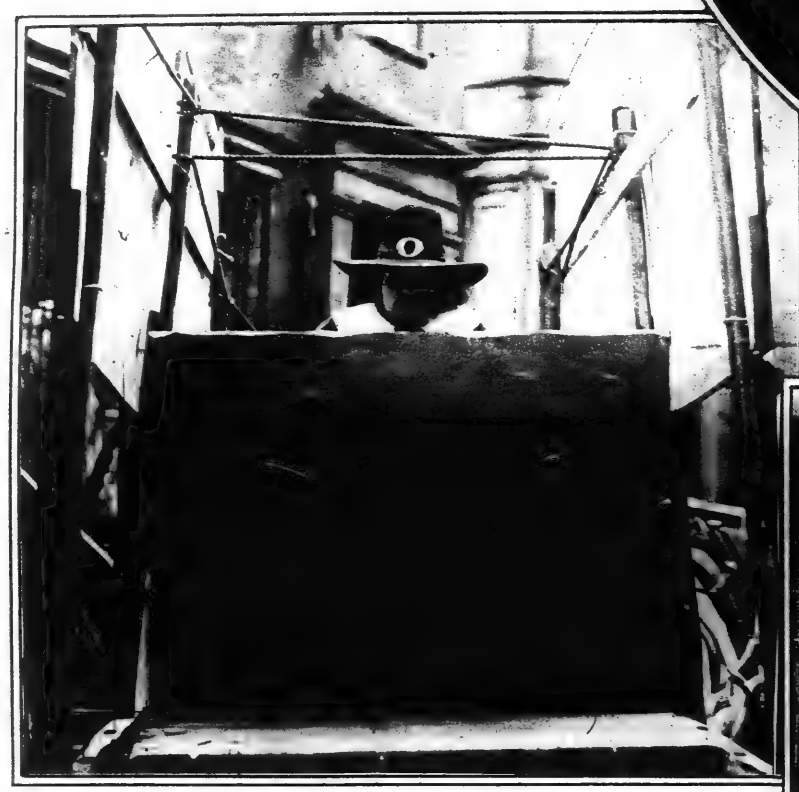
From a New Photograph by Pirie MacDonald of New York, Who, at the Invitation of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Czechoslovak Government, Made a Special Trip to Prague to Take the Picture, Traveling 9,000 Miles for This Purpose Alone.

(© Pirie MacDonald.)



F. M. RICHARDS OF LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA, AND HIS BRIDE
Reach Washington on Their Honeymoon Hike Across the Continent to New York City, Having Left the Pacific Coast Oct. 30, Walking All of the Way and Supporting Themselves by Such Odd Jobs as They Could Find.

(Times Wide World Photos.)



COMING EVENTS CAST THEIR SHADOWS BEFORE: "HE KISSED HIS WIFE ON SUNDAY"—
a Float in the Fifth Avenue Parade Staged by the International Sporting Club Depicting Dismal Blue Law Possibilities.

(Paul Thompson.)



"FOR BOWLING ON SUNDAY:" THE PURITAN SUNDAY
Visualized and Derided by the International Sporting Club.

(Paul Thompson.)



OFFICERS OF THE U. S. ARMY ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT VIEWING A HILL-CLIMBING DEMONSTRATION
of the New Christy Self-Propelled Caterpillar Mount for a 155-MM Rifle, the Belts Being Removable, Enabling the Mount, on Good Roads, to Travel With the Speed of an Automobile.

(International.)



PRESIDENT-ELECT HARDING AND FORMER SENATOR ELIHU ROOT
Leaving the Harding Home at Marion, Ohio, After the President-Elect's Recent Conference With One of the "Best Brains."

(© Keystone Photo.)



MISS HELEN TREVOR,
Debutante Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Graff Trevor.

(Aime Dupont's Studio.)



MRS. LYDIG HOYT.
Patroness of the Navy Club Ball Last Week Under the Auspices of the Officers of the Atlantic Fleet.
From a New Photograph.

(Underwood & Underwood.)



FREDERICK HUNTINGTON GILLETT,
Speaker of the House of Representatives, Admits a Fondness for His "Half-pint" and His "Two-bits," Nicknames for Dow MacLean and Paul Young, Youngest Pages in the House.

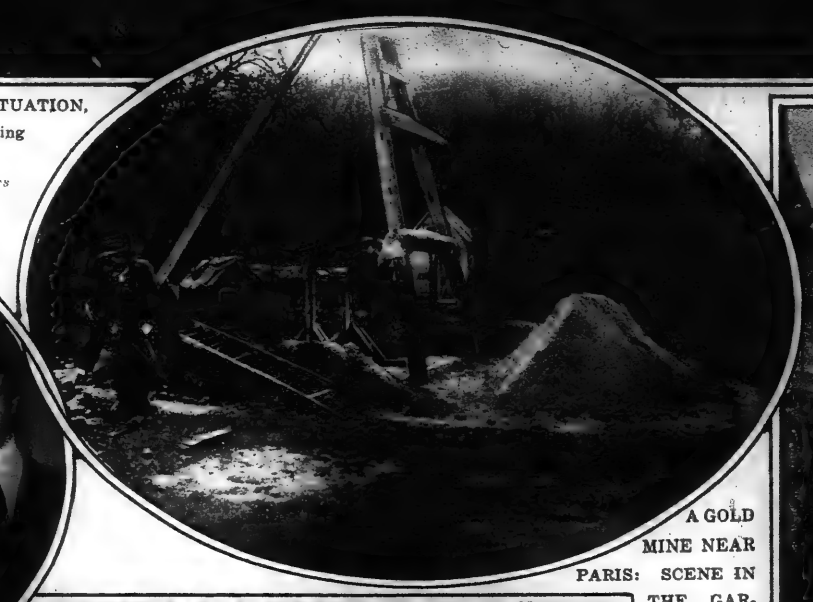
(Times Wide World Photos.)



MEMBERS OF THE BRITISH LABOR COMMISSION TO INVESTIGATE THE IRISH SITUATION,
Which Reported to the Government That Cork Was Set on Fire by British Soldiers, Holding Its First Session at the Headquarters of the Shelbourne Hotel, Dublin.
(Central News Service.)



LADY PATRICIA RAMSAY, "PRINCESS PAT," OPENING A SALE IN PARIS TO AID THE CHURCH OF NEUILLY.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



A GOLD MINE NEAR PARIS: SCENE IN THE GARDEN at the Home in Gif of a French Peasant Who Struck "Pay Dirt" While Digging a Well.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



ARTHUR HENDERSON AND W. ADAMSON,
Members of the Labor Commission to Investigate the Irish Disorders, Having a Laugh at the Expense of the Photographers on Their Arrival in Dublin.
(Central News Service.)



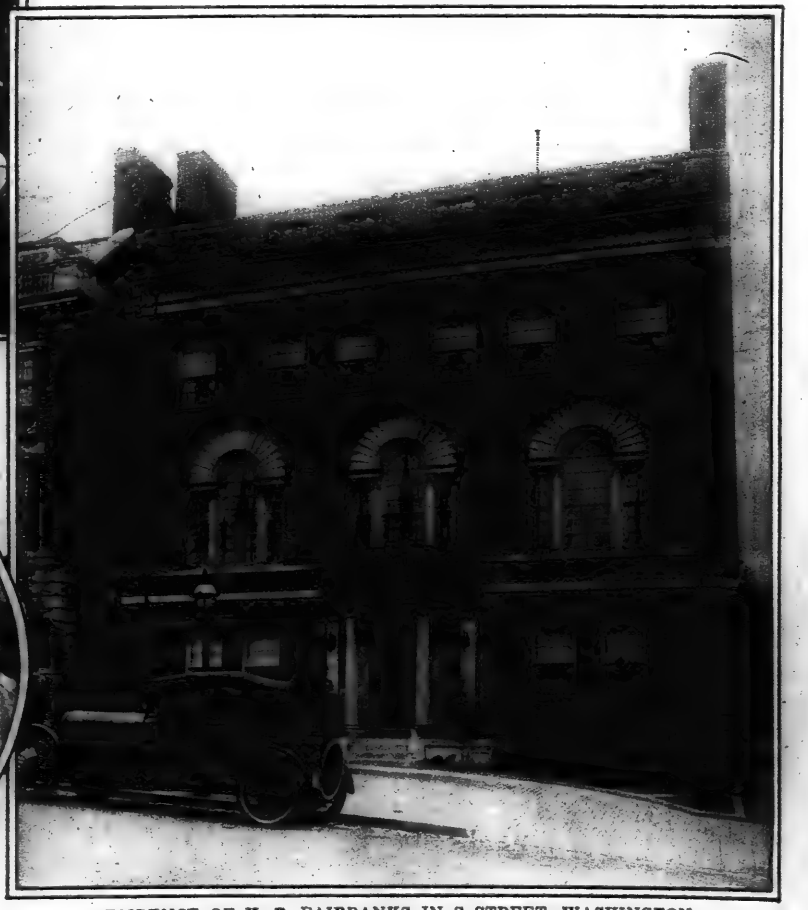


A ROYAL GOWN: EVENING DRESS OF WHITE NET
With Glass Beads Shaded From Silver to Black, Designed in Paris for Queen Victoria of Spain.
(Times Wide World Photos.)

RUSSIAN PEASANTS AT THEIR NOONDAY MEAL in a Palace Seized by the Government as a "House of Rest" Provided for Laborers Under the Soviet Régime.
(International.)



GENERAL JOHN J. PERSHING GREETING THE WARDS of the Society for Prevention of Cruelty to Children at the Temporary Shelter in Inwood.
(© Pathe News.)



RESIDENCE OF H. P. FAIRBANKS IN S STREET, WASHINGTON,
Purchased by President Wilson, at a Cost of $150,000, for His Home.
(Times Wide World Photos.)



A DELICIOUS DESSERT

1 cup Comet Rice; 2 eggs; ½ cup sugar; 3 tablespoons butter; 1 teaspoon salt; fruit as desired. Boil rice with salt, 25 minutes, in 3 cups boiling water. Drain, and add butter (melted), sugar, and beaten eggs. Mix thoroughly. Press into well-greased mold, and set in oven 10 minutes. Unmold, and set aside until cold. Fill center with fruit—fresh or canned. Decorate with sweetened, whipped cream.

Try This Comet Rice Dessert

ORDER a package of Comet Rice from the grocer today—be sure you specify *Comet*. Prepare this simple, delicious dessert.

Notice how beautifully the rice "cooks up." See how large, *white*, and whole the grains are. Notice how *clean* it is.

Comet Rice is *uncoated*—it hasn't the artificial coating used on "polished" rice. This feature and the sanitary sealed package make Comet Rice the kind you will want to buy always.

Comet Uncoated White Rice

From the SEABOARD RICE MILLING CO.,
New York Galveston

BUY DIAMONDS FROM BENNETT

at prices that defy competition.

Our low overhead expenses and the elimination of middlemen's profits enable us to sell Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry at prices unusually attractive. We have many specials in diamonds, watches and jewelry, come to see them.



C Grade....$100 C Grade....$275
B Grade.... 150 B Grade.... 325
A Grade.... 200 A Grade.... 475

A few special bargains at $75 to $350.

Elegant Platinum Mountings, $35 up.

Latest Style Hand-Carved Wedding Ring, plain or with our beautiful new designs.



Platinum, $25, $30, $45.
White or Green Gold, $6.50 to $12.50.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Diamonds Bought and Sold for Cash.

Bennett Mfg. Co. — 175 Broadway, 2ND FLOOR, at Cortlandt St.



Maternity

Lane Bryant Maternity Apparel is designed in the latest modes for expectant mothers. Conceals the condition, prevents embarrassment.

for Baby, too

Everything for Baby, from simplest slip to most elaborate layette—nursery furniture, accessories, etc.

If unable to call, write Dept. L-1 for Free Style Book.

Lane Bryant
21-23 W. 38th St. N. Y.

MILLERKINS



S H O E S

Charmingly fashioned by I. Miller, for the dainty Miss and girls of all ages. And, for little men up to size two.

The little Millerkins book mailed on request.

I. MILLER
15 West 42nd Street

IMPERIAL GRANUM
Food *for the* Nursing Mother

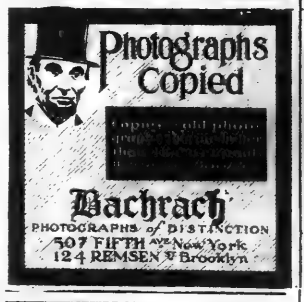
increases the quantity and quality of her milk and gives strength to bear the strain of nursing.

For the BABY

Imperial Granum is the Food that gives hard, firm flesh, good bone and rich, red blood.



Sold by All Druggists.



Bachrach
PHOTOGRAPHS of DISTINCTION
507 FIFTH Ave. New York
124 REMSEN St. Brooklyn

Holiday Suggestions
HENRY HESSE
399 Sixth Avenue
24-25 Sts., New York City.



Worsted Knit Sports Goods, Sweaters, Golf Hose, Vests, Gloves, Toques, Scarfs, Skating Caps, Knit Jackets.

French Tapestries in petit point from $8.95 to $189.00 each, a wonderful collection just arrived. Columbia and Good Shepherd Yarns.







FITTING THE GROWING FOOT



SHOECRAFT

WHEN baby feet begin to toddle, "Bo-Peep" shoes will help to hold the ankles straight. Light and flexible, but firmly made, with removable corset supports. In white or brown calf, or with patent vamp and white calf top. Spring heel, $5.25. "First Steps," $4.25

Post prepaid. Fit guaranteed. Send for Folders A-26, showing women's and children's shoes.

SHOECRAFT SHOP
27 WEST 38TH STREET
Between Fifth and Sixth Avenues

ALL SIZES - WIDTHS AAA TO E



DEAUVILLE
PEARL BRACELET
(Design Patented)

Every woman will be delighted with this perfectly matched bracelet of fine French indestructible Pearls—smart, durable, dainty and inexpensive, mounted with 3 bars in solid gold.

In green gold or platinum finish—Look for the name on the blue and gold silk-lined box. Sold by all good jewelers and Department Stores.

MILLER BROTHERS,
230 Fifth Ave., N. Y.
Sole distributors for United States



Joseph
CAPS-APRONS-UNIFORMS

Exclusive specialists in Nurses' and Maids' Uniforms.
Send for Catalog T-26
129 East 34th St., New York

Fashionette
THE *invisible* HAIR NET
REAL HUMAN HAIR
PROCURED FOR INVISIBILITY AND STRENGTH

Colonial Quality
Samstag's New York
1200 Broadway

Maids' Uniforms



with DIX-MAKE label have assurance of correct style, quality in materials and workmanship. Send for booklet No. 27.
Henry A. Dix & Sons Co.
Dix Building, New York
Makers also of DIX-MAKE House and Porch Dresses.

Dix-Make



Kayser
"ITALIAN" SILK UNDERWEAR
Marvelfit

Vests, Knickers, Union Suits, Petticoat-Knickers, Camisoles.

The old plantation flavor has made it the most popular molasses in America.



Brer Rabbit Molasses



GOMI'S PAGODA INCENSE

Impart's a delicate and pleasing odor to the room. At Macy's, Arnold Constable, Lord & Taylor, Stern Bros., H. C. F. Koch and Department, Chinese, Japanese and fancy goods stores everywhere. If not at your dealer send 75c for 2 oz. box; sample 6c.
T. D. GOMI, 3 E. 17th St., N. Y.



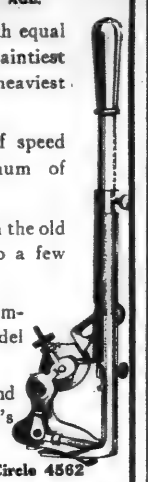
Francis
Permanent wave Specialist-Trainer
PERMANENT WAVES

By a special steam process we first wash your hair, and then while it is still wet put in the permanent waves. Waving by Monsieur Thomas, Expert. $20, all over the head; or $1 per curl.
Six-Month Guarantee
FRANCIS, 8 West 37th Street
Authority on Hair

MARVEL

Embroiderer
Price $5.50

"ONE OF THE GREAT INVENTIONS OF THE AGE."



Embroiders with equal facility the daintiest lingerie or the heaviest velour.

A maximum of speed with a minimum of effort.

A year's work in the old way reduced to a few hours.

Our new and improved 1921 model now ready.

Demonstrated and sold at the world's leading stores.

Telephone Circle 4562

MARVEL NEEDLEKRAFT WORKS
Dept. M-10 620 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

MARVEL

Wedding Bells Wedding Rings



A symbol of the Wedding Day, perpetuating for all time joyous wedding bells and the blossoms worn by the Bride. Tiny bells alternating with dainty orange blossoms, carved with artistry and skill upon her ring as they are upon her heart. These beautifully significant hand-carved wedding rings are now on display.

Platinum $35.00 to $50.00; Platinum diamond set $95.00 to $145.00; Yellow, Green or White Gold 14k. $12.00; 18k. $14.00. Initials and date engraved free. Catalog free.

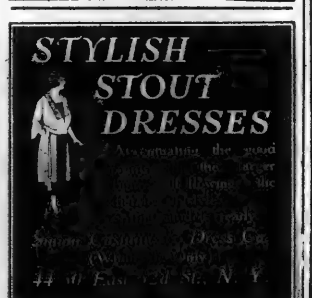
WEDDING GIFTS

Wedding, groom and bridesmaids gifts in diamonds, platinum diamond set, gold jewelry, sterling or plated silver, at prices which will surprise and please. Write for free catalog or visit our salesrooms.

CHAS. L. TROUT CO.,
Second Floor
170 Broadway—2 Maiden Lane, N. Y.



For Infants, Children, Misses & Women
Simon Ascher & Co., Inc., 362 5th Av., N.Y.
Established 1879



"A MIGEL SILK"



Conspicuous *Nose Pores*



How to reduce them

Special treatment for this trouble is given in the 20-page booklet wrapped around every cake of *Woodbury's Facial Soap*. For sale at all toilet goods counters.



The Blum Pedi-Tonic

Foot Protection and Health

A sensible style shoe for women. Flexible and pliant, yet sufficiently protective for health. A perfect street and dress boot for cold weather.



STYLE 1565
Black vici kid, perforated vamp and lace stay,
9.00

J. Blum & Sons

West Side Stores	East Side Stores.
222-224 W. 125 St.	3d Av. & 122d St.
West of 7th Av.	3d Av., 86&87 Sts.
6th Av. & 27th St.	3dAv., 150&151 Sts.
8th Av., 39&40Sts.	160-162 Bowery, Near Broome.

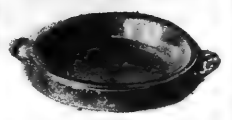
BROOKLYN STORES
442-444 Fulton op. Bridge St., nr. Hoyt
829-833 B'way, bet. Park Av. & Ellery St.
1263-1267 Broadway, near Greene Av.

NEWARK STORES
689 Broad St., opp. Military Park.
100 Market St. Men's Shoes Only.

Mail Order Department, 2240 3d Av. Send P. O. Money Order or New York Draft Only. Delivery free to all parts of the world.

Factory: 511-519 East 72d Street.





159—Pyrex glass pie plate with silver holder. 9½ in. in dia. $7.50

Yesterday

Probably the very nicest gifts you received yesterday came in plain white boxes, the labels of which proclaimed their origin from—"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue."

OVINGTON
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
314 Fifth Avenue, near 32nd Street

The SALBRO SELF-FILLING FOUNTAIN PEN $1.75

Guaranteed to write right
Sold everywhere because of its quality and economy $1.75 at all dealers or sent direct

SALZ BROS
HERALD SQUARE—NEW YORK



Reduce Your Flesh

by wearing
Dr. Walter's Reducing Rubber Garments
For Men & Women



Cover entire body or any part. Send for *Illustrated Booklet.*

Brassiere Price $7.00
Neck & Chin Reducer $3.50

Dr. Jeanne A. B. Walter
353 Fifth Ave., N. Y.
Billings Bldg., 4th fl.
(Est. 34th St., 3d Door E.)

Stewart & Co.
Correct Apparel for Women & Misses
Fifth Ave. at 37th St.

New Taffeta Gown
Very Specially Priced
55.00



814

814—Misses' winsome evening gown of soft Chiffon Taffeta, cleverly fashioned with draped panels, pointed at bottom and attached tonet. Colorful buds and flowers on skirt and waist combine with the crushed bodice and net shoulder straps to beautify this charming gown. Obtainable in Turquoise, Coral, Jade, Orchid or Black. Sizes 14 to 20.

Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention

Send for New Fashion Book



Widdicomb
PHONOGRAPH
The Aristocrat of Phonographs



Experts tell us that the Widdicomb Amplifying Tone Chamber produces superior music. Hear it. Dealers all over town.

The Widdicomb Furniture Co.
Grand Rapids, Michigan.
New York Office, 105 West 40th Street



GRAFLEX

The camera that helps you get pictures—
Just as you *want* them

CHOCOLATE MAURICE



Instantaneous!
Don't add sugar;
Don't add Milk
Just Add Boiling Water
Send 10c for Sample
The Maurice Co.,
347 5th Av., N. Y. C.



"We heaped the table with Christmas roses"

It's an experience — this Christmas out-of-doors, by the blue Pacific, with everybody's children testing their new toys along miles of green lawns at San Diego, California.

Then, the dinner table, banked with your own blooms and springtime foliage, and, in the warm dusk, the noble chanting of men's voices from a vine-clad balcony beneath the silent stars.

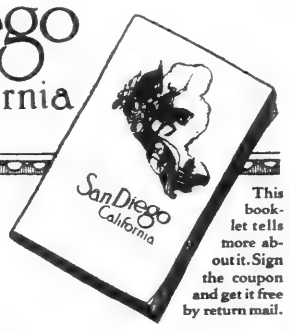
Life at San Diego means more than elsewhere because, with abundant sunshine, and the zestful tang of the warm sea-breeze, you'll find more time and opportunity for recreation & enjoyment.

Fruit and crops ripening every month in the year — the matchless beauty of ocean, mountains and bay — the advantages of a busy, modern city of 90,000 residents, and 400 miles of superb boulevards along the sea or through upland valleys and mountain passes, all combine to make this the ideal city for your permanent home.

Christmas and cool midsummer — autumn and spring — all are flower garlanded and delightful at

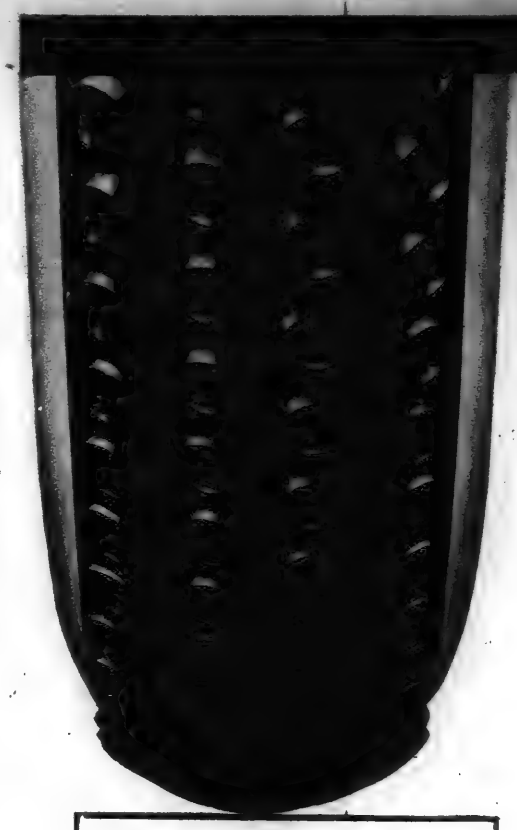
San Diego California

Through Pullman service is operated between San Diego and Chicago over the *new* San Diego & Arizona Railway, in connection with the Rock Island and Southern Pacific "Golden State Limited." A delightful, mild climate trip through Imperial Valley & magnificent scenery.



This booklet tells more about it. Sign the coupon and get it free by return mail.

San Diego-California Club, 253 Spreckels Bldg., San Diego, California.
Gentlemen: Please send me your free booklet about San Diego, California.
Name
Address



On August 25, 1920, at San Francisco, Vacuum Cup Tires *withstood the test of rounding a wet, slippery corner at thirty-five miles an hour* in the Safety First demonstration — the feature event of the third annual convention of the National Traffic Officers' Association. Think what such non-skid *safety* means to *you* and to those who ride in *your* car!

FREE! for January



Substantial price reductions became effective on Vacuum Cup Tires on November 10, 1920.

Notwithstanding this, we propose to give thoughtful motorists additional opportunity to prove for themselves, in the most economical manner, the fact that

The Vacuum Cup Tread will not skid on wet or greasy pavements!

For the month of January, Vacuum Cup dealers throughout the United States are authorized to give—absolutely free of charge—

One Pennsylvania "Ton Tested" Tube of corresponding size with every regular Vacuum Cup Cord or Fabric Tire purchased!

Start the New Year right. Equip your car with four Vacuum Cup Tires. Know that definite immunity from skidding on wet, slippery pavements which thousands of other prudent Vacuum Cup Tire users enjoy the year round.

If you cannot secure prompt service locally, write to the Factory at Jeannette, Pa., and your order will be filled, carrying charges prepaid anywhere in the United States.

PENNSYLVANIA RUBBER CO. of AMERICA, Jeannette, Pa.
Direct Factory Branches and Service Agencies Throughout the United States and Canada
Export Department, Woolworth Building, New York City

Pennsylvania VACUUM CUP CORD TIRES

Period Furniture

GRAND RAPIDS FURNITURE
(Direct from the Factory)



Solid Mahogany
Toilet Table CHAIR
With Cane Seat
Special at
$9.75
Regularly $20

DISCONTINUED PATTERNS at 50% of Regular Prices

Sheraton, Tudor, Adam, Heppelwhite, Chippendale, Colonial, etc., Dining Room Suites, $275 to $1,200, regularly $500 to $2,000. Queen Anne, Louis XV., Louis XVI., Sheraton, etc., Bedroom Suites, Mahogany and Walnut, $100 to $1,000, regularly $300 to $2,000. Assortment of living room and upholstered furniture.

ODD PERIOD PIECES, $6 up.

Est. 1852 **MANGES BROS.** M'f'rs
668 to 672 Sixth Ave., cor 39th St.



Satin Dress, Heavy Silk Floss Embroidery . . $19.95

All Wool Velour Coat-Wrap, Opossum Collar $25.00

Sale of 400 Silk and Cloth DRESSES
More than 30 Styles in a variety of materials
Values as high as $35 NOW $19.95

Sale of 375 Warm Winter COATS
Plain and Fur-trimmed models in 20 different styles
Values as high as $50 NOW $25.00

No Mail Orders, C. O. D.'s, Refunds or Exchanges

HAMILTON GARMENT CO.
307 Fifth Avenue, Near 31st Street

Your Beauty Ideals

You have three beauty ideals: to attain the wondrous charm of a lovely skin; to cherish its beauty in all seasons and all weathers; to maintain its dainty softness and smoothness against the passing of the years.

D. & R. Perfect Cold Cream combines all three of these ideals. This is why famous beauties and social leaders of three generations have relied upon it to cleanse and refresh the skin, to beautify and preserve the complexion.

The greatest charm of all, a radiant, beautiful complexion, may be easily attained and enhanced through the daily use of D. & R. Perfect Cold Cream. In tubes 12c, 30c, 60c. In jars 40c, 60c, $1.00, $1.65. FREE trial tube sent with our compliments. Address Daggett & Ramsdell, Dept. 664, D. & R. Building, New York.



DAGGETT & RAMSDELL'S PERFECT COLD CREAM
"The Kind That Keeps"

DRESSES for LARGE WOMEN at Wholesale Only



STYLE 920
PHOTOGRAPHED FROM LIFE
A frock of FINE TRICOTINE
Embroidered with Iris Beads

prima Donna

Poise—serenity—charm—all these envied attributes are within the reach of every large woman.

The secret lies in dressing *correctly*—which need not mean expensively. It is simply a matter of securing lines that convey an impression of height and dignity.

Try on several Prima Donna Dresses (being sure you are properly corseted), and see how their every detail contributes to this effect. Then select the most becoming.

Write for name of nearest merchant showing new Paris styles for Street, Afternoon and Evening Wear

BAUM & WOLFF, Inc.
99-103 Madison Avenue
New York

Hat from Guedalia—



Dale

VISIT our showroom. We do not issue literature, but assist you in your selection from fixtures hung and *illuminated*. This insures satisfaction.

109 West 13th St., New York
ONE DOOR WEST OF 6TH AVE.
DALE Lighting Fixture Co
Quality Service Price

A joy to-day—plus protection for to-morrow.

PIRIE MacDONALD
Photographer of Men
576 FIFTH AV. COR. 47TH ST.

La-May Face Powder



is now used by over a million American women

HARDMAN FIVE FOOT GRAND

Caruso writes:

"The Hardman is the only piano I have used in my apartment in New York. I also have one in my home in Florence, Italy.

The Hardman is my favorite."

Here, indeed, is Perfect Praise!

Moderately Priced
Convenient Terms

HARDMAN, PECK & CO.
138 FIFTH AVENUE - - NEW YORK
1551 FLATBUSH AVENUE - - BROOKLYN
Represented in all cities



Raffetto's FRENCH MARRONS

The dainty confection of Paris

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

IN GLASS JARS WHEREVER THE CHOICEST DELICACIES ARE SOLD.

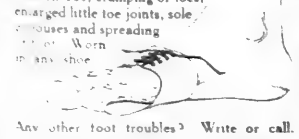
G. B. RAFFETTO, Inc.
NEW YORK



ACFIELD'S METAPAD
IT SUPPORTS & BINDS THE FRONT ARCH

For All Metatarsal Arch Affections.

Morton Toe, cramping of toes, enlarged little toe joints, sole callouses and spreading
Worn in any shoe



Any other foot troubles? Write or call.
C. R. ACFIELD, Foot Specialties,
1328 Broadway and 47 West 34th Street | New York City. Dept. B. D.



Bohn Syphon Refrigerator

Call and see the Bohn Refrigerator which went through the fire — nearly burned off the doors, etc.—but the ice did not melt!



Bohn Refrigerator Shops
53 W. 42d St., N. Y.
913 Broad St., Newark.

Franklin Simon & Co

Fifth Avenue [illegible] St., New York



Women's and Misses' Fashions for Southern Wear in

BLOUSES *and* SKIRTS

29 Bramley CIRCULAR SKIRT OF COTTON HOMESPUN blue, rose or white $ 7.50

33 FLANNEL SPORTS SKIRT (all-wool quality) white flannel 15.00

37 OBLONG [illegible] SKIRT with black [illegible] 12.75

41 MANDARIN [illegible] SKIRT navy blue or black with white [illegible] 25.50

SKIRTS, Women's [illegible]

FEMININE SKIRT SHOP, Fourth Floor — FEMININE BLOUSE SHOP, Third Floor

Prompt Delivery Free, Anywhere in the United States. Phone 6000 Fitz Roy



VAN RAALTE

SILK HOSIERY

[illegible] Van Raalte Veils

BONWIT TELLER & CO.

The Specialty Shop of Originations

FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET, NEW YORK



SPORTS *and* SEMI-TAILORED HATS

For Southern Resort and Early Spring Wear

750 Soft Faille Silk Hat in plain light or dark shades, stitched with gray wool 15.00

752 Sateened Faille Silk Hat in sports and street shades, of sectional crown, silk band and bow 15.00



753 Faille Silk Hat with [illegible] facing and [illegible] in all fashionable shades 20.00



754 Large Faille Silk Hat in [illegible] and cream colorings, faced with silk or self-color straw 22.50

SPORTS AND SEMI-TAILORED MILLINERY, MAIN FLOOR

Every woman should know

TRUHU

REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Pronounced (True hue)

TRUHU means WASHABLE SILKS

IN EVERY WEAVE AND GRADE
IN EVERY COLOR AND SHADE
[illegible] — INCLUDING [illegible]

ALL WASHABLE

"If its TRUHU its washable"

TRUHU SILKS for Dresses, Skirts, Blouses, Lingerie, Sports Apparel, Shirtings, Mourning



THE NAME IS ON THE SELVAGE
THE LABEL IS ON THE GARMENT

An Art Treasure

With its base of real cloisonne, 20 inches high, and shade of buff-toned parchment, you'll appreciate this harmonious combination of lamp and shade. A reproduction of an antique Japanese art treasure that has its place in almost every room. $22.00



$22.00

Lightolier COMPANY
500 BROADWAY
New York City

Lighting Fixture and Lamp Headquarters.

Our showrooms at the Prince Street station of the B. R. T. Subway are within easy reach of the heart of the city. Write for booklet "The Secret of Entrancing Light"



OUR FAULTS AS SEEN ABROAD

Outstanding Accusations Made by Members of Other Nations Against America and Americans

To see ourselves as others see us is as tonic at times to nations as it is to individuals. The point of view of the outsider may not be fair. It may not be true. It may be out of focus. Still it is wholesome to consider it.

In these days when Americans are better known and more talked about in foreign countries than ever before, perhaps it is just as well that the unpleasant things are filtering in along with the compliments. Lindsay Russell, lawyer, has been making a list of the "knocks." Said he the other day:

"The charges brought against the United States are startling. We are accused of practically all of the same national faults and vices which we ourselves impute to others. It is helpful to consider them in series.

"We are charged with being international meddlers. They say that Uncle Sam is a veritable Don Quixote, tilting at every alien windmill. Caustic statesmen say that President Wilson, through his epistle to the Egyptians and his message to the Romans, his support of the alleged oppressed and downtrodden in all countries, has caused more misery, more unrest than any other political idealist.

"The satirical say that the principle of self-determination, if applied to our own country, would disrupt the nation. What about the aspirations of the Filipinos? What about the eight million negroes mostly disfranchised in the United States? What about the three hundred thousand Indians?

"Again, other Europeans say that we want to foist our form of government upon the entire world. Many Europeans do not agree that the United States has developed the best of all forms of governmental organizations. They disagree with our principles. The British think we add fuel to Irish flames. The Japanese think we stir up the Koreans. All around the world it is said that we ignorantly set ourselves up as models of comic perfection. They say we are innocent, arrogant, naive and conceited. They say that the Irish here make our Irish policy, and that we have no homogeneous point of view.

Our Big Navy Program.

"We are charged with being militaristic. We regard ourselves as a peaceable nation. We think we are probably the most peaceable nation, yet we have the second largest navy in the world and we are expending more money than any other country in the attempt to wrest naval supremacy from Great Britain. The English ask what the big navy program means. Both the English and the Japanese are concerned about this. The island kingdoms depend for food and safety on the possession of adequate fleets. They ask, 'Why should the United States seek to command the seas?'

"We know that our intentions are honorable, but it is charged generally throughout the world that the United States is aggressive. It is said that the character of a nation must not be judged by one administration, but by its behavior throughout a century. It is said that during a considerable period of time we have taken Florida from Spain, the Pacific Coast and Texas from Mexico. We have annexed Hawaii and the Philippines. We fomented a revolution in Panama for the purpose of taking the territory that we desired. We have assumed an overlordship of South America through the Monroe Doctrine. It is said that we entered the World War for the purpose of putting an end to future wars and of relieving the nations of the burden of arms, and that yet today, three years after the war, we are expending for military purposes more than the other great powers.

"We are charged with being capitalistic. Deals rather than ideals characterize the average American according to unsympathetic foreign critics. We went to war, say they, for the benefit of humanity and came out with humanity's gold. They say that we renounced our dollar diplomacy and declined to use the instrumentalities of government to further foreign trade, and that today our State Department is actively engaged in supporting what it denounced a few years ago. The sophisticated refer to Secretary Colby's recent notes regarding the property of other people held in mandate for the League of Nations. They comment not too kindly on the American suggestion that the oil fields are not owned by Great Britain and France, but are held in trusteeship for the United States as well.

Other Unfavorable Comments.

"Our new merchant marine policy has awakened further unfavorable comments. Both England and Norway feel keenly on this question. Both are dependent on their merchant marine. They say that historical development has given them peculiar interest in shipping. They believe their own livelihood depends on their shipping interests. Therefore, when they are told that the United States proposes to monopolize the shipping of the world, they feel that deadly blows are being aimed at their economic well-being. But do not misunderstand me. I am not arguing against the development of our shipping. I am only endeavoring now to report faithfully the feelings of other members of the family of nations toward us.

"We are charged with being egotistic. We attempt to Americanize the world it is said. A foreign writer of importance has asserted that we are attempting to assume the erstwhile role of Germany. They say that we have substituted for 'Deutschland Uber Alles' 'America First' and that unless we reform our morals we shall inherit the position of Germany in the family of nations. They accuse us of being intolerant to the nationals of other countries whether we find them here or abroad. 'Swat the Jap' is the vernacular on the Pacific Coast. 'Down with the Wop' is the slogan of others. At the same time they say that we allow other groups who have established themselves here and who have acquired political influence to interfere with other countries—our friends. For example such critics say that the Irish Republic, the Korean Republic, the Indian Republic, the African Republic, to mention only a few, have been organized and financed in the United States. Some humorous Europeans suggest that we exchange the Philippines for Ireland and thus prevent a war with Great Britain and at the same time raise our own policemen.

The Political Hose.

"We have always been convinced that the United States was a great experiment of democratic progress. In a measure that is true. At any rate I believe it to be true, but the other nations are not at all convinced of the perfection of our governmental plan. Some say we have substituted bosses for ruling class; they do not feel that the political boss is a sure sign of political progress. Perhaps they are mistaken.

"We are charged with being internationally ill-mannered. Some American travelers have always been sufficiently conspicuous to give an unfavorable name to their countrymen. Because of the indiscretions of such it has been thought that all Americans were rich and vulgar. They would buy any kind of art. They were willing to pay absurd prices to gratify silly whims. An interesting thing has happened to this kind of criticism. It has in fact been changed as a consequence of the war. They say that Europe is now itself being Americanized. What they mean is that during the war a new industrial class arose, a class of rich men made rich by manufacturing war materials or by the use of some of the other economic opportunities which were available. The Europeans have found that their own nouveaux riches did the same kind of thing which was previously objected to as American. In Germany, in Austria, in Italy this is especially noticeable. These are minor things, mere superficial aspersions on manners and customs. Very serious charges are, however, brought against us.

Streams of Resentment.

"We are charged with brutality toward immigrants. They say that we invite immigration from all the world and that we exploit in various ways those who come. Here, again, I am not saying that the criticism is well founded. I do not think that it is on the whole. But I am concerned to discover chiefly what other peoples are thinking and saying against us. The papers of many countries have published articles telling of the unjust and harsh treatment accorded their nationals in the United States. That resentment is one of the minute streams which go to make up the full current of international opinion.

"If particular countries are regarded it is possible to hear often contradictory opinions. Some Russians are against us because we failed to intervene when intervention was a popular thought, and others are against us for quite different reasons. The largest amount of criticism comes because of the alleged blockade. It is said that the largest group of anti-Bolshevists now want the so-called blockade lifted because of their belief that regardless of the present Government the next generation of Russians, who are children today, must be safeguarded. It is not necessary to seek the Soviet criticism. That, of course, is inevitable and may be accepted as such. Yet, even in Soviet Russia is found a criticism which, from totally different angles, is echoed in many countries. It is that we are a middle-class country, and that we have a bourgeois outlook. A Russian proletarian says that with as much bitterness as does a Western European aristocrat, and they both mean much the same thing. That criticism, it might be observed, points to our essential strength. The fact that we have a middle class and that the middle class has been prominent has given character to our institutions. But I am reciting hostile criticism and not offering at this place the defense.

"We are charged with being Puritanical. Another criticism arises from our prohibition law. In a sense we are called a 'blue' nation. The Italians feel peculiarly keen about this. The Germans do, too, but under the existing circumstances they feel more constraint about expressing their views. Many Europeans in various countries accuse us of being moralistic, Puritanical, and even hypocritical. Some go so far as to say that we let the rich drink and take away the poor man's wine and beer. There are answers to this as to other charges, but we need not make them now.

Hostile Emotions.

"Nobody who has any knowledge of what is said and thought and felt in Europe or in the Orient can be unaware of the very deep friendship and appreciation which characterize the attitudes of most nations toward the United States. And yet those general feelings of good-will are not enough. They can be disturbed and they often are disturbed by some clash over a relatively small issue. It is, moreover, so very much easier to arouse hostile emotions than it is to cultivate friendly feelings that a nation which has occupied the place the United States has in the family of nations ought to be peculiarly careful to avoid giving real occasion for dislike or offense. I do not for a moment mean to say that the grievances and the criticisms I have cited are the things which necessarily lead to international trouble. Nothing necessarily leads to trouble. But I do say that it is wise to keep our own house in order.

"More than that, those eager to hear favorable comment have only to listen to the praise of the numerous peoples throughout Central Europe and the Near East who have benefited by America's good works. They will find real plaudits for the conduct of the United States toward Cuba. But all of us know the many excellent things which we have as a people and as a Government achieved. The fresh memory of those things is perhaps a sufficient solace to enable us to endure less appreciative comments."

HE GAVE AWAY ALL HIS MILLIONS

Russell H. Conwell, Preacher and University President, Was a Lawyer Before He Discovered His Life Work of Unique Philanthropy

By WILLIAM L. CHENERY.

ONLY the New World could have produced him—this wandering preacher of golden opportunity.

In a way his story is a history of modern America. What he sees and what he has failed to see, what he has done and what he has never thought of doing, what he is and what he is not, tell one chapter at least of the record of our times.

Material success, the accumulation of riches, is sometimes held to be the ignis fatuus, the misleading light, which lures mankind along false paths. But Russell H. Conwell, pre-eminent preacher of the personal opportunity and the individual achievement which leads to such success, has in his own person despised it.

During sixty-one years of active work he has personally acquired a sum which, had it been saved and put out at interest, instead of being scattered in endless gifts, would amount to $11,000,000. Today, at the age of 77, he continues to earn something near $50,000 a year—and he has nothing. For others he has counseled riches; for himself he has chosen relative poverty. To others he has imparted the energy which resulted in wealth, but for himself he has spurned all accumulation. That trait among others has distinguished him from the mass of his countrymen.

Russell H. Conwell was born on a threadbare farm in the Berkshire Hills of Western Massachusetts in 1843. He struggled and suffered as only the spirited child of poverty-stricken parents can when driven to seek the opportunity of education. He paid the harsh price which schools and colleges exact of impoverished youth.

Poor Boy in New England.

The struggles of those days burned deeply. They determine his work today. He left the farm. Success came to him. He was thrown in contact with many of the great figures of the world. John Brown was a familiar guest at his father's home. He knew Lincoln. William Cullen Bryant was a neighbor. Emerson he knew. Longfellow and Oliver Wendell Holmes were his friends. As he freed himself from the limitations of his early environment he got the chance to meet many of the Victorian giants. Garibaldi was his friend and host. Bismarck he knew slightly. He visited the homes of Tennyson and Dickens. As a lecturer he served with Henry Ward Beecher, Robert Ingersoll and John B. Gough. Among writers, Horace Greeley and Bayard Taylor were his companions. He laid the foundations of fortune as a lawyer and editor. Then suddenly he left it all and became a preacher on a pittance, and unexpectedly discovered that his real career had begun.

Today he is the pastor and builder of one of the largest protestant churches in America, the Baptist Temple of Philadelphia. He is the founder and head of Temple University, a singularly interesting institution, which has about 7,000 students. He has established two hospitals and in a considerable measure has himself supported the institutions. But, most noteworthy of all, he has personally aided thousands of young men and women to obtain the college education he himself so eagerly desired in his boyhood.



The Rev. Dr. Russell H. Conwell.

He has been able to do all this because of his talent for oratory, his genius as a lecturer, coupled with his authorship of a number of highly remunerative books. For forty years steadily, for sixty-one years intermittently, he has spoken to American audiences. During a large part of the year he now lectures five nights a week—210 lectures a year. In addition to this, in spite of his seventy-seven years, he preaches twice each Sunday to audiences which vary in numbers from three to four thousand. During the earlier years his lectures provided some of the essential funds whereby the church and the college were supported. But for a long time the earnings from the lectures have been distributed to students throughout the country.

Helping Individual Students.

This particular philanthropy marks Dr. Conwell. College students and more particularly college officials write to him concerning the needs of boys or girls who, with assistance, could earn their way through college. Dr. Conwell insists on helping those who are willing to help themselves so far as they can. How many he has aided is not reckoned exactly. From one lecture alone, however, the famous "Acres of Diamonds," 2,660 young men and women have been helped in the last forty years. The total number is estimated at more than 5,000.

Scattered all about the country are men and women whose education was made possible by Dr. Conwell's gifts. Several members of the present Congress were helped through college by him. Three or four bank Presidents in Philadelphia were the beneficiaries of his philanthropy. Who they are is his secret. I traveled with the lecturer from Philadelphia to Atlantic City, where, on one of the stormy nights of this December, he was scheduled to lecture. As a result of that night's efforts on the part of a man 77 years old, a boy in Amhurst received the funds with which to stay at college through the current academic year.

The money is given outright to the students. Dr. Conwell thinks now that a loan fund might perhaps have been wiser. The money returned by students after their graduation would have served again, and a larger number might have been aided. But his custom was established decades ago, and it has not been changed.

A Gift from Rockefeller.

A curious episode occurred in this connection within the last few months. John D. Rockefeller Sr. is an old friend of Dr. Conwell. The oil man thought that the lecturer should have at least a small sum of money against a rainy day. So he sent a check for $1,000 as an emergency fund. Dr. Conwell happened to know of ten students who would be mightily aided by $100 each. He divided the gift in ten parts and wrote to Mr. Rockefeller, telling him about the young people who were benefited by the money. Mr. Rockefeller wrote a note in which he said he was glad that the students were helped, but that he had intended the money for Dr. Conwell. Consequently he was asking his office to make out another check for $1,000, which the lecturer would kindly conserve for his own possible needs!

That quality of doing personally whatever was at hand explains many of Dr. Conwell's achievements. Until he was 37 years old he was a lawyer. Suddenly he decided to become a preacher. One of his clients—he was then Lieut. Col. Conwell, a Civil War veteran and a practicing lawyer of Boston—asked him about the legal methods of disposing of a church. This particular church was situated in Lexington. Its attendance consisted of only five or six persons, and the building was falling to pieces in decay.

Colonel Conwell had been conducting a Bible class of 800 members at Tremont Temple, and he had long suppressed a desire to preach. When he went out to Lexington to consider methods of disposing of the church, he found a few old members of the congregation who were much troubled at the prospect. He decided on the spot to give up his law practice, which was large, and to accept the responsibility for building up the church. On the second Sunday he had a big audience, and part of the church broke under the unfamiliar weight. The next morning, with a crowbar and other wrecking tools, Colonel Conwell began to tear down the dangerous portions of the structure. When he had gone to the church the treasury contained $1.50. The sight of the new minister at work with a crowbar was too much for Lexington. Funds at once became available. A new church was established.

A few months later a decaying church in Philadelphia needed a new minister. Dr. Conwell liked the prospect. He went to Philadelphia, where he found a congregation even poorer, individually, than the one he had left in Lexington. His oratory attracted crowds, and soon it was necessary to build a church. The members of the congregation were poor, so poor that it seemed impossible for them to give the money needed.

A Start With 57 Cents.

Help came in a strange way. A little girl, Hattie Wyatt, wanted to go to the Sunday School. The building was so crowded that she could not be received. She was much distressed, and as it happened a little later she fell sick and died. She had a toy bank which contained 57 cents. That money she told her parents to give toward the building of a new church. Those 57 cents built the church, says Dr. Conwell. For as soon as he got the bequest he picked out the lot he desired on Broad Street and approached the owner. The owner did not want to part with his property. Before the interview was over, however, he had sold the land, and Hattie Wyatt's pennies composed the first payment.

From that start the church grew. It is now called the Temple Church because of its size—more than 3,200 seats and space for 4,000 people on great occasions. Admission is in part by ticket. Two thousand members of the congregation are ticketholders. After they are admitted others may come.

Week in and week out Dr. Conwell preaches to this large congregation. The matter of holding the interest and attention of a large audience is difficult, as many aspiring orators at the national political conventions have learned to their humiliation. The Temple Church has never been able to find an adequate understudy for Dr. Conwell. Consequently, regardless of his almost four score years, he is impelled to continue to preach twice every Sunday. Strangely enough, the preaching does not fatigue him. But he admits that meeting the enormous crowds afterward, shaking hands with fifteen hundred to two thousand people, some times is wearisome after the evening service.

From the church experience and from the memories of his own hardships at Yale, where he supported himself just at the beginning of the civil war, Dr. Conwell got the impulse to found a college. The development was simple. In 1884 Philadelphia had no evening schools. Education, the preacher believed, was the key to opportunity. Young men and women, desperate with the sense of the hopelessness of emerging from the hard industrial and commercial conditions of the decades immediately after the civil war, came to Dr. Conwell for advice and help. He established classes, and out of these classes grew the conception of a city college at which sons and daughters of the poor might get sound instruction and at the same time support themselves.

College for the Poor.

The college advanced under heavy difficulties. It had no endowment and no buildings. The idea itself seemed bizarre and impractical. But in his capacity as a lecturer, Dr. Conwell had a large earning power, and he threw himself into the venture. Students now come in numbers to the institution, which because of its professional schools is termed a university. They come from all parts of the country. Chiefly they are young people who have nothing in assets except the desire to learn. Boys arrive from the South or the West with less than a dollar in funds.

The college authorities have established relationships with business houses of many kinds, and by this agency part time work is found for students. Classes are arranged so that it is possible for pupils to study and to work. The students are employed in small stores and in large plants. The variety of service they perform is exceedingly wide. They pay their own tuition fees, except for a few who have scholarships. During the present semester there are approximately 7,000 students in the institution. About half of them have been placed in jobs by the university, and a large number of others are working. Dr. Conwell does not have to lecture to aid any of the students in his own university. His gifts are all to young men and women at places where it is less easy to be self-supporting.

In addition to a college of liberal arts, schools of law, medicine and dentistry, and a teachers' college are maintained. The founder thinks that all towns of 5,000 inhabitants ought to provide institutions where first grade educational training is available to all. Since he pioneered in this field, the growth of urban colleges and universities has been conspicuous. Many cities have offered higher education to their residents. In few places, however, have the needs of penniless youth been more acutely sensed than in Temple University.

World's Record in Lecturing.

Dr. Conwell probably holds the world's record as a lecturer. He began as a youth. During the first years of the civil war he was a famed "boy orator." He made speeches in behalf of the war and until he was allowed to enlist was used as a recruiting agent. His most famous lecture, "Acres of Diamonds," is the story of the opportunity which lies humbly at hand. It has been delivered 5,021 times. Probably 10,000,000 people have heard this and other Conwell lectures.

"Acres of Diamonds" was suggested by the Indian episode of the man who went vainly around the world in search of riches, only to learn that on his own small farm acres of diamonds had been uncovered. The lecture was once delivered on the banks of the Jumna River, in India, to English soldiers. It has been given in the enclosure in Jerusalem where Solomon's Temple is reported to have stood, in the Garden of Gethsemane, and in Jericho. The King and Queen of Norway heard it, and again it was delivered in the royal palace at Stockholm. Dr. Conwell has many lectures, but "Acres of Diamonds" has been heard as often as all the others combined.

During all these years he has been first a student and a follower, and afterward an associate, of many great lecturers. He heard Henry Ward Beecher sell a fugitive slave at auction in his church in order to obtain money to buy the slave's freedom. He heard Abraham Lincoln make his Cooper Union speech. The beginning of that speech was a failure, according to Dr. Conwell.

"William Cullen Bryant, our old neighbor, presided at that meeting," recalled Dr. Conwell the other day. "When Mr. Bryant arose to introduce the speaker of the evening, the latter was known to few, seemingly, in that great hall. Mr. Bryant said, 'I can introduce to you the next President of the United States, Abraham Lincoln.' Then through that great audience flew the query as to who Abraham Lincoln was. There was but weak applause.

The Stirring Lincoln.

"Mr. Lincoln had in his hand a manuscript. He had written it with great care and exactness, and the speech which appears in his official biography is the one that he wrote—not the one that he delivered as I recall it. Lincoln read three pages of his speech, and had gone on to the fourth when he lost his place and began to tremble and stammer. He finally turned the manuscript over two or three times, threw it on the table and let himself go, as they say in the West. Then the stammering man who had created only silent derision to that point suddenly flashed out. The awkward arms and disheveled hair were lost sight of in admiration of that magnificent address. The immense audience immediately began to follow his thought, and when he uttered that quotation from Douglas, 'If it is written on the sky of America that the slaves shall some day be free,' the applause was so great that the building trembled, and I felt the windows shake behind me. I thought of the auction of the night before. Here, too, was a man enlisted in the cause of freeing the slaves. I went home strangely stirred."

Dr. Conwell, then Captain Conwell, knew Lincoln later in the war, when he visited the White House to make a plea in behalf of a boy who had got in trouble in the army. During the years after the close of the war his own reputation as a speaker and writer increased, and he began to travel on the lecture circuit. Beecher and Ingersoll and Gough became his companions. Of all the lecturers he has known—and Dr. Conwell's career is contemporary with the rise of the lecturer in this country—that old advocate of temperance, John B. Gough, stands highest in his appreciation.

"There was more eloquence in the flapping of John B. Gough's long coat tails than there was in the oratory of the best of his rivals," said Dr. Conwell, recalling the phrase of one of the critics contemporary with the Gough period of America.

Dr. Conwell himself carries on the tradition. He is perhaps the last of that coterie of gifted men. In a measure he bridges the gulf between that past and the present. From such associations and from other experiences, harsh and rich, he has built up his philosophy of America.

[Dr. Conwell's recollections of John Brown, his wholesome philosophy of life, his unique charities, his receipt for success and his views on prohibition and kindred issues will be the subject of an article next Sunday.]

CRIPPLED BANKER'S SCHOOL FOR CRIPPLES

YOUR subways are a bit confusing, aren't they? Yesterday I got on a train and came straight down here. Today I had to change twice."

There is nothing unusual in this statement. Many visitors to New York have said as much and more. The thing that makes the statement worthy of repetition is the fact that it was made by Michael J. Dowling. To a good many people the name is enough to place this highly interesting personality. Others, however, may not know the facts that have made his career a red letter page in American chronicles of achievements through pluck.

Mr. Dowling, or "Mike," as he is known by his frock-coated confreres, is the able citizen of Olivia, Minn., who, starting in life with the handicap of the loss of both legs, one arm and part of the remaining hand, rose to be a leading banker of Olivia. He was 15 years old when the misfortune on which he built his later success overtook him. He was caught in a Minnesota blizzard; the amputations mentioned were necessary in order to save his life. Few men are now more widely known in his own State than Mr. Dowling, and it is said he might have been Governor of Minnesota but for an honesty and independence of mind that refused to work with the politicians.

Michael Dowling, who wears two artificial legs and an artificial arm and hand, came to New York to attend a meeting of his banking associates. While chatting informally with them about the things that were happening in Minnesota the news of his school for cripples in Minneapolis leaked out. The men were speaking about assets and liabilities, taxpayers and tax consumers. It was then Mr. Dowling made the statement that the real evolution and progress of a State could be gauged by its ability to turn its liabilities into assets, its tax consumers into taxpayers.

"Take, for instance," he said, "the public school for cripples in Minneapolis. That is one way in which the citizens of that State are working out the problem. I'll wager that none of those children attending the school today will ever become a public charge." Mr. Dowling was asked to elaborate. He did in the interview that follows:

"The problem of cripples has always been one very near to me. Naturally. When the war came and the wounded boys began coming back I felt that in spite of the handicap of two artificial legs, one artificial arm and hand, and only part of a thumb and parts of the other in good shape, I could be of some value in fighting the enemy. My work was not to wage war against soldiers, but, against the terrifying loneliness, hopelessness and ugly morbidity from which the maimed men suffered.

"I went to our men in the camps and hospitals on this side the waters and talked with them, telling them of my experiences. I went overseas and talked with the men in England and Belgium. The thing to do was to make these men buck up and put into their beings the spirit of fight against odds.

"There is no better material for I. W. W. propaganda than the crippled and the maimed. Allowed to saturate himself with ideas of self-pity, a handicapped individual soon gets to a point where all ideas of self-help and independence go and he relinquishes himself to the thought that there is no need for him to exert himself to overcome his disability because society is responsible for his well-being.

"There was a time when I used to be sensitive when people spoke of my infirmity. I didn't want people to notice that I was any different from normal folks. The war changed that. I didn't mind how many times I repeated my story, knowing full well that some wretched, unhappy lad would gain the courage to face the next day because of it. After a time that work ended, and I went home. The memories of those wounded boys went with me. There seemed nothing more, however, that I could do for them. But there was something that I could do at home for others like them. There were the crippled children who needed help.

"One of the most piteous spectacles, I think, is the sight of some poor, helpless, handicapped child looking out the window watching the other children at their games on their way to school. Investigation proves that the vast majority of these waifs, ranging in age from 5 to 18 or 19, were kept at home, without education or recreation of any kind except that given by the members of the family. 'What happened to them when they grew up?' was the question put to these families. The richer people clenched their teeth and said the families would continue to take care of them for all time; the poorer shook their heads and confessed that they were facing the dread of public institutions.

"Scores of lives were thus being wasted because of lack of proper educational provision for them. These children were growing up in an environment where they constantly felt their handicap, where there was no incentive to emulate any of their own kind. That, after all, is the secret of all human endeavor, emulating a fellow individual.

"Why not a public school for crippled children? This idea was presented to the business men of Minneapolis and they discountenanced it. They thought it an extravagance, the outgrowth of a personal whim or experience. It couldn't be done, they said. The city couldn't afford it. Could the city afford to take care of the cripples who became public charges for all time was the counter-question. The city had always done it, was the answer.

"It is no easy matter bucking your head against a stone wall of that kind. These men were progressive business men. It seemed that if the problem were presented them correctly they would probably respond properly. The oft-repeated tale of my own handicap was told them. Before very long the men were convinced that human liabilities could be turned into human assets, and that the crippled child with proper education and training could be made into a taxpayer and not a tax consumer.

"The school was built. Something like sixty of the children of Minneapolis who had spent their days gazing out of windows were gathered together and brought to the building. They ranged in ages from 5 to 19. Special teachers who could take care of elementary and secondary school subjects were appointed. The school was placed under the supervision of Mrs. Julia McGrew, who is considered the greatest find for this kind of work.

"From the very beginning the value of the school became apparent to all. Little children who were formerly shy and reticent opened up and became happy young human beings. They weren't different any more, you see. They were among their own kind.

"I remember the conversation I held with one of them, a little girl of 5 who was standing about on crutches. She was watching a little boy somewhat older than she, similarly handicapped, running a race with another of his kind. This little one came of a fine family, rather well fixed, who had resented any one taking an educational interest in their child. They didn't want charity, they had said. It had to be impressed upon them that this was no more charity than was the education of their other children who attended the public schools. They were finally prevailed upon to let the child attend.

"There was a look of keen enjoyment on her face. 'Do you like this school?' I asked her. She nodded her head brightly. 'Why?' She leaned against her little crutches for a moment, then shyly answered, 'Because I can learn how to run like that.' There is the answer in a nutshell, because she could learn how to do things that people who were like her could do.

"The importance of bringing these little crippled children together and teaching them the things that they can do is more important than people appreciate. The crippled child is much more lonely than the person who has been crippled when he attains manhood. He has learned how to make his human contacts. In his formative period he was a part of the great mass of people who are normal. He retains the power of being a part of society after the blow comes. Not so the child who either is born a cripple or becomes one in early childhood. From the very beginning he is different from the members of his family and different from the children he sees on the street. He must perforce shut himself in and live in a world of his own making. It isn't normal and it isn't healthy. It certainly does not help give him the desire of personal independence the normal person desires.

"In Minneapolis today sixty children are for the first time learning what it means to play with other children. The boys on crutches play football, the girls play tag. There is no self-consciousness or embarrassment of any sort. When I was last there I saw a boy with a crippled leg climbing up a rope ladder. That boy would never have essayed that stunt in a school where only normal children were present.

"The purpose of the school is to give the handicapped future citizens of the State the same sort of mental and physical training as is given to the normal. It does not yet include vocational training. That probably will be the next step taken. In order to insure these boys and girls the best physical care during their stay at the school, there are nurses in constant attendance. A doctor reports every day to see that the children are not overexerting themselves. Not the least satisfactory part of the work lies in the fact that owing to his care two of the children may be able to walk without crutches in a short time. Both will be transferred from this school and will attend the ordinary public schools.

"Buses fetch the children to school in the mornings and take them home in the afternoon. Luncheon is eaten at the school. Special apparatus has been installed for massage and other treatments the pupils require. Every effort is made not only to give the child the opportunity to train his mind but to give him the kind of therapeutic treatment that the best homes can afford. Minneapolis will most certainly make these little citizens valuable assets to the community. Owing to the fact that the school was started by some one who could appreciate the needs of the children, the school is called the Michael J. Dowling School."

Succession of Strikes Has Alienated Sympathy of Middle Classes—Jealousies of Ambitious Leaders

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

SECOND ARTICLE:

LONDON, Dec. 1, 1920.

WHILE through the development of the trade unions the workers of Great Britain have acquired formidable industrial power labor as a political force is as yet singularly ineffective. Large numbers of men who are quite loyal to their unions still refuse to vote for the return of men of their own class to Parliament. It would not be an exaggeration to say that hundreds of thousands of workers will vote in a Parliamentary election for candidates of the employer class although they would be prepared to come out on strike against those candidates in their industrial sphere. The paradox is carried still further. Men who give their vote against the Labor candidate at the ballot box may be found later on supporting "direct action" proposals to secure results which a Labor Government might be able to achieve on constitutional lines. This attitude is the despair of the official Labor Party. If all the members of trade unions, together with women members of their households who are entitled to vote, were to support the Labor candidates at an election a Labor Government in the near future could not be prevented. It seems impossible, however, to secure political solidarity on class lines and this explains why Labor has only sixty-eight representatives among the 707 members of the present House of Commons. In the House these sixty-eight representatives, though having several able leaders, have been singularly impotent as the largest block of a feeble opposition.

The "Ginger Group."

Previous to the revision, two or three years ago, of the constitution, the Labor Party was a federation consisting of trade unions, Socialist societies, co-operative societies, trades councils, local labor parties and the Women's Labor League. Now it is a national political party, membership in which is open to every man and woman who accepts the party's program and agrees with its aims. Under the old constitution it was possible for individual men and women to become associated with the party by joining a local labor party, but in general the principle of individual membership in the local organizations had been practically ignored. The new constitution, in the words of "The Labor Year Book," makes individual membership a cardinal point of the scheme. At the present time the membership of the party is about 3,000,000. The trade union element is much the largest and constitutes the right wing of the party. The Independent Labor Party, which is affiliated, is the left wing, and, while furnishing a small proportion of the funds of the membership is not more than 50,000—it provides the driving force or the "ginger group" of the whole movement. In the past the I. L. P. has also run a large number of the candidates backed by Labor Party funds, although the trade unions, and particularly the Miners' Federation, have insisted on men of their own selection for what are looked upon as safe labor seats. At the general election of 1918, while labor increased its representation in Parliament, nearly all the I. L. P. candidates, including J. Ramsay Macdonald, Philip Snowden, F. W. Jowett and the late W. C. Anderson, were defeated, chiefly because of the pacifist tendencies they had shown during the war. As a result of loss of these "intellectuals" the Labor Party in the House of Commons has made a poor show in the last two years. The soundest and best-informed of the elected group is J. R. Clynes, an official of the General Workers' Union and member for one of the Manchester divisions, who during a period when labor came within the Coalition Government held the position of Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Food. He might lead labor in the House if it were not for internal jealousies within the party.

Ambitious Leaders.

Jealousies are peculiarly rife both in the Parliamentary Labor Party and the trade union movement. Three members at least of the Labor Party are known to hold ambitions to figure as the first Labor Prime Minister of the country, and this rivalry is not good for the progress of the party as a whole. Clearly and boldly led, the party might develop rapidly, particularly if industrial strife calmed down. As the recent municipal elections have shown, however, the Labor Party has not yet won the confidence of the middle or bourgeois class, without whose votes they can never hope to get a majority in Parliament. The feeling of the middle classes toward the Labor movement is rather one of impatience than of sympathy just now owing to the never-ending succession of strikes and threats of strikes which retard the reconstruction which is essential following upon the war. I have said that a Labor Government within the next ten years is unlikely, and the most level-headed leaders of the Labor movement are not really eager to get into power prematurely. It is in the power of the permanent Civil Service to make or break a Government. The Civil Service, or at any rate the lower grades of the service, is steadily imbibing trade union and Labor ideas, and Civil Service clerks have actually formed themselves into a union, but a decade may pass before the service is ready to help to make a Labor Government a success. A Labor Government at the present time would probably prove an absolute failure.

Disillusionment as to Russia

There is no Communist among the Labor Party members in Parliament at the moment, though ex-Colonel Malone, who was originally returned as a Coalition Liberal and supporter of Lloyd George's Government has developed Bolshevist sympathies in rather a violent form since a visit to Russia. British Labor, so far as it has collective opportunity for expression, is hostile to Soviet ideas. A delegation which went through Russia at the beginning of this year to make an independent inquiry into the industrial, political and economic conditions of the country did not bring back an enthusiastic report. The deputation stated that there were evident signs of illness and underfeeding to be seen in most districts; it was established that only 30 per cent. of the food required was supplied and that clothing was very shabby, often ragged, and boots and shoes very bad indeed. Other features were dealt with more favorably, but the report concluded with the following words:

"The Russian revolution has not had a fair chance. We cannot say whether in normal conditions this particular Socialist experiment would have been a success or a failure. The conditions have been such as would have rendered the task of social transformation extraordinarily difficult, whoever had attempted it and whatever had been the means adopted. We cannot forget that the responsibility for these conditions, resulting from foreign interference, rest not upon the revolutionaries of Russia but upon the capitalist Governments of other countries, including our own."

Individual members of the delegation were more outspoken in interviews and published articles and did not hesitate to let it be known that they had been disillusioned. Pro-Bolsheviki were surprised and dismayed by a particularly damaging criticism written by Mrs. Philip Snowden. Soon after the return of the delegates the Executive Committee of the Second Internationale met at the Labor Party offices in London and issued a manifesto signed by, among others, Arthur Henderson, M. P. (Secretary of the British Labor Party), and J. Ramsay Macdonald. In this it was declared: "Socialism means peace. Bolshevism means violence and war. We accuse the leaders of the Third (Moscow) Internationale of demoralising the workers. They trod the desires of the Russian people in the dust, and in place of democracy they established an armed dictatorship, not of the proletariat, but of a committee. Now they are attempting to impose their will and their decrees upon the Socialist and Labor Parties of the whole world. They belong to the old world of Czardom, not to the new world of Socialism. They have insulted 27,000,000 of organized trade union workers by calling them blacklegs, and have declared their intention to disrupt the trade unions, the organizations of the class struggle of the proletariat. They may have ended wage slavery; they have established State slavery and misery. They have robbed the workers of freedom of movement and of combination and are preventing the creation of economic democracy. Socialism alone can fight exploitation and slavery in every form. Nothing but equal rights, politically and economically for all producers can break the chains which capitalism has forged on humanity."

Few Communists.

Communism or Bolshevism makes few converts among English workers and not many among the more impressionable Welsh or naturally combative Scottish workers. Agitators and fanatics professing the faith of bloody revolution are hectic in their writing and speechmaking, but repel the average man or woman by the very violence of their crusade against society. The Independent Labor Party, which has ideas about evolutionary revolution, though Lenin pours contempt and scorn on its intellectual bourgeois leaders, can command the limited membership of 50,000. Organized Communists at present do not number 5,000. A few months ago the revolutionary organizations of the country, and including the British Socialist Party and other obscure bodies, including an organization run by Sylvia Pankhurst, met to form a communist party which should be affiliated to the Third, or Moscow, Internationale. The conference split on the question of whether the Communist Party should be inside or outside the National Labor Party. Miss Pankhurst's organization broke away and called itself "The Communist Party," but the B. S. P. and other societies ignored this and also formed themselves into "The Communist Party." Communist Party No. 2 applied for affiliation with the National Labor Party, but the application was refused, and in some of the local labor parties communist officials have been removed from their positon.

Numerically weak, and not too well supplied with funds—Sylvia Pankhurst recently reproached Lenin (in a letter found in the possession of a Bolshevist courier arrested in London) with failing to let her have financial support for her journal, The Workers Dreadnought—the communists are active in propaganda and irrepressible in their hopes. The attitude of the Government toward them seems to be that they shall be allowed to say and do what they choose so long as there is no attempt to subvert the loyalty of the armed forces of the Crown or to provoke an actual breach of the peace. The only phase of the movement which might cause anxiety is that by which "rebels" are endeavoring to place workers holding revolutionary views in key positions in workshops and factories, where they could systematically foment trouble. A more amusing side is the Communist attempt to instill revolutionary ideas into children. Socialist or proletarian Sunday schools are held in many cities and are numerous in the Clyde district. The attendances are usually small and one may doubt whether the average child, even of Communist parents, understands the venomous nonsense of the songs, texts and addresses which make up the lessons. Here, for example, are two stanzas from "The Wage Slaves' Marching Song," which is included in the "Proletarian Song Book":

We laugh at kings, lords, dukes, and knights, and all the "State" bound band,
We see the parson's cunning smile, the crooks we understand;
The "master class" we'll bury yet in this and every land,
Singing our marching song of unity.

The "Judas" Labor faker "rat," the creeping servile scab,
Who for a "mess of pottage" sold his "class" and all he had;
They have made him big and mighty, now we will make him mad,
Singing our marching song of unity.

Several of these songs were written by Joe Hill, who was executed, and one of them seems more suited to American consumption than the understanding of a Glasgow wean. The verses deal with a "common worker" named Mr. Block, who thought he might be President some day, and there is the following refrain:

"Oh, Mr. Block, you were born by mistake.
You take the cake.
You make me ache.
Tie on a rock to your block and then jump in the lake.
Kindly do that for Liberty's sake."

The last stanza of the song reads:

"Poor Block, he died one evening, I'm very glad to state.
He climbed the golden ladder up to the pearly gate;
He said: 'Oh, Mr. Peter, one word I'd like to tell,
I'd like to meet the Astorbilts and John D. Rockefell.'
Old Pete said, 'Is that so?
You'll meet them down below.'"

Proletarian Ten Commandments.

The Proletarian School movement has ten Proletarian Commandments. I quote five of them:

"Thou shalt not be a patriot for a patriot is an international blackleg. Your duty to yourself and your class demands that you be a citizen of the world.

"Thou shalt teach revolution, for revolution means the abolition of the present political State and the end of Capitalism, and the raising in their place an Industrial Republic.

"Thou shalt demand, on behalf of your class, the complete surrender of the capitalist class and all the means of production, distribution and exchange, with the land and all that it contains, and by so doing you shall abolish class rule.

"Thou shalt wage the Class war, by pointing out that the history of all recorded societies is a history of the Class struggle, and that the emancipation of the working class from wage slavery must be brought about by themselves.

"Thou shalt take part at all times in the political and economic struggles of the working class. Thou shalt renounce craft unionism, and work for the organization of the working class into one vast industrial union, to take and hold the means of life."

The tenth in the list is possibly intended for the adult pupils at the schools. It certainly seems too involved to be understood by children:

"Thou shalt remember that the economic structure of society determines the legal and political superstructure, and the social, ethical, religious and intellectual life-process in general. It is not men's consciousness which determines their life; on the contrary, it is the social life which determines their consciousness."

People of other nations find great difficulty in understanding the British worker and the current of his thinking. They have seen and read of so many contradictory manifestations of this character. In the early days of the war the rush of volunteers for the fighting regiment from the mines, and the engineering shops, which are generally regarded as hotbeds of extreme socialism, was so overwhelming that recruiting from these sources had to be stopped, and skilled men later on were returned from the army to the workshop. In cities like Sheffield, men in the armament works toiled seventy, eighty and even ninety hours a week "to deliver the goods." Now the war is over there are strikes and threats of strikes, deliberate curtailment of production and other manifestations of unrest and a desire to kick over discipline.

British Miner Unique Type.

South Wales to some people seems to be dominated by firebrands, but the miners and railwaymen who "down tools" with such readiness are often regular attendants at the Calvinistic little chapels with which the principality abounds. At a strike demonstration in Cardiff several thousand men sang hymns with astonishing fervor. Extreme political and industrial views are widely held and yet one is never quite sure how much is really meant by the outburst. Welsh opposition to the coal settlement was dictated to a considerable extent by a knowledge that the Welsh coal fields are the greatest profit-producers in the industry. Before the war miners' wages rose or fell according to the selling price of coal. Export prices for Welsh coal have been very high, but with Government control and pooling of income and expenditure for all the coal fields the Welshmen have not had a full share of this localized prosperity. Curiously enough Lancashire opposition to the settlement was dictated by entirely opposite reasons. The Lancashire collieries are not very profitable, and output cannot be greatly increased in many of them. Payment by result would, therefore, be detrimental to the miners if in the future wages came to be determined again on a district basis.

The British coal miner is an interesting character. He is a different type from other working men. In him the British love of sport is more highly developed than in any other Englishman who works with his hands. It is a very common thing for a miner to keep a racing dog, called a "whippet," the cost of which is about fifty pounds. The miner will take care of his whippet before he takes care of himself. The whippet is often fed on eggs and brandy by an owner who doesn't mind stinting himself in order to provide this luxurious fare for his dog. Miners will shirk their work any time for a football game, which is the favorite sport among them. After the miner has satisfied his desire for food he is willing to cut his supply of clothes down to the minimum—he often goes barefooted, and the children almost always do so. The typical miner is fond of taking a chance on anything, and a group of miners tossing coins on the street is a familiar sight. With this sporting spirit there goes great kindness of heart. Their family relations are usually most kindly and affectionate. The occupation of coal mining in England passes from father to son; there may almost be said to be a mining caste. The caste cannot be classified either as rural or urban. The typical miner—although performing a grimy service—has the tastes of the country gentleman. Their peculiar qualities made them fine soldiers; and no other labor made a better record in the war. Naturally, such a people are little amenable to the influences of public opinion. They look at things from their own angle, and academic or broad considerations do not appeal to them.



"Forgotten."

VIVID SCENES OF FAMINE RAVAGES IN CHINA

FAMINE of a kind more terrible than that suffered in the most badly devasted regions of Europe is today sweeping over China, but it is evident that the extent of the horror in the Far East has not been grasped by the American public.

In a series of articles published in the Japan Advertiser, copies of which have just reached New York, Nathaniel Peffer, an American correspondent, paints the picture of the barren land and the dying populations. The dispatches are dated October. According to cablegrams recently received from China, conditions today are no better than those described in Mr. Peffer's articles.

Starving China, sections of which have seen no more than two inches and less of rainfall throughout the past year, is brought to extremes in an endeavor to keep life going. Children are being sold, sometimes for the money they bring, sometimes to assure them the chance to live. Whole villages are emigrating to the cities in the hopes of begging the means of subsistence from more fortunate neighbors only to find conditions there are just as bad; inhabitants of cities are emigrating to the country expecting there to find a bit of green that can be turned into a soup. Many of the wanderers return to their homes in despair, prepared to die and be buried among their ancestors.

The despatch written at Huo Chiu, and which appeared in the Tokio Advertiser of Oct. 10, reads in part as follows:

"From Kao Yi eastward the aspect of the country is progressively worse. For a stretch of five or six li there will be wells. There the crop is not a complete failure, but even there the kaoliang is thin and but five or six feet high, the wheat will give a light yield, the corn is retarded, such farmers as are fortunate enough to own land irrigated by wells will, however, be able to retrieve themselves partly from the increased price of grains.

"In Ning Ching Hsien and the adjoining hsien, Chi Chow, one finds conditions at their worst. Here there is unrelieved despair. In almost every field are women and children with baskets over their arms gleaning a harvest that in good years is the food of animals. One cannot go a li without passing a wheelburrow laden with a few household effects and perhaps a few children. In every village are empty houses left vacant by those who had given up all hope and fled from the life they knew to what could not at any rate be worse.

Sale of Children.

"The tragedy of such cases is the fate of the children. Many of them have to be dropped along the way, sold where possible, given away if not, left on the roadside if there is no alternative. Less tragic only by a degree is the lot of the very old. They, too, are left behind. If one would sense the full tragedy of these days one must go to the fairs which are held in the market towns every five days. There, it is rumored the trade in children thrives. Whether true or not, I cannot say as I have not seen, but I have been shown a letter from Tamingfu further south telling of a market in which there was a designated stand for the sale of children. Certainly everything else but children is sold. To the fairs those who have reached their last straits bring their extra clothes, disposing of them at a few coppers per garment and trudging back to their native places.

"Twelve li east of Ning Ching city is Meng Chi Tw'un. I was told that the population was four hundred families. It is probably more like three hundred. At any rate three or four groups of villagers with whom I talked agreed that there were not more than thirty that had enough to live on. The others eat the usual chaff, cotton seed, leaves and weeds. This is in the form of either a soup or thin porridge of leaves and weeds with a bit of grain for flavor and sometimes a hard and sometimes a soggy cake of chaff and cottonseed mixed with dried leaves to hold it together.

"One man to whom I talked had just come back from Ning Ching. He had taken there five pieces of clothes. He had sold them for a dollar. He had left only what he was wearing, blue coat, trousers and shoes. The dollar was all that stood between him and his starvation and there were five in his family. He had not yet, however, sold his furniture, he admitted.

Toll of Cholera.

"Here one hundred have died from the usual cause, cholera, brought on by underfeeding and lowered resistance. Here I may say in passing that there is not a village which has not paid its toll of cholera. I should estimate the mortality at not less than 5 per cent. and possibly even 10. Since the rainfall the cholera is passing, but that some other epidemic will come is inevitable.

"From this village one hundred have gone. Some have sold their children and some have not. It is hard to get any accurate figures on this. Few care to sell their children in their native places. They start off with them in the dim hope that something will turn up along the way. It is when they are weary with trudging and empty of stomach that they decide it is better to part with the children than to carry them a little further and bury them.

"I asked one group with which I talked about this. I asked how many children of the village had been sold. Not so many, they said. They didn't want to part with their children. Then one old man on the edge of the circle spoke up. Had I come to buy children? he asked. I replied in the negative, but he added that he had two and if I could feed them I could have them."

In another dispatch the correspondent describes conditions in Shia Chuang, in the province of Shantung.

100 Per Cent. Crop Failure.

"One of the worst stricken villages I have seen," he begins, "is that called Shia Chuang.

"At Shia Chuang, however, there were the inevitable accompaniments of famine. I saw babies with the faces of old men, children whose ribs showed stark under bluish skin. Several children, I was told, had already died. From the looks of those still living I can believe it. Here too, there has been a 100 per cent. crop failure and previous year of drought with a diminished yield. From here all those who could go have gone. Those that are left have been forced by extreme poverty, helpless families or similar circumstances to stay and meet their fate.

Cheng K'e, the port on the canal, is the market for the belongings of the inhabitants of this village. There most of their belongings already have gone for the price of a few days' thinned out rations, as their homes attest, homes bare of all but the barest necessities. To the natural hopelessness of such circumstances there has been added the tragedy of those who have gone out in search of other homes or work to tide over the Winter, have found nothing and returned.

Ninety Families Are Left.

"So parched has the soil been for more than a year that in Spring it was not even possible to plant. It would not have been worth while. They have now therefore nothing to expect. For two to three months they have been living on the diet that has become the food of millions—two parts of grain to eight parts of kaoliang chaff, leaves, clover or weeds. They have sold their land in many cases—of those men to whom I talked four had sold their land—they have for the most part sold most of their clothes and much of their furniture. Now they have had to break up their families, for while they are away those they leave behind will starve unless help comes from outside.

"Why don't you take your families with you?' I asked them.

"For reply they took out what looked like slabs of baked mud. Each man had seven or eight of those. They were made on the recipe described above. That was what they expected to live on while they walked 300 miles, spending the nights in whatever old temple was handy or under the heavens.

"Can little children and women of seventy and eighty do that? They asked in the rhetorical question form of argument that is so habitual to the Chinese peasant.

"These men can be said to stand for so many thousands that I have detailed their situation at great length. Probably ten families in one hundred have been broken up in this fashion."

The Chinaman long ago acquired the reputation of being a fatalist. To the question of what will he do when his bit of wheat goes he, as described, answers that he will die. The thought of Government relief, it is asserted, never enters his head. When a stranger mentions it he is looked upon as a senseless being.

Far from giving relief the Government, as reported by the correspondent, is today driving many Chinese over the abyss by insisting on its usual quotas of taxation.

"The land tax is payable four times a year," writes Mr. Peffer in his story, "three times in cash, and, it seems, once in grain.

Meals of Chaff and Leaves.

It seems to come to about 30 cents a year per mu in all, though there is some vagueness among the farmers as to this. I asked whether there had been any relenting with respect to the tax in a year so bad as this. For answer they called the ti feng, or village headman. He had just returned from Kwen Hsien, the hsien seat, where he had been thrown into a cell and beaten. Others had been notified the same would happen to them. In another village I talked to five or six who had not paid the assessment due in this month, the Eighth Month, and had been ordered to do so or forfeit their land. These people were eating one meal a day, one-third of chaff and two-thirds of leaves and wild roots.

Looking to Relief Organizations.

"The poorer, the great mass, have only ts'ur ts'ai. In a few weeks, when the frost comes, they will not have that. They will have only what the relief organizations now so painfully coming into operation will be able to give them. If those organizations give them nothing they will starve by the thousands. That is the famine problem in a sentence, here as everywhere.

"From Ta Ming Fu I started northwest toward the Peking-Hankow Railway for the purpose of seeing the famine at its worst. It was merely a random choice, for I was told that the two hsiens just to the south, Nan Loe Hsien and Ch'ing Feng Hsien, each with a population of around 400,000, were just as bad."

The series of articles ends with this paragraph:

"Every train that passes carries two or three flatcars, one grade in comfort below the cars for cattle and horses, on which are crowded as tight as humans can crowd refugees by the hundreds, men, women, children, bedding and furniture all piled indiscriminately, and it is a commentary of the pathos and the hopelessness of it all that as many are going in one direction as in another. Those in the south go north in the vain expectation of finding temporary homes, those in the north go south. Both will have to return to their own homes or starve along the way. Probably they will do both, and possibly starve in the end in any case."

The last dispatch tells of the coming of rain and the hope it had brought with it. The hope, according to the writer, is, however, a very distant one. The wheat that is being planted today will not be ready until June or July.

To what extent the Chinaman is driven to get the seed for planting is the subject of this article. Excerpts from it are given below:

"I have just come by cart for two days 180 li across a country where the drought has been so severe that no crop was even sown last Spring. The previous crop also had been a failure for the same reason. For a year, then, there has been little or no food raised—among a people dependent from day to day on what the soil has yielded for the day. This part of Southern Chihli is as sorely afflicted as any I have seen in more than two weeks' journey, as sorely afflicted as a country can be.

"Up to two weeks ago this was a parched desert. There had been no rain for nearly a year. Only the hardier weeds survived. Since then there have been several soaking rains. They have changed the whole aspect of the country, psychologically as well as physically. Before there had been the deepest despondency, a foreboding of awful death. Now there is hope, and the poorest peasant is cheered again. The fields again show green. In every corner and by every farmer who could raise a few strings of cash by the sale of his last remaining bits of clothes, his last few sticks of furniture, his children, even, to purchase seed, wheat has been planted, and it is coming up gloriously."

THE OPEN SHOP SPREADING

MANY have been the echoes from the assertion of William H. Barr at the recent annual convention of the National Founders' Association in this city that the open shop on a wide scale was sure to come—that, in fact, the fight had already been won at the bar of public opinion. In an interview obtained since he goes further, and asserts that the main meaning of the national election was the repudiation of union labor's demands, and adds that on its record "the usefulness of the union to the worker has passed." As the President of the National Founders' Association and the leader in the fight for the open shop Mr. Barr's elaborated views are of interest.

"The average citizen went to the polls that day to vote for the defeat of organized labor," he said. "That's the real reason for the landslide. The 'great and solemn referendum' of that election was precipitated on this country on the day that Gompers, representing the American Federation of Labor, endorsed Cox. The public decided that there must be a catch in the Democratic platform if union labor supported it—and that was enough for public opinion.

"The League of Nations was an academic issue, but this was the thing that was making the coal bill high and the Fall suit high and the rent high and the loaf of bread high. Ten years ago, if prices went up, public opinion blamed Wall Street. That's why we have a Sherman law and that's why we have interstate commissions.

"Now public opinion lays the blame at union labor's door. I'm not discussing whether either blame is fair. But, remember, that whom public opinion blames it penalizes. And that's why we're going to have a law which enforces the incorporation and capitalization of every union that does collective bargaining, so that the corporation can be sued for damages when a contract is broken—yes, and made to pay them, too.

"How do I know that these results will come? Labor knows it, now—in fact, has been pulling in its horns since the election. Why did Gompers less than two weeks after the election announce that the American Federation is 'not opposed to increased production or improved methods, when the very by-laws of the individual unions limit production'? And, by the way, tell that to the woman who can't get the plumber to bring out the proper tools from the shop, no matter how accurately she describes the leak over the telephone. And tell that to the man who has watched the output of the average bricklayer descend under union regulations from 1,800 to 400 bricks a day.

"Why would Gompers make such a statement were he not convinced that his cause has been condemned at the bar of public opinion? Why has the American Federation of Labor reduced Foster and Fitzgerald from office and replaced them by conservatives? Because it fears that the open shop is at hand. Unionized labor is simply getting rid of its radicals to coax back the public opinion that it knows in its heart is the real balance of power, instead of force.

"Ernest Bohm, President of the Federated Unions of New York, has announced that the A. F. of L. will raise $20,000,000 from its 4,000,000 members to fight the open-shop menace. All right; people don't canvass for $20,000,000 for their health. When do organizations raise millions? Only when the very life of that organization is in peril. That's when America raised millions of soldiers in a hurry. And organized labor is right here; its life and its power were never in greater danger. When you hear the fire wagon passing there's apt to be a fire. Ernest Bohm's announcement put it that 'This sum is being raised to fight an organized fight of the manufacturers backed by millions.'

"Fiddlesticks! Nothing could be further from our intentions. We'd be killing the goose that is going to lay us a golden egg by nightfall. And, if any one knew of such a movement, it would be I.

"Fact is," Mr. Barr continued, "the time has now passed for manufacturers to organize for this purpose, with the public more than ready to do the job for us. And I assure you that, if we took the job from the public's hands, we'd be risking its support, and any campaign fund that we raised now would prove a boomerang. I have been approached by a number of manufacturers in other industries to head such a movement, and have usually convinced them with this same argument that we would make a mistake. The few short-sighted ones that still think such a campaign advisable haven't been able to get a strong man to lead them. Yes, I can state authoritatively that there is no such movement afoot.

"But meanwhile the movement for the open shop moves forward of its own volition. There are 1,300 cities of this country whose Chambers of Commerce have recommended the open shop. That means that the association of important business men of 1,300 communities have investigated and discovered that the cities like Detroit, where the open-shop system prevails, have grown more rapidly than where the unions rule.

"That means, too, that the merchants of these 1,300 cities have discovered that there is more money in circulation when the workers are non-union men. All the millions we could collect for propaganda (buying out the capitalistic press is, I believe, the way the unions express it) couldn't have bought that cold-blooded recommendation of self-interested merchants.

"The entire truth is that the manufacturer wants non-union labor, not because it is cheaper, but because it is more efficient. And he'll gladly pay higher to get it. I'll give you an example. The Lehigh Valley Railroad is going to have its cars repaired by outside open-shop car repairers—simply can't get the work done properly in its own unionized shops. What sort of efficiency can be got out of any worker who'll be expelled from his union if he turns out more than a specified amount of work a day? Everybody's heard the story of the needle workers who have to rip out stitches to bring down their output, because they simply don't know how to put in stitches as slowly as union regulations require.

"As for the economist and the savants who stop to consider the problem of international trade, they know that our position in international trade is menaced by the restriction on output of the closed shop.

"Why, Great Scott! Do the labor leaders that enforce restricted output think that a foreign worker is no menace to their prosperity and no rival, until he becomes an immigrant? Those workers on the other side are going to have to work and work hard. They are driven by force of necessity. With not enough money to jingle on a tombstone, there'll be no talk there of ripping out stitches. This country and the labor of this country is going to have to face the most difficult competition in history. That's my answer to the critics who declare our defensive fight for the open shop unpatriotic.

"Moreover the sweatshop and the low wage have gone forever, because they are poor business. To my personal knowledge the foundries where the closed shop system prevails have poorer plumbing, poorer ventilation, lower wages, as well as lessened output. Why? Because, if they were up to date they would use the up to date, open shop system—and, because they are not up to date, they don't realize that better working conditions and better salaries mean the pick of the skilled workmen. I don't mean that there aren't plenty of unscrupulous manufacturers that would exploit their employes, if given a chance. I just mean that such manufacturers wouldn't last long in the present economic condition of the world—because the best of the labor would go to a rival concern."

Mr. Barr referred to Lockwood investigations. "Any organization which has leaders that have the power to sell them, as we now know that the laborers were sold by their leaders, has passed its period of usefulness. It is the system that is wrong—and not the laborers.

"For never forget that unionized labor does not represent American labor. There are 40,000,000 workers in this country, and the A. F. of L. itself does not claim but 30 per cent. of them. But that 4,000,000 are keeping the 36,000,000 from the opportunity to learn a trade by restricting apprentices. They are holding up the output of the manufactories of this country. They are calling strikes at the expense of the 36,000,000 and of the public. And the public has had enough of it. Even the sentimentalists have lost interest in the striking laborer and his starving wife. I have not seen a magazine story about them in three years. Mark my words. The open shop is coming by acclamation."

THE DRAMATIC SEASON AT THE HALFWAY MARK

Second Thoughts on First Nights

By ALEXANDER WOOLLCOTT.

IN this busiest of seasons, the coming to town late in the week of two such significant and distinguished plays as "Deburau" and "Mary Rose" leaves space and time here and now for only a word in résumé of the reception which was accorded the latter when, after much preliminary hullabaloo, it was revealed at the Empire Theatre on Wednesday night. In "Mary Rose" we have an eerie and uncompromising play which, in appeal and in craftsmanship, must stand with "Peter Pan," "A Kiss for Cinderella," "The New Word," "The Old Lady Shows Her Medals" and "The Twelve-Pound Look" among the best things Barrie has written for the stage. In vision and in honesty it leads all the rest.

The recommendation that all lovers of the theatre should put "Mary Rose" on the list of the plays they must see this Winter can be made only with the clear warning that many of those who do see it will come away hotly resentful, some hurt, some antagonized, some merely befuddled—befuddled, that is, either by imperfections in the performance or, possibly, by imperfections in themselves. It is true that some of the first-night comment was hilariously reminiscent of the fine contempt heard in the same quarters when a play by the same author—it was called "Peter Pan"—was presented at the same theatre fifteen years ago.

But in this instance an essentially difficult utterance, shyly and reticently made, has been sorely muddled by an ordinary and often painfully inferior production which forfeits now and again some of the genuine beauties in the script which Barrie turned over to his American friends. He wrote it, by the way, with his left hand, which may explain why many find it so baffling. Of course they find it even more so when they try, with earnestness and profundity, to detect medicinal values in what is its negligible sugar-coating.

In "Mary Rose," Barrie draws the picture of a dewy, roselike young Madonna, surrounded in her quiet, sunlit English home by all the love he can imagine for her. From that household, from her fond, sheltering father and mother, from her devoted young husband, from her adored baby boy, he takes her suddenly away. Then, after the passing of twenty-five years, he shows this same home again, older and different, yet sunlit still, with its once poignant and intolerable grief almost forgotten, so nearly forgotten, at least, that months of preoccupying and cheerful routine slip pleasantly by without any one even thinking of Mary Rose. To such a serene and mercifully altered world a miracle brings her back, unchanged in any way and unaware that she has ever left it. She is not happy here, nor can she be. And she is not welcome. There is no place for her, no kinship between her and her people. They do not know what to say to her. For her sake, and for their own, they ask in their hearts if she should have come back at all. The last scene brings Mary Rose face to face with the son she had left crawling about the floor and who is now a rough-hewn fellow, scarred by the wars and stained by every dive from Marseilles to Singapore. He is monstrously, tragically different from the man she had dreamed he would be. The reunion between him and the young mother who bore him is better left to the imagination, and for the most part Barrie does just that.

Thus, to all grieving mortals he gently gives the message that somehow time heals all wounds, that somehow happiness does keep breaking through. To those who would blindly reach out across the borderland he tells—well, he tells the story of Mary Rose.

Errata.

THIS "Samson and Delilah," which is being glorified by the acting of Mr. Ben-Ami, is a fair-to-middling play, quite awkwardly put together, with its symbolism festooned on it like tinsel on a Christmas tree and with its natural force weakened by an uninspired and occasionally abominable translation. For instance, all of the rôle of Meyers, which is creditably managed by Mr. Haines, is made almost insuperably difficult for him by the translator's lack of suppleness. And as a shining example of how a poor translation can be detected even by one cheerfully unfamiliar with the original, consider the scene where Samson, in the rehearsal, bids Delilah lead him to the couch. She starts rather to drag him there, and he checks her by some such phrase as this: "With tenderness. With ineffable tenderness." Only the translator, ignorant of even such familiar nuances in our speech, describes that tenderness, not as something beyond words, but as something beneath words, as one would describe a degradation or a Turk—with the word "unspeakable."

The timid suggestion made here recently to the effect that Barrie's plays would probably outlive Shaw's in the répertoire of the English theatre continues to be treated by correspondents as if it had been a ringing statement that Shaw was the greater playwright—which is quite another matter. The injected bit of culture which carelessly referred to Stevenson's celebrated lament on the Shavian women met its deserts in the form of a refreshing shower of bricks from William Lyon Phelps, H. E. Dounce and others. Mr. Dounce, for instance, gives forth this utterance:

It wasn't the first Shaw comedies over which Stevenson shroke in anguish, "I say, Archer, my God, what women!" It was "Cashel Byron's Profession." And it wasn't the South Seas he shroke from, but Saranac. He did it in the Winter of 1887-88; at that time, on Shaw's own showing, none of the comedies existed even in manuscript, probably excepting the trial trip of "Widowers' Houses" as a collaboration with Archer, and possibly the beginning of "The Philanderer."

The only aspect that matters at all is the great difference between the she-automata in "Cashel Byron" and *Homo sapiens Shawii* as the female of that remarkable subspecies finally appeared upon the stage, alive with a life of her own. Of course the Stevenson shriek does also apply somewhat to her. Shaw knows and studies women as an amateur ichthyologist knows and studies fish. i. e., through plate glass and from a different medium, reinforcing his observations with references to other people's demonstrations and charts of their inner workin's.

Much commotion was made here and elsewhere about the unfortunate casting of Ethel Montioue in "The Young Visiters," but it seems probable that even perfectly played that engaging trifle would have been short-lived. The trouble was largely one of substance. It was as though you had been invited cordially to dinner and your host had smilingly served you with one piece of lemon meringue pie, just that and nothing more—delicious beyond words in itself, but to one accustomed to more, a somewhat scanty and unsubstantial meal. This same impression of short-weight dealing was conveyed by the late "Charm School" and, to a much less marked degree, by "Bab". These last two might profitably have been combined into one entertainment, according to the idea advanced by J. V. A. Weaver, the Ring Lardner of American poets—and not a bad idea at that.

The action of "Mary Rose" dips back and forth through more than thirty years, so that Tom Nesbitt can play both father and son and the decorators must turn to the volumes of Punch for which Du Maurier drew to support Barrie's memory of the way folks dressed and looked at about the time he was writing "The Little Minister." In the American production it seems to an inexpert eye that in the costuming of Mary Rose herself account is taken even of the four-year interval which marks the separation of the first and second acts. In London this was ignored, and when Barrie was taxed with the negligence he merely grinned and said, "Well, she was in Scotland."

In the rush of a first night, the appreciative but hurried reviewers who have noted this or that good work in a minor rôle, and want to give it honorable mention, have been known, on occasions, in snatching at the name in the program, to emerge, gracious but confused, with the one next to it. Such a burst of applause was intended for Harmon MacGregor after his admirable performance in "Mixed Marriage" at the Bramhall. But it went astray.

It is Mr. MacGregor who plays the Fenian—putting exaltation and humility and devotion into the sensitively written character of the little Fenian, who tries so hard to bring the warring Irish together in the common cause of freedom.

The program of the Tagore matinees at the Garrick proclaimed them as having been given to promote "The Union of East and West" and the performances rather tended to strengthen the conviction that Kipling was right.

Recommended.

IN this week of the year, which finds so many strangers in our town, it is customary to print some handy guides to the theatres. Here, then, are a dozen of the new pieces that, for one reason or another, are worth seeing—a list that does not touch the musical comedies or by any means exhaust the dramatic successes now current:

The First Year.
Heartbreak House.
Samson and Delilah.
Enter Madame.
Mary Rose.
The Woman of Bronze.
Mixed Marriage.
Little Old New York.
The Bat.
Mecca.
Rollo's Wild Oat.
The Bad Man.

Incidentally, it would be possible for an impassioned playgoer to see all of these in the one week, thanks to the outbreak of special matinees—theoretically possible, that is. Of course he could not get seats.

IN THE MAIL BAG.

To the Dramatic Editor:

As a follower of the drama for many years, I wonder why, in the usual output, the list of revivals is confined almost wholly to musical comedies. I've heard it said that musical comedy is for the frivolous; drama for the serious.

The first play I ever attended was at the old Bijou Theatre in Pittsburgh, the offering being none other than Mrs. Fiske in "Tess." A book salesman told me yesterday that Hardy's "Tess" is still going fast as a seller, and runs close to Mark Twain. I've wondered, during the intervening years since I saw "Tess" played, why Mrs. Fiske did not revive this play.

Nobody nowadays hears of a Clyde Fitch play on Broadway. Since "The Climbers" and "Lovers' Lane" a new generation has arisen which has not seen these plays. Their successful revivals would, therefore, be assured.

And what has become of "A Message from Mars," a play with a human appeal, which Charles Hawtrey acted? William Faversham might cast his eye in that direction when in need of a play. And are we never again to see some of Belasco's earlier successes revived—such as "The Girl of the Golden West," "The Rose of the Rancho," "The Darling of the Gods"?

Unlike books, plays must be seen to be remembered. A book can always be referred to; but plays are ephemeral. And it is a pity.

W. R. REVELL.

New York, Dec. 19, 1920.

To the Dramatic Editor.

Is it too late for me to enter my typewriter in your Yale vs. Harvard controversy about the English dramatists? "Barrie's imagination," playing "on the things which are common to all men in all ages," may have produced prettier plays than Shaw's, and for beauty and romance he may be said "to have made the greatest contribution to the English drama since Sheridan"—but not for the things which seem to matter so much to the present generation. Shaw's every word is a challenge to the mental, not the sentimental. His contribution to this impoverished world can hardly be denied by the most academic. If he is a greater thinker, teacher, satirist and philosopher than Barrie and uses the drama as a medium of expression, can he not be said to be a greater dramatist than Barrie?

Stevenson's protest about Shaw's women does not seem to be weightily authoritative, for, charming as he was, Stevenson could not write about women himself, but, of course, he did not know that. Whether or not Shaw's women are real is still a troublesome matter, for a garrulous person sitting behind me at "Heartbreak House" muttered from time to time, "These people ain't real," "Who would have cared if all of them had been killed?" "High art, I suppose it is, but it is not acting," "Same thing in 'The Jest'—the people ain't human."

K. E.

New York, Dec. 17, 1920.

THE HOLIDAY HIP.

The Hippodrome, New York's most hospitable playhouse, takes on an added interest and importance during the Christmas season, and the customary Hippodrome crowds become even larger. This year an unusually elaborate feature has been added to the show by way of holiday greeting—in the form of a realistic reproduction of the Belmont Futurity of a year ago. Ten horses—real ones, of course, for there is no synthetic entertainment at the Hippodrome—race head on toward the audience, but happily never reach it. They add one more thrill to "Good Times."



Paying Her Triennial Visit to New York at Present, This Time in an Entertainment Called "Lady Billy."



MARGARET WYCHERLY

Following on Her Jane Clegg of Last Season, Miss Wycherly Is Now Playing the Belfast Mother in Another St. John Ervine Play, "Mixed Marriage," at the Bramhall.

THE NEW PLAYS

HOLIDAY is the word, and the theatres will try to cater to the holiday spirit with three new productions, in addition to the many old ones. Two of the newcomers will be musical and the other not so.

MISS LULU BETT—*Tomorrow night at the Belmont Theatre.*

The bringing forth of "Miss Lulu Bett" as a theatrical offering is an event of unusual interest. The book, as practically everybody knows or ought to know, has been widely hailed, and the dramatization has been made by Zona Gale herself. The piece is the second managerial venture of Brock Pemberton, who entered the lists last August with "Enter Madame."

Carroll McComas will play the title rôle, and Louise Closser Hale is cast for the grandmother. The jesting Dwight will be played by William Holden, and the company will also embrace Catherine Calhoun Doucet, Beth Varden, Lois Shore, Brigham Royce and Willard Robertson.

HER FAMILY TREE — *Tomorrow night at the Lyric Theatre.*

This is a musical comedy, and will bring Nora Bayes back to Broadway once more. The piece, which has been on tour for several weeks, is the work of Al Weeks, a Detroit dramatic critic, and Arthur Baer, the local spoofer at the universe. The lyrics and music are by Seymour Simons. Like "As You Were," "Her Family Tree" skips through the ages, being a tale of reincarnation.

Julius Tannen will be prominently present, and Miss Bayes's cast will also include Al Roberts, Frank Morgan, Florence Morrison, Una Fleming, Alan Edwards, Almeda Fowler, Thelma Carlton, Tom Bryan, the Randall Sisters, and others.

HAMLET—*Tomorrow night at the Lexington.*

Fritz Leiber, after many years of association with Robert B. Mantell, will achieve his Shakespearean stardom tomorrow night. With Mr. Mantell and Miss Marlowe Mr. Leiber has spent about fifteen years in Shakespeare. His opening play will be "Hamlet"; Tuesday night, "Macbeth"; Wednesday afternoon, "The Merchant of Venice"; Wednesday night, "Macbeth"; Thursday night, "Hamlet"; Friday night, "Julius Caesar"; Saturday afternoon, "Romeo and Juliet"; Saturday night, "Richard III."

A full week, assuredly, in which for Mr. Leiber to prove himself.

THE PASSING SHOW OF 1921—*Wednesday night at the Winter Garden.*

The Winter Garden will come back into its own with the new "Passing Show," numbered 1921 instead of 1920, for 1920 has mysteriously passed on while the Winter Garden was otherwise occupied. Willie and Eugene Howard—particularly the former—will be elevated to stardom in the new show, after touring the country for three years in one of the old ones. Harold Atteridge and Jean Schwartz are once more the authors of the entertainment.

In addition to the Howards, the cast will include Marie Dressler, Harry Watson, Tot Qualters, Cleveland Bronner, Janet Adler, Sammy White, Zamboni and O'Hanlon, Frank Ridge, Grace and Berkes, J. Harold Murray, Dolly Hackett, Mollette Sisters, Cortes and Peggy, Stone and Hayes, Ingrid Seltong, Emily Miles, Ina Hayward, May Devereaux, Francis X. Mahoney, Harry C. Bannister, Irving O'Hay, Anthony Jochim, Bob Gilbert, Jack Rice, Mels and Miles, William H. Pringle, Gene Martinetta, Joseph Toner, Perry Askam, Joseph Schrode, Grace Keeshon, Juliet Strahl, Mildred La Gue and others.

There will be a pair of enterprises designed to entertain the children this week. At the Longacre Theatre tomorrow and Tuesday afternoons there will be matinees of three plays under the auspices of the Professional Children's School, an organization which undertakes to look after the education of the youthful actor and actress and which already has several hundred pupils. On their program will be "The Princess Winsome," by Annie Fellowes Johnston; "The Dancing Dolls," by Kenneth Sawyer Goodman; "The Adventures of Lady Ursula," by Anthony Hope, and several tableaux, posed by Ben Ali Haggin.

The Apollo Theatre will be the scene of three performances for children tomorrow, Tuesday and Thursday afternoons, under the auspices of the Young People's Theatre and the direction of Mme. Alberti. On the program will be "Nevertheless," by Stuart Walker; "The Doll's Adventures," a pantomime, and "Three Pills in a Bottle," by Rachel Lyman Field.

After five seasons downtown the Provincetown Players will invade Forty-second Street tomorrow, although only for a series of matinees. It is Eugene O'Neill's "The Emperor Jones" which has brought them uptown; this play, with Charles S. Gilpin still in its leading rôle, will be acted on the stage of the Selwyn Theatre tomorrow, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday afternoons. On the same bill will be "Tickless Time," a short play by Susan Glaspell and George Cram Cook.

The program at the Palace during the holiday week will be headed by Harry Carroll and company in a revue, with Franklyn Ardell also prominently present with a new turn, said to be just as humorous as his last one. Still others will be Joe Cook, the one-man vaudeville show; Bob Hall, O'Donnell and Blair, &c.

There will be numerous matinees in the theatres this week in honor of the holidays—so many of them, in fact, that it is quite impossible to list them. The eager playgoer who is desirous of attending the theatre twelve times during the coming week will find it possible to do so, but he is referred to the advertisements for the details.

The reception accorded Shaw's "Heartbreak House" in Vienna, where it was presented shortly after the Guild production, is thus described by an English correspondent:

"It fell to the enviable lot of the Viennese theatregoer to attend the initial performance of Shaw's 'Heartbreak House,' which survived its première, handicapped by a large but dubious audience, at the Burg Theatre.

"The audience was, I believe, disillusioned. Up to the beginning of the second act the spectators had obviously expected that Shaw was about to tell them a story. They swiftly realized, however, that the only consecutive narrative running through the drama is the imminent marriage de convenance between the poetic Ellie and the prosaic Mangan. As soon as the audience discovered that plot was conspicuously absent from the theme they laboriously concluded that it must be an allegory they were witnessing. But Shaw's symbolism evaded them. There was applause, somewhat tenuous, and the immaculate director, Herr Reimers, expressed the author's gratitude. The audience left, perplexed and groping. Shaw's house, from which they had, perhaps, anticipated something less English and more cosmopolitan, left them heartbroken."

"Clare Eames, Princess Elizabeth in 'The Prince and the Pauper,' proved to be a niece of Emma Eames, famous grand opera artiste."—The Press Agent.

In fact, Miss Eames practically gave up and admitted it last season, after it had been pointed out extensively during her long engagement in "Déclassée."

SOME PROSPECTIVE PRODUCTIONS

FROM a calendar standpoint the first of January divides the theatrical season rather arbitrarily in half—although patently not from the point of achievement, since the first five months of the season (assuming that a season now runs from Aug. 1 to May 30) bring considerably more than half of that season's productions. Gazing on into the second half of the current season, there is no reason to expect any change in the established proportion this year—if anything, in fact, the next five months will bring something less than their due share. The house shortage has somewhat discouraged the producers, but for all that it is possible to name about twenty-five or thirty of the forty or fifty plays which will make up the contribution of the second half of the season.

There is, for example, Mrs. Fiske in "Wake Up, Jonathan," something of which is told in another column. Mr. Harris expects to bring this play to town in about four weeks, at which time somewhat easier booking conditions are looked for. In Atlantic City tomorrow night, also, Mr. Harris will offer still another new one in Rachel Crothers's comedy "Nice People," with Francine Larrimore in its leading rôle. Barring accidents, it is the intention to bring this play also to New York this season.

During the week of Jan. 2 there will be at least four productions in the Broadway theatres—two new plays and two not so new. There will be Arthur Byron and Margaret Lawrence in "Transplanting Jean," a comedy from the French of Caillavet and de Flers, which vastly delighted Chicago early in the season. There will also be Grant Mitchell in a play called "The Champion," in which Mr. Mitchell, as a prize-fighter returned to his native England, dispenses what The Boston Transcript refers to as "the humors of contrast." Thomas Louden, the actor, was the original author of this opus; the more experienced A. E. Thomas has since done it over.

The long-promised revival of "Erminie," with Francis Wilson in his old rôle and De Wolf Hopper as his accomplice, will come to the Park a week from Monday. On the following afternoon, at the Cort, Mr. and Mrs. Coburn will bring "The Yellow Jacket" back to life.

George M. Cohan, in Baltimore tomorrow night, will launch a new piece entitled "Love and Learn," the work of a new playwright named Vincent Lawrence, aided a bit by Edgar Selwyn. Wallace Eddinger will have the principal rôle in this piece, which Mr. Cohan will bring to town immediately if it appears promising. The same Vincent Lawrence is the author of a play called "The Ghost Between," flatteringly received out of town recently when it was played by Taylor Holmes and others. This piece also is likely to come to town soon, although it is said that Mr. Holmes will drop out of the cast.

A comedy hit hitherto known as "Dear Me," but probably to be called merely "Me," will be offered at the Republic Theatre sooner or later—when "Daddy Dumplins" ends its run, to be specific. "Dear Me" has a song or two and is a sentimental tale about a slavey who writes letters to herself. It has been on tour for a year or so, with Grace La Rue as the Slavey and Hale Hamilton as the hero. It will be presented under the Golden Rule.

There is, of course, the Shuberts' promised spectacular melodrama, "In the Night Watch," to be produced at the Century Theatre on the night of Jan. 24, with a star cast, much gold braid and plenty of scenery. And, although it hardly belongs in the same paragraph, there is Mr. Arliss in William Archer's play, "The Green Goddess," coming to the Booth in about a month. This will be Winthrop Ames's production, with Mr. Arliss as an Indian rajah.

E. Ray Goetz is sponsoring a musical comedy called "Vogues and Vanities," which, despite the fact that it has been having its troubles in Boston, latterly, is seemingly scheduled to open the Shuberts' new theatre in Forty-ninth Street, the Ambassador. Musically speaking, there is also Anselm Goetzl's "The Rose Girl," now being recast after being rewritten and probably recomposed. And Mr. Woods, Mr. Hammerstein, Mr. Sennett, Mr. Harbach and several others are hard at work making ready "The Mack Sennett Revue," or "Wild Waves and Wild Women," or something like that.

Mr. Woods, further emerging from his state of innocuous desuetude, is producing a melodrama by Michael Morton called "Woman to Woman," which, according to present calculations, will come to town in about three weeks, if it proves worthy. It will open in Stamford on New Year's Eve. The Selwyns are still holding George V. Hobart's "Sonny," and probably will offer it at the Selwyn Theatre in February, which is when Frank Tinney and "Tickle Me" will move out.

William Harris has set Guy Bolton to work, adapting "The Bronx Express," so presumably that piece will be coming along before long. Mr. Harris also has several Drinkwater biographies up his sleeve, but a few of the less credulous are beginning to think that they are being saved for another season. Mr. Hopkins, in addition to reviving "The Deluge," is going ahead with plans for something else, but to date no one has been able to find out about it.

John D. Williams will present Lionel Barrymore in "Blood and Sand," the script of which is now being finished by Edward Sheldon, but apparently Mr. Williams has abandoned the Fannie Hurst play, "Back Pay." Another report, however, has it that Mr. Belasco and Morris Gest will produce this play jointly, Richard Bennett will be coming along in Louis K. Anspacher's play, "The New House," which is "Our Children" once more, and Mr. Skinner is still on tour in "At the Villa Rose," and probably will show it to New York before long. Alexander Carr also still is to be heard from in "The Dreamer," now being rewritten, and Mr. Brady, the sponsor of this piece, has several others in preparation.

News and Gossip of the Rialto

ALTHOUGH lies in the theatre have been neither conspicuously dull nor exceptionally good during the last few weeks, something of a record for low receipts has been scored by a play housed in a theatre in the very centre of the theatrical district. The play in question has been guaranteeing the theatre owners $4,000 weekly, and, beginning tomorrow, it will be required to play to weekly receipts of $10,000 in order to retain the house. This sum, it might be added, is somewhat less than the average business of a successful play in these times.

During a recent week, however, the receipts for the first five performances were exactly $1,003.75, which means, almost certainly, that the receipts for the week could hardly have been more than $2,000. Even veteran showmen were astounded at these figures—in fact, they were more astounded than any one else—for the house in question is so located that it should attract a hundred or more passers-by nightly. George M. Cohan once estimated that the weekly drop-in, or accidental, patronage at the Cohan Theatre was in the neighborhood of $2,000, an amount equal to the week's receipts of the play in question, and at a house hardly less advantageously located.

The fact that Aiphons Ethier, the bandit of "The Broken Wing," was finishing work in a film at the time that the Aborn play opened here threatened for a time to compel a postponement of that piece, and finally cost its sponsors $1,000. In other words, this amount was paid to the Metro so that Ethier might appear in the play during the opening week here. The Metro was in need of him for certain scenes which could not be taken between performances of "The Broken Wing"; the producers of the play felt that Ethier was essential to their opening—and hence the thousand. Paul Dickey, one of the authors of the piece, acted the rôle during the second week of the run, the while the finishing touches were being put to the Ethier film.

Mrs. Fiske's new play, "Wake Up, Jonathan," had its première during the last week in Atlantic City, where it was extravagantly hailed. The piece is the work of Elmer Rice, who, as Elmer Reizenstein, wrote "On Trail," and Hatcher Hughes, for some years a lecturer on the drama at Columbia University. It is described as "comedy woven of essentially tragic strands into a design of charm and finish," and The Daily Press tells the story of the play in these words:

"The first act reveals the home of Marion Blake (Mrs. Fiske), whose husband, a king of finance, has been gone world roaming for ten years, after he had failed to make his wife subordinate all the finer instincts of her heart to his ideas that money alone is the god of gods. On Christmas Eve a telegram has come to Mrs. Blake that Jonathan Blake will be home after his long absence. She goes to the station to meet him, after warning the children that they may be disappointed in their ideas about him.

"Fate sends Adam West and his little ward into the Blake home while she is gone. His charm of manner wins over the children, and when he discovers it is the home of his lost sweetheart that he has invaded he prepares to go, but not until he tries to influence Mrs. Blake's daughter not to court the same destiny with her two lovers that befell him as her mother's rejected suitor. The children refuse to let him depart, and Mrs. Blake returns and encounters him.

"In the second act Blake arrives, a blustering, boastful multi-millionaire, who knows so little of his children that he insists there are but three instead of four, and is dumfounded when little Jean bobs into view.

"In the third act ensue some strong contrasts between natures—the sneering, contemptuous rich man, and West, who has always been a dreamer. Mrs. Fiske fences with her imperious mate, and the children refuse to believe he is their father. One by one the rules he followed in moneymaking fail to win over his children, who cling to West. Even his gold at last is returned to him.

"In the end his regeneration has begun. This, roughly, is the skeletonized plot. 'Wake Up, Jonathan!' is one of the milestones on this year's theatrical circuit."

Charles Dalton, in the rôle of Jonathan Blake, is said to have opportunities even greater than those accorded Mrs. Fiske. The piece has been produced by Sam H. Harris, who is at present feverishly hunting a New York house for it.

It appears that Walter Hampden is not exclusively committed to Shakespeare, after all, for in Boston last Monday night he and his Shakespearean company acted Charles Rann Kennedy's "The Servant in the House." Mr. Hampden, of course, was the Manson.

The return of another "Passing Show" to the Winter Garden calls attention to the fact that these entertainments have been veritable theatrical gold mines, both at the Winter Garden and on tour. The Howard Brothers, for example, have been touring in the 1918 edition for three seasons, and although they now return to the Winter Garden the show will go right ahead without them. The 1919 show, also, is continuing to huge road receipts, although there is no one of any great consequence in the cast. With the reopening of the Winter Garden, accordingly, there will be three of the "Passing Show" series in existence. The first of the string, incidentally, was "The Passing Show of 1912," which boasted a cast including Charlotte Greenwood, Harry Fox, Shirley Kellogg, Adelaide and Hughes, Johnna Howland, Charles J. Ross and Sidney Grant—most of them before the days of their greater glories. Miss Kellogg is now Mrs. Albert de Courville, and a London favorite; Harry Fox, who had not even a song of his own in the 1912 show, is a vaudeville headliner; Charlotte Greenwood has been a star for several seasons, and Johnna Howland, after her success in "The Gold Diggers," would certainly scoff at a Winter Garden engagement today.

Willie and Eugene Howard, incidentally—they were Eugene and Willie until recently, when it became evident that the comedian was the more valuable member of the team—first appeared at the Winter Garden at a Sunday night "concert" in 1912. They were vaudeville villians at the time, and when they went back to the vaudeville office on Monday, following their Winter Garden appearance, they found that their contracts had been canceled because of it. Since then they have been with the Shuberts.

TO BE CONTINUED

PLAY.	PERFORMANCES.
Lightnin'	Aug. 26, '18
The Gold Diggers	Sept. 4, '19
Irene	Nov. 19, '19
Good Times	Aug. 9, '20
Ladies' Night	Aug. 9, '20
Enter Madame	Aug. 9, '20
Spanish Love	Aug. 16, '20
Tickle Me	Aug. 17, '20
The Bat	Aug. 24, '20
The Bad Man	Aug. 30, '20
Greenwich Village Follies	Aug. 30, '20
Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic	Sept. 1, '20
Honeydew	Sept. 6, '20
The Woman of Bronze	Sept. 7, '20
Little Old New York	Sept. 7, '20
Welcome, Stranger	Sept. 13, '20
The Tavern	Sept. 27, '20
Pitter Patter	Sept. 28, '20
Three Live Ghosts	Sept. 29, '20
The Mirage	Sept. 30, '20
Mecca	Oct. 4, '20
Jim Jam Jems	Oct. 5, '20
Tip-Top	Oct. 11, '20
Meanest Man in the World	Oct. 11, '20
Bab	Oct. 11, '20
Mary	Oct. 18, '20
The Skin Game	Oct. 24, '20
The First Year	Oct. 25, '20
The Prince and the Pauper	Nov. 1, '20
Just Suppose	Nov. 1, '20
Afgar	Nov. 8, '20
Heartbreak House	Nov. 15, '20
Thy Name Is Woman	Nov. 15, '20
Jimmie	Nov. 17, '20
Samson and Delilah	Nov. 17, '20
Daddy Dumplins	Nov. 22, '20
Rollo's Wild Oat	Nov. 22, '20
The Broken Wing	Nov. 29, '20
Cornered	Dec. 6, '20
Lady Billy	Dec. 16, '20
Mixed Marriage	Dec. 13, '20
Sally	Dec. 21, '20
Mary Rose	Dec. 27, '20
Deburau	Dec. 28, '20



Kathleen Martyn of the Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic, from an Etching by Paul Helleu.

CHARLES RAY, from a story by Frederick Stowers, directed by Joseph De Grasse, a First National picture; "Edgar's Little Saw," a Booth Tarkington-Goldwyn comedy.

RIVOLI—"The Charm School," with Wallace Reid, adapted by Thomas J. Geraghty from the comedy by Alice Duer Miller, directed by James Cruze, a Paramount picture; "One Week," Pat. a Chester comedy.

CAPITOL—"The Girl With the Jazz Heart," with Madge Kennedy, from a story by Robert Bloomer, directed by Lawrence Windom, a Goldwyn picture; "Heidi of the Alps," with Madge Evans, in Prizma colors.

RIALTO—"The Rookies Return," with Douglas MacLean and Doris May, from a story by Archer M. McMackin, directed by Jack Nelson, under the supervision of Thomas H. Ince, a Paramount picture; "The Sticker," a Sunshine comedy.

BROADHURST—"Over the Hill," moved from the Lyric, opened Sept. 17.

CRITERION—William De Mille's "Midsummer Madness," opened Dec. 5.

FORTY-FOURTH STREET—D. W. Griffith's "Way Down East," opened Sept. 3.

LOEW'S NEW YORK—Today and tomorrow "The Life of the Party," with Roscoe Arbuckle; Tuesday, "The Girl from Montana," with Blanche Sweet; Wednesday, "Rogues and Romances," with June Caprice; daily change of program.

PLAZA—Today, tomorrow and Tuesday, D. W. Griffith's "The Love Flower"; Wednesday and Thursday, "For the Soul of Rafael," with Clara Kimball Young; Friday and Saturday, "The Mollycoddle," with Douglas Fairbanks.

THE success of "Pasion" at the Capitol Theatre lends interest to the report that Associated First National Pictures, Inc., which brought the film to this country, has purchased the American rights to two other German pictures made by the same company, with Pola Negri as the star of each. They are adaptations of "Sumuran" and "Carmen."

The last of the series of twelve Edgar comedies which Booth Tarkington undertook to write for the Goldwyn company as his first venture in working directly for the screen has been completed, and the popularity won by those which have been released has encouraged the company to continue the contract with Mr. Tarkington. So Edgar, in the person of Johnny Jones, with his family, friends and enemies, will not end his young life on the screen—though he seems to have been rather shy of late, for only five of the twelve comedies made have been seen hereabout. The sixth is due at the Strand this week.

Dr. Hugo Riesenfeld's season of Christmas matinees for orphans and poor children began yesterday morning, and will continue through the week. At 10:30 each morning the Rivoli is to be filled with 1,000 young folk selected by Bird S. Coler, Commissioner of Public Welfare, who has charge of the distribution of tickets among the charitable institutions of the city. Special programs consisting of motion pictures, music and pantomime have been arranged by Dr. Riesenfeld.

Joseph L. Plunkett, managing director of the Strand, is also giving morning entertainments to children this week, and on Wednesday morning the children will receive boxes of candy purchased for them with a contribution of $500 from Mrs. Julian Goldman. The program will include "Nineteen and Phyllis," with Charles Ray, and Booth Tarkington's "Edgar's Little Saw."

The promised motion picture translation of "The Devil," with George Arliss, of course, in the principal rôle, is coming to the Strand for the week of Jan. 10. Lucy Cotton and Sylvia Breamer are also in the cast, and the production was directed by James Young for Associated Exhibitors, Inc.

The feat of being twice in the same place is not uncommon with motion-picture stars in these days of double photography, but it's a bit unusual for one to be twice in the same place and twice in another place at the same time, as Madge Kennedy will be this week when she appears in twin rôles in her Theatre, and in another pair of parts in her latest photoplay, "The Girl With the Jazz Heart," at the Capitol.

Motion pictures are to enter Upper Montclair for the first time, according to a report in The Newark Star Eagle, in which it is set forth that the Montclair Commissioners have decided to issue a permit to Edward D. Ring to operate the theatre, provided Mr. Ring erects "a suitable building complying with all the requirements of the building code."

German papers report the organization in Bucharest of the "Industria Romana Cinematographica," with a capital of 2,000,000 lei, under the direction and participation of the German Decla-Bioskop Company, for the purpose of producing and exchanging films and buying theatres in all of the main cities of Rumania. Rumanian financiers are reported as being interested in the new organization.

Betty Blythe, who had the leading feminine rôle in "Nomads of the North" and is now working in "The Queen of Sheba" for the Fox Film Corporation, will appear as the star of "The Truant Husband," which is to be the first production of the Rockett Brothers. It will be distributed over the Hodkinson route.

J. Stuart Blackton will sail for England on the 20th to start work on the pictures in which Lady Diana Manners will appear under his direction. Accompanying him will be Mrs. Blackton and Chester A. Clegg and Felix Orman of his staff.

"Appearances," a photoplay by Edward Knoblock, with David Powell in the leading rôle, has just been completed at the London studio of the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation. Donald Crisp directed it.

Recently recommended in the bulletin "for young people and adults" were "The Romance of Promotera," with Earl Williams; two of Carlyle Ellis's productions dealing with women in industry, "When Women Work" and "From Whistle to Whistle"; "The Big Idea," from the Educational Films Corporation; "The Woman God Sent," with Zena Keefe; "The Charm School," with Wallace Reid; "Edgar's Little Saw," a Booth Tarkington comedy; "Number, Please?" with Harold Lloyd; "Park Your Car," with Harry Pollard, and "Christmas Greetings," a Ford-Goldwyn picture.

Fred White, one of the makers of Outing-Chester pictures, has just returned from an Arctic trip on The Bear, a United States Coast Guard vessel which makes an annual journey to the upper end of the North American continent. His pictures include "The story of the seal from pup to muff," scenes of gold mining near Nome, a photographic record of a trip across the Arctic Ocean, glimpses of life in the Aleutian Islands and an account of the King Islanders who, it is said, cross the Behring Straits to work the Nome gold fields and then are ferried back through the ice to their homes. The pictures will be released by the Educational Films Corporation.

The next Reginald Barker production for Goldwyn will be "Snow Blindness," from a story of the same name by Katherine Newlin Burt, author of "The Branding Iron." Mahlon Hamilton will have the leading rôle.

Thomas J. Geraghty, one time on the staff of The New York Herald, and recently active as a scenarist, has been made supervising director of the Eastern productions of the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation.

John Wenger, art director of the Capitol Theatre, has opened a studio in the Rodin Building, 200 West Fifty-seventh Street.

BROUGHT INTO FOCUS

MAKING motion pictures is one thing, selling them is another. This is a fact faced by many a director who has wanted to make pictures according to his idea of what they ought to be, but has had to make them according to the distributor's idea of their salability. The two ideas often fight, and that of the distributor usually wins, so far as results may be measured in finished film, because the director knows in advance that he must dispose of his picture to the distributor and that he cannot do so unless the distributor thinks it will sell. The distributor must sell it to the exhibitor, and that brings him into the problem. Some directors blame him more than the distributor for placing obstacles in the way of original, spontaneous pictures which the public would like if it had a chance to see them.

However this may be, it is true that distributors or exhibitors, or both, as a rule rate a picture by its "selling points"—"action," "punch," "class," &c.—high lights that may be glaringly advertised and are likely to be talked about, but are not indices of a picture's worth as entertainment for intelligent people. It is probably true that photoplays sold by the "punch" are the easiest to sell to the public, and are therefore most attractive to the middleman, but it is equally true that they are not the only pictures that may be made profitable. If there were a larger percentage of distributors and exhibitors using adequate intelligence and taste in their judgment and handling of pictures, the pictures the public gets would be better than they are. It is admitted that good pictures do reach the public now, and it is by no means maintained that all pictures which fail to meet market requirements are good, but it is asserted as self-evident, or sufficiently evidenced, that pictures are not nearly so good as they would be if more distributors and exhibitors were better equipped for the part they play as middlemen.

Testimony to this fact is not lacking, and often it comes from those who have demonstrated their ability to make good pictures and also pictures that will sell. One of the latest to speak is Maurice Tourneur, who confessed to the writer recently that he had never felt free to follow his own ideas in picture-making because he had never been able to get away from the fact that he would have to submit his work, not to the public, but to distributors looking for "punches" and caring for little else.

"I should like to make pictures that dealt simply in humanity," said Mr. Tourneur, "but I always hear the distributor asking, 'What's the big punch in your picture?' or 'Has it got a ballroom scene in it, or something else that will get 'em?' He wants to catalogue my picture in his mind, and if I try to tell him that none of his labels will describe it, but that it reflects human life, I talk in language he doesn't understand.

"Usually a man has two motives in making a picture; he wants to earn money and to satisfy artistic, or creative, instinct. Most of the time he has to sacrifice the latter for the former. There are directors who try to put money in their pockets and contentment in their hearts at the same time, but they make a lot of trouble for themselves. It's much easier just to make money.

"But the fault is not with the public. I have much faith in the actual, and more in the potential, capacity of the public for good works. This faith is justified by my experience. The difficulty is in getting the good pictures to the public, and the motion picture director's difficulty is greater than the playwright's. The man backing what he believes is a good play may obtain a try-out for it without staggering expense to any one. But a picture is completed before it is submitted for trial. Its total cost of production has been reached before it can be judged. And the final judgment of the public cannot be delivered until after a great deal of money has been spent on its distribution. So the distributor must anticipate the judgment of the public in determining whether he will risk his money on the picture, and his judgment, and not the public's, determines the fate of the photoplay. It is the fact that his judgment is based on considerations that do not take the real quality of the picture into account that makes the trouble. He sees the picture, if at all, in the projection room and looks for 'punches' which he believes are needed to sell it. If he doesn't find them—there's cold storage for the picture. The projection room has been the tomb of many a good picture, and many a picture that might have been good has been cheapened so that it might come out of the projection room with a chance for life."

Mr. Tourneur added that he and others had formed the Associated Producers, Inc., to deal directly with exhibitors and so go around the distributors and come nearer to the public. He does not yet hope to get everything he wants before the public, but he does hope, he says, to get better results from his practice of making pictures with only essential "selling points" and at the same time expressing his own ideas in them as far as possible.

Passing Show of 1921
Presenting WILLIE & EUGENE HOWARD
And MARIE DRESSLER and HARRY WATSON With 200 Others
AND THE PICK OF NATURE'S BEAUTIES
STAGED BY J. C. HUFFMAN
Book and Lyrics by Harold Atteridge. Music by Jean Schwartz.
Additional Music by Lew Pollock. Incidental Music by Al Goodman.
Dances Arranged by Max Scheck.
Produced Under the Personal Direction of MR. J. J. SHUBERT
TONIGHT SUNDAY CONCERT } ALWAYS THE BEST SUNDAY ENTERTAINMENT IN TOWN

BROCK PEMBERTON Announces the First Performance of ZONA GALE'S
MISS LULU BETT
To-morrow night at 8:15 o'clock sharp at the BELMONT THEATRE In Forty-eighth, East of Broadway
Also that Gilda Varesi and Norman Trevor will pass their 165th performance and give a series of Daily Holiday matinees of
ENTER MADAME
at the FULTON THEATRE In Forty-sixth, West of Broadway.

BOOTH THEATRE, 45TH ST., W. OF B'WAY. Evenings 8:30. Matinees at 2:30.
5 MATINEES THIS WEEK—TUESDAY WED., THURS., FRI. and SAT.
Direction LEE SHUBERT
WILLIAM Faversham
in MARK TWAIN'S Romantic Comedy Dramatized by Amelie Rives.
THE Prince AND the Pauper

CASINO 39th St. & Broadway Evgs. 8:20. Mats. 2:20
MATINEES THIS WEEK
4 WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY 4
BECAUSE EVERYBODY WANTS TO SEE The Sparkling Musical Comedy
HONEYDEW
WHERE EVERYTHING IS GAY AND MERRY
MATINEES THIS WEEK
4 WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY 4

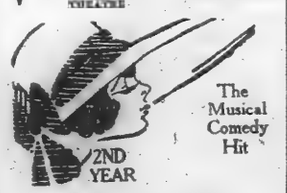
Plymouth—Mats. Thurs. & Sat.
EXTRA MAT. FRIDAY
'A thought for to-day'
SEE
LITTLE OLD NEW YORK
BY RIDA JOHNSON YOUNG
"The Gayest Play in Town"
MANAGEMENT SAM H. HARRIS.

Shubert-Riviera 97TH ST. & B'WAY. Mats. Thurs. & Sat.
Evgs. 8:15. Good Orchestra Seats $1.00
One Week Beginning Tomorrow Night
CECIL LEAN In the Snappy, Catchy Whirl of Melody and Fun.
"LOOK WHO'S HERE"
With the Radiant CLEO MAYFIELD
Original Production From 44th St. Theatre, American Beauty.
Week Jan. 2 ..... EAST 15 WEST
Today, Sunday Concerts, Continuous 1:30-11:30.

5th MONTH NEW YORK'S BIGGEST HITS! WAGENHALS & KEMPER present
Maxine Elliott's 39 St. nr. B'way Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
POPULAR MATINEE WEDNESDAY
Spanish Love
By Avery Hopwood and Mary Roberts Rinehart
"HOLDS AUDIENCE BREATHLESS."—Eve. Sun.
MOROSCO 45 St. W. of B'y Evs. at 8:30. Mats. THIS WEEK WED., THURS., FRI. & SAT.
The Bat
By Mary Roberts Rinehart and Avery Hopwood.
"KEEPS STANDEES ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World.
SEATS FOR BOTH PLAYS NOW ON SALE 8 WEEKS AHEAD

HOLBROOK BLINN AS A LOVABLE, LAUGHABLE BANDIT IN THE BAD MAN

COMEDY THEATRE WEST 41 ST. MATINEES THURS. & SAT.

VANDERBILT THEATRE West 48th St. Phone Bryant 134

The Musical Comedy Hit
2ND YEAR
"IRENE"
SEATS ON SALE 6 WEEKS AHEAD. EVS. 8:30. MATS. WED. & SAT., 2:30.

MARGARET ANGLIN
FIFTH MONTH
The WOMAN of BRONZE
FRAZEE THEATRE, West 42d St. Phone Bryant 31. Evs. at 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
4 SPECIAL FRIDAY MATINEES 4
JAN. 7-14-21-28.

LITTLE THEATRE, W. 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Matinee every day this week.
MATINEE EVERY DAY THIS WEEK AT 2:30
John Golden Presents Winchell Smith Directs Frank Craven Writes and Plays in
The 1ST YEAR
A Comic Tragedy of Married Life.

GOOD SEATS FOR NEW YEAR'S EVE. NOW ON SALE AT THE BOX OFFICE OF ALL 3 THEATRES.
SELWYN W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30 Mts. W'd. & S't., 2:30 HAMMERSTEIN'S Ten Strike
FRANK TINNEY
IN A MUSICAL COMEDY
"TICKLE ME"

APOLLO W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30 Mts. W'd. & S't., 2:30 HAMMERSTEIN'S Supreme Bid
FRANCES WHITE
IN A MUSICOMEDY
"JIMMIE"
with BEN WELCH and Star Cast by Otto Harbach, Oscar Hammerstein II., Frank Mandel. Music by Herbert Stothart (Authors of "Tickle Me.").

Times Sq. W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30 Mts. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30
FLORENCE REED
in EDGAR SELWYN'S PLAY
"THE MIRAGE"
Extra Matinee Fri., Dec. 31st

SELWYN THEATRE, WEST 42D ST.
SPECIAL MATINEES THE MONDAY — TUESDAY — THURSDAY and FRIDAY, DEC. 27, 28, 30, 31, at 2:30
PROVINCETOWN PLAYERS IN
THE EMPEROR JONES
by EUGENE O'NEIL
and a one act comedy
"TICKLESS TIME"
by Susan Glaspell & George Cram Cook.
PRICES: 50c to $2.00. Seats Now.

NORA BAYES THEATRE
44th W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
MAX MARCIN Presents
3 LIVE GHOSTS
A SCREAMING COMEDY By Frederic W. Isham.

JIMMY HUSSEY
OLGA COOK ULA SHARON
BEN WELCH
10—OTHER STAR ACTS—10
800 SEATS AT $1.00
CENTRAL Theatre, 47th & B'way Phone Bryant 17.
JIMMY HUSSEY
PHIL BAKER AILEEN STANLEY
MAE WEST
8—OTHER STAR ACTS—8
WINTER GARDEN 50th & B'way Phone Circle 2320
ALWAYS THE BEST SUNDAY ENTERTAINMENT IN TOWN

Century Promenade Above Century Theatre. 62d St. Central Pk. W. Fk. Col. 5500.
THE NEWEST LATE HOUR SHOW
The CENTURY MIDNIGHT REVUE AT 11:30
Opens at 10:30 for Dining and Dancing.
MAKE NEW YEAR'S EVE RESERVATIONS EARLY.

WILLIAM A. BRADY'S Theatres & Successes
PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'y Evs. 8:30 Mts. Daily 2:30

MARY NASH
IN
"Thy Name Is Woman"
BY CARL SCHONER & BENJAMIN F. GLAZER
Staged by JOSE RUBEN
DAILY MATS. THIS WEEK
POPULAR PRICES (EXCEPT SAT'Y)

Wm. A. Brady's 48TH ST. Thr. E. of B'y. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:20.
NEW YORK'S BIGGEST THRILL!
"THE BROKEN WING"

"GOING 'THE BAD MAN' ONE BETTER."—Eve. World.
Seats 8 Wks in Advance

BIJOU 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. 2:30.
(In Association with Beaudean, London)
The SKIN GAME
By John Galsworthy
4 MATS. THIS WEEK
Wed., Thurs., Fri. & Sat.
POPULAR PRICES (EXCEPT SATURDAY)

LONGACRE West 48th Street. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
LAST WEEK
PITTER PATTER

The Reigning Musical Comedy Success
WITH ERNEST TRUEX
A BRILLIANT COMPANY AND THE FAMOUS RAINBOW CHORUS
OPENING MONDAY, JANUARY 3
SEAT SALE, THURSDAY, DEC. 30.
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
GRANT MITCHELL
in a new comedy
"THE CHAMPION"
By Thomas Louden & A. E. Thomas.

"Over The Hill"
Produced by WILLIAM FOX
by Will Carleton. Directed by Harry Millarde
Moves Today 5:30 8:30
TO THE BROADHURST Theatre W. 44th St.
Thereafter Twice Daily.

FULL subscription price, including war tax, allowed on OPERA TICKETS The Original TYSON & CO. ESTABLISHED 1874
1472 B'WAY. 4080 Bryant
100 B'WAY. 9100 Rector

Nora Bayes

in A FANTASTIC MUSICAL PLAY
"HER FAMILY TREE"
A BRILLIANT COMPANY OF 60 AND A DARN LIKELY LOT OF GIRLS.
Staged by HASSARD SHORT
Music & Lyrics by SEYMOUR SIMONS
Book by AL WEEKS & BUGS BAER
4 MATS. THIS WEEK | WEDNESDAY THURSDAY FRIDAY & SATURDAY

BEGINNING WEDNESDAY EVE., DEC. 29
ARTHUR HOPKINS OFFERS AT THE GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE MR. NIGEL PLAYFAIR'S LONDON PRODUCTION OF "THE BEGGAR'S OPERA," BY GAY, ADAPTED BY MR. ARNOLD BENNETT AND NIGEL PLAYFAIR, WITH NEW AIRS BY FREDERIC AUSTIN.
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday

Shubert Theatre, 44th St., W. of B'y Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
The BOHEMIANS INC. Present
Greenwich Village Follies 1920.
Devised and Staged by John Murray Anderson.

ELTINGE THEA. W. 42nd St. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat.
A. H. WOODS presents
LADIES NIGHT
IN A TURKISH BATH
by CHARLTON ANDREWS and AVERY HOPWOOD
POPULAR MATINEE WEDNESDAY.

REPUBLIC W. 42nd St. Evs. 8:20. Matinees, Wed. (Pop.) & Saturday at 2:20.
EARL CARROLL presents
"DADDY DUMPLINS"
with MACLYN ARBUCKLE

CENTURY
62d St. and Central Park West. Direction Lee and J. J. Shubert.
Evgs. 8 Sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2
LAST 4 WEEKS
Entire organization and company of 100 people will leave by special train for Chicago on Jan. 23d to fill contract made a year ago with the Chicago Opera Association.
F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest Present the World's Largest and Most Beautiful Production
MECCA
A Musical Extravaganza of the Orient By Oscar Asche. Music by Percy Fletcher.
POP. MAT. WED., 50c to $2
Holiday Mat. Next Saturday
Good Seats 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2
SEATS NOW FOR ALL REMAINING PERFORMANCES. LAST NIGHT POSITIVELY SAT. JAN. 22.

CENTRAL THEATRE 47th & B'way 3rd Month
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
F. RAY COMSTOCK AND MORRIS GEST Present
(by arrangement with Charles B. Cochran) the Sensation of London, Paris & New York,
DELYSIA "The Toast of the Town"
"She has taken New York by storm."—Eve. Telegram.
In the Famous London and Paris success, The "Chic-est" show in N.Y.
"AFGAR"
ONE YEAR AT THE LONDON PAVILION
Costumed by Paul Poiret in Paris.
POP. MAT. EVERY WED., 50c to $2.

DON'T MISS THIS HOLIDAY TREAT

Jingling Sleigh Bells
Bobbing for Apples
Fireside Games
Gay Barn Dances
Merry Sledding Parties
Snow-balling

Please don't miss it! It will carry you back to those dear old days of the long ago. Back to the forgotten scenes of your youth. Back to the little girl with the checkered apron and the simple, sweet smile of faith and love. Back to the snow-covered hills of your old home town.

There never was anything so fragrant with the perfume of romance, with the real Holiday Spirit, as D. W. Griffith's "Way Down East" at the 44th Street Theatre.

Please, please, don't miss it! You can go this afternoon or this evening. You can go any afternoon or evening, including Sundays, at 2:15 or 8:15. There is special music and McPherson's New England Singers with their wonderful rendition of "Love's Old Sweet Song" and other melodies you never have forgotten.

NOTE. Owing to the tremendous demand for seats, there will be TWO EVENING PERFORMANCES of "Way Down East" on Friday, Dec. 31 (New Year's Eve)—the First at 7:45 sharp, and the Second at 10:45 sharp. Seats now on sale for both performances.

"DRAMATIC SENSATION."—Journal.

ASTOR
THEA., B'WAY & 45th ST. EVS. 8:25. MTS. WED. & SAT.
HENRY W. SAVAGE OFFERS
MADGE KENNEDY
(HERSELF)
in "CORNERED"
A NEW COMEDY DRAMA by DODSON MITCHELL
"OVERWHELMING POPULAR APPROVAL."—Telegram.
Popular Matinee, Wednesday, 50c to $2

To those of you who have found any pleasure in my productions of the past, I recommend BEN-AMI in "SAMSON AND DELILAH" at the 39th St. Theatre.
ARTHUR HOPKINS.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday

GARRICK 65 W. 35th. Murray Hill 1822. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tues., Thurs. & Sat., 2:15
The THEATRE GUILD Presents
HEARTBREAK HOUSE
A Comedy by Bernard Shaw
2 MATINEES THIS WEEK: TUES., THURS. & SAT., AT 2:15

THE HOLIDAY WONDER SHOW
"GOOD TIMES"
By R. H. BURNSIDE
Music by Raymond Hubbell,
AT THE HIPPODROME
XMAS WEEK SPECIALS
THE RACING SENSATION
Man O' War's Triumph
"THE MOST REALISTIC HORSE RACE EVER STAGED."—TELEGRAM.
MARGARET McKEE —Queen of Whistlers—
ELEPHANTS BALL-GAME
100 NOVELTIES
1,000 PEOPLE
WORLD'S BIGGEST SHOW AT THE LOWEST PRICES
MATINEE DAILY

CHALIF
Russian School of DANCING

GRADED CLASSES and private lessons for children, adults and teachers, in Greek, Interpretive, National, Classic, Character and Toe Dancing. Personal instruction by Mr. Chalif. MODERN DANCING in its latest forms can be learned in private and class lessons.
Please send for catalog.
Three beautiful studios are available for Concerts, Recitals and Lectures.
163-165 West 57th Street,
Opposite Carnegie Hall. Phone Circle 1217.

BROOKLYN.
MONTAUK Bargain Mats. Wed. and Sat.
7TH AND LAST BIG WEEK
GEORGE BROADHURST'S Production of the Romance of the Big Woods
THE STORM
By LANGDON McCORMICK
Staged by Mrs. TRIMBLE BRADLEY
JAN. 3rd
DAVID BELASCO Presents the Entire Original Empire Theatre All-Star Cast in "Call the Doctor"

B. F. KEITH'S ORPHEUM
Concerts Sunday, 2:15 & 8:15. Week of Dec. 27
GUS EDWARDS' "SONG REVUE OF 1920"
Headed by the Popular Composer-Producer, GUS EDWARDS Himself, and His 1920 Crop of Newly-found Proteges.
Scanlon, Denno Bros. & Scanlon
MARGARET YOUNG | BEN BERNIE
Paul Decker & Co. | Ryan & Ryan | Margaret Taylor
MISS JULIET
2 SEPARATE PERFORMANCES NEW YEAR'S EVE at all B. F. KEITH Theatres
First at 7.30. Second at 10.30.

MAJESTIC Matinees Wed. & Sat.
Week Beginning Tomorrow Eve.
DIRECT FROM WINTER GARDEN, NEW YORK
3 HOURS OF GREAT JOY
Embellished with Beautiful Figures.
GEORGE Le MAIRE'S
BROADWAY BREVITIES
GREATEST CAST OF THE YEAR, WITH
BERT WILLIAMS
Geo. Le Maire, Geo. McKay, Ula Sharon, NELSON & CRONIN and 50 WINTER GARDEN BEAUTIES
2—KEITH SUNDAY CONCERTS—2
NEXT "THE MAN WHO CAME BACK." WEEK With Basil Gordon and Adda Gleason.

MARK STRAND BROOKLYN Fulton St. and Rockwell Pl.
GREETINGS 1921
May recollections of the many happy hours spent be a gentle reminder of the many big things planned for the glad New Year.
First Time Anywhere
CHARLES RAY
"Nineteen and Phyllis"

Teller's Shubert BROOKLYN Evgs. at 8:15 Matinees Wed., Sat., 2:15.
A NEW MUSICAL COMEDY

KISSING TIME
with WILLIAM NORRIS AND EDITH TALIAFERRO
JAN. 10 OLIVER MOROSCO PRESENTS
CHARLOTTE GREENWOOD
IN HER NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
LINGER LONGER LETTY

Music

By RICHARD ALDRICH.

MENTION was made in this place a short time ago of the proposed new edition to be published in England of the works of the English school of lutenist song writers, intended to be a complete collection of their remarkable productions. The first volume of this projected publication has now appeared, edited by the Rev. E. H. Fellowes and published by Winthrop Rogers, Ltd., of London. It contains ten songs of John Dowland and is to be followed by others till the series is complete.

The series is curiously short. The school of lutenist song writers, as Mr. Fellowes says in his preface, stands by itself as something which has no parallel in the contemporary schools of music in Europe. It shone brilliantly in a very brief period. Beginning with the publication of Dowland's "First Booke of Songs or Ayres" in 1597, it practically ended with the same composer's "A Pilgrim's Solace," published in 1612, though John Attey's volume, which appeared in 1622, is regarded as an isolated and final example of the same class of compositions.

During this period of fifteen years some thirty volumes or sets were issued, of which copies have survived to the present time; but many of them are among the rarest of bibliographical rarities, for of several no more than a single copy is known to exist. Thomas Campian, Robert Jones, Thomas Morley, Philip Rosseter, Thomas Ford, William Corkine and Francis Pilkington are among the most prominent of them.

In these volumes music of a characteristically English kind is united to some of the finest verse of one of the finest periods of English literature. These lutenist composers set these words with a true appreciation of their poetic value. Their purpose was, as Mr. Fellowes says, "To enhance the beauty of the recitation of such lines through the medium of simple musical expression, as opposed to any idea of elaborate device." It is their success in carrying out this special purpose, thinks Mr. Fellowes, that placed this group of English song writers in the highest rank.

This edition gives each song in two versions. In the first the melody is reproduced with the lute tablature as it stands in the original editions, with a literal transcription for piano of the lute part in modern notation. This transcription is not ineffective for use on the piano; but for those who wish a freer sort of accompaniment, Mr. Fellowes has given a free version of the lute part more in accordance with the idiom of the piano. These have modern key signatures and expression marks, which do not exist in the original editions. No time signatures at all are given. The Elizabethan composers used none, in our sense. They were in the habit of introducing rhythms of 4-4, 3-2, 3-4, 6-8 and others more complex without hesitation and without markings, the only indication of them being found in the true accentuation of the words. Hence it is necessary, so Mr. Fellowes points out, that a diver should acquire perfect facility in dealing with sudden and frequent changes of rhythm in interpreting Elizabethan music.

No complete edition of the lutenist songs has ever been issued since the original editions appeared, more than three hundred years ago. None of the four books of Dowland's eighty-four airs, of which this first volume of the new edition contains ten, has ever been reprinted in complete form except the first, which was issued to members of the Musical Antiquarian Society of England and has long been out of print.

It says on the title page of this first book that the songs are in "foure parts so made that all the parts together, or either of them severally, may be sung to the lute, orpherian, or viol de gambo." But, as the editor points out, it was in the form of solo songs that the composer sang them, to his own accompaniment on the lute, of which he was one of the most expert players of his time, and this form without doubt took precedence in his mind over the alternative version designed for four voices.

***

Some four years ago Miss Lorraine Wyman and Howard Brockway published a collection of twenty-five folksongs from the mountains of southern Kentucky. They have now gathered twenty more from the same source, which are published by the Oliver Ditson Company in a volume entitled "Twenty Kentucky Mountain Songs." The words were collected by Miss Wyman, the tunes by Mr. Brockway, who has also added the piano accompaniments. The volume is dedicated to the memory of William Creech, the founder of the Pine Mountain School, a native of the mountains, whose letter, let it be said here, stating his idea of the need of such a school and signifying his intention of giving his property for that purpose is one of the most touching, distinguished and significant documents ever produced in this country.

Miss Wyman reminds readers of the book that with few exceptions the origin of each song can be traced to an English, Scottish or Irish source. Preserved as they have been by oral tradition alone for well over a century, both the words and the tunes have been invested with a characteristic charm of their own. The editors have made every effort to retain, without remodeling the tunes or changing the texts, except in a very few instances. Mr. Brockway has written the accompaniments for the most part with skill and judgment. It is not an easy task to write accompaniments for folksongs. They are sung by the folksingers generally without accompaniment. Any accompaniment put to them necessarily brings more or less change and sophistication in their character. To make this change suitable and such as shall fit the music and the sentiment is work for a skilful and sympathetic musician. Such Mr. Brockway has shown himself to be in this volume. It may be that here and there he has been too much attracted by the opportunities for elaborating in harmony or figuration, but not often.

Among the songs that will appear most familiar to students are "Lord Thomas and Fair Ellinder," "Little Matthew Grove or Lord Daniel's Wife" and its variant, "Lord Orland's Wife or Little Matthew Grew"; "Come All You Young and Handsome Girls," "The Toad's Courtship" (the toad is more commonly a frog), &c. In several of them the old modal effects are well preserved.

***

An interesting edition of Grieg's concerto for pianoforte or orchestra, as edited by Percy Grainger, is published by G. Schirmer in Schirmer's Library. It is the arrangement with the orchestral accompaniment arranged for a second piano. Mr. Grainger spent some time with Grieg in his home in Norway just before he died, preparing to play the concerto: from the composer he then obtained what he calls "A priceless body of experiences" as to Grieg's intentions regarding the performance of the concerto; these he has incorporated into this edition. They include expression marks written into the score by Grieg, changes of notes, phrasing and dynamics. Mr. Grainger has also put in fingering and pedal marks, including an elaborate system of indicating the "sostenuto pedal." He has carefully distinguished in the score the changes made by Grieg himself, those suggested to him by Mr. Grainger and approved by the composer, and certain technical improvements made by Mr. Grainger on his own responsibility.

Mr. Grainger in his introduction—no, of course not introduction, but "foreword"—gives some reminiscences of Grieg's playing. He was "nothing if not extremely virile and dynamic as an interpreter of his own works." As a rule, his tempi were faster than those usually heard in performances of his works; the "enthralling wistfulness and poetic appeal of his renderings knew no trace of sentimentality or mawkishness. Strong and sudden accents of all kinds and vivid contrasts of light and shade were outstanding features" of his interpretations. The note of passion that he sounded was of a restless and feverish rather than of a violent nature. There were extreme delicacy and exquisiteness of detail; and though the frailty of his physique prevented him from making great displays of rugged force as a pianist, he demanded them of others when occasion required. Mr. Grainger remarks that Grieg eschewed all muddiness or turgid obscurity of tonal effect, and his interpreters should aim for the bright, clear and clean sonorities that he desired.

Obviously, this is the final and authoritative edition of Grieg's concerto, the one that those who play it must resort to.

***

One of the most delightful of recent musical collections not only to the ear but also to the eye is entitled "Refrains de France," edited by Gusta e Ferrari, published by G. Schirmer. It comprises twelve French folksongs, "all of which," says Mr. Ferrari, "handed down through centuries either orally or in writing, have dwelt on the soil and in the hearts of the French for generations, and will dwell there as long as the beautiful language of France shall endure." They have been harmonized suitably by Mr. Ferrari in piano accompaniments. Each one is provided with a charming full-page title, a headpiece and a tailpiece, by Daubigny, Steinheil, Blanchon, Trimolet and Pinot. They include some of the most familiar and well-beloved ones: "Malbrough s'en va-t-en guerre," "Sur le pont d'Avignon," "Au clair de la lune," "Ah, vous dirai-je, Maman," &c. It is an "édition de luxe."

***

That brilliant and ingratiating "concertino" for piano and orchestra by John Alden Carpenter that Percy Grainger played here a short time ago with the New York Symphony Orchestra is published by G. Schirmer in two forms. One is the orchestral score; the other is an arrangement in which the orchestral part is reduced for a player on a second piano, the instrumentation being well noted in the second piano part.

Mr. Carpenter in a note that was printed in the program of its performance here mentioned the "light-heartedness" of the piece and compared it to a conversation between two friends, a little garrulous, in which rhythms, American, Oriental and other, are discussed. "The rules of polite talk, as always between friends, are not strictly observed—often in animated moments they talk both at once, each hearing only what he himself says. Presently the moment comes, always between friends, when no conversation is necessary, a relaxed moment, when Friendship itself takes them in hand, and they have nothing to say. But the reaction is quick and strong; there is still so much that presses to be said, on a pleasant night, with youth in the air between friends—."

This is a pleasant way of describing what must be considered one of the most successful attempts yet made in America to write in the form of the piano concerto. It is indeed "light-hearted," as Mr. Carpenter suggests, but there is not only skill in the manipulation of the solo instrument and of the orchestra, in the use of syncopated rhythms that are "ragtime." There is a fullness of musical idea, of musical gayety and ebullience. The concerto is in three movements, simple in form, though the solo part requires an accomplished pianist and the orchestra a full selection of percussive instruments.

"Immeasurably the finest play which has come to our stage from France since 'Cyrano de Bergerac'."—Times.

DAVID BELASCO Presents
LIONEL ATWILL
in "DEBURAU"
By Sacha Guitry
Adapted by Granville Barker.

RUTH CHATTERTON
(By courtesy of HENRY MILLER)
in the New Play
MARY ROSE
by
J. M. BARRIE
"The haunting beauty of 'Mary Rose' is felt after the theatre has been left miles behind."—Eve. World
"A spellbound audience."—Telegram
"Barrie at his best."—Telegraph

LYCEUM THEATRE
W. 45 St. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. at 2:30
DAVID BELASCO Presents
INA CLAIRE (2nd YEAR) in "THE GOLD DIGGERS"
Avery Hopwood's Sparkling Comedy.

BRAMHALL 138 E. 27 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed & Sat., 2:30
MIXED MARRIAGE
by ST. JOHN ERVINE
WITH
Augustin Duncan, Margaret Wycherly, Rollo Peters, Angela McCahill, Barry Macollum, Hermon MacGregor
(Staged by Augustin Duncan.)

GAIETY B'way, 46 St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Every Day This Week.
MATINEE EVERY DAY
THIS WEEK AT 2:30
JOHN GOLDEN Presents
FRANK BACON in
LIGHTNIN'

PUNCH & JUDY THEA., 49th St. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30
Friday & Sat. Mats. at 2:30.
CLARE KUMMER'S Best Play.
ROLLO'S WILDOAT
ROLAND YOUNG'S Best Work.
EXTRA MATS., WED., DEC. 28. THURS., DEC. 30.

GEO. M. COHAN'S 3 BIG HITS
4 Matinees This Week
Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat.
At All 3 Theatres

HUDSON 44th St., E. of B'y
Mats. Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat.
Management of Mrs. Henry B. Harris
100th TIME TUES. JAN. 4
The Meanest Man in the World
MR. COHAN
in the Title Role.

GEO. M. COHAN'S B'WAY
Mats. Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat., 2:30.
THE MYSTERY MASTERPIECE
THE TAVERN
ARNOLD DALY
As the Vagabond

KNICKERBOCKER B'WAY 38th ST.
Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat.
GEO. M. COHAN'S Comedians
IN
THE GREATEST MUSICAL HIT OF THE AGE
MARY
"Isn't It a Grand Old Name?"

"Immeasurably the finest play which has come to our stage from France since 'Cyrano de Bergerac'."—Times.

DAVID BELASCO Presents
LIONEL ATWILL
in "DEBURAU"
By Sacha Guitry
Adapted by Granville Barker.

GOVERNOR
AL. SMITH
says:
"'WELCOME STRANGER' is immense. Just the kind of a show I like."
COHAN & HARRIS
THEATRE, WEST 42D ST.
Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
EXTRA MAT. FRI., DEC. 31.

CORT W. 48 St. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15 | LAST WEEK
NEW YORK'S BIGGEST LAUGHING AND MELODY HIT
Jim Jam Jems
By the Authors of "LISTEN LESTER"
Music by JAMES HANLEY
WITH AN ALL-STAR CAST
MON., JAN. 3
MARGARET LAWRENCE AND ARTHUR BYRON
IN THE COMEDY
"TRANSPLANTING JEAN"
SEATS TOMORROW

MATS. ONLY CORT THEATRE WEST 48 ST.
THE YELLOW JACKET
Presented by Mr. and Mrs. Coburn in association with Marc Klaw, Inc.
JAN. TUESDAYS 4-11-18-25 FRIDAYS 7-11-21-28
The Cast includes: Julietta Day, Howard Kyle, Schuyler Ladd, Arthur Shaw, Antoinette Walker, J. Arthur Young, Mr. and Mrs. Coburn and others.
Mail Orders Now to Marc Klaw, Inc., (451 Broadway. Tickets $2.50, $2.00, $1.50, $1.00. Boxes (seating 6), $18, $15, plus war tax.

"COMIC AND INCOMPARABLE" —Globe.
LIBERTY
WEST 42 ST. EVS. 8:30.
Pop. 50c to $2 Mats. Wed. & Sat.
HENRY W. SAVAGE Presents
MITZI
IN "LADY BILLY"
Books and Lyrics by ZELDA SEARS—Music by HAROLD LEVEY
Staged by JOHN McKEE—Dancing Numbers Staged by JULIAN ALFRED
"BEST THAT MUSICAL COMEDY CAN PROVIDE"—Herald

PARK THEATRE, COLUMBUS CIRCLE.
LAWRENCE J. ANHALT, Sole Lessee and Manager.
Evgs. 8:20; Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20.
LAST WEEK BAB WITH HELEN HAYES
By Edward Childs Carpenter.
From the stories of Mary Roberts Rinehart.
BEGINNING MONDAY, JANUARY 3
The Supreme Event of the Season!!
FRANCES WILSON AND DE WOLF HOPPER
IN A NEW AND WONDROUS PRODUCTION OF "ERMINIE" THE MOST FAMOUS COMIC OPERA OF MODERN TIMES.
WITH A BRILLIANT COMPANY OF ARTISTS, INCLUDING
Irene Williams, Madge Lessing, Rosamond Whiteside, Warren Proctor, Alexander Clark, Jennie Weathersby, Alice Hanlon, Adrian Morgan, Robert Broderick, Richard Malchien,
AND THE FINEST SINGING ENSEMBLE IN AMERICA.
SEAT SALE OPENS TOMORROW, MONDAY, DEC. 27

F. F. PROCTOR'S
BIG VAUDEVILLE CONCERTS
125th St. Park & Lex. — Hugh Herbert & Co., Rayne & Rogers, Mlle Gaten & Co., Princess Nai Tai Tai, Jim Doherty, Armand & Hazel, & "The Jack-Knife Man." Cont. 1-11.
58th St. Near 3d Av. — Dotty Claire & Co., Ben Smith, Doris & McGee, Nathan & Shaw, The Demottas, Ethel Clayton in "The City Sparrow," others. Cont. 1 to 11.
23d St. Near 6th Av. — AL MAMAUX & JIMMY RULE, Rice & Ward, Wilcox Lacreix & Co., others, and ETHEL CLAYTON in "A CITY SPARROW." Cont. 1 to 11.
5th Ave. B'w. 29th St. — Henry Santrey & Band, Pop Anson & Daughters, Diamond & Brennan, The Great Lester, Foster Ball & Co., Raymond & Schram, Lloyd & Sparrow

BRONX OPERA HOUSE
149TH STREET, EAST OF 3D AVENUE
POP. PRICES. MATS. WED. and SAT.
BEGINNING TOMORROW EVE.
DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS
"CALL THE DOCTOR"
By JEAN ARCHIBALD.
ALL-STAR ORIGINAL CAST.
Week Jan. 3rd. | "THE STORM" | Seats on Sale Tom'w.

"ICELAND" ICE SKATING
BROADWAY-53D ST. ADMISSION 75c.

Sight Seeing Royal Blue Line
Seeing New York, up town, down town, over the great bridges to Brooklyn, 10 A.M., 2 P.M. Chinatown, New York After Dark, 8 P.M. Luxurious close roof heated automobiles. Distinctive Service. Ask at hotels for our free map and guide.
ROYAL BLUE LINE CO. OF N. Y.
Office Starting Point, Hotel McAlpin.

TOSCANINI and LA SCALA ORCHESTRA
OPERA TICKETS PHONE FITZROY 4189.
Metropolitan and Chicago Opera Subscriptions, Season, Alternate or Single performances.
BOUGHT, SOLD or EXCHANGED SEATS FOR ALL SUCCESSES.
Jonas' Theatre Ticket Office, Hotel Normandie, B'way & 36th St.

Jonas Ticket Office, Woolworth Bldg.
Seats New Year's Eve. Mat.-Night.
Telephone 7791-7792 Barclay

BROOKLYN.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC
BURTON HOLMES IN FIVE PHOTO STORIES OF TRAVEL. TUESDAY EVE. AT 8:15 and WEDNESDAY EVE. AT 8:15 New Motion Pictures
Constantinople ..... Jan. 4-5
Jerusalem ..... Jan. 11-12
Garden of Allah ..... Jan. 18-19
Spanish Cities ..... Jan. 25-26
Venice (Italian Lakes) ..... Feb. 1-2
Course Tickets Evgs. 12, 14, 15, 16 Mats. 12, 13, 14, 15
Single Tickets on Sale Dec. 26.
Now on Sale Institute Box Office

I desire to express my grateful appreciation to both press and public for the enthusiastic welcome accorded to my latest production, presenting Marilyn Miller and Leon Errol as co-stars in the new musical comedy "Sally," staged by Edward Royce.
F. Ziegfeld, Jr.
Seats Selling 8 Weeks in Advance

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE
TODAY Pop. Mat. 2:15 CONCERTS Night 8:15
BIG B. F. KEITH VAUDEVILLE BILL
NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF—NEW
Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE
124 West 43d St. Tel. 7416 Bryant
Nights at 8:20; Mats. Thurs. and Sat., 2:20
"A Veritable Gem."—Eve. Post
PATRICIA COLLINGE
in A. E. Thomas's New Comedy
JUST SUPPOSE
"An unforgetable cast."—American
DIRECTION OF A. L. ERLANGER.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE
TO-MORROW NIGHT at 8:20, also TUES., WED., THURS. EVGS., and NEW YEAR'S Mat.; MATINEE FIRST PERFORMANCE IN AMERICA OF FRANZ LEHAR'S NEW VIENNESE OPERETTA, "WO DIE LERCHE SINGT" (Where the Lark Sings), WITH COMPLETE ENSEMBLE, CHORUS, ORCHESTRA AND SCENIC ENVIRONMENT. FRI. NIGHT (NEW YEAR'S EVE) and SAT. (NEW YEAR'S NIGHT), Revival of LECOCQ'S Delightful "GIROFLE-GIROFLA." Seats 50c to $2.50. Now Selling.
TO-MORROW, TUES. and WEDNESDAY MATINEES at 2:30, "SCHNEEWITTCHEN UND DIE SIEBEN ZWERGE" (Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs).
THURSDAY and FRIDAY MATINEES at 2:30, "ASCHENBROEDEL" (Cinderella). Prices 50c to $1.00.

FRED STONE
WISHES YOU THE SEASON'S COMPLIMENTS AND HOPES YOU ARE
"TIP-TOP"
3 MATS. THIS WEEK: EXTRA MAT. FRIDAY
Reg. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Globe Theatre

LEXINGTON THEA., 51 St. and Lex. Ave.
Phone Plaza 5030. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FRITZ LEIBER
in the Plays of Shakespeare
COMMENCING TOMORROW AT 8:30
HAMLET
TUES. ..... JULIUS CAESAR
WED. MAT. .... MERCHANT OF VENICE
WED. NIGHT ..... MACBETH
THURS. ..... HAMLET
FRIDAY ..... JULIUS CAESAR
SAT. MAT. ..... ROMEO AND JULIET
SAT. EVE. ..... RICHARD III.
POPULAR PRICES 50c TO $2.

COLUMBIA
47th & B'y. New Show Every Wk.
"The Home of Burlesque de Luxe."—N.Y. Times
Now starting its 13th happy New Year! Happy, because it has made millions happy by its clean, jolly, enjoyable shows.
2 Big Concerts TODAY at 2:15 & 8:15 All Seats Rev'd
Commencing Tomorrow Afternoon
WATSON & COHAN
IN GIRLS DE LOOKS
Big Company of Lively Funmakers, Singers, Dancers, Vaudeville Specialties and Show Girls. Superb Scenery, Costumes & "Effects." Twice Daily—Moderate Prices—Seats Two Weeks in Advance—EXTRA MIDNIGHT SHOW NEW YEAR'S EVE BEGINNING AT 12:30 Sharp Now. Week Jan. 3, BOWERY BURLESQUERS, With Harcourt & Foster.
Loew's New York Theatre & Roof
Cont. 11 A.M. to 11 P.M. Roof to 1 A.M.
FATTY ARBUCKLE "The Life of the Party."

CARNEGIE HALL, TUESDAY NIGHT, DEC. 28, at 8:15
AMERICAN DEBUT
VIRGINIE MAUREE
IN A PROGRAMME OF DANCES
Choreography by Michel Fokine and Virginie Maurel—Symphony Orchestra—Alfred Rapee, conducting. Tickets at Box Office.
Mlle. Mauret not only interprets music from its standpoint of melody but endeavors to interpret it according to its phrasing, its character and the manner in which its creator intended it to be understood.

AEOLIAN HALL, TOMOR'W AFT. at 3
GUIDO AGOSTI
PIANO RECITAL (Steinway)
AEOLIAN HALL, Tuesd'w Eve., 8:15.
MARTHA (Joint Recital) OSCAR
BAIRD—NIGASTRO
PIANIST VIOLONCELLIST
Seats at Box Office. (Mason & Hamlin)

AEOLIAN HALL, Sat. Aft., Jan. 1, at 3
LAMBERT MURPHY
SONG RECITAL (Mason & Hamlin)
AEOLIAN HALL, Mon. Eve., Jan. 3, at 8:15
JOSEPH FUCH
VIOLIN RECITAL (Steinway Piano)

AEOLIAN HALL,
MONDAY AFT. JAN. 3d, at 2:30
YOLANDA MERO
PIANO RECITAL (Steinway Piano)
CARNEGIE HALL, SAT. AFTERN'N, JAN. 15, at 2:30
JOSEF HOFMANN
PIANO RECITAL (Steinway Piano.)
SEATS AT BOX OFFICE.
For purely artistic reasons there will be no seats on the stage at any of Mr. Hofmann's recitals.

NEW YORK SYMPHONY
ORCHESTRA
WALTER DAMROSCH, CONDUCTOR
AEOLIAN HALL, TODAY AT 3.
A Midsummer Night's Dream
SHAKESPEARE
with Music by MENDELSSOHN
DAVID BISPHAM
will read the play, assisted by
RACHEL MORTON HARRIS, Soprano.
Chorus of Women's Voices from the ORATORIO SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
CARNEGIE HALL, SAT. AFT., JAN. 1
Symphony Concert for Young People
Soloist RACHMANINOFF
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
Tickets at Box Offices.
Historical Cycle at Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Aft., Dec. 30—Fri. Eve., Dec. 31.
FIRST APPEARANCE IN AMERICA
ALBERT COATES
GUEST-CONDUCTOR
(From the Royal Opera Covent Garden, the London Symphony Orchestra and Royal London Philharmonic Society)
British Program Including
FIRST PERFORMANCE IN AMERICA
VAUGHAN WILLIAMS'
"London Symphony"
AEOLIAN HALL, SUN. AFT., JAN. 2
Soloist RACHMANINOFF
ALBERT COATES: Guest-Conductor
George Engles, Mgr.

PHILHARMONIC
CARNEGIE HALL, Fri., Dec. 31, at 2:30
DIRECTION OF JOSEF STRANSKY
Mahler, First Symphony; Hadley, "Culprit Fay," conducted by the Composer; "Pingal's Cave," "Tannhauser" Overture.
Next Sunday Aft. at 3.
"New World" Symphony, "Till Eulenspiegel," JOAN MANEN, Assisting Artist
Lalo's "Symphonie Espagnol" for Violin and Orchestra. Felix F. Leifels, Manager.

CARNEGIE HALL, WED. EVE., JAN. 12, at 8:15
Schola Cantorum
KURT SCHINDLER, Conductor.
A Program of Russian Music.
New Works of RACHMANINOFF. (First Performance).
Choral Works from the Operas of Rimsky-Korsakoff and Folksongs.
Soloist, NINA KOSHETZ, Soprano.
Seats at Box Office (Knabe Piano.)
CARNEGIE HALL,
Thursday Eve., 8:15. Sat. Aft., 2:30. Jan. 6 & 8.
BOSTON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
PIERRE MONTEUX ..... Conductor
Tickets at Carnegie Hall Box Office.
AEOLIAN HALL, WED. AFT., DEC. 28, AT 3
SONG RECITAL BY NEVADA
VAN DER VEER
Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Mason & Hamlin Piano.
AEOLIAN HALL, SAT. AFTERNOON, JAN. 8
PIANO RECITAL BY MARIE-MAGDELEINE
DuCARP
Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Mason & Hamlin Piano.
AEOLIAN HALL, TUES. AFT., DEC. 28, at 3
PIANO RECITAL BY ERNESTO
BERUMEN
Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Mason & Hamlin Piano.
AEOLIAN HALL, THURS. AFT., DEC. 30, AT 3
GRIFFES GROUP
Edna Thomas, Mezzo. — Olga Steck, Piano.
Sascha Jacobsen, Violin. — Knabe Piano.
Seats at Box Office. Mgt. Catharine A. Bamman.

THANIS
CARNEGIE HALL, JAN. 4th, 3 P.M.
CARNEGIE HALL, WED. AFT., JAN. 5.
SPECIAL CONCERT OF THE
PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
LEOPOLD STOKOWSKI ..... Conductor
SOLOIST, GUIOMAR NOVAES
Tickets on Sale at Box Office. Steinway Piano.
Aeolian Hall, Tuesday Eve., Jan. 4, at 8:15
BEETHOVEN ASSOCIATION
with the following artists
GAUTHIER ZIMBALIST SVECENSKI | HUTCHESON KORTSCHAK WILLEKE
Tickets Box Office and of Miss Helen Love, L.W. 34
AEOLIAN HALL, Wed. Aft., Jan. 5, at 3
Violin Recital by GUSTAVE
TINLOT
Program includes Chausson's Concert for Violin, Piano and String Quartet.
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano.
AEOLIAN HALL, TUES. AFT., JAN. 4, AT 3
SONG RECITAL Marguerite D'Alvarez
Management Daniel Mayer. Steinway Piano.
AEOLIAN HALL, FRIDAY EVENING, JAN. 7
Song Recital Marion Armstrong
Assisted by Coenraad V. Bos.
Mgt. Annie Friedberg. Steinway Piano.
Aeolian Hall, Thurs. Evg., Jan. 6, at 8:15
GERVASE ELWES
ENGLISH TENOR
Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

THE NEIGHBORHOOD PLAYHOUSE
466 GRAND STREET TELEPHONE ORCHARD 1171
TONIGHT, and Tues., Wed., Thur. and Fri. Eves.
"THE MOB"
by JOHN GALSWORTHY
Cast includes Dan Mactaren, Deirdre Doyle, Whitford Kane, Frederick Lloyd, Harold West, Annie Hughes and Lionel Glenister.
ORCHESTRA, ONE DOLLAR BALCONY, FIFTY CENTS
SAT. AND SUN. EVES., JAN. 1-2
TWO SPECIAL BENEFIT PERFORMANCES
for the Club and Class Work of Henry St. Settlement.
Twenty Unusual and Interesting Dance Numbers
and
"La Boutique Fantasque"
(The Magic Shop)
A PANTOMIME BALLET IN THREE SCENES MUSIC BY ROSSINI
ALL TICKETS—FIVE DOLLARS.

Announcement
MICHEL FOKINE
Creator of Modern Russian Ballet, will establish ... or about January 1, 1921, a
DANCE STUDIO
at 226 West 72d St, Interviews daily, 2 to 4 P. M., at above address or at Hotel Marie Antoinette, 67th St. and Broadway, 10 to 12 M. Phone Columbus 2740.

BROOKLYN.
Loew's METROPOLITAN Smith, Livingston and Fulton Streets, Brooklyn.
Mon., Tues., Wed., Dec. 27, 28, 29.
ROSCOE (FATTY) ARBUCKLE
in "The Life of the Party"
J. K. EMMET, MARY H. EVAN & CO.
In a Gripping Playlet "The Test"
"FADS AND FROLICS"
Musical Comedy—9 People
Fraser & Bunce and others.
Thurs., Fri., Sat., Sun., Dec. 30, 31, Jan. 1, 2
VIOLA DANA
in Luther Reed's Fantasy
"CINDERELLA'S TWINS"
(A Loew Metro Picture)
"PAST and PRESENT"
A Musical Revue of Songs and Steps Quit and Now and 4—Others—4
BUSTER KEATON
In a Metro Comedy, "Convict 13."

ANNUAL HOLIDAY CONCERT IN AID OF
THE CATHOLIC BIG BROTHERS
Greatest Program of the Year
FRANCES ALDA
HEIFETZ KREISLER
MISCHA LEVITZKI
RAFAELO DIAZ | GUTIA CASINI
TENOR CELLIST
FRANK LA FORGE, Pianist.
CLARENCE DIBBLE SON, Organist.
NORMAN TREVOR
MASTER OF CEREMONIES

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
MON. EVE., MAT. at 2 (25c to $3). BLUE BIRD, Easton, Gordon, Sundelius, Hills, Dee, Jaunois; Bonner, Chalmers—Wolff.
MON. EVE., FAUST, Jeritza, Caruso, Lazaro, Morgan, Montesanto, Mardones, Rothier, Audisio, Bada, Mojica, Morasconi, CARILLON MAGICO, Gallo—Papi.
WED. at 7:45, TRISTAN, Matzenauer, Gordon; Sembach, Whitehill, Blass—Bodanzky.
THURS. at 8:15, TOSCA, Farrar; Claus, Scotti, Malatesta, Amato—Moranzoni.
FRI. MAT. at 1, PARSIFAL, Easton, Gordon, Sundelius; Sembach, Whitehill, Rothier, Diaz, Gustafson—Bodanzky.
FRI. at 8, MANON LESCAUT, Alda, Telva; Martinelli, De Luca, Paltrinieri—Papi.
SAT. at 1, PROPHETE, Sundelius, Matzenauer, Gall; Caruso, Rothier, Mardones—Setnikar.
SAT. at 8:15 (Pop. Prices), LUCIA, Garden, Charnis, Amato, Martino, Reda—Papi.
TO-NIGHT Concert at 8:30. Tkts to $3.50
EFREM ZIMBALIST VIOLINIST
PERALTA, Soprano PERINI, Contralto
ZEROLA, Tenor HARDONES, Bass.
ENTIRE ORCHESTRA. COND. HASKMAN.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC, BROOKLYN.
TUES., Dec. 28, at 8, ZAZA, Ferrar, Howell; Martinelli, De Luca—Moranzoni.
HARMLIN PIANO USED.

NATIONAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
ARTUR BODANZKY COND'R
CARNEGIE HALL TONIGHT at 8:15
MOISEIWITSCH
PROGRAM: Gluck, Iphigenia in Aulis; Glazer, Sirens; Rachmaninoff, Concerto G minor; Wagner, Prelude, Meistersinger.
Tuesday Afternoon, Dec. 28, at 2:30
Sun. Eve., Jan. 9 (recital, Ballad Hour.) 8:15
KREISLER
PROGRAM: MOZART, Overture "Marriage of Figaro"; MENDELSSOHN, Violin Concerto; R. STRAUSS, "A Hero's Life."
NOTE:—These will be Mr. Bodanzky's last concerts until the end of March.
Special Announcement Tues. Aft., Jan. 11 First Appearance
MENGLEBERG
Program: Weber, Overture, Oberon; Debussy, Afternoon of a Faun; R. Strauss, Don Juan; Berlioz, Fantastic Symphony.
Tickets at Box Office. S. H. Macmillan, Mgr.
THE KNABE IS THE OFFICIAL PIANO.

AEOLIAN HALL
Thurs. Eve. at 8:15 December 30
Only New York Recital by MAURICE
DAMBOIS
'Cellist
COMPOSER—PIANIST
Steinway Duo-Art Piano Used.
Also Duo-Art Recordings by
PADEREWSKI AND HOFMANN
Tickets 50c. to $2. Now at Box Office.

HIPPODROME, SUN. EVE., JAN. 2
FIRST NEW YORK RECITAL
KUBELIK
JOINTLY WITH ALFRED MIROVITCH
Tickets $1.00 to $2.50 (10% War Tax Extra.)
On Sale To-morrow at Hippodrome. (Chickering.)
HIPPODROME, SUN. EVE., JAN. 9.
FIRST AMERICAN APPEARANCE
SELMA KURZ
EUROPE'S FAMOUS SOPRANO, with NATIONAL SYMPHONY
ORCHESTRA OF 100 MEN
Tickets $1 to $2.50 (No War Tax). Mail Orders Now. Mgt. S. Hurok's Music Bureau. (Chickering.)
MADISON SQ. GARDEN, TONIGHT
8:15. Tickets 50c to $2.00. Now at Box Office.
MALE SYMPHONY BAND
MISS SOLLER, Conductor
FRANZ KALTENBORN ..... Violin
LEAH LEASKA ..... Soprano
BERTA RIVIERRE ..... Mezzo
MILLO PICCO ..... Baritone
SERGEI RADAMSKY ..... Tenor
DIRECTION JULIUS HOFT
CARNEGIE HALL JAN. 1ST
SATURDAY EVE. at 8:15
VIOLIN RECITAL BY TOSCHA
SEIDEL
Tickets Now at the Box Office.
Mgt. Metro, Musical Bureau. Steinway Piano.
CARNEGIE HALL January 5
WEDNESDAY EVE., at 8:15
ONLY N. Y. RECITAL—FRIEDA
HEMPEL
Seats at Box Office. Steinway Piano.
TOSCANINI CONCERTS
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE, Tues., Dec. 28
SEATS, ALL LOCATIONS, $1.50 to $5.00
JACOBS OPERA TICKET OFFICE
NORMANDIE HOTEL, B'WAY & 36TH ST.
PHONE FITZROY 4189-4190
CARNEGIE HALL, MON. AFT., JAN. 3, AT 2
SONG RECITAL—JOSEPH
SCHWARZ
RUSSIAN BARITONE
Presented by Alan L. Findlay.
Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.
BROOKLYN.
Brooklyn Academy of Music
THIS AFTERNOON, DEC. 26TH.
First and only Recital in Brooklyn.
LUISA Tetrazzini
Hardman Piano Used.
Saturday Evening, Jan. 8th
ARTURO Toscanini
La Scala ORCHESTRA
SEATS AT BOX OFFICE NOW.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
Monday, December 27th, 8:15 P. M.
"MUSICAL ENGINEERS" Concert by Massachusetts Institute of Technology Combined Glee, Mandolin and Banjo Clubs.
Tickets $1c to $1.50. Academy Box Office.

MUSIC
CONCERT AND OPERA NOTES

Continued

THE BEGGAR'S OPERA," sung in old New York over a century and a half ago, is coming to town under extraordinary circumstances, as remarked in this newspaper last Sunday, and will be seen and heard on Wednesday evening, at the Greenwich Village Theatre.

This new arrangement of John Gay's ballad opera was presented last Spring in London, at the Lyric Theatre, Hammersmith, where it became one of the successes of the British capital. It had then been adapted with additional scenes by Arnold Bennett and Nigel Playfair and with new settings of the airs and additional music by Frederic Austin.

The revival was staged by Mr. Playfair, who has now come to America to present the piece for Arthur Hopkins. Both the cast and production have been brought oversea. The members of the company include Arthur Wynn, Charles Magrath, Percy Heming, Alfred Heather, Arnold Philbeam, Pitt Chatham, Lena Maitland, Sylvia Nelis, Dora Roselli, Monny Lock and Edith Bartlett.

METROPOLITAN OPERA.

TEN performances, of which three are operas not previously in the season's list, will fill to overflowing the seven days of the Metropolitan's seventh week. The first is tonight's "opera concert," with Zerola, Peralta, Perini, Mardones and Efrem Zimbalist.

"The Blue Bird" will be sung tomorrow at a popular price matinee for children and their elders, with Delaunois, Elois, Easton, Berat, De Luca, Rothier and many others heard last year, led by the composer, Albert Wolff.

"Pagliacci," with Caruso, followed by the ballet in "Il Carillon Magico," will be a double bill tomorrow evening, when Amato makes his first appearance this season in Leoncavallo's prologue.

"Tristan and Isolda" will be repeated Wednesday evening, with Matzenauer, Gordon, Sembach, Whitehill and Blass.

"Tosca" will be performed on Thursday evening, with Farrar, Gigli and Scotti.

"Parsifal" on Friday afternoon, beginning at 1 o'clock has Easton as Kundry, with Sembach, Whitehill Rothier, Didur and Gustafson.

"Manon Lescaut" on Friday evening, with Alda, Marian Telva, Martinelli, De Luca, and Papi conducting.

"Le Prophete," with Caruso, will be the New Year's Day matinee on Saturday, with Matzenauer, Sundelius, Mardones, Rothier, and Bodanzky at the baton.

"Lucia" will be repeated at the popular price performance on New Year's night, with Garrison, Chamlee and Amato.

"Zaza," with Farrar and others, will be sung on Tuesday evening at the Academy of Music in Brooklyn.

COATES TO CONDUCT HERE.

ALBERT COATES, conductor of the London Symphony Orchestra, occasionally of the London Philharmonic as well, and a leader in the recent Royal Opera season at Covent Garden, has arranged with Walter Damrosch the varied program of British composers that he will present as guest of the New York Symphony Orchestra in its historical cycle at Carnegie Hall on Dec. 30 and 31.

"The Purcell suite," said Mr. Coates, "will, I am sure, please you; each number is a gem. Also I am hoping that this particular suite, which I have put together myself, will be new to your public. The 'Enigma' variations of Elgar are, I know, done a great deal in America. I have, however, put them in for two reasons: first, they form a good link between Purcell and the modern 'London Symphony,' and, secondly, I have always found that the public likes to hear a new conductor do, at all events, one work that his hearers know well."

Mr. Coates, who has now arrived here, was born in Petrograd of English parents and sent to England to school. He received musical training at the conservatory of Petrograd under Rimsky-Korsakoff, and at Leipsic, in 1904, joined the conducting class of Nikisch. From a junior conductor of the Leipsic Opera he became conductor at the Opera in Dresden, and in 1910 senior conductor at Petrograd.

His first public apearances in London were made at Covent Garden in the Wagner season of early 1914 and the Summer season of the same year. Returning to Russia as artistic director of the Opera, and later conductor of the Imperial Concert Orchestra, he remained through the revolution.

Of his serious plight in Petrograd he has said it was not uncommon to learn that a musician missing from his orchestra at rehearsal had starved to death. Coates himself underwent a severe breakdown and Mrs. Coates induced the authorities to permit her to remove her husband. In May, 1919, after two months at a sanitarium in Finland, they arrived in England.

"A LONDON SYMPHONY."

VAUGHAN WILLIAMS, whose "A London Symphony" will be performed for the first time in American this week, is a Gloucestershire man. Born in 1872, he was educated at the Charterhouse School and at Trinity College, Cambridge, and studied music at the Royal College in London. When his symphony was selected for New York, he wrote to Mr. Damrosch some facts concerning it.

"The title might run, 'A Symphony by a Londoner,'" said Dr. Williams, "that is, various sights and sounds of London may have influenced the composer, but it would not be helpful to describe these. The work must succeed or fail as music, and in no other way. Therefore, if the hearers recognize a few suggestions of such things as the Westminster chimes, or the Lavender Cry, these must be treated as accidents and not essentials of the music."

"A London Symphony," first produced in London in 1914, was later revised by the composer and performed at a congress of the British Music Society there last May by the London Symphony Orchestra under the direction of Albert Coates. Recently the work was played again just as Mr. Coates was leaving for this country; "wonderfully played," said The London Times of Dec. 7, "the scherzo particularly, and at the end the composer was called to share the general enthusiasm."

"Each of his four movements shapes an impression emerging as it were out of the mist and fading back into it again. Sometimes we can recognise a sound as belonging to the London streets—the chimes of Westminster, the mouth organ, the jingle of a hansom cab. More often the sounds are not like anything we hear in the streets. One might listen long for one strain of those innumerable modal tunes which crowd his score. Still, it is they, rather than the scraps of realism, which build up the structure and create the several moods, now of mystery, now of reckless, blatant gayety, but most of reflection leading in the end to a feeling almost of awe."

The criticism recalls G. K. Chesterton's appreciation of the "London fog" chapter in "Bleak House" as symbolic mist, a passage contained in his preface to the Everyman's Dickens.

ORCHESTRA PROGRAMS.

THREE orchestra leaders, one a British musician new to this country, another a returning Hollander and the third a former opera favorite bringing his own players from Milan, will mark the "peak" of New York's orchestral activities in the next few days.

The coming week's eight programs include four by the Symphony Society. Walter Damrosch today conducts Mendelssohn's "Midsummer Night's Dream" music at Aeolian Hall, assisted by David Bispham, Rachel Harris, Myrtle Leonard and a chorus of women from the Oratorio Society.

Bodanzky and the National Symphony at Carnegie Hall tonight repeat Gluck's overture to "Iphigenia in Aulis," Gliere's symphonic poem "The Sirens," Rachmaninoff's pianoforte concerto No. 2, in C minor, with Moisseiwitsch, and Wagner's prelude to "The Master Singers."

Fritz Kreisler will play Mendelssohn's concerto with the National Symphony on Dec. 28 and Jan. 2, when Mr. Bodanzky will take his "au revoir" by reviving Richard Strauss's "A Hero's Life" for the first time in some years. The Strauss work has been in preparation for several weeks past, and the concert of Jan. 2 will incidentally be a benefit for the Babies' Hospital.

Toscanini's program for the Scala Orchestra's first Metropolitan appearance on Tuesday night includes Vivaldi's A-minor concerto for strings, Beethoven's fifth symphony, Debussy's "Iberia," Respighi's "Fountains of Rome" and the prelude and "Love's Death", from Wagner's "Tristan and Isolda."

Albert Coates, conductor of opera at Covent Garden and of the London Symphony and Philharmonic orchestras, will introduce himself here as guest conductor of the New York Symphony Orchestra in a suite for strings by Purcell, arranged by Mr. Coates, which heads his program for the pair of concerts in Carnegie Hall on Dec. 30 and 31, the other numbers being Elgar's "Enigma" variations and, for the first time in America, the "London Symphony" of Vaughan Williams.

Sergei Rachmaninoff will be soloist at the third of the Symphony Concerts for Young People to be held in Carnegie Hall on Saturday afternoon, Jan. 1.

CONCERTS OF THE WEEK.

December.

28—Symphony Society, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
28—Hipolito Lazaro, tenor, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
28—National Symphony, evening, Carnegie Hall.
28—Kreisler and Aida, evening, Hippodrome.
28—Zimbalist and others, evening, Metropolitan.
28—Millo Picco and others, Madison Square Garden.
27—Guido Agosti, piano, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
27—Oratorio Society, evening, Carnegie Hall.
27—Martha Baird, Oscar Nicastro, Aeolian Hall.
28—National Symphony, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
28—Ernesto Berumen, piano, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
28—Scala Orchestra, evening, Metropolitan.
28—Virginia Mauret, dances, evening, Carnegie Hall.
29—Nevada Van der Veer, contralto, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
30—Symphony Society, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
30—Giffes Group, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
30—B. Besler, soprano, afternoon, Princess.
30—David I. Martin, evening, Carnegie Hall.
30—Maurice Dambois, evening, Aeolian Hall.
31—Philharmonic Society, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
31—Symphony Society, evening, Carnegie Hall.

January.

1—Young People's Symphony, afternoon, Carnegie Hall.
1—Lambert Murphy, tenor, afternoon, Aeolian Hall.
1—Toscha Seidel, violin, evening, Carnegie Hall.
1—Francisca Catalina, soprano, evening, Aeolian Hall.

Elwes to Give Recital.

Gervase Elwes, the distinguished English tenor, who has been in this country for a couple of weeks, will give his first song recital in Aeolian Hall on the evening of Jan. 6. He will introduce on that occasion a number of new songs by English composers that are little or not at all known here.

Mr. Elwes will be remembered by New York music lovers as having twice before appeared in New York, and especially for his remarkably fine interpretation of the tenor part in Elgar's oratorio, "The Dream of Gerontius," which he was the first to sing in England, and in which he is regarded in that country as having hardly an equal. He is also most highly regarded as a singer of songs. He has been especially successful in Brahms. Mr. Elwes filled many engagements in England before he sailed for this country.

To Sing "The Messiah."

The Oratorio Society will give its ninety-fifth Christmastide performance of Handel's "The Messiah" tomorrow evening in Carnegie Hall, assisted by Frieda Hempel, Mabel Beddoe, Judson House and Royal Dadmun, together with the orchestra of the Symphony Society under Walter Damrosch. The conductor has announced that a chorus of 500 voices will make of this occasion a gala event, as it is also the only one in which the society will engage before its second Spring music festival, from next March 29 to April 4, when 1,500 persons will take part.

Free to the Public.

A program of Ukrainian music is announced by the Music League of the People's Institute in the hall of Cooper Union this evening, the second of a series of fifteen concerts there. The artists taking part are Sonya Yergin, soprano; Boris Saslawsky, baritone, and the Balalaika Orchestra.

B. F. KEITH'S NEW YORK THEATRES
WORLD'S GREATEST VAUDEVILLE

Mat. Daily at 2. 25, 50, 75c, $1.00 1,000 CHOICE SEATS, 50c. Except Sat. and Holidays.

B. F. KEITH'S **PALACE** B'WAY & 47TH ST. TEL. BRYANT 4300

EVENT NIGHT 25, 50, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2 1,000 ORCHS. SEATS, $1.00. Except Sat., Sun. and Holidays.

Two Big Concerts Sunday, 2 and 8 P. M. | Beginning Monday, Dec. 27

ENGAGEMENT DE LUXE
Carleton Hoagland presents Speedigat, Merriest, Girliest Revue of Them All. It's All in Fun with
HARRY CARROLL & CO.
in "VARIETIES OF 1920," with Fern Rogers, Harry Miller, Peggy Flair, Ruth Savoy and Six Lovely Chicks. Written by Ballard MacDonald, composed by Harry Carroll, staged by Leon Erroll.

FEATURE DE LUXE
A Delightful Offering Original in Everything and Revealing Fascinating Entertainment.
"Hokum" Magnificently Done.
FRANKLYN ARDELL & CO.
in "KING SOLOMON, JR."
A Farcical Comedy of 1950 by Franklyn Ardell and Walter Percival, with Ruth Warren, Helen Goodhue and Grace White.

EXTRA ADDED ATTRACTION
BOB HALL
The Extemporaneous Chap.

ADDED ATTRACTION
CHARLES O'DONNELL & BLAIR ETHEL
in "THE PIANO TUNER."

Howard & Craddock, Topics of the Day. | ALEXANDER BROS. & EVELYN "All Balled Up." | Loyal's Dogs Kinograms

EXTRA ADDED ATTRACTION. The Act with a Comedy Wallop,
JOE COOK
The One-Man Vaudeville Show, with "Doc" Cook, late of the Palace Staff.

B. F. KEITH'S **RIVERSIDE** BROADWAY at 96th STREET
Concerts Sunday, 2:15 & 8. Week of Dec. 27
TRIXIE FRIGANZA in "A BAG OF TRICKS"
Larry Harkins & Co. | Claude Golden
Jessie—BROWN & WESTON—Effie | SYLVIA CLARK
The Duttons | Kitner & Reaney | Marie Genia Trio
WILBUR MACK & CO.
JAS. MORTON Special Announcer.

B. F. KEITH'S **81ST STREET** THEATRE, B'way at 81st St.
Concerts Sun. 2:15 & 8:15. Week of Dec. 27
CLAYTON WHITE & CO. | BETH BERI & CO.
SANTLEY & NORTON, ETHEL MacDONOUGH, MABINO & MALEY, THREE GENNETTS, OTHERS.
DOROTHY DALTON in Her Latest and Best Picture, "HALF AN HOUR"

TWO SEPARATE AND DISTINCT PERFORMANCES NEW YEAR'S EVE AT ALL B. F. KEITH THEATRES
THE FIRST AT 7:30 and THE SECOND at 10:30.

B. F. KEITH'S CELEBRATED SUNDAY CONCERTS

New Amsterdam THEATRE, 42d St., west of Broadway
TODAY MATINEE AND NIGHT
Pop. Prices Mat. 2:15 25c to $1. Eves. 50c to $2.50
Julius Lenzberg's Harmonists, Reynolds Trio, Howard & Craddock, Enrico Arizone, Sylvia Clark, BERT & BETTY WHEELER, ADELAIDE & HUGHES, BEN BERNIE, WOOD & WYDE, JOE COOK, Alexander Bros. & Evelyn.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE 34th ST., NEAR 8th AVE.
TODAY MATINEE AND NIGHT
Bargain Mat. 2:15 15c to 75c. Evenings & Pop. Prices 50c to $1.50
Madame Herman & Co., Elkins, Fay & Elkins, Chas. Gill & Co., ROBERT EMMETT KEANE, KRAMER & BOYLE, CORINNE TILTON REVUE, BOB HALL, BRADLEY & ARDINE.

MARK **STRAND**
A NATIONAL INSTITUTION
B'way & 47th St. Direction JOS. PLUNKETT.
BEGINNING TODAY
EXTRAORDINARY HOLIDAY PROGRAM OF GOOD CHEER FOR YOUNG AND OLD
ARTHUR S. KANE presents
CHARLES RAY

IN HIS PLAY OF YOUNG PEOPLE
"NINETEEN AND PHYLLIS"
A FIRST NATIONAL ATTRACTION

Strand Symphony Orchestra
CARL EDOUARDE, Conducting
Overture "YULETIDE TONE POEM"
"A YULETIDE FROLIC"
IN FOUR ELABORATE SCENES
Presented by The STRAND MALE QUARTETTE
ESTELLE CAREY, Soprano; JOSEPH MARTEL, Baritone
LATEST BOOTH TARKINGTON-EDGAR COMEDY
Chester's "Lost a Yodel"—Strand Topical Review
Redfern Hollinshead—Famous Strand Tenor

WEEK OF JAN. 2—JAMES FENIMORE COOPER'S
"THE LAST OF THE MOHICANS"

Theatres Under Direction of Hugo Riesenfeld
CONTINUOUS Noon to 11:30 P. M. **CRITERION** BROADWAY at 44th Street
Jesse L. Lasky Presents
William De Mille's
"Midsummer Madness"
The finest legitimate stage production ever shown on the screen
A Paramount Picture
With JACK HOLT, CONRAD NAGEL, LOIS WILSON, LILA LEE
"One of those rare pictures that deserve a second visit." —*N. Y. Herald*
From Cosmo Hamilton's Novel "His Friend and His Wife"
$100 for 250 Words
How would you end Mr. De Mille's "Midsummer Madness"? $100 for the best letter. $25 each for the two next best. $10 each for five more. Limited to 250 words. Address Contest Dept., Criterion Theatre.

RIVOLI BROADWAY at 49th Street
Special Christmas Week Bill
Wallace Reid
"The Charm School"
A Paramount Picture with LILA LEE
Christmas Fantasy and Pantomime with enlarged chorus
New Chester comedy with Snooky
RIVOLI CONCERT ORCHESTRA
Frederick Stahlberg and Joseph Littau, conducting
SPECIAL CHRISTMAS MATINEES FOR CHILDREN at the RIVOLI
Every morning at 10:30 until Saturday, Jan. 1
Christmas Fantasy, Chorus, Choice Motion Pictures
Patrons may remain through first regular performance which begins at noon

RIALTO TIMES SQUARE
CHRISTMAS BILL
Douglas MacLean
in "The Rookies Return"
A Paramount Picture With DORIS MAY
A twin to the laughing success of 1919, "Twenty-three and a Half-Hour's Leave"
"CHRISTMAS EVE IN A TOY SHOP." FANTASY
New Sunshine Comedy | Post Nature Scenic
FAMOUS RIALTO ORCHESTRA
Hugo Riesenfeld and Lion Vanderheim, conducting

CAPITOL
Broadway at 51st St. Phone Circle 5500
SUBWAY STATION AT THE DOOR
World's Largest and Most Beautiful Theatre
EDWARD BOWES.....Managing Director
TRIPLE FEATURE BILL
GOLDWYN Presents
MADGE KENNEDY
IN "The Girl With the Jazz Heart"
AN ORIGINAL PROLOGUE WITH MLLE. GAMBARELLI ASSISTED BY A SPECIALLY ENGAGED JAZZ BAND.
EXTRA ADDED ATTRACTION FOR KIDDIES AND GROWN UPS.
MADGE EVANS *IN* "Heidi"
A Prizma novelty in colors from the century-old story of Heidi, a childhood classic by Johanna Spyri.
70 BOY SINGERS
RUSSIAN CATHEDRAL CHOIR
IN A PROGRAM OF SPECIAL YULETIDE MUSIC.
CAPITOL GRAND ORCHESTRA ERNO RAPEE Conductor
An appropriate Holiday Gift will be a coupon book which we are now issuing, containing ten admissions, which may be purchased at the box office or by mail order. Ten divan admissions are sold for $11.00, ten orchestra, evenings, for $8.50, ten orchestra, matinee admissions, for $5.00. This includes war tax.
PRESENTATIONS by S. L. ROTHAFEL
Continuous 12:30 to 11:30 P. M. Daily Matinees, 30c—50c.
Evening Prices, 55c—85c. Eve. Prices Prevail Sat., Sunday & Holidays.

BELLAKS HOTELS
HOTELS
Leases can be arranged for. Magnificent View of Park
ASHTON Madison Ave at 93rd Street
1, 2, 3 Rooms and Bath. $45 monthly up per room & bath.
LOCATED FOR SUNSHINE
NOBLETON 128 West 73rd St.
$180 monthly, $35 weekly and up per 3 rooms and bath.
Convenient 91st St. 'L' at entrance
COLONIAL 1, 2 and 3 Rooms, Bath 91st Street, Columbus Ave.
Largest and Most Beautiful Rooms in New York.
$35 monthly up per room & bath
RESIDENCE FOR WOMEN
RUTLEDGE Room & meals, $17 weekly, up Lexington Ave. at 30th St.
Room, bath & meals, $27 wk. up Rooms, with and without bath $1.50 day up.
All Above Accessible to All Car Lines "Sub" & "L" & Bus
Restaurant Service A la Carte. Table d'Hote

Quality Food, At moderate price, Deliciously cooked, Tastefully served.
Honest-to-Goodness TABLE D'HOTE Dinner $1.50, Luncheon 90c, Upstairs. BIG A LA CARTE MENU
Sea Food and Game in Season. Homey, cheery. Music noon and eve'g.
Enjoy our Special Sunday Dinner, $1.50. A big treat!
WENNING'S
"THE QUALITY RESTAURANT"
121 W. 45th, bet. B'way & 6th Ave.
NO CHECK ROOM. NO COVER CHARGE.
Reserve for New Year's Eve. Early

HOTEL **MARSEILLES**
Broadway at 103rd St.
(Express Subway Station)
A few suites available at attractive rates.
M. P. MURTHA Manager

Fourteen East Sixtieth St.
A luxurious Residential Hotel, opposite the Metropolitan Club and Fifth Avenue Entrance to Central Park. Easy access to the theatres, clubs and shopping centres.
EAGER & BABCOCK, New York City.

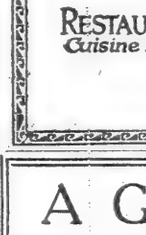
Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway Station at 86th Street Corner, NEW YORK.
Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel, Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
For Transient or Permanent Residence. Furnished or Unfurnished Suite
All the Comforts and Advantages of the Best New York City Hotels at Attractive Rates.
RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

THE CAMBRIDGE
60 WEST 68TH STREET
The latest fireproof apartment Hotel now open
SUITES OF 2 ROOMS OR MORE ON A YEARLY LEASE UNFURNISHED
Exceptional Low Rentals
Spacious closets.
SUPERIOR RESTAURANT.
Also Doctor Suite, 3 rooms, main floor
Under same management Hotel Langdon, 5th Av. & 56th St.
E. H. CHATILLON


The Chalif Ballrooms
OFFER a delightfully dignified and gracious setting for recitals, balls, banquets and exclusive gatherings of all kinds. The rooms are beautifully planned and decorated, and fitted with every appointment for comfort.
Open for Bookings.
LOUIS H. CHALIF, Inc., 163 West 57th Street
Opposite Carnegie Hall, N. Y. Phone Circle 1927.

Digest of Events
The New York Times Index is a digest of events throughout the world—a reference guide to all newspapers. It indicates where details may be found on events described by newspapers and obviates the necessity for the accumulation and classification of clippings for reference.
The Index is a necessity in thousands of offices.
G. & C. Merriam Company, Webster's New International Dictionary, Springfield, Mass.
In our work as publishers we are constantly making comparisons of dates, names and positions in connection with people who have recently come into prominence. We look upon The New York Times Index as a very useful and valuable part of our library.—*G. & C. Merriam Company.*
Issued in quarterly volumes of more than 400 pages of alphabetically arranged references and cross references.
The New York Times Index
TIMES SQUARE, NEW YORK
$2.00 a volume. $8.00 a year.

A Week-End Treat--$2.50
The Shanley Sunday Table d'Hote Dinner offers an opportunity to enjoy a complete dinner of Shanley quality at a cost of $2.50.
SPECIAL SUNDAY TABLE D'HOTE DINNER
Served between the hours of 12 noon and 3 P. M. and again during the evening between 6 and 9 P. M.
MENU
Cape Cod Oysters
Celery Olives
Cream of tomatoes or Consommé vermicelli
Supreme of sole, Polignac
Roast stuffed Vermont turkey, cranberry sauce
Broiled filet mignon, with fresh mushrooms
Fried chicken a la Maryland
Mashed yellow turnips Asparagus tips, Hollandaise
Potatoes au gratin
Neapolitan salad
Hot Mince Pie or Cafe Parfait
Assorted Cakes
Roquefort cheese Toasted crackers
Demi tasse
A la carte service as usual
Coming—Supper Dancing
SHANLEY'S
Broadway—43rd to 44th St.


THE EMBASSY
BROADWAY AT 70TH ST.
A New Modern Fireproof Hotel
OPENS DECEMBER 29TH
Phone Columbus 8700
ROOMS *Single and en suite of as many rooms as desired every room with a bath.*
RESTAURANT FRANCAIS
Cuisine Bourgeois
J. C. LA VIN *President*
ROBERT S. MAFFITT *Vice Pres. and Treas.*

A Good Home Dinner Today!

Bring your family here to dine; your wife will appreciate your thoughtfulness. We serve a home-like dinner that will satisfy.
Dinner 12 noon to 2 P. M. 5 to 8 P. M. $2.00
Drop in some time and have luncheon or dinner. We have fixed prices: 50 cents for luncheon; $1.00 for dinner. We believe that you'll like it. And while you're here let us show you some of the cozy two-room suites with bath that we have available as Winter homes.
HOTEL BRISTOL 129 West 48th ST.
J. Elliott Isleon

30th St. & Broadway The **Famous Hofbrau** Quaintest Place in America.
To-Day A Superior Christmas Dinner $2.00
Longacre 4924 RESERVE TABLES EARLY. LONGACRE 4924.
Jensen wants to see you
FINEST DANCING—ORCHESTRA BANQUET ROOMS
NEW YEAR'S EVE Reservations Now Taken

HOTEL **THERESA**
7th Ave., 124th to 125th St.
One block from "L" and Subway Sts. Trolley and bus lines at door.
A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES
Dining Room At Top of Building
Special Table d'Hote or A La Carte Meals
Tel. 7600 Morningside.
E. P. LEUBE, Manager.

The Touraine
9-11 EAST 39TH STREET
NEW YORK CITY
An apartment Hotel catering to patrons who desire exclusive surroundings. Several desirable furnished apartments by the year or shorter period.
RESTAURANT A LA CARTE
A. R. SMITH, Prop.
Formerly of the St. Regis

Hotel **Wolcott**
31st Street
Near Fifth Avenue, New York
Centrally located in shopping and theatre districts.
Near railroad terminals.
Delicious food, luxurious appointments, personal service.

New Weston Hotel
Madison Avenue, at 49th St.
DESIRABLE ROOMS AND APARTMENTS
S. G. CLAYTON, President.

HOTEL **ENDICOTT**
COLUMBUS AVE., 81st to 82nd ST.
One Block From Central Park.
A Few Desirable Suites of 2 and 3 rooms on yearly lease

HOTEL **Manhattan Square**
50 West 77th Street
A luxurious residential hotel opposite Museum of Natural History. Newly redecorated, furnished & unfurnished apartments. Transient and permanent accommodations.
Very attractive rates.

Forest Hills Inn
Forest Hills Gardens, L. I.
15 *Minutes (actual running time)* From Pennsylvania Station, *Long Island R. R. Electric Trains*
One of the finest (fireproof) residential hotels in the city. More than 80 trains daily. 20 minutes from Wall Street. 25 minutes from shopping and theatre districts. No other place in the city equals the Inn for its food, convenience and accessibility.
Telephone Boulevard 6200.
F. J. HAWLEY, Mgr.

Hotel Hamilton
73rd St., East of Broadway
A Luxurious Residential Hotel
ROOMS AND SUITES FOR TRANSIENT AND PERMANENT OCCUPANCY
Descriptive Booklet on Request

$15 WEEKLY
ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH
Hotel Nassau
59th St., bet. Mad. & Park Aves.
One Block from Station of All Subways
Phone Plaza 8100

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 Broadway, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH STREET
TRANSIENT ACCOMMODATIONS
Telephone 2284 Riverside.

Hotel Netherlands
5TH AVE. AT 59TH ST.
Great Northern Hotel
118 W. 57th St. and 109 to 121 W. 58th St.

Tea Rooms.
BILLY ANN 20 Madison Avenue, near 41st St. STRICTLY HOME-COOKED LUNCHEON, 60c.
RUSSIAN INN Table d'Hote Dinners and Blinis 57 W. 58TH ST. A la Carte & Afternoon Tea.
SCOTCH TEA ROOM 31 East 47th St. Lunch; Dinner. Home made cakes. Scotch scones, shortbread.
PINE TREE Home Cooking. Open Sundays. Special Chicken Waffle Dinner Tuesday. 26 West 43rd St.

DUCK HUNTING THRILLS

How "Floating Coffin" and "Sink-Box" Are Used—Season Now at Height

By C. S. PEARSON.

If the banker, broker, professional or business man is a duck hunter, he faces his daily work these frosty mornings with a feeling of unrest. He is grouchy, and regards his work, on which he generally starts with zest, as extremely onerous.

As he rests, musing for a moment, he has a vision. He sees stars scintillating in a sky as hard as steel, the air about him seems to take on a tang before unrevealed; he shivers with the chill of it. To his ears comes the murmur of surf breaking on a sandy beach; he hears far off, growing plainer each moment, a familiar quacking noise, perhaps a deeper "honk, honk," and soon after a whistling of wings which makes him sit erect, breathing heavily. The light appears to grow stronger as the gray dawn comes, showing a pearly sky, with a number of flying dots in it, above a waste of sedge-fringed, surf-beaten shore.

Duck fever? That's it. He is afflicted with the ailment which is prevalent, almost epidemic, among many Manhattan residents at this season. What renders it so widespread is the fact that few cities are so favorably situated as is New York for indulging in the sport. A comparatively short ride out of Brooklyn, by auto or railroad, will take one to a natural duckingground almost unsurpassed in this country.

Somebody has said that if such a feeding and feeding place for migratory waterfowl had been made to order, it could not have been bettered. This would seem to be the case. For almost four score miles, along Great South Bay, Moriches Bay and Shinnecock Bay there is a succession of bays and inlets, sandy stretches covered with sedge, and half-inundated marshes which delight the hearts of ducks and geese, and kindred feathered creatures. Great South Bay alone is sixty miles long, and from two to five miles wide. Peconic Bay, which is inland, affords good shooting. It may be said that this is true for many points along, or near the coast, clear from Amityville to Quogue and Good Ground on Shinnecock Bay. Besides these stations on the railroad which parallels the coast, there are a number of other rail points which sportsmen make their headquarters in starting on quest for ducks. These include Bay Shore, Bayport, Patchogue, Center Moriches, East Moriches, Westhampton and East Quogue. Guides with complete outfits for attending to the wants of the visiting duck hunter can be found at all, or most of these places mentioned.

No Sport for Mollycoddles.

While the season for ducks, coots, geese and gallinule opened Oct. 16 on Long Island, hunters report that the weather for the first few weeks was too warm. But more recently the flocks have been arriving from their northern haunts in constantly increasing numbers. This is explained by the fact that ducks—and this includes all varieties—are pleasure-loving, albeit somewhat slothful, and if Summer lingers longer than usual in the northern latitude they see no reason why they should disturb the even tenor of their ways for a departure to a warmer climate. Once the weather turns cold, then they are on their way.

Duck hunting, at least so far as Long Island is concerned, is certainly not a sport for mollycoddles. It is carried out under conditions distinctly unfavorable for the hunters, as they must of necessity be prepared to withstand cold, which at times is intense, and, among other discomforts, wet clothes for the greater part of the time. The season lasts far into the Winter.

On Long Island the methods adopted for duck shooting are from shore "blind," "sink-box" or "battery" rowboat or punt, and of these the "sink-box" seems to be the most popular. Shooting is banned by law from power or sail boat, or from floating device towed by either. For New York State the limit is twenty-five ducks in a single day; eight geese.

It may be explained for the benefit of the uninitiated that the "sink-box" is simply a narrow compartment let into a raft or platform which floats, and whose deck is flush with the water. The bottom of the box is several feet deep. The occupant can not only seat himself in it, but can at times stand upright, if he chooses, relieving his cramped position.

The platform, or deck part of the "sink-box," is usually painted a dull gray, which blends with the water. Often, also, the deck is covered with sedge grass, which helps as a camouflage. This box is towed out in the water and anchored, when the decoys are properly located, as is the "battery." They are anchored up and down the wind.

A "battery" may be described as a "floating coffin," and is so termed by the old hands at duck hunting. Unlike the "sink-box" it is intended only to contain the body of the occupant or occupants—sometimes the "batteries" are double—lying at full length, and on the back.

Around the rim of the "coffin" a platform about two feet broad is attached, "wings" being hinged to each side of the platform. These "wings" are made of canvas-covered boards, and can be spread out or folded up.

Advantages of the "Battery."

To the end of the "battery," which is intended to lie toward the wind, or what may be designated as the head, is a fender. This is as broad as the entire "battery," about eight feet in length, and is constructed of canvas, reinforced with pieces of board. By means of the boards the fender is kept spread out while remaining flexible, and through the fender and wings the "battery" is rendered fairly seaworthy. It requires an unusually heavy sea to overcome the protection afforded by these.

The advantage afforded to the hunter in placing the "battery" in the direction the wind is blowing is a great one. This is due to the fact that a lighting the ducks swing around so as to get the wind under their wings, "back pedalling," as a hunter succinctly explains. They do this "back pedalling" to check their headway just before they drop into the water. As the hunter is lying to the wind, at the instant the ducks hang poised, with their wings spread, feet extended, their entire bodies are exposed. It is the skilled shooter who delivers his load at this moment.

"Bag 'em in the fuselage just as they're stowing out of their planes and getting ready to shake hands with the decoys. Then you've got 'em," was the way an adept duck hunter expressed it. A duck shot at when flying headon, at full speed, hunters assert, even if hit the feathers will shed the pellets almost as if they were drops of water. At least this is the opinion of experts at the sport. Unless hit directly in the head, the duck continues its flight.

The only disadvantage in using the "battery" is the fact that the occupant's view is extremely limited, owing to the prone position assumed. A little practice, however, enables one to "sense" the right moment to rise and deliver.

"Blinds" are simply screens built on the shore near the water, where the hunter conceals himself to wait for the game. Rowboats used are covered with grass fore and aft, as are "punts," which are poled along in the water.

Decoys play a large part in the sport of duck hunting. Often they are live birds, trained by the guides to lure their wild brethren within reach of the guns of the hunters. The decoys are anchored in a leeward position to the "sink-box" or "battery" for the reason before given, and within gunshot distance. No little knowledge is necessary for the proper disposal of decoys, since the wild duck is most discerning. To the coming visitors the feathered captives send a welcome which often induces them to alight.

"If I can manage to get hold of a wild duck which has been disabled, but not too badly, I want no better decoy of any kind," said a veteran Long Island hunter. "The duck is tethered out like the tame decoys, and lets everything for a long distance around know that it is in trouble. One of the chief characteristics of a wild duck is its curiosity. While flying over, the wild ones hear the wounded one's squawking, and say to one another, or presumably do, 'What's that fellow making all that noise about? Let's drop down and investigate.' They do so, and pay the penalty."

Guides with Power Boats.

In addition to live decoys, there are others fashioned of wood, canvas and iron. The two former kinds are anchored or tethered out in the water, the same as the live ones. The iron decoys may be placed on different parts of the "battery." If the water is "choppy" artificial decoys appear extremely lifelike, but are not so effective in attracting game if there is little or no movement. Guides often call ducks to the guns.

When New York sportsmen desire to go duck hunting, they inform one of the many guides who find occupation along the south shore of Long Island, of the fact. Some of the guides have telephones. If the guide is not already engaged, an appointment is made for a certain day.

The chances are that the guide will meet the visitors at the railroad station on the afternoon, or evening, before the day of the hunt, and take them direct to his house to spend the night, or part of it, at least.

Some of the guides have power boats with cabins large enough to contain bunks where the sportsmen sleep. These boats, it may be stated, are generally fitted with sails.

If the sportsmen have taken quarters at the home of the guide, or at a hotel near the shore, the guide assumes the responsibility of awakening his charges the next morning at an early hour, and getting them located on the shooting grounds by sun-up—the "crowded hour" for the ducks. They are most active at dawn.

"It sure does prove that the sport is fascinating when I'm ready to pile out of a good warm bed at such an early hour," declared an ex-service man who was "over there" for many months. "I don't know anything comparable to it but going over the top.

By starlight the guide takes his visitors aboard the boat and, with his "batteries" or "sink-boxes" towing behind, moves out into the bay, stream or inlet. Arrived at the location selected, the "boxes" or "batteries" are anchored, the decoys placed and the hunters, with their guns, ammunition and bottles—thermos bottles these days—take their places. All preliminaries complete, the "mother boat" moves away, but within signaling distance, so that game that is killed may be picked up out of the water when desired.

Now is the time for which the hunters have waited. Even before it is light enough to shoot, faint quackings and swish of wings overhead tell that the game is a-wing. The decoys, if live ones, are doing their bit. Suddenly the east brightens, almost immediately there is a concerted "Boom! Boom!" up and down the shore line in every direction. Feather fly, ducks fall. The day's sport has begun.

On the Long Island shore hunters say there are more coots than any other variety of birds. They make good shooting but bad eating. Broadbills are fairly plentiful; there are some "blacks," some redheads and mallards, while occasionally a canvasback, which is a cousin of the redhead, drops down on its way to the Susquehanna River or Chesapeake Bay. Other kinds are seen. Wild geese are scarce.

Down along Great South and other bays duck hunting is rather an expensive proposition. A broker who, at intervals, apends three days hunting, figures that it costs him $25 a day, everything included.

A first expense is a gun, which must not be larger than a 10-gauge. An average price would be $75. Then there is the hunting suit, &c., on which another $75 could be easily expended. Ammunition costs heavily nowadays. If most hunters get one duck to every ten shots they are satisfied.

A schedule of prices as given by a guide is as follows:

Live geese and duck decoys, with rig—One gunner, per day, $8; two gunners, per day, $10; three gunners, per day, $12.

Live duck decoys, with rig—One gunner, per day, $5; two gunners, per day, $7; three gunners, per day, $9.

Double battery and rig—One gunner, per day, $10; two or more gunners, per day, $12.

Board, each, $3; no extras.

CONFEDERATE MONEY

OLD and new issues of Confederate currency are being passed throughout the Baltic States as current American dollars, according to the Red Cross Bulletin of Riga. Many natives have bought these valueless issues from foreigners recently returned from the United States.

Many Russians have come into the American Red Cross offices in Esthonia, Latvia and Lithuania with stage money, cigar and cigarette coupons which they had bought as American greenbacks.

Open 9 to 5:30
Saturday Evenings Until 9:30

LUDWIG BAUMANN'S CLEARANCE SALE

Furniture, Rugs, Curtains, Etc. Reduced 25 to 40%



$450 Three Piece Cane Living Room Suit with 3 Cushions and 1 Roll
This luxurious suit has cane backs and sides. Seats and cushions covered in fine Damask and Velour. Mahogany finish frames. Soft upholstered. Reduced to 266.67 Cash or Credit.

Here are the reduced prices you have been waiting for. At no time in the history of the furniture business have there been price reductions in any way comparable to these.
Only an organization as large as Ludwig Baumann's can afford to sacrifice high grade homefurnishings regardless of costs in order to stimulate sales and production.

Now is the time to buy—if you need anything within the next year—this is your opportunity to save.

These low prices are temporary—and are far below replacement value. You need not pay cash. You can open an account with these sale articles and pay for them on small weekly or monthly payments.

Prices Reduced 25% On These Items

$475	AMERICAN WALNUT BEDROOM SUITS, Queen Anne Period Design, 4 pieces. Reduced to	357.49
$40	BRASS BEDS, four patterns to choose from—all perfect in every detail. Reduced to	29.89
$520	JACOBEAN OAK DINING ROOM SUITS, Queen Anne Period Design, 4 pieces. Reduced to	391.98
$350	DAMASK AND VELOUR LIVING ROOM SUITS, three pieces. Reduced to	266.67
$80	CHINA CLOSETS in genuine oak, golden finish. Reduced to	59.24
$30	DINNER SETS, 95 pieces; service for 12 persons. Reduced to	22.95
$3.75	SCRIM CURTAINS, three pieces, ready to hang. Reduced to	2.98
$22	TABLE LAMPS, mahogany finish, with shade. Reduced to	16.67
$500	AMERICAN WALNUT BEDROOM SUITS, Adam Period Design, four pieces. Reduced to	382.29
$40	GENUINE OAK BUFFETS, golden finish four patterns to choose from. Reduced to	29.98
$16	WHITE ENAMEL BEDS, guaranteed perfect and from our regular stock. Reduced to	11.87
$180	TAPESTRY LIVING ROOM SUITS, mahogany finish frames, three pieces. Reduced to	139.98
$130	AMERICAN WALNUT CHIFFOROBES, in Period designs, handsomely made. Reduced to	96.67
$620	AMERICAN WALNUT BEDROOM SUITS, Queen Anne Period Design. Reduced to	466.89

Prices Reduced 30% On These Items

$66	FUMED OAK BUFFETS; choice of three patterns. Reduced to	43.24
$747	MAHOGANY BEDROOM SUITS, Queen Anne Period Design, four pieces. Reduced to	523.24
$16	CUTLERY SETS, three pieces, with horn handles. Reduced to	9.67
$35	COMFORTABLES, full size; sateen lined. Reduced to	24.98
$50	VELOUR PORTIERES, handsomely finished in an assortment of desirable colors. Reduced to	35.79
$52	SEWING MACHINES, guaranteed 10 years; made by the New Home Co. Reduced to	33.68
$4	SHEETS, size 81x90; excellent quality. Reduced to	2.98
$25	ELECTRIC LAMPS, hand painted panels. Reduced to	14.98
$800	MAHOGANY BEDROOM SUITS, Chippendale Period designs; four pieces. Reduced to	559.98
$6	GENUINE OAK SEWING ROCKERS, golden finish. Reduced to	3.97
$300	GENUINE LEATHER LIVING ROOM SUITS, Mahogany finish frames, three pieces. Reduced to	208.59
$120	AMERICAN WALNUT CHIFFOROBES, Handsome Period designs. Reduced to	83.34
$40	DINNER SETS, 52 pieces; service for 6 persons. Reduced to	23.95
$225	TAPESTRY LIVING ROOM SUITS, mahogany finish frames; three pieces. Reduced to	157.49

Prices Reduced 40% On These Items

$50	LIVING ROOM SUITS, fumed oak; three pieces, Table, Rocker and Chair. Reduced to	29.49
$300	GENUINE OAK DINING ROOM SUITS Colonial Period Designs, four pieces. Reduced to	169.37
$60	FUMED OAK SETTEES, imitation leather seats. Reduced to	29.98
$75	DRESSING TABLES, choice of mahogany or American walnut. Reduced to	37.49
$30	SERVING TABLE, choice of Mahogany and Jacobean Oak. Reduced to	14.98
$420	JACOBEAN OAK DINING ROOM SUITS, Queen Anne Period design, four pieces. Reduced to	249.89
$45	SETTEES, Mahogany finish, imitation leather, choice of several patterns. Reduced to	22.49
$100	AMERICAN WALNUT DRESSING TABLES, choice of several handsome patterns. Reduced to	49.49
$40	AMERICAN WALNUT SERVING TABLES. Choice of two patterns. Reduced to	19.97
$5	GOLDEN OAK CHAIRS, Cobbler seats, substantially made. Reduced to	2.98
$32	IVORY SANITARY WOOD BEDS, full size only. Reduced to	19.98
$320	MAHOGANY BEDROOM SUITS, Queen Anne Period design; four pieces. Reduced to	189.49
$140	AMERICAN WALNUT CHINA CLOSETS. Handsomely made and finished. Reduced to	83.34
$10	CUT GLASS, dozens of articles to choose from. Handsomely cut. Reduced to	4.98
$50	GENUINE OAK BUFFETS. Golden finish. Reduced to	29.98

These are but a few of the thousands of wonderful bargains in this Sale. Each of our 36 great departments offers a multitude of price reductions, enabling you to buy an entire outfit at reductions of from 25% to 40%.

Ludwig Baumann's
Liberal Credit

In all the 63 years of Ludwig Baumann's business experience the liberality of our Credit was never better demonstrated—for, in spite of these terrifically reduced prices, our same liberal Credit terms apply NOW as heretofore.

Don't disturb your savings—We invite you to open an account whether you require a single article or an entire outfit.

Buy as many of these sale articles as you want, you need only pay a small first payment. Your purchases will be delivered promptly, then pay the balance in small weekly or monthly payments.

LUDWIG BAUMANN'S LIBERAL CREDIT TERMS
Accounts Opened from $5 to $5,000

On $ 35 Purchase	.50 a	Week
On $ 75 "	$1.00 a	"
On $100 "	$1.50 a	"
On $200 "	$3.00 a	"
On $250 "	$3.50 a	"
On $300 "	$4.50 a	"
On $500 "	$7.50 a	"

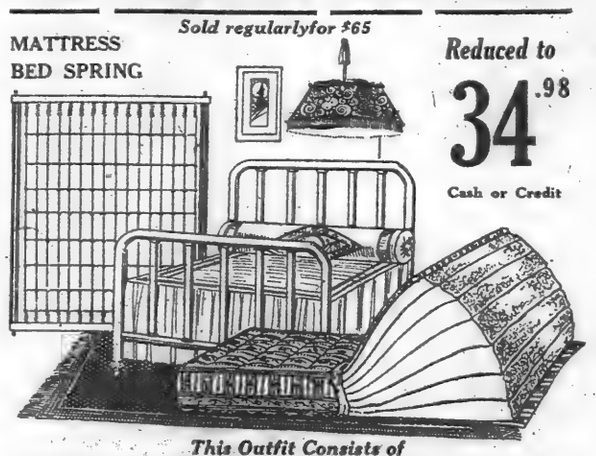
Larger Amounts in Proportion
Our Credit Requires No Extra Charges—No Interest Added

You may open an account with a single sale article or as many as you want at the Sale Prices.

50c A WEEK DELIVERS This Splendid
Felt Mattress Bed Outfit

Sold regularly for $65

MATTRESS
BED SPRING



Reduced to 34.98 Cash or Credit

This Outfit Consists of
MATTRESS... A soft downy FELT MATTRESS made in layers, not stuffed. Weighs 50 lbs. Covered in heavy art ticking.
BED..... A massive 2-inch continuous post White Enamel Bed with heavy fillers. Best baked white enamel.
SPRING..... Heavy steel spring, with double link fabric, supported with helical springs on each end. Reinforced by lateral steel bands. Finished in grey enamel.

This outfit can be had in full size or ¾ size for the same price.
You Can Open An Account with this outfit alone or you may include it in your purchases, or you may add it to your account at the sale price without any extra charges.

$5 DEPOSIT
Brings either of these high grade Talking Machines to your home at
THIS REDUCED PRICE



$95
Your Choice of these two Handsome Mahogany Supertones
Model 3 Model 1

5.00 DOWN AND 1.50 WEEKLY
No Interest Added

These machines never sold for less than $125.00; Play all Makes of Records; are of excellent tone and workmanship and are fully GUARANTEED. YOU MAY INCLUDE FIFTEEN DOLLARS in Records, to be charged to your account, of your own choice from our Library of 15,000 Victor and Columbia Records.

FOR FIVE DAYS ONLY

RUGS 9x12 Axminster Sold regularly for $85 REDUCED TO 59.67

Floor Oil Cloth A special purchase enables us to sell it for, per sq. yd., 59c Cash or Credit

Sale of Outfits

3 Room Outfit	Pay for it $3.50 weekly.	$269
4 Room Outfit	Pay for it $3.90 weekly.	$359
5 Room Outfit	Pay for it $6.00 weekly.	$450
3 Room Outfit of Period Furniture	Pay for it $3.90 weekly.	$650
4 Room Outfit of Period Furniture	Pay for it $12.00 weekly.	$850

America's Greatest Furniture House

Ludwig Baumann & Co.

Do Not Confuse Us with Other Stores with Similar Names

144 146 West 125 St.

35 TO 36 St. Block 8th Ave.

NEWARK, N. J. 49-51 Market Street

We Give Sperry Gold Stamps

We have no connection with any other Stores——These are our only three Stores.

FASHIONS HOUSE GOWNS

THE fashion creation de luxe of the Winter season is the gown intime, or the robe d'interieur. The gown intime is that robe which a woman wears about her own home for the afternoon tête-à-tête, at the supper for friends only, or at any occasion when her own home is the setting. Everything is in her favor. Always supposing that her rooms show her own personality, then it is only a short step to the place where her gown shall become but a part of the whole scheme—a salient and harmonious part, to be sure. If she allows herself to be out of the picture, or a jarring note in it, she is in error, and to avoid this failure many more women are giving attention to them than ever before. In the robe d'interieur, a woman finds free latitude for the display of her very own tastes without laying herself open to undue notice. With almost any other of the articles of her outer wardrobe this is not entirely the case, for she has to appear before the general public on most of the other occasions, and there are certain standards and restrictions to be taken into account. The designers are throwing themselves into the creation of these newly evolved garments with great interest. And the reason for their zeal is that they, too, appreciate the wide lines of latitude allowed them in this direction. They turn to the costumes of all nations and all eras for the purpose of gaining ideas for their modern adaptations, and the results show graceful, flowing lines and colorful fabrics and embroideries combined in totally unconventional ways.

Then, for these house gowns are used all the new soft and beautifully woven fabrics; there is a material to express every varying mood. The colors, too, are pure and beautiful; the range of their tones seems to be unlimited.

The batik makers are at their best when it comes to these house gowns, for in the flowing folds of robes of this sort one finds plenty of broad spaces where design and color arrangements may have a possibility of showing to their best advantage. Then, in the Batik gowns it is possible to obtain soft blues and greens and yellows that shine, but do not shriek. Yem batik is surely at its best right here for the house gowns, and many are the women who have taken advantage of the chance to possess gowns piece of this art of dyeing. Some of the designers prefer to use batik on chiffons, putting the dyed material over miscellaneous layers of other hues and tones of the same material. Then there are others who like best to use the soft silks and to make their designs rather more clear cut and brightly colored than it is possible for them to be on the thinner and more transparent fabric.

A clever batik maker dyed a robe that had for the solid part of its color just masses of dull black. Then there was a border of shades of green from the most vivid of tones down to ones that were almost gray in effect. The border running all around the robe was about twelve inches in width, and the manner of its dyeing was so well done that there showed not a trace of one color pressing its way upon the precincts of any other. The work was perfectly done, and, needless to say, its price entirely kept pace with the beauty of the gown itself.

Some of the designers have had great success with the laying of batik designs on velvet, and in this medium wonderful things have been accomplished in robes d'interieur. The most beautiful of them show bordered designs of one color or two colors set on contrasting colors in the fabric. One of these was made in a straight piece of the velvet (dull red with dyed patterns in soft tones of green and yellow), and the back length of the material was longer by fifteen inches than the piece that made the front. The back, of course, trailed for a space upon the floor. There were no sleeves—just long, graceful slits with heavy gold tassels where they ended under the arms—and the neckline was cut in one of those straight lines from shoulder to shoulder that are so delightfully becoming to the sort of head and throat that can set them off.

There are other batik velvet gowns in all the colors that this material comes in, and the designs that are their only trimming are, in most cases, really captivating in the artistic expression that they carry with them.



One of Newer Robes d'Interieur Imported From France, at Left; an Example of Batik Used on Gown Interne, at Right.

Embroidery is another embellishment of the day that finds its best place in combination with the gown intime, for it is here that the hand work can be laid on in broad, straight strips with no ulterior interruption to spoil the brilliance of its effect. There is a late importation that shows at the waistline a wide strip of Hungarian embroidery in the colors which the peasants of that nation love—yellow and red and white. From below this brilliant color note hangs a straight skirt of accordion pleated tissue in a sort of dull creamy white, and over it, for a suggestion of a bodice, there flows a shimmering piece of silk gauze in the palest of yellow. The strips of material that make the sleeves are finished on their corners (two corners each) with long, silky black tassels. That makes a gown that is worn by a brunette, and there could be nothing more lovely imaginable.

A house gown of velvet, in a pale green shade, is embroidered with motifs scattered with careless discrimination over its entire surface. These are hand embroidered in threads of gold and silver, and the gown itself is lined with a soft piece of silver gauze. It is a gown to make a fairy envious and yet so simple of construction and so inconspicuously accomplished that it fits into its place with the most delightful ease.

The printed chiffons which this country has produced in such beauty have been used with the utmost success for the house gown. Those with all-over patterns are particularly attractive when they are accordion pleated and made up into gowns of ample and flowing folds. They need no trimming—just enough to edge them, and this of something that is quite inconspicuous. One of these was a print done in tones of blue and red and yellow and green, in an all-over pattern which, when the pleating had been accomplished, left just a faint suggestion of a mass of bright colors beautifully blended. The gown was made on straight lines of the slip-over variety of dress. It had faint little sleeves, hardly worthy of the name, and a belt of gold cord. There were edgings at the neck and sleeves of a very narrow gold braid. This was particularly lovely, as it was worn in a room decorated in all neutral tones of gray, with touches of gold and one or two bright colors about it. The dress was the centre of interest, and a remarkably arresting one at that.

The one-piece, slip-over dress, in fact, has done extra service this season in the way of gowns to be worn only in the privacy of one's home. There is the straight frock made of black velvet, with the chiffon scarf of some bright and glowing color tied about a low or a high waist line and its ends allowed to droop to the bottom of the gown's hem and below it. This frock has been successful on many occasions, but especially on those intimate ones that take place among friends. The metal brocade frocks, too, made over the same entirely simple lines are beautiful for home wear. They are, perhaps, better when only the material that makes them is allowed to shine as any part of the frock. Even the belt should be made of a narrow strip of the gown's own material. But some of them have been beautifully done with chiffon sashes made in the same color as the foundation tone of the brocade.

An embroidered one-piece house frock was made with an all-over embroidered pattern applied in shades of pastel greens, mauves and pinks on a purple crêpe foundation. Then the thing was edged at the front where it opened to the hem and around the edges of the three-quarter sleeves with a band of fringey monkey fur. The rather ornate effect was entirely beautiful because of the extreme care with which the colors and materials had been chosen and combined.

Accordion pleating forms the foundation for so many of the more newly created robes d'interieur. Sometimes the skirts and sometimes the whole foundation dress is of soft silk or chiffon laid in the close and graceful pleats. Then the idea is to pose over this slip a cape or a series of capes or sometimes only flowing sleeves, or sometimes a little suggestion of a floating bodice of some other and contrasting material. In chiffons these things are particularly lovely, for this fabric lends itself so gracefully to the combination of tones that create an artistic allusion.

One of the best of these newer and most becoming garments was made of a foundation of mauve pleated chiffon. Then there was a flowing cape covering the back and forming the long wing sleeves made of pale green chiffon and edged all around its edges with a triple row of the narrowest of black, bright green and cerise ribbons laid one against the other. The belt drawn across the waistline of the under slip was made of these three narrow ribbons twisted together.

Another chiffon robe of much this same character was done in tones of cerise and purple, with edgings of kolinsky fur, which gave a rather stunning effect.

The Oriental inspiration has been used for any number of the more beautiful and popular of the house gowns; it is in the Oriental colors and designs used that one finds the greatest possibility for gorgeous personal decorations. The house gown has the fancy dress beaten when it comes to the using of beads and spangles and Oriental embroideries. And for the woman whose type permits there is nothing lovlier than one of these house gowns carried out on Oriental lines.

ART EXHIBITIONS OF PAINTINGS

AT the E. Weyhe Galleries an exhibition of lithographs, aquatints and etchings by Arthur B. Davies reminds us that any medium serves with an artist whose message is so personal. In his earlier work it was difficult to detach the form from the color. The color animated the form and expressed the spirit of the picture. One recalls a girlish figure, half nude, bending over a dressing table. The color was blond as wheat with a heavenly blue dominating. The grace of the outline and the vaporous color contributed equally to the impression of young life. Then there were the pictures of children out of doors, luscious yet delicate in color and rich and sound in form; it was impossible to think of them as colorless.

In the later paintings the color has taken on a floating quality that expresses emotion with less of rounded statement. Certain canvasses celebrating Greek idyls suggest in their color not what we know of the strong Greek hues but rather the faint stainings of the silk in an ancient kakemono, stainings that leave the calligraphic line as undisturbed as the limbs of a dancer draped in her veils of cobweb.

These lithographs and etchings are the residuum that is left after even the dream of color is withdrawn. They are fine in their complete acceptance of their limitation. There is no amateurish attempt to suggest color with tone. The beautiful forms are purest plasticity. Here is a kneeling figure that might have been carved from sandstone. "On the Heights" is a composition of aspiring lines but the linear design is supported by a building up of planes defined by loosely drawn masses of dark and light and again the effect is primarily plastic.

"The Antique Mirror" is an aquatint in which the structural design is felt as with Cezanne. "Pompeian Veil" has the regal quality with which Rubens and Renoir and Daumier could invest a body grotesque in flesh. It is impossible to traverse this exhibition without realizing the technical force of Mr. Davies, his power over his instrument, and his sensitiveness to all forms of technical beauty. Why then should one withhold from him the highest praise? Possibly the highest is his due, but moments recur when the most sympathetic observer cringes in seeming to perceive that self-consciousness which enters with the half-gods of art. Observe one of Cezanne's designs—whatever his human beings do, stripping for their bath, loafing in the shade or basking in the sun, playing with dolls or peeling apples, invariably they are concentrated and indifferent. No pose, however, distorted, asks for notice; if there is any hint of the stage it is of a stage upon which the actors move oblivious of the audience. The actors upon Mr. Davies's stage are ever so little conscious of their audience. The pose is kept a moment to give a chance for the applause. The beauty of the gesture is halted. The instances that contradict this too sweeping generalization throw into strong relief the instances that support it. If every figure chalked upon his lithographic stone could have the stupendous vigor of the leopard at the base of one of his loveliest designs or the abundant spontaneity of the leaping girls in the same print there would be nothing to mourn.

***

Paintings of the Madonna.

The exhibition of paintings of the Madonna at the Ehrich Galleries combines timeliness with aesthetic and archaeological interest. In this "early sixteenth century" picture an "Adoration of the Shepherds," how was the grisaille on a gold ground produced? Did the artist paint the ground in about the figures or was the whole surface painted in gold over a gray ground and the figures scraped out? Thrift was not dead in the sixteenth century and it is safe to cling to the first theory. Certain Spanish paintings are so close to the Italian that the doctors disagree. Certain unfamiliar names are attached to pictures that would seem masterpieces in an age less eager to recognize only the cream that is skimmed from the cream. What a noble Greek quality, for example, is found in the forms of Andrea Alovigi's "Madonna, Child and Angels." The great sweep of the draperies echoes the Elgin marbles.

There are Flemish and Dutch examples, but none to contest the supremacy of Italy as the home of the madonnas.

***

Stage Designs.

At Maxwell Armfield's exhibition at the MacDowell Gallery the drawings for costumes and scenes in "Merry Christmas Daddy" will be shown, together with the designs for "Cinderella of the Redwoods," produced by the Children's Theatre at Berkeley, Cal., and for the Biblical play "Miriam"; also designs for the coming production of "The Winter's Tale" at the Little Theatre.

***

The St. Paul Institute.

The St. Paul Institute found it necessary to curtail its activities during the war, but it is now working out a reconstruction program, one item of which is an exhibition of the work of Northwestern artists. If it is found feasible the exhibition will be held in the early Spring, and artists of the Northwestern States are asked to communicate with the institute concerning their wish and ability to send samples of their work.

***

Cubists.

All reports from Paris indicate that the cubists have left that home of art. The exhibitions in this country that include their work are multiplying. They are at the gallery of the Société Anonyme in a rather unsatisfactory group. Matisse and Picasso are represented, each with a figure, subject in which deformations exist in a repulsive form. Matisse is said to be entirely disconnected with cubism and Picasso to be its founder. They are running mates in the present exhibition. Albert Gleizes has a nice feeling for color and his little watercolors are technically delightful. The other names on the list are Rivera, Villon, Braque, Derain and Juan Gris.

The cheering message to be caught from the collection as a whole is that a similar collection of work by the American artists who have drunk at the same spring would show a deeper research, a more sensitive response to natural influences and a greater technical clarity.

ARMY IN PLAYTIME

by MAJOR GENERAL JOHN L. HINES
Commanding Fifth Division, U. S. Army

I WONDER if the people of this country who provide the men and money for their army realize today what is being done for the soldier. Do they know that the time has gone forever when in the army it is thought that the soldier should be drilled and drilled until his superiors felt he had absorbed all he could for that day and then turned loose with nothing to do for the rest of the twenty-four hours? Do they know that officers feel as much responsibility for the man's play as for his work?

Recreation of the soldier occupies a definite place in the activities of the army. It includes athletics, music, dramatic entertainment, service clubs, libraries, dancing and other amusements, along with the more serious business of learning to be a soldier fit to play an effective part in fighting the country's battles.

The physical benefits derived from the system of physical training for every soldier, combined with regular hours, excellent food, sanitary and healthful living conditions, and outdoor life with shooting, camping, horseback riding and swimming, improve the soldier physically to such an extent that the average civilian cannot be compared to him. The army is in fact a first-class school for athletic training and development, and does, beyond a question, vastly improve physically practically every one entering its service.

The most important features of the recreational facilities available to members of the Fifth Division are its many and diverse forms of athletic games and contests. For example, a man may not be a finished baseball player. On the contrary, he may be such a poor player that he cannot make the company, battalion or regimental team. This, however, does not deprive him of a chance to play the game and learn more about it, and incidentally get practically the same amount of good out of it as the better player. This is because there are many such men as he, all in the same class.

These men are grouped together and taught the simpler game of indoor baseball, which, although not such a fast or exciting game as regular outdoor baseball, it arouses their interest and develops the same qualities of quick thinking and good judgment as the faster game, to say nothing of the good it does them physically.

This applies to football. Those who cannot or do not know how to play football easily pick up and learn to like the game of soccer. The same can be said of basketball and tennis, for the simpler games of volley ball and handball readily take their place.

In addition to these forms of athletics, the Fifth Division offers polo, swimming, golf, boxing, wrestling, cageball, bowling, calisthenics, gymnastics, track and field athletics. The group games are mass athletics, which reach almost every man, whether he takes part in any other form of athletics or not, are an important feature. The wooded country and swamps near Camp Jackson still hold their share of wild game, both large and small. Our "Red Diamond" men are taking advantage every day of their free hunting permits on the reservation and bagging such game as quail, turkey, rabbit, squirrel, opossum, coon, fox, deer and bear.

The division boasts of one of the finest theatres in the service, situated in the heart of the camp. It has a seating capacity of 3,000, with a stage and scenic equipment as good as any in the country. Every night in the week there is a complete change of moving picture programs, and each program consists of at least one feature picture of five or more reels, one comedy of two or more reels, and a reel or two of the latest news topics.

There is organized a soldier players' stock company, who put on the best, most up-to-date plays available, with soldier talent. The War Department has provided a professional dramatic director with two professional assistants for instructors in the art of stagecraft. The acting, scene painting and costuming are the work of the soldiers themselves.

The library contains 24,000 books and has subscriptions to seventy magazines of all kinds and to ten daily newspapers. Books are loaned for a period of two weeks with the privilege of renewal. The library building is one of the pleasantest places in Camp Jackson—bright with sunshine during the day and, with electric lights at night; cool in Summer because of its good ventilation and electric fans, and warm in Winter.

Each regiment and separate unit in camp has its service club, equipped with pool tables, pianos, phonographs, games, athletic equipment, books, periodicals, club furniture and writing tables. Many leisure hours of the enlisted men are spent in clean, wholesome entertainment provided in these clubs. Each club is operated by enlisted men. A Board of Governors is elected by the members of the units participating, and they select their own entertainment and name their own committees for dances, smokers and card parties. Dances are held each week in designated suitable buildings. The camp hostess is the official chaperon. She makes arrangements in the nearby towns for the girl guests. Many dances also are given for the enlisted men by various organizations in the City of Columbia.

The work of hostess in the army is an outgrowth of women's work in the World War. At the Hostess House she and her assistant put forth every effort to bring something of a home influence to the men in the army. They welcome and entertain the relatives and friends of the soldiers while they are visiting and their families while quarters are being prepared. A cafeteria is conducted for the convenience of visitors. Rooms can be had for visiting mothers, sisters and relatives.

NEW STUDY OF CHILD.

CHILD study from the standpoint of the mother is the subject of a course offered by the College of Industrial Arts at Denton, Texas, which is the State college for women, according to a recent issue of School Life. The course consists of lectures, library readings and psychological laboratory work, and is intended to fit the young woman to be mistress of a home and the mother of a family. Child instincts and interests, heredity and environment, subnormal and defective children, diseases of children, and the moral and religious nature of children are all fully studied.



ROERICH EXHIBITION
Russian Paintings
Kingore Galleries
665 FIFTH AVE. AT 53RD ST.
ON FREE VIEW
DECEMBER 20TH TO JANUARY 15TH

Established 1888
Henry Schultheis Co.
Paintings
Mezzotints
and
Prints
Frames and Art Novelties
142 Fulton Street
Just East of Broadway

Ackermann Galleries
American Aquatints and Etchings
by
JOHN TAYLOR ARMS
to Dec. 31st
10 East 46th Street

MILCH Galleries
EXHIBITION OF
PORTRAITS
by
Albert Delmont Smith
December 27 to January 8
108 West 57th Street

"SPANISH ANTIQUES ARE NOW THE VOGUE"
SPANISH Antique Shop
IMPORTS Directly from Spain AND HANDLES
Spanish Antiques Exclusively
You are cordially invited to inspect our latest importations.
768 MADISON AVENUE AT 46TH ST.

LITHO STONE ARTIST.
Competent man for color process work. Good position for proper party. Submit samples. Give references.
The Henderson Lithographing Co.
Station H, Cincinnati, Ohio.

EXHIBITION Extended to Jan. 2nd
Brooklyn Society of Etchers
John Taylor Arms, Cor. Sec.,
70 Fifth Ave., N. Y. City.
BROOKLYN MUSEUM
Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

THE SCHOOL OF AMERICAN SCULPTURE
SOLON H. BORGLUM, Director
Now open for Students.
Day and night classes.
Phone 695 Plaza.

20%
discount on all
IVY CORSETS
beginning December 27th
Ivy Corset Shop
615 Fifth Avenue
between 49th and 50th Streets
Only Ivy Corset Shop in New York
Telephone Plaza 2193

JULIUS KAYSER & CO.
353 Fourth Avenue, New York
December 16, 1920.
The New York Times:
Not a season passes but that two things regularly happen in connection with our advertising program, first—that The New York Times Rotogravure Section is included among the media selected, and secondly—inquiries reach us to prove what a big puller your paper is.
You recall our telling you of an inquiry our Knit Underwear advertisement in The Times drew from Tanana, Alaska.
In this morning's mail we have one from Nagasaki, Japan, referring to our advertisement in The New York Times and asking for the name of a San Francisco store that stocks our underwear.
JULIUS KAYSER & CO.
E. Laurer, Advertising Manager.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

Business Schools.

January classes—evening or daytime instruction in Business Organization, Management, Fundamental Theory and Practice of Accounts, Bookkeeping, Cost Accounting, Auditing, Corporation Law, Negotiable Instruments, Agency, English, Public Speaking.
Graduates of Pace Institute are succeeding everywhere as Certified Public Accountants, Treasurers, Controllers, Auditors, Office Managers—they are now demanding graduates and students of Pace Institute as assistants.
Pace Institute invites you to take part, as friend or student, in its activities—to visit its classrooms, to meet its teachers, to examine its texts and procedures. Information in respect to classes forming early in January at Pace Institute, New York, Boston and Washington, will be cheerfully furnished upon application to the Registrar.
Pace & Pace
30 Church St. New York

WOOD'S Business School
Send for Illustrated Booklet.
FIFTH AV. AND 125TH ST.
60,000 GRADUATES. LARGEST BECAUSE BEST.

U.S. SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES
542-544 Fifth Av. (45th St.)
The oldest and pre-eminently the most successful. Prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions. Individual instruction only. Write for Catalog 11.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL
500 Fifth Ave. Phone 7849 Murray Hill.
Secretarial, Business, Stenographic courses. Day, Evening. Hours students' convenience. Special 60-day Bookkeeping course. Instruction individual.

PRATT School 52 W. 45th St.
SECRETARIAL TRAINING
Individual instruction. Students under 16 not admitted. Catalog furnished on request.

Paine School of Business
Secretarial, Shorthand, Touch Typing, Accounting, Telegraphy. Individual Instruction. Day, Evening. 1,931 Broadway, 65th St.

Walworth Business Institute
BROADWAY, AT 72D STREET.
Prepares for the better-paid positions. Individual instruction by specialists. 62d Year

KIMBALL SCHOOL 116 W. 14th St. Prepares for secretarial positions, Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Typewriting, etc. Ind. Instr. Day & Eve. Classes. Booklet.

BOOKKEEPING
Complete course in seven lessons arranged for HOME STUDY. Endorsed by 3 Certified Public Accountants. Write for Bulletin S-6.
The Emerson Extension Inst., 108 E. 125 St.

BOOKKEEPING CLASS
Thorough training to qualify for complete charge of books in any business. Enroll.
BROAKER & SCHMIDT, 62 FIFTH AVE.

FOR SALE—Scholarship, U. S. Secretarial School; excellent opportunity. D 115 Times.

Special Schools.

WALTER ROBINSON
TEACHES MEN AND WOMEN
PUBLIC SPEAKING
709 Carnegie Hall. Visitors welcome.
New class Dec. 29th, 4:45 P. M.

$25-$75 week through Prof. Rohrer's Hairdress, Manicure, Beauty School. 119 West 42d. Circular explains.

CHILDREN'S CLASSES, ages 5 to 10 years, by college girls; references required. Phone Schuyler 3050, 6-8 P. M.

Foreign Language Schools.

Learn Languages AT THE BERLITZ SCHOOL
28-30 WEST 34th STREET
Brooklyn, 218-220 Livingston Street
New Class Constantly Forming
Trial Lesson Free

FRENCH UPTOWN SCHOOL Taught by Parisians. Cor. 125th and Amsterdam.

BERLIZ SCHOOL of LANGUAGES
18th year at 215 8th Av. (22d St.)

LINGUIST—French tutor: classes; visiting; French, Greek, Italian; experienced in teaching English to foreigners. Language Studio, 41 West 9th. Stuyvesant 2147.

PARISIAN French taught; eighteen years Paris; $2 lesson; evening classes, $1. Apply mornings, 50 West 77th St., Apt. 124.

FRENCH etc. by experts; successful methods; gratifying results; attractive rates. BUCCINI'S SCHOOL, 3 COLUMBUS CIRCLE.

Mesdemoiselles Blanchard French Course; highest recommendations. 54 East 59th. Plaza 8673.

Surveying As A Career For Your Son
Give your son an opportunity to become a professional man. Health and happiness as well as success are enjoyed by those that follow the out-of-doors career of Civil Engineering. This Society trains a man in a short time at moderate cost. No time wasted on unessentials. The System is—"Out-of-doors training for an Outdoors profession."
Day and Evening Courses. Offices open until 9 P. M.
For particulars interview the Engineer-in-Charge.
The PAN-AMERICAN Engineering Society
Phone Chelsea 2633
39 W. 17th St. New York City

Vannais Training provides for the needs of each student individually.
His experience, knowledge and ability forming the basis for the manner in which we instruct him. It is flexible and meets the needs of the Comptroller, or the bookkeeper.
It is designed for home study, at your own convenience.
VANNAIS ACCOUNTING INSTITUTE
150 NASSAU STREET BEEKMAN 3652

KATHARINE GIBBS SCHOOL of SECRETARIAL & EXECUTIVE
Training for Educated Women
Short Intensive Course for College Women and Women of Good General Education and Experience opens January 17. Limited Enrollment.
ARCHITECTS BUILDING, 101 Park Avenue, NEW YORK CITY
Telephone Vanderbilt 8567

—for two Young Ladies
At the Winter session, opening Jan. 10th, in Charleston, So. Carolina, there are vacancies for two girls who desire special art and music finishing courses or thorough college preparatory work. Full curriculum optional. Special attention to individual requirements, eurythmics, French and music.
The only Northern school with a Southern Winter season. Golf, horseback riding, swimming, boating, tennis; exceptional social advantages. The school is situated directly on the esplanade facing the bay and naval station, on beautiful Charleston Harbor.
Applications must be accompanied by satisfactory references. Address until Jan. 3rd,
MISS LAURA M. GILDNER, Director and Principal,
310 West 85th St., N. Y. City. Phone Riverside 2632.
THE SCHOOL OF FOUR SEASONS
Founded by Mrs. C. C. Calhoun of Washington and Charleston.
Charleston, S. C. Princeton, N. J.

Preparatory Schools and Colleges.

School Information
FREE catalogs of all private schools or camps. Relative standing from personal inspection. Call and consult school specialist. No charge
AMERICAN SCHOOLS' ASSOCIATION
1101 Times Bldg., Times Square
Bryant 5980

The Clark School for Concentration
A SCHOOL WHERE RECORDS ARE MADE
Boarding and Day Pupils
The Principal will be at the Main Office (Girls' School) from 12 to 2 P. M. and from 4 to 6 P. M. daily to interview parents. 'Phone Columbus 744. Catalog on request.
Boys' School, 72d St. & West End Ave.
Girls' School, 301 West 72d St.
Fall Term Now in Session.
Enrollments may be made now.

Rhodes School 8-10-12-14 W. 125th ST.
BUSINESS COURSES
Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting and Secretarial Work.
PREPARATORY COURSES
Colleges, Regents, Technical Schools.
(Day and Evening Divisions.
Obtain Catalog of Course Interested.
"New York's Model School."

The Brown School of Tutoring
241 W. 75th St. Tel. Col. 8804.
Founded 1908. Positively but one at a time with a teacher.

New York School of Expression
Oral English, Diction, Reading, Elocution, Drama, Pantomime, Dancing. Special Classes for children opens January. 318 W. 57th St.

ENGINEER teaches arithmetic, algebra, geometry, trigonometry, calculus, physics, draughting, mechanical, structural, surveying. Call evenings. Mondell, 280 Madison Av.

Preparatory Schools and Colleges.

NEW YORK PREPARATORY SCHOOL 32nd YEAR
Day and Evening Depts.
New York—72 Park Ave., bet. 38-39 Sts.
Brooklyn—Corner Franklin and Jefferson Avenue
REGENTS and COLLEGE Examinations and West Point and Annapolis
Send for Catalog and "Success in Regents' Exams"

Musical.

Institute of Musical Art
of the City of New York
120 Claremont Avenue,
corner 122nd Street, West of Broadway
Frank Damrosch—Director
OF INTEREST TO ALL SINGERS AND STUDENTS OF SINGING
A NEW DEPARTMENT
SPECIAL TRAINING SCHOOL IN SIGHTSINGING
WITH NOVEL FEATURES
Send for circular

NEW YORK COLLEGE OF MUSIC
114-116 EAST 85TH ST.
HIGH CLASS INSTRUCTORS in all Branches of Music
TERMS MODERATE
SEND FOR CATALOGUE

Swimming.

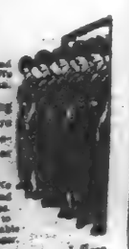
LEARN TO SWIM!
Individual instruction in scientific swimming and diving by the famous Dalton method. Hours 9 to 9. Lessons by appointment. Call or write for booklet T.
DALTON SWIMMING SCHOOL
15 W. 44th St. 368 W. 58th St.
LEARN TO SWIM, DIVE AND SAVE LIFE.
MARY BEATON, R. L. S. S.
Exclusive Pool, Scientific System.
1 West 67th St., corner Central Park.
Tel. Columbus 4204.

Dancing.

THE DANCING CARNIVAL
66th STREET near BROADWAY
IN THE ST. NICHOLAS RINK
Dancing every afternoon and evening from 2:30 P. M. to 12:30



Ladies, join our afternoon parties. For health and exercise dancing is recommended by all doctors. We furnish individual instructors, both lady and gentlemen.
The healthiest and best ventilated dancing academy in the United States; 75,000 square feet of floor space. The entire building devoted exclusively to dancing, billiards and roller skating.
Sixty musicians rendering continuous music. No waiting; come any time; no intermission; 200 lady and gentlemen instructors teaching all the latest steps. Not necessary to take lessons. If you know how to dance, lady floor manager will introduce you to suitable partner for dancing. CORNELIUS FELLOWES, Manager.



ROLLER SKATING on ground floor. DANCING on second floor.
DANCE REVIEW—Every Monday Evening by our instructors. 50% of the receipts donated to the help as a Christmas Present.

A PRIVATE SCHOOL OF DISTINCTION. Fox trot, waltz and fancy dances taught in five private lessons by new method; making failure absolutely impossible. Alvirne Master Tutors, 25th year, 42 West 72d St., block from Broadway.

MODERN SOCIETY DANCING taught by refined young lady. Hours 9 to 9 Classes in the evening. Doris J. Darling, 55 West 44th St. Telephone Bryant 3025.

ALBERT H. HARRIS
637 Madison Avenue, Cor. 59th Street.
Real Instruction in Society Dancing, devoid of the slightest tendency toward freakishness; 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. daily. You can obtain invitations to witness our work by personal application; take elevator to 4th floor. Phone Plaza 2166.

POSTAGE STAMP CRAZE

Special Issues by Some of New Countries Just to Sell to Collectors

WHEN one considers that 10,000 varieties of postage stamps have been issued in less than five years, it is little wonder that, according to reports from Berlin, stamp collectors in Germany are in a high state of excitement trying to keep their collections up to date. The new nations of Europe have literally gone crazy, remarked one of the largest New York dealers, in sending out a perfect avalanche of stamps since the signing of the armistice. During the four years from Jan. 1, 1916, to Jan. 1, 1920, nearly 8,000 varieties of stamps were issued and during the ten months from the latter date to Nov. 1 more than 2,000 additional varieties have been issued. Fully three-fourths of these have come from the Baltic and Balkan States of Europe and the former Turkish dependencies in the Near East. Prior to the war the annual production of new stamps throughout the world was about 1,000.

The curious part of this postage stamp printing craze is that the smaller the country the greater its energy seems to be in turning out new issues. Take the principality of Liechtenstein, the third smallest independent State in Europe. It has an area of sixty-five square miles between Austria and Switzerland, a little larger than Staten Island and a population between 11,000 and 12,000. This is the little State that has just been refused admission to the League of Nations and that, notwithstanding the fact that its former army of 91 men was mustered out in 1868 and during the late war not a citizen of the State enlisted in the Teutonic forces. In 1912, Liechtenstein issued its first stamps, being content with three varieties. This was enough for all the postal needs of the country until after Nov. 7, 1918, when absolute independence was declared and since that time new issues have appeared nearly every month. Fred J. Melville, the philatelic expert of London told the truth a few weeks ago when he said:

"There is a tendency throughout Central Europe to rake in shekels by issuing stamps in great variety so that collectors shall be enticed to contribute to the support of these smaller States."

Since 1918, about ten sets of stamps have come from Liechtenstein, the latest set having twenty-seven varieties, more than the majority of large countries ever had in any single issue for all their postal uses. To give these issues the necessary legitimacy a small number are placed on sale at the post offices, millions of sets are then sent to the wholesale stamp centres in the world, the greater proportion coming to this country, because as Hugh M. Clark, manager of the Scott Stamp and Coin Company, expressed it, these small European countries believed that American collectors would "fall" for anything in the way of new issues and would pay good prices. After the huge stock of new sets is disposed of, an edict is promulgated that the issue is worthless, that is demonetized, and a new issue comes to light. In case there is no time to devise a new design, the overworked method of surcharging the old stamps with new values is resorted to, making an entirely new set in an easy manner.

While Liechtenstein, in view of its small size and inability to use but a few thousand stamps through its post-offices during a year, has been one of the worst offenders in this undisguised effort to fill its treasury through the purses of stamp collectors and dealers, other grievous offenders who are turning out stamps for revenue purposes are Hungary, Turkey, Jugoslavia, Czecho-Slovakia, Latvia, Poland, Arabia, Ukraine and several of the Germanic States and cities. To this number might be included Armenia. Within the last month, the first stamps of that country have appeared to the extent of nearly 130 varieties. Instead of being distinctive designs, the present issues are surcharged with various types of Armenian letters on the Russian stamps of the 1909 to 1918 issues. Why Armenia should require such a large number of differently surcharged specimens is one of the things that the dealers here can not explain. It is simply another irritant to drive the philatelist crazy.

In addition to these more or less dubious postal issues, many Red Cross stamps, which are supposed to do some service for letter postage, are still being printed, the stamps being sold for a price slightly higher than the regular postal rate. From Latvia, one of the new Baltic States, there has lately been an outbreak of these Red Cross issues, no less than three or four sets having appeared printed on different kinds of paper. One set is printed on the backs of five ruble Riga Soviet banknotes and another set is printed on Soviet ten ruble notes. Owing to the scarcity of paper, some of the Baltic States used a year ago the backs of German military maps for their new issues. If a collector endeavors to get all of these peculiar varieties he is likely to discover that stamp collecting instead of being a pleasure is beset with a maze of technical difficulties.

In the recent issue of Scott's Stamp Journal, John N. Luff, recognized as the greatest expert in detecting counterfeits in this country, answers the question of a disconsolate collector as to how the post of new Europe stamps may be gotten rid of in the following manner:

"The remedy is simple. Do nothing. Just wait. Most of these stickers are printed on wood-pulp paper, which deteriorates slowly but surely. In about thirty years the paper will have rotted and there will be no more of the stamps to distress us. We may add that no one is compelled to collect these gumpapa. If collectors and dealers would unite in refusing to buy them there would be no profit in making them and we might hope for a return to stamps issued for postal use and not as merchandise."

Two years ago when these new issues from the countries recently placed on the map of Europe began to appear there was considerable speculation and many dealers as well as collectors paid prices for certain sets far higher than the same stamps may be bought for today. One of the most striking illustrations, said Mr. Clark, was that of the first Jugoslavia set of sixteen varieties issued in 1918. The first copies to reach London sold for £8 a set. Later, when they reached this country, the price fell to $15 a set, owing to the readiness with which this expected scarce set was obtainable, and many New York collectors paid that price. The retail price now is $1 a set, showing that it sometimes pays the philatelist to wait.

Another issue that proved a bad speculation for the early buyers was a set of Hungarian stamps issued by the Communist Government. Only a few, if any, were actually used for postage. The first sets brought from $20 to $28 a set. So many thousands had been printed, however, that the market was soon flooded and they can now be bought for $1 a set. There was an issue of Ukraine stamps, five in the set, 1918, which were selling a year ago for 85 cents a set. Ukraine evidently needed more money, and a few months later it printed many additional thousands of the same stamps and ten cents will buy the set now. Such a large quantity recently came to America that it is reported that a big batch of them was recently sold at wholesale at less than one cent a set.

"Speculating in these new Europe issues is a bad business," said Mr. Clark. "I tell collectors if they buy for amusement that is all right, but even at the present day prices many of these enormously overdone issues may be considerably less in value a year later than today."

The fact that so many of these stamps have been demonetized within a few months shows that comparatively few could have been legitimately used on letters for postage and these used stamps, several years hence, on the original envelopes, will be worth much more to discriminating collectors than a number of perfectly new sets.

Poland has come heavily to the front as a stamp-producing country. Prior to the war the collector could have a complete set of Poland in one stamp, issued about 1905 and suppressed a few years later by Russia. Since acquiring its independence and notwithstanding its constant troubles and wars, it has been able to turn out in two years about 150 varieties, more than half of which have been demonetized and can be bought for much less than the face value of the stamps. Its most interesting issue, which has had a large sale among all classes of collectors, based to some extent upon sentimental reasons, was a set of six well-engraved stamps issued in 1919, on one of which was a very good profile of Paderewski, President of the Council of Ministers.

Another new country for the postage stamp album is Palestine. The stamps under the new administration which is to carry out the terms of the Balfour Declaration are provisional ones for temporary use. They are the stamps of the Egyptian Expeditionary Force issued in 1917 and 1918 overprinted with the word "Phalesteen" in Arabic at the top, in the middle "Palestine," in English and at the bottom, "Erez Israel"—the land of Israel, in Hebrew. The overprinting was done at the Greek Orthodox Church in Jerusalem and it is interesting to note that the first Jewish postage stamps have been printed at Jerusalem by Christians. Some of the supplies of the original stamps used for the overprinting are said to have been very small, and it is predicted that some of these Palestine stamps will eventually become scarce.

Among other new countries which will hereafter claim some attention from philatelists are Esthonia, Lavonia, Cilicia, Tyrol, Arad, Georgia, Bettonia, Croatia, Trentino, Libau, German Austria, Italian Austria, Hadja, Lithuania, Upper Silesia, Memel, Mesopotamia, Thrace and the free city of Danzig.

Open Evenings
SPECIAL OFFER
BEAUTIFUL NEW
PLAYER PIANOS
$375
Bench, Cover, Cartage
12 Rolls of Music Included

USED UPRIGHT PIANOS

$125 Kortenbach	$4 Monthly
150 Tway & Co.	5 Monthly
175 Arion	6 Monthly
190 E. Gabler	7 Monthly
235 Aeolian	8 Monthly
275 E. Gabler	9 Monthly
275 Harrington	9 Monthly
275 Wagner	9 Monthly
325 Sporer & Berry	10 Monthly
350 H. Waters & Co.	12 Monthly
400 Goetz & Co.	12 Monthly

Steinway & Son, Weber, Sohmer and other well-known makes.

NEW AND USED
PLAYER PIANOS

$475 H. C. Bay	$12 Monthly
475 Wagner	12 Monthly
535 Krell	15 Monthly
575 Lockwood	15 Monthly
610 Anderson Co.	20 Monthly
635 Nelson & Co.	20 Monthly
675 Haines & Co.	20 Monthly
685 Hardman	20 Monthly
700 Ricca & Son	25 Monthly
750 Goetz & Co.	25 Monthly

DUET BENCHES $15 UP
ROLL CABINETS $22 UP

VICTROLAS
SONORAS
GRAFONOLAS
$25 to $600
REASONABLE TERMS
Victor and Columbia Records

UPRIGHT AND GRAND PIANOS TO RENT

GOETZ & CO.
INC.
81-87 COURT STREET
BROOKLYN
PHONE 6382 MAIN.
OPEN EVENINGS

Use the A. & S. Crossway

ABRAHAM AND STRAUS INC.
BROOKLYN

Store Hours 9 to 5:30

The Mid-Winter Clearance of Women's and Misses' Apparel

Presenting Most Convincing Price-Reductions

WHILE PRICES everywhere have been falling we believe we have arrived at the rock-bottom of Reductions in this Clearance Sale. And this is a Clearance Sale—there are no lots of "manufacturers' surplus stocks," nor any special Purchases—but our own merchandise purchased with care and individual attention to detail. You will find the styles are in accord with the dictates of Fashion, and the materials and workmanship of each garment all that it is represented to be in its original marking.

MOST OF THE GARMENTS in the Clearance are individual models, and most of them are from the higher-priced stocks, so women interested in selecting some special Fur or Frock or whatever is advised to make an early selection. All advertised items on this page will continue at the Sale prices for as many days as it requires for their selling—prices that certainly indicate the condition of the present trend toward "getting back to normal."

Women's Higher-Grade Dresses
Including Imported and American-made Models

Quantity	Description	Originally	Clearance
1	Imported Evening Gown of black satin combined with Net	$325.00	$198.50
1	Imported Evening Gown of tan spangled Net	165.00	125.00
1	Imported Evening Gown of black Net spangled with jet and crystal	210.00	175.00
1	Imported Evening Gown of Oriental beaded satin	225.00	175.00
1	Imported Evening Gown of black Net spangled with jet	295.00	195.00
1	white satin Gown beadcd in white	235.00	125.00
1	rose velvet Evening Gown	189.00	139.50
1	black and gold brocaded Evening Gown	157.00	110.00
1	brocaded Georgette and Velvet	198.50	145.00
1	black net beaded with crystal	185.00	145.00
1	brown velvet with Georgette crepe	215.00	139.50
1	blue Georgette appliqued with velvet	229.50	139.50
1	black velvet Evening Gown	210.00	165.00
1	American Beauty velvet and silver	275.00	175.00
1	Sapphire blue velvet Gown	239.50	185.00
1	black beaded Net over brown satin	250.00	150.00
1	black velvet Evening Gown	227.50	149.50
1	flame colored chiffon velvet	249.50	185.00
1	black jet and sapphire spangled Gown	325.00	185.00
1	beaded silver cloth Evening Gown	335.00	235.00
1	Imported Afternoon Gown of gray Crepe de Chine	175.00	93.50
1	Imported Afternoon Gown of Navy blue and copenhagen Crepe de Chine	245.00	125.00
1	Imported Afternoon Gown of Navy [illegible] and Georgette Crepe	210.00	129.50
1	Imported Afternoon Gown of brown Canton Crepe	295.00	139.50
1	Imported Afternoon Gown of Navy blue satin and black lace	325.00	150.00
1	black satin Afternoon Gown	159.50	115.00
1	brown satin beaded with bronze beads	145.00	125.00
1	brown satin embroidered in henna	185.00	115.00
1	Navy blue satin embroidered	165.00	115.00
1	brown satin combined with duvetyn	185.00	125.00
1	brown satin Afternoon Gown	210.00	139.50
11	cloth dresses of Serge, Duvetyn or Tricotine	165.00 to 225.00	110.00 to 139.50
18	Dinner, Evening and Street Frocks in satin or cloth	129.50 to 179.50	98.50
18	Semi-formal and Street Frocks	110.00 to 195.00	74.50
25	Afternoon and Dance Frocks	59.75 to 79.50	48.95

Women's Smart Winter Suits
Tailored and Fur Trimmed Styles

There is a style and a size and a price that will interest every woman—this is the great sweeping Clearance that embraces regular sizes from 34 to 44 and extra sizes from 40½ to 52½. Not many duplicates, but every model is desirable and the range of materials and colors is exceptional.

Materials
Veldyne, Duvet de Laine, Peachbloom, Suede Velour, Yalama Cloth, Tricotine, Tinseltone and Velvet.

Colors
Taupe, Navy Blue, Black, Reindeer, Nankin Blue, Zanzibar, Green, Light Blue and Oxford Gray.

Quality	Originally	Clearance
1 Woman's Suit; Black Duvetyn, trimmed with black carical	$395.00	$110.00
1 Woman's Suit; Henna Duvetyne, trimmed with lynx fur	335.00	110.00
2 Women's Suits; Brown Veldyne, embroidered in color, opossum fur collar	245.00	110.00
1 Woman's Suit, Blue Velvet, embroidered in color; coat and skirt trimmed with monkey fur	195.00	110.00
15 Women's Suits	$98.50 to 115.00	79.50
20 Women's Suits	79.50 to 94.50	64.50
25 Women's Suits	64.50 to 75.00	54.75
50 Women's Suits	54.75 to 64.50	44.75
40 Women's Suits	39.75 to 52.50	32.75
25 Women's Suits	32.50 to 34.50	24.75
10 Women's Suits	24.75 to 29.75	19.75

180 Kiddies' Winter Coats
Sizes 2 to 6 Years

Materials include Silvertone, Heather Mixtures, Cheviots, Velveteens and Chinchillas.

	Originally	Clearance
Children's Coats	$10.48	$7.48
Children's Coats	13.95 to $17.95	11.95
Children's Coats	19.75 to 24.95	14.95
Children's Coats	29.95 to 49.95	24.95

Women's Wool Coats
Tailored and Wrappy Models

All these Coats are Winter Coats, but with few exceptions they are the all-the-year-round Coats for women who travel, motor, etc. Many stunning models are here at amazing reductions, and every coat is silk lined throughout and warmly interlined.

Quantity		Originally	Clearance
100	Women's Coats	$24.95 to $32.95	$19.95
30	Women's Coats	54.95 to 69.50	49.95
20	Women's Coats	67.50 to 89.50	59.95
24	Women's Coats	85.00 to 89.50	79.50
4	Women's Coats	95.00	85.00
25	Women's Coats	110.00 to 125.00	95.00
16	Women's Coats	125.00 to 145.00	115.00
3	Women's Coats	150.00 to 160.00	125.00
4	Women's Coats	175.00 to 185.00	165.00
5	Women's Coats	195.00 to 275.00	175.00
3	Women's Coats	395.00 to 495.00	295.00

Misses' Wearing Apparel
Suits, Wraps and Frocks

Reductions on all the finer garments in our stocks for Misses from 14 to 18 years of age bring some of the most wonderful opportunities to the Younger Set for the remainder of the Holidays and the Winter season.

Quantity	Description	Originally	Clearance
1	Original Lanvin Suit	$465.00	$150.00
1	Suit of navy blue Veldyne	204.00	95.00
67	Fur-trimmed Suits of Velveteen or Velour with collars of Nutria, Sealine or Opossum	$55.00 to 75.00	37.95
65	Velour, plain or checked, with fur collars	32.95	19.75
6	Evening Wraps of Chiffon Velvet, fur trimmed	128.95	115.00
3	Evening Wraps of Chiffon Velvet	$83.95 and 84.95	75.00
4	Street Wraps	$113.50 to 122.00	95.00
87	Wraps and Coats of Velour, Silvertip or Bolivia; some fur trimmed	$65.00 to 85.00	48.95
97	Wraps and Coats, some with fur collars	$48.95 to 62.50	39.95
19	Dresses of Chiffon Velvet or Silk Duvetyn	$89.95 to 120.00	65.00
37	Tricotine Dresses	$73.95 to 98.50	55.00
7	Tricotine Street Frocks	$58.50 to 49.95	45.00
24	Tricotine and Velour Dresses	$38.50 to 49.95	34.95

Clearance of Our Entire Stock of Fur Coats and Small Furs

At Price-Reductions Averaging 40% In Many Cases Reaching 60%

UNQUESTIONABLY this is the most important Fur news and the greatest Fur-buying opportunity of the year.

A. & S. Furs are notable for their guaranteed quality, for their beauty, for the style of the garments, and for their moderate prices. Now all are reduced to prices for which the garments could not be reproduced at WHOLESALE today.

Hudson Seal Coats
(Dyed muskrat)

	Originally	Clearance
30-inch, self-trimmed	$400.00	$195.00
36-inch, self-trimmed	665.00	290.00
36-inch skunk-trimmed	680.00	395.00
36-inch, opossum & squirrel trimmed	550.00	290.00
45-inch, self-trimmed	850.00	495.00
45-inch, skunk-trimmed	850.00	495.00

French Seal Coats
(Dyed coney)

36-inch, self-trimmed	$150.00	$98.50
36-inch, skunk-trimmed	415.00	250.00
36-inch, skunk-trimmed	485.00	290.00

Other Fur Coats

Beaver, 36-inch, self-trimmed	$885.00	$450.00
Australian opossum, 36-in., self-trimmed	450.00	290.00
Ponyskin, 36-in., self-trimmed	250.00	98.50
Marmot, 36-in., self-trimmed	185.00	98.50
Marmot, 36-in., raccoon-trim'd	225.00	135.00
Gray Squirrel Wrap, ¾-length	1,295.00	775.00
Sable Squirrel, self-trimmed	395.00	225.00
Moleskin Wrap, with gray squirrel	1,175.00	725.00

Fur Scarfs

	Originally	Clearance
Skunk, flat animal	$87.50	$57.50
Stone Marten, animal	39.75	24.00
Gray Squirrel Cape-scarfs	180.00	97.50
Gray Squirrel, animal	29.75	16.75
Fitch, round collar	49.50	24.50
Mink, large cape-collar model	255.00	153.00
Mink, 2-skin animal	79.50	47.50
Moleskin, cape collar	47.50	27.50
Raccoon, flat animal	29.75	17.50

Muffs

Cross Fox, animal	$210.00	$135.00
Mink, flat pillow	125.00	75.00
Moleskin, barrel	32.00	22.50
Raccoon, round	44.75	29.75
Blended Squirrel, round	39.75	25.00
Natural Squirrel, round	57.50 and 64.50	34.50 and 35.50
Skunk	$35.00, 45.00 and $95.00	25.00 32.50 and 57.50

A. & S.—Second floor, Central.

Note—On account of the great reductions, no Furs can be sent on approval.

A FINE SALE FOR MEN

Shirts—Nightshirts—Pajamas—Neckties All at Astonishingly Low Prices

WE ARE PROUD of the splendid offerings comprised in this sale. From one maker we corralled the Shirts that form the feature offering—to sell at a price less than he would have regularly sold most of them at wholesale a short time ago.

From our own stocks came the comfortable Pajamas, and the fine muslin nightshirts that many men are still fond of wearing.

And the Neckwear is here—at a price that makes you blink with amazement, when you consider necktie prices until recently.

It's a sale without a single regret—timed to give men a good chance to invest their Christmas funds to best advantage.

These Fine Shirts at $1.45

Previous Wholesale Prices—$18.00 to $30.00 Dozen

The maker is noted for the excellence of the shirts he turns out. These look well, fit well, wear well (fast colors) and are liberally sized and excellently finished.

Fine Woven-Striped Madras
In a very large variety of handsome striped effects.

Fine Percales
All with soft cuffs. Sizes 14 to 17½.

Printed Corded Madras
A new low-water mark for shirts of this character.

2,400 Four-in-hand Ties, 48c

This price sounds ridiculously little nowadays. But it is remarkable how much real necktie value it buys, in this splendid collection.

Stripes and figures; handsome color combinations and almost no end to the variety of patterns.

A. & S.—Street floor, East.

1,200 Suits of Pajamas $1.78

Our Own Previous Prices, $2.48 and $2.98

A lot of them are in good-looking striped patterns; others are in plain white or white with fancy trimmings. All of them are made to our order, as to dimensions and finish—at the new price they are tremendous bargains. Sizes 15 to 17.

2,100 Muslin Nightshirts $1.48

Our Own Previous Price, $1.98

Cut with an eye to men's sleep-comfort, these nightshirts. Roomy and ample; of excellent muslin; plain white or white with colored trimmings. Cut over our own liberal patterns. Sizes 15 to 20—some in extra sizes.

SOCIETY CURRENT DOINGS

THE younger element is holding sway during Christmas week. The young men and women home from schools and colleges are swelling the list at dances, which predominate now. The débutantes are in evidence everywhere. Youth prevails on every side, and to catch a glimpse of the older folk one must go to the opera. One theatre party alone last week included over 150 of the débutantes and their friends, following a formal dinner at the Ritz given by Thomas B. Davis for his niece, Miss Mary D. Landstreet.

A few marriages of note are scheduled for the first of the new year. As recently reported in the New York Social Register statistics, more persons, members of prominent families, were married during the year, compared to last season. It is now a matter of record at the Marriage License Bureau that during the last five or six years there has been a gradual increase in the number of licenses issued. Up to last week 41,910 marriage licenses had been obtained at the bureau.

One of the first brides of the year will be Miss Evelyn S. Walker, daughter of Mrs. Starr King Walker, who is to marry F. Whitney Morrill, on Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 4, at the Church of the Heavenly Rest. The subsequent reception is to be held at the Gotham.

Miss Madeline Mulqueen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Mulqueen of the Vanderbilt, and Paul Gerard Daly are to be married tomorrow.

***

The first of the Colony dances comes tomorrow at the Ritz-Carlton. These dances are for girls who will not be introduced for several years.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry A. Mosle are to give a dance tomorrow evening at the Colony Club to introduce their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Boardman Mosle. Mrs. Henry E. Meeker will entertain with a dance the same night at the Ritz-Carlton for her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Meeker. Mrs. Harry Arnold Day will give a reception and dance tomorrow afternoon for her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Day, at 205 West Fifty-seventh Street.

On Tuesday afternoon, from 4 to 7 o'clock, a tea dance will be held for the benefit of the Bloomingdale Day Nursery, at the Plaza, under the auspices of the Junior League of that institution, of which Mrs. Horace Leslie Hotchkiss 3d is President. Mrs. William C. Brownlee of 18 West Fifty-fourth Street and Miss Dora Hotchkiss of 122 East Eighty-second Street are receiving applications for tickets. Mrs. William T. Dewart, Mrs. Richard Emmet Keogh, Mrs. W. S. F. Leith, Mrs. Elliot Schuyler Phillips and Mrs. David L. T. Van Buren are among those interested in the affair.

Miss Adeline King Robinson's Christmas dance comes on Tuesday at the Plaza and will be held in the Rose room. Mrs. Alfred W. Whitman will give a dinner for her daughter, Miss Carman M. Whitman, and Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ramsey are to entertain with a tea dance at the Plaza for their daughter, Miss Margaret G. Ramsey, who will not be introduced until next Winter.

Mrs. and Mrs. John H. Prentice are giving a dance at the Ritz for their daughter, Miss Caroline C. Prentice also on Tuesday. Mrs. Sackett M. Barclay and Mrs. Thornton Chard are to give a débutante reception that day at 19 West Fifty-third Street for Miss Ethel Chard. Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Longfellow are to introduce their daughter, Miss Juliette Delafield Longfellow, at a dance at the Colony Club on Tuesday night.

Wednesday will be another whirl of dancing. The first Metropolitan Dance of the season will be held at the Ritz-Carlton, and is primarily for older girls and those who are to be introduced to society the next two seasons. The first of the Senior Holiday Dances, organized by Mrs. William R. K. Taylor, will be held at the Plaza.

Mr. and Mrs. Fairfax S. Landstreet will give a dance on Wednesday night at the Colony Club for their daughter, Miss Mary Davis Landstreet, and Miss Jane Moinson of Paris. Mrs. William N. Wilbur of 873 Park Avenue will entertain at tea the same day for her débutante daughter, Miss Harriet M. Wilbur. Mrs. H. Edward Manville is giving a luncheon for Miss Betty Barber.

On Thursday Mr. and Mrs. John Sanford are giving a dinner and dance for their débutante daughter, Miss Gertrude Ellen De Puy Sanford. Bishop and Mrs. Darlington will entertain with a dinner and theatre party for their daughter, Miss Kate B. Darlington, who is not yet out. Mrs. Roger Lewis is to introduce her daughter, Miss Mary Barbey Lewis, at a tea dance at the Plaza, and the first of the alumnae dances will be held at the Ritz.

New Year's Eve parties are to be numerous. Clarence H. Mackay is to give a dinner and small dance at his town house, 3 East Seventy-fifth Street. Mrs. Lawrence B. Elliman will entertain with a dance for her young daughter, Miss Edythe Elliman, and Mrs. Ernest Greene will give a coming-out reception for her daughter, Miss Margaret Dorcey Greene, at the Ritz. Adolph Lewisohn will also have a celebration at his house, 331 Fifth Avenue, including vaudeville and dancing.

New Year's Day will bring Mrs. Sherman Flint's dance at the Ritz for Miss Margaret Olivia Flint, and Mr. and Mrs. William C. Potter's dance for their daughter, Miss Jean Potter, who has not yet been introduced to society. Mrs. Isaac McConihe is to entertain at a tea dance at the Plaza for her débutante granddaughter, Miss Elizabeth Warren Murphy, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard F. Murphy of 115 East Eighty-second Street.

***

"Forty Winks," a musical fantasy, which is to be given at the Plaza early next month by the Spence Alumnae Society, promises to be a very attractive performance. The charity for which the fantasy is given is entitled to substantial support, and rehearsals are now under way. The society's home for babies, who are cared for until placed for adoption, will benefit by the proceeds of the three performances, the first, a Monday matinee, on Jan. 30. It will then be repeated that evening, also on Tuesday evening.

Miss Carolyn H. Dorsett of 53 West Seventieth Street is receiving applications for tickets. Of course, dancing will follow each performance.

The music was written by Reba Marie Tebbets and the book and lyrics by Diantha P. Lawrence, who is Mrs. Cass Lawrence, and who is also Vice President of the society. Mrs. Mary P. Wells, Miss Janet A. Gregory, Miss Susan Steell and Mrs. William J. Demorest are the other officers.

Mrs. Dana Burnet is to direct the members of the cast, which contains many society girls and some of this season's débutantes. There are to be program girls and ushers, with Mrs. Irving H. Pardee and Miss Marjorie Cleveland, acting as captains.

On the Entertainment Committee, headed by Mrs. Lawrence, are Mrs. Henry A. Alker, Mrs. Harry Hammond, Mrs. Wilder Gutterson, Mrs. Arthur Orvis, Mrs. Irving H. Pardee, Mrs. John F. Russell Jr., Mrs. Herbert Sierck, Mrs. John L. Tonnele Jr., and the Misses Adele S. Hammond, Katharine Noble, Elizabeth Sabin, Mabel Venner, Mary P. Wells and Marjorie Cleveland.

***

The Junior Cinema Club, which gave subscription performances of movies for children, is meeting with success. The performances are being given at the Broadhurst Theatre with the co-operation of the Parents' League of this city, which has appointed a committee of three of its members to view all pictures with the four directors of the club, and to decide which are to be shown.

Special programs have been arranged for the Christmas holidays, and this week they will be held on Tuesday mornings and Wednesday afternoons.

The Directors of the club are Mrs. Christopher Wyatt, Mrs. Langdon Geer, Mrs. W. Herbert Adams and Lewis Hooper.

A concert for the benefit of the needy Italians of New York will be given at Carnegie Hall on Monday evening, Jan. 3, by the Italian Welfare League. Arturo Toscanini and his La Scala Orchestra will give the entire program, and this will be the only other appearance of the conductor and his orchestra, in addition to his three subscription concerts at the Metropolitan Opera House. All the members of the orchestra possess the "Medallion of Ronchi," which was presented to them in Fiume by d'Annunzio.

Among the boxholders are Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt 2d, Mrs. John Sanford, Mrs. Whitney Warren, Miss Winifred Holt, Mrs. Louis Kaufman, Mrs. Newbold LeRoy Edgar, Mrs. William Guggenheim, Mrs. Almerindo Portfolio, Mrs. Lionello Perara, Mrs. Felice Fava, Mrs. Orestes Ferrara, Mrs. Emanuel Gerli, Mrs. Joseph di Giorgio, Miss Margherita de Vecchi and Mrs. Alfonso Villa.

A concert for the benefit of the Babies' Hospital of the City of New York will be held next Sunday evening, Jan. 2, at Carnegie Hall, under the auspices of the Board of Women Managers, of which Mrs. John Jay Knox is Honorary President; Mrs. Oliver G. Jennings, President, and Mrs. Roswell Miller, Vice President. Others on the board include Mrs. Henry Martyn Alexander, Miss Ellen Louise Adee, Mrs. Ernest R. Adee, Mrs. Cornelius R. Agnew, Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Mrs. Henry Paine Bartlet, Mrs. Dexter Blagden, Mrs. Bertram H. Borden, Mrs. D. Fairfax Bush, Mrs. McCoskry Butt, Mrs. Robert Hoe, Mrs. Frank B. Keech, Mrs. J. Prentice Kellogg, Mrs. William Goadby Loew, Miss Caroline L. Morgan, Mrs. William B. Potts and Mrs. Herbert Lee Pratt.

***

The Charity Ball of 1921, on Feb. 1, at the Waldorf-Astoria, now begins to take complete and definite form. Its most important group, the new Vice Presidents of the ball and New York Nursery and Child's Hospital, who will serve with Mrs. James W. Gerard, the new President, has just been named. They are Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, Mrs. George F. Baker Jr., Mrs. Edward J. Berwind, Mrs. Gifford A. Cochran, Mrs. Newbold LeRoy Edgar, Mrs. Sumner Gerard, Mrs. Lawrence L. Gillespie, Mrs. F. Gray Griswold, Mrs. William Averell Harriman, Mrs. Arthur Iselin, Mrs. W. De Lancey Kountze, Mrs. Frederick Pearson, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt, Mrs. Charles F. Roe, Mrs. John Sanford and Princess Cantacuzene.

The ball's personnel was further announced yesterday by Mrs. Gerard, Mrs. Robert L. Gerry, Secretary, and Mrs. Frank S. Witherbee. The ball is to have as Honorary President Mrs. Algernon Sidney Sullivan, for years the Charity Ball's great motive power, its master hand through two generations. Mrs. Sullivan's sceptre has had to pass into younger hands, but she still holds sway. In addition to the Vice Presidents, the Committee of the Ball, as it is to be known, will be Mrs. Daniel C. Adams, Mrs. Winthrop W. Aldrich, Mrs. Ashton C. Clarkson, Miss Lena R. Curtis, Mrs. Charles D. Miller, Albert Eugene Gallatin, William W. Hoffman, Colonel Francis L. V. Hoppin, Shipley Jones, George Ledlie, Edward de Peyster Livingston, Alfonso de Navarro, T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, Charles E. Sampson, Frederic Delano Weekes and E. Coster Wilmerding.

***

Society will be well represented tonight at the annual concert of the Catholic Big Brothers at the Hippodrome. An unusual musical program will be given by Mme. Frances Alda, Fritz Kreisler, Mischa Levitzki, Ada Sassoli and Rafaelo Diaz.

The list of the boxholders numbers, among others, Mrs. Nicholas F. Brady, Mrs. Edward Breitung, Mrs. Morgan J. O'Brien, Mrs. John D. Ryan, Mrs. Edson Bradley, Mrs. George H. Benjamin, Mrs. Louis D. Conley, Mrs. Peter Larson, Mrs. George Whelan, Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mrs. James A. O'Gorman, Mrs. H. Gloster Armstrong, Mrs. Edward Burghard, Mrs. H. F. Sinclair, Mrs. Robert McDonnell, Mrs. De Lancey Kane, Mrs. Henry Forbes McCreery, Mrs. William C. Shanley, Mrs. Gorge Leary and Mrs. Herbert Shipman.

One of the noteworthy events of the holiday season will be a dance for service men and disabled ex-service men which the Overseas League will give at the Red Cross Holiday House, 3 East Fifty-third Street, on New Year's Eve.

The dance will be the culmination of a series of entertainments being given at the Holiday House under the auspices of the New York County Chapter of the Red Cross for soldiers, sailors and disabled ex-service men who are stranded in the city during the holidays.

Among the members of the Overseas League who will act as patronesses at the dance are Miss Alice Hill Chittenden, Mrs. John French, Miss Mary Bogart, Mrs. L. W. Phistar, Mrs. Louise Clark, Miss Florence S. More, Mrs. George H. Ford, Miss Anne Sherman Hoyt, Mrs. Ella Haggin and Miss Enid Wilmerding.

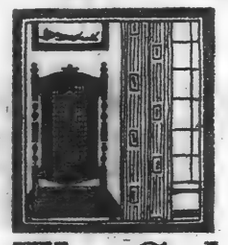
Teas, informal parties and billiard contests will be given at the Holiday House every afternoon and evening during the coming two weeks. The committee in charge includes Mrs. John S. Ellsworth, Mrs. James R. Blake, Mrs. Payne Whitney, Mrs. Montague Flagg and Miss Belle S. Andrews.

L. BAMBERGER & CO.

A Message to the People of New Jersey As Well as to Those in the City of New York

L. Bamberger & Co. announce, beginning Monday and Tuesday, a series of sensational December-January sales which inaugurate new low price levels. Women's and misses' wear, women's silk, muslin and knit underwear, men's suits, and men's, women's and children's shoes all attain feature prices as the result of reductions from stock and special purchases. Of particular importance is the sale of our entire stock of furniture.

The Half-Yearly Sale of Entire Stock of Furniture



OPENS MONDAY, Presenting a Sweeping Mark-Down of Our Entire Stock of Furniture "of Enduring Quality." So unprecedented are the plans we have made and the steps we have taken for this event that it is certain to make all former Half-Yearly sales, great as they have been, appear of trifling importance in comparison. It is noteworthy that the amount of furniture embraced is far bigger and the range of selection much wider than in any Bamberger furniture event of the past. Not only is every furniture need of the home anticipated, but office furniture is also included.

The Sale of Women's, Misses' & Girls' Winter Apparel



OFFERS, BEGINNING MONDAY, Reductions Without Parallel on Fashionable Winter Apparel of Every Description. Our after-Christmas clearance is always a big event, for which many women wait, but this year's sale will introduce prices far lower than even today's readjustments of prices in general would have led any one to expect. Not only have our own stocks been subjected to radical mark-downs, but we have been able to secure from wholesalers with whom we deal all year 'round purchases of suits, wraps, dresses and coats at extraordinary discounts, of which we are giving you full advantage.

The Annual Sale of Silk and Muslin Underwear



BEGINS TUESDAY, With Prices on Dainty Cotton and Silken Underthings Lower Than They Have Been in Years. These low sale prices, which will make this season's lingerie allowance go so much further than in the past, are the result, in most instances, of direct co-operation with the manufacturers. The finest of hand-made, hand-embroidered Philippine wear will compete for your favor with soft satin and crepe de chine garments. Luxor washable taffeta and georgette crepe are made into tailored or lacy creations. And the machine-made cotton garments may be of nainsook, crepe or batiste—all at sale prices of compelling interest.

The Great Sale of Women's Knit Underwear



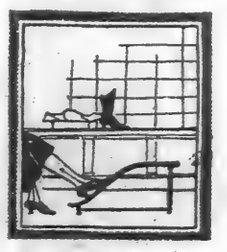
OPENS TUESDAY, With Thousands of Cotton, Lisle and Fleece-Lined Garments at Savings-Insuring Prices. The cold weather is still ahead of us—about two months of it, and many women have doubtless been waiting for just such an underprice event as this. Whatever women buy at this sale will present savings that will show up well on the credit side of their personal account books. Savings made possible by deep price reductions on union suits and separate garments from our regular stock, and by special purchases for this sale. Most of the items present a full size range and there are some extra size pieces in the lot.

The Remarkable Sale of Men's New Suits at 43.00



TUESDAY 933 Fashion Park Suits, Made to Sell for 75.00 to 110.00, Go on Sale at 43.00. A Bamberger sale was expected, but never such a master stroke as this. A purchase has made it possible. All of these suits were bought at tremendous concessions on today's wholesale costs. Many of them were bought for actually less than the bare cost of making. Materials of the highest quality have been used—finest of cassimeres, unfinished worsteds, silk mixtures, herringbones, tweeds, worsted flannels and cheviots. Both single and double breasted models, some of them silk lined.

The Sale of Men's, Women's & Children's Shoes



OFFERS TUESDAY Men's Shoes at 5.85, Women's Shoes at 3.95 and Children's Shoes at 2.95. All of them were made to sell for much higher prices or reduced from higher-priced stock. A wonderful shoe opportunity for every member of the family. The women's shoes include all the wanted materials and styles in both high and low shoes. The children's shoes are tan and black, on the Bamberger Foot Trainer or similar lasts. The men's shoes are all high shoes, in a variety of lasts and tan and black leathers. It is often possible to buy under-price shoes, but very seldom are shoes of such high quality as these offered at such low sale prices.

L. Bamberger & Co.

"One of America's Great Stores"

NEWARK NEW JERSEY

Percentage of Mentally Irresponsible

By PEARCE BAILEY, M. D.,

Chairman, New York State Commission for Mental Defectives.

If seeking explanations for the present crime wave, sight should not be lost of the part played by mentally defective delinquents. They are a large group, idle young men, chiefly, scattered about everywhere. They are mostly too dull to think up or even carry out by themselves gang crimes, but gang leaders find them useful as helpers, and they are always on hand. They do not begin crime waves—but they help swell them. They have no fixed principles, of course, and their conceptions of right and wrong are limited to very hazy considerations of how apt the job is to result in a "pinch." Even then they are not strong enough to refrain from doing whatever they are told to do. They are kept stirred up and ready for business by the news (many of them cannot read it themselves) contained in headline reports of robberies, hold-ups and murders. They cannot learn readily in the ordinary sense of the term, but they imitate, often in very startling fashion.

For example, a mentally defective boy of 19 made a brutal assault on the 4-year-old son of a farmer and killed him. The circumstances of the crime were so revolting that at first it was thought to be a lust murder. But a thorough investigation revealed that it was a case of imitation rather than of sexual perversion. The defective had become fascinated by seeing hogs killed on the farm and he had imitated that slaughter when attacking the child. It probably never entered his head that he was doing anything very wrong.

Whoever questions the relationship between crime and mental defect should seek the opportunity of studying the files of requests for pardon which are on the Governor's desk in Albany. Each case is accompanied with a complete record, including photographs, and in looking through them one cannot fail to be convinced that a certain proportion of them, yes, a goodly proportion of them, are offenders because they have not the mental capacity to control themselves or to realst the most elementary temptations. In many the photographs alone tell the stories, and there is invariably a long and almost uninterrupted record of offenses and punishment. It forms a continuous series—truant school, protectorate, reformatory and prison, which extends over years, so that many a man at 30 has spent, at different periods, one-third of his life in confinement. "How can I pardon men with records like that?" Governor Smith once said to me as I looked through these files with him. As I did not see how he could, I made no reply.

Lack of Adequate Motive.

To attempt to explain criminal acts solely on the basis of motive is to find one's self up against a blank wall when insanity and mental defect are the real issues. For in these cases such motives as impel normal persons are lacking, and in fact in court cases it is usually this discrepancy in the chain of events which leads up finally to an investigation of the prisoner's mental condition. The major crimes of mental defectives almost always show a lack of adequate motive and lack of reasonable precaution against detection.

The total indifference to general consequences shown by a feeble mind was brought home to me in the Summer of 1918 on a convoyed ship going to France, of which I happened to be troop surgeon. We were in the so-called danger zone, and rumors of submarines circulated in every corner of the crowded ship. Down in one of the berthing spaces, well below the water line, was a mental defective who had been found fit for duty by a commanding general against the recommendation of medical officers. This feeble-minded soldier did not want to go to France and was terrified at the prospect of it. So he figured it out for himself that by inflicting a slight wound on his body somewhere he would avoid foreign service and would be sent back to his father's farm in Texas. He neglected to figure out the punishment he might receive and the injury he might do others. So, one night, in the dark berthing space, lit only by one blue-shaded light, when all was quiet, he tried to shoot himself in the loin with the rifle which the Government had issued him. Failing in the first attempt, he fired a second time and inflicted a slight wound. The bullets went wild. The hundred men in the berthing space, suddenly aroused from sleep, went into a panic. They thought, naturally enough, that the long-expected torpedo had arrived. Along with the general excitement were cries and groans from wounded men. When the surgeon reached the excited soldiers it was found that the wild bullets of this defective had wrought the following damage: One man had been shot through the neck, another had had his large intestine torn away and died on the operating table shortly afterward, and in a third the artery under the right knee had been laid open for two inches, and the man bled to death in the dark berthing space before, in the confusion and darkness, it was realized that he was injured.

Estimates vary as to the percentage of mental defect among civil prisoners as a class, but it is probably somewhere between 15 and 20 per cent. But in one class of prisoners, viz., repeaters, it is much higher than this. Of 133,047 prisoners admitted into the penal and correctional institutions in New York State, 1917, 60 per cent. had served previous sentences. Many of these repeaters had been arrested five, ten, or even twenty times, a degree of recidivism that proves without the shadow of doubt a mental inferiority. There is absolutely no excuse for the taxpayers of this State to put up with this thing any longer.

The Heart of the Problem.

To make suitable provisions in the schools, institutions, social welfare work, &c., for all defectives, is a great and complicated program and will take years to perfect. But it is no problem at all for the State to take control immediately of replacing defective delinquents who add so much to the criminal annals of the community, and whose trials cost $1,000 apiece. This matter could be perfectly well taken care of by the next Legislature. There are over 5,000 vacancies in the penal and correctional institutions of the State, and without any expense, except that of maintenance, the Legislature could easily provide that these different institutions fill their vacancies with these irresponsible criminals. There is ample authority under the Mental Deficiency law of 1919 for the commitment of mentally defective delinquents to custodial care. In spite of this, as things are now, at reaching the age limit boys are discharged from Elmira and on termination of sentences are discharged from the prisons. Thus every year we set loose proved criminals, gunmen, thieves, ex-thugs, vagabonds of all kinds, who we know cannot be anything else. Through the initiative of Dr. Katherine B. Davis this matter has been taken in hand at the Bedford Reformatory and that institution is now authorized to retain duly committed mental defectives after the three-year reformatory period has expired. It is hoped that the institutions for male offenders will follow Bedford's lead without further delay.

But while the above procedure of filling the vacancies in the reformatories and prisons would diminish crime at once, it would not reach the real heart of the problem. The heart of the problem is not with grown-up and proved offenders, but is in the prevention of the development of criminal tendencies in children; it is not in the penal and correctional institutions, which are little more than repositories of end products, but in the schools, which hold the beginnings of things and determine the future. Of the 1,000,000 school children in this State, 30,000 are retarded or defective. All of these latter require some special care and provision if they are to grow up into peaceful and to a certain extent useful citizens. This special care must be given in special or ungraded classes, where the children are taught useful things with their hands rather than reading and writing, and acquire through example an orderly behavior.

Dupe of Predatory Classes.

Now only a few of the larger cities have such special classes, and in none of these cities are there anywhere near enough classes. And even then all of these defective children are discharged at the age of 16—100 of them every year in New York City—and the law authorizes no further supervision of them. So even in our best schools—and I call a best school one provided with special classes—we follow the same plan with defective children as we do with defective delinquents in the reformatories and prisons—knowing their weaknesses, we wash our hands of them. The special class pupils have been studied and trained, but unless they go into good homes, good surroundings, they are in danger of losing the good of their training. For a mental defective requires some supervision always and unless he gets it at home the State is following a wasteful policy in not providing it for him. Otherwise, he is sure to make trouble for himself or for others. In the schools without special classes he does not get on and so drops behind his class or is turned out. In social life he is the chameleon, taking on the color of his environment. In good homes he follows for the most part, the same moral conduct as that of his parents. In disrupted, evil homes, or where he has no home at all, he does as he is told or as he sees others doing, becomes the petty offender, the thief, the incendiary, is everyone's tool, the dupe of the predatory classes, the stool pigeon for crooks, the prostitute not clever enough to elude the police. The social difficulties created by mental defectives concern the higher grades or morons. The idiot is no problem at all, except in the matter of custodial care. The morons are the real trouble makers, as at first they easily pass for merely dull people.

For the good of society, and for our own self-respect, better provisions must be made for this great class. It is a country-wide problem. While there are 40,000 defectives outside of institutions in New York, there are thirty-three States which exceed New York in their distribution.

The first provision should be an identification of defective school children and a supervision of such as are likely to become offenders. That such children can be identified by proper examinations there is no longer any doubt. A few years ago such a proposal might have appeared visionary. It is no longer to be so considered. Seventy-two thousand recruits were prevented from going to France in 1918-1919 on account of nervous and mental defects, which were discovered by special examinations. Many of these rejected recruits were of the class who would have become military offenders. In 1915, when the ranks were filled by voluntary enlistment, no such examinations were made. As a matter of fact, they would not have been practicable, as the problem then was not to exclude men, but to enlist them. But note the difference in a drafted army, when the Government could choose. In 1915, without the special examinations, 125 men out of every 1,000 left the army before the expiration of one year through a criminal procedure, either desertion or under sentence of court-martial, involving dishonorable discharge. From the A. E. F., a group selected through special examinations, only 1,731, or 0.08 per 1,000, general prisoners were returned to the United States.

NEW SORT OF BOOKSHOP

A BOOKSHOP with a fireplace and a comfortable settle in front of it, where the visitor is invited to sit and "browse" with a book or two, has just been opened in East Sixtieth Street by three women—Mrs. George Klots, Mrs. Walter B. Sachs and Mrs. Francis Le B. Robbins Jr. A part of the proceeds is to go to charity, but it is proposed to make the place at least self-supporting. During its first week it cleared expenses, and the three proprietors say that is an unusual occurrence for a new undertaking.

The women are amateurs. None of them ever kept a bookshop before. They say they are building up a business "entirely from the customers' point of view." There are four shelves of modern novels, personally recommended by the directors. There are two shelves of detective stories arranged for "brilliant but tired men." For less tired men are shelves of letters, travel and biography. In one corner are children's books, some in French and some in English. In another corner is a shelf of modern poetry, arranged by the member of the staff who writes verses. There is a short-story shelf, whence one may pluck a volume and wander therewith to the soft couch and sink into it placidly until the old clock above the fireplace reminds of duties elsewhere.

150 MILES OF NEW YORK

Cor. 46TH St. & 8TH Ave.

OUR EASY PAYMENTS



Sewing Machines, as illustrated, at $57.50



Queen Anne Period Dining Room Suite, in Brown Oak. Your pieces, consisting of Buffet, 66 in. wide, China Closet, Serving Table, Dining Table, 48 in., 6 ft. extension; as illustrated, at..... $215.00



ENGLANDER Wire-Edge Springs.

The only spring equipped with the turn-up sides, as illustrated, at..... $14.75



January Columbia and Cortina Foreign Language Records on Sale.



Consisting of Duofold Sofa Bed, Arm Chair and Rocker, with fine imitation Spanish leather; settee makes a bed comfortable for two when open, when closed it is four feet wide; does not include mattress; as illustrated..... $126.50



Columbia Grafonolas from $32.50 up on our Easy Payment Plan.



ROYAL EASY CHAIR Push the button and it reclines in any position. Upholstered in Tapestry, at $69.98



Suite, Consisting of Dresser, Chifforobe, Toilet Table and 4-piece American Walnut or Mahogany Queen Anne Period Bed, 4 pieces, as illustrated, at..... $329.50



LADY'S DESK in Mahogany or Oak, as illustrated. $19.98

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings

MOTOR TRUCK DELIVERIES

46TH STR. 750-752 EIGHTH AVE 8TH AVE NEW YORK

ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES

ADVERTISEMENT.

Genuine Aspirin

Bayer introduced Aspirin to physicians 20 years ago—Always say "Bayer"





The "Bayer Cross" is the thumb-print of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." It protects you against imitations and positively identifies the genuine, world-famous Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over nineteen years.

Insist on an unbroken package of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" which contains proper directions.

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.



Stearns

The Preferred Car

Shrewd buyers of motor cars will find in the Knight-Motored Stearns many features that appeal to their sense of value. Its rugged construction, coupled with smart appearance on the road, makes it the preferred car among thrifty motorists.

Prices $2,750 to $5,000, F. O. B. New York City.

Prices Guaranteed to July 1, 1921

Stearns

"The Ultimate Car"

The new models are now on display in our showrooms. Be sure and see them.

F. B. Stearns Company of New York

12 Central Park West, Cor. 61st St.

Telephone Circle 7900

LESS THAN HALF PRICE

Sterling Tires

First quality—guaranteed, but branded N. F. C. for identification—offered at these prices because of discontinued tread design.

FABRICS

Size	List	Our Price
28x3	$20.00	$7.35
30x3	22.00	10.00
30x3½	26.60	12.00
32x3½	35.00	13.50
32x4	50.00	16.83
33x4	51.00	17.65
34x4	52.00	18.05

CORDS

Size	List	Our Price
30x3½	$40.00	$14.00
32x3½	44.50	20.03
32x4	56.55	25.45
33x4	58.00	26.10
34x4	59.60	26.82
34x4½	67.05	30.17
35x5	83.40	37.53
37x5	87.40	39.33

Other sizes in stock, price in proportion. Telephone and mail orders promptly executed.

H. V. DODGE, 218 West 58th Street, Bet. 7th Ave. & B'way. TELEPHONE CIRCLE 2403

Peerless Eight Cylinder

Rebuilt Cars

Carry New Car Guarantee

Excellent opportunity to procure Guaranteed Peerless Eights at low prices. All Cars Refinished equal to new.

Van Cortlandt Vehicle Corp., Peerless Distributors, 1,896 Broadway, at 63rd St. Phone Col. 6703

Cuticura



Quickly Soothes Scalp Troubles

Treatment: Gently rub Cuticura Ointment, with the end of the finger, on spots of dandruff and itching. Follow next morning with a hot shampoo of Cuticura Soap. Repeat in two weeks. Nothing better than these fragrant super-creamy emollients for all skin and scalp troubles.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 52M, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

AUTOMOBILE SACRIFICE SALE

On Guaranteed Used Cars.

Immediate Delivery

JORDANS 17-18-19-20, 2-3-4-5-7 passenger.

FRANKLIN 1918 Runabout.

STEARNS KNIGHT 1917 5 pass., $400.

OLDS. COUPE, 1920, 4 pass., $1,000.

APPERSON, 1920, 7 passenger.

STUTZ, wire wheels, 1918, 6 pass., $1,000

BUICK, 1918, 4 pass.

MAKE OFFER. TIME PAYMENTS ACCEPTED WHILE THEY LAST.

SHERWOOD AUTO CORP., 1895 Broadway, at 63d St. PHONE COL. 6812.

COTTON AND COTTON GOODS

Charles Bernheimer will write on prospects for cotton goods in 1921 and Sol Wexler of J. S. Bache & Co. on cotton as it grows in The Annual Review of The Annalist, published January 3 by The New York Times Company. At all news stands, 10 cents a copy.

3d Ave. & 121st St.

Special Holiday Week Offe

Big Savings on every article of furniture you need for your home! R below about the big reductions on this Special Holiday Week Offer. Att tive prices on Rugs; Dining Room, Bed Room and Living Room Suites; Ph graphs, and Everything for Housekeeping. Pay on Small Weekly or Mon Payments That You Will Never Miss!

Now you can make your home-dreams come true—at prices you wa pay and on splendid terms that you can easily afford!

RUGS---20% OFF!

Seamless Axminster 9x12 Rugs —Were $125—Now $100!

Extra Heavy 9x12 Axminster Rugs —Were $119—Now $95.20!

Seamless Wilton Velvet 9x12 Rugs —Were $110—Now $88!

20% Discount on Our Entire Stock

Oriental Ru

Special Discount of 20% right the price-tags on our entire sto of Oriental and Rare Antique from all countries of the Far All colors, sizes, designs and w Prices range from $50 to $800. and beautiful Bokharas, Cashe Antique Persians, Daghestans the Ilumlar Caucasus, Antiques ordes. Also Sarouks and Ch Rugs in beautiful shades of R Yellow and Blue.

Big Discounts on These Beautiful Suite

Dining Room

Was $340—Now $272! 8 Pieces in Golden Oak—Queen Anne Design. (Payable $14 Monthly.)

Was $832.50—Now $666! 10 Pcs. in American Walnut or Mahogany. Chippendale Design. (Payable $8 Weekly.)

Was $620—Now $496! 9 Pieces in Oak or Walnut. Louis XV. Design. (Payable $6.50 Weekly.)

Bed Room

Was $320—Now $256! 8 Pieces in Maple, Golden Oak or Walnut. (Payable $3.25 Weekly.)

Was $425—Now $340! 4 Pieces in American Walnut. Louis XV. Design. (Payable $4.50 Weekly.)

Was $282.50—Now $226! 4 Pcs. in Mahogany or Walnut. (Payable $2.75 Weekly.)

Living Room

Was $465—Now $372! 3-Piec in Tapestry. (Payable Weekly.)

Was $650—Now $520! 3-Piece in Tapestry. (Payable $6.50 Weekly.)

Was $240—Now $172.50! 3-Piece Divanette Suite in Brown Spanish Imperial. Divan opens into full-size bed. (Payable $2.25 Weekly.)

Everything for Housekeeping

Everything for Every Room—Dining Room, Bedroom, Living Room and Kitchen. Cutlery, Carpets and Linoleums, Glassware, Portieres, Curtains, Go-Carts, Stoves, Ranges, Sewing Machines, Bags, Trunks, Clocks, Kitchen Cabinets, Vacuum Sweepers, Door Mats, Blankets—everything that you could want for your home! And all at prices you want to pay and on easy weekly or monthly payments that you will never miss!

No Deposit—Special Offer—Pay $1.50 a Week

As a Holiday Week Special we offer Without Deposit and on Special Terms of Only $1.50 a Week this $100 model "Reliable" Phonograph and the $120 model Columbia Grafonola. Hear both these models, make your selection of either machine, and let us put it into your home at once!



"Reliable" Phonograph $100

Handsome model in mahogany, 44 inches high, 19 inches wide, 20 inches deep. Note beautiful design. Rich, deep tone. Plays all makes of records. Plush turntable. Equal in appearance and performance to machines selling for one-third more.

Columbia Grafonola $120

Popular model in mahogany, 42⅞ inches high, 19⅞ inches wide, 21⅜ inches deep. Compartments with capacity for 75 records. Movable door panels as illustrated. Attractive design that will harmonize beautifully with any style of furniture.



The Old Favorites

All the old favorites. Christmas Chimes, Nazareth, An Old-Fashioned Garden, Out Where the West Begins, Stilly Night, Holy Night, In the Evening by the Moonlight. Large selection of foreign language records, including many in Italian, Polish, Finnish, Hebrew, Swedish and Norwegian, etc., etc.

MARGIE

The Newest Records

Here you'll find the latest records that keep the feet moving and the lips whistling! Margie, Broadway Rose, I Wish That I'd Been Born in Borneo, Kentucky, Broadway Blues, All She'd Say Was Umh Hum, Singin' the Blues, Kiss a Miss, Palesteena, Louisana. Over 3,000 Columbia Records at

$1.00 Each and Upwards

Cowperthwait's Liberal Credit Terms

25c	weekly	on	$15 worth
75c	weekly	on	$50 worth
$1.50	weekly	on	$100 worth
$2.50	weekly	on	$200 worth
$12.50	weekly	on	$1,000 worth

Other Amounts in Proportion. Pay by the month if you wish. No Extra Charges of Any Kind. 10% Off for Cash

Cowperthwait & Sons

"Oldest Furniture House in America"

3d Ave. and 121st St.



For a Gargle or a mouth wash, put a few drops of Absorbine, Jr. in a little water. It is an herbal antiseptic and germicide remarkably effective for—

Checking sore throat in its beginning stage.

Reducing the swelling and taking out the soreness.

Cleansing the mouth and arresting infection.

Extensively used and highly recommended by dentists. It leaves the mouth cool and clean.

$1.25 a bottle at most druggists.

W. F. YOUNG, Inc., Springfield, Mass.

Absorbine Jr. THE ANTISEPTIC LINIMENT



GREENPOINT METAL BEDS

These metal beds cannot be detected from wood beds. In design and finish they look alike. They are not so expensive as wood and are sold as individual designs or to match up styles of suites.

The method of construction makes them noiseless and gives them additional strength for use and long wear.

Sold only by Furniture and Department stores.

Write for Booklet B.

Greenpoint Metallic Bed Co.

GREENPOINT

NEW YEAR'S MOTOR SHOWS

Passenger Car and Truck Exhibitions for Two Weeks From Jan. 3 to 15

NEW YEAR'S [illegible] been [illegible] for many [illegible] in fact there will be [illegible] with different dates [illegible] weeks [illegible] at from Monday [illegible] night, Jan. [illegible] annual pas[illegible] banquet [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

New Grasp of Problem Ensues.

By A. H. GEORGE.

THEIR credit destroyed, the electric railways of the country have reached a point of stagnation. Many of them are in the hands of receivers. Most of them are leading a precarious existence.

What will happen to them? Are their days numbered? Or will they revive and remain, and, if so, what will enable them to do so?

From the point of view of invested capital, these questions are of enormous moment. The net capitalization of the nation's electric railways, urban and interurban, is almost $5,000,000,000, or one-fourth that of the steam railroads, and their revenues are in excess of $800,000,000 a year, only $175,000,000 less than the passenger revenues of the steam railroads. Their tracks cover 44,000 miles.

From the point of view of the public the issue is no less vital. The electric railways carry more than 14,500,000,000 passengers a year, about twelve times as many as the steam railroads carry. And they touch the community more intimately and more constantly than the railroads do, for they are part of the visible and indispensable routine of the working day. They respond to the demands of necessity and convenience.

Indeed, from whichever of these two angles the subject is regarded, it appears incredible that any service involving so tremendous a volume of capital and performing a function so critical in the national life should ever have been placed in jeopardy or been permitted to drift so near to ruin.

Even before electrification street railways were supposed to be big money makers, and the scandals of franchise trafficking in early days was convincing proof of the value men of influence and imagination put upon the privilege of furnishing street railway service. And when the railways were electrified the business was pictured as a bonanza. Capitalizations were piled up recklessly, in the conviction, or at least upon the assurance, that monopoly in carrying the populations of whole cities wherever they wanted to go was a gold mine that would never peter out.

And yet, even before the great war, it was becoming plainer every day that the costs of renewals and of operation, to say nothing of new construction and equipment, were pressing more and more closely upon the limit of earning power embodied in the nickel fare. So that when the war came, suddenly forcing upward at a sharp angle the curve of prices that had been rising by degrees for twenty years, the street railways were presently falling behind and not revenues above fixed charges and operating costs were practically a thing of the past.

Many Fare Increases.

Since then nearly all the larger cities have been forced to grant the railways fare increases, but even with higher rates, revenues remain disappointing or altogether insufficient. Street railway dividends which were once a glowing enticement are now an ashen memory.

Why are the street railways in this wretched plight? Has traffic fallen off? No. The record shows that more and more passengers, both absolutely and per capita, are carried by the street railways every year. In spite of the automobile and the jitney bus the demand for street railway service continues and continues to increase.

Confusing on its face is this combined showing—railway traffic gaining, but railway credit destroyed.

Rising prices alone would have pinched the street railways, at least provisionally, because the fixed rate of fare—in most instances limited by ordinance or contract—was not sufficient on the new price level of commodities and wages to yield net returns satisfactory to investors and so to enlist the fresh capital without which the railways could not keep abreast of traffic demands. But by one means or another, this barrier was surmounted and rates have been regulated upward, with the sanction of the courts. Exceptions are conspicuous.

In the meantime, however, the automobile and the jitney—the latter in direct competition—have established themselves. And the jitneys especially have cut into the street railway earnings everywhere—in Southern California at the rate of $500,000 a year, in Eastern Massachusetts at the rate of $2,000,000 a year, in New Jersey alone, according to Public Service Corporation estimates, at the rate of $5,000,000 a year.

If there had been no competitive service the street railways would have held their patrons, even at the higher rates, in the long run at least, for they were a monopoly performing a necessary service. But the jitney competition has largely deprived them of patronage in proportion as fares were raised, and the automobiles have made their inroads also. In 1917, the latest street railway census year, there were more than 4,000,000 private passenger motors in the country, as against 79,914 street railway cars.

But, besides rising prices and jitney competition, there were other causes at work to impair the earning power of the street railways. And no analysis of the present street railway problem can properly omit mention of them.

Basic Weaknesses.

The street railway properties were in most instances largely overcapitalized. Too often, as the result of mergers and reorganizations, they were also overburdened with fixed charges in the form of bonds and guaranteed rentals. As long as the nickel fare paid, these basic weaknesses were hidden, because the public accepted the nickel fare from habit. But when higher fares were forced from the public, then the financial foundations of the companies were examined more critically and the disclosures alienated public feeling.

Not only had the street railway companies, generally speaking, watered their securities; they had neglected to correct the evil later on, during the early days of their prosperity. They had failed to amortize excess capitalization. They had failed to amortize accrued depreciation. They had fought every effort, through administrative commission or otherwise, to place a fair valuation upon their property devoted to the public use.

And all of these errors were in defiance of sound principle. For, to offset the security of their position as monopolies, and their protection against confiscatory rates, the companies were bound to content themselves with a fair return upon their investment and a rate not greater than the value of the service rendered.

Throughout their operations, the companies furthermore, with but few exceptions, were disregardful of good public relations. They took little pains to win public favor and support, and put the profits of management above service, just as they had put the spoils of promotion above sound finance. The public returned the sneer with hostility. There was bad blood between the people and the services upon which they depended.

The stress upon profits was again emphasized by the companies in their later capital operations. The bankers who were their fiscal agents became too often the inner directorate, and the bankers' interest was primarily in the flotation of securities for compensation and only incidentally in the purveying of a public service for the public benefit.

In a sense this is the most remarkable aspect of the whole situation, and amounts to a breakdown of democracy. Obviously street railway transportation is interwoven with the fabric of living in modern cities. It is a very part of the public's own daily existence. And yet, instead of team work between the companies and their patrons, there is indifference or enmity; instead of a united interest, there is a divided interest.

But the public must bear its share of the blame for the unhappy state of the public relations of the street railway companies. The public has selfishly demanded that it receive service, no matter what difficulties the companies might face, even when those difficulties were not of their own making. It has taken the position, for example, that the franchises granted to the companies are so valuable that it was entitled to a partner's profits in their use, on top of low fares. It has imposed upon the companies obligations it might better have assumed, and taxes it might better have remitted. For the real interest the public has in the street railways is the interest in good service at reasonable rates, and if those advantages had been assured to it the price of the franchise would have been paid in full.

But the facts are as they are, and the pressing problem now is how to face and control them.

As to Public Ownership.

If the service is to be maintained, then the companies must be permitted to earn net revenues that will attract a steady flow of new capital into the properties, and this tide of new money must be at the rate of not far from $300,000,000 or $400,000,000 a year—some say more.

And the street railway service must be retained. There is no doubt of that. The testimony given before the Federal Electric Railways Commission, and coming from sources the most diverse, is overwhelmingly to the effect that the street railways are an integral part of our urban life and that no other form of service that has yet appeared is entitled on economic grounds to displace them.

No, it is not a question of whether the street railways shall be suffered to go out of business. Rather it is a question of whether other changes may not be necessary in order that they shall be protected in full performance of their essential functions, and then held to the task.

If administrative regulation by commission is incapable of finding a way out for the street railways, then the commissions and not the railways may have to go.

If some sort of guarantee of a fair return is needed, retaining private management, then it may be that the cost-of-service plan, modeled perhaps after the Tayler plan in Cleveland, will have to be extended wherever it is workable.

If neither regulation nor some form of public guarantee meets the test—the preservation of street railway service on a sound financial and economic base, with public ownership as the last resort—then the railways will be left to their fate.

Whether public ownership will eventually come or not, it is clear, at any rate, that the time for it is not yet at hand. The public is not ready for it, and the companies are not ready for it. Before so great a change is seriously considered on a grand scale the way must be well prepared, and it will take time to prepare the way.

Important constitutional and legal changes will first be necessary; without them the proposal is impossible, practically, unless under the stress of some critical emergency. In most places public credit could not endure the strain. Meantime two things need to be done and done efficiently.

First, administrative regulation must be carried on vigilantly and reasonably. Public ownership will be accepted by the American people only if and when it becomes unmistakably plain that regulation has been honestly and exhaustively tried and found wanting.

Second, the street railway companies' credit must be restored as quickly as may be. Eventually the securities of a public service corporation ought to be placed upon a footing so sound that they would sell in the market in competition with municipal bonds. Indeed, if communities are ever to establish their competence to own and operate their street railways themselves they ought first to prove their ability to safeguard private services while protecting the public interest.

No single step alone will restore the credit of the street railway companies. That was admitted by the witnesses before the Federal commission. But at least the companies ought to be protected from cut-throat jitney competition; that is, with one proviso. This proviso is that the companies must submit to a true valuation of their properties and must so manage their business that a fair rate of return on the investment, thus ascertained will yield them satisfactory revenues.

If it be necessary it may be advisable to relieve the street railways from financial obligations and taxes that simply maintain fixed charges and yield no compensating gains to the public in service or in rates.

After all, investors in street railways want security more than anything else. If securities were assured, the rate of return need not be high, for the factor of risk would be done away with. And the speculative enticement ought never to be permitted to revive.

A city ought to be as unwilling to permit a well-run street railway to lose money as it would be to default on the interest of its own bonds. Such at least should be the spirit of urban patrons toward municipal services, and until such a spirit, on one side, reciprocated by a spirit of service on the other, comes to prevail, democracy will still be muddling one of the biggest concerns of its own social life.

FIRST AID TO MELTING POT.

THE rapidly increasing number of Italian immigrants who are weekly arriving in the United States is an important item of the problem of Americanization. Thirty thousand Italians sail monthly from Italian ports for America, and the United States is the Mecca of the majority of these, although many go to South America. A new society, formed for the purpose of Americanizing all prospective foreigners but aimed especially at Italians, is the Patriotic New Yorkers, founded by Mrs. John King Van Rensselaer, with Luisa Tetrazzini as a charter member. Because so much of her fame and fortune has been won in America, Mme. Tetrazzini, upon her return to Rome, will establish a primary school to teach the fundamental American principles of citizenship to Italians in Rome who desire to migrate to America's shores.

This school will be the preparatory institution.

CROWDING THE LIBRARY.

IN the month of November more than 250,000 persons passed through the two entrances of the New York Public Library, at Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street. Has an enlarged reading public developed overnight or have these library visitors been forced to find shelter within the walls of the immense building at the head of Bryant Park?

The statistics of the library may help to settle the question. Not alone are the monthly total of 253,889 and the average daily attendance of 8,462 significant, but, when they are compared with the same totals for the preceding month, respectively, 244,242 and 7,878, there may be reason to think that the library has been affected by the unrest in various lines of industry—in short, by increasing unemployment.

More than 600 daily requests have been made for periodicals. Of the monthly aggregate total of books selected, more than 7,000 were taken from these volumes classified as literature, and about 3,000 each from the classes of fine arts, useful arts and sociology.

RESORTS

NEW YORK.

HOTEL GRAMATAN
23 minutes from Grand Central. 30 electric trains daily. City conveniences in the country. Grill—Dancing—Daily concerts. Accommodates 400. Henri Fourrey & Son, Inc., Lessee, Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N.Y.

Gedney Farm Hotel
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.
EDWARD H. CRANDALL.
Golf, Riding, Dancing, Sun Parlor, Open Fireplaces. 33 min. elec. train service. Open All Year. Private motor bus service without charge.

VALHALLA MOUNTAIN HOUSE
Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.
Open all year round.
White Plains 1165.

NEW JERSEY.

IDEAL COUNTRY HOME
Hotel Montclair
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
MOST DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED RESIDENTIAL HOTEL IN NEW YORK'S SUBURBS.
OPEN THE ENTIRE YEAR.
OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT.
FREDERICK C. HALL COMPANY

PUDDING STONE INN
This is a good place to come if you desire to be quiet, to rest, to be in the wood. You may look off across the broad valley to the rising sun, whirling storm, the twinkling lights of the distant village. Just an hour to good food, warm rooms, electric lighted with running water. Folder. Open all year. G. N. VINCENT, Boonton, N. J.

Hotel Beechwood
SUMMIT, N. J.
Easy commuting distance. Misses Gillan & Edwards. Open all year.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAUREL-IN-THE-PINES
Lakewood, N. J.
Situated among the Pines and overlooking Lake Carasaljo
New "Pines Grill"—18 hole Golf Course Private Tennis Courts. Riding. Shaded Walks. Fishing. Music. Private Garage.
New Electro-hydrotherapy Bath system.
FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.
Branch Office of GEO. A. HUHN & SONS. Members New York Stock Exchange.

Lakewood Hotel
LAKEWOOD, N.J.
NOW OPEN—CAPACITY 900
Newly furnished and redecorated throughout. Spacious parlors and lounging rooms. Handsome ballroom. Exquisite music. Rooms with baths.
M. JACOBS—R. WINKLER
Managing Directors

HOTEL EMBASSY
Formerly Hotel Ambassador. Ideal location. Every appointment. Running water, private baths. Music, dancing. Hungarian cuisine. Moderate rates. Phones 351. Zsolnay, Wiener & Marton, Inc.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Hotel Fredonia
ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
At Tennessee Ave. just off the Boardwalk with beach-front service and appointments at moderate rates. European plan. Restaurant attached under personal supervision of G. W. CARMANY

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL & COTTAGES
on the Beach. Cap. 600
CONVENIENT TO ALL AMUSEMENTS
Sea Baths DIET KITCHEN Orchestra
Family Patronage Invited
C. L. HANSTEIN, President. LYMAN J. WATROUS, Sect. & Mgr.

HOTEL CHELSEA
Occupying entire block of ocean front in the fashionable Chelsea section.
300 bed-chambers with private baths (fresh and sea water). High-class orchestra, cafe, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet. Open all year. J. B. THOMPSON & CO.

SHAPIRO'S
HOTEL BRITAIN
Vermont & Oriental Aves.
Fireproof—Elevator—Dietary Laws.
Formerly of Maryland Ave.
Bookings for season upon application.

The Breakers
OCEAN FRONT FIREPROOF
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS

"THE PENNHURST"
Michigan Ave., at Boardwalk. Capacity 250. Running hot and cold water in rooms. Suites with bath. Private garage. Special holiday rates. WM. R. HOOD, Prop.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

The WILTSHIRE
Virginia Av. and Beach. Cap. 350. Private baths; running water; elevator, etc. Amer. plan. SAMUEL ELLIS, Owner. W. J. COLLINS, Mgr.

THE SENATOR Virginia Ave. at Boardwalk. Fireproof. Amer. Plan $4.00 day. Come now and spend the holidays with us. Comfortable, homelike Christmas with bountiful tree. Will you be here?

THE AMBASSADOR
Atlantic City's Newest and Most Exclusive Hotel.

The Outlook for 1921

THE ANNUAL REVIEW of The Annalist, January 3, 1921, will be an authoritative survey for 1920 of the financial and commercial conditions in the United States and will present forecasts of authorities on the probable trend of financial, industrial and economic developments of 1921.

Expressions of opinion on the business activities of the present year and the prospects for the coming year will be contributed by

James B. Forgan, Chairman Board of Directors, First National Bank of Chicago.

George M. Reynolds, President, Continental and Commercial National Bank, Chicago.

Emory N. Clark, President, First and Old Detroit National Bank.

F. M. Prince, Chairman Executive Committee, First National Bank of Minneapolis.

John G. Lonsdale, President, National Bank of Commerce, St. Louis.

Review of the past year and a survey of the coming year by Alfred Dana Noyes, Financial Editor of The New York Times.

Wealth and income of the United States, by B. M. Anderson Jr., Chase National Bank.

An article on cotton as it grows and a discussion of the raw product market by Sol Wexler of J. S. Bache & Co.

Prospects for cotton goods in 1921, by Charles Bernheimer.

The worsted and woolen industries, by Alexander Walker, Vice President of Strong, Hewat & Co.

The building outlook for 1921, by Allen E. Beals.

Articles on the fundamental industries—steel, copper, shipping, oil and others.

Otto Kahn's views on taxation.

A chart of Stock Exchange averages for the last nine years—1912 to date.

A bond chart for the same years.

A chart of the Food Cost of Living—1914 to date.

Complete record of stock market transactions.

Full list of maturities.

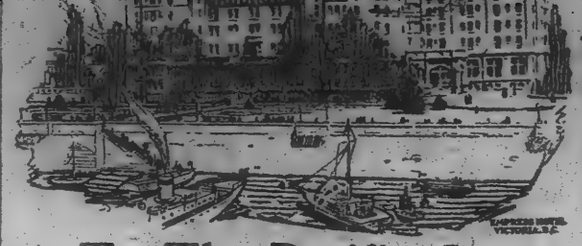
The Annalist's Review will be of permanent value to all bankers, brokers, manufacturers, merchants, exporters and importers, for it will present, in a convenient form, the most important financial and commercial data of the year.

ANNUAL REVIEW

THE ANNALIST

January 3, 1921

Published by The New York Times Co.
Times Square, New York.
Order in advance from your newsdealer.



To The Pacific Coast
and Its Winter Resorts

Go or Return by the Transcontinental Route through the Canadian Pacific Rockies—the marvelous Christmas Fairyland. Sleeping and dining cars—unexcelled for service and comfort—compartment observation cars, etc.

VICTORIA, B. C., the Garden City of Canada, nestles midst verdant islands, just across the blue waters of Juan de Fuca. Its warm, open climate, splendid drives and parkways, golf courses, sports, fishing and boating, combined with the delightful hospitality of the Empress Hotel, make it an exceptionally attractive resort for the winter tourist.

VANCOUVER, B. C., the gateway to the Orient is connected by steamship with Victoria; also by steamship or rail with Seattle and other Pacific Coast cities. Vancouver Hotel of metropolitan standard, overlooks this Aladdin City where Western enterprise vies with the glamour of mountains, canyons, big trees and the sparkling Pacific.

From Coast to Coast are Canadian Pacific Hotels
Quebec—Montreal—Winnipeg—Calgary—Vancouver—Victoria

Canadian Pacific Railway
For full information, call or write for Tour P 113
F. R. PERRY, General Agent, Passenger Department
1231 Broadway New York City

Florida's Newest and Most Beautiful Hotel
THE FLAMINGO
Miami Beach, Florida
AMERICA'S WINTER PLAYGROUND
OPENS JANUARY FIRST
Fireproof. 200 Rooms, each with Private Bath
Exceptional Appointments, Service and Cuisine
18 and 9 Hole Golf Courses
Bathing in Ocean or Pool
Polo—Yachting—Fishing—Tennis—Ideal Motor Roads
UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE FURNISHED BUNGALOWS
For Information and Booklet Address
C. S. KROM, Manager

SOUTHERN STATES.

IN THE TROPICAL ZONE OF FLORIDA
MIAMI
WHERE WINTER IS TURNED TO SUMMER



SPEND THE WINTER IN MIAMI
The Wonder City By The Sea
The most Popular and Fastest Growing Winter Resort in America
(Census gain 440 per cent)
Average Temperature 75.0° — Miami is the most southern City on the mainland of the United States. The Gulf Stream, passing through the Florida Straits, is narrowest opposite Miami, where it is but 45 miles to the Bahama Islands. These two features are accountable for Miami having the most equitable climate in the world.
Arthur Pryor's Famous Band
Concerts Twice Daily in
ROYAL PALM PARK
December to April
COME TO MIAMI and Live an Outdoor Life
Golf, Tennis, Polo, Fishing, Yachting, Motoring, Hunting, Flying, Surf Bathing, etc.
SIGHT SEEING TRIPS to Orange and tropical Fruit Groves, Sugar Plantations, in Everglades and to Florida Keys.
MIAMI MID-WINTER REGATTA on Biscayne Bay, Feb. 10, 11, 12, 1921
Fastest Boats in the World will compete.
Throw off the fears of a bitter winter and join the smiling throng.
50 Hotels, 75 Apartment Houses, Thousands of Cottages. Now open
For further information and Hotel List, address
MIAMI CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
MIAMI, FLA.



THREE HILLS, WARM SPRINGS
Bath County, Virginia.
Fine Alive From Hot Springs.
Elev. 2,700 ft. Fine mountain scenery, driving, riding. Accommodations in private family for few guests, all year. Large, attractive house, two cottages; garage; electricity, vapor heat, open fires; 40 acres; good table, own garden, eggs, milk, butter. Tennis court, famous golf links 15 min. by automobile.
$40 and above a week; references.
Apply, MISS ELOISE JOHNSTON

QUI-SI-SANA SPA HOTEL
Green Cove Springs, Florida.
Fireproof hotel with modern improvements and conveniences. Hot sulpho-magnesia springs and baths, golf, bathing casino, tennis, hunting. Rates $5.00 per day and upwards with meals.
Summer connection: Hotel Dunmere, Lake Dunmore, Vt.; Hotel Marion, Lake George, N. Y.
ROSCOE A. MARVEL.

Hotel Bon Air AUGUSTA GA.
Delightful for a Winter Vacation
OPEN DECEMBER 15th
Two full 18-hole courses—in splendid condition
C. G. TRUSSELL, Manager

MORGANTON, N. C., in famous Piedmont section, sixty miles east of Asheville. For rent, lovely furnished apartment; well heated, five rooms and two baths, or three rooms and bath. MRS. MART PERKINS.

MANHATTAN HOTEL St. Petersburg, Florida. Select, modern, winter home hotel.

Palm Beach Hotel Atlantic largest hotel. 400 rooms, baths 200, cafe. Less formal, more moderate rates. Warm sea baths.

SOUTHERN STATES.

NEW ORLEANS
"The Paris of America"
Central Ticket Offices of all Principal Railroad and Steamship Lines in St. Charles Lobby. Illustrated Folders on Request.
The St. Charles
One of America's leading hotels. Accommodating over 1000 guests.
ALFRED S. AMER & CO., Ltd. Proprietors

THE DESPLAND
The Largest and Most Modern Hotel at
DAYTONA
ON THE FAMOUS FLORIDA "EAST COAST"
OPEN JAN. 3rd. Booklet.
SUPERB OCEAN BEACH SEA BATHING
GOLF
TENNIS
FISHING
BOATING
DANCING
ORCHESTRA
AFTERNOON TEA
MANY PRIVATE BATHS
HOT AND COLD RUNNING WATER IN PRACTICALLY EVERY ROOM
ELEVATOR
STEAM HEAT
ELECTRIC LIGHT
LEON M. WAITE, Manager.

FRANKLIN ARMS
FORT MYERS FLORIDA
Franklin Arms Hotel
FORT MYERS
Florida
Now open. Rooms with or without bath. Finest hunting and fishing. 18-hole Ross Golf Course. Tennis and Bathing.
Booklet on Request.
E. V. McANDREW, Manager.

Florida's Most Attractive Resort
Hotel Royal Palm
FORT MYERS
On the beautiful Caloosahatchee River
OPEN JAN. 8th TO APRIL 10th.
18-hole Golf Course, Grass Greens, Yachting, Horse Back Riding, Motoring, Tennis, Fine Fishing and Hunting. Sulphur Swimming Pool, Orchestra, Elevator, Superior Cuisine. Accommodates 200.
Every Room with Private Bath.
J. L. NELSON, Manager.
For Booklet Address Town & Country, 8 W. 40th St., New York.

THE KIRKWOOD
On Camden Heights
SOUTH CAROLINA
OPEN JAN. TO MAY
18-hole Golf, Riding, Climate
T. EDMUND KRUMBHOLZ

ST. PETERSBURG, FLORIDA
"The Sunshine City"
Hotel Poinsettia
150 rooms, 100 baths. American plan. Steam heated. Modernly equipped. Ownership management.
TAMPA BAY HOTEL On West Coast of Florida.
Season Jan. 1 to April 10. 2 Eighteen-Hole Golf Courses. W. F. Adams, Mgr.
TARPON INN Tarpon Springs, Florida.
The Coast. Bath room with each. Golf, grass greens. H. V. DALTON, Mgr.

"Smiles that make you happy"—
ON the face of every visitor to that Land of Summertime, in the sparkling, blue waters, in the heavenly skies and golden beaches, on the golf links and in the waving palm trees—smiles everywhere to welcome you to a most delightful winter. It's the one true garden spot of the world, where good health is the rule, and beauty, entertainment and hospitality reign supreme.
SURF BATHING FISHING SAILING
TENNIS AVIATION YACHTING
MOTORING RIDING GOLF
ST. AUGUSTINE Ponce de Leon and Alcazar
ORMOND-on-the-Halifax Ormond
PALM BEACH Breakers and Royal Poinciana
MIAMI Royal Palm
LONG KEY Long Key Fishing Camp
KEY WEST Casa Marina
NASSAU, Bahama Isl'ds. Colonial and Royal Victoria
Through Pullman Trains from New York to St. Augustine, Ormond, Palm Beach, Miami and to Key West for Havana.
FOR FULL INFORMATION AND BOOKLET WRITE
FLORIDA EAST COAST
(Flagler System)
243 Fifth Avenue, New York. General Offices, St. Augustine, Fla.

The BELLEVIEW and COTTAGES
BELLEAIR HEIGHTS, Florida



Florida will appeal to you more than ever before—at the Belleview, a great comfortable Winter home, set in a Southern paradise, overlooking the Gulf of Mexico. Its happy, spirited season starts January 6th.
Two 18-hole Donald Ross golf courses. Interesting tournaments all season. Smooth clay courts for tennis. Game fishing in the Gulf, or happy hours yachting. Bathing, trap-shooting, motoring, horseback riding, airplaning. Symphony concerts in the morning, dancing in the evening. Kindergarten and elementary classes for children under competent instructors.
Through Pullmans to the doors from New York and Chicago.
Address The Biltmore, New York, for information and reservations.
JOHN McE. BOWMAN, Pres. EARLE E. CARLEY, V.P. C. A. JUDKINS, Mgr.

FLORIDA On the famous "East Coast"
OPEN JAN. 5TH
HOTEL CLARENDON Absolutely Fireproof
and COTTAGES—SEABREEZE—R.R. Station DAYTONA
Directly on the Ocean and overlooking one of the finest beaches in the world. Excellent 18-Hole Golf Course, with Grass Greens, Sea Bathing, Fishing, Tennis, Motoring, Horseback Riding, Trap-shooting, Turkish Bath, Broker's Office.
E. L. Potter, President C. J. Root, Manager
NEW YORK BOOKING OFFICE, 1180 BROADWAY

KENILWORTH LODGE
in the Florida hill-and-lake country
Facing beautiful Lake Jackson, surrounded by orange groves, through which rambles a sporty 6100-yard 18-hole golf course, Kenilworth Lodge is among the nation's most noteworthy resorts.
Modern building, steam heated throughout. Every room with bath.
Applications for season opening January 5 now being received.
KENILWORTH LODGE COMPANY
Address to Jan. 1—405 Guardian Building, Cleveland
After Jan. 1—Sebring, Florida
Also ask Mr. Foster Service—220 West 42d Street
Manager: Frank H. Wiggins, formerly with Imperial and Vanderbilt Hotels. *Office Manager:* L. B. Sprague, Manager Buckwood Inn, Shawnee Golf Course.
Mr. Sprague may be reached at Town and Country Hotel Bureau, 6 West 40th St.
KENILWORTH LODGE

SOUTHERN STATES.
HOTEL SALT AIR WEST PALM BEACH.
Leading hotel, entire block lake front, overlooking Royal Poinciana; hot & cold running water & phone every room; private baths, private balconies, overlooking tropical gardens; spacious verandas; ocean bathing, golf, fishing, sailing; most delightful social life in America. STRAAT & MAAS.

PARTRIDGE INN
AUGUSTA, GA.
SEASON JAN. 3rd TO APRIL.
Capacity 200.
IDEAL WINTER CLIMATE.
Two of the Finest 18-Hole Golf Courses in the South, Nearby.

GOLF AT ST. AUGUSTINE
HOTEL ALCAZAR
Now Open
PONCE DE LEON
Opens January 4th
FLORIDA'S IDEAL WINTER CLIMATE

EUSTIS, FLORIDA The heart of the Lake Region.
OCKLAWAHA HOTEL.
A charming Winter hotel, beautifully remodeled. Good Golf, Fishing, Sailing, Hunting, Motoring. Reasonable Rates.
Lewis N. Wiggins, Owner and Manager.

NEW ENGLAND.

A Delightful Winter Resort in a Real Colonial Setting in the Heart of the Berkshire Hills
Phelps Tavern
Litchfield, Connecticut
Historical tavern that has served well the wayfarer and visitor for over 138 years.
Peace and quiet in this New England village, with its natural beauties and bracing air, rejuvenates the tired business man and brings contentment to all who seek health and happiness.
Unsurpassed New England Cooking
Delightful for the Week-End
Special Rates on Application

BOXWOOD MANOR
IN OLD LYME, CONN.
Open the year round. Beautiful estate; spacious rooms with private bath, steam heat and open fireplaces. Excellent table. Rates four dollars per day. Twenty-five dollars per week.
Especially nice for parties or week end guests.
Elaborate Christmas and New Year's dinners.
Telephone or write
J. W. DOWS, OLD LYME, CONN.

If You Are Tired or Need a Change YOU WILL FIND THE
WELDON HOTEL
GREENFIELD, MASS.
One of the most comfortable in New England. It affords all home comforts without extravagance.

PENNSYLVANIA.
THE EASTON SANITARIUM
Established 25 Years.
Private, homelike, personal care; outdoor recreation and occupation year round; delightfully located; two hours from New York City, 68 miles from Philadelphia; booklet. Address Box 186, Easton, Pa.

WASHINGTON, D. C.
HAMILTON
14th & K Sts., N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.
A Select Family and Transient Hotel
Ideal Location. Modern appointments and home-like. Good table. American plan. Rates reasonable. Special rates for a prolonged stay. Booklet. Irving T. Bell, Prop.

MICHIGAN.
MOUNT CLEMENS MINERAL BATHS
World renowned for Rheumatism, Nervousness and that run-down condition. Open all the year. Twenty miles from Detroit. Write for Booklet. Business Men's Assoc., Mt. Clemens, Mich.

BERMUDA
REACHED IN TWENTY MINUTES FROM STEAMBOAT LANDING BY CARRIAGE OR PENNY.
Hotel Belmont
Delightfully located on high elevation Overlooking Hamilton Harbour
Shady Nooks, Pleasant Walks, Beautiful Drives, Boating, Bathing, Tennis, Music. Twenty Acres of Land.
Table Supplied from Home Farms. Electric lights, steam heat, private baths, telephones, hot and cold water in every room. Everything new and up to date in furnishings. Excellent table and service.
Broad Verandas and Spacious Sun Parlors.
Weekly rates on application.
W. H. WOOD, Mgr.,
Warwick, East Bermuda.
Open Dec. 6th, 1920.

"Islands of Sunshine."



The Hamilton Hotel
BERMUDA
"The Queen of Winter Resorts"
The largest and finest hotel on the islands—kind of fireproof construction; modern in equipment and operation. Golf, tennis, boating, riding, driving, dancing. 150 rooms, parlors, etc. Every room has bath. Sun parlor 200 feet long. Grill, 400 outside rooms—250 with connecting bath. Open Dec. 23.
Hamilton Hotel Company
N. Y. Office, 489 Fifth Ave.
(Booklet)

BERMUDA

form of a bill which has already passed the House, to build a tariff wall against Canadian farm products. In this gloomy time of dark reaction, following the great war, this has been but one among numerous measures which are to carry into effect a carefully formed policy of the reactionaries. But the proposed tariff against Canada deserves special analysis and understanding on the part of our American public. This measure will have a far-reaching effect not only upon our commerce with Canada, but upon our general relations with the Canadian Government and the Canadian people. In this article I propose to deal only with the most superficial and readily comprehended economic aspects of a proposed law.

Since the beginning of the great war our trade with Canada has grown into huge proportions. However much these figures may be studied by American manufacturing and commercial and financial interests, I feel positive that less than 1 per cent. of our population have given the matter the slightest consideration. A brief statistical résumé is therefore necessary in order to approach the subject with the basic facts in mind. Our imports from Canada for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1915, were only $177,594,210. For the ten months ending Oct. 30, 1920, our imports from Canada totaled $489,187,307.

Striking as this growth appears to be, our export total to Canada shows an even greater increase. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1915, we exported $345,045,836 worth. For the ten months ending Oct. 31 this year our sale of goods to Canada reached the sum of $841,193,136. Our average monthly imports from Canada are 83 per cent. greater than they were five years ago. Our average monthly exports have increased 29 per cent., and we have not yet, if we are wise, come to the end of this growth.

Whatever satisfaction both American and Canadian producing interests may derive from a study of the figures just cited, there is a larger political and social aspect of the matter which I wish particularly to emphasize here. The peoples of Canada and the United States bear a relation to each other which we discover among no other two peoples in the whole world. In almost every regard, excepting alone in political allegiance, we are exactly the same. During the last three years I have had the privilege of speaking publicly in scores of Canadian cities and towns. To leave the great semi-foreign and polyglot city of New York and travel five hundred miles to the middle-Western province of Ontario gives to me exactly the same feeling of home-going which I experience on my way to my native State of Ohio. To any born American and English speaking Canadian the imaginary line which separates our two countries has no larger significance whatsoever. Over 500,000 Canadian French are employed in New England and New York. A total of more than a million Canadians have found homes with us, and more than a million of our citizens have settled permanently in Canada. Thousands of Canadian students have been educated in American schools and universities. Not only is our economic system rapidly becoming unified into a coherent whole; our populations are actually mixing much more rapidly than our American people of the Northern and Southern sections.

The very essence of our economic union with Canada is free trade. We have already suffered on both sides from such tariffs as obtain between us. We are exporting this year to Canada $84,000,000 worth a month. We are importing from Canada a monthly total of $49,000,000 a month. The monthly balance of trade in our favor is thus $35,000,000 a month. The result of this is that Canadian exchange has fallen to eighty-four cents on the dollar. This difference of exchange already sets up on the frontier of Canada a tariff wall of 16 per cent. on every dollar's worth of goods we ship. The result will now be very quickly perceived by every producing class in America, as well as by our purely commercial and financial interests. We have come to a time of world-wide business depression. During the war, and the eighteen months of heightened business activity following the war, our export trade with Canada flourished despite the depreciation of the Canadian dollar as a purchaser in our markets. At the present time, however, without any tariff tinkering whatsoever, our export trade with Canada is in a position of the greatest possible danger. The Canadian dollar, 16 per cent. below par in our markets, is 13 per cent. above par in the British markets. That is, when a Canadian merchant buys in New York he receives eighty-four cents' worth of goods for his dollar. In the British market, however, the Canadian merchant spending his money for the same sort of goods receives a dollar and thirteen cents' worth. Our American business interests generally are so blindly ignorant of these things, apparently, that they are not concerned. The war prosperity of these six years has driven the nations stark mad. Verily, Divine Providence does care for orphans, lunatics and the United States! But the providential boot is now about to make violent contact with the person of our national economic structure.

Let us summarize. Our stupendous total of export trade, which will total over eight billions of dollars for the present calendar year, is not in the least a sound growth. It came largely with the conditions of war, and will tend as largely to recede with the recession of war conditions. Over a billion dollars of these exports, during the present calendar year, are being taken by the Dominion of Canada. Congress now proposes, with all the innocence and ignorance of feeble-minded childhood, to prevent the people of Canada from sending into our markets the $587,000,000 worth of goods with which they are partly paying for their purchases from us. What words can be found to express the full meaning of this unheard-of economic insanity?

Finally, it is all done under the guise of "protection" for the American farmer. Is there no organization which can state to our American farmers with the utmost emphasis the inevitable result for them, viz.: That if we cut our exports to Canada in half, our city population, which produces these manufactured goods, will have five hundred million dollars less a year to spend in our own markets. This five-hundred-million-dollar loss to ourselves will not necessarily accrue to the interest of

LOYAL ALIENS.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The statement of Attorney General Palmer anent aliens and anarchy and the able reply and comment of Edward Hale Bierstadt in your paper were read by me with interest, as I am deeply concerned in the assimilation of the immigrant into the American.

In 1911-13, in cordial answer to a suggestion of mine, the Board of Education of New London, Conn., where I was then living, placed at my disposal the night school to carry on for Italians, of whom there was a large colony, many unable to understand English. A number of American teachers volunteered their services, and I attended to the work of explaining about America, its laws and language and what it meant to be an American citizen. Lectures by noted men were also arranged by me.

There were many young men in my classes. In giving out a sentence containing the word "church" they ceased writing and looked at me peculiarly. I at once understood. They were not willing to write a word in which they did not believe. They considered themselves Anarchists.

But after a frank explanation, looking at the matter from their point of view and mine and showing them what they had not thought of, they went ahead very cheerfully to do all their tasks and become good American citizens. This was really Americanization work.

When we declared war against Germany, they were the first to volunteer to fight for the United States, which was now their home.

In 1918, when the Allies had their back to the wall, and America was preparing her third contingent, at the request of the committee, here in Hartford, I worked voluntarily, in explaining the methods and registering Italians. Hundreds came to the hall. Wives accompanied their husbands, carrying little ones in their arms and holding others by the hand. They were willing their men should go to war for the country which was to be the home of those children.

Not one of the men made a plea for exemption though many might rightly have done so.

Among them was a man who had five children, a wife and a blind mother.

"Why do you not claim exemption? Your case deserves it," I asked.

"Why should I? The country needs me. I must go."

"What will your family do without you?"

"What would they do if the Germans came? I must go."

The simple nobility of this answer struck to my soul. I was abashed that my heart had prompted my query.

Of such material are thousands of those who come to this shore, not to arouse anarchy but hoping for work and freedom and happiness.

NELLA E. GUIBONE.

Hartford, Dec. 20, 1920.

BUYING A FRENCH HOTEL.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have just returned from France after spending three months in quest of a hotel to purchase cheap with American dollars. I found every hotel run in a manner unknown to us for comfort and good management. American investors would never think of using so much space for bedrooms and furnishing them with such beds and sofas. One day sitting in one of them I thought I was falling on the floor. To my great surprise, I found myself resting in such a comfortable arm chair that I spent the night in it.

I had a room in one of the modern hotels with a terrace that only our kings of finance in their own homes can afford. I paid 50 francs a day ($3), breakfast served in my room for 2 francs 50 centimes, lunch with seven courses for 17 francs 50 centimes, dinner, with music, for 20 francs, or equal to $2.75 in American money, a day for three meals. Cuisine! Patisserie that would make the mouth water of the Broadway French pastry shop habitues.

I had heard in America that hotels were for sale in France. I called on several hotel proprietors. I told one that I wanted to purchase his hotel. He listened very attentively, but I quickly discovered that I could tell my interpreter to wait for me in the hall. The first thing this hotelier said was: "I will open my books to you, monsieur, and you will see my profits last year amounted to 2,130,000 francs, but that does not include the 10 per cent. tax de luxe to the Government." When I heard this last sentence I thought that I was back in the States.

I tried not to display my astonishment. "I will sell to an American," he said, "because that is a good investment for your dollars, and les Americains sont des gens d'affaires. I ask 15,000,000 francs, Monsieur. That is a small amount."

I called on another hotelier and he also was willing to retire, but upon hearing his remarks I felt that I would have to make him a rentier.

My experience has been that to buy a hotel in France I would have to spend two years in a hotel college to learn the art of cooking, to learn how to bow, &c.

Hotels in France are run a great deal more economically than in America, hence the real comfort, perfect attendance and prices so moderate.

The Americans who miss this chance never will have it again to live in France three times cheaper than the French live themselves.

W. B. DINARD.

New York, Dec. 8, 1920.

RETURN OF KIAO-CHAU.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The interview of Baron Hayashi, the head of the Japanese delegation to the League of Nations, with newspaper correspondents in Geneva last week regarding the restoration of Kiao-chau, is very interesting, indeed. He first said, "Japan is perfectly prepared to give back Kiao-chau as soon as possible." Then he made a condition for the return that "we must be assured that trade in Shantung shall be given." Again he made another condition that only when China is set in order, "we could negotiate and give back Kiao-chau, which we intend else will take it"?

If Japan wishes to return Kiao-chau to China, she may do it today. No negotiation with China is necessary, as this action is only to redeem her own promise, which is an unconditional restoration, to the Big Three at the Peace Conference.

Trade in Shantung has been open to the world. China has opened many ports in Shantung for foreign trade at her own initiative. This proves that China is willing to trade with the world and Japan need have no fear of losing this right after the restoration of Kiao-chau. In fact, the Japanese merchants are quite competent to secure this right for themselves without assistance from their Government. Moreover, no guarantee has been necessary in other ports in China for foreign trade. In these ports the foreign trade has been as flourishing as is that in Kiao-chau today.

Baron Hayashi is afraid to return Kiao-chau to China because the Peking Government is not strong and there are political factions in China. If Japan intends to do it, she does not need to wait until the Peking Government becomes strong. The Chinese Government is strong enough to give her a receipt and to guarantee that China will not ask Japan for another Kiao-chau. But, if she wishes to secure something in return for the restoration of Kiao-chau, then any Government will be too weak, because the people will not consent to it. Japan was not afraid, it may be noted, to deal with the Peking Government when the Anfu Party was in power, when the Southern and Northern factions were already in existence. She did not doubt the authority of the then Government, but does that of the present one. Is it because the present Government is not pro-Japanese?

Japan cannot discriminate between the political factions in China. If she does, it is a violation of international law. Be there revolution or not in China, a foreign Government must look to only the Government which she has already recognized. The Peking Government is responsible for everything China does. Japan need have no fear nor hesitation in returning Kiao-chau today.

J. S. TOW.

New York, Dec. 15, 1920.

THE IRISH OF 1776.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In discussing the question of the numerical strength of the old native Irish and the Scotch-Irish in the Revolutionary Army, your correspondent, Michael J. O'Brien, asserts in positive terms that he has looked upon the records and decided the matter in favor of the old native Irish. Might I suggest to Mr. O'Brien that there are several angles he has probably overlooked? The total enrolment of troops on the American side was 309,781, and Mr. O'Brien's estimate of 38 per cent. Irish would equal 117,716. Now, it is well known that the native or Celtic Irish are of the Catholic faith. The Catholic Encyclopaedia estimates the total number of Catholics in the Colonies at the outbreak of hostilities at 26,000 (men and women); and as there were only twenty-six priests to minister to them the accuracy of the estimate cannot be questioned. Furthermore, in 1790 Bishop Carroll gave his official figures as 30,000 Catholics in the entire country. If we should assume that one-third of the Catholics were capable of bearing arms and that they were all Irish of native stock, we would obtain less than 9,000 Celtic Irish in the Continental Army.

It is preposterous to assert that the majority of native Irish were non-Catholics, and the deduction is that the mass of Irish in the American Army was not Celtic Irish.

How Irish are people with Irish patronymics? The descendants of Irish who arrived in the seventeenth century and the early part of the eighteenth century must have been largely absorbed in the native stock at the beginning of the war, and a Kelly or a Murphy might have one-quarter to one-sixteenth Irish blood and be a Puritan of Puritans.

I take up an almanac and look over a list of Protestant clergymen in the City of New York for the year 1910 and I find among them the following unmistakably Irish names: O'Brien, Murphy, McLaughlin, Riley, Fitzgerald, Kavanagh, Shannon, McConnell, McCague, McElveen, McCormick, Callahan, Slattery, McGown, McCune, Walsh, MacNulty, Sullivan, McKiernan, Carlin, McDermott, and Doyle. How many had both parents Irish? How many have Irish wives? I will wager that a majority have less Irish blood in their veins than their names would indicate and in many run to a very thin stream.

The Scotch who played so prominent a part on the British side were chiefly Highlanders and kin to the Celtic Irish in race and language. The Ulster Scots were chiefly from forebears who came from the lowlands of Scotland and the borders contiguous to the Tweed. They were Saxon by race or absorption, spoke no language but English and took their religion from Geneva in preference to Canterbury or Rome. Sir Walter Scott Ulster to America that made up the bulk of the Irish of Revolutionary fame; and history duly records it.

The native Irish fought well, no doubt, according to their numbers in the American Army, but it should not be overlooked that they also fought well for Great Britain, for at the Battle of Bunker Hill it was the Royal Irish Regiment that carried the last breastworks and made certain the British victory.

This letter is not written in a spirit of controversy, but in the interest of historic truth.

JOHN HATTON.

New York, Dec. 22, 1920.

Choosing Immigrants.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The National Security League wishes to point out a serious defect in practically all the many suggested solutions for the immigration problem. While containing many excellent points, they seem inspired solely by economic considerations.

The National Security League regards the whole subject of immigration to be based upon two fundamental principles.

The first is quality immigration. That is to say, immigrants should be chosen by Uncle Sam in the same way that an employer examines the quality and fitness of an employe as to his or her honesty, sobriety, industry, observance of law and order, clearness of mind and body, freedom from obnexious political activity, absence of criminal record, &c.

The second point is the adaptability to American principles and ideals of government and of life. Most of the proposed immigrant legislation perpetuates the vital defect of the past, namely, too much emphasis on economic adaptability and usefulness. This is important, but only secondary to the burning question of whether we are going to assimilate our foreign elements or whether they are going to denaturalize us. Investigation can easily demonstrate what class or group of immigrants have been most readily Americanized, in principles, in language and in other ways, and those groups should be given reasoned preference as against an automatic and unreasoned numerical method of selection.

Our Tower of Babel must be converted into a Temple of Americanism.

THE NATIONAL SECURITY LEAGUE,
Charles D. Orth, President.

New York, Dec. 21, 1920.

The Hotel at San Juan is the finest resort hotel in the West Indies.

ALL-EXPENSE CRUISE
$180 AND UP

15 and 20 day cruises to and around this Island of Enchantment. Staunch modern steamers with every comfort. Rate covers all necessary expenses of meals and stateroom accommodations for entire trip to and around the Island and return to New York. Write for further particulars.

PORTO RICO LINE
11 Broadway, New York



Sailings from New York every Saturday and alternate Wednesday.

NIAGARA TO THE SEA.
For illustrated guide, address John F. Pierce, Dept. 102, Canada Steamship Lines, Ltd., Montreal, Canada.

AMERICAN EXPRESS TOURS AND CRUISES

Mediterranean
49 DAYS Jan. 15th, on Cunard Liner "Caronia" $1450 and up
Madeira, Gibraltar, Algeciras, Algiers, Monaco, Monte Carlo, Naples, Rome, Alexandria, Cairo, Athens, Palermo.

WEST INDIES CRUISES
Jan. 15th — Feb. 19th
Two enchanting cruises of 23 days each on palatial steamers of the Great White Fleet built for cruising in the tropics. Nearly all staterooms are outside and have private bath. $450 and up, including Shore Excursions. Visits will be made to Havana and Santiago, Cuba; Port Antonio and Kingston, Jamaica; Chistobal, Panama Canal; Port Limon and San Jose, Costa Rica.

SOUTH AMERICAN CRUISE
A Cruise-Tour—January 29th—70 Days—$2200 up
Down the West Coast on the luxurious Pacific Line Steamer "Ebro"—up the East Coast via the Lamport & Holt Line. Itinerary includes the best there is to see in South America.

Write, wire or phone for details.
Wherever you travel carry those spendable everywhere—American Express Travelers Cheques

AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVEL DEPARTMENT
118 West 39th St. Greeley 734-735 — 65 Broadway Bowling Green 10,000

CUNARD-ANCHOR

A trip to Europe offers a great deal at the present time that is inviting to the American business man. The rapid growth of American commercial prestige has opened up many opportunities which should be studied on the ground. Travel on one of our steamers. Accommodations, general appointments and cuisine are unexcelled.

Passenger and Freight Services from New York

CARMANIA	Liverpool	Dec. 28	Jan. 29	Feb. 19
CALABRIA	Gibraltar, Naples, Patras, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Dec. 28	—	—
VAUBAN	Liverpool	Jan. 4	—	—
CARONIA	Mediterranean Cruise, with Shore Excursions	Jan. 15	—	—
COLUMBIA	Londonderry and Glasgow	Jan. 15	Feb. 19	Mar. 26
K. A. VICTORIA	Liverpool	Jan. 15	Feb. 15	—
PANNONIA	Piraeus, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Jan. 18	—	—
IMPERATOR	Cherbourg and Southampton	Jan. 20	Feb. 17	—
SAXONIA	Halifax, Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg	Jan. 22	—	—
ITALIA	Vigo, Patras, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Feb. 1	—	—
AQUITANIA	Cherbourg and Southampton	Feb. 3	Feb. 26	Mar. 22
ALBANIA (New)	Plymouth, Cherbourg and London	Feb. 8	Mar. 15	Apr. 19
SAXONIA	Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg	Mar. 1	Apr. 12	—
SCYTHIA (New)	Liverpool	Mar. —	Apr. 2	Apr. 23
CAMERONIA (New)	Londonderry and Glasgow	Mar. 5	Apr. 6	May 4
MAURETANIA	Cherbourg and Southampton	Mar. 10	Apr. 7	May 12

List of later Sailings on Request

The R. M. S. "CARONIA" will sail on January 15th for a seven weeks' round trip to the
MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT AND THE NILE
A most tempting opportunity
CUNARD LINER, CUNARD CUISINE, CUNARD SERVICE
and an itinerary planned with only one aim—that of the passengers' enjoyment and comfort.
OFFICES: 21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL SERVICE
SATISFACTION COURTESY

EUROPE
FRANCE, ITALY, SPAIN
JANUARY, FEBRUARY, MARCH.

WEST INDIES
Special Cruise S. S. "Megantic." Jan. 22d-Feb. 21st.

CALIFORNIA
ALL RAIL—RAIL-WATER, or Via PANAMA CANAL DIRECT.

BERMUDA
"40 HOURS—Frost to Flowers." Semi-weekly Sailings.
ASK BELL ALL ABOUT BERMUDA
BERMUDA TRAVEL BUREAU

FLORIDA and CUBA
ALL EAST COAST AND WEST COAST RESORTS

AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL BUREAU
130 W. 42d St. — BUSH TERM. SALES BLDG. Tel. Bryant 9800—1518.
15 Park Row — PARK ROW BLDG. Tel. Barclay 5877—5878.
NEWARK (N. J.), 835 BROAD ST., ROOM 2. TEL. MARKET 1110

CRPS
CANADIAN PACIFIC
Quickest time Across the Pacific
To the ORIENT
10 Days to JAPAN
14 Days to CHINA
17 Days to MANILA
TRAVEL IN COMFORT ON THE
Empress of Russia
Empress of Asia
Luxurious Accommodations: Single Cabins, Double Cabins, Suites—Bedroom, Sitting Room, Private Bath-room.

TO EUROPE
ST. JOHN, N. B., to LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW, LONDON, SOUTHAMPTON, HAVRE, ANTWERP.

1231 Broadway, New York. Phone Longacre 4110.
The Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.

NEW PASSENGER SERVICE
TO HAVANA
By the fast and modernly equipped
S. S. "CUBA"
Sailing from
JACKSONVILLE, FLA.
Every Saturday
(Sailing of Dec. 25 changed to Dec. 27)
From HAVANA every Tuesday
FIRST CLASS ONLY
RATE $35 and up, according to location; includes berth & meals.
For Further Information Address
MIAMI STEAMSHIP CO.
PASSENGER DEPT. Ft. Catherine St. Jacksonville, Fla. | GENERAL OFFICES 23 B'way, N. Y. C. Tel., Broad 179-3263

SPANISH ROYAL MAIL LINE
COMPANIA TRASATLANTICA
FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICES.
To CADIZ and BARCELONA
R. M. S. Isla De Panay.....Jan. 4
R. M. S. Buenos Aires.....Abord Jan. 20
To VIGO, CORUNA, GIJON and BILBAO
R. M. S. Alfonso XIII.....Jan. 8
FREQUENT SAILINGS
To HAVANA and VERA CRUZ
For Further Particulars Apply to LUIS LLANSO, Agent.
Pier 3, E. R. Telephone Bowling Green 6154

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
Via Plymouth and Boulogne-Sur-Mer
N. AMSTDAM..Noon Dec. 28 Feb. 19 Mar. 26
RYNDAM.....Noon Jan. 8 Feb. 12 Mar. 19
ROTTERDAM..Noon Jan. 25 Mar. 1 Apr. 9
NOORDAM...Noon Apr. 2 May 7
General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

SWEDISH AMERICAN LINE
Short Route to Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Finland, Russia, Germany, &c.
Direct to
GOTHENBURG—SWEDEN
LARGE MODERN STEAMERS
S. S. DROTTNINGHOLM..Dec. 30 Feb. 10
S. S. STOCKHOLM.....Jan. 22 Mar. 10
Superior Accommodations, 1st, 2d & 3d Classes.
Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

AUSTRALIA
NEW ZEALAND—SOUTH SEAS.
Via Tahiti and Rarotonga. Mail and passenger service from San Francisco, sailing every 28 days. UNION STEAMSHIP CO. OF NEW ZEALAND.
230 California St., San Francisco, Cal., or THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway, N.Y.

SPAIN Compañia Transmediterranea
REGULAR PASSENGER SERVICE TO
CADIZ—BARCELONA
Tarragona—Valencia—Alicante—Cartagena—Malaga
S. S. ESCOLANO.....Jan. 1
Manuel Romani, Agt. 81 Beaver Street Tel. Hanover 8500

Norwegian America Line
NORWAY
SWEDEN—DENMARK
Continental Europe
Modern Twin Screw Steamers
Bergenfjord....Jan. 7 Feb. 18
Stavangerfjord...Jan. 28 Mar. 11
Passenger Office, 9-10 Bridge St., N. Y.

The Beauty of Health

THE glow of health alone gives beauty. It can't be camouflaged.

Women who are following the McGovern Methods of physical upbuilding at McGovern's Gymnasium will tell you that they feel and look as every woman wants to feel and appear.

Hours for women—9 to 1 o'clock.

All work individual.

McGOVERN'S GYMNASIUM
5 West 65th Street
New York City
Tel. Columbus 7988

WHITE STAR LINE
Nearby Sailings
OLYMPIC.... 1 P. M. Dec. 29 to Cherbourg and Southampton

NEW YORK—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON

OLYMPIC	1 P. M. Dec. 29	Mar. 23	Apr. 20
New York—Liverpool			
Celtic	12 Noon Jan. 15	Feb. 26	Apr. 2
Vedic (new)	12 Noon Jan. 26	—	—
Cedric	12 Noon	— Feb.	5 Mar. 12

ADRIATIC	12 Noon Jan. 19	Feb. 16	Mar. 16
New York—Boston—Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa			
Canopic	3 P. M. Dec. 28	Mar. 22	May 17
Cretic	3 P. M. Jan. 5	Mar. 8	May 3

AMERICAN LINE

New York—Cherbourg—Southampton (COMMENCING DEC. 31, N. Y., Plymouth and Cherbourg.)			
*Kroonland	12 Noon Dec. 31	Feb. 5	Mar. 12
*Lapland	12 Noon Jan. 8	Feb. 12	Mar. 19
*Finland	12 Noon Jan. 15	Feb. 19	Mar. 26
*Zeeland	12 Noon Jan. 22	Feb. 26	Apr. 2

*Red Star Line Steamers en route Antwerp.

New York—Hamburg Direct Service			
Manchuria	12 Noon Jan. 13	Feb. 24	Apr. 7
Mongolia	12 Noon Jan. 27	Mar. 10	Apr. 21

RED STAR LINE

New York—Cherbourg—Southampton—Antwerp (COMMENCING DEC. 31, N. Y., Plymouth, Cherbourg and Antwerp.)			
Kroonland	12 Noon Dec. 31	Feb. 5	Mar. 12
Lapland	12 Noon Jan. 8	Feb. 12	Mar. 19
Finland	12 Noon Jan. 15	Feb. 19	Mar. 26
Zeeland	12 Noon Jan. 22	Feb. 26	Apr. 2

New York—Danzig—via Hamburg
Third Class Passengers Only.
Gothland ... 12 Noon Jan. 12 Feb. 26 Apr. 13

International Mercantile Marine Company
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York. Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, North River.

SOUTH AMERICA



Luxuriously appointed passenger steamers of 17,000 tons displacement sailing from New York.

Pernambuco	S. S. Vasari Jan. 12
Bahia	S. S. Byron Jan. 22
Rio de Janeiro	S. S. Vauban Feb. 10
Montevideo	S. S. Tennyson Feb. 22
Buenos Aires	

Also frequent large and fast cargo steamers with comfortable accommodation for a few passengers. Connections for all parts of South America. For rates etc., apply Company's office, 45 Broadway, N. Y.
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE

Direct Sailings for
PIRAEUS
By the following steamers of
THE GREEK LINE
S. S. PATRIS.....Dec. 31
S.S. KING ALEXANDER..Jan. 13
(Ex. S. S. Cleveland of Hamburg-Am. Line)
S. S. MEGALI HELLAS..Jan. 21
N. GALANOS & COMPANY
30 Pearl St. Phone Bowling Green 0660.

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN



DENMARK, NORWAY, SWEDEN, GERMANY AND BALTIC STATES
Hellig Olav....Dec. 30
Frederick VIII..Jan. 28
United States..Feb. 24
Hellig Olav....Mar. 17
For Passenger Rates, etc., 1 B'way, N. Y.

U.S. MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY Inc.
100% American 100% Service
NEW YORK to QUEENSTOWN (Westbound) —BOULOGNE—LONDON
First Class Only
Luxurious new 16 Knot Ships
Sailings:
PANHANDLE STATE: Jan. 1—Feb. 5
OLD NORTH STATE: Jan. 15—Feb. 19
NEW YORK TO BREMEN AND DANZIG DIRECT
S.S. SUSQUEHANNA
Cabin and Third Class Only.
Sailing Dec. 30—Feb. 18.
Passenger Dept. 45 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 1200 Whitehall.
Freight Dept. 120 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 6300 Rector.

EGYPT-INDIA
AMERICAN & INDIAN LINE
NEW YORK direct to PORT SAID, KARACHI, BOMBAY, COLOMBO, CALCUTTA
S. S. CITY OF BENARES, DEC. 30
S.S. CITY OF MARSEILLES, JAN. 15
10,000 Ton Twin Screw Steamer.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS
First and second class only.
For rates of passage, etc., apply to
NORTON LILLY & Co.
26 Beaver St., New York City.
GEN. AGTS. FOR ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO. LTD.

Australia
OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO.
Fast U. S. mail ss. Sonoma, Ventura, 16,000 tons. Lloyds A1 register. Delightful service. Sydney short line—Samoa, Honolulu. Quickest passage. Lowest Rates. Pacific Tours, $325, 1st Class. Ventura sails Dec. 30; Sonoma, Jan. 25.
H. L. Bernett, 17 Battery Pl., N. Y.
Oceanic Bldg., 2 Pine St., San Francisco, Cal.
Fast Trans-Continental Service. Hotel System—Atlantic to Pacific.
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
F. R. PERRY, Gen. Agent, Passenger Dept. 1231 Broadway, New York City.

AVOID WINTER HERE-Travel To SUMMER LANDS
MUNSON STEAMSHIP LINES



SUMMER is in full bloom—below the Equator! Rio—Montevideo—Buenos Aires—are glowing now with gay, colorful life. Enchanting, natural beauties—interesting, charming peoples.

Why not leave the cold, inclement season? Change Winter to Summer.

The Munson Line takes you there quickly, comfortably, at moderate cost. Splendid steamers of the U. S. Shipping Board. Frequent Sailings. Full particulars of any Travel Agency or

MUNSON STEAMSHIP LINES
82-92 Beaver Street, New York
PHILADELPHIA CHICAGO ST. LOUIS BALTIMORE MOBILE

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique

From COVERED PIER to COVERED PIER
Affording Protection from the Cold and Discomforts of Winter
NEW YORK—HAVRE—PARIS
Fast liners direct to Havre pier—thence, direct by shortest rail route, to Paris
A unique steamship service for comfortable winter travel.
The Large, Fast, Popular, Quadruple Screw Liner
S. S. FRANCE Sailing JAN. 29 FEB. 17
Superior accommodations for all classes of transatlantic travelers. Renowned French cuisine—Juvenile Theatre. Every convenience and comfort that French thoughtfulness and courtesy can provide.

OTHER SAILINGS			
Lapplikka	Dec. 22	Feb. 16	
Rochambeau	Jan. 4	Mar. 3	Apr. 12
La Lorraine	Jan. 6	Feb. 5	Apr. 2
La Touraine	Jan. 15	Mar. 12	Apr. 13
France	Jan. 20	Feb. 17	Mar. 31
La Savoie	Jan. 29	Feb. 26	Mar. 30
Chicago	Feb. 15	Mar. 19	Apr. 30

HAMBURG DIRECT Niagara Jan. 5 — NEW YORK, BORDEAUX Caroline Dec. 29
FRENCH LINE, 19 STATE ST., NEW YORK

PANAMA-PERU-CHILE
6 DAYS 13 DAYS 15 DAYS
Fastest Direct Service
S. S. Santa Luisa, Dec. 29 | S. S. Santa Ana, Jan. 26
S. S. Santa Teresa, Jan. 12 | S. S. Santa Elisa, Feb. 9
First Cabin Exclusively — Excellent Cuisine — Every Comfort
Spacious Staterooms — Rooms with Bath
GRACE LINE
W. R. GRACE & CO., Agents
10 Hanover Square Tel. Bowling Green 4630 New York, N. Y.

TOURS - CRUISES

NO RUSHING—NO CROWDING—EVERYTHING FIRST CLASS.
The number of members of all parties is strictly limited. An experienced gentleman will escort each party as tour manager, and will attend to all details so as to ensure the comfort and enjoyment of the members. Only the best steamers, railroads and hotels will be used, and the liberal program of included sightseeing trips will be arranged in 6 or 7 passenger autos, or when preferable by the universal conveyance of the country visited.

WEST INDIES

23 Days
Special De Luxe Cruise Sailing January 22
New S. S. TOLOA
One of the newest and largest steamers of the GREAT WHITE FLEET, visiting
Havana, Santiago, Port Antonio, Kingston, Panama, Port Limon, Costa Rica
Rates, including shore excursions and all expenses, $460 and up. Most luxurious steamer, especially built for pleasure travel to the tropics; many rooms with bedsteads, private bath and cabin. Palm gardens, deck games, music, etc.

CHINA—JAPAN

Philippines—Honolulu
Small de luxe parties with escort. Each limited to 15 members.
Sailing from Pacific Coast—Feb. 5 Mar. 11 Apr. 12
Returning—June 12 June 28 Aug. 6

MEDITERRANEAN

Riviera, Northern Africa, Egypt, Holy Land, Italy, France
Small de luxe parties with escort. Each limited to 15 members. Sailing Jan. 29, Feb. 15 and later.
Rates $1,450 and up, 65 days and longer, including all expenses, permitting liberal amount of time at all places visited.

SOUTH AMERICA

Panama—East and West Coasts—Andes Mountains
Small de luxe parties with escort. Each limited to 15 members.
Sailing from New York—Dec. 29 Jan. 12 Jan. 26 Feb. 9 Feb. 23
Returning—Mar. 19 Mar. 26 Apr. 9 Apr. 21 May 5

CALIFORNIA & HONOLULU

Through California by private touring autos.
Grand Canyon—Apache Trail—Coast Resorts, etc.
Small de luxe parties with escort. Each limited to 15 members.
Departures: January, February and March.
Also special tour to California via steamer and Panama.

BERMUDA

Special Tours
Every Wednesday and Saturday; $75 and up for round trip. Tours of 8, 9, 12 days and longer, including hotels, transportation and sightseeing, $112.00 and up.

FLORIDA—CUBA

Visiting
St. Augustine, Daytona, Palm Beach, Miami, Havana, etc.
Small de luxe parties with escort. Each limited to 15 members.

STEAMSHIP RESERVATIONS TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD
As official agents of all steamship companies we will be pleased to furnish latest sailing lists, diagrams, rate sheets, and secure most desirable reservations at companies' regular rates.

Send for Itineraries and Information of Tour Desired, Dept. G.

FRANK TOURIST CO.

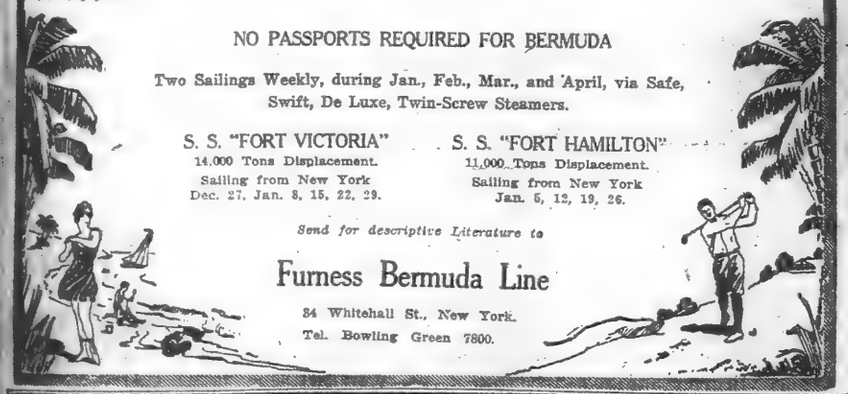
Established 1875. Tel. 7390 Vanderbilt.
489 Fifth Ave., bet. 41st and 42d Sts., New York
(Opposite Public Library)
Paris—10 Rue Eduard VII.

BERMUDA

"Nature's Fairyland"—2 Days from New York

Enchanting Isles for Rest or Play

In Bermuda, far from the ice and snow of the frozen North, in a quaint, old-world setting of incomparable loveliness, you may lazily rest, or play your favorite sports of golf, tennis, riding, driving, motor boating, sailing, bathing, and fishing, or dance at the gay parties at the many modern hotels. Join the many charming American families to whom Bermuda is each year a Mecca of vacation enjoyment.



NO PASSPORTS REQUIRED FOR BERMUDA

Two Sailings Weekly, during Jan., Feb., Mar., and April, via Safe, Swift, De Luxe, Twin-Screw Steamers.

S. S. "FORT VICTORIA"
14,000 Tons Displacement.
Sailing from New York
Dec. 27, Jan. 8, 15, 22, 29.

S. S. "FORT HAMILTON"
11,000 Tons Displacement.
Sailing from New York
Jan. 5, 12, 19, 26.

Send for descriptive Literature to

Furness Bermuda Line
34 Whitehall St., New York.
Tel. Bowling Green 7800.

Ideal Winter Cruises

West Indies—Panama Canal—South America
Leaving New York, January 22, February 21, March 23, 1921.
WHITE STAR LINE S. S. "MEGANTIC"
20,740 Tons Disp.—Largest Steamer to Tropics

$400 up
25-26 DAYS
SPECIALLY SELECTED PORTS OF CALL.

THE AMERICAN MEDITERRANEAN

International Mercantile Marine Co.
Offices: 9 Broadway, New York. Tel. Bowling Green 8300

RAYMOND-WHITCOMB

The Best in Travel — TOURS & CRUISES — The Best in Travel

WEST INDIES CRUISES

Delightful Caribbean Trips of 24 Days. Sailing Feb. 12, Mar. 5 and 26. Rates $450 and up.

SOUTH AMERICAN CRUISE-TOUR

Wonderful 50-Day Journey, East and West Coasts, Panama Canal. Rates $1485 and up.

EUROPE

Fascinating Tours through the Winter and Spring, including comprehensive visits to historic Spain.

CALIFORNIA

Tours twice a week, with extensions to Hawaii.

FLORIDA

Tours twice a week, visiting also quaint Nassau.

Send for Booklet desired

Raymond & Whitcomb Co.
225 Fifth Avenue — Telephone Madison Square 6270

Transatlantic Italiana

Largest and Fastest Steamers of the Italian Mercantile Marine
Direct Passenger Service Between NEW YORK—GENOA—NAPLES.
Giuseppe Verdi Sailing from NEW YORK Dec. 28
Dante Alighieri ..... Jan. 29
1st Class, $250 up; 3rd Class, $100 up.
McDONNELL & TRUDA, General Agents, 5 State Street, New York.

AUSTRALIA

HONOLULU, SUVA, NEW ZEALAND
The Palatial Passenger Steamers
R.M.S. "Niagara" 29,000 Tons — R.M.S. "Makura" 13,500 Tons
Sail from Vancouver, B. C.
For fares and sailings apply Canadian Pac. Ry., 1,231 Broadway, N. Y., or to Canadian-Australasian Royal Mail Line, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

FALL RIVER LINE TO BOSTON

FROM PIER 14, N. R., FULTON ST., 5:00 P. M.
NEW LONDON (NORWICH LINE)
Str. lvs. Pier 40, N. R., Houston St., wk. days only, 5:30 P. M.; lvs. Pier 79, E. R., 22d St., 6 P. M.

"The Public Be Pleased"
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON, $5.61. Boat and Rail.
PROVIDENCE, $3.89. Direct Boat.
Boat Leaves Pier 29, N. R., Ft. W. Houston St. Daily and Sunday at 5 P. M. Phone 9491 Spring.

Hudson River Day Line

service discontinued for the season.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE
Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston. Lv. Monday, Wednesday and Friday, Franklin St., at 4 P. M.

TOURS DE LUXE

SOUTH AMERICA
January 12 and February 23
JAPAN AND CHINA
Feb. 5 & 19—March 16—April 16
INDEPENDENT TRIPS
Everywhere.
Steamships and Pullman Reservations.
Full Itineraries and Information.

Bennett's Travel Bureau
THOS. BENNETT & SONS
Est. 1854
H. W. DUNNING CO.
Est. 1890
506 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

SOCIAL TOURS

Sailing January, few others to complete group, returning for Riviera season, Italy, Spain. Summer programs ready. Mrs. LLOYD PRESTON, 240 Riverside Drive, N.Y.

CALIFORNIA & HAWAII

Raymond-Whitcomb Tours
489 Fifth Ave. — Vanderbilt 7390

Canadian Officer, fought every fight of 1st Canadian Division in France and Belgium, over the Rhine, fully conversant with every detail of line and engagements from Somme to Ypres, offers his services on tour. Box 834, Moose Jaw, Sask., Canada.

COOK'S

TRAVEL SERVICE

A WINTER TRIP UNDER SUMMER SKIES
TO
MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, MONACO (Riviera), NAPLES, ALEXANDRIA (Egypt and the Nile) by S. S. "CARONIA" of the Cunard Line sailing from New York, January 15, for a forty-nine-day cruise. FINAL RESERVATIONS NOW CLOSING. APPLY IMMEDIATELY.

TROPICAL CRUISES—Leaving New York Jan. 29 and March 12 by the S. S. "CALAMARES" and S. S. "ULUA" of the Great White Fleet.
Twenty-three days; most attractive itineraries. Send for illustrated booklet.

EGYPT AND THE NILE—Cook's NILE Steamers will re-open service on Jan. 11. Steamers will run throughout the season to the first and second CATARACTS.

CALIFORNIA from New York Dec. 30, Jan. 18, 27 and later. Delightfully planned Tours embracing Grand Canyon, Apache Trail, Southern California and Coast Resorts. Also nineteen-day cruises from Baltimore to Los Angeles and San Francisco via Panama Canal by luxurious Pacific Mail Steamers: S. S. "Cuba," Jan. 10; S. S. "Golden State," Feb. 15.
In connection with California travel we are offering a fascinating Extension Tour to HONOLULU. Twenty days. Leaving San Francisco, Jan. 26.

JAPAN — CHINA — PHILIPPINES—Select Tours from Pacific Coast Jan. 24, Feb. 5, 19, March 5, 16, and April 2. Unusually well-planned itineraries.

SOUTH AMERICA—from New York Jan. 26, Feb. 8, 26, visiting all parts of EAST AND WEST COASTS.

FLORIDA — CUBA —Frequent departures. Especially well-planned itineraries for individual travel.

BERMUDA TOURS—Short or extended periods —inclusive of all expense. Sailings twice weekly.

Our service leaves you free to enjoy everything that your travels should mean to you. Talk over with us your tentative plans and make reservations now.

THOS. COOK & SON

245 Broadway, Opposite City Hall — *Telephone Barclay 7100*
561 Fifth Ave., Corner 46th Street — *Telephone Murray Hill 6171*

SOUTH AMERICA

DIRECT PASSENGER SERVICES

NEW YORK—VALPARAISO
Regular Sailings
Cristobal, Callao, Mollendo, Arica, Iquique, Antofagasta, Valparaiso
ESSEQUIBO, FEB. 26 — *EBRO, JAN. 29
*Calls at Havana

NEW YORK—GUAYAQUIL
Regular Sailings
Cristobal Buenaventura, Esmeraldas, Bahia, Manta, Guayaquil
QUILLOTA, DEC. 29 — QUILPUE, JAN. 22

HAVANA—VALPARAISO
and Intermediate Ports
ORTEGA, DEC. 27 — ORIANA, JAN. 31
ORCOMA, Feb. 28

CRISTOBAL—VALPARAISO
and Intermediate Ports
Regular Sailings

CRISTOBAL—CHAMPERICO
Calling at
Punta Arenas, San Juan, Corinto, Amapala, La Union, La Libertad, Acajutla and San Jose
Regular Sailings

ENGLAND—BRAZIL—ARGENTINA
Frequent Sailings by Large Mail Steamers

PACIFIC LINE
The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.

ROYAL MAIL
The Royal Mail Steam Packet Company

NELSON LINE
R. & W. Nelson, Ltd.

South Africa

From England by Union-Castle Line
The Union-Castle Mail Steamship Company, Ltd.

Sanderson & Son
GENERAL AGENTS
25 Broadway, New York
PHONE BROAD 2580
or Any Steamship Ticket Agent

TICKETS AND TOURS EVERYWHERE

McCANN'S TOURS
The Sign of a Perfect Tour.

FLORIDA — Three escorted Tours in January, February and March. The East and West Coasts. Accommodations Limited.

CALIFORNIA — Four escorted Tours in January, February and March, New Orleans, Texas, Apache Trail, Grand Canyon, California and Colorado.

EUROPE — For information of Personally conducted European Tours or Independent Travel anywhere consult McCann.

Ask for free copy of *"Travel Tips."*

McCANN'S TOURS, Inc. — Marbridge Bldg. 1328 Broadway

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA



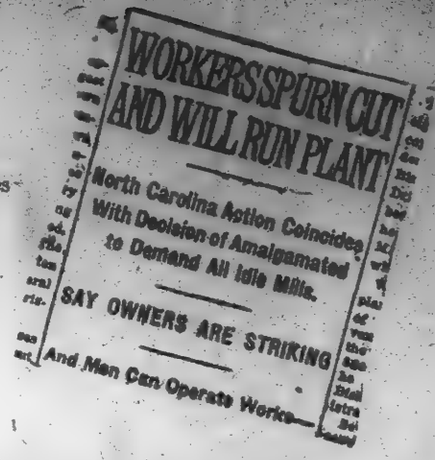
Fast Palatial Passenger Steamships of 21,000 tons to

JAPAN, CHINA AND MANILA

From Seattle to Hong Kong via Yokohama, Kobe, Nagasaki, Shanghai and Manila

ALSO FREIGHT SERVICES
Seattle to the Far East—Fortnightly. New York to the Orient via Panama—Frequently. New York to British Indian Ports—Monthly.
For Particulars of Passage or Freight Apply to Company's Offices.
120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. RAILWAY EXCHANGE, CHICAGO. COLMAN BUILDING, SEATTLE.

From The New York Times
December 21, 1920.



Will the North Carolina action spread?
Did their inspiration come from Italy?

What Happened in Italy

THE full official facts are given in detail in December Current History Magazine. That issue contains the full story of the industrial revolution in Italy, printed for the first time in this country. All the important documents are printed in full.

Other Important Features

Can Germany Pay?—Her Economic Position
An illuminating, informing article, with statistical information, by J. Ellis Barker, a distinguished European Economist.

The Military Strength of France
A study of France's military and financial position by Sisley Huddleston, an eminent European Publicist.

Has Lithuania the Right to be a Nation?
An exhaustive review by Jonas Vileisis, the Representative of Lithuania in America.

The Russo-Polish Peace Treaty
The full official text of the preliminary peace treaty between Soviet Russia and Poland is published in textual form—first time printed in America.

Chile's Dash Toward True Democracy
Chile has just successfully accomplished a complete political revolution—bloodless—but significant. This is treated by a prominent Chilean Journalist.

The Moslem World Today
At this juncture, when the Turkish Treaty is under discussion, this question is of extreme importance and is treated by a well-known scholar, Dr. Scheltema.

The Settlement of the Adriatic Dispute

Canada as a Treaty-Making Power

The Financial Conference at Brussels
A full explanation of what was done regarding the finances of all the European countries.

American Occupation of Santo Domingo
An important review by an officer of the Latin-American Society.

Hawaii's Land and Labor Problems
A study of the serious problems now confronting the Hawaiian Islands.

Germany's Reparation Problems
An explanation of what they involve.

How the Russians Crushed Wrangel

The German Shop Council's Law
The new law establishing a form of workman's co-operative management in German factories, printed in full; the first time it has been published in this country.

A New Light on Trotzky
This is a startling revelation of an entirely new aspect of the Soviet War Minister by a British officer, after personal contact, himself a pronounced anti-Bolshevik.

Shall America Rule the World?
This viewpoint is affirmatively argued by a prominent German writer. An interesting historical study.

How the Czechs Are Using Their Liberty
An interesting study of conditions in the new republic.

How Albania Won Independence
By C. A. Chekrezi, Representative of Albania in the United States.

The British in Central Asia
By Lord Curzon, British Secretary for Foreign Affairs.

SPECIAL OFFER

ANY ONE subscribing now will receive the December number without extra charge, and in addition the full 1921 subscription—all for $4.

Current History Magazine contains the authentic facts of history of today in all the Countries of the World. Its facts are procured from fundamental sources. It relates events without partiality, bias or editorial comments. It does not argue questions pro or con. It presents important events that have occurred in the 30 days in all the Countries of the World. This is supplemented by important feature contributions by leading publicists of the world, also by the official documents relating to worth-while events.

CUT OUT AND MAIL

CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE,
1708 Times Building—Times Square, New York City

Find enclosed $4.00 for subscription to the Magazine for 1921, to include December, 1920, issue without extra charge.

Address .....

Canada, $4.50 .....

Foreign, $5.00 .....

THE ST. LAWRENCE PROJECT

New York, Dec. 15, 1920.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

George E. Roberts fights windmills in his letter printed in THE TIMES on Dec. 8. Not a single New York organization opposes the St. Lawrence project on the ground that it would injure this city, and they all declared their belief that it would be harmless. Not an organization will agree with Mr. Roberts that the St. Lawrence improved would divert traffic from the Erie Canal, and the Board of Trade and Transportation has shown that freight in ships rates on the St. Lawrence would be 100 per cent. greater than in barges on the Erie Canal.

Mr. Roberts quotes a statement attributed to Julius H. Barnes that the St. Lawrence route would add 5 cents per bushel to the farm value of all grains grown in the territory now tributary to the lake ports, but Mr. Barnes gave no facts to prove such statement. It means, if true, that the St. Lawrence route would carry grain from the West to the seaboard for a rate of 5 cents per bushel lower than any existing route. But it, is not true, because the Erie Canal could carry for half what the St. Lawrence could.

The St. Lawrence route, in the minds of the mariners of the Illinois prairies, is to be used by lake vessels carrying direct from lake ports to foreign ports. The cheapest carriers on the lakes are the ore vessels which, on a pre-war basis, running thirteen miles an hour, loading and unloading with highly specialized facilities, carried ore on the lakes at 50-100 of a mill per ton mile. At the same time the Roosevelt Advisory Committee stated, and gave figures to prove it, that barges upon the Erie Canal could carry at 58-100 of a mill per ton mile.

The lake vessels when on the St. Lawrence, passing through the canalized river and through the locks, could not make their lake speed. The highest speed on the Sues Canal is six miles; on the Manchester Ship Canal 2½ miles per hour.

If the speed on the St. Lawrence should be as great as six miles the cost per ton mile would be two and one-third times as much as on the lakes, or 1 1-6 mills per ton mile, and more than double the cost on the Erie Canal. If the speed on the St. Lawrence should be no greater than on the Manchester Ship Canal, the cost would be five and one-fifth times as great as on the lakes, or 2 6-10 mills per ton mile on the St. Lawrence, as against 58-100ths of a mill on the Erie Canal. That is to say, every charge against the ship goes by time, interest, labo, insurance, &c., and if it takes two and one-third times as long to go a mile, it costs two and one-third times as much.

The foregoing figures have been presented over and over again, and the only come-back has been high-sounding phrases and statements regarding the great productiveness of the West and the need of cheap transportation, but not a figure or a fact to prove that the St. Lawrence could carry anything or that a single ship could be induced to go 2,000 miles inland for a cargo on the carrying of which it would make a heavy loss.

Mr. Roberts says: "The project is to be judged solely upon its merits as an engineering work." Mr. Roberts will see his error in this. Engineers could build works to make the St. Lawrence navigable for vessels of thirty-foot draught, but such vessels could not be induced to use the route after it was built unless it should be profitable, and it would not be profitable in competition with barge rates on the Erie Canal.

Mr. Roberts says the opposition on behalf of New York has ignored the water power possibilities. New York ignored the water power possibilities because the project is promoted on the pretense that it is a navigation project. The water power possibilities do not interest the farmers of the West or of the fifteen States he refers to. The water power is of interest mainly in New York State and Canada, and only within a radius of about 250 miles. The water power is the real objective of this great propaganda. If this real objective had been squarely stated not one of the fifteen States, nor Chicago, nor any other lake port would have supported it. But the propagandist adopted the motto "The Lakes to the Sea," and the West blindly fell into line—catspaws to draw the power chestnuts from the fire.

The St. Lawrence water power project is not new. The State of New York gave the Long Sault Development Company a charter in 1907. The company defaulted its payments. The charter was repealed in 1913. The company took it into the courts and was defeated in the United States Supreme Court and the State reclaimed the powers which had been given away for a song. This power is owned partly by the State of New York and partly by Canada, and it will be developed when a plan is proposed that regards the interests of this State and of Canada, and which they can jointly approve. But it cannot be grabbed under any international scheme as now proposed for the improvement of navigation or without the consent of New York State.

FRANK S. GARDNER,
Secretary, New York Board of Trade and Transportation.
New York, Dec. 14, 1920.

A GREETING FROM ST. DUNSTAN'S.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

This is the season of greetings and gifts.

May I send to your readers greetings and ask them to send to me gifts?

These greetings will, I hope, give real pleasure. They convey the gratitude of the soldiers blinded in the war for the sympathy and help which has come to them from all parts of the world. They carry the news that all we hoped for from the training given at St. Dunstan's is being justified by these blinded men in the very wonderful success that they are making of their lives.

I do not think that any one would say it gets easier to be bravely blind as the years go on. It becomes easier to do things in the dark, but the demand on the will to keep pace with normal life grows greater rather than lessens. Constant effort is extraordinarily exacting, and it is really splendid how the men meet this demand on themselves, keep up their interest in everything and maintain their notable record as workers; some in offices, some practising as masseurs, some as poultry farmers and others as expert craftsmen.

There are still more than 500 men learning to be blind in our class rooms and workshops.

Besides those actually blinded on the battlefields, 25,000 men were discharged from the army with seriously damaged sight, and, unfortunately, many of these are finding it necessary to come to St. Dunstan's. We are dealing, too, with a number of men whose health does not enable them to make such quick progress as others. At the same time it becomes increasingly difficult to find for the men who are ready to start on their new life suitable homes; there is the universal shortage of houses and a great scarcity of such small properties as the poultry farmers need. Thus the difficulty and expense of settling the men has increased, while we have to face enormously multiplied costs in providing for those who are our guests, in maintaining our convalescent and holiday homes, and in carrying on the ever-increasingly important work of the after care of the blinded soldiers.

The blinded soldiers have created a magnificent record; the plans for helping them back to normal life have worked out better, I think, than any one dreamed would be possible. I think, too, there is no one who realizes what the gift of sight means, and what blindness must mean, who would not wish to help on this work which St. Dunstan's has undertaken.

I trust that any of your readers who are so generous as to respond to this appeal will forward their contributions to me at St. Dunstan's Headquarters, Regent's Park, London, N. W. 1.

ARTHUR PEARSON,
Chairman Blinded Soldiers' and Sailors' Care Committee.
London, Dec. 2, 1920.

LABOR AND IMMIGRATION.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The latest proposal of the labor unions, ostensibly for the good of the country, is to restrict immigration. Lest there be a general outcry against such a silly proposal, they seek to take the sting from the plan by loudly proclaiming it is to be for but two years. Of course this is to be for the good of America; all labor union propositions are, of course, as, for example, the Adamson bill, the Clayton act, the labor clauses in the Transportation act.

A few months ago there was a cry all over the country for labor, labor, labor, but the supply was limited, too limited, indeed, for the growth of the country, and wages went soaring. Now that business is beginning to slacken a bit and wages show signs of coming down and old high-cost-of-living is really beginning to weaken, the labor unions, in order to keep prices up, to keep wages up, to continue labor inefficiency, seek to prevent the farmers and the manufacturers and the builders of this country from securing a very much needed supply of labor.

Do the women of this country realize that by restricting immigration they are continuing indefinitely the acute problem of domestic help? Do they know that decrease in immigration means higher prices for food, for clothes, for all the essentials of life, and, above all, higher rents?

Do the farmers realize that by restricting immigration as thus proposed the wages of farm labor will be kept up, if not increased? That the cost of machinery and tools used by the farmer will soar again to appalling prices?

Does the public generally realize that by limiting immigration, as thus proposed, the despotism of the labor unions will be fastened on us more tightly than ever, that inefficiency in work will grow greater and that living will cost far more?

Pittsburgh, Dec. 4, 1920.

JAMES McERDY.

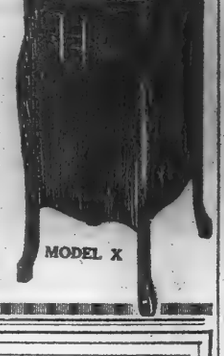
Tune Up for 1921

Let your general stock-taking include a glance through your Victrola cabinet. Doesn't your supply of records need replenishing? Then let your first New Year's resolution be a visit to Rooney's.

Now, when all the family is at home, is the time to step in and hear the latest records. The best artists perform for Victor records exclusively because their work receives its finest reproduction on the Victrola.

If you haven't already a machine, use that gift of a ten-dollar gold-piece by investing in a

VICTROLA


MODEL X

$10 *Down—and It's Yours*

with your choice of $5 worth of records to go with it. The balance of the cost of machine and records is paid in small monthly amounts.

We have a complete line of all new records. Come in and hear them. Our 12 demonstrating rooms are open day and evening.

ROONEY CO.
VICTROLAS EXCLUSIVELY
1451 St. Nicholas Ave.
near 163d Street. Reached by Broadway subway to 181st St. Station. From Bronx, by all lines transferring to 167th or 180th St. crosstown cars.

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings

A Good Way to Use Xmas Money

The "thinking" friends that have remembered you with the most useful of all gifts, did so to make sure you'd get what you want best. They have left it to you to invest the money in something of lasting remembrance.

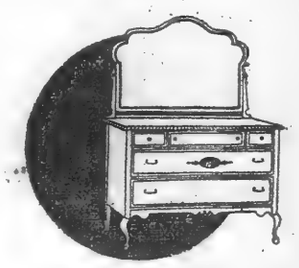
We suggest several articles of the hundreds in our stock, some of which you have probably wanted.

Everything in our great stocks of furniture, rugs and bedding remains reduced 20% and many articles have been cut still deeper.

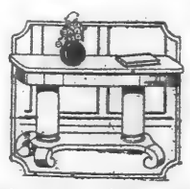
A small payment on anything you may select will give you immediate possession and the rest will be easy.

Terms are not made according to rule at our stores; we endeavor to suit the convenience of individual circumstances, in many cases the weekly or monthly payments being extended over a period of many months.

And you save considerable on the prices asked in the higher rent shopping stores.


A fine assortment of Dressers in classic period and modern styles is now displayed in Walnut, Mahogany and Enamel. Many from high grade period Suites, separated to accommodate former customers and now offered at reduced prices. $27.50 up.

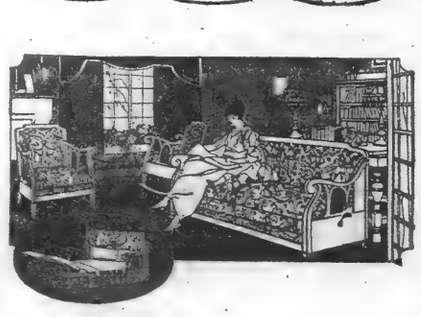

Many women have planned to get a tea wagon at some time or other to complete their dining room appointments. We have every good style to match other furniture. $19.75 up.


Probably the most favored of all Library Table designs is the two-pillar Colonial base effect, with oval or oblong top. There are several sizes and variations. $27.50 up.

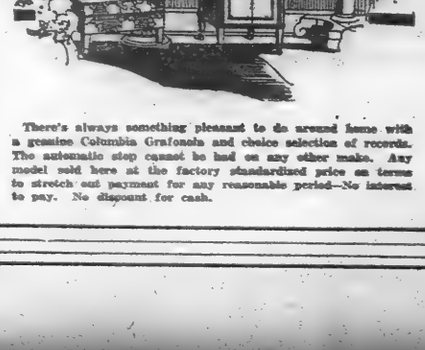
For GOOD Furniture Go To Goldberg's

No Trouble at All to "Charge It"

AMSTERDAM AV. COR. 148th ST. · THIRD AVE. AT 175th ST. · YONKERS 16-18 WARBURTON AV.


There's no more convenient piece of furniture than a good sofa-bed, and they are great rent savers, as you can get along with one room less. Our line is complete, all woods, upholsterings and designs, ranging from the Simplex to the luxurious Kroehler. Priced $34.50 up.


This is indeed a rare value. A roll edge Baronial brown fibre Rocker, made for comfort and wear. Now $9.75


There's always something pleasant to do around home with a genuine Columbia Grafonola and choice selection of records. The automatic stop cannot be had on any other make. Any model sold here at the factory standardized price on terms to stretch out payment for any reasonable period—No interest to pay. No discount for cash.


After the close of the Fall rush, we have a limited number of Toilette Tables, with single and triplicate mirrors. They belonged to complete Suites, but customers had no room for them. Greatly Reduced. $14.50 up.

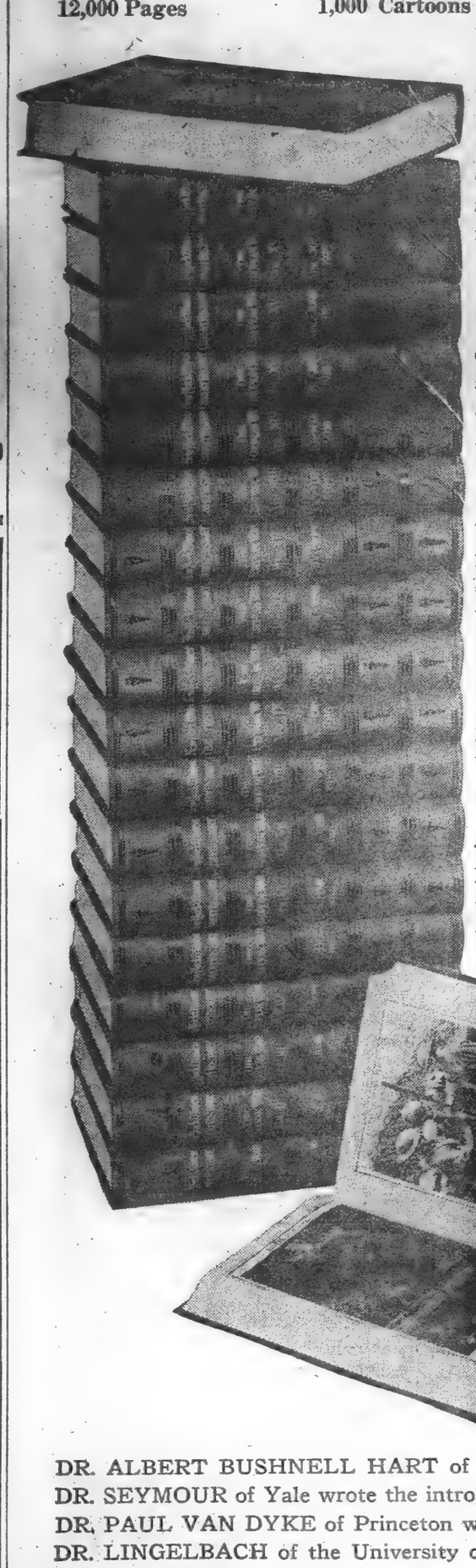
War Volumes

PUBLISHED BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY

Each Volume 600 Pages ***20 Volumes in the Set***

Bindings in cloth, three-quarter leather, full leather.
The 20th Volume is now in the hands of the binder.

20 Vols.	1,000 Rotogravures	Maps	Diagrams
12,000 Pages	1,000 Cartoons	Charts	3 Bindings



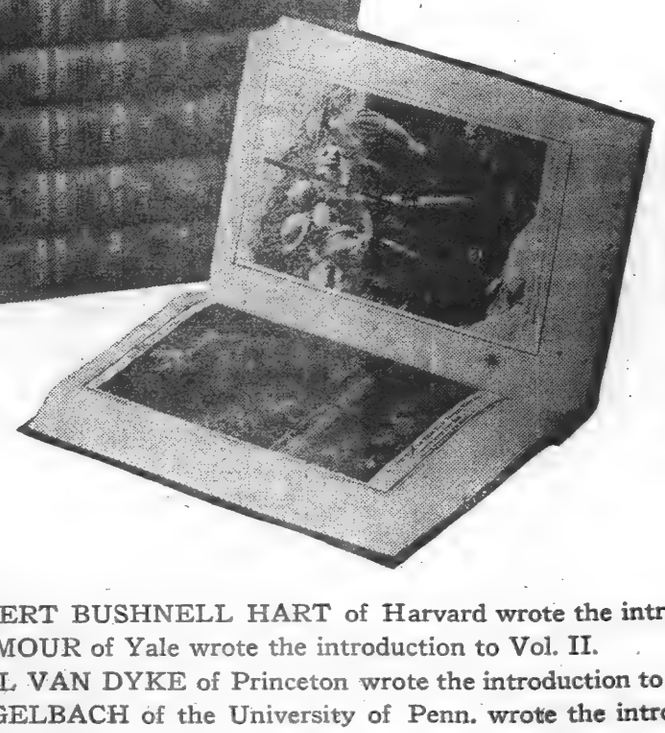
THE history of the war as presented in these volumes differs from ordinary histories in the fact that the history is not the individual work of any one writer or any particular groups of writers. The history is narrated by the men who performed the deeds and made the record.

THE most conspicuous feature of the set is the presentation in textual form of all the essential reports, documents and official utterances usually found in the appendices of ordinary histories in type so small as to be almost illegible.

BESIDES the history of actual events, it embodies the richest literature of the war produced by the most eminent scholars, publicists and statesmen of all the countries involved.

THE 12,000 pages are embellished with 1,000 pages of rotogravure etchings; also 1,000 pages of the most significant cartoons by the world's cleverest artists.

EACH volume is separately indexed; the 20th Volume contains a CUMULATIVE INDEX. Also a digest and gazetteer of noteworthy names and places mentioned in the 20 volumes.



The War Volumes have been endorsed by the Army and the Navy and have been installed in the leading libraries of America and are commended by the country's leading scholars, historians and statesmen.

DR. ALBERT BUSHNELL HART of Harvard wrote the introduction to Vol. I.
DR. SEYMOUR of Yale wrote the introduction to Vol. II.
DR. PAUL VAN DYKE of Princeton wrote the introduction to Vol. III.
DR. LINGELBACH of the University of Penn. wrote the introduction to Vol. IV.

THE full set will be sold on the easy-payment plan in monthly instalments and will be delivered, handsomely boxed, to any point in the United States with the compliments of the donor at such time as is desired.

Full particulars and a free booklet on request.

Sign and Forward the Attached Coupon

No Obligation to Buy Is Involved

The New York Times Co.
War Volumes
Times Square, New York City:

Send free booklet and particulars of the War Volumes of The New York Times to

Name .....
Address .....
City .....
State .....

REAL ESTATE MEN FOR NEW CHARTER

Complete Revision Needed So That the Present High Tax Rate May Be Reduced.

HOW TO EFFECT CHANGES

A. C. McNulty Sketches Previous Efforts at Revisions and Tells Why They Failed.

The special committee of the Real Estate Board that is making an exhaustive study of the city charter for the purpose of suggesting changes that will reduce the cost of administration and thus reduce the tax rate is expected to make a report within a short time. A. C. McNulty, counsel for the board, said yesterday that past attempts to revise the charter had failed because all of them sought to eliminate the Borough Presidents as members of the Board of Estimate. This created so much opposition on the part of political organizations in the various boroughs that the Legislature declined to act.

Mr. McNulty stated that one reason why the budget for 1921 had reached such enormous figures was because of the constant interference by the Legislature in city affairs, and that it was not unlikely that a new charter, drafted by experts, might provide for the city a method of managing its own concerns. He stated that the Board of Aldermen was better able to make laws for the city than the majority of the men who sit in Albany for a few months each year. Discussing the situation as a preliminary to a more detailed statement of the situation later on, Mr. McNulty said:

"Whatever inefficiency or wastefulness exists in the administration of the affairs of this city is due quite as much to the defects and deficiencies in the city charter as to any incompetence or misconduct of municipal officers and employes. Almost as soon as the original Greater New York charter became effective it was discovered that many of its material provisions were unworkable, its immediate revision seemed imperative and accordingly in 1901 the Legislature enacted what was substantially a new charter so numerous and sweeping were its departures from the original act.

"The most important innovation effected by the revision was the enlargement of the powers and responsibilities of the Presidents of the several boroughs. To them was transferred the control of sewers, highways, public buildings and building construction and the more important branches of the jurisdiction formerly exercised by the Board of Public Improvements. They became members of the Board of Estimate, with the right to participate in the making of appropriations, including those to be disbursed under their own supervision.

"With the inclusion of the Borough Presidents in the body which is the Board of Directors of the municipality began an era of financial prodigality such has resulted in a budget for 1921 in the colossal sum of $346,595,000, to say nothing of hundreds of millions of dollars that have been added to the city's bonded indebtedness for permanent improvements during the same period.

"This condition is not entirely due to the fact that the borough Presidents were added to the Board of Estimate, but it was caused in large measure by the yearly deluge of mandatory laws enacted by the Legislature. The changes in the pay of school teachers alone added millions upon millions to the annual budget."

Reference was made to the recent statement of County Clerk Schneider that the members of the Board of Estimate ought to be elected and that their work should consist solely of looking after the city's expenditures. Without expressing an opinion upon the wisdom of this suggestion, Mr. McNulty discussed the effort made to revise the charter of 1907. The commission appointed for the work he described as the most representative men in the city. Among them were William M. Ivins Jr., J. Hampden Dougherty, R. Ls. Gould, Herman Metz, Charles L. Strong, N. A. Seiberg, J. Cowden Myers and George L. Duval.

"This commission," said Mr. McNulty, "recommended a general revision of the charter and suggested, among other things, that the Borough Presidents be eliminated from the Board of Estimate, that the powers and duties of the Controller be curtailed and that the charter be shorn of all provisions of a purely administrative or regulative nature, leaving only the fundamentals of a municipal organization as the organic law of the city.

"The program outlined contemplated that the city charter should be a short and readily understandable document similar to the charter of an ordinary business corporation. All the rest, it was proposed, was to be in the nature of by-laws to be relegated to the Code of Ordinances, which was to constitute the administrative code, and that this should be changed from time to time by the Board of Aldermen instead of by the Legislature, to fit changing conditions.

"This plan appealed to the Legislature and the commission was authorized to continue its work, and power was given it to prepare a charter along the lines recommended. Probably no body of public spirited citizens worked more intelligently or more carefully to accomplish an onerous task, but they failed signally. Their bark struck the rock of borough autonomy and was completely shipwrecked.

"In 1909 the Legislature designated a joint legislative committee to attempt to evolve a charter which would carry into effect the many highly desirable features of the proposed Ivins charter But this attempt was defeated by those opposed to the idea of eliminating the Borough Presidents from the Board of Estimate.

"Then came Mayor Gaynor in 1910 with an expressed determination to revise the charter. A revised charter was submitted to the Legislature. It was the fruit of Mayor Gaynor's wide experience as a jurist and a public official familiar with the city and its government. His proposed charter attempted many innovations, with the result that it aroused many enemies. Unfortunately, several of its provisions had an important bearing upon the subway controversy, then at white heat. This sealed its doom. It was defeated in the Assembly by one vote.

"The outstanding cause of the failure of the several attempts to revise the charter since 1901 has been the effort to include in one legislative bill a number of changes, each of them opposed by bitter partisans. These, backed by the ultra-conservative element, proved strong enough to defeat the proposed charter. The lesson to be drawn from these abortive efforts to revise the charter is that the revision must start by submitting each controverted innovation to the Legislature and its advances asking for it legislative approval.

"Then the various fundamental provisions may be consolidated and arranged in convenient form to the end that those dealing solely with administrative administration may be relegated to their relative position in the Code of Ordinances."

RENT LAW AMENDMENTS.

United Real Estate Owners' Association Asks for Drastic Changes.

The United States Real Estate Owners' Association has proposed the following amendments to the existing rent laws:

Chapter 942—Add to 1A, first paragraph:

or a proceeding to recover possession of a room or rooms occupied by the janitor or Superintendent of the building in which such room or rooms form part; or where the tenant or occupant refuses to pay the rent or rental value at the same rate as adjudicated by a court and for twelve months thereafter.

Add to 1A, second paragraph, after the word "thereafter" and before the words "be in effect":

or to a tenant or occupant who, after the passage of this amendment, takes possession of a room, rooms or apartment, in any existing or new building, under a lease or oral agreement, and shall

Chap. 943—No change.

Chap. 944—Sections 1 and 2, no change.

Section 3—Substitute the following for present section:

Where it appears that the aggregate rents of a building, after deducting therefrom taxes, assessments, water rates, cost of operation and maintenance, repairs and 2 per cent. for depreciation, are 15 per cent. net income on the value of the property, such rents shall be considered reasonable rents. The value of the property to be the highest amount of either of the following:

(1) The last assessed valuation; (2) the purchase price paid by the landlord prior to Jan. 1, 1919, plus cost of improvements (but not repairs), less depreciation of 2 per cent. per annum from date of purchase; (3) original construction cost of building, if paid by the landlord, plus cost of improvements (but not repairs), less depreciation of 2 per cent. per annum from date of construction, plus last assessed value of land.

Sections 4 and 5—No change.

Section 6—Insert the following two paragraphs in lieu of present two paragraphs commencing "If in any action" and ending "as justice requires"

If in any action for rent or rental value the issue of fairness and reasonableness of the amount demanded in the complaint be raised by the defendant; he must before the time of answering have paid to the landlord such a sum as equals the amount paid as rent during the preceding month or such as is reserved as the monthly rent in the agreement under which he obtained possession of the premises, and he must thereafter pay monthly to the landlord a like sum until the final adjudication of the suit. If the defendant fail to make such payment the court shall strike out the denial or defense raising such issue. Such payment shall be applied to the satisfaction of the judgment rendered or otherwise disposed of as justice requires.

Sections 7, 8 and 9—No change.

Section 10—Add the following at end: or to a tenant or occupant who after the passage of this amendment takes possession of a room, rooms or apartment in any existing or new building under a lease or oral agreement, and shall be in effect only until the first day of November, 1922.

Chap. 945, 2A—Add the following after the words "or commenced thereafter" and before the words "and shall be in effect," at end of subdivision:

or a tenant or occupant who after the passage of this amendment takes possession of a room, rooms or apartment in any existing or new building under a lease or oral agreement; or to a tenant or occupant who refuses to pay the rent or rental value as adjudicated by a court and for twelve months thereafter.

Chap. 947, 1531A—Add the following after the words "proper authority" and before the words "This section":

or an action to recover possession of a room or rooms occupied by the Superintendent or janitor of the building of which such room or rooms forms part.

Sections 2 and 3—No change.

Chap. 948, 1—Add at end the following:

or to a tenant or occupant who after the passage of this amendment takes possession of a room, rooms or apartment in any existing or new building under a lease or oral agreement.

Chaps. 950, 951, 952 and 953—No change.

Rail Passenger Traffic.

The following table, compiled by the General Passenger Agent of the Long Island Railroad Company, shows the volume of annual traffic on each of the railroads with New York terminals during the current fiscal year:

New York Central	25,361,490
New York, New Haven & Hartford	14,886,158
Pennsylvania Railroad	13,940,000
Central Railroad of New Jersey	16,720,600
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	20,400,000
Erie Railroad	25,116,849
New York, Westchester & Boston	3,750,806
New York, Ontario & Western	338,692
Lehigh Valley	406,000
Baltimore & Ohio	510,000
Long Island Railroad	48,786,000

Carried 73,000,000 Passengers.

The Long Island Railroad, according to its general passenger agent, will carry approximately 73,000,000 passengers this year, of whom 23,700,000 will pass through the Pennsylvania Railroad Station. Of the total commutation traffic on the road, 52 per cent. originates in the Borough of Queens.

HOUSING ACCOMMODATIONS FOR 250,000 PERSONS IN 1 AND 2-FAMILY HOUSES BUILT FROM 1910 TO 1920

65,000 New One and Two-Family Houses Accommodate 30 Per Cent. of the Increase in Population—Official Figures Showing the Number of Houses Erected in Each of the Five Boroughs

By SAMUEL A. HERZOG,
Member Board of Directors, The Apartment House Association, Inc.

There have been more than 65,000 new housing accommodations provided from 1910 to 1920 in one and two family houses, in excess of the demolitions and conversions of one and two family houses during that period. These have principally been erected in outlying boroughs, and obviously, therefore, supply comparatively inexpensive living quarters, although, no doubt, in most cases beyond the reach of the working man. At an occupancy factor of four persons per habitation they accommodate over 260,000 persons, or more than 30 per cent. of the increase in population in the ten-year period.

On Nov. 7 THE NEW YORK TIMES published tabulations of the official statistics of the Tenement House Department for the entire city of Greater New York, giving the number of individual flats and apartments erected in all boroughs in the ten-year period from 1910 to 1919 (both years inclusive).

These official statistics showed that the number of new flats and apartments erected in the entire city in the ten-year period was 203,710. They also showed that during this period 32,167 individual flats and apartments had been demolished or converted to business, leaving a net surplus of 171,543.

It was asserted in the previous TIMES article that each of these individual flats and apartments accommodated five persons, thereby adequately providing for the increase in the city's population in the same period.

The increase in population was shown to be, according to the United States Census figures of 1910 and 1920, 853,165 persons.

It was stated that at the rate of five persons per flat, the net increase in flats accommodated 857,715 persons.

Recently an article appeared in the public press containing the following statement:

"Certain realty interests are trying to show that, as there were plenty of apartments in New York in 1910, and enough apartments have been built since that time to take care of the increase in the population, there must still be a surplus. The calculation of these gentlemen is based on the theory that there should be one apartment to every five persons. Statistics show, however, that there should be one apartment to every four persons, and that makes a great difference when you are dealing with a population of more than 5,000,000."

The accuracy of the statistics themselves is not challenged. The statistics are incontrovertible.

It is alleged, however—

1. That an error has been made in estimating that each flat or apartment accommodates five persons, and it is contended that each flat or apartment accommodated four persons only.

2. That the alleged error "makes a great difference when you are dealing with a population of more than 5,000,000," implying thereby that the rate of occupancy employed in the previous article affects every habitation in the city and not merely the additional flats and apartments erected since 1910.

Referring first to the latter contention, it is obvious that this claim is both false and disingenuous. It would not affect the issue one way or another if the 1910 population were housed ten in an apartment, or if each individual occupied a single apartment, except as a guide in determining the normal rate of occupancy of new habitations. As, however, it was impossible to determine the exact number of individual housing accommodations in existence in 1910, the normal rate of occupancy of new habitations was not based on the ratio between the population in 1910 and the housing accommodations existing at that time, but upon information received from the Tenement House Department together with the experience of experts.

At any rate, 4,766,883 persons (equivalent to the population in 1910) still have at their disposal—as was stated in the previous article—exactly the same housing accommodations that this number of persons had in 1910.

As the number of demolitions and conversions (amounting to 32,167 in all) was deducted from the total constructions of the ten-year period and this small portion of the original housing accommodations of the populace in 1910 was assumed to have been replaced by an equivalent number of new accommodations constructed in the past ten years, it is obvious that 4,766,883 persons, equal to the original population in 1910, have at their disposal at this date the identical original accommodations, less 32,167 demolitions and conversions, for which have been substituted 32,167 new flats and apartments, and that no *factor of occupancy of any kind was employed in calculating the requirements of this portion—nearly 30 per cent.—of the population.*

The factor of occupancy affects only the 171,543 flats and apartments which constitute the net increase of flats and apartments since 1910, being the difference between the 203,710 constructed and the 32,167 demolished or converted to other uses.

Assuming therefore, for the sake of argument, that these additional 171,543 flats and apartments only accommodate four persons each instead of five, instead of providing for 857,715 persons these additional flats and apartments would only accommodate 686,172 out of the net increase of 853,165 in the population, leaving unprovided for in new flats and apartments the difference, comprising 166,993 persons.

But the excess over demolitions of new one and two-family houses constructed since 1910 (irrespective of all new hotels, apartment hotels and the more commodious accommodations supplied in the large number of converted private houses) provide accommodations greatly in excess of the requirements of these additional 166,993 persons, at the rate of four persons per accommodation. This is shown by the following statistics obtained from the Bureaus of Buildings of the various boroughs:

Number of One and Two Family Houses Erected in the Borough of Brooklyn.

(Official Statistics of Bureau of Buildings for Brooklyn)—Dec. 8, 1920.

	Houses Erected		Store and Flat	Store and Two-Family.
	One-Family.	Two- and Two-Family.		
1910	*1,074	*1,314	*27	*220
1911	*1,720	*920	*15	*217
1912	*1,314	*715	*21	*171
1913	*1,814	*817	*25	*190
1914	*1,209	724	21	243
1915	1,283	696	36	324
1916	1,184	531	71	141
1917	1,159	520	16	231
1918	980	436	11	85
1919	1,447	555	33	126
Number of accommodations provided		7,122x2		2,538x2
	18,744	14,244	286	5,076

*1910-1913 inclusive, these figures taken off department records by investigator and sent to Superintendent of Buildings for confirmation.

Number of One and Two Family Houses Erected in the Borough of Manhattan.

(Official Statistics of Bureau of Buildings for Manhattan)—Nov. 11, 1920.

	Private Houses Erected.	Demolished.
1910	43	*No data
1911	39	†No data
1912	28	200
1913	32	341
1914	21	304
1915	25	325
1916	34	107
1917	5	110
1918	4	39
1919	19	154
Total	254	2,754

*Estimated 390. †Estimated 391.

Note—Absence of the demolitions are two-family houses (the number of these cannot be obtained from the department) the new accommodations are actually greater than as indicated.

Number of One and Two Family Houses Erected in the Borough of Bronx.

(Official Statistics of Bureau of Buildings for Bronx)—Nov. 5 and 8, 1920.

	1-Family Houses Erected.	2-Family Houses Erected.	Private Houses Demolished.
1910	176	289	110
1911	148	272	87
1912	76	182	72
1913	76	95	78
1914	75	82	80
1915	104	62	84
1916	58	39	62
1917	37	34	58
1918	17	14	54
1919	37	80	40
Number of accommodations provided	854	1,149x2	712
		2,298	

Number of One and Two Family Houses Erected in the Borough of Richmond.

(Official Statistics of Bureau of Buildings for Richmond)—Nov. 4, 27 and Dec. 14.

	1-Family Houses Erected.	2-Family Houses Erected.	Private Houses Demolished.
1910	441	178	8
1911	501	151	3
1912	857	95	8
1913	620	77	21
1914	695	68	15
1915	695	112	15
1916	701	100	5
1917	350	45	16
1918	401	21	3
1919	1,313	23	17
Number of accommodations provided	6,643	804x2	108
		1,788	

Number of One and Two Family Houses Erected in the Borough of Queens.

	1-Family Houses Erected.	2-Family Houses Erected.	1-Family and Store Erected.	2-Family and Store Erected.	Total.	No. of New Accommodations.
1910	....	....	....	....	2,493	
1911	....	....	....	....	3,247	
1912	....	....	....	....	2,884	
1913	....	....	....	....	2,618	
1914	....	....	....	....	2,507	
1915	1,826	1,016	52	358		13,749
1916	1,519	349	37	224		
1917	1,244	350	27	127		
1918	686	172	10	20		
1919	2,065	311	10	13		
		2,398x2		719x2		
	7,340	4,796	136	1,438		13,710

Total number of new accommodations..... *27,459

*The department official figures 1915-1919, inclusive, give 16,349 plans filed from which buildings were actually constructed (approximately 1,804 of these in 1920).

For 1910-1914, inclusive, it was assumed upon advice, and on comparison with 1915-1919 statistics, that 80 per cent. of the buildings for which plans were filed were erected. Plans filed 1910-1914, inclusive, aggregate 17,189.

Summary of Accommodations Provided in One and Two Family Houses, 1910 to 1919 Inclusive.

	No. of Accommodations Provided.	No. of Accommodations Converted and Demolished.
Borough of Bronx	3,132	712
Borough of Richmond	6,651	108
Borough of Brooklyn	58,350	*1,350
Borough of Manhattan	254	2,754
Borough of Queens	27,458	*1,350
Total	79,046	6,074

*Estimated. Compared with 3,754 Manhattan, 712 for Bronx and 108 for Richmond.

Total number of accommodations provided	72,646
Total number of demolitions	6,074
Net increase of accommodations in 1 and 2 family houses (1910-1919 inclusive)	66,572
Which accommodate, at the rate of four persons each	266,288

It will be observed that the excess of new one and two family house accommodations over demolitions is 66,572, which, at an occupancy rate of four persons, provides for 266,288 persons, as against 166,993 not provided for in new flats and apartments if a factor occupancy of four is employed.

* * *

One further feature should be noted. The gentleman who is quoted at the beginning of the article called attention to a factor which is of importance, but important in quite a different way than he intended.

As demonstrated above, the increase in the population of the city in the past ten years is provided for and there is surplus provision for 100,000 persons at the rate of four persons per flat, apartment, one-family house, or half of a two-family house, in the new flats, apartments and one and two family houses constructed in that period (after deducting from the total of the new accommodations a number equivalent to all housing accommodations demolished or converted to other uses), without resort to the new hotels, apartment hotels or converted private houses. But if this were not the case it should be noted that any excess or decrease of prorata housing accommodations must be figured against the entire population of the city and, therefore, is a factor of much less importance than is generally realized.

If since 1910 the population had increased 950,000 instead of 850,000 and new accommodations had been provided only for 850,000, the percentage of accommodations lacking would be $\frac{100,000}{950,000}$ or considerably less than two per cent., not $\frac{100,000}{850,000}$ or nearly ten per cent.

In order to accommodate these 100,000 additional people the average family would be deprived of considerably less than two per cent. of the space it previously occupied.

This, of course, is academic as it has been shown above that additional accommodations have been provided for the entire increase in population of the City *at the rate of four persons per habitation*, and that there is a surplus provision at the same rate of four persons per habitation for a further increase in the population of 100,000 persons.

* * *

Coming back to the other contention, which is also purely academic in view of the actual conditions, that the factor of occupancy that should be employed is four persons and not five, this factor of four was actually employed in dealing with these statistics until a communication was received from the Commissioner of the Tenement House Department, dated Oct. 8, 1920, containing the following:

"The arbitrary figure of four persons to the apartment which you have assumed, corresponds to that which has been used by this department for a number of years, and was based originally upon a very incomplete census made by the department."

Again on Oct. 21, 1920, a communication was received from the Commissioner of the Tenement House Department containing the following:

"Relative to the number of occupants per apartment, there are of course no definite statistics available, that is to say, it has not been possible for the department to conduct an actual count."

The writer's impression is that formerly the Tenement House Department used a factor of occupancy of four and a half persons per apartment for the Borough of Manhattan and five or five and a half for all other boroughs, depending upon the personal views of the particular official making the estimate.

The general consensus of opinion of the real estate community is that five is the proper factor for the entire city, and that this factor is conservative.

If five is a proper occupancy factor for the new accommodations provided since 1910, the excess over demolitions and conversions of these new accommodations supplies the need not only of the increase in population since 1910, together with 100,000 additional persons, but it supplies the needs of the increase in population, together with 338,000 additional persons.

By the previous figures it has been shown that there are surplus accommodations available to the residents of New York City have not diminished in the past ten years—a condition which did not enter into the wildest calculations of the Legislature or of public officials during the agitation for the enactment of rent legislation—an attack is made from a different direction.

A few columnists looking for material make flying visits to real estate agents and ask for lists of four-room apartments renting for $60, or six-room apartments renting for $75 in parts of the city where such things never existed. Naturally, they do not find what they are asking for. In addition, in some sections of the city it is difficult to find any choice of accommodations.

The real estate community does not controvert the fact that there has been an increased demand or increased use of housing accommodations in the past ten years, just as there has been increased demand for and use of all other commodities. It rests this phase of its case upon incontrovertible evidence that there has been no diminution of pro rata supply.

LANDLORDS IN TEST CASE.

Decision of Justice Cohalan Upsets Rule of Municipal Courts.

The Real Estate Investors of New York, Inc., won a favorable decision last week in a test case brought by the organization in the Supreme Court. The effect of the decision, which was handed down by Justice Cohalan, is that a suit against a tenant may be brought in the "proper" Municipal Court district—that is to say, in the district where either the tenant or the owner resides and irrespective of where the property is located.

The decision of Justice Cohalan upsets a rule adopted by the Board of Municipal Court Justices after the passage of the recent rent laws. This rule provided that a suit against a tenant must be brought in the Municipal Court district where the tenant resides, and if brought in any other district the suit must be dismissed.

Justice Cohalan's decision was handed down in the case of "the people ex rel. vs. William Young, Justice, and another." The tenant defendant had moved to dismiss the case before Municipal Court Justice Young because it was filed by the landlord in the Fifth Municipal Court district instead of in the Seventh Municipal Court district, where the tenant resides, and where the property is located.

McLaughlin & Stern, attorneys for the landlord, applied to the Supreme Court for an alternative writ of prohibition, and the matter was argued before Justice Cohalan, the Corporation Counsel appearing for Municipal Court Justice Young. Justice Cohalan upheld fully the contention of counsel for the relator that the rule was improper and contrary to the Municipal Court code.

TAXATION REFORM.

Bills Being Prepared for Introduction at Albany Next Month.

Controller Craig and the City Government Committee of the Real Estate Board are drawing up bills to be introduced in the Legislature with a view to reform of tax conditions.

The City Government Committee's bill will be a general reorganization of the city Government.

The Controller, it is understood, is at work on a revision of the tax laws, under which the city in collecting arrears would be authorized to sell the property and give a clear title thereto.

Behind the propositions is the piling up in the City of New York of unpaid taxes, of which the Controller has little hope of collecting a large proportion under present conditions.

Investigations have shown that property in some instances owes more in unpaid taxes than the property is worth. A block of property in the Bronx valued by the city for tax purposes at $101,000 owes $135,000, and other lots in the Bronx valued at about $500 each have $1,200 levied against them.

Behind the piling up of assessments for improvements the investigators have found traces of the influence of contractors who circulate petitions on which the orders for the improvements and the consequent expense to property owners is based.

Because he can sell only a lien and because the costs of foreclosure are likely to mount to more than the property is worth, the Controller has found it difficult and frequently impossible to collect the back payments by means of sales.

BROOKLYN REALTY ACTION.

Owners Organize to Advocate New Housing Laws for the State.

Many Brooklyn property owners attended a meeting last week at the Real Estate Exchange in Montague Street to discuss the formation of a permanent organization, to be known as the Real Estate Owners Association. The meeting was called by the Brooklyn Real Estate Board, which is endeavoring to preserve property rights, to protect property owners and to obtain either the repeal or modification of the rent laws enacted at the last two sessions of the Legislature.

William P. Rae acted as Chairman, and he stated that the rent laws had only succeeded in adding to the acuteness of the housing situation in the City of New York.

"Prior to the war," he said, "unoccupied houses and apartments were everywhere to be found; the supply was greater than the demand. During the war there was a stoppage in the erection of dwelling houses. It was natural to expect when the Legislature of New York was called to take action that constructive measures and not destructive measures would be its aim.

"I might take the charitable view and state that the members of the Legislature were misinformed as to the so-called emergency in the lack of housing. To the onlooker at the hearing held in Albany during the early session of the Legislature it was quite manifest that the legislative committee was more influenced by the demonstration of a certain class of people appearing from the Bronx and the upper part of Manhattan than by the arguments of the more reasonable element.

"The present housing shortage is the result of not one but of several causes or conditions, including the high cost of material and labor, the uncertainty regarding labor and general market conditions and the scarcity of money for building purposes. This last condition, the scarcity of money for building operations, is by far the most serious hindrance and is due principally to the fact that mortgage investments pay an insufficient return in comparison with other forms of investment. In other words, the law of supply and demand, as far as capital for building purposes is concerned, has ceased to function and it is obvious that as long as present conditions continue to exist there will be no substantial progress in the building industry.

"If capital is expected to flow back into real estate a greater parity must be fixed upon the net income of mortgage securities as compared with other bond and stock issues. The laws of the State should be changed to meet this condition, either by relieving mortgage securities from taxation or by placing a tax of equal amount on other securities so that the competition for capital may be upon a more equal and fair relationship.

"The Brooklyn Real Estate Board believes that the new laws will be declared unconstitutional when presented to the Court of Appeals of this State, in the meantime it is highly necessary that owners organize so as to be prepared to present to the incoming Legislature the true facts of the housing situation in Brooklyn in order to aid and assist the legislators in the passage of such laws as will bring real relief for new housing and to further convince them of the necessity of wiping out and extinguishing the laws as passed this year, which tend to cripple and injure the rights of the owner without bringing the proper relief to the tenant."

Six New Theatres.

The moving picture industry in Jersey City is expanding beyond all dreams of the "movie" men themselves. Six large theatres are either in course of construction or now being planned in addition to one recently opened, The Tivoli, on Communipaw Avenue. It has been estimated that within a year or eighteen months, the seating capacity of Jersey City's moving picture houses will be nearly doubled, the present figure being 14,600 for a population of 300,000.

Brennan Brothers of the Orpheum have purchased property at Five Corners and plan the erection of a house seating 2,500, and Fred Mertens, proprietor of the Danforth Theatre, Danforth Avenue, is going ahead with plans for the construction of the Fulton, a handsome affair of 1,500 capacity at Fulton and Jackson Avenues.

Manager Blumenthal of the National Theatre, Central Avenue, is building a big new house on the same street near the Franco-American Soup Company's plant, and Dr. Charles Hespe, is also building a big house on Central Avenue, to be called the Hespe Theatre.

The State Theatres Corporation of New York are planning two large structures in the Bergen section of the city.

Increased Operating Costs.

The Chicago Building Managers' Association has received reports from fifty-eight member buildings which show average increase in operating costs, 1914-1919, inclusive, as follows:

Labor, 92 per cent.; taxes, 51.4 per cent.; coal, 145 per cent. Average rate of rent increased but 29 per cent. An average increase of 60 per cent. in rentals is necessary to bring earnings up to 6 per cent. net.

Chicago office buildings now carry $3,557,500 of mutual insurance. Dividend of 27 per cent. of annual premium was returned to policy holders last year.

BUSINESS CHANGES IN TIMES SQUARE

Old Brownstone Houses West of Broadway Rapidly Giving Way to Trade.

MANY THEATRE OPERATIONS

Entrance of Italian and French Restaurants Attest the Process of Transformation.

An interesting illustration of the transforming process in the gradual change to business activity from old time residential conditions may be seen at the present time in the blocks within the Times Square area between Broadway and Eighth Avenue from Forty-third to Fifty-seventh Street. The two most southerly blocks, Forty-third and Forty-fourth Streets, have within recent years been chiefly characterized by their rapid theatrical development, but a few remnants of old homes still remain. In the next two blocks, Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth Streets, the change has been very marked since the auction sale of the Astor properties there last Spring. Prior to that sale, except for the avenue frontages, the rows of high-stoop brownstone houses were still doing service as private homes or boarding houses. They were under short leases, and since the dispersal of the property there have been some radical changes in the direction of permanent theatrical structures and temporary business needs, the latter indicative of more substantial changes in the near future.

In some of these blocks are comfortable appearing flats and old tenements, but with few exceptions the greater part of the blocks mentioned were given over to rows of private houses. A survey of the changes shows that the majority of them have been remodeled for small shops on the basement and parlor floors and the increasing presence of Italian and French restaurants is an unfailing mark of the decadence of the former homelike atmosphere and the preparation for a hustling commercial life. These blocks are now undergoing the change experienced in the old home blocks in the twenties and thirties a few years ago. The accumulation of restaurants with foreign names is exactly what happened in the blocks to the south a short time ago and similar conditions have been duplicated in the forties between Broadway and Sixth Avenue within the last half dozen years.

The most substantial building operations in these blocks west of Broadway south of Fifty-seventh Street is in Forty-fifth Street, where, on the north side, two large and very attractive theatres are rapidly nearing completion. They occupy a portion of the recent Astor auction property. One house covers a frontage of 100 feet from 251 to 257, and the other house has a frontage of 150 feet, taking in the numbers from 239 to 247 inclusive. The theatres are separated by the lone brown stone house at 249. The three houses at 227 to 251 have just been altered in a slightly more ambitious manner than many of the old dwellings by removing the high stoops and building out the basements and floor for floors for well-lighted stores, the house at 227 being the headquarters for the Cohan theatrical productions.

The Forty-sixth Street block has become the recognized centre of the music publishing and song trade and within a short time it will be more firmly established there. The thirteen houses at 226 to 250, on the south, recently acquired by the Marc Klaw interests from the William Waldorf Astor estate are a site for two fine theatres and a twelve-story office building, are intended to be headquarters for the music publishing trade. It is said that demolition of the buildings will begin next Spring and the operation will represent about $2,500,000. The property abuts one of the new Forty-fifth Street theatres being erected by the Klaw interests. The majority of the brownstone houses in this block are now used for small shops on the ground floors.

The Forty-seventh Street block has several old flats and garages. The chief change this season has been in the five-story buildings at 243 to 251, which were recently leased for thirty years with renewal privileges by John H. Scheier and remodeled into lofts and offices. The more easterly structure is known as the Romax building and it has been well rented within the last two months. On the south side near Broadway are two or three big storage warehouses.

In Forty-eighth Street, directly opposite the Longacre Theatre, the four old three-story houses at 219 to 225 have lately been torn down and a new theatre is being constructed for opening next Spring. It has a frontage of 100 feet and adjoins the well-known Union Methodist Church, covering a large plot to the west, and which has hitherto resisted all offers of theatrical syndicates to purchase the property.

The Forty-ninth Street block presents a conglomerate appearance, being occupied by several old houses, some altered for small shops, garages, lofts, tenements, Markwell Hotel at 220 and 222, and on the north side, near Eighth Avenue, is the St. Malachy Roman Catholic Church with an attractive limestone façade. There has been little change lately in the Fiftieth Street block since the erection of the Capitol Theatre, a portion of which is on the north side of the block just west of Broadway. On the south side, however, at 234 to 246, are three or four quaint wooden structures, evidently relics of the old days when the neighboring property was utilized as the raising of vegetables and other garden produce for the city population. The new Ambassador Theatre is nearing completion near Broadway.

Entering Fifty-first Street from Broadway the observer will notice by a small tablet on the corner of the old Albany apartment house that this block was once known as St. Timothy's Place. The name does not appear in the old directories. It is said that the builders of the apartment house, erected about 1876, gave that name to the street as they did Hamilton Place to the corresponding Fifty-second Street block, in the belief that those blocks would prove choice residential centres for many years. Some old houses on the south side of Fifty-first Street are occupied by the Knights of Columbus for their night schools, and several minor trade alterations are seen. The ancient row of small wooden shacks long on the southerly Fifty-first Street corner were wiped out more than a year ago to make way for the big Capitol Theatre.

In Fifty-second Street, the Hamilton Place of years ago, as recorded by a tablet on the Fifty-second Street corner of the Albany apartment, are a number of neat brownstone houses on the north side set back from the street with balconies on the second story and pleasant yards in front. They have been greatly altered within the last few years and the two houses at 257 and 259 are now being remodeled for an Italian restaurant and changes are noticeable in others. On the south side, at 228 to 238, three old houses have just been extensively altered for business by John H. Scheier who has been an active operator in this locality. They adjoin the Albany apartment and were leased last Spring by Mr. Scheier from Maurice Allard for eighty-four years. Eventually it is planned to erect an eight-story office building on this site. Mr. Scheier has also recently completed a business operation at 238 to 240 West Fifty-fifth Street, formerly occupied by a four-story building and the seven-story Kenwood apartment house. He purchased that property several months ago and has altered the old apartment into business lofts. It is in the heart of the automobile trade centre.

NEW BROADWAY OFFICE BUILDING



Six-Story Structure Being Erected on the Northeast Corner of Sixty-third Street, on Wandel Estate Property Leasehold by the Calwhin Corporation. From Plans by B. H and C. N. Whinston.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON HALL



Old Mercantile Library Building at Astor Place and Eighth Street Remodeled at a Cost of $500,000 for Alexander Hamilton Institute, by the Hageman-Harris Company.

FAR FROM SOLVED

Becoming Worse, Says Frank Bailey of Title Guarantee and Trust Company.

CRISIS WITHIN TWO YEARS

Remedies He Suggests Include Open Shop and Severe Laws Against Material Combinations.

By FRANK BAILEY,
Vice President of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company.

The housing situation, by the superhuman efforts on the part of everybody to make it worse, is gradually becoming worse and a real housing situation will be created by the time the present laws expire.

The so-called "friendly hand" is turned out to the fellow with money, who is expected to build buildings to house the moderately priced tenants.

Our supposed builder starts to build. He is confronted by a powerful combination of material dealers and labor, of such a nature that he does not build the house at what should be its cost, but the combinations decide how much they should receive for building the house and our supposed builder pays.

Then when he has finished the house the Legislature, through the practical operation of the jury trial, has told the tenants to say how much rent they shall pay our supposed builder. Then when the builder no longer functions, we sit back in blank amazement and wonder why we don't have houses.

I was very much interested in an address the other day made by the Rev. Charles A. Richmond, President of Union College, before the graduates of the law department of New York University. He pointed out that what we need in this country at the present time is intolerance rather than tolerance.

That the people of this city have not gone to work and Sinn Feined the people who have been charging 50 per cent. more than they should for cement, 50 per cent. more than they should for brick, 25 per cent. more than they should for lumber, who have not allowed a man to tear down a building without paying toll, who have produced a combination under which only four men can work without paying a foreman, who have put one price for labor and charged the owner another price, who have produced a condition under which no man gets an honest day's work on a building, who have left a man to build a house where he did not know what it would cost, and exposed to any amount of strikes, I cannot understand. Are they spineless?

Why will the people of New York think that they can cure the housing situation by punishing and robbing a few people who have built houses, and let those who have made it impossible to build houses go scot free? It is time, I think, that there should be some measure taken where these people would be called to terms—meetings and upristags on the part of the tenants who are paying the rents, for the tenants are in trouble because of the impositions of labor and material men. Let us start to punch the right heads and then the housing situation might be cured.

With the present attitude of the public and its apparent indifference to these terrible impositions which have been going on in the building trades both on the part of labor leaders and material men, we will within the next two years face a fearful and real housing situation. There is no situation in this city at the present time which deserves the attention of its people as this one question. It is the old question over again.

If the Legislature had tried to injure it as much as possible it could not have done better, and unless the people of this city awake and stop imposition and become intolerant of these abuses in common with many other kind of things that are being done to them, I am willing to go on record that there will be a fine housing shortage here within a short time. I never yet met a doctor who endeavored to cure a boil by putting more boils on you, but that is about the kind of cure so far applied to the housing situation.

It is very easy to criticise, but the remedies for this situation are very clear:

First—That the general requirements of this city demand an open shop for all building construction, and police protection for those people who will work, and the punishment for a definite period of those who try to prevent people from working on houses.

Second—Very severe laws against combinations among the material dealers.

Third—Exemption of at least $40,000 of mortgages from the income tax. This has a chance of passing Congress at this session because Congress has found that others besides New York deem it necessary for the building of houses that this be granted.

This subject, I believe, will become one of the most important confronting the philanthropist, the manufacturer, the owner and, above all, the tenants, in this great city, and it should not be allowed to continue in the slap-dash way which is characteristically American, to wit: that somehow or other conditions will be cured.

Rent Law Amendments.

The United Real Estate Owners' Association has drafted the following amendments to the rent laws and will have them introduced at the 1921 session of the Legislature:

1. Exempting superintendents and janitors.

2. Exempting new leases and tenancies made after Sept. 27, 1920.

3. Prohibiting tenants from setting up a defense of unreasonable rent where the same rent has been previously adjudicated.

4. Instead of paying the old rent into court each month, such rent to be payable to landlord during and until adjudication of action.

5. That a rent equal to 15 per cent. net income on value of property shall not be considered an unreasonable rent. The method of arriving at net income and value to be prescribed in the laws.

Newark Realty Board Officers.

At the recent annual meeting of the Newark Real Estate Board, Dr. Charles F. Kraemer was re-elected President. Other officers elected were Jos. L. Felheiman, William C. Fielder, Frank J. Beck and Louis Kamen. The annual dinner will be held in January.

Proposed Plan.

The advisability of remodeling slum tenements in Manhattan has been given serious consideration of late in view of the housing situation. Many plans have been offered, but the consensus appears to be against such a plan. Andrew J. Thomas, in an article on the subject printed in the Architectural Record, said in part: "After a very careful review of the situation as one of the judges for the Reconstruction Commission's recent competition for the remodeling of slum districts, having examined the numerous plans submitted to the commission, I have positively come to the conclusion that remodeling is not a practical solution.

"There are many reasons for this belief. Some reasons rest on facts which are so well known that it is not necessary to do more than to refer to them, while others need to be particularly emphasized. Furthermore, to have real practical value any discussion of the problem should take account of the crisis in housing existing at the present moment.

"In the first place, I assume that most people know how miserably deficient are the old-law tenements in the necessities of light, air, sanitation, ventilation, plumbing and heating.

"Their construction is hardly better than their design, because their builders evaded the building laws as much as they dared and because their owners became discouraged at the carelessness of the tenants and have allowed the buildings to fall into a condition that is not far from actual decay.

"Twenty years ago the people of New York, by the passage of the Tenement House act, definitely pronounced those old tenements as below standard.

"They are much further below standards of decent habitations now than they were twenty years ago, because since then housing standards have advanced greatly.

"The adoption of the Tenement House act was bitterly opposed by both investors and architects as ruinous to real estate; but after the act had been in operation a short while every one saw how necessary and how absolutely desirable it was.

"Today exactly the same sort of situation has arisen. Because we can build a much higher standard of multiple family dwellings, offering larger and far more secure returns to the investor than the "new-law" tenements permitted by the act of 1901, and because of changed economic conditions, such as increased cost of construction and improved living standards, it is again requisite to put tenement housing on a new basis."

ESTABLISH REALTY BUREAU.

United Waist League to Protect Its Members.

The United Waist League of America, composed of the largest manufacturers of this line of goods in the country, with headquarters in East Thirty-second Street, has organized a real estate bureau for the benefit of its members to aid them in securing locations at reasonable terms. Despite the fact that there are a great number of lofts vacant at the present time, the rental prices do not seem to have been reduced to any extent. It is this condition that forced the league to take this action.

The Executive Board of the league has appointed Lewis L. Rosenthal, a prominent young realty broker of this city, on the Real Estate bureau. Letters have been sent to the membership calling their attention to the fact that the bureau is at their service at no cost to themselves. Mr. Rosenthal is now compiling information as to the exact amount of space occupied by the waist industry in the business sections of New York City. He also has a list of the vacant lofts and will be able to advise the membership as to the prices, terms and extent of vacancies. It will be the endeavor of the bureau to eliminate counter-bidding very much.

Speaking of the establishment of the bureau, an officer of the league said yesterday: "It has been demonstrated that in the past the same manufacturer has been bidding against himself for a loft because of the fact that several brokers, knowing his wants, had each endeavored to fill his needs. Each broker was met by the landlord with a statement that he had already a prospective tenant.

"The result was that the manufacturer finally secured the loft at a high rental, where, if common sense had prevailed, a reasonable rental would have resulted.

"In a final analysis, it was found out that he had been bidding against himself, and that each broker knew that a manufacturer desired the particular loft without knowing that that particular manufacturer was his client."

Commercial Leases.

Pepe & Brother have leased to Mrs. Minnie Hawkes the premises at 41 West Twelfth Street.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased for C. S. Sherrill, agent for the G. Benenson Investing Company, the store at 11 Cortlandt Street to the Long's hat stores.

J. Arthur Fisher has leased for Charles Monsa the store, 128 West Forty-eighth Street, to S. Periman.

The store and basement at the southwest corner of 104th Street and Amsterdam Avenue has been leased to Dr. M. Paul Gordon for the 896 Amsterdam Avenue Realty and Construction Company for use as a drug store. The Lewis L. Rosenthal Company acted as brokers and they also leased for the S. & H. Tarr Corporation, to Beatrice Bromberg, the store at 2,615 Broadway.

A Bad Fire Record.

The record of losses from fire in the United States and Canada during November, 1920, as compiled by The Journal of Commerce of this city, showed a total that was $4,500,000 in excess of the losses during November, 1919, and nearly two and one-third times greater than the losses during November, 1918. The total was $25,063,350.

This heavy waste brings the total loss for the first eleven months of the year up to $306,658,325, or very close to the total for the corresponding eleven months of 1918, which was one of the greatest years for fire loss on record.

Payne Whitney Buys Old Estate.

Payne Whitney has purchased to add to his extensive Long Island estate the former Mitchell estate at Manhasset, originally consisting of 150 acres. It has been owned by the family for many years, and the old homestead was last occupied by Charles T. Mitchell. The house is one of the finest old-type Colonial residences in the vicinity. The property has a large frontage on the North Hempstead Turnpike.

The firm of Baker & Crowell acted as brokers in the sale.

TO BE BEGUN SOON

Queensborough to Times Square Line Being Rapidly Pushed.

CONSENTS NOW SECURED

Board of Estimate Likely to Get the Contract in the Near Future.

The construction of the Queensboro Subway to Times Square will be started within the next few months, according to information received by the Queensboro Chamber of Commerce.

In a recent letter to the chamber, John H. Delaney, Transit Construction Commissioner, states, regarding the construction of this extension:

"We have secured the consents of the property owners in Forty-first Street and have prepared and submitted to the Interborough Rapid Transit Company a modification of the contract to provide for the substitution of the Forty-first Street route for the Forty-second Street route.

"When the form of agreement is acceptable to both parties of the contract, it must go to the Board of Estimate for ratification. This action should occur in the very near future. Meanwhile, the engineers are busy developing the plans for construction."

As originally laid out, the route was under Forty-second Street, but it was generally agreed that the change to deflect the route under Bryant Park to Forty-first Street would serve the public better, for it would make easier the construction of a station to which convenient access could be had at Times Square to both the Interboro and B. R. T. systems.

Trains from Queens will unload passengers on the northerly platform at Forty-first Street and then back to the southerly platform where they will take passengers for Queens. This will eliminate the congestion which would result if two-way travel were handled on one platform.

The construction and operation of this extension will be a vast improvement over the present shuttle service between the Grand Central and Times Square, as all passengers from Queens desiring to go north and south on the west side will remain on the trains to Seventh Avenue and Times Square.

Insurance Policies Presented.

The Queensboro Corporation will present to all of its regular staff of employes, except executive officers, a group life insurance policy of the Travelers Insurance Company, effective Dec. 24. The total number of employes benefited is 85, and the policies vary from $500 to $1,000, depending upon the length of service. The life insurance is payable to the employes' own dependents, and in addition to payment in the event of death there is a proviso that in the event of permanent, total disability or loss of sight before reaching age 60 the face value of the policy is payable to the insured employe.

Tenement Investments.

The five-story tenement house at 236 East Seventy-sixth Street, on plot 25 by 100, has been sold through Froman & Taubert for the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank.

Slawson & Hobbs have sold for the Mechanics Leasing Company the five-story new-law flat at 537 West 156th Street, on plot 40 by 100.

The five-story flat at 232 East Fifth Street has been sold for Mrs. Roettinger to S. Conte. Harry Tanzer & Co. were the brokers.

Meister Builders have purchased the six-story flat on a plot 37.6 by 100 at 336 and 338 East 105th Street.

High Bridge Removal.

When the Board of Estimate takes up the report of Hon. Grover Whalen, Commissioner, Department of Plant and Structures, with reference to High Bridge, as it is scheduled to do at its meeting on Friday, Jan. 21, 1921, a strong delegation will be present from The Bronx Board of Trade, to urge favorable action thereon.

The Commissioner's report recommends the entire removal of the structure, the stone to be salvaged and used to strengthen and improve the retaining wall of the Speedway along the Harlem River.

Bronx Borough Sales.

The five-story new law apartment on the northeast corner of 179th Street and the Grand Concourse, fronting 88 feet, has been sold by Thomas J. O'Reilly for the Ming Toy Holding Company. It was held at $80,000. George S. Runk was associated as broker.

Byrne & Bowman have sold for Harry Cahn to Margaret M. Gargon the private house, 25 by 100, at 241 East 175th Street, lot 25 by 101. It was held at $15,000.

Westchester Deals.

The ten acre estate owned by Dr. Howard D. Collins on the Croton Lake Road, Mount Kisco, has been purchased by Mahlon R. Bryan. The property was held at $50,000. Joseph E. Merriam was the broker and he also sold the former Glenn Packer property on Valley Road, Katonah, to Fred Clark.

Howe & Thompson have sold to a client the D. C. Hayes Colonial house on Grandview Avenue, White Plains.

Business Property Deals.

M. Morgenthau Jr. Company resold 16 West Seventy-fourth Street, a four-story and basement dwelling on a lot 25 by 100 feet, between Central Park West and Columbus Avenue, to the Carver Chiropractic College.

A. A. Hageman has sold, for Columbus Holding Company, the business building 55 West Thirty-eighth Street, to William Keller.

Queens Borough Deals.

The dwelling at 10,412 Ninety-first Avenue, Richmond Hill, has been sold for a client through Frank J. Magerle.

J. Albert Johntra has sold for the Business Men's Land Company four store buildings at 76-76½ Broadway, Flushing.

Ticket Agency in Big Lease.

The Tyson Company has leased for twenty-one years the building, 208 West Forty-second Street, from the H. D. B. Realty Company, at an aggregate rental of $400,000. The lessees will use the building as a central distributing point for their theatre ticket business. Moore & Sparks were the brokers.

Realty Notes.

William H. Peckham, recently associated with Slawson & Hobbs, has opened a real estate office at 200 West Seventy-second Street.

A loan of $30,000 has been placed for Martin Ungrich on the six story loft building at 32 Laight Street, through the Duff & Brown Company.

Sending Out Blanks To Those Who Filed Returns a Year Ago.

More than 800,000 return blanks for the State income tax are being sent out to persons who filed returns for 1919 income, according to an announcement made yesterday by Mark Graves, Director of the New York State Income Tax Bureau. The returns are due at the district offices between Jan. 1 and April 15. Taxpayers who will pay a tax this year for the first time will find blanks at the office of District Director Niles R. Becker, in the Equitable Building, 120 Broadway.

Mr. Graves said yesterday that considerable new revenue from 1920 income was expected from the 50,000 employes of railroads operating within the State of New York who were exempted from the 1919 tax because the railroads were under Federal control. "This tax exemption" he said, "also applied to employes of the telephone and telegraph companies and the American Railway Express. An audit has already been made of over 400,000 returns and we find that a great number of Federal employes paid a tax through lack of knowledge that they were exempt."

"Completed figures of the bureau," said Mr. Graves, "show total receipts of over $37,000,000 in payment of New York State's first income tax. Over 800,000 returns were filed, and of this number half a million persons paid an income tax running from a penny to $1,000,000.

"Attention is called to a number of important amendments to the law. One of the most popular is the extension of time in which to file returns from March 15 to April 15. Under the statute as passed the time limit for paying both the Federal and State tax was March 15, which resulted in confusion and hardship for taxpayers. The extension will give a thirty-day breathing spell after paying the Federal tax.

"The bureau has already refunded a total of over $175,000 to over 15,000 individuals who paid more tax than required. The intent of the audit is not to try and force additional money from the taxpayer, but to make the examinations in a fair and friendly spirit and to receive the just tax and no more. Persons who overlooked exemptions and deductions to which they are entitled are having the excess money paid returned to them as rapidly as such returns are reached in the course of audit.

"The additional tax collected through the investigation bureau from persons who, through ignorance of the law or intent, evaded the tax, will exceed $150,000, while additional tax collected or assessed to date as the result of audit of returns runs over $400,000. These two items of extra and unfixed revenue practically take care of the first year's cost of equipping and maintaining the Income Tax Bureau.

"Taxpayers and others are urged not to delay in filing their returns. Business men are now computing their accounts for the year 1920, and with the figures at hand to make correct tax return taxpayers will find the filling out of the forms an easy task."

"Employers of non-residents should be alert," said District Director Baker, "to observe the law as to taking out at the source 1 per cent. of the amount paid to them when it exceeds these non-residents' personal exemptions. Blanks for this purpose are also available, and necessary forms for the filing of information reports on payments of $1,000 or over during 1920 of salaries, commissions, rents, interest, premiums or annuities, are on hand." Residence certificates (Form 101), which the employe must fill out and give to his employer, may also be procured at this district office."

Buys Home at Fieldston.

Miss Ella M. Murphy has purchased a new residence on Grosvenor Avenue, Fieldston, Riverdale, from the B & C Building Company. George Hane was the broker.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
May Lease
for Long Term
with
POSSESSION

174 BROADWAY
N. E. Corner Maiden Lane.
12 story store and office building. Possession, 2 floors 1921, balance of building 1922.

106-110 LIBERTY STREET
Corner Church Street, running through to Cedar St. 5-story store and loft. Possession Feb., 1921.

BLOCK FRONT
UNIVERSITY PLACE
Between 9th and 10th Sts., 6-story store and loft building suitable for offices; all light; 65,000 square feet. Possession of about 20,000 sq. ft. at once, or entire building Feb., 1921.

60-62 UNIVERSITY PLACE
N. W. corner Tenth Street
55x100, corner, 8-story, fireproof. Possession February, 1921. Adjoining 4-story loft. Will alter to suit. Possession at once.

236-238 E. 37TH ST.
2-story fireproof garage, 40x100. Possession March, 1921.

136-138 BEEKMAN ST.
4-story and basement store and loft, 37x25. Possession May, 1921.

518 BROADWAY
5-story store, sub-bas. and loft building. Immediate possession.

497 BROOME ST.
4-story store, lofts; 20x65. Possession May, 1921.

S. E. CORNER
HESTER & BAXTER STS.
6-story loft building, 50x100x75; complete power plant; 40,000 sq. ft. Immediate possession.

N. W. COR. PARK PLACE
& GREENWICH STREET
5-story loft building, 47x56. Possession at once.

233 MERCER STREET
5-story loft building, 25x100. Possession at once.

LEBERTAN CORPORATION
115 Broadway
Tel. 2133 Rector.

Parsons Avenue Corner.

A new co-operative apartment house will be erected in Flushing on the corner of Parsons Avenue and Amity Street. The plot is about 100 by 150 feet and is owned by John M. Crawford of Flushing, a retired New York merchant and

The idea of a private servant has been eliminated and arrangements made for co-operative servants.

The architects are F. Ferdinand Durang and Norris Ingersoll Crandall. The brokers who will manage the sale of the apartments are Colonel John M. Thompson of New York and the Halleran Agency of Flushing. The price will be approximately $1,000 a room.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY
Real Estate Auctioneer
WILL SELL AT AUCTION
At 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St., N. Y.
SPECIAL AUCTION SALES DAY
Wednesday, Jan. 12, 1921
Executor's Sale
Estate of NATHAN KEMPNER, Deceased.
255-257-259 NINTH AVE.
Three four story buildings with stores. Size 50x100.

131 WEST 14TH ST.
Four story business building with stores. Size 16x108.3.

472 NINTH AVE.
Four story and basement building with stores. Size 34.6½x100.

HOROWITZ, ROSSTON & HORT, Attorneys, 115 Broadway.

2102-4-6 THIRD AVE.
Northwest Cor. 116th St.
Two five story buildings with stores. Size 57.8x71.8.

180 THIRD AVE.
Four story building with stores. Size 16.2x59.

352-4 WEST 39TH ST.
Two four story buildings with stores. Size 40x74.

525 NINTH AVE.
Five story building with stores. Size 24.6x56.

855 SECOND AVE.
Four story building with stores. Size 25x75.

SO. BOULEVARD, BRONX
S. E. Cor. Longwood Ave.
One story building with 6 stores. Size 100x25.

Estate of Lippman Katz, Deceased.
114 EAST BROADWAY
Four story and basement building. Size 21.2x75.
Davis & Davis, Attorneys, 61 Chambers St., N. Y.

Estate of Franziska Muller, Deceased.
161 EAST 99TH ST.
Five story brick tenement. Size 25x100.

331 WEST 34TH ST.
Four story and basement brick dwelling. Size 21x98.9.
Bauerdorf & Taylor, Attorneys, 256 Broadway, N. Y.

Send for Illustrated Booklet
BRYAN L. KENNELLY
Real Estate Auctioneer
149 Broadway, N. Y. C. Telephone Cortlandt 1547

Joseph P. Day
Auctioneer
Estates, Banks and Individuals
Successfully sold during 1920
Through me over
10,000 lots & improved parcels
at PUBLIC AUCTION
The coming year holds equal possibilities, in my opinion, for owners of Real Estate. My personal assistance and advice is always at their command. This method and opportunity is taken to thank all my Clients—Friends for their co-operation and to extend my best wishes to them.
67 Liberty Street
New York City.
Joseph P. Day
Auctioneer
Telephone
Cort. 744.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Write for Booklet "T"
Sage Foundation Homes Co.
Forest Hills Gardens
15 MINUTES FROM PENN. STATION
A place for those who appreciate Artistic Surroundings.
A choice of houses and plots for sale.
47 West 34th St. New York
Forest Hills Long Island

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.
Arthur C. Sheridan, Auct
Arthur C. Sheridan, Inc., will sell at
EXECUTOR'S AUCTION
Next Thursday Evening,
at 8:15 o'clock,
at the Elisberg Hotel, Lakewood, N. J.
TO CLOSE ESTATE A. S. LARRABEE. BY INSTRUCTIONS FROM JOSEPH H. JOHNSON, ESQ., EXECUTOR.
60 LOTS
on Ocean Av., Congress and Bruce Sts.
LAKEWOOD
NEW JERSEY
To be sold in residential plots of 80x150 each. Property one block from Lakewood Railroad Station and is sold on very
EASY TERMS
Maps from BRUCE M. LARRABEE, Esq., 15 Lexington Av., Lakewood, N. J., or Auctioneer's Offices, 183 Broadway, New York.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
57th St., Near 5th Ave.
For sale or rent. Now used for high-class retail business. Apply
CLARK T. CHAMBERS
353 5th Av. Murray Hill 7520.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
MORTGAGE MONEY
FOR ANY AMOUNT
MANHATTAN & BRONX
TOTAL EXPENSE VERY LOW
QUINLAN & LELAND
RECTOR 6080. 31 NASSAU ST.

$100,000 for Rent Assignments
$250,000 for 2d Mortgages. Will divide. First Mortgages from $25,000 up.
Brokers protected. Submit particulars.
S. A. ISRAEL, 99 Nassau St.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
FOR SALE
Corner Building
near Bleecker & Lafayette Streets
6 Stories
Equipped for manufacturing and meets every factory requirement
Possession Feb. 1, 1921
PRICE $85,000
Good terms
Owner might rent for $8,500
Net to one tenant
CHAS. F. NOYES CO.
118 William Street Phone John 2000

Investors Attention!!
Rare Opportunity to Acquire a Modern Apartment. First Class Condition.
REASONABLE PRICE
St. Nicholas Av., Vicinity 116th St.
FAVORABLE TERMS
INVESTIGATE!
WM. H. MEHLICH, INC.,
30 NASSAU ST.
TEL. CORTLANDT 6000.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.
WE HAVE CLIENTS
WHO WILL PURCHASE
50 or 75 ft. walk-up and 6 story 100 ft. elevator walk-ups; also 12 story on West Side. Quick action. Principals only.
Mr. ELLIOTT
Dwight Archibald & Perry
187 West 23d St. Watkins 6200

NEW ROCHELLE
WATER FRONT ESTATES

8 ACRES	—13 room house, 6 baths, all latest improvements. Several outbuildings, garage, &c....	$175,000
3 ACRES	—16 room house, 3 baths, hot water heat, gas, electricity. Large lawn, gardens, &c. Garage	$100,000
2½ ACRES	—15 room House, 4 baths. Beautiful elevated location. A real water front, garage, &c.	$200,000
3 ACRES	—16 room house, 5 baths, perfectly appointed. A charming country and water front house. Garage.....	$225,000
½ ACRE	—14 room house, 3 baths, hot water heat, gas, electricity. A beautiful and real home, built for owner's use. Garage	$55,000
½ ACRE	—11 rooms and 3 baths, hot water heat, electricity, gas. Delightful location. Garage.	$37,500

O'CONNOR REAL ESTATE —AGENCY—
We are prepared to submit and show all the most desirable home in NEW ROCHELLE and VICINITY now available in the market for sale or to let and at the lowest prices.
249 & 251 Huguenot St. Tel. 594 & 133 New Rochelle, N.Y.

GEORGE HOWE
Specialist in Suburban and Country Properties

DOBBS FERRY-RIVERVIEW MANOR.
Modern Stucco-tile House, forty minutes to 42nd Street; eight rooms, three baths, maid's room and bath; charming surroundings, twelve minutes from station, perfect condition. Price—$18,000. For Sunday appointment, phone Hastings 1057.

TONKERS.
5-Room Bungalow for $9,500. Plot is 100x100, shade and fruit trees. All modern improvements. Few minutes of station. Liberal terms. For Sunday appointment, 'phone Yonkers 529.

PELHAM.
Modern Colonial Home—Garage. 8 rooms, 2 tiled baths and sleeping porch. Large plot, 5 minutes' walk to station. Sale price reduced to $20,000. 'Phone Pelham 1083 for Sunday appointment.

AT BEDFORD.
Bargain — Gentleman's Farm. 40 miles from New York: stone house, 8 rooms and bath, 15 acres, mostly tillable; apple orchards; adjoining brook; complete set of farm barns. Price—$15,500. 'Phone Chappaqua 21 for Sunday inspection.

LARCHMONT.
Dutch Colonial Home—$10,000. 6 rooms and tiled bath, charming restricted section. Plot 75x120. Only $2,500 down. Balance like rent. 'Phone Larchmont 22 for Sunday appointment.

RYE.
80 Acre Estate to be Sacrificed. Superb views. Main house 7 rooms and 3 baths—Fine Cottage—many outbuildings. Garage. Lake, brook, 2 orchards, tennis court. Open to offer. 'Phone Rye 330 for Sunday appointment.

George Howe. 527 Fifth Ave. N.Y.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
In the
U.S. Food Products Building
56-58 PINE STREET
A SPACE of 1,400 square feet with wonderful light, sunshine and unobstructed view of lower Manhattan will be available FOR RENT FEBRUARY 1st, 1921. This building has been remodeled and equipped with Otis electric elevators.
Management of
Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
46 Cedar Street
Tel. 5700 John

We extend to our clients and friends best wishes for a Merry Xmas and a Happy New Year, and hope to continue to serve you as in the past.
BYRNE & BOWMAN
30 East 42nd Street
Vanderbilt 2371.

For Sale
63 West 54th Street.
5 story American basement. Completely furnished. Owner going abroad is compelled to sacrifice. House in excellent condition.
Inquire immediately.
PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 Madison Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 6200

FOR SALE
NO. 319 WEST 74TH ST.
5-Story American Basement Dwelling.
17 rooms, 3 baths, immediate possession.
For particulars apply to
CLARK T. CHAMBERS
353 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 7520

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Are You Looking For a Home?
At City Island
BOROUGH OF THE BRONX
there are some homes ready for IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY and
10 New Houses
For particulars apply at my City Island Office, 536 City Island Av., or my Downtown Office, 67 Liberty St.
Joseph P. Day
Sales Agent.
Tel. Cort. 744 or City Island 136

AT A SACRIFICE
NEW ONE-FAMILY STUCCO
WITH GARAGE
READY FOR OCCUPANCY
2611-2623 Sedgwick Ave.; short distance north of Kingsbridge Road; reached by 6th and 9th Ave. L and Jerome Ave Subway to Kingsbridge Station. All latest improvements; must be seen to be appreciated. Price right, terms reasonable. Builder on premises. Phone Kingsbridge 1067.

Would You Sell Your Memories
of childhood in a real house with a real attic and real open fires, real parties and real trees?
Then Give Your Children These Delights in Bronxville, N. Y.,
which is a suburb of lovely homes. A prominent builder has built for himself and a friend or two a fine type of substantial Colonial house; ten rooms and three baths, sunny breakfast porches, open fireplaces, steam heat, improved kitchens. They are scattered among old trees, on rolling ground with a brook at the foot. Six minutes' walk from school, station and the social life of the Hotel Gramatan. Three now available. Your Winter coal assured.
We Want Good Neighbors!
and to get them we are willing to make reasonable terms. Won't you discuss with us this opportunity for a permanent home of charm and dignity?
BROOKSIDE HOMES, Inc.
105 West 40th Street
Telephone BRYANT 5374.

PELHAM
For Rent, Unfurnished.
S-3068. 9 rooms, 3 baths. Garage. $175 per month.
S-3546. 7 rooms, bath, $100 per month.
S-3684. 6 rooms, 2 baths, $175 per month.
Large plots in excellent locations. Modern in every detail. Phone Pelham 1397.
Fish & Marvin
527 Fifth Ave., New York.
Telephone Murray Hill 6836.

Buy Now a Gift to Remember
Save $1,500 on a lot at Philipse Manor
One of the most beautiful colonies on the Hudson River, 50 minutes from city on main line New York Central.
The trustees of this property have permitted me to offer until January, 1921, plots at two-thirds their present value if sold at once. The present market of building material is declining and as the material goes down property in this vicinity will increase from 25 to 50 per cent.
This property is fully improved with gas, electricity, sewers, sidewalks, and is restricted. There is bathing, boating, tennis, country club and many other desirable features, and is directly at station. 22 trains daily each way.
For particulars and plans ED. S. MORRIS, General Sales Manager for Trustees Philipse Manor Company, 549 5th Av. Vanderbilt 7200. For Sunday appointment phone Tarrytown 388.

NEW ROCHELLE
Modern Country Home, 12 rooms, 3 baths, gas, electricity, steam heat; conveniently located; near station, trolley and schools; price $16,000. A bargain.
LESLIE P. HARRIS.
9 North Ave. Tel. 1186 New Rochelle

Hollow Tile Home, $8,500
Attractive stucco, 6 rooms, tiled bath, fireplace, fireproof porch; large lot; 7 min. station; near school; 32 min. Grand Central; macadam road; all improvements; easy terms.
W. S. MOORE, 52 Vanderbilt Av.
Tels. Murray Hill 6655, 7327.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
NO PROFITEERING
AT
Howard Beach
1914 Prices Now Quoted
for Choicest Building Lots
BUY A HOMESITE NOW
and Build Next Spring
LOTS $600 ON EASY TERMS
10% DOWN; 1% a Month
Builder on Premises
Howard Beach is on Jamaica Bay, Borough of Queens, New York City—30 minutes from Penn. Station, Manhattan; 20 minutes from Flatbush Av., Brooklyn; 5 miles of water frontage; constant train service; city improvements and protection.
Call, write or phone
Howard Estates Development Co.,
51 Chambers St., New York
Phone Worth 2844.
Local Office on Howard Beach Station.
Open All Day—Every Day.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
BUILDERS SACRIFICE
7 Room Stucco Private Dwelling with garage, parquet floors, modern in every detail. Must be sold.
AMER REALTY CO.,
299 Broadway. Tel. Worth 51.

Riverdale-on-the-Hudson

Fieldston

West of Van Cortlandt Park
246th Street—New York City.



A Protected Neighborhood of Beautiful Private Homes

WHERE:

A picturesque plot can be purchased and a house of your own planning can be built for a definite price.

—Anticipate the Building Boom—

"Buy Your Fieldston Plot Now!"

George Howe 527 Fifth Ave. N.Y.
Specialist in Suburban and Country Properties
Fieldston Office Open Every Day.

"Wykagyl Park"

NEW ROCHELLE
35 Minutes from City

Two New Houses
9 ROOMS—3 BATHS
Plots 100x200
Cost $30,000 to Build
Will Sell at
10% DISCOUNT
5% Further for Cash
Immediate Action Necessary
Fully Improved.
Choice Building Plots
FOR SALE
WYKAGYL HOLDING CO.
51 East 42d St., N. Y. C.
NEW ROCHELLE OFFICE,
NORTH AND PAINE AVES.
Open Daily and Sunday.
Phone 3757 New Rochelle.

Fish & Marvin

527 Fifth Avenue
New York.
TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 6326.

Scarboro

5 ACRES, large vegetable garden, fruit and shade trees. Frame residence, 12 rooms, 3 baths. Garage with quarters. Within easy motoring distance of Sleepy Hollow Club and Briarcliff Lodge. Walking distance from golf club. Can now be purchased below actual value. Apply C-128. Phone Ossining 874.

White Plains

11 ACRES, 9 acres tillable, 4 acres woodland, pond. Convenient to trolley. Attractive Colonial house, 18 rooms, bath. Must be sold at a sacrifice. Phone White Plains 548.

Bronxville

SEVERAL ATTRACTIVE MODERN DWELLINGS, 9 rooms, 3 baths. Plots 75x150, in restricted sections. Garages. Others, all prices, sizes and construction. Asking present building prices. Immediate occupancy on some; terms on all. Phone Bronxville 3100.

Westchester Owners and Brokers! Attention!!

Wanted to purchase, 300 to 500 acres near Larchmont or Quaker Ridge section. Terms must be easy. Unimproved or with large house suitable for club purposes. Send full details with photographs, surveys, and locality map to

Charles F. Noyes Co.
118 William Street
John 2000

$500 WILL BUY

One of the most charming homes in Westchester; the construction is white cement, not stucco; there are seven rooms, tile bath, steam, gas, electricity, open fireplace, beam ceilings, bookcases, an efficiency kitchen with built-in ironing board; china closet, table and seat and two closets; there are also nine other closets and laundry is in basement; the plot is 300 feet deep with fine old shade; it is near station, close to Bronxville and only 35 minutes from the Grand Central; the house is well and substantially constructed, and the price is around $18,000. Further particulars, W. H., 92 Times.

Model Stucco Home, $12,500

7 rooms, tile bath, large living room, beam ceilings, open fireplace; good-sized plot; high location; restricted property; improvements; 4 minutes station, 33 Grand Central. Terms. Phone 1715, 53 Vanderbilt Av. Tels. Murray Hill 1927 and 6835.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MADISON, NEW JERSEY

Modern dwelling; first floor contains hall, living room, dining room, kitchen and sun parlor, second floor has 3 bedrooms and bath; one room on the top floor; steam, electricity, gas, open fireplace; 2-car garage; corner plot, 145 by 100.

Possession may be had at once, as owner is leaving country. Price $11,000.

JOSEPH V. KEATING,
Real Estate Broker.
Madison, N. J. Opp. Lack. Sta.

HISTORIC WATER WITCH

Ready to move in; with all modern improvements; near beach.

6-room cottage $4,000
7-room cottage 5,200
11-room cottage, furnished 7,500

WATERFRONT BUILDING LOTS
and
HILL TOP LOTS

Carefully restricted—easy terms.
A. E. DENNETT, Water Witch, N. J.

Like the "STERLING" mark on silverware, the name of

F. M. CRAWLEY & BROS.

is a guarantee of the BEST QUALITY of SERVICE to the buyer of

MONTCLAIR

Real Estate. Our record is an open book that all may read. We offer the following properties for sale. We also recommend them as good purchases.

$28,000

A Hillside residence in one of the finest restricted residential sections of town. Contains 11 rooms, sun-room, 3 bathrooms, steam heat and electricity. Plot over 150 ft. front. 2-car garage. Fine assortment of trees and shrubbery. May be had on most reasonable terms.

$35,000

Handsome Elizabethan residence of brick-and-stucco construction; built before the days of high priced building costs. Large living room, library, dining room, kitchen, 7 bedrooms, 3 baths, dressing rooms. Choice location. Double garage. Magnificent view.

Note—We are BROKERS, not SPECULATORS.

F. M. CRAWLEY & BROS.

Real Estate Brokers
Opp. Lackawanna Terminal. Montclair, N. J.

LE "PETIT CHATEAU A VENDRE"

An exquisite replica in miniature of a sunlit French country home on the heights of the Rhone, boldly built on the crest of Sunset Ridge, overlooking the most beautiful lake-land country of New Jersey, where every window frames a picture of surpassing charm. There are nine immense rooms, three tiled baths, a garage, extensive grounds, attractively planted. An Express Station on the country's best commuting railroad brings one to Manhattan within the hour. The neighborhood is occupied almost exclusively by New York City business men and affords every city advantage for comfortable living. Title and occupancy may be had on the payment of $5,000. Balance of $12,500 can be arranged on mortgages. This unique and superbly located property, complete in every detail, is going for two-thirds its real value. Nothing to equal it within 200 miles of N. Y. City. Nothing exactly like it in the world today. A complete resume, with illustrations, may be obtained by telephone request from MR. BLACKWELL, 8400 Columbus.

At a Sacrifice

VERY LITTLE CASH NEEDED
Owner Leaving Town

6 Rooms—1 Family Corner House

All improvements; located Teaneck, New Jersey; near trolley and two railroads. House can be seen at any time.

Owner—J. F. MANNING,
Woodbine St. and DeGraw Ave., Teaneck, N. J.
Phone 1925M—Hackensack

$67 MONTHLY

Pays 1st Mgt. Int., Taxes, Water and Insurance.

800 feet ele. High above mosquito zone. Golf. Tennis. Bathing and Boating.



BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS; NEARLY ONE-HALF ACRE.
13 BIG ROOMS, 3 BATHS, SLEEPING PORCH. 51 MINUTES TO CITY.

$7,650—EASY TERMS

and Permanent Mortgage of $10,000 Buys It. Wonderful land and water views extending for 20 miles in every direction. Country advantages and the same conveniences that prevail in New York City. Tree-covered plot, exquisitely landscaped. Two-car garage included.

CURTIS SMITH,
Tel. Prospect 9887. 442 Sterling Pl., Bkyn., N.Y.

MORTGAGE LOANS

can be effected with much greater facility if your real estate titles are insured. We examine, guarantee and insure titles to real estate in Bergen County. Our booklets will interest you. Write for them.

North Jersey Title Insurance Co,
HACKENSACK, N. J.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Water Front Estate

One of the Most Complete and Attractive Properties on the South Shore

Consisting of 90 acres, with actual Bay Front, long road frontage; very fine trees and shrubbery; gardens. Grounds are well laid out with attractive planting. Improvements consist of substantial frame house in excellent condition, partially furnished; 9 master's bedrooms, 5 baths, 7 maids' rooms and bath; hot water heat, electric light, parquet floors, screened porches. Large stable, with accommodations for a dozen horses and carriages, and quarters for chauffeur, all improvements. A cottage for family use for week ends during Winter, or can be used for extra helps' quarters; gate lodge and gardener's cottage, with improvements; farm barn, greenhouses, sheds and other outbuildings, with complete equipment of farm and garden tools. Bath house and bathing beach, with boat house and harbor for boats; private dock. The improvements alone could not be duplicated for the price at which it is offered, $150,000.

JEREMIAH ROBBINS,
Babylon, L. I. Tel. Babylon 22.

BROKERS, ATTENTION
VACANT HOMES FOR SALE

FREEPORT, L. I. 22 miles N. Y. 6-room house, all improvements. $4,000
HEMPSTEAD, L. I. 22 miles N. Y. 8-room house, every improvement. $8,500.
SMITHTOWN, L. I. 48 miles N. Y. 7-room house, improvements, acre land, near water. $7,500.
SETAUKET, L. I. 55 miles N. Y. Old New England type house, 2 acres. $6,500.
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y. 8-room house, 5 minutes station; every improvement. $7,000.

Reasonable terms can be arranged.
Full commission paid. Call, write or phone for further particulars.
DANIEL GERARD, 1270 B'way, N. Y.

Summer Home or Farm

225 Acres, near Bellport

extending to the Bay with a long water frontage; nearly all high ground, fine old trees, large old house and outbuildings in dilapidated condition.

Excellent value at $35,000—40% Cash.

JEREMIAH ROBBINS
Babylon, L. I. Tel. Babylon 22.

DOUGLAS MANOR

The ideal suburban home on the North Shore; boating, bathing, fishing; 22 minutes Penn. Station. Some bargains in houses and plots.

J. HART WELCH,
Douglaston. Phone Bayside 811.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

PROFITABLE FARMS
COUNTRY HOMES, ESTATES.
MONMOUTH COUNTY.

GEO. W. TUCKER, MARLBORO, N. J.
Graduate Agriculturist. Phone connection.

452 5th AVENUE [KNOX BLDG.]
S.E. Cor. 40th St.

Northerly Exposure, overlooking Public Library. Three offices of 500 to 600 sq. ft. each to let from May 1st.

For rents and particulars apply to
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street

LOFT TO LET
116-118-120 East 27th ST.
From February 1, 1921

66 Feet 8 Inches Front

12th Floor; light on four sides; skylights; fireproof; 3 elevators; Fire Sprinkler equipment and all modern improvements.

For full particulars inquire of
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

102 E. 52nd ST. Park Ave.

2 very large and light rooms bath and kitchen

Apply to
R. C. VOTH, 375 Park Ave.

GARAGE, WAREHOUSE Or FACTORY

Immediate Possession
Will alter to suit tenant.
Building about
25,000 Square Feet, near
149th St. & 3rd Ave.
Long lease and moderate rental.
Brokers protected.
A. J. Pendleton,
229 West 70th St. Tel. Col. 8780.

15,500 Square Feet

ON ONE FLOOR
at 4th St. and Broadway
FIREPROOF BUILDING
SPRINKLERS WINDOWS
ON THREE SIDES
EXCEPTIONALLY LIGHT LOFT
VERY LOW RENTAL
POSSESSION AT ONCE
Phone N. C., Spring 8536.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR RENT FURNISHED

$50.00 per month, within five minutes of station and trolley, nine-room house, old-fashioned fireplaces, homelike, amid pleasant surroundings. Available immediately. $75.00 per month, nine-room house, completely furnished; all improvements. Owner going to Florida, will rent from Jan. 10 to April 15, 1921.

THE TRACY REALTY CO.,
Cos Cob, Conn. Phones 27-1639.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

FLOORS

With Immediate Possession
23-29 Washington Place
(N. W. Cor. Greene St.)
Size 100x100

5TH FLOOR
Immediate Possession
Balance February 1st.

26-30 Bleecker St.
(S. E. Cor. Mott St.)
Size 69x90.

THREE FLOORS
Floor Capacity 300 Pounds.

3D FLOOR
Immediate Possession
Balance February 1st.

Spear & Co. REAL ESTATE
840 Broadway. Stuyvesant 0627

22 West 4th St.

Loft 25x90..$2,600

LIGHT, FIREPROOF LOFT, ELEVATOR SERVICE, &c., SUITABLE LIGHT MANUFACTURING.
Apply Supt. on premises.

12-14 W. 18th St.

Loft 25x90, $3,000
Loft 51x90, $6,000

BEAUTIFUL LIGHT LOFTS, SUITABLE LIGHT MANUFACTURING PURPOSES; ELEVATOR SERVICE, &c.
Apply Supt. on premises.

PENN TERMINAL BUILDING

7th Ave., 30th to 31st St.
NEW
17 Story Fireproof Building
ADJOINING
PENNSYLVANIA STATION & HOTEL
NEAR MAIN POST OFFICE.

ENTIRE
FLOORS
20,000 SQ. FT.
OFFICES
600 SQ. FT. UPWARD
STORES
SUBDIVIDED TO SUIT.

FOR EXECUTIVE OFFICES OR SALESROOMS
NO MANUFACTURING
Occupancy Jan. 1, 1921
REGENT REALTY CO.
33 W. 42D ST. TEL. 5508 VANDERBILT
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

LOFTS TO LET

243 West Broadway.
L Station at Door.
25x100. Elevator and Heat. Sidelight.
$1,500 to $2,000
ADAMS & CO.
170 5th Av. Gramercy 2854.

3 STORY BUILDING

82 WALKER ST.,
Between Broadway & Lafayette St.
24 x 95

To Lease—Possession February 1st
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO.,
30 East 42d St.

READY FOR OCCUPANCY

Corner Store

AREA 3,000 SQ. FEET
SPLENDID LOCATION
7th Ave. & 51st St.
MODERATE RENTAL
Long Term Lease if Desired.
WIRA REALTY CORP.
5 & 7 UNION SQUARE
TEL. STUYVESANT 0560.

OFFICES

PRINCIPAL OFFICE BLDGS.
WITHIN ONE BLOCK
GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL
Large and small units
Possession now to May 1st
Full information and floor plans
J. CLARENCE DAVIES
51 E. 42nd St. Vanderbilt 9175

LOFT TO LET
138 W. 17TH ST.
4200 SQUARE FEET.
ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.
PRICE RIGHT.
Edmund M. Brennan Corp.,
11 EAST 58TH ST. PLAZA 5118.

LIGHT LOFT,
281-283 East 137th St.,
Near 3rd Ave.
LIGHT THREE SIDES.
EXCELLENT FACTORY SECTION.
EASILY ACCESSIBLE. MELROSE 8178.

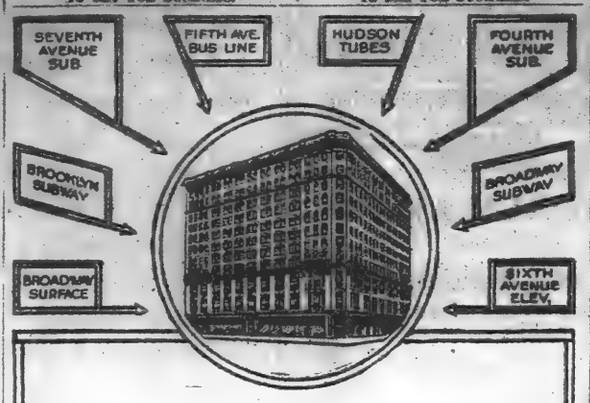
STORE & LOFT BUILDING
283 WEST BROADWAY
Adjoining Canal Street.
6 Stories and Basement, 25x100, containing about 17,000 sq. ft.
Possession February 1st, 1921.
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO.,
30 East 42d Street.

42d St., 511 & 513 WEST

Modern eight-story building, high ceilings. LOFTS 50x100; TWO ELEVATORS. Seventh Loft, $4,000. Possession Feby. 1st. Sixth Loft, $3,900. Possession May 1st. M. M. HAYWARD & CO., 2,640 Broadway.

PRINTERS' LOFT

Located in the uptown Printers' district; 6,800 sq. ft., good light on three sides, 100% sprinklered, passenger and freight elevator; heavy floor capacity; immediate possession. T 562 Times.



Exceptional Opportunity

to secure selling space in the

Marbridge Building

Broadway, 6th Avenue & 34th Street

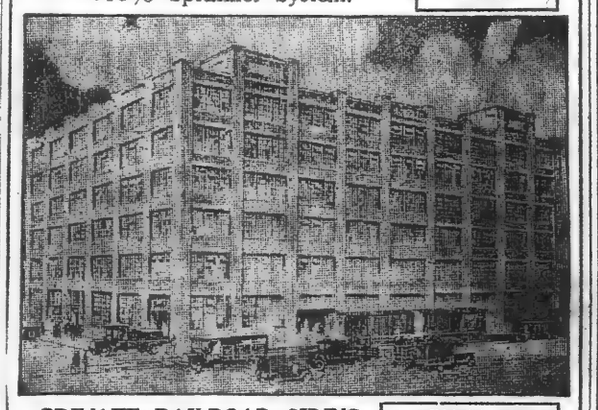
4600 square feet located on first floor (80 feet of window display space on 34th Street). 20 feet ceiling.

Samuel Kronsky, Inc.
Marbridge Building — Telephone 772 Fitz Roy

Co-operation of brokers is invited

ONLY ONE FLOOR AVAILABLE

200 x 134—26,800 Sq. Ft.
MODERN CONCRETE B'LD'G
100% Sprinkler System.
HEAVY FLOOR LOADS



PRIVATE RAILROAD SIDING
10 MINUTES FROM GRAND CENTRAL STA.
L. I. City's Industrial Centre
Owner, S. Blickman, 199 Lafayette St. Tel. 5445 Canal

TIMES SQUARE OFFICES

$35 a Month and Up
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Also Large Store, 50x100
ROMAX BUILDING — 245 West 47th St.
Adjoining Strand Theatre
JOHN H. SCHEIER
Romax Building — 245 West 47th Street
Telephone Bryant 5102-5103 — Or Your Own Broker

Just off 5th Ave.

5 E. 38th—6 E. 39th
"Craftsman Building"
Running through from Street to Street

Entire 6th Floor

About 6,000 Sq. Ft.
or Half Floor, 3,000 Sq. Ft.
Most modern 12-story fireproof structure, 2 passenger, 2 freight elevators. 100% sprinkler system, all latest improvements. Will rent $2.60 a square foot.
Immediate Possession
Or Feb. 1, 1921.
NO MANUFACTURING
FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS
DANIEL H. JACKSON
135 Broadway. Rector 3569.

TO SUBLET

1,600 to 2,900 Square Feet of OFFICE AND SHOWROOM SPACE
on the 8th floor of Spingler Building.
5-7-9 Union Square West.
Three years' lease; immediate possession; low rental.
Apply H. DANELSON on premises, or your Broker.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

39 EAST 58TH ST.
GROUND FLOOR WITH BASEMENT. LARGE WINDOW ON STREET. SIZE 38x12.
Ideal Spot for Furrier Gown Shop, Silk Shop, Hat Shop
Investors Securities Service Co., INC.
Phone 2819 Plaza. 39 East 58th St.
Brokers Protected.

GARAGE FOR SALE OR LEASE

18,940 sq. ft., ready for occupancy, located on Georgia Av., near Atlantic Av., Brooklyn. Inquire REALTY CONTRUCTION CORP., 44 Court St. Tel. Main 8278.

BROADWAY CENTRAL BUILDING

2 Corners Facing South
ENTIRE BLOCK
Broadway to 7th Av.
on North Side of 51st St.
Entire Floors, Offices for rent; 3 Elevators, Sprinklers; Arcade through building. Ready for occupancy. Inspection invited.
$2.00 to $2.50 Per Foot
M. M. HAYWARD & CO.
2640 Broadway. Tel. River. 9084
AGENT ON PREMISES.

TO SUBLET

Desirable Light Offices
800 Sq. Ft.
CENTURY BUILDING
1 West 34th Street
Apply
Box Y 2396 Times Annex

153 West 15th Street

LOFT
8,000 feet, one floor, $6,500. Exceptionally light, 2 electric elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Inquire on premises or Greenstein, 206 West 29th Street. Watkins 9316.

BEAUTIFUL STORES

For rent, through which several hundred people will pass daily. Rent reasonable. Four and a half years' lease.
HOTEL ALGONQUIN ANNEX,
APPLY C. D. STERLIN,
59 WEST 44TH STREET.

Gotham National Bank Building

Now 70% Rented

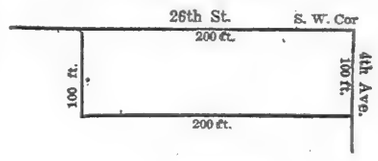


24-STORY OFFICE BUILDING
BROADWAY AT COLUMBUS CIRCLE
10 TRANSIT LINES AT THE DOOR

Entire Floors—6668 Sq. Ft. Net
at $3.75 per sq. ft.
WITH PARTITIONS TO SUIT
PERPETUAL LIGHT ON FOUR SIDES
POSSESSION FEB. 1, 1921
GOTHAM NATIONAL BANK
Renting Department
1328 BROADWAY AT COLUMBUS CIRCLE
TELEPHONE—COLUMBUS 1425
Or Your Own Broker.

Hess Bldg.

4th Floor
20,000 sq. ft.
and smaller units
POSSESSION FEBRUARY 1st



No Manufacturing.

907 Broadway — HESS — Stuyvesant 4200

145 WEST 45th STREET

ADJOINING BROADWAY
Offices and Professional Studios
HIGH-CLASS FIREPROOF BUILDING
Equipped with Approved Vaults for Film Storage
ENTIRE FLOOR 5300 SQUARE FEET
AND A FEW DESIRABLE OFFICES
Immediate possession if desired.
ROBERT P. ZOBEL, 35 WEST 39th STREET
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

8000 SQUARE FEET

Desirable Space
Immediate Possession
55c. Square Foot
2419-2437 Woodhaven Ave.
OZONE PARK, L. I.
Labor Conditions Excellent for Manufacturing
Phone N. C., Spring 8536.

OFFICES and SHOW-ROOMS

$60 PER MONTH AND UP
Light, Heat and Service Included
Possession Now and Feb. 1
GABAY BUILDING
30-32 East 20th St.

TO LET
5-7-9 West 37th St.
12th Floor, Top. 7500 Sq. Ft.
Excellent Light
Also SHOWROOM, 7th Floor
Possession February 1st, 1921
H. J. SACHS & CO., 38 West 21st St.

BUSINESS — HESS — PROPERTY

Top Floor for Rent
No. 2 East 46th St.

Adjoining Fifth Avenue
Immediate Possession
Reasonable Rent
Size 30 feet front by 85 feet deep.
Unexcelled location for Highest Class of Shop, Office or Atelier.
Apply for further particulars to
BRETT & GOODE CO.,
582 Fifth Ave. Bryant 695

WAREHOUSE—FACTORY OR GARAGE
36,000 SQUARE FEET
4-STORY BUILDING
GREENWICH ST., NEAR SPRING
ON LONG TERM LEASE
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Driveway from Street to Street.
First floor concrete; contains 11,000 square feet; two cold-storage plants; 2 elevators; stable accommodations for 50 horses; steam plant, office, etc.
WOLFE & COMPANY
31 Liberty Street.
Phone John 5262.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION

19-21 West 57th St.

NEW BUILDING
ENTIRE FLOORS
TO LEASE
Also Studio Suitable for Photographer
Apply on premises or
THOMAS V. McLAUGHLIN
2 Rector St. Rector 1995

OFFICE, LARGE, LIGHT.
With 4 Phones, Suited for BROKERAGE OR MAIL ORDER, ETC.
Brokers Protected.
5 W. 19th. Chelsea 8000.



ON BROADWAY
At Fourth Street

The Merchants Building

COMPLETELY EQUIPPED with high speed electric passenger elevator and freight elevators.

RECEIVING and SHIPPING FACILITIES provided for in separate entrance on 4th St.

LOW INSURANCE RATES compelled by sixteen floors of the highest type fireproof construction and 100% sprinkler system.
Ideal for manufacturing purposes.

EFFICIENT SERVICE assured by capable attendants and complete equipment for heat, light and power.

Electricity, Gas and Steam installation.

ALL TRANSIT LINES CONVENIENT—subways, elevated and surface cars.

Leases made for entire floors or divided in any part to suit tenant.

Four Connecting Floors
Immediate or February 1, 1921 Possession

PHONE VANDERBILT 1725
Or your own broker.
Brokers' Co-operation invited.

Broadway

WILLIAM S. SUSSMAN
• • • INCORPORATED • • •
REAL ESTATE ADMINISTRATORS
300 Madison Ave., New York

MEMBERS REAL ESTATE BOARD OF NEW YORK

Stores, Floors and Offices

620-8 Madison Ave.
S. W. Corner 59th St.
Stores and Offices

The Stores are especially well suited for any high-class Art, Books, Photos, Optical or Antique Dealer.

The Offices are ideal for Brokers, Builders, Engineers, Architects.

Possession February, 1921

"Griffon" Building
151-3 W. 19th St.
46.7 x 90
Third Floor.

27-33 W. 20th St.
100 x 92
Several Floors.

13-15 E. 22nd St.
54 x 98.9
7th Floor.
Also smaller units.

28-30 W. 23rd St.
thru to
9-19 W. 22nd St.
Several Floors.
21,000 sq. ft. each.
Immediate possession of 21,000 sq. ft.
Balance February, 1921
Exceptional Light

115-17 E. 23rd St.
28 x 98.9
Store and Basement.

22-4 W. 27th St.
50 x 98.9
9th Floor.

34-8 W. 27th St.
68.6 x 98.9
9th Floor. Immediate Poss.

Hess Building
4th Ave. a.w. cor. 26th St.
100 x 200
4th Floor.
Also smaller units

329 Fourth Ave.
40x83
4th and 5th Floors.
Also Offices

821-3 Broadway
N. W. Cor. 12th St.
49 x 87 x irreg.
10th and 11th Floors.

134-40 W. 29th St.
100 x 98.9
Store and Basement.
Possession February, 1921
Sixth Floor.
Possession January 1st, 1921
Also smaller units.

127 W. 30th St.
25 x 60
Store and Basement.
Immediate Possession

131 W. 30th St.
25x60
Store and Basement.
Immediate Possession

19-21 W. 31st St.
Life Building
Several Stores.
Possession January, 1921

12-14 W. 32nd St.
34 x 98.9
7th Floor.
No Manufacturing.

907 Broadway — HESS INC — Stuyvesant 4200



Opposite the Saturn & Hampton

305 West End Avenue
AT SEVENTY-FOURTH STREET
A RESIDENTIAL HOTEL
Just Completed

Suites of two or more rooms with complete and Superior Service
also
A few One Room Apartments

RESIDENT MANAGER - Columbus 7200

THE WENDOLYN
Riverside Drive and 100th St.

10 Rooms, 3 baths,
exceptionally well laid out—large, light rooms; southwestern exposure.

DONOVAN ESTATE, Inc.
80 Broadway. Tel. Rector 8047.

READY FOR TENANTS
Only a Few Suites Left.
3—4—5—6 Rooms
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
PRICE RIGHT ROOMS LARGE
812 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
ONE BLOCK FROM 157TH ST. SUBWAY
NORMAN DENZER
3807 Broadway at 159th St. Representative on Premises.

Furnished—East Side.

Belgrave Block
Madison Av., 49th to 50th St.
2 and 3 Room
APARTMENTS
Rents $900 to $1,500
(with service, if desired)
Cruikshank Company,
141 Broadway Rector 4100.
Worthington Whitehouse, Inc.,
on premises
446 Madison Av. Plaza 4600.

Furnished—West Side.

Unusual Apartment at Reasonable Prices.
Large rooms, exceptionally light; many closets; handsome furnishings; centre of everything; quiet and homelike.
HOTEL GREGORIAN
35th St., near 5th Av., near Broadway.

Unfurnished—West Side.

117 West 58th St.
Hotel Sevillia
12-Story Fireproof Building
4 Few Suites
2-3-4 ROOMS
AND BATH, JUST COMPLETED, SEVERAL FURNISHED
Exceptionally Low Rentals
Excellent Restaurant, Maid Service
Apply on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS
JUST COMPLETED
The Wheeler & Han Loo
559-565 W. 188th St.
Near 191st Subway Station
5th Ave. Bus Passes Property
4 ROOMS, $95 to $105
Rental Representative on Premises.
F. J. McMAHON CO., Agents
1,438 St. Nicholas Av., corner 182nd St.
Phone Wadsworth 8210.

Apartments for Rent
4 West 50th St.
Two and three rooms and bath.
Desirably located
Rent $2000 to $2500
Suitable for doctor
Immediate possession
PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 MADISON AV. TEL. M. H. 6200

6-7 Room Apartments
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
All Outside Rooms, Unusual Closet Space; Elevator; Hall Attendants, Etc.
Rents $1,700 Up
220 West 107th St.
Near Broadway.
Superintendent on premises.

Harperley Hall
1 WEST 64TH STREET
UNFURNISHED
7 Rooms and 3 Baths; Housekeeping
2-5 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette
ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
2, 3 and 4 Rooms, with Kitchenette
Refrigeration in all apartments
TELEPHONE "COLUMBUS 8500"

JUST COMPLETED
186 Riverside Drive
Between 80th and 81st Sts.
1 AND 2 ROOMS, WITH TILE BATHS
Wonderfully large; maid service if desired; gas for light housekeeping; unobstructed view of the river; subway, buses and B'way cars all convenient. Rents $1,500-$2,500. Representative on premises; seen any time.
WOOD, DOLSON CO., 80 St. & B'way.
Tel. Schuyler 1100.

---

110 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
CORNER 83D ST.
Immediate Possession
9 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS
Southern Exposure
E. K. VAN WINKLE, Agent.
152 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

APARTMENTS FOR RENT
24 WEST 58TH ST.
Opposite the Plaza Hotel. Immediate Possession. Apply on Premises or
PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 Madison Ave.

---

303 WEST 74TH STREET
Opposite Charles M. Schwab's Mansion.
6 exceptional apts. ready for occupancy.
2 Rooms, Bath, Kitchenette—$1,300.
2 Rooms, Bath, Kitchenette—$1,500.
2 Rooms, Bath, Kitchenette—$1,900.
Owner Resides on Premises.

---

325 West 77th Street
Bet. Riverside Drive and West End Av.
NEW BUILDING
Highest class elevator apartments, 3 rooms and bath, showers, tiled kitchens.
Rents $1,600 to $2,000 yearly.
Tel. Schuyler 1660.

---

315 West 94th Street
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENT
NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
5 LIGHT ROOMS $1350
AND BATH.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

---

600 WEST 161st St.
6 ROOMS AND FOYER
2 BATHS, FIREPROOF
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920
Inquire MELROSE 15—

---

152 WEST 72nd St.
JUST COMPLETED
1-2-3 ROOMS and BATH
$1050 — $2100
E. K. VAN WINKLE, Agent
On Premises Columbus 1077

Unfurnished—West Side.

125 East 72d St.
MODERN 14-STORY APT.
6 Rooms
THE WYOMING
S.E.cor. 55th & 7th Av.
MODERN 12-STORY APT
8 Rooms
$3,600 per annum
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Julius Tishman & Sons, Inc.
18 East 41st St. Tel. Vanderbilt 1077

JUST COMPLETED
READY FOR OCCUPANCY
FT. WASHINGTON AVE.
S. E. CORNER 173RD ST.
Extraordinary elevator apartments, unusually beautiful rooms, certain to every improvement; avenue under supervision of Park Department; arranged in suites of
3-4-5-6 Rooms, 1-2 Baths.
AGENT ON PREMISES
CHARLES BERLIN Building Agent
BROADWAY, CORNER 162ND ST
141 EAST 17TH ST.

New Prasada
65th St., Central Park West
Unfurnished—Housekeeping
5 Rooms, 2 Baths—$4,000.00
Living room, 17x30, facing park.
4 Rooms, 1 Bath—$2,750.00
Excellent restaurant in building.
These apartments in co-operative building also for sale; house just remodeled; up to date in every way. Apply owner, Campbell.

VACANT APARTMENTS
2 & 3 ROOMS
153 Riverside Drive
780 West End Ave.
34 West 91st St.
319 West 150th St.
Rents $1,200 to $2,400

11 ROOMS
Rents $4,800 upward
401 West End Ave.

WOOD, DOLSON CO., Inc.
B'way and 80th St.
Phone Schuyler 1100

HOTEL ROYALTON
44 WEST 44TH ST.
Bachelor Apartments
UNFURNISHED
3 Rooms & 2 Baths
2 Rooms & Bath
Immediate Possession
Hotel Service and Restaurant

Central Park West
81st to 82d St.
Hotel Beresford
A Few Suites of
1-2-3 ROOMS
AND BATH. Several Furnished.
EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RENTALS
Excellent Restaurant. Maid Service.
APPLY ON PREMISES OR
Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St

---

206 WEST 104th ST.
Near 103d St. Subway, off B'way.
NEW BUILDING
JUST COMPLETED
Extraordinarily High Class
APARTMENTS
4 and 5 Rooms
Also 4 Room Doctor's Apt.

---

9 ROOM SUBLET
unfurnished
FOR IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY
In District of
86th St. and Central Park
WOOD, DOLSON CO.
Broadway, cor. 90th St., N. Y. Schuyler 1100

Unfurnished—West Side.

2 NEW BUILDINGS
JUST COMPLETED
NOW LEASING.
105th & Riverside Drive
4, 5 & 6 Rooms
Very Special Suites, reasonable rental.
Representative always on premises.

220 West 71st St.
Bet. B'way & West End Av.
3 and 4 Rooms
Exceptionally attractive apartments. Large rooms, closets and every modern improvement. Representative always on premises, or
PATERNO BROS.,
601 W. 115th St. Tel. 1111 Morningside.

Unusual Apartments in Building Just Completed
104TH ST.
208-210 West
Near Broadway
½ block from 103rd St. sub. station
3 Rooms and Bath
$1,200 to $1,600
Agent on Premises

---

602 WEST 190TH ST.
HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENT
4 ROOMS AND BATH.
RENT $84.50.

Unfurnished—East Side.

940 Park Ave.
CORNER 81ST ST.
Modern fireproof apartments ready for occupancy. 7 rooms, 2 baths, $3,300, one left; 3 rooms, bath, $1,700, one left; 4 rooms, bath, one left, $2,600. All housekeeping apartments.
Apply for Rental on Premises.

1229 PARK AVE.
SOUTHEAST CORNER 80TH ST.
High-Class Elevator Apartment.
Seven and eight rooms, two baths.
Apply to Superintendent or A. BRANDSTEIN, 133 East 118th St. Tel. Harlem 1518.

---

8 Rooms and 2 Baths
Lexington Ave. and 28th St.; all modern conveniences; ideal studio apartment or light business and residence.
Brenger & Co., 132 Lexington Ave. (28th)

Unfurnished—Bronx.

NEW BUILDING
Ready for Occupancy
APARTMENTS OF
3-4-5 Rooms
Block Front, Concourse, 171st-172d Sts.
All Modern Improvements.
2 Blocks East of 170th St.
6th and 9th Ave. L Sta.
Lexington & Jerome Ave. Subway at 170th St.
Reasonable Rentals.
Agent on Premises.

READY DEC. 20TH. NEW BUILDING.
2254 Grand Concourse
BET. 182D-183D STS.
4 Large Light Rooms
Foyer, Elegant Bath, 3 Closets
Otis Automatic Elevator
No more modern apartments anywhere in the city.
AGENT ON PREMISES.
PHONE FORDHAM 3133-W.

New Building, Ready for Occupancy.
4-5 Rooms
199th St. and Valentine Ave.
Lexington and Jerome Ave. Subway, 4th and 9th Ave. "L." Moderate Rental. Agent on Premises.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS
3 and 5-Room Complete Apartments.
Beautiful water view; 5 minutes to Wall St.
G. GERARD, 215 Montague St.

97-103 EAST HOUSTON STREET
5 LOFTS TO LET
100x100
ALSO
Store and Basement
11 Story, Modern Fireproof, Sprinkler Equipped Manufacturing Building
2 Passenger, 2 Freight Elevators
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
LOW INSURANCE VERY LOW RENT LIVE STEAM
Apply on Premises
International Tailoring Co.
Or Your Own Broker

For Lease
449-453 West 42 St.
22,000 Sq. Ft.
4 Bright Modern Lofts
Each has 5,400 Sq. Ft.
Elevator. REFRIGERATION if desired.
Possession Feb. 1, 1921.
Apply on Premises.

BEST STORE near TIMES SQ.
Adjoins Strand Theatre
Splendid location for high-class restaurant or some business allied with the theatrical profession.
50x100, with basement—might divide.
ROMAX BUILDING
245 West 47th Street
JOHN H. SCHEIER
245 West 47th Street Telephone Bryant 5102-5103
Or Your Own Broker.

LOFTS
Several in Cluett Building, 25 W. 18th & 26 W. 19th Sts.
15,000 sq. feet to each floor, or Will Divide
Fully Sprinklered. Five Elevators
Immediate Possession.
Stafford Brothers, Inc.
25 W. 43d St. Vanderbilt 2345, or Your Own Broker.

FOR SALE OR LEASE
Factory and Loft Building
Five Stories and Basement, Covering Entire Plot
65,000 SQUARE FEET
472 Broadway & 30-36 Crosby St.
16.8x100. Connecting with 100x100.
POSSESSION FEBRUARY 1ST, 1921
General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen
22 West 44th St.
Or Your Own Broker

Loft To Let Brooklyn
10,000 Sq. Ft.

Modern reinforced concrete 100% sprinkler, 2 blocks from railroad depot; elevator, steam heat, hot and cold running water; female restrooms, Edison power, day and night service; no other tenants; owner occupying remaining two lofts; building fronts 3 streets; permanent; light; suitable for all manufacturing; now ready for occupancy; ample good labor in neighborhood; five minutes' walk from Williamsburg Bridge; trolleys pass door; five minutes from new subway crossing to 14th Street, New York, now nearing completion; this is the most desirable loft in Brooklyn. For inspection and particulars call at premises, 240 Kent Ave., the Chas. Fischer Spring Co., or phone Williamsburg 4477.

STORE and Basement.
For retail business; will divide.
35 WEST 35th STREET
Between Broadway and 5th Av.
Albert A. Rosenshine Building
Size of Building 57x100
Possession February 1st
Less than $1.25 per square foot
100% Fireproof Building
Store suitable for retail or wholesale ladies' wearing apparel, or any business.
Apply Premises or Your Own Broker

Light Loft
TO LET
7th floor, about 11,500 Sq. Ft. Sublet
352 FOURTH AVE.
Suitable for offices and stockrooms.
Manufacturing Privileges
6 large elevators
Modern Throughout
Apply
Kirby Block & Fischer, Inc.,
On Premises.
Or your own broker

FOR RENT
Three Entire Upper Floors
Each 5,400 Square Feet
IN
Sussfeld, Lorsch & Schimmel
12-story fireproof building
153-5-7 West 23rd St.
Two passenger and one freight elevators
Automatic sprinkler
Possession February 1, 1921
NO MANUFACTURING
APPLY AGENTS
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.
148 West 72d St. Col. 1823
BROKERS PROTECTED

Brooklyn.
4 LOFTS TO LET
9,400 square feet each, fireproof building, located between Manhattan and Brooklyn Bridges; available January 1, 1921; near Jay Street Terminal.
J. F. CAVANAGH,
157 Remsen Street, Brooklyn. Main 6541.

BUSINESS PROPERTY—Sale or To Let.

New Garment Center
$15,000 CASH
6½ STORY LOFT
62 x 119 IRREG.
Electric, Elevator, Steam
J. CLARENCE DAVIES
32 Nassau St. John 1171

Lofts, Offices, Showrooms
IN ALL SECTIONS OF CITY.
2,000 feet loft, $1,95c.
20,000 feet, may divide, $25,000. Heavy Mfg.
3,000 feet office or showroom, $4,000.
Many Others at Varying Prices.
JOHN W. PARIS, INC.,
141 West 55th St. Telephone Circle 6981.

OFFICES FOR RENT
42D ST.—FIFTH AVE.
$35 Per Month Upwards
Large, Small, Single Suites.
WALTER J. SALMON
17 WEST 42ND ST.
Telephone Vanderbilt 47.

GARAGE
83,500 square feet
3-story reinforced concrete building, elevator and ramps; entrances on both 55th and 56th Street, between 10th and 11th Aves.; 21-year leases direct from owner.
George Dose Engineering Co., Inc.
43 West 27th St., or your broker.

SELLS
4,500 square feet to sublease, 47-49 West Street; 12th floor; facing the Hudson River; immediate possession. Rental less than present tenant pays.
Sells, 1035 Equitable Bldg.

SELLING
2,100 SQUARE FEET
IN WATSON BUILDING
$2.00 a Sq. Ft.
also several small offices
APPLY ROOM 36
256 Church St. New York City

New Jersey.
FOR SALE
ATTENTION, MANUFACTURERS
In Orange, New Jersey
1—Building:—
Cement Block Construction.
9,000 sq. ft.
Two attached buildings.
Corrugated Steel Construction.
Heavy plank floors.
5,000 sq. ft.
2—One Story High.
3—Railroad Siding:—
For six cars, with unloading platform on car side of building.
Immediately adjoining D., L. & W. R. R. Freight Yard.
4—Steam Heat.
Electric Light.
Cold Storage Plant.
5—Ideal location for warehouse or manufacturing plant.
6—Price on application.
P. O. Box 539, Orange, N. J.

To Lease from Feb. 1st
29-33 W. 38TH ST.
740 Sq. Ft. Net.....$2,500
1,600 Sq. Ft. Net.....$5,000
55 WEST 16TH ST.
50x92
9th Floor.....$3,500
J. C. & M. G. MAYER,
347 Madison Ave. Murray Hill 8855.

57th St.
16
West
DESIRABLE LIGHT FLOORS.
LONG LEASE.
Edmund M. Brennan Corp.,
11 EAST 36TH ST. PLAZA 3118.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
20,000 square feet near L. I. R. R. and Atlantic Avenue, for storage or manufacturing. Electricity, steam heat, elevator.
PRINCIPALS ONLY.
T. E. Peirce, 46 Court St., B'klyn. Main 4183.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Brooklyn.
LOFTS TO LEASE
CONCRETE BUILDING
Det. Brooklyn and Manhattan Bridges.
10,000 to 20,000 sq. ft.; excellent labor market; shipping facilities unexcelled; light on all sides; automatic sprinklers; low insurance; immediate occupancy; no agents. Apply
GAIR REALTY CORPORATION
26 Washington Street, Brooklyn,
Phone Main 5800.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.
The Newest—The Largest
The Best.
FACTORY SPACE TO LET
62,400 sq. ft. on each floor.
Large and Small Units available to purchase or long-term lease; sprinklered. Subway station at door. Remote from other factories; in residential neighborhood.
ALFRED F. WILSON,
or Premises, 1401 37th St., Brooklyn.
Brokers Protected.

Brooklyn.
FACTORY FOR SALE
FOUR-STORY BRICK, CORNER KEAP ST. AND KENT AV., BROOKLYN, 50X97; SEMI-FIREPROOF; ELEVATOR; STEAM HEAT. EDISON POWER; FULLY RENTED. WITH CANCELLATION CLAUSES IN LEASES. SIMPSON-MERRITT CO., 849 BROADWAY, N. Y. PHONE ASHLAND 7780.

Long Island.
LONG ISLAND CITY
IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY
5,000 Sq. Ft.
10,000 Sq. Ft.
20,000 Sq. Ft.
In Fireproof Concrete Buildings
ROMAN-CALLMAN CO.
BRIDGE PLAZA NORTH
LONG ISLAND CITY

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
It is cheaper to own your apartment than to pay rent.
Investigate
JACKSON HEIGHTS
4, 5 and 6 Rooms
New Garden Apartments
unusual neighborhood advantages.
On Co-operative Plan.
Moderate Price—Liberal Terms.
Social and Business References Required.
THE
Queensboro Corporation
50 E. 42d St., Manhattan.
Corner Madison Avenue.
Send for Views and Details

How values are disregarded as stock is thrown overboard discussed in The Annalist (out tomorrow). Published by The New York Times Co. Ten cents a copy at news stands; $5.00 a year by mail—Advt.

ROCKEFELLER BOARD TO HELP SLOVAKIA

Co-operative Public Health Program Agreed Upon by Czech Officials.

COMMISSION NOW IN U. S.

Provision to Lend Expert and Pay for Training in and Study Of Administrative Work.

The International Health Board of the Rockefeller Foundation yesterday announced a co-operative program in public health, agreed upon with the Government of Czechoslovakia. This program provides

Loading to the Czechoslovak Government the services of an American commission in public health administration.

Fellowships for training a select group of young Czechs for service in the field of public health.

Co-operation in the development of a national public health laboratory service, including the establishment of a department of health administration in the United States and England.

This program, it was stated, was based upon studies begun some three years ago and carried on by Colonel F. F. Russell sent to Czechoslovakia last October. He was followed in October by Professor Selskar M. Gunn, formerly associated with the Public Health Department of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

The members of the commission from the Ministry of Hygiene of Czechoslovakia, it was stated, were now in the United States as guests of the Rockefeller Foundation. They were Dr. Vladimir Baska, Chief of the Medical and Sanitary Department of the Ministry of Public Health of Slovakia; Dr. Bohumil Vacek, General Medical Health Director in Brno, Moravia; Dr. Ivan Hrdlek, Member of Parliament and General Medical Counselor in Bratislava, Slovakia; Antonin Kolinsky, General Director of Administration and Finance in the Ministry of Public Health, Prahs, and Dr. Vladimir Petrik, Medical Health Inspector in Bratislava, Slovakia.

They will tour the country, visiting Baltimore and Washington, scenes of rural health work in North Carolina and Boston, Albany, Saranac, Toronto, Chicago and Columbus.

LANDLORD AS SANTA CLAUS.

He Presents to Each of His St. Louis Tenants a Box of Chocolates.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 25.—C. M. McDonald, a real estate agent, discovered today that landlords are not proof against the Christmas spirit of giving and good-will toward tenants. One for whom he collects rental gave instructions that a Christmas present be given to each of his eight tenants.

When McDonald recovered consciousness he received instructions in the matter of dispensing this Christmas bounty. When he asked timidly what he should buy and inquired as to the amount, the landlord replied:

"Use your own judgment."

MORTGAGE LOANS.

ATTENTION! MONEY... LOANS ON MORTGAGES... PERSONAL LOANS... WAY... Mortgage Loans Wanted.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

A NEW ENGLISH COUNTRY PLACE
OFFERING: NEARLY 2 ACRES
A fine Georgian type stone and stucco house with beamed ceilings, 11 rooms, 3 baths, open fireplaces, sleeping porches, fireproof garage, beautiful plot of over half an acre, splendidly landscaped with beautiful old trees; a very attractive house and a rare bargain. T. C. 90 Times.

SALE OR RENT—New up-to-date dwelling, 9 rooms, tiled baths, open fireplace, sleeping porch, slate enclosed sun parlor, hot water heat, high-class surroundings, all improvements; shades cost; splendid transit, near station and schools; immediate possession; $150 per month. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., or 1 Locust Ave., Yonkers. Phone Murray Hill 789.

NEAR PERFECTION—Colonial stucco dwelling with 2-car garage, second floor, 4 master bedrooms, 2 baths, large solarium; open vapor heat; 1-3 acre plot; ideal location; 10 minutes to Orlook; 45 minutes Grand Central station; Westchester's most select section; attractive; $32,500; terms. Tenight, True, 807 8th Av.

$6,000 BELOW COST—ACT QUICK.
Must sacrifice new Colonial home; eight rooms, 3 baths; open fireplaces; oak floors throughout; sun parlor; set in beautiful shrubbed plot, with Sound glimpses; 17 West 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 7323 or 83 Beston Post Road, Larchmont 344.

JUST THE HOUSE
YOU WANT FOR A HOME.
Come look it over in and be happy in. Purchased on reasonable terms. Rent of White Plains. Large plot. Colonial type of 7 rooms, 2 tiled baths; all improvements; recessed porch, fireplaces. M. E. M. at Times.

BRONXVILLE—Fine 10-room house, 3 baths, hot water heat, garage, 2 acres; $18,000. Apply 1 Locust Ave., Yonkers. Phone Yonkers 1.

BRONXVILLE—Attractive 8-room house, 2 baths, hot water heat, garage, 1 acre; $15

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

EXQUISITELY furnished bachelor apartment, Ritz-Carlton district, service; immediate possession. Vanderbilt 8565.

FURNISHED apartment, Grametan Court, Bronxville; six rooms, two baths; rent $125. Phone Bronxville 2569-M.

LEXINGTON AV. (near 23d)—Two rooms, bath, large kitchenette; suitable bachelors. Call Stuyvesant 9738 after 10.

MADISON AV., 640 (Hoffman Arms)—A corner apartment, 5 large rooms and bath; fourth floor, elevator; moderate rent.

MADISON AV., 715 (634)—Bachelor would share his apartment with gentleman; references possible.

MADISON AV., 845 (60th)—Sunny one room, bath; telephone, elevator, maid service.

MISS VAN VLECK.

Attractive list, season, year. Vanderbilt 8397.

PARK AVE.—Lady going to Palm Beach will rent for one or two months beautifully furnished apartment, two rooms, kitchen and bath; rent $75. Phone Plaza 4200.

PARK AV. (35th)—Furnished, 7 rooms, 3 baths, 3 master bedrooms, 2 maids' rooms; by October; immediate possession. Tel. Monday 10 to 3, DeFriese, Murray Hill 2580.

PARK AV.—Choice apartments, six to ten rooms, $4,000 to $6,000. Miss Thomas, 21 East 40th St. Phone Ashland 4200.

PARK AV. SECTION—Six rooms, two baths; southern exposure; log fires; modern; season, longer; artistic; $350. Vanderbilt 3397.

PARK AV. (near 36th St.)—6 rooms, 2 baths, $360 month. Telephone Plaza 6426.

PLAZA REALTY CO.,
TEL. CO. 6801 PLAZA.
A unusual selection of the most exclusive east side apartments and dwellings.

SELL OR LEASE.

Gramercy Park, 3 rooms and bath; wonderful opportunity; shown by appointment only. DeFriese, 402 Madison Av. Murray Hill 2580.

SEVEN rooms, three baths, January to May; high class. C. H. Thomas, 21 East 40th St. Plaza 4289.

SIX or two rooms, or one; select apartment house, Madison Square 8977.

SIX FIFTH AV. (Cor. 93th St.)—Corner apartment, seven unusually large outside rooms, handsomely furnished for season or longer. Superintendent.

TWO-ROOM SUITES, bath, $15 week; sunny rooms; parquet floors; attractively furnished; one block from subway; service. Fourth Avenue Hotel, 29th St., 4th Av.

Furnished—West Side.

44TH ST., 44 WEST (BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.)—A BEAUTIFUL FURNISHED ROOM APARTMENT FOR RENT IN A HOUSE EXCLUSIVE SECTION FOR TWO MONTHS, JAN. 1 TO FEB 28, WITH FULL SERVICE; ALL MEALS INCLUDED; TWO FRENCH ATTENDANTS; AN IDEAL PLACE FOR MARRIED COUPLE; $200 PER WEEK; OPEN FOR INSPECTION BETWEEN 6:30 AND 8 P. M. RISSE.

44TH (just off 5th Av., Hotel Vanderbilt section)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service. Murray Hill 1410.

44TH ST., 29 WEST—2 rooms, furnished, electric lights, bath; lease to Oct. 1; rent $95.

45TH ST., WEST—Spacious, attractive, 3 rooms, bath; $200 monthly. Chelsea 3287.

51ST ST., 417 WEST—Apartment in Chelsea section, two rooms, bath and kitchenette, just finished; gas and electricity; $100. Carrie Nichols.

47TH, 426 WEST—Young lady wishes to share artistically furnished apartment with refined young business woman. Griffin, call or phone Chelsea 9045.

54 WEST 50TH ST.—UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY. MAGNIFICENT APARTMENT AT REDUCED RATE; LIVING ROOM, BEDROOM, BATH, FOYER, ROOM, KITCHENETTE, TO SEPT. 30. INQUIRE SUPERINTENDENT. MITCHELL.

54TH, 55 WEST—Large room, attractively furnished; adjoining room, private bath and kitchenette; $100 month; sublease. Sittenham, owner

52D, 36 WEST—Large and small bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedrooms and bath, $30 to $50 weekly; full hotel service.

56TH ST., 44 WEST—Hotel Royalton; two small furnished rooms and bath, two to three months, $135 per month; service, bachelors only; references.

56TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; beautifully furnished apartment, 1-2-3 rooms, tiled bath, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; unquestionable applicants; highest references essential; $65-$125 up monthly

57TH ST., 137 WEST—Beautifully furnished with piano, 2 room, private bath, apartment, complete hotel service, by week or month. J. H. Kenny, Bryant 574.

57TH, 132 WEST—To sublet, two rooms, bath; special rate for the balance of season. Janbora, Hotel Flanders.

57TH, 130 WEST—Attractively furnished living room, bedroom, bath and kitchenette; seen by appointment. Telephone Circle 9211.

57TH ST., 62 WEST—Furnished apartment, 4 rooms and bath; private phone. Call, Circle 9211.

57TH ST., 61 WEST—Beautifully furnished apartment and bath; all improvements, $70 monthly. Apply Superintendent.

57TH, 8 WEST—Gentleman tired of hotel or club life may find desirable modern apartment of 2 rooms and bath; service; booklet if desired; references.

57TH, 40 WEST—Beautifully furnished apartment, 2 rooms, bath and kitchenette; all improvements, including telephone Phone 4127.

57TH ST., 130 WEST—Attractive apartment, two and one bath, elevator, dining room service; references required.

58TH, 11 WEST—Furnished or unfurnished two-room apartment, kitchenette, bath; rent reasonable. Lenox.

58TH ST., 224 WEST, COR. BROADWAY.—Modern elevator apartments, newly furnished; full hotel service.

ONE ROOM AND BATH, $90 UP.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $100 UP.
REFERENCES REQUIRED.

58TH, 17 WEST (near 5th Av.)—Lady will rent to business woman, street floor, room and bath; share kitchen; artistic, homelike; $30. Times Annex.

58TH ST., 24 WEST (Broadway)—Hotel Albemarle; parlor, bedroom and bath; reasonable rates.

58TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.—THE REGAL, MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED, MAID AND SERVICE; 3 ROOMS AND BATH; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

58TH ST (just west of 6th Av.)—2 rooms, kitchen and bath, unusually large, newly furnished. Tel. Circle 7211, until 12.

58TH, 128 WEST—Two rooms, pantry, gas, new, richly furnished; to 9 P. M. Murray Hill 1410.

58TH, 63 WEST—Two rooms, bath, pantry, especially desirable for bachelor. Rent, $200 monthly. Tel. 3875 Circle.

58TH ST., 200 WEST—Three rooms, bath, kitchen, $200 monthly. Tel. 3875 Circle.

58TH, 206 WEST
HOTEL THORNDYKE)—VERY ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

59TH ST. (Near 5th Av.)—Modern elevator apartment of 4 rooms and bath; beautifully furnished; rent for 2 months or longer. Access Monday Circle 5866.

59TH, 205 WEST (corner 7th Av.)
Apartment of 3 rooms, 3 baths, furnished, in the Osborne; fireproof building; large rooms, high ceilings; immediate possession; $500 per month. Agent on premises. Circle 5420.

59TH ST., 340 WEST.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND SERVICE; TWO AND THREE ROOMS AND BATH; $25 WEEKLY AND UP. REFERENCES REQUIRED.

59TH, 344 WEST—Lady leaving city will sublet small, sunny apartment, newly furnished; parlor, kitchenette, elevator, refrigerator; fireplace; references. Circle 6275 for appointment.

59TH, 329 WEST (Schultz)—Front 2-room, bath, $135; rear Sunday Schuyler 5898, appointment.

59TH, 21 WEST—TWO ROOMS, BATH, KITCHENETTE, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED FROM JAN. 1 TO APRIL 1; SUPT.

59TH ST., 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; select apartment for Winter, $200 per month. Apartment.

59TH, The Pasadena, Corner Third Avenue and Subway)—Attractive two, three, four rooms, bath, maid service included; $40 to $60 weekly; $10, $15 daily; reasonable. Circle 4400.

59TH, 3-room apartment for sale; rent low per year. Apply Wm. A. Taylor, 489 Fifth Av.

59TH, 344 (Harperley Hall)—Two rooms, bath, attractively furnished; 59th St. Park; rental $300 per year.

59TH ST., 344 WEST—One-room apartment, with ample closets, private baths, beautifully furnished, electricity, refined, exclusive home; $110 month.

59TH, 344 WEST—High-class two-room apartments, refined surroundings; references.

59TH ST. (Spencer Arms)—Three rooms, piano. Richaria, Apt. 43.

59TH, 344 WEST—Second floor, will sublet beautifully furnished apartment; Grand piano, bedroom, kitchenette; two large closets; $100. Apply L. J. Phillips, 166 West 23d.

59TH, 344 WEST—3 homelike rooms, bath, telephone, southern exposure.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

60TH, Corner—Every comfort; elegant; rent, sell; automobile optional. Murray Hill 1476.

60TH ST., WEST—We have a splendid list of furnished and unfurnished apartments. Louis P. Dewling, 347 West 72d St.

62D, 146—Attractively furnished five rooms, two baths; housekeeping; elevator; lease; 2-6 afternoons; private phone. Columbus 8320.

62D—2 rooms, front, kitchenette, newly furnished, $165. Columbus 1278, Monday.

64TH, 131 WEST—Attractively furnished 2 rooms, bath apartment; new elevator house; refined surroundings; exclusive clientele; $135 monthly.

64TH, 103 WEST — Large studio, kitchen, bath; also 2 rooms, housekeeping.

64TH ST., 109 WEST—3-room apartment; accommodate 3; piano; $180 month. Moran.

70TH ST., 5 WEST—3 rooms, handsomely furnished; all improvements.

70TH, 325 WEST—New nine-story elevator apartment house, just completed; three rooms; tiled kit'ens; complete for housekeeping; some unique furnishings; $200 per month; lease for 1090.

70TH ST., 326 WEST (Corner Riverside Drive)—One, two and three large room apartments, with bath; beautifully furnished and maid service. Apply Superintendent.

75TH ST. (Near Riverside)—Private home, furnished, with heat, $600. Phone Schuyler 8720.

76TH ST., 176 WEST—Beautifully furnished 3-room suite, all conveniences; reference. Chislett.

79TH, 131 WEST—Luxurious, furnished apartment, 16x20, bath and kitchenette, new furniture, remodeled private house; $125; also breakfast and living room combined, 16x24, large bedroom, bath and kitchenette; southern exposure; open fireplace; $225. Hofmann.

80TH, 249 WEST (Broadway)—Beautifully furnished 1 and 2 room apartments; unfurnished if desired; very moderate rental; restaurant on premises; maid service and linen included.

80TH ST. (West End Av.)—Very desirable four-room apartment; two baths; fine kitchen and pantry; silver, reference exchanged. Phone Schuyler 7953.

84TH (West End)—3 rooms, 2 baths, all outside; new bldg. Columbus 1278, Monday.

85TH, 332 WEST—Newly furnished four or five rooms, bath, shower, in modern building; near Drive. Apt. 6.

86TH ST., 160 WEST—Refined family would rent large furnished room and bath; steam heat; newly renovated; private house; gentleman only. Tel. Schuyler 4295.

86TH ST. (near Drive)—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, plate, front apartment; rent $150 a month. Apply Fred'k Zittel & Sons, B'way and 79th St. Tel. 9700 Schuyler.

86TH (near Drive)—Two-room apartment, kitchenette and bath; rent actual cost; possession Jan. 15; seen by appointment. Schuyler 5671.

86TH, 309 WEST—One-room apartment, bath, neatly furnished; reasonable. Superintendent.

86TH, 329 WEST—Large front room, kitchenette, $75 month. Phone Schuyler 6982.

87TH, 108 WEST—Artistic, sunny two rooms, kitchenettes. Anderson, 4th floor.

88TH ST., WEST—Newly decorated, attractively furnished 4-room apartment, all outside, cheerful, suitable family. Phone 8616 Riverside.

89TH, 308 WEST—Charming, exclusive two rooms, bath, kitchen, $175-$200. Superintendent.

89TH ST., 332 WEST (Near Drive)—Beautifully furnished apartments, two rooms, bath, complete kitchenette, $150 and $200; Lewis.

90TH, 9 WEST—Gentleman going abroad wishes to dispose of six-room, elevator apartment, with furniture for which he will take $1,500; rent $1,800 and convenient situation; vacant end January. Y 2357 Times Annex.

91ST, 143 WEST—2 rooms, front, elevator, piano; bargain, $225. Columbus 1278, Monday.

92D, 4 WEST—Suite, elegantly furnished, with private family; breakfast if desired. Apt. 4, East.

94TH, 2 WEST (Corner Central Park West)—Christian family offer bright, comfortably furnished front suite, living room, bedroom (twin beds) and bath, large closets; 2 gentlemen or business couple. Apt. 5 North. Jordan. Phone for appointment, Riverside 1182.

94TH ST., 142 WEST—To let, furnished, artistic two-room, kitchenette, bath apartment; short lease; rent, $100; convenient subway express and "L." Call Sunday, 10 till 6. Tel. Riverside 2288, McKay.

94TH, 60 WEST—One-two rooms, bath, handsomely furnished; maid service; $90-$125 month; lease. Housekeeper, 8069 Riverside.

94TH, 142 WEST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, front, $75 per month; sell furniture and lease, $200.

97TH (West End Av., 762)—Unusual luxuriously furnished four rooms, kitchen, piano, city's best location, sublet, suitable professional. Stevenson.

98TH, WEST—Exclusive, newly furnished 2-room housekeeping suite, $200. Riverside 6604.

107TH, 202 WEST—Elegantly appointed room, twin beds, adjoining water; steam, electricity; exclusive; gentlemen; $100 month. Apartment 18.

109TH, 228 WEST—Attractively furnished, high-class five-room apartment; southern exposure; Apt. 2c.

110TH, 509 WEST — SUMPTUOUS HOME; SIX BEAUTIFUL ROOMSM; EVERYTHING NEW; FRONT; SOUTH; $300. 5B.

111TH ST., WEST—Sublet to October or shorter period, very attractively furnished five-room apartment, suitable for two or three; piano, Victrola, linen, china, glassware, &c., supplied; $135. Cathedral 6311.

112TH ST., 533 WEST—Private, high-class four-room apartment; nicely furnished; sublet Jan. 8 to May 8, $225 monthly; references. Cathedral 7528. Bentley.

113TH (just off Drive)—For sale, furniture, including piano, rugs, pictures of five rooms; private apt.; $1,500 cash; lease to buyer; rent $100; bargain. A 715 Times Downtown.

113TH ST., 507 WEST—Sublet to April 1, 1921, 4 rooms, beautifully furnished, housekeeping apartment, linen, silver; $185 month. Phone Silvers, Cathedral 7380.

114TH ST., 514 WEST—Beautifully furnished 6-room apartment; rent Jan. 1 for 4 months; complete for housekeeping; linen and silver; may be seen at any time; $300 per month. Apt. 7d. Telephone 7916 Cathedral.

115TH, 620 WEST (Riverside)—Immaculate two rooms, bath, kitchenette, reasonable. Apartment 3.

115TH, 315 WEST—3 light rooms, bath; elevator apartment; block "L." Supt.

116TH, 616 WEST—Five rooms, sunny, well furnished; Jan. 1, June, October; subway express, bus, surface; $200. Rickes.

118TH, 242 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE 2-3 ROOM APARTMENTS, WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

119TH, 435 WEST (Opposite Columbia)—Two rooms, kitchenette, 10th floor; immediate. 10C.

124TH, 510 WEST—Front elevator apartment, five, six rooms, southern, eastern exposure; lease. Weber.

125TH, 72 WEST—Unusually large, sunny apartment, combination living and dining room, two open fireplaces, piano, bedroom, kitchenette, bath. Phone 8938 Columbus. Spencer.

133TH, 517 WEST—Four rooms, electricity, abundant heat; convenient bus and subway; 6th floor; from 11 to 4.

137TH, 607 WEST—4 rooms; high-class elevator; seen Monday. Macdonald.

144TH, 453 WEST—Large living and bedroom, bath, kitchen; superior furnishings; homelike.

146TH, 606 WEST—Floor; owner's residence; 8 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $125; adults.

152D ST. (at St. Nicholas Place)—Completely furnished five-room apartment, including linens and every household necessity; select neighborhood; party going South; ready for occupancy; $125 monthly. See Superintendent, 40 St. Nicholas Place.

153D, WEST—4 large rooms and bath; beautifully furnished; steam, electricity, telephone; sublet until June; reference essential. Morningside 3469.

155TH ST. (528 Riverside Drive)—Unusually attractive six rooms, two baths; superior surroundings. Audubon 8100. (2F.) Kent.

160TH ST., near Riverside Drive—Six rooms, two baths; exceptional; modern elevator house; reasonable. Phone Audubon 2940, Apartment 41.

178TH, 612 WEST—Three rooms, bath, front, furnished; elevator apartment; Call afternoons or phone Wadsworth 9622, Apt. 402.

179TH, WEST—Leaving city, will sublet 3 room elevator apartment to party buying furniture; price $200; rent $90. C 256 Times.

180TH, 700 WEST (Apt. 3)—Six rooms, well furnished; reasonable; elevator; phone.

181ST ST., 575 WEST—Jan. 1, four months, modern four-room elevator apartment, furnished in brown mahogany throughout; twin beds, Victrola, fireless cooker, &c.; reasonable. Tel. Wadsworth 8990. Superintendent.

A SUPERLATIVELY elegant Duplex Apartment, 50-foot Studio. Fortune in furnishings. Solarium. Mezzanine. Yard. Concert Grand Piano. Seldom such opportunity for luxurious home. Bargain, $500 monthly to October. Schuyler 2730.

HOTEL ANDERSON,
102 WEST 58TH ST.
1 AND 2 ROOMS AND BATH.
DOCTOR'S APARTMENTS.
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.
RESTAURANT AMERICAN AND A LA CARTE.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

ALL elegant and completely equipped apartment, between 79th and 80th Sts., on West End Av., 2 minutes' walk from subway; 9 large rooms, 3 baths; southern exposure; can be seen by appointment. C 418 Times.

AN EXCLUSIVE CLIENTELE.
List apartments with Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 129 W. 72d. Columbus 9387.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY—Exclusive list. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 129 West 72d. Col. 9387.

AVAILABLE NOW.
Two to six room, kitchen and kitchenette apartments; elevator, non-elevator; rates $65 up; references essential. Office (open Sunday), 216 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished, convenient west side, Jerome subway, reasonable; responsible party. Tremont 400.

BROADWAY, 2,786 (107th and 108th Sts.)—Elegantly furnished new and detached 2-room apartment, kitchenette, bath; everything for housekeeping; electricity; elevator; $100. Lawrence.

BROADWAY, 4,855, corner 207th (Broadway subway 207th)—Beautiful three-room apartment; sell or sacrifice furniture. Duguid, Apartment 407.

BROADWAY (near Columbia University)—3 rooms and bath; real kitchen; electricity, shower. Inquire 180 Claremont Av., Apt. 51.

CENTRAL PARK WEST—Most attractive sunny room and bath apartment; high-class house; telephone, restaurant; $60 monthly. 8196 Riverside.

CHARM, comfort and location more important than price. Gentlewoman's Exchange, Murray Hill 1475.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d. Col. 1077.

CONVENT AV., 100 (Apt. 304, Clark)—For sale, furnishings of four-room apartment, living room, dining room and bedroom, complete; rent $65. Call Sunday, after 2 P. M., or evenings.

EDGECOMBE AV., 409—Attractive four-room furnished apartment, overlooking Polo Grounds; rent $75. Apartment 13-I. Telephone Audubon 8300.

ELEGANTLY furnished apartment, seven rooms, two baths; best locality. Phone 5749 Schuyler.

FOR RENT, furnished, from Jan. 1 to April, four-room sunny apartment, with open view overlooking the Hudson, completely furnished, including piano, 5th Av. bus and subway, $150 per month. Tel. Apt. 6E, Audubon 8110, for inspection appointment.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 461—5 rooms; high-class elevator building; immediate possession; $175. Apply on premises, or Chas. S. Kohler, 1,428 St. Nicholas Av.

FOUR room and bath apartment, completely furnished, in GREENWICH VILLAGE; sub-lease six months or longer. Phone Stuyvesant 4875, Extension 44, Thompson, for particulars.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS SPECIALIST.
Wickliffe Gray, 269 West 72d. Columbus 2174.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Exceptionally attractive two and four room apartments; electricity; every modern convenience. Inquire 51 Barrow St.

HAMILTON TERRACE (Near 144th St.)—Attractively furnished living room, bedroom, private hall and kitchen; bath; two telephones; references; lease to couple, Jan. 1 to Sept. 15, rental $150. A 899 Times Downtown.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT, SEASON OR LONGER.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

HIGH-CLASS furnished elevator apartment, 8 rooms; rent or sell. Morningside 0410.

FINEHURST AV., 10, Corner 178th St.—Attractively furnished in mahogany and ivory, five-room apartment, to rent from Jan. 1 to Oct. 1; all outside rooms; rental $125; references. Phone Wadsworth 9890.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 690 (146th)—Three rooms, new house, elevator, new furnishings of superior quality, chosen with help of decorator; location easily accessible; many conveniences; rent furnished or sell furnishings with lease on monthly rental basis; real opportunity to secure delightful home. Churchill, 3F.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 676—Facing Hudson; completely furnished six-room apartment, reserving one room for owner's son, leaving bedroom, bath, living room, dining room, kitchen and maid's room; elevator service; leasing six months for $225 per month; immediate possession.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Married couple, magnificently furnished, light, airy, sanitary apartment, will share same with desirable party or couple used to refined surroundings; home cooking if desired. Phone Schuyler 6977.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 677H—Young woman teacher share her handsome two-room apartment with congenial young lady. Schuyler 3082.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 660—From Jan. 1, five rooms; beautiful view; exceptionally furnished; to refined people; $125. Apt. 44.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 850—Handsomely furnished five rooms, two bedrooms; immediate. Morningside 620.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, Corner 79th—7 large, handsomely furnished rooms, two baths; long or short lease. Phone 2451 Schuyler.

SEVEN-ROOM apartment, good lease; furniture for sale; $1,200. D 158 Times.

TWO ROOMS and bath; southern exposure; rent reasonable. Apartment 41, Hotel Berkley, 74th St. and Amsterdam Av.

TWO bachelors desire third college man to share apartment; facing Morningside Park; rent $28 month. C 100 Times.

TWO, three and five room apartments, everything new, complete, immediate possession, $125, $180. Riverside 630.

VERMILYEA AV., 757—Four rooms, furnished or sell furniture. Schmidt, Apt. 30.

WEST END AV., 738—Four-room housekeeping apartment, beautifully furnished; every convenience, moderate; call forenoon. Top floor, Kellogg.

WEST END AV. DELIGHTFUL APT. Magnificently furnished 8 rooms, 3 baths; piano, Oriental period furniture, &c.; rent only $290 mo. for remaining 3 yrs. of 5-yr. lease; furnishings alone worth $12,000; will sell complete with lease, $11,500, account family changes. J. Clarence Davies, 51 East 42d. Vanderbilt 9175.

WEST END AV., 512—Beautifully furnished living room, bedroom, dressing room, kitchenette and bath, until Oct. 1; $350. Tel. Schuyler 2153.

WEST END (99th)—Attractive front suite, suitable two; also single. Riverside 2335.

WIDOW has beautifully furnished modern uptown apartment, 5 rooms; will rent all but one room; piano, Victrola, telephone, electricity; $90 month. E 27 Times.

TO LET—Highgrade furnished 6-room apartment, West End Av. and 101st St; $300 month. Apply H. P. M., 30 Morsemere Av., Yonkers.

Furnished—Bronx.

NELSON AV., 1,026—Two rooms, kitchenette; nicely furnished; heat, hot water, gas, electricity; convenient 6th and 9th "L," Lexington subway, Anderson Av. station, O'Brien.

Unfurnished—East Side.

86TH, 32 EAST (adjoining Hotel Martha Washington)—Beautiful, newly decorated apartments, high ceilings, splendid light; also two stores to rent. Apply to Manager Martha Washington Hotel.

34TH (near Park Av.)—Desirable three rooms, bath, kitchenette. Lenox 1068 Sunday, Murray Hill 3618 Monday.

54TH, 109 EAST—Two warm, comfortable rooms, apartment; kitchenette, bath. Apply Serrano.

48th St., near 5th Av.
Two beautiful rooms, bath, kitchen; $100 month. 664 Madison Av. Plaza 9647.

50'S—Beautiful corner, rent, sell; automobile optional; immediate. Gentlewoman's Exchange. Murray Hill 1475.

53D, 39 EAST—Parlor floor and apartment above; 2, 3 and 4 rooms, all improvements; seen 10 until 4.

56TH, 114 EAST—Attractive 2-room, bath and kitchenette apartment; $1,400 years. Apply superintendent on premises.

63D ST., 141 EAST—8 rooms, corner apartment; $1,800. E K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d St. Columbus 1077

65TH, 178 EAST—Six-room grade floor duplex residence; suitable doctor, dentist, dwelling purposes; steam heat; hot water; electricity. Leon Altmayer, 62 East 86th.

66TH ST., 153 EAST—Apartment, seven light rooms, new tiled bath; new parquet floors; newly-panelled stippled walls; ornate electric fixtures; new plumbing fixtures; immediate possession; rental $1,500 per annum. Leon S. Altmayer, 62 East 86th.

72ND, 53 EAST—Top floor, private house, 6 rooms, bath; light housekeeping; for business couple; only $95.

A DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
104 EAST 61ST ST.

Reception room, furnished, consulting room and lavatory; rent $2,400 yearly, includes hall and switchboard service of the highest type; accessible via L., T. and B. R. T. subways, "L" and surface lines; suitable for two doctors. Inquire on premises or Douglas L. Elliman & Co., agents, 15 East 49th St. Tel. Plaza 9200.

ATTENTION—Doctors and dentists. Newest, modern professional suites with laboratories. 1,085 Park Av., southwest corner 86th, one block from subway express station; immediate possession. Leon S. Altmayer, 62 East 86th.

EXCLUSIVE MURRAY HILL.
38TH ST., 108 EAST.
BUNGALOW ON ROOF, FIVE ROOMS AND TWO BATHS; PRIVATE ROOF GARDEN; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; $5,000; OPEN FIREPLACE; UNUSUAL APARTMENT.

In Harlem

The New York Times maintains an office at 2109 Seventh Avenue—just north of 125th Street—for the convenience of Harlem residents. Both display and classified advertisements are received at that address, as well as subscriptions to all of The New York Times publications.

Classified advertisements for the daily edition should be received at the Harlem office by 4 P. M. on the day preceding publication.

Real Estate display advertisements cannot be received later than 6 P. M. Friday for Sunday insertion. Business Opportunity announcements for Sunday received up to 11 A. M. Saturday. All other advertising for Sunday's insertion must be delivered by 12 noon Saturday.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

LATE SEASON BARGAINS.
435 PARK AV. PLAZA 6891.
PLAZA REALTY CO.

LEXINGTON AV., 846 (NEAR 84TH CT.)—Duplex apartment, two large living rooms, kitchenette, four bedrooms and two baths; rare opportunity; immediate possession; asking price $4,000; open for inspection.
M. MORGENTHAU JR. CO., AGENTS.
206 Broadway. Cortlandt 3966.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,044 (75)—Hitherstone apartment, 1 and 2 rooms, entire floor, bath; from $66-$125.

MADISON AV., 1,618 (78th)—Beautiful 2 and 4 room apartments; kitchenette, bath; large rooms; open fireplaces, electricity; all improvements; $1,800-$2,600. Apply on premises.

MADISON AV., 1,230—5 rooms, bath, all improvements; 2 rooms, bath; moderate rent.

MERRIAM AV., 1,380 (1 Block East of University Av., Near 176th St.)—High-class apartment, 4-5 rooms. See superintendent.

NEW apartment, six large and sunny rooms, tiled bath, fully equipped kitchen, porch; reasonable rent; immediate possession if desired. E 52 Times.

PARK AV., 1,028 (Corner 86th St.)—Just completed, modern six-room corner apartment with complete kitchen; elegantly finished; light on three sides; rent $3,500, also professional suites in same building.
LEON S. ALTMAYER, 62 EAST 86TH.

SMALL APARTMENTS, LARGE ROOMS, just completed; all improvements; neighborhood of Park Av. and 59th St.
M. MORGENTHAU JR. CO.,
206 Broadway. Cortlandt 3966.

SUITABLE FOR ARTISTS.
Apartment of two bedrooms, studio, private hall and all improvements; reasonable rent; very desirable.
M. MORGENTHAU JR. CO.,
206 Broadway. Cortlandt 3966.

TENANT CORPORATION having purchased building, 70's, near Madison, has decided sell few 6-7 room apartments on payment $1,500, balance monthly; references required; investigation solicited. Lownsbery Gage, 507 5th Av.

THE FIFTH AV. (Corner 85th St.)—Corner apartment, 7 very large outside rooms. Superintendent.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION—3-4 room remodeled apartments; all sold except one; will sell at sacrifice to immediate purchaser on exceptionally easy terms, reducing rent from $2,500 to $675. Details of Lownsbery Gage, 507 5th Av.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 80—Two rooms, bath, pantryette and porch; southern exposure; all modern improvements; $1,600 a year.

WILL sub-divide and rent or sell my apartment, near Madison Av., 70's, for one or more physicians' suites. Mr. Gage. Telephone 5022 Murray Hill.

Unfurnished—West Side.

10TH ST., 68 WEST—Apartment, six rooms, bath; electricity; steam; $1,500; month's rent security; references. Janitor.

10TH ST., 60-62 WEST—Four rooms and bath; elevator. Apply premises.

11TH ST., 45 WEST—Attractive, light, sunny, 3-4 room apartments, including kitchen, southern exposure; modern appointments; Inspection Sunday, Monday.

15TH ST., 158 WEST—Three rooms and bath; modern in every respect; $75. Apply Superintendent.

15TH ST., 102 EAST (Union Square), Hotel Lucile—Two-room suits with bath; $31 week; hotel service.

16TH, 19 WEST—Two sunny, charming front rooms, complete kitchenette and large tile bath; newly decorated; open fireplace; lease from Jan. 1; $115; call Monday 9 to 1. Leffingwell.

16TH, 144 WEST—Large living room, bedroom, bath, utility closet; new, modern, unusually comfortable; rents reasonable; immediate possession.

16TH, 146 WEST—One and two room apartments; all improvements; skylights.

16TH, 5 WEST—Two rooms and bath, $75. Chelsea 3887.

28TH, 344 WEST—Attractive suites, 2 rooms, tiled baths, showers, parquet floors; electric clock; references; rent $25-$75.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $80 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH ST., 25 EAST—Handsomely furnished apartment, 11th floor; 4 master's bedrooms; long or short lease. Matthews.

31ST ST., 19-21 WEST—Strictly high-class fireproof apartments of two rooms and bath; maid service optional; desirable tenants; rental $1,500 and $1,800.

37TH, 55 W.—Large living room, adjoining bedroom; private bath, kitchenette, steam, elect., lease; rent $75. Sittenham, premises.

37TH ST., 32 WEST—1, 2, 3 and 4 rooms, bath; high business people.

39TH, 253 WEST, near subway—Six rooms, tiled bath, steam, electricity; $95.

43D ST., 102 WEST—Studio to let (north skylight); studio, 2 rooms, bath, all modern improvements. Apply premises.

46TH ST., 28 WEST (Near 5th Av.)—Two rooms and bath, $60 per month; possession. Telephone Murray Hill 500.

46TH, 47 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; one left; $1,080 year. Donovan.

47TH, 32 West—Floor to lease; four rooms bath, kitchenette; $200; immediately.

48TH ST., 151 WEST.
Near Broadway—Modern apartments, every improvement; ample heat and hot water; immediate possession; furnished or unfurnished; moderate rents.
J. ARTHUR FISCHER, 690 6TH AV.

48TH, 117 WEST—Studios, skylight; apartments, kitchenette, furnished or unfurnished; elevator; reasonable.

49TH, 19 EAST—Nice and attractive two rooms, furnished; kitchenette and bath.

50TH ST., 47 WEST—Second floor private house, 3 rooms, 2 baths, steam heat; newly decorated; non-housekeeping.

50'S, near 5th—Beautiful parlor floor or residence, also two rooms, bath apartment. Telephone Sunday, Lenox 1068.

50TH ST., 3 WEST—Studio, two rooms, bath, kitchen, attractive, reasonable. Superintendent.

51ST, 59 WEST—Large studio room 14x20, fireplace, southern exposure, $65. Circle 4861.

52D ST., 58 WEST—Attractive two-room and bath apartments; electric lights, hardwood floors, hot water heat and supply; ample closet room. Jas. A Dowd, 874 6th Av. Circle 82.

56TH ST., 20 WEST.
Two rooms, kitchenette and bath; parquet floors, steam heat, electric light; large closets; ready for occupancy; rent $1,300 to $1,800; also one large studio on second floor, size 20x20, with private bath and second floor hallway; rent $1,600. Apply on premises, or Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

56TH ST., 318 WEST—Two-room suites with bath and pantry; new, modern and unusually comfortable. Apply Superintendent.

57TH ST., 140 WEST—Three rooms, bath, kitchenette, maid service; will redecorate to suit; possession at once; $1,200 per year. Payson McL. Merrill, 9 East 44th. Murray Hill 5261.

58TH, 260 WEST — Six-room attractive apartment of highest type. Apply Supt.

58TH, 168 W.—Attractive 7-room apartment; high-class building. Apply Superintendent.

59TH ST., 63 EAST—Furnished three rooms, bath, elevator, telephone; newly decorated; quietness.

69TH ST., 106 WEST.
2 rooms, bath and kitchenette; immediate possession; $1,300.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

73D ST., 106 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette and bath, all improvements. Inquire on premises or phone Regen, Orchard 9629.

74TH, 121 WEST—Beautiful new, modern, elevator apartments, 3 and 5 rooms, bath; elaborately appointed; open fires; parquet floors; courteous attendants; rents reduced 25 per cent.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

74TH, 121 WEST—Very attractive and large room apartment and immense bath, $75 monthly; in new elevator house; refined surroundings; under owner's personal management.

74TH, 109 WEST—2 rooms and bath, modern apartments; possession. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

75TH, 156 WEST—Large room, bath, kitchen; modern improvements. See Superintendent.

76TH ST., 103 WEST—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette; shower; fireplace; $90. Superintendent.

79TH, 121 WEST—1, 2, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; all improvements; $900 to $1,620; best in the city.

80TH, 249 WEST (Broadway)—1 and 2 rooms; also beautifully furnished apartments; very moderate rental; restaurant on premises; maid service and linen included.

81ST ST., 29 WEST—A BEAUTIFUL SUITE OF THREE ROOMS, BATH, AND FOUR ROOMS, BATH; MODERN, HIGH CLASS BUILDING; $180 MONTHLY.

84TH, 31 WEST—Exceptionally large, newly appointed three rooms, bath, kitchenette apartments, latest improvements; parlor floor, doctor, studio.

84TH, 130 WEST.
Three-room beautiful housekeeping apartment at reduced rental; parquet floor; shower.

85TH ST., WEST—3 rooms, kitchenette, tiled bath, open fireplace, entire floor; artistic and attractive; rent $137. Phone Monday, 6226 Columbus.

86TH ST., 331 WEST (908)—A BEAUTIFUL SEVEN-ROOM AND TWO-BATH BUNGALOW, WITH GARAGE, IN THE HEART OF THE WEST SIDE RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (908), $350 MONTHLY; ALL CONVENIENCES. G. W. CAHEN.

86TH ST., 340 WEST—Sublet six-room, two baths, front; highest type 12-story elevator apartment; 2 years' lease; rental $5,000. Apt. 6E.

86TH ST., 200-8 WEST—Five, six, seven and eight room apartments, with bath. Apply superintendent, on premises.

86TH ST., 340 WEST—Two-room kitchenette apartment, southern exposure, high-class,

...l copies, not orig-
...s of recommendations,
...sponse to Help Want-
...dvertisements in The
...York Times, and
...void the danger of
...ng the originals.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

...WEST—Comfortable room, pri-
...ment, electric) lavatory; gen-
...ntor used.

...WEST—Beautifully furnished
...single rooms, elbow expo-
...ures; subway and elevated

...WEST—Large, front room, kitchen
...month. Schuyler 6082.

...WEST—Front room, adjoining

...WEST—Beautiful room with bath;
...rate home and skylight.

...Drive)—Handsome room,
...apartment; congenial ,young
...Schuyler 3002.

...WEST—Large room, private bath;
...privilege; medium room, $10.

...WEST—Large, comfortable room,
...bath; electricity, phone.

...—Large, sunny room, with al-
...room separate; adjoins bath.

...WEST—Large steam-heated room,
...shower, elevator — 6E.

...—Large, light, well furnished,
...steam heated; electricity, ele-
...vator; private family; $15. Va-

...—High class newly decorated,
...electricity, running water;

...—Large attractive room,
...private home. Apt. 2 D.

...Rooms, private bath; rich
...residence. Christian family;

...Central Park)—Large room;
...optional; elevator; reference.

...—Beautiful, large room, pri-
...bathroom privilege. Business peo

...—Attractive, well heated
...elevator. Apt. 2 west

...—Large front, well furnished
...electric light, telephone.

...—Large sunny room; bath;
...references; also small room.

...WEST—Furnished rooms with
...bath. Apply Supt.

...(Near Subway)—Rooms
...family, gentlemen. River

...—Attractive, large, small
...bath; homelike, med

...(Apt. 3)—Desirable, clean
...bathing bath.

...—Desirable room with run-
...family, adults, gen-

...—Richly furnished double
...park, select people.

...—Bright, comfortable room,
...; electricity, hot water.

...—Furnished rooms, modern
...references required. 3392

...—Two-room suite, private
...two or three.

...—Comfortable room, south
...ning water, bath, electric-
...; gentleman; reference.
...Subway; 103d St.

...—Business girl, mumsy, out-
...heat, piano, phone; $7.50
...; references exchanged.

...furnished rooms, with and
...bath; all improvements.

...(Riverside)—Handsomely
...private bath, electricity.

...between Broadway-West
...Corner)—Hand-
...bath; quiet, refined home
...large modern front room
...; electricity.

...Light, airy room, steam-
...basement; private fami-
...respect; gentlemen only.

...—Large light room,
...conveniences; lady; $12.

...(Apt. 4S)—Newly fur-
...; suite for two gentle-
...; board optional; Jew-
...Mrs. Goldstein.

...(Central Park)—Unusual
...room, elevator
...; L bus; very reason-
...party congenial ser-

...(Broadway)—Unusual op-
...room front room, bath

...—Attractively furnished
...bath; gentleman or boat
...privileges. Apt. 2E.

...—Beautiful room in
...woman; refer-
...Apt. 1D.

...Beautiful room, facing
...at elevator.

...—A room for gentle-

...and 8th Ave.)—Recent-
...front room; 2 exclu-
...Cathedral 6189.

...—Two connecting front
...improvements; suitable

...—Light, handsomely fur-
...elevator apart-
...subway station; business
...references required. Phone

...(Apt. 3)—Two pleasant
...rooms; private
...; reasonable rates.

...—Large furnished, large, small
...bath; homelike, refined

...—Handsomely
...private bath, electricity.

...between Broadway-West
...Corner)—Hand-
...bath; quiet, refined home
...large modern front room
...; electricity.

...Drive)—Handsome room,
...apartment; congenial ,young
...Schuyler 3002.

...WEST—Large room, private bath;
...privilege; medium room, $10.

...WEST—Large, comfortable room,
...bath; electricity, phone.

...—Large, sunny room, with al-
...room separate; adjoins bath.

...WEST—Large steam-heated room,
...shower, elevator — 6E.

...—Large, light, well furnished,
...steam heated; electricity, ele-
...vator; private family; $15. Va-

...—High class newly decorated,
...electricity, running water;

...—Large attractive room,
...private home. Apt. 2 D.

...Rooms, private bath; rich
...residence. Christian family;

...Central Park)—Large room;
...optional; elevator; reference.

...—Beautiful, large room, pri-
...bathroom privilege. Business peo

...—Attractive, well heated
...elevator. Apt. 2 west

...—Large front, well furnished
...electric light, telephone.

...—Large sunny room; bath;
...references; also small room.

...WEST—Furnished rooms with
...bath. Apply Supt.

...(Near Subway)—Rooms
...family, gentlemen. River

...—Attractive, large, small
...bath; homelike, med

...(Apt. 3)—Desirable, clean
...bathing bath.

...—Desirable room with run-
...family, adults, gen-

...—Richly furnished double
...park, select people.

...—Bright, comfortable room,
...; electricity, hot water.

...—Furnished rooms, modern
...references required. 3392

...—Two-room suite, private
...two or three.

...—Comfortable room, south
...ning water, bath, electric-
...; gentleman; reference.
...Subway; 103d St.

...—Business girl, mumsy, out-
...heat, piano, phone; $7.50
...; references exchanged.

...furnished rooms, with and
...bath; all improvements.

...(Riverside)—Handsomely
...private bath, electricity.

...between Broadway-West
...Corner)—Hand-
...bath; quiet, refined home
...large modern front room
...; electricity.

...Drive)—Handsome room,
...apartment; congenial ,young
...Schuyler 3002.

...WEST—Large room, private bath;
...privilege; medium room, $10.

...WEST—Large, comfortable room,
...bath; electricity, phone.

...—Large, sunny room, with al-
...room separate; adjoins bath.

...WEST—Large steam-heated room,
...shower, elevator — 6E.

...—Large, light, well furnished,
...steam heated; electricity, ele-
...vator; private family; $15. Va-

...—High class newly decorated,
...electricity, running water;

...—Large attractive room,
...private home. Apt. 2 D.

...Rooms, private bath; rich
...residence. Christian family;

...Central Park)—Large room;
...optional; elevator; reference.

...—Beautiful, large room, pri-
...bathroom privilege. Business peo

...—Attractive, well heated
...elevator. Apt. 2 west

...—Large front, well furnished
...electric light, telephone.

...—Large sunny room; bath;
...references; also small room.

...WEST—Furnished rooms with
...bath. Apply Supt.

...(Near Subway)—Rooms
...family, gentlemen. River

...—Attractive, large, small
...bath; homelike, med

...(Apt. 3)—Desirable, clean
...bathing bath.

...—Desirable room with run-
...family, adults, gen-

...—Richly furnished double
...park, select people.

...—Bright, comfortable room,
...; electricity, hot water.

...—Furnished rooms, modern
...references required. 3392

...—Two-room suite, private
...two or three.

...—Comfortable room, south
...ning water, bath, electric-
...; gentleman; reference.
...Subway; 103d St.

...—Business girl, mumsy, out-
...heat, piano, phone; $7.50
...; references exchanged.

...furnished rooms, with and
...bath; all improvements.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

ONE to three large unfurnished rooms to let; bath and kitchen privileges; refined couple or business woman. Phone Lenox 6588.

...HOE AV., 1,825, BRONX—Beautiful front room for single or couple, reasonable. Kleinberg.

ROOMS WANTED

Furnished.

BY a middle-aged business man of quiet habits, receiving no visitors, large room and bath in private house—or apartment, boarding or room without board; to be within the single paying guest or, at most, one of the small personal services to be furnished, including breakfast in room at 7 o'clock; permanent arrangement sought; prospect: two last has house in the country, at which he spends much of his time, including week-ends except through the severest Winter months; city references, financial, personal, social; this advertisement is planned to reach a small family with house and service beyond their present means and who, very probably, before this have never admitted a permanent guest. A 697 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, refined, French teacher, graduate Paris University, widely traveled Europe, Orient, cheerful disposition, will exchange instruction in French for living room with refined family; kitchen privileges. D 133 Times.

BUSINESS woman desires furnished room with kitchenette privileges, with couple or business woman; between Amsterdam-Riverside Drive, 96th-106th Sts. S 320 Times.

REFINED business woman, congenial, highest references, permanent, desires light room, running water, near Broadway. 724 or 80th St. Columbus 8760, Apt. 818.

AMERICAN business man desires a room in a private home; one that conforms more important than luxurious surroundings. C 417 Times.

BY business girl out of town week-ends; surroundings convenient, wholesome; preferably small, refined family particulars. D 127 Times.

WOMAN writer wants light, warm, comfortable room, preferably with bath, $30 to $45 monthly, anywhere below 59th St. Y 2221 Times.

GENTLEMAN engaged in literary work desires furnished room within reasonable walking distance of Public Library. D 184 Times.

BUSINESS girl wants room, private; desires separate; private family. Apartment 72. Riverside 9042.

RIVERSIDE, 151 (97th)—Beautiful room, dressing room; modern bath; kitchenette privilege.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 340—Beautiful, warm, outside room; $9; running water. Apt. 8D.

SMALL, private family, having house, will rent room; references. Tel. Morningside 7356.

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, 48 (152d)—Private family has large, attractive front room, elevator apartment; easily accessible; electric subway car; references; gentlemen.

WEST END AV.—(79th St.)—Suite, 2 rooms, Knabe grand piano in private home to gentlemen. Schuyler 5285.

WEST END AV., 854 (Near 102d St.)—Beautiful, large rooms; also parlor floor, bath, kitchenette; electricity; references.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT—Young lady, expert bookkeeper and accountant; five years' experience in independent offices; business details; thorough knowledge of income tax reports; highest references. Miss Hattie Frank, 212 Eckford St., Brooklyn. Greenpoint 2200.

BOOKKEEPER, three years' practical experience, cost and general accounting, stenography, &c., capable of taking full charge, Pace & Pace student, age 22; salary $35; at present employed, desires to change. B 514 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert double entry; executive ability; years of experience; modern methods; controlling accounts, trial balance; typist, no stenographer, best references. B 1627 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience, double entry, trial balance; takes full charge; office; $30. C 410 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Competent; 8 years' experience; capable of taking entire charge. A 937 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS LADY going to Kansas, open for any business transaction. C 378 Times.

CHAMBERMAID—Desire place for my excellent maid. Mrs. Mitchell, Plaza 6626.

COMPANION to lady; young woman, refined, educated Christian; ready Jan. 1; travel; excellent city physician's reference. Phone Monday, 10 to 1, Academy 2013. Superintend beauty.

COMPANION, Swedish, masseuse (No. 18566), cheerful, adaptable, excellent reference, position as companion to lady needing massage and loving care; highest credentials; $125. C 396 Times.

COMPANION to elderly woman, by one who has filled similar position for woman of note; good disposition, companionable; best references. S 438 Times.

COMPANION—Young woman, cultivated, cheerful, as companion to refined lady. T 2236 Times Annex.

COMPANION, SEAMSTRESS, to lady going South; moderate salary. Grey, 241 West 72d St.

COOK—Lady leaving for California, desires to place excellent, refined woman as cook; Swedish; seen mornings. 330 West End Av., corner 96th, 11th floor.

COOK, excellent, wishes position, family dinners, parties. Box 27, Emerson, N. J.

COPY WRITER, college woman, excellent experience, now employed in one of New York's largest department stores, desires an opening with a national advertising concern in or near New York. Box 742, 200 Cable Building.

DRESSMAKER—Expert interior decorator, draperies, curtains, cushions, recovering furniture; $6 daily; city, country. Write Harriett, 207 West 85th St.

DRESSMAKER—Expert, out; street, evening gowns, remodeling, perfection of fit and style guaranteed. 1 West 70th St. Trafalgar 9135.

DRESSMAKER solicits engagements out in families; good reference; $3 day. Mme. Duaold, 100 West 106th St.

DRESSMAKING—Gowns made on short notice; reasonable. 90 Convent Av. Morningside 4346.

DRESSMAKER—French; excellent fitter; new remodeling; $3.50 day. Godard, 259 West 103d.

DRESSMAKER and tailoress; first-class only; home, out. Phone 7686 Audubon.

DRESSMAKER, expert; out by day; $12. Morningside 9138.

FILE CLERK, experienced, accurate; $20 weekly. C 104 Times.

GIRL—Light colored, American, wants job cleaning bachelor apartment, or maid in studio or dentist's office. Thomasina Goodwin, 142 West 143d St. Apt. 19.

GOVERNESS, French; resident, visiting; middle age; cheerful; English, German, music, needlework, physical care; references. L. 745 Amsterdam Av.

GOVERNESS, nursery or child, one-seven years; refined, agreeable disposition; references. B 436 Times.

GOVERNESS, visiting or resident; French, music, physical care. B 506 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER—Lady wishes place expert housekeeper; refined, settled American; good home main consideration; can manage home or do work small family. Tel. Caney Island 3440.

HOUSEKEEPER, managing, or similar position of trust, desired by experienced, efficient, well-educated lady of English birth, (with girl of 4.). E., 3,525 Broadway.

HOUSEKEEPER — Refined middle - aged woman desires light work in small, quiet family. C 92 Times.

LAUNDRESS wants hamper work or by dozen; take home, Jersey. 6322 Morningside.

LAUNDRESS—First-class; laundry to take home. Carroll, 47 West 89th St.

NURSE—Instructive position; supervisor's position in hospital desired Jan. 1st. Assistant Superintendent, 305 Central Park West Riverside 9800.

NURSE, graduate, wishes to go South with a patient or elderly person; references. Nurse, 154 Eagle St., Englewood, N. J.

NURSE, practical, and light housekeeper for genteel family; adults for Winter. Excellent references; $20-$30. E 1221 Times Bronx.

NURSE, graduate, R. N., typist and knowledge of stenography, desires position in doctor's office. Box 1008 Times Harlem.

NURSE, registered graduate, desires position as welfare nurse for female employes of factory. Lucas, 420 East 19th.

NURSE, graduate, as companion to lady or child. A 1078 Times Harlem.

REFINED graduate nurse, having business in California, accompany invalid or lady traveling; with children, for payment of railroad fare; excellent reference. R. B., 101 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, PACKARD GRADUATE, EDUCATED, COMPETENT, DEPENDABLE; $25. B 435 TIMES.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, English-American, 20, high school graduate, knowledge Spanish, thoroughly competent, desires position. L 837 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, experienced, capable stenographer; college education; understands copy writing, advertising; $25. Apt. 63, 165 West 82d St., City.

SECRETARY, stenographer, competent, desires responsible position; highest credentials; also years' experience. D 111 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER—Two years' experience executives; references. Black, 264 West 98th St.

SECRETARY, stenographer, English, highly efficient; medical work specialized. B 437 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, expert, refined; highest credentials; $25. C 403 Times.

SOCIAL SECRETARY, college graduate, capable, intelligent, tactful; best references. E 827 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, energetic, reliable, painstaking, trustworthy, seven years' insurance, brokerage, real estate, engineering experience; good detail worker; unquestionable references; $25. L 681 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY — American Christian young lady; 7 years' commercial stenographic experience; high, business school education; intelligent, reliable; retentive memory; $21. L 677 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, French, English; experienced, reliable, conscientious, wishes permanent position; best references from abroad and here. C 216 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, English, French; translator French, German, Russian; expert typist. Miss Howden, 823 West 142d St. Telephone Audubon 6234.

STENOGRAPHER seeks clientele; own office; reasonable rates; will call for work, Stores, 5 Columbus Circle, Room 209. Columbus 5120.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, six years' experience; high school graduate; competent, conscientious; $25. L 667 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 19, high school graduate, year's experience, desires position, preferably where knowledge French can be utilized. C 382 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced public stenographer, secretary and correspondent desires responsible position immediately. Address Mrs. Jessie A. Hutton, 883 Edgecombe Av.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, high school graduate; one year's experience. A 1082 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER wishes position; beginner; six months' experience; $12. A 923 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Two year's experience; knowledge bookkeeping; reference; $18-$20. E 63 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, office assistant, accurate, ambitious, competent, experienced; $20. C 60 Times.

STENOGRAPHER three years' experience; competent; $20. Miss E. Spurman, 3,000 Park Av.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 18, six months' experience, high school education; $16; references. B. Milch, 40 West 117th St.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience; reliable. E. Haas, 159 Prospect Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, 7 years experience; $20. Miss S., 295 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, correspondent, with ability and initiative; experienced. Room 501, 215 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, literary, commercial; good speller, accurate; temporary acceptable. C 406 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Beginner; bright, accurate; $15. Wadsworth 6270, Apt. 34. 673 West 188th St.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; capable; good appearance; salary $25. L 625 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, owning typewriter, desires home work; expert. Plaza Wadsworth 2005, Apt. 206.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, young lady, five years' experience, double entry, knowledge stenography, typewriting, general office routine; neat; experienced; $25. F. N., 75 Aldert St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-EXECUTIVE, 10 years' mercantile experience, capable, conscientious, desires position; excellent references. Miss Marks, 6 West 107th St.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, knowledge stenography experienced double entry books, controlling accounts, trial balance; competent; salary, $25. A 936 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, several years' practical experience, capable taking complete charge books, financial statements; reasonable. B 949 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, auditor, profit and loss statements, experienced in office management; 12 years' experience; willing to leave town. B 446 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER — Experienced controlling accounts, trial balance; salary $30. M. L. Frankel, 1,670 Garfield St., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, experienced; order clerk. Esther Schwartz, 845 West 180th St., city. Wadsworth 6221.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, college graduate, experienced; executive, correspondent; $30. L. 662 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of stenography; 4 years' experience; take full charge of office. N 802 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, exceptional ability; twelve years' advertising experience; conscientious. Telephone Rushwick 1817.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, college graduate; financial statements, typewriting; $30. A 938 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. V 760 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER—Expert, colorful personality; training; good education; $27. A 953 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wants steady employment and opportunity to learn. Miss T. 60 Brooklyn Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, Christian, 5 years' experience; references; $25. A 955 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, desires home work or work in evenings; references. D 39 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience; excellent references, $27 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, one year's experience; salary $30. B 1025 Times Harlem.

TEACHER, college graduate; public school methods; all branches. Coaching, 303 West 120th.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, 4 years' experience, typist; permanent position. A 889 Times Downtown.

TYPEWRITING done at reasonable rate; neat, accurate work guaranteed. A 952 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, experienced, ledger, payroll clerk; correspondent, switchboard, capable, responsible; excellent references; ambitious. Box 202, 1,182 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

TYPIST, translator-correspondent, English, Spanish, Italian; part time. A 491 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, middle-aged, teacher of stenography, with knowledge of bookkeeping and many years of banking experience, desires position as private secretary to official or to take charge of entire office; speaks, reads and writes English, Spanish and German; very good penmanship; A1 references. A 467 Times Downtown.

WOMAN—Middle aged; experienced cook and housekeeper business people's apartment; good room and board; no washing; wages reasonable. Write M. W., 178 2d St.

WOMAN, refined, with son 13, desires position as mother's helper or nurse; best references. Apply Far Rockaway 384, Sunday, Monday, 10-3.

WOMAN, German, wishes to go to California as lady's nurse, maid; doctor's reference. Nurse, 196 South Oxford St., Brooklyn.

WOMAN, French, wants afternoon housework; good references; no Sunday; sleep home. Marie Calame, 411 West 45th St.

WOMAN, refined, wants chambermaid; to waiting on table; congenial home; small salary. C 97 Times.

YOUNG LADY, five years' experience large manufacturing and export house, wishes position as stenographer and bookkeeper's assistant; efficient, competent; $20. A 823 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, refined, high school graduate, typist, as assistant to doctor's office morning, evenings; willing. E 16 Times.

YOUNG LADY wishes position evenings; shorthand and typewriting. Miss Thomas, Harlem.

YOUNG SWISS LADY, fine education, desires position as governess, teach music, French, Italian, German. Apply Miss V. B. W., 222 Mohawk Av., Scotia, N. Y.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (Agency), 314 West 99th. Phone Columbus 8022. Established 1898.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, assistants furnished, beginners and experienced; no charge to employer. Upland Agency, 198 West 42d St. Bryant 3907.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency—First-class servants. 2,280 Broadway, cor. 82d St.

GET QUALITY FIELD—Reliable, competent colored servants. Audubon 3788. Kelley's Agency.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY — Help by month, week or day. 107 W. 125th St. Morn. 6918.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE.

Office manager, auditor, cost accountant, public accounting experience, expert organizer, systematizer, constructive calibre of mind, 25 years' experience, open permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; salary $4,000; available proper notice. Jersey Commuter, 642 West 30th St., New York.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted, seniors, capable of taking full charge of audits and examinations and preparing reports thereon; only those having had at least five years' experience with other large firms of public accountants need apply. Call upon Broadwood, Ibs & Pogson, 280 Broadway. Ask for Mr. Griswood.

ACCOUNTANT—A. A. A. An experienced senior desires position with public accountants or corporation; American, age 40; ten years with well-known accountants; excellent reference; available immediately. N 800 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 28, senior, college graduate, competent, efficient, 5 years' experience certified public accountants; capable handling all audits, investigations, require years report; best references; available at once. A 917 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—25; senior; several years' public accounting and business experience, thoroughly acquainted Federal and State income tax laws, college graduate; capable executive; unquestionable references; salary $2,000. C 110 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, cost, constructive, producer; best references, surveys; 25 years' experience; 5 years in Government service on special cost investigation; permanent connection desired as department head. A 918 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 37, certified public accountant, member of American Institute of Accountants, at present with prominent firm of accountants, is open for desirable position; A1 credentials; salary $5,000. D 894 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Executive, many years' experience with public accountants and large corporations; capable managing large force; exceptional references; position must be permanent. D 155 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, thoroughly qualified assume full charge audits, install systems, prepare financial statements and reports, open for immediate connection. N 799 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT with certified public accounting experience, college graduate, thoroughly competent conduct audits, &c., seeks connection with certified accountant; reasonable salary. 119 East 103st.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, audited, systems, tax reports, arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly up. Goldwater, 280 Broadway. Worth 2093.

ACCOUNTANCY STUDENT, 24, wishes position with C. P. A. firm; conscientious worker; salary secondary. L 654 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS (Certified)—Audits, systems, tax consultants, economists; moderate charges. Wilcox, Inc., 1,804 B'way. Bryant 8825. Morningside 8775.

ACCOUNTANT, Pace graduate, 25, income tax experience, ten years' bookkeeper, willing to travel, salary no object, desires C. P. A. connection. C 406 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, executive, American (35), varied public experience; available immediately; supervision, balance sheets, tax returns. A 704 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, senior; tax expert; 30 years, single, Christian; 10 years' experience; $6,000 minimum salary. A 606 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced; full charge audits, statements, reports, income tax, thoroughly competent and qualified auditor. D 166 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Books audited, closed, systematized, tax reports, arrangements firms without bookkeepers. F. Perret, Room 901A, 29 Broadway. Telephone 1963 Whitehall.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A. (N. Y.); several years' practice, seeks connections with practicing public accountant; have partnership in view. A 934 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT (26), experienced, certified (Hampshire); situation wanted certified firm doing high-grade, conscientious, thorough work. V 293 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 23, six months' accounting experience; Pace student, desires connection with accounting firm. A 894 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, desires connection, certified firm; tax knowledge. L 686 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, desires connection certified accountants; available immediately. N 296 Times.

ACCOUNTANT (certified), tax specialist; books opened, closed, audited; very reasonable. Franklin 2844.

ACCOUNTANT student, experienced junior, desires connection with accountant. E 42 Times.

ACCOUNTANCY student, typist, stenographer, seven years' general office experience. C 414 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 24, semi-senior, available Jan. 10, desires connection with certified firm. N 976 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, desires connection with certified accountant. A 840 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING AND SALES MANAGER.

JUST SEVERED HIS CONNECTION WITH ONE OF NEW YORK CITY'S LARGEST DEPARTMENT STORES, IS OPEN FOR PROPOSITION. THIS IS AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR SOME RETAILER, AGENCY OR MANUFACTURER TO SECURE A HIGH-CALIBERED MAN WITH MODERN IDEAS.

ADDRESS BOX 750, 299 CABLE BLDG.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ADVERTISING AGNOSTIC, PLEASE NOTICE!

I have the ability, the personality, the character, to make good in advertising.

I can compose dandy letters, and can therefore handle your correspondence. Incidentally, I am an efficient secretary-stenographer, myself.

I am at present in the advertising field, although college educated.

If there's an EXCEPTIONAL opening in your organization for an exceptional young man, write me.

C 696 Times.

A PRACTICAL ADVERTISING-SALES PLAN AND DEALER SERVICE MAN

NOW producing for 4 concerns, desires to CONSULT WITH an sales promotion work for ONE firm—

Has definite, NEW TACTICS to deliver Textile, Clothing, Drug Manufacturers, or Chain Stores, created and TESTED to meet the NEW conditions.

A red-blooded, active, alert American with 18 years' substantial practical experience behind him, now employed; age 34; married; open Jan. 10th.

S 736 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING IDEA MAN, AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED ANALYZING MERCHANDISING PROBLEMS; PROLIFIC PLANNING, EFFECTIVE LAYOUTS, WRITING FORCEFUL COPY FOR NEWSPAPERS, MAGAZINES AND DIRECT BY MAIL ADV. LITERATURE. K 899 TIMES.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.

At present advertising and sales manager for large retail and mail order firm, would make change; experience newspaper and national copy, catalogs, circulars, follow-up campaigns; moderate salary. A 706 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MANAGER'S ASSISTANT.

My experience: I have edited a house organ, written trade paper copy, circulars and folders and made layouts all of above familiar with engraving, printing, &c. High school graduate. A 838 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MANAGER of large credit chain stores organization is open for position in similar capacity; full knowledge of newspaper and direct mail advertising, purchasing of printing, planning sales campaign, &c. C 400 Times.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT, young, college trained, capable copy writer, both general and mail order; expert stenographer, secretary, correspondent; knows cuts, layouts. E 19 Times.

ADVERTISING WRITER and capable sales promotion man; excellent credentials; desires suitable connection; salary reasonable. F 898 Times.

ARTIST—Exceptional figure draftsman, some commercial experience; excellent position offering good opportunity. D 168 Times.

ART DIRECTOR, idea man, visualizer, wishes to connect with advertising agency. C 108 Times.

ASSISTANT to sales manager or advertising manager; young man, 28, Christian, married, tactful, able correspondent, sales and advertising agency experience, seeks connection with a going concern which has real opportunity to offer; not a novice at this work; salary secondary to opportunity. W 21 Times.

ASSISTANT OFFICE MAN, 24, married, independent, general office routine, knowledge accounting; seven years' experience. C 418 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, general office assistant, filing; experienced; conscientious; $18. C 99 Times.

ATTORNEY, New Jersey; 7 years' experience in general practice, highest references, desires place in New York law firm to handle New Jersey work, or position with business or financial corporation where services can be utilized; expectations as to income moderate until value is proven. C 680 Times Downtown.

ATTORNEY (N. Y., N. J.); bachelor, collegian, 6th year, 3 years' general practice to manage substantial properties, now open for similar managerial or secretarial post; unexceptionable references. A 700 Times Downtown.

BINDERY FOREMAN, 25 years' experience; best references. C 362 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, typist, cost and production clerk; 5 years' mercantile, steamship, brokerage experience; highly educated, efficient; takes complete charge of office; render trial balances, financial statements; good penman; conscientious, willing; $30. D 112 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 27, MARRIED, THOROUGH PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF BRANCH AND GENERAL ACCOUNTING, DISENGAGED, SEEKS POSITION WITH REPUTABLE CORPORATION. B, 98 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER—Thorough accountant; 12 years' experience; New York University graduate; good systematizer; experienced cash man, tax reports, financial statements, able correspondent. 198 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, import, export, banking, French, German; highest credentials; moderate salary. Box 145, Emerson, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER, seven years' practical experience, capable handling complete set books also supervising office. A 919 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, experienced, full set books; trial balance, financial statements, expert auditor and cost man. D 107 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 26, accountant, experienced, competent, good correspondent; reference. C 380 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 10 years' experience, knowledge stenography, typewriting, desires position. C 290 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, take charge, handle correspondence, collections, knowledge of accounting. D 160 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, experienced; entire charge office, collections; moderate salary. K 15 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Office manager, credit, correspondence; experienced trial balances; $36. C 77 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 22, well educated, experienced; moderate salary. A 707 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. S 923 Times Downtown.

BUTLER-VALET, Italian, French, English; references, willing travel. Howard, 105 East 92d.

BUTLER, COOK—Generally useful; first-class; competent, dependable, willing. D 109 Times.

BUYER, 32, considerable experience buying cotton goods, hosiery, underwear in large quantities; would locate with growing concern where honest effort and hard work will build a future. F 278 Times.

CAMP DIRECTOR—American, college and university graduate, desires position as director or head counsellor boys' camp; seven years' similar experience at highest-class camps. D 154 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 36, EXPERT DRIVER, FIRST-CLASS MECHANIC, CAREFUL, RELIABLE; NO MUNICIPAL WORK; SCHOOL TRAINING, BUT 12 YEARS' THOROUGH, PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE WITH HIGHEST GRADE MACHINES; EXCELLENT REFERENCES; REASONABLE SALARY. ALEX. HAAS, 19 WEST 67TH. 2278 COLUMBUS.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, thoroughly competent, several years' experience; willing, obliging, gentlemanly; desires position city; country; salary secondary to opportunity; unquestionable references. Melrose 1171.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, served three years in shop, five years driving; careful driver; will furnish excellent references. Jas. Ferguson, 535 W. 126th. Morningside 9056.

CHAUFFEUR, married; excellent and careful driver, good mechanic; best appearance, 4½ years in last position; Pierce-Arrow car. John Loftus, 301 West 136th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 26, single, five years' experience, wishes position, city, country; highly recommended. Hagan, 240 West 147th. Audubon 2284.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, Italian, speaks French and English as well, with first-class references, wishes position with private family. Write C 201 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-valet disposing of car, desires to secure good position for chauffeur. J. Bicknell, 1,790 Broadway. Circle 1600.

CHAUFFEUR; employer has high-class, experienced man to recommend. Leon Newman, 684 Broadway, New York City.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, Southern, wishes part time position; age 26. Edgar Lee, 28 Quincy St., Brooklyn. Prospect 1417-J.

CHAUFFEUR, French, speaks several languages, licensed; references; wishes position. S 158 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, single, wants position with good family; neat appearance; good references M. Tracey, care Byrne, 149 6th Av.

CHEMIST'S ASSISTANT, graduate, desires position in any chemical work. C 421 Times.

CLERICAL WORK desired at home. Address Box 119, L. 684 3d Av.

COMPANION TO BOY—Mid-western divinity student who has successfully handled boys, individually and collectively, would take entire charge of normal or mentally and physically subnormal boy; highest testimonials as to character and qualifications; state particulars. Y 2241 Times Annex.

CORRESPONDENT — Having to reduce the number of employes in our New York office, we wish to locate a Spanish young man, well educated, capable correspondent, typist, understands bookkeeping, dictaphone operator; speaks fairly good English and French; salary open. D 188 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, general office man, well versed modern and efficient business methods; salary $35. C 95 Times.

COUPLE—Educated, refined wife experienced bookkeeper, cashier, stenographer; man experienced secretary, stenographer, hotel, school, institution; go anywhere. B 443 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

COUPLE, daughter 7 years, housekeeping, cook, chauffeur, gardener, useful; good references; city or country. D., 234 West 69th St.

CREDIT MANAGER—30 years' experience, executive, aggressive, systematic, absolutely unimpeachable; available after Jan. 1; can assume full responsibility for credits, collections and customer relations. E 16 Times.

DENTAL RADIOGRAPHER and all around, four years' experience; best references. 2000 Times.

DESIGNER of furniture, 25, 15 years' thorough practical experience; expert perspective, cabinets, interior decorations for high-grade trade; selling ability; excellent references. A. Jones, 28 Chestnut St., Orange, N. J. Tel. Newton 1128 W.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, 8 years' experience office buildings, factories, garages; knowledge building and zoning laws. A 946 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, six years' experience; technical education; references. E 80 Times.

EDITOR, technical; can give magazine an influence. A 729 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICAL ESTIMATOR, 10 years' experience, desires connection with contractor after Jan. 1; well acquainted architects and engineers. E 299 Times.

EMPLOYMENT manager, age 38, many years' experience, desires connection as such; knowledge of foreign languages. B 698 Times.

ENGINEER, automotive and electrical, technically educated and practically experienced in management of motorized transportation units; also live construction engineer; desires to consult with executive. American connection with future. D 148 Times.

ENGINEER, estimator, technical graduate, nine years' experience steel and concrete construction, drafting, designing, checking, position in Mexico. A 1060 Times Harlem.

ENGINEER, mechanical, 34; commercial and technical experience; executive ability. C 401 Times.

EXECUTIVE, age 28, all-around business man 10 years' experience reasonwell, energetic, able; present affiliated with large wholesale concern, managing credit, collection departments, office; minimum salary $4,500. C 505 Times.

EXECUTIVE, college graduate, 8 years' business experience manufacturing, printing and publishing; accustomed to supervision large clerical force, employment, purchasing; salary secondary to opportunity. E 402 Times.

EXECUTIVE, junior, American, 22, single, well educated, 6 years' banking experience, seeks position with possibilities for future; willing to go anywhere. A 870 Times Downtown.

EXECU

...ROOMS...

...copies, not orig-...of recommendations, ...response to Help Want-...advertisements in The ...York Times, and ...avoid the danger of ...the originals.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

AUDUBON AV., 220 (Corner, 156th St.)—Elegant refined Hebrew family; single or double rooms; elevator, electricity, phone, bath; sunshine; real home. Hertz. Apt. 51.

BROADWAY, 2,465 (91st St.)—Two adjoining rooms, suitable for couple or two gentlemen; southern exposure; college; $35 weekly. Apt. 61.

BROADWAY, 3,866 (158th), Apt. 51—Large front room, southern exposure; all conveniences.

BUSINESS GIRL—Nearly furnished warm room next to bath, telephone, electricity, use of piano; apartment of two members; convenient to 72 Times; family; West 181st subway; $8 weekly.

BUSINESS girl has high-class room and bath in apartment hotel; will share with other girl, $45 month. B 313 Times.

CLAREMONT AV., 140, Apt. 2d—Attractive room, facing park; business woman preferred.

DOUBLE room, running water, gentleman; private family, meals if desired. Riverside 6160.

FOR RENT to young woman, comfortable room, separate entrance, privilege of kitchenette; rent reasonable. West 125th St. between 5th and Lenox Ave. 107 Times.

GENTLEMAN seeking exclusive, scrupulous, well appointed, large front room, colonial; furniture, choice bath, private entrance; 3 adults. Block Broadway subway. Telephone Cathedral 8621.

HOTEL ABERDEEN—Rooms with private bath, telephone in room, modern hotel service; fireproof; $17.50 weekly, permanent. 230 West 54th St. and Broadway. Phone Circle 9200.

IRVING PLACE (near 15th St.)—Bachelor apartment, private home, 4 outside, just shower, handsomely furnished, unusual service, reasonable rentals. Apply at premises, Irving Place, or telephone Stuyvesant 2834.

APT. will share large, high-class, furnished room with business woman; references exchanged. B. B. 197 Times Harlem.

LARGE front room 2 blocks from 59th St. subway; to business woman for $15 per week; $60 per month; references exchanged. Phone Riverside 6814.

MANHATTAN AV., 373—Two front rooms, housekeeping, phone, steam; housekeeping privileges. Ferguson.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 58 (120th)—Two front rooms, kitchenette, phone, business adults. Cathedral 9000.

NICE bright, furnished rooms for lady. On subway; references. U 117 Times.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320 (corner 96th)—Attractive furnished comfortable outside room; also large room, suitable for couple. Telephone 9440 Riverside. Apt. 31.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 375, corner 135th St.—Handsome unfurnished large room and bath; $30 month. Apartment 1.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 2,... (94th)—Facing Hudson; large airy suite; private bath together, private family. Apartment 73. Riverside 9054.

RIVERSIDE, 151 (97th)—Beautiful room, dressing room, modern bath, kitchenette; lease.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 345—Beautiful, warm, outside room $9, running water. Apt. 5D.

SMALL private family having house, will rent room reference. Tel. Morningside 7305.

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, 48 (152d)—Private home; two large, attractive front rooms, single apartment; easily accessible elevated; references; gentlemen.

1ST END AV. (79th St.)—Suite, 2 rooms, Knabe grand piano in private home to gentleman. Schuyler 5381.

2D AV., 854 (Near 102d St.)—Beautiful large rooms, also parlor floor, bath, kitchenette, electricity, references.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

ONE to three large unfurnished rooms to let; bath and kitchen privileges; refined couple or business woman. Phone Lenox 6565.

HOE AV., 1,525, BRONX—Beautiful front room for single or couple, reasonable. Kleinberg.

ROOMS WANTED

Furnished.

By a middle-aged business man of quiet habits, receiving no visitors, large room and bath in private house or apartment, boarding or rooming house—where he will be the single paying guest or, at most, one of two; small personal service to be furnished, including breakfast by room at 7 o'clock; permanent arrangements sought; proposed tenant has home in the country, at which he spends much of his time, including weekends except through the severest Winter months; any desired references, financial, personal, social; this advertisement is planned to reach a small family with house rooms and ice beyond their present needs and who, very probably, before now have never admitted a permanent guest. A 697 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, refined, French teacher, graduate Paris University, widely traveled Europe, Orient, cheerful disposition, will exchange instruction in French for living room with refined family; kitchen privileges. D 153 Times.

BUSINESS woman desires furnished room, with kitchenette privileges, with couple or business woman; location, Amsterdam-Riverside Drive, 70th-100th Sts. S 359 Times.

REFINED business woman, congenial, highest references, permanent, desires light room, running water, near Broadway, 72d or 96th St., Columbus 6700, Apt. 815.

AMERICAN business man desires a room in a private home; refinement and home comforts more important than luxurious surroundings. C 417 Times.

BY bachelor out of town week-ends; surroundings reserved, wholesome; preferably small, refined family; particulars. D 127 Times.

WOMAN writer wants light, warm, comfortable room, preferably with bath, $30 to $45 monthly; anywhere below 50th St. Y 2221 Times Annex.

GENTLEMAN engaged in literary work desires furnished room within reasonable walking distance of Public Library. D 184 Times.

BUSINESS young man, Oriental, desires room, central location, modern conveniences; $10 weekly; references given. B 1028 Times Annex.

BUSINESS couple desire furnished or unfurnished room, private family, below 42d and about Jan. 1; references exchanged. $50. 253 Times.

JAPANESE YOUNG GENTLEMAN DESIRES ROOM WITH PRIVATE FAMILY; PERMANENT. WRITE TO T. KUHARA TRADING CO., 45TH AV.

WANTED, two rooms and bath, near subway; desirable location; state price, phone number. D 159 Times.

GENTLEMAN requires housekeeping privileges room; must be immaculately clean. 105 Times.

WARM, good-sized, clean room within half hour downtown, preferably Upper Broadway; $4 weekly; gentleman. D 194 Times.

TWO young men wish room with piano and use of phone, preferably ground floor. S15. 427 Times.

YOUNG COUPLE desire room, private family, west side, 72d to 168th St.; state terms. O 273 Times.

COLUMBIA student to share with congenial student; consider board. E 29 Times.

REFINED desires room, moderate price; state terms. Box 64 City Hall Station.

Unfurnished.

Large suitable size, with private bath preferred and furnished or unfurnished, about Jan. 1; references; reasonable. Z 284 Times.

BUSINESS WOMAN wants unfurnished room below 42d St., bath privileges. K 289 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BOOKKEEPER & ASSISTANT, young lady, five years, experience, double entry, knowledge stenography, typewriting, general office routine neat; experienced; $25. F. M. 75 Albert St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-EXECUTIVE, 10 years' mercantile experience, capable, conscientious, desires position; excellent references. Miss Marks, 6 West 107th St.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, knowledge stenography, experienced double entry books, controlling accounts, trial balance; competent, salary, $35. A 926 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, several years' practical experience, capable taking complete charge books, financial statements; reasonable. A 940 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, auditor, profit and loss statements, experienced in office management; 12 years' experience; willing to leave town. B 446 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER — Experienced controlling accounts, trial balance; salary $20. M. L. Frankel, 1,078 Garfield St., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, experienced, orthography. Esther Schwartz, 545 West 148th St., city. Wadsworth 6221.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, college graduate, experienced; executive, correspondent; $30. L 662 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of stenography; 4 years' experience; take full charge of office. N 662 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, exceptional ability, twelve years advertising experience; conscientious. Telephone Bushwick 1811.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, college graduate; financial statements, typewriting; $50. A 702 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. V 197 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT—Young lady, expert bookkeeper and accountant; five years' experience in independent control of business details, thorough knowledge of income tax reports; highest references. Miss Estelle Frank, 212 Eckford St., Brooklyn. Greenpoint 3290.

BOOKKEEPER, three years' practical experience, cost and general accounting, stenography, etc.; capable of taking full charge, at present employed; age 22; salary $30; 514 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert double entry; executive ability; years of experience; needs no supervision; controlling accounts, trial balances; typist or stenographer; best references. B 1037 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience double entry; trial balances; take full charge; office, $30. C 410 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Competent, 8 years' experience; capable of taking entire charge. A 317 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS LADY going to Kansas, open for any business transaction. C 378 Times.

CHAMBERMAID—Desires place for my excellent maid Mrs. Mitchell. Plaza 6629.

COMPANION to lady; young woman, refined, educated Christian; ready Jan. 1, would travel; excellent city physician's reference. Phone Monday, 10 to 1, Academy 2013. Superintend home.

COMPANION Swedish, masseuse (No. 18603), cheerful, adaptable, excellent sewer, position as companion to lady needing massage and loving care. Highest credentials; $125. U 385 Times.

COMPANION to elderly woman, by one who has filled similar position for woman of note; good disposition, companionable, best references. B 428 Times.

COMPANION — Young woman, cultivated, cheerful, as companion to refined lady. T 2254 Times Annex.

COMPANION, SEAMSTRESS, to lady going South, moderate salary. Grey, 241 West 72d St.

COOK—Lady leaving for California, desires to place excellent refined woman as cook; breakfast; seen mornings. 330 West End Av., corner 96th, 11th floor.

COOK, excellent, wishes position, family dinners, parties. Box 27, Emerson, N. J.

COPY WRITER, college woman; excellent experience, now employed; one of New York's largest department stores, desires an opening with a national advertising concern in or near New York. Box 142, 209 Cable Building.

DRESSMAKER—Expert interior decorator, draperies curtains, cushions, recovering furniture $—daily, city, country. Write Harriet, 207 West 85th St.

DRESSMAKER—Expert, out, street, evening gowns remodeling, perfection of fit and style guaranteed $8 daily. E 46 Times.

DRESSMAKER solicits engagements out in families good reference; $5 day. Mme. Ivanoff, 100 West 108th St.

DRESSMAKING—Gowns made on short notice, reasonable. 90 Convent Av. Morningside 4246.

DRESSMAKER—French excellent fitter, new remodeling, $5.50 day. Godard, 259 West 112th.

DRESSMAKER and tailoress; first-class work out, home, out. Phone 7686 Audubon.

DRESSMAKER, expert; out by day; $15. Morningside 9138.

FILE CLERK, experienced, accurate; $20 week. C 104 Times.

GIRL—Light colored, American, wants job cleaning bachelor apartment, or maid in studio or dentist's office. Thomasina Goodwin, 142 West 142d St. Apt. 19.

GOVERNESS, French; resident; visiting; middle aged cheerful; English, German, music, needlework, physical care; references. L 745 Amsterdam Av.

GOVERNESS, nursery or child, one-seven years, refined, agreeable disposition, references. B 438 Times.

GOVERNESS, visiting or resident; French, music, physical care. B 508 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER—Lady wishes place expert housekeeper; refined, settled American; good home main consideration; can manage home or do work small family. Tel. Coney Island 2448.

HOUSEKEEPER, managing, or similar position of trust, desired by experienced, efficient, well-educated lady of English birth, with girl of 8. E., 3,825 Broadway.

HOUSEKEEPER—Refined middle aged woman desires light work in small, quiet family. C 92 Times.

LAUNDRESS wants hamper work or by dozen, take home. Jones, 6325 Morningside.

LAUNDRESS—First-class; laundry or take home. Carroll, 47 West 90th St.

NURSE—Instructress' or supervisor's position in hospital desired Jan. 1st. Assistant Superintendent, 295 Central Park West Riverside 8000.

NURSE, graduate, wishes to go South with a patient or elderly person; references. Nurse, 184 Eagle St., Buffalo.

NURSE, practical, and light housekeeper for genteel family adults for Winter; excellent reference; $25-$30. F. 1221 Times Bronx.

NURSE, graduate, R. N., typist and "onal edge of stenography, desires position in doctor's office. B 1020 Times Annex.

NURSE, registered graduate, desires position as welfare nurse for female employees of factory. Lucas, 430 East 19th.

NURSE, graduate, as companion to lady or child. A 1074 Times Harlem.

REFINED graduate nurse, having business in California, accompany invalid or lady traveling with children, for payment of rail road fare; excellent reference. B. B. 101 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, PACKARD GRADUATE, EDUCATED, COMPETENT, DEPENDABLE; $25. B 429 TIMES.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, English-American, 20, high school graduate; knows Spanish, thoroughly competent, desires position. L 637 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, experienced, capable stenographer; college education; understands copy writing, advertising; $25. Apt. 65, 165 West 82d St., city.

SECRETARY, stenographer, competent, desires responsible position; highest credentials; nine years' experience. D 111 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER—Ten years' experience assisting executives; references. Black, 254 West 98th St.

SECRETARY, stenographer, English, highly efficient; medical work specialized. R 477 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, expert, refined; highest credentials, $25. C 405 Times.

SOCIAL SECRETARY, college graduate, capable, intelligent, tactful; best references. B 537 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, energetic, reliable, painstaking, trustworthy, seven years' insurance, brokerage, real estate, engineering experience; good detail worker, unquestionable references; $25. L 661 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY — American Christian young lady; 7 years' commercial stenographic experience, high, business school education; intelligent, reliable, retentive memory; $27. L 677 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, French, English, experienced, reliable, conscientious, wishes permanent position; best references from abroad and here. C 374 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, English, French, translator French, German, Russian, expert typist, Miss Bowden, 623 West 142d St. Telephone Audubon 6254.

STENOGRAPHER seeks clientele, own office; reasonable rates; will call for work. Steno, 5 Columbus Circle, Room 200. Columbus 3738.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, six years' experience; high school graduate; competent, conscientious; $25. L 667 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 19, high school graduate, year's experience, desires position, preferably where knowledge French can be utilized. C 392 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced public stenographer, secretary and correspondent desires responsible position immediately. Address Mrs. Jennie A. Hutton, 863 Edgecombe Av.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, high school graduate; one year's experience. A 1082 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER wishes position, beginner; six months' experience; $12. A 923 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Two year's experience; knowledge bookkeeping; reference; $18-$20. E 45 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, office assistant, accurate, ambitious, competent, experienced; $20. C 80 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience, competent; $20. Miss E. Spurman, 3,590 Park Av.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 18 six months' experience, high school education; $18; references. B 1 Mills, 46 West 117th St.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience; reliable. B. Maas, 558 Prospect Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian 7 years experience; $30. Miss S., 293 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, correspondent; with ability and initiative, experienced. Room 501, 315 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, literary, commercial, good speller, accurate, temporary acceptable. C 408 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Beginner; bright, accurate; $18. Wadsworth 6270, Apt. 34. 473 West 158th St.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; capable; past appearance salary $35. L 685 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, owning typewriter, desires home work; expert. Phone Wadsworth 9008, Apt. 30G.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER—Expert, splendid business training; good education; $27. A 853 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, switchboard operator; competent and experienced. Miss T., 363 Brooklyn Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, Christian, 4 years' experience; references; $25. A 865 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, desires home work or work in evenings; references. D 50 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' experience; excellent references. X 382 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, one year's experience; salary $20. B 1025 Times Harlem.

TEACHER, college graduate; public school methods, all branches. Coaching, 263 West 120th.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, 4 years' experience, typist; permanent position. A 889 Times Downtown.

TYPEWRITING done at reasonable rates; neat, accurate work guaranteed. A 933 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, experienced, ledger, payroll clerk, correspondence, switchboard, capable, responsibility; excellent references; ambitious. Box 202, L 192 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

TYPIST, translator-correspondent, English, Spanish, Italian; part time. A 491 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, middle-aged, teacher of stenography, with knowledge of bookkeeping and many years of banking experience, desires position as secretary to official or to take charge of entire office; speaks, reads and writes English, Spanish and German; very good penmanship; A1 references. A 867 Times Downtown.

WOMAN—Middle aged; experienced cook and housekeeper business people's apartment good room and board; no washing; wages moderate. Write M. W., 178 24 St.

WOMAN, refined, with son 13, desires position as mother's helper or nurse; best references. Phone Far Rockaway 294, Sunday, Monday, 10-3.

WOMAN, German, wishes to go to California as lady's nurse, maid; doctor's references. Nurse, 184 South Oxford St., Brooklyn.

WOMAN, French, wants afternoon housework; good references; no Sunday; sleep home. Marie Calame, 411 West 45th St.

WOMAN, refined, wants chamberwork; no waiting on table; congenial home; small salary. C 97 Times.

YOUNG LADY, five years' experience large manufacturing and export house, wishes position as stenographer and bookkeeper's assistant; efficient, competent; $20. A 933 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, refined, high school graduate, typist, as assistant in doctor's office mornings, evenings willing. L 16 Times.

YOUNG LADY wishes position evenings, stenographic or sales. B 1030 Times Harlem.

YOUNG SWISS LADY, fine education, desires position as governess, teach music, French, Italian, German. Apply Miss V. B. W., 222 Mohawk Av., Scotia, N. Y.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (Agency), 214 West 39th. Phone Columbus 8022. Established 1890.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, assistants furnished, beginners and experienced; no charge to employer. Raphael Agency, 160 West 42d. Bryant 3567.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency—First-class servants. 2,290 Broadway, cor. 82d St.

GET QUALITY HELP—Reliable, competent colored servants. Audubon 2786. Selley's Agency.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY — Help by month, week or day. 107 W. 125d St. Morn. 6916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE.

Office manager, auditor, cost accountant, public accounting experience expert organizer, systematizer, constructive calibre of mind, 25 years' experience, open permanent engagement; executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; salary $4,000; available proper notice. Jersey Commuter, 842 West 30th St., New York.

ACCOUNTANTS wanted, seniors, capable of taking full charge of audits and examinations and preparing reports thereon; only those having had at least five years' experience with other large firms of public accounting need apply. Call upon Townsend, Ith & Pogson 280 Broadway. Ask for Mr. Griswood.

ACCOUNTANT—A. A. A. An experienced senior desires position with public accountants or corporation; American, age 40; ten years with well-known accountants; excellent reference; available immediately. N 800 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 28, senior; college graduate, competent, efficient. [illegible] recognized public accountants; capable handling all audits, investigations, reports, tax reports, best references; available at once. A 897 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—25, senior; several years' public accounting and business experience; thoroughly competent; Federal and State income tax laws, college graduate; capable executive, unquestionable references; salary $2,800. C 110 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, cost, constructive, production, four years, surveys, 23 years' varied experience, years in this line; thoroughly special cost investigation, permanent connection desired as department head. Y 218 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, 37, certified public accountant, member of American Institute of Accountants, at present with prominent firm of accountants, is open for desirable position. A1 credentials, salary $5,000. U 204 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Executive, many years experience in public accountancy and large corporations; capable managing large force; exceptional references, position must be permanent. D 183 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior. Thoroughly qualified assume full charge audits, install systems, prepare financial statements and reports, open for immediate connection. N 799 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT with certified public accountant, experienced college graduate, thorough competent conduct audits, &c.; seeks connection with certified accountant; reasonable salary. Selden, 110 East 161st.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, audited, systematized, tax reports, arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2,500 weekly up. Goldwater, 299 Broadway). Worth 3068.

ACCOUNTANT, 24, wishes position with C. P. A. firm; conscientious worker; salary secondary. L 854 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS (Certified)—Audits, systems, tax consultants, economists; moderate charges. Wirt, Inc., 1,804 B'way. Bryant 8825, Morningside 8375.

ACCOUNTANT, Pace graduate, 25, income tax experience, ten years' bookkeeper, willing to travel, salary no object, desires C. P. A. connection. C 406 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, executive, American (25), varied public experience; available immediately; supervision, balance sheets, tax returns. A 704 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, senior; tax expert; 30 years, single, Christian; 10 years' experience; $5,000 minimum salary. A 696 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced; full charge audits, statements, reports, income tax, thoroughly competent and qualified auditor. D 166 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Books audited, closed, systematized, tax reports, arrangements firms without bookkeepers. P. Parrett, Room 901A, 29 Broadway. Telephone 1965 Whitehall.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A. (N. Y.); several years' practice, seeks connections with practicing public accountant; have partnership in view. A 934 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT (24), experienced, certified (Hagerstire); situation wanted certified firm doing high-grade, conscientious, thorough work. V 283 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 22, six months' accounting experience; Pace student, desires connection with accounting firm. A 894 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, desires connection, certified firm; tax knowledge. L 664 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, desires connection certified accountants, available immediately. N 206 Times.

ACCOUNTANT (certified), tax specialist; books opened, closed, audited; very reasonable. Franklin 2844.

ACCOUNTANT student, experienced junior, desires connection with accountant. F. 42 Times.

ACCOUNTANCY student, typist, stenographer, seven years' general office experience. C 414 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 24, semi-senior, available Jan. 10 desires connection with certified firm. N 205 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, desires connection with certified accountant. A 840 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING AND SALES MANAGER.

JUST severed his connection with one of New York City's largest department stores. Is open for proposition. This is an unusual opportunity for some retailer, agency or manufacturer to secure a high-calibred man with modern ideas.

ADDRESS BOX 750, 280 CABLE BLDG.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ADVERTISING AGENCIES, PLEASE NOTICE!

I have the ability, the personality, the character, to make good in advertising. I can compose dandy letters, and can therefore handle your correspondence. Incidentally, I am an efficient secretary-manager, also.

I am at present in the advertising field, attending college evenings.

If there's an EXCEPTIONAL opening in your organization for an exceptional young man, write me.

C 430 Times.

A PRACTICAL ADVERTISING-SALES PLAN AND DEALER SERVICE MAN

NOW producing for 5 concerns, desires to CONCENTRATE on sales promotion work for ONE firm—

Has definite, NEW TACTICS to deliver Textile, Clothing, Drug Manufacturers, or Chain Stores, created and TESTED to meet the NEW conditions.

A red-blooded, active, alert American with 15 years substantial practical experience behind him, now employed; age 34; married; open Jan. 10th.

S 724 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING IDEA MAN, AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED ANALYZING MERCHANDISING PROBLEMS; PROLIFIC PLANNING, EFFECTIVE LAYOUTS, WRITING FORCEFUL COPY FOR NEWSPAPERS, MAGAZINES AND DIRECT BY MAIL ADV. LITERATURE. K 250 TIMES.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.

At present advertising and sales manager for large retail and mail order firm, would make change; experience newspaper and national copy, catalogs, circulars, follow-up campaigns; moderate salary. A 708 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MANAGER'S ASSISTANT.

My experience: I have edited a house organ, written trade paper copy, circulars and folders and made layouts for all of above; familiar with engraving, printing, &c.; high school graduate. A 929 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MANAGER of large credit chain stores organization is open for position in similar capacity; full knowledge of newspaper and direct mail advertising, purchasing of printing, planning sales campaign, &c. C 400 Times.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT, young, college trained, capable copy writer, both general and mail order; expert stenographer, secretary, correspondent; knows cuts, layouts. E 19 Times.

ADVERTISING WRITER and capable sales promotion man, builds booklets, catalogs, desires suitable connection; salary reasonable. P 536 Times.

ARTIST—Exceptional figure draftsman, some commercial experience, desires position offering good opportunity. B 168 Times.

ART DIRECTOR, idea man, visualizer, wishes to connect with advertising agency. C 108 Times.

ASSISTANT to sales manager or advertising manager; young man, 26, Christian, married, tactful, reliable correspondent, sales and advertising agency experience, seeks connection with a going concern which has real opportunity to offer; not a novice at this work; salary secondary to opportunity. W 21 Times.

ASSISTANT OFFICE MAN, 27, married, correspondent, general office routine, knowledge accounting; seven years experience. C 415 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, general office assistant, filing, experienced; conscientious; $18. C 89 Times.

ATTORNEY, New Jersey; 5 years' experience in general practice, highest references desires place in New York law firm to handle New Jersey work, or position with business or financial corporation where services can be utilized; expectations as to income moderate until value is proven. S 686 Times Downtown.

ATTORNEY (N. Y., N. J.), bachelor, collegian, 46, who retired from general practice to manage substantial properties, now open for similar managerial or secretarial post; unexceptionable references. A 700 Times Downtown.

BINDERY FOREMAN, 25 years' experience; best references. C 382 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, typist, cost and production clerk; 5 years' mercantile, steamship, brokerage experience; highly educated, efficient, take complete charge of office, render trial balances, financial statements, good penman; conscientious, willing; $30. O 718 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 27, MARRIED, THOROUGH PRACTICAL KNOWLEDGE OF BRANCH AND GENERAL ACCOUNTING, DISENGAGED, SEEKS POSITION WITH REPUTABLE CORPORATION. B 519 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER—Thorough accountant; 12 years' experience; New York University graduate; good systematizer, experienced cash man, tax reports, financial statements, able correspondent. D 198 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, import, export and banking; German, highest credentials, moderate salary. Box 142, Emerson, N. J.

BOOKKEEPER, seven years' practical experience, capable handling complete set books also supervising office. A 919 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, experienced, full set books, trial balance, financial statements, expert auditor and cost man. D 167 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 25, accountant, experienced, competent, good correspondent, reference. C 380 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 10 years' experience, knowledge stenography, typewriting, desires position, similar capacity; full knowledge of newspaper and direct mail advertising, purchasing of printing, planning sales campaign, &c. C 400 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, take charge, handle correspondence, collections, knowledge of accounting. D 169 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT experienced, entire charge office, collections, moderate salary. K 15 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Office manager, credit, correspondence, experienced, trial balances, $30. C 77 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 22, well educated, experienced; moderate salary. A 505 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, drafts or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. S 923 Times Downtown.

BUTLER-VALET, Italian, French, English; references, willing travel. Howard, 105 East 22d.

BUTLER, COOK—Generally useful; first-class; competent, dependable, willing. D 199 Times.

BUYER, 33, considerable experience buying cotton goods, hosiery, underwear in large quantities; would locate with growing concern where honest effort and hard work will build a future. F 278 Times.

CAMP DIRECTOR—American, college and university graduate, desires position as director or head counselor boys' camp; seven years' similar experience at highest-class camps. D 136 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 36, EXPERT DRIVER, FIRST-CLASS MECHANIC, CAREFUL, RELIABLE; NO SUPERFICIAL KNOWLEDGE; SCHOOL TRAINING, BUT 12 YEARS' THOROUGH, PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE WITH HIGHEST GRADE MACHINES; EXCELLENT REFERENCES; REASONABLE SALARY. AL. HAAS, 19 WEST 67TH, 278 COLUMBUS.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, thoroughly competent, several years' experience; willing, obliging, gentlemanly; desires position city, country; salary secondary to opportunity; long, unquestionable references. Melrose 1171.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, served three years in shop, four years driving; careful driver; will furnish excellent references. Jas. Ferguson, 338 W. 126th. Morningside 8656.

CHAUFFEUR, married; excellent and careful driver, good mechanic; neat appearance, 4½ years in last position; Pierce-Arrow car. John Loftus, 801 West 134th St.

CHAUFFEUR, 28, single, five years' experience, wishes position, city, country; highly recommended. Hagan, 236 West 107th. Audubon 2284.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, Italian, speaks French and English as well, with first-class references, wishes position with private family. Write C 291 Times.

CHAUFFEUR—Owner disposing of car, desires to secure good position for chauffeur. J. Bicknell, 1,799 Broadway. Circle 5009.

CHAUFFEUR, employer has high-class, experienced man to recommend. Leon Newman, 884 Broadway, New York City.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, Southern, wishes part time position; age 26. Edgar Lee, 38 Quincy St., Brooklyn. Prospect 1417-J.

CHAUFFEUR, French, speaks several languages licensed; references; wishes position. B 488 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, single, wants position with good family; neat appearance; good references. M. Tracey, care Byrne, 880 6th Av.

CHEMIST'S ASSISTANT, graduate, desires position in any chemical work. C 421 Times.

CLERICAL WORK desired at home. Address Box 113, L 664 3d Av.

COMPANION TO BOY—Midwestern divinity student who has successfully handled boys, individually and collectively, would take entire charge of normal or mentally and physically subnormal boy; highest testimonials as to character and qualifications; state particulars. Y 2241 Times Annex.

CORRESPONDENT — Having to reduce the number of employes in our New York office, we wish to locate a Spanish young man, well educated, capable correspondent, typist, understands bookkeeping, dictaphone operator; speaks fairly good English and French; salary open. D 186 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, general office man, well versed modern and efficient business methods; salary $35. C 96 Times.

COUPLE—Educated, refined wife experienced bookkeeper, cashier, housekeeper; man experienced secretary, stenographer, hotel, school, institution; go anywhere, $ and [illegible]

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

COUPLE, daughter 7 years, housekeeping, cook, chauffeur, gardener; desires position; best references; city or country. D., 218 West 46th St.

CREDIT MANAGER—An unusually capable, talented executive, 11 years' experience; checking, auditing, manually; available after Jan. 1; can assume full responsibility for credits, collections and accounts receivable. B 18 Times.

DENTAL RADIOGRAPHER and all around, four years' experience; best references, New York or other city. C 99 Times.

DESIGNER of furniture, 35, 15 years' thorough practical experience; designing period furniture, cabinets, interior decorations for high-grade firms; selling ability; excellent references. A. Schuster, 76 Essex St., Corona, L. I. Tel. Newtown 113 R.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, 5 years' experience office buildings, factories, garages; knowledge building and zoning laws. A 946 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, six years' experience; technical education; references. B 30 Times.

EDITOR, technical; can give magazine an influence. A 719 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICAL ESTIMATOR, 20 years' experience, accurate and reliable, desires position after Jan. 1; well acquainted architects and engineers. E 300 Times.

EMPLOYMENT manager, age 38, many years' experience, desires connection as such; knowledge of foreign languages. B 489 Times.

ENGINEER, automotive and electrical, technically educated and practically experienced in management of motorized transportation units; also tire construction engineer; will consider only American connection with future. D 148 Times.

ENGINEER, estimator, technical graduate, nine years' experience steel and concrete construction, drafting, designing, checking, wishes position in Mexico. A 1020 Times Harlem.

ENGINEER, mechanical, 26; commercial and technical experience; executive ability. C 401 Times.

EXECUTIVE, age 25, all-around business man; 20 years' experience; resourceful, energetic, able; present affiliated with large wholesale concern, managing credit, collection departments, office; minimum salary $6,000. C 585 Times.

EXECUTIVE, college graduate, 6 years' business experience manufacturing, printing and publishing; accustomed to supervision large clerical force, employment, production; salary secondary to opportunity. B 463 Times.

EXECUTIVE, junior, American, 25, single, well educated, 6 years' banking experience, seeks position with possibilities for future; willing to go anywhere. A 973 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, 26; experience includes mechanical engineering, sales and correspondence. C 402 Times.

EXECUTIVE'S ASSISTANT, experienced meeting business men, detail, office management, wants to assist busy man. B 499 Times.

EXPORT EXECUTIVE

SEEKS CONNECTION WITH A MANUFACTURER OR COMPANY WISHING TO EXTEND OR PROMOTE EXPORT BUSINESS. FOUR YEARS' EXPORT EXPERIENCE IN AMERICA AND THREE YEARS ABROAD AS MANAGING DIRECTOR OF OVERSEAS COMPANY. BEST CREDENTIALS.

T 594 TIMES

EXPORT MAN, 29, ten years' experience, desires connection where services will be valuable. A 922 Times Downtown.

FURNITURE FINISHER and repairer desires work at residences. McKernan, 423 West 18th.

HOUSEKEEPER, dry cooking; my service is much more than little consideration of salary, but prefer small family; Japanese. C 74 Times.

JAPANESE, part time, excellent cook; bachelor apartment preferred. Omore, 102 West 123d.

JUNIOR EXECUTIVE, 20, brains, pep, broad vision, former circulation manager New York daily, "corking good" assistant to big man in newspaper or business world; stenographer and typist. E 51 Times.

JUNIOR accountant, experienced, desires connection with accountant firm. D 191 Times.

LUMBERMAN, with eight years' manufacturing and managing experience, requests interview with party desiring capable salesman or buyer who knows grades and how to meet people; best references. B 470 Times.

MANAGER, real estate, desires position with private owner capable of full control; married; responsible. A 1074 Times Harlem.

JAPANESE; long experienced cook, butler, general work private family (city). Courier, King, 121 South 22d St., Philadelphia, Pa.

MANAGER

PAINTING DEPARTMENT

Present employer retiring, reasons Jan. 1 wants to work for concern where knowledge, experience, ener., and ability is needed. references. Address Manager, 101 Park Av., Room 1,111.

MANAGER of steel shipbuilding company, engineering, Government contract, age 34, graduate engineer, desires somewhat similar position in a manufacturing or engineering concern requiring energy, resourcefulness and experience with men and modern methods. Y 2222 Times Annex.

MAN, married, 28, nine years' export training, experienced buyer general merchandise, fluent English-Spanish; correspondent, knowledge French, also involving, familiar all office details, has traveled Latin-America as salesman for three years with successful record, desires position moderate salary; will consider traveling; best references. B 494 Times.

MAN, reliable and trustworthy, highest references from last employers, can and willing to do anything for a moderate salary. Just back from California, where he held position of trust. Box 111, 3,013 3d Av.

MAN—40; business experience assist steward club, institution. Advertiser, 169 East 65th St.

MAN, Christian, married, 30, long commercial experience, desires position. E 44 Times.

MAN, 22, wishes position, handy on repairs; steady. Hagen, 74 East 124th.

NURSE—Swedish masseuse, gymnast and nurse, speaking several languages, wishes to travel; best references. E. Hermansen, 8,422 10th Av., Brooklyn. Phone Bensonhurst 1426-J.

OFFICE AND CREDIT MANAGER.

experienced in textiles and other lines

Nov. 27, 1926.

The New York Times:

We received better than one and four hundred orders through these insertions of our Help Wanted advertisements in The New York Times, and a satisfactory sum was obtained.

Edward R. Burt & Company,
O. T. Johnston,
Resident Manager.

HELP WANTED—Female.

BUYER, WAISTS.

A LARGE PITTSBURGH SPECIALTY STORE REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF AN EXPERT WOMAN WAIST BUYER; ONE WHO IS USED TO HANDLING A LARGE DEPARTMENT, AND IS A BUSINESS GETTER AS WELL; WILL HAVE A WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY.

A BIG DRAWING ACCOUNT AND A GENEROUS BONUS WILL BE PAID TO THE RIGHT PERSON.

GIVE ALL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER TO AVOID UNNECESSARY CORRESPONDENCE; MENTION YOUR EXPERIENCE, SALARY EXPECTED, &C.

LEWIN-NEIMAN CO.,

202 TO 209 SMITHFIELD ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

BUYER (ASSISTANT)
MISSES' APPAREL

required by
BEST & COMPANY,
5th Av. at 35th St.

None will be considered except those who have had experience in the position in an active, popular-priced department; one who knows the popular-priced markets preferred; must be a woman of conspicuous energy and style ability, no beginners.

Apply in strict confidence to Philip Le Boutillier.

BUYER.

Women's and Misses' coat buyer for one of Fifth Avenue's fastest growing specialty shops; an exceptional opportunity for a capable woman to connect with a progressive establishment; strictest confidence observed.

STEWART & CO.,
5th Av. at 37th St.

BUYERS,
ASSISTANT BUYERS.

We have enlarged our departments to such an extent that we require individual buyers.

DEPARTMENTS.
GLOVES, BAGS,
BLOUSES, SHIRTS,
HOSIERY, FURS.

Buyers whose past success warrants a position with better prospects apply by mail or in person.

MARTIN'S,
Fulton cor. Bridge St.
BROOKLYN

BUYER

CAPABLE OF TAKING CHARGE OF LARGE RETAIL MILLINERY DEPARTMENT AND ALSO TO ASSIST IN BUYING. SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT PERSON. STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED IN REPLY. WRITE X B., 520 PRESBYTERIAN BUILDING.

CASHIER, experienced. Elliot's Drug Store, 230 Cortlandt St.

CHAMBERMAID and Waitress — Far Rockaway, mother away ill, children, 7, 11, 13. Telephone 1001 and 4685.

CLERK

Young women in advertising agency; experience not essential if accurate and quick to learn; fair education; hours 9-5; state age, nationality, education and salary desired to C. L. K., Box 40 Postal Station F, N. Y. C. Give telephone number.

CLERK—Good at figures, for large corporation downtown, Manhattan; short hours, good opportunity. State age, education, experience and salary expected. V 815 Times Downtown.

CLERK

We will train you to become a competent clerk; we will teach you the most modern office methods, and pay you $15 weekly while learning; this opportunity is offered by a large downtown company; our offices are pleasant, well ventilated and well lighted; only worth-while girls need apply; experience of any kind not necessary; hours 9-4:30, Saturday noon; state age and education. A. N., 844 Times Downtown.

CLERK, neat penman, accurate at figures, for general clerical work in insurance office. Call Monday morning between 9 and 10 A. M., 5th floor, 92 William St., N. Y. City.

CLERK for front office, references, long hours; able to use typewriter; apply by letter only. L. I. College Hospital, Henry and Pacific Sts., Brooklyn.

COMPANION to lady wanted, bright, refined, domesticated, intelligent, useful woman, who has practical knowledge nursing only needed; sleep out; agreeable person. B 400 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, one who is qualified by experience to take charge of small comptometer department; must be woman 30 years of age or over. Reply, giving age, nationality, experience, religion and salary desired. W 36 Times.

COMPTOMETER operator for clerical work in office of manufacturing concern; must be accurate and write good hand; state experience and salary. Christian house. Box 158, 200 Clarke Bldg.

COOK, white, experienced, small family; reference. Riverside 9376. Lansburgh, 310 West 89th St.

CORRESPONDENT — Young woman, recent college graduate preferred, under 25, for position as an assistant correspondent; experience not essential; this position has an excellent future. Christian firm; state age, religion and experience, if any. R. D., 761 Times Downtown.

CREDIT CLERK.

One with charge account experience preferred; able to type own collection letters; must be careful, intelligent and possess discretion; state age, salary and experience. Box 11, 1628 St. James Bldg.

DEMONSTRATORS for school charts wanted, train free; $1,800 first year; bonus; sales. Write only C. D. Box 39, 130 West 34th St.

DESIGNER'S ASSISTANT

ON HIGH CLASS DRESSES.
MUST BE EXPERIENCED
AND VERY CAPABLE.

J. & H. RESTNER,
1 WEST 38TH ST.,
6TH FLOOR.

DESIGNER, high class, to make up model hats; large wholesale house; state what you have been with and what you can do. Address Y 3237 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKER.

High class shades for popular priced line. Must have previous experience. B 766 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKER, assistant, specializing only on high class dresses; must be capable of taking charge of department; steady position to right party. Apply Monday, 10 A. M., at 1 West 38th St.

DRESSMAKERS
SHORT SKIRTS
AND PINAFORES

VERY CAPABLE AND RELIABLE WOMEN WITH BEST 5TH AVENUE EXPERIENCE. APPLY 9 A. M.

PEGGY HOTT, 10 E. 50TH ST.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR.

Speaker-hash girl for busy office; one accustomed to retail charge accounts preferred; state age, salary and experience. Box 13, 1628 St. James Bldg.

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR; mail order department, automobile supply house. Apply to Meyer, 1,743 Broadway.

FILE CLERK, experienced, in busy law office; $30 to start. Write B 703 Times Downtown.

FOREWOMAN-ASSISTANT, in labeling and filing department of fine, light medical laboratory; excellent opportunity and good wages; Christian house, congenial surroundings; state age, education, religion, experience, &c. Drawer Department P, Box 94, Stuttan V, New York.

GIRLS WANTED.

$17 TO $23 A WEEK AFTER FIRST 2 TO 4 WEEKS; PERMANENT WORK; EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY; BEST OF WORKING CONDITIONS. Also women up to 35 years of age wanted for night work, hours 9:30 P. M. to 7 A. M.; $18 a week after two weeks' instruction in the daytime at $15 a week; $90 to $100 a month reached in six months. Apply 311 1 TH Broadway (corner 27th St.), Manhattan; 59 West Houston St., Manhattan; 370 East 150th St., Bronx; 81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn; 1,036 Broadway, Brooklyn, or telephone Madison Square Official.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GIRLS,

TO WORK IN PURCHASING DEPARTMENT OF LARGE PUBLISHING HOUSE; MUST BE GOOD PENMEN; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY. CALL MONDAY.

IRON AGE PUBL. CO.,
239 WEST 39TH ST.

GIRL, with some knowledge of bookkeeping, to make herself generally useful in phonograph store, East 60th St.; closed Sunday, good opportunity, state age, experience, reference, salary expected. B 164 Times.

GIRL, about 18 of neat appearance, in show room, $15. L. Steinthal & Brother, 906 Broadway.

GIRLS (several) for steady, clean, pleasant work; good opportunity, experience unnecessary. Apply H. Bayway, 30 Barclay St.

GIRL, bright, for clerical work in office; salary $20 per month. Reply should state age, experience and religion. W 23 Times.

GOVERNESS and companion, at once, not over 35 years old, who can sew, German or French or English; care one child and assist light household duties; small family, permanently in Atlantic City. Address, giving reference, Mrs. M. Fifman, 4905 Atlantic Av., Atlantic City, N. J.

GOVERNESS—Working, for children 9 and 10 years old. Address Mrs. H. T. Lems, 9th and Prospect Ave, Bethlehem, Pa.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, Jan. 15, kind woman as working housekeeper and companion; alone, without encumbrances; entire work for lady alone; only those fond of animals and quiet country life need apply. L 850 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER and MOTHER'S HELPER. Good wages for willing worker; nice new home, 30 minutes from New York. B 507 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER—Capable person to assist with seven-year-old girl, light hous keeping; two in family. Phone 9480 Riverside, Apt. 37, Monday morning. 230 Riverside Drive.

HOUSEKEEPER, working; clean, good cook country; give references, salary. C 87 Times.

HOUSEWORKER WANTED

Not over 30; small house and small family, two children; country; no laundry; good salary; everything congenial. Telephone 1137W Larchmont. Mrs. Feely.

HOUSEWORKER, white, wanted by business woman to look after a house and get meals for two, no laundry. Telephone Chelsea 1318.

HOUSEWORKER for business couple, child 6 years; good home; plain cooking; good pay. Telephone Nichthauser, Audubon 4365.

LADY, cultured, refined, tactful, well educated, who is resourceful and ambitious, to introduce Circle of Knowledge School Plan for American Educational Association; guaranteed salary $1,800 with bonus. B 267 Times.

LADY can obtain comfortable home amid congenial family in exchange for light services. L 665 Times Downtown.

LEDGER CLERK, experienced in posting to ledger and general office work, neat handwriting; $20. Call Druga, 156 Meadow St., Long Island City.

MATRON, white, take charge ladies' retiring room, railroad station Downtown; attend passengers and sell toilet articles. Call 2 West B'way, 1 flight up.

MESSENGER—No outside errands; no heavy packages, large corporation downtown, Manhattan. Call at Room 1109, 15 Dey St., N. Y. City.

MESSENGER GIRL, permanent position, no outside errands, no heavy packages; pleasant working conditions. New York Telephone Co., Room 1109, 15 Dey St.

MILLINERY

COPYISTS
OPERATORS
MILLINERS

Experienced neat workers, fine working conditions, steady work, good salaries.

Also bright opportunities for competent trimmers, creative designers, capable preparers and cutters, &c.

Apply Room 314,
42-44 West 39th St.

MILLINERY COPYIST.

EXPERIENCED

FINE WORK; LIGHT WORKROOM.

PHIPPS,

29 WEST 38TH ST.

MILLINERY DESIGNER.
TRIMMED AND TAILORED HATS.
ONE WITH ABILITY TO CREATE.
We want only a first class designer
AND WILL PAY ACCORDINGLY.
SCHILLER, 42 WEST 39TH.

MILLINERY designer, hand made and machine made ladies' hats; only those of proven ability need apply; liberal salary and steady position for up-to-the-minute designer. Apply Monday, Rotany Hat Works, 681 Broadway.

MODEL WANTED.

ATTRACTIVE YOUNG GIRL FOR

CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE.

RICHT & PFUFFERT,
37 WEST 36TH.

MODELS, SIZE 18,

FOR DESIGNER; LONG SEASON.
SALARY NO OBJECT.
APPLY ALL MORNING.

HAT SELECTION CO.,
36 WEST 36TH ST.

NURSE, infant's, to care for 5 weeks old baby; also to assist with child 1½ years old, must be thoroughly competent, reliable, trustworthy; good wages; good home; references. Telephone Flatbush 2728.

NURSE—Experienced young woman to assist mother with 8 months' baby and 5 year old boy; $65; references essential. Audubon 7835.

NURSE, graduate or undergraduate, perfect stenographer, typewriter, doctor's office mornings $15 and up. Monday or Tuesday 12-1. Dr. A. Stein, 48 East 74th

NURSE GIRL of refinement for boy, 17 months old; sleep home. Thompson, 454 Riverside Drive. Phone Morningside 9421.

NURSE, undergraduate, or practical, chronic case, must prepare own and patient's meals. City.

NURSE for 7 months' old infant in country; write, giving details. Box 522, Lawrence, L. I.

NURSES for general and charge duty. Apply by letter, giving phone number, T. H., 204 Times.

NURSE, baby's, experienced. Apply Apartment 10A, 573 West End Av.

NURSE, practical, long case, $25 per week. B 508 Times.

OPERATORS, experienced on children's dresses, those who can make complete dresses with little or no supervision will find a rare opportunity to connect with large concern. Box 785, 209 Cable Bldg.

SALESLADY, BRIGHT, ATTRACTIVE, wanted for its Travers sales of specialties, must have proven sales ability; well appearing and dignified; liberal commission terms only to right party. Apply 187 Times.

SALESLADY, in retail progressive, for dress and suit department. Schotz-Powers Co., 471 5th Av.

SALESWOMEN,

FOR

WASH GOODS,

PIECE GOODS,

MUSLINS,

WHITE GOODS.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33D ST. AND BROADWAY.

REQUIRE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN FOR THE ABOVE POSITIONS; EXCELLENT POSITIONS WITH GOOD SALARIES AND COMMISSION BASED ON SALES.

Apply employment office, 8th floor.

SALESWOMEN,

STERN BROTHERS,

WEST 42D ST.,

have vacancies for several thoroughly experienced

SALESWOMEN

of neat appearance for their

GLOVE DEPARTMENT.

Apply after 9 A. M. to the Superintendent's office, sixth floor.

SALESWOMEN,

FOR

FURS,

FUR COATS.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33D ST. AND BROADWAY,

REQUIRE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED AND HIGH GRADE SALESWOMEN FOR FUR COATS; HIGHEST SALARIES AND COMMISSIONS BASED ON SALES PAID.

Apply employment office, 8th floor.

SALESWOMEN—SECURITY.

We have an unusual opportunity for several experienced security saleswomen; we are selling 8% preferred stock, carrying an attractive common stock bonus, in a sound industrial—a national necessity; now is the time to cash in on the re-investment period; our proposition is strong, attractive, basically sound, and will bear the most rigid investigation; liberal commission basis. S 679 Times Downtown.

SALESWOMEN for established line of notion specialties, 1 rge retailers, city and road; commission and dvance side line considered. Manufacturer. S 758 Times Downtown.

SALESWOMAN, experienced, for toilet preparations, must be well educated, refined, goodlooking and not over 30; salary. Apply 31 5th Av., 6th floor.

SALESWOMEN—Five bright women to sell electric bulbs; good paying commission for workers. Call Monday, 10 A. M., 220 West 42d St., Room 301.

SECRETARY and stenographer, experienced, accustomed to rapid dictation and ability to transcribe notes correctly; must be bright, active, have own initiative, tact and diplomacy; act as right hand of busy man; advancement depending on ability of applicant; for immediate address in own handwriting, stating age, qualifications and salary expected. Executive, T 174 Times.

SECRETARY—NATIONAL TRADE ORGANIZATION; capable stenographer; state fully qualifications, salary desired and phone. C 102 Times.

SECRETARY for woman writer; must be expert stenographer and live within 30 minutes of Broadway and 59th St. Apply Mon Oakes, 1 City Hall.

STATEMENT CLERK for Burroughs adding machine for small retail bank; in reply state qualifications and salary desired. W 95 Times.

STENOGRAPHER

for work in a large downtown bank; must be experienced and capable of working from memorandum dictation; high school graduate preferred; state age, salary desired, &c. B 697 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.

We are the largest concern in the world manufacturing a specialty for the automobile trade; we have a splendid opportunity for a young woman who is a rapid and accurate stenographer; we prefer one who has had some experience in the automobile line, but this is not necessary; we will pay $20 per week to start, and if you are the right person you will be worth more than that to us in a very short time; we are willing to pay more than $20 per week to the right person; we are located in the heart of the automobile district, and you will have no trouble in getting here; please write us a letter, stating your experience, if any, and your present salary, and we will arrange for an interview. Address Box 1, 1628 St. James Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER, with a knowledge of shorthand, wanted by a growing advertising agency; must be capable of taking dictation from others; state salary desired

Helps Restore Lost Property

More lost and found advertisements appear in The New York Times than in any other newspaper. Its efficacy in restoring lost property is attested to by letters from grateful owners. Telephone details of your loss to

The New York Times

Bryant 1000.

HELP WANTED—Male.

CREDIT CORRESPONDENT.

A man with actual experience in the credit department of a men's clothing or furnishing house or with some other manufacturer or wholesaler handling high-priced goods or dealing with the most exclusive retail trade

The highest degree of tact and a combined of the very best English being essential qualifications, each application must be prepared to undergo a rigid examination.

A permanent position at a good salary with a house of over 50 years' standing is offered to such a man. Send full particulars to Box 715, 200 Cable Bldg.

CREDIT MAN

large downtown bank requires services two experienced credit men; good knowledge of accounting desirable; excellent opportunity. Write fully, stating age, education, experience, salary expected. G. N., Times Downtown.

CREDIT INVESTIGATOR—Young man to investigate and assist generally in credit department of dry goods commission house; address giving age, reference and salary required. H., Box 3, Station F, Manhattan.

DESIGNER.

A PROMINENT MISSES' CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE

REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF

A YOUNG MAN, WITH ABILITY, ON MISSES' SUITS AND COATS; SALARY NO OBJECT TO RIGHT MAN; ONLY THOSE HAVING EXPERIENCE IN MISSES' HOUSES NEED APPLY. E. N., 110 TIMES.

DRAFTSMAN WANTED BY WELL-KNOWN BUSINESS HOUSE ESTABLISHED OVER 50 YEARS; ONLY ONE WHO HAS DEMONSTRATED HIS ABILITY TO PLAN LAYOUT AND DIRECT THE WORK OF JUNIOR DRAFTSMEN CAN BE CONSIDERED FOR THIS POSITION; PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE ON MAPS FOR MOTORING PURPOSES ADVANTAGEOUS, BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; PERMANENT POSITION AND GOOD SALARY TO THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE AGE, EXPERIENCE, NATIONALITY AND SALARY EARNED AT PRESENT; ALL REPLIES WILL BE TREATED IN STRICT CONFIDENCE. W 75 TIMES.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, experienced in laying out small interchangeable instruments from sketches, state experience in detail and salary required. S 658 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, map, experienced, neat tracer and map man for oil company, Tampico, Mex.; give full details, age, race, experience and sample of work. S 760 Times Downtown.

DRESSER on waists, for Los Angeles J 3 Times

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER and estimator on power equipment; salesmen with several years' experience with construction; concern responsible. S 866 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN experienced on Sheridan cordurous feed presses, to work about 30 girls from New York; unusual opportunity, age, wages wanted, telephone number. Times.

ENGINEER as call specialist; college man preferred state salary and experience. S 915 Times

ENTRY CLERK.

HEWLETT ROBIN CO., 417 5TH AV.

REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF AN ENTRY MAN

MUST BE EXPERIENCED IN WHOLESALE MILLINERY LINE.

APPLY BY LETTER ONLY.

EVAPORATOR required for plate and window glass concern; one familiar with builders and contractors in Greater New York. H Times Harlem.

EXECUTIVE.

A large corporation that manufactures men's clothing in a Middle Western city wishes to engage a general manager; the applicant must possess a thorough knowledge of the clothing business; he must be a good organizer and systematizer; this position commands a large salary and interesting; no investment is required, correspondence will be held in strict confidence. T 580 Times

EXECUTIVE.

A large progressive commercial organization has an exceptional opportunity for a man who has had extensive experience in devising large forces of clerical or merchandising labor.

The opening is at the head of a large department. Good appearance, education and address, congenial personality are essential.

Complete information as to experience, age. Minimum salary at which you are willing to start must be stated. S 580 Times.

EXECUTIVE (Junior) to head production and service division of growing organization; opportunity for young man with some education experience preferably in electric or lighting fixture business; state salary and salary expected. C 695 Times

EXECUTIVE—Installment chain stores require experienced road man to look after and supply only if you have had experience and capacity; state age, salary, details. D. 10 Union Square.

FOUND BOYS for large insurance company. Write A 944 Times Downtown.

FILING CLERK, young man, with fair education, to handle foreign exchange accounts for downtown importing house; Christian; state age, experience and salary expected; in own handwriting. A 921 Times Downtown.

FACTORY MANAGER.

TO TAKE CHARGE OF LARGE TOBACCO PIPE FACTORY, OUT OF TOWN. MUST BE A FIRST CLASS MAN WITH EXPERIENCE. STATE FULL DETAILS IN WRITING. B 321 TIMES.

FILE MANAGER, collection office, Christian company; alert woman capable director of others, must have executive ability; state experience, salary desired. A 943 Times Downtown.

FLOORMAN.

Requires the services of an experienced man with good appearance; only those with experience warrants a similar position need apply.

MARTIN'S,

FULTON, CORNER BRIDGE ST., BROOKLYN.

FOREMAN for knee pants factory in Middlewest city, we have an opening for an experienced foreman capable of handling 50 to a modern factory of 60 machines; do not answer unless you have had actual experience in this line; state full information about yourself in first letter, also salary expected to start. The D. C. Vactor Co., 211 Superior Av., N. W., Cleveland, Ohio.

FOREMAN speaking Russian and Polish, necessary to physician; good executive; best references. D 140 Times.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE—Large Brooklyn manufacturer has an opportunity in his sales office for a young man, 19-21 years of age, to eventually take charge of investigations. East New York or Jamaica preferred; please give full details in first letter. P 207 Times.

INVESTIGATOR, mercantile agency; give experience. V 808 Times Downtown.

INVESTIGATOR for mercantile agency; give experience. V 909 Times Downtown.

LEDGER CLERKS.

Dry goods commission house requires several ledger clerks thoroughly experienced in trial balance, statements, checking balances, &c.; state age, experience, salary desired. N 903 Times Downtown.

MAN AND WIFE, EXPERIENCED, TO TAKE CARE OF ESTATE ON LONG ISLAND, ONE HOUR FROM NEW YORK. MUST UNDERSTAND CARE OF HORSES, FARMING, CARE OF HOME AND HANDLING OUTSIDE HELP; ALSO THEMSELVES GENERALLY USEFUL. PAST EXPERIENCE AND REFERENCES REQUIRED; MENTION SALARY. 1,137 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN.

HELP WANTED—Male.

MAN, American, 30-40, for night clerical work, high-class apartment hotel; must be of good address and appearance, excellent reference, quick and correct in figures; some knowledge of bookkeeping; conscientious, willing worker; good position offered; good salary and meals; give full details age, &c., with references. Exceptional, E 87 Times.

MAN, MIDDLE AGED, TO ATTEND SWITCHBOARD; EARLY MORNING HOURS; LIGHT WORK. APPLY 31 WEST 22D ST., 10-4.

MAN—Philadelphia pajama manufacturers wants aggressive, capable man with mercantile office experience, possessing good judgment and sense initiative; unquestionable references required; state age, salary and experience. P. O. Box 262, Philadelphia.

MAN, young American, experienced in planning supply business. Address, stating experience and salary expected, A 711 Times Downtown.

MAN, insurance brokerage concern has unusual opening for experienced man, outside work; salary and commission. B 117 Times

MANAGER—Appliance department for brass office large public utility corporation; department store experience desirable but not essential; must be able to direct sales people and use initiative; state age, experience and salary expected. S 577 Times.

MANAGER CLOTHING STORE.

We have an exceptional opening for a capable, energetic, credit clothing store manager to take charge of store in Middle West; salary confined to your own offer; state full particulars. W 47 Times.

MANAGER and window dresser, experienced, to take full charge of specialty waist store out of town; a big position for a man who has thorough experience; salary no object. Apply Kaufman Blouse Shops, 16 West 20th St.

MANAGER, to take full charge of instalment clothing store; must understand buying thoroughly; one who held similar position only need apply. W 2 Times.

MANAGER—Capable manager for specialty shop; state salary and experience; strictly confidential. Box 21, 1626 St. James Bldg.

MATHEMATICIAN AND ACTUARY—Large corporation doing extensive research work desires to secure services of two recent college graduates, one of whom has specialized in mathematical statistics, and the other in actuarial work; applicants must have imagination and ability to do original work; salary $2,000 per annum for each position; apply by letter, stating age, education, previous salary, and technical or business experience; also furnish technical and personal references and samples of original work done. P. O. Box 621, City Hall Station, New York.

MERCHANDISE MANAGER—One of our clients, located Middle West, offers excellent opportunity live wire. Write, giving full particulars, confidential, or call Baer & Lilienthal, 1,150 Broadway.

MILLINERY SALESMAN

TO HANDLE $7.50 TO $15 TRIMMED HATS; ONE WHO HAS FOLLOWING IN DEPARTMENT STORES IN AND OUT OF CITY. WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PERSON; SALARY OR COMMISSION. WRITE OR CALL

JONAS HAT, 42 WEST 38TH ST.

MILLINERY OPERATORS

EXPERIENCED

Better class hats; good working conditions; fine opportunity.

Apply

42-44 West 39th St., Room 314.

MODELS.

ATTRACTIVE, SMART YOUNG LADIES FOR SHOWROOMS; PERMANENT POSITIONS.

HARRY COLLINS, 37TH ST. AND PARK AV.

MOTOR DRAFTSMAN.

first-class; one having had experience on aeroplane motors preferred. Apply or write CURTISS AEROPLANE & MOTOR CORP., GARDEN CITY, NEW YORK.

NOTION BUYER

for a large wholesale house; none but one experienced in same capacity need apply; write, stating age, experience and salary. Box 733, 200 Cable Bldg.

OFFICE MANAGER.

TO FUNCTION AS ACCOUNTANT; GOOD BUSINESS CORRESPONDENT, SYSTEMATIZER, ECONOMIZER, AND PREFERABLY WITH EXPERIENCE IN THE COAL BUSINESS; ABOVE ALL, MUST HAVE UP-TO-DATE METHODS, BANKING KNOWLEDGE, AND ONE WHO ACTUALLY MANAGES OFFICE HELP, EXECUTES AND GETS THINGS DONE; A 5TH AV. GENTILE COAL CORPORATION DESIRES MARRIED MAN, WITH PERSONALITY, BETWEEN 30 AND 40 YEARS PREFERABLY; WILL BE BONDED. REPLY COMPREHENSIVELY, STATING SALARY EXPECTED, AND ATTACH THIS ADVERTISEMENT.

MANAGER, T 591 TIMES.

OFFICE, STOCK, SHIPPING.

A responsible, active man of good address, accustomed to details, to take ultimate charge of office, stock and shipping for a successful manufacturing mail order and wholesale business; state experience in detail, age, education and salary expected. Toys, S 732 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOYS WANTED BY LARGE CONCERN TO ASSIST IN FILING AND GENERAL CLERICAL WORK; BRIGHT FUTURE FOR THOSE POSSESSING PROPER QUALIFICATIONS. CALL 29 WEST 3RD ST., 5TH FLOOR, MR. COUILLOU.

OFFICE BOY—Splendid opportunity for advancement open to neat, intelligent boy in executive's office of daily newspaper; state age and salary desired. S 1026 Times Annex.

OFFICE CLERK, 21 to 24, bright; some experience; good salary; excellent future; state age, experience, present employer; references. A 690 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY for progressive concern; good opportunity for advancement to bright boy; state salary and education. Box 14, 1626 St. James Building.

OFFICE ASSISTANT to insurance brokerage office; reply own handwriting; state age, references and salary. L 670 Times Downtown.

PRINTING SALESMAN WANTED.

Publishing firm desires a high grade salesman to solicit stock brokers and financial institutions for printing; preference given to man having knowledge of "estimating" and who will be a factor in building up a printing business; liberal salary and commission given to the right man; give experience and salary expected. L 683 Times Downtown.

PHYSICIAN, to established medical office, speaking Russian and Polish; good business man; give details. D 139 Times.

REAL ESTATE.

EXPERIENCED MAN, 24 TO 30, WANTED BY 5TH AV. CONCERN AS REAL ESTATE BROKER; ON COMMISSION BASIS ONLY; ONLY MEN OF GOOD DRESS, EDUCATION AND STABILITY NEED APPLY. S 728 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

REPRESENTATIVE — A large and well known corporation, manufacturing paper products, is desirous of extending and establishing business connections in Continental Europe and the Levant; a representative of ability and responsibility is required, capable of speaking necessary languages fluently; must be qualified to interview foreign Government officials and conduct important business negotiations. Reply with full particulars stating age, nationality and salary desired. F 347 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN.

CLOTH MATS AND CAPS.

TRAVELING SALESMEN FOR VARIOUS TERRITORIES.

WILL ONLY CONSIDER MEN WHO ARE AT PRESENT REPRESENTING HOUSES IN THIS LINE.

COMMISSION AND DRAWING.

STATE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER; CONFIDENTIAL.

W 89 TIMES.

SALESMEN.

Exceptional opportunity for an educated, high-class salesman; large Western educational institution, of highest rating, doing a nationally known mail-order business, desires several resident sales representatives for county sections of New Jersey; intellectual, steady men of this character, willing to work a regular number of hours each day. Appreciating the "law of averages" and capable of earning $5,000 or more yearly are difficult to find; but we have steady resident positions waiting for several such men; liberal commission remuneration; do not reply unless you can qualify; your answer will be considered strictly confidential, but we do not want a lot of answers—a lot of idlers—we want to engage the right man and retain him permanently. Address Salesmen, Box W 50 Times, Times Square, New York.

SALESMEN.

LARGE ORGANIZATION MANUFACTURING A NATIONALLY ADVERTISED LINE HAS SEVERAL OPENINGS FOR SPECIALTY MEN, ROAD POSITIONS, CALLING ON DRUG AND HARDWARE STORES. IN REPLY STATE DETAILED PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE, AGE AND SALARY EXPECTED. WRITE SALESMEN, ROOM 611, WORLD BUILDING.

SALESMEN.

Manufacturers' sales organization wants several salesmen for various territories to carry as a side line a complete line of metal ash trays, smoking sets, and metal novelties in the fancy goods line, calling on the large department stores and jobbers, on a commission basis; men with established following an attractive proposition can be offered. D 202 Times.

SALESMEN.

WE WANT MEN FOR VARIOUS TERRITORIES TO CARRY LOW-PRICED LINE OF JEWELRY AND LEATHER GOODS AS A SIDE LINE, CALLING ON THE FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS AND NOVELTY JOBBERS; COMMISSION BASIS. JEWELRY, E 43 TIMES.

SALESMAN for Boston and vicinity.

A well established organization desires the services of an experienced man well acquainted with the wholesale drug and notion trade, to carry a strong side line, on commission basis; our line affords an extraordinary opportunity for the proper party.

UNITED TOILET GOODS CO., 19 WEST 18TH ST., N. Y. C.

SALESMAN for New Orleans and vicinity.

A well established organization desires the services of an experienced man well acquainted with the wholesale drug and notion trade to carry a strong line, on commission basis; our line affords an extraordinary opportunity for the proper party.

UNITED TOILET GOODS CO., 19 WEST 18TH ST., N. Y. C.

SALESMAN, 10 high class, between 28 and 40 years of age, for our Commission Dept., to sell a high grade line of fancy toilet soaps to the drug, variety and department store trades; must be an experienced fancy toilet soap salesman and be able to give the very best of references; do not reply unless you have these qualifications; salary and bonus with expenses and good future for right man. Call Monday, Dec. 27, from 1 to 4 P. M., The Palmolive Co., 75 Front St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SALESMAN for San Francisco and vicinity.

A well established organization desires the services of an experienced man well acquainted with the wholesale drug and notion trade to carry a strong side line, on commission basis; our line affords an extraordinary opportunity for the proper party.

UNITED TOILET GOODS CO., 19 WEST 18TH ST., N. Y. C.

SALESMEN.

LEADING MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS of fancy goods and novelties are open for salesmen [illegible]

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN.

A MAN THAT WANTS A FUTURE AND HAS ABILITY, WHO WANTS TO GET AHEAD, BOTH AS TO POSITION AND INCOME, HIS CONNECTION MEANS IF YOU ARE 25 YEARS OF AGE WE WILL TRAIN YOU AND SHOW YOU A REAL OPPORTUNITY IN THE SELLING GAME; SECURITIES; APPLY AFTER 10 A. M. SUITE 617, 19 WEST 44TH ST.

SALESMAN.

A real salesman, with unfailing faith in his ability and power to produce results, is the high-grade man we seek; our business is industrial publicity, and earnings may be expected to exceed $10,000, with a gradual increase due to renewals; for consideration include age and experience in reply. S 568 Times.

SALESMAN.

If this should come to the attention of an expert traveling specialty salesman who will not work for less than $12,000 in commissions annually, he can learn of a lucrative opportunity in the publicity business by giving particulars to S 571 Times.

SALESMAN-PROMOTER.

My industrial publicity concern has an exceptional opening for successful promoter of high calibre; the position is permanent; commissions, earnings over $20,000 to the man who can demonstrate the negotiating capacity we want; our standing and responsibility is high and our associate must have character as well as personality; also able to travel; write fully experience, age, &c. Vice President, Box 605, Philadelphia.

SALESMEN, Securities—One of Newark's substantial industries, established in 1916 and doing a national business, is about to direct a dignified securities campaign, through the corporation's offices, to a select list, chiefly centred around Newark. They wish not more than eight live wire security salesmen, on a liberal commission basis, whose efforts will be supported by an intensive advertising campaign, and leads will be given which should be readily sold. S 741 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, AUTOMOBILE.

The 1921 buying season will start Jan. 3 with the New York show; we have opportunities, on a commission basis, for live wire automobile salesmen; we furnish leads and aid you to get a start; we have a large, well-populated territory, and a car that sells easily. Apply in person Monday between 9 and 5, Chevrolet Salesrooms, 13902 Hillside Av., Jamaica, N. Y. (near Queens Boulevard).

SALESMAN.

YOUR BUSINESS IS AT A STANDSTILL. If you have had selling experience, are a worker of good address and appearance, between 25 and 35, and would like to sell investment bonds of the highest grade for an old-established house doing a countrywide business, state salary and a full description of yourself and your experience; give your telephone number. Y 802 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.

Experienced men's neckwear salesman wanted; one who has a following among jobbers or retailers; the right man, with a proven record, we will offer a share in our business and commission. Y 2385 Times Annex.

SALESMEN, SIDE LINE, HAIRNETS, with a good following among retail dry goods stores and notion buyers; established well known house wants high class men in each state; liberal commissions to right men; sell your line; good repeat business; state lines you are now handling and territory. S 274 Times.

SALESMEN—SECURITY.

We can offer to a few experienced salesmen of highest calibre an opportunity to assist in the placing of a limited amount of preferred stock, carrying an attractive common stock bonus, in a sound industrial that will bear the most rigid investigation; commission basis; give references. S 640 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, MILLINERY.

TRIMMED AND TAILORED HATS. WELL ESTABLISHED CONCERN MAKING MERCHANDISE OF THE BETTER KIND WANTS A HIGH-CLASS SALESMAN; COMMISSION BASIS; LIBERAL DRAWING; STATE IN CONFIDENCE PAST AND PRESENT CONNECTIONS. R. N., 140 TIMES.

SALESMEN—Side-line and commission men wanted to sell a high grade line of workingmen's gloves, F. P. Sargent gloves; territory open, Michigan, Middle West and Southwestern States for salesmen selling big or small towns with other high-class lines; liberal commission. For full information write Spencer Glove Co., Waverly, N. Y.

SALESMAN—LADIES' NECKWEAR, FOR BALTIMORE, WASHINGTON, PHILADELPHIA, AS SIDE LINE; ONE WITH A FOLLOWING ONLY IN THIS OR KINDRED LINE, BY PROMINENT LADIES' NECKWEAR HOUSE; DRAWING ACCOUNT AGAINST COMMISSION. BOX 726, 200 CABLE BUILDING.

SALESMAN—Permanent position open now for high-class salesman with educational institution paying liberal commissions and additional cash bonuses; a steady worker can earn six thousand per year or better; give full particulars in first letter; all replies strictly confidential. 607 Lafayette Bldg., Philadelphia.

SALESMEN to handle greatest advertising specialty ever produced; strictly commission; wonderful future for aggressive men; complete demonstration for high-class men immediately; keep away at Old Colony Club, first floor, Biltmore Hotel. Ask for Mr. Gagen. Monday, 9-12 and 2-5 only.

SALESMEN.

SPECIALTY MEN TO SELL LINE OF HIGH CLASS CONCENTRATED BEVERAGES TO GROCERS, &C.; SALARY, CALL AFTER 10 A. M. CHAS. JACQUIN ET CIE., 227 FRONT ST., NEW YORK CITY.

SALESMEN selling ladies' handbags and pocketbooks to sell well known line of ladies' belts in conjunction with your present line; information held strictly confidential; drawing against commission. Box 733, 200 Cable Bldg.

SALESMAN—Organization of character and responsibility can offer experienced salesman in or out of city unusual advertising specialty proposition; full or part time; liberal commissions; pocket samples. V 806 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.

Young man, experienced in the wholesale notion fancy goods line, between 18-34, to act as inside salesman in preparation for road position; permanent position with advancement; salary. Box 745, 200 Cable Bldg.

SALESMEN—SUBSCRIPTION.

You can earn $10 commission a day by taking subscriptions for the Financial World if you have selling experience and can furnish references. Call for interview Tuesday. FINANCIAL WORLD, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

SALESMEN to sell special values in brief cases and music rolls; can be sold in conjunction with kindred line; good opportunity; drawing against commission. Box 783, 200 Cable Bldg.

SALESMAN—Opening for young man or salesman with knowledge of art needle work trade; good opportunity; state experience, salary and qualifications. Box 758, 200 Cable Bldg.

SALESMEN, with Catholic sales experience, for The Missionary, $3 part-payment proposition with premiums; we are paying the best commissions in this line; steady work, good co-operation. Room 712, 5 Beekman St.

SALESMEN to handle men's leather belts as side line for manufacturer; prefer men handling haberdashery or similar line; commission; references required. Box 755, 200 Cable Bldg.

SALESMAN—Doll manufacturers desire experienced salesman on salary basis; state salary and experience. Box 781, 200 Cable Bldg.

SALESMAN—To carry a line of ladies' belts as side line, Southern territories; commission basis. S. & G. Leather Goods Co., 5 East 17th St.

SALESMEN for men's leather belts for jobbing trade; must have following; commission; to connect with old established firm. Box 754, 200 Cable Bldg.

SALESMEN — Chandelier manufacturers, white metal and brass, want experienced fixture road men on commission; state territory. C 426 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, with car preferred, to sell sweeper, vacuum cleaner in Brooklyn and Queens; high commission. Phone Flatbush 5481.

SALESMAN, experienced auto accessory, to assist us at auto show Jan. 8 to 15; salary. Y 2250 Times Annex.

SALESMAN — Select druggists: brushes, combs; experience unnecessary; commission. A 939 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, with trade, for high-class white aprons; all territories; commission. Box 726, 200 Cable Building.

SALESMEN WANTED TO CARRY GREAT SIDE LINE, BOSTON BAGS, &C.; COMMISSION. SIMON & CO., 380 WEST 58TH.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN ON ALUMINUM WARE FOR 1921.

The AMERICAN ALUMINUM COMPANY of St. Louis and New York is now completing its selling organization for next year.

A few good territories are still open and to fill these, applications are invited from high-grade specialty salesmen accustomed to earning large compensation. We shall be especially glad to receive letters from salesmen with actual aluminum ware experience. To such men, if capable and with a good record, we can offer an unusually good proposition with the opportunity of later obtaining Field Managers' or District Managers' positions.

Our Company is one of the largest operators in the aluminum ware field, with a wide and varied line of almost 600 different items. We have many exclusive special merchandising plans and selling features which are a great aid to our representatives in making large sales. Compensation is on a commission basis with liberal drawing account to producers.

Apply by letter giving all particulars, which will be held in strictest confidence, to Mr. John J. Cerkoff, Eastern District Manager, American Aluminum Company, 1,123 Broadway, New York City. A personal interview will be granted to those applicants whose letters impress us favorably.

SALESMAN, traveling, hosiery, underwear and general merchandise house, has an exceptional opening for a live wire young man to cover upper New York State and New England States catering to the variety, general store and drygoods trade in the smaller as well as the medium-size towns; territory thoroughly established and require an aggressive and hustling type; drawing account as against commission basis; reply fully, giving age, lines you have handled and territory covered. Hustler, 682 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.

SECURITIES; I HAVE AN OPENING IN MY ORGANIZATION FOR A MAN WHO HAS OR CAN DEVELOP REAL SELLING ABILITY; I WILL GIVE THE RIGHT MAN THOROUGH TRAINING IN SALESMANSHIP ON A VERY HIGH-CLASS, SUCCESSFUL ESTABLISHED PROPOSITION, AND THIS PLACE ALSO OFFERS UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT TO A RESPONSIBLE, WELL-PAYING EXECUTIVE POSITION; COMMISSION BASIS. J. V. C., 90 TIMES.

SALESMAN, SPECIALTY.

A MANUFACTURER OF PORTABLE ELECTRIC WOODWORKING MACHINERY HAS OPENING FOR A SALESMAN TO WORK OUT OF ITS NEW YORK OFFICE; AS THE PRODUCT HAS A WIDE COMMERCIAL FIELD AND NO COMPETITION, PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE IN SELLING MACHINERY IS DESIRABLE BUT NOT NECESSARY; EXPERIENCE, HOWEVER, MUST BE A REAL SALESMAN; COVER ALL DETAILS IN YOUR FIRST LETTER; SALARY AND COMMISSION. T 365 TIMES.

SALESMEN.

REPRESENTATIVE WAIST HOUSE wants Al salesmen for New England, Pennsylvania, New York and Middle West States, to sell a crack line of popular priced silk waists second to none; only those who can show good past records need apply; state annual sales; application kept confidential; commission, and also an interest in the business to the right party. C 424 Times.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED SILK HOSIERY; NEW YORK TERRITORY; STRICTLY COMMISSION BASIS; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

303 5TH AV., ROOM 503.

SALESMAN, NECKWEAR.

Established house with complete line of ladies' neckwear, including specialty commanding largest trade, has opening for experienced man for department store trade in large cities of Middle West; also for Southern territory; commission basis; good line to combine with one other; give full particulars. D 182 Times.

SALESMAN

TO COVER MISSOURI, KANSAS, OKLAHOMA AND NEBRASKA WITH A LINE OF CAMISOLES, BOUDOIR CAPS AND SLIPPERS; COMMISSION BASIS; WILL CONSIDER EXPERIENCED MAN IN THIS LINE OF TRADE ONLY; NO OBJECTION TO ONE OTHER LINE.

G. H. & E. FREYDBERG, 85 5TH AV.

SALESMEN REQUIRED TO REPRESENT US NEW YORK CITY, STATES OF NEW YORK, PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO; CREPE DE CHINE AND JERSEY UNDERWEAR; NONE BUT EXPERIENCED MEN WITH A FOLLOWING NEED APPLY; DRAWING ACCOUNT AGAINST COMMISSION. PHONE FOR APPOINTMENT, KOVAR CO., 5 EAST 16TH.

SALESMEN (2)—Notion man and drug man to sell well-known brand, Blue Bird, Pretty Polly hair nets; state territory covered; this is an opportunity to join an active business organization; only certain States open; commission basis. Write Reichman & Faust, 11 East 22d St., New York City.

SALESMEN, SPECIALTY—Excellent opportunity for men who have sold cash registers, coffee mills, meat choppers, computing scales, &c.; commission basis; territory open, Greater New York and up-State counties; only applications stating full past record will be considered. D 130 Times.

SALESMAN—WANTED, 4 PROVEN SALESMEN TO SELL ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY; NO HOUSE TO HOUSE CANVASS; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT TO MANAGER OF APPLIANCE SHOP; DRAWING ACCOUNT AND COMMISSION. S 598 TIMES.

SALESMEN, RESIDENT,

to carry a popular silk shirt line, for the following cities and suburbs: New Orleans, Denver, San Francisco, St. Louis, Chicago, Detroit, Nashville, Richmond, Cincinnati and Seattle; commission. Box 724, 200 Cable Bldg.

SALESMEN WANTED BY A HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR JOBBING HOUSE TO COVER NEW YORK CITY AND ADJACENT TERRITORY, ESTABLISHED TRADE ESSENTIAL; COMMISSION BASIS; STATE PARTICULARS. S 25 TIMES.

SALESMAN WANTED, EXPERIENCED, CONSCIENTIOUS, ENERGETIC, TO SELL TRIMMINGS TO DRESS AND WAIST MANUFACTURERS; CITY TRADE; SALARY OR COMMISSION. IMPORT TRIMMING CO., 28 WEST 22D.

SALESMEN, SWEATERS.

Well-known sweater manufacturer has opening for high-grade men; will consider men of high calibre, reputation and experience in sweater line only; state qualifications, territory covered; commission and salary. W 56 Times.

SALESMAN.

High-class ex-service man, preferably officer, to do advance work on the source records of the World's War; our high-class capable men make around $900 weekly, combining salary and commission. Call 10 to 12:30, Room 1954, 50 Church St.

SALESMAN to sell lighting fixtures, city and suburbs, for old-established concern; experience unnecessary; good opportunity for hustler; salary and commission. Write, giving references. S 739 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, first class, on satin and felt shoes; must have large following on jobbing and department store trade; first-class opportunity for the right man; commission basis. Box 9, 1,626 St. James Bldg.

SALESMAN—Experienced retail ladies' or men's clothing; to be trained for store manager, out-of-town store; state age, salary, experience. Box H. H., 10 Union Square.

SALESMEN for New England, Pennsylvania and adjacent territory; must be acquainted with the stationery and kindred trade; state fully experience, reference and salary expected. C 426 Times.

SALESMEN—We have opening for several salesmen in different territories to carry a strong side line of men's knitted ties on commission basis. Rosenbaum & Lipner, 49 West 23d St.

SALESMAN—Metropolitan district, acquainted with notion buyers; retail department, trimming, dressmaker supply stores; good proposition; salary or commission. E 2 Times.

SALESMAN for established Jersey territory; experienced notions, general dry goods line; only men with following among Jersey retailers considered; commission basis. T 580 Times.

SALESMAN as collection solicitor; must be of good appearance; well recommended; have real selling ability and be a first-class business getter; good salary. Call 509, 220 5th Av.

SALESMEN for established line of notion specialties, large retailers; city and road commission and advance side line considered. Manufacturer. S 737 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—One who is familiar with the bank stationery line, by a concern in business over 15 years; commission, salary or both. S 736 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, cotton goods, towels, sheets, blankets, &c.; experienced man for local and out-of-town territory; salary or commission. Confidential, Box 729, 200 Cable Bldg.

SALESMAN wanted by a large silk underwear manufacturer; acquaintance with New York department store buyers essential; salary or commission. D 188 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to handle well-known brand of hair nets throughout New England as a side line on a commission basis. D 194 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN.

Whether you have had selling experience or not, probably you haven't realized that office appliance offer salesmen the greatest opportunity for really big money.

We are marketing a device that is a leader in its class. The present crime wave and tendency toward strictest economy in business operation make it indispensable in every office and store and have been the means of greatly increasing our sales.

On a commission basis our men are earning over $75 a week under our system of selling, in which every member of our sales staff is instructed.

Our proposition is too good for us to trifle with any but those that mean business. If you know you have the right stuff, see Mr. H. A. Wogiom after 9:30 A. M., 9th floor, 450 4th Av., or phone Madison Square 10050 for appointment.

SALESMEN.

There is a RIGHT TIME and a WRONG TIME to become associated with any proposition.

A large sales organization is now being formed to market

RETARDEAU,

the new dry cleaner, which cleans and at the same time renders articles to which it is applied MOISTURE PROOF.

The potential possibilities of this product are instantly apparent. Backed by national advertising, every department store, drug store, hardware store, mail order house, &c., is a prospective dealer and EVERY man or woman a prospective purchaser.

This is an unusual opportunity to earn large commissions and rapid promotion to executive positions is assured those who "make good."

Call Monday only before 3 P. M.,

SUITE 1006, 709 6TH AV.,

CORNER 41ST ST.

SALESMAN.

A bookman who realizes that success in the book business means unusual ability and who desires to capitalize his skill will find in our organization more dignified and profitable work, selling stock certificates with genuine opportunities for managerial positions, not in the distant future, but in a few months; canvassers now succeeding in earning a fair living by the hardest kind of plugging have secured an ability which we can use and which will enable them to earn far greater returns; commission. Telephone 350 Vanderbilt, extension No. 12, Monday for appointment.

SALESMEN—WELL ESTABLISHED WOMEN'S NECKWEAR CONCERN HAS AN OPENING FOR HIGH-CLASS MAN TO COVER THE SOUTHERN STATES AND ONE FOR MIDDLE WEST TERRITORY; ONLY THOSE WHO HAVE TRAVELED THESE TERRITORIES WITH NECKWEAR OR KINDRED LINES NEED APPLY; WOULD CONSIDER MAN NOW HANDLING KINDRED LINE WHO DESIRES TO CARRY THEREWITH OUR HIGH GRADE WOMEN'S NECKWEAR LINE; COMMISSION BASIS. BOX 741, 200 CABLE BUILDING.

SALESMEN to sell pharmaceuticals and surgical dressings in Northern New Jersey and adjacent territory; only pharmaceutical men of experience in selling to physicians in this territory will be considered; a most unusual opportunity for those who are qualified; salary and commission basis; apply only by letter, giving age and telling experience in detail; your reply will be considered confidential. Robert McNeil, Frost and York Sts., Depart. S, Philadelphia, Pa.

SALESMEN to represent us to the men's clothing and furnishing trade throughout the country; only high-class men with a following willing to carry our line as a highly profitable side line on straight commission; complete and exclusive line of men's fine handkerchiefs; our firm long established and well-known for service. Write Unusual Opportunity, T 593 Times.

SALESMEN—NOTIONS—SIDE LINE.

EXPERIENCED SALESMEN, CALLING ON DRY GOODS, NOTION AND DRUG TRADE, WANTED TO CARRY A WELL KNOWN, WIDELY ADVERTISED BRAND OF HAIR NETS; MANY GOOD TERRITORIES NOW OPEN; WE PAY A HIGH COMMISSION AND WANT ONLY MEN NOW EMPLOYED. HARTMANN PACIFIC CO., 834 4TH AV., NEAR 25TH ST.

SALESMEN—WE REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF THREE OR FOUR SALESMEN OVER 30 YEARS OF AGE FOR SPECIAL WORK IN CONNECTION WITH OUR BANKING INDEMNITY DEPARTMENT; ON LIBERAL COMMISSION BASIS; EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY FOR THOSE WHO QUALIFY.

INDEMNITY INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA, 123 WILLIAM ST.

SALESMEN WANTED BY REPRESENTATIVE HOUSE MANUFACTURING CHILDREN'S COLORED AND SILK DRESSES; ALL TERRITORIES OPEN; ON COMMISSION BASIS ONLY; MAY BE CARRIED WITH NON-CONFLICTING LINE; STATE ALL PARTICULARS IN FIRST APPLICATION. BOX 20, 1626 ST. JAMES BUILDING.

SALESMAN—PROMINENT LADIES' NECKWEAR, BOUDOIR CAP HOUSE, REQUIRES REPRESENTATIVE WITH ACQUAINTANCE SAME OR KINDRED LINE FOR NEW YORK STATE AND NEW ENGLAND; COMMISSION AND LIBERAL DRAWING ACCOUNT. BOX 776, 200 CABLE BUILDING.

SALESMEN—Unusual opportunity for a few right men to handle a line of quilting of every description; all territories open; drawing account against commission. Quaker Quilting Co., 182 Lincoln St., Jersey City, N. J.

SALESMEN—City or traveling, calling on haberdashers and hat jobbers; we have a new patented device to offer this trade, sold as a side line; liberal commission. Call evenings, 6-9, C. Stein, 630 Hunt's Point Av., Bronx.

SALESMEN calling on department and art embroidery stores, to carry bead line in following territories, New York City and vicinity, New York State; commission. Write P. S., 9 Times.

SALESMAN of proven ability to cover Eastern Pennsylvania for well-known shelled and paint firm; one familiar with paint line preferred; state salary and qualifications. S 607 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, ACQUAINTED WITH EMBROIDERY AND DRESS MANUFACTURERS IN NEW YORK CITY, BY LARGE BEAD HOUSE; SALARY AND COMMISSION. P. S. 10 TIMES.

SALESMEN for girls' dresses, men with good following, to New England and the Middle States; salary and commission. Address, with full details, Box 767, 200 Cable Building.

SALESMAN TO CALL ON MILLINERY JOBBING AND RETAIL TRADE IN LARGE BEAD AND NOVELTY LINE; SALARY, COMMISSION. WRITE P. T. 7 TIMES.

SALESMEN, for New England States, to call on art needle work stores with line of sweater and the SUPERSILK; drawing accounts against commission. Yarn, 133 5th Av.

SALESMEN, to sell boys' wash suits and play suits, on commission basis; all territories open, including New York City; state experience and references. Apply by letter only,

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN.

VIRGINIA DARE DRESSES AND BLOUSES.

FOR GA., ALABAMA, FLORIDA, CALIF., WASH., ORE., MONTANA, IDAHO, KANSAS, AND COLO., OKLA., TENN., KENTUCKY, W. VIRGINIA, MISSISSIPPI, LOUISIANA, ARK.

WELL ESTABLISHED TRADE.

NO SIDE LINES ALLOWED.

LIBERAL COMMISSION.

KING & APPLEBAUM.

15 EAST 26TH ST.,

N. Y. C.

SALESMAN,

COATS AND SUITS,

WITH LARGE FOLLOWING OF IMPORTANT RESIDENT BUYERS AND LOCAL TRADE, CAN TAKE CHARGE OF SHOWROOM; THIS POSITION CALLS FOR A MAN OF LARGE ACCOMPLISHMENT, AND GOOD SALARY WILL BE PAID TO RIGHT PARTY.

RITTER BROTHERS,

1,333 BROADWAY.

SALESMEN, SWEATERS; WE WANT WOMEN'S SILK SWEATER SALESMEN; LIVE WIRES; ONLY SALESMEN WITH LARGE SWEATER TRADE NEED APPLY; AS WE ARE ONLY INTERESTED IN SUCH MEN; BIG OPPORTUNITIES; ALL APPLICATIONS TREATED STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL; COMMISSION. SHEFFILL & PALMER, FLATIRON BUILDING.

SALESMAN INFANTS' WEAR. HIGH-CLASS SALESMAN, HAVING THE FOLLOWING OF THE BEST INFANTS' WEAR DEPARTMENTS IN EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON, TO REPRESENT AN EXCLUSIVE LINE OF INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S FANCY KNIT GOODS; SALARY OR COMMISSION. YORKSHIRE KNITTING CO., INC., 140 FIFTH AV., NEW YORK.

SALESMAN

FOR PROMINENT LONG ESTABLISHED CONCERN MANUFACTURING POPULAR GENERAL LINE OF SWEATERS; MUST BE EXPERIENCED, WITH FOLLOWING AMONG THE BETTER CLASS OF RETAIL CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS TRADE IN OHIO AND WEST VIRGINIA; COMMISSION BASIS; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR BIG PRODUCER; STATE FULL PARTICULARS. BOX 730, 209 CABLE BLDG.

SALESMEN.

We require local salesmen in Bloomfield, Bayonne, Elizabeth, Orange, Passaic, Rutherford, Hackensack, Mount Vernon, Oastining, Peekskill, to dispose of profitable membership (not stock). Local bank acts as trustee each town, insuring salesman unusual bank co-operation. We want men who will be satisfied with commissions of $75 to $100 weekly; established mercantile company; values support. Call mornings. Room 405, Flatiron Bldg.

SALESMEN.

EXPERIENCED FURNISHING SALESMEN WHO ARE CAPABLE OF HANDLING A HIGH LINE OF HIGH-CLASS PAJAMAS AND NIGHT ROBES; TERRITORIES ARE OPEN TO THOSE WHO HAVE ESTABLISHED THEIR OWN TRADE IN UNITED STATES AND CANADA; WRITE FULL PARTICULARS; COMMISSION BASIS. W 28 TIMES.

SALESMEN TO SELL OLDSMOBILE PASSENGER CARS AND TRUCKS IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY; PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE NOT ESSENTIAL, BUT HONESTY, LOYALTY AND ABILITY NECESSARY; STRAIGHT COMMISSION BASIS. SEAVER MOTOR CO., INC., 14 MARTINE AV., WHITE PLAINS, N. Y. TEL. W. P. 2876.

SALESMAN Wanted to handle extensive side line of white ivory toilet sets, roll sets, &c., on a commission basis; must be well acquainted among department stores, jewellers and druggists; when answering, state territory you cover.; permanent. B 4638 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN—Old-established firm has position open for young, energetic man, not over 30; paper specialty line; territory will be Middle West, with headquarters Chicago; good opportunity; salary and commission; state age and full particulars; references required. S 709 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, securities, wanted, with ability to sell Dusenberg Automobile and Motors Company, on commission, 8 per cent. preferred stock; exceptional sales record established. Dusenberg Automobile and Motors Company, Inc., 8 Columbus Circle.

SALESMEN.

Established investment banking house has opening for two high-class salesmen on commission basis; right type of men should earn conservatively $10,000 per year and better. S 722 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, advertising, wanted Jan. 1; exclusive territory; expenses advanced; liberal commissions; experience not essential; state age, height, business experience, three late business references. Stanford-Crowell Co., Ithaca, N. Y.

SALESMAN for large printing establishment doing a good grade of catalogue and commercial printing; one accustomed to selling same kind of work preferred; replies treated confidentially; salary or commission. O 715 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN OF IMPORTED KID GLOVES —Must have had experience in this line and have acquaintance with buyers of high-class stores; salary and commission. Write for appointment. W 17 Times.

SALESMEN calling on dry goods stores, dress goods or lining departments to carry two easy-selling fabrics as side line; liberal commission; all territory open. C 403 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, first class, for New York City, on commission basis, by firm manufacturing silk tubular necktles. Address, with references, T 2400 Times Annex.

SALESMAN IN TINSEL HOUSE, ONE WHO IS FAMILIAR AMONG BRAID AND MILLINERY TRADE; ON COMMISSION. T 388 TIMES.

SALESMEN, EXPERIENCED ROOF CEMENT AND PAINTS; GOOD PROPOSITION; DRAWING ACCOUNT; REFERENCES. D 171 TIMES.

SALESMAN, traveling in Middle West, including Chicago, with line of leather goods or trunks, to carry a side line of luggage; commission. W 43 Times.

SALESMAN, West and Middle West, to carry ladies' handbags for well-established house; liberal commission with drawing account. W 41 Times.

SALESMAN calling on druggists and stationery stores to carry side line greeting cards; commission. State particulars as to territory, &c., B 1031 Times Harlem.

SALESMEN—Carry a line of vestings and pettings in conjunction with a kindred line; out of town territory; commission basis. W 40 Times.

SALESMAN for men's and boys' sweaters, jerseys and bathing suits, from Denver to the Coast. W 13 Times.

SALESMAN wanted to call on florists; liberal commission. 220 West 42d St., Suite 314. Schumbein.

SALESMAN—Experienced ribbon man, buyer and manager; strictly confidential; wholesale notions; salary. A 1086 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN for dress trade by silk manufacturer; excellent opportunity; salary or commission; confidential. W 38 Times.

SALESMEN to carry side line of ladies' silk and cotton lingerie for New England States and Ohio; commission basis. W 4 Times.

SALES MANAGERS FOR FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS: SHIRTS, NIGHTWEAR, APRONS, KIMONOS, UNDERWEAR; MUST BE EXPERIENCED, WITH FOLLOWING AMONG THE BETTER CLASS OF RETAIL CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS TRADE IN OHIO AND WEST VIRGINIA; COMMISSION BASIS; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR BIG PRODUCER; STATE FULL PARTICULARS. BOX 730, 209 CABLE BLDG.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALES EXECUTIVE—Large corporation in Middle West wants man thoroughly experienced in produce line, poultry, butter, &c.; must understand both buying and selling, as well as handling salesmen; big job and future for right man; give age, experience in detail, otherwise no attention given reply, and approximate salary; replies strictly confidential; no inquiries made until after interview. S 532 Times.

SALES EXECUTIVE—Large, internationally known corporation located in the Middle West wants man capable of meeting big people, handling salesmen, who has and can produce results; this means permanent position and a future; give age, experience in detail, otherwise no attention will be given, and salary expected; replies will be held strictly confidential. S 561 Times.

SALES ENGINEER—Young man for metropolitan district; knowledge and practical experience of heating, power specialty or valve lines essential; state age, qualifications and references; salary about $2,000. C 105 Times.

SALES MANAGER

wanted by large wholesale general merchandise house, to supervise road men, systematize sales department; none but one with actual past experience need apply. Box 751, 209 Cable Bldg.

SAWYERS.

Finishing sawyers (2), first-class, planer man and bandsaw man for wood mill; those having had experience on aeroplane work preferred. Apply or write

EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT,
CURTISS AEROPLANE & MOTOR CORP.,
GARDEN CITY, NEW YORK.

SECRETARY.

Young man, stenographer or stenotypist, in national advertising agency; absolutely essential to take accurate and complete notes at conferences and capable of development into other work; good education required, preferably young college man. State age, education, nationality, experience and salary desired to J. L. M., Box 40, Postal Station F, New York City. Give telephone number.

SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE.

For a man of unusual approach, there is an opportunity to associate with a firmly established house to confer with the heads of large industries to present our industrial service; your income should be in excess of $10,000, and will increase yearly with renewals; include age, experience and telephone number in reply. S 564 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK.

One who has been with wholesale millinery concern preferred; must be bright and active; apply stating salary and references. Box 185, 206 Fitzgerald Bldg.

SILKS.

We have a splendid opportunity for a real live wire who has an established following among garment manufacturers and general users of silks, to commence on moderate drawing account with increase as conditions warrant; state age, experience and present employment; replies strictly confidential. Box 732, 209 Cable Building.

SHOEMEN'S ATTENTION.

A large company operating chain stores can offer an opportunity of a lifetime to a practical shoeman who understands the cut-price shoe business; must understand purchasing and managering a retail store. Write, giving full particulars as to experience, positions held, salaries received, etc. B. M., 345 Times.

SIGN WRITER—A. Lisner, Washington, D. C., require a sign writer for signs such are used in department stores; permanent position and good pay for the right party. Apply Frederick Lisina, 220 5th Av.

SOLICITOR wanted to represent large New York business school; must have personality and be a business getter; salary and commission. Telephone for appointment Sunday, between 2 and 4, Tremont 5726.

SOLICITOR, business school, wanted to represent large New York school; must have personality and be business getter; salary and commission; telephone for appointment, Sunday between 2 and 4. Tremont 5726.

SOLICITORS wanted in various country towns to solicit appraisals of residences; those in the real estate or insurance business preferred; commission basis. Guaranty Appraisals Co., 35 Wall St., New York.

SOLICITOR—Physician or capable layman, on salary and commission, to interview physicians on a matter of interest. Call all week, between 11 and 4, Suite 107, 60 B'way.

SOLICITOR, collection, wanted by established, reliable agency; must be experienced; good salary. Call Room 500, 220 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.

A 5TH AV. GENTILE CORPORATION DESIRES AN AMBITIOUS, RAPID AND THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER; MUST BE ACCUSTOMED TO TURNING OUT A VOLUME OF EVEN-TOUCH BUSINESS LETTERS, INDEPENDENT OF RESULTS OF OTHERS; SALARY $25 AT START; SUBSEQUENT ADVANCEMENT AS RAPIDLY AS DESERVED AND ENTIRELY DEPENDENT UPON PROVEN INDIVIDUAL MERIT; NO BEGINNERS; A STENOGRAPHER, NO SECRETARIES, WANTED; PLEASE REPLY FULLY, STATING WHEN SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE AND ATTACH THIS ADVERTISEMENT.

STENOGRAPHER,
T 592 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER.

Young man wanted in large wholesale office to take dictation from department sales manager and attend to other clerical duties; state age, experience and salary desired. V 507 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER for statistical department of New York Stock Exchange house; young man with experience in financial statistical work preferred; must be capable of cutting wax and dermatype stencils; speed and accuracy in both stenography and typing essential. Answer in detail, stating age, education, experience and salary desired, W 10 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.

Large downtown bank requires the services of a young man, 22-28, to act in a secretarial capacity; must be competent stenographer who is looking for a position with a good future; in reply state age, education, experience and salary expected. F. D., 713 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER — Young man about 24; good prospects for bright, energetic worker; salary to start, $20. Apply in own handwriting, stating full particulars. S 712 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper for high-class dress house, experienced. Box 717, 209 Cable Building.

STOCK CLERK.

Young man wanted in piece goods department of large wholesale corporation; state age, experience, salary desired. S 714 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK—Young man to take charge of floor; must have experience in beads and fancy goods; good opportunity for the right party; state full particulars. W 46 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT WANTED FOR A PAPER BOX FACTORY IN NEW YORK CITY, WHERE ALL KINDS OF FANCY AND PLAIN SET UP BOXES ARE MADE; THE MAN WE ARE LOOKING FOR MUST KNOW AND UNDERSTAND EVERY BRANCH OF THE MANUFACTURE OF PAPER BOXES; WHILE HE NEED NOT HIMSELF OPERATE MACHINERY, HE MUST BE ABLE TO SUPERVISE, DIRECT AND CO-ORDINATE THE WORK OF ALL WORKERS IN HIS CHARGE; HE MUST UNDERSTAND THE CARE AND OPERATION OF S. & S. MACHINES; FOR SUCH A MAN WE ARE WILLING TO PAY COMMENSURATE WITH ABILITY TO DELIVER THE GOODS, AND FUTURE IS ASSURED. BOX 730, 209 CABLE BLDG.

SUPERINTENDENT, thoroughly experienced, to take complete charge of phonographs cabinet and woodworking factory; address with full particulars; strictly confidential. Write K. E., 1,214 Wilson Bldg.

SUPERINTENDENT for corner elevator apartment house, 420 Convent Av., 24-family; do all repairs, &c. Steiman, 604 B'way.

HELP WANTED—Male.

STOCK SALESMEN.

Opportunity for high-grade, experienced stock salesmen to call exclusively on all stockholders on a resale proposition; liberal commission; no drawing account; references required. P 718 Times Downtown.

TEACHERS, English, to foreigners; evenings; state age, education, experience. E 65 Times.

TEACHERS—English to foreigners, evenings. Apply by letter only, give phone. American Language Institute, 120 5th Av.

TYPIST, expert, immediately, collection office, Christian company; must be neat, quick, accurate; none others need apply; state experience, lowest salary. A 943 Times Downtown.

TYPIST-CLERK, experienced, to assist in office of established real estate concern; good opportunity. S 730 Times Downtown.

WINDOW DRESSER and show card writer for popular priced department store in Syracuse, N. Y. Write or inquire, M. Fait, 27 West 26th St., 7th floor.

WOODWORKERS.

first-class; those having had experience on aeroplanes preferred. Apply or write

EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT,
CURTISS AEROPLANE & MOTOR CORP.,
GARDEN CITY, NEW YORK.

YOUNG MAN, 16 to 20 years of age, wanted by conservative bond house dealing only in government and municipal securities; good opportunity for advancement; state age, religion and references. Address V 803 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN who thoroughly knows wholesale plumbing and heating line, source of supplies and methods of doing business in New York City.

Only man who can qualify need apply, and to such a man there is an excellent chance for advancement.

Box 162 3,013 3d Av.

YOUNG MAN wanted for drafting and estimating on switchboards and panelboards, must have some experience in this line, by a growing concern in Western Pennsylvania; good opportunity for advancement; give full particulars in first letter. Y 1376 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN—We require the services of a young man who is not afraid of work, willing to learn and looking for the future; age between 18 and 25; must assume charge of stock, shipping, answering phone, &c.; some experience in buttons will benefit; salary $20. Apply W 14 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced and trained for assistant to credit manager; large downtown hardware and cutlery house; Christian firm; write age, religion, experience, education, &c. S 280 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, real estate offices, Christian firm, stenographer and typewriter anxious to learn the business; good future; midtown section; give references; state salary. Address K. S., 274 Times Uptown.

YOUNG MAN, not afraid of work, understand stenography and typewriting, of good education; splendid opening to learn mercantile business, with some traveling; $30 week and expenses. D 724 Times.

YOUNG MAN as assistant in mailing department of a large fire insurance company; salary at the rate of $16 per week; high school graduate preferred. Information 6th floor, 59 John St., New York, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, 18 to 20 years old, high school graduate preferred, to learn wholesale seed and bulb business; good chance for advancement in a growing business; $15 per week to start. A 900 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted by steam valve concern to inspect and adjust apparatus; technical training and steam heating experience preferred; state age, education, experience and salary expected. S 680 Times.

YOUNG MAN by Catholic firm, good penman and good at figures, a worker who wants steady employment; state age and salary. L 873 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to put up signs and window displays; full or spare time. Address G. M. Marks, General Delivery, Miami, Fla.

YOUNG MAN, 21 years, capable shipping clerk, honest, hard worker, wishes position as shipping or stock clerk; highest references; salary, $25. W 12 Times.

YOUNG MAN, familiar with shipping, for manufacturing house; must be good, permanent and accurate at figures, come well recommended. Balog, 236 5th Av.

YOUNG man wanted with experience in stock keeping; must be well recommended. M. Grumbacher, 164 5th Av.

YOUNG MAN to wait on trade in New York office; must have best references. Apply Monday morning, Room 638, 200 5th Av.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

A LEADING LADIES' UNDERGARMENT CONCERN SEEKS THE SERVICES OF AN EXPERIENCED MANUFACTURER AND MERCHANDISER OF COTTON UNDERSHIRTS AND PETTICOATS.

WRITE STATING FULL PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE AND AGE. ONLY THOSE WITH DESIGNING, MERCHANDISING, MANUFACTURING AND MARKETING EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY.

K. R., 135 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

TO YOU WHO KNOW.

Men who can recognize a good opportunity when they meet it, who are interested in clean, dignified, interesting work, selling stock certificates with good honest dollars, and plenty of them, can find both as a permanent home; alert, conscientious, determined workers, men who have sold something, and who are now employed, who want to better themselves, and who will get busy at once instead of "think it over," and who are not broke and who know this city, and to whom commission basis does not give heart failure, call me at Vanderbilt 350, extension 12, Monday.

ARE YOU A SALESMAN?

An experienced food product salesman who can furnish evidence of selling ability can find a unusual opportunity to become associated with a successful house established nearly 100 years.

Give particulars in first letter, stating expectations and what your annual income has been.

This is a hard job—a real salesman's work. An order taker or man of mediocre ability won't do. Address F 2361 Times Annex.

Instruction.

MACHINE DESIGN.

Two unusual courses—20 weeks.

DRAFTING. Our day course which has placed every graduate is now offered evenings.

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS.

The practical mathematics that every mechanical man must know.

Y.M.C.A. SCHOOL OF MACHINE DESIGN, 157-E. 86th St., N. Y. City. Ph. Lenox 6061.

SHOW CARD WRITERS.

$60 to $250 a week made in show card writing. Theatrical poster work, decorative designing; class under supervision of expert teachers; day or night courses; classes just starting; reasonable terms; apply at once. Y. M. C. A. School of Commercial Art, 157 East 86th St., New York. Phone Lenox 6051.

MEN—EARN $35 TO $125 WEEKLY.

Learn Mechanical Dentistry; rise above small salaried positions; unlimited possibilities; individual instruction; day or evening; 3 months' course; easy payments; course recognized 28 years as best; equipment free. Call or write for Booklet C, BODEN, Schools of Mechanical Dentistry, 136 West 52d St., N. Y.; 15 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER—Get out of the rut; become a certified public or cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for booklet and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 328 Pullman Bldg., New York.

LEARN ELECTRICITY as applied to the automobile; evening courses, elementary and applied; folder and pass to one session of class free on request. Educational Department, West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th St., New York. Tel. Columbus 7920.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN—Big demand for high salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

BOOKKEEPING—Complete course in seven lessons, arranged for home study; indorsed by eight certified public accountants. Write for Bulletin S-6. The Emerson Extension Institute, 108 East 125th St.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

ACCOUNTANCY—New classes are now forming, day or early evening sessions; write for helpful booklet, "Making Good," and Bulletin 23. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.

"THREE MONTHS' COURSE"; students entered on probation at any date. 9 West 42d St. V. M. Wheat, Director.

LEARN OXYACETYLENE WELDING. Great demand for trained men; write for booklet and free admission card to visit school and see classes at work. 234 St. Welding School, 215 West 23d St., N. Y. C.

EARN $35-$100 weekly; learn photography—"movie," portrait, commercial, 3 months, day, night; installments. Brusel, 1,328 Broadway.

MEN wanted to operate moving picture machines in theatres; we teach you days or evenings. American Theatre Building, 604 9th Av., 42d St. Bryant 1519.

WILL teach piano in exchange for advanced English and correspondence. A 898 Times Downtown.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—SUITABLE REWARD WILL BE PAID THROUGH THE AUTOMOBILE UNDERWRITERS PROTECTIVE BUREAU FOR INFORMATION LEADING TO THE RECOVERY OF THE AUTOMOBILE DESCRIBED BELOW AND THE CONVICTION AND IMPRISONMENT OF THE PARTY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE THEFT: 1920 CADILLAC AMESBURY SUBURBAN SEDAN, MOTOR NO. 59-1-856, BODY NO. 2004, ZEBRA-MISSION NO. 59-4068, SWITCH NO. R-810, NEW YORK STATE LICENSE NO. 284-040; CAR PAINTED BLUE-BLACK; WITH BLACK FENDERS; GRAY UPHOLSTERED; FOUR GOOD-YEAR CORD TIRES AND WHEELS, AND TWO CANTON CORD EXTRA TIRES, 32x3; EQUIPPED WITH SPARTAN HORN AND VAN SICKLEY SPEEDOMETER; INITIALS M. A. M. ON EACH REAR DOOR; MAT ON EACH RUNNING BOARD. TELEPHONE INFORMATION IMMEDIATELY 4506 JOHN OR 2981 BENKMAN.

LOST OR MISLAID—Policy No. 915,433, issued by The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, on the life of Robert M. Maclay. The finder will please return it to the undersigned. An application has been made for the issuing of a duplicate. M. J. Maclay, 580 5th Av.

LOST—On 24th floor of Equitable Building, Bond Department of Federal Reserve Bank, two $1,000 bonds, one $50 bond; liberal reward paid for return; no questions asked. L. H. Carr, 55 John St., New York City. Phone Beekman 7371.

LOST—Black pocket-book, containing money; between 8th Av., 120th St., Manhattan Av. and 118th; Friday about 5 o'clock; liberal reward. Morningside 5079.

LOST—Pocketbook containing bank book on Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, Liberty bond, &c., Thursday evening, in Brooklyn; reward. Academy 1190.

LOST—Black portfolio containing exchange check book and address book, lost Wednesday night; $10 reward for return. 141 West 121st. Phone 3685 Morningside.

LOST—Monday afternoon, taxi, between 3 and 5, blue bedford bag containing leather purse with over $200; finder please return. Melville, Hotel Martha Washington.

LOST—On Varick St., spectacles, in McCoy & Stillwell case. M. Moore, 14 St. Luke's Place.

LOST—Envelope containing partly worked canvas tapestry; reward. Telephone Vanderbilt 6227.

LOST—On 42d St., between 5th and Madison Ave., brown fur lap robe. Reward for return to 28 West 52d St.

LOST—Bankbook, from Cosmopolitan Bank of the Bronx. Address E 56 Times.

Jewelry.

LOST—Wednesday evening, Dec. 22, between 72d St. and Central Park West and 112th St. and Broadway; open face gold watch; monogram on back, photograph on inside cover, black ribbon fob with gold buckle; may have been dropped in Black and White taxi; $25 reward. Return to Cashier, Hotel Majestic.

LOST—Platinum ring; 1 large diamond, 6 chips in filigree; also platinum wedding ring, engraved inside "F. M. to R.—O., May 15, 1910"; both from Tiffany & Co. Return Mrs. Edward B. Mayer, 116 East 63d. Reward.

LOST—Package containing gold meshbag; left in taxi about 1:30 P. M., Dec. 24, that took a fare from in front of 574 5th Av. to address on East 77th St. Liberal reward, no questions asked, if returned to Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av.

$100 REWARD

and no questions asked for return of platinum diamond-studded wrist watch taken from ballroom in Young Women's Christian Association, Friday afternoon, Dec. 24. Apply 24 Broad St., 9th floor.

LOST—Sapphire and diamond oblong-shaped pin, at Biltmore Hotel "Cascades"; reward. S 570 Times.

LOST—Plaza Hotel, Thursday night, Dec. 23, hours 11 P. M.-4 A. M., platinum bar pin, diamond setting; reward. E 65 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

RAISE YOUR OWN SALARY.

An hour a day of your spare time spent in business training by the La Salle problem method can prepare you for a bigger position, a bigger salary; our placement department is almost daily receiving calls for trained men at $50, $75 or $100 a week. La Salle training includes this placement service; it includes personal consultation and counsel.

IF YOU WANT TO MAKE GOOD the first step is to prepare. Whether your ambition is to be a sales executive or a manager, an accountant or an auditor, a rate clerk or a traffic manager, a correspondent or a business letter expert, we can [illegible].

YOU CAN RAISE YOUR OWN SALARY [illegible] we will gladly send you "Ten Commandments of Success," a lecture by Charles M. Schwab, and particulars regarding training for the place in business which you want to fill.

CALL OR PHONE OR WRITE
LA SALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY,
General Eastern Office, 112 West 42d St.
Phone Bryant 8020.

Downtown offices, 111 Broadway, Rector 1201. Send me Mr. Schwab's lecture "Ten Commandments of Success," and tell me about the training I have checked.

Name .....Age.....
Address .....Phone.....
Accountancy ( ) Traffic ( ) Business Administration ( ) Law ( ) Business Letter Writing ( ) Management Efficiency ( ) Banking and Finance ( ).

$200 TO $600 PER MONTH

in managing domestic and foreign traffic. Unusual opportunity is offered responsible, conscientious men, 22 to 45, now employed, in traffic management, caused by the development of our foreign and domestic commerce. A limited number of men will be selected and trained by experts and assisted to positions after trained, positions paying from $3,000 to $7,500 per year. Applicants must have at least common school education, be over 21, and be willing to devote a little spare time to preparation. Selection will be made by personal interview only. For interview phone Beekman 3787, or address Mr. A. W. Shamstine, Manager, 1265 Tribune Bldg., New York City.

WHY NOT SETTLE
THE QUESTION NOW?

Start the New Year right by finding out the work for which you are best fitted by reason of your natural talents and aptitudes. Let us make a careful analysis of your abilities to determine your right vocation. From the study of the facts our trained analysts will know the right work for you. Call here for full details. Booklet "Your Right Position" on request.

MERTON INSTITUTE, INC.,
96 5th Av. (at 16th St.), N. Y.
Tel. Watkins 9795.

FREE SALES SCHOOL

for young men of the progressive type who wish to prepare themselves to enter the greatest and most essential branch of business promotion. Every great executive has been a salesman.

Morning, afternoon and evening sessions are held and opportunities will be given for immediate employment to those qualifying for and completing the course.

Franklin Service Corporation,
18 East 41st St., Room 902,
New York City, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHERS-SECRETARIAL School—For 25 years practically all New York's 300 words minute secretaries, law, court reporters, earning over $60 weekly, received Lusk training; new Pitmanic lightning phrases invented by Frank Lusk give every stenographer now 800 words minute; faster than old-fashioned, so-called champions; beginners' course; speeding; day, evening; correspondence, Lusk Institute, 229 West 42d St. Bryant 9134.

SPECIALISTS

Gain the greatest reward in the accounting profession. If you have the necessary qualifications and desire specializing in any branch of the profession and are willing to undertake a short, intensive training in your spare time under the guidance of C. P. A.'s investigate our simplified methods.

INTERNATIONAL ACCOUNTANTS SOCIETY,
154 NASSAU ST., N. Y. C., Room 806.

TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT.

Thorough practical training by experienced traffic managers in all phases of transportation work, by railroad, express and parcel post, domestic, export and import; resident night classes; new classes begin Jan. 20, 1921.

INDUSTRIAL TRAFFIC MANAGERS COLLEGE,
154 Nassau St. Tribune Bldg.
Phone Beekman 1261

EMPLOYED OR UNEMPLOYED, YOU NEED THIS BOOK for selling your services; truly remarkable; presenting new, unthought-of suggestions; not theories, but methods tested and proved successful in hundreds of cases; $1, stamps or money order, delivers it; booklet free on request. James Burke, 253 Broadway, New York.

AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING.

An opportunity is offered to a limited number of men engaged in automobile or similar work to advance themselves by attending an evening class in a technical institute three evenings a week. Four months' tuition, $16. Address Principal, 28 Stuyvesant St., New York City.

ENGINEER teaches mathematics, drafting, mechanical, structural, surveying, evenings. Mendell, 239 Madison Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

Instruction.

QUICK ADVANCEMENT

in accountancy is the matter-of-course reward of every student enrolled in our intensive course. Drake Accountancy Institute, Tribune Bldg., 154 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman 2723.

EARN $35-$100 A WEEK—Learn motion picture, commercial and portrait photography; 3 months' course; free catalogue. "T." N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 W. 36th, N. Y.; or 405 State St. (opp. L. I. Term.), Brkln.

PERSONAL.

TWO ATTRACTIVE BROTHERS, JEWISH, 9 and 12 years of age, out for adoption. Appearance Friday afternoon, Children's Aid Society, 516 North 4th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

ACCIDENT, 116TH ST. AND BROADWAY, Dec. 20, at about 3 o'clock in the evening, when elderly lady was knocked down; an auto-mobile. Any one witnessing the accident will confer a favor by communicating with her son, A. H. Sawyer, 251 4th Av.

LOST—On Friday, Dec. 24, between 33d St. and 46th St., a bar pin set with three large diamonds, also small diamonds and onyx; liberal reward for the return to Pennsylvania Hotel cashier.

LOST—Diamond ring, Thursday in down stairs Broadway, 162d St. or Ransom's Bakery, 164th or Ritter's Market, 163 Amsterdam Av.; liberal reward. Watson, 600 West 163d St.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, Friday morning, between 54th St. and Park Av. and 8th Av. Bank; reward $50. Return to R. S. Smith, 374 Park Av., New York.

LIBERAL REWARD to finder of diamond brooch with rayy centre; lost between 146th and 150th Sts., near Amsterdam Av. Telephone Audubon 4200.

LOST—Lady's pocketbook with $35, 8th Av. and 130th St., to Manhattan and 118th St., Friday, 5 P. M.; reward. Phone Morningside 5079.

LOST—Small chamois bag, containing money, gold bracelet and other articles. Finder please return to 802 West 146th St., Apt. 55. Reward.

LOST—Wednesday afternoon, one pearl earring with diamond on top. If found kindly return to 51 East 62d St., and suitable reward will be paid.

LOST—Blue enamel watch, between 42d St. and 8th Av. and 42d St. and 5th Av.; $20 reward. Call Quackenbush, Nyack, N. Y. Telephone 494 Nyack.

LOST—Tuesday, Dec. 21, 57th St., between 5th and 7th Avs., gold chain bracelet, heart H. D. in small diamonds; reward. 36 West 57th St.

LOST—Gold signet ring with sunken crest, probably 7th Av. subway or vicinity Times Square; reward. R. F. Bashman, 17 Battery Place. Whitehall 637.

LOST—Platinum diamond and sapphire bar pin, evening Dec. 22, Montmartre Cafe. Liberal reward. F. Equid, Riverside 9006.

LOST—Diamond solitaire ring, Thursday evening, 125th St. or 7th Av.; reward. Winchell, 343 West 128th St.

LOST—Dec. 21, small gold meshbag, monogram "C. L. H."; liberal reward. Dorf, 216 West 79th St. Schuyler 9537.

REWARD $500.

On Friday evening, Dec. 24, between 157 West 57th and Delmonico's Restaurant, a diamond plaque, platinum setting. Telephone Miss Frances Cameron, Circle 3841, or return to Jacques, 561 5th Av.

$400 REWARD

for return of platinum and diamond oval shaped brooch, containing 87 diamonds, lost Dec. 16 between 42d and 59th Sts., or in taxicab. W. D. Tusten, 681 5th Av.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Sable scarf, late Wednesday night, in or outside of Riggs's restaurant; liberal reward. Shore Road 80.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Friday, Airedale, full grown, 2 years, male, collar without inscription; answers to name Dough Boy; suitable reward for return. Whitney, 36 East 74th. Rhinelander 987.

$25 REWARD.

Black French bulldog, male, vicinity 65th St. and Columbus Av.; reward, no questions asked. Remex, 127 Columbus Av.

LOST—White wire-haired fox terrier, black markings on head, in front of 105 West 88th, on Christmas morning; reward paid for return to 105 West 88th.

LOST—French bull puppy, brindle, 177th St. and Riverside Drive; very liberal reward. Ryan, 720 Riverside Drive. Audubon 7270.

LOST—Black French bulldog, male, vicinity 65th St. and Columbus Av.; reward, no questions asked. Remex, 127 Columbus Av.

LOST—Collie, black and white collar, Thursday; child's companion; reward. Stein, Lenox 8135.

AGENTS WANTED.

SALESMAN

looking for a permanent connection in New York City is wanted to place contracts for

A LARGE CORPORATION

ON A SALARY VS. COMMISSION BASIS.

ONE OUT OF EVERY THREE IS A REPEAT ORDER.

NO EXPENSES.

J. H. HUNTINGTON, Sales Manager,
Suite 804, 105 West 40th St.
Call before 1 o'clock.

AGENTS, experienced in measuring men for suits and overcoats, to take orders for "Safety First" clothes at $12.50 to $25; only intelligent need apply; references required. Meyers Bros., Inc., 224 and Market Sts., Phila., Pa. Dept. C.

AGENTS Wanted—Men, women to sell handy ash sifter; moneymaker; easily demonstrated; best on market; sells on sight; sample and literature; $1.50. Bush Terminal Bldg. 76, Brooklyn, N. Y.

MEN, WOMEN—Big money made among friends, selling perfumes, soap, hairdressing, salve and tonic; sales assured; our goods PLEASE. Write Dobbs Drug Company, Memphis, Tenn.

WANTED—A commission representative for English firm manufacturing silk cords, fringes, trimmings, bindings, tapes, elastics and millinery wires. Albert Green, Ltd., Derby, England.

AGENTS WANTED.

CHEWING GUM—Only or desirable; profitable business; sell to one night; spearmint and regular flavors; no competition. Write today, Harmon Co., 1133 Broadway.

FOR SALE

STOVES AND STOVE REPAIRS—Repairs furnished to fit any make of stoves, range, furnace, steam or hot water heater manufactured. Stove Repair Corporation, 228-230 Water Street, corner Beekman, New York. Branch 184 Mulberry Street, Newark, N. J.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES, new and second-hand; low prices; easy payments. E. T. BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 38 West 32d St., near Broadway.

AN IMPORTER OFFERS AT A SACRIFICE AN EXQUISITE ORIENTAL RUG, 9x12. ADDRESS A 719 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

FINE German motion pictures, made by Messmer Film Company; very reasonable. 314 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE, mimeograph and adding machines on sale. Please phone Murray Hill 800.

BRANDINEW 36-power multigraph; attachments; sell half price. Rubenstein, 230 Broadway.

FOR SALE at sacrifice, beautiful mahogany upright piano for $175 cash. P 397 Times.

MACHINERY for sale. Automatic Machine and Tool Co., 87 Frankfort St., N. Y.

FOR SALE—Herring Marvin safe; double doors. Room 44, 1 East 42d St.

Furniture.

THE BIG "C" FURNITURE WORKS,
76TH ST.-2D AV., NEW YORK.
Realising the unmistakable demand for QUALITY FURNITURE AT LOWEST PRICES we have determined to go all the way in meeting this demand and have marked ALL OUR FURNITURE, RUGS, BEDDING AT ACTUAL WHOLESALE FACTORY COSTS
THE SAVINGS AVERAGE 33 TO 50%.
NO SUCH VALUES TO BE HAD ANY-WHERE.
Our showrooms daily provide new illustrations of the tendency toward LOWER PRICES. Reductions are made immediately as the market shows. The prospective bride and prudent housewife will do well to take advantage of this UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY, because these prices are guaranteed against ANY FURTHER DECLINE.
Showrooms open until 6:30 P. M.
Saturdays till 10 P. M.
LIBERTY BONDS ACCEPTED AT TIME OF PURCHASE

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Snow or rain today, warmer; cloudy Tuesday and colder; strong northeast winds.
For full weather report see Page 13.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,983. NEW YORK, MONDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 500 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

HARDING TURNS TO HOME ISSUES FOR NEXT PARLEYS

Summons Congress Leaders to Confer This Week on Finance and Taxation.

TREASURY POST IN VIEW

President-elect Considers Plan of Early Selections for Two Cabinet Places.

COUNT ON OFFER TO HUGHES

Change From Conferences on Foreign Affairs Is Believed to Indicate a Choice.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 26.—Turning his attention from foreign policies, Senator Harding plans to discuss mainly domestic affairs, particularly those relating to Government finance and taxation, in conferences with a number of Republican leaders in Congress during the last week of the year.

There are no indications that the President-elect is through consulting others on the fundamentals of his modified association of nations plan, or that he is prepared to make public the definite results of these discussions. His readiness to interrupt consideration of international problems and to take up financial matters at this time is regarded as evidence supporting the assumption that he has definitely decided to select and announce the next Secretaries of State and the Treasury in advance of choosing the rest of his Cabinet.

For some time Senator Harding has been turning over in his mind the feasibility of filling these two posts in his Cabinet without regard to the factional and geographical considerations that doubtless will play considerable part in the selection of the others of his official family. He has shown interest in the suggestion that if the next Secretaries of State and the Treasury are chosen early they would be of great assistance in keeping in touch with these departments in the present session of Congress.

It is believed that the President-elect, if not already committed, is about ready to invite Charles Evans Hughes to become Secretary of State. This belief was strengthened today when it became known that Senator Harding intends this week to substitute financial for foreign affairs in his conferences.

That the Senator is desirous of more light upon financial matters from members of Congress has been interpreted as indicating that he is still undecided about his Secretary of the Treasury. There are four strong aspirants for this place. Good words for Charles D. Hilles of New York have been spoken by ex-President Taft and Senator James W. Wadsworth Jr. Brigadier General Charles Dawes of Chicago was here last week, and it is reported that his name was brought before the President-elect once more by Fred Upham, Treasurer of the Republican National Committee. George M. Reynolds of Chicago is still mentioned as a possibility for the place.

As for former Senator John W. Weeks of Massachusetts, it is understood that if Senator Harding contemplates some form of Cabinet recognition for him Mr. Weeks would be contented with nothing less than the Treasury Department. Mr. Weeks's chances, however, are offset by influential opposition from Massachusetts and the fact that he has already been suggested for either the War or Navy Department.

The knowledge that Senator Harding is considering men who have not been mentioned in Cabinet gossip makes speculation uncertain that the President-elect will choose the head of the Treasury Department from the four present formidable aspirants for the place.

Among those scheduled for conference with Senator Harding this week are Senator Porter J. McCumber of North Dakota, who since Senator Penrose's illness has been acting Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee; Representative J. W. Good, Chairman of the House Appropriations Committee; Representative Frank W. Mondell, the Republican floor leader, and Representative Patrick H. Kelley of Michigan and D. R. Anthony of Kansas. The President-elect also expects to see Governor-elect Harry L. Davis of Ohio and Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee.

MARBLEHEAD WOMEN RISE.

Declare Lotteries and Gambling Must Be Driven From Town.

Special to The New York Times.

MARBLEHEAD, Mass., Dec. 26.—Marblehead is noted for more than being a seaport town filled with ancient houses and retired "sea dogs." For the last year it has enjoyed the title of "the Monte Carlo of Massachusetts." This comes from the fact that more lotteries are carried on openly in Marblehead in proportion to the population than in any community in Eastern Massachusetts.

Rumor says that card games are played in little rooms in more than a score of houses every night. Moreover it is said the winning lottery numbers are posted on the official town bulletin board.

If the town fathers shut their eyes to this the town mothers, with the coming of the vote, decided that the lotteries and card games for money must end. They are out to clean up the town and war has started on gambling. The campaign is in charge of the local organization of the Massachusetts League of Women Voters. Next Thursday the opening shot will be fired when Miss Emma Schumacher will introduce a resolution at a meeting of the women voters demanding an end of all public gambling in Marblehead.

Dinner—Deerfoot Farm Sausage.
Try this dinner dish—baked Deerfoot Farm sausage, mashed potato, apple sauce. It's great! Order the genuine today. Substitutes disappoint.—Advt.

Belgium to Renounce Right to Seize German Property

PARIS, Dec. 26.—Belgium, according to a Brussels dispatch to the Journal, intends to renounce her right to confiscation of German property in Belgium, as provided in Paragraph 18, Annex 2 of the Versailles Treaty, following the example of Great Britain, which in October renounced its right to take over German property in the United Kingdom.

It is said Belgium will announce this decision after consulting with the Allies, but considers renunciation necessary from a commercial point of view.

Renunciation of the right to seize German property was asked of all the Allies by the Germans at the Brussels conference as a concession necessary to enable Germany to pay the reparations claims.

BOMB KILLS A BOY, INJURES 2 OTHERS

Infernal Machine, Found in Woods at Bergen Beach, Wrecks Brooklyn Home.

BLOWS BOY'S HAND OFF

Looks Like Gas Pipe, but Explodes When Nut Is Turned—Police to Seek Others.

One boy was killed and two others were seriously injured yesterday afternoon by the explosion of an infernal machine in an apartment house at 139 Rogers Avenue, Brooklyn. John McKenney, 16 years old, of 1,248 Union Street, is the dead youth. Herbert Bramm, also 16, who lives with his widowed mother at the Rogers Avenue address, is in the Swedish Hospital with his left hand blown off and injuries to his head and chest, and Paul Callandro, 17, of 807 St. John's Place, is in the same institution with injuries to his head and body.

Despite his terrible injuries, Bramm told the story of how the explosion occurred to Police Captain Frank Conboy of the Grand Avenue station. He said that on Saturday, Dec. 18, he went to Bergen Beach, on Jamaica Bay, to walk through the woods. He had been there a number of times and knew the neighborhood. In the woods, far from any dwelling or building of any kind, he found what looked like a piece of gas pipe.

The piece of rusted iron was about six inches long and had a nut about half an inch in width at one end. The other end was wider and contained a thread on the inside by which it could be screwed to another piece of pipe. He brought the thing which later proved to be a deadly bomb to his home and told nobody about it, until yesterday when his two friends called and he brought it out to show to them.

Bramm and his two companions were in the dining room. His mother and sister were in the kitchen. He also had three boxes containing fifty .22 calibre cartridges each. He held the bomb in his left hand and with the right he tried to unscrew the nut at the end of the bomb with a wrench. The nut moved slightly, but as it did so there was a deafening roar. All three boys were hurled to the floor. The concussion of the explosion caused one box of cartridges to explode and the missiles flew all over the room.

The explosion was so powerful that a man living on the floor above was thrown from his chair to the floor. All of the windows of the Bramm apartment were blown out. The three other families in the building rushed to the streets in panic. Dr. Schirner of 586 St. Mark's Avenue was called by one of the neighbors. He found that one of the pieces of the shell had entered McKenney's mouth, penetrated the roof, and found its way to his brain. The physician gave first aid to the other boys and they were carried across the street to the Swedish Hospital.

When Captain Conboy and the detectives from the Grand Avenue Precinct arrived they could find only six small fragments of the bomb. The pieces were so small that it was impossible to get any idea of what the thing really had looked like. The police were unable to find anything that would indicate the nature of the explosive with which the infernal machine was filled.

Bramm could not give the Captain the exact location of the place where he found the bomb. The police, however, will make a complete search of the woods at Bergen Beach to find out if any more deadly machines were left there, or if any clues can be found to the history of the bomb which exploded yesterday.

McKenney, the dead boy, was a messenger employed by the International Bank, 60 Wall Street, Manhattan. He was a member of Company 12, Thirteenth Coast Artillery. He was a graduate of Public School 92 and had attended Manual Training School for a year before being employed at the bank.

ITALIAN REGULARS CLOSE IN ON FIUME FROM THREE SIDES

Capture of the City Expected Quickly as Large Forces Are Set in Motion.

D'ANNUNZIO'S MEN KILL FIVE

Northern Part of Fiume Triangle Occupied and Edge of the City Reached.

FLEET GUARDS THE BAY

Caviglia Proposes Gradually to Tighten Grip Until the Poet Is Rendered Helpless.

TRIESTE, Dec. .6 (Associated Press).—The Italian regulars have reached the factories on the edge of Fiume and are closing in gradually on the d'Annunzio stronghold.

It is expected Fiume will be taken this evening or tomorrow morning.

General Caviglia on Friday ordered the occupation of advanced positions around Fiume in consequence of recent incidents and the threatening attitude taken by d'Annunzio's legionaries.

In the operation the poet's soldiers opposed armed resistance to the advancing troops, who lost five men killed and thirty wounded.

UDINE, Dec. 24 (Associated Press).—General Caviglia's regular Italian forces advanced two kilometers this morning without firing a shot in a combined land and naval movement to close in on d'Annunzio, the insurgent leader in Fiume, whose men retired. The Fiume triangle now is cut off and the poet's aviation field has been captured.

The plan of General Caviglia is gradually to tighten his grip on Fiume until d'Annunzio is reduced to helplessness. Caviglia's men advanced today from the north, cutting off the top of the triangle of which Fiume is formed, and occupied Grobnico, Santa Croce and San Mattia. Included in the day's advance was the poet's aviation field at Grobnico. The d'Annunzio troops evacuated these points without offering the slightest resistance.

At points from the shore northward the d'Annunzio line gave way and the regulars advanced half a kilometer. It was a simultaneous movement from three sides.

The movement from the direction of Udine was effected by an overwhelming body of troops which advanced on the thinly held line of d'Annunzio's legionaries. The advance was accomplished principally by Alpini, who occupied the high land covering the rugged territory to the rear of Fiume, including two ranges of hills. Toward the sea the regulars' line is held by Royal Guards and carabineers.

While the troops advanced on the hilly ground overlooking the sea the Italian fleet kept silent guard in Fiume Bay. The powerful squadron consists of first-line battle ships and destroyers.

It is reported that the orders to the Italian regulars are not to fire unless provoked. D'Annunzio's spokesmen say he also has ordered his officers not to fire until he gives the word.

DISORDERS IN FERRARA.

Socialists Rescued by Carabineers From Menacing Crowd.

BOLOGNA, Dec. 24.—Reports from Ferrara today state that the Socialist Deputy Marangoni was besieged by Nationalists in Este Castle. The Socialist Mayor of Ferrara, Professor Morgiantino, and Aldermen Savonuzzi and Ferretti, went to his rescue, but were attacked by a crowd, which cried: "Shame! Do not dare to appear in public. Do not provoke us!"

Alderman Savonuzzi was beaten with a club, while Alderman Ferretti had his beard pulled and was spat upon. They were rescued by carabineers, and took refuge in the police office. In the meantime Deputy Marangoni succeeded in escaping from the castle.

Ricci to Outline His Program Here.

ROME, Dec. 26.—Rolandi Ricci, recently appointed Ambassador to the United States, will outline his program as the Italian representative in Washington at a meeting of the Italo-American Association here on Wednesday next. Robert Underwood Johnson, American Ambassador to Italy; Premier Giolitti and his Ministers and prominent politicians will be present at the meeting.

Crime-Wave Crazed Mob Beats Pastor Carrying Church Cups

DETROIT, Dec. 26.—Mistaken for a thief as he was hurrying to his church with communion cups under his arm, the Rev. Harry G. Miley, pastor of St. Paul's English Evangelical Church, was badly beaten by a crowd at Seventeenth and Buchanan Streets here today.

The minister was knocked down twice and kicked by members of the crowd before he could make his identity known. He walked to the church and received first aid after being liberated. His face was cut and he was badly bruised.

CARUSO AGAIN ILL; 5 DOCTORS CALLED

Attack of Pleurisy Described in Bulletin as Painful but Not Serious.

CANNOT SING THIS WEEK

Attack Comes on Christmas Day, Following a Series of Mishaps This Month.

Enrico Caruso, tenor of the Metropolitan Opera Company, is suffering from an attack of pleurisy and is confined to his suite on the eighteenth floor of the Hotel Vanderbilt. Announcement of Mr. Caruso's illness was made yesterday in the following bulletin sent out by the Metropolitan Opera press bureau:

Mr. Enrico Caruso is suffering from an attack of pleurisy of a painful though not serious character.

This will necessitate his being confined to his room for a period.

DR. SAMUEL LAMBERT,
DR. EVAN M. EVANS,
DR. ANTONIO STELLA,
DR. FRANCIS J. MURRAY,
DR. PHILIP HOROWITZ.

The tenor was taken ill at noon on Christmas Day. He complained of a pain in his side, and his secretary, Bruno Zirato, telephoned for Dr. Horowitz. Dr. Horowitz diagnosed the case as pleurisy and then called in for consultation Dr. Evans and Dr. Murray. The latter is house physician at the Vanderbilt.

By this time the pain in the side was severe, and attempts were made to relieve Mr. Caruso's suffering. Mrs. Caruso remained at his bedside helping to make him comfortable until relieved by two nurses. After snatching a little sleep she again took her place in the sickroom and supervised the carrying out of the physicians' orders.

Mr. Caruso slept intermittently during Saturday night and suffered less pain. Mrs. Caruso, a nurse and Mr. Zirato maintained a constant vigil through the night.

The physicians in attendance on Saturday summoned Dr. Lambert and Dr. Stella yesterday morning. There was a consultation at 11 o'clock, and it was decided that a bulletin should be issued. As the day wore on Mr. Caruso felt somewhat relieved, though he still complained of the severe pain in his side.

Not more than five or six of the tenor's close friends knew of his illness Saturday and Sunday. He was not permitted to see any one. The few callers who dropped in to wish him the season's greetings were met by Mr. Zirato, who informed them of Mr Caruso's illness.

Mr. Caruso constantly inquired concerning the condition of his daughter, Gloria Caruso, who was a year and a week old on Christmas Day. She was permitted to remain up later than usual on Christmas Eve in order to peep at her first Christmas tree decorated during the afternoon by her parents.

The late hour and the excitement evidently told on her, for she was not her usual prattling self yesterday. Because of her indisposition she was kept in her crib and a nurse set over her. Mrs. Caruso divided her time between her daughter and her husband.

The physicians last night did not venture a prediction as to how long Mr. Caruso's illness would keep him from his operatic engagements. It was said that there was no indication as to how long the inflammation of the lining of the lungs might continue.

Arrangements have been made at the Metropolitan Opera House to relieve Mr. Caruso of his engagement next Saturday afternoon, so that when he returns he may be able to resume his roles with his accustomed vigor. He is to have sung the rôle of Canio at tonight's performance of "I Pagliacci." The part will be taken by Giulio Crimi.

Instead of "Le Prophète," with Caruso, next Saturday afternoon, the bill has been changed to "L'Amore dei tre Re" and "Il Carillon Magico." The former will be sung by Mme. Easton and Messrs. Gigli and Mardones, Mr. Moranzoni conducting. Miss Galli and Mr. Bonfiglio will dance in the ballet, Mr. Papi conducting.

Mr. Caruso was to have been the guest of honor last night at a dinner at the Hotel Biltmore of The Bohemians, of which Franz Kneisel is President.

Mr. Caruso's last appearance was in "La Juive" on Christmas Eve. Spectators noticed that he kept his hand on his side when taking his curtain calls and appeared to be in pain. It was thought then that the illness which caused the cancellation of "Elisir d'Amore" two nights previously was still causing him pain.

December was an unlucky month for Mr. Caruso. On the third of this month he was painfully but not seriously injured when, as the blind Samson in "Samson and Delilah," one of the temple pillars which he pulled down fell on him.

On the eighth occurred a mishap that for some time was feared to be serious. It happened while singing his classic rôle in "I Pagliacci." As he finished the aria "Ridi, Pagliaccio," he ran the steps of the mimic theatre on the stage and slipped heavily, wrenching the muscles of his right side. The audience, its applause dying to a murmur of alarm, saw that something was wrong.

In his dressing room Caruso was in acute pain, but after a rest of twenty-five minutes he appeared for the second act and received a great ovation.

On the 11, at the Brooklyn Academy of Music, while singing in the first act of "Elisir d'Amore," a tiny blood vessel at the base of the tenor's tongue burst. In spite of a hemorrhage which filled his mouth with blood he tried pluckily to go on with his rôle. His efforts won plaudits of sympathy from the audience, but he gave up at the end of the first act.

Owing to an attack of lumbago Caruso had to forego his appearance in "Elisir d'Amore" last Wednesday and "Bohème" was substituted.

Mr. Caruso was 47 years old last February. He was born at Naples. In August, 1918, he married Miss Dorothy Benjamin.

NEGOTIATORS NOW NEAR AGREEMENT ON JAPAN TREATY

Equal Rights for Japanese Subjects Already Here Granted by One Clause.

LABOR EMIGRATION BARRED

Except in the Philippines—Dominions Seek Co-operation with the United States.

WAY OUT FOR CALIFORNIA

Can Follow the British Colonial Plan and Prohibit Land Ownership by All Aliens.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Negotiations between Roland S. Morris, American Ambassador to Japan and Baron Kijaro Shidehara, the Japanese Ambassador to the United States, which have been in progress for some weeks in Washington and which deal with outstanding problems between the two countries, are nearing completion and their respective reports will soon be submitted to the State Department at Washington and the Tokio Foreign Office.

If their recommendations are accepted by the two Governments the report will be sent to the Government Printing Office preliminary to being submitted to the Senate for consideration with an amendment to the existing commercial treaty with Japan which it recommends.

The proposed treaty amendment comprises a new clause which would undertake to grant to Japanese subjects in the United States equal civil rights with the nationals of all other countries, with a corollary in the form of a gentlemen's agreement which would undertake to exclude absolutely the emigration of Japanese labor to the United States and Hawaii, but would admit it into the Philippine Islands.

Japan does not ask the right of naturalization for its subjects. It is pointed out by persons acquainted with the negotiations that Japan could not properly request the alienation of her own subjects. The report is voluminous, covering Japanese-American relations for a period of twenty-eight years, and is declared to represent an earnest effort to discover a way to solve the problems which in more recent years have tended to create a breach of understanding between the two countries.

If the proposed new clause is added to the existing treaty the California alien land ownership laws would be affected in so far as they concerned Japanese subjects, but that State would not be prevented, by new legislation, from excluding all Orientals from land ownership, if it should follow the exampe set by British Colonial legislation. Such legislation prohibits all aliens from owning land, avoiding thereby discriminating against any particular aliens.

The existing gentlemen's agreement has never been reduced to writing and consists in addition to the original agreement of a series of interpretations and amendments. The proposed agreement would nullify provisions in the existing agreement permitting Japanese immigrants already admitted to bring their wives and members of their families into the country and establish absolute prohibition of Japanese immigration. Scholars, students, travelers, merchants, &c., would not be prevented from entering the United States.

Senator Lodge in a speech some weeks ago in Philadelphia mentioned the fact that co-operation with the United States on the Oriental question was being sought by Canada, Australia and New Zealand, the problem affecting these English possessions as it does California.

Since that time it is understood there have been informal discussions by the British Ambassador and the State Department. It is doubtful, however, whether the United States will finally shape its policy on Japanese immigration in accordance with any special desires of the countries which are suffering under Japanese invasion.

The Japanese immigration problem will be one of the many complicated international questions which will appear early in the Harding Administration.

TOKIO, Dec. 26.—E. W. Frazar and J. R. Geiry have departed for the United States to place the views of Americans in Tokio and Yokohama concerning the California land question before influential circles there.

OFFER CLUE TO BALLOON.

Sheeted With Ice, Aerial Object Was Seen Adrift Near Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Canada, Dec. 26.—Canadian naval authorities today are investigating the report that the aerial "object" reported by residents here to have been seen drifting over the outskirts of the city Dec. 15 may have been the United States naval baloon A-5586, missing from the Rockaway, N. Y., Naval Air Station since Dec. 13.

The object, sheeted with ice, was sighted by residents here early on the morning of the 15th, pursuing a northwesterly course. It was not reported until press notices were seen telling of the missing aircraft, in which three American officers were passengers.

Naval authorities here said that the missing American balloon might have passed over the city about the time the object was seen here. The search for the missing balloon has been taken up by the lumber and trapping camps of the north woods.

Officers at the Naval Air Station, Rockaway Point, L. I., said last night that no word had been received during the day of the A-5586, the naval balloon which has been missing for two weeks. The various agencies cooperating in the search for the balloon had reported no clues, they said.

Pinehurst, N. C.—Golf and all other sports. Many championship events. Thru Pullmans, Penn., 2:05 P. M. daily.—Advt.

'MONK' EASTMAN, GANGSTER, MURDERED; FOUND IN UNION SQUARE, SHOT FIVE TIMES; HIS PARTNER IN BOOTLEGGING SUSPECTED

No Crime in Chicago for Forty-eight Hours; Chief Detective Says 'We've Worn Out the Crooks'

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 26.—Christmas Day and Sunday were crimeless days here—the first since Captain Fitzmorris assumed charge of the Police Department, several weeks ago.

"The crooks are on the run," Chief of Detectives Lieutenant Michael Hughes told his special details at the Detective Bureau at rollcall tonight. "We've worn them out; it is the first forty-eight-hour period without a crime of importance in over sixty days.

"Many of the most dangerous criminals are in jail, but it's no time to let up. There are 200 square miles of territory in Chicago, and we may have missed a few. Don't stop at the city limits. Give the road-houses the 'once over.' A few of the wiser ones may have stepped over the border."

Hughes has been head of the Detective Bureau since the appointment of Charles C. Fitzmorris as General Superintendent of Police.

"The policy of bringing in every known crook and locking him up has proved its value," said he tonight. "Professional burglars, highwaymen, safe blowers and pickpockets have their haunts and hangouts. Chicago has been too tolerant of them. For several weeks we have been rounding them up. We have found them in poolrooms, saloons and on the streets. Reputable citizens can always give an account of themselves. The fellow who never has a job but always has plenty of money often is engaged in a business which it is a policeman's duty to know about. Until we are sure that we have the city cleaned up we will continue to bring the crooks in."

NURSE KILLS WOMAN, THEN ENDS HER LIFE

Anna Donegan Shoots Partner in Beauty Parlor and Commits Suicide.

SERVED AT FRONT IN FRANCE

Disagreement Over Business and Fear She Would Lose Investment the Cause.

Miss Anna Donegan, discharged from the army with the rank of Second Lieutenant, after nursing in France, killed her business partner, Mrs. Edna Hague, and committed suicide in the Lady Evelyn beauty parlor the two women conducted at 361 Van Brunt Street, Brooklyn, some time before noon yesterday. A disagreement over the financial aspects of the venture in which they had been partners for the last few months is the motive assigned by the police. Despondency because the enterprise was not paying and nervous exhaustion due to nursing a difficult mental case were contributory causes in the belief of members of Miss Donegan's family, with whom she lived at 72 Dykeman Street.

Mrs. Hague, widow of a former compositor on a Manhattan afternoon newspaper, was to have been married early next month to John Lansom, a machinist, who lived in the same apartment house at 149 Dwight Street, where Mrs. Hague lived with her mother, Mrs. H. L. Hulle, herself a widow.

Miss Josephine Hurley of 125 Pioneer Street went to the laborately fitted parlor just before noon yesterday to have her nails manicured. Though a little sign announced that the place would be closed till Monday, Miss Hurley was surprised to see the door wide open. Looking within she saw the bodies of the two women, clothed and hatted, motionless on the floor about ten feet from each other.

Without entering to investigate, Miss Hurley hurried from the third floor to the street and told several persons. They sent word to the Hamilton Avenue Police Station; where a call just had been received from others, who, passing on the Van Brunt Street elevated, had heard shots.

Patrolmen and Detective Charles Eason found the two women dead when they got there. Mrs. Hague was shot through the left temple. Miss Donegan was shot through the right temple. The wound was powder marked and the pistol, a service automatic Colt, lay by her right hand. Several manicuring implements lay near her and they were bloody, but there was no evidence that there had been a struggle or that Mrs. Hague had had any intimation that the quarrel which presumably preceded the shooting was to end in the double killing.

Police investigation which led to the verdict of murder and suicide developed that the two families were somewhat in disagreement as to the precise nature of the money difficulties, each family believing one of the women had made the larger investment in the business. They learned, however, that the two women, both living in the Red Hook section of the borough near their shop, had been intimates since they met four years ago at the bedside of a relative of Mrs. Hague, who was nursed by Miss Donegan.

At the start of the war Miss Donegan enlisted with the unit of Base Hospital 27 in Brooklyn. She trained with them in Kent, England, and later saw active service in France. She was discharged in July, 1918, after returning to this country, and, it was said, received a medal for her services.

A graduate of the New York University training school, she returned to private nursing until a few months ago when she and Mrs. Hague decided to invest their savings in the beauty parlor.

Meantime Miss Donegan had entered the employ of the Health Department as a district nurse attached to its Schermerhorn Street branch. That made it impossible for her to devote much time to the business and she feared, relatives said, that she would lose what she had invested if Mrs. Hague married and thus likewise became unable to devote the major portion of her time to the beauty parlor.

Miss Donegan visited the home of a married sister yesterday morning, leaving there shortly after 10 o'clock after having played the phonograph and seemed in good spirits.

Mrs. Hague left her home about the same time to go to the beauty parlor. Whether the two had an appointment was not learned.

LOOT BRONX STORE AS CROWDS PASS

Robbers Escape as Detective Breaks Wrist Cranking Car to Answer Call.

TAKE YOUTH AS FUR THIEF

Shop Near Police Station Plundered—Alleged Gang Chief Held in $100,000 Bail.

The early morning murder of Monk Eastman, old-time gangster, was the most exciting incident of a Sunday which gave renewed proof that desperate criminals still are operating in New York.

To put a later climax on the day's lawlessness, two armed robbers entered a cigar store at one of the Bronx's liveliest corners at 8:30 last night, stripped the place of every cent in the safe and cash register and escaped. Harry Gubelson of 883 East 176th Street is the clerk on night duty in the United Cigar Store at 1,750 Southern Boulevard, at the 174th Street corner, within a stone's throw of the 174th Street subway station and right at the junction of the Boston Road and Southern Boulevard trolley lines.

Vehicles and pedestrians were passing in all directions when Gubelson, who was in the back room checking up the receipts of the past three days, saw two well-dressed young men enter and stand at the cigar counter.

He said afterward they looked so calm and respectable it never occurred to him to suspect danger. So he left the safe ajar and the bills and coin in the box by it as he went to serve his customers.

The men selected an expansive brand of cigars and, while Gubelson was changing the $5 bill which one proffered, lighted them at their leisure. Both were puffing comfortably by the time Gubelson held the change in his hand. He heard an icy, menacing voice say:

"Now, never mind bothering to close that drawer."

Frightened for the first time, he looked up, to gaze into the muzzles of two big-barreled automatics, both poked uncomfortably near to his face. Gubelson's hands went aloft without any command from the two men. One of them, his back half turned to the door, that his weapon might not be visible, covered the clerk while his companion stepped behind the counter and scooped about $25 from the register.

Then the two ordered Gubelson into the back room, intending to force him to open the safe. They were saved that trouble. In a few seconds they had dumped about $500, all the money drawer held, into their pockets. Then they gave Gubelson some terse, stern advice as to the unhealthiness of making an outcry. So well satisfied were they that he would obey their injunction they did him no physical injury.

The two sauntered from the store, crossed the street and went off in the direction of Crotona Park at a lively stride. Satisfied they would not return Gubelson sprang to a telephone and notified the Tremont police station. Detective Austin Johnston, on duty for just such emergency calls as a part of the intensified policing of crime-wave days, attempted to crank the department Ford which stood before the door. It backfired and the kick fractured the detective's wrist. Two other detectives were sent to the store but their scouring of the neighborhood was fruitless. Johnston was able to go home after an ambulance surgeon had set his wrist.

A daring burglary that added to yesterday's crime list and recalled recent safe jobs and the theft of an automobile within a stone's throw of Headquarters was that in the fur store of Garland & Gosian at 503 Lexington Avenue, directly in the rear of the East Fifty-first Street Station, last night.

Patrolman Irving Frey of the East

Continued on Page Two.

SEE (6) BELL-ANS in a Little BOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

A LIQUOR PEDDLER SOUGHT

Police Hunt a Brooklyn Man Who Had Made Threats.

KILLED BETWEEN 4 AND 5 A.M.

Tragedy Believed to Be Due to Quarrel Over Gains in Illicit Rum Traffic.

ARREST EXPECTED SOON

Re-enfranchised for War Record, Gangster Was Thought to Have Reformed.

Monk Eastman, long a notorious gangster, but supposed to have been going straight since war service in France worked his regeneration, was shot to death at one of the most-frequented spots in downtown New York between 4 and 5 o'clock yesterday morning. His body was found by two patrolmen at the subway entrance on the south side of Fourteenth Street west of Fourth Avenue with five bullets in it. A thirty-two calibre pistol with five empty chambers in the cylinder was found on the steps of the B. R. T. subway entrance at Union Square by the same policemen.

Assistant District Attorney John R. Hennis, in charge of the Homicide Bureau in District Attorney Swann's office, after a day spent working on the case said last night he was proceeding on the theory that Eastman had been shot as the result of a quarrel over "hootch running." That the ex-gangster was killed in such a dispute when he and another man fell out over the proceeds of illicit whisky selling, he said, had not been definitely established, but the belief was held strongly enough to justify a police hunt for the man in question whose identity was known, or at least suspected.

Seeking a Brooklyn Man.

Mr. Hennis said the man whom the police are seeking is a Brooklynite and a "gangster" only in the general sense of the term, not being known to be affiliated with any definite group of thugs. This man, he said, is known to have quarreled with Eastman within the last few weeks over money matters growing out of their whisky running and is accused of having threatened to get Eastman.

Asked about a theory that Eastman had returned to gangsterdom as well as entering the illicit whisky business, the prosecuting official replied that so far as he knew the police had no information to that effect, nor had he heard any report that the gang which Eastman was rumored to have rejoined and a rival faction of outlaws were preparing to fight it out in the old style. This theory of the crime purported to be based on knowledge which had come to the Brooklyn police, who were represented as being on the alert to prevent open street warfare between the two factions, both of which were represented as having shifted their hangouts across the bridge to elude watchful detectives in New York.

"We have discussed the possibility of a gang feud," said Mr. Hennis, "but I know of no evidence thus far to support it. Having evidence that two men quarreled over the division of profits of selling rum and being informed that one of those men threatened to get the other, we are hunting for that man."

Captain Daniel J. Carey, in charge of detectives in the section of Williamsburg in which Eastman lived, said the gangster had lived a quiet and apparently a respectable life since he moved across the bridge. He added that the Brooklyn police, far from knowing that he had joined a new gang or rejoined his old one and that his and a rival faction were arming for battle, did not even have Eastman under surveillance.

Taxi Drivers Heard Shots.

In connection with the bootlegging theory Mr. Hennis said he was trying to learn if Eastman was shot from an automobile. The only "witnesses," he said, were several taxicab chauffeurs standing a short block away at Broadway and Fourteenth Street. They heard the five reports, ran to the subway entrance and found the dead man there just before the two policemen ran up. At the same moment the subway ticket agent ran up from the east side subway station and found the pistol on the top step. He was sure no man passed him running down. The chauffeurs were sure no car passed them going east or west in Fourteenth Street. They could not recall any automobile having passed up or down Fourth Avenue either, at about the time the shots were heard, but due to the fact that that thoroughfare was a short block away there was a possibility the car did pass up or down Fourth Avenue.

More light would be thrown on the plausibility or lack of it in this theory, Mr. Hennis said, by the medical examin-

Raiders Wreck Plant of Cork Examiner; Two Men Killed in Tralee, Three Hurt in Dublin

CORK, Dec. 26.—Thirty armed and masked raiders invaded the offices of the Cork Examiner Christmas Eve, broke the machinery with hammers, wrecked parts of the building with explosives and set fire to the property. They escaped before the arrival of the police. The fire was extinguished, but the other damage was very extensive.

The raiders, who wore civilian clothing, said they were acting under "orders of the Irish Republic." They forced their way through the front entrance, carrying sledge hammers, with which they smashed two large printing presses. Cutting the telephone wires, they proceeded to place bombs and sticks of gelignite under the machines, some of which were blown to pieces.

The raiders remained twenty-five minutes. It is believed the attack was caused by the attitude of the Examiner on the recent pastoral letter issued by the Bishop of Cork.

DUBLIN, Dec. 26.—Two men who fired on the Crown forces today at Tralee were shot dead by the military when they tried to escape. They had revolvers and "dum-dum" bullets in their possession.

Two civilians and one soldier were wounded here in disturbances Christmas. Their wounds are not considered serious.

"FLORIDA SPECIAL." Through limited all Pullman train. No extra fare. Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Office, 1245 Broadway.—Advt.

FALL MALL Rounds—You'll like the idea—a free and easy draught.—Advt.

learned the police had not discovered Eastman's exact address. They were working on the theory that he occupied a furnished room somewhere in Williamsburg, probably along Broadway.

Without going further into details, Mr. Means said there already was reason to believe that the formation which had made Eastman celebrated in the picaresque literature of the day had not been so complete as those believed who found in it the test for celebrating the moral recuperative powers of such as he.

At midnight last night Detectives John Bottle took a man from the Blue Bird, a basement cabaret in Fourteenth Street, two doors west of the subway station at the entrance to which Eastman's body was found, to the Mercer Street station to be questioned. The man was not under arrest. The Blue Bird long was Pabst's rathskellar. Later it was taken over by Willie Lewis, prizefighter, and a number of others who ran it on a co-operative plan. Lewis himself was shot and seriously wounded there about a year ago.

Arrest Expected Soon.

Detectives professed themselves last night as hopeful of making an arrest soon. They refused virtually all information as to the circumstances of the crime, replying to various questions that to disclose any information would weaken their case. They said they were satisfied the shooting was the working out of a private grudge, that they did not believe it could be interpreted as meaning that there was a renewed outbreak of organized gang warfare, and that they were searching for persons known to have been companions of Monk the night before he met his death.

Beyond intimating that they had no reason to suppose Eastman, whose real name was William Delaney, had returned to an underworld life, the detectives refused to disclose any of the light they said thus far had been shed on the crime. They admitted an address, 124 Penn Street, Brooklyn, given out at first as Eastman's latest address, was erroneous, but refused to tell where he did live. Nor would they disclose anything they might have learned as to his recent movements.

The original report of the crime as it came from the Mercer Street Station was that Patrolmen Malloy and Morelock found the body and later the pistol. The detectives were asked if that meant that no one had heard the shots and that there had been no witnesses to a shooting in the region about Union Square which is one of the last in the city to become deserted in the early morning, and which soon becomes populous again with early risers. They replied that "a number of persons had heard the shots."

The policemen, who found the body, bent over it, and, despite the many bullets which had punctured it, thought they were able to detect faint heartbeats. A hurry call brought an ambulance from St. Vincent's Hospital. There it was found the man, as yet unidentified, was dead.

The body was taken to the Morgue, where a label on the inside coat pocket of a good suit of clothes was found to be marked "E. Eastman. Oct. 22, 1919. No. 17434 W. B." The suit was made by Witty Brothers of 70 Eldridge Street. Henry Witty o fthat firm said over the telephone he had made the suit for Monk Eastman, whose tailor he had been for many years.

Not satisfied with that identification detectives took finger prints of the dead man and compared them with those at Headquarters, where Monk had a long record, thus definitely establishing his identity.

Robbery Not Motive; $140 in Pocket.

The early police theory was that the finding of the dead man meant another desperate murder with robbery as its motive, but search of Eastman's clothes showed $140 in money, two pairs of eyeglasses, a watch and chain, a bunch of keys and a Christmas card addressed to E. Eastman.

Lieutenant Funston, in charge of detectives at the Mercer Street station assumed command of the police investigation as soon as he learned the identity of the victim, assigning Detectives John Bottle and Joseph Gilkinson to aid him. Late last night they said they had learned something as to Eastman's companions in the hours just preceding the shooting, that they were rounding up these persons and that they might soon make an arrest. Upon theories as to motive Lieutenant Funston was silent.

Former associates of Eastman were inclined to believe in the theory of the District Attorney's office that the former gangster was the victim of liquor peddlers with whom he had become associated. It was suggested that while he had apparently reformed and was leading a reputable life, it was quite possible that he had fallen under the temptation of the large profits to be derived from bootlegging. It was further remarked that he had met death in the heart of the district in which he so long captained the underworld—the Monk Eastman gang having been based on the corner of Third Avenue and Fourteenth Street.

If the yarn that Eastman might have become a "hooch runner" was correct, and it came from an old-time associate of the dead man, the natural inference would be that he had quarreled with others over money gained in illicit whisky trading or that some men with whom he thus had been associated believed the Monk had swindled him and killed him in revenge.

"Charley Jones," one-time gangster and associate of Eastman, now leading a lawful life and engaged in the automobile business at Two Addresses in Manhattan, supplied another theory. He said that Eastman, ever since he returned from the war and got from the Government his chance to "live clean," had spurned gangsterdom and all its ways and works. Even the old neighborhood was too lurid in associations for him, and he sought the quietest life a man could live.

Reformed for a While.

Jones said when he first turned "straight" and entered the automobile business he prospered, and that when he found his old pal "going on the level" he took him in with him. Monk, he said, soon tired of the business, finding even that too lively for his tastes and perhaps too fraught with temptations to resume the old sort of life. Thereupon Monk, said he, crossed the bridge and took up his residence in Penn Street, Brooklyn, either under his real name of Delaney or under some assumed name, and opened a pet store, devoted particularly to birds, somewhere in Broadway, Brooklyn.

Jones said he did not know the exact address, nor whether Eastman ran the shop under his real name or one that was assumed. He had not seen him for several months.

Proceeding from that account of the premises to his theory of the crime, Eastman's old associate said he should not be a bit surprised if "young squirt gunmen" invading the territory where Eastman once was king, and regarding it as their own, had spied the old-time leader on some errant visit to his former haunts and had shot him to death out of sheer bravado. It was not unthinkable, he said, that this younger generation of gangsters, eager to make a name for themselves, and believing the reformed bad man safe prey, had pounced upon him from some dark doorway and killed him that the prowess of their killing might go forth in the circles in which they moved.

"Monk hadn't a real personal enemy that I knew of," said Jones. "He was never a thief and he was always a 'big money kid.' A thousand dollars was his idea of a small stake. He was over in Manhattan after all this time on any business you can bet it was big business and no piker affair."

Eastman, despite almost a lifetime of wrongdoing, was said to have come from a good family. His parents have been reported wealthy or at least well to do, and it has been said that during his early erring years they exhausted every effort to induce him to forsake evil ways and grow up a useful citizen. Though Eastman himself was very nearly 30 years old when his career was terminated so suddenly outside the subway station, the police think his parents are alive and are living somewhere in New York. They were hunting for them last night. His father's name also is said to be William Delaney. Eastman was first arrested in New York City in December, 1902, on a charge of assault and was discharged.

Detectives discovered late last night that Eastman lived in a furnished room house at 81 Driggs Avenue, Brooklyn. The room was thoroughly searched for clues and all his belongings were taken to Police Headquarters, but a thorough examination failed to reveal even the slightest clue, it was said. The detectives scoured that section of Brooklyn where he had roomed in an effort to find some one who knew the more recent history of Eastman and his associates, but likewise failed to unearth any information which might help in clearing up the murder, they declared.

Eastman's Police Record.

His police record and alias list as given out by William J. Hunt, finger print expert at police headquarters, follows:

John Eastman, December 1902; New York City, assault, discharged.
Joseph Morris, August 1903, New York City, assault, discharged.
William Delaney, August 1903; Freehold, N. J., felonious assault, discharged.
William Delaney, December 1903; New York City, suspicion of homicide, discharged.
William Delaney, December 1903; twice arrested as a suspicious person and twice discharged.
William Delaney, April, 1904; felonious assault, ten years in Sing Sing by Recorder Goff.
William Delaney, May, 1912; manufacturing opium, eight months in the penitentiary by Judge Julius M. Mayer.
John Marvin, September, 1914; Buffalo burglary, discharged.
William Delaney, July, 1915; Albany, two years and eleven months in Dannemora.

The record of arrests in August, 1903, covers an interesting story. Prior to that date, David Lamar, since notorious as "the Wolf of Wall Street" had been soundly thrashed by a cracksman named James McMahon whom he had discharged. Subsequently, three gangsters set upon McMahon near his home in New Jersey and all but killed him. McMahon, taken to Police Headquarters here, identified Eastman and one of his cronies as two of the men who had beaten him. Eastman, Lamar, and Eastman's friend, Joe Brown, were arrested charged with assault, but when the case reached court all were discharged for lack of evidence.

The last time Monk was arrested he was arraigned and discharged in the West Side Court in September, 1919. He was then arrested for engaging in a street brawl. He was arrested in Riverdale on the Albany charge. He was driving an automobile through that town when he was stopped by a member of the local police force. Silverware and clothing valued at $10,000 was found in the car. When he finished his term in prison the war had just begun. It was said at the time by the prison officials that he had declared that when he got out he was "going straight." He did, as far as any records show.

Enlisted in Army.

When he was released he went to Yonkers and enlisted in the 106th Infantry and served in France with the Twenty-seventh Division. As proof of the fact that Eastman or Delaney had done his duty for his country, his commanding officers made a personal appeal to Governor Smith, when the division returned from France in 1919, for the restoration of Monk's citizenship.

Monk was discharged at Camp Upton on April 2, 1919, and his service was marked "excellent." In the service he was known as Edward Eastman.

When the application was forwarded to Governor Smith, Supreme Court Justice Morschauser wrote: "He volunteered his services for his country and made good—offering his life to the end that law and order should prevail in the world."

Captain Robert G. Conrow, who was Eastman's commanding officer, wrote: "He was a quiet and disciplined soldier and toward all his comrades he evinced the greatest kindness and devotion."

The petition was also signed by Colonel Franklin W. Wafe, Captain Robert S. Clever and Lieutenant Joseph A. Kerrigan.

Governor Smith, in view of Eastman's fine war record, restored his citizenship on May 8, 1919.

Little is known of Eastman's life since his discharge from the service. According to the police, he has been living in Williamsburg and has not been in any trouble.

He was last seen a few months ago by a detective who had known him during his colorful career. According to this detective, he said: "I am not Monk Eastman any more. I am just plain Mr. William Delaney. I'll tell the world that I am going straight."

Caught in Opium Raid.

A little-known fact about the gangster was recalled last night by a veteran policeman who remembered that fifteen years ago Sergeant John J. Dwan, now attached to the Ralph Avenue Station, Brooklyn, but then a detective attached to the East Fifth Street Station in Manhattan, went to a flat in Avenue A, where it was rumored an opium den existed. Leaving two plain-clothes companions on the corner, he went to the door of the place and tapped with his nail, Chinese fashion. The keeper swung it open and there on the floor of a dismal room reeking with opium fumes lay five half-clad men around an opium pipe which was passing from hand to hand. One of them was Eastman.

Dwan reached behind, locked the door and, drawing his pistol, forced the men to dress one at a time, fearing they were armed and would attack him if he allowed more than one to move at a time. They offered no resistance, nor did four others found semi-conscious in an adjoining room. Dwan then hurled a pitcher through the front window to bring his companions to his assistance. The men all were discharged in court next morning, except the room-keeper, who was held.

POLICEMAN KILLS HIMSELF.

Fires Fatal Shot as Wife and Children Play in Home.

While his wife and two children were celebrating around a Christmas tree in another room of their apartment at 204 DeKalb Avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday, Patrolman James Atkins, 40 years old, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head. His wife and the children heard the report and rushed into the kitchen, where they found Atkins on the floor. The police of the Classon Avenue Station summoned an ambulance and Atkins was taken to the Cumberland Street Hospital.

Patrolman Atkins had been attached to the Classon Avenue Station for fifteen years, since his appointment to the police force. No motive for the suicide could be learned. Lieutenant O'Keefe of the Classon Avenue Station said Patrolman Atkins had a good record.

TWO MURDERS SOLVED.

Confessions of Two East St. Louis Negroes Also Explain Hold-ups.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., Dec. 26.—Two murders and a series of burglaries and hold-ups were cleared up today, with the alleged confessions of Alfred Lane, 18 years old, and Raymond Kitsworth, 17, negroes, who, the police say, admit shooting two men in hold-ups here last month.

Policemen who took the men into custody stated they heard one say "We'd better get these cops before they get us."

DRY AGENT'S DEATH

Federal Chief Finds Clues and Promises Early Solution of Mystery.

THREE INQUIRIES UNDER WAY

Prohibition Officials Trying to Trace Movements of McGuinness—Tumulty Urges Police Aid.

An early solution of the mystery in the death of James F. McGuinness, a squad chief of the Prohibition Department in this city, found dead in Newark Bay, at Bayonne, N. J., Friday afternoon with a bullet wound in his right temple, was promised last night by William J. Flynn, Chief of the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice, following a visit with two of his agents to the spot where the body was found and after questioning the Bayonne police who had been at work on the case.

The investigation by the Department of Justice was ordered Saturday night by Attorney General Palmer at the request of Joseph P. Tumulty, secretary to President Wilson, who is a cousin of Mrs. McGuinness. Without indicating whether he thought the prohibition agent was killed by bootleggers, as is believed by members of the family and neighbors, or took his own life, as contended by the Bayonne police, Chief Flynn said he expected to have the mystery cleared up in a couple of days.

Coincident with the investigation by the Department of Justice, the officials of the Prohibition Department redoubled their efforts yesterday to solve the mystery. Several of the best men in the department, who knew McGuinness and his work in the service, have been detailed to the case by Acting Supervising Prohibition Agent Samuel M. Sewell. They have been instructed to run down every possible clue.

Autopsy to Be Performed.

An autopsy will be performed on the body of McGuinness at the morgue of the Jersey City Hospital this morning, and an inquest by Coroner Joseph Introcaso will follow. The decision to perform an autopsy resulted from the activity of the Department of Justice agents. Dr. Bert Daly, County Physician, accepting the theory of suicide, had said Saturday night that no autopsy would be performed, but changed his attitude yesterday.

Acting Supervisor Sewell said he expected a report today from agents who have been tracing the movements of McGuinness from the time he left home Friday morning shortly after 8 o'clock, until the body was discovered on the shore by Thomas Mack of Bayonne. The prohibition officials believe this work may clear up the case.

The prohibition officials are working on the assumption that McGuinness was murdered by bootleggers. The Bayonne police still cling to the suicide theory, pointing out that powder burns on the forehead indicated that the revolver was held close to his head and also that the absence of any footprints on the marshy shore except those made by McGuinness showed that no one else had been there. They assert further that if he had been killed while riding in an automobile with a bootlegger or gunman and his body taken in where it was found, as argued by some of the investigators, there would have been other footprints, as the automobile could not have gone that far out—about 100 feet from the shore. The police also say that the body could not have been taken there in a boat as the water is too shallow.

Indications of Murder.

McGuinness was found lying on his back with right arm outstretched and a .38 Colt blue steel pistol clutched in his hand. Prohibition officials said yesterday that they doubted whether a person taking his own life and falling in that manner would have retained his grip on the instrument of death. They believe the revolver was placed in his hand after he was shot.

Accompanied by Frank Stone of Newark and Arthur Frank of Jersey City, Department of Justice agents, Chief Flynn began his investigation at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. At Bayonne Police Headquarters, Detective Donovan, who has had charge of the investigation for the Bayonne police, told Chief Flynn that measurements he made satisfied him that the footprints near the body were made by McGuinness.

At the morgue Chief Flynn examined the velour hat worn by McGuinness. The bullet which killed McGuinness had passed through the brim of the hat, which was found eight or ten feet from the body.

Chief Flynn and his agents next went carefully over the ground where the body was discovered. It was low tide, as when the body was discovered. Chief Flynn then returned to New York, detailing the two agents to follow up clues which, he said, he had obtained and which he believes will lead to a solution of the mystery by tomorrow or next day.

Chief of Police Richard Battersby of Jersey City yesterday received the following telegram sent Saturday night by Secretary Tumulty:

"I have tonight asked the Attorney General to send a special investigator to Bayonne and New York to co-operate with you in your investigation of all the facts in connection with the death of James F. McGuinness.

"I knew this young man intimately. He was a high-minded public official. I am certain, from the information now at hand, that he met with foul play in the discharge of his duty. Every fact of his fine home life negatives any other idea.

"I am sure I can count on you to co-operate in ascertaining all the facts in this most pathetic case."

CRACK MONTREAL SAFE.

Robbers Get $5,000 in Second Operation in 36 Hours.

MONTREAL, Dec. 26.—The second safe robbery in the business district within thirty-six hours was reported to the police today.

Cash, securities and jewelry valued at $5,000 were taken from the blown-up safe of the American Pumping Supplies Company, directly across the street from Dubinstein Brothers, whose safe had been rifled in the same manner of $6,000 in gold and silver foil.

MORE HELP NEEDED

For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

Sends 150 Invitations to Jersey Conference Tomorrow—Outlines Precautions.

TRENTON, Dec. 26.—Outlining plans for a Statewide system to suppress crime in New Jersey, Governor Edwards has sent 150 invitations to State and County agencies, the American Legion and other veteran associations, as well as two officials of neighboring States to attend a conference he has called here next Tuesday.

The Governor has suggested the following precautions to be considered at the conference:

Co-ordination of Municipal Police Departments throughout the State; reporting of every automobile entering the State on the highways, over bridges or by ferries; night guarding of roads to and from municipalities; a system of speedy communication to capture escaping criminals; co-operation of neighboring States to check the crime wave; surveillance over known criminals; substantial State rewards for the capture of bandits and murderers; a close guard over parked automobiles to prevent their being stolen and used by outlaws, and the appointment of a State officer whose term of office need not continue more than two years, to have charge of all the machinery to be put into force for stamping out increasing depredations.

OFFERS $50 JOB TO CONVICT.

New York Firm Wants Samuel L. Shows If He Can Obtain Freedom.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 26.—It is not often that a prisoner in the Maryland Penitentiary receives an offer of a job paying $50 a week if he can obtain his release, but such is the experience of Samuel L. Shows, who is serving a term for assault.

Governor Ritchie has received a request from Herman, Shuman & Glazer, a New York clothing manufacturing firm, which has a contract in the penitentiary here, asking that Shows be paroled. The firm said it wanted him as a clothing cutter foreman, and would give him a permanent position in New York at $50 a week.

Shows was paroled shortly after the outbreak of the war, and permission was given him to go into the army. In the army he was absent without leave, and violated other army regulations, and so, when he was discharged, he was turned over to the Maryland authorities for violation of his parole and sent back to complete his sentence. Since that time he has been foreman in the clothing shop at the penitentiary.

Governor Ritchie will send the request to the State Board of Parole and Pardon.

KILLS MAN WHO RAN AMUCK.

Sheriff Thimmig Shoots Down Ex-Convict in Pinckneyville, Ill.

PINCKNEYVILLE, Ill., Dec. 26.—J. "Foxy" Hoagland, who, the police say, is an ex-convict, was shot to death here today by Sheriff Thomas Thimmig of Perry County after running amuck with a revolver at the Illinois Central depot, wounding three men and holding up another.

None of the three is thought to have been severely wounded.

Hoagland was killed after he had fired on Sheriff Thimmig and a deputy, wounding the former in the arm.

LOOT BRONX STORE AS CROWDS PASS

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

Sixty-seventh Street Station, off duty and visiting friends in the quarters of Engine Company No. 8, adjoining the police station, heard screams of women and ran into the alleyway in the rear. There he found Harry Magid, a youth who said he had no home, crouching against a wall.

The women had started screaming when they heard some one pounding against a wall of the fur store.

Investigation by the police disclosed that plaster had been knocked from the wall of the store with a poker and an entrance had been effected. In the alleyway were found in a bundle six fur scarfs, two men's overcoats, a woman's fur coat and a woman's dress coat, all valued at $500. The police said Magid took them from the store and on being surprised threw them away.

Magid said he came here from Boston and has lived in a South Street lodging house. He is charged with burglary.

Preaching an impassioned sermon on vice and crime conditions, the Rev. Dr. John Roach Straton of Calvary Baptist Church, after scoring the police and the city authorities and decrying the lack of prohibition enforcement, said he had received hundreds of letters of protest. One, which he said was typical, he read from the pulpit. With his deletions it follows:

"For the sake of humanity and the saving of the souls of thousands of girls who are daily and nightly going to the devil by the excessive drinking they are doing, won't you kindly have P—— and J——'s saloon put out of business. The way that liquor is sold so openly is a disgrace to the law that was put on the statute books of this great country. Girls are lured to this place during all hours of the day and night, and given dope that they hand out there. They are beaten, robbed, and their honor taken from them. These two saloon keepers are protected by the political influence they receive from Alderman F—— of the Assembly district.

They are also protected by the two prohibition officers of the Government who are assigned to this district, owing to the fact that both officers are members of the F—— —— Club, of which J—— (one of the saloon keepers) is a very prominent member. Several complaints have been made against this dive at —— Street and L—— Avenue, but a deaf ear has been placed against closing it up. Consequently, I think it is up to a man of your fighting calibre, and one who is out to have a good city, to get after these people, for it is the ruination of many a girl in the last two years.

"The New York —— —— Co., just west of L—— Avenue and —— Street, know that all their girls are enticed into this place by different men of the underworld, yet they do not seem interested enough to take the matter up to protect their girls from this life. I sincerely hope that you will look into the matter and have things looked after by the proper authorities who will enforce the law.

"Very truly yours,

"A DISTRACTED FATHER.

"F——
"E—— —— St."

More Crimes Are Disclosed.

Despite Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright's assertion that crime records are available to the public, lawbreaking continued to come to light through the arrest of offenders or their arraignment in court or the disclosures of victims which was not allowed to transpire when the crime was committed and complaint was made to the police.

Theodore Simon, New York salesmanager for B. T. Babbitt said his apartment at 1,209 Fulton Avenue, The Bronx, was entered between 4 and 5 o'clock last Thursday morning by burglars who smashed a pane of glass in a window leading from the fire-escape. His three-year-old son, Arnold, awakened him crying, and Simon arose and saw dim lights in the front room.

At the same time he heard the milkman on the second floor and tiptoeing to the door, called him. The two stood and heard the burglars at work, but feared they would be killed if they interfered as neither was armed. When they heard the men depart they went into the front room and found that $891 was gone from Simon's pocket; $2,300 worth of jewelry was gone from his wife's jewel case, he said, and reported the robbery and detectives came.

Mr. Simon said next day he went to the Morrisania Station and asked for a pistol permit. When he noted on his request that his home had been looted, he declared the desk Lieutenant told him to "scratch that out," remarking that the robbery was being investigated.

Thomas Aquino of 449 West Forty-sixth Street, a longshoreman, was locked in the West Thirty-seventh Street Station on a burglary charge early yesterday morning by two detectives. Friends of the man intervened when he was seized and fought so hard they almost tore off the policemen's clothes before they were driven off. The crime of which he was accused occurred Dec. 7, when detectives said he entered the restaurant of S. Dementros at 416 West Forty-second Street and stole $65 from the cash register. Aquino was accompanied by another man, the police say, and during a fight which preceded the robbery Fred Kepos of 708 East Eighteenth Street, a cook in the restaurant, was shot in the right leg. Both men escaped in a taxicab, the door of which was opened by a young woman.

Aquino, who has been indicted by the Grand Jury on another charge of assault, was held in $15,000 bail by Magistrate Levine for examination today.

Three Sent to Workhouse.

Miss Shirley Levine, a well-dressed young woman, told Magistrate Corrigan in Morrisania Court that she was standing in the hallway of her home, 536 East 147th Street, Christmas night, talking to a man friend, when Adam Wiepolsk of 417 St. Ann's Avenue, the Bronx, wearing a soldier's uniform, and who later said he was on recruiting duty, and Edward Lacy of 416 St. Ann's Avenue entered the hallway, seized her and tried to tear her rings from her fingers, while Eugene Semak of 417 St. Ann's Avenue, a cousin of the soldier, stood guard outside. The three were captured after a chase of several blocks when her cries brought aid to her companion.

Magistrate Corrigan found the three men guilty of disorderly conduct and sentenced them each to six months in the workhouse, declaring he intended to rid the streets of such young men.

Wearing a soldier's uniform with two wound stripes and ribbons indicating a year's service overseas, William J. Purdy of 342 West 123d Street was arraigned before Magistrate Jesse Silbermann in the Washington Heights Court yesterday charged with grand larceny. Martin Rosefield, a student at New York University, said he invited Purdy to a fraternity house on Christmas Day and that he stole a suitcase obtaining clothing worth more than $50.

Purdy had a marriage license in his pocket when arrested and is said to have told the police that he was to be married today. The police declare that Purdy is an impostor and unknown at the Fox Hills Hospital, where he said he had been treated. Purdy was held in $1,000 bail for examination today.

Fred Ruthenberg of 162 West 147th Street was held without bail for examination tomorrow in Washington Heights Court by Magistrate Silbermann yesterday on a charge of felonious assault. According to Detective Edward McGrath of the West 135th Street police station, Ruthenberg, while chasing an unidentified man from the hallway of his home, caused him to fall on the sidewalk and become unconscious.

The injured man, about 30 years old, is unconscious in Harlem Hospital with a fractured skull and his identity remains unknown. Ruthenberg informed the court that the man attacked his ten-year-old daughter Anna in the hallway of their home, and when the girl complained to Mrs. Ruthenberg he went to investigate. The man made a movement for his hip pocket as he ran from the vestibule of the house. Ruthenberg said, and then he threw him into the street.

Christmas Celebrants Jailed.

Magistrate Corrigan in West Side Court was called upon to deal with several cases growing out of too fervid celebrations of Christmas, which put the celebrants in ugly mood.

After an absence of fourteen years, John J. Berry, 57 years old, called for the first time upon his wife, Mrs. Catherine Berry, at 965 Grant Avenue, and, according to her, threatened to kill her. Magistrate Corrigan sentenced Berry to thirty days in the workhouse.

Joseph Bosky, 37, of 772 Forrest Avenue, will spend the next sixty days in the workhouse. His wife, Mary, alleged that he celebrated Christmas by kicking her.

George Jancer, 47, of 982 Melrose Avenue, was held by Magistrate Corrigan in $10,000 bail for examination tomorrow on a charge of felonious assault. It is alleged that while intoxicated on Christmas Day he locked his daughter into a bathroom, from the window of which she either fell or was pushed to a courtyard below and is now in Lincoln Hospital in a serious condition.

August F. Idler, the insurance agent who was arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the attempted burglary of Robert Ireland's apartment in the Murray Hill Hotel, will be confronted by Mr. Ireland and a number of others when he is arraigned in Jefferson Market Court. Mr. Ireland has failed to identify him, and detectives who arrested him when he aroused suspicion at the New York Hospital, where he went to have injuries dressed, said their case against him was flimsy. They added, however, that he still was hazy in his story of how he was injured, insisting he was held up, beaten and robbed on the way to the Hotel Biltmore, but declaring that hotel was at Forty-first Street instead of Forty-third Street.

Take Policeman for Thief.

Suspecting thieves were attempting to enter a dry goods store on the first floor of his home, 328 Leonard Street, Brooklyn, yesterday morning, Salvatore Rara jumped out of bed and got a revolver. He hid behind the vestibule door and heard some one turn the knob of the store door. Rushing out and thrusting his weapon at the supposed thief he discovered him to be Patrolman Arnold Titus of the Herbert Street police station.

The policeman quickly drew his gun, suspecting Rara to be a hold-up man. Rara, however, dropped his revolver and explained to the bluecoat he had been aroused from his sleep by the noise, thinking a burglar was trying to rob the store.

Rara had no permit to carry the weapon. He was arraigned in the Bridge Plaza Court, Brooklyn, yesterday and held in $1,000 bail for a hearing next Wednesday.

Lorenzo Fabritore of 290 North Sixth Street, Brooklyn, was held in $1,000 bail when arraigned before Magistrate Doyle in the Bridge Plaza Court, Brooklyn, yesterday charged with violating the Sullivan law.

Detective Dowling of the Sixteenth Branch Detective Bureau arrested Lorenzo at Roebling and North Seventh Streets early yesterday morning. He is the first man to be arrested in the Williamsburg section since extra police precautions have been taken as a result of the crime wave.

HELD IN $100,000 AS ROBBER CHIEF

George L. King Accused of Plotting Thieves' Invasion of Realty Man's Home.

George L. King, who is charged by the police with having been concerned in the robbery of Henry Fettel at the latter's home, 187 Linden Avenue, Brooklyn, and is suspected of being the leader of a group of thieves, was held in $100,000 bail yesterday in the Flatbush Police Court. Magistrate Steers increased the amount from $25,000 at the request of District Attorney Harry M. Lewis. The Magistrate set Jan. 4 for King's examination.

The police say that they expect to prove that King arranged for the robbery of Mr. Fettel, a wealthy real estate dealer, but was not one of the two gunmen who invaded the latter's home, beat him and a maid and fled with jewelry, valued at $5,000. District Attorney Lewis said that, while King had made a confession, he did not believe he had told all about the criminal operations in which he and his accomplices had been concerned. Mr. Lewis said King had traveled about the country, stopping at hotels where wealthy visitors were guests, and had made Mrs. Fettel's acquaintance at the Bald Mountain Hotel in the Adirondacks.

According to the police, King has made a practice of ingratiating himself with wealthy persons for the purpose of subsequent robbery. Walter Phinney, arrested after a chase following the robbery of Mr. Fettel, has confessed, the police say, that King guided him and another man to the Fettel home and acted as "lookout" while the robbery was in progress.

King is reported to be the son of a prominent business man who disowned him recently after furnishing bail for an offense which King is alleged to have committed in New Jersey. The police were said to be investigating this New Jersey case and also information to the effect that King was wanted by the authorities of California.

Council's Investigation Seeks to Determine What Official Is Responsible.

RAILROAD TRACKS WRECKED

Eleven of the Pennsylvania Put Out of Commission When Boulevard Wall Collapsed.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 26.—The investigation by the City Council of the Bigelow Boulevard slide, which has already produced hot interchanges between representatives of different branches of the city government, is expected to be marked by increased bitterness when it is resumed next Tuesday.

The slide, which for a time put Pittsburgh's most important automobile highway out of commission and rendered eleven tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad useless, has been checked. The great fissures left have been covered temporarily, so that vehicles are using the boulevard again, and former train routings on the Pennsylvania, interrupted for several weeks, have been resumed.

The investigation is being conducted with a view to fixing responsibility for what is admitted to have been a gigantic engineering blunder on somebody's part.

What action will be taken by the Pennsylvania Railroad to recover damages from the city has not yet been made known. That a heavy bill will have to be met by the taxpayers is obvious.

The boulevard at the point where the trouble occurred runs parallel with the Pennsylvania tracks, and about fifty feet above them, the hill rising abruptly from the tracks.

In building the Boulevard many years ago, while E. M. Bigelow was Director of Public Works, a hollow had to be filled at this point. An "S" curve, which has been known as "dead man's curve" was created, and part of the proceeds of a bond issue of $22,000,000, recently approved by the voters, was to be used in eliminating this curve. To do so huge quantities of fill were dumped on the hillside. Soon afterward the slide started. Whether the dumping of the fill had anything to do with it is one of the questions at issue.

To determine the cause of the slide and to help in remedying the situation the city, at the suggestion of the President of the Council, John S. Herron, engaged General George W. Goethals, builder of the Panama Canal, to come here and study the situation. General Goethals came and spent Nov. 20 with a party of city officials inspecting the slide. A few days he submitted to report in which he attributed the slide to improper drainage in the original fill by which the old hollow had been bridged. The recent fill served to aggravate the original trouble. It was the "last straw that broke the camel's back," he said.

When the boulevard was built a retaining wall was constructed with its investigation has shown, causing it to rot and collapse. This caused a great fissure to open in the hillside, the mouth of the big crack being right in the boulevard, which had to be closed to all traffic. As the crack widened the section of the fill pushed out the retaining wall and caused eleven tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad to be twisted out of place and raised above their beds.

Members of the city's engineering division conferred with a view of adopting some device to stop the action of the slide, which was making the great crack wider each day. There seemed to be no way of checking it, and it had to run its course.

In the investigation now under way Chief Engineer W. S. Sprague, under whose direction the fill for eliminating dead man's curve was dumped on the hillside, is especially under fire.

"Not one pound of earth should have been dumped on the hillside," said Captain James Wells, aged 70, a retired engineer, testifying last week before the councilmen. Testimony was given to the effect that last July city engineers were warned of the dangerous condition of the hillside, but that nothing was done to avert trouble.

James Aston, inspector in charge of the recent fill, which is blamed in part for the slide, told of protesting months ago to William Shore, Jr., division engineer, against any further dumping on the hillside because of the apparent danger of a slip. Shore testified that he had told Thomas Reed, engineer in charge of the work, of Mr. Aston's warning twice, and had been referred to Mr. Sprague. Shore said he had not taken the matter up with Sprague himself. Sprague contended that it would have been difficult to determine drainage conditions. This contention was characterized by Captain Wells as "silly."

On the stand, Sprague declared that the recent fill of some thirty-five cubic yards of material was not responsible for the slip and was only indirectly involved.

Mayor E. V. Babcock aroused the ire of the nine Councilmen when he asserted that politics had been injected into the investigation.

"As Chief Executive of the city, are you satisfied that the Engineering Department did all that was necessary to safeguard the interests of the city?" asked Councilman A. K. Oliver.

The Mayor declined to answer, countering with: "You are the jury and it is your investigation."

CONFER ON HAMON DEFENSE

Accused Woman and Attorneys Discuss Case in Ardmore.

ARDMORE, Okla., Dec. 26.—The defense of Mrs. Clara Smith Hamon, at liberty under $12,000 bond on a charge of killing Jake L. Hamon, was discussed at a conference today between Mrs. Hamon and her attorneys. The conference lasted four hours, and according to the attorneys, virtually every question concerning the case was considered.

Mrs. Hamon came from Wilson, Okla., thirty miles away, where she is visiting relatives, returning to Wilson late today. At the end of the conference one of the attorneys expressed the belief that the trial probably would not take place until after Jan. 17.

Loots Show Window of $600.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 26.—Police are seeking a clue to the thief who today threw a brick through a window in a pawnbroker's shop, then robbed the place of $600 worth of jewelry. The shop is located on one of the most prominent business streets of the city.

TIFFANY & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET
PEARLS DIAMONDS JEWELRY
SILVERWARE STATIONERY

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue. 46TH and 47TH Sts.
Will Begin Today
After-Christmas Sales
of
Mid-Winter Fashions
at greatly reduced prices
Day and Evening
GOWNS
Luxuriously Fur-trimmed
SUITS
Stunning
DAY COATS AND WRAPS
BLOUSES MILLINERY
RICH FURS
and IMPORTED NOVELTIES

A MAN'S LETTER PAPER

Most business men have a semi-personal stationery for their more intimate letters—better paper than their regular office stationery, and the address only engraved at the top.

Paper for such use should be masculine—fine, strong paper with sheets of a generous size—reflecting the executive.

CRANE'S Bond, the product of a house that for 119 years has made good paper, is ideal for such a use. The name "Crane" watermarked in the sheet underwrites the good judgment of the man using such paper.

100% selected new rag stock
119 years' experience
Bank notes of 22 countries
Paper money of 438,000,000 people
Government bonds of 18 nations

Crane's
BUSINESS PAPERS

In 1634 New Jersey's Population was "500 souls"

In 1634 England granted to Sir Edmund Plowden the country between Cape May and Long Island, called New Albion (one of the many early names of New Jersey.) Sir Edmund was made Governor, with the title of "Earl Palatine," because he had "amply and copiously peopled the country with five hundred persons." 286 years ago, this doubtless seemed a large population, but today, nearly twice the population of New Albion travels every little while, every day—quickly, comfortably—to

Philadelphia
via New Jersey Central
"Less than two hours on the train"

Fast trains with parlor cars and coaches week days from Liberty Street (15 minutes earlier from West 23rd Street) 7:00, 8:00, and 10:00 A.M. 12:00 Noon; 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00 and 10:00 P.M. Also 12:10 midnight (from Liberty Street only) with Sleeper. For other trains and Sunday schedule see time tables.

Time tables and complete information at Consolidated Ticket Offices or Stations.

New Jersey Central

The Kensico Cemetery
America's Burial Park

FOR INVESTORS AND BANKERS.
The Annual Review of The Analyst, Jan. 3, will contain articles dealing with financial and commercial activities in 1921, and men prominent in the world of economics and business will present forecasts for 1921. Complete reports of the year's business in stocks and bonds, dealings on the chief Stock Exchanges and charts showing stock and bond averages. Sent by mail a copy. Annually, $5. Published by The New York Times Company—Adv.

TEXTILE RADICALS LOSE IN LAWRENCE

Conservative Mill Workers Stick to Amalgamated, Rejecting "One Big Union."

MAJORITY BUT SEVENTY-FIVE

Voters Favor Reorganization of Union by Craft Branches, Eliminating Language Branches.

Special to The New York Times.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Dec. 26.—Ben Legere's movement for the formation of the Lawrence branch of the Amalgamated Textile Workers of America into a local of the "one big union" was defeated by a very small margin in the referendum vote at the general election held here today and tonight by the local branch.

The local voted 1,181 to 1,106 to remain affiliated with the Amalgamated. Those who voted to break loose also expressed their preference on joining other organizations or forming an independent union, in case the vote was in favor of severance. These organizations were the "one big union" and the I. W. W.

Approximately 500 of those who voted to leave the Amalgamated favored joining the "one big union," about 400 were in favor of organizing an independent union here and the remainder favored affiliation with the I. W. W.

The members voted 1,144 to 1,138 in favor of reorganizing the union on a departmental basis instead of maintaining language or nationality branches, as at present. This means that the union will be composed of branches of weavers, cobbers, sorters, carders, &c.

A total of 2,317 ballots were cast in the election, though the officers of the Lawrence branch claim a membership of about 4,000 with a following in this city of more than ten thousand. Ballots were printed in French, Flemish, Italian, Lithuanian and English.

Joseph Salerno was elected General Secretary of the Central Council, and will succeed Ben Legere, who was not a candidate for reelection. Legere, who has been the foremost proponent in this city of the movement to join the "one big union," tonight declared that the textile workers were not sufficiently developed to appreciate the benefit to be derived from joining that organization.

On Jan. 1 after Salerno assumes office Legere will begin a country-wide speaking tour in the interests of the Sacco-Vanzetti defense fund. Sacco and Vanzetti are awaiting trial for a holdup and murder at South Braintree.

The election today and tonight was held in Amalgamated Hall, the polls being open from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

"Higher ups" in the Amalgamated had been charged with hindering local members in their dealings with the mills by Legere. He had urged the members here to vote in favor of withdrawing from the Amalgamated and forming a self-sufficient union of their own or coming with other crafts in Lawrence under the "one big union" idea.

Not since the big strike of 1912 has the friction between leaders in the textile unions here been so keen. With workers on part time, their pay envelopes considerably reduced and a cut in wages at the American Woolen Mills, employing thousands of workers, believed to be impending, the workmen were urged to break away from the Amalgamated and shift for themselves.

Unnamed leaders in the Amalgamated were declared by Legere to be acting at variance with the wishes of the local members in settling disputes. He said they disregarded grievances and hindered the workers in pressing their demands on the mills.

He urged the establishment of "One Big Union" with all crafts—bricklayers, plumbers, carpenters, teamsters and laborers of all sorts—united in one co-operating body to act "all for one and one for all."

Referring to the recent strike in Wilkinsburg, where 25,000 workers went out in sympathy with operatives as indicative of results that could be obtained by a consolidation of unions.

On the other hand leaders here in favor of retaining the support of the Amalgamated, exhorted the workers not to break away. James S. Hughes of the Central Labor Union, said tonight he did not believe the "one big union" would prevail in "a thousand years."

Hughes said it would be next to impossible for a board of five members or so to be competent to pass on the grievances of a multitude of different lines of work. Other leaders take the position that the formation of "one big union" in Lawrence would be detrimental to the American Federation of Labor, and if established here would be organized in other cities.

Some workers are talking about lining up with the International Workers of the World. This has recalled to the opposition the events of 1912, when more than 12,000 men, women and children paraded the streets in protest against the I. W. W. and hinted that vigilance committees would be formed to escort I. W. W. leaders forcibly outside the city limits.

Legere denied today that the Amalgamated would send delegates to the council of labor conventions in Salem and Fitchburg next month to advocate the taking over of the mills by workers. "It is not mills that we want, but work to do in them," he said. He assailed William M. Wood of the American Woolen Company and other officials whose inefficiency, he said, was responsible for the present policy of curtailment. He asserted that action of some sort would follow any cut in wages by the American Woolen Company.

TWO HURT IN ELEVATOR.

Cable Breaks and Cage Shoots to the Roof of Garage.

John McKevitt, 34 years old, an automobile washer, of 19 West 124th Street, and Henry J. Friese, 32 years old, of 25 East 106th Street, were injured last night when the cable of an elevator on which they were riding in the Manchester Garage, 224 West 108th Street, broke, and the elevator shot to the roof of the building. Both were taken to Knickerbocker Hospital. McKevitt suffering from a fractured left leg and Friese from injuries to his hips and shoulders.

The garage owners said the elevator was repaired about a month ago, when a new cable was put in.

Wins 60-Mile Air Race.

LONG BEACH, Cal., Dec. 26.—Lieutenant A. W. Smith of March Field, Riverside, won the sixty-mile handicap race, the feature of the second day of the national Winter air tournament here, flying the distance in 33 minutes 7 seconds. His handicap was 18 minutes 29 seconds. There was a field of seventeen starters, sixteen of whom finished.

USED SPURIOUS TREATY TO DISCREDIT FRANCE

Hungarians Spread Text of Alleged Alliance With Them Throughout Central Europe.

PARIS, Dec. 26 (French Wireless Press).—An article printed by the Petit Parisien discusses the anti-French propaganda carried on in foreign countries. For several months, it says, hundreds, and even thousands, of foreign papers have been declaring to their readers in the most varied language that France has concluded a political and military alliance with the Horthy Hungarian Government, providing for the restitution to Hungary of the areas allotted to Czechoslovakia and Jugoslavia, the allies of France.

The propagandists assert that French militarists are plotting with those of Hungary for the restoration of the Hapsburg dynasty. They even publish the text of a so-called treaty of Gödöllö [a town near Budapest], by which a formal Franco-Hungarian alliance is said to have been constituted. This mythical document was taken to Vienna by a high Hungarian official, who asserted that he had stolen it in order to thwart the purposes of the Budapest Government. The Austrians fell into the trap, says the Petit Parisien, and paid a high price for the "treaty."

The text of this "document" is in reality that (slightly modified) of the demarche presented to the Peace Conference by the Hungarian Government. The falsification, says the Petit Parisien, is obvious, as is its purpose—to destroy French influence in the Danubian countries.

A few days after the success of his trick upon the Austrian Government the same Hungarian official tried to sell the "Treaty of Godollo" to the Czechoslovakian Government. Receiving a refusal at Prague, he proceeded to Belgrade, where the false document at first caused some anxiety as to the intentions of the French Government.

At first this anti-French campaign was carried on by stealth, but later it broke out in the press. The alleged treaty was first published by a German paper, the Berlin Tageblatt. The campaign then spread all over Central Europe. The Vienna papers, and the German press of Czechoslovakia denounced the duplicity of the French policy, and the telegraph served to spread these calumnies. They were reproduced by the press in all countries, even the papers that during the war had constantly shown sympathy for the French cause printing them.

"Let us hope," the Petit Parisien remarks, "that this example of systematic falsification will serve to make foreigners, who are often inclined to believe unreliable information relative to France, show more circumspection in the future."

LOS ANGELES RUSSIANS HOME LAND HUNGRY

500 Ask Harding to Allow Passage on Soviet Ships.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 26.—The Los Angeles Russian Progressive Club today adopted resolutions asking President-elect Harding to obtain safe passage to Russia for about 500 of its members.

The resolutions declare "the Russian workers of Los Angeles are forced to remain in the United States against their will," that they believe in the Russian Socialist Federal Soviet Republic and desire to leave the United States peacefully; that Soviet Russia has offered to send ships for them, but cannot obtain safe passage from the United States Government for those ships; that they take this means to bring the matter before the people of the United States."

There is said to be a well defined back-to-Russia movement among natives of that country in Los Angeles.

George Kahinski, Treasurer of the Soviet Medical Relief in Los Angeles, said about 500 Russians desired to return to their native land.

FIVE DIE IN HOMES FROM GAS

Mother and Son Saved After Two Children Are Asphyxiated.

Two children and two men were killed by escaping gas yesterday. The children, Deha Zitren, one year old, and Louis, her fourteen-months'-old brother, were found dead in their bed on the second floor of 219 Pulaski Street, Brooklyn.

Neighbors smelled gas in the morning and when the door to the flat was forced gas was found escaping from a heater in the kitchen. A bottle of water was on the heater. Two months Mrs. Rebecca Zitren and another son, Harry, 5 years old, were unconscious and were taken to St. Mark's Hospital.

The two men were found dead when Thomas Sheffir, 18 years old, who lives in a furnished room house at 311 Broome Street, went to the attic to get a present which had been promised him by Patrick McNearney, 55 years old, and Austin Burt, 52 years old. He found the two men dead and gas escaping from a jet.

They were both born in County Claire, Ireland, and a number of other residents of the neighborhood who came from the same county took up a collection last night for the burial expenses.

Michael Marko, aged 50, was found dead with a gas tube in his mouth in the kitchen of a rooming house at 43 Brooke Street, Jersey City, last night. Mrs. Theresa Spowender, proprietress, told the police she had been out during Marko upon returning home. She said the dead man was employed in a railroad yard and engaged a room about two months ago.

CINCINNATI HOTEL AFIRE.

Many Guests of the Burnet House Carried Out Unconscious.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Dec. 27.—Fire started in a store room of the Burnet House here early this morning.

Corridors of the hotel were filled with smoke, and many guests, some of them unconscious, were carried out by firemen who responded to a general alarm.

Firemen succeeded in rescuing all of the occupants of the building, however, and the fire was confined to the basement.

WOMAN FAILS TO GET BAIL.

Mrs. Ruickholdt, Held in Jewelry Fraud, Still Awaits Aid.

Mrs. Ruth Ruickholdt, who was arrested for attempting to defraud New London jewelers by using the name of another woman, waited in the Jefferson Market Prison yesterday for some one to come to her aid. She did not get bail, and although her husband, Dr. Charles Ruickholdt, left Washington yesterday for New York, he did not arrive in time to see her.

Chester K. Cuthell, an attorney, of 367 West 115th Street, whom Mrs. Ruickholdt asked to defend her, said last night that he did not know yet whether he would take the case. He said that he had met Mrs. Ruickholdt socially, and since she is in trouble he may possibly defend her. It would depend on the report made by a member of his firm, John R. Donnelly, who tried to see Mrs. Ruickholdt on Friday night, he said.

Urges Aid for Ireland.

SEATTLE, Dec. 26.—Resolutions urging the Government of the United States to "express its sympathy for struggling Ireland and to use its influence to end the reign of terror for which the Government of England is responsible," were adopted at a mass meeting held today under the auspices of the Seattle Branch of the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic.

French Scientist Believes Butterfly Grub Offers Cure for Some Baffling Diseases

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 26.—That the beautiful useless butterfly may be the deliverer of mankind from the scourge of tuberculosis is the claim of the French bacteriologist Metalnikow in a report of his investigations which he has just presented to the Pasteur Institute. His researches have not yet been carried far enough to have any definite conclusion, but he declares that he believes himself to be on the track of a very important discovery and has asked the help of other scientists in study along the lines he has begun.

For some time past he has been experimenting on the larvae of butterflies and moths and he has, he declares, discovered that they have the power to destroy all the most dangerous known bacilli. He inoculated them with diphtheria, plague, tetanus and tuberculosis and discovered that however heavy the dose the bacilli did not live more than a few days in the larvae, which seemed to suffer no way in health. The bacillus of Koch, for example, which lives in the body of man for years after it once gets a hold, was annihilated in the body of the larvae in two or three days.

In an interview M. Metalnikow said:

"I have experimented on the bodies with thousands of bacilli and I am convinced that I am on the track of the solution. Grubs evidently possess digestive juices which destroy pathogenic microbes, and what we have to do next is to isolate these juices."

The vitality of the larvae, the scientist declares, is enormous and he has not been able to find any bacilli which can obtain a hold on their bodies. Now he is endeavoring to isolate a serum of butterfly grubs with which he hopes to cure the world of tuberculosis.

PATRIARCH SEES PERILS FOR GREECE

Fears Allies Will Punish the Country for Its King's pro-Germanism.

ATHENS BECOMING ANXIOUS

Man Who Cheers for "the King and the Kaiser" Is Beaten and Imprisoned.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 23.—The Greek Patriarch here has delivered to the Greek High Commissioner an oral message concerning his recent demand for the abdication of King Constantine of Greece, for transmission to the Government in Athens. The chief of the Orthodox Church declares that his action was taken in behalf of the sacred interests of Greece, which he says have been imperilled as a result of the recent changes there. The Patriarch says he is apprehensive that Greece will be stripped of the fruits of victory because she has offered the throne to an enemy of the Allies.

ATHENS, Dec. 26 (Associated Press).—Constantine assembled his family for Christmas dinner yesterday, although the Greek Christmas occurs thirteen days later. The foreigners in Athens celebrated the day, but otherwise the only sign of Christmas was evergreen branches carried at the mastheads of the American destroyers anchored off Phalecon, four miles from Athens, and off the Trachill promontory. Constantine during the afternoon strolled in the gardens about his castle and received dozens of visitors.

The exchange rate is steady and is being supported by the Government.

The refusal of Admiral Kelly, head of the British naval mission here, to accept the Grand Cordon of the Royal Order of the Saviour is discouraging those who were sure of a change in the British attitude because of the need of the Greek army in Asia Minor. The Greeks are adopting a "wait and see" policy, declaring for the Allies and against Germany. A man who shouted, "Long live the King and the Kaiser!" was beaten and locked up today.

Jugoslavia has announced that before renewing her alliance with Greece she will wait until the Allies have declared their policy.

The seals were broken on the apartments of the late King Alexander today. Queen Sophia, Mme. Manos (King Alexander's widow) and an officer of the Ministry of Justice were present.

DR. EMERSON NAMED.

Appointed Assistant Director of War Risk Insurance Bureau.

The Director of the Bureau of War Risk Insurance has announced the appointment by the Secretary of the Treasury of Dr. Havan Emerson, formerly Commissioner of Health of New York City, to the position of Medical Advisor and Assistant Director of the Bureau of War Risk Insurance.

The appointment of Dr. Emerson, who has made a record in professional and administrative training in the promotion of public health, will be regarded as an event of importance, not only to the medical profession but to the disabled service men and women the provision for whose future welfare is vitally interwoven with the scientific and sympathetic conduct of the Medical Division of the Bureau of War Risk Insurance.

From 1890 to 1914 Dr. Emerson served as demonstrator and instructor in the departments of physiology and medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University and as assistant attending physician at Bellevue Hospital, in the meantime engaging in the active practice of general medicine. As a member of the New York Health Committee, the Public Health Committee of the New York Academy of Medicine and of the New York Tuberculosis Association his contact with the problems of preventive medicine, of public health services and relief of the sick was firmly established.

In 1914 Dr. Emerson was appointed Sanitary Superintendent and Deputy Commissioner of Health of New York City under the Administration of Mayor Mitchel, and from 1915 to 1917 he was Commissioner of Health. During the epidemic of infantile paralysis in 1916 the work of the Department of Health of New York City gained the general appreciation of the State and Federal public health officers.

Dr. Emerson entered Army service as a Major in the Medical Corps, in January, 1918, served in the American Expeditionary Force until June, 1919, during which period he was in charge of the office of epidemiology of the Chief Surgeon. He was advanced to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel, and in March, 1919, to the rank of Colonel, and received decorations from the French Republic of Chevalier of the Legion d'Honneur, and the Medaille des Epidemies.

During the last year Dr. Emerson organized the Department of Hygiene and Preventive Medicine at Cornell University, and directed the Hospital and Health Survey of Cleveland, Ohio, for the Cleveland Hospital Council.

Dr. Emerson recently returned from Europe, where he attended the International Conference on Certified Causes of Death as a representative of the Bureau of the Census, and the International Conference on Tuberculosis as a delegate of the National Tuberculosis Association.

MORE HELP NEEDED
For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

PARIS 11-YEAR-OLD BOLD GANG LEADER

Numerous Robberies and Menacing Communications Are Charged to Him.

FAVORED CANDY STORES

Youngest of His Band, He Had Perfect Control Over Skillful Young Criminals.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 26.—Torzan, chief of the Black Net Band, has been arrested with all his followers. His arrest followed the sacking of a candy store and the depositing on the counter of this warning: "If you complain we will slit in your gizzard. My band is irresistible. Torzan."

The exploits of the "irresistibles" have been many and well planned in the Paris suburb where they operated, and the police imagined they had to deal with a formidable gang. Wherever he burgled Torzan left his card, and the predilection for grocery store and candy was regarded by the police as evidence of a feminine hand.

They were, however, wrong in their deductions. When at last they arrested Torzan yesterday they discovered that he was a small boy 11 years old named René Fournel. His band he declared had been operating successfully for nearly a year and he had brought off some magnificent coups. The oldest of the band was 19 and the majority were in their early teens. But René, though the youngest, was the leader. The police admit that he seems to have an extraordinary ascendency over his gang and possesses the qualities of a great leader. Whatever he ordered was obeyed to the letter and his power of planning burglary has moved the police to admiration.

In the past six months they declare over twenty shops and nearly as many private houses have been burglarized in the district and no clew ever was left to the burglars' identity. It was only by a lucky accident that they got on Torzan's trail, and now they are wondering what to do with so accomplished a criminal of such tender years.

ITALIAN SHIP ARRIVES.

Former German Liner, on First Voyage, Encounters Storms.

The Italian liner Guglielmo Peirce, formerly the Hamburg-American steamship Corcovada, arrived yesterday from Naples with passengers and mails on her first voyage to the United States, and docked at the foot of West Fifty-seventh Street, North River.

After the war the vessel was taken over by the Allies in the harbor of Constantinople and purchased by the Peirce Line of Naples, who have had it thoroughly refitted and refurnished along modern lines. She was named after the late head of the company and is under the command of Captain G. Ricardi, one of the veterans in the employ of the line, who said the voyage had been stormy all the way from Naples.

One of the first-cabin passengers was Ernesto de Curtis, a well-known composer of songs, some of which were dedicated, he said, to Enrico Caruso, his lifelong friend. Mr. de Curtis said he intended to call soon on the famous opera tenor.

PLANS DRY NEW YEAR EVE.

Boston Enforcement Agent Promises to Have Men in All Restaurants.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 26.—William J. McCarthy, supervising prohibition agent, says New Year's eve will be hippocketless in his territory. He will have an inconspicuous guest in every hotel and cafe where it has been the custom in less righteous days to drown the old year and its sorrows and wash the young one in on the same high tide of spirits, and the law against having alcoholic drinks in such places no matter to whom they belong or how they are disposed of, will be enforced rigidly, he promises.

"There will be no modification of the enforcement of prohibition on the last night of the year any more than any other time," said McCarthy today. "The law is in effect just as much one day as another. If there is reason to think there will be special efforts to evade it on any particular day, it is up to us to make special efforts.

"My men will be instructed to arrest whoever breaks the law, however he does it."

POPE UPHOLDS CELIBACY.

Defends Discipline for Priests in Assailing Schism.

ROME, Dec. 26.—In the secret consistory of Dec. 16 the Pope again denounced the Schismatic Association, known as the "Jeonota" the Czechoslovak clergy. He declared that the Catholic Church would never abolish or mitigate the law imposing celibacy on the clergy and would never introduce in Church discipline such democratic forms as were asked for by certain Czechoslovak priests.

The Pontiff said that German priests who at first belonged to the "Jeonota" had withdrawn later from that organization, and he expressed the hope that the Czechoslovak clergy would do likewise.

Pachitch Forming Jugoslav Cabinet.

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, Dec. 26.—Nikola P. Pachitch, former Premier and head of the Jugoslav peace delegation in Paris, has accepted the task of forming a new Cabinet.

FRENCH RADICALS USE STEAM ROLLER

Obtain Mastery Over Socialist Congress at Tours Through Misapprehension, It Is Said.

DECEIVE COUNTRY SECTIONS

Delegates Instructed in Belief Congress Would Pledge Support but Not Adherence to Lenin.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 26.—The radical element cracked the whip of mastery over the opening session of the Socialist Congress at Tours yesterday. They made it clear right away that the verdict must be in favor of adhesion to the Third Communist Internationale of Moscow, and even indicated the proportion of the majority—about two and a half to one—that will vote submission to Lenin and acceptance of the twenty-one points of the Bolshevist "creed."

According to the agenda drawn up beforehand, the first two or three days of the congress were to be devoted to discussion of the reports of the Secretariat, the Treasury Department and the parliamentary group. But hardly had the strains of the "Internationale," by which the proceedings opened, died away, when Citizen Dreint, Communist delegate from the Seine section, jumped up and proposed that discussion of the all-important question of adhesion to Moscow be entered upon immediately.

The Anti-Moscow Party, led by Renaudel and Paul Boncour, protested. So did the Centre, under Longuet and Blum, who would like to join Moscow with reservations, one of which is the lifting of the Bolshevist excommunication ban against Longuet himself. But were promptly squashed by the adverse vote of 2,916 to 1,228. The radicals did not even bother to argue the point. Their delegates voted with a swift, silent solidarity that proved the Communist steam roller was geared up to full efficiency.

"It's all over, bar the shouting," said a disgruntled anti-Bolshevik afterward. "They might as well swing the axe right away and save weeks of time."

The radicals at Tour make no secret of their determination to obey the twenty-one points to the letter and force the expulsion on all who decline to follow them.

"No compromise," is their motto, and they add: "Lenin is right. If the social revolution is to succeed we must have perfect discipline and obedience to a central direction. The great war was won by unity of command. Lenin will be the Foch of our victory in the class war."

Such frankness, now that they are sure of getting a majority, is in marked contrast to the disingenuous propaganda by which the radicals obtained instruction of Communist delegates throughout the country. Their agents declare, especially in the country districts, that the real point at issue was not so much their adhesion to Moscow, but to give Moscow a pledge of their sympathy and support and to show the capitalist Governments that they were opposed to any further attacks on the Soviet Federation. By emphasizing this side of the matter and leaving the twenty-one conditions of adhesion in the background the radicals persuaded country section after section to instruct its delegates for Communism.

"Any labor or Socialist party in the world would have—in fact, they all have—voted a resolution against further attacks on Soviet Russia. By tricking their peasant supporters—who, like the workers in small towns, are less familiar with the undercurrents of modern socialism than in any other big nation—into the belief that they were doing something of the kind, the French radicals are going to stampede a majority of the party into adhesion to Moscow, which has been rejected by majorities of England, Germany, Switzerland and America.

This manoeuvre explains the fact that is puzzling, annoying, or moving to indignant denial bourgeois newspapers today, namely, that delegates of the country districts yesterday at Tours in a brief review each delegate gave of his mandate announced much bigger majorities in favor of the Communist platform than delegates from the industrial sections. The same fact explains the success of an advanced Socialist in an election to the Chamber of Deputies held a few days ago in the Agricultural Department of Lot and Garonne, which previously had been a stronghold of conservatism.

The Temps and other leading newspapers were quite horrified and did their best to explain away the results by local intrigues, family influences, &c. But the fact was that in the case of the Tours Congress the peasants thought their choice of radical delegates meant a protest against attacks on Soviet Russia. As in England, even those who are opposed to Bolshevist ideas are still more opposed to any more war and voted accordingly.

ASK TURKS FOR PROTECTION

Near East Relief Workers Appeal for Aid Against Bolsheviki.

ANGORA, Asiatic Turkey, Dec. 23.—Captain Ernest Yarrow, Director General of American Near East Relief in Trans-Caucasia, has addressed a message to the Turkish military commander on the eastern front, appealing for protection against the Bolsheviki for the Near East relief workers. The message says:

"Owing to the impossibility of the Near East Committee's workers continuing relief work in Alexandropol, I request you, on behalf of the committee, to offer them the protection of the Turkish Government and nation against the Bolsheviki, and also the evacuation of their supplies and medical comforts to Kars."

This message appeared in the press of Angora today with the headline, "Americans soliciting protection from Turks."

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 23.—Dispatches from Armenia depict the situation there under the Soviet regime as lamentable owing to the shortage of food. Eighty carloads of grain have been sent to Erivan, the capital, by the Moscow Government.

The Eleventh Bolshevist army went without a bread ration so that it might be given to the workers and peasants of Soviet Armenia, the dispatches say.

DROPS EX-KING NICHOLAS.

France Ceases to Recognize Former Ruler of Montenegro.

BELGRADE, Jugoslavia, Dec. 26.—The French Foreign Office has advised the Government here that it has, as a result of the treaty of Rapallo between Jugoslavia and Italy and the elections of Montenegro, suppressed the post of French diplomatic representative with former King Nicholas of Montenegro. The latter is in Paris.

Poland Investigating Pogrom Charge

WARSAW, Dec. 23 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)—Premier Witos, replying to a question in the National Assembly by the Jewish Deputy Dr. Schipper, stated today that the Government was thoroughly investigating all reports regarding pogroms alleged to have been carried out by the forces of General Balakovitch, former anti-Bolshevist leader in the Minsk regions. He said the Government would make known the results of the investigations as soon as possible.

Certainty or Uncertainty

A Subject for the Consideration of Public Officials

The following letter typifies F & D Service. Public officials, about to take office, should weigh F & D official Bonds against personal Surety Bonds in the light of possible losses that may occur during their incumbency:

CARLTON & UPCHURCH
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
YANCEYVILLE, N. C.

July 5th, 1920

Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Md.,
Baltimore, Md.

Gentlemen:-

As Attorney for the Board of County Commissioners, Caswell County, North Carolina, I formally presented to you a claim of $29,000.00 on the official bonds of an Officer of this County. Our claim was dated the last week in June of this year.

Your Attorney, Mr. Wm. P. Clarke, of your Home Office, promptly visited us, went into the matter and to-day we have received your remittance.

In my opinion the County of Caswell is to be congratulated upon having had its defaulting officer bonded in a giant surety company.

Yours truly,
E. T. Upchurch

IF friends sign a public official's bond will they be able to make good immediately any loss that may occur? And will they be embarrassed or impoverished in doing so?

Personal Surety entails hardships. It also places you under obligation to your bondsmen.

Corporate Surety eliminates personal oligations. It imposes no hardships on individuals in case of loss.

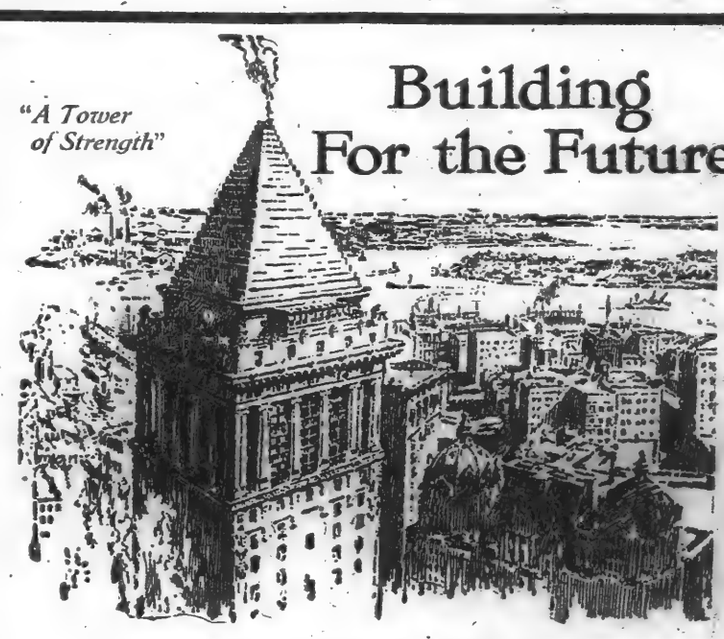
F & D Public Official Bonds protect both the official and the public. They guarantee the faithful performance by the official of all the duties required of him by law. They insure the prompt payment of claims without refuge behind technicalities.

F & D. Service.

Fidelity and Deposit Company
OF MARYLAND
120 BROADWAY
Fidelity and Surety Bonds and Burglary Insurance
Representatives Everywhere—Consult your Broker

"A Tower of Strength"

Building For the Future



HAVING as your bank the Bankers Trust Company,
You can be sure of adequate banking facilities extensive with your growth;
You need not go outside of your bank for foreign service;
You will be served by a large organization equipped to assist customers in every legitimate financial transaction—

Commercial Banking (Domestic and Foreign);
Service as Depositary for Funds of every kind;
Investments of the highest grade;
Safe Keeping and Collecting Income of Securities;
Personal and Corporation Trusts of every description.

Build for the future of your business by making this Company your banker.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY
Member Federal Reserve System

Downtown Office 16 Wall Street | Paris Office 16 Place Vendome | Uptown Office 5th Avenue at 42nd Street

Hoyt's Service, Inc.
PLANNED ADVERTISING
116 West 32nd Street, N.Y.C.
BOSTON CLEVELAND SPRINGFIELD

Upton Sinclair
Writes an entire page each week in the
APPEAL TO REASON
Girard, Kansas
Subscribe NOW. $1 per year.

KING OF THE REINDEERS.

The greatest herd of reindeer in the memory of the oldest inhabitant recently invaded the suburbs of Nome, Alaska. Pictures of the magnificent leader and his herd of more than 1,200 will be shown next Sunday in The New York Times Rotogravure Picture Section.—Advt.

The engraving process discovered by Ben Day is probably the most widely used individual improvement in the entire engraving business.

By using this process two great accomplishments are possible in the making of line cuts:

1. Character and various tones are put into "zincs."

2. Color process effects in Ben Day blend beautifully together and result in strikingly attractive color reproductions.

Get Sterling Results in your engravings.

Color Process, Ben Day, Half Tone, Line, or Combination.

Phone or write and have a representative call.

Sterling Engraving Co.

New York

TWIN PLANTS

200 William Street
Telephone: Beekman 2900

10th Avenue at 36th Street
Telephone: Longacre 820



Didier-March Co., Perth Amboy, N. J. Manufacturers of Fire Brick

American Industrial Roofing Tile

Established reputation backs each installation. More than materials, more than roofs—we offer roofs delivered completely erected on *time*.

Use our interlocking tile for pitched roofs and flat tile for flat roofs. Write for "Data Sheets".

American Cement Tile Mfg. Co.

824 Oliver Building, Pittsburgh

30 Church St. New York — 401 Bulletin Bldg. Philadelphia — 500 Brown-Marx Bldg. Birmingham

SOUTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP SERVICE

"MORGAN LINE"

REGULAR FREIGHT & PASSENGER SERVICE

TO NEW ORLEANS:
Passenger steamer every Saturday. Freight steamer every Wednesday and Saturday.

TO GALVESTON:
Freight steamers every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Through tickets also freight service to points in Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, California, Oklahoma, Colorado, Nevada, Oregon.

For information apply to

Southern Pacific Company
165 BROADWAY
Phone Cortlandt 4200. Room 3015

ADVERTISEMENT.

DINE For A DAY For A DOLLAR BUY WAR DEPARTMENT CANNED MEATS

ORDER Ballantine's GOLDEN GLOW GINGER ALE

THE AMERICAN MARINE DEVELOPMENT ILLUSTRATED.

There are some remarkable pictures in this week's Mid-Week Pictorial illustrating the naval and merchant marine development of America. Pictures of the new dreadnaughts and destroyers, shipyards, submarines, &c. This is but one feature in the special Christmas number, which also embraces a beautiful double page reproduction of a celebrated painting of the Birth of Christ, a gallery of twenty-three of America's most beautiful women, including a full page oyeing of Miss Constance Binney, who posed especially for the Christmas number, besides pictures illustrating the big news events in all parts of the world. On news stands, &c.—Advt.

Some Members Now Want President's Veto or Senate to Kill Measure.

FEAR EFFECT ON TAXPAYER

Admit Unfairness to Consumer and Even Doubt If Farmer Would Benefit.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Fuller study by members of Congress uninfluenced by group demands has convinced them that Congress has shown decided weakness in yielding so easily to Western and Southern insistence for measures designed to neutralize deflation with more inflation and to shield producers as against consumers from the effects of falling prices.

In the face of the report made last week by Secretary of the Treasury Houston that there will be a deficit of $2,000,000,000 at the end of the fiscal year, June 30, 1921, members of Congress who supported hastily the two measures to hold up inflation—the revival of the War Finance Corporation and the Emergency Tariff bill—are hopeful that the President will nullify their work by his veto and that the Senate will refuse to pass the temporary tariff bill.

It is now seen that if both of these measures should become operative, which leading Democrats predict will not happen, the opposite of what they were intended to accomplish would occur. In the first place, if the War Finance Corporation were revived it would be necessary to obtain funds for it. These can be raised only by Congressional appropriations or the negotiation of loans. Either method would increase the burden of the taxpayers directly and indirectly by the continuance of the high prices on necessities.

President Wilson, who has had the resolution to revive the War Finance Corporation for three days, will send his message of disapproval to Congress this week, if the predictions of leading Democrats come true. If he should do this he would prevent an increase in the prices of farm commodities by what is alleged to be a huge Government subsidy to the export trade. Secretary Houston has presented his argument to the President, which is an amplification of his views and those of the Federal Reserve Board, already given to the public at hearings before Congressional committees. In substance, the argument against the proposal is that the credits of Europe are exhausted; that money cannot be loaned without security, and that such a procedure would tend to renewed inflation, to increase taxes, and would greatly add to Europe's debt to America.

Condemned as Not Feasible.

The plan is condemned as not feasible, as unfair to the consumer and the taxpayer generally, and, furthermore, as one which, if tried, would not have the expected results, but would injure the farmer more when adjustment should come with a sudden and unexpected drop.

Informal conversations with leaders in both political parties by THE NEW YORK TIMES indicate just what the members think who voted for the two measures. There was sincere opposition to not only a revival of the War Finance Corporation, but the temporary tariff. Few men whose judgment is considered sound and based upon looking after the interests of the entire people, privately regarded either measure as justified or as good legislation. They were rushed into passing them because of the demand from the farmers, who are a big part of the voting population. One member said in discussing the War Finance Corporation resolution:

"Well, the President will disapprove it."

Another leading Republican, a member of the Ways and Means Committee, which reported the tariff bill, expressing himself informally, said:

"The Senate will not stand for the bill."

These two opinions are believed to represent the private views of a majority in Congress. They show furthermore that Congress has no well-worked-out program for economic and industrial adjustment.

In the opinion of some members of Congress it is better to drift in the present situation, with prices and labor accommodating themselves to economic laws, than attempt to resist them by measures of a temporary and doubtful character.

Kitchen Opposes Tariff Bill.

Representative Claude Kitchen, former Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, a keen student of tariff laws, sent a telegram to his Democratic colleagues expressing his opinion of the effect of the tariff bill, just passed by the House. It follows:

"While you can count on my standing by what the Democrats on the committee do, my judgment is that there is nothing in the proposition that will help the cotton and tobacco farmer of the South and the grain farmer of the West, and much in the future that might hurt him. It may increase prices of some of his necessary purchases. Only oils from agricultural products, should be included. Certainly mineral oils should be excluded, their prices already being sky high, and, too, they are already the object of outrageous favoritism in the Tax act.

"The proposition may help the live stock men and the peanut growers for next year's crop, not for this year's. They must sell this year's crop before a bag of foreign nuts can reach here after the act. If Democrats favor the proposition, couple it with a clear, rigid, enforceable, non-profiteering provision protecting the manufacturers of such products; otherwise they will take it as an excuse to excessively profiteer. The proposition, if enacted, may prove indirectly a virtue by undeceiving the Western farmer with respect to the tariff, since, in my opinion, the farmer will experience practically no beneficial effect from it.

"In our section the only things that will help now are for the Secretary of the Treasury to function according to the intent and purpose of the War Finance Corporation Extension act we passed in the Sixty-fifth Congress for the benefit of exports, and for the Reserve Board not to charge a discount rate higher than 1 per cent. less than the legal rate of interest in the State in which the loan is made. For instance, the legal rate in North Carolina is 6 per cent.; when money is loaned to banks in this State by the Reserve Bank, the rate should not exceed 5 per cent. This leaves a margin of 1 per cent. to cover the expense and some little profit to the borrowing bank which will loan to the people. Remember, if a prohibitive tariff or embargo is good in times of emergencies it is good in normal times to prevent future emergencies. Can we afford to educate our farmers that high tariffs are his salvation now and hereafter? The products of our farmers in the United States are in large part exported. How can their exports be paid for by foreigners except by imports? An embargo or prohibitive tariff cuts off the means of paying for our agricultural exports."

Congress Reassembles Today.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26 (Associated Press).—Congress will reassemble tomorrow after a brief Christmas weekend, but the holiday spirit promises to prevail, with little important business planned until the new year. Many Senators and Representatives will not return to Washington until next week, and by unwritten agreement, several hearings and other affairs will go over.

The opening clash in the Senate on the Emergency Tariff bill, which passed the House last week, is expected tomorrow. Blocked by the Democrats last week, the Republicans plan for tomorrow another effort to refer the measure to the Finance Committee. Senator Harrison of Mississippi, and other Democrats opposing the bill, plan to use every parliamentary tactic in their power in delay the time. They do not hope to prevent

2,000 ALIENS HEAR CONCERT

Congressman Siegel Also Talks of Crippled Service on Ellis Island.

The program at the afternoon concert on Ellis Island yesterday for the detained aliens and officials was arranged by Miss Alma Simpson, soprano. Others taking part were Vasa Prihoda, Bohemian violinist; Rita Dane, contralto; Ruth O. Denishawn and Martha Sleeper, dancers, and Keith's Boys' Band of sixty pieces. More than 2,000 immigrants, with officials and visitors, formed an appreciative audience.

Commissioner Frederick A. Wallis made a brief address of welcome. Congressman Isaac Siegel of the House Committee on Immigration spoke of the congested conditions on Ellis Island. He said that instead of talking about making new laws Congress should grant an appropriation for carrying out those now on the statute books.

"It is a disgrace to the United States that our immigration service and our naturalization system are crippled so by the parsimony of Congress," he said. "We need more men for this work and they should be paid salaries in accordance with their task and their qualifications."

Clement Ihrisky, President of the Slovak League of America, and Francis Kopecsky, Consul General for Czechoslovakia, also spoke.

NOT ENRIGHT'S RELATIVES.

Prisoner Says He Is Commissioner's Nephew—Mother Denies It.

When Edward Enright, 26, a clerk, of 500 West 124th Street, was arrested with Morton Morris of 435 West 145th Street by Policeman John Quinn for boisterous conduct at Eighth Avenue and 125th Street on Saturday night he is alleged to have told the desk lieutenant of the West 123d Street station that he was a nephew of the Police Commissioner.

Thus it was believed, even by some of the police of the West 125th Street station that James J. Enright of 500 West 124th Street, father of Edward, who was arrested about an hour before the police took the son into custody, was a brother of the Police Commissioner. James Enright was arrested by Policeman William Betts of the West 125th Street station upon the complaint of his wife, Catherine, who said that her husband had threatened her.

In Washington Heights Court yesterday the father was discharged and Edward Enright and Morris received suspended sentences. When a reporter called at 500 West 124th Street yesterday Mrs. Enright denied that her husband was a brother of the Commissioner and added that the two families were in no way related.

WOMAN HECKLER IN CHURCH

Interrupts Layman Addressing Dr. Grant's Congregation.

A frail-looking woman took issue with a feature of the service yesterday morning in the Episcopal Church of the Ascension, Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street, of which the Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant is rector. She arose during an address by Alpheus Geer, a layman, and shouted "This is the House of God."

Mr. Geer had been permitted a period of fifteen minutes before the Christmas sermon of Dr. Grant to explain the purposes of the Marshall Stillman movement, of which he is one of the founders. The woman thought this had nothing to do with religion. Her sudden interruption did not halt the service. She sat down again and made no further outbreak. Mr. Geer went on with his talk. He said that his organization was interested primarily in bringing present-day gangsters back to the paths of rectitude.

MINGO'S CHRISTMAS QUIET.

Civil and Military Authorities Report Peace—Book Saves Life.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., Dec. 26.—Civil authorities here and in the surrounding coal strike districts reported the quietest Christmas in years and the military authorities were not called on to exercise their authority. No acts of violence were reported and arrests for trivial offenses were few.

The only disturbing incident reported to Colonel Hall, commanding the Federal troops, came from Webb, Wayne county, where H. W. Napier, a Norfolk and Western Railroad brakeman, was fired on by three men. A book and papers in his pocket stopped the bullet and he escaped with a slight injury.

Colonel Hall said the shooting was entirely outside the strike zone and had no relation to the industrial trouble.

COLLEGE ZIONISTS MEET.

Association to Interest Students in Palestine Opens 3-Day Convention.

A convention of the Intercollegiate Zionist Association, formed to interest Hebrew college students in the Palestine movement, was started yesterday morning in the Jewish Theological Seminary. In the afternoon there was a round-table discussion led by Dr. Horace Kallen, Professor Hayim Fineman and others, and in the evening a debate was held by representatives of three colleges, concluding with a dance.

The collegiate body was formerly a part of the Zionist Organization of America, but was separated from it recently, and must now finance itself. Whether this is to be done through regular dues or by a drive in the colleges will be decided by the convention today and tomorrow, when a reorganization of the body will also be effected.

MORE HELP NEEDED
For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

Bourne Holds It Better to Reduce Exports to Europe Than to Double Imports.

FEARS DESTRUCTIVE INFLUX

Republican Publicity Chairman Points to Latin America as a Trade Field.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Former Senator Jonathan Bourne Jr., as Chairman of the Republican Publicity Association declared tonight in a prepared statement that the protective tariff policy must be restored, and that it is better to reduce our exports to Europe than to double European imports into the United States, which should be subjected to such tariffs as would prevent a "flood destructive to our domestic industries."

Mr. Bourne urged that the Latin-American Republics were a large and fallow field for American exploitation and the disposal of surplus goods, and that advantage should be taken of this by sound statesmanship and far-visioned commercialism.

"The Chairman of a gigantic corporation, whose activities are world-wide," the statement set forth, "recently addressed the American Manufacturers Export Association, saying: 'I think generally when I say that they (the nations of Europe) would regard any further material increase in our tariff as a further bar to their progress in relieving themselves of their debt to us by paying us in goods. Europe is watching no phase of our political situation more closely than the action of the United States on the tariff.'

Tells of Big Trade Balances.

"Our exports during the three-year period, 1918-1920, inclusive, aggregated $21,000,000,000 in value, while imports aggregated $11,000,000,000, or a favorable balance of $10,000,000,000. Europe took in excess of 60 per cent. of these exports, or $13,000,000,000 worth, selling to us nearly $2,000,000,000 worth, about 60 per cent. of which came in during 1920. This meant a favorable balance in the three years of $11,000,000,000. We have loaned nearly $10,000,000,000 to European nations, the interest on which is slow in coming.

"The aggregate of invisible balances flowing back to Europe is not known, but it would probably not materially alter the fact that through trade and loans Europe has been set back many billions of dollars in the last three years of her dealings with the United States.

"To Great Britain, for example, we exported during this period $6,296,000,000 worth of products, purchased from her $871,000,000 worth, or a favorable balance of $5,425,000,000; and loaned her $4,395,000,000, on which she has paid $118,000,000. To France we exported $3,-580,000,000 in goods, purchased from her $310,000,000 worth, a favorable balance of $2,270,000,000, and loaned her $3,-075,000,000, on which she has paid $27,500,000. Exports to Belgium were $735,000,000 and imports $30,000,000, a difference in our favor of $705,000,000, and we loaned $353,000,000, on which she has paid $4,600,000. A large part of these loans remained in this country to be applied to these adverse balances.

Advances Since the Armistice.

"An authoritative statement was recently published showing American post-armistice advances to Europe, as follows:

United States advances to Allies and accrued interest	$3,000,000,000
Foreign loans floated in the United States, including Government, State and municipal issues, and loans to private corporations	700,000,000
Advances for relief purposes made by the United States, supplies furnished by Red Cross and sales of army supplies made on credit	700,000,000
Unaccounted for and principally representing unfunded commercial credits extended by American interests to European interests	3,350,000,000
Total	$7,750,000,000

"The first item includes about $2,000,000,000 of loans to allied Governments and about $1,000,000,000 of accrued interest on their total. The second item includes Norwegian, Dutch and French bonds floated in this country since the armistice. The third item includes $400,000,000 worth of army supplies turned over to the French Government. The fourth item is an estimate of the amounts owed by private interests abroad to private interests here for merchandise and other purchases.

"This computation of allied indebtedness is in addition to actual loans made to the Allies from the United States Treasury. Those loans of $10,000,000,000, less the $2,000,000,000 included in the first item of the above table plus the total as above, make an aggregate allied public and private indebtedness to the United States and its people of close to $16,000,000,000.'

Wants Protection Restored.

"The protective tariff policy must be restored. The better remedy is reduced exports to Europe, not doubling European imports to us. Reduced exports to Europe will come as a natural consequence of European saturation with American goods and inability to pay for more.

"European exports to us should be subjected to such tariffs as will prevent a flood destructive to our domestic industries. They should be regulated.

"Meanwhile a large and fallow field remains for American exploitation and the disposal of our surplus. It is the Latin American, where our trade has already grown from $817,000,000 in 1914 to over $3,600,000,000 in 1920. Sound statesmanship, far-visioned commercialism and fair treatment of the peoples of the Latin Americas would build up a market of $3,000,000,000 for our goods in a short time, while we could absorb $2,000,000,000 of their raw materials to be fabricated by our mills and our workingmen."

WRITES, SETS, PRINTS STORY

Kansas Editor Operates Plant Himself to Get Out Riot Edition.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 26.—One of the interesting sidelights on the recent race riot at Independence, Kan., was not told in the news dispatches, for it had to do with the printing of the news in The Independence Star, one of the daily papers of that town.

The Star is an afternoon paper and the rioting, in which one white boy and a negro were killed and four white men were wounded, came after The Star had published its afternoon edition.

Paul Cox, managing editor of this paper, is only 24 years old, but he can do "most everything" around his plant.

The rioting was but two blocks from his office and if Cox was an "eye-witness" when things cleared he was on hand. He did not intend that the morning papers should get the biggest story that has ever broken in the town. With the names of th edead and wounded he hurried to his office and began pounding out a news and descriptive story of the riot.

Cox started the metal pot "cooking" on one one linotype machine while he was writing his story. With the story completed he rushed into the composing room and set the story himself on the machine.

Cox set a "streamer" head himself, tore up the form of his afternoon paper, "slapped" in his story of the riot, "picked up" his story of the events that led up to the riot and "went to press."

The flatbed press was pounding out the first of the extra editions of The Star when the first of Cox's force arrived. Cox turned the press over to him, and catching the first bundle of "extras," started out as a newsboy selling them on the street.

Governor Smith Considering Mc-Goldrick — Several Appointments to Be Made Tuesday.

Governor Alfred E. Smith will return to Albany today without having reached a definite decision concerning the appointments he is expected to make before the expiration of his term at midnight on Friday. It was learned on good authority that there is little chance that the Governor will appoint District Attorney Edward Swann Judge of the Court of General Sessions to succeed the late Judge James T. Malone. Justice Edward J. McGoldrick, who like District Attorney Swann was defeated for Supreme Court Justice at the last election, was said to be the most probable appointee, although this was not regarded as certain. Reports have been current in Democratic circles that a Supreme Court Justice might resign before Jan. 1. Should this occur it was believed that the Governor might name Justice McGoldrick for the vacancy.

The Governor will also have an opportunity to appoint a District Attorney in the Bronx and a County Judge in Kings County. None of these appointments, it was said, is expected before Tuesday.

The Governor will devote the week to clearing up official matters and preparing to turn over the office to his successor, Nathan L. Miller. He will return to New York City after Judge Miller's inauguration on Saturday, having already reopened his home at 25 Oliver Street.

ADHERED TO LEAGUE ONLY.

Paraguay Told Delegates It Had No Concern in Rest of Treaty.

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 26.—Instructions received by the Paraguayan delegates to the Assembly of the League of Nations prior to their departure for Geneva established a distinction between the attitude of their Government toward the Versailles Treaty and toward the Covenant of the League, says a dispatch from the Asuncion correspondent of La Nacion.

The Paraguayan delegation, which was the only one to vote with Argentina on the subject of the amendments to the League Covenant offered by this country, is declared by the report to have been instructed "respecting the admission of other States and that the assent of Paraguay to the Versailles Treaty would only contemplate that part of the treaty constituting the pact of the League and foreign to the peace treaty, to which latter the country cannot subscribe, either as a belligerent or as a party affected by the great war, with regard to which it maintained neutrality."

The instructions given to the delegates are said to have characterized the approaching meeting of the Assembly as in a certain manner of purely European character, from an international viewpoint. In this respect the representatives were instructed that in matters outside of American interests they should support such nations of the continent as they might consider it in their interest to support and whose tendencies, in their judgment, would "satisfy in the best manner the principles of justice and equity," and give the assurances of international peace which the League of Nations established as the essential purposes of its constitution.

REPORT AUSTRIA ASKS UNION

Appeal to League for Joining Germany Said to Have Been Drafted.

PARIS, Dec. 26.—The Journal says today that it learns from Berlin that it is reported in political circles there that a manifesto has been prepared by the Austrian Government, addressed to the League of Nations, asking that Austria be attached to Germany. Dr. Walter Simons, the German Foreign Minister, and Count Ottokar Czernin von Chudenitz, former Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, are said to have drafted the document.

The Petit Parisien says that the recent treaty signed by Italy and Jugoslavia specifically provides for reciprocal support to prevent any restoration of the monarchy either in Austria or Hungary.

A Copenhagen dispatch of Dec. 8, quoting the Berlin correspondent of the Politiken, said that Count Czernin was in Berlin discussing with leading politicians the possibility of uniting Germany and Austria, following the latter's admission into the League of Nations.

AMERICANS AS HOSTS.

Give Christmas Feasts to Needy in Berlin, Vienna and Warsaw.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

BERLIN, Dec. 26.—Senator McCormick, who was greatly impressed by the scenes of the war's aftermath in Vienna, Warsaw and Berlin, in addition to giving a dinner here to all the children rounded up by Quaker relief workers, provided the children of Vienna with a Christmas dinner in his mother's name. In Warsaw he also arranged to feed many.

Mrs. Hugh Wilson, wife of one of the members of the American diplomatic representatives, was the hostess at a Christmas party given by the American officials in Berlin.

American visitors celebrated the day after their own fashion. Quaker relief workers provided special meals, including real mince pie for the 15,000 university students they are feeding.

Mrs. Robert Kohlhammer, a Chicagoan, and others on the Child Welfare Committee distributed baskets.

WILL SEND NUNCIO TO HAGUE

Pope Soon to Make Appointment Following Dutch Action.

ROME, Dec. 26.—Approval having been given by the Dutch Chamber to the bill providing for the establishment of a permanent minister at the Vatican, the Holy See will soon appoint a nuncio at The Hague.

No Papal representative has been at the Dutch capital since diplomatic relations with the Vatican were interrupted in 1907 with the recall of Mgr. Rodolfo Giovannini when the Dutch Foreign Minister omitted to invite the Pope to the second peace conference at The Hague.

Lately diplomatic relations were resumed, but the Vatican did not send a representative to The Hague, entrusting the nuncio in Belgium with the position of internuncio to Holland.

GERMAN ARMY 100,000.

Effectives Reduced as Ordered by Allies, Berlin Announces.

BERLIN, Dec. 26.—The effectives of the German army have been reduced to 100,000 in accordance with the Spa agreement with the Allies.

This was officially announced today.

K. of C. Entertain 2,500 Children.

Council 368 of the Knights of Columbus last night gave a Christmas party to 2,500 poor children of the Bronx at the hall of St. Peter and St. Paul's Church, 158th Street and St. Ann's Avenue. After a Punch and Judy show toys, clothes and food were given out. It was one of the largest parties ever given in the Bronx to the poor. On Christmas Day the Bronx council distributed 250 baskets of food to needy families.

Conference Board Asks Repeal of Excess Profits Tax and Cut in Surtaxes.

PLAN HITS CORPORATIONS

Urges Increase of 16 Per Cent. in Income Tax, and Higher Stamp and Customs Rates.

The sales tax as a solution of present tax difficulties is strongly opposed in a report of the Tax Committee of the National Industrial Conference Board which will be presented for discussion and action at the third tax conference to be held in the Hotel Astor on Jan. 21 and 22. The committee has prepared recommendations on changes in the tax laws which they believe will yield a revenue equal to the estimate for 1921 without imposing constrictive hardships on industry.

They advocate the repeal of the excess profits tax, a reduction or modification in the present surtaxes, and propose that a net business loss for any year should be deductible from the income of the preceding or succeeding year. To offset decreases in revenue which would follow such changes, the committee proposes a flat increase in the corporation income tax rate, not to exceed 16 per cent., increasing and extending stamp taxes, increasing the rate in first-class postage, and increasing customs duties, consumption and excise taxes.

"The committee," says the report, "finds that the tax is uncertain both as to form and rate necessary to raise the needed revenue; that it is a large, not a small tax; that serious injury to business would arise from the uncertainty as to whether or not the tax would be shifted to the consumer and from the advantage that it would confer on multiple process organizations; that to the extent that it cannot be shifted it becomes a tax on gross income, which is entirely inequitable as between various classes of business; that it would discriminate in favor of corporations and against partnerships; that it would tend to bring about undesirable changes in business practices; that the administrative difficulties are much greater than is generally realized; that the experience of other countries and of our own after the Civil War point to the conclusion that it is to be availed of only as a last resort; that it is economically unsound as well as socially unjust to shift two billions of taxation from business and personal income to consumption taxes; that its political expediency is doubtful.

A gross reduction of $1,150,000,000 would result if the recommendations of the committee were put into effect. Repeal of the excess profits tax would cut off $900,000,000. It is proposed that the surtax rates be reduced, or the surtax rates applied to that portion of the income of an individual which has during the same taxable year been saved and invested (otherwise than in tax-exempt securities) be reduced, and in no case should the maximum surtax rate on such income exceed 20 per cent. This would lower receipts by $200,-000,000.

Permitting the deduction of a net business loss from the income of the succeeding year, or of the preceding year to the extent that the income of the succeeding year is insufficient—this provision to be made retroactive to 1918 and subsequent years—would reduce receipts by $50,000,000 more.

The committee has outlined roughly the ways in which it believes these revenue losses can best be replaced. It proposes as the most satisfactory method for increasing the revenue from taxation of corporation income, a flat increase in the corporation income tax, 16 per cent. being the maximum rate which can be imposed without working injustice in many cases.

Stamp tax rates could be quadrupled and others doubled, and the tax extended to receipts for payment above a certain amount, or where no receipt is required, then to checks, vouchers or other evidences of payment. Twenty per cent. of the amount to be replaced would come from these sources, the committee estimates.

In addition to increasing customs duties, the committee recommends additional consumption or excise taxes, limited to a specified list of commodities. It is estimated that the remaining 40 per cent. to be replaced would be made up in this way.

DE KORWIN NOT A BARON.

Austrian Who Seeks Custody of His Son Disclaims the Title.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 26.—"Mr." Joseph de Korwin, a Pole by reason of the Treaty of Versailles, and a captain in the Austrian army because of service, wishes to have it distinctly understood that he is not a baron or a count. He disclaims all the titles with which he has at times been honored.

De Korwin is in Chicago fighting to gain the custody of his 8-year-old son, Stanislaus Stephen de Korwin, whom he had never seen until a week ago. The child is in the custody of his mother, Mrs. Cecile Young Heyworth de Korwin, heiress to the $25,000,000 estate of the late Otto Young.

In his petition, de Korwin sets up that he is a Polish citizen, but this A. S. Trude, who represents Mrs. de Korwin, says is not true.

"He was a captain in the Austrian army," Mr. Trude says, "and when the peace treaty was signed his home was part of the territory given to Poland. I knew he wasn't a count or a baron all the time. When he first claimed to be a count I figured that he was one of the descendants of the soldiers in the battle of the White Mountains several hundred years ago, when the Austrian King made them all counts to keep from having to pay them. That's why you find so many barbers and waiters in America who are counts."

"I shall respond to Mr. Trude's canards in due course," said de Korwin.

The controversy between de Korwin and his wife will come up before Judge McKinley on Thursday. Several days ago the Judge gave her temporary custody of the child.

"INVISIBLE GUEST" DINNER.

Pershing and Hoover to Be Hosts of Europe's Starving Children.

The menu for the "invisible guest" dinner at the Hotel Commodore on Wednesday night for the benefit of organizations in the European Relief Council will consist of stew, bread and cocoa, it was announced yesterday. While the charge for the dinner will, in a sense, be $1,000 a plate, the actual meal will cost 22 cents.

Tickets may be obtained by contributing $1,000, which is sufficient to save 100 European children until next harvest. Canvassers who get contributions totaling $1,000 are entitled to tickets to the dinner, which may be had from the New York City Committee, European Relief Council, 42 Broadway. The hosts at the dinner will be General Pershing, Herbert Hoover and Franklin K. Lane.

More than 100,000 children will be "invisible guests," as this number will be assured of food and medical care until next Autumn. Returns and gifts from the States and New York City will be announced at the dinner, at which Fritz Kreisler has volunteered to play.

Mercier Speaks at American College.

ROME, Dec. 26.—Cardinal Mercier, Primate of Belgium, before completing his Rome visit called at the American College and delivered an address to the students. He met Robert Underwood Johnson, the American Ambassador, at the college.

DREICER & Co°

Pearls, Precious Stones and Jewels

FIFTH AVENUE at FORTY-SIXTH

Pre Inventory Sale

We must bring our stock down to the lowest possible figure before taking inventory, so we have reduced the price of every Suit and Overcoat we have from one-third to one-half.

Entire Stock of Suits and Overcoats reduced without reserve!

Every garment on Sale is regular Moe Levy stock—all-wool, smartly styled and handsomely tailored. Every one is reduced at least one-third and as much as one-half. Look at these great values:

486 Suits were $35
641 Suits were $40
275 Suits were $45

Now $23.50

371 Overcoats were $35
543 Overcoats were $40
211 Overcoats were $45

564 Suits were $50
356 Suits were $55
656 Suits were $60

Now $33.50

487 Overcoats were $50
321 Overcoats were $55
593 Overcoats were $60

754 Suits were $65
533 Suits were $75
201 Suits were $85

Now $47.50

801 Overcoats were $65
457 Overcoats were $75
196 Overcoats were $85

Kid Klothes

Suits—Overcoats
Mackinaws—Reefers

Values up to $16.50

Now $6.75

Other Specials $10.75 Now

Other Specials $15.75 Now

Moe Levy & Son

Our Only Store — New York City

119-125 Walker Street

Every Subway to "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station, within sight of our store

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7—SATURDAYS UNTIL 10

MAKE SURE

of saving something in 1921 by investing part of your January dividends. Buy a Guaranteed Mortgage, and instead of being spent later in the year, your money will be returning 5½% income.

LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST CO.

160 Broadway, New York
188 Montague St., Brooklyn
44 Court St., Brooklyn
161 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.
363 E. 149th St., N. Y.
1354 Broadway, Brooklyn
189 Main St., W. Plains, N. Y.

Store Depts.
TO LEASE

SHOE DEP'T
HOSIERY DEP'T
CORSET DEP'T
GLOVE DEP'T
FUR DEP'T

By one of Baltimore's most progressive stores; catering to the better class of trade and right in the heart of the city.

Address T 580 TIMES.



B2—Bright Sheffield Tea Set in Colonial Design $45.00

FINE linen, well-chosen china, charming crystal and sturdy Sheffield — all adjuncts of emphatic importance to a dining room table. And all, except the linen obtainable at Ovington's.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of 5th Ave"
314 Fifth Ave. nr. 32d St.

ADVERTISEMENT.

GUARANTEED PURE BY YOUR GOVERNMENT
WAR DEPARTMENT CANNED MEATS

Trade Problems Dealt With

Problems involved in the important questions of the future of trade in the United States and the attitude of American financiers toward the European crisis are dealt with intelligently in The Annalist—a weekly magazine of finance, commerce and economics.

Investors, bankers, merchants and manufacturers who desire guidance and inspiration which will assist them in solving vital questions in their business affairs will find The Annalist of valuable assistance.

In This Week's Issue

OUT TODAY

Market Records New Low Levels as Year Draws to Close.
The Future of Gold as a Standard of Monetary Value.
Growth of the Bank Acceptance as an Instrument of Credit.
Producer and Retailer at Odds Over Price Reductions.

THE ANNALIST
Times Square, New York

A Magazine of Finance, Commerce and Economics
Published every Monday by The New York Times Co.

10 cents a copy. $5.00 a year.

VINCENT ASTOR IN AUTO COLLISION

Mudguards Bent and Glass Shattered When Cars Crash in Snowstorm.

OCCUPANTS BADLY SHAKEN

Two Women Severely Hurt When Two Machines Meet in Brooklyn.

A closed automobile in which Vincent Astor was returning from his country home at Rhinebeck crashed with another automobile at St. Nicholas Avenue and 135th Street last night in the midst of the snowstorm, which made driving difficult. Mr. Astor was shaken up but not injured, although the mudguards of both machines were bent and glass shattered.

The accident happened about 11:30, when the snowstorm was at its worst. Mr. Astor was alone in his car, and it was driven by Herbert Smith of 3 East 165th Street. At 135th Street another car came out of the side street driven by Walter Le Roy of 24 East Sixty-third Street.

The two drivers saw each other in time to avoid a serious accident, but because of the slippery road were not able to stop before they had slewed toward each other and the mud guards had ground together. Glass tinkled down into the snow and Mr. Astor, who had been thrown off his seat, jumped out.

When he found that the damage was not serious he ordered his chauffeur to drive to the West 135th Street Station, where he reported the accident to Police Lieutenant Dunn, and drove to his home at 840 Fifth Avenue.

Policemen were sent to the scene of the collision to pick up the bits of broken glass and metal. Le Roy gave his report to Policeman Maddock on the spot, and did not go to the station. There was no disposition on the part of either to blame the other driver, because of the condition of the street.

Eight Pinned Under Auto.

Two women were severely injured yesterday afternoon when two automobiles crashed together at Clarendon Road and Rogers Avenue, Brooklyn. One of the cars overturned and pinned its eight passengers beneath it. Mrs. Irene Klepser, 25 years old, wife of Andrew Klepser, and Miss Bertha Engelfield, 46, both of 3,822 Church Avenue, were taken to the Kings County Hospital suffering from internal injuries. Miss Engelfield was operated on last night. The surgeons said that both she and Mrs. Klepser would recover.

The two women were among those riding in an automobile driven by Anton Hatsoulis, 40 years old, proprietor of a restaurant at 924 Flatbush Avenue, which was going south on Rogers Avenue. The other machine, driven by Miss Ruth Lenson, 19 years old, of 420 West 130th Street, Manhattan, was going east on Clarendon Road. They came together, and the Hatsoulis car was turned on its side.

Policemen Gerstenfield and Stephens ripped the top off the machine while waiting for ambulances and helped the injured to climb out. Mr. Hatsoulis was taken to the Swedish Hospital, and went home after wounds in his arm had been sewed up. Andrew Klepser was cut about the face, but his daughter, Barbara, 4 years old, escaped without injury, although her Christmas doll was decapitated.

The others who were slightly injured were: James Koja of 2,259 Church Avenue, Elizabeth Brown, 18, 194 East Fifty-seventh Street, Manhattan; Ida Weiss, 24, 3,304 Church Avenue, and Esther Burns, 18, 267 East Forty-fifth Street, Brooklyn.

Girl Driver Gets Summons.

Miss Lenson received a summons for driving without a license. Her father, Jacob Lenson, a coffee merchant, and her mother were not hurt. It was at this corner that Mrs. Henry Fotts, wife of the assistant secretary of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, was killed a short time ago.

Horses attached to a hearse became frightened yesterday when an automobile struck the hearse as it was leaving Greenwood Cemetery at Twenty-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue. They ran for two blocks before dashing into a telegraph pole where they left the hearse. Policeman Andrew White stopped the horses two blocks further on after he had been dragged some distance.

Aaron Frank, 39 years old, of 565 West 162d Street, was struck by a taxicab yesterday at Broadway and Columbus Circle. His left wrist was broken.

Abe Grubowsky, 10 years old of 186 East Second Street, was struck last night by an automobile near his home and taken to Bellevue Hospital with a fractured skull. The automobile did not stop.

An automobile, which did not stop, struck Mrs. Lydia Banta of Woodcliffe, N. J., near her home yesterday and she was taken to the Hackensack Hospital severely cut on the head and body.

FRIARS ENTERTAIN WOUNDED

250 Maimed Veterans Enjoy Dinner, Music and Vaudeville.

About 250 wounded soldiers from the Polyclinic and Fox Hills Hospitals were the guests of the Friars at a dinner and entertainment last night in the monastery on West Forty-eighth Street. Twenty Friars acted as waiters and served the courses of a menu which was a culinary success, judging from the empty dishes which were carried back to the kitchen. Milton Lissberger passed around 300 boxes of candy with his compliments, while other members loaded the boys down with "smokes." During the dinner the Hebrew Orphan Asylum Band played and later a vaudeville and motion picture program was given.

The men were transported in Motor Corps ambulances under the direction of Miss Emma Froham and K. C. Beaton. Milton Fiels was in charge of the dinner.

ADRIFT 28 HOURS IN SOUND.

Alfred Jackson, Duck Hunter, Rescued From Crippled Motor Boat.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Dec. 26.—Alfred Jackson, 52 years old, of Fairfield, who became separated from his companions while duck hunting along the shore yesterday morning, was picked up by a tug boat late today off Stratford Light.

He had drifted on Long Island Sound for twenty-eight hours in his motor boat, which had a broken engine. Other than missing his Christmas dinner and the three other meals, Jackson was none the worst for his experience.

Church History Society to Meet.

Professors of church history in theological seminaries will gather today at Union Theological Seminary, Broadway and 120th Street, to attend the fourteenth annual meeting of the American Society of Church History. The Chairman of the Entertainment Committee is Professor William W. Rockwell of Union Seminary. Professor Robert Hastings Nichols of Auburn, N. Y., will preside.

LYNCH ARKANSAS NEGRO AFTER STREET PARADE

Mob Takes From Jail Slayer of Policeman Who Raided Dice Game.

JONESBORO, Ark., Dec. 26.—Wade Thomas, a negro, who last night shot and killed Elmer Ragland, a policeman, in a raid on a dice game here, was taken from the jail here tonight by a mob of about 400 citizens.

After being paraded through the business streets of the town he was hanged to a telegraph pole near the scene of his crime.

DID NOT WASH DISHES.

Son Says Coolidge Had No Part in This Christmas Task.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 25.—Calvin Coolidge Jr. said today that he and his brother and their father, Governor Coolidge, did not wash the dishes after the Christmas dinner at their Northampton home yesterday, as had been predicted in press dispatches on Friday night.

Governor Coolidge motored to this city from Northampton this afternoon and returned to Boston tonight. His father returned to Vermont after having been the Governor's holiday guest.

SPEND CHRISTMAS CHOPPING

Pittsfield Man's Neighbors Furnish Lumber to Replace Burned Home.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., Dec. 26.—Neighbors of Robert F. Williams, whose house was burned Thursday, held a Christmas chopping bee on his woodlot to aid him in erecting a new home.

Eighteen men with thirteen double teams felled pine trees a century old and hauled them three miles to a mill where 12,000 feet of lumber will be sawed from them. Wives of the workers gave them a turkey dinner at the Neighborhood Chapel at the end of their day's labor. Williams carried only a small insurance and his fire loss was heavy.

TO TRAIN WOMEN PRISONERS

Bedford Reformatory Heads Will Ask for Special Grant.

Special to The New York Times.

BEDFORD, Dec. 26.—Officials of the State Reformatory for Women in Bedford announced yesterday that they will ask the incoming Legislature for a special grant to establish new industries at the reformatory to train prisoners to earn an honest living when they leave.

The training system is to be reorganized, and more trades taught. The institution now teaches housework, dressmaking, basket making, cooking, typewriting and stenography.

LAUDS JEWS' PATRIOTISM.

Dr. Joseph Silverman In Sermon Says They Never Faltered.

Lauding the patriotism of peace above that resulting from the hysteria of war, Rabbi Joseph Silverman in his sermon at Temple Emanu-El yesterday declared that Jews have never faltered in their peacetime patriotism and have always responded in a war emergency.

Taught by their faith, Jews in every country have worked loyally for the land of their adoption, said Dr. Silverman, and their one thought has been for its peace and prosperity.



SAKS & COMPANY, *Specialists in Apparel*

Announce an Impressive Presentation of

Toggery *for* Southern Wear

—For Men, Women, Misses and Children

THOSE about to sojourn in Southern climes will find Saks & Company fully prepared to outfit their wardrobes with the very newest and most exclusive toggery designed for Southern wear, beginning with the riding habit for the morning canter, ending with the most exquisite gowns for formal wear Awaiting your selection at very moderate prices

Exquisite Frocks for Women and Misses—for sports, formal and informal wear—developed in the new crepes, foulards, laces, nets, and hand-knitted novelties, with gorgeous sashes, and embroidery of angora, silk and chenille—in lovely new shades of silver, tangerine, copper, rust and honeydew

Sport Skirts — *New Suits of White Serge* — *Smart Mantles*
Sports Coats — *Millinery, New Ideas in Hosiery* — *Riding Toggery*
Bathing Apparel — *Lounging and Travel Robes* — *New Footwear*
Novel Parasols — *Silk Sweaters* — *English Luggage*

Broadway **Saks & Company** *at 34th Street*

No Connection With Any Other Establishment in the World

WORTH

THIRTY-FOURTH STREET — BROADWAY-FIFTH AVENUE



AN UNUSUAL OFFERING OF

NEW TAFFETA SILK FROCKS

IN THE CORRECT MODES FOR SPRING

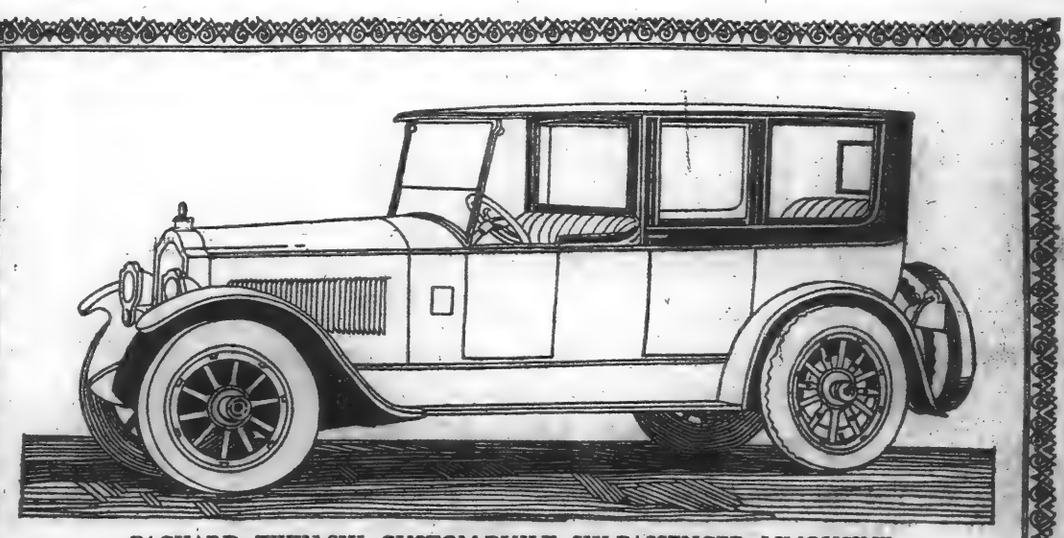
PRESENTING PHENOMENAL VALUES

REVEALING THE INFINITE BEAUTY OF THE NEW MODE, ARE THESE DAINTY TAFFETA SILK FROCKS, A CHARMING EFFECT IS PORTRAYED BY DIVIDED TUNIC SKIRTS, RATHER FLARING OF LINE, AND ORNAMENTATION OF EMBROIDERY AND RUFFLES

28.50

VARIETY OF THEME AND BEAUTY OF DESIGN IS EFFECTIVELY MET IN THESE TAFFETA SILK FROCKS BY A FITTED BODICE WITH CORD TRIMMING AND A LOW SQUARE NECK, LACE EDGED; SCALLOPED RUFFLES WITH PICOTED EDGES FAIRLY COVER THE RATHER FULL SKIRT

45.00



PACKARD TWIN-SIX CUSTOM-BUILT SIX-PASSENGER LIMOUSINE

Now Ready for Immediate Delivery

Long life, exceptional engine performance, unsurpassed comfort and safety, make the Packard Twin-Six the ideal chassis on which to place a fine custom-built body. The model illustrated is but one of many models which our Custom Body Department has produced to meet the demand of those who desire distinction and quality in their motor cars.

PACKARD

MOTOR CAR COMPANY OF NEW YORK
Broadway at Sixty-First Street, New York City

Ask the Man Who Owns One

FOR OUR DIPLOMATS

Business Men Want System of Giving Berths to Party "Appals" Abolished.

COLBY'S PLANS FOR REFORM

They Include Naming Experts in Foreign Fields in State Department Executive Posts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—The reorganization of the foreign service and the State Department to place the agencies dealing with foreign political and business affairs on a higher plane by abolishing the present system and that of many years past of appointing Ministers and Ambassadors as a reward for political contributions is to be considered by the incoming Administration.

American business men, represented in large exporting concerns and chambers of commerce, are urging reforms, and American diplomats say that while our representatives have done reasonably well because of their common sense, more than that is required to cope with the representatives of other nations instructed to make the business of their countries their first interest.

The war and the increase of American exports to South America and Europe, with the complications that follow business transactions in foreign countries, business men say, has brought to their attention the necessity of having a better foreign service from top to bottom. They also believe that the State Department ought to take over more of the consular service, part of whose activities is now under the Department of Commerce, and that the salaries paid should be large enough to justify better men entering the consular and diplomatic service.

Even though the state of this country's finances does not at present justify a vast expenditure in improving the foreign service, yet the demand and the necessity are so pressing as to make the subject one of serious consideration by the committees of Congress delegated to deal with foreign affairs. It is believed that the very first act of the Harding Administration will be to recommend an increasing of these facilities, higher salaries and the buying of homes in foreign capitals for American representatives. The United States owns only four legations, and these in small countries. Embassies and legations owned by the United States in foreign capitals, it is argued, would tend to increase American prestige abroad and are a necessary part of any program to build up this service.

Bill for an Embassy in China.

Representative Stephen G. Porter, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, believes that all this should be done and hopes to see the special session of Congress devote itself to legislation along this line. He favors buying homes which can be purchased in foreign capitals now very cheaply, owing to the difference of exchange, and the prevailing low real estate prices abroad. Mr. Porter has introduced a bill raising the American Legation in China to the rank of an embassy, and other bills to improve the service will be presented when he has worked out a program in consultation with the next Secretary of State.

"When I was in China this Summer," said Mr. Porter, "I told the people there it was my intention to have our country represented there by an Ambassador. The bill I have introduced is in line with that promise. In my opinion there is no reason why we should not have a diplomatic officer of the highest rank representing us in a country of 400,000,000 people which has always been our friend."

The most radical change in the character of the State Department that has taken place since the Civil War will be made if the present Congress accepts the recommendations which have just been made by Secretary Colby for the reorganization of the department.

The political realignment of the nations and the world race for markets and raw materials have suddenly thrust upon the State Department a burden that compels a thorough reorganization of the department along new lines. With this in view, the old scheme of operations in the department has been undergoing close scrutiny for many months, and Congress will soon take up the whole problem.

Colby's Plan of Reorganization.

Secretary Colby's letter conveying the department's appropriation estimates for next year takes the position that the existing situation cannot continue. It is now difficult, if not impossible, he says, to induce a competent man to assume the duties of Chief of Bureau at the existing statutory rate of compensation for that office. The Secretary proposes to abolish the three separate grades of "Chief of Bureau," "Officer to Aid in Important Drafting Work" and "Temporary Officer" and to substitute in their place one grade, "Officer to Aid in Important Drafting Work."

By drawing up a schedule of compensation for this single grade on a basis of the expert capacity of the incumbent, combining these three grades of officers under the one general designation, "officers to aid in important drafting work," and by giving a more adequate compensation, the advocates of the reorganization plan at the State Department hope to get additional officers and to supplement the existing staff of experts with enough trained subordinates to meet the requirements of the foreign political and trade problems facing the department.

This increase in the number of officers, by establishing a single grade, who will be selected because of their expertness in certain fields, is held to be the very heart of the reorganization plan. Upon it largely depends the degree to which the State Department will be able to meet its tasks and responsibilities for the rest of the present Administration and under the incoming one.

In the proposed reorganization of the department the officers to aid in important drafting work will be charged with the entire responsibility of directing the several geographical and other divisions of the department together with their various political and technical sections. The work of analyzing and studying foreign political and trade conditions will also devolve directly upon these officers. Each will be an expert in his particular field, and responsibility and initiative will be given to him accordingly.

Under the present limitations imposed upon the State Department by Congress, the compensation for officers to aid in important drafting work ranges from $2,500 to $4,500, and under the appropriation for temporary officers only four can be paid at the rate of $4,500, three at the rate of $4,000 and ten at the rate of $3,500. In the present scheme of organization there are fifteen people paid from this temporary fund who are performing the duties of drafting officers, many of whom out of devotion to their work have rejected tempting offers from business houses at greatly increased salaries.

The salary situation is considered even more absurd in the office of the Secretary of State, in which the Under-Secretary receives an annual salary of $7,500, the Assistant Secretary $5,000, and other assistant secretaries and the Director of the Consular Service $4,500 each—salaries which require the department to look around for men who can practically volunteer their time and services. Under the reorganization, it is proposed to increase the salary of the Under-Secretary to $10,000 and the salaries of the Assistant Secretaries of State and the Director of the Consular Service to $7,500.

The State Department and the Department of Commerce are trying to meet the situation, until the State Department is reorganized, by maintaining close touch with each other in matters of foreign trade, and unusual efforts are being made by the State Department to keep the Department of Commerce acquainted with the needs of the foreign trade situation. The necessity of its own reorganization has been urged upon Congress by the State Department since before the entrance of the United States into the war. The movement to obtain from the present Congress at least the entering wedge of reorganization in the shape of the creation of a single grade of executive officer below the office of Assistant Secretary of State is the first constructive step in the direction of reorganization that seems likely to succeed.

It is the openly expressed opinion of many business representatives in Washington that it will be a shortsighted policy if the present Congress overlooks the opportunity to strengthen the hand of American business men abroad by placing at their disposal in the State Department a staff of experts who can keep in mind the special problems of American business and can co-ordinate and develop accordingly this country's foreign trade and foreign political policies.

OPTIMISTIC ABOUT MEXICO.

Joseph Guffey Says Obregón Will Solve Her Many Problems.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 26.—"The change that has come over Mexico in a year, or from last January to the present, is unbelievable, almost, to any one who has not witnessed the transformation," says Joseph F. Guffey, holder of extensive oil interests in the republic south of the Rio Grande, who has returned from Mexico City and the inauguration of General Obregon.

Business is brisk, industry thriving, he says, and declares that Mexico is one of the few countries in the world now on a gold and silver basis, most exchanges being made in gold.

Mr. Guffey, with his sisters, the Misses Ida and Paulette, attended the inauguration and festivities incident to it as guests of Mexico, as did 3,000 other Americans, including the Governors of a number of States. One of the little attentions the Government paid the Americans was to install electric heaters in the rooms they occupied.

In the next week or ten days, Mr. Guffey says, he will again visit Washington to urge early recognition of the Mexican Government.

"General Obregon," he said today, "is the first man elected President of Mexico to typify the ideas of these forward-looking Mexicans who nearly twenty years ago started to work out their vision of a better and greater Mexico. I am confident the many problems confronting Mexico will be solved under President Obregon and the strong Cabinet chosen with him, in a manner just and fair alike to the people of Mexico and foreign interests."

Lansing Accepts Church Post.

Robert Lansing of Watertown, N. Y., ex-Secretary of State, has accepted an appointment on the Executive Commission of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Lansing was elected to fill the unexpired term of Judge Allan B. Endicott of Atlantic City, N. J., who died a few weeks ago. Mr. Lansing is a Presbyterian elder, and his father-in-law was the late John W. Foster, for many years an active Presbyterian elder in Washington, D. C.

HEARTEN PRISONERS

Messages From Them and Others Distributed in District of Columbia Institutions

IN AN ANNUAL PAPER

Inmates Are Encouraged to Try for a New Start in Christmas Edition of Passin' Through.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—A Christmas message in which he declares that "life is never a thing of chance" was sent today to the 800 prisoners in the jail, workhouse and reformatory of the District of Columbia by Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer. The message was placed in the hands of the prisoners this morning in the form of an eight-page special edition of a prison newspaper published under the name of Passin' Through, copies of which were distributed through the three institutions today by direction of Charles C. Foster, a Kentuckian, who for twenty years worked on The Louisville Courier-Journal and other dailies before he became Superintendent of the District penal institutions.

This publication, issued only on one day in an effort to bring the season's cheer and greetings to the prison inmates, is illustrated, and besides poems and pertinent paragraphs contains specially written articles or messages by Cardinal Gibbons, Bishop Alfred Harding of Washington, George W. Kirchwey, former Warden of Sing Sing, Superintendent Foster and others.

In his message to the prisoners the Attorney General says:

"No matter how dark the present day may seem the sun will rise again. Another chance will come. No mistake so far made is fatal, but if we profit by it, it will prove a blessing in disguise. Advice of a general character is seldom helpful. Yet two bits of general advice which fell from the lips of much-loved teachers of my youth made so deep an impression upon me and have proved so helpful that I am constrained to repeat them here. One of these teachers in delivering of a baccalaureate address chose as his text, 'Life is what you make it and never a thing of chance.' Upon this theme he played with the master hand of a life-long teacher of men, citing experience of men and women to prove his point.

"Another, upon his assumption of office of President of a college, called the young men together and made an address which proved a turning point in the lives of many of those who listened to the wise words which showed his affectionate interest in the welfare of the young men. He said: 'From this day all rules of discipline are abolished. Every man knows what is right and what is wrong and each of you will be expected to follow what you know to be right.' No gift was half so valuable to me as these homely sayings of my old teachers."

Cardinal Gibbons sent this Christmas message to the men in this and other prisons:

"The men and women in prison everywhere can bring solid comfort to their hearts by submitting to the ways of Divine Providence and speaking with Him. How many have buried themselves in the desert so as to talk with God? They also can commune with God by daily, hourly prayer and thus strengthen their souls, also shorten their time."

Under the caption "Good in All of Us," former Warden Kirchwey said:

"I have known and trusted and loved many men and women in prison and out, and out of this knowledge and love and trust has come this conviction—that in all cases the weeds that we call vices and crimes have grown out of a thin top-soil—a little thicker or thinner as the case may be—and that in every one of us there are, under this superficial layer, infinite depths of the rich soil in which the seed of what we call character, the real stuff that is our real selves, is waiting for a chance to come through, up into the light."

EXPLOSION STILL A MYSTERY

Fuse and Parts of Leather Bag Suggest Outrage Was Planned.

MONTESANO, Wash., Dec. 26.—An investigation by county authorities today failed to clear up the mystery connected with an explosion which shook the town of Montesano last night. The finding of twenty feet of fuse at the scene of the explosion, in a vacant lot near the Northern Pacific station, is believed by the police to indicate that an outrage was planned, but the object of the attack is still a mystery.

No trace has been found of the stranger carrying a leather traveling bag who was seen loitering yesterday about the county jail, where are incarcerated seven men convicted last March of complicity in the Centralia, Wash., Armistice Day killing of ex-service men on Nov. 11, 1919. Pieces of bag similar to that carried by the stranger were found at the scene of the explosion, which led to the police theory of a possible plot on the county jail.

WALKER ELECTRIC TRUCKS

You'll Know Them by Their Steel Disc Wheels

The man who says, "A horse is good enough for me," has taken it for granted that horses are cheaper than Walker Electrics.

They are not. The Walker Electric Truck is the least expensive means for city deliveries, and the most satisfactory.

WALKER VEHICLE COMPANY
Grand Central Terminal

It is better to heed us now than to need us later.

Put it up to us to put it up for you.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction



Saks & Company
Broadway At 34th Street

Offer Most Exceptional Values in

A SALE OF
Men's Tan Boots
FORMERLY 11.00 to 14.00
Now 7.85

Included are some of the very best shoes carried in our regular stock. The lasts are in perfect proportion and made with great care. The leathers:

Genuine Calfskin, Tan Cordovan with Calfskin Tops, and Dark Vealskin. All sizes and widths.

UPON the plan and design of the buildings depends, to a great degree, the efficiency of the operatives, in large industrial plants.

Mr. Perrot's quarter of a century's experience in designing and erecting industrial structures, makes his services especially valuable in the cost saving of both labor and material.

A conference can be arranged by telephone.

EMILE G. PERROT
Architect and Engineer
Formerly of Ballinger & Perrot
(Temporary Address)
2850 WOOLWORTH BUILDING
'Phone, Barclay 9610 New York
Parkway Building, Philadelphia

NEW YORK TITLE & MORTGAGE COMPANY
135 BROADWAY
NEW YORK

BROOKLYN 203 Montague St. | JAMAICA 375 Fulton St. | LONG ISLAND CITY Bridge Plaza, North

The Store is closed at 5 P. M. daily

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street
Telephone 7000 Murray Hill

Beginning to-day (Monday)
on the First Floor
An Unprecedented Offering of
Over Seven Thousand
Men's Outing Flannel Pajamas
at $1.65 per suit

This is a phenomenally low figure for Pajamas of this quality (being, indeed, less than one-half the regular price). The material used in making the garments is domet flannel of superior grade, and the workmanship is of a high order.

Twelve Hundred
Men's Outing Flannel Night Shirts
(of the same quality material) will at the same time be offered at
$1.35 each

BROADWAY Saks & Company At 34th STREET

Announce to Begin This Monday Morning

A SALE OF 2400 MEN'S



Domet Flannel Pajamas
At 1.85
Regularly 2.95 and 3.50

FINE quality Domet Flannel Pajamas in a large variety of striped and novelty patterns. Each has been made with the greatest of care, assuring splendid service. Two styles: plain or trimmed with silk frogs.

Domet Flannel Night Shirts
At 1.45

These Night Shirts are all cut over very full measurements, and may be had in a host of smart stripings. *Main Floor.*

The Housing Situation in New York No. 8

The Real Need

From New York Times Editorial, Oct. 21—

"We shall all be happier when a normal freedom is restored—the tenant no less than the landlord. For until these restrictions (Rent Laws) are removed there can be no adequate supply of new buildings."

From New York Tribune Editorial, Nov. 27—

"Concerning the major feature of the housing problem the decisions (upholding the Rent Laws) give no help. They do not add an apartment to the City's supply. On the contrary, they rather tend to lessen the supply."

From New York Mail Editorial, Nov. 29—

"The Legislature should now exert itself to extend every reasonable economic aid to the investor in housing property. It is obvious that home building cannot be encouraged so long as the Legislature limits itself to measures limiting the right of house owners over their own property."

From Mr. Justice Blackmar's Decision, Dec. 8—

"But it is not perceived how the operation of Chapter 942 * * * will add one square foot to the supply of dwelling accommodations, or will decrease in any respect the demand therefor."

Now is the Time for Tenants as Well as Property Owners to Co-operate! Building Should Be Stimulated.

Real Estate Investors of New York, Inc.
135 West 72nd Street.

Apartment House Association, Inc.
541 Madison Avenue.

SNOW WHITENS CITY, SWEEPERS AT WORK

Officials and Railway Companies Prepare for Season's First Mobilization for Removal.

REASSURED BY FORECAST

Bureau Keeps Office Force on Duty When Fall Continues During the Evening.

Snow began falling in the city shortly after 6 o'clock last evening. By midnight the ground was covered and the fall was continuing so steadily that the city and the street railway companies began mobilizing their men to cope with the snow removal problem today. The Weather Bureau, however, assured the city Snow Removal Bureau that the temperature would rise and keep the streets clear.

The weather forecast for Eastern New York was rain or snow on the coast and snow in the interior today with rising temperature. Tomorrow, it is predicted, the weather will be cloudy and colder with snow in the north portion.

The Third Avenue Railway sent out the first snow sweeper at 9:55, followed a short time later by six others, which went to work on the lines from downtown Manhattan to Fort George and Kingsbridge in the Bronx. The other lines followed soon after and by midnight sweepers were out in all parts of the city. More than an inch of snow had fallen at 11 o'clock.

At the city snow removal bureau on the twenty-fifth floor of the Municipal Building, a full office force was on duty watching the barometer and prepared to mobilize several thousand snow fighters in the event the snowfall developed large proportions.

The bureau reported that it has, at present, through the Street Cleaning Department, a force of 7,000 men who can be called on a moment's notice through a card index system on file at the police precincts. It was said that the bureau would be able to mobilize 10,000 men within twenty-four hours after the beginning of a snow storm and 14,000 within forty-eight hours.

The bureau's mobilization of workers will be made more rapid by the Street Cleaning Department's section stations. There are fifty-one of these stations in Manhattan, forty in Brooklyn and twelve in the Bronx.

The pay of snow shovelers has been increased since last Winter from 50 to 65 cents an hour, the same rate received by regular employes of the Street Cleaning Department.

All the equipment ordered by the city for removing snow has not been received, although the contractors are furnishing the equipment several weeks in advance of the time specified in the contract. According to the Snow Removal Bureau it has at its disposal 20 tractors, 75 five-ton trucks, 152 two-ton trucks, and 100 small tractors. Besides these, there will be delivered to the department within the next few weeks 212 five-ton trucks, 100 two-ton trucks and 150 snow ploughs.

At midnight last night the Snow Removal Bureau said that no shovelers had been sent out and probably none would be put to work before 5 o'clock this morning unless the snowfall became much heavier.

Motorcycle Policeman Injured.

Motorcycle Patrolman Vincent J. McCauley, 26 years old, of 1,239 Southern Boulevard, the Bronx, was thrown from his motorcycle last night when it skidded at Broadway and Sixty-sixth Street. Dr. Hersikoff of Flower Hospital found that his left hip was injured and sent the patrolman home.

Y.M.C.A. STARTS THRIFT PLAN

Franklin's Life Cited as Lesson to Industrial Workers.

A plan to inculcate in employes of large industrial concerns the lessons of thrift and economy drawn from the experiences of their employers was announced yesterday by the Y. M. C. A., which is co-operating with the New York Thrift Committee in arrangements for a celebration of Benjamin Franklin's birthday anniversary on Jan. 17.

At a preliminary meeting of the committee, which is headed by William Fellowes Morgan, President of the Merchants' Association, and made up of Cleveland H. Dodge and Orion H. Cheney, it was decided that a satisfactory method of inspiring workers to follow the thrift teachings of Benjamin Franklin would be to urge workers to follow the example of self-made men who have reached high stations. These men will impart to their employes the stories of their early struggles and progress, and, according to a plan of the Thrift Committee, several hundred business leaders, bankers, lawyers, &c., will devote one hour during Thrift Week to a talk with some one employe. In this talk the employer will recount the story of his career and outline rules whereby his listener may profit.

McGANNON TO TESTIFY.

Will Be the Last Witness in Cleveland Murder Trial.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 26.—The defense in the trial of Judge William H. McGannon, charged with second degree murder for the slaying of Harold C. Kagy, will rest its case on Tuesday and Judge McGannon will be the last witness called by the defense, W. H. Boyd, chief counsel for McGannon, announced tonight.

The defense plans to call about a dozen witnesses tomorrow, including Dr. A. C. McGannon, brother of the accused, and Mrs. A. C. McGannon, all of whom are expected to testify that the Judge was not at the scene of the shooting.

Miss Mary B. Neely, chief witness for the State, may be recalled for cross-examination tomorrow, defense attorneys said.

Judge McGannon's testimony is expected to be substantially the same as that given by him in the trial of John W. Joyce, acquitted of the Kagy murder.

Miss Neely, testifying for the State, swore she saw McGannon arguing with Kagy at the murder corner, saw McGannon take something from his pocket, heard a shot and at that moment saw Kagy fall. At that time, she said, she was standing at the corner of Oregon Avenue and East Ninth Street, two blocks from the corner of Hamilton Avenue and East Ninth Street, the scene of the shooting.

ELECTRIC COMPANY LOSES.

Not Entitled to Demand Capital From Customer for Installation.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 26.—An electric company "is not justified in demanding that a prospective consumer supply capital for the labor and material required to make a service connection" holds the Public Service Commission in sustaining complaint of Elias Lovell, of Ashland, against the Eastern Pennsylvania Light, Heat and Power Company's rule requiring a deposit of $25 each for properties before installing service.

The commission says it is "clearly a demand on the part of the company requiring the prospective consumer to finance a service connection." The service line of an electric company to the point of connection just outside the building of the consumer should be the property of and installed by the company at its expense, says the decision.

The commission has refused to strike down the 8-cent fare of the Scranton and Binghampton Traction Company asked by the City of Scranton because there was an agreement to have the fares on this line made according to the decision in the Scranton Railway case. The commission orders the case set down for hearing on its merits.

FALSE FIRE ALARM IMPERILS AUDIENCE

Automatic Call From Strand Theatre Brings Fire Fighters in a Hurry.

GONGS MUFFLED ON THE WAY

Search for Non-Existent Blaze Carried On Noiselessly to Prevent a Stampede.

Shortly before 11 o'clock last night the mechanism at Fire Headquarters, Sixty-seventh Street and Third Avenue, indicated that some one had pulled a fire alarm in the Strand Theatre, Broadway and Forty-seventh Street. Spurred to unusual activity by the knowledge that the theatre was filled with a large Sunday night crowd, firemen leaped to their stations and the fire apparatus clanged out into the streets.

The fire bells were muffled several blocks from the theatre. The hook and ladder companies and fire trucks slid up to the Forty-seventh Street doors. Firemen working silently raised ladders against the building.

Assistant Fire Chief "Smoky Joe" Martin stepped into the stage entrance discreetly and whispered a few words to Manager Marx. The firemen on duty, together with Martin, Marx and several others, began making a round of the building. They were joined in a few minutes by several policemen.

Silently and singly the men examined each automatic fire alrm in the house. The audience was attentive to a new film on the screen.

Slipping quietly through the vast house, the fire hunters smelled no smoke and found no indication of a fire. It was not until Assistant Chief Martin reached the balcony floor and ventured into the men's wash room that he found the cause of the alarm. The glass from one of the automatic alarms was missing. Whether it had slipped out accidentally or some malicious person had smashed it and furtively turned in an alarm that endangered the lives of 3,000 men and women could not be learned.

The firemen, however, were positive that some one had maliciously pulled the hook, and probably also smashed the glass. The management was of the opinion that the glass encasing the alarm had slipped from its socket.

The automatic alarm was of the usual "smash this glass in case of fire" variety. To reach the hook inside the glass would have to be removed in some way. The alarm is turned in by pulling a hook and the mechanism works similarly to that in any street box.

The audience in the theatre had no suspicion of the hunt for the non-existent blaze. Police reserves from the West Forty-seventh Street Station maintained a successful vigilance over the crowds which gathered, fearing that some irrational person in the throng might yell "fire" and be heard in the packed theatre.

After his tour of the theatre, Assistant Chief Martin and the fire apparatus left the scene as silently as they had arrived.

Finds Husband and Aunt Killed by Gas.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Dec. 26.—Mrs. Adolph Pidgeon returned to her home late today, after spending the night with relatives in Adams, to find her husband and his invalid aunt, Mrs. Aline Rolland, dead in their beds. The house was filled with gas. Investigation showed that the tubing of a gas heater in the kitchen had fallen from its connection, and it is believed that Pidgeon and Mrs. Rolland were asphyxiated while they slept.

SAYS SPIES DISRUPT UNIONS

Harvard Investigator Charges Employers "Plant" Men in Workers' Organizations.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 26.—Large corporations are making a practice of "planting" men in labor unions whose object it is to become officers of the labor organizations, act as spies for the employing corporations, and bend every influence and pressure they can to disrupt the workingmen's alliances, according to Norman E. Himes, a student of Dr. Richard Cabot's course in social ethics at Harvard University.

The industrial spy system disclosed by Himes is roundly flayed by Professor Cabot, who regards it as "unethical, unjustifiable and a menace to the business life of the country."

Himes has just completed an investigation into the conditions in organized labor which lasted several weeks, and he discovered, he said, regularly organized detective agencies whose chief business it is to disrupt labor organizations.

"I found the detectives were able to capture all the important positions in the union, President, Secretary and treasurer," said Himes. This was in connection with the case of an ice company which had retained a detective agency to disrupt the union among the organized employes.

"In one case I know," he continued, "the manager of an agency boasted to me that one of his operatives had been State President of a federation of unions for nine years. The influence this operative exerted was naturally very great and not at all to the benefit of the union."

SCIENTISTS MEET TODAY.

Gathering in Chicago One of Largest Ever Held in United States.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 26.—Scientists from all over America will gather at the University of Chicago tomorrow for the seventy-third meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science and sessions of thirty-seven of its eighty-eight affiliated societies. The meeting, according to officials of the association, will be one of the largest scientific gatherings ever held in this country.

Dr. L. O. Hoard, Chief of the Bureau of Entomology of the United States Department of Agriculture, is President-elect and will preside at the meeting.

Dr. Simon Flexner, Director of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, will address the opening meeting tomorrow night. Dr. Flexner is retiring President of the association. The title of his address is "Twenty-five Years of Bacteriological Research; a Fragment of Medical Science."



Domino Syrup

For table and cooking. As high-grade as Domino Package Sugars

American Sugar Refining Company

"Sweeten it with Domino"

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway at Ninth, New York — *Telephone Stuyvesant 4700* — *Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.*

Fashion Sales for Holiday Week

In the Early Days of This Store Some Good Citizens

good naturedly termed the undertaking only a glimmer of a man's

Youthful Imagination

that would soon fade out of sight if left alone!

But as the first months passed on when it was found out that the imaginators were hard at work digging with spades in every direction and that they were working restlessly and unweariedly in laying broad foundations for a

New Kind of Store

the people flocked around us in large numbers giving us the benefit of good advice which greatly increased and broadened our imaginations until they become more intense, originative and farther reaching into the future.

The result of it all is before our eyes in the creation of all that is here in these buildings and its relations throughout the whole world as a good servant of value to the people of the city and state.

We never could have done it all if the people had not always been pushing us forward.

(Signed) John Wanamaker

December 27, 1920.

The Store now resumes its usual *5 o'clock closing*

We recommend

as a good investment for Christmas money

—music—in the form of a good piano or a good phonograph.

We have the largest choice in America of good pianos, player-pianos and reproducing pianos.

We have six of the best makes of phonographs, just received a shipment of models, XI., XIV. and XVI. of VICTOR VICTROLAS.

Immediate delivery.
Convenient terms.

First Gallery, New Bldg.

KINDLY see in the newspapers of this evening the interesting details of the Sale of Women's Fashions beginning Tuesday morning.



To girls and young women home from college and boarding school

The question of clothes—the replenishing of the wardrobe is vital at this time, is it not?

Probably it is a dance frock that is most needed—

Probably your daughter waited until this time to get her winter coat or wrap as she did not desire the first ideas of Fashion early last Autumn—

Probably it is a suit of sturdy tweed that she is eager to have—

Probably it is a pleated skirt of gay colored plaid or stripes—and if this is the case she surely will not be content without one of the new short polo coats with large shawl collar of fur—

Probably it is a simple tailored frock, or that indispensable type of soft silk frock—

It matters not whether it is one thing or everything that she needs, we are ready to render intelligent and pleasing service.

This is, for another reason, the psychological moment

Prices have been revised by us to meet the trend of the times. To give them in detail is not possible, as practically every price ticket in our Salon shows a material recession from its first marking.

Some new silk frocks at $32.50 and $39.50

The exquisite simplicity sponsored by Paris is reflected in each frock. It is the silhouette that gives the keynote.

The taffeta frocks are in navy blue, taupe, dark brown or black and copenhagen—the prices, $32.50 and $39.50.

The crepe de chine frocks may be selected in beige with the artistic Cheruit sash of terra cotta colored Georgette crepe; in gray with navy blue and navy blue with gray. The price is $39.50.

Several of the models are illustrated.

Second Floor, Old Building.

The 1921 Cotton Fabrics bring Spring into the Store today



Piquancy of design—fineness of weave—the cotton frock may look forward to a long, joyous season.

The Old-World leads the swirl of fabrics:

Voiles from France; organdies and dotted Swiss from Switzerland; ginghams from Scotland; crepes from Japan, are here in a myriad of graceful patterns and delightful colors.

All who are in the advance guard of fashion may anticipate the summer frock.

The softness and brilliancy of summer and *le dernier cri* of fashion pervade these fabrics for frocks for the southbound.

The lower prices of cotton which we have anticipated—are realized in the 1921 fabrics.

Dress Goods Section—Main Floor, Old Building

All-wool Blankets at extraordinarily low prices

From a stock of blankets which—we are told—has no parallel in its inclusiveness of all good kinds at moderate prices, we have further reduced the following:

$20 single bed all wool blankets—$14.75 pair.
$25 double bed all wool blankets—$19.75 pair.
$30 and $35 Belgian blankets—$19 each.
(large size; bound all around; two designs)

$40 large blankets from Holland—$25 each.
$48 camel's hair blankets—$33 each.
(With Grecian Key border)

$16.50 brown blankets, striped border—$11 each
$17.50 gray khaki blankets—$12 each.
(Just the blanket for camp or porch)

Our special camel's hair blanket—$12 each.
(75 per cent. camel's hair, 25 per cent. wool, bound at both ends with brown silk ribbon. No dye. No cotton.)

Fourth Gallery, New Bldg.

A large group of Linens today, at lowered prices

Tablecloths, luncheon cloths, huck towels, damask towels, Turkish towels, Madeira linen hand embroidered scarfs, centerpieces and luncheon sets, will be found on the tables this morning at very low prices. Some of the pieces have been handled over-much during our large Christmas business—one washing will make them good as new.

The savings are substantial.

The list is too long to detail here. **First floor, Old Building.**

ALL 1921 CALENDARS are now Half Price.

First Floor, Old Building.

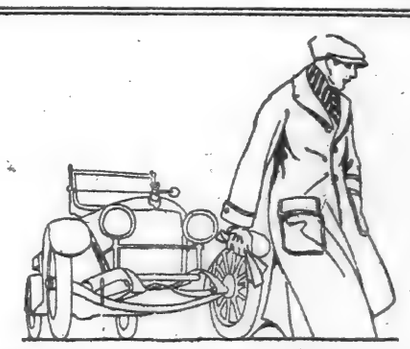
BOYS, too, will find Good things here today

WANA-MACKINAWS at $8.75 and $10.50; sizes for 7 to 18 years. These were made to be sold at $11.75 to $16.50—and at those prices were considered extremely moderate.

OVERCOATS at $16.75; ulster style, wool lined, sizes 11 to 18 years, originally $30.

CAPS, BLOUSES, RAINCOATS, SETS—all low.

Third Floor, Old Building



Most young men

Home from school and college will.....

Need New Clothes

—to take back with them. Some stores rather overlook this fact, and provide nothing special during holiday week. The Wanamaker Store is different; it recognizes the definite need of the type of clothing that young men want; and here it is.

The Suits—$45 and $50

Four-button models are very popular this season; and the three-button model is always good. Straight back; short vent; plain or double-stitched edge; half or fully lined. Smartly set-up suits, but not extreme; in fine herringbones, hairline stripes, and plain blues, browns and oxfords.

The College Ulsters

The large, roomy, youthful, double-breasted—with half belts, large storm collars, patch pockets. Made of sightly fleeces, cheviots, tweeds, chinchillas and Saxonies. Prices begin at $47.50.

Box overcoats and dressy Chesterfield models begin at $37.50.
Evening clothes and dinner clothes begin at $75.
Cutaway suits for formal afternoon wear begin at $65.

Burlington Arcade Floor, New Building

Monroe Jr. Clothes

Oh, Boy! No School This Week!



—A wonderful opportunity to bring the boys to our Upstairs Shops for their Winter Clothes—

Our stocks have been replenished with 2200 Boys' ALL WOOL Overcoats made to retail at $22.50 and $24.75, here NOW $8.

It is one of those rare occasions where those served last are served best.

Come Up—See the splendid 2 Pants Suits, the fine heavy ALL WOOL Mackinaws and the smart sturdy Overcoats here for your selection—not one of them worth less than $15—most of them formerly retailed at $24.75. Your Choice



Your Choice

$8

Sizes 8 to 18

Now

MANHATTAN
42nd Street, corner Broadway
50 E. 42nd St., corner Madison
Nassau Street, corner Frankfort
5 Cortlandt St., cor. Broadway
14th St., opp. Acad. of Music
34th Street, corner Broadway
49th Street and Broadway
59th Street at Columbus Circle
125th Street, corner 7th Ave.
181st St., cor. St. Nicholas Ave.

BRONX
Bergen Ave. at 149th St.

BROOKLYN
413 Fulton Street
587 Fulton at Flatbush

NEWARK—151 Market Street
JERSEY CITY—Newark Ave. & Grove
PATERSON—229 Main Street
YONKERS—Getty Square
ALBANY, N.Y.—Corner N. Pearl and State Sts.
SCRANTON—208 Lackawanna Ave.
BALTIMORE—Cor. Light and Baltimore Sts.

All Monroe Clothes Shops Are Upstairs

INDIA IS PALED BY GRAVE CRISIS

High Cost of Living and Hard Times Have Caused Deep Unrest Among Population.

GREAT STRIKES AND RIOTS

Many Organized Anti-Government Boycotts Instituted—Revolutionary Ideas Preached by Extremists.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—India today is faced with what is generally characterized as one of the gravest crises in its history owing to the deep and widespread unrest which has developed since the end of the war. While this discontent is the product of numerous causes, in the main it is the result of the high cost of living and the consequent hard times for the population.

The unrest has recently manifested itself in various and serious ways. There have been many great strikes in the large industrial centres, in some cases accompanied by rioting and bloodshed. Organized anti-government boycotts have been instituted. Moreover, extremists have been preaching revolutionary ideas with the result that, as announced recently in the Commons by Mr. Montagu, Secretary of State for India, there have been several prosecutions and convictions under the Seditious Meetings act.

There has been much talk in the Western world of activities by Bolshevist propaganda agents in India. Competent observers state, however, that it is doubtful whether the efforts of the Bolsheviki to stir up trouble have met with much success. In this connection it is pointed out that the printed propaganda upon which the Bolsheviki depend so much is of little value in India, where the vast bulk of the population cannot read. Thus the Bolshevist ideals must be spread by word of mouth, a considerable task in a country the size of India. That the Muscovites have been busy in India, however, there is no dispute.

Main Causes of Unrest.

The main causes of unrest may be epitomized thus:

The high cost of living, prices in some cases having advanced 1,000 per cent., while incomes, especially of the brain workers, have increased only a small fraction of this.

The continuance of the war-time restrictions on the conduct of the populace, whereas the Government had indicated that these would be removed within six months of the termination of the war.

The desire on the part of a large section of the educated classes for a

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Certificate No. B41362 for 2 shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, registered in the name of Leigh P. Gerard, and B70214 for 20 shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway common, registered in the name of Adolph G. Lotter. Finder please communicate with Paine, Webber & Co., 62 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.

LOST—Bronx Park Zoo, Sunday, lady's black velvet handbag, containing railroad passes, Elks card and two ten-dollar bills. Finder please return to party named in passes, 265 West 14th St., and retain money.

LOST—Pocketbook containing bank book on Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; Liberty bond, &c., Thursday evening, in Brooklyn; reward. Academy 1120.

LOST—Purse, Christmas night, south-bound Broadway car; finder rewarded for return of keys. Address W. W., Box 108, Station F, Manhattan.

LOST—Sunday, small bead pocketbook, containing money; vicinity of St. Paul's Church, 59th St. and 9th Av.; reward. Holbis, Schuyler 8190.

LOST—Beaded bag at the Casino Theatre, Christmas night; finder keep money, return bag. Florence Myers, 1,830 St. Nicholas Av.

LOST—Either 86th and 5th Av. or 125th and 5th Av., sum of money. Finder return Deaconess House, 1,175 Madison Av. Lenox [redacted]

LOST—On Varick St., spectacles, in McCoy & Stillwell case. M. Moore, 14 St. Luke's Place.

LOST—Envelope containing partly worked canvas tapestry; reward. Telephone Vanderbilt 6227.

LOST—On 42d St., between 5th and Madison Avs., brown fur lap robe. Reward for return to 26 West 52d St.

LOST—Beaded bag in taxi Friday; reward. D 233 Times.

Jewelry.

LOST—Wednesday evening, Dec. 22, between 72d St. and Central Park West and 113th St. and Broadway, open face gold watch, monogram on back, photograph on inside cover, black ribbon fob with gold buckle; may have been dropped in Black and White taxi; $25 reward. Return to Cashier Hotel Majestic.

LOST—Platinum ring; 1 large diamond, 6 chips in filigree; also platinum wedding ring, marked inside "E. B. M. & B. R. C., May 15, 1919"; both from Tiffany & Co. Return Mrs. Edward R. Meyer, 110 East 62d. Reward.

LOST—Package containing gold meshbag; left in taxi about 1:30 P. M., Dec. 24, that took a fare from in front of 574 5th Av. to address on East 77th St. Liberal reward, no questions asked, if returned to Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av.

LOST — Diamond-onyx lady's pin, oval shaped, about 2 inches long, Sunday noon, somewhere between 90th St. and Broadway and the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st and Broadway. Liberal reward. 210 West 90th St., Apartment 3.

LOST—Man's ring, two sapphires and one diamond set in platinum, some time Christmas afternoon, between 31st and 35th Sts., near 5th Av.; suitable reward. Telephone H. F. Richardson, Madison Square 6030.

LOST—On Friday, Dec. 24, between 53d St. and 46th St., a bar pin set with three large diamonds, also small diamonds and onyx; liberal reward for the return to Pennsylvania Station master.

LOST—Fine link gold chain and antique gold locket, between 143d St. and Amsterdam Av. and 9th Av. "L" to Cortlandt St.; suitable reward. 501 West 143d (Apt. 5).

LOST—Wednesday afternoon, one pearl earring with diamond on top. If found kindly return to 31 East 62d St., and suitable reward will be paid.

LOST—String of pink coral beads, Christmas Eve; reward. Mrs. J. Michaelis, 3 West 57th St.

LOST—Diamond solitaire ring, Thursday evening, 125th St. or 7th Av.; reward, Winchell, 143 West 128th St.

LOST—Plaza Hotel, Thursday night, Dec. 23, hours 11 P. M.-4 A. M., platinum bar pin, diamond setting; reward, E 63 Times.

LOST—Platinum barpin, with one diamond and six pearls; suitable reward. Phone Columbus 1978.

LOST—Gold watch fob, Masonic emblem, "J. B. to E. B. B."; reward. Westchester 3300.

$100 REWARD

and no questions asked for return of platinum diamond-studded wrist watch taken from bath locker in Young Women's Christian Association on Friday afternoon, Dec. 24. Apply 24 Broad St., 9th floor.

REWARD $500.

On Friday evening, Dec. 24, between 157 West 57th and Delmonico's Restaurant, a diamond plaque, platinum setting. Telephone Miss Frances Cameron, Circle 3841, or return to Jacques, 561 5th Av.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Friday night, squirrel neckpiece, taxicab, between Times Square and Village; reward. Maria Tudar, 859 West End Av.

LOST—Gray and white striped silk scarf, Saturday evening, between 33 West 74th St. and 333 West 76th St. Reward for return to 33 West 76th St.

LOST—Dec. 21, 145th St. L station, furlined glove. W. A. K., 205 Edgecombe Av.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Friday, Airedale, full grown, 2 years, male, collar without inscription; answers to name Dough Boy; suitable reward for return. Whitney, 38 East 74th. Rhinelander 9811.

LOST—Black French bulldog, male, vicinity 63d St. and Columbus Av.; reward, no questions asked. Remey, 127 Columbus Av.

PERSONAL.

TWO ATTRACTIVE BROTHERS, JEWISH, 9 and 12 years of age, out for adoption. Apply by letter to the Juvenile Aid Society, 119 North 4th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WHY BUS COMPANY RESTRICTS SMOKING

Careful Investigation Brings to Light Much Polite Tolerance From Non-Smokers.

LITTLE ACCIDENTS OCCUR

But Some Women Show an Inclination to Overlook Them—Five Rear Seats for Smokers.

New Yorkers are altruistic and the women think more of the pleasure of the men than they do of their own comfort; men, on the other hand, will gladly give up their pleasures if they interfere with the comfort of women—at least so the Fifth Avenue Coach Company says in a statement recently issued about the new smoking regulations for bus passengers.

The complaints about smoking have been increasing recently, and, feeling that patrons had real grounds for objection, the company say they went after the facts, putting investigators to work.

All the letters indicate a belief that Cards were posted in buses, too, asking the public to vote for or against the continuation of the smoking privilege on the upper deck.

Hundreds of letters were received in answer, ranging from those condemning the use of tobacco in any form, anywhere, to notes from polite "inveterate smokers" who offered to give up smoking on buses if it bothered women passengers. Many women urged the company to "let the men smoke—they enjoy it so!" The company feels that the millennium must have arrived, the replies, all in all, striking a "remarkable average of tolerance and consideration for fellow-passengers" and giving fresh proof of that "genuine sense of fairness" which is now found to be a distinguishing trait of New Yorkers.

Smoking is the inevitable prelude and concomitant to expectoration. One kindly lady wrote that she had no objection to smokers in any or all the seats on top of the bus, but that on one occasion her expensive hat was ruined by the expectoration of one of these upper-deck smokers, the accident occurring as she was about to step off of the bus to the pavement; and that on another occasion she had been even more unfortunate in having a dress spoiled in the same way.

Another woman's letter, among the many, speaks of a "perfect snower of sparks" which resulted in a burned waist. This woman adds: "I felt myself very fortunate that it did not get in my eyes. I did not wish to disturb the comfort of the gentlemen, so went inside, although I preferred to be on top." The lady whose hat and dress were damaged also believes in keeping the men happy. She says: "I think if you forbade it (smoking), it would deprive many men of a great pleasure, but"—then she tells of the unfortunate incidents quoted—ending her letter with: "I do not think there are many such thoughtless people, and I think I would advocate the men being allowed to smoke."

The men seem to be more indignant over the hot ashes and sparks which have found access to their eyes at various times, ignoring little details like clothing. Some of the men also record incidents of women accompanying them or sitting near them who have been similarly inconvenienced or injured.

One man wrote: "I, personally, smoke constantly, but never on the tops of buses, because I have seen so many cases of women and children getting ashes in their eyes."

The following is also from a man: "My right eye had caught a live spark from the cigar of a thoughtless smoker—people have remarked in my presence that they never ride on top because of the nuisance of smoking and expectorating. I, myself, engage in both of these 'pastimes,' but never where other people may suffer."

Another man says: "I am an enthusiastic user of both 'baccy and buses, but I do not mix 'em. I've had my eyes nearly burned out with smoke and hot ashes and know others who have similarly suffered." Speaking of the smokers, he says: "These men ride on the L, subway and surface cars without smoking, and I do not think it has proved fatal to any of them. Even the passengers downstairs are not immune from this annoyance, for when the wind fails to blow the ashes of their cigars or cigarettes on to the other passengers, the smokers flick the ashes off and they blow into the windows below and burn or soil the clothing of those passengers. * * * I am heartily in favor of the 'No Smoking' sign."

Another man writes: "I am a habitual smoker, and really would not like to do without it altogether, but when I daily observe the annoyance caused to non-smokers by flying ashes and sparks, I can only say to have the opportunity to vote in favor of the abolition of smoking on the upper deck."

The following, which embodies a criticism of the kind of tobacco smoked, is also from a man:

"I am a great smoker, but object to smoking on your coaches on principle. People sit on top of the bus to inhale fresh air and do not wish to be annoyed by smokers, who use rotten, stinking tobacco in pipes and cigarettes. As you cannot make a distinction between good and bad cigars or tobacco, you ought to abolish smoking entirely on any part, front or rear, of the bus. I know that the majority of your patrons agree with me."

The bus company calls attention to the fact that most of the objections have been directed, not so much against the habit as against the abuse of the privilege of smoking atop the buses, and to the general disposition not to prohibit smoking on the upper deck, but to impose and enforce reasonable restrictions.

"When expectoration and the careless handling of 'smokes' are stopped, objections to smoking vanish," in the opinion of the bus people. Smokers are urgently requested to strictly confine their indulgence in the weed to the two left-hand and three right-hand rear seats of the upper deck, and these seats will be plainly marked "Smoking seats."

PORK PONZI'S PORTION.

Six Months Ago 'Twas Terrapin—He Is Star of Jail Christmas Show.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 26.—Six months ago Charles Ponzi ate caviar and terrapin from plates of silver. Across the table his pretty little wife poured tea or coffee from a costly service. His butler, pompous and correct, passed the cup and life was as the sparkling burgundy that glistened in the goblets.

Yesterday Ponzi ate roast pork, turnips, onions and potatoes, a good meal but humble. A brother convict, shaven and shorn, passed tin cups and life was as the prison coffee—dark, and a trifle bitter.

In the dining room of the great home in Lexington his wife bowed her head beneath mistletoe and sobbed.

"Ponzi is a prisoner among prisoners—no better, no worse than a good many of his brother convicts," said Sheriff Blake of the Plymouth jail.

"In his spare time he writes poems—clever little things—to his wife and to the boys. Sometimes they are philosophical and sometimes humorous. Occasionally he turns cynic and then again he romances. The boys say 'it is a mean pen that Ponzi scribbles,' but I'm inclined to believe it's a prolific one. Just now he's wondering about securing copyrights pending the publication of his first attempts.

"Between manual labor and literary pursuits, Ponzi is pretty busy. Later I'm going to let him take charge of our library. We've some five or six hundred books badly in need of cataloguing, and he's fully capable of putting them in order.

"It was during the Christmas entertainment presented in the forenoon that Ponzi scored his biggest hit here. Original jingles, written for the occasion, and delivered in his own inimitable style, brought down the house. Rhyming on the foibles of the inmates and jailers and lyrics featured the program."

D. K. E. MEN OFF FOR CUBA.

Fraternity Reunion at Savannah to Precede Convention at Havana.

More than 150 members and officers of Delta Kappa Epsilon left the Pennsylvania Station in a special train last night to visit Cuba at the invitation of Cuban officials, and to attend the seventy-sixth annual convention of from other cities will carry delegates, the fraternity at Havana. Special trains from other centres will carry delegates, undergraduate members, alumni and guests. All the trains will meet at Savannah, where there will be a reunion of members as guests of Mayor M. M. Stuart and other city officials. Part of the entertainment for the visitors will be an old-fashioned barbecue.

President Menocal of Cuba is a graduate member of the Cornell Chapter of the fraternity. He heads the committee arranging for the visit of the Americans, and will provide a Cuban warship to convey the delegates and officers from Key West to Havana. Steamers are to be provided for others and airplanes are to make round trips with passengers. The convention banquet and the President's annual ball and reception at the palace are to conclude the visit. The delegates are due at Havana on Dec. 30.

Among those leaving last night were Dr. John P. Munn, President of the fraternity; James T. Lee, President of the New York Club; Charles Cason, Secretary of the Rockefeller Foundation; Earl Thomson, Dartmouth, world's hurdle champion, and Stephen Horrell, captain of the Cornell football team.

URGES HIGH JEWISH IDEALS.

Louis Marshall Tells Zeta Beta Taus to Combat Foes.

The way to combat anti-Semitism is to insist on a higher understanding and appreciation of Jewish traditions and ideals and to stimulate the aspirations of Jews during their period of education, Louis Marshall told the members of the Zeta Beta Tau fraternity at the annual convention dinner in the Hotel Astor last night.

"None has dared to say a word against those who are true to their religion," said Mr. Marshall. "The so-called protocols have been shown to be forgeries. The Jew must live so that suspicion cannot touch him. We are assured in our Constitution of religious freedom, and we know that if we shall be consistently loyal to our faith we shall have nothing to fear.

"The time has come when the Jewish college man should be militant for his faith, and should stand up and answer these charges. A great responsibility rests on a body such as Zeta Beta Tau. You must be ready to live the life of a Jew, and show that those who are true to their faith are helping to make the real brotherhood of mankind."

Mr. Marshall presented the Louis Marshall prize for most effectively stimulating a deeper understanding of Jewish traditions, activities and ideals, to the chapter at McGill University. Other speakers were Justice Irving Lehman, Professor Horace M. Kallen and Harold Riegelman.

AS A DIVERSION

Some Hold Prohibition Responsible for 50 Per Cent. Increase in Restaurants in Two Years.

New York is investing heavily in restaurants, lunchrooms and bakery lunches, which have been springing up everywhere overnight. This mushroom growth of eating places is significant. Four years ago there were not more than 5,163 restaurants in the five boroughs, but today it is estimated by the Board of Health that they number about 12,000, and that in the last two years they have increased 50 per cent.

There seems little doubt but that prohibition has had something to do with this popularization of eating places. Many saloons closed their doors soon after the advent of prohibition, others struggled on only later to give up the ghost, a few remain today, but most of the abandoned saloons have been transformed into drug stores, restaurants, or ice cream saloons, and other vacant stores have met a similar fate. The growth of the ice cream places has increased 23 per cent. in the last two years.

Is this growth of the restaurant due primarily to the Eighteenth amendment, and are the patrons of these eating places made up largely of former patrons of the saloons and cabarets? The Board of Health is not interested in these questions, but concerns itself only with their proper supervision, and since there are no statistics or data on the subject the questions are difficult to answer.

It may be said, nevertheless, that a good many restaurant keepers attribute the growth of eating places to prohibition. As one expressed it, now that New York has been forbidden to drink it has turned to eating as a diversion. It was pointed out by one of them that New York has always had a large night wandering population composed of persons of roving dispositions, seeking pleasure and amusement where they could find it. After an evening at the theatre or elsewhere they were in the habit of visiting a café or cabaret before departing for home. With the enforcement of prohibition, the restaurant keeper said, these throngs were deprived of their old assembling places, and, having nowhere to go, and desiring to spend an idle hour before departing for home, they began to patronize lunchrooms, where, over coffee and sandwiches, they talked away the time. New York, he said, was indulging in an orgy of eating and overeating. Be this as it may, a visit to different sections of the city at night shows that lunchrooms enjoy a good patronage and that many are crowded until a late hour.

With such a great number of eating places and with others springing up from time to time, it is only natural that the Bureau of Food and Drugs of the Health Department, of which Ole W. Salthe is the assistant director, should be kept busy seeing that these places function properly. They are licensed and have definite rules and regulations governing their conduct. The bureau sees that these regulations are enforced, that food is clean and wholesome and that kitchens are sanitary.

Before an eating place can obtain a permit to do business the bureau makes sure it has the proper facilities for serving the public. It is especially interested in seeing that eating places keep their utensils, such as knives forks and glasses, properly washed and cleansed. A survey of restaurants in North Carolina showed that in many cases utensils were swarming with bacteria.

RADIUM IS CONSERVED FOR FIGHT ON DISEASE

Movement Started to Substitute Meso-Thorium in Making Luminous Materials.

So great is the demand for radium in the treatment of cancer and various malignant diseases that a movement is now on foot to withdraw it as much as possible from the manufacture of luminous dials and other industrial purposes, so that it may be employed entirely for the treatment of human ills.

The substance advocated as a substitute is meso-thorium, a by-product obtained in the manufacture of thorium, a mineral which is extensively employed in the manufacture of gas mantles. The ores from which thorium is made are imported largely from Brazil and India, although there is a limited supply available in the United States. Meso-thorium can be seen at night, and therefore is an ingredient of the paint which is used in the marking of clock faces, watch dials and range-finders which can be read in the dark.

"Companies which are now manufacturing thorium," says Dr. Harlan S. Miner, a Philadelphia chemist, in a bulletin of the American Chemical Society, "have since 1913 been developing their outputs of meso-thorium, and there has been special activity along those lines in the last few months. The demand for radium in the treatment of cancer and for other medical purposes is now so great that both physicians and chemists feel that everything possible should be done to conserve it exclusively for therapeutic purposes. If radium is kept in the large hospitals and sanitaria for the relief of quiet diseases, it naturally will be held intact. The losses from its emanations are so slight that it can be used for centuries without any appreciable diminution in its properties. As everything is being done by the medical profession to concentrate the supply in this way, the consensus is that it should be held where it will do the most service to humanity.

"If various forms of radium are employed in the manufacture of luminous paint and for other mechanical purposes, there will naturally be a heavy loss of the element. Watches, clocks or penknives on which radium is used are likely to be lost, mislaid or destroyed when the supply of the element becomes so widely distributed that the chances for recovering it would be slight.

"It happens, however, that there are also manufacturers of luminous materials who are in a position to derive both radium and meso-thorium from certain minerals, and they are inclined to set aside radium for medical purposes and to use the meso-thorium, which is chemically identified with radium as a luminous material. Although there has been some difference of opinion in the medical profession as to the value of radium in the treatment of disease, there is much to indicate that it and radio-active substances generally have an important part in the practice of the healing art."

"PILGRIM PAGEANT" SEEN.

Performance by Educational Alliance Draws Crowds.

"The Pilgrim Pageant," by Esther Willard Bates, was presented by about 200 men, women and children affiliated with the Educational Alliance at the institution, 197 East Broadway, last evening and will be repeated every evening this week up to Thursday. About 1,000 persons witnessed the first performance, and it required four policemen to keep thousands more from entering an already filled auditorium.

The pageant gave the history of the Pilgrim fathers from the arrest of William Brewster in England to the first Thanksgiving in this country on the shores of Massachusetts. As an epilogue, immigrants were shown receiving a welcome to America. The coaching for the performance was the work of Mrs. May Harris. Admission was free.

MORE HELP NEEDED

For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

CANAL UNPRACTICAL

Slow Transit and Heavy Marine Insurance Cited as Drawbacks by Expert.

SHORT NAVIGATION SEASON

Distinctive Type of Craft Is Needed Both for Sea and Lake Transportation.

Olin H. Landreth, a consulting engineer and a member of the Committee of Inland Waterways of the Merchants' Association, who represented that association at the recent hearings by the International Joint Commission on the Boundary Waters Between the United States and Canada, said that the St. Lawrence Canal project was open to several serious difficulties, among them being the speed-retarding and dangerous element of ice and fog in the lower St. Lawrence River and Gulf, the shallow depths and tortuous or at least extremely irregular channel layout, even after improvement, which would require slow speed for large vessels, time lost at locks, heavy marine insurance, short navigation season of about seven months, a largely one-way traffic and a restricted market port.

"These obstacles in their aggregate would quite certainly result in deterring seagoing vessels from using the St. Lawrence River and the Great Lakes," he said.

"Similarly, equally strong objections, some identical, some different, but in the aggregate equally deterrent, would prevent lake vessels from going to sea. The objections and obstacles of ice, fog, shallow depths and tortuous channels, time lost in locking, heavy margine insurance, short navigation season, and one-way traffic and restricted market-port, would operate equally against the lake vessel going to sea, and in addition the element of deficient strength and stiffness to meet safely seagoing conditions would be an absolute bar against seagoing.

"If, however, as has been proposed, a new type of lake vessel is offered, viz., one having seagoing qualities and built with decks, &c., to care for general traffic rather than for handling bulk freight, such as grain, ore and coal, the cost per ton of capacity will have been run up to the cost of other seagoing craft, and its heavy capital charge and labor cost will deter it, like other seagoing craft, from wasting its time in slow canal and restricted waterway travel.

"Where a restricted waterway is of considerable length, as in the case of the St. Lawrence River, the New York Barge Canal or the proposed Illinois-Mississippi waterway from Chicago to the Gulf of Mexico, it may be stated as a general rule that each type of waterway should have its own best type of water craft.

"Interpreted for the present case, and referring only to prevailing general type of craft, and not to special or isolated craft, this rule would leave the seagoing vessel on the sea, the lake vessel on the lake, and would connect these two vessels by a barge or other vessel best adapted to the particular type of restricted waterway which it had to navigate. It is true that for ocean-going freight originating on the Great Lakes this rule involves two transfers, but with the present advanced state of the art of freight handling and freight transfer these two transfers, either for bulk freight or for package freight, will together cost far less than the large saving effected by carrying the freight in that bottom which is best suited to that particular type of waterway.

"This rule that each type of waterway should have its own best type of water craft I have expressly qualified by limiting it to cases where the restricted waterway is of some considerable length. It would be foolish, of course, to apply the rule to the Soo Canal, or to the Panama Canal; it would have been equally foolish, or in fact criminally wasteful, not to have applied the rule in the case of the New York Barge Canal, and it would now be equally foolish or criminally wasteful not to apply the rule in the recent considertion as to the best kind of bottom for the prospective St. Lawrence River traffic.

"Since the United States already has one completed outlet from the Great Lakes to the seaboard, viz., the New York Barge Canal, and has another under consideration and, in fact, under way, via the Chicago Drainage Canal the present problem of an additional outlet via the St. Lawrence River is naturally a Canadian problem solely, and would ordinarily attract only Canadian interest and only Canadian discussion. But the problem has acquired this international character and this international discussion by reason of the proposed plan of financing it, and this acquired international character gives the United States an equal voice with Canada, and that equal United States voice is at least one-fourth a New York voice, and that New York voice is raised in loud protest against the United States taking part in the project.

"Not that New York fears in the slightest that this proposed waterway if developed would divert any appreciable amount of traffic away from the present lines of traffic, but New York objects to the project solely on account of her untold millions, and of the other untold millions from the United States and from Canada which, if the project unfortunately were to be carried out, would be sacrificed and wasted in physically proving what can and will be proved in advance of execution, if this matter is broadly and closely studied by all navigation interests on both sides of the boundary line, viz, that ocean-going vessels would not to any appreciable extent use this proposed ship canal from the Great Lakes to the St. Lawrence, if built."

TO IMPROVE MARKED TRAILS

Ten Thousand Miles to Be Built at a Cost of $64,533,019.

Most every automobilist is familiar with the Dixie Highway, the Mohawk Trail, the Roosevelt Highway and a score of other marked trails, which are so well built and maintained that driving on them is a joy and comfort. To assist in building these highways a Federal fund of $64,533,019 has been approved by the Bureau of Public Roads of the United States Department of Agriculture up to Sept. 30, 1920.

Between 9,000 and 10,000 miles of the marked trails which now criss-cross the country from East to West and North to South are to be constructed by Federal aid. This amount is composed of 835 projects, which form links in one or the other of the twenty-four marked trails which have been laid out by private associations.

These trails do not constitute an entirely satisfactory system of transcontinental roads, as officials of the department say their selection in many cases has been influenced too much by such factors as pre-existing conditions, promises of improvement by local communities, pressure of selfish influence, and a desire to touch points of scenic and historical interest.

The extent to which Federal aid has been applied to the trails varies in the different States. Naturally the Western States are using much more of their Federal apportionments in developing roads of this character than the Eastern States. This is due to the fact that the trails in the Eastern States had already been improved to a large extent before the roads were selected by the pathfinders. This was not true in the West, where long stretches of the selected roads were still in an unimproved condition when they were designated.

Nevada leads in its use of Federal funds on roads of this character. Eighty-three per cent. of its entire mileage of approved Federal aid roads lies on one or the other of the trails which cross the State. On these roads Nevada will spend 90 per cent. of the Federal money which has been granted to her.

You'll have to hurry!



The Royal Tailors' Annual Pre-Inventory "Clearance of all limited yardage" woolens & worsteds

every remnant we have—regardless of its original cost—many suitings and overcoatings from our regular $50 to $75 grades

—offered this month to clean them out quickly—and keep our shops busy during the usual December dull season

$30

All pure wool custom-tailor fabrics exclusively

Suit or Overcoat to Measure



A discount of 10% for very small sizes. Slight extra charges for sizes 45 inches breast and above.

—tailored to your own taste
—tailored for quick delivery
—tailored to satisfy or money back

AT OUR 3 WHOLESALE SALESROOMS

UPTOWN
Fifth Ave. and 42nd St.
N. W. Corner, Bristol Bldg.
Opp. N. Y. Pub. Library · One Flight Up

DOWNTOWN
Park Row and Beekman St.
South East Corner
Op. City Hall Post Office · One Flight Up

UNION SQUARE (14th St.)
14th St. and University Pl.
South East Corner
One Bik. West of Broadway; One Flight Up

Hours: 8:30 A.M. to 6:00 P.M. Daily—Including Saturday



THE ROYAL TAILORS
CHICAGO · NEW YORK

Royal tailoring is sold throughout the world—dealers in over 10,000 cities and towns



Hudson River Woolen Mills
Herbert Mc Delaos, Engineer.

During the recent period of material shortages, inadequate transportation and rising costs, we built *for less than estimated cost* for:

Alcohol Products Co., Monmouth Junction, N. J.—Factory and warehouse.

Wm. Wrixley, Jr., Co., Long Island City, N. Y.—Box factory

Frank Motors, Inc., Jamaica, N.Y. Factory

C. B. Dolge Co., Saugatuck, Conn. Factory

Hudson River Woolen Mills, Newburgh, N. Y.—Dye house.

West Side Coal Company, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.—Coal pocket reconstruction.

Having saved them money under such trying conditions, isn't it a reasonable indication that we can give you the *economy* you want now?

Phone us, Bryant 2908, or write us, 110 West 40th Street, New York.

Barney-Ahlers
Industrial Construction
"Speed with Economy"

Stop Your Coughing
No need to let that cough persist. Relieve the irritation, tickling and hoarseness by soothing the inflamed throat with
PISO'S

SAYS GARMENT MAN

Union Official Accuses Clothiers Here of Shifting Burden to Labor.

DIFFERENCE IS 8 TO 40%

Amalgamated Expects $100,000 From Sister Branch to Aid In Local Fight.

The new wage scale announced by the Clothing Manufacturers' Association of New York, which has been accompanied by a return to the piece work system, falls below schedules now operative in the Chicago clothing market, according to a report made public yesterday by the Research Committee of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America. Dr. Leo Wolman, head of the Research Committee, who compared the two scales, based on figures for twenty-four classes of men and women workers, declared that the New York schedule fell from 8 to 40 per cent. below the Chicago scale.

The figures employed for the comparison, according to the union, were those submitted to the Impartial Chairman in Chicago by the clothing manufacturers of that city.

"Throughout the year 1919, when the prices of men's clothes experienced their most striking increases," Dr. Wolman's report states, "the policy of the New York manufacturers was well known. In the midst of a market characterized by rapidly rising prices, the manufacturers in the New York market, in striking contrast to other markets, took the most unscrupulous advantage by constantly raising the price of the product. These raises were pyramided on the public (by similar tactics of the retailers) and the results at the end of 1919 were clothes at several hundred per cent. higher than before.

"No one in the country familiar with the methods of business in the New York market supposed for a moment that the prices charged were determined by the wages. They were determined in reality by what the traffic was willing to bear; by what the public could be forced to pay. For the manufacturers this meant swollen profits.

"Now that the market situation has radically changed, the manufacturers do not want to lose any of the advantages they gained in 1919 and want to shift the burden of a falling market on the shoulders of labor. Labor approaches the situation with an open mind. The union said to the manufacturers, 'Permit us to meet with you and discover those of your difficulties that are due joint solution the manufacturers rejected. Instead they promise lower prices and at the same time they voluntarily add to their cost of production by entering upon an expensive lockout.'"

Under the new scale, according to Dr. Wolman, the New York pocketmaker will earn about $50 a week, while the average earnings of the Chicago pocketmaker will remain at $60. Sleeve sewers will get $45 here while the average earnings for similar classes in Chicago will stay at $38.87. Tape sewers here will get $42 a week; those in Chicago $60. Wages for off pressers in Chicago will be 22 per cent. higher under the new scale; for joiners 27 per cent. higher; for shapers 31 per cent. higher and for edge stitchers 24 per cent. above the new scale here.

Fitters in Chicago will earn about 36 per cent. more; first basters 32 per cent.; collar makers 34 per cent.; shape pressers 27 per cent. The pay for edge basters in Chicago will be 40 per cent. higher than in this city.

Sidney Hillman, General President of the Amalgamated, announced yesterday that the union looked for a check for $100,000 from the Chicago branch this week to aid the local unemployment situation. A fund of $500,000 will be available by Jan. 15, it was announced.

BISHOP BURCH EULOGIZED.

Many Episcopal Clergymen Devote Their Sermons to the Late Prelate.

Many Episcopal clergymen in their sermons yesterday morning eulogized Bishop Charles S. Burch, who died last Monday. The bishop's chair in every church in the New York diocese is covered with mourning.

At Grace Church, Broadway and Tenth Street, where Bishop Burch was consecrated nine years ago, the Rev. Dr. Charles Lewis Slattery, the rector, compared Bishop Burch to Enoch. The rector's text was "And Enoch walked with God; and he was not, for God took him." Dr. Slattery said that the qualities which made Bishop Burch valuable as the editor and manager of a newspaper made him valuable in the service of the church.

The parishioners were so pleased with the sermon that provision was made to print it in pamphlet form.

Lyons to Be Sworn In Tomorrow.

John J. Lyons, who led the Republican State ticket at the recent election, will take the oath of office as Secretary of State in the rooms of the Merchants Association in the Woolworth Building at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. A reception will follow. Mr. Lyons will go to Albany on Wednesday to make final arrangements for the inaugural ceremonies on Saturday, and will administer the oath to the incoming Governor, Nathan L. Miller, and the other new State officers.

Rumania Not to Intern Jews.

VIENNA, Dec. 26 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).—The Rumanian Government has withdrawn its recent order to intern the 12,000 Jewish refugees in Bessarabia, most of them victims of the pogroms in the Ukraine, says a Bucharest despatch today. Premier Averesco has promised that those desiring to proceed to America or to Palestine will have every facility to do so.

FOR DISARMAMENT

Tammany Leader Recalls Plea by New York Delegation to Democratic Convention.

'THE TRANSCENDENT ISSUE'

The Party Unwilling to Go as Far as W. Bourke Cockran Urged.

Tammany Hall, which was responsible for one of the oldest disarmament measures, the law which bears the name of the late "Big Tim" Sullivan, is for the world-wide application of this principle, according to a statement issued by Charles F. Murphy, its leader, last night. Inspired by the campaign of The New York World for universal disarmament, Mr. Murphy declared that the plea for disarmament was urged by the New York State delegation to the Democratic National Convention, and Tammany had urged that the Democratic Party should make disarmament the chief issue in its appeal to the country.

"When the State delegation met for conference in Albany on May 6 and 7," said Mr. Murphy, "W. Bourke Cokran, a Tammany delegate from Manhattan, who afterward was the New York member of the Platform Committee at San Francisco, presented suggestions for a platform plank which were unanimously indorsed by the delegation.

"By its vote the delegation declared that only by world disarmament could the industries of the world be adjusted and the cost of living be reduced. In accordance with the action of the State delegation at Albany, Mr. Cockran presented the platform suggestions to the Convention Committee at San Francisco, but the Convention Committee did not care to go as far as Mr. Cockran and the New York delegates urged.

"The New York delegation, through Mr. Cockran, insisted that only by world disarmament could universal peace be promoted and could humanity be protected from the endless dangers that threaten it. At Albany and at San Francisco we took the stand that disarmament was the transcendent issue of the world and not alone of this country. In it are involved the calamities of war, of which the high cost of living and taxation are only two. Mr. Cockran spoke plainly when he said: 'Every pair of human hands and every remaining dollar of capital in the world immediately must be enlisted actively in productive industry; none must be diverted to war or preparations for war.'

"He also said: 'The world must disarm or the world must starve,' and on that fundamental basis, Tammany, and then the united delegation from this State, urged the Democratic National Convention to make world disarmament its great appeal to the people of the country."

Toscanini and the La Scala Orchestra



PHOTO MISHKIN

Metropolitan Opera House
December 28

Hear these famous Victor artists!

In keeping with the Victor policy of presenting the recordings of the greatest artists, the Victor Company has secured the services of the La Scala Orchestra under the personal direction and leadership of Maestro Arturo Toscanini.

Announcement will be made later of the issuance of the first Victor Records by this famous organization.

Attend the concert by the La Scala Orchestra, and then later when you hear their Victor Records you will appreciate how faithfully their interpretations are portrayed on the Victrola.

It is because of this absolute fidelity that the La Scala Orchestra makes Victor Records; that the greatest artists of all the world are Victor artists.

Victrolas $25 to $1500. New Victor Records demonstrated at all dealers on the 1st of each month.

Victrola
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF



This trademark and the trademarked word "Victrola" identify all our products. Look under the lid! Look on the label!
VICTOR TALKING MACHINE CO.
Camden, N. J.

Victor Talking Machine Co.
Camden, New Jersey

The Franklin Car and the Present Buying Standard

New Schedule of Franklin Prices

Open Types	*New Price*	*Old Price*	*Reduction*	*Enclosed Types*	*New Price*	*Old Price*	*Reduction*
Runabout	$2400	$3050	$650	Sedan	$3600	4350	750
4-Pass. Roadster	2500	3100	600	Brougham	3500	4300	800
Touring	2600	3100	500	Runabout (Convertible)	2750	3300	550

Effective September 23, 1920. Prices F. O. B. Syracuse

THE favorable position which the Franklin holds among motor cars is based on a wide appreciation of its value.

Today the motorist is interested as never before in the facts backing his purchase.

As a reflex of the buying spirit of the recent "easy days" comes a full consideration of the fundamentals of value—*price* and *performance*. One without the other means nothing.

As far as price is concerned, the Franklin position established September 23, 1920, speaks for itself.

When viewed side by side with Franklin prices, Franklin performance is emphasized more than ever.

Such comparisons invariably show how the characteristic principles of light weight, flexible construction and direct air cooling result in these outstanding Franklin advantages:

Ability to travel the longest distances in a day—

To cover rough roads comfortably and safely, without fear of tire troubles or breakage, without skidding—

To go where others can't, and when they can't, with no fear of overheating in summer, with no need of blankets, anti-freeze mixtures, or draining or refilling in winter—

To start easily or surely, and run steadily, regardless of temperature or altitude—

To avoid annoying delays on the road, and troublesome duties at the end, free from all sense of strain or worry—

All this throughout an unusually long car life, and with economy that is unequalled:

20 miles to the gallon of gasoline
12,500 miles to the set of tires
50% slower yearly depreciation
(National Average)

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO. of NEW YORK
GLENN A. TISDALE, *President*

NEW YORK: 1818 Broadway, at 60th Street, *Telephone Columbus 7556*
BROOKLYN: 1416 Bedford Ave., Near Prospect Place, *Telephone Prospect 4354*
NEW ROCHELLE: 719 Main St., Near Drake Ave., *Telephone New Rochelle 4185*
WALKER BROTHERS MOTOR CO., Inc.: 436 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.
FRANKLIN CAR COMPANY: 2529 Boulevard, Jersey City

Salesrooms Open Evenings

BUY CHRISTMAS SEALS



The Newmarket—Eight Dollars

WE feature The Newmarket because of its unusual valu. An altogether good shoe at eight dollars is a refreshing rarity, these days

The Newmarket adequately presents John Ward standards of style, satisfaction and suitability. It offers so bountiful a measure of servis that the eight dollars can truthfully be regarded as a most advantageous investment

The Newmarket, in calfskin, may be had in tan or black. At all John Ward Stores, or by mail on receit of size and check.

John Ward Shoe Servis includes: careful cobbling, custom shoe making, expert chiropody and a painstaking attention to mail orders

John Ward Men's Shoes

80-82 Nassau st — 21-23 Cortlandt st — 348 Fulton st
1401-1403 Broadway — 131-133 West 38 st — Brooklyn
Philadelphia Store: 1221-1223 Chestnut st



Originated by HORLICK

Get the ORIGINAL



The Old Reliable Round Package

Fresh, full-cream milk and the extract of selected malted grain, reduced to powder form.

The Food-Drink for All Ages.

Used successfully for over 1/3 century.

Superior to tea, coffee, cocoa

A quick lunch readily digested.

Invigorating, Nourishing, Delicious

Ask for Horlick's at All Fountains

Prepared in a moment by briskly stirring the powder in hot or cold water. Keep at home or when traveling.

Ask For and Get Horlick's
thus Avoiding Imitations
SUBSTITUTES Cost YOU Same Price

Write for free sample to Horlick's, Dept. R, Racine, Wis.

The Franklin Society



For Home-Building and Savings

Fifteen Park Row (ground floor), New York announces its 64th semi-annual cash dividend at the usual yearly rate of 4½% on savings share accounts of $10 to $5000 and 5% on all instalment and income share accounts.

The Franklin Society, 33 years old, State supervised, prudently managed, is serving many thousands. Let it serve you. Information on request. Savings by mail.

C. O'C. BEYNESSY, Pres. GILBERT LLOYD, Sec'y
OPEN EVERY EVENING TO 7 TILL JAN. 10.

PAYS 4½ AND 5 PER CENT

CHILEAN LABORERS DEMAND DRY LAW

Longshoremen's Refusal to Handle Liquor May Force Government to Act.

FEDERATION BALKS THEM

Wine Growers Organize for Fight, but Some Kind of Prohibition Is Expected.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Dec. 26.—It is indicated that the prohibition question will be forced on the new Chilean Administration before it has had time fairly to pick up the reins of government as the result of refusal of the longshoremen, backed by the Chilean Federation of Labor, to unload alcoholic beverages at any port in the country.

It has been stated that as soon as Congress reconvenes after the Christmas recess Senator Edwards will renew his insistence that the Chilean Cabinet inform the Congress what policy it intends to follow to protect the freedom of commerce in view of the demand of the laboring class for prohibition.

Senator Edwards recently interrupted a debate upon Chili's position in the League of Nations to voice his opinion on labor's effort to force the prohibition issue. The retiring Minister of Finance on two occasions excused himself from replying.

Edwards, representing wine industries, hopes for a reply immediately from the new Cabinet.

Longshoremen at Antofagasta, Iriea and other ports have recently refused to handle alcoholic beverages, either in import or export trade, and the Maritime Federation of Antofagasta, representing nine unions of maritime workers, has served formal notice that it will not handle any such goods after Jan. 1.

Edwards, in the course of a debate, said this action threatens the republic's wine industry, wherein 900,000,000 pesos are invested, and demands that the Government protect the wine growers, who form a large proportion of the republic's economic organization.

On the other hand, the Chilean Federation of Labor with 300,000 members has addressed a petition to President Alessandri stating:

"The alcoholic curse takes 350,000,000 pesos from the pockets of Chilean laborers annually, and we beg the new administration to convert the republic breweries, distilleries and wine presses into producers of grape food products and industrial alcohol."

The prohibition movement is spontaneous with the working classes, who look upon Alessandri as their savior from the present economic and social conditions. They say that the abolishing of liquor would do more than any other one move in this direction.

In view of the united strength behind this movement, steps have been taken toward organizing the owners of vineyards and the resultant industries to present united opposition.

It is generally believed that mild prohibition will be forced on Chile by labor, ing classes with bone dry zones established around the industrial centres.

Spanish Tenants Form a League.

SANTANDER, Spain, Dec. 26.—A national association of tenants has been formed to draft the basis of a contract for the approval of the Government in order to establish legally the relations of landlords and tenants.

BETTER LAWS FOR CHILDREN

Great Changes That Have Taken Place in Twenty-one Years.

Twenty-one years ago the relation of the father to his child partook of the nature of a property right. The courts could enforce this right, but on the other hand, they were often powerless to enforce the duty of the father to his child. Since 1899 every State in the Union has passed juvenile court laws except Connecticut, Maine and Wyoming, and these three States have passed laws dealing with some of the problems usually included in the juvenile court law itself. The extensiveness of this legislation is the best evidence of the previous unsatisfactory viewpoint of the law. How far the States have gone in modernizing their attitude toward the delinquent and the neglected child is shown in a bulletin recently made public by the Children's Bureau of the United States Department of Labor.

Juvenile court legislation deals with a complicated group of problems: that of the child accused of breaking the law; the adult offending against the child; the neglected and degraded parent; the incompetent and unfaithful guardian, and the family that is simply poor.

Under the old law the delinquent child was dealt with in the same manner, with certain restrictions of age, as the adult offender. He was tried before a criminal court with all the formality and notoriety of a jury, sworn testimony and confronting witnesses. If found "guilty" the child suffered the penalty. If "not guilty" he went free. In no case did the law extend any constructive help.

Of recent years, however, the law has recognized the right of the child to a reasonable minimum of care, of decency and of well-being. Consideration has been given to the natural impulses of youth and to the adverse conditions under which the child may have been brought up. Because of the differences in the structure of their judicial systems, the States have had to meet the problems by various methods of legislative attack. In every State, however, the attempt has been made through legislation to solve the difficult problems involving the unfavorable conditions—domestic, social and economic—under which children are living and developing today.

FIGHTING BLISTER RUST.

Eradication Investigations by E. G. Cheyney Show Good Results.

Experiments in the warfare against the white pine blister rust, which are being carried on both in the East and in the Central West, begin to point the way to better methods of attack. Such is the report of E. G. Cheyney, head of the Forestry Division of the Department of Agriculture, University of Minnesota. The white pine blister rust, like the black stem rust of wheat, is kept alive and spread by a plant ally of the disease. The group of plants aiding the blister rust is known as ribes, and is made up of the various species of currants and gooseberries. Spores from diseased pines cannot carry to other pines and infect them. The spores must first find lodgment on a currant or gooseberry bush and there develop a new spore. This may then be carried to pine trees to infect them. If, therefore, the ribes tribe can be eradicated or greatly reduced, the danger to the pine areas will be removed, or at least greatly reduced, says Mr. Cheyney.

Understanding this situation, Mr. Cheyney began at Rush Lake, Minnesota, a series of eradication investigations. In the course of these inquiries in 1919 he uncovered the important fact that instead of pulling up the ribes plant, the best method seemed to be to grub them out. The reason was that in the work of eradication it was found that neither from pulled nor grubbed plants did there spring any root sprouts except where the root ends were exposed to the light. The inference from this was that the cutting off of the roots would seem to be more effective than pulling, for ordinary care would prevent leaving pieces of crown in grubbing, while only extraordinary care could prevent the leaving of exposed root ends after pulling. It is believed that the discovery of this fact will simplify, to some extent at least, the problem of eradication.

CAN CONTROL ASPEN BORER.

Federal Experts Tell How to Control Tree Pests.

Among the many factors which have brought about the present shortage of paper is the aspen borer, a gray-green beetle, which often destroys whole plantations of trees that are so essential to the pulp industry, according to experts of the United States Department of Agriculture. It seems that the poplar and aspen, both very fast-growing trees and for this reason very valuable to manufacturers, are the objects of the borer's attacks. The beetle gnaws a slot in the bark and deposits one or two eggs therein. From these eggs come the trouble-making grubs that gnaw into the heart and sapwood and so riddle the tree that the first strong wind snaps the weakened timber. Infestation by the borer is most prevalent between altitudes of 6,500 and 8,000 feet. It has not been found above 9,000 feet.

In some areas where poplar and aspen predominate, the standing dead, fallen and dying trees exceed 50 per cent. of the total stand. A count made by the department on a two-acre area of aspens in Colorado produced these results:

Total number of trees	367
Number of living trees	260
Number of dying trees	34
Number of dead trees	340
Number of infested trees	33
Deformed trees, per cent. of total	40

The department experts in their extensive experiments in various infested localities have found that the insect can be controlled, if not entirely eliminated, by either of the following methods. The first consists in destroying the insect by cutting the brood trees. Brood trees are individual trees attacked several years in succession and are readily identified by the scarred trunks and deformed branches. These are the breeding points of the borer, and a man with an axe can cut and pile fifty such trees in a day. The trees are piled and burned or split open so that the wood is exposed to the sun. The other method, not practical in the forest, but applicable to shade trees, is the application of creosote or carbolineum to the egg scars. This should be done in October after the adults have deposited their eggs.

CANADIAN EXCISE GAINS.

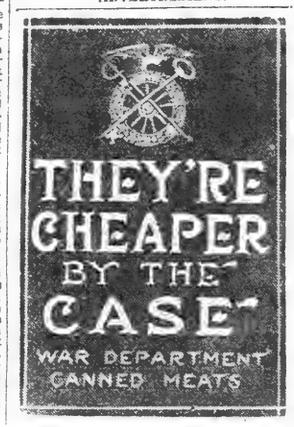
Collections In November Show Increase of $1,449,255.

Canadian inland revenue figures for the month of November show a great advance as compared with the same month last year, the increase being $1,449,255.73.

The total receipts for the month were $4,344,246.07, as against $2,894,990.34 in November 1919. Of this year's total the amount for excise proper was $2,624,640.34, while that for excise war tax was $1,719,605.63.

Customs returns for the same month again showed a slight decrease. The collections for November, 1920, were $4,085,107.01, while those during the same period in 1919 were $4,284,174.02, a difference of $199,066.71.

ADVERTISEMENT.



Genuine Aspirin

Bayer introduced Aspirin to physicians 18 years ago



The "Bayer Cross" is the thumb-print of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." It protects you against imitations and positively identifies the genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years.

Always buy an unbroken package, which contains proper directions.

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Brill Brothers

The Kangaroo Fur Lining

explains the warm comfort of our

Chauffeurs' Overcoats

Kangaroo fur—very beautiful in its mauve tints—and so warm and durable. Surprisingly inexpensive now because it's an innovation. When the word awakens to its virtues the demand will increase—also probably the price.





We can offer these Coats at present for as low as

$145

Note the amply cut skirt—enfolds the legs like a robe. Built of very fine quality Kersey or Melton, topped with a wide one-piece Persian lamb collar; a wonderful garment. These Kangaroo lined coats sold by us exclusively.

Brill Brothers

Broadway at 49th St.

KNABE

Invest Your Christmas Cheque

Year End Sale of Slightly Used and Rebuilt

PIANOS

A CONSIDERABLE number of valuable and attractive Upright, Grand and Player Pianos of the finest makes were traded in for new Knabe and Ampico Reproducing Pianos during the Christmas Buying. Of these we have selected one hundred and five of various types and distinguished makes, which, in our judgment, represent the choicest selection of instruments ever assembled, including

Knabe Steinway Weber
Haines Bros. Sohmer Hardman

The pianos offered have been thoroughly tested by Knabe Experts and only the initiated would be able to say they had ever been used before. Included are a number of Knabe Pianos, in both Grand and Upright styles, and numerous Period Art Cases used for exhibition purposes only. Quick action will secure the choicest instruments at a great saving.

A few of the many bargains offered are listed below

UPRIGHT PIANOS		PLAYER-PIANOS	
Gabler, splendid value	$ 60	**Weber, Sohmer, Wheelock,** choice	$275
Kroeger, mahogany, a bargain	85	**Armstrong,** a bargain	375
Fischer, Cottage size, a gem	125	**Gordon,** as new	395
Fischer, Cabinet Grand	170	**Foster,** mahogany, splendid	550
Lurch, fine shape, rare offer	225	**Shoninger,** excellent	625
Bradbury, excellent choice	310	**Sohmer,** Cecilian, a bargain	710
Haines, like new, opportunity	440	**Wheelock,** as new	745
Krakauer, mahogany, perfect	465	**Hardman,** Autotone, like new	765
Sohmer, slightly used	475	**Knabe,** Mission, de Luxe	810
Knabe, Oak case, a bargain	565	**Hardman,** Autotone, Cir. Walnut	880
Steinway, as new	585	**Knabe,** Angelus, as new	910
Knabe, Art Louis XV	645	**Knabe,** Angelus, Grand, a gem	1125
Knabe, Colonial, rare offer	660	**Weber,** Duo-Art Upright, latest model	
Steinway, Vernis Martin	725	**Weber,** Duo-Art Grand, perfect condition, slightly used	
Knabe, like new	770		

GRAND PIANOS			
Decker, good bargain	$ 445	**Knabe,** Parlor, concert use only	$1225
Armstrong, Miniature, like new	795	**Steinway,** Miniature, mahogany	1325
Armstrong, Baby, mahogany	840	**Steinway,** Miniature, perfect	1340
Knabe, Mignonette, a gem	1045	**Knabe,** Concert grand, a gem	1400
Knabe, Mignon, Rosewood	1165	**Steinway,** Baby art, as new	1440
Knabe, Baby, excellent	1175	**Knabe,** Baby, concert used	1525

Convenient Terms of Payment Arranged *Better Than Renting*
A Liberal Allowance for Your Piano

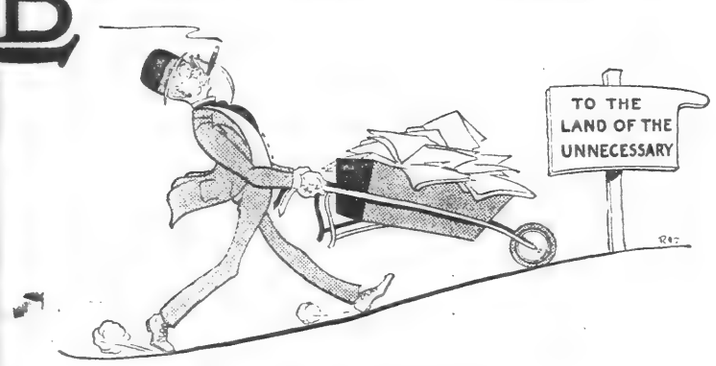
Knabe

Warerooms - Fifth Ave. at 39th St.

SALE COMMENCES AT 8:30 A. M.

All Instruments purchased this week delivered in time for New Year's.

B



He had seven times too many folders—*and trouble*—

He was the office manager of a large banking house, having trouble with his files. He turned to Library Bureau.

We told him that we couldn't tell at long range where the difficulty was; that before we could make any recommendations, we would have to actually audit his files for him. This was done.

We found that he had old-fashioned filing methods. We showed him how they could be brought up-to-date. We sent one of the operators from our Department of Indexing and Filing to install the new system, explaining that there would be a moderate charge for this service.

Today there are 3500 folders in the current files instead of 25,000 as before—transferring is a matter of a few weeks instead of months. And, more important, the filing department has attained an all-'round speed and accuracy which had never been possible.

Drop in to see us some day and see if we cannot help put your office on a better basis—a basis that means greater efficiency and less expense.

Library Bureau

Card and filing systems — Founded 1876 — Filing cabinets wood and steel

O. H. RICE, Manager
316 Broadway, New York

Salesrooms in 49 leading cities of the United States, Great Britain and France

HANAN

We
Begin Today
Our Semi-Annual
SALE

The entire stock of
Men's & Women's High Shoes

The reductions are substantial

Hosiery also at reductions

Hanan & Son

718 Fifth Ave., cor. 56th St. — 1095 Broadway, at 23d St
516 Fifth Ave., cor. 43d St. — 297 Broadway, at Duane St.
411 Fifth Ave., at 37th St. — 187 Broadway, at Dey St.
1255 Broadway, cor. 31st St. — 35 Nassau St., cor. Liberty St.
1391 Broadway, cor. 38th St. — 438 Fulton St., Brooklyn

On Dec. 20, we opened our third Fifth Ave. Store at 718 Fifth Ave., cor. 56th St.

Good Shoes Are An Economy

SHOES

3 attractions of the Los Angeles Limited



speed!

Again on the fast pre-war basis. To sunny Southern California in less than three days.

-comfort!

All Pullman exclusively first-class train. Every comfort—even a special barber and valet.

-protection!

Automatic electric safety signals; heavily ballasted road-bed and heavy rails.

So you go speedily, comfortably and safely. Here's the schedule:

Leaves North Western Terminal, Chicago, 7:00 P. M. every day. Omaha 8:50 A. M. Arrives Salt Lake City 1:15 P. M. (2nd day). Los Angeles 1:30 P. M. (3rd day).

The Continental Limited—a fine new train leaving in the morning.

Leaves North Western Terminal, Chicago, 10:30 A. M. Omaha 1:25 A. M. Arrives Salt Lake City 8:20 A. M. (second day.) Los Angeles 9:30 A. M. (third day.) Pullman, standard sleeper through Los Angeles to Long Beach; observation, standard and tourist sleepers, coaches and dining car to Los Angeles.

For best locations, make reservations early.

For information ask—
Any railroad ticket agent or
F. O. Fitz-Patrick, Gen'l Agt., C. & N. W. Ry.
403 Stewart Bldg., 280 Broadway, New York
J. B. De Priest, Gen'l Agt., U. P. System
309-10 Stewart Bldg., 280 Broadway, New York
J. T. Hendricks, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Salt Lake Route
1812 Woolworth Bldg., New York

34-1

CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN
UNION PACIFIC — SALT LAKE ROUTE

NATIVITY PLAY GIVEN IN ALBANY

Mrs. Katrina Trask's "The Little Town of Bethlehem" Presented by Community Actors.

AUTHOR ILL, NOT PRESENT

Audience Overflows Harmanus Bleecker Hall at Christmas Season Celebration.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 26.—This city celebrated the Christmas season in community fashion this afternoon with the presentation, at Proctor's Harmanus Bleecker Hall of Mrs. Katrina Trask's story of the nativity, "The Little Town of Bethlehem." The event, which was under the joint auspices of the Albany Community Chorus and the Albany Players, Inc., was in every way a community celebration. No admission was charged, and more than 3,000 persons witnessed the performance. The huge hall was filled to overflowing half an hour before the play began and many were turned away. The Albany Boy Scouts acted as ushers.

Mrs. Trask's play has been performed on several prior occasions, notably by the Ben Greet players in 1909, and subsequently in Northampton, Philadelphia, Saratoga Springs and other cities. Unlike Mrs. Trask's play of the Crucifixion, "Without the Walls," which was acted here last Easter before an audience of children, today's play was intended primarily for elders and there were few children in the house. Mrs. Trask, who is confined to her home in Saratoga Springs by illness, was represented by a group of friends.

The play, which is in three acts and seven scenes, was acted principally by the Albany Players, an organization of talented amateurs. Christmas hymns and carols were sung between the acts by the Community Chorus and the audience at large, led by Fred P. Denison, with Floyd Howard Walter at the organ. Another feature of the production was a group of songs, the music of which was composed by Thomas Mott Osborne, former Warden of Sing Sing. The costumes, lent by Mrs. Trask, were those used in the original production.

Mrs. Trask's play recites, in simple and dramatically effective style, the story of the coming of the Nazarene. Faustina, daughter of a noble Roman, refuses shelter to a wayfaring woman in Bethlehem, and the woman, stumbling on into the hills about the city, gives birth to her son in a stable. She is, of course, the Virgin Mary. Faustina is loved by both Pompilius, a Roman, and Carlston, a Greek, and, although she loves the latter, she is about to be compelled by her father to give herself to the Roman.

Which one is stricken with leprosy, however, Pompilius deserts her, and for thirty years she roams the hills as Joda, a leper. When Carlston learns that she is still alive he seeks her out, and their reconciliation is made possible by her being cured of leprosy by Christ, now grown to manhood. She is thus saved by the Son of her to whom she had refused shelter many years before.

This impressive little play received a dignified interpretation from the local players, with Miss Mary Ida Hare as Faustina, Thomas C. Stowell as Carlston and Laurence S. Hill as Pompilius. Others who took part included Miss Myretta Chatham, Miss Fayre Smiley Stowell, Frederick N. Snyder, John O'Day Donahoe and Frances Stephan. Mr. Osborne's music, set to songs of the Virgin Mary, was effectively sung off stage by Mrs. William J. McCann.

Former Governor Martin H. Glynn and Dr. John H. Finley, the retiring Commissioner of Education, were among those who made the performance possible, and other patrons and patronesses included Roessle McKinney, head of the Community Chorus; Mrs. J. Townsend Lansing, Mrs. William Bayard Van Rensselaer, George Foster Peabody, Mrs. John D. Parsons, Mrs. Benjamin W. Arnold, Mrs. George Porter Hilton and Peter D. Kiernan. Many of the patrons and patronesses occupied boxes at the performance.

In compliance with a request on the program there was no applause.

SPAIN'S BIG ELECTION FUNDS

Some Seats Said to Have Cost 100,000 Pesetas—Government Wins 196

MADRID, Dec. 26.—The latest returns from the elections received by the Ministry of the Interior show that the Government up to the present has obtained 196 seats in the Cortes. Further returns are expected to bring the number up to 205. [The total number of Deputies is 412.]

Next Sunday's Senatorial elections, according to a Government forecast, will result in the return of ninety-five supporters of the Cabinet and eighty-five opposition Senators. Besides these avowed supporters, many Deputies of other Conservative groups will join forces with Premier Dato on numerous questions of policy, their opposition being in connection with questions of detail.

There is widespread discussion in the political clubs regarding the recent elections, the campaign funds for which are reported to have attained proportions never before reached. A large number of the candidates belonged to classes which profited during the war and they are said to have lavished money in their constituencies in order to obtain a majority of the votes. Some estimates place the cost of each of such elections at at least 100,000 pesetas, but statements of this nature are difficult of confirmation.

Partisans of the various political parties openly accuse each other of practicing corrupt methods and assert their intention of bringing suit against the candidates who won seats. As these threats always have been made after political elections, however, it is regarded probable they will be allowed to drop after the heat of the controversy has subsided.

CHEVRONS ON WAR BOTTLES

Champagne, Service Striped, Served for Paris's Christmas.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

PARIS, Dec. 26.—Champagne bottles wearing service stripes appeared at the Christmas Eve celebration in the restaurants and cafés. The champagne is marketed by a firm whose cellars are at Rheims and on each label is marked a chevron for every six months the bottle was in a cellar during the German bombardment of the French city.

The 1914 vintage carries seven service stripes marking the period between Sept. 4, 1914, when Rheims was first under fire, until Oct. 6, 1918, when America compelled the Germans to evacuate the district.

It is estimated that there were 1,000,000 bottles of champagne in Rheims during the war.

KILLS GENERAL AT PARLEY.

Bulgar Colonel, After Slaying Serb Chairman, Commits Suicide.

BUDAPEST, Dec. 26 (Havas).—During a meeting of the commission appointed to delimit the Serbo-Bulgarian frontier a quarrel broke out and a Bulgarian Colonel killed the Serbian General who presided, says a Sofia dispatch today.

The Colonel then committed suicide.

STARS AID BIG BROTHERS.

Sunday Night Bills at Hippodrome, Metropolitan and Garden.

Fritz Kreisler and Frances Alda were among the stars of the Catholic Big Brothers' benefit at the Hippodrome last night. Mr. Kreisler playing Rimsky-Korsakoff's "Chant Indoue" and his own "Caprice Viennois" and "La Gitana," while Mme. Alda sang English songs and an air from "Tosca" with 'cello, played by Gutia Casini. Mischa Levitzki gave Rachmaninoff's piano prelude in G minor and a waltz by Stojowski and Rafael Diaz, an air from "Romeo and Juliet." Norman Trevor was master of ceremonies. Archbishop Hayes occupied a box near the stage, and though the audience did not fill the big house, the receipts were swelled by gifts to about $12,000.

Efrem Zimbalist appeared as guest at last evening's Metropolitan concert, playing a concerto by Hubay with the orchestra under Hageman and lesser pieces, including his own "Russian Dance." Nicola Zerola, the former Manhattan tenor, now with the elder house, sang the popular air from "Fra Diavolo" and that "Celeste Aïda," and there were others from "La Gioconda" for Frances Peralta, from "The Prophet" for Flora Perini, and from a Spanish opera by Gomez for Mardones.

Edia Soller, a woman conductor, who once appeared in the Central Park concerts three years ago, directed a band with many soloists last evening at Madison Square Garden. Miss Soller led Rossini's overture to "William Tell" and a fantasy on Swedish airs by her father, W. Soller, while as solo flute she was heard in a melody by Gluck. Millo Picco of the Metropolitan sang airs from "The Masked Ball" and "Barber of Seville," and others were Serge Radamsky, Berta Rivierre and Frank Kaltenborn.

TWO ORCHESTRA PLAYS.

Bispham Reads "Midsummer Night's Dream" With Symphony.

Words and music of "A Midsummer Night's Dream" comprised the post-holiday program of the Symphony Society's sold-out matinee yesterday in Aeolian Hall, parts of the text of Shakespeare's five-act comedy being read by David Bispham, several songs sung by Rachel M. Harris, contralto, and a small chorus of women from the Oratorio Society, while Walter Damrosch led the Symphony players in seven of the thirteen incidental pieces composed for a performance seventy-seven years ago at the New Palace, Potsdam, by Felix Mendelssohn.

Mr. Bispham's reading of the play, in which he voiced the sentiments of fourand-twenty personages, Athenian royalties, lovers, clowns and elves, was perhaps familiar to some of his hearers yesterday; it ran from intoned lyrics of lightest fancy, heightened by orchestral accompaniment, to solo passages of pure dialogue given with rare distinctness and humor. Rarest of all was it for a symphony audience to sit through two hours of music with almost unceasing smiles and frequent laughter. There was applause also for the chorus of fairies.

A concert of the National Symphony under Mr. Bodanzky last evening in Carnegie Hall repeated the program of Christmas Day, including Gliere's "The Sirens," Rachmaninoff's second pianoforte concerto, with Moiseiwitsch, and overtures of Gluck and Wagner.

MATINEES FOR CHILDREN.

Special Program to Be Given Each Day This Week at Rivoli.

Seven thousand poor children will be treated to holiday matinees at the Rivoli Theatre this week by Hugo Riesenfeld, director of that playhouse. The children will be brought from twenty-two charity organizations, and there will also be 2,750 children brought together by the Police Department. The distribution of seats has been arranged by Bird S. Coler of the Department of Public Charities.

One thousand children were entertained at the first of the special performances on Saturday, and a thousand will be provided for every day this week. The performances will begin at 10:30 o'clock in the morning, and the remaining seats will be placed on sale after the guests have been provided for. The program is specially designed for children.

BIG JUMP IN TRADE TO SPAIN.

240 Per Cent. Growth Partly Due to Displacing Germany.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—An increase of 240 per cent. in American exports to Spain from 1914 to 1919 is noted in a report on the "growing importance of the Spanish market," made public today by the Department of Commerce.

The favorable American trade growth is explained by Trade Commissioner Arthur Young, author of the report, as due largely to the displacement of Germany, and to some extent of France and Great Britain in the Spanish market by the United States.

As a result of the war, the report says, Spain, like the United States, changed from a debtor to a creditor nation, with a trade balance in favor of Spain in 1919 amounting to $772,000,000, which "strengthened the financial situation in the country to a remarkable extent."

The eagerness of economic information about Spain available to American interests, the department declares, "has not been in keeping with the growing importance of that country."

Lazaro Sings "Eili, Eili."

Hipolito Lazaro, the Spanish opera tenor, appeared at Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon in a concert with two assisting artists, Hector Cabral, a violinist of Peru, and Mercedes Padrosa, pianist, from Spain. Mr. Lazaro was heard in airs from "Aida" and "Manon," in Spanish and other songs, and in the Hebrew lament, "Eili, Eili," variously said to be an old folk-melody or the original composition of a Jewish musician of New York, but given yesterday with an accompaniment arranged by Schindler, played by Miss Terr. Miss Padrosa gave piano pieces by Albeniz, Granadoes and Laregla, and Mr. Cabral a sonata by Raff and a rondo by Kreisler.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

St. John Ervine's play, "Mixed Marriage," will be seen at special matinees at the Times Square Theatre beginning a week from Monday. Performances will be given on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays. In the meantime "Mixed Marriage" will continue to be acted nightly at the Bramhall Playhouse for another two weeks.

Rachel Crothers's comedy, "Nice People," will be produced in Atlantic City tonight by Sam H. Harris. Francine Larrimore will be starred in the play.

A force of 150 men have remodeled the Century Promenade since Saturday night, and a new dancing floor has been installed. The Promenade will open as usual to-night.

Mrs. Arthur Hammerstein returned to the stage last Friday night in the prima donna role in "Tickle Me." Mrs. Hammerstein is known on the stage as Claire Nagle.

MORE HELP NEEDED
For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

THE SCREEN

Charles Ray's latest comedy, "Nineteen and Phyllis," is at the Strand this week. Again comes the same Ray with variations. It is his variations that keep him fresh. He's always the same Ray, and not even he could go on forever without variety. But with variety he is always new. Recently he was a country boy and an indigenous part of the country. Now he is a small-town swain and of the small-town born and bred. He is in every mood and manner a Vixville product.

In the former picture it was a joy to watch him shaving, and in the present one he dances as only a young innocent overwhelmed by young love can dance. His capture of a burglar who is causing his own little crime wave in Vixville is inimitably recorded on the screen. And the scene in which Ray measures himself for a dress suit is one of those bits in which he is incomparable.

There's something more to the picture than Ray, too. Frederick Stowers, who wrote the story, and Joseph De Grasse, who directed the production, have brightened it with many little touches, such as animated subtitles, and have faithfully reproduced the appearance and life of a Southern town. The only important fault to find with the comedy is that there is not enough of it to fill the five or six reels over which it is spread. As a three or four reel picture it would not have a dull moment, but its plot and characterization are too lacking in substance for more. It's a pity that the length of the photoplay is so arbitrarily determined. Many a good work is reduced to the average in quality by the effort to make it the average in quantity. "Nineteen and Phyllis" is not quite down to the average in quality, but its excess weight pulls it far below where it ought to be.

In Vixville, besides other young people and their elders, lives Andrew Jackson Cavanaugh, who is 19 and works for $18 a week. Also there are Phyllis, for whom the $18 is far insufficient, and Andrew's rival, whose rich father buys him an automobile and a dress suit. That's all that need be told of the story. Lincoln Stedman as the rival is good, and Clara Horton as the girl is sufficiently silly and cute.

Also at the Strand is another of the Booth Tarkington comedies, "Edgar's Little Saw," directed by Mason N. Litson. These Tarkington comedies have been one of the treats of the year, and the present one, though not as imaginatively built as some of the others, is poignant as the real tragedy of a real boy should be. Young Johnny Jones makes an altogether convincing Edgar, and when he is the victim of gross injustice at the hands of a typically incompetent and stupid father, every spectator sympathizes with him keenly. One laughs at Edgar while he loves him, and wants to choke his father. Also in this comedy, Edgar's little brother, Charlie, accurately impersonated by a youngster billed as a girl, comes to the front and adds considerable action of his own to the story. With Edgar's saw Charlie makes the damage done by George Washington and his hatchet insignificant.

The scenic at the Strand is a Chester work. "Lost a Yodel," containing entertaining and picturesque views of mountain climbing.

If Charles Ray and a few threads of narrative cannot fill more than four reels of film, how many can Douglas MacLean with fewer strands use up successfully? Not more than two, at the most. "The Rookie's Return," at the Rialto this week, might have been an exceedingly bright two-reel comedy. With its no less than five reels, it is extremely dull for long stretches. It tries to make up for its failure to be funny in many places by becoming simply foolish, but the result is the foolishness that has no wit and soon grows tiresome. Also it resorts to many subtitles, used, it seems, as padding, and they are often as flat as the screen on which they are projected.

However, for the patient, there are bright spots in "The Rookie's Return." MacLean is a likable fellow, in his way expressive and, when given anything to do, usually does it neatly. His companion, Doris May, is pleasing, although she acts even less in her present picture than in its predecessors, and Leo White as an inane Frenchman, Frank Currier as a sock parent and Wallace Beery as a pugnacious waiter keeps things going fairly well. If only they didn't have to keep them going so long!

The story is about a discharged soldier who, after a brainless effort to earn a living, inherits a fortune and temporary trouble.

"Ottauquechee Valley," a Post Nature Picture, is one of the pure delights of the Rialto program. Not all scenics hold the interest continuously, even when they are admittedly beautiful, for the person more or less artistically uneducated cannot sit in constant admiration while 1,000 feet of film are being unwound before him unless there is something more than just pictures to attract his attention. A story, not a plot, but a connecting narrative, is best for this, but where it is lacking variety will serve. "Ottauquechee Valley" has variety. There is variety in the scenery, in the toning of the scenes, in the seasons represented and in the occasional introduction into the pictures of a little white dog, a tall brisk man and the graceful, shadowy figure of a woman. The scenes have been well composed and skillfully assembled.

"The Charm School," with Wallace Reid, directed by James Cruze, is at the Rivoli this week, and the Capitol is offering "The Girl With the Jazz Heart," with Madge Kennedy, and "Heidi of the Alps," with Madge Evans, a Prisma color picture.

"Over the Hill" moved from the Lyric to the Broadhurst Theatre yesterday; D. W. Griffith's "Way Down East" continues at the Forty-fourth Street, and William DeMille's "Midsummer Madness" remains at the Criterion.

"Miss Lulu Bett" at Sing Sing.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Dec. 26.—"Miss Lulu Bett," a dramatization of the novel by Zona Gale, was given its try-out, under the direction of Brock Pemberton, on Sing Sing Prison's new stage, a gift to the prisoners by David Belasco, this evening preparatory to its first public showing in the Belmont Theatre in New York tomorrow night. The performance was the first ever given on a regular theatrical stage in the old prison. More than one thousand inmates attended.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th St. Phone Circle 2600. OPENING WED. EVE., DEC. 29. THE Passing Show OF 1921 Presenting Willie & Eugene Howard MARIE DRESSLER—HARRY WATSON NEXT 200th PERFORMANCE. FIRST MATINEE THURSDAY. SEATS NOW ON SALE.

CENTURY THEATRE 62d St. & C. P. West. To-night 8 Sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2. LAST 4 WEEKS OF THE MOST WONDERFUL, GORGEOUS, MAGNIFICENT, SPECTACULAR, GLORIOUS, SENSATIONAL, ADORABLE AND FASCINATING PRODUCTION EVER KNOWN IN THE HISTORY OF THE WORLD. F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present MECCA A Musical Extravaganza of the Orient. POP. MAT. WED., 50c to $2. Holiday Mat. Next Saturday, 50c to $3.50. Co. of 400 People—11 Scenes.

CENTURY Promenade Above Century Theatre. CENTURY MIDNIGHT REVUE at 11:30. Opens at 10:30 for Dining and Dancing. Make New Year's Eve Reservations Early.

CENTRAL Theatre, 47th & B'y. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. The London and Paris Sensation. DELYSIA "AFGAR" In the Musical Show "Has taken New York by storm."—Telegram.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Evenings 8:15. MATINEE TO-DAY POPULAR PRICES. MARY NASH in "Thy Name Is Woman" MATINEES EVERY DAY THIS WEEK

Wm. A. Brady's 48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'y. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:20. "The Broken Wing" NEW YORK'S BIGGEST THRILL!

BIJOU THEATRE, W. 45th St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs., Fri. & Sat. 4 MATINEES THIS WEEK WED., THUR., FRI. & SAT. POPULAR PRICES (EXCEPT SAT.). THE SKIN GAME By JOHN GALSWORTHY.

LITTLE THEATRE 44 St., W. of B'way. Mat. TODAY, 2:30. THE 1st YEAR

NORA BAYES THEA. 44th, W. of B'y. Evgs. 8:30. "Screaming Comedy."—Telegram. "3 LIVE GHOSTS" Matinees Wednesday & Saturday, 2:30

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'y. Tonight at 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat. Nora Bayes in a Fantastic Musical Play. "HER FAMILY TREE"

BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:30. A MATS. THIS WEEK: Tom'w Wed., Thurs., Fri. & SAT. WILLIAM FAVERSHAM in MARK TWAIN'S THE PRINCE AND THE PAUPER

39TH ST. THEATRE, nr. B'way. Eve. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30. BEN-AMI "SAMSON AND DELILAH" PAULINE LORD

ASTOR THEATRE, B'way & 45th St. Eve. 8:25. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:25. HENRY W. SAVAGE Offers MADGE KENNEDY HERSELF in a dual role in "CORNERED" "DRAMATIC SENSATION OF SEASON."—Journal

SHUBERT, Thea., 44 St., W. of B'y. Eve. 8:30. Matinee Wed. & Sat., 2:30. POPULAR MATINEE WED. THE BOHEMIANS, INC., ANNOUNCE THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920

GARRICK 65 W. 35th. Fitzroy 1522. Eve. 8:15. MATS. TOM'W, THURS. & SAT. HEARTBREAK HOUSE A Comedy by Bernard Shaw.

Lexington Th. Eve. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. 51st St. & Lex. Av. Ph. Plaza 9690. FRITZ LEIBER in the PLAYS OF SHAKESPEARE. Commencing TO-NIGHT in Hamlet. Tues., Julius Caesar; Wed. Mat., Merchant of Venice; Wed. Night, Macbeth; Thur., Hamlet; Fri., Julius Caesar; Sat. Mat., Romeo and Juliet; Sat. Eve., Richard III. Pop. Prices, 50c to $1.50.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA. Eves. 8:15. Mts. Thur. & Sat. CECIL LEAN in "LOOK WHO'S HERE" With Cleo Mayfield.

APOLLO West 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. FRANCES WHITE in "JIMMIE" A Musicomedy with BEN WELCH and Star Cast.

SELWYN West 42d St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. FRANK TINNEY in The Musical Comedy TICKLE ME SELWYN THEATRE, WEST 42D ST.

SPECIAL MATINEES TODAY-TOMORROW THURS. & FRIDAY at 2:30 THE PROVINCETOWN PLAYERS Management ADOLPH KLAUBER IN THE EMPEROR JONES by EUGENE O'NEIL and a one-act comedy "TICKLESS TIME" by Susan Glaspell & George Cram Cook. PRICES 50c. to $2.00. Seats NOW.

TIMES SQ. Thea., W. 42 St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. SPECIAL MATINEE FRIDAY, DEC. 31. FLORENCE REED in MIRAGE

BROCK PEMBERTON Announces AT HIS TOWNLEY THE FIRST PERFORMANCE OF ZONA GALE'S MISS LULU BETT

BELMONT 48th St., E. of B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs., Fri. & Sat. AND DAILY HOLIDAY-MATINEES OF ENTER MADAME WITH GILDA VARESI—NORMAN TREVOR

FULTON Thea., 46th St., W. of B'way. Mats. TODAY & ALL WEEK. GREENWICH VILLAGE THEA. ARTHUR HOPKINS Offers THE BEGGAR'S OPERA SEATS NOW. FIRST NIGHT WED., DEC. 29

CASINO 39th and B'way. Evenings at 8:30. FOUR MATINEES THIS WEEK. ZIMBALIST'S PLAY WITH MUSIC. HONEYDEW 4 MATINEES THIS WEEK 4 WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

COMEDY Theatre, W. 41st. Eves. 8:30. MATS. THURS. & SAT. HOLBROOK BLINN As a lovable, laughable bandit— THE BAD MAN

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. The Reigning Musical Comedy Success PITTER PATTER with WINNIE TIMES

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20. Daddy Dumplins with MACLYN ARBUCKLE

ELTINGE Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20. "LADIES' NIGHT"

MOROSCO West 45th St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. THE BAT "KEEPS STANDEES ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World. EXTRA HOLIDAY MATS. THURS. & FRI.

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Ph. Bryant 134. 2ND YEAR—THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT IRENE Seats 6 Weeks Ahead. MATS. WED. & SAT.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th St. East of B'way. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. 200,000 Persons Have Seen and Liked SPANISH LOVE "IT HOLDS THE AUDIENCE BREATHLESS."—Eve. Sun. AND IS "A PLAY NO ONE SHOULD MISS."—Alan Dale in the American. NOW IN ITS 6th BIG MONTH

FRAZEE West 42d St. Evgs. 8:20. Phone 31 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. Bryant MISS ANGLIN in "The Woman of Bronze."

PLYMOUTH 45th Street, W. of B'way. Mats. Thur., Fri. & Sat. Little Old New York EXTRA MATINEE FRIDAY.

TICKETS FOR ALL THEATRES 50c ADVANCE The Original TYSON & CO. ESTABLISHED 1859 1472 B'WAY. 100 B'WAY. 4080 Bryant 9100 Rector

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. "One of the plays all lovers of the theatre should see and see again."—Times. Ruth Chatterton in J. M. Barrie's New Play MARY ROSE "J. M. Barrie at his best."—Herald.

BELASCO WEST 44 ST. EVES. AT 8:15. MATS. THURS. & SAT., 2:15. LIONEL ATWILL in the New Play DEBURAU By Sacha Guitry. Adptd. by Granville Barker.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Thursday & Sat., 2:20. INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS" by Avery Hopwood.

BRAMHALL 123 E. 27th St. Eves. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Mixed Marriage by St. John Ervine

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d. Evs. 8:30. MATS. THURS. & SAT., 2:30. Patricia Collinge in A. E. THOMAS' NEW COMEDY JUST SUPPOSE

LAST 8 TIMES CORT West 48 St. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. JIM JAM JEMS The Smashing Musical Hit. MONDAY, JAN. 3—SEATS SELLING. Margaret Lawrence—Arthur Byron IN THE COMEDY "TRANSPLANTING JEAN"

BAB with HELEN HAYES LAST WEEK Park Thea. Col. Cir. Eve. 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat. NEW YEAR'S EVE. PRICES: 50c TO $3.00

Beginning JAN. 3—8:10 Sharp SEAT SALE OPENS TO-DAY FRANCIS DE WOLF WILSON & HOPPER IN A NEW AND WONDROUS "ERMINIE"

Punch & Judy 49th, E. of B'y. Eve. 8:30. Reg. Mats. Fri. & Sat., 2:30. EXTRA MATS. WED. & THURS., 2:30. A CLARE KUMMER Comedy ROLLO'S WILD OAT OLAND YOUNG

A FAMOUS ARTIST "'WELCOME' STRANGER' is a bully good evening's entertainment. I enjoyed every moment of it." JAMES MONTGOMERY FLAGG COHAN & HARRIS THEATRE West 42d St. Mats. Wed., Fri. & Sat., 2:10.

CLOSE Eves. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. FRED STONE "TIP-TOP" Seats Now for Entire Holiday Mat., Fri., Dec. 31

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Eve. 8:30. JOHN GOLDEN Presents FRANK BACON 'LIGHTNIN' MATINEE EVERY DAY THIS WEEK.

NEW AMSTERDAM—MATS. WED. & SAT. IF YOU DON'T BUY your seats NOW for PARQUET or BALCONIES— PRICES to suit ALL— You will have to inherit them to SEE MARILYNN MILLER LEON ERROL in ZIEGFELD'S GREATEST SUCCESS Sally

NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF—NEW Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic

LIBERTY West 42d St. Eves. at 8:15. Mon. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. MATINEE TOMORROW. 50c TO $2.00. "BEST THAT THE MUSICAL THEATRE CAN PROVIDE."—Herald. MITZI in "LADY BILLY" A MUSICAL COMEDY HIT.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way, 42d St. Mats. Wed., Thurs., Fri. & Sat. GEO. M. COHAN'S PRODUCTION THE TAVERN GREATEST MYSTERY OF THEM ALL. ARNOLD DALY as the Vagabond.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. 4 Mats. This Week: Wed., Thurs., Fri. & Sat. Mats. Wed. & Sat. GEO. M. COHAN'S Comedians MARY (ISN'T IT A GRAND OLD NAME?)

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat. GEO. M. COHAN'S production of THE MEANEST MAN IN THE WORLD MR. COHAN in the Title Role.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE TO-NIGHT, TO-MORROW, WED., THURS. EVGS. and NEW YEAR'S (Sat.) MATINEE, FIRST PERFORMANCES IN AMERICA OF FRANZ LEHAR'S NEW VIENNESE OPERETTA, "WO DIE LERCH SINGT" (Where the Lark Sings.) FRI. NIGHT (NEW YEAR'S EVE) and SAT. (NEW YEAR'S NIGHT), Revival of LECOCQ'S Delightful "GIROFLE-GIROFLA." Seats 50c to $2.50. TO-DAY, TO-MORROW and WEDNESDAY MATINEES at 2:30, "SCHNEEWITTCHEN UND DIE SIEBEN ZWERGE" (Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs). THURSDAY and FRIDAY MATINEES at 2:30, "ASCHENBROEDEL" (Cinderella). Prices 25c to $1.50.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE TO-DAY, 2P.M. MAT. at 2 ($1 to $3). BLUE BIRD, Axman, Gordon, Sundelius, Ellis, Delaunois; Rothier, Chalmers—Wolff. EVE. 8:15, PAGLIACCI, Destinn [Crimi, Amato, Moranzoni; CARILLON MAGICO, Galli—Papi. WED. at 7:45, TRISTAN. Matzenauer, Gordon; Braslau, Whitehill, Blass—Bodanzky. THURS. at 8:15, TOSCA, Farrar; Gigli, Scotti, Malatesta, Amato—Moranzoni. FRI. MAT. at 1, PARSIFAL. Matzenauer, Gordon, Sundelius; Braslau, Whitehill, Rothier, Dilur, Gustafson—Bodanzky. FRI. at 8, MANON LESCAUT. Alda, Telva; Martinelli, De Luca, Malatesta—Papi. SAT. at 2, Double Bill. AMORE DEI TRE RE. Easton; Gigli, Amato, Mardones, Braslau, Moranzoni; followed by CARILLON MAGICO. Galli—Papi. SAT. at 8:15 (Pop. Prices), LUCIA. Garrison, Chamlee, Danise, Martino, Dua—Papi.

NEXT SUN. EVE. Verdi-Mascagni Gala Operatic Concert Cavalleria Rusticana IN CONCERT FORM Excerpts From Verdi's Operas Destinn, Ponselle, Fretzi, Telva; Gigli, Kingston, Danise, Mardones. Orch. Chorus, Bamboschek. Seats from $1 to $2.50. Sale beginning TODAY. NEXT MON. 8. DON CARLOS. Ponselle, Matzenauer, Galli; Martinelli, De Luca, Didur—Papi.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC TO-M'W EVE. at 8, ZAZA. Farrar, Howard; Martinelli, De Luca—Moranzoni. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

AEOLIAN HALL Thurs. Eve. at 8:15 December 30 Only New York Recital by MAURICE DAMBOIS 'Cellist COMPOSER—PIANIST Steinway Duo-Art Piano Used. Also Duo-Art Recordings by PADEREWSKI AND HOFMANN Tickets 50c. to $2. Now at Box Office.

NEW YORK SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA Historical Cycle at Carnegie Hall. Thurs. Aft., Dec. 30—Fri. Eve., Dec. 31. FIRST APPEARANCE IN AMERICA ALBERT COATES GUEST-CONDUCTOR. (From the Royal Opera, Covent Garden, the London Symphony Orchestra and Royal London Philharmonic Society) British Program, including FIRST PERFORMANCE IN AMERICA VAUGHAN WILLIAMS' "London Symphony" Soloist: SERGEI RACHMANINOFF AEOLIAN HALL SUN. AFT., JAN. 2. ALBERT COATES, Guest Conductor. Tickets at Box Offices. GEORGE ENGLES, Mgr

CARNEGIE HALL, MON. AFT., JAN. 3, AT 2. SONG RECITAL—JOSEPH SCHWARZ "RUSSIAN BARITONE" Presented by Alex. L. Fischer. Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

CARNEGIE HALL WEDNESDAY EVG., at 8:15 January 5 ONLY N. Y. RECITAL—FRIEDA HEMPEL Seats at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, WED. AFT., DEC. 29, AT 3. SONG RECITAL BY NEVADA VAN DER VEER Mgt. Hayward & Jones. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, TONIGHT AT 8:15. MARTHA (Joint Recital) DUCAS BAIRD—NICASTRO PIANIST (Mason & Hamlin). VIOLINCELLIST. Seats at Box Office.

AEOLIAN HALL, SAT. AFT., JAN. 1, AT 3. LAMBERT MURPHY TENOR RECITAL. (Steinway & Sons).

PHILHARMONIC CARNEGIE HALL, Fri., Dec. 31, at 2:30. DIRECTION OF JOSEF STRANSKY. Mahler, First Symphony; Hadley, "Culprit Fay," conducted by the Composer; "Pagan's Cave," "Tannhauser" Overture. Next Sunday Aft. at 2. "New World" Symphony, "Till Eulenspiegel," JOAN MANEN, Assisting Artist. Zale's "Symphonie Espagnol" for Violin and Orchestra. Felix F. Leifels, Manager.

HIPPODROME, Sun. Eve., Jan. 2. FIRST NEW YORK RECITAL KUBELIK JOINTLY WITH ALFRED MIROVITCH Tickets $1.00 to $2.50 (10% War Tax Extra.) On Sale Monday at Hippodrome. (Chickering.) Mgt. Haensel & Jones, 62 W. 45th St.

AEOLIAN HALL, THURS. AFT., DEC. 30, AT 3. GRIFFES GROUP Edna Thomas, Mezzo. — Olga Steeb, Piano. Jacques Jacobsen, Violin. Emile Heermann, Violin. Emile Ferir, Piano. Seats at Box Office. Mgt. Charlotte A. Buswell.

NATIONAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA ARTUR BODANZKY COND'R. CARNEGIE HALL TOMORROW AFTERNOON at 2:30. Box Sts., $3 to $2 (Pop. Rubles' Eve.), 8:15. KREISLER PROGAM: MOZART, Overture "Marriage of Figaro"; MENDELSSOHN, Violin Concerto; R. STRAUSS, "A Hero's Life." THE KNABE IS THE OFFICIAL PIANO

CARNEGIE HALL—TONIGHT Oratorio Society of New York IN THE MESSIAH CARNEGIE HALL, TOMORROW EVE., 8:15. AMERIACN DEBUT. VIRGINIE MAURET In a program of dances. Symphony Orchestra.

AEOLIAN HALL, THIS AFTERNOON, AT 3. GUIDO AGOSTI PIANO RECITAL. (Steinway).

RIVOLI WALLACE REID B'WAY at 49th "The Charm School" A Paramount Picture RIVOLI CONCERT ORCHESTRA Special Performance for Children at 10:30 A. M. Every day this week. Pictures Christmas Pastime. Child Actors.

RIALTO Douglas MacLean Times Sq. "The Rookie Return" FAMOUS RIALTO ORCHESTRA

CRITERION Mats. 11 11:20 P. M. 4th Week BROADWAY AT 44TH ST. Jesse L. Lasky Presents William De Mille's "Midsummer Madness" "One of those rare pictures that deserves a second visit"—N. Y. Herald. A Paramount Picture with Jack Holt, Conrad Nagel, Lois Wilson, Lila Lee From Cosmo Hamilton's novel "His Friend and His Wife" $100 FOR 250 WORDS. How would you have the photoplay end? Write the Contest Department, Criterion Theatre.

44TH ST. THEATRE MATINEE EVERY DAY EVENINGS, 8:15. MATINEES, 2:15. The D. W. Griffith Masterpiece WAY DOWN EAST Orchestral & Vocal Accompaniment. All Seats Reserved. Order in Advance.

NOTE—Owing to the tremendous demand for seats, there will be two showings next Friday night (New Year's Eve.)—the First at 7:45 and the Second at 10:45. All Seats Reserved.

CAPITOL Madge Kennedy, "The Girl With the Jazz Heart." Madge Evans in "Heidi." Rusolan Cathedral Choir. B'way at 51 Street Mats. 30-50. Nights 50-$2.50. World's Largest and Most Beautiful Theatre.

MARK STRAND CHAS. RAY. "19 AND PHYLLIS" B'way & 47 St. STRAND ORCHESTRA.

PLAZA Mad. Ave. at 59th St. D. W.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Published Every Day in the Year by the New York Times Company.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President

B. C. Franck, Secretary,

OFFICES: [TELEPHONE BRYANT 1000]

TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
TIMES ANNEX, 456 W., nr. of Broadway
DOWNTOWN.....7 Ballman Street
WALL STREET.....8 Rector Street
HARLEM.....2,109 Seventh Avenue

BRONX.....2,914 Third Avenue
WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.....3,520 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Albee Building
CHICAGO.....1302-1304 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....613 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....408 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....12 Salisbury Square, E. C.
PARIS.....44 Avenue, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two Cents a copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 200 miles; Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn. Ten Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, postage paid...One Year. Six Mos. One Mo.

Daily and Sunday	$12.00	$6.00	$1.00
Daily only	10.00	5.00	.85
Sunday only	4.00	2.25	.45
Sunday only, Canada	6.00	3.25	.55

*One week, 30c. †One week, 20c.

FOREIGN RATES

Daily and Sunday	$26.00	$13.00	$2.40
Daily only	17.40	8.70	1.45
Sunday only	6.75	3.12	.60

Binder, Picture Section, $2.50; Magazine, $1.50.

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNALIST (Mondays), per year, $6; Canada, $6.50; other countries, $8.
Binder for 53 issues (one vol.), $1.50.

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.

THE TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursdays), one year, $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.60. Binder for 53 issues, $1.50.

THE CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $4; Canada, $4.50 (foreign $5). Per copy, 35c.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $3; per year, $8.

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes in the set—illustrated—cloth, $50; three-quarter leather, $100; full leather, $120—encyclopedic history European War.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it, or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, DEC. 27, 1920.

TARIFF REPRISALS.

Congressmen at Washington who rushed through the House the buncombe bill to "protect" the farmers are filled with surprise and pain to learn that foreign countries may retaliate. Argentina hints at reprisals if high duties are levied on her wool and hides. Canada may do something to hit back for the tax on wheat. Even France is said to be about to remonstrate. How unreasonable! It must be indeed a "méchant" animal that thus proposes to defend itself when attacked.

So far as Congress is concerned, its attitude in this affair is a mixture of old ignorance and new humbug. We know ourselves to be so amiable that we think all foreigners must love us, no matter what we do. Why should they resent our looking after our own? If they feel hurt or threatened in the act, they ought not to lay it up against us; certainly should do nothing which shows that they, too, are minded, at our expense, to look after *their* own. And can't they see that this hair-trigger tariff legislation is insincere—that it is voted for by Representatives with a wink? The House, with a grand flourish, will have "done something" for the farmer. The Senate is counted upon to do something for common sense and for decent treatment of foreign nations.

It is evident that all the loose talk about America taking care of herself and letting the rest of the world go hang has brought back some of the old notions about international commerce. We think we can sell without buying. We think we can throw clubs at other nations without danger of their being thrown back—or returning, like so many boomerangs, to hit us on the head. But the era of isolation is over, whether we wish it so or not. The United States cannot live unto itself. It has the largest commitments in world trade, and has got to try to please its customers, not drive them away. To think of taking down the old flint-lock tariff musket of other days is the wildest folly in these times of rapid-fire commercial guns.

A SENATOR ON GOVERNORS.

Senator POINDEXTER of Washington thinks that the Western States, "especially those concerned with reclamation," have a special interest in the Interior Department, and so "are entitled to special consideration" in naming the Secretary of Interior in the next Cabinet. Possibly a Secretary of Interior who represents the general, and not a particular, view of reclamation would be acceptable to the whole country; and that official has a multitude of other affairs to look after.

Mr. POINDEXTER has recommended to Senator HARDING "for consideration as Secretary of Interior" Mr. JOSEPH M. DIXON, a Senator from Montana from 1906 to 1913 and elected Governor last November. Mr. DIXON is a competent citizen, once a great light of the Progressives. Presumably, the citizens of Montana elected him in the expectation that he would serve. Senator POINDEXTER, not without an amusing touch of Senatorial self-magnification, says patronizingly that "it is comparatively easy to get a satisfactory Governor and mighty hard to get the right kind of Secretary of Interior." The inference or implication seems to be that Governors don't amount to much.

Without referring to the moderns, like Governor SMITH, Governor LOWDEN, Governor COOLIDGE, we take the liberty of recalling to Mr. POINDEXTER'S mind a few Governors whom he seems to have forgotten; for instance, JEFFERSON, MONROE, TYLER, POLK, JOHNSON, HAYES, CLEVELAND, MCKINLEY, ROOSEVELT, WILSON. WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON was Governor of the Indian Territory. BENJAMIN HARRISON tried to be elected Governor of Indiana, as MILLARD FILLMORE did of New York. JACKSON was Governor of the Territory of Florida. If a few of these men were Senators, MARTIN VAN BUREN actually had the impudence to resign from the Senate to become Governor of New York. Long is the roll of famous Governors outside of those who attained the Presidency. There may even be a shadow of doubt in unprejudiced minds if as much intellectual power is not needed to make a "satisfactory" Governor as a "satisfactory" Senator. At any rate, there is a good deal of dissatisfaction with some of the togaed majesties at Washington.

THE NEEDIEST CASES.

The Christmas spirit is a poor thing if good for only one day. It ought to animate people both before and after the exact holiday. This is the reason why THE TIMES continues to lay before its readers the appeal for the Hundred Neediest Cases. It is an affair of weeks, not days.

The goal set before us has not yet been reached. This year's subscriptions are still several thousand dollars behind the total of 1919. That deficit must be made up. If it implies extra effort, that is no more than is called for when the need is also extraordinary.

THE PASSING SHADOW.

What are the Germans doing and thinking? If you believe some observers, they are getting ready to pay the indemnity—with help. Others tell us that they have sunk into hopeless lassitude, and still others that night and day they are arming and organizing for the war of revenge. And in all these stories there is probably an element of truth. The Ludendorffs are doubtless scheming to restore the Kaiser or a Kaiser—and the lost provinces. STINNES seems to be thinking up plans which will evade payment of the indemnity and leave in Germany a great deal of wealth, most of which will belong to him. "Orgesch," the semi-secret military organization in Bavaria, is a considerable power, and undoubtedly has reactionary sympathies if not counter-revolutionary intentions.

The French, however, who are most interested in finding out the truth, do not seem to think that there is any grave danger of a German war of revenge in this generation. The debates of the last few days in the Chamber have furnished a good deal of information to a world which wonders how far Germany has disarmed. They have also shown that for the first time in fifty years the great shadow that has lain over France is vanishing. Germany hates France and would destroy her if she could; but for the present France does not think she can.

ANDRE LEFEVRE, till lately War Minister in the Leygues Government, still sees military danger. He resigned because his colleagues, obsessed by the need of economy, could not agree with him that a two-year term of military service is needed. They would cut the term to eighteen months, or even twelve. LEFEVRE resigned, and promised to startle France with the facts about German preparations—arms retained in defiance of the treaty, new arms manufactured since the armistice, great bodies of veterans secretly organized, and all the paraphernalia for a new war of conquest.

"Fact after damning fact" which his colleagues had ignored would be set before the people of France, who could form their own opinion. But some doubt was roused at the outset by LEFEVRE'S admission that these facts had escaped the notice of the military commissions supervising German disarmament under the Treaty. Those commissions are numerous and able; the French members, at least, have every reason for vigilance. But LEFEVRE left the impression that his information came from private sources. When he appeared before the Chamber it seemed that most of it was not much more than inference. "Why is this?" "Does any one suppose?" and so on—these are the staple of his argument.

Against this the Government presented figures. Germany has given up 25,000 motors, 16,000 airplanes, nearly 4,000 guns. Four thousand more guns are in process of delivery. None of this has been done willingly; where they could, the Germans have held out artillery and machine guns, and millions of rifles have been taken home by the men who carried them. But Germany seems to have surrendered most of her stock of modern war material. Even if she has not, the French are still on the Rhine. They hold a position so strong that it cannot be rushed, and cannot be forced with such resources as the Germans now possess. One after another, men who had fought in the war told the Chamber that France's present military position was so far superior to Germany's that no war of revenge could now have any hope of success.

Above all, FOCH and PETAIN agree with the Government that the term of service may be reduced. CASTELNAU, too, says that France needs a breathing space; he thinks Germany may attack again—but not for fifty years. For the first time Frenchmen are able to stand up and look around them and feel fairly free from the ancient peril.

The issue did not even come to a vote; but the Chamber's ready approval of the provisional estimates shows how the vote would have gone. Only the day before the question of confidence was raised on another issue, and seven-eighths of the Chamber voted approval for Premier LEYGUES. His Ministry has apparently gained strength in the last few weeks, and that against expectation. M. VIVIANI was rushing back from Geneva to overthrow it, but when he reached Paris he did nothing but report on the proceedings of the League Assembly. VIVIANI'S particular issue was the revision of the Turkish treaty at the expense of Greece, but that policy has encountered British opposition so serious as to bring it to a standstill. President MILLERAND, of whose personality and policy the Leygues Ministry is a projection, has apparently convinced the French public that he can do better in dealing with LLOYD GEORGE than any one else; and VIVIANI'S issue is laid on the shelf till a more auspicious moment.

Furthermore, MILLERAND and LEYGUES are cautiously leading the nation to a realization of the necessity of making practicable demands on Germany if the indemnity is to be paid. They think Germany need not be feared for the moment, but to talk of collecting the enormous sums first mentioned as the French reparations bill is to talk nonsense. At last they seem to have convinced the Chamber, which was certainly none too ready to believe such a story, that the terrible years are not to be lived through again. There is good hope both for France and for Europe in that.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS CRISIS.

The thickening difficulties and problems which the public schools in this city now face are almost unexampled. The deficit in the school budget alone is sufficiently alarming. Unless something like $28,000,000 is somehow found there is danger that the schools will have to close—rather, not reopen next September—or the teachers go unpaid. It is safe to say that no such sum will be found as a result of Mayor HYLAN'S innocent request that all the other departments save so that their unexpended balances may be transferred to the school fund. What are appropriations for if not to be spent where they will do the most good?

Aside from this pressing question of public school finance, there are other matters scarcely less vital. The whole educational system in the city needs overhauling. Its relation to the State system has to be more accurately defined. Important reports on this subject will undoubtedly be laid before the next Legislature—one by the Joint Committee of which Senator MULLAN is Chairman, the other by the special commission made up of Mayors, Regents and prominent citizens. Furthermore, the range of teaching in the public schools, vocational training, continuation schools, together with the everlasting part-time evil, are clamoring for consideration.

The work must be taken up early. This very week the Public Education Association is to make special efforts to rally various civic organizations and individuals interested, so as to focus attention upon the most urgent needs of the public schools on the eve of the meeting of the Legislature. Every aid and encouragement should be given to this public-spirited movement.

THE INTRASTATE RATE TANGLE.

Justice BENEDICT'S decision is more adverse to the right of the Interstate Commerce Commission to regulate intrastate rates than was Justice HASBROUCK'S a few days earlier. When the latter ruled that ten railways fell under the control of the Federal Commission because their traffic is indisputably interstate, but that the question was open as to other railways, it was clear that the decision was dangerous. If the State courts could go behind the order of the Interstate Commerce Commission and inquire into the facts in each case, the way was open to overrule the commission on the facts discovered.

Justice BENEDICT goes beyond even this challenge to the Interstate Commerce Commission, holding both that the commission went beyond the Esch-Cummins law and that the law was one beyond the power of Congress to enact under the Constitution. It would be tedious to recite similar conflict of decisions in other States, especially as they are all subject to revision on appeal to Federal courts. In the Federal courts the Judges will take notice of both facts and law which the lawyers for the States have done their best to confuse or to keep off the record in the State courts. Eventually the States may find that they have won skirmishes, or even battles, but that they have lost their campaign.

Throughout his decision Justice BENEDICT thinks more of State rights than of railway wrongs. He fears anarchy or absolutism if the commission is empowered by Congress to infringe upon State rights, and imagines horrendous possibilities in the wake of Federal regulation of intrastate rates. No one would imagine from this decision that these questions have been considered and decided in advance by competent authorities up to the Supreme Court. The security against the Justice's fancies is as complete as our institutions allow.

If the Justice had not wandered so far in the case before him, he would have found that the Supreme Court had weighed his suggestions and decided: "Whenever the interstate and "intrastate transactions of carriers "are so related that the action of the "one involves the control of the other, "it is Congress, and not the State, "that is entitled to prescribe the final "and dominant rule, for otherwise "Congress would be denied the exer-"cise of its constitutional authority, "and the State, not the nation, would "be supreme in the national field." Congress asserted the national power because the evil effects of State control of interstate rates had been demonstrated in practice, and a remedy was imperative.

There remains the question of fact when interstate and intrastate rates are so related as to justify Federal rule of both. Justice HASBROUCK wanted information. Justice BENEDICT thinks he has information enough, and asserts that "not a single fact" appears to support the order of the Interstate Commerce Commission. The railways hold that the order of the commission suffices to settle the point for all concerned. In the New York order the Interstate Commerce Commission found that the railways need the $12,000,000 which they will lose if the intrastate rates are reduced below the interstate rates, and that there are no reasons justifying the reduction, which would result in discrimination of rates prejudicial to interstate commerce. In the Wisconsin and Illinois cases the Interstate Commerce Commission has made other explicit and sweeping findings on the points raised in New York. Sooner or later the Federal courts will decide, and the presumption favors the railways, because the point has before been argued exhaustively up to the Supreme Court.

NOT "INDUSTRIAL DEMOCRACY."

A promising legend is laid low by the President of the Newbern Iron Works in North Carolina. According to previous reports, his employés were busy at work on an experiment in industrial democracy, that latest of panaceas for the problem of labor unrest. They had already raised their output while cutting down their hours of employment, and they were looking forward confidently to similar economies in the purchase of raw materials—presumably also in the other functions of management. Now Mr. WILLIS comes out with a plain tale. "I want it distinctly understood," he says, "that "I am President and that we have "not turned our plant over to the "workers." So the socializers of industry will have to wait a while.

Many or most of their responsible leaders will not regret the delay. When the National Civic Federation lately sent a commission abroad to report on labor developments, JAMES W. SULLIVAN, who had been named as a member of it by SAMUEL GOMPERS, made an analysis of the responsibilities that labor would assume under industrial democracy. A mere list of the functions of management occupies four pages in the committee's report; in addition to buying materials, it includes such items as "Calculating financial requirements," "Selling shares," "Investing in secret and risky improvements."

Mr. SULLIVAN'S conclusion is that those who cry for industrial democracy are "stampeders after economic will-o'-the-wisps—a busy tribe not re-"garded too seriously by American "trade unionists accustomed to deal "with stubborn facts and non-theo-"retical conditions." A similar spirit was shown here last year by the employés of a downtown manufacturer of jewelry. In response to a demand for increased wages, the firm offered to turn over its plant to them at a very moderate rental, so that they might see just how easy it is to provide for the weekly payroll. They ingloriously but firmly refused.

The present arrangement at Newbern simmers down to an experiment in profit sharing. Or, rather, in its present stage, it is an experiment in sharing losses. Already there have been two wage reductions of 10 per cent. each. It can scarcely be proclaimed as an inspiring experience; yet thousands of able workmen who find themselves wholly unemployed will not regard it with an evil eye.

DOMINICAN SELF-GOVERNMENT.

Four years of American intervention in Santo Domingo, "with no imme-"diate or ulterior object of destroy-"ing the sovereignty" of the country, having made the republic solvent, and educated the people in the principles of self-government, President WILSON has ordered a relaxation of the military rule as a first step toward preparing the Dominicans to take charge of their own affairs. The proclamation should have a reassuring effect in Haiti, where the problem of intervention has been complicated by the necessity of protecting the people from a system of banditry. Secretary COLBY in his tour of South America will be able to point to President WILSON'S action regarding Santo Domingo as proof that he has kept the faith. Mr. COLBY, in repeating to his hosts Secretary ROOT'S assurance that the United States does not covet a foot of ground in Spanish-American countries, and is concerned only about their welfare and to maintain amicable relations with them, will find his case strengthened by our treatment of the Dominican Republic.

Statesmanship may sometimes consist in doing the just thing at the right time. Mr. WILSON blazes the way for his own successor, upon whom will devolve the emancipation of Santo Domingo from control by the United States. It is not to be expected that in a little more than two months the Dominican commission, soon to be appointed, will be able to prepare amendments to the Constitution, propose changes in the statutes, and draft a new election law.

If the treaty with Santo Domingo in 1907 be examined, it will be seen that the United States had undertaken in 1905, of necessity and not of choice, to administer the finances of the country. European Governments having threatened to intervene in behalf of creditors of Santo Domingo, the United States negotiated a treaty in 1907 by which Santo Domingo bound herself to permit the United States to take full charge of the collection of revenue and its expenditure. Intervention in 1916 was unavoidable because a revolution had followed a budget quarrel between President JIMINEZ and the Congress. Conditions were chaotic and the sources of revenue were choked or obliterated. It is, then, about fifteen years since the United States became concerned about the solvency of Santo Domingo for her own good and about her protection from European intervention.

The marines who were landed by Admiral CAPERTON had several skirmishes with small bodies of insurgents, but pacification presented no great difficulty. The casualties were light even on the side of the Dominicans, according to the only reports available. No one has charged the military Government with shedding blood wantonly. It has not been popular with the native public men. There have been protests against the censorship and against processes of military law. But sometimes the criticisms seem to be technical and extravagant. That the Government of occupation has not only put the finances of the country on a sound basis, but reorganized the school system, built roads, improved sanitation, started many public improvements and made fruitful labor the rule where it was formerly the exception, is not disputed. A more intelligent people than the Haitians, it should be said that the Dominicans have been apt pupils.

TAXES AND LITERATURE.

An ingenious theory is put forward by an English writer to account for the multiplication of indiscreet or vulgar books of reminiscence. It is the result of economic pressure. The heaping up of taxes and surtaxes has forced many to part with old treasures. Some sell pictures or furniture or family heirlooms. Others ask if they may not be able to find a market for less material things. Can't they bargain away their life experiences? Still more tempting, cannot they also sell their friends?

The writer cited goes on:

A woman, after all, is as entitled to sell her personality as she is to sell her laces. Certain diaries may be indiscreet, and have caused some perturbation in the minds of the people who figure in them, but the chances are—such is our passion for the limelight—that the distress of those who got in is trivial compared with the distress of those who are left out. The essential point is that there is a vast public which is ready to pay a good price for the indiscretions of the mighty.

The effect of this tendency on literature it is not wholly pleasing to think of. The present cause, as alleged, of selling indiscretions to the highest bidder may pass. But an appetite may have been formed. A permanent market may have been created. And the thought will recur that perhaps we do not need any far-fetched explanation of lowered standards of taste in literature. Some members of the writing fraternity would be vulgar whether they were taxed high or low. To a certain order of mind, vulgarity is its own excuse for being.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

At Once Is Compelled and Prevented.

Those particularly tiresome persons, the anti-vaccinationists, are going to advertise anew their mental peculiarities. It is announced that a public meeting is going to be held in the Masonic Hall at Port Richmond to consider what HUGH M. MORE, a resident of that place, regards as a bitter wrong inflicted on him and on his little daughter MARY by the health and school authorities of the town.

It seems that Mr. MORE has been summoned to court and is likely to incur some distinctly inconvenient penalties for failure to send MARY to school as the law insists that he must do. He declares that he appreciates as well as any other father the value of education, and that the only reason why MARY hasn't been in regular attendance at school is because on every one of the many occasions when he has sent her there she has been sent home, the reason for it being that she has not been vaccinated.

And Mr. MORE will not let her be subjected to that operation. Years ago in Scotland a sister of his died, he thinks as a result of vaccination. Anyway, the death occurred not long after it, and, besides, Mr. MORE has been convinced by "much study" that vaccination is a worse than useless thing. At tonight's meeting he hopes to gather around him enough other Staten Islanders of like mind with himself to start a great discussion of vaccination and its effects and ultimately to bring about the repeal of the law which, his belief and his determination being what they are, has put him in a truly embarrassing dilemma.

Sympathizers May Be Found.

For the credit of Staten Island's intelligence it is to be hoped that Mr. MORE'S meeting will be so ill-attended as to reveal to him the hopelessness of his resistance to a regulation that is commended by all reasonable and decently well-informed people, and criticised and antagonized only by those whose knowledge of vaccination and its effects has been derived from "literature" which, for grotesque and deliberate falsification of medical history, is equaled only by that of the closely related anti-vivisectionists. This is a big city, however—quite large enough to provide numerous adherents for any form of folly and delusion—and too much discouragement should not be felt, even though several dozen or scores should assemble at Mr. MORE'S summons, pass resolutions of sympathy for his woes, and promise assistance to him in his attempt to restore the conditions that existed not so long ago when smallpox raged unchecked the world over and the persons whom it neither had killed nor mutilated were distinctly notable exceptions to the general rule. They all doubtless will agree with him that, as his sister's death followed vaccination, the relation of cause and effect was established beyond dispute, and of course they will see in the "sincerity" of his belief and the "conscientiousness" of his objection to obeying the law sufficient reason for allowing him to ignore its provisions.

Whatever noise they may be able to make—and such people can make a lot—it safely can be disregarded, for if ever there was a time when the one indubitably effective precaution against smallpox epidemics should be sternly enforced it is right now.

Correcting a Wrong Interpretation.

There seems to have arisen some misapprehension as to just what was decided by the Appellate Term of the Supreme Court in the interesting case of Herbert vs. the Wood Dolson Company.

Mr. HERBERT was employed under a contract as a sales agent by that corporation, which deals in real estate, and one day he "celebrated the putting through or pulling off of a "deal" by taking, he says, three drinks with the other parties to the transaction. Just what the drinks were, or where obtained, apparently has not been revealed, but the results were that he returned to his office in a state deemed objectionable in the real estate business, and, though it was his first offense, he was discharged.

He sued in the City Court for reinstatement under his contract, but he lost, it being held there that his discharge was so clearly justified that it need not be submitted to a jury. With this decision of the lower court Justice BLUM agreed, but two others, Justices MULLEN and WHITAKER, took the contrary view.

The effectual majority, however, did not hold, as some commentators have stated, that a man must be allowed to get drunk once, after the real or imagined rule that dogs can bite and horses kick once without making their owners trouble. What the two Justices did declare was that whether or not a single departure from sobriety was adequate cause for terminating a contractual relation was a question for a jury to determine in accordance with the circumstances and the nature of the employment. All they denied was that a first offense of this kind was sufficient in itself to warrant the immediate and permanent abrogation of an agreement to employ.

They also said, however, and this is the important part of their decision, that there are employments in which intoxication cannot be tolerated even once, and that what those employments were was something for jurymen, not Judges, to settle.

Their Calls for Help Unanswered.

Fervent admiration was earned by ROBERT L. IRELAND and his wife for the courage and vigor with which they attacked a thief who invaded their rooms in the Murray Hill Hotel, last week. That may not have been the wisest thing they could have done, for unquestionably they risked their lives by driving the marauder away after a hard fight instead of letting him take what he could find. Wise or not, however, it was magnificent.

But what shall be said of the other guests on the same floor, who, awakened by the noise of the struggle, took one look from the doors of their rooms and locked themselves in the moment they saw what was going on? It cannot be denied that they were wise in ignoring the cries for help which the IRELANDS raised and kept up, they say, for some fifteen minutes, but—well, nobody will be tempted to call it magnificent.

FOR GERMAN CHILDREN.

An Answer to the Question of Why We Should Help Them.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of yesterday a correspondent asks the question why Americans should be asked to supply food for German children so long as the former German Emperor, the German nobility and those Germans who made huge profits during the war are living in comparative comfort and luxury. It is a question which others besides Mrs. Nathan are asking and which deserves a frank answer.

There are three reasons among others why it is right that we should do this: first, because they are children and they are in need, and their own people who ought to take care of them either can not or will not do so; secondly, because they hold the promise of the Germany of the future, and our helping them when their own kith and kin have failed them will provide a point of contact between them and our own children that will make our words about democracy and brotherhood mean something real, and give at least a fighting chance in the future for a better and saner world; but, above all, because it is Christmas, and Christmas is the one time in all the year when we forget the outward differences of race and class and nation and even of good and bad, and remember only that in childhood with its still undeveloped possibilities of sympathy and good will we have the promise of that new and better world in which as followers of Him who went about doing good we profess to believe.

WILLIAM ADAMS BROWN.
Union Theological Seminary, New York, Dec. 21, 1920.

THE LITTLE GODS.

Oh, you may sing your gypsy songs
Of winding trails and free,
Of days of roving and of love—
But sing them not to me!

For I—I love my little house,
So let the strange roads call;
I'll huddle by my cozy fire
And hear them not at all.

My chairs, my twisted candlesticks,
My great, soft feather bed—
Think I'd change them for the camp,
And no roof overhead?

I'll eat my food from china plates,
With silver fork and knife,
And not with twigs from dirty tin
As must a gypsy's wife.

Ah, do not whistle from the lane—
I'll never heed your call—
I'll hear the ticking of my clock,
The embers as they fall.

ABIGAIL CRESSON.

STATE COMPULSORY DRILL.

Against the Repeal of the Present Military Training Law.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You recently published a letter from Lieutenant Carleton S. Cooke, in which he condemned the present military training system. With due respect of his rank, I wish to say that he has been greatly misled in his observations of the progress of the military training authorities and their work. The repeal of the law whereby all boys between the ages of 18 and 19 years are required to drill at the armories of the State would mean the cessation of a practice that is now developing the minds and bodies of all the boys who drill. This drill comes only once a week to each boy, and seldom lasts more than an hour and a half. In this period they not only learn to drill, but also get beneficial exercise under competent instructors.

This law should not be repealed, for it is a benefit to the city, State and nation. The boys of today will be the men of tomorrow, and in their hands rests the fate of the nation. The better they are able to handle their duties, the better men they will be. Military training benefits the boy mentally; for when he drills he is taught to recognize authority in the person of his commanding officer or his immediate supervisor. The training helps to make his mind and body work together and insures the cooperation of his muscles. The idea of class distinction is eliminated, because all the boys, whether rich or poor, drill together, and are thus taught the equality of all beings. The body of the young man is strengthened. His posture is improved, and he is taught to stand and walk in a healthful position. It also develops the muscles through exercise led by capable supervisors.

Outside the benefits to the boy's personal life, there is that preparation for future emergencies. Contrary to the statement of Lieutenant Cooke, the fellows drill with rifles in nearly all cases. Although they do not always become experts in the manual of arms, they all get that basic understanding of the main points of warfare. They learn the school of the soldier, squad and company, which will prove to be a great help to them in the case of their ever being compelled to enlist in the army. They learn the meaning of many military terms that help them to understand subjects of a military nature.

These boys do not, as the lieutenant stated, contract a disgust for all things military, but adversely, they learn to appreciate the value of drills, and are thereby encouraged to join the army or the National Guard. Although a few do dislike to attend drills, the majority realize that the training is beneficial to them. Many young men have been mentally and physically strengthened and to eliminate this law would be a great handicap to the boys of the State.

FRANK H. BROWNLEY JR.,
Second Lieutenant, C. C. S. N. Y.
Brooklyn, Dec. 23, 1920.

INTERVENTION IN RUSSIA.

Action by the Great Powers as the Remedy for Bolshevist Evils.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

No one has so clearly determined the Bolshevist problem as the German General Hoffmann, who now confessed that he took part in inoculating Russia with the Bolshevist poison in order to smash the Russian army. That end was speedily achieved, but General Hoffmann frankly admits that the Bolshevist poison is spread far and wide beyond the German control. The whole world is now in danger, therefore General Hoffmann strongly recommends an international crusade against the Bolsheviki, under the leadership of Pershing, Joffre or Foch. This is a perfectly sound and quite necessary plan, for all other measures that have been taken by different Governments during the last three years have proved to be inadequate.

General Hoffmann is perfectly right in affirming that "to remodel Bolshevism is impossible. Any trade relations with Russia would only furnish a cloak for Red propaganda, for Bolshevist aims will ever be a world revolution. The only thing that remains is armed intervention by the great powers."

Timid persons exp[illegible] themselves against intervention, af[illegible]ng that the self-determination of the Russian people must be respected.

That is exactly the reason why international intervention in Russia should be resorted to, for the Bolsheviki by force of arms have dispersed the representatives of the Russian people gathered three years ago in a Constituent Assembly, and ever since they have ruled there by terrorism.

The Bolshevist leaders should be informed that international intervention in Russia is absolutely necessary in order to free the people from the terrorist yoke. Once free, the Russian people will establish a Government of their own choice and will try the Bolshevist criminals. As soon as law and order shall be re-established in Russia the international army will leave that country as a sovereign nation, free to adjust her international relations with all countries of the world.

To leave the Russian problem in status quo is inhuman, because a handful of bandits are robbing and killing the disarmed Russian people. To trade with the Bolsheviki is impossible, because they have no goods to trade with except stolen gold and jewels. It is beneath the dignity of great powers to allow the present situation in Russia to continue or to resort again to miserable half measures doomed to failure. At this season it is right to remind the world that it is unchristian to stand with crossed arms and look on coolly while a people counting 180,000,000 are perishing and one of the greatest countries in the world is being ruined.

Once informed by the great powers of their determination to end by force of arms Bolshevist anarchy in Russia the Bolshevist leaders may voluntarily disappear, and thus the last chapter of the Bolshevist drama may be performed without bloodshedding.

PETER J. POPOFF.
Flushing, N. Y., Dec. 25, 1920.

Flogging for Criminals.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The reign of terror that at present exists in New York City is a disgrace to civilization.

Between the years 1830 and 1860 London had a similar experience, perhaps not to so great an extent, when robbery by garroting was so prevalent that people were afraid to go out after dark. But the Government took a hand in the matter and passed a law for flogging in addition to imprisonment, the application of three dozen stripes of the cat-o'-nine tails on the backs of the offenders, both on going in and at the end of three months before they came out. This put a stop to the offences.

These rascals, while ready to inflict pain upon other people, are afraid of pain to themselves. They are great cowards. Get the law changed so that the punishment shall fit the crime. J. D. L. AMTROPE.
Montreal, Dec. 19, 1920.

Thanks for Violins.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reference to my letter which you so graciously published in your columns, I am sure you will be glad to know that more violins have been given to us than were stolen. I want at this time and in this way to again thank those who so quickly and generously responded to the call for fiddles.

DAVID MANNERS.
[illegible] Settlement, Dec. 16, 1920.

E. H. VAN INGEN.

An Appreciation From the Sailor Man Who Mourn His Loss.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Flags are half-mast high this Christmas Eve in the heart of White Star Line men at headquarters and of the officers and crews of all the ships, for E. H. Van Ingen has sailed his last voyage with them and now is made at anchor in the great Haven Beyond.

Grand and beloved old Commodore (for we all have affectionately called him that for some years past) We shall miss him sadly for we regarded him as an ordinary traveler, but a sailor by adoption and one of us. Courtly in appearance, dignified in bearing and manner, a highly intellectual scholar, upright pillar of strength and integrity in the world of commerce, full of healthy wit and humor, with a rich vein of gentle sarcasm underlying his many trenchant observations, so refreshingly young in his outlook on life and folks that his company was as invigorating a tonic as the sea breeze which he loved; a broad-minded Christian, big-hearted and generous philanthropist, giving where it was most needed and least advertised, upright and frank to a degree in his convictions, genuine to the last word—in all a real man. We all feel down in our hearts that we shall ne'er look on the like of him again on the North Atlantic. Not only did we admire and respect his wonderful qualities as a counselor and teacher of pure ethics, but we loved him as a companion and friend, and every one on board, from captain to bellboy, felt glad they knew him and were happy when they saw him coming up the gangway.

Exactly how many times he crossed the Atlantic I scarce can tell—perhaps some 100 times. But he understood sea life and was as much at home among the tides and fogs and icebergs as was any lookout man. Doing on an average four crossings a year, he kept up his fine record without a break all through the great war, in which, on the side (most emphatically) of the Allies, he took a profound interest and to whose cause he donated handsomely. Rumor has it that the more they tried to persuade him not to risk the dangerous zones, the more determined was the proud old sailor to "carry on." Certain it is that when Captain Finch of the Baltic suggested that, for safety's sake, he should give up his favorite seat in the corner of the dining saloon and move over to the centre of it, the Commodore flashed back the message: "No, sir. May I never live to see the day when I shall give up my seat for any Hun."

True it also is that he sat up one night in the submarine region with all clothes on ready for an emergency—but one night only, for thereafter he determined that it was an undignified procedure and that he "would go to bed as usual like a gentleman"—and he did.

He was on board with us on the memorable day when the Olympic, under command of his great friend Captain Herbert J. Haddock, made gallant attempts to get hold of the sinking battleship Audacious and tow her into safety, and remained on deck for nearly seven hours, keenly watching every move with his binoculars. Well do I remember the enthusiasm and boyish glee with which he lustily joined in the chorus of "Tipperary" when that famous song was stirring the fighting blood of all Nelson's sons.

"Now then, boys, let her go once more!" shouted the Commodore in a powerful voice to the orchestra. How inspiring from this fine 75-year-old fighter! Right up to his last crossing with us, just a month ago, the Commodore kept up his magnificent form, enjoying a good dinner, smoking his cigars, cracking jokes at any time, playing his favorite game of patience with his life-long friend and fellow traveler, Mr. William Willis. In October he celebrated his eighty years of age on board the Olympic, bound for Southampton, and full honors were accorded to him. Meeting him in the library before breakfast I congratulated him on his record. Going along the corridor he said to me, "Doc, did you ever dance the Highland fling? If so, I'll go you now."

Whereupon he wheeled round sharply and, before I knew where I was, gave me some steps. Then he laughed hard and long and walked down to the saloon, declining to take the elevator, as I suggested. On his plate at breakfast were several letters, some from the folks at home by "private delivery," others from Captain Sir Bertram Hayes, Purser Lancaster and some more of us old-time sea-dogs. At dinner a big loving cake from "the ship and crew" pleased him immensely. This he ordered to be carefully packed so that he could convey it back to his New York home.

On his last crossing in November I could see that the grand old gentleman was not in his usual form and lacked the vitality and mentality I had been used to for eighteen years. But he sought no medical advice, for he had a quaint way of jesting about the doctors, and declared that when we all got together we made a patient sick whether he liked it or not. So that, even when sick, he never flinched and kept his flag flying high on the foremast. Just before he left us at Pier 59 and walked down the gangway for the last time he gayly remarked that he "felt fine," but the declaration lacked the old genuine ring, and I have an inkling that he knew otherwise himself but would not admit it. But now, alas, inexorable death has claimed its toll and the Commodore has passed away like a ship in the night. Had he ever been buried at sea I believe we would have shrouded him in the Stars and Stripes and Union Jack flags entwined, for though first and last a grand representative of America, his heart beat staunch for England. If there were more like him the "Big Two" nations would stand pat forever. He loved the sea, but I knew that he wanted to die quietly in his home ashore surrounded by a loving family circle. May he rest in peace.

I. C. H. BEAUMONT,
Surgeon H. M. S. Olympic.
New York, Dec. 24, 1920.

A Piano for the Blind.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

THE TIMES has been such a good friend to our work that we feel encouraged to ask for further co-operation. We are greatly handicapped in our music department at the present time on account of our need for an upright piano, and we are writing to ask if it would be possible to interest your readers in making us a Christmas gift of this kind.

One of the most important features of our work is the music department, and a number of blind children come to the Lighthouse every day for piano and vocal lessons. Several rooms are set apart for this purpose, and three blind musicians who have had a thorough musical training are well equipped to give instruction. It is on behalf of these blind children, to whom this musical training means so much and whose progress should not be curtailed in any way, that we make this appeal.

THE NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR THE BLIND.
111 East Fifty-ninth St., New York, Dec. 16, 1920.

AID FOR NEEDIEST IS $27,000 SHORT

Day's Contributions of $1,017 Bring Total to $79,226—$106,967 Received Last Year.

CHRISTMAS MAIL UNOPENED

Charitable Bodies Hope Funds Enclosed Will Help Second Hundred Worthy Cases.

NO PAY FOR CLERICAL WORK

Every Penny Sent to the Fund Goes for Necessities—Former Needy Contribute.

Contributions received yesterday for the Hundred Neediest Cases totaled $1,017.97, carrying the total to $79,226.49, which is still about $27,000 short of that given for the relief of the neediest a year ago.

On the corresponding day last year—the day after Christmas—the fund already had reached $101,917.27, and the few contributions that came in later in Christmas week made the 1919 total $106,967.14. This was sufficient to care for another hundred of the neediest cases on the rolls of the four charitable organizations, so that 200 families were restored that year to health, happiness, independence and useful citizenship.

None of the four charitable organizations opened their mail yesterday because the officials thought that the women who have been doing the extra work on the Hundred Neediest—done in addition to their regular duties and without extra pay—deserved their day of rest after their strenuous work for the last two weeks. They will send in their totals today, and there is no way of estimating just what those sums will add to the total reported.

Officials of the organizations were hoping yesterday that the totals would be large so that they would not only take care of all their cases on the first and most urgent list of neediest, but give some aid as well to those on the list of the second hundred neediest, many of them in great want and deserving of assistance. But there are still many of the first hundred neediest to be provided for

Some Send Second Gift

Noticing that the total was far under that of last year, several regular contributors sent in yesterday their second subscriptions to this year's fund, with the expression of hope that others might do the same. One of the most touching of these notes came from an invalid, who wrote:

Mount Vernon, Dec. 24, 1920.

To the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES:

I noticed with disappointment in your paper today that the Hundred Neediest Cases Fund is behind this time last year. I cannot do much, as I have been laid up with a broken leg for the past two months, but under the circumstances feel compelled to send something in addition to my first contribution. I enclose $2 and hope others will be prompted to repeat.

ANONYMOUS.

Every cent of every contribution sent in to THE TIMES and the four charitable organizations goes to the relief of the cases, the pitiful circumstances of which have been told day by day in this newspaper for the last two weeks. The $2 sent in by the generous invalid in Mount Vernon buys $2 worth of food, clothing, medicine or some other necessary relief to assist some worthy person to regain a foothold in health and life and so, too, every penny sent in by every other generous contributor goes to the relief of the Hundred Neediest.

The Hundred Neediest fund is without overhead charges, because all cost of administration and distribution is borne by THE TIMES and the four charitable organizations. No salaries or commissions are paid to any one for this work, and every cent of the other expenses is provided, so that 100 per cent. of every gift may help some needy and worthy case. No agents are employed or authorized to solicit subscriptions for the Hundred Neediest from any person.

No Pay for Clerical Work.

The administration work of the Hundred Neediest in the various charitable organizations is done by the regular clerical staffs without extra pay. Their work of relief is more difficult in Winter, and particularly around Christmas time, than at any other period of the year. But all of them are glad and anxious to do whatever extra work is entailed by the Hundred Neediest, because, of all persons in this city of millions, there is none more interested in his work than the investigators and relief agents of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, the State Charities Aid Association, the Charity Organization Society and the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities.

They desire nothing for themselves. Their constant thought is of others and their happiest season of the year is at Christmas, because then they have their greatest opportunity to alleviate suffering and distress and to give the helping hand to worthy persons and families who have heard the knock of misfortune at their doors.

Their work with the Hundred Neediest does not end with this Christmas season, nor did it start a few days before. Weeks, perhaps months ago, these investigators began to gather facts about these cases. They looked into every feature of each case. They satisfied themselves that the unfortunate persons were worthy of assistance, that they were in need through no fault or shortcoming of their own, but merely because of the force of implacable fate and unavoidable circumstances.

They learned that none was receiving assistance under the State pension law and that if the cases did receive some assistance they would regain places of respect and usefulness to their community. They satisfied themselves, after long work, that these were the real neediest and the real worthiest of all needy, so that the list also in all truth could be called the Hundred Worthiest.

This investigation does not end the work given without charge or fee to the Neediest. When the minimum amount has been assured to each case, these investigators, still working without taking a cent of the Neediest Fund, see that everything is done in each case to help the person or persons back to health, happiness and independence. In most cases this is a work of months, and may last until long after the contributors to the fund have forgotten this year's donation and are beginning to think of that fresh list of cases that calls for assistance next year.

May Take Months to Aid Stricken.

It may be that convalescence for the sick extends over months. It may be that the re-education of a cripple may take months. It may be that some of the unfortunate children were so undernourished when the fund made it possible for the charitable organizations to care for them that it will be months before they are in normal health. But however long that period may be, these loyal workers of the charity organizations stand by them, giving them not only the money of contributors to the Hundred Neediest, but hope and encouragement besides. They are cheerful and enthusiastic and rejuvenate the broken spirit as well as restore the broken body.

Nor is there anything haphazard in the manner of administering this fund by the charitable organizations. They have all expenditures reduced to a scientific basis so that it is doubtful if there is any charitable contributions in the world that actually buys more real assistance than a contribution to the fund for the Hundred Neediest. Dietitians, paid by the charitable organizations out of other funds, see that the Neediest eat the right kind of food and that there is no waste of any kind. They, and other workers, try to see that every dollar of the fund exercises its full purchasing power in these days of high prices, and sometimes they are actually able to make a dollar buy more than a dollar's worth. None of the money goes for foolish or frivolous things. Every cent of every contribution goes for food, clothing, medicine and the real necessities of life. And some of these cases have been so needy that what might be a necessary to any normal, healthy, happy, wage-earning, independent person, really is a luxury to these unfortunates.

Some of these Neediest of other years, no longer Neediest, but, through the assistance of the Hundred Neediest Fund restored to health and strength, come back every year to do their bit of service in assisting the charitable organizations with the fresh list of Hundred Neediest. They know the value of a dollar to a person in hard luck; they know the heavy burdens of administration and self-sacrifice on the shoulders of the charitable workers, and they know also the dire need of the Neediest, so that they feel it their duty to come back to help.

This year it was three boys of the Neediest families of other years who came back to the A. I. C. P. to help W. H. Matthews, Director of the Family Welfare Department, in his work with the Neediest. They visited homes with him, carried bundles and good cheer and encouragement—all without charge and in deep appreciation of what the fund had done for them and what it might do for other underfed boys in families on the list this year.

Former Needy Lend Aid.

"The Neediest of other years are all within my reach," said Mr. Matthews. "I never have to call on them more than once for assistance of any kind. Every case I know fulfilled the hope and confidence that we placed in it by ranking it among the Hundred Neediest of its year. Every boy who was assisted is on the way to become a useful citizen. They make their own way now, support their mothers and manfully shoulder the burdens of life. The girls and the mothers are the same—truly all I have handled were the worthiest as well as the neediest.

"This year it was the three boys who helped us—but there were and are others who will help us all the time—subjects of charity, now dispensers of it. I found myself in need of three workers on Christmas Eve, and I sent for these three boys, whom I learned to know well when they were being aided with the Neediest Fund. Almost in shorter time than it takes to tell it they were here, ready to assist in anything they could do, forsaking their own amusements to serve without pay or hope of pay by helping others."

The following letter was received yesterday from Robert W. de Forest, President of the Charity Organization Society:

New York, Dec. 24, 1920.

To the Editor of The Times:

That the contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases this year should be less than last year is due to no fault of THE TIMES or to the way in which those cases have been presented by THE TIMES and from the charitable societies from which THE TIMES has received them. Nor is it due to any diminution in the charitable impulse of the public. It is because the resources of the community for charitable purposes are seriously diminished by the increased cost of living and taxation. Your service to the community in giving publicity to these cases is none the less, even if the contributions be smaller. I would not minimize in any degree the help that is thus given to these unfortunate families. Receiving that help is a great service and justified all your efforts, even if you accomplished nothing more.

But to do the great service you are rendering to the public is in giving every person the opportunity to aid particular families and particular individuals with a discrimination according to their needs. It fosters the spirit of charity at this Christmas time and creates a personal relation between giver and receiver.

I have been accustomed to encourage certain children of my acquaintance to give each year to some particular case on your list and I have provided each such child with the means for doing so. I would have been quite possible for me to give the same sum to the same child to be given by the child to some one of the four societies named by you. The child in that case undoubtedly would have felt that he was giving something in charity in the abstract, but he would have had no such interest in charity as he now has in giving to a particular family in which he becomes interested through your columns.

This is illustrated by the fact that this year each child of my acquaintance, to whom I have given the opportunity of contributing, has chosen a different case. One of them tells me that she (it is a girl in this case) wishes to give to her chosen case because "the boys are so brave." Thus you are educating the next generation and this one in the spirit of true charity which should relate man to man, and in relieving it from the deadening effect of abstract form.

There is another direction in which your plan is of great service to the community. It brings in new givers. It expands to a larger circle the opportunity for charity. It introduces to newcomers in New York the trusted charitable organizations of our city. The chief financial burden of supporting most of our New York charities falls on a comparatively narrow circle—the circle of old New York. This circle should be expanded to include the many men and women who are coming from all parts of the country to make New York their home and who should be ready to accept not only the privileges but the burdens of citizenship. Many of them are willing to do so. You provide an introduction to New York charity which no number of circular letters or appeals could supply. Sincerely,

ROBERT W. DE FOREST.

Among the contributions yesterday was a check for $91.47, taken up at the Christmas party of the employes of the National Council of the Boy Scouts of America. In sending the money, James E. West, Chief Scout Executive, said:

"Please apply this to the fund in such a way as will be most helpful as an expression of the desire of those who contributed to co-operate with you in your worthy efforts to bring good cheer to needy families."

Extracts from other letters received yesterday follow:

Orphan, New Rochelle.—"Since my little girl has a sister named Louise, she was so interested in the story of your little Louise that she earned 50 cents, to which I am adding my mite, so that little Louise may stay with her foster parents. From one who was left an orphan."

Memory of G. K. W.—"Enclosed please find a small check. Like many others who have responded I regret deeply that it is not large. But next year I shall look ahead, and plan for a Christmas check to you to equal the largest single amount spent for a present. I should like this to go to Case 65. Poor little chap, he has my sympathy."

Anonymous—"Merry Christmas. Better late than never!"

Miss I. Hamilton, Red Bank, N. J.—"A Christmas money gift received just as writer was reading today's report in THE TIMES about fund for the Hundred Neediest, and wishing it were possible to add more to the mite sent you a few days ago, enables the writer to fulfill wish in sending you another mite of $5, herewith enclosed in check. The gift referred to was the return of 'bread cast upon the waters' and the noble work you and others are doing will be returned in greater blessings."

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO NEEDIEST CASES

Contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases yesterday totaled $1,017.97, bringing the total for the fourteen days up to $79,226.49. They were received as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES	$1,017.97
Previously reported	78,208.52
Total	$79,226.49

Contributions received direct through The New York Times:

A. D. B.	$25	Kenyon, A. L.	5
Anonymous	10	King, G. C.	5
Anonymous	5	Krech, Mrs. S.	50
Anonymous	10	Latall, D. M.	1
Anonymous	5	Lloyd,	5
Anonymous	100	Low, E. S.	5
Anonymous	25	Lowenstein, Mrs. S.	5
Anonymous	5	Lyman, J. O.	10
Anonymous	10	M. F. G.	10
Anonymous	1	Marcus, Gladys	25
Baird, Pearl	10	Markowis, Irene	2
Barth, William	10	May, Mrs. W. H.	15
Bradford, E. J.	5	Memory of E. M. N. by A. B. N.	10
Button, O. D.	10	Memory of G. K. W.	2
C. S.	5	Memory of R. J. P.	15
Call, Mrs. C. H.	10	Meston, A. F.	5
Carlson, A. F.	10	Merrow, J. W.	5
Cowardi, C. M.	5	Meyer, E. L. H.	10
Culver, Mrs. G. R.	1	Meyer, H. D. M.	10
Davis, George E.	5	Mitchell, A. T.	5
De Cou, M.	5	Morris, Mrs. H. L.	10
De Saussure, A.	5	Mosman, L. A.	5
E. B. W.	5	Mott, Mary Rogers	5
Edythe, C. H.	10	Ogilvie, Mrs. F.	2
Ellis, M. S.	5	Orphan	5.50
Employes Nation'l Council: B. S.	91.47	Orphan	5
Friend	5	P. H.	5
Friend	10	Parker, Emily D.	10
Friend	10	Pennypacker, J. G.	10
Friend	10	Potter, M. E.	10
Fisher, S. M.	1	Pfeiffer, F.	5
Giachlin, Mrs. L. H. M.	20	Ramsey, J. W.	10
Glass, Mrs. C.	5	Redfield, E. B.	5
Goldfrank, Lionel and Richard	10	Stern, I.	10
Goldsmith, S. H.	10	Shaw, E. B.	10
Hamilton, I.	3	Sibley, Mrs. H. W.	50
Hasbrouck, A. S.	10	Tarbell, A.	5
Herczel, E.	10	Tilley, J. F.	5
Ideal Heating Co.	10	Townsend, Z. A.	10
Jacob, M. S.	10	Vandny, E.	5
Jensen, S. E.	5	Wanger, M. E.	25
Jenkins, C. E.	10	Williams, A. L.	10
J.	5	Williamson, E. G.	10
Kelly, A.	5	Willanauer, F. W.	10
Kent, William	10	Witkin, I.	10
Kemper, A. M.	10	X. Y. Z.	5
		Total	$1,017.97

INTRUDER SCARED NURSE.

Visitor Arrested for Taking a Nap in Bellevue Dormitory.

A nurse's scream led to the arrest last night of William Kelly, an employe of the Kings County Hospital, in the reception room of Osborne Hall, a nurses' dormitory attached to Bellevue Hospital, in East Twenty-sixth Street.

Kelly was asleep on a lounge when placed under arrest by Patrolman William Hanley of the East Twenty-second Street Station and Special Officer Joseph O'Connor.

Mrs. Mary Sammis, the housekeeper, appeared as complainant, and Kelly was locked up in the East Twenty-second Street Station of a charge of disorderly conduct. He told the Lieutenant that he had come to New York to visit John Flood, who works in the engineroom of Osborne Hall, and that they celebrated the holidays. Upon leaving Flood, he said, he went up the wrong stairs. He said he found himself in the reception room, after wandering around, and lay down for a nap. Flood corroborated the story.

HONOR FORMER TEACHER.

Pupils Celebrate Fortieth Anniversary of Sister M. Guillelma.

Many former pupils of Sister M. Guillelma in the parochial school of St. Nicholas's Roman Catholic Church, at 155 Second Street, returned there yesterday to help celebrate her fortieth anniversary as a teacher there.

A high mass of thanksgiving was offered at 9:30 o'clock by the Rev. John A. Magelelsen, pastor of the church. This was followed by a reception to Sister Guillelma in the parish house at which there were addresses. The nun also received many messages of felicitation.

Sister Guillelma was born at Baltimore in 1862. She was educated by the Sisters of Notre Dame in that city. During the last eighteen years she has been principal of St. Nicholas School. Before that she was teacher of the highest grade and principal of the girls' division. Thousands of girls and boys have been her pupils. Thirty of the girls have entered the religious state and several of the boys have become priests.

SANTA VISITS BAD BOYS.

Jersey Recorder Relents and Amends "No Christmas" Sentence.

The three bad boys of West Orange who were sentenced to be deprived of Christmas pleasures as punishment for breaking into school, had a good time after all. Recorder John B. Lander relented in time to let them take part in trimming the family trees on Christmas Eve and to receive ppesents which their families bought before they had been sentenced.

Recorder Lander went to the home of one of the boys on Christmas and found the youngster in not only a forgiving mood, but happy. Not even the sentence to go to bed at 6 o'clock, which remains in force for ten days, possessed terror for this lad, because he had been permitted to get up early in the morning and see what Santa Claus had brought him. Recorder Lander felt that mercy was well combined with justice in carrying out his sentence.

HARD COAL OUTPUT IN 1919.

Pennsylvania Produced 79,512,200 Tons, Valued at $364,891,100.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 26.—Luzerne led the counties of Pennsylvania in the amount of anthracite coal produced, the wages paid and the value of product, Lackawanna being second and Schuylkill third, in 1919, according to a statement issued today by the Statistical Bureau of the Department of Internal Affairs. The figures were compiled from reports made by 168 coal-mining corporations in ten counties, which showed an average working time of 230 days with 151,812 employes. The statement also show that there were 84,548 foreigners among the employes, but only thirty-five negroes. Thirty-five women and 275 boys are also shown to have been employed.

The aggregate of the production was 79,512,200 tons, valued at $364,891,100, a gain of $12,000,000 over 1918. The investment in the industry is given as $337,104,700, and the wages paid $209,452,000. In 1918 the wages aggregated $87,844,300.

The number of employes engaged in mining, wages paid and the value of production in each of the ten counties were as follows:

County.	Employes.	Wages Paid.	Value of Production.
Carbon	5,442	$6,133,400	$18,612,100
Columbia	1,256	1,386,300	3,233,400
Dauphin	1,673	2,467,500	3,410,200
Lackawanna	37,060	49,785,200	79,933,300
Luzerne	56,484	70,079,100	147,533,000
Northumberland	18,079	18,460,000	38,513,000
Schuylkill	35,151	48,858,500	74,012,200
Sullivan	331	947,700	1,886,000
Susquehanna	10	14,400	11,000
Wayne	766	1,538,900	3,186,000

SOCIAL NOTES

New York

Malcolm Meacham of 830 Park Avenue has arrived at Palm Beach, where he has taken an apartment for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Havemeyer of Mountain Side Farm, Mahwah, N. J., have rented the residence of Mrs. John Turner Atterbury, 13 West Forty-ninth Street, for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay F. Carlisle of Rosemary, Islip, L. I., are in town at the Vanderbilt over the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick H. Prince of Boston are in town for a few days at the Vanderbilt, as are also Rear Admiral W. F. Fullam and Mrs. Fullam of Newport.

Mrs. George Comstock is giving a tea dance this afternoon at the Gotham from 4 until 7 o'clock to introduce her second daughter, Miss Lydia Comstock.

Miss Margaret Dunlop, daughter of Mrs. Archibald McCrea, is the guest in Washington of Miss Mildred Bromwell.

Commodore Leonard Richards and Mrs. Richards of Baltimore are due to arrive in New York this morning and will remain about a week at the St. Regis.

Mrs. Frederick S. Coolidge of 830 Park Avenue will give a dinner of forty covers this evening in one of the private rooms at the St. Regis.

The wedding of Miss Madeleine Mulqueen and Paul Gerard Daly, a son of the late Daniel Daly, is set for 3:30 this afternoon in St. Patrick's Cathedral. The reception will be at the Plaza.

Mrs. Harry Arnold Davis is giving a tea dance this afternoon at her home, 200 West Fifty-seventh Street, to introduce her daughter, Miss Hope Davis.

Mrs. A. Henry is giving a dinner, followed by a dance at the Colony Club this evening, to introduce her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Boardman Mosle.

Mr. and Mrs. Irving T. Bush will entertain at the Bush Terminal Building tonight with a reception and dance for their daughter, Miss Hope Bush, and her young friends, from 9 until 12 o'clock. A supper will be served.

The first of this season's Colony dances will take place at the Ritz this evening.

Washington.

Arrangements have been completed for the marriage on Tuesday of Miss Marjorie Brown, only daughter of Colonel and Mrs. Edward T. Brown of Atlanta and Washington to Benjamin King of New York. It is expected not only Mrs. Wilson and the President's daughters will attend the ceremony, but that the Chief Executive also will be present.

The bride-elect is a second cousin of the President's daughters, and has been a frequent visitor at the White House. She also served as bridesmaid at the first White House wedding of the Wilson administration, that of Miss Jessie Wilson to Francis B. Sayre. The ceremony will take place in the evening in the residence, 1,712 I Street, which Colonel and Mrs. Brown leased last season.

Miss Margaret Wilson will serve as maid of honor, and Dr. Stockton Axson, a cousin of the bride, and a close friend of the bridegroom, will be best man. Mr. and Mrs. Sayre and Mr. and Mrs. McAdoo, as well as other relatives of the President, are expected from New York and Georgia.

Mr. William Phelps Eno was host at a large "at home" yesterday afternoon in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Schoellkopf, who have recently arrived from Paris, where Mr. Schoellkopf is serving as Secretary of Embassy.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick McKenny were hosts yesterday afternoon at an old-fashioned egg-nog party, when all the Christmas cheer of former years prevailed with a fashionable company to enjoy the novel unusual hospitality. Mrs. Charles McKenny, sister-in-law of the hostess, presided at the punch bowl, Mrs. Charles B. Drake and Mrs. Joseph Hampson assisting.

Mr. Alac Legare was host at a dinner last evening in compliment to Miss Iselin of New York, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Irwin Laughlin.

Hot Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred N. Sloan, Mrs. H. B. Frampton, Mrs. W. S. Debracey, Dr. William W. Herrick and Charles E. Ochs have arrived at the Homestead from New York.

Mr. and Mrs. William M. Sweet, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Graham and Charles K. Eagle and Charles Keene of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. Mrs. Walter McKettrick of St. Louis were arrivals yesterday.

Lewis G. Stevenson arrived Saturday from Bloomington, Ill., to join Mrs. Stevenson, Miss Adelaide and Elizabeth Stevenson for the holiday period.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Taylor Pynes' dinner guests Saturday night were Mr. and Mrs. Moses Taylor Pyne Jr., Miss Lelia Emery, Alfred Anson and Percy R. Pyne 2d.

Mr. and Mrs. William B. Palmer Jr. of Detroit, who are here on their honeymoon, dined Saturday night with the Misses Eliza B. and Sarah W. Masters of Dobbs Ferry.

J. Clifford Rosengarten of Philadelphia dined with Mr. and Mrs. George D. Riedel of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Park entertained at dinner Saturday night at Boxwood Farm, where they have a house party for the holidays.

Mrs. Smith Ely Jelliffe of New York rode to the McDannald trail yesterday morning. She is at the Homestead with Mrs. Elmer Schlesinger and Miss Irene Corbett.

Mrs. C. H. Smither of Norfolk and Miss Helen Crane of New York were on the walking trails yesterday afternoon and later had tea at the Homestead.

St. Augustine.

Rear Admiral George F. Winslow, U. S. A., retired, and Mrs. Wilson have joined the army and navy set at the Hotel Alcazar.

Major Herbert E. Marahburn arrived yesterday from West Point, N. Y., and will pass the holidays here.

Lieutenant Lewis J. Ferguson and Mrs. Ferguson, who have been here on their honeymoon, started for New York yesterday.

Yesterday's arrivals at the Alcazar included Mrs. Channing G. Burbank, Miss Blarion T. Holly, Henry M. Tucker of New York Mr. and Mrs. George W. Walker of Boston, Mrs. Martin P. Rucher and her sons, Scott J. and Edwin L. Rucher of Richmond, Va.; George L. Peck and his daughter, Miss Harriet Peck of Philadelphia; Mrs. Arthur C. Burns of Ithaca, N. Y.; Mrs. Walter Leslie Peck of Chicago, and Miss Florence Prudence of Cleveland, Ohio.

Wedding Announcements.

The wedding of Mrs. Dorothy Armstrong, widow of William H. Armstrong and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Chapman of 352 West 117th Street, and Robert Leconte of the French High Commission, will take place at noon today in All Souls Church, 113th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, at noon.

The wedding of Miss Nathalie Margaret Ziegler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Lee Ziegler of 583 Riverside Drive, and Herbert E. Bradley, son of the late Herbert Bradley and of Mrs. Josephine Bradley of Columbus, Ohio, will take place in the first week of January.

Dance to Aid Foundlings.

The Briarcliff Holiday Association, maintained by the students at Miss Dow's School at Briarcliff Manor, will give a dance at the Plaza Tuesday evening, Jan. 4, at 10 o'clock. The proceeds will be used for supporting the foundlings at the Happy Valley Homes at Lisle, N. Y.

Entertain Poor Children on Warship.

Two hundred children from the Home for Destitute Children in Brooklyn were guests at a Christmas party given by the officers and crew of the U. S. S. Pennsylvania on the ship in the Navy Yard, yesterday afternoon. They were taken on a sight-seeing trip around the boat, saw movies, received refreshments and presents. Captain George C. Day, the commanding officer, was responsible for the good time accorded the children.

CARL LEGIEN DIES IN GERMANY, AT 60

Socialist Member of Reichstag and Head of Federation of Trade Unions.

WROUGHT KAPP'S FALL

Saved Labor Organization From Invasion by Communists and Radical Socialists.

BERLIN, Dec. 26.—Carl Rudolph Legien, President of the German Federation of Trades Unions and Socialist member of the Reichstag, died here this morning. He was prominent in politics and labor circles for many years. He was sixty years old and his illness had been of only ten days' duration.

Herr Legien had been a member of the German Parliament since 1893. The German Trades Unions comprised only 250,000 members when he was elected Chairman of the General Commission thirty years ago. The federation now counts 8,250,000 classified paying members, representing sixty different trades and professions.

His successor as head of the General Commission will be named by the next congress of trades unions. Meanwhile he will be succeeded by the Second Chairman, Otto Grassmann.

Carl Legien was convinced that much of the labor radicalism which has been asserting itself in Germany since the revolution could be accounted for in the food situation. He believed that once the German workingman recovered from the effects of the "fatless years," he would instinctively recover his old-time love for work, law and order. He once said that if Munich beer had contained real hops and malt there would have been no Bavarian Soviet Republic.

In his opinion the pre-war standard of cheap living in Germany will never return. He declared in the course of a discussion that "the workman would find liberty cabbage under the new freedom a more expensive dish than was sauerkraut under the Hohenzollerns."

Carl Legien started as a journeyman wood and metal turner and he kept up the interest in his trade to the extent of maintaining a completely fitted out workshop in the basement of his house, where he sought relaxation by plying his old trade as a pastime.

His first attempt to use the German Federation of Trade Unions for political purposes occurred last March when the forces of German organized labor were mobilized under his command in a weapons was to crush the Kapp revolutionists. The general strike proclaimed under Legien's direction gave the Kapp régime its death blow, in the opinion of many officials. By this success Legien was encouraged to use the federation's influence on the Government in connection with legislation concerning socialization of the coal fields and other industries.

Under Legien's direction the Labor Federation maintained a close working union with the German Socialist Party, although the federation contained many members who politically were not affiliated with the party. When the Socialists split six years ago on the issue raised by the vote on war credits the Labor Federation officially discontinued relations with the Scheidemann and Haase Wings.

Herr Legien, who was a majority Socialist up to the time of his death, succeeded in protecting the organized labor as represented in the Federation of Trade Unions from invasion by Communists and radical Socialists. A labor leader, discussing the death of Herr Legien today, declared the dead leader's position in this respect was without parallel in any other country and that his influence over his organization was immeasurably greater than that enjoyed by Samuel Gompers in the United States.

URGES RESPECT FOR ALIENS.

University of Chicago Man Deplores Use of Nicknames for Them.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 26.—Putting it down as "impertinent Anglo-Saxon arrogance and superciliousness," S. H. Clark of the University of Chicago told the Open Forum School this afternoon that it was time for America to stop using nicknames for foreign-born residents or citizens.

It was just rare good luck, he said, "that our forefathers got a ship ahead of the other fellows," and the continued use of disparaging nicknames, he suggested, would make the problem of Americanization more complicated.

"We have the right to be proud of our nation, if we don't get cheaty," he said. "We have a glorious pedigree, but we didn't have anything to do with the creation of it."

"I do not know how the California problem is to be solved, but I do know that without the Japanese the desert would not be blossoming as the rose. I know that, class for class, the Japanese are our equal, and I believe that the President of the National University of Japan is probably the intellectual equal to President Eliot of Harvard.

"The history of Italy is no mean thing to read and only a bigot will say that Poland and all the other countries have not contributed rich jeweled chapters to history. True, we have suffered and bled and given up, but so have England and Italy and Poland, and I venture to say that for their progress they paid even a higher price than we.

"It is commendable to teach the visitor to our shores English, but it is an execrable sin to try to make him forget the very breasts that nourished him."

BROTHERS FREEZE TO DEATH

Succumb to Cold While Duck Shooting on Maryland Island.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 26.—A hunting party found last night on one of the island flats in the Susquehanna River at Port Deposit, Md., the frozen bodies of George Shank and his brother William, of Perryville, who had been shooting ducks. William Shank died standing erect, in two feet of water. His clothing was sheathed in ice, formed from the spray of the wind-blown river.

His brother's body at the other end of the island, was a frozen heap. The posture of William Shank indicated that he had attempted to signal the mainland for aid and persevered until life became extinct. The body was held in an upright position by the ice and frozen mud, caked around knees and legs.

William was visiting his brother over the Christmas holidays. George had been employed in the United States Public Health Service at Perryville since the outbreak of the war. He is survived by a widow and four small children.

Yesterday morning the two embarked in a small, flat-bottomed boat with two rifles, apparently in quest of ducks, although such sport is against the law on Christmas Day in this county. Nothing was heard of the pair until afternoon, when a strange voice called Coroner Scotten of Elkton, stating that the bodies of two dead men had been sighted on a small island.

Red Cross Gifts in Warsaw.

WARSAW, Dec. 25.—Six thousand Polish-Americans being demobilized from the army of General Haller, preparatory to returning to the United States, were today presented with the first civilian suits they have had in several years as Christmas gifts by the American Red Cross. The Red Cross also gave 50,000 outfits of clothing to orphans of Warsaw, 22,000 comfort kits to soldiers and 2,000 costumes to Polish nurses.

CONFIRMED BY DR. GAILOR.

Bishop of Tennessee Officiates in Place of Bishop Burch.

The two classes that Bishop Burch was to have confirmed yesterday were confirmed by the Right Rev. Thomas F. Gailor, Bishop of Tennessee and President of the Council of the Episcopal Church. Bishop Gailor is on furlough from his diocese and is residing in this city to discharge his office with the Episcopal Council, which was recently created.

Yesterday morning Bishop Gailor confirmed a class of eleven young persons in St. Mary's Church, Scarborough. The church was crowded, many young men being present.

In beginning his sermon Bishop Gailor said that he was there to take the place of Bishop Burch, with whom, he said, he enjoyed a very interesting and a very warm friendship.

Last evening Bishop Gailor confirmed a class in historic St. Peter's Church, Westchester. There were forty-five in the class, and this was presented by the Rev. Joseph Albert Foster, the rector. Here also Bishop Gailor eulogized Bishop Burch.

K. OF C. TO FIGHT RADICALISM

Anti-Jewish and Anti-Catholic Agitation Laid to Reds.

Announcing that the Knights of Columbus, beginning with the new year, would introduce their new national campaign against extreme radicalism into the Eastern States, Supreme Knight James A. Flaherty of Philadelphia, who yesterday returned from a tour of supervision of K. C. nation-wide activities, declared that conditions throughout the country warranted the Knights in maintaining their anti-radical open forum work, which will include anti-religious prejudice work.

"The present so-called crime wave and the numerous phenomena of restlessness may have their basis in economic disorders," he said, "but our surveys everywhere show that radical agitation is nothing but a dangerous irritant. It does not make men think, it simply makes them brood. The extreme radicals we encountered in our work, and our lecturers find more of them now than ever before, care nothing for economics. They preach nothing but the rankest materialism and they are taking advantage of the unavoidable disturbances of the reconstruction period to spread the gospel of discontent.

"So far this year our lecturers, including some of the best-known authorities on the inter-relations of capital and labor, have addressed more than half a million persons under the auspices of local K. of C. councils. Their work will be intensified. They have practically covered all the Western territory and recently concluded a successful campaign in Chicago.

The Eastern campaign will begin shortly. Besides teaching the rights and duties of employers and employes we shall show that anti-Catholic and anti-Jewish predjudice is part of the red campaign.

CARDINAL GIBBONS EASIER.

Resting After Bad Night, but His Condition Not Improved.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 26.—While Cardinal Gibbons was reported to be resting easier this evening, he had a very bad night Saturday. His condition was not improved today.

Dr. Charles O'Donovan, the Cardinal's physician, was in consultation today with Dr. G. Lewis Wetzel, the family physician of the Shrivers, with whom the Cardinal is staying, at Union Mills. Dr. Wetzel has been in constant attendance since the first day of the Cardinal's illness. Dr. O'Donovan and Dr. Wetzel plan to call Dr. Lewellis F. Barker into conference with a view to determining the advisability of removing the Cardinal to his home here.

Dr. Stires to Reaume Work Today.

The Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, rector of St. Thomas's Episcopal Church, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street, who has been ill, was better last evening and expects to be back in office today. Dr. Stires is president of the Standing Committee of the Episcopal Diocese of New York, and as such is in charge of the diocese. He will remain so until a successor to the late Bishop Burch is consecrated.

Mrs. Mary Irvin Burden.

Mrs. Mary Irvin Burden, widow of James Abercrombie Burden and daughter of the late Richards Irvin, died Saturday night at her residence, 22 East Forty-seventh Street. She had been in poor health since fracturing a hip in an accident last Summer. A recent attack of bronchitis developed complications.

Obituary Notes.

JUAN ESPANTA LEON, formerly a Spanish actor, died yesterday in Madrid. He was 76 years old.

ABEL HOLMES, a dry goods merchant, died of apoplexy Saturday afternoon in his store at 62 Fourth Avenue, Mount Vernon, while counting the cash in his safe. He was 71 years old.

Captain GEORGE EDWARDS SAGE, U. S. A. retired, died at his home in Newport, R. I., yesterday after a long illness. He was 76 years old. Burial will be at the Mount Auburn Cemetery, Cambridge, Mass., on Tuesday afternoon.

Born.

ABRAHAMS—Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Abrahams (nee Belle Baker) announce the arrival of a son, Dec. 25, 1920, at Stern's Sanatorium.

Married.

EICHENBRONER—TIEFENBRONER—Mr. and Mrs. Julius Tiefenbroner, 200 West 106th St., announce the marriage of their daughter Sadie to Mr. Samuel Eichenbroner, Dec. 26, at Hotel McAlpin.

ELOWITCH—MOORE—Dr. Max Elowitch of 581 West 161st St. married to Miss Hannah Moore of 29 East 124th St., Dec. 26, 1920. The couple have left for a honeymoon in Florida.

HANAU—ALTER—On Sunday, Dec. 26, 1920, at Yonkers, N. Y., Coleman C. Hanau to Frances Alter.

ROSENBLUTH—POLSKY—Mr. and Mrs. M. Polsky of 1,381 Fulton Av., Bronx, announce the marriage of their daughter Clara to Mr. Abrahapi Rosenbluth, at Chalif's, Dec. 25.

SOLOMON—TREIHAFT—Miss Hattie B. Treihaft of Newark, N. J., to Dr. Samuel H. Solomon of 1,022 Trinity Av., Bronx, on Sunday, Dec. 26, 1920.

Died.

AIKEN—Dec. 25, 1920, Mary Aiken. Service Stephan Merritt Harlem chapel, 304 West 126th St., Monday, 1 o'clock.

ALLAIRE—At Bayonne, N. J., on Saturday, Dec. 25, 1920, Charles F., beloved husband of Mabel Allaire (nee Rohde) and son of Edwrin E. Allaire, age 47 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 903 Av. C, Bayonne, on Tuesday, Dec. 28, at 8 P. M. Relatives and friends invited.

Solitaire Diamond Rings
THE FINER GRADES ONLY IN SETTINGS OF ORIGINALITY AND DISTINCTION
Theodore A. Kohn & Son
JEWELLERS
321 FIFTH AVENUE, AT 32nd STREET

Died.

BACH—Carrie (nee Jacobs), widow of Julius Bach and beloved mother of Jacob Bach, Beatrice Dreifuss, David and Florence Bach. Funeral from her late residence, 647 52d St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Dec. 28, 1920, at 1 P. M.

BAKER—On Saturday, Dec. 25, 1920, Frederick E. Baker, beloved husband of Annie Trimble. Funeral service on Wednesday afternoon, Dec. 29, at 2 o'clock at funeral parlors of Willis E. Stafford & Son, 125 Livingston St., Brooklyn. Interment private. Buffalo (N. Y.) papers please copy.

BOSCO—Anthony, beloved husband of Gaetano Bosco and father of

PLAY FOR DAVIS CUP STARTS TOMORROW

Challenge Round at Auckland Will Decide Possession of Famous Tennis Trophy.

STRONG IN THE SINGLES

America's Chances Against Australasia Brighter in Individual Matches Than in Doubles.

The fifteenth challenge round for the Davis Cup, the famous trophy that accompanies international supremacy in lawn tennis, will be fought out tomorrow, Thursday and Friday at Auckland, New Zealand. The American team is composed of the national champion, William T. Tilden 2d of Philadelphia; the former champion, William M. Johnston, of San Francisco; Watson M. Washburn of New York, and Samuel Hardy, the captain and manager, also of New York. The Australasian team is headed by Norman E. Brookes as captain, and includes Gerald L. Patterson, Pat O'Hara Wood, and, according to recent announcement, Rodney W. Heath.

The championship tie, like all the others, is decided in the, best three of five matches, two matches in singles occupying the first day, the doubles match coming on the second day's play, and the contest closing with two more single matches. Barring illness or accident, it seems certain that Tilden and Johnston will represent America in both singles and doubles, with Washburn in reserve for emergencies. It is equally indubitable that Brookes and Patterson will play for Australasia in the doubles, and that Patterson will be one of the Australian representatives in the singles. The only question concerns his partner in the singles, according to announcement yesterday, it will be Brookes.

If America wins the tie—and every American follower of tennis believes that Tilden and Johnston are entirely capable of winning—the triumph is more likely to come through superiority in the singles than in the doubles. Brookes, though past his prime as a singles player, is still the foremost doubles player in the game. Few doubles pairs have ever matched Brookes and his late partner, Wilding, in their heyday. One thinks immediately in this connection of the Brothers Doherty, and a moment later, perhaps, there occur the names of Robert and George Wrenn, of Dwight Davis and Holcombe Ward, of Beals Wright and Fred Alexander. But there were few teams indeed that were in the Australians' class and none surpassed them. Even with the tragical passing of Wilding, Brookes did not allow the lustre of Australasia in doubles to dim. Upon the shoulders of Patterson fell Wilding's mantle, and Patterson, coached by the supreme master of doubles craft and with his own keen instinct for the game, soon developed into a worthy successor of the great New Zealander.

The Outlook in Doubles.

When Brookes and Patterson won the American doubles championship in 1919, though they had previously in the same season been eliminated from the All-England doubles, which was won by their fellow-Australians, Wood and Thomas, they were nevertheless to all appearances the foremost doubles team in the world. To the wonderful generalship of Brookes, his almost unexampled powers of anticipation of an opponent's movements and to the perfection of his form in the execution of shots was added the valuable element of aggressiveness resident in Patterson's slashing style of play. The latter's shots may occasionally have been open to criticism from the standpoint of smoothness and correctness of execution, but they always had force and usually direction, too. Patterson was a keen volleyer and a hard hitter overhead and his service had plenty of pace. He formed the combative element in the Australian team, Brookes was the steadying influence. The combination was not far from the Ideal.

Yet Tilden and Johnston proved that Brookes and Patterson were vulnerable. Temperamentally, the two Americans do not team well in doubles, and it is a widely discussed fact that they do not like to play together. There is a clash of personality that does not make for the best of combination effort. Yet, each going his own way, by sheer brilliancy of individual effort, they defeated Brookes and Patterson at Forest Hills in the series of exhibition matches between America and Australia that followed the national championship of 1919. In view of the fact that the Australians had campaigned so long and arduously both in this country and England prior to this match and that this may have dulled the keen edge of their play, the demonstration of American superiority cannot, of course, be considered decisive. But it has, nevertheless, its significance.

Last Summer, against both France and England in the Davis Cup ties, Tilden and Johnston were again victorious, proving once more that, while they may not be ideally mated in doubles, the pair at the same time produce a winning drive when occasion demands against doubles teams that rank among the best in the world. If they happen both to be at the top of their stride when they confront Brookes and Patterson this week, they should win. Otherwise, the doubles match seems sure to go to the Antipodeans.

Best Chance in Singles.

It is in the singles that justification for American confidence in this week's supreme test lies. When Tilden swept from one triumph to another last Summer in England and at home, overcoming the sternest opposition the world afforded, he gave evidence enough that there was no one to stand against him at his best. His defeat of Patterson, who is to be his foremost rival in the forthcoming challenge round, was particularly impressive. Patterson has stated that he was not at his best at Wimbledon, when he went down before Tilden. He believes that Tilden is not the wonder he is claimed to be in the American press. But in this connection, it may be that the Australian does not quite appreciate Tilden's custom of playing only just well enough to win. He has an uncanny habit, when an opponent raises his game a notch, of lifting his own a notch and a fraction to meet the issue.

Johnston's admirers, too, will be greatly surprised if the doughty Californian does not win both his singles matches. There was one man above all others capable of meeting Tilden on equal ground last Summer, and that was Tilden's present associate in the matches at Auckland. Johnston, in fact, was the only player to defeat Tilden in an important tournament, which he did at the London championships at Queen's. Not even Tilden himself is a greater emergency player than Johnston. In fact, the Californian is more gifted than Tilden in his faculty for "playing better than he knows how" when the situation is sufficiently critical.

Both Americans have the spirit as well as the ability to win. Both showed this in their unforgettable match at Forest Hills for the national title last September. Probably no one in the stands realized that both men played through the later stages of their dramatic encounter while fighting against physical pain as well as agonizing weariness. There was no sign of it in their whirlwind exchanges, but Johnston was suffering acutely from cramps in his playing arm, and Tilden had cramps in both legs as well as his arm. Yet to the very last and deciding stroke there was no remotest sign of weakening on the part of either. If the Australians win, it will be through no superior demonstration of the fighting spirit.

Comment from Patterson.

Confidence in the outcome of the forthcoming matches is as general in Australia as it is in this country, according to all the reports that have come out of the Antipodes. Patterson voiced this confidence on the part of the players when he sojourned in Australia from England. His comments on his match with Tilden and his estimate of the American champion's ability will interest American tennis fans.

"I certainly did not play as well at Wimbledon as I have this afternoon," declared Patterson, after practice sets with O'Hara Wood and Rodney W. Heath. "I have copied Tilden's footwork and body swing in what I consider a more powerful and more certain delivery of the service, which also improves the effectiveness of overhead work in smashing the 'floaters.' Tilden has been rated in his own country as 'America's best bet' for the forthcoming Davis cup contest. He certainly is our most dangerous opponent, and with W. M. Johnston—a more dependable if less brilliant player—will make a formidable pair that will tax all the resources of Norman Brookes and Australia's next best to ward off defeat in defending the 'champion nation' title."

In further comment upon Tilden's play at Wimbledon, Patterson calls attention to the fact, already alluded to, that the American's matches are almost invariably close, drawing from that fact, however, a different conclusion:

"Not the Wonder Claimed."

"Tilden is a star player with meteoric moments, but is not the wonder he is claimed in the American press. He had a tough tussle in the eliminating matches at Wimbledon to get the better of Randolph Lycett—a Victorian player not reckoned a top-notcher in singles in Australia, though undoubtedly a brilliant doubles player. Tilden only scraped home in this match at 7–5, 4–6, 6–4, 7–5. He had even a closer call in the match he won against A. R. F. Kingscote at 6–3, 5–7, 6–4, 5–7, 6–3; and in the semi-final round the Japanese, Zenzo Shimidzu, extended him to 6–4, 6–4, 13–11, before acknowledging defeat.

"The American player stands over 6 feet and weighs over 11 stone. He has great mobility and a fine equipment of winning strokes, but is occasionally unsafe off the ground. He can impart considerable drag to the ball and hits very hard on the forearm. At the net his reach and mobility enable him to volley in brilliant style. His first service is usually very fast and straight, while the second, which comes after a pause with startling suddenness, both jumps and breaks. He has discarded stereotyped methods in mixing his game, and is not lacking in enterprise in his at times spectacular overhead work."

MOORE VICTOR ON ICE.

Wins One-Mile Handicap Skating Race at New Tremont Rink.

Joe Moore, international sprint ice-skating champion, skated to victory yesterday in a one-mile handicap race, in which he competed from scratch, at the opening of the Tremont Ice Rink. The international title holder was the honor skater in a half-mile handicap also, but an accident early in the test forced his withdrawal when he was fast overtaking the skaters to whom he had conceded handicap marks.

Moore scored his victory in the mile test over a large field in the fast time of 2:34 1-5. This is the fastest mile registered on a local rink this season. The international champion, displaying superb early season form, went after his rivals at a fast pace from the start of the race, and shortly before entering the closing two furlongs was abreast of the pack of handicapped starters. A few strides, and Moore had attained the lead, and then he whizzed over the mirrorlike ice surface of the outdoor rink in a closing burst of speed which gave him a comfortable margin on Wesley Becker, who was allowed a start of fifty-five yards. H. Niebuhr, who had a similar handicap allowance, finished third.

The half-mile handicap race had progressed similarly when Moore, striving hard to overhaul his rivals, sideswiped Kenneth Boyd of the Morningside A. C. The pair crashed to the ice and were eliminated from further participation. George Pickering, former New York A. C. skater, and Bobby Hearn of the Tremont Skating Club divided the honors in this event, crossing the finish line an even terms. These skaters confined the struggle for supremacy to themselves almost from the start of the race, gliding over the ice in a spectacular battle for the premier prize which continued right up to the finish line. Both finished in 1:23 3-5. Leslie Boyd, another Tremont skater, was third.

A half-mile novice event completed the program of races which officially opened the Bronx rink. This test resulted in a victory for L. Alpern, whose time was 1:38 2-5.

The summaries:

One Mile Race (Handicap) Class A—Won by Joe Moore, 181st Street ice Palace (scratch); Wesley Becker, Tremont Skating Club (55 yards), second; Harry Niebuhr, Tremont Skating Club (55 yards), third. Time—2:34 1-5.

One-half Mile Race (Handicap) Class A—Dead heat between George Pickering, Tremont Skating Club (10 yards), and Bobby Hearn, Tremont Skating Club (5 yards); Leslie Boyd, Tremont Skating Club (15 yards), third. Time—1:23 3-5.

One-half Mile Race (Novice)—Won by L. Alpern, unattached; J. Mehling, unattached, second; A. Amber, unattached, third. Time—1:38 3-5.

BAKER LEADS IN POINTS.

Has Done Most of Scoring in Notable Year for Glencoe A. C.

Homer Baker, former half-mile champion, led the athletes of the Glencoe A. C. in point scoring for open A. A. U. competition through the last year, according to the tabulated points made public yesterday by F. J. Hoamer, Chairman of the Athletic Committee. The bespectacled middle-distance runner totalled 91 tallies. L. De Witt was second with 68 and George Bisgier third with 43. The only other athlete to score more than 40 points was William Rosenberg, who accounted for 41.

Through the year the Glencoe representatives accounted for a total of 441 points, the largest score attained for any one year in the history of the organization. The cross-country squad won 41 tallies in open events and the boxing team accounted for 129.

Joseph Hughes, who piloted the club through its most successful year, will again serve as President of the Harlem organization. Hughes was re-elected at the annual meeting, together with several other office holders who assisted in directing the activities of the club through 1920. Albert Miller is First Vice President and Albert Betz Second Vice President. The duties of Treasurer will be discharged by Charles Wund, while Max Tea will serve as Financial Secretary and Edward Baier as Recording Secretary. John R. Brady is Chairman of the Board of Governors and Andrew Sisti and Andrew Wallace will serve as Sergeant at Arms and Assistant Sergeant at Arms, respectively.

Following is a list of the leading point winners for the club during the last calendar year:

Homer Baker, 91 points; L. De Witt, 68; George Bisgier, 43; William Rosenberg, 41; P. Benedict, 24; James Sweeney, 23; Edward Hoamer, 21; Max L. Tea, 20; Sol Silverstein, 20; Dave Rosenberg, 19.

Australasia Is in Lead in Matches for Davis Cup

Winner.	Loser.	Match Score.
1900—United States	British Isles	5–0
1902—United States	British Isles	3–2
1903—British Isles	United States	4–1
1904—British Isles	Belgium	5–0
1905—British Isles	United States	5–0
1906—British Isles	United States	5–0
1907—Australasia	British Isles	3–2
1908—Australasia	United States	5–2
1909—Australasia	United States	5–0
1911—Australasia	United States	5–0
1912—British Isles	Australasia	3–2
1913—United States	British Isles	5–0
1914—Australasia	United States	3–2
1919—Australasia	British Isles	4–1

RECAPITULATION.

Matches, 14; Australasia won 6; British Isles 5; United States 3.

Comment on Current Events in Sports.

BOXING

It invariably follows when a new ruler ascends the boxing heights the particular division in which the elevation occurs receives a stimulus. Such a reawakening of interest and activity may be expected of the bantamweight class now, that Joe Lynch has replaced Pete Herman. Lynch has not been in possession of the title for a week as yet, still contenders in different parts of the country are deluging him with challenges. Pal Moore, Joe Burman, Carl Tremaine, and the irrepressible Jack Sharkey—the last named despite his knockout of a few weeks back—are already on the new champion's trail. Lynch, just now, is not concerned with the challenges hurled at him. He is occupied with plans for an extended vacation. The new champion declares that when he returns to the ring he will give all his qualified rivals a chance at the title. If he adheres to that plan the conqueror of Herman is assured a busy career in the immediate future.

Just how long Lynch will retain his title is a matter of considerable comment. A number incline to the belief that he is too large of build to remain long in the ring's midget class. It is a dread to all small boxers, particularly when they attain the championship heights, this matter of increasing size and the natural addition of weight. Some believe that unless Lynch wants to sacrifice his strength or endanger his health, he must soon vacate the bantamweight ranks and compete as a featherweight. Excessive weight reducing exercises will keep him at the 118-pound notch, no doubt, and permit him to accumulate the reward which now attaches to his ring career with the possession of the title. On the other hand, the work required for this task is dangerous to a point which should discourage it, for there seems no plausible reason why Lynch's health should be jeopardized for the sake of keeping him a bantamweight in stature, when he probably would experience a similar success as a heavier boxer.

Lynch's manager, Eddie Mead, who has been associated with the champion since he started his ring career, scouts the theory that Lynch is too big. The boxer's appearances are deceptive, he says. Admitting the truth of Manager Mead's assertion, then there is no reason to believe that Lynch will be deposed of his newly won laurels in the immediate future. The lad who vanquished Herman outranks the country's present crop of bantamweight boxers. There is every indication, too, that Lynch will be numbered among the division's most popular leaders. He is of the active and combative type, not the passive, careful school typified by his predecessor.

BASEBALL

That Westward-ho and go-West-young-man stuff has struck the baseball world with a resounding and compelling thud and the result will be seen in a couple of months in the form of an exodus into Texas of several squads of players whose habit it has been to take their Spring training in States farther to the Eastward. At least half of the clubs of the two major leagues will undergo the hardening and conditioning process in the commonwealth of cattle and cactus, of oil and onions, of Burleson and Bailey.

And yet there will be something sadly lacking—the Lone Star State will not have as its guest the lone star of the diamond. Unless Texas can effect speedily the exchange of eight complete and able-bodied teams for one isolated player, the cow punchers will have to worry along without the ball puncher. The only tangible evidence they will have of his proximity will be an occasional bruised baseball that will come whizzing over the Eastern boundary of Texas from the direction of Shreveport, La.

There is no longer room for any doubt as to the identity of the real hero of the boys, large as well as small, of this continent and its adjacent islands. It is not Charlie Chaplin and it is not even Jack Dempsey. Cages containing these notables would be speedily deserted for the enclosure containing Babe Ruth and his potent cudgel. For some reason or other—and baseball lovers may be as hard put to it for an explanation as those who never see a game—the ability of this phenomenal batsman to crack out home runs four or five times as frequently, as the average high-grade batter means more to the sport-loving youth and manhood of this nation than anything else that picked men are able to do with their muscles and brains.

It is no use, as far as these enthusiasts are concerned, to group with the name of Ruth the names of other great players who may be very valuable in the chase for a pennant, and some of them excel him in other respects, but not in driving the ball to distant climes two or three times a week. In a parade headed by Ruth, Speaker, Cobb, Morgan and Sisler, the latter four would be only a guard of honor for the first named.

Striking evidence along this line came to light within the last few weeks in the little island Republic of Cuba, where baseball, while popular, has to strive against other sports for pre-eminence. Constantine's return to Greece was a frost compared to Ruth's invasion of Havana and its environs. Small boys, and large ones, too, followed him around and watched his hotel by the hour when he was invisible. When he stepped to the home plate all minor activities, such as breathing, were suspended for the time being. Even a batting slump in which he indulged while there failed to dampen the ardor, and when the squad of Giants with whom he had been touring departed Cuba was by no means Havana and its environs. Small boys, Havana without the Babe, but held on to him for two or three weeks more, gladly paying a rather high luxury tax for the privilege.

The case of Babe Ruth furnishes a valuable tip to those aspiring parents who are anxious to raise their boys to be really great men.

SQUASH TENNIS

To all intents and purposes, the first half of the squash tennis season ended last week. There will be Class B matches in the Metropolitan League tomorrow afternoon, but there will be no matches that will have a bearing upon the ultimate standing of the experts at the game. When Jay Gould defeated F. Van S. Hyde last week and Columbia defeated Harvard in the Class A competition, not only was there an important tie created in the league standing, but something of a line was given on the individual performances of the year in squash tennis.

Few followers of the game doubt that if Gould, the champion of champions in court tennis, gave the same amount of attention to squash that he does to the older game, he would be unbeatable. Court tennis requires a great deal of time and attention, however, and to that fact is traceable Gould's present standing in squash tennis. Gould's form in the indoor court games is beyond criticism, especially in wrist manipulation is he almost without a peer at squash as he is peerless at racquets and court tennis. It has needed only attention, apparently, to make him the champion in the one form that he is in the others. He now holds the individual title in court tennis and is joint holder with Wear of the doubles titles in racquets.

Squash tennis is the simplest of all the indoor racquet games, but by the same token it has the greatest number of expert exemplars. Gould encounters severer competition at squash than at either of the other games. There are three or four men quite capable of defeating Gould for the squash championship where there is only amateur player of court tennis who could hope to compete with him on an equal footing. But the Columbia Club veteran is devoting himself to squash this season more consistently and in greater earnest than he ever before. He has already won the Fall scratch tournament of the national association and has proved in the team matches of the Columbia Club that he has an excellent chance for the national individual honors.

The remainder of the season contains remarkable opportunity for proof of his versatility. If he is able to go through the national championship and win against such men as Hyde, Appel, Winston, if he returns to tournament play; Anderson Dana, Cordier, and that sensational newcomer, Thomas Coward, he will indeed have proved his title as the foremost racquet-wielder of the world in indoor games. It all makes one wonder what he could do in lawn tennis if he set his mind to it. The outdoor game is vastly different, but Gould has such marvelous backhand as well as forehand command of strokes indoors that it seems as though he might readily mount the heights also in the outdoor game.

POLO

When the American and British polo teams cross mallets in competition at the Hurlingham Club field in England for the championship of the world and the trophy that goes with it, there is little doubt that both countries will be represented by high-class teams, each capable of fully extending the other. In neither country is there any tendency to belittle the ability of the rival team, and a thorough preparation is now under way.

The British quartet is expected to have a shade the better as regards mounts, but that advantage alone is not sufficient to materially interfere with America's chances of winning, even with a comparatively new team. Three players on the American team which contended successfully for the trophy before in England will not be there next year. They are Harry Payne Whitney and the two Waterbury brothers. Monte Waterbury died this year, and neither H. P. Whitney nor Larry Waterbury is playing much polo, but in their places are others who, in the opinion of many, are deserving of a trial and may be depended upon to fill the places of the erstwhile stars most creditably.

Devereux Milburn, one of the old guard, is still in the game and playing as well as ever. He is in hard riding, will be back, and will captain the team. The British team will not be the same as it was years ago, either, for the great war took its full toll among polo players. As in this case here, however, there are several other players who are clever enough to will the vacancies in the old-time line-up most creditably.

This Winter all of our American stars will enjoy plenty of practice in Florida, California and the Carolinas, and early in the Spring they will leave for England to wind up their practice. At first it was reported that the British players would not engage in any practice in Southern Europe this Winter, as has been the custom heretofore, but that they would await the arrival of Spring, when English polo fields would again be in condition for playing. Apparently they have thought better of it, and now they are reported to be arranging for a Winter's practice along the Riviera. This shows that they realize they have their work cut out for them, but as things are today both countries appear to have equally good chances to win, and it is hoped by American admirers of the sport that our selected men will not let up on their rigorous practice, for to do so would be suicidal as regards our chances.

SQUASH TENNIS

Joins With Holy Cross, Boston College and Georgetown in Athletic Union.

NEWTON, Mass., Dec. 26.—Representatives of the athletic departments of Boston College, Holy Cross, Fordham and Georgetown, at a conference at Boston College today, decided to appoint a Board of Arbitration to readjust the athletic relations between Holy Cross and Fordham, which were declared severed after the football game scheduled for Thanksgiving Day had been canceled by the Worcester eleven because of snow on the field.

The colleges also signed three-year contracts in baseball and football, established a one-year migratory rule, arranged permanent dates for their football games and decided to buy their athletic supplies through co-operative purchases.

Each of the four colleges will be represented on the Board of Arbitration.

It was decided to play the Boston College-Georgetown football game next year on the Saturday previous to Thanksgiving Day at Braves' Field, Boston, and the Holy Cross-Boston College game at the same place on the following Saturday.

Under the migratory rule, which has existed between Boston College and Holy Cross, a student transferring from one college to another will not be permitted to engage in varsity sports among the four colleges until he has at least one year's residence at the college for whose team he is a candidate.

FOOTBALL TEAMS REST.

Ohio and California Start Secret Drills at Pasadena Today.

PASADENA, Cal., Dec. 26.—Both the University of California and the Ohio State football squads rested today, received friends and admirers collectively and individually, and prepared to get down to hard practice tomorrow for their game at Tournament Field here New Year's Day.

The Ohio players report no difficulty in accustoming themselves to the Southern California climate, while those from Berkeley are naturally quite at home, especially as many of them are Southern California men and former stars of various high school teams of this part of the State.

While the Bears say nothing to indicate overconfidence, football experts and sports writers of Pasadena and Los Angeles are agreed their appearance states plainly their apparent ability to "take care of themselves in anybody's game."

The Buckeye players are receiving much attention from former residents of Ohio, and former students of the "Big Ten" are planning to give them abundant vocal encouragement during the progress of the game.

Both teams will practice on Tournament Field, different hours having been satisfactorily arranged. Secret practice will prevail.

Two 12-Round Bouts at Star S. C.

Two twelve-round bouts featury the boxing card which will be offered patrons of the Star Sporting Club tonight. In the stellar attraction Charlie Pilkington, former amateur lightweight champion, will clash with Happy Smith of Yorkville. Johnny Rosner, Harlem flyweight, and Mickey Nelson will be the principals in the other twelve-round contest. A series of preliminary matches will precede these two bouts.

FORDHAM IN NEW COLLEGE ALLIANCE

NICKLIS WINS SHOOT.

Captures Pelham Country Club Event From Three Rivals.

Four gunners tied for the high over all prize at the traps of the Pelham Country Club yesterday. The event was at 50 "bird" scratch. The gunners who tied were J. D. Nicklis, F. Schauffler, G. La Branche and A. P. Walker. All had totals of 43. On the shoot-off, first prize was taken by Nicklis, who ran 25 birds straight. The high professional gunner was Jack Fanning, who had a score of 48 out of a possible 50 targets. The scores:

Week-End Shoot, 50 Targets, Scratch.

J. D. Nicklis, 43; F. Schauffler, 43; G. La Branche, 43; A. P. Walker, 43; J. L. Gerry, 40; W. W. Swan, 37; L. Gerry, 35; H. Butler, 34; E. Gerry, 34; W. Jackman, 29.

	Hit.	H'cap.	Total.
C. L. Perrin	168	32	200
C. A. Krickl	168	32	200
J. H. Brown	143	60	200
W. E. Knight	165	48	200
S. Duffy	160	40	200
E. M. Dailey	183	16	199
L. C. Dailey	189	8	197
F. A. Lewis	138	56	194
A. L. Rainey	183	0	183
A. L. Burns	191	0	191
T. J. McCahill	191	0	191
J. H. Vanderveer	180	0	180
W. S. Ferguson	174	12	186
F. M. Wilson	145	40	185
A. Chandler	183	0	183
F. A. Moore	151	32	183
A. W. Fitzgerald	171	12	183
W. E. Short	178	5	183
W. E. Webb	154	24	178
K. R. Hooker	174	0	174
A. Baxter Jr.	93	80	173
G. G. Willcox	173	0	173
W. H. Mills	170	0	170
J. S. Turnbull	134	32	166
R. A. Gamble	110	48	158
W. J. Doyle	156	0	156
W. A. Le Boutillier	150	0	150
R. H. Hathway	138	0	138
A. P. Potter	130	0	130

AICKELIN AGAIN WINNER.

New England Cyclist Scores Second Victory in 28-Mile Bike Race.

Eugene Aickelin, New England Wheelmen cyclist, scored his second victory within a space of three weeks in the organization's invitation cycle road race held yesterday over a course which included a run from Jerome Avenue and the Grand Concourse, the Bronx, to Hartsdale, N. Y., and return, a total of about twenty-eight miles. Aickelin, who captured the first of the series of races three weeks ago and finished second in the following event, pedaled home in front of twelve rival riders, survivors of a field which numbered twenty-two at the start of the test. The New England Wheelmen rider, with a surprising display of speed and endurance under the conditions, attained the lead in the last quarter of a mile and rode home a victor by a margin of about a wheel's length on Joe Schaefer, of the Acme Wheelmen. Rudolph Zimmerman, another Acme rider, finished third, a scant half-length back of Schaefer. Aickelin's time was 1 hour 31 minutes.

The riders who started in the race were forced through the stiffest test of the series. The cold reminder of the frost that is to come chilled their hands as they bent on their handlebars, and the winds along the route buffeted them about considerably. On the journey to Hartsdale the riding was up to the standard of previous races, but on the return to the Grand Concourse the pace suffered from the chilling weather and the hilly riding encountered by the amateur cyclists.

The victory of Aickelin brought his team the point laurels of the chase by the slim margin of two points. The New England Wheelmen finished the race with 20 tallies, while the Acme Wheelmen had 22 points. This success gave the New England riders their second team victory of the series.

The order of finish of the first ten follows:

E. Aickelin, New England Wheelmen, first; J. Schaefer, Acme Wheelmen, second; R. Zimmerman, Acme Wheelmen, third; W. Stokes, New England Wheelmen, fourth; E. C. Bendi, Unione Sportiva Italiana, fifth; T. Volpe, Acme Wheelmen, sixth; F. Fay, New England Wheelmen, seventh; F. Osterhamel, New England Wheelmen, eighth; T. R. Urbach, New England Wheelmen, ninth; W. Alft, New England Wheelmen, tenth. Winner's time—1:31.

Team Score.

New England Wheelmen	1	4	7	1–20
Acme Wheelmen	2	3	8	4–22

HODGES HIGH MAN IN N. Y. A. C. SHOOT

Captures Two Cups and Handicap Prize in Year's-End Event at Travers Island.

The final shoot of the year brought only a small field of gunners to the Travers Island traps of the New York Athletic Club yesterday. The usual program was decided and, being the last Sunday of the month, the regular fixtures all came to an end after keen and interesting shooting. In the month-ly events the best work was done by G. F. Hodges, who took both the Byronel and the President cups, each with two legs scored during the month. Hodges also was the high handicap gunner in yesterday's shoot.

The Tournament Cup for the month went to E. M. Alexander, H. G. Vogel won the Lyon Cup. He also took a handicap special. The high scratch gunner in the events decided yesterday was F. A. Siebert. He had a total of 96 out of a possible 100 targets. On his run to the score he made straights in the Tournament and the Lyon cup shoots. W. B. Ogden made a straight in the shoot for the Lyon Cup. M. Hickey turned the same trick in the President Cup shoot. D. I. Bradley ran straight in the shoot for the Byronel prize.

Two gunners scored in the shoot for the Buermeyer Cup. They were F. A. Siebert and W. B. Ogden. Each had 48 out of a possible 50 targets.

The scores made yesterday are as follows:

Name.	Byro-nel Cup.	Tour. Cup.	Pres. Cup.	Lyon Cup.	Scratch & H'cap Cups.	
G. F. Hodges	5	24	5	25	4 23	6 25 76–22–100
D. I. Dradley	0	24	0	22	0 23	0 24 94– 0– 94
F. A. Siebert	0	25	0	23	0 25	0 25 98– 0– 98
R. L. Stroh	2	23	0	23	0 24	0 22 92– 0– 92
W. E. Purseil	4	20	4	21	4 25	4 20 71–18– 89
R. B. Cole	1	21	1	21	1 25	1 22 85– 5– 90
H. G. Vogel	3	22	3	22	3 24	3 23 88– 8– 96
E.M. Alexander	3	23	3	21	5 23	5 15 66–20– 86
A. P. Bennett	0	23	1	21	1 20	1 20 81– 7– 88
W. B. Ogden	0	23	0	24	0 23	0 25 93– 0– 93
R. L. Spotts Jr.	2	24	2	24	1 22	1 25 88–10– 98
M. Hickey	2	25	2	25	2 25	1 22 82– 6– 88
M. Gotschi	0	21	0	12	0 17	0 16 68– 0– 68
J. L. Brandberg	1	24	1	22	1 24	1 25 91– 8– 99
E. S. Moore	0	20	0	22	0 18	0 21 81– 0– 81
E. M. Roberts	0	19	0	19	0 23	0 19 70– 0– 70
R. B. Sloan	1	22	0	19	2 24	0 21 81– 9– 90
R. S. Donnelley	0	24	0	22	0 23	0 23 91– 0– 91
H. B. Knight	1	23	1	23	0 19	0 16 82– 6– 88
J. H. Timmons	4	24	4	23	4 25	4 24 82–18–100
E. B. Will'm'n	6	25	6	25	6 25	6 25 81–20–100
S. Dillon	3	22	3	20	3 16	3 21 70–12– 82
M. Daley	0	20	0	20	0 21	0 21 82– 0– 82

WINNERS.

High scratch gunner—F. A. Siebert.
High handicap gunner—G. F. Hodges.
Buermeyer Cup—F. A. Siebert and W. B. Ogden.
Special handicap—H. G. Vogel.

MONTHLY CUP WINNERS.

Tournament Cup—E. M. Alexander.
Byronel Cup—G. F. Hodges.
President Cup—G. F. Hodges.
Lyon Cup—H. G. Vogel.

RANNEY TAKES SHOOT.

Captures Scratch Prize at Traps of Larchmont Yacht Club.

The largest field of the year took part in the holiday shoot of the Larchmont Yacht Club yesterday. Twenty-nine marksmen came to the firing line and each banged away at 200 bluerocks. When the smoke of the last shell had blown out over the waters of Long Island Sound, it was found that A. E. Ranney, who generally shoots at Travers Island, was the high-over-all scratch gunner. He took the cup with a card of 183 targets.

The shoot for the high scratch prize among club members ended in a tie between A. L. Burns and T. J. McCahill. Each returned cards of 191 targets. On the shoot-off, the former won by 25 to 24 out of a possible 25 targets. The high handicap race also ended in a tie. Five gunners all had full scores of 200 targets. On the first shoot-off, J. H. Brown, W. E. Knight and S. G. Duffy all fell by the wayside.

It left "Chick" Perrin, one of the best "skippers" on the Sound and C. A. Krickl to fight it out for the cup. The gunners tied in the second shoot-off. On the third, Perrin won by 25 to 24 targets.

Ive Vail First In 100-Mile Auto Race Over Dirt Track

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., Dec. 26.—Ira Vail today won from Roscoe Sarles and Eddie Hearne what was advertised as "the dirt track automobile championship" when he raced 100 miles over a one-mile track here. Vail's time was 1:28:18 3-5. The world's record is held by Tommy Milton, who covered the distance at Phoenix, Ariz., on Oct. 10 of this year in 1:24 3-5.

MILOFSKY CAPTURES HANDICAP ROAD RUN

Registers Fourth Straight Victory for Morningside A. C. in Harlem Race.

For the fourth time in as many weeks the Winged M of the Morningside A. C. was carried to victory yesterday in the weekly handicap road race of the Harlem and Heights Athletic League, held over a course of about four and one-quarter miles under the auspices of the Central A. C. Louis Milofsky, aided by the handicap allowance of two minutes, earned the distinction of registering the fourth straight Morningside A. C. victory, when he out-distanced a field of twelve rivals and crossed the finish line a victor in the actual time of 23 minutes.

Following Milofsky by the margin of a city block came V. Miller of the Harbrook Heights A. C., who started with a handicap of three minutes. His actual time was 24:10. Irving Lehman, another Morningside A. C. runner, allowed a start of 2:30, finished third in 25:30.

The penetrating cold and the Yuletide season formed a combination which considerably affected the size of the field of contestants, but the thirteen harriers who got away from varying handicap marks up to four minutes, wore a sturdy collection and all finished the full course. The trail led from the Central headquarters, 154th Street and McCombs Place, to Seventh Avenue, to 126th Street, to Broadway, to 155th Street, over the Viaduct to a point in front of the clubhouse where the harriers completed their journey.

Two Runners Take Lead.

For more than a mile the runners with the limit handicap allowance, G. Mohen, Harbrook Heights A. C., and H. Ungar, Glencoe A. C., broke trail for the remainder of the field. At 126th Street and Broadway, just as the runners were making the turn for the return chase, J. Finneran of the Glencoe A. C., who started off the 3:15 mark, forged to the front. The Glencoe harrier set a stiff pace for slightly more than half a mile, followed by Milofsky, who, as the latter, running at a pace which enabled him to overhaul rivals in rapid succession, suddenly drew up at Finneran's shoulder. For about a quarter of a mile they raced as a team, Milofsky trying to pass his rival, while Finneran sought with all his endurance to retain his position in front. The Morningside harrier, however, was the stronger and soon attained his objective. Thereafter Milofsky held the lead, defending his position against challenges in the closing mile and gradually working up an advantage of about a city block on his nearest rival at the finish.

The race with Milofsky for the lead sapped much of Finneran's strength, and the result was that he weakened perceptibly in the closing mile. Miller and Lehman, together with Max Tea of the Glencoe A. C. and McCann, Morningside A. C., passed the tired Finneran in the closing dash for positions at the tape, so that Finneran had to be content with sixth position in the order of finish.

Weiman Makes Best Time.

Fast time laurels fell to Eddie Weiman of the Morningside A. C., who started from scratch with William Stokeley, St. Christopher Club. Weiman shook off his colored rival during the last half of the race and managed to finish tenth in the actual time of 22:21. Stokeley was the last runner home. His time was 23 minutes.

The Glencoe A. C. fell heir to the team laurels because of the fact that no other organization started a full team of five runners. The Glencoe harriers, therefore, finished with the unimpaired total of fifteen points.

The order of finish follows:

Pos.	Name and Club.	Hcp.	Actual Time.
1—L.	Milofsky, Morningside A. C.	2:00	23:00
2—V.	Miller, Harbrook Hts. A. C.	3:00	24:10
3—I.	Lehman, Morningside A. C.	2:30	23:50
4—M.	Tea, Glencoe A. C.	1:45	23:15
5—C.	McCann, Morningside A. C.	2:45	24:20
6—J.	Finneran, Glencoe A. C.	3:15	24:53
7—G.	Thompson, St. Christ. Club.	2:15	24:00
8—Sol	Silverstein, Glencoe A. C.	0:45	23:33
9—P.	Hecht, Glencoe A. C.	2:45	25:02
10—E.	Weiman, Morningside A. C.	Scr.	22:21
11—J.	Lehman, Harbrook H. A. C.	4:00	26:43
12—H.	Ungar, Glencoe A. C.	4:00	26:55
13—W.	Stokeley, St. Christ. Club.	Scr.	23:00

WILL SKATE FOR TITLE.

Baptie and Baker Meet Tonight for Pro Speed Championship.

Norval Baptie and Don Baker will meet tonight at the 181st Street Ice Palace in a match for the professional speed skating championship. The distances to be skated are 220 yards, quarter mile and one mile. The winner of the match will be the man taking two out of the three events.

Included in the program is a two-mile handicap race for the amateurs in Class A, in which Joe Moore, the international sprint champion, will start from scratch. The low mark skaters include three champions, Les Boyd, metropolitan indoor and outdoor and two-mile title-holder; Bobby Hearn, champion amateur of the metropolitan district, and William Murphy, national one-mile champion. A mile and a half race for Class B skaters will also be held.

Nevada Eleven Beats Hawaii.

ROBINS BREAK TIE IN SOCCER BATTLE

Defeat Erie A. A. of New Jersey by Score of 5 to 3 in National Competition.

LOSING TEAM PROTESTS

Claims Violation of Rules, Especially in Encroachment of Spectators Upon Playing Field.

Meeting for the second time in the fourth round of the national challenge cup trophy competition of the United States Football Association, playing off their tie resulting from the first game at Harrison a week ago, the soccer eleven of Robins Dry Dock of Brooklyn and the Erie Athletic Association of Kearny, N. J., came to grips again at Todd Field in South Brooklyn yesterday before a crowd that overtaxed the comparatively small capacity of the grounds. This time the Robins, who had been deprived of victory in the last minute of the first game, obtained the decision by the score of 5 goals to 3 and earned the right to go on into the fifth round of the great soccer classic, provided the United States Football Association does not grant the protest lodged by the Erie team. After the game was finished the Erie Club entered a protest, claiming that the dimensions of the ground were not in conformity with the rules for cup tie matches and also that the spectators encroached upon the field.

An immense crowd came out to witness the contest and at 2:30 the gates had to be closed. Thousands had to be turned away and hundreds of spectators viewed the game from the housetops surrounding the grounds.

At half time, the score stood 1 to 0 in favor of the Robins, who felt at home on their own grounds. This score was made by McGuire who beat three men before placing the ball past Ward.

In the first minute of the second half, Ingraham of Erie accidentally headed a goal for Robins and this misfortune upset the Erie players for a time. Two minutes later, Ratican added the third goal. Thomas Stark then reduced the Robins' lead by scoring the first goal for Erie, immediately following by a fourth goal for Robins, shot by Hosie. The Erie team then played magnificent football and Hemingsley quickly scored twice, making the score 4 to 3. Ten minutes from time, Ratican headed goal for the Robins.

All the players were in fine form and put up a splendid game. The game was played under intense excitement and the spectators constantly went across the side lines and encroached on the field, causing one of the grounds for the protest.

The line-up:

ROBINS		ERIE
Ingraham	G	Ward
Page	R B	Robinson
Hosie	L B	Ingraham
Gardner	R H	Hickey
Murphy	C H	Cooper
Stevens	L H	T. Stark
Barry	R	Knowles
Evans	I R	Stark
Flattery	C	Hemingsley
Ratican	O R	Ford
Sweet	O L	Rogers

Referee—J. Mehan, Philadelphia. Linesmen—Rowe, T. Stafford, Herrington. Goals—Ratican (2), Ingraham, Hemingsley, Stark. Time of halves—Forty minutes each.

CLAN MACDUFF VICTOR.

Downs Tebo Eleven, 2 to 1, in State Soccer League Match.

The two leaders in the competition of the New York State Soccer League were pitted against each other at Harlem O at yesterday, and although the Tebo eleven lost the game to Clan MacDuff by a score of 2 goals to 1, they are still one point ahead in the series. Play was in progress fifteen minutes when Shaw made the first tally for Tebo, and five minutes later Thompson equalized on a pass from Kennedy and the score stood at 1-1 at half time. About ten minutes after the restart Anderton shot the winning goal for his team.

The line-up:

CLAN MACDUFF (2).		TEBO (1).
Adamson	G	Stochal
McDonald	R B	Mitchell
Bone	L B	Kidd
Boyle	R H	Kirkpatrick
W. Kennedy	C H	Fryer
Waters	L H	Peat
Thompson	O R	Duffy
Anderton	I R	Pepper
Halliday	C	McKenna
Perrie	I L	Shaw
Kennedy	O L	Edmonton

Referee—G. Caldicott. Linesmen—Messrs. Moore and Hyatt. Goals—McCheanie (2), Shaw, Cameron, Brooklyn. Time—Halves of 45 minutes.

VIKINGS ELEVEN BEATEN.

Fails to Score Against Carlton Hill in Association Soccer Game.

The Carlton Hill Club played the Vikings team at Macombs Dam Park in a New York Association soccer game, and won out by the score of 2 goals to 0, both goals being shot during the first half. About five minutes from the start, on a pass from Daly, Vandeweghe scored the first tally, and in another five minutes Daly scored after taking the ball from the centre of the field right through to goal.

The line-up:

CARLTON H. (2)		VIKINGS (0).
Mulcahy	G	Roth
Kearney	R B	Rottman
Hoyt	L B	Vingard
Murphy	R H	Andcora
Stevens	C H	Vironi
Barry, Evans	L H	Deetrom
Flattery	O R	Nelson
Furman	I R	Teteronie
Daly	C	A. Johnson
Vandeweghe	I L	Vivort
Hoan	O L	F. Johnson

Referee—J. Campbell. Linesmen—Johnson and West. Goals—Vandeweghe, Daly, Carlton Hill. Time—Halves of 45 minutes.

BROOKLYN EASY WINNER.

Takes League Soccer Game From Greenpoint Eleven, 4 Goals to 0.

The Brooklyn Football Club easily won its New York State League game against the Greenpoint club at the Ridgewood baseball ground by the score of 4 goals to 0. At half time the score was 1—0. McCheanie was the first to score. Shortly after the restart Rew scored on a pass from Kearns, and then McCheanie scored again. The fourth and last goal was shot by Cameron from a corner sent out by McGarrachie. The lineup:

BROOKLYN (4).		GREENPOINT (0).
Adamson	G	Jordon
McGarrachie	R B	Cavanagh
W. Whalen	L B	———
Turner	R H	Murray
McCann	C H	Furdy
Cameron	O R	Gallagher
Kearns	I R	Cramm
L. Whalen	O R	Glynn
Rew	C	Moran
McCheanie	I L	Harrington
Mackin	O L	Edmonton

Referee—G. Caldicott. Linesmen—Messrs. Moore and Hyatt. Goals—McCheanie (2), Rew, Cameron, Brooklyn. Time—Halves of 45 minutes.

Astoria Eleven Held to Tie.

For the first time this season the Astoria team did not win its Metropolitan League game, but had to be content with a 2-2 tie against the Tyrconnell Celts at Astoria yesterday. Lee and Moffatt scored for Astoria, while Rogers and Hackett tallied for the Celts. At half time the score was 1-0 in favor of Astoria.

Many Billiard Records Are Held by Edouard Horemans

The following are some of the records which Edouard Horemans, the Belgian billiardist, made in 18.2 balkline competition in Europe:

High run of 648 against Heinrich Shuurman in Breda, Holland; high run of 542 against Alex Roudil at Montpellier, France; high run of 533 against John Pepermans in Brussels, Belgium; high run of 520 against Anton Bos in Amsterdam, Holland; high run of 502 against John Dommering in Arnhelm, Holland; high run of 345 against Louis Cure in Amsterdam; average of 200 in 1,000-point match against Bos in Amsterdam; average of 142 6-7 in 1,000-point match against Schuurman in Breda; average of 92 8-26 in 2,400-point match against Bos in Amsterdam; average of 60 in 1,800-point match for the European championship against Louis Cure in Amsterdam.

Willie Hoppe's unofficial high run is 622 and he holds the American record high run made in championship competition of 308. The American high average for championship competition of 100 in a 500-point match is held by George B. Sutton. Hoppe recently averaged 300 in a 300-point exhibition match, running out the game in one inning.

COLUMBIA ATHLETES SEEK THREE TITLES

Chances Appear Good for the Basketball, Wrestling and Water Polo Teams.

Although the Christmas holidays have called a temporary halt on Columbia athletics, the students on Morningside Heights have seen enough of their minor sport teams to begin dreaming of at least three intercollegiate championships this Winter. The basketball, wrestling and water polo teams have got away to impressive starts, and all three seem to have a chance at least for the intercollegiate crowns.

The best prospects at present seem to be those of the water polo combination, which romped away with the honors in the intercollegiate league last year and was credited with being one of the fastest and strongest polo teams that had ever played in the league. In scoring ability the Columbians showed much power, and their work so far this Winter has been marked by a 50-20 victory over Penn.

Captain Jack Hyde and Jack Kennedy were the only members of the team lost by graduation, and Coach Ed Kenney is not at a loss for material to fill the vacant positions. One of his best moves was to place Cooper at Hyde's position. Cooper, as a substitute last year, played remarkably well, but could not pry his way on to the championship team. He has been one of the best scorers on the aggregation this Winter and is very elusive in the water, especially when near opposing teams goal.

Waldecker, a substitute last year, has been assigned to the other vacant forward position and his experience, Coach Kennedy expects, will make him a valuable man in the league battles. The men who be returned this year are Captain Kindleberger, Rogers, Simmons and Salmon.

Columbia's hardest obstacle in the road to the championship will probably be Princeton, which was runner-up last season and is reported to have another strong team in the making. Both Penn and C. C. N. Y. have been defeated by Columbia in league matches this year and the margin of victory was great enough practically to eliminate these two teams as contenders for the title. Yale and Princeton, however, are still to be encountered. Games will be played with them after the holidays and Coach Kennedy will then be able to get a line on the ability of his latest aggregation.

The basketball five has chalked up three victories, over West Point, Brooklyn Poly and Union, even with Bunz Harris absent from the line-up. Johnson, the star negro forward, was also missing from all but the Union game, but he will appear regularly at forward next month, when Columbia begins its league schedule. Coach Joe Deering's line-up then will be: Captain Tynan and Johnson, forwards; Watson, centre; Harris and Stein, guards. There is also a wide variety of material on the second team, including several players from last year's freshman quintet. Horowitz, a reserve guard in 1919, is also likely to break into the line-up at any time.

The début of Harris is being eagerly awaited at Columbia, where the prowess of the football quarterback has been long proclaimed. Harris, when he played on the Syracuse team, was hailed as one of the best floor players in the East and his basketball talent is supposed to exceed even his skill on the gridiron. His addition to the Blue and White varsity is expected to plug up the hole at guard, which gave Coach Claus Benson some trouble in the league race last year. The four other players are all veterans from the 1919 team. Coach Gus Peterson of the wrestling team has been blessed with the best material in many years. His chief acquisition is Philip Hart, metropolitan 135-pound champion and a former grappler for the Boys' Club. The only loss by graduation is ex-Captain Barrish.

YALE MAY ADOPT POLO.

Ellis Consider Installing the Game on Minor Sports Basis.

A strong movement is now on foot at Yale to make polo a minor sport at the university, the Elis in this respect following in the footsteps of Princeton, which has organized a squad and has begun outdoor practice. Both colleges, in planning to make the game one of the minor sports, will hold regular practices and schedule indoor games this Winter. Regular intercollegiate contests will be held outdoors next Spring.

L. E. Stoddard, a graduate of Yale and a member of the American polo team which will go to England next year for the international matches at Hurlingham, is an enthusiastic advocate of the movement at the New Haven university. In an interview recently Mr. Stoddard said:

"I believe that polo is bound to become one of the most popular of the minor sports, for this reason: It is the only one, with the exception of golf and tennis, which can be continued after college days. A man today plays on a basket ball, hockey or swimming team for four years; and then is compelled to drop this form of exercise because his life work interferes too seriously with it.

"The amount of personal benefit to be derived from this game is very great. Above everything else, it teaches a man to be a quick thinker. I believe it develops a man physically just as well as any of the minor sports that are played today.

"In my day there was only a limited number of men who were able to take up the game while they were in college on account of the expense. It is a striking example of the good that the army authorities believe can be derived from the game that they are willing to go to the expense of providing horses and equipment for the R. O. T. C. units at the various colleges. They have learned from the war what polo did for the English cavalry officer and are now only too glad to promote the sport in any way they can. By so doing they have, of course, eliminated the question of expense and this field of activity is now open to all who wish to enter it."

DE ORO DARES HOPPE TO PLAY 3-CUSHIONS

Cuban Billiardist Challenges Balkine Champion for a Meeting at the Angle Game.

Alfredo De Oro, formerly three-cushion and pocket-billiard champion, is indignant—in fact, he is more than that. He is considerably perturbed, not to say riled up. The well-known veteran takes emphatic exception to the statements that Willie Hoppe, the king of balklines, is also a master of the angle game. De Oro does not mince words in declaring that it is buncombe. He flatly declares that Hoppe is being exploited as a three-cushion billiardist as well as a star balkline player for publicity purposes only. The Cuban openly expresses doubt that Hoppe ever ran 25 points in succession in three-cushion billiards.

Because Hoppe has been credited with being quite a capable performer at angle play, De Oro yesterday issued a public challenge to play Willie an exhibition match at any number of points, at any time, and for any amount Hoppe might elect. "And I know that Hoppe will not accept," said De Oro, "because he is afraid of being beaten. I was never more confident of anything in my life than I am that I can defeat Willie Hoppe at three-cushion billiards, and I have no greater ambition at this time than to meet him.

"There is no question," he went on, "that Hoppe can beat me at any ball to ball billiard game, such as balkline, but I know that I can beat him at any other style of game played on a carom, or a pocket, table. For the last several years there has been a great deal of talk about Hoppe's ability to play three-cushions. If he is as good as it is said he is, then there should be no hesitancy on his part about meeting me. Three years ago it looked for a time as if we might get together. I think that Hoppe and his advisers thought that I was all through then as a player, but it so happened that I made a run of 18 in a match about that time and nothing more was heard from R. B. Benjamin, Hoppe's manager.

"If Hoppe will consent to play me, I will insist upon no conditions except that the match be played under championship conditions."

De Oro's challenge for such a match came as quite a surprise. After having retired from public competition a year ago last Spring it was only early this season that he decided to come back. He went out to Cuba to play in the national three-cushion championship there, and, while he did not succeed in getting into the finals and was keenly disappointed as a result, he can find some solace in the fact that he was the only player entered in the title quest who was able to defeat John Layton of Segalia, Mo., who succeeded in carrying off the championship.

While giving Layton full credit for winning the title, De Oro declares that he was seriously handicapped by his physical condition. "I was far from being a well man," said De Oro. "My nerves were in bad shape. Consequently I was under a severe strain. Furthermore, I got some bad breaks in the arrangement of the schedule of matches. After being idle for several days I was called upon to play John Dely on a Tuesday night. Clarence Jackson on Wednesday night, Pierre Maupome on Thursday afternoon and August Kleckhefer on Thursday night. Then followed matches on Saturday afternoon and evening, and again on Monday afternoon and evening. In the final round of the tournament Jackson flatly refused to play two matches on one day, and he didn't."

Questioned as to what his future intentions are, De Oro said that it was impossible for him to say. "I intend to rest for a few days, but do not think I will play any exhibitions in the immediate future unless a match is arranged side to side next Fall, and then decide to go seek new fields for his talents. The signing of Brooks, an intimate friend of the head coach, is taken to be an assurance that O'Neill is laying his plans for a campaign of indefinite length and one that includes the building up a system similar to that which had such great success at Syracuse, where Chick Meehan filled the same post that Brooks will assume next September.

Although O'Neill's policy in the past has been against a large coaching staff at the practices, it is considered more than a possibility that another new assistant will be appointed to take charge of the ends, which have had no special guidance since 1918. There has been no intimation as to the identity of this man or, for that matter, no official admission that such a man is being sought. Tom Thorp will very likely remain on the staff, where he has done valuable work with the line and enjoys extreme popularity with the players.

Columbia's search for new coaches may not be limited to football. Track is now undergoing a certain official scrutiny and there is general agreement that this sport is the weakest link in the chain. Several prominent Eastern coaches are said to be under consideration and one track mentor in particular, who is not satisfied with conditions at his present post, may get a call for the season of 1922. He has his home in New York and is reported to be anxious to do his coaching in a university in this city. It is interesting to recall that both O'Neill and Brooks were influenced by the same reason when they decided to accept the Columbia offer. O'Neill is a lawyer with offices in New York and Brooks, who is a son of Belvedere Brooks, has brokerage offices here.

Andy Coakley, who recently signed a three-year contract, looks like a permanent occupant of the baseball berth, and Joe Deering is expected to fill the basketball gap that has existed since Harry Fisher retired several years ago. Jim Rice in rowing, Ed Kennedy in swimming, Gus Peterson in wrestling and Mahoney in cross-country complete the list of coaches who are not likely to be displaced.

PITT WANTS TRACK MEET.

Panthers Propose Two-Year Agreement With Syracuse Runners.

The University of Pittsburgh has offered Syracuse a two-year contract for home-and-home track meets and is now negotiating with the Orange athletic authorities concerning a date for this year. The likelihood of the Panthers going to the Salt City next Spring is lessened by the fact that the date suggested, May 8, has already been filled by Syracuse. Another date, however, is likely to be found for the meet.

The Pittsburgh proposal calls for a meet at Syracuse next Spring and in 1922 at the Smoky City. A similar arrangement has been made in football and Syracuse will play at Forbes Field, Pittsburgh, next Fall.

The indoor track schedule for Syracuse presages a busy Winter for Coach Keane's athletes. Dartmouth will be seen in action at Syracuse late in February or early in March, and the Orange runners are entered in the Boston A. A. games and the Millrose games at New York. In the latter meet Keane will use eight men.

RESORTS

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL & COTTAGES
on the Beach. Cap. 600
CONVENIENT TO ALL AMUSEMENTS
Sea Baths DIET KITCHEN Orchestra
Family Patronage Invited
C. L. FRANSTEN, President — Under Management of Sam'l A. Mac

HOTEL
CHELSEA
Occupying entire block of ocean front in the fashionable Chelsea section.
800 bed chambers with private baths (fresh and sea water). High-class orchestra, cafe, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet. Open all year. J. B. THOMPSON & CO.

The Breakers
OCEAN FRONT FIREPROOF
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS

FOREIGN RIDERS COMING.

Record Entry From Abroad Expected for Indianapolis Auto Test.

Entry blanks have already been sent out to many prospective contestants in this and half a dozen other countries for the ninth international 500-mile automobile sweepstakes, to be run over the Indianapolis Motor Speedway on May 30, 1921, and it is expected that at least France, England and Italy will be among the foreign countries represented in this classic.

Conditions governing the contest are to be practically the same as heretofore, the piston displacement being limited to 183 cubic inches and the weight to 1,650 pounds, exclusive of ballast gas and oil. The Automobile Club of France has adopted the same rules to govern in the revival of the French Grand Prix which is to be run during the latter part of July or early in August next year. This enables prospective competitors to prepare for both events at the same time, and it is expected will result in the largest number of entries ever recorded from abroad for the Indianapolis event.

Europe's best auto racers received the worst beating this year that they have received since 1912, when Joe Dawson captured the honors with his flying National, and the European contingent has some old scores to settle during the coming year. The late Gaston Chevrolet was responsible for upsetting the plans of the visitors this year when, driving a Monroe, he was first to finish.

It is reported from Europe that preparations are progressing for the invasion of this country by the best of foreign makes and drivers on a broader and more comprehensive scale than ever before, the interest among the concerns interested in the quest for honors in this country are the British Sunbeam, the French Peugeot and Ballot and the Italian Fiat.

This quartet is considered so formidable by American enthusiasts that already much thought has been given to the subject of a suitable defense for American honors, and it is expected that none of the concerns that ever have taken part in such events will be represented next year, among them being the Deusenberg, Frontenac and Monroe.

COLUMBIA STAFF STRONGER.

Will Be Aided by Appointment of Brooks as Gridiron Assistant.

The appointment of Joe Brooks, former Williams head coach, as assistant to Buck O'Neill at Columbia during the past is looked on by the Columbia undergraduates as the best Christmas present that the athletic authorities have given them in a number of seasons. The coming of the young coach was a complete surprise to Columbia students and alumni, who knew that there was likely to be no shake-up in the traditional three-cushion championship there, and, while he did not succeed in getting into the finals and was keenly disappointed as a result, he can find some solace in the fact that he was the only player entered in the title quest who was able to defeat John Layton of Segalia, Mo., who succeeded in carrying off the championship.

While giving Layton full credit for winning the title, De Oro declares that he was seriously handicapped by his physical condition. "I was far from being a well man," said De Oro. "My nerves were in bad shape. Consequently I was under a severe strain. Furthermore, I got some bad breaks in the arrangement of the schedule of matches. After being idle for several days I was called upon to play John Dely on a Tuesday night, Clarence Jackson on Wednesday night, Pierre Maupome on Thursday afternoon and August Kleckhefer on Thursday night. Then followed matches on Saturday afternoon and evening, and again on Monday afternoon and evening. In the final round of the tournament Jackson flatly refused to play two matches on one day, and he didn't."

Questioned as to what his future intentions are, De Oro said that it was impossible for him to say. "I intend to rest for a few days, but do not think I will play any exhibitions in the immediate future unless a match is arranged side to side next Fall, and then decide to go seek new fields for his talents. The signing of Brooks, an intimate friend of the head coach, is taken to be an assurance that O'Neill is laying his plans for a campaign of indefinite length and one that includes the building up a system similar to that which had such great success at Syracuse, where Chick Meehan filled the same post that Brooks will assume next September.

Although O'Neill's policy in the past has been against a large coaching staff at the practices, it is considered more than a possibility that another new assistant will be appointed to take charge of the ends, which have had no special guidance since 1918. There has been no intimation as to the identity of this man or, for that matter, no official admission that such a man is being sought. Tom Thorp will very likely remain on the staff, where he has done valuable work with the line and enjoys extreme popularity with the players.

Columbia's search for new coaches may not be limited to football. Track is now undergoing a certain official scrutiny and there is general agreement that this sport is the weakest link in the chain. Several prominent Eastern coaches are said to be under consideration and one track mentor in particular, who is not satisfied with conditions at his present post, may get a call for the season of 1922. He has his home in New York and is reported to be anxious to do his coaching in a university in this city. It is interesting to recall that both O'Neill and Brooks were influenced by the same reason when they decided to accept the Columbia offer. O'Neill is a lawyer with offices in New York and Brooks, who is a son of Belvedere Brooks, has brokerage offices here.

Andy Coakley, who recently signed a three-year contract, looks like a permanent occupant of the baseball berth, and Joe Deering is expected to fill the basketball gap that has existed since Harry Fisher retired several years ago. Jim Rice in rowing, Ed Kennedy in swimming, Gus Peterson in wrestling and Mahoney in cross-country complete the list of coaches who are not likely to be displaced.

BEZDEK IS AGAINST FOOTBALL CHANGES

Penn State Coach Gives Cogent Reasons for Not Altering Gridiron Game.

STATE COLLEGE, Pa., Dec. 26.—"I should hate to see any radical changes made in the football rules, particularly with reference to the forward pass," said Hugo Bezdek, head coach of the Penn State team and director of all athletics at the Blue and White institution, today. Bezdek is enjoying a well-earned rest over the Christmas holidays, following a long, hard gridiron season and a recent strenuous tour of speech-making at various alumni banquets and gatherings.

The only suggestion that the popular Penn State coach would offer to the Rules Committee concerns the goal from touchdown. Bezdek believes that this feature of the game could readily be abolished, because it merely delays the game without adding in any way to the enjoyment of the spectators. There is no way for an opposing team to block the kick, and it simply tests the ability of one man to make good on a "set-up," according to Bezdek. "There may be some points in favor of the goal from touchdown that I am not aware of," he said, "and in any case I would want the committee to think over the matter for at least a year before taking any action. As far as Penn State is concerned, it makes no difference, for we can always manage to develop some one to kick the goals."

The tendency is always to make changes too hurriedly, according to Bezdek. "During the last three or four years the general public has come to understand the game as it is played, and any radical changes in the rules would merely be confusing," he said. "As for curbing the forward pass, it is better as it now stands. The offense and defense have been just about equalized, yet a fast, wide-awake team is able to defeat a big, powerful eleven. That is as it should be. Moreover, the forward pass is one of the most enjoyable features of the game from the viewpoint of the spectators. In our game with Nebraska thirty forward passes were attempted—about half the number of plays—and spectators declared it to be the greatest game that they had ever witnessed. It is not too powerful a weapon because there is always a defense against it. If you remember correctly, an intercepted forward pass enabled Penn State to beat Dartmouth this year. So let it be as it is."

Girls' Hockey Team to Play.

No change will be made in the lineup of the 181st Street Ice Palace girl's hockey team when it plays at Philadelphia tomorrow evening. Coach Howard has announced the lineup as follows: Rover, Captain Elsie Muller; coverpoint, Violet Frees; point, Miss Meehan; right wing, Mildred Springer; left wing, Ottile Barth; centre, Mildred Truslow; goal, Miss Dreyer.

CUNARD-ANCHOR

A trip to Europe offers a great deal at the present time that is inviting to the American business man. The rapid growth of American commercial prestige has opened up many opportunities which should be studied on the ground. Travel on one of our steamers. Accommodations, general appointments and cuisine are unexcelled.

Passenger and Freight Services from New York

CARMANIA	Liverpool	Dec. 28 Jan. 29 Feb. 19
CALABRIA	Gibraltar, Naples, Patras, Dubrovnik & Trieste	Dec. 28 — —
VAUBAN	Liverpool	Jan. 5 — —
CARONIA	Mediterranean Cruise, with Shore Excursions	Jan. 15 — —
COLUMBIA	Londonderry and Glasgow	Jan. 15 Feb. 19 Mar. 26
K. A. VICTORIA	Liverpool	Jan. 15 Feb. 15 —
PANNONIA	Piraeus, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Jan. 18 — —
IMPERATOR	Cherbourg and Southampton	Jan. 20 Feb. 17 —
SAXONIA	Halifax, Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg	Jan. 22 — —
VESTRIS	Liverpool	Jan. 22 — —
ITALIA	Vigo, Patras, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Feb. 1 — —
AQUITANIA	Cherbourg and Southampton	Feb. 3 Feb. 26 Mar. 22
ALBANIA (New)	Plymouth, Cherbourg and London	Feb. 8 Mar. 15 Apr. 19
SAXONIA	Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg	Mar. 1 Apr. 12 —
SCYTHIA (New)	Liverpool	Mar. — Apr. 2 Apr. 23
ALGERIA (New)	?Londonderry and Glasgow	Mar. 5 Apr. 6 —
MAURETANIA	Cherbourg and Southampton	Mar. 10 Apr. 7 May 12

List of Later Sailings on Request

The R. M. S. "CARONIA" will sail on January 15th for a seven weeks' round trip to the
MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT AND THE NILE
A most tempting opportunity
CUNARD LINER, CUNARD CUISINE, CUNARD SERVICE
and an itinerary planned with only one aim—that of the passengers enjoyment and comfort.
OFFICES: 21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

MIAMI——HAVANA
DIRECT STEAMSHIP SERVICE
First Sailing December 27th, 1920.
NEW SHORT EXPRESS ROUTE——OVERNIGHT RUN
Palatial Steamer "CITY OF MIAMI," speed eighteen knots, equipped with all burning machinery and one hundred and two staterooms, including five parlor suites.
SAILINGS
Leave Miami—Monday, Wednesday, Friday.....5:00 P. M.
Arrive Havana—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday.....8:00 A. M.
Leave Havana—Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday.....4:30 P. M.
Arrive Miami—Wednesday, Friday, Sunday.....7:00 A. M.
FARES—INCLUDING BERTH
One Way $25.00, war tax $1.00—Round Trip $40.00, war tax $2.00.
Parlor $10.00 extra—Dining Service a la carte.
IMPORTANT
Passengers can procure passports at the company's city ticket office, Hotel Halcyon Building, Miami.
HAVANA AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION.
HOTEL HALCYON BUILDING. PHONE 1742.
MAKE RESERVATION NOW FOR FIRST SAILING.

RESORTS

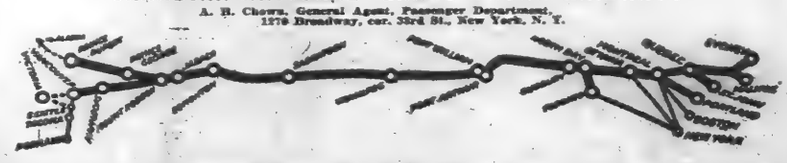


ON YOUR WAY TO PACIFIC COAST

DOMINION'S SCENIC BEAUTIES, INCLUDING HIGHEST MOUNTAIN PEAKS, ON CANADIAN NATIONAL—GRAND TRUNK ROUTE

New daily trains: Montreal to Vancouver and Toronto to Vancouver. Unexcelled Equipment, with Observation Cars. Ottawa, Winnipeg, Saskatoon, Edmonton and Prince Rupert. Dining and Sleeping Car Service that will make your journey a pleasure. Stop-over at famous hotels: The Chateau Laurier, Ottawa; The Prince Arthur, Port Arthur; The Fort Garry, Winnipeg; The Macdonald, Edmonton. Travel to California and Pacific Coast points at least one way through Canada this year. Every assistance gladly given in planning your tour—Write or Call

CANADIAN NATIONAL—GRAND TRUNK RAILWAYS
A. H. Chown, General Agent, Passenger Department, 1270 Broadway, cor. 33rd St., New York, N. Y.



THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—The outlook is for snow in north, snow or rain in middle and rain in south sections east of the Mississippi River Monday, followed by generally fair weather Tuesday, except in the region of the Great Lakes, the upper Ohio valley, northern New England and northern New York, where there will be snow flurries.

The temperature will rise in the North Atlantic States Monday, but much colder weather will again overspread the region of the Great Lakes.

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York—Rain or snow on the coast and snow in the interior Monday; warmer. Tuesday cloudy and colder with snow in north portion.

New Jersey—Rain in south, rain or snow in north portion Monday; somewhat warmer. Tuesday generally fair and colder.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Snow in north and rain or snow in south portion Monday; somewhat warmer. Tuesday generally fair and colder, except snow flurries in extreme north portion.

Northern New England—Snow Monday and probably Tuesday; warmer Monday; colder Tuesday.

South New England—Snow or rain and warmer Monday; Tuesday cloudy and colder.

Western New York—Snow Monday, warmer in east portion; Tuesday snow and colder.

Advisory—Southeast storm warning ordered 10 P. M. Delaware breakwater to East Port, Maine. Disturbance which extends from Michigan southward to the Middle Gulf coast will move northeastward with increasing intensity and will be attended by strong easterly winds, probably reaching gale force late tonight or Monday morning.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1920.		1919.		1920.		1919.	
3 A. M.	19	18	4 P. M.	27		33	
6 A. M.	19	17	6 P. M.	26		33	
9 A. M.	19	24	9 P. M.	27		32	
12 M.	25	30	11 P. M.	27		31	

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 24; for the corresponding date last year it was 34; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 32.

The temperature at 3 A. M. yesterday was 18; at 8 P. M. it was 27. Maximum temperature 29 degrees at 5 P. M.; minimum 18 degrees at 8 A. M. Humidity 82 per cent. at 8 A. M., 70 per cent at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.55 inches, at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.36 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.
12:25—Macdougal St.: not given.....Slight
12:45—2,287 Broadway; Emma Mode & Mary Peis.....Not given
1:45—In front of 1,428 Washington Av., Bronx; auto; not given.....Not given
3:00—386 Eighth Av.; L. Shapiro.....Slight
3:10—203 W. 23 St.; not given.....Not given
8:40—1,823 Lexington Av.; Beth David Hospital.....Slight
7:45—235 E. 150 St., Bronx; Sylvester Gillioppo.....Not given
9:25—5 W. 129 St.; unknown.....Slight
10:50—218 W. 140 St.; not given.....Not given
10:50—507 W. 170th St.; S. Young.Not given
10:55—503 E. 169 St., Bronx; J. Weissernan.....Not given
11:40—25 Pitt St.; not given.....Not given
P. M.
1:50—32 St. & North River; Colonial Sand & Gravel Co.....Not given
1:55—1,525 Second Av.; Democratic Club.....None
2:25—235 Lafayette St.; J. Marab...Slight
2:25—212 W. 121 St.; Alice Rose..Not given
2:25—465 W. 166 St.; G. Moor.....Slight
2:55—2,308 Bathgate Av., Bronx; J. Haas.....Not given
3:25—320 E. 50 St.; D. Kemp.....Not given
3:30—1,206 Southern Boulevard, Bronx; J. Hobber.....Not given
4:20—301 E. 108 St.; S. Benson.....Slight
4:20—1,328 Van Nest Place; R. Parese. Not given
4:35—228-230 W. 59 St.; G. Story.Not given
5:15—Palisade Av. & 280 St., Bronx; brush.....None
6:45—Spuyten Duyvil Road near Broadway, Bronx; brush.....None
9:05—24 W. 142 St.; Goodwin & Gordon.....Slight
9:30—327 E. 146 St.; J. Lombardi..Not given
9:30—265 W. Broadway; Connor Co..Slight
9:55—34 E. 4 St.; L. Morane.....Not given

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.	Sandy Hook. A. M.	Sandy Hook. P. M.	Governors Island. A. M.	Island. P. M.	Hell Gate. A. M.	Hell Gate. P. M.	THE SUN. Rises. A. M.	Sets. P. M.
High water	8:32	9:23	8:12	9:51	10:53	11:23	7:19	4:25
Low water	2:49	3:32	2:07	3:32	4:36	5:33		

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Calamares	Colon	Dec. 19
Encolane	Cadiz	Dec. 19
Lake Lindin	Cardenas	Dec. 21
Glendevon	Avonmouth	Dec. 11
Trelyon	Naples	Dec. 12
Panaman	Alexandria	Dec. 17
H. G. Wylie	Tampico	Dec. 17
Chickasaw City	Antwerp	Dec. 4
Borghild	Philadelphia	Dec. 24
Bede	Hull	Dec. 6
Guglielmo Petros	Naples	Dec. 9
Bradford City	Rotterdam	Dec. 3
Fargo	Colon	Dec. 16
West Campeau	London	Dec. 21
Parris	Pasras	Dec. 6

DUE TODAY.

Caracas	Curacao	Dec. 18
Mar Cantribrico	Hamburg	Dec. 19

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Cretic	Boston	Dec. 20
Valaira	Liverpool	Dec. 14
Rochambeau	Havre	Dec. 18
Conano	San Juan	Dec. 23
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Dec. 23
Kroonland	Southampton	Dec. 17

DUE THURSDAY.

Mesaba	Portsmouth	Dec. 16
Eastern Crown	Blyth	Dec. 16
America	Naples	

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Nimiat	Manchester	Dec. 15
Rosalind	Halifax	Dec. 27
Fort Hamilton	Bermuda	Dec. 21
Munamar	Antilla	Dec. 20
Santa Teresa	Valparaiso	Dec. 21
Caronia	Cherbourg	

DUE THURSDAY.

Vasari	Liverpool	Dec. 19

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Ft. Victoria, Bermuda	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	
Mopang, Varna	1:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Bulgaria and Rumania.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Holland, Germany, Austria.
Carmania, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Great Britain and Ireland.
Calabria, Patras	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Greece, Italy.
Canopic, Naples	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Italy.
Giuseppi Verdi, Naples	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Italy.
St. Patrick, Rio Janeiro	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	South Brazil.
Carrillo, Colon	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Central America, West Indies.
Siberian Prince, Santos	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Olympic, Southampton	9:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Santa Luisa, Colon	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	West coast ports of South America.
Quilota, Guayaquil	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Ecuador, Panama.
Caracas, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Central America.
Lake Sebago, Haiti	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.

THE extraordinary opportunities now offered the discriminating investor are clearly evidenced by the low prices at which bonds of even the highest types may be purchased today.

In our list of "January Investments" we give specific instances of what we consider to be especially attractive issues.

Write for List No. 1310

Spencer Trask & Co.

25 Broad Street, New York

ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO

Members New York Stock Exchange
Members Chicago Stock Exchange

THE NATIONAL CITY COMPANY
NATIONAL CITY BANK BUILDING NEW YORK

Attractive issues offering attractive yields dominate our January Purchase Sheet.

For first of the year investment this list should prove of value.

Will be mailed when issued upon request for AG-160

The National City Company

Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: Fifth Ave. & 43d St.

Water Power

Development on a tremendous scale of hydro-electric powers heretofore unavailable is made practical through recent passage by Congress of the Water Power Act.

Properly secured hydro-electric bonds already occupy a highly favorable investment status, but undoubtedly such securities will be increasingly in demand as the hydro-electric industry enlarges its present firmly entrenched position as one of our principal sources of energy.

Ask for our Water Power Booklet

Harris, Forbes & Co

Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

NEW ISSUE

Exempt from Federal Income Tax
Tax Exempt in Connecticut

$670,000

City of

New Britain, Conn.

Coupon 4½s & 5s

Legal investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York and New England.

PRICES

1922-1923	maturities, yield	6.00%
1924-1925	" "	5.75%
1926-1928	" "	5.50%
1929-1932	" "	5.25%
1933-1935	" "	5.12%
1936-1950	" "	5.00%

Descriptive Circular on Request

Estabrook & Co.

24 Broad St., 15 State St.
New York Boston
Hartford Providence Springfield

Three Features of An Investment

Three most desirable features of an investment are safety, earning power and ready marketability. These features are combined in Canadian Government, Provincial and Municipal Bonds, which now yield

7% to 8%

By purchasing at this time you benefit from the position of the American dollar in Canadian exchange and secure a larger return than otherwise obtainable. Principal and interest payable in United States funds without deduction for exchange.

Full particulars T-1227 on request.

Wood, Gundy & Co.

Incorporated
14 Wall Street, New York
Toronto London, Eng. Montreal Winnipeg

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Last Week's Declines and Recoveries — Retrospect of a Remarkable Financial Year.

That Christmas week, with the January "reinvestment period" just ahead, should have presented an almost unvarying list of declines in securities on the Stock Exchange, and that an admittedly disappointing holiday trade at the retail stores should have been followed by their announcement of heavy reduction in prices for general merchandise, might seem to indicate a cheerless ending to the old year and a gloomy outlook for the new year. Even United States bonds had the experience last week of two or three days of very exceptional declines.

Yet on the other hand the week's early and severe decline in stocks and bonds was followed by such evidence of good buying, in Liberty bonds especially, as served not only to cause abrupt recovery in prices, but to change Wall Street's mood overnight. As for the impending cut in retail prices, every experienced person will draw two favorable inferences from that—one, that if the "consumer's strike" is to be broken at all, it can only be done through offering to retail purchasers the advantages of the wholesale price reductions; the other, that if the wage readjustments and partial unemployment are not to become a dangerous social and political factor, they must be accompanied by an equivalent lowering of cost of living, not in prices for next Spring's trade, but in goods purchased over the counter today.

The real objective during the whole recent readjustment has been to find some basis of values on which the purchasing public will do business. The reacting of such a basis has been particularly difficult because of the utter confusion of opinion as to what were proper values. Nevertheless, capacity to buy exists and so do the actual requirements for replenishing goods or investing surplus income. If the total capacity is less than it was a year ago, actual requirements are probably greater because of the long postponement of purchases by people who are able to buy and who would be buying now, if convinced that prices of goods for the real consumer had been brought to reasonable figures and that the decline on Wall Street had been checked. Until these things have happened, the situation cannot be surely measure.

The year which is drawing to its close is certain long to remain a painful memory with the merchants, on the Stock Exchange tradition as vivid as 1914 and 1907, and a landmark of never-ending controversy among the political economists. It has been in many ways a year of anomalies, but mainly because it has also been a year of futile prophecies and business delusions. Beginning with confident belief among producers (a belief in which the consumers then seemed to acquiesce) that prices could not come down because goods were too scarce, most of the year has been made up of falling prices for the very commodities whose production was being curtailed with increasing rapidity as prices fell.

Marked in its early months by predictions of bankers and merchants that the result of the double process would be such actual shortage of necessaries of life in the Autumn that prices would be forced up automatically and violently, the year's experience with the Autumn was of a decline in prices far more extensive than in any previous season on record. After being assured by one group of economists, when commodity markets were still advancing in the earlier weeks of the year, that no great downward readjustment of prices was possible without reduction of the paper currencies, our own country and the rest of the world have seen the average of prices fall 30 to 40 per cent. between March and December, when the currency of England reached its maximum in September, of the United States and France in November and of Germany in December itself.

The exact place of the past year in financial or economic history can probably not be determined until another year or two have elapsed and we shall have discovered to just what extent the economic events of 1920 were isolated phenomena due to peculiar causes of the moment, or an interlude between two periods of the opposite character, or only the beginning of a sustained and generally uninterrupted movement of readjustment to the pre-war basis of prices. At present one hears confident assertion of every one of the three suppositions. Perhaps the single absolutely sure conclusion from the year's extraordinary succession of economic events is the conclusion that the whole financial world had first greatly underestimated the power of inflated credit to control the level of prices and the movement of markets, and then had even more greatly overestimated the capacity of the expanded credit to maintain its own position.

The lesson which most of us have learned from the past year's experience is partly the lesson which has to be learned after every great war and partly that which has to be learned after every extravagant speculative mania, even in times of profound peace. On every successive occasion of either sort the community has to be taught the limitations of credit. The value of the lesson on this occasion will depend in considerable measure on what follows during the next few months or years; also, on how our producers, merchants, financiers and legislators adapt themselves to the circumstances.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED DEC. 25, 1920.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	5,617,732	219,063,299½
Same period a year ago	4,232,691	308,412,657

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 50 stocks.	66.88	62.70	94.07	62.70
Same period a year ago.	90.40	87.06	99.59	69.73

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
100	ADAMS EXPRESS	28½	22	22	— 4
2,100	Advance Rumely	15	14	15	
2,100	Advance Rumely pf	45¼	40	45¼	+ ½
400	Air Reduction	54	52	52	
7,100	Ajax Rubber	26	24	25¼	— ¾
5,600	Alaska Gold Mines	1	⅞	⅞	— ⅛
7,900	Alaska Juneau	1¼	⅞	1	
100	Allegheny & Western	87	87	87	
8,000	Allied Ch. & Dye w. i.	47	44½	44	— ½
3,000	Allied Ch. & Dye pf w. i.	86	86	86	— ½
8,800	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	29	26½	28¾	— ⅛
800	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf.	71	70¼	70¾	+ ⅛
1,700	Am. Agri. Chem.	55¾	53¼	*54½	
100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	80	80	80	+ ½
700	Am. Bank Note	43½	43	43	+ ½
100	Am. Bank Note pf	41¾	41¾	41¾	
8,200	Am. Beet Sugar	35	32¾	34½	— 1½
10,800	Am. Bosch Magneto	54½	45¾	48¾	— 6½
1,100	Am. Brake Shoe & Fdy.	45	46	47	— 7
300	Am. Brake Shoe & F. pf	83¾	81¾	82¾	+ 1
17,000	Am. Can	24½	21⅝	23½	+ 4⅛
3,100	Am. Can pf	77¾	72¾	77¾	+ 3½
34,900	Am. Car & Fdy	119⅝	111	117	
500	Am. Car & Fdy pf.	107	106¾	106¾	+ ¾
6,700	Am. Cotton Oil	17⅝	15¾	16⅝	— ⅞
100	Am. Cotton Oil pf.	80	80	80	— ½
12,350	Am. Drug'sts Syn.	7¼	6⅝	7	
1,400	Am. Express	115	110	112½	— 1½
3,400	Am. Hide & Leather	7¼	5	7	+ ¼
11,600	Am. Hide & Leather pf	38⅝	35	38	+ 1½
500	Am. Ice	39	37¾	37¾	— 1½
600	Am. Ice pf	55½	55	55	— 2½
43,610	Am. International	35	30½	32½	— 2¾
100	Am. LaF. Fire Engine	9¾	9¾	9¾	
7,600	Am. Linseed	50¾	42	47	— 6¾
100	Am. Linseed pf	80	80	80	— 6
20,000	Am. Locomotive	80¾	74	79	
500	Am. Locomotive pf	100	100	100	— ½
300	Am. Radiator	67½	65¾	65¾	— 1⅝
100	Am. Radiator pf.	101	101	101	
20,600	Am. Safety Razor	8¾	6¾	8¼	+ ¼
18,900	Am. Ship & Commerce	8¾	8	8¼	— ⅛
55,200	Am. Smelting & Ref.	39½	32¾	35	— 4¾
3,400	Am. Smelting & Ref. pf	80¾	74	74	— 8⅛
200	Am. Snuff	96¾	90¼	96¾	
800	Am. Steel Foundries pf	86¾	79½	80¾	— ½
800	Am. Steel Foundries pf	86¾	79½	80	— ½
21,045	Am. Sugar Ref.	89¾	82¼	89	+ 5¾
2,400	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	99½	97¾	99	+ ¼
8,800	Am. Sumatra Tobacco	70¾	63	69¾	+ 1⅝
125	Am. Sumatra Tob. pf.	79¾	79¾	79¾	— ¾
10	Am. Tele. & Cable	48¾	48¾	48¾	— ¾
20,300	Am. Teleg. & Teleg.	98	84½	*93	— 1
16,100	Am. Tobacco	112¾	104¼	109¼	— 1½
15,800	Am. Tobacco ct. B	109¼	100¼	106¾	— 2¾
2,100	Am. Tobacco pf new	87¾	86¾	86¾	+ ¼
100	Am. Wholesale pf	90	90	90	+ ½
59,450	Am. Woolen	61¾	56¼	59	— 2¾
500	Am. Woolen pf	90	88½	90	— ¾
4,000	Am. Writing Paper pf.	31	29¾	30	— 2½
5,800	Am. Zinc L. & S.	6¼	5¾	6¼	— ⅛
1,400	Am. Zinc L. & S. pf.	30	27	29	— 2
70,000	Anaconda Copper	35	30	32	— 3
400	Assets Realization	2½	2⅜	2½	+ ⅛
2,300	Associated Dry Goods	18¾	18	18	
600	Associated D. G. 1st pf	54½	50	54½	— 1½
400	Associated D. G. 2d pf.	39	38	39	— 1
500	Associated Oil	88½	84	84	— 3
27,600	Atchison, Topeka & S.F.	81	76¾	80¾	+ 1⅝
5,700	Atchison, T. & S. F. pf	78	73¼	77¾	+ 2¾
4,200	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	5	4¼	4½	
1,800	Atlantic Coast Line	88¼	83¾	85½	+ ¾
3,500	Atlantic Fruit	7¾	6¾	7¼	+ ⅛
40,400	Atlantic Gulf & W. I.	106¾	97¼	102	— 1½
800	Atlantic G. & W. I. pf.	54⅝	53	53	— 1½
33	Atlantic Refining	980	925	925	—55
600	Atlantic Refining pf.	104¾	103¼	104¼	+ 1¼
2,100	Atlas Tack	17⅝	15¾	15¾	— 2
17,380	Austin Nichols	10	8¾	8¾	— 1⅛
1,400	Austin Nichols pf.	62	61	61	— 3½
105,700	BALDWIN LOCOMO.	86¾	78	82¼	— 3⅞
1,100	Baldwin Locomotive pf.	94	92¼	93	— 1½
46,200	Baltimore & Ohio	32½	30	32¼	+ ⅝
2,700	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	48¾	46¾	48	+ ½
920	Barnsdall class A	36	35	35½	
700	Barnsdall class B	37	36	34¾	— 1½
400	Barnet Leather	26	21½	26	+ 2¾
300	Barnet Leather pf.	60	60	60	—20
100	Barrett Co.	103	103	103	— 5½
2,000	Barrett Co. ctfs of dep.	106	102	105	4
1,300	Batopilas Mining	⅝	½	⅝	
2,300	Bethlehem Motors	2¾	2½	2½	— ⅛
2,200	Bethlehem Steel	51¼	47	51¼	+ 1½
50,250	Bethlehem Steel class B	51¾	48¾	53¾	+ 2
1,700	Bethlehem Steel 8% pf.	100¼	96½	97½	+ 1
5,000	Booth, Fisheries	3¾	3½	3½	— ⅛
10,000	Brooklyn R. T.	10	9⅞	10	+ ⅛
3,100	B. R. T. ctfs. of dep.	6¾	6½	6⅝	+ ¼
1,100	Brooklyn Union Gas	51	48	49½	— 1¼
350	Brown Shoe	39	38	39	
250	Brown Shoe pf	80	79½	80	
100	Brunswick T. & R. Sec.	5	3½	3	+ 1⅛
300	Buf., Roch. & Pitts.	62	60	62	— 3
5,200	Burns Brothers	81	76	81	
11,200	Butte Copper & Zinc	4¼	3¾	4	— ⅛
5,800	Butte & Superior	8⅝	8	8⅝	
1,700	Butterick Co.	11	10	11	+ ⅛
6,600	CADDO CENT. O. & R.	12	9½	12	+ ⅝
8,500	California Packing	61	53½	59	— 2⅝
1,400	Callahan Zinc Lead	5	4¼	4¾	— ⅛
18,500	California Petroleum	27½	24	26½	+ 2½
600	California Petroleum pf.	67	66¼	*66¾	— ½
600	Calumet & Arizona	42½	40	42	— 1
100	Canada Southern	39⅜	39⅜	39⅜	— ⅛
32,800	Canadian Pacific	115	106¾	113½	+ 1⅝
800	Case (J. I.) Plow	6⅝	5⅞	5¾	— ⅜
700	Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	79	71	73	— 6½
18,500	Central Leather Co.	53½	46¾	53⅜	+ 5¾
1,000	Central Leather pf.	85½	80¾	82¾	— 2⅞
100	C. R. R. of N. J.	190	190	190	
11,100	Cerro de Pasco Copper	26⅝	24½	25⅝	— ⅛
200	Certain-Teed Products	33	33	33	— 2
44,800	Chandler Motor	69¾	60	*63	— 1
21,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	56¾	51¾	55⅝	+ 1½
700	Chicago & Alton	7⅛	6⅝	7⅛	— ⅝
100	Chicago & Alton pf.	8	8	8	—11½
600	Chi. & E. Ill. eq. tr. c	7	6	6½	+ ⅛
400	Chi. & E. Ill. pf-eq. tr.	5	3	3¾	+ ⅛
8,200	Chicago Great West.	7⅜	6⅝	7¼	
4,000	Chicago Great West. pf	17½	15¾	17	
47,000	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul.	26¾	21	26	+ ⅞
36,600	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf	41	36¾	39¾	+ 1⅝
31,800	Chicago & Northwestern	66	60	64	— 2⅞
1,800	Chicago & N. W. pf.	102	100	100½	— 2
2,400	Chicago Pneumatic Tool	63¾	60	62	— 1
37,900	C., R. I. & P.	23½	21½	24⅞	
5,160	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf.	68¾	65	68¾	+ 2¾
4,600	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf.	59	55	58	+ 3
500	Chi., St. P. Minn. & Om	62	58	58	— 6½
45,200	Chile Copper	84	83	83¾	— 6¾
17,300	Chino Copper	18¾	16¾	17⅞	— ⅝
200	Cleve., Cin., C. & St. L.	33½	33	33½	+ 1
3,800	Cluett, Peabody	46	40½	41¾	— 5¼
100	Cluett, Peabody pf.	80	80	*80	— 3½
14,100	Coca-Cola	29⅝	28	28	— 1¾
3,900	Colorado Fuel & Iron	27	22	27	+ 2
200	Colorado Southern	23	22¾	24¼	+ ⅜
8,800	Columbia Gas & Elec.	33¼	32¼	33	+ ⅝
32,300	Columbia Graphophone	10½	9½	10¾	+ ⅛
500	Columbia Graph. pf.	63	58	58	— 4½
200	Computing Tab Record	35¼	35¼	35¼	+ 1½
600	Consolidated Cigar	53⅜	51½	53	+ ½
200	Consolidated Cigar pf.	72½	72	72½	— 1½
13,300	Consolidated Gas	77¾	71¾	75	— 2¾
4,500	Con. Interstate Cal. M.	5¾	4¾	4¾	— ⅝
3,000	Consolidated Textile	18½	17	17	— 1½
2,900	Continental Can	58¾	54¼	*55	— 4¼
14,000	Continental Candy	3¾	3¾	4¼	— ⅛
100	Continental Insurance	65¾	60¾	60¾	— 4⅝
34,700	Corn Prod. Refining	67¼	61	62¾	+ 1⅜
200	Corn Products Ref. pf.	97¾	97	97¾	— ¾
22,300	Cosden & Co.	28	24⅜	27½	
79,310	Crucible Steel	83½	74½	79½	— 2½
700	Crucible Steel pf.	82½	81½	82¼	+ ⅝
25,100	Cuba Cane Sugar	18⅝	16¾	18	+ ¼
13,000	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	58	53	57	
17,500	Cuban American Sugar	29½	21¾	27¾	+ 1⅝
300	DAVISON CHEMICAL	26	23¾	23¾	+ ⅜
900	De Beers Mines	16¾	15½	15¾	+ ⅜
3,400	Delaware & Hudson	96½	93	93¾	— 1¾
1,650	Dela., Lack. & W.	210	195	195	—20
1,100	Denver & Rio Grande	¾	⅝	⅝	— ⅛
12,900	Denver & Rio Grande pf	1⅞	1¾	1¾	+ ⅛
4,900	Dome Mines	10	9¼	9¾	— ⅛
100	Duluth, S. S. & A.	3	3	3	— ⅛
100	Durham Hosiery	32	32	32	— 4½
200	Durham Hosiery pf.	86	84	84	— 4
10	EASTMAN KODAK	495	495	495	—10
2,500	Elk Horn Coal	14¾	13½	14½	— ⅝
2,400	Emerson Brantingham	7	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
13,000	Endicott-Johnson	53	47	49½	— 2
1,800	Endicott-Johnson pf	85¾	84½	85	
25,300	Erie	13½	11¾	12¼	+ ⅜
11,500	Erie 1st pf	18¾	16¾	18	+ ¼
2,500	Erie 2d pf	13¾	12	13½	+ ⅞
20,900	FAMOUS PLAYER-L.	49½	40	46¾	+ 3½
2,800	Famous Player pf.	74	69	72	+ 1⅝
300	Federal Mining & Sm.	5¾	5	5¾	+ ⅛
1,600	Federal Mining & Sm. pf	24½	21¾	22½	— 2¼
600	Fisher Body	80¼	78	80¼	— 3½
12,200	Fisk Rubber	10¾	10	10¾	— ¼
7,000	Freeport Texas	14¾	12½	14¾	
7,400	GASTON WM. & W.	2¾	2	2⅛	
1,200	General Am. Tank Car	50	44¼	50	
36,900	General Asphalt	41⅜	35	39¾	— 1½
800	General Asphalt pf.	78¾	75	75¾	— 1½
1,200	Gen. Ch. cons cfs. dep.	123	123	123	+ ½
100	General Chemical pf.	83¾	83¾	83¾	— 6¾
2,100	General Cigar	54	51	53¾	— ¼
200	General Cigar pf.	84¾	84¾	84¾	— 3½
1,200	General Cigar deb pf.	82	78¾	*78¾	— ¾
19,500	General Electric	119¾	116¾	118¾	— ¾
58,800	General Motors	13⅞	12¾	13⅜	+ ⅛
800	General Motors pf	67½	66½	66½	— 2
5,400	General Motors 7% deb.	70¾	69	70¼	+ ⅞
5,500	General Motors 6% deb.	60¾	58¾	59½	— 1
22,000	Goodrich (B.F.) Co.	34	27	32	— ⅞
2,100	Goodrich pf	70	*72	72	— 1¾
1,800	Granby Consol.	18	15	17¾	— ⅛
700	Gray & Davis	11	9	10	— 1
37,900	Great Northern pf.	74¾	70¾	73	+ 1
26,000	Gt. Nor. Certs. for O. F.	26¾	25	25¾	— ½
4,500	Greene Cananea Copper	18	16	16¾	— 1⅛
1,600	Gulf States Steel.	29½	25	28	— ⅝
4,300	Gulf Mobile & North.	9	7⅝	9	+ ⅛
3,600	Gulf, Mobile & North. pf	22¾	18¾	22	+ ⅝
5,100	Guantanamo Sugar	12¾	11¾	12¾	— 1⅜
200	HARTMAN CORP.	69¾	69	69¾	— 1½
7,600	Haskell & Barker	55	51½	53	— 1½
1,400	Hendee Mfg.	15	13½	15	+ 1
800	Homestake Mining	50	48	50	
26,900	Houston Oil	67¾	55¼	64¾	— 2¾
11,300	Hupp Motor Car	10¾	9¼	9¾	+ ⅛
100	Hydraulic Steel	19	19	19	
8,200	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	85¾	83	83¾	+ 2¾
100	Illinois Cen., leased lines	56¾	56¼	56¾	
4,200	Indiahoma Ref.	6¾	5¾	*6	+ ⅛
100	Indian Refining	14½	14½	14½	— ¾
160	Indian Refining pf.	82	82	82	—15

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
44,985	Inspiration Copper	39¾	28	28	— 3½
3,400	Interboro Consolidated	4¾	3½	4	+ ¼
4,800	Interboro Cons. pf.	10¾	9¼	9¾	+ ½
1,700	Int. Agricultural	16	9¾	10	+ ½
2,400	Int. Agricultural pf.	47¾	40¼	47¾	+ 1½
8,200	Int. Harvester, new	86	93¼	*93¾	+ 1⅝
300	Int. Harvester pf. new	104	101½	104	+ 3
16,300	Int. Mer. Marine	12	10¾	12	— ⅜
28,300	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	49¾	46¾	49	+ 1
4,000	Int. Motor Truck pf.	32¾	29	32½	+ 2½
200	Int. Motor Truck 1st pf	70¾	70¼	70¼	+ ½
44,500	Int. Nickel	12¾	11¾	12¾	
1,000	Int. Nickel pf.	70½	70	70½	+ ½
30,800	Int. Paper	46¾	39¼	44	— 3⅝
50	Int. Paper pf.	85	85	85	
428	Int. Paper pf. stamped	70	60	60	— 2
14,800	Invincible Oil	22¾	19	21⅝	— ⅜
600	Iowa Central	6¾	6	6	
2,900	Iron Products	30¾	27¾	30¾	+ ⅝
61,400	Island Oil & Trans.	4¾	4	4¼	— ¼
1,800	JEWEL TEA	3¾	3½	3½	+ ⅛
700	Jewel Tea pf.	8¾	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
2,600	Jones Bros. Tea	14¾	13¾	13¾	— 1¼
10,300	KANS. CITY SO.	18¾	15½	18	+ 1⅛
1,300	Kansas City So. pf.	43	41¾	42¼	— 1¼
150	Kan. City Pt. & M. pf	58	58	58	— 2
900	Kayser (Julius) & Co.	70¾	70	70¼	+ ⅛
12,400	Kelly Springf. Tire	33¾	25½	32½	— ⅞
800	Kelsey Wheel	38	36	30½	— 2⅞
100	Kelsey Wheel pf.	82	82	82	
47,600	Kennecott Copper	17	14¾	15¾	— 1¼
10,300	Keystone Tire & Rub.	7¾	6¾	7	
15,500	LACKAWANNA STL.	50¾	45	48¾	+ 1
500	Laclede Gas	39	37½	39	
200	Lake Erie & Western	12	12	12	+ ½
800	Lake Erie & West. pf.	25½	23	25½	+ 1½
2,200	Lee Rubber & Tire	17	15¾	17	+ ⅞
17,800	Lehigh Valley	53¼	49	51¾	— 1½
600	Liggett & Myers	130	128¾	128¾	— 1½
220	Liggett & Myers pf.	96¾	95	95¾	+ ¾
30,900	Loew's Inc	16¾	14½	15¾	— 1¼
6,300	Loft, Inc.	10¾	9½	9⅝	— ⅛
300	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	28	27½	27½	— 2½
100	Loose-Wiles Bis. 1st pf	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	— 1⅛
100	Loose-Wiles Bis. 2d pf.	100	100	100	— 3¼
4,800	Lorillard (P.) Co.	126	120¼	126	+ 1
700	Lorillard (P.) Co. pf.	99	97¾	99	+ 1
2,900	Louisville & Nashville	99	96⅞	98	+ ⅛
800	MACKAY COS.	56⅝	56	56	— 1
600	Mackay Cos. pf.	57	56	56	— 1½
600	Mallinson & Co.	10½	9	9¼	— ⅞
400	Mallinson & Co. pf.	50	47	47	— 6
3,800	Manati Sugar	68	63¾	65½	— 3¼
1,800	Manhattan Elevated	46½	44⅝	45½	— 1¼
200	Manhattan Shirt	16	16	16	
600	Marlin-Rockwell	17	14¾	14¾	— 1½
600	Martin-Parry	12¾	11	12	
1,100	Mathieson Alkali	16	14½	15	— ⅜
800	Maxwell Motors	2½	2	2	— ½
200	Maxwell Motors 1st pf.	4¾	3¾	3¾	— ⅛
1,800	Do ctfs. of dep. stamped	4	3½	3½	— ⅛
300	Maxwell Motors 2d pf.	3½	2½	3¼	+ ⅛
2,400	Do ctfs of dep. stamped	1¾	1½	1⅝	— ⅛
1,100	May Dept. Stores	89½	85	89½	+ ½
31,800	Mexican Petroleum	162	150½	157¾	+ ¾
300	Mexican Petroleum pf.	94	90	90	— 6¾
11,500	Miami Copper	15½	14½	15	— ¼
46,700	Middle States Oil	12¾	10¾	12¾	+ ¼
57,800	Midvale Steel	30½	29¾	30¼	— ⅝
7,200	Minn. & St. Louis new	10	8½	10	— ¼
900	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	68¾	66	68¾	+ ¼
200	M., S. P. & S. S. M. 1	55	54	55	— 1
6,300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	3½	2¾	3	
3,800	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf.	4¾	4	4½	+ ¼
34,000	Missouri Pacific	17⅝	11½	16¼	— ⅝
17,200	Missouri Pacific pf.	37¾	32¾	36½	+ ½
800	Montana Power	48½	47½	48	— 1
100	Montana Power pf.	93	93	93	— ⅝
15,000	Montgomery-Ward	14¾	12¾	13¾	— ⅝
1,000	Mullins Body	20½	19¾	20½	
3,200	NATIONAL ACME	28	25¼	28½	— 2¼
6,800	N. A. & C. cons. c.of d.	48	45¾	47¾	— ⅛
1,100	Do pf cons. cfs. of dep	85½	83¼	85¾	+ ⅜
2,100	National Biscuit	103	100	100¾	+ 1½
100	National Biscuit pf.	107	107	107	
600	National Cloak & Suit.	27½	26¾	26¾	— 2⅝
800	National Cloak & Suit pf	69¾	68	68	— 2⅝
8,400	Nat. Conduit & Cable	3	2	3	+ ½
5,100	Nat. Enam. & Stamp.	46½	45	46¼	— ¼
4,700	National Lead	67¾	63⅜	67	— ⅝
200	National Lead pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼	— 1¾
6,200	Nat. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	5	3½	4¾	+ ⅛
15,400	Nevada Consol. Copper	8¾	8¼	8¾	
500	New Orl., Texas & Mex.	58	55	58	— ½
1,700	New York Air Brake	81	78	78¾	— 2⅜
40,900	New York Central	69⅞	66	68¾	+ ¼
2,700	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	54	51	51⅞	— ⅛
1,900	New York Dock	18½	16¼	18½	+ 1⅜
300	New York Dock pf.	42	35¾	42	+ 3¾
41,600	N. Y., N. H. & H.	17⅝	16½	16¾	— ¾
2,100	N. Y., Ont. & Western	17¼	16½	17⅜	+ ⅜
1,400	Norfolk Southern	13	9	10	— 3
9,000	Norfolk & Western	96½	92¼	96½	+ 6⅜
100	Norfolk & Western pf.	67	67	67	
2,400	North American

Orders executed and inquiries invited in all listed stocks and bonds

A.A. Housman & Co.

MEMBERS:
New York Stock Exchange
New York Cotton Exchange
N. Y. Coffee & Sugar Exchange
New York Produce Exchange
Chicago Board of Trade
Associate Members of
Liverpool Cotton Association

20 Broad Street, New York

BRANCH OFFICES:
25 West 33d Street, New York City
Liberty Building, Philadelphia
Amsterdam, Holland

Preferred Stocks

of sound public utility companies are particularly desirable investments under existing conditions. Gross earnings of such companies are relatively stable, they have no large inventories to mark down and declining commodity prices will reduce operating expenses.

We are recommending for investment several preferred stocks of this type which yield

8% to 9%

Offerings will be submitted upon request.

Stone & Webster
INCORPORATED
120 Broadway, New York
Telephone Rector 6020

Boston Chicago

Exempt from Federal Income Taxes

$250,000

Los Angeles, Cal.

School District 5½s

Due 1944-1959 Inclusive

Interest and Principal Payable in New York City

Price to Yield 5.20%

Descriptive circular upon request

STACY & BRAUN
5 Nassau Street,
Toledo New York Cincinnati

Oil Exploration

More than half the world's oil reserves are believed to be concentrated in two intercontinental areas; one of these oil-rich reserves includes the North American and South American countries bordering the Caribbean Sea, and the other includes the countries of western Asia and southwestern Europe, with the Caucasus as an axis. On these two areas, then, is focused the attention of the great nations that most need oil. We have no doubt that within the next five years more money will be spent on exploration for oil than probably has been expended in the entire history of the industry.

J.R. Bridgeford & Co.
111 Broadway New York

United States
TREASURY
CERTIFICATES
of Indebtedness
ALL MATURITIES
March 15, 1921
to
December 15, 1921
BOUGHT AND SOLD

DISCOUNT HOUSE OF
Salomon Bros. & Hutzler
Members of the New York Stock Exchange

New York Office
27 Pine Street
Telephone John 4380

Boston Office
35 Congress St.
Telephone Fort Hill 6640

PITTSBURGH MILLS

Steel Corporation, Operating at Above 90 Per Cent., Closes Few Plants.

ITS BOOKINGS CALLED FAIR

Readjustment in Prices and Supplies Soon to Be Completed—January Improvement Inevitable.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 28.—On account of the preponderance of United States Steel Corporation plants, the Pittsburgh district observes much less decrease in steel mill activity than is to be seen elsewhere. For several weeks the line between Steel Corporation and independent mill operations has been more and more sharply drawn, just as for about a year there was a wide gap between prices of the Corporation and the independents. The former has been operating at above 90 per cent. measured by the rate of producing steel ingots, while in the last week or two independents throughout the country have been averaging about 35 per cent. or less.

Many independent plants not previously idle closed last night for the holiday week at least and next week the majority of the independents will be closed entirely. Some resumptions will occur on Monday, Jan. 3, and in other cases at a later date, depending on the volume of specifications accumulated during the idle period. The Steel Corporation is closing few plants or departments over the holidays. In the Pittsburgh district it closes nearly all departments in the Pennsylvania and National Tube Works, in one case for repairs and in the other to allow departments that were behind to catch up.

The independent market on pipe remains $7 to $10 a ton above the Steel Corporation on Industrial Board level, this reflecting a much heavier consuming demand than has lately existed in other finished steel products. The inevitable decline will probably occur within the next few weeks. In the other steel products, for which the independent market declined to the Steel Corporation level about four weeks ago, no important shading has yet appeared. Most of the leading independents, if not all, are firmly attached to the regular scale of prices. They assert that with the present wage scale and other items of cost it is impossible to cut without incurring a loss.

As to wage reductions, a few have occurred, at Buffalo, Johnstown and Wheeling, for instance, but not in all the mills. The reductions average about 20 per cent., overtime payments, established Oct. 1, 1919, being discontinued. Very likely wage reductions will eventually be general but not until the cost of living has experienced an important decline. It seems to be established that the Steel Corporation will not even consider wages at this time.

The steel market is invariable dull in December, and the dullness that has lately obtained is therefore not remarkable. As a matter of fact there has been more buying than is generally recognized, as the Steel Corporation has had very fair booking considering the circumstances, probably fully equal to one-half the current shipments. The American Sheet and Tin Plate Company, which opened its order books for a new period on December 2, is booking more than double as much tonnage this month than it is shipping, and in the past fortnight the company has had heavier shipments than in any two weeks for more than two years. More than 95 per cent. of the company's sheet mills have been in operation.

In steel prices and steel supplies the readjustment has started promptly, and will easily be completed in short order. Prices are down to a fair basis and consumers have very light stocks, or soon will have. An improvement in January is regarded as inevitable, though full operation of the mills can not be expected in the near future.

Contrary to the common expectation, the independent rail mills have decided to sell rails at the Steel Corporation prices of $45 for Bessemer and $47 for open-hearth, and rail orders for 1921 will be on a larger scale than would otherwise have been the case. As a result of the decline the Pennsylvania Railroad has distributed orders for 200,000 tons for replacements, and if all roads buy in the same proportion the replacement demand will aggregate between 1,500,000 and 2,000,000 tons for the year.

The pig iron market continues stagnant, with additional furnaces out of blast and others contemplating blowing out. Quotations show no change.

Strip steel mills report that the price reductions made last week, to 3.50c for hot rolled strip and 6.25c for cold rolled strip, have brought out a moderate volume of releases, and thus have done some good. There has been practically no new buying, the business obtained being simply in the direction of shipments being permitted against old contracts, which were readjusted to the new prices. It is expected with considerable confidence that there will be a fair amount of new buying immediately after Jan. 1.

While the independent market on wire nails is quotable at 3.25, on the basis that there is a large independent seller at that price, not filled up, and, therefore, able to accept orders, it remains the fact that the other independents in general are adhering to a price of $3.75 or higher. It is now definitely reported that a number of the independents will reduce their official price to $3.25 on Jan. 1. If so, the general or common asking price will be 3.25c. for plain wire and $3.25 for nails. As to cement-coated nails, the $3.85 quotation formerly common has disappeared entirely. Outside of the prominent interest that has been quoting $2.65 for some time past, the regular quotation is now $3.35. There is a rumor as to cement-coated nails similar to that with respect to bright nails, that on Jan. 1 a number of producers now quoting $3.35 will reduce to $2.85.

Nearly all the pipe mills are operating practically full, and thus pipe continues to be altogether exceptional among finished steel products. Furthermore, the prospects are that most of the mills will continue to operate full for some time to come, though some of them will be producing against stock rather than against orders. With revision in orders and specifications the independent mills as a class have several weeks of hard work ahead of them. As to the leading interest, it is filled with business now, and estimates made by its customers indicate that requirements in 1921 will be larger than the supplies furnished in the last year. It continues to operate at capacity and to ship out of stock to the limit of its loading capacity, in addition to current production. The company is operating all twelve of its blast furnaces, having recently blown in two stacks that had been idle for lack of coke. The price list common among the independents is 3½ points less basing discount than the standard, with slight variations on some sizes, so that the price difference is $7 to $10 a ton. The particularly heavy demand for pipe has delayed an adjustment of prices similar to that which took place in other steel commodities.

The market in bars, shapes and plates shows no improvement over the dullness indicated last week. There is a little business going but it is in extremely small lots. The leading interest is booking some tonnages of consequence, this being apparently due in chief part to some consumers who have not hitherto been on the steel corporation's order books taking advantage of the present opportunity to secure a place. However, the corporation cannot freely give places to all applicants at this time, as they are not being vacated and productive capacity is not being increased. Western mills are ignoring the Pittsburgh basing and are giving the customer a part of their freight advantage.

Thus far no shading in sheet prices has been definitely reported. Actual bookings of sheet orders are relatively light. There is very little prompt business being placed, and as to contracts that branch of the market is moving somewhat slowly also. The independents are able to book contract business for the with the business that holds over from this half year, and its first half contracts really involve second quarter deliveries. These contracts are not moving rapidly compared with the way that contracts have been snapped up in the past, but a very fair volume of business has already been booked. In the last weeks the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company has had the heaviest operation of its sheet mills for any time in more than two years, with an average of over 95 per cent. Shipments are being made rapidly, and taken by customers with avidity. Independent sheet mill operations continue to decrease so rapidly that a close estimate for the rate at present is impossible, but it is without doubt well under 50 per cent.

The leading interest has operated its tin mills on an average of over 80 per cent. in the last three weeks, and there continues to be a good demand for deliveries of sheet, although buying demand for tinplate is extremely light. As most of the independents are almost out of orders, slowness in contracting presages rather light operation for these mills in the fore part of the new year. As to the leading interest, however, there is a carryover from this year equal to about three months of operation, so that the booking of fresh contracts at this time is of minor importance. A few of the independent tin mills are operating fairly well, say at over 60 per cent., but the majority are either closed or are operating at very low rates.

MANY LOW PRICES FOR YEAR.

Advances and Declines in Commodities Last Week, but Trend Lower.

In the list of eighteen leading commodities, prices of which are regularly published in THE TIMES, seven touched on the wholesale markets the lowest price of the year last week. These were cotton, copper, lead, iron, coffee, lard and pork. One of these, seven, coffee, was quoted on Wednesday at the low price of the entire war period, that price being the same as the figure reached on Sept. 2, 1915.

Commodity markets moved much in line with the stock market last week, declining rapidly until Thursday, then as a rule recovering. As a consequence of the recovery, five articles—wheat, butter, copper, iron and lead—ended the week with a net advance, while eight others, comprising corn, oats, cotton, coffee, eggs, lard, beef and tin, ended with a net decline.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Friday, a week before and a year ago:

	Dec. 24.	Dec. 17.	Dec. 24.
FOODSTUFFS:	1920.	1920.	1919
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.98½	$1.97	$2.50
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.93	.99¼	1.61¼
Oats, No. 2 white	.60	.62	.96
Flour, Minn. patent	9.50	9.50	15.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.06¾	.06⅝	.15½
Sugar, granulated	.08	.08	.09
Butter, cream, 92 score	.56	.55	.70
Eggs, fresh - gathered firsts, per dozen	.73	.74	.69
Lard, prime	13.60	14.10	23.25
Pork, mess	30.00	30.00	47.00
Beef, family	27.00	28.00	27.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2X, Phila	34.79	34.00	41.10
Steel billets, Pitts	43.50	43.50	48.00
Lead	4.75	4.70	7.15
Copper	13.75	13.50	18.75
Tin	32.50	34.00	57.25
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	15.25	16.00	39.25
Printcloths	.07¾	.03⅝	.14

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	—Highest.—		—Lowest.—	
Wheat	$3.25	Jan. 7	$1.79	Nov. 27
Corn	2.31⅝	May 15	.94½	Nov. 27
Oats	1.50	May 7	.60	Nov. 22
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	9.00	Dec. 1
Coffee	.16¾	Jan. 11	.06⅝	Dec. 22
Sugar	.23	July 12	.08	Dec. 17
Butter	.77	Apr. 24	.51½	Dec. 4
Eggs	.89	Dec. 10	.42½	Mar. 12
Lard	23.50	Jan. 9	13.35	Dec. 20
Pork	47.00	Jan. 2	29.50	Dec. 21
Beef	28.00	Oct. 19	20.00	May 12
Iron	53.51	Aug. 31	33.00	Dec. 23
Steel	65.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 2
Lead	9.50	Mar. 15	4.50	Dec. 22
Tin	65.25	Jan. 11	32.00	Dec. 14
Copper	19.50	Jan. 5	13.25	Dec. 21
Cotton	43.75	July 22	14.50	Dec. 22
Printcloths	.16¾	Apr. 13	.05½	Nov. 30

Highest and lowest prices for the principal commodities in the war period, Jan. 1, 1914, to date:

Wheat	$3.50	May 15,'17	$0.86¼	June 30,'14
Corn	2.45	July 31,'17	.67¾	Jan. 21,'14
Oats	1.50	May 7,'20	.43½	Apr. 18,'14
Flour	17.00	May 12,'17	4.15	June 25,'14
Coffee	.25¼	June 23,'19	.06⅝	Sep. 2,'15
Sugar	.23	July 12,'20	.03¾	Apr. 8,'14
Lard	36.50	June 16,'19	7.80	July 12,'15
Pork	60.00	June 29,'19	15.50	Sep. 1,'15
Beef	42.00	Apr. 16,'19	17.25	Jan. 3,'16
Iron	55.00	July 13,'17	14.37½	Mar. 26,'15
Steel	100.00	June 13,'17	19.00	June 24,'14
Copper	24.50	Dec. 12,'18	12.50	Aug. 8,'14
Tin	112.00	May 7,'20	29.95	Jan. 25,'15
Cotton	43¾	July 22,'20	.07	Dec. 11,'14
Printcloths	.16¾	Apr. 13,'20	.02⅝	Jan. 3,'15

SETS NEW RECORDS

More Gross Tonnage Moved and Car Mileage Increased, Says Cuyler.

SEES NO BID FOR RATE RISE

Asserts Private Ownership and Operation of Railroads Has Been Justified.

Thomas DeWitt Cuyler, Chairman of the Association of Railway Executives, has prepared a comprehensive review of the railroad situation for 1920. In it he says that this has been the record year of American railroad operation and that so far as he knows there will be no application by the carriers for higher rate schedules after the turn of the year. In the review he said:

"This is the record year of American railroad operation. Not only has a larger gross tonnage been moved than ever before, but new records have been established in the amount of transportation gotten out of each car. Even during the war year of 1918 the highest performance was 484 ton miles per car per day, while for August, 1920, the average was 557, and for September and October, 565.

"In the nine full months since the Government turned back the railroads to their owners on March 1, the railroad companies under private operation have:

1. Increased the average movement per freight car per day 6.3 miles—from 22.3 to 28.6 miles.
2. Increased the average load per car 1.7 tons—from 28.3 to 30 tons.
3. Made substantial reduction in the number of unserviceable locomotives.
4. Reduced the accumulation of loaded but unmoved freight cars from 103,237 on March 1 to 21,391 on Dec. 3, of which only 6,386 were detained because of the inability of the railroads to move them.
5. Relocated approximately 180,000 box cars from the East to the West for the movement of farm produce.
6. Relocated approximately 180,000 open top cars from the West to the East to keep up the production of coal.
7. Moved the third highest coal production in the history of the country.
8. Spent over $500,000,000 extra on improving the maintenance of tracks, bridges, cars and locomotives.
9. Contracted to spend about $250,000,000, largely out of earnings, for additions and betterments to promote the movement of cars.
10. Made arrangements to purchase approximately 50,000 new freight cars, 1,500 new locomotives and 1,000 new passenger cars.
11. Begun the reconstruction of thousands of old cars.
12. Moved—with a deteriorated plant, under disturbed labor and business conditions—the largest volume of traffic ever known in a single year, with the highest efficiency yet achieved, and with a minimum addition to the value of the property on which the public has to pay a return through rates.

In conclusion Mr. Cuyler said:

"The statement is being made in various quarters that the railroads will shortly seek a further increase in rates. I know of no movement on the part of the railroads for a general increase in rates, nor do I expect any. It is true that the railroad companies are not yet receiving from the increased rates anything like the 6 per cent. return needed. But the railway executives realize that they are trustees of a great public interest in the reduction of railroad operating expenses to the lowest possible figure, and every effort will be made during the coming year to accomplish this by further economies and efficiency.

"Private ownership and operation of railroads as a measure of sound public policy rests largely upon its superior efficiency and economy. In my judgment the American railroad companies during the present year have fully justified, and during the coming year will make every effort to continue to justify, the support and confidence which public opinion in gratifying measure has already accorded them."

1920 INCOME TAX FORMS.

Distribution of Certain Classes Will Begin on Jan. 3.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Distribution of forms for filing income tax returns for 1920 will begin Jan. 3, the Bureau of Internal Revenue announced tonight. Collectors for each of the sixty-four districts, the bureau said, will simultaneously release six classes of forms on that date.

The forms to be sent out, the bureau said, are for making returns on corporation income and profits taxes, merchant marine corporation profits taxes, and government contract profits taxes, information as to subsidiary or affiliated corporations, schedule of taxable interest on Liberty bonds and certificates of inventory.

Province of Buenos Aires 6's
DUE 1960

Principal and interest payable in dollars in New York.

Redeemable at 100 by semi-annual drawings of $604,912.50 of this issue on June 14 and December 14 each year.

At present price, yield on this bond varies from 10.70% to 59%, according to date on which drawn.

We believe this bond offers unusual opportunities for profit, and that it ranks among the best of foreign securities in the market to-day. We recommend its purchase.

Price and details upon request

Kelley, Drayton & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Lord's Court Building
40 Exchange Place, New York City
Telephone Broad 6291

American Tobacco Scrip

RIGHTS
General Electric
Southern Pacific
Tidewater Oil
Nat'l Park Bank
Corn Exchange
Home Insurance

SCRIPS
Tobacco Products
Porto Rican Am. Tob.
Owens Bottle

SPECIALISTS IN RIGHTS AND SCRIPS

McDONNELL & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
120 Broadway Tel. Rector 7560
Direct Private Wire to San Francisco

High Interest Rates

—from the best grade of securities will not be available indefinitely.

Investments made now should insure high interest returns during a future period of lower rates, and at a time when the purchasing power of the dollar will be closer to a normal basis.

Write for our Investment Recommendations

P.W. Chapman & Co.
INVESTMENT BANKERS
115 Broadway, New York
Telephone: Rector 2190
112 South La Salle Street, Chicago

Lists of Bonds

- ☐ **Public Utilities** Yielding 7.25% to Over 8%
- ☐ **Railroads** Yielding 5.75% to 8.90%
- ☐ **Industrials** Yielding 7.70% to 10.40%
- ☐ **Foreign Gov'ts** (Payable in Dollars) Yielding 8% to 8.50%

Indicate the bonds you are interested in by marking inside box.

Clip this advertisement —return it to us

and we will furnish list of selected bonds. Present prices of high grade issues offer exceptional income returns and possibilities for substantial enhancement.

You may write your name and address in the space below.

ROBERT S. ROSS
INCORPORATED
56 Pine Street, New York
Telephone John 6113

REGISTER
YOUR SECURITIES

We have available for distribution an index which will enable the security owner to keep conveniently posted as to dividends, interest dates and miscellaneous items pertaining to his particular holdings.

A copy will be mailed to any investor interested.

H. M. JACOBY & CO.
51 Liberty St. New York

NEW ISSUE

Exempt from all Federal and New York State Income Taxes

$360,000

City of Albany, N.Y.

5% Serial Bonds

Dated January 1, 1921. Registered Bonds. $1,000 denomination. $300,000 School Bonds, $60,000 City Hall Equipment Bonds. Interest payable January 1, and July 1.

Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in New York, Massachusetts, Connecticut and Other Eastern States.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT
(as of January 1, 1921)

Total assessed valuation		$126,065,695
Total bonded debt (including this issue)		$3,010,600
Water Debt	$1,409,500	
Sinking Fund	$1,054,526	$2,464,026
Net Bonded Debt		$546,573

Net bonded debt about 5% of assessed valuation
Population (1920) census 113,334

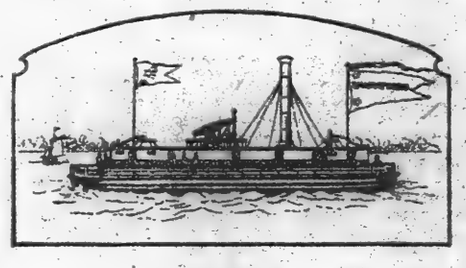
AMOUNTS, MATURITIES AND YIELD

$18,000	Jan. 1922	yielding	5.75%	$18,000 Jan.	1933	yielding	4.70%
18,000	" 1923	"	5.25%	18,000 "	1934	"	4.70%
18,000	" 1924	"	5.25%	18,000 "	1935	"	4.70%
18,000	" 1925	"	5.00%	18,000 "	1936	"	4.70%
18,000	" 1926	"	5.00%	18,000 "	1937	"	4.70%
18,000	" 1927	"	4.90%	18,000 "	1938	"	4.70%
18,000	" 1928	"	4.90%	18,000 "	1939	"	4.70%
18,000	" 1929	"	4.80%	18,000 "	1940	"	4.70%
18,000	" 1930	"	4.80%	18,000 "	1941	"	4.70%
18,000	" 1931	"	4.70%				

Legality of this issue has been approved by Messrs. Reed, Dougherty & Hoyt, Attorneys, New York City

BARR & SCHMELTZER
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 Wall Street New York
Telephone Rector 4500

The information and figures in the above are taken from official reports and other sources and have been relied upon by us in the purchase of these securities.



The Era of Decreasing Distances

THE establishment of the first steam ferry to Brooklyn in 1814 by Robert Fulton, Robert Livingston and William Cutting, the two latter among the founders of the Bank of the Manhattan Company, was only another step in the constant process of knitting the people closer together, in which men associated with the Bank figured so prominently. Livingston, whose help and enthusiasm made possible Fulton's steamboat, Cutting, Nicholas Roosevelt, Col. John Stevens, who built the first locomotive and first championed railroads—these men were indeed pioneer experimenters in the application of steam which foreshadowed the great era of transportation development. Today, as a result, the Bank is extending its 121 year old service of credits and counsel to business men in New York marketing goods, not only throughout the Americas but all over the world.

BANK of the MANHATTAN COMPANY
ESTABLISHED 1799
40 WALL STREET
Capital $5,000,000 Surplus and Undivided Profits $16,146,494.20

UPTOWN OFFICE:—31 Union Square, New York
QUEENS BOROUGH OFFICES:—Jamaica, Flushing, Long Island City, Far Rockaway, Rockaway Beach, Seaside, Richmond Hill, Elmhurst, Corona, College Point, Woodhaven, Ridgewood, Fresh Pond
BROOKLYN OFFICES:—St. John's Place and Cypress Hills

OFFICERS

PRESIDENT
STEPHEN BAKER

FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT
RAYMOND E. JONES

VICE-PRESIDENTS
JAMES McNEIL
R.D. FORSTER
HARRY T. HALL
EDWIN S. LAFFEY
F.A. BOWLBY
D.H. PIERSON
FRANK L. HILTON
V.W. SMITH
JOHN STEWART BAKER

CASHIER
O.E. SAYNTER

ASSISTANT CASHIERS
W.F. MOORE
L.E. GREGORY
H.M. BUCKLIN
W.A. RUSH
GEO. E. DOWNING
E.S. MACDONALD
O.G. ALEXANDER

DIRECTORS
J.E. ALDRED
STEPHEN BAKER
B.H. BORDEN
MICHAEL FRIEDSAM
WALTER JENNINGS
RAYMOND E. JONES
G. HOWLAND LEAVITT
HENRY E. MeHARG
GEORGE McNEIR
ARTHUR G. METER
JOHN C. MOORE
CHARLES E. POTTS
SAMUEL SLOAN
WILLIAM SLOANE
JAMES SPEYER
CARL F. STURHAHN
GEORGE ZABRISKIE

Correspondence Invited

We invite correspondence on Stock Market commitments and all investment subjects. Frequent analytical reports issued and mailed gratis. Special weekly Cotton letter and Grain review sent upon request.

E. W. Wagner & Co.
Established 1887
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, N. Y. Cotton Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade
33 NEW STREET, NEW YORK
208 SO. LaSALLE ST., CHICAGO
Branches 14 East 44th St., Mad. Av. @ 42nd St., 26 Court St., B'klyn

---

MUNICIPAL BONDS
EXEMPT FROM ALL GOVERNMENT TAXES

†$289,000 City of Scranton, Pa. 5s Aug. 1, 1921-50	4.70%
*232,000 City of Hoboken, N. J. 6s Dec. 1, 1926	5.50
*70,000 T'nship Linden, N. J. 6s Dec. 1, 1926	5.60
*10,000 Hudson County, N. J. 4s May 1, 1959	5.00

†Free of all Taxes in State of Pennsylvania.
*Free of all Taxes in the State of New Jersey.

Circulars Descriptive of the Above Issues Sent Upon Request.

M. M. FREEMAN & CO.
421 Chestnut Street Telephone Lombard 710 Philadelphia

"Via All America"

JOHN L. MERRILL, Pres.
Main Cable Office, 80 Broad Street
Telephone Broad 7470
BRANCH OFFICES:
500 Fifth Ave. Phone Vanderbilt 9064
296 Fifth Ave., " Mad. Sq. 9656
126 Franklin St. " Franklin 274
30 Spruce St., " Beekman 2788

ARGENTINA

In 1919, nearly 34% of Argentina's total imports amounting to $483,082,000, came from the United States, and nearly 21% of her exports, amounting to $778,416,000, were exported to the United States.

ALL AMERICA CABLES

has been of greatest aid to American importers and exporters dealing with Argentina.

"Rights"
National Park Bank
Corn Exchange Bank
Home Insurance Co.

CLINTON GILBERT
2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4848 Rector

AMERICAN
LIGHT & TRACTION CO.
COMMON STOCK
To Net About 11%
(Has paid quarterly dividends since 1906)
Lower operating costs and greatly increased earnings.
Particulars on Request.
MAC QUOID & COADY
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
14 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 5970

Jacob A. Noble Theodore G. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
30 Broad St. New York

Chase Nat. Bk.	New Jersey Zinc
Equitable Trust	Curtiss Aero Pfd

Telephone 1111 Broad

We Finance
Electric power and light enterprises with records of established earnings.
Electric Bond & Share Co.
(Paid-Up Capital and Surplus $35,000,000)
71 Broadway, New York.

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
At Forty-first Street
New York
London Paris
Foreign Exchange
Administrator Guardian
Member Federal Reserve System and New York Clearing House

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK
Fifth Avenue & Forty-fourth St.
New York
BANKING HOURS FROM 9 A. M. TO 6 P. M.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS 9 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

Hydraulic Power 5s, 1951
Pacific Light & Power 5s, 1951
Shawinigan W. & Pr. 5½s, '50
Toronto Power 5s, 1924
Tri-City Ry. & Lt. 5s, '30, '23
Nor. Ontario Lt. & Pr. 6s, 1931
Cedar Rap. Mfg. & Pr. 5s, '53
Mil. El. Ry. & Lt. 4½s, 1931
Wis. River Power 5s, 1951
Wis. River Power 5s, 1941
Com. Ry. Lt. & Pr. Com. & Pf.

PYNCHON & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 970
LONDON LIVERPOOL PARIS
PRIVATE WIRES
to principal cities of United States & Canada

We will Buy or Sell
Railroad Securities Co.
Illinois Cent. Stock Coll. 4s
Due 1952

Specialists in
Foreign Bonds
Liberty Bonds
Coupon—Registered
All issues and denominations

"Baby" Bonds
$100 & $500 pieces
All Issues
Hartshorne & Battelle
Members New York Stock Exchange
25 Broad St. New York
TELEPHONE: BROAD 7740

Railroad Bonds
The low price of high grade railroad bonds should not be overlooked by the investor seeking unusual profit combined with a wide margin of safety.
We specialize in railroad bonds and shall be pleased to recommend a list for your particular investment needs.
Inquiries Invited
BOND DEPARTMENT
Prince & Whitely
Established 1878
Members New York Stock Exchange
52 Broadway Tel. Broad 6323

There are
Tremendous Opportunities
for sound and profitable investment in securities of sound enterprises not generally known.
As specializing brokers in the
Stocks and bonds of
Prosperous Industries
not listed on any exchange, we can produce investments of great basic value, and yielding a higher return than listed securities of equal merit.
Description of two securities providing above opportunities sent on request.
ALFRED F. INGOLD & CO
UNLISTED SECURITIES
74 Broadway - New York.
Telephone 3994-5-6-7

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Private Wires to
WABSTOSEO MONTREAL
CHICAGO TORONTO
JENKS, GWYNNE & CO.
11 Broadway, N. Y.
Tel. DENVER 7474
NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
AND N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

ERA OF PROSPERITY

With the Whole World "Undernourished," Deflation Will Cure Ills.

ADVICE TO BUSINESS MEN

Pay Less Attention to the Ticker—Wages Must Come Down—Sales Tax Favored.

There is no need for a long-continued business depression in the United States if the leaders of industrial enterprises will rid themselves of unfounded fear of the future, according to Daniel Guggenheim, of Guggenheim Brothers, who through agents of his various business enterprises has been making a study of the industrial situation in different parts of the country.

In an interview given to a reporter for THE NEW YORK TIMES Mr. Guggenheim said he believed that this fear of the future was a great factor in the present industrial depression. He advised business men to cease watching Wall Street and pay more attention to their own business and its development. Mr. Guggenheim declared that the whole world was "undernourished," and expressed confidence that the people of the United States would soon regain their optimism and confidence and would take a leading part in the reconstruction of the world.

"What is your opinion as to the cause of the present situation?" Mr. Guggenheim was asked.

"The people are frightened," he replied, "and to a great extent unnecessarily and unjustifiably so."

"Upon what do you base that belief?"

"Recently we sent some of our men through the country to find out conditions in the Western part of the United States," Mr. Guggenheim said. "They studied the industrial conditions in Missouri, Texas, California, Washington, Idaho, Montana, Colorado, Utah and Nebraska. They were impressed by the fact that the pessimism rife in the East has not permeated into the West, except among those few people more or less closely connected with Wall Street. Although a large number have suffered reverses, they have a great fundamental confidence in America's future. The farmer, rancher, miner and merchant have sustained severe losses. They seem, however, to feel that this was inevitable after the boom times of war and that, prices now having reached a lower level and with reduced cost of supplies and labor, together with increased efficiency, they would be able to produce next year on a basis that would give them at least fair average profits."

Says Workers Are Prosperous.

Mr. Guggenheim said that, although there was considerable unemployment in the West, it was among the itinerant, roving class. "The good, steady, married American is holding his job and has saved much during the period of high wages," Mr. Guggenheim continued. "He has raised his standards of living, ate better food, dressed better and his children had better educational opportunities. On the whole, the American worker is better off than I have ever known him to be.

"He realizes that wages must be cut and is not blindly fighting reduction, so long as the cut does not go too far or is out of proportion to the cost of living. He also realizes that if wages are cut 15 or 20 per cent. and his cost of living is equally reduced he is just as well off as he has been.

"The efficiency in industrial plants is increasing by leaps and bounds, principally because the shiftless, itinerant laborer, who is both inefficient and a trouble maker, is left out and the sober American worker is buckling down and getting results.

"Money, of course, is tight throughout the West. This is disturbing the farmer particularly, and he is asking for relief in this connection. This is surely not an unhealthy sign, but it shows that he has faith in the future and that he wants money to produce for next season. There is a healthy spirit of confidence for the future throughout the West, and it is in sharp contrast to the generally pessimistic feeling here in the East."

"To what do you attribute the spirit of pessimism in the East?" Mr. Guggenheim was asked.

Causes Pessimism in East.

"The real cause of the difficulty, as I see it, is due not to one thing but to a number of things," he replied. "In the first place, there is the tremendously high taxation which has killed off enterprise, because it didn't pay to go into things. If money was made in a business enterprise the tax laws took such a large percentage for Uncle Sam that it has been more profitable to put money into securities which were nontaxable than in business enterprises.

"Then the inefficiency or labor deterred people from making investments in business enterprises. The high wages paid had in some instances the effect of causing the workman to work only a few days in a week. The high cost of commodities brought about a tight money condition which is now righting itself through deflation. This deflation, which is now taking place, will I believe in a short time adjust the money market so that those who are in need of money can get it. This money will be largely invested in business enterprises which will start the machinery into motion."

Mr. Guggenheim made it clear that the general reduction in prices through deflation of the currency would release enormous sums for investment. "The amount of money that will be released through deflation will run into billions, he said, "and we will have plenty for our own enterprises and there will be enough left over to provide credit for Europe."

Mr. Guggenheim said the position of the United States had been reversed from that of a debtor to a creditor nation and that, while our merchants formerly purchased abroad on credit, the time had come when the American business man will have to sell on credit abroad.

"The position is reversed," he said. "The things that we have to sell will be sold to people abroad on credit instead of for cash. This is what has made England great commercially. They were in a position for many years to extend credit to the people with whom they did business. We will have to do likewise."

Says People Prefer Sales Tax.

Mr. Guggenheim said he was a great believer in a tax on sales to replace the taxes on profits. "I think the people as a whole would prefer the sales tax," he said. "It will not handicap business enterprises as taxes on profits do.

"I also believe that a great deal of our obligations should not be paid off by the present generation but should be borne and paid to quite an extent by future generations whose safety as well as our own was at stake. In my judgment it would be a great handicap to business to reduce our war debt too rapidly, because, in addition to paying our own debts, we have got to help them abroad. The only way to make safe the debt of $10,000,000,000 which is owed to us abroad, is to help them by loaning additional sums so that they can develop their enterprises which will enable them to pay us back."

Mr. Guggenheim advised the business men of the country to forget Wall Street temporarily in making their business plans. "Many men follow the Wall Street quotations to such an extent that their minds are warped as to the real brains in developing their business, lowering their costs and improving their efficiency, they will find that it will not be long before their business is getting the attention that it deserves and that they will be back in the happy position they were in before the war.

"Millions of people abroad are clamoring to come over here, and are endeavoring to get into 'God's country,' which America surely is. Those abroad know and appreciate our resources and tremendous advantages much more than we do ourselves. Unfortunately, hundreds of thousands of our people don't stop to think how blest we are. Much of the trouble we are having is merely a condition of mind. If they will make up their minds that these depressions, like that which we are now going through, rarely last long in this country, this tremendous deflation, now taking place, is the thing that is going to bring into our country great prosperity."

Cause of Copper Depression.

Mr. Guggenheim's attention was called to the fact that there is a great depression in the copper market, and he was asked, as one who had through his business connections special knowledge of this situation, why the people in the copper business generally were so depressed at this time.

"Copper metal is suffering at present from overproduction in the past," he replied. "If the copper producers should tie up for a year all surplus stock which they now have, the present consumption would not be sufficient to take care of current requirements. I can't recall a time when the production of copper in proportion to the capacity of the producers and in proportion to consumption was so low.

"But the purchaser of copper is frightened because of the surplus stock which is on hand, and he is buying only for his immediate necessities, although he knows that at the present price of copper, 90 per cent. of it, if not more, is selling below the cost of production. If he doesn't know, he should know, and finally will know, that this surplus stock will not be sold until the price is much higher. This surplus can easily be held by the producer. He can finance it himself, or if he has not the means to do that, he can always borrow money on a metal like copper, which is an excellent security, does not go out of style, does not deteriorate, no matter how long held, can be stored without a roof over it, can only with difficulty be stolen and can be carried for a year at from three-quarters of a cent to 1 cent a pound. Therefore this surplus stock will not be sold until demand arises for it."

What assurance have you for the belief that this demand will come?" Mr. Guggenheim was asked.

"The reason for my belief is that the entire world at present is undernourished," Mr. Guggenheim replied, "and copper is a metal that will be used in enormous quantities when real reconstruction sets in. Almost every large item in reconstruction requires copper. For instance, need I say more than to ask if you have tried to have a telephone installed in a place where there has not been one. It takes at least three to four months. This is the condition in New York as well as in almost every little village in the country. New telephone customers have been told that they would have to wait until the telephone company caught up. It is generally known that telephone companies are large users of copper."

Mr. Guggenheim said that, like copper, many other materials would be required in the world's reconstruction. He expressed confidence that optimism would replace pessimism in this country and that there would soon be the beginning of a new era of prosperity for the people of the United States.

WANTS TREATY ENFORCED.

Jugoslavia Anxious Bulgaria Should Restore Looted Property.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Protest has been made by the Jugoslav Government to the Council of Ambassadors of the allied powers against the failure of the Allies to appoint an interallied commission under the treaty of Neuilly to inventory property recently taken to Serbia by Bulgaria, according to dispatches received here today from Belgrade by the Jugoslav Legation.

The treaty provided that such a commission, composed of representatives of Great Britain, France and Italy, should be appointed within four months of the coming into force of the Treaty of Neuilly, which was ratified Aug. 9 last. This period expired on Dec. 9, and consequently, according to the Legation's cable advices, the financial and economic provisions of the treaty have remained in abeyance.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—N. C., S. C. and Ga.—Rain Mon.; Tues. fair and colder.

Fla.—Unsettled Mon., probably rain, colder by night; Tues. fair and much colder.

Extreme N. W. Fla., Ala. and Miss.—Clearing and colder Mon., much colder Mon. night; Tues. fair and colder.

Tenn.—Rain in e., clearing in w. portion Mon., colder; Tues. fair and colder.

Ky.—Unsettled and colder Mon., probably snow or rain in n. e. and e.; much colder Mon. night; Tues. fair and colder.

W. Va.—Rain or snow Mon., colder by night; Tues. cloudy and much colder, probably snow flurries in n.

Ohio—Snow and colder Mon., much colder Mon. night; Tues. cloudy and colder, with snow flurries in n. and e.

Ind.—Snow flurries and colder Mon., much colder by night; Tues. fair and colder except flurries in extreme n.

Lower Mich.—Snow and colder Mon. and Tues.

Upper Mich.—Snow and colder Mon.; Tues. cloudy, probably snow in n. w. and colder in e.

Ill.—Fair Mon. and probably Tues.; colder Mon.

Mo.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; colder Mon.; rising temp. Tues.

Wis.—Fair Mon. and probably Tues.; colder Mon.; rising temp. Tues. in w.

Minn. and Iowa—Fair Mon. and probably Tues.; colder Mon. in extreme e.; rising temp. Tues.

N. Dak.—Mon. fair and probably Tues.; rising temp.

S. Dak.—Fair Mon. and probably Tues.; rising temp. Tues. and w. Mon.

Neb.—Fair Mon. and probably Tues.; rising temp. Tues. and in n. w. Mon.

Kan.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; colder Mon.; rising temp. Tues.

Mon.—Fair Mon., becoming unsettled Tues.; rain or snow Tues. west of the divide; rising temp.

Wyo.—Fair Mon., unsettled Tues., with snow Tuesday in u. w., rising temp.

TURN FOR NEW BUSINESS

Chicago Receives Reports of a Good Xmas Trade With Grain of Allowance.

WHEAT MARKET THE GAUGE

Too High to Be In Accord With Other Grains and Manufactured Commodities.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 26.—As the last week of the year begins, business conditions in the West are showing little change. While the leading retailers report that Xmas trade exceeded last year's, the statements are accepted with reserve in view of the financial conditions that have been prevailing of late, and the less crowded condition of the stores lends considerable color to this view. Kansas City bankers claim that the last week was one of the most trying they have ever experienced. It is said that business conditions there are just getting into the shape that has prevailed in New York and Chicago since early in October. Loadings on western railroads are decreasing on merchandise and increasing on grains. The big movement of corn is confidently expected to commence shortly after Jan. 1, and will probably continue heavy for some months.

Demand for Spring commodities has been very slow so far. In consequence, as much business must be done during the next two months as is usually done in six. The leading wholesalers of merchandise are going to start out their sales forces today in a big drive to increase business. There are some bright spots in the situation though liquidation has not yet been completed in some lines, according to bankers. Cattle are up around $10@.50, and hogs $1.25, as compared with a week ago. Iowa feeders who sold at $11 cattle that cost them $12.50 have bought again at around $7@7.50, which they regard as the inside level, and bankers are doing their best to finance them.

The U. S. Steel Corporation's plants here are running well, but the independents are doing little business.

Despite the extremely depressing financial and economic conditions, most of the grain markets averaged higher the last week. As compared with a week ago, most closed 1¼@2½ cents higher; corn ½@1¼ cents, and oats ⅜ lower to ½ higher. The heavy short covering of the previous week and the persistent support given corn when most needed by interests that were mainly responsible for the decline recently, accounted for the strength in the face of the almost demoralized conditions in Wall Street.

"While the rank and file of traders believe that strong interests may be able to check the declining tendency in the grain markets for a time, they expected ultimately to see wheat sell down materially from the closing figures of Saturday, $1.65¼ for March, and to under 65 cents for May corn. While prevailing levels may show a loss to producers at country loading points, were the farmers to sell corn freely and relieve the strained financial situation existing with interior banks, there might be a better outlook as to the future. As the situation stands, the farmers seem to be trying to lift themselves by their bootstraps, and when hedging sales against country purchases commence to pour into the pit, there are very few who believe that the market can stand up under them.

Statistically, the coarse grains are regarded as in an extremely favorable position; and, until there is a large quantity of corn liquidated by the producer, no material advance in prices is to be expected. What wheat will do will depend on future developments; and, while there seems to be considerable danger of the country overexporting based on the latest estimates as to the amounts sold abroad, it would hardly commence to make itself felt until February or March at the earliest. The offerings of Argentine wheat to Europe on the basis of 6 and 7 cents under domestic via the gulf, when the export tax is 6 cents per bushel, would seem to indicate that there has been a marked change in sentiment in that country, or else buyers and sellers have agreed as to who shall pay any further tax imposed by the Government.

The grain trade do not believe that there is the slightest chance of the emergency import duty passing the Senate, and, even though it did, it would have little effect on the market, except temporarily. It is regarded as dangerous, however, to sell Minneapolis against purchases at Chicago, as Spring wheat promises to be a scarce article before another crop is harvested. The main cause of the persistent demand for wheat is that the world's reserve is exhausted; but, under present conditions, this is not affecting values to any great extent, as wheat is materially too high as compared with coarse grains and manufactured commodities.

WEEK'S COTTON MARKET.

	Dec. High.	Dec. Low.	Jan. High.	Jan. Low.	Mar. High.	Mar. Low.
Dec.	20.15.00	14.85	15.17	14.90	15.06	14.80
Dec.	21.15.18	14.90	15.36	14.58	15.05	14.48
Dec.	22.14.55	13.85	14.74	13.82	14.61	13.82
Dec.	23.14.58	13.85	14.73	14.15	14.65	14.05
Dec.	24.14.92	14.30	14.92	14.50	14.80	14.47
Dec.	25.Holiday.					
Wks rge.	15.00	13.85	15.17	13.92	15.06	13.82
	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.	Oct. High.	Oct. Low.
Dec.	20.15.18	14.85	15.05	15.30	15.30	15.30
Dec.	21.15.12	14.90	15.18	14.65	15.28	14.90
Dec.	22.14.75	14.00	14.78	14.21	14.88	14.32
Dec.	23.14.90	14.34	14.82	14.42	15.00	14.75
Dec.	24.14.97	14.61	15.00	14.70	14.58	14.58
Dec.	25.Holiday.					
Wks rge.	15.15	14.00	15.25	14.11	15.30	14.32

SPOT COTTON.

	Liverpool.	New Orleans.	New York
Dec. 20	10.06d	14.25c	15.50c
Dec. 21	9.91d	14c	15.25c
Dec. 22	9.76d	13.75c	14.50c
Dec. 23	9.54d	14.00c	15c
Dec. 24		14.00c	15.25c
Dec. 25	Holiday.		
Week's range:			
High	10.06d	14.25c	15.50c
Low	9.54d	13.75c	14.50c

MONEY RATES

	On Call High.	On Call Low.	On Call Last.	Renewals.
Dec. 20	7	7	7	7
Dec. 21	7	6	7	7
Dec. 22	7	7	7	7
Dec. 23	7	7	7	7
Dec. 24	7	7	7	7
Dec. 25	Holiday.			
Week's range—				
High	7			7
Low	6			7
Same week last year—				
High	18			10
Low	7			7
Year to date—				
High	25			9
Low	6			6
Same period last year—				
High	25			16
Low	5¼			4

DISCOUNT RATES OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS.

Discounted bills maturing within 90 days (including member banks' 15-day collateral notes) secured by:

Federal Reserve Bank of	Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness.	Liberty Bonds and Victory Notes.	Otherwise Secured and Unsecured.
Boston	5½	6	7
New York	5½	6	7
Philadelphia	6	5½	6
Cleveland	6	5½	6
Richmond	6	6	6
Atlanta	6	5½	7
Chicago	6	6	7
St. Louis	5½	5½	6
Minneapolis	5½	6	7
Kansas City	6	6	6
Dallas	6	5½	6
San Francisco	6	6	6

	Bankers' Acceptances Discounted for Member Banks.	Agricultural and Trade Live Stock Acceptances Maturing Within 90 Days.	Paper Maturing 91 to 180 Days.
Boston	6	7	7
New York	6	6	7
Philadelphia	5½	6	6
Cleveland	5½	5½	6
Richmond	6	6	6
Atlanta	6	7	7
Chicago	6	6	7
St. Louis	5½	6	6
Minneapolis	6	5½	7
Kansas City	5½	6	6
Dallas	5½	6	6
San Francisco	6	6	6

Rate on paper secured by War Finance Corporation bonds 1 per cent. higher than the rate on commercial paper.

5¼% on paper secured by 5½% certificates and 5% on paper secured by 4¾% and 5% certificates. †Discount rates correspond with interest rate borne by certificates pledged as collateral with minimum of 5% in case of Philadelphia, Atlanta, Kansas City, and 6½% in the case of San Francisco

CANADIAN RATES.

	N. Y. Fds. in Montreal, Premium Per $1,000.	Montreal Fds. in New York, Discount Per $1,000.
Dec. 20	$188.75	$180.10
Dec. 21	190.00	159.66
Dec. 22	182.50	154.33
Dec. 23	182.50	154.33
Dec. 24	178.25	150.00
Dec. 25	Holiday	

LONDON MONEY AND DISCOUNTS.

	Short Bills.	3 Mos.	Exch. on London. At Paris.
Dec. 20	5%	6%	59f 83c
Dec. 21	5%	6%	59f 39c
Dec. 22	5%	6%	59f 70c
Dec. 23	5%	6%	59f 68c
Dec. 24	5%	6%	59f 68c
Dec. 25	Holiday		

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	British Cons. 2½%	British 4½%	Paris Rentes
Dec. 20	54½	78⅞	56f 85c
Dec. 21	54½	77	56f 85c
Dec. 22	54½	77	56f 10c
Dec. 23	54½	77	57f 12c
Dec. 24	54½	77	57f 12c
Dec. 25	Holiday		

BAR GOLD AND SILVER.

	Bar Gold London.	Bar Silver London.	Bar Silver New York.
Dec. 20	117s 5d	40d	82c
Dec. 21	115s 9d	40d	82¼c
Dec. 22	115s 9d	40⅝d	82¼c
Dec. 23	118s 6d	40⅜d	82¼c
Dec. 24	116s 1d	42d	85½c
Dec. 25	Holiday		

GERMAN ZEPPELIN L-120.

One of several Zeppelins delivered to Italy under the terms of the Treaty of Versailles will be shown next Sunday in The New York Times Rotogravure-Picture Section, making a landing on its recent passage from Berlin to Rome.—Advt.

WEEK ENDED DEC. 25, 1920.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$138,512,650	$3,808,343,150
Same period a year ago	161,620,200	3,647,172,025

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 40 bonds.	87.26	86.63	78.14	65.57
Same period a year ago.	71.62	71.26	79.05	71.05

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Chge
65¼	55	8	ADAMS EXP. 4s...	56	56	56	+ ⅜
21½	11	34	Alas. G. M. cv. 6s.A.	16	15	15	— ⅛
17	10	2	Alas. G. M. cv. 6s.B.	15¾	15¾	15¾	+ ¼
72¾	66	4	Alb. & Susq. 3½s...	70	69½	70	+ ¼
100	70	23	Am. Agr. Ch. cv. 5s.	93½	92	93½	+ ¾
93½	89⅝	16	Am. Agr. Ch. deb.5s	89⅞	89⅝	89⅝	— ⅜
85¾	73	5	Am. Cotton Oil 5s...	74	73	73	— 1
78¼	70¼	400	Am. S. & R. 1st 5s..	73½	70¾	72	— 3
99⅝	82	128	Am. T. & T. cv. 6s..	94	92¾	94	+ ¾
80¾	71⅞	420	Am. T. & T. col. 4s.	77	75¼	77	+ 1¼
69	63½	8	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s.	63½	63½	63½	— 1½
80¾	72⅜	358	Am. T. & T. col. 5s..	76	75¾	75¾	— 1⅛
85	77½	170	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	80	79⅝	79⅝	— 1½
96	67⅝	1	Ann Arbor 4s.....	50	50	50	— 2
80¾	73	4	Am. Writ. Paper 7s.	73	73	73	— 2
94¼	73⅜	155	Armour & Co. 4½s..	74¼	73⅜	74	+ ⅜
82⅜	65⅞	745	A., T. & S. F. gen.4s	74½	73½	73⅝	— ⅝
70¾	65	57	A., T. & S.F.cv.4s.'55	67½	66½	67½	+ ⅝
73⅜	62	18	A., T. & S. F. adj.4s	69¾	67⅞	67⅞	— 2⅜
74¼	62	71	A.,T.& S.F.adj.4s.sta	69¾	67	67¾	— 1⅝
86¼	83	4	A., T.& S.F.,R.Ck.4s	85½	85½	85½	
72	64½	10	A., T. & S.F.Ry.M.4s	68¾	68½	68½	— 3
77½	62	16	A.,T.&S.F.,Tr.S.L.4s	71⅝	71	71	— 1
82	68⅜	5	A.,T.&S.F.,C.&L.4½s	77	77	77	..
91	70	28	A., T. & S.F.cv.4s.'80	80¾	79	80	— ⅜
103½	95¾	31	Atlantic Coast L. 7s.	101¾	100¼	101	..
78½	68	8	Atl. C. L. unif. 4½s.	70¾	70¼	70½	— 1
80	69⅞	98	Atl. C. L. 1st 4s....	76	74	74½	— 2¾
78	69¾	37	Atl. C. L.,L.& N.c.4s	68	65¼	65¼	— 2½
89¾	82	31	At. & C. A. L. 1st 5s	86½	84½	84½	— 2½
85¾	84	194	Atlantic Fruit 7s....	85	85	85	— 8¼
97	91	5	BALDWIN LOCO.5s	93¾	93⅜	93⅜	+ ⅝
74	67¾	318	Balt. & Ohio gold 4s.	65	63¾	64	— ⅛
75½	71¾	237	Balt. & O. cv. 4½s..	65	63¾	63½	— ⅜
76½	51¾	330	Balt. & O. ref. 5s....	64¾	63¾	64	— 1
85	78	40	B. & O. pr. lien 3½s.	78⅜	78	78⅜	— 1
92½	81¼	133	Balt. & Ohio 6s....	89½	87	87	— 2¼
79	67⅞	54	B. & O. S. W. 3½s...	74	72	73¼	— 1⅝
69½	51⅞	19	B.&O.,P.L.E.&W.V.5s	61	59¾	61	..
74	44⅝	43	B. & O., P. & C. 4s.	53	51	51⅞	+ ⅝
82½	81	2	Beech Creek 4s.....	81	81	81	..
97⅝	85¾	37	Beth. Steel ext. 5s...	87¾	86½	87	— 1
88	78	43	Beth. St.l.st & ref.5s	77½	76¾	77	— ½
86½	75	66	Beth. Stl. pur. m. 5s	76½	75	75½	+ ¼
102¾	100¾	98	Bell Tel. (Pa.) 7s...	101¾	101½	101½	— ¼
83	80	90	Braden Copper 6s...	83½	80	80	— 2¾
82½	66¾	7	B'klyn Edison gen.5s	78½	78	75½	+ ⅛
24	24	2	B. Q. Co. & S. 1st 5s	24	24	24	—16½
35	21	43	B. R. T. gold 5s....	25⅝	24½	25	+ ⅛
50	33	26	B. R. T. 7s, 1921....	43¾	40¼	40¾	— 1½
48¾	35	90½	B. R. T.,'21,ctf. 4s.	41	39	39½	— 2
45	31½	116	B. R. T. 7s,1921,ctfs. of deposit, stpd..	37½	34½	34½	— 3½
33	21¼	3	B. R. T. ref. cv. 4s.	29⅞	29	29⅛	+ ⅝
68¾	55	31	B'klyn Un.Elev.1st 5s	58¾	57⅞	58	— 2
68	55	2	Bkn.Un.El.1st 5s,stpd	58¾	58	58	— 1
79	70	16	B'klyn Un. Gas 5s....	74¼	74¼	74¼	+ ¼
82	65¼	18	Bush Terminal 5s....	69	65¾	68	— 3
82⅞	70¾	6	Bush Term. Bldg. 5s	71½	70¾	70¾	— 3½
90¼	79½	6	CAL. GAS & E. 5s..	83⅞	83	83	— 1½
81	77¾	41	Can. South. con. 5s..	83½	81	82	— 1
100	99⅝	201	Can. Northern 7s....	100	99½	99¾	— ⅜
97⅜	85¼	53	Cent. Leather 5s....	87	85½	86¼	+ ⅛
90	75⅜	10	Cent. of Ga. con. 5s	86⅝	86⅜	86⅜	— 1⅛
94	84	77	Cent. of Ga.. 6s....	93¾	84	84	— 1⅛
90⅞	85¼	5	C. of N. J. gen. 5s.	97	97	97	— 1⅞
82¾	73⅜	8	Cent. Pacific 3½s...	73½	72½	72½	— 2¾
78	65¾	317	Central Pacific 4s...	71⅜	69⅜	70⅝	— 1½
74½	70¾	25	Cent.Pac.Trr St.L.4s	65	65	65	— 4¾
93½	91	13	Ches. & Ohio con. 5s	93½	91½	87⅜	— 2¼
88¾	70	388	Ches. & Ohio cv. 5s..	80	76¾	78⅞	— 1⅛
77¾	69½	223	Ches. & Ohio cv. 4½s	71	69½	70½	— 1
79	69¾	151	Ches. & O. gen. 4½s	73¾	71¾	72	+ ⅛
71½	61½	13	C. & O. C. V. 5s..	71¼	71¼	71½	— ¼
49½	41	32	Chicago & Alton 3s...	44¾	42	42⅞	— ⅜
40½	29¾	26	Chicago & Alton 3½s	37½	35	35	—
96¾	92½	463	C., B. & Q. joint 4s.	95¾	94½	95¼	— ¼
82½	67	130	C., B. & Q. gen. 4s..	76¾	72	74⅞	— 2⅝
84	73	36	C., B. & Q.,Ill.Div. 4s	79¾	75	76	— ¾
76	64	90	C.,B.& Q.,Ill.Div.3½s	76	73½	70	— ⅝
92	83¾	13	C.,B.& Q.,Neb.Ext.4s	87¾	86	87½	— ⅝
85½	50	2	C. & E. J. & Es. U. S. M. & T. cfs....	80	80	80	— 4
84	66½	18	Chic. & Erie 1st 5s.	76½	74⅜	75½	— 1½
58	48	185	C.Mil.St. P. 1st 4s..	51¼	48½	48½	— 2½
76	60	78½	C., M. & St.P.cv.5s,B	65⅞	63½	65	— 1⅛
84	70	31	C., M. & St. P.4s,'25	74	72	72	— 1⅞
67½	57	53	C.,M., & St.P. 4s,'34	59	57	58¾	— 1⅜
68½	60	13	C., M.& St.P.gen.3½s	58	56⅝	56⅝	— 1¼
80	71¾	77	C., M.& St.P.gen.4½s	75	73½	73⅝	— ⅜
81½	52¾	178	C., M.& St.P.ref.4½s	53½	50	53⅝	+ ⅛
72	50¾	111	C., M. & St.P.gen.4s	64¾	61⅞	64½	— ⅜
76	61	24½	C., M. & St.P.cv.4½s	65¾	63	64	— 1⅞
99¾	94	28	C., M. & St.P., C. P. & W. 5s.....	99¾	99½	99¾	+ ⅜
70	58	11	C., M. & Puget Sd.4s	65¾	63¾	63¾	— 1⅞
80	65	35	C. & N. W. gen. 4s..	74½	69¾	70	— 3
98	84¾	1	C. & N. W. gen. 5s.	93⅞	93¾	93¾	— ⅛
70½	59¾	12	C. & N. W. gen. 3½s	65	64¼	64¼	— 1½
104	99¾	8	C. & N. W. 7s.....	101¾	101	101	— ⅛
91½	83¾	25	C. & N. W. d. 5s, '31	95½	87½	87½	— ⅝
90	76	8	C. & N. W. d. 5s, '21	99	99	99	..
70½	54¾	91	Chi. Rys. 5s.....	56	54¾	54¾	— 1¼
75¾	65	37	C., R. I. & P. gen.4s	67½	67	67	— 2½
71¾	60¼	423	C., R. I. & P. ref.4s	64¾	62½	64¾	+ ⅝
93	84	5	C.,St.L. & N. O. g.5s	87	87	87	+ 1
85	70½	135	Chi. Un. Sta. 4½s..	78¾	74¾	76	+ ½
106	100	6	Chi. Un. Sta. 6½s, interim ctfs.	104¾	103¾	103¾	— ⅝
64	58	44	C. & W. Ind. 4s.....	55¾	54	54	— 1¾
86	62	285	Chile Copper 5s.....	65	62	62⅝

Municipal Bonds

Have always proven the most stable form of investment under adverse conditions.

For January investment we are offering such issues yielding

5% to 8%

which, if purchased today, will undoubtedly show good enhancement in value.

List upon request for Circular T-8

BRANDON, GORDON AND WADDELL

Ground Floor, Singer Building

39 Liberty Street New York

Cuba Cane Debentures

AVERAGE yearly earnings since organization six and one-half times interest requirements. Paying 7% annually and selling at a price, if carried to maturity, to

Yield over 10%

Full information on request

Stock market situation discussed in our Weekly Review. Write for T-26.

Lamborn & Co.

Specialists in Sugar Stocks

Seven Wall St. New York

Tel. Rector 6310

MEMBERS

N. Y. Stock Ex. N. Y. Produce Ex.
N. Y. Cotton Ex. Chic. Bd. of Trade
N. Y. Coffee and Sugar Ex., Inc.
London Prod. Clearing House, Ltd.

BANKING HOUSE OF

HENRY CLEWS & CO.

Members N. Y. Stock and Cotton Exchanges.

11, 13, 15, 17 and 19 Broad St., N. Y.

Interest allowed on deposit accounts subject to cheque. Stocks, Bonds and Notes Bought and Sold for Cash and carried on conservative terms. Cotton contracts handled. FOREIGN LETTERS OF CREDIT ISSUED.

UPTOWN OFFICES FOR THE SALE OF LIBERTY BONDS WITHOUT DELAY

Branch, 339 Fifth Ave., 38 Union Square
Offices, 172 Duane St., 145 East 60th St.,
16 Court St., Brooklyn.

Charles E. Brickley & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

61 Broadway - - New York

UPTOWN BRANCH:

Delmonico's—5th Ave. and 44th St.

BOSTON PHILADELPHIA

New Jersey Securities

Outwater & Wells

15 Exchange Place, Tel. 20 Montgomery, Jersey City, N. J.

W. G. Souders & Co.

Investment Securities

31 Nassau St., New York

Chicago Detroit *Grand Rapids Milwaukee*

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

Ask for Booklet T

GEO. A. HUHN & SONS

Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Rector 5340
1618 Walnut St. Philadelphia, Pa.

H. HENTZ & CO.

Established 1856

Members of

New York Stock Exchange
New York Cotton Exchange

32 William Street, New York
35 Congress Street, Boston

William R. Compton Co.

Investment Bonds

14 Wall Street, New York

St. Louis Chicago
Cincinnati New Orleans

MILLER & CO.

Members

New York Stock Exchange

EQUITABLE BLDG.

120 Broadway New York

Established 1886

H. F. BACHMAN & CO.

Members

New York Stock Exchange
Philadelphia Stock Exchange
New York Cotton Exchange

61 BROADWAY

Prudden & Company

Municipal Bonds

Toledo, Ohio

...RAGE STATE ACTION ON SHIP INSURANCE

Federal Expert in Report Urges Changing From Provincial to World Policy.

WANTS BARRIERS REMOVED

Points to Foreign Trade Requirements and Advocates Liberal Treatment in Taxation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—The necessity of changing from a provincial to a world policy of American marine insurance is emphasized in a special report made public today by Dr. S. S. Huebner, expert in insurance for the United States Shipping Board and the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries. The report, which was prepared by request of both organizations and has their approval, asserts that the importance of prompt action in this matter cannot be overemphasized and, insists that the prospect of intense international rivalry for commercial position should double our efforts in the matter.

The Huebner report deals primarily with the legislative obstructions that have impeded the development of marine insurance in the United States. Existing statutes regulating marine insurance, it is argued, represent a provincial treatment of an international business. The report points out the disastrous results of a local viewpoint and the inability of a highly competitive business like marine insurance to absorb excessive taxation and other legislative burdens.

Reviews Limitations of States.

The report goes fully into the limitations placed by the States upon the kinds of insurance which American companies may write, the legal restrictions on reinsurance, and the legislative handicaps placed upon the financial powers of companies seeking entry into foreign markets. All such restrictions are considered unnecessary and as favoring foreign underwriters at the expense of our own.

The report advocates enlarging the classes of insurance which American marine companies may write; the authorization of reinsurance with all American companies irrespective of State boundary lines which meet a reasonable standard of solvency; and the removal of existing barriers, especially with respect to the treatment of deposits in foreign countries, to the entry of American marine insurance companies into foreign fields.

"The national welfare requires," declares the Huebner report, "that there should be unity of action, at the earliest possible time, on the part of all our law-making bodies with a view to remedying errors of the past and to securing legislation conducive to the upbuilding of a strategic business."

As an aid to this desired end the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries and the United States Shipping Board have co-operated in the framing of a model Marine Insurance bill for adoption in the District of Columbia. This bill was introduced a few days ago by Representative George W. Edmonds of Pennsylvania, one of the ranking members of the House Merchant Marine Committee, in the hope that it will also serve as a basis for marine insurance legislation in the several States.

Involves Five Fundamentals.

The Edmonds bill involves five fundamentals. These are:

First—Greater freedom on the part of American companies to co-operate through syndicates and mergers.

Second—Establishment of the multifield insurance principle so that American fire, marine and fire-marine companies may be free to transact all kinds of insurance other than life.

Third—Substitution of a system of net profits taxation in place of the present system of taxing gross premiums.

Fourth—Enlargement of reinsurance facilities.

Fifth—Removal of the limitations on the financial powers of companies which now hamper operations in foreign fields.

"None of the fundamental ideas comprised within the proposed model bill," says the Huebner report, "can be regarded as visionary or radical. They are intended to regulate an international and competitive business with due regard to world practices and world trade. All have been applied by England for years with great benefit to her own companies and incalculable harm to ours."

"Congress has already legislated in favor of the merchant marine," it continues, "and in favor of the creation of exporting organizations and the extension of American banking facilities to foreign markets. But the merchant marine, exporting organizations, and banking are only three of the four vital factors that serve as the foundation of international trade. Marine insurance, adequate in extent and operated under American auspices, is the fourth factor, and must be properly united with the other three to make our foreign trade equipment complete.

"The Federal Government has already used its influence successfully in inducing practically all American marine insurance interests to co-operate in comprehensive syndicates. But beyond this, and the repeal of the 1 per cent. premium tax, the Federal Government is helpless further to improve existing conditions. The several States possess complete supervisory control over insurance. With respect to marine insurance, therefore, the national welfare now rests with the States. The immediate situation requires that the legislative policy of the several States shall not continue to run counter to the needs of the nation as a whole."

Sees It as Commercial Weapon.

The report deals with the use of marine insurance as a national commercial weapon.

"The service of marine insurance," it says, "extends beyond the protection of property and credit. Our leading competitors have for years used marine insurance to comb out profits and to preempt leading lines of trade. Nations that are strong in marine insurance facilities may deny the service altogether, or give it only under unfavorable conditions, to the citizens of other nations which do not possess adequate facilities of their own. Not only does marine insurance serve as an important source of national income, but possession of sufficient underwriting capacity, free from foreign control, is necessary to the protection of trade secrets.

"Our recent experience with German insurance and reinsurance companies should make unnecessary further proof that marine insurance companies acquire vital trade secrets exceedingly useful to the nations they represent. Underwriters know the cargoes consignors, consignees, carriers, trade routes, destinations, financial affiliations and leading contract terms of commercial transactions. Moreover, where reinsurance facilities are so scanty as to require reinsurance with foreign companies, the reinsurer becomes thoroughly conversant with business secrets which it might be presumed are known only to the original insurer."

Only Two Big American Companies.

The report shows that only two American marine insurance companies may be ranked as important. Sixty-two direct-writing American companies participated in ocean marine insurance in 1918, while six other companies confined their activities to inland and coastwise waters. The bulk of the business transacted by these American companies was written by a few, two companies receiving nearly one-quarter of the total net marine premium income and ten nearly two-thirds.

"Nearly one-fifth of the direct-writing American companies," the report declares, "were found to be foreign owned or very closely allied to foreign interests by having directors or leading stockholders resident abroad. Fully two-thirds of all marine insurance originating in the United States was found to be controlled by foreign underwriters. Between a fifth and a fourth of all such insurance is exported directly to the foreign market without appearing in any of the records on this side."

RECORD OF TRANSACTIONS.

New York Stock Exchange, week ended Dec. 25, 1920:

STOCKS (SHARES).	1920.	1919.	1918.
Monday	968,268	941,973	348,487
Tuesday	1,583,802	751,583	426,504
Wednesday	1,420,826	984,973	Holiday
Thursday	1,088,221	Holiday	635,717
Friday	606,915	1,211,910	721,193
Saturday	Holiday	742,250	579,337
Total wk.	5,617,732	4,232,691	2,730,240
Yr. to date	210,065,299	308,412,857	141,244,149

BONDS (PAR VALUE).			
Monday	$26,010,000	$26,775,500	$15,063,000
Tuesday	33,842,000	39,960,500	17,130,500
Wednesday	27,980,500	32,597,250	Holiday
Thursday	26,419,750	Holiday	21,839,000
Friday	24,460,400	33,041,300	34,573,500
Saturday	Holiday	19,245,400	19,460,000
Tot. wk.	$138,512,650	$151,620,200	$108,097,000
Yr. to date	5,606,643,150	3,647,172,025	2,020,511,500

In detail last week's bond dealings compare as follows with the corresponding week last year:

BONDS.	Dec. 25,'20.	Dec. 27,'19.	Changes.
Corpora'ns.	$20,054,500	$27,252,000	+ $1,802,500
Liberty	105,033,650	116,826,200	— 11,792,550
For. Govt.	4,250,500	7,448,000	— 3,197,500
State			
City	154,000	94,000	+ 60,000
Total	$138,512,650	$151,620,200	—$13,107,550

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

Trading by Days.

WEEK ENDING DECEMBER 25

	Industrials	Oils	Mining	Bonds	Mixed
Monday	55,970	108,405	169,905	$1,124,000	$5,000
Tuesday	36,030	158,297	113,775	1,014,000	21,000
Wednesday	65,250	160,527	288,182	980,000	140,000
Thursday	52,050	99,805	161,150	705,000	20,000
Friday	38,241	83,092	142,388	462,000	145,200
Saturday	Holiday.				
Total	287,976	553,716	1,157,561	$4,287,000	331,200

INDUSTRIALS

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
4⅞	⅞	5,400	*Acme Coal	⅞	⅞	⅞	..
11⅜	7⅛	2,300	*Aetna Explosives	10	9	10	+ ⅛
9½	8½	800	Aetna Explosives, Bache ctfs	9½	8½	9½	..
49	30	720	Air Reduction	33	30	30	— 2
1	1	1,000	Am. Fur. Tr. Corp.	1	1	1	..
92	92	75	Am. Light & Trac.	92	92	92	..
9	8	100	Amal. Leather	8	8	8	..
1⅝	1⅝	1,400	Am. Refrigerator	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	..
26	25	200	Am. Hawai. S. S.	25⅝	26	26⅛	— 4⅜
40	17⅛	680	Aluminum	17	16	16⅛	— 1⅜
5	5	10	Amer. Chicle	5	5	5	..
50	20	52,600	Amer. Chicle	27	20	20	— 5
12⅜	4⅜	3,200	Am. Writ. Paper	4⅜	4	4⅜	+ ⅜
68	43½	1,000	Automatic F. & G.	67½	67½	67½	— ¼
7⅝	7⅛	100	Automatic Fuel	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	..
97	80½	1,000	Borden Co.	80½	80½	80½	+ ½
97	79½	500	Borden pf.	80½	80½	80½	+ ½
28	11⅜	2,200	*Br.-Am. Tob., com.	12⅜	11⅜	12⅜	+ 1⅜
32	11¼	1,500	Br.-Am. Tob., reg.	12½	12	12½	+ ⅞
4	1⅝	3,900	*Car Light & Pow.	2¼	2	2	— ⅛
48	46	200	J. G. Brill	46	46	46	..
31	25	360	Carbon Steel	31	25	29	..
⅛	⅛	800	Carbo-Hydrogen	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
20	11	750	Conley Tin Foil	11¼	11¼	11¼	..
91	43	100	Cleve. Auto	43	43	43	..
1⅝	⅛	1,350	Crude Chem.	1⅝	1⅛	1⅛	..
3	3	300	Eastern Potash	3	3	3	+ 2
17	13	100	Eastern Potash pf.	18	12	13	— ⅛
82½	80½	150	Emp. Fuel & G. pf.	82½	80½	80½	— 2
19	7⅛	4,800	*Empire T. & S.	19	17	17	— 2
54⅜	21	4,200	Farrell Coal	16	18	16	+ 2
29¼	13	200	*Gardner Motor	13½	15	15	— 1⅜
5	5	300	Garland S. S.	5	5	5	..
19¾	19	100	Godchaux Sugar	19¾	19	19¾	..
34	4	900	Goldwyn Picture	4⅜	4	4	— ⅛
87	16	8,700	Goodyear	23	16	23¾	— 1½
50	38	3,638	Goodyear Tire pf.	50	38	48	— 2
⅛	⅛	1,000	Gum Coal	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
8½	1⅞	400	Havana Tobacco	3½	1⅞	3⅛	..
1⅛	1	600	Havana Tob. pf.	1⅛	1	1	..
23	12	1,400	Hercules Paper	17	15½	16	..
33	3	6,800	Indian Packing	3⅝	3	3½	+ ⅛
23	7	500	Inter. Products	8¼	9	9¼	+ 1⅝
6¼	5	2,000	Internat. Cult. pf.	5¼	5	5⅛	..
8¼	7⅛	6,100	Imp. T.of Gt.B.& I.	8¼	7⅞	7⅞	..
2⅝	1	2,000	Kay Co. Gas	1½	1	1	— ⅛
1⅛	1	5,100	Kay Co. Gas ctfs. of deposit	1⅛	1	1⅛	..
32	10	400	Libby, McN. & L.	14	11	11	— 3
53	15	600	Lincoln Motors	18¾	18	18¾	+ 1¾
65½	53	185	L. Val Coal Sales	62	50	50	—12
60	58	300	Lima Locomotive	60	58	59	— 1
86	79	210	Lima Loco. pf.	83	79	80	— 5
59	1	100	Locomobile	1½	1½	1½	+ ⅛
39	1	1,700	Mercer Motors	3¼	2½	3	+ 1½
15½	12	1,800	Munson Furniture	15¾	14¾	15½	+ ⅝
7⅛	1	12,000	National Leather	1½	1	1	..
28½	28½	100	Motor Products	28½	28½	28½	..
19⅜	15	4,200	Meteor Motors	18¼	18	18	+ 2¾
50	22½	1,350	N. Y. Shipbuilding	25	22½	22½	— 3½
7⅜	3⅜	3,400	North Am. P. & P.	4¾	4¾	4¾	..
34½	30	11,800	Perfection T. & R.	1½	1	1⅛	..
13½	10½	1,300	Piggly Wiggly St.	12	10¾	10¾	— 1½
3	1⅜	12,800	†Radio Co.	1⅝	1⅜	1⅜	+ ⅛
5¼	1⅝	11,500	Radio Co. pf.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	..
15	8	100	Pyrene Mfg.	8	8	8	— 1
⅞	⅜	1,850	Prof. S.C.&R.S.Co.	⅞	⅜	⅞	..
1¼	1	1,700	Pr.S.C.&R.S.Co.pf.	1¼	1	1	— ⅛
17½	16	250	Reo Motors	16	16	16	— 1⅜
6	1⅜	700	Republic Rubber	1⅜	1½	1⅜	— ⅜
6⅝	3⅜	1,000	*Roy de Fr. T. B.	3⅜	3½	3⅜	..
55	54	400	E. & Z. Van R. pf.	55	54	54	..
46	30	600	R.J.Rey.new,B.w.I.	31	30	31	..
8⅞	1½	7,000	Sweets Co. of Am.	3⅛	2	2¾	— 1⅛
68½	22	300	*Swift Internat'l.	23	24	24	— 1⅝
⅜	⅜	24,100	Tob. Prod., Exp.	8	8	8	+ 1
230	70	1,345	Todd Shipyards	71	69	69	— 3½
⅞	⅛	5,700	Triangle Film	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
78	45	600	Union Carbide	49	45	45	— 5
3½	1	5,300	Un. Prof. Sharing	1½	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
10	6½	15,500	*Un. Retail Candy	7⅝	6½	7	— ⅛
55	27	900	U. S. Distributing	29	28	28¾	— ¼
2¼	1	1,500	U. S. Ship Corp.	1½	1	1½	— ⅛
4⅜	1	14,000	U. S. Steamship	1½	1	1¼	..
5¾	2	3,800	Wayne Coal	2½	2	2¾	+ ⅛
30	25	1,100	William Davies	29	25	29½	+ 4¾
100	17	700	Willys 1st pf.	19	17	17	— 1¾
85	6	4,935	Willys 2d pf.	10	6	6½	..
26½	5	400	Willys Corp.	5	5	5	— 4

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES

31	16	2,250	Anglo-Am. Oil	17⅜	16	16¼	— 1⅜
90	90	20	Eureka Pipe Line	90	90	90	..
155	155	32	Illinois Pipe Line	155	153	155	..
59	59	10	S.W.Pa. Pipe Line	59	59	59	..
235	230	30	South Penn Oil	233	230	231	..
400	301	385	Stand. Oil of Cal.	310	285	285	—26
450	268	610	Stand. Oil of N. Y.	316	296	314	— 9
353	313	110	Stand. Oil of Ind.	323	313	316	..

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS

1	⅛	650	Ajax Oil	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
1	⅞	600	Allen Oil	1	⅞	1	..
1	.00	90,000	*Allied Oil	18	15	16	— 1
45	6½	12,825	Ark. Nat. Gas	7⅜	7	7⅜	+ ⅛
2	1	9,300	*Boone Oil	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
1⅞	1	38,400	*Boston-Wyo. Oil	⅞	⅝	⅝	..
80	54	25,700	Caribbean Synd.	7½	6¾	7	— ⅛
44½	29	5,500	*Cities Ser.,B.T.sh	31½	29	29¾	— 2⅛
63	62	400	Cities Service pf.	63	62	62	— 5
85	18	145	Carib Trading	25	18	25	+ 4½
10¼	3	4,000	Cosden & Co.	6	5	5¼	..
3	⅜	7,400	Cushing Pet.	⅞	⅜	⅞	..
1⅞	⅞	5,800	Denny Oil	1⅛	⅞	1	..
2¾	1¼	5,900	Columbia Emerald	2¾	1¼	2¼	..
2½	2	800	Duquesne Oil	2	2	2	..
11½	6¼	9,000	*Elk Basin Pet.	8	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
2	1	12,200	Engineers Pet.	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
4½	1⅜	9,000	*Federal Oil	2¾	1⅝	2	— ⅛
7	2	2,500	Esmeralda Oil C.	⅞	⅞	⅞	..
16	5⅝	1,000	Fensland Oil	12	10½	10½	— 3½
4½	1¾	3,200	Glenrock Oil	2¾	2	2¼	..
16	3⅞	6,800	Granada Oil	5¼	3⅞	5¼	— ⅛
18	7⅛	500	Gilliland Oil pf.	14	7⅛	7⅛	— 6
89½	25	2,400	Guffey-Gillespie	28	25	25⅝	— ⅛
17	14	42,550	Hudson Oil	14	14	14	— ⅛
23¾	12	10,100	Internatl. Pet.	16⅛	15	16	..
11	1⅝	1,537	Lone Star Gas	23¾	23	23	..
26¾	12¼	1,000	Magna Oil Corp.	11	10¼	10¼	..
3	1⅜	1,700	Maracaibo Oil	1⅞	1⅜	1⅜	— 1
22½	10½	4,400	*Merritt Oil	10½	11	11	..
4½	⅜	9,200	Mexico Oil	1⅜	⅜	1¼	— ⅛
150	134	4,425	*Midwest Ref.	143	134	137	— 6
⅛	⅛	25,800	†Midwest Tex. O.	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
8	2¾	800	Mex.-Panuco Oil	7	6	6¾	— ⅛
5¾	1	1,800	North Amer. Oil	2	1	1½	— ⅜
1¼	⅜	41,800	Noble Oil & Gas	⅞	⅜	⅜	..
9½	9	2,100	Mountain Prod.	9	9	9	..
5¾	1¼	410	Northern Tex. Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼	..
3⅞	1½	5,500	Omar Oil & Gas	2¾	1½	1⅝	— ⅜
9½	4½	4,600	Pennok Oil	6¼	4½	5¾	+ ⅛
10½	3¾	10,600	*Producers & Ref.	4½	3½	4¾	— ⅛
57½	57½	40	Panhandle Pet. pf.	57½	57½	57½	..
1⅞	⅜	4,500	Red Rock Oil	⅞	⅜	⅜	— ⅛
3	⅛	216	Rickard Texas Co.	⅛	⅛	⅛	..

MINING STOCKS

2¼	⅝	12,500	Alaska-B. C. Min.	⅞	⅝	⅞	..
1⅞	⅛	700	American Mines	1	1	1	..
⅞	⅛	10,400	*Arizona Globe	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
5½	1⅜	12,800	*Atlanta	1⅜	1	1⅜	+ ⅛
33	2	19,900	*Belcher Divide	4	3	3	+ 2½
49	2	16,400	*Belcher Ext.	3½	2	2¾	— 1
	⅛	40,400	Big Ledge Copper	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
7	2½	11,800	*Booth	4	2½	3½	+ ⅛
92	20	33,000	†Bradley & Mont.	42	39	40	— 2
42	15	21,500	*†Caledonia Min.	17	15	16¾	— ½
11	11	12,600	*Candelaria Silver	13	11	12	..
	⅛	11,000	Calumet & Jerome	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
11	4	23,200	*†Cashboy	5¾	4	4⅛	— 1
2⅝	⅛	2,500	Cresson Con. Gold	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
65	52	23,900	*†Cortez Silver	64	62	64	..
10	2	350	Con. Va. Silver	3	3	3	— ⅛
	⅛	400	Carbat Silver	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
2	2	900	Cornu. Cop. Mines	2	2	2	..
11	19	18,700	†Divide Extension	27	26	27	— 1
8⅞	⅛	11,000	El Salvador Silver	⅛	⅛	⅛	— ⅛
16	2½	10,800	†Emma Silver	3	2½	3	..
11⅜	⅞	376,000	*Eureka Croesus	40	33	40	+ 4
1⅞	⅞	5,500	*†Eureka Holly	1⅛	1	1⅛	— ⅛
41	11	41,700	*†Gold Zone Divide	22	20	21½	— ½
2¼	⅛	5,000	Forty-nine Mine	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
5	1	2,000	Great Bend	1¼	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
18	4	38,700	*†Goldfield Con.	6	4	5	..
10	1	13,800	*†Goldfield Dev.	3	1	2	..
65	12	23,500	†Harmill Divide	23	15	23	— 5
5	2	3,102	Hecla Mining	4¼	3½	3⅞	— ⅛
4⅝	2¾	7,500	Howe Sound	3¼	2¾	2¾	— ⅛
⅝	⅛	1,850	Iron Blossom	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
27	10	15,400	*†Jim Butler	19	16	18	+ 3
12	4	15,200	†Jumbo Extension	5	5	5	..
2⅝	2⅜	1,300	Kerr Lake	2⅝	2⅜	2⅜	..
4	⅛	8,800	Kewanaa	2	1	1	— 1
18	4	14,200	†Knox Divide	8	6	6½	— 1
7	4	40,600	Lone Star Con.	4½	4	4	— ⅛
⅝	⅛	16,000	Louisiana Con.	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
38½	16	200	Magma Copper	16	16	16	— 1
22	6	11,000	*†Marsh Mining	8	6	7	..
65	16	500	McKinley-Darragh	21	21	21	— 3
1⅛	⅛	4,200	MacNamara Min.	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
6¼	4¼	2,000	*Motherlode, new	5½	5½	5½	..
310	128	29	New Jersey Zinc	128	127	127	— 8
12⅜	7	2,400	Nipissing Mines	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜	+ ⅛
1⅞	⅛	1,350	Ophir Silver	⅛	⅛	⅛	+ ⅛
1⅜	⅛	1,900	*Prince Con.	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
1⅛	1	4,700	Ray Verde Con.	1½	1¼	1¼	+ ⅛
12	4	4,000	Roper Con.	5	4	5	..
	⅜	6,300	Roper Group	⅜	⅜	⅜	..
1⅜	⅜	1,600	St. Croix Con.	⅜	⅜	⅜	— ⅛
21	2	14,100	*†Silver Pick	5	4	5	..
8½	3¼	13,100	South Am. G. & P.	4	3½	3⅝	— ⅜
1⅛	1	4,800	Silver King Divide	1⅝	1	1⅛	+ ⅛
⅝	⅛	900	Std. Silver-Lead	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
7	1	15,600	†Success Mining	2	1½	2	..
1⅞	⅞	7,500	†Sutherland Divide	1¼	1	1½	..
1	⅛	1,500	Talapoosa Silver	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
3⅞	1	10,950	Tonopah Belmont	1½	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
4⅛	1	13,000	*Tonopah Divide	1⅛	1	1	..
2	1	2,445	Tonopah Ext.	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
3⅝	1	1,520	*Tonopah Mining	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
4½	2	6,185	*United Eastern	2⅝	2⅜	2⅜	+ ⅛
11	5	8,500	*U. S. Cont. Min.	6⅛	6	6⅛	+ 1⅛
29	4	10,900	*†Victory Divide	5	4	4½	..
	⅜	6,200	West End Con.	⅛	⅜	⅜	— ⅛
20	3	19,300	†White Caps Min.	3¼	3	3	— ⅛
5	⅜	2,000	†White Caps Ext.	⅜	⅜	⅜	— ⅛
12	1	11,000	†Wilbert Copper	1⅛	1	1	..
1⅞	1	2,500	Yukon Alaska Gold	1¼	1	1⅞	— ⅛
20	20	300	Yukon Alaska M.	20	20	20	..

BONDS

92⅜	87¼	$10,000	Am. Lt. & Trac.	89	87¼	87¼	— 3⅜
98½	96	11,000	Aluminum Mfg. 7s	95⅞	95	95⅝	— 1⅜
89½	50	285,000	*Allied Packing 8s	52	50	50½	— 1⅜
93	92¼	75,000	*Am. T. & T.	94	93¼	93½	— 1⅜
98	90¾	45,000	*Am T. & T., '24	92	90¾	91	— 1⅝
84½	80	20,000	Anaconda 6s	81	81	81	+ ⅜
98¼	87¾	242,000	Anaconda 7s, '29	89½	87¾	88¼	— 1⅜
110⅝	98	33,000	*Anglo-Am.7½s,w.i.	99⅝	99	99	— ⅝
97¾	93½	80,000	Armour 7s, w. i.	95½	93¾	94	— ⅝
95¾	93¼	106,000	Beth. Steel 7s, '35	94⅛	93¾	93½	— ⅛
91	85½	10,000	Brazilian L. & P.	85½	85½	85½	— 1½
102¾	99½	23,000	Can.Nat.Ry.7s,'33	100⅞	100	100	— ⅛
100	97½	346,000	Con. Gas 6s	98¾	97¾		— ⅜
95	94	25,000	City of Bergen 6s	98	94	94	— 1
89½	89	3,000	Colum. Graph. 8s	89½	89½	89½	+ ½
100	90	3,000	Con. Textile	92	92	92	— 1½
101¼	96	250,000	Denmark 8s	97¾	96	96½	— 1
100⅜	99¾	50,000	Diam'd Match 7s	100¾	99¾	99¾	— ⅛
100¼	97	7,000	Duquesne Light 6s	98½	98½	98½	+ ⅛
91½	80¼	18,000	Empire G.&F.6s,'24	91½	80½	91½	+ 8½
89¾	81	3,000	Empire G.&F.6s,'26	91	91	91	— 1
78	49¼	30,000

Listed
and
Unlisted
Securities

M. S. WOLFE & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1906
Members New York Stock Exchange and Consolidated Stock Exchange of N.Y.
61 BROAD ST., NEW YORK
Phone Broad. 25

K & Co.

American Hawaiian S.S.
Amer. Typefounders Com.
Amer. Gas & Elec. Pfd.
American Pr. & Lt. Com.
Burns Bros. Preferred
East Coast Fisheries
Farrell Coal Com.
General Baking Pfd.
Great Northern Paper
N.Y. & Honduras Ros. Min.
Taylor-Wharton Iron & St.
Todd Shipyards
United Gas & El. (all issues)
United Lt. & Ry. 5s & 6s
Ward Baking Common
Wire Wheel Corp. of Amer.

KIELY & CO.
40 Wall Street, — New York
Phone - John 6330

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy

100	Amer.-Hawaiian S. S.
100	Atlantic Lobos Oil com
23	Aluminum Co. of Amer.
23	American Alliance Insurance
50	American Cigar pfd
50	American Chicle com
100	Amer. Cyanamid com
100	American Trading com
536	Atlantic Mutual Ins. scrip
23	Atlas Portland Cement pfd
50	Battery Park Nat. Bank
25	Colo. Fuel & Iron pfd
50	Continental Insurance
25	Del., Lack. & West. Coal
200	Ft. W. Bliss common
50	Empire Sti. & L. com & pfd
50	Fidelity Internat'l Trust
100	General Bak'g com & pfd
50	N. Y. Fire Insurance
5	Globe & Rutgers Ins.
50	Home Ins. "Rights"
25	Ingersoll-Rand pfd
25	Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
25	Midland Securities
100	Niles-Bement-Pond com
200	N. Mex. & Arizona Land
50	N. Y. Life Ins. & Trust
536	N. Y. State Rys. 4½s
100	N. Y. State Rys. com & pfd
25	Old Dominion S. S.
536	Old Dominion S. S. 5s
100	R. J. Reynolds Tob. pfd
50	United Theatre Equip. pfd
100	Ward Baking com & pfd

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Atlanta & Char. Air L. 4½s & 5s, 1963			
Crew Levick 6s, 1931			
Consolidation Coal 5s, 1950			
Dominican Republic 5s, 1938 & 58			
Empire Refining 6s, 1927			
Kentucky-Ind Terminal 4½s, 1961			
Lehigh Valley Del. 2d 3s, 1980			
Louisville & Jeff. Bridge 4s, 1945			
Atlantic Lobos			
Chiles Service Stocks & Bonds			
Pittsylvania Coal & Coke			
Phelps Dodge & Co.			

DUNHAM & Co.
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place, New York
Telephones 8300-16 Hanover

New Issue
We Own and Recommend
METROPOLITAN EDISON CO.
READING, PA.
Ref. and Imp. 8% Bonds
Due Nov. 1, 1935
Price 95.82 & Int. to yield 8.50%
BAINBRIDGE & RYAN,
66 Broadway New York
Phones Rector 7021-2-3

Goodyear Tire & Rubber
Com. & Pfd.
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Gwynne Bros.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Tel. Broad 5270 25 Broad St., N. Y.

STANDARD OIL
STANDARD OIL OF INDIANA — 25 PAR VALUE STOCK
ISSUES
CARL H. FFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
Phone 4000-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

TEXAS—General Obligation County and City Securities
Exempt from Federal Income Taxes
HIGH YIELD—WHOLESALE ONLY
J. L. ARLITT
Member Texas Bankers' Association
141 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Rector 1064

UNITED VERDE EXTENSION
GOLD BROS.
44 Broad St. Tel. Broad 2444.

Hamburg Chamber of Commerce Says Foreign Business Has Suffered Disastrously.

SOUTH AMERICAN SETBACK

Germans Find It Almost Impossible to Resume — Hopeful of Harriman Shipping Arrangement.

HAMBURG, Dec. 26 (Associated Press).—Germany's foreign trade relations, which in 1919 gave some promise of gradual and substantial improvement, suffered disastrously during 1920, the Hamburg Chamber of Commerce says in the annual report which is to be published tomorrow. Without revision of the Versailles Treaty, the report considers, it will be impossible for Germany to arrive at her normal economic and political condition.

"There are some signs of the beginning of a better state of conditions in the apparent increased inclination to work and the desire for better productive results," adds the report. "There is a further movement toward improvement of German economical conditions in the overstocking of foreign markets with food and raw stuffs."

The report advises against acceptance of foreign credits by the Germans "unless the stipulations for paying back the loans are clearly prepared."

It is believed by the Chamber of Commerce that the United States is in a remarkable position for the development of its world trade and it thinks that the Hamburg-American Line-Harriman shipping arrangement has placed Germany in a position to secure some share of the expanding business.

German commerce with the South American countries is reported to be virtually at a standstill. Mexico's policy of official control of foreign trade is condemned by the Chamber as responsible for part of the slump in German business in that country, which it says has been taken over largely by the United States.

The effect of the American blacklist on German goods is seen in the neutral countries of South America, where, according to the report, German firms are finding it almost impossible to resume business. German prices, which are described as too high, are declared to have adversely affected trade, particularly in Colombia, where most buyers who contracted with German firms canceled their orders in favor of the Americans. The Germans had filled large orders in Colombia, but it is now reported that German business there has been completely shut down.

Trade with Guatemala also has suffered severely. In Venezuela American, English and Dutch influence is said to have grown greatly.

Rather active business has been opened with Ecuador and Peru, but there is stricted to foodstuffs. German shippers are selling direct to Argentina and Uruguay.

The United States, adds the report, has improved its trade with Brazil to the detriment of British and German trade. Some industries in Brazil, protected by high tariffs, are growing rapidly. Important coffee contracts have been closed with Brazil. While there is a large inquiry by Brazil for German industrial articles, labor difficulties in Germany have prevented the Germans from meeting the demand.

Concerning China the Chamber says: "One cannot speak of the reopening of regular business." Export of German machinery to Japan promised big business until the Japanese financial crisis came.

The report regrets the destruction of German business in the Philippines by the "forcible expropriation of German property." It expects the American Government will pay for this property directly to the German owners.

NEW CENTRAL AMERICAN TIE.

Guatemala Lets Down Trade Bars as a Step Toward Union.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Señor Julio Bianchi, the Guatemalan Minister to the United States, announced today that his Government had abolished all trade restrictions between itself and the other four Central American Republics.

"The Government of Guatemala," the announcement read, "has issued a decree abolishing trade restrictions between Guatemala and the other four Central American Republics—Honduras, Salvador, Nicaragua and Costa Rica. The decree issued by President Herrera, by and with the consent of the National Assembly, removes export and import duties on all merchandise, excepting liquor and tobacco, moving between Guatemala and the other four Central American Republics.

"These duties have been in effect since 1885 and their abolition is regarded by the Unionist Government of Guatemala as a very important step toward the economic and political union of the five Republics of Central America.

"Guatemala is the first of the Central American Republics to make such a sweeping removal of trade restrictions. Costa Rica has removed duties on manufactured articles imported into Costa Rica from the other Central American Republics and it is expected by students of the situation that virtually all trade restrictions between Central American States soon will be abolished."

WANTS AGITATORS WATCHED

But Madrid Paper Objects to Deporting Them to Rural Districts.

MADRID, Dec. 26.—El Debate discusses today the danger created for the country by the system adopted by the authorities in deporting extremist agitators from the large cities to other parts of the country. It says the deportees, instead of ceasing their activities, in nearly every instance have started propaganda in districts which hitherto have not been affected by the extremist agitation.

The newspaper argues that it would be better to keep known agitators in the industrial centres, where they could always be under the surveillance of the police, whereas they now constitute a grave menace to the rural populations.

Trade Commission Urges Federal Licensing System for Dealers in Perishable Products.

WEBB-POMERENE ACT AN AID

Called Decided Factor in Promoting Progress of American Manufacturers in Foreign Markets.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—The establishment of central markets for perishable food products in all large cities and of a Federal licensing system applicable to all dealers in such foods at those markets is proposed by the Federal Trade Commission in its annual report to Congress, made public today.

The commission's conclusions are based on an investigation covering many months and it decides that Federal action is necessary to obtain effective regulation and to avoid unfair and wasteful practices with the consequent effect on prices. In the present system the commission sees as a hindrance to the proper passage of perishables from the producer to the consumer certain intertrade dealings which it believes should be eliminated, and it suggests that the handling of these products be surrounded by numerous regulations and restrictions such as the recording of available supplies, the dating of cold storage periods and provisions for auction marketing.

Facilities should be made adequate, the commission says, to enable the producer to ship freely into the central markets and "with proper protection of his interests." The marketing system should be so planned that objectionable hoarding would be eliminated and transportation facilities should be co-ordinated to make deliveries certain when required.

The commission asserts that State and municipal authorities lack adequate power effectively to regulate the handling of the food supplies.

The commission says it has found that concentration of the milling industry has progressed far enough so that "probably ten of the largest milling concerns could supply the demand of the country for flour."

Reporting on the operation of the Webb-Pomerene act, permitting the formation of associations for export trade, the commission informs Congress that this act has served as "a decided factor" in promoting the progress of American manufacturers in foreign markets. During the year forty-three associations comprising approximately 732 concerns, whose offices and plants are distributed over forty-three States, reported as operating under the Export act.

The commission finds that this law, instead of increasing the strength of great industrial establishments, has enabled smaller concerns to band together in a fashion to push fully organized export trade in a keen competitive manner which they are not able to do at home.

Exchange.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

PARIS, Dec. 26.—Emile Massard, a Paris municipal councilor, demands that the Paris police clean up their districts of undesirable foreigners. From police records it is estimated that there are more than 300,000 undesirables in France.

M. Massard states that numerous Americans, Englishmen and Spaniards have come to France because the exchange rates are favorable to them. After they have spent all their money they live by various dubious means, forming hold-up bands, living off women, selling drugs and engaging in other criminal activities.

The councilor recommends stricter passport scrutiny and regulations aimed to bar foreigners unless they are wealthy, live on salaries, or have allotments.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

	—December—		—March—		—May—	
WHEAT.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
Dec. 20	1.71	1.67	1.64⅝	1.60¾	1.62	1.53¾
Dec. 21	1.72	1.68	1.66⅝	1.61⅞	1.62½	1.55¾
Dec. 22	1.73	1.68	1.63¾	1.59	1.58⅝	1.55½
Dec. 23	1.71	1.67	1.63	1.63	1.63¼	1.59¼
Dec. 24	1.71	1.69	1.66¼	1.64	1.62¾	1.60½
Dec. 25	Holiday.					
Week's range	1.72	1.63	1.67	1.59	1.63¼	1.55½

	—December—		—May—		—July—	
CORN.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
Dec. 20	69¾	69	74½	72½	76½	73
Dec. 21	72¾	69¼	76	73¼	77¼	74½
Dec. 22	71¾	69	74⅞	72½	76¼	73¾
Dec. 23	72	70½	75½	73¾	76¼	74⅜
Dec. 24	71	69¼	75⅜	74	75⅞	74⅛
Dec. 25	Holiday.					
Week's range	73⅜	69	76	72½	77½	73

	—Dec.—		—May—		—July—	
OATS	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
Dec. 20	47⅜	47	49¾	48¾	48¾	48¾
Dec. 21	48	47⅛	49¾	49¼	49⅛	48¾
Dec. 22	47⅛	46⅜	49⅜	48¾	48½	47⅛
Dec. 23	47¾	46⅞	49⅜	49⅛	48¾	48⅜
Dec. 24	47⅛	46¼	49⅝	49	49	48¼
Dec. 25	Holiday.					
Week's range	48	46¼	50¼	48¾	49½	47½

	—Dec.—		—May—	
RYE.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
Dec. 20	1.53½	1.44¾	1.41½	1.39¼
Dec. 21	1.55½	1.56	1.43¾	1.40
Dec. 22	1.54¾	1.54¼	1.40¾	1.38
Dec. 23	1.60¾	1.58½	1.43	1.41¼
Dec. 24	1.59¾	1.58	1.41¾	1.40¾
Dec. 25	Holiday			
Week's range	1.60¾	1.54¼	1.43¼	1.38

Provisions

	—Jan.—		—May—	
LARD.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
Dec. 20	12.95	12.70	13.27	13.00
Dec. 21	13.12	12.87	13.60	13.13
Dec. 22	13.05	12.85	13.57	12.92
Dec. 23	13.37	13.32	13.85	13.60
Dec. 24	13.45	12.97	13.95	13.40
Dec. 25	Holiday			
Week's range	13.45	12.73	13.95	13.00

	—Jan.—		—May—	
RIBS.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
Dec. 20	11.12	10.95	11.80	11.65
Dec. 21	11.40	11.20	12.15	11.80
Dec. 22	11.55	11.37	12.22	12.03
Dec. 23	11.77	11.55	12.55	12.30
Dec. 24	11.97	11.62	12.75	12.25
Dec. 25	Holiday			
Week's range	11.97	10.95	12.75	11.65

	—Jan.—	
PORK.	High.	Low.
Dec. 20	22.60	22.00
Dec. 21	22.85	22.75
Dec. 22		
Dec. 23	23.20	22.85
Dec. 24	23.40	23.00
Dec. 25	Holiday	
Week's range	23.40	22.00

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by resolutions of the Company passed in Mexico City on the 22d December, 1920, it was resolved (a) to authorize an increase of Share Capital to 100,000,000 Pesos Mexican by the creation of 4,438,648 Ordinary Shares of Ten Pesos Mexican each, and (b) to offer to the present shareholders of the Company one of such new Ordinary Shares at par for every two Shares, either Preference or Ordinary, held by them.

To enable holders of Share Warrants to Bearer to take advantage of this issue, they must deposit at The London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd., 5 Threadneedle Str., London E. C. 2, or any of its branches; The Belfast Banking Co., Ltd., Belfast, or any of its branches; The Clydesdale Bank, Ltd., Glasgow, or any of its branches, Coupon No 16 detached from Definitive Share Warrants representing Ordinary Shares and/or Coupon No. 22 detached from Definitive Share Warrants representing Preference Shares. These Coupons must be accompanied by a remittance to pay up in full at par for one new Ordinary Share in respect of every two old Shares represented by such Coupons.

For each new Share the sum of £1 6s. 0 (being the exchange equivalent of Ten Pesos Mex. Gold) is payable at the time of lodgement of such Coupons.

The application for the new Shares must be made to the above-mentioned Bankers not later than the 31st January, 1921, but the Board may, in any special case at its absolute discretion, extend such time for not exceeding one month.

The above-mentioned Coupons and remittance must be forwarded to London by the Shareholders' Bankers, who in turn must forward and present them through their London agents.

The new Shares will rank pari passu with the existing Ordinary Shares, but will not participate in any Dividend that may be declared payable on the 31st December, 1920.

Provisional receipts will be issued in exchange for the above-mentioned Coupons and remittances, which provisional receipts will in due course be exchanged for Definitive Share Warrants to Bearer.

Fractional receipts representing one-half of a new Share will be issued against payment of 14s. 0d. each in respect of each odd Share and such fractional receipt if presented not later than 31st May, 1921, at the Office of Whitehall Securities Corporation, Ltd., London Financial Agents of the Company, 47 Parliament Street, S. W. with additional fractional receipts representing one or more complete Shares, and a letter of request signed by the holder, will be exchanged for provisional receipts for fully paid Shares.

HERBERT J. CARR,
Attorney in Fact for Whitehall Securities Corporation, Limited (London Financial Agents).

TO THE HOLDERS OF
KNOXVILLE RAILWAY AND LIGHT CO.
Refunding and Extension Mortgage Five Per Cent. 35-Year Gold Bonds due June 1, 1946.

Notice is hereby given, as provided in Article IV. of the Refunding and Extension Mortgage, dated June 1, 1911, between the Knoxville Railway and Light Company and Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee, that offers of bonds issued thereunder will be received until 10 A. M. on Friday, January 14, 1921, at the office of the undersigned, No. 140 Broadway, New York City, for the sale to it, as Trustee, at the lowest prices at which such bonds shall be offered, not exceeding one hundred seven and one-half per cent. (107½%) of par and accrued interest to January 17, 1921, of bonds in such amounts as will exhaust the sum of Eight thousand, eight hundred twenty-three dollars and thirty-four cents ($8,823.34) now on deposit in the Sinking Fund.

The right is reserved to reject any and all offers, in whole or in part. Bonds accepted should be delivered on January 17, 1921.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
Dated: New York, December 22, 1920.

ST. MAURICE PAPER COMPANY, LTD.
First Mortgage 6% 30 Year Gold Bonds.

The holders of the First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Thirty Year Gold Bonds of the St. Maurice Paper Company, Limited, secured by a Trust Deed to the Montreal Trust Company, as Trustee, dated December 30, 1915, are hereby notified that said Paper Company elects to pay and redeem on the 1st day of January, 1921, all of the bonds secured by said trust deed now outstanding, by paying to said Trustee for said bondholders the accrued interest on all such bonds and one hundred and five per cent of the principal thereof, and hereby declares all such bonds to become and be due and payable on the 1st day of January, 1921. Said bonds will, after the 1st day of January, 1921, draw no interest, and will cease to be entitled to the benefits of said trust deed, and the lien thereof will be released. Bonds and coupons may be presented for payment either to the Montreal Trust Company, Montreal, Canada, or to the National City Bank, New York City, New York.

H. F. SMITH, Secretary.

GULF and SHIP ISLAND RAILROAD COMPANY
First Mortgage Refunding and Terminal Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

As provided in Section Seven of Article Two of the Mortgage securing the issue of bonds above described, the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3 P. M. on January 6, 1921, for the sale to it of such bonds as may be in the Sinking Fund, at a price not exceeding 110 per cent and accrued interest, to the amount of $85,200.38, conditioned upon the payment to the undersigned of that amount on or before January 2nd, 1921, as provided in the said Mortgage.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, formerly New York Security & Trust Company, Trustee.
By B. G. CURTS, Secretary.
December 18, 1920.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER CO.
To Stockholders:

Holders of Voting Trust Certificates:

The Voting Trust Agreement between Stockholders of this Company and Voting Trustees will expire December 31, 1920. Application is being made to the New York Stock Exchange to list all classes of this Company's stock. New forms of stock certificates are being prepared. On and after December 31, 1920, holders of voting trust certificates may surrender such certificates duly endorsed for transfer and obtain stock certificates of equivalent kind and amount, and stockholders may exchange old certificates for new certificates (without change of name or amount) at the Columbia Trust Company, 60 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER COMPANY,
By George K. Gilliuly,
Secretary and Agent for Voting Trustees.

THE BERKSHIRE ICE COMPANY.
6% First Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

Bankers Trust Company, as Trustee under Mortgage dated July 2, 1906, made by the Berkshire Ice Company, hereby gives notice pursuant thereto, that proposals to sell The Berkshire Ice Company 6% First Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds at prices not exceeding 110% and accrued interest, may be made to said Trustee for account of the Sinking Fund, due January 1, 1921. All such proposals must be in writing, addressed to Bankers Trust Company, Trustee, No. 16 Wall Street, New York City, and must be delivered before 3 P. M. on March 1, 1921.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By E. F. Wilson, Jr., Vice President.
Dated at New York, December 3, 1920.

CITY OF COPENHAGEN (DENMARK)
5½% External Loan of 1919

Coupons due January 1st, 1921, on the above bonds will be paid January 3rd or thereafter at the office of Brown Brothers & Co., fiscal agents, 59 Wall Street, New York City.

DIVIDENDS.

FINANCE AND TRADING CORPORATION
43 Exchange Place.

New York, N. Y., Dec. 28, 1920.

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend at the rate of 7% per annum upon the Preferred Stock of this Corporation for the three months ending December 31, 1920, payable January 3, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 27, 1920. Transfer books will not close.

W. N. HUGHES, Jr., Treasurer.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate issued in duplicate hereby certifies that the CARLISLE CORD TIRE CO., INC., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 23d day of December, 1920, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, [Seal of Secretary of State.] at the City of Albany, this twenty-third day of December, one thousand nine hundred and twenty.

A. B. PARKER,
Deputy Secretary of State.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the partnership consisting of JOSEPH MEISEL and PAUL KAMENSKY, doing business under the name of JOSEPH MEISEL & CO., at 107 Bleecker St., New York City, has this day been dissolved, and that Joseph Meisel is now conducting said business as sole owner under the same name at the same place.

All partnership debts have been assumed by Joseph Meisel, who is the sole owner of all the assets of the firm.

Dated, New York, Dec. 22, 1920.
JOSEPH MEISEL & CO.

DIVIDENDS.

International Petroleum Company, Limited

Notice of Dividend No. 1

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of 25 cents United States Currency per share has been declared by the Directors of the International Petroleum Company, Limited, and that the same will be payable on or after the 3rd day of January, 1921, in respect of the shares specified in any Bearer Share Warrants of the Company upon presentation and delivery of coupons No. 1 attached to the said Bearer Share Warrants at the following Banks:—

The Royal Bank of Canada,
60 Church Street, Toronto, Canada.

The Farmers' Loan & Trust Co.,
16-22 William Street, New York, N. Y.

The Farmers' Loan & Trust Co., Limited,
26 Old Broad Street, London, England.
OR

The Offices of the International Petroleum Co., Ltd.,
56 Church Street, Toronto, Canada.

The payment to shareholders of record whose shares are fully paid up at the close of business on the 31st day of December, 1920, and whose shares are represented by Registered Certificates will be made by cheque, mailed from the offices of the Company on the 31st day of December, 1920.

By Order of the Board,
J. R. CLARKE,
Secretary.

56 Church Street,
Toronto, Canada.

1st December, 1920.

THE AMERICAN BRAKE SHOE AND FOUNDRY COMPANY

NOTICE OF DIVIDENDS ON NEW PREFERRED AND NEW COMMON STOCK.

The Board of Directors of The American Brake Shoe and Foundry Company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) upon the new preferred stock of the company, and a quarterly dividend of One Dollar ($1.00) per share upon the new common stock of the company, said dividends to be payable, in the case of each class of stock, on December 31, 1920, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on December 21, 1920, and thereafter to the holders of all such new preferred and new common stock of the company as may be issued and exchanged for preferred and common stock of the company authorized prior to and outstanding at the time of the amendment to the certificate of incorporation of the company.

Checks will be mailed.

GEORGE M. JUDD, Secretary.
Dated, New York, December 14, 1920.

THE KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
No. 25 Broad Street.
New York, December 21, 1920.

A quarterly dividend of One (1) PER CENT. has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, from surplus earnings of the current fiscal year, payable January 15, 1921, to shareholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., December 31, 1920.

Checks in payment thereof will be mailed to stockholders at the addresses last furnished the Transfer Agent.

G. C. HAND, Secretary.

Office of
LOCKWOOD, GREENE & CO., MANAGERS,
Boston, Mass.

The quarterly dividend of 2% No. 44 upon the outstanding capital stock of the Lawton Mills Corporation has been declared payable December 31, 1920, at the Office of the Transfer Agents, The Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, Massachusetts, to stockholders of record at close of business, December 24, 1920.

THE LAWTON MILLS CORPORATION,
S. HAROLD GREENE, Treasurer.

WESTCHESTER TITLE & MORTGAGE COMPANY.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of 5% on the capital stock of this company, payable on January 5, 1921, to all stockholders of record at the close of business December 31, 1920.

PHILIP H. ROYS, Treasurer.
Dated White Plains, N. Y., December 17, 1920.

Commercial Exchange Bank
New York, December 17, 1920.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of 5% on the capital stock of this Bank, payable January 2, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business Dec. 28, 1920.

GEORGE KERN, Cashier.

OFFICE OF
LOCKWOOD, GREENE & CO., MANAGERS,
Boston, Mass.

The quarterly dividend of 1¾% upon the preferred stock of Winnsboro Mills has been declared payable January 3, 1921, at the office of the Transfer Agents, the New England Trust Co., Boston, Mass., to all holders of record at the close of business December 24, 1920.

WINNSBORO MILLS,
HENRY C. EVERETT, Jr., Treasurer.

UNITED STATES REALTY & IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.
111 Broadway, New York.
December 27, 1920.

The Coupons on this Company's Twenty-Year Debenture 5% Bonds, due on January 1st next, will be paid on January 2nd upon presentation at the Company's office, 1115 Trinity Building.

ALBERT E. HADLOCK, Treasurer.

ICE SERVICE COMPANY, INC.
Preferred Stock Dividend.

A dividend at the rate of 7% from the date of the issue to January 1st, 1921, has been declared on the preferred stock of this company, payable January 1st, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 20th, 1920, on which date the transfer books will close. Checks mailed.

M. J. SHEEHY, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF
LOCKWOOD, GREENE & CO., MANAGERS,
Boston, Mass.

The quarterly dividend of 2% upon the common stock of Winnsboro Mills has been declared payable January 3, 1921, at the office of the Company, to all holders of record at the close of business December 24, 1920.

WINNSBORO MILLS,
HENRY C. EVERETT, Jr., Treasurer.

KEYSTONE FINANCE CORPORATION
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND.

A quarterly dividend of 1¾% was declared on December 8th by the Board of Directors upon the par value of the full paid Preferred Stock of this Corporation for the quarter ending Dec. 31st, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 20th, 1920.

PETER R. OGG, Secretary & Treasurer.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RY. CO.
Grand Central Terminal, N. Y.,
Dec. 23, 1920.

A dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT ($1.25 per share) on the Preferred Stock of this Company has been declared payable on Thursday, Jan. 20, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Monday Jan. 3, 1921.

MILTON S. BARGER, General Treasurer.

CANADA SOUTHERN RAILWAY CO.
Grand Central Terminal, N. Y.,
Dec. 23, 1920.

A dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT ($1.50 per share) on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared payable on Tuesday, Feb. 1, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Monday, Jan. 3, 1921.

MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

49th Semi-Annual Dividend
ITALIAN SAVINGS BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
Nos. 64-66 Spring St.

A dividend has been declared for the six months ending December 31, 1920, on all deposits entitled thereto at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum on all sums from $5 to $5,000, payable on and after January 21st, 1921. Deposits made on or before January 10th will draw interest from January 1st.

CHRISTMAS CLUB NOW OPEN.

ANTONIO STELLA, Acting President.
BERNARD J. McCANN, Treasurer.
PASQUALE I. SIMONELLI, Secretary.

146TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.
UNION SQUARE SAVINGS BANK
No. 20 Union Square.

A DIVIDEND has been declared for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1920, on all deposits entitled thereto at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum on sums from $5 to $5,000, payable on and after Jan. 17, 1921. Interest at the above rate was also allowed on the excess of interest over $5,000 and not exceeding $5,000. Deposits made on or before Jan. 10 will draw interest from Jan. 1.

WILLIAM H. ROCKWOOD, President.
FREDERIC C. MILLS, Treasurer.
H. ROCKWOOD BRINCKERHOFF, Sec'y.
HUGH B. GARDNER, Cashier.
Open 10 to 3; Mon. 10 to 7; Sat. 10 to 12.
ACCOUNTS OF SOCIETIES ACCEPTED.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK
N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue

Dividend Jan. 1st, 1921, at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT
per annum on all sums from $5 to $5,000 entitled thereto under the By-laws.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 10TH WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1ST.

WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
WALTER B. BRINCKERHOFF, Sec'y.
CLARENCE L. BLAKELOCK, Treasurer.
Open Mondays from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.
Other days from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.
Holidays excepted.

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS
76 Wall Street.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT AN INTEREST DIVIDEND be paid to depositors entitled thereto for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1920.

On accounts not exceeding five thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.

Payable on and after Monday, Jan. 17th, 1921.

DANIEL BARNES, President.
WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, Secretary.
New York, Dec. 9th, 1920.

—NOTICE—

Deposits to draw interest from Jan. 1st or April 1st or July 1st or Oct. 1st must be made on or before the last day of the previous month.

Central Savings Bank
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK
CORNER 4TH AVE. AND 14TH ST.

Interest at the rate of
FOUR (4) PER CENTUM
per annum will be credited depositors for the six months ending December 31, 1920, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-laws not exceeding five thousand ($5,000) dollars, and will be payable on and after January 21, 1921.

Deposits made on or before January 10, 1921, will draw interest from January 1, 1921.

HERBERT L. GILLIS, President.

Dry Dock Savings Institution
341 & 343 BOWERY, Cor. 3d St., New York.

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending December 31, 1920, on all deposits entitled thereto under the By-laws at the rate of FOUR Per Cent. per annum, payable on and after January 17, 1921.

Deposits made on or before January 10 will be entitled to interest from Jan. 1, 1921.

ANDREW MILLS, President.
ANDREW MILLS, JR., First Vice President.
FREDERICK SHERWOOD, Treasurer.
SAMUEL WEBSTER, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

THE MEXICAN EAGLE OIL COMPANY LIMITED)
CIA MEXICANA DE PETROLEO "EL AGUILA" S. A.

A final dividend of 40% for the year ended June 30, 1920, and an interim dividend of 5% in respect of the current year, or a total of $2.6865 per share, have been declared and will be paid on and after December 31st, 1920, on presentation and verification of Ordinary Share Coupon No. 15, and/or Preference Share Coupon No. 22 at the American Exchange National Bank, 128 Broadway, New York.

HERBERT L. CARR,
Attorney-in-fact for
Whitehall Securities Corporation Limited
(London Financial Agents).

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
OFFICE OF PENICK & FORD, LTD.
Incorporated.
New Orleans, La.

The Directors of Penick & Ford, Ltd., Incorporated, have declared quarterly dividend No. 4 of one and three-quarters per cent. upon the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable January 15, 1921, to stockholders of record December 24, 1920. Transfer books will close December 24, 1920, at 3 P. M., and reopen January 4, 1921, at 10 A. M.

Checks will be mailed.

EMILE BIENVENU, Secretary.

GORHAM MANUFACTURING CO.
Preferred Dividend No. 108.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-fourths per cent. (1¾%) on the 7% Preferred Cumulative Voting Stock of the Company has been declared, payable January 3, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 24, 1920, and the regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) has been declared, payable January 3, 1921, on such of the 6% Preferred Stock of this Company as has not been exchanged for the new issue of Preferred Stock.

ALFRED K. POTTER, Treasurer.
Providence, R. I., December 22, 1920.

UNITED GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY.
61 Broadway, New York
December 23, 1920.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the regular semi-annual dividend of two and one-half per cent. (2½%) on the outstanding capital stock of the Company, payable January 15, 1921, to stockholders of record December 31, 1920. Dividend checks will be mailed.

J. A. McKENNA, Secretary.

Canadian Connecticut Cotton Mills, Limited.

The Board of Directors of Canadian Connecticut Cotton Mills, Limited, has declared a quarterly dividend of 2% on the 8% Participating Preferred Capital Stock of the Company payable January 1st, 1921, to holders of preferred stock of record at the close of business on December 23rd, 1920.

TRACY S. LEWIS, Treasurer.

BARNET LEATHER CO., INC.,
61 Fulton St., N. Y. C.
Dec. 20, 1920.

A quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters (1¾%) per cent. has been declared upon the preferred stock of the Barnet Leather Co., Inc., payable January 1, 1921 to stockholders of record at the close of business December 30, 1920. Checks will be mailed.

M. H. HEYMAN, Treasurer.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.
Grand Central Terminal, N. Y.,
Dec. 23, 1920.

A dividend of TWO PER CENT ($2.00 per share) on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared payable on Saturday, Jan. 29, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Monday, Jan. 3, 1921.

MILTON S. BARGER, General Treasurer.

QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request.
Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.		Quotations Dec. 24, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Ala. Power 1st, '46	5	Mar. & Sep.		73	77
Albany Southern, '39	5	Mar. & Sep.		65	75
Am. W. W. & El., '34	5	Apr. & Oct.		48	51
Amer. & For. P. Co.		Q	J

LEGISLATURE ASKED TO USE ECONOMY

New York State Mayors Want No Laws Compelling Increase in Expenditures.

PLEA FOR RETRENCHMENT

Conference Informed Municipal Employes Are Preparing to Urge Mandatory Salary Increases.

ALBANY, Dec. 25.—An appeal to the Legislature to enact no laws at the coming session which will compel cities to spend more public funds was contained in a statement sent to Governor-elect Miller and the members of the incoming Legislature by the officers and Advisory Committee of the New York State Conference of Mayors and other city officials, made public tonight.

"We wish to emphasize," said the statement, "the importance of placing on the statute books this year only such general laws affecting cities as will permit local administrations to reduce tax burdens, either by economizing or by increasing their efficiency."

Retrenchment, it was said, was as necessary in city as in either State or Federal Government. Appropriations were said to be larger this year than last in most cases, while the cities were facing a reduction in revenue from indirect taxation.

"We are informed that certain organizations and groups of municipal employes are preparing to urge upon the Legislature the enactment of certain mandatory laws affecting their employment and salaries which will involve increased taxation," the statement continued. While cities are not hampered now by tax and borrowing limitations, as they have been in the past, due to large increases in their assessment valuation, it was said that this was no reason why tax burdens now should be increased.

"We assure the Legislature," the statement ended, "that the cities, individually, will grant such needed relief and make such necessary improvements as these mandatory bills would require as rapidly as their financial condition will permit."

New Capital for German Ship Line.

HAMBURG, Dec. 25.—The German-Costa Rica Steamship Line has increased its capital by 20,000,000 marks. A great part of the new shares has been purchased by the American Line, the North German Lloyd and Hugo Stinnes, the German capitalist.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

15 cents per word. Two business and one bank reference required from advertisers.

CAPITAL WANTED.

PROMINENT dry goods broker desires to co-operate with party having capital to invest in the wholesale dry goods business; can submit sound proposition. S 126 Times Downtown.

WANTED to buy modern bread silk mill of 300 to 500 looms; up-to-date machinery; must be a bargain. Clark, Maclellan & Riley, 101 Park Av., New York.

A GOOD opportunity for one as co-partner who can invest $10,000 in an established business. Box 685, 209 Cable Bldg.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

WANTED—A manufacturer's line of men's and women's leather goods for permanent representation in Chicago; large following among the jobbing and premium trade. Answer R. B. Deal, 115 South Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—A manufacturer's line of men's and women's leather goods for permanent representation in Chicago; large following among the jobbing and premium trade. Answer R. B. Deal, 115 South Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

LARGE Brooklyn machine shop has surplus capacity; can quote excellent prices and give good deliveries on quantity production work of all kinds. The Duplex Engine Governor Co., Inc.

FOR SALE.

SPLENDID trade mark for candy business, registered patent office; will dispose of outright or on royalty basis; very catchy; will readily become a household word. C 2408 Times Annex.

BAD health; must sell 30 years' established hair ornament business; a money maker; act quick. Y 2404 Times Annex.

FOR SALE.

WE ARE SPECIALISTS IN GARAGES. LARGEST SELECTION; BONA-FIDE PROPOSITIONS FROM $5,000 TO $75,000; MONEY ADVANCED WHEN REQUIRED. L. SCHLEIFER CO., TIMES BLDG., B'WAY AND 42D ST. 256 RIVINGTON ST., NEAR WILLIAMSBURG BRIDGE PLAZA.

CHIROPODIST'S office for sale by estate of late Dr. Wit, 236 6th Av.; established 20 years; equipped. Telephone Tremont 3020, or address A. Wit, 311 East Tremont Av., City.

STORE FOR SALE—Women's ready-to-wear store for sale on prominent and busy thoroughfare in Brooklyn; fixtures and rent reasonable. J. Weissman, 695 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

RESTAURANT—Broadway; long lease; free rent; electricity. Namos, 1,416 Broadway. Bryant 5308.

BUSINESS LOANS.

MONEY advanced on notes and trade acceptances, open accounts and other good securities. V 680 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

PATENTS—Over 75 years' practice; all communications strictly confidential; handbook on patents free on request; special facilities for office consultations. Munn & Co., patent attorneys, 615 Woolworth Building, New York.

ARE YOU contemplating buying a business? Let our mechanical and industrial experts investigate before you buy; charges reasonable. C 356 Times.

WE WILL sell your business promptly without any undesirable publicity; call and talk it over. R. G. Bryant Co., 100 5th Av.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CUBA CANE SUGAR CORPORATION,
123 Front St., New York, N. Y.
December 20th, 1920.

To the Stockholders of
CUBA CANE SUGAR CORPORATION:

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Cuba Cane Sugar Corporation will be held at the office of the Corporation, No. 123 Front Street, New York City, on Monday, January 10th, 1921, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of directors to hold office for one year, and for the transaction of any and all business that may come before the meeting, including considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all contracts, acts and proceedings of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting as set forth in the Minute Book, which will be presented to the meeting and be open to the inspection of the stockholders.

The stock transfer books of the Corporation will not be closed.

H. F. KROYER, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Equitable Trust Company of New York for the purpose of electing Trustees for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, at 2 o'clock P. M.

WILLIAM J. ECK, Secretary.

UNIVERSAL UNDERWRITING AGENCY, INC.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Universal Underwriting Agency, Inc., will be held at the office of the company, No. 44 Beaver Street, New York City, on the 3d day of January, 1921, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated, New York, New York, November 20, 1920.

JOHN PATTERSON, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF HOGGSON BROTHERS

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of Hoggson Brothers will be held at the office of the company, 435 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 10th day of January, 1921, at eleven o'clock A. M. for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and two inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

New York, Dec. 24, 1920.

H. PEARSE, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE FEDERAL Composition and Paint Co., Inc.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Federal Composition and Paint Co., Inc., will be held at the principal offices of the Company, 17 Battery Place, New York City, N. Y., on Monday, the tenth of January, 1921, at 3:00 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of electing directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before said meeting.

Dated Dec. 20, 1920.

A. H. HUGHES, Secretary.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.

New York, December 9, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year will be held at its banking house, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M.

H. C. STEVENS,
Second Vice President.

THE MUTUAL BANK

New York, December 27th, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mutual Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the Bank, No. 49-51 West 33rd Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, the 11th day of January, 1921 at three o'clock P. M.

HUGH S. KIRKLAND, Cashier.

THE BEAU-SITE COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Beau-Site Company for the election of directors for the ensuing year and such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company at The Biltmore Hotel Monday, January 10th, 1921, at three o'clock, P. M.

EUGENE D. MILLER,
Secretary.

B. L. M. BATES CORPORATION.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the B. L. M. Bates Corporation for the election of directors for the ensuing year and such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company at The Biltmore Hotel Monday, January 10th, 1921, at twelve o'clock noon.

EUGENE D. MILLER,
Secretary.

COMMODORE-BILTMORE CO., INC.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of Commodore-Biltmore Company, Inc., for the election of directors for the ensuing year and such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company at The Biltmore Hotel, on Monday, January 10th, 1921, at ten o'clock A. M.

JOHN S. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

BOWMAN HOTEL CORPORATION.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Bowman Hotel Corporation for the election of directors for the ensuing year and such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company at The Commodore Hotel Monday, January 10th, 1921, at eleven o'clock A. M.

EUGENE D. MILLER,
Secretary.

HOTEL ANSONIA CORPORATION.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Hotel Ansonia Corporation for the election of directors for the ensuing year and such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company at Hotel Ansonia Monday, January 10th, 1921, at two o'clock P. M.

J. VARNUM MOTT,
Secretary.

YORKVILLE BANK

December 24th, 1920.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank and the Election of Directors for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House, 1511 Third Avenue, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, at 4 P. M.

FREDERICK RATH, Cashier.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THIRTY-FOURTH STREET CROSSTOWN RAILWAY COMPANY.

A special meeting of the Stockholders of the Thirty-Fourth Street Crosstown Railway Company will be held at the office, Room 1209, No. 165 Broadway, New York City, New York, on January 19th, 1921, at 12:00 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of voting upon a declaration of abandonment of route adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company at a meeting thereof held on December 15th, 1920, abandoning the right, privilege and franchise of this Company to construct, maintain and operate its horse car railway in, upon and along Thirty-fourth Street from a point just east of Eleventh Avenue, westerly in Thirty-fourth Street, to a point near Twelfth Avenue, a distance of nine hundred and seventy-two feet, all in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York.

H. M. FISHER, Secretary.

Dated New York, December 17, 1920.

THE BANK OF UNITED STATES.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Bank of United States, New York, for the election of Directors to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the principal office thereof, at 320 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, at 12 noon.

The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon until 1 P. M.

Dated New York, December 23, 1920.

JOSEPH S. MARCUS, President.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the American Foreign Banking Corporation will be held at the office of the bank, No. 63 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on Monday, January 10, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business that may properly come before the meeting.

New York City, December 20th, 1920.

CHARLES A. MACKENZIE,
Secretary.

LAWYERS TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY
160 Broadway.

New York, December 27th, 1920.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on Wednesday, January 12th, 1921, at two P. M., at the office of the Company, 160 Broadway, New York, for the purpose of electing directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

HERBERT WALKER, Secretary.

METROPOLIS SAFE DEPOSIT CO.

New York, December 24, 1920.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at its place of business, 31 Union Square, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, at 2:45 P. M.

E. S. LAFFEY, Secretary.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—JAMES MACBETH and ELIZABETH MACBETH, his wife, Plaintiffs, against HALLIDAY DAVIS, ROWLAND DAVIS, James Haffy, unmarried, John Haffy, unmarried, Henry Macbeth, A. Lucie M. cloth, his wife, John Macbeth, Grover, Robert Macbeth, Annie Macbeth, wife, name Annie fictitious, true first name of said defendant being unknown to plaintiffs, Mary Ann McIntyre, Sarah Jane Johnson, John T. Haffey, unmarried, Isabella V. Hessler, sometimes known as Belle Hessler, Ethel V. Brownell, Roy T. Norton, Hazel Norton, his wife, Clyde H. Norton, unmarried, Lillian M. Benjamin, H. Smith, Anna Haffey, widow of Robert M. Haffey, deceased, William E. Haffey, unmarried, Hazel E. Grey, Edna M. Turner, Robert M. Haffey, unmarried, Bertha L. Haffey, Myrtle R. Haffey, Thelma L. Haffey, Evelyn F. Haffey, Robert W. Macbeth, Phoebe Catherine Macbeth, his wife, Jessie L. Macbeth, widow of William Macbeth, deceased, Robert W. Macbeth, as such qualifying executor of the Last Will and Testament of William Macbeth, deceased, Free Methodist Church "Mary" Lee, name Mary fictitious, true first name of said defendant being unknown to plaintiffs, Defendants. To each and every person not a party to the above entitled action, who had a lien upon any undivided share or interest in the real property belonging to any of the persons above named on the 24th day of November, 1920:

Please take notice that I, the undersigned, duly appointed Referee in the above entitled action, by an order of this Court made and entered herein on the 24th day of November, 1920, and filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 26th day of December, 1920, do, in pursuance of said order, give notice that you are required by said order to appear before me, the undersigned, at my office, No. 120 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on or before the 20th day of January, 1921, to prove your lien and the true amount due or to become due to you by reason thereof, and if you fail so to do, your lien will be forever barred by the final judgment to be entered in said action.

Dated, December 3d, 1920.

HENRY WILLARD BEAN,
Referee.

The real property to be sold in this action is described in the complaint which was filed herein in the office of the Clerk of the said County of New York on the 23d day of April, 1920, as follows:

All that lot of land in the City and County of New York, with the buildings thereon, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the northerly side of Twentieth Street, distant three hundred and ten feet easterly from the intersection of the northerly side of Twentieth Street and the easterly side of Second Avenue, and running thence northerly parallel with Second Avenue, and part of the way through a party wall, ninety-two feet to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line, twenty feet; thence southerly again parallel with Second Avenue, ninety-two feet to the northerly side of Twentieth Street and thence westerly along the northerly side of Twentieth Street, twenty feet to the point of beginning.

HENRY WILLARD BEAN,
Referee.

CLARKE & FROST, Plaintiffs' Attorneys, 215 Montague Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

ASSIGNEE NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the general assignment of Chic Waist Co. to Arthur Leonard Ross for the benefit of creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will sell at public auction, through Joseph Feldstein, auctioneer, today, Monday, December 27, 1920, at 11 A. M., at 10 West 21st Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, assets of above named assignor, consisting of trimmings, thread and a very fine plant for the manufacture of ladies waists, factory and office fixtures, etc.

ARTHUR LEONARD ROSS, Assignee.
SHAINE AND WEINRIB, Attorneys for Assignee, 290 Broadway.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Sheriff's Auction. Sheriff's Auction sale this day, Monday, Dec. 27th, 1920, at 12 o'clock noon at Rotunda of the County Court House, all the right, title and interest which the defendant Oppenheimer Institute, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Maine, which it had on Dec. 20th, 1920, or at any time thereafter of, in and to certain certificates of stock aggregating one thousand and four shares of the Oppenheimer Institute, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York. Also a formula under which special medicines for the treatment of alcoholism and drug addiction have been manufactured and all the good will which developed through certain advertising.

DAVID H. KNOTT, Sheriff.
NICHOLAS P. SINNOTT, Deputy Sheriff.

FOR SALE.

WE ARE SPECIALISTS IN GARAGES. LARGEST SELECTION; BONA-FIDE PROPOSITIONS FROM $5,000 TO $75,000; MONEY ADVANCED WHEN REQUIRED. L. SCHLEIFER CO., TIMES BLDG., B'WAY AND 42D ST. 256 RIVINGTON ST., NEAR WILLIAMSBURG BRIDGE PLAZA.

CHIROPODIST'S office for sale by estate of late Dr. Wit, 236 6th Av.; established 20 years; equipped. Telephone Tremont 3020, or address A. Wit, 311 East Tremont Av., City.

STORE FOR SALE—Women's ready-to-wear store for sale on prominent and busy thoroughfare in Brooklyn; fixtures and rent reasonable. J. Weissman, 695 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

RESTAURANT—Broadway; long lease; free rent; electricity. Namos, 1,416 Broadway. Bryant 5308.

BUSINESS LOANS.

MONEY advanced on notes and trade acceptances, open accounts and other good securities. V 680 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

PATENTS—Over 75 years' practice; all communications strictly confidential; handbook on patents free on request; special facilities for office consultations. Munn & Co., patent attorneys, 615 Woolworth Building, New York.

ARE YOU contemplating buying a business? Let our mechanical and industrial experts investigate before you buy; charges reasonable. C 356 Times.

WE WILL sell your business promptly without any undesirable publicity; call and talk it over. R. G. Bryant Co., 100 5th Av.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

CUBA CANE SUGAR CORPORATION,
123 Front St., New York, N. Y.
December 20th, 1920.

To the Stockholders of
CUBA CANE SUGAR CORPORATION:

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Cuba Cane Sugar Corporation will be held at the office of the Corporation, No. 123 Front Street, New York City, on Monday, January 10th, 1921, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of directors to hold office for one year, and for the transaction of any and all business that may come before the meeting, including considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all contracts, acts and proceedings of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting as set forth in the Minute Book, which will be presented to the meeting and be open to the inspection of the stockholders.

The stock transfer books of the Corporation will not be closed.

H. F. KROYER, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Equitable Trust Company of New York for the purpose of electing Trustees for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, at 2 o'clock P. M.

WILLIAM J. ECK, Secretary.

UNIVERSAL UNDERWRITING AGENCY, INC.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of Universal Underwriting Agency, Inc., will be held at the office of the company, No. 44 Beaver Street, New York City, on the 3d day of January, 1921, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated, New York, New York, November 20, 1920.

JOHN PATTERSON, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF HOGGSON BROTHERS

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of Hoggson Brothers will be held at the office of the company, 435 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 10th day of January, 1920, at eleven o'clock A. M. for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, and two inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

New York, Dec. 24, 1920.

H. PEARSE, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE FEDERAL Composition and Paint Co., Inc.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Federal Composition and Paint Co., Inc., will be held at the principal offices of the Company, 17 Battery Place, New York City, N. Y., on Monday, the tenth of January, 1921, at 3:00 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of electing directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before said meeting.

Dated Dec. 20, 1920.

A. H. HUGHES, Secretary.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.

New York, December 9, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year will be held at its banking house, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M.

H. C. STEVENS,
Second Vice President.

THE MUTUAL BANK

New York, December 27th, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mutual Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the Bank, No. 49-51 West 33rd Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, the 11th day of January, 1921 at three o'clock P. M.

HUGH S. KIRKLAND, Cashier.

THE BEAU-SITE COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Beau-Site Company for the election of directors for the ensuing year and such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company at The Biltmore Hotel Monday, January 10th, 1921, at three o'clock, P. M.

EUGENE D. MILLER,
Secretary.

B. L. M. BATES CORPORATION.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the B. L. M. Bates Corporation for the election of directors for the ensuing year and such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company at The Biltmore Hotel Monday, January 10th, 1921, at twelve o'clock noon.

EUGENE D. MILLER,
Secretary.

COMMODORE-BILTMORE CO., INC.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of Commodore-Biltmore Company, Inc., for the election of directors for the ensuing year and such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company at The Biltmore Hotel, on Monday, January 10th, 1921, at ten o'clock A. M.

JOHN S. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

BOWMAN HOTEL CORPORATION.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Bowman Hotel Corporation for the election of directors for the ensuing year and such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company at The Commodore Hotel Monday, January 10th, 1921, at eleven o'clock A. M.

EUGENE D. MILLER,
Secretary.

HOTEL ANSONIA CORPORATION.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Hotel Ansonia Corporation for the election of directors for the ensuing year and such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company at Hotel Ansonia Monday, January 10th, 1921, at two o'clock P. M.

J. VARNUM MOTT,
Secretary.

YORKVILLE BANK

December 24th, 1920.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank and the Election of Directors for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking House, 1511 Third Avenue, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, at 4 P. M.

FREDERICK RATH, Cashier.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS,
Washington, D. C., December 20th, 1920.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office, Room 500, District Building, until 2 o'clock P. M., December 29, 1920, for furnishing and delivering at the site of the Woodridge-Langdon School, Monroe Street, between 18th and 20th Streets, N. E., or at B. & O. R. R. sidings Eckington, Langdon, Woodridge, D. C., Red Building, Brick.—Specifications and forms of proposal may be had upon application to the Purchasing Officer, D. C. Room 520, District Building, J. Thilman Hendrick, Charles W. Kuts, Mabel T. Boardman, Commissioners, D. C.

PROPOSALS FOR STEAM-HEATING SYSTEM. United States Engineer Office, Custom House, Norfolk, Va.—Sealed proposals will be received here until noon, Dec. 28, 1920, and then opened, for furnishing all material and labor for and installing a steam-heating system in office-storehouse building at Fort Story, Va. Further information on application.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THIRTY-FOURTH STREET CROSSTOWN RAILWAY COMPANY.

A special meeting of the Stockholders of the Thirty-Fourth Street Crosstown Railway Company will be held at the office, Room 1209, No. 165 Broadway, New York City, New York, on January 19th, 1921, at 12:00 o'clock Noon, for the purpose of voting upon a declaration of abandonment of route adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company at a meeting thereof held on December 15th, 1920, abandoning the right, privilege and franchise of this Company to construct, maintain and operate its horse car railway in, upon and along Thirty-fourth Street from a point just east of Eleventh Avenue, westerly in Thirty-fourth Street, to a point near Twelfth Avenue, a distance of nine hundred and seventy-two feet, all in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York.

H. M. FISHER, Secretary.

Dated New York, December 17, 1920.

THE BANK OF UNITED STATES.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The Bank of United States, New York, for the election of Directors to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the principal office thereof, at 320 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, at 12 noon.

The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon until 1 P. M.

Dated New York, December 23, 1920.

JOSEPH S. MARCUS, President.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the American Foreign Banking Corporation will be held at the office of the bank, No. 63 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on Monday, January 10, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business that may properly come before the meeting.

New York City, December 20th, 1920.

CHARLES A. MACKENZIE,
Secretary.

LAWYERS TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY
160 Broadway.

New York, December 27th, 1920.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on Wednesday, January 12th, 1921, at two P. M., at the office of the Company, 160 Broadway, New York, for the purpose of electing directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

HERBERT WALKER, Secretary.

METROPOLIS SAFE DEPOSIT CO.

New York, December 24, 1920.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at its place of business, 31 Union Square, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, at 2:45 P. M.

E. S. LAFFEY, Secretary.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—JAMES MACBETH and ELIZABETH MACBETH, his wife, Plaintiffs, against HALLIDAY DAVIS, ROWLAND DAVIS, James Haffy, unmarried, John Haffy, unmarried, Henry Macbeth, A. Lucie M. cloth, his wife, John Macbeth, Grover, Robert Macbeth, Annie Macbeth, wife, name Annie fictitious, true first name of said defendant being unknown to plaintiffs, Mary Ann McIntyre, Sarah Jane Johnson, John T. Haffey, unmarried, Isabella V. Hessler, sometimes known as Belle Hessler, Ethel V. Brownell, Roy T. Norton, Hazel Norton, his wife, Clyde H. Norton, unmarried, Lillian M. Benjamin, H. Smith, Anna Haffey, widow of Robert M. Haffey, deceased, William E. Haffey, unmarried, Hazel E. Grey, Edna M. Turner, Robert M. Haffey, unmarried, Bertha L. Haffey, Myrtle R. Haffey, Thelma L. Haffey, Evelyn F. Haffey, Robert W. Macbeth, Phoebe Catherine Macbeth, his wife, Jessie L. Macbeth, widow of William Macbeth, deceased, Robert W. Macbeth, as such qualifying executor of the Last Will and Testament of William Macbeth, deceased, Free Methodist Church "Mary" Lee, name Mary fictitious, true first name of said defendant being unknown to plaintiffs, Defendants. To each and every person not a party to the above entitled action, who had a lien upon any undivided share or interest in the real property belonging to any of the persons above named on the 24th day of November, 1920:

Please take notice that I, the undersigned, duly appointed Referee in the above entitled action, by an order of this Court made and entered herein on the 24th day of November, 1920, and filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 26th day of December, 1920, do, in pursuance of said order, give notice that you are required by said order to appear before me, the undersigned, at my office, No. 120 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on or before the 20th day of January, 1921, to prove your lien and the true amount due or to become due to you by reason thereof, and if you fail so to do, your lien will be forever barred by the final judgment to be entered in said action.

Dated, December 3d, 1920.

HENRY WILLARD BEAN,
Referee.

The real property to be sold in this action is described in the complaint which was filed herein in the office of the Clerk of the said County of New York on the 23d day of April, 1920, as follows:

All that lot of land in the City and County of New York, with the buildings thereon, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the northerly side of Twentieth Street, distant three hundred and ten feet easterly from the intersection of the northerly side of Twentieth Street and the easterly side of Second Avenue, and running thence northerly parallel with Second Avenue, and part of the way through a party wall, ninety-two feet to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line, twenty feet; thence southerly again parallel with Second Avenue, ninety-two feet to the northerly side of Twentieth Street and thence westerly along the northerly side of Twentieth Street, twenty feet to the point of beginning.

HENRY WILLARD BEAN,
Referee.

CLARKE & FROST, Plaintiffs' Attorneys, 215 Montague Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

ASSIGNEE NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the general assignment of Chic Waist Co. to Arthur Leonard Ross for the benefit of creditors.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will sell at public auction, through Joseph Feldstein, auctioneer, today, Monday, December 27, 1920, at 11 A. M., at 10 West 21st Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, assets of above named assignor, consisting of trimmings, thread and a very fine plant for the manufacture of ladies waists, factory and office fixtures, etc.

ARTHUR LEONARD ROSS, Assignee.
SHAINE AND WEINRIB, Attorneys for Assignee, 290 Broadway.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Sheriff's Auction. Sheriff's Auction sale this day, Monday, Dec. 27th, 1920, at 12 o'clock noon at Rotunda of the County Court House, all the right, title and interest which the defendant Oppenheimer Institute, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Maine, which it had on Dec. 20th, 1920, or at any time thereafter of, in and to certain certificates of stock aggregating one thousand and four shares of the Oppenheimer Institute, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York. Also a formula under which special medicines for the treatment of alcoholism and drug addiction have been manufactured and all the good will which developed through certain advertising.

DAVID H. KNOTT, Sheriff.
NICHOLAS P. SINNOTT, Deputy Sheriff.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARTIFICIAL SILK Wanted—Quantities. H. S. Mertiner, 230 5th Av., New York. Murray Hill 6000.

BLOOMERS Wanted — Cotton, quantities; cash. S 591 Times.

CAMBRIC Wanted—44-60; spot cash; submit samples. T. M. Craig Co., Ramira, N. Y.

COATS and SUITS Wanted—A prominent jobber placing orders on better numbers; 3 P. M. to 5 P. M., Monday, only. 34 West 27th, 7th floor.

COATS and SUITS and WRAPS Wanted—Prominent jobber looking at Spring samples, medium and high priced. 29 West 20th, 9th floor.

GINGHAMS Wanted—Everett chambrays, Eagle chambrays, Everett classics, Yorks, Red Seals, Eastworth seersuckers, Yorks seersuckers, Golden cloths, Indanthrene percales, Glen marvel, imperial chambrays, Bates seersuckers and Bates zephyrs, any quantity; spot cash, Franklin 1774.

HOSIERY, Underwear, Belts, Neckwear Wanted—If you want to realize cash, state quantities, prices in letter. D. 193 Times.

JEANS Wanted—aciffc, Lonsdale or Hill's Barbarra Frithie, Middy Corp., 19 East 17th.

MUSSALINES Wanted—Changeable twill and taffetas for spot cash. Faynette Waist, 24 East 21st.

MIGNONETTE AND TRICOTINE Wanted—Large quantities, at a price. Morgan Dress, 134 West 29th.

PIN CHECKS and Stripes Wanted—Bliss-Fabians; also whipcords, Lawrence or Columbia moleskins, plain and fancy; Defiance, Pilot Tr., Ideal, Golden Rule and Signal chambrays. Mail swatches to Coppage Purchasing and Exporting Corporation, 503 Broadway.

POUREE TWILLS Wanted—Open to buy quantity, all colors, at a price. Maid Rite, 45 West 20th St.

POLO CLOTH Wanted—Stevens's 8165, all shades; also American 13058, shade 386. Spring 7243.

POLOS Wanted—American Woolen 21227-1, 21227-2. M. R. Silverman, Fitzroy 2781.

SERGES Wanted—Open to buy quantity 7301 or similar, for cash. Davis & Stern, 534 West Broadway. Telephone Spring 3163.

SERGES Wanted—Big quantity; must be cheap; cash. Empire Waist & Dress Co., 34 East 21st.

SERGES Wanted—Spot cash: 6301, 11, 0, 104, 94, WFX, 54296, 0686, 7801, 11483, 54289. Madison 5479.

SERGES, TRICOTINES Wanted—9, 0686, 7120, 7301, 0388, other makes. Watkins 2195.

SERGES Wanted—7301, navy and black; quantities; cash. Chelsea 2079.

SERGE Wanted—7002 or 6002, for cash. I. Wasserman, 30 West 21st.

SERGES Wanted—7307, 4632, 104, 1404. Call Watkins 5482.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Satin striped tub silks, crepe de chines, foulards, in any quantity, for spot cash. Call with samples, Store, 54 East 29th.

SILKS Wanted—Will buy for spot cash, ¾ and 5-thread crepe de chines; also crepe meteors, radiums, satins, messalines, georgettes, taffetas, prints, printed crepe-gettes; also all kinds of shirtings and all kinds of remnants in silk from 1½ yards up. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 3672.

SILKS Wanted—Open for any quantity of Spring fancy silk linings. Call, with samples, Siegel & Barkett, 1,237 Broadway.

SILK SHIRTING Wanted—Remnants, for spot cash; state quantity. Box 12, Room 206, 286 5th Av.

SILK Wanted—Four mme. natural Kaga and Kawamata. Store, 111 East 24th St. Phone Madison Square 4543.

SILK Wanted—Plain and changeable, taffeta and satins; also crepe de chine. M. N. Arida, 118 West 22d.

SILKS Wanted—Printed radiums, will pay cash if necessary. Call Watkins 8042.

SILKS Wanted—Plain, radium linings. Schwartz Bros., 150 West 22d.

SILK Wanted—Tub silk, plain, color. Louis Greenberg, 71 West 23d.

SILK Wanted—Novelties, for skirtings. Pioneer, 3 West 29th St.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Lightweight, any quantity, cash. Betty Dress Co., 1,122 Broadway.

SUITS Wanted—Wraps; jobber looking better grade. 19 Madison Av., 13th floor.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Any quality, dark shades heavy crepe de chines and crepe back satins for cash. Madison Square 2612. 43 East 31st (1st floor).

TAFFETAS Wanted—Will buy any quantity in black and colored taffeta for spot cash; call with samples. Bassers, 34 East 29th.

TAFFETA and Canton Crepe Wanted—200 pieces, good grade at a price; will pay cash. Schroeder & Co., 43 West 36th.

TAFFETA Wanted—Navy, brown, gray, black; what have you to offer? Hugo H. Levy & Bro., 29 West 36th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Brown, navy and Japan blue. Samuel Krebs Co., 961 Broadway. Spring 4481-4482.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy, brown, black, gray and taupe; spot cash. Metropolitan Maid, 7 West 31st.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy and brown; quantity, for cash; must be cheap. Phone Fitzroy 2774.

TAFFETAS Wanted—For cash, 3849 and 2206 or similar, all shades. Letter, 432 4th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Brown; good quality. M. R. Silverman, 1,372 Broadway. Fitzroy 2781.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Changeable, in evening shades; good qualities; for cash. 111 West 27th, 8th floor.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Dark colors, quality; will pay spot cash. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy and brown; any quantity, for cash. Blau & Hirsch, 143 Madison Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Big quantity; must be cheap; cash. Empire Waist & Dress, 34 East 11th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Large quantity, all shades. I. Streicher, 142 5th Av.

TAFFETA Wanted—But

Says His Bureau's Reform Plans Contain No Reference to the Sabbath.

NEWSPAPERS ARE SCORED

Y. M. C. A. Audience Told Day of Rest Is as Essential as Sacred Marriage.

Introduced as "the man who has charge of the morals of the country," the Rev. Dr. Wilbur F. Crafts, head of the International Reform Bureau, which maintains a lobby in Washington, told his audience at the West Side Y. M. C. A., Fifty-seventh Street, near Eighth Avenue, yesterday, that the vampire Sunday was already here and that there was evidence that sportsmen were trying to bring about a pugilistic Sunday. He renewed his attack on the movies and producers and declared that never was there such a need for reform in the character and kind of films presented to the public as today.

At the close of the meeting Dr. Crafts was heckled by a man describing himself as an ex-Presbyterian, who raised the point that Christians were not keeping the Biblical Sabbath, but rather the first day of the week and wondered how the reformer's Sunday campaign conformed to the facts. In answering, Dr. Crafts, who took the position that the Christians observed the proper Sabbath, criticised the Jewish Sabbath Alliance.

"I have in my possession a letter from the Jewish Sabbath Alliance expressing confidence in our work, but, nevertheless, the alliance stands for the present movies, bad as the films are," he said. "I am sorry to say that many of the members of the alliance have been misled into espousing the cause of Sunday movies. It seems curious to me that the members of the Jewish Sabbath Alliance should be championing their brothers in the business."

The topic of Dr. Crafts's address, as announced by the Y. M. C. A., was: "What Are the Proposed Blue Laws and How Much of Them Will America Stand For?" He began by saying that religion was the one cure for not only the crime wave, but also the vice wave which he believed was of greater proportions and much more serious. The first law the country needed was the law of God, which would not be taking the sun out of Sunday, but putting delight in it.

No Such Entity as Blue Laws.

Dr. Crafts maintained there was no such entity as blue laws and he resented the tendency of some people to link up the Puritans with the so-called blue laws. The term originated from a book by a man named Peters who was expelled from the Connecticut colony for disloyalty, he said. The Puritans had many more virtues than faults, as indicated by the successful fights they and their descendants had waged against "King George, king cotton and king alcohol," he added.

"Peters wrote his blue book as a satire on certain ridiculous laws which he declared Connecticut had on its statute books," Dr. Crafts explained. "Peters never believed any one would be fool enough to take his book seriously, but he had no idea how many fools there would be today. If you call a real law a blue law, then you are a traitor. Before a law is passed those who are opposed to it have their opportunity to express themselves, and once it is on the statute books a man who would break it is a red anarchist.

"What sort of Sunday does America want?" asked Dr. Crafts. "Germany has its beergarden Sunday, France its horse-racing Sunday and Spain its bullfighting day. The vampire Sunday is already here, and if I interpret the desires of the International Sporting Club, which recently sponsored a parade of floats through the streets of the city, they want a pugilistic Sunday. I believe it would be better though to have the gambling, horse-racing or bullfighting Sunday than the vampire moving pictures which are shown on that day and five days. We are out to destroy the movies, but to clean them up and make them a better substitute for the saloon. Before the producers can put forth their claim for especial privilege of commercializing the films on Sunday they must show that they are fit to be exhibited on other days."

The speaker said that investigations which he had made indicated to him that the majority of picture theatres wanted the plans in which the sex lure was featured.

Sunday Reform Not His Plan.

Dr. Crafts said the program of the International Reform Bureau contained no reference to Sunday. A bill which was pending for a stricter Sunday observance in the District of Columbia was being handled by a local organization, he said.

"We said there are four things which we wanted to do right now, namely, clean up the movies, concentrate whisky now being held in some four hundred warehouses, prevent the smuggling of drugs to China from New York and Philadelphia, and bring about legislation against interstate gambling," Dr. Crafts continued.

"And what has happened to us is a study in newspaper methods. No sooner than our announcement had been made than some of the New York newspapers began to connect us with the Lord's Day Alliance and the mythical blue laws. Three papers here got delirium tremens over the coming of prohibition, and they began to spill barrels of ink over the fiction and to become hound crazy in their chase after a phantom fox.

"The point taken by New York is, shall we have Sunday movies," he added. "The question the Lord's Day Alliance asks is, shall we repeal the special privileges of the film interests. What the United States stands for is an American Sabbath. There are plenty of other days to attend ball games, now that we have half-holidays and daylight saving, the theatres and other forms of amusement. We want one day when the nation can think and reflect. We want one day when every form of commercial activity shall stop except that connected with religion or errands of mercy. The question of a day of rest has come down to us along with the sacredness of marriage, and is just as essential. The saying that the Declaration of Independence was not written in the back room of a saloon is a mighty true one."

NEW DRY LEAGUE ATTORNEY.

Orville S. Poland to Work With Robert C. Davey at Albany.

Orville S. Poland, attorney for the Anti-Saloon League of Massachusetts, will be in charge of the Legislature Department of the Anti-Saloon League of New York on Jan. 1, it was announced yesterday. Robert C. Davey, counsel and superintendent of the Law Enforcement Department of the league, who has been the league's chief representative at Albany, will assist Mr. Poland at Albany for a while.

Under the new arrangements Mr. Davey will give most of his attention to the "rapidly growing demands for legal counsel and assistance in connection with law enforcement work, which the Anti-Saloon League furnishes free to communities of the State."

Joseph H. Price, who took a prominent part in organizing the fusion committees which nominated the late John Purroy Mitchel for Mayor in 1915 and 1917, denied yesterday that conferences in which he had been recently engaged were for the purpose of putting forward former Police Commissioner Arthur Woods or any other individual as a fusion candidate for Mayor. Mr. Price said the discussion at the conferences centred entirely upon the method to be used to unite all the anti-Tammany forces of the city for the coming Mayoralty campaign. He said:

"In reference to the article appearing in the press this morning of a group formed to support a candidate for Mayor, it is very unfortunate that the impression should be given of the advocacy of any candidate at this time. Any such action now would be exceedingly foolish and those attending the conference had nothing of that sort in mind.

"The conference was called solely to talk over the situation relative to the next Mayoralty election. The discussion centred entirely upon the method to be pursued in organizing all the forces of the greater city, who are opposed to the present Hylan oligarchy and Tammany Hall, and the most effective means of bringing back an intelligent, responsive and efficient government to the City of New York.

"That movement is under way. When the time comes—and that is a long way off—candidates will be discussed, but not until then."

NOT CRUEL TO A TURKEY.

Carrying Bird Head Downward No Crime, Says Magistrate Levine.

Andrew Darrigher of 400 West Thirteenth Street, was arraigned before Magistrate Max Levine in Jefferson Market Court yesterday charged with treating a turkey cruelly by carrying the fowl head down.

The turkey was intended to adorn the Christmas table of a family composed of a tuberculous mother and five children, but Darrigher never got the chance to present it. In Greenwich Village he was stopped by a woman who said she was Anna Allors of 99 Lincoln Avenue, an agent for a humane society. The woman called Patrolman George Fregal of the Charles Street police station and ordered Darrigher arrested.

While one family waited vainly for its promised Christmas dinner, Darrigher spent his Christmas day under lock and key and the turkey strutted up and down the floor of an adjoining room.

"You're discharged, honorably," said Magistrate Levine to Darrigher when the case came up in court.

"So far as I can see, the turkey is the only one that has come fortunately out of this affair."

SALESMEN LEAD IN DIVORCE.

One Out of Every Nine Traveling Men Has Bonds Severed.

One out of nine traveling salesmen in the United States gets divorced, said Professor Rudolph M. Binder, head of the Department of Sociology at New York University, in an interview yesterday, as against one out of ninety-two farmers. As to the geographic distribution of divorce, the West leads all other sections in the number of divorces granted, while the North Central, South Atlantic and North Atlantic districts follow in the order mentioned. Japan grants a greater number of divorces than any other nation in the world. Childless couples are divorced more frequently than those having children.

"There has been a perceptible increase in the marriage rate in the United States," declared Professor Binder. "In the year 1890 816 per 10,000 were married; in 1900 the figures were 821 per 10,000, and the figures have been steadily mounting. This is especially true among the younger set."

NEW POST FOR DR. GODFREY.

Drexel Institute Head to Be Chairman of Management Education.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 26.—The resignation of Dr. Hollis Godfrey as President of Drexel Institute and his appointment as Chairman of the Council of Management Education were announced tonight. His resignation will take effect next October.

The Council of Management Education was formed last March and is composed of educators and leaders in industry in all parts of the country. Its chief object is to bring colleges and industry closer together in respect to the supply of trained managers.

Louis F. Musil of New York is Treasurer of the Council. Permanent headquarters will be established in Washington shortly after the first of the year.

Fire Menaces 75 Hospital Patients.

Seventy-five patients in the Beth David Hospital at 1,824 Lexington Avenue, were awakened early yesterday morning, by a fire in a storeroom adjoining the hospital, which willed the corridors with smoke and brought fire apparatus clanging up to the door. The fire was discovered by Alexander Niddy, night clerk, who turned in an alarm and then helped to quiet the patients in the building. There was no panic among the patients, and the damage was slight.

Jewish Chautauqua Opens.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 26.—Two hundred delegates are here attending the twenty-ninth annual convention of the Jewish Chautauqua Society which opened a six-day conference tonight with addresses by Dr. William Rocenau of Baltimore and others. The sessions will be taken up with studies of kindergarten work, religious schools and biblical history.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY. —In the matter of the General Assignment for the benefit of creditors of HARRY MITTLEMAN & NATHANIEL ROMAN, individually and as copartners trading as THE LABRADOR FUR HOUSE OF AMERICA. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Assignee will sell at public auction, through Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, on this day, Monday, the 27th of December, 1920, at 10:30 A. M., at 55 West 28th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, property and assets of the above estate, consisting of furs, skins, machinery, fixtures, etc. MARCUS HELFAND, Assignee. SOBEL & BRAND, Attorney for Petitioning Creditors and Assignee, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAM DAVIS and WILLIAM GOLDMAN, individually and as copartners, trading as DAVIS & GOLDMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, December 27, 1920, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 43 West 46th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, skins, fixtures, &c. THOMAS MATERS JR., Receiver.

SILVER & MOSKOWITZ, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISRAEL GOLDFARB, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, January 4, 1921, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 50 Greene Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, skins, etc. MILTON M. SITTENFIELD, Receiver.

SILVER & MOSKOWITZ, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MICHAEL WALLACH, Alleged Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, January 3, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 150 West 28th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, skins, fixtures, etc. HARRY SILVERMAN, Receiver.

SILVER & MOSKOWITZ, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

Manufacturers, Long Shut Out, See Hope of Getting Foothold in This City.

TRADE DISRUPTION GROWS

Whole Market Speculating Upon the Effect Changed Conditions Will Have on 1921 Activity.

Speculation is so rampant throughout the building industry as to the practical results of the sudden disruption of trade alliances that in spite of the constant diminishment of new projects basic building material prices are either holding firm or stiffening.

Of forty-two representative basic items quoted in the local building market twenty have dropped in price, six have stood still and sixteen have actually advanced since July. The heaviest volume of price reductions have taken place in lumber, brick and cement. Steel prices have dropped, but as compared with prices ruling last July they are still marked above the summer levels.

Cement, to cite another example, at $4.80 a barrel, delivered, is at the identical price ruling in July when a 25-cent empty bag rebate was allowed as now. Most of the basic lumber items have held rigidly during the recent reaction in prices in that department. Yellow pine timber, by way of example, shows a drop of only $2.50 since July as against a $47.50 drop in the price of 13-62x2½ B, and better sap flooring in the same period.

Of the sixteen items that show reductions in prices since July, the hollow tile, lime, neat wall cement and plaster boards were brought down within the last week by reason of the revival of the free lighterage practices by the railroads entering this harbor.

Discontinuance of association practices, such as have been indicated within the last fortnight, is having a tightening effect at sources of building material supply. If the process is carried to the extremes to which the prospective speculative builders hope they will go, namely, to permit non-union products to be employed in building construction in New York, manufacturers of certain kinds of building commodities which have been shut out of this market almost entirely in recent years are expected to make liberal price concessions to gain a foothold here. This possibility applies, however, more to equipment and trim than to basic materials like brick, lime, plaster fireproofing material and lumber.

It being heretofore profitable to ship cement into New York only from within limited areas, consumers may look for another definite price drop in this commodity if, as a result of any change in market conditions, manufacturers at distant points beyond Zones 1 and 2, should decide to make a bid for New York's 1921 business.

Building material manufacturers are watching for great opportunities, in this market if the trade situations undergo such sweeping changes as have recently been made apparent. Definite evidences of this is derived from current trade letters to sales managers and representatives, according to the current Dow Service Daily Building Reports.

A dominant company in the prepared a policy whereby it protects dealers against any further decline in its prices. A hollow tile fireproofing manufacturer in reducing prices at this time on 40 percent of the lighter garage concession makes the new low prices conditioned upon shipments starting within fifteen days, and must be completed before Aug. 31. Present prices are subject to change after thirty days.

Sand companies have notified distributers that they will shut down for two months after the first of the year. Dealers have little or no supply. Brick manufacturers have practically withdrawn from the market at the present price.

The Manufacturers and Workmen's Wage Committee have failed to reach an agreement regarding glass factory employe's wages for the next period and many of the plants supplying this commodity will close on Jan. 15. The next operating period may be delayed from six to eight weeks. There is small chance, therefore, of glass prices going lower. Shipments for March and April are being guaranteed even now against price decline to date of shipment.

Genuine iron pipe is months behind orders and prices are headed upward. Concessions heretofore obtainable on asbestos products are likely to be withdrawn at any time, as the shortage of asbestos fibre is becoming more acute.

TO FIGHT ANTI-VACCINATION.

Health Department Calls Meeting to Oppose Staten Island Antis.

Staten Island is being made the war centre of the anti-vaccinationists, who have held numerous public meetings recently. Another meeting will be held tonight in Masonic Temple, Port Richmond, at which Dr. Lucas and others are scheduled to speak.

The movement against vaccination was brought about recently, when Hugh McCullum Moore was summoned by the Board of Education for failing to send his daughter to school. The reason for her not going was that she had not conformed with the State law requiring vaccination. Ten summonses are expected this week for those who have taken the same attitude in regard to their children.

To overcome the anti-vaccinationists Dr. Royal S. Copeland of the Department of Health has called a public meeting in the Borough Hall, St. George, for Friday evening, Jan. 7. He will speak, as will Dr. Leland E. Cofer, Health Officer of the Port; Dr. William H. Park, pathologist of the City Health Department, and Dr. S. Dana Hubbard, an authority on vaccination. Borough President Calvin D. Van Name will preside at the meeting. The Medical Society of Richmond County will attend the meeting in a body.

SING SING OVERCROWDED.

Criminals Coming In So Fast 110 Are Sent to Other Prisons.

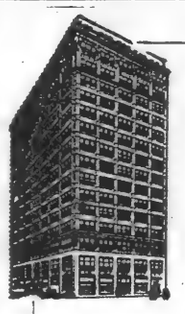
Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Dec. 26.—Sing Sing attendants reported today that the rush of criminals to the prison for the past week has been the largest in several years and that the influx from the courts will start again tomorrow and continue all the week.

During the past week an average of fifteen prisoners were received each day. While the bulk of the offenders are coming from New York City, Orange and some other counties in the suburbs of the prison are sending more criminals to the prison than ever before.

Major Lewis E. Lawes, the warden, has had to send away 110 Sing Sing convicts to Clinton, Great Meadow and Auburn prisons.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.



ARMION

THE HOME OF HOME OFFICES

S. E. Cor. Seventh Ave. & 36th St.

LEASES FROM FEBRUARY 1st

IF "seeing is believing" you *must* see the Armion. Here is a building of which it is easy to believe that owner, architect and builder have combined ideals and ideas to some purpose.

Great office businesses can make a permanent home in the Armion with full assurance of high-class co-tenants and a degree of convenience, comfort and accessibility unequalled.

4 PASSENGER and 3 FREIGHT ELEVATORS. 100% SPRINKLED.

Loton H. Slawson Company

521 MADISON AVENUE—NEW YORK

PROPERTY MANAGEMENT ENGINEERS

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Sale
63 West 54th Street.

5 story American basement. Completely furnished. Owner going abroad is compelled to sacrifice. House in excellent condition.

Inquire immediately.

PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 Madison Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 6200

FOR SALE
NO. 319 WEST 74TH ST.
5-Story American Basement Dwelling.
17 rooms, 3 baths, immediate possession.
For particulars apply to
CLARK T. CHAMBERS
353 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 7820

57th St., Near 5th Ave.
For sale or rent. Now used for high-class retail business. Apply
CLARK T. CHAMBERS
353 5th Av. Murray Hill 7820.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
HOMES AT MOUNT VERNON
(35 minutes from Grand Central Sta.)
ANDERSON REALTY Co
29 East 1st St. Tel. 1844-5 Mount Vernon.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
BEAUTIFUL STORES
For rent, through which several hundred people will pass daily. Rent reasonable. Four and a half years' lease.
HOTEL ALGONQUIN ANNEX.
APPLY C. D. STEELE,
59 WEST 44TH STREET.

LIGHT LOFT
50 x 100 ft.
231-233 EAST 137TH ST., NEAR 3D AV.
Light three skins, best accessible factory location; steam heat, elevator. Melrose 8178.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Light Loft
TO LET
7th floor, about 11,500 Sq. Ft. Sublet
352 FOURTH AVE.
Suitable for offices and stockrooms.
Manufacturing Privileges
6 large elevators
Modern Throughout
Apply
Kirby Block & Fischer, Inc.,
On Premises,
Or your own broker

TO LET
5-7-9 West 37th St.
12th Floor, Top. 7500 Sq. Ft.
Excellent Light
Also SHOWROOM, 7th Floor
Possession February 1st, 1921
H. J. SACHS & CO., 38 West 21st St.

153 West 15th Street
LOFT
8,000 feet, one floor, $6,500. Exceptionally light, 2 electric elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Inquire on premises or Greenstein, 205 West 29th Street. Watkins 9316.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

452 5th AVENUE
[KNOX BLDG.]
S.E. Cor. 40th St.
Northerly Exposure, overlooking Public Library. Three offices of 500 to 600 sq. ft. each to let from May 1st.
For rents and particulars apply to
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street

LOFT TO LET
116-118-120
East 27th ST.
From February 1, 1921
66 Feet 8 Inches Front
12th Floor; light on four sides; skylights; fireproof; 3 elevators; Fire Sprinkler equipment and all modern improvements.
For full particulars inquire of
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

102E. 52nd ST. ParkAve.
2 very large and light rooms bath and kitchen
Apply to
R. C. VOTH, 375 Park Ave.

STORE
and Basement
For Wholesale or Retail
35 W. 35th St.
Will Divide Store
Less Than $1.25 per Square Foot
Albert A. Rosenshine Building
Size of Building 57x100
Possession February 1st
Apply Premises or Your Own Broker

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Are you satisfied with your present Apartment?
If not—investigate
Jackson Heights
4, 5 and 6 Rooms
New Garden Apartments
Unusual neighborhood advantages. On Co-operative Plan.
Moderate Price—Liberal Terms.
Social and Business References Required.
THE
Queensboro Corporation
50 E. 42d St., Manhattan,
Corner Madison Ave.
Send for Views and Details

Unfurnished—West Side.

Apartments for Rent
4 West 50th St.
Two and three rooms and bath.
Desirably located
Rent $2000 to $2500
Suitable for doctor
Immediate possession;
PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 MADISON AV. TEL. M. H. 6200

Harperley Hall
1 WEST 64TH STREET
UNFURNISHED
7 Rooms and 3 Baths; Housekeeping 2-4 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette
ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
2, 3 and 4 Rooms, with Kitchenette Refrigeration in all apartments
TELEPHONE "COLUMBUS 8500"

600 WEST 161st St.
6 ROOMS AND FOYER
2 BATHS, FIREPROOF
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920
INQUIRE MELROSE 4082.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS
2 and 5-Room Complete Apartments. Beautiful water view; 5 minutes to Wall St. G. GIRARD, 215 Montague St.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.
HOMESEEKERS—Send for Virginia farm list. Dept. 324, Emporia, Va.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

FOR RENT, JAN. 1-MAY 1, 1921. Attractively furnished apartment; 2 minutes' walk to station; $165 per month. BURKE & BONE, Inc., Bronxville 1480.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

SPLENDID CORNER.
Plot, 150x165; ten rooms; all improvements; 2 fireplaces; porte cochere; splendid heating plant; fine lawn; kinds fruit trees; garage for three cars; worth at least $25,000; will sell for $12,750; $7,750 cash required. Mrs. Norris. Tel. Riverside 5183.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE, new Colonial house at Fanwood, N. J.; 7 rooms; all modern imprts.; steam heat, gas and electric; owner leaving town; price $7,500; only $3,000 cash; easy commutation to Newark or New York. P. O. Box 869, Albany, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

PUBLISHERS will buy unrestricted private house for executive offices, between 34th and 72d Sts., Lexington and 8th Ave.; possession before May 1. B 320 Times.

WANTED—Church to buy or rent, between 120th and 155th Sts, west side; suitable hall will also do. A 916 Times Downtown.

HOUSE, 9 to 10 rooms, modern improvements; four adults. E 66 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICES, SHOWROOMS, STORES AND LOFTS to rent in various locations. For particulars apply SAMUEL KRONSKY, INC., Marbridge Bldg., Broadway at 34th. Phone Fitzroy 772.

FOR RENT, on completion, Jan. 1, 1921, new one-story garage, facing PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL, 52x64. Phone Owner, Longacre 2722.

BROADWAY, 1,416—Light office, 450 sq. ft., corner 39th St.; furnished or unfurnished; immediate possession. Phone Stuyvesant 3056 for appointment. Ego Trading Co.

LOFTS AND OFFICES.
DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.
BILTMORE REALTY CORP., TIMES BLDG.
PHONE BRYANT 7733-1527.

55TH ST., 243 WEST (adjoining Broadway) —Desirable stores for rent from May 1; light, up-to-date loft; immediate possession; rents reasonable; size 25x100. Apply premises.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS; ALL SECTIONS. W. CLARENCE DAVIES, 32 NASSAU ST., JOHN 1171. 51 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 9175.

OFFICES at 123 Liberty St., also one floor sub-divided; immediate possession; long lease. For particulars apply The Seneca Co., World Building.

FOR RENT—Attractive furnished suite of offices in Woolworth Building; switchboard; immediate possession. V 901 Times Downtown.

TO LET—7,500 square feet in three lofts at 38 cents a foot; 426 Broome St., between Broadway and Lafayette. ROBERT BONSALL, 261 BROADWAY.

STORES, OFFICES, SHOWROOMS, READY FOR OCCUPANCY. VARIOUS SIZES AND PRICES. EARLINGTON BUILDING, 51 WEST 27TH ST. PHONE 6213 CHELSEA.

NEW building, two floors and basement, 25x100, suitable for any kind of business; steam heat, electricity; immediate possession. 422 West 42d St.

STORE, 25x100; electric power, gas; ideal for manufacturing, hair ornaments; two years' lease; cheap rent. Y 2410 Times Annex.

PART OF STORE, temporarily; opportunity for wholesaler to dispose of stock direct to consumer; business section, half a block from Bloomingdale's, 282 East 59th St.

DESIRABLE OFFICE, sublet; use anteroom, telephone service; modern building, Madison Square; reasonable rent. 220 5th Av., Room 406.

LOFT 8,000 sq. ft. or part to let very cheap; no manufacturing; immediate possession. David Esterson, 112 East 19th. Stuyvesant 0290.

LOFTS, very light, immediate possession; steam; 22x104; 49 West 3d, 137 Grand St. Rhinelander 9837.

EAST 57TH ST business corner; 60 feet; 21-year net lease $16,500; principals only. Murray Hill 6639.

OFFICE AND SHOWROOM ON 36TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS. A. SMITH, 25 WEST 36TH ST.

TO RENT, light, modern loft, 1,800 square feet; splendid fixtures and partitions for sale. 53 West 46th, 5th floor.

STORE and loft to let; steam; $1,500 each. 16 East 13th St. S. H. Schrieber. Stuyvesant 8068.

FOR RENT—Approximately 500 feet of desirable office space, Aeolian Building. Apply Ellem & Jeffery, Agent, Aeolian Hall.

DESK, WITH TELEPHONE SERVICE. Town Room; attractive office. Room 218, 15 Park Row. Tel. Barclay 3320.

OFFICE SPACE or desk room, phone; stenographic service optional. Marvis, Canal 8047.

DESIRABLE OFFICES, telephone installed, furnished, rent all or part; near 42d St. Herron, 489 5th Av.

DESKROOM with telephone and stenographer service for rent from Jan. 1. 605 5th Av., ask for Mr. Simmons.

CORNER LOFT, excellent light, heated; immediate possession; $60. Apply premises, 42 Dunne.

LOFT to sublet with fixtures. Holmes Protection and telephone. Top floor, 10 West 29th St.

SPACIOUS half loft; very light; about 30,000 sq. ft. to sublet. Apply 156 West 25th St., 10th floor.

42D, WEST—Furnished offices, stenographer, telephone; elegant building; reasonable. Phone Bryant 767.

PART of 5th Av. office to rent; telephone service. Room 1206, 516 5th Av.

STORE to rent; will fix up to suit tenant. 830 East 147th St.

DESK ROOM, desirable, in large, light office. Room 401, 305 Broadway.

OFFICE space; light, telephone; stenographer; moderate rent. 236 5th Av., Suite 508.

FURNISHED suite of offices, Jan. 1. 462 5th Av. Murray Hill 1779.

OFFICE to let. Inquire Room 1111, 32 Union Square.

20TH ST., 40 EAST—Loft, 25x92; light manufacturing allowed. See janitor.

3D ST., 53 WEST—Corner loft, 50x90; manufacturing. See Supt.

PART loft and showroom; reasonable rent; immediate possession. 654 Broadway.

OFFICE, 200 square feet, with telephone; immediate possession. 404 4th Av., Licht.

LOFT to let, suitable studio, light manufacturing; $600-$900. 12 West 19th.

DESKROOM space, phone service. Apply first floor, 71 5th Av. Stuyvesant 6262.

OFFICE SPACE with telephone service to let. Koenigsberg, 110 East 23d St.

OFFICE and desk room, telephone and stenographer service. Apply 502 World Building.

TWO furnished offices, telephone, &c.; reasonable. Suite 612, 220 West 42d St.

BROADWAY—Large store, suitable for big business. 2,626 Broadway and 90th St.

PRIVATE office, furnished; reasonable. 334 5th Av. (33d St.) Suite 403.

DESK ROOM, attractive office, reasonable. 334 5th Av. (33d St.) Suite 403.

STENOGRAPHER wants free room for minor service. 394 5th Av. Suite 402.

TO SUBLET AT ONCE OFFICE NOS. 306-6 AT No. 6 CHURCH ST.; 1,000 SQ. FT.; PRESENT LEASE AT REASONABLE RENTAL, EXPIRES MAY 1, 1921. INQUIRE AT ROOM 901, NO. 80 CHURCH ST.

BROADWAY CORNER OFFICE SPACE OVERLOOKING BAY, 745 SQ. FT., OR ADJOINING OFFICE 606 SQ. FT.; 16TH FLOOR. TELEPHONE L. P. RANGER, BOWLING GREEN 4235; NO AGENTS.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
The right location is half the battle; we have the location for your showroom and executive offices; entire fourth floor in the Gorham Building, 386-390 5th Av., also 369 St. entrance; will lease for term of years; lowest price in this section; also offer on the same building, ninth floor, 2,000 square feet, beautiful studio space. Apply Duane Co., 206 Broadway. Telephone Worth 248.

STORAGE SPACE
FOR YOUR FILES.
We can rent you any amount of space you might require for your old files and records, space from 50 square feet to as much as you might require, at the most reasonable figures, in the best location for office in the city; write us your requirements or send for our representative. Write C. X. 820 Presbyterian Building.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
1,625 SQUARE FEET, 3 OFFICES.
POSSESSION FEB. 1.
3,000 SQUARE FEET OFFICE SPACE, Including Burglar Proof Vault.
All exceptional value, unexcelled light, at select Burrell Building, 378 Madison Av., corner 52d St. Apply Superintendent or phone Mr. Wilkins, Fitzroy 5080.

BROADWAY—5TH AV.—23D ST.
About 440 square feet office space to sublet on 6th floor, Flatiron Building; large light rooms with connecting private office, partitions available for further division, if desired; immediate possession; long lease. Inquire Room 576, Flatiron Building, or 5th floor, 12 East 47th.

TO LET, 2,625 square feet for baking, manufacturing, or warehousing purposes; convenient and desirable locality; separate brick building; cement floor and metal ceiling; double door driveway; ground floor entrance; office space on second floor; three rooms; wired for light and power; rent $2,500; occupancy Jan. 1. W 55 Times.

OFFICE SPACE to let; will sublet one office of suite in Thomas Jefferson Bldg., No. 4 Court Sq., Borough Hall, Brooklyn; will share telephone and stenographer expenses, if desired. Telephone Barclay 68. Mr. Esswistym, Dalton Adding Machine Co., 634 Woolworth Bldg.

IMMEDIATE possession, a beautiful office and showroom, 500 feet on 5th Av., fully equipped wonderful fixtures, furniture, also telephone suitable for dress, waist, or cloak jobber; reasonable rent. Longacre 8455. Mr. Brown.

ENTIRE floor in garage, 10,000 square feet; light on four sides; including elevator service, light and heat; possession Jan. 1. 619-621 West 129th St., one block west of Manhattan St.; subway station. Telephone Morningside 3691.

SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard C. Forbes, 66 Broadway. Rector 747.

Brooklyn.

FACTORY FLOORS AND BUILDINGS.
Size to suit, concrete and mill construction; rents from 25c. to 90c. per square foot. Martin Co., 32 Court St., Brooklyn. Main 7708-5936.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WANTED—WAREHOUSE.
MACHINE shop wanted for manufacture of new windshield cleaner for automobiles. Manufacturers please reply immediately. Mr. Hansen, 306 West 40th St., City.

ground floor, about 2,000 square feet; about $200 per month; no long lease; 3 months' notice. D 214 Times.

BUILDING with ground floor space, from 6,000 to 10,000 square feet, no basement, from 23d St. to 86th St.; will buy; send full particulars. S 502 Times.

FACTORIES.

BROOKLYN, Queensboro, New Jersey factory properties, sale, rent and built on easy terms. Walter Baker Co., Factory Brokers, 756 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

29TH ST., 101-103 EAST (Hatfield House)—Elevator apartment hotel; desirable, 1, 2 and 3 room suites, maid and hall service; attractive rentals; furnished or unfurnished. SPOTS & STARR, INC., Times Building. Tel. Bryant 4000.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH ST., 25 EAST—Handsomely furnished apartment, 11th floor; 4 master's bedrooms; long or short lease. Matthews.

40TH ST., EAST—Exclusive Murray Hill section; four sumptuously furnished rooms, very large, with real kitchen; a front apartment with south and west exposure, in elevator building of the highest type; $300 per month for season. Woolley, Watkins & Jordan, 565 5th Av. Plaza 275.

49TH, 19 EAST—Nice and attractive two rooms, furnished; kitchenette and bath.

60TH ST., 42 EAST—Furnished apartment, drawing room, dining room, bedroom, kitchen, bath, $350 per month; immediate possession. Phone Plaza 2974 mornings until 11, afternoons 2 to 5.

62D, 26 EAST—Entire floor, roof garden; very attractive. Newlin, Plaza 2890.

63D ST. (Madison Av.)—Lady wishes to rent a room of her apartment to woman of refinement. Rhinelander 8079.

63D ST. (corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; $45 per room, bath, up. Hotel Ashton.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON, Madison Av., southwest corner 63d St. Newly decorated apartment, 1 room and bath, $45 up; 2 rooms, bath, $100 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 372.

APTS., FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED, for sale. 32 West 40th, 8th floor.

STORE and loft to let; steam; $1,500 each. 16 East 13th St. S. H. Schrieber. Stuyvesant 8068.

FOR RENT—Approximately 500 feet of desirable office space, Aeolian Building. Apply Ellem & Jeffery, Agent, Aeolian Hall.

DESK, WITH TELEPHONE SERVICE. Town Room; attractive office. Room 218, 15 Park Row. Tel. Barclay 3320.

OFFICE SPACE or desk room, phone; stenographic service optional. Marvis, Canal 8047.

DESIRABLE OFFICES, telephone installed, furnished, rent all or part; near 42d St. Herron, 489 5th Av.

DESKROOM with telephone and stenographer service for rent from Jan. 1. 605 5th Av., ask for Mr. Simmons.

CORNER LOFT, excellent light, heated; immediate possession; $60. Apply premises, 42 Dunne.

LOFT to sublet with fixtures. Holmes Protection and telephone. Top floor, 10 West 29th St.

SPACIOUS half loft; very light; about 30,000 sq. ft. to sublet. Apply 156 West 25th St., 10th floor.

42D, WEST—Furnished offices, stenographer, telephone; elegant building; reasonable. Phone Bryant 767.

PART of 5th Av. office to rent; telephone service. Room 1206, 516 5th Av.

STORE to rent; will fix up to suit tenant. 830 East 147th St.

DESK ROOM, desirable, in large, light office. Room 401, 305 Broadway.

OFFICE space; light, telephone; stenographer; moderate rent. 236 5th Av., Suite 508.

FURNISHED suite of offices, Jan. 1. 462 5th Av. Murray Hill 1779.

OFFICE to let. Inquire Room 1111, 32 Union Square.

20TH ST., 40 EAST—Loft, 25x92; light manufacturing allowed. See janitor.

3D ST., 53 WEST—Corner loft, 50x90; manufacturing. See Supt.

PART loft and showroom; reasonable rent; immediate possession. 654 Broadway.

OFFICE, 200 square feet, with telephone; immediate possession. 404 4th Av., Licht.

LOFT to let, suitable studio, light manufacturing; $600-$900. 12 West 19th.

DESKROOM space, phone service. Apply first floor, 71 5th Av. Stuyvesant 6262.

OFFICE SPACE with telephone service to let. Koenigsberg, 110 East 23d St.

OFFICE and desk room, telephone and stenographer service. Apply 502 World Building.

TWO furnished offices, telephone, &c.; reasonable. Suite 612, 220 West 42d St.

BROADWAY—Large store, suitable for big business. 2,626 Broadway and 90th St.

PRIVATE office, furnished; reasonable. 334 5th Av. (33d St.) Suite 403.

DESK ROOM, attractive office, reasonable. 334 5th Av. (33d St.) Suite 403.

STENOGRAPHER wants free room for minor service. 394 5th Av. Suite 402.

Unfurnished—West Side.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

29TH ST., 101-103 EAST (Hatfield House)—Elevator apartment hotel; desirable, 1, 2 and 3 room suites, maid and hall service; attractive rentals; furnished or unfurnished. SPOTS & STARR, INC., Times Building. Tel. Bryant 4000.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH ST., 25 EAST—Hands

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates.

Count six words to an Agate line. Per Agate Minimum space two lines.) Line.
Situations Wanted.....with or without Board 40c
Rooms and Rooms Wanted..... 45c
Boarders and Board Wanted..... 50c
Real Estate Wanted..... 50c
Lost and Found (Sunday only)..... 55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted..... 55c
Country Board..... 60c
Mortgage Loans..... 60c
Sales..... 60c
Automobile Exchange..... 65c
Autos Wanted..... 95c
Employment Agencies..... 75c

Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c).. 15c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers... 15c
For insertion in the Sunday edition, all copy, except schools, exchanges, hotels and resorts must be received by The Times before by noon Thursday. Real Estate and Personal display advertisements by 5 P. M. Friday. Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. Saturday. All other classified advertisements not later than 12 o'clock noon Saturday.

Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition must be received by 4 P. M. on the preceding insertion.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

BROADWAY, 2,626 (99th St.)—Eight light rooms, southerly exposure, $206.34 per month; possession.

COLUMBUS AV., 585 (near 105d St.)—Cozy, modern three-room and bath apartment; will sell furniture cheap.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
Doctor's office, two rooms and bath. Rent Beresford, Central Park West, 81st St.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
Doctor's office, 4 rooms, private entrance Riverside street. Hotel Servilla, 117 West 58th.

EXCEPTIONALLY WELL FURNISHED 5-room and 3-bath apartment, complete in every detail; finest location on Riverside Drive; wonderful view of Hudson River; possession to Sept. 15, 1921. Apply WOOD, DOLSON & CO., INC., Broadway and 80th St. Phone Schuyler 1100.

ELEGANT NEW MODERN APARTMENTS ONE, TWO, THREE ROOMS, KITCHEN AND BATH, INCLUDING MAID SERVICE, GAS AND ELECTRICITY
$105 TO $200
230 WEST 56TH ST.
331 WEST 56TH ST.
1 WEST 98TH ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240—Two and three all outside front rooms, fireproof apartment hotel; wonderful view; reduced prices.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (149th St.)—Fireproof building, 6-room corner apartment; possession. Cortlandt 3861. Audubon 6804.

RIVERSIDE, 151 (87th)—Handsome floor, nine one-room apartment; suitable physician; references.

Unfurnished—Queens.

TO RENT—KEW GARDENS.
A most unusual opportunity to rent at a special price for Jan. 1, 1921 to Sept 30, 1921, a seven-room and three-bath apartment; southern exposure, all outside rooms, elevator service, large grounds. Edgeworth Smith, Inc., 1 West 34th St. Phone Fitzroy 5250 or at Kew Gardens Station, Phone Richmond Hill 1713.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.
Two splendid new elevator buildings; 166 small apartments, selections of 3 and 4-room suites, $1,320 per annum up; some with immediate occupancy. Apply "The Gardens Apt.," by station No. 1, or Phone Boulevard 8548. Owen L. C. Earle, Agent, 260 West 86th St., N. Y. Tel Schuyler 8809.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED—Furnished apartment from Jan. 1 to June 1, containing 4 bedrooms and 2 baths, also maid's room and bath; do not require silver or linens; rent must be reasonable. Address C. W. Avery Cottage, Woodmere, L. I.

FURNISHED 2 or 3 rooms with bath and kitchenette, for married couple; good transportation to downtown necessary; reasonable rental; references. D 224 Times.

RESPONSIBLE Christian couple want furnished apartment in good neighborhood near subway; $100-$125 monthly; best of references. D 223 Times.

TWO BEDROOMS, bath, dining room, kitchenette; Central Park; balcony; April 1; all references. Responsible. A 880 Times.

SEND details of your Fur Apts. to rent. H. K. Van Winkle, 152 W 72d. Col. 1077.

Unfurnished.

FAMILY requires possession of unfurnished apartment Jan. 1; must contain four bedrooms and two baths, also maid's room and bath; three years lease if 101st Times Annex.

WANTED—A two or three room housekeeping apartment, furnished, in Far Rockaway, after Feb. 1, two ladies. Y 2409 Times Annex.

LIBERAL, but not small apartment; would consider rooms over garage, or basement, improvements. Write Box 25, 1,464 Times Sq.

SMALL APARTMENT of two unfurnished rooms, below 110th St., cost, state particulars. Immediate. B 1029 Times Annex.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

90TH (cor. Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; $11 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $14 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly and up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

90TH ST., 146 EAST—Comfortable front room, with use sitting room; steam heated; gentlemen only. Inquire Bogue.

LEXINGTON AV., 535—Connecting rooms, with or without bath; subway, elevator, Plaza 9360.

98TH, 8 EAST—Back parlor, pantry, kitchenette, electric light, steam heat; business people.

West Side.

96TH, 81 WEST—Artistic, old mahogany and chintz, immaculately clean, warm, continuous hot water; restaurant connected.

97TH, 106 WEST (Raleigh Hall)—A residence for men, attractively furnished rooms with and without baths or showers; reading, smoking, lounge, billiard rooms.

97TH ST., 318 WEST.—Gentleman will share studio apartment with gentleman. Phone Circle after 7 P. M.

98TH, 149 WEST—Large bedroom, elegantly furnished, private bathroom, electricity; quiet; references.

98TH, 129 WEST—Large back parlor, private bath; kitchenette privileges, telephone; reference.

98TH ST., 221 WEST—Clean, bright, comfortable room, twin beds, elevator, electricity. Apartment 52 Columbus 1418.

98TH, 243 WEST—Well-heated, large, small rooms; private bath, kitchenette privilege.

98TH—ATTRACTIVE SINGLE ROOM, HIGH; PRIVATE RESIDENCE. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 658.

98TH, 143 WEST—Suite, spacious, sunny, electricity, gas logs, select, meals optional.

99TH, 4 WEST—Large front room, twin beds, bath, beautifully furnished; reasonable.

99TH, 139 WEST—Large, sunny room, newly decorated and furnished, adjoining bath and shower, steam heat, electricity.

99TH, 102 WEST—Attractive front room, well heated, suitable two, electricity, phone.

99TH, 42 WEST—Honey front room, running water, apartment hotel service, Riverside, telephone, bath adjoins. Schuyler 6966.

99TH, 239 WEST—Newly furnished room, twin beds, private bath, $20; gentlemen.

99TH, 113 WEST—Large, warm rooms; twin beds; electricity, phone; $18.

99TH, 131 WEST—Large, handsomely furnished rooms, private baths, exceptional accommodations; reasonable.

99TH, 133 WEST—Back parlor, dining room; all conveniences privileges, telephone.

100TH (3,333 Broadway)—Large room for 2 gentlemen; electricity, steam, separate beds; $12.50 weekly; references. Apt. 3.

100TH ST. WEST (Near Drive) — Double, beautifully furnished room; all conveniences; gentleman; references. Schuyler 5771.

100TH ST., 160 WEST—In private house, large, sunny room, adjoining bath, running water in alcove; references requested.

100TH, 252 WEST—Berkley Chambers, attractive double room, running water, adjoining bath.

100TH, 139 WEST—Beautifully furnished front and single rooms, southern exposure, all conveniences; subway and elevated station.

100TH, 230 WEST—Magnificently furnished room, adjoining bath, $100 month. 6062 Riverside.

101ST, 172 WEST—Beautiful room with bath; also medium room and skylight.

101ST, 143 WEST—Large front room, kitchen privileges, electricity; also small room.

101ST (Riverside Drive)—Handsome room, teacher's apartment; congenial young man. Schuyler 3039.

101ST, 63 WEST—Comfortable room; electricity; private house; business people.

101ST, 41 WEST—Beautiful room; private house; private bath; electricity, telephone.

101ST, 220 WEST—Front parlor apartment, singles; continuous hot water; home cooking; 2 doors Broadway facing Marseilles Hotel.

106TH, 329 WEST—Private hotel; beautiful rooms; also suite with private bath; Austrian cuisine; only permanent guests considered.

121ST, 414 WEST—Large, warm rooms, board; near Columbia College. Apt. 2.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 540—Attractive sunny rooms, adjoining bath; excellent board; 818. Payne.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

SINGLE gentleman, engaged literary work, wishes accommodation quiet, refined country home, private family; Westchester County preferred; willing to pay right kind accommodation; garage space required. Y 2413 Times Annex.

ROOMS WANTED

Furnished.

WANTED, two rooms and bath, near subway, desirable location; state price, phone number. D 150 Times.

FRONT or back room, with running hot water $6 to $7 weekly; full particulars. N 807 Times Downtown.

FRONT or rear room, south of 86th St., Lexington Av. preferred; gentleman; state price. E 87 Times.

WELL EDUCATED young man, Jewish, desires room, homelike, with refined American family; references. E 58 Times.

GENTLEMAN desires comfortable furnished room, bath, Forties, reasonable price. E 59 Times.

THREE gentlemen want three bedrooms and parlor. Write 708, Hotel America.

FRONT double room with twin beds; father and son. Stern, Vanderbilt 3007.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ACCOUNTANT, MANAGER, SECRETARY, wishes position where efficiency and thorough knowledge of details are essential; experienced credit, checking, collections. D 106 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, three years' practical experience, cost and general accounting, stenography, &c., capable of taking full charge, Place & Pace reference 22; salary $30; at present employed, desires to change. B 514 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, steno-typist, 6 years' experience, excellent English, double entry, controlling accounts, honest, refined, best references, seeks responsible residential position. D 226 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 6 years' experience, double entry, controlling accounts, commercial, manufacturing, capable correspondent, head executive, best references, seeks responsible position. D 215 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, 3½ years' experience double entry bookkeeping, controlling accounts and trial balance. A 885 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-EXECUTIVE, 10 years' mercantile experience, capable, conscientious, desires position; excellent references. Miss Marks, 6 West 107th St.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER — Experienced controlling accounts, trial balance; salary $20. M. L. Frankel, 1,676 Garfield St., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, accurate, conscientious, thoroughly experienced double entry, controlling accounts. C 101 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; experienced, efficient; $20. Miss Koppel, 757 East 152d.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, college graduate; financial statements, typewriting; $30. A 702 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. Y 740 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Competent; 8 years' experience; capable of taking entire charge. A 937 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, dependable, recommended, controls, balance, knowledge typewriting; $20. Phone Mount Vernon 877J.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, some experience; willing worker; reference; $18. A 703 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, stenographer; 3 years experience; reference; $18. L 632 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, seven years' experience; competent, executive ability, credentials; $30. A 868 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, capable taking entire charge of bugy office; $30. E 86 Times.

CASHIER-TYPIST, experienced, reliable, private or commercial; city or country; willing worker; references. D 220 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, 4 years' experience, permanent or temporary work. R 487 Times.

COOK, first-class, would go out by day, hour; luncheon, dinner, engagement parties specialty; reasonable. Phone 3876 Wadsworth.

RESEARCH worker, experienced feature story writer, newspapers, magazines, publicity, special training history, college graduate; now in business; would return to journalism. E 57 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping, capable assuming executive duties; conscientious and trustworthy correspondent. A 892 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, stenographer, competent, desires responsible position; highest credentials; nine years' experience. D 111 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, knowledge accounting, desires part-time position. P 399 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, expert, refined; highest credentials; $25. C 405 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced French, English; good translator; permanent or temporary position; also work to do at home; best references. A 720 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, French-English, knowledge Spanish, German, 5 years' experience export, import shipping details, competent. A 1083 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, high school graduate, knowledge bookkeeping, neat, accurate, willing; two years' experience; $20. D., 1,418 8th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, reliable, conscientious, desires position with first-class American house; $25. Engram; 123 West 128th St. Phone Morningside 6832.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, high school graduate; one year's experience. A 1083 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER—Beginner; bright, accurate; $15. Wadsworth 6270, Apt. 54. 473 West 158th St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, Christian, 5 years' experience; references; $30. A 903 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, rapid, neat; excellent credentials; $25. A 886 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, one year's experience; switchboard operator; references; $16. L 678 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, thoroughly experienced; conscientious; college education; $25. S 747 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, efficient, conscientious, neat. F., 902 West 110th. University 8630.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; willing, accurate; references; $18. A 714 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced, Christian; legal work preferred; $33. A 866 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, reference, desires reliable position. F. Brender, 10 East 106th.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, office assistant; references; $30. L 866 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' experience; $25; rapid and accurate. L 856 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, 4 years' experience, typist; permanent position. A 889 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

TYPIST, experienced, ledger, payroll clerk, correspondence, switchboard, capable responsibility; excellent references; ambitious. Box 202, 1,152 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

TYPIST, experienced, ledger, payroll clerk, correspondence, switchboard, capable responsibility; excellent references; ambitious. Box 202, 1,152 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

TYPIST, office assistant, 3 years' experience; references; $18. L 655 Times Downtown.

YOUNG gentlewoman seeks position, Western States, with American family; bright, capable; domestically experienced; linguist; fond of outdoor life. E 30 Times.

YOUNG LADY in dental office, experienced. Schuyler 1405.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS—Neat colored girls, investigated references, with places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (Agency), 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency—First-class servants. 2,250 Broadway, cor. 82d St.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT—25; senior; several years' public accounting and business experience, thoroughly acquainted with Federal and State income tax laws, college graduate; capable executive; unquestionable references; salary $2,500. O 110 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS - Systematisers — Books opened, closed, audited; financial statements, income tax returns; arrangements firms without bookkeepers. The Stim Co., 39 Cortlandt St. Rector 4678.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, experienced controls, costs, statements; efficient and able producer; asset to concern offering future. B 528 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, audited, systems, tax reports, arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly up. Goldwater, 299 Broadway. Worth 5083.

ACCOUNTANT—Books audited, closed, systematized, tax reports, arrangements firms without bookkeepers. F. Perrett, Room 901A, 29 Broadway. Telephone 1933 Whitehall.

ACCOUNTANT (26,) experienced, certified (Hampshire), situation investigated firm doing high-grade, conscientious, thorough work. V 283 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, desires connection, certified firm; tax knowledge. L 668 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 24, experienced, university student; $25; references. A 953 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, desires connection with certified accountant. A 680 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 23, experienced junior, college student; highest credentials. A 946 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 23, experienced auditor, income tax; well educated; $30. E 69 Times.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT, 7 years' experience foreign languages, desires position with agency. A 950 Times Downtown.

BINDERY FOREMAN, 25 years' experience; best references. C 382 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, thoroughly experienced, capable handling credits, collections, controlling accounts, trial balance, statements; college education. E 63 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, general office man, 28, thoroughly experienced; speaks English, German, Czechoslovak; best references. Reis, 1,621 2d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, take charge, handle correspondence, collections, knowledge of accounting. D 160 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, 24, 6 years' experience; highly recommended. A 952 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, complete charge; selling experience; stenographer; excellent record. B 483 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 4 years' experience, correspondent; full charge. A 700 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. S 923 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, experienced, controlling accounts, trial balance, financial statements. C 351 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, thoroughly competent, several years' experience; willing, obliging, gentlemanly; desires position city, country; salary secondary to opportunity; long, unquestionable references. Melrose 1171.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, part time; gentleman employing most competent chauffeur for afternoon only recommended him for evening, Sunday and holiday driving. Inquire I. H. Cohen, Apartment 34, Manhattan Square Hotel.

CHAUFFEURS—We have several good men, from 3 to 5 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Telephone Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, served three years in shop, four years driving; careful driver; will furnish excellent references. Jas. Ferguson, 538 W. 126th. Morningside 9655.

CHAUFFEUR, single, efficient, wishes position with high-grade cars; best references. Goldenphal, 501 West 111th. Cathedral 6386.

CHAUFFEUR, married; excellent and careful driver, good mechanic; neat appearance, 4½ years in last position; Pierce-Arrow car. John Loftus, 501 West 134th St.

CHAUFFEUR — Gentleman discontinuing automobile recommends exceptionally trustworthy chauffeur. Hendricks, 442 West 57th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, eight years' experience, all makes cars; private references. Rhinelander 2743. William, Box 202, 1,316 2d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 10 years' experience, would like steady position. Dugan, 207 East 106th.

COOK—First-class family cook, Japanese, wishes position morning and evening; best reference. Murata, 148 West 55th.

DRAFTSMAN—Designer, small parts; mechanical engineering graduate. C 431 Times.

ENGINEER, mechanical, 26; commercial and technical experience; executive ability. C 401 Times.

EXECUTIVE, 26; experience includes mechanical engineering, sales and correspondence. C 402 Times.

FINANCE — Ex-soldier, Christian, college man, teacher, wishes to change position July 1; desirous of entering some work requiring study and association with men of culture and education; age 25. D 222 Times.

MAN—Settled, with executive ability and extensive traveling experience desires position of responsibility; references furnished. Executive, 517 Kresge Bldg., Washington, D. C.

MAN going to Bermuda would like to represent some firm for a sideline. W. Dyke, Princess Hotel, Bermuda.

NURSE—Swedish masseur, gymnast and nurse, speaking several languages, wishes to travel; best references. E. Hermansen, 8,423 10th Av., Brooklyn. Phone Bensonhurst 1426 J.

REPRESENTATIVE—College man, thoroughly experienced in salesmanship, credits and collections, having centralized office facilities, absolutely free, desires to represent commercial firm, Philadelphia district. Address G. T. H., 1042 Widener Bldg., Phila., Pa.

REPRESENTATIVE, of New England, available after Jan. 1, for connection with reliable manufacturer or distributor; commission basis only. P. O. Box 1231, Boston, Mass.

SALESMAN, 38, successful record, selling belting to jobbers and direct; 11 years' selling experience, last 4 as New York sales manager; has equipped office on lower Broadway and desires to discontinue him of belting handled owing to lack of capital; will consider any good proposition. A 953 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN acquainted with wholesale and retail grocers in Hudson Valley eleven years, owning own automobile, desires to represent manufacturer of grocery or drug article; best of reference; salary and expenses or drawing account against commission. Address Box 249, Kingston, N. Y.

SALESMAN, 35, 5 years' extensive experience, city or road; hustler; well recommended; available Jan. 1. C 396 Times.

SALESMAN, delicatessen specialties, large following, wants side line. Bertmann, 208 East 106th.

SALESMAN, open for engagement; city or road; liquid experience. R 84 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN—Representative lines for the city of Chicago for jobbers, cutting-up and retail trade by salesman well acquainted with the territory; on straight commission only. A. L. Brothers, 3,084 Blaine Place, Chicago, Ill.

SALESMAN—Mountain territory, by following cigars, stationery stores, seeks representation of good line stationery and candy. C 389 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, 23, experienced, knowledge of Spanish, seeks position with reliable firm and future advancement. C 379 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 26, executive; salesman; available immediately. A 710 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK—Young man, 22, six years' experience as stock clerk and salesman, desires position with importing or commission house; best references. Hector Reid, 115 Franklin St., New York, N. Y.

STUDENT, intelligent, wishes employment, Sundays only. Chesnik, 210 Division Av., Brooklyn.

TEACHER—Columbia graduate, two years' experience teaching English in private school evenings, wishes similar position; highest references upon request. B 830 Times.

YOUNG MAN, Hungarian, 22, with college, commercial high school education, good appearance; reads and writes German, some English and French, with long office experience, bookkeeping, desires starting salary. Lederman, 65 West 106th.

YOUNG MAN, 23, wishes position with reliable firm where hard work will merit promotion; will travel; salesmanship preferred; experienced ledger clerk. C 84 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, ex-soldier, good at figures, varied clerical experience, accounting student; excellent recommendations. D 213 Times.

YOUNG MAN, with practical experience of installing cost system, clerical routine and routing, factory work, desires position with manufacturing concern. D 98 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, knowledge bookkeeping, typing, general education, business experience, highest references, desires position, preferably publicity. D 236 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, experienced, desires clerical position with reliable printing concern. B 505 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, one year's college, reliable, experienced, desires office position or salesman; unquestionable references. B 517 Times.

YOUNG MAN (20), high school graduate, neat, good penman, wishes position with advancement. A 1081 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 19, experienced stock and order clerk, desires position, similar or otherwise; excellent references. B 512 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, wishes position with future. H. Freidin, 261 West 116th St.

YOUNG MAN, 21, store selling experience; clerk, typist. A 949 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, honesty, ability, desires position with future. A 721 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, experienced bookkeeper, college student; references. D 221 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ARTIST to decorate and originate designs on parchment shades; state experience and salary desired. Box 723, 209 Cable Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by prominent cloak and suit house; must be experienced; take charge of entire office; no other need apply. P. Hutner & Co., 48 West 25th St.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent, able to do stenography; satisfactory references required. Ralph Bloom, 44 East 25th St., N. Y. City.

BUYER
CAPABLE OF TAKING CHARGE OF LARGE RETAIL MILLINERY DEPARTMENT AND ALSO TO ASSIST IN BUYING; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT PERSON; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED IN REPLY. WRITE X. B., 620 PRESBYTERIAN BUILDING.

CLERKS.
Large downtown concern desires to engage girls over 17 years of age for permanent general clerical work; special business experience not necessary; good environment; $15 a week to start; excellent opportunity for advancement; hours 9 to 5, half day Saturday; vacation one week. Apply 4th floor, 79 Madison Av.

COMPANION—Refined lady to read and act as companion to elderly lady, from 3 to 6, except Sunday. H 1068 Times Harlem.

DESIGNER'S ASSISTANT
ON HIGH CLASS DRESSES.
MUST BE EXPERIENCED
AND VERY CAPABLE.
M. & H. RENTNER,
2 WEST 33D ST.,
6TH FLOOR.

DESIGNER.
Designer wanted on chic looking dresses; one who has the unquestionable right to a good, liberal salary; write in confidence. Y 2406 Times Annex.

DESIGNER, millinery, specializing only on trimmed hats $5 to $7.50; no others need apply. Jones Hat, 42 West 38th St.

DRESSMAKING
SKIRT DRAPERS
AND FINISHERS
VERY CAPABLE AND RELIABLE WOMEN WITH BEST 5TH AVENUE EXPERIENCE. APPLY 9 A. M.
PEGGY HOYT, 16 E. 55TH ST.

GIRLS WANTED.
$17 TO $23 A WEEK; $15 A WEEK FIRST 2 TO 4 WEEKS; PERMANENT WORK; EXPERIENCE UNNECESSARY; BEST OF WORKING CONDITIONS. Also women up to 35 years of age wanted for night work, hours 9:30 P. M. to 7 A. M.; $18 a week after two weeks' instruction in the daytime at $15 a week; $90 to $100 a month reached in six months. Apply 815 1,138 Broadway (corner 27th St.), Manhattan; 58 West Houston St. Manhattan; 370 East 150th St., Bronx; 81 Willoughby St., Brooklyn; 1,336 Broadway, Brooklyn, or telephone Madison Square Official.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GIRL, about 18 of neat appearance, in shoe room; $15. L. Steinthal & Brother, 906 Broadway.

GOVERNESS—Working, for children 9 and 10 years old. Address Mrs. H. E. Lerne, 9th and Prospect Ave., Bethlehem, Pa.

HOUSEWORKER—Refined young lady for business couple with two children; good home. Phone Wadsworth 4490, Apt. 8, 96 Haven Av.

MILLINERY COPYIST.
EXPERIENCED
FINE WORK; LIGHT WORKROOM.
PHIPPS,
29 WEST 38TH ST.

MODELS.
ATTRACTIVE, SMART YOUNG LADIES FOR SHOWROOMS; PERMANENT POSITIONS.
HARRY COLLINS,
57TH ST. AND PARK AV.

MODELS, SIZE 18.
FOR DRESSES; LONG SEASON. SALARY NO OBJECT. APPLY ALL WEEK.
NAT GOLDSTON & CO.,
36 EAST 31ST ST.

MODELS, SIZE 36.
FOR DRESSES; LONG SEASON. SALARY NO OBJECT. APPLY ALL WEEK.
NAT GOLDSTON & CO.,
36 EAST 31ST ST.

MODELS WANTED, SIZE 16, ATTRACTIVE, EXPERIENCED, FOR SUITS AND COATS; PERMANENT POSITION. ISAAC LOEWENBERG & CO., 1,140 BROADWAY.

MODEL—SIZE 36, STYLISH, FOR SHOWROOM; ONLY EXPERIENCED NEED APPLY. EDMONDS & LEFKOVICS, 1 EAST 33D ST.

MOTHER'S HELPER wanted, full time, for 20 months female child; good wages right person. Phone Midwood, Brooklyn, 3088.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
A LEADING LADIES' UNDERGARMENT CONCERN SEEKS THE SERVICES OF AN EXPERT MANUFACTURER AND MERCHANDISER OF COTTON UNDERSKIRTS AND PETTICOATS.
WRITE, STATING FULL PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE AND AGE; ONLY THOSE WITH DESIGNING, MERCHANDISING, MANUFACTURING AND MARKETING EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY.
K. S., 185 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

NURSE for general and charge duty. Apply by letter, giving phone number, T. E., 208 Times.

NURSE, white, assist with child 3 years; reference required. Call 9-12, 41 West 53d, 3D.

SALESWOMEN—EXPERT.
We have an unusual opportunity for several experienced saleswomen who are now selling our preferred stock, carrying as attractive common stock bonus; in a sound industrial—a national necessity; now is the time to cash in on the re-investment period; our proposition is strong, attractive, basically sound, and will bear the most rigid investigation; liberal commission basis. S 670 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, one to act as cashier in small retail market; nine take dictation years memory; reply, giving age, nationality, experience, religion and salary desired. B 384 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; splendid opportunity for young lady willing to work. Telephone Melrose 9200 for appointment.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, good penman, in cloak house. Reply, own handwriting, stating age, experience, references, salary. D 195 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT, or man and wife, for a private house, remodeled into 4 apartments; free apartment and good salary. Apply 44 West 68th St.

WOMAN for housework and laundry, seven hours daily except Sunday, at $6. per hour; please state city references in replying. Y 2402 Times Annex.

WOMEN sell hosiery direct to consumer from maker; earn $25 to $50 weekly; commissions. Bristol Hosiery Mills, 500 5th Av.

YOUNG LADIES, unmarried, wanted; college graduates; for social work; experience not necessary; those living in or near Elizabeth, N. J., preferred. Apply by letter, Room 26, Court House, Elizabeth, N. J.

YOUNG WOMEN, neat, refined appearance, to visit business school prospects. Eastern Business School, 302 West 116th. Call 10:30.

Instruction.

DON'T BE A "JOB-HUNTER."
With our school back of you positions are always available. Over 5,000 graduates holding positions in which we have placed them after a brief course of instruction. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses. Call for particulars or send for catalog.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
1,170 Broadway, at 28th St.
Phone Madison Square 6067.

ELLIOTT-FISHER TRAINING SCHOOLS.
10th Year—5,000 Graduates—10,000 Positions.
8 to 14 week courses in Mechanical Bookkeeping. Day or Evening Classes.
Profession pays $18-$40.
FREE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE.
Write for Booklet "T," or
Call for Free Demonstration.
ROOM 415, 100 NASSAU ST., N. Y. C.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN—Big demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 114, Washington, D. C.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
542-544 5th Av. (45th St.).
The oldest and pre-eminently the most successful; prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions. Write for Catalogue 9.

COME ANY MINUTE AFTER BUSINESS for secretarial, bookkeeping, English, accounting. Phone Beekman 2725. Night-Day Booklet. Drake Business School, Tribune Bldg., N. Y., or Bedford Av., at Fulton St., Brooklyn.

$25-$75 WEEK through Prof. Rohrer's Hairdress, Manicure, Face, Electric, Scalp and Beauty School, 119 West 42d St. Pamphlet.

Employment Agencies.

J. H. EARLY,
220 West 42d St.
STENOGRAPHERS, for stock broker, executive office and insurance; salaries $20 to $25.
TELEPHONE OPERATOR, law office, $20.
TYPIST and receptionist, $18 to $20.
These positions are with uptown Christian firms and call for the highest type of refinement.

BLANCHE REID EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
154 Nassau. Beekman 3551. Positions open for bookkeeper-stenographer, stenographers, stenotypists, typists, clerks (beginners), stenoll cutter, Underwood typewriting machine, also stenographers, typists, clerks living near Newark; also dictaphone oprs.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th St.

NASSAU AGENCY, 115 Nassau St.—Stenographers, $25; typists, $20; bookkeeper-stenographers, clerks.

MRS. KEMP'S AGENCY, Audubon 2856—High grade colored servants, city, country; references investigated.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, at once, S 744 Times Downtown.

ARTIST for black and white illustrations; must be first-class man. E 54 Times.

ASSISTANT MANAGER, night, executive ability; also capable of operating typewriter; state salary. W 64 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Old-established marine insurance concern offers good opportunity in its accounting department for right party; state age, qualifications, &c. S 716 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, wanted by Stock Exchange firm; must be good penman; state age, experience and expectations. Address M. L., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOYS, 15-16 years of age, wanted; large downtown office; only those willing to pay strict attention to business need apply. Answer, stating religion and salary. A 686 Times Downtown.

BOY, 15-16, bright, ambitious, for errands; opportunity to learn advertising business; good chance for advancement. Conwell Graphic Co., 120 West 25d.

BOY to learn carpet and wallpaper designing; bring drawings. Frauer, 373 4th Av.

BOY about 16, bright, honest, industrious, for office and errands; good opportunity. Apply 3d floor, 279 Broadway.

CANVASSERS who have enough confidence in their selling ability to sell an article which is in universal demand on straight commission basis. Super Safety Ink Corp., 219 West 27th St., New York.

CASHIER; one who has had experience in provision house; must know how to operate cash register. S., 1109 Times Harlem.

DRAFTSMAN WANTED BY WELL-KNOWN BUSINESS HOUSE, ESTABLISHED OVER 18 YEARS; ONLY THOSE WHO HAVE DEMONSTRATED HIS ABILITY TO PLAN LAYOUT AND DIRECT THE WORK OF OTHER DRAFTSMEN CAN BE CONSIDERED FOR THIS POSITION; PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE ON MAPS FOR MOTORING PURPOSES ADVANTAGEOUS BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; PERMANENT POSITION AND GOOD SALARY TO THE RIGHT MAN; GIVE AGE, EXPERIENCE, NATIONALITY AND SALARY EARNED AT PRESENT; ALL REPLIES WILL BE TREATED IN STRICT CONFIDENCE. W 35 TIMES.

DRAFTSMAN, assistant, with some knowledge of cabinet work preferred, but not essential. Call between 9-10, Rieger & Co., 341 East 186th St.

GENTLEMAN wanted, of high social standing, to supervise the organization of a golf and yacht club at Mattituck, L. I., the property now being in the course of development; this connection will prove very remunerative to the right party. Reply by letter only to D. W. E., Room 1101, 23 Nassau St., New York City.

MAN
wanted to assist and take charge in electrical contractor's office; well acquainted in the contracting business and must be able to obtain business; one who has license preferred; excellent opportunity.
RAND ELECTRIC CO.,
349 3d Av.

MAN, young or middle-aged, wanted, with experience in pricing in wholesale drug house; must be rapid and accurate; apply in own handwriting, giving reference, experience and salary expected. Y 2411 Times Annex.

MANAGER and window dresser, experienced, to take full charge of specialty waist store out of town; a big position for a man who has thorough experience; salary no object. Apply Kaufman Blouse Shops, 16 West 36th St.

MANAGER, to take full charge of instalment clothing store; must understand buying thoroughly; one who held similar position only need apply. W 2 Times.

MATHEMATICIAN AND ACTUARY—Large corporation doing extensive research work desires to secure services of two recent college graduates, one of whom has specialized in mathematical statistics, and the other in actuarial work; applicants must have imagination and ability to do original work; salary $2,400 per annum for each position; apply by letter, stating age, education, previous salary, and technical or business experience; also furnish technical and personal references and copy of original work done. P. O. Box 43, City Hall Station, New York.

MOTOR DRAFTSMAN,
first-class; one having had experience on aeroplane motors preferred. Apply or write CURTISS AEROPLANE & MOTOR CORP., GARDEN CITY, NEW YORK.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
A LEADING LADIES' UNDERGARMENT CONCERN SEEKS THE SERVICES OF AN EXPERT MANUFACTURER AND MERCHANDISER OF COTTON UNDERSKIRTS AND PETTICOATS.
WRITE STATING FULL PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE AND AGE; ONLY THOSE WITH DESIGNING, MERCHANDISING, MANUFACTURING AND MARKETING EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY.
K. R., 185 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

OFFICE MANAGER
TO FUNCTION AS ACCOUNTANT; GOOD BUSINESS CORRESPONDENT; PRETEMATICS, ECONOMIZER AND PREFERABLY WITH EXPERIENCE IN TEXTILE BUSINESS; ABOVE ALL, MUST HAVE UP-TO-DATE METHODS, BANKING KNOWLEDGE, AND ONE WHO ACTUALLY MAKES GOOD; OFFICE HELD, EXECUTI

$1,000 or an uneven amount like $555.75

Can be invested at once in Guaranteed First Mortgages & Certificates at 5½% net

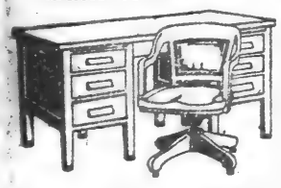
without the loss of a day's interest.

Selections made now may be paid for after January 1st.

Send for Booklet E 180.

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President.
Capital & Surplus $9,000,000
59 Liberty St., N. Y. Telephone 7966 Cort. | 161 Montague St., Bkn. Telephone 7966 Main

Globe-Wernicke
DESKS
"Built-to-Endure"



The Globe-Wernicke Co.
451 Broadway, near Grand St.
30 Church St., Hudson Terminal
80 Broadway, Standard Arcade
6 East 39th St.—5 East 38th St.

A FIVE MILLION DOLLAR A WEEK APPETITE BUY WAR DEPARTMENT CANNED MEATS

A Favorite Household Blend
Greco COFFEE 24¢ lb.
DIRECT FROM WHOLESALER
To 5 lb. lots or more (bean or ground)

FREE Beautiful 1921 CALENDAR
"Love's Old Sweet Song."
In line with our usual custom, this calendar is given FREE with all purchases

Save retailers' profit and delivery expenses by coming to our headquarters.
Delivered in Greater New York and within 300 miles at ..... 27c lb.
Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Back.
GILLIES COFFEE CO.
283-239 Washington Street, New York
Between Park Place and Barclay St.
Two blocks from Washington Market
Phone Barclay 9857. Est. 30 Years

Fifteen-Room Building in Wilkinsburg, Outside Pittsburgh, Is Total Loss.

MAN IS SEEN LEAVING IT

Policeman Gives Chase, but Incendiary Escapes Without Leaving Any Clue to His Identity.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 26.—Operations of the arson ring which is blamed for fire losses aggregating more than $4,500,000 in Fayette and Westmoreland Counties were brought to the very door of Pittsburgh early today with the destruction of the Johnston School in Wilkinsburg, a borough adjoining this city on the east, adding $200,000 to the already tremendous toll. The incendiary was seen leaving the building and several shots were fired at him, but he escaped without leaving any clue to his identity.

The fact that this outrage came on the heels of the arrest yesterday of Albert Smith of Fairhope, Fayette County, who is alleged to have confessed to complicity in about fifteen fires in the Brownsville region of Fayette County, increases the perplexity of police, detectives, State troopers, Sheriffs and others who have been working for weeks in an effort to run down the firebugs.

With Pittsburgh itself now in the arson zone, the school authorities announced today that thorough precautions would be taken at once to guard the school buildings of this city.

The Johnston school fire was clearly the work of incendiaries, the building having been fired after floors had been saturated with oil or some similar inflammable substance. The blaze was discovered shortly after 2 o'clock by Patrolman Adam Fornof of the Wilkinsburg police force. As he started for the nearest fire box to turn in an alarm he saw a man running from the school building. He shouted to the man to stop, but no attention was paid to his command and, giving chase, he fired several shots at the fugitive, but none of them struck the fleeing man, who darted into a dark side street and eluded his pursuer.

Calls on Pittsburgh for Help.

Fornof turned in the alarm and hurried back to the school house. So carefully had the incendiary done his work that when the two fire companies of the borough reached the scene the entire second floor of the building, a modern two-story, fifteen-room structure, was in flames. Captain Samuel Jefferies, realizing that the blaze was beyond control of the borough firemen, telephoned to the Pittsburgh Fire Department for aid. Two engine companies and one truck company were dispatched, and as the Pittsburgh firemen arrived the flames were consuming the last room on the rear of the first floor. The flames were sweeping through the rooms in such a fashion as to indicate that almost every one of them had been soaked with oil. An hour after the flames were discovered nothing remained standing but the outside brick walls.

C. E. Williams, the rear of whose home looks out upon the schoolhouse, said today that he and other members of his family observed the rays of a flashlight in the school building several times before last midnight, but had supposed that the person moving about there was a watchman or other person connected with the school.

Thomas Fowler, janitor of the building, and J. W. Singleton, engineer, who are the only persons who have keys to the building, say they were not in the building at any time last night. Fowler was in it for a short time yesterday morning, and from that time no person had entered it on legitimate business.

Thomas G. Ryan, Chief Inspector of Fire Protection, who went to Brownsville and nearby villages to investigate the fires attributed to Albert Smith, now confined in the Fayette County Jail, Uniontown, declared his belief that Smith was implicated in at least thirty-three fires.

Albert Smith Taken to Scenes.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Dec. 26.—Albert Smith, under arrest here in connection with many mysterious fires during the

edge of all of them.

Tomorrow, the authorities say, an examination into Smith's mental condition will be begun.

State troopers were present at the first examination of Smith after his arrest, and after their inquisition had progressed they removed the prisoner's overshoes which they took to the scenes of several nearby fires for the purpose of fitting them in some of the footprints in the frozen snow and ground. The troopers later reported that not only did the shoes fit the footprints, but that a small piece of rubber torn from the sole had left its mark.

Among the others present at the examination was a ferryman and a trolley car conductor who, the authorities said, identified Smith as one of their passengers from the scenes of some of the recent fires.

That the arrest of Smith will only clear up the mystery of the recent fire epidemic was the belief of the authorities here today, who reported that yesterday the home of Andrew Brown, President of the Fayette City National Bank, was approached and fired on by two unidentified men. They were driven away by private guards. In the meantime Benjamin Bevier of Smithfield, who was taken into custody several days ago, is being held for investigation.

WATER POWER PROJECTS.

Federal Commission Gets Applications Numbering 129.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—Applications for permits looking toward the development of more than 12,000,000 horsepower, sufficient to supply twenty cities the size of Chicago, had been filed under the Federal Water Power act with the Federal Power Commission up to Dec. 18, the commission announced today.

Completion of the contemplated plans as shown in the applications, the commission estimates, will advance water power development in the United States by more than 40 per cent., and will involve an investment of $1,200,000,000.

The projects covered in the applications range from a small ten-horsepower plant for a colony of Summer cottages in the Wyoming Mountains to the storage of the waters of the upper Colorado and its tributaries in a huge reservoir and the ultimate development of more than 3,000,000 horsepower by the utilization of the waters in a drop of 2,600 feet.

Twenty-seven States in addition to Alaska and the District of Columbia are represented in the 129 applications filed with the commission. California leads the States in the number of permits with thirty-five, New York is second with thirteen, Washington third with twelve.) Alaska and Montana are represented with ten permits each, while from Idaho there were seven and from Arizona six.

BOY ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

Wounded in Abdomen by Companion Firing at Tin Can.

Anthony Barberack, 13 years old, of 452 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn, was accidentally shot in the abdomen yesterday afternoon while he and several other boys were shooting with a rifle at a tin can in a vacant lot in Ridgewood. He is in a serious condition in the Wyckoff Heights Hospital, Brooklyn.

The boy had finished shooting at the tin can, placed against a fence. His companion, Joseph Trefferer of 110 Zidler Avenue, then took the rifle and began shooting. The Barberack boy is said to have walked in front of him just as he fired, the bullet penetrating his abdomen. Then the boys all ran away. The police are looking for Trefferer.

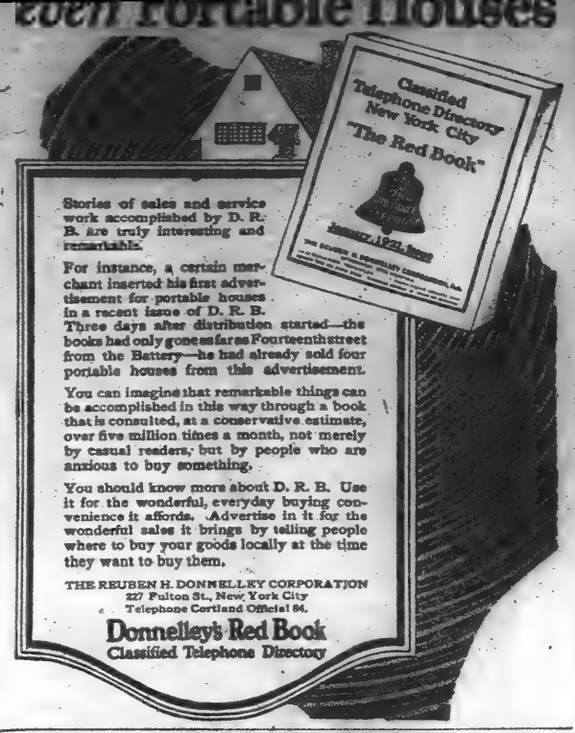
BATTLESHIP FOR TARGET.

Railway and Coast Defense Batteries to Practice on Massachusetts.

PENSACOLA, Fla., Dec. 26.—Army ordnance experts and coast defense artillery men were gathering here today to take part in target practice from both railway batteries and coast defense rifles on the obsolete battleship Massachusetts, which has been turned over to the War Department by the Navy. The practice is expected to open about Jan. 10.

Two batteries of railroad rifles have arrived, with ammunition trains and railroad repair shops. The Engineer Corps detachment, attached to Fort Barrancas and commanded by Colonel J. A. Brady, has started work on a military railroad line for the gun emplacements, and the railroad batteries will be moved into position some time during the week. The practice itself will be in charge of a special board appointed by the War Department.

Seven Portable Houses



Stories of sales and service work accomplished by D. R. B. are truly interesting and remarkable.

For instance, a certain merchant inserted his first advertisement for portable houses in a recent issue of D. R. B. Three days after distribution started—the books had only gone as far as Fourteenth street from the Battery—he had already sold four portable houses from this advertisement.

You can imagine that remarkable things can be accomplished in this way through a book that is consulted, at a conservative estimate, over five million times a month, not merely by casual readers, but by people who are anxious to buy something.

You should know more about D. R. B. Use it for the wonderful, everyday buying convenience it affords. Advertise in it for the wonderful sales it brings by telling people where to buy your goods locally at the time they want to buy them.

THE REUBEN H. DONNELLEY CORPORATION
227 Fulton St., New York City
Telephone Cortland Official 84.

Donnelley's Red Book
Classified Telephone Directory

Don't Lift—



"The Easy Way for Ash Day."

WHEEL IT!

Stop lifting heavy, back-breaking ash cans! It is no longer necessary to make a drudge of yourself on ash day. Put the hard work on the

Little Ash Man TRADE MARK
Ash Barrel Truck

Never was there a more efficient helper for the householder and janitor than this handy little truck. You will marvel at the ease with which it enables you to pull the heaviest ash cans up steep stairways. On the sidewalk the burden is transferred to smooth-running rollers.



No more ash-spilling
No dust—no dirt

The adjustable safety hook holds the barrel or can securely in the form-fit cradle. Time, temper, back and clothes—all four are saved by the Little Ash Man.

Practically indestructible—made of high grade steel with electrically welded joints. Weatherproofed for outdoor protection.

Thousands in use. Buy one today.
Department, Hardware and Housefurnishing Stores

GEO. BORGFELDT & CO.
National Distributors 16th St. and Irving Place, New York

"Ignorantia legis neminem excusat"

HERE is still another phase of estate administration which has caused many men to abandon the old idea of naming individuals—whether friends or relatives—as executors of wills and trustees of estates.

This is a typical example:

Mrs. B set aside a trust fund, the beneficiaries being a daughter and a granddaughter. The will asked that the funds of the trust be invested in United States Bonds.

Mr. D was appointed trustee. In good faith he invested $5000 of the trust fund in bonds of a Railroad Company. When Mr. D filed his accounting the court surcharged him $5000 because he had invested this sum contrary to the provisions in the will.

Mr. D did not know the law—*nevertheless the law held him personally responsible.* He said he had not benefited from the investment and that he never had anything but trouble from his trusteeship.

IGNORANTIA *legis neminem excusat—ignorance of the law excuses no one.*

Estate administration should be conducted with due regard to the law. A Trust Company's trained staff is guided by the advice of counsel to the estate in all legal matters.

Naturally you want your estate to have the benefit of the best possible administration. We will be glad to have an informal talk with you on the subject. You may be surprised to learn of the unusual advantages in naming the

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
to manage your estate

As executor of your will and as trustee of your estate, what duties would we assume? Here are a few of them:

1. Take possession of all property and become familiar with the affairs of the estate. This requires an experience not to be justly expected of an untrained individual.
2. List all property in a complete inventory. This demands a knowledge of accounting.
3. File returns for paymen of Federal and State taxes. Also, promptly pay the State tax to secure benefit of 5% discount as provided by law. This demands constant watchfulness and intimate tax knowledge.
4. Advertise for debts in the manner required by law. One of the apparently minor but really important steps.
5. Pay legacies as directed by the will. Columbia Trust Company handling secures promptness and thorough responsibility.

If you now feel that the administration of your estate deserves searching consideration, wouldn't it be a wise step at least to talk it over with the Columbia Trust Company?

The following officers will gladly give you further details. At our downtown office, Mr. Warren, Vice-President, or Mr. Judd, Trust Officer. At our Fifth Avenue office, Mr. Dunn, Vice-President. At our Harlem office, Mr. Baker, Manager. At our Bronx office, Mr. Berry, Manager.

IN FINANCIAL DISTRICT 60 Broadway
IN SHOPPING CENTRE 5th Ave. & 34th St.
COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
IN HARLEM 125th St. & Lenox Ave.
IN THE BRONX 148th St. & Third Ave.

Member of Federal Reserve System

Copyright 1920, C. T. Co.

5116

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits—worth up to $90

$48

The assortment is composed chiefly of incomplete lines of choice suits, resulting from the eager response to our recent Sale announcements.

Added to these, are various lots of other mighty fine suits, late arrivals from the famed tailories of Hart Schaffner & Marx, and made to sell at $90, $85 and $75.

These 5116 suits at $48 include a big showing of beautiful blues and grays; the styles are the season's newest and best; smart single and double breasters.

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

THE MORRIS PLAN

5%

on any amount from $1.00 up—money withdrawable at any time under reasonable regulations

6%

on $100. or more invested for yearly periods in our Morris Plan Trust Notes

SAVE NOW

CALL TODAY OR SEND YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS TO

The Morris Plan Co. *of* New York

Resources over $6,000,000 Under Supervision of N.Y. State Banking Department

Main Office 261 Broadway (Opposite City Hall) | Union Sq. Branch 1 Union Square | Bronx Branch 391 East 149th Street | Brooklyn Branch 26 Court Street (Opposite Borough Hall)

Bank on Baker FOR BOXES
Box Shooks

THE lumber mills nearest New York are in New England. Means shortest shipping distance. Baker shooks are made of clean, strong lumber. They protect your goods. Write for prices.

BAKER BOX COMPANY
84 Foster Street Worcester, Mass.

SAVE 30% ON YOUR ELECTRIC **LAMPS**

COMPARE THESE PRICES
TUNGSTEN LAMPS

Watts.	Regular Price.	Our Price.
10 to 50	.40	.28
60	.45	.32
100	1.00	.70

NITROGEN LAMPS

Watts.	Regular Price.	Our Price.
75	.75	.53
100	1.10	.77
200	2.10	1.47

OPAL LAMPS. Reg. 65c. Our Price 50c.
All Lamps Brand New and Guaranteed.
Electrical & Engineering Corp.
716 8th Ave. (45th). Bryant 6874

Opinions of Bank Presidents

The Annual Review of The Annalist, January 3, 1921, will contain expressions of opinion on the business activities of the past year and the prospects for the coming year by

James B. Forgan, Chairman Board of Directors, First National Bank of Chicago.

George M. Reynolds, President Continental and Commercial National Bank, Chicago.

Emory N. Clark, President First and Old Detroit National Bank.

F. M. Prince, Chairman Executive Committee, First National Bank of Minneapolis.

John G. Lonsdale, President National Bank of Commerce, St. Louis.

Annual Review of The Annalist
January 3, 1921
Published by The New York Times Co.
Order from your newsdealer in advance.



Let Cuticura Care For Your Complexion

Daily use of the Soap helps keep the skin fresh and clear, while touches of the Ointment now and then prevent little skin troubles becoming serious. Do not fail to include the Cuticura Talcum in your toilet preparations.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura, Dept. C, Malden, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

REIS UNION SUITS
REIS
MAN'S CLOSEST FRIEND

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy and colder today; Wednesday, fair and colder; northwest gales.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,984. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 28, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

BOMBARDING FIUME BY LAND AND SEA; REBEL SHIP SUNK

Casualties of Besiegers Are Heavy, as Machine Gunners Dispute Their Advance.

REGULARS ENTER THE CITY

Reported to Have Carried the Public Gardens and Captured Railway Station.

ZARA HAS SURRENDERED

Legionaries and Dalmatian Volunteers Yield to Regulars After Vain Attack on a Warship.

Premier Giolitti Denies That d'Annunzio Is Wounded

ROME, Dec. 27.—A committee of members of the Chamber of Deputies was received this afternoon by Premier Giolitti, who informed them that the reports concerning the situation in Fiume were greatly exaggerated. He said that Gabriele D'Annunzio had neither been killed nor wounded.

The Premier added that the Government had purposely made a great display of force around Fiume in order to induce the legionaries to surrender, like those at Zara. Energetic action was indispensable for the application of the treaty of Rapallo, and also to prevent the Serbians from undertaking to settle the question, as they already had proposed to do, which would cause much graver complications.

Signor Giolitti said he trusted within a few hours that General Caviglia's troops would enter Fiume without further bloodshed. He denied that the battleship Andrea Doria had bombarded Fiume.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Dec. 27.—Besieged by land, blockaded by sea, d'Annunzio's rebellion at Fiume has entered its last phase. General Caviglia's regular troops, who were gradually pressing back the legionaries, are now within a mile of the central piazza of the city, where d'Annunzio, strongly fortified with artillery and barricades, elects to make his last stand.

An attempted rising against him on the part of the town population has been smothered in blood. Fiume itself is veiled in dense smoke caused by the burning of the adjacent forest and the blowing up of abandoned powder magazines. To retard the inevitable invasion the poet-warrior has sown with mines and fatal pitfalls all the narrow ways ashwart which the advancing soldiery must necessarily pass. Four bridges giving access to the city have been blown up, and everything is in immediate readiness for the final destruction of the port.

At the expiration of the Christmas truce ordered by the Rome Government the fighting was resumed, and the last message announces that the Public Gardens and railway station have passed into the possession of the Italian battalions.

A band of Alpini, after having been invited to advance without firing, were treacherously ambushed in the rear and mercilessly butchered by d'Annunzio's Arditi.

D'Annunzio's legionaries at Zara, on the Dalmatian coast, have surrendered. A daring effort to capture the warship Marsala was frustrated in the nick of time.

The pirate destroyer Espero is wreathed in flames.

Martial law has been proclaimed throughout the Julian Venice region as far as Cormons.

Reports of d'Annunzio's death are officially denied.

TRIESTE, Dec. 27 (Associated Press).—The regulars under General Caviglia are bombarding Fiume in combination with the navy, a systematic siege being under way. The guns are being directed against the Barracks, the Palace and similar buildings, the intention being to damage the city as little as possible.

The destroyer Espero, which recently deserted to d'Annunzio's side, has been sunk by a shell from the cruiser Andrea Doria.

The poet's resistance is of the most feigned nature. The casualties among the regulars are estimated at 50 killed and 140 wounded.

The forces investing Fiume have been reorganized and reinforced. Another Fiuman airplane was captured today, making the fourth that has fallen into the hands of the Government troops.

The Mayor of Fiume and another official have arranged for an interview with the commander of the Abbazia Division Tuesday.

ROME, Dec. 27.—Dispatches from Fiume say the legionaries in the city, using electric drills, are burning holes under the principal buildings in the leading thoroughfares through which the invading troops must pass and are mining them. They say it is their intention to blow up the town rather than surrender it.

At a sitting of the Municipal Council today Ludgi Rava, Mayor of Rome, paid a tribute to those who have fallen in the

Continued on Page Three.

"FLORIDA SPECIAL." Through all Pullman Cab Compartment, Dining, Observation car train. No extra fare. Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Office, 1346 Broadway.—Adv.

$1,012,000 Is Asked To Keep Harbor Here Clean

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—An appropriation of $1,012,000 to be used in preventing deposits in New York Harbor was requested today of Congress by the Army Engineer Corps.

Part of the fund sought would be used to employ fifty additional deputies to board incoming oil-burning vessels to prevent the illegal discharge of refuse fuel oil into the waters of the harbor. Congress was informed that the oil discharges were proving to be a fire menace and were damaging property by polluting the water.

KILL 5, SEIZE 138 AT IRISH DANCE

Crown Forces Return Fire When a Policeman Is Shot Dead Near Bruff.

MANY MURDERS BY GANGS

Bullet in Heart Kills Woman Who Sought to Save Policeman Companion in Limerick.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Dec. 27.—More bloodshed is reported during Christmastide, the most serious incident occurring this morning. At Bruff, County Limerick, five armed civilians were shot dead, a policeman was killed and the Crown forces made 138 arrests, the biggest haul of prisoners yet effected.

I hear the affray occurred at a dance which was being held at the Guiltamore House, on the outskirts of the town, an empty mansion at one time in the occupation of the late Lady Fermoy.

Information reached the authorities that armed men were present at the dance. Sentries had been posted around the house and when the raiding troops arrived at 11:15 this morning they were fired on and a policeman was killed.

The fire was returned and five civilians were shot dead, each of whom was found afterward to be in possession of arms and ammunition. The prisoners captured are being detained pending an inquiry.

A tragedy also occurred at Limerick last night, the chief feature of which was the heroism of a girl who was shot dead while attempting to protect a policeman.

Just before 9 o'clock Constable Richardson was attacked by four men as he was walking on the street with Miss Elizabeth Scales, aged 22. After a struggle the men secured the constable's revolver. One of the assailants then leveled his revolver at the constable, and Miss Scales, in a heroic endeavor to save him, rushed in between and was shot through the heart.

Another case of heroic self-sacrifice is reported from Carrick-on-Barrow, County Wexford, where a shopkeeper named James Walsh, had been shot dead. His premises adjoined the police barracks, and, hearing the sound of revolver firing, the garrison turned out. They found the body of Walsh on his doorstep and captured a donkey cart in which was a powerful bomb.

Investigation revealed that a party of civilians in two motor cars arrived within half a mile of the town, where they met a man with a donkey and cart, and intimidating him with revolvers, placed the packages in the vehicle. Reaching Walsh's door it is presumed they wanted to place their packages in the upper rooms of his premises, which had been used as sleeping accommodation for the police. Suspecting their design he refused access to them, and the shots were fired with the result stated.

DUBLIN, Dec. 27 (Associated Press).—In Dublin the holidays passed fairly quietly, contrary to expectations. The curfew order was not relaxed, but on Christmas Eve it was to some extent ignored by roisterers throughout the night and there was much alarm and shooting, several persons being slightly injured.

A young soldier in civilian clothes was shot dead by a sentry in the grounds of the Royal Hospital in Kilmainham, on the west side of the city, for refusing to halt when challenged.

In different parts of the country men were shot dead by armed gangs.

There were faction riots in Londonderry Christmas night and Sunday, but the troops finally cleared the streets.

DAIL EIREANN FUNDS LOW.

Appeal and Threat Made to Collectors of Taxes.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—The Local Government Department of the Dail Eireann issued last week a lengthy document ap-

Continued on Page Four.

CALIFORNIA WILL SATISFY JAPAN ON NEW LAND LAW

Kahn Tells of Solution Reached to Bar All Alien Ownership.

TOKIO TO STOP EMIGRATION

House Members From California Will Meet Tomorrow to Discuss Negotiations.

SENATORS ARE CONSULTED

State Department Obtaining Informally Also Views of Representatives on Treaty.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—The solution of the perplexing Japanese question, which has been delicate because of the adoption of the referendum in California forbidding Japanese ownership of land, is approaching a satisfactory conclusion through negotiation.

This is the belief of Representative Julius Kahn of California, who has been in constant touch with the negotiations conducted between the State Department and the Japanese Government.

It was learned in high circles tonight that Japan is entirely satisfied with what the State of California intends to do in enforcing the referendum adopted in November. In order to make the purpose of the proposed law all inclusive, the State Legislature, Mr. Kahn said, according to late information received from his State, will pass a law forbidding alien ownership of any land. This will not only prevent future Japanese ownership, but will prevent the nationals of other countries buying oil lands and other property in California. A similar law now exists in the District of Columbia.

In return for this concession, which will not place Japanese nationals in a class by themselves, it is understood that the Japanese Government is willing to enact a law prohibiting Japanese immigration to the United States.

As soon as the Japanese Government has agreed to the terms of the treaty already drawn up, most of the details of which have been approved by both Governments, the treaty will be submitted to the Senate. It will merely agree to enforce the Japanese law which prohibits immigration to this country. But before such a treaty can be finally accepted by Japan the law preventing alien ownership in California must be operative.

The California members of the House will meet on Wednesday to discuss the negotiations.

Meanwhile the negotiations between Roland S. Morris, American Ambassador to Japan, and Baron Shidehara, the Japanese Ambassador to the United States, over pending issues between the two nations, have reached the point where the State Department has been discussing the alien land ownership problem informally with Senators, Representatives and Californians.

As stated in THE NEW YORK TIMES this morning, Ambassadors Morris and Shidehara having agreed on most of the points discussed, are considering the formulation of their views in reports to be submitted to the two Governments for consideration and approval. Ambassador Morris is taking a week's vacation, and it is believed that word from the Japanese Foreign Office concerning the tentative suggestions so far considered is being awaited preparatory to the submission of the report of the Ambassadors to the State Department and to the Foreign Office.

It was declared authoritatively in Administration circles today that there was no conflict between the State Department and the State of California. Californians interested in the effort to obtain a just and lasting settlement of the question, and in reaching a permanent and non-discriminatory solution of the problem of Japanese immigration are represented as understanding the delicacy of the situation confronting the Federal Government, and the State Department likewise appreciates the California sentiment and the exigencies of the situation there as respects alien land ownership.

It also became known today that, besides the question of land ownership and immigration, which have been considered by Ambassadors Morris and Shidehara, their report will cover every other issue that has arisen between the two countries since 1892, including dual citizenship, many minor problems, and the manner in which any agreement that may be entered into by Japan and the United States may be carried out.

It was stated authoritatively today that the State department does not know of any collaboration between British Pan-Pacific dominions, such as Canada, New Zealand and Australia, and the United States respecting community of interests in the matter of exclusion of Japanese immigration.

It is assumed that what is meant in some of the currently published reports is that a study has been made of immigration legislation and alien land ownership laws in such British dominions, where, in respect to both questions, discrimination against the Japanese has been avoided, although undesirable immigration is excluded and Orientals cannot own land.

Two More North Dakota Banks Close, But Farmers Are Beginning to Sell Grain

Special to The New York Times.

FARGO, N. D., Dec. 27.—Two more State banks in North Dakota were closed today, the First Farmers of Minot and the Security State at Carpio, both owned by the Savings and Loan Trust Company of Minot. They had combined deposits of about $400,000 and $85,000 capital. This brings the total of closed State banks to twenty-seven in the last six weeks.

Three other State banks have closed in the three-week period since the State Bank Examiner adopted the policy of making no announcement concerning the closing of banks. These are the Merchants State of Napoleon, the Peoples State of Hatton and the First State Bank of Milton.

The banks which closed today at Minot and Carpio, as well as the bank at Hatton, have been known as Non-Partisan League banks, in that they were organized and backed by men prominently identified with the Non-Partisan League and were originally intended to be used as instruments for financing league activities. G. A. Ebbert, manager of the Minot and Carpio banks, said that both banks are solvent and would reopen when the farmers market their grain.

Even in the face of the additional bank closings, banking authorities express confidence that the State situation is greatly improved. The marketing of grain is still being delayed except in some sections, but the advice of Governor Frazier to the farmers to sell part of their products that they may begin the liquidation of accounts is having effect in many parts of the State.

PRIMEVILLE, Ore., Dec. 27.—The Crook County State bank of this place failed to open its doors today. Shrinkage of values of cattle and sheep on which the institution had made loans was said to have been responsible.

PALL MALL Rooms reno in usage—at better class shops.—Advt.

Koh-i-noor Pencils and Mephisto Copying Ink Pencils, famous throughout the world for quality, supplied by Cortlss, Many & Co., Inc., 30 John St. & 1 E. 45th St.—Advt.

Admits Wasting $1,350,000 Within a Year; Steger's Brother to Guard the $150,000 Left

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Although able to administer efficiently the affairs of his corporation, George F. Steger, Treasurer of the Steger & Sons Piano Company, told the Probate Court today that he was unable to conserve his own fortune. He told Probate Judge Horner he was a "spendthrift." He told how within less than twelve months his personal wealth had dwindled from $1,500,000 to $150,000. Judge Horner appointed his brother, Chris. G. Steger, President of the company, conservator of the estate. The latter's fortune is valued at $2,000,000. He gave bonds of $500,000.

Litigation began a year ago over the estate of John V. Steger, father of the present members of the firm and founder of the corporation. Mrs. Louise Steger, the widow, received her dower right of one-third of the estate, valued at $2,815,000. The two sons received the residue, which amounted to nearly $4,000,000.

"I can't tell what became of my part of the estate," George Steger testified today. "It just slipped through my fingers. I will be be content with the appointment of my brother as conservator of what I have left.

GERMAN SAVANTS AWED BY A FAKE

Scientific Circles in Furor Over Engineer's 'Discovery' of How to Break Up the Atom.

HAD OFFER OF $5,000,000

Declined Tests Capitalist Suggested—Got Some Money, It Is Said—Anyhow, He's in Jail.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 27.—Willi Von Unruh, a Leipzig engineer, lately fluttered the German scientific dovecotes as they had not been fluttered since the finding of radium. He announced a discovery toward which the whole scientific world for years has been earnestly striving. Unruh said he had found a method of breaking up the atom. But he has not yet found a way of breaking out of jail.

What he claimed to have done is what nature does over an infinitely extended period of time and on an extremely small scale. In the case of radium by breaking up the atom or disintegrating it and harnessing the pent up power in it a boundless source of energy would be tapped. Such a discovery, as science knows, would open up endless possibilities. Each person could release from among his ordinary possessions enough motive energy to make him his own millionaire. In his cigarette case he could store enough force to carry him in an airplane around the world. Everything, indeed, would be revolutionized to a degree which would make the harnessing of steam and electricity appear by comparison to be the merest trifles.

Little wonder, then, that German scientists rushed in a body, as one might say, to see Unruh. Unruh received a large number of savants and arranged for a demonstration of his wonderful machine. When the great box was exhibited to those experts most of them were, according to one professor present, speechless with astonishment. There in front of them was an enormous case in which they could see there was curious machinery which broke up the atom and produced an electric current which kept five lamps each of 1,000 candle-power burning for hours on end.

Certainly everything appeared all right. There was no evidence that an electric current was introduced into the case from outside. Could they examine the case and machine to make quite sure, they asked? Unruh replied that at that time he could hardly permit such an examination. He had to protect his astounding secret. That was, of course, judged to be a reasonable attitude, and the savants dispersed to ponder over and discuss the terrific discovery.

Following on this exhibition some Bavarian newspapers hinted that there was something wrong with Unruh's machine. When he failed to reply they declared he was not quite honest. When that failed to draw him they boldly proclaimed he was simply an impostor. So the scientists came on the scene again. Could they see Unruh? That was impossible they were told, as he was unwell. A few days later when a British inquirer was somewhat more persistent the grim truth came out. Unruh was in jail. So the world will not be revolutionized for a while yet, and Herr Willi will go down in history with Ulivi, who six years ago played the rôle of a great inventor with an imposture about the wonderful ultra rays. By reason of his invention Ulivi managed to elope with an Admiral's beautiful daughter, but Herr Willi has added no such romance to his fraud. He has been mundane enough to make his alleged discovery the means of obtaining a considerable amount of other people's money, it is said, and so it is that his romance ends undramatically in a dull prison cell.

For some time to come certain German professors will be exceedingly snappy on the subject of breaking up the atom.

Syndicate Had Offered Him $5,000,000.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—The Chronicle learns that several well known British capitalists were interested in Unruh's supposed wonderful invention. An offer of a million sterling for the rights in Great Britain, France and America actually was made to Unruh if his claims were substantiated. One of the conditions provided that the invention should first be subjected to a thorough test by eminent British scientists. The Chronicle representative had a talk with one of the British capitalists chiefly concerned in the offer. He said:

"Unruh is a man about 36 years of age and of exceedingly plausible manners. He was living in a rather lavish style in a large flat in one of the principal streets in Berlin. Attached to his flat were offices which indicated that he was interested in engineering and other projects. He kept several motor

Continued on Page Three.

THE GREENBRIER offers every comfort and pastime holiday season. Bookings Penn.—Adv.

(0) SELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

HARDING TAKES UP FINANCE QUESTIONS

Talks With Representative Good About Appropriations and the Budget Plan.

WILL RESIGN TO GOV. DAVIS

Latter Will at Once Name Willis for Senator—Rabinoff Urges Trade With Russia.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 27.—Senator Harding today began a study of Government appropriations, including the Sundry Civil bill, which is to be brought before Congress by Representative Good of Iowa, chairman of the Appropriations Committee, who conferred with him this morning.

Another interesting development of the day was the announcement that Senator Harding would not resign his Senate seat until Harry L. Davis was inaugurated as Governor, when he will name Frank B. Willis, Senator-elect, in the President-elect's place.

Mr. Good in his talk with the Senator pointed out that it was necessary for Republican leaders in Congress to be informed of the financial policies of the next administration. Mr. Good said after his conference that he was pleased with the progress that was being made in preparing appropriation bills of the short session. He said he would be back in Washington tomorrow to report the Sundry Civil bill. In former years, he said, it had never been possible to begin hearings on the bill before Jan. 1, and it has commonly been reported about Feb. 15. He went on:

"The total amount asked by the Government departments for this year's appropriations was just about $4,700,000,000, and I think we will be able to keep the appropriations within $3,500,000,000.

"This bill, as it will be reported, will carry, I think, not over $365,000,000. The departments asked a total of $803,000,000, while the current year's appropriation is $435,848,000.

"I pointed out to Senator Harding the importance, as it seemed to me, of having budget legislation passed by the present Congress, so that the fiscal operations of the new administration might be inaugurated on the budget plan. My suggestion was that the best possible budget system be secured at once, and that later it might be modified if necessary. It is, of course, desirable that the policy of the new administration be formulated as soon as possible, so that Congress may conform its program to that policy.

"The present Congress is making appropriations which will run well into the Harding administration, but will of necessity, represent the policy of the present rather than the incoming administration. Appropriations, of course, are made for the purpose of carrying out a particular line of policy, and it is therefore desirable that the policy should be known to the appropriating authorities as early as possible."

Mr. Good said that he had talked a little with Senator Harding about Cabinet matters, but was not at liberty to indicate what they were. There was a general assumption here that the President-elect was seeking information on matters of Government finances before he determined upon a Secretary of the Treasury.

Harry L. Davis of Cleveland, Governor-elect of Ohio, who will be inaugurated on Jan. 10, called on Senator Harding today. Later he said:

"Senator Harding said he wanted to have his resignation as Senator waiting for me on my desk at the State House when I should take possession, so that I might have the pleasure of immediately issuing a commission to Governor Willis as his successor."

Max Rabinoff, conductor of the Chicago Opera Company, who was economic adviser to the Baltic States during the Peace Conference, talked with Senator Harding, urging the early resumption of trade with Russia. He believes that without recognizing the Soviet Government it is possible to establish trade relations that will help materially to rehabilitate the country. He favored working through the great co-operative societies of Russia.

SEEK BLUEJACKET AND MISSING $72,000

Baltimore Police Are After H. W. Meyers, Alleged to Have Fled With Navy Yard Money.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 27.—A general alarm was sounded in police and naval circles here tonight for the arrest of H. W. J. Meyers, 20 years old, a member of the crew of the destroyer Satterlee, alleged to have absconded from the Norfolk Navy Yard at 4:30 P. M. with $72,000.

Meyers, according to information in possession of Government officials, enlisted a short time ago as a third-class yeoman and was assigned to the Satterlee.

The money was delivered to the Norfolk Navy Yard from a Subtreasury by the American Railway Express Company. The package, the police believe, came into possession of Meyers while he was performing his duties as a clerk.

$100,000 LOOTED FROM SPEYER MAIL SENT TO HAVANA

Emergency Shipment in Critical Days of Cuban Moratorium Lost.

SOLUTION BELIEVED NEAR

Frank Steinhart, for Whom Money Was Forwarded, Offers $10,000 for Its Recovery.

ARRESTS MADE IN HAVANA

Pouches Were Slashed Open and Found Rifled in the Post Office.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Dec. 27.—It is believed here tonight that one of the big mysteries of the Cuban moratorium, the theft of 1,000 $100 bills from the Havana Post Office, is on the verge of solution. This currency was an emergency shipment sent in the critial early days of the moratorium from the banking house of Speyer & Co. in New York, when the cry from every side was for ready cash. The shipment was checked out of the New York banking house in the regular way, registered to the Cuban company of Frank Steinhart, general manager of the Havana Electric Company, and shipped as a rush consignment.

With other right of way shipments this cash reached Havana and arrived at the general Post Office. The secret police have made certain of that, according to information supplied tonight to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent by competent authority, and the money disappeared that same night.

Arrests were made within a very short time. Some of the arrested men are out on bail, and some of those taken were found to be in possession of mail not addressed to them which contained valuables destined to relieve the stress of the moratorium, but the missing $100,000 was not discovered.

Offers $10,000 Reward.

Within the last few days Mr. Steinhart has offered a public reward of $10,000 for the recovery of the missing fortune.

"I do not know exactly what is taking place," said Mr. Steinhart for THE TIMES tonight, at his mansion on the Prado, in response to a cabled inquiry from New York, "but I have been in touch very recently with some officials of the secret police, who profess to believe that they can supply the solution of this crime and perhaps bring about the arrest of the guilty parties. I believed that it should offer a stimulus in the material form of a substantial reward, and so I placed a price of $10,000 for the recovery of the large fund that is missing.

"The money reached the Havana post office all right. The records are clear upon that point. It also disappeared the very same night that it arrived.

Great Sums Sent to Cuba.

"Sipments of money to Cuba must be safeguarded at all times, and especially in times of stress when money is greatly needed in Cuba, must its transit be protected.

"There have been numerous shipments of really vast sums into this island since the moratorium began operating last October. Millions of dollars in actual currency and gold and silver have been brought here. American banking houses and American business interests responded nobly and promptly to the Macedonian cry for relief in actual cash.

"There were several days when actual cash could not be obtained in Havana. Those were lean days when travelers' checks were not to be cashed anywhere and when you could not sign a hotel meal check or place a marker at your favorite bar. Why, Havana almost became a Sahara right in the midst of oceans of good cheer. The visitors were practically panic-stricken to learn that their express traveling checks were not legal tender.

New York Led in Money Relief.

"Then came the relief from the United States. New York as usual leading. Every boat from Key West brought shipments. Some of the more alert New York banks and commercial houses telegraphed instructions for their Florida agents to hurry to Havana with currency to relieve the pay-roll needs, especially of their Cuban branches, and to place money in circulation here.

"There followed the express and registered mail pouches, containing immense sums, and then followed pilfering.

"For the last fortnight there has not been reported a single theft through the Post Office or the port. Cuba is coming again into her own. She has come out of the financial crisis with prospects brighter."

Efforts to Trace Missing Notes.

The disclosure in this city of the loss of a large amount of money in the Havana mail came when the Havana postal authorities wrote to firms, Speyer & Co. being among them, asking for the numbers of Federal Reserve notes which were among the loot obtained in what was described as an "inside" job. Interested persons here were not inclined to discuss the details of the vanishing of the money.

According to the report, which was confirmed in its essentials at the Speyer offices yesterday, the firm cashed a $100,000 check for a Cuban customer. The money, in Federal notes of large denominations, was enclosed in an envelope, provided with all of the usual safeguards and registered at the New York Post Office.

The registered Speyer packet and an unknown number of others were sealed in mail pouches in the General Post Office and dispatched on the first steamship leaving for Havana. It was established that the bags were not tampered with on the trip to Cuba, but that after they had been unloaded at the Havana pier thieves got into them. Clerks in the Havana post office found a number of the large pouches cut from top to bottom and their contents gone.

Certified Officers Urged All Catholics to use the MANUAL OF PRAYERS.—Advt.

Mexico to Open Agencies To Protect Her Workmen Here

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Agencies to protect the rights of Mexican workmen in the United States will be established by the Mexican Government at Laredo, Piedras Negras, Mexicali and other border towns beginning next January, it was announced today at the Mexican Embassy.

The agencies will "see that all contracts between Mexican workmen and American employers are fulfilled," it was stated, and will endeavor to obtain the return of the workmen to Mexico upon expiration of the contracts.

2 SLAIN IN CAR E-77; POLICE RECORD LOST

Automobile in Which Double Murder Was Done Followed Police Auto Up 7th Avenue.

TWO QUIT CAR AND ESCAPE

Woman Victim a Mulatto and Man an Overseas Veteran of Col. Hayward's Regiment.

Less than ten minutes after a police automobile had passed the same corner, a man and a woman were murdered in an automobile at West 130th Street and Seventh Avenue shortly before last midnight.

The automobile bore the license number "E-77, New York." There was a device on each door, which resembled a Bishop's mitre.

When the police at headquarters looked up the record of ownership of the car bearing this number the record was missing. These records of automobile license numbers are kept on cards in blocks of fifty each. The list of owners of automobiles was complete in the block of E-51 to E-100 except for E-77. No explanation was forthcoming as to how this particular record happened to be missing. License numbers in two figures, however, are usually granted to persons supposed to be entitled to or to have special privileges in the streets.

Policeman Lewis Goodyear of the West 123d Street station was on patrol in Seventh Avenue just north of 125th Street, when he noticed a Cadillac limousine going north. The occupants of the car were negroes, but as they seemed to be orderly, the patrolman gave them no particular attention.

Less than a minute later he heard ten shots. The automobile turned toward the curb, and two figures leaped out and disappeared into West 130th Street.

Goodyear, giving the signal for assistance, ran toward the automobile. When he reached it, he saw a man and woman lying in the tonneau. Although both were seemingly dead, Goodyear called a passing taxicab and took both to Harlem Hospital, where it was found that each had been shot five times in the breast and that death had been instantaneous.

Letters in the possession of the woman led to her identification as Lucille Harper, 25 years old, of 123 West 131st Street. An identification card showed the man to be Raymond Amos, 35 years old, of 454 Lenox Avenue.

Amos was recognized by physicians at the hospital as having been there for treatment for insomnia on Oct. 26 last. He saw service overseas with the 365th Infantry, the old Fifteenth New York, of which Colonel William Hayward was commander, and was badly gassed.

The woman was a light mulatto. Both she and Lewis were well dressed.

The police learned that a quarrel had started suddenly among the occupants of the car after it had passed Policeman Goodyear. From this information, the police are proceeding on the theory that jealousy was the motive for the double murder.

Search of the street in the vicinity of the automobile led to the discovery of a Colt automatic pistol of the army issue, which led to the belief that its owner might have been one of the many negroes in the Harlem section who saw service during the war.

Captain Louis Haupt, in charge of the detectives of the Harlem inspection district, had a dozen detectives at work on the case in less than an hour from the time of the shooting. Of the two men who ran from the car just after the shots were fired, one is believed to have been the chauffeur, who, according to the police theory, was probably not the man who fired the shots.

The search this morning centred upon efforts to locate the supposed chauffeur, and there were said to be several clues to his identity. The police admitted that they were unable to get any immediate information concerning the other man.

FISHES BEFORE 'OPEN FIRE.'

Boston Man Builds House on Raft to Carry on Sport in Winter.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 27.—Edward W. Jacques, member of the Milton Yacht Club, believes that fishing through the ice is the hobby of hobbies for the Winter sportsman. To that end he has built for himself from his own designs a house on a raft so that he can fish through the floor of his living room while sitting "before his open fire" enjoying his pipe and all the comforts of home.

This novel idea of Mr. Jacques has made such a hit with his cronies that he has felt compelled to enlarge on his original plans, with the result that today four persons can fish at the same time. The craft is 16 feet in length and 8 feet wide, with the fishing room extending out over the water on one side.

When you think of writing Think of WRITING.—Adv.

POLICE GUARD PUT AT GATES OF CITY TO BAR CRIMINALS

Enright Orders Special Details to All Entrances in New Move to End Crime.

ACTS OF VIOLENCE CONTINUE

Shootings, Burglaries and Highway Robberies Reported Despite Intensive Warfare.

ENRIGHT TO VISIT JERSEY

Will Confer With Officials at Trenton on Interstate Co-operation to Meet Situation.

Ten days of intensive police warfare having failed to subdue criminals, Commissioner Enright yesterday adopted further repressive tactics. In his efforts to end the reign of lawlessness marked by such daring crimes as the Monk Eastman murder and a series of daring burglaries and highway robberies, the Commissioner organized a series of special picked squads to guard every terminal and every avenue of ingress into the city.

In furtherance if his design in this direction, Mr. Enright will go to Trenton today to attend the State-wide anti-crime conference called by Governor Edwards of New Jersey. This conference, which will be attended by State and municipal officers of New Jersey, police Chiefs, Sheriffs, prosecutors and representatives of the American Legion, will endeavor to formulate a comprehensive program for stamping out crimes of violence across the river.

Jersey "Sullivan Law" Sought.

A particular measure of co-operation was anticipated to a degree by the New York police in throwing their special screen about the entrances to this city. The police of both States are anxious to end the free passage of lawbreakers back and forth.

Another phase of the joint situation that will receive Commissioner Enright's particular attention, according to an announcement he made just before he quitted headquarters, is the purchase of firearms and ammunition. Ever since New York enacted the Sullivan law, policemen, prosecutors and Judges have protested that the statute virtually was nullified by the free market which New Jersey communities afforded criminals.

In explanation of the duties of the new squads who are to act as a sort of border patrol, Mr. Enright made this announcement:

"Special squads have been organized to watch over all railroad terminals, ferries and highways leading to and from New York for the purpose of apprehending criminals who may be endeavoring to operate in this city. These squads are composed of selected men who are familiar with the criminal element and their methods."

Mr. Enright issued this statement regarding Chicago's police Chief:

"The newspapers of this city have given considerable publicity to alleged statements by the new Superintendent of Police in Chicago drawing insidious comparisons and conclusions between police conditions in that city as compared with New York. The Chicago Superintendent of Police, Mr. Fitzmorris, in the following letter, denies the information that he has ever indulged in any such comparison or criticism of the Police Department of this city.

"City of Chicago, Office of the Superintendent of Police,

"Dec. 22, 1920.

"Hon. Richard E. Enright, Commissioner of Police, New York City.

"My Dear Commissioner:

"I have not the pleasure of your acquaintance, which would have made this letter unnecessary.

"So much has been published regarding conditions in Chicago and New York that I would like to have you know, whether you are interested in the fact or not, that I have not made any statement that could be construed in any way as a comparison between the Police Departments of the two cities. I would like to have you know this department keeps me busy without leaving any time for criticism of the department of any other city, and that any statement published as coming from me containing any such intimation is without any foundation in fact.

"With assurances of my esteem, I beg to remain, sincerely yours,

"CHARLES C. FITZMORRIS."

Police Schools Open Today.

The department took steps which it hopes will reinforce the patrolling strength by 780 men by March 1. Taking advantage of the increased personnel authorized by the Board of Estimate arrangements were completed for an intensified school of recruits to be conducted night and day at headquarters under the direction of Acting Captain Charles Schofield.

The first hundred of the 600 men now on the civil service eligible lists will be called to headquarters for physical examination this morning. Another hundred will report each day until the lists are exhausted. As fast as the men are approved by police surgeons they will join either the class which meets from 8 A. M. to 4 in the afternoon or that which meets from 4 o'clock until midnight. It is planned to have 325 men join each class, in addition to the eighty men already in training.

In addition to their eight hours a day schooling, the probationers are to be assigned to patrol duty in plain clothes alongside veterans of the department. They will not be asked to don uniforms until they have established their fitness.

as the only method of dealing with the drifting, idle, aarium element of incipient gangsters and gunmen. It is no secret that there has been a return, at least in part, to some of the "strong-arm" and "message" methods of other days—message in the police glossary being explained as the deft and careful manipulation about the body of a piece of rubber hose innocently concealed in a newspaper.

Complaints Kept Secret.

Current crime news continued to be confined largely to cases which were disclosed when arrests were made or defendants were arraigned in courts, the police continuing to make a secret of citizens' complaints, though Commissioner Enright has declared crime news "open to the public."

William L. Trafford, a deputy clerk in the Court of Special Sessions, reported that as he left the Criminal Courts Building Friday night, two men who were standing under the "Bridge of Sighs," pounced upon him and robbed him of his gold watch and $13. He had just left a conference of the Judges of Special Sessions on what is known as Probation Night, where he was the presiding clerk.

Probation Officer James Russell also reported that two probationers, just released by the Judges that night, were also robbed outside the Criminal Courts Building, $40 being obtained from one and $18 from the other.

Informed by the police that the defendant admitted having been arrested on several occasions, and was now charged with assault in Newark, N. J., Magistrate Douras in Essex Market Court granted the motion of Assistant District Attorney Morris Pancer to hold Michael Romeo, 21 years old, of 401 East Fourteenth Street, without bail for the Grand Jury on charges of burglary and violating the Sullivan law. The defendant waived examination.

Romeo, it is alleged, entered the apartment of Joseph Orifice, a brass manufacturer, living on the sixth floor of 76 Seventh Street, and had many household valuables packed up ready to be moved when Frances, the 18-year-old daughter of the manufacturer, returned home.

The defendant, according to the police, tried to escape through another door. When he started down the stairs, Miss Orifice cried for help. A patrolman and detective ran into the building and met the defendant, who, it is alleged, turned off the gaslight and battled with the policeman and detective.

When the light was turned on again, the stunned burglar was found on the floor with a revolver in his hand, according to the police.

Two men and a woman were locked up, according to the police, following the shooting of Benjamin Cooper, 28 years old, a chauffeur of 233 East Twelfth Street, as he was passing Arlington Hall in St. Mark's Place near Second Avenue late Sunday night. Cooper was shot once, the bullet penetrating both legs just above the knee. He was attended and taken home. The prisoners, police said, were John Bazarnick, 27, a chauffeur of 321 East Sixteenth Street, charged with violation of the Sullivan law and felonious assault; Helen, his wife, 23; and Daniel Golen, 27, a dishwasher of 206 Avenue D. All three prisoners denied knowledge of the shooting.

Bazarnick and his wife and Golen, along with Mary Profitka, 18, a telephone operator, of 343 East Thirteenth Street, who was arrested later, were arraigned before Magistrate Douras on a charge of suspicion of felonious assault. The men were held in $1,500 bail each and the women in $500 bail each, all for hearing on Jan. 5.

Charged with robbing Herbert May, a salesman, of 356 West 110th Street, of a gold watch, a stickpin and $8 after he had fallen asleep at the 181st Street Station of the Seventh Avenue Subway, three men were held for the Grand Jury by Magistrate Silberman. They were Max Handler, 21, of 311 Bloomfield Avenue, Hoboken; James Brown, 20, of 2,148 Fifth Avenue, and John Hall, 18, of 34 West 135th Street.

With the assistance of the police of Bergen County, N. J., detectives arrested four men at the home of Charles E. Larson, known as "the Big Swede," 2,698 Eighth Avenue, Manhattan. Larson himself was made prisoner. All are being held until victims of several robberies at Peetsberg, near Hackensack, N. J., have an opportunity today to try to identify them. Those arrested besides Larson were Jack Hulters, 283 Central Avenue, Hawthorne, N. J.; David Macevlitor, 534 West 124th Street, Manhattan, and John Hughes, 303 West 145th Street, Manhattan.

In sentencing Joseph Dora, 35 years old, of 120 West Forty-fourth Street, charged with "loafing," and who pleaded guilty "because he had a record," Magistrate Jesse Silberman, in Washington Heights Court, said:

"In view of the fact that you pleaded guilty I will be a little lenient. The city must be rid of the like of you and I'll do everything in my power to achieve that end. I will sentence you to five months in the workhouse."

Two Arrested in Pawnslip.

Detective Joseph Miller watched two men in front of a pawnshop at Roebling and Grand Streets, Brooklyn, early yesterday. One had a package under his arm. When the pawnshop opened, the detective followed them in. One of the men, who described himself as Samuel Fox, 18, of 268 Cherry Street, Manhattan, told the detective, it was said, that his mother wanted him to pawn some of the things for her. In the box, according to Miller, was a thousand dollars' worth of silverware. The two men were arrested, and the other said he was Irving Adler, 20, of 280 South Fourth Street, Brooklyn. From them the detective said he took several pawntickets and checks for two pieces of baggage at the Pennsylvania Station.

The baggage was found to consist of two suitcases containing silverware and other goods valued at $3,000, said to have been stolen from Mrs. Marie Walton of 3,036 Albany Crescent Road, the Bronx.

Fox and Adler were held without bail for examination on Wednesday in Bridge Plaza Court. They were charged with burglary.

Julius Kaponsky, 26, of 278 Twentieth Street, Brooklyn, was held without bail today in Fifth Avenue Court there on a charge of burglary. Patrolman Michael F. Hynes said he arrested Kaponsky last night after he heard several women scream. They told him the man was ransacking an apartment house at 276 Nineteenth Street. The patrolman entered the building with a drawn revolver and seized Kaponsky.

NASSAU DEFENDANTS DENY AID TO GAMBLERS

Doughty and McWhinney Testify That They Helped Suppress Gaming.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, Dec. 27.—Supervisor C. Wilbur Doughty, Republican leader of Nassau County, and Assemblyman Thomas A. McWhinney, member of the Lockwood committee, testifying today at their trial on a charge of conspiring to permit gambling in Nassau County, denied statements by John N. Fleischer, secretary of a Citizens' Committee which raided gambling houses, alleging their intimacy with gamblers.

Doughty, under cross-examination of District Attorney Weeks, said that the prosecutor on one occasion asserted he "wouldn't believe Fleischer under oath," and that Fleischer told him he "wouldn't believe the District Attorney under oath." The Republican leader said he had opposed gambling and asked the authorities and the Citizens' Committee to suppress it.

Assemblyman McWhinney denied that he intimated to Fleischer that if the latter induced the committee to cease its activities he would have Fleischer rewarded with $2,000. Assemblyman McWhinney also swore that he did not know of any gambling houses in Nassau County, or that he ever discussed protection for the gamblers with the other defendants.

The trial will be continued tomorrow.

DOGGED BY TWO GUNS

Police and Prosecutor, on "Hot Trail," Expect to Make Arrest Before Daylight.

MEN QUARRELED IN CAFE

"Monk," Intoxicated, Left After Intervention of Friends and Shooting Followed.

THREE HELD AS WITNESSES

Investigators Refuse to Say Whether They Still Think Victim Was Slain as an Informant.

A dozen detectives started scouring New York at 2 o'clock this morning hoping to arrest before daylight a member of Monk Eastman's own gang who, they believe, shot Eastman to death early Sunday at Fourteenth Street and Fourth Avenue.

According to John R. Hennis, Assistant District Attorney, in charge of the Homicide Bureau in District Attorney Swann's office, the police reached this probable solution of the murder after questioning for many hours employes and habitues of the Blue Bird rathskeller at 62 East Fourteenth Street, in which they believe a quarrel began which ended in the murder of Eastman a few yards outside the door.

Mr. Hennis said the police first would endeavor to pick up the man quietly, believing he was so well known in the haunts of criminals they would be able to pounce upon him in his hiding place. They do not think he has left town. The prosecutor refused to identify the man in advance of his arrest, beyond saying that in addition to being a member of Eastman's gang and a long-time associate of the supposedly reformed man whose citizenship was restored by Governor Smith because of his war record, the suspect was, like Eastman, an ex-convict with quite a record. He said the man's name was so well known in circles frequented by gangsters and gunmen that to disclose it would result in a warning being flashed instantly to him wherever he might be.

Predicts Arrest Before Morning.

At the same time Mr. Hennis was making his announcement, Captain William Funston, in charge of the Mercer Street Station detectives and head of the active hunt for Eastman's slayer, asserted at the close of his examination of the witnesses:

"It looks mighty good. There ought to be an arrest before morning."

At the conclusion of Captain Funston's examination he declined to hold the three men who had given the principal information as material witnesses. His aids took to Police Headquarters John Bradley of 112 Joyce Street, Brooklyn; John McKenna, 120 East Seventh Street, Manhattan, both waiters; and Max Weinstein, 44 Harrison Avenue, Brooklyn, cashier. All were employed in the Blue Bird rathskeller.

Captain Funston and Mr. Hennis both thought it inadvisable to disclose in detail the information which led them to fasten upon an individual as a definite suspect. This much was told:

Louis Eaziun came to the Blue Bird about 12:45 Sunday morning. He was often in the place, which once was known as Tubbs's Café and later was run by Willie Lewis, prizefighting, as the Café Chateau-Tauerry long enough for Lewis himself to get badly "shot up" in the place. There he was greeted by friends, several of them members of the gang which it appeared more and more he had forsaken during the months he was credited with going straight.

The party gathered at a big table and there they had plenty to drink. They chatted in low tones, turned now and then to greet friends and appeared to be having a pleasant, agreeable time. Thus their demeanor continued for more than two hours. Meantime Eastman, as was shown by the autopsy on his body performed yesterday, was getting drunker and drunker.

Leaves Cafe After Quarrel.

Monk, always likely to be quarrelsome, self-assertive and domineering, finally got into an altercation with the man whom the police now are seeking. Whether there was actual physical combat was not known, but it developed that the dispute grew so acute that others of the party had to intervene and separate the disputants.

Eastman angry and outraged, left the place almost at once. He staggered into the street at about 3:45 and apparently started for the downtown subway station, intending to go to his home in Brooklyn.

That much was learned from the examination of witnesses. Just what further information was in the hands of the police that led them to set out after a definitely suspected person neither they nor Mr. Hennis would tell.

As to motive, the police and the Assistant District Attorney were silent. They would not say whether they clung to their first theory that the quarrel was over the division of the spoils of bootlegging or whether some other motive now was regarded as more plausible. It is known, however, that early in the day the police were giving grave consideration to a theory that the murder was committed by someone who believed Eastman was giving information to the police.

The police do not say Monk was an informer. They do say they sought information of him, not once but several times, and in behalf of several departments of criminal investigation. They declare that not only had Eastman returned to his old haunts, but there was excellent reason to suspect him of "hootch running," drug peddling and at least guilty knowledge of other criminal activities of his old-time pals. While carefully refusing to verify an inference that Eastman in return for being allowed to dwell at peace in Brooklyn was furnishing information regarding rogues, the police diligently studied their records, pieced together interdepartmental knowledge of Eastman, his ways and his works, and tried to decide what particular man might have thought he had reason for killing him in revenge.

Trailed by a Detective.

Dr. Carleton Simon, special Deputy Commissioner in charge of the anti-drug war, said of Eastman:

"We became interested in him some six months ago when we heard he was back in his old haunts. We knew he had been sent up for making opium pills before and we were tipped that he was selling narcotics. Detective Barney Boylan of my staff visited Eastman and trailed him through all the Fourteenth Street and Union Square neighborhood where he had been a familiar figure for many years. We did not molest him."

Dr. Simon refused to tell whether Eastman at any time furnished information which was valuable to his department.

"I would not be surprised," he said, "if it should turn out to be some drug runner or some addict who thought Monk had squealed to us who shot him to death."

It was learned authoritatively yester-

Is love dwindling between you? Take him to see "Way Down East," 44th St. Theatre. Matinee today.—Advt.

'ONE-ARREST-A-NIGHT' SQUAD MAKES GOOD

Twelve Policemen in Three Autos Seize Garage Man Who Owns Pistol.

A flying automobile squadron, organized by Police Commissioner Enright to combat the crime wave, but known in the department as the "one-arrest-a-night squad," appeared in the Bronx last night and made one arrest.

It was about 9 o'clock when three large automobiles of the limousine type, each carrying four well-dressed men, drew up in front of the garage at 270 East 140th Street, kept by Anthony Medal of 318 East 115th Street. Medal, with visions of a group of wealthy and profitable customers, welcomed them at the door and was informed that they were policemen who had come to inspect his books and to make sure that no stolen automobiles were concealed about the premises.

Medal's books seemed to be in order, and he was able to account for every automobile in his place. Several of the policemen began to search the desks in the garage office and one of them found a pistol in a drawer.

Medal explained that he formerly had held a permit, but that he had neglected to renew it, as he never carried the pistol, but kept it in his office for protection. Despite his protest, he was arrested and taken with all twelve policemen and the three limousines to the Alexander Avenue Police Station.

There Medal was charged with a violation of the Sullivan law and sent to Night Court. Policemen McQuillen and Easton were recorded as the arresting officers and McQuillen drew the assignment to conduct Medal to court.

"Where shall I meet you?" McQuillan asked, apparently seeking to learn how he could pick up the flying squadron later.

"Oh, let's call it a night," replied one of the policemen. "We will meet you in the same place tomorrow night."

IDENTIFY MAN IN COURT AS MURRAY HILL ROBBER

Robert L. Ireland and Wife Name Occupant of $3,000 Apartment as Hotel Assailant.

Ernest Idler, an employe of an insurance company, who lives in a $3,000-a-year apartment at 512 West 111th Street, was identified yesterday by Robert L. Ireland as the burglar with whom he had fought in the Murray Hill Hotel last Friday morning. When arraigned in the Jefferson Market Court on charges of burglary, assault and grand larceny, Idler pleaded not guilty. He was remanded to jail in default of $10,000 bail for further hearing next Friday.

Idler was arrested in his home after he had called at the New York Hospital to have some wounds dressed. He told hospital attendants he had received his injuries when held up at Park Avenue and Forty-first Street. Hospital officials described Idler to a detective, who compared the description with that of the Murray Hill robber. The arrest followed.

Mr. and Mrs. Ireland and Major Bevington, in court, picked Idler out of twenty-five men in a line-up as the one with whom they had fought. Idler's eyes were still half closed from bruises.

Detective Jenkins, who made the arrest, told the court he believed Idler had been implicated in many other robberies. He said that in searching Idler's apartment he found forty suits of men's clothing and other articles valued at $10,000. Idler said that the articles comprised his personal wardrobe.

WEST END AV. BURGLARS STEAL ANTIQUE JEWELS

Medallion Believed to Have Belonged to Mary Queen of Scots Among 16 Pieces Taken.

Sixteen pieces of antique jewelry, including a gold medallion believed to have belonged to Mary Queen of Scots, with some modern pieces of lesser value, were stolen Sunday afternoon from the apartment of E. C. Kavanagh, 681 West End Avenue, it became known yesterday. Another of the pieces stolen was said to be a gold chain, nearly five feet long, dating from the sixteenth century.

The burglars also carried away a silver medal of honor, given to Mr. Kavanagh by the French government for his work during the war, in which he served as Major, and a Seventh Regiment pin of platinum and pearls.

The burglars entered the apartment during the absence of Mr. and Mrs. Kavanagh, who found the door had been jimmied, when they returned. Mr. Kavanagh found his apartment in confusion. The contents of bureau drawers had been dumped on the floor and much of the furniture in the apartment was wrecked.

Mr. Kavanagh notified Police Headquarters of the burglary, but was told that the available detective force of the West 100th Street Station was busy investigating another robbery in the same neighborhood. Two detectives and two patrolmen, however, arrived at the Kavanagh apartment a short time later and started investigation.

BLUE SUNDAY TALK "BOSH."

Chicago Reformer Says He Wouldn't Oppose Free Sunday Movies.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Free moving picture shows and theatrical productions on Sunday would meet no objection from the National Reform Association, the Rev. William S. Fleming, District Manager, announced here today.

"All this talk about blue Sunday is bosh. We are not trying to pass any blue laws. What we are after is commercialized amusement that is making money out of the argument of personal liberty," the Rev. Mr. Fleming declared.

"Our work is a program of educating the American people to observe Sunday."

Bank Failure Laid to Robberies.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Depositors of the Dressel Commercial and Savings Bank waited in vain for its doors to open today, and when the President, Andrew Dressel, could not be found, creditors petitioned Judge Carpenter, in the Federal District Court, to adjudge the bank bankrupt. The Chicago Title and Trust Company was appointed as receiver. Bank officials said that the Dressel bank's funds had been depleted through the operations of hold-up men and burglars during the last two years.

The greatest of all lovers—David in D. W. Griffith's "Way Down East," 44th St. Theatre. Matinee every day.—Advt.

MORE HELP NEEDED

For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

Several Within 15 or 20 Feet of Assassin, Who Fled in a Taxicab.

NOT QUESTIONED BY POLICE

Printer Who Witnessed Tragedy Volunteered No Information for Fear of Life.

John A. Ayres, the only identified eyewitness of the shooting of Monk Eastman and the escape of his assailant, told a NEW YORK TIMES reporter last night that the gangster was killed in the sight of ten or more persons, several of them within fifteen or twenty feet, and that the murderer escaped in a white or a brown and white taxicab which came along, apparently by arrangement, just after the fifth and last shot had been fired at Eastman.

Ayres said he saw the shooting from a restaurant diagonally across from the corner where Eastman was shot down. He was unable, however, to give a good description either of the assailant or the taxicab driver; nor was he able to furnish the number or a detailed description of the taxi.

Up to midnight Ayres had not been questioned by the police, who earlier in the day had said they were searching for him following the publication of his story he had given to a newspaper. His address, as published, was incorrect, and the police said they had been unable to reach him. He was found by THE NEW YORK TIMES reporter at 17 Chambers Street, where he is employed as a linotype operator by the M. B. Brown Printing and Binding Company.

Despite Ayres's assertion that at least six men, all apparently bystanders, were on the southwest corner of Fourth Avenue and Fourteenth Street when Eastman was killed, no one who saw the murder has gone to the police with the information, Ayres said he had not volunteered any information to the police on the night of the murder, because he had feared there might be more shooting and, had, therefore, hurried away in a taxicab. He was ill with a cold all day yesterday, he said, and did not visit police headquarters. He was willing, however, to give any information he had either to the police or to the District Attorney.

Ayres said that he was standing in the restaurant when he heard the first shot fired and that he and several others, none of whom he knew, ran to the window.

"Diagonally across the street, on the southwest corner and near the downtown subway entrance," he said, "a man was lying on the sidewalk with his arms raised up over his face. A man was standing over him, and as we reached the window we saw him fire four more shots into the man on the sidewalk.

"Besides the three or four men in the restaurant, there were six or seven persons standing right on the corner where the shooting was going on. They seemed to by bystanders, because all of them were huddled against the buildings or standing back in the subway entrance, as if trying to get away from the shooting. I couldn't describe any of them, although it was my impression that one or two were fairly well dressed.

Taxi Slows for Slayer.

"Then a taxi came along. I have been in New York only three or four months and I do not know the streets and directions very well; but it seemed to me that it came from downtown on Fourth Avenue. The man who did the shooting rushed out into Fourth Avenue and the taxi slowed up and he jumped onto the running board. The taxi speeded up again and went up the avenue. I saw the man, as he got into the taxi, throw something out of the window. I didn't see the taxi after it passed the restaurant."

Asked to describe the taxi, Ayres said: "It was a white taxi, at least that was what I called it, but another man who was in the restaurant said that he thought it was a brown and white machine. None of us could get the number. I don't know whether the tail light was lighted or not. I didn't notice the driver."

Two policemen arrived within three or four minutes after the shooting, Ayres said. "There were two uniformed policemen in the crowd around the body and a number of persons in civilian's clothes," he asserted. "They may have been detectives. I didn't notice whether any of the persons who saw the shooting were still around there when the police arrived. I was watching the murderer escape, and I didn't notice what became of the persons on the corner. I think most of them scattered."

Ayres said it seemed to him that the taxi had driven up by arrangement to carry the assassin away.

Taxi Driver Ignores Shouts.

"He ran out as if he expected it," said Ayres, "and the taxi arrived there just about the same time and slowed up to let him get in. Some one yelled 'Stop him!' but the taxi driver drove right on. One of the men in the restaurant said: 'If you try to mix in this you'll get killed.' That is why none of us ran out in the street to watch the taxi. Even after the police came I didn't want to take a chance of being killed, so I stayed where I was for fifteen minutes and then took a cab up home. None of the police came over to take the names of any of the people in the restaurant. I don't think they could see us very well."

The murderer, Ayres said, was, as nearly as he could judge, about his own height (5 feet 8 inches) and weighed about 180 pounds.

"He had on a dark overcoat and dark clothes, and I think he had on a hat, but I am not positive. It may have been a cap. I could not see his features."

CHICAGO CRIMINALS RESUME

Shoot One Man and Rob Eighteen, Kidnapping Fifteen of Them.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Between midnight and 6 o'clock tonight in Chicago one man was shot in a battle with a solitary bandit and eighteen men were robbed, fifteen of them being kidnapped. The man shot is David Potter, 41, of 461 East Forty-first Street. He was wounded in the left leg by a bandit whom he resisted. Potter knocked the robber down, but he arose and fired three shots at him. As Potter dropped the bandit fled.

Mrs. Kate Stein was tending her delicatessen store at 1,916 West Madison Street when two young men walked in. They drew pistols and forced her into the ice box, after stripping her fingers of two diamond rings valued at $150 each and a ring valued at $40. They took $965 from the cash register and fled.

Fifteen minutes later they entered Alfred Caravelli's market at 1,341 Sedgewick Street. Caravelli, too, they locked in the icebox. From him they took a diamond ring valued at $200 and from the cash register $512.

Five men in a red auto held up Daniel Sevenberg, a cashier for the Checker Cab Company, and escaped with $1,000 in cash.

Two Japanese were held up in two different sections of the city, one by four automobile bandits, the other by a lone highwayman.

T. O. Sada, 624 West Madison Street, arose early because he was to take the train for San Francisco today on the first leg of his journey home to Yokohama. As he stepped out into the dark coldness of West Madison Street he was accosted by a man with a revolver, who took the $500 he had in his pockets.

Indict Two for Attempted Bribery.

NEW CITY, Dec. 27.—A Rockland County Grand Jury today indicted Julius Honig of Suffern and Max Reich on charges of trying to bribe a member of the Grand Jury would not indict Honig, who was accused of selling liquor in his confectionery store. Austin Conklin, the juror, is said to have been offered $100 to prevent the indictment. Conklin immediately notified District Attorney Morton Lexow.

MOTHER OF 3 DEPORTED.

Polish Woman Who Failed to Pass Test Must Leave Husband.

Mrs. Mariane Duszak, a Polish woman, 42 years old, is to be deported today on the Cunarder Carmania with fier three small children, 5, 6 and 7 years old. She came to America four weeks ago on the Saxonia to join her husband, Zuraf Duszak, who has been working in Erie County for three years, and sent the money for her to bring the family from Warsaw.

Because Mrs. Duszak could not pass the literacy test the officials ordered the deportation. She would have gone earlier if two of the children had not been in the hospital with measles. The Cunard Line will be fined for bringing her to this country and must also return her passage money. Thirteen others will be sent back on the Carmania.

Urges Armed Guards in Tulsa Stores

TULSA, Okla., Dec. 27.—Following a series of daring robberies here, Police Commissioner J. M. Adkinson today advised merchants to station armed guards at the entrances of their stores and shoot down men who attempted to rob them.

Judges Rosalsky and Nott yesterday in General Sessions demonstrated their intention to aid in the suppression of crime in this city when they sentenced five hold-up men to terms ranging from ten to twenty years in Sing Sing. Before passing sentence on four of the men Judge Rosalsky criticised the State Parole Board for its practice of releasing convicts upon the expiration of the minimum term of indeterminate sentences imposed by the courts.

The first to be arraigned before Judge Rosalsky was William Karstein, 18 years old, of 16 East 104th Street, who was convicted of participating with two others in the hold-up of Samuel Crane in his launary at 76 East 104th Street on the afternoon of Nov. 17 last. Karstein, who was out on parole at the time for another hold-up, held a pistol at the laundryman's head while his confederates robbed the cash register of $12.

Counsel pleaded for a light sentence because of the youth of the defendant, but Judge Rosalsky declared that most of the violent crimes in the city were the work of young criminals. "I cannot be moved by sympathy because of the youth of this defendant," continued Judge Rosalsky. "If we carry leniency too far society will disintegrate. This criminal had his chance, but he did not see fit to take advantage of it."

Judge Rosalsky then sentenced Karstein to Sing Sing for an indeterminate term of from ten to twenty years.

The next to receive a heavy sentence from Judge Rosalsky was John Bataglio, 24 years old, of 139 Cherry Street, who was convicted of participating with Jiamy Laforte, 33 years old, of 15 Monroe Street, and Salvatore Dicola, 23 years old, of 2,128 Second Avenue, in the hold-up of a wine dealer in his store at Second Avenue and 118th Street in September last.

Bataglio received a sentence of from ten to twenty years in Sing Sing. Laforte, who pleaded guilty, was sent to the same prison for an indeterminate term of from two to five years, and Dicola, who admitted he drove the automobile in which the three rode to the wine store, was sent to the penitentiary on his plea of guilty.

Asad Gamin, 22 years old, who gave a Bowery lodging house as his home, and Joseph Port, 22 years old, of 373 First Avenue, pleaded guilty to holding up Adel Sackel in the hallway of his home at 206 Fifth Street on the night of Nov. 29 last. Each received a sentence of from ten to twenty years.

Judge Nott imposed a sentence of 18 years on George Curry, alias Paris Sheridan, an ex-convict, 39 years old, of 456 Pearl Street, who was convicted of the hold-up and robbery of Peter Konderoses of 88 Oliver Street on the night of Oct. 12. Konderoses told the jury that he was about to return to his home in Greece, when he met Curry, a native of Greece, in a Greek restaurant near his home. Curry learned from Konderoses that he had in his pocket a steamship ticket for Greece, a gold watch, a gold ring and a sum of money, and invited him to his room.

Judge Humphrey in the Queens County Court yesterday sentenced Arthur J. Jaycox, 22 years old, of Far Rockaway, to ten years in Sing Sing. Jaycox was convicted of attacking a girl after displaying a shield and a revolver and driving her escort away.

Scintillating Fashions for Stout Women

Notice!

In order to avoid disappointing our many friends who, owing to inclement weather, yesterday, preferrred not to venture outdoors, our extraordinary

After-Xmas Sale of

COATS, WRAPS SUITS, DRESSES

for Stout Women

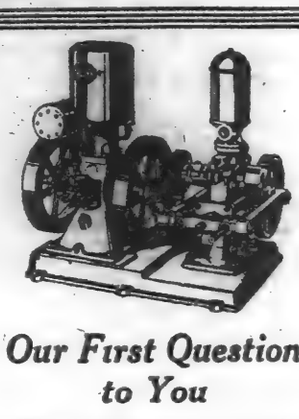
will be continued all day Tuesday and Wednesday, December 28th and 29th.

The values are phenomenal—the garments seasonal and of unusual style-appeal—the fabrics and workmanship irreproachable!

All Sizes to 56 Bust.

SALE ON MAIN FLOOR

Novo Pyramid Force Pumping Outfit



Our First Question to You

It is not "Can we interest you in Novo Engines and Outfits?" It is "What are your power needs?"

If we find that Novo Reliable Power will meet some power requirement of yours, then we're ready to talk a little more of your time, if you'll let us.

NOVO ENGINE CO.
Clarence E. Bement, Vice-Pres. & Gen. Mgr.
Factory and Main Office, Lansing, Mich. New York Office, 1817 Woolworth Bldg.—Telephone Barclay 8468. Standard Scale & Supply Company, 148 Chambers St.—Telephone Canal 4514, New York Distributors.

Novo Engines, 1¼ to 15 H.P. Outfits for Pumping, Hoisting, Air Compressing, Sawing. Furnished to operate on gasoline, kerosene, natural or artificial gas.

NOVO RELIABLE POWER

PRUDENCE-BONDS PAY 6% INTEREST TO MATURITY AND 100% PRINCIPAL AT MATURITY

How many bonds *guarantee* to pay 6% interest to maturity?

How many bonds *guarantee* to pay 100% principal at maturity?

How many bonds do either? How many bonds do both?

Level-headed men and women, secure against the temptations of unsafe yields, buy guaranteed 6% Prudence-Bonds rather than risk their funds on high interest bearing securities with questionable safety.

If you are interested in safety, you will be interested in 6% Prudence-Bonds. If you are not, we should like an opportunity to talk to you. For this security, backed by selected first mortgages, and guaranteed as to interest and principal by our entire resources, is the kind of investment that builds up what speculation destroys.

Buy Prudence-Bonds now. If you are not in funds to buy them now make reservations for a later date.

Write for Booklet No. F-111

We pay the 4% Normal Federal Income Tax

REALTY ASSOCIATES INVESTMENT CORPORATION

31 Nassau St., New York 162 Remsen St., Brooklyn

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY, Trustee of this issue

Prudence Bonds

Denominations $1,000, $500 and $100

LET ALL DISARM, URGES DANIELS

Corrects Impression That Present Navy Estimates Call for Big New Building Program.

ONLY FINISHING 1916 PLAN

Future Increase Here Hangs on Our Joining League or a World Agreement for Disarming.

FOR A GENERAL CONFERENCE

He Points to Proposal in the 1916 Navy Act as a Basis for Effective Action.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Secretary Daniels today issued a statement calling attention to the fact that despite intimations to the contrary the estimates submitted to the naval committees of Congress do not provide for construction of a new group of capital ships as a further addition to the navy, but ask only for money to continue construction of the vessels authorized by the 1916 program.

In connection with this matter Mr. Daniels commented on the General Naval Board's recommendation of last September that a new three-year program of construction be authorized, which he did not approve unconditionally, and said.

"The suggestion for another large naval building plan was contingent wholly upon the theory that there might be no association of nations and no League of Nations, and no agreement for a limitation of armaments. If there is no League of Nations and no association of nations, then there ought to be a conference of nations solely on the question of armaments, following the line of the provision contained in the Naval Appropriation bill of 1916.

"The whole thing in a nutshell is that the League of Nations was designed to stop competitive armaments. Every nation that joined the League has promised this. All they need is to get the United States into such a league. I am not willing to say that the United States should not have a bigger navy than any other nation.

"The reason why I advocated sinking the entire German fleet in the middle of the Atlantic was to give the world an object lesson, showing that it is not healthy to build up armaments for purposes of conquest."

Mr. Daniels again stated his opposition to the idea for an agreement between England, the United States and Japan to take a "naval holiday." Such an agreement, he thought, would be viewed with suspicion by other nations.

Conference Provided For in 1916.

The provision in the naval act of 1916 for a disarmament conference to which Secretary Daniels referred is:

It is hereby declared to be the policy of the United States to adjust and settle its international disputes through mediation or arbitration to the end that war may be honorably avoided. It looks with apprehension and disfavor upon a general increase of armament throughout the world, but it realizes that no single nation can disarm, and that without a common agreement upon the subject every considerable power must maintain a relative standing in military strength.

In view of the premises, the President is authorized and requested to invite at appropriate time, not later than the close of the war in Europe, all the great governments of the world to send representatives to a conference which shall be charged with the duty of formulating a plan for a court of arbitration or other tribunal, to which disputed questions between nations shall be referred for adjudication and peaceful settlement and to consider the question of disarmament and submit their recommendation to their respective governments for approval. The President is hereby authorized to appoint nine citizens of the United States, who in his judgment shall be qualified for the mission by eminence in law and by devotion to the cause of peace, to be representatives of the United States in such a conference.

The same law provided that if at any time before construction of the vessels authorized in the three-year program was contracted for there should be established through the co-operation of the United States an international tribunal competent to insure peaceful determinations of international disputes, which should render the maintenance of competitive armaments unnecessary, such naval expenditures authorized by Congress as were inconsistent with such engagements might be suspended by the President.

Discussing this year's estimates, Mr. Daniels said:

"The impression prevails that the Government has submitted estimates this year calling for the authorization of three additional super-dreadnoughts, one battle cruiser and eighty-eight other ships. The estimates submitted by the Secretary of the Navy call for no new major units for the navy. The only new units called for are one airplane tender and a few small cruisers and gunboats, none of which are major vessels. No battleships or battle cruisers are called for.

"The estimates for naval increase this year do ask for sums to carry forward the construction of the battleships and battle cruisers authorized in the three-year naval building program four years ago, and which have not been built. All but two of the unfinished units authorized four years ago are under construction. There are two capital ships authorized four years ago which are not yet under construction, but contracts for them have been let, the steel is being fabricated, and they will be laid down as soon as ways are vacant to begin laying their keels. But no additional big ships have been asked for at all."

Four battleships and four battle cruisers were authorized in 1916, three battleships and one battle cruiser in 1917, and three battleships and one battle cruiser in 1918. When these units and other construction authorized during the same period are completed they will put the American navy ahead of the British navy in 1924.

It was the General Naval Board which suggested a 1921-6 program to build eighty-eight new vessels, including three super-dreadnoughts and a huge battle cruiser. But the Secretary did not approve this recommendation except on the contingency that we did not enter the league, and favored concentration on the completion of vessels authorized as part of the 1916 program.

Johnson Urges Disarmament.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—A disarmament agreement by the five great powers would be "the one great step" toward prevention of "all future wars," Senator Johnson, Republican, California, said in the Senate today.

"We are all agreed, I take it," the Senator said, "that if there is a real desire among the powers of the earth to prevent war, they can prevent it by disarmament, and if the five great nations of the earth, who constituted the five allied and associated powers in the World War, were to meet together and decide upon disarmament, we would have taken the one great step that could be taken toward the promotion of peace and the prevention of all future wars."

Senator Johnson said he would commend to some of those, outside of the Senate, "who have hysterically endeavored to direct our course during the last couple of years in a new super-Government or in a desire to embroil us in European controversies, quarrels and broils and war, disarmament of the nations of the earth for prevention of wars in the future."

FIND INFLUENZA IMMUNITY.

Sufferers Free of Early Recurrence —Doubt Epidemic This Winter.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Influenza attacks carry with them "a definite immunity to subsequent attacks, lasting several years," according to conclusions reached by the Public Health Service after intensive study in homes where the disease was epidemic in 1918-1919.

"Inasmuch as the epidemic of 1918 and 1919 affected so very large a proportion of the population," a statement by Surgeon General Cummings says, "there would seem to be reasonable grounds for believing that even should 'flu' become prevalent here and there (this Winter) it would not assume the epidemic proportions of the past two years, nor would it rage in such severe form."

Dr. Cumming pointed out, however, that there was no way of definitely foretelling "whether this Winter will witness any recurrence of influenza in epidemic form." He added that it was "unfortunate" that the public took such interest in "spectacular epidemic outbreaks of disease" and was "so little moved" by the "daily occurrence of preventable death."

"Of the 1,250,000 deaths occurring in the United States annually, at least 1,000,000 could easily have been prevented by the application of available medical knowledge," he said, pointing out that 16,000 annually died of diphtheria despite the existence of an effective anti-toxin which could have prevented "practically every one of these deaths." Another 10,000 deaths were due to typhoid fever, he said, in similar circumstances and there were 400 "entirely unnecessary" deaths from smallpox.

NO BRITISH "INCIDENT."

State Department Will Drop Case of Alleged Discourtesy.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Indications were in evidence at the State Department today that there was no desire on the part of American Government officials to make what in the language of diplomacy is known as an "incident" out of the transmission of a communication by the British Embassy to a member of Congress. The Embassy, early last week, wrote directly to Chairman Kellogg, of the Senate committee investigating cable communications, denying testimony before the committee that the British authorities imposed a censorship on cable mesenges coming to the United States from Great Britain.

It developed today that R. Leslie Cragie, First Secretary of the Embassy, who signed the communication, discussed his action with Assistant Secretary of State Merle-Smith late last week. It also is understood Sir Auckland Geddes, the British Ambassador, expects to make an explanation of the Embassy's action as soon as he recovers from his present slight illness.

SPENCER IS COMPLIMENTED.

Senator's Agent Gets Option on Home Wilson Could Not Buy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27. — Senator Selden P. Spencer of Missouri does not sit in the so-called "millionaire row" in the Senate. This is the last row on the Republican side, where sit Senator McCormick of Illinois, Senator Hale of Maine, and others known to pay heavy income taxes. Mr. Spencer sits a few rows ahead. He is classed as well-to-do in his home State.

In the past two months Senator Spencer has been seeking a home in keeping with his income. The other day a real estate agent, who had a commission to find it, sent Mr. Spencer a letter advising him that he had obtained an option to purchase a house. "The President had looked at it, but gave up because the price was too high."

Senator Spencer wrote this over the margin of the real estate agent's letter and returned it:

"Much obliged for the compliment."

President Wilson is reported to have paid $150,000 for the Henry P. Fairbanks residence here, which he purchased this month.

100 Houses in Tokio Burned.

TOKIO, Dec. 27.—Fire destroyed 100 houses in Tokio today. The loss has not yet been estimated.

M'CUMBER CHARGES TARIFF FILIBUSTER

Nettled at Democrats Who Obstruct the Fordney Bill in the Senate.

HARRISON SEES PARTY AIMS

Hitchcock Asserts Embargo Is Sought—Measure Referred to Finance Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Charges of a Democratic filibuster against the Fordney Emergency Tariff bill were made by Senator McCumber, of North Dakota, Republican, before the bill was finally referred to the Senate Finance Committee for consideration, this afternoon. Senator McCumber, Senator Harrison of Mississippi, Democrat, and Senator Smoot of Utah, Republican, engaged in a three-cornered encounter in which accusations of political manoeuvering flew thick and fast.

Apparently, neither the Republicans nor the Democrats in the Senate expect the bill to pass. Senator Smoot said this afternoon that he expected the Democrats to talk it to death. Senator Harrison said that he did not believe five Democratic Senators would vote for it.

The present plan is to bring the bill to the floor as soon as possible, perhaps Thursday, without a change in the schedule as sent over from the House. Senator Smoot said on the floor in an exchange with Senator Harrison that he considered hearings on the measure unnecessary.

The attitude of anti-protection Democrats was amply shown by Senator Harrison when he said in a speech:

"I would not vote for your bill if ninety-nine out of every hundred people in Mississippi asked me to. The bill is all wrong. You say you are trying to reduce the high cost of living, but you are trying to choke down the people's throats a bill which will increase the cost."

Hitchcock Calls it Embargo.

As soon as the Senate met and the bill came up on its second reading, Senator Hitchcock, acting as Democratic leader in Senator Underwood's absence, moved to refer it to the Commerce Committee, saying that it would not aid the farmer, but would virtually be an embargo. Senator McCumber objected, asserting that the bill was needed. Efforts were made by Senator Harrison to speak, but before doing so he yielded the floor several times. Among others, he yielded to two Republicans, Senators Edge of New Jersey, and Johnson of California. The delay nettled Senator McCumber, who said:

"It was represented some time ago that the minority would filibuster on this bill. As long as there is a desire to engage in this pleasant pastime of filibustering, we may as well understand where we stand. I move to lay the reference to the Commerce Committee on the table."

Senator Harrison objected to the charge of filibustering, but Senator McCumber was firm. The Senate by a vote of 33 to 12 refused to send the bill to the Commerce Committee, five Democrats voting with twenty-eight Republicans, against a Democrtic phalanx of twelve.

Senator Harrison said that he did not see how Senators such as Kenyon and Cummins of Iowa, McCumber of North Dakota, and Lenroot of Wisconsin could vote against a prohibitive tariff bill at the next session if they supported the present measure. He charged that while Republican Presidential campaign literature deplored the fact that sugar prices had risen, it did not mention the imminence of a protective tariff which would make prices mount sky high.

Senators in Sharp Exchange.

At this point Senator Harrison and Senator Smoot clashed, and Senator Harrison said impatiently:

"The great trouble with the Senator from Utah is that he sees wool, wool, wool, and he is trying to pull the wool over our eyes."

"I'm not a spotted protectionist; I'm a protectionist through and through," countered Senator Smoot.

"Well, I've no respect for any man who is half way," replied Senator Harrison. "I believe in being one thing or the other. I have no respect for Democrats who would vote for this bill because it helped certain industries in their States. If I were in Louisiana I reckon I'd live just about one day politically."

Before Senator Smoot and Senator Harrison concluded their exchange, the Utah Senator accused President Wilson of being responsible for high sugar prices by his refusal to purchase the Cuban crop.

Ultimately Senator Harrison withdrew his motion to refer the bill to the Interstate Commerce Committee, and Senator McCumber moved reference to the Finance Committee. This was approved by a Senatorial vote of 47 to 0, the Democrats joining with the Republicans.

45-STORY INDIAN HOME FOUND IN NEW MEXICO

"Apartment" Building Contained 1,000 Rooms and Was Built by Extinct Tribe.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 27.—The discovery of a stone "apartment" building, forty-five stories high and containing 1,000 rooms, believed to have been the home of an extinct tribe of American Indians, will be announced tomorrow at a meeting of the Archaelogical Institute of America at Johns Hopkins University.

The "apartment" was uncovered with a group of towns representing an ancient civilization in the midst of the Southwestern desert. It was unearthed by the School of American Research conducted at Santa Fe, N. M., by the institute. It will be described by Edgar L. Hewett, director of the school, at the meeting of the institute held in conjunction with the American Philological Association and the Maya Society.

Several thousand persons may have lived in the newly discovered building, which Mr. Hewett believes was the centre of community life in its district.

TO TRY GAMBAIS BLUEBEARD

French Slayer of Eleven Women Will Not Escape With Deportation.

PARIS, Dec. 9.—Contrary to general expectation, it seems that Henri Landru, whom the police call the Gambais Bluebeard, is after all to be tried on the charge that he murdered his eleven fiancées and will not be let off with the five years' sentence and subsequent deportation to Devil's Island which he has already received for swindling.

The indictment, which forms a volume of 475 pages, has been sent to the Assize Court and the investigating Judge, Bonin, heaving a great sigh of relief, announced that the case was now out of his hands. Maitre de Moro-Giafferi, who was one of the defense for Caillaux, will be counsel for the accused Gambais man.

Landru has appealed to the Court of Cassation against the sentence for swindling. Judge Bonin told him the appeal would delay his trial for murder and thus deprive him of a chance to prove his innocence before next March.

"I am in no hurry," responded Landru, whose dry wit has made him a hard customer for the Judge. "By the way, just to set matters right, I have not the slightest desire to prove my innocence; I understand it is up to you to prove my guilt."

"All right," replied the Judge, "postponed until the March Assizes."

"I should worry," Landru retorted as a parting shot. "My alleged victims, myself or you will have died of old age before the Assizes have seen any one of us."

LAST BLOW TO GRAND DUKE

Came When Cyril Was Referred To as a War Profiteer.

LAUSANNE, Switzerland, Dec. 9.—Persecution, financial ruin, imprisonment and exile have come in turn to Grand Duke Cyril, of Russia during the war, but he told a friend, the other day, that a little incident occuring in Switzerland last September was the "most unkindest cut of all."

To while away the idle hours of his exile in Switzerland, Grand Duke Cyril resorted to golf. During the course of a match with an American and a Swiss one day on the links near this city, the gallery which followed the players dwindled down to a Swiss family, father, mother and numerous progeny. The Grand Duke heard one of the children ask:

"What is this game, they are playing, father?"

"My son," replied the old man, "that game is a game for war profiteers."

The Grand Duke gave up the match.

R. H. Blake on Cunard Board Here.

It was announced yesterday at the office of the Cunard Line that Robert H. Blake, formerly General Freight Manager in the United States, had been made an associate Director and will work with Delos W. Cooke as joint manager of the company's affairs in this country. Sir Ashley Sparkes, who has been in bad health during the last year, will remain a Director of the Cunard Line and head of the organization in America.

EXPECT HARDING PROGRAM BY MAR. 4

Legislators Think He Will Then Present Complete Foreign and Domestic Policy.

BASED ON CONFERENCES

Many Leaders in Congress Invited to Meet Senator in Marion This Week.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Senator Harding will have a complete foreign and domestic policy formulated for the consideration of Congress when he takes office, according to Republican leaders who have participated in past Marion conferences and those summoned to the conferences on domestic questions now in progress.

The practice of the new President, these leaders say, will be to consult frequently with Congress leaders, exchange views with them and learn the wishes of the people and the status of legislation. He is now starting the exchange of views with leaders in Congress so as to be informed as to the need of proposed legislation and the probable reception by Congress of recommendations he will make in his first message.

Several leaders in Congress have been invited to Marion for this week. Senator McCumber, Acting Chairman of the Finance Committee, which has the Emergency Tariff bill before it, left for Marion today and will see Mr. Harding tomorrow. Members invited from the House are F. W. Mondell, floor leader; James W. Good, Chairman of the Budget Committee, who is in Marion today; D. R. Anthony Jr., who is familiar with Military Affairs Committee work, and F. H. Kelley of the Naval Affairs Committee. Senator Harding's letters to those invited ask that they come, if possible, before Jan. 1.

"While I have no desire to intrude upon the work you have in hand," he said in one letter, "I do think it will be helpful if we can compare notes and exchange impressions. Moreover, I want to begin getting into more intimate touch with those of you who lead in the work of the House and Senate, so that we may most cordially co-operate together in keeping Republican faith with the country."

Recipients of the letters are pleased with the apparent desire of Mr. Harding to begin his Administration by taking counsel with legislators. Some said today that they would be glad to learn the coming President's opinions on domestic questions, especially tariff and economies, and hoped that this spirit, shown early, would continue through his Administration.

"If is only right that the Executive and the Legislative branches should work in harmony," said Representative Mondell. "One cannot do its full duty to the country without acting in unison with the other. I do not mean by this that there should be any dictation from the Executive or any arbitrariness displayed by the Executive branch. If the Republican Party in both branches can work as one, it will perform real, valiant service to the country. This, I think, will be true, and I expect to see great things accomplished because of the determination of Mr. Harding to take counsel during his Administration."

Senator Harding, it was learned today, wishes to know what the party leaders hope to accomplish by revival of the War Finance Corporation and enactment of an emergency tariff. Those who have seen him have been unable to learn whether he favors this legislation.

Mr. Harding is insistent that the present session should make a large reduction in the number of civil employes in the District of Columbia, who now total 92,000, a reduction of about 10,000 since the armistice. He was informed by one visitor that the Legislative, Executive and Judicial annual appropriation bill, soon to be reported, would cut the number of employes by 20,000 and effect a saving of about $30,000,000. This did not satisfy him, it is said.

One of the matters that Senator Harding wishes to bring to Representative Anthony's attention is the inadequacy of fortifications at Panama. On his visit there last month Mr. Harding was surprised by the lack of adequate military protection. He is reported to be anxious to see this remedied by specific appropriation in the annual fortifications bill reported in this session.

It is believed that these conferences will result in changes in the legislative program of the party, but their chief effect will be to give the President-elect an opportunity to lay before the coming special session a program of readjustment legislation made necessary by the industrial and economic changes following the war.

GERMAN SAVANTS AWED BY A FAKE

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

cars and gave evidence of being in good financial circumstances. I went to Berlin three times in connection with the supposed discovery. At the third visit it had been arranged that a practical demonstration of the discovery should be given.

"Meanwhile I got into communication with leading German scientists. Unruh's claim was so astounding that I was determined to have it thoroughly investigated. Several of these German savants were present at the demonstration. Unruh played his part with the art of an actor. He excitedly recounted the possibilities of his discovery, how the propulsion of ships would be revolutionized, how motor cars, airplanes, trains and other forms of locomotion could draw from an apparently inexhaustible source of energy. Some of these possibilities were set out in a little book which Unruh gave me.

"At the momentous demonstration we were first introduced to a wooden box about 4 feet long, 2 feet wide and about 3 feet high. Around the box were two rows of copper plates and between them were nine Leclanche batteries which were connected with metal plates.

"Without going into a lengthy scientific description Unruh claimed that by his invention the power of the Leclanche cells was increased to a phenomenal extent. From these small batteries he claimed to be producing energy equivalent to 150 horsepower, which illuminated several large electric lamps in the room."

"In order to make a rough and ready test of his bona fides I suggested that the box should be removed from its position to another room, but this he declined to do. The German scientists present were nevertheless very greatly impressed by the demonstration and appeared to have no doubt that one of the greatest dreams of scientists had at last been realized.

"On the strength of their representations I made the £1,000,000 offer, coupled with the condition that they should first be a test in this country." To this he declined to submit and consequently no arrangements were come to between us."

BOMBARDING FIUME BY LAND AND SEA

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

fighting at Fiume and expressed the hope that peace would soon be brought about among the sons of the nation. The Mayor ordered the national flag at half-staff in the capital as a sign of mourning for the dead in Fiume.

The casualties sustained by the regulars in the fighting with d'Annunzio's men up to the present are reported to be 30 killed and about 100 wounded. Among the wounded are several carabinier officers. The rebel forces have blown up four bridges over the Recina [the river between Fiume and Susak.]

The official communications show that on Christmas Day the regular Italian troops in the vicinity of Fiume had orders to remain in the positions they had reached in the hope that this evidence of the Government's determination to retrieve the situation would create a revulsion of feeling against d'Annunzio on the part of the Legionaries.

The latter, however, on their own initiative, fired on the regulars, and the advance was resumed on the morning of Dec. 26.

The Council of Ministers, presided over by Premier Giolitti, today thoroughly examined into the situation at Fiume. It was decided to leave General Caviglia entirely free to act as he thought best in order to enter Fiume as soon as possible and occupy the city and have the citizens freely express their will concerning the Government of their State, which is to be independent under the provisions of the Treaty of Rapallo. According to reports read at the Council of Ministers, a section of the population of Fiume tried to prevent a fratricidal conflict, but 150 of them were arrested. Several attempts to foment a rising were ruthlessly put down.

Fierce Fighting Outside Fiume.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—Fierce fighting is proceeding in the environs of Fiume, according to The London Times dispatches from Milan, and the losses to the regulars are very heavy, among the casualties being two colonels mortally wounded.

D'Annunzio flew over the lines Sunday, dropping leaflets from his airplane inciting the regulars to desertion. The poet's troops have transformed the houses in the Public Gardens into machine-gun nests, which have been effective in stopping the Government forces. All the main streets are defended by barbed wire barricades.

An instance is related in which the Legionaries made a desperate stand in an armored car, which the regulars succeeded in seizing after killing three and wounding two of the occupants. The resistance encountered by Caviglia's troops is apparently unexpectedly strong and the capture of Fiume has been considerably delayed by the poet's defense.

A dispatch to the Stefani Agency from Rome says that among newspaper reports on the Fiume situation received there is one that a company of Alpini was ambushed and captured by the Fiuman legionaries. Many are said to have been wounded when the Alpini offered stubborn resistance after they were taken prisoners through a ruse, their captors having pretended that they wished to surrender.

Other reports state that the destroyer Espero, which joined d'Annunzio's forces recently, has been set afire, and that an attempt at revolt by citizens of Fiume has been repressed with bloodshed by the Regency Government.

VENICE, Dec. 27.—The reports of the death of Gabriele d'Annunzio spread quickly throughout Venice today. The Italian colors on the flagstaff in St. Mark's Square were immediately half-staffed, and soon afterward flags on private houses throughout the city were lowered.

According to some reports received here, d'Annunzio was only wounded and was taken to a hospital.

One report says that, notwithstanding the absence of d'Annunzio, fighting continues, the legionaries trying to prevent the passage of the regular troops, which are composed chiefly of carabieri. It is asserted that the battleship Andrea Doria participated in the operations against Fiume by firing grenades which killed several persons. One of the grenades struck the torpedo boat destroyer Espero, setting the vessel on fire.

Zara Surrendered to the Regulars.

PARIS, Dec. 27.—Fiuman Legionaries and Dalmation Volunteers at Zara, a port south of Fiume on the Dalmatian Coast, have surrendered to Italian regulars, after failing in an attempt to capture the Italian warship Marsala. The volunteers boarded the vessel, but the crew resisted capture and seized twenty-seven of the legionaries, landing them at Ancona, an Italian port on the western side of the Adriatic, says a Havas dispatch.

ANCONA, Italy, Dec. 27.—A steamer has arrived here with the Riamondo and Carnaro battalions on board. All the men were disarmed and are being closely watched by carabinieri. The Royal Guards' barracks are being prepared for the purpose of holding the men prisoners there.

POET'S ADMIRERS DISPERSED.

Troops Break Up Rome Demonstration Against Rapallo Treaty.

ROME, Dec. 26.—Crowds attempted to hold demonstrations in this city in favor of Captain Gabriele d'Annunzio tonight, but strong detachments of royal mounted guards charged upon and dispersed those engaged in the manifestation. D'Annunzio's war cry of "Down with the treaty of Rapallo!" was frequently heard.

The incidents followed a meeting held by Nationalists in favor of d'Annunzio and the claims he put forward as conditions upon which he would abandon his fight at Fiume. Deputy Federsoni made an address in favor of the poet-soldier and was frequently applauded.

Later, several Nationalists, in revenge for the breaking up of the demonstrations, decided to put an end to a concert being directed by Sergius Koussevisky in the Augusteum. They formed in a column and entered the building crying: "Long live Italian Fiume! Long live d'Annunzio!"

The concert was interrupted and several scuffles occurred between the invaders and the audience, which loudly protested. Prompt intervention by the police re-established order, and only a few arrests were made.

Little hope that d'Annunzio will be able to hold Fiume against Italian regulars is entertained by Signor Odenigo, local representative of the "Regency of Quarnero," who, with several friends and sympathisers, has been anxiously awaiting developments along the Adriatic.

"I am afraid all is lost, unfortunately even honor," said Signor Odenigo today. "All advices point to the conclusion that we must abandon even the last hope of being Italian, as the Government has granted the port of Baross, between Fiume and Susak, to Jugoslavia under a secret understanding. The Italian Government is now preparing to occupy Fiume with military forces and apply the treaty by force. Captain d'Annunzio, with 4,500 men, cannot resist an attack by 20,000 unless a miracle happens, but it is a shame."

POET'S STOCK DOWN IN PARIS.

But It Is Generally Believed That d'Annunzio Will Die Fighting.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 27.—Whatever sympathy there used to be in France for d'Annunzio when he seized Fiume has rapidly died in the last few months, and today the headline in one Paris newspaper reflects the general opinion of his latest enterprise: "A poet is having men killed in order to have a fine death for himself." D'Annunzio is regarded as the victim of his colossal conceit and is believed now to be only desirous of a death which will give him martyrdom.

Here in Paris, where he used to be well known, it is regarded as almost certain that he will not surrender or allow himself to be captured. Either he will seek death on the battlefield or will emulate Brutus at Philippi and in true Roman fashion take his own life rather than suffer captivity. If he chooses either of these methods he will rid the Italian Government of the difficulty of having to decide what to do with him.

Paris is taking the greatest interest in the fate of the poet, but, as it entails the death of other men, that interest is tinged with a strong degree of impatience, and the general verdict is that d'Annunzio is suffering from megalomania, which is very near madness.

"Most amazing spectacle ever seen on sea or land," says the New York Globe of D. W. Griffith's "Way Down East," now in its eighteenth week at 44th St. Theatre.—Advt.

"Enough to raise the hair on a man's head and raise the man out of his seat."—New York Herald review of D. W. Griffith's "Way Down East" at 44th St. Theatre. Matinee every day.—Advt.

MORE HELP NEEDED

For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

Jan. 1st Brings Transfer Time!

Do you dread the coming of transfer time? Does it mean to you a cluttersome task—the cramming of old letters and records into dusty, inaccessible storage—anything to get them out of sight?

Van Dorn Transfer Cases Simplify Transfer Troubles

There's no digging through dust-catching files—no continuous fire peril—nor an inch of floor space wasted, when you use Van Dorn Transfer Cases.

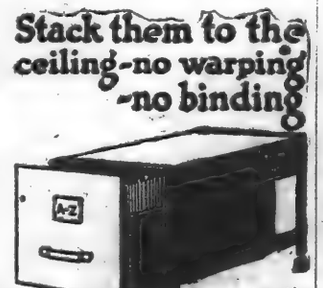
Any Letter of Any Year at Any Time

is instantly accessible. Letters are systematically filed and tightly sealed against fire, dust, moisture and rodents, in the capacious, easy-pulling Van Dorn steel drawers.

THE VAN DORN IRON WORKS COMPANY

318 Broadway Telephone Worth 5080

Stack them to the ceiling-no warping -no binding



Room for 5000 letters and guides to each case.

Cases automatically interlock one above another—without rods or bolts.

Van Dorn STEEL TRANSFER CASES

The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World.

Madison Avenue and 45th Street, New York

Ramblin' Through the South



And now Southward the path of sport takes its way.

Thousands by sleeper and steamer—more thousands by automobile.

To the brush and bramble of Carolina and Georgia and the coast and waterways of Florida the caravan moves.

Sportsmen with their dogs and shotguns and fishing tackle, carrying on the running boards their own camp equipment, roamin' through the balmy Southland.

Camping by the wayside—seeing the South—hunting and fishing as they go—independent of hotels and railroads.

Full motor camp equipment, assembled from long experience, is furnished by the Abercrombie & Fitch store.

Abercrombie & Fitch Tent Innovation



Weight, Complete, 4 lbs.

The acme of lightness—a new tanalite tent in which two or three may sleep comfortably, free of mosquitoes and insects.

Folds into a roll eighteen inches long, as thick as your arm.

Specially designed for sportsmen, motor-trekkers and canoeists—price, $25.

Also the Marquee tent, with sleeping space for four, in cots, and with sheltering canopy fly front—most popular of all motor tents; price, $60.

Motor camp cook kits, bedding, cots, chairs and tables which pack into smallest space.

Shotguns for Southern bird shooting—rifles for alligator shooting—world's largest assortment.

Fishing tackle for barracuda, sailfish, reef fishing, tarpon and all Southern fresh water fishing.

For Casino, Golf and Board Walk.



Sporting clothes for tropical weather, for both men and women—light tweeds, flannels, silks, crash and duck.

Newest sport hats and caps, golf boots and white buck shoes, for Southern wear.

Swimming and bathing suits, surf boards and mattresses, and aeroplanes.

Women's motor and sport coats and capes—exclusive Abercrombie & Fitch productions, specially adapted to the Southern resorts.

Luncheon kits, cameras, beach umbrellas and all indoor games for house and house-boat parties.

Write for Booklet, Motor Rambling," Mailed Free.

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.

Madison Avenue and 45th Street, New York

"Where the Blazed Trail Crosses the Boulevard."

Knickerbocker Ice Cheese

The next time you order delectable cream cheese to stuff celery or to serve with Bar le Duc, watch the grocer, and you'll see him take the cheese from his "even-tempered" ice box. When cheese is delivered at your home, see that it is put at once into your Knickerbocker Ice-chilled refrigerator. This is the treatment pure cream cheese deserves.

Knickerbocker Ice, pure itself, keeps all pure food—pure.

Knickerbocker ICE Company

UMBRELLAS

AFTER CHRISTMAS SALE

Direct to Consumer from Manufacturer

The discriminating buyers were quick to appreciate the wonderful bargains they were offered here.

For those who have not yet grasped this opportunity this extraordinary sale is continued until the end of this week.

100 All Silk Umbrellas

Taped Edges with Celluloid Handles, Ivorene Tips and Ends in Purple and Green to match.

Our Price Only $5.15

200 Best All Silk Umbrellas

with 2-inch border tape in Blue, Purple and Green, with Ivorene Tips and Stubs. Select Variety of Handles.

Our Price Only $7.85

200 Gloria Silk Mixture

umbrellas, with a special selection of Ring Handles, some with Leather Straps.

Our Price Only $3.85

Wangee Umbrella Company
92 EAST 10TH ST.
¼ Block East of Wanamaker's
Phone 4138 Stuyvesant
Store open until 7 P. M.



130—*Bronze Desk Set* $20.00

TODAY

TODAY is somebody's birthday; somebody's wedding day; somebody's anniversary, and today you can find at Ovington's hundreds of excellent suggestions for every one of these gift occasions.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of 5th Ave"
314 Fifth Ave. nr. 32d St.

BEEMAN TRACTOR $340



FOUR H. P. FOR WINTER WORK

Runs wood saw, ice saw, electric light plant, grindstone, feed grinder, pump, cream separator, washing machine, churn, etc. Hauls stone-boats, light wagons, industrial trucks, snowplows.

Call or write for Booklet

K.G.MARTIN CO.
Distributors Beeman Tractor
42 Park Place, N.Y. Barclay 3010

TO CHOOSE BISHOP

Standing Committee Fixes Jan. 26 Date for Election of Dr. Burch's Successor.

SEES QUICK ACTION NEEDED

Bishops Thomas of Wyoming and Brent of Western New York Among Possible Nominees.

The Standing Committee of the Episcopal Diocese of New York issued a call yesterday for a special convention to be held in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine on Wednesday, Jan. 26, to elect a successor to Bishop Charles Sumner Burch, who died suddenly a week ago yesterday.

Announcement of the call was made by the Rev. Dr. Charles K. Gilbert, Secretary of the Diocese. It was signed by the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, rector of the Church of St. Thomas's, President of the Standing Committee, and George Zabriskie, a lawyer, its Secretary.

In explaining the desirability of electing a successor to the late Bishop Burch as quickly as possible, the Standing Committee said in its call that the late bishop "invariably set the welfare of the church above all considerations of personal sorrow," and it seemed advisable in view of the urgent need for filling the vacancy to hold the convention on the date set.

Dr. Gilbert will send a notice to each clergyman in the diocese on Thursday. It has been decided that the delegates already elected for the regular annual convention next May cannot sit at the special convention, unless elected at the special elections which will be held in each vestry.

In talk of a possible successor for Bishop Burch, interest centred yesterday in the Rt. Rev. Nathaniel Seymour Thomas, Missionary Bishop of Wyoming. Bishop Thomas was the only candidate outside New York nominated at the convention which elected Bishop Burch fifteen months ago, and received at that time eight clerical votes on the first ballot.

There was also a suggestion that Bishop Charles Henry Brent of the Diocese of Western New York, might be called. When Bishop Brent was Missionary Bishop of the Philippines there was considerable talk of electing him Bishop, and if the Diocese of New should elect him, it would have to wait for a meeting of the House of Bishops, which would probably be a considerable time. Precedent in the Church is said to be against such a course.

HAS HOTEL TO REFUTE COBB

Ohio Town Builds One and Then Invites Writer to Enjoy Its Hospitality

Special to The New York Times.

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, Dec. 27.—This town of 30,000 felt so jovial over its new $1,000,000 hotel, financed by the community, that it decided to refute some of the charges against the town's hotel hospitality made a year ago by Irvin S. Cobb in a magazine article following his completion of a lecture tour.

Tonight the Chamber of Commerce sent Cobb a night letter inviting him to come back and be convinced of the change.

"Come back, Irv," it reads, "Steubenville has a real hotel now, without either hot or cold roaches."

In his article Cobb dwelt with minute detail on Steubenville's shortcomings, commenting on the trains that whizzed and roared by his ear as he tried to sleep, and on the furnishing of each room with hot or cold roaches.

The Chamber of Commerce backed the erection of the new hotel, a nine-story structure with 200 rooms and three kinds of dining-room service. Four hundred and twenty-five business men bought the stock. Operation of it has been turned over to the management of a chain hotel system.

HOLDS 7 POLICEMEN AT BAY.

Alleged Moonshiner With Shotgun Defies Raiders for Half an Hour.

CAMDEN, N. J., Dec. 27.—Chief of Police Baxter and six policemen captured Andrew Fischt today after he had barricaded himself in a farmhouse. Fischt, with a shotgun, stood the seven policemen off for half an hour, but surrendered after an exchange of shots. No one was injured. He was brought to jail here.

Federal agents reported they found two large stills on Fischt's farm and forty gallons of whisky and vodka. Fischt, a Russian, drove his wife and children out of his home when crazed with drink, the police said. The wife and children were found walking along the road half frozen and were taken to shelter by a farmer. Fischt's wife told the Federal agents her husband sold liquor to Russians in Philadelphia.

M. F. Hanson Buys a Newspaper.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 27.—Announcement has been made here that M. F. Hanson, general manager of The Philadelphia Record for many years and one of the best-known newspaper men in Pennsylvania, has purchased The Duluth Herald, Duluth, Minn., and will leave Philadelphia to take charge of that newspaper Jan. 4. On the evening before his departure a testimonial dinner will be given to him at the Ritz-Carlton by his friends.

KILL 5, SEIZE 138 AT IRISH DANCE

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

pealing earnestly to the local rate collectors not to pay the money they take to the British authorities and warning them if they persist "it will appeal no more, but will act sternly and swiftly, as a Government in a state of war. Rate collectors cannot be allowed to dictate to the Irish nation."

The Dail Eireann, on Sept. 17, decreed a complete break between the Irish local governing bodies and the British local Government Board. Consequently, the latter department instructed the rate collectors in Ireland to continue to collect the taxes as they fell due and to pay them to their own banking accounts, and not to the Irish County Councils and other local bodies.

This a number of collectors have done, with the result that the local councils are beginning to feel very badly lack of cash for carrying on the ordinary work of administration.

Moreover, the British Parliament has just passed a law making compensation for malicious injuries a first charge on the funds of local councils within whose territories they are committed. Consequently, the Sinn Feiners not only find themselves without funds to administer the poor law, maintain roads, and so on, but also see money that should have gone for such objects liable to diversion in aid of men injured by extremists of their own party.

So now they have issued this appeal and threat. Rate collectors, they point out with true Irish humor, have one simple course before them—they can resign and draw their pensions, but if they will not resign, let them collect the rates and hand them over to the Dail Eireann.

Government circles regard this as another proof of the financial pressure now being put on the Sinn Fein.

DENIES DE VALERA SAILED.

Will Be Heard From Soon, Secretary Says—Mrs. MacSwiney Going Home

Harry Boland, Secretary of Eamon De Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," arrived in this city last night, accompanying Mrs. Muriel MacSwiney and Miss Mary MacSwiney who have completed their tour of New England. When reporters sought to question him as to the whereabouts of De Valera Mr. Boland replied that he had nothing to say.

"Will you deny the report, which many persons believe, that Mr. De Valera is on his way to England or Ireland?" Mr. Boland was asked.

"Yes, I will deny that most emphatically," the secretary replied. "You will hear from Mr. De Valera shortly."

Mr. Boland announced that Mrs. MacSwiney would return to Ireland on Saturday on the steamer Panhandle State, while her sister-in-law would begin a lecture tour of the United States after Mrs. MacSwiney's departure.

TALK OF TRUCE IN IRELAND

But Government Wants Republicans to Surrender Arms.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Dec. 27.—From an authentic source I learn tonight that the prospects of a truce preliminary to peace negotiations, while very dubious, are still remotely possible.

According to my informant, the Government has demanded that as a condition of the truce all republican arms and ammunition must be handed over. It is on that point that the truce question is suspended.

As against this I understand certain members of the Government are willing to concede that there should be no insistence upon surrender of arms, and are even prepared to admit that if a truce were arranged it might be difficult to control isolated extremists during the interim.

"I am not over-sanguine," said my informant, "but there is hope in the fact that the conversations have not been entirely broken off."

The most sensational scenes ever shown are in D. W. Griffith's "Way Down East" at the 44th St. Theatre. Don't miss it. Matinee every day.—Advt.

The greatest holiday attraction in New York—D. W. Griffith's "Way Down East," 44th St. Theatre. Matinee every day.—Advt.

Keep In The Flour All That Grows In The Grain!

and you have the real nourishment Nature planned for us when she brought forth the great staple food of all the ages—Wheat.

Don't try to improve on Nature—it can't be done.

Don't rob the wheat of vital food elements in order to produce—what? Flour that looks white and children that look whiter.

Wheatsworth WHOLE WHEAT FLOUR



has all the bone-building, muscle-making, health-giving food value of the whole grain. Ground fresh every day from the highest grades of wheat.

Wheatsworth flour gives to bread, muffins, pancakes, waffles, piecrust, etc., a flavor far superior to ordinary flour. Get some at your grocers today. Recipes in every bag.

F. H. Bennett Biscuit Co., N. Y.
Makers of Wheatsworth Whole Wheat Crackers

JACQUES

The House of Distinctive Jewels

Gifts for the Holidays
Moderate-priced Diamond Bracelets, Brooches, Rings and Novelties

561 Fifth Ave., Corner 46th St.

BLOOMINGDALES
59TH TO 60TH STS.—LEXINGTON TO 3D AVS.

Get a Sonora for Service and Satisfaction

The Sonora—the phonograph of superb tone and lovely line—is now to be had at the Bloomingdale Phonograph Shop, the home of the best phonographs in the world. When you get your Sonora at Bloomingdales you get more than a phonograph—you get lasting satisfaction

Sonora CLEAR AS A BELL

Convenient Payments Immediate Delivery

Our plan of small monthly payments makes buying your Sonora an unalloyed pleasure. Thousands of people have tried the plan of payment and found it mighty convenient. You'll like it, too! **Come in** today and talk it over.

Priced from $125 to $1,500.

Bloomingdales—Second Floor



OF GREAT INTEREST TO HAVE A YOUNG FACE IN SPITE OF YEARS.

Natural Flower Perfumery Company,
500 Fifth Avenue, New York:
Your experience has no equal.
Enclosed please find check for the Krem Bereza ordered by phone in the morning from Chicago, Ill.

Am living in New York now and will be glad to know the nearest place to my hotel where I can obtain the Bereza Products. Have used your preparations for a number of years and am lost without them. I came from Minneapolis and always purchased them from L. S. Donellson Company.

I want six jars of Krem Bereza for my daughters and grandchildren. Am sure you will charge me less than $3.50 per jar for a quantity of that kind.

Kindly rush one dozen of each of the Bereza Products. Formerly I secured some from your representative in the Fort Griswold Eastern Point, New London.
December 10, 1899. Mrs. D. S., Gilsey House, New York City.

While I am buying the Bereza Preparations of T. Eaton Company, Winnipeg, Canada, and am in California now, I would like you to send me the following: 6 Astringent, 4 Krem Bereza, 3 Bereza Milk, 3 Onomia Bleach, and 1 Waterproof Liquid Rouge.
Mrs. ————, Pasadena, California.

Although you refuse to sell retail, but on account of the rain and being that your establishment is near the Commodore, I desire one pound Reducina, one Krem Bereza, and also a bottle of your remarkable Astringent. Have used them for many years, and L. S. Ayres Company, Indianapolis, Ind., will acknowledge the fact.

Bereza Astringent, protects beauty and elegant against large pores	$1.50
Krem Bereza, renews youth and eradicates wrinkles	3.50
Onomia, beautifies and invigorates the skin	1.00
Reducina, the perfect reducing cream, 1 pound	20.00
Rare-Russian Violetta and other assorted odors	3.50
Waterproof Face Powders in every shade	1.00
Unosha Rouge in liquid form shows the natural color. A complexion need	1.00
Myra and Doranaomi Hair Tonics, a blessing for the scalp	1.50

Ask for Booklet—"Not Theories, but Facts."

HOW

an eminent dermatologist of one of the principal universities claimed that fresh air was one of the best tonics for the complexion. He said it was a waste of time and money for society people to use complexion creams, cosmetics, etc. He had to acknowledge, however, that farmers and their wives, who live outdoor lives, accumulated more wrinkles than almost any other class of human beings, while society women, who are most careful to protect their complexions from wind and rain and whose leisure time is taken up in fulfilling social engagements, hardly having time to enjoy fresh air at all, still possess the most beautiful complexions.

The above mentioned items can be procured in:
Lord & Taylor, Hair Goods Department.
Stern Brothers, West 42nd Street.
Roberts, Bristol Bldg., Fifth Avenue.
Madam Fried, opposite Waldorf-Astoria, West 34th Street.
L. Lewis Company, 452 Fifth Avenue.
ESTABLISHED 1882.

A Distinctive Offering of



Burberry's English

OVERCOATS

REDUCED

This is the sale of English Burberrys for which hundreds of New Yorkers have been waiting.

Formerly Priced	Sale Price
$94.75 & 89.75	$74.75
104.00 & 99.75	$84.75
124.00 & 119.00	$94.75

New York men know and appreciate the Burberry Overcoat—know it for its big roomy comfort and its light weight but fleecy warmth. They provide, too, that distinction of dress for which the well groomed man of New York looks.

In the desirable shades of brown, gray, or heather. A choice of models in keeping with the best taste.

Other English Overcoats Are Included in This Sale and Reduced in Like Proportion.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

FRANKLIN SIMON MEN'S SHOPS
2 to 8 WEST 38th STREET

At Considerable Reductions

Men's Dress Vests, Shirts and Ties

BEFORE descending to figures, we wish to add, that even as the quality of Shakespeare is not impaired by a publisher's discount, so the quality of these dress shirts and waistcoats is in nowise changed by these very liberal reductions. Nothing has happened to the quality, but much has happened to the prices! Regular stock only.

$3.50 . . .	DRESS SHIRTS	*Now*	$2.50
4.50 to $6.00	DRESS SHIRTS	*Now*	3.75
.75 . . .	DRESS TIES	*Now*	.50
1.50 . . .	TUXEDO TIES	*Now*	.85
8.50 and 10.00	DRESS WAISTCOATS	*Now*	6.50
12.00 and 14.00	DRESS WAISTCOATS	*Now*	9.00
15.00 and 16.50	DRESS WAISTCOATS	*Now*	12.00
14.00 and 16.50	TUXEDO WAISTCOATS	*Now*	11.00
18.00 and 19.00	TUXEDO WAISTCOATS	*Now*	14.00

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

LOST PROPERTY FOUND

By The New York Times.

On missing a valued trinket, wearing apparel, a pet animal, telephone The New York Times without delay.

Telephone 1000 Bryant.

The familiar expression, "when the goose hangs high," turns out to be wrong.

"For everything is lovely when the goose whangs high" is the correct version.

It means that if geese flying South utter their peculiar "whang" it is a sign of fine weather.

Just as it is a sign of a fine dinner at CHILDS when it is announced that roast goose will be served on New Year's Day.

Special New Year Dinner, "Everything lovely" from soup to coffee.

Childs



Automatic Selection of Columns

is performed entirely by the machine without attention of operator. There is no loss of time or error of judgment.

Sundstrand Figuring Machine

is a true all-purpose machine of exceptional qualities. Operates with 10 figure keys, one for each numeral and does all classes of figure work.

Your business will benefit in greater speed and relief from human inaccuracies.

A demonstration will prove it. Write or 'phone.

U. S. ADDING MACHINE CO.,
101 Park Ave., New York City, N. Y.
Telephone Vanderbilt 3323. (42)

Rejection of 1921 Agreement Offered by Owners Forecasts Walkout Jan. 1.

11,000 WORKERS INVOLVED

Masters, Mates and Pilots Promise to Join—Recalls Millions Lost Last Winter.

The Harbor Boatmen's Union at a meeting last evening at its rooms, 9 South Street, decided not to accept the 1921 working agreement as presented by the New York Towboat Exchange, as action tantamount to a declaration to strike unless some eleventh-hour compromise is reached between the workers and the boat owners.

Coincident with the decision of the Harbor Boatmen, the Masters, Mates and Pilots Association announced that it also had rejected the owners' agreement and would strike with the boatmen on Jan. 1, the day when the present working agreement expires. John Ambrose, John Ford and Hugh McGee, comprising a committee from the pilots' organization, came to the South Street meeting and informed Secretary Arthur Olsen of the Harbo Boatmen that they would join in a strike and would stick with the boatmen "to a finish."

The strike, according to Captain William A. Maher, head of the Masters, Mates and Pilots Association, will involve some 11,000 harbor workers. There are probably six thousand men in the two unions, and their action automatically will throw the engineers and other boatmen not union members out of employment. The Harbor Boatmen's Union is composed of oilers, firemen, deckhands and cooks. The engineers have their union, and this union some time ago voted to accept the 1921 working agreement offered by the Towboat Owners Association. Their action, Mr. Maher said, would not interfere with the strike of the other workers.

The strike will be directed against about five hundred independent owners of towboats and steam lighters. The unions already have asked the Board of Estimate for a readjustment of wages for the men employed on the municipal boats, but no decision has been announced. If the unions succeed in tying up harbor craft, there will be a repetition of the trouble last Winter, which caused millions of dollars loss at this port.

The harbor boatmen and pilots have the same grievances. They asked the boat owners for an all-around increase in pay that amounted to about $30 a month, and they insisted upon a ten-hour day. In place of the latter the owners offered a sixty-hour week, and this is the main cause of the split. The men said that with the sixty-hour-a-week clause in the new agreement the owners could work the men long stretches at a time and then lay them off, so that the total working hours for the week would be sixty. This, they claim, would enable them to evade overtime payments. Early in the week a joint committee walked out of a meeting with the owners and since then negotiations have been hanging fire. Now, the men said, they were broken off.

Joseph Moran of the New York Towboat Exchange, when apprised of the action of the unions, said he had nothing to say.

Some Estimates Beyond That Figure—Government Report Due Jan. 15.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—An approximate estimate of the unemployed in the United States, with some idea of whether the idleness promises to be temporary or long standing, will be embodied in a report to be made public on Jan. 15 by the United States Employment Service.

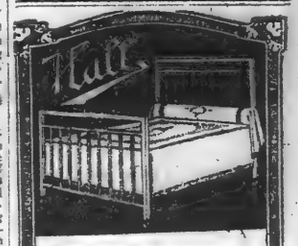
For the purposes of the survey, the country has been divided into nine districts heretofore included in the activities of the bureau. The field workers have been engaged in making the canvass of the principal industrial cities and the larger towns in their field, with instructions to report to Washington by Jan. 15.

After this survey has been given to the public the bureau will confine its activities to the usual bi-monthly report of the payrolls of the country. The latter usually furnishes the most accurate data as to industrial activities, but it was thought best to make a quicker survey for immediate use.

John B. Densmore, Director of the United States Employment Service, said that he had no figures available now which would permit him to estimate the number of idle in the country. A statement issued four weeks ago by the American Federation of Labor placed the number at 2,000,000. Since that time stagnation in industry has increased with a consequent increase in the unemployed. Some statisticians estimate that the number of unemployed reaches 2,750,000.

Wants to Make Beer as a Medicine.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 27.—A Wisconsin brewery has asked permission to make beer for medicinal purposes, according to an announcement made today by Nelson A. White, Chief Inspector in the office of Thomas A. Delaney, Prohibition Director. The request was refused for the present. Several physicians had told Mr. Delaney that there were certain cases in which they preferred to prescribe beer instead of whisky.



Pillows soft and downy for tired heads. Mattress light and yielding to the body—yet buoyant in the extreme. Spring firm but resilient as rubber. Bedstead rigid, graceful in design, exquisite in color and finish. These are the quality marks of Hall products.

FRANK A. HALL & SONS
Bedding Specialists
26 West 45th St., New York N. Y.

2 to 8 WEST 38th STREET

Our Latest Shipment of Men's London-Made Aquascutum Overcoats

Low exchange accounts for this price of

$75.00

Worn by the Prince of Wales

The price and the fame of the celebrated Aquascutum Overcoat move in opposite directions! Its price is away down, due to low sterling exchange. Its fame is away up due to sterling quality! $75 is the latest and the lowest price—and the adoption of the Aquascutum by the Prince of Wales is the latest and highest pinnacle of its achievement!

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

We can serve you faithfully in any transaction involving Real Estate

Allow us to explain—we can prove to your entire satisfaction that our service will be to your advantage

May We Do So?

Money — Saving — Service

247 West 34th Street, N.Y. — Tel. Longacre 0000-0000

The Annual Review of The Annalist, January 3, 1921, will summarize the business conditions of 1920 and present forecasts of authorities on the trend of financial, industrial and economic developments of 1921.

This Review will be of permanent value to all bankers, brokers, manufacturers, merchants, exporters and importers.

ANNUAL REVIEW
THE ANNALIST
January 3, 1921
Times Square, New York.
Order in advance from your newsdealer.

Housing facilities, proximity to railroads, accessibility of raw material and labor, availability of natural power—these are a few of the factors which determine location.

As a first step toward eliminating costly mistakes prospective builders should consult an experienced engineer and constructor on the subject of your new industrial plants.

Walker Kiddie & Company
Incorporated
Engineers and Constructors
140 Cedar Street, New York



395.00 550.00 295.00 850.00

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.

To Begin Today

The Most Important Sale *of*

Handsome Fur Coats *and* Scarfs

Announced this season

It is our firm belief that New York will not see furs of this quality at such low prices *again* for a very long time. If you contemplate the purchase of furs the time to select them *IS NOW!*

Hudson Seal Coats in smart 36 inch model with self collar and cuffs.	Regularly 395.00. Reduced to	245.00
Hudson Seal Coats in 36 inch model with large collar and cuffs of skunk, squirrel or self fur. Illustrated.	Regularly 450.00. Reduced to	295.00
Hudson Seal Coats in 40 inch model with large skunk, beaver or self collar.	Regularly 575.00. Reduced to	395.00
Hudson Seal Coats in 45 inch model with skunk or self collar and cuffs.	Regularly 765.00. Reduced to	495.00
Hudson Seal Dolmans with collars and cuffs of skunk or self fur.	Regularly 825.00 to 950.00. Reduced to	575.00
Hudson Seal Coat in 48 inch model with luxurious collar and deep inset border of selected skunk. Illustrated.	Regularly 1,350.00. Reduced to	850.00
Handsome Mole Dolmans, full length model, made of choice quality skins. Illustrated.	Regularly 500.00. Reduced to	395.00
Brown Pony Coats with large collars and cuffs of beaver, squirrel and Australian opposum.	Regularly 295.00. Reduced to	195.00
Near Seal Coats with collars and cuffs of skunk, beaver, or self fur.	Regularly 185.00 to 285.00. Reduced to	145.00
Sealine Dolmans, full length model.	Regularly 325.00. Reduced to	215.00
Beautiful Squirrel Dolmans of exceptional quality skins.	Regularly 1,350.00. Reduced to	850.00
Beautiful Squirrel Coats in 36 inch models. Illustrated.	Regularly 750.00. Reduced to	550.00
Luxurious Mink Coat of selected dark skins; 30 inch model.	Regularly 1,100.00. Reduced to	850.00
Handsome Mink Coats in 42 inch model, of fine dark skins.	Regularly 1,850.00. Reduced to	1,250.00
Full Length Mink Dolman made of extra dark choice skins.	Regularly 3,950.00. Reduced to	3,150.00
Wolf Sets in black, or taupe.	Regularly 85.00 to 125.00. Reduced to	65.00
Fox Scarfs in taupe and brown.	Regularly 90.00 to 125.00. Reduced to	75.00
Dyed Blue Fox Scarfs.	Regularly 110.00 to 135.00. Reduced to	89.50
Hudson Bay Sable Scarfs, one skin.	Regularly 60.00. Reduced to	39.50
Mink Scarfs, 2 skins.	Regularly 58.50. Reduced to	39.50

SIXTH FLOOR

No Connection With Any Other Establishment in the World

WORTH

THIRTY-FOURTH STREET — BROADWAY-FIFTH AVENUE



DAINTY NEW FROCKS

OF LUXURIOUS CANTON CREPE THE NEW SILK FAVORED BY THE MODE FOR SPRING

OFFERINGS OF THIS CHARACTER INDICATE THE TREND OF THE NEW SEASON TO EXTREME MODERATION IN PRICES

DEMI TAILORED FROCKS OF CANTON CREPE, THAT REVEAL THE EXQUISITELY SIMPLE LINE OF THE VOGUE FOR SPRING AT ITS BEST, HAND EMBROIDERY IN CONTRASTING COLORS AND WIDE LOOSE GIRDLES TEND TO MODIFY THE RATHER SEVERE TAILORED LINES

30.00

TUNIC AND PANEL FROCKS OF CANTON CREPE TWO DISTINCTIVE MODELS EXCEEDINGLY GRACEFUL IN DESIGN, WITH BRIEF SLEEVES AND BROAD GIRDLES AND EMBROIDERED WITH METALLIC THREAD OR SILK IN CONTRASTING COLORS

65.00

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue. 46TH and 47TH STS.

Are Now Holding

After-Christmas Sales

of

Mid-Winter Fashions

at

greatly reduced prices

DAY AND EVENING GOWNS

LUXURIOUSLY FUR-TRIMMED SUITS

DAY COATS AND WRAPS

BLOUSES MILLINERY

RICH FURS

AND IMPORTED NOVELTIES

"Beautiful Oriental Art Treasures"

UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC SALE
OF EXTRAORDINARY IMPORTANCE

At The American Art Galleries

Madison Square South, New York

NOW ON FREE VIEW, 9 A. M. UNTIL 6 P. M.
and Continuing All Christmas Week.

TO BE SOLD ON THE AFTERNOONS OF JANUARY 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, BEGINNING AT 2:00 O'CLOCK

Antique Oriental Art Treasures

BEAUTIFUL OLD SINGLE-COLOR, FIVE-COLOR AND FINE BLUE AND WHITE CHINESE PORCELAINS; ALSO ANTIQUE CHINESE IVORIES, CLOISONNE ENAMELS, BRONZES, JADES AND CURIOS.

Being the Entire Extensive and Exceedingly Rare Collection of the

ART HOUSE, INCORPORATED

12 EAST 41ST STREET

CLARENCE J. DEARDEN, MANAGER

SUCCESSOR TO THOMAS B. CLARKE

ESTABLISHED IN 1891

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE BY MR. DANA H. CARROLL, PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED, WILL BE MAILED TO APPLICANTS ON RECEIPT OF ONE DOLLAR.

The Sale Will Be Conducted by Mr. THOMAS E. KIRBY

and his assistants, MR. OTTO BERNET and MR. H. M. PARKE

AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers

Madison Sq. South. Entrance 6 East 23d Street, New York.

BUSINESS PROSPECTS FOR 1921.

James B. Forgan, Chairman of Board of Directors, First National Bank of Chicago; George M. Reynolds, President Continental and Commercial National Bank, Chicago; Emory R. Clark, President First and Old Detroit National Bank; F. M. Prince, Chairman Executive Committee, First National Bank of Minneapolis, and John C. Lonsdale, President National Bank of Commerce, St. Louis, will contribute opinions on the business of 1920 and prospects of 1921 to the Annual Review of The Annalist, Jan. 3. Price 10 cents a copy. Order in advance. Annual subscription to The Annalist $5. Times Square, New York. Adv.

Don't Blame the Police

Have a lock put on the door of your room, apartment or store that burglars cannot "jimmy."

Price $6.00 Installed.

Better Be Safe Than Sorry.

Phone Mr. Wilson, Circle 7127.



Robertson Cataract Electric Co., Buffalo, N. Y.
Robert C. Pustkuchen, Architect.

"Turner for Concrete"

This 6-story warehouse just finished is the third building for this client—2 of which were built in winter.

80% of Turner's work is repeat orders—13% winter-built.

TURNER Construction Co.



Another Year Has Passed

If you have not yet made your will, remember that continued delay may mean that you will never perform this important duty which you owe to your dependents.

We invite you to name this company as your executor.

FULTON TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
Member Federal Reserve System
149 Broadway



BACO RUBBERS
protect your health—and your pocket-book as well
They save your shoes
BOSTON NEW YORK

Its First Meeting in Washington Next Month.

SAY FOSTER IS STILL IN IT

His Friends Deny He and Fitzpatrick Have Been Eliminated on the Issue of Radicalism.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—The new labor committee charged with continuing the effort to organize the steel industry plans to hold its first formal meeting here next month. Some of the members already here express the opinion that the first meeting will probably be devoted largely to a survey of the developments of the year which has passed since the last attempt and the laying of grounds to continue the fight at a time which the leaders may consider opportune.

The Chairman of the reorganized committee is M. F. Tighe and the Secretary now is William Hannon. William H. Johnson, President of the International Association of Machinists, is a member. Secretary Morrison of the American Federation of Labor is expected to participate in the coming meeting, as he is trustee of the $70,000 fund which remained in the hands of the old organization committee when it was dissolved.

The new committee was formed at a meeting last month, at which were represented the international unions having members in the steel industry, rather than at a meeting of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor, as was erroneously stated at that time. The representatives of the unions, however, did meet at the call of the Executive Council.

When the election of Chairman Tighe was announced and it became known that John Fitzpatrick and W. Z. Foster, Chairman and Secretary, respectively, of the former committee had not been chosen for places, some of those who identify themselves as among the conservative element of the movement permitted the impression to go out that Fitzpatrick and Foster had practically been eliminated from the organizing forces on the issue of radicalism.

Friends of both, however, hastened to point out that far from being eliminated, neither Fitzpatrick nor Foster was represented at the newest organization meeting, and that Foster resigned from the old committee in January, 1920, and was succeeded by Jay G. Brown, known also as "Seattle" Brown. Fitzpatrick, who is also President of the Chicago Federation of Labor, served with Brown until June, when he recommended to the Montreal convention of the American Federation that the committee be dissolved, and both presented their own resignations, turning over to Secretary Morrison, as trustee, nearly $70,000 of the steel strike fund after all bills had been paid. The matter of further organization was left in the hands of the Executive Council of the Federation.

Fitzpatrick and Foster and their friends resent any implication that the action of the new committee in choosing new officers was a repudiation of their leadership of last year's strike because of the issue of radicalism which was so closely associated with it.

Fitzpatrick says that while he expects to have no connection with the new movement, it has been demonstrated that the steel industry can be organized, and that any inference that he and Foster had been "eliminated" on the issue of radicalism is connected with attempts to discredit the new movement.

Pardon to Prisoners.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Agitation for the release of all political prisoners and the restoration of "political liberty" until "the last vestige of Wilsonism is erased" was promised in a statement from Socialist Party headquarters here today following the refusal of President Wilson to pardon Eugene V. Debs at Christmas.

"We refuse to believe," the statement says, "that President Wilson, who has pardoned murderers, bank robbers, burglars, adulterators of good, German spies, dope dealers, bank wreckers and other choice criminals, speaks for the American people when he continues to keep in prison a political opponent.

"The President's assumption of the right to speak for all the American people was tested two months ago, and unless he has not read the election returns he knows what his fellow-citizens think of that assumption.

"The principle involved is simple. Have the American people the right to express their honest opinions on any subject, political, economic, social or have they not? If they have, then it is a crime against the American people to send men and women to prison for the expression of their opinions, and the man who by his own deliberate act keeps such people in prison sins against the whole American people. If they have not, then our pretensions at democracy and liberty are a lie and a sham and the sooner we discard the pretense the better."

Railway Strike Menace in Austria.

VIENNA, Dec. 24.—The railway workers of Southern Austria today gave the Government twenty-four hours in which to promise to take measures to reduce the cost of living. Otherwise the workers threaten to strike.

EXHIBITIONS AND SALES AT THE

ANDERSON GALLERIES

489 PARK AVENUE

FIRST EDITIONS OF AMERICAN AUTHORS AND OTHER BOOKS FROM THE LIBRARY OF EMERSON CHAMBERLIN OF SUMMIT, NEW JERSEY

¶ *To be sold Wednesday, Thursday, Friday afternoons, January 5, 6, 7, at 2:30.*

AMERICANA RARITIES
AUTOGRAPH LETTER OF BUTTON GWINNETT
THE PROPERTY OF
Mrs. WALTER M. BRICKNER
DESCENDANT OF
BENJAMIN SHEFTAL
TO WHOM THE LETTER IS ADDRESSED
WITH OTHER COLLECTIONS

¶ *To be sold Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday afternoons, January 10, 11, 12, at 2:30.*

Sales conducted by Mr. F. A. Chapman



REDUCTIONS
in Men's High Shoes
DURING DECEMBER

Lasts and patterns exclusively our own design

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY
BROADWAY AT 40TH STREET
NEW YORK
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE BUILDING

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th and 35th Streets

SPECIAL
Beaver or Squirrel Collared
WRAPS
of EVORA or BOLIVIA
$85.00
Value $150

Every Buyer —a Reader Every Reader —a Buyer



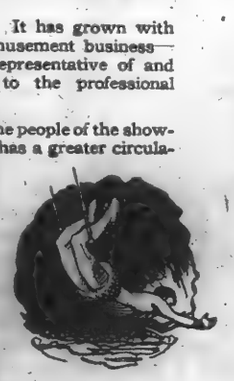
EVERY buyer of The Billboard, the great weekly magazine of the show-world, reads it.

It has been estimated by members of the profession that every copy is read by at least eight or ten others. Who would know better than they?

The people of the show-world read The Billboard because it covers every phase of their profession—its news is accurate and dependable.

It has no competitor. It has grown with the growth of the amusement business—always the faithful representative of and the reliable reporter to the professional people of America.

The Billboard covers the people of the show-world exclusively—it has a greater circulation than its combined competitors and five times the circulation of its nearest competitor.



Subscription books are open at all times to advertisers and advertising agents. All advertising contracts are made on a circulation guarantee basis. Ask your advertising agent for rates today or write for full information to

The Billboard
New York
1493 Broadway Phone Bryant 8470

THE IMMIGRATION QUESTION

There are a number of pictures in this week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, which is now on the news stands, illustrating the types of the new immigrants, and scenes around the immigration stations portraying the various phases of this important question. This is but one feature of the Christmas number, which also embraces a beautiful double page reproduction of a celebrated painting of the Birth of Christ, a gallery of twenty-three of America's most beautiful women, including a full page etching of Miss Constance Binney, who posed especially for the Christmas number, illustrations of the development of the naval and merchant marine, besides pictures illustrating

FOUNDED·1880·LONDON

Clearance Sale
Young Men's Suits and Overcoats

(sizes 33 to 40 chest measure)
that have been formerly priced up to $70

Sale Price
$39.50

All other sack suits, including our standard blue, and all other overcoats, including those made for us in London
Formerly priced from $75 to $110

Sale Prices
$49.50 and $59.50

"Prep" suits for young men from 14 to 18 years. Formerly up to $85. *Sale Prices* $34.50 and $49.50.

DE PINNA
Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

Men's and Young
MEN'S SUITS At Half Price

ENTIRE STOCK OF

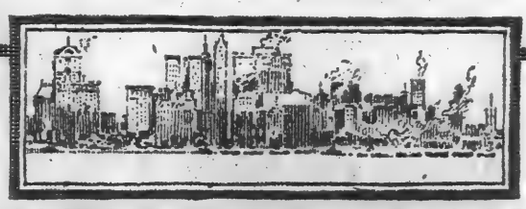
$110	Suits Now	$55.00
$95	Suits Now	$47.50
$85	Suits Now	$42.50
$75	Suits Now	$37.50
$65	Suits Now	$32.50
$60	Suits Now	$30.00
$55	Suits Now	$27.50
$48.50	Suits Now	$24.25

400
Young Men's Suits
Special
$19.75
Sizes 34 to 40
They hold their own with the best of them for "looks." Big varieties available.

600
Young Men's Overcoats
Ulster Type
$25
Formerly 39.75 to 55.00
Sizes 34 to 40
There are styles and fabrics in the assortment to please every man.

For a Quick Clearance
Men's All Leather High Shoes
Tan and Black Calf, Vici Kid —Norwegian Grain.
$6.45
Formerly 14.50
Sizes 7 to 9—A and AA widths only. Sizes 6 to 7—B widths only. Not in every style.

James McCreery & Co.
5th Avenue and 35th Street
Men's Clothes Shop—Second Floor



METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY
OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
60 WALL STREET 716 FIFTH AVENUE

"By and by is easily said".
—SHAKESPEARE

ACTION

is the connecting link between resolve and accomplishment. The unhappiness that may result if you do not make a will, is too grave a risk to take. Why not act at once in this matter? We invite you to name as your executor the Metropolitan Trust Company.

Management Is Preparing to Bring About a 10 Per Cent. Reduction in Expenses.

REA ANNOUNCES DECISION

President Alfred of the Pere Marquette Tells of Falling Revenues That Caused Cut.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 27.—President Rea of the Pennsylvania Railroad system, announced today that present business conditions "will necessitate further reduction in the number of employes and in the working expenses and capital expenditures until the situation improves."

The number of men to be laid off was not announced. It was understood to be the purpose of the management to cut expenses about 10 per cent. The company gave out the following:

"As to the Pennsylvania Railroad system's policy with reference to curtailment of expenses, President Samuel Rea today made public the following general notice sent to the administrative and region al Vice Presidents of the Pennsylvania system:

"'Conditions now confronting the Pennsylvania and other railroads make it essential to observe the utmost economy consistent with safety and efficiency. Traffic has already declined and unmistakable indications exist of a slowing up of business. It is very important that the situation should be clearly understood by the employes and the public.

"'It is hoped that such reduction in business as may take place will continue only for a brief period, but this condition has already involved curtailment and will necessitate further reduction in the number of employes and in the working expenses and capital expenditure until the situation improves.'"

Retrenchment on the Pere Marquette.

President Frank H. Alfred, in a signed statement which will appear in the Pere Marquette Railway publication Service for January, gives an explanation of the reasons for the recent reduction in the working force of the company and the other retrenchments that have been effected. He writes:

"We are face to face with a situation that the best of brains of the country never for a moment anticipated only a few months ago. This is proved beyond cavil with respect to the decisions of the Labor Board and the Interstate Commerce Commission, when the former granted a 23 per cent. increase in wages to employes as of May 1, 1920, and the latter to meet this additional charge allocated a 10 per cent. increase in freight rates, making 40 per cent. in all, instead of the 30.43 per cent. increase which had been sought to meet the standard that then existed. Herein lies the difficulty. This contingency never entered into the equation. All computations were made presupposing a constant 'peak load of traffic.'

"The disparity between the increased wages and the anticipated increased revenue is nearly $145,000 a month, which for aperiod of twelve months amounts to nearly $1,750,000 a year. As a matter of fact, the Pere Marquette Railway is earning revenue at the present time but very little in excess of a year ago, estimated for November at 4.35 per cent. increase, and it is hardly expected that these revenues will be any better for December.

"Let us hope that conditions will so change as to permit of our speedy return to a full-working force, which is so much to be desired."

Mine Workers Start a Newspaper.

HAZLETON, Pa., Dec. 27.—Thomas Kennedy, President of the United Mine Workers of the Hazleton district and Chairman of the General Scale Committee, has been elected President of the Panthey Creek News, a new daily paper launched at Coaldale. Miners have subscribed for the stock. Michael Hartneady of Nesquehoning, President of the Mine Workers of the Panther Creek Valley, is Vice President, and John Guyer, formerly of Philadelphia, is editor.

Domino Syrup



Same high quality as Domino Package Sugars

American Sugar Refining Company

"Sweeten it with Domino"



12,000 Prs. of

$3.50 and $5.00 Men's Gray GLOVES

in This Record-Smashing Sale

At $1.95

A special purchase from an internationally-famous manufacturer whose 100-year-old name we cannot advertise. You'll find it, however, on many of the gloves. And they're priced at about ONE-HALF their wholesale cost today.

When You See the Name on the Clasp You'll Realize

"That's All You Need to Know About A Glove"

Brill Brothers

279 Broadway, 125th St. at 3d Ave. — Broadway at 49th St. — 47 Cortlandt St., 44 East 14th St.

What will Your Child become?

ACCORDING to Dr. B. V. McCollum of Johns Hopkins University, the foremost authority on human nutrition, the people who have made liberal use of milk have attained to greater size, great longevity and achieved much greater advancement in literature, art and science.

Milk will play an important part in molding the future of your child.

Borden's milk is produced in the most cleanly and scientific manner possible. It is fine, wholesome milk—the kind you may feel safe in giving to the younger members of your family.

For further information phone for our solicitor.

Borden's Farm Products Co., Inc., New York

Big Boys' Shoes

$6.75

Sturdy tan calfskin, built on the Munson Army Last. Sizes 1 to 5½.

Fourth Floor

Lord & Taylor

38th Street — FIFTH AVENUE — 39th Street

Mail and Telephone Orders Filled—Phone Fitzroy 1900—Ask for Telephone Order Desk

Children's Shoes

$4.00

Tan laced school shoes for girls and boys of 5 to 10 years. Sizes 11½ to 2.

Fourth Floor

AFTER-CHRISTMAS SALE OF APPAREL

For Women, Misses and Children

The very low prices emphasized here offer splendid opportunities for the thrifty.

High standards are strictly maintained in all our offerings, no matter how moderate the prices.

Misses' and Women's Fur-Trimmed Wrap-Coats

$55.00

Handsome models in the fashionable draped and straight-line effects, made to our order of Suede Velours, with generous collars of Nutria or Australian Opossum. Silk-lined throughout, and thoroughly well-made and dependable Wraps.



$85.00

Graceful, exclusive styles, adapted from our Paris importations with unusual and charming touches of individuality. Of Corduval and Cashmere Bolivia with cape-like collars of genuine Beaver or Australian Opossum, beautifully tailored, silk-lined throughout.

Clearance

Women's Dresses

$30.00 $40.00

Satins — Velveteens
Duvetyns — Tricotines

Afternoon and street styles taken from regular stock and offered at unusual prices.

All Other Winter Dresses Reduced

Clearance

Misses' Suits

$35.00

Duvet de Laine and Velours, plain tailored and fur-trimmed, the season's most favored models, taken from our regular stock and greatly reduced.

All Other Winter Suits Reduced

Many of the Higher Priced Coats Reduced

Third Floor

Women's Suits

Clearance

Plain Tailored or Fur-Trimmed Models

$45.00

Duvet de Laine and Rayonner, in smart, attractive models.

$75.00

Suits of the better sort, in Veldyne, Velours, Rayonner and Duvet de Laine, beautifully tailored.

Our Entire Stock of Winter Suits Greatly Reduced

Third Floor

Women's Shoes

Clearance of 2000 Pairs

High and low styles

At Less Than Cost to Manufacture

$4.85

High shoes and pumps in styles appropriate for street and dress wear.

$9.75

Novelty boots. Patent leather vamps with light colored tops.

Sizes Incomplete

Second Floor

Tricotine Dresses

Advance Spring Models for Women and Misses

Made Especially to Our Order Offered at Attractive Prices

$35.00 $50.00

The new style lines for 1921 appear in these smart Dresses for street and afternoon wear. A choice of particularly charming models in full range of sizes.

Third Floor

Costume Blouses

Greatly Reduced for Immediate Clearance

$5.00 $7.50

Georgette Crepe
Crepe de Chine
Wool Jersey

Tuck-In models and Overblouses, attractively embroidered or lace trimmed. In suit shades, also flesh tint and white.

Third Floor

Furs

At Greatly Reduced Prices

Hudson Seal Coats
(dyed muskrat)

36 inch length—self collar and cuffs
$275.00

36 and 40 inch lengths—plain or trimmed models
$345.00 and $395.00

Handsome Fur Scarfs

Natural Mink	$79.50
Natural Skunk	$49.50 and $98.50
Fox, animal shaped	$55.00
Black Lynx	$69.50
Hudson Seal, stole effect	$59.50

Fourth Floor

Mohair Sweaters

A Specially Prepared Sale

$12.00

Exceptionally attractive Tuxedo model in Mohair, block weave, pockets and braided girdle.

Buff, Navy, Copenhagen, Brown, American Beauty, Also Black

Worsted Sweaters

Radically Reduced for Immediate Clearance

$8.00

Fancy striped weave, Tuxedo model with pockets and cross belt, in an assortment of heather shades:

Dark and Light Brown, Green and Blue

Third Floor

Coats and Dresses For the School Girl

Reduced in Price

Coats—$25.00
Velour, Silvertone, Polo mixture. All lined and interlined. Some fur trimmed. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

Serge Dresses—$14.75
Several charming youthful styles, developed in French serge. Excellent models for school or afternoon wear. 6 to 12 years.

Fourth Floor

Separate Skirts

Plaids, Stripes, Checks

$13.00

A new purchase of jaunty models that are so smart for wear with fur coats. Wool Plaids and Stripes, and Velour Checks, in box, side, and combination pleats, also sport models—all the desirable colorings.

Other Skirts from $10.00 to $35.00

Third Floor

Knitted Wear For the Small Tot

At Reduced Prices

Colored Sweaters—$5.95
Coat and Slip-on Models—2 to 6 years.

White Sweaters—$3.95
Coat and Slip-on Models—2 to 6 years.

Leggings—$2.95
White and Brown—1 to 3 years.

Brushed Angora Sweater Suits—$15.00
2 to 6 years.

Knitted Shirts—
25c, 50c, 95c, $1.95
Infants—1 to 2 years.

Knitted Bands—25c
Infants—1 to 2 years.

Fourth Floor

Ceremony of Late Ex-Mayor Gilroy's Granddaughter.

MISS VAN DYKE A BRIDE

Daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Henry van Dyke Married in Princeton—Leconte-Armstrong Nuptial.

The wedding of Paul Gerard Daly, a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Daly, and Miss Madeleine Mulqueen, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael J. Mulqueen of the Vanderbilt Hotel, and a granddaughter of the late Thomas F. Gilroy, a former Mayor of New York, was solemnized at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in St. Patrick's Cathedral, Archbishop Hayes, assisted by Monsignors and priests, officiating.

The bride, who walked up the aisle with her father, wore a white satin robe having a long train; the rose point lace bridal veil of the bridegroom's mother draped the dress from corsage to hem, and her mother's Brussels point veil, also worn by the bride's grandmother, four aunts and her sister—yesterday's matron of honor—served as her bridal veil and swept out over the train. She carried a cluster of large lilies and wore the bridegroom's gift, a diamond bracelet.

The matron of honor was the bride's sister, Mrs. John S. Reilly, in turquoise blue velvet embroidered in crystals, topped by a flesh-colored hat with flesh-colored plumes, matching the silken hose and slippers. She carried pink roses. The other attendants were Mrs. Herbert Sierck, Mrs. Laughran Daly and the Misses Mary A. Cushman, Isabel McMillin, Helen Schwidewind, Ada Tripp, Helen Norman Smith and Marie Louise Nichols. A novel color scheme was carried out in the gowning of the attendants. They were in pale gray lace flounced over gray satin with silver slippers, and two wore large yellow Gainsborough straw hats with plumes to match and cashes and bouquets to match. Two had green hats with the accessories to match, including their bouquets; two were in orchid and two were in pale blue as to hats and accessories.

Chapin—Van Dyke.

Miss Paula van Dyke, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Henry van Dyke, was married yesterday afternoon to Henry Chapin, Elaine van Dyke, and her father gave her in marriage. Mr. Chapin's best man was his brother, Stuart Chapin. Mrs. Chapin, who is a graduate of the School for Girls at Farmington, recently returned from her work with the Commission for Relief in the Near East.

Leconte—Armstrong.

The wedding of Mrs. Dorothy Armstrong, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Chapman of 232 West 117th Street, and Robert Leconte of the French High Commission took place at noon yesterday in All Souls' Church, the Rev. Clifton Macon officiating.

The bride was attended by Mrs. Charles Olcott as matron of honor and the best man was Lieutenant Roffiniere of the French High Commission. The bride was the widow of William H. Armstrong, who died in this city several years ago. Her father is a well-known hotel man, having been manager of the Martinique and later was at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Hobart-Choate Wedding Tomorrow.

The wedding of Miss Miriam Choate, daughter of the late Rev. and Mrs. Washington Choate, and Newton B. Hobart, instructor at the Taft School in Watertown, N. Y., will take place in Salem, Mass., tomorrow. Miss Rhoda Reynolds, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank V. Reynolds, will be the flower girl and the only attendant.

Miss Choate is a graduate of Smith College. She formerly lived in Greenwich, her father being at one time pastor of the Second Congregational Church there. She is now with the Home Missionary Society in this city. Mr. Hobart's wife died several years ago.

Gives Dinner to Arturo Toscanini.

Mrs. Frederick S. Coolidge gave a dinner of forty covers last night at the Hotel St. Regis for Arturo Toscanini. The guests were seated at one oblong table in the marble ballroom, which was decorated with pink roses. Among the guests were the Italian Ambassador, Baron Romano Avezzano, Mr. and Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, Mr. and Mrs. Andre de Coppet, Mr. and Mrs. George F. Baker Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Walter Damrosch, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Bauer, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Ditson, Mme. Sembrich, Mr. and Mrs. George J. Gould Jr. and Mr. and Mrs. William Guggenheim.

Count Szechenyi Coming for Visit.

BUDAPEST, Dec. 25.—Count Laszlo Szechenyi is preparing to leave soon for the United States to visit his wife and children. The Countess, before her marriage, was Miss Gladys Vanderbilt of New York. The Count plans to return with his family in March.

Countess Szechenyi and her children are spending the Winter at Tuxedo Park. For some time after her arrival on this side, a year ago last September, the Countess was with her mother, Mrs. Vanderbilt, at her town house and at her place at Newport.

Mrs. A. Henry Mosle entertained in the evening at the Colony Club with a dinner and a dance for some 300 guests to introduce her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Boardman Mosle. Other dinners before the dance had as their hostesses Mrs. Reginald Barclay, Mrs. Adams Batcheller, Mrs. Robert G. Mead and others. Among the guests at the dinner given by the debutante's parents were the Misses Betty Barber, Katharine W. Francis, Katharine Rogers, Betty Price, Anne Shiras of Pittsburgh, Juliette D. Longfellow, Georgina L. Wells, Lesta Ford, Sally Anderson, Catherine Watjen, Eliza Parish, Mary Van R. Cogswell, Margaret Davison, Katherine Conner, Elizabeth Lee Dodge, Carolyn Ferriday and Audrey Sherman.

Mrs. Mosle and Miss Mosle had assisting them in receiving the dance guests the Misses Anne Shiras, Katharine W. Francis and Lesta Ford. Among the girls who came in for the dance were the Misses Laura Harding, Clare Rynders, Mary Hurd, Annie B. Auchincloss, Mary H. Flagler, Elizabeth Moffat, Phyllis Batcheller, Susan Coppell, Elsie Parsons, Helen Hoyt, Isabel Rockefeller, Ellen and Nancy Jay, Elizabeth Meeker, Kathleen Crawford, Clara Workum, Emily Hammond, Caroline Prentice, Eleanor King, Elsie Parsons, Eunice James, Helen Trevor, Mary Wistar Morris, Betty Thompson, Marion Taylor, Louise Schieffelin and Eleanor King.

Mrs. George C. Comstock of 312 West Eighty-sixth Street gave a tea dance yesterday at the Gotham to introduce her second daughter, Miss Lydia Comstock. Mrs. Comstock and her daughter were assisted in receiving by Miss Mary E. Comstock, a sister of the debutante and who came out last year, and the Misses Mary Lewis, Hyacinthe Sutphen, Elizabeth Woodin, Cameron Elson, Catherine Ware, Jean Crawford and Beatrice Comstock, a cousin of the bud.

Mrs. Harry Arnold Day introduced her daughter, Miss Elizabeth Day, at a reception yesterday afternoon at 205 West Fifty-seventh Street. The young girls receiving with Miss Day were the Misses Winifred Eaton, Innes Driscoll, Erina Bell, Beatrice Byram, Crimora Hazleton, Juliet Thompson, Marjorie Daingerfield and Juliet Chisholm.

Mrs. George N. Gardiner gave a small dance at her residence, 370 Park Avenue, for her young daughter, a school girl, and son, George N. Gardiner Jr., who is a student at Roxbury. The guests were boys and girls around 16 or 17. A buffet supper was served before midnight.

The first of the Colony dances for the season took place last evening at the Ritz-Carlton. The girls who are members will not make their début for several years. This year's patronesses, some of whom received, are Mrs. Winthrop Burr, Mrs. Oliver G. Jennings, Mrs. H. Casimir de Rham, Mrs. Robert L. Stevens, Mrs. J. Magee Ellsworth and Mrs. Edward T. H. Talmage.

Mr. and Mrs. Maximilian Justus Averbeck of the Apthorp gave a dance, followed by a supper, last night at the

CARDINAL GIBBONS BETTER.

He Suffers Only from Muscular Weakness Due to Overwork.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 27.—Cardinal Gibbons was reported as feeling better this morning after a comfortable night's rest. He continues to remain in bed in obedience to his physician's orders and this is the sort of rest the prelate needs in large measure to restore his health, the doctor said today. The doctor added that there was nothing wrong with the Cardinal except muscular weakness due to overwork.

The Cardinal's restlessness Saturday night was caused by a slight attack of indigestion. He has good appetite and it is thought he ate a bit too much Christmas dinner. His doctor said the Cardinal had shown such improvement lately that it was hoped he would be able to return to Baltimore soon after New Year's Day from Union Mills, Md., where he went for a rest three weeks ago.

Emerson Hough Seriously Ill.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Emerson Hough, the author, who was removed from his home to a hospital last week following several weeks' illness, was reported today to be in a serious condition. Physicians said double pneumonia had developed and that he spent a restless night.

HELP CHINESE REFUGEES.

Wadsworth Proposes Concession to Fugitives From Mexico.

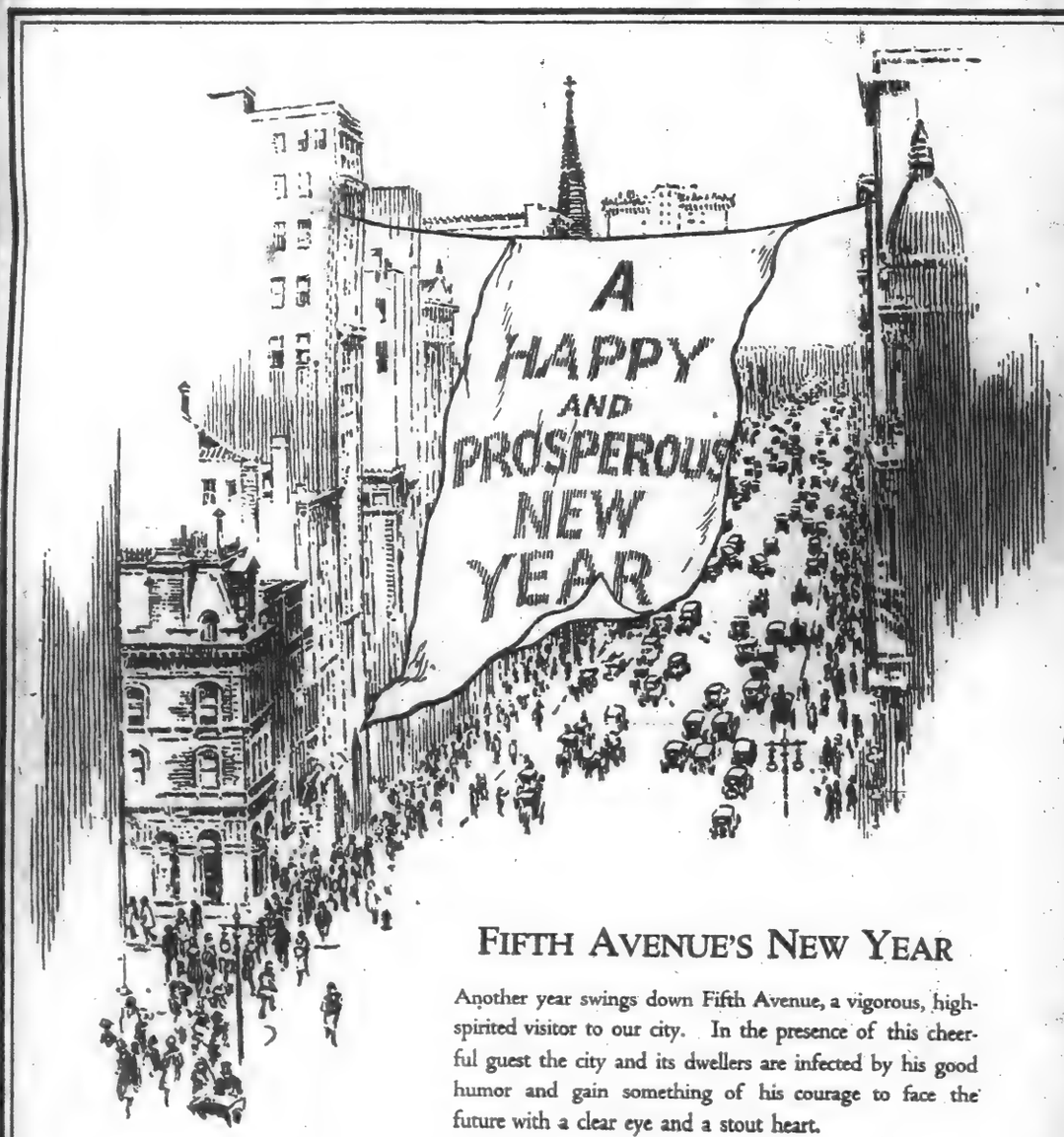
WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—The 398 Chinese who came out of Mexico with the Pershing punitive expedition as refugees would be permitted to register with the Commissioner of Immigration under a joint resolution introduced today by Chairman Wadsworth of the Senate Military Committee.

The resolution says that the Chinese cannot return to their homes in Mexico with safety and "cannot at this time be deported to any other place justly and humanely."

Valparaiso Is Shaken.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co

SANTIAGO, Chile, Dec. 27.—Reports from Valparaiso state that the city was shaken by nine earthquakes on Sunday, one of which was violent enough to cause a panic in a theatre. Several shocks were felt in towns around Valparaiso but no damage has been reported.



FIFTH AVENUE'S NEW YEAR

Another year swings down Fifth Avenue, a vigorous, high-spirited visitor to our city. In the presence of this cheerful guest the city and its dwellers are infected by his good humor and gain something of his courage to face the future with a clear eye and a stout heart.

FORTY-FIVE New Years have knocked at the doors of this bank and always received a cordial welcome. Another visit is now at hand, another knock at the door. In greeting 1921 we also greet our friends and extend to them our banking facilities and our co-operation in planning their financial affairs for the year ahead.

The
FIFTH AVENUE BANK
of New York
530 Fifth Avenue, N. W. Cor. 44th Street

W. & J. SLOANE

FIFTH AVENUE AT FORTY-SEVENTH STREET

New York

AN ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR Sweeping Readjustment Sale has proved to be, as we said it would—the most important event of its kind in recent years.

THE values were so extraordinary, and the selections so large and complete, that it received the endorsement of thousands of satisfied buyers.

WE now find, in its closing days, certain lines which are incomplete in assortment, yet highly desirable in every other respect. Rather than take them on our inventory, we decided to further reduce them to

PRICES SO ATTRACTIVE AS TO MAKE CERTAIN THEIR SALE BY FRIDAY NIGHT

These exceptional values merit the serious consideration of everyone.

The assortment comprises

FURNITURE	ORIENTAL RUGS
ODD CHAIRS and TABLES	DOMESTIC RUGS
MIRRORS	HOOKED and BRAIDED RUGS
DRAPERY FABRICS	CARPETS

Among these goods you may find the very article you desire—AT A PRICE SURPRISINGLY LOW.

WE shall say nothing further in detail regarding the savings represented. We prefer to let these values make their own appeal to those who are sufficiently interested to visit our establishment—the saving will repay them for their trouble.

The sale of these articles will positively close on Friday night.

NO APPROVALS NO GOODS RESERVED NO RETURNS

Free delivery to all shipping points in the United States

DOORS OPEN AT 9 A. M.

By Alexander Woollcott

Zona Gale's Play.

"MISS LULU BETT," a comedy in three acts by Zona Gale, based upon her novel of the same name. At the Belmont Theatre.

Dodo Deacon.....Lois Shore
Herbert Deacon—William E. Holden
Mrs. Deacon.....Catherine Calhoun Doscott
Ina Deacon.....Carroll McComas
Lulu.....Jack Boho
Dr. Bell.....Louise Closser Hale
Mr. Deacon.....Beth Vardon
Mrs. Cornish.....Willard Robertson
Mona Deacon.....Brigham Royce

The play which Zona Gale has fashioned from her own admirable story, "Miss Lulu Bett," arrived last evening at the Belmont Theatre, where it was cordially welcomed to town by a distinguished and honestly demonstrative audience, which derived considerable enjoyment from the spectacle of its familiar personage thus coming miraculously to life upon the stage. This is an enjoyment which has a certain kinship with the curiously which bids a crowd of movie picture enthusiasts hang around the stage entrance of a theatre to see one of their favorites is playing and with the satisfaction which is their reward when she comes tripping sweetly forth.

Thus it is great fun to see the child Monona wriggling around the dining room and to hear old Mrs. Bett come out of one of her tantrums long enough to acknowledge a gift of chocolate ice cream by observing grimly that it tastes better. Toward such enjoyment an audience at the Belmont is greatly aided by the casting, at once bold and shrewd, which was Brock Pemberton's contribution to this, his second venture as a producer of plays along Broadway.

In the play called "Miss Lulu Bett," there are a good many sources of genuine pleasure for those who are both familiar with and fond of the book. What impression it would make on that notable mass which must be counted upon as the average playgoer's mind, it is not possible to say with any assurance. One can only guess, and the guess would be that the stray visitor to the Belmont would find there a rather dull and flabby play, one somewhat sleazily put together by a playwright who has but slight sense of dramatic values and no instinct at all for the idiom of the theatre.

Of that curious distillation of the quaintness and exasperation of life which she was able to put into the finest veins of her book, not much is carried unspoilt to make for the play. There are drops of it in some of the characterization, particularly in the rôle of the grandmother as written by Zona Gale and acted, inevitably and perfectly, by Louise Closser Hale.

But her task was easy as compared with that which faced Carroll McComas on the evening when she stepped on to the stage before an audience made up of wishful folk, every man, woman and child of whom had either nourished a secret ambition to play the luckless Lulu or firmly and irrevocably selected the ideal actress—Maude Adams, May Irwin or another—for the part. Then, too, her picture of poor Miss Bett had to fight for its life against all the vivid impressions of her that were born of her extraordinary biography.

In the face of these difficulties, Miss McComas's achievement last evening was extraordinary. It is true that at first she played the household drudge with a little too much of the raw sensitiveness and quivering life of the conventional wronged heroine of all melodrama. It is also true that later her transformation to the Lulu who had departed from the bed and board of Ninian Deacon in Savannah, Ga., was a breathtaking transformation into a beauty so appealing—nay, so dazzling—that it was difficult throughout the rest of the play to understand why all the men of Oriska, Wis., were not breaking down the door in their insistent wooing of her. But, aside from these matters which were really less important than you might think, her performance was exceptionally fine. It was a hardy and meditative stroke of the producer's art to select for Lulu Bett the same actress who had embodied the Salamander of Owen Johnson's bygone novel. A good choice—eminently justified by Miss McComas, who is an excellent actress and no mistake.

The embittered Monona, the windy and beastly jocular Dwight, the sapheaded and weakly tyrannical Ina, these three, and Cornish and Ninian, are all adroitly cast and played by a company that does handsomely by a play that is not, by a good deal, as worth their while as it might have been.

"The Emperor Jones."

New York witnessed an interesting and significant phenomenon of the theatre yesterday afternoon when, as had happened once before this year, a play by Eugene O'Neill burst the seams of the theatrical space allotted to it and reached out for a larger and more general audience. Just a stage had to be found for "Beyond the Horizon" last Winter, so "The Emperor Jones" could not be extinguished when its frequently extended time at the minor people theatre in Macdougal Street was finally all spent, and yesterday afternoon, under the management of Adolph Klauber, the Provincetown Players sent a delegation of players uptown to inaugurate a series of special matinees at the Selwyn Theatre.

So the more orthodox theatregoers, who always get worked up into the state necessary to seek their plays in out-of-the-way places the week after some play have been shelved, will now find "The Emperor Jones," large as life and quite as astonishing, ensconced in Times Square. It is preceded there by an old Provincetown success, "Ticker-tape Time," which is an amusing little satire, too skimpily played that as a certain waiter to the O'Neill plays, it seems like offering a macaroon as an appetizer to a haunch of venison.

Transferred to the larger and better equipped stage of the Selwyn, O'Neill's exciting and terrifying play about a night flight through a fever-steeped and panicky forest in the tropics is unfolded with illusive beauty, marred yesterday only by mishaps which, even as they bore that illusion, could be identified as chances of the day which were unlikely to be repeated. Of course Charles S. Gilpin continues to give his amazing and unforgettable performance as the quondam Pullman car porter turned Emperor in a far-away island. It is superb acting, and the success of the O'Neill play is so dependent on it that it were better to give "Deburau" without Atwill or even "Samson and Delilah" without Bel-Ami than to attempt "The Emperor Jones" without Mr. Gilpin.

ACT PLAYS FOR CHILDREN.

Performances by Young People's Theatre and Professional School.

Two special programs for children were presented in the local theatres yesterday. Three plays were staged at the Apollo under the direction of Mme. Alberti and the Young People's Theatre, Inc. The plays, which were unusually well acted and effectively set, included, "Nevertheless," by Stuart Walker; "The Doll's Adventure," a pantomime by Mme. Alberti, and "Three Pills in a Bottle" by Rachel Lyman Field. Honors were won by Lillian Ross in the first and last named. The same bill will be repeated today and Thursday.

At the Longacre Theatre a performance was given under the auspices of the International Children's School. On the program, which will be given again today, were "The Princess Winsome," "The Dancing Dolls," "The Adventures of Lady Ursula," and tableaux by Ben Ali Haggin.

Guido Agosti, Pianist, Makes Debut.

Guido Agosti, an Italian pianist of talent, lately arrived by way of South America, gave his first recital in Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon. He was greeted with cordial interest in the Bach-Busoni toccata in C, pieces by Debussy, Rachmaninoff and Chopin, and arrangements by Godowsky and Liszt.

Oscar Nicastro, 'cellist, and Martha Baird, pianist, appeared last evening in Aeolian Hall, Mr. Nicastro being assisted by Stuart Ross in a sonata of Bach and arrangements by himself from Meadows and Paganini. Miss Baird gave Dutch folk melodies arranged by Josef Hoffmann, a "Christmas Night" by Lapounow, Dett's "Juba Dance," "Island Spell" and "The Scarf Ceremonies" by John Ireland.

Comedy, Often Broadly Amusing.

"HER FAMILY TREE," a musical comedy in two acts and eleven scenes. Lyrics and music by Seymour Shimoso; book by Al Weeks, Arthur Baer and Julius Tannen. At the Lyric Theatre.

Principals—Mark Bayes, Julius Tannen, Al Roberts, Frank Morgan, Florence Morrison, Una Fleming, Thelma Carlton, Alan Edwards, Jerome Bruner, Tom Bryan, Randall Sisters, Donald Sawyer, Marguerite Daniels, Henriette Wilson, Cecil Harrington, Betty Bernhart, Hazel McCarthy, Ray Vance, Miss Oertel, Dudley Wilkinson, Florence Brady, Polly Bowman, Evelyn Sintas, Cecile Lee, Grace Russell, Estelle Nesbit, Dorothy Morgan, Grace Rivers, Edith Rook, Earl Mossman.

The popular Nora Bayes, continuing her career as an actress-manager, appeared last night at the Lyric Theatre in an ambitious, generally entertaining and overlong musical comedy entitled "Her Family Tree." Although Miss Bayes and a group of songs have always been sufficient to hold a given audience for hours, she has thrown herself upon this occasion into the presentation of an elaborate musical piece, with plenty of costumes, a numerous company and scenes shifting from New York to an English garden, a spot in China, Noah's Ark and other musical comedy locales.

It is not exactly the kind of piece in which one might expect to find Miss Bayes—probably because she does not need it—but in it her opportunities are legion. In a succession of blonde wigs and resplendent costumes she appears as a girl of the West, a Chinese heroine, a girl of the minuet period, a heroine of the crusading days and finally as Japhet's wife in the Noah's Ark burlesque. And if beneath it all she is always Nora Bayes, why, that is indubitably what her audience want.

It will be apparent from what has been said that "Her Family Tree" is somewhat akin to "As You Were" in method, which it is. In this instance, however, the past is seen through the eyes of a seeress and reincarnation is the peg upon which the various scenes are hung. Opportunities are thus provided for a series of broad burlesques, as well as for one or two scenes in more serious mood. California in the days of '49 provided the most amusing of the burlesques last night, and the crusading days were almost equally hilarious. An English garden scene, with Miss Bayes somewhat out of her element, was nevertheless attractively done.

The piece is distinguished by an unusually tuneful score by Seymour Simons, even though not all of the melodies smote the ear unfamiliarly. The book, which is the work of Al Weeks, a Detroit newspaper man, and the local Arthur Baer, is often broadly amusing, even though it is possible to anticipate much of the humor. Thus the crusading scene depended overmuch upon the double meaning of "knight," and the possibilities of Ham were not neglected in the Noah's Ark bit. Humor of a more sophisticated school, fortunately, was provided between episodes by the dependable Julius Tannen, in scenes with the seeress.

Frank Morgan does particularly good work in a series of characterizations, and a pair of dancers named Una Fleming and Tom Bryan were also conspicuous. The piece has been elaborately staged and costumed.

GALLI-CURCI TO WED AGAIN.

Diva to Marry Homer Samuels, Pianist, Named in Husband's Suit.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Mme. Amelita Galli-Curci, grand opera star of Chicago, announced today her coming marriage to Homer Samuels, her accompanist, and the man whom her husband, Marquis Luigi C. Curci, sought unsuccessfully to involve in her divorce suit a year ago.

"Yes, I am to marry Mr. Samuels," the diva said, laughing. The date has not yet been set, but it will be soon. And I am very happy."

Mme. Galli-Curci, who won fame among the artists of the Chicago Opera Company in 1916, was born in Milan, Italy, in 1889. She obtained her first citizenship papers here last January.

It was said tonight that the marriage would likely take place quietly at St. Paul or Minneapolis on Jan. 15. As Mr. Samuels is an American citizen, the singer would become one without completing her naturalization begun last January shortly after obtaining her divorce.

The pianist was mentioned by the diva's former husband in his cross complaint after she had charged Curci with non-support and infidelity and had named various women from New York to Oklahoma as corespondents.

WOLFF DIRECTS 'BLUE BIRD.'

His Opera at Metropolitan Matinee —Crimi Sings in "Pagliacci."

Albert Wolff, whom the French Government has just invited to direct the Paris Opera, conducted his musical setting of Maeterlinck's "The Blue Bird" for the first time this season at the Metropolitan yesterday afternoon, as the third of Mr. Gatti-Casazza's special holiday-week matinees. Georgette LeBlanc, the actress and former wife of Maeterlinck, was in Box 40, and the audience included many children. The Misses Delaunois and Ellis acted the pair of youngsters on the stage, while among three dozen singers named in the cast were Mmes. Berat, Axman, Perini, Harvard and Gordon, Messrs. Bada, Chalmers, Ananian and Rothier.

Giulio Crimi returned to the company last evening, singing Caruso's rôle in "Pagliacci" to a sold-out subscription with but a scant fringe of standees. Destinn and Amato reappeared, and the little opera was followed by the ballet "Il Carillon Magico."

3,000 HEAR "THE MESSIAH."

Oratorio Society Gives Gala Christmas Performance of Handel's Work.

Three thousand persons in Carnegie Hall and more than 300 on its stage last night marked a gala Christmas-tide performance of Handel's "The Messiah," sung by the Oratorio Society for the only time this season and the ninety-fifth in this organization's career. The hall was hung with greens and the chorus shared the platform with the orchestra of the Symphony Society, under Walter Damrosch's direction.

Frieda Hempel sang with rare art the soprano solo, "Rejoice Greatly," and again, after the "Hallelujah Chorus" by a standing house, she was heard in the great air, "I Know That My Redeemer Liveth," recalling Jenny Lind and this singer's part in a recent centenary of the Swedish nightingale. Mabel Beddoe carried the beautiful contralto numbers, and Judson House, tenor, and Royal Dadmun, bass, completed an excellent quartet.

"HAPPY HAWAII" IN LONDON.

Miss Clemens's Miniature Chautauqua is Well Received.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—Mildred Clemens, Mark Twain's cousin, presented her miniature Chautauqua, "Happy Hawaii," at Philharmonic Hall, London, this afternoon. The bright and unusual performance was very favorably received.

Miss Clemens hopes that it will prove a forerunner of the introduction of the Chautauqua movement into England.

MORE HELP NEEDED

For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

formance at the Lexington.

Fritz Leiber last night again appeared before a New York audience at the Lexington Theatre as Hamlet, a rôle in which he first presented himself here at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre a year ago. He knows his Shakespeare, having been for fifteen years a leading player with Julia Marlowe, Robert Mantell, and other companies producing the plays of the Bard of Avon. He knows his Hamlet and physically and in characterization fits the popular Hamlet. His figure, lean and trim, and his poetic visage are well suited to the part, and while he fails to carry one to the heights of tenseness contained in the action, he still keeps one's attention concentrated on the wistful, melancholy brooding which dominates the Prince of Denmark. He is a striking actor, one who realises and makes the most of dramatic values without ranting or over-emphasis.

With the rest of his company, although he was the least of offenders in this, he failed in clear conception. The Ophelia of Virgina Bronson and the Polonius of John C. Hickey were noteworthy in a cast which, the star aside, was mediocre. Nevertheless, an audience which filled the greater part of the house, waited for the rising of the curtain until 8:45 and was content to stay until 12 o'clock. Really, at popular prices, Shakespeare can hold his own with musical comedy.

LEHAR OPERA IN GERMAN.

Gay Music In "Where the Lark Sings," Presented at Manhattan.

"Where the Lark Sings," by Franz Lehar, was presented at the Manhattan last night in what was said to be a first local production, its gay music led by Ernest Knoch bearing the hallmark of the old Lehar who wrote the "Merry Widow" waltzes. The story, in German text, by Willner and Reichert, was that of a village girl lured by an artist to Budapest. Martha Gantzberg was the girl, watched over by Oscar Hoffmann, her village swain, and Kurt Gordon, her grandfather. Max Bratt acted the artist, Christian Rub his town friend and Eva Lconi his former flame, an opera singer.

Waltzes abounded, as did the village czardas, while the painter's studio in the second of the three acts was the scene of some "modern" dances by the opera star intended duly to shock the rustic maiden. Later the artist waltzed alone with the girls then left her. A final scene, reached only after midnight, brought her disillusion and return to begin life over in the village, "where the lark was still singing."

CARUSO IS BETTER.

Has Less Pain, but Will Not Sing for at Least a Week, Doctors Say.

Enrico Caruso, who is ill with pleurisy at his suite in the Hotel Vandebilt, was reported yesterday to be better. Pain was much less than on the preceding days, and the physicians, satisfied with their diagnosis of the case, made only their regular visits to him on the eighteenth floor of the hotel. There was no need to call them at any time during the day or Sunday night.

Word was received at the Metropolitan Opera House yesterday that it would be a week or ten days before Caruso could think of resuming any of his rôles. A bulletin on his condition was issued yesterday by his doctors which said:

"Mr. Caruso is more comfortable this morning. The pleurisy is running its regular course and his condition is quite satisfactory."

JEWISH APPEAL TO LEAGUE.

Text of Plea for Inquiry on Pogroms is Made Public Here.

Bernard G. Richards, Executive Secretary of the Provisional Organization for the American Jewish Congress, 1 Madison Avenue, made public yesterday the text of a recent appeal to the Assembly of the League of Nations, asking the associated nations to do what they could to relieve the plight of Jews in Eastern Europe. The appeal was signed by Israel Zangwill, N. Sokolow and Lucien Wolf.

In the communication the delegates at Geneva were told of pogroms "sweeping" centres of Jewish life "in endless succession." The catastrophe overtaking their co-religionists was described by the leaders as unparalleled in Jewish history.

Declaring confidence in the League's ability to aid, the statement called upon the assembled delegates for "the appointment of a commission of inquiry." It was said that the inquiry would obtain all assistance needed from the Committee of Jewish Delegations, the Anglo-Jewish Association and Mr. Zangwill's Jewish Territorial Organization.

WAR WELFARE RECEPTION.

Committee for Devastated France to Observe New Year's Day.

The officers and directors of the Committee for Devastated France will hold an old-fashioned New Year's reception at the Anderson Galleries, Fifty-ninth Street and Park Avenue, Jan. 1, from 3 to 6 in the afternoon. The Committee on Arrangements comprises Edward Dean Adams, Miss Mary Lincoln Aldrich, Dr. Alexander C. Humphreys, Miss Anne Morgan, Miss May Taylor Moulton, Miss Elizabeth Perkins, Philip Ashton Rollins, Miss Elizabeth Scarborough and Miss Maude Wetmore. Tea and other refreshments will be served by Miss Janet Brower, Miss Lillian Cotton, Miss Abby Morrison, Mrs. G. Allen Peabody, Miss Eleanor Peabody, Miss Katharino van Rensellaer and Miss Doris Trever.

A private view will be given of the paintings of the late Edmund Louyot of Lorraine, which will later on be sold for the benefit of the fund being raised for devastated France. The exhibition of the paintings will continue from Sunday, Jan. 2, until Saturday, Jan. 14. Walter Monroe Grant and Miss Mollie Higgins Smith have charge of the reception and exhibition.

EMPLOYING PRINTERS DINE.

Receive Report of Wage Arbiters in Book and Job Trade.

Nearly 400 members of the Employing Printers' Association, Inc., at their regular monthly dinner at the Astor Hotel last night, received the report of the Arbitration Committee announcing the wage increases awarded last week to the 19,000 workers in the book and job printing trades. The increases range from $2.50 to $5 a week and are retroactive to Oct. 1 last.

William C. Cornwell of J. S. Bache & Co., stock brokers, 42 Broadway, explained the proposed sales tax. The Legal and Legislative Committee was instructed to study the subject and report at a later meeting. John W. Davis of the Bureau of Attendance of the Board of Education told of the work of continuation schools.

President-elect Harding has been invited to be the principal speaker at the annual dinner in January.

SON, THOUGHT DEAD, BACK.

Harry Dahl Went to War and Was Not Drowned.

Special to The New York Times.

HOLLAND, Mich., Dec. 27.—Mourned for six years, Harry Dahl, whose body was thought to be at the bottom of Lake Superior, appeared at the home of his mother, Mrs. John Dahl, near Jenison Park, on Christmas Day, just in time to occupy a vacant chair placed at the table in his memory.

Dahl, who is a Spanish War veteran, was sailing on a lake vessel when last heard from, and investigation seemed to show he was drowned.

Instead, Dahl joined the Canadian forces, was wounded in the last days of the war, and was held many months in an English hospital. Following his discharge he returned home.

THE PASSING SHOW OF 1921
Produced by WILLIE and EUGENE HOWARD
MARIE DRESSLER—HARRY WATSON AND THE STARS.
FIRST MATINEE THURSDAY.
CENTURY THEATRE. 62d & B'way. Tonight at 8 Sharp. POP. MAT. TOM'W—50c to $2
LAST 4 WEEKS MECCA
A Musical Extravaganza of the Orient. 500 OF OUR PEOPLE—11 SCENES. Positively Most Sensational and Most Stupendous Success in World's History.
CENTURY Promenade Above Century Theatre
CENTURY MIDNIGHT REVUE at 11:30
Opens at 10:30 for Dining and Dancing. Make New Year's Eve Reservations Early.
CENTRAL THEATRE, 47th & B'y. Evs. 8:30
Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
MAT. TOMORROW—50c TO $2.
F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest Present
The Loudon and Paris Sensation.
DELYSIA "AFGAR"
"Has taken New York by storm."—Telegram.
PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Daily.
MATINEE TODAY Popular Prices
MATS. EVERY DAY THIS WEEK.
MARY NASH
in "Thy Name Is Woman"
Wm. A. Brady's 48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
"The Broken Wing"
NEW YORK'S BIGGEST THRILL!
BIJOU THEATRE, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Tom'w, Thurs., Fri. & Sat.
4 Matinees This Week 4
Tom'w, Thur., Fri. & Sat.
POPULAR PRICES (EXCEPT SAT.).
THE SKIN GAME
By JOHN GALSWORTHY.
REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
Daddy Dumplins with MACLYN ARBUCKLE
ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
"LADIES' NIGHT"
Lexington 51st St. & Lex. Av. Ph. Plaza 5620
Th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
FRITZ LEIBER
in the PLAYS OF SHAKESPEARE.
TONIGHT: JULIUS CAESAR.
Tomorrow Mat., Merchant of Venice; Tom'w Night, Macbeth; Thur., Hamlet; Fri., Julius Caesar; Sat. Mat., Romeo and Juliet; Sat. Eve., Richard III. Pop. Prices, 50c to $1.50.

Nora Bayes
in a Fantastic Musical Play, "HER FAMILY TREE"
BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evenings 8:30. 3 MATS. THIS WEEK: TODAY Tom'w, Thurs. Fri. & Sat.
WILLIAM FAVERSHAM
in MARK TWAIN'S THE PRINCE AND THE PAUPER
LITTLE THEATRE 44 St., W. of B'way. Mat. TODAY, 2:30.
THE 1st YEAR
FRAZEE West 42d St. Evgs. 8:20. Phone 21 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Bryant
MISS ANGLIN in "The Woman of Bronze."
APOLLO West 42d St. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FRANCES WHITE in "JIMMIE"
A Musicomedy
with BEN WELCH and Star Cast.
SELWYN West 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FRANK TINNEY in TICKLE ME
Musical Comedy
MATS. TODAY, THURSDAY & FRIDAY, 2:30.
THE PROVINCETOWN PLAYERS with CHARLES GILDIN in "THE EMPEROR JONES" PRICES 50c to $2.00
Preceded by one-act comedy.
TIMES SQ. Thea., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
SPECIAL MATINEE FRIDAY, DEC. 31.
FLORENCE REED in MIRAGE
LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
The Reigning Musical Comedy Success
PITTER PATTER with ERNEST TRUEX
NEXT MON. EVE. SEATS THURSDAY
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
GRANT MITCHELL
in a New Comedy "THE CHAMPION"
by Thomas Louden and A. E. Thomas.
ASTOR THEATRE, B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15.
POP. MAT. TOM'W—50c TO $2
"DRAMATIC SENSATION OF SEASON."—Journal.
MADGE KENNEDY
HERSELF in a dual "CORNERED" role in
SHUBERT Thea., 44 St., W. of B'y. Ev. 8:30 Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
POPULAR MATINEE TOM'W
THE BOHEMIANS, INC., ANNOUNCE
THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920
SHUBERT-RIVIERA. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thur. & Sat.
CECIL LEAN in "LOOK WHO'S HERE"
With Cleo Mayfield.

THE BEGGAR'S OPERA
SEATS NOW.
FIRST TIME TOMORROW EVE.
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S W. 39 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
6TH MONTH SPANISH LOVE
MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
THE BAT "KEEPS GUESSERS GUESSING TIPS OF THEIR TREK."—World.
EXTRA HOLIDAY MATS. THURS. & FRI.
CASINO 39th and B'way. Evenings at 8:20. Matinee Tomorrow at 2:20.
ZIMBALIST'S PLAY WITH MUSIC.
HONEYDEW
4 MATINEES THIS WEEK 4
TOMORROW—THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.
NORA BAYES THEATRE, 44th W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30.
"Screaming Comedy."—Telegram.
"3 LIVE GHOSTS"
Matinees Tomorrow & Saturday, 2:30.
PLYMOUTH 45th Street, W. of B'way. Mats. Thur., Fri. & Sat.
Little Old New York
EXTRA MATINEE FRIDAY.
GARRICK 65 W. 35th. Phone 1522. Ev. 8:15. MATS. TODAY, THURS. & SAT.
SPECIAL MATINEE TODAY, 2:15.
HEARTBREAK HOUSE
A Comedy by Bernard Shaw.
VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:20. Phone Bryant 134.
2ND YEAR—THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT
IRENE
Seats 6 Weeks Ahead. MATS. TOM'W & SAT.
39TH ST. THEATRE, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
BEN-AMI
"SAMSON AND DELILAH"
PAULINE LORD
COMEDY Theatre, W. 41st. Evs. 8:30. MATINEES THURS. & SAT.
HOLBROOK BLINN
As a lovable, laughable bandit—
THE BAD MAN
PRINCESS 48th St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Beginning Tom'w TUES. JAN. 4, Thurs.
Max R. Wilner and S. Ronberg Offer
HELEN WARE JOSEPH SCHILDKRAUT
REGINE WALLACE ALICE FISCHER in
"Pagans"
A Modern Play by Charles Anthony.

THE MUSICAL SUCCESS OF THE SEASON
Only New York Recital by MAURICE
DAMBOIS
'Cellist
COMPOSER—PIANIST
Steinway Duo-Art Piano Used.
Also Duo-Art Recordings by
PADEREWSKI AND HOFMANN
Tickets 50c. to $2. Now at Box Office.

NEW YORK SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Historical Concerts at Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Aft., Dec. 23—Fri. Even., Dec. 31.
FIRST APPEARANCE IN AMERICA
ALBERT COATES
GUEST-CONDUCTOR
(From the Royal Opera, Covent Garden, the London Symphony Orchestra and Royal London Philharmonic Society)
Entire Program.
FIRST PERFORMANCES IN AMERICA
VAUGHAN WILLIAMS'
"London Symphony"
Soloist: SERGEI RACHMANINOFF
AEOLIAN HALL, SUN. AFT., JAN. 2.
ALBERT COATES, Guest-Conductor.
Tickets at Box Offices. GEORGE ENGLES, Mgr.

PHILHARMONIC
CARNEGIE HALL, Fri., Nov. 26, at 2:30.
DIRECTION OF JOSEF STRANSKY
Mahler, First Symphony; Hadley, "Culprit Fay," conducted by the composer; "Pagani's Cave," Tannhäuser Overture.
Next Sunday Aft. at 3
"New World" Symphony, "Till Eulenspiegel," JOAN MANER, Assisting Artist
Lalo's "Symphonic Espagnol" for 'Cello and Orchestra. Felix F. Leifels, Manager.

NATIONAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
ARTUR BODANZKY COND'R.
CARNEGIE HALL THIS AFTERNOON at 2:30.
Sun. Eve., Jan. 2 (Beethoven-Bruckner Prog.) at 8:15
KREISLER
PROGRAM: MOZART, Overture "Marriage of Figaro"; MENDELSSOHN, Violin Concerto; R. STRAUSS, "A Hero's Life"
THE KNABE IS THE OFFICIAL PIANO
AEOLIAN HALL, Wed. Aft., Jan. 5, at 3
Violin Recital by GUSTAVE
TINLOT
Program includes Chausson's Concert for Violin, Piano and String Quartet.
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano.
AEOLIAN HALL, SAT. AFT., JAN. 1, AT 3
LAMBERT MURPHY
SONG RECITAL (Mason & Hamlin).
BROOKLYN.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 1
ARTURO Toscanini
La Scala ORCHESTRA
SEATS AT BOX OFFICE NOW.

HIPPODROME, Next Sun. Eve.
FIRST NEW YORK RECITAL
KUBELIK
ALFRED MIROVITCH
Tickets $1.00 to $2.50 (10% War Tax at Box Office) Mgt. Hirok's Bureau, 47 W. 42d St.
CARNEGIE HALL, SATURDAY EVE., at 8:15. JAN. 1ST
VIOLIN RECITAL BY TOSCHA
SEIDEL
TICKETS NOW AT BOX OFFICE
Mgt. Metro. Musical Bureau. Steinway Piano.
AEOLIAN HALL
SONG RECITAL
Francisca CATALINA
Spanish Coloratura Soprano
Sat., Jan. 1st, at 3 P. M.
75c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

Supper After the Play

—a delicious menu—an eye and ear pleasing program—a charming finale that sends you home with a sense of having enjoyed a special pleasure: *the Shanley supper-and-diversion.*

VAUDEVILLE AND DANCING UNTIL 1 A. M.

TODAY'S TABLE D'HOTE LUNCHEON
12 to 2:30—music—$1.25

Blue Point Oysters
Celery Olives
Cream of chicken, Indienne or Consomme vermicelli
Fried smelts a l'Orly
Roast sugar-cured ham and spinach
Fricassee of chicken with rice
Lamb stew, Dublin style
Shanley steak, lyonnaise
Hollandaise potatoes
Hot Shanley pudding or Chocolate ice cream
Assorted cakes Demi-tasse

A la carte service all day
SUNDAY TABLE D'HOTE DINNER—
NOON AND EVENING—$2.50

SHANLEY'S
Broadway—43rd to 44th Sts.

30th St. & Broadway The Famous Hofbrau Quaintest Place In America
EXQUISITE LUNCHEON—SELECT TABLE D'HOTE, $1.50
Excellent Milk-fed Chicken Dinner with Waffles
Janssen wants to see you
Finest Sea Food, Game, Milk-fed Chickens
Select Dancing—Orchestra
New Year's Eve Reservations Now Taken
BANQUET ROOMS

DANCING ALL NIGHT NEW YEAR'S EVE
Beginning at 7:30, ending at sunrise, and if it's cloudy you can keep on dancing.
ROSELAND
Broadway at 51st St.
Sat. and Sun. Matinees.
Evenings 7:30 to 1 A. M.
Continuous Dancing all night New Year's Eve. Reservations should be made at once.

BURTON HOLMES
Himself
CARNEGIE HALL, 57th ST. & 7th AV.
5 SUND. EVES. 5 MOND. MATS.
CONSTANTINOPLE JAN. 9-10
JERUSALEM JAN. 16-17
GARDEN OF ALLAH JAN. 23-24
SPANISH CITIES JAN. 30-31
VENICE AND THE ITALIAN LAKES
FEB. 6-7
Sale Course Tickets $7.50 and $5.00. Opens Tomorrow, Dec. 29.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE Bryant 4300 Mats. Daily, 25c-$1. HARRY FRANKLIN CARROLL & CO ARDELL & CO Bob Hall, O'Donnell & Blair, Alexander Bros. & Evelyn, Otts. & JOE COOK.
B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'y & 96th St. TRIXIE FRIGANZA, WILBUR MACK & CO., Brown & Weston, Sylvia Clark, Larry Harkins & Co. & Otts.
B. F. Keith's 81st St. & B'way. CLAYTON WHITE & CO. | BERI & CO. Santley & Norton, Others & DOROTHY DALTON in Her Best Picture HALF AN HOUR
Popular Prices. BETH

TOSCANINI and LA SCALA ORCHESTRA
Metropolitan Opera House
THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING
STANDING ROOM ONLY.
—NEXT CONCERT—
Academy of Music, Brooklyn, JAN. 1
Management Louden Charlton

CARNEGIE HALL, WEDNESDAY EVE., at 8:15 January 5
ONLY N. Y. RECITAL—FRIEDA
HEMPEL
Seats at Box Office. Steinway Piano.
AEOLIAN HALL, THIS AFTERNOON AT 3.
PIANO RECITAL BY ERNESTO
BERUMEN
Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Mason & Hamlin Piano.
CARNEGIE HALL, TONIGHT AT 8:15
AMERICAN DEBUT. VIRGINIE
MAURET
In a program of dances. Symphony Orchestra.
AEOLIAN HALL, THURS. AFT., DEC. 30, AT 3
GRIFFES GROUP
Edna Thomas, Mezzo. Olga Steck, Piano.
Sascha Jacobsohn, Violin. Knabe Piano.
Seats at Box Office. Mgt. Catharine A. Bamman.
AEOLIAN HALL, TUES. AFT., JAN. 4, AT 3
SONG RECITAL Marguerite D'Alvarez
Management Daniel Mayer. Steinway Piano.
COLUMBIA B'way & 47 St. Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15
WATSON & CONAN in GIRLS DE LUXE
Extra Midnight Performance New Year's Eve. 11:30

RULLMAN'S
(Established 1850)
Opera Subscription Tickets
Metropolitan and Chicago Co.'s.
Toscanini Concerts
111 Broadway.

OPERA TICKETS Plaza 7877
TOSCANINI CONCERTS
Tonight, Metropolitan Opera House and Carnegie Hall Jan. 3. All operas. Subscriptions bought, sold or exchanged, Metropolitan and Chicago Opera Co. Consult, 1435 B'way (40-41 St.)
Metropolitan Opera House, Seats for Tonight.
TOSCANINI CONCERTS
Seats all locations, $1.50 to $5.50.
Normandie Hotel, Broadway & 38th Street
JACOBS OPERA TICKET OFFICE
PHONES FITZROY 4185-4186.

Hotel Bretton Hall
85th St.—Broadway—86th St.
Tables Now Being Reserved for New Year's Eve at $5 Per Cover.
From 11 P. M.—Dancing, Favors.
Early Reservations of Tables Suggested.

Hotel Hamilton
Third St., East of Broadway
A Luxurious Residential Hotel
ROOMS AND SUITES FOR TRANSIENT AND PERMANENT OCCUPANCY
Descriptive Booklet on Request

Hotel Netherlands
5TH AVE. AT 59TH ST.
Great Northern Hotel

HOTEL THERESA
7th Ave., 124th to 125th St.
One block from "L" and Subway Sta. Trolley and bus lines at door.
A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES
Dining Room
At Top of Building
Special Table d'Hote or A La Carte Meals
Tel: 7000 Morningside.
E. F. LEUBE, Manager.

The Touraine
9-11 EAST 39TH STREET
NEW YORK CITY
An apartment Hotel catering to patrons who desire exclusive surroundings. Several desirable furnished apartments by the year or shorter period.
RESTAURANT A LA CARTE
A. R. SMITH, Prop.
Formerly of the St. Regis

Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway Station at 86th Street Corner, NEW YORK.
*Largest and Most Attractive Midtown

WASHINGTON BUREAU.....2,518 Broadway
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.....Albee Building
CHICAGO.....1208-1304 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....913 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....802 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....15 Salisbury Square, E. C.
PARIS.....As Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two Cents a copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 300 miles; Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn. Ten Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, postage paid.—One Year. Six Mos. One Mo.
Daily and Sunday...$12.00 $6.00 $1.00
Daily only.....9.00 4.50 .85
Sunday only.....4.00 2.25 .45
Sunday only, Canada.....6.00 3.25 .55
*One week, 25c. †One week, 20c.

FOREIGN RATES

Daily and Sunday...$26.00 $13.20 $2.40
Daily only.....17.40 8.70 1.45
Sunday only.....9.10 5.12 .90
Binder, Pictures Section, $2.00; Magazine, $1.50.

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNALIST (Mondays), per year, $4; Canada, $5.50; other countries, $6.
Binder for 52 issues (one vol.), $1.50.

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $3; Canada, $3.50; other countries, $4.

THE TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Twenty-four issues), one year, $2; Canada, $4; other countries, $6.50.
Binder for 52 issues, $1.50.

THE CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $4; Canada, $4.50 (foreign $5). Per copy, 15c.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $3; per year, $12.

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes in the set—Illustrated—cloth, $80; three-quarter leather, $100; full leather, $130—encyclopedic history European War.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it, or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matters herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, DEC. 28, 1920.

THE FARMERS KNOW BETTER.

Ex-Senator JONATHAN BOURNE Jr., still Chairman of the Republican Publicity Association, chooses the date for taking up the tariff bill in the Senate as an occasion to emit some general ideas with which, apparently, he has long been burning. He allows his mind to range freely over several continents and two hemispheres, with the result of finding everywhere new and powerful arguments for a policy of high protection in the United States. Similarly, when he discusses the debts owed to us by Europe he arrives at the same conclusion. This can really startle no one. At whatever door he entered, Senator BOURNE was certain to come out as a high tariff advocate. Indeed, the principal aim of the Republican Publicity Association at present seems to be to further protective tariff legislation. It may nevertheless be worth while to look at Mr. BOURNE'S statistics and arguments, particularly as they affect the American farmer.

A major premise with Senator BOURNE is that Europe will not be able to pay her debts to America. By a little manipulation of the figures he makes out the total to be now about $16,000,000,000. That any such sum can be repaid is to his mind incredible. What he really fears, of course, is that there may be an attempt to pay, not in money, but in goods. This last, he declares, must be opposed at all hazards, for it would mean "a flood "destructive to our domestic industries." There is where his dike of a tariff comes in to save us. We ought, according to him, to turn our eyes away entirely from Europe. It is folly to look for a foreign market there. Europe is, in fact, already "saturated" with American exports, and instead of seeking further orders from across the Atlantic we ought to count, he says, "upon reduced exports." Meanwhile European exports to us should be prevented as much as possible by high tariffs.

Now, however it may be with Republican publicity makers, it is certain that the farmer knows better. One has only to turn to newspapers printed in the farming belt to see that the true relation of foreign markets to domestic agriculture is better understood than ever before. According to The Minneapolis Journal, the American farmer clearly perceives today that "to give him proper profit "requires that he sell to a world "market." It is for this reason that he never can be contented or put off with what The Minneapolis Journal calls "stop-gap tariff legislation" in order to give American farmers exclusive control over their own market. Europe needs American food and American raw materials, and the most direct interest of American agriculture at present is to make sure of economic co-operation with Europe.

Even Senator CAPPER'S paper, The Topeka Capital, harps on the same subject. It declares that "farmers "are having an object lesson of the "meaning to them of foreign markets "and foreign trade and the welfare "and prosperity of foreign peoples "such as they have not experienced in "a generation." They see clearly that the great losses with which they are now threatened are due not simply to conditions in this country but to the dislocation of the world market. It is, according to The Capital, a "severe school of experience" through which the farmer is going at present, and it predicts that in all his future thinking he will not lose sight of the fact that the market upon which he must depend is not local but international. In flat contradiction of Senator BOURNE, the mid-Western farmer is convinced that the matter in which he is most vitally interested and always will be is the world market.

Thus, again, we have the somewhat unexpected result of the farmers being strongly against political co-operation in Europe. It is clear, however, that it is wide awake to the need of economic co-operation. And as in these days, economics makes up a large part of politics, it may easily be that before long the farmers will be ready to unite with Europe in a society of nations for common objects, so long as that would be one of the sure steps to secure that freer flow of goods in international commerce upon which the prosperity of the farmer depends.

AS PER SCHEDULE.

Senator HARDING ought not to be held responsible for the tone of some of the dispatches from Marion. They picture him as passing lightly from one great topic to another, and setting each in turn. This week, having now got at the bottom truth in all our international affairs, he is to "take up" the question of Federal taxation and of reduced national expenditures. The tacit implication of the Marion correspondents is that after Mr. HARDING has talked with a few Congressional leaders and business men he will have made himself a perfect master of public finance. Then he can clear his desk of that subject, and, like a Police Magistrate rapidly disposing of his calendar, call out: "Next case!"

No one, we are confident, is more clearly aware than Mr. HARDING that his great problems cannot be tossed off in this swift way, seriatim. They are not even so to be separated. They are necessarily linked together. It is not possible to make out a neat schedule by which they may be handled, one after another, in a fixed order. Moreover, after he has got all the information and advice he can obtain, after he has made up his mind what ought to be done, will come the immense labor of carrying out his plans.

Presidents propose; Congress disposes. Mr. HARDING has been long enough in the Senate to understand Congressional ways. Particularly in the matter of taxation reform and cutting down the appropriations is it one thing to lead Congress to the water and another to make it drink. And it is certain that when the next Congress finally enacts its financial measures they will not have followed any nicely docketed plans stuck away in the Marion pigeonholes the last week of 1920.

PRIMARY SORROWS AND JOYS.

Many of us have long looked with fondness upon Kansas as the one "ideal," perfect and recreative Commonwealth; have had for her the feeling expressed by NICHOLAS VACHEL LINDSAY in the memorable lines:

Then ho! for Kansas, land that restores us
When houses choke us and great books bore us.

Will it be believed that a moral blight threatens Kansas? Fortunately, Mr. WILLIAM ALLEN WHITE, from his Emporian tower of thought, blows a warning blast. When all the world is "deep in the trough of a wave of reaction," when "free speech and free press are restricted" and "free government is thereby threatened" and "the Kansas farmers now have a real grievance," "the forces against "whom [sic] they complain are re-"stricting the primary, restricting it "by putting in a registration provi-"sion which will cut down the num-"ber of farmers and their wives who "will vote." To state this incredible proposition is to refute it. Registration is necessary in the case of the corrupt urban population, but it was never intended for farmers. The sinister persons who want to make this fatal change in the Kansas primary law should beware of the wrath of the aroused ruralists. Free speech, free press, free governments are subsidiary and incidental. The direct primary, with special exemptions for the benefit of farmers and their wives, is the bedrock of our institutions. The Kansas reactionaries will be foiled in their foul design.

In California, too, the freedom of the freest primary in the world is attacked by malignants. The existing liberal election law permits, as The San Francisco Chronicle tells us, "a candi-"date to run for office as Republican, "Democrat, Socialist and Anarchist "on the same day." Could there be a more comprehensive and open-armed primary statute? Yet the next Legislature is expected to narrow this broad law. Will the reformed and the reforming sons of the Golden West allow that act of primary freedom to be mutilated? At this very moment Senator HIRAM JOHNSON, the favorite child of the Presidential primary, the great rejected of the National Convention, is pondering a measure for a national Presidential primary and the excision of that evil growth, the Convention. Is this a time for Californians to tamper with their home institutions?

Representative SCHALL of the Tenth Minnesota District has rashly ventured to anticipate the matter in the other chamber. He has introduced a bill providing for the holding of primaries in all the States on the same day to name candidates for President, Vice President, Senators and Representatives in Congress. One is breathless with adoration of the gigantic strides of primary reform. Of Mr. SCHALL'S bill one must be content to say, in the ritual language of the guide books about certain hotels, that it is "expensive but good."

BUSINESS BY LAW.

The dilemma of the leading insurance companies of New York respecting the compulsory sale of their stocks is an example of the difficulty of regulating business by law. That the law directing the sales is a failure is undeniable when it is executed as regards only one-fourth after fourteen years. That the time limit has been twice extended shows that two Legislatures perceive the original error. The situation calls for further indulgence in a business which concerns interests far wider than those of the insurance companies. At no time I is it been possible to comply with the law without sacrificing the securities whose sale was ordered, and the situation in that respect was never worse than now.

There could not be a worse method of selling $115,342,602 worth of stocks than advertising that they must be sold by a certain date. The purchase was lawful when made. It was unwise chiefly because it was not possible to foresee that the policy of regulating the railways and utilities would be carried to such bitter lengths. Many of the acts formerly forbidden to the railways are cornerstones of the new railway policy. If pooling, combining and "charging what the traffic will bear" were immoral, they no more should be done with the aid of the law than against the law. But the insurance companies are now under the necessity of seeking relief from laws asserted to be for their benefit, although the policy of the law regarding railway investments has been reversed.

If the New York Legislature had seen fit to declare a policy for future insurance investment business, there would have been less ground for questioning its wisdom, but the compulsory liquidation of past lawful business is ground upon which it is highly unsafe to venture. Yet there are proposals that the insurance companies, savings banks and other financial institutions shall enlarge their investments for the relief of the housing situation, at the very moment when the laws are making such investments hazardous. There is scant presumption of superior wisdom on the part of our lawmakers when their own record of error is studied.

THE FUTURE OF THE TRUCK.

Is it possible that the motor truck will prove a decisive factor in counteracting the modern tendency to over-concentration—overconcentration of population in cities and on farms in the neighborhood of the railways? Writing in the current Collier's, JESSE C. VINCENT is confessedly astride of his hobby, but the data he adduces are none the less impressive.

The short haul has for decades been the bugbear of the railways, which have done their best to discourage it. On the lines centring in Boston, for example, the tariff on distances of five miles amounts to $3.90 a ton and steadily diminishes until at 200 miles it is 14 cents, and at 300 miles only 9 cents. This is the great opportunity of motor transportation—an opportunity which the railways themselves welcome. For the one-and-one-half-ton truck the cost per ton-mile is 16 cents; for the two-ton truck it is 13 cents, and the reduction continues steadily to 7½ cents for the six-ton truck. The trucking cost for the first five miles thus ranges from 80 cents down to 37½ cents, as against $3.90 by rail. The radius at which the trucks can compete with the railways ranges from 180 miles for the one-and-one-half-ton truck up to 300 miles for the six-ton truck. In this calculation are included all charges for labor and depreciation. Figures compiled by the Post Office Department for service about Washington show savings as great or greater. In England Sir THOMAS LIPTON lately testified before a Parliamentary committee that, even at the present cost of gasoline, which there exceeds $1 a gallon, he can run trucks profitably for hauls up to 200 miles.

Many farming districts of great fertility lie at considerable distances from the railways and are so restricted in area that they could not be profitably served by a branch line. The motor truck enables them to compete favorably with lands that lie on the main routes. It enables them to bring supplies from the station, and at a pinch it may even be used to draw gang plows. In the neighborhood of cities it speeds and facilitates the distribution of perishable farm products, the annual waste of which, according to calculations of the Department of Agriculture, is over two billion dollars. Its availability for the dispersal of surplus population to the outlying regions difficulty be convinced that they do not all run past his gate. So great is the damage to the roadbed that many States have passed or are passing laws to restrict narrowly the size of trucks. Not so long ago there were laws placing impossible restrictions upon the speed of automobiles. The eventual solution was found in compromise, and that doubtless will be the case with the truck. It seems pretty clearly indicated, however, that we should begin without delay to build deeper and solider roadbeds.

HONOR IN FIUME.

The Italian army is closing what dispatches call "an iron ring" about Fiume; and D'ANNUNZIO'S legionaries, who have got used to a rubber ring, find the substitute rather uncomfortable. OSBNIGO, his representative in Rome, is very gloomy. "All is lost," he says, "unfortunately even honor. "It appears that we must abandon "even the last hope of being Italian." This Fiume conception of honor is curiously like that manifested in Germany during the war. Honor is not something internal and personal; it is like an overcoat; it can be put on or taken off by external agency. It is honorable to win, but not to be defeated.

However, even if honor is lost something can be saved. OSBNIGO declares that "Captain D'ANNUNZIO, with 4,500 "men, cannot resist an attack by "20,000." Some eminent soldiers of past history would have thought that exactly such resistance would bring honor to their names; but D'ANNUNZIO is evidently not inclined to let any of his friends ask, "Who hath it?" and be answered with a melancholy "He that died o' Wednesday." We hear no more of the hero who was determined to blow Fiume in the air and die in the ruins. Honor was lost some time ago in this transaction, but there is still a chance to save the innocent inhabitants of Fiume.

THE REAL LURE OF THE CITY.

Dr. CRAFTS, described by an admirer as "the man who has charge of the morals of the country," has discovered a new explanation for the attraction of New York. It is the Puritan Sunday. "Why have the majority of "New York residents come here from "abroad," he asks, "if American "ways have not worked better than "Continental ways?" This is followed by an appeal for study of the comparative history of America and that other iniquitous and godless Continent, "lest New York first and then America be Europeanized."

It is a pleasure to contemplate the flood of immigrants pouring from depraved Europe into well-prohibited New York, like pilgrims fleeing the City of Destruction; but unfortunately Dr. CRAFTS gives us some facts about New York life which suggest another explanation. He dwells on the movie menace. Its worst feature, he tells us, is "the seduction of hundreds of "thoughtless girls every day in New "York, who in turn prey upon thou-"sands of men." These are alarming figures. The New Yorker who goes down to the picture theatre in the evening may well think of the Scriptural warning: "A thousand shall fall at "thy side, and ten thousand at thy "right hand." With girls falling by hundreds and men by thousands every day, the last pure New Yorker may be expected to fall about Jan. 1, 1928.

COMPETENT DIPLOMATS AND USEFUL CONSULS.

It has been said that if the United States had been represented in Europe by efficient diplomatic officers in the year or two before the great war the Government at Washington would have been in a position to join Great Britain in seeking to avert a conflict, or to prepare the country for any part it might have to play. It may now be said that if the Diplomatic and Consular Services are not reorganized and better paid, the United States will be distanced by Great Britain in the competition for foreign markets, and that ultimately Germany will pick up most of the trade that she has lost in parts of the world where the United States now has a golden opportunity. The success of the American merchant marine will measurably depend upon improvement of the Consular Service; and unless the United States is kept well informed by its diplomatic representatives the Government may find itself at a disadvantage in maintaining American interests in Asia and even in the Western Hemisphere. It was a warning which Secretary COLBY uttered when he said the other day that diplomacy "must devote greater "attention to far-reaching economic "issues."

Senator HARDING received so tremendous a popular vote that he will not be obliged to liquidate debts by distributing Ambassadorships or posts in the Diplomatic and Consular Services. Congress must heed him if he recommends reorganization and salaries commensurate with responsibility. It is of good omen that two former Republican Secretaries of State has a large staff of which much technical skill is expected.

Every man who takes a post in or under the State Department should have an opportunity to rise and to prove his qualifications for foreign service. From Secretary of Legation the road should be open to the highest distinction in the service. It is to President WILSON'S credit that there have recently been many promotions of accomplished men who, so to speak, have won their spurs as diplomats. The service should always offer a career to the deserving; never should it be degraded by sordid political appointments. Furthermore, it should be dignified by providing legations with permanent offices and residences owned by the Government. The cost to the United States would be a very profitable investment in the end. So poorly paid is the Consular Service that only loyalty accounts for an able man remaining in it. If the scale of compensation, which has not been advanced since 1900, is not increased, our foreign trade is bound to suffer.

BOLSHEVIST PEASANTS.

In the congress of the French Socialist Party at Tours LENIN seems likely to win a decisive victory; but it will have much the same result as the defeats in the other Socialist conventions of Western Europe. Whoever wins the struggle over the acceptance of the twenty-one demands of the Third International, the party is split. In other countries the party organization has for the most part remained in the hands of opponents of the Moscow extremists; in France it will probably be controlled by their friends. In either case, the result is the setting off of an uncompromising group which accepts the rule of the Third International against not only the rest of the Socialist Party but most of the floating vote which might attach itself to the Socialists in periods of discontent.

The surprising thing about the French congress, however, is the fact that the pro-Moscow majority was rolled up chiefly by the delegates of the Socialist peasants. The twenty-one demands present a rather formidable program. They call for excommunication of all moderates; for the rejection of "parliamentarism" and all other compromises; and for revolution—a real blood-and-fire revolution—whenever opportunity offers. Moreover, they insist on the subjection of the Communist Socialists of all other countries to the orders of the Third International. Some of the delegates from Moscow to the German Socialist congress did indeed intimate that allowances might be made in the application of this formula for differences in local conditions; but unconditional acceptance means that those who accept must be ready to rise when Moscow gives the word.

French peasant Socialists are apparently willing to subscribe to this program. That is rather curious, for the peasants of Russia, who have seen Bolshevism close at hand, do not seem to have manifested any enthusiasm for it. They will not fight against it, unless it sends troops from the cities to requisition grain; but they will not fight for it. They have their land, in contradiction of all Communist principle, because the Bolsheviki are unable to take it away from them. The French peasants have their land as a matter of right; if Communism were to be taken seriously, they would lose it.

An explanation suggested in Paris is that this adherence to the Third International merely represents the protest of Socialist peasants against further support by the French Government of wars against Russia. They show their feelings in the strongest way by announcing that hereafter they are outposts of Moscow in a foreign land. But no one need be alarmed over the safety of France. Real Socialist peasants are about as scarce in France as Bolshevist peasants in Russia; and the city workers seem to have divided more or less evenly between the extremists and the moderate groups of LONGUET and RENAUDEL.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Murder Out of the Common.

A favorite explanation of such men as MONK EASTMAN, especially among sociologists of the sort that are always glad to transfer moral responsibility from the individual to the community, is that they are men of unusual abilities and energies for the legitimate use of which no opportunity has been provided. That is an explanation that often explains, after a fashion, but it is much weakened by the fact that not a few men of like heredity and early environment have used equal abilities and energies in a wholly different way.

That EASTMAN was not ordinary or mediocre, that he had the power of leading and commanding men, was shown all through his career as a gangster. He made himself known through a far wider circle than did any other gang leader of his time, and it is noticeable, as bearing on the amount and kind of intelligence he possessed, that, though often arrested and sometimes convicted and sent to prison, it was always for offenses slight in comparison with those with which common report and confident police assumption connected him

Starting Life in a New Land.

the legitimate employment of EASTMAN'S abilities and energies—the chance, according to the sociologists, of which peace had deprived him. To his credit, be it said, he saw the chance and seized it promptly. He did not wait for conscription, but enlisted. Soon sent to France, he proved himself, if not exactly a model soldier, at any rate one good enough to win the attention and the approval of his officers. Possibly some of this approval was relative rather than absolute, his conduct forming with his gangster's record a contrast so surprising that it excited more interest than equally good conduct in a man with a better past. However that may have been, he returned to New York, something of a hero, though undecorated, and he had for reward the restoration of civil rights which his crimes had forfeited. He announced, not too loudly nor as if claiming because of reformation special favors and assistance, that henceforth he would live honestly. Apparently he made some efforts to do so, and according to some of his acquaintances the efforts were not unsuccessful. As a business man, however, such superiorities as were credited to him did not bring much prosperity, and the police, after a while, developed doubts as to the reality or the permanence of his change.

These doubts the circumstances of EASTMAN'S death seem to confirm. To be on the street at 4 o'clock in the morning is not in itself proof of evil courses, but it is easily justified or plausibly explained only by the following of a few trades and professions, to none of which did he belong. As he was not robbed he cannot be numbered among the victims of the "crime wave," though it is more than probable that those who killed him are lawbreakers of one kind or another.

The supposition that the war had "redeemed" this veteran gangster and gunman is not strengthened by his taking off. On the other hand, however, it cannot be said that under the influences of war he deteriorated.

Why Was He So Much Impressed?

In a Christmas message to the prisoners in the jails of Washington the Attorney General said that in his own younger days he had been much impressed and influenced by statements made in his hearing by each of two teachers. The first said, "Life is what you make it, and never a thing of chance;" The other came from a newly installed college President. When he first confronted his students he said to them, "From this day all rules of discipline are abolished. Every man knows what is right and what is wrong, and each of you will be expected to follow what you know to be right."

It would be interesting to hear just what the objects of Mr. PALMER'S amiable solicitude made of outgivings which he had so long remembered and so highly valued. Their special helpfulness is not very obvious, and it would be possible to question the accuracy of the first, the wisdom of the second.

From some points of view, of course, there is no such thing as chance, but from others chance does exist for all practical purposes and it does play a considerable part in every life. As for the abolition of all disciplinary rules, the college President hardly could have meant exactly what he said, and in the very moment of announcing that abolition he laid down what might have been, had he chosen to say so, the sternest of such rules. His expectation must have been understood by his hearers as involving a threat of serious action if they did not do what they—and he—considered right.

Workingmen Demanding Prohibition.

Up in this part of the world "labor" has not been particularly enthusiastic in its commendation of prohibition; it has been, on the contrary, disposed to be resentful and antagonistic, so far as it has expressed itself at all through its chosen spokesmen. This makes it hard to understand why the workmen of Chile, instead of opposing a diminution of their present large liberties in the use of intoxicants, are demanding the banishment of all strong waters from the country and are refusing to have any part in their transportation or distribution.

To make this phenomenon the more puzzling, Chile counts among the countries called "Latin," a few of its inhabitants being real Spaniards so far as blood goes and a greater number of them having at least a little of that blood in their veins.

And if the Chilean workers are so appalled—as well they may be—by the huge amount of their annual expenditure for drink, why don't they just stop and turn to clear, sparkling water for the cheaper and equally effective quenching of their thirsts? To do that they need not wait for legislation.

WINDOWS.

When all the doors are closed, I find
That windows still are very kind.
When trees are talking to the rain,
I sit beside the window pane,
And, through the cool and smeary glass,
I see the rainy people pass.

When doors are tight with lock and key,
My windows still are kind to me;
They let me look upon the sky,
Where caravans of clouds go by,
And on the green hills raised afar,
Where little, twinkling flowers are.

One window opens to a tree,
Where it can bend and talk to me;
Another on the road to town,
Where I can see the carts go down
With loads of yellow straw a-stack,
And empty carts come bumping back.

The winds are friendly, and they blow
Their silver whistles as they go,
And always call me, as they pass,
By tapping on the window glass,
And, when I run, I see them there,
Pulling the bushes by their hair.

I like the window in my room
At twilight in the purple gloom,
For my blue curtains always are
Draped 'round a single, silver star;
And, when the moon is very thin,
I sometimes see her looking in.

My mother says that when I die
My soul will live beyond the sky,
Where I may have a window through
To see what people down here do,
And I shall sit and watch and wait
To see God coming in the gate.

ELEANOR KIRKLAND.

Americans and Patents of Royalty.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have been under some embarrassment with a certain circle of my friends, one of whose ethnical inheritances is an insistence on logic (with the gift appertaining). These friends are the American Greeks—for so they wish to call themselves. In effect, they ask me why a chief "aid and comfort" in the matter of the proposed restoration of Constantine to the throne of Greece should have been furnished by the unlimited expenditure of money by a former American citizen for the purpose of propaganda. These American Greeks have not hesitated in their recent Venizelist gatherings to express their exact minds as to the inconsistency of the former Mrs. Leeds (now the wife of Prince Christopher of Greece) in that, being born and bred in a great democracy, she should so easily metamorphose into an opponent of that idea, and become a special agent for the restoration of royalty deposed for its hostility to the principles for which her native country, with its Entente allies, were so recently fighting.

These transplanted Hellenes, many of them now American citizens, ask with (I think) a pardonable irony if this case of "Mrs. Leeds" may not be a sort of reversion to ancient type in certain Americans—an atavistic adoration of the "purple"—a longing for that which their own country cannot give them in its abrogation of all descended rank and titles whatsoever! I cannot answer these friends of mine, and I have looked in vain for society's condemnation, or even slightest characterization, of the—may one call it so?—"carrying on" of Mrs. Leeds—perhaps the impending Princess Christopher, for, until the "restoration" takes place, the latter effulgent title may be considered void.

I should like to hear the opinion on this head of those who are wont to contribute to these columns, by the courtesy of the editor. Let some one gifted to do it explain to these honest American Greeks why no (apparent) American indignation has been excited by such un-American behavior as the above-cited instance. Or, must we own to an invincible charm, for some of us, in the patents of royalty?

EDITH M. THOMAS.
New York, December, 1920.

Predatory Automobiles.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read your comments on the "Blue Laws," and I want to say, that farmers, although not puritanical, will vote for them. I have brought up the subject with farmers in the neighborhood and their comment is about the same in every case, and is: "Well, of course, it would be an outrage to enact such laws, but if it will keep the thieving automobilists from making raids on our orchards and gardens I don't know but I would vote for it."

On Sundays the farmers are afraid to leave their places lest the predatory automobilists clean them out. They rob orchards and make raids on vegetable gardens and have been known to go into potato fields and dig up the spuds. At this season of the year they cut down small evergreens and carry them off for Christmas trees, break the branches off larger ones for decoration. They take anything they see and can use.

One of these raiders, a business man in New York, was caught and had to pay heavily to escape prosecution. No doubt today he is indignant at the hold-up men who endanger his pocket and his life. There is only the difference of a pistol between the two.

A FARMER.
Bedford Village, Dec. 22, 1920.

The Demonstration Garden.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have heard a rumor that the Demonstration Garden in Bryant Park, maintained by the Park Department, is to be demolished because of the contemplated extension of the so-called "Steinway Branch" of the Interborough subway.

Because of my interest in such things I visit there frequently and do not know of anything in New York that attracts so much serious attention, and believe that none of the activities of the Park Department exceeds the Demonstration Garden in benefit to the public. This is particularly true now, in view of the diminishing number of those who devote themselves wholly or in part to agricultural pursuits in comparison to the rapidly growing population.

I hope the Park Department will continue this work elsewhere if this rumor is true, and I suggest the co-operation of your readers and your valued columns in fostering this most worthy movement.

GEORGE J. WISE.
New York, Dec. 24, 1920.

The Coast Guard.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me, on behalf of an organization whose membership is vitally interested in the operations of the United States Coast Guard, to thank you for the editorial article in last Sunday's Times commending on the work of that service. As an officer of the U. S. S. Tampa, C. G., Fost of the American Legion, I should, indeed, be derelict in my duties were I to pass over the article without expressing our deep appreciation of the signal honor you have rendered the service.

For some reason or other the general public has little knowledge of America's first navy, and it is to be hoped that some time in the comparatively near future the Coast Guard will receive the recognition it truly deserves. Since 1790 the service has acquitted itself with glory, and its motto "Semper Paratus" surely is no misnomer.

DONALD L. PRATT.
Brooklyn, Dec. 26, 1920.

Germans and the President.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

By chance I glanced today at the editorial page of the New Yorker Staats-Zeitung, Saturday's edition, to refresh an already forgotten vocabulary, but I found the word still as familiar as before the war and the German mind unaltered and unscuffled in its least.

The editorial in question criticises the reason why a Nobel prize should be given to President Wilson. It asserts, with the usual old dogmatism, that the President does not deserve it, for "he failed to keep us out of the war."

Germans are ungrateful. They ought to get together and build a statue to Woodrow Wilson in Unter den Linden as a small token of appreciation for all that he has done for them; for his forbearance when the whole country was clamoring for vengeance; for declaring war, not against Germany, but against the military clan which ruled her; for obtaining a treaty, founded upon fourteen principles of justice, which has saved Germany from the same crushing conditions to which she submitted France in 1870; for contributing morally, through his virile messages, to the preparation of the German people for a more democratic Government, and by directing, as Commander-in-Chief of the American Army and Navy, operations which had great bearing on the overthrow of the odious Kaiser and his brutal assistants—this last service done to the German by the United States without charging one cent.

It has been lucky for Germany that the United States was led by an idealist during the last war and not by a politician like Roosevelt, who might have had a colonial American bill for her to foot.

R. MUNOZ TEJADA.
New York, Dec. 12, 1920.

On the Old Bowery.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We were very much interested to read the excellent article which appeared in your paper yesterday, written by Mr. Bernard Shaw, regarding "Things to Do/Seen on the Old Bowery." But might we be permitted to correct one statement which appeared in that article concerning our bank? The article reads: "The Bowery Savings Bank on Grand Street (soon to move to East Fourteenth Street) has 143,000 depositors."

The fact is, if you will refer to the article which appeared in your own paper of November 13 last, you will observe that we have contracted to buy a piece of property in Fourteenth Street, opposite the Grand Central Terminal, to build a branch bank, and not for the purpose of moving our own bank uptown. We have no intention of moving the Bowery, but on the contrary expect that our business will continue to grow in the Bowery, even though an uptown branch is successfully established.

HENRY A. SCHENCK,
President the Bowery Savings Bank.
New York, Dec. 6, 1920.

A Counterproposal.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read in your paper this morning of Mr. George Smith's proposal, that farmers' wives have two wives, in order to solve the labor help problem on the farms. The idea seems very good from Mr. Smith's point of view. It would be interesting to know, though, how many women would be willing to marry farmers under such conditions.

Now, from a woman's point of view, I should like to make a suggestion. If farmers are allowed to have two wives, why not allow us townswomen to have two husbands? With the present high cost of living the income of one man, unless he is a millionaire, is not sufficient to support one woman in reasonable comfort, and as for a family, why, that is out of the question!

A TOWNSWOMAN.
New York, Dec. 24, 1920.

Senator Harding for the League.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have just read carefully your publication of outline of Senator Harding's Association of Nations.

Accepting his implied insult to the framers of the League of Nations, contained in the first paragraph, I have never seen a fuller endorsement of the League.

E. C. HARRISON.
Staunton, Va., Dec. 23, 1920.

TO NEEDIEST CASES STILL UNRELIEVED

Fund of $83,944.36 So Far Received Is $25,901.36 Short of Sum Required.

SECOND 100 FACE MISERY

Failure to Contribute Now May Part Mothers from Children and Destroy Hope.

EVERY PENNY WISELY USED

Orphans Need Medical Attention to Fit Them for Adoption—Belated Gifts Welcome.

The Neediest Cases received $4,718.37 yesterday, making a total of $83,944.86 since the appeal was printed. The response to the appeal in 1919 was $101,[illegible]

The first hundred cases, 100 additional cases and still others were provided for by last year's contributions. The upgoals of each of the four preceding years resulted in complete provision for 200 or more families.

This year's total of $83,944.86 is $25,-[illegible] short of the amount required for the Hundred Neediest Cases and 100 additional, if families are to be saved and individuals helped on the same scale as in preceding years. The total required for the 200 cases is $109,846.20.

Contributions for the Neediest Cases come from readers who feel the impulse to give and act on the impulse. There is no personal solicitation or other money-raising device. The appeal to the public heart and conscience is made solely through the medium of the printed page. It is necessary to be persistent to order to prevent contributions from being lost somewhere between the impulse and the act.

Failure to Give Is Sorely Felt.

Every contribution so lost means the continuation of unhappiness for some poor mothers and children or means that some impending calamity will fall on them instead of being turned aside. The contributions that are made mean that some children will continue to experience the ever-present love and care of a mother, the joy of being with their brothers and sisters and everything else that makes up family life. The contributions that might have come but failed through forgetfulness or indifference leave some families to be wrecked and much misery which might have been prevented.

A contribution today will give as much happiness and do as much good as it would have done before Christmas. Any day that a sad, frightened family escapes disaster and has decent provision assured it is Christmas to them, whether on the 27th of December or on the 28th.

Each family receives care and relief for a whole year. The Christmas gift is the assurance of a year's care and relief and freedom from fear that the family is to be wiped out and its individuals scattered among institutions. That is a fine gift on Christmas or on any other day of the year.

During the year many of the families become self-supporting, as the mother regains her health through rest and care and the confidence that she is not to lose her little ones; as the health of a sick father is restored, or as a child attains the age or receives a training which enables him or her to earn wages for the others.

Some of the families, because the children are numerous and young, need more than a year in which to get a new start. At the end of the year they will receive further relief from the societies. Contributors to the Hundred Neediest Cases have often in the past taken a personal interest in such families, giving additional aid from time to time and helping the children to get a foothold when the time came.

A large majority of the families have become self-supporting again. Many of them are among the happiest and most devoted families of New York. The comparatively small amounts of money contributed which held such families together were a highly profitable investment for the community. By keeping alive the family spirit, ambition and courage have been fostered, making the days of dependence brief.

Aid Keeps Family Together.

Had it been otherwise with such families, lack of relief often would have meant that the mother would have been sent to a hospital with her health broken in the desperate struggle, while her children would have gone to various institutions. The future for them would have been very different. Even supposing that she lived, the mother might never have succeeded in supporting her children and, seeing little of her, they would have grown to regard her as a stranger. Brothers and sisters in separate institutions may be lucky to see each other two or three times a year, and it is not unusual if the family tie soon loses its hold.

The net result is that a few contributions mean permanent happiness for such a family. The lack of such contributions, in addition to the immediate anguish of parting, means that all through the future the mother will have fresh cause to mourn her children who are lost to her, although they are living. The children will go through life without feeling the constant, unfailing currents of sympathy and love which make family life.

Contributions to the Neediest Cases often are of life-long benefit. The appeal is planned with the intention that each contribution shall have permanent good results. It is not intended in any case that a family should be made happy for a few months, only to be abandoned at the end of that time. Gifts are not used to confer temporary good cheer at the expense of still greater misery at some future time. Some of the cases are those of older people, who cannot help to be self-supporting again. Money is asked to make their old days easier. The appeal for them means a year's aid only, but many have good luck and win friends to give them further aid.

Few of the families once helped to independence have been thrown back on charity again. The same family has never been appealed for twice during the years in which the Neediest Cases have been printed. On the contrary, many of those who were helped in earlier years have become regular contributors to the Hundred Neediest Cases. A substantial annual contributor for the past nine years is a young man whose family was aided by the appeal in 1912. Women and girls helped in earlier years have become visitors and friends of families undergoing the greatest sorrows and misfortunes today.

Might Pass By the Needy.

In a small community, aid which is haphazard may be sufficient, because the troubles of a family become widely known and spontaneous charitable impulses have free play among a thinly scattered population. The great brick warehouses of population in New York are hiding places in which the individual families and their misfortunes are pretty well swallowed up and lost. Many do not even know the tenants below and above and around them. They are entirely cut off from that contact which is necessary before even the most charitable people see their opportunity. Their miseries are slow in being found out. Their neighbors, even if acquainted with them and charitably disposed, are usually poor and anxious people themselves.

Under these circumstances relief must be provided in such a way that it is regular, dependable and wisely spent. This is the way that the contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases are used.

Every cent of each contribution goes to buy the food, medicine, shelter, heat and other necessaries of life for the families which, of all the 6,000,000 people of New York, are most in need of those things. It provides them month in and month out, and during this time plans are made for the family's future. The total effect is not only to avert great wretchedness and suffering by the individuals concerned, but to help the community by putting an end to just that much poverty.

In cases where an appeal is made for money for orphan children, the need for aid seldom lasts through the year. Many of the children are adopted. Others win steadfast friends who put them in school. So far this year, twenty-eight people have made applications for the adoption of orphan children placed by the State Charities Aid Association among the Hundred Neediest Cases. Some of the twenty-eight wish to adopt more than one child.

One man, a well-known philanthropist, has given notice that he plans to adopt six children. Every day families come to the offices of the State Charities Aid Association and meet children who can be placed in families. Some of them take children home and keep them under observation a day or two. It is serious business, picking a son or daughter. Some are delighted with the first child that chance throws in their way. Others, who admitted that they were cautious, come to a decision. One boy of the Neediest Cases—a boy that had been considered just right in every particular—was rejected yesterday, for instance, on the ground that he was "too ingratiating." The poor five-year-old was apparently too anxious to make a hit and capture a place in a good family.

Some Need Medical Treatment.

Some of the children, through long neglect, by their parents or guardians, are suffering from maladies which will require months or years of care in hospitals or sanitariums before it is a good thing to let them be adopted. The appeal for the Neediest Cases has introduced all the children well enough to go into private homes to families eager to take a promising child and most of them will probably be with foster parents before the end of 1921.

The Charity Organization Society gave the following typical instances yesterday of the constructive work done by contributions for the Neediest Cases:

"Several years ago the story of the ill family was told in THE TIMES. At that time the mother and father were both very ill with tuberculosis and there was no means of support for the five children. Later, Mr. and Mrs. R. both died, and if it had not been for the help which the C. O. S., backed by THE TIMES readers, was able to give, the children would all have been sent to institutions. The society's worker, however, found an aunt who has ever since cared for the two youngest children. The oldest daughter married and the other two boys live with her. Both of them have splendid positions. The youngest child has a beautiful voice and the family's most cherished possession is a picture of him among some children grouped about Geraldine Farrar in a children's chorus in the opera.

"Tony's ambition had always been to run a fruit and vegetable store such as his father had owned before his death. But Tony was too young to work. Only by the help of THE TIMES readers and the guidance and sympathy of the C. O. S. worker was it possible for his mother to provide for him and his younger brothers and sisters. But after a few years Tony went to work. Every cent that could be spared from the needs of the household he saved carefully and in a year's time he had enough to make the first payment on a small fruit store in Brooklyn. Now Tony is the proud proprietor of a flourishing business and his pride in her stalwart son can hardly be restrained.

One of the contributions which arrived on Christmas was sent from Havana, Cuba, by Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Herczel, who wrote:

"We are enclosing herewith $10 to apply to the fund for the Hundred Neediest families of New York. Hope this will help to bring a little Christmas cheer and that same will reach you in due time."

Feeling that thrift should not begin with retrenchments in charitable gifts, many contributors have made sacrifices to have money for the Neediest Cases. Others, who admitted that they were cold to the appeal at first and determined not to respond to it, could not keep their better side in check and made contributions though they felt the pinch. Several who gave contributions quickly after the first appeal have felt impatient at the slowness with which the total rose from day to day and have sent new gifts to help it along.

Child's Gifts Inspire Others.

"Although I have already given," wrote "G. W. H." of Staunton, Va., "I add the enclosed for any case that is neediest of all. I am touched by little Nancy's letter, which says, 'I live in the country and could send a bag of apples or a bushel of carrots, as The Year gos on.' But now she sends her $2, candy, a horn, &c. Will you not continue the appeal just a little longer than you have intended doing, for as time 'gos on' it seems as if we must see the reward of little Nancy's faith and courage, and as if hearts and purses must open more and more."

The owner of "The Sunnybank Collies" also sent an additional contribution. "A. M. T." wrote as follows in sending another contribution to the Association for improving the Condition of the Poor:

"Although I had supposed I had reached my limit in sending a small sum toward help for The Neediest a day or two ago, I cannot resist the appeals made in this morning's TIMES, and I am sending another small check to be used for Case 90 or 37. At this season it is heart-breaking to read of such distress and so little coming in."

Several contributions have arrived from California after each appeal in the last several years. A gift of $10 came yesterday from Mrs. John Elliot Shaw of Santa Barbara, Cal., in the words:

"With a little invalid daughter to support, my heart goes out to those mothers who are denied the joy of giving to their children this Christmas. I wish it were possible to give to all."

The following are from letters of other contributors:

Emily H. Spafford—"I enclose $15 for some needy case not already helped. It represents three tickets I did not buy to the Naval Ball."

Major Alfred Hasbrouck, Washington, Conn.—"While no doubt the enclosed check for $10 will arrive too late to be available for helping in giving Christmas cheer, I am sure you will put it to good use in relieving the continuing want involved in one of the Hundred Neediest Cases."

Anonymous—"Here is 25 cents for your $125,000 which you want for the Neediest Cases."

"A Happy Family"—"Enclosed is a check for $7, contributed by members of a happy family to be divided among those cases which have received least contributions."

No agents are employed by THE NEW YORK TIMES or any of the charitable organizations to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State Pension law.

Contributions are deductible from income tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessaries, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.

Checks may be drawn to the order of the Hundred Neediest Cases and sent to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO FUND FOR NEEDIEST

Contributions for the Neediest Cases yesterday amounted to $4,718.37, making a total of $83,944.86. These were received as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES	$1,678.00
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities	1,455.50
Charity Organization Society	787.87
Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	675.50
State Charities Aid Association	157.00
Total	$4,718.37
Previously reported	79,226.49
Total	$83,944.86

Contributions received by The New York Times direct:

Adamson, G. F.	$5	H. C. J.	5
A friend	6	H. H. W.	10
A friend	2	Hilson, Laura S.	10
A friend	3	J.	2
A friend	4	Hough, W.	5
A. G.	100	Hoyt, Edwin T.	10
A happy family	7	Hughes, T. F.	50
A. R. D., in memory of Jessie Delano	10	Ingels, M. M.	30
A. J. B.	5	In Memory C.J.M.	5
Aiden, C. E.	5	In Memory Colonel	
Allen, Isabel, lodger, Margaret and Vandever Shirley	2	P. W. A.	10
Anderson, H. C.	10	In Memory Earle Sawyer	10
A newspaper man and his wife	5	In Memory G.W.A.	2
Anonymous	1	In Memory H. C. S.	10
Anonymous	25	In Memory Lieut. A. E. Garnsey	5
Anonymous	2	In Memory Mother	1
Anonymous	2	Jean and Sandy	2
Anonymous	10	Jenkins, A.	10
Anonymous	2	J. F. B.	2
Anonymous	5	J. H. M.	5
Anonymous	1	J. L. S.	5
Anonymous	25	Johnson, S. T.	25
Anonymous	2	Kaufman, Mrs. S.	10
Anonymous	50	Keenan, A. J. Jr.	5
Anonymous	5	Kline, Samuel	50
Anonymous, Mississippi	35	Knepper, O. S.	20
Arrowsmith, S. B.	5	Kotnan, Lelia P.	10
Atterbury, G.	25	Kuhlke, Pauline	5
A. W., Boston	40	Landy, I. D.	5
Baldwin T.	5	Lederer, E. R.	5
Ballin, N.	5	Lilanthal, F.	5
Bandeen, Dorothy E.	5	Lockwood, L. C.	10
Bates, E. G.	5	Lopez, A. M.	5
Bowless, Dorothy	5	Ludlam, Edna M.	5
Breck, Jessie	5	Marjorie and Meriam	5
Brennan, Mabel	5	M. H. O.	10
Brown, Ann	10	M. H. W.	10
Brown, R. W.	5	McAthee, M.	1
Burtis, A. B.	10	McGregor, W. C.	1
Burton, Elizabeth Ashley	25	McShee, J. H.	10
Buchman, Bella S.	10	Morris, E.	5
Cappellin, A.	5	Mother's Helper & Casa	2
C. F. G.	100	Elementary Sch.	6
Cleaveland, Mr. and Mrs.	5	Mystray, Ethel	5
C. L. F.	5	Newburger, Sam	10
Cochrane, Jean	5	Newhouse, Mrs. W. S.	5
Davidson, C. L.	5	Oppenheimer, Otto	5
Dean, M. B.	25	Parks, W. C.	10
Denzer, Mrs. N.	5	Patter, J.	5
De Packh, Cecile	1	P. S. O'B.	5
Bornheim, H. C.	10	Reynolds, Anna C.	5
Douglas, Betty and Audrey	5	Reynolds, Helen	5
D. P. B.	25	R. H. S.	25
E. and K.	5	Rifles, P.	5
E. C.	5	Rohn, F. M.	5
Ecker, Mrs. F. H.	25	Rothschild, A. J.	5
E. F. B.	10	Roundy, R. B.	5
E. F. B.	10	Schreiner, Mrs. S. H.	5
E. F. B.	10	Scott, S. Spencer	5
Ehner, E. D.	10	Simmonds, E. S.	2
Ely, M. C.	25	Snow, Helen G.	5
E. V. B.	5	Spafford, E. H.	15
F. C. F.	5	Steame, L. J.	5
Field, Miss O.	15	Stephenson, M. M.	10
Fine, Mrs. H. B.	2	Stewart Grace R.	5
Frear, Augusta H.	100	Stewart, Mrs. H. M.	5
Galin, Erica	5	Sudlow, Mrs.	5
G. and E. B.	1	Sunnybank Collies	10
Gates, Emma	25	The	10
G. P. M.	5	Swasey, Eva Lery	5
Gray, Ann	5	Taylor, C. H.	5
Griffin, John W.	20	Tr. E. A.	25
Guiterman, L. M.	10	Thompson, Mrs. B. J.	5
G. W. H.	10	Thurman, Mrs. I. N.	5
Hagen, Mrs.	5	Tingley, Emmeline	10
Halstead, M. A.	5	Vreeland	1
Harding, Mr. and Mrs. Burcham	50	Walser, C.	10
H. A. S.	5	Werner, Sophie	5
		Woodward, C. A. B.	2.50
Total			$1,678

Contributions received through the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:

Allen, Josephine W.	$10	Kendrick, A.	$10
Allman, F. D.	5	Kirby, G. E.	3
Anonymous	12.50	Louise and Lillian	2
Anonymous	10	Malcolm D. In Memory of	10
Arline, In Loving Memory of	5	Murray, M.	10
A Widow	1	Loving Memory of	5
Ballantine, Mrs.	5	Nathan, Sigurd	25
Brundin, Robert	10	Perron, Anna G.	5
Brown, V. J.	10	Rice, Silliet B.	5
Bricker, Eugene C.	10	Richards, E. G.	50
Brinckerhoff, A. G.	10	Robb, John H.	10
Conan, Mrs. E. B.	5	Shelton, Mrs. C. W.	5
D. of B.	50	Steinhardt, C. H.	10
Geisman, J. L.	5	Van Buskirk, F.	5
Hall, Mrs. J. D.	2	Ward, Artemas	1,000
Ingersoll, Mrs. M. C.	5	Wilmarth, L.	10
Jones, Mrs. H. E.	100	Witbeck, Mr.	10
Total			$1,425.50

Contributions received through the Charity Organization Society:

Cash	$1	C. E. R.	$10
L. M. B.	15.37	Richards, E. G.	50
In Memory Buttons	5	Anonymous	5
J. C. A. & D. W. A.	15	Robinson, Mrs. T.	5
Berlin, G. G.	10	H. Jr.	15
Anonymous	5	Rushing, L.	10
Goldstein, Mrs. E.	1	F. S. S.	5
Graves, Lavina	8	Shepherd, Mrs. M. C.	1
Gorman, H. S.	10	Smith, S. P. H.	25
Leslie, R. F.	25	Stromberg, E. M.	5
Malevinsky, M. L.	12.50	Tomkins, Mary E.	10
Marlowe, Miss E. M.	4	Wainwright, Mrs.	10
Mendelson, Anna	10	J. H.	10
Moussedé, M. P.	5	Weeks, L.	20
Anonymous	5	Young, Rose E.	500
Prince, Mildred E.	3		
Total			$787.87

Contributions received through the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:

A friend	$10	Hopkins, Elizabeth	
A friend	5	Hopkinson, Mrs. W.	$50
Anonymous	12.50	In mem. of Agnes	
Anonymous	4	Chevrier	10
A. M. T.	5	Jones, Mrs. M. A.	20
A. T. W.	5	Le Massena, Helene	5
Brooks, Mrs. J. A.	20	P.	6
Cash	2	Lienau, Mary W.	5
C. M. W.	15	L. S. C.	100
Colley, Dr. Annie F.	10	Maloo, E. H.	25
Collier, Mrs. E.	5	McBride, Elinor	10
Duncan, Mrs. Nora E.	5	Mrs. F. H. D.	10
E. C. F.	10	Nute, Annie L.	100
E. Y. F.	100	Richards, H.	5
Four Andrew boys. Genung, Ella M.	4	Saks, Mrs. A.	25
Gray, Mrs. Maria L.	5	Shults, Clyde C.	3
Griswold, Miss Florence	10	Tremain, Mr. and Mrs. F.	10
Taylor, W. R.	10	Wile, A. E. and Janice	10
		Yonkers	5
Total			$875.50

Contributions received through the State Charities Aid Association:

Richards, E. G.	$50	Hodkinson, Mrs. W.	$10
Butler, Miss H. C.	25	Mayo, Miss Julia	5
Dickinson, Mrs. L. M.	25	Shelton, A. W.	5
Malevinsky, M. L.	12.50	Hadley, Rev. H. L.	2
In memory of my mother, Agnes Chenier	10	Lloyd, Nelson Jr.	2
Taylor, W. R.	10	Kennedy, Mrs.	1
		Total	$137.50

O'RYAN NOT TO TAKE POST.

Doesn't Want Appointment as Chief of Militia Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Secretary Baker has the names of several National Guard officers under consideration for the post of Chief of the Militia Bureau of the War Department, but said today he had reached no decision as to whom he would recommend to the President.

Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, who commanded the Twenty-seventh Division (New York National Guard) during the war, will not be the appointee, it is understood, although his name has been frequently mentioned for the post. General O'Ryan is understood not to desire the appointment.

Under the Army Reorganization act, the President may nominate as head of the Militia Bureau, with the rank and pay of a Major General, any officer of the National Guard above the rank of Major who is also a reserve officer, the office to be available after Dec. 31. Hitherto the post has always been held by a regular army officer.

Christmas Made Happy for Cripples.

Thirty crippled children were the guests at a dinner given by Miss Matilda Dansiger at Allaire's on Christmas Day. After dinner the children attended the post-graduate Christmas party given for the clinic children by the Thursday Hospital After Care Society. Each child received clothing and toys. Mrs. Morton Rutsky, Mrs. Henry Wise and Mrs. Finkelstein were in charge of the party.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Algernon Sydney Sullivan is head of the New York Auxiliary of the Southern Industrial Educational Association, which is to give the annual Mardi Gras ball on Shrove Tuesday at the Ritz-Carlton in aid of the association.

Mr. and Mrs. Newbold LeRoy Edgar are spending the holidays at their place in Tuxedo Park.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Floyd-Jones are at the St. Regis, also Colonel and Mrs. James T. Loree, who have come from Albany.

Mrs. Alfred J. Johnson, Mrs. Francis Burrall Hoffman, Mrs. William Redding, Mrs. William C. Shanley and Mrs. Lyttleton Fox are in charge of arrangements for the annual reception and cotillion to be given on the night of Jan. 4 at the Waldorf-Astoria for the destitute sick of St. Vincent's Hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Lindsay H. Welling are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son, Mrs. Welling was formerly Miss Lucy Randolph Blodget.

Miss Elisabeth Marbury and Miss Elsie de Wolfe entertained at dinner last night at 123 East Fifty-fifth Street.

Mrs. Phillips B. Thompson, Mrs. N. C. Reynal, Mrs. Robert D. Brewster, Mrs. Lytle Hoyt and Mrs. Walter Salomon Kountze, Mrs. John T. Pratt and Mrs. Harry H. Benkard form the committee for Miss Robinson's Christmas dance to be held tonight at the Plaza.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Longfellow are to give a dance tonight for their daughter, Miss Juliette D. Longfellow, at the Colony Club. Mr. and Mrs. John H. Prentice will entertain at the ditz with a coming-out dance for their daughter, Miss Caroline Prentice. Mrs. Sackett M. Barclay and Mrs. Thornton Kountze will give a debutante reception today for Miss Ethel Chard.

Mrs. Otto H. Kahn will open her town house this afternoon for the second musicale-lecture under the auspices of the Schola Cantorum.

Mrs. Horace Leslie Hotchkiss 3d is head of the Junior League of the Bloomingdale Day Nursery, which is to hold a benefit dance tonight at the Plaza.

Mr. and Mrs. Hulbert D. Bassett of 270 Park Avenue are giving a reception and tea at their home this afternoon from 4 to 7, for which 700 invitations have been issued.

Mr. and Mrs. George Emlen Starr, who spent Christmas with Mrs. Starr's mother, Mrs. Charles G. Ayres, at 55 West Fifty-fifth Street, returned yesterday to Philadelphia to attend the Benedicts' dance.

Mecca Ball on New Year's Night.

The Mecca Ball will be held on New Year's evening at the Hotel des Artistes. A program, including Russian ballet dancing, will start after the reception at 10 o'clock. Howard Chandler Christy has arranged one of the artistic features of the evening.

James P. McCarthy.

James P. McCarthy, a newspaper editor and author, died in the Post Graduate Hospital on Sunday after an operation for appendicitis. Mr. McCarthy was born in Worcester, Mass., forty-nine years ago, and started newspaper work at the age of 14 as a reporter on the city editor of The Worcester Telegram and for several years was on The Brooklyn Standard Union, after which he became Brooklyn manager of The New York Herald. Since the consolidation of The Herald and Sun he had held an editorial position on The Evening Telegram. Mr. McCarthy was the author of "The Newspaper Worker," a textbook, and "The Rise of Dennis Hathnaught." Funeral services and interment will be held in Worcester tomorrow.

D. C. Coveos Died of War Wounds.

Dimitrie C. Coveos, winner of medals in the Balkan wars and veteran of two years' service in the World War, for whom services were held yesterday afternoon at The Funeral Church, died in Austin's Sanitarium from the effects of gassing and other wounds received on the battlefield. He was 37 years old and the son of a cotton broker of Cairo, Egypt.

Hal B. Mosby.

BOSTON, Dec. 27.—The death at his home, in Medford, of Hal B. Mosby, Chief Post Office Inspector in New England and a nephew of the Confederate guerilla chief, John S. Mosby, became known at the Federal building today. His most important activities recently were the Ponzi and Mosby investigation furnishing the basis on which the promoter was sentenced to five years for fraudulent use of the mails.

Obituary Notes.

ANDREW MILES FLEMING, known in Los Angeles, Cal., his home, as the "Candy Grandpa" because for thirty years he had made a daily practice of distributing candy to the poor children there yesterday in Washington, Del. He was 83 years old.

CLIFFORD LEON SHERMAN, 45, former newspaper artist and author in San Francisco, New York and Boston, died in Springfield, Ill., yesterday of tuberculosis.

Madame MARIE BASHKIRTSEFF, mother of the late Maria Constantinovna Bashkirtseff, the Russian artist and author, died in Nice, France, yesterday. She was 87 years old.

The Very Rev. MICHAEL V. BALOGH, Dean of the Hungarian Greek Catholic Churches in America, died yesterday in Cleveland, Ohio. He was 58 years old.

MICHAEL MARES, thirty of 59 Nagle Avenue, this city, editor of The Azoth Magazine, which is devoted to psychical, theosophical and astrological matters, died yesterday. A telegram received here last night from Los Angeles, Cal., Azoth is published by the Azoth Publishing Company of 11 Hamilton Place, this city.

EDWIN B. WESTERVELT, a real estate dealer in Cresskill, N. J., died at his home there yesterday at the age of 59.

THOMAS J. LINTOTT, former District Court Judge in Newark, died there yesterday in St. Michael's Hospital, following an operation. He was 68 years old.

FREDERICK A. BORCHERLING, son-in-law of Chief Justice William S. Gummere of the New Jersey Supreme Court, died yesterday at his home in Newark at the age of 40.

PERRY L. AUSTIN, 88 years old, who was selected for President Lincoln's bodyguard because he was the tallest man in Winfield Scott's cavalry, is dead at his home in Waukegan, Ill.

Commodore JOHN ECCLESTON CRAVEN, U. S. N., retired, died suddenly yesterday at his home in Annapolis at the age of 62.

HAMLIN F. PALMER, Controller of the town of Greenwich, died there Sunday night of cancer at the age of 61.

GEORGE F. RENDALL, retired mining and mechanical engineer and inventor, died on Saturday in Brooklyn. He was 68 years old.

CHARLES M. BOOTH, for thirty years an officer in the Hanover National Bank, died Saturday at his home in East Orange. Aged 64.

WILLIAM ANDRE, for twenty-five years an Adirondack guide and a former game warden in Lewis and Herkimer Counties, N. Y., died Sunday at his home in Croghan, N. Y.

WILLIAM PARKS, a compositor and linotyper on The Brooklyn Times for seventeen years, died on Sunday in the Brooklyn Home for Consumptives. He was 46 years old.

JOHN BRISTOW BOND, for many years with the United Lead Company and a resident of Brooklyn for thirty years, died on Saturday in St. Mary's Hospital of pneumonia. He was 62 years old.

THOR IVERSEN, 82 years old, a retired ship carpenter, died on Sunday at his home, 213A Twenty-ninth Street, Brooklyn.

MICHAEL F. MINITER, an attache of the County Clerk's office and formerly for many years in the stair building business with his brother, died on Saturday at his home, 436 Sixth Street, Brooklyn.

FREDERICK F. BAKER, 46 years old, a civil engineer, died of pneumonia on Saturday at his home, 506 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. HATTIE BROWN FLATOW, widow of Morris Flatow, an auctioneer of Brooklyn, died at her home, 1,666 Union Street, Brooklyn, on Saturday, aged 57 years.

FRANK E. WOPPEIKER, a foreman for the B. R. T. and a resident of Brooklyn for more than fifty years, died on Saturday at his home, 1,943 Stephen Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 57 years.

ADOLPH HEIM, a retired milk dealer of Brooklyn, died on Saturday at his home, 230 West Seventeenth Street, aged 45 years.

GEORGE W. ENNIS, 56 years old, a gold beater, died at his home in Woodhaven, L. I., on Saturday.

JAMES P. HOGAN, in the employ of Cheney Brothers, silk manufacturers, died of apoplexy on Sunday at his home, 2134 Ovington Avenue, Brooklyn.

GEORGE HENSHAW ELY, 72 years old, an agent for the Bayonne Transportation Company and an active member of the Sumner Avenue M. E. Church, died on Friday at his home, 2,900 Avenue D, Flatbush, from heart disease.

BARON DES PLANCHES, DIPLOMAT, DIES AT 69

Ex-Italian Ambassador to United States Was Member of Interallied Council in London.

ROME, Dec. 27.—Baron Mayor des Planches, former Italian Ambassador to the United States, is dead, it was announced here this morning.

Baron Edmondo Mayor des Planches was born July 27, 1851, and entered public life in 1875, when he became a secretary to the Minister of Foreign Affairs. He continued in this department in various capacities until April, 1894, when he was nominated Counsellor to the Italian Embassy in Berlin, later holding a similar position at the Italian Embassy in Constantinople. He was named Ambassador to the United States in 1901, arriving in this country on Aug. 8 that year. He continued in that office until January, 1910, when he was transferred to Constantinople, to remain there only one year.

Ex-Justice Wilbur Fisk Stone.

DENVER, Col., Dec. 27.—Wilbur Fisk Stone, former Justice of the Colorado Supreme Court, first general attorney of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad, and former editor of newspapers in Evansville, Ind., and Omaha, Neb., died at his home here today. Tomorrow he would have been 87 years old.

Born.

BATLAN—Mr. and Mrs. Ben Batlan (nee Kitty Levkovits), announce the arrival of a son, Dec. 25, 1920, at Stern's Sanatorium, 365 West End Av.

LANGSTAFF—Mr. and Mrs. B. Meredith Langstaff (nee Esther Knox Boardman) of 19 7th Av., Brooklyn, announce the birth of their son, John Meredith, on Dec. 24.

SHONGUT—Mr. and Mrs. Abraham L. Shongut announce the birth of a daughter, Elizabeth Amelia, Dec. 26, at Woman's Hospital.

Engaged.

VAN ALLEN—BINNING—Mr. and Mrs. Roland Binning of Jamaica Park, L. I., announce the engagement of their daughter, Edna M., to Mr. Harry B. Van Allen of Jamaica, L. I.

Married.

ECKSTEIN—SCHNITZER—On Dec. 26, Edna Schnitzer to Nathan D. Eckstein.

FRANKLIN—WILLIS—On Monday, Dec. 27, 1920, at St. Thomas's Church, New York City, by the Rev. Floyd S. Leach, Dorothy Bard Willis to Ruford Davis Franklin.

KELMAN—BANNER—On Sunday, Dec. 26, in B'nai Israel Synagogue, Brooklyn, Mary Banner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Max Banner of New York City, to Isidore Kelman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Kelman of Brooklyn, N. Y.

THORNE—HALL—On Dec. 22, 1920, in New York, Mrs. Gertrude Lane Hall, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Francis T. L. Lane of New York, was married to Charles Stockton Thorne of Lakewood and New York.

WADHAMS—CUMMINGS—Mr. and Mrs. John Seneca Cummings of 1,144 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, announce the marriage of their daughter, Helen Stewart, to Mr. Robert Wiltsie Wadhams of Pittsford, N. Y., at St. Paul's Chapel, Trinity Parish, by the Rev. George Benson Cox, on Friday, Dec. 24.

Died.

ALLAIRE—At Bayonne, N. J., on Saturday, Dec. 25, 1920, Charles F., beloved husband of Mabel Allaire (nee Reider), and son of Edwin F. Allaire, age 47 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 903 Av. C, Bayonne, on Tuesday, Dec. 28, at 8 P. M. Relatives and friends invited.

BACH—Carrie (nee Jacobs), widow of Julius Bach and beloved mother of Jacob Bach, Beatrice Dreifuss, David and Florence Bach. Funeral from her late residence, 647 33d St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Dec. 28, 1920, at 1 P. M.

BAKER—On Saturday, Dec. 25, 1920, Frederick F. Baker, beloved husband of Annie Trimble. Funeral service on Wednesday afternoon, Dec. 29, at 4 o'clock, at funeral parlors of Willis E. Stafford & Son, 120 Livingston St., Brooklyn. Interment private. Buffalo (N. Y.) papers please copy.

BARTOW—At Flahkill, N. Y., Dec. 27, 1920, Augustus, son of Harriot C. and the late William A. Bartow, aged 35 years. Funeral services will be held at his late home, Broad St., Flahkill, N. Y., on Wednesday at 1:30 P. M. Carriages will meet the train at Beacon, N. Y., leaving New York City at 9:25 A. M.

BOICE—Suddenly, on Monday, Dec. 27, 1920, Harriet L. Boice. Funeral services at the home of her sister, Mrs. B. J. Shreve, 118 Grove St., North Plainfield, N. J., Wednesday, Dec. 29, at 2 P. M. Interment in Evergreen Cemetery, Plainfield, N. J.

BOOTH—At East Orange, N. J., Dec. 25, 1920, Charles M. Booth. Funeral services at the late residence, 482 Warrington Place, on Tuesday, Dec. 28, at 3 P. M.

BORCHERLING—At Newark, N. J., on Monday, Dec. 27, 1920, Frederick Adolph, husband of Frances Gummere Borcherling, in his 40th year. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 1,044 Broad St., Newark, on Thursday, Dec. 30, at 11 A. M. Interment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery, at the convenience of the family. Please omit flowers.

BRUSH—At her residence, 240 Jewett Av., Jersey City, Sunday, Dec. 26, 1920, Mary Butler, widow of the Rev. William Peck Brush. Funeral services Wednesday, Dec. 29, at 8 P. M., at St. Paul's Church in Bergen, Duncan Av., near Boulevard, Jersey City.

BURDEN—Mary Irvin, widow of the late James Abercrombie Burden and daughter of the late Richards Irvin. Funeral services will be held at the Madison Av. Presbyterian Church, Madison Av. and 73d St., on Tuesday, Dec. 28, at 11 A. M.

BURDEN—The Colonial Dames of America announce with deep regret the death of their fellow member, Mrs. James Abercrombie Burden, on Saturday, Dec. 25, in New York. E. B. Borrows, Secretary.

BUTT—L. Havemeyer Butt of Tuxedo Park, aged 34, beloved husband of May Frances Vogel, of tuberculosis contracted in the World War, at Riverside, Cal., Dec. 24, 1920. Funeral from St. Thomas's Church Friday, Dec. 31, at 11 o'clock. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

CAMMANN—George Philip, husband of Jean B. Cammann, of pneumonia, on Dec. 25. Funeral, Church of the Heavenly Rest, 2 P. M., Dec. 28.

CAMMANN—Society of Colonial Wars in the State of New York, 43 Cedar St., New York. With deep regret announcement is made of the death on Dec. 25 of their late associate, George Philip Cammann.
Edward Lasell Partridge, M.D., Governor.
Rene A. de Russy, Secretary.

CAMMANN—St. Nicholas Society of the City of New York, 43 Cedar St., New York. It is with deep regret that announcement is made of the death on Dec. 25 of their late associate, George Philip Cammann.
Alfred Waggstaff, President.
Frederic Irving Lockman, Secretary.

CLEMENS—Chester E., of Cleveland, Ohio, Dec. 24. Funeral from 128 East 58th St., Manhattan Av., N. Y. City, Dec. 28, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Kensico Cemetery.

CONCANNON—Suddenly, on Sunday, Dec. 26, 1920, Gertrude Rose Concannon, at her residence, 306 Clerk St., Jersey City. Fun

OF BOXING PLANNED

Delegates From Many States to Join in Conference Here Next Month.

WILL STANDARDIZE RULES

Champions May Be Compelled to Defend Titles at Stated Intervals in New Arrangement.

Plans for the elevation and improvement of professional boxing throughout the country, to a point where the sport will be above and beyond the objectionable features which have affected it in the past, will be adopted at a meeting which will be held at the headquarters of the International Sporting Club in West Forty-second Street Jan. 10, 11 and 12. At this session the formation of a national governing body to supervise and direct the conduct of the sport throughout the nation will be undertaken, and a program of changes in present conditions will be adopted which, it is expected will improve the sport itself and its surroundings.

The session will be attended by delegates appointed by Governors of eighteen States where boxing is permitted under law and representatives of other centres where professional bouts are conducted under local option. The delegates, in the course of the three-day session, will not only lay the foundation of the proposed national organization, but will also adopt rules and regulations for the standardization of professional boxing throughout the United States.

Among the States whose Governors have appointed representatives for the meeting are New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Maryland, New Jersey, Connecticut, Colorado, Wisconsin, Montana, Minnesota, Oregon, West Virginia, Louisiana, Washington, Florida, Tennessee and Oklahoma. This group includes all States where boxing is legalized. Several other States where the sport is permitted under local option will have representation, but the States represented by officially appointed delegates will show the way in the formation of the proposed national governing body.

Will Absorb Older Board.

The contemplated organization will absorb the Army, Navy and Civilian Board of Boxing Control. In the final analysis the body which will soon be installed is but an outgrowth of the Army, Navy and Civilian Board and the ideals and plans of the latter organization will be developed and improved with the new institution, according to present plans. Plans will be discussed which are calculated to elevate the professional ring sport to a plane never before experienced in the history of boxing in this country. Evils which have corrupted boxing in the past, or which were indirectly responsible for the disrepute which has unfortunately attached to sport under conditions which prevailed before the advent of the present concerted effort for an improvement, will be eliminated with the adoption of legislative measures planned for the coming meeting, in the opinion of prominent devotees of clean, wholesome boxing, identified with the current movement.

William A. Gavin, Managing Director of the International Sporting Club, one of the prime moving spirits in the present campaign for improvement, in discussing the proposition yesterday declared that it was the intention of the delegates to standardize boxing rules in every State in the Union, to adopt a joint retroactive agreement to bar any delinquent or offending boxers simultaneously in all States in the event of suspension by the National Association. Such a condition exists at present in several of the States where the sport is legalized, but a majority of the States do not recognize penalties for infractions of the law in other States, and the result is a loss of the power which will be in effect under the new organization.

Holders of championship titles will be compelled to defend their laurels at stated periods, the intervals to be fixed under conditions which the coming meeting. Failure to abide by this rule will result in the forfeiture of his title by the champion affected. It is planned, also, to advocate the abolition of enormous purses and to adopt a scale of admission, prices to be operative all over the country, which, in the estimation of the governing officials, is reasonable. Another contemplated improvement provides for the prohibition of taking moving pictures of bouts. These proposed changes will be advocated and probably adopted at the coming meeting as for the best interest of the sport. The ring devotees back of the present campaign are almost undivided in the opinion that the introduction of inflated purses with a resultant rise in the charges of admission to important ring contests, and the film feature invariably associated with the leading bouts are in great measure responsible for the antagonism attracted to boxing by opponents of the sport, and are determined to eliminate these features.

International Code May Follow.

When the new organization has attained an operative state it is planned to adopt a program of co-operation with the governing boxing bodies of other nations, with the idea of having one international code for the government of boxing, calculated to make the sport clean, wholesome, humane and qualified for the plane to which it is planned to elevate the professional ring game. It is expected that the formation of a national governing body, in addition to uplifting boxing and improving the conduct of the sport, will attract favor from the newly-elected Governors of such States as have not now sanctioned legalized professional ring matches and those executives whose attitudes are understood to be antagonistic to the sport because of the unsatisfactory conditions which have invariably surrounded it.

It is impossible to state, with any degree of positive assurance, just who will head the proposed new body. Information on this point is not yet available, nor has there been any intimation on the personnel of other executives of the organization which it is planned to form. It is planned, however, to install as President a man of national reputation and a prominent figure in sport. Tex O'Rourke, matchmaker of the International Sporting Club, will be Secretary, according to present plans. The official title under which the organization will function will be determined in the course of the forthcoming meeting.

The conference, which will be held at the I. S. C. headquarters, is the culmination of an extended period of correspondence, and in some instances, personal conferences between officials of the International Sporting Club and Governors of the different States which will be represented by delegates at the session. For more than six months the I. S. C. has been directing its attention to this task, which was one of the objectives stipulated when the organization and the Army, Navy and Civilian Board of Boxing Control gave support to the campaign for a restoration of boxing in this State.

Each delegate at the coming meeting will be in possession of written authority to represent his State in the conference and to act for his State in the formation of the national body. The delegates, further, will be vested with power to recommend necessary changes in their respective laws, so as to conform with the rules and regulations adopted by the national organization upon their return home.

Marquette to Play Notre Dame.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 27.—The athletic board of Marquette University today scheduled a football game with Notre Dame to be played in Milwaukee on Nov. 14, 1921. This will be the first time since 1914 that these two teams have met. Marquette and Notre Dame played three tie games and the local team was defeated in 4 fourth contest.

Elevens Drill at Pasadena

PASADENA, Cal., Dec. 27.—Hard, snappy practice was the program today for the football squads from Ohio State University and the University of California, here preparing for the annual East vs. West contest at Tournament Park on New Year's Day. After two days of rest, the teams got down to hard labor in their first workout this afternoon, and tried out their wind and endurance under the conditions of climate and field confronting them here.

RICHARDS ADVANCES IN INDOOR TOURNEY

Titleholder Defeats Bernstein in Initial Match of Junior Championship Event.

Play was started yesterday at the Seventh Regiment Armory in two tournaments for national championships in indoor tennis, the first of the indoor season in which a title has been at stake.

In the junior indoor title event the present champion, Vincent Richards of Fordham, won his initial match easily. He defeated a skillful player in M. Bernstein, one of the best of the local boys, who has acquitted himself with distinction in outdoor play. Richards, who is playing the last indoor junior event which his age will permit him to enter, won both sets by decisive scores. He allowed his opponent but two games in the whole match. Richards looks to be in good form and has evidently had the benefit of a good opportunity for indoor practice. Bernstein, clever though he is, had no chance with Richards at any time in the proceedings.

A leading contender for the honors now held by Richards is Charles M. Woods Jr., who formerly held the boys' national indoor title. Woods made a good beginning in the tournament by defeating Paul Hicks of Yale in straight sets, scored 6—1, 6—4. Hicks played a good game in the second set, but never had a real chance against Woods. Sheridan of Yale sprang something of a surprise when he defeated John J. Blush, the University of Pennsylvania expert, in straight sets at 6—2, 6—2. Blush had been considered to have an excellent chance of remaining to the final, but Sheridan was altogether too speedy for him.

Aydelotte, who learned his game in California and has many of the good habits of the Coast players, particularly in the severity with which he delivers his overhead strokes, had an easy time winning from Bradley of Pleasantville in two sets, in both of which he allowed his opponent but a single game. Aydelotte is now a member of the Horace Mann tennis team, having transferred his allegiance here from the Pacific Coast schools.

The play in general yesterday was of a high order, especially considering the poor light which was afforded.

In the matches for the boys' championship, one of the favorites to advance was Grevel Acker of Jamaica, who defeated Howard Lesser, a Manhattan player, in straight sets, 6—2, 6—2.

The summaries:

Junior National Indoor Singles Championship.

Second Round, Upper Half—D. R. Bradley, Pleasantville, defeated Livingston Maxchant, 6—2, 6—3; J. J. Tucker, Horace Mann, defeated Edgar P. Snow, Irving School, 6—1, 6—1; Harry Pickells, Plunging, defeated Louis H. Roulhac, Harvard School, 6—2, 6—2; Ernest Kuhn, George Washington, defeated Caspar H. Nannes, 6—3, 6—2; Arthur Orth defeated George Case, George Washington, 6—1, 6—2.

First Round—Valentine Cress, Horace Mann, defeated Jesse Sonn, Fordham, 6—3, 7—6, 6—1; Charles M. Woods Jr. defeated Paul P. Hicks, Yale, 6—1, 6—4; Grey Lane, New York and George Washington University, defeated Chapman Haff, Commercial High, 6—4, 9—7; Franklin Guard, Pleasantville, defeated David D. Hofheimer, St. Paul's, 6—3, 6—1; C. F. Mathey defeated Leslie Rosenthal, De Witt Clinton, 6—4, 6—3; Arthur K. Glore, New York Tennis Club, defeated K. C. Fey, Horace Mann, 4—6, 9—7, 7—5; W. M. Aydelotte, Horace Mann, defeated Arnold Bradley, Pleasantville, 6—1, 6—1; Jack Cronin defeated Arthur Reynolds, Fordham, 6—1, 6—1; 6—4, 4—6, 6—1; A. B. Sheridan, Yale, defeated John Pollock, 6—2, 6—4.

Second Round, Lower Half—Sheridan defeated John J. Blush, University of Pennsylvania, 6—2, 6—2; A. L. Hopkins, Yale, defeated Paul S. McHugh, 6—1, 6—4; W. R. Hicks, Peddie, defeated A. Epstein, College of the City of New York, 6—4, 6—4; Vincent Richards, Fordham, defeated M. Bernstein, 6—0, 6—2; Willis Geis, St. Paul's, defeated Eugene Stein 6—8, 10—8, by default; Parke Cummings, Harvard, defeated C. G. Hurd, Hotchkiss, 6—4, 6—2.

Boy's Indoor Championship Singles.

Second Round, Upper Half—Louis H. Roulhac, Harvard School, defeated Carl E. Schuster, Horace Mann, 6—0, 6—0; William Einsmann defeated Palmer Sealy, West Side, 6—3, 6—2; David D. Hofekin, St. Paul's, defeated V. C. Bloom, 6—2, 6—3.

First Round—Paul O'Brien, Exeter, defeated Stanley Noble, Yonkers, 6—3, 6—3; Jas. C. Judge 2d, Erasmus, defeated Richard Dodge, Yonkers, 6—4, 4—6, 8—6; Grevel Acker, Jamaica, defeated Howard Lesser, Townsend Harris Hall, 6—2, 6—2; Alan Weissman, Townsend Harris Hall, defeated Austin G. Block, De Witt Clinton, 6—3, 6—4; Sidney J. Gitlier, Townsend Harris Hall defeated Fred Gretsch Jr., West Side, 6—2, 6—3.

Second Round, Lower Half—Fred Gretsch Jr., defeated William F. Mohan Jr., West Side, 6—3, 6—0; Herbert D. Beaman, Townsend Harris Hall, defeated Arnold M. Kashowitz, De Witt Clinton, 6—2, 6—2; William Noble defeated Eugene H. McCaulift, Fordham, 6—2, 6—0.

MOORE TO SUB FOR MOORE.

Roy Will Take Pal's Place Against Sharkey in Tomorrow's Bout.

Pal Moore, the Memphis bantamweight who was scheduled to engage Jack Sharkey of the west side in the principal bout of fifteen rounds tomorrow night at Madison Square Garden, was forced to cancel the match yesterday because of illness. The Southern boxer notified Promoter Tex Rickard in a message from Chicago, that an infection of one of his ears compelled him to call off the bout. The Garden promoter immediately began negotiations for a suitable substitute to tackle Sharkey and secured Roy Moore, St. Paul bantamweight, who was a participant in one of the preliminary ten-round bouts at the recent Joe Lynch-Pete Herman match. The St. Paul Moore, on that occasion, knocked out Jimmy Martin in the first round. Tomorrow night's meeting will mark the second clash between Sharkey and Moore.

The remainder of the card will be unchanged. In the semi-final ten-round bout Panama Joe Gans and Sailor Darden, colored middleweights, will be the principals. Tommy Elm of Paterson, N. J., and Charlie Pilkington, former amateur lightweight champion, will clash in the other ten-round bout. In this bout Pilkington is substituting for Earl Baird, who was originally matched against Elm. The six-round encounter will bring together Packey O'Gatty and Dick Atkins of Toronto, Canada.

Zuna to Run at Philadelphia.

Frank Zuna, Paulist A. C. distance runner, and a member of the 1920 Olympic team, yesterday obtained permission from the Metropolitan A. A. U. to compete outside the district territorial limits. Zuna plans to participate in a road race at Philadelphia New Year's Day, and under the A. A. U. rules was compelled to apply for permission to leave the district for competition before making the trip to the Quaker City.

Clinton Is Winner of Bout.

BOSTON, Dec. 27.—Johnny Clinton, New York lightweight, defeated Johnny Downes of Cleveland tonight in the sixth round, when the referee stopped the match, which had been scheduled for ten rounds. Downes was not knocked out, but had taken considerable punishment.

POSTPONED BY RAIN

Tilden vs. Brookes and Johnston vs. Patterson Is Tomorrow's Program.

AUCKLAND, New Zealand, Dec. 28.—The first match in the challenge round of the Davis Cup tennis tournament, which was to have been played today, has been postponed until tomorrow owing to rain.

Announcement was made today of the drawings for pay. In the singles Norman E. Brookes of the Australian team will meet William T. Tilden 2d, the world's singles champion, and Gerald L. Patterson, Australia, will play William M. Johnston, the California expert.

On the second day's play, Brookes and Patterson will play against Johnston and Tilden in the doubles, and on the final day Brookes will meet Johnston and Patterson will play Tilden in singles matches.

Something of a surprise was contained in the announcement that Norman E. Brookes, captain of the Australasian Davis Cup team, had nominated himself for competition in the singles in the challenge round. It was thought that he would elect Rodney W. Heath or O'Hara Wood to the task and save himself for the doubles. Brookes, playing now in his ninth Davis Cup competition since 1905, must have felt a return to the form that has always made him formidable in these matches. He must have improved considerably since last Summer when he was twice defeated in tournament play by Hawkes, who had not previously been considered in the top flight of Australasian players, and who is not a member of the team that will meet the Americans.

In the meeting of Brookes and Tilden the American should win. He has youth in his favor and quite as complete a mastery of strokes as the Australasian wizard. The American's repertoire is larger, as a matter of fact. No player ever lived with quite the versatility of strokes that Tilden showed on the courts last Summer when he earned the championship of the world. He has not Brookes's experience or tournament temperament. But the advantage of youth should more than offset this fact. Tilden, if he starts poorly, should be able to extend the match into five sets, and in an encounter of that length his powers of endurance should tell over the veteran. If the match had occurred half a dozen seasons ago, conceiving that both could have been at the top of their form as at that time, Brookes would have been the favorite. As the conditions are today, the advantage in form is all the other way. Tilden has superiority in speed and resourcefulness and he should have the better of the argument in the highly important element of stamina.

The first break in the tie will have a great effect on the final result. Tilden and Brookes have met once before in tournament competition, this was at the national championship at Forest Hills in 1919. Tilden eliminated Brookes in that tournament and Johnston eliminated Patterson. Conditions may be so different at Auckland that the result of the Summer tournament be reversed. But such an eventuality will be a distinct upheaval of form.

The match between Johnston and Patterson should be close. The American had but the smallest possible advantage over the Australasian when they met at Forest Hills. But he is a greater emergency player that Patterson. He is far and away the finest volleyer in the world, and that goes for Tilden as well as anybody else. Patterson is not in his class in that respect. Patterson is an aggressive player, but in any battle for position at the net he is no match for Johnston. Moreover, Johnston invariably plays better against an opponent on the second or third meeting than on the first. He always makes good use of his opportunity to study an opponent's special tactics and characteristics. If he is in form, he should win over Patterson with a fair margin to spare.

PILKINGTON BEATS SMITH.

Gains Judges' Decision in Twelve-Round Bout at Star S. C.

Charlie Pilkington, former amateur lightweight champion, added another professional success to his record last night at the Star Sporting Club, where he gained the judges' decision over Happy Smith of Yorkville in the stellar twelve-round bout. The former amateur boxer, displaying superior speed, cleverness and ability to land damaging punches, clearly earned the decision on points. Pilkington, with the speed and cleverness which were his chief characteristics in the amateur ring, set a lively pace for his rival and this, together with the assortment of blows rained on him, caused Smith to weaken perceptibly as the bout progressed.

Pilkington accomplished his greatest work with a left hand jab which landed with unerring regularity and was used infrequently followed by a right cross which made Smith cautious. The weights were: Pilkington, 130 pounds; Smith, 132.

Johnny Rosner, Harlem flyweight, who was the first American victim of the punching power of Jimmy Wilde, engaged Mickey Nelson of Harlem in the other twelve-round bout. At the final gong the judges decided in favor of Rosner. This contest was a lively one, but throughout Rosner appeared to advantage and accumulated a safe lead in points. Rosner weighed 110 pounds and Nelson 106.

RICKARD SIGNS JACKSON.

Lightweight to Fight in Garden on Jan. 7—Opponent Not Selected.

Unless the available supply of suitable opponents gives out, Willie Jackson, Bronx lightweight, will appear in the principal fifteen-round bout at Madison Square Garden on Jan. 7. Promoter Tex Rickard has secured Jackson's consent to a match and is at present negotiating for a formidable rival for the Bronx boxer. Johnny Dundee was offered the bout, according to Promoter Rickard, but the Italian placed a prohibitative percentage figure on his services and has been eliminated. An effort is now being made to arrange a meeting between Jackson and either Mickey Donley of Newark, or Knockout George Chaney, of Baltimore. In the event that this match falls through Promoter Rickard plans to arrange a meeting between Tom Gibbons, brother of the once redoubtable Mike, and Harry Greb, Pittsburgh light-heavyweight.

BOGASH IS BOUT WINNER.

Stops Sammy Good in the Fifth Round in New Haven Ring.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Dec. 27.—Louis Bogash of Bridgeport, welterweight champion of Connecticut, scored a technical knockout over Sammy Good of California in what was to have been a 15-round bout here tonight. The referee stopped the fray at the end of the fifth round, after Bogash had severely punished the Californian.

Mickey Travers of New Haven was given the referee's decision over Kid Kaplan of Meriden at the end of a 10-round contest.

MORE HELP NEEDED

For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 300 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

TWO TRAINING BASES

Team to Stop at Another Southern City After Leaving San Antonio on March 18.

The sojourn of the Giants at their training camp in San Antonio next Spring is to be of less than three weeks' duration. According to an announcement made yesterday by Secretary O'Brien, the McGraw troupe will bid farewell to the Alamo City on the night of Friday, March 18. As the players are not to begin training until March 1, or possibly a few days before this date, the San Antonio campaign will not be as long as those of recent years at the Giants' training base.

With the announcement of the getaway date at San Antonio there was revealed another change from the training schedules of the Giants in recent years. Instead of having but one training base in Dixie, McGraw has decided upon two. The team will be engaged in travel for about ten days after leaving the Alamo City and then will settle down for a stay of one week in one of the cities of the Southern Association. While in this city, which has been decided upon but not announced as yet, the Giants will have the usual morning practice which is not possible when a team is making daily jumps, and each afternoon McGraw's men will engage in an exhibition game.

Manager McGraw has decided upon this training system as the ideal method of returning home to Texas. A year ago the Giants engaged in daily exhibition games for a space of three weeks and the tour exacted its physical toll of the players, who were tired out when the season opened. The arrangement decided upon for the 1921 campaign allows the players to get away from Texas after three weeks of work under the torrid sun, play a few exhibition games, get more practice, and likewise, rest, by a week's stay at one city, and then finish the jaunt homeward by easy stages, with an exhibition game each day.

Will Play Indians at Dallas.

The schedule for the first week of travel following the departure from San Antonio was announced yesterday by Secretary O'Brien. The first stop of the tourists will be at Dallas, where McGraw's men will hook up with the world's champion Cleveland Indians on Saturday and Sunday, March 19 and 20, respectively. On Monday the Giants will be at Fort Worth, on Tuesday and Wednesday, March 22 and 23, at Houston, and on Thursday, March 24, at Galveston. In these cities the Polo Grounds aggregation will play exhibition games with representative Texas League teams. On March 25 the McGrawmen will meet Connie Mack's Athletics in a game at Lake Charles, La., where the Mackmen will train, and thence the tour continues to New Orleans for games on Saturday and Sunday, March 26 and 27, with the Southern Association team representing the Crescent City. While the Giants are performing at New Orleans, the training base of the Robins, the latter team will be on a par with the Yankees' training camp at Shreveport.

From New Orleans the Giants will go into their second training camp. When the work is completed here McGraw's men will move north Clark Griffith's Senators and engage in a few games while working their way northward. Washington probably will be the scene of two games previous to the opening of the season, and it is expected that the Senators will play two exhibition games at the Polo Grounds on Saturday, March 9, and Sunday, March 10. The Yankees are scheduled to perform on these dates at Ebbets Field.

A report was sent out a short time ago that the Giants and Yankees were to come together at Knoxville, Tenn., while traveling North, but officials of both clubs have made it plain that the teams will not meet in the Spring. They are hopeful of a clash in the Fall for world championship honors, but that is some distance away. At any rate, there will be no exhibition games between the Giants and Yankees in the Spring. The McGrawmen will devote their interleague activity to the series with the Senators, while the Huggins will play the usual schedule with the Robins in the South, en route home and at Ebbets Field.

Many Youngsters Released.

The task of reducing the New York roster to training-camp size is about completed. With the purchase of several players during the latter part of the 1920 campaign, it became necessary to release numerous players who had been carried along on optional agreement during the season. It will be recalled that McGraw had an unusually large number of recruits at San Antonio last Spring, but only two or three of these youngsters will make a return visit to the Alamo City. It has been decided that Pitchers Virgil Barnes and Jim Garton are worthy of another trial and both will be taken back. Catcher W. G. White, who was released to Waterbury last Spring and later played independent ball in Canada, may also be included in the 1921 training camp roster. White showed remarkable development during the season after a poor start.

The other youngsters have been disposed of as follows:

Pitchers—Reynolds Kelly to Oakland, H. W. Burfiend to Toledo, Sterling Strycker to Indianapolis, Paul Johnson to Charleston, James McQuade and Colonel L. Snover unconditionally. Infielders—Al White to Oakland, George Armstrong to St. Paul, James E. Cooney to Milwaukee, John H. Horie, Frank Maguire and Harry Moyer unconditionally. Outfielders—Emmons J. Bowen to Toledo, Henry E. Bates to Pittsfield.

Cincinnati is the one big league city where Babe Ruth has not performed, and the officials of the Redland club are planning to have the big event during the 1921 season. Business Manager Frank Bancroft has requested that the schedule makers leave an open date for the Reds at a time when the Yankees may be idle in the West so that a game can be arranged. It is probable that Bancroft's request will be granted if it is possible so to juggle dates for the two clubs.

Pittsburgh fans got their first view of the Mauling Mastodon last year and they crowded Forbes Field until the stands groaned under the pressure. Brooklyn saw Babe in action while he was with the Red Sox, before he became the king of home-run hitters, and the Colossus of Clout was on exhibition at Ebbets Field last Spring after he had set a record of 29 homers. Only Cincinnati of the big league set has not been able to welcome the king of all hitters, so Redland pleads for the opportunity.

Dan Howley, battery coach of the Tigers in 1919, gave way a year ago to Jack Coombs, and now Jack gives way to his predecessor. Ty Cobb, new boss of the Tigers, evidently has been impressed by Howley's skill as a handler of pitchers, and he lost no time in bringing Dan back into the fold. As Cobb will have little time to devote to the work, Howley probably will be entrusted with the daily task of picking the pitcher most likely to hold down the opposing team.

ATHLETICS SELL PLAYER.

Dick Burrus, First Baseman, Bought by the Columbus Club.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 27.—Dick Burrus, the first baseman who was recruited by the Philadelphia American League club from Columbia, S. C., two years ago, has been sold outright to the Columbus club of the American Association, it was announced today by Manager Connie Mack. He added that it was a straight cash transaction, no ther players figuring in the deal.

Casey Signs as Coach.

ALLIANCE, Ohio, Dec. 27. — Eddie Casey, Captain of the 1919 Harvard football team, today signed to coach the Mount Union College football squad for three years. He coached Mount Union this season.

In Three-Day Billiard Match

Arrangements were completed by telegram yesterday afternoon for an 18.2 balkline billiard match between Edouard Horemans and George Slosson, to be played at Boston on Jan. 6, 7 and 8. They will play 2,400 points in blocks of 400 points each in afternoon and evening sessions. The net receipts of the match will be divided, 65 per cent. to the winner and 35 per cent. to the loser. Negotiations for the match have been pending for some time. Although Slosson has not been very active in public competition for the last year, he still ranks as one of the leading professional players in this country and should put Horemans to a real test. Slosson's last public appearance in this city was a year ago last October when he played in the national balkline tournament against Willie Hoppe.

M. I. T. WINS MATCH IN CHESS TOURNEY

Massachusetts Team, Newcomer in Triangular League, Takes Opener from Penn.

For the first time in the history of the Triangular College Chess League, which began its twenty-second annual meeting at the rooms of the Manhattan Chess Club yesterday morning, five colleges were represented, including Cornell, winner of the championship last year; Pennsylvania, City College, New York University and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

The New Englanders were the newcomers, and although playing with only three men made a splendid start by winning their first match from Pennsylvania, and making a good fight, though losing, in the second match with Cornell.

The champions from Ithaca, who had a bye in the first round, when the match by a score of 2½ to 1½. The M. I. T. team disposed of Pennsylvania by 3—1, winning on all the boards, with the exception of No. 1, where they forfeited.

New York University played two tie matches, the first being against City College and the second against Pennsylvania, the score in each case being 2—2. City College drew the bye in the second round.

The list of players making up the five teams and their classes:

Cornell—N. Adelsberg, '21; H. Garfinkel, '22; L. H. Campbell, '24, and N. N. Gotthoffer, '22.

City College—A. Weisbord, '21; H. Sternberg, '22; H. Grossman, '23, and H. Slochower, '22.

New York University—D. Bourgin, '22; L. Denonn, '25; A. A. Cohen, '22, and B. Glassberg, '22; J. Zatulove, 22, reserve.

Pennsylvania—R. S. Fraser, '22; E. G. Palacio, '21; F. L. Cooper, '24, and E. L. Rosenberg, '22. H. Everding, '24, reserve.

Massachusetts Institute of Technology—R. F. Lyon, '21; S. Nelson, '21; C. Thumlin, '21, and J. Brimberg, '23.

At the close of the second round the M. I. T. team had a total number of 4½ points, New York University 4, Pennsylvania 3, Cornell 2½ and City College 2. Both Cornell and City College had played only one match apiece owing to byes.

Of the Massachusetts players S. Nelson won both of his games, while C. Thumin scored 1½ points out of two. J. Brimberg won a game and lost one. For New York University L. Denonn scored twice and A. A. Cohen and P. Zatulove one apiece. R. S. Fraser, at Board No. 1, was the most useful player on the P. S. team, obtaining both of his games. H. Everding was the other winner. Cornell, playing but one match, had victory contributed by H. Adelsberg and N. N. Gotthoffer. The winners on the City College team were A. Weisbord and H. Slochower.

The summaries:

Boards.	N. Y. U.		Boards.	C. C. N. Y.	
1—D. Bourgin		0	1—A. Weisbord		1
2—L. Dennon		1	2—H. Sternberg		0
3—A. Cohen		1	3—H. Grossman		0
4—B. Glassberg		0	4—H. Slochower		1
Total		2	Total		2

City College played white on the odd-numbered boards. The openings: 1, Giuoco piano; 2, queen's gambit declined; 3, irregular; 4, queen's pawn.

M. I. T.		PENNSYLVANIA.	
1—R. F. Lyon	0	1—R. S. Fraser	1
2—S. Nelson	1	2—F. G. Palacio	0
3—C. Thumlin	1	3—E. L. Cooper	0
4—J. Brimberg	1	4—B. L. Rosenberg	0
Total	3	Total	1

M. I. T. played white on the odd-numbered boards. The openings: 1, queen's gambit declined; 2, French defense; 3, centre counter; 4, French defense.

PENNSYLVANIA.		N. Y. U.	
1—R. S. Fraser	1	1—D. Bourgin	0
2—F. G. Palacio	0	2—L. Denonn	0
3—E. L. Cooper	0	3—J. Zatulove	1
4—H. Everding	1	4—B. Glassberg	0
Total	2	Total	2

New York University played white on the odd-numbered boards. The openings: 1, queen's gambit declined; 2, Scotch gambit; 3, Ruy Lopez; 4, Scotch gambit.

CORNELL.		M. I. T.	
1—H. Adelsberg	1	1—R. F. Lyon	0
2—H. Garfinkel	0	2—S. Nelson	1
3—L. H. Campbell	½	3—C. Thumlin	½
4—N. N. Gotthoffer	1	4—J. Brimberg	0
Total	2½	Total	1½

M. I. T. played white on the odd-numbered boards. The openings: 1, absent; 2, French defense; 3, king's bishop's opening; 4, French defense.

In the third round, to be contested this morning, the pairing will be: N. Y. University vs. Cornell and City College vs. Pennsylvania; M. I. T. a bye.

Columbia, Harvard, Yale and Princeton will begin their twenty-eighth annual chess tournament at the Manhattan Chess Club at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Columbia, last year's winner, will meet Harvard and Yale will encounter Princeton, both matches being on four boards. The sessions of play will be from 2 P. M. to 6 P. M. and, if necessary, from 8 P. M. to 10 P. M.

TO INVESTIGATE HOCKEY.

U. S. Amateur League to Probe Reports of Rough Playing.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 27.—William S. Haddock, President of the United States Amateur Hockey League, announced today that he will investigate reports of rough and unseemly playing in the game here last Tuesday evening between the Granites of the Ontario Hockey Association and the Pittsburgh club of the United States Amateur Hockey League. Mr. Haddock said that Link Madden, who refereed the game, will be summoned for an interview some time this week.

The games played here last Monday and Tuesday were only exhibition games, but all exhibition contests in which a member of the United States Amateur Hockey Association participates must be sanctioned by the league, Mr. Haddock announced.

The Pittsburgh players, Mr. Haddock continued, are only playing under provisional approval by the association and the line-up for league games will not be given until the status of certain players, which is being investigated by the Executive Committee, is determined.

Roy D. Schooley, Secretary-Treasurer of the association, today issued full amateur cards to the following Cleveland members: John P. Dietz, Vernon Wilbert Turner, Alfred H. Holman, Elmer A. Irving, Robert Jenks, Clarence Jamieson, James Cree, Joseph Debernardi, Ustin Wilkie and Francis J. Wintera.

The Cleveland club also made applications for Eugene Boucher, formerly of Quebec, and Nelson Stewart, of Parkdale, Canada. Their cases have been referred to the Canadian Amateur Hockey Association.

Applications have been received from twenty-nine members of the Harvard University club, and the Yale hockey club and the Boston Shoe Trades club have also applied for admission. All applications will be passed upon this week in order that the decks may be cleared for the opening of the championship season the first of the year.

The playing schedule of Group 3 was approved. The group is made up of Sault Ste Marie (American Soo), Sault Ste. Marie (Canadian Soo), Calumet, Mich., Houghton, Mich., and Eveleth, Minn.

ICE-SKATING MATCH

Veteran Defeats Don Baker in Two Out of Three Races at Local Rink.

Norval Baptie, skating champion, who retired undefeated two years ago, celebrated his return to the competitive ranks last night at the 181st Street Ice Palace by winning a match race with Don Baker, the New York speed specialist. The two skaters met in three events—at 220 yards, 440 yards and one mile—and Baptie took two of the three races, losing only the furiong sprint. Baptie is out to meet Bobby McLean, Mathiesen or any other skater who disputes his claim as the world's champion, and he announced last night that he would take on all comers as speedily as possible.

In the double furiong race, which was the first of the three races contested, Baker set the pace for half the distance, and then Baptie went to the front, holding the lead to the finish. He was less than two yards ahead of his rival as he crossed the finish line after five fast laps. The races were held over a track measuring twenty laps to the mile.

In the 220-yard race Baker led from start to finish. He got away fast as the gun barked its starting signal and Baptie was not able to pass him in the two and one-half laps. The two skaters were less than two feet apart at the end of the race.

In the mile race the two contestants alternated in setting the pace up to the eighteenth lap. Then, with only two laps to go, Baptie went to the front and quickly opened up a gap of about eight yards, which he was able to hold to the finish. Baker showed signs of his previous exertions, while Baptie appeared as strong at the finish as he had been in the earlier races.

The race, which was the first between professionals to be held in this city in some years, drew a crowd which filled the 181st Street Ice Palace to capacity.

The amateurs also had their opportunity to show speed, two events being carded for the simon pures of the steel blade. In a two-mile race for Class A skaters Bobby Hearn of the Tremont Sporting Club, who had an allowance of 25 yards, won by the narrow margin of two yards from Joe Moore of the home rink. Moore fell after skating half the distance in this event and lost many yards as a result. He showed great speed after regaining his feet and gradually was closing up the gap which Hearn had opened. He was still two yards behind, however, at the finish. In this race a field of twenty started and four judges were unable to agree upon the third place skater. As a result of this uncertainty no decision was made.

Class B skaters indulged in a race of one and one-half miles and the victory went to G. Hilskey, who enjoyed a handicap of 45 yards. Twenty-two contended for honors in this event.

The summaries:

220 Yards—Won by Don Baker; Norval Baptie, second. Time—0:21 4-5.

440 Yards—Won by Baptie; Baker, second. Time—0:42 2-5.

One Mile—Won by Baptie; Baker, second. Time—3:34 1-5.

Two-Mile Handicap, Amateur—Won by Bobby Hearn, Tremont Skating Club (25 yards); Joe Moore, 181st St. Ice Palace (scratch), second; third place undecided. Time—6:15 2-5.

One-and-One-Half-Mile Handicap, Amateur, Class B—Won by G. Nilsgy (45 yards); J. Smith (20 yards), second; D. McCall (10 yards), third. Time—6:00 2-5.

HOREMANS WINS EASILY.

Belgian Defeats Mayer in Opening Blocks of Billiard Match.

Although the weather conditions were anything but ideal for the best billiards, Edouard Horemans, the Belgian, made a decidedly impressive showing in his first match against an American professional in this section of the country, when he won the first two blocks of his 1,600-point 18.2 balkline match against Joseph Mayer at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn yesterday afternoon and last night. Horemans won the matinee game by a score of 400 to 109. Last night he won by 400 to 116, making the total score to date, Horemans 800, Mayer 225. The final two blocks of the match will be played this afternoon and tonight.

While there were no exceptionally high runs or particularly big averages, Horemans's all-around playing was of a very high order. In the afternoon his best run was a cluster of 99 and his average was 25. Mayer's best run was 60 and his average 7 4-15. Horemans also had runs of 63, 59 and 49. In the evening the Belgian's best effort netted him 110, with smaller bunches of 67, 55, 51 and 41. His average was 30 10-13. Mayer's high run was 32 and his average 8 8-12.

Mayer, who formerly held the national amateur championship, but who turned professional several years ago, was decidedly off his game. He is capable of playing much better billiards than he showed against the foreigner, but for some reason or other he was unable to get going in his normal stride. This may have been due to the fact that he was compelled to sit idly by while Horemans was making his sizable runs. In this way, Mayer was "cold" when he got his turns at the table.

The outstanding feature of Horemans's work was his nursing. For long stretches he held the balls together in the open space and showed a delicacy of stroke and judgment of speed that proved he is a master player. His masses, too, were very impressive. Several times during each of the blocks the Belgian made masses that caused the big gallery to break into prolonged applause.

LA RUE WINS WITH CUE.

Outgenerals Bassi in National 3-Cushion Billiard Tourney.

As a result chiefly of his strong safety playing, George La Rue last night defeated Louis Bassi in the preliminary round of the national three-cushion tournament of the American Amateur Billiard Association at John Doyle's Academy. The score was 25 to 21. Both players used so much "oil" and employed so much deliberate safety that the game consumed fifty-nine innings. In spite of the fact that it was the slowest game in the tourney thus far, it was interesting because of the closeness of the score. At no time, until La Rue made five point in his last six innin, s, did either of the men enjoy a lead of more than two points and no less than eight times during the match the score was tied.

There was nothing spectacular about the playing of either man. Each had previously lost a game and was extremely cagey. They realized that another defeat meant virtual elimination and refused to take chances. The result was that the game was largely a battle of generalship with tight playing prevailing throughout.

The standing of the players follows:

Player	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
C. Adair	1	0	1000
H. Frisch	1	0	1000
J. Primakow	1	0	1000
F. Owles	1	0	1000
G. La Rue	1	1	.500
H. Frantsen	1	1	.500
L. Bassi	0	2	.000
R. Smith	0	2	.000

MANY RIVALS FOR TITLES.

State Champions Will Defend Honors in Amateur Ring Tourney.

Cards of twenty bouts each night will be conducted on the occasion of the New York State amateur boxing championship tournament, which will be held Jan. 3 and 4 in Madison Square Garden, under the auspices of the Metropolitan A. A. U. The leading "simon pure" boxers of this city, Long Island, Buffalo and Albany will be included in the list of title competitors. Archie Walker, holder of the 135-pound title, and Sam Lagonia, 158-pound champion, will defend their titles in their respective divisions. Both are promised sterling



A ha!
A hat sale!
Soft hats, velours and a few derbies! All Rogers-peeters!

Surplus from our regular stock marked down to way below what it would cost us to replace them to-day.

272 were $5.00
344 were $7.00
$3

643 were $8.00
244 were $10.00
263 were $12.00
$5

203 were $15.00
68 were $16.00
127 were $18.00
$8

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. | "Four Convenient Corners" | Broadway at 34th St.
Broadway at Warren | | Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

Jaeger Woolware
100% VIRGIN WOOL

Underwear for Women

All styles for Fall and Winter—low and high neck, short and long sleeves, knee and ankle length.

Vests and drawers—
Light weight, each $4.25-$6.50
Medium weight, each $9.00-$9.50

Union Suits—
Light weight, $9.50-$11.50
Medium weight, $14.50

Tights—Medium weight; black, open, knee length and ankle length, $7.50-$8.00

Complete stock of children's undershirts and underdrawers and union suits in requisite weights and styles.

An order from our catalog will have our careful attention.

Dr. Jaeger's Co.



306-5th Ave
and 22 MAIDEN LANE
NEW YORK



CUTICURA
SOOTHES SKIN TROUBLES

Bathe with plenty of Cuticura Soap and hot water to cleanse and purify. Dry lightly and apply Cuticura Ointment to soothe and help heal. Cuticura Talcum soothes and cools the skin and overcomes heavy perspiration. Delicate, delightful, distingué.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 21E, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
SALE OF



GENUINE VELOURS
$4.80
Were $7.00 & $8.00
DERBIES AND SOFT HATS
$3.95 to $5.85

AT JEFFERSON PARK

Only Two Public Choices First in New Orleans Racing—Good-Priced Horses Win.

FEATURE RACE TO ANGON

Gentry Colt, Heavily Backed, Takes Mermentau Handicap by Head—Medusa Victor in Sixth.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 27.—The favorites had an off day in the racing at Jefferson Park this afternoon. Only two real hot choices managed to plow through the heavy going and finish in front. In two of the five other events there were no outstanding public choices, but in the remaining three races horses that were quoted at lucrative prices flashed under the wire the winners. It was a day for good priced horses. In every instance but one horses that were quoted at better than even money finished in front. Included among the winners were an 8 to 1, 5 to 1, 4 to 1 and a 3 to 1 shot. The single exception was when Angon, quoted at 11 to 20, grabbed the featured race, the Mermentau Handicap.

The handicap was the fifth race on the program and was a five and a half furlong sprint for all ages. Four horses went to the post in this event, and Angon seemed to have so much the best on form that the public unloosened its purse strings to such an extent that L. Gentry's colt was finally held at the almost prohibitive odds of 11 to 20. In spite of the fact that Angon finally won the race, the running of the event caused many knees to quake. At no time did the money of those who had backed Angon appear to be safe, for Rapid Day came with a rush in the stretch and almost succeeded in taking the laurels. Angon won by a head with Rapid Day five lengths in front of Cock o' the Roost.

Angon Gets Away Fast.

Angon got away forwardly, breaking in second position with Cock o' the Roost showing the way. Jockey Murray, however, soon let Angon down and, under hard urging, moved into the lead. Rapid Day got away last and for a time appeared to be out of it, but Jockey Collins made a determined move on W. G. Stoner's four-year-old gelding and he came with a rush at the turn into the stretch. He quickly overhauled Cock o' the Roost and showed such a surprising burst of speed that it seemed he would overtake Angon and win. After showing impressive early speed Cock o' the Roost tired quickly in the stretch but managed to finish third, three lengths in front of Head Over Heels. The latter was always far back.

Medusa was the other favorite to score a victory. H. J. Harris's five-year-old mare took the sixth race, a claiming event, at a mile and seventy yards, for three-year-olds and upward. She won with great ease, finishing six lengths ahead of Betsy, which was a like distance in front of Kirstie's Cub. Medusa showed her best form and was well handled by Jockey Mooney. She took the lead just as soon as the barrier was sprung and moved into a long lead without delay. She held sway throughout the running and won as her rider pleased. Betsy ran gamely and was much the best of the others. Kirstie's Cub ran in improved form, and held on gamely when Walter Turnbow threatened near the end. After running half a mile Walter Turnbow moved up strongly and might have grabbed third place but for the fact that he got into deep going, which caused him to tire.

The form players got their first slap in the opening event when Tony Sutton, practically overlooked at odds of 8 to 1, took the five-and-a-half-furlong dash by half a length from the liberally supported favorite, Secretary. Repent was third, a length back. Tony Sutton liked the going and ran in his best form. He broke quickly and showed the most speed for the entire journey and held on well in the final drive. Secretary was slow to get under way, but once the favorite got started he closed strongly and came with a rush during the final eighth. G. Oddo's chestnut colt was running in fourth position as the horses turned into the stretch, with Sutton leading, Repent running second and Obstinate third. Secretary quickly passed Obstinate, which was quickly tiring from his early efforts and finally finished fifth. Secretary also overhauled Repent, but could not quite get up to Tony Sutton.

Ivanmist Wins by a Head.

A 5 to 1 shot scored in the second event. Ivanmist just managed to last long enough to win. The mare got away to a good start and moved into a fine lead. Jockey Smith kept his mount in the best of the going, but the mare tired badly in the stretch, winning by only a head from Madras Gingham. The latter closed a big gap and made a determined bid in the closing stages to get to the wire first. Sentimental, which carried most of the support at even money, was weakly handled by Jockey Mooney and was kept in the deepest part of the track. The favorite finished third, a length and a half back of Madras Gingham.

The favorite in the third race finished fourth. Tarascon was made the choice at 11 to 5, but was outrun during the first half and could not get up. Harry Burgoyne, at 9 to 2, managed to win under strong urging by Jockey Jarvis.

Another horse at a price captured the fourth race. Tan Son, at 4 to 1, was hard pressed by Petrarch and just lasted to win by a head. Petrarch finished a head in front of Undine. This race furnished the most stirring finish of the day. There was not a full length separating the first four horses as they flashed across the finish line.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For maiden two-year-olds; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Tony Sutton, 108 pounds (Collins), 7 to 1, 5 to 2, 7 to 5, first; Secretary, 108 (Wilda), 7 to 2, 7 to 5, 3 to 5, second; Repent, 100 (McDermott), 8 to 1, 2 to 1, even, third. Time—1:10 2-5. Echoland, Obstinate, Seaboard, Ahuirante, Calithump, Plato and Controit also ran.

SECOND RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Ivan Mist, 112 pounds (E. Smith), 5 to 1, 8 to 5, 7 to 10, first; Madras Gingham, 107 (Anthony), 10 to 1, 3 to 1, 6 to 5, second; Sentimental, 112 (Mooney), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 3, third. Time—1:18. Circulate, Retreat, Ruvoco and Dalwood also ran.

THIRD RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Harry Burgoyne, 110 pounds (Mooney), 9 to 2, 8 to 5, 7 to 10, first; Valerie West, 107 (Borgan owski), 7 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, second; Poultney, 115 (Burke), 3 to 1, even, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:17. Nolawn, Dancer, Early Sight, York Road, Tarascon and Pigeon also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Tan Son, 113 pounds (Thurber), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 7 to 10, first; Petrarch, 107 (Wright), 7 to 1, 5 to 2, even, second; Undine, 99 (McDermott), 3 to 1, even, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:16 2-5. Gallot, Alcatraz, Mary Head and Alberta S. also ran.

FIFTH RACE—The Mermentau Handicap; all ages; purse $1,000; five and a half furlongs. Angon, 128 pounds (Murray), 11 to 20, out, out, first; Rapid Day, 115 (Collins), 3 to 1, 2 to 5, out, second; Cock o' the Roost, 106 (Thurber), 6 to 1, even, out, third. Time—1:08. Head Over Heels also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upwards; claiming; purse $700; one mile and seventy yards. Medusa, 103 pounds (Mooney), 7 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 5, first; Betsy, 108 (Ponce), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, second; Kirstie Cub, 106 (Roberts), 7 to 2, 7 to 5, 7 to 10, third. Time—1:49 3-5. Kingling II., Laclun, Chick Barkley and Walter Turnbow also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and seventy yards. King Neptune, 111 pounds (Ponce), 2 to 1, 2 to 5, 2 to 5, first; Highland Lad, 111 (Murray), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, second; Miss Nell, 100 (Pollard), 15 to 1, 6 to 1, 2 to 1, third. Time—1:50 1-5. Cockroach, Tugs, Verity, Susan M., Dr. Shafer and Illinois Lad also ran.

RIGHT ANGLE WINS SPRINT AT HAVANA

Shows Improved Form and Beats Favorite by a Nose in Featured Event.

HAVANA, Cuba, Dec. 27.—Right Angle, running in improved form, scored in a sensational finish when he won the sprint handicap by a nose over the well played favorite, Out the Way, at Oriental Park today. Right Angle led a clever band of sprinters to the wire and his victory was due largely to the powerful ride of Jockey Pickens. Out the Way, a very rapid breaker, went to the front at the start and gained a long lead, but, as usual, in the last sixteenth he began to stop and Right Angle, closing fast on the outside, got up to win. Out the Way was one and one-half lengths in front of San Diego.

Penelope, after many unsuccessful attempts, finally won a race. She won the fourth event in a romp. She was the choice and, taking command quickly, easily disposed of the field to win by three lengths. Hocnir was second, with Allivan third. Two favorites won.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Hunter Platt, 111 pounds (Butwell), 5 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, first; Driftfield, 109 (Fletcher), 6 to 1, 5 to 2 and 8 to 5, second; Juanita III., 106 (Penman), 4 to 1, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, third. Time—1:15 3-5. Raven Sea, Rhadames, Bill Huniey, Whippoorwill, James and Marty Lou also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Litholick, 106 pounds (Wilson), 6 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, first; Goldstone, 106 (Atkinson), 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 2 to 1, second; Count Boris, 105 (Garner), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, third. Time—1:14 3-5. Bibbler, Elga, Kewessa, Wilfreda, Assign and Discord also ran.

THIRD RACE—Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Right Angle, 108 pounds (Pickens), 2 to 1, 2 to 5, out, first; Out the Way, 109 (Weiner), 8 to 5, 3 to 5, out, second; San Diego, 103 (Barnes), 15 to 1, 3 to 1, out, third. Time—1:07 2-5. Stepson, Assumption and Walnut Hall also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $800; one mile. Penelope, 111 pounds (Wilson), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, out, first; Hocnir, 107 (McDermott), 7 to 2, even, out, second; Allivan, 104 (Weiner), 8 to 5, 2 to 5, out, third. Time—1:40 2-5. Haran and Black Prince also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and fifty yards. Guaranteed, 104 pounds (Wilson), 6 to 5, 1 to 2, out, first; Mather, 109 (Eames), 10 to 1, 4 to 1, out, second; Darnley, 109 (Dreyer), 3 to 1, even, out, third. Time—1:42 3-5. Dolph and Sans Peur II. also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and fifty yards. Clip, 108 pounds (Wilson), 3 to 1, 8 to 5, 3 to 5, first; Buncrana, 109 (Dominick), 2 to 1, even, 1 to 2, second; Sol Gilsey, 100 (Dreyer), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, third. Time—1:44 1-5. Homan, McClelland, Tim J. Hogan, Night Wind and Ginn Feiner also ran.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs. *Grey Rump 102 pounds, *Eastern Glow 105, *Hatrack 105, *Terrible Susan, 105, *Huntress 108, *Ben Butler 108, Dints Moore 110, Starkeder 113, Col. Lillard 113, Gus Scheer 113, Golden Red 113, B. B. Johnson 113.

SECOND RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for two-year-olds; five furlongs. *Perhaps 95 pounds, *Disturbance 90, Kathleen K. 104, Draftsman 108, George C. Jr. 107, Cannon Ball 107, Lotta Speed 108, George W. 113.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; five furlongs. *Waking Dream 95 pounds, Smite 90, *Frank Keogh 105, *Foster Embry 108, Cavan Boy 108, Blazonry 108, Pickle Fancy 108, *Marion Hollins 111, Truant 101, Thornbloom Red 112.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $800; for three-year-olds and upward; five and a half furlongs. Azurita 102 pounds, Pelican Club 102, Just Fancy 102, Ulster Queen 105, Belle of Elizabethtown 112, Tacola 115.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,000; Pan American Handicap; all ages; one mile. Mess Kit 103 pounds, Sweep Clean 105, Helen Atkin 105, War Zone 107, Mumbo Jumbo 109, Bally 113, Buford 115.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs. Vulcanize, 113 pounds, John Arbor 113, Lusmore 113, Magic Castle 113, Philanderer 115, Voormir 113, San Greque 113, Rosecliff 110, Whittle 110, Calithump 110.

SECOND RACE—Purse $700; claiming; three-year-olds; six furlongs. Pueblo 109 pounds, Trackstar 114, Beau Brummel II. 114, On High 100, Dr. Hall 109, Link Boy 114, Mickey Moore 114, Plain Bill 114, Riddle 116, Tom Logan 108, Benecia 106, Horeb 114, Catania 111, Big Idea 106, Kirah 106, Old Sinner 114, Marie Maxim 111.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700; claiming; two-year-olds; six furlongs. Louise Wynne 107 pounds, Hope Princess 108, Lady Stella 115, Rape o' the Lock 105, Our Kate 106, High Wave 100, Bit of Green 108, Sea Court 111, Kinetic 105, Crimson Rambler 102, Dr. Hoverard 108, Loch Leven 107, Gladys 107, Superb 106, Mabel Josephine 102, Fading Star 104.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Phantom Fair 104 pounds, Madge F. 101, Shilling 97, Serbian 105, Ablaze 106, Archie Alexander 105, Our Birthday 112, Portlight 100, The Nephew 112, Veteran 120, Title 115, Hidden Jewel 107, Hadrian 110, Jean Bullant 110, Charlie Leadecker 114, Kuklux 115, Trooper 110.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Miss Filley 100 pounds, Golden Dawn, 103, Waukeag 111, Douglas S. 107, Dahabiah II. 110, Plenty 107, Kaffe Bell 106, Neenah 101, Nelle Yorke 114, Double Van 98.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a quarter. Captain Hodge 106 pounds, John T. Day 105, Pigtail 99, Dotta's Best 105, Adalente 105, Lad 105, Sasin 110, Ben Hampson 105.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a quarter. King Neptune 110 pounds, Lottery 105, Corydon 110, Thirteen 105, Lorena Moss 112, Keep 99, Brookland 110, Austral 105.

Weather cloudy; track heavy.

BRITISH FOOTBALL RESULTS.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—Results of British Soccer League games played on Boxing Day were as follows:

The English League—First Division—Arsenal 1, Everton 1; Bradford 2, Oldham A. 1; Derby C. 1, Bradford C 1; Huddersfield T. 0, Middleboro 1; Liverpool 2, Chelsea 1; Manchester U. 1, Aston Villa 3; Preston N. E. 4, Blackburn R. 2; Sheffield U. 1, Burnley 1; Sunderland 0, Bolton W. 0; Tottenham H. 3, Newcastle U. 0; West Bromwich A. 2, Manchester C. 2.

Second Division—Barnsley 0, Blackpool 1; Birmingham 2, Westham U. 1; Bristol City 2, Port Vale 0; Cardiff City 0, Coventry City 1; Fulham 1, Leeds U. 0; Hull City 3, Clapton 0; Notts C. 2, The Wednesday, 0; Rotherham 0, Nottingham F. 0; South Shields 2, Gury 0; Stoke 1, Leicester city 1; Wolverhampton W. 2, Stockport 0.

Third Division—Crystal P. 3, Brighton and H. 2; Exeter C. 1, Plymouth A. 1; Marthyr T. 0, Millwall A. 1; Northampton 2, Gillingham 0; Norwich C. 0, Grimsby T. 0; Portsmouth 1, Watford 0; Queen's Park R. 1, Brentford 0; Southampton 1, Luton T. 1; South End U. 2, Newport C. 1; Swansea T. 2, Bristol R. 2; Swindon T. 2, Reading 0.

IN SCORING OF DIVE

Metropolitan A. A. U. Managers Would Simplify Task of Aquatic Judges.

The method of scoring diving competitions in Amateur Athletic Union activities will probably be changed to simplify the task of the aquatic judges, as a result of a recommendation made last night at the special meeting of the Metropolitan A. A. U. Board of Managers, at St. Bartholomew's Club. At the suggestion of A. G. Savori, local men's swimming handicapper and Chairman of the Swimming Committee, a resolution was adopted providing for the appointment of a committee of three to investigate the question and decide on a course which will remedy the present complex situation. President Frederick W. Rubien, who presided over the meeting, is expected to name the committee within a few days.

Confusion on the interpretation of the rules already adopted for scoring diving competitions led to the recommendation that an effort be made to simplify matters. It was pointed out that many judges of diving place a wrong construction on the rules now governing the sport and the result was that the record sheets of the judges were invariably at wide variance, making the determination of the victorious competitor a difficult problem and at times working an injustice to some of the participants.

The local association's province in the matter is limited, and in a measure extremely restricted. It is understood that at the next meeting of the National A. A. U. the swimming and diving rules will undergo a drastic change from their present state so that they will conform with the international rules governing Olympic competitions. At present the American rules differ from the international provisions. It is because of this, and the fact that the swimming of Americans is accordingly affected in the Olympic games, that the A. A. U. officials are considering revising their rules so as to make for conformity.

Have No Power to Change Rules.

Under the circumstances it is doubtful if any real permanent results will develop from the work of the committee, which will be appointed by President Rubien. Under the A. A. U. constitution a subsidiary association is not vested with power to change the rules in any sport. All changes must be made in the form of proposed amendments and be submitted for the consideration of the national legislative body. In cases of emergency, where the interests of any particular sport are vitally concerned and it is necessary to secure the desired amendment immediately, a mail vote is taken on the question by the national legislative body. Whether this matter will be submitted to a national mail vote is a debatable question.

Chairman Savori made his recommendation after reading his annual report. In the course of his report the Swimming Committee head called attention to the fact that the A. A. U. was making elaborate plans for the conduct of men's and women's swimming events in connection with the Sportsmens' Show at Madison Square Garden, Jan. 29 to Feb. 5. Incidentally, a series of amateur boxing bouts will also be held at this show, under A. A. U. supervision.

Reports of various other committees were read in the course of the meeting. The gymnastic report was submitted by Roy E. Moore, Chairman of the Gymnastic Committee, who also announced that it had been decided to hold the annual championships in March. Last year the title meet was held in July because of the Olympic Games. The question of holding the junior and senior cross-country title races in the Spring instead of the Fall was discussed and it was decided to have members of the Board of Managers ascertain the attitude of the contenders and their clubs and report back at the next meeting, which will be held in February or March.

Letter from Weeks Read.

A report from Justice Bartow S. Weeks of the Legislative Committee was read, in which the changes affecting the local association, which were adopted at the New Orleans convention, were discussed. The changes included the raising of the club membership dues to $10 and the sanction fee to $15. While the Metropolitan A. A. U. has received permission to make these increases, they have not yet been actually put into operation. The question of invoking the increases was laid on the table.

Jeremiah T. Mahoney of the New York A. C., reporting for the delegates to the national convention, in discussing the election of Robert S. Weaver, Coast official, over the other candidates, who included Herman Obertubessing of the local association, declared that the delegates came to the New Orleans session determined to elect a Western leader and as a result the metropolitan representatives had received practically no consideration in the various caucuses. Judge Mahoney also discussed the appointment of an A. A. U. committee to investigate the Olympic Committee. The Mercury Foot delegate is a member of this committee, and reported progress in the work assigned the body.

Plans for the New York State amateur boxing championship tournament, which will be held at Madison Square Garden, Jan. 3 and 4, were discussed. On recommendation of Stephen S. Byrne, it was agreed to invite wounded soldiers at the Polyclinic and Fox Hills hospitals to be the guests of the A. A. U. at the coming tournament. Sections of the Garden will be reserved for the wounded doughboys each night.

Boxing Application Tabled.

The application of the National Turn Verein of Newark to hold the New Jersey State amateur boxing championship tournament was laid on the table. The Turners offered to hold the tournament without expense to the association, and, conversely, without remuneration in the event of success. Other organizations, whose representatives were not yet prepared to apply for the tournament, are understood to be willing to hold the tournament on a basis remunerative to the association.

Miss Charlotte Epstein of the Women's Swimming Association, who resigned as local woman's swimming handicapper after being re-elected at the last annual meeting, was replaced by Mrs. Edna Cole Civik, whose appointment by President Rubien was approved. Lester C. Stevens, New Brunswick official, one of the Vice Presidents of the association, submitted his resignation because of business pressure, but President Rubien favored a delay in acceptance and the managers acquiesced.

HARVARD GRADS. WORRIED.

Want More Andover and Exeter Athletes to Come to Cambridge.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 27.—The Harvard Alumni Bulletin, a bit worried about such fine athletic timber from Andover and Exeter going to New Haven or elsewhere for an education instead of to Cambridge, which is located close to both these institutions, suggests editorially this week that the entire senior classes of these two preparatory schools be brought to Harvard annually for a brief visit to get the proper lay of the land.

The Bulletin declares that proselyting is far from its mind. It professes the belief that Harvard is misunderstood, and this overhanging cloud would be swept away if the alumni of Andover and Exeter, who are studying here, should take the initiative and stand behind such an invitation.

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
TOMORROW NIGHT
JACK SHARKEY
vs.
ROY MOORE
15 ROUNDS TO DECISION
2 TEN ROUND BOUTS
Panama Joe Gans vs. Sailor Darden
Charlie Pilkington vs. Tommy Elm
Adm., $1. Res. Seats, $3-$1. Ringside, $5.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd, Manhattan
Court Street at Montague, Brooklyn

An Astounding Men's Hat Sale Regardless Of Cost!

4509 Hats
(Every Hat In Our Stock)

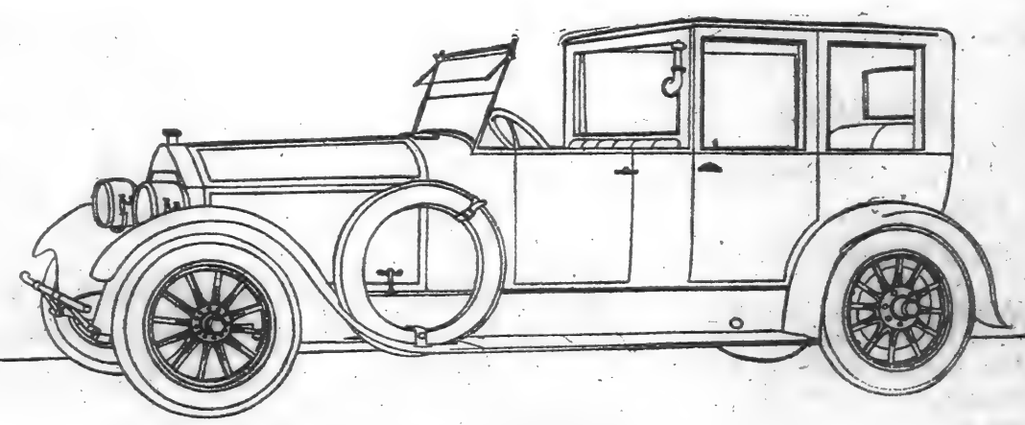
$4.95

Instead Of $7.50 To $24.00

922 Hats were $7.50
127 Hats were $9.00
1603 Hats were $10.00
1049 Hats were $12.00

158 Hats were $14.00
170 Hats were $15.00
300 Hats were $20.00
180 Hats were $24.00

DERBIES, SOFT HATS AND VELOURS INCLUDED
NONE SENT C. O. D.—NONE DELIVERED



PIERCE ARROW

THE PIERCE-ARROW CAR is built to an exacting standard, with infinite pains. It is the best car that our engineers and workmen can produce from fine materials.

HARROLDS
Harrolds Motors Car Co., New York
BROOKLYN POUGHKEEPSIE STAMFORD

ELLIS
Ellis Motor Car Co., Newark and Trenton

Pierce-Arrow prices on passenger cars and motor trucks are guaranteed against reduction up to July 1st, 1921.
The Pierce-Arrow Motor Car Company

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
37 Wall Street.
Member of the Federal Reserve System.

Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft
(Strong & Cadwalader)
40 Wall Street
New York

SIMPSON, THACHER & BARTLETT,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
62 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK.

Hughes, Rounds, Schurman & Dwight
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law
100 BROADWAY
CABLE ADDRESS "HUROS"
New York October 7, 19

The National Board
FIRE UNDERWRITERS
76 WILLIAM STREET

OLDEST INSURANCE COMPANY IN THE WORLD
FOUNDED A. D. 1710.
Sun Insurance Office
OF LONDON.
METROPOLITAN DEPARTMENT
56 JOHN STREET, NEW YORK.
W. A. RIORDAN, Manager

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York,
Nassau, Cedar, Liberty and William Streets,
New York.

New-York Life Insurance Company.
New York, N. Y.
Darwin P. Kingsley, President.

Begin the New Year by Keeping Your Business Records at

PIONEER

Resolve

to Put Your Record-Filing Department on a Sounder Basis

NEVER in the history of American business was the need more vital for adopting cost-and-time-saving short cuts—for scrapping antiquated methods of record-keeping—for utilizing filing space to the most profitable advantage!

NOW, at the threshold of the New Year, Pioneer's recognized record-keeping facilities—already familiar by experience to over 350 of America's most representative and influential business institutions—are of even greater significance to the world of business than before!

Pioneer is completely organized for every smallest detail of efficient record-keeping. It offers specially constructed, private record rooms, from 50 square feet up, equipped with every scientific safeguard against fire, theft, misplacement, unauthorized entry or other emergency. It is conveniently located only 7 minutes from Wall Street, right at the Nevins Street Subway Station. It checks every wasteful, costly effort—and space costs two-thirds less than in high-rental lower Manhattan.

Literally *everything* that foresighted organizations, with unlimited resources at their command, consider necessary to their individual record-storing needs, Pioneer provides.

A visit to the Record Rooms in active daily operation will furnish convincing evidence of Pioneer's specialized facilities for creating greater record-keeping efficiency and reducing costs.

Pioneer Record Room
LEASES
include without extra charge

- TELEPHONE SERVICE
- SHELVING, LIGHT, HEAT
- JANITOR SERVICE
- WATCHMAN PATROL, NIGHT AND DAY
- PASSENGER AND FREIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE
- FIRE SAFETY-SIGNAL SYSTEMS

All Rooms have 12 foot ceilings, giving 20% more filing space than the average building with 10 foot ceilings.

Space in any size unit, from 50 sq. ft. up, for immediate occupancy.

Pioneer

is privileged to serve such leading institutions as those listed above

WE are proud of our association with these organizations—proud of the service that we are privileged to render them—prouder still of the confidence that their acceptance of that service signifies.

They chose Pioneer for the storing of their business records, because of Pioneer's specialized facilities. They each knew that an institution serving so many other leading houses *must* be admirably suited to their own record filing needs.

This recognition reflects the high regard in which Pioneer is held by a representative list of Big Business houses, whose record rooms vary from 10,000 to 50 square feet.

Inspection visit arranged to suit your convenience

PHONE *Nevins* 2700

PIONEER FIREPROOF STORAGE WAREHOUSES

Specializing Exclusively in Business Record Storage

41 FLATBUSH AVENUE · BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Seven Minutes from Wall St. Right at Nevins St. Subway Station

ESTABLISHED 41 YEARS

UNTERMYER FLOUTS BRINDELL'S PLEA

Tells Court Accused Building Trades Boss Can Get a Fair Trial in New York Courts.

6,003 INTERVIEWS CITED

Majority Expressed Belief That Accused Was Guilty, Affidavits Show.

BASIS FOR CHANGE OF VENUE.

Defendant's Counsel Declares Client Has Been "Lynched by Ink Law."

Clashes between Samuel Untermyer and Martin Littleton marked the argument yesterday before Supreme Court Justice William P. Burr on the plea of Robert P. Brindell, President of the Building Trades Council, for a change of venue. Brindell is under $100,000 bail on seven indictments charging extortion and attempted extortion.

Mr. Littleton, on behalf of Brindell, declared that his client could not get a fair trial in this county because Judge Mulqueen, in General Sessions, had referred to him as a felon. He said Brindell had been tried and convicted in the public press, having been "lynched by ink law," and stated that 6,003 persons had been interviewed, most of whom declared they thought Brindell guilty.

In reply Mr. Untermyer analyzed the affidavits concerning the examination of the 6,003 persons referred to by Mr. Littleton. He said that his conclusions showed that the names of only 68 of the 6,003 persons interviewed were given, and those on apparently stereotyped affidavits.

Mrs. H. Elvia of 151 West Ninety-eighth Street, one of the "investigators," said Mr. Untermyer, swore that she interviewed 635 persons in 720 minutes, or at the rate of one minute eight and two-fifth seconds a person. "And remember," Mr. Untermyer added, "that she had to make a selection and to take notes of the result of the individual interviews."

Another "investigator," Ella Morgan-stein, in a period of 375 minutes, talked to 250 persons, according to her affidavit, giving each one a minute and a half, "assuming that she kept up an incessant flow of conversation, and that there was a steady stream of people coming toward her for the purpose of being interviewed." He said Miss Morganstein's address was given as the Hotel Pennsylvania, but she did not live or work there.

Says Affidavits Are Worthless.

Summarizing the results of an investigation of Brindell's "investigators," made by employes of the Attorney General's office, Mr. Untermyer declared that it was shown that the affidavits supporting the motion were unreliable and worthless.

Some of those who signed affidavits for Brindell, he said, are members of the "Bear Club," situated on Eleventh Avenue, between Fifty-first and Fifty-second Streets, a rendezvous for persons of "unsavory reputation," whose members include remnants of the former Hell's Kitchen and San Juan Hill gangs.

As showing how the expressions were obtained, Mr. Untermyer said that one of the chief "investigators" for Brindell was John J. Gallagher, an employe of Brindell's "Compensation Department," and a member of the lathers' union, who was arrested charged with felonious assault and discharged and who was subsequently found guilty of disorderly conduct and sentence suspended.

Five affidavits were obtained by Joseph Mannheim, a friend of Matt Brindell, brother of the accused. Ray Clark, foreman for Albert Volk, a housewrecker formerly friendly with Brindell, was another "investigator." Others who made "investigations" and signed affidavits included a "Syp" automobile dealer, some of Brindell's associates and Charles H. Bellows, whose office is located in the same building as that of J. J. O'Connor, one of Brindell's attorneys.

Brindell was in the courtroom during the argument, which lasted nearly two hours.

In opening his argument Mr. Littleton said that of the first 2,000 pages of testimony taken before the Lockwood committee, 1,700 concerned Brindell.

First Man on Whom Storm Burst.

"In other words, after a whole year of congregated judgment and anxiety concerning the housing situation," he said, "as soon as the committee assembled, the first man on whom it burst was Brindell. He was the man who in one fashion or another was accused of being the one who caused these privations concerning the housing shortage in this city."

Mr. Littleton slammed a scrap book on the table in front of him and pushed it toward Mr. Untermyer. He said it contained 100 pages of clippings, "not the results of reportorial activity or of baneful prognosis of what is to come, but of sworn testimony before the Lockwood committee in the form of questions and answers."

"These questions and answers were submitted to the whole of New York City which was made a Grand Jury and the whole city returned an indictment," he continued. He asserted that such a thing had never happened in the history of the city and charged that the Lockwood committee was conducting an ex-parte investigation.

Shaking his finger in the direction of Mr. Untermyer, Mr. Littleton exclaimed: "There is nothing in the criminal law so sure as failure, and that is that every man is entitled to a trial before an impartial jury. If we haven't got that law we have some stupid vulgar lynch law. I come from the South where many have been lynched who deserved to be, but they were lynched without due process of law. What is happening here is lynching by ink law, just as they lynch by rope law in the South. You can do it either way."

Judge Mulqueen, when fixing bail for Brindell, denounced him as a felon, he asserted, adding that the court stated that it was not impressed with Brindell's personal appearance.

For three days a metropolitan newspaper had attempted to connect the Wall Street bomb explosion with Brindell, said Littleton. "They might as well have said he sunk the Maine or the Lusitania or that he kidnapped Charlie Ross," he continued. "I am here to make an appeal for the rights of man and I don't propose to have Brindell lynched by gallons of ink.

"Here are five books of testimony concerning the villainy of this man. He has no more of a chance for a fair and impartial trial than would have Pontius Pilate, Judas Iscariot or any villain of sacred or profane history who might come back for trial. Mr. Untermyer thinks a fair trial is a conviction. Every man on the street thinks a fair trial would be to lynch him."

Raising his voice to a shout and pounding the table in front of him, Mr. Littleton concluded by saying, "It doesn't make any difference if I love Brindell or not. Mine is a government of law and justice, and it cannot be polluted by all the legislative committees in existence. It is a government that I live for and that I am willing to die for if necessary."

Mr. Untermyer said that before he replied to the "intemperate" statements of his opponent he would have Deputy Attorney General Samuel A. Berger read from the affidavits of the men who investigated the 6,003 statements in support of Brindell's plea.

Mr. Berger said that Michael J. Driscoll, one of the investigators of his office, was formerly in the United States Department of Military Intelligence. In his affidavit, which Mr. Berger read, Driscoll said that the first of the Brindell "investigators" he approached was a typical "gorilla" and he was unable to get much information from him. He went to the home of another "investigator," an Italian, in Corona, L. I., and when he inquired of the man's mother concerning the occupation of her son, she exclaimed, "Oh, Mister, what trouble is he in now?"

Other investigators and affiants were Frank McAllister, who said he had "done business with Brindell," and Nicholas Marino, a tailor, who stated he did not realize what he signed and who believed that Brindell would get a fair trial. The agents for the Attorney General could not locate some of those whose names appeared on the affidavits and in other cases discovered that the street names mentioned did not exist.

Mr. Berger read an affidavit of Stanley Richter, Special Assistant District Attorney, denying the statements attributed to Judge Mulqueen by Mr. Littleton. Mr. Untermyer said that "not even the ingenuity of my friend can distort the remark of Judge Mulqueen in this way."

Mr. Littleton jumped to his feet. "I'm not a liar!" he shouted. "You can't make me out a liar.' Mr. Untermyer stuck to his contention that Judge Mulqueen had made the statement. J. J. O'Connor, associate of Mr. Littleton, read an affidavit denying that Mr. Richter had been present when Judge Mulqueen made the remark imputed to him.

Mr. Untermyer then began his formal argument. He declared the 6,003 affidavits were worthless because they did not give the names of the affiants. One of the "investigators," he said, was Vladimir Fanke, associate of Brindell, whose name appeared prominently during the first phase of the Lockwood committee's investigation.

The name of Fanke aroused Mr. Littleton, who again jumped to his feet. He protested against the affairs of the committee being dragged into the case. "Will you sit down?" begged Mr. Untermyer.

Mr. Littleton moved close to Mr. Untermyer. "Never at your command!" he shouted. "Not in a thousand years. You'll do no bulldozing here. You are not going to run this court. The Court can run me, but not you." Turning to Judge Burr, he said, "If your Honor tells me to sit down I will sit down."

"Mr. Littleton, please sit down," said Judge Burr, gently.

The lawyer took his seat. A few seconds later he took offense at another remark by Mr. Untermyer. He sprang to his feet, waving his arms in the air. "You needn't be so overbearing," he declared, pointing to Mr. Untermyer. "This is not like the ex-parte proceeding you are conducting over at the City Hall." The Court ordered Mr. Littleton to desist. He sat down.

Mr. Untermyer then pointed out that for 100 years a change of venue was accorded only when it was shown that a general feeling of hostility to the accused rendered a fair trial impossible.

Judge Burr reserved decision.

CONSTANTINE THINKS HE'S WON GROUND HERE

Believes the World Is Coming to Realize He Was Pro-Greek, Not Pro-German.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, Dec. 23.—It would be impossible to talk with Constantine and come away without a pleasant impression of his personality. As he received a fire of questions from half a dozen American correspondents this morning he was quite as democratic and frank as if he had been the Mayor of an American City. Some of the questions were delicate ones, but he did not sidestep them.

He said that Princess Anastasia, formerly Mrs. W. B. Leeds, had full status as a member of the Greek royal family, but her son had none, nor had the widow of King Alexander, as her marriage was not legal.

The King doubted if the Allies would treat with Kemal Pasha, as it did not seem to their interest to do so. He said he expected to go to Asia Minor to lead his troops, but could not tell at what date. The morale of the troops, he said, was excellent. It was not true that the result of the recent elections implied demoralization. On the contrary, it had been stated by the Constantinist leaders before the election that the troops would be kept in the field.

When asked what he had heard about the coming meeting of the Entente Premiers at Nice, he said the reports reaching him were conflicting, some saying that the Premiers would take the initiative and others that they would wait to see what Greece did.

Some one suggested that the return of Venizelos to power was impossible, and the King repeated the statement.

When he was asked for a message to America he said: "I have given that before. Do you wish me to repeat it?" Then, after a moment, he said: "I have just received a telegram saying that American sentiment has undergone a change. It is from Von Wiegand, a well-known correspondent at Berlin." He took the telegram from the table and handed it to me to read aloud, which I did.

He said he believed the world was getting a clearer impression of his course in the war, which had never been pro-German, but pro-Greek. He wanted to keep Greece out and save her loss and suffering if it was possible.

In the course of the interview he said one thing, parenthetically, that might have a considerable bearing on his future course. Will he attempt to control the Government or will he follow his father's policy and stand aloof? His chance remark today may have indicated that he has come back to Greece with liberalized ideas. All he said, and particularly his manner, was consistent with that theory.

ATHENS, Dec. 27 (Associated Press).—King Constantine today declared to delegations from the provinces that he must go to the Smyrna front. He is receiving telegrams of felicitation from all parts of the country.

MORE HELP NEEDED

For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

Pershing Accepts Invitation To Head the Inaugural Parade

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—General Pershing, in a telegram from Roslyn, L. I., tonight accepted the invitation to serve as Grand Marshal of the parade for the inauguration of President-elect Harding, it was announced tonight by the committee in charge of arrangements.

The invitation was extended in conformity with the custom of having the ranking officer of the army head the inaugural parade.

THOUSANDS PENNED IN RIVER TUNNEL

Passengers on Ten B. R. T. Trains Walk to Emergency Exit and Stations.

3 OTHER MISHAPS IN DAY

Smoke Affects Three Persons When "Blow-Out" Occurs in Seventh Avenue Subway.

WATER HALTS MORE TRAINS

Another Block Caused When Man Is Caught Between Car and Platform.

At least ten thousand persons were held in the Montague Street tunnel of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit subway yesterday morning by an accident which shut off the power and stalled ten trains under the East River between the Court Street station, in Brooklyn, and the Whitehall Street station, in Manhattan. Several hundred passengers, under the guidance of an inspector of the Transit Construction Commission, reached the outer air through the old construction shaft at Furman Street, Brooklyn, which had been maintained as an emergency exit. Several thousand others left the trains and walked on the "bench" alongside the tracks to the two stations mentioned. Most of the rest were held in the trains by the guards and were imprisoned for a little more than an hour.

The accident, which took place at 8:30 o'clock, during the peak of the morning rush hour, was caused by the dropping of a "shoe-beam" of a Manhattan-bound train approaching Whitehall Street. The beam struck the third rail and caused a short circuit, bringing all the trains in the tunnel to a stop.

Each of the ten six-car trains stalled was heavily loaded with passengers, nearly two hundred to a car. The cutting off of the power current shut off the regular light supply, but the emergency lights in each car, which are fed from storage batteries and were installed by order of the Public Service Commission, came on, averting a tendency toward panic on the part of some of the passengers. Some of these emergency lights were reported to have gone out before traffic could be resumed, leaving the cars in darkness. The Public Service Commission will make an investigation of this phase of the accident.

Tunnel Lights Kept On.

Under another order of the commission, the current which supplies the lights in the tunnel comes from a different source from that which supplies the third rail. These lights continued to burn and afforded sufficient illumination to enable passengers who alighted from the trains to find their way out.

After a considerable time it was found possible to turn on the power east of the "breaker," which is approximately in the centre of the tunnel, and trains on the Brooklyn side of the tunnel were eventually hauled back to the Court Street station. In the meantime trains were rerouted and sent to and from Brooklyn by way of Canal Street and the Manhattan Bridge. Traffic in the tunnel was not resumed until 9:35, or five minutes more than an hour after the accident took place.

Five east-bound Interborough subway trains were delayed for twelve minutes by a short circuit caused by water from the storm dripping into the third rail at the Nevins Street station, Brooklyn. The train lights were extinguished but the emergency lights flashed on. Smoke caused by burning insulation caused considerable excitement among the passengers for a time, and issued from the station entrances and exits.

Traffic on the south-bound express track in the Seventh Avenue subway was blocked for ten minutes during the morning rush hour, when a transforming fuse in the motor car of an express train blew out as the train was entering the Seventy-second Street station. The blowout caused a cloud of dense, pungent smoke which drifted into the other cars and over the station platforms.

Smoke Affects Three Passengers.

Three of the passengers were attended by Dr. Bonnigan of Flower Hospital for suffocation. They were Philip Thomas of 45 West 132d Street, Miss Anna Magruder of 349 Lenox Avenue, and Ernest Newson of 129 West 137th Street. The smoke caused considerable excitement among the passengers.

Another subway block was caused by an accident at the Ninety-sixth Street station of the Interborough west side subway, which resulted in Orlando Rosales, a translator, of 103 West Eighty-eighth Street, being taken to Knickerbooker Hospital with "a badly bruised, cut and wrenched right leg.

While running to get on a south-bound train, Rosales slipped just outside the platform of a car, and his leg became wedged to the hip between the car and the station platform. It took the train crew fifteen minutes to extricate him, and the motorman held the train fifteen minutes longer, until the arrival of the hospital ambulance.

BISHOPS IN VERBAL CLASH.

Hughes, Methodist, and Lawrence, Episcopalian, Tilt at Boston.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 27.—Sharp words between Bishop Hughes of the Methodist Church and Bishop Lawrence of the Episcopal Church formed a feature of today's meeting of clergy of Greater Boston to consider church unity.

Bishop Lawrence, who was the leading speaker, had just advocated the re-ordination of ministers upon officiating in Episcopal churches and the reordination of Episcopal ministers upon officiating in other Protestant bodies, when Bishop Hughes interrupted:

"I would not be reordained in the Episcopal Church for a million dollars. I believe my father, who was a Methodist minister, was as regularly ordained as the Archbishop of York. Why, if this very thing which Bishop Lawrence is suggesting went into operation, there would be more cleavage than ever in the churches."

Again when Bishop Lawrence spoke of the Apostolic succession Bishop Hughes declared:

"Of course to me the Apostolic succession is only a superstition."

To this Bishop Lawrence retorted:

"I do not agree with Bishop Hughes at all, and I believe that Apostolic succession has something to do with the orderliness of the church. We Episcopalians have a historic ministry, and in our methods of ordination seven-eighths of the Church follow it in part, like the Roman Catholic Church, and the great Eastern church. Every person baptized in the name of the Trinity is a member of the holy Catholic Church."

Prices realized on Swift & Company sales of carcass beef in New York City for week ending Saturday, Dec. 25th, 1920, on shipments sold out, ranged from $3.50 cents to $1.00 cents per pound and averaged 15.3 cents per pound.—Advt.

Many Suicides Mark Spread of Famine, Chinese Killing Themselves and Families

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

PEKING, Dec. 27.—Deaths from starvation, suicide and murder are beginning to take their toll from China's famine sufferers. Catholics and Protestants are united in their efforts to aid the unfortunates, but they are handicapped by lack of funds and an insufficient number of relief workers, so they can save but a small proportion of the millions who are doomed to die.

The distress in China is well illustrated by the following extract from a letter written by Sister Guerlain, a nun at the French Hospital at Cheng-ting-su.

There a handful of nuns are sheltering 2,000 aged famine victims in a space normally used by fifty. The nuns are aided by the strongest of their charges in building shacks for the fast-rising tide of famine sufferers.

"You should know of the evils which accompany a famine here—the sale of children, young girls and young wives, and of the despair of so many who take poison with their last ounce of food or who commit suicide by hanging.

"Take, for instance, the case of one family when members failed to appear for some days. Neighbors went to look them up. They found the doors of the house locked. Breaking their way in, they found the father had killed his five children, hanged his wife and then himself.

"A poor widower had a daughter only 5 years of age. Three times he went to the market (unfortunately there are markets where boys and girls and grown-up girls are sold like beasts of burden) and thrice offered to sell the girl for $3. None would buy. He then dug a pit and attempted to bury the girl alive. She struggled, whereupon the unfortunate father brained her with a shovel.

"The French Minister sent me $2,800 which enabled me to buy, at a very high price, a wagonload of millet, and we were able to feed our people for seventeen days. We are now at our rope's end unless money comes in from other sources."

From throughout the famine districts come similar letters and appeals.

DRY AGENT'S DEATH STILL A MYSTERY

Police Seek Man Seen in Company of McGuinness Before Body Was Found.

FEDERAL SLEUTHS ACTIVE

Autopsy Fails to Show Calibre of Pistol Which Killed the Victim.

Although the Bayonne police still adhere to the suicide theory in the death of James F. McGuinness, prohibition enforcement squad chief, it became known yesterday that they are seeking a man said to have accompanied McGuinness to a butcher shop a few hours before his body was found last Friday afternoon on the waterfront in Bayonne with a bullet wound in the right temple. Detective Patrick Donovan of the Bayonne police came here yesterday afternoon and talked for some time with Acting Supervising Prohibition Agent S. M. Sewell.

Later Mr. Sewell said that virtually nothing new had been learned which would shed light on the mystery, although he admitted that some information had been obtained regarding the movements of McGuinness on the day of the tragedy, which he was not in position to make public. It was reported that McGuinness had been seen by two prohibition agents on Staten Island Friday morning. Mr. Sewell reiterated that there was nothing in McGuinness' record which would cause him to take his life, but declined to say whether he thought the agent was murdered or committed suicide.

Inspectors on the staff of Charles R. O'Connor, Federal Prohibition Director for this State, are co-operating with the enforcement agents. Mr. O'Connor received a telegram from Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to President Wilson, urging his help. Mr. Tumulty is a second cousin of Mrs. McGuinness. The telegram replied that he would give all the aid possible and detailed several men to work with the agents from Supervisor Chapin's office.

Chief William J. Flynn, of the Bureau of Investigation, Department of Justice, continued his investigations yesterday. Two New Jersey agents of the Department of Justice are working with him on the case.

An autopsy was performed yesterday on the body of McGuinness at the family home, 335 Summit Avenue, Jersey City, by Dr. A. P. Hasking, Assistant County Physician. Dr. Hasking said the autopsy showed that death was caused by a bullet which entered the right temple and came out back of the left ear. He was unable to decide the calibre of the pistol, but said that it was "larger than a .32 calibre." A .38 calibre pistol was found beside the body.

FRENCH SOCIALISTS DEBATE LENIN EDICT

Views of Left, Centre and Right Wings Voiced at the Congress of Tours.

TOURS, France, Dec. 27 (Associated Press).—The left, centre and right wings of the French Socialist Congress in session here today voiced their fears and hopes on the proposed adhesion to the Moscow Internationale under the twenty-one conditions as laid down by Nikolai Lenin.

Leon Blum, Socialist member of the Chamber of Deputies and author of the motion on behalf of the right wing to remain as the Socialist Party, demanded the co-operation of the Socialists with the Government as during the war. He was interrupted by the singing of the "Internationale."

Marcel Cachin, Socialist Deputy, who, with M. Frossard, Secretary of the party, returned from Russia a few months ago completely converted to Bolshevism, took the floor to reply to Deputy Marcel Sembat, whose severe criticism of the Lenin Communist program yesterday made quite an impression on the delegates.

M. Cachin compared the revolutionary measures Moscow has imposed upon the French Socialists to the raid of John Brown, the American abolitionist, on Harper's Ferry, Va., in 1859.

"Some great revolutions have been brought about that way," he declared. "John Brown gave impetus to the movement against slavery. He did the same thing we want to do in France to capitalism and to the bourgeoisie. If we enter upon a purely revolutionary campaign in France we will only be following French revolutionary tradition."

The anti-Bolshevist delegates cried to Cachin, "You are an opportunist," when he declared that if it was found expedient not to socialise the land in Russia but to divide it among the peasants, the same thing could be done in France.

Paul Faure of the Centre Party presented a middle ground platform of adhesion to the Bolshevist régime in principle, without acceptance of the 21 points imposed by Lenin.

MANY SWINDLES LAID TO MRS. RUICKHOLDT

Police Say Doctor's Wife Arrested Here Is Wanted in Six States.

BAIL IS RAISED TO $10,000

Prisoner Still Blames Man With Hypnotic Eyes and Awaits Husband's Aid.

As a result of statements by the police that they had received information from individuals and authorities in six States that Mrs. Ruth Ruickholdt was wanted for alleged swindling, Magistrate Levine in the Jefferson Market Court yesterday raised her bail from $2,500 to $10,000. She was arrested Friday charged with having attempted to obtain a gold watch and chain from Stone & Perry, jewelers of New London, Conn., under false pretenses. Mrs. Ruickholdt on the way to her cell, still maintained that "the man with the hypnotic eyes" was responsible for her predicament and said that she would have some interesting things to say at her next hearing Thursday.

The specific complaint on which Mrs. Ruickholdt was arraigned yesterday was made by Dr. E. T. Sharpe of 12 Elizabeth Street, Derby, Conn., who alleged that on Nov. 12 she obtained $1,000 from him by misrepresentation. On that day, he said, he received a telephone call from a woman who told him she was his cousin, Miss Charlotte Sharpe. The woman said, according to the complaint, that she had been robbed of a suit case containing $6,000 in money and jewelry in front of the Hotel McAlpin, and asked him to wire her $800. Dr. Sharpe telegraphed her $1,000, he charges. The real Miss Sharpe was in court yesterday, an interested spectator.

The Boston police sent a message here, according to the police, that Mrs. Ruickholdt was wanted in that city on a charge of stealing a violin worth $800 from Frans Burgstaller, a dealer, on Nov. 11. The police also produced a message from Harry C. Browne of Nineteenth Street and Broadway, Flushing, who alleged that the defendant had obtained $200 from him and $35 from his mother on Dec. 6 by representing herself to be a friend of his sister, a Y. M. C. A. worker in Germany. Mr. Browne, who was in court, verified the telegram. He said he had known Mrs. Ruickholdt many years.

J. C. Houston, a traveling salesman of Mount Vernon, telegraphed the police from Newton, Iowa, that Mrs. Ruickholdt had obtained $250 from him by posing as a relief worker. He wired that he would appear in court against her on Thursday. George Bell of 4 East Forty-second Street alleged that she obtained $900 worth of jewelry from him under a fictitious name. Agents of Davega's sporting goods store in the Hotel Commodore said that by representing herself as Mrs. Charlotte Sharpe of Providence Mrs. Ruickholdt purchased $1,000 worth of goods for which she had not paid.

During the afternoon session of court Samuel Hunter, a diamond cutter of 13 Maiden Lane, asked Magistrate Levine if he could see the prisoner and proudly picked out Mrs. Ruickholdt as a woman using the name of Charlotte Sharpe, who, he said, had defrauded him of a $500 diamond ring. He told the Court that after selling the ring a spurious ring which she sold for $200. Later she opened an account by means of which he alleged she obtained the more valuable ring.

When the Assistant District Attorney asked Mrs. Ruickholdt what had become of the ring she replied that she did not know.

"Did the hypnotic man get that, too?" he asked.

"I suppose so," she replied.

At the proceedings yesterday Mrs. Ruickholdt was represented by John R. Donnelly of 52 Broadway, who said that he expected to obtain a bondsman for her. Later Mr. Donnelly, who has a civil practice, withdrew in favor of former Assistant District Attorney Deacon Murphy. Mrs. Ruickholdt said she was awaiting the arrival of her husband, Dr. Charles R. Ruickholdt, from Washington. He had not appeared at the time court adjourned.

HUMAN EAR CHRISTMAS GIFT

Woman Left Box at Sing Sing for New York Convict.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Dec. 27.—Vincent Valsnotti, who was sent to Sing Sing a year ago from New York City to serve a fifteen-year sentence for manslaughter, received a human ear in a Christmas package left at the prison for him by a woman.

Prison officials refused to say whether they had got track of the sender and whether they had learned the motive which inspired the making of such a gift. One theory was that friends of Valsnotti had murdered an enemy of his and sent the ear as a token of revenge accomplished. Another theory was that it was intended as some kind of a threat.

Valsnotti had inquired anxiously for a Christmas box and was much concerned when it did not arrive on time, as if he had been expecting something important. The discovery was made when the package was opened by the prison censor.

Novelists As Business Men

by

Vicente Blasco Ibanez

Written Especially for

The New York Times Book Review and Magazine

NEXT SUNDAY

Order from your newsdealer in advance

DISARMING BAVARIA LEFT TO PREMIERS

Council of Ambassadors Passes Remonstrances of Gen. Nollet on to Higher Authorities.

FOCH'S ADVICE IS SOUGHT

He Is Requested to Report by Dec. 31 Means for Removing "Civil Guards" Menace.

A MONARCHIST MOVEMENT

France Now Regrets Leniency Which Gave Bavarian Plotters Time to Grow Powerful.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 27.—The conference of Allied Premiers, which, it is reported, will be held early next year at Nice, will have to solve the grave problem of the disarmament of the Bavarian Einwohnerwehr and other "auto-protection" (i. e., anti-Communist) organizations in Germany.

That is the decision of the Council of Ambassadors, which met here today to consider the protest received from General Nollet, head of the Interallied Control Commission in Berlin, against the recent refusal of the German Government to carry out this disarmament.

The Ambassadors feel that the question is too urgent and important to be dealt with by the dispatch of a collective note to Germany, which is the only means of action at their disposal, and will ask the Premiers to consider it at the earliest opportunity.

They further decided to instruct Marshal Foch, as head of the Interallied Military Commission, to give them before Dec. 31 a full report on the position of the "auto-protection" bodies in Germany, and the best means he can suggest of securing their disarmament.

Interest Stimulated by Lefevre.

The Germans declare that this disarmament is impossible in the present circumstances. French interest in the subject has been greatly stimulated by the recent speech in Parliament of André Lefèvre, ex-Minister of War, who tried to convince his countrymen that the German danger was so great as to make a reduction of the period of French military service undesirable at present. In that he failed. A majority of the Deputies and the mass of public opinion declined to accept his conclusions, which condemned them to a military effort of the most onerous and expensive character.

M. Lefèvre appeared as the apostle of militarism, and, for all her distrust of Germany, France is reluctant to sacrifice on the militarist altar billions of public money and the three best years of the lives of her young men.

But M. Lefevre succeeded in focussing the limelight on these German auto-protection societies, whose existence France considers a permanent threat to the peace of Europe for political as well as military reasons. Not only does the Bavarian Einwohnerwehr—which is reported to consist of upward of half a million veteran soldiers, militarily organized—form a secondary German army, contrary to the terms of the Peace Treaty, which could rapidly be linked up with the first line forces of the Reichswehr for an attack on France, if opportunity offered, but it is a weapon in the hands of a party of action in Germany. The German Socialist press does not hesitate to attribute the refusal of the Government to disband the Einwohnerwehr to pressure from Munich, which declines flatly to allow anything on its territory in direction of the Ludendorff, Bauer and other former chiefs of the imperial army, the German Socialists say, a reactionary conspiracy is being openly prepared in Munich, with the direct complicity of Prussian military leaders like General Von Seekt.

Planning Monarchist Restoration.

They are planning a monarchist restoration, not, however, the restoration of the Hohenzollerns, but of the Wittelsbachs; of the popular Bavarian Prince Rupprecht instead of the unpopular Kaiser or the Crown Prince, who alienated public sympathy by their flight to Holland. The reactionary leaders propose to extend this restoration to all Germany. It will be the re-establishment or the old German Empire with only this difference, that the centre of gravity will be shifted from Berlin to Munich. The unfortunate feature of the whole business is that the Bavarian reactionaries were able to get a good start with their Einwohnerwehr because the French, who had been almost insistent about the disarmament of auto-protection societies in other parts of Germany, turned a blind eye in their direction. The fact is the French were for the moment obsessed by the old delusion which wrecked Napoleon III. in 1870, that Catholic Bavaria might form a Catholic Prussia. Now that the French perceive the real extent of the Bavarian plan and the gravity of the reactionist dream they are loud in the demand that the Einwohnerwehr shall be disarmed.

A Temps editorial indignantly repudiates the suggestion that the French encouraged the Bavarian movement and even goes so far as to lay the blame on the British General, Malcolm, head of the British mission in Berlin, whose solidarity horror of the Bolsheviki and their doctrine made him sympathetic toward the auto-protection or anti-Communist organizations.

Such post-mortem recriminations do not much matter. They do not change the fact that the Einwohnerwehr remained undisarmed and undisbanded when the allied interdict went forth from Spa against the rest of the auto-protection societies, and that now the Bavarian reactionaries are so strong as to impose their authority on the Central Government.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 27.—A dispatch to the Handelsblad from Düsseldorf says the Interallied Rhine Commission, alarmed because of the spread of militarism in German schools, has issued an order prohibiting the use of schools for military purposes on penalty of arrest of offenders and confiscation of the schools.

WEARS JUSTICE'S SHOES.

Edward Barrett Accepts Tierney's When His Own Disappear.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Dec. 27.—Edward Barrett, President of the National Realty Corporation, who arrived at Pinehurst today in company with several New York Supreme Court Justices and other legal luminaries, is treading in the shoes of Justice John M. Tierney and giving a very fair imitation of the walk of Charlie Chaplin in the lobby of the Carolina Hotel tonight.

Mr. Barrett's elevation to the shoes of greatness is due to the fact that when he started to dress for dinner this evening his own shoes were missing. Judge Tierney, one of Mr. Barrett's scheduled opponents in a golf tourney that begins here tomorrow, came nobly to the rescue with a pair of his own shoes, and Mr. Barrett admits that his suspicions have now narrowed down to his other two golf adversaries, Justices Francis T. Delehanty and Edward Ridley Finla.

The three Judges will be opposed tomorrow by Mr. Barrett, Elihu Root Jr. and Thomas W. Churchill, former President of the Board of Education.

France to Sell Fleet Of Merchant Vessels

PARIS, Dec. 27.—The Government has introduced a bill for the liquidation of the merchant fleet built or bought during the war to assure transport which was jeopardized by the submarine warfare. The Government continued to manage the ships during the transition period after the war, but considering that no useful purpose was being served in operating them longer, has decided to sell off the ships in groups.

A committee to be appointed by the Under Secretary of the Merchant Marine will assist the technical experts in directing the liquidation. Certain categories of the ships will be reserved for French buyers on condition that there is no transfer of nationality without the sanction of the French Government. The others, chiefly wooden ships built in America to the order of the Under Secretary, will be sold to all comers.

The bill stipulates that the liquidation must be completed by June 30, 1923.

FIREBUG DESTROYS $200,000 BUILDING

Tenant of Business Structure in Uniontown Is Held for Examination.

SMITH BOY PLEADS GUILTY

Confesses to Starting 13 Fires—Three Men Are Prevented From Burning Another School.

Special to The New York Times.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Dec. 27.—With the capture of Albert Smith and his confession that he had started thirteen fires in Fayette County in the last two months, the inhabitants of the fire zone had begun to relax their vigilance only to be again startled this morning by the destruction by fire of a $200,000 business building on Main Street. William Pantelos, proprietor of one of the business establishments housed in the building, was arrested by the Deputy State Fire Marshal investigating the Fayette County fires.

Pantelos was released on his own recognisance, and will be given a hearing later. Pantelos is alleged to have made statements while the fire was in progress which excited the suspicion of the Deputy Fire Marshal. It was the fourth time fire had been discovered in the building.

Young Smith pleaded guilty this afternoon to thirteen charges of arson and felonious arson before Alderman Michael. He was held for criminal court action tomorrow morning, when the court is expected to determine whether the lad, who is said to be irresponsible, will be sent to Fairview Asylum for the Criminal Insane or to the penitentiary.

Reuben Smith, father of the boy, was taken into custody by the State troopers early Sunday morning. According to the State troopers, Reuben Smith was held as a material witness pending the completion of the State's case against his son. County authorities, however, place a different construction on the arrest of the father.

Basil Wood, aged 27, was arrested in the lumber yard of the Fayette City Construction Company late last night. The negro was pulled from between two piles of lumber by deputies who saw him enter the place. He is being held pending further investigation.

"No one helped me and no one told me to do it," young Smith said, in denying a suggestion that he was not of a sane mind." While he never feared arrest when carrying on his operations, young Smith quakes with fear almost continuously since his arrest. Asked for the reason he declared that he feared the vengeance of the people should they ever get hold of him.

"I am insane," he said. "I get pains in the back of my head and I just don't know why I did it. I remember I set fire to the school building, the church and the garage at Brownsville. I just got those pains, and then I did the firing. There were times when this strange feeling in my head sort of told me I was to set fire to my own home. I never did, but the pains in my head told me I should. I did fire other buildings, but I had no spite against schools or churches. I never fired anything because I hated the people."

His father declared today that he had said after the firebugs had first begun their depredations that he "didn't care if the firebugs did burn the dancing pavilion." He declared that was the only basis the authorities had for placing him under arrest. In making the remarks about the dancing pavilion he asserted, he said it in a way any person might speak who had a violent dislike for a dance hall. He admitted to such a dislike.

Citizens of Jefferson, Washington and Perry Townships held an indignation meeting tonight and adopted resolutions condemning the county detective forces and the District Attorney for their inefficient methods "in ferreting out the fire rat." It was further declared by the citizens present that unless "something is done quickly we will adopt our own measures in dealing with the arson ring."

Members of a train crew on the Pennsylvania Railroad surprised three men trying to get into the Lebanon Avenue School early this morning. The train was stopped and the firebugs took to their heels. One of the vandals in his flight dropped a bundle of oil-soaked waste. The men were trying to force the main entrance of the school when members of the train crew first saw them.

30-YEAR SENTENCE FOR SLAYING GIRL

Arthur Mudgett Convicted by a Jury Composed Entirely of Married Men.

HYDE PARK, Vt., Dec. 27.—A sentence of thirty to thirty-five years in the State prison was imposed today upon Arthur Mudgett after a jury had found him guilty of manslaughter in causing the death of Amy Shonio at Johnson on July 21 last.

Mudgett, who protested throughout the trial that he was innocent, showed no emotion as the sentence was pronounced by Judge Moulton. His counsel announced that exceptions would be taken to the Supreme Court.

The death of Miss Shonio, who was a mill worker, and lived in the same boarding house as Mudgett, aroused more than local interest, and during the two weeks of the trial the courtroom was packed. The body was found in a cemetery at Johnson several days after the girl had left the lodging house. An autopsy showed that she was to become a mother; that an operation had been attempted and bungled, and that she had been strangled.

The jury, composed entirely of married men, four hours after being charged by Judge Moulton returned a verdict of guilty of manslaughter.

In sentencing Mudgett, Judge Moulton said:

"I doubt if any punishment this Court can give you will be greater than the suffering you will have in your recollection of the death of that girl."

When asked by the clerk of the court if he had anything to say, Mudgett replied in a voice that was barely audible, "No, nothing."

RECALLS MARTENS, CANCELS ORDERS

Soviet Alleged to Have Placed Through Envoy Contracts Aggregating $50,000,000.

OUR GOVERNMENT ASSAILED

Tchitcherin Says Its Hostile Attitude "Cannot Reflect Opinion of American People."

MARTENS PREDICTS CHANGE

Says World Cannot Now Get Along Without Russia and American Business Men Realize It.

Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, unrecognized Soviet envoy, who has been ordered deported, will cancel such trade contracts as have been made with American business houses and return to Russia as soon as possible. This was announced yesterday at the Soviet trade headquarters, 110 West Fortieth Street, where Martens has his office. At the same time it was solemnly asserted that the canceled contracts would aggregate "about $50,000,000." Instead of making an appeal, Martens will surrender to the Department of Labor on Jan. 3, and when the affairs of the local bureau are wound up about three weeks later he will be ready to depart.

His attitude is based upon orders received in a cable message from George Tchitcherin, in which the Minister for Foreign Affairs at Moscow bitterly assails the "present American Administration" and praises the envoy for his patience, "notwithstanding malicious insults and petty persecutions on the part of some elements in America."

In a statement yesterday Martens declared that he was confident the attitude of the American Government toward Soviet Russia would change in time.

Text of Tchitcherin's Message.

He made public the cablegram received from Tchitcherin as follows:

Your telegram of Dec. 18 reporting

Houston Lighting & Power Company

1945
First Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds
Due April 1, 1931

This company serves a rapidly growing industrial district. Its gross earnings have increased 280% in the last 10 years. Net earnings five times interest charges on these bonds.

Price to Yield 7½%

Ask for Circular T H

A.H.Bickmore & Co
11 BROADWAY, N.Y.

A Ten-Year Call on Stock

is possible at a price considerably below the average annual quotation for the past six years, through purchase of

Cerro de Pasco Copper Corporation

Ten-Year Convertible Sinking Fund 8% Gold Bonds

which sell at a

Price to Yield 8%

Write for circular which gives full particulars.

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street, New York

RIORDON COMPANY, LTD.

One of the largest manufacturers of bleached sulphite pulp in the world occupies a dominant position in the industry which produces the basic factor in the manufacture of all high grade papers.

8% BONDS, DUE 1940

of this company, secured by a first mortgage on properties which have cost up to November 1st, 1920, over $14,250,000, or twice the total amount of the issue, are available at

99 AND INTEREST TO YIELD 8.10%

Complete details as to the properties, earnings, &c., of the Company will be sent upon request for circular T-150.

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston Philadelphia Albany
Buffalo Chicago San Francisco

W. F. Ladd & Co.

Investment Securities

New York

Victory Notes
Yield 7.04%

Third 4¼s
Yield 6.28%

Fourth 4¼s
Yield 5.30%

Call Money —?

INVEST

C. F. CHILDS & Co.
The Oldest House in America Specializing Exclusively in Government Bonds

Railway Shares Strong, Industrials Irregularly Weak, With Lighter Trading on Exchange.

The closing week of the year began yesterday with no sign either of the money market commotion which frequently marks the occasion or of the aggressive buying of investment stocks and bonds at rising prices, such as will sometimes precede the January interest payments. The money market was unruffled, there was no sign of unusual demand and rates for both demand and time loans remained as they stood last week. It is now the prevalent conclusion that the special year-end requirements have been so long kept uppermost in mind throughout all the business of the banks that advance provision has been made in a quite unusual degree.

On the Stock Exchange, yesterday's transactions were barely half as large as on the active days of last week or in the last week of December of 1919 or 1918. Apparently the bulk of the business done was by professional speculators, who, in the Wall Street phrase, were "feeling for weak spots" in the market. The result of such experimental tests was to disclose a good deal of underlying strength in the railway shares, but little resisting power among the industrials, several of which declined 2 to 5 points. These stocks, along with the rest of the list, moved up again in the final hour, probably because of news that the holdings of one group of promoters, which were lately overhanging the market, had been taken up by banking interests. In the end, most of the industrials closed well above the day's lowest but at irregular and sometimes considerable net declines.

The bond market was extremely irregular and in some quarters lower. Wall Street appeared to be convinced that prices of both bonds and stocks were influenced by sales either to "establish losses" for the income tax or to raise money needed for other purposes. In so far as the establishing of losses has been a dominant influence, it will necessarily cease altogether to operate with the ending of this week. It will then be possible to see what real and immediate influence is to be exerted by the prospect of easier money and the traditional season of reinvestment. Prediction is difficult when one is dealing with an investment situation so markedly psychological in character. For the present, imagination seems to count for a good deal more than tangible realities, and every one knows that financial imagination is now as deeply imbued with pessimism as it was with unwarranted optimism towards the close of 1919. That Liberty bonds should have moved up again to a level 1⅛ or 2 points above last week's lowest, was one of the few signs of the day that the investing community was looking at both sides of the situation.

Occasional expert forecasts in regard to the coming financial year are still contributing to the public's interest in what it rightly considers an obscure and perplexing outlook. Following Mr. Armour's prediction of last week that prices of goods in general cannot go much lower and that revival of business may come as suddenly as did the reaction from the "boom" of a year ago, Judge Gary now speaks from the steel trade viewpoint and Mr. Daniel Guggenheim from that of the copper industry. The chairman of the Steel Corporation is, as usual, cautious about predicting immediate results, but he believes that one "may look forward with confidence to marked improvement of business." This will be "perhaps not so soon or so rapid as we could wish" and Judge Gary can still "recognize dangers in the general situation," but he avows himself "more optimistic in regard to the future of this country than I have been at any time during the last six years."

While this diagnosis is prudently noncommittal as to time and particulars in foreshadowing the future, Mr. Guggenheim particularizes. He believes that financial people "are frightened, and to a great extent unnecessarily and unjustifiably": that the West is much less pessimistic than the East; that the reduction of prices will release for investment sums of money running into the thousands of millions and that our country, like the England of a century ago, will as a consequence be willing and able to provide the necessary credits for Europe after financing our own home enterprises. On the whole, even when allowing for the natural tendency in public statements by men in charge of large enterprises to put the best color on the business prospect, all of these statements reflect a reasoned optimism, though all appear more or less reserved about the immediate future. Wall Street would much prefer to know exactly what is to happen in January and February; but most people of experience know that a new financial year is rather apt not to begin, or at any rate to disclose its actual character, until the Spring season has arrived.

MONEY.

MONDAY, DEC. 27, 1920.

Call money on the Stock Exchange opened the week at the rate prevailing for the better part of last week, to wit, 7 per cent. This rate obtained all day. Time funds were likewise unchanged over the week end, mixed collateral, all dates, going for 7¼ @7½ per cent., and on all industrials 7½ @7⅝ per cent. prevailed. Business is quiet in both call and fixed period market. There is a fair demand from interior banks for prime-name commercial paper, choice names discounting at 7% per cent. 8 per cent. on others. In bankers' acceptances no change was noted in rates.

Call Loans.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Last.	Last.	Friday's
?	?	?	?	?	

Time Loans

Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days	7½@7⅝
4, 5 and 6 months	7½@7⅝
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	7½@7⅝
4, 5 and 6 months	7½@7⅝

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months	7¼@8
Other names, 3 to 6 months	7½@8

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days	6
Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days	6
Bankers' acceptances, 13 to 90 days	6

Open Market Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call	6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	6¼@6¾
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days	6¼@6¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	7 @7½

London Market.

Holiday in London. Last money, 4½ per cent.; short bills and three months' bills last, at 4⅝ per cent. Gold bullion on the London market last price 116s 1d per fine ounce. Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Monday's exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $914,274,357; balances, $92,440,806; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $88,305,345; exchanges this day a year ago, $577,446,540.

Rates Variable—Further Recovery in Rates on Canada.

Sterling exchange was weak all day in a dull market, closing at the lowest rate, 3⅝ cents below Friday. Rates on France, Italy, Berlin and Amsterdam lost ground slightly, and Greek exchange declined from 7.23 cents to 7.10, but Belgian and Scandinavian rates advanced fractionally.

Exchange on Montreal continued to recover, reaching $5.4 cents, as against $5 at last week's close and $3.9 a week ago today, the low figure of the year. The rate on Buenos Aires was slightly lower, on Brazil unchanged.

MONDAY, DEC. 27, 1920.

Range of Rates. Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Friday's Final.
LONDON	3.50⅝	3.49	3.49	3.51⅝
PARIS	5.87½	5.84	5.84	5.86
ROME	3.35	3.34	3.36	3.35½
AMSTERDAM	31.30	31.22	31.22	31.25
BERLIN	1.20	1.18	1.18	1.20½
MADRID	12.10	12.05	12.08	12.05

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as re-

	Mon-day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
EUROPE—Par 9.46⅔ per sovereign.			
Demand	3.49⅝	3.52⅜	3.72⅝
Cables	3.50⅝	3.53⅜	3.73⅝
Com., 60 days	3.44	3.47	3.64
Com., 90 days	3.42	3.45	3.62
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	5.87	5.89¼	5.32
Cables	5.86⅞	5.89	5.33
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.36	3.43¼	7.00
Cables	3.37	3.44¼	7.01
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.16	6.20	6.10
Cables	6.17	6.21	6.11
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.18	1.20¼	2.09
Cables	1.20	1.20	2.10
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.26	.25	.88
Cables	.27	.25¼	.87
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.16	1.16	1.85
Cables	1.17	1.17	2.90
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.20	15.10	19.00
Cables	15.35	15.15	19.20
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand	2.42	2.42	2.30
Cables	2.46	2.46	2.35
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	7.10	7.35	16.30
Cables	7.15	7.40	15.35
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	31.22	31.15	37.375
Cables	31.33	31.25	37.50
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.2 cents per crown.			
Demand	.73	.73	1.05
Cables	.74	.74	1.10
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	18.30	14.65	20.65
Cables	18.35	14.80	20.70
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	.17	.17	1.30
Cables	.17⅛	.17⅛	1.32
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Demand	1.20	1.20	3.20
Cables	1.20	1.21	3.25
SERBIA: Belgrade—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	2.80	2.80	4.80
Cables	2.84	2.84	4.85
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per pesata.			
Demand	12.90	12.93	19.40
Cables	12.94	13.00	19.45
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	19.75	19.70	21.15
Cables	19.80	19.75	21.20
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	15.18	15.22	16.08
Cables	15.21	15.22	16.15
Far East.			
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong: per tael for Shanghai and Peking.			
Hongkong, demand	56.25	54.75	96.00
Hongkong, cables	56.35	54.85	96.50
Peking, demand	79.00	78.50	150.00
Shanghai, demand	72.50	72.00	138.50
Shanghai, cables	73.00	72.50	139.00
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	28.00	28.00	46.00
Cables	28.50	28.50	46.50

Maximum Liberty Bonds Tax Exemption

We will be pleased to analyse your Liberty bond holdings and advise you the maximum amount of each issue you may hold tax free.

Request Letter T. L. L.

W.C.Langley & Co.
Investments
115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

MONDAY, DEC. 27, 1920.

Day's Sales.	Saturday.	Friday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1919.	Same Period 1918.	Same Period 1917.
656,461	Holiday.	606,915	1,218,444	1,183,246	219,719,760½	309,631,101	142,427,395	184,596,340

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
22	23	200	Adams Express	22	22	22	22	...
44½	45¾	300	Advance Rumely pf	46	46	45	45	−1½
24½	25	400	Ajax Rubber	25¼	25½	25	25	−¾
⅛	1	1,400	Alaska Gold Mines	1	1	⅞	⅞	...
⅛	⅞	400	Alaska Juneau	⅞	1	⅞	⅞	−1
45	46	1,200	Allied Ch. & D., w. i.	46	46	45	45	−1¼
27¼	28¼	2,700	Allis-Chalmers	27½	27½	27	27	−1¼
67½	68½	200	Allis-Chalmers pf	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¾	−2¼
54⅝	54½	1,000	Am. Ag. Chemical	54¾	54⅝	54¼	54⅝	+½
37½	39	800	Am. Best Sugar	36½	37	36¾	37	−½
47¾	49¼	300	Am. Bosch Magneto	48¾	48½	48	48	−½
81½	83	300	Am. Brake S.& F. pf	82¼	82¾	82	82	+½
22½	23	2,100	Am. Can	23	23	22¼	22½	−1
77	77⅝	1,100	Am. Can pf	78¼	78¼	77¾	78¼	−1¼
116¼	116⅝	1,300	Am. Car & Foundry	116½	116½	115¾	116¼	−½
16⅞	17	1,500	Am. Cotton Oil	17	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞	−⅛
...	60	100	Am. Cotton Oil pf	59½	59½	59½	59½	−⅛
6¾	6¾	1,100	Am. Drug. Synd	⅞	⅞	6¾	6¾	−⅛
113	125	200	Am. Express	113½	113½	113½	113½	−⅛
6	6½	400	Am. Hide & Leath	7	7	6	6	−1
37¼	37¾	400	Am. Hide & L. pf	39	39	37¾	37¾	+½
38	39	200	Am. Ice	38	38	38	38	...
54	56	100	Am. Ice pf	53	53	53	53	−¾
32½	32¾	2,600	Am. International	32¼	32⅝	32	32⅜	−⅛
9	9¼	700	Am. La F. Fire Eng	9¼	9¼	9	9	−1½
77	78	2,400	Am. Locomotive	78¼	78¼	77	77½	−¾
98½	101	100	Am. Locomot. pf	100	100	100	100	+1
7½	7¾	3,300	Am. Safety Razor	7¾	8	7¾	7¾	−1
8¾	8¾	1,700	Am. Ship & Com.	8½	8⅝	8½	8½	−⅛
30¾	30¾	16,500	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	30	30	30	30¾	−½
65	68	1,100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	70⅝	68	68	68	−6
29	29⅝	500	Am. Steel Found	29	29¼	29	29¼	−⅛
88¾	88½	500	Am. Sugar Ref	88¾	88¾	88	88	−1
99	99¾	250	Am. Sugar pf	99	99	99	99	...
69⅝	70½	700	Am. Sumatra Tob	69⅝	70½	69⅝	69¾	+⅛
47	53	10	Am. Tel. & Cable	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾	...
94½	94⅝	6,100	Am. Tel. & Tel	95	95	94¼	94¼	...
108⅛	109	800	Am. Tobacco	109	109¼	109	109	−⅛
106	107	800	Am. Tob., Class B	106¾	106¾	106⅝	106⅞	+⅛
86½	87	300	Am. Tobacco pf	86½	86½	86½	86⅞	−⅛
57½	58	7,400	Am. Woolen	58¾	59	57¾	57⅞	−1⅛
89	92	200	Am. Wholesale pf	90	90	90	90	...
29	30	300	Am. Writ. Paper pf	30¾	30¾	29¼	29½	−⅛
6	6¼	300	Am. Zinc, L. & S	6	6¼	6	6¼	−⅛
28¾	29	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	−⅛
31½	31⅝	7,700	Anaconda Copper	31⅝	32	31½	31½	−⅛
21¼	22¼	200	Assets Realization	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	−⅛
18½	20	100	Assoc. Dry Goods	18½	18½	18½	18½	−½
52	55	300	Assoc. D. G. 1st pf	54	54	53¾	54	−½
80¼	81	3,500	At., Top. & S. F	80¼	80¾	79¾	80¾	...
76½	76¾	1,200	At., Top. & S. F. pf	76½	76½	76⅝	76⅝	−1¼
4½	5	200	Atlanta, Birm. & At	4½	4½	4½	4½	...
83	83	1,100	Atlantic C. L., ex d	83	83	82	82½	+½
6½	8	300	Atlantic Fruit	8	8	7	7	−1
97½	98	10,800	Atl. Gulf & West I	100½	100¾	96	97¾	−1¼
975	975	22	Atlantic Refining	925	925	890	890	...
14⅝	15	200	Atlas Tack	14⅞	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	−⅜
8	9	4,200	Austin-Nichols	8	8⅛	8	8⅛	−⅛
56	56	500	Austin-Nichols pf	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞	−3⅛
3	4	400	Auto Sales	3½	3½	3	3	...
80⅝	81¼	15,200	Bald. Locomotive	82¼	82½	80¾	81	−1¼
31½	31⅝	7,600	Baltimore & Ohio	32⅜	32⅜	31½	31⅝	−⅛
47¼	47⅝	600	Balt. & Ohio pf	47¾	47⅝	47¾	47⅝	−⅛
60	62	100	Barnet Leather pf	60¼	60¼	60¼	60¼	−¼
103	105	300	Barrett Ch. con. c.d	103	103	103⅜	103⅜	−1¼
100	102	100	Barr't C. pf. con. c.d	99½	99½	99¼	99¼	−¾
2¼	2½	600	Bethlehem Motors	2½	2½	2¼	2¼	−⅛
50⅝	52½	500	Bethlehem Steel	49½	52½	49½	51½	+2
53⅜	53⅝	3,500	Beth. Steel, Class B	53	54½	52½	53⅜	+½
99½	100½	200	Beth. Steel 8% pf	100	100	100	100	+½
3½	3⅝	300	Booth Fisheries	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝	+⅛
98	98	1,900	Brooklyn R. T.	98	98	96	97	+½
6¼	6¾	400	B'klyn R.T.cfs. of d	6½	6½	6¾	6¾	−⅛
4	5	100	Bruns. Ter.&Ry.Sec	5	5	5	5	...
3¾	4	400	Butte Copper & Z	4	4	4	4	...
8½	8¾	1,300	Butte & Superior	8¾	8¾	8¼	8½	−⅛
11	12	300	Butterick Co	11	11	11¼	11¼	−¼
11½	11⅝	300	Caddo Cent. Oil & R	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	−⅛
58½	59	200	California Packing	58⅝	58⅝	58½	58½	−½
4⅝	4⅝	1,300	Callahan Zinc	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	...
258	263	1,000	California Pet.	263	263	253	253	−5
42	42½	600	Calumet & Arizona	41⅝	42	41⅝	42	...
112½	113½	900	Canadian Pacific	113	113½	113	113½	−1⅛
72½	73	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	72	72	72	72	−1
32	33	2,100	Central Leather	33	33	32½	32½	−1¼
82	85	200	Central Leather pf	83	83	83	83	−1
24¾	25	1,200	Cerro de Pasco Cop	25	25¼	24¾	24¾	−⅛
62	63	2,200	Chandler Motor	62¾	62¾	61¾	62¾	−⅛
56¼	57	3,600	Chesapeake & Ohio	55¾	56⅞	54½	56⅝	+1⅛
7	7¼	100	Chi. & Alton	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	−⅛
7½	7¾	300	Chi. Great Western	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	−⅛
17	17½	100	Chi. Gt. Western pf	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	+⅛
25¼	25⅝	4,200	Chi., Mil. & St. P	25⅝	26	25¼	25¼	−⅜
39	40	5,600	Chi., Mil.& St. P. pf	39¾	40	39	39¾	−⅜
62¼	63½	4,700	Chi. & Northwest'n	63	64	62⅝	63⅜	−⅛
101	102	200	Chi. & Northwest.pf	101¼	101¾	101¼	101¼	+1
60	63	100	Chi. Pneu. Tool	60	60	60	60	−2
24½	24⅝	2,300	Chi., R. I. & Pac	24⅞	25	24⅝	24½	−⅜
68	68¾	200	Chi., R. I.& P.7% pf	68⅞	68⅞	68¾	68¾	...
58¾	59½	300	Chi., R. I.& P.6% pf	58¾	59	58¾	59	...
9	9¼	4,300	Chile Copper	9⅛	9¼	9	9⅛	−⅛
17¼	17⅝	3,100	Chino Copper	17¾	17¾	17	17⅛	−½
33⅞	46½	300	Clev., C. C. & St. L.	34½	34½	34½	34½	+1
42	43	100	Cluett, Peabody	42	42	42	42	+⅜
19½	19½	1,900	Coca-Cola	20	20	19½	19⅝	−⅛
25¾	26½	600	Colorado Fuel & I	27	27	26½	26½	−⅛
54¾	55	1,300	Colum. Gas & Elec	54½	54⅞	54	54⅝	−⅛
9⅝	9¾	3,500	Columbia Grapho	10	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	−⅛
57	58½	300	Colum. Grapho. pf	58½	58½	58½	58½	+½
34	35	300	Comput. Tab Rec	35½	35½	35½	35½	−⅛
52½	55	200	Con. Cigar	53	53	53	53	−½
75	76	300	Con. Gas	74½	74½	74½	74½	−½
16⅝	16¾	1,200	Con. Textile	16¾	16¾	16	16	−¾
53⅜	58	300	Continental Can	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	−½
3⅞	4⅜	2,300	Continental Candy	4	4¼	3⅞	4¼	...
64½	64⅝	5,200	Corn Prod. Refin	63⅝	63⅝	64	64⅛	−⅛
26½	27	300	Cosden & Co	26½	27	26½	27	−⅛
75¾	75¾	23,200	Crucible Steel	78½	78½	74½	75¼	−3¾
17⅝	17⅞	3,800	Cuba Cane Sugar	18	18¾	17⅝	17⅞	−⅛
57	57½	2,000	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	56¾	57⅝	56¾	57	...
26⅞	27	1,700	Cuban Am. Sugar	27⅛	27⅛	26	26½	−1¼
101	102	200	Cuban-Dom. Sugar	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	−¼
60	63	100	Del. & Hudson	95	95½	95	95½	−¾
190	195	600	Del., Lack. & West	195	195	195	195	...
⅞	⅞	200	Denver & Rio G	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	−⅛
1¼	1½	600	Den. & Rio G. pf	1½	1½	1½	1½	−⅛
94½	94¾	200	Detroit Edison	95¾	96	94¾	95¾	−⅛
3½	4	100	Dul., S. S. & At	4	4	4	4	+⅛
6	8	100	Dul., S. S. & At. pf	7	7	7	7	+1½
15	15¾	500	Elk Horn Coal	15	15¾	15	15	+⅜
37	40	100	Elk Horn Coal pf	37	37	37	37	+2
48	48¼	1,900	Endicott-Johnson	48¼	48½	47¾	48	−1½
82	84½	100	Endicott-John. pf	84½	84½	84½	84½	−⅛
12½	12¾	2,500	Erie	12¾	12⅞	12½	12⅝	+⅛
18	18½	900	Erie 1st pf	18	18¾	17⅞	18	...
45⅝	46½	900	Famous Play.-Las	46¼	47	46	46	−½
71	73	100	Fam. Play.-L. pf	71¾	73½	71¾	73½	+2
21⅜	22½	200	Fed. M. & S. pf	22	22	22	22	−½
81	85	100	Fisher Body	81	81	81	81	+½
97	101	100	Fisher Body pf	97	97	97	97	−½
10⅝	10¾	1,900	Fisk Rubber	10⅝	10¼	10⅛	10⅜	+⅛
13	13¾	1,200	Freeport-Texas	13⅝	13⅝	13	13	−⅛
2	2½	1,600	Gaston, Wm. & W	2½	2½	2	2	−⅛
37⅛	38½	2,100	General Asphalt	39¾	39¾	37½	38½	−⅜
117	119	200	Gen.C. Ch. C. c of d	120	120	120	120	−3
52¼	53	300	General Cigar	52⅞	53	52⅝	53	−⅛
83	88	300	General Cigar pf	85	85	81	85	+2
79	82	100	General Cig. deb. pf	79	79	79	79	−1
118	118½	2,700	General Electric	118½	118½	117½	118¼	−½
13⅝	13¼	16,300	General Motors	13⅝	13⅝	13¼	13⅜	+⅛
67	68	100	General Motors pf	67¼	67¼	67¼	67¼	+⅛
70½	71	400	General M. 7% deb	70⅝	71	70⅝	71	−½
59½	60	1,300	General M. 6% deb	59⅞	60	59⅝	59⅝	−⅜
31½	32	1,200	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	31⅝	32⅜	31½	31½	−⅛
72	75	100	Goodrich pf	72	72	72	72	−½
16⅞	17	100	Granby Con	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	−⅛
72	73½	4,400	Great Northern pf	72	73½	72½	73	...
25⅝	25¾	7,800	Gt. N. ctfs. for O.P.	25⅝	25⅝	24½	24¾	−⅛
17	18	300	Greene-Can. Cop	17	17	16⅞	16⅞	−⅛
12	12	300	Guantanamo Sugar	12	12	11½	11½	−⅛
27	28	200	Gulf States Steel	27	27	27	27	−1
8½	10	300	Gulf, Mob. & Nor	9¾	9¾	9	9	...
22½	23	100	Gulf, Mob. & N. pf	23½	23½	23½	23½	+1⅛
52⅜	53	800	Haskell & Barker	52⅜	53	52⅜	53	...
50	60	100	Homestake Mining	50	50	50	50	...
63¼	63¾	2,200	Houston Oil	63¼	63¾	61¼	62½	−2
10	10⅝	700	Hupp Motor Car	10⅝	10⅝	10	10⅝	+⅛
84½	85	1,800	Illinois Central	85¾	85¾	84¾	85	−¾
5⅝	6	1,000	Indiahoma Ref	6¼	6¼	6	6	...
28	28½	5,300	Inspiration Copper	28¼	28½	28	28	...
4	4	1,100	Interboro Consol	4	4	3⅝	3⅝	−⅛
9½	9¾	200	Interboro Consol. pf	10	10	9½	9½	−⅜
11	11½	100	Inter. Agricultural	10¾	10¾	10½	10½	+½
46	46	100	Inter. Agri. pf	46	46	46	46	−1½
90	91	300	Inter. Harv., new	92¼	92¼	92	92	−2¼
100	103	100	Inter. Hav. pf., new	102	102	102	102	−2
11½	11⅝	1,700	Inter. Mer. Marine	12	12	11¼	11½	−⅛
48½	48¾	2,500	Inter. Mc. M. pf	49¾	49¾	48¾	48¾	−½
30½	31	400	Inter. Motor Truck	32	32	31¾	31¾	−1
70	72	100	Do. 1st pf	71	71	71	71	+¾
12	12½	3,700	Inter. Nickel	12¾	12⅝	12	12	−⅛
42½	43½	1,200	Inter. Paper	44¼	42	42	43	−1
21¼	21¾	2,000	Invincible Oil	21½	21½	21	21	−⅛
6	10	100	Iowa Central	7	7	7	7	+⅛
28	28	200	Iron Products	28	28	28½	28½	−½

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
4¾	4½	4,300	Island Oil & Trans	4¾	4¾	4½	4½	−⅛
3½	3¾	700	Jewel Tea	3⅝	3¾	3⅝	3¾	...
8¾	9	35	Jewel Tea pf	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	...
13⅝	13¾	900	Jones Bros. Tea	13⅝	14	13½	13⅝	+⅛
17	18	400	Kan. City Southern	16½	16½	18	18	...
42	44	200	Kan City South. pf	42¼	42¼	42¼	42¼	...
32

Have You Recorded Your Securities?

A Stock and Bond Register showing your holdings at a glance, with income due you each month, and other important data, is invaluable.

If you desire a copy, we shall be glad to mail it with our compliments—or, if you will send us a list of your holdings, we will make the necessary calculations in the Register for you without placing you under any obligation.

Ask for Register T-9

Robert C. Mayer & Co.
Investment Bankers
Equitable Bldg.
New York
Tel. Rector 6770

Helping the Farmer.
Western Approval of the Sales Tax.
The Markets.

Discussed in this week's issue of THE BACHE REVIEW

The REVIEW is issued weekly and Copies may be had upon request

J.S. Bache & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1892
Members New York Stock Exchange
42 Broadway New York
Branches and Correspondents throughout the United States.

Motion Pictures

Upon application we will be pleased to forward booklet giving interesting information on the Motion Picture Industry, also describing a well established company in that line of business.

Write Department R. T.

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

Consolidated Gas Co. of New York System

New York & Queens Electric Light & Power Company

First Mortgage 5s, due Aug. 1, 1930.

Authorized $2,500,000 Outstanding $2,350,000

Secured by a First Mortgage on property and franchises of Company supplying the major portion of the Borough of Queens, New York City, with electricity for light, heat and power purposes. This issue constitutes the only funded debt of the Company, the ASSESSED VALUE of whose plant and property was officially reported last year as being worth $5,340,450, or more than twice the amount of these bonds outstanding.

For the year ended Dec. 31, 1919, net earnings were equal to more than 5½ times the annual interest charges on these bonds. Bonds were originally issued in 1900 at 102½ and interest.

Price 81 and interest, to yield 7.75%

Wm. Carnegie Ewen
Investment Securities
2 WALL ST.—NEW YORK
Tel. Rector 3273-4

In choosing a bond for investment three important points to consider are:

SECURITY of PRINCIPAL
INCOME RETURN
MARKETABILITY

The present time affords the investor unusual opportunities for the purchase of seasoned long term bonds complying with the above requirements at prices to yield from

5.50% to 8.00%

List upon request.

Redmond & Co.
Members New York and Pittsburgh Stock Exchanges
33 Pine St. New York
Union Arcade Bldg. Pittsburgh

EQUIPMENT LOAN TO B. & O.

$5,200,000 Advance on $14,233,000 Freight Expansion Fund.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Approval was given by the Interstate Commerce Commission today for a loan of $5,200,000 to the National Railway Service Corporation, for the account of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. The loan would enable the Baltimore & Ohio to purchase freight train equipment costing $14,233,000, of which amount it would be required to furnish about $9,000,000.

The National Railway Service Corporation is approved as an agency through which loans to carriers for equipment will be made, under authority granted the commission by the Transportation act.

California Petroleum Surplus.

The California Petroleum Company for the nine months ended Sept. 20, reports a surplus, after charges and taxes, of $1,793,309. This is equivalent, after preferred dividends, to $7.67 a share on the common stock. In the corresponding period of last year the earnings available for the common were quivalent to $5.66 a share.

BAR C[illegible]S' SPECULATIONS

Stock Exchange Tightens Rules Against Dealings by Their Staffs.

The New York Stock Exchange has made more stringent the rules against speculative transactions by clerks. The Governors of the Exchange have approved the following amended resolution dealing with this subject:

"The taking or carrying of a speculative account or time making of a speculative transaction in which a clerk of the Exchange, or of a member of the Exchange, or of a firm registered thereon, or a bank, trust company, insurance company, or of any corporation, firm or individual engaged in the business of dealing, either as broker or as principal, in stocks, bonds or other securities, bills of exchange, acceptances or other forms of commercial paper, is directly or indirectly interested, unless the written consent of the employer has first been obtained, shall be deemed to be an act detrimental to the interest and welfare of the Exchange."

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, DEC. 27, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$19,741,000	$37,446,900	$44,486,000
Year to date	3,828,084,150	8,684,618,925	2,064,997,500

GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales $1,000.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Yield.
736	—Liberty 3½s, 1932-'47	90.00	90.20	89.92	90.20	+.20	90.10	90.12	3.98
5	—Liberty 3½s, reg	89.90	89.90	89.90	89.90	....	....	....	....
....	—Liberty 1st 4s, 1932-'47	....	....	....	....	....	86.00	86.06	....
1	—Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-'42	84.10	84.10	84.10	84.10	+.10	84.00	85.00	....
338	—Liberty 1st conv. 4¼s, 1932-'47	86.60	86.60	86.20	86.50	....	85.80	86.00	5.20
4,006	—Liberty 2d conv. 4¼s, 1927-'32	84.60	84.60	84.10	84.16	—.44	84.16	84.20	5.15
27	—Liberty 2d conv. 4¼s, 1932-'47	95.76	95.76	95.50	95.76	....	....	....	....
1,518	—Liberty 3d conv. 4¼s, 1928	87.30	87.50	87.14	87.28	+.06	87.30	87.36	6.28
4,151	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38	85.30	85.50	84.74	84.84	—.26	84.80	84.84	6.30
....	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg	84.56	84.56	84.56	84.56	....	....	....	....
1,817	—Victory 4¾s, 1922-'23	95.00	95.00	94.88	94.90	—.04	94.90	94.94	7.04
340	—Victory 4¾s, reg	94.80	94.80	94.80	94.80	....	....	....	....
1,011	—Victory 3¾s, 1922-'23	94.90	95.00	94.86	94.94	—.02	94.92	94.96	6.04

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Chinese Ry 5s 7 88½ 7 88½ 1 88½ 1 88½ 1

POWER & LIGHT

8% Mortgage Bonds (Due 1940)

Company controls the electric light and power business in Kansas City, Missouri, serving also the adjacent territory, with a total population of 450,000. Bonds are a direct first lien on property valued in excess of this issue.

Earnings over twice annual interest requirements.

Price and complete description on request.

J.G.WHITE & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
37 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

We Offer

Kansas City Light & Power Co.

First & Refunding Mortgage Twenty-Year 8% Gold Bonds

High grade, long term, public utility bonds are, in our opinion, unusually attractive at present prices.

We believe the above-mentioned bonds are a particularly good example of the opportunities offered to the conservative investor in this class of security, combining, as they do, security, marketability and 8%.

Price 100 & Interest

Descriptive circular on request

H.D. Robbins & Co.
Incorporated
61 Broadway New York
Telephone Bowling Green 6727

GRAHAM, PARSONS & CO.
435 Chestnut St. Philadelphia
30 Pine St. New York
Investment Securities

Deal in and Purchase Issues of Municipal Bonds

Bonds, Notes and Preferred Stocks of Railroads, Utilities and Industrial Corporations of Established Value

John 5727-30

As a safe and profitable investment we recommend the

City of Copenhagen

4% Loan of 1901

Interest and principal payable in U. S. Dollars at a fixed rate of exchange, which at the present purchase will yield about 7%; an additional profit of 80% may be realized when bonds are redeemed.

Ask for Circular "T-12"

Your inquiry is also invited on
BRITISH FRENCH
BELGIAN GERMAN
and other European Bonds

HUTH & CO.
30 Pine Street, New York
Telephone John 6214

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
111 Broadway, New York

N. Y. & Westchester Lt. Co.
Con. 4½, due 2004

Northern States Power Co.
7%, due 1923

Phones Rector 9000-1, 9212-7, 6482-3
Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston

CUT BY WAGE RISE

Returns of Eight Companies Compare Unfavorably With 11 Months Last Year.

IMPROVE IN NOVEMBER

Benefits of Higher Rates Uncertain, Pending Intrastate and Interstate Ruling.

Earnings reports of eight of the railroads as submitted to the Interstate Commerce Commission for the month of November, which reached Wall Street yesterday, make a fairly good comparison with the corresponding month in last year, although the story is different as regards the eleven months of this year ended with Nov. 30. As compared with October reports, some of the figures show improvement while others are below the amounts shown in that month. Because of the conflict between the States and the Interstate Commerce Commission regarding interstate and intrastate rate schedules, the reports still fail to show just what the benefits of higher rate schedules have been.

How soon the dispute will be settled is a matter of conjecture, although the opinion has been expressed that the Illinois case, which is generally considered as the test, may be disposed of before the first quarter of 1921. Should the Illinois case be adjudged in favor of interstate rates over intrastate rates it would, in the opinion of railroad counsel, serve as an automatic stop to long drawn out litigation by the other States.

While some of the November earnings statements have proven an agreeable surprise, the reports for the eleven months have been the reverse. In some quarters the showing is not as bad as had been expected, however, and the entire situation is considered as slowly bettering itself. Following are some of the reports received yesterday:

			Increase.
Norfolk & Southern—	Nov., 1920.	Nov., 1919.	
Gross	$655,077	$523,511	$111,566
Net	86,194	141,508	
11 months' gross	7,170,424	1,302,358	
11 months' net	502,118	519,122	
Seaboard Air Line—			
Gross	4,277,094	737,201	
Net	627,785	769,788	
11 months' gross	44,705,788	7,220,808	
11 months' net def.	2,353,037	*5,386,653	
Delaware & Hudson—			
Gross	4,151,750	1,338,586	
Net	187,308	404,992	
11 months' gross	30,880,417	8,077,437	
11 months' net	1,386,168	*769,623	
Norfolk & Western—			
Gross	9,088,043	2,215,982	
Net	1,111,790	695,738	
11 months' gross	78,107,975	1,750,275	
11 months' net	1,522,187	*8,475,607	
Rutland R. R.—			
Gross	547,198	98,272	
Net operating def.	300,255	*50,586	
11 months' gross	5,422,020	1,003,253	
11 months' oper. def.	125,813	85,346	
Delaware, Lack. & Western—			
Gross	8,606,028	2,465,734	
Net	1,113,455	183,671	
11 months' gross	73,446,493	7,920,392	
11 months' net	2,418,212	*8,661,570	
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh—			
Gross	2,175,857	1,556,556	
Net	585,753	478,870	
11 months' gross	19,613,461	6,063,680	
11 months' net	1,970,072	2,841,885	
Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio—			
Gross	774,402	244,800	
Net	291,407	142,056	
11 months gross	6,880,236	1,200,926	
11 months' net	2,754,812	1,252,225	

*Decrease.

One of the chief reasons that the eleven months earnings are so unfavorable is that the roads had to bear the burden of the last wage increase, which was retroactive until May 1, 1920, through the intervening months to September before the rate increases went into effect.

Trust Co. Stock Increased $500,000.

The Board of Directors of the American Trust Company voted yesterday to increase the capital stock of that institution to $1,500,000 from $1,000,000. After the meeting it was stated that this will make the capital surplus and undivided profits of the company more than $2,000,000.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

Quoted on a Percentage Basis.

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1920-'27	4½	7.75	7.00
Bethlehem Steel	1920-'30	7	7.75	7.00
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1920-'33	4½ & 5-6	7.25	6.50
Canadian Pacific	1920-'32	4½	6.50	6.40
Chesa. & Ohio	1924-'25	6	6.75	6.40
Chicago & N. W.	1920-'33	4½	7.10	6.40
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1920-'27	4½ & 5	7.75	7.00
Chi., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	7.25	6.50
Cin., C. C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 & 6	7.12	6.40
Delaware & Hud.	1920	7	7.50	6.87
Erie Railroad	1920-'27	4½ & 5	8.25	7.25
Grace Steamship	1920-'27	7	7.75	7.25
Illinois Central	1920-'27	4½ & 5	7.10	6.40
Illinois Central	1920-'33	5	6.85	6.40
Int. Prod. Shipb.	1920-'29	7	8.50	7.50
Louis. & Nash.	1920-'27	5	7.10	6.40
Michigan Central	1920-'32	5 & 6	7.60	6.40
Minn. & St. L.	1920-'27	5 & 6	7.75	7.00
Mo., Kan. & T.	1920-'24	5	8.25	7.25
New York Cent.	1920-'32	4½ & 5	7.25	6.40
New York Cen.	1921-'35	7	7.12	6.40
Norf. & West.	1920-'24	4½	7.00	6.40
Northern Pacific	1921-'30	7	7.10	6.40
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'29	4½ & 5-6	8.25	7.25
Pac. Fruit Exp.	1925-'35	7	8.90	6.40
Pa. Gen. Freight	1920-'23	4 & 4½	7.00	6.40
Phila. & L. Erie	1921-'25	6½	6.87	6.40
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	7.10	6.40
Seaboard Air L.	1920-'27	4½ & 5-6	8.25	7.25
Sinclair Refining	1920-'23	6	8.50	7.50
Southern Pacific	1920-'25	4½	7.10	6.40
Southern Pacific	1924-'35	7	6.87	6.40
Southern Ry.	1920-'26	4½ & 5	7.62	6.62
Union Pacific	1924-'35	7	6.85	6.40
Virginian Ry. Co.	1920-'30	6	7.50	6.75
White Oil Corp.	1920-'23	6	8.50	7.50

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

DELAWARE & HUDSON for November—

	1920.	1919.
Gross	$4,151,750	$2,813,113
Bal. aft. taxes	482,433	*21,042
Net op. income	487,308	*7,596
11 mos. gross	30,880,417	21,810,980
Bal. aft. taxes	1,992,783	2,216,359
Net op. income	1,386,168	2,055,791

*Deficit.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN for November—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
Gross	8,606,028	6,140,294	6,264,230
Bal. aft. taxes	1,113,455	1,029,573	1,494,223
Net op. income	1,021,851	1,089,486	1,470,583
11 mos. gross	73,446,493	65,518,901	62,720,352
Bal. aft. taxes	2,418,212	11,079,889	15,055,980
Net op. income	2,441,776	10,488,081	15,217,254

NORFOLK SOUTHERN for November—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
Gross	655,077	523,511	111,566
Bal. aft. taxes	41,729	*83,785	121,504
Net op. income	86,194	*55,494	141,508
11 mos. gross	7,170,424	5,877,976	1,302,358
Def. aft. taxes	422,075	*36,847	458,922
Net op. deficit	502,118	*17,004	519,122

*Deficit. †Income.

NORFOLK & WESTERN for November—

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Gross	9,088,043	6,872,061	7,910,911
Bal. aft. taxes	1,073,290	804,120	1,942,988
Net op. inc.	1,414,790	719,052	1,862,554
11 mos. gross	78,107,975	70,334,702	75,173,346
Def. aft. taxes	2,892,918	*8,221,083	*16,292,411
Net op. inc.	1,522,187	9,096,284	16,097,113

RUTLAND— for November—

Nov. gross	547,198	448,926	241,702
Def. after tax.	39,574	*82,009	66,905
Net oper. def.	7,255	*85,345	61,782
11 mos. gross	5,422,020	4,425,783	4,190,830
Def. after tax.	325,082	*137,746	*19,375
Net oper. def.	125,813	*211,129	*118,780

*Income.

SEABOARD AIR LINE for November—

Gross	4,277,094	3,539,893	3,362,087
Bal. aft. taxes	702,936	16,916	30,733
Net op. income	627,785	*142,015	21,074
11 mos. gross	44,705,788	37,485,978	35,313,921
Def. aft. taxes	1,713,996	*2,172,973	*4,156,003
Net op. deficit	3,353,037	*2,032,721	*3,665,143

*Deficit. †Income.

Public Utilities.

SUBSIDIARY UNITED GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANIES for November—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
Gross	1,141,305	970,730	161,575
Net aft. taxes	547,909	376,297	*28,388
Total income	549,247	373,259	*28,886
Sur. af. fixed chgs.	188,175	223,580	*35,405
12 mos. gross	12,287,563	10,261,072	2,026,491
Net aft. taxes	3,559,872	3,360,612	228,280
Total income	3,944,393	3,600,880	343,393
Sur. af. fixed chgs.	2,041,906	1,767,327	274,469

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT CO. for November—

Gross	1,182,517	1,005,154	177,363
Net earnings	259,629	376,270	*23,641
†Sur. aft. fixed chgs.	67,458	60,208	7,250
11 mos. gross	11,772,212	10,236,820	1,493,392
Net earnings	2,618,890	2,883,775	135,115
†Sur. aft. fixed chgs.	963,391	819,410	33,981

*Decrease. †Includes taxes.

AS BUSINESS NEED

National Bank of Commerce Finds Consumers Awaiting Fall in Retail Costs.

MORE CONFIDENCE APPARENT

Belief Growing in Ability of Trade and Industry to Meet Future Successfully.

The controlling and outstanding factor in the general business situation today is the relatively small movement of raw materials and manufactured goods, even at reduced prices, according to advices sent out yesterday by the National Bank of Commerce. This, the bank thinks, is because stocks of goods in the hands of retailers are sufficient to meet the needs of a somewhat lessened demand by the consuming public.

Consumers are restricting their buying in part, the report goes on to state, because of some curtailment in buying power, but even more because of a willingness to wait until retail prices reflect the lower levels of primary prices. Continuing, the report of the National Bank of Commerce says, in part:

"Improvement of business activity awaits adjustment of retail prices to a level satisfactory to the public. It is clear that farmers, for example, who constitute the largest single class of consumers and who have already experienced a substantial reduction in the prices of their products, will not renew their buying on anything other than a necessary readjustment of prices to consumers is now under way, and will be expected to make more rapid progress in the future. Its progress will be hastened by the coming into the market of goods which are already being produced on lower cost levels for labor and material.

"The fundamental relationship of banking and business now becomes clearly apparent. Both are concerned in the present situation, and the interests of both demand that the readjustment be gone through with in orderly fashion, so that business activity may be resumed on a sound basis.

"Sentiment respecting forward conditions, which until lately had been almost uniformly depressed, is now noticeably improving in many directions. This better feeling does not go to the point of optimism, but there is evident a degree of confidence which was previously lacking, in the ability of commerce and industry to meet the future successfully and to conduct business with reasonable profit.

"What is now required is courage and respect for fundamental economic principles. Artificial palliatives which are being urged with a view to obviating the difficulties of the adjustment—pecuniarly proposals involving further inflation and cheapening of credit—must be avoided. Such measures, if adopted, could only result in the impairment of the strength of the credit structure and in prolonging and increasing the difficulties of an adjustment which worldwide conditions have made inevitable."

REPORT ON RIO GRANDE CASE

Stockholders Asked to Pay 20 Cents a Share in Legal Contest.

Jefferson M. Levy, Chairman of the Denver & Rio Grande Stockholders' Protective Committee, has sent a letter to stockholders outlining the activities of the committee in its effort to block confirmation of the sale of the Denver properties to the Western Pacific last month. The letter states that the matter is being considered by the United States Circuit Court of St. Louis, before which it was argued.

"The committee filed a protest in Denver against the sale of the railroad on account of inadequate price, according to Mr. Levy's letter, and objected to confirmation on the ground that the sale was made free of the right of redemption. "We consider this," writes Mr. Levy, "an inalienable right, and the matter has never been decided by the United States Supreme Court. We also filed a stockholders' suit in Denver to enjoin the sale."

The letter closed with the request that stockholders contribute twenty cents a share to defray expenses of the case.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Middle States Oil and subsidiaries, in a consolidated income account for the third quarter of 1920, made public yesterday, shows a substantial increase in gross earnings, the total from all sources being $2,324,-127, compared with $4,490,448 in the six months ended June 30, with net earnings of $2,140,078 for the shorter period and $3,605,-380 for the longer time under comparison.

At a meeting of the Directors of H. Jacob & Sons, Inc., Brooklyn, held on Dec. 23, a stock dividend of 33 1-3 per cent. was declared from surplus, thereby increasing the capital stock from $750,000 to $1,000,000.

The Fulton Trust Company has issued its quarterly circular on "Investments" containing suggestions for investments.

The Barnsdall Corporation reports net earnings for the eleven months ended Nov. 30, after depreciation, depletion, taxes and well drilling expenses, of $3,024,441, as against $1,289,719 for the same period in 1919.

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Expire.	Yester-day's Bid.	Yester-day's Ask.	Fri-day's Bid.
	Rights			
Corn Exch. Bank	Feb. 3	42	44	42
Detroit Edison	Jan. 10	..	¼	..
General Electric	Jan. 20	23⅛	23⅝	23⅛
Home Insurance	Jan. 20	1 165	170	165
Lone Star Gas	Jan. 29	..	½	..
Mexican Eagle Oil	..	6	9	7
Nat. Park Bank	Feb. 3	70	75	70
Pacific Development	Jan. 10	..	¼	..
Shaw (W. W.)	..	15	17	16
So. N. E. Tel.	Jan. 12	..	½	..
Southern Pacific	Mar. 1	22½	22¾	22½
Swan & Finch	Mar. 1	..	½	..
Tidewater Oil	Jan. 19	15½	15¾	15½
Un. Zinc Smelt. Co.	Jan. 6	..	½	..

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Antimony	$5.25	$5.50	$5.25	$5.50
Quicksilver	50.00	...	50.00	...
Aluminium	23.00	...	$23.00	$25.00
Iron, No. 2X Stlic.	32.75	...	32.75	...

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 13¼, 30 days.

Holiday in London.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 21 '22	80	90½	..
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 20 '27	87½	91¾	7.75
Am. Cot. Oil	6	Sep. 2 '24	82	86	10.40
Am. T. & T.	6	Oct., 1922	95½	96½	6.70
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	91	91⅞	9.20
Am. Th'd Co.	6	Dec., 1928	92½	94½	6.90
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1921	99⅝	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1922	99¾	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1923	99⅝	100	7.00
Amacon. Co.	6	Jan., 1929	80½	81½	9.20
Anacon. Co.	?	Jan., 1929	87⅜	89½	9.00
A.-A. O., Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1922	98⅜	100	7.50
Armn. & Co.	?	July 15, '20	93¾	94¾	7.80
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July 15, '23	93½	94¾	9.00
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July 15, '22	96½	97¼	9.00
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2, '24	91¾	92½	8.30
Col. Graph. Co.	8%	...	Aug., 1925	83	89	11.00
Cudahy Pack.	7	July 15, '23	95	95¼	9.05
Fed. Sug. R.	7	Nov., 1924	85	90	8.00
Cent. Arg. R.	6	Feb., 1927	72	76	11.70
C., R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	93½	93½	10.80
C., C., C. & St. L.	July, 1929	89½	90½	7.50
The B.F.Goodrich Co.	cv.7	Apr., 1925	80	81	12.70
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1921	97	98	7.30
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1922	94½	95½	8.70
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1923	94½	96	7.75
Hocking Val.	6	Mar., 1924	89½	91¼	8.90
Int. Rap. Tr.	7	Sep., 1921	90	92	..
Kan. C. Ter.	6	Nov., 1923	90	93	8.70
Kennecott C.	7	Feb., 1930	87	88¼	8.00
Laclede Gas.	?	Jan., 1920	82½	85½	9.80
Lig. & Myers.	6	Dec., 1921	96¾	97½	8.00
N.O.C.&E.10-yrs	8	...	1930	90	98	8.60
Penn. Co.	4½	June 15, '21	98⅝	98⅝	7.50
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	92	93	13.75
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1921	99⅝	100¼	6.80
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1922	99½	100	7.00
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1923	99½	100	7.00
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J. cv.	7	Mar., 1922	85	87	..
R.J. Rylds. T.S		Aug., 1922	98	98½	8.40
Sears, R.& C.	7	Oct. 15, '22	95½	94¼	10.25
Sears, R.& C.	7	Oct. 15, '22	93	93½	9.50
Sears, R.& C.	7	Oct. 15, '23	93	94	9.50
Sinc. C. O. C.	7	May 15, '25	86¾	87½	11.50
Solvay & Co.	8	Oct., 1927	98⅜	99¾	8.40
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	92	92½	11.80
S'west B. T.	7	Apr., 1925	90	92	9.20
St. P. U'n. Dep. guaran.	5½	Dec. 15, '23	93½	95	8.85
Stand. Oil Co. (Cal.)	...	Jan., 1931	99¾	99¾	7.00
Swift & Co.	6	Aug. 15, '21	97¾	97¾	8.80
Swift & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '25	93⅞	94¾	8.40
Utah Sec. Cor.	6	Sep. 15, '22	78	80	..
West'n Elec. Co. conv.	6	Apr., 1925	96¾	97½	7.70

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Following is the range of prices in the important miscellaneous commodities in New York:

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was irregular.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.
Spot	..	..	..	7.80
December	No sales			7.80
January	8.26	7.97	7.97	7.95
February	No sales			7.95
March	8.53	8.46	8.46	8.47
April	No sales			8.50
May	9.00	9.00	9.00	8.50
June	No sales			8.80
July	9.05	9.05	9.05	8.80

Total sales, 13,600.

COFFEE.

The coffee market was firmer, closing 9@13 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	No sales				
March	6.40	6.25	6.25	6.47	14.96
May	6.61	6.75	6.75	6.88	15.12
July	7.11	7.06	7.06	..	15.28
Sept	7.37	7.30	7.34	7.43	15.13

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market was irregular.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	4.30	4.25	4.30	4.20
February	4.45	4.40	4.45	4.43
March	4.55	4.44	4.50	4.54
May	4.72	4.72	4.72	4.69
July	4.90	4.90	4.90	4.85

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Irregularity at Paris, Holiday at London.

PARIS, Dec. 27.—Prices were irregular on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 30 centimes higher at 57 francs 65 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan unchanged at 85 francs 20 centimes.

Exchange on London 29 centimes higher at 60 francs 24 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 17 francs 9¾ centimes, against 16 francs 95 centimes Friday.

LONDON, Dec. 27.—Today is a holiday on the Stock Exchange.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
City of Berne 8s	90	92½
City of Christiania 8s	93½	94½
City of Zurich 8s	94	94½
Argentine 5s	..	89¾
Belgium 6s, 1921	99½	100
Belgium 6s, 1925	85½	85¾
Belgium 7½s	85	86¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98⅞	99¼
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1926	98½	98¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	..	87½
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	88	88½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	81⅞	83
Chinese Government 5s	28	28½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	75¼	77
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	79	..
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	60	61¼
Dominican Republic 5s	..	72¾
City of Lyons 6s	74	76
City of Marseilles 6s	74	85¾
City of Bordeaux 6s	74	77½
City of Copenhagen 5½s	71½	73
French Government 5s	90½	100
City of Paris 6s	91¾	92¾
Government of Switzerland 8s	102¼	102½
Japanese 4½s	75½	75¾
Japanese 4½s, second series	75¾	75½
Japanese 4s	35	50
City of Tokio 5s	42¾	43
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	97¾	97⅞
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	94½	94¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1926	87	87¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	83	83¾
United States of Mexico 5s	38½	38½
United States of Mexico 4s	28¾	28½
Italy 6½s	78	83

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
4s, c. 1925	106	..
Pan 3s r. 1961	89	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	..	90
P I 4s, '24	81½	90
P I 4s, '25	81¾	90

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Ad Rumely 1st pf	14½	18½
A. C. & D. pf.	85	90
A A Cables	90	100
All Realty	70	..
Am. S. 1st pf.	94	..
Am Ag. Ch pf.	76	80
Am Bk N.	41	44
Do pf.	41	43
Am Bt Bug pf.	70	80
Am B S & Fdy	40	44
Am C & F pf.	106	114
Am Lin.	44	46
Do pf.	78	88
Am Rad.	65½	66½
Do pf.	96	..
Am Shipb. pf.	80	90
Am Sm pf.	80	90
Am Snuff.	60	67
Do pf.	90½	95
Am Stl Fds pf.	75	85
Am S'tel pf.	80½	82½
Am W pf.	80	84
Am Writ.	94½	95
Do pf.	20½	30
Asso D G 1st pf.	52	55
Do 2d pf.	37½	38½
Assoc Oil.	85	88
Atl Ref pf.	104½	106
A. G. & W. I. pf.	50	53
Auto S pf.	9¼	20
Bald L pf.	92	93
B'dall, A.	23¼	26
Do, B.	34½	35¾
Bar Leath.	20	35
Batop M.	¾	1
Bch Crk.	29	A
Beth S. 7% pf.	90	93
Booth Fish pf.	..	26
B'klyn Ed.	81	90
B U Gas.	48	49¾
Brown Sh.	35	37½
Do pf.	70	80
B. R & P.	60	85
Do pf.	85	105
Buff & S.	72	..
Do pf.	85	..
Burns Bros	78	79
Do pf.	97	105
Bush Ter.	85	..
Cal P pf.	86½	87½
Can So.	40	..
Case Plow.	5½	8½
C R of C pf.	187	220
C'tain-teed.	20	37
Do 1st pf	78½	..
Do 2d pf.	65	75
C. B & Q.	200	..
C & A pf.	8	15
C & E Ill cfts.	5½	8
Do pf.	5½	8
Chi. St. P, M & Om.	59	61
Do pf.	85	95
C. C. C & St. L pf.	55½	60
Col & So.	24	36
Do 1st pf	48	53
Do 2d pf.	40	50
Con Cig pf.	70	72½
Cont C pf.	98¼	100
Cont Ins.	61½	68
Corn P R pf.	95	99½
Crex Carp.	..	37
Cruc S pf.	82½	83
C-Am Sug pf.	..	80½
Belgium 6s, 1921	99½	100
Belgium 6s, 1925	85½	85¾
Belgium 7½s	85	86¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98⅞	99¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	98½	98¾
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	88	88½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	81⅞	83
Chinese Government 5s	28	28½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	75¼	77
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	79	..
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	60	61¼
Dominican Republic 5s	..	72¾
City of Lyons 6s	74	76
City of Marseilles 6s	74	85¾
City of Bordeaux 6s	74	77½
City of Copenhagen 5½s	71½	73
French Government 5s	90½	100
City of Paris 6s	91¾	92¾
Government of Switzerland 8s	102¼	102½
Japanese 4½s	75½	75¾
Japanese 4½s, second series	75¾	75½
Japanese 4s	35	50
City of Tokio 5s	42¾	43
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	97¾	97⅞
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	94½	94¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1926	87	87¼
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	83	83¾
United States of Mexico 5s	38½	38½
United States of Mexico 4s	28¾	28½
Italy 6½s	78	83
Gen Ch pf cfs	84	90
Gen Cig 1st pf.	79	82
Gen Asp pf	77¾	82
Habir Elec	10	15
Hartman.	68½	70¾
Hendee M.	14½	19
Hyd Steel.	19	20¾
Ill Cent 1	66¾	..
Int Mer Tr. 2d pf.	52	58
Int N pf.	70	75
Int Pa pf.	85	105
Do pf. s.	69½	70
K C, Ft S & M pf.	56	60
Kayser (J)	70	75
Do pf.	88	120
Kelly Sp T pf.	70	73
Kelly-Spr.	75	83
K & D M.	4	10
Do pf.	20	50
Kress (S H)	..	80
Lacl Gas.	85	..
L E & W pf.	22	36
L & M. B.	120	135
L-W Blac.	29	30
Do 1st pf	93¾	99
Do 2d pf.	89	103
Lorill'd Co pf.	..	93
Mah Coal.	750	760
Mfrs' Cos.	55¾	57
Mal'son pf.	45	49¾
Man F'ch.	½	2½
Man El S.	..	53½
Man S pf.	70	80
Marlin R.	10½	15
Math Alk.	13½	15
M Dep Sts.	66	69
Mich Cent.	90	..
M. St P & S S M pf.	90	100
Do 1 L.	54	56
Mon P pf.	91	94
Mor & Es.	60	..
Mullins B pf.	73½	..
N. C & St. L.	97	107½
Nat Acme.	27	28
Nat B pf.	103¾	108
Nat C & S.	26	27½
Nat Enp pf.	86	92
Nat Ld pf.	100½	102
Nat Rys of Mex pf.	7	14
Do 2d pf.	4½	5
N Y, C & St L 1st pf.	58	60
Do 2d pf.	57	65
N Y Dock.	18	20
N Y, L & W pf.	81	88
Ohio F S.	43	50
Ont Min.	4½	4¾
Otis El pf.	85	87
Otis Stl pf.	70	101
Owens B pf.	..	100
Pac Coast. 1st	18	30

Foreign Exchange

All European Countries

PACAT FINANCE CORPORATION
42 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
TELEPHONE BROAD 7551

MIDDLE STATES OIL

One of the few stocks that has held up well under the steadily falling prices in the past few weeks.

The probable reasons for the strength displayed by this issue discussed in our special report.

Call, Write or Phone for Copy.

Ask for T. 113.

MOSHER & WALLACE
STOCKS—BONDS—GRAIN
25 Broadway — New York
TELEPHONE WHITEHALL 1140-41-42
Members { New York Produce Exchange, Consolidated Stock Exchange of N.Y.

GRAIN
Provisions

For the benefit of those interested in commodities we maintain a complete wire service, our offices being furnished with Chicago Board of Trade and New York Produce Exchange quotations. Information or statistics may be had upon request.

HUGHES & DIER
Stocks—Bonds—Grain
Members { Chicago Bd. of Trade, New York Produce Exchange, Phila. and Pittsburgh Stock Exchanges
42 New Street, New York
Telephone Broad 5140
509 Fifth Ave. Tel. Vanderbilt 9583
87 W. 125th St. Tel. Harlem 8651
Philadelphia Pittsburgh Cleveland

Am. Hawaiian S.S.
Schulte Retail Stores
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Stone, Prosser & Doty
52 William St., N. Y. Hanover 7733

Curtiss Aero. Pfd. & Com.
Hale & Kilburn Com. & Pfd.
So'n Oil & Transp't Com.
Wright Aeronautical
Bought & Sold
Chas. H. Jones & Co.
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds
20 Broad Street New York
Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

Chat. & Phen. Nat'l. Bk.
Amer. Hawaiian S. S.
Standard Screw
General Baking
New Mex. & Ariz. Land
DAWSON & CO.
2 Rector St. Tel. Rector 9541

Munds, Rogers & Stackpole
Members { N. Y. Stock Exchange, N. Y. Cotton Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade
25 Broad St., New York, N. Y.

Special Article on
Amer. Tel. & Tel. Gold 5s, 1946
Shonnard, Mills & Co
Members N.Y. Stock Exchange
120 Broadway, N.Y.

Check Accounts in Germany
For Our Customers' Convenience with Pfalzische Bank and Sueddeutsche Bank
Northern & Western Finance & Trading Corp.
7 Hanover Street
Tel. Hanover 8965-8964-8965-8966-8486.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS
Boxes from $6.00 upwards.
NEMETH STATE BANK
10 East 22nd Street, New York.

The STANDARD BANK of SOUTH AFRICA, Ltd.
W. H. MacIntyre
AGENT
68 Wall Street

REVENUE SOURCES

Suggests Flat Levy on Corporation Profits and Specific Sales Tax on Non-Essentials.

BONUS COST $2,300,000,000

Urges Most Drastic Economy to Run Government on Yearly Income of $4,000,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Secretary of the Treasury Houston, completing today his narrative of the financial situation of the country, told the Senate Finance Committee that "unless every unnecessary expenditure, such as the proposed appropriation for the payment of soldiers' bonus, be avoided; unless every official or other estimate or request for appropriations be reduced to a minimum, no sound plan of tax revision can be carried out and the successful financial conduct of the Government during the next three years will be seriously imperiled." It is doubtful, in view of Secretary Houston's showing, that the Senate will favor bonuses for ex-service men.

"Sound policy," added the Secretary, "demands the exercise of the most drastic economy."

Secretary Houston told the committee that it is his view that the revenue from taxation in the fiscal years 1921-22 and 1922-23 should be maintained on a four-billion-dollar level, which will represent a reduction of about $1,400,000,000 from the 1920 level and about $700,000,000 less than the amount that taxation is expected to produce in the fiscal year that ends June 30, 1921.

"There must be," Secretary Houston pointed out, "a fair balance in the tax system as a whole between taxes on the consumption of the masses and taxes on wealth, income and business."

Dr. Adams Also Testifies.

Dr. T. S. Adams, one of the Treasury income tax experts, also testified before the committee, his narrative being largely based on recently compiled statistics which disclosed much interesting information. For instance, Dr. Adams submitted statistics compiled this morning which show that the Government's income from taxes on the sale of automobiles, motorcycles and their accessories amounted in November of this year to $1,220,000 more than they did in November of 1919, while the tax on cigarettes, which in November of last year brought in more than $14,300,000, this year realized a little less than $13,000,000.

Other surprising increases in November of this year over the corresponding month in 1919 were noted by Dr. Adams, among them the tax receipts from near beer, rugs, carpets, pictures, candy and other so-called luxuries. Dr. Adams suggested that the drop in prices may have resulted in an increase instead of a falling off in the retail trade.

In answer to a question as to the proposal to add additional surtaxes in order to meet the obligations that would follow the enactment of the Bonus bill, Dr. Adams said that he was firmly opposed to any such legislation.

"Surtaxes," added Dr. Adams, "are already too high for their successful collection. For instance, Section 3, under Title VII. of the bill, imposed an additional surtax of 5 per cent. of the amount by which the net income exceeds $26,000. This would mean a 68 per cent. tax."

Both Secretary Houston and Dr. Adams referred to the practical impossibility of the Treasury Department retaining in its employ the experts upon whom the successful administration of the department largely depends. The reason, they agreed, was the meagre salaries paid these men. Dr. Adams said he knew of one man whose resignation cost the Government, in his opinion, at least $50,000,000. This man received $5,000 a year and an increase of $1,000 would have retained his services.

At the outset of his narrative Secretary Houston read into the record estimates compiled under his direction, which indicate the additional financial burdens that will fall on the people in the event the Bonus bill is enacted. Under the bill as it passed the House a veteran of the World War would have the selection of one of five plans. The first, which provides "adjusted service pay," would cost the Government, Secretary Houston said, about $1,340,000,000. The second, or "adjusted service certificate" plan, would entail a burden of approximately $4,334,000,000. The third, or "vocational training" plan, would cost about $1,880,000,000, while plan four, which provides "farm or home aid," would also cost about $1,880,000,000. Secretary Houston said he was not prepared to estimate the cost of making the last, or "land settlement aid" plan, effective.

"As these various plans are optional, we have estimated that the total direct cost which the enactment of the bonus law would entail, would be about $2,275,000,000," said Secretary Houston, "and this does not include the cost of administration, which would be about $25,000,000. In addition, there would also probably be a very considerable indirect cost."

"My thoughts," continued Secretary Houston, "have centred on the simplification of existing tax laws and possible methods of meeting additional burdens.

"I have recommended that the revenue from taxation be maintained after this fiscal year and until the close of the fiscal year 1923, on a level of at least $4,000,000,000. This represents a substantial reduction of aggregate taxes collected from the people. During the fiscal year 1920 the internal tax receipts amounted to $5,400,000,000, and it is estimated that for the fiscal year 1921 they will amount to $4,700,000,000. The proposed $4,000,000,000 levy, therefore, represents a reduction of $1,400,000,000 from the level of 1920, and a reduction of $700,000,000 from the level of 1921. What it means in brief is that a system of taxation based upon the income tax—adjusted to ability to pay—bears less heavily upon the taxpayer and yields less revenue, as it must, when the income of the country declines.

Wants Extreme Surtaxes Cut.

"I recommend the reduction of the extreme income surtaxes, not to exempt the rich but to tax the rich. At present, by investing in tax free securities and by the use of other devices the very wealthy can and do avoid taxation. The taxable income of taxpayers having net incomes over $300,000 a year fell from $982,972,966 in 1918 to $382,247,329 in 1918. This condition, I have suggested, may be met either by reducing the upper surtaxes to a lower general level, or by reducing the upper surtaxes with respect to that part of the income which is saved and reinvested in taxable property or business, leaving the present rates, if necessary, upon income which is wasted or used in ostentatious and unnecessary consumption.

"The excess profits tax should be replaced, primarily because it is losing its productivity, and promises in the near future to become a statute of exemptions rather than an effective tax. Moreover, the tax is so complicated that it imposes upon both taxpayers and administrative authorities burdens too difficult to be permanently carried. I recommend that it be replaced—not merely repealed—with a simpler and more certain tax upon corporation income or profits. I suggest in this connection for the consideration of the Congress either a flat additional tax on corporation profits, such as has recently been adopted in the United Kingdom, or a tax upon the undistributed profits of corporations under which, if adopted, corporations should be expressly authorized to pay taxes through their stockholders, as partnerships are now taxed through their members. By either of these proposals the income tax on corporations could be made a fair equivalent for the income tax as now applied in effect to individuals, partnerships and personal service corporations.

"I recommend the retention of a simple system of specific sales or consumption taxes designed to collect a moderate proportion of the aggregate tax levy from a few highly productive taxes on non-essentials. Miscellaneous sales or excise taxes shifted in the main to the consumer supplied in the last fiscal year about 20 per cent. of the total taxes, or about 30 per cent. if customs duties are counted, as consumption taxes.

"In view of the financial needs of the Government these proportions may be properly maintained or even increased to perhaps 30 or 35 per cent., but no radical increase such as doubling the consumption taxes would in my opinion be justified. There must be a fair balance in the tax system as a whole between taxes on the consumption of the masses and taxes on wealth, income and business.

"It would be especially unfortunate to substitute sales taxes of any variety for taxes upon corporation profits required both to balance the tax system and to equalize taxes on corporations with the progressive income tax as applied to unincorporated business concerns. To place such an unfair load on the masses would violate all the recognized principles of justice as to the division or distribution of the total tax burden. I do not oppose all sales taxes, but I have recommended the repeal of those sales taxes which are difficult to enforce, unduly vexatious and of inconsiderable yield. The entire tax system including the existing specific sales taxes should be simplified, not further complicated, by the adoption of a turnover or general sales tax which would require a large additional legislative force if administered properly and would result in widespread evasion if not thoroughly administered.

"The excess profits and other taxes which in my opinion should be replaced, would yield in the future less than $730,000,000 a year. In order to meet this reduction or deficit I have mentioned—merely for the convenience of the committees of Congress which will be directly responsible for tax revision—a large number of possible new or additional taxes, including higher income taxes and additional specific sales taxes upon luxuries and non-essentials, capable of yielding over $2,000,000,000 a year. Obviously, all of these taxes are not recommended. They are mentioned as possible new sources from which to make a selection."

For Improving Existing Laws.

Secretary Houston added that his suggestions looked to the improvement of existing tax laws in the light of an experience covering Government service that will soon end after eight years.

"The immediate matter before us," said Senator McCumber, acting chairman of the committee, "is the Bonus bill. Now, supposing it passes, how will we meet the additional charge?"

"I have not given the requisite study to the various plans suggested; I am not now prepared to answer that question," Secretary Houston said.

Dr. Adams, who followed the Secretary, said that the falling off in cigarette taxes was one of the surprises of the year. Another surprise was the increase, he said, in the total of so-called luxury taxes.

"To an extent greater than the press and people realize," said Dr. Adams, "I think that the drop in prices which we have witnessed may have stimulated the retail trade of the country."

While the income from the tax on cigarettes fell off in November of this year as compared with the same month in 1919, the income from the tax on cigars increased from $4,108,000 in November, 1919, to $4,848,000 in November of this year. The tax income from perfumes, cosmetics and medicinal preparations was a little over $500,000 both in November of last year and in November of this year.

"I personally consider," said Dr. Adams, "that one of the greatest problems confronting the Treasury Department is the impossibility of holding our experts. It is practically impossible at this time to keep them. The turnover is in excess of 100 per cent. per annum now."

Secretary Houston endorsed the stand taken by Dr. Adams on this matter, and said men who now get $5,000 a year from the Government should be in positions that carry salaries as high as $100,000 a year. Decent salaries for these men, Dr. Adams said, would mean the saving of millions of dollars annually to the Government. He said that salaries of such men should be raised, and at the same time some sort of prohibition imposed which would prevent a man, after he has been trained by the Government, immediately returning to private life.

"I, of course, do not suggest," said Secretary Houston, "such enormous salaries as I have quoted, but I do think that Treasury officials whose responsibilities equal those of the heads of great banks should receive a salary sufficient to make it possible for them to live in comfort, and also lay a little aside for the future."

"Much can be done," said Senator Smoot, "by passing tax laws that the ordinary business man can understand, and that is one of the things we must do."

It is known that several of the leading Republican members of the Finance Committee agree entirely with the views of Secretary Houston.

Dec. 15 Tax Exceeds Estimate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27 (Associated Press). — Income and profits tax receipts for the last quarter of the year exceeded Secretary Houston's early estimate of $650,000,000, according to the daily statement of the nation's finances for Dec. 26, made public today by the Treasury.

On that data income and profits tax payments for the month amounted to $650,602,846, as compared with $324,178,-194 for the corresponding period a year ago. Treasury officials declared that some increase in the total could be expected, as there was still a week to be accounted for. Receipts from income and profits taxes since June total $1,-668,135,297, according to the Treasury's statement, as against $1,822,194,430 for the corresponding period last year.

MORE HELP NEEDED
For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 verified and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
25 railroads	81.71	80.96	81.26	—.91
25 industrials	80.39	78.32	78.19	—2.16
50 stocks	85.95	84.88	85.27	—.95

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
Dec. 23	Holiday.			
Dec. 24	86.83	85.42	85.82	—.79
Dec. 27	86.75	84.44	86.61	+2.57
Dec. 28	85.08	82.70	84.34	+.44
Dec. 31	86.63	83.04	83.89	—1.80
Dec. 30	86.54	85.36	85.86	—.55
Dec. 18	86.97	85.97	86.21	—.95

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	93.72	Dec. 2	82.70	Dec. 22	85.57
1919.	90.60	Dec. 26	84.10	Dec. 12	85.82
1918.	76.34	Dec. 11	71.42	Dec. 26	73.36
1917.	85.26	Dec. 21	77.43	Dec. 20	85.86
1916.	90.26	Dec. 4	83.88	Dec. 21	88.22

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	94.07	Apr. 5	82.70	Dec. 22	85.57
†1919.	90.39	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	85.49

Full Years.

1919.	90.59	Nov. 5	69.74	Jan. 21	85.49
1918.	90.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.59
1917.	90.46	Jan. 4	71.47	Dec. 20	85.86
1916.	101.51	Nov. 29	84.91	Apr. 22	88.22

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	87.21	+.34	—3.57	—4.75

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Dec. 23	Holiday.	Dec. 15	87.07	+.32
Dec. 24	86.86	+.22	Dec. 14	87.07	+.12
Dec. 27	86.63	—.09	Dec. 13	87.08	—.81
Dec. 28	86.72	—.38	Dec. 11	88.14	—.30
Dec. 31	87.10	—.16	Dec. 10	88.84	—.14
Dec. 30	87.26	—.23	Dec. 9	89.43	—.01
Dec. 18	87.49	—.20	Dec. 8	89.50	—.25
Dec. 17	87.78	—.16	Dec. 7	89.18	—.32
Dec. 16	87.94	—.13			

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	72.14	Oct. 21	66.57	May 21	67.21
†1919.	79.05	June 2	71.05	Oct. 18	71.96

Full Years.

1919.	79.05	June 2	71.05	Dec. 18	72.09
1918.	82.28	Nov. 12	73.95	Sep. 21	74.78
1917.	80.48	Jan. 29	74.26	Dec. 19	74.80

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

SHIPPING REPORT

Edge's Resolution Calls for One Intelligible to the Average Citizen.

$4,000,000,000 IS INVOLVED

Senator Disclaims Muckraking Purpose — Wants to Know the Mere Business Facts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—A resolution offered in the Senate today by Senator Edge of New Jersey calls upon the Shipping Board to submit to the Senate a complete report of all its activities, the report to be "concise, devoid of arguments and intelligible to the average citizen." Senator Edge said he had been unable himself to get a clear idea of the situation by reading the somewhat murky report recently issued by the Shipping Board.

"Approximately $4,000,000,000 of the people's money has been invested," said Senator Edge, "in an American merchant marine, and this money was raised largely through taxation. An accounting of this investment is now imperatively advisable so that Congress may frame definite policies and enact proper legislation for the stimulation of businesslike management of the merchant marine. The resolution is a simple business proposition and not at all an inquisitory or muckraking request. No one knows whether there has been a profit or loss, and it is time the investors be informed as to the success of failure of this enterprise, so that it may be placed on a sound business basis.

"At the current rate of interest this investment means an annual charge of almost $250,000,000 a year, of approximately $640,000 a day. This is only the interest, and if we are losing money on the operation of the merchant marine, as is frequently charged, such deficit must necessarily be charged to this daily interest charge. The entire United States navy, of which we are all so proud, ships, yards and everything, is valued at $2,800,000,000, as compared with the $4,000,000,000 investment of the Shipping Board. I hope that this information will be quickly forthcoming.

The resolution calls for information as to the total amount appropriated or otherwise provided for the Shipping Board from Sept. 7, 1916, to Nov. 30, 1920, inclusive; the gross profits or losses for the same period, as well as the net profits or losses, and the disposition of the net profits, if there have been any. The board is also asked to state the amount of capital with which it is now doing business, the number of vessels owned outright by the Board and the number owned in part, the number and description of ships operated under the sole direction of the board and those operated in conjunction with private interests, as well as the number of chartered ships operated by the board.

Other information sought is as to the length of time ships now idle have not been in operation, the reason why they are idle, where they are docked or tied up, the loss due to depreciation of such vessels and the list of contracts which are ready to be concluded, as well as a list of those under consideration. The resolution also asks for a report as to the number of persons employed by the board, ashore as well as afloat.

FINANCING ILLINOIS CENTRAL

Road Wants $6,953,000 Bond Issue, Lacking Revenue Return.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Asserting that a bond issue was necessary because it had not received the full 6 per cent. return provided for in the Transportation act, the Illinois Central Railroad Company filed today with the Interstate Commerce Commission applications for permission to issue mortgage bonds amounting to $6,953,000.

The road would issue $3,245,000 worth of refunding mortgage bonds bearing interest at 4 per cent. to be sold or pledged as loans with banks to meet maturing obligations. With the Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans Railroad Company it would issue joint first refunding mortgage bonds amounting to $3,708,000 to be pledged as security to meet notes coming due within the next few months.

PACKING MERGER RUMORED.

Wall Street Hears Indian and Acme Corporations Will Unite.

The Indian Packing Corporation will be merged with the Acme Packing Corporation, according to a report in the financial district. Indian Packing stockholders it is understood will receive 425,000 shares of Acme Packing stock in return for their interests. Upon payment of $15 in cash Indian stockholders will receive Acme stock on a share for share basis, but if the cash payment is not made 10 shares of Indian can be transferred for seven shares of Acme. Indian stockholders will also receive the right to subscribe to 127,500 shares of Acme stock at $5 a share.

Found New Bond Firm.

Gardiner S. Dresser and Franklin Escher have resigned from John Muir & Co. and will establish the new firm of Dresser & Escher on Jan. 1, with offices at 115 Broadway, which will have associated with it members of the investment department of John Muir & Co., and will specialize in the distribution of high-grade bonds. On Jan. 1 Herbert A. Shipman, who has been connected with John Muir & Co. for several years, will become a partner.

This Year Than Last.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Exports of food products from the United States during November amounted to $138,969,-[illegible], as compared with $133,457,166 in November, 1919. For the eleven months of 1920, the total was $1,473,900,176; for the same period last year they amounted to $1,961,937,726.

Breadstuffs exported during November were valued at $30,777,081, as compared with $71,711,988 in the corresponding month a year ago. During the eleven months' period this year, breadstuffs exported totaled $962,852,257.

Exports of meat products last month amounted to $30,311,997, while in November, 1919, they were valued at $41,-745,196.

Cottonseed oil sent abroad last November was valued at $5,026,425, nearly $1,000,000 more than in November a year ago, while for the eleven months' period this year the total value was $29,771,-880. Mineral oils exported last month were valued at $47,332,723, or about $1,-500,000 more than in November, 1919. The total value during the eleven months' period this year was $486,-927,688.

Cotton valued at only $91,138,372 was exported last month, as compared with $151,809,279 in November, 1919. The total exported during the eleven months' period this year amounted to $1,044,-

ASKS CANADA RETURN ROADS

Sir Vincent Meredith Says Private Direction Will Solve Problems.

Sir Vincent Meredith President of the Bank of Montreal, is a vigorous opponent of Government ownership of railroads, and in an addresse recently delivered to the stockholders of his bank, urged the Dominion Government to turn over the Canadian National Railway system to coporate ownership and management.

"Canada today has a very large national railway system which is being operated at a heavy loss," Sir Vincent said, "thereby increasing the load of an already heavily tax-burdened country. Sooner or later some means must be found to relieve the situation. Some confidently believe that by proper public administration of the lines deficits can be cut down. My own view is that the proper solution will be found if the Government, at the earliest feasible time, divests itself of ownership and operation of the roads and places them under corporate control upon terms fair to the country and upon conditions that will ensure the service for which the construction of the lines was undertaken."

RELIEF AIDS ANNOUNCED.

Auxiliary Committee Named by European Council.

An auxiliary committee of twenty-five women to aid the general citizen's committee of the European Relief Council in its campaign to raise $3,500,000 in this city for the $88,000,000 European relief fund was announced yesterday. The member are:

Mrs. Courtland D. Barnes, Mrs. James Byrne, Mrs. Walter Brewster, Miss Marjorie Benson, Mrs. John Blair, Mrs. James R. Burden, Mrs. August Belmont Miss Mabel Choate, Mrs. Seymour Cromwell, Mrs. William K. Draper, Miss Mary Dreier, Miss Virginia Gildersleeve, Mrs. John Sherman Hoyt, Miss Mary Garrett Hay, Mrs. C. Oliver Iselin, Mrs. Otto Kahn, Mrs. Thomas Lamont, Mrs. Arthur L. Livermore, Miss Florence Marshall, Mrs. William Fellowes Morgan, Miss Ruth Morgan, Mrs. Morgan T. O'Brien, Mrs. John T. Pratt, Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt, Mrs. F. Louis Slade, Mrs. Mortimer Schiff, Mrs. Willard D. Straight, Mrs. William G. Wilcox, Mrs. Thomas B. Wells, Miss Florence Wardwell, Mrs. Felix Warburg, Mrs. Percy H. Williams and Miss Edith B. Walker.

Virtually all the members of the new committee are to an extent conversant with the needs of children in the parts of Europe most afflicted in the war's aftermath by virtue of their activities in welfare work among American soldiers during the war. Herbert Hoover is chairman of the amalgamation of eight leading American welfare agencies through which the relief is to be distributed this winter, and Franklin K. Lane, 42 Broadway, is treasurer.

$2,000 FINE IN BANK FRAUD.

Gustave Klingenstein Guilty of Aiding His Son in Embezzlement.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 27.—Gustave Klingenstein, father of Adolph Klingenstein, the young bank teller serving a sentence in the Federal Prison at Atlanta for defrauding the First National Bank of Union Town of approximately $350,000, was fined $2,000 by Judge Reilly today in the United States District Court here for implication in the embezzlement. He was found guilty on one of twenty-four counts.

Interborough's Coupon.

In banking circles there is little apprehension over the payment by Interborough of its Jan. 1 bond coupon. The company, it is believed, has abundant funds with which to meet this charge, provided it can secure extension of the outstanding notes, and bankers feel that the extension will be granted. The 5 per cent. bonds were rather heavy at one time yesterday, dipping down to 47¾, but rallied about a point later. The Inter-Met. 4½s, on the other hand, sold off to 14.

To Run Mills, but Cut Wages.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Dec. 27.—The Brainerd & Armstrong Company, manufacturers of silk goods, announced today that beginning Jan. 3, the mills would be operated full time, forty-eight hours a week, although under a 15 per cent. wage reduction. The company's statement says that while it will lose financially its employes will be relieved of distress due to unemployment.

IN RAIL SUPERVISION

Prof. Dixon of Princeton Tells Economists Now Is Time to Stop and Ponder.

MUST ARBITRATE DISPUTES

Calls Federal Increase of State Rates Here Striking Advance in Authority.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Dec. 27.—Fears that the nation had been carried dangerously near to paternalism through Congressional action to regulate the railroads were expressed by Professor Frank H. Dixon, head of the Economic Department of Princeton University, who addressed the American Economic Association today. Professor C. O. Ruggles of the University of Iowa, who took issue with Professor Dixon, suggested that it might be a good thing to apply the principle of eminent domain to the railroads to convince them that they are to be the servants of the people.

Professor Dixon asserted that the courts undoubtedly would be called upon to decide the question of whether Congress has the right to say what the railroads shall do with any revenues they may collect beyond a reasonable return upon their investments.

He said that a long step had been taken toward the elimination of State lines and the unsatisfactory results of divided authority and characterized the recent order of the Interstate Commerce Commission, making the new railroad tariffs effective in New York State despite contrary rulings by the State Public Service Commission, as a striking advance in Federal authority.

"That the capital needs of the carriers is acute is obvious," he continued. "Returns for October probably will show net revenues 20 per cent. less than the 6 per cent. required to meet the provisions of the law. It is idle to discuss actual decreases of wages for many months. It is evident that denunciation of one big union is a part of the movement for the open shop and so that need not be taken seriously.

"It is time for the public to serve notice upon both capital and labor that labor troubles must be settled by peaceful means and without interference with transportation," he asserted. "With the rights of labor assured and a fair-minded arbitration body established there should be no fear of trouble.

"One thing is very evident, and that is that the public now regards the railroad as a public servant. Capital has little to gain henceforth through competition as between carriers. There is much evidence also that railway executives recognise that selfish interests must be subordinated to the public good and that also is an encouraging sign.

"We have, however, reached a point in the line of inquisitorial supervision when we may well stop and take account of stock. If we insist upon carrying regulation to a point where capital rebels then there will be a decline in the character of service."

CANADIAN BANK GAINS

Carries $356,244 More Forward Than Last Year—Cuts Debt.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce, after having paid the regular dividend of 12 per cent. for the year just ended and an extra of 1 per cent., was able to carry forward $1,783,979, or $356,244 more than in the preceding year. In addition, the bank has written off $500,-000 on bank premises, an amount double that of last year, and there has been set aside $150,000 for the pension fund.

In the general business of the bank, as shown in the annual statement, the department devoted to handling current loans within the Dominion has shown a very considerable expansion, amounting to nearly $18,000,000. These loans, in the latest report, total $231,114,772. The increase for the year in note circulation is about $700,000. Interest bearing deposits increased during the year from $241,916,674 to $285,065,493.

Pacific Oil Company Elects.

Word has been received from San Francisco that the Pacific Oil Company, formed to take over the California oil lands of the Southern Pacific Company, has elected these officers: A. D'Heur and A. C. McLaughlin, Vice Presidents; F. G. Williams, Auditor; J. P. Edwards, Assistant Secretary; W. A. Sloan, Local Treasurer. The San Francisco offices will be located in the Sharon Building. The home office will be in Wilmington, Del.

Crude Oil Price Cut in Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 27.—The first cut in the price of crude oil for more than three years was announced here today when the principal purchasing agencies posted a price of $4 a barrel for the grade known as Corning, a reduction of 25 cents a barrel. Corning is an Ohio oil. All other grades were posted unchanged.

Boston Bank Statements Compared.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 27.—The Boston bank statement this week compares as follows with last week's statement:

	Dec. 24.	Week's Changes. Dec.
Circulation	$2,452,000	$7,000
Loans, disc. and invest.	394,041,000	3,873,000
Individual deposits	415,600,000	19,227,000
Due to banks	93,810,000	8,604,000
Time deposits	21,132,000	843,000
U. S. deposits	19,279,000	+4,862,000
Exchange clearances	20,256,000	1,593,000
Due from banks	51,647,000	1,802,000
Cash in bks. & F. R. Bk.	50,205,000	2,827,000
Cash exc. & with F.R.Bk	6,742,000	519,000

+Increase.

TO SERVE THE BEST INTERESTS OF AMERICAN BUSINESS



to render to merchants, manufacturers and other business men and concerns, constructive and dependable banking service is, and for more than a century has been, the aim of

THE PHILADELPHIA NATIONAL BANK
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Judge an Export Bank by its Clients

The Canadian bank which aims to serve exporters must satisfy the most exacting clientele in the world.

The mere fact that the New York Agency of the Union Bank of Canada handles the Canadian exchange transactions of some of the largest exporters in the United States is evidence of its ability to handle Canadian business with speed and efficiency.

"A Canadian Bank for Canadian Business"



UNION BANK of CANADA
Resources Over $160,000,000
49 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN says:
"Drive thy business or it will drive thee."

WHY A CORPORATE EXECUTOR?

II. You excuse or forgive the shortcomings of a friend or relative. You hold a corporation to strict account.

A friend or relative has no professional reputation at stake. If he does his work carelessly, it is soon forgotten or forgiven.

Should our Trust Department mismanage or misuse an estate its professional reputation would be seriously endangered—possibly keeping it from securing any future business.

This Bank having more at stake must be more careful than the individual.



THE BANK OF AMERICA
ESTABLISHED 1812
Manhattan & Brooklyn

The Courage of Conservatism

CONSERVATIVE building and planning is the real "seed of success."

It is hard—it requires moral courage to be conservative these days, but it pays in the end.

The growth of this Commercial Bank has been the result of confidence well placed and conservative construction.

We are on the side of conservatism and will stand by and support conservative business.

Ask the man who banks here.

NASSAU NATIONAL BANK OF BROOKLYN
Established 1859 Resources $22,000,000

Commercial Trust Company of New Jersey
Member of Federal Reserve System
Main Office | Opposite Pennsylvania R. R. Ferries Exchange Place Station, Hudson Tubes | Jersey City

SPECIAL TERMS QUOTED FOR THE COLLECTION OF OUT-OF-TOWN CHECKS

CHECKS ON THIS COMPANY ARE PAYABLE AT PAR IN NEW YORK CITY

Largest Trust Company in Hudson County

Direct Wire Connections to Chicago, Detroit, Grand Rapids

Argentine Govt. 4s & 5s
American Light & Traction 6s, 1925
Brazilian Traction 6s, 1923
Birmingham Ry., Lt. & Pr. 4½s & 5s
Commerce Power (Michigan) 5s & 7s
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. 5s, 56, 58
Dom. of Can. War Loan 5s, March, 1937
Duquesne Lt. 5s 1949
Detroit Edison Issues
Evansville Electric 6s, 1941
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s, 1924-26
General Gas & Elec. 5s, 1952
General Gas & Electric 6s, 1939
Georgia Lt., Pr. & Ry. 5s
Grand Trunk Pac. 5s, 1962
Grand Rapids & Indiana 5s
French Govt. 4s & 5s
Int. Tel. Sales & Eng. 6s, 1941
International Traction 5s
Japanese Govt. 4s & 4½s
Kings Co. El. 4s, 1949
Laclede Gas Lt. 5s & 7s
Mississippi River Pr. 5s
Mason City & Ft. Dodge 6s
Michigan United Ry. 5s, 1936
New Orleans Ry. & Lt. 4½s & 5s
Northern States Pr. 5s & 6s
Ohio Cities Gas 5s, 1933-53
Province of Buenos Ayres 6s, 1936
Russian Govt. 5½s & 6½s
Shelton Electric 6s, 1952
Sims, Roebuck 7s, 1931-33
Standard Gas & Elec. Issues
Tenn. & Co. 5s, 6s, 7s
St. Louis, Springfield & Peoria 5s 1939
Seneca Copper 6s
United Light & Ry. 5s & 6s
Virginia Ry. & Pr. 5s, 1934
West. Penn. Pr. 5s, 6s, 7s

American Cyanamid
American Light & Traction
Amer. Foreign Trade Corp.
Amer. Tobacco 6% Scrip
American Piano Com. & Pfd.
British American Tobacco
Babcock & Wilcox Ltd.
Borden's
Babcock & Wilcox
Burroughs Adding Machine
Congress Cig. Com. & Pfd.
Commonwealth Pr., Ry. & Lt. Com. & Pfd.
Empire Gas & Fuel 8% Pfd.
Garland Steamship
Grand Rapids & Indiana
Imperial Tobacco
Lincoln Motors
Louisiana Eagle Oil Stock & Rights
Michigan Limestone & Chemical
Northern States Pr. Com. & Pfd.
Packard Motor Com. & Pfd.
Phillip Morris
Southern Oil & Transport
Scottish American Oil Y. T. C.
Standard Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
United Lt. & Ry. Com. & Pfd.
United Profuse Corp.
White Corp. Pfd.

Goodyear Tire & Rubber

WABASH
RAILWAY

An analysis of what is wrong with this company — that its stocks are selling so low. In conjunction an able discussion on the central eastern rails —other features in—

Ask for a copy A-78 MARKET OPINION

R. H. MacMASTERS & CO.
Members Consolidated Stock Exch. of N.Y.
32-34 Broad St. New York
Phone: Broad 6390 Entire First Floor
CHICAGO MILWAUKEE NEW HAVEN

Free Telephone Service to Philadelphia
Call Canal 4845

Hershey Chocolate 7½s, '30
Lukens Steel 8s, 1940
Penn. Water & Pr. 5s, 1940
Va. Carolina Chem. 7½s,'32

McCown & Co.
Members Philadelphia Stock Exchange
Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia

A HIGH GRADE
20 YEAR POWER BOND

Company serving one of the largest cities in the United States.

to yield 8%

Inquiries Invited.

BAINBRIDGE & RYAN
66 Broadway New York
Phones Rector 7021-2-3

Amer. Hawaiian
Steamship Stock

J.K.Rice, Jr.& Co.
Phone 4040 to 4046 John. 24 Wall St., N. Y.

Chinese Railway 5's
Japanese 4's & 4½'s
Argentine 4's & 5's
Mexican Governments

COWEN & CO.
Exchange Place Tel. Rector 6700

THE
INVESTMENT CHART

A copyrighted form designed to aid the investor in determining the strong and weak points of a contemplated purchase. Ask for T-14.

I. D. NOLL & CO.
170 Broadway, New York

1921 Outlook

Viewed from the standpoint of "Profitable Investing"
(Trade Mark Registered U. S. Pat. Off.)
Copy Free on Request.

A. HICKS LAWRENCE
30 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 3082

Investor's Folder

For recording investments, dividend dates, income tax data, etc.
Free Upon Request for D.

HEYWOOD BROOKS & CO.
149 Broadway, New York

J. C. Replogle and Associates Eliminate a Stock Market "Sore Spot."

WILL NOT "RUN IN" SHORTS

Issue Caused a Sensation Recently by Dropping From 69⅞ to 35.

One more of the much-discussed "sore spots" in the stock market situation was eliminated yesterday when J. Leonard Replogle and a group of his associates took up between 55,000 and 60,000 shares of Replogle Steel stock from twelve brokerage houses. At the current price for Replogle Steel, this would represent a money value of approximately $2,000,000. At the same time, it was learned, a number of holders of Replogle Steel, resident at Johnstown, Pa., Mr. Replogle's former home, who had purchased their stock some time ago and were carrying it with brokers in this city, also took up their stock.

It was stated most emphatically by representatives of those who have been identified with Replogle Steel since the company's formation that the so-called "insiders" have not disposed of their original stock. On the contrary, it was said, they have added to their holdings and are at present in possession of greater amounts than ever before.

The transaction yesterday which took the big block of stock out of what Wall Street calls "weak hands" was said virtually to have eliminated the floating supply of weakly held shares. However, there is no intimation of corner and those who were instrumental in bringing yesterday's operation to successful consummation are authority for the statement that there is no intention of "running in the shorts." There is a fairly considerable short account, but it was declared that abundant opportunity will be given the shorts to cover.

Replogle Steel was one of the sensations of last week. From an opening price of 69 it mounted to 69⅞, but in the late days of the week it broke sharply, selling at 50 on Friday and closing on that day at 35. In July it sold as high as 93½. The company was formed in 1919, the original subscription price for its stock being $50 a share. The range during 1919 was from 53½ to 46.

During the current year the stock has fluctuated widely. At the beginning of the year it was selling in the neighborhood of 48, but in the latter part of February it had declined to 34½, which was the low record until last week's sharp break. Then, beginning in March, there was a strong upward movement, which finally carried the issue to the high record of 93½ on July 7. It had declined about 25 points from that figure when last week's break developed and carried it down nearly 40 points more.

Replogle Steel Company was formed in October, 1919, under the laws of Delaware, as a holding company to take over the Wharton Steel Company at Wharton, N. J., and the Wharton & Northern Railroad, which leads from the company's mines to its plant.

RATIOS AT FEDERAL BANKS.

Changes of the Past Week in the Twelve Districts.

The complete statement of the Federal Reserve system as of the end of last week shows decrease in the ratio of reserves to deposit and note liabilities at Boston, Philadelphia, Richmond, Chicago, Kansas City, Dallas and San Francisco; the decline from the preceding week being particularly large at Chicago, Richmond and San Francisco. At New York, Cleveland, St. Louis and Minneapolis the ratio of reserves increased over the preceding week; the percentage at Atlanta was unchanged. Four Federal Reserve banks, those at Boston, at Cleveland, at Richmond and at Minneapolis, showed at the close of last week a higher reserve ratio than on the corresponding date a year ago and the percentage at New York was practically the same. The various percentages compare as follow:

	Dec. 24, 1920.	Dec. 17, 1920.	Dec. 26, 1919.
Boston	54.4	55.6	48.9
New York	39.9	39.1	40.0
Philadelphia	53.8	54.8	46.8
Cleveland	51.2	47.9	46.8
Richmond	43.1	46.7	40.9
Atlanta	41.1	41.1	52.7
Chicago	39.8	42.7	50.6
St. Louis	43.0	42.6	46.5
Minneapolis	41.6	40.4	39.8
Kansas City	39.8	41.5	42.0
Dallas	40.4	41.6	49.3
San Francisco	47.9	51.1	54.9
Total	45.1	45.6	44.8

NEW WALL STREET BONUSES

United States Mortgage and Lionello Perera Employes Benefit.

Further seasonal bonuses and salary increases were announced in the financial district yesterday. The directors of the United States Mortgage & Trust Company voted additional compensation of 20 per cent. of annual salaries to officers and employes, in addition to declaring a quarterly dividend of 6 per cent. on the capital stock.

It also was announced that Lionello Perera & Co., bankers, distributed Christmas bonuses of from 25 to 50 per cent. of annual salaries.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.			
Alpha	.60	Dividend	.02
Best & Belcher	1.20	East Divide	.02
Challenge	1.80	Extension	.20
Confidence	1.80	Florence	.03
Con. Virginia	2.30	Gold Reef	.04
Gould & Curry	.05	Grimes	.04
Hale & Norcross	.15	Harmill	.02
Imperial	.10	Hasbrouck	.02
Mexican	.19	Kernick	.07
Ophir	.30	Myra	.02
Overman	.10	Revert	.03
Seg. Belcher	.10	Verdi	.03
Scorpion	.03	Victory	.04
Sierra Nevada	.10	West	.05
Union	.30	Zone	.21
Utah	.03	GOLDFIELD.	
TONOPAH.		Booth	.02
Belmont	1.55	Consolidated	.06
Cash Boy	.04	Crackerjack	.04
Jim Butler	.15	Florence	.12
McNam. Crescent	.04	Jumbo Extension	.04
Midway	.12	Lone Star	.04
Monarch	.03	Silver Pick	.05
North Star	.08	Spearhead	.03
Rescue	.09	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Tonopah Extension	1.30	Arrowhead	.06
Tonopah Mining	.05	Black Mammoth	.05
West End	.06	Broken Hills	.14
West Tonopah	.04	Bullwhacker	.53
DIVIDE.		Croesus	.38
Alto	.03	Holly	1.45
Belcher	.03	Round Mountain	.15
Belcher Extension	.03	R. M. Fairview	.15
Brougher	.10	Simon	.58
Divide Tonopah	1.10	Sterling	.07
		White Caps	.04

COLORADO SPRINGS.			
Cresson	1⅛	Isabella	3¾ 4
Dr. Jacot	1¼	Mary McK.	3 4
Elkton	2	Portland	35 40
El Paso	8 10	U. Gold M.	8 10¼
Golden Cycle	51 54	Vindicator	12 13
Granite	7 9	Rose Nicol.	3 4½

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Revenue receipts and expenditures at close of business Dec. 23:

	This Month.	Corresponding Month, 1919.	*Fiscal Year, 1921.	*Corresponding Fiscal Yr., 1920
Customs	$14,132,058.24	$18,947,777.15	$143,674,923.52	$136,380,845.08
Internal revenue:				
Income and profits tax	620,602,346.53	$24,178,181.01	1,998,126,297.35	1,922,194,429.99
Miscellaneous revenue	197,288,706.87	109,520,962.89	234,686,549.62	727,068,951.88
Miscellaneous revenue	22,431,610.70	26,587,825.25	218,788,614.58	220,161,853.06
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	978,861.55	580,702.58	3,676,673.09	2,674,716.45
Total ordinary	$790,433,708.21	$981,321,398.86	$2,830,963,063.37	$3,118,963,895.15
Excess of ord. receipts over ord. disbursements	528,096,252.70	649,418,671.68	468,188,870.84	
Excess of ord. disb. over ordinary receipts				549,954,078.77
Expenditures	236,337,550.51	322,872,657.80	2,293,176,292.53	3,667,946,973.92

*Receipts and disbursements for June reaching Treasury in July are included.

J. C. Replogle and Associates Lack of Support.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Lack of support rather than any great pressure, made for a lower range of grain prices. Wheat closed with net losses of 1⅝@2⅞ cents; corn, ¼ cent higher on December and ⅝@1 cent lower on the deferred futures, while oats were ⅝@⅞ cent lower and rye ⅛ cent higher to ⅝ cent lower. Trade was extremely light and mainly of a local character, and it is generally expected that business will be small until after the turn of the year. Sentiment inclined to the bear side, as it usually does at this season, when Argentina commences to ship its new crop.

It was the dullest day in wheat since trading has been active. After the close a majority of the leading commission houses expressed the belief that wheat was a purchase on the soft spots. The character of the commercial reports is attracting considerable attention, as it is the business outlook that is ultimately expected to bring higher or lorew prices. The strong statistical position, with the limited country offerings in the Southwest, prevents local bears from making a demonstration on that side of the markets.

Export business today was very small, only 100,000 bushels being reported as sold; but, under normal conditions, there is practically no demand for grain from abroad during the holidays. Sales of 50,000 bushels were made to go to store for delivery on December contracts. Local contract stocks are 606,000 bushels, compared with 479,000 bushels a week ago.

A reduction of 2,205,000 bushels in the visible supply brought the total down to 45,171,000 bushels, compared with 47,376,000 a week ago, and 78,499,000 last year. A steady decrease is expected from now on, as export clearances on 2,760,000 bushels for the day compared with primary arrivals of 1,901,000 bushels, being for 3 days. A week ago they were 1,920,000 bushels for one day, and last year 2,092,000. Shipments were 911,000 bushels against 576,000 a week ago, and 636,000 last year.

No. 1 Northern at Winnipeg sold at December price for the first time this month, and some deliveries are expected there. No. 2 Northern brought 2 cents under December and No. 3 Northern 7 cents under.

While elevator interests were good buyers of No. 4 grade of corn for delivery on December contracts, that future closed higher. Sales of 100,000 bushels were made to go to store and 85,000 bushels were delivered. During the last three business days of the month grain can be delivered on future contracts in car lots on track. Country offerings to arrive were not large and cold weather is necessitating heavier feeding. Primary arrivals of 1,426,000 bushels compared with 962,000 a week ago and 1,458,000 last year. Shipments were 431,000 bushels, against 265,000 a week ago and 773,000 last year.

For several days there have been rumors to the effect that one of the large State Street stores was in financial difficulties. It develops that one store ran a big sale and managed to dispose of all of the stock of a certain kind, which necessitated heavy purchases from another store that had an oversupply. The fact that a large check was sent by the buyer to the other store was responsible for the rumor that it had to be financed.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	$1.70	$1.69	$1.69	$1.71
March	1.65¾	1.63	1.63½	1.65¾
May	1.61⅝	1.58½	1.59	1.61½

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	70½	69	70	69¾	1.28
May	74⅛	73¼	73½	74⅛	1.29¾
July	74⅝	73¾	73¾	74⅝	1.28½

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	46½	45¼	45½	46¼	82½
May	49¾	48¾	48½	49¾	82½
July	48⅝	47⅞	47⅞	48½	70½

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	$1.50¾	$1.50½	$1.50½	$1.50	
May	1.40⅝	1.39½	1.39½	1.40⅝	1.80¾

PROVISIONS.

	Lard— High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Jan.	13.12	12.70	12.70	13.00	23.22
May	13.60	13.20	13.25	13.40	24.22
	Ribs—				
Jan.	11.50	11.40	12.25	11.62	18.70
May	12.23	12.02	12.05	12.27	19.32
	Pork—				
Jan.	23.20	23.00	23.60	23.40	36.40

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 7,072 packages. Market firm on high grades; medium, values irregular; ladies and packing about ½c lower. Creamery, higher than extras, pound, 56½@57c; extras, 92 score, 56c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 48@54½c; firsts, 85 to 89 score, 42½@47c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 37@42c; lower grades, 32@36c; unsalted, higher than extras, 60½@61c; extras, 58½@59c; firsts, 43@57c; seconds, 38@43c; held or storage, high scoring, 51@52c; extras, 40½@50½c; firsts, 40@48c; seconds, 32@35c; lower grades, 25@30c; Danish in casks, fresh, 51@53c; State dairy tubs, finest, 52@53c; good to prime, 44@50c; common to fair, 40@42c; renovated, extras, 39@40c; ladles, current make, firsts, 29@29½c; seconds, 27@28c; lower grades, 20@21½c; packing stock, storage, 22c; current make, No. 2, 20c; lower grades, 15@19c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 4,091 cases. Fresh eggs firmer under Winter weather in producing sections; fair demand and advance of about 1c on most grades; storage held firmly; whites firm. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 77@78c; extra firsts, 75@78c; firsts, 73@74c; seconds, 68@72c; dirties, No. 1, 54@56c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 48@53c; refrigerators, firsts, 60@61c; seconds, 57@58c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery, whites, extras, 85c; extra firsts, 82@84c; firsts, 80@81c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 80@84c; under grades, 70@78c; pullets, 63@68c; Pacific Coast white, extras, 85c; extra firsts, 82@84c; firsts, 80@81c; under grades, 70@76c; pullets, selected, small cut, 75@78c; usual sizes, 65@68c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 70@80c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, hennery browns, extra, 80c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded, extras, 77@79c; firsts to extra firsts, 73@76c.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argent. (unlisted)	5	Sept., 1945	58	60
Belgian (Rentor'n)		1934	55¾	56¾
Bel. Prm. Ln.	2045		61¾	64¾
British Victory	4	1960	240	250
British Fund	4	1960	231	241
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1922	348	358
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1927	331	341
Brit. Nat. W. L.		1920	339	349
Canada	5½	Nov., 1922	81¼	83¼
Canada	5½	Dec., 1922	81¼	83¼
French Gov. Vic.	5	1931	68½	71½
French Loan, '17	4	1943	38¾	41¾
French Prem.	5	Loan of '20	56	59
French Loan, '20	6	1931	57	60
Italy Treas.	5	1922	34	37
Italy Treas.	5	1923	32	34
Russia, ruble bds.	5½	Feb., 1926	5	9
Russia	5½	1921	8	11
Sweden	6	June, 1939	77	78½
Switzerland	5½	1929	77	78

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 27.—Thirty-nine new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $1,103,100, were chartered today. They include:

Kondolf Realty Co., Rochester, $32,000; O. B. Spichler, U. V. and J. A. Kondolf, Rochester.

Renfro Smith Co., Manhattan, make motors, $15,000; S. M. Cohen, H. S. Smith, J. F. Renfro, 1,834 Broadway.

A. Conhaim & Co., Manhattan, women's wear, $22,000; M. Rothenberg, L. Minick, A. Conhaim, 38 East 30th St.

Foremost Dress House, Manhattan, $10,000; D. Laster, J. Steiger, A. Gross, 161 Orchard St.

Consolidated Trimmings Co., Manhattan, upholstery, 2,500 shares preferred stock, $100 each, 2,500 common, no par value; active capital, $222,300; I. D. Carroll, A. M. Loeb, C. Chalmer, 60 Wall St.

Heyman, Spinner & Bold, Manhattan, printers, $10,000; A. J. and H. M. Heyman, J. C. Bold, 139 West 40th St.

Physical Culture Knitting Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; B. Cooperman, R. Goodman, B. Cohen, 291 Broadway.

Sunkist Fruit Market, Manhattan, $5,000; F. and S. Rosenberg, C. Weintraub, 83 Hopkins St.

Nor-Dan Electrical Supply Corp., Manhattan, $100,000, make storage batteries; N. O. Degnon, L. C. Naughton, D. F. MacDonald, 161 East 93d St.

Adelman, Shindler & Co., Manhattan, dairy products, $20,000; H. Hirschfeld, M. Shindler, I. Adelman, 1,057 Bryant Av., Bronx.

Button Service Corp., Rochester, $50,000; E. Shantz, J. F. Clark, C. L. Pearson, Rochester.

W. H. Bain, Canajoharie, brokerage, $10,000; B. H. Brower, L. K. and W. H. Bain, Canajoharie.

Stoney & Starkey, Manhattan, selling agents, $15,000; W. P. Palmer, A. B. Royce, C. La Forte, 2,454 Webb Av.

Huguenot Park Hotel Corp., Manhattan, $15,000; G. L. and R. F. McFarlane, W. E. Fuller, 304 East 26th St.

W. G. Soudars & Co., Manhattan, partial payment plan brokerage, $10,000; E. B. Towle, H. M. Brooks, E. M. Patterson, 31 Nassau St.

Portchester & White Plains Bus Line, Portchester, $9,600; D. Rich, J. Pizzarello, C. Wein, Portchester.

Thomas Line, Manhattan, steamship agency, $20,000; G. Painter, H. A. Smith, H. S. Thomas, 163 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

County Mills, Deposit, Broome Co., agricultural products, $40,000; K. C. Smith, J. M. Brixus, J. Paggs, Deposit.

Sterling Art Co., Brooklyne, musical instruments, $25,000; A. M. Llano, W. A. and R. Price, 189 East 18th St., Brooklyn.

G. and A. Garage Corp., Brooklyn, $7,000; C. Ambach, J. Miller, H. Friedman, 337 East 95th St.

Earlington Dress Co., Manhattan, $8,000; M. and H. Fateiman, I. Tragerman, 49 West 27th St.

J. Richo Films, Rochester, $10,000; C. J. Kane, G. A. Sarles, C. A. Devoe, Rochester.

Velo Trucking Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. and D. F. Hartog, G. V. Valenzuela, 634 5th Av.

Printing Crafts Building, Manhattan, 2,500 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $12,500; C. C. Pearce, W. T. Stack, C. B. Santee, 120 Broadway.

Direct Outlet Manufacturing Co., Manhattan, women's garments, $10,000; A. A. Deutsch, H. Margoshes, N. Katz, 215 Chester St., Brooklyn.

Teiderman & Bergham, Manhattan, medicinal and household publications, $10,000; A. Marshall, V. P. Bergham, J. Teideman, 147 West Forty-second Street.

Arma Estate, Manhattan, realty, $10,000; G. M. Kebabian, H. M. Heyson, C. C. Hunicke, 27 William St.

Hospital Import Corp., Manhattan, supplies, $25,000; B. Sammet, L. Rothschild, I. Weinberger, 17 West 24th St.

Aurora Bedspread Co., Manhattan, $40,000; A. & A. Petillo, V. Catalano, 7,510 14th Av., Brooklyn.

Oldtime Molasses Co., Manhattan, $100,000; S. Berger, J. Lambert, D. G. Ludins, 818 East 166th St.

Parkway Wet Wash Laundry, White Plains, $50,000; M. Greenwald, L. Adler, S. Schor, 74 Av. C.

International Mica Corp., Manhattan, operate mica-bearing properties, $50,000; G. A. Smith, F. J. Saxton, P. A. Hauser, 45 West 34th St.

Inwood Eureka Laundry, Inwood, $45,000; S. Gasser, P. Turkel, L. Pinkus, 1,551 Av. A.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Corn Exchange Bank, Manhattan, $6,000,000 to $7,500,000.

Barnes McNamara Morrissey, Manhattan, $32,000 to $50,000.

Rudolph C. Blancke & Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Candee, Smith & Howand Co., Manhattan, $150,000 to $500,000.

S. Finck Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Franklin Motor Car Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $250,000.

Alex Taylor & Co., Manhattan, $125,000 to $250,000.

White & Frieman, Manhattan, $5,000 to $50,000.

Spiegel Waist Co., Manhattan, $15,000 to $30,000.

Knickerbocker Fuel Co., Hempstead, $100,000 to $500,000.

Clarke-Leu Co., Albany, $100,000 to $125,000.

Brant Bros., Utica, $10,000 to $40,000.

REORGANIZATION.

Scarsdale Supply Co., Scarsdale, carry on business with $30,000 and 500 shares common stock, no par value.

NAME CHANGE.

Brown and White Taxi Co., Manhattan, to Taxicab Mfg. Corp.

DESIGNATION.

Zenitherm Co., N. J., fire and water proof products, $100,000; rep., C. W. Fiers, 22 East 13th St.

SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.

Delmar Co., Mass.

Cosmo Commercial Corp., Del.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Deed Realty Service Corp., Manhattan.

395 Canal St. Corp., Manhattan.

122 Bowery Co., Manhattan.

Peck & Durham, Manhattan.

J. Stuart Blackton Feature Pictures, Manhattan.

Equitable Garage, Manhattan.

Harris & Merrit, Buffalo.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Dec. 27.—New charters granted: Yale Piston Ring Co., Boonton, automobiles, $125,000; Fred S. Yale, Thomas G. Saxton, Irene G. Yale, Boonton.

Automatic Telephone Equipment Co., New Brunswick, $100,000; Oscar S. Bowel, Providence; Percy S. Hayden, New York; Harold R. Fiok, New Brunswick.

George F. Hawson Co., Newark, real estate, $100,000; George F. Hewson, Mary A. Hewson, Newark; Amelia Heurick, Kearney.

Manufacturers Novelty Co., Newark, leather, $60,000; Albert L. Slavens, New York; Charles Slavens, Harry Fleuchaus, Newark.

Harrisons, Plainfield, women's wear, $50,000; Harry G. Flanagan, Meyer Harrison, James S. Hart, New York.

CAPITAL INCREASE.

Schwarzenbach Hubert Co., West Hoboken, $11,000,000 to $16,000,000.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Dec. 27.—Charters filed

Chemical Industries Corp., manufacturing, $29,000,000; George V. Reilly, Phillip L. Nelser, L. H. Gunther, New York.

Piedmont Corp., New York, mining, $7,000,000; George V. Reilly, Phillip L. Nelser, L. H. Gunther, New York.

Standard Enameling and Trimming Corp., $3,660,000; Harry Lindberg, E. C. Gorman, George Hunt, Detroit.

Peters Eastern Motor Corp., manufacture, $1,000,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

New Haven Stabilinger Co., manufacture motor supplies, $500,000; Charles C. Carroll, Wallingsford, Conn.; Harold H. Holmes, Kelvan S. Valentine, New Haven.

Theodore C. Ulmer, manufacture hardware, $200,000; F. R. Hansell, J. Vernon Pimm, E. M. Macfarland, Philadelphia.

Farnsworth Co., stocks and bonds, $134,000; B. A. Human, D. B. Farnsworth Jr., Charles H. Blackmar, Kansas City, Mo.

Eastern Amusement Co., $100,000; M. M. Lucey, M. B. Reese, V. P. Lacey, Wilmington.

Charles W. Rodgers & Co., mining, $100,000; John P. Cann, M. M. Tyson, Henry McKeown, Wilmington.

Silvoy Co., produce oils, $100,000; Charles Nenberg, Anthony F. Rodrick, Francis A. T. Jomas, New York.

Beaver Navigation Corp., $100,000; John A. McMannus, Warner C. Pyne, Ralph A. Woodend, New York.

Frank B. Off, brokers, $100,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, Wilmington.

Sanitary Sugar Bowl Co., manufacture, $20,000; A. W. Schoenhut, Jos. A. Brooks, P. Rudy, Pittsburgh.

Baker & Co., stocks and bonds, $200,000; T. L. Crotsau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, Wilmington.

Hester Price Corp., preserve pickles, jellies, &c., $800,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, Wilmington.

Ylsolk Corp., manufacture, export and import textiles, $2,000,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, Wilmington.

Pompano by the Sea Co., Miami, Fla., contracting, $12,000; A. T. Barkdull, Harry N. Pitt, J. W. Bullock, Miami, Fla.

Sapco Corp., real estate, $200,000; James Gaffler, Louis S. Middleboro, Merrill M. Gates, New York.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Elmwood Co. of Delaware, $100,000 to $2,600,000.

Southern Improved Co., Chicago, $750,000 to $1,500,000.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY.

115 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY for the election of Directors and the transaction of any other business which may come before the meeting will be held at the principal offices of the Company, No. 115 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, State of New York, on Tuesday, the 11th day of January, 1921, at 11 o'clock A. M.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed for ten days immediately preceding the [illegible]

HUBERT J. HEWITT, Secretary.

Losses, but Above Last Week's Lows.

Little interest was displayed in yesterday's cotton market. In the early trading prices went up 13 to 19 points for the general list and 21 points for January, but after midday fresh selling pressure appeared and then prices declined all along the line. On this drop, January lost 35 points, net, and the rest of the list lost 45 points. The relative strength of January was generally accepted as coming from hedging operations, which just now are taking the form of purchases of January and sales of later months.

With no Liverpool market as an opening guide, first prices were virtually unchanged from where the market fell off last Friday. After a dull day, during which trading never became excessively active and in which there were times when the market came almost to a standstill, the market closed at the day's low prices. These prices, though, still were well above last week's extreme lows.

In the afternoon selling the South led the way, but Wall Street houses participated and local ring traders also took a hand. So did some of the Liverpool cotton interests, notwithstanding that their market was closed for the last day of the Christmas holidays.

The trade here is interested just now in the innumerable "white sales" which are being announced and in how the cat is to jump once these sales accomplish their purpose of getting rid of retailers' accumulations. If the consuming public shows any disposition to take the goods now being offered, and those which shortly will be offered, it is possible that manufacturers will return to the market as good buyers, but if consumption is not quickened by the "sales," then the outlook for the next few months is anything but good. This problem of what the market is to do should be solved within the next fortnight or three weeks.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Jan.	14.75	15.06	14.40	14.45	14.75
March	14.81	14.75	14.13	14.14@14.18	14.58
May	14.67	14.85	14.22	14.22@14.23	14.67
July	14.75	14.94	14.30	14.30	14.75
Oct.	15.08	15.08	14.50	14.45@14.50	14.85

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, down 25 points to 15c for middling upland; sales 500 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 14.00c, unchanged; New Orleans 15.75c, down .25; Savannah 15.75c, unchanged; Norfolk 15.00c, unchanged; Augusta 15.00c, unchanged; Memphis 14.75c, unchanged; Houston 14.00c, unchanged; Little Rock 14.00c, unchanged; Dallas 13.50c, unchanged.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 27.—Thirty-nine new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $1,103,100, were chartered today. They include:

Kondolf Realty Co., Rochester, $32,000; O. B. Spichler, U. V. and J. A. Kondolf, Rochester.

Renfro Smith Co., Manhattan, make motors, $15,000; S. M. Cohen, H. S. Smith, J. F. Renfro, 1,834 Broadway.

A. Conhaim & Co., Manhattan, women's wear, $22,000; M. Rothenberg, L. Minick, A. Conhaim, 38 East 30th St.

Foremost Dress House, Manhattan, $10,000; D. Laster, J. Steiger, A. Gross, 161 Orchard St.

Consolidated Trimmings Co., Manhattan, upholstery, 2,500 shares preferred stock, $100 each, 2,500 common, no par value; active capital, $222,300; I. D. Carroll, A. M. Loeb, C. Chalmer, 60 Wall St.

Heyman, Spinner & Bold, Manhattan, printers, $10,000; A. J. and H. M. Heyman, J. C. Bold, 139 West 40th St.

Physical Culture Knitting Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; B. Cooperman, R. Goodman, B. Cohen, 291 Broadway.

Sunkist Fruit Market, Manhattan, $5,000; F. and S. Rosenberg, C. Weintraub, 83 Hopkins St.

Nor-Dan Electrical Supply Corp., Manhattan, $100,000, make storage batteries; N. O. Degnon, L. C. Naughton, D. F. MacDonald, 161 East 93d St.

Adelman, Shindler & Co., Manhattan, dairy products, $20,000; H. Hirschfeld, M. Shindler, I. Adelman, 1,057 Bryant Av., Bronx.

Button Service Corp., Rochester, $50,000; E. Shantz, J. F. Clark, C. L. Pearson, Rochester.

W. H. Bain, Canajoharie, brokerage, $10,000; B. H. Brower, L. K. and W. H. Bain, Canajoharie.

Stoney & Starkey, Manhattan, selling agents, $15,000; W. P. Palmer, A. B. Royce, C. La Forte, 2,454 Webb Av.

Huguenot Park Hotel Corp., Manhattan, $15,000; G. L. and R. F. McFarlane, W. E. Fuller, 304 East 26th St.

W. G. Soudars & Co., Manhattan, partial payment plan brokerage, $10,000; E. B. Towle, H. M. Brooks, E. M. Patterson, 31 Nassau St.

Portchester & White Plains Bus Line, Portchester, $9,600; D. Rich, J. Pizzarello, C. Wein, Portchester.

Thomas Line, Manhattan, steamship agency, $20,000; G. Painter, H. A. Smith, H. S. Thomas, 163 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

County Mills, Deposit, Broome Co., agricultural products, $40,000; K. C. Smith, J. M. Brixus, J. Paggs, Deposit.

Sterling Art Co., Brookline, musical instruments, $25,000; A. M. Llano, W. A. and R. Price, 189 East 18th St., Brooklyn.

G. and A. Garage Corp., Brooklyn, $7,000; C. Ambach, J. Miller, H. Friedman, 337 East 95th St.

Earlington Dress Co., Manhattan, $8,000; M. and H. Fateiman, I. Tragerman, 49 West 27th St.

J. Richo Films, Rochester, $10,000; C. J. Kane, G. A. Sarles, C. A. Devoe, Rochester.

Velo Trucking Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. and D. F. Hartog, G. V. Valenzuela, 634 5th Av.

Printing Crafts Building, Manhattan

Sonora Phonograph Pfd.
Santa Cecilia Sugar Pfd.
Colorado Power
Lehigh Power Securities

Holt & Company
11 Broadway. Tel. 7940 Bowling Green.

We Invite Inquiries in

Amer. Typefounders
Bucyrus Co. Com. & Pfd.
Canadian Car & Foundry
Calco Chemical Com. & Pf.
Consumers Pr. Pfd.
East Coast Fish. & Prod.
Farrell Coal Com. & Pfd.
Goodyear T. & R. Cm. & Pf.
Hale & Kilburn Com. & Pfd.
Nor. States Pr. Cm. & Pfd.
Tenn. R. L. & P. Com. & Pf.
United Gas & El. (all is.)
Western Pr. Com. & Pfd.

ROBERT E. HORTON & CO.
40 Wall Street — New York.
TELEPHONE: JOHN 4626

Missouri Pacific
3rd Ext. 4s, 1938

Philadelphia Co.
Conv. 5s, 1922

Seaboard Air Line
Adj. 5s, 1949

Shawinigan
Water & Power
5½s, 1950

ABRAHAM & CO.
Investment Securities
27 William St., N. Y. Phone Broad 3785

Investment
Securities

J. W. BELL & CO.
56 Pine Street
NEW YORK

German
Securities

F. B. Warren & Co.
15 Maiden Lane, New York
Tel. Cortlandt 7575.

Foreign Exchange

LEHMAN & ENRICH
42 Broadway, New York
Tel. Broad 2131-32-33-34

American Car & Foundry

A complete report of the above company covering Trade Outlook, Financial Position, Equity Values, Dividends and Dividend Reserve, featured in the current issue of

"The Ruskay Review"

which also contains articles on

Southern Pacific
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul
Pittsburgh & W. Va.
Pacific Oil
California Pet.
Remington Type.
Houston Oil

Send for circular T. 50

S·S·RUSKAY & Co.
ESTABLISHED 1877
Members Consolidated Stock Exch. of N.Y.
50 BROAD ST. NEW YORK
Phones Rector 7001-7009

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

		Bid.	Asked.
800	‡Anglo-Am Oil	19¾	19¾

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

20,000	†Allied Oil	12	14	16	1,500	‡Merritt O C	19½	19¾	19¾
400	‡Ark Nat G	8	7	7½	2,800	Mexico Oil	1¾	1¾	1¾
1,000	‡Boone Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼	200	‡Midwest R	146	146	146
4,000	‡Barth Synd	7½	6½	7	4,800	‡Midwest T	3	3	3
50	‡C S B T Sh	28½	29	29	4,500	‡Mobile O & G	½	½	½
50	‡Caden & Co	5	5	5	1,300	N Am O & R	1½	1½	1½
1,000	‡Denny Oil	1	1	1	1,000	Omar O&G	1¾	1¾	1¾
2,000	‡Elk Basin P	1¾	1¾	1¾	100	‡Pennok Oil	5	5	5
1,500	Engineers P	1½	2	2	6,000	‡Red Rock	1	1	1
2,600	‡Federal Oil	2¼	2	2	100	‡Ryan C	11	11	11
100	‡Fenaland C	11	11	11	800	‡Salt Ck	9½	9¾	9¾
700	‡Glenrock O	3¼	3	3	500	‡Sapulpa Ref	4½	4½	4½
1,800	‡Granada C	5	4½	5	200	Savoy Oil	7	7	7
1,200	‡Gut-Gil O	23½	23½	23½	800	‡Simms Pet	6½	6¾	6¾
1,500	‡Hudson Oil	¾	¾	¾	700	Skelly Oil	7¾	7	7
14,000	‡Hughes P	10	10	10	6,300	‡Texon O&L	¾	¾	¾
900	‡Inter Pet	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	1,000	‡Thd Tex P	1	1	1
500	Invader Oil	172	168	168	1,100	‡Vict Oil	3	3	3
1,200	‡Lyon Pet	¾	¾	¾	300	‡Wilcox O&G	5¾	5¾	5¾
200	‡Maracaibo	12¾	12	12¾	2,000	‡Woodburn	1¾	1¾	1¾

MINING STOCKS.

1,000	Al-Bert C M	¾	¾	¾	1,000	Louis Cons	¾	¾	¾
2,500	†Atlanta	1¾	1	1¾	1,000	†MacN Min	1	1	1
2,400	†Blacktail				1,800	Magma Cop	16¾	16	16½
8,500	†Bldnerfrth (a pros.)	3½	2½	3	2,500	†Mash Min	8	7	7
2,500	Big Ledge	¾	¾	¾	100	†Mothlods C	5¾	5¾	5½
4,000	†Bosch	3¾	3	3	40	†N J Zinc	130	127	130
40,000	†Bost	40	38	40	300	†Nip Mines	7¾	7½	7¾
4,300	†Caledonia	17	16	16	1,400	Ray V Cop	1¼	1	1½
2,500	Canada Cop	13	11	13	200	†Rl Kg Div	1¼	1	1¼
2,200	†Cashboy	5	4	4¾	3,000	†Silver Pic	4	3	4
100	Con Vir	3	3	3	300	St Croix Silv	1	¾	1
3,900	†Cortes Silv	62	60	64	5,000	†S A G & P	3½	3	3½
4,300	Div Ex (pr)	27	26	27	2,700	†Success M	2	1½	2
1,000	El Sal Silver	1¾	1½	1¾	2,800	†Ruther Div	1¼	1	1¼
7,000	Emma Silver	3½	3	3½	800	†Talapoosa S	1	¾	1
11,000	†Eureka C M	40	37	40	875	†Ton Belm't	1¾	1¾	1¾
100	†Eureka Hol	1¾	1¾	1¾	2,500	†Ton Divide	1¼	1	1¼
4,500	†Gold Z Div	22	21	21½	1,450	Ton Exten	1¾	1¾	1¾
2,500	†Goldf Con	5	5	5	350	†Ton Mining	1¾	1¾	1¾
3,800	†Goldf Dev	2	1	1¾	1,500	Un Eastern	2¾	2¼	2¾
3,500	†Harm D M	20	17	20	7,500	†U S C M	7	6½	7
475	Hecla Min	3¾	3¼	3½	2,700	†Vic D (pr)	4	3½	4
44,500	†Jim Butler	17	17	17½	7,200	†W P Cons	1¾	¾	1
2,800	†Jumbo Ext	5	4½	5	2,500	†Wh Caps M	4	4	4½
2,500	†Knox Div	7½	6½	7	10	†Yukon G Al	20	20	20
5,000	†Lone Star	4	4	4					

BONDS.

		High.	Low.	Last.
$15,000	†Allied Packers 8s			61½
5,000	†Aluminium Mfg 7s	95½	95½	95½
50,000	†Am Tel & Tel, 1924	91¾	91¾	91¾
25,000	†Anaconda 8s	81¾	80½	81
10,000	†Associated Oil 6s	88	88	88
1,000	†Armour 7½	94½	94¾	94¾
6,000	†Beth Steel 7½, 1935	93	93	93
5,000	†Can Nat Ry 7½, 1935	100¾	100¾	100¾
50,000	Cons Gas 5s '57	98	98	98
45,000	†Denmark 8s	96½	95½	95½
2,000	†Diamond Match 7s	100	100	100
6,000	†Duquesne Light 6s	89	88¼	89
2,000	†Emp Gas & F 6s, 1926	91¾	91¾	91¾
19,000	†Goodrich 7%, 1925	81	80	80½
15,000	†Inter Rapid Transit 7s	67½	67	67
25,000	†Kingdom of Norway	99½	98¾	99
4,000	†Lackaw Gas 1st 7s	83	83	83
2,000	†Morris & Co 7½s	94	94	94
10,000	†N Y, N H & Hart 4%	60	57	57
25,000	†Norway 8%, 1941	99¼	99¼	99½
5,000	†Ohio Cities Gas 7%, 1922	51	51	53
5,000	†Russian Gov 5½s	10	10	10
17,000	†Seaboard Air Line 6%	43	42¾	43
19,000	†Sears, Roeb & Co 7s	97	97	97
14,000	†Sinclair 7½%	87½	86¾	86¾
6,000	†Solvay & Cie 8s	99½	99	99½
4,000	†Swift & Co 7s, 1925	94	94	94
20,000	†Swift Inter Corp 7s	77	77	77½
10,000	†Texas Co 7% notes	97	97	97
10,000	†Union Tank Line 7s	99¾	99¾	99¾
600	1st O N Y 7s, 1926	100¾	100¾	100¾
18,000	1st O N Y 7s, 1927	100¾	100¾	100¾
6,000	1st O N Y 7s, 1928	100¼	100¼	100¼
2,000	1st O N Y 7s, 1929	100	100	100
2,000	1st O N Y 7s, 1931	100¼	100¼	100¼

GERMAN BONDS.

Marks.		High.	Low.	Last.
5,000	†Hamburg 4½s	14	14	14
200,000	†Vienna 4s	2¾	2¾	2¾

†Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note—Dec. 21 Lincoln Motor 50 sold at 19½ and 20 at 20.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		Bid.	Asked.
585	Cities Service	240	245
1,120	Cities Service pf	63½	63¾
793	Cities Service pf. B	5¾	5¾
3,420	Cities Service bk. shares	30	30
$23,100	Cities Service deb. B	123	123
97,500	Cities Service deb. C	83	83
26,900	Cities Service deb. D	86	83
410	Empire Gas and Fuel pf	82¾	82

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Gas & Electric	93	96	Galveston-Houston Elec	24	28
Am Gas & Electric pf	32	34	Galveston-Hou Elec pf	59	64
Am Light & Traction	76	80	Miss River Power	10¾	12¾
Am Light & Trac pf	65	69	Miss River Power pf	58	62
Am Power & Light	38	42	Northern States Power	40	42
Am Power & Light pf	58	62	North. States Pow pf	74	80
Am W W & Electric	70	75	Northern Texas Elec	70	75
Am W W & Elec 1st pf	35	38	Northern Tex Elec pf	84	86
Am W W & E partic	4	6¼	Pacific Gas & Elec pf	78	80
Appalachian Power	1	5	Puget Sound Pow & Lt	15½	16
Appalachian Power pf	18	24	Puget Sd Pow & Lt pf	50	55
Carolina Power & Lt	27	32	Republic Ry & Light	5	6
Colorado Power	9	11	Republic Ry & Light pf	16	18
Colorado Power pf	79	90	Southern Cal Edison	87½	88½
Columbus Electric pf	53	58	Southern Cal Edison pf	84	86
Com Power, Ry & Lt	9	10½	Standard Gas & Elec	10	11
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	28	30	Standard Gas & Elec pf	30	32
Comm Power pf	72	77	Tampa Electric	106	110
Texas Pow, Lt & Power	73	75	Tenn Ry, Lt & Power	¾	1½
Eastern Texas Elec pf	67	87	Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf	1½	2½
El Paso Electric	84	87	United Light & Rys	16	18½
Electric Bond & Sh pf	77	80½	United Light & Rys pf	48	50
Federal Light & Trac	5	7	Western Pow pf	18	19½
Federal Lt & Trac pf	42	49	Western Power pf	58	60½

Bonds.

Am W W & El con 5s	46	49	Miss River Pow 5s, '51 '74	78
Appalachian 1st 5s, '41	60	67	Nor States Pow 5s, '41 '74	77
Ohio Gas & Elec 5s, '36	78	83	Nor States Pow 6s, '26 '36	81
Col Gas & El deb 5s, '27	75	83	Seattle Electric 5s, '20, '27	79
Col Gas & El 1st 5s, '29	80	86	Stand Gas & El 6s, '26	70
Comm Power 5s, '53	73	..	Stand Gas & El 7s, '21, '24	94
Dallas Electric 5s, '52	100	..	Stand Gas 6s, '25	90
East Tex Elec 6s, '42	73	77	Stand Gas & El 5s, '26	86
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s, '24	87	89	Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow 5s, '57	80
Midwest Utilities 6s, '35	80	84	West States G & E 5s, '41	75

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd.	15¾	16¼	Penn-Mex Fuel	34	36
Atlantic Lobos	27	30	Prairie Oil & Gas	450	460
Do pf	70	90	Prairie Pipe Line	175	180
Borne-Scrymser	290	410	Solar Refining	350	370
Buckeye Pipe Line	84	87	Southern Pipe Line	97	100
Chesebrough Mfg	175	190	South Penn Oil	240	245
Do pf	97	100	S W Pa Pipe Lines	56	60
Continental Oil	101	108	Stand Oil of Calif	288	293
Crescent Pipe Line	26	28	Stand Oil of Ind, $25 par	65	67
Cumberland P L	120	130	Stand Oil of Kan	540	580
Eureka Pipe Line	80	84	Stand Oil of Ky	290	300
Galena Signal Oil	90	95	Stand Oil of Neb	390	410
Do pf, old	95	100	Stand Oil of N Y	315	320
Illinois Pipe Line	155	160	Stand Oil of Ohio	370	380
Imperial Oil	101	102	Do pf	102	103
Indiana Pipe Line	83	85	Swan & Finch	15	25
Int Petrol, Ltd	15½	16	Union Tank Car	99	102
National Transit	23	24	Do pf	93	98
New York Transit	230	235	Vacuum Oil	280	285
Northern Pipe Line	90	95	Washington Oil	30	35
Ohio Oil	260	265			

SUGAR STOCKS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Caracas Sugar	35	45	Great Western	220	230
Central Aguirre	48	52	Do pf	105	110
Central Sugar	5	8	Holly	28	32
Do pf	85	85	Do pf	90	95
Fajardo	75	80	Nat Sugar Ref	110	120
Federal Sugar	97	103	Santa Cecelia	45	50
Do pf	97	103	Savannah	10	30
Godchaux	23	25	Do pf	43	52
Do pf	80	75	West India	90	95

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Am Cigar	75	85	Porto Rico-Am	85	95
Do pf	78	83	Do scrip	80	90
Am Tob scrip	82	86	R J Reynolds, A	80	85
Geo W. Helme	146	155	Do B, new	28	33
Do pf	87	93	Do pf	94	99
MacA & Forbes	90	100	United Leaf Tob	140	145
Do pf	70	82	Do pf	78	84
J S Young	90	100	Weyman-Bruton	150	160
Do pf	80	85	Do pf	87	93

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Am Brass	156	162	Hercules	180	186
Am Chicle	23	24	Do 1st pf	91	93
Do pf	52	57	Illinois Traction	10	15
Amal Leather	74	20	Do pf	52	57
Do pf	80	90	Ingersoll-Rand	155	165
Am Light & Trac	76	76	Do pf	92	97
Do pf	74	77	Merrimac Chem	76	78
Atlas Powder	116	124	New Jersey Zinc	123	130
Babcock & Wilcox	103	106	Niles-Bem't-Pond	58	62
Borden & Co	92	95½	Do pf	90	95
Do pf	79	81	Northern Securities	75	85
Childs Co	76	80	Royal Bak Powder	100	106
Do pf	88	90	Do pf	78	80
Crocker-Wheeler	100	95	Scovil Mfg	300	330
Draper Corp	123½	126½	Singer Mfg, new	92	95
Du Pont	146	153	Do old	143	146
Do pf	75	78	Stand Screw Co	220	240
E W Bliss pf	..	60	Va.-Car Chem	15	20
Gil Safety Razor	130	135	Do pf	82	87
H J Heinz Co 7%			Valvo Oil 1st cv pf	97	100
Dec. 1, 1930	94	94¾			

SUGAR STOCKS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Caracas Sugar	35	45	Great Western	220	230
Central Aguirre	48	52	Do pf	105	110
Central Sugar	5	8	Holly	28	32
Do pf	85	85	Do pf	90	95
Fajardo	75	80	Nat Sugar Ref	110	120
Federal Sugar	97	103	Santa Cecelia	45	50
Do pf	97	103	Savannah	10	30
Godchaux	23	25	Do pf	43	52
Do pf	80	75	West India	90	95

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Am Cigar	75	85	Porto Rico-Am	85	95
Do pf	78	83	Do scrip	80	90
Am Tob scrip	82	86	R J Reynolds, A	80	85
Geo W. Helme	146	155	Do B, new	28	33
Do pf	87	93	Do pf	94	99
MacA & Forbes	90	100	United Leaf Tob	140	145
Do pf	70	82	Do pf	78	84
J S Young	90	100	Weyman-Bruton	150	160
Do pf	80	85	Do pf	87	93

Thinks Law Should Compel Report on Sales—Blames Income Tax for House Shortage.

A country-wide revival of business which will far exceed the most optimistic expectations was predicted last night by United States Senator William M. Calder, speaking at the Marquette Club dinner at the Hotel Commodore. The Senator discussed at length the housing and the coal problems and his prediction of better business conditions came after he had told what the Senate Committee on Reconstruction, of which he is Chairman, expected to accomplish as a result of its investigation of the fuel situation.

"We are undergoing today, in every part of the country," he said, "a severe business depression, almost entirely as a result of the war. We have had unduly high prices and abnormal profits, and deflation was necessary and unavoidable.

"Many men in America today are concerned over the present outlook. For my part, and I make this statement after a nation-wide survey of existing conditions, there is every promise that when the new Administration takes office and the people come to understand the causes of their present troubles, that with the readjustment of both our internal and tariff revenue systems we will at once have a revival of business in this country which will far exceed the expectations of even the most optimistic.

"Do not forget, gentlemen, that fundamentally the affairs of the nation are on a sound basis. Our national wealth exceeds $250,000,000,000, and while the war brought about many difficulties, we will surmount them and will return in a short while to former conditions of prosperity and plenty."

Discussing the coal situation, Senator Calder said that his committee believed that less drastic measures than Government control of coal mining should be applied, and thought it might be necessary to pass a law compelling coal operators, wholesalers, jobbers and retailers to file at stated intervals with the Federal Government a report showing in detail just how the coal was obtained, the price paid for it and the price obtained from consumers.

Speaking of the housing situation, Senator Calder blamed the high Federal income tax rate largely for the shortage of dwellings. Wealthy investors, he said, were placing all available funds in tax exempt securities. He suggested that Congress meet the situation by making exemptions on dwellings exempt from taxes up to a certain figure.

He said his committee had recommended legislation providing for exemption for the next five years of the profits on the sale of new buildings for dwelling purposes, provided the profits are reinvested in new buildings. The committee, he said, also had urged the creation of a Federal loan banking system in line with the Farm Loan Bank.

SNOWSTORM ENDS IN RAIN.

Weather Helps to Increase Attendance at City Lodging House.

What started out on Sunday to be a real Winter snowstorm ended yesterday as an Autumnal rain. There was snow enough, however, to cause some inconvenience to those who had to go early to work and to interfere slightly with the city's transit facilities.

During the very early morning the Street Cleaning Department issued a call for 5,000 extra men to shovel snow. After this the Snow Removal Bureau stood "at attention" while the beneficent rain cut down the snow removal job so that it was attended to by the regular force, re-enforced by a few extra hands. It was just as well that the rain came to the help of the department for, notwithstanding unemployment, the call to work at 63 cents an hour did not bring an enthusiastic response.

Weather conditions and unemployment are reflected in the attendance at the Municipal Lodging House, at Twenty-fifth Street and the East River, where Commissioner of Welfare Bird S. Coler said, twice as many men are being accommodated now as at this time a year ago. During the week which ended on Dec. 28, the lodging house took care of 1,478 persons, 64 of whom were women and three children. In the same week a year ago only 397 persons sought shelter.

JEWS REPLY TO DR. CRAFTS.

Sabbath Alliance Not Linked to Movies, Says William Rosenberg.

The Jewish Sabbath Alliance of America is not linked to the movie industry, William Rosenberg, Executive Secretary, said yesterday in a statement replying to Dr. Wilbur F. Crafts, head of the International Reform Bureau, who criticised the Jewish association in a Sunday afternoon talk in the West Side Y. M. C. A.

"The work of this organization," he said, "is one from a religious standpoint, and no other. Last year, on Jan. 6, the Jewish Sabbath Alliance had a bill introduced in the Legislature which, if passed, would have given the seventh-day observer the privilege, as such to labor and do business on Sunday. This was not a special privilege we asked for, but only an equal religious right guaranteed by the Constitution."

Mr. Rosenberg said the sponsors of the blue law agitation were responsible for the failure of the bill to pass. A similar measure, he said, would be introduced in the Legislature soon to come.

SNOW HALTS BOMB SEARCH.

Police Fear Explosives Are Hidden in Bergen Beach Woods.

Detectives of the Grand Avenue Station, Brooklyn, engaged yesterday in a search of the Bergen Beach woods on Jamaica Bay for gas pipe bombs similar to the one the explosion of which killed John F. McKenney, 16 years old, of 1,269 Union Street. The search was hindered by the snow and will be resumed as soon as the ground clears, as the police fear that other bombs may be hidden in the woods and may be picked up by other boys.

McKenney's two companions, Paul Clendow of 807 St. John's Place and Herbert Brams of 119 Rogers Avenue, who were injured by the explosion, were still in a serious condition at the Swedish Hospital, but it was said that they probably would recover.

Tighten Loans to Stores.

The action of the banks in refusing loans to retailers who do not promptly liquidate their merchandise has awaited in many instances the conclusion of the holiday business, but from now on, according to reports current in wholesale circles yesterday, there will be a tightening up of bank credits where tardy merchants are concerned. The most spectacular move in the campaign of liquidation was seen yesterday in the case of Pittsburgh stores, which inaugurated a general 50 per cent. reduction. While general cuts of this kind were not expected to spread to other retail centres, it was stated that reductions will be on a par in other quarters taking all price discounts into consideration.

New Clock a Fast Seller.

A consignment of new clocks from abroad has been sold out by the jewelry department of the Bush Terminal Sales Building, necessitating a cabled order for additional supplies. The clock is run by a small electric battery which does not require renewal for 1,000 days. It is said to keep good time and because of its electrical operation needs little, if any, attention. The wholesale price permits the sale of the article at retail for about $50. Department stores and retail jewelers have been the principal buyers.

Showing New Silverware.

The new lines of silverware prepared for the coming season show, it is said, a preponderance of Grecian designs. A marked improvement is noted in the plated ware, particularly in the use of non-tarnishable metal. The makers have recalled their former prices and are taking new orders on a basis of from 10 to 25 per cent. lower. Orders booked during the past two weeks and all undelivered portions are being reentered at the new figures. The new price basis is expected to result in a more active demand.

Felt Hats Coming Well.

After a somewhat slow start, the reason for which is not apparent, felt hats are taking very well at the present time, according to reports from the millinery trade. The most popular types of these hats are trimmed with georgette scarfs, which drop over the edge of brims. The preferred shape in felt hats is a mushroom effect with a full, bell-shaped crown and a short turned down brim. While most of the models seen here are made entirely of felt, a few show the

though some trading in 39-inch 64-106, 4.20-yard sateens took place at 13½ cents.

Shoe Buyers Are Waking Up.

After a period of quite prolonged apathy toward what has been generally termed the active season done in these garments this Fall will be repeated during the coming season. From a number of sources has come the information that merchandise men, encouraged by the Fall showings of various departments, have increased buyers' appropriations for Spring. With buyers having more money to spend and with dress prices lower than they have been in recent seasons, prospects are regarded bright for a voluminous business. The early coming of Easter which is usually the line of demarkation between suits and dresses, will mean a longer season for the latter. This is said to have an excellent season for the manufacturers is the use of a reasonable amount of judgment on their part about cutting up goods in advance.

Buying $250,000 Worth of Goods.

Louis Traxler, President of the Louis Traxler Co., Dayton, Ohio, yesterday arrived in this market with a delegation of buyers from his store who will purchase $250,000 worth of merchandise. He stated that holiday business had been very good and that under the stimulus of special sales the next two months ought to furnish a satisfactory trade. He emphasized the need, however, of the stores getting back to a basis of pre-war prices as quickly as possible. Such values are necessary he said, to restore the confidence of the buying public. The buyers, who accom-

fication of holiday goods, low profits, if any, were common. This year said to be particularly true of imported articles, where the mark-up reached the 100 per cent. mark and over. One retail representative, in fact, characterised holiday profits as "shamefully good."

Dress Buyers Promise Business.

Dress buyers are expected to come to this market in large numbers after the turn of the year, and from the present outlook the active season done in these garments this Fall will be repeated during the coming season. From a number of sources has come the information that merchandise men, encouraged by the Fall showings of various departments, have increased buyers' appropriations for Spring. With buyers having more money to spend and with dress prices lower than they have been in recent seasons, prospects are regarded bright for a voluminous business. The early coming of Easter which is usually the line of demarkation between suits and dresses, will mean a longer season for the latter. This is said to have an excellent season for the manufacturers is the use of a reasonable amount of judgment on their part about cutting up goods in advance.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The fourteenth annual convention of the National Canners' Association, the Canning Machinery and Supplies Association and the National Canned Foods and Dried Fruit Brokers' Association, together with allied and affiliated organizations, will be held at Atlantic City the week of Jan. 17.

Julius Brunner, resident buyer for Kahn Brothers, Oakland, Cal., will be located at 404 Fourth Avenue, Room 1503, after Jan. 1.

The National Trunk and Luggage Sales Exhibition has established headquarters on the seventeenth floor of the Bush Terminal Sales Building, in charge of Arthur Levy.

The selling office of the Morgan Knitting Mills, Inc., of Newark, is now located at 246 Broadway.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—Kirk Co.: L. D. Freiberg, carpets; Pennsylvania.

ALBANY—W. M. Whitney & Co.: T. S. Bellin, women's neckwear, handkerchiefs; 1,184 B'way.

ALTOONA, Pa.—William F. Gable & Co.: J. M. Fay, linens; C. L. Carpenter, men's furnishings; L. T. Dudeau, prints; Mr. Sykles, cottons; 230 5th Av.

ATLANTA, Ga.—M. Rich, Bros. & Co.; F. A. Sheram, notions, fancy goods, hosiery, underwear; 352 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Shapiro & Gann; H. Shapiro, cloaks, suits, skirts; 1,170 B'way, Room 810.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.: T. L. Shanahan, men's furnishings; 2 W. 37th.

BALTIMORE—Maass & Kemper; G. W. Busch, white goods, linens; The Annex.

BALTIMORE—The Leader Dept. Store: Miss A. V. Decker, dresses; 1,261 B'way; Imperial.

BALTIMORE — Fink - Roemer - Harcum; H. Fink, neckwear materials; The Annex.

BALTIMORE—A. Frank & Sons; H. S. Frank, tailor trimmings; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE — Fribush Bros.; L. Fribush, mfrs. cloaks, suits; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild-Kohn Co.; Miss C. H. Fuld, corsets; 220 5th Av.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss L. H. Greaves, notions; 2 W. 37th.

BALTIMORE—L. & I. Greenbaum; L. Greenbaum, mfrs. waists, house dresses; 1,182 B'way; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Hecht Sons; J. Sonneborn, women's ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Hecht & Co.; A. Stockett, silks, velvets; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg & Co.; A. Van Tassel, silks, dress goods, wash goods; Pennsylvania.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—A. R. Swartz Co.: A. Goodman, women's wear; 25 W. 30th.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—Hills, McLean & Hasbins; Miss K. E. Dillon, draperies; 44 E. 23d.

BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co. Upstairs—Miss A. L. Regan, boys' furnishings, hats; Hugh Owens, art embroideries, yarns; F. E. Eagles, infants', children's hosiery, knit underwear, umbrellas; Miss M. Seldon, Hamburgs; Miss K. J. Sutton, buttons; E. I. Labi, laces; Miss H. E. Morgan, ribbons; W. V. London, leather goods; C. H. Berry, small wares, hair goods, patterns; Eugene Daley, inexpensive dresses, aprons, house dresses; Miss T. Saunders, misses', children's waists, blouses; Otto O'Leary, rugs, mattings, oil cloth, carpets; Miss D. Feeley, negligees, bathrobes, dressing sacques; J. A. Belyea, neckwear, belts; C. H. Hurd, women's knit underwear, hosiery; Miss B. Sullivan, women's cotton waists; Miss K. A. Maddock, misses', children's millinery; G. H. Guest, corsets, furnishings, hardware, baskets, electric goods; Richard Mitten, underwear mgr. boys', men's departments; W. S. Tufts, mdse. mgr. girls' departments, gloves, shoes, dress goods. Basement—R. A. Bedley, laces, hemmings; Miss P. H. White, misses' suits, coats, dresses; Miss M. E. Blacklen, small wares; M. Robillard, boys' clothing; G. T. Reed, women's, children's hosiery, underwear; J. G. Ryan, house dresses, negligees, kimonos, aprons; Miss M. A. Turner, ribbons; Mr. Wilkins, women's millinery; Miss Isabelle Burks, infants' wear; J. Trimble, cotton underwear, sweaters; Miss A. Nagle, dress embroideries; C. L. Wentworth, leather goods; Miss L. Altimas, women's coats, skirts; D. Crammond, white goods, handkerchiefs, linens; A. Clougherty, vellings; Hugh Rafferty, wash goods, linings; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—William Filene's Sons Co. Basement—Miss Williams, women's hosiery; Miss Duquette, women's sweaters; Miss Walsh; Mr. Levin, children's, juniors' and girls' coats, dresses; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co. Basement—Miss E. Keltner, flannelette underwear, house dresses, corsets, brassieres; J. Aronson, boys' clothing, furnishings; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—Kendrick Mfg. Co.: M. Diekman, coats; B. Sofnas, gen. mdse.; Brenlin & Co., vellings; Hugh Rafferty, wash goods, linings; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss Whelan, petticoats; 10 E. 32d.

BOSTON—Sylvia-Coppinger Co.; F. L. Sylvia, dry goods; 54 Leonard.

BRIDGEPORT—Caesar Misch, Inc.; G. M. Walder, ready-to-wear; 1,170 B'way, Room 908.

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; J. S. Connor, men's clothing; Ed Karl, men's furnishings; 2 W. 37th.

BUFFALO—William Hengerer Co.; W. John Boyle, silks, velvets, dress goods; 2 W. 37th.

CHATTANOOGA—D. H. Loveman Co.; W. M. Sporborg, gen. mdse.; 1,159 B'way, 8th floor.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; A. C. Hall, silk petticoats; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Chicago Mercantile Co.: A. J. Frick, untrimmed hats; Miss Coyne, millinery; 621 B'way.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; J. V. Farwell, No. 3 remnants; 72 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Hillman's; M. Kasakoff, ribbons, women's neckwear, umbrellas; 27 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Apfelbaum & Stern; P. Apfelbaum, waists, dresses; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Baer Bros.; L. Baer, woolens; Marlborough.

CHICAGO—The Twelfth Street Store; J. H. Mitchell, coats, suits, waists; 25 W. 30th; Continental.

CHICAGO—Chas. Loving & Co.; C. Levine, jobs tricotine, serge dresses; Springs, Fall children's coats; 1,161 B'way, Room 408.

CHICAGO—Lilienthal Bros. & Co.; S. Lilienthal, jobs tricotine dresses; 1,270 B'way, Room 911.

CHICAGO—Sol Klein Store; Miss Jindre, infants' wear, children's dresses, muslin underwear; H. Boe, cottons, silks, dress goods; Mr. Langhagen, leather goods, notions, handkerchiefs; 23 W. 30th.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; E. A. Ravenios, tapestries; A. Le Sage, dressmaking dept.; 1,107 B'way.

CHICAGO—Twelfth St. Store; Mr. Simon, men's furnishings, underwear; Mr. Wiggins, silks, dress goods; Mr. Maddigan, cotton goods; Mr. Walsh, manager, genl. mdse.; 23 W. 30th.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; W. R. Clark, millinery; 37 W. 26th, 8th floor.

CLEVELAND—Monarch Raincoat Co.; L. G. Ripper, raincoat materials; Pennsylvania.

DALLAS, Texas—Baron Bros. Millinery Co.; J. Baron, millinery, trimmed hats; 379 B'way.

DALLAS, Texas—Baron Bros. Millinery Co.; Mrs. M. Goelich, trimmed hats, novelties; 379 B'way.

DANVILLE, Ill.—Meis Bros.; A. Meis, coats, dresses, millinery; L. Meis, silks; 130 W. 32d.

DAYTON, Ohio—Max Marcus, jobs tricotine dresses; 141 W. 33d.

DAYTON, Ohio—The Traxler Co.; R. A. Staley, rugs, draperies, blankets; 130 W. 32d.

DAYTON, Ohio—L. Traxler Co.; H. A. Grest, cloaks, suits; J. K. Mayer, muslin underwear, house dresses; 130 W. 32d.

DAYTON—Louis Traxler Co.; L. Traxler, piece goods; H. Levy, silks, dress goods, domestics, linens; 130 W. 32d.

DENVER, Col.—Neustetter Co.; M. D. Neustetter, jobs dresses; 16 W. 30th.

DES MOINES, Iowa—The Fashion; D. Freeman, jobs coats, dresses; 276 5th Av., 6th floor.

DES MOINES, Iowa—Emporium Cloak and Suit Co.; D. Freiser, jobs fur-trimmed coats, silk, serge dresses; 276 5th Av., Room 605.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; J. O. Rosenthal, house dresses, aprons, petticoats, basement; 225 5th Av.

DU BOIS, Pa.—Broadbent-Martin Co.; Mr. Martin, jobs linens, white goods, domestics; 1,270 B'way.

DULUTH, Minn.—Duluth Glass Block Store; Miss M. Beatty, waists, sweaters, junior ready-to-wear; 200 5th Av., Room 504.

ELMIRA, N. Y.—Sheehan, Dean & Co.; E. Dean, general merchandise; 404 4th Av.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—E. S. Brown Co.; M. H. V. Connell, dress goods, silks; 8 W. 32d; Pennsylvania.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—R. A. McWhirr Co.; S. Reinstein, silks, dress goods; 404 4th Av.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—E. S. Brown Co.; M. H. V. Connell, dress goods, silks; 8 W. 32d; Pennsylvania.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y.—J. S. Ham & Co.; J. Ham, mfrs. waists, dresses; Continental.

GREENVILLE, Pa.—I. J. Keller Co.; G. Silver, dresses, coats, waists; 16 W. 33d.

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Gutelius & Co.; M. Fink, neckwear materials; The Annex.

HARTFORD—G. Fox & Co.; S. H. Polman, knit underwear, hosiery, house dresses, petticoats, aprons; Miss Mina M. Fisher, dresses; R. Goldsmith, carpets; Pennsylvania.

HARTFORD—G. Fox & Co.; S. H. Polman, knit underwear, hosiery, house dresses, petticoats, aprons; Miss Mina M. Fisher, dresses; R. Goldsmith, carpets; Pennsylvania.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Miss A. S. Krauch, infants' wear; 225 5th Av.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa.—M. Nathan & Bro.; J. M. Lloyd, coats; Miss Smith, muslin underwear, flannel gowns, infants' wear, house dresses, negligees, aprons, children's dresses, sweaters; Miss Melanephy, jobs millinery; Mr. Donnelly, jobs cotton goods; N. Elsasser, jobs waists, general mdse.; 37 W. 26th, 5th floor.

LAFAYETTE, Ind.—M. Schults, dry goods, general mdse.; 303 5th Av., Room 1807.

LANCASTER, Pa.—Watt & Shand; C. G. Watt, men's furn. goods, gloves; 423 4th Av.

LAPORTE, Ind.—Meyer-Lindorf Co.; A. R. Lindorf, jobs ready-to-wear; Mr. Bryant, neckties; 225 5th Av.

LANCASTER, Pa.—Watt & Shand; F. Watt, linens, flannels, blankets; G. Johnson, domestics, wash goods; 423 4th Av.

LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; W. Taylor, genl. mdse., basement; W. Emery, women's neckwear, laces, embroideries; 225 5th Av., Room 520.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Stewart D. G. Co.; Miss N. Ross, waists; 2 W. 37th.

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—J. C. Lewis Co.; G. W. Russell, piece goods, ribbons, notions; 106 Grand; Breslin.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—B. Lowenstein & Bro.; E. Bishop, wash goods, linings, linens, blankets, white goods; 220 5th Av.

MERIDEN, Conn.—Cotton, Upham & Rand Co.; J. B. Martin, linens, white goods, wash goods, domestics, blankets; 404 4th Av.

MERIDIAN, Miss.—Menka-Rothenberg Co.; L. Rothenberg, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way, 8th floor.

MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Brothers; A. Dusty, silks; B'way & 32d.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Herzfeld, Phillipsen Co.; J. C. McCarthy, dress goods, linings; 1,164 B'way; Broxtell.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Powers Merc. Co.; Mr. Knight, men's furnishings; Miss M. Carry, muslin underwear, house dresses, negligees, bathing suits, petticoats, waists; 2 W. 37th.

MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Montgomery Fair; Mrs. E. Simon, cloaks, suits, furs, waists; 23 E. 26th.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn.—The Marvin Blouse Co.; Mr. Marvin, blouses; 1 E. 28th, 1st floor.

NEW ORLEANS—L. Feibleman & Co.; M. Leberman, jobs dresses; 212 5th Av., 12th floor.

NORWICH, Conn.—Reid & Hughes Co.; J. W. Bussey, furnishing goods, underwear, wash goods; 404 4th Av.

PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; Mrs. Cote, silks, dress goods, linings, patterns; H. F. Ensign, men's furnishings, gloves, hosiery, knit underwear; J. K. McShane, leather goods, ribbons, laces, handkerchiefs, art goods; 404 4th Av.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J.—The Marvin Blouse Co.; Mr. Marvin, blouses; 1 E. 28th, 1st floor.

PHILADELPHIA — Blauner's; H. Blauner, jobs wraps; Miss E. Schenk, jobs novelty skirts; 1,170 B'way, Room 610.

PHILADELPHIA—Cornsip's Fashion Shop; H. C. Cornsip, jobs coats, suits, dresses, waists; 1,170 B'way; Room 610.

PHILADELPHIA—Rahn & Rosenau; J. Rosenau, jr., furniture; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA — Dannenbaum, millinery Co.; J. F. Ryan, flowers, feathers; Herald Square.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; M. A. Loewenthal, women's white wash skirts; Miss Convery, women's, misses', children's bathing suits; Miss Stone, children's Spring dresses; Miss M. McLaughlin, women's cotton dresses; B. Wood, 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; Miss A. Hickey, muslin underwear; Miss G. Stecklair, children's dresses; Mrs. M. Green, jobs children's coats; J. E. Lit, infants' dresses; 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—Lit Brothers; H. Shivers, trimmed millinery; 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—Mendall's; J. Kauffman, jobs women's, children's coats, dresses; M. Hirsch, jobs waists, underwear; 1,170 B'way, Room 602.

PHILADELPHIA—Ost Bros.; Mr. Segal, Spring dresses; Alcazar.

PHILADELPHIA—Pearlberg & Cooper; S. S. Cooper, Spring coats, suits; 25 West 24th, Room 502.

PHILADELPHIA—Stewart's; Mr. Goldberg, Miss Koenig, jobs dresses; 130 West 32d.

PHILADELPHIA—Warewell Co.; A. Schott, khaki pants, overalls, dress poplins; 856 Broadway.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; A. E. Rogers, silks, dress goods; 130 W. 32d.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; V. Kavey, boys' clothing, furs, goods; 16 W. 32d.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; A. E. Rogers, domestics, dress goods, silks, blankets; 116 W. 32d; Collingswood.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; M. Arnfeld, men's clothing; A. Arnfeld, men's, boys' furnishings; 16 W. 34th.

PITTSBURGH—Lewis-Neiman Co.; Mr. Koch, jobs georgette and cotton waists, petticoats, undermuslins; 1,261 B'way, Room 1008.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; C. H. Van Scoten, shirts; 404 4th Av.

PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft; J. R. Armsby, silks, dress goods, wash goods, domestics, linens; 404 4th Av.

PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Brothers & Bancroft; H. B. Eastman, merchandise manager; F. W. Eichholtz, representing; 404 4th Av.

PORTLAND, Me.—Portcous, Mitchell & Braun Co.; A. Mitchell 4th, domestics, linens, wash goods; O. A. Moore, upholstery goods, books; 432 4th Av.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Shepard Co.; H. B. Nye, planes; 220 5th Av.

ROCHESTER—Duffy-Powers Co.; Miss S. Feldman, house dresses, aprons, sranstern, bathrobes; Miss M. Fisher, dresses; B. Westheimer, jobs men's furnishings, hosiery, basement; 1,261 B'way, Room 1008.

ROCHESTER—B. Forman Co.; Miss Sallen, underwear; 225 5th Av.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sampsell, Co.; J. A. Sampsell, jobs general mdse. (upstairs basement); The Annex.

SALEM, Mass.—W. G. Webber & Co.; S. J. Walsh, linens, domestics, cotton wash goods; R. E. Mansfield, women's, misses', children's ready-to-wear, waists, petticoats, house dresses, suits; B. A. Potter, silks, wool dress goods, linings; 404 4th Av.

SAN FRANCISCO—A. A. Jacob & Co.; A. A. Jacob, silks, velvets, millinery; 640 B'way.

SAN FRANCISCO—Max Levy, dresses; 15 E. 26th, Room 1010.

SAVANNAH, Ga.—I. Epstein & Bro. Co.; D. H. Hirsch, notions, fancy goods; 48 Leonard.

SHAMOKIN, Pa.—Mitteiman & Schusterman; J. Mitteiman, men's clothing and boys' suits; 12 W. 32d.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—A. Steiger Co.; H. E. Warner, linens, cottons, flannels, blankets; 105 Grand.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; Miss Varneau, millinery; 37 W. 26th.

ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; J. T. Carpenter, remnants; H. R. Kurtz, wash goods; 66 W. 17th; Goldsmith; M. L. Goldsmith, carpets; Pennsylvania.

ST. LOUIS—T. W. Garland; Miss L. Frank, women's, children's coats; Pennsylvania.

ST. LOUIS—Levis-Zukoski Mercantile Co.; W. Levis, garments; 263 5th Av.

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; D. Harrison, G. Burrison, draperies, curtains; 1,107 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—Levis-Zukoski Merc. Co.; Miss F. Baird, tailored hats; Miss A. Herbers, Miss W. G. Sell, millinery; Miss M. Schmidt, ornaments, novelties; Miss L. Wirth, millinery; 306 5th Av.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Bannon Bros. Co.; A. Deaf, jobs coats, suits, dresses, skirts, waists, aprons, corsets, blouses, hosiery, children's dresses, coats, women's plush coats; McAlpin.

TOLEDO—Lasalle & Koch; Mr. Schwartz, draperies, curtains; Mr. Singer, draperies, basement; 225 5th Av.

TOLEDO—W. L. Milner & Co.; J. King, men's, boys' clothing; Miss M. Rochte, muslin underwear; infants', wear; 120 W. 32d.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—King's Palace; Miss M. Kinder, women's, infants' wear, corsets, ready-to-wear; Cumberland.

WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; H. E. Ullman, men's furnishings; Miss M. Friedman, jobs children's wear; 120 W. 32d, 13th floor.

WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; H. E. Ullman, women's cotton skirts; 120 W. 32d; Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; Miss S. Eber, muslin underwear, kimonos; 334 4th Av.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—S. Kann, Sons & Co.; J. D. Furlong, silks; 432 4th Av.; Pennsylvania.

WHEELING, W. Va.—Stone & Thomas; W. J. Conhor, jobs silks, dress goods; W. Wood, jobs linens, white goods, domestics; B. Helfrich, jobs carpets, rugs, draperies; 1,270 B'way.

WHEELING, W. Va.—Stone & Thomas; C. H. Jacobs, clothing; 1,270 B'way.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—The Marvin Blouse Co.; Mr. Marvin, blouses; 1 E. 28th, 1st floor.

YORK, Pa.—James McLean & Sons; Mrs. M. E. Thompson, corsets, muslin underwear; 432 4th Av.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—G. M. McKelvey Co.; Miss T. A. Holahan, jobs infants' wear, silk underwear, silk and heather-bloom petticoats; Miss M. Spence, leather goods, novelty jewelry; 1,270 B'way.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

CANTON CREPES Wanted—Better grades only. F. S. L. Manufacturing Company, 43 West 24th.

CHARMEUSE and MESSALINES Wanted—3222 Duplano, also black and colored messalines. Penn. 556.

CHILDREN'S COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at samples of the better grade. Karsh & Eisen, 151 West 26th. Use freight elevator.

CHILDREN'S COATS Wanted—Popular and better grades, from 6-14. Call 12 West 27th, 1st floor.

CLOAKINGS Wanted—Out of town manufacturer of cloaks and suits, open for large quantities of coatings for next Fall; spot cash. Apply 261 West 36th, 8th floor.

COATS and SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking all week at Spring ladies', junior and children's coats; also skirts. 1st floor, 106 West 32d St., New York.

COATS and SUITS and WRAPS Wanted—Prominent jobber looking at Spring samples, medium and high priced. 29 West 30th, 9th floor.

COATS and WRAPS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring ladies,' juniors' and children's all week. 9th floor, 8 East 17th.

COATS Wanted—Jobber open for Spring coats and wraps; call all week. Rosing & Cohn, Inc., 1,333 Broadway.

COATS and WRAPS Wanted—Placing orders on high-grade coats and wraps for Spring. 10 East 33d, 6th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring suits and coats of the better kind. 266 5th Av., 7th floor.

COATS Wanted—Infants' and children's. Jobber looking at Spring samples. 24 West 17th, 3d floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Placing Spring orders. Call mornings. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 32d St.

COATS Wanted—Adelphia Coat Co. looking for Spring coats. Earmel & Abramson, Breslin Hotel.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring models. 6th floor, 45 West 27th.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on children's and juniors'; afternoons only. 101 East Broadway.

COATS Wanted—Wraps; jobber placing orders high grade merchandise, 12th floor, 9 East 37th.

COATS Wanted—Infants' and children's, jobber looking at Spring samples. 64 West 21st.

COATS AND WRAPS Wanted—Looking at high-grade garments only. 9 West 35th, 3d floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring coats. Call all week, 14th floor, 12 West 27th.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring line. Gottlieb, 16 W. 32d.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at coats and wraps for Spring. 110 West 29th, 6th floor.

COATS Wanted — Steuts; jobber placing orders. 6th floor, 142 West 28th St.

COATS Wanted—Jobbers looking at Spring coats. 37 West 30th, 8th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking cloth coats. 12 West 27th. 4th floor.

COATS and WRAPS Wanted—Fourth floor, 63 West 27th.

CORDUROY Wanted—Narrow and wide wale, quantity no object if price is right. M. B. Arida, 118 West 23d.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Sateens and cotton taffetas in all colors and quantities, below market. Store, 32 Walker St.

CRETONNE DOTTED SWISS Wanted—Any quantity. H. N. Arida, 118 West 23d.

CREPE DE CHINE wanted in large quantities—for cash. Goldberg-Dube Co., 118 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Will buy for cash jobs any quantity tricotines, charmeuse and poiret twill dresses; submit samples 9 to 5 daily. 1261 West 32d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber will pay cash for any quantity of tricotine, serge, and silk dresses. 153 West 27th, 2d floor. Chelsea 7355.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on silk, only better grade. Call between 9 A. M.-1 P. M. 8 West 29th, Room 503.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on Spring dresses. Call with samples, Merry Maid Garment, 164 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing Spring orders; call with samples. Betty Dress Co., 1,123 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring styles, better grade, from contractor only. 40 West 34th. 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber buying high-class tricotine dresses. Sample Room, 20 West 32d, 11th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at Spring samples, your materials or ours. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at Spring samples. L. M. & Son, 461 Broadway, corner Grand St.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at Spring models, better grade. Room 38, 1,193 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Tailored cloth and canton crepe jobber placing orders. 12th floor, 8 East 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring dresses and coats all week. 20 West 37th, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobbers looking at Spring lines of dresses. 46 West 27th St., 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring styles. Hahn-Benjamin, 142 West Union Square.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE Wanted — We are in the market to buy large quantities jobs of general merchandise, obtain interview at 1,261 Broadway, 7th floor, Tuesday, Dec. 29, Wednesday, Thursday, Dec. 30, and Friday, Dec. 31, from 8:30 to 11. J. L. Brandeis & Sons, Omaha, Neb.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Plain and printed, any quantity; the plain can be in gray; cheap; send sample pieces. Dorfman & Wiesen, 1,115 Broadway.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Will pay cash for a quantity of two-thread, all shades; price must be cheap. Spring 9630, Extension 42.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Send samples; all colors. Goodman & Rosenblatt, 137 West 25th.

GEORGETTES and CREPE DE CHINES Wanted—All colors. Madison Square 9426.

GEORGETTES Wanted—2x3, at a price; also Stehli's taffeta. Schwartz, 147 West 22d.

GEORGINE AND GEORGETTE Wanted—Flesh, for cash. Vogue Underwear Co., Rhone Street.

GINGHAMS Wanted—We are open for ginghams in Southern, Amoskeag, Bates and Andersons, in all latest patterns; also for trimming for children's dresses. Banner Mfg. Co., 26 Future George Hotel, M. L. Dickman, Ph. Sherman.

KHAKI DRILL Wanted—Good weight, 34 to 36 inch; must be cheap. Stuyvesant 8987.

PLAIDS Wanted—All wool; also Dewkist and Baronette satins; at price; cash. Faultless, 1,161 Broadway.

PLUSH Wanted—Dobson's E50, or Peerless. 1. Novick, Watkins 9044.

POIRET TWILLS and Tricotines Wanted—Call with types, Blauner Bros. & Co., 1,372 Broadway.

POIRET TWILLS Wanted—Better grades only. F. S. L. Mfg. Co., 43 West 24th.

POIRET TWILL Wanted—Gera 50003, navy, large quantities. Plaza 3714.

POIRET TWILL Wanted—Cash. H. Shultz, 15 West 27th St.

POIRET TWILL Wanted—Gera Mills 50236. Franklin 1774.

POLO Wanted—American 21227, tan; quantities; price must be right. Louis Greenberg & Bro., 71 West 23d.

POPLIN Wanted—Max Fischel 731, black. Franklin 1774.

SATEENS Wanted—Will buy a quantity of fancy sateens soumts 64 x 80 up to 72 x 120; also cotton taffetas 64 x 64 and better; particulars, description and quantities must be given. S 720 Times Downtown.

SERGES Wanted—Whitman 108 and 9; will exchange navy for black and brown. A Quint & Bro., 36 East 31st St.

SERGES Wanted—Big quantity; must be cheap; cash. Empire Waist & Dress Co., 54 East 11th St.

SERGES Wanted—Big quantity; must be cheap, cash. Empire Waist & Dress Co., 54 East 11th.

SERGES Wanted—Cotton warp and all wool storm serge; must be cheap. Fannette, 104 West 27th.

SERGES, TRICOTINES Wanted—7120, 7301, 4002,

KEPT IN BY STORM

Only 1,500 of 60,000 "Locked Out" Workers Summoned Appear for Demonstration.

THERE PARADE TO SHOPS

Manufacturers Announce Their Readiness to Guarantee Spring Deliveries.

A picketing demonstration by "locked-out" clothing workers and sympathizers failed yesterday because of the bad weather. The entire membership in the "locked out" group of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, about 60,000 workers, had been summoned to several east side halls for a parade through the manufacturing district, but only about 1,500 appeared. These, headed by Abraham I. Shiplacoff, general manager of the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated, marched from Manhattan Lyceum, 64 East Fourth Street, to the forty-five factories where lockouts are alleged to have been instituted. Police reserves were stationed along the routes covered by the pickets and in front of the various manufacturing establishments. No disturbances were reported.

William Bandler, President of the Clothing Manufacturers' Association, said yesterday it was the purpose of the association to prevent the sovietizing of the clothing industry. He repeated his charge that the union, by insisting upon impossible wages and conditions, hopes to destroy the New York clothing market with its annual business of $200,000,000, and to take possession of the factories.

The manufacturers here had announced to the retailers throughout the country, Mr. Bandler said, that they were ready to accept and guarantee delivery of orders for Spring clothes at reduced prices. The manufacturers were confident, he said, that with the support of the public "the only concerted movement in America to bring Russia's chaos to these shores will be crushed."

Distribution of relief to needy members was commenced by the Relief Committee of the Amalgamated yesterday at 621 Broadway.

According to the union, while the picketing demonstration was in progress yesterday the marchers found a large detail of policemen in front of the plant of J. Friedman & Co., in West Ninety-seventh Street, where several clashes between union and non-union workers occurred last week.

Assistant Manager Drubin and Secretary-Treasurer Monat of the Joint Board went to the scene and found the police attempting to establish a new rule of allowing only six pickets," said a union report. "They protested, insisting that there should be at least one picket for each of the dozen policemen on duty in front of the factory. Deciding to make a test case, pickets were sent on the line in whatever numbers the union officials thought necessary, and were not interfered with by the police."

A union statement announced that the plant of Alfred Decker & Cohen had reopened in Chicago with a 30 per cent. increase over their normal force. "In their cutting department," the statement went on, "they have added 55 cutters to their normal 185. The public may well be asked which market is likely to give cheaper clothing, Rochester or Chicago, where production goes on, or New York and Boston, where lockouts are instituted."

ARNSTEIN TO DEMAND TRIAL.

Says Authorities Lack Evidence and That Indictment Will Be Quashed.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Nicky Arnstein dropped into Chicago tonight to see his wife, Miss Fanny Brice, the actress, and their daughter, Frances Brice Arnstein, at present at the Hotel Sherman.

Nicky has just returned from Washington, D. C., where a jury was unable to agree that he had knowledge of the disappearance of $300,000 in bonds, as charged by the prosecuting officers. The trial had kept the Arnstein family separated since Thanksgiving Day.

"In a few days I am going back to New York, where I am scheduled to go on trial Jan. 2, in connection with these bond disappearances," Arnstein said. "I am sure the State does not want to start the trial, but I will demand that it proceed. They have no evidence against me and I expect them to ask that the indictment be nolle prossed.

"Every effort was made to convict me in Washington, more than $150,000 being spent in the prosecution. Had I been given a square deal I would have been found not guilty, but I suffered because of the doubt raised in the minds of some of the jurymen regarding other defendants.

"I hope the case will be cleared up soon, or this daughter of mine will grow up before I really can get acquainted with her."

WORKING AGAINST COLBY.

Ex-President of Santo Domingo Tries to Stir South Americans.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Dec. 27.—Secretary Colby has been preceded through South America by Henriques Carvajal, former President of Santo Domingo, who is leading a propaganda commission charging that the United States has committed atrocities in Haiti and Santo Domingo and attempting to persuade the South American republics to champion the Dominicans against the United States. Carvajal has just reached Buenos Aires, following trips to Rio Janeiro and Montevideo, leaving his declarations rankling in the minds of each capital before Secretary Colby's arrival.

Carvajal's mission has added to Latin hostility toward the United States. Reports of oppression visited on the Dominicans by Americans have been used throughout South America by persons who have warned South Americans against the "imperialism" of the United States.

GOVERNMENT SHIPS IDLE.

Two Hundred Small Craft Without Business, Benson Reports.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—About two hundred Shipping Board vessels are tied up for lack of business, Chairman Benson said tonight, but most of them are small lake-type steamers.

The present shipping situation is unfavorably unsatisfactory, the Chairman said, but the Government's condition compares favorably with that of the private owners.

MORE HELP NEEDED

For the Hundred Neediest Cases

More than $100,000 is required to meet the requirements for the 200 worthiest and meritorious cases of misfortune and helplessness in the City of New York included in THE TIMES "100 Neediest Cases." The fund is several thousand dollars short. Contributions of any sum are appealed for. Send check to order "100 Neediest Cases," care THE TIMES, Times Square.

OUR INTERVENTION

Minister to Washington Calls Reports "Absurd and Nonsensical on Their Face."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Denouncing as "enemies of Cuban independence" those persons who are making it appear that the present economic and political situation in Cuba might make supervision by the United States necessary or even desirable as a temporary measure of relief, the Cuban Minister here, Dr. Carlos Manuel de Cespedes, asserted in a statement which he issued today that reports of possible American intervention are "absurd and nonsensical on their face."

He declared that Cuba with the friendly service and co-operation of the United States "will emerge from her present economic difficulties on a sounder basis and with a clearer conception of her best interests for the future." As to Cuba's political difficulties, the Minister said he "earnestly hoped and believed they would be patriotically solved in Cuba and by the Cubans themselves."

The Cuban Congress is about to convene, Dr. Cespedes stated, "in order to provide the necessary legislation to meet the financial difficulties."

MANY STEAL RAILWAY RIDES.

Evidence of the Spread of Unemployment Found at Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 27.—Railroad travel to and from Baltimore showed a marked increase for the months of November and December. Investigators whose business it is to study the conditions are certain of the fact, despite statements of railroad companies that revenues from passenger business are steadily declining.

The wanderlust, unfortunately for the company treasuries, is not felt by those who purchase tickets. The man responsible for the increase is he who seeks the "side door Pullman." His bed is no downy berth in a palatial Pullman; he rides in a box car or on the brake beams of a coal carrier, his dreams interrupted by the fear of falling over too far.

The parlor cars and coaches are becoming emptier and fewer, because of the increasing spirit of economy and dullness in business; the "hiking itch," as the tramp puts it, is putting in its appearance again everywhere. For five years it has been almost unknown in the East. Men settled down, worked hard and saved money. Now many of them have lost their jobs; they cannot get others here, and they must hunt elsewhere.

Box car travel is not a lawful means of transport. Therefore the railroad police are very busy nowadays, and one man, in particular, has foiled nine hobos into court recently, each of whom was about to leave town via the through freight to the West. Every man, when haled into the police station, said he was not a regular tramp, but being out of work, he was forced to jump on a freight. All said they intended to get jobs as soon as they struck a big town in the Middle West.

In the two police districts where nearly all the railroad yards are located, twenty-four men were arrested within five days for being on railroad property unauthorized.

Obviously the total number of free riders taken on freight trains in this time is many times this number, because the railroad police can catch but a small proportion of the riders. Tramps often wait until a train reaches the outskirts of the city before boarding it, and if any of the train crew catches them later they are merely put off—none too gently—and not arrested. Similarly those coming into the city drop off before the town is reached and walk the rest of the way.

WANT ENRIGHT TO EXPLAIN.

Wardens Seek Light on Gift of 140-Pound Deer to Commissioner.

Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright was asked yesterday to appear before the State Conservation Commission, Broadway and Forty-second Street, and tell all he knows about the 140-pound deer a friend shipped to him from Massachusetts. The venison was seized by conservation agents at the Grand Central Terminal Friday night.

The Game Wardens learned that an unnamed physician who had been spending ten days in Massachusetts, had packed up a fine young buck and started it toward the Commissioner's home in St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn. This act is said to be a violation of the State game laws, carrying a penalty of from $200 to $1,000. It was explained that the Conservation Commission merely wanted to have Mr. Enright throw some light on the matter if he could decide whether a violation of the law and been intended.

METRIC ASSOCIATION MEETS

Professor Kennelly Calls Present System "Curse of Babylon."

Advocates of the metric system met at the fourth annual meeting of the American Metric Association, held in the Engineering Societies' Building yesterday afternoon, and discussed the means of introducing the system into the United States. A bill now before Congress to establish it as a single standard, after a transitional period of ten years, was read.

At the dinner which followed our present duo-decimal system was described by Professor Arthur E. Kennelly of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology as "the curse of Babylon, the old man of the sea, whose tail is around our necks." Other speakers said that schools ought to teach the metric system. A message was sent to the National Education Association, now meeting in Cleveland, calling attention to the reform's economic importance.

MRS. MASON LEFT $1,727,001

Bulk of Her Estate Bequeathed to Four Daughters.

The estate of Mrs. Emma J. Mason, who died Jan. 28, 1918, was appraised yesterday at $1,727,001. The bulk of the estate was in stocks and bonds worth $1,428,053, of which $501,300 was stock of the Quincy Mining Company. She had $55,822 in foreign securities.

Mrs. Mason gave the bulk of the estate to her daughters, Edith de Klee, of Paris, Bertha Von Isenberg, of Bavaria, Marie Paterson, of Ticehurst, England, and Marguerite O'Brien, of London.

ARREST PROSTRATES KIN.

Hansen Freed After Sister Dies and Mother Is Taken Ill.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—After the shock of his arrest as a murder suspect had caused the death of his sister, Mrs. Marie Ellsworth, and a serious breakdown of his mother, as his attorney declared, Paul Hansen, who surrendered last Friday when police besieged his home, was freed today. The police say they were unable to connect Hansen with the slaying of Paul J. Loberg, a jeweler shot last week in a hold-up.

Hansen's sister was taken seriously ill when he was arrested ten days ago. His second arrest caused a fatal relapse, the family says. His mother has not yet been told of her daughter's death.

Can't Agree on Milk Price.

No agreement was reached yesterday afternoon on the January milk price at a conference of committees representing the Dairymen's League, Inc., and the New York Milk Conference Board. Albert Manning of the league said last night that further negotiations would be necessary.

BROTHER REGENERATION MAKES NEW GAINS

Dr. Flexner Tells Scientists of Noguchi Discoveries in Yellow Fever.

VACCINE TO FIGHT MALADY

Microbe Cultivated Outside the Body—American Association Meets in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Dec. 27.—Dr. Simon Flexner, Director of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, tonight reviewed bacteriological progress for the last twenty-five years, in an address which marked the opening of the annual convention of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and of the twoscore affiliated societies. More than 1,100 scientists are attending the sessions, over which Dr. L. O. Howard, chief of the Federal Bureau of Entomology, is presiding.

Dr. Flexner used for his initial point the announcement made in 1895 of the discovery of the curative effects of diphtheria antitoxin and traced bacteriological progress from that time. He described in considerable detail some classes of diseases initiated by filterable parasites—micro-organisms so minute that they pass through the pores of earthenware and are beyond the power of any microscope. These minute organisms induce in animals such maladies as the foot and mouth disease, and hog cholera, and in man such definite and severe diseases as infantile paralysis and trench fever.

An account of Dr. Noguchi's recent investigations of yellow fever was given by Dr. Flexner, who said that disclosures had proved it to be caused by a tenuous spiral microbe which can be cultivated outside the body and be made to yield a vaccine for the prevention of yellow fever and a serum for the treatment of cases already started.

At the session of the Entomological Society of America, J. M. Aldrich of the National Museum, Washington, said that he had found one small tribe of Mono Lake Indians who caught and dried a ton and a half of caterpillars in a season for food.

Prentiss Baldwin of Cleveland, Ohio, told the Wilson Ornithological Club the results of his investigations of the migration of birds as developed by his trapping and marking of birds at his Cleveland home and also at his Winter place in Georgia. Contrary to general belief, the house wren is frequently divorced from his mate during the season, said Mr. Baldwin. Some would return year after year with the same mates, while others have been discovered with two different mates in the same season.

STUDY CF JOURNALISM.

Instructors at Nine Institutions Meet to Discuss Methods.

COLUMBIA, Mo., Dec. 27.—The second meeting of the Association of American Schools and Departments of Journalism opened here today and will continue through tomorrow. Means of establishing definite standards for instruction similar to those adopted by the American Association of Law Schools and the American Association of Medical Schools will be considered.

Nine universities with developed schools of journalism are members of the association, the list comprising Columbia University and the State universities of Missouri, Wisconsin, Oregon, Montana, Ohio, Indiana, Texas and Kansas.

Dean Walter Williams of the University of Missouri is President and Professor Willard G. Bleyer of the University of Wisconsin Secretary and Treasurer of the association. It was organized at Chicago in 1917, with a view to co-ordinating the work of the different schools and to establish fixed requirements for graduation and the amount and character of education.

Topics of the chief speakers at the meeting follow:

"Journalistic Writing in Secondary Schools and Its Relation to University Instruction in Journalism," Will H. Keyes, University of Texas.

"Relation of Schools and Departments of Journalism to Professional Organizations of Newspaper Men," Dean Walter Williams, University of Missouri.

"Standardized Requirements for Graduation for Schools and Departments of Journalism," Professor J. W. Cunliffe, Columbia University.

"The Proportion of Technical Instruction in General Courses in Schools of Journalism," Professor L. M. Flint, University of Kansas.

"Research Work in Journalism." Professor Bleyer, University of Wisconsin.

RELIEVE PROPERTY OWNERS

City Must Pay Cemeteries' Share of Improvements in Queens.

For the first time since consolidation property owners in Queens have been relieved of paying assessments for public improvements that properly belonged to cemetery corporations. Under existing statutes the latter do not have to pay any part of the cost of street, highway or sewer improvements, or for the legal opening of streets adjacent to their property.

Recently an assessment was laid for the opening of the Kew Gardens road in the Forest Hills section and adjacent to Maple Grove Cemetery. Other property owners insisted that the city authorities continued to exempt the cemeteries from payment of one-fourth the cost of public improvements then the city at large ought to pay the cemetery's share.

Yesterday the filing in the Bureau of Assessments and Arrears of the assessment rolls in the Kew Gardens opening proceedings revealed that the contention of the property owners had been upheld by the Board of Estimate and the Board of Assessors.

Improvements costing many millions of dollars are about to be made by the borough officials in the vicinity of the cemeteries.

CORNELL DAM OVERFLOWING

City Losing Billion Gallons a Day of Winter Flood.

Special to The New York Times.

CROTON, N. Y., Dec. 27.—A fall of water six inches in depth was tumbling over the wide spillway of the Cornell dam of the Croton Lake reservoir today, with an estimated loss of about 1,000,000,000 gallons per day to New York City. It makes a cataract resembling Niagara Falls.

A midwinter overflow is a rarity. Whenever there is an overflow from the Croton Lakes it is usually in the Spring, when there are heavy rains and thaws. But while it was snowing today the water was roaring down the spillway, a drop of 150 feet, to the gorge of the Croton River below. The spillway is about 1,250 feet wide. The overflow is equivalent to the amount the city draws from the Croton supply in three days. At wholesale rates charged by the city the water lost daily is worth over $125,000.

Claim Boston Is Greatest Fish Port.

BOSTON, Dec. 27.—This city was said to have become the greatest fishing port in the world with the announcement today that 122,226,000 pounds of ground fish had been brought here during 1920, shattering all records of the last thirty-two years. It is estimated that at least 3,000,000 pounds will have been added to this total before the year closes. The heaviest previous receipts were in 1910 when the total reached 106,272,968 pounds.

TO QUIT THE BENCH

Tammany Predicts Resignation in Time for Smith to Appoint McGoldrick to Supreme Court.

A report that Justice Henry D. Hotchkiss of the Supreme Court had resigned or would do so in time for Governor Smith to name his successor gave rise to a prediction in Tammany circles yesterday that the Governor would appoint Edward J. McGoldrick to the place. Mr. McGoldrick has already served on the Supreme Court bench under appointment by the Governor. He failed of election when a candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court at the November election.

Governor Smith left for Albany early in the day and Justice Hotchkiss is in California. It had been rumored for some time that he would retire from the bench, but it was not known that his resignation would come so early. It was suggested yesterday that he might have been prompted to retire now in order that Governor Smith might name a Democrat as his successor.

District Attorney Edward Swann, it was stated yesterday by persons who should be in a position to know, is not likely to be appointed a Judge of General Sessions to succeed the late James T. Malone. If Mr. McGoldrick went back to the Supreme Court it was said Jeremiah T. Mahoney, law partner of former Deputy Controller N. Taylor Phillips and a member of the firm with which Supreme Court Justice Robert F. Wagner was formerly connected, was likely to be offered the place. Mr. Mahoney served several months on the General Sessions bench without compensation as successor to the late Judge O'Sullivan, the salary going to the latter's widow.

County Judge Charles J. McDermott of Kings, who resigned yesterday, will resume the practice of law, one of his principal prospective clients being the Morse Dry Dock and Repair Company of Brooklyn. Governor Smith, it is expected, will appoint his successor within a day or two.

AUTOMATIC SIGNALS IN NEW 'PHONE BOOKS

Company Explains Use of Instruments to Be Installed 'Some Time Next Summer.'

The telephone directory, which librarians report as having more calls than even the Bible, came out yesterday chokeful of changes—the names all in bold, black type—and, in readiness for the coming "some time next Summer" of the automatic phones, the first three letters of the various exchanges are produced in black capital letters.

This change is because when the automatic is installed in your office or home you'll have to stick a finger in the little dial that's on it and turn the disc around to each of the first three letters of the exchange your number is in. For instance, you'll want a number in Cathedral—"C A T" you spell out, Barclay will be reproduced "B A R," Stuyvesant becomes "S T U," Hamilton "H A M," Drydock "D R Y" and Bryant "B R Y."

"Another peculiarity in the new directory," announced the New York Telephone Company, "which you probably will not notice at first glance, is that every line number which was formerly composed of less than four digits, that is every number formerly below 1000, has been built up to contain four digits by prefixing zeros. For example, the number 78 now is 0078, and should be pronounced 'oh, oh, seven, eight' when you ask for it."

"As long as you continue to use the present manual type of telephone instrument," the company also says, "such as you now have, you should pay no particular attention to the new style of printing the central office names. The fact that the first three letters of a central office designation are capitalized does not make any difference in the pronunciation of the central office name. These letters are made to stand out from the rest of the word for the convenience of the machine switching subscriber in giving a number to the operator you will continue to pronounce the central office name in full as you do now, and give her the number, including the initial zeros if there are any. And be sure to pronounce the zero as 'oh' just as at present. Never say 'Zero.'"

The company further says that when the automatics go into use, individual instruction will be given to subscribers.

SHOWS PHONE COST GROWS.

Expert's Evidence Puts Year's Rise at More Than a Million.

H. A. Trax, an expert accountant employed by the New York Telephone Company, testified yesterday before the upState Public Service Commission, at a hearing on the company's application for permission to increase its rates, that the cost of maintaining the telephone system in this city increased from $3,086,092 in 1916 to $4,680,689 in 1919. One financial statement submitted showed that the company had spent $23,421 in its efforts to procure this permission. This, it was added, did not include the cost of cards and circulars sent to customers, and of other methods adopted to create public sentiment. Figures submitted at a previous hearing disclosed that the total amount spent by the company for this purpose was $500,000.

G. W. Whittemore, the company's valuation engineer, testified that the needs of the company for 1921 alone entail an expenditure of about $23,000,000 and that this was imperative if the company was to meet the requirements of the public. If $33,000,000 was spent, Mr. Whittemore said, 100,000 additional stations could be provided, or a total of 985,000 in the city. Even that number, he said, would not return the system entirely to normal.

The hearing will be continued on Jan. 7.

DENIES MADDEN'S CHARGE.

Head of Wool Growers Asserts Tariff Won't Double Clothes Cost.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Dec. 27.—J. R. Marshall, Secretary of the National Wool Growers' Association, issued a statement today branding as "very misleading" an assertion attributed to Congressman Madden of Illinois to the effect that the duty proposed on wool in the Fordney Emergency Tariff bill would double the price of clothing. Mr. Marshall said:

"Such a statement is both ridiculous and dangerous. If uncorrected it would constitute a serious misrepresentation of the work and objects of the Ways and Means Committee and both houses of Congress.

"The National Wool Growers' Association has repeatedly pointed out that but little connection exists between the market price of wool and the selling price of clothes. Three and one-quarter pounds of scoured wool are required for an average-sized man's suit made from worsted cloth. The Fordney bill provides a duty of 45 cents per pound on scoured wool. The duty on the wool entering into a suit would amount to $1.58, which is very far from 100 per cent. of the price of any suit such as Mr. Madden refers to."

Gas Consolidation to Get Hearing.

Hearings on an application by the Consolidated Gas Company for permission to acquire 25 per cent. of the stock of the Bronx Gas and Electric Company will begin before the Public Service Commission on Thursday. In September the Bronx Supreme Court enjoined the company from increasing its rates from $1.50 to $1.75 per thousand.

LATEST DEALINGS IN THE REALTY FIELD

Hotel Owner Buys Madison Avenue Corner to Protect Adjacent Property.

WAS VALUED AT $340,000

Woman Investor Buys on Heights—Operator Sells Five Bronx Flats Held at $220,000.

Apartment houses were the feature of what little trading there was in the real estate market yesterday. Several large deals are reported pending in the midtown loft section, involving well over a million dollars, but it is not expected that final papers will be signed until after the first of the year.

One of the most important of yesterday's transactions was the purchase by Louis C. Raegner, President of the Roy Realty Company, of the eight-story apartment house, on a plot 74.1 by 95, at the northwest corner of Madison Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street, for $340,000. The sellers were the Eighty Madison Avenue Corporation.

Mr. Raegner now owns the entire block front on Madison Avenue from Twenty-eighth to Twenty-ninth Street, including the Seville Hotel at the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street. He bought the corner parcel to protect the air and light of the hotel. Charles M. Baldwin was the broker.

Woman Investor Buys Morningside Heights Apartment.

In the Morningside Heights section, Rose Berry purchased for investment from the Kimmelman Leasing Corporation, Charles Kimmelman, President, 540 and 542 West 112th Street, near Broadway, a six-story elevator apartment house, 50 by 100, adjoining the Devonshire Apartments at the southeast corner of Broadway, for $185,000. This transaction involved all cash above the first mortgage.

Realty Corporation in $75,000 Deal.

Further north on Washington Heights the Harle Realty Corporation purchased from Henry Lang and others, through Jules Nehring, Inc., the five-story new-law apartment house, on plot 50 by 100, at 479 West 153d Street. The property shows an annual rent roll of $11,000 and was held at $75,000. James E. Barry and Harry Levy were associated as brokers.

$220,000 Purchase by Bronx Investor.

Daniel H. Jackson, operator, sold to an investing client of Jacques Poliacheck the four five-story new law apartment houses located at the northwest corner of 179th Street and Southern Boulevard, known as 817, 831, 825 East 179th Street and 2,039 Southern Boulevard. The houses rent for $32,000 annually and were held at $220,000. The property has been transferred to Hyman Kaufman.

The Fair Return Realty Corporation sold to Elwood Banfield the Milford, a seven-story elevator apartment house at 211 West 101st Street, on a plot 54.9 by 100.11, between Broadway and Amsterdam Avenue.

Small Houses Available for Immediate Occupancy in Good Demand.

Schindler & Lindner sold for George J. Vogt the dwelling 215 East Seventy-eighth Street, to a client for occupancy.

Max Oberstein sold to Joseph Colorea 20 West 114th Street, a three-story dwelling, 18.10 by 100.11.

Daniel M. Bedell, as executor, sold to Frank J. Gearon the three-story dwelling, 19 by 76, at 1,965 Madison Avenue.

Foot & Martin, Inc., bought the residence at 74 East Seventy-ninth Street from A. L. Bernheim.

The three-story dwelling, 18 by 100.11, at 71 West 119th Street has been sold by Jennie Steinman to Celilae Bartuch for $14,000.

Fred J. Rulman resold for Charles Weisel 138 West 129th Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, 20 by 100. The seller recently bought the house through the same broker.

Suburban Trading.

The Robert E. Farley Organization sold for C. B. Fish three plots on Chatterton Parkway, facing the Bronx Parkway Reservation, to Norman Whitelaw and George T. Barnes, associated with the American Radiator Company, who plan to erect dwellings.

The Lewis H. May Company resold for the F. S. R. Realty Company the two-story stucco dwelling at 326 Dickerson Avenue, Edgemere, to Delia I. Donihee, for occupancy.

Mrs. Julia E. James sold to Mrs. Catherine Wagner a ten-room residence occupying a large plot of ground at the corner of Union Street and Elm Street, Montclair, held at $9,000. The sale was negotiated through the Simpson Merritt Company.

S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman sold at Ridgewood, N. J., for Mrs. Ida M. Sprague, 289 Prospect Street, to McLain T. Robertson of Creskill, N. J., and for the Minwix Company, 39 North Pleasant Avenue, to C. H. Hand of Manhattan; also for M. T. Ruane a residential lot on Heights Terrace to David Marshall.

Mrs. Catharine Carroll of Manhattan has purchased the Walton Lake Inn at Monroe, Orange County, N. Y., near Tuxedo Park, from Terence K. Lynch.

Brooklyn Sales.

Louis H. Kaplan purchased from Captain Frank in a cash transaction for about $300,000, the building known as Frank's Garage, covering the block bounded by Eastern Parkway, St. John's Place, Howard and Ralph Avenues, contains approximately 25,000 square feet on one floor. The building was completed only a few months ago.

The F. C. Sauter Agency sold the two-story brick dwelling, 215 Eighteenth Street, for Joseph Jesperson to Katie Doyle.

William E. Kernahan has purchased from the Realty Associates the new two-story dwelling at 6,818 Sixth Avenue, between Sixty-eighth Street and Bay Ridge Avenue, being one of forty new houses recently completed.

The Bronx Market.

The church located at 921 Eagle Av., formerly occupied by the Seventh Day Adventists, has been sold by Jerome H. Frank, as broker to a Baptist congregation under the leadership of the Rev. L. John.

Henry S. Kirchner and the Sherman Brokerage Company sold for the Stellmarie Realty Company the five and a half-story apartment house, on plot 40 by 105, at 71 and 73 Post Avenue to an investor.

The two-family dwelling, 952 Forest Av., has been sold by Jerome H. Frank, as broker, to Mary Boddie for investment.

Girl Scouts Acquire Camp Site.

The fifty-acre Kinderogen Adirondack camp site, owned by the Briarcliff Realty Company, has been acquired as the national headquarters of the Girl Scouts of America. It includes several farmhouses and a lake. Kenneth Ives & Co. were the brokers.

Prolongation of Tariff War With France Worries Commercial Interests

MADRID, Dec. 27.—The tariff war between Spain and France is occupying the attention of commercial interests here, as it is causing considerable prejudice to trade, not only that of the two countries concerned, but also of other nations. The negotiations, which have been in progress for some time, show France and Spain at present displaying a firm attitude, the former refusing to reduce the duties on Spanish wines unless the latter consents to abolish the increased duties recently imposed on more than one hundred articles coming from France. This Spain hesitates to do, as the reduction would also have to be granted to the other nations entitled to consideration under the most-favored nation clause.

The question of the Spanish credit loan to France is also involved in the discussions. Spain has made demands for repayment of the credit loan, which France finds herself unable to comply with immediately.

Business Property Deals.

The P. J. Carlin Construction Company sold to the New York Municipal Railway 260 and 263 West Street, southeast corner of Vestry Street, subject to a mortgage of $160,000. The property consists of a nine-story building, having a frontage of 75.1 feet on West Street and 101 feet on Vestry Street.

The Cruikshank Company sold for the Timpson Trust to a client of Fease & Elliman 136 and 138 Reskiman Street, two small four-story buildings on a plot 37 by 25.

Henry Trenkmann sold the property at 35 East Tenth Street to Berringburg & Co.

Wilna Lees sold to Louis Hirschfeld 449 Sixth Avenue, northwest corner of Twenty-seventh Street, a four-story building on a lot 23.5 by 60.

$1,000,000 Brooklyn Lease.

Frederick Brown has leased, through Harvey B. Newins and Robert J. Coverdale, the premises at 468 and 470 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, now occupied by Healy's jewelry store, for a term of twenty-five years from Jan. 1, 1921, at an aggregate rental of approximately $1,000,000.

The property has forty feet frontage on Fulton Street and is a six-story fireproof building.

It is one of the largest transactions closed in Brooklyn this year.

Commercial Leases.

Anne F. Emmet and Ellen J. Morris leased to the 16-18 East Thirtieth Street Corporation for twenty-one years the two five-story buildings at 16 and 18 East Thirtieth Street, at rentals ranging from $5,000 to $8,000 per annum.

S. L. S. Buffet Lunch leased from Madison Grant and others the two five-story buildings at 20 and 22 East Twentieth Street, for twenty-one years at rentals ranging from $10,000 to $12,000 per annum. The tenant will make alterations costing about $35,000.

Recent Buyers.

The Carneval Realty Corporation (F. and J. Carneval and A. J. Bianka) is the buyer of the building at the southwest corner of Greenwich and Murray Streets.

Georgia W. Jones is the buyer of the building at 113 Waverly Place.

Arthur A. Ballantine is the buyer of the dwelling at 133 East Sixty-fifth Street.

Frederick E. Haight is the buyer of the dwelling at 64 East Fifty-fourth Street.

The Union Dime Loans $440,000.

The Union Dime Savings Bank has loaned to the 67 West Fifty-second Street Corporation $250,000 on the four houses at 61 and 67 West Fifty-second Street, recently transferred by Colonel Arthur F. Schermerhorn to his holding company. The same bank has also loaned to the Herald Square Holding Company (George Backer and Arnstein & Levy) $190,000 on the former Barney residence at the northeast corner of Park Avenue and Thirty-eighth Street.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

M. SIDENSTOCK & SONS—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Max, Nathan and Benjamin Sidenstock, co-partners, trading as M. Sidenstock & Sons, oil dealers, at 394 Broome Street, by these creditors: Nathan Mogel, $250; Harry Tropp, $271 and Joseph Eisenberg, $200.

FLOOD'S, INCORPORATED—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Flood's, Incorporated, women's garments, at 272-274 Sixth Avenue, by these creditors: Joseph Kaplan, $811; Max Kaminsky, $903, and Frieda W. Goldstein, $421. An assignment was also made to Eugene O'Sullivan. The company was incorporated in 1918 and Bernard Noonan is its President.

SAMUEL POLANSKY, children's wearing apparel, at 282 Grand Street, has assigned to Jacob Block.

THE FIRST AMERICAN POULTRY CORP.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by the First American Poultry Corp., 296 Sackman Street, Brooklyn, with liabilities of $16,194.94 and assets of $6,300. It is stated that the liabilities are about $20,000 and the assets about $10,000.

ECONOMY DISTRIBUTION COMPANY—Judge Knox has appointed Robert S. Stephenson receiver, in $3,000 bond, for Economy Distribution Company, retail odd lots of merchandise. It is stated that the only assets are merchandise worth less than $6,000 in store on Twenty-eighth Street.

SARTORIAL ART CLOTHES COMPANY, INC.—Judge Knox has appointed Henry H. Kaufman receiver, in $10,000 bond, for Sartorial Art Clothes Company, Inc., manufacturer of clothing, at 693 Broadway.

HARRY GOODMAN—Judge Knox has appointed Henry H. Kaufman receiver, in $10,000 bond, for Harry Goodman, manufacturer of cloaks, at 715 Broadway and shop for manufacturing at 125 Bowery. It is stated that Goodman is the sole stockholder of Sartorial Art Clothes Company, Inc.; that the two businesses are closely intermingled and for that reason it is deemed advisable for the same receiver to handle both businesses. It is alleged, too, that at a meeting of creditors they were informed that the liabilities of the two businesses aggregate about $300,000 with total assets of about $150,000.

P. JAFFE & SON, furs, at 291 Seventh Avenue, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $20,284, of which $6,568 is a secured claim, and assets of $6,470, represented by stock, $5,000; accounts, $645, and money in bank, $825. Funsten Brothers are the secured creditors.

HABER TOY CO., INC., at 25 East Seventeenth Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $30,695 and assets of $11,800, consisting of stock, $5,500; automobiles, $600; fixtures, &c., $300; accounts, $4,000, and deposits in banks, $1,400. The Lincoln Trust Company is a secured creditor for $9,200.

PHILIP WOLFISH, woolens, at 86 Hester Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $58,010 and assets given as unknown. Among the creditors are: Levy & Goodman, $1,689; Flaxman & Elbaum, $1,473, and Jacob D. Halperin & Co., $1,915.

UNIVERSAL BAKING CO., at 167 East Twenty-fifth Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $15,042 and assets of $11,971, consisting of stock, $1,290; automobiles, $4,625; machinery, &c., $2,714; furniture and fixtures, $2,283, and deposit in bank, $97. Among the creditors are: Jaburg Bros., $2,068; Wood & Selick, $2,270, and I. Arom Co., $1,827.

FRANKEL & WINKLER, dry goods, &c., at 1,102 Southern Boulevard, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,648 and assets of $3,025, main items of which are stock, $2,500, and machinery and fixtures, $500.

BROADWAY WAIST CO.—Max Elmer and William Mentlik, trading as the Broadway Waist Co., at 315 Fifth Avenue, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $71,571 and assets of $4,291, in accounts due and $8,294 in unliquidated claims. Other assets are given as unknown. Benno Levison is a secured creditor for $23,921. Among those unsecured are: Pacific Bank, $8,250, and Royal Indemnity Co., $2,615.

BERNARD HERMAN, dresses, at 19 West Thirty-first Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $16,208 and assets of $12,882, main items of which are stock, $8,500; accounts, $3,048, and machinery, &c., $1,000. Samuel Holter holds a chattel mortgage for $1,000 covering machines.

S. SACHS COMPANY—Judge Knox has confirmed a composition of creditors with Solomon Sachs, trading as S. Sachs Company, embroideries, &c., at 87 Greene Street, on a basis of 25½ cents on the dollar—10 cents in cash and balance in three notes. Liabilities are $102,949.

RELIANCE SILK MILLS—Judge Knox has confirmed a composition of creditors with Samuel and Joseph Martheim, trading as Reliance Silk Mills, at Park Avenue and Thirty-second Street, on a basis of 20 cents on the dollar—15 cents in cash and 5 cents in notes.

WILLIAM F. DAVIS MACHINE TOOL CO., INC.—Judge Knox has confirmed a composition of creditors with William F. Davis Machine Tool Co., Inc., at 149 Broadway, on a basis of 5 cents on the dollar in cash.

DISCHARGES FROM BANKRUPTCY—Judge Knox has granted discharges from bankruptcy to the following named: Samuel Siskind, designer, 558 West 142d Street; Abraham Gelburg, salesman, 25 East 110th Street; Charles Singer, Werner & Gerathy and Jacob Sherman, salesman, 1,175 Broadway.

WEISS MOTOR SALES CORP., dealer in automobiles, at 1,893 Broadway, has assigned to Joseph Cohen. Henry Weiss is President of the company.

SAM DANUE, retail shoes, at 62 East 103d Street, has assigned to Arnold Gross.

FRANK MATTUCCI, wholesale and retail druggist, at 2,096 Second Avenue, has assigned to Sam Levy.

SAMUEL POLANSKY, children's wearing apparel, at 282 Grand Street, has assigned to Jacob Block.

THE FIRST AMERICAN POULTRY CORP.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by the First American Poultry Corp., 296 Sackman Street, Brooklyn, with liabilities of $16,194.94 and assets of $6,300. It is stated that the liabilities are about $20,000 and the assets about $10,000.

LAZANSKY BROS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Louis and Henry Lazansky, individually and as co-partners trading as Lazansky Bros., retail shoe merchants, 836 Boulevard, Queens Co., by Louis T. Most for $965.10; Mi-Lady Shoe Co., $177, and Charles Most, $16.96.

MORRIS ABRAMOWITZ.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Morris Abramowitz, retail shoe dealer, 215 Rochester Av., Brooklyn, by Merritt Elliott for $317; Max S. Knider Co., $700, and Posner & Brown, $150.

I. SAUER & SONS—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Isidor Sauer, Samuel Sauer, Maurice Sauer, Jacob Abrahams and Norbet Miller, individually and as co-partners, doing business as I. Sauer & Sons, 1,880 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn, by Max C. Weller for $498.50; Harry Schachter, $100, and Louis Horowitz, $800.

EDITH BAGLEY AND HOUSTON OVERSTREET.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Edith Bagley and Houston Overstreet, doing a hotel business at 21 Main St., Hempstead, L. I., with liabilities of $5,320.10 and assets of $760.

LEO GONDECK.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by Leo Gondeck, 1,100 Bay St., S. I., with liabilities of $2,813.90 and assets of $294.

SILVER SHOWN GLOVE CO.—A

Possession February, 1921

151-3 W. 19th St.
"Griffon" Building
3rd Floor—46.7 x 90

27-33 W. 20th St.
Several floors, 100 x 92 each

13-15 E. 22nd St.
54 x 98.9
7th Floor. Also smaller units

28-30 W. 23rd St.
thru to
9-19 W. 22nd St.
Several Floors. 21,000 sq. ft. each
Immediate possession

115-17 E. 23rd St.
28 x 98.9
Store and Basement.

22-4 W. 27th St.
9th Floor—50 x 98.9

34-8 W. 27th St.
9th Floor—68.6 x 98.9

40x83
4th Floor; also Offices

821-3 Broadway
N. W. Cor. 12th St.
49 x 87 x irreg.
10th and 11th Floors.

134-40 W. 29th St.
100 x 98.9
Store and Basement and 6th Floor; also smaller units

127 & 131 W. 30th
25 x 60 each
Store and Basement

19-21 W. 31st St.
Life Building
Several Stores.

12-14 W. 32nd St.
34 x 98.9
7th Floor. No manufacturing

907 Broadway — WM. HESS INC. — Stuyvesant 4200

PASSAVANT BUILDING
440 4th Av., Southwest Cor. 30th St.
ONE ENTIRE FLOOR
PLOT 90x100
$12,000
Possession February 1st, 1921.
North Light. Automatic Sprinklers. Complete Supervisory Service.
WALTER C. WYCKOFF, Agent
403 Madison Avenue
AT 48TH STREET — PHONE VANDERBILT 3535

CHEAPEST
RENT DOWNTOWN
Entire Second Floor
7,000 Sq. Ft.
Facing City Hall Park
At busiest centre of traffic in the world.
Floor has private vault, storeroom and lavatories.
Fine location for second floor store, or executive offices.
200 Feet of Window Space
Immediate Possession
Or Feb. 1, 1921.
BUTLER & BALDWIN, Inc.
16 East 47th St.
Tel. Murray Hill 6632.

Just off 5th Ave.
5 E. 38th—6 E. 39th
"Craftsman Building"
Running through from Street to Street
Entire 6th Floor
About 6,000 Sq. Ft.
or Half Floor, 3,000 Sq. Ft.
Most modern 12-story fireproof structure. 2 passenger, 2 freight elevators. 100% sprinkler system, all latest improvements. Will rent $2.50 a square foot.
Immediate Possession
Or Feb. 1, 1921.
NO MANUFACTURING
FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS
DANIEL H. JACKSON
135 Broadway. Rector 3569.

PENN TERMINAL BUILDING
7th Ave., 30th to 31st St.
NEW
17 Story Fireproof Building
ADJOINING
PENNSYLVANIA STATION & HOTEL
NEAR MAIN POST OFFICE.
ENTIRE
FLOORS
20,000 SQ. FT.
OFFICES
600 SQ. FT. UPWARD
STORES
SUBDIVIDED TO SUIT.
FOR EXECUTIVE OFFICES OR SALESROOMS
NO MANUFACTURING
Occupancy Jan. 1, 1921
REGENT REALTY CO.
33 W. 42D ST. TEL. 5308 VANDERBILT
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

---

22 West 4th St.
Loft 25x90..$2,600
LIGHT, FIREPROOF LOFT, ELEVATOR SERVICE, &c., SUITABLE LIGHT MANUFACTURING.
Apply Supt. on premises.

12-14 W. 18th St.
Loft 25x90, $3,000
Loft 51x90, $6,000
BEAUTIFUL LIGHT LOFTS, SUITABLE LIGHT MANUFACTURING PURPOSES; ELEVATOR SERVICE, &c.
Apply Supt. on premises.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
19-21 West 57th St.
NEW BUILDING
ENTIRE FLOORS
TO LEASE
Also Studio Suitable for Photographer
Apply on premises or
THOMAS V. McLAUGHLIN
2 Rector St. Rector 1900.

15,000 Sq. Ft.
3 Floors, Very Light
42-44 Bond St.
Lease all or part
High Pressure Plant. Live Steam. Heavy Carrying Floors
100% Fireproof
Freight and Passenger Elevators
Apply Mr. Kay. Tel. Watkins 2353

---

153 West 15th Street
LOFT
8,000 feet, one floor, $6,500. Exceptionally light. 2 electric elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Inquire on premises or Greenstein, 206 West 29th Street. Watkins 9316.

2,100 SQUARE FEET
IN WATSON BUILDING
$2.00 a Sq. Ft.
also several small offices
APPLY ROOM 36
256 Church St. New York City

3,500 SQUARE FEET
Splendid Location
Good light, front of building.
LOUIS ROSENHEIM & CO.
110 WEST 40TH.
ON YOUR BROKER.

FINE 5 STORY
American Basement House
105 Eastern
SAILER AV., IN 160.
Will lease for 21 years
At Very Attractive Figure.
Ogood Pell & Co. 17 West 44th St. Tel. 5810 Vanderbilt

OFFICES FOR RENT
42D ST.—FIFTH AVE.
$35 Per Month Upwards
Large, Small, Single Suites.
WALTER J. SALMON
17 WEST 42ND ST.
Telephone Vanderbilt 47.

LOFT TO LET.
424 to 438 W. 33rd St.,
between 9th and 10th Aves.
180x90; fireproof building, sprinkler; 5 elevators; immediate possession.
WM. H. WHITING & CO.,
41 Park Row

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.
FACTORIES
Any Size — Anywhere
For Sale or to Lease
NEW LISTINGS SOLICITED
Business Established 1790
GAILLARD REALTY CO.,
90 WILLIAM ST. TEL. 1026 JOH.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Furnished—West Side.
Gainsborough Studios
222 West 58th St.
Furnished studio apartment, overlooking Central Park, north light, for rent January 1st to Oct. 1st, 1921. Also 5 handsome apartment of 5 rooms and bath for 3 months from January 1st.
JAMES E. BALL, Manager.

Happy housing for great office organizations is not merely a pretty phrase. See the Armion and *get the meaning*. A high-class structure for high-class tenants. The studied and successful attainment of a high ideal.
Wonderfully well located for accessibility.
LEASES FROM FEBRUARY 1st.
4 PASSENGER and 2 FREIGHT ELEVATORS. 100% SPRINKLERED.
ON NEW YORK'S WIDEST THOROUGHFARE
Loton H. Slawson Company
PROPERTY MANAGEMENT ENGINEERS

FOR RENT
3 FLOORS
Size 43x100 Each
Large Electric Elevators, Steam Heat, Separate Entrance.
Apply to
AIMONE GALLERIES
(NEW BUILDING)
42-44 East 49th Street
Near Madison Ave. Or Your Own Broker.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Are you satisfied with your present Apartment?
If not—investigate
Jackson Heights
4, 5 and 6 Rooms
New Garden Apartments
Unusual neighborhood advantages. On Co-operative Plan.
Moderate Price—Liberal Terms.
Social and Business References Required.
THE
Queensboro Corporation
50 E. 42d St., Manhattan.
Corner Madison Ave.
Send for Views and Details

---

125 East 72d St.
MODERN 14-STORY APT.
6 Rooms
THE WYOMING
S.E. cor. 55th & 7th Av.
MODERN 12-STORY APT.
8 Rooms
$6300 per annum
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Julius Fishman & Sons, Inc.
18 East 41st St. Tel. Vanderbilt 1977

Unfurnished—West Side.
117 West 58th St.
Hotel Sevillia
12-Story Fireproof Building
4 Fine Suites
2-3-4 ROOMS
AND BATH, JUST COMPLETED, SEVERAL FURNISHED
Exceptionally Low Rentals
Excellent Restaurant, Maid service
Apply on premises, or
BING & BING, 110 West 40th St.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS
JUST COMPLETED
The Wheeler & Van Loo
559-565 W. 188th St.
Near 191st Subway Station
5th Ave. Bus Passes Property
4 ROOMS, $95 to $105
Rental Representative on Premises.
F. J. McMAHON CO., Agents
1,438 St. Nicholas Av., corner 188th St.
Phone Wadsworth 8316.

6-7 Room Apartments
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
All Outside Rooms. Unusual Closet Space; Elevator; Hall Attendants, Etc.
Rents $1,700 Up
220 West 107th St.
Near Broadway.
Superintendent on premises.

---

110 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
CORNER 83D ST.
Immediate Possession
9 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS
Southern Exposure
E. K. VAN WINKLE, Agent.
182 West 72d St. Columbus 1977.

Harperley Hall
1 WEST 64TH STREET
UNFURNISHED
7 Rooms and 3 Baths: Housekeeping
2-6 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette
ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
2, 3 and 4 Rooms, with Kitchenette
Refrigeration in all apartments
TELEPHONE "COLUMBUS 6000"

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.
152 W. 72d St.
JUST COMPLETED
1-2-3 ROOMS & BATH
$1,050—$2,100
E. K. VAN WINKLE
Agent
On Premises Columbus 1977

JUST COMPLETED
186 Riverside Drive
Between 90th and 91st Sts.
1 AND 2 ROOMS, WITH TILE BATHS
Wonderfully large; maid service if desired; gas for light housekeeping; unobstructed view of the river; subway, buses and "L" cars all convenient. Rents $1,500-$2,500. Representative on premises: seen any time.
WOOD, DOLSON CO., 80 St. & B'way.
Tel. Schuyler 3100.

---

600 WEST 161st St.
6 ROOMS AND FOYER
2 BATHS. FIREPROOF
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920
INQUIRE MELROSE 4982

Unfurnished—East Side.
Belgrave Block
Madison Av., 49th to 50th St.
2 and 3 Room
APARTMENTS
Rents $900 to $1,500
(with service, if desired)
Cruikshank Company,
141 Broadway Rector 4100.
Worthington Whitehouse, Inc.,
on premises
448 Madison Av. Plaza 4410.

---

940 Park Ave.
CORNER 81ST ST.
Modern fireproof apartments ready for occupancy, 7 rooms, 3 baths, $3,900, one left; 8 rooms, bath, $1,700, one left; 4 rooms, bath, one left, $2,600. All housekeeping apartments.
Apply for Rental on Premises.

1229 PARK AVE.
SOUTHEAST CORNER 90TH ST.
High-Class Elevator Apartment.
Seven and eight rooms, two baths. Apply to Superintendent or A. BRANDSTEIN, 128 East 118th St. Tel. Harlem 1518.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.
68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS
3 and 5-Room Complete Apartments.
Beautiful water view; 4 minutes to Wall St. G. GERARD, 118 Montague St.

MORTGAGE LOANS.
AT REASONABLE RATES
FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES.
LARGE AND SMALL AMOUNTS.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 102 WEST 42D ST.

Mortgage Loans Wanted.
SECOND MORTGAGE $25,000 for 2 years, above 10-year first mortgage on best business property. Rehearber, Barclay 9437.
WANT $4,000 first mortgage on good Woodhaven, Queens, dwelling. Sharum, 170 B'way.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

AN OPPORTUNITY SELDOM OFFERED.
New Rochelle: eight rooms, tile bath, gas and electric light; lot 50x100; very fine condition; nice section; price reasonable; terms; set quick. Drummond, 17 West 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 7323, or 228 Huguenot St. Tel. New Rochelle 2242.

A NEW YEAR'S BARGAIN.
Unusual opportunity to secure an unusual house; 7 rooms and bath; gas and electric light; newly decorated; near school and station; bargain; $10,500; terms. Drummond, 17 West 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 7323, or 228 Huguenot St. Tel. New Rochelle 2242.

FOR RENT, JAN. 1-MAY 1, 1921.
Attractively furnished apartment; 2 minutes' walk to station; $165 per month.
BURKE STONE, INC. Pelham 1485.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

LEAVING for Mexico immediately, will rent in exclusive neighborhood furnished house, nine rooms, cement cellar, furnace, coal; low commutation; ten minutes from station; $175. Telephone Port Washington 416.

FLORAL PARK
is a "neighborly place" of real people; a half hour by electric trains; convenient for commuters; you would enjoy living here. A. H. Goldsmith, P. O. Bldg., Floral Park.

OWNER leaving city, will sell Colonial house, seven rooms, two baths, sun parlor; 30 minutes out. R. G. Robinson, Fitzroy 6488.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

PROPERTY OWNERS—Don't you wish to decrease expenses? Drop me a line, I'll see you. Harry J. Horowitz, 55 Delancey St., Expert Economical Property Management.

WANTED—Church to buy or rent, between 170th and 180th Sts. west side; suitable hall will also do. A 916 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Seven-room house or bungalow in San Gate (in Gate); all improvements. Phone Chelsea 3745, Bon-Ton.

CASH paid for property threatened with foreclosure. Details? Quick." 877 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

100x100, VACANT, 130th St., near Riverside Drive; equity $35,000; corner store or country property. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

BLEECKER ST.—3,000 square feet, $1,950; office and show room, 2,500 square feet, $2,000; exceptionally good light on three sides; many other lofts and office bargains, any size, all sections of the city. Department A., John W. Paris & Son, Inc., 141 West 36th. Phone Fitzroy 6604.

FINANCIAL DISTRICT.
We have an unusually large number of desirable offices for rent in best downtown buildings at low rentals; practically all sizes. Chesterfield Clark, Real Estate, 42 Broadway. Broad 5066.

32 WEST 30TH ST.
(Between 5th-6th Avs.)—Five-story store and loft building, 20x90; possession at once; alterations to suit tenants; moderate rent; long lease.
J. ARTHUR FISCHER, 680 6TH AV.

17 WARREN ST.
Immediate possession, four upper floors, 25x75; building completely reconstructed, elevator, &c.; will rent long term, together or separately. R. B. Ittleson, 100 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 587, or your own broker.

IMMEDIATE possession, a beautiful office and showroom, 500 feet on 5th Ave., fully equipped wonderful fixtures, furniture, also telephone suitable for dress, waist, or cloak jobber; reasonable rent. Longacre 3430. Mr. Brown.

SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard C. Forbes, 66 Broadway. Rector 147.

OFFICES, SHOWROOMS, STORES AND LOFTS to rent in various locations. For particulars apply SAMUEL KRONSKY, INC., Marbridge Bldg., Broadway at 34th. Phone Fitzroy 712.

LARGE ROOM, VERY LIGHT, FIRST FLOOR ABOVE STREET, OPPOSITE ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, 18 VESEY ST.; RENT REASONABLE; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

FURNISHED DAYLIGHT OFFICES with telephone; 300 square feet; reasonable rent; possession at an. 1. 34th st., above 4th Av. Ogden & Clarkson Corporation, 605 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1124.

SUBLEASE 10,000 square feet, 20-47 West 19th St., first loft; possession on or before Feb. 1, 1921; low rent. Cross & Brown Co., 18 East 41st St. Murray Hill 7100.

RESTAURANT TO LEASE
in furnished apartment hotel; finest location in town; long lease, low rental.
KEHOE & KERKMANN.
8 West 40th St. (M. H. 3780).

24TH ST., 17 EAST—Entire second floor, 25x100, desirable location for textile house; up to-date; low rent to suspect. Inquire Frank F. Pels, 17 East 24th.

TOP LOFT AND STORE.
124 West 18th St.
$2,500 each; in modern building; 25x92. DUBOSE COMPANY, 244 WEST 13TH ST.

LEASE OF STORE
for disposal, in prominent and one of the best business sections of Manhattan; low rental. Y 2427 Times Annex.

STORE, 18 WEST 39TH ST., UNDER FASHIONABLE FRENCH DRESSMAKING ESTABLISHMENT, SUITABLE FOR MILLINERY, ANTIQUES, &c.

SUBLET.
Two offices, 272 and 454 feet of space; rent reasonable.
MAURICE ROSS & SON, 100 Fifth Av.

FOR RENT, on completion, Jan. 1, 1921, new one-story garage, facing
PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL, 52d St.
Phone Owner, Longacre 2722.

TO LET—7,300 square feet in three lofts at 24 cents a foot; 426 Broome St., between Broadway and Lafayette.
ROBERT BONBALL, 261 BROADWAY.

BROADWAY, 1,416—Light office, 456 sq. ft., corner 26th St.; furnished or unfurnished; immediate possession. Phone Stuyvesant 3036 for appointment. Ego Trading Co.

ATTRACTIVE STORE, 7th Av., at 55th St., suitable florist, milliner, lingerie, novelty shop or other high-class retail business. Apply superintendent, 220 West 58th St.

54TH ST., 130 WEST—Second floor store, show window front; immediate possession. M. & L. Hess, Inc., 907 Broadway. Stuyvesant 4200.

LOFTS AND OFFICES.
DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.
BILTMORE REALTY CORP., TIMES BLDG.
PHONE BRYANT 7158-1527.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS; ALL SECTIONS. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 32 NASSAU ST. JOHN 1177. 98 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 9175.

BUSINESS PROPERTY SPECIALISTS.
Stores, floors, buildings, garages.
WOOLLEY, WATKINS & JORDAN,
Plaza 8274.

OFFICES at 123 Liberty St., also one floor sub-divided; immediate possession; long lease. For particulars Apply The Seneca Co., World Building.

SUB-LEASE, 9,500 square feet, 205 Broadway, corner 23d St., third floor; immediate possession; low rent. Cross & Brown Co., 18 East 41st St. Murray Hill 7100.

200 square feet, suitable for any purpose, for immediate possession; reasonable rent. Max Weinstein, 3 West 29th St. Longacre 4453.

LOFT, 25x100, light on all sides, concrete building, elevator, steam heat; immediate possession; $1,800. Henry L. Nielsen Co., 154 Nassau St. Beekman 5196.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

CHOICE, OUTSIDE OFFICE.
IDEAL FOR SUBDIVIDING.
TO SUBLET AT ONCE OFFICE NOS. 506-6 AT No. 4 CHURCH ST.; 1,600 SQ. FT.; PRESENT LEASE AT REASONABLE RENTAL EXPIRES MAY 1, 1921. INQUIRE AT ROOM 901, NO. 80 CHURCH ST.

Warehouse, Factory or Garage.
30,000 Square Feet.
4-Story Building.
Greenwich St., near Spring.
On Long-Term Lease.
Immediate Possession.
Driveway from street to street.
First floor concrete, contains 11,000 square feet; two cold storage plants; 2 elevators; stable accommodations 50 horses; steam plant, office, &c. Wolfe & Co., 31 Liberty St. Phone John 5383.

BROADWAY CORNER OFFICE SPACE
OVERLOOKING BAY, 745 SQ. FT., OR
ADJOINING OFFICE 408 SQ. FT., 10TH FLOOR. TELEPHONE L. P. SANGER, BOWLING GREEN 4822; NO AGENTS.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
The right location in half the battle; we have the location for your showrooms and executive offices; entire fourth floor in the Gorham Building, 386-390 5th Av., also 36th St. entrance; will lease for term of years; lowest price in this section; also offer in the same building, ninth floor, 2,000 square feet, beautiful studio space. Apply Dennis Co., 296 Broadway. Telephone Worth 248.

BROADWAY—6TH AV.—33D ST.
About 440 square feet office space to sublet on 6th floor, Flatiron Building; large light rooms with connecting private office, partitions available for further division, if desired; immediate possession; long lease. Inquire Room 546, Flatiron Building, or 5th floor, 23 East 47th.

BUSINESS PROPERTY SPECIALISTS.
Do you contemplate moving February first? If so consult us; we have adequate listings and facilities to procure what you want.
KEHOE & KERKMANN.
8 West 40th St. (M. H. 3780).

LOFTS, very light, immediate possession; steam; 25x104; 49 West 3d, 137 Grand St. Rhinelander 9837.

TO RENT, light, modern loft, 1,800 square feet; splendid fixtures and partitions for sale. 33 West 46th, 5th floor.

FOR RENT—Approximately 500 feet of desirable office space, Aeolian Building. Apply Silleu & Jeffery, Agent, Aeolian Hall.

DESK, WITH TELEPHONE SERVICE.
Downtown: attractive office. Room 218, 15 Park Row. Tel. Barclay 3329.

DESKROOM with telephone and stenographer service for rent from Jan. 1. 605 5th Av., ask for Mr. Simmons.

CORNER LOFT, excellent light, heated; immediate possession; $35. Apply premises, 42 Duane.

SPACIOUS half loft; very light; about 30,000 sq. ft. to sublet. Apply 108 West 25th St., 10th floor.

42D, WEST—Furnished offices, stenographer, telephone; elegant building; reasonable. Phone Bryant 767.

PRIVATE OFFICE, two telephones installed, partly furnished; $50. Room 209, 132 Nassau.

LOFTS, factories, within or beyond metropolitan district, factory Exchange, 76 W. 44th. Vanderbilt 561. Extension 4 or 16.

LOFTS, 6 WEST 20TH ST.
Light, steam elevator; rent $2,800. Feb'ry. AMES & COMPANY, 26 WEST 31ST ST.

ABOUT 300 feet, steam heat, elevator, electric light; rent $60. Arrow Paper Products, 100 Worth St.

OFFICE SUITE, furnished; excellent location; Knox Building, cor. 40th St. and 5th Av. frontage. Murray Hill 1770.

OFFICE SPACE sharing, $25; private office, mahogany furniture; $50. Bowling Green 2999.

PART of loft; cloak and suit jobber will rent rear part; 27th St. Call Chelsea [illegible].

SEVERAL offices, suitable for displaying samples; reasonable rent to responsible tenants. 1,182 Broadway, Room 1207.

OFFICE and store to sublet for four months; also storage loft. J. P. Paret & Co., 12 Broad St.

BROOME ST., 296—Store and basement 20x75; reasonable rent; Feb. 1. 43 6th Av. Spring 2906.

NEATLY furnished offices and showroom, or half; sublet; very reasonable; textiles or dry goods. Room 1308, 220 5th Av.

DESIRABLE office rent, about 2,500 ft.; immediate occupation. 165 Broadway, Room 2611.

FOR RENT unfurnished, private office, 200 square feet, with telephone service. Phone 1137 Rector.

PART of 5th Av. office to rent; telephone service. Room 1206, 316 5th Av.

OFFICE space or desk room to let; phone service. Beeloe Belt Co., 416 Broadway.

41 WEST 21ST ST.—Lofts and showrooms; $40-$150. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

121 WEST 24TH ST.—Lofts 25x100; reasonable rents. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

CHOICE properties; long lease; 5th Av.; also 37th st. Murray Hill 9314.

STORE, Madison Av. and 61st St. Fine location; moderate rent. Plaza 8347.

OFFICE to let.—Inquire Room 1111, 32 Union Square.

20TH ST., 40 EAST—Loft, 25x92; light manufacturing allowed. See janitor.

3D ST., 53 WEST—Corner loft, 50x90; manufacturing. See Supt.

PART loft and showroom; reasonable rent; immediate possession. 254 Broadway.

LOFT to let, suitable studio, light manufacturing; $200-$300. 12 West 19th.

DESKROOM space, phone service. Apply first floor, 77 5th Av. Stuyvesant 6253.

LIGHT, cheerful offices, sublet furnished or unfurnished, with telephone, 29 West 34th.

LARGE and small offices, elegantly furnished. Suites 1111-1116, 220 West 42d St.

OFFICE and desk room, telephone and stenographer service. Apply 508 World Building.

BROADWAY—Large store, suitable for big business. 2,628 Broadway and 99th St.

SMALL light office, financial district. Apply Agent, 705 Park Row Building.

Brooklyn.

BRICK FACTORY BUILDING,
about 6,700 sq. ft., Williamsburg section of Brooklyn, near all railroad freight stations; immediate possession; high ceilings with skylights; good light; concrete floors, with sewer drainage, electricity; wood storage cellar; office space and driveway into building.

40 PENN ST., BROOKLYN.

FACTORY FLOORS AND BUILDINGS.
Size 16 suit, concrete and mill construction; rents from 25c. to 30c. per square foot. Martin Co., 25 Court St., Brooklyn. Main 3706-3707.

Long Island.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
5,000 to 100,000 square feet space; early occupancy; or will build to suit.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
Bridge Plaza. LONG ISLAND CITY.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WE have clients for buildings, lofts, offices and show rooms; let us know what you have for sale or lease; quick action. Dept. A., John W. Paris & Son, Inc., 141 West 36th. Phone Fitzroy 6604.

WANTED, WAREHOUSE.
Ground floor, about 2,000 square feet; about $200 per month; no long lease; three months' notice. D 245 Times.

NEW ENGLAND accountants and tax experts desire New York office space and telephone connection or use of telephone. Y 2427 Times Annex.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

39TH ST., 23 EAST—Artistically furnished [illegible] rooms, bath, telephone, elevator [illegible]

39TH ST., 101-103 EAST (Hatfield House)—Elevator apartment hotel; desirable, 1, 2 and 3 room suites, maid and hall service; attractive rentals; furnished or unfurnished. STOTS & STARR, 101 East 39th St.

Times Building. Tel. Bryant 6000.

39TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $20 weekly. Hotel Fulton.

34TH, 128 EAST — Apartment, handsomely furnished, consisting living room, one or two bedrooms, private bath; kitchenette facilities; steam heat, electricity, elevator; refined real estate; only three floors in entrance; convenient to all L's. Apply Superintendent.

35TH ST., (off 5th Av.)—Charming newly furnished living room; grand piano, bedroom, kitchen, bath; scrupulously clean; china, linen, silver, telephone; $200 monthly, including gas, electricity; concession for October lease. Call Plaza 3961 after 10 o'clock.

37TH ST., 120 EAST—Large two rooms, bath, kitchenette, entire floor; lease $100 monthly to Sept. 30. Carpenter.

40TH, 43 EAST—Furnished apartment, drawing room, dining room, bedroom, kitchen, bath; $250 per month; immediate possession. Cripps. Phone Plaza 3274 mornings until 11, afternoons 2 to 5.

40TH, EAST, 3 ROOMS, 2 BATHS.
Handsomely furnished, 10th floor, overlooking Park; $300 month; by appointment. Vanderbilt 1460.

40TH, 18 EAST—Sublet bargains, 1, 2, 3 room suites. Jacinto Hotel.

42D ST., 40 EAST—Elegantly furnished 1 room, 2 baths apartment; season or year. Exchange.

43D ST. (corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; $45 per room, bath up. Hotel Ashton.

[illegible]TH, 30 EAST—Parlor floor for doctor or dentist; private house; heat; electric light.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASTON.
Madison Av., southwest corner 43d St.—Newly decorated apartment, room and bath, $45 up; 2 rooms, bath, $100 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 372.

APARTMENTS OF QUALITY.
East west side; long, short leases.
APARTMENT RENTING CO.,
176 West 72d St. Phone Columbus 1277.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED
Apartments, choice localities; long, short leases; east and west side; 4-12 rooms.
CLARK REALTY COMPANY,
347 Madison Av. (45th St.) Vanderbilt 1430.

BACHELORS, ATTENTION!
Madison Av. and 34th St.—Two rooms and bath apartment; cosey and clean; $125 a month. Phone Plaza 6445.

GRAMERCY PARK SOUTH, 25 (Metal Lining)—Two rooms and bath, facing beautiful Gramercy Park; all hotel service; table appointment; reasonable rates. Phone Gramercy 8264.

GRAMERCY PARK, East 21st St., 162—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, until April 1.

IRVING PLACE (near 15th St.)—Bachelor apartments, 1-2 rooms, all outside, just completed; modern, parquet floors, bath and shower; handsomely furnished; maid service; reasonable rentals. Apply at premises, 1 Irving Place, or telephone Fitzroy 2884.

LEXINGTON Av., 158—Two rooms, bath, large kitchenette; suitable bachelor. Call Stuyvesant 0723 after 10.

MADISON AV., 776 (near 48th)—Attractive room with daybed, bath, telephone, elevator; breakfast served; maid service. Corbiere.

SELL OR LEASE.
Gramercy Park, 3 rooms and bath; wonderful opportunity; shown by appointment. R. DeFlores, 402 Madison Av., Murray Hill 2464.

TWO-ROOM SUITES, bath, $13 week; sunny rooms; parquet floors; attractively furnished; one block from subway; service. Fourth Avenue Hotel, 29th St., 4th Av.

25% LESS THAN PRE-WAR PRICES.
5TH AV. (60'S)—12 rooms and 5 baths.
6TH AV. (40'S)—8 rooms and 4 baths.
PARK AV. (90'S)—16 rooms and 4 baths.
MADISON AV. (50'S)—12 rooms, 4 baths; 9 rooms, 3 baths.
57TH ST., 12 rooms, 6 baths.
CENTRAL PARK WEST (80'S)—8 rooms, 3 baths, and 6 rooms and 2 baths.
BROADWAY (90'S)—8 rooms and 2 baths.
RIVERSIDE DRIVE—6 rooms and 2 baths.
RAILING REALTY CO., 370 Park Av.
Murray Hill 7214.

Furnished—West Side.

11TH (just off 5th Av., Hotel Van Rensselaer)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service. Stuy. 1410.

12TH ST., 29 WEST—2 rooms, furnished, electric lights, bath; lease to Oct. 1; rent $125.

24TH, 438 WEST—Sublet immediately; open fireplace; maid service. Telephone Chelsea 9045.

20TH—ONE, TWO, THREE ROOMS, KITCHENS, BATHS. CHELSEA 9005.

58TH, 201 WEST (Cor. 7th Av.)—Elegantly furnished 4-room apartment to rent; piano, electric, Victrola.

40TH, 24 WEST — 2 rooms, bath, electric, kitchenette; lease and furniture for sale or rent. Grant, 5-6 o'clock.

42D, 228 WEST—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedrooms and bath, $30 to $50 weekly; full hotel service.

45TH, 241 WEST — New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unexcelled; 2-3 rooms, tiled bath, shower, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; unquestionable applicants; highest references essential; $65-$125 up monthly. Longacre 5360.

49TH ST., 127 WEST—Beautifully furnished with piano, 2 rooms, private bath, apartment, complete hotel service, by week or month. J. H. Kenny, Bryant 814.

47TH, 135 WEST—To sublet, two rooms, bath; special rates for the balance of season. Mr. Sanborn, Hotel Flanders.

48TH, 50 WEST—Desirable, sunny apartment, living room with open fireplace, bedroom and bath, telephone; $180; maid service optional. Shown 11-3. Bryan, 3443.

49TH, 12 WEST—Party leaving city will sublet beautifully furnished apartment, 2 rooms, bath; kitchenette; private phone, open fire, piano; everything new, immaculately clean; concession if taken at once.

50th, 4 ROOMS, BATH, $300.
Handsomely furnished; 5 months. Vanderbilt 1450.

50th, WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath; piano; $130. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

51ST, 25 WEST—Attractive apartment, two rooms and bath, elevator, dining room service; references required.

52D ST., 223 WEST, COR. BROADWAY.
High-class elevator apartments, newly furnished; full hotel service.
ONE ROOM AND BATH, $80 UP.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $140 UP.
REFERENCES REQUIRED.

54TH, 33 WEST (near 5th Av.)—Attractive 3 large rooms, bath, kitchenette; large closets; redecorate; furnished or unfurnished; fireplaces; entire floor; open for inspection; lease, $6750. Phone Hanover [illegible]

54TH ST. (At Broadway)—Hotel Alexandra; parlor bedroom and bath; reasonable rates.

57TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.—THE ROYAL.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED, MAID AND VALET SERVICE. 2 ROOMS AND BATH; $175. REFERENCES REQUIRED.

57TH, 208 WEST
(HOTEL THORNDYKE)—VERY ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH, 205 WEST (corner 7th Av.)
Corner apartment of 9 rooms, 3 baths, magnificently furnished, in the Osborne; fireproof building; large rooms, high ceilings; immediate possession; $700 per month. Manager on premises. Circle 5430.

57TH ST., 240 WEST.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND VALET SERVICE. TWO AND THREE ROOMS AND BATH; $20 WEEKLY AND UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

57TH, 205 WEST—Magnificently furnished flat, three master bedrooms, 3 baths, servants' room; baby grand piano; to rent for 3 months, $900 a month. Nevin, Apt. 9C.

58TH, 124 WEST—Apartment, four rooms, bath; has phone. Wahl & Co.

58TH—Seven rooms, 2 baths; elegantly furnished; $230. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

59TH, 38 WEST—Unique bargain, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $280. Simpkins's apartment.

61ST ST., 19 WEST (The Pasadena), corner Broadway, near elevated, subway—Newly decorated 2, 3, 4 rooms, bath, light, heat, maid service included; $30-$45 weekly; references required.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

72D, 230 WEST, (cor. B'way)—2 rooms, foyer hall, bath, rear, southern exposure, piano, elevator, rent $65. Building. Phone Columbus 8[illegible] Apt. 3A. Smith.

72D, 344—Attractively furnished five room two baths; housekeeping; elevator; rent 2-6 afternoons; private phone. Columbus 9[illegible]

72D ST., WEST—We have a selected list of furnished and unfurnished apartments. Apply 1. Dowdney, 247 West 72d St.

73D, 139 WEST—Well-furnished two room bath, kitchenette; new building. Carroll.

73D ST.—2 rooms, front, furnished; $65. beautifully furnished; $165. Columbus [illegible]

74TH, 103 WEST — Large studio, kitchenette bath; also 2 rooms, housekeeping.

75TH, 40 WEST—Attractive 3-room and bath apartment, kitchenette, $[illegible]

74TH ST., 338 WEST. (Corner Riverside Drive)—One, two and three large room apartments, with bath; beautifully furnished or unfurnished. Apply Superintendent.

76TH, 162 WEST—Ground floor; large reception hall, electricity, kitchenette privileges; also at 123 West 80th, large second floor room with bath; excellent board if desired; reference; also fine rooms and suites at Staten Island home. Particulars telephone Schuyler 8206.

76TH, 121 WEST—Luxurious furnished apartment, 10-20, bath, kitchenette; 3 floors; remodeled private house; $125. Hefferman.

79TH ST., 213 (near Broadway)—Sixth floor; open fireplaces; every modern convenience.

79TH—Seven rooms, two baths; all outside; season, longer; $300. Columbus 8[illegible]

80th (West End)—Eight rooms 3 baths, exquisitely furnished; details Columbus 8[illegible]

80th—Apartment, 5 rooms, kitchenette, bath, piano; $120. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

81ST, 206 WEST (TP)—Charming two room and kitchen apartment, attractively furnished.

83D, 55 WEST—Beautifully and attractively furnished apartment of 3 rooms, bath and kitchen; completely in every detail, including silver, private telephone; long or short lease. Schuyler 8316.

84TH—Large 3-room suite in private apartment; excellently furnished for bachelor; $20 per week. Schuyler 3203.

86TH ST.—On West End; 3 rooms, 2 baths, all outside; new building. Columbus 1[illegible]

84TH ST. WEST—Handsomely furnished two room suite; electricity; $25. Schuyler 6[illegible]

87TH, 332 WEST—Newly furnished two or five rooms, bath, shower, in modern building; newly painted. Phone Columbus 8[illegible] Apt. 3A. Smith.

87TH, 904 WEST—Third apartment, a gem of 3 front rooms, furnished, $25 weekly.

87TH, 338 WEST—Furnished apartment and rooms, with or without board.

88TH ST., 160 WEST—Refined family will rent large furnished room and bath; steam heat; newly renovated; private house; gentleman only. 781 Schuyler 6230.

89TH—Seven rooms, two baths; handsomely furnished; $225. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

90TH, 60 WEST—Studio apartment, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; rent temporarily. Agniel.

90TH—Apartment, 3 r

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

THE BELMONT, 86th and Broadway (Apt. Service)—5-room suite, 2 baths, completely furnished; $600 month for nine months.

TWO ROOMS and bath; southern exposure; reasonable. Apartment 611, Hotel Majestic, 7th St. and Amsterdam Av.

TWO rooms, kitchenette, furnished with piano; near city; reasonable. E 111 Times.

TWO rooms, bath; $200 monthly; seen before 1 p.m. Telephone Madison Sq. 4868.

VERY END AV., 681—Completely furnished 3-room bath, kitchenette apartment. Janitor.

Furnished—Bronx.

BROOKVILLE—Furnished apartment, six rooms, two baths; Gramatan Court; rent $100. Bronxville 2569M.

YOU'RE extraordinarily well furnished rooms, apartment west side. Jerome subways, responsible responsible party. Tremont 490.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

TWO ROOMS, modern in detail; immediate possession, near Brighton Beach subway. 25 Flatbush 4988.

Unfurnished—East Side.

12 EAST 9TH ST.
Entire floor, 4 rooms, bath, kitchen, $2,300. ARMS & COMPANY, 26 WEST 31ST ST.

9TH, 32 EAST (adjoining Hotel Martha Washington)—Beautiful, newly decorated apartments, high ceilings, splendid light; also one room to rent. Apply to Manager Martha Washington Hotel.

9TH, 39 EAST—Parlor floor and apartment above; 2, 3 and 4 rooms, all improvements, possession 10 until 4.

9TH, 74 EAST—Attractive 2-room, bath and kitchenette apartment; $1,400 years. Janitor superintendent on premises.

57TH, 205 WEST (corner 7th Av.)—Corner apartment of nine rooms and three baths in the Osborne; fireproof building; nine rooms, high ceilings; immediate possession; $400 per month. Manager, on premises. Circle 5420.

57TH ST., 42 EAST—Immediate, two rooms and bath, elevator and restaurant; $115. Taylor.

57TH, 17 EAST (Near 5th Av.)—Attractive 2 new rooms, bath, foyer, fireplace; lease furnished or unfurnished, $150, lease; will redecorate, open for inspection. Phone Hanover 6900.

57TH, 56 EAST—Modern elevator apartment, 4 rooms, $2,000. Jan. 1.

57TH, 17 EAST—High-class elevator apartment, eight rooms and two baths; all modern conveniences; immediate occupancy. Apply on premises.

EXCLUSIVE MURRAY HILL.
36TH ST., 163 EAST.
BUNGALOW ON ROOF, FIVE ROOMS AND TWO BATHS; PRIVATE ROOF GARDEN; POSSESSION AT ONCE; $5,000. OPEN FIREPLACE; UNUSUAL APARTMENT.

MADISON AV., 2,053 (corner 126th St.)—6 rooms, $75. Geo. N. Walker. Tel. Aud. 0371.

MADISON AV., 885 (Corner 74th St.)—Two choice apartments, two rooms and bath and all outside rooms, modern.

Unfurnished—West Side.

59TH ST., 60-62 WEST—Four rooms and bath; elevator. Apply premises.

59TH ST., 45 WEST—Attractive, light, sunny 2-4 room apartments, including kitchen; modern conveniences; appointments; reasonable. Telephone Chelsea 4100.

59TH, 344 WEST—Attractive suites, 2 rooms, tiled baths, showers, parquet floors, electricity; residential block; references; $70-$75.

59TH ST., 19-21 WEST—Strictly high-class elegant apartments of two rooms and bath; maid service optional; desirable tenants; rental $1,500 and $1,800.

59TH ST., 32 WEST—1, 2, 3 and 4 rooms, bath; for business people.

59TH, 329 WEST (Near 5th Av.)—Two rooms and bath, $90 per month; possession. Telephone Murray Hill 500.

59TH, 47 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; one left; $1,080 year. Donovan.

48TH ST., 151 WEST.
Near Broadway; modern 2-room apartments, fine light and air; hall boy service and hot water; immediate possession; furnished or unfurnished; moderate rents.

J. ARTHUR FISCHER, 490 47TH AV.

48th St., near 5th Av.
Two beautiful rooms, bath, kitchen, $100 month. 864 Madison Av. Plaza 8547.

47TH ST., 26 WEST—Elegant apartment, entire floor, three rooms, bath; improvements; $450 month; lease. Phone Bryant 3000.

47TH, 3 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchen, apartment; reasonable. Apply Superintendent.

46 WEST—Ground floor, one large room, dressing room, bath; private entrance from street; also entire second floor apartment, kitchen; newly decorated.

45TH—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; bargain; $35. Ellerson, 25 West 42d.

45TH, 200 WEST — Six-room attractive apartment of highest type. Apply Supt.

45TH, 158 W.—Attractive 7-room apartment; high-class building. Apply Superintendent.

45TH ST., 100 WEST.
2 rooms, bath and kitchenette in high-class apartment house; immediate possession; $1,200.

SHARP & CO., 2,480 BROADWAY.

45TH—Five rooms, bath; furniture, $600; rent $100. Ellerson, 25 West 42d.

45TH, 240 WEST (Near Broadway)—New 5-story, fireproof building of 3 rooms for $2,000 and 4 rooms $2,800; fully housekeeping; very spacious and high class; immediate possession. Columbus 1464.

45TH, 110 WEST—Beautiful 3-room apartment; suitable for doctor. Apply premises.

45TH, 116 WEST—Two warm rooms, bath, gas heater, kitchenette, $120; 1 flight.

45TH, 121 WEST—1, 2, 3 rooms, bath, $64 to $96; improvement; best in town, $900 to $1,650.

44TH (near Broadway)—Duplex, four rooms, kitchen, open fireplaces. Schuyler 7014.

44TH ST., 29 WEST—A BEAUTIFUL SUITE OF THREE ROOMS, BATH, AND FOUR ROOMS, BATH; MODERN HIGH CLASS BUILDING; $150 MONTHLY.

44TH, 23 WEST—Immediate possession, studio apartment, suitable for singing, music, physician; near Central Park; all modern improvements; phone CAnal 0100 Lenox 7488; $100, including electricity.

44TH, 31 WEST—Exceptionally large newly appointed three rooms, bath, kitchenette apartment; latest improvements; parlor floor, studio.

44TH ST. (West)—Three rooms, kitchenette, tiled bath, open fireplace; entire floor; unique and attractive; rent $137. Columbia 9750.

44TH, 345 WEST—Beautiful, high class, 8-room, elevator apartment; immediate possession.

44TH ST., 221 WEST (808)—A BEAUTIFUL SEVEN-ROOM AND TWO-BATH RENTAL, WITH GARAGE, IN THE HEART OF THE RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT (808); $350 MONTHLY; ALL CONVENIENCES. G. W. CAHEN.

44TH ST., 309 WEST—Two unfurnished rooms and bath in apartment hotel; for permanent parties call at above address or telephone Schuyler 8761.

44TH, 137 WEST—One, two, three rooms; separate or together; private residence.

43D—Apartment, seven rooms, baths, $2,100 per year. Ellerson, 25 West 42d.

43D, 249 WEST—Choice four and five-room housekeeping apartments in private house; convenient to subway; immediate occupancy.

43RD, 203 WEST—Modern apartment on ground floor; suitable for physician. Apply Mr. Pechalis, Longacre 3144.

43RD, 12 WEST—Three rooms and bath; modern improvements; $75; immediate occupancy.

43RD, 312 WEST—Entire floor in large private house; 2 immense rooms, dressing room, private bath. $140.

43RD, 351 WEST—Monterey Apartments; facing on 3 streets and 3 parks; 8-room apartments, all outside rooms; immediate possession. Supt. on premises or apply Forbes, Rector 747.

43RD, 625 WEST—9 rooms, 3 baths, high-class apartment; immediate possession.

43RD ST., 344 WEST—Five-room apartment; all latest improvements; $80.

43RD, 550-561 WEST (corner Broadway)—Elevator, immediate possession, for five, six, seven rooms and bath; one six rooms, two seven rooms, southern exposure; high grade, superior service. Apply on premises or Jules Nehring, 4,249 Broadway.

43RD, 318 WEST—8-room modern elevator apartment to sublet.

APARTMENT FOR SALE
In the Pramingham, 59 Central Park West; eight rooms and three baths on twelfth floor; also two rooms, bath and roof garden on floor immediately below; private stairway. Horace S. Knowles, 59 Central Park West.

BROADWAY, 3,647 (156th St.)—High-class, fireproof building, Broadway apartment, 6 rooms. Apply on premises.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
Doctor's office, two rooms and bath, Hotel Bernard, Central Park West, 81st St.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
Doctor's office, 3 rooms, private entrance, 59 West 81st Street. Hotel Sevilla, 117 West 58th.

EXCEPTIONALLY WELL FURNISHED
5-room and 3-bath apartment, complete in every detail; finest location on Riverside Drive; wonderful view of Hudson River; sublet to Sept. 15, 1921.
Apply WOOD, DOLSON & CO., INC.,
Broadway and 80th St. Phone Schuyler 1100.

ELEGANT NEW MODERN APARTMENTS OF TWO, THREE ROOMS, KITCHEN AND BATH, INCLUDING MAID SERVICE, GAS AND ELECTRICITY.

300	WEST 59TH ST.
300	WEST 60TH ST.
300	WEST 61ST ST.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

NATIONAL STORAGE, 146 West 58th St.—Storage $6 per month vanload, motor van moving; moderate rates. 1700 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240—Two and three all outside front rooms, fireproof apartment hotel; wonderful view; reduced prices.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125 (AT 94TH ST.)—ELEVEN ROOMS, 2 BATHS; 10TH FLOOR; ALL OUTSIDE. LOUIS F. DOWDNEY, 247 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE, 151 (87th)—Magnificent floor; also one-room apartment; exceptional baths; lease.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (174th St.)—Fireproof building; 8-room corner apartment; possession. Cortlandt 3961. Audubon 6804.

SEVEN ROOMS, beautiful light, elevator, steam heat; all improvements. Inquire Superintendent, 2 Pinehurst Av., Washington Heights.

UNTIL Oct. 1, 1921, unfurnished two-rooms and bath, Apt. 12B Spencer Arms, 69th and Broadway; immediate possession.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 125-127—Four rooms and bath; modern apartment.

WEST END AV., 567 (near 87th)—Attractive two large rooms, bath, kitchenette; private entrance; entire floor; fireplace, large closets; will redecorate; furnished or unfurnished; lease; $90. Phone Hanover 8865.

WEST END AV., 738—Six large outside corner rooms; all improvements; $150.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

SUMMIT AV., 900 (corner 161st St., West Bronx)—Southern exposure, facing park and river; five rooms; all improvements; $75; one block from subway, elevated and Central Railroad; references required.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

FOUR large outside rooms, ample closets, exclusive use of kitchen, in high-class apartment centrally located, Bedford section, Brooklyn. Particulars write or phone Weeks, 106 West 92d, New York. Riverside 3365.

MONROE PLACE, 11 (Heights)—One-minute Clark St. Tube; two-room; bath; excellent service; sublet Jan. 1-Oct. 1; $50; phone; vacuum cleaning.

PRESIDENT ST., 1,514—Four rooms, bath; latest improvements. W. B. Israel.

STERLING PLACE, 180-191—Two and three rooms; all improvements; both subways.

55TH ST., 1,326, Brooklyn—Six-room apartment. Apply Mrs. M. E. Rosenberg.

Unfurnished—Queens.

TO RENT—KEW GARDENS.
A most unusual opportunity to rent at a special price for Jan. 1, 1921 to Sept 30, 1921, a seven room and three-bath apartment; southern exposure, all outside rooms, elevator service, large grounds. Edgeworth Smith, Inc., 1 West 34th St. Phone Fitzroy 5250 or at Kew Gardens Station, Phone Richmond Hill 1715.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.
Two splendid new elevator buildings: 106 small apartments; selections of 5 and 6-room suites, $1,320 per annum up; some with immediate occupancy. Apply "The Gardens Apt.," by station, or phone Boulevard 6545. Guyon L. C. Earle, Agent, 260 West 56th St., N. Y. Tel Schuyler 8509.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WEST SIDE (from 70th-125th St.)—First-class furnished apartment; must have three large sunny bedrooms, one living room, kitchen, bath, all latest improvements; good neighborhood; write full particulars. Mr. Kanter, care Otto Wagner, 140 West 28th St.

WANTED—Furnished apartment from Jan. 1 to June 1, containing 3 bedrooms and 2 baths; also maid's room and bath; do not require silver or linens; rent must be reasonable. Address C. W. Avery Cottage, Windmere, L. I.

CULTURED Southern couple, no children, desire small furnished apartment; west side or Washington Square; excellent care return for reasonable rental. A 737 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED apartment wanted in Park Av. section, Jan. 15 to May 15; five or six rooms; rent $400 to $500. F. A., Box 372, City Hall Station.

SMALL furnished apartment wanted by couple, Jan. 1 to April 1; best care guaranteed, state rental. A 744 Times Downtown.

WELL-FURNISHED 5 or 6 rooms; small adult family; elevator; good neighborhood; immediate; moderate; references. D 246 Times.

TWO or three rooms and kitchen for business couple; immediate possession; good references; rent $50 or $60. Address A. B., 114 Times.

WANTED by couple, three-room apartment; good furnishings; good location; $125 to $135. E 113 Times.

AN EXCLUSIVE CLIENTELE.
List apartments with Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 129 W. 72d. Columbus 856.

TWO BEDROOMS, bath, dining room, kitchen; near Central Park; January to April; all references. Responsible. A 780 Times.

APARTMENT RENTING CO.
173 West 72d St. Columbus 1278.
EXCLUSIVE & EXPERT RENTAL WAITING.

ELEVATOR—Well furnished five or six rooms; good location; three adults; $150; immediate; responsible. D 228 Times.

FURNISHED apartment for married couple with one child, for immediate occupancy. 964 Prospect Ave., Bronx.

WANT purchase furnished apt.; must be reasonable. C. A. Gardner, 1206, 24 Broad St.

SEND details of your Fur. Apts. to rent; E. K. Van Winkle, 132 W. 72d. Col. 1077.

Unfurnished.

FAMILY requires possession of unfurnished apartment Jan. 1; must contain four bedrooms and two baths, also maid's room and bath; three years lease. B 1019 Times Annex.

WANTED—A two or three room housekeeping apartment, furnished, in Far Rockaway, after Feb. 1; two ladies. Y 2409 Times Annex.

WANTED—By young couple, 3 or 4 room apartment, unfurnished, with improvements; up to $60; bonus. B. M., 56 W. 45th St., 18th floor, or telephone Intervale 1529.

LONG ISLAND—3-5 rooms, bath, housekeeping; young couple; permanent, immediate occupancy; references exchanged; $55. D 229 Times.

MODERN apt., 3 or 4 rooms, with bath, from 18th to 80th St., East or West; $50 or $55, with bonus. Y 2410 Times Annex.

WANTED—3-room ground floor apartment, between 72d and 96th Sts., vicinity West End Av.; physician. L. A., 124 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

117TH ST., 10 EAST—Large room, steam heated; gentlemen only.

50TH (cor. Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; $11 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $14 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly and up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

34TH, 126 EAST—Well furnished room, large closet, near bath; elevator; refined house; only those with first-class references considered; gentlemen only. 11 A. M. to 5 P. M. Mrs. Poole.

60TH, 18 EAST—Rooms, adjoining bath, $40-$50 month; also room, bath.

97TH (near 5th)—Newly decorated, warm, comfortable room; Christian family. Lenox 3164.

MADISON AV.—Private family will let 3 rooms; install kitchenette for desirable tenants; elevator apt. Phone 0873 Lenox.

MADISON AV., 86—Comfortable room, $45 monthly; after 6 P. M. Adams.

PARK AV., 706—Elegant neighborhood, private Christian family; room attractively furnished, near bath; gentleman; $80. K 811 Times.

West Side.

16TH, 51 WEST—Artistic, old mahogany and chintz, immaculately clean, warm, continuous hot water, restaurant connected.

60TH, 14 WEST—HIGH-CLASS, LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED LARGE FRONT ROOM; PRIVATE TILE BATH, LAVATORY; ELECTRICITY; TWIN BEDS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

60TH, 143 WEST—Nicely furnished accommodations; 2 business gentlemen; second apartment; refinement.

60TH, 68 WEST—Neat, light room, telephone, electricity; refined residence; $10 weekly.

60TH, 135 WEST—Select accommodations, second floor front, two rooms, bath; other rooms, bath; single; lavatory; electricity; cleanliness.

70TH, 59 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR, PRIVATE BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $8.

70TH, 134 WEST—Desirable large front room, private bath; heat; suitable two or three; telephone; references.

70TH, 282 WEST—Large front, also connecting, with bath; reasonable.

70TH, 219 WEST—FRONT PARLOR; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $18.

71ST, 42 WEST—HANDSOME, DOUBLE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $14.

71ST, 6 WEST—FRONT PARLOR, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $12.

72D, WEST—ATTRACTIVE SINGLE ROOM, $10; LARGE PRIVATE RESIDENCE. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 656.

72D, 156 WEST—Handsomely furnished large front room; references.

72D, 120 WEST—Neatly furnished large room, dressing room, electricity; references; $8.

72D, 140 WEST—FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $12.

74TH, 3 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, ADJOINING BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; REASONABLE.

74TH, 128 WEST—Large, sunny room, newly decorated and furnished, adjoining bath with shower, steam heat, electricity.

74TH, 25 WEST—Elegantly furnished single and large rooms, private baths. Wheeler.

74TH, 236 WEST—Nicely furnished rooms, twin beds, adjoining bath; all conveniences.

74TH, 120 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, REASONABLE.

74TH, 41 WEST—ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED SINGLE ROOM; $6.

75TH, 227 WEST,
76TH, 305 WEST,
78TH, 124 WEST.
ATTRACTIVE LARGE AND SMALL ROOMS.

75TH, 155 WEST—Attractive, sunny room, bath, electricity, steam; no housekeeping.

75TH, 327 WEST—Attractive, large front room, steam heat; high-class house.

75TH, 127 WEST—Large, well furnished double room, dressing room.

75TH, 146 WEST—Large or small room. Telephone 7670 Columbus.

76TH, 237 WEST—Newly furnished, double dressing room, bath adjoining; electricity, phone.

76TH, 230 WEST—Newly furnished room, twin beds, private bath; $20; gentlemen.

75TH, 2 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $10.

77TH, 112 WEST—Large, warm rooms; twin beds; electricity, phone; $16.

78TH, 320 WEST — Large room, adjoining bath, newly furnished; phone; single room.

79TH, 131 WEST—Large, handsomely furnished room, private bath; exceptional accommodation; reasonable.

82D, 310 WEST — Front room; twin beds; electricity; private house; references; gentlemen.

84TH, 15 WEST—Attractive front parlor, electricity, telephone; also another room. Palmer.

84TH, 38 WEST—Large, light room, modern conveniences; private family.

85TH, 203 WEST—Well furnished medium-sized room; modern conveniences; bath adjoining; breakfast optional; reference. Campbell.

87TH ST., 160 WEST—In private house, large, sunny room, adjoining bath, running water in alcove; references requested.

87TH, 223 WEST—Berkley Chambers, attractive double room, running water, adjoining bath.

88TH, 329 WEST—Magnificently furnished room, adjoining bath, $100 month. 6982 Schuyler.

90TH, 172 WEST—Small room, southern exposure; attractive basement room; kitchen privileges.

87TH (Riverside Drive)—Handsome room, teacher's apartment; congenial young woman. 9402.

87TH ST.—Room with private bath, private family, high class. Phone Schuyler 2243.

88TH, 132 WEST—Desirable, medium, sunny room, conveniences; gentlemen; references.

89TH, 320 WEST—Large, cheerful room, with bath, kitchenette privileges.

89TH ST., 321 WEST—Large, comfortable room, running water. Also studio parlor.

90TH, 30 WEST—Large sunny room, with alcove; southern exposure; adjoins bath.

92D, 61 WEST—Beautiful room; private house; private bath; electricity, telephone.

93D, 316 WEST—Two charming, connecting front rooms, elevator apartment; gentlemen or couple. Apt. 4I.

93D, 120 WEST—Large front, well-furnished room, with bath, electric light, telephone.

94TH, near Drive—Business woman or nurse; kitchen privileges. Phone Riverside 9383.

95TH ST., 253 WEST—High-class large room, bath. Apartment 3N.

96TH, 278 WEST (Apt. 2C)—Lovely, homelike room, facing Broadway; running water; private family.

96TH, 32 WEST—Exceptionally comfortable room; every convenience.

97TH, 63 WEST—Large sunny second floor front room; private bath; $18.

10-D, 247 WEST—Furnished rooms, with and without private bath; all improvements. Riverside 6344.

102D, 316 WEST (Riverside)—Spacious rooms; single, en suite; electricity; refined, private house.

103D, 306 WEST—Two adjoining rooms; steam, electricity, bath; strictly private family.

103D, 226 WEST—Attractive, cozy room, private entrance; every convenience; central. Silvi.

103D, 302 WEST—Large, modern, front room with dressing room, electricity.

106TH, 238 WEST—Light room, bath adjoining; conveniences; lady; $10. Apt. 4S.

107TH, 250 WEST (Broadway)—Large, bright room; running water; private house; $10.

112TH, 200 WEST—Sitting room and bedroom; modern improvements; nicely furnished; suitable for two. Apt. 2B.

113TH (Between 7th and 8th Aves.)—Beautiful, large double front room for gentlemen or business couple. Cathedral 6139.

115TH, 501 WEST — Beautifully furnished, large, front room; electricity; refined; $9. Timone.

114TH, 417 WEST (5W)—Desirable, outside, well-heated room adjoining bath; elevator; electricity; 1 gentleman; references. Cathedral 7760.

114TH, 328 WEST—Well furnished, large, outside, sunny room; references. Cathedral 7812.

115TH ST., 610 WEST—Room, $10; student, business woman. Apt. 6SA.

116TH, 371 WEST—Comfortable warm room, running water, $8; breakfast optional. Curtis.

116TH, 404 WEST—Large single room, private family; all conveniences. Crain.

118TH, 210 WEST—HOTEL CECIL.
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

122D, 315 WEST—Comfortable room, use of bright, sunny apartment; real home for right person; reasonable. Apt. 2E.

122D, 207 WEST—Large rooms, all improvements, light housekeeping; reasonable.

122D, 512 WEST—Large rooms, two beds, adjoining bath; elevator, shower. Nichols.

123D, 348 WEST—In refined private house, large, light, comfortably furnished front room, kitchenette and bath; suitable for two; reasonable; attentive service. Phone 634 Morningside.

124TH, 557 WEST (Broadway)—Sunny rooms, single, en suite; kitchen privileges; piano, elevator, telephone; $9, $20. Apt. 4S.

137TH, 606 WEST (Apt. 5B)—Comfortable room in American Christian family; gentleman.

138TH, 620 WEST—Room and private bath; private entrance; private house; $50.

141ST, 606 WEST—Attractive front room; elevator building. Apt. 1D. $8.

143TH, 544 WEST—Furnished room; improvements; suitable one-two gentlemen. Silbert.

138TH, 636 WEST (Riverside, Near Broadway Station)—Parlor and bedroom for couple or more persons; reasonable.

150TH ST., BROADWAY—Furnished room with private bath; women only. Phone Wadsworth 6128.

174TH, 590 WEST—Large room; no other roomers. Apt. 6S. Wadsworth 4050.

177TH (Overlooking Hudson)—Large, attractive warm private lavatory; exceptional home. Wadsworth 9512.

185TH ST., 601 WEST—Nicely furnished room for business person; $7. Apt. 3S.

BROADWAY, 2,647 (101st)—2 sunny rooms, well kept, desirable; seventh south.

ENTRANCEWAY to comfort; for refined bachelor or married couple desiring exclusive accommodations with private family; delightful home atmosphere; apartment facing Riverside Drive; one block from 157th St. subway; only highest personal references considered. C 119 Times.

HOTEL ABERDEEN—Rooms with private bath; telephone in rooms; modern hotel service; fireproof; $37.50 weekly. 234 St., bet. 8th Av. and Broadway. Fenna 1606.

MANHATTAN AV., 547—Parlor and bedroom; first flight; heated; private family. Donnelly.

RIVERSIDE, 151 (87th)—Beautiful room, dressing room; modern bath; kitchenette privilege.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Superb room for refined people; magnificent fireproof elevator apartment. Tel. Schuyler 344 from 10-4.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230 (95th)—Large room overlooking Hudson; private family. Apt. 52.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 145—Subway; two communicating front rooms, kitchen privileges; for three men; $22. Audubon 8252. White.

WELL furnished room, dressing room, bath; private house; gentleman. Schuyler 2084.

WEST END AV., 700 (9th St.)—Exceptionally attractive sunny two-room suite, five windows; piano, electricity; beautifully furnished; also large room, suitable two, and single room. Phone Riverside 9048. Britten.

BOARDERS WANTED

East Side.

98TH (corner Lexington Av., 163)—Room with meals, $18 weekly up; good home cooking, hotel service, elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

MADISON AV., 215 (near 34th)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

53D ST., 64 WEST—Single and double rooms, with board; references.

58TH, 44 WEST—Elegant large rooms, private bath; steam; table the best.

72D ST., 255 WEST—Large, double room; suitable for three persons.

73D ST., WEST—Charming, refined home; exceptional food and accommodations. Columbus 1631.

74TH, 149 WEST—Single, double, private bath, electricity; ideal location; purest foods.

79TH, 134-132 WEST—Wide, parked street; limited and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; steam heat.

79TH, 212 WEST—Large, double room, private bath; board.

80TH, 123 WEST—Small room, large room, bath, excellent table; also large ground floor room with tile bath, kitchenette privileges, at 162 West 78th.

90TH, 143 WEST—Large warm room, 2d floor; table board; homelike; references.

80TH, 143 WEST—Large, warm room; 2d floor; table board; homelike; references.

82D, 124 WEST (Graycourt) — Attractive, modern, steam heat; references; table guests.

82D, 174 WEST—The Little House, small rooms, delightful home, delicious cooking.

93D ST., 307 WEST—Large and small rooms; southern exposure; well-appointed house; table guests.

97TH, WEST—Large room, elevator, private family, 2 meals; $17.50. Riverside 9624.

102D ST., 247 WEST—Large front room, adjoining bathroom, in high-class Jewish house. Riverside 6343.

103D, 230 WEST—Front parlor apartment, singles; continuous hot water; home cooking; 2 doors broadway facing Marseilles Hotel.

120TH, 128 WEST—Double room, private bath; Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2123.

ROOMS WANTED

Furnished.

BY REFINED COUPLE, large room, one flight, in good location, near "L" or subway; must have running water and modern conveniences; references; state price and phone number. D 234 Times.

FATHER and adult son desire comfortable room, with twin beds; $40 month; private family only. Stern, Vanderbilt 4227.

GENTLEMAN, American Hebrew, desires room and breakfast, private family. D 230 Times.

YOUNG gentlemen desire clean room with refined private family, between 40th and 96th Sts. E 83 Times.

JAPANESE student desires sunny room in small, refined family; west side, uptown; $7 limit. E 91 Times.

REFINED young man desires reasonable room with private family. C 111 Times.

NURSE, room, kitchen privileges, telephone, subway; west side, 70s. D 240 Times.

THREE gentlemen want three bedrooms and parlor. Write 708, Hotel America.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, general office assistant, filing, experienced; conscientious; $15. E 80 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Beginner, Hebrew; I write a good hand, am quick and accurate and have been drilled in the most modern methods of accounting; satisfactory references concerning character and ability; will start at $18. Miss X., 36 West 123d St., phone Harlem 518.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER-OFFICE MANAGER, EXECUTIVE ABILITY, THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE ACCOUNTANCY; 14 YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN FIRMS; REFERENCES; AGE 28. K 305 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER—Certified public accountants wish to place competent young lady; thorough knowledge double entry books; unquestioned reliability; executive ability; salary $30. D 242 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, college graduate, financial statements, typewriting; $30. A 739 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accurate, conscientious, thoroughly experienced double entry, controlling accounts. C 101 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, experienced, controlling accounts, trial balance; executive ability. D 248 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. Y 746 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, typist, experienced; urgently needs position; $22. L 808 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Competent; 8 years' experience; capable of taking entire charge. A 937 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, 4 years, trial balance; conscientious. T. Adler, 1,474 Willis Av.

BOOKKEEPER, 7 years' thorough experience, competent; best references. A 954 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND TYPIST, knowledge of stenography; thoroughly experienced. Intervale 899 Party R.

BOOKKEEPER—Double entry, competent, 4 years' experience; A1 references. E 104 Times.

BURROUGH'S bookkeeping machine operator, hand bookkeeper, knowledge of stenography; 4 years' experience; best references. A 909 Times Downtown.

CASHIER — Experienced, ambitious; good references; wishes position. K 316 Times.

COMPANION—Widow wishes position as companion to middle-aged or elderly woman; good reader, intelligent shopper and accustomed to traveling; excellent references. Y 2423 Times Annex.

COMPANION, seamstress, to lady going South. D 238 Times.

COOK—Lady leaving town wishes position for experienced cook. 121 East 84th.

CORRESPONDENT, young lady, seeks position; speaks French, German, Polish, Ukrainian and English; experience. E 84 Times.

DRESSMAKER, reliable; $6 daily; city, suburbs; gowns, remodeling. Murphy, 333 East 57th.

DRESSMAKER — Expert; out by day, at home. Phone Audubon 7752. Ransom.

GOVERNESS, competent, speaking French, good musician; South preferred; references. E 89 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER—A capable Vermont woman to take charge of a house, good cook. Y 2423 Times Annex.

HOUSEKEEPER, or cook and housekeeper with help or position of trust; lady recommends. Monahan, 310 West 146th.

HOUSEKEEPER and good cook; middle aged. F. Anders, 528 West 187th.

HOUSEKEEPER manager, where help kept, or companion lady. Jewett, 142 West 129th.

HOUSEWORKER—Colored girl seeks position; no washing; sleep in; A1 references. 381 Central Park West, Apt. 5 south. Phone 9-5, Riverside 7250.

LAUNDRESS, Finnish, wishes day's work and cleaning. Haden, 139 West 123d, basement.

LAUNDRY at home; open-air drying. Mary Fawn, 324 West 37th St.

NURSE, surgical, ear, nose and throat, two years' general hospital training, five years' operating, wants position in office of specialist who has large practice; state salary. Y 2416 Times Annex.

SALESWOMAN.
Executive reluctantly parting with the services of an unusually young saleswoman would like to place her with an organization that offers a sound proposition, that is backed up by a decent salary plus a commission; her earnings in my employ have approximated about $75 weekly. Write Box L. M., 140, 405 Childs Building.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, nine years' commercial experience; knowledge bookkeeping, export, rapid typist, office details; $30. A 986 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, stenographer, competent, desires responsible position; highest credentials; nine years' experience. D 111 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, Christian, competent, 9 years' experience; best possible references; $30. W 70 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, energetic, reliable, painstaking, trustworthy, seven years' insurance, brokerage, real estate, executive experience; good detail worker; unquestionable references; $25. L 681 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER — Beginner, graduate of stenographic department and model office of Eastman School; one trial will demonstrate my ability and willingness to work; good references; will start at $18. Miss D., 36 West 123d St.; phone Harlem 518.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 2 years' experience, capable and efficient; neat appearance; salary $20. Miss Brownshield, 1,922 Wallace Av., Bronx. Phone Westchester 1227.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, beginner, competent, well bred, desires connection with responsible concern. Frannie Schwartz, 1225 Cortelyou Road, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, desires position small office; capable taking care office detail work; best references. A 747 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER desires position with theatrical or motion picture office. D 231 Times.

West Side.

1216T, 414 WEST—Large, warm rooms, board; near Columbia College. Apt. 2.

EVELYN LODGE—Charming all-year residence, lovely location; 25 min. to Wall St.; cosily furnished; excellent chef and service; small tables; parlors, smoking room, comforts; weekly, $18 up, with meals; 75 guests; 12 years own management; booklet. 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Block from ferry.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320 (Corner 106th St.)—Southern exposure every room; private bath and telephone; elevator; Hungarian chef; refined Hebrew social surroundings. Mrs. IDA MARKS.

RIVERSIDE, 222 (94th)—Beautiful room, private bath, single. Apt. 2d, 9881 River.

BOARD WANTED.

JEWISH young man desires board, refined family boarding house. A 977 Times Downtown.

REFINED young Japanese gentleman wants room, with or without board, near Columbia University; reasonable. C 114 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

VALHALLA MOUNTAIN HOUSE, Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.—45 minutes to Grand Central Station; open all year round, with every convenience; special rates for Winter commuters, also holidays and week-enders. Phone White Plains 1165.

GREENWICH INN LODGE (Sound Beach, Conn.)—Sunny steam heated rooms, with or without baths; excellent menu; 50 minutes from New York; golf, saddle horses, fishing; reasonable rates.

COUNTRY BOARD, WANTED.

SINGLE gentleman, engaged literary work, wishes accommodation quiet, refined country home, private family; Westchester County preferred; willing to pay right kind accommodation; garage space required. Y 2413 Times Annex.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, Christian; 7 years' experience, law and commercial. Tel. South 5614. Mi, 195 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER—Present employer wishes to secure position for capable young lady; can highly recommend; salary $25. Bryant 3452. K 314 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, one year's experience; switchboard operator; references; $16. L 678 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced, educated, ambitious. A 909 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, neat and capable; excellent references; $25. A 905 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, thorough knowledge of office routine; $23. T 732 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, Christian; 5 years' experience; references; $25. A 906 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, English, Spanish, French, German translator. A 734 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping, fascinating executive duties; $25. A 740 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, efficient, high school graduate; $23. E 8., 213 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, accurate, rapid dictation, knowledge bookkeeping; highly recommended. B 1030 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced; Christian; legal work preferred; $35. A 895 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Conscientious; possesses tact, initiative; thoroughly competent; start $25. E 90 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, office assistant, accurate, ambitious, competent, experienced; $20. D 260 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; willing, accurate; references; $18. A 714 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, office assistant; references; $20. L 686 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' experience; $25; rapid and accurate. L 656 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, seven years, thoroughly competent, educated; initiative; $27. B 104 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, position where character and personality count. K 308 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER — Competent; two years' reference. A 976 Times Down

Country Board..... 60c
Mortgage Loans..... 60c
For Sale..... 60c
Automobile Exchange..... 60c
Agents Wanted..... 60c
Special Notices..... 60c
Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c)..... 15c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers..... 15c
After insertion in the Sunday edition, city-wide, Hamilton, Hamilton Heights and reserve must be recorded in The Times Building by noon Thursday. Real Estate and Country Board experiments by 6 P. M. Friday. Business opportunities by 11 A. M. Saturday. All other classified advertisements not later than 12 o'clock noon Saturday.
Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition must be received by 6 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

HELP WANTED—Female.

MODEL, SIZE 16.
ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES.
LEO FINKENBERG, INC.,
21 EAST 21ST ST., 10TH FLOOR.

MODEL wanted, size 16, attractive, experienced, for dresses, with knowledge of typewriting; permanent position. 8 Korach Co., 206 5th Av.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR—Permanent position with large firm; excellent opportunity and pleasant environment. Call at once, Room 435 Singer Building.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
A LEADING LADIES' UNDERGARMENT CONCERN SEEKS THE SERVICES OF AN EXPERT MANUFACTURER AND MERCHANDISER OF COTTON UNDERSKIRTS AND PETTICOATS.
WRITE, STATING FULL PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE AND AGE; ONLY THOSE WITH DESIGNING, MERCHANDISING, MANUFACTURING AND MARKETING EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY.
K. R., 135 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

NURSE — Experienced graduate surgical nurse. Call in person only if prepared for immediate duty. 231 East 57th St.

NURSE, take entire care 6-months-old boy; Flushing; call Wednesday morning, 63 East 64th St., City.

NURSES for general and charge duty. Apply by letter, giving phone number. T. H., 225 7th Av.

OFFICE ASSISTANT — Young woman as clerk in downtown Christian law office; general office routine, run petty cash, accounts and files; answer in own handwriting, stating age, experience, references; $16 to start. A 981 Times Downtown.

OPERATOR, multicolorgraph. Apply Room 17, 16 Broad St., 5th floor.

SALES LADY, HIGH-CLASS,
for our new millinery department; to those whose experience warrants catering to high-class patronage, exceptional opportunity for advancement and excellent salaries offered; we also have an opening for an experienced woman to take complete charge.
MARTIN'S,
Fulton, corner Bridge St.,
Brooklyn.

SALES LADIES.
We require the services of thoroughly experienced saleslades in all our departments; steady positions; excellent salary.
MARTIN'S,
Fulton and Bridge Sts., Brooklyn.

SALESWOMEN
FURS
FUR COATS
RETAIL
WANTED EXPERIENCED, WELL-APPEARING SALESWOMEN FOR HIGH-GRADE FURS.
W. H. HALL,
16 WEST 32TH ST.

SALESWOMEN—SECURITY.
We have an unusual opportunity for several experienced security saleswomen; we are selling 5% preferred stock, carrying an attractive common stock bonus, in a sound industrial—a national necessity; now is the time to cash in on the re-investment period; our proposition is strong, attractive, basically sound, and will bear the most rigid investigation; liberal commission basis. S 753 Times Downtown.

SALESWOMEN—Five bright women to sell electric bulbs; good paying commission. 220 West 42d St., Room 301.

SAMPLE GIRLS, must have experience in handling laces; reference required. Box 23, 1,626 St. James Bldg.

SEAMSTRESS, experienced hospital work; live home. Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th.

SOCIAL WORKER for afternoon playground service with children. Apply 319 East 17th.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED.
BROKERAGE AND BOND HOUSE SEEK SERVICES OF ONE WITH AT LEAST 10 YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN THE BROKERAGE AND BOND BUSINESS; SHE MUST BE THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR WITH LETTER WRITING AND BE IN A POSITION TO ANSWER CURRENT MAIL AND DICTATE TO OTHERS; LETTERS MUST BRING RESULTS; ALSO BE IN A POSITION TO COMPILE REPORTS AND STATISTICS; PREFERABLY ONE WHO HAS ACTED IN THE CAPACITY OF CORRESPONDENT; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY. WRITE IN DETAIL YOUR PAST EXPERIENCE AND THE NAMES OF FIRMS YOU WERE CONNECTED WITH; STATE SALARY EXPECTED. ADDRESS BOZ V 822 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY—Young woman of splendid personality and initiative, able to receive and handle people intelligently and tactfully; also must be capable stenographer; salary $25. See Miss Hessler, Suite 801, 1 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly acquainted with Monitor switchboard. Write, stating experience and salary wanted. A 739 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Girl 18 to 25, bright, pleasant; Christian firm; need not be experienced. Telephone personally. Cortlandt 2—.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced dictation, filing; state age, nationality, experience, salary desired, reference, telephone number. D 845 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in broker's office; experienced; making good appearance; good advancement. Simpson Rubber Products Corp., 79 Water St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER by large foreign bank downtown; a lady with previous banking experience preferred but not essential. V 880 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in large law office; about 4 years' experience; please give details as to experience and salary. A 736 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; good salary. Apply Mr. Riley, Hotel Association, 334 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER—American girl with some knowledge of accounts or bookkeeping; $35. N 908 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, law; some experience; good opportunity. Suite 612, 220 West 42d.

SUPERVISOR, dining room; one who has had experience in short order lunch or cafeteria, to manage dining room where employe meals are served to many people daily; salary $100 per month, with full maintenance. Address H. O., Box 28, Roosbank, N. J.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, Hunter switchboard; must have knowledge typewriting and clerical work; state experience, salary. A 868 Times Downtown.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR wanted for law office. Call Room 880, 2 Rector St.

TYPIST, expert, immediately, collection office, Christian company; must be neat, quick, accurate; none others need apply; state experience, lowest salary. A 942 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS, several, for church organization; neat and accurate work required. Apply 225 Lexington Av., 2d floor.

YOUNG LADY, 16 to 25, to sell ribbons in city to cutting-up trade; previous experience in this line not necessary. Apply after 9 o'clock Dec. 29 to 31; salary. Room 51, 90 East 42d St.

YOUNG LADY, secretary and bookkeeper, to attend to correspondence; if possible speak Russian; must have experience; references. Write full particulars, Miss Kantar, care Otto Wagner, 140 West 28th St.

YOUNG LADY, refined, Russian, to learn Russian family to speak English, help housekeeping and kitchen; references required. Write full particulars, Miss Kantar, care Otto Wagner, 140 West 28th St.

Instruction.

DON'T BE A "JOB-HUNTER."
With our school back of you positions are always available. Over 5,000 graduates holding positions in which we have placed them after a brief course of instruction. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses. Call for particulars or send for catalog.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
1,170 Broadway, at 28th St.
Phone Madison Square 6097.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN—Big demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

MOON'S SECRETARIAL SCHOOLS
for 50 odd 50 day courses. Stenography, 50 days; secretarial, 50 days; standing contracts with largest firms for our graduates; free trial lessons. 50 East 42d St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

COME ANY MINUTE AFTER BUSINESS for secretarial, bookkeeping, English, accounting. Phone Beekman 3782. Night-Day Booklet. Drake Business School, Tribune Bldg., N. Y., or Bedford Av., at Fulton St., Brooklyn.

$28-$75 WEEK through Prof. Rohrer's Hairdress, Manicure, Face, Electric, Scalp and Beauty School. 119 West 42d St. Pamphlet.

Employment Agencies.

PERSONNEL EXCHANGE,
26 John St.
STENO—Rapid; help in sales. Dept.; $25.
STENO-BKPR—Full set; salary open.
STENO-CLERK—Able to do billing; $22.
COMPTOMETER OPR — Accurate and rapid; $20.
GENERAL CLERK—High school graduate who likes figures; $18. AND MANY OTHER OPENINGS NO REGISTRATION CHARGE.

HAMILTON
EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
6 CHURCH ST.
One block west of Broadway.
One block below Cortlandt St.
STENO—Downtown opening; $30.
STENO—Several for Jewish Mgr.; $25.
STENO—Sales office experience; $20.
STENO—Downtown bank; $23.
STENOS—Several; uptown; $20-$25.
TYPISTS—(2), refined, well educated; $20.
TYPIST—Export experience; $85 mo.
TYPISTS—Bill clerk; $15.
CLERK—Coal, selling worker; $18.
CLERK—Some knowledge typewriter; $60-$65.
FILE CLERK—Telephone operator; $18.
NO REGISTRATION CHARGE.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
1 BEEKMAN ST., 24 PARK ROW.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENOGRAPHER—Law; $30.
STENO—MFG.; $25.
STENO—Position Richmond Hill; $25.
STENO—Numerous; $23-$20.
TYPIST—Invoice Clerk; $20.
NUMEROUS, $15.
OFFICE ASSISTANTS—$15-$18.
GIRL TO WORK ON Boston Ledger; $30; downtown.
BOOKKEEPER-STENO—$35; downtown.
FILE CLERK—$65 monthly.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE, INC.
U. S. REALTY BLDG.,
115 BROADWAY.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.

BLANCHE REID EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 154 Nassau. Beekman 3851. Stenographer, brokerage, Broad, $23; Guaranty Co., $25; engineering, $20, some experience; stenotypists, banking, $23; assistant bookkeeper, insurance, vicinity Hoboken, $22; 10 typists, 8 clerks (some beginners), typists, stencil cutting. Underwood bookkeeping machine, stenographers, typists, clerks, living near Newark.

J. H. EARLY,
220 West 42d Street.
STENOGRAPHERS—For stock broker's office; one for educational organization, $25
STENOGRAPHER and general office.....$20
TYPIST and RECEPTIONIST.....$20
CLERKS (High School Education).....$75
Christian firms, uptown, requiring the highest type of refinement.

WEAVER EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
574 5TH AV. (47TH.)
SECRETARY (Steno) publishing, $25; general manager import firm, $30; educational; college preferred; $40.
CLERKS (2) high school graduate, $75 a month.
TYPISTS (6), $80 to $35.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.

Est. 1897.
GAHAGAN AGENCY, 256 BROADWAY.
Stenographer-secretary, $30; stenographer, legal, $25-$30; expert, $20-$25; other lines, $20-$25; typist, knowledge bookkeeping, $22; typists, $15-$20, some bookkeeping; operator, $18; $30; various other positions; good salaries.
No Advance Fee.

JUPP AGENCY, 82 Nassau St.
Stenographers, law, $30, $25, $18. Commercial and Reid St., $16; Broad, $22, Front, $22; Nassau, $20; 42d, $18; Broadway, law, $25. Typist, Clerk.

NASSAU AGENCY, 116 Nassau—Bookkeeper-stenographer, open; typists, $20; bookkeepers, $20; file clerks, $18; clerks, $16; beginners, $15.

BUREAU BUSINESS REQUIREMENTS,
299 Broadway, Room 1019.
Stenographers, $20-$18; secretary, $30; bond-invest. bookkeeper, $25; typists, $20.

STENOGRAPHERS, $25; typists, clerks, addressograph; Christian firms; beginners, experienced. Horrigan Agency, 145 Nassau.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, beginners. Geraghty's Employment Agency, 25 West 42d. Vanderbilt 1567.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY,
253 B'way. Stenographers, Typists, Clerks.
ALERT AGENCY, 489 5th Av., Bkpr., Rkpr., Typ., Asst. Bkpr.: $30-$20.
FULTON AGENCY, 93 Nassau St., stenographers; $30-$20; Christian firms.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT—REPRESENTATIVE.
A large and rapidly growing firm of C. P. A.'s, with offices in big cities, has an opening in their New York office for an unusual type of representative; the opportunity for the future is limited only by the capacity of the man; he must understand the principles and purposes of accounting and be able to talk accounting and auditing to the man convincingly to prospective clients; he must have a strong personality, good appearance and pleasing manner; must have a general business experience and be able to meet business men on a basis of equality in a professional as well as a sales capacity; liberal commission and drawing account, with expenses. Edward P. Burt & Co., 435 Singer Building.

ACCOUNTANTS, seniors, wanted by large firm of certified public accountants doing important work; those preferred who have had a large and varied experience with other certified public accountants or with large corporations where they have had to do with the auditing and general accounts of the concern; good salary and permanency for the proper ones; give full particulars as to experience, salary desired, references, &c. A 751 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS—Several seniors wanted for permanent positions on staff of long established firm of certified public accountants; replying, give experience, reference and salary desired; only those having five years or more experience need apply. L 894 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, juniors, semi-senior and senior for New York office of C. P. A. firm; give full particulars, including salary expectations and telephone number. A 978 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING—Young man, who not only knows how to plan campaigns, write intelligent and convincing copy, but secure business for an organization specializing in the wearing apparel lines; this service is only devoted to direct-by-mail sales for manufacturers from retailer; good salary to begin, with big possibilities. T 396 Times.

ASSAYER and chemist capable of handling gold, silver, iridium, platinum, bullion and sweep assays; permanent position; state age, salary, experience, married or single, references; out of town. A 980 Times Downtown.

BINDERY SUPERINTENDENT in private blank book bindery; must be capable of assuming authority and of getting results; previous experience in like position necessary; a permanent position is open to the right man. Address, giving age, nationality, previous experience and salary desired, A 972 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Old-established marine insurance concern offers good opportunity in its accounting department for right party; state age, qualifications, &c. S 749 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, wanted by Stock Exchange firm; must be good penman; state age, experience and expectations. Address M. L., P. O. Box 628, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; factory; out of town; steady position with future. Box 764, 209 Cable Building.

BOYS, 15-16 years of age, wanted; large downtown office; only those willing to pay strict attention to business need apply. Answer, stating religion and salary. A 686 Times Downtown.

BOY, 15 to 17 years of age, wanted by large advertising agency; excellent opportunity for bright, ambitious boy to learn the advertising business. Apply Room 712, 381 4th Av.

BOY, bright high school graduate; one interested in starting at the bottom of the ladder and climbing to success. E 99 Times.

BOY, 17 years of age, to wholesale dry goods commission; reference required. A 786 Times Downtown.

BOY, errand, for office wholesale jewelry house; good chance for advancement; state age and salary. A 746 Times Downtown.

BOY for office; must be refined and have good education; state age, references and salary. K 813 Times.

BUSINESS MANAGER wanted by leading trade journal, able to write convincing promotion letters, to go to Europe on business; have advertising publishing experience; salary and full particulars. E 114 Times.

BUYER — Prominent wholesale dry goods jobbers desire a buyer experienced in buying and selling hosiery and underwear; good opportunity for thoroughly experienced man; give details, how many years' experience, where employed, salary expected, &c.; all correspondence held strictly confidential. "RELIABLE," 663 Times Downtown.

BUYER, assistant, wanted for large general merchandise concern located in Chicago, for boy and man; only need apply if you believe you have had experience in this line and are capable to take entire charge; knowledge of mail order business essential. Answer by mail only, giving full details as to experience, age, references and salary desired. Sol Cohen, 220 Broadway.

CANVASSERS who have enough confidence in their selling ability to sell an article which is in universal demand on a straight commission basis. Super Saftee Ink Corp., 219 West 27th St., New York.

CLERKS TO HANDLE CLAIMS; MUST BE THOROUGHLY FAMILIAR ABOVE FREIGHT AND EXPRESS CLASSIFICATIONS AND RATES; REPLY, STATING AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES AND SALARY DESIRED. BOX 9, 209 CABLE BUILDING.

CLERK for a large publishing concern; state age, experience and salary expected. S 1039 Times Annex.

CLERK — Young man; must understand bookkeeping; give references and salary. W 78 Times.

DESK MAN—Competent man for news, exchanges, makeup; trade publication; steady day position; write fully, experience, references, also salary. A 742 Times Downtown.

EDITOR for trade weekly; capable executive and business writer; full particulars necessary; state salary. A 975 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER as coal specialist; college man preferred; state salary and experience. S. B., 135 Times.

FURNITURE MAN, thoroughly experienced, wanted to take full charge and buy for furniture department in department store located in a Pennsylvania city; one who was employed previously in such capacity and knowing when, where and what to buy. Apply in writing, stating previous experience, reference, &c., Y 2429 Times Annex.

JANITOR for close-by out-of-town apartment house; single man preferred, but no objection to man and wife without children; must be handy with tools and have experience with heater furnaces; excellent cutting quarters free. Reply, stating terms, age and references. E 100 Times.

JANITOR understanding steam heat and hot water; $100 monthly. 3 rooms. Apply 10 A. M., 157 West 123d St.

MANAGER.
Window trimmer for ladies' retail cloak and suit store; out of town; only those thoroughly experienced will be considered; good opportunity for the right party. Adler's, 1,170 Broadway, Room 310.

MANAGER and accountant, real estate, take charge large office; state salary and experience; write only. A., 2,481 Broadway.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.
A LEADING LADIES' UNDERGARMENT CONCERN SEEKS THE SERVICES OF AN EXPERT MANUFACTURER AND MERCHANDISER OF COTTON UNDERSKIRTS AND PETTICOATS.
WRITE STATING FULL PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE AND AGE; ONLY THOSE WITH DESIGNING, MERCHANDISING, MANUFACTURING AND MARKETING EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY.
K. R., 135 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

OFFICE MANAGER
TO FUNCTION AS ACCOUNTANT; GOOD BUSINESS CORRESPONDENT; SYSTEMATIZER, ECONOMIZER AND PREPARER; PREFERABLY WITH EXPERIENCE IN THE COAL BUSINESS; ABOVE ALL, MUST HAVE UP-TO-DATE METHODS, BANKING KNOWLEDGE, AND ONE WHO ACTUALLY MANAGES OFFICE HELP, EXECUTES AND GETS THINGS DONE; A 57TH AV. GENTILE COAL CORPORATION DESIRES TO ANNEX AN ABLE PERSONALITY, BETWEEN 30 AND 40 YEARS PREFERABLY; WILL BE BONDED. REPLY COMPREHENSIVELY, STATING SALARY EXPECTED, AND ATTACH THIS ADVERTISEMENT.
MANAGER, T 981 TIMES.

OFFICE BOY—Splendid opportunity for advancement open to neat, intelligent boy in executive's office of daily newspaper; state age and salary desired. S 1038 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY, makes himself generally useful; one who understands filing preferred; state age, references and salary. V 825 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, over 16, in busy law office; experience preferred, but not essential. Apply Room 1110, 120 Broadway.

PACKER, must have experience in packing cotton goods and also able to handle cases. W 76 Times.

PORTER and shipping clerk, young man, wholesale tobacco, experience preferred, accuracy important; references. 144 Water St.

PURCHASING AGENT'S ASSISTANT—Young man, energetic and reliable, must be stenographer and have preferably purchasing department experience. Reply, stating age, education, experience and salary expected, Y 2414 Times Annex.

REPRESENTATIVE desired by waist manufacturer; capable closing special arrangements contemplated with department stores, mail-order houses, etc.; man of unusual persuasive ability, impressive personality; salary and commission. W 71 Times.

SALESMEN,
Retail, to travel on the road selling men's fine shoes to college trade; must be experienced; single men preferred; salary. W 81 Times.

SALESMAN—A man for a big job representing a popular line of ladies' and juniors' coats for the jobbing and large retail trade; one who has shown big results in the line should apply; commission basis; all communications kept in strict confidence. Schlansky, Kupfer Co., 663 Broadway.

SALESMEN—Leading firm of cost accountants and industrial engineers wishes to secure the services of high-class salesmen or negotiators; salary and commission; applications considered only from men of experience and successful record. Address Engineer, 735 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—Increase your income; other lines may be dull, but not ours; liberal commissions and renewals; we will instruct you; no salaries or advances; good profits, increasing yearly. The Johnston & Collins Co., 95 Liberty St. Ask for Mr. Johnston or Mr. Kurzwell.

SALESMAN,
High-class on-service man, preferably officer, to do advance work on the source records of the World's War; our high-class capable men make around $200 weekly, combining salary and commission. Call 12 to 12:30, Room 1904, 50 Church St.

M. WILBUR DYER CO.,
71 WEST 23D ST.

SALESMEN — Wanted, experienced cloak and suit salesmen for department store located about 400 miles west of New York; must be experienced, as well as ambitious, possessing the necessary qualifications to become heads of departments. Apply in writing, stating full particulars, such as previous place of employment, in what capacity, &c., Y 2430 Times Annex.

SALESMEN,
IF YOU
have learned how to work and have energy and ambition not only to make a splendid income, but to establish yourself, you are the man we are looking for. Preference given to men with insurance or book selling experience, between the ages of 25 and 45. We are old-established security dealers and handle only the highest grade securities upon which a permanent clientele can be built. We educate you to make good. Good commission. Several local territories around New York open. Call 10 to 4, Suite 1502, 170 Broadway. Ask for Sales Manager.

SALESMAN wanted by large, popular priced dress house in Illinois and Wisconsin; resident of Chicago; best opportunity for right party; only first-class references considered; commission basis. Greenberg Wiener Co., 21 West 27th St.

SALESMAN, STATIONERY, catering to large consumers, to carry complete lines of filing cards, boxes and devices, &c.; commission basis. Tel. for appointment, Worth 1769. Hygrade Stat Co., 82 Duane St., New York City.

SALESMAN—A1 man wanted to carry line of hand-blocked and tailored ties; one well acquainted with jobbers and department stores; commission and drawing; interest in the firm; answer strictly confidential. Box 760, 200 Cable Building.

SALESMAN, one who is experienced in handling pure silk and wool sweaters of the highest quality, to sell New York trade and to see out-of-town buyers; all replies strictly confidential; salary and commission. S. M., 155 Times.

SALESMAN wanted who is calling on department stores to carry manufacturing jeweler's line of novelties and jewelry on a commission basis as a side line. Write J. G. Killkenny Co., 95 Fountain St., Providence, R. I.

SALESMAN—A direct factory representative wanted for Staten Island, to handle a nationally advertised line of appliances; one with hair preferred; exceptional opportunity, with compensation on commission basis. Apply 247 Jackson Av., Jersey City.

SALESMAN on beaded bags; those experienced in this line or silk and leather ladies' handbags need apply; can choose own territory; drawing account against commission. Phone for appointment, Kaplan-Schwarts, 141 5th Av.

SALESMAN, thoroughly acquainted with building material business, to handle a well-advertised building specialty in New York and vicinity on commission; must have established office and connections with architects and contractors. B 502 Times.

SALESMAN, capable, New York and vicinity; large manufacturing firm of long standing, starting sale Jan. 1 new and patented mailing tube; opportunity for advancement; state qualifications, experience, salary desired. W 82 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced in the general merchandise line, for Pennsylvania and New England States; good opportunity for the right man; salary or commission. Y 2419 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, wholesale stationery, to cover local retail trade; excellent opportunity; experience preferred; salary and commission. Chatham Stationery Co., Inc., 59 Walker St.

SALESMEN, side line; attractive novelty jewelry on display cards; big commission; easy sellers; all territories. Burt Lee, Inc., 330 West 42d St.

SALESMEN to sell vacuum cleaners on installments; salary and commission; live wires only. Call 9-12 all week. State Electric Supply Co., 308 West 13th St.

SALESMEN wanted to carry small line of high-grade boys' pants on commission; all territories open. Endel Pfeifer Co., 3 East 14th St.

SALESMAN to sell bathing suits, jerseys and knit athletic goods for New York City and vicinity; commission and salary. E 107 Times.

SALES MANAGER, general merchandise; opportunity for one who appreciates profit sharing; no weekly wage man. A 962 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, new office device that pays $50 commission on each sale; protected metropolitan territory; leads furnished. Hutter, 253 Broadway. Telephone Barclay 3144.

SALESMAN wanted for city; one familiar with printing and stationery line; state experience and salary to start. S 751 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to solicit accounts for freight bill auditing service; willingness to work and ambition essential; $5,000 commission basis only. Room 801, 874 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted; well-known dress house for city offices and retailers; good opportunity for right party; commission. Write K., 1,116 Wilson Building.

SALESMEN—Experienced retail clothing salesmen of good appearance; salary and commission. Write, state full particulars. W 80 Times.

SALESMAN to sell human hair, hair nets, hair dressing accessories, who has an established trade; salary and commission. W 73 Times.

SALESMAN wanted on commission, carrying side line to hardware trade through New York State. Apply Cedar St.

SALESMAN for New York and Brooklyn, acquainted with chandelier trade, on salary or commission. A 961 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, with car, to sell new auto accessory; excellent opportunity; commission. See Jaeger Co., 1,697 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN wanted to sell iron and steel; no salary; commission basis only. W 66 Times.

SALESMEN sell Print-o-Graph machines; experience not necessary; can make $15 day commissions. 284 Pearl St., Room 507.

SALESMEN, experienced dolls and toys; commission basis. Address by mail only J. Bouton & Co., 906 Broadway.

SECRETARY—Well-educated stenographer or dictaphonist; $25; state age, religion, education, experience. W 70 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.
A 57TH AV. GENTILE CORPORATION DESIRES AN AMBITIOUS, RAPID AND THOROUGHLY EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHER; ONE ACCUSTOMED TO TURNING OUT A VOLUME OF EVEN-TOUCH BUSINESS LETTERS, INDEPENDENT OF RESULTS OF OTHERS' SLANT; $25 AT START; SUBSEQUENT ADVANCEMENT AS RAPIDLY AS DESERVED AND ENTIRELY DEPENDENT UPON PROVEN INDIVIDUAL MERIT; NO BEGINNERS; A STENOGRAPHER, NO SECRETARIES, WANTED; PLEASE REPLY FULLY, STATING WHEN SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE AND ATTACH THIS ADVERTISEMENT.
STENOGRAPHER,
T 983 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; Christian firm. 511 East 181h.

STERLING SILVER SALESMAN.
Representative on salary for a high-grade sterling silver hollow ware line to the jewelry trade in all the large cities as far west as Denver. Must be a competent and capable man to meet and converse with the best jewelry trade in the country—a man of experience, with ability to suggest new ideas in design of goods, &c. Y 2399 Times Annex.

STOCK CLERK with full knowledge of Edison Mazda lamps; good opportunity for capable person. Call L. L. Strauss, 340 7th Av.

STORE MANAGER.
MEN'S FURNISHING CONCERN, WITH RETAIL STORES IN THIS CITY, HAVE A SPLENDID OPENING FOR A MAN OF PERSONALITY AND GOOD RECORD; A MAN WHO IS DESIROUS OF CONNECTING PERMANENTLY WITH A HOUSE THAT WILL RECOGNIZE ABILITY; SALARY AND BONUS; WRITE, STATING AGE, QUALIFICATIONS AND PRESENT SALARY; REPLIES WILL BE TREATED AS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. V 826 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN — Wanted, experienced cloak and suit salesmen for department store located about 400 miles west of New York; must be experienced, as well as ambitious, possessing the necessary qualifications to become heads of departments. Apply in writing, stating full particulars, such as previous place of employment, in what capacity, &c., Y 2430 Times Annex.

SALESMEN,
IF YOU
have learned how to work and have energy and ambition not only to make a splendid income, but to establish yourself, you are the man we are looking for. Preference given to men with insurance or book selling experience, between the ages of 25 and 45. We are old-established security dealers and handle only the highest grade securities upon which a permanent clientele can be built. We educate you to make good. Good commission. Several local territories around New York open. Call 10 to 4, Suite 1502, 170 Broadway. Ask for Sales Manager.

SALESMAN wanted by large, popular priced dress house in Illinois and Wisconsin; resident of Chicago; best opportunity for right party; only first-class references considered; commission basis. Greenberg Wiener Co., 21 West 27th St.

SALESMAN, STATIONERY, catering to large consumers, to carry complete lines of filing cards, boxes and devices, &c.; commission basis. Tel. for appointment, Worth 1769. Hygrade Stat Co., 82 Duane St., New York City.

SALESMAN—A1 man wanted to carry line of hand-blocked and tailored ties; one well acquainted with jobbers and department stores; commission and drawing; interest in the firm; answer strictly confidential. Box 760, 200 Cable Building.

SALESMAN, one who is experienced in handling pure silk and wool sweaters of the highest quality, to sell New York trade and to see out-of-town buyers; all replies strictly confidential; salary and commission. S. M., 155 Times.

SALESMAN wanted who is calling on department stores to carry manufacturing jeweler's line of novelties and jewelry on a commission basis as a side line. Write J. G. Killkenny Co., 95 Fountain St., Providence, R. I.

SALESMAN—A direct factory representative wanted for Staten Island, to handle a nationally advertised line of appliances; one with hair preferred; exceptional opportunity, with compensation on commission basis. Apply 247 Jackson Av., Jersey City.

SALESMAN on beaded bags; those experienced in this line or silk and leather ladies' handbags need apply; can choose own territory; drawing account against commission. Phone for appointment, Kaplan-Schwarts, 141 5th Av.

SALESMAN, thoroughly acquainted with building material business, to handle a well-advertised building specialty in New York and vicinity on commission; must have established office and connections with architects and contractors. B 502 Times.

SALESMAN, capable, New York and vicinity; large manufacturing firm of long standing, starting sale Jan. 1 new and patented mailing tube; opportunity for advancement; state qualifications, experience, salary desired. W 82 Times.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced in the general merchandise line, for Pennsylvania and New England States; good opportunity for the right man; salary or commission. Y 2419 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, wholesale stationery, to cover local retail trade; excellent opportunity; experience preferred; salary and commission. Chatham Stationery Co., Inc., 59 Walker St.

SALESMEN, side line; attractive novelty jewelry on display cards; big commission; easy sellers; all territories. Burt Lee, Inc., 330 West 42d St.

SALESMEN to sell vacuum cleaners on installments; salary and commission; live wires only. Call 9-12 all week. State Electric Supply Co., 308 West 13th St.

SALESMEN wanted to carry small line of high-grade boys' pants on commission; all territories open. Endel Pfeifer Co., 3 East 14th St.

SALESMAN to sell bathing suits, jerseys and knit athletic goods for New York City and vicinity; commission and salary. E 107 Times.

SALES MANAGER, general merchandise; opportunity for one who appreciates profit sharing; no weekly wage man. A 962 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, new office device that pays $50 commission on each sale; protected metropolitan territory; leads furnished. Hutter, 253 Broadway. Telephone Barclay 3144.

SALESMAN wanted for city; one familiar with printing and stationery line; state experience and salary to start. S 751 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to solicit accounts for freight bill auditing service; willingness to work and ambition essential; $5,000 commission basis only. Room 801, 874 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted; well-known dress house for city offices and retailers; good opportunity for right party; commission. Write K., 1,116 Wilson Building.

SALESMEN—Experienced retail clothing salesmen of good appearance; salary and commission. Write, state full particulars. W 80 Times.

SALESMAN to sell human hair, hair nets, hair dressing accessories, who has an established trade; salary and commission. W 73 Times.

SALESMAN wanted on commission, carrying side line to hardware trade through New York State. Apply Cedar St.

SALESMAN for New York and Brooklyn, acquainted with chandelier trade, on salary or commission. A 961 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, with car, to sell new auto accessory; excellent opportunity; commission. See Jaeger Co., 1,697 Broadway, Brooklyn.

SALESMAN wanted to sell iron and steel; no salary; commission basis only. W 66 Times.

SALESMEN sell Print-o-Graph machines; experience not necessary; can make $15 day commissions. 284 Pearl St., Room 507.

SALESMEN, experienced dolls and toys; commission basis. Address by mail only J. Bouton & Co., 906 Broadway.

SECRETARY—Well-educated stenographer or dictaphonist; $25; state age, religion, education, experience. W 70 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.
A 57TH AV. GENTILE CORPORATION DESIRES AN AMBITIOUS, RAPID AND THOROUGHLY EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHER; ONE ACCUSTOMED TO TURNING OUT A VOLUME OF EVEN-TOUCH BUSINESS LETTERS, INDEPENDENT OF RESULTS OF OTHERS' SLANT; $25 AT START; SUBSEQUENT ADVANCEMENT AS RAPIDLY AS DESERVED AND ENTIRELY DEPENDENT UPON PROVEN INDIVIDUAL MERIT; NO BEGINNERS; A STENOGRAPHER, NO SECRETARIES, WANTED; PLEASE REPLY FULLY, STATING WHEN SERVICES ARE AVAILABLE AND ATTACH THIS ADVERTISEMENT.
STENOGRAPHER,
T 983 TIMES.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; Christian firm. 511 East 181h.

STERLING SILVER SALESMAN.
Representative on salary for a high-grade sterling silver hollow ware line to the jewelry trade in all the large cities as far west as Denver. Must be a competent and capable man to meet and converse with the best jewelry trade in the country—a man of experience, with ability to suggest new ideas in design of goods, &c. Y 2399 Times Annex.

STOCK CLERK with full knowledge of Edison Mazda lamps; good opportunity for capable person. Call L. L. Strauss, 340 7th Av.

STORE MANAGER.
MEN'S FURNISHING CONCERN, WITH RETAIL STORES IN THIS CITY, HAVE A SPLENDID OPENING FOR A MAN OF PERSONALITY AND GOOD RECORD; A MAN WHO IS DESIROUS OF CONNECTING PERMANENTLY WITH A HOUSE THAT WILL RECOGNIZE ABILITY; SALARY AND BONUS; WRITE, STATING AGE, QUALIFICATIONS AND PRESENT SALARY; REPLIES WILL BE TREATED AS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. V 826 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

U. S. Realty Bldg.
115 BROADWAY.
We list herewith a few of our many openings:
SALES MANAGER—Familiar with marketing food products; $4,000.
SALESMAN—With wide acquaintance among architects and builders; $60 and commission that should earn $5,000-$10,000.
BUYER—Must have record experience in purchasing large grey-iron foundry; $4,000-$5,000.
INVESTIGATOR—Age 22-30; must have city contract or underwriting experience; $1,800 start.
JR. ACCT.—To about 2 years' experience; $25 start; good opportunity.
WALL STREET BOOKKEEPER—Stock Exchange house, at least 5 years' experience; $25 and up, according to experience.
STATISTICAL CLERK — Previous experience; must be able to assume full charge of a department; $20 start; good future.
INCOME TAX ACCT.—Must thoroughly understand income tax; $35 start; very good future.
(2) Credit & Collection Correspondents; $35.
(3) Bank Ledger Clerks, $1,400.
(2) Law Clerks, $20.
CALL BEFORE TWO O'CLOCK.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
1 BEEKMAN ST., 24 PARK ROW.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENOGRAPHER, Bookkeeper, Steamship, $30.
STENO, freight rate tariff experience; $30.
STENO., Edgewater, N. J.; $30.
STENO., dry, metal; $30.
STENO, brokerage-railroad; $30.
STENO., mfg.; $20.
ASST. EDITOR, trade journal; $50.
BOOKKEEPER, position broking; $25.
LEDGER CLERKS, brokerage, $20.

BROKERAGE CLERKS (4), must be familiar with Stock Exchange; 2 previous; bank tellers and bookkeepers; also men experienced in loan and security department of bank; auditors (4), general experience; coupon clerks (domestic). Broadway Agency, 9 Church St.

WEAVER EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
574 5TH AV. (47TH).
ASSISTANT to chief accountant, knowledge of accounting and stenography; Christian firm; unusual opportunity; $30; also office boy, over 18, $14. No registration fee.

MARGIN CLERK, $50; stenographer, $25; excellent opportunity; bank tellers, income tax expert; Lithuanian clerk. Horrigan Agency, 145 Nassau St.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY,
253 Broadway; auditors, stenographers, loan clerks, real estate clerks, bank clerks.

NASSAU AGENCY, 115 Nassau—Bank bookkeepers, tellers, clerks, boys, $900 to $2,900.

AGENTS WANTED.

GLOVES.
Important Belgian Gloves Factory
WANTS
responsible agent with large following as their representative in

City.

Applications for chemist (foods and drugs) will be received until 4 P. M. on Jan. 12. Candidates must be at least 21 years of age. The subjects and weights of the examination will be: Experience, 5; technical, 6; citizenship, 1. A qualifying physical test will be given. There is one vacancy in the Health Department at $1,500 a year.

United States.

The commission announces an examination for specialist in tropical agronomy, plant pathologist, agronomist, and forest examiner, up to 70 years of age, in the Foreign Relations Service, Department of Agriculture, for duty in Hawaii, at entrance salaries ranging from $1,980 to $2,500 a year. Appointees may be allowed the increases granted by Congress of $20 a month. Competitors will not be required to report at Washington at any place, but will be rated on education, training and experience, on their statements in their applications; 25 to those who have graduated from a college or university of recognized standing and, in addition, have had at least one year's

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—The Navy Department published the following orders today:

Post, Cmdr. N. W., to Res. Destroyer Div., based on San Diego.

Dennison, Lt. Cmdr. M. S., to the Maryland; on board as Fire Control Off. when commissioned.

Comfort, Lt. Cmdr. R. M., to the Utah as navigator.

Foster, Lt. Cmdr. F. F., to the San Francisco as exec. off.

Fisher, Lt. C. O., to the Proteus.

Fougeres, Lt. (j.g.) M. L., to course of instruction, Naval Med. School, Washington.

Gibbs, Lt. F. D., to Naval Hosp., Charleston, S. C., duty.

Johnson, Lt. J. S., to duty Naval Hosp., Hampton Roads.

Johnson, Lt. H. W., to Public Works Off., Naval Station, Guantanamo.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

15 cents per word. Two business and one bank reference required from advertisers.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

BUSINESS man, exceptional ability, lately liquidated fine catering to garment trade, will invest $10,000 to $15,000 and active services in profitable commercial line; particulars strictly essential. E 166 Times.

WILL buy ladies' specialty store; home trade and Brooklyn preferred; state full particulars. Jos. M. Kashdan, 76 Church Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN with capital desires connections with small established manufacturing concern in city. F 72 Times.

SHOE man with $10,000 can become partner in an established shoe factory and good paying retail store. A 749 Times Downtown.

WILL purchase established general insurance business. D 178 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

CASH ADVANCES
to manufacturers and jobbers on account receivable at the time shipment is made; you collect the accounts.
CREDIT DISCOUNT TRUST,
432 Fourth Av.
Phone Madison Square 8190.

PROMINENT dry goods broker desires to cooperate with party having capital to invest in the wholesale dry goods business; can submit sound proposition. S 735 Times Downtown.

A GOOD going factory wants a man with about $5,000 cash; must have executive ability; the factory shows a value of $22,500. L. D. 803, 110 West 40th.

WANTED to buy modern broad silk mill of 500 to 600 looms; up-to-date machinery; must be a bargain. Clark, MacMullen & Riley, 101 Park Av., New York.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

ESTABLISHED knit goods and hosiery broker (Christian) desires co-operation; high salesman and executive; one with thorough knowledge of line; wonderful opportunity for high-calibre man; no attention given replies that do not state experience and details; highest references required; confidential. N 210 Times.

WANTED—A manufacturer's line of men's and women's leather goods for permanent representation in Chicago, large following among the jobbing and premium trade. Answer R. B. Deal, 115 South Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—A manufacturer's line of men's and women's leather goods for permanent representation in Chicago, large following among the jobbing and premium trade. Answer R. B. Deal, 115 South Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

MANUFACTURERS, export sales managers offers services; offices organizations, increase your exports, requests interviews. A 983 Times Downtown.

CONTRACTOR wanting for sick underwear; bring samples. Room 1911, 104 5th Av.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

CAPABLE EXECUTIVE as general merchandise broker and manufacturer's agent, with efficient sales force, solicits additional accounts for 1921 for Cleveland, Ohio, and surroundings. Y 2397 Times Annex.

LARGE Brooklyn machine shop has surplus capacity; can quote excellent prices and give good deliveries on quantity production work of all kinds. The Duplex Engine Governor Co., Inc.

DISTRIBUTERS for territorial rights throughout States for newly patented automobile accessory; excellent opportunity for men able to organize. Mitchell & Livingston, Mohawk Building, 160 5th Av.

ATTENTION EXPORTERS.
New York exporter leaving for South and Central America; have you any shipments refused or proposition to offer? Leon Labe, Rector 5126.

MACHINE work, patterns, castings, finished machines; lowest overhead possible. E. Wortmann Co., 5 Mulberry St., New York City.

GERMAN business connections made through advertising in Germany. M. J. Klein, World Bldg.

FOR SALE.

WE ART SPECIALISTS IN GARAGES.
LARGEST SELECTION; BONA-FIDE PROPOSITIONS FROM $2,500 TO $75,000; MONEY ADVANCED WHEN REQUIRED. L. SCHLEIFER CO., TIMES BLDG., BWAY AND 42D ST. 136 LIVINGTON ST., NEAR WILLIAMSBURG BRIDGE PLAZA.

GARAGE LEASE for sale, four-story steel and concrete building, suitable for trucking corporation, 428 West 19th St.; 21-year lease from Feb. 1, 1924. Inspection invited if interested. Apply to Petersen-Fennell, Inc., 145 West 45th St.

GARAGE.
Best garage on the west side; capacity 125 cars; average $50 storage per month; yearly profits $25,000; good will for sale; $25,000 cash required. Inquire John Varady, 212 East 11th St., N. Y., bet. 2 and 4 P. M.

AUTOMOBILE renting business for sale, 8 cars, high-class trade; will consider selling stand separate, reason, leaving city. K 304 Times.

NEW GARAGE, capacity 350; now 275 cars; leaving city. McDonald, 404 East 157th St., Bronx.

BUSINESS LOANS.

MONEY advanced on notes and trade acceptances, open accounts and other good securities. V 660 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

CASH ADVANCED ON OPEN ACCOUNTS, TRADE ACCEPTANCES AND NOTES PURCHASED. CAPITAL, 317 TIMES.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Pressure fell decidedly Monday over the Northeastern States and over the Far Northwest, and disturbances of marked intensity were centred off the Southeastern New England Coast, and over Northeastern Alberta Monday night. Pressure was high Monday over all sections from the Mississippi River westward, except along the Northern border from the North Pacific Coast eastward to North Dakota.

Snow has fallen within the last twenty-four hours in the Northern, snow and rain in the Middle and rain in the Southern sections east of the Mississippi River; there has also fallen in the Northern Rocky Mountain region and rain along the North Pacific Coast.

The weather became much colder Sunday night and Monday over the Plains States, the upper lake region, the Mississippi and Lower Ohio Valleys and the West Gulf States, while there was a marked rise in temperature Monday in Montana and the Canadian provinces to the northward.

The outlook is for generally fair weather in the States east of the Mississippi River Tuesday and Wednesday, except snow flurries are probable Tuesday in the region of the Great Lakes, Northern New England and Northern New York.

The temperature will be considerably lower Tuesday and Tuesday night in the region of the Great Lakes, the Upper Ohio Valley and the Atlantic States, and freezing temperature is probable in Northern Florida Tuesday night. The weather will continue cold in the Atlantic States Wednesday, while there will be a reaction to higher temperature west of the Appalachian Mountains.

FORECAST TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

New Jersey—Fair and colder Tuesday; Wednesday fair and continued cold.

Northern New England—Unsettled Tuesday, probably snow north portions of Vermont and New Hampshire and Northern and Eastern Maine, colder in New Hampshire and Vermont; Wednesday fair and colder.

Southern New England—Cloudy Tuesday, colder on the south coast; Wednesday fair and colder.

Eastern New York—Partly cloudy and colder in south, snow flurries and colder in north portion Tuesday; Wednesday fair and colder.

Western New York—Snow and much colder Tuesday; Wednesday generally fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1920.		1919.	
3 A. M.	30	4 P. M.	32
6 A. M.	32	8 P. M.	35
9 A. M.	34	10 P. M.	36
12 M.	39	Mid.	36

1919.		1919.	
3 A. M.	34	4 P. M.	32
6 A. M.	32	8 P. M.	35
9 A. M.	32	10 P. M.	36
12 M.	38	Mid.	36

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 36; for the corresponding date last year it was 34; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 32.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 32; at 8 P. M. it was 35. Maximum temperature, 43 degrees at 10:30 A. M.; minimum, 28 degrees at 12:10 A. M. Humidity, 98 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 92 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.91 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.73 inches.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Weather forecast:

Ill. and Mo.—Fair Tues. and probably Wed.; rising temperature.

Wis.—Fair Tues. Wed., increasing cloudiness, rising temperature.

Minn.—Increasing cloudiness Tues., with snow in n. and w. Wed., unsettled; rising temperature.

Iowa—Fair Tues. and probably Wed.; rising temperature Tues.

N. Dak.—Possibly light snow Tues., with rising temperature Tues. Wed., unsettled.

S. Dak.—Cloudy Tues.; possibly snow in e.; rising temperature. Wed., unsettled.

Neb. and Ark.—Fair Tues. and probably Wed.; rising temperature Wed.

Mon.—Unsettled Tues. and probably Wed.; rising temperature.

Wyo.—Fair Tues. and probably Wed., except possibly snow in extreme n. w.; not much change in temperature.

N. C., S. C. and Ga.—Clear and colder Tues. and Tues. night; Wed. fair, continued cold.

Fla.—Generally fair Tues. and Wed.; much colder Tues. and Tues. night, with freezing temp. in n. Tuesday night.

Extreme N. W. Fla., Ala. and Miss.—Fair, continued cold Tues.; Wed. fair, with rising temp.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; colder in e. Tues.; rising temp. Wed.

Ohio—Generally fair, somewhat colder Tues., except probably snow flurries near Lake Erie; Wed. fair, with rising temp.

Ind.—Fair, continued cold Tues.; Wed. fair, with rising temp.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
1:15—Pier 10, East River, steamship Lake Marion, Munson Line.	Not given
1:50—43 Vandewater St.; Mary Paulos.	Slight
2:25—2,570 Marion Av.; Schultz & Co.	Slight
2:45—428 E. 9 St.; M. Gruber	Slight
4:40—36 St. & Lexington Av.; U. S. mail truck	Slight
8:25—245 East Houston St.; Bershofsky & Stafsky	Not given
9:45—2,783 S Av.; M. Schonlber	Not given
10:50—250 E. 77 St.; J. White	Not given
11:20—142 Mulberry St. (auto); A. Marcolino	Not given
P. M.	
12:15—250 W. 144 St.; Carey Co	Not given
12:15—444 W. 49 St.; C. Schmidt	Not given
12:40—949 3 Av.; J. Sullivan	Not given
12:50—2,061 Madison Av.; Mary Ford	Not given
3:25—2,108 1 Av.; A. Dobb	Not given
3:45—238 E. 75 St.; T. Godfrey	Not given
4:50—163 W. 122 St.; D. Arias	Not given
5:10—20 Bond St.; Dorfman & Schwartz	Not given
5:50—334 4 Av.; I. Tamor	Not given
5:55—840 B'way; I. Cohen	Not given
6:15—111 W. 11 St.; Mary D. Enneliy	Not given
6:40—316 Church St.; J. & S. Leather Co.	Not given
7:50—112 Suffolk St.; H. Kosover	Not given
8:10—225 E. 88 St.; Annie Kirschner	Not given
9:05—325 E. 17 St.; Dr. Gennaro Bone no	Not given
9:25—328 W. 76 St.; Albert Harris	Not given
10:00—311 5 Av.; Margolis & Kraner	Not given

SHIPPING AND MAILS

TIDE TABLE.

	Sandy Hook.		Governors Island.		Hell Gate.		Kills.	Narrows.
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
High water	9:44	10:26	10:37	10:48	11:09		7:19	4:36
Low water	3:34	4:13	4:26	4:46	5:27	6:34		

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Tashmoo	Belfast	Dec. 1
R. H. Thompson	Vera Cruz	Dec. 16
War Bharata	Tuxpan	Dec. 19
Ceame	San Juan	Dec. 22
Biras	Brest	Dec. 22
Dayton	Tampico	Dec. 19
Antietam	Tampico	Dec. 18
Louisiana	Antwerp	Dec. 2
Laguria	Liverpool	Dec. 18
Locaste	Liverpool	Dec. 18
Stavangerin	Curacao	Dec. 16
Amelia	Fort Antonio	Dec. 21
Mattoi	Lobos	Dec. 19
Watertown	Lobos	Dec. 19
Cretic	Boston	Dec. 28

DUE TODAY.

Valaira	Liverpool	Dec. 14
Rochambeau	Havre	Dec. 19

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Dec. 24
Mar Cantabrico	Hamburg	Dec. 13
Meanba	Portsmouth	Dec. 13
Eastern Crown	Birth	Dec. 10

DUE TOMORROW.

Kroonland	Southampton	Dec. 19
Niridan	Manchester	Dec. 13
Rosalind	Halifax	Dec. 27
Fort Hamilton	Bermuda	Dec. 27
Munamar	Antilla	Dec. 24
Santa Teresa	Valparaiso	Dec. 10

DUE THURSDAY.

Vasari	Liverpool	Dec. 18
Annette	Naples	Dec. 16
Leitrim	Sydney	Nov. 26
Caronia	Cherbourg	Dec. 21
Tivives	Colon	Dec. 23

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Holland, Germany, Austria.
Carmania, Liverpool	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Great Britain and Ireland.
Calabria, Patras	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Greece, Italy.
Canopic, Naples	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Italy.
Giuseppi Verdi, Naples	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Italy.
Carrillo, Colon	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Central America, West Indies.
Siberian Prince, Santos	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Olympic, Southampton	9:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Santa Luisa, Colon	1:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	West coast ports of South America.
Quilliota, Guayaquil	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Ecuador, Panama.
Caracas, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Central America.
Lake Sebago, Haiti	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Dutch and French Guiana.
L'ks Narka, St. Thomas	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	West Indies.

SAIL THURSDAY.

Drottningholm, Gothenburg	10:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Sweden, Latvia, Finland.
Susquehanna, Bremen	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Germany, Poland.
Bervby, Senegal	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	West Africa, Gold Coast.
Ripley Castle, Cape Town	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Africa.
St. Patrick, Rio Janeiro	7:00 A.M.	10.00 A.M.	South Brazil.
Mayaro, Trinidad	7:00 A.M.	10.00 A.M.	West Indies, Demerara.
St. Bede, Santos	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Argentina, Uruguay.
Tungus, Turks Island	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Santo Domingo City.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Paris City, Bombay	Dec. 28	12:00 M.
City of Benares, Bombay	Dec. 30	12:00 M.
Osvotomes, London	Dec. 30	10:00 A.M.
Buffalo Bridge, Bilbao	Dec. 31	12:00 M.
Mayaro, Trinidad	Dec. 28	12:00 M.
Missouri, London	Dec. 31	10:00 A.M.
Alexandrian, Liverpool	Jan. 2	12:00 M.

By Wireless.

SS Kroonland, incoming from Southampton and Antwerp, was signaled; due Dec. 29, forenoon. Red Star Line.

SS Caronia, incoming from Cherbourg, via Halifax, was signaled; due Dec. 30, afternoon. Cunard Line.

SS Rochambeau, incoming from Havre, was signaled; due Dec. 28, forenoon. French Line.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Clan Buchanan	Port Natal	Dec. 22
Devon	Auckland	Dec. 23
Somerset	Sydney, N.S.W.	Dec. 23
Kaiserin Aug. Victoria	Liverpool	Dec. 25
Manhattan	London	Dec. 25
Navarino	Queenstown	Dec. 24
Dante Alighieri	Naples	Dec. 21
Stavangerfjord	Bergen	Dec. 24
Santa Rosa	Tocopello	Dec. 26
Oscar II.	Christiansand	Dec. 27

SAILED.

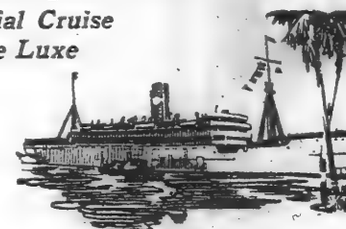
Steamer.	From	Date.
Matoppo	London	Dec. 28
Siddons	Santos	Dec. 23
Narragansett	Manchester	Dec. 24
Warpaste	Avonmouth	Dec. 24
Yoko Maru	Portland, Eng.	Dec. 24
Kentuckian	Alexandria	Dec. 25
Aspinet	Rhimonoseki	Dec. 21
Lake Gratten	Rio Janeiro	Dec. 24
San Gil	Belfast	Dec. 24
Admiral Cochrane	Cardiff	Dec. 25

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 6 P. M., as follows:

Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and specially addressed mail for Australia, via San Francisco	Marama Dec. 29
Japan, Korea, China (except Shanghai City), Siberia, French Indo-China and Netherlands East Indies, via Seattle	Suwa Maru Dec. 31
Hawaii, Guam and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco	U. S. A. T. Sherman Dec. 31
Hawaii, via San Francisco	U. S. A. T. Sheridan Jan. 1
Hawaii and specially addressed mail for Japan, Korea and China, via San Francisco	Persia Maru Jan. 3
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra) and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver, B. C.	Empress of Russia Jan. 8
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Niagara Jan. 13

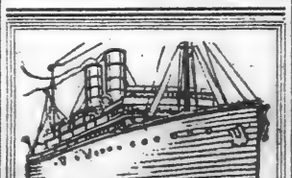
Special Cruise De Luxe



To the West Indies
23-Day Cruise
Sailing January 22
New S. S. TOLOA
One of the newest and largest of the GREAT WHITE FLEET, visiting
Havana, Santiago, Port Antonio, Kingston, Panama, Port Limon, Costa Rica
Rates, including shore excursions and all expenses, $450 and up.
Most luxurious steamer, especially built for pleasure travel to the tropics; many rooms with bedsteads, private bath and suites. Palm gardens, deck games, music, etc.
For particulars address Dept. G
FRANK TOURIST CO.
(Established 1875)
489 Fifth Av., Bet. 41st and 42d Sts., N. Y.
Telephone Vanderbilt 7390

Other Tours and Cruises to
Japan, China—South America — Europe, Mediterranean—California, Honolulu—Bermuda — Florida, Cuba.
Send for Booklet of Tour Desired.

SOUTH AMERICA
Pernambuco
Bahia
Rio de Janeiro
Montevideo
Buenos Aires
Luxuriously appointed passenger steamers of 17,000 tons displacement sailing from New York.
S. S. Vasari Jan. 14
S. S. Tennyson Feb. 7
S. S. Vauban Feb. 15
S. S. Vestris Mar. 10
Also frequent large and fast cargo steamers with comfortable accommodation for a few passengers. Connections for all parts of South America. For rates etc., apply Company's office, 42 Broadway, N. Y.
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE



WARD LINE
Direct weekly service from New York to
HAVANA
AND POINTS IN CUBA
MEXICO
VERA CRUZ TAMPICO
Regular sailings to Nassau.
For information address
New York and Cuba Mail S. S. Co.
Foot of Wall Street, New York

Clark's 17th Annual Cruise to the MEDITERRANEAN AND EUROPE
will start Feb. 4, 1922, by specially chartered large ocean liner, 70 DAYS, first class, at a slight advance over former popular prices, including shore trips, hotels, guides, drives, etc. Programs ready and books open May 1st. Tours to Europe May, June, July, 1921.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

COOK'S TRAVEL SERVICE
Current Programs include Cruises and Tours to WEST INDIES • CALIFORNIA • FAR EAST • EGYPT • MEDITERRANEAN • SOUTH AMERICA • BERMUDA • ETC.
Thos. Cook & Son
245 Broadway 561 Fifth Avenue

West Indies
FRANK TOURIST CO.
489 Fifth Ave. Vanderbilt 7390.

CALIFORNIA & HAWAII
Raymond-Whitcomb Tours
489 Fifth Ave. Vanderbilt 7390

EGYPT-INDIA
AMERICAN & INDIAN LINE
NEW YORK direct to
PORT SAID, KARACHI, BOMBAY, COLOMBO, CALCUTTA
S. S. CITY OF BENARES, DEC. 30
S.S. CITY OF MARSEILLES, JAN. 15
10,000 Ton Twin Screw Steamer.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS
First and second class only.
For rates of passage, etc., apply to
NORTON LILLY & Co.
26 Bowling Gr. New York City.
GENERAL AGENTS FOR ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO. LTD.

PORTO RICO
ALL-EXPENSE CRUISE
$180 AND UP
No lovelier spot for a winter's outing than this Island of Enchantment. Rates cover all necessary expenses of meals and stateroom accommodations for the entire trip to and around the island and return to New York. Sailings from New York Wednesday and Saturdays for 16 and 20 day cruises respectively.
PORTO RICO LINE
11 Broadway, New York

Direct Sailings for
PIRAEUS
By the following steamers of
THE GREEK LINE
S. S. PATRIS Dec. 31
S.S. KING ALEXANDER Jan. 13
(Ex. S. S. Cleveland of Hamburg-Am. Line)
S. S. MEGALI HELLAS Jan. 21
N. GALANOS & COMPANY
19 Pearl St. Phone Broad 10 Exch 3000
Fast Trans-Continental Service.
Hotel System—Atlantic to Pacific.
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
F. R. PERRY, Gen. Agent, Passenger Dept.
1,231 Broadway, New York City.

WHITE STAR LINE
Nearby Sailings
OLYMPIC..... 1 P.M. Dec. 29 to Cherbourg and Southampton
CELTIC ..... 12 Noon, JAN. 15, to Liverpool
NEW YORK—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON
OLYMPIC, 1 P.M. Dec. 29, Mar. 23, Apr. 20 | ADRIATIC, 12 Noon Jan. 19, Feb. 16, Mar. 16
New York—Liverpool
Celtic .....12 Noon Jan. 15 Feb. 26 Apr. 2
Vedic (new) .12 Noon Jan. 26
Cedric .....12 Noon — Feb. 5 Mar. 12
New York—Boston—Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa
Canopic .....3 P. M. Dec. 28 Mar. 22 May 17
Cretic .....3 P. M. Jan. 5 Mar. 8 May 3

AMERICAN LINE
New York—Plymouth—Cherbourg
Kroonland ...12 Noon Jan. 4 Feb. 5 Mar. 12
Lapland ....12 Noon Jan. 8 Feb. 12 Mar. 19
Finland ....12 Noon Jan. 15 Feb. 19 Mar. 26
Zeeland ....12 Noon Jan. 22 Feb. 26 Apr. 2
Red Star Line steamers on route Antwerp
New York—Hamburg Direct Service
Manchuria ..12 Noon Jan. 13 Feb. 24 Apr. 7
Mongolia ..12 Noon Jan. 27 Mar. 10 Apr. 21

RED STAR LINE
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Antwerp
Kroonland ...12 Noon Jan. 4 Feb. 5 Mar. 12
Lapland ....12 Noon Jan. 8 Feb. 12 Mar. 19
Finland ....12 Noon Jan. 15 Feb. 19 Mar. 26
Zeeland ....12 Noon Jan. 22 Feb. 26 Apr. 2
New York—Danzig—via Hamburg
Third Class Passengers Only.
Gothland. 12 Noon Jan. 12, Feb. 26 Apr. 13

IDEAL WINTER CRUISES
West Indies—Panama Canal—South America
Leaving New York January 22, February 21, March 23, 1921, $100 upwards.
WHITE STAR LINE S. S. "MEGANTIC"
20,740 Tons Disp.—Largest Steamer to Tropics
25-26 Days. Specially Selected Ports of Call
Including Barbados—Cuba.—Jamaica—Kingston—Port Antonio—Martinique—Panama Canal (Panama City)—Porto Rico—Trinidad—Venezuela—Virgin Islands, etc.
International Mercantile Marine Company
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York. Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, North River.

CUNARD-ANCHOR
A trip to Europe offers a great deal at the present time that is inviting to the American business man. The rapid growth of American commercial prestige has opened up many opportunities which should be studied on the ground. Travel on one of our steamers. Accommodations, general appointments and cuisine are unexcelled.
Passenger and Freight Services from New York
CARMANIA ..... Liverpool ..... Dec. 28 Jan. 29 Feb. 19
CALABRIA ..... Gibraltar, Naples, Patras, Dubrovnik & Trieste ..... Dec. 28 — —
VAUBAN ..... Liverpool ..... Jan. 5 — —
CARONIA ..... Mediterranean Cruise, with Shore Excursions ..... Jan. 15 — —
COLUMBIA ..... Londonderry and Glasgow ..... Jan. 15 Feb. 19 Mar. 26
K. A. VICTORIA ..... Liverpool ..... Jan. 15 Feb. 15 — —
PANNONIA ..... Piraeus, Dubrovnik and Trieste ..... Jan. 18 — —
IMPERATOR ..... Cherbourg and Southampton ..... Jan. 20 Feb. 17 —
SAXONIA ..... Halifax, Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg ..... Jan. 22 — —
VESTRIS ..... Liverpool ..... Jan. 22 — —
ITALIA ..... Vigo, Patras, Dubrovnik and Trieste ..... Feb. 1 — —
AQUITANIA ..... Cherbourg and Southampton ..... Feb. 3 Feb. 26 Mar. 22
ALBANIA (New) .. Plymouth, Cherbourg and London ..... Feb. 8 Mar. 15 Apr. 19
SAXONIA ..... Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg ..... Mar. 1 Apr. 12 —
SCYTHIA (New) ..Liverpool ..... Mar. — Apr. 2 Apr. 23
ALGERIA (New) ..Londonderry and Glasgow ..... Mar. 5 Apr. 6 —
MAURETANIA ..... Cherbourg and Southampton ..... Mar. 10 Apr. 7 May 12
List of Later Sailings on Request
The R. M. S. "CARONIA" will sail on January 15th for a seven weeks' round trip to the
MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT AND THE NILE
A most tempting opportunity
CUNARD LINER, CUNARD CUISINE, CUNARD SERVICE
and an itinerary planned with only one aim—that of the passengers enjoyment and comfort.
OFFICES: 21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique



From COVERED PIER to COVERED PIER
Affording Protection from the Cold and Discomforts of Winter
NEW YORK—HAVRE—PARIS
Fast liners direct to Havre pier thence, direct by shortest rail route, to Paris.
A unique steamship service for comfortable winter travel.
The Large, Fast, Popular, Quadruple Screw Liner
S. S. FRANCE Sailing { JAN. 20 / FEB. 17
Superior accommodations for all classes of transatlantic travelers. Renowned French cuisine—Juvenile Theatre. Every convenience and comfort that French thoughtfulness and courtesy can provide.
OTHER SAILINGS
Leopoldina ...Dec. 28 Feb. 16
Rochambeau ...Jan. 4 Mar. 3 Apr. 15
La Lorraine...Jan. 6 Feb. 5 Apr. 2
La Touraine...Jan. 15 Mar. 15 Apr. 13
France .....Jan. 20 Feb. 17 Mar. 17
La Savoie.....Jan. 29 Feb. 26 Mar. 26
Chicago .....Feb. 15 Mar. 19 Apr. 26
HAMBURG DIRECT Niagara Jan. 5
NEW YORK, BORDEAUX Caroline Dec. 29
FRENCH LINE, 19 STATE ST., NEW YORK

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
Via Plymouth and Boulogne-Sur-Mer
Sailing of S. S. New Amsterdam postponed to Wednesday, Dec. 29, Noon.
N. AMSTDAM.Noon Dec. 29 Feb. 19 Mar. 26
RYNDAM .....Noon Jan. 8 Feb. 12 Mar. 19
ROTTERDAM .Noon Jan. 25 Mar. 1 Apr. 9
NOORDAM ...Noon Apr. 2 May 7 —
General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN
DENMARK, NORWAY, SWEDEN, GERMANY AND BALTIC STATES
Hellig Olav....Dec. 31
Frederick VIII..Jan. 28
United States..Feb. 24
Hellig Olav....Mar. 17
For Passenger Rates, etc., 2 B'way, N. Y.

SWEDISH AMERICAN LINE
Short Route to Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Finland, Russia, Germany, &c.
Direct to
GOTHENBURG—SWEDEN
LARGE MODERN STEAMERS
S. S. DROTTNINGHOLM..Dec. 30 Feb. 10
S. S. STOCKHOLM.....Jan. 22 Mar. 10
Superior Accommodations, 1st, 2d & 3d Classes.
Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE
Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston, Ly. Monday, Wednesday and Friday, Franklin St., at 4 P. M.

NORWEGIAN-AMERICAN LINE
NORWAY—SWEDEN—DENMARK
Passenger Office 5-16 Bridge St., N. Y.

Australia
OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO.
Fast U. S. mail s. Sonoma, Ventura, 19,000 tons. Lloyds "A1 register. Delightful service. Sydney short time. Samoa, Honolulu. Cricket passage. Lowest Rates. Pacific Tours. $295. 1st Class. Ventura sails Dec. 28. Sonoma, Jan. 25. R. C. Bennett, 17 Battery Pl., N. Y. Sonoma Bldg., 2 Pine St., San Francisco, Cal.

PACIFIC LINE
TO
SOUTH AMERICA
Sanderson & Son, Gen'l Agts, 26 B'way, N.Y.

AUSTRALIA
HONOLULU, SUVA, NEW ZEALAND
The Tahiti Passage Steamers
R.M.S. "Niagara" R.M.S. "Makura"
20,000 Tons 13,500 Tons
Sail from Vancouver, B. C.
For fares and sailings apply Canadian Pac. Ry., 1,231 Broadway, N. Y., or to Canadian-Australasian Royal Mail Line, 460 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

U.S. MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY Inc.
100% American 100% Service
NEW YORK to QUEENSTOWN (Westbound) —BOULOGNE—LONDON
First Class Only
Luxurious new 16 Knot Ships
Sailings
PANHANDLE STATE: Jan. 1—Feb. 5
OLD NORTH STATE: Jan. 15—Feb. 19
NEW YORK to NAPLES—GENOA
JAN. 20.
Princess Matoika—Cabin and 3rd Class only
NEW YORK TO BREMEN AND DANZIG DIRECT
S.S. SUSQUEHANNA
Cabin and Third Class Only.
Sailing Dec. 30—Feb. 19.
Passenger Dept., 45 Broadway, N.Y. Phone 1200 Whitehall
Freight Dept., 120 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 6300 Rector.

ITALIAN LINES
NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
TRANSOCEANICA
NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA
ALSO THROUGH RATES TO TRIESTE, LEVANT, PALESTINE, SYRIA AND BLACK SEA PORTS
DUCA D'AOSTA...Jan. 1 Feb. 16 Apr. 6
*AMERICA .....Jan. 11 *Mar. 17 *May 12
F. PALASCIANO.Feb. 10 *Apr. 21 May 19
*TAORMINA ....*Mar. 5 *Apr. 28 *June 11
DUCA ABRUZZI..Mar. 9 May 4 June 29
† To Naples and the Levant, Piraeus, Constantinople and Constanza.
* Sailing from Philadelphia day previous.
By New Large Twin-Screw Steamers.
FOR FURTHER INFORMATION APPLY
ITALIA-AMERICA, INC.
1 State St., N. Y. Phone Bowling Green 9480
203 So. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Transatlantic Italiana
Largest and Fastest Steamers of the Italian Mercantile Marine
Direct Passenger Service Between NEW YORK—GENOA—NAPLES.
Giuseppe Verdi Sailing from NEW YORK Dec. 28
Dante Alighieri.....Jan. 20
1st Class, $250 up; 2d Class, $160 up.
McDONNELL & TEUBA, General Agents, 5 State Street, New York.

"The Public Be Pleased"
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON, $5.61. Boat and Rail.
PROVIDENCE, $3.89. Direct Boat.
Boat Leaves Pier 36, N. R., Pk. W., Houston St. Daily and Sunday at 5 P. M. Phone 9401 Spring.

Hudson River Day Line
Service Discontinued for the season.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE
Navigation closed for season.
Effective December 27.

RESORTS
NEW YORK.

HOTEL GRAMATAN
23 minutes from Grand Central. 20 electric trains daily. City convenience in the country. Grill—Dancing—Daily concerts. Accommodates 600. Henri Peschay & Son, Inc., Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N.Y.

Gedney Farm Hotel
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.
EDWARD B. CRANDALL.
Golf, Riding, Dancing, Sun Parlor, Open Fireplaces, 25 min. elec. train service. Open All Year. Private meter bus service without charge.

VALHALLA MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.
Open all year round.
White Plains 1165.

NEW JERSEY.

Hotel Beechwood
SUMMIT, N. J.
Easy commuting distance. Misses Gillan & Edwards. Open all year.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL & COTTAGES
on the Beach. Cap. 600
CONVENIENT TO ALL AMUSEMENTS
Sea Baths. DIET KITCHEN. Orchestra
Family Patronage Invited
C. L. HANSTEIN LYMAN J. PETERS
President Gen'l Mgr.

HOTEL CHELSEA
Occupying entire block of ocean front in the fashionable Chelsea section.
800 bed chambers with private baths (fresh and sea water). High-class orchestra,

name of Alexander M. Rosenblum, probably lost in or about No. 120 Broadway, New York City; transfer stopped; appropriate reward if found please notify Leonidas Dennis, 47 Cedar St., New York City.

LOST OR MISLAID—Policy No. 615,462, issued by The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, on the life of Robert M. Mackay. The finder will please return it to the undersigned. An application has been made for the issuing of a duplicate. M. J. Mackay, 249 8th Av.

LOST—A small blue fitted suitcase with black waterproof covering, marked V. M. B., Sunday, Dec. 26, on L. I. Wheels Road, between Old Westbury and Albertson, Nassau County; reward for return. Communicate with R. L. Bacon, 14 Wall St. Telephone Rector 9800.

LOST—Brief case, tan cowhide, containing first volume of H. G. Wells's outline of history and other papers; probably lost in taxicab. Finder please return to Apt. 16, 42 West 8th St., or Room 2004, 9 Nassau St., and receive reward.

LOST—Corona typewriter, Sunday night, in taxi between Grand Central and York Hotel; letters B. F. on case; reward. Inquire Sutherland, York Hotel.

LOST—Sunday, small bead pocketbook, containing money; vicinity of St. Paul's Church, 30th St. and 9th Av.; reward. Hollis, Schuyler 6190.

LOST—Tan suitcase containing male apparel on Parkside Av., Brooklyn, 6 P. M. Sunday, Dec. 26; liberal reward. Return Levy, 1,363 41st St., Brooklyn. Sunset 4181.

LOST—Pass book No. 8144, Soloman Schneider, of the Chatham & Phenix National Bank, 305 East 97th St., New York; payment stopped. Please return book to bank.

LOST—On Monday, small gray purse containing sum of money, in tea room Biltmore Hotel, between 4 and 5 P. M.; reward. Jaico, 50 East 42d St.

LOST—Traveling bag about 2:30 P. M. Monday, on Brooklyn Bridge Station platform of subway; liberal reward. Fletcher, 394 Canal St., Canal 1092.

LOST—In Saks's, pocketbook containing gold wrist watch, initials A. R. C., personal papers, money; liberal reward. W 85 Times.

LOST—Silver headed cane, Saturday, Broadway; reward. Phone Muller, 2,783 Riverside.

LOST—Beaded bag, on 5th Av. bus; liberal reward. Cashier, Hotel Biltmore.

REWARD $500—Lost black pocketbook, containing $2,500, bill of sale, Lorber's restaurant, evening Dec. 25; no questions asked. J. E. J., telephone 7402 Madison Square.

LIBERAL REWARD, no questions asked, for return of silver initialed S, taken from 348 West 43d St., Dec. 18. A 965 Times Downtown.

Jewelry.

LOST—Platinum ring; 1 large diamond, 4 chips in filigree; also platinum wedding ring, marked inside "E. B. M. to E. B. M., May 15, 1919"; both from Tiffany & Co. Return Mrs. Edward B. Mayer, 116 East 63d. Reward.

LOST — Diamond-onyx lady's pin, oval shaped, about 2 inches long, Sunday noon, somewhere between 90th St. and Broadway and the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st and Broadway; liberal reward. 210 West 90th St., Apartment 2R.

LOST—Platinum bar pin, one large and a number of small diamonds, Sunday evening, between 72d St. station I. R. T. and Apt. 44, 371 Wadsworth Av.; liberal reward. Mrs. E. D. Warner, above address. Wadsworth 3858.

LOST—Man's ring, two sapphires and one diamond set in platinum, some time Christmas afternoon, between 51st and 55th Sts., near 5th Av.; suitable reward. Telephone H. F. Richardson, Madison Square 6030.

LOST—Gold wrist watch on black band, either on B. R. T. subway or Fulton St. Theatre section, Sunday evening; reward $10. C. Shumway, 56 New St., N. Y. C. Broad 2230, Ext. 45.

LOST—Beaded bag, containing wrist watch, initials L. M. B., keys, money, Monday morning, South Ferry local; reward. Miss Evans, 233 West 77th St. Telephone Schuyler 6643.

LOST—Christmas night, gold Delta Upsilon pin, pearls and diamonds, name on back; valued sentiment. Liberal reward if returned to R. P. Nichols, 1001, 31 West 43d.

LOST—Wednesday afternoon, one pearl earring with diamond on top. If found kindly return to 31 East 62d St., and suitable reward will be paid.

LOST—Friday afternoon, 47th St., Broadway and 7th Av. to Penn. Station, silver cigarette case, initials "F. A. K."; reward. Phone Sunset 8085.

LOST—Pearl necklace in taxi between N. Y. A. Club and 703 Lexington Av., Sunday; reward; no questions asked. Return 703 Lexington Av.

LOST—$25 reward; open-faced monogramed Howard watch, Christmas Eve, vicinity 169th St.-3d Av. Phone Carroll, Hanover 713.

LOST—Sunday, silver mesh bag containing money, inscribed Beatrice L. Salsman, between 112th and 155th; reward. Bryant 4435.

LOST—Keepsake gold bracelet, 6 small diamonds, 19 small pearls; liberal reward. Jane Barnitz, 18 Broad St. Rector 9530.

LOST—Monday, platinum aquamarine and diamond lavaliere, Weehawken, 42d St.-5th Av.; handsome reward. Union 1608-W.

LOST—Diamond-sapphire bracelet at Hotel Biltmore on 19th; $80 reward; communicate Toplis & Hardin, 522 Fifth Av.

LOST—Platinum barpin, with one diamond and six pearls; suitable reward. Phone Columbus 1978.

LOST—Gold circle brooch, Friday; reward. Biltmore, Graham Court, 116 7th Av.

$100 REWARD

and no questions asked for return of platinum diamond-studded wrist watch taken from bath locker in Young Women's Christian Association, Friday afternoon, Dec. 24. Apply 24 Broad St., 9th floor.

$200 REWARD

for return of platinum and diamond bar pin, containing about 14 diamonds, lost Dec. 18 in 34th Av. shopping district. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$250 reward for return of dinner ring set in platinum, 3 solitaires and smaller stones, last Sunday evening, 110th St., between B'way and Amsterdam Ave. I. J. Cohen, 20 West 33d St., care of Solomon.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Dec. 27, a sable stole on Pittsfield afternoon express N. Y., N. H. & H. road, car 12, compartment A. Reward and no questions if returned to 980 Madison Av., apartment first floor, north.

LOST—Child's muskrat neckpiece, on or from 5th Av. bus, vicinity Washington Square; reward. O'Dell, 11 West 10th.

LOST—Package of unfinished gloves. Finder kindly call up University 6347.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—White wire-haired fox terrier, black markings on head, in front of 105 West 86th, on Christmas morning; reward paid for return to above number. Telephone Schuyler 8480.

LOST—Friday, Airedale, full grown, 2 years, male, collar without inscription; answers to name Dough Boy; suitable reward for return. Whitney, 36 East 74th. Rhinelander 981.

LOST—Irish terrier, one year old, named Tim; strayed away vicinity of Forest Hills Christmas night; had no collar; reward. Phone Richmond Hill 2717.

LOST—Black French bulldog, male, vicinity 65th St. and Columbus Av.; reward, no questions asked. Remey, 127 Columbus Av.

$25 REWARD.

Lost, black French bulldog, male, vicinity 65th St. and Columbus Av.; no questions asked. REMEY, 127 Columbus Av. Tel. 2179 Columbus.

$100 REWARD

for the return of French bull puppy, male, brindle, white spot on breast, lost Thursday; had harness blanket, collar. Ryan, 720 Riverside Drive. Audubon 7270.

Found.

FOUND—Sum of money, Broadway and 73d St.; will return upon identification. Apply 320 Central Park West, Apt. 2.

FOUND—Automobile tire, tube and wheel complete; owner can have by identification. M. Raff, 253 8th Av.

PERSONAL.

TWO ATTRACTIVE BROTHERS, JEWISH, 9 and 12 years of age, out for adoption. Apply by letter to the Juvenile Aid Society, 816 North 4th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

FIRST

In eleven months of this year The New York Times published 2,641,075 agate lines of Real Estate advertising, a greater volume than any other New York newspaper.

The New York Times

Proposal Arising From Harding's Trip Is Supported in the House.

BIGGEST GUNS TO BE SENT

New Defenses on Both the Atlantic and Pacific Sides Are Planned.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27 (Associated Press).—Adequate protection for the Panama Canal from attacks of enemies from the air, land or sea is to be provided for in a bill soon to be drafted by the House Committee on Appropriations for Fortifications and Sea Coast defenses. Members of the committee are virtually agreed upon a plan to make the canal impregnable. It has been suggested unofficially to the members of the House in charge of appropriations that the canal must have the best of modern defenses. These suggestions were said today to have resulted directly from the recent inspection of the canal's fortifications by President-elect Harding and his party.

Plans to meet these suggestions, and at the same time to adhere strictly to the rules of economy laid down by House leaders, have been tentatively agreed to. They involve the sending of ordnance, including the largest calibred artillery pieces, to the canal as soon as they are produced. This ordnance includes guns which were authorized in 1918 for coast defense purposes, the first of which are to be delivered next Spring.

In addition to the canal's mainland defenses, the War Department has proposed the placing of several of the longest range rifles on an island about fifteen miles off the Pacific entrance. The committee members are said to have agreed to this proposal, and will authorize the placement of guns there as soon as the State Department can conclude diplomatic negotiations to that end.

The Atlantic entrance, under the present plans, will be provided with an elaborate system of tracks designed to carry the heaviest railroad artillery mounts with guns calibred to greater distances than those used by the most powerful dreadnoughts afloat.

House members believe that the canal can thus be made impregnable by the use of material now under construction and with only little additional expense to the Government.

NEW FRENCH OIL BILL.

Stringent Conditions for Companies in France's Territory.

PARIS, Dec. 27.—A large group of members of the Chamber of Deputies has introduced a bill in the Chamber providing for stringent additional conditions for oil companies in France, her colonies and protectorates.

The offices and the documents and accounts must be maintained in French territory. The State shall have the right to knowledge of all transactions and of correspondence and accounts. Secret agreements are forbidden. Two-thirds of the stock of companies must belong to French citizens or corporations, and two-thirds of the directors of companies, the treasurers, the managing directors, and technical directors and auditors must be French.

Existing companies in France shall have six months in which to comply with the terms of the new law, after which time failure to comply is liable to mean the sequestration of the companies. In case of war all plants are liable to requisition.

Special to The New York Times.

MASON CITY, Ia., Dec. 27.—Returning to Britt, Ia., to face a charge of passing a worthless check for $1,300, Joseph Cadbury, aviator, from Tacamawn, spent last night in the county jail here. He was captured in Canada after a chase in an airplane.

"He insisted that we ride back in his machine," said the Hancock County officers, "but I did not fancy the air ride from Winnipeg in zero weather, and with a prisoner at that."

Cadbury was forced to leave his plane in the Canadian city. He is a graduate of the University of Iowa.

ART NOTES.

Lang-Yao Bottle, 1159, in Art House —Chinese Porcelains on View.

Thomas B. Clarke founded the "Art House," filled it with varied and beautiful objects, and from time to time dispersed these objects and continued to collect. Two years ago the Art House was incorporated, and Mr. Clarke retired from business. The present sale of Chinese porcelains, now on view at the American Art Galleries, is at the direction of the Art House Incorporated, Clarence J. Dearden, manager, but it includes the purchases of a quarter of a century made by the late Edward Runge, who, during two decades, bought for Mr. Clarke in China.

Naturally, the single-color porcelains, in which this astute collector specialized, are the great feature of the immense group, over twelve hundred pieces, with, as subsidiary features, remarkably fine examples of blue-and-white, famille-verte, and jades, ivories and crystal.

The single-color specimens make a magnificent appearance, ranging from light ash-gray to mirror-black, from sang-de-boeuf to apple-green, from peachbloom to lapis. While to a certain number of collectors the white and clair-de-lune porcelains always appeal as combining the perfect craftmanship of their period with a reticence and aesthetic refinement deeply characteristic of the art they represent, such a collection as this, with its resonant hues so harmoniously assembled as to suggest a carillon of Flemish bells, places the favorites of the auction room on the highest plane. Such a sang-de-boeuf as the Lang-yao bottle, 1159, fourteen inches high and exquisitely graceful, cannot be surpassed by any piece not of its own family. Mr. Dana H. Carroll in his catalogue note says that it is "comparable with the noted bottle in the Morgan collection known as 'The Ruby,' which is of similar form and two inches taller, and remains in Mr. Morgan's private possession." The Art House bottle is "notable in its sang-de-boeuf color quality, from the fluent stream to the modified tones of congelation, its brilliant surface of softened, not aggressive reflections." This characteristic Lang-yao glazing, the flow of color carrying its subtle symbolism throughout its course, appears in other specimens, much less distinguished in form, but only slightly less splendid in the graded red.

The chrysanthemum peachbloom bottle (1150) also is given an important place in the exhibition, the arrangement of which is a true guide to the rank of the different examples. Here again we have elegance and symmetry entirely free from the dead formality found in imitations of Eastern art. The curve of the contour is like the curve of a flower petal, organic and instinct with life. The color is unusually delicate, faintly grayed and slightly mottled.

A celadon bottle between two magnificent examples of mirror-black illustrates the power of a fine arrangement to enhance the beauty of individual examples, and the placing of the small specimens in the collection is especially admirable. Mr. Carroll reminds his public of the difficulty in recent years of drawing fine Chinese porcelains from the country of their origin and asks, "Where may we look to buy fine porcelains, when the Chinese and Japanese are themselves now buying back choice examples of this Celestial fictile art both from Europe and Asia?" Evidently a strong response is expected to the strong appeal made by the collection and the result undoubtedly will constitute an interesting comment upon the present mood of the American collectors, who have made, hitherto, a long-sighted and courageous auction room public.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 27.—Christmas in Vienna was a decidedly dull affair. Apart from this weather conditions, which were at their worst, a certain risk attached to going out of town owing to strikes, actual and threatened, on the railways, while many other strikes which were likewise pending gave a horrible atmosphere of uncertainty. Christmas morning, too, brought a depressing statement in the press of the financial state of the municipality of Vienna, which was not conducive to raising spirits already drooping sadly.

Both the Government and municipality have recently stated they had simply no money to allow them to consider demands for bonuses by their various employes. Now the city fathers stated on Christmas morning that their salaries and wages bill to the end of December would amount to 75,000 kronen, and they did not know exactly where to find the full amount.

Many foreigners came to Vienna to buy Christmas stocks and a spurious air of prosperity was given by crowds in the shops and by large purchases, chiefly of furs, antiques and objects of art, but these foreigners disappeared in time to resell at home and Vienna was once more up against the fact that only her millionaires could go shopping.

Outside the inner city where foreigners and millionaires do not go, Christmas was pathetic. The shops, to begin with, were not enticing with their scanty stores and the people living there can rarely buy anything beyond the strict necessities of life, which not everyone can afford.

BRAUER NOT OFFICIAL AGENT

So Say German Authorities of Plan to Get Credit Here.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

BERLIN, Dec. 27. — William W. Brauer's contract with the Finance Ministry to arrange a credit of $1,000,000,000 in America expired long ago. No other such arrangements exist today, but it has been officially stated that Germany is willing to have Brauer or any one else arrange for the purchase on credit in America of $1,000,000,000 worth of foodstuffs and raw materials.

Brauer was in Berlin more than a year ago when Herr Erzberger was Financial Minister. Erzberger was interested in Brauer's plan to obtain the credit and told him to try to interest Americans in the matter. According to officials here, Brauer was only one of many brokers who have tried to raise the money for Germany.

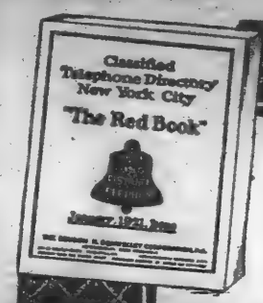
Nothing officially is known concerning the agreement at the Foreign Office. It is said, except that it was an arrangement between Brauer and Erzberger, who no longer represents the Government.



LONG'S HATS

"Wear like the name"

everyday *buying* Needs



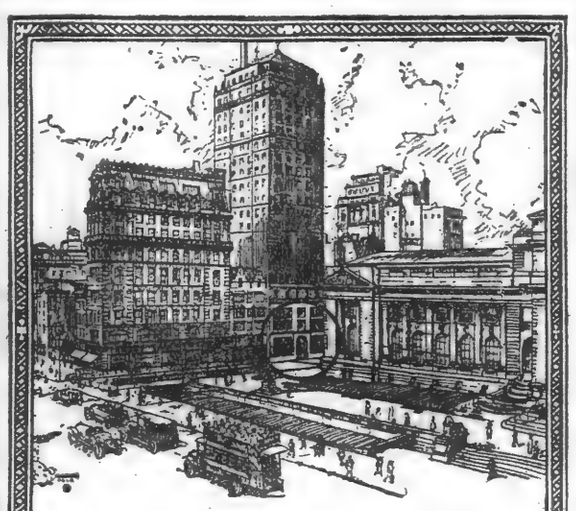
For things you may want to buy every day—food or clothing, to secure a house, or a furnished room, to get the nearest doctor, lawyer or plumber—use D. R. B.

The securing of all these things needed in your daily life is made much easier at a real saving of time and money by the use of Donnelley's Red Book Classified Telephone Directory.

Learn to use this book—it is a wonderful convenience. It will tell you the nearest place to buy almost anything under the sun. You'll find D. R. B. in any place that has a telephone.

THE REUBEN H. DONNELLEY CORPORATION
227 Fulton St., New York City
Cortlandt Official 84

Donnelley's Red Book
Classified Telephone Directory



A bank in a big city with a community spirit

Probably one of the first things that you will notice in your business relations with us is the spirit of co-operation and friendship that pervades our organization.

We invite a conference with those who contemplate opening a new banking connection.

NATIONAL AMERICAN BANK
OF NEW YORK
8 West 40th Street Opposite the Library
Member of the Federal Reserve System

CAPITAL, $1,000,000 SURPLUS, $500,000

$25 SUITS 32 42.
SUITS OVERCOATS ULSTERS DOLLAR for DOLLAR

Quality for Quality

The Largest All Round Values in New York

NO REJECTED MERCHANDISE, NO "CANCELED ORDERS" IN OUR STOCK—EVERY GARMENT FRESH FROM OUR OWN CUSTOM TAILORS. READY TO WEAR.

EVERY ONE OF OUR $50, $55, $60 & $62 SUITS AND OVERCOATS—NOW $32

EVERY ONE OF OUR $65, $70, $75, $80 & $90 SUITS, OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS—NOW $42

IF YOU WANT TO BEAT THE MARKET, BEAT IT THIS WAY. YOU CANNOT BEAT THESE VALUES.

A FEW LIGHT WEIGHT SUITS IN STOCK, BROKEN SIZES— $25

At B'way & 9th St. & B'way & 51st St. Only

Arnheim

The Fifth Avenue Shop
349 Fifth Avenue At 34th Street

Tuesday

Entire Stock

OF

GOWNS—HATS—WRAPS

FOR ALL OCCASIONS

at SACRIFICE PRICES

Gowns from 18.50 up

Corresponding price reductions are made in a collection of distinctive

STREET COATS

With Fashionable Fur Collars

Every model is representative of the wage standards of this shop

A Sale of

The Very Finest Boys' Suits

(Sizes: 8 to 19)

made by

Hart Schaffner & Marx

$19.75

which is much below cost

51 were $45 507 were $35
158 were $40 510 were $30

Hart Schaffner & Marx can't make such fine suits for so little as we are selling these beautiful Boys' Suits today—$19.75. The offering comprises every one of our Hart Schaffner & Marx Boys' Suits that were $45, $40, $35 and $30. Come early, please.

All our
Hart Schaffner & Marx
Boys' Reefers
$19.75
Regardless of former prices

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

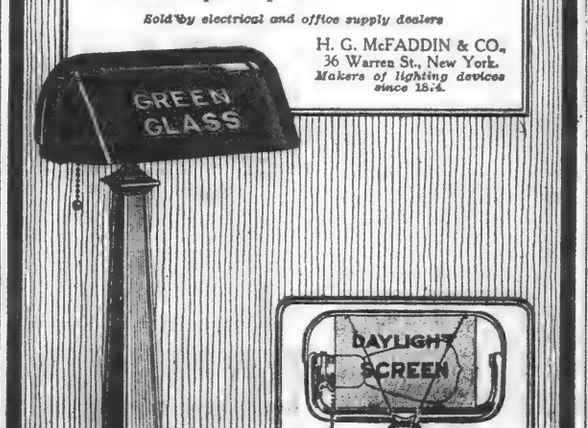
EMERALITE
The National Desk Lamp

When You Buy an Emeralite You Are Doing Your Best for Your Eyes—They Are Worth It.

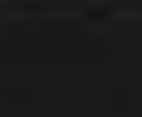
There is an Emeralite for every reading and writing need. Booklet illustrating 50 patterns sent upon request.

Sold by electrical and office supply dealers

H. G. McFADDIN & CO.,
36 Warren St., New York.
Makers of lighting devices since 1854.



THIS illustrates the daylight attachment which can be easily applied to any Emeralite and provides electric daylight on any desk. Eyes are priceless, protect them



Evidently the real estate dealers of Minneapolis were seeking the class interested in home ownership—the people who make the best customers in every business—when they preferred Journal space last year by 61,743 lines, or 57.25% more than they used in any other newspaper

THE MINNEAPOLIS JOURNAL

Represented in New York and Chicago by O'Mara & Ormsbee

THE IRISH CIVIL WAR

In this week's number of the MID-WEEK PICTORIAL several pages are devoted to new pictures illustrating the warfare for the Irish Republic. The City of Cork receives special attention, and different phases of the disorders are portrayed.

The issue is the special Christmas number, and embraces a beautiful double page reproduction or a celebrated painting of the Birth of Christ, a large picture which is ready for framing, besides a gallery of beautiful American women and big news events in all parts of the world. On news stands 10c.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Generally fair and warmer today; Thursday, cloudy and warmer; fresh, southwest winds.
☞ For full weather report see Page 14

VOL. LXX....No. 22,985. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York. | THREE CENTS Within 500 Miles. | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

TRUCE AT FIUME FOR PEACE PARLEY; PROTESTS IN ITALY

Firing on the City Is Suspended While Regency Officials Discuss Demands.

BIG DEMONSTRATIONS HELD

Police in Large Cities Intervene to Keep Order — Milan Nationalists Talk of Uprising.

D'ANNUNZIO'S WOUND SLIGHT

Struck on the Head by Piece of Shell While Conversing in the Palace — 150 Wounded Reach Trieste.

ROME, Dec. 28.—Firing on Fiume by the Italian blockading force will be suspended, it was decided at a conference in Abbazia today, according to advices received here.

The suspension was requested by the Director of National Defense at Fiume and the Mayor of the city, who met General Ferrario, commander of the blockading force, to discuss the possibility of ending hostilities.

At a conference in the morning the General informed the delegates that pourparlers were impossible without prior recognition of the Treaty of Rapallo. Such recognition having not been given, the delegates decided to return to Fiume to discuss the matter, and asked for another meeting in the afternoon. They also requested a suspension of the firing, which was granted.

Pro-d'Annunzio demonstrations, some of which have resulted in disturbances, have been held in all the great centres of Italy. Shops everywhere have been shut up. On their doors are posters reading, "Closed as a sign of national mourning." Flags also have been half-masted.

In Milan, Genoa, Spezia and Bologna the police were compelled to interfere to restore order. No serious incidents, however, have been reported, although two persons were wounded in Turin.

The Executive Committee of the Milan Nationalists has passed resolutions pledging the Nationalists immediately to rise up against the Government, "which alone is responsible for the crime perpetrated against Fiume."

Premier Giolitti accepted an interpellation in the Senate today respecting Fiume, but declined to have it debated at the present time. Meanwhile he has promised that the Government will publish without delay any information in its possession regarding the happenings at Fiume.

There was great excitement over the news from Fiume today. Senators and Deputies are having frequent meetings. Former Premier Salandra, who for a long time has been absent from Rome, has returned and is participating in the discussions.

Some of the Senators and Deputies insist that a truce be granted or that there shall be a suspension of hostilities for concluding an armistice. Others express the belief, however, that as the action has begun it would be much better to end the situation now and avoid later complications in the application of the Treaty of Rapallo.

Regulars Now Hold Half of City.

ABBAZIA, Dec. 28.—The taking of Fiume from the poet-commander has all the accompaniments of war, with this exception, that if life can be spared, it will be. Bombardments by the artillery and battleships, machine guns and bombs, with intermitten rifle firing, continued throughout the day (yesterday).

The regulars are well within the city. They occupy half of the city, while d'Annunzio's forces, ambushed in the houses, resist with determination in the ever-increasing semicircle, which has at its base the sea. The Italian regulars are displaying perfect discipline.

D'Annunzio Slightly Injured.

TRIESTE, Dec. 28 (Associated Press).—News confirming reports that Gabriele d'Annunzio, the Italian insurgent leader at Fiume, had been wounded in the recent fighting between his legionaries and General Caviglia's regular troops was received here today.

The advices said that d'Annunzio was struck in the head by a piece of shell while conversing in the Palace but that the wound was slight.

Duke of Aosta Joins Conference.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—The Duke of Aosta has arrived at Trieste and is proceeding to Abbazia to take part in the meeting between General Ferrario, the Italian commander, and the Fiume delegation, says a Milan dispatch to The London Times.

A dispatch to The Times from Rome says that the Mayor of Fiume requested an interview with General Caviglia and an immediate armistice on the following conditions:

"(1)—Withdrawal of the Government troops to their former positions.

"(2)—The Regency to evacuate Veglia and Arbe and hand back the Government vessels unarmed or with the promise that they will not be used against Fiume.

"(3)—Control of the legionaires from Fiume, independently of the Italian Government.

"(4)—The admission of a Fiume delegate to the commission which is to settle the fate of Port Barosa."

These conditions are virtually those proposed by the Government recently and scornfully rejected by d'Annunzio.

The Fiume situation is very grave, and civilians cannot obtain food. It is

Continued on Page Three.

Philadelphia New Year's and Sunday Excursions via New Jersey Central, $3.00. Tax Ex. Jan. 1 leave W. 23d St. 7:45; Liberty St. 8:00 A. M. Jan. 2 leave W. 23d St. 8:37 A. M.; Liberty St. 8:50 A. M.—Advt.

Kahn Mistaken About Japan, State Department Says

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—State Department officers stated today that Representative Julius Kahn of California, who conferred yesterday with Roland S. Morris, American Ambassador to Japan, was mistaken in his impression that Japan had withdrawn opposition to the California anti-Japanese land law adopted in the November elections in that State.

Officials said abandonment of the position Japan had assumed was not to be expected, at least until after the close of the negotiations now in progress.

DEMAND A HALT IN FLEET BUILDING

London Journals Protest Against British, Japanese and American Programs.

ACCORD WITH BRITAIN URGED

Morning Post Says Anglo-American Naval Agreement Would Be Assurance of Peace.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—Several papers are demanding that a halt be called in the race for naval armament between America, Japan and Great Britain. The Daily Express points out that these three powers are all considering huge naval programs and makes an appeal to public opinion to avert this threatened development. These three powers, it says, ought to agree to stop all new construction and enter into a naval compact of retrenchment. Instead, it declares, Admiral Beatty, using Walter Long as his mouthpiece, is urging upon the Government a huge scheme for the building of capital ships which could not cost the nation less than £100,000,000, despite the fact that the majority of combatant officers have grave doubts as to the value of the capital ship in future warfare.

The Daily Express adds that the Government has not so far yielded to this demand and has referred the whole question to the Committee of Imperial Defense. Referring to the American program the paper says:

"Mr. Daniels has stated that America must be strong enough at sea to defeat any possible hostile combination. He has made no explanation of his meaning. His silence is incomprehensible, for the only possible combination justifying a huge American fleet would be that of Japan and Great Britain, which is unthinkable. If Japan and America came to war Great Britain would back America."

After remarking that Japan is not in a position to indulge with any advantage to herself in naval rivalry with the United States, the paper concludes:

"It has been shown that the conditions of the three great powers are all similar and comparable. None of them has money to burn on immense naval armaments; none of them knows what type of ship will win battles in the future. In all of them the majority of the population wants peace and economy. If this opinion can be mobilised it will prove too much for the scaremongers and militarists. The world wants peace and no building."

Hints at Munition Makers' Influence.

The Daily Chronicle says editorially:

"In the present international outlook, amid much that is encouraging, there are, we think, few more genuine grounds for alarm than the steady undertow of pro-armament forces which seems sucking the great nations back into the maelstrom of armament rivalry. In this disquieting tendency the gigantic armaments program of the United States undoubtedly counts for a great deal. It is therefore with very natural satisfaction that we observe the agitation in America to have that program reconsidered.

"It is primarily, of course, for Americans to determine how far its motives are valid and its adoption justified. Speaking as outsiders, we confess it seems to us almost motiveless, and, familiar as we have been in the past in Europe with the machinations of armament firms and similar sinister influences, we cannot avoid the suspicion that such influences may be at work. On the morrow of a war which has vastly expanded American armament industries, it would be rather surprising if they were not. The American democracy, educated, critical and active as it is, is in a position to appreciate the situation for itself.

"We on our side need only say that any concerted step toward limiting armies and fleets will find Britain practically unanimous in the desire to cooperate."

Post Criticises "American Politicians."

The Morning Post proposes that an Anglo-American agreement be concluded for naval work to be done in concert. It publishes an article by a professional authority which shows that in 1924 America will have twelve post-Jutland battleships and one ship which has been designed with some knowledge of the lessons of Jutland; six post-Jutland battle cruisers and nine pre-Jutland capital ships of first-class value—twenty-seven in all. Of fighting ships America in 1924 will have, apart from the question of the superiority of the pre-Jutland over the post-Jutland type, a numerical superiority of nine, or two squadrons, presumably, with all fleet units, cruisers, destroyers and submarines complete.

"Where is, then," asks The Morning Post, "the sea supremacy of Great Britain? In order to maintain a bare equality with America and excluding

Continued on Page Three.

FALL MALL Brands the cigarette with a free and easy draught. reddive.

HOW ENGLAND BROUGHT ABOUT JUTLAND BATTLE

Mystery of Ordering of Jellicoe to Sea Before German Fleet Sailed Is Now Explained.

SPIES HAD NO PART IN IT

System of Co-ordinated Wireless Stations Fixed Position of German Flagship.

COULDN'T READ MESSAGES

But When Wireless Showed She Had Moved to Outer Harbor British Ordered Jellicoe Out.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—How did the British Admiralty know that the German High Seas Fleet was about to put to sea, as it did on May 31, 1916, and know the fact in time to order the British Grand Fleet under Admiral Jellicoe out to meet it a day before the German fleet sailed, thus bringing on the battle of Jutland?

THE NEW YORK TIMES is able to answer this question, in consequence of the discussion that has been aroused here by the controversy in England and the publication of the Jutland report.

Every detail of the battle has been carefully studied by French naval experts. Like the majority of people in England, they have been much puzzled by the mystery surrounding the order given Jellicoe by the British Admiralty, to put to sea on the evening of May 30, 1916. His report states:

"In accordance with instructions contained in their Lordship's telegram, No. 434, of 30th May, code time 1740, the Grand Fleet proceeded to sea on 30th May, 1916."

The big question remains, in the words of The London Times of Dec. 18, "Upon what the Admiralty based their order of May 30, seeing that the German fleet did not leave port until the morning of the 31st."

It has been generally supposed, both here and in England, that the Admiralty received information about the German movements by espionage.

This explanation is wrong. The correct answer to the puzzle is that it was not a spy of abnormal astuteness, but a miracle of modern science which gave the Admiralty that priceless information.

The impending sortie of the German High Seas Fleet was revealed by directional wireless plus a clever piece of deductive reasoning. The facts are as follows:

In the Spring of 1916 the British naval authorities had just completed the installation of a network of wireless stations situated at various points on the shores of the North Sea and radiating to a common centre on the roof of the Admiralty Building in Whitehall, London. By an ingenious system of sound magnification it was possible for each station to fix the exact distance from it of the sender of any message it might intercept. Then, by co-ordination and comparison of all the reports concerning any particular sender and calculation of the angles, the central station at the Admiralty could locate that sender's exact position on the map.

This new discovery was expected to be of immense service in locating enemy ships—especially the enemy flagship, that would be sending wireless messages continually—in a battle on the open sea. This was actually done during the battle of Jutland, when the Admiralty transmitted to Jellicoe at 1:48 o'clock on the morning of June 1 the precise latitude and longitude of the position occupied at midnight by the German battle cruiser Lützow, which had been badly damaged and was doubtless calling for assistance.

On May 29 this directional wireless system, as it was called, intercepted messages sent out by the flagship of the German Admiral von Scheer, and located his vessel in its usual position in the inner harbor of Wilhelmshaven. It was impossible to decipher the messages themselves, as modern codes are so complex as to require ten days' or a fortnight's work by experts to obtain the key, and the Germans took the precaution of changing their principal codes every week; but the British were able to gather that the sender in this case was the German flagship.

On the following day, May 30, the same sender was again identified, but this time it had changed its position, which was now at a point seven miles north of where it had been the day before. This meant that the ship had moved from the inner to the outer harbor.

Considering the change of position, together with the fact that the flagship had been sending more wireless messages than usual, the British reached the conclusion that the German fleet might be coming out at last. They knew it was tuned up ready for action, and rumors of an impending sortie had been reaching them continually.

At any rate, the Admiralty judged it a chance worth taking and immediately sent Jellicoe instructions which brought about the long-expected battle.

AUGUSTA — ASHEVILLE — AIKEN. Daily through service from New York, Southern Railway System. 816 Madison Bldg., B'way at 58th. Phone Plaza 6811. —Advt.

'Uncle Joe' Cannon Sets a Congress Record; Celebrates Today Nearly 44 Years in House

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—"Uncle Joe" Cannon, war horse of the House of Representatives, today established a new American record.

With the close of a dull session he passed the mark for length of service set by Justin Smith Morrill of Vermont, who as Senator and Representative served forty-three years, nine months and twenty-four days. The former Speaker will begin tomorrow adding new time to his own record, with the hope of reaching the age of 100, and beating Gladstone's record of fifty-three years in the House of Commons.

"Uncle Joe's" achievement will be celebrated in the House tomorrow, with Champ Clark, himself a veteran, who will retire on March 4, leading the speaking ceremonies. Mr. Cannon will also speak, and many of the older members will ask time for a few remarks.

Walking about the corridors of the Capitol today chewing a long black cigar, Mr. Cannon told a friend that there was no use offering a little advice to younger Representatives, because somebody else was always thinking up smart things and attributing them to him. The remark, attributed to Mr. Cannon, that they put spurs on the heels of army officers to keep their feet from slipping off their desks, was never uttered by him.

"But what's the use?" he asked.

Counting his victory in the recent landslide, Mr. Cannon has been elected to Congress twenty-three times. First elected in 1872, he has kept coming to Congress ever since, with the exception of two bad Novembers, when his people failed to return him.

On May 7, next, he will be 85 years old. Few of his friends remember that he was born at Guilford, N. C. He served eight years as Speaker, and has been doing committee work so long that he has forgotten when he started.

"Mr. Gladstone served fifty-three years in the British House of Commons, and with good election luck I hope to beat that," the former Speaker said. "I have had four years of absence that I didn't ask for, and hope to reach the fifty-three, but then you never can tell."

NEW CABINET SLATE NOW NEAR DECISION

Hughes, Dawes, Weeks, Wallace, Hoover and Daugherty Rated as Leading.

HARMONIOUS GROUP SOUGHT

McCumber Joins the Harding Forces on League, but Straus Opposes New Association.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 28 (Associated Press)—After weeks of consideration and consultation, President-elect Harding is nearing a decision on several of his most important Cabinet appointments.

It may be said authoritatively that so far no such decision has been made, and that any suggestions which he may have dropped on the subject have been of a tentative and indefinite nature. It is equally certain, however, that in his talks here with leaders in many walks of life he has indicated clearly what men are uppermost in his mind as he asks for advice on the make up of his official family.

Those who have discussed the question with him intimately believe that appointments under very serious consideration include the following:

CHARLES E. HUGHES of New York, Secretary of State.
CHARLES G. DAWES of Illinois, Secretary of the Treasury.
JOHN W. WEEKS of Massachusetts, Secretary of the Interior.
HENRY WALLACE of Iowa, Secretary of Agriculture.
HERBERT HOOVER of California, Secretary of Labor.
HARRY M. DAUGHERTY of Ohio, Attorney General.

How many of these will actually receive the places for which they are now most prominently mentioned is a question that even Mr. Harding himself is not yet prepared to answer. Already several shifts have been made in his tentative appointment slate as he has worked his way toward a balanced and harmonious Cabinet, and other shifts are expected before the last decision is made.

Some Announcements Soon.

It is certain that for several of the places mentioned the President-elect has more than one man under consideration and that the list of possibilities given is far from complete. In regard to most of the Cabinet posts decisions may be deferred for several weeks, and the intervening period of deliberation may change the whole face of the problem.

Mr. Harding's selections for Secretary of State and Secretary of the Treasury, however, are expected to be known definitely within a few days. At the same time he may make public the names of one or two others on whom he has definitely decided for membership in the Cabinet.

Aside from those mentioned, recent gossip about Harding headquarters has brought to the fore the names of several who hitherto had been in the background of Cabinet speculation. Among them is Joseph Dixon of Montana, prominently mentioned for Secretary of the Interior; Charles D. Hilles of New York, discussed for Secretary of Commerce or the Treasury, and A. T. Hert of Kentucky, whose name has been associated with the portfolio of war.

Clashing Advice on League.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 28.—President-elect Harding received contradictory advice on the League of Nations from two friends of the League who came here to confer with him today.

Senator Porter J. McCumber of North Dakota, the only Republican member of the Senate who voted for the ratification of the Treaty of Versailles without reservations, expressed the belief that so far as this country was concerned the League was dead, and that a new association of nations should be formed. Oscar S. Straus of New York, ex-Ambassador to Turkey, told Senator Harding that if a new association were proposed its success would be doubtful.

Concerning foreign policies, Senator McCumber said that he was not at liberty to speak of the particular plans which Senator Harding had in mind, but for himself expressed the view that the League covenant ought to be set aside and a new association of nations formed, which he believed would be possible in view of the general willingness of the important nations to cooperate with the United States.

"Senator Harding," he said, "is doing everything in his power to secure

Continued on Page Four.

Fleischmann, N. C.—25th Anniversary Season. Golf and all other sports. Thru Pullman Parlor. 1:05 P. M. daily.—Advt.

FIRST WINTER ICE CAUSES FOUR DEATHS

Three Boys and a Girl Drowned in New York and Its Suburbs.

EIGHT CHILDREN RESCUED

Youngsters Playing on Ponds, Lake and Canal Ice Too Thin to Bear Them.

Eagerness to test the first ice of the Winter brought death by drowning yesterday to three boys and a girl, and resulted in rescues of eight other children here and near by.

Two lads on a borrowed sled, gleefully deaf to the shouts of a watchman, coasted down a small hill and out onto the thin ice on Pond 19 on the golf course at Forest Park, Queens Borough. The ice, not much thicker than the back of a knife, broke, and hours later, after the pulmotor had been in constant use, physicians at St. Mary's Hospital said Richard Kolm, 10 years old, of 18 Dean Street, Union Course, and Harold Mattern, 14 years old, of 17 Dean Street, were dead.

Several other boys saw the sled break through the ice, and their shouts reached Park Commissioner Henry Benninger, who, with several of his assistants, got a rowboat out to the hole in the ice. Firemen from Hook and Ladder Company 135 recovered the bodies with grappling hooks. The Park Department, fearing neighborhood children would try out the ice, had a watchman stationed to chase them away, but the two boys managed to elude him, the authorities said.

Four-Year-Old Girl Drowned.

On the banks of the Morris Canal at Dickerson Street, near Sussex Avenue, Newark, between the tall buildings of the Lauter Piano Company and the Whitehead & Hoag Company, four little girls planned to walk across the canal. The snow covering gave the ice a false look of strength, but Florence Plunkett, 8 years old, of 23 Hunterdon Street, Newark, held back. Her sister Lillian, 4 years old, started across the ice with Margaret Frazer, 8 years old, of 401 New Street, and Irene Reynolds, 11 years old, of 71 Morris Avenue.

A short way out the ice snapped and the three girls disappeared. The cries of Florence Plunkett brought workers from the plants, and Philip Reilly of 130 South Seventh Street and Joseph Pospisil of 1 Watchung Avenue, Bloomfield, got the Frazer and Reynolds girls ashore. They were revived in the City Hospital, where Margaret Frazer said her three-stroke ability as a swimmer enabled her to keep her chum up. Lillian Plunkett went down, and last night searchers had not recovered her body. The canal authorities will be asked today to drain the runway.

Trying out his Christmas present, a sleigh of the flexible steel type, a boy about 10 years old coasted down the west bank of the big lake in Central Park, near Seventy-second Street, late yesterday afternoon. He slid out on the ice for about fifteen feet, and then the ice gave way.

Three older boys—William Cleary of 236 West Fifteenth Street, Joseph Allen and Walter Finn of 234 West Fifteenth Street—saw the mishap and Cleary and Finn ran out on the ice and got the lad out. When he reached the shore he was more concerned about his "wonderful" sleigh than about his ducking or his narrow escape, and his rescuers said they'd go back and get it from where it was hanging on the edge of the hole.

Rescuers Rescued in Turn.

But when the three older boys reached the hole the ice cracked under their weight and they dropped into the water. Their shouts brought Fireman Christopher Plunkett of 438 West Forty-eighth Street, and Policeman John McKnight of the Arsenal Station, who got them safely ashore. Meanwhile, the 10-year-old lad disappeared, apparently homeward bound without his sled.

Matthew Knitta, 11 years old, of 77 Beadle Street, Brooklyn, was drowned when he fell through the ice on Cooper's Pond, between Gardiner and Stewart Avenues, Brooklyn. Richard Gelaha, 10 years old, of 71 Beadle Street, fell in at the same time, but was pulled out by James Dascole of 434 Keap Street and Michael Gass of 933 Metropolitan Avenue, who were passing. The police recovered the Knitta boy's body.

Fireman John Healey of Engine Company 2, Jersey City, plunged into the Morris Canal at the foot of Van Vorst Street late in the afternoon and rescued George Massura, 9 years old, of 146 Morris Street, who had broken through the ice. The boy could swim and managed to keep up in spite of the freezing water until Healey reached the canal. Healey made the plunge with a rope tied about his body. He caught the lad in his arms and other firemen pulled them to the bank.

FLORIDA INFORMATION AT Atlantic Coast Line Railroad office, 1500 Penn (32nd St.). Tel. Longacre 8000.—Advt.

$2,500,000 PAID TO NEW HAVEN ROAD IN $150,000,000 SUIT

Minority Stockholders Accept Compromise From Company's Former Directors.

$833,333.33 COUNSEL FEES

Cause of Action Doubtful, Says Judge Hough in Ordering Settlement of Case.

ROAD APPROVED THE PLAN

Graded Damages Expected to Be Assessed on Group of Prominent Defendants.

An order for discontinuance of the $150,000,000 restitution suit brought by minority stockholders against former officers, Directors and counsel of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company was signed yesterday by Judge Charles M. Hough in the Federal District Court, following a compromise whereby the defendants are to pay the New Haven Railroad Company $2,500,000. By permission of the court, $833,333.33 is to be deducted from this amount to pay counsel for the complainants.

In a memorandum attached to the order, Judge Hough points out that through this compromise "the individual defendants are buying their peace from the plaintiffs by paying money to the corporate defendant," and further that the only interest of the plaintiffs is to procure restitution for the company, along with the recovery of counsel fees and expenses.

The original suit was instituted on Aug. 30, 1916, by Edwin Adams, Julius C. Morse, George C. Fisk, James F. Ray and Mary M. Clark, Massachusetts stockholders. The defendants named were William Rockefeller, Charles M. Pratt, Lewis Cass Ledyard, George MacCulloch Miller, James S. Elton, Henry K. McHarg, Edward D. Robbins, John L. Billard, Robert W. Taft, Charles S. Mellen and J. Pierpont Morgan, Herbert L. Satterlee, William P. Hamilton and Lewis Cass Ledyard as executors under the will of J. Pierpont Morgan, and Florence A. V. Twombly, as executrix under the will of Hamilton McK. Twombly, and the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company. Subsequently another group of stockholders represented by James E. Young and Joseph Engle were allowed to intervene.

Order by the Court.

It is pointed out by the court that the petition has been approved on behalf of the New Haven Railroad, and as the proposed compromise appears to the court to be "fair and reasonable," Judge Hough said that he would grant the following order:

"This cause coming on to be heard on the petition of the complainants for leave to compromise and settle the various claims and causes of action set forth in the bill of complaint for the sum of $2,500,000 to be paid by the individuals and estates defendants in this cause to the corporate defendant the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company; and it appearing that the complainant George C. Fisk died upward of a year ago and that the said cause of action has not been revived as to him; and due notice of the filing of said petition having been given to the said railroad company and said company having appeared by its duly authorized solicitor and counsel and consented in open court to the making of said compromise and settlement; and it appearing to the court that said proposed compromise and settlement is fair and reasonable and one which the complainants should accept:

It is therefore, on this 28th day of December, A. D. 1920, ordered, adjudged and decreed that the complainants have leave to make said compromise and settlement upon the terms stated, which are hereby approved, and that upon said compromise and settlement being made and the said sum of $2,500,000 paid to the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, the defendants, William Rockefeller, Charles M. Pratt, Lewis Cass Ledyard and J. Pierpont Morgan, Herbert L. Satterlee, William P. Hamilton and Lewis Cass Ledyard as executors under the last will and testament of J. Pierpont Morgan, deceased, and Florence A. V. Twombly, as executrix under the last will and testament of Hamilton McK. Twombly, deceased, and each of them, be discharged from any and all further or other liability either joint or several on account of any of the matters or causes of action set up in the said bill of complaint and from any and all further or other liability to the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company by reason of any of the said matters or causes of action.

"And it is further ordered that upon the receipt of the said sum of $2,500,000 the defendant, the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, execute and deliver to the the said William Rockefeller, Charles M. Pratt, Lewis Cass Ledyard and J. Pierpont Morgan, Herbert L. Satterlee, William P. Hamilton and Lewis Cass Ledyard as executors under the last will and testament of J. Pierpont Morgan, deceased, and Florence A. V. Twombly as executrix under the last will and testament of Hamilton McK. Twombly, deceased, and each of them, a full and complete release and discharge from any and all further or other liability, either joint or several, on account of any of the matters or causes of action set forth in said bill of complaint and that thereupon this cause be dismissed.

"Leave is reserved to the complainants or their counsel to apply to the Court

Continued on Page Four.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

Wilson Spends 64th Birthday With Members of His Family

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—President Wilson, who entered the White House at the age of 56, celebrated today the sixty-fourth anniversary of his birth, his last birthday before retiring to the life of a private citizen. All of the members of the President's immediate family, with the exception of William G. McAdoo, his son-in-law, spent the day with him.

Many messages of congratulations were received during the day, including one from King George of Great Britain.

Mrs. Wilson entertained at luncheon Miss Marjorie Brown, cousin of Mr. Wilson's first wife, and her fiancé, Benjamin Hill of New York, whose wedding took place tonight at the home of the bride. Mrs. Wilson, with Mrs. McAdoo, Mrs. Sayre and Miss Wilson, attended the wedding.

ENRIGHT PROPOSES U. S. CRIME BUREAU

Denies "Crime Wave" at Conference, but Says "These Are Most Serious Times."

FOR JERSEY SULLIVAN LAW

McCran Would Arm Citizens—"Rabbit Drive for Criminals" Urged.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 28.—Speaking before 200 New Jersey Mayors and county prosecutors at the crime conference called here today by Governor Edwards, Police Commissioner Enright of New York reiterated his declaration that there was no "crime wave" in the country, but added that "these are perhaps the most serious times with which the police departments throughout the country are confronted."

Commissioner Enright made several suggestions for the fighting of criminals in New York City and New Jersey. One was that New Jersey should have a law, similar to the Sullivan law of New York, which would prohibit carrying of weapons without license. He said that many of New York's desperate criminals bought their weapons in New Jersey.

Another suggestion was that bail should be higher.

A third was that all men arrested on suspicion, or on criminal charges, should be held at least twenty-four hours, so that every man could be forced into the line-up at police headquarters for scrutiny of his face and record.

The Commissioner criticised the method of furnishing bonds to criminals by surety companies, and asserted that a surety company got fees "coming and going" in burglary cases—once for insuring property against loss and then for furnishing the bond to the burglar after he had stolen the client's property.

Proposes Federal Crime Bureau.

Another proposal was the establishment of a Federal bureau in Washington to gather and disseminate finger-prints, records and other facts concerning criminals. He would have the New York police notified every time a New York criminal was released from an Illinois prison, and New York would notify New Jersey when it released a man who might be likely to return to that State. The arrival of hundreds of thousands of immigrants brought a new element into the criminal life of this country, Mr. Enright said, and a stronger agency was needed to cope with this new danger of crime—an agency for the dissemination of information, which, he said, was already in existence in many European countries.

This was the most extensive talk on crime conditions made by the Commissioner since his department has been under fire during the so-called "crime wave." He talked more freely than at any time in his own city, and several times he agreed or disagreed with statements of New Jersey officials who had preceded him. As a result, the conference at times verged on debate.

Mr. Enright disagreed with Attorney General McCran, who said every honest citizen ought to be armed to kill any criminal who attempted to rob him. The Attorney General said authority existed by force. The way to check the crime wave was to chase criminals from the State or make resistance so strong that they would be forced to an honest living. Terrorism for criminals instead of for householders and travelers he said, would teach robbers to respect the law.

Citizens' Duty to Use Arms.

"No citizen ought to go out on a dark road at night unarmed," said the Attorney General, "and it is his duty to use arms if necessary. When Commissioner Enright spreads his net to drive criminals out of New York, we must not spread our net to keep them in and take care of them. We should make New Jersey too dangerous for them to enter at all."

Governor Edwards favored some measure similar to the Sullivan law, and said that in nine cases out of ten New York criminals had bought their weapons in New Jersey. He was authorized by the conference to appoint a committee to formulate such a measure for presentation to the New Jersey Legislature next month.

Checking of all automobiles and vehicles entering New Jersey was proposed by the Governor, as well as rechecking of these vehicles at bridges and other impasses along the State highways. He said he would appoint William L. Dill, State Motor Vehicle Commissioner, to supervise this work in conjunction with sheriffs and prosecutors in all counties. He would call on members of the American Legion to fight criminals through-

Continued on Page Two.

3 TRAPPED IN AUTO AS BANK ROBBERS; HUNDREDS LOOK ON

Detectives With Drawn Pistols Rush Suspects in Crowded Street—Fight Follows.

TWO WOMEN ALSO TAKEN

Two Men Admit Milltown Robbery—Fingerprints Link Them With Westchester Crimes.

WEAPONS FOUND IN BAGGAGE

Aldermen Defeat Police Increase Bond Issue—$9,000 Jewelry Hold-Up Is Revealed.

In the arrest yesterday of three men at Broadway and Seventy-second Street, two of whom admitted participating in the robbery of the First National Bank at Milltown, N. J., ten days ago, Inspector Coughlin, head of the Detective Bureau, believes he may solve the mystery of many robberies in Westchester County clubs and residences in the last ten months.

The three men were seated in an automobile in front of the St. Andrew's Hotel when three Detective Sergeants with drawn pistols ordered them to put up their hands. At the same time two other Detective Sergeants stopped a taxicab containing two stylishly dressed women as they were driving off from the Seventy-second Street entrance to the hotel and seized four handbags, one of which contained two pistols.

The arrest of the three men was witnessed by hundreds of passersby, many of whom believed it to be another daring holdup. The three men and the two women were taken to Police Headquarters, where Inspector Coughlin said they gave their names as Jerome B. Chaffee, 31 years old, of 203 West 111th Street, his wife, Rose Claire, 30, of the same address; Harry Bitzburger, 30, and his wife, Vera, 24, and Chester B. Levine, 24, all of 238 West Seventy-third Street.

Andrews Murder Witnesses Called.

Soon after the prisoners reached headquarters, Inspector Coughlin sent for witnesses to the holdup and killing of Edwin A. Andrews, a jeweler, in his place of business on the eighth floor of 542 Fifth Avenue on the afternoon of Dec. 16 last, but after they confronted Chaffee and Bitzburger the witnesses declared the men were not the slayers.

The women said the pistols found in the satchels were owned by their husbands. Inspector Coughlin said Chaffee and Bitzburger admitted having served terms in the Federal Prison at Leavenworth, Kan., for crimes committed in the army, and that they participated in the Milltown Bank robbery, which resulted in the arrest of "Sailor" Voorhees and Walter Watson, formerly seamen in the navy, by armed civilians. Voorhees and Watson now are serving indeterminate terms of from seven to ten years each, having been convicted and sentenced within eighteen hours of their arrest.

Levine told detectives he owned the automobile in which the three men were arrested, but denied any knowledge of the Milltown robbery. He said he met the men in a restaurant at Broadway and Forty-ninth Street several months ago, and that they had asked him to meet him in front of the hotel yesterday to accompany them to a bank where he was to obtain $100 for them. The two men and two women, he said, contemplated leaving the city for Pittsburgh.

Levine Held as Accomplice.

Levine, Chaffee and Bitzburger were locked up, however, as fugitives from New Jersey, and, according to the Headquarters blotter entry, Levine was accused of acting in concert with Chaffee and Bitzburger in disposing of securities stolen from the Milltown bank.

While finger-printing Chaffee and Bitzburger, detectives discovered the finger-prints corresponded with those of burglars who last Summer committed a series of robberies in Westchester County. Inspector Coughlin refused to say, however, whether he suspected the prisoners of participating in the robbery of the Sleepy Hollow Country Club, at Scarsborough-on-the-Hudson, on the night of Oct. 14 last, when Mrs. Clarence E. Chapman of 820 Park Avenue and Mrs. Charles E. Danforth, wife of a broker, were robbed of jewelry valued at $100,000.

The arrest of Chaffee and Bitzburger was brought about through a tip received by Inspector Coughlin from the Pinkerton Detective Agency, which was investigating the Milltown robbery. The Pinkertons learned that a man was endeavoring to dispose of some of the securities to brokers in the financial district. They assigned operatives to trail the man, and when the suspect was seen to enter a boarding house in West Seventy-third Street, near Broadway, the Pinkerton Agency communicated with Inspector Coughlin. He assigned five detective sergeants to the case.

Shortly after noon yesterday, two of the detectives, standing at Broadway and Seventy-third Street, saw Mrs. Chaffee and Mrs. Bitzburger enter a taxicab. They followed the cab to the entrance of the St. Andrew's Hotel, where, with the women still inside, it waited more than half an hour, when Chaffee and Levine drove up in a touring car. In a few minutes Bitzburger came along, telephoned to somebody from a booth in a cigar store, and then entered the touring car. He had just seated himself beside Chaffee when the three detectives covered them with pistols.

Bitzburger started to jump from the car, but one of the detectives struck

41 to 24.

ENRIGHT IS CRITICISED

Adopt Motion to Reconsider Action Next Tuesday—$9,000 Jewel Robbery Revealed.

While Police Commissioner Richard E. Enright at the State-wide conference in Trenton, N. J., was pleading yesterday for measures whereby he said the sister State and the Federal Government could aid in the suppression of crimes of violence, the Board of Aldermen in New York turned down his appeal for 769 more patrolmen in addition to the 500 new men for whom provision has been made in the 1921 budget.

Because of Commissioner Enright's absence the fight in behalf of an issue of $1,380,361 in special revenue bonds to pay for the extra men was led by Acting Commissioner John A. Leach. The measure had passed the Board of Estimate over the opposition of F. H. LaGuardia, President of the Board of Aldermen, and no great difficulty in inducing the Aldermen to provide the necessary funds had been expected.

The Administration forces behind the appropriation managed to pass a motion to reconsider the action next Tuesday. The vote yesterday was 41 in favor and 24 against. Fifty-five votes in favor—a two-thirds majority—are required to effect the bond issue, and there was no indication last night that the reconsideration would result in favorable action unless the Commissioner should be able to sway some of the Republican and Socialist members who combined against his project.

Had Made Plans for Training.

Mr. Enright already had announced plans for the opening of an elaborate school of recruits whereby he hoped to put 730 men on patrol by March 1. Eighty probationers now are undergoing training and two new classes of 350 each were to have been opened immediately after Jan. 1. As things stand now the Commissioner lawfully can increase his department by only 500 men—420 in addition to those now being trained. He made no statement upon his return to the city as to his course in view of the board's unfavorable action, but at headquarters it was predicted that he would make vigorous efforts to get every man for whom he asked.

In the discussion of the proposed revenue issue, the Republicans generally objected on the ground of the city's bad financial condition, making plain at the same time their belief that continuing outbreaks of lawlessness are due to the inefficiency of those at the top of the department and not to lack of enough patrolmen. The Socialists based their opposition upon the charge as expressed by Alderman Abraham L. Shiplacoff that the police were unable to subdue criminals because they used their machinery instead to fight strikers.

Alderman William T. Collins, the Democratic leader, got through the motion to reconsider, although President F. H. LaGuardia actively opposed it. Deputy Commissioner Leach told the Aldermen that the August Grand Jury had recommended 2,500 additional patrolmen, but because of the city's financial condition only 500 additional men were provided for in the 1921 budget.

"Whether the increase of crime in this city is a fact or is due to hysteria and fear in the public mind is a question," said the Deputy Commissioner. "We want these men. The present state of public opinion is such that if a crime is committed in a hotel or a store they think we ought to be able to control it."

Explains Squad System.

The Deputy Commissioner explained that the nine-squad patrol system had been reinstated and that every policeman had to do eight hours patrol duty every day in the year with reserve duty in the station house. Under the ten-squad patrol system, started by Commissioner Enright, the patrolmen, he said, had one day off every week.

In voting against the resolution Alderman Robert Starr Allyn of Brooklyn declared that it was Commissioner Enright who was hysterical. He said he believed Enright wanted more policemen in order to quiet his nerves.

While admitting that he believed the present trouble in the Police Department was due to the inefficiency of the present Commissioner, and that he should be removed, Borough President Henry H. Curran declared that additional men were needed. He said in his neighborhood several serious crimes had been committed within a short time, and that his neighbors were clamoring for better police protection. President LaGuardia said new men could not be trained before next June.

Doc, it was believed, to Mr. Enright's attention being engaged by the Trenton conference, yesterday was the first day since the department began an intensive warfare on criminals that no unusual new measure of protection was announced.

Department heads were principally engaged with several captures which they thought represented a good day's work. Chief in importance they regarded the arrest of three men whom they accused in connection with the Milltown (N. J.) bank robbery a few days ago, which resulted in two others, caught at the time, being sentenced to long prison terms sixteen hours after the burglary.

Next in interest, the police thought, was the arrest of Frank Flanagan of 342 East Forty-eighth Street, on the charge of being involved in the holdup and robbery last month of David Saylor, a messenger for the Provident Loan Society of 736 Seventh Avenue. Saylor said he had been assaulted at Forty-seventh Street and Seventh Avenue by four men, who took from him $60,000 worth of diamonds, escaping in a taxicab. Saylor, himself an ex-convict, was held on the charge of being implicated in the crime.

Was Once in Death House.

Flanagan, who was said by the police to be a brother of one of the managers of the Blue Bird rathskeller in East Fourteenth Street, near which Monk Eastman, gangster, was slain last Sunday morning, served a term in Elmira and another in Sing Sing for grand larceny.

Flanagan was sent to the death house in June, 1919, by Judge Thomas T. C. Crain of the Court of General Sessions on conviction of the murder of Patrick Muthearn, a bartender, who was shot in a saloon at Park Avenue and 118th Street. After sixteen months, Flanagan's counsel obtained a retrial, which ended in his acquittal. Flanagan was arrested in 1919 for the murder of Muthearn while he was out on bail awaiting a trial on a charge of attempted robbery. He has not yet stood trial on this count, the police say.

Detectives Sheedy and Flood arrested Flanagan, but would not tell how they connected him with the Saylor affair. It was admitted that Saylor had not identified him as one of the assailants who took the gems from him in broad morning light.

As on previous days since Commissioner Enright in an interview said all crime news was available to the public, news of robberies and the like continued to transpire through the arrest or arraignment of alleged criminals, or through independent sources where disclosures were made of complaints previously concealed by the police.

The poultry market of Hantzis & Bros. at 1,333 Amsterdam Avenue was robbed Wednesday night, according to a member of the firm, who said the thieves got 1,500 pounds of poultry and $83 from

CRIME STIRS WESTCHESTER.

Motor Patrols of Citizens to Cruise County Towns.

Special to The New York Times.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Dec. 28.—According to the plans of the White Plains Chamber of Commerce, which will be followed up by other similar organizations throughout Westchester County, citizen patrols will be formed in the county to help put down the crime wave. Already more than thirty-five prominent residents of White Plains have organized themselves into a special society which will carry out the plan of patrolling certain districts of the city in addition to the city police.

The Citizens' Patrol of White Plains is the name of the new organization, and with the aid of the State troopers it is planned to wipe out all organized bands of bootleggers and gamblers that have been operating in the country. Some of the members will use automobiles and motorcycles while others will use bicycles. Just who will comprise the Citizens' Patrol of White Plains and other parts of the county will not be known, and according to the plan the citizens will change their patrol each evening.

CHICAGO POLICE ACTIVE, BUT CRIME CONTINUES

Jewelry Store Robbed and Several Men Held Up as 100 More Are Rounded Up in Raids.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—Nearly a hundred men picked up in the last twenty-four hours by special squads of police scooting through the city in high-powered cars were locked up at the Detective Bureau tonight. Two, Bernard Poole and John McElliott, both 16 years of age, confessed that the two revolvers and the steel saw blades in their pockets were in preparation for robbing a hardware store.

Before the falling temperature drove them from the streets, the criminals started the night by holding up a citizen at the corner of Michigan Boulevard and Van Buren Street. Within sight of dozens of persons going to hotels or theatres, two men, with a quick display of revolvers and few words, robbed Albert Dougherty of a dollar and his watch and then raced away in an automobile.

Shortly afterward two thugs pounced on Alderman Leo C. Klein as he stood in front of the Academy of Sciences. They knocked him down and kicked him, breaking his nose and blackening an eye. They robbed him of $45 and jewelry valued at $350.

Jewelry valued at $25,000 and $100 in cash were obtained by four hold-up men tonight in the jewelry store of August Heurich, at 3,057 Lincoln Avenue.

They wanted to look at diamond lavelliers and watches. Heugich's son, Walter, unlocked the safe, and as he turned with the trays the men leveled revolvers at him. He told the police they got 100 lavalliers, five watches and eight trays of rings.

CATCH 5 IN PISTOL BATTLE.

Orange Police Round Up Men Suspected of Planning Rum Theft.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, N. J., Dec. 28.—Pistol shots were freely exchanged, but no one was injured, early today when police rounded up five men who were alleged to have been acting suspiciously near the home of Andrew Norelli, at 11 Henry Street.

Norelli, who was said to have liquor valued at $20,000 stored in his cellar under a Government permit, telephoned the police about 1 o'clock this morning that men were loitering in front of his place in a suspicious manner. Five policemen answered. They arrested Harry White of Newark in front of the house. On information furnished by him they went to Lincoln and Central Avenues, where they discovered an auto truck, in charge of a man giving the name of Benjamin Unger of Newark, who was also arrested.

As the policemen were returning to Norelli's home, where they had left two officers, an automobile drove up and six men alighted. The police ordered them to halt, and three of them, it is said, drew revolvers and opened fire. Then began a pistol battle from behind trees, which lasted until the assailants had used up their bullets. The police captured three, who gave their names as Frank Seifert, Louis Milliman and Harry Noll, all of Newark.

Police of neighboring places were notified of the escape of the others, and the authorities of East Orange arrested a man giving the name of William Bailes of Newark, who, according to the police, fitted the description of one of the men.

The prisoners will be arraigned tomorrow before Judge Bianchi.

VILLAGERS FORM GUARD.

Wappingers Falls Prepares to Take Care of Criminals.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Dec. 28.—Residents of Wappingers Falls, a village about seven miles south of this city, have formed a vigilance committee to guard their village, and members of the committee, fully armed, are to be stationed on all roads leading into and out of Wappingers Falls.

Hold-ups along the State roads north of this city, in the vicinity of Rhinebeck and Staatsburg have been so frequent that motorists have banded together to refuse aid to any motorist in trouble whom they may meet, fearing the stranded car may be a trap. South of the city there have been similar cases, resulting in the action of Wappinger's Falls.

Just what plan has been adopted by the vigilance committee has not been announced, but members state that the instant a crime is committed word will be flashed to the men on duty in the different outposts and no one will be allowed to leave the village who cannot give a good explanation of where he has been.

The villagers, many of whom saw service in France with the American forces, feel that they can cope with the automobile crooks.

CROOKS USE HYLAN'S NAME.

Letter Purported to Be Signed by Mayor Used to Sell Tickets.

Criminals in New York are getting so bold that they are even using Mayor Hylan's name to defraud. That fact became known yesterday, when the Mayor made public a copy of a letter purported to have been signed by himself and circulated to get money on an alleged boxing bout and smoker which it said was to be held in Los Angeles in January. The letter carries the caption "B. P. O. Elks, 1329," and with it go two tickets for $1 each.

A statement given out by John F. Sinnott, the Mayor's secretary, on which was written, "Pittsburgh papers please copy," said:

"This letter is unauthorized and is a fraud upon the public. The attention of the police and Post Office authorities has been called to its circulation through the mails."

ALLEGED ASTOR BANDIT HELD IN PHILADELPHIA

Carl Wehner of This City Admits Identity, but Denies Guilt—Will Fight Extradition.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 28.—A man who gave his name as Carl Wehner, 24 years old, of New York, alleged to be one of the three gunmen who committed a robbery on the second floor of the Hotel Astor three weeks ago, was arrested tonight at Ninth and Market Streets by Detective Stillman of the Central Office.

Wehner was taken into custody after Captain Souder, chief of detectives, had received a "tip" that the man would be in that neighborhood shortly after 6 o'clock. Stillman had a description and photograph of the alleged bandit.

Detective Flaherty of New York arrived at headquarters at the same time that Stillman brought in his prisoner. Wehner admitted his identity, but denied that he had taken part in the robbery. He will fight extradition.

Wehner, the police say, served an eighteen months prison term in Columbus, Ohio, under the name of Charles Wilson. He came to this city shortly after the crime accompanied by two men and two women.

TOLD TO SHOOT TO KILL.

Toledo Police Ordered to Arrest Every Suspicious Character.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Dec. 28.—More than a score of plain clothes policemen were sent out tonight with instructions to arrest every suspicious character found and to shoot to kill if necessary.

The order, issued by George P. Greenhalgh, Director of Public Safety, followed a week of hold-ups and robberies in which a number of citizens were severely beaten by footpads.

ACCUSE AMERICAN IN PARIS.

"L. S. Mortimer's" Checks Not Honored by Bank, It Is Charged.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—L. S. Mortimer, an American and a Director of the International Trust Syndicate, has been charged with writing checks without sufficient funds to honor them by the Italo-Belgian Bank. Bank officials advanced 828,000 francs against Mortimer's check for $50,000 on the Guaranty Trust Company of New York. They say payment on the check was not met.

Mortimer, aged 26, has been living in a luxurious apartment near the Bois de Boulogne and owned several race horses. He said he came from Rhode Island, and asserted that his father was a brother of wealthy bankers in New York.

The police say Mortimer's real name is Strasburg, and that he changed it during the war.

USED WITHOUT PERMISSION

Number Again Changed to E-94 as Result of Murder Due to Negro Chauffeur's Party.

The automobile which figured in the murder and suicide of a man and woman, both negroes, at 130th Street and Seventh Avenue, Monday night, was found yesterday to have been the property of the late Bishop Charles Sumner Burch. It had been used without permission by Charles Brown, the negro chauffeur, who lives at 123 West 131st Street. He had been in the employ of Bishop Burch for several months.

Brown limped home yesterday morning with a bullet wound in his leg, and was arrested. He convinced the police of the West 135th Street Station that he had nothing to do with the shooting, and was released. On Monday night, he said, he was told he would not be needed until the next day, and drove the car to his home, where he got Mrs. Lucille Amos, 20 years old, and Echol Jackson, both of whom live in the house, and Bessie Harper of 454 Lenox Avenue.

He said he drove to a moving picture house, where Mrs. Amos told him that her husband, from whom she had been separated, was following them and that he had better drive on. He said they returned to the 131st Street house, then later went for another ride.

While going up Seventh Avenue shortly before midnight at about 130th Street, he said, Raymond Amos, who had been living at 2,441 Seventh Avenue, jumped on the running board. Mrs. Amos told Brown to call a policeman, and Brown swerved the car toward the curb.

"You won't call any policeman for me," cried Amos, and pulling out an automatic pistol fired at his wife, according to Brown. The bullet went through her breast. Then he fired at Brown, the bullet clipping his leg. Brown jumped out and ran, and the other two girls followed him. Amos then shot himself, Brown said.

When the automobile was found an attempt was made to trace its ownership through records at Public Headquarters. The number E-77 was not on the police list. It was not until the Automobile Bureau of the Secretary of State's office opened that it was found that the car had belonged to the late Bishop Burch. He had had the number changed recently because, he had explained, traffic policemen seemed to select for reproof automobiles with high numbers.

Secretary of State Hugo arranged to have the number changed to E-77, which was the reason it did not appear on the police list. Mr. Hugo recalled that Bishop Burch had said he was much pleased with the new number, as it was stock for Episcopalian and it was not only a lucky number, but one that had religious significance.

The car was taken to the Secretary of State's office yesterday by detectives, who told the officials Bishop Burch's family desired to change the number again, so E-94 was attached to the car.

Amos was identified by physicians at the Harlem Hospital as having been there for treatment for insomnia last October. He served overseas with Colonel Willis Hayward's negro regiment, the 366th Infantry, formerly the old Fifteenth New York.

CITIZENS POLICE RIDGEWOOD.

50 With Military Experience Form 10 Auto Squads.

RIDGEWOOD, N. J., Dec. 28.—Fifty special officers, drawn from the citizens of Ridgewood with military experience, were sworn in at a meeting of the City Commissioners tonight, to be subject to call for any emergency growing out of the crime wave. The men have been organized into 10 squads of five, and one man of each squad furnishes an automobile for his squad.

The men will be armed with regulation side arms and will be under the Department of Safety. Mayor John B. Hopper and Superintendent of Police Fred Blackshaw.

ENRIGHT PROPOSES U. S. CRIME BUREAU

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

out the State, and especially in rural districts.

"This is a time for economy," said the Governor, "but no expense should be spared to suppress those of criminal tendencies."

Several Mayors and prosecutors expressed their views upon means of cleaning up the State and proposed a "rabbit drive for criminals" from border to border of New Jersey. Some of them called for rigorous discipline in prisons and less leniency in granting pardons.

Pardons Board in Session.

While the anti-crime conference was being held in the Assembly Chamber of the State House, Governor Edwards, Chancellor Walker and other members of the State Board of Pardons, sitting in the Executive Chambers, were considering pleas for clemency for 486 convicts.

"Small chance these pardon seekers have now," said one of the members, "with the Governor and State officials in their present anti-criminal state of mind."

A resolution was adopted by the 200 members of the conference, pledging use of vigorous methods in dealing with criminals. Already vigilance committees have been formed in many of the cities and towns, and all are ready to mete out "Jersey justice" without fear.

"I was very much surprised yesterday, upon reading one of the New York newspapers, to learn that there was a crime wave in New Jersey and in other parts of the country," said Commissioner Enright. "For the last two or three weeks I had been led to believe that it was entirely confined to the City of New York. However, I think that we are able to cope with the crime situation so far as New York is concerned.

"The records of our department will not carry out the idea that a crime wave is prevalent in our city. We are having a few spectacular crimes, some of them atrocious, some of them tragic, but the aggregate of felonies in the City of New York for the year 1920 will compare very favorably with similar records for 1919, the same records for 1918, 1917 and 1916. Of course, there is a new kind of crime abroad in the land, and I think that is what is attracting the attention of the public generally. It is the Wild West sort of crime.

Use of Firearms Increasing.

"We did have the crimes of assault and robbery just as numerous in the old days as they are today, with this exception—that the implement that was used by the criminal was the slungiron or the sandbag or brass knuckles, or some other means of offense. The gun and the holdup variety of the use of the gun were not so much in evidence, but we had that sort of crime just the same.

"Of all cities, Newark and Jersey City and Hoboken and the other smaller cities in the northern end of New Jersey, co-operate with us to a greater extent than any other cities of this country, and we are working together and we always have worked together. In recent years in utmost harmony. These cities are not trying to pass the buck to New York City, nor are we trying to pass it to them. I would say to our friend who just spoke, your Attorney General, that New York City is not in the business of sweeping its criminals out into the back yard; we believe in dragging them in, not driving them out, and we are doing that.

Urging a Sullivan law in New Jersey, Commissioner Enright said:

"We have found the Sullivan law to be a very great aid in the prevention of crime. There are a few, now under the stress of the agitation and frenzy which is existing on the part of the public, who call for the repeal of the Sullivan law. I think it would be a very serious thing, indeed, if this law were repealed. Possession of firearms by persons not skilled in their use, is a very dangerous prerogative. They very seldom have them at hand, anyhow, when they need them, and if they do have them, as a rule, under stress of a hold-up or anything of that character, they are frightened, they don't know which pocket they have them in, and they might just as well have a button hook or a shoe horn, so far as use is concerned.

Jersey Needs a Sullivan Law.

"I believe the Sullivan law in the State of New Jersey would be of vast assistance not only to the police departments here and a protection to your people, but it would be a very great help to our city. We find that a large number of criminals operating in the City of New York have obtained their weapons in neighboring New Jersey cities. This is not a criticism of anybody, but here is a brief list:

"Lawrence Hawthorne, the man who held up some guests in the Hotel Astor. Purchased a weapon in Newark.

"Andrew Sheridan, arrested Dec. 17 for robbery and possession of a revolver in the Thirty-first Precinct. Admitted he had purchased it in Newark.

"Walter Van Dyne, Eugene Halsey and Frank Ness, charged with burglary. Bought automatic guns in Hoboken.

"These are a few recent cases. We have a great many of them.

"The question of bail has been brought up, and that is one thing we have very strong feeling on in our own city. Men are released very promptly on bail, no matter what crime they commit, except homicide. Most criminals in New York City dread one thing more than anything else, and that is the line-up. Every morning Police Headquarters examines 150 to 200 criminals. They fear this line-up, because the men arrested may never have been in court before. In the line-up are gathered all the detectives except those actually at work, and if the criminal has any record at all he can be immediately singled out, the crime which he has previously committed will be brought up, and the case against him will be very much strengthened. Besides, the arrested are exhibited to all detectives and officers gathered there, and that is one thing they dread very much. To avoid the exhibition, if they have a lawyer they will see that they are released on bail during the night.

Would Hold All Twenty-four Hours.

"To my way of thinking, bail should not be granted to any criminal charged with a felony for at least twenty-four hours, and when that bail is fixed it should be a substantial bail, it should be a bail that he cannot easily obtain or that he will feel constrained to obey, instead of using it to gain his liberty and go out and commit additional crime.

"Now, another form of bail very distasteful to the men of our department is that indulged in by many surety companies operating in the City of New York. Criminals who could not get bail from a reputable citizen are able to go to surety companies and obtain bail without the slightest trouble. The surety companies will insure your house against burglary, robbery, larceny, and collect a fee from you; and when the criminal is arrested who has stolen it, the criminal will go to the surety company and get bail. Then he will go out and commit additional crime, and the surety company will get it coming and going.

"There is another form of surety that is very disastrous to police work. Reference has been made to speedy justice, or what we call, in our State, 'Jersey justice,' and I wish we had a great deal more of it in our State. We are getting a bit of it just now, and I am very glad of it, for criminals who may remain at liberty on bail for six months and nine months and a year, until everybody is tired out and has forgotten it, until most of the witnesses are out of the State for one reason or another, until the officers in the case have practically forgotten all about it, is not the form of justice that helps out police work and helps out the police department."

Tells of Need of Co-operation.

Speaking of the need of co-operation of all police departments and State prison departments, Commissioner Enright told how a New York detective caught Gordon Hamby, the murderer who killed two Brooklyn bank cashiers, and was put to death in the electric chair in Sing Sing Prison. He said that while the police were trying to get evidence on another man this detective caught a chance remark made by a San Francisco detective about Hamby's boast in the Tacoma jail that he had robbed a New York bank. This tip led to the solution of the crime.

This instance, he said, showed need of co-operation and interchange of all information on criminals, and particularly on criminals who had been released from prison after long terms. He said that are changes such men so that even policemen who arrested them might not recognize them again after many years.

"These are very serious times," continued Commissioner Enright. "The most serious, perhaps, with which Police Departments throughout the country have been confronted. There is a great deal of industrial unrest, of financial troubles and commercial troubles, that may not be solved for a year or two, and in the meantime there is going to be a great deal of suffering and privation, and a great many men are going to be out of work, and they are going to be hungry. A great many of them have been educated how to use a gun, and they have been educated not to care for human life, or anything, or any of the old standards of society, and we must take extreme steps to cope with this situation.

"Now, I would suggest that it be brought to the attention of Congress that a bureau be organized in Washington where we can collect all kinds of criminal intelligence and distribute it from there to the places that are entitled to have it. The finger prints of every criminal in this country, those that are now existing in every department, should be copied and forwarded to this centralized bureau. The records of criminals in jail and out of jail should be kept, and every police department ought to know when this man was liberated and where he went and all about him.

Peril From European Criminals.

"Another thing: We could establish some connection with a very much better agency, such as exists on the other side of the water. The London police, the Paris police, the Berlin police and all continental police departments have a very much better system of intelligence than we have. They can get very little intelligence from the police departments of this country, and until we get ourselves in a position where we can properly reciprocate with these great agencies we will not know of the movements of foreign criminals, nor will we know of the comings and goings of the anarchistic radicals that threaten this country.

"There will be a great exodus from Europe. There is now. We have a great deal of information on that. They will move in here very rapidly, many of them not through our own ports, but over the borders of Mexico and Canada. We have got to make provision for this new situation and we have got to handle it in a big way. It cannot be handled by New York alone, nor by New Jersey alone. It has got to be handled by a very much stronger agency, and that is the great agency of the United States Government. Is there anything more important than the establishment of a central police bureau in the City of Washington? We can establish a Bureau of Commerce and Labor, and afterward get a Cabinet officer; we can establish a Bureau of Agriculture, and afterward get a Cabinet officer; but is there any one thing so essential to the welfare of the people of this country as our lives and property and the peace of the country, and is there anything so essential as to have an agency that will cope with those who openly avow that they want to destroy all government, and particularly a Government such as we have here?"

Edwards Recognizes "Crime Wave."

Governor Edwards said his idea in calling the conference "was to put some check upon and do away with the crime wave" and to get co-operation of States and towns toward that end. He said the large Jersey cities were well policed and that "the particular need lies in the outlying districts—the country towns." He would seek the co-operation of country officers with "the young men who have been abroad and are now home and waiting to help do things in New Jersey that will make the State stand for something more than it has stood for."

The Governor said he would have all criminal records gathered in some central place in the State, and some agency established so that news of movements of suspicious persons could be scattered among the police when these suspects started to travel in the State.

Commissioner Dill, the State official named by the Governor to initiate this movement, then read the following suggestions of the Governor:

"I would request the railroad companies to make a full record of every motor vehicle crossing the Hudson ferries. This would cover our entire eastern boundary. I would make a like request at the Camden ferries. Proceeding up our western boundary, I would have similar records made and kept at the toll bridges at Trenton, and so on up the Delaware to the New York State boundary.

"I would designate these representatives as 'special motor vehicle inspectors' and have them inspect the licenses of every driver who enters the State and make a record of it, and where the inspection develops suspicious circumstances the police should be called in.

"As each municipality is usually entered by not more than two or three roads, I would have those entrances and exits watched from 12 midnight until 8 A. M. and so much longer as might be found necessary. In these cases licenses should be examined and drivers interrogated.

"I would take the same course at every bridge, especially such as are found at Perth Amboy, New Brunswick, Trenton, Passaic, Jersey City, Newark and other points.

The Governor said he would also suggest civilian road patrols at night in rural districts, an adaptation of the Sullivan law in New Jersey, high bail and speedy trial for criminals.

Governor Edwards also received a telegram from Chief Magistrate William McAdoo of New York urging the Sullivan law for New Jersey.

ASKS EFFICIENT POLICE.

Union Republican Club Wants Woods's Methods Restored.

The Union Republican Club of the Eighteenth Assembly District, with headquarters at 1,536 Madison Avenue, made public yesterday the following resolution calling upon Mayor Hylan to restore the Police Department to the efficiency of the days when Colonel Arthur Woods was Police Commissioner:

"Whereas conditions in the City of New York are such today that the life, limb and property of this community are

Charges Three With Robbing Him.

Peter Guy of 42 Thompson Street appeared in Harlem Court as complainant against John Costello of 289 Tenth Avenue, his brother Risa of 50 Union Street, Brooklyn, and their cousin, John B. Costello of 299 East 103d Street. Magistrate Ten Eyck held them in $5,000 bail each on charges of robbery, after Guy testified he was celebrating Christmas at the home of John B. Costello, when suddenly the three set upon him and took $250. He said he was badly beaten and thrown into a hallway. The men denied the robbery charge, saying Guy started the fight.

When five men who were arrested following a shooting last Saturday night, in front of the Owl Café, at 216 East Ninety-seventh Street, were arraigned before Magistrate Ten Eyck in Harlem Court, the court was informed that John Marino, 20 years old, of 219 East 101st Street, who had also been arrested, had died this morning in the Metropolitan Hospital. The original charge of suspicion of felonious assault against the five was changed to suspicion of homicide and they were held without bail for a hearing tomorrow.

George L. King, charged with the robbery of Henry Fettel in the latter's home at 187 Linden Avenue, Brooklyn, was held yesterday in $150,000 bail for trial by Judge Haskell in the Kings County Court. King, who was arrested on Christmas Day by Detective James McCarthy of the Flatbush Station, is under indictment for grand larceny, assault and illegally carrying a pistol. Mr. Fettel, a retired real estate broker, was attacked in his home on Nov. 22 by two alleged pals of King and robbed of $3,000 worth of jewelry.

King became acquainted with Mr. Fettel at a hotel in the Adirondacks. He is said to have planned the robbery and to have acted as "lookout" outside the Fettel home while the crime was committed. One of King's accomplices was caught by a policeman after leaving the house. The third man has not been arrested.

Held Two Youths for $6,000 Thefts.

Detectives under Captain Daniel Moriarity in Brooklyn, last night arrested two youths, who are alleged to have admitted committing eight burglaries netting $6,000 in the last three weeks so as to get money for a "good time in Broadway." They are Frank Loehrs, 19 years old, of 462 Hart Street, and Phillip Blum, 21 years old, same address, both clerks.

At the Hart Street address, the police said, were jewelry and clothing to the value of $3,500, with two flashlights, two jimmies and three skeleton keys. The police said the youths admitted robbing the apartments of Benjamin Falkowitz and Edward Stoddard at 1,004 Dekalb Avenue, and David Chandler of 1,095 Dekalb Avenue. These burglaries occurred yesterday and had not been reported to the police when the young men confessed them, the police said.

The men also admitted, according to the police, burglaries in Atlantic Avenue, East New York, Chestnut Street, Brownsville and St. John's Place, in the Sterling Heights section.

The two were held without bail for the Grand Jury on charges of burglary by Magistrate Dale in the Gates Avenue Court yesterday. Asked about a burglary at 934 Broadway, Brooklyn, the youths admitted entering that place, the police said, but denied taking anything, saying that they saw two revolvers under a pillow in a bedroom and left. Acting on this information furnished by the alleged burglars, the police arrested John Cicelo of the Broadway address, who was held in $1,000 bail for hearing Thursday on a charge of violating the Sullivan law.

DEATH MYSTERY UNSOLVED.

Funeral of J. F. McGuinness, Found Dead, Held in Jersey City.

Government agents continued yesterday their investigation into the mystery of the death of Squad Chief James F. McGuinness of the Prohibition Department of this city, whose body was found last Friday on the waterfront at Bayonne, N. J., with a bullet wound in the right temple. On the theory he was murdered by a bootlegger, the agents have followed every known clue, but so far without any definite results.

The funeral of McGuinness was held yesterday morning in St. Aedan's Roman Catholic Church, Tuers Avenue, near Mercer Street, Jersey City, following services in his late home, 333 Sumpt Avenue. Solemn mass was said by the Rev. Roger McGinley. There was a large attendance of friends and relatives, including prohibition agents and other employes of the Prohibition Department.

YOUNG TRAIN BANDITS CAUGHT AFTER BATTLE

Barricade Themselves in Station After Robbing Pullman Passengers—One Is Wounded.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—For the third time in a year, robbers tonight boarded the New Orleans-Chicago Fast Mail of the Illinois Central, took possession of the rear Pullman sleeper, and relieved twenty-five passengers of $500 in cash and $1,500 in jewelry. They were quickly captured.

The two bandits boarded the train at Gilman, eighty miles south of Chicago. The passengers, who arrived here at 10 o'clock, asserted the robbers were amateurs. They were extremely nervous and youthful, and acted as if they had absorbed much dime novel literature. They pressed a flagman and a newsboy into service to search passengers. These involuntary helpers proved derelict, and in consequence the passengers retained more money and valuables than they lost. The searchers invariably overlooked fat wallets in hip-pockets and talked the robbers out of their announced design of searching the lisle banks.

The largest enforced contribution was made by A. C. Booth, the Pullman Company conductor, who handed over $200 of the company's receipts.

As the train slowed down for the crossing near the State Insane Asylum at Kankakee, the robbers jumped from the train and disappeared into the darkness. Railroad officials and police quickly went in pursuit, and a little before midnight traced the bandits to the waiting room of the interurban station at the village of Aroma, where the fugitives barricaded themselves in a small room. A revolver duel ensued, the bullets passing through the door until one of the bandits was wounded. Then both surrendered.

They gave the names of Jake Scott and Joe Scott. Jake Scott is the wounded man and his injuries are said to be serious. Both gave Greenville, Ill., as their address.

DESERTS BRIDE OF WEEK.

Pseudo 'Eddie Rickenbacker' Leaves New York Girl in Chicago.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Dec. 28.—The man who, posing as Eddie Rickenbacker, the noted American aviator, married a New York girl here last week, has deserted his bride in Chicago, the young woman informed her mother today.

The pseudo Rickenbacker is said to have been a groom from a wealthy man's St. Augustine stables. Posing as the noted American airman, he was lavishly entertained in the best society and won a bride.

DEATH OF EASTMAN FOLLOWED PLOT TO KILL, SAYS DETECTIVE

Despite Their Early Morning Optimism, the Police Yesterday Did Not Arrest the Slayer of Monk Eastman, Veteran Gang Leader, Whose Regeneration Was Supposed to Have Been Worked by His Military Service until He Was Shot Down Sunday Morning at Fourteenth Street and Fourth Avenue and the Authorities Began to Divulge What They Knew of His Recent Record.

In contrast to the prediction of an arrest within a few hours, made early yesterday morning after detectives had questioned for many hours employes of the Blue Bird rathskeller, outside which Eastman was killed, no definite forecast as to when the slayer would be taken into custody was obtainable last night. The police still were sure the suspect, an old crony of Eastman's and a member of his own gang, "has not left New York," but it was obvious that their information did not extend to his present whereabouts.

When it was suggested at Headquarters that something over thirty-six hours elapsed between the commission of the crime and the questioning of witnesses and that the criminal—if there was but one—had had ample time to flee far from New York, it was said the police did not believe their case had been weakened by the lapse of time as they had to "work it out in our own way."

It was admitted last night that instead of being reasonably certain as to the motive for the shooting, as they thought they were just after Eastman's body was found, the motive now possibly would remain in doubt until the shooter was apprehended. The police still were disinclined to discuss the theory that Eastman, who had been asked to give information by at least two of the departments of criminal investigation in the department, was killed by a man who believed he had given such information and who mistook him for an informer. They were still inquiring as to Eastman's alleged relapse into the underworld and his rumored activities as a drug runner and "hootch" peddler and were inclined to believe that a quarrel with a partner in one of these activities was the immediate forerunner of the shooting.

After the police had questioned for eight hours the two waiters and the cashier of the Blue Bird, whom they held as material witnesses, these three were examined at length by Assistant District Attorney John R. Hennis, in charge of the homicide bureau of the District Attorney's office.

Mr. Hennis said the questioning had developed that Eastman went to the Blue Bird from Brooklyn with six of his boon companions. The shooting, he said, in the belief of the authorities, was done by the seventh man, who was not one of the party who had sat long about a big table in the rathskeller. He declared the police were hunting for the six men, and also were searching for the automobile, but admitted that none of the seven persons the police were most interested in interviewing had been picked up by them. Neither had they found the big automobile which brought six of the seven to the café.

Mr. Hennis also examined A. A. Ayres, the printer, who is the only eyewitness thus far found, although he has declared numbers of others witnessed the shooting.

Funeral services for the dead man will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The body is at the undertaking establishment of A. C. Yannaco, 348 Metropolitan Avenue, Brooklyn. The body is dressed in the uniform of the United States Army, and on the left breast is the American Legion wounded man's button with a silver star in the center. The insignia of the Twenty-seventh Division is on the left shoulder, three service stripes on the left sleeve and two wound stripes on the right sleeve. On a silver plate on the coffin is inscribed Eastman's name with the date of his birth and death, and underneath "Our lost pal. Gone, but not forgotten."

Two of Eastman's "buddies" in France, John J. Boland, of 168 Broadway, and Hank Miller, Platoon Sergeant, will pay the expenses of the funeral. Burial will be in an army plot in Cypress Hill Cemetery. A military escort of members of the 106th Infantry Post, American Legion, will escort the body to the grave. A volley will be fired after the body is lowered into its last resting place.

Not long after the body was removed from the Morgue a man in the uniform of the Navy, who said he was a chief petty officer aboard one of the battleships, called at the Morgue but the Medical Examiner surrendered it to his friends when she failed to appear.

DEATH MYSTERY UNSOLVED.

Funeral of J. F. McGuinness, Found Dead, Held in Jersey City.

Government agents continued yesterday their investigation into the mystery of the death of Squad Chief James F. McGuinness of the Prohibition Department of this city, whose body was found last Friday on the waterfront at Bayonne, N. J., with a bullet wound in the right temple. On the theory he was murdered by a bootlegger, the agents have followed every known clue, but so far without any definite results.

The funeral of McGuinness was held yesterday morning in St. Aedan's Roman Catholic Church, Tuers Avenue, near Mercer Street, Jersey City, following services in his late home, 333 Sumpt Avenue. Solemn mass was said by the Rev. Roger McGinley. There was a large attendance of friends and relatives, including prohibition agents and other employes of the Prohibition Department.

YOUNG TRAIN BANDITS CAUGHT AFTER BATTLE

Barricade Themselves in Station After Robbing Pullman Passengers—One Is Wounded.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—For the third time in a year, robbers tonight boarded the New Orleans-Chicago Fast Mail of the Illinois Central, took possession of the rear Pullman sleeper, and relieved twenty-five passengers of $500 in cash and $1,500 in jewelry. They were quickly captured.

The two bandits boarded the train at Gilman, eighty miles south of Chicago. The passengers, who arrived here at 10 o'clock, asserted the robbers were amateurs. They were extremely nervous and youthful, and acted as if they had absorbed much dime novel literature. They pressed a flagman and a newsboy into service to search passengers. These involuntary helpers proved derelict, and in consequence the passengers retained more money and valuables than they lost. The searchers invariably overlooked fat wallets in hip-pockets and talked the robbers out of their announced design of searching the lisle banks.

The largest enforced contribution was made by A. C. Booth, the Pullman Company conductor, who handed over $200 of the company's receipts.

As the train slowed down for the crossing near the State Insane Asylum at Kankakee, the robbers jumped from the train and disappeared into the darkness. Railroad officials and police quickly went in pursuit, and a little before midnight traced the bandits to the waiting room of the interurban station at the village of Aroma, where the fugitives barricaded themselves in a small room. A revolver duel ensued, the bullets passing through the door until one of the bandits was wounded. Then both surrendered.

They gave the names of Jake Scott and Joe Scott. Jake Scott is the wounded man and his injuries are said to be serious. Both gave Greenville, Ill., as their address.

Sterling Engraving Co.
New York
TWIN PLANTS
200 William Street
Telephone: Beekman 3900
10th Avenue at 36th Street
Telephone: Longacre 820

RUM RAIDERS CLEAR A WISCONSIN TOWN

Fifty Chicago Agents Arrest 57 and Seize Two Loads of Liquor in Hurley.

CENTRE FOR LUMBER JACKS.

Moonshiners Flocked There and Threatened to Shoot the First Agent to Appear in the District.

HURLEY, Wis., Dec. 28.—Federal prohibition agents from Chicago visited nearly all the saloons, arrested fifty-seven persons and confiscated two loads of liquors in a raid that started shortly before noon today and continued for several hours. The prisoners and evidence were taken first to Ironton and thence to Ashland, Wis., where, probably tomorrow, the men will be arraigned before a United States commissioner on a charge of violating the Federal prohibition laws.

The raid was undertaken at the direction of Judge Kenesaw M. Landis of Chicago, and was planned by Frank B. Richardson, newly appointed prohibition enforcement agent for this district. The raiding party of fifty or more was in charge of Joseph Callahan. "Movie" machines clicked every time a Federal agent drew a revolver, or a keg of liquor rolled into the street, and a number of newspaper men accompanied the invaders.

The crowd that followed the agents down Silver Street grew in a few minutes to more than 200 persons, but there was no demonstration, no hints of opposition to the raid; in fact, the crowd seemed more disposed to make it the occasion for a holiday.

As a surprise party the affair was a complete success, Federal agents agreed. While it was declared the saloons had been "tipped off" last night, apparently the great quantity of liquor had been concealed, according to many natives who watched the "mush march" down Silver Street.

Street cars were used to transport the agents, their prisoners and the seized liquors from Hurley to Ironwood. A sleigh drawn by two horses followed the agents in their clean-up, and hauled the liquor to the street cars. In Ironwood a dray met the street cars and took the liquor to the special cars.

Get Much Moonshine Liquor.

Moonshine, according to observers who pretended to know, constituted the principal "wet" haul, although there was a considerable quantity of the kind that bore brands formerly familiar sights in every saloon window.

The raid followed a wild night at Hurley, during which liquor was sold at bargain rates, ranging from 25 cents for moonshine whisky to 75 cents for well-known brands. Among the arrests were lumberjacks too paralyzed from liquor to realize what was happening.

This logging camp town has been the centre of anti-prohibition feeling for several months. Many lumberjacks are foreigners.

The smoldering resentment toward prohibition broke into flame in a battle here on Oct. 9, when prohibition operatives, in search of bootleggers, who lost contraband whisky estimated to be worth $5,000 or more, was killed in the fight and another was seriously wounded.

[illegible] time it is said, prohibition agents [illegible] Hurley, waiting until [illegible] preparations could be made [illegible] force.

The [illegible] district in this part of the north [illegible] been guarded by dry officials as a law-defying community. Reports that [illegible] saloons gambling [illegible] and "bootleg joints" flourished openly, each one selling any kind of liquor obtainable, from moonshine whisky to Italian wine, have been numerous.

Opposition to any encroachment from outside took definite form, however, after the fight in October. Bootleggers were said to have organized and issued a defiance that the first prohibition agent to show himself in Hurley would be shot. They vowed, it was said, to keep Hurley "a man's town for real men."

Home brewing has become a prominent industry, according to residents of the town, which boasts little more than 4,000 people. Kentuckians driven from the hills of their own State by revenue agents are said to have migrated to this district and set up their stills.

Refuses to Extradite Dry Agent.

LANSING, Mich., Dec. 28.—Governor Albert E. Sleeper denied today the request of Wisconsin authorities for the extradition to Iron City, Wis., of Leo J. Grove, chief prohibition enforcement officer for Upper Michigan, and two of his assistants, indicted in Iron County on a charged of murdering John M. Chapusle, alleged liquor runner.

The Governor's decision was announced following a hearing in the executive offices, attended by Grove, his assistants, Arthur Scully and Jay P. Sweeney; United States District Attorney Myron H. Walker of the Western Michigan district, law officers of Iron County, Wis., and members of the Michigan State constabulary.

Incidents of the night of Oct. 9, when Chapusio was shot and killed, were described by Grove. With a number of his men, he said, he was out watching a road leading into Hurley, over which he expected a number of cars loaded with liquor. He had been informed, he testified, that forty-five men, part of whom were armed, had gone with twenty-three automobiles from Hurley to Milwaukee to bring back $50,000 worth of liquor, and he was watching to capture them on their return.

During the night, he said, he captured four cars carrying liquor. Chiapusio, he said, was riding in one of them and during the effort to stop the machine, Chiapusio was shot by one of six men in the squad of prohibition enforcement officers. Grove said he was not present when the shooting occurred. He did not tell the details of the killing.

Conditions at Hurley were described by members of the State Constabulary who referred to the town as headquarters for liquor smuggling operations for Northern Michigan. Roy C. Vandercook, former head of the constabulary, expressed the opinion that Federal officers could not obtain a fair trial in Hurley in view of conditions there and the sentiment of the community.

IRONWOOD, Mich., Dec. 28.—According to reports received tonight, Hurley is laughing over the raid today by Federal prohibition enforcement agents. Fifty minutes after the Federal agents with fifty-seven prisoners left for Ashland, Wis., moonshine liquor was sold in Hurley. Tonight, it was said, any one who knew how could buy liquor by the quart or case.

ASK MACHINE GUN FOR RUM.

San Francisco Agents Fear Eastern Crime Wave Imperils Liquor.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 28.—The purchase of a machine gun to guard intoxicating liquor seized and held here by Federal authorities will be recommended to Washington, it was announced today, following an inspection of vaults where the liquor is sequestrated.

John O. Davis, Collector of Customs, said the liquor was valued at more than $2,000,000. Fear that the crime wave now reported in the East may spread to the Pacific Coast underlies the proposed recommendation for a machine gun, Davis said.

WATCH RIVER 3 WEEKS TO FIND SON'S BODY

Pottsville Couple in Pittsburgh Cling to Hope It Will Be Found.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 28.—For three weeks Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Taylor of Pottsville, Pa., have kept pathetic vigil over the river in which their son, William R. Taylor, was drowned Dec. 3, when a timber fell from the Thirty-third Street Bridge, upon which he was employed, and knocked him into the river.

The father and mother immediately came to Pittsburgh to search for the body. Dragging proved in vain and, although Mr. Taylor obtained a permit to dynamite the river, ice made this impossible.

The young man's employer, the American Bridge Company, has helped in the hunt.

Mr. Taylor, who is a coal operator, has given up his business to remain in Pittsburgh until he has found the body. Advertisements placed in all the papers by the Taylors offer a liberal reward for its recovery.

"Expense means nothing," said Mr. Taylor today. "We want the body of our son. Nothing else matters. Mrs. Taylor and I will remain here until our boy is found."

"The river is so cold," added Mrs. Taylor simply. "We can't leave William there under the ice."

The wife of the drowned man came to the city with her husband's parents and is now resting in Marietta, Ohio.

BERNARD DYLLYN DIES FROM ESCAPING GAS

Roused From Bed, Aged Actor Is Overcome in Room—Had Often Helped Needy Players.

J. Bernard Dyllyn, an actor, whose last appearance in this city was in George M. Cohan's production "The Royal Vagabond," in which he took the part of Shefchek, was found asphyxiated in his furnished room at 305 West Forty-second Street yesterday morning. Dyllyn, who was 67 years old, shared the room with another occupant. His body, lying on the floor near the door, was found by James Emerson, another roomer at the same address, who reported the matter to the police. An investigation indicated that Dyllyn had returned home on Monday night and lit both a gas jet and a burner, before going to sleep. Gas escaping apparently from a defective burner connection aroused him, but he was too overcome to reach the door where he sought fresh air. A pin found on his clothing indicated that Dyllyn was a member of Elks Lodge No. 1, and this and other clues led to his identification.

Dyllyn first appeared in this city more than twenty years ago in variety productions, subsequently taking parts as a baritone singer. Later he appeared for the first time with Cohan in "Little Tommy Jones," and then went on the road. A representative of Mr. Cohan said that Dyllyn had often helped actors in need of financial or other assistance. His nearest kin is a cousin, named Condon, who lives in Brooklyn.

LAWRENCE FACTION WILL JOIN 'ONE BIG UNION'

Radicals, Led by Legere, Break From Amalgamated Textile Workers at Meeting.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Dec. 28.—A split occurred in the ranks of the local union of the Amalgamated Textile Workers of America at a meeting tonight, and a faction headed by Ben Legere, former Secretary, announced its intention of joining the "one big union."

The other faction, headed by Joseph Salerno, who was elected Secretary last Sunday night, reiterated its determination to retain membership in the Amalgamated.

The meeting was one of the Central Council of the union, comprising one delegate from each nationality. At its close League asserted that the council had voted 11 to 3, with two not voting, to repudiate the vote of last Sunday night to retain its charter in the Amalgamated, and also to repudiate the election of Salerno. Salerno, on the other hand, claimed that the vote was 5 to 4 in favor of standing by Sunday's action, with one not voting.

Both Legere and Salerno said it was certain that a part of the union would break away and follow the "one big union" plan.

47 DRY AGENTS LOSE JOBS HERE

New Federal Prohibition Supervisor Drops Men for Good of the Service.

TWENTY WENT YESTERDAY

Report of Bank Accounts, Auto and Diamond Buying Leads to Action.

Forty-seven prohibition enforcement agents attached to the office of the Federal Supervising Prohibition Agent in this city have been dismissed in the reorganization of the department by Supervisor Daniel J. Chapin, who took charge about two weeks ago. Twenty of these men, it was said, were discharged yesterday. Nothing official was said about the dismissals, but the action was reported to be in line with Mr. Chapin's plans to obtain the best men available.

The changes have not come as any surprise to most of the men in the department. Investigations have been in progress by special agents of the Department of Justice and other agents from Washington for several months. It was learned that one phase of the investigation involved the tracing of agents' bank accounts. Another thing considered was the sudden prosperity said to have been shown by some of the agents in the purchase of automobiles and diamonds.

The efforts of officials are being directed toward control of the situation at the source of supply. Charles R. O'Connor, Federal Prohibition Director for this State, is cutting down the number of permit holders and gradually tightening up on withdrawals. The force under the direction of Supervisor Chapin is paying more attention to the illegal transportation of liquors than to sales in saloons.

Discussing the sermon of the Rev. Dr. John Roach Straton at the Calvary Baptist Church on Sunday night, in which he decried the enforcement of the prohibition law and read a letter from "A Distracted Father," pointing to conditions in one saloon, Acting Supervisor Samuel M. Sewell said yesterday that if the department had 1,000 men it could use every one of them in investigating places reported by letter and otherwise. These complaints are all read, numbered and filed and investigated as rapidly as possible, Mr. Sewell said.

It was announced yesterday by the Allied Citizens of America, Inc., of which William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of New York is the head, that it would seek to procure enactment in every city and village of the State a local ordinance prohibiting the sale of liquor containing more than one-half of 1 per cent. alcohol.

The proposed ordinance would provide for a local permit at a nominal fee in order to have a check upon all places selling soft drinks, and also require the removal of screens and other obstructions from saloons.

Four men were arrested yesterday morning by Detectives Andrew Anderiman and James Connors and turned over to the Federal authorities for arraignment on charges of violating the Volstead act. Later two of the men were held in $2,000 bail by Magistrate Robert C. Ten Eyck on charges of grand larceny for examination today. They could not explain the ownership of an automobile in which the detectives said they found fifty-two cases of whisky in front of a house at Ninety-seventh Street and Second Avenue. They gave their names as James Pierce, 30, a plumber of 420 East Seventieth Street, and Frank Kehoe, 32, a butcher of 52 West 100th Street. The other two men were Benedeto Marino, 32, of 33 Chrystie Street, and Antonio Sappatino, 38, of 203 East Ninety-seventh Street.

COURT CALLS DRY LAW JOKE.

Liquor Dealers Should Be Glad It Was Passed, Says Magistrate.

Prohibition is a joke and liquor dealers should be glad the Eighteenth Amendment was passed, is the opinion of Magistrate Kochendorfer, voiced in the Far Rockaway Police Court yesterday.

Dennis McCarthy, 25 years old, living in Hammels Avenue, Rockaway Beach, was before the court on a charge of intoxication. McCarthy pleaded guilty. When asked where he obtained the liquor he said that he had been drinking cider. Magistrate Kochendorfer was skeptical.

"It was booze," he said. "I guess you are one of the men who are shouting for the repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment. There are more drunks now than before prohibition. Prohibition is a joke. Liquor dealers should be glad the Eighteenth Amendment was passed. Before this law the highest price was $10 a gallon, and today the lowest is $30. Drinks that could be bought for 10 cents now cost 75 cents. The liquor dealers are certainly getting rich, and prohibition to them is a big joke."

USE NEW YORK PERMITS.

Chicago Liquor Dealers Could Get, It Is Said, Much Held in Storage.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—Investigators have discovered that New York permits were sold here to liquor dealers. The latter filled out names of fictitious New York firms to withdraw whisky held in storage here. Bills of shipment were obtained and arrangements made for transportation of the liquor to New York. This transaction was entered in their books, showing a certain amount of whisky had been legally withdrawn.

Instead of shipping the booze, the space reserved was left empty and the released liquor distributed to Chicago bootleggers. In one case it is said a whole car was sent to New York empty. By this method the dry agents were thrown off the track. In every instance the correct amount of whisky was withdrawn and the permits correctly stamped by New York officials.

The permits were purchased or stolen in New York and were correct in every particular.

FEARS FOR KENTUCKY YOUTH

Gov. Morrow Blames Increase in Intemperance on Illicit Stills.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 28.—Governor Morrow, addressing a joint session of the Kentucky Judges' Association and the Kentucky Commonwealth Attorneys' Association here today, declared that the illicit manufacture and sale of whisky in Kentucky was more widespread than ever. It had reached a point, he asserted, where its suppression presented one of the most serious problems confronting the State.

Promising no immunity for liquor law violators, he asked the energetic cooperation of his auditors in suppressing the traffic, adding that one of its most alarming features was the spread of intemperance among youths.

SEIZE HOME BREW STILL.

Louisville Detective Lived Across Hall but Did Not Smell Liquor.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 28.—Two moonshine stills of twenty-five and thirty-five gallon capacities and 100 gallons of beer were seized by Federal officers in a raid last night on an apartment building in the downtown section. The alleged operator was taken into custody.

The stills were found in a room on the third floor, across a narrow hall from an apartment rented by a city detective. He said he had not known that the stills were there. The officers acted on the "tip" of a resident on the first floor that he "smelled liquor" in the building.

PARIS SEERESSES PREDICT DULL 1921

Penetration of Mystery of Death, With Panics and Murders to Furnish Only Excitement.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—Nineteen hundred and twenty-one will be a transitory kind of year without any great outstanding events, according to Paris prophetesses who have been consulted by some newspapers.

Of these prophetesses since the death of the famous Mme. de Thebes, the greatest is now admittedly Mme. Freya. She is consulted by every one who wants to peer into the future, and claims to foresee national as well as domestic events. She is one of those who believe that the year will be a comparatively tranquil one, but just to give it a flip of interest she predicts toward its close the rise of a new political star over France who will have a great effect in changing social life. Whether he is of the Bolshevist persuasion she, however, refuses to disclose.

In arts and science the year will be undistinguished, but in the near future she foresees the return to pure classicism in French art. Only in one department of social life will there be great development, and that will be in the scope and power of the feminist movement. Women are going to play a great role, and simultaneously there will be a great decline in materialism and enormous progress in things spiritual. Perhaps, Mme. Freya goes as far as to say, this coming year will penetrate the mystery of death.

Brought down to more practical matters by the interviewer she predicted a considerable lowering in the cost of living, a prediction which perhaps does more credit to her common sense than her clairvoyance.

Mme. Eliz, another sorceress who was consulted, foretold the murder of two prominent public men by women. Financial disasters she also predicted in rather distressing number. Her prophecies, however, agree in the main with that of her rival that the year will be one of comparative quiet and reconstruction.

COLGATE STUDENT BODY RESIGNS ON 'PADDLING'

Beating of New York City Freshman Leads to Storm of Protest From the Undergraduates.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMILTON, N. Y., Dec. 28.—George W. Joel of New York City, a freshman at Colgate University was "paddled" a week ago by order of the Student Governing Board, which adjudged him guilty of lack of respect for upper class men. Joel took the beating and reported to the freshman body, which held a meeting and demanded that the board resign. This resulted in such a storm that the board was finally forced to resign.

The board is made up of members chosen by classes. The non-fraternity men, who are supporting Joel, want the rules revised so that each fraternity will elect one member if the non-fraternity men elect two. Because of the fact that most of the undergraduates are members of one or another of the numerous fraternities, the board has been made up almost exclusively of fraternity men.

The present board, which has offered its resignation, is headed by H. R. Burke, a senior, and includes Roy Wooster, captain of the 1920 football team, and Larry Leonard and Chief Drowns, two of the stars who played on it. E. P. Volgeneau, another member of the football squad, and Jerry Linnehan of the basketball team, are also members.

Leonard said at his home in Geneso tonight that the board had offered to resign solely in the interest of preserving undergraduate harmony.

"We don't know what the developments will be," he said. "After the holidays the situation undoubtedly will clear up."

SEEKS RIGHT TO TAX EXEMPT SECURITIES

Representative McFadden Offers Resolution for a Constitutional Amendment.

CALLS SITUATION PERILOUS

Says Many Persons Escape Just Taxation Through Investments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—A resolution was offered in the House today by Representative L. T. McFadden, proposing a constitutional amendment to allow the Federal Government to tax the billions of tax exempt securities.

Mr. McFadden, who is Chairman of the Banking and Currency Committee, thinks that exempt securities lead to an unequal distribution of taxes upon the people and that reform should be attempted when Congress considers revision of the tax laws.

The proposed amendment reads as follows:

"Article —. The Congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, which shall include incomes derived from securities created by the States and their subsidiary Governments issued after the ratification of this article, and salaries of all public officials, Federal as well as State, elected or appointed to office after the ratification of this article, without apportionment among the States and without regard to any census or enumeration."

Mr. McFadden said in an interview:

"It is estimated by the best authorities that approximately $10,000,000,000 of securities in the United States are now exempt from taxation. This is in addition to the bonds of the National Government to the amount of nearly $25,000,000,000 partially or wholly tax exempt.

"Very few taxpayers realize the danger and the cost of this rapidly growing evil. The citizen who investigates discovers that his heavy load of taxes is not so much due to appropriations made at Washington, or his State Capital, as it is to the fact that many neighbors in his own community go tax free.

"The most immediate and efficient remedy will be legislation to tax all and to abolish these special privileges of tax exemptions.

"Continuation of the tax-exemption system would ultimately lead to the complete tax exemption of moneys and credits and to the imposition of heavier taxes upon farms and other lands. This is what the single taxers desire."

WANTS TO PAY PENALTY FOR HUSBAND'S CRIME

Denver Woman Attributes Murder of Other Man to Her Desire for Dress.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Dec. 28.—"My advice to women who have good husbands is, stay home and let them love and support you and don't try to break into their world to do their work," said Mrs. Rose Monroe, 20 years old, held in the city jail, whose husband, James Taylor Monroe, last night killed the man who, he declares, despoiled his home.

"I alone should be held for the killing of Albert Snook," she continued, "for I am to blame for conditions that led to my husband taking the law into his own hands to avenge the honor of his home."

Snook was shot in his room at the Millard Hotel by Monroe after the latter had intercepted a note from Snook requesting Mrs. Monroe to visit him.

Mrs. Monroe now laments the fact that her craze for pretty and expensive things led her away from her home. "That is why I obtained a position as a cashier when we came to Denver from Alabama," she said, "and it was while I was working against my husband's wishes that I met Snook. I knew all the time there was dynamite in the situation, and yet I was willing and eager to take a chance against its exploding.

"After each meeting I would return home and begin to compare the man to my husband and always rendered a verdict in Jimmy's favor.

"And we are in prison because I wasn't content to be a good wife to the kindest of husbands, but wanted to be in the midst of a lot of excitement and have my own money to dress beyond my station and to meet and get tangled in an affair with a man I had no business to know."

TRUCE AT FIUME FOR PEACE PARLEY

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

believed that the Mayor's request for the suspension of hostilities was made with a view to facilitating the evacuation of civilians.

The Exchange Telegraph's Rome correspondent says that according to the latest news from Fiume the Italian regular forces have occupied the Danubian Shipyard, the oil refinery, the Whitehead Torpedo Works, the Public Gardens and Monte Calvaria. On the Susak side the line remains unchanged owing to the destruction of the bridges.

Admiral Simonetti, commander of the Italian fleet, yesterday gave the destroyer Espero, which recently deserted to d'Annunzio, fifteen minutes to rejoin his squadron. Following the refusal of the Espero's commander, the cruiser Andrea Doria opened fire at 500 yards, disabling the Empero's propeller and causing an explosion.

ANCONA, Italy, Dec. 27.—Italian troops attempting to dislodge legionaries at Zara were hindered in their work by women of that city, according to statements made by soldiers who have arrived here. As the troops advanced toward the barracks where the legionaries were stationed many women formed in line in front of them, screaming: "Kill us first, and then you can exterminate the volunteers!"

A few hours later the legionaries surrendered and were later brought to this city as prisoners.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The State Department today issued this statement relative to the situation at Fiume:

"The department's only information regarding Fiume today is that General Caviglia plans to take Fiume at all costs, but under orders to avoid bloodshed if possible. His advance against Fiume is necessarily slow, in accordance with his orders, and in closing in on Fiume yesterday he encountered some opposition, with reported slight loss by both the Italian regular troops and the Fiume legionaries."

FRENCH ATTACK D'ANNUNZIO.

'More Insolently Proud Than Lenin,' Says Gauvain.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—Auguste Gauvain in the Journal des Débats tonight makes a bitter attack on d'Anguzzio, whom he calls "more insolently proud than Lenin."

Gauvain writes:

"Gabriele d'Annunzio has wished to live his life. He changed his real name of Gan Rapagnetta to fit with his ambitions, for he was the annunciator of a new life. And what a life! From adolescence till middle age began the existence of Gabriele d'Annunzio was a long succession of scandals. A strain of immorality runs through his books, of which the heroes make a divinity of the ego. Yet in his romances and in his poems the magic of the verbal genius enchants the reader. The harmony and rhythm are delicious. If he had been content with his fame as a writer his personal sins might have been forgiven him, but unfortunately, with the approach of age he wished to transfer himself into a political personage."

It would be unjust, says Gauvain, not to recognize the good work the poet did in bringing his country into the war on the side of the Allies, but later he undid all he had done by creating himself an apostle of unbridled imperialism.

"In truth," Gauvain concludes, "this man is possessed by a demon."

HEAVY DAMAGE BY FIRE.

D'Annunzio Loses Four Airplanes and Several Hundred Prisoners.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Dec. 28.—The rumor that d'Annunzio had committed suicide proves untrue, but a bulletin issued from the Regency of Fiume says he was wounded in the head yesterday afternoon by splinters of a shell fired from the Italian Admiral's flagship, the superdreadnought Andea Doria. The missile struck a windowsill of the hall at the commander's headquarters, where d'Annunzio was intent with his general staff on examining the strategic situation. Three more shots of like calibre fired from the same warship a few minutes later caused a large number of casualties and wrecked all the surrounding buildings.

D'Annunzio's destroyer Espero was disabled by gunfire from the flagship while seeking to launch a torpedo attack. Four d'Annunzian airplanes have been captured, also several hundred prisoners. The latest casualties among the regular troops, mostly Carabineers and Alpini, are given at 30 dead and 150 wounded. The latter have been conveyed to Trieste.

The Legionaries who surrendered at Zara have been hurried across the Adriatic.

A law has been promulgated by the Roman Government whereby every captured rebel is subject to fifteen years confinement.

Intense feeling is rife among the Nationalist element in the kingdom. Demonstrations occurred in Rome, Florence, Bologna, Modena, Brescia, Venice and Milan, where the instant closing of shops and all public resorts has been enforced.

At Milan police thwarted the endeavors of the mob to sack the Secolo and Corriere della Sera newspaper offices, but at Turin damage was done to La Stampa's editorial department through the hurling of two bombs.

FIRE ON MAYFLOWER IN OFFICERS' QUARTERS

President's Yacht Is Damaged While Tied Up at the Washington Navy Yard.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The messroom and several staterooms in the officers' quarters on the Presidential yacht Mayflower were burned out today while the yacht was tied up at the navay yard here. A board of inquiry was convened to determine the origin of the fire.

Secretary Daniels said the amount of damage had not been determined, but that a number of the officers on the vessel lost all of their personal effects.

The fire was extinguished before it reached the state dining room and the President's quarters.

Eight newspaper reporters and photographers who entered the navy yard by passing the marine guard were arrested and held at the Commandant's office for questioning, but when news of their detention reached Mr. Daniels he ordered their immediate release.

The yard officials were said to have sought to establish from the men how they were able to get by the marine guard at the yard entrance.

$2,500,000 DAMAGE IN WILMINGTON FIRE

Destruction of Leather Company's Plant Complicates the Local Unemployment Situation.

WILMINGTON, Del., Dec. 28.—The huge plant of the Wilmington Leather Company was a mass of smoking ruins, twisted steel and shattered concrete tonight after the most destructive fire in the history of Wilmington, which caused damage estimated at more than $2,500,000.

At no time after the fire was discovered, a little before 6 o'clock, were the combined fire companies of the city able to get it under control, and at 10 o'clock the flames were dying down, after having consumed eleven buildings and a valuable stock of raw, partly finished and manufactured leather. All that remained of the great plant was a small warehouse and a workshop, set apart from the main buildings.

The company was organized in 1905, with James F. O'Neill of this city as President. It did a business estimated at $5,000,000 yearly.

The cause of the fire is not known. It started in one of the older buildings and spread quickly. One of the first structures to go was a new fireproof addition, built last year at a cost of $900,000.

The plant was one of the largest in this section and employed many hundreds of workmen. After having been closed for weeks, it was planned to reopen it this week and take on 800 hands who had been added to the swelling list of the city's unemployed.

A fire broke out under similar circumstances at the plant Nov. 9, but was discovered before it had gained much headway, and was put out after having caused about $10,000 damage.

WON'T PAY FIREBUG REWARD

Fayette County Authorities Don't Believe Prisoners Are Men Sought.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Dec. 28.—The Commissioners of Fayette County, who recently offered a reward of $5,000 for the arrest and conviction of the firebugs who have been terrorizing that part of Western Pennsylvania, have declined to pay the money to the persons responsible for the arrest of two men now in jail, on the ground that the "real firebug" has not been captured.

"We are not fully agreed that we have the right man," said Commissioner George Hibbs today. "Frank Koma, the first man arrested, says he fired the Marion school, and so does Albert Smith. It looks to us as though both were ready to agree to anything."

State police and county officers today continued their search for the incendiaries, while careful guard was maintained throughout the district. Volunteer patrols supplemented the State forces last night.

A barn on the farm of Joseph Rhoades, near Ligonier, was destroyed by fire today. The season's crops and 125 chickens were burned, the damage being estimated at about $2,000.

Ligonier is located in the Westmoreland-Fayette-Washington district. The authorities said tonight they had failed to discover the origin of the fire and believed it was the work of incendiaries.

King Motor Co. to Resume Work.

DETROIT, Dec. 28.—Reorganization of the King Motor Car Company, which failed several months ago and which on Dec. 14 was purchased by C. A. Winnegan of Buffalo, has been completed and production will be started Feb. 1.

DREICER & Co.

Pearls, Precious Stones and Jewels

FIFTH AVENUE at FORTY-SIXTH

J. M. Gidding & Co.

564-568 and 548 Fifth Avenue. 46TH and 47TH STS.

After-Christmas Sales

Dinner and Evening Gowns
Formerly to $350—$95—$145—$195

DANCE FROCKS—Formerly to $175— at $65—$85

Handsome Evening Wraps
Formerly to $550—$175—$225—$295

Coats and Day Wraps
Formerly to $325—$95—$125—$175

Smart Fur-trimmed Suits
Formerly to $250—$75—$95—$125

Hats—Formerly to $55—$10—$15

TOUGH PAPER FOR MAPS

A FRIEND writes, "Why don't you call the attention of map makers to the importance of using bond paper? The maps in many guidebooks seem to be printed on blotting paper."

One leading map publisher has used CRANE'S Bond since 1873. Those who have occasion to use his maps get a great deal of satisfaction out of this tough, durable paper.

Only a paper made entirely of new rag stock can endure the refolding and handling that a map—say an automobile road map—gets.

100% selected new rag stock
119 years' experience
Bank notes of 22 countries
Paper money of 438,000,000 people
Government bonds of 18 nations

Crane's
BUSINESS PAPERS

MECHANICAL ENGINEERS

The Vacuum Oil Company has four openings for aggressive engineers, with technical school training followed by a few years' practical experience.

We wish to add four men to the staff of our Technical Department. The opportunity is great because our entire selling policy is based on Technical knowledge. A man who has the ability and who is willing to look ahead to a future will find here a real business home.

The jobs are:—

1: A man who can by correspondence interpret our Technical policies to our foreign marketers and keep sales possibilities uppermost in mind.
2: A man who can write educational material (booklets, bulletins, etc.) on Technical subjects, expressing engineering knowledge in non-technical terms.
3: An assistant to a branch manager, who will have charge of the field activities of a small staff of engineers. One who can turn engineering work into sales results.
4: A field engineer who can analyze operating conditions in plant, in terms of lubricating requirements.

Write us fully as to age, education, experience, salary expected, etc. All communications held strictly confidential. Please do not call except by appointment. Address:

Technical Department, VACUUM OIL COMPANY,
61 Broadway, New York City.

BANKERS' VIEWS.

Brief summaries of the business activities of the last year and the prospects for the coming year by national bank chairmen and presidents — James B. Forgan and George M. Reynolds of Chicago, Emory N. Clark, Detroit; F. M. Prince, Minneapolis; John G. Lonsdale, St. Louis—will appear in the Annual Review of The Annalist, Jan. 3, 1921. Ten cents a copy at newsstands.—Advt.

DEMAND A HALT IN FLEET BUILDING

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

consideration of Japan, this country must then build nine capital ships by 1924 at a cost of some ten millions sterling each, say a hundred millions in all."

The Morning Post then dwells upon the fact that the American and British navies fought side by side for a year and a half "with the utmost cordiality and good-will," and declares that "nothing could exceed the chivalrous courtesy of the American seamen, who at once placed themselves under British command."

"No formal alliance between the two nations," continues the paper, "could more solidly have united the two services; yet this was the moment chosen by American politicians to declare in effect that the British Navy was a potential menace to America. Never was the essential contradiction between American politics and American practice—which, if we may venture to say so without offense, seems to us even plainer than the same disparity in this country—more singularly illustrated. We said at the time, and we say again, that America has a perfect right to build a navy of any size she thinks proper, but we also said that the conclusion of a working arrangement between the United States and this country to share control of the seas would do more to establish and to maintain the peace of the world than any other plan conceivable.

"We are convinced that at this period of evolution of civilization the great mass of people in both countries regard the possibility of war between them with abhorrence. They owe to a large extent a common origin, a common language and common ideals, and among thosedeals is an intense aspiration toward peace. The very idea of entering upon a ruinous rivalry in armaments is wholly repugnant. Such rivalry would in itself breed ill-feeling and suspicion. That the oppressed taxpayer in this country should be forced to spend more money by reason of America's naval enterprise would be a bitter business indeed. As for the Americans, we can but hope that they perceive the absurdity of spending millions of dollars to guard against a perfectly imaginary peril. We do not propose a naval holiday—a silly phrase invented by an impulsive politician. We suggest an agreement, not for naval play, but for naval work to be done in concert. There is quite enough to do on the seas of the world usefully to employ both navies, but there can be no peace for the world if one of two is to oppose the other.

"It is commonly said that America is building against Japan. Japan is our very good friend, and we know of no differences between that nation and the United States. But let us suppose, for the sake of argument, that differences should arise. Would they not be more easily composed were there a naval agreement between America and Great Britain in existence? Still assuming, for the sake of argument, that Japan should be tempted to use her navy for purposes of national expansion, would not an Anglo-American naval combination, which would leave Japan in the position of being the only naval power in the world open to suspicion of aggressive purpose, exercise a salutary effect?

"To these speculations, however, we prefer the hope that Japan may become a party to the better understanding of the right use of sea power among civilized nations which we are now proposing. If, again, we come to the hard material aspect of the case, it is, in fact, economically impossible for Japan to outbuild the United States. The British fleet is not, and has not been for a hundred years, a menace to innocent power nor since the war with this country of 1812 has the American Navy ever threatened a peaceful nation. We most earnestly hope, therefore, at this crisis in modern history of civilization, that the concord at sea which so long existed in practice between America and England may find formal expression in an agreement to insure its perpetual continuance."

LONDON, Dec. 28 (Associated Press).—A plea for a naval agreement between the United States, Japan and Great Britain is voiced by The Daily News, which urges that the interval between the present moment and the inauguration of President-elect Harding should be utilized by the statesmen of the three countries to educate the public.

"The time should also be utilized," the newspaper continues, "by the public formulate statesmen to initiate conversations with a view to arriving at the most desirable and most practicable step toward relieving the peoples of a burden which is condemned universally in theory as intolerable."

Tokio Paper for Reduction of Navies.

TOKIO, Dec. 28 (Associated Press).—The Jiji Shimpo, which has been one of the strongest supporters of the Government's naval program, says today that if the world consents to arrest the race for naval supremacy there is no reason why Japan's plan for eight battleships, eight battle cruisers and 120 submarines to be completed by 1925 should not be modified.

The newspaper calls on the Japanese Government to take the initiative and points out that the current expenditure for education is less than one-tenth of the expenditure for armaments.

Celery
Chicken or Vegetable Soup
Roast Stuffed Young Goose
with
Baked Apple
Boiled Onions with Butter Sauce
Mashed Potatoes and Goose Gravy
Mince Pie and Cheese
or
Ice Cream and Cake
Tea, Coffee or Milk

The dinner that brings memories of home and mother.

Childs

Jaeger Woolware
100% VIRGIN WOOL

Underwear for Men

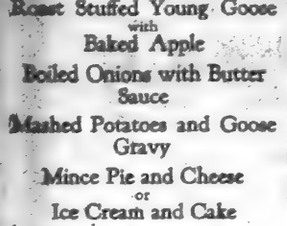
The noted Jaeger Underwear of pure virgin wool assures warmth, health and untold satisfaction.

Undershirts and drawers —
Light weight, each $7.50
Medium weight, each $9.50
Heavy weight, each $10.50
Sizes 46 to 50, 50c additional.

Union Suits for men —
Light weight, $12.50
Medium weight, $13.50
Heavy weight, $17.50
Sizes 46 to 50, $1.25 — $.200 additional.

An order from our catalog will have our careful attention.

Dr. Jaeger's Co.



306-5th Ave
and 22 MAIDEN LANE
NEW YORK



55 — Pyrex pie plate with Sheffield holder $5.00

THE success of Ovington's — "The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"— lies only partly in the hundreds of distinctive gifts they display. Much of the success lies in the refusal of thousands of other suggestions which are not quite the thing.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of 5th Ave"
314 Fifth Ave. nr. 32d St.

Start the New Year with the "Buy a Book a Week" purpose. Begin with one by

Leonard Merrick

for New Year's Day—
Conrad in Quest of His Youth
The House of Lynch
The Actor-Manager
The Position of Peggy Harper
Cynthia
The Man Who Understood Women
The Worldlings
When Love Flies Out o' the Window
While Paris Laughed

Each $1.90

These books, if not on sale in your book store, can be had from

E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N.Y.

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITERS
3 RENTED MONTHS $10
PATTEN TYPEWRITER CORP
71 CHAMBERS ST. 53 W. 125 ST.
WORTH 1932 — HARLEM 1617

TO BE RESUMED

New Batch of 25 Is to Leave Here for Libau in About Three Weeks.

500 AWAIT DEPORTATION

Radicals Plan a Protest Against Martens's Expulsion and Demand Trade With Russia.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Deportation of Russian radicals has been resumed, it was said today at the Department of Labor. A number of Russians were started home last week and another batch of twenty-five will leave New York in about three weeks. The radicals are sent to Libau and moved thence by rail into Soviet Russia.

Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, self-styled Russian Soviet ambassador, who is to be surrendered on Jan. 3 on a deportation warrant, will be sent to Russia via Libau, it was said at the department. Although he has been recalled by his Government, the expenses of his deportation will be paid by the United States.

There are about 500 Russian radicals awaiting deportation at New York and elsewhere, but their movement has been held up pending the outcome of negotiations with the Esthonian Government for permission for them to pass through that country.

Protesting against the deportation of Martens, the American Labor Alliance for Trade Relations with Russia announced yesterday that it would take its fight for trade resumption directly to Congress. Timothy Healy, Chairman of the Alliance, said:

"This order from Moscow has brought the Russian question to a point where American labor must take immediate action. We have reasoned long enough with this Administration. We shall now take the arguments of labor to Congress and call upon those Representatives and Senators not allied with the Administration's policy to act for the relief of American workers. We shall call mass meetings of working people all over the country, so that every Congressman will know the sentiment of labor in his own State on this matter."

A mass meeting of protest, it was announced, will be held on Sunday afternoon at Madison Square Garden. Senator Joseph I. France of Maryland will be the principal speaker.

Other speakers will be Frank P. Walsh, former Chairman of the War Labor Board; Mrs. Harriet Stanton Blatch of the American Women's Emergency Committee; William H. Johnston, President of the International Machinists' Union; Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, who recently returned from Moscow, where he had a conference with Lenin, and Joseph Schlossberg, Secretary Treasurer of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, who recently returned from Italy.

TAKES SUPPLIES TO RUSSIA.

Freighter Sails With Food, Clothing and Medicine for Destitute.

The freighter Jackson, belonging to the Globe Steamship Company, sailed yesterday for Reval with a cargo of food, clothing and hospital supplies which will be distributed to various parts of Russia. The supplies were sent by the All-Russian Jewish Public Committee, whose representatives will meet the Jackson at Reval, according to the New York agent, Dr. H. Dubrowsky of 47 West Forty-second Street.

A large part of the cargo will be sent to the devastated region of Borisov and Minsk, where the houses and city hospitals were razed.

The Jackson carries about $50,000 worth of medical supplies and outfits to equip two children's hospitals. The rest of the cargo includes $150,000 worth of clothing, $25,000 worth of disinfectants, &c., and thousands of packages of foodstuffs.

Dr. Dubrowsky said the next relief ship, the Panola, was scheduled to leave New York for Reval on Jan. 2.

Harding to Receive Masonic Degrees

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 28.—President-elect Harding will become a Scottish Rite Mason Jan. 5, when the Columbus Chapter will confer degrees upon him. The process will start at noon with the conferring of the fourth degree and end at 7:30 P. M., when the thirty-second degree will be conferred. Presidents Garfield and McKinley were members of the Columbus lodge.

Prices Are Excessive.

BOSTON, Dec. 28.—Massachusetts coal dealers were told to cut the high prices of recent months in a communication from Fuel Administrator Eugene C. Huffman today. Asserting that the retail price of anthracite coal in many communities was excessive, the Administrator said that there was no justification for continuance of high prices and he requested a prompt readjustment.

Numerous complaints of exorbitant charges for coal are being received by this commission," the communication said. "Retail prices have gone as high as $18 to $24 a ton in some communities. So-called 'company' coal remains at approximately $8 per ton, while a large amount of 'independent' coal being shipped to Massachusetts for about $1 above this price."

Judge Lee at Cashiers' Dinner.

Judge Richard Lee, counsel to the Vigilance Committee of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World, was the principal speaker at the dinner of the cashier's section of the Association of Stock Exchange Firms at the Hotel McAlpin last night. J. Edward Meeker also spoke.

OF GAMBLING PLOT

Jury, Failing to Agree on Other Verdicts, Is Discharged by Justice Young.

DELIBERATES ALL DAY

Parts of Testimony Are Reread—Nassau Assemblyman Is Immediately Released.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, Dec. 28.—Assemblyman Thomas A. McWhinney, Vice Chairman of the Lockwood committee, was acquitted tonight by a jury in the Supreme Court here on an indictment charging him with conspiring with Supervisor G. Wilbur Doughty, Republican leader of Nassau County, and Sheriff Jackson Smith, Democratic leader of Glen Cove, to prevent the prosecution of Arnold Rothstein, gambler, in connection with the Becker case.

The jury, however, that one juror could not agree on a verdict in the cases of Supervisor Doughty and Sheriff Smith.

Justice Young immediately discharged Assemblyman McWhinney from custody, but requested the jurors to return to consideration of the evidence in the hope they would be able to arrive at a verdict in the cases of the other two defendants. The jury then requested that parts of the testimony of a private detective and Assistant District Attorney Elvin N. Edwards regarding a conversation with the manager of a gambling house at Lake Roosevelt on the night the place was raided be read to them.

Mr. Edwards swore the gambler said to him: "This ain't fair; you said you would give me ten minutes, but you only gave me four." When the private detective was on the witness stand he testified the gambler said: "This ain't fair; the Sheriff said we could have ten or fifteen minutes, and we've only had four minutes in which to clean out."

Shortly after midnight the jury again reported that it could not agree on a verdict in the cases of Supervisor Doughty and Sheriff Smith, and was discharged by the Court.

The case went to the jury in the forenoon, after a number of character witnesses were called by the defense, including Lieutenant Governor-elect Jeremiah Wood and State Senator George L. Thompson of Suffolk County.

Be Worth Its Weight in Gold.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—Every policeman and dog fancier in Paris has been ordered to keep a lookout for a particolored Pekinese bitch which yesterday escaped from her human attendant and is now either wandering about lost or is much more probably in the safe possession of some one who had the wit to realize her value.

In size this dog is just a little bigger than a man's fist, but her value is said to be not more than her weight in gold. She was brought to Paris by the wife of the Colonial Minister, M. Sarraut, former Governor of French Indo-China, to whom she had been presented by a high native dignitary, and she belongs to one of the finest families in the world. Her ancestors lived in the imperial palace in Peking, and some of them were immortalized in porcelains of the Ming Dynasty. It was death for any common person to possess a dog of such lineage, and it was only after the Winter Palace had been sacked in the middle of the last century that one of the breed found its way to Europe hidden in a British soldier's cap.

The lost treasure of Mme. Sarraut is said to be one of the purest bred, smallest and most beautiful of all her aristocratic race, with her black and white markings exactly right.

Save the Children!

To-Night!

New York City must provide food for 350,000 of Eastern and Central Europe's 3,500,000 starving children, and *tonight* at the Hotel Commodore some of our leading citizens will dine on soup, stew and cocoa, the ration on which the undernourished boys and girls in the afflicted regions are being fed.

Addresses will be delivered by General Pershing, Herbert Hoover and Franklin K. Lane, formerly Secretary of the Interior. Fritz Kreisler will give musical selections. The place of honor, a child's high chair, will be vacant—emblematic of the children for whom New York is asked to provide one meal a day for one year.

There will be 100 tables, each seating 10 persons. Tickets for the dinner will provide at least $1,000,000 of the $3,500,000 which is New York's quota of the national fund of $33,000,000.

The American Relief Association, the American Red Cross, the American Friends Service Committee (Quakers), the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, the Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, the Knights of Columbus, the Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A. have combined into the European Relief Council, of which Herbert Hoover is Chairman, to render the collection a success.

Of the $33,000,000 sought $23,000,000 will be devoted to child feeding and the balance to medical relief. It is estimated that one dollar will give a child a meal a day for a month; ten dollars will keep a child alive until the harvests of next August.

For the benefit of those who are not official guests, forty-nine boxes, holding six seats each, will be available at $100 each. They will be sold today, (Wednesday) at the Commodore. Proceeds will go to the Fund for the Children of Eastern and Central Europe.

SAVE THE CHILDREN

Contributions should be addressed to

FRANKLIN K. LANE, Treasurer,
42 Broadway.

The Guaranty Trust Company is depository.

$2,500,000 PAID TO NEW HAVEN ROAD

Continued from Page 1 Column 6.

for such allowances as they may deem proper to cover their services, expenses and disbursements in this cause—the same to be paid by the said The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company out of the moneys so to be received by it."

Defendants in the original suit whose names do not appear in the order live outside the jurisdiction of the court, but it was said that they would be automatically included.

Reasons for the Order.

The reasons why the Court gave its approbation to the compromise are set forth in the following memorandum of Judge Hough:

"The compromise of suits and actions is generally a matter private between the parties, and the only reason known to me for submitting this settlement to the Court is the unusual fact that it consists in the payment by one set of defendants to another defendant of a large sum of money in consideration of general releases.

"The individual defendants are buying their peace from the plaintiffs by paying money to the corporate defendant; the only interest of the plaintiffs in this suit, however, is to get money for the corporate defendant, and counsel fees and expenses for their own solicitors.

"However, since the approbation of the court has been asked, it is given for the following reasons: This bill alleges a conspiracy to cause the corporate defendant to violate the Sherman act by doing very expensive and unprofitable things. Ergo, says the bill, the individual defendants must pay as damages what their conspiracy cost the New York & New Haven Railway. I have regarded this as an extremely doubtful cause of action, difficult to prove, and in outcome uncertainty itself.

"After repeated attacks upon it, however, the bill has been retained (so far as I am concerned) mainly because underneath the maze of pleadings one outstanding fact remains, viz.: that the directors of the railway, or a majority of them, pursued the consistent course of acquiring everything that could be called competing transportation systems in New England, and many that (to my mind) could not be called competing—paying for such acquisitions a great deal of money or property, constituting an outlay which, in the light of subsequent events, it would be difficult to justify on a business basis. This has seemed enough to require the trial of the suit when and if pressed.

"Now that plaintiffs have retracted all suggestion of personal profit by defendants, and retracted also whatever allegations of moral wrongdoing are in the bill and all that may be suggested by the business transactions aforesaid, the case is eminently one for settlement; it really rests (I think) on what the court of last resort may think as to how directors should manage investments.

"The New York directors (or their personal representatives), who are the individual defendants, are evidently not all to be treated alike. They were in office at different times, and the acts complained of are not evenly distributed, or anything like evenly distributed, over the twenty odd years covered by the pleadings. Further, they can be liable only for their personal acts, and it remains wholly unknown to me (and I presume largely to the plaintiffs) how far the personal actions of these particular defendants contributed to the corporate acts complained of.

"Some years of litigation having proved (to me) how costly and uncertain the whole matter must be, it is a gratifying result to avoid further investigation of what can never be wholly undone.

"The railway company has consistently declined to bring such a suit as this, or to give to it any pecuniary assistance for the frankly stated reason that it would not pay. I am not aware that the corporate defendant has ever expressed any opinion on any other point of policy. Now money is offered to it, and it seems to me a perfectly proper proceeding on the part of the corporation to take a fund which, however, has been produced wholly by the labors of others.

"This last is the ruling point respecting the allowance of counsel fees. It is substantially admitted that the plaintiffs have but furnished their names; the corporate defendant has been no more than a spectator; the work has been done wholly by counsel on both sides, and in so far as any fruit is produced it is wholly the work of plaintiffs' counsel.

"Large as the settlement is, I see no reason why the rule usual in this jurisdiction in respect of recoveries of sums largely speculative should not operate on contingent fees should not be applied, and I award one-third of the settlement to plaintiffs' counsel. It is not overlooked that it is stated without contradiction that upward of $21,000 has been spent in the advancement of this cause. I do not doubt it, but the items as presented do not constitute costs; they do not even constitute taxable disbursements, as that phrase is understood in this jurisdiction; they must all be covered by the award above indicated.

"The requisite orders have been signed, including one of discontinuance, and are filed with this memorandum."

To Settle Issue of Liability.

The extent to which each one of the defendants will be assessed to make the $2,500,000 payment to the railroad is a matter that still is in abeyance, according to Richard V. Lindabury, their counsel. Mr. Lindabury told a reporter for THE TIMES last night that the officers, Directors and counsel of the railroad would not be required to pay equal amounts, and explained that differences in the individual assessments naturally would be based upon the terms of service.

A petition for $835,000 to cover counsel fees and expenses was made by the attorneys for the complainants, including Lawrence Berenson, solicitor; Asa P. French, Arthur Berenson, Francis P. Garland, Frank M. Swacker and Bernard Berenson, counsel, who asked in addition $21,939.31, representing disbursements made by these individuals.

Just before Mr. Garland left for Boston last night, he told a reporter for THE TIMES that a check for $2,500,000 had been drawn during the day and deposited to the account of the railroad company. He did not know who drew the check or on what bank.

Mr. Garland explained that the order issued by Judge Hough was absolute and final, and that as a result no group of stockholders have the power to start an opposing action. He said the settlement was arranged for the benefit of all the stockholders, after they had voted overwhelmingly against bringing the suit for $150,000,000, and after attempts to induce the directors to start proceedings had failed.

Mr. Garland said that he was well satisfied with the terms of the settlement, and approval of the court had been sought because counsel for the plaintiffs did not want to make a settlement outside of court in which their actions might be open to criticism by either their own clients or the majority stockholders.

The immediate steps leading to the settlement were disclosed through correspondence between Mr. Lindabury, on the one hand, and the plaintiff's counsel, on the other, on Nov. 20 last. Mr. Lindabury wrote the following letter to Arthur Berenson:

"I have submitted your suggestions looking to a settlement of the above cause to my clients and associates and they have given them careful consideration.

"You allege in your bill of complaint extravagant and wasteful expenditures coupled with a violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust act, but we understand you to disclaim any intention to charge the defendants or their testators with any fraud or with having profited or attempted to profit by any of the acts of which you complain. It is only upon this understanding that we are able to consider your suggestions at all.

"We have expected to establish on the trial of the cause that the acts complained of were undertaken and carried through in good faith for the benefit of the New Haven Company as the Directors saw it; that they were done openly and were known to and acquiesced in by all of the stockholders at the time; that when these acts were later attacked they were approved and ratified by an overwhelming vote of the stockholders; that they did not violate the Sherman Anti-Trust act or any other act, State or Federal, and that the losses which afterward overtook the New Haven Company were due to entirely different causes. That we should be able to maintain these defenses in the courts we certain no doubt whatever.

"Nevertheless, the defendants are weary of the litigation, and are disposed to buy their peace if it can be purchased at a reasonable price and without dishonor. Your disclaimer relieves them on the latter point, and they have consequently authorized us to offer the sum of $2,500,000 in full settlement.

"Of course, this offer will have to be laid before Judge Hough and the president Board of Directors of the New Haven Railroad Company."

On Dec. 23 the following acknowledgment was written to Mr. Lindabury by Arthur Berenson and associates:

"Your letter of the 20th inst. was duly received and has been considered by us. We had hoped for a somewhat larger offer, but under all the circumstances we are disposed to accept it, subject to the approval of Judge Hough. We already have authority from our clients to settle, and we hand you a copy of the same herewith.

"You are quite right in your understanding of the issues upon which we expected to try the case. We do not claim, and we have not intended to claim, that the defendants or their testators were guilty of bad faith, self-seeking, or of any other moral offense. That they acted in what they thought was the interest of the New Haven Road we do not doubt. This much was admitted by counsel for the Government on the trial of the criminal case, and no evidence has been discovered since which would justify us in taking any different position.

"We shall present the matter to Judge Hough and to the Directors of the New Haven Road as soon as the necessary papers can be prepared."

It was suggested last night that as the stockholders by a large vote decided not to bring suit on behalf of the majority interests, it was likely that the stockholders would act at the next meeting in some way to relieve the defendants of the burden of making the entire payment mentioned in the settlement. The stockholders, it was said, might vote in favor of assuming the liability themselves, making it an obligation of the company, which was one of the defendants.

Counsel for the defendants included John G. Milburn, representing Charles M. Pratt and Lewis Cass Ledyard; William Greenough for William Rockefeller, J. Pierpont Morgan, Herbert L. Satterlee, William P. Hamilton and Lewis Cass Ledyard as executors under the will of J. Pierpont Morgan; Stetson, Jennings & Russell, for Florence A. V. Twombly, as executrix under the will of Hamilton McK. Twombly, and Morgan J. O'Brien Jr., for the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company.

NEW CABINET SLATE NOW NEAR DECISION

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

an agreement among Senators and others concerned on some plan that can be made effective. I think he is on the way to producing a basis of international agreement that will prove feasible, that will be entirely satisfactory to this country and acceptable to the other powers, and that will greatly diminish the danger of armed conflict."

McCumber Declares Europe Is Sick.

As Acting Chairman of the Senate Committee on Finance during Senator Penrose's illness, Senator McCumber was invited to Marion to confer with Senator Harding primarily on domestic problems. He said that he could see little prospect of rapid or immediate domestic improvement.

"The nation can prosper only as it can produce and sell," he said, "and from the present era of high costs we will have to progress toward a better situation in somewhat the same measure that other nations are able to recuperate. Europe is too sick to get well in a month. We have got to be patient until the public mind becomes normal again, not only in this country, but particularly in Europe. The condition is to a considerable extent a psychological one.

"During the war wages and prices were high, but everybody had money and was willing to buy. People made a good many sacrifices, it is true, because it was necessary, but when the war was over they entered a new era of generous buying with little thought of sacrifices, and so prices continued high.

"Finally the time came when pretty nearly everybody realized at about the same time that they could not go on paying such prices, and so buying stopped. In my judgment, at the time of the election, the people were thinking a good deal more about these domestic and economic problems than about international affairs. They were concerning themselves about Government extravagance, high rents and the cost of everything. They had begun to want to know why these things were so.

Charges Wage Favoritism.

"They were realizing that the Administration had been playing with particular classes, favoring them with very high wages, which in turn had the inevitable effect of raising the price of everything that everybody must buy. From such a condition as this recovery must be gradual, particularly in view of the prostrate condition of Europe and the inevitable interdependence of countries.

"I do not expect that the present session of Congress will accomplish much more than passing the appropriation bills and, I hope, the budget legislation. The latter seems to be very well worked out and there is hardly any opposition to it."

Senator McCumber was asked for his opinion as to the outlook for the emergency tariff legislation that has passed the House and is pending in the Senate. He said he was not certain that it would pass, as a good deal of opposition had developed in the Senate, including in its scope some of those who were very much in favor of the principle of the measure.

"I am, of course," he said, "strongly in favor of legislation to improve the condition of the agricultural interests. But the imposition of the proposed tariff on wheat, for instance, does not work out as very substantial protection when it is considered that wheat bought in Canada with Canadian money and then brought into the United States, would, on account of the difference in the money values of the two countries, actually pay a tax amounting to only about 3 cents per bushel in our money."

Senator McCumber said that there would be no general tariff revision at this session.

Straus Firm for League Idea.

Mr. Straus had a conference on international problems with the President-elect in the morning. As to Senator Harding's proposals for a modified association of nations, Mr. Straus said that he would have to interpret them before he was prepared to express an opinion.

"For twenty-five years," said Mr. Straus, "I have been working for the establishment of an international association founded on right that would lead all nations to higher paths. To my mind, this is expressed in the present League of Nations. I am still for the League, either with or without reservations, so long as the idea is retained.

"Without the League nothing could prevent the nations from lapsing into the chaos of 1914. We should get in the League, either modifying its provisions in advance or after we enter, but get in—that is the main thing."

Mr. Straus was asked whether he believed that a substitute for the League would be successful.

"I think it doubtful," he replied, "for it would depend upon the attitude of the other powers."

Lieut. Col. Roosevelt Backed.

The name of Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt for Assistant Secretary of War or the Navy as a recognition of the American Legion was presented to Senator Harding today by John G. Maher of Lincoln, Neb., who had been invited to discuss with the President-elect both international matters and the soldiers' bonus problem. One of the points raised in urging Senator Harding's favorable consideration of Colonel Roosevelt was the sentimental value to Roosevelt followers in having a third Roosevelt as Assistant Secretary of the Navy. President Roosevelt resigned his post as Assistant Secretary of the Navy for active service in the Spanish war. Franklin D. Roosevelt, a cousin, left the same office as Democratic candidate for Vice President.

In bringing up Colonel Roosevelt's name, it is understood that Mr. Maher made it plain to the President-elect that he in no way represented the official attitude of the American Legion, although he said that he believed Colonel Roosevelt's appointment to an Assistant Secretaryship would be a recognition of the legion that would be profoundly appreciated. Mr. Maher, who saw two years' service with the American Expeditionary Forces, was associated with Colonel Roosevelt in organizing the American Legion. He has also been a lifelong Democrat, and when urged last Summer by his party in Nebraska to accept the Democratic nomination for Governor he announced himself a supporter of Harding and assisted in organizing "independence clubs," under whose auspices Senator Reed and other opponents of the League of Nations spoke in Nebraska.

Among Senator Harding's other callers was Samuel Adams of Charlottesville, Va., and Chicago. Mr. Adams is the publisher of The American Fruit Grower and was a candidate for the Republican nomination for Vice President at the Republican convention in Chicago last June. After his talk he requested that it be announced that he had asked Senator Harding not to consider his name in connection with the Secretaryship of Agriculture.

HILL URGES SUBSTITUTE FOR LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Ex-Ambassador Proposes a Convention of All the Responsible Governments.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—Dr. David Jayne Hill, former Assistant Secretary of State and Ambassador to Germany, addressing the social and economic section of the American Association for the Advancement of Science today, urged that a convention be called of "all peoples that maintain responsible government," to organize a substitute for the present League of Nations.

Dr. Hill said that the enforcement of the provisions of the present League rested with nations with "only a small preponderance of military efficiency, consisting chiefly in the possession of superior armament and not at all in numbers." This, he said, was its weakness.

"Would not a full conference of responsible States, the standard of responsibility being full acceptance of international law and actual conformity to it, where the members of the society of nations might meet as juristic equals, furnish an occasion for reorganizing that society in its true sense?" he asked.

"Could not the nations, both victors and vanquished, meet there upon the assumption that a formal peace having been made, a friendly disposition might make that peace effective between the peoples that have been at war? Obviously, no such meeting as this could be held under the auspices of the League of Nations, while organized as a military and political alliance."

A reorganization of the society of nations, including all peoples maintaining responsibility, is what is needed now, according to Dr. Hill.

"The test of a responsible government," he told his audience, "is acceptance of international law, which is based on the inherent rights of sovereign States and obedience to that law."

He urged a properly constituted international tribunal to determine what such international law is, and "to which all responsible governments may appeal, of right, for the redress of their 'wrongs.'"

The present League is defective in this respect, he held, "because it is a predetermined compact, designed not to meet the necessity of a free association of equals, but to carry out the purposes of the victors in rendering the vanquished powerless now and hereafter."

Dr. Hill said that in spite of defects the victory of the Allies was an essential step toward a permanent peace.

"The lesson it has taught is," he said, "that however formidable an aggressor may appear at the moment of aggression the world cannot be permanently ruled by military force."

The substitution of the proposed society of nations, Dr. Hill was certain, would give a real foundation for peace.

"It is the provision of a means of redress without resort to arms," he said. "It is the recognition of a right to those conditions of life that are essential to the satisfaction of a people's needs and the establishment of a tribunal before which a nation's wrongs may obtain the judgment of a just judge."

When the Southland Calls

NO less alluring than the balmy Southern breezes are these charming Southland frocks and wraps—chapeaux and jaunty sport clothes. From Paris and from our own designers they come—a delightful array of sheer cotton fabrics and softest silk—to add their charm to the sunny Southland winter.

Chapeaux for travel, sport and dress. Delicate frocks in pastel shades. New and delightful silken wraps. And for sport—sheer handmade blouses, skirts of silk and wool, and sweaters as brilliant as tropical flowers.

These and such accessories as shoes and parasols hold a prominent place among our mid-winter offerings, their distinctive charm and originality an inspiration for every one journeying southward.

Of Particular Interest.

Dresses . . . . . $19.74 to $139.00
Skirts . . . . . $9.74 to $29.75
Wraps . . . . . $74.75 to $139.00
Third Floor
Hats . . . . . $14.50 to $32.50
Second Floor

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

PRESIDENT-ELECT'S ADVISERS.

Photographs of eminent Americans who have given President-elect Harding the benefit of their advice, in The Mid-Week Pictorial this week. They include Senator Lodge, Senator James A. Reed, William Jennings Bryan, Senator Underwood, Elihu Root, Charles E. Hughes and ex-President Taft. Published by The New York Times Company. 70c cents at news stands; $5 a year by mail.—ADVT.

Instead of guessing why not let our Cost Department submit you accurate estimates on your contemplated improvements—it doesn't matter how "rough" your plans may be.

No obligation — just call Madison Square 8084.

WHITE CONSTRUCTION CO., INC.
95 Madison Avenue, New York

"Let WHITE build it of CONCRETE"

White Sale of Linens: Towels and Blankets

ALL AT PRE-WAR PRICES

A sale for thrifty housewives who want to replenish their linen closets. Values so extraordinary that we are obliged to limit quantities. Get your share. Main Floor.

BloomingdaleS
Lexington to 3d Av.—59th to 60th St.

ADVERTISEMENT.



BENCH-MADE SHOES
MADE ON PREMISES
ENGLISH BROGUE
Genuine Shell Cordovan.
14.50
Formerly $6.00



Low Brogues of genuine shell Cordovan 12.50
Formerly 14.50
Shoes made to order, 16.00 up.
Military Boots
E. VOGEL, INC.
48 Vesey Street. 1 Flight Up
Opp. the Post Office, Cor. Nassau St.

Declares in Washington Address Its Use at Peace Conference Was a Failure.

FINDS METHODS PERSIST

Ex-Minister Says Some of the Worst Features Have Been Shown Recently.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—At a joint meeting tonight at the New Willard Hotel with the American Historical Association, president over by Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes, an address on secret diplomacy, was delivered by Dr. Paul S. Reinsch, President of the Political Science Association. Dr. Reinsch, who was the American Minister to China during the World War, advocated open diplomacy.

While conceding that the United States, on account of its detached international position, had held itself free from secret diplomacy, he asserted that at times and especially during the great war, "affairs have been handled with what would ordinarily seem insufficient information to the public."

Dr. Reinsch spoke of Japan as "the only remaining absolutist State," where secret diplomacy, he contended, "is true to type." He criticised the statesmen who maintained secrecy in the peace conference for not fulfilling the expectation that freedom from outside interference would enable them to agree promptly on a solution of their problems so complete and just as to meet with acceptance by the public opinion of the nations.

As a remedy for secret diplomacy he suggested, so far as the United States was concerned, "a free masonry of thinking men and women" who would insist upon publicity in foreign affairs and keep the general public informed of what deeply concerned our welfare in foreign relations.

Sees Relation to Absolutism.

"Secret diplomacy," said Dr. Reinsch, "is closely related with the absolutist theory of State. As long as sovereignty is considered absolute, and as long as States consider that their highest interest is in separate rather than in co-operative action, secret diplomatic policies will continue. As long as personal absolutism existed, diplomacy was secret and deceitful both in policy and in detailed practice. The democratic principle demands that diplomatic policy and all treaties at least should be made public, although the details of the negotiations may remain confidential.

"In the only remaining absolutist State, Japan, secret diplomacy is true to type. In the most democratic States, the United States and Great Britain, publicity of diplomatic policy and full reports on diplomatic action after negotiations are concluded are demanded but not always obtained. As in England the conduct of foreign affairs is in the hands of the Cabinet, which always must have the full confidence of the majority in the House of Commons, a great latitude of diplomatic discretion is usually left to the Minister for Foreign Affairs.

"The United States has been so detached from foreign entanglements that of all nations it has held itself most free from the vices of secret diplomacy, although at times, and especially during the last war, affairs have been handled with what would ordinarily seem insufficient information to the public. In Europe during and since the war, however, some of the worst features of secret diplomacy have been displayed.

Says Secrecy Failed at Paris.

"Remedies suggested are palliatives only. Methods cannot change unless the motive of national action changes, in the direction of recognizing that the interests which nations have in common are actually more important than those which they have separately.

"The statesmen who made the deliberations of the Peace Conference secret could only be justified on the supposition that freedom from outside interference would enable them promptly to aim tending to a contrary result.

"Whether or not secret diplomacy brought on the great war is a question to debate, but that secret diplomacy is to blame for the war being not in fact yet ended few will doubt.

"The most notable single act of loyalty to a cause greater than a nation stands to the credit of the United States when she readily put her troops under foreign command; that spirit is the true reason why so great an influence could be exercised by the United States should she desire, counter to all the cherished devices of the old diplomacy.

"It is only when deceived or not fully informed that the people may be said to favor war more than the diplomats.

"What is needed in the United States is a free masonry of thinking men and women who will at all times keep their attention on foreign affairs, who will insist on publicity, and who will in turn point out to the greater public, mostly busy with other affairs, whatever deeply concerns our welfare and interest in foreign relations."

TO HELP POLISH TRADE.

American Business Committee to Work With Poles Here.

The Polish Government has authorized the appointment of a committee of American business men to act as advisers to the commercial representatives of Poland in the United States. The committee includes manufacturers and bankers and will act with the Polish Purchasing Bureau at 40 West Fortieth Street. The names were made public yesterday by the American Polish Chamber of Commerce. They are: Francois de St. Phalle, Vice President of the Baldwin Locomotive Works; J. Philip Bird, General Manager of the Association of Manufacturers; D. Raymond Noyes, Vice President of the Foreign Credit Corporation, and H. S. Degraaf, Vice President of the American Manufacturers' Export Association.

Prince Casimir Lubomirski, the Polish Minister, has written to Mr. St. Phalle, expressing his approval of the committee. The first problem to be studied jointly by the committee and the Polish commercial officials will be the establishing of credit relations between the textile manufacturers of Lodz and Warsaw and the cotton interests of the South. A meeting will be held tomorrow afternoon.

SUGAR CONTRACT UPHELD.

Candy Company Must Pay High Price Agreed Upon, Court Rules.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 28.—The Continental Candy Company of Chicago must pay $10.86 a hundred pounds for 1,250 tons of Java sugar, which sells on the market now for $7, Judge Benjamin F. Bledsoe of the United States District Court decided today in declaring valid a contract signed last May by the company.

The candy company sought last November to repudiate the contract made on a rising market with the California-Hawaiian Sugar Refining Company of this city. Letters of credit involving $500,000 covering the contract were involved.

Judge Bledsoe said the candy company should fill its contract "like a sport," even if it meant bankruptcy.

RETICENT ON DE VALERA.

"President's" Secretary Says He Has Been Ill and Needs Quiet.

Harry Boland, secretary to Eamon de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," insisted again yesterday that he was not at liberty to disclose de Valera's whereabouts. Mr. Boland repeated that the public would soon hear from the "President" probably within the next few days.

"You must appreciate the hardships under which we are working," Boland said. "I do not mean by that that I think Mr. de Valera is in danger, but he has been ill and wants quiet."

Award $5,000 in Alienation Suit.

A jury in Sheriff Knott's court gave a verdict for $5,000 yesterday in a suit of Sidney Oppenheim, an architect, against William Connolly an accountant for the Crane Manufacturing Company, for alienating the affections of Mrs. Laura O'Keefe Oppenheim. Before her marriage on April 4, 1916, Miss O'Keefe was a telephone operator at the Biltmore.

Oppenheim sued for $25,000. Connolly did not defend the suit.



MEN'S
Dress Suits and Tuxedos

cannot be better tailored than those shown by Saks & Company

The man in a Saks-tailored Dress Suit or Tuxedo has the satisfaction of knowing that he is wearing the very finest dress clothes made. At leading social functions none better may be seen *regardless of their cost!*

Tuxedo Coat and Trousers . . $65 to $98
Full Dress Coat and Trousers . $78 to $98

Men's Dress Oxfords
Special $8.75

A very graceful model, in fine gun metal leather or patent coltskin. All sizes.



Saks & Company
BROADWAY at 34th Street
Fifth Floor



Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Offer Most Exceptional Values in

A Sale of Men's English Cloth Hats

at 3.35

The most complete collection of English Tweed, Cheviot, and Homespun Hats to be seen in New York. Very smart and equally appropriate for sports, travel and business wear.

700 Men's Soft Hats

at 3.35

Splendid selection of shapes, with bound or raw edges, in brown, slate, green, pearl and black. All sizes.

WORTH

TWENTY-FOURTH STREET — BROADWAY-FIFTH AVENUE

NEW FROCKS FOR SPRINGTIME

EXPRESSING THE MORE ARTISTIC CONCEPTIONS OF THE SPRING MODE IN DESIGNS OF UNUSUAL BEAUTY



PRESENTING PHENOMENAL VALUES

NEW FROCK FANCIES EXPRESSED IN GEORGETTE OVER SATIN REVEAL A DIVIDED PANEL OVER SKIRT AND ORNAMENTATION OF ARTISTIC BEADWORK IN VARYING COLORS, A WIDE SATIN GIRDLE EMPHASIZES THE GRACEFUL LINES

25.00

DAINTILY MODELED FROCKS OF TAFFETA SILK, REVEAL NEW LONG LINES THAT ARE ACCENTED AND EMPHASIZED BY ROWS OF VERTICAL RUFFLING. A TOUCH OF BRIGHT COLOR IS GIVEN TO THE NARROW BELT BY WOOL EMBROIDERY AND BEADING

35.00



Chapeaux La Marquise

$8.50

An unequaled combination of style, quality and value.

Small hats in several charming new shapes.

Made of satin and cellophane combined, they are finished with smart ribbon effects or attractive appliqued flowers.

There are turbans, rolled sailors and off-the-face models in the assortment. Colors include navy, henna, royal, brown, gray and black.

Macy's—Second Floor, Front.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

SHEFFIELD FARMS

Extends to its Patrons the Greetings of the Season

WE TAKE this opportunity to thank you for the generous support and appreciation you have given us during the past year and to inform you that we enter the New Year better equipped than ever before to continue the good milk service that has made Sheffield Farms known the world over.

Extensive alterations and improvements have been made in many of our city plants. During the year we have been able to complete our new Brooklyn station and we believe this to be absolutely the last word in milk handling and pasteurizing equipment.

This plant was designed and installed by our own engineers. On the occasion of the visit of a commission from the city of London to study milk handling methods in this country, this plant was selected as a model for one which is now being erected by the United Dairies Co. which handles 40% of London's milk supply.

At their invitation, our chief dairy engineer is now in London for the purpose of supervising the installation of this duplicate of our Brooklyn plant.

The year has seen an increase in milk prices to a point higher than New York has ever known. We are glad the peak has been passed, and that the return to normal conditions has definitely set in.

Notwithstanding the price increase, the demand for Sheffield Service has been greater than our ability to provide equipment to meet these demands. Wagons, bottles, coal, machinery and other essentials have been hard to procure. In spite of this we have had a year of tremendous expansion.

Our increase of business alone represents a volume larger than the entire distribution of any other milk concern in New York excepting two.

We cannot but regard this as an endorsement of Sheffield Milk and Sheffield Methods and we promise to do our level best to continue to deserve it.

To physicians and mothers who are interested in Certified Milk we want to announce the addition to our Certified Milk supply of two new farms.

One of these is at Pawling, New York, on the Harlem Division. Here we have accommodation for 250 cows.

The other is at Pompton Plains, New Jersey, where we will eventually have 400 cows.

Both of these farms are ideally located and are owned and operated by ourselves.

The farm at Pompton Plains, only 22 miles away, will provide an opportunity for working out some ideas we have for milk production near the city. There will be no railroad to reckon with. Motor trucks will be operated over the entire route. There will be no change in transport between Farm and City. We expect this farm to do something in the way of history making in the milk business.

The Sheffield Stores have grown to an imposing institution of over two hundred stations where milk can be bought in your own container without the charges for bottling and delivery.

This combination of store and wagon service has had the effect of making New York's average milk bill lower per quart than any other city in the East.

A few years ago we had but sixty stores doing a business of about $1,000,000.00 a year. Now there are over 200 and doing nearly $10,000,000.00 a year. This alone is proof positive that these stores have served a real need and have supplied it in a way that meets your approval.

In rounding out the 40 years of active service in the milk trade, we cannot help recognizing that in every important advance in the milk industry we have been the real pioneers.

Our record is one of continuous struggle to do better. Now after 40 years we are still building. The desire to advance is stronger than ever.

For the years to come we promise to give our undivided efforts to every measure that will tend to give New York the best milk supply and the best milk service in the world.

Sheffield Farms Co.
LOTON HORTON, *President*

WALKER ELECTRIC TRUCKS

You'll Know Them by Their Steel Disc Wheels

Do you know of a second-hand Walker truck for sale?

We do not.

WALKER VEHICLE COMPANY
Grand Central Terminal

20-63

ADVERTISEMENT.

ASK YOUR GROCER HE KNOWS BUY WAR DEPARTMENT CANNED MEATS

SAVE 30% ON YOUR ELECTRIC LAMPS

COMPARE THESE PRICES
TUNGSTEN LAMPS

Watts.	Regular Price.	Our Price.
10 to 50	.40	.28
60	.45	.32
100	1.00	.70

NITROGEN LAMPS

Watts.	Regular Price.	Our Price.
75	.75	.53
100	1.10	.77
200	2.10	1.47

OPAL LAMPS. Reg. 60c. Our Price 50c.
All Lamps Brand New and Guaranteed.
Electrical & Engineering Corp.
716 8th Ave. (45th). Bryant 6874

SELL YOUR
AUTO at AUCTION
Gigantic Auto Auction to Be Held at
MADISON SQ. GARDEN
January 10, 11, 12, 13
List your car now. Entry fee $10. For all particulars inquire office, MADISON SQUARE GARDEN AUTOMOBILE AUCTION SALES CO., 11 W. 30th St.
PEISER & POTTER, Auctioneers
TELEPHONE LONGACRE 2808.

TURNER for CONCRETE

Locating Lost Articles

Sometimes the loss of an article of intrinsic worth or of value through association causes sorrow. The Lost and Found columns of The New York Times turn regret to joy by locating finders.

The New York Times
Telephone Bryant 1000

REACHES BROADWAY

Ten Thousand Troops Drawn Up to Receive Mission at Landing Pier.

CITY IN GALA ATTIRE

Greeted at Palace by President—Varied Program of Entertainment Prepared.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Dec. 28.—Secretary Colby and his party arrived at Montevideo this afternoon at 4 o'clock. The Florida anchored ten miles out. The American Minister, the Foreign Minister and the Admiral of the Uruguayan fleet and his staff came out on a gunboat to meet the Florida, accompanied by airplanes. The party was carried to the city on the gunboat.

At the pier 10,000 soldiers were drawn up to receive them. The mission was driven to the palace after a parade and welcomed by the President.

Entertainment on a grand scale is planned during the stay here. The town is placarded with posters telling the people that Secretary Colby is here from the United States and to salute him. There is open house everywhere for the American party. There will be a dinner tomorrow at the palace.

The city is decorated with flags in honor of the Americans, and a hotel has been set apart for their entertainment.

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Dec. 28 (Associated Press).—A varied program of entertainment awaits Secretary Colby and will continue until Friday night. In addition to other functions planned in his honor, there have been added a ball by the American colony, a dancing party by the Uruguayan Club and a banquet by the municipality. Elaborate police arrangements were made today to control the throngs gathered to greet the Secretary at the pier.

Two Dominican agents, Francisco Henriquez Carvajal, former President of San Domingo, and his nephew, Max Henriquez y Urena, who are here in the interest of their country, are staying at the Parque Hotel, where Mr. Colby will stop here, but they said yesterday they had no intention of discussing the independence of San Domingo with Mr. Colby. They declared they were pleased with the recent announcement from Washington that the United States Government planned soon to permit elections in San Domingo, but asserted they would not abandon their mission, as it was their desire to make South Americans better acquainted with San Domingo. They contend that island is entitled to play a larger rôle in Pan-American affairs.

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 28.—Immediately after the arrival of Secretary of State Colby in this city on Saturday he will be received by Señor Torello, acting Minister of Foreign Affairs, who will accompany him to the office of President Irigoyen. On Sunday Mr. Colby will be a guest at an official banquet at the Government House. Plans for the entertainment of Mr. Colby in this city have not been definitely settled.

A popular welcome is being arranged by various organizations, and a number of vessels have been chartered to meet the Secretary's ship at the entrance to the harbor.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—President Wilson received today a reply to his message of congratulations to President Alessandri of Chile on the occasion of the inauguration of the Chilean Executive.

"I again thankfully acknowledge your Excellency's affectionate congratulation on my assuming the chief magistracy of the Republic of Chile," said President Alessandri's message, "and renew to your Excellency the sincere expression of my wish to bring closer the commercial, moral and intellectual ties with the great people of the United States, whom you have so brilliantly represented of late years in a proud manner that does honor to humanity by bringing forth principles of justice and law that constitute new and wise rules for the peoples of the civilized globe.

"I again make wishes for your Excellency's personal happiness, the early and full recovery of your health and the greatness and prosperity of the American people."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The names of two more Government officials who are alleged to have taken advantage of the fuel crisis last Summer to speculate in bituminous coal have been given to the Senate Committee on Reconstruction.

George H. Cushing, Managing Director of the American Wholesale Coal Association, according to the report tonight, divulged the names of the two men. Last week Mr. Cushing gave the name of a former Government official whom he charged with having made a considerable sum by speculating in coal. He also said he knew of one army officer who had made money in coal. Whether or not this officer's name is among those divulged today is not stated.

The committee may have a hearing tomorrow at which Mr. Cushing may be recalled to tell in detail what he knows about profiteering in coal. He is certain to be called before the end of the week. Officials of the War and Navy Departments and the Shipping Board are also to be questioned regarding their fuel contracts.

DOUBTS AVIATOR'S SUICIDE.

Sister of Pat O'Brien Says an Investigation Will Be Made.

MOMENCE, Ill., Dec. 28.—Believing that her brother, Lieutenant Pat O'Brien, the war aviator who was found dead in a Los Angeles hotel two weeks ago, was murdered, Mrs. Clara Clegg, sister of the dead man, said today that an investigation would be made. Mrs. Clegg said her brother, Merwin O'Brien, and Virgil Moore, an associate of the dead man, had sufficient evidence to warrant an investigation.

Mrs. Clegg said she believed the note which was thought to have been written by the aviator was written by some one else.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 28.—Police officers and the County Coroner here today said they knew nothing of any further investigation of the circumstances surrounding the death of Lieutenant Pat O'Brien. They said their information had shown it clearly a suicide and that the Coroner's certificate had so stated.

CARDINAL GIBBONS GAINS.

Physician Thinks He May Be Able to Return to Baltimore Next Week.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 28.—Continued improvement in Cardinal Gibbons's condition was reported today from Union Mills, Md., where he is staying at the home of Robert T. Shriver. Mr. Shriver said the Cardinal had passed a comfortable night and appeared much rested. He was bright and cheerful.

The Cardinal's physician said today that if the prelate continued to gain strength he would soon be able to return to Baltimore, probably in about a week.

ROME, Dec. 27.—Reports of the serious illness of Cardinal Gibbons have caused regret in this city, especially in ecclesiastical circles. Pope Benedict has ordered that special prayers be said for the Cardinal, while prayers are also being offered daily at the church of Santa Maria in Trastevere, which is the titular church of the Cardinal.

Actress Brings Alienation Suit.

Evelyn Carter Carrington, actress, filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday against David Henly and his wife, Alice Neuman Henly, for $50,000 for alienating the affections of her husband, Reginald Carrington Short, whom she married in 1918. She alleges that the Henlys caused Short to leave her and transfer his affections to Mrs. Henly, and that they induced him to go with them to Los Angeles and New Orleans.

Hospital Ship Relief Enters Service.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 28.—The hospital ship Relief, launched Dec. 23, 1919, was commissioned as a unit of the navy today at the Philadelphia Navy Yard. It is the first vessel of its kind to be constructed expressly for naval high seas maintenance and operation and has a bed capacity for 500 patients.

KI-MOIDS
(TABLETS or GRANULES)
For INDIGESTION
Take dry on tongue or with hot or cold water.
QUICK RELIEF!
Price, 25-50-75¢
MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE
MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION
134

Clemons
MERCHANT TAILOR
Established 1898
39TH & BROADWAY

Not Machine-tailored But MERCHANT-*tailored*
Ready-to-Wear
Evening Clothes
$50
Silk Lined Throughout
The prevailing price all over town for machine-work is from $85 to $100. It is for that reason precisely that we're doing the Dress Clothes business of New York!
Tailcoat or Tuxedo at the same price

ADVERTISEMENT.

Let All American Citizens Read This Statement

A Condition in the Clothing Manufacturing Trade That Commands Your Attention

Let all red-blooded Americans who favor fair play and the reduction of high prices read the following absolutely authentic facts:

Like numerous other manufacturers of men's fine clothing, we have found our business at a standstill and our big factory loaded to the limit with thousands of men's fine suits and overcoats which, due to the stagnation that exists in the retail store trade, remain unsold.

This placed us in a serious position. We had to either discharge our help, close down our factory and accept a tremendous loss or try and sell direct to the public. In this desperate situation we decided finally to let our entire stock go to the public at whatever it would bring. Almost immediately we were told by a good part of our store trade to stop selling at retail or accept many cancellations and virtual extermination. Now we do not charge all the retail trade with this form of boycott. There are many, we feel, who are too fair to countenance such methods.

However, we have determined to dispose of our stocks to the general public at once, regardless of any threats. Therefore, you can now walk into our New York factory at 810 Broadway and select really fine suits and overcoats for men and young men far below regular retail prices.

In other words, all wool suits and overcoats, cut on advanced patterns, for which regular retail stores ask you $40 to $50, we will sell you at $20 and $25; those that retail at $60 and $70, we will dispose of at $30 and $35—absolutely no higher, and we guarantee the cloth and trimmings to be as good as used in clothing anywhere.

And, bear in mind, you have our guarantee to refund your money within three days if you are not satisfied with the value received.

Further, to prove that our prices are not exaggerated one iota, you are privileged to see our books and actual contracts with retail concerns, showing that this offer is not only legitimate but most remarkable and that we are really standing a big loss.

The above prices and actual savings will give you an idea of the tremendous opportunity that we now place before men and young men of this city who believe in a reduction of prices and demand fair play.

We ask your help and co-operation, guaranteeing every word in this statement the absolute truth. Do us the justice of at least investigating the facts herein stated.

Our factory—one flight up—will be open from 8.30 A. M. to 7 P. M. during this sale.

Finkelstein & Maisel
FACTORY AND SHOWROOMS (Take Elevator), ONE FLIGHT UP,
810 Broadway, opp. 11th St., N. Y.

B. Altman & Co.
MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Men's
Quality Business Suits
comprising all of the fine grades remaining from this season's assortments, are now on sale at
$54.00
an astonishingly low price for clothing of this character

Men's Quality Overcoats
are also on sale at the greatly reduced prices of
$47.50, 78.50, 95.00
All of these reductions have been made regardless of cost
(Sixth Floor)

An Important Clearance Sale of
Men's All-leather Boots and Oxfords
(the greater number of Balta make)
is now in progress on the Sixth Floor

Boots . . .	$7.50 & 9.50	per pair
Oxfords . .	5.00 to 11.50	per pair

All sizes and various leathers are represented in the assortments, but not in every style.



SIXTY DOLLARS

ORDINARILY FINCHLEY REFRAINS FROM URGING A PERSON TO CALL AND ANALYZE THE CHARACTER AND ECONOMIC ELEMENTS OF A BUSINESS SUIT. HOWEVER, THE EFFORT EXERTED IN DEVELOPING THE GARMENTS NOW RETAILING AT SIXTY DOLLARS WAS SUCH THAT IT IS OF THE UTMOST IMPORTANCE THAT THE VALUE BE INVESTIGATED.

CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON
READY-TO-PUT-ON
TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

FINCHLEY
5 West 46th Street
NEW YORK



The Newmarket—Eight Dollars

WE feature The Newmarket because of its unusual valu. An altogether good shoe at eight dollars is a refreshing rarity, these days

The Newmarket adequately presents John Ward standards of style, satisfaction and suitability. It offers so bountiful a mesure of servis that the eight dollars can truthfully be regarded as a most advantageous investment

The Newmarket, in calfskin, may be had in tan or black. At all John Ward Stores, or by mail on receit of size and check.

John Ward Shoe Servis includes: careful cobbling, custom shoe making, expert chiropody and a painstaking attention to mail orders

John Ward Men's Shoes

80-82 Nassau st 21-23 Cortlandt st 348 Fulton st
1401-1403 Broadway 131-133 West 38 st Brooklyn
Philadelphia Store: 1221-1223 Chestnut st

B. Altman & Co.
MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Beginning to-day (Wednesday)
An Extraordinary Clearance Sale
of
Women's Winter Suits
(including some measuring up to 48 inches bust) greatly reduced, for quick disposal, to
$38.00, 48.00 & 58.00
(Women's Ready-to-wear Suits, Third Floor)

FIGHTING THE CRIME WAVE.

Photograph of flying squadron detectives armed with rifles and automatics setting out from Police Headquarters in New York to hunt marauders, in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

ners.

Tying your building operation to the most conspicuously successful building organization in America is an auspicious beginning.

Put it up to us to put it up for you!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction



Luxuriant Hair Promoted By Cuticura

Cuticura kills dandruff, stops irritation, a cause of dry, thin and falling hair. Treatment: Gently rub Cuticura Ointment with the end of the finger, on spots of dandruff. Follow next morning with a hot shampoo of Cuticura Soap. Repeat in two weeks. Nothing better than these fragrant, super-creamy emollients for all skin and scalp troubles.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura, Dept 14M, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. "Cuticura Soap shaves without mug."

ADVERTISEMENT.



Neely's Evidence and Denial Part in Murder.

KAGY STATEMENT REJECTED

Prosecution Closes Its Case and Arguments Are Expected to Begin This Morning.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 28.—Judge William H. McGannon of the Municipal Court, charged with the second degree murder of Harold C. Kagy, took the stand in his own behalf today and denied all knowledge of the accusations made against him. He was the last witness for the defense.

The State announced its case closed, but reserved the right to call in rebuttal James F. McCaffery, who testified he was driving Miss Mary E. Neely, chief witness for the State, around the city in an automobile at the time of the shooting. Miss Neely testified several days ago that she stood at Oregon Avenue and East Ninth Street and saw McGannon take something from his pocket. Simultaneously a shot was fired and Kagy lurched forward.

It is expected the case will go to the jury late tomorrow.

T. J. Moffett, Chairman of the Grievance Committee of the Cleveland Bar Association, was called in rebuttal by the State today after Judge McGannon had concluded his testimony. Moffett testified he visited Ninth Street and Hamilton Avenue, the scene of the Kagy shooting, with Miss Neely, County Prosecutor Roland Baskin, Assistant Prosecutor Green and A. V. Abernathy, Secretary of the Cleveland Bar Association, and rehearsed the principal events of Miss Neely's story.

Moffett declared he could see figures at Hamilton Avenue plainly from Oregon Avenue, two blocks away, where Miss Neely claims to have stood. This was in rebuttal of testimony of defense witnesses yesterday that Miss Neely could not have seen the shooting, as she claims.

McGannon assailed Miss Neely's story. He told his story deliberately and calmly, except where he emphasized his answers by raising his voice. When asked by W. H. Boyd, chief counsel for the defense, if he had killed Kagy, Judge McGannon's voice shook with emotion as he answered:

"No, sir, of course I did not."

There was a positive ring in his voice as he replied "I was not" to the question as to whether he was present at the shooting.

At another point during cross-examination by Prosecutor Baskin, McGannon showed strong emotion. Asked if he would have the jury believe that he got out of his automobile at Ninth Street and Euclid Avenue, five blocks from the scene of the shooting, and walked to a street car so that John W. Joyce, to whom he apparently was under no obligations, could ride, the Judge replied vigorously:

"Whatever I say, I expect them to believe!"

Judge McGannon was cross-examined by Prosecutor Baskin for one hour and fifteen minutes, but failed to change his story on any material points.

Judge McGannon testified that Miss Neely had proposed to him that she take the blame for the shooting and that he had declined her offer. This came as a surprise during this year.

Attempts of counsel for the defense to introduce a statement signed by Kagy as a "dying declaration" were unsuccessful. Judge Bernon ruled out the statement, inasmuch as no evidence had been introduced to prove Kagy knew he was dying.

Mrs. Anna McGannon, wife of the Judge, was one of the five defense witnesses today.

Arguments will be begun tomorrow morning, each side has been granted three hours.

2,500 CANARIES ARRIVE.

Consignments of Parrots and Monkeys Also Reach Port.

The canary bird market, which had been sadly depleted during the war, was brightened up yesterday by the arrival of 2,500 yellow warblers from the Harz Mountains, brought over on the steamship F. J. Luckenbach via Rotterdam. Officers of the ship said that the canaries sang all day long on the trip, the cold weather not appearing to have any effect on their throats or spirits.

The American freighter Lake Bilbao arrived yesterday from Central American ports with 150 long-haired monkeys and 200 cages of parrots. According to members of the crew, some of the monkeys got loose after leaving port and made things unpleasant for the men until they were secured. One of the monkeys emptied a bottle of cayenne pepper into a boiler of pea soup and stirred it up, imitating the cook. Another monkey got a bottle of cayenne pepper from a locker and sprinkled the contents over the red-hot galley stove, and in a few minutes the engineers and other occupants of cabins in the vicinity had to crawl down the alleyway on their hands and knees, sneezing violently.

EUGENE WALTER BANKRUPT.

Playwright Files Voluntary Petition —Debts, $7,479; Assets, 0.

Eugene Walter, the playwright, became a voluntary bankrupt yesterday by filing with the Federal Court a petition stating that he owed $7,479 and was entirely without assets. The year 1919, when Mr. Walter wrote "The Challenge," was his bad year. Nearly all of his liabilities were created then.

For money borrowed he owes Max Hart $2,100, Harry Wolf $400 and Archibald Selwyn $200. In the same year he received from David Belasco $500 as an advance payment, and obtained "merchandise" from Herman Bach of the value of $500 and from Thomas Healy and the Friars Club of the value of $780. Other debts are: Judge J. H. White, San Francisco, for professional services, $500; Reisenweber's, "merchandise," $212; Charles B. Towne Hospital, services, $100 and L. Booth & Son, $440.

Among Mr. Walter's best known plays are "The Easiest Way," "The Wolf," and "Paid in Full."

REFORMED RABBIS ELECT.

New York Association Names Officers for the Coming Year.

At the annual meeting of the Association of Reformed Rabbis of New York and Vicinity at a luncheon in the Café Boulevard yesterday, Rabbi Joseph Silverman was unanimously chosen as Honorary President, and other officers for 1921 were chosen as follows:

Rabbi Samuel Schulman of Temple Beth-El, President; Rabbi Rudolph Grossman of Temple Rodeph Shalom, Vice President; Rabbi Jacob H. Tatskish of Yonkers, Treasurer; Rabbi Richard M. Stern of New Rochelle, Secretary.

Program Would Be Enacted.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—A platform of legislation designed to provide relief for agricultural credits was announced today by J. R. Howard, President of the American Farm Bureau Federation, upon his return from Washington, where the proposal was placed before members of Congress. Assurance that legislation as outlined would be incorporated in bills to be drafted immediately was given him by committee members, Mr. Howard said.

The Federation's proposed measures as the means of relief were:

Regulatory power over farmers' co-operative marketing associations should be in the hands of the United States Department of Agriculture rather than the Federal Trade Commission.

The farmers' co-operative marketing movement must not be hindered by the provisions of the Sherman law, enacted to control trusts and not with any intent to curb co-operation for the benefit of the public at large.

The Federal Reserve act should be amended so as to provide preferential rates for loans for productive purposes over loans for speculative purposes.

The Warehousing act should be extended so as to serve the needs of both individuals and co-operative associations, carrying with it a rural credits plan to aid marketing of crops.

The Federal Land Bank system should be extended to provide farmers personal credit.

Fined $150 for Having Bad Eggs.

Magistrate Brough, in the City Magistrate's Court yesterday fined the Federal French Pastry Company of 288 East Third Street $150 when inspectors of the Health Department complained to the court that they had found 90 pounds of rotten eggs in the company's bakery.

Domino Syrup

Rich and wholesome
A delicious Cane Sugar Syrup



American Sugar Refining Company

"Sweeten it with Domino"



Reg. Trade Mark

January Sale Household Linens

Reductions up to 33⅓%

We have planned that this January Sale shall be the most important of any in our long experience.

By careful and foresighted buying all through the war years we have been able to keep our Household Linen prices an average of about 20% to 25% below current market prices. Recent reductions in Belfast Manufacturers' prices, therefore, only bring their prices to the level at which we have been offering our goods for some time.

But in order to do our part in helping to bring prices back to normal and to meet present conditions, we shall make reductions during January on our Household Linens from these already moderate prices—*amounting in many cases to 33⅓ per cent.*

We make these reductions with the full realization that it may be impossible for us to replace the goods offered at the same prices.

The range of goods on which these reductions are made is so wide that all may find what they want.

In addition to the reductions on Household Linens there will be special values in other departments, including Lingerie, Children's Wear, Women's Sweaters and Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Bed Spreads, Comfortables, Laces and Embroideries.

Sale begins 9 A. M., Monday, January 3

James McCutcheon & Company

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway at Ninth, New York — Telephone Stuyvesant 4700 — Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.

How Crowded with Foot Passengers

the streets are is constantly remarked and how difficult it is to cross the streets packed as they are morning, noon and night with automobiles!

And how many people seem to have nothing to do!

Just a few steps up the street two men were vigorously trying to fit a block of stone to its place in the wall of a new building, and on the pavement there was a crowd of twenty idle men watching the others at work.

Certain men are lifting and building in the public service and there are crowds looking on and criticising.

(Signed)

John Wanamaker

December 29, 1920.

A Little Book-Case

AU QUATRIÈME



AU QUATRIEME are some little walnut book-cases that may be used in a great many types of rooms. They are the sort that are so nice to put between windows, or to use in a bedroom, where one wishes to keep just a few of one's most cherished books.

These book-cases are made after an old Italian Directoire design, tall and slender, with five shelves and charming fret-work sides. The shelves are far enough apart to accommodate rather tall books, and the book-case is scarcely more than two feet wide. The surface is beautifully polished like that of an old piece, and the cabinet work is irreproachable.

Price—$72.75 for one.

Fourth Floor—Old Bldg.

99 French and Italian Luncheon Cloths and Scarfs

Beautiful pieces—made by hand—at HALF price, and Less.

LUNCHEON CLOTHS

45x45 in.

4 at $25.00—were $50.00
4 at 30.00—were 60.00
8 at 12.50—were 25.00
3 at 37.50—were 75.00
3 at 62.50—were 125.00
1 at 32.50—was 65.00
1 at 60.00—was 125.00
1 at 85.00—was 175.00
1 at 80.00—was 165.00
1 at 125.00—was 250.00
1 at 175.00—was 350.00

54x54 in.

2 at $25.00—were $50.00
2 at 32.50—were 65.00
1 at 55.00—was 110.00
8 at 37.50—were 75.00
1 at $62.50—was 125.00
1 at 65.00—was 130.00
2 at 82.50—were 165.00
2 at 75.00—were 150.00
1 at 100.00—was 200.00
1 at 150.00—was 300.00

60x60 in.

4 at $37.50—were $75.00
1 at 25.00—was 50.00
1 at 30.00—was 60.00
2 at 45.00—were 90.00
3 at 50.00—were 100.00
2 at 55.00—were 110.00
2 at 62.50—were 125.00
1 at 65.00—was 135.00
1 at 100.00—was 200.00

34 SCARFS

20x36 in. to 20x72 in.

4 at $12.50—were $25.00
1 at 15.00—was 30.00
2 at 30.00—were 60.00
3 at 40.00—were 125.00
4 at 45.00—were 100.00
3 at 65.00—were 130.00
3 at $17.50—were $35.00
2 at 19.50—were 40.00
4 at 37.50—were 75.00
4 at 42.50—were 85.00
1 at 50.00—was 110.00
3 at 75.00—were 150.00

5 LARGER CLOTHS

1 cloth, 92x 92 in., at $200.00—was $425.00
1 cloth, 92x 92 in., at 210.00—was 425.00
1 cloth, 92x 92 in., at 225.00—was 450.00
1 cloth, 92x 92 in., at 250.00—was 500.00
1 cloth, 96x144 in., at 450.00—was 900.00

The Linen Shop, First Floor, Old Bldg.

For Miss 14 to 20

Our Fine Wraps and Coats

$89.50 $98.50
$125 $150

Until now prices were from $130 to $250—in many instances original prices were considerably more.

Day wraps and coats—mostly individual models are fashioned of the finest woollen materials of the season. Evening wraps are of beautiful velvets. Luxurious fur collars and trimmings.

Suits $29.75, $35 to $125

Until now prices were from $39.75 to $175—many of the original prices were more.

Second Floor, Old Building—Tenth Street

TO-DAY — *Women's Furs*

Enter Holiday Fashion Sale

Offering a Furrier's stock of

334 Women's Fur Coats at Half Price and Less

AND—

—Half of early season prices

987 pieces of Small Furs at a Third to 40 per cent. less

From a large furrier and from our own stocks, reduced to meet these new values.

From our knowledge of what is in the fur market, we are compelled to advise everybody who is looking for an investment in furs not to be guided by prices alone. The only way to be absolutely sure that you are getting the most for your money, is to SEE and COMPARE.

During December we sold many fur coats to women who had shopped around town before deciding. They told us that Wanamaker coats were of decidedly better quality than others at the same prices. Those coats, and the coats in this sale, were made by the same furrier. Beautiful skins! Well-matched. Fashionably cut. Charmingly lined.



Hudson Seal Coats

(dyed muskrat)

$295 $395 $575

36 inches, 40 inches, and 45 inches respectively; flare models with belts; self-trimmed or with beaver or skunk collars and cuffs.

Hudson Seal Dolmans, $495
Hudson Seal Wraps, $595, $695

The coats at $695 have large collars of Kolinsky; all the other coats have large cape collars.

Bay Seal Coats (dyed coney), $150, $165, $195

36 in. with belts, some 45 in. at $195; collars and cuffs of skunk on some of the coats at $165, of beaver or squirrel on coats at $195.

Bay Seal Wraps, with sleeves (some collars of skunk), $250.
Near-seal (dyed coney) Coats, 36-inch, $125.
Moleskin Coats, 30 and 36-inch, $275.
Marmot, dyed Kolinsky, Coats, 36-inch, $112.50.
Natural brown Pony Coats, 45-inch, $245.

36-inch dyed black Pony Coats..... $75

The SMALL FURS

Sable Scarfs

Russian sable, 1 skin..... $225, $270
Russian sable, 2 skins..... $415, $475
Tipped Russian sable, 2 skins..... $210
Hudson Bay, 1 skin..... $49.50, $59.50

Stone Marten Scarfs

One skin scarf..... $27.50
Two skin scarfs..... $55.00

Mink Scarfs

Animal scarfs..... $16.50, $23, $25

Black Lynx Scarfs

Animal scarfs..... $50, $66
Extra large animal scarfs..... $80
Animal shapes..... $90
Extra large animal shapes..... $114

Novelty Capes

Taupe squirrel, roll collar..... $120
Sable squirrel, roll collar..... $120
Moleskin, squirrel trimmed..... $225
Skunk, roll collar, tails..... $330
Mink, with tails..... $367

Skunk Furs

Animal scarfs..... $18, $22, $30
One and two skin scarfs..... $35, $36, $43
Fancy capes and scarfs..... $50
Animal scarfs..... $55
(double fur and silk lined)
Animal scarfs, silk lined..... $75
Capes and stoles..... $110
Muffs, round models..... $32.50, $45

Fox Furs

Black fox scarfs..... $46, $50, $56, $65
Brown fox animal scarfs..... $47.50
Pointed fox scarfs..... $55, $65
Taupe fox scarfs..... $33, $40, $46, $56

Beaver Furs

Scarfs and capes..... $75, $80

Second Floor, Old Building

* * *

$50,000 Men's Fur-trimmed and Fur-lined Overcoats for $30,000

In the Motor Shop, Burlington Arcade.

25 overcoats—were $85..... (nutria collars)
29 overcoats—were $115..... (otter collars)
21 overcoats—were $85..... (sealine [coney] collars)

$45

93 overcoats—were $165 to $185. Collars of raccoon or Australian opossum.....
25 coats—were $175 to $295.. (beaver and otter collars)
37 coats—were $165 to $245.. (Half lined with lamb, marmot or wallaby; collars of beaver, otter or opossum)

$95

$135



40 chauffeurs' overcoats.....
—Spanish lamb, were $115.
—dogskin-lined, were $145 to $175.
—wool-lined, were $115.
—dogskin-lined, raccoon collars, were $115.

$89.50

32 Fur-lined Overcoats, $190 to $675

These prices are a third to half below yesterday's prices. The coats are lined with muskrat and wallaby; collars of beaver or otter.

Burlington Arcade Floor, New Building

Ready for Delivery VICTROLAS at $150, $225, $275

First Gallery, New Building

A New O'Neill Play.

The new plays by Eugene O'Neill come thick and fast, and the latest one to be revealed in Macdougal Street illustrates as well as any why each as it comes along stands out as an event in the dramatic year. This is "Diff'rent," a short piece in two acts, which is part of the second bill of the Provincetown Players, for which room has been made at their theatre by the transfer of "The Emperor Jones" to the Selwyn.

"Diff'rent" is set in a New England parlor of some seaport village, its first scene visiting that room in the Spring of 1880 and the second returning to it just thirty years later. In the first you see an exacting young woman austerely breaking her promise to wed a shamed-faced Captain, who has returned blushing from a whaling voyage pursued by a facetious tale about some escapade of his with a native girl in some island where they had put in for water.

The same woman reigns in the same parlor thirty years later—still a spinster, but one clutching frantically with her hair dye and her cosmetics to the squandered youth, and, through a scene of almost intolerable discomfort, you must watch her angling boldly, awkwardly, hopelessly for the attentions of a gad-about young soldier, who lounges about the pitifully refurbished parlor and regales her with hints of his gay life overseas. For the sake of this ironic and caustic contrast the play was written, and that much attended to, O'Neill seems to have lost interest. At least, he lets the play stumble on to a dull and conventional conclusion. But before his own interest has flagged, yours cannot, for no American playwright can write such dramatic dialogue as his.

"Diff'rent" is no easy piece to play and it is creditably managed in Macdougal Street, with excellent work being done by Mary Blair as the woman and by Charles Ellis as the soldier. It is preceded by a shorter play called "What D'You Want?" a farce by Lawrence Vail.

Stars to Appear for Actors' Fund.

Among those who will appear at the forthcoming benefit for the Actors' Fund, which will take place at the Century Theatre on Friday afternoon, Jan. 21, will be Margaret Anglin, Nora Bayes, Florence Reed, May Irwin, Marilynn Miller, Patricia Collinge, Frances White, Julia Arthur, Ade Mae Weeks, Holbrook Blinn, Frank Bacon, Leon Errol, Edmund Breese, Frank Craven, Edgar Selwyn, Frederick Truesdell, William Faversham, Alphonz Ethier and Harry C. Browne.

There will be seven sketches on the program, one to be written by James Forbes, and a group of girls, with a hundred sailors from the Navy Yard, will appear in a pageant arranged by Alexander Leftwich. Mrs. Fiske has purchased the first gallery seat for $50.

Virginia Mauret, Dancer, Applauded.

Virginia Mauret, a promising débutante, in a program of dances at Carnegie Hall last evening, and perhaps the forerunner of many such débuts hereafter, had the high authority of Michael Fokine for a number of her interpretations, given with full symphony orchestra under the direction of Erno Rapee of the Capitol Theatre. It was an ambitious list she chose from Bach, Chopin and Elgar, Sarasate and Tschaikowsky, each dance preceded by an orchestral interlude from the corresponding composer. Miss Mauret is young; she has years to gain the dramatic training to dominate a stage thus for hours, yet she displayed not a little skill in the sheer technique of diptoe dancing, while her girlish enthusiasm, grace and charm won and held the attention and applause of a large audience.s

Alberta Burton Weds Broker.

Alberta Burton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund F. Burton of 114 East Seventy-first Street, who acts opposite Arnold Daly in "The Tavern," and David L. Meyer, son of Leopold Meyer, a banker, were married on the evening of Dec. 19 before a Justice of the Peace at Greenwich, Conn. Mr. and Mrs. Meyer will spend their honeymoon in Europe, leaving this country early in the Summer. Until their departure Mrs. Meyer will continue to play her rôle in "The Tavern." The bride was born in Chicago, where her father was a surgeon in the Cook County Hospital. Mr. Meyer, whose parents reside at 285 Central Park West, is a rubber broker.

Metropolitan Operas for Next Week.

The Metropolitan will give a Verdi-Mascagni concert next Sunday, when the singers will include Destinn, Ponselle, Perini and Marion Telva, Gigli, Kingston, Danise and Mardones. For the season's eighth week, the operas are "Don Carlos" next Monday, sung by Ponselle, Matzenauer, Martinelli, De Luca and Didur; Wednesday "Carmen," Farrar, Sundelius, Martinelli, Amato and Rothier; Thursday, "Oberon," Ponselle, Delaunois, Gordon, Kingston, Diaz, Martino; Friday, "Tristan," Matzenauer, Gordon, Sembach, Whitehill, Gustafson and Saturday matinee, "Butterfly," Farrar, Crimi and Scotti. "Mefistofele," with Alda, Gigli and Mardones, will be sung on Saturday evening, Jan. 8, for the benefit of the Italian Hospital.

Mexican Pianist in Novel Recital.

Ernesto Berumen, the Mexican pianist and a pioneer of the Pan-Americans before Novaes on the local stage, appeared at Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon for the first time this season in a recital of much interest and musical novelty. His talent for the picturesque carried his hearers in to forgotten byways from Handel to Brahms, with fresher trifles of Granados, Cortot, Palmgren and Dohnanyi. There was no less of novelty, though less of charm, in Sgambati's "Nenia" and an unfamiliar theme with variations by Chevillard.

26 Nations' Envoys at Vatican.

ROME, Dec. 27.—Twenty-six countries are now represented diplomatically at the Holy See. This is a gain of twelve countries since 1914, as shown by official communications of the Vatican.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Passing Show of 1923" will open tonight at the Winter Garden.

"Love Birds," in which Pat Rooney and Marion Bent will be seen, will open Friday night in Reading, Pa. The cast will also include Elizabeth Murray, Eva Davenport, Sylvia Ford, Emilie Lea, Elizabeth Hines and Evelyn Cavanaugh.

Two performances will be given in all the Keith vaudeville houses on New Year's Eve. They will begin at 7:30 and 10:30 o'clock, except at the Palace, where the second show will begin at 11.

Michael Morton's play, "Woman to Woman," will be played for the first time in Stamford on Friday night. A. H. Woods is the producer.

The Mummers will present three one-act plays at the Bramhall Playhouse on Sunday nights, Jan. 6 and 13. On the bill will be Alice Gerstenberg's "Overtones," Rita Wellman's "Funicull Funicula" and "The Noble Lord," by Percival Wilde.

MUSIC NOTES.

Josef Stransky and the Philharmonic Orchestra have volunteered their services in a musical program at the Waldorf-Astoria this afternoon for the benefit of the Women's Auxiliary of the Stuyvesant Polyclinic.

Toscanini and the Scala Orchestra will appear at Carnegie Hall on Monday next for the Italian Welfare League. They also play this evening, Saturday in Brooklyn, Jan. 11 at the Metropolitan and Jan. 13 in Newark.

Albert Coates of London will make his first appearance in America tomorrow afternoon with the New York Symphony Orchestra, playing works of Purcell and Elgar and the "London Symphony" of Vaughan Williams.

Margaret Matzenauer will again sing Kundry in "Parsifal" at the Metropolitan on Friday afternoon, relieving Florence Easton, who is to appear Saturday in the revival of Montemezzi's "Amore dei Tre Re."

Chatterton ROSE
J. M. BARRIE'S NEW PLAY.

BELASCO WEST 44 ST. EVES. AT 8:15. MATS. TOM'W & SAT., 2:15.
LIONEL ATWILL "DEBURAU"
In the New Play
By Sacha Guitry, adapted by Granville Barker.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:20.
INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS" By Avery Hopwood.

BRAMHALL 125 E. 27th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
Mixed Marriage by St. John Krrine

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TOM'W & SAT., 2:30.
Patricia "A Veritable Gem" JUST SUPPOSE
—Eve. Post
A. E. THOMAS' NEW PLAY.

LAST 6 TIMES CORT West 48 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30
JIM JAM JEMS
The Smashing Musical Hit.
MONDAY, JAN. 8—SEATS SELLING.
Margaret Lawrence—Arthur Byron IN THE "TRANSPLANTING JEAN" COMEDY.

NEW YEAR'S EVE. 50c TO $3.00. GOOD SEATS AT BOX OFFICE.
BAB LAST WEEK with HELEN HAYES
Park Thea. Col. Cir. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Today & Sat.
Beginning JAN. 3—8:10 Sharp

SEATS ARE NOW ON SALE. FRANCIS DE WOLF
WILSON & HOPPER IN A NEW AND WONDROUS "ERMINIE"

COHAN & HARRIS Th. W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15 Mats Wed., Fri., Sat.
WELCOME STRANGER
with GEORGE SIDNEY.

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. MATINEE TODAY.
JOHN GOLDEN Presents
FRANK BACON 'LIGHTNIN'

Leon Errol in
NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF—NEW
Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic

LIBERTY POP. 50c to $2 MAT. TODAY
"BEST THAT THE MUSICAL THEATRE CAN PROVIDE."—Herald.
MITZI
in "LADY BILLY" A MUSICAL COMEDY HIT.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way, 43d St. Mats. Wed., Thurs., Fri. & Sat.
GEO. M. COHAN'S PRODUCTION
THE TAVERN
GREATEST MYSTERY OF THEM ALL. ARNOLD DALY as the Vagabond.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
Mats. This Week: Wed., Thurs., Fri. & Sat.
GEO. M. COHAN'S Comedians
MARY
(ISN'T IT A GRAND OLD NAME?)

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat.
GEO. M. COHAN'S production of
THE MEANEST MAN IN THE WORLD
MR. COHAN in the Title Role.

GLOBE Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
FRED STONE "TIP-TOP"
Extra Holiday Matinee Friday, Dec. 31.

Punch & Judy 49th, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Reg. Mats. Fri. & Sat., 2:30.
EXTRA MATS. TO-DAY & TO-M'W., 2:30.
A CLARE KUMMER Comedy ROLLO'S WILD OAT ROLAND YOUNG

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE.
TONIGHT, TOMORROW NIGHT & SAT. MAT., LEHAR'S operetta, "WO DIE LERCHE SINGT" (Where the Lark Sings).
FRI. & SAT. EVES., LECOCQ'S "GIROFLE-GIROFLA." Prices 50c to $2.50.
THIS AFT. AT 2:30, "SCHNEEWITTCHEN UND DIE SIEBEN ZWERGE." Snow White and the 7 Dwarfs).
TO-M'W & FRI. AFT., "ASCHENBROEDEL" (Cinderella). Prices 35c to $1.

THE NEIGHBORHOOD PLAYHOUSE
466 GRAND STREET.
TELEPHONE ORCHARD 1171.
TO-NIGHT and THURS. and FRI. EVES.
"THE MOB"
by JOHN GALSWORTHY
Orchestra, One Dollar. Balcony, 50c.
SAT. and SUN. EVES., JAN. 1;2
Two Special Benefit Performances for the Club and Class work of Henry St. Settlement.
Twenty Unusual and Interesting Dance Numbers and
"La Boutique Fantasque"
(The Magic Shop)
A Pantomime Ballet in Three Scenes. Music by Rossini.
ALL TICKETS—FIVE DOLLARS

DANCING ALL NIGHT NEW YEAR'S EVE
Beginning at 7:30, ending at sunrise, and if it's cloudy you can keep on dancing.
ROSELAND
Broadway at 51st St.
Sat. and Sun. Matinees.
Evenings 7:30 to 1 A. M.
Continuous Dancing all night New Year's Eve. Reservations should be made at once.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE Bryant 4300 Mats. Daily, 25c-$1. HARRY FRANKLYN CARROLL & CO; ARDELL & CO Rob Hall, O'Donnell & Blair, Alexander Bros. & Evelyn, Otts. & Joe Cook.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'y & 96th St. TRIXIE FRIGANZA, WILBUR MACK & CO., Brown & Weston, Sylvia Clark, Larry Harkins & Co. & Others.

81 S. F. Keith's St. & B'way. Popular Prices. CLAYTON WHITE & CO. BERI & CO. Santlet & Norton, Others & DOROTHY DALTON in Her Best Picture HALF AN HOUR

AEOLIAN HALL SONG RECITAL
Francisca CATALINA
Spanish Coloratura Soprano
Sat., Jan. 1st, at 8 P. M.
75c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.

CARNEGIE HALL, Mon. Aft., Jan. 8, at 3
JOSEPH SCHWARZ
RUSSIAN BARITONE
Presented by Alex L. Fischer.
Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

GOOD TIMES MAN O' WAR'S SENSATIONAL VICTORY (A Real Race)
MATINEE EVERY DAY At the HIPPODROME
EVES. AT 8:30. MATINEES AT 2:10.

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. of B'way Every Eve. at 8:15.
AL SHAYNE, Shelly & Hett Revue. Keno, Keyes & Melrose, 6 others. Thea., Viola Dana, 'Cinderella's Twin'
All Seats Reserved

McBRIDE'S
THEATRE TICKET OFFICES
1497 BROADWAY
(TIMES SQUARE WEST)
IGNORANCE may be bliss, but ignorance of McBride's unvarying policy of charging only 50c over the box office price of theatre tickets is costing many theatre-goers a considerable sum in premiums, as well as a lot of time and trouble.
Hotel McAlpin Waldorf-Astoria
71 Broadway 165 Broadway
PHONE 1100 BRYANT



Sight Seeing Royal Blue Line
Seeing New York, up town, down town, over the great bridges to Brooklyn, 10 A.M., 2 P.M. Chinatown, New York After Dark, 8 P.M. Luxurious closed roof heated automobiles. Distinctive Service. Ask at hotels for our free map and guide.
ROYAL BLUE LINE CO. OF N. Y.
Office Starting Point, Hotel McAlpin

NEW YORK SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Historical Cycle at Carnegie Hall, Tomorrow (Thurs.) Aft. at 3 & Fri. Eve. at 8:15
FIRST APPEARANCE IN AMERICA
ALBERT COATES
GUEST-CONDUCTOR
(From the Royal Opera, Covent Garden, the London Symphony Orchestra and Royal London Philharmonic Society)
British Program, including FIRST PERFORMANCE IN AMERICA VAUGHAN WILLIAMS'
"London Symphony"
CARNEGIE HALL, SAT. AFT., JAN. 1
Symphony Concert for Young People
Under Direction of WALTER DAMROSCH
AEOLIAN HALL, SUN. AFT., JAN. 2
Soloist: SERGEI RACHMANINOFF
ALBERT COATES, Guest-Conductor.
Tickets at Box Offices. GEORGE ENGLES, Mgr.

BURTON HOLMES
Himself
CARNEGIE HALL, 57th ST. & 7th AV.
5 SUND. EVES. 5 MOND. MATS.
CONSTANTINOPLE JAN. 9-10
JERUSALEM JAN. 16-17
GARDEN OF ALLAH JAN. 23-24
SPANISH CITIES JAN. 30-31
VENICE AND THE ITALIAN LAKES FEB. 6-7
Course Sale Opens Today, $7.50 and $5.00.

PHILHARMONIC
CARNEGIE HALL, Fri. Aft. at 2:30.
DIRECTION OF JOSEF STRANSKY
Mahler. First Symphony; Hadley, "Culprit Fay," conducted by the Composer; "Fingal's Cave," "Tannhauser" Overture.
Next Sunday Aft. at 3
"New World" Symphony, "Till Eulenspiegel," JOAN MANEN, Assisting Artist
Lalo's "Symphonie Espagnol" for Violin and Orchestra. Felix F. Leifels, Manager.

Loudon Charlton Announces
TOSCANINI and LA SCALA ORCHESTRA
EXTRA CONCERT
CARNEGIE HALL MON. EVE., JAN. 3 AT 8:15
Under the Auspices and for the Benefit of the Italian Welfare League.
Only a Few Upper Tier Boxes, Parquet and Dress Circle Seats Left.

HIPPODROME, Next Sun. Eve.
FIRST NEW YORK RECITAL
KUBELIK
with Russian Pianist, ALFRED MIROVITCH.
Tickets $1.00 to $2.50 (10% War Tax at Box Off.)
Mgt. Hurok's Bureau, 47 W. 42d St.

AEOLIAN HALL, SAT. AFT., JAN 1, AT 3
LAMBERT MURPHY
SONG RECITAL. (Mason & Hamlin)

AEOLIAN HALL, MON. AFT., JAN. 8, 3:00.
YOLANDA MERO
PIANO RECITAL (Steinway)

NATIONAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA ARTUR BODANZKY COND'R.
CARNEGIE HALL SUNDAY EVE., JAN. 2, at 8:15 (Benefit Babies' Hospital).
KREISLER
THE KNABE IS THE OFFICIAL PIANO

AEOLIAN HALL, TUES. AFT., JAN. 4 AT 3
SONG RECITAL Marguerite D'Alvarez
"The Matchless D'Alvarez."—The Globe.
Management Daniel Mayer. Steinway Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, Friday Aft. at 3. Jan. 7
A Pianistic Recital by IGNAZ
FRIEDMAN
AMERICAN DEBUT
Seats Now at Box Office, 75c to $2.
Mgt. Metro. Musical Bureau. Steinway Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, Tomorrow (Thurs.) Aft. at 3
GRIFFES GROUP
Edna Thomas, Mezzo. Olga Steeb, Piano.
Sascha Jacobinoff, Violin. Knabe Piano.
Seats at Box Office. Mgt. Catharine A. Bamman.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47 St. Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15
WATSON & COMAN in GIRLS DE LOOKS
Extra Midnight Performance New Year's Eve. 11:30

OPERA TICKETS
Choice seats all operas. Subscriptions bought, sold or exchanged for Metropolitan and Chicago Opera Co. Seats for TOSCANINI CONCERTS
Phone Bryant 7877
Carnegie Hall, Jan. 2, and at Metropolitan Jan. 11 & Jan. 25. Consoli, 1433 B'way (40-41 Sts.)
TOSCANINI CONCERTS
Seats all locations, $1.50 to $3.00.
Normandie Hotel, Broadway & 38th Street
JACOBS OPERA TICKET OFFICE
PHONES FITZROY 4189-4190.

MOTION PICTURES.
MARK STRAND B'way at 47 St. CHAS. RAY, "19 AND PHYLLIS" STRAND ORCHESTRA.
Loew's New York Theatre and Roof
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Best in 1 A. M.
JUNE CAPRICE, "ROGUES AND ROMANCE."

WILLIE and EUGENE HOWARD
MARIE DRESSLER—HARRY WATSON AND OTHERS.
FIRST MATINEE TOMORROW.

CENTURY THEATRE. 62d & C. P. W. Tonight at 8 Sharp.
POP. MAT. TODAY—50c to $2
F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest Present
LAST 4 WEEKS MECCA
A Musical Extravaganza of the Orient. CO. OF 400 PEOPLE—11 SCENES. Positively Most Sensational and Most Stupendous Season in World's History.

CENTURY Promenade Above Century Theatre
CENTURY MIDNIGHT REVUE at 11:30
Opens at 10:30 for Dining and Dancing. Make New Year's Eve Reservations Early.

CENTRAL THEATRE, 47th & B'y. Evs. 8:30
Matinees Today & Sat., 2:30.
Popular Mat. Today—50c to $2.
F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest Present
The London and Paris Sensation
DELYSIA "AFGAR"
In the Musical Show
"Has taken New York by storm."—Telegram.

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Ph. Bryant 134.
2ND YEAR—THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT
IRENE
Seats 2 Weeks Ahead. MATS. TODAY & SAT.

NORA BAYES THEATRE, 44th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30.
"A big success! At his best" in "3 LIVE GHOSTS"
"Screaming Comedy."—Telegram.
Matinees Today & Saturday, 2:30.

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Daily.
MATINEE TODAY Popular Prices
MATS. EVERY DAY THIS WEEK.
MARY NASH
in "Thy Name Is Woman"

Wm. A. Brady's 48TH ST. Thea., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:20 Mats Tom'w & Sat., 2:20
"The Broken Wing"
NEW YORK'S BIGGEST THRILL!

BIJOU THEATRE, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w, Fri. & Sat.
4 Matinees This Week 4
Today, Tom'w, Fri. & Sat.
POPULAR PRICES (EXCEPT SAT.).
THE SKIN GAME
By JOHN GALSWORTHY.

PRINCESS 39th n'r B'way. Beginning TUES. JAN. 4. Seats Tom'w
Max R. Wilner and S. Romberg Offer
HELEN WARE REGINE WALLACE JOSEPH SHILDKRAUT ALICE FISCHER in
"PAGANS"
A Modern Play by Charles Anthony.

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30.
The Reigning Musical Comedy Success
PITTER PATTER with ERNEST TRUEX
NEXT MON. EVE. SEATS THURSDAY
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
GRANT MITCHELL
in a New Comedy "THE CHAMPION"
by Thomas Louden and A. E. Thomas.

Full subscription prices including war tax, allowed on OPERA TICKETS The Original TYSON & CO. ESTABLISHED 1869 1472 B'WAY. 100 B'WAY. 4080 Bryant 9100 Rector

MOTION PICTURES.
TODAY
By WILLIAM FOX.

SOME YEARS AGO, THE REIGNING MUSICAL HIT OF THE SEASON WAS MOVED FROM THE CASINO TO ANOTHER THEATRE. WITHIN A WEEK BUSINESS AT THE OTHER HOUSE BEGAN FALLING OFF AND THE PLAY WAS FORCED TO LEAVE TOWN BECAUSE OF POOR PATRONAGE.

* * * *

THE PLAY WAS A SUCCESS SO LONG AS IT WAS UNDISTURBED, BUT THE PUBLIC WOULD NOT FOLLOW IT. "OVER THE HILL," NOW PLAYING AT THE BROADHURST, IS IN ITS FIFTH THEATRE AND THIS IS THE BIGGEST WEEK THE PICTURE HAS ENJOYED DURING ITS NEW YORK RUN.

* * * *

ATTENDANCE AT THE ASTOR WAS BETTER THAN AT THE NORA BAYES, WHEN WE MOVED TO THE CENTRAL PATRONAGE INCREASED AGAIN. OUR FOURTH MOVE WAS INTO THE LYRIC, WHERE WE DID A CONSTANTLY REMARKABLE BUSINESS SLIGHTLY GREATER THAN AT THE CENTRAL. NOW AT THE BROADHURST WE ARE ABSOLUTELY SELLING OUT AT EACH AND EVERY PERFORMANCE.

* * * *

AT THIS RATE "OVER THE HILL" SHOULD REACH THE HIPPODROME ABOUT JULY FIRST, AND PLAY TO SEVENTY THOUSAND PEOPLE WEEKLY.

* * * *

DANIEL CARSON GOODMAN,
NOTED NOVELIST AND PLAYWRIGHT, ATTENDED AT THE BROADHURST YESTERDAY. TODAY HE WROTE ME AND SAID:

"GREATER SUSPENSE AND EMOTION FILLS THE HEART AND MIND. WHEN THE BOY DRAGS HIS BROTHER DOWN THE STREET, THAN EVER CAME OUT OF THE RIDE OF THE CLANS IN 'THE BIRTH OF A NATION.'"

* * * *

THE TWICE DAILY POLICY OBTAINS AT THE BROADHURST

PARAMOUNT PICTURES.
CRITERION B'way at 44th St. Doors to 11:30.
"Midsummer Madness"
with JACK HOLT, CONRAD NAGEL, LOIS WILSON, LILA LEE.
From COSMO HAMILTON'S Novel.
"His Friend and His Wife."

RIVOLI B'WAY AT 49TH ST.
Special Holiday Week Bill
Wallace Reid, "The Charm School"
CHRISTMAS FANTASY, CHORUS.
RIVOLI CONCERT ORCHESTRA
Special perform. for children, 10:30 Each morning.
Anniversary Bill—Next Week

RIALTO Douglas MacLean
TIMES SQUARE. "The Rookie Return"
FAMOUS RIALTO ORCHESTRA.

PLAZA Mad. Ave. at 59th St. CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG in "FOR THE SOUL OF RAFAEL." By Marah Ellis Ryan.
PLAZA ORCH. ORGAN. COMEDY. REVIEW.

44TH ST. THEATRE MATINEE EVERY DAY
EVENINGS, 8:15. MATINEES, 2:15.
The D. W. Griffith Masterpiece
WAY DOWN EAST
Orchestral & Vocal Accompaniment.
All Seats Reserved. Order in Advance.

NOTE—Owing to the tremendous demand for seats, there will be two showings next Friday night (New Year's Eve.)—the First at 7:45 and the Second at 10:45. All Seats Reserved.

CAPITOL Madge Kennedy, "The Girl With the Jazz Heart." Madge Evans in "Heidi." Russian Cathedral Choir. Mats. 50-50. Nights 55-55c. B'way at 51 Street. World's Largest and Most Beautiful Theatre.

BROADHURST Theatre, 44 St., W. of B'way TODAY Matinee, 10:30 a. m. JUNIOR CINEMA CLUB Presents ALICE IN WONDERLAND

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.
2d Toscanini Concert
Brooklyn Academy of Music
This Saturday Evening at 8:15
ENTIRELY NEW PROGRAM
TICKETS, $1.00 TO $3.00, AT BOX OFFICE
NOTE: As the entire series of Toscanini Concerts at the Metropolitan Opera House is sold out completely, it is advisable to buy tickets for the above concert.

FIRST TIME TONIGHT
BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:30. MATS. THIS WEEK: TODAY Tomorrow, Fri. & Sat.
WILLIAM FAVERSHAM in MARK THE PRINCE AND PAUPER TWAIN'S THE
REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
Daddy Dumplins with MARGETTA ARMSTRONG
ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
"LADIES' NIGHT"
PLYMOUTH 45th Street, W. of B'way. Mats. Tom'w, Fri. & Sat.
Little Old New York
EXTRA MATINEE FRIDAY.

SHUBERT Thea., 44 St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Sat., 2:30.
POPULAR MATINEE TODAY
THE BOHEMIANS, INC., ANNOUNCE
THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920

GARRICK 65 W. 35th. Fitzroy 1822. Evs. 8:15. MATINEES TOM'W & SAT.
HEARTBREAK HOUSE
A Comedy by Bernard Shaw.

ENTER MADAME
GILDA VARESI
NORMAN TREVOR
FULTON Thea., 46th St., W. of B'way. Mat. Today and All Week.

39TH ST. THEATRE, B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Today & Sat., 2:30.
BEN-AMI
"SAMSON AND DELILAH"
PAULINE LORD

ASTOR THEATRE, B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15.
POP. MAT. TODAY—50c TO $2
"Dramatic Sensation of Season."—Journal.
MADGE KENNEDY
HERSELF in a dual "CORNERED" role in

CASINO 39th and B'way. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Today, Thurs., Fri. & Sat.
ZIEGFELD'S PLAY WITH MUSIC.
HONEYDEW
MATINEES THIS WEEK TODAY at 2:20. Thurs., Fri., Sat.

COMEDY Theatre, W. 41st. Evs. 8:30. MATINEES TOM'W & SAT.
HOLBROOK BLINN
As a lovable, laughable bandit—
THE BAD MAN

LYRIC THEA. NOW 4 MATS. THIS WEEK TODAY, TOM'W, FRI., SAT.
The critics say my new musical play, "HER FAMILY TREE," "has taken root," "blooms," is "characteristic," and "is as novel and welcome as a Christmas tree that grows its own gifts." I'll say it's clean, wholesome and funny!
MATS. TODAY, TOM'W, FRIDAY & SATURDAY
Your Loving Son,
NORA BAYES

APOLLO West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30.
FRANCES WHITE in "JIMMIE" Musicomedy
with BEN WELCH and Star Cast.

SELWYN West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:20.
FRANK TINNEY in the Musical Comedy TICKLE ME
MATS. TOMORROW & FRIDAY, 2:30.
THE PROVINCETOWN PLAYERS with CHARLES GILDIN in "THE EMPEROR JONES" Preceded by one act comedy.
PRICES 50c to $2.00.

TIMES SQ. Thea., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
FLORENCE REED in MIRAGE

Lexington Th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. 51st St. & Lex. Av. Ph. Plaza 3020
FRITZ LEIBER
in the PLAYS OF SHAKESPEARE.
TODAY AT 2:30, MERCHANT OF VENICE; TONIGHT AT 8:30, MACBETH; Tom'w, Hamlet; Fri., Julius Caesar; Sat. Mat., Romeo and Juliet; Sat. Eve., Richard III.; Next Mon., Othello; Tues., Macbeth; Wed. Mat., Hamlet; Wed. Eve., Merchant of Venice. Pop. Prices, 50c to $1.50.

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th St. East of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
POPULAR MATINEE TODAY.
SPANISH LOVE
"A PLAY NO ONE SHOULD MISS."
—Alan Dale in the American.

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. at 2:30.
THE BAT "KEEPS STANDEES ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World.
EXTRA HOLIDAY MATS. THURS. & FRI.

FRAZEE West 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Phone 81 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Bryant
MISS ANGLIN in "The Woman of Bronze."

LITTLE THEATRE 44 St., W. of B'way Mat. TODAY, 2:30.
THE 1st YEAR

SHUBERT-RIVIERA. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat.
CECIL LEAN in "LOOK WHO'S HERE" With Cleo Mayfield.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Tonight, 7:45, TRISTAN, Matzenauer, Gordon; Sembach, Whitehill, Blass, Bodanzky.
THURS. at 8:15, TOSCA, Farrar, Gigli, Scotti, Malatesta, Anadian—Moranzoni.
FRI. MAT. at 1, PARSIFAL, Matzenauer, Gordon, Sundelius; Sembach, Whitehill, Rothier, Didur, Gustafson—Bodanzky.
FRI. at 8, MANON LESCAUT, Alda, Telva; Martinelli, De Luca, Malatesta—Papi.
SAT. at 2, Double Bill, AMORE DEI TRE RE, Easton; Gigli, Amato, Mardones, Bada—Moranzoni. CARILLON MAGICO, Galli—Papi.
SAT. at 8:15 (Pop. Prices), LUCIA, Garrison; Chamlee, Danise, Martino, Dua—Papi.
NEXT MON. 8, DON CARLOS, Ponselle, Matzenauer, Galli; Martinelli, De Luca, Didur—Papi.
WED. at 8, CARMEN, Farrar, Bundelius, Galli; Martinelli, Amato, Rothier, Wolff.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

AEOLIAN HALL, Tom'w (Thurs.) Eve. at 8:15 - December 30
Only New York Recital by MAURICE
DAMBOIS
'Cellist
COMPOSER—PIANIST
Steinway Duo-Art Piano Used.
Also Duo-Art Recordings by
PADEREWSKI AND HOFMANN
Tickets 50c. to $2. Now at Box Office.

CARNEGIE HALL WEDNESDAY EVG., at 8:15 January 5
ONLY N. Y. RECITAL—FRIEDA
HEMPEL
Seats at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, THIS AFT. at 3.
SONG RECITAL BY NEVADA
VAN DER VEER
Mgt. Haensel & Jones. Mason & Hamlin Piano

"ICELAND" ICE SKATING
BROADWAY-52D ST. ADMISSION 75c.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.
Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway Station at 86th Street Corner, NEW YORK.
Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel, Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
For Transient or Permanent Residence. Furnished or Unfurnished Suite
All the Comforts and Advantages of the Best New York City Hotels at Attractive Rates.
RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

the hermitage
NEW YORK'S CLUB-LIKE HOTEL
TIMES SQUARE
42D ST., BROADWAY, SEVENTH AV.
An Atmosphere Pleasing to Both Men and Women.
Rates: Single, $3, $4 and Over.
EXCELLENT CUISINE.
FRANK C. HURLEY, PROPRIETOR.

Tea Rooms.
RUSSIAN INN Table d'Hote Luncheon & Dinner. Also a la Carte. 57 W. 37th St. Russian Afternoon Tea
SPECIAL AFTER THEATRE MENU.
BILLY ANN 235 Madison Ave., near 41st St. DINNER 85c AND $1.00.
STRICTLY HOME-COOKED LUNCHEON, 60c.
PINE TREE Home Cooking. Open Sundays. Special Chicken Waffle Dinner 28 West 43rd St. Tuesday, Thursday Saturday
SCOTCH TEA ROOM 21 East 47th St.
Home made Jams, Scotch scones, &c. Luncheon

Supper Dancing at Shanley's
Dancing on a specially constructed floor has been added to the well-known menu and vaudeville attractions of the Shanley supper
SUPPER—VAUDEVILLE—DANCING UNTIL 1 A. M.
TODAY'S TABLE D'HOTE LUNCHEON
12 to 2:30—music—$1.25
Blue Point Oysters
Celery Olives
Cream of lettuce Consommé cubitvateur
Stuffed mint à la Reine
Roast prime ribs of beef au jus
Entrée of filet beef with fresh mushrooms
Liberty manages with Liberty cabbage
Broiled Canada mutton chop
Turkey cutlet with peas
Mashed potatoes
Hot tapioca pudding Orange sherbet
Assorted cakes Demi-tasse
A la carte service all day.
Sunday Table d'Hote Dinner—noon and evening—$2.50
Every Evening—Vaudeville de Luxe during dinner and after.
SHANLEY'S
Broadway—43rd to 44th St.

MAKE RESERVATION FOR NEW YEAR'S EVE: NIGHT



THE EMBASSY
BROADWAY AT 70TH ST.
Subway Express at 72d St.
A New Modern Fireproof Hotel
Phone Columbus 8700
ROOMS Single and en suite of as many rooms as desired every room with a bath.
RESTAURANT FRANCAIS
Cuisine Bourgeois
J. C. LA VIN President
ROBERT S. MAFFITT Vice Pres. and Treas.

Thomas Healy's
Broadway & 66th St. N.Y.
GOLDEN GLADES ROOF
NEW "SHOW OF SENSATIONS" REVUE
ST. MORITZ CARNIVAL——ICE BALLET FETE
Broadway's Biggest and Best. Crowded with Beauty and Novelty. Vaudeville and Thrills. Featuring World-Famous Skaters. Noted Principals and 20 Singing, Dancing Debutantes.
TWICE NIGHTLY DINNER, 7:30 SUPPER, 11:30
Reserve Tables Now for New Year's Eve

NEW YEAR'S EVE
DANCE UNTIL DAWN
At the Gala
MECCA BALL AND EGYPTIAN CARNIVAL
Hotel des Artistes, 1 W. 67th St.
Entertainment Two Dance Orchestras
Make Reservations Now Tickets, Ten Dollars

30th St. & Broadway
The Famous Hofbrau Quaintest Place In America
EXQUISITE LUNCHEON—SELECT TABLE D'HOTE, $1.00
Excellent Milk-fed Chicken Dinner with Waffles
Janssen wants to see you
Finest Sea Food, Game, Milk-fed Chickens
Select Dancing—Orchestra
BANQUET ROOMS
New Year's Eve Reservations Now Taken

B'way & 47th St.
STRAND ROOF Phone Bryant 7891
DINNER DE LUXE $2.00 5:30 to 8 P. M.
A la Carte All Hours—After Theatre Specialties.
A Smashing Success
THE ENTIRELY NEW AND ELABORATE REVUE
AT 7:20 & 11:30. SAME SHOW AT DINNER AS AFTER THEATRE—DANCING.

BELLAKS THROUGH THE HOTELS
HOTELS
Leases can be arranged for
ASHTON Madison Ave. at 83rd Street 1, 2, 3 Rooms and Bath. $45 monthly up

Treasury Will Then Begin Sale of Four Classes of Federal Securities.

THREE KINDS OF STAMPS

Offerings Consist of Thrift, Savings and War Savings Stamps and Savings Certificates.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The Treasury Department [illegible] circulars announcing that [illegible] Post Offices [illegible] banks and [illegible] of Treasury [illegible] These embrace Thrift Stamps [illegible] Savings Stamps [illegible] Savings Stamps [illegible] ficates in [illegible] nd $1,000. [illegible] ury thus [illegible] of these securities consist of the [illegible] Thrift Stamp which [illegible] and is used to evidence [illegible] ount of War Savings [illegible] the $1 Treasury [illegible] which bears no interest and is used to evidence payments on account of War Savings Stamps and Treasury Savings Certificates; the $5 War Saving Stamp and the registered Treasury Savings Certificates in denominations of $25, $100 and $1,000 (maturity value). As in previous years, the issue price of the War Savings Stamp is $4.12 in January, and increases 1 cent a month to $4.23 in December. The issue price of the $25 certificates is $20.60 in January, and increases at the rate of 5 cents a month to $21.15 in December, and the issue price of the $100 certificate is $82.40 in January, and increases at the rate of 20 cents a month to $84.60 in December. The $1,000 certificate will be sold for $824 in January, and the price increases at the rate of $2 a month to $846 in December.

As in 1920, War Savings Certificates of the 1921 series bearing the necessary complement of War Savings Stamps may be exchanged for registered Treasury Savings Certificates, series of 1921, in the $25, $100 and $1,000 denominations. Provision is also made for the exchange during 1921 of War Savings Certificates of the 1918, 1919, and 1920 series for Treasury Savings Certificates of the same series at Federal Reserve Banks and the Treasury Department. Exchanges of registered certificates to be made through the Post Office of registration.

The new Treasury savings securities offered for 1921 supply a $1 unit for saving and a registered Government security in the $25 denomination which can be conveniently purchased through the accumulation of the $1 Treasury Savings Stamps."

BLUE LAW FILM DENOUNCED.

Lord's Day Alliance Demands Withdrawal of Parade Pictures.

For exhibiting moving pictures of a parade held here a few weeks ago, in which Boers showed the punishments that might be meted out to offenders against the "Blue Laws," the Pathe Exchange was attacked yesterday by H. L. Bowlby, General Secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance. In a letter to Paul Brunet, President of the exchange, Mr. Bowlby declared the pictures to constitute [illegible] and demanded [illegible] withdrawal. [illegible] the absence of Mr. Brunet, who is [illegible] official of the company [illegible] or would be ignored. [illegible] as much right to show pictures of the [illegible] newspaper has to report [illegible] added, and Mr. Bowlby's letter does not deserve even a

1,200 DINE JUSTICE HARTMAN

Prominent Guests Pay Honors to New Member of City Court.

About 1,200 friends of Justice-elect Gustave Hartman of the City Court [illegible] him a dinner at the Hotel Astor last night, under the auspices of the Independent Order B'nith Abraham, of [illegible] the Empire State. Representatives of the judiciary and Federal, State and city officials were among the guests.

In the absence of Nathan Straus, Judge Otto Rosalsky was toastmaster. Among the speakers were Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Judge Leon Sanders, Samuel S. Koenig, Chairman of the Republican County Committee; President M. R. La Guardia of the Board of Aldermen, and Henry H. Curran, Borough President of Manhattan.

HOSTS TO TOSCANINI.

Walter Damrosch and His Men Entertain Musicians After Concert.

Walter Damrosch and the hundred players of the New York Symphony Society, in return for courtesies shown them during their tour of Italy earlier this year, were hosts to Toscanini and the Scala Orchestra's men at an Italian dinner at Bustelo Gloria's restaurant, in West Forty-eighth Street, following the first concert of the orchestra's players last night at the Metropolitan. Among 250 guests invited to meet Mr. Toscanini were Otto H. Kahn, John D. Crimmins, Felix Warburg, Henry W. Taft, Harry Harkness Flagler, Daniel Frohman, Alexander Lambert, Arturo Giannini, Osslo Gabrilowitsch, Albert Spalding, Harold Bauer, Frank Damrosch and Manners, George Engles and many others representative [illegible] in New York. Walter Damrosch, toastmaster, paid a warm tribute [illegible] visiting musicians [illegible] as well as to their [illegible] men at home [illegible] had [illegible] welcome to the first American [illegible] ever heard in Europe.

ART NOTES.

The C. Da Silva Collection Shown in Anderson Galleries.

The collection of John C. Da Silva, on view at the Anderson Galleries, is significant of the tendency, happily growing, of American collectors to assemble their collections in the interest of their own pleasure and their household needs. It is not a museum group of unrelated objects, although it contains a number of museum pieces, but such a group as could fit without crowding into any of our stately houses now disintegrating into small apartments.

The section of furniture includes an unusual set of boulle of the time of Louis Philippe, the background of brass veneer closely covered with inlay of red tortoise shell and thin ormolu. The sumptuous effect is dignified by the precision and delicacy of the workmanship which bears comparison with much similar work of the earlier and more celebrated periods. Other sets and single pieces are of mahogany, rosewood and walnut, a remarkably fine Louis Anne table representing admirably the beauty of walnut in the hands of a cabinet maker wise enough to think first of his proportions and fine plain surfaces and second, of his admirably carved detail.

The section of porcelain and glass is dominated by "Chinese Lowestoft," much debated ware made and decorated in China for the use of Europeans, largely presumably through the East India Company. A large dinner service of eighty-two pieces is unusually good in the character of its red and gold border (1793) and the designs of the dish

Arturo Toscanini Conducts.

There was a tumult of welcome last evening for Arturo Toscanini when he appeared at the Metropolitan Opera House for the first time since he left it at the close of the operatic season of 1914-15. The welcome was given in applause and cheers by an audience that filled the Opera House to its utmost capacity both in the railings as well as in every seat on floor and galleries and in the boxes. It was an audience not only of a popular character, but also one largely of music lovers, including many distinguished musicians. And in one of the boxes, decorated with the Italian and American flags, was a party that included the Italian Ambassador.

All this demonstration of enthusiasm was occasioned by the first performance of the Italian orchestra that Mr. Toscanini has brought over with him for a series of concerts through the country.

Mr. Toscanini, after all his years in the Metropolitan Opera House, was hardly known in New York as a symphonic conductor. There are memories, vivid with many, no doubt, of one concert that he conducted in the opera house in April, 1913, and repeated a few days later, made notable by his reading of Beethoven's Ninth Symphony. There was desire to hear him again, and the next season a series of concerts was planned that he was to conduct; but he fell ill and the project had to be given up. The present undertaking is no doubt largely prompted and will be supported by the same desires, the promoters of it would like to believe that international comradeship will add something to the significance of the affair.

Much has been said about the quality of the orchestra, culled from the whole of musical Italy. But the quality of the orchestra did not add much to the distinction of the occasion. It is a large body, but it was not notable for fullness, richness nor body of tone, as it sounded last evening. It is true that the Metropolitan Opera House does not yield the best acoustical results to orchestras playing on its stage, even when the stage is built out over the orchestra pit, as it was for this concert. But other orchestras in the same position have sounded better than this one last evening. The strings seemed to lack not only brilliancy but amplitude and solidity. Nor were there unusual excellences at once apparent in most of the wood, wind and brass, though there were passages in which they did themselves credit.

The orchestra has obviously been moulded and trained by Mr. Toscanini to respond admirably to his wishes in many respects if not quite in all. It reduces its tone on his demand to a whispered pianissimo to a pianissimo, in fact, of a very low audibility, in which remarkable clearness of articulation is generally maintained.

But the other extreme of dynamics is less remarkable and a true and vigorous sonority is not often to be heard. Mr. Toscanini often indulged in strong contrasts. There is a very clear tracing of the inner voices, a fine discrimination in their shades of dynamics. There is an inherent and underlying rhythmic pulse in all that Mr. Toscanini does—a well remembered quality of his conducting in all forms of music. And there is always a fine breadth of phrasing plastically modeled, a sure and delicate lending of the melodic line.

Mr. Toscanini's first program was somewhat curiously contrived. It began with Vivaldi's concerto in A minor for string orchestra in the arrangement of Sam Franko of this city. Beethoven's fifth symphony; the second of Debussy's set of "orchestral pictures" called "Iberia," including three movements; Respighi's symphonic poem "Fountains of Rome," and the prelude and finale scene from Wagner's "Tristan und Isolde." Before this began Mr. Toscanini brought the audience to its feet by playing "The Star-Spangled Banner" and then the Italian national hymn.

Vivaldi's concerto showed the strings to better advantage than they appeared again. It was a vigorous and at the same time a delicate performance, treating the archaic style of Vivaldi from an essentially musical point of view, not an archaeological. It was in Beethoven's Symphony that Mr. Toscanini raised the most questions among his admirers. He employed no little freedom of tempo, in the first movement especially; but the tempo was in part of a deliberateness that seemed alien to the character of the music; a tempo that weighed uncomfortably upon the effect. He made the andante interesting with certain effects of the wood winds, and their delicacy in the finale was noteworthy.

The pieces of Debussy and Respighi—the latter has been recently heard this season—were played with an exquisite and flexible manipulation of their ingenious and complex instrumental effects, but it seemed as if the chief aim and object of these instrumental effects—color, atmosphere, movement, the suggestion of exterior effects and visual images, for both Debussy and Respighi deal in these rather than in specifically musical development—somehow escaped and eluded players and conductor.

How and why they happened might not have been plain to all; was it the general lack of body and color in the orchestra itself; was it a lack of resonance in the audience room, and will a change of acoustical surroundings bring a change in the general spirit and effect of the performance?

The subtle dramatic power, the thrilling poignancy of Mr. Toscanini's interpretation of the "Tristan" prelude have been deeply graven on the memories of all who have heard him conduct the music drama. They were vividly suggested by his performance, if the glow and the fire were not all there the cause must be sought in what has already been suggested.

The National Symphony Orchestra.

Instead of a symphony, Mr. Bodanzky put on the program of the National Symphony Orchestra's concert yesterday what weighed quite as much as a symphony, took as much time and in parts sounded louder than most symphonies—Strauss's symphonic poem, "Ein Heldenleben." The orchestra also played the overture to Mozart's opera of "The Magic Flute." Fritz Kreisler was the soloist and played Mendelssohn's violin concerto.

He played it as a piece of music for which he entertained regard, nay, love, which he intended to make sound with all the beauty, all the quality, all the expressiveness that he could find in it; not perfunctorily, as one wearied with many repetitions, and still less disdainfully, as one who looked down upon it, being the product merely of a Mendelssohn. He did not need even Sir George Grove's "less than twenty words," which the program notes quoted, to explain "with exquisite neatness why Mendelssohn's music is—what it is." He played the concerto almost as if he had not read the program note, without a sneer. Perhaps he thought of the difficulty he and his fellows have so long experienced in finding better concertos to take its place in the repertory; of how many hopeful aspirants for that place have withered and died and been cast out. At all events, it was a performance of beautiful warmth and sincerity that made of the music all there is in it. The accompaniment, however, was not quite so conscientious; it was not very finished and in the first movement lagged incessantly a little behind Mr. Kreisler's rapid tempo.

It is some time since Strauss's tone poem has been heard here, and perhaps it never had a performance so perfectly clear and well articulated, so sonorous, so variously colored, showing so plainly its innumerable stranda. It seemed below during twenty years ago when it was played here for the first time; probably it was, in the performance that Emil Paur conducted with the Philharmonic Society at that time. Performances have improved since then—of such things, at least; and insight into Strauss, his methods and his products has also been improved by familiarity. With the help of Mr. Gilman's admirable program notes nobody need have remained in ignorance of what Strauss intended to portray in this piece. It was a wonderfully effective as well as a wonderfully clear performance. The musical quality of the work as well as its anecdotic power was swept into the listener's consciousness.

But was there also swept into the consciousness of any an uneasy feeling that this music, though now only just of age, is already betraying traces of age? Mr. Gilman in his notes justly calls Mr. Hugeker "saygods" for his early reactions to Strauss. Were any saygous enough yesterday to ask themselves, "does this now sound old-fashioned?" Was there any lurking suspicion that it is more a marvellously skillful, dexterous, ingenious, unfaltering rearrangement of ideas and material already at hand than a new creation?

Mozart's overture was brilliantly played at a great speed, with insistent accentuation.

AT AEOLIAN HALL

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday

A GREAT SALE

of Exchanged

PHONOGRAPHS

Instruments of Leading Makes

Prices $20 upward

Monthly Terms as low as

$3

WE are selling this week a large number of exchanged phonographs of standard makes at prices which represent savings of from 20 to 50%.

Our great Christmas business has brought to Aeolian Hall a large number of phonographs taken in exchange for the Aeolian-Vocalion, the greater phonograph, the only phonograph that you can play.

Before the advent of the Vocalion, the phonograph made by the Aeolian Company, foremost makers of musical instruments in the world, the exchange business in phonographs was negligible—too small to make special sales worth while. Since the Aeolian-Vocalion was put on the market, however, this condition has changed. The Vocalion with its notable superiority of tone and appearance, and its exclusive and fascinating feature, the Graduola, with which you can guide the tone-volume of the music as your mood dictates, serves to induce a large volume of exchange.

Great Price Reductions

It is the accumulation of these exchanged instruments which is to be disposed of in the present event. Here are phonographs of leading and standard makes—all in perfect condition and so guaranteed—many of them practically new and at all prices, representing radical reductions from their regular cost. A great variety in style, price and finish will be available for you to choose from. All the popular casewoods will be in evidence. Dark and red mahogany, fumed oak, golden oak and some in beautiful walnut.

Every one of these phonographs has been through the hands of expert Aeolian repairmen and mechanics, and at the price asked for it constitutes an extraordinary bargain.

Many Distinguished Makes

Many phonographs of famous makes and styles are represented in this Sale, including a number of handsome and distinctive Art Styles, and a few decorated conventional models.

We invite you to attend this Sale. If you have decided on any particular make or style of phonograph, you will probably find it here. Its price and the terms on which you can purchase it will be far more favorable than you have ever had reason to anticipate.

And even though you may not purchase, your visit will be enjoyable through the opportunity to see and hear the Vocalion—the phonograph that enables you to play the music yourself.

Savings of 20 to 50%

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY

AEOLIAN HALL, 29 WEST 42nd STREET
NEW YORK

Aeolian Hall will be open until 9:30 during this week

TIMES ANNEX, 434 St., N. of Broadway
DOWNTOWN ..... 1 Beekman Street
Telephone ..... 2 Rector Street
HARLEM ..... 2,109 Seventh Avenue

BRONX ..... 2,324 Third Avenue
WASHINGTON HEIGHTS ..... 3,523 Broadway
WASHINGTON ..... Albee Building
CHICAGO ..... 1202-1204 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS ..... 613 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT ..... 646 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO ..... 742 Market Street
LONDON ..... 12 Salisbury Square, E. C.
PARIS ..... As Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonniere

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two Cents a copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 300 miles; Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn. Ten Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, postage paid.	One Year	Six Mos.	One Mo.
Daily and Sunday	$12.00	$6.00	$1.05
Daily only	10.00	5.00	.85
Sunday only	4.00	2.25	.45
Sunday only, Canada	6.00	3.25	.55

*One week, 25c. †One week, 20c.

FOREIGN RATES

Daily and Sunday	$26.00	$13.30	$2.40
Daily only	17.40	8.70	1.45
Sunday only	9.25	5.12	.80

Binder, Picture Section, $2.50; Magazine, $1.50.

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNALIST (Monday), per year, $3; Canada, $3.50; other countries, $4.
Binder for 52 issues (one vol.), $1.00.

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.

THE TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursday), one year, $3; Canada, $4; other countries, $6.50
Binder for 52 issues, $1.50.

TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $4; Canada, $4.50 (foreign, $5). Per copy, 35c.
Entered as a second-class mail matter

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $3; per year, $12.

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—28 volumes in the set—illustrated—cloth, $30; three-quarter leather, $180; full leather, $150—encyclopedic history European War.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it, or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 29, 1920.

JAPAN AND THE SIX VOTES.

That our negotiations with Japan are rapidly approaching an agreement is welcome news. The proposed treaty is said to cover satisfactorily both the immigration question and the matter of alien land-ownership in California. There has been the widest consultation of all parties in interest. Even the Californians are now content with the projected plan, if we may believe Representative KAHN. And the leading Senators are reported to be acquiescent. Thus the promise is excellent that causes of friction between the United States and Japan will be removed.

One thing deserves special note. The conferences and soundings have included Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and Canada. The attitude of these self-governing Dominions toward Japanese immigration is notoriously very like that of the United States. This has been graciously remarked by Senator LODGE, who has even spoken hopefully of the alignment of those British Dominions with America. It goes so far that it is now said to affect the renewal of the Anglo-Japanese alliance next year. London dispatches state that the Government is seriously considering the ending, or the thorough mending, of that alliance, largely under pressure from the Dominions.

In the light of these events, what are we now to think of the horrid plot to give England six votes in the Assembly of the League of Nations, by means of her duly getting representation for her Dominions? On the first test, four of those six votes are found to be virtually against England and for the United States. So it might easily and naturally prove in other matters. Yet Republican Senators yelled themselves hoarse over the infamy of the six votes. It may be hoped that the election cough-drops will have cleared their voices—and also their heads.

NO ECONOMY WITHOUT METHOD.

Significant is the report from Marion that Senator HARDING hopes for the passage by this Congress of the bill establishing a budget system. It will be remembered that President WILSON vetoed such a measure. But his objection was solely to one clause which he held to be in violation of the Constitution. The bill as a whole he highly approved. There is no real reason why this legislation should not be taken up and enacted almost by general consent before the Harding Administration comes in. Mr. GOOD, the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee of the House, indicates his belief that this may be done. It certainly ought to be.

One effect would be to change insensibly the present attitude of the heads of Government departments. Here we have to note a curious thing. By long established practice the estimates sent to Congress are notoriously inflated. The great spending departments ask for more than they really need or expect to get. The reason is that a kind of bargaining takes place between the Government and Congress. Congress has formed the habit of cutting estimates more or less severely, and as the department chiefs are well aware of this they seem to proceed on the theory that they must demand enough to leave a wide margin for Congressional retrenchments. For example, Chairman GOOD proposes to cut no less than $1,250,000,000 from this year's total of estimated appropriations. If it is possible to thrust the knife so deeply as that into the estimates without really injuring the business of the Government, then it is plain that such large estimates should not have been submitted.

In this respect there is a contrast between our practice and the English. In England, of course, all the great money bills have long been within the control of the Government. The result is that the House of Commons has ceased to be a great offender. It is not the House of Commons that keeps down the estimates. It is the Ministry that does so. Speaking from his own experience, Sir EDWARD ASHLEY asserts that almost all the speeches and motions in the House of Commons when expenditures are under consideration favor greater outlays, in one respect or another, than the Government had proposed. Members are continually pressing larger expenditures upon the Ministers of the Crown.

It is obvious that a budget would induce in our own Government a spirit of responsibility and the desire for economy that naturally goes with it. No Cabinet Minister really wishes to spend a great amount of money simply for the sake of spending it. It is not popular to be extravagant. No Administration would willingly demand from the people greater taxes than seem needful. But our system has been one of cross-purposes and of divided responsibility. The great aim of the budget plan, which all must be glad to hear that Senator HARDING favors, is to centralize responsibility and to set up a scientific method without which no large public economy will be possible.

REDUCING NAVAL ARMAMENTS.

Secretary DANIELS states that "if "there is no League of Nations and "no association of nations, then there "ought to be a conference of nations "solely on the question of armaments, "following the line of the provision "contained in the Naval Appropriation bill of 1916." On Dec. 16 last, talking to the House Naval Committee, Mr. DANIELS said: "I would not "care to go into such a conference "unless I was able to say that we had "a navy as strong as the strongest." In his judgment the United States will not have a navy as strong as that of Great Britain until 1924 if the three-year program of 1916 shall have been completed by that time. It is the opinion of ARCHIBALD HURD, the English naval specialist, that in superdreadnoughts and dreadnoughts the United States will have obtained "in "1924 a lead of 31 per cent. over the "British fleet"—that is to say, in strength of the first line of battle. But as Mr. HURD is a partisan of the British Admiralty in the sense that Mr. POLLEN, his rival oracle, is not, perhaps the margin in favor of the United States will be less than 31 per cent. in 1924.

The authorization to President WILSON in the Naval act of 1916 to call a conference to consider arbitration and disarmament attracted at the time little attention, because the energies of the combatants in Europe, locked in a desperate struggle, the issue of which was never more doubtful, could not be directed to peace conferences of any kind. Nor was it a time for the United States to give its attention to the matter of disarmament. What it did was to decide upon the three-year building program for the navy, a plan that eclipsed anything ever proposed by the British or German Admiralties in their intensest competition. No one could know how long the war in Europe would last, and it was probable that the United States would be drawn in.

References back to the proposal in the Naval act of 1916 may be made to establish past good intentions, but we are living in a different present. Everybody desires reduction of armaments to a minimum consistent with national safety, but of the three naval Powers that count only Great Britain has halted capital ship construction. She scrapped the three sister ships of the gigantic Hood type after work was begun on them. According to HURD, the Board of Admiralty had "not only abandoned "these three capital ships and 608 "other vessels under construction, but "either scrapped, sold or placed on "the ineffective list a large number "of ships which had been rendered "obsolete or obsolescent." It is true that Great Britain could change her policy over night, but there is no sign of it. LLOYD GEORGE advocates a big cut in the estimates for the maintenance of the present navy. Moreover, if Great Britain were to change her policy tomorrow and enter upon a new program of construction, she would nevertheless trail behind the United States as a naval Power in 1924 if the three-year program is to be completed. On Nov. 1, 1920, the sixteen capital ships of that program were from 1.2 to 61.3 per cent. built. Six of them were being constructed in Government yards. Exactly the point at which the United States and British Navies will be equal in strength is hard to determine. The specialists would disagree. But the parity would occur before 1924.

Like the United States, Japan is planning expansion. She desires twenty-four capital ships, all superdreadnoughts. Her steel must come from the United States or Europe, and financially she is in a bad way. Still, Japanese statesmen talk armament reduction, gazing across the Pacific at the United States. A comparison of the battle fleets in 1923 gives the United States twenty-three capital ships, eighty-four 14-inch guns and 132 16-inch guns; Japan fourteen capital ships, forty-eight 14-inch guns and no 16-inch guns. Japan has also a number of 8-inch gun ships, which the United States has not. Japan's naval program is to be completed in 1927. Her ships will be newer than ours, but she will not have a navy as strong as that of the United States in 1923.

A REMINDER.

The World publishes a letter, "which has been widely distributed "to German-Americans," calling them to a meeting of the German-American National Conference in Chicago next month. Since "the election has "been favorably influenced by our "organization," it is its duty "to become active and to insist that the "promises which were given to us "by the party now in power should "be fulfilled." The convention is to choose a committee for the purpose of influencing Mr. HARDING to put some German-American in his Cabinet.

It is highly improbable that any promises were made to the representatives of this body. Nothing could have kept them from supporting the Republican ticket. They hated Mr. WILSON. They hated Great Britain and the League of Nations so much that for once they forgot the interests of Germany, which require that she should be in the League. It must be very inconvenient to Mr. HARDING to be pursued by these or other groups of ardent citizens who clung to him to gratify their own animosities or purposes.

He can't possibly satisfy their demands. He may hold with perfect truth that he didn't need them, that they merely swelled superfluously the sum of his votes and his annoyances. When such a multitude of persons look wistfully to him for office, must he be bothered by the solicitations of those who didn't love him for himself? There are obvious evils in a "tremendous majority." Mr. HARDING can't be expected to "do something" for all the various collections of voters that crowded around him. Will he not have to distinguish between the necessary and the supernumerary?

FOXES, BEARS AND BUREAUCRATS

Representative REAVIS of the First Nebraska District pilots us with good sense and good humor through the winding ways of official circumlocution at Washington. Thus, should you happen to shoot a fox in Alaska, you would have to settle with the Department of Agriculture, whereas, if you caught Reynard in a trap, you would have to settle with some bureau in the Department of Commerce. Great is system and it prevails. What could illustrate its charm and its power more effectively than Mr. REAVIS's little anecdote of the brown Kadiak bear? If a brown Kadiak bear "has twin cubs, one brown and "one black, and some one should "shoot the brown cub, he would "make his settlement with one department. If he shoot the black "cub, he must settle with another "department." Systematization must have her perfect work.

From one, learn all. That is a universal apologue of bureaucracy. It is neither Democratic nor Republican; it is the official way of doing business.

RAILWAY QUESTIONS.

Any idea that the Esch-Cummins law ended railway troubles must be abandoned. Fresh questions are daily arising. In an official review of 1920 the Chairman of the Association of Railway Executives, T. DE WITT CUYLER, reports that the carriers moved the largest volume of traffic ever known, with the highest efficiency ever shown and with a minimum of new capital expenditure. More miles were got out of each car and more freight was put into each car than ever before.

Yet the private owners received back their plant deteriorated from Government operation under stress of war conditions. The year opened with a shortage of cars so serious that it "froze" hundreds of millions of credit advanced on goods sold but not delivered. The year ends with a surplus of cars, due to improvement in operating conditions, equivalent to the addition of $2,000,000,000 worth of equipment. And yet the companies failed to earn the moderate profit allowed by the Esch-Cummins act. November was better than October, but, on the face of the incomplete returns, the gross earnings promise no more than $5,500,000,000, earned at a cost of $4,650,000,000. That leaves about $850,000,000, against a standard return of $930,000,000, which was itself less than the moderate profit promised by the Esch-Cummins act.

Even the shippers and the rate regulators now see that if the railways are to prosper they must be put in a position to compete for capital in the investment market. The railway executives disclaim any intention of asking for an increase of rates. They propose economies and even greater efficiency of operation. That is praiseworthy, but there is an alternative. Years ago the railways were told by their critics to look for profits to the increase of business. It may be a counsel of perfection to suggest that the railways are not yet doing all the business they might, and that they could increase it both by decreasing their rates to attract it and by increasing their service. It is notorious that through the Port of New York than elsewhere and that $16,000,000 is spent each year to haul goods uptown which the railways deliver downtown. If the railways relieved shippers of the cost of taking their goods to and from the freight stations, they would win back to themselves the business which the motor trucks are taking away. Railways may be reminded that there is such a thing as wise expenditures as that even when they are outdoing themselves in the service of the public there is still more which they might do.

PLOTTING AGAINST LABOR.

Unemployment is widespread and rapidly increasing. A month ago the American Federation of Labor placed the number of men out at work at 2,000,000. Where employment continues it is often on part time or at reduced wages. Everywhere warehouses and shopkeepers' shelves are loaded with goods unsold and unsalable. Yet the far-famed buyers' strike continues. And labor strikes and the rumors of labor strikes abound.

What is the motive behind all this agitation? The clothing workers, whose proclaimed object is to build up a socialistic guild, have largely tied up their industry and are living on the fat of their treasuries. Last Sunday the textile workers of Lawrence defeated an attempt to change their organization into "one big union" by the narrow majority of 1,181 to 1,106. The intention to prepare for a strike was obvious and was admitted by the leader of the radicals. In the steel industry a committee has been organized to renew the fight that failed so disastrously during boom times. The old leaders, FITZPATRICK and FOSTER, have been eliminated as too notoriously radical; but the remainder of their strike fund, some $70,000, has been taken over, together with the results of their effort to build up one big industrial union. And now the Harbor Boatmen's Union, acting in concert with the Masters, Mates and Pilots' Association, threatens to ring in the new year with a strike.

To the common-sense view there is only one explanation of all this. It is a diabolical conspiracy of capital. Overloaded with unsold goods and confronted by a sudden cessation of buying power, employers have fomented strikes in order to put a stop to production and thus maintain prices until they have worked off their old stocks. The only alternative is suggested by the chance exclamation of a labor leader last Winter: "Thank God the "strikes are coming fast—and unsuccessful." It is out of men who have "fought hard and been beaten that "radicals are made!"

MARTENS LEAVES US.

The new spirit seems to be dying out in Russia. It is quite in the face-saving manner of the old unregenerate capitalist diplomacy that TCHITCHERIN, the Bolshevist Foreign Minister, recalls his representative in this country, after our Government had decided to deport him. This message from Moscow was evidently composed with care. It takes account of our stupid bourgeois prejudices. It refers to "the people," both of Russia and of America. A great many Bolshevist authorities contend that to the orthodox Communist there is no such thing as the people, but only the proletariat and the capitalist class. However, Americans are used to hearing about the people, so TCHITCHERIN talks our language.

His communication craftily appeals to both the idealism and the self-interest of America. He reminds us of the "warmly appreciated proofs of sympathy" among American workers for the workers and peasants of Russia. He talks of "common interests" and of "mutually advantageous co-operation in the economic field." Other nations are entering into economic relations with Russia, and the inference is plain that America will lose some profitable business by expelling MARTENS. Just to give us a taste of what we have brought on ourselves, MARTENS is instructed to cancel contracts which he had already made here calling for the sale of some $50,000,000 worth of American goods in Russia. This sounds ominous, but it appears that only about 1 per cent. of these orders had been shipped to Russia. There is trouble about the payment. The Bolsheviki have been unable to ship gold to America because there is a dispute as to the ownership of the gold. The other nations which are "entering into economic relations" have discovered that there is a question about the ownership of almost everything else that is shipped out of Russia. A civilization which recognizes property rights has not yet discovered how to deal with a civilization which does not.

However, the philosophic MARTENS is sure that we shall come to a more enlightened view of our own interests. "Russia has been able to get along "without the rest of the world for "three years," he tells us, "but the "time has come when the world "cannot longer get along without "Russia." The capitalist nations will need this great market for their ex-present creditors, or unless America agrees to ignore the claims of those creditors and rule their claims out of American courts, there will not be much business with Russia.

Max RADIN, eminent alike in commerce, politics and the arts, has been telling Mr. HARDING of the great possibilities of trade with the co-operatives. The Supreme Council entertained this dream for a few minutes last Winter and then discovered that the co-operatives were in the hands of the Bolshevist Government. The British negotiators who for months have been trying to find some ground on which Bolshevist business theory can be reconciled with British law have been unable to deal with anybody but the Bolshevist Government. That Government will have to change its ways before there can be any trade with Russia which is not mere gambling or giving things away.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

His Claim, Rested on a Possibility.

Remembering how serviously KEELY and his motor were taken for some time by people who saw that motor running with speed and vigor, with only the vibrations of a tuning fork as its seeming source or originator of energy, we should not be too much amused by the attention attracted and the excitement produced in Germany by the announcement of a Leipsig engineer that he had "broken down the atom," and thence secured at no expense an inexhaustible supply of power.

Even after KEELY had been exposed as the not very clever swindler he was, there were people who were sure that he was a man persecuted and maligned by jealous competitors and savants incapable of taking in a new idea. So WILLI VON UNRUH probably will be able to retain the faith of at least a few believers, in spite of the fact that he languishes in jail charged with getting money on false pretenses.

It is to be remembered that what VON UNRUH claims to have done is only something the possibility of which has been proclaimed for years by practically all the Wise Ones of science, and that on its face there is nothing intrinsically incredible in his pretension. The source of energy which he said he had tapped does exist, according to the hypotheses in relation to atoms that now have general acceptance by physicists, and there is not one of them who would be much surprised if a reputable member of their own class should make, any day, an announcement more or less like the one that came from the Leipzig engineer. They would make their colleague prove it, no matter what his fame and his record, but they would approach his demonstration with no such antagonism as they would feel if he had promised to square the circle or to show them "perpetual motion" as they understand that often misunderstood phrase.

Apprehensions Would Be Justified.

Something of what it would, or might, mean if atomic energies were made available for the doing of work was revealed in "The World Set Free," by the ingenious Mr. H. G. WELLS, wherein, as in not a few other books by that author, what seem like wild imaginings have a basis of fairly solid science. He revealed some of the dangers as well as some of the blessings that would follow the setting free of powers now in such a state of balance that their very existence was not suspected until recently. The "vibrations" of our own unlamented KEELY were crude things in quite another category.

Probably it would be just as well for humanity if the atoms were left unbroken for some time, or some ages, to come. Men already have at command energies that are sufficiently dangerous when used for evil purposes—a lesson taught to the world very effectively by Herr VON UNRUH's own countrymen no longer ago than 1914. There are not so many nations, for instance, that could be trusted to make only commendable uses of the "atomic bombs" described by Mr. WELLS, and it is at least thinkable that just such bombs could and would be made if atomic energies were rendered available.

Effective Help Is Given.

There hardly could be better evidence of the wisdom with which the funds contributed for the Hundred Neediest Cases have been used by the organizations by which the money is distributed than the fact that the help given so often leads to independence and self-support for those receiving it. Never once in the years during which THE TIMES thus has appealed to the public has the same little family group appeared twice in the lists, and again and again have those to whom assistance was given, figured in after years in the role of contributors for the relief of needs that were no longer their own.

From the beginning, as now, there have been many children in the groups in whose behalf the appeals were made. With attention thus attracted to them, it frequently has happened that one of these little ones has been taken into a good home permanently, as an adopted son or daughter. In doing this people naturally are careful and usually the children are taken at first "on trial," as it were. Sometimes a boy or girl proves acceptable at once, sometimes they remain longer on probation, and sometimes, alas! they are returned, for one or another reason not having won approval.

A queer reason for rejection mentioned yesterday was that a certain little boy was "too ingratiating." That might mean any one of many things, but perhaps the phrase told as much about the experimenters in adoption as it did about the boy.

Two Husbands Held Not Too Many.

A feminine reader of THE TIMES, evidently irritated by the recently reported proposal of a Colorado man that farmers should be allowed to have two wives as the only solution of the greatest of farm problems—that of getting needed "help"—made in a letter printed on this page yesterday the balancing proposal that women living in cities should be allowed to have two husbands.

Only on the wild, remote [illegible]

over 2,000 Spaniards on Ellis Island, people that never came here before the war. He stated that Spain was seething with anarchy, and intimated that the Spanish Government was financing the emigration of anarchists to this country.

On the 12th of October, during the banquet with which the Spanish Society celebrates the discovery of America by the small Spanish fleet, we received the following telegram from Frederick A. Wallis, Commissioner of Immigration:

"Important official duties detained me Ellis Island tonight. Wish all generation was as acceptable as the high class Spaniards coming to our shores.

"FREDERICK A. WALLIS,
"Commissioner of Immigration."

The following are abstracts of some of the letters which the Spanish Society, Union Benefica Española, has received:

"Nov. 23, 1920.

"* * * It will be worth while to you to be in touch with the concerns (a list of the principal ones is enumerated), because they employ a large number of laborers and will eventually, if not now, use many Spanish laborers, who are well considered and greatly desired.

"ROBERT G. PETERS,
"Labor and Industry Bureau of Employment, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania."

"Dec. 3, 1920.

"* * * We might add, however, that the Spanish laborers who have entered our service during the last few months have proved to be very satisfactory employes, and we hope to be able to retain them in our service permanently.

"J. E. LINN,
"Employment Agent Pennsylvania System, Eastern Region, Philadelphia, Pa."

"Dec. 8, 1920.

"* * * The State of Pennsylvania has in operation a Department of Construction on a grand scale and your valuable assistance will be greatly appreciated, as we desire to hire Spanish laborers as we know them to be of the best labor obtainable in this or any other country.

"ALFRED H. SAUERBRUN,
"Superintendent of Construction, Construction Bureau, Pennsylvania State Highway Department, Harrisburg, Pa."

These are a few of many letters that the Spanish Society has received, and we might add that we have visited many prisons and penitentiaries and have rarely found a Spaniard in any of these institutions.

We can assure you that we know the masses of Spanish laboring men well, follow what they are doing, keep in touch with their employers, and have never heard anything but unstinted praise and commendation.

LA PRENSA PUBLISHING CO.,
Per J. M. Campubil, President.
New York, Dec. 21, 1920.

An Immigrant's Criticism.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I be permitted through your columns to place on record the courteous treatment which I received at the hands of United States immigration officials when I arrived in this country a steerage passenger on the Mauretania last June?

Although congestion on the island at that time necessitated every alien third-class passenger being entertained at the steamship company's expense for considerably longer than twenty-four hours, I was actually detained on the island only forty-five minutes.

The lack of system seemed mainly to lie between the time of our being herded into a steam launch at the pier and being permitted to land on the island. The launch, which was horribly overcrowded, left the pier at 8 A. M., and steamed across the Hudson to Ellis Island, against whose landing stage it was moored all morning and part of the afternoon, no one being allowed to land until 1:20 P. M. At been sandwiches, coffee and milk (the latter ostensibly for women and children) were distributed indiscriminately, the result being that most women and children failed to get their share.

Repugnant as it was to me to be virtually a prisoner, I realize the extreme necessity of such a sorting depot at the portals of a great country like America, and when criticising the methods used at Ellis Island no one should fall into the error of confusing harsh treatment with slackness. I certainly, however, would like to take this opportunity of suggesting a more systematic handling of immigrants during transit between the steamship pier and the island, the more careful separation of unaccompanied women from men, and the erection of waiting rooms on the island.

1920 IMMIGRANT.
New York, N. Y., Dec. 23, 1920.

Room for Good Immigrants.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The question of what to do with the foreign element that is coming to this country seems to be growing to be a serious one, and according to Commissioner Frederick A. Wallis will continue to become more perplexing as the years go on. The American democracy has extended the right hand of fellowship to foreigners until it is time now for us to draw the line between good foreigners and bad foreigners. The influx is becoming too great for us to sit idly by and see our land invaded with undesirable citizens.

The best place to send these new people is out into the new country in the West that is unoccupied. We have room enough for half a million of good citizens, as Uncle Sam has millions of acres of good farm land in the western part of the State of South Dakota that invite the hand of industry on which to build good farm homes. Our soldier boys have been and are taking advantage of these valuable lands, but there is still room for thousands of good farm homes that will be made on these lands in the next few years.

The great shortage of farm help in our present farmers is also another good reason why some of this foreign element should be directed to the West. A shortage is predicted for next year because there is insufficient help to put in the crops in the Dakotas, both North and South.

W. H. GRIEM.
Sioux Falls, S. D., Dec. 6, 1920.

Tax on Checks and Coffee.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When Congress is looking around for new taxes it is strange that it overlooks two, taxes on bank checks and on coffee. A stamp tax of 2 cents on every check and an import duty of 5 cents a pound on coffee would produce a large revenue at almost no cost for collection. The stamp tax is automatic and costs nothing but for printing and distributing the stamps. The tax should be imposed on every check, big or little.

As for coffee, it would cost very little to collect a duty. All the machinery is in existence; smuggling is impossible and if the duty is specific it would be no trouble to collect it. Neither of these taxes would be felt as oppressive and they could be used to replace some of these silly taxes, like those on soda water and shoes, which are largely evaded and are collected at an increase cost as compared to the receipts.

ALBERT H. ATTERBURY.
New York, Dec. 15, 1920.

Shrinking Excess Profits Tax.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial article entitled "Old Taxes and New," appearing in today's TIMES, you refer to the statement of the Secretary of the Treasury indicating that the estimated excess profits for the fiscal year 1921 are only about $800,000,000, against an estimated yield for the fiscal year 1920 of slightly over $2,000,000,000.

In this connection I should like to call your attention to the fact that the Secretary of the Treasury, on Page 39 of his report for 1920, refers to these estimates as being included with collections of back taxes. This matter was taken up by the Committee on Ways and Means, and in the report of Hearings for Monday, Dec. 13, 1920, Part I, on Page 9, I find the following:

"Mr. Bacharach: How do you estimate the receipts of excess profits for the next year as compared with the present year?

"Dr. Adams: The estimate of the excess profits tax for the present fiscal year is $1,250,000,000. That is for the present fiscal year, and it includes $350,000,000 for back taxes that we expect to collect. That leaves for the excess profits taxes only $900,000,000, and we have gotten as much as $2,000,000,000 to $3,300,000,000 from the excess profits tax in the past. The Treasury has allowed for a very great shrinkage. The similar estimate of yield of the excess profits tax for the fiscal year 1922 is $800,000,000, which represents $450,000,000 current yield, and again $350,000,000 back taxes."

This clearly indicates that the excess profits tax yield which Dr. Adams says has been in the past from two to two and a half billions of dollars, will actually drop for 1922 to $450,000,000, and not $800,000,000, because $350,000,000 of this $800,000,000 will be from back taxes, which the Treasury expects to collect.

MEYER D. ROTHSCHILD,
Chairman Business Men's National Tax Committee.
New York, Dec. 21, 1920.

Concrete Benches on Fifth Avenue.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can you tell me who is responsible for the latest disfigurement of Fifth Avenue? I refer to the concrete benches which have been erected in such profusion along the Park side above Fifty-ninth Street. Is it possible that they represent Mr. Gallatin's idea of beauty, and is there no municipal art committee to pass upon such things?

When, under the present regime, New York is facing bankruptcy, and there are so many things which need to be done and are conspicuously left undone, it seems strange to squander public funds in a way which is not only unnecessary but must be even offensive to many who have the beauty of our main thoroughfare at heart. The old benches, when painted and kept in repair, were entirely adequate, and while not ornamental they were inoffensive, and at their worst were better than these present monstrosities. The beautiful and dignified perspective of the long walk beneath the elms is nearly, if not quite, spoiled. I venture to say that in no European city, and in few American ones, could such defacements of streets and parks take place as we New Yorkers witness with disheartening frequency and too often witness without even a protest.

ANTOINETTE DWIGHT.
New York, Dec. 24, 1920.

MOTES IN THE SUN.

A bar of golden sunlight thrust
Its length across the room;
It lit a million motes of dust
And clave the gloom.

Within the light those million motes
Kept swirling here and there;
Like elfin sprites in yellow coats
They bobbed in air.

Ten billion motes were doomed to be
Beyond the golden way,
Mere waifs upon a darkened sea
That knew no day.

Like troubled thoughts that haunt the night
Or ghosts of things unclean,
Ten billion motes whirled out of sight,
Unlit, unseen.

How happy should we feel, thought I,
When we—mere motes of dream—
Look up and get from Him on high
A transient gleam.

ELIAS LIEBERTHAL.

STATE MILITARY TRAINING.

Another Cadet Officer Who Believes in the Present System.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I noted in today's issue of THE TIMES an article by Lieutenant Brownley of the State Corps of Cadets replying to a letter by Lieutenant Cooke which was published some time ago and dealt with the subject of compulsory military training.

I, like Lieutenant Brownley, am a cadet officer. This is my third year with the Military Training Commission and is the second occasion upon which I have felt it necessary to say a word in defense of the military training law. The former occasion was nearly a year ago, when the law was attacked by Dr. Felix Adler of the State Reconstruction Commission.

It is not my purpose to add anything to what Lieutenant Brownley has said, for he has stated the case simply and forcefully, but I do wish him to know that another cadet officer agrees with him and will support him no matter what is said in contradiction of his statements. As far as Lieutenant Cooke's statement is concerned I need only remark what every military man knows, that the easiest thing to do in the military game is to criticise. There never has been and never will be a military organization that is above all criticism and the Corps of Cadets does not pretend to be any exception. In this connection I am bound to feel that Lieutenant Cooke's criticism is unwarrantably severe, is ill-considered and does not state the facts. There may be a few cases where the equipment and instruction are not all that could be desired, but this is not generally so, and where it is true is not the fault of the Military Training Commission that it is so, but rather the responsibility of the State Legislature, influenced by such people as Lieutenant Cooke, which fails to supply the commission with adequate funds to carry out perfectly the task which is assigned it.

Be it remembered that the cadet officers are paid no salary, that they are from the rank and file of the Cadet Corps and therefore speak unbiased by any ulterior consideration. They have observed and know to be true that the value of the military training given the young men of the State cannot be measured in dollars and cents, for it builds into the cadets those high ideals of citizenship which are priceless.

ELLIOTT P. BARRETT,
Captain Infantry Corps of Cadets, State of New York.
New York, Dec. 27, 1920.

Shrinking Excess Profits Tax.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial article entitled "Old Taxes and New," appearing in today's TIMES, you refer to the statement of the Secretary of the Treasury indicating that the estimated excess profits for the fiscal year 1922 are only about $800,000,000, against an estimated yield for the fiscal year 1920 of slightly over $2,000,000,000.

In this connection I should like to call your attention to the fact that the Secretary of the Treasury, on Page 39 of his report for 1920, refers to these estimates as being included with collections of back taxes. This matter was taken up by the Committee on Ways and Means, and in the report of Hearings for Monday, Dec. 13, 1920, Part I, on Page 9, I find the following:

"Mr. Bacharach: How do you estimate the receipts of excess profits for the next year as compared with the present year?

"Dr. Adams: The estimate of the excess profits tax for the present fiscal year is $1,250,000,000. That is for the present fiscal year, and it includes $350,000,000 for back taxes that we expect to collect. That leaves for the excess profits taxes only $900,000,000, and we have gotten as much as $2,000,000,000 to $3,300,000,000 from the excess profits tax in the past. The Treasury has allowed for a very great shrinkage. The similar estimate of yield of the excess profits tax for the fiscal year 1922 is $800,000,000, which represents $450,000,000 current yield, and again $350,000,000 back taxes."

This clearly indicates that the excess profits tax yield which Dr. Adams says has been in the past from two to two and a half billions of dollars, will actually drop for 1922 to $450,000,000, and not $800,000,000, because $350,000,000 of this $800,000,000 will be from back taxes, which the Treasury expects to collect.

MEYER D. ROTHSCHILD,
Chairman Business Men's National Tax Committee.
New York, Dec. 21, 1920.

Concrete Benches on Fifth Avenue.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can you tell me who is responsible for the latest disfigurement of Fifth Avenue? I refer to the concrete benches which have been erected in such profusion along the Park side above Fifty-ninth Street. Is it possible that they represent Mr. Gallatin's idea of beauty, and is there no municipal art committee to pass upon such things?

When, under the present regime, New York is facing bankruptcy, and there are so many things which need to be done and are conspicuously left undone, it seems strange to squander public funds in a way which is not only unnecessary but must be even offensive to many who have the beauty of our main thoroughfare at heart. The old benches, when painted and kept in repair, were entirely adequate, and while not ornamental they were inoffensive, and at their worst were better than these present monstrosities. The beautiful and dignified perspective of the long walk beneath the elms is nearly, if not quite, spoiled. I venture to say that in no European city, and in few American ones, could such defacements of streets and parks take place as we New Yorkers witness with disheartening frequency and too often witness without even a protest.

ANTOINETTE DWIGHT.
New York, Dec. 24, 1920.

MOTES IN THE SUN.

A bar of golden sunlight thrust
Its length across the room;
It lit a million motes of dust
And clave the gloom.

Within the light those million motes
Kept swirling here and there;
Like elfin sprites in yellow coats
They bobbed in air.

Ten billion motes were doomed to be
Beyond the golden way,
Mere waifs upon a darkened sea
That knew no day.

Like troubled thoughts that haunt the night
Or ghosts of things unclean,
Ten billion motes whirled out of sight,
Unlit, unseen.

How happy should we feel, thought I,
When we—mere motes of dream—
Look up and get from Him on high
A transient gleam.

ELIAS LIEBERTHAL.

Christmas Stockings for 4,500.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A few weeks ago you kindly published for us a letter asking your readers to help the A. L. C. F. nurses and visitors in their Christmas red stocking work. You will be glad to know that the response made to that appeal by your readers was most generous. The nurses and visitors were enabled to realize their ideal—of seeing that every child in their families was remembered with one of these stockings on Christmas morning. Approximately 4,500 were received and put into the hands of these tenement house children. It made a happy Christmas for them, and I am sure it added joy to the many of those who helped in the filling of the stockings.

We have tried to acknowledge by letter all that came to us. Perhaps in the rush of the Christmas week a few were overlooked. If we could thank them through your columns we should be glad—thanks from our nurses and visitors, and no less from all the mothers and children for whom this was done.

BAILEY B. BURRITT,
General Director.
New York, Dec. 27, 1920.

Charity and Sunday Observance.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As usual, at this time of the year, the great mass of enlightened Americans are thinking of gift-giving and charity, and this year the problem assumes gigantic proportions, as generosity must be stretched to cover the needs of the poor people of Europe as well as of America. Some of us are taxed to the extent of our salaries by necessary expenses and must work overtime to have a dollar to spend on food for the starving. And this overtime means evenings and Sundays.

Have the members of that organization called the Sabbath Alliance anything to say against that program? Would they prefer to have us go to church, rest and read good books on Sunday—or, in other words, annex, exasperate and entertain ourselves and let the children of Europe starve?

Way down deep we believe that they would. There is a callousness to the distress of others in their doctrines that suggests ossified hearts. It also hints of smug satisfaction with their own worldly condition. What a pity the next amendment to the Constitution could not condemn such people as traitors to progress and provide for internment camps for them until they become penitent.

LURANA SHELDON FERRIS.
Old Orchard, Me., Dec. 14, 1920.

Ludendorff on the 17th.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I note "General Alexander's reply" to General Ludendorff's reference in the 17th sixty-seventh Division.

Permit me to assure General Alexander that the American people are perfectly satisfied with the conduct of our Seventy-seventh Division and also with his leadership of it.

If General Ludendorff honestly expresses his opinion of the Seventy-seventh Division it would be interesting to hear his criticism of the German veterans who failed to stop it.

W. M. STEVENS.
New York, Dec. 28, 1920.

200 NEEDIEST CASES LACK $21,648 IN AID

Backward Step in Relieving the Unfortunate Will Be Taken Unless All Help.

STILL OTHERS SUFFERING

Benefit of Timely Contributions Often Lasts Lifetime—Late Gift May Succor Family.

TIMES MEN GIVE $1,000

Employes Duplicate Previous Aid—Every Dollar Sent Goes Direct to the Stricken.

The Neediest Cases yesterday received $4,326.10, making a total of $88,197.47 since the appeal was first printed on Dec. 12. This total is $21,648.74 short of the amount needed to provide for 200 cases, the minimum number which have been provided for by contributions in the last four years.

A further call must be made on the friends of this cause, who have given to it so liberally in past years, unless a backward step is to be taken this year. The contributions of those who intended to help the Neediest Cases but let it slip their minds will be just as effective, even if they arrive later than was intended.

Each of the additional hundred cases will be provided for partially or fully, according to the total finally reached. The first hundred cases, now fully provided for, and the second hundred cases, on whose behalf the appeal is now being made, does not complete the roll of those who will be aided. The provision which is being made by TIMES readers for the 200 families now in the greatest want lifts a heavy burden from the four charitable organizations and enables them to do more for thousands of others than would have been possible otherwise. Poverty and distress are lightened a little all along the line.

For many families a little aid now means more than thousands of dollars would later. These are people with willpower and potential ability which will make them self-supporting if they are helped past a crisis now. But, if not helped a little now, many of them may be under and be broken up forever.

Timely Aid Not Costly.

The cost to the community is often very light, if the aid is timely, and very heavy if the aid is belated. The light from a lighthouse is provided to enable threatened ships to steer safely to port. The cost of maintaining the light is very small, compared with the cost of salvaging ships which have run on the rocks in the dark. And with many families prompt help through severe trials will save them from breaking. After breaking, death, sickness, loss of courage and ambition, the difficulty in getting a new start and other handicaps may combine to make the salvage of the family impossible, or possible only at a heavy cost, and after long delay.

The contributions yesterday ran from 10 cents to $1,000, the latter being the gift of the employes of THE NEW YORK TIMES who, because of the slow progress toward this year's goal of $109,846.20, duplicated their previous gift.

Gifts for the Neediest Cases incidentally provide holiday cheer and comfort, but their benefits last at least a year and frequently last throughout the lives of the individuals helped. Assistance for one year usually creates for them a sufficient point of departure for a future of self-support. Whether the gift is made before or after Christmas means little to this all-the-year-round work of family reconstruction. The late gifts play the same part in building up the total, as the early ones did.

The following are from some of the letters accompanying contributions:

Anonymous—Am sending a check for $2 to help along some needy case. Only wish it might be $300, but am a poor widow myself with a little girl not quite 2 years old to support and am not in very good health.

Interstate Commerce Commissioner Mark W. Potter, Washington, D. C.—Enclosed please find my check for $50 to be credited to your fund for the Neediest and to be applied in accordance with your discretion. I had intended to send you a check before this but was prevented by illness.

Virginia W. Little, Yonkers—Enclosed please find check for $10 which we would like to have applied on Case 47, unless that case has already been provided for. We selected this case as our own little boy had to wear braces for several years and was completely cured by them, and we have especial sympathy for those similarly afflicted.

High School Sends $10.

Marlborough High School, Marlborough, N. Y.—Enclosed is a check for $10 which our school wishes to subscribe to the fund which you are raising for the Hundred Neediest Cases. We wish that it might be more and hope that it may give some pleasant thoughts to the one who receives it.

Miss D. S. Wight, Montclair—Enclosed please find my check for $2 to be applied to Neediest Case 21, or, if that is already filled, to Case 38. I am so sorry that the amount is so very small but there have been so many appeals this year that I had meant to let New York City and others supply the Neediest cases. The reports of slow subscriptions in today's paper were, however, an appeal too strong to be resisted.

M. Rawlins—This year I intended to shut my ears and eyes to all appeals and just have a selfishly happy Christmas by having all our remaining dear ones together, but I can't be so selfish. G. A. L.—Although I felt I had already done my bit, I am grateful to THE TIMES for awakening the desire to do more—if only a little.

Mrs. W. R. Wheeler—Enclosed please find $5. It is a small amount, but represents the savings of two children who wish to bring joy to some lonely heart."

No agents are employed by THE NEW YORK TIMES or any of the charitable organizations to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State pension law.

Contributions are deductible from income tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessaries, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.

Checks may be drawn to the order of "Hundred Neediest Cases and sent to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

TO NEEDIEST CASES

Contributions for the Neediest Cases yesterday amounted to $4,326.10, making the total $88,197.46. These were received as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES	$3,712.60
Charity Organization Society	188.00
Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	171.00
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities	157.50
State Charities Aid Association	97.00
Total	$4,326.10
Previously reported	$83,871.36
Total	$88,197.46

Contributions received direct by The New York Times:

Addonas, Mr. and Mrs. A. H.	$20	In mem. of B. W. C.	1
Aaronson, Etta	5	In mem. of O. O. P.	5
A boy whose heart is larger than his purse	1	In mem. of Florentine W. Lewy	25
Addicks, F.	5	In mem. of Lou...	1
A friend of the suffering ones...	2	In mem. of my sister	1
A friend	2	In mem. of E. D. L.	5
A friend	5	Jacobs, M. S.	5
A. L. S.	10	Jacobson, Elias...	10
Anderson, S. R.	50	J. C. V. A.	10
Andrews, Anne S.	10	Jensen, Ambrosia...	10
An Irish friend...	10	Joan, S.	5
Anonymous	9	Kalter, Mrs. Max	5
Anonymous	3	Kemper, J. W.	10
Anonymous	100	King & Applebaum	50
Anonymous	5	Kist, L. K.	5
Anonymous	20	Kory, Irma	5
Anonymous	25	K. P. H.	1
Anonymous	10	K. T. R. N., Miss.	2
Anonymous	2	Landauer, J. D.	10
Anonymous	20	Landman, Mrs. M. R.	5
Anonymous	2	Lane, Miss J. B.	1
Anonymous	5	Lawrence, Mrs.	1
Anonymous	5	Lazo, Mr. and Mrs. A.	5
Anonymous	2	Lebrecht, F.	10
Anonymous	1	Lehman, S. G.	5
Anonymous	2.50	Little, C. W.	10
Anonymous	10	Livingston, A.	10
Anonymous, T.	3	L. M. B.	5
Anonymous	100	Libby, Miss L.	1
Anonymous	2	Lockwood, Mrs. A. J.	5
Anonymous	1	Logan, J. S.	1
Anthony, A. M.	10	Louis, Leopold Jr.	5
A. S. F.	5	Lower, Philip W.	5
A. W.	5	L. S. J.	5
Bach, Mrs. A. J.	50	Lutz, J. H.	5
Barnes, Katherine B.	100	Mcgrain, Lillian...	2
Baum, W. G.	5	McIver, A.	5
B. B.	5	McIver, Cora and Lewis	5
Bechert, W. C.	2	Mansfield, W. G.	5
Becker, E. M.	2	Marcl, Blanche E.	5
Birch, J. F.	2	Marlboro High S.	10
Blackman Talking Machine Co.	100	M. C. G.	25
Booth, Lucy D.	5	Mellors, Master G.	10
Booth, G. P.	2	Miles, Master S.	10
Brounoff, P.	2	Miles, Mrs. G. F.	10
Brown, Mrs.	2	Miller, B. L.	5
Browner, J. D.	2	Mintzer, F. G.	10
Burnet, A. G.	50	Montague, M. L.	2
Butler, M. H.	25	Mosher, R. J.	2
B. W.	1	M. R. P.	10
C. A. G.	5	M. S. G.	5
C. F. Giving	10	M. T. S.	1
Chapman, F. C.	10	Milligan, Nancy McC.	25
Childs, G. F.	5	Nevius, B.	10
Citizen	10	Newman, Carlyn R.	5
Clark, O. L.	2	N. Y. Times Club	1,000
Clerkin, A. P.	5	No name	2
Coes, H. C.	1	Oppenheimer, E. J.	5
Cooper, E.	5	Otterbourg, Steindler & Houston	10
Cox, W. H.	5	Paralytic	1
Craighill, C. L.	10	Pearse, M. B.	5
Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. H. S.	5	Platt, C.	2
D. and B. M.	5	Pickens, A., sale	25
Darling, Florence	5	P. K.	20
Davis, W. R.	25	Place, Ira A.	10
Day, Miss E.	25	Plaut, A.	10
D. H. F.	5	Potter, M. W.	1
Edna W.	5	Powell, T. J.	50
Edwards, A. C.	40	Priddy, Jas.	10
E. F. S. Jr.	10	Price, John	10
E. J. P.	5	Rawlins, M.	5
Elliott, Mrs. R.	10	Reed, Mary L.	50
Employes of A. Anderson Textile Mfg. Co.	25	Remilly, V. F.	5
E. N. W.	5	Rice, E.	10
E. N. W.	15	Richmond, G. H.	10
E. R. S.	2	Ritterman, I. J.	2
Esterson, Alvard and Myron	5	R. M.	2
Ettinger, L., & Son	10	Rowe, Mrs. H. M.	5
E. G.	25	Roos, Mrs. M.	10
Ferry, M.	$25	Sanford, L. R.	10
Feuton, John L.	5	Satterthwaite, J. B. Jr.	5
Finkelstein, M.	5	Savings of Arthur Jr., Herman and Marjorie	10
Forrest, A. T. M.	5	Scandinavia Belting Co.	100
F. R. A.	1	Schaub, J. W.	10
Frank, A. P.	5	Schwartz, Maud	2
Frank, Mrs. I.	10	Scotchman, S.	2
Freedman, Mrs. A.	5	Scott, J. J.	20
F. R. D.	4	Seaver, E. L. D.	50
Francis, G. E.	10	Simon, Hy. & Son	5
From a friend	5	S. L. M.	5
Furness, Lillie M. Gal	50	Sanfield, J.	10
Gardner, Jessie	5	Soule, Lydia	1
Gartner, C.	10	Stein, I.	5
Garling, Mrs. F.	5	Steele, Mrs. H.	5
Gentle, Jules	5	Stevenson, P. E.	5
G. G. G.	10	Stevenson, A.	10
Gluck, M.	5	Stewart, Isabel	10
Goldstein, Ethel & Marjorie	10	Strandberg, L. M.	5
Golden, Mrs. S. L.	10	Tutz, Mrs. I. O.	5
Gowen, H. E.	5	Tiffany, Mrs. J. B.	10
Grant, W.	20	Tietjen, B.	2
Graves, Harry	5	T. O. K.	1
Gridley, A. H.	15	Underwood, E. B.	5
Gumpert, M. E.	5	Van Dyke, F. R.	10
G. W.	10	Van Iderstine, E.	10
H. A. H.	5	Van Iderstine, E. S.	10
Hall, G. K.	10	Vollmer, M. A.	10
Hamp, J. C.	25	Warner, F. D.	25
Hart, Thomas H.	10	W. J.	5
Heard, Mrs. S.	5	Wolhe, W. N.	5
Helwig, H. F.	5	Wells, K. F.	10
Here is mine	10	Wheeler, Mrs. W. R.	5
Hess, G.	5	Whitney, Mr. & Mrs. D. J.	4
Higgins, Mrs. A. S.	5	Wilkin, J. D.	2
Hill, M. J.	5	William and Ida	5
Hobart, R. F. D.	2	Thompson and W. & Grace Weaver	5
Hodgson, E.	5	Williams, Mrs. E. A.	10
Hopeful	5	Wirth, C. W.	3
H. S. A.	5	Wooley, H. S.	5
Hubbell, Edith K.	25	Wormser, B.	2
Hyman, Mrs. M.	10	Wynkoop, Mrs. H. J.	10
Ingersoll, Harriet D.	5	X. Y. Z.	10
In memory of Helen	1	Young, Frances M. W.	2
In mem. of Nancy.	5	Zacharer, F. C.	2
In mem. of W. O.	25	Total	$3,712.60
In mem. of Grace Y. Hirsch	10		
In mem. of beloved Harold	5		

Contributions received through the Charity Organization Society:

Hiles, W. H.	$11	N. S.	$5
E. C.	10	Postlethwaite, J. H.	50
Empire Paper Tube and Box Co.	25	Varesi, Gilda	50
Groedel, Mrs. L.	2	Wolfe, Lee J.	10
Mosle, Mrs. A. H.	25	Total	$188

Contributions received through the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:

Anonymous	$50	Plough, H. H.	$5
Cohan, Mrs. E. B.	5	Rodewald, Mrs. F.	5
Delehanty, P. M. W.	3	L.	5
F. S. W.	5	Shr. Edith M.	5
Ingersoll, H. G.	35	Satterlee, Mrs. H. S.	10
Ingersoll, Mrs. M. C.	5	Strauss, Nathan	5
Ingersoll, Miss M. P.	5	Thomson, Mrs. M. A.	5
Lance, Master D. C.	5	Total	$171
Parry, G. K.	2		

Contributions received through the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:

Anonymous	$50	Strauss, Nathan	$2.50
Duryea, Alletta A.	5		
Freeman, Ella T.	100	Total	$157.50

Contributions received through the State Charities Aid Association:

In mem. of John Robert	$25	Holton, Mrs. Anna L.	$10
The Empire Paper Tube and Box Co.	25	Stowell, Mrs. C. I.	$10
Ingersoll, Miss M. P.	20	Rodewald, Mrs. F. L.	5
Moloney, Miss M. J.	2	Total	$97

BISHOP LLOYD TO ACT FOR NEW YORK DIOCESE

Gets Leave From White Plains to Fill Temporarily Post of the Late Bishop Burch.

Bishop Arthur S. Lloyd will be acting Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of New York for the next few weeks. He received a leave of absence from St. Bartholomew's Episcopal Church, White Plains, N. Y., of which he is the rector, granted by his vestry at the urgent request of the Standing Committee of the Diocese of New York, so that the program of Episcopal duties mapped out by the late Bishop Charles S. Burch might be carried out. It is the first time in sixty-six years the diocese has been without a Bishop.

Bishop Lloyd will begin his duties tomorrow, and will keep hours every day in the offices occupied by Bishop Burch and previously occupied by the late Bishop Greer. They are in Synod Hall, which is within the grounds of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

Bishop Lloyd will make his home in this city, from which he moved to White Plains only a few weeks ago. He assisted Bishop Burch from Feb. 1 until July 1 last.

HELEN LA MONTAGNE'S WEDDING A SURPRISE

Polo Player and Social Leader Married Mrs. Grace A. Garrett of Ohio on Monday.

MISS WILSON, HONOR MAID

President's Eldest Daughter Attends Miss Marjorie Brown at Her Marriage to Benjamin King.

René M. La Montagne of 673 Fifth Avenue and Mrs. Grace Argo Garrett were married on Monday, the announcement of which appears among the marriage notices of these columns. Mr. La Montagne, who is widely known socially and in sports, is a son of the late René La Montagne and is one of the foremost polo players of this country. No formal announcement of his engagement had been made and his marriage will come as a surprise to society.

The marriage ceremony was performed quietly and Mr. La Montagne and his bride have now left on their wedding trip. Mrs. La Montagne comes from Ohio and is the daughter of James K. Argo.

Mr. La Montagne's father, who died in the Autumn of 1910, was one of the founders of the Rockaway Hunt Club and of the Racquet and Tennis Club. For years he was Captain of the Rockaway Hunt Club polo team, and one of the leading spirits of the turf during the existence of the old Cedarhurst track. Mr. La Montagne Jr. is a brother of Montaigu La Montagne, who married Miss Hyldagarde Jurgensen, and now resides in Paris, and of Morgan E. and William A. La Montagne, who live with their brother at the Fifth Avenue residence. His mother before her marriage was Miss Laura L. Morgan of New York.

Mr. La Montagne is President of E. La Montagne's Sons, commission merchants, of this city. He is a member of the Racquet and Tennis, Rockaway Hunt, Knickerbocker, Turf and Field, New York Yacht, Links, Aero, Brook and Meadow Brook Clubs.

Hall-Bassett.

The marriage is announced of Miss Sannie Shelton Bassett, daughter of Frank H. Bassett, and the Rev. Warren Daniel Hall, pastor of the Presbyterian Church of the Sea and Land, this city, which took place last Thursday afternoon, at the Olivet Congregational Church in Bridgeport, Conn., the Rev. Dr. Herbert S. Brown officiating.

The bride is a graduate of Mt. Holyoke College, and has been the Chairman of the Endowment Fund Committee in Bridgeport. Mr. Hall is a graduate of Syracuse University.

Polstein—Davidson.

The marriage of Miss Anna Polstein, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Polstein of 115 East Seventy-eighth Street, and Henry J. Davidson, son of Mrs. Marie Golde Davidson of this city, took place at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's parents, the Rev. Elias Soloman officiating. Following the ceremony a wedding dinner was served to the immediate friends of the couple. Later Mr. and Mrs. Davidson left for a wedding trip in Canada and upon their return will make their home at 48 West Eighty-third Street.

Mintz—Freedman.

Miss Sue Freedman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Freedman of 545 West 111th Street, and John Mintz were married yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Gotham, the Rev. Bernard Drachman officiating. The couple will spend a month at Atlantic City and in Florida before returning to this city to reside.

King—Brown.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The marriage of Miss Marjorie Brown, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Brown, formerly of Atlanta, Ga., but now residing in Washington, to Benjamin King, late of New York, took place this evening at 1,712 Eighteenth Street residence.

The wedding ceremony, witnessed by more than a hundred relatives and friends, including Mrs. Woodrow Wilson and the daughters of the President, took place in the ballroom, with the Right Rev. Troy Beatty, Bishop Coadjutor of Tennessee, officiating, assisted by the Rev. Harry Breckenridge Wilmer, D. D., of St. Luke's Church, Atlanta.

Woman Drew $2,000; Is Missing.

Mrs. Fannie Schurwonn, 26 years old, of 206 East Twenty-fifth Street, who disappeared from her home Dec. 17 after she drew $2,000 from a bank, has been vainly sought by relatives and friends. Last night her husband, Ernest Schurwonn, asked the police to send out a general alarm. The husband fears his wife was followed from the bank and met with foul play.

ENGAGEMENTS.

Miss Dorothy Post Clapp to Wed Van Henry Cartmell Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Mortimer Ward of 830 Park Avenue have announced the engagement of Mrs. Ward's youngest daughter, Miss Dorothy Post Clapp, to Van Henry Cartmell Jr. of this city. Miss Clapp, who is a graduate of Miss Spence a School, was introduced two years ago and is a member of the Junior League. Her sister, who was Miss Eunice Clapp, is now Mrs. Bradish Johnson Carroll Jr.

Mr. Cartmell is the son of Mrs. Van H. Cartmell of 200 West Fifty-seventh Street. He was graduated from Williams College with the class of '17, and during the war served in the navy as a Lieutenant. He is a member of the Williams and St. Anthony Clubs and also of the Amateur Comedy Club.

Mrs. John James Robbins of Babylon, L. I., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Helen Louise Robbins, to Carleton Wandel, son of Mrs. William S. Wandel of Brooklyn. Mr. Wandel is a graduate of the Stevens Institute, and served overseas as a Captain in the Ordnance Department during the war.

Mr. and Mrs. David R. Barnes of Purchase, N. Y., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Sarah E. Barnes, to Wesley Roy Haight, son of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Haight of Port Chester, N. Y. Miss Barnes is a granddaughter of the late Robert Barnes, for fifty years a leader of the Society of Friends in Westchester County. Mr. Haight was a dispatch rider during the war.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Klein of 290 West End Avenue announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss May Theresa Klein, to Ernest Frederick Rice of Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Rubenstein of 260 West Seventy-second Street have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Hilda Rubenstein, to Charles Goldberg of this city and Lawrence, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip H. Dennler of Flushing, L. I., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Katharine Dennler, to Henry Mandeville Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Mandeville of Forest Hills, L. I.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Blanche M. Stroock, daughter of Moses J. Stroock, a lawyer of this city, of 58 Central Park West, and the late Mrs. Stroock, to Sol M. Schwarzschild of Richmond, Va. Miss Stroock graduated from Barnard College, class of '19, with the A. B. degree. She was active in Red Cross work during the war. Mr. Schwarzschild is a graduate of Richmond College and served in the aircraft service.

Mrs. Ella O'Gorman Stanton announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Mary Agnes Stanton, to Thomas J. O'Brien, Jr., who served with the United States naval forces abroad during the war. Miss Stanton is sister of Edwin M. Stanton, and niece of Mrs. John Fitzgibbon and ex-Senator James A. O'Gorman. She is private secretary to County Clerk William F. Schneider.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Warren Bymer Nash of 410 Park Avenue will give a dinner tonight for his débutante daughter, Miss Constance Nash, to be followed by a theatre party, going later to the dance for Miss Mary Davis Landstreet.

Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt 2d will give a musicale at her house, 666 Fifth Avenue, on next Tuesday evening, followed by dancing.

Mr. and Mrs. Preston Gibson will entertain at dinner tomorrow evening at their home, in East Sixty-third Street, taking their guests afterward to the theatre.

The last of the series of five dances given by the Bachelors in the Della Robbia room at the Vanderbilt will be held on Jan. 7. Mrs. Vincent Astor, Mrs. Ernest Iselin, Mrs. Whitney Warren and Mrs. Frank Gray Griswold are among the members of the women's auxiliary of the dance.

Mrs. James Speyer, who has been ill at her residence, 1,058 Fifth Avenue, is on the road to recovery.

Mrs. Melvin A. Bronson is at the Ambassador at Atlantic City on a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Winchester Fitch of 21 East Eightieth Street are giving a dance at their home this evening for their daughter, Miss Dorothy Fitch, who is home from the Farmington School for the holidays. About a hundred young college boys and girls not yet out will attend.

Mrs. Winthop E. Dwight gave a luncheon yesterday at the Colony Club for her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Thomas Hunt Talmage. Among the guests were Mrs. Robert Winthrop Kean, Mrs. Roland Harriman, Mrs. Oliver B. James, Mrs. Charles D. Dickey Jr., Mrs. Philip Rhinelander 2d, Mrs. Sloan Colt, Mrs. Whitewright Watson, Mrs. Shepard Krech and the Misses Violet Gordon King, Katherine de B. Parsons, Adrienne M. Iselin and Mary Symphorosa Bristed.

The wedding of Miss Ruth Gaynor, daughter of Mayor Gaynor, and Mrs. Gaynor, and John T. Rennard will take place on Monday, Jan. 24, in St. Thomas's Church. A reception will follow at the Hotel Gotham.

Mrs. George J. Gould is giving a dance tonight for her younger daughter, Miss Gloria Gould; Mr. and Mrs. Fairfax S. Landstreet are to entertain with a dance at the Colony Club for their daughter, Miss Mary D. Landstreet, and Miss Jane Moinson of Paris, and the Metropolitan dance will be held at the Ritz-Carlton.

RAILROAD WARNS LOAFERS.

Tells Its Force It Cannot Ask Public to Pay Wages of Such.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 28.—"We cannot ask our shippers and our passengers to help us pay the wages of any man who is loafing on the job" is one of the sentences in a statement that will be received by every officer and employe of the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway before the end of the week.

The statement is signed by William T. Noonan, President of the company, announcing that, in the interest of economy, the publication of the employes' magazine will be discontinued.

Dance Aids Bloomingdale Nursery.

A tea dance for the benefit of the Bloomingdale Day Nursery was held at the Plaza yesterday afternoon under the direction of the Junior League of the Nursery, of which Mrs. Horace Leslie Hotchkiss 3d is President. The affair was well attended and about $500 was realized.

Among the patronesses were Mrs. William T. Dewart, Mrs. David L. T. Van Buren, Mrs. Elliot Schuyler Phillips, Mrs. Richard Emmet Keogh, Mrs. W. G. F. Leith, and the Misses Muriel Kane, Claire Schenck, Ann Chamberlain, Dorothy Fitch, Audrey Sherman, Jane Hurd, Helen Gould, Helen Dudgeon, Frances Chrystie, Barbara Wey and Helen Jenkins.

Court Denounces 15-Cent Shines.

Magistrate Thomas J. Nolan in Tombs Court yesterday registered his disapproval of a 15 cent charge for shoe shines. Harry Wolfe, 38, a salesman, of 75 Vesey Street, was arraigned on a charge of disorderly conduct on complaint of Giovanni Bilosi's of 51 Thomas Street, proprietor of a shoe shining stand at 231 Greenwich Street, who alleged that Wolfe struck him in the face. Wolfe, in his defense, pleaded that Bilosi's charge of 15 cents had "disconcerted him." The Magistrate found Wolfe guilty, but suspended sentence, declaring that the circumstances were extenuating and adding: "It is an outrage to charge 15 cents for a shine."

Wm. Warner, "Father of Canarsie."

William Warner, known as "the father of Carnarsie," where he had lived for sixty-nine years, died yesterday at Aqueduct, L. I. He was in his eighty-sixth year. Mr. Warner came to this country from Buckinghamshire, England, when a boy and in his youth he drove a horsecar on the old Atlantic Avenue line in Brooklyn. Later he became Superintendent of the Brooklyn & Jamaica Railroad Company, and in 1865, with DeWitt C. Littlejohn, he formed the company that built the Brooklyn & Rockaway Beach Railroad. The company also operated two hotels at Canarsie and two steamboats, which ran between Canarsie and Rockaway Beach until 1890. On his seventy-fifth birthday anniversary the residents of Canarsie held a special celebration and presented him with a silver loving cup.

Mother and Son Die on Same Day.

Carl E. Virgien, 42 years old, died on Sunday at his home in Hackensack, N. J. His mother, Mrs. Charlotte A. Virgien, died later on the same day at her residence, 20 Glenada Place, Brooklyn. Mr. Virgien died after a short illness from pneumonia. His mother was not told of his death. She was the widow of Alexander E. Virgien. She was born in Scotland. Her son was born in Brooklyn and was in the insurance business. Mother and son will be buried together in Greenwood Cemetery.

The Rev. Charles W. Collins.

BOSTON, Dec. 28.—The Rev. Charles W. Collins, former Chancellor of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Portland, Maine, died at St. Clement's House, of which he was chaplain, on Sunday night. He accompanied Cardinal O'Connell as Secretary of Legation on the latter's papal mission to Japan in 1906 and was decorated with the Order of the Rising Sun. He was a writer of note in Catholic periodicals.

Obituary Notes.

Colonel GEORGE W. BRECKENRIDGE, reputed to be one of the wealthiest men in Texas, died suddenly last night in San Antonio. Colonel Breckenridge was a Regent of the University of Texas and has been known for his philanthropies for more than fifty years. He never married. He is survived by his sister, Miss Eleanor Breckenridge.

JAMES F. DOLAN of the vaudeville team of Dolan and Lenharr, died on Monday. He was 52 years old.

Mrs. STEPHEN H. DE NOREST of Babylon, L. I., died yesterday. She was Miss Leila Dean, a daughter of William B. and the late Mary Katherine Dean of St. Paul.

MOE HARRIS, for twenty-one years manager of the Frank Brothers store in Third Avenue, died on Monday at Saranac Lake. He was born in New York and was 58 years old. Mr. Harris was a charter member of the Samuel Tischner Society. He lived at 135 West 104th Street.

Professor A. H. EGE, one of the oldest leaders of the Prohibition Party, died on Monday at his home in Mechanicsburg, Pa. He was born in Baltimore County, Maryland, in April, 1836, his father being a Methodist minister. He was active in the dry cause for twenty-five years.

EDWARD P. BRITTON, a Brooklyn blacksmith for many years, died on Saturday at his home, 102 Steuben Street, Brooklyn.

EDWARD W. SEYMOUR, President of the Hyco Fuel Products Corporation, died suddenly yesterday in his office, 276 Fifth Avenue. He was 70 years old and lived at 1,370 Pacific Street, Brooklyn.

The Rev. WILLIAM FREDERICK BARNY, pastor of the German Reformed Church at Milltown, N. J., died yesterday in his 58th year. He was born in Alsace-Lorraine and came to the United States in 1887.

JOHN BRUCE-CHARLOCK, 45 years old, a retired truckman, died on Sunday at his home, 1,286 New York Avenue, Brooklyn.

TWO DEBUTANTES INTRODUCED AT BALLS

Caroline Prentice Greeted at the Ritz, and Juliette Longfellow at Colony Club.

One of the largest balls of the Winter was that last night to introduce Miss Caroline C. Prentice, the débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Prentice of 23 East Sixty-ninth Street. It took place at the Ritz-Carlton, and was preceded by a dinner of 200 covers, the guests being seated at five large tables placed in the ballroom, the decorations throughout being pink, chiefly begonias. A number of other dinners also preceded the ball.

Mr. and Mrs. Prentice, and Miss Prentice in white and silver, received their guests near the ballroom entrance. There were about a thousand present. Those for the dinner included Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Astor, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. William Whitehouse, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick N. Watriss, Mr. and Mrs. J. Ogden Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Polk, Mr. and Mrs. Grafton Pyne, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Mitchell of Philadelphia, and Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Widener of Philadelphia.

Other guests for the dinner or dance were the Misses Annie Burr Auchincloss, Muriel Vanderbilt, Barbara Cassel, Grace Vanderbilt, Katharine Post, Evelyn Loew, Elizabeth Wadsworth, Eliza Parish, Marion Taylor, Mary Landstreet, Mary Stevens, Elizabeth B. Mosle, Clara Workum, Mary Van R. Cogswell, Eugenia Rice James, Eleanor Francke, Eleanor Landon, Isabel Rockefeller, Isabella Wood, Katharine Francis, Helen Trevor, Mary Wistar Morris, Dorothy Sharp, Alice Davison, Katherine Morris, Katherine Emmet, Dorothy D. Brown, Julia Berrien, Martha Otley, Susan Bowers, Marguerite Doubleday, Cynthia Bigelow, Frances Isham, and Eleanor Peabody.

Miss Juliette Delafield Longfellow, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Longfellow, and granddaughter of Mrs. Mary Livingston Delafield and the late Maturin L. Delafield, was presented last evening at a dance that Mrs. Longfellow gave for her at the Colony Club, which was decorated with garlands and large red Christmas bells. The dance was preceded by a number of dinners, the hostesses including Mrs. L. L. Delafield, Mrs. J. H. Towne, Mrs. John Sherman Hoyt, Mrs. Harry R. Baltz, Mrs. Hall Park McCullough, Mrs. W. H. Wadhams, Mrs. Alfred A. Whitman and others.

Mrs. Longfellow and Miss Longfellow had their house guest, Miss Elise du Pont of Philadelphia, receiving with them. A seated supper was served at midnight. Tiny golden bells were placed at each plate, and after supper when the orchestra played "The Jingle Bells," the guests rang them.

The guests included the Misses Elizabeth Moffat, Editha Macy, Sarnia Marquand, Katharine Pott, Adelaide Kip Hamilton, Ellen Randolph, Louise Schieffelin, Betty Thompson, Margaret Trimble, Marion Taylor, Georgina Wells, Betty Barber, Mary Cameron, Lee Dodge, Eleanor Towne, Margaret Davison, Ethel Chard, Emily Delafield, Betsy Flagg, Alice Goddard, Helen Hoyt, Barbara Hooker, Eunice James and Eleanor King. There were about 400 in all.

Mrs. Sackett M. Barclay and Mrs. Trenton Chard gave a tea dance yesterday afternoon at 10 West Fifty-second Street to introduce Miss Ethel C. E. Chard, the débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chard. The girls receiving with Miss Chard were the Misses Virginia Lomas, Lispenard Seabury, Lucy Byrd, Dorothy Stevens of Philadelphia, Elizabeth Gardiner and Valette Wells.

Mrs. Robert Ramsey of 370 Park Avenue gave a tea dance yesterday afternoon in the Rose Room at the Plaza for her daughter, Miss Margaret G. Ramsey, and the younger girls, as Miss Ramsey will not make her début until next Winter. There were about 200 present.

Sail on the Olympic Today.

Among the prominent Americans leaving today on the White Star liner Olympic to spend the remainder of the Winter in the South of France, Algeria and Egypt are: Mr. and Mrs. Henry Whitehouse, Mr. and Mrs. George D. Widener, Mr. and Mrs. Lester Leland, Harry S. Landow, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Hutchins, Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Mrs. Elisha Dyer Jr., Miss Diana Dodge, Miss Margaret Kahn, Colonel Henry H. and Mrs. Rogers, Mrs. George Rose, Miss Gwenuolyn Rose, Mrs. J. S. Bretz, Mrs. James W. Corrigan and Mrs. Grieves Bentley, and Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Smith Cochran.

Born.

FROMM—Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Fromm of 2,484 Grand Av. announce the birth of a daughter, on Dec. 28, 1920, at Flower Hospital.

GORDON—Mr. and Mrs. Louis W. Gordon, 680 West End Av., announce the birth of a daughter, Dec. 28, 1920.

HAMMETT—Mr. and Mrs. Alfred D. Hammett of 1,801 Topham Av., New York City, announce the birth of a son Dec. 28, 1920.

LANGSTAFF—Mr. and Mrs. B. Meredith Langstaff (nee Esther Knox Boardman) of 10 7th Av., Brooklyn, announce the birth of their son, John Meredith, on Dec. 24.

Engaged.

RAPER—SUSSMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Jacob W. Sussman of 705 Jackson Av., the Bronx, New York City, announce the engagement of their daughter Ida to Mr. Maximilian Bader.

Married.

EIDELSBERG—STRAUSS—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Strauss of 5,407 15th Ave., Brooklyn, announce the marriage of their daughter Bessie to Dr. Joseph Eidelsberg of 91 Fort Washington Av., N. Y. C., at Congregation Anshe Sfard of Brooklyn, on Sunday, Dec. 26.

LA MONTAGNE—GARRETT—Dec. 27, Rene M. La Montagne to Grace Argo Garrett.

MACDONALD—CATRON—On Dec. 28, at Chattanooga, Tenn., Genevieve, daughter of Mrs. Alfred Graham Catron, to Colin Iselin Macdonald.

ROEMER—DE ROY—Mr. and Mrs. Abe I. De Roy, 5,731 Darlington Road, Pittsburgh, Pa., announce the marriage of their daughter Kitty to Mr. Fred S. Roemer, son of Mr. and M

Takes Two Matches in Junior Tennis Title Event and Looms as Final Contender.

RICHARDS ALSO ADVANCES

Present Titleholder Defeats Hicks Decisively in Round Before the Semi-Finals.

Play in the indoor tennis tournament for the national junior championship progressed to the round before the semi-finals yesterday afternoon on the courts of the Seventh Regiment Armory, and in the boys' indoor title event the semi-finals were reached. A good start was made in the junior doubles.

Jerry Lang of George Washington University and the New York Tennis Club loomed up as the most probable opponent of Vincent Richards in the final round of the junior tournament. Lang won two sharply contested matches yesterday. He defeated Frank A. Osgood in the second round in two sets scored, 6—3, 6—3, the score in both remaining even up to 3 all, when Lang came through with a winning drive. It was superior steadiness that was the deciding issue in his favor against Osgood, as it was also later in the day when he met Charles Wood, last year's champion in the boys' singles, in the third round. Wood presented an able argument against his speedy rival, but was obliged to bow to him in straight sets, both scored 6—4.

Easy Triumph for Richards.

Richards, who should be able to repeat his triumphs of 1918 and 1919 in the junior singles, reached the round before the semi-finals at the expense of W. R. Hicks of Peddie Institute. He won handily at 6—1, 6—1, and was never really extended. The eight remaining in the junior singles will fight through the fourth round matches today.

William Aydelotte, the former Pacific Coast player, now of this city, continued to display the sort of form that makes him look like a dangerous contender. In his match with C. F. Mathey in the third round, Aydelotte cut so swift a pace, playing with such sureness and severity overhead and on the volley, that he romped through both his sets without the loss of a single game. Aydelotte's serve, too, his first delivery in particular having sting enough yesterday to gain him a considerable number of aces.

J. J. Tucker of the Horace Mann School eliminated D. R. Bradley of Pleasantville after many keen exchanges. Bradley offered stiffer opposition than appears in the scores of 6—4, 6—2. Harry Pickells of Flushing and Jack Martin also had a close struggle before Pickells came through with a well earned victory at 6—2, 7—5. The Hopkins-Sheridan match was a meeting of two Yale men. Both played a good, fast game, and there was little to choose between them. The set ran to twenty games before Hopkins pulled it out. The second session was almost equally close, with Hopkins on the winning end of a 6—4 count. The third-round victory of Parke Cummings of Harvard over Willis Gets of St. Paul's furnished plenty of spirited action and was the only third-round match of the day to be extended beyond two sets. The Harvard man won cleverly at 6—2, 3—6, 6—3. Arthur Orth advanced through the third round with a more decisive score.

Lang Loses in Doubles.

Something of a surprise was created in the junior doubles when the strong team of Lang and Wood went down before Bernstein and Gittler. Bernstein was the boys' champion of 1918, and both he and his partner played aggressively and exhibited commendable smoothness of form.

In the boys' singles Einsmann, Hedekin, Gittler and Bearman became the semi-finalists.

The summaries:

JUNIOR INDOOR CHAMPIONSHIP, SINGLES.

Second Round—Jack Martin defeated Morris H. Ruger, 6—1, 6—0; Jerry Lang defeated Frank T. Osgood, 6—2, 6—3; C. F. Mathey defeated Arthur Glore, 6—4, 7—5; William Aydelotte won from Jack Cronin by default.

Third Round—J. J. Tucker defeated D. R. Bradley, 6—4, 6—2; Harry Pickells defeated Jack Martin, 6—2, 7—5; Arthur Orth defeated Ernest Kuhn, 6—4, 6—3; Jerry Lang defeated Charles M. Wood, Jr., 6—4, 6—4; William Aydelotte defeated C. F. Mathey, 6—0, 6—0; A. L. Hopkins defeated A. E. Sheridan, 11—9, 6—4; Vincent Richards defeated W. R. Hicks, 6—1, 6—1; Parke Cummings defeated Willis Gets, 6—3, 3—6, 6—3.

JUNIOR INDOOR CHAMPIONSHIP, DOUBLES.

First Round—Lesser and Newberger defeated Burdick and Root, 6—0, 6—1; Glore and Kuhn defeated Cebevoise and Biddle, 6—3, 4—6; Hurd and Cummings defeated Hern and Judge, 6—3, 6—3; Hedekin and Geis defeated Sheridan and Stoddard, 6—3, 6—4, 6—3; Bernstein and Gittler defeated Wood and Lang, 6—4, 6—4.

Second Round—Glore and Kuhn defeated Lesser and Newberger, 6—4, 6—4; Tucker and Aydelotte defeated Hopkins and Hicks, 7—5, 6—4.

BOYS' INDOOR CHAMPIONSHIP, SINGLES.

Second Round—Paul O'Brien defeated J. C. Judge, 6—3, 6—3.

Third Round—William Einsmann defeated Leslie H. Rouillon, 7—5, 6—2; David D. Hedekin defeated Paul O'Brien, 11—8, 3—6, 6—1; Sidney L. Gittler defeated Grevel Asher, 6—4, 6—1; Herbert D. Bearman defeated William Noble, 6—1, 6—0.

HARRIERS GO TO OXFORD.

Cornell Runners Reach Scene of Final Training for Race.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—After spending Christmas in London as guests of the Anglo-American Club and the American University Union, the Cornell runners yesterday went to Oxford to finish training for Thursday's race. On Friday Coach Moakley walked his men over the seven-mile Roehampton course, where the annual Oxford-Cambridge cross-country classic has been held for years, affording the Americans an opportunity to study the route.

The course starts in the Thames Valley at Roehampton, a suburb southwest of London, and follows a circular route, which includes a water plunge and a long stretch of plowed land, and finishes with a mile and a half run over Wimbledon Common to the starting point.

A combination Oxford-Cambridge team of seven men will be entered against the Americans. The first ten men to finish in the race will be scored by the American system—one point for first place, two points for second, and so on—and the team having the smallest number of points will be declared the winner.

Announcement today that Montague, the Oxford captain and holder of the record of 41 minutes 53 seconds for the Roehampton Course, is suffering from blood-poisoning and probably will not be able to compete, came as a severe blow to the English team. Montague has been considered an ideal captain for this year's Oxford-Cambridge race. He picked his team and then finished first.

The favorable weather, which is drying up the course, will be an aid to the Americans.

Dempsey Referees Bout.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Dec. 28.—Jack Dempsey left for Los Angeles today. He officiated as referee in a boxing bout last night arranged as a testimonial to Walter D. Bratz, former local sporting editor. More than $2,000 was realized for the widow and her two children.

AUCKLAND, New Zealand, Dec. 28.—The Davis Tennis Cup championship match scheduled for today was again postponed on account of rain, and the first round will be played tomorrow.

As already announced, the draw for the challenge round of matches for the Davis Cup will bring William T. Tilden 2d, the American champion, against Norman E. Brookes, representing Australasia, and William M. Johnston, America, against Gerald L. Patterson, Australasia, on the opening day of play. The same quartet will figure in the doubles on the second day and the final singles matches on the third day.

PRINCETON CLUB WINS AT SQUASH

Defeats Army and Navy Team by Score of 4 to 1—Crescent-Deke Match Unfinished.

METROPOLITAN LEAGUE SQUASH TENNIS STANDING, CLASS B.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Yale Club	6	0	1000
Columbia Club	4	2	.667
Crescent A. C.	3	2	.600
Harvard Club	3	3	.500
D. K. E. Club	3	3	.400
Princeton Club	2	4	.333
Army and Navy Club	0	6	.000

Only two matches in the Class B squash tennis team tournament of the Metropolitan League were scheduled for decision yesterday afternoon, and of these but one reached completion. The Princeton Club defeated the Army and Navy Club by a score of 4 matches to one. Neither team presented a completed seven, but as the Princeton team captured a majority of seven matches, it was decided to leave the other two contests unplayed. The Crescent A. C. and D. K. E. Club started their match at the home court of the Deke's but will not be able to complete it until this afternoon.

Four of the Princeton Club players won their matches yesterday in straight games. Monks, Rowe and Cromwell won with a good deal to spare, but Walker had a hard tussle with Ayres before he could triumph at 18—17, 15—13. Ayres drew up almost to even terms in both games, but faltered in the final strokes.

Geoffrey Taylor was the only winner for the Army and Navy Club. He defeated Basil Harris in three games that developed a great deal of speed as well as a high order of skill. Taylor dropped the first game at 15—11, and then won the next two after both had been set for extra points. This was an exciting struggle and the evenness of the play is clearly enough indicated in the scores of the last two games, 18—17, 15—13.

The result of the match had no effect upon the standing of the leaders in the Class B race. It did enable the Princeton Club to draw colser to the D. K. E. Club, however.

The results of yesterday's play follow:

Princeton Club 4, Army and Navy Club 1

Geoffrey Taylor, Army and Navy, defeated Basil Harris, Princeton, 11—15, 18—16, 16—17; George A. Walker Jr., Princeton, defeated Clifford Ayres, Army, 18—17, 15—18; R. H. Monks, Princeton, defeated G. M. Carnochan, Army and Navy, 15—8, 15—7; Harold Rowe, Princeton, defeated L. J. Sigaud, Army and Navy, 15—10, 15—2; Jarvis Cromwell, Princeton, defeated J. J. Dean, Army and Navy, 15—6, 15—7.

AMATEUR CYCLISTS UNITE.

Organize the Bicycle League of America and Elect Officers.

Amateur cycling activities in the local district will be conducted under the supervision of a new directing body in the future. Announcement was made last night, following a series of meetings at which local amateur cyclists and officials of the sport discussed the proposition, that a new controlling body, to be known as the Amateur Bicycle League of America, had been installed, partly on a reorganization plan and partly to replace the Interclub Amateur Cycle Road Racing League, which has supervised the non-professional sport in this district heretofore. The formation of this new body is a direct outgrowth of the disruption in cycling circles resulting from the recent clash between the six-day riders who competed in the Twenty-second Regiment Armory and those in the Madison Square Garden race.

The question of launching the new organization has been widely discussed in the course of meetings attended by riders and representatives of the bicycle clubs in the metropolitan district. The meeting at which it was finally decided to form the new body was held at the headquarters of the Unione Sportiva Italiana, one of the leading local amateur cycle clubs. A dozen clubs were represented by delegates meeting for about 2,500 amateur cyclists and enthusiasts. It was decided to seek affiliation with the Amateur Athletic Union and the Military Athletic League, and steps in this direction have already been taken. A constitution and by-laws, together with rules governing the sport, have been adopted. Sanctions and registrations will be issued as soon as the organization becomes established. It is planned to enlarge its scope to include the various sections of the country where amateur cycling is popular. Representatives of the new league will be appointed for the different parts of the country as developments demand.

Clubs which were represented at the last meeting included the Acme Wheelmen, New England Wheelmen, Unione Sportiva Italiana and Century Road Club Association of Manhattan; Bay View Wheelmen of Newark, N. J.; Century Road Club Association of Long Island; Empire City Wheelmen, Italian-American Gymnastic Association and Thirteenth Regiment A. A., Brooklyn; Hudson County Wheelmen, Bayonne, N. J.; North Hudson Wheelmen, Hoboken, N. J.; Quaker City Cycling Association, Philadelphia, and the Century Road Club of America. The Aaron Fox A. A. gained the distinction of receiving the first sanction for a race meet. Applications for individual membership, numbering more than 100 and blanks for registration and sanctions for meets in various armories have already been received.

D. J. McIntyre, New England Wheelmen, former leader of the Interclub League, was elected President, and T. V. Hall, Empire City Wheelmen, Vice President. Eugene Suykerbuyk of the Acme Wheelmen is Secretary and E. Taberelli, North Hudson Wheelmen, is Treasurer. Registration and Sanction, Board of Appeals, Membership, Auditing and Trustees committees were appointed. The respective Chairmen of these committees, A. R. Jacobson, C. R. C. A.; G. C. Dresser, C. R. C. A.; George Harley, Q. C. C. A.; C. E. Nylander, C. R. C. of A., and Frank De Barbera, Jr., S. L., will serve as the Board of Control of the new organization.

Indianapolis to Play Yanks.

LAKE CHARLES, La., Dec. 28.—The Indianapolis Club of the American Association will do its Spring training in Crowley, La. A series will be played with the New York Americans, according to an announcement by the Chamber of Commerce.

National Leaguer Released.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 28.—"Bill" McKechnie has been released by the Pittsburgh National League baseball club to the Minneapolis team of the American Association, it became known here today.

Preliminary Hearing on World's Series Scandal to Be Started in Three Weeks.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—The preliminary hearing for the eight Chicago American League baseball players and five alleged gamblers who were indicted by the Cook County Grand Jury in connection with the alleged "throwing" of games in the 1919 world's series will be held within three weeks and the trial will begin shortly after, State's Attorney Robert E. Crowe announced tonight.

Mr. Crowe assigned George E. Gorman, Second Assistant State's Attorney, to handle the case and ordered him to prepare for an immediate trial. Mr. Crowe refused to say whether Hartley Replogle, former Assistant State's Attorney, who handled the Grand Jury investigation, would be connected with the prosecution of the indicted men.

Mr. Gorman tonight said he had not had time to go into the case thoroughly, but expected to devote the next few days to a study of the Grand Jury investigation. He refused to discuss the trial of the Pacific Coast League players, wherein the Judge ruled that "throwing" games was not a criminal offense, but said that he would ask attorneys for the records so that he could see what bearing it might have on the trial here.

Eddie Cicotte, Joe Jackson and Claude Williams are counted their share in the scandal to the Grand Jury, and Oscar Felsch was quoted by newspaper reporters as confessing to them, but Felsch, Buck Weaver, "Swede" Risberg and McMullin have officially denied that they are guilty and have hired counsel. Jackson and Williams also have been quoted in press dispatches as saying they "would be back in baseball next season." Chick Gandil, the eighth player indicted, has not announced his plans in regard to the trial.

MINORS CRITICISE PACT.

League President Says They Will Reject New Baseball Agreement.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—Continued opposition to the agreement between major and minor baseball leagues, recently drafted in New York, was expressed today by George H. Mahon, president of the Michigan-Ontario League, after a conference with A. R. Tearney, President of the Western League. President Maines predicted that the minor leagues' association at its meeting here Jan. 10 would not ratify the proposed agreement for the government of organized baseball.

Chief objections of the minor leagues, as expressed by Mr. Maines, are that the agreement for twenty-five years covers too long a period; that the minors would have too little influence in settlement of questions in which they were vitally interested, and that they would have no voice in the selection of a successor for Judge K. M. Landis after the expiration of his seven years as commissioner.

After meeting President Tearney, Mr. Maines conferred with President Johnson of the American League, who agreed with him in his contention that a twenty-five-year agreement was too long.

"Conditions in baseball are changing so constantly," Mr. Johnson said, "that I would favor, in the light of past experience, a revision of the governing rules every five years, and would strongly advise against an agreement for a longer date. Any agreement that is made can be scrapped in a day, as was the case with the last one."

SELECTS GIANTS' ATTIRE,

McGraw Shows Sartorial Skill in Color Scheme of Uniforms.

Manager John J. McGraw, a stickler for the sartorial niceties, has given much thought recently to the subject of a becoming garb for the Giants for the coming season. His idea is to have something natty and becoming, while at the same time conforming to the latest styles and to all the canons of good taste. After consulting all the recent hints from Paris and conferring with tailors, hatters, booters and sockers, he has evolved the following:

Home uniforms to be white, with wide navy blue stripe; caps, white, with navy blue striped crown, navy blue visor, with N. Y. in monogram in navy blue, on the front; stockings to be navy blue, with white anklets.

Road uniforms to be of plain blue-gray; shirts to be lettered "Giants" across the front in navy blue and caps to have a gray crown, with navy blue visor, with N. Y. in monogram in front in navy blue; stockings to be navy blue, with gray anklets.

600 TO DINE WITH COBB.

Ty's Acceptance of Managerial Honors Will Be Celebrated in Detroit.

DETROIT, Dec. 28.—Definite word has been received from Ty Cobb that he will be in Detroit the latter part of January to be the guest of honor at a banquet celebrating his acceptance of the managership of the Tigers. Plates for 600 are planned. Special invitations have been sent men high in baseball and political circles, including President Johnson of the American League, President Heydler of the National, Michigan's Congressmen, Governor-elect Groesbeck and Mayor Couzens.

COACHES SWAP TRIBUTES.

Ohio State and California Football Mentors Praise Each Other.

PASADENA, Cal., Dec. 28.—Dr. John Wilce and Andrew Smith, head coaches, respectively, of the football teams of Ohio State University and the University of California, took time today from preparations for the game here New Year's Day to exchange compliments on each other's squads.

This was done through signed statements which appeared side by side in The Los Angeles Express.

"It seems to me," wrote Andy Smith, "that in some quarters there is a wrong impression regarding California's attitude toward the game with Ohio State. California is not over-confident. We believe we have a really great team, but we do not think we have next Saturday's game sewed up."

"I fully realize the ability of the California team," read Dr. Wilce's statement, "and have a sincere respect for the ability of Coach Smith. Without doubt he has a great eleven, and I look forward to a hard-fought game, harder and closer than any we have had yet, and that is saying a lot."

Meantime each team was reported to have engaged in hard practice, which, as usual since their arrival here, was done in the strictest secrecy.

Rumors were afloat today that Smith contemplated starting Dutch Eels at right halfback instead of Crip Toomey, the star of the California-Stanford game, but there was no official confirmation.

A reported probable change in the Buckeye line-up is the substitution of Charles Taylor for Fullback Williaman, because of the condition of the latter's knee. Dr. Wilce, however, took no official cognisance of the report.

Sport writers and others who went to Tournament Park today to see what they could of the practice of the teams found an empty field. They learned later that the coaches had resorted to strategy to keep their plays secret.

Show Appreciation of Coach.

FITCHBURG, Mass., Dec. 28.—A check for $7,000 was given by citizens to Coach Clarence N. Amiott of the Fitchburg High School football team at the annual football banquet tonight, in appreciation of his efforts in developing the eleven. Although defeated by Cleveland's West Technical High School, 27 to 0, here on Dec. 4, Fitchburg High won eight of its eleven games. Members of the team were presented with sweaters and gold watch charms.

Commission Hands Out Indefinite Suspensions—To Insist on Physical Fitness.

That the Boxing Commission and the License Committee intrusted with the administration of the Walker law governing boxing bouts in this State intend to enforce the provisions of the law strictly was illustrated yesterday with the issuance of a list of four suspensions meted out at the last joint session of the two bodies. Indefinite periods of enforced inactivity were prescribed for a quartet of boxers, and the suspension of Tommy Connelly, Syracuse referee, originally announced as for thirty days, was also made of indefinite length.

In the list of boxers affected by the latest decree of the governing officials appears the name of Perry Murphy, a little-known colored boxer, who is set down as "physically incapacitated for engaging in any boxing contests." In explaining this particular case yesterday, Secretary Charlie White declared that a recent contest at the Freeport S. C., in which Murphy was a participant, was stopped abruptly in the second round because of the condition of the colored boxer. Murphy, an examination by a physician disclosed, was suffering from a nervous trouble which deprived him of control of his limbs. The condition was not discovered until the boxer was in the ring, according to the report made yesterday by Secretary White, but when it was revealed in the work of the boxer prompt action was taken.

Murphy, as a consequence, has been indefinitely suspended. Dr. J. H. Conboy, a commission physician, has been appointed to make a thorough examination of the boxer and report back to the commission, when the case will be called for further action. It is probable that Murphy will be deprived of his license as a boxer if Dr. Conboy's report discloses that he is suffering from a nervous condition which would impair his work in the ring or subject him to danger. This particular case, Secretary White said, is but a forerunner of an extensive campaign which it is planned to undertake, in order to safeguard boxers from possible accident in the ring because of lack of proper physical condition.

Kewpie Collander, Western bantamweight; Jimmy Sullivan, a local boxer, and Dave Rosenberg, former amateur welterweight champion, were the other boxers indefinitely suspended. Collander was punished for his failure to appear as scheduled for a contest against Roy Moore at Madison Square Garden Dec. 22. The ring midgets were slated for one of the preliminaries to the Joe Lynch-Pete Herman champion-hip battle. Sullivan was set down for failure to appear in a scheduled contest against Sammy Sieger at the Commonwealth Sporting Club Dec. 15. Rosenberg's offense was that he failed to appear for a contest against Walter Mohr at the Ridgewood Grove Sporting Club Dec. 18.

SHARKEY IN RING TONGHT.

West Side Bantam to Meet Roy Moore in Bout at Garden.

Whether Jack Sharkey is still entitled to serious consideration as a bantamweight title contender will be determined this evening at Madison Square Garden, where the scrappy little west side Italian engages Roy Moore, St. Paul bantamweight, in the stellar fifteen-round bout. This contest tops a popular-priced card which Promoter Tex Rickard has arranged for patrons of boxing at the Garden. Moore is substituting for Pal Moore, Memphis boxer, who was originally scheduled to oppose Sharkey but who was forced to cancel the match because of an infection to one of his ears.

Moore is recommended highly by followers of boxing who have witnessed him in action. The St. Paul boxer, therefore, is expected to extend Sharkey, who is seeking to re-establish himself for the purpose of securing another match against Champion Joe Lynch. Moore participated in a preliminary bout scheduled for ten rounds, on the occasion of the Lynch-Herman match last week. On this occasion the St. Paul ring midget disposed of Jimmy Martin, a substitute boxer, in less than a round.

Two ten-round bouts and a six-round encounter will precede the Sharkey-Moore contest. Panama Joe Gans and Sailor Darden, colored middleweights, will exchange blows in one of the ten-round events, while in the other Charlie Pilkington, former amateur champion, will engage Tommy Elm, sturdy Paterson, N. J., lightweight. In the six-round bout Packey O'Gatty and Kid Atkins will clash.

NEW YORK GIRLS WIN.

Defeat Philadelphia Hockey Team in Spirited Contest by 2 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 28.—Father Knickerbocker's girls' hockey seven vanquished William Penn's feminine chasers of the rubber disk in their intercity clash here tonight at the Auditorium by a score of 2 to 0. The contest was witnessed by a large crowd and produced plenty of exciting competition. Only the excellent defensive work of the local septet prevented a more convincing victory by the New York girls. The skaters from Manhattan waged a determined battle up and down the ice through the three periods, striving almost without let-up to smash the puck into the Quaker net. Except for two spectacular shots, the defense of the local players held.

Miss Elsie Muller was one of the Manhattanites to crash through the local defense for the coveted goal. The other New York tally came when Miss Violet Frees's stick sent a well-directed shot whizzing past Miss Marjon Favidde into the Philadelphia net.

The line-up:

NEW YORK (2).		PHILADELPHIA (0).
Miss O. Barth	R. W.	Miss E. Savier
Miss M. Stinger	L. W.	Miss W. Richards
Miss M. Trusiow	C.	Miss R. Scott
Miss A. Meehan	P.	Mrs. J. Gilmore
Miss E. Muller	R.	Miss M. Shartles
Miss V. Frees	C. P.	Miss C. Valentine
Miss M. Dwyer	G.	Miss M. Favidde

Goals—New York: Miss Muller and Miss Frees.

Goal umpires—T. Lynch, New York, and James Mansell, Philadelphia. Referee—E. Mill, Philadelphia. Time of periods—Three of 10 minutes each.

HOCKEY OFFICIALS IN ROW.

Pittsburgh Ready to Withdraw Unless Drury Is Allowed to Play.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 28.—A row among officials of the United States Amateur Hockey Association and the management of Duquesne Garden, where all the games of the Pittsburgh team are played, threatens to end first-class hockey in this city. It was announced today that tonight's game between Pittsburgh and the University of Toronto would be the last, because of alleged interference of the association officials with the personnel of the team.

It is claimed that President Haddock and Secretary-Treasurer Schooley of the United States Amateur Hockey Association refused to allow them to play Herbert Drury, last year's star. It appears that the Ontario organization had refused Drury a playing certificate with Fort Colborne, Ont., this season, and therefore the officials of the United States Association say they cannot allow Drury to play here, as they are closely allied with the Canadian Amateur Hockey Association and the Ontario Hockey Association.

If the Duquesne Garden management withdraws the team from the ice, it means that Pittsburgh will not be included in the coming tournament of the association with teams from Cleveland, St. Paul, Duluth, Philadelphia, New York and Boston. A new schedule will have to be arranged.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Pitcher Walter Johnson's signed contract for the season of 1921, his fifteenth season in major league baseball, was received today by President-Manager Griffith of the Washington American League club. Johnson wrote from his farm near Coffeyville, Kan., that the injury to his arm which handicapped him last season had yielded to treatment and that he expected to regain his former effectiveness. Johnson will be 34 years old on his next birthday.

ADVANCE PRACTICE FOR POLICE BOXERS

State Championships May Help New Yorkers Prepare for Battle With London 'Bobbies.'

Members of the New York Police Department expect some competitive preparation for their boxing contests against the "bobbies" of London in the approaching New York State amateur championship boxing tournament, which will be held at Madison Square Garden Jan. 3 and 4. Patrolman Bill Spengler, former local heavyweight champion, who is regarded as a probable selection for ring combat against the invading English policemen, yesterday visited local A. A. U. headquarters and submitted the entries of two brother policemen for the State title tournament. The bluecoats are Arthur Wolfat, present heavyweight champion of the department, and Frank Adams, a light-heavyweight. Both will compete for the New York Police Club.

While there was no specific information divulged by Spengler when he submitted the entries, it is likely that the nomination of the policemen for the coming State title tournament will act in the nature of a competitive preparation for the contemplated ring engagements against the British policemen. Spengler is regarded as the logical choice for the international heavyweight bout, but there is no positive assurance of his selection. The former amateur champion's right hand was injured in the recent Olympic games boxing, in which Spengler attained the semi-final round, when he was compelled to withdraw because of the injury. Since that time Spengler's hand has not responded properly to treatment, and it is a question whether he will be in condition to engage in the international tournament.

Under the circumstances the nomination of Wolfat for the State heavyweight title can be construed as a precautionary measure against any emergency arising through Spengler's incapacitation. Wolfat won the departmental heavyweight championship in the tournament conducted at the Crescent A. C. of Brooklyn last April, and is said to be a capable boxer. In the forthcoming State tournament the patrolman-boxer would receive a competitive preparation calculated to aid materially in his training for the international bouts which are to follow.

Adams also is said to be a formidable ringman, being numbered among the best amateurs of his class in the district. In the Crescent tournament he was runner-up for the department light-heavyweight title several years ago he competed as a member of the Union Settlement A. C., winning many contests in open tournament competition during his career as a U. S. A. C. member.

While the rule governing amateur boxing specifies three rounds as the limit of a bout under ordinary conditions, with an extra round in the event of a judges' disagreement and the referee's inability to name a winner, it was learned yesterday that a plan is under way to obtain permission to increase the length of the coming bouts to six rounds, with an extra round in case of a disagreement of the judges and indecision by the referee. An official of the International Sporting Club said a request will shortly be made to the Amateur Athletic Union, urging it to waive its rule for this particular series of matches, and contestants on six rounds' duration, with the extra session if necessary. Little difficulty is expected on this score by the I. S. C. officials, particularly in view of the prominence and international flavor of the proposed bouts, and the fact that the matches mark a departure from the ordinary amateur affairs.

URGES TEACHING OF BOXING.

Dr. Aldinger Advocates Regular Classes for Older Schoolboys.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—A plea for the teaching of boxing to every boy, particularly in the older grades in the public school, was expressed by Dr. A. K. Aldinger of New York, Director of Physical Training of the public school system of Greater New York, at today's annual session of the Athletic Research Association.

The sessions of the association were attended by well known coaches and athletic directors of the Middle Western Intercollegiate Conference, many of the Great Eastern universities, and Y. M. C. A., public school and city and civic centres athletic directors.

Dr. Aldinger is President of the Research Association and was the principal speaker at the banquet, representing the National Y. M. C. A., was another speaker.

"Every boy should be taught to box," Dr. Aldinger said, "but I do not think boxing should be taught in the elementary grades. The boys in these lower classes are too young. In New York we have boxing gloves in every high school and hold regular boxing classes."

Dr. Aldinger outlined the purpose of the association of athletic research as "to study athletics in all details, so as to make all phases of athletic activity and procedure more efficient and raise the general standard of athletic performance."

W. H. Ball, the International Y. M. C. A. Committee Chairman on Athletics, prophesied a gradual improvement in humanking through right living and intelligent athletic activity, education which the research association was sponsoring.

WELSH STOPS GREEN.

Ex-Champion Scores a Technical Knockout in Newark Bout.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 28.—Freddie Welsh, former world's lightweight champion, made a victorious return to boxing activity at the Coliseum A. C. here tonight, when he scored a technical knockout over Willie (Kid) Green of Boston in four rounds of a scheduled twelve-round bout. Green refused to answer the bell for the fifth round, claiming that he had wrenched his right shoulder. Examination by Drs. Blackburn and Reich, who stepped into the ring when the spectators clamored insistently for an examination, failed to disclose evidence of damage.

Welsh, during the length of time occupied by the bout, showed flashes of the form which was his before Benny Leonard separated him from the title more than three years ago. The former champion, at 137½ pounds, appeared none too slender about the waistline and at times his direction was unreliable. Welsh, however, demonstrated that he is still a clever performer offensively and defensively and a busy individual at work in close quarters. On several distinct occasions the man who fell before the blows of Leonard showed flashes of increased hitting strength in substantiation of the reports which had been circulated that he was developing a punch for the purpose of returning to the ring.

Roper to Fight Walker.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 28.—Captain Bob Roper arrived from Chicago this morning to finish training for his ten round contest here Thursday night with Hugh Walker, Kansas City heavyweight. On the same bill, Arlos Fanning, Bartlesville, will meet Young Abe Attell, of New York, for ten rounds. The latter pair are lightweights.

Unofficial Advices Name Tomkinson, Dalmeny, Woodhouse and Lockett for Cup Team.

According to unofficial advices received from England, the make-up of the British polo team which will meet our American quartet of mallet wielders on the famous Hurlingham Field in England next June for the championship of the world and the Hurlingham Trophy will call for a total handicap of 36 goals.

The announced make-up of the British international team includes Lieut. Col. H. A. Tomkinson, 8 goals; Lord Dalmeny, 8 goals; Lord Woodhouse, 10 goals, and Major Vivian N. Lockett, 10 goals, or a total of 36 goals. This representative four will have the advantage of practice against another four considered by many to be equally good, if not better. This team will be the old Cantabs, including Major F. B. Harndell, 8 goals, at No. 1; Frederick M. Freake, 2 goals, at No. 2; W. S. Buckmaster, 10 goals, at No. 3, and Lord Rocksavage, 9 goals, at back, or a total of 36 goals, the handicap of the international team.

Mr. Buckmaster is conceded by many to be the best polo player in all Britain, but he has never taken part in an international match against this country, although the Cantabs, of which he is the star, are reported to have defeated the British international team in four successive games before the latter came to this country in 1914.

Reason for Star's Absence.

The same reason is ascribed to Buckmaster's absence from the British team that is responsible for Malcolm Stevenson not having been selected as one of the American four. Both are star players of the greatest brilliancy, but both are supposed to be temperamentally unsuited to international contests.

In addition to the Cantabs, the British "big four" has another great galaxy of stars from which to get the best of practice. Among the players on this four are Lieut. Col. H. C. S. Ashton and Gordon Withers, both top-notchers. This means that the defending quartet will have every advantage as regards the quality of the competition. It meets before the big matches, and in this respect it is further reported that, aside from such Winter practice as the Britishers will get in Southern France, they may journey into Spain for still further training up. While there, aside from meeting other crack British teams, the cup four may cross mallets with one or two of the unusually clever Spanish quartets.

Among the players nominated for both American and British teams there is but one left-handed player, he being Watson Webb. The Hurlingham authorities recognise but twenty-one players of the left-handed variety, and they are the only ones permitted to play in important contests. All of these twenty-one registered as southpaws in 1907 at Hurlingham, at which time it was ruled that no others would thereafter be permitted to play.

Registered Left-Handers.

The registered left-handers include J. S. Bakewell, Lieutenant R. C. Bayldon, R. N.; H. A. Bellville, T. A Driscoll, F. J. Grace, A. Grisar, W. P. Gwynne, L. R. S. Holoway, L. Larcos, G. A. Leckett, J. McConnell, Bradley Martin Jr., Baron Oxy de Zegwaart, E. A. Sanderson, A. Scott-Robson, Captain A. Seymour, P. D. Sullivan, R. Wade Palmer, W. Craig Wadsworth, Watson Webb and Major F. H. Wise.

In commenting on the makeup of the American polo team which is to invade England next Spring, British papers generally agree that Uncle Sam is to be represented by a strong combination that will call for the best playing of the Britishers. The synopsis of opinion is that the four may not be quite as good all around as the team of 1909, which, captained by Harry Payne Whitney and made up of the Waterbury brothers with Devereux Milburn at back, took the English polo world by surprise and with two smashing victories captured the cup which had been in British possession for twenty-five years. Still, it is admitted that it is a remarkably good team.

The British authorities admit that Milburn appears to have lost none of his wonderful skill and power and that with Webb, a dashing, versatile player in the position formerly occupied by Whitney America will have an exceptionally strong defense. Malcolm Stevenson is described as "a very brilliant No. 3, but said to have a less perfect temperement for international polo than Webb."

Rumsey's Possibilities.

The opinion is advanced that in the forwards the Americans may prove less irresistible than were the Meadow Brooks when the Waterbury brothers were at their zenith, but they admit that Stoddard is known as a very sound, dogged 1, and Thomas Hitchcock Jr. has the reputation of being one of the most dashing and improving No. 2's in this country.

As regards the substitutes for the American team, the selection of Stoddard in preference to Rumsey is attributed to the former's greater experience, although it is admitted that Rumsey, by his consistently good work in attack last Summer, created a fine impression.

Rumsey is described as a finished horseman and almost a second Larry Waterbury in his quickness and variety of strokes, all around his pony. No comment is made regarding Earl W. Hopping, who, apparently, is not well known abroad, but in this country is recognized as one of the ablest of players, with a wealth of skill and ability in reserve, which, it is believed in certain circles, may eventually result in his being selected to take part in the big match, despite the fact that he is nominated as a substitute. This, however, will depend largely upon the showing he makes during the coming Winter. He will play in California until ready to leave for England.

TO CONFER ON W. VA. COACH.

Athletic Director Stansbury May Reach Decision In Chicago.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Dec. 28.—Harry A. Stansbury, Athletic Director of the University of West Virginia, left here yesterday for Chicago to confer with a "prominent football coach." The unnamed coach, it was said, will be offered the position of head coach at West Virginia next Fall, to succeed Tubby McIntire. Mr. Stansbury yesterday refused to say who his conferee would be, but indicated that announcement might be made from Chicago after the conference if an agreement should be reached.

Mr. Stansbury will also attend the meetings of the Graduate Managers' Association, the Athletic Research Society and the National Collegiate Association while in Chicago.

PURDUE NOT DROPPED.

Quietus Given Rumor of Ouster From Western Conference.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—Denial of rumors that Purdue University was to be dropped from the Western Conference was made today by Nelson Kellog, director of athletics at Purdue.

Director Kellogg said there was no foundation for the rumor, which, he said, apparently was circulated in an attempt to "belittle" athletics at Purdue.

"Purdue has scheduled twelve basketball games for this Winter and Spring, the maximum permitted by the conference, and the usual run of indoor and outdoor track meets," Kellogg said. "For the 1921 season in football, we have five conference games scheduled."

Coogan in New Year's Bout.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 28.—Mel Coogan, of New York, and Charlie O'Connell, of Cleveland, will meet in a ten round bout at the Motor Square Boxing Club here on New Year's Day.

Belgian Billiardist Captures Match From Mayer by Total Score of 1,600 to 627.

Winning the two final blocks of the match at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn yesterday afternoon and last night, Edouard Horemans defeated Joseph Mayer of Philadelphia by a total score of 1,600 to 627. Horemans made a grand average of 35 8-9, with a high run of 203, while Mayer's grand average was 14¼ and his best run was 109. Horemans won the matinee block yesterday afternoon by a score of 400 to 86, and the Belgian took the night session, 400 to 316.

It was during the afternoon's playing that Horemans showed his best form. He won the game in four innings or an average of an even 100, running out the block with an unfinished cluster of 237. When the evening's play began the balls were placed in the same position that Horemans had left them in and he continued to click off points. He made 81 more before missing, giving him a run of 203. This run was made by some of the prettiest billiard playing seen in this city this season. It was nearly all close work. When he was putting together his 237 points in the afternoon there was a stretch of 119 buttons when he drove his cue ball to the cushion only three times. All the rest of the counting during that time was done by ball-to-ball billiards. It was an impressive exhibition of nursing interspersed with several very fine massé shots.

In the evening's match Horemans slowed up in his work considerably. His average for the closing block was an even 25, while Mayer averaged 21 1-15. It was not until the last inning that Horemans forged into the lead, and then he ran out the game with an unfinished bundle of 85. When he started on the final rampage Mayer was leading by a score of 316 to 315.

The score by innings of both blocks follows:

AFTERNOON GAME.

Horemans—103 57 3 237. Total, 400. Average, 100.

Mayer—0 81 55. Total, 86. Average, 28 2-3.

EVENING GAME.

Horemans—21 4 2 3 2 66 18 22 0 87 4 109 16 4 0 26. Total, 400. Average, 25.

Mayer—22 1 10 0 36 5 1 2 2 5 4 5 65 109 4. Total, 316. Average, 21 1-15.

CUEIST FILES PROTEST.

Adair Objects to Referee's Decision in Match With Frisch.

Following his defeat by Harry Frisch in the preliminary round of the three-cushion billiard tournament for the national championship of the American Amateur Billiard Association at John Doyle's Academy last night, Charles

An Investment Message

You no doubt have seen the Thrift and Investment Campaign letters written by Mr. William C. Freeman for Henry L. Doherty & Company.

The object of that campaign is to induce thrift and to have the proceeds of thrift invested in well chosen corporation bonds and stocks so as to get not only safety but the best possible income yield.

You can assume, if you want, that the thrift campaign is one hundred per cent selfish—but it is not.

This letter has nothing to do with that campaign, but is addressed to those who are so fortunate as to have ready money available now. Our message is this:

Perhaps never again will there be such bargains in investment securities as the market now offers and so we say to all, and this means you,—scrape together all the money you can get without borrowing and buy investment securities—and buy them now.

You can also assume that this message is one hundred per cent selfish if you want to—but it is not.

We don't know that the absolute bottom has been reached, but the man who is always waiting to buy at the absolute bottom nearly always waits until it is too late.

Come to us and we will advise you what to buy, whether you have one hundred dollars or a million to invest. If you cannot come, write. If you want to depend upon our judgment, we will treat it as an honor transaction.

If you don't want to buy through us, then go to any reputable investment house and buy on their advice. Contrary to general opinion, dishonesty on Wall Street is the rare exception, not the general rule. There are many honest and alert investment houses in the Wall Street district. While we would like to do your business, we are more anxious to get you to buy now to your own advantage than to wait until we succeed in convincing you that we can serve you as well as the best other agency could possibly do.

If you doubt the wisdom of our advice to buy, and buy now, we ask you to cut this letter out of the paper, together with the market quotations of the listed and unlisted bonds and stocks as they will appear in the New York papers of next Sunday morning, and put these market quotations with our letter in a sealed envelope, to be opened one year from today. We venture the opinion that when you open that envelope you will realize that you have lost a rare opportunity, and will greatly regret it.

Many of the safest securities are selling at the heaviest discount. There is a reason for this, which we will explain in another letter tomorrow. It is not necessary to go outside of strictly investment securities to get a handsome income and sooner or later a substantial enhancement in market value.

Unless you are a professional investor let us advise with you in selecting your investments, but if you do not come to us seek the advice of some reputable investment house, for there never was greater benefit to be secured from discriminating buying than now.

Yours cordially,

HENRY L. DOHERTY & COMPANY
60 Wall Street,
New York.

FAVORITES TO WIN

Four Popular Choices First and Two Second in Racing at New Orleans.

ONE OUTSIDER IS VICTOR

Trooper, 15-to-1 Shot, Takes Fourth Race—Marie Maxim Leads Big Field in Six-Furlong Dash.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 28.—Some of the largest fields which have competed at Jefferson Park since the beginning of Winter racing in this city were seen in competition this afternoon. There was no outstanding feature on the card of seven events and the finishes were anything but exciting, with the possible exception of the last race. In that event Corydon, the favorite, managed to finish in front by a nose. But what the card lacked in class was more than made up by the fact that four favorites and one equal choice flashed under the wire winners and the two others finished second. On the whole, therefore, it was a fairly successful afternoon for the form players, something that may be attributed to the fact that the weather was clear and the track was good.

The program was made up of seven claiming races and attracted a total of sixty-five horses. While the blue pencil was used quite freely, the smallest field to go to the post was in the last race when seven horses took issue. The large fields would indicate that there were good prizes quoted, and there were but the longest shot of the day was a 15-to-1 quotation, Trooper, which scampered off with the fourth race, a six-furlong test for three-year-olds and upward.

Port Light and Title were made equal choices by the public. They were quoted at 5 to 2 and managed to finish second and third, respectively. Trooper, with Jockey Mooney in the saddle, won by a length from Port Light, with Title a neck behind in third position. Port Light got away to a good start and but for the fact that the gelding tired badly in the last sixteenth might have won. When he slowed down Trooper, which ran in his best form and had been following the pace closely, moved into the lead and won. Port Light barely lasted long enough to save the place from Title, which probably was the best in the race but got away poorly, breaking from the barrier in seventh position in the field of ten starters. Title closed a big gap and finished gamely, grabbing show money by five lengths from Ablaze.

Philanderer Loses Opener.

The form players stuttered at the outset of the afternoon's sport. Philanderer was made the choice in the opening event, a five and a half furlong sprint for maiden two-year-olds. Philanderer got away well and showed plenty of early speed, but was not good enough to win. Jockey Lyke on Rose Cliff restrained his mount, keeping the filly well up behind the pace set by Philanderer until the horses entered the stretch. Then Lyke made his move. Once let down Rose Cliff drew away to win well in hand. Rose Cliff paid her supporters 3½ to 1 and at times there was as good as 4 to 1 to be had against her chances. Calithump finished third, showing a good effort and holding on well at the end. Vulcanize, which finished fourth, might have done a great deal better but for his tendency to run wide. He was restrained by Jockey Coltiletti during the early running of the race in an effort to prevent his running wide, but he bore out badly at the stretch turn and spoiled whatever chances he might have had.

In the second race thirteen horses went to the post. It was a six furlong dash for three-year-olds and the betting indicated that the players were at a loss to decide upon any one of the entrants. The result was that Marie Maxim and Kirah were quoted at the shortest prices. The former won with infinite ease, while the latter finished far back in the ruck in tenth position. Marie Maxim ran as if she were much the best in the race. Just as soon as the barrier was sprung she moved into a good lead and she kept increasing her advantage. Plain Bill ran gamely through the stretch and finished fast, grabbing the place by four lengths from Trackstar. The latter was taken back, during the early going and was held well off the pace. When Jockey Nelson let the colt down and urged him, Trackstar came quickly and made up considerable ground under hard urging.

The first outstanding favorite to score was in the third race, a six furlong sprint for two-year-olds. Sea Court was made a hot choice at 3 to 2, and the running of the race substantiated the confidence that had been placed in him. He was away slowly but moved up steadily and drew out in the stretch to win by a length and a half from Bit of Green, which was a half length in front of Hope Princess. Bit of Green broke sideways and was restrained until the stretch was reached, when she was urged and came fast. Hope Princess had much the best of the start but tired in the last sixteenth.

Fifth Race to Waukeag.

Eight horses took issue in the fifth event. They were three-year-olds and upward and were asked to go a mile and a sixteenth. Waukeag was made the choice and although the Pelican Stable's gelding was forced to run wide at the first two turns he moved into the lead when called upon and won well in hand by two lengths from Plenty. Nelle Yorke was third, a length back of Plenty.

The hottest favorite of the day scored in the sixth race, when Lad, quoted at 3 to 5, finished the mile and a quarter test for three-year-olds and upward four lengths in front of Sasin. Lad ran as if he were much the best of the field of eight. He took the lead soon after the start and drew out in the stretch to win as his rider pleased. Ben Hampson was third. He showed early speed but tired in the stretch.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For maiden two-year-olds; purse $600. Five and a half furlongs. Rosecliff, 110 pounds (Lyke), 7 to 2, 6 to 5, 1 to 2, first; Philanderer, 113 (Smith), even, 1 to 2, 1 to 4, second; Calithump, 110 (Murray), 25 to 1, 10 to 1, 5 to 1, third. Time—1:09 2-5. Vulcanize, Voormir, Whittle, Lusmere, San Graque and Magic Castle also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $600. Six furlongs. Marie Maxim, 111 pounds (Wilda), 4 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, first; Plain Bill, 114 (Ponce), 25 to 1, 10 to 1, 5 to 1, second; Track Star, 114 (Nolan), 20 to 1, 8 to 1, 4 to 1, third. Time—1:15. Mickey Moore, Big Idea, Beau Brummel II., Riddle, Kirah, On High, Tom Logan, Old Sinner, Benecia and Horeb also ran.

THIRD RACE—For threeyear-olds; claiming; purse $600. Six furlongs. Sea Court, 111 pounds (Bruce), 3 to 2, 3 to 5, 1 to 2, first; Bit of Green, 106 (Lyke), 7 to 1, 3 to 2, 6 to 5, second; Hope Princess, 106 (Buxton), 6 to 1, 2 to 1, even, third. Time—1:16. Louise Wynne, Lock Lever, Gladys, Lady Stella, Superb, Rape o' the Lock, Crimson Rambler and High Wave also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800. Six furlongs. Trooper, 110 pounds (Mooney), 15 to 1, 6 to 1, 3 to 1, first; Port Light, 100 (Jarvis), 3 to 1, even, 1 to 2, second; Title, 115 (Lyke), 3 to 1, even, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:14. Phantom Fair, Our Birthday, Madge F., The Nephew, Charlie Laydecker, Serbian and Ablaze also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $700; one mile and a sixteenth. Waukeag, 111 pounds (Jarvis), 7 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 4, first; Plenty, 107 (Bryson), 12 to 1, 5 to 1, 2 to 1, second; Nelle Yorke, 114 (Murray), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 6 to 5, third. Time—1:49. Miss Filley, Dahablah II., Neenah, Double Van and Douglas S. also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $700; one mile and a quarter. Lad, 105 pounds (Roberts), 3 to 5, 1 to 5, out, first; Sasin, 110 (Buxton), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, even, second; Ben Hampson, 110 (Thurber), 10 to 1, 3 to 1, 6 to 5, third. Time—2:10 4-5. Dotta's Best, Capt. Hodge, Pindar, Adelante and John I. Day also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $700; one mile and a quarter. Corydon, 113 pounds (Lyke), 6 to 5, 4 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Austral, 105 (Pollard), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 1 to 4, second; Keep, 98 (Jarvis), 6 to 1, 3 to 1, 1 to 10, third. Time—2:10. Lottery, Lorena Mom, Brookland and Thirteen also ran.

Motor and Sailing Yachts

Commander J. K. L. Ross is an enthusiastic yachtsman as well as turfman. The owner of Sir Barton and many other well-known thoroughbreds has purchased through the yacht brokerage firm of Tams, Lemoine & Crane of this city the 75-foot speedy cruising-motor yacht Oriole and the famous yawl Tameriane, winner of the sailing race to Bermuda several years ago.

BUFORD IS VICTOR ON HAVANA TRACK

Takes Pan-American Handicap in Sea of Mud—Three Favorites Are Winners.

HAVANA, Cuba, Dec. 28.—A heavy rain early today converted the track into a sea of mud at Oriental Park and the fields were greatly reduced. The form players fared well, however, as three favorites won. The fifth event, the Pan-American Handicap, resulted in a victory for Buford, which suddenly found his racing legs and gathered a purse. He was admirably ridden by Butwell. The mile was run in the slow time of 1:45.

Asurita, at 4 to 1, made a runaway race of the fourth event. She took command at the lifting of the barrier and, always holding a long lead, won at the end by two lengths. Belle of Elizabethtown was a trifle slow at the start, but closed up gradually and was an easy second, four lengths in front of Polar Cub.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Gus Scheer, 113 pounds (Butwell), even, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Huntress, 108 (Lancaster), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 8 to 5, second; Hat Rack, 105 (Wilson), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:12 1-5. Grey Rump, Terrible Susan, Starkadder, Col. Lillard, Golden Red and B. B. Johnson also ran.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $700; five furlongs. Draftsman, 108 pounds (Eames), 7 to 10, 1 to 4, out, first; Perhaps, 99 (Lancaster), 2 to 1, 1 to 2, out, second; Kathleen K., 104 (Hoffler), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, out, third. Time—1:05 4-5. George C. Jr. and George W. also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Vim 102 pounds, *Miss Wright 104, Lucie May 107, Lady Hester 107, *O'Malley 107, *Short Change 106, *Le Balafre 110, Stiletto 112.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Chimera 104 pounds, *Redland 104, Locust Leaves 104, *Discussion 104, Osgood 109, *Blazeaway 110.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Pokey Jane 102 pounds, *Bill Hunley 107, *Sir Edgar 110, Senator James 112, Scarpia II. 112, Ed Garrison 112, Broncho Billy 115.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and a sixteenth. *Leinster 100 pounds, *Mildred 102, *Assiem 102, *Rhymer 103, *Lariat 105, Hands Off 108, Semper Stalwart 113, Bulger 113.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather raining; track sloppy.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; maidens; one mile. *Tony 115 pounds, *Hop Over 110, *Royden 110, *Old Rose 107, *Ella 107, *Pansy Blossom 107, *Eleve 107, *Beesaw 107, *Maides Voter 107, *Marie Rappold 107.

SECOND RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs. Sir Just 113 pounds, Lonely 103, *Ina Kay 112, Lowell 110, Sauf Conduit 110, Propaganda 110, Rainbow Girl 110, Sabratash 110, Madam Byng 110, *Vansylvania 106, Bantan 107, *Spartan Boy 104, *Carlino S. 104, *Wealthy Ann 102, *Plain Heather 101. Also eligible: Lancelot 115, Toe the Mark 114.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Hidden Jewel 122 pounds, Ettahe 118, St. Isidor 118, Murray 112, Repeater 112, Head Over Heels 112, *Anticipate 111, Lieut. Perkins 111, *Assume 110, Cheery 108, *Scurry 105, Oriental Park 102, Financial Rooster 103. Also eligible: Link Boy 105, Tan II. 110, Ground Swell 118.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700; handicap; for two-year-olds; six furlongs. Polythia, 122 pounds, Bunga Buck 111, Madeline Lillian 100, Parader 106, Tharon 105.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,000; The Pennsylvania Special Weights; for all ages; five furlongs. Eddie Rickenbacker 124 pounds, George Starr 114, Applejack II. 114, Marvin May 114, St. Quentin 114, Minute Man 114, Rising Rock 100.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for two-year-olds and upward; one mile and three-sixteenths. War Club 110 pounds, *Kimpalong 106, *Baladin 108, *Dark Hill 108, *Rainer 108, *Honolulu Boy 108.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Goldcrest Boy 116 pounds, Bengali 110, Paddy Dear 107, Handful 107, Mallollo 107, *Philistine 106, Judge Price 105, Sandy Mac 104, *She Devil 102, *Mab 102, *Colonel Lit 96.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear; track good.

NUSS RETAINED AS COACH.

Will Again Instruct Basketball Team at W. and J.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Dec. 28.—Announcement was made from athletic headquarters at Washington and Jefferson today that Charles C. Nuss of Washington, for several years basketball coach, had been definitely retained in the position for the present season and that Norbert Garbisch of Washington, brother of the football captain the past season, had been named graduate basketball manager and instructed to complete the schedule.

The action clarifies the basketball situation and puts the Presidents in a position to go ahead with their plans for the season. Coach Nuss took charge of the Red and Black squad this afternoon in preparation for the opening game here Thursday night with Dartmouth. Garbisch today had a conference with former Managers Murdoch and Miller relative to negotiations prior to their resignations and later announced that he expected to have the schedule ready within ten days. He stated that there was a strong possibility that Penn would again be scheduled for a game in Philadelphia. W. and J. has practically a veteran team.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For maiden two-year-olds; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. *Tuancrea 103 pounds, *Ravanna 106, Diffidence 106, Automatic Red 108, Kentmere 108, Johnny O'Connell 111.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Jack Dawson 104 pounds, *Okemus 104, *Major Flake 105, *Timothy J. Hogan 107, Fleer 107, *Algrette 107, Rora 112, Far East 113.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Vim 102 pounds, *Miss Wright 104, Lucie May 107, Lady Hester 107, *O'Malley 107, *Short Change 106, *Le Balafre 110, Stiletto 112.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Chimera 104 pounds, *Redland 104, Locust Leaves 104, *Discussion 104, Osgood 109, *Blazeaway 110.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Pokey Jane 102 pounds, *Bill Hunley 107, *Sir Edgar 110, Senator James 112, Scarpia II. 112, Ed Garrison 112, Broncho Billy 115.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and a sixteenth. *Leinster 100 pounds, *Mildred 102, *Assiem 102, *Rhymer 103, *Lariat 105, Hands Off 108, Semper Stalwart 113, Bulger 113.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather raining; track sloppy.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; maidens; one mile. *Tony 115 pounds, *Hop Over 110, *Royden 110, *Old Rose 107, *Ella 107, *Pansy Blossom 107, *Eleve 107, *Beesaw 107, *Maides Voter 107, *Marie Rappold 107.

SECOND RACE—Purse $600; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; five and one-half furlongs. Sir Just 113 pounds, Lonely 103, *Ina Kay 112, Lowell 110, Sauf Conduit 110, Propaganda 110, Rainbow Girl 110, Sabratash 110, Madam Byng 110, *Vansylvania 106, Bantan 107, *Spartan Boy 104, *Carlino S. 104, *Wealthy Ann 102, *Plain Heather 101. Also eligible: Lancelot 115, Toe the Mark 114.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Hidden Jewel 122 pounds, Ettahe 118, St. Isidor 118, Murray 112, Repeater 112, Head Over Heels 112, *Anticipate 111, Lieut. Perkins 111, *Assume 110, Cheery 108, *Scurry 105, Oriental Park 102, Financial Rooster 103. Also eligible: Link Boy 105, Tan II. 110, Ground Swell 118.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700; handicap; for two-year-olds; six furlongs. Polythia, 122 pounds, Bunga Buck 111, Madeline Lillian 100, Parader 106, Tharon 105.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,000; The Pennsylvania Special Weights; for all ages; five furlongs. Eddie Rickenbacker 124 pounds, George Starr 114, Applejack II. 114, Marvin May 114, St. Quentin 114, Minute Man 114, Rising Rock 100.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for two-year-olds and upward; one mile and three-sixteenths. War Club 110 pounds, *Kimpalong 106, *Baladin 108, *Dark Hill 108, *Rainer 108, *Honolulu Boy 108.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Goldcrest Boy 116 pounds, Bengali 110, Paddy Dear 107, Handful 107, Mallollo 107, *Philistine 106, Judge Price 105, Sandy Mac 104, *She Devil 102, *Mab 102, *Colonel Lit 96.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather clear; track good.

YALE'S FLOOR TEAM

Blue Basketball Five Never Dangerous in Game With Orange—Final Score, 23 to 11.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 28.—Displaying the worst brand of basketball ever shown by a Yale University quintet in Syracuse, the Elis were sent to defeat by the score of 23 to 11 in the Archbold gymnasium tonight. More than 1,000 persons turned out for the contest.

Coach Dollard's orange-clad players put up a much better game than against Princeton last week. Yale was never dangerous. Only three goals from the field were tossed for Yale, one each by Ohle, Cooper and Alderman, Ohle's coming in the first half and the other two in the last period. The Orange rolled up eleven field baskets, six in the first half and one less in the last half. Lavin tossed one foul in the first half, which ended 13 to 3 in favor of the Orange.

The passwork of the Syracuse players baffled Al Sharpe's men, and the local team guarded so closely that the three baskets made by Yale were made from close to the foul lines.

The contest was very free from fouls, Yale committing but four fouls while seven were called on the Syracuseans. Lavin made one of the free tosses and Alderman made five out of his seven attempts.

The Syracuse five was the same that faced Princeton, with the exception of Tayler in place of Gallivan. Taylor's floor work and guarding were excellent, and he seems assured of a permanent berth on his showing tonight. Conlin led in the foul shooting with four field goals, followed by Parker with three and Conlin and Lavin two each.

Alderman was the only Yale man who looked like a big college player in the Blue ranks.

The summary:

SYRACUSE (23).		YALE (11).
Taylor	L.F.	Bailey
Weltman	R.F.	Alderman
Conlin	C.	Ohle
Parker	L.G.	Flynn
Lavin	R.G.	Cooper

Goals from field—Conklin (4), Parker (3), Lavin (2), Weltman (2), Alderman, Ohle, Cooper. Goals from fouls—Lavin, Alderman (5).

Substitutions—Syracuse: Fisher for Lavin, Gallivan for Taylor, Bibbens for Parker; Yale: Conklin for Ohle.

Referee—G. N. Messer. Umpire—Paul Steinberg. Time of periods—Twenty minutes.

CRESCENT A. C. FIVE WINS.

Brooklyn Basketball Team Defeats Drexel Institute, 41 to 17.

The Crescent A. C. basketball quintet added another victory to its list last night in the New Moon gymnasium in Brooklyn. The Drexel Institute of Philadelphia was the victim in the latest Brooklyn club triumph. The Philadelphians journeyed over from the Quaker City only to supply the short end of a score of 41 to 17.

Superior teamwork, a snappy and varied offensive which was sustained throughout the contest, and the speed with which the Brooklynites executed their plays brought about the downfall of the Philadelphia quintet. From start to finish of the game the Drexel team was outplayed and the result was that the New Moon wearers advanced to an early lead which steadily increased as the game progressed. Through the first half the Brooklynites just doubled the score of the opposition. The whistle found the New Mooners in front by the margin of 18 to 9. In the second half the Crescent play took on renewed brilliance and its effectiveness increased proportionately. Goals were registered from difficult angles and with overwhelming rapidity in a well-balanced offensive for which the Philadelphians had no successful defense.

Nicklas, Peck and Kinney were the outstanding figures in the Crescent triumph. These three players accounted for twenty-eight of the New Moon points. Nicklas and Peck each tallied five field goals and Kinney contributed four. A number of successful shots from difficult angles were included in this collection of baskets. Sidwell shouldered the scoring burden for Drexel Institute, caging three field goals and two from foul line.

The lineup:

CRESCENT (41).		DREXEL INST. (17).
Stewart	L.F.	Weinburger
Nicklas	R.F.	Mansfield
Ashmead	C.	Sidwell
Peck	R.G.	Radcliff
Griffin	L.G.	Connell

Field goals—Stewart, Nicklas (5), Ashmead (2), Peck (5), Griffin (2), Kinney (4), Heath, Weinburger, Mansfield, Radcliff, Sidwell (3). Goals from foul—Stewart, Mansfield, Tannanbaum for Connell.

Substitutions—Crescent A. C.: Simms for Stewart, Heath for Nicklas, Kinney for Griffin; Drexel Institute: Mastir for Mansfield, Tannenbaum for Connell.

Referee—Tom Thorp, Columbia University. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

SCHOOL FIVE BEATS ALUMNI.

Ethical Culture Basketball Team Wins by Score of 41 to 21.

Ethical Culture School's basketball team defeated the alumni team of the same organization yesterday by a score of 41 to 21 in a fast game. Chief star of the alumni quintet was William Kurtz, now playing on the Stevens Institute team. The Ethical School players showed clever individual and team work despite the absence of Captain Bregman, who had sprained his ankle during the progress of the game with Barnard. The guarding of Fry and Daniel was excellent while the shooting of Kaufman and Sied was accurate. The alumni team was handicapped as a result of never having played together before. Kurtz did excellent work for the alumni, scoring six field goals and three from foul. Peck also played a good game.

The line-up:

ETHICAL (41).		ALUMNI (21).
Sied	R.F.	Peck
Blumenthal	L.F.	Kopeloff
Kaufmann	C.	Kurtz
Daniel	R.G.	Wasserman
Fry	L.G.	Rosenbaum

Field goals—Sied (5), Blumenthal (3), Kaufmann (12), Peck (2), Kurtz (6), Wolff. Goals from foul—Sied (2), Kaufmann, Kurtz (3).

Substitutions—Ethical: Bashwitz for Daniel; Alumni: Kinnoy for Wasserman, Silvers for Peck, Peck for Kinney, Wolff for Kopeloff.

Referee—M. Bregman, Alumni. Time of halves—Fifteen minutes.

BASKETBALL TEAM BUSY.

Columbia Coach to Give Squad Daily Practice During Vacation.

Coach Joe Deering yesterday started the Columbia basketball team on its program of workouts during the Christmas holidays and had the entire varsity squad practicing on the floor of the main gymnasium. While the other university teams rest during the vacation period, Deering intends to keep the floor squad busy at morning practices, which will be held every day until the opening of school again on Jan. 3, when he will return to the usual afternoon schedule of drills.

Columbia's first league contest will not come until Jan. 10, five days after the resumption of the school term. The curtain raiser will be with Princeton on the Tigers' floor. On Jan. 15 Deering's quintet will journey to Philadelphia for a game with the championship Penn team. These two contests, which will be Columbia's only league tests during the month, will bring the team up against its two leading rivals for the league championship and will probably be the hardest games that the Blue and White will encounter this Winter. Coach Deering is aiming to bring the team along without a letup during the Christmas holidays in order to be completely ready for the first two games. The former City College coach figures that a good start against such difficult opposition would be half the battle for Columbia.

The first home league game for the Morningside five will not come until Feb. 12, when Yale will be the attraction in the university gymnasium. Following this will be a return engagement with Penn in New York and thereafter the schedule will alternate fairly evenly between home contests and games on foreign courts.

ITS LEAD IN CHESS

Ithacans Defeat N. Y. U. and Pennsylvania Teams in Triangular League.

Cornell's chess quartet, by winning two more matches in the third and fourth rounds of the twenty-second annual tournament of the Triangular College Chess League, at the rooms of the Manhattan Chess Club yesterday, thereby getting three victories in succession without a setback, established a commanding lead in the race for the honors of the organization, which has grown from the original three to a membership of five. The Ithacans first defeated New York University by 2½ to 1½, the same figures by which they had disposed of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology the day before, and then worsted Pennsylvania to the tune of 3½ to ½, allowing the Quakers but a single draw on the second board.

This gave Cornell a total number of 8½ points out of a possible 12, 3 better than either City College or New York University and 2½ better than the total credited to the M. I. T. team. Pennsylvania is out of the running for this year, for the Philadelphians played their fourth and last match yesterday, having a bye in the fifth round today, and finished with a record of 0—6½. Besides the match with Cornell, Pennsylvania won from City College by 3 to 1. City College made partial amends by winning against M. I. T. by 2½ to 1½. New York University, after losing to Cornell, had a bye in the fourth round.

H. Adelsberg scored twice for the Cornell team yesterday, while H. Garfinkel and N. N. Gotthoffer contributed 1½ points each. L. H. Campbell won against Pennsylvania, but lost his game in the New York University match. City College and New York University have each won one match, lost one and drawn one. Pennsylvania won one match, lost two and drew one, while the Massachusetts Institute of Technology won one and lost two.

The summaries of yesterday's rounds follow:

Bds. CORNELL.		N. Y. UNIVERSITY.
1—H. Adelsberg	1	A. A. Cohen 0
2—H. Garfinkel	1	L. Dersan 0
3—L. H. Campbell	1	J. Zatulove 0
4—N. N. Gotthoffer	½	D. Bourgin ½
Total	3	Total 1

N. Y. U. played white on the odd-numbered boards. The openings: 1, French defense; 2, Ruy Lopez; 3, French defense; 4, Giuoco Piano.

Bds. CORNELL.		PENN.
1—H. Adelsberg	1	R. S. Fraser 0
2—H. Garfinkel	½	B. L. Rosenberg ½
3—L. H. Campbell	1	F. G. Palacio 0
4—N. N. Gotthoffer	1	H. L. Cooper 0
Total	3½	Total ½

Cornell played white on the odd-numbered boards. The openings: 1, Ruy Lopez; 2, Giuoco Piano; 3, Scotch gambit; 4, Giuoco Piano.

Bds. CITY COLLEGE.		M. I. T.
1—A. Welsbord	1	R. F. Lyon 0
2—H. Sternberg	0	S. Nelson 1
3—H. Grossman	½	P. Thomas ½
4—H. Slochower	1	J. Brimberg 0
Total	2½	Total 1½

M. I. T. played white on the odd-numbered boards. The openings: 1, forfeited; 2, French defense; 3, Vienna; 4, French defense.

The standing to date follows.

	Matches. W.	Matches. L.	Games. W.	Games. L.
Cornell	3	0	8½	3½
City College	1½	1½	5½	6½
Pennsylvania	1½	2½	6½	9½
M. I. T.	1	2	6	8
N. Y. University	1	2	5½	6½

In the fifth and final round, to be played at the Manhattan Chess Club this morning, the pairing will be: City College vs. Cornell and M. I. T. vs. New York University. Pennsylvania a bye.

PLAY DRAWN CHESS MATCH.

Harvard and Columbia Score 2 Points Each In Tourney Game.

Columbia, Harvard, Yale and Princeton began play in the twenty-eighth annual tournament of the "C. H. Y. P." Chess League at the Manhattan Chess Club yesterday afternoon, when the champion Columbia team had to meet Harvard, while Yale and Princeton had it out on the four remaining boards. The Crimson team surprised the talent by playing a drawn match with the Blue and White, each side scoring two points.

The sensation of the day was furnished by K. O. Mott-Smith, the Harvard captain, who headed the Cambridge quartet. Opposed to him was Morris Schapiro, who recently lost a clock game to Samuel Rzeschewski, but who nevertheless leads in the annual championship tournament of the Manhattan Chess Club in a field of thirteen. Mott-Smith, in a King's Bishop's opening, succeeded in outmanoeuvring the New Yorker, and finally broke through on the King's side, winning after twenty-eight moves. P. Wolfson placed his game in the Columbia column, while O. Frink Jr. and F. Worden drew against H. H. Jackson and J. H. Hoeck, respectively.

Princeton started off with flying colors by defeating Yale by the score of 2½—1½, thanks largely to victories by C. E. Smith and P. S. Olmstead. In addition, S. E. Hall, at the top board, drew against T. H. Banks. A. Strout won for Yale.

C. E. Isaacson, originally picked for the Columbia team, withdrew in favor of F. Worden, who is in his last year at college.

The summaries:

Bds. COLUMBIA.		HARVARD.
1. M. Æ. Schapiro	0	K. S. Mott-Smith	1
2. O. Frink Jr.	½	H. H. Jackson	½
3. P. Wolfson	1	A. King	0
4. F. Worden	½	J. H. Hoeck	½
Total	2	Total	2

Harvard played white on the odd-numbered boards. The openings: 1, King's Bishop's; 2, French defense; 3, Ruy Lopez; 4, Ponziani.

Bds. PRINCETON.		YALE.
1. S. Æ. Hall	½	T. H. Banks	½
2. C. T. Smith	1	F. T. Paine	0
3. C. E. Koetter	0	A. Strout	1
4. P. S. Olmstead	1	H. C. Jackson	0
Total	2½	Total	1½

Yale played white on the odd-numbered boards. The openings: 1, Petroff defense; 2, Queen's gambit declined; 3, French defense; 4, Two Knights defense.

In the second round this afternoon Columbia will play against Yale and Harvard against Princeton.

CHESS PRODIGY WINNER.

Rzeschewski Defeats Three Opponents in Half-Hour Exhibition.

After a prolonged rest, Samuel Rzechewski, Poland's chess prodigy, was again called upon for an exhibition of his skill last night before 100 guests, including Judge Otto Rosalsky, at the residence of Arthur M. Lamport, 500 West End Avenue. In the course of half an hour the child master, without being extended, disposed of three opponents—Alfred A. Link and Charles Spicehandler of the Manhattan Chess Club and Dr. S. A. Blau, former secretary to Mayor Mitchel and one of the leading players on Staten Island. Next he played a blindfold game against A. Landau of the Manhattan Chess Club. The boy declined a draw offered after twenty-five moves, but after some analysis was prevailed upon to accept. His third feat was to solve in a minute and a half a four-move problem, which it has taken many experts ten minutes to unravel.

Have $100,000 for Athletics.

MEADVILLE, Pa., Dec. 28.—The trustees of Allegheny College have decided to set aside $100,000 of the Century Endowment for physical education. Athletic leaders said today that with the $100,000 the college should be able to develop its athletic program to such an extent that Allegheny would in time, be in the front ranks.



UNDER CONSTRUCTION

That many companies are going ahead with necessary extensions and new plants is evidenced by the large volume of engineering and construction work we now have in hand.

This work includes industrial plants of both steel and reinforced concrete; large central power stations; industrial power plants; railroad shops; warehouses and undertakings of a miscellaneous character—in all, work aggregating many millions located in 12 States, Canada and South America.

These projects embrace engineering and construction of wide range and scope, and illustrate our ability to serve a client's needs of whatever character from the construction of a small addition to the building of a large plant completely equipped and ready to operate.

If you believe, as we do, that 1921 will see great business activity in this country, and if you intend to prepare for increased business by extending your present facilities, you should settle the preliminaries now.

A project can be lined up to best advantage before the large volume of deferred construction is begun. The advice of our specialists in the early stages is an important part of our service.

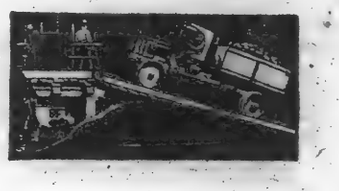
DWIGHT P. ROBINSON & COMPANY
INCORPORATED

With which is consolidated
WESTINGHOUSE, CHURCH, KERR & CO., Inc.

Engineers and Constructors

125 East 46th Street, New York

CHICAGO PITTSBURGH YOUNGSTOWN CLEVELAND DALLAS LOS ANGELES



Quality materials and thorough construction have *built into* Packard Trucks the life which keeps them running efficiently even after they have passed the ten-year mark.

PROVE IT YOURSELF

Ask the Man Who Owns One

PACKARD
MOTOR CAR CO. OF NEW YORK
Broadway at 61st Street
New York

Lawyers Title and Trust Company
160 Broadway, N. Y.
44 Court St., Brooklyn.
Transacts all Trust Company Business

NOW IS THE TIME TO READ
LEE WILSON DODD'S
Book of Susan
$2.00. If not in your local bookstore, this book can be had from E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

REIS UNION SUITS
REIS
MAN'S CLOSEST FRIEND

LOST—A small blue fitted suitcase with black waterproof covering, marked V. M. B., Sunday, Dec. 26, on L. I. Willets Road, between Old Westbury and Albertson, Nassau County; reward for return. Communicate with R. L. Bacon, 14 Wall St. Telephone Rector 8800.

LOST—Brief case, tan cowhide, containing first volume of H. G. Wells's outline of history and other papers; probably lost in taxicab. Finder please return to Apt. 16, 42 West 8th St., or Room 2004, 5 Nassau St., and receive reward.

LOST—Tuesday, west side of Broadway, between 72d and 81st Sts., pince-nez (brass and two stripe of lace); return to Freda Smith, 270 West End Av., Apartment, 4th floor south.

LOST—Tan suitcase containing male apparel on Parkside Av., Brooklyn. G. P. M. Sunday, Dec. 26; liberal reward. Return Lorry, 1,846 41st St., Brooklyn. Sunset 4781.

LOST—The taxi driver who drove away with black handbag at 276 Throop Av., Brooklyn, will receive liberal reward if he returns same to Vera Gordon at above address.

LOST—Silver looped-handle umbrella, brown and white taxi, between 43d St. and 6th Av. and Sherry's, Dec. 27, at 3 P. M.; reward. M. R. Jones, 150 Broadway.

LOST—Sunday afternoon, 125th St. or subway, black velvet hand bag, containing money and keys on ring; reward if returned to 6 West 124th St.

LOST—Lyceum Theatre or Republic Restaurant, Dec. 23, mesh bag, engraved Leah, 125; return pen and bag, can keep cash. Phone University 6686.

LOST—Package containing Liberty bonds and insurance papers in telephone booth, Hudson Terminal building; liberal reward. M. Serge, 125 Mercer St., Jersey City.

LOST—Sunday night, between 149th and 149th Sts., Broadway, black satin steel-beaded bag; contained eyeglasses, silver pencil. E. D. P., 645 West 150th St.

LOST—In Saks's, pocketbook containing gold wrist watch, initials A. R. C., personal papers, money; liberal reward. W 85 Times.

LOST—Black wallet containing important papers, on subway between 72d and Wall Sts.; liberal reward. 120 Broadway, Suite 2220.

LOST—Sunday, silver mesh bag containing money, inscribed Beatrice L. Salzman, between 112th and 135th; reward. Bryant 4435.

LOST—Christmas Day, black handbag, Columbus Circle and 59th St.; reward. W 94 Times.

LOST—Black pocketbook, Tuesday, 6 P. M., Times Square or Broadway subway; liberal reward. C 433 Times.

REWARD $500—Last black pocketbook, containing $2,500, bill of sale, Lorber's restaurant, evening Dec. 25; no questions asked. J. E. J., telephone 7402 Madison Square.

LIBERAL REWARD, no questions asked, for return of silver initialed S, taken from 348 West 42d St., Dec. 18. A 968 Times Downtown.

Jewelry.

LOST—Diamond-onyx lady's pin, oval shaped, about 2 inches long, Sunday noon, somewhere between 90th St. and Broadway and the Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st and Broadway; liberal reward. 210 West 90th St., Apartment 2B.

LOST—Platinum bar pin, one large and a number of small diamonds, Sunday evening, between 72d St. station I. R. T. and Apt. 64, 371 Wadsworth Av.; liberal reward. Mrs. E. D. Warner, above address. Wadsworth 8356.

LOST—On Interborough subway, between 137th and 72d Sts., lady's gold wrist watch, initials R. W.; liberal reward. A. Westerman, 7,106 10th Av., Brooklyn. 7244 Bensonhurst.

LOST—Christmas night, gold Delta Upsilon pin, pearls and diamonds, name on back; valued sentiment. Liberal reward if returned to R. P. Nichols, 100L 31 West 43d.

LOST—Vanity case, Monday evening, between 87th St. and Hotel Plaza, in taxi, initials E. N. G., silver with gold stripes; reward. Geoghegan, 204 West 105th.

LOST—$25 reward; open-faced monogramed Howard watch, Christmas Eve, vicinity 149th St.-3d Av. Phone Carroll, Hanover 7120.

LOST—Gold mesh bag, in front of 21 West 58th St., about 8:30 o'clock Tuesday evening. Liberal reward if returned to 21 West 58th.

LOST—Monday, gentleman's Waltham gold watch, name Carl Sandtlow, on dial; liberal reward. Apply 117 Madison Av.

LOST—Lady's silver wrist watch, initials C. B. W. on back, left in taxicab; liberal reward. Notify Whiton, 101 West 80th St.

LOST—Gold mesh, Christmas morning, Barclay St. Ferry or Lackawanna R. R.; suitable reward. Telephone Gramercy 100.

LOST—Keepsake gold bracelet, 6 small diamonds, 19 small pearls; liberal reward. Jane Barnita, 18 Broad St. Rector 9330.

LOST—A gold cuff button, Tuesday evening, in theatrical district; reward. A. J. Kramer, 55 Liberty St. Rector 5464.

LOST—On Sunday, at Carnegie Hall, lady's wrist watch, present from mother. If found call 9618 Columbus. Polleck. Reward.

LOST—Diamond-sapphire bracelet at Hotel Biltmore on 19th; $90 reward; communicate Toplis & Hardin, 522 Fifth Av.

LOST—Wrist watch, Waltham, Monday evening, subway; reward. Galt, 503 West 121st.

LOST—Sunday, seal ring, inscription R. E. S.; inscription on back, H. B. to R. E. S.; reward. Stiner, 96 Madison Av.

LOST—Pearl necklace, Monday evening, 5:30, vicinity 5th Av. and 43d St.; reward. 6th floor, 516 5th Av.

LOST—Platinum barpin, with one diamond and six pearls; suitable reward. Phone Columbus 1978.

LOST—Canadian military button, rhinestone setting. Please address 732 Tribune Building, Cameron.

LOST—Ribbon fob, with gold buckle; reward. Kahn, Room 824, 120 Broadway.

$250 REWARD

for return of brooch with pearl in centre and large diamond at each end with small diamonds in setting; lost Dec. 17, at or between East 37th St., Cohan Theatre and Colony Club. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$75 REWARD

for return of gold mesh bag containing 4 diamonds and 4 sapphires; lost December 20, between Wall St., N. Y. C. and St. Johns Place, Brooklyn. I. H. and B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av., N. Y.

$100 REWARD

for return of ring containing 1 canary and brown diamond, with small diamonds in setting; lost December 6, vicinity of West 23d St. A. R. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St.

$200 REWARD

for return of platinum and diamond bar pin, containing about 14 diamonds, lost Dec. 13 in 8th Av. shopping district. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Dec. 27, a sable stole on Pittsfield afternoon express N. Y., N. H. & H. road, car 72, compartment A. Reward and no questions if returned to 965 Madison Av., apartment first floor, north.

LOST—Child's musical necklace, on or from 5th Av. bus, vicinity Washington Square; reward. O'Dell, 11 West 10th.

LOST—In taxi, Christmas Eve, black lynx muff; $15 reward. Lanier, 142 East 19th.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—On Tuesday morning female Boston terrier, brindle white markings, green collar; name Skindles; reward. Watts, 612 West 114th. Telephone Cathedral 6203.

LOST—Black French bulldog, male, vicinity 65th St. and Columbus Av.; reward, no questions asked. Remey, 127 Columbus Av.

$100 REWARD.

Lost—Black French bulldog, male, vicinity 65th St. and Columbus Av.; no questions asked. Remey, 127 Columbus Av. Telephone 2170 Columbus.

$100 REWARD

for the return of French bull puppy, male, brindle, white spot on breast, lost Thursday; had harness blanket, collar. Ryan, 720 Riverside Drive. Audubon 7270.

THERMO KNITTED SPORT COAT AND COAT SWEATERS
SWANSDOWN KNITTING CO.,
Hudson, N. Y.
Office Advertising Dept.,
349 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

December 27, 1920.

The New York Times:

The other day a gentleman came into our office with one of our advertisements clipped out of an issue of The New York Times rotogravure section in the Fall of 1919. The advertisement was so worn from being carried in the pocket that it was falling apart.

This goes to prove that the life of an advertisement of fine merchandise in a fine newspaper such as The New York Times is unusually long.

W. A. Ansley.

SEND GERMAN DYES

Government Chemists Point to a Loophole in the Act Just Passed in London.

BRITISH INDUSTRY GUARDED

Use of Poison Gas in Warfare Also Involved in Protection of the Industry.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—By the passage of the Dyestuffs Import Regulations act Great Britain has definitely accepted the theory that poison gas will be the supreme weapon of the next war, and at the same time has opened the way for the entry of German dyes into this country, according to the views expressed tonight by chemical experts of the Government.

The British act, which became a law yesterday, prohibits the importation of dyestuffs into Great Britain for ten years, which, Government experts declared, will enable England to build up her dye industry to a point of complete independence from the outside world.

Poison gas and dyestuffs both come from coal tar, it was explained, and from the manufacture of the commercial article to the production of the military weapon is but another step in a continuous process. By insuring the development of the dye industry, chemical experts here said, Great Britain had laid the foundation for possible widespread use of gas in warfare, as chemical factories can turn from the manufacture of dyestuffs to the production of poison gas practically at will.

Direct competition in this country between German and American made dyes also is seen by officials here as a result of the British dyestuffs act. While the act prohibits the importation of dye products into the United Kingdom, the restriction does not apply to goods imported for exportation after transit through the United Kingdom or by way of transshipment. Under the present War Trade Board regulations, officials explained, dyes may not be imported into this country when it can be shown they are of German origin, but it would be practically impossible, they added, to determine the origin of goods shipped by way of England if the casings were changed before consignment to this country.

An influx of German dyes would probably mean, officials frankly stated, that the development of the American industry would be hindered, and consequently the United States would fall behind the other nations in ability to produce poison gas in the event of a war.

President-elect Harding, in a letter in the December number of The Journal of Industrial and Engineering Chemistry, expresses interest in the work of the Exposition of Chemical Industries, and adds:

"The war taught us what we needed to make us truly a self-sustaining, independent nation, and much will depend upon the success of our chemical engineers and producers to remedy the deficiencies which then became more impressibly apparent."

END ELECTION CANVASS IN MANHATTAN-BRONX

Republican Electors Got 274,299 Votes in New York County, Democrats 135,175.

Official canvass of the vote cast in New York County (Manhattan) in the election this year, shows that the Republican Electors for President and Vice President received 274,299 votes, the Democratic Electors 135,175, and those of the Socialist Party 46,045. The vote for Electors of the minor parties was: Prohibition, 463; Socialist Labor, 567; Farmer-Labor Party, 7,077.

In Bronx County the vote for Presidential Electors was: Republican, 106,035; Democratic, 45,486; Socialist, 32,582; Prohibition, 211; Socialist Labor, 450; Farmer-Labor, 1,946. Included are 55 soldier votes cast for the Republican and 26 for the Democratic Electors.

For Governor the vote stood:

New York—Republican, 136,434; Democratic, 268,177; Socialist, 34,220; Prohibition, 1,115; Farmer-Labor Party, 19,848.

Bronx—Republican, 43,390; Democratic, 105,301; Socialist, 25,585; Prohibition, 540; Socialist Labor, 405; Farmer-Labor Party, 10,100.

The vote for United States Senator follows:

New York—Republican, 197,783; Democratic, 171,268; Socialist, 50,884; Prohibition, 4,436; Socialist Labor, 804; Farmer-Labor Party, 10,001.

Bronx—Republican, 70,212; Democratic, 63,382; Socialist, 38,641; Prohibition, 1,224; Socialist Labor, 661; Farmer-Labor Party, 3,194.

For Justices of the Supreme Court in the First Judicial District, composed of New York and Bronx Counties, the following vote was cast:

	New York.	Bronx.	Total.
FUSION.			
Leonard A. Giegerich	323,985	118,356	442,341
Charles L. Guy	321,518	117,215	438,733
John Ford	319,373	118,632	438,019
Mitchell L. Erlanger	315,985	112,438	428,523
M. Warley Platzek	310,440	110,567	421,007
DEMOCRATIC.			
William P. Burr	194,385	79,540	273,925
Francis Martin	188,871	82,128	270,999
Edw. J. McGoldrick	188,770	72,933	261,703
Edward Swan	183,930	75,159	259,089
REPUBLICAN.			
James O'Malley	202,977	69,109	272,086
Isidor Wasservogel	198,292	67,018	263,310
Henry K. Davis	189,880	69,708	258,588
Robert McC. Marsh	179,562	59,699	239,261

The winning candidates were the five Fusion men, Burr and Martin, Democrats, and O'Malley and Wasservogel, Republicans. There is talk of recount proceedings on behalf of McGoldrick, but it is not likely that a decision in the matter will be reached until after Jan. 1.

Three scattering votes were cast for Charley Chaplin for Governor. Two dead men, Jack London, the author, and John Reed, a communist writer, who died in Moscow last September, received one vote each. Jack London for State Engineer and Reed for United States Senator. Jim Larkin, a radical now in jail, received one vote for Justice of the Supreme Court, and one for Lieutenant Governor. J. P. Morgan got a vote for State Controller, John D. Rockefeller one for State Treasurer, Charles Ponzi, the Boston get-rich-quick man now in prison, received one vote for that office, too.

WANT $115,000,000 MORE.

Baker, Burleson and Houston Ask for Deficiency Appropriations.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Deficiency appropriations aggregating $115,000,000 were asked of Congress today by three executive departments.

Secretary Baker estimated that the War Department would need an additional $76,000,000 before July 1 for the pay and subsistence of officers and men of the army and $527,000 for the upkeep of the Military Academy.

Postmaster General Burleson asked for an additional $35,934,700 for the transportation of the mails, and the Treasury Department asked for an additional $2,241,000 for the Coast Guard Service.

Pre Inventory Sale



Entire Stock of Suits and Overcoats reduced without reserve

WE have reduced the prices of all our Suits and Overcoats from one-third to one-half. Our old prices were always one-third lower than any other stores because of our maker-to-wearer method of selling and low-rent location. So you are really getting an all-wool Suit or Overcoat from our regular stock at about half its real value!

Unrestricted Choice of any Suit in our Store

486 Suits were $35
641 Suits were $40
275 Suits were $45

Now $23.50

371 Overcoats were $35
543 Overcoats were $40
211 Overcoats were $45

564 Suits were $50
356 Suits were $55
656 Suits were $60

Now $33.50

487 Overcoats were $50
321 Overcoats were $55
593 Overcoats were $60

754 Suits were $65
533 Suits were $75
201 Suits were $85

Now $47.50

801 Overcoats were $65
457 Overcoats were $75
196 Overcoats were $85

Men's Pants Formerly Priced at $8, $9 and $10..... Now $5.00

Overcoats (only) The best that money can buy—formerly priced up to $125..... Now $63.50



"Kid Klothes!" SALE!



Values Up to $16.50

Other Specials $10.75

Now $6.75

Other Specials $15.75

Every Subway or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal Street Station within sight of our store

Moe Levy & Son

Our Only Store 119-125 Walker Street *Our Only Store*

Open Daily Until 7

Saturdays Until 10

UNTERMYER BARES CEMENT CONTROL

Prices and Production Throughout Country Dictated by Association, Testimony Reveals.

SALES TO DEALERS LIMITED

Two Officials Are Threatened with Indictment Unless Records Are Produced.

HOISTING MEN TO DISBAND

Fifth Trade Combination to Agree to Dissolve—Terra Cotta Association Under Fire.

The most elaborate system for comparing prices operated by any of the trade associations under fire by the Lockwood committee was uncovered yesterday by Samuel Untermyer, its counsel, when he delved into the affairs of the Portland Cement Association, the national organization in the cement business, and three regional associations.

Records obtained from cement manufacturers indicating uniformity in the prices and fluctuations of cement in all parts of the country were placed in evidence. An accurate and detailed system of reports made daily, weekly, monthly and quarterly, and which tended to show that prices were kept up by restricting production, was shown by Mr. Untermyer.

The Cement Manufacturers' Protective Association, with nineteen members doing a business of 28,000,000 barrels in the Eastern district, out of 96,000,000 barrels manufactured in the United States, had its members send it reports on twenty-eight different forms, and this information was exchanged with the Southern and mid-West regional associations.

The cement manufacturers refused to sell for future delivery. Witnesses testified that when cement was sold by manufacturers to dealers on contract the latter could not purchase any greater quantity than was actually needed on the specific jobs mentioned. This was done, a witness said, "so that a dealer might not have any cement to speculate with," but he was unable to explain what difference it made to him if the cement was paid for by the dealer. Mr. Untermyer said this system led to deliberate restriction of output and the keeping up of prices.

Witnesses Threatened.

Before the day was over two cement men were threatened with indictment if they refused to produce records desired by the committee. They were C. Raymond Hulsart, Vice President of the Cement Manufacturers' Protective Association, and Gabriel S. Brown, President of the Alpha Portland Cement Company. Brown and a group of other out-of-town cement manufacturers had been subpoenaed two weeks ago while attending a convention of the Portland Cement Association at the Hotel Biltmore.

It was brought out that the National Association had a large income. One item, dues for the last year, amounted to $1,463,000. About $1,500,000 was spent to promote the use of cement. It was also shown that the basic mill price of cement has increased $2.45 a barrel since 1, 1920, to $4.09 in October. In the last thirty days prices have declined 20 cents a barrel.

Sales to dealers on specific contracts were closely watched by the manufacturers, whose association field agents charged with the duty of visiting construction jobs and filing information for the use of the manufacturers so that every barrel of cement sold in the country might be accounted for. Uniformity of price was explained as "a truly economic process."

The hearing opened with the announcement of C. Rustin, Secretary-Treasurer of the Hoisting Association of Contractors, affiliated with the Building Trades Employers' Association, that the organization would disband and sever its connection with the parent body. This is the fifth trade association affiliated with the Building Trades Employers' Association that has signified its intention of dissolving. The Hoisting Association's members do 95 per cent. of the steam and electric hoisting in the city.

System of Terra Cotta Men.

The conclusion of a busy day for the committee saw the exposure of the workings of the National Terra Cotta Society and the Eastern Terra Cotta Association and the card system their members maintained for exchanging information on contracts, under the guise of an "open-price system." As soon as a bidder made an estimate for a contract the information was sent to the association in which he was a member, and the other members were promptly notified.

Mr. Untermyer's examination of the cement manufacturers occupied most of the session. Hulsart maintained that he knew little if anything about the cement business, although he is the $6,000 a year Vice President of the Cement Manufacturers' Protective Association, whose nineteen members are in the eastern district of the United States. Hulsart was on the stand most of the morning, and after he was through Mr. Untermyer informed him that he would have to answer the questions or take his chances of indictment.

Hulsart, on the stand, said that his association exchanged information with the Southern Statistical Bureau and the Mid-West Statistical Bureau, the two other regional associations. He admitted that one of his organization's elaborate forms was a book of 130 pages of written matter, which contained a description of every contract made by a member. This report was made quarterly. Daily reports made by members were sent to other members, he said.

The association had six members, he said, whose duty it was to visit works under construction in order that the dealer selling cement to the contractor on the works would not place an order for more cement than was required on the job. If the inspector thought the dealer had put in an order for more than he thought necessary for the work the manufacturer would cancel the balance.

Price the Same in Forty-five Contracts.

In forty-five contracts, ranging from 250 barrels to 55,000 barrels, from different manufacturers, every sale was at the rate of $2.65 a barrel, according to evidence placed in the record from the books of the association. It was then that Hulsart explained this was a "truly economic process."

The largest individual cement manufacturer on the stand was John R. Morris, President of the Atlas Portland Cement Company, which has a capacity of 16,000,000 barrels a year and had an output of 9,000,000 to 10,000,000 barrels in 1919. This year, it was stated, the output would be a million above these figures.

Mr. Morrin, a member of the Executive Committee of the Portland Cement Association, is also a member of the protective association. He was shown a record of the mill base price for cement, revealing that the price went up from $1.75 on April 2, 1919, to $3.50 in July, 1920, without figuring on the bags, on which there is a rebate of 25 cents. He was asked why the other companies had the same prices and who set the pace. All the witness knew, he said, was that a uniform price was fixed because of the request of the Government.

Fall River Textile Workers Accept Wage Reductions

FALL RIVER, Mass., Dec. 28.—The six textile unions of the American Federation of Textile Operatives at meetings tonight voted to accept the wage reduction of 22½ per cent. recently announced by the manufacturers, effective Jan. 2, 1921. The action of the unions affects approximately 25,000 employes in 110 cotton cloth and yarn mills in this city. James Tansey, President of the Fall River Textile Council, said that he had no comment to make tonight on the unions' action, but that he would make a statement tomorrow.

The unions of the loom fixers and the slasher tenders voted unanimously to accept the reduction and the Carders' and Weavers' unions accepted under protest. The Spinners' Union indicated that its members thought the reduction too great. The Yarn Finishers' Union accepted by a close vote.

but Mr. Untermyer asserted that uniform prices existed after the Government stopped dealing with the cement men.

Morrin maintained that prices of cement were uniform and would remain so as it was a standard commodity. Mr. Untermyer asked him, assuming this to be true, why the elaborate reporting system was required. It was "quite obvious," the witness said. The benefit to his company was two-fold. For one thing a salesman might report to him that another company was selling cement cheaper. The statistical reports enabled him to check up the salesman's report.

Limiting Supplies to Customers.

Mr. Untermyer read one of the contracts which showed that a purchaser agreed to buy only enough cement to fill his requirements on each contract. He asked the witness to explain that "until the cows come home." Morrin said it would not take that long. He said he did not want to allow a man "to be loaded up with stuff that he did not buy for a specific purpose and that we do not calculate to let him have it."

"You are worrying for your customers?" Mr. Untermyer asked. Yes," the witness said.

Q.—So your explanation is, the reason you would not let him have any of the cement he has over to use for any other purpose, or to sell to any other party, is that you really want to sort of wet-nurse your customers? A.—No, we want to wet-nurse our own company.

Q.—How do you wet-nurse your own company? A.—By not letting the man buy cement and use it to make the difference in speculation.

Q.—You call it speculation if a man buys cement of you and makes money on it? A.—More than he can use on his job.

Q.—You arrogate to yourself the right to determine what a man shall do with the cement he buys from you? A.—We do not, no.

Q.—You do on this contract. A.—We have nothing to do with what price he sells it at.

Q.—But you do on the sale to anybody else on any other job? A.—He cannot.

Q.—Why? A.—For the reason I have stated.

Q.—Is that your best reason? A.—It is a good enough reason.

Q.—For you? A.—And everybody.

Q.—You will find yourself mistaken. A.—No.

Mr. Untermyer asked the witness if he desired to add anything to his explanation of why a man who was able to buy cement had to agree that the contract could be terminated if the cement was used for other work than specified for in the contract.

"The man agrees to it," was the laconic response of the witness.

Calls It "Sound Business."

"The law has a little to say once in a while," interjected Mr. Untermyer.

"Not on that," said Morrin. He added that the arrangement was also "sound business."

He was asked why it was not proper to have shoe manufacturers make the same arrangement with their goods. He admitted after much questioning that it would be proper to do the same thing on shoes.

Examining the witness on the financial aspects of the national cement organization, it was brought out that the profit and loss account of the organization for the year ended Oct. 31, 1920, showed $525,373.

The witness thought a $20,000 "investment" in bonds was a U. S. Treasury certificate. The association's surplus was $170,444. He was asked where two items of $49,414 and $38,387 went, and he replied it was paid to engineers to "chaperon the work." He meant to supervise road building.

He said the $1,500,000 was spent annually to promote the use of cement and promised to produce an accounting for each dollar spent.

Morrin said Treasurer Kelly had the information. Mr. Untermyer called on Kelly to stand. Kelly, sitting in the rear of the room, arose and Mr. Untermyer asked him to produce the books. He hesitated, replied and said they were in Chicago, and Mr. Morrin, from the witness stand, ordered Kelly to telegraph for the books.

Gabriel S. Brown of Easton, Pa., President of the Alpha Portland Cement Company, testified his company sold about 6,000,000 barrels of cement annually. He was asked concerning his profit and loss account and other financial items and replied that his papers were out of the State. When asked to produce them he said he would consult his lawyer, Mr. Porter. The attorney was sitting beside him, and Mr. Untermyer asked whether he objected to having his client produce the papers. Porter said he had no objection to Mr. Brown producing anything that was in the State. The crowd laughed.

Mr. Porter and the witness had a conference with Mr. Untermyer. Brown said he could not produce the accounts this morning. "You will have to bring it or go to jail," said Mr. Untermyer.

"You can't do that," said Attorney Porter in alarm.

"We have indicted six men for just that," the examiner assured him.

Lawyer and client left promising to bring the papers today.

Francis M. Coogan, Vice President of the Alpha Portland Cement Company, one of the group termed by Mr. Untermyer "The Big Five," consisting of the Atlas, Lehigh, Vulcanite, Universal and Alpha, was called. He admitted prices for cement today were nearly four times what they were in 1919.

Frank H. Smith, sales manager of the Lawrence Portland Cement Company, testified that not more than forty-eight hours elapsed from the time one company advanced prices before the others followed.

Exchange of Information on Bids.

The last witness, William H. Powell, President of the Atlanta Terra Cotta Company, the Atlantic Terra Cotta Company, former President of the National Terra Cotta Society and present head of the Eastern Terra Cotta Association, was examined concerning the arrangement for exchanging information on bids used by the members.

Leonard Wallstein, associate counsel, read from the minutes of meetings of the Eastern association, held in 1916, showing that by a system of three cards labelled A, B and C, the members were required to notify the association of bids made and the facts were furnished to all the other members.

The committee will continue its hearings this morning at 10:30.

NOT GUILTY, PLUMBERS SAY.

Pleas Entered for 52 in the "Hettrick Group."

The twenty-nine individuals and twenty-three corporations of the so-called "Hettrick group" of plumbers, who were indicted last week for violation of the Donnelly Anti-Monopoly act, pleaded not guilty through their counsel yesterday in the Criminal Term of the Supreme Court. John T. Hettrick, who was indicted with the plumbers, appeared in person and also pleaded not guilty.

Robert J. Foster, chief investigator for the National Erectors' Association, who was indicted on two counts for refusing to testify before the Lockwood committee, pleaded not guilty.

SOVIET MENACES THE BALTIC STATES

Reds' Operations in the Caucasus Region Are Also Being Greatly Strengthened.

GEORGIA BELIEVED DOOMED

Fourteenth Red Army Reaches Baku to Relieve Tenth Army, Which Is Going to Persia.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—The Bolsheviki are greatly strengthening their operations in the Caucasus region and are menacing the new Baltic States, it is indicated in a dispatch received here today from diplomatic sources.

The message points out that the Armenian Government is unable to deal with the Bolsheviki, having on one hand the Turkish Nationalists and on the other the accepted Soviet régime. That Government, however, has refused the Bolshevist demand that Soviet troops massed on the frontier be allowed to penetrate the country as a condition to participation in the peace negotiations now in progress at Alexandrovak between the Armenians and Turks.

Georgia is said also to be in a precarious situation, surrounded by Bolsheviki on all sides. Competent authorities forecast that the entire Caucasus will become Soviet shortly. The greatest resistance is coming from the Mussulman Turks, and the Bolsheviki rae discussing the entire question of the Caucasus at Tiflis.

From Letvia comes the news of a concentration of Bolshevist forces, estimated at 60,000 men, on the Letvian frontier. Several companies are reported to have already reconnoitred inside the country.

The only hope held out for opposition to the spread of the Soviet régime in Armenia and the Caucasus is an indication from well-informed sources that an arrangement between Armenia and the Turks is likely to be followed by an insurrection against the Russians led by Mussulmans.

Georgia Still Defiant.

TIFLIS, Dec. 24 (Associated Press).—Energetic measures against persons suspected of being Bolshevist agents have been adopted by the Government of the Georgian Republic. The representative of Soviet Russia has been expelled from Kutais, north of Batum on the eastern shore of the Black Sea, while Socialist clubs have been raided, their members arrested and arms and documents seized.

A sharp note has been handed to M. Sheman, who represents the Moscow Government here, stating the administration of the republic has decided upon a ruthless war against plotters and will not tolerate Soviet machinations in this country.

Georgia, however, is completely surrounded by Bolshevist States, and it is expected it will be absorbed by the Soviet hurricance at any moment. Communist leaders here have received instructions to proceed to the city of Delijan, at the north end of the lake Gokcha, and there to establish a revolutionary committee. When this is accomplished, they have been directed to set up a Soviet régime and make an appeal for intervention by a Russian army concentrated along the eastern frontier. This plan was carried out successfully in Armenia.

Russian Bolshevist forces which have passed through Armenia toward the Georgian frontier consist of the entire Ninth Army, the Sixth Division of General Budenny's cavalry, the Eighth Infantry Division and four armored cars. In addition the Bolsheviki are reported to be concentrating important forces at Tuapse and Sochi, ports on the eastern shore of the Black Sea.

The Georgian Communist Party has adopted the following resolution, which has been sent to Commissary Staline at Baku for transmission to Moscow:

"The Menshevist Government, having lost the confidence of the masses, is unable to oppose serious resistance to the Soviet movement. It is necessary that Russian troops occupy Batum before the British take possession of the place, and the Communist Party considers it is time for a coup d'état with the assistance of the Russian Army, for the purpose of establishing a Soviet régime in Georgia."

Soviet Opinion Reported Divided.

Military experts believe it is with Moscow to decide whether the Soviet army will support a Bolshevist revolution. Nikolai Lenin is reported to favor avoiding interference in Georgia, but other notable figures in the Soviet Government declare that intervention here is essential to the security of Russia.

The Georgian army now numbers 50,000 men, but military experts express the belief that many of the men have been converted to Bolshevism, and would join the Soviet armies in a crisis. The army is reported to be fully equipped.

It is reported the Fourteenth Russian Soviet Army has arrived at Baku, where it will relieve the Tenth Soviet Army, which is on its way to Persia.

The Armenian Government has delivered a note to the administration of Georgia demanding that a plebiscite be held in the Province of Akhalkalaki, the population of which is 70 per cent. Armenian.

WARNS AMERICAN TRADERS.

Russian Chamber of Commerce Shows Flaw in Soviet Contracts.

The American-Russian Chamber of Commerce, which has offices in the Woolworth Building, issued the following statement yesterday:

"In connection with the question of trade with the Soviet Government, for which active propaganda is now being carried on in this country, we beg to call to your attention a decision of far-reaching importance that has just been rendered in the English courts by Justice Roche.

"The facts of the case were that timber belonging to a Russian firm was confiscated in 1918 by the Soviet Government. In August, this year, Krasin, the Soviet commercial agent in London, disposed of this timber by contract to an English firm. When part of the timber arrived in England the original owners laid claim to it, and now, by Justice Roche's judgment, the claim is sustained and the claimants declared to be the rightful owners.

"The practical effect of this judgment is to invalidate all such contracts made by the Soviet representative, or in his behalf, if it can be proved that the goods in question have been seized by the Soviet Government from their rightful owners or even if the produce from the soil from which the real owners have been expropriated is exported as Soviet property. The main point at issue in the case was that since the British Government had never recognized the Soviet Government no decree by the latter expropriating private property could be considered valid in England.

"This explains why Bolshevist agents are agitating so actively the recognition of the Soviet Government in order to legalise and validate the seizures and confiscations of private property and thereby enable them to realise on the same by sale to foreigners. In view of this decision the greatest caution should be observed in any negotiations with Soviet agents seeking to purchase American goods in exchange for expropriated gold or other property."

Ford Motor Plant to Stay Shut Another Month; Lack of Orders Prevents Reopening on Jan. 3

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Dec. 28.—Notices were posted at the Ford Motor Company plant today stating that operations would not be resumed until Feb. 1.

The original intention was to reopen on Jan. 3, but, owing to lack of orders, it has been decided to remain closed for another month.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 28.—The Ludlow Manufacturing Associates today announced a wage reduction on time and piece work not to exceed 20 per cent., to take effect next Monday. About 3,000 employes are affected.

Wages of common laborers in this vicinity will be reduced from 67½ to 50 cents an hour Jan. 1, according to an announcement today by the Springfield Building Trades Association.

The new scale, agreed upon by both members and non-members of the association, affects about 2,000 men employed on building projects and represented in the Allied Building Trades Council.

AURORA, Ill., Dec. 28.—Orders were received today to lay off 25 per cent. of the employes of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy shops, effective Dec. 31. About 2,000 men are employed.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—The City Council will take up the exigency of more than 100,000 unemployed in Chicago at tomorrow's meeting under a resolution of Alderman Clayton Smith, calling on the Mayor to appoint a commission to consider the problem. Resumption of municipal construction work on a large scale and the opening of municipal lodging houses, Mr. Smith thinks, will prevent a crisis and keep crime at a minimum this winter.

GERMAN WOMAN FIRES FRENCH REDS

Frau Zetkin, Denied Entry to France, Startles Socialist Congress by Appearing.

SHE IS WILDLY CHEERED

Wires Cut and Doors Closed, So She Can Depart as Secretly as She Came.

TOURS, France, Dec. 28 (Associated Press).—Clara Zetkin, member of the German Reichstag and of the Executive Committee of the Third Internationale, whose passport, it is alleged, the French refused to visé, came suddenly into the hall where the French Socialist Congress was in progress today, and the session became bedlam. M. Frossard, Secretary of the French Socialist Party, who was speaking for the Communists, was interrupted and the delegates escorted her to the platform.

Clara Zetkin is a white-haired woman of 60. She was attired in a simple brown dress and was cheered wildly.

"The French have forbidden me to come," she said to the delegates, "but like a good Communist, I came anyway."

The doors of the hall were locked and the telephone and telegraph wires disconnected and no one was allowed to leave the building. She then continued her speech, denouncing "the Scheidemanns, Noskes and Reynaudels of all nations." She also denounced the Moderates and all those seeking to form an Internationale in opposition to Moscow.

Urges Expulsion of Moderates.

"Split your party to achieve more precious unity," Frau Zetkin advised the congress, "I urge you to split from your party all social patriots and all vacillating Centrists, and form a single revolutionary force capable of discipline, vigorous action and the emancipation of the proletariat.

"The barbarians who destroyed the ancient cathedral at Rheims belong to the same class, kin and family as those who destroyed the ancient cathedral at Kiev," she cried, referring to the Polish warfare against Moscow which was carried on with allied aid.

Frau Zetkin arrived late in the afternoon and spoke only half an hour. She then left with a small escort of friends. No one else was allowed to leave for twenty minutes, to enable her to depart as secretly as she had come.

Her visit to the Congress was unexpected. It is believed she came by motor, and it is supposed that after leaving the hall she proceeded to the German frontier.

M. Frossard, who was eclipsed by the Moscow emissary, followed the arguments of the other Communist leaders. One passage that seemed to meet the approval of all wings was:

"Not that Bolshevism can be won at the point of the musket and over barricades. Barricades in the past have impeded revolutions as much as they have aided them. We cannot get a revolution at the point of the revolver unless circumstances lend it a hand. It is not we, but the capitalists, who make the circumstances through the rottenness of their system."

M. Frossard said that the Communists would continue to participate in the elections, following Lenin's advice, but would use Parliament as a rostrum to proclaim its futility.

Moscow Sends Ultimatum.

Unqualified acceptance of the twenty-one conditions laid down by Moscow is the only way the French Socialists can join the Third Internationale, the Congress was notified today in a telegram received from Nikolai Lenin, the Soviet Premier; Leon Trotsky, Minister of War and G. S. Zinovieff, Governor of Petrograd.

The telegram, which was read at this morning's session of the congress, was signed by the chiefs of all the national parties which are reported members of the Third Internationale. Together with the name of the party in the United States appears the name "Courvitch." It is believed here that "Courvitch" is Nicolai Hourwich, one of the editors of the Communist organ, Novy Mir, the office of which was raided by Federal agents in New York early this year.

It is stated in the telegram that Moscow endorses a resolution proposed to the congress by Marcel Cachin, Socialist Deputy, for unconditional affiliation with the Third Internationale. It says the Soviet leaders in Russia regard as "imbued with a spirit of reformism and diplomatic chicanery" a middle-road resolution presented by Jean Longuet, minority leader, and Paul Faure of the Centre Party.

The platform presented yesterday by M. Faure provided for adhesion to the Bolshevist régime in principle, without acceptance of the twenty-one points imposed by Moscow.

Mr. Faure presented to the delegates figures showing material decreases of the memberships in the union syndicates of the Seine and of the French Confederation of Labor. The confederation membership has decreased from $1,500,000 to 600,000, he declared, while that of the Seine syndicates has decreased from 292,000 to 140,00. He asserted this decrease was due to the extremist element, and that the party would suffer further losses if the revolutionary spirit of Moscow prevailed.

REVISE BANQUET FIGURES.

Polish Feast Said to Have Been Less Costly Per Guest.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to The New York Times.

GENEVA, Dec. 27.—A dispatch which appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES Dec. 10 concerning Paderewski's reported extravagance in entertaining twenty persons connected with the League of Nations at a banquet costing about £1,000 has caused much comment in Geneva. As G. H. Perris, who sent the dispatch, has since died, it may be stated that, apparently, in transmitting the figures one zero was omitted. Instead of about twenty guests, as stated, there were about 200.

The Polish banquet was followed by a dance and champagne supper. Consequently, about £1,000 for such an entertainment, given to so many people, was not considered excessive. Nevertheless, £1,000, at the present rate of Polish exchange, amounts to 2,000,000 Polish marks.

NEW GERMAN PLEAS AGAINST DISARMING

Government Opposes the Allied Demand for the Dismantling of Eastern Forts.

ARGUE FOR MILITARY POLICE

Newspapers Say That They Are Required to Watch the Monarchist Civic Guards.

BERLIN, Dec. 24 (Associated Press).—The German Government in a note addressed to the Council of Ambassadors in Paris protest against the demand of the Control Commission, endorsed by the Ambassadors, for the dismantling of the southern and eastern frontiers of Germany as an infraction of the Peace Treaty, which it is asserted, permitted the fortresses to remain in the same state as they were on Jan. 10, 1920.

The note points out that the dismantling demanded would leave Germany with only three fortresses on these frontiers, and of these with Swinemünde alone with its equipment as originally arranged. Pillau would be permitted to have only thirty-five instead of seventy-five guns and Königsberg only twenty-five heavy guns.

Referring to the concentration of Russian troops on Germany's eastern frontier and the danger of a renewal of the Russo-Polish war, the note declares that persistance by the Allies in their demands would leave Germany defenseless. It therefore requests a postponement of the dismantling of the Königsberg, Kustrin and Boyer fortresses until the situation in the East has cleared up. This would leave Königsberg with 290 guns, Kustrin with 168 (of which 108 are of heavy calibre) and Boyer with about twenty-five field guns, which the note avers is the minimum that is requisite.

Discrediting the Reichswehr.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 28.—The Entente's latest note concerning the so-called military (or security) police and the secrecy with which the German authorities are treating it are causing great apprehension among the public. The newspapers intimate that the Entente desires the complete dissolution of the police force, which would leave the security of the Republic in the hands of the army of 100,000 men conceded by the Entente, two-thirds of whom may be considered as of monarchist tendencies and sympathizing with the Kapp putsch. Escherich, organization of Civic Guards, the abbreviated name of which, "Orgesch," originated in Bavaria. Only recently one of the reactionary leaders announced proudly in the Reichstag that the Orgesch, though prohibited in Prussia and other Federal States, had more than 1,000,000 members all over Germany and was ready to assume supreme power in any emergency.

It was difficult to ascertain today the real nature of the Entente note because, as various subordinate officials explained, it was necessary to await the return of the members of the Cabinet from their holidays. However, State Secretary Dr. Friedrich Freund, of the Prussian Ministry of the Interior, said the Entente desired the reorganization, not the dissolution, of the military police, especially the abolition of its military character.

Even in its present form, said Mr. Freund, it would be useless against the Orgesch, should the latter feel called to plant itself in power. The Orgesch as an organization has no army or arsenals, but each member was well provided with revolvers and other arms not designated as army weapons which were liable to confiscation.

Thus, if the Master Forester, Dr. Escherich, thought the time had arrived, each of the million members would appear at a trysting place armed to the teeth, and the German Government would have only 100,000 troops to oppose them. Unless the Entente wishes to leave Germany as the mercy of the Orgesch it should not insist on weakening the military police.

Premiers to Meet About Jan. 7.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—Premiers Lloyd George of Great Britain, Giolitti of Italy, and Leygues of France will hold a conference in Nice or Cannes about Jan. 7, according to a tentative agreement.

The Premiers' meeting is necessary, owing to General Nollet's report that 2,000,000 Germans in the Einwohnerwehr have not been demobilized, and that these are 2,000,000 rifles among the German civil population.

The Fiume situation or the weakness of the French Cabinet may delay the conference, but the French are anxious to have the meeting take place at the earliest possible moment in order to take steps to compel the Germans to live up to the terms of the Spa agreement on disarmament and demobilization.

The occupation of the Ruhr district and the City of Frankfort by France alone if the British refuse to co-operate is being urged in military circles here.

PLAN NEW INTERNATIONALE.

I. F. of L. Said to Be Able to Defy Lenin and Gompers Alike.

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 28 (Associated Press).—A new Socialist Internationale, which leans more to the Left than the Second Internationale and is not so radical as the Third, appears in process of development in Amsterdam under the leadership and auspices of the International Federation of Labor.

At a meeting of the Amsterdam labor unions last night, Van Oudegeest, President of the Dutch Labor Federation and Secretary of the International Federation, and Pieter J. Troedlestra, the Dutch Socialist leader, gave an inkling of the plan.

"The International Federation," said Oudegeest, "with its 24,000,000 members, is now strong enough not to mind the American labor movement led by Samuel Gompers, and the Russian movement led by M. Zinovieff, which will not have anything to do with it. We are not only able to parry their attacks, but to deliver blows. Our purpose must be the nationalization of industry, which it is only possible to carry out internationally by collaboration of the workmen's movements with a political internationale, which must be an internationale a little more to the Left than the Second Internationale."

BRITISH LABOR HITS POLICY ON IRELAND

Commission's Report Accuses Crown Forces of Burnings, Looting and Floggings.

DECLARES FOR CONCILIATION

Court-Martial Sentences Countess Markievicz to Two Years at Hard Labor.

LONDON, Dec. 28 (Associated Press).—A scathing denunciation of Government methods in Ireland and a strong expression on the futility of coercive methods to suppress either the Sinn Fein movement or the Republican Army occupy for the most part the report of the Labor Commission which recently visited Ireland to study conditions there.

The report, which occupies fifty pages, has additional appendices giving extracts from police reports and other documents and photographs of destroyed property. It deals with all aspects of the present situation and the sentiment in Ireland, as well as a specific study of reprisals.

It shows incidentally that an appeal to Premier Lloyd George, signed by Arthur Henderson and William Adamson, as late as Dec. 22, had failed to bring a response to the commission's desire to institute an "unofficial truce" so that steps toward peace might be taken.

Calls Republican Army Formidable.

Declaring the Irish Republican Army to be formidable, because intangible, the report says that if it were concentrated as an army it could easily be defeated, and it exists only because it has the sympathy and support of the vast mass of the population.

"So great has been the provocation by the Crown forces that 80 per cent. of Irish men and women," continues the report, "now regard the shooting of policemen and the throwing of bombs at lorries with the same philosophic resignation that Mr. Lloyd George displays toward arson and pillage and the shooting of civilians in the presence of their wives and children. The destruction of creameries, &c., only serves to stimulate recruiting by increasing the numbers of desperate men."

The report declares that in the Black and Tans and auxiliaries "the Government has created a weapon which it cannot wield. It has liberated forces which it is not at present able to dominate."

Ridicules Explanation of Burnings.

The report ridicules the official contention that Sinn Feiners themselves burned and destroyed property in towns of markedly Sinn Fein sympathies as "unreasonable and indeed stupid." A minute description is given of all the cases investigated. One interesting point is that in the case of the Croke Park tragedy, when on Nov. 21 numerous persons were killed or injured at a football game, the report absolves the authorities from anything in the nature of "premeditated reprisal."

The report attributes the difficulty of gathering information owing to the terrorism existing, eye-witnesses being threatened even with death if they divulge what they have seen. It describes infinitely the character and organization of all the crown forces. Dealing with the constabulary it says:

"We feel compelled to express the opinion that the Irish constabulary as a responsibility and that of Bavaria and without informing the German Imperial Finance Minister of a transaction involving billions.

Detailed plans for the development of Bavaria's water power had been planned before the war, but failed owing to the opposition of the German General Staff and coal kings. The General Staff in particular insisted that if all railways in Bavaria were electrified and obtained current from a few main power stations, and these stations for some reason failed to act or were destroyed by bombs from airplanes, they would never be able to move troops.

Switzerland is naturally greatly concerned about these German-American transactions, for she already exports considerable quantities of electric power to Bavaria, and the use of large electrification of works there she would naturally have expected that her own electrical engineering firms would receive large orders for plants.

DUTCH LOAN TO GERMANY.

Vacillation at Berlin Precedes Final Ratification of Credit.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Dec. 28.—Final ratification of the Netherlands 200,000,000 guilder credit to Germany in exchange for coal and certain foodstuffs, which has been pending for more than a year, brings a feeling of relief in many quarters of Holland, where large private interests are heavily involved.

The second chamber passed the bill hurriedly. It was ratified here and only German ratification was lacking for a time. A considerable portion of the credit was even advanced, but meantime the Germans, who had discovered that they were able to obtain more advantageous credits elsewhere, had been carrying on divers intrigues in order to free themselves from the contract. They even endeavored to persuade the Allied Reparation Commission that they were unable to fulfill the Treaty of Versailles, as well as the coal contract of the Netherlands.

Had the Germans failed to ratify the credit, it is rumored that one of the largest and best known banking houses in Holland which, like many others here, speculated too heavily in raw materials, would have tottered to the verge of bankruptcy. The vacillating attitude of the Germans in these negotiations has shaken the faith of even the most pro-German elements in Holland. The Dutch press has continuously clamored for enlightenment on the reason for the constant delays.

Women Burgess Sets Police To Cleaning Up Town

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Dec. 28.—An order went out today from Burgess Lillian R. Brownlee, to Chief of Police Otto Lavellen to clean up the town immediately. Burgess Brownlee concentrated her first efforts for improved municipal government on gambling joints and pool rooms. She ordered all gambling houses closed, and informed the police chief that if her orders were not obeyed at once arrests would be made.

Tonight the Executive Committee of the League of Women Voters held a meeting and laid plans to support the new woman burgess in her campaign for better municipal conditions.

the surreptitious disposal of arms, ammunition and explosives, and even of war relics, such as shell cases, has been considerable for some time past. One dumping spot is the River Liffey, and at low tide finds of revolvers and cartridges are frequently made. Public gardens, residences of known loyalists and even pillar letter boxes are used for disposing of illicit possessions.

DUBLIN, Dec. 28 (Associated Press).—Countess Georgina Markievicz, who was tried by a court-martial on a charge of conspiring to organise a seditious society, was today sentenced to two years of hard labor in prison. The specific allegation against her was that she had between January, 1918, and September, 1920, plotted to organise a "Fianna Eireann," or Sinn Fein Boy Scouts Society. This organization has been charged with the conspiracy to murder military police and with unlawful drilling.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

DUBLIN, Dec. 28.—Mystery surrounds the death of James Rackey, a prominent Republican, while in the custody of military forces at Tipperary. He was arrested two days before Christmas. No information is available as to the cause of his death except that he was killed yesterday morning during a struggle.

ASSERT BAVARIA GETS $274,000,000 LOAN HERE

Money to Be Used to Develop Her Water Power—Imperial Government Ignored.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, Dec. 28.—Keen interest is being excited in financial, engineering and even political circles in Central Europe by the announcement that a New York company had subscribed an American loan to Bavaria to enable her to develop her very considerable water power, and in particular the power stations of Walchensee and the middle part of the River Isar, on which Munich is situated. The sum mentioned as involved is 20,000,000,000 marks (at the current rate of exchange, $274,000,000).

The deal is said to have taken place in Switzerland recently, when the Bavarian Minister of Finance met New York financiers during a visit which at the time was shrouded in mystery. The amount required for developing the power stations is estimated at only about 1,000,000,000 marks, but the remainder of the loan expenditure is needed for the purchase of electric plants—of course in the United States.

What really interests the public in Central Europe is the fact that Germany should be pawning her white coal to the United States. What astonishes the public is that the Bavarian Finance Minister admitted no responsibility and that of Bavaria and without informing the German Imperial Finance Minister of a transaction involving billions.

Detailed plans for the development of Bavaria's water power had been planned before the war, but failed owing to the opposition of the German General Staff and coal kings. The General Staff in particular insisted that if all railways in Bavaria were electrified and obtained current from a few main power stations, and these stations for some reason failed to act or were destroyed by bombs from airplanes, they would never be able to move troops.

Switzerland is naturally greatly concerned about these German-American transactions, for she already exports considerable quantities of electric power to Bavaria, and the use of large electrification of works there she would naturally have expected that her own electrical engineering firms would receive large orders for plants.

DUTCH LOAN TO GERMANY.

Vacillation at Berlin Precedes Final Ratification of Credit.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Dec. 28.—Final ratification of the Netherlands 200,000,000 guilder credit to Germany in exchange for coal and certain foodstuffs, which has been pending for more than a year, brings a feeling of relief in many quarters of Holland, where large private interests are heavily involved.

The second chamber passed the bill hurriedly. It was ratified here and only German ratification was lacking for a time. A considerable portion of the credit was even advanced, but meantime the Germans, who had discovered that they were able to obtain more advantageous credits elsewhere, had been carrying on divers intrigues in order to free themselves from the contract. They even endeavored to persuade the Allied Reparation Commission that they were unable to fulfill the Treaty of Versailles, as well as the coal contract of the Netherlands.

Had the Germans failed to ratify the credit, it is rumored that one of the largest and best known banking houses in Holland which, like many others here, speculated too heavily in raw materials, would have tottered to the verge of bankruptcy. The vacillating attitude of the Germans in these negotiations has shaken the faith of even the most pro-German elements in Holland. The Dutch press has continuously clamored for enlightenment on the reason for the constant delays.

PHONOGRAPH WORKS CLOSE.

Edison Plant in West Orange Shut Down Indefinitely.

It was announced yesterday that the phonograph works of Thomas A. Edison, Inc., at West Orange, N. J., would close tonight indefinitely. Charles Edison, Chairman of the Board of Directors, issued the following statement:

"On Dec. 29 the Edison phonograph works will close down to balance inventory. Employes will be recalled individually or by departments as rapidly as needed for this work. Other divisions of the Edison industries, such as storage battery, disc re-creation, primary battery, &c., are continuing operations."

G. T. Lamb of the Edison works said that balancing of inventory was found necessary when there was overproduction in any department. In such cases manufacturing might be held up until the state of overproduction no longer existed. The term "to balance" inventory, it was explained, did not mean to take an inventory of stock in the common acceptance of the term.

It was said at the plant that about 1,400 employes would be affected by the shutdown. Whether or not there will be a deduction made in the salaries when the plant reopens has not been decided.

COAL MINERS AGREE TO MEET OPERATORS

Accept Offer for a Parley to Adjust the Inequalities in Present Wage Contract.

BUT WON'T DROP DEMANDS

Kennedy Says Effort Will Be Made to Have Them Considered as "Inequalities."

NO THREAT WILL BE MADE

He Declares That There Will Be No Stoppage of Work, Regardless of Outcome.

HAZLETON, Pa., Dec. 28.—Accepting the offer of the operators to adjust inequalities and injustices within the present wage agreement, the General Scale Committee of the anthracite mine workers late today instructed its subcommittee "to meet with representatives of the operators and endeavor to work out a basis of settlement that will bring general satisfaction to the anthracite mine workers."

None of the demands of the hard coal miners for additional wage increases will be dropped, Thomas Kennedy, Chairman of the committee, announced, adding that an attempt would be made again to have the operators consider them as "part of the existing inequalities."

"Our sole desire is to work out a constructive program," asserted Kennedy, "that will give general satisfaction to the great body of anthracite mine workers and stability in the region."

Assert Some Did Not Get Rise.

The operators will be asked by the sub-committee, it was learned, to see that all miners in the field get the 17 per cent. increase recently granted in the commission's award. Charges have been made by representatives of the miners that thousands of miners in the three anthracite districts have never received the full increase.

The action of the committee, which convened here to receive the reply of the operators, rejecting their demands for additional wage increases of approximately 13 per cent. and a $6 minimum day labor rate, was unanimous. Chairman

Dock Commissioner Warns the Mayor of the Danger of a Waterfront Conflagration.

ACTION BY THE CITY ASKED

Suggests That Delegation Be Sent to New Orleans to Study Problem There.

Asserting that the discharge of oil waste by oil-burning steamships in New York Harbor has become a menace, Dock Commissioner Murray Hulbert has written Mayor Hylan, urging the city to take steps to lessen the danger of a waterfront conflagration, such as has ttwice swept the Port of New Orleans recently, from this cause.

The situation has become so serious as to engage the attention of the Federal authorities and the Army Engineer Corps has asked Congress for an appropriation of $1,012,000 to prevent further illegal dumping of oil waste in the harbor. If this appropriation is obtained, it is proposed to enlarge the patrol fleet of the Supervisor of New York Harbor, a navy officer attached to the Army Engineer Corps, and to appoint fifty inspectors, one of whom will be stationed on each oil-burning steamship while in the harbor.

In his letter to Mayor Hylan, Commissioner Hulbert suggested that New York City should send representatives to New Orleans to investigate the fires there with a view to recommending precautionary measures here.

"According to recent accounts in the papers," reads the letter, " the Port of New Orleans again suffered a very heavy loss—the second within two months—to its docks by fire. The fire appears to have been caused by the breaking of an electric wire, which fell into the water, creating a short circuit and igniting oil which had spilled from a tanker.

"On July 19, 1920, I wrote you advising you what we were doing within our limitations to meet the growing menace from the improper discharge of oil waste in our harbor, and suggested that an appropriation be made in the budget for 1921 so that we might deal adequately with this problem. But in the paring down of the budget to meet an unprecedented situation no provision was made therein for this work.

Asks City to Act.

"These two big fires in New Orleans only serve to substantiate the grave fears that I have had respecting the possibility of such a catastrophe along our own waterfront, and, on the theory that a stitch in time saves nine, I most earnestly suggest that notice of these conditions should be taken by the Board of Estimate and Apportionate and something done to meet them.

"I believe it would be a good thing if a representative of the Fire Department, the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity and the Department of Docks were sent to New Orleans to investigate at first hand the conditions surrounding their two great fire losses, with a view to recommending precautionary steps to be taken to avert the possibility of such a conflagration in New York, and I emphasize this particularly in view of the fact that we are now embarking upon the new policy of installing cranes and other mechanical appliances, electrically operated.

"Some day I hope we will come to the point of realising the necessity of building substructures of docks out of concrete, which this department has undertaken to do for the first time during this Administration in the case of some of the Street Cleaning dumps.

"If and when it is convenient I would like to discuss this matter with you personally, after the first of the year, with a view to suggesting some specific proposition to be submitted to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment for consideration and adoption."

Violations Hard to Detect.

One reason for the large quantity of oil in New York Harbor was said to be the lack of any ready method of oil-burning vessels getting rid of the residue in their oil tanks, except by discharging it into the water. This method is forbidden by law, Federal, State and city, but violations are so difficult to detect, as waste is discharged under cover of water, that comparatively few penalties have been imposed. A system of barges to carry away this oil residue, similar to the system used to carry away ashes and garbage, has been suggested but has not yet been organized.

One reason for the request for an appropriation for a patrol fleet is the desire of the army engineers to protect the New Jersey and Long Island coasts from the deposits of oil which have caused many complaints within the last few years. It is proposed to ask for a law to prohibit any steamship under American registry from dumping oil waste within one hundred miles of any inhabited coast and to try to bring about an agreement with other countries for the establishment of a general rule to this effect. It is also proposed to increase the minimum penalty for a violation of the present law against dumping waste in a United States port from $250 to $1,000.

A Federal official, who has studied the situation, said the deposit of oil in New York Harbor was becoming more of a danger than was generally realized, and was getting worse all the time. In the month of October, 173 oil-burning steamships entered New York Harbor, and the number is constantly increasing.

WOMAN ARRAIGNED AT 70.

Charged With Larceny for Failure to Deliver Stocks She Sold.

Anna Voglin, 70 years old, of 268 West 123th Street, was arraigned before Magistrate Silberman in Washington Heights Court yesterday on a charge of grand larceny. She pleaded not guilty, and was held in $5,000 bail for further examination Thursday.

Mrs. Mary C. Hoke of 202 St. Nicholas Avenue caused the woman's arrest. The defendant visited her home, then at 305 West 138th Street, last Aug. 13, to sell her some stocks. Mrs. Hoke said she gave the woman $100 for stocks that never were delivered. Mrs. Hoke said her brother also had invested $1,200, and that he, too, had been similarly treated.

The police produced a purported record of the woman, showing that she had been involved in court proceedings at various times since 1884, when, it was said, she was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary for larceny.

TRAFFIC ON NASSAU STREET.

Vehicles to Be Permitted to Use Thoroughfare Four Hours Daily.

As the result of conferences between Captain P. J. Cray of the Police Traffic Bureau and David Robinson, President of the Downtown League, Nassau Street is to be reopened to vehicular traffic. Southbound traffic will be permitted between 9:30 o'clock and noon and northbound traffic will be allowed between 2 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

This step, it was said, was taken because of the increasing congestion in the financial district. Aside from the hours indicated, no motors or trucks will be permitted in Nassau Street.

Mrs. MacSwiney to Sail Saturday.

Mrs. Muriel MacSwiney, widow of the Lord Mayor of Cork, who starved himself in an English prison, will sail for Great Britain next Saturday on the United States Mail Steamship Company's liner the Panhandle State, after testifying in Washington before the Committee of 100 investigating conditions in Ireland.

Reserve It for Warships and Merchant Marine.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Asserting his belief that the nation which has an assured supply of oil is best equipped for an efficient navy and merchant marine, and that the time has come when America must make the most scientific use of its oil supplies and reserves, Secretary Daniels today declared himself in favor of the adoption of a national policy the ultimate effect of which would be to prohibit the use of fuel oil for ordinary industrial purposes so as to enable the nation to conserve its fuel oil for use on the high seas by the navy and merchant marine.

"The present duty of our country with respect to oil," said Mr. Daniels, "is to recognize, first of all, that coal and water power should be more and more utilized in industrial plants on shore and on railroads, and the oil fuel held for ocean commerce and the navy. If the future oil supply is as small as many believe then it seems to me that the Government should control the distribution of oil so as to insure that its merchant vessels and warships, practically all oil-burners, shall never be found impotent through lack of the only fuel that can now insure their superiority."

Mr. Daniels said that he was personally in favor of the nationalization of the coal, oil and water power wealth of the nation. This, he said, was merely his personal view in the matter without any attempt on his part to dictate the policy of the Government itself. He thought the nation had been wasteful of its fuel and power resources.

"Coal, oil and water power," he said, "constitute the basis of national prosperity, international commerce and the best naval operation. I believe the time has come when the oil, coal and water power should be nationalized, and their ownership and distribution regulated for the good of all instead of being controlled by those who have not been free from profiteering. I believe the ownership of these vital essentials of naval, marine and national power should be used for the national need; that private ownership should be justly compensated; that steps should be taken by which wasteful production, to the injury of the country, and profiteering on private and industrial consumers should be ended.

"The statesmanship of our day should redeem the folly of earlier days, when these prime necessities were left unregulated to our lasting injury. Whether the Government shall buy and carry on production of coal, oil and water power or regulate their production, distribution and price is a question of the utmost importance. The Government should not sit still and permit continued waste and profiteering. It must make a way, or find one, to guarantee to industry, to the merchant marine and navy an adequate and continued supply of oil, coal and water power. Regulation of coal, oil and water power should become as fixed a Government policy as the regulation of interstate commerce, express and telegraph rates. It is, indeed, more important as to coal and oil, because they are of limited supply, and the world is threatened with the peril of their exhaustion."

Secretary Daniel said that the time had passed when a coal-burner could any longer compete with an oil-burner in sea commerce.

SWANN ASKS LEGAL HELP.

Wants Attorney General to Try Cases in Which Aids Are Interested.

District Attorney Swann yesterday asked Governor Smith to place the prosecution of three cases in which members of the District Attorney's staff are "necessary witnesses for the people," in the hands of the Attorney General. The cases are those of David Hirshfield, Commissioner of Accounts, who is accused of libelling Assistant District Attorney James E. Smith and former Governor Charles S. Whitman, and Jacob Goldman and Bernard Friedman, indicted for perjury in connection with the same case.

No Heat, Two Landlords Fined.

Two landlords who, according to inspectors of the Health Department, neglected to provide heat for the comfort of tenants, were arraigned before Magistrate Alexander Brough in the City Magistrate's Court yesterday. William Sperling of 3,310 Broadway, owner of a house at 3,301 Broadway, was fined $300, and Harry Fein of 969 Simpson Street, the Bronx, owner of a house at 65 West 134th Street, was fined $100.

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From	Sailed.
Isla de Panay	Havana	Dec. 22
Helen	San Juan	Dec. 23
Hawaiian	Portsmouth	Dec. 23
Mesaba	Portsmouth	Dec. 23
Hilton	Tampa	Dec. 21
Tapa Tapa	Birmingham	Dec. 8
Tuiden	Hamburg	Dec. 10
Steel Worker	Avonmouth	Dec. 12
Manta	Puerto Rico	Dec. 20
Manchioneal	Limon	Dec. 20
Rimouski	Liverpool	Dec. 15

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From	Sailed.
Mar Cantabrico	Hamburg	Dec. 10
Eastern Crown	Bilbao	Dec. 10
Kroonland	Southampton	Dec. 19
Minian	Manchester	Dec. 15
Rosalind	Halifax	Dec. 27

DUE TUESDAY.

Steamer.	From	Sailed.
Fort Hamilton	Bermuda	Dec. 17
Munamar	Antilla	Dec. 24
Santa Teresa	Valparaiso	Dec. 10

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From	Sailed.
Vasari	Liverpool	Dec. 18
American	Naples	Dec. 18
Leitrim	Sydney	Nov. 28
Canada	Cherbourg	Dec. 21
Tivives	Colon	Dec. 23

DUE FRIDAY.

Steamer.	From	Sailed.
Fenaire	Naples	Dec. 17
Bovra	Hamburg	Dec. 17
City of Savannah	Savannah	Dec. 27

DUE SATURDAY.

Steamer.	From	Sailed.
Ryndam	Rotterdam	Dec. 21

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail.

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Nieuw Amsterdam, Plymouth	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Olympic	8:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa, West & Asia.
Santa Luisa, Colon	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	West coast ports of South America.
Quilliota, Guayaquil	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Ecuador, Panama.
Caracas, San Juan	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Central America.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Drottningholm, Gothenburg	10:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Sweden, Latvia, Finland.
Susquehanna, Bremen	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Germany, Poland.
Bereby, Senegal	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	West Africa, Gold Coast.
Ripley Castle, Cape Town	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Africa.
St. Patrick, Rio Janeiro	7:00 A.M.	10.00 A.M.	South Brazil.
Mayaro, Trinidad	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	West Indies, Demerara.
St. Bede, Santos	9:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Argentina, Uruguay.
Tungus, Turks Island	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Santo Domingo City.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Duca d'Aosta, Genoa	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Italy.
Patria, Piraeus	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Greece.
Heilig Olav, Copenhagen	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Denmark, Norway.
Escolano, Cadiz	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Spain, Morocco.
Morro Castle, Havana	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Mexico, Nassau.
Coamo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico.
Iroquois, Turks Island	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Santo Domingo City.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.	Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
City of Benares, Bombay	Dec. 30	12:00 M.	Montana, London	Dec. 31	12:00 M.
Gawotonga, London	Dec. 30	10:00 A.M.	Missouri, London	Dec. 31	10:00 A.M.
Buffalo Bridge, Bilbao	Dec. 31	12:00 M.	Alexandrian, Liverpool	Jan. 3	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Tregenna	Port Natal	Dec. 22
Welshman	London	Dec. 27
Wakulla	Montevideo	Dec. 23
Igotz Mendi	Liverpool	Dec. 26

SAILED.

Steamer.	From	Date.
Tydeus	Gibraltar	Dec. 28
Huron	Rio Janeiro	Dec. 31
Highe	Santos	Dec. 23
Alcaldo V.	Gibraltar	Dec. 24
Fort Pitt Bridge	Lisbon	Dec. 26

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M. as follows:

Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and specially addressed mail for Australia, via San Francisco	Marama	Dec. 29
Japan, Korea, China (except Shanghai City), Siberia, French Indo-China and Netherlands East Indies, via Seattle	Suwa Maru	Dec. 30
Hawaii, Guam and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco	U. S. A. T. Sherman	Dec. 31
Hawaii, via San Francisco	U. S. A. T. Sheridan	Jan. 3
Hawaii and specially addressed mail for Japan, Korea and China, via San Francisco	Persia Maru	Jan. 8
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra) and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Empress of Russia	Jan. 8
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Niagara	Jan. 13

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Weather forecast:

Ill. and Mo.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs., warmer Wed.

Wis.—Partly cloudy Wed. and Thurs., rising temp.

Minn.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs., warmer in e. Wed.

Iowa—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs., warmer Wed.

N. Dak. and S. Dak.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs., moderate temp.

Kan.—Fair Wed. and probably Thurs., moderate temp.

Mont.—Unsettled Wed., and Thurs., with rain w. of Divide, colder, N.

Wyo.—Fair Wed. and Thurs., except probably snow in extreme n. w., colder.

N. C., S. C. and Ga.—Fair Wed.; Thurs. partly cloudy, warmer.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
12:10—108 W. 43 St.; Elks Club	Slight
12:45—409 W. B'way; Overland Leather Goods Co.	Not given
12:53—771 8 Av.; Louis Bart	Slight
3:00—2,492 7 Av.; Aaron Ingeer	Slight
10:20—623 Grand St.; Jos. Carrie	Not given
10:20—330 E. 58 St.; D. O'Brien	Not given
11:30—1,218 1 Av.; L Hamberger	Not given
11:30—104 Essex St.; Benj. Neadle	Slight
P. M.	
2:25—335 E. 88 St.	Slight
2:45—In front of 30 W. 29 St. (auto); Samuel Karten	Not given
2:50—265 W. 131 St.; Mrs. Easton	Not given
3:15—331 Lenox Av.; D. Kaplan	Not given
3:15—145 E. 114 St.; H. Schwartz	Slight
4:00—201 E. 53 St.	Not given
5:40—149 Baxter St.; Bright Light Mantle Co.	Not given
6:10—55 Mercer St.; A. H. Steinfeld	Not given
6:15—189 Howard Av.; Wm. Harrison	Not given
6:20—528 City Island Av.; S. G. Lotzmic	Not given
6:35—1,506 Southern Boulevard; S. Wolfe	Not given
7:40—126 5 Av.; E. M. Kuhimbyre	Not given
8:15—2,702 8 Av.; not given	Not given
8:45—829 Columbus Av.; C. Pimbeck	Not given
9:10—568 W. 166 St.; C. Levine	Not given
9:15—99 4 Av.; Gollen & Ennis	Not given
9:45—30 E. 12 St.; Giller & Gillsick	Not given
9:50—129 W. 29 St.; J. K. Bendwich	Not given
10:20—358 E. 88 St.; Victoria Wagner	Slight
10:30—82 Sullivan St.; Consumers' Bakery Co.	Not given
10:35—358 Grand St.; Moe Loeschecht	Not given
11:15—3,475 3 Av.; Keystone Drug Co.	Not given
12:20—195 Greenwich St.; Ideal Sign & Show Case Co.	Not given

The record on Dec. 23 showed a fire in the premises of United Button Co., at 152 West 25th St. The fire was in a hallway and not in the premises of that concern.

Weather Bureau Records.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	33	32	4 P. M.	30	26
6 A. M.	25	31	6 P. M.	27	23
9 A. M.	34	38	9 P. M.	26	27
12 M.	36	39	11 P. M.	23	24

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 31; for the corresponding date last year it was 32; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 32.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 33; at 8 P. M. it was 28. Maximum temperature, 38 degrees at 3 A. M.; minimum, 23 degrees at 11 P. M. Humidity, 70 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 74 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.91 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.01 inches.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Gaffney, Lt. Cmdr. J. J., to duty as aid on staff of Gn. adviser to Rear Adm. J. W. Oman, Gov. Virgin Islands.

Hawthorn, Lt. W. F., to Nav. Tr. Sta., Great Lakes.

Mackey, Lt. R. D., to 5th Regt., Marines, Quantico.

Kalen, Lt. H. L., to the Mississippi.

Ritchie, Lt. H. L., to the Baltimore.

Moynan, Lt. W. T., to Asiatic Sta.

Army Orders.

Medical Corps.

Ford, Capt. J. H., to Army Med. Sch., this city.

Aydelotte, Maj. J. T., as Prof. Mil. Sci. at Thomas W. Evans Museum and Dent. Inst., Sch. of Dent., University of Pa.

Sawtelle, Maj. H. F., to Edgewood Ars.

Pratt, Maj. J. M., to 9th Corps Area, San Francisco, for assignment.

Snyder, Capt. G. W., from Germany to U. S. and report to Adjt. Gen. for instructions.

Field Artillery.

Moseley, Lt. Col. G. V. H., to 15th, Camp Travis.

Foy, Lt. Col. R. C., to 17th, Camp Travis.

Faulconer, 1st Lt. J. W., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.

Evans, 1st Lt. R., to Headquarters, F. A. Brigade, Camp Travis.

Cavalry.

Viner, Maj. J. W., to Ft. Thomas.

Kelley, 1st Lt. A. P., to asst. chief of staff for operations, Ft. Sheridan.

Quartermaster Corps.

Dollard, 1st Lt. J. T., as asst. to Depot Qm. Gen., Sup. Depot, Washington.

Davis, 1st Lt. F. S., report by telegraph to Cmdg. Gen. 9th Corps Area, San Francisco.

Veterinary Corps.

Lamb, Capt. M. B., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.

Lovell, 1st Lt. R. I., report to Cmdg. Offr., Camp Ft. Bliss, for duty.

Miscellaneous.

Spiller, Maj. E. B., to Chicago for sta. and report to Cmdg. Gen. 6th Area, Ft. Sheridan, for duty in office of Fin. Off., Chicago.

Von Deesten, Maj. A. P., C. of E., to Galveston.

Torrence, 1st Lt. J. E., retired, to Rec. Svce., Greensboro, N. C.

Resignations.

Bloombergh, Lt. Col. H. D., M. C.

Cauthorn, 1st Lt. C., Inf.

Leaves.

Benson, Maj. C. C., Cav., 1 mo.

Nix, Maj. R. R., Ord. Dept., 2 mos.

Miller, Maj. T. C., Inf., 10 days.

Clark, Maj. O. D., Inf., 1 mo.

Harrison, Maj. E. S., C. A. C., 1 mo., 10 days.

Andrews, Maj. J., F. A., 23 days.

Carter, Maj. W. V., Adjt. Gen.'s Dept., 15 days.

McAdam, Capt. W. A., Inf., 10 days' ext.

The Civil Service.

City.

Applications for laboratory assistant (pathology) will be received until 4 P. M. on Jan. 12. Candidates must be at least 18 years of age. The subjects and weights of the examination will be experience, 3; practical test, 6; citizenship, 1. A qualifying physical test will be given. Candidates should have at least six months' experience in a hospital or research laboratory, where pathological work is carried on. There is one vacancy in the Public Welfare Department at $1,378 a year.

United States.

Several ship draftsmen, Grade B, with technical experience in ship work, at salaries of $4 to $7.20 per diem, are required for employment at the Norfolk, Va., Navy Yard. Interested persons should write for application and information to L. H. Fisher, Secretary of the Fourth United States Civil Service District, Washington, D. C.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

EUGENE WALTER, author, residing at 2 West 67th St., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $7,479, and assets, except wearing apparel of value of $100. Among the creditors are Max Hart, money loaned, $2,100; David Belasco, money advanced, $500; Friars' Club, dues and house account, $386; Archibald Selwyn, money loaned, $200; Thomas Healy, $371; Reisenweber's, $212, and Judge J. H. White, San Francisco, $500.

FEDERAL SNAP FASTENER CORP.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Federal Snap Fastener Corporation, manufacturer, at 25-29 West 31st St., by these petitioning creditors: Federal Advertising Agency, Inc., $10,000; Irving National Bank, $10,000, and Equitable Trust Company, $10,000. Judge Knox has appointed Milton Dannmann receiver, in $20,000 bond. It is stated that the assets are of a market value of about $50,000.

TRIEGER & DRUCKER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against David M. Trieger and Harry Drucker, co-partners trading as Trieger & Drucker, manufacturing furriers, at 28 West 38th St., by these creditors: R. Beck, $1,013; B. Richter, $1,011, and T. Sasiw, $200. It is stated that the liabilities are in the neighborhood of $100,000 and the assets about $50,000. An assignment was also made to Archibald Palmer. In the assignment the address was given as 25 West 26th St.

ROYAL BOX AND LUMBER COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Royal Box and Lumber Company, Inc., dealer in packing cases, at 41 Wooster Street, by these creditors: Fae Harrison, $3; L. Zahn, $245, and Perriman Bros., $500. It is stated that the liabilities are about $20,000 and the assets about $5,000. An assignment was also made to Martin M. Alpert. The company was incorporated in 1914. Isidore Siegel is its President.

PENN LUNCH COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Penn Lunch Company, Inc., restaurant and lunchroom, at 253 West Thirty-fourth Street, by these creditors: Austin Nichols & Co., Inc., $30; Charles Greenwald, $326, and William K. Lighter, $160. It is stated that the liabilities are about $10,000 and the assets about $3,000. Judge Knox has appointed Joseph Mulqueen receiver in $1,000 bond. Liabilities are said to be about $10,000 and assets about $2,000.

HENRY A. TOVIM—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Henry A. Tovim, manufacturer of dresses, at 580 Fifth Avenue, by North American Cloak Company, a creditor, for $300. An assignment was also made to Lester B. Freedman.

SAMUEL POLANSKY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Polansky, retail dry goods, at 282 Grand Street, by these creditors: H. Ruckman, $533; S. Applewits, $305, and Sydney Haberman, $215. An assignment was made on Monday.

WOLF & TROW—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Isidor Wolf and Charles Trow, copartners, trading as Wolf & Trow, cloaks and suits, at 32 Division Street, by these creditors: Annis Storchein, $470; B. Synder, $115, and Milton Weinberg, $35. An assignment was also made to Abraham Rosenthal.

BILLY SHARP—William Shapiro, actor, known professionally as Billy Sharp, residing at 308 West Ninety-seventh Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $2,463 and no assets. Among the creditors are Billie Bernard, $800; George Feinberg, $700, and Eugene Hammandinger, $350.

WURF & BANK—Judge Knox has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Oct. 15 against Wurf & Bank, jobbers in woolens and silks, at 108 Eldridge Street, upon a settlement with creditors on a basis of 25 cents on the dollar—10 cents in cash and balance in notes.

A. & S. Lichtenthal—Judge Knox has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed Nov. 22 against A. & S. Lichtenthal, furriers, at 261 Seventh Avenue.

SAMUELS & SOLOMON, INC., furriers, at 23 West Fifteenth Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $63,283 and assets of $44,432, consisting of stock, $38,889; machinery and fixtures, $4,206; accounts, $1,115 and deposit in bank, $200. Among the creditors are New York Fur Auction Sales Corporation, $21,117 and Charles S. Forter, Inc., $17,854.

IRVING CANTOR, dry goods and haberdashery, at 161 Madison Street, has assigned to Abraham I. Wolf.

ERMINIE GOODMAN, art and antique shop, at 206 East Houston Street, has assigned to Emanuel M. Lebowitz.

H. C. SCHULT COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by H. C. Schult, as President of the H. C. Schult Company, manufacturers of food products, 635 Kent Avenue, Brooklyn, with liabilities of $23,300 and assets of $14,309.

NETTIE BARON, housewife, 1,223 Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,441.95 and assets of $100.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 28.—The Acme Silk Company of Paterson was haled into the Bankruptcy Court here today by three creditors. The liabilities are reported at $150,000 and assets at about $75,000. The petitioning creditors are the Imhoff-Berg Silk Dyeing Company, $3,000; L. H. Young, $500, and Hamilton Silk Company, $500. Joseph McDonald of Paterson has been made receiver.

Nicholas Hughes of Paterson has been made receiver of Louis Hertz, lace manufacturer of Hackensack. The liabilities are fixed at $70,000 and the assets $30,000.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

A. S. Kauffman Mfg. Co.—Nassau Finance Co. $340.35
Adler, Maurice B.—F. O'Byrne 110.00
Brenner, Rubin—State Industrial Com. 150.00
Bronack Stevedoring Co.—J. K. Larkin et al. 1,903.70
Burgdorf & Lynch, Inc.—Colgate & Co. 342.16
Baird, Milton E., Emma F. Libari and Baird & Son—J. A. Van Brunt & Co. 5,861.15
Broadedge Corp. and G. M. Ehrgott—Brown Advertising Agency, Inc. 476.43
Coon, Cecilio L.—N. E. Bates 24,107.60
Callahan, Joseph M.—Electra Toy & Novelty Co., Inc. 166.45
Courier Rubber Co.—Inc.—One-Fifty Nassau St. Co. 328.75
Dickinson, Howard C.—J. H. Ottley 639.61
Dawier, Thomas R.—Royal Card & Paper Co. 200.74
Einborn, William—H. Altman & Co. 251.46
Ely, Mary E.—Hertz, Inc. 194.25
Flanders, Carl S.—Crescent Athletic Club of Brooklyn 258.99
Ginsberg, Rebecca—Shultz Bread Co. 109.12
Gendsil, Louis and Samuel, and Samuel Gottlieb—Public Credit Corp. 220.20
Grassi, Felicia—Butler Bros. 163.79
Hefter, Samoal—C. Sophian 874.87
Halberg & Bus, Inc.—Protenhauer-Neasbit Co. 348.85
Henderson, Wm.—State Industrial Com. 568.00
Hirschfield, Ben—Tyson & Co. 122.10
Johnston, W. H.—T. G. McKay 221.60
Jacobson, William—State Indus. Comm. 592.00
Kessler, Samuel—H. Basage 284.75
Kratner, A. J. and W. J.—A. Levy 4,500.00
Kapel, Pete—C. U. Nolte 422.90
Kanapack, Max, and Isaac Blasberg—S. Soroka 317.15
Lanska, Gustave—R. Hecht 316.50
Landgraf, Ernest C.—I. A. Dexter 1,359.77
Lewis, Walter—M. A. Kimball 214.41
Lifitn, Aaron D.—McClave & Co. 261.41
Lindan, Julius W. J. Jr.—M. B. Hahn 413.62
Muller, Oscar—W. Von Riedl 130.43
Myers, Morton E., Charles Myers & Co., Ltd., and Joseph E. Herman—E. G. Packet 1,461.53
Matthews, Samuel D.—F. Blanchard 4,476.57
Miller, Gordon D.—F. O'Byrne 110.00
Sane—Same 110.00
McConnell, Samuel and Neba (Edward McConnell & Co.)—U. S. Raincoat Co. 2,376.34
Meyer, Charles—L. Benjamin 174.55
Menoch, Joseph, and Empire Woodward Co.—P. Manowitz 136.01
Netherlands-American Trading Co., Inc. 14,280.01
N. Y. Rys. Co.—E. Edwards 300.00
Same—A. Edwards 350.00
Nathan, Leo—Foreign Trade Bankers Corp. 1,045.28
N. Y. Society for the Suppression of Vice—R. D. Halsey, costs 114.07
N. Y. Bake Rite Corp.—Albert R. Castle, Inc. 281.11
Nicholas, Celia—F. Zundell 1,141.79
Same—R. Landriani 813.18
Same—F. Zundell 216.50
Same—R. Landriani 587.65
Petroleum Producing & Refining Co.—D. Meltz 138.65
Rogers, Isidore, and Librae Holding Co.—S. Goldberg 140.29
Ross, Philip W.—E. H. Wiehle 963.40
Reichardt, Otto—C. P. Braitsch 1,637.39
R. L. Riccamboni Co., Inc.—Manhattan Electric Supply Co. 1,001.13
Soloway Lunch Co.—United Electric Light and Power Co. 281.14
Silver, Louis—Same 106.91
Superior, Nathan E. (N. E. Superior & Co.)—A. W. Watson et al. 386.50
Seigel, Max, and Harry (Max Seigel & Son)—H. Sellinger 524.45
Siegel, Marx—Henry B. Altman & Co., Inc. 741.85
Shack, Herman—State Industrial Commission 312.00
So Relle, Walter B.—A. Morris 364.36
Sino-North American Co., Ltd.—A. R. Hauser & Co. 110.00
Semple, T. Darrington—F. O'Byrne 110.00
Tynan, Daniel A.—C. Traugott 5,194.19
Tractor Pub. Co., Inc.—Essex Press, Inc. 430.92
Tischler, Simon E.—Thomas & Howard Co. 344.21
Thompson, Constantia—N. Y. Rys. Co., costs 108.95
T. W. Dinkin, Inc.—United Electric Light and Power Co. 586.56
United Boot Black Supply Co., Inc.—State Industrial Commission 540.00
Vana, Pell, or Paul—A. M. Stavisky et al. 596.24
Weill, Jacob, and Max Horowits—Hamilton Trust Co. 711.00
White, Henry S.—Bordentown Steel and Tube Corp. 2,880.29
Wiedhopf, Oscar—E. F. Duvrney et al. 159.72
Weinstock, Philip, and David Carlinsky—Richardson & Boynton Co. 124.32
Weiser, Charles—N. Machson 149.43
Whitney, Agnes—C. P. Martin 116.20
Wetmore, John J.—E. Speed 1,099.20
Wightman, Richard—A. J. James 158.90
Same—Same 432.90

In Bronx County.

Dickstein, Louis—Groller Society of London 352.60
Hays, Frances G.—D. Virtue 1,751.81
Jonschekowitz, Johanna—J. Jonschekowitz 79.15
Kleinberg, Abraham—P. Cahill 116.98
Ely, Mary E.—Hertz, Inc. 89.09
Mastellane, Edward—I. H. Bookman 144.72
Mirenberg, Herman—C. W. Hedell 4,894.96
Steiner, Samuel S.—J. Lazar 191.60
Schiffer, Anton—M. Zander 834.41
Zeidler, William A., admr.—Sandaus Contr. Co. 183.95

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

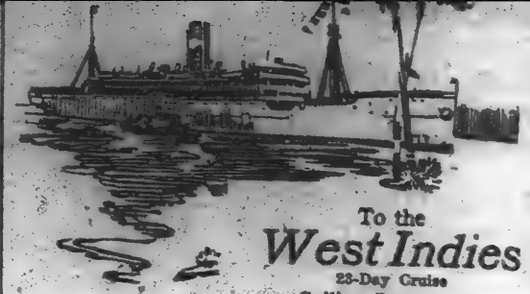
The first name is that of the debtor, the second the creditor and date when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Larkin Holding Co., Inc.—Continental Casualty Co.; Sept. 2, 1920. $104.17
Baltzselder, Frederick W. and Elizabeth R.—Ida E. Israel; Dec. 23, 1918. 121.40
Weinberg, Morris—C. Levy; March 2, 1912 29.41
Same, John—C. G. Sandler; Jan. 6, 1920 254.38
Weingarten, Max and Max Kornberg—Y. Carved Moulding Co.; March 14, 1918 129.15
Furchal, Bernard and Emanuel Malkin—C. D. Cohen et al.; Dec. 18, 1920. 1,148.61
Kornreich, Hyman—Montrose Silk Mills, Inc.; Nov. 30, 1920 2,015.40
Sivasilan, Minas and Leon Manigian—A. D. Sarkisian; Aug. 13, 1920 5,000.68
Freilinghuysen, Joseph S. and Wilkington Fire Ins. Co.—M. Robinson et al.; Oct. 19, 1920 812.00
Dunlap, Wm. A.—N. Y. Transportation Co.; Feb. 23, 1918 1,254.75
Pierce Arrow Renting Co., Inc.—S. Webber; Dec. 3, 1920 634.91
Milano Silk Weaving Co., Inc.—H. Hausman et al.; March 13, 1920 2,548.84
Levy, Samuel L. and Max Spahn—S. Horwitz et al.; Nov. 16, 1920 804.00
Homestead Lumber & Mfg. Co., Inc.—R. L. Haas Lumber Co.; Nov. 8, 1920 (vacated) 2,418.82
Same—Same; Nov. 8, 1920 (vacated) 1,338.73

In Bronx County.

Strauch, Abraham—Encyclopaedia Britannica Corp.; July 27, 1920 $154.65



To the
West Indies
23-Day Cruise
Sailing January 22
New S. S. TOLOA
One of the newest and largest of the GREAT WHITE FLEET, visiting
Havana, Santiago, Port Antonio, Kingston, Panama, Port Limon, Costa Rica
Rates, including shore excursions and all expenses, $450 and up.
Most luxurious steamer, especially built for pleasure travel to the tropics; many rooms with bedsteads, private bath and suites. Palm gardens, deck games, music, etc.
For particulars address Dept. G
FRANK TOURIST CO.
(Established 1875)
489 Fifth Av., Bet. 41st and 42d Sts., N. Y.
Telephone Vanderbilt 1200
Other Tours and Cruises to Japan, China—South America — Europe, Mediterranean—California, Honolulu—Bermuda — Florida, Cuba.
Send for Booklet of Tour Desired.

CUNARD-ANCHOR
A trip to Europe offers a great deal at the present time that is inviting to the American business man. The rapid growth of American commercial prestige has opened up many opportunities which should be studied on the ground. Travel on one of our steamers. Accommodations, general appointments and cuisine are unexcelled.

Passenger and Freight Services from New York			
VAUBAN	Liverpool	Jan. 5	—
CARONIA	Mediterranean Cruise, with Shore Excursions	Jan. 13

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....7½ to 8 p. c. for the best names
Monday .....7½ to 8 p. c. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Fair Day in Gray Goods.

Judged by recent standards, yesterday was a fair day in the local gray goods market. Sales for the most part were again confined to December-January deliveries. In the principths, 19-inch 64-64s brought 10 cents, and 39-inch 68-72s sold for 9¼ cents. For 37½-inch 64-64s, buyers paid 6¾ cents. Sales of 36-yard sheetings were made at 6¼ cents. About the only thing of interest in the specialities was the further trading that took place in 39-inch 64-64s, 4.20-yard sateens at 12½ cents.

***

Post-Holiday Sales Draw Well.

Although it is too early to get a real idea of how the shopping public will react to the post-holiday reductions in prices that have been announced by the retailers, there is little question but that they are drawing shoppers to the stores. Attendance yesterday at the "January" white sales that started on Monday was large, and it was said that Monday's was the attendance of the storm considered. With Monday's business limited by the weather and yesterday's sales figures not in hand at the time the inquiries were made, executives were not in a position to say just how much actual buying the new prices had brought about. The feeling was, however, that buying of staple and semi-staple goods would be active at the reductions, particularly after the public has had time to "get its bearings."

***

Less Lenient With Tardiness.

Now that the holiday rush is over and it is possible for retail stores to reduce their sales staffs, less leniency is being shown toward employes who are charged offenders against store rules. One thing in particular that is now frowned upon more than ever is tardiness. In some stores, inability to get to work in due season now costs employes their positions after they have offended a certain number of times. One store, at least, makes a point of posting "lay offs" for tardiness in a conspicuous place in the employes' rooms, presumably as a silent warning to others. Yesterday this list contained about thirty names.

***

One Store's Increase.

As an example of how far wrong reports of the recession in the large stores have gone, a retail executive yesterday quoted the sales figures of one institution which has been often referred to in the closing rumors. This store, he said, increased its business, $6,000,000, or over 20 per cent, in the year now coming to a close. The additional business was secured on a profitable basis and not through any special sacrifice. While inventory figures are awaited with interest, this retailer stated, the losses therein will be capital rather than actual losses.

***

New Suit Styles Attractive.

With the special study given to promoting the sale of women's suits for Spring, the manufacturers seem to have given equal importance to the element of price and style. Price appears to be the first consideration still, but style has become, and will continue to be, more of a factor. At present a survey of the market made by expert buyers indicates that suit styles are particularly good for the new season and the prices asked are reasonable. In the semi-staple lines, tricotines and poiret twills still remain favorites, taking almost 90 per cent of this business. Wool checks have been developed for the popular novelty trade, and jersey suits are promised their usual good demand. Three-piece suits are well thought of, particularly for the early season trade. Although Easter is early and may demand the coat or coat wrap, there is said to be an element of strength in the suit demand which it has lacked for the last two seasons.

***

Pressing or Waiting for Sales.

There are two clearly defined policies now being worked out by manufacturers in various lines. One calls for forcing sales pressure to develop business during the present unsettled period and the other favors waiting until conditions improve. Advantages are claimed for both systems. To put pressure on their sales a special effort to capture trade now added fruits are held forth when times become more normal. It is believed that the groundwork can be laid now for additional business in the future by those firms which are now fighting hard for orders. The "watchful waiters" contend there is nothing to be gained by seeking business until the buyers themselves grow more certain over prospects. It is the contention of this class that there is too great a risk of forcing purchases while uncertainty exists.

***

Await Inventory Ruling.

A ruling on inventories is expected today from the Treasury Department, which has had the matter under advisement. What the retailers through the National Retail Dry Goods Association have been seeking is a more simplified method of preparing their inventory figures than the one at first demanded. Merchants will be permitted to take inventory on the market instead of the cost price of merchandise, but to do so it was necessary to obtain numerous affidavits and other substantiation of the figures submitted. This, it was said yesterday at the Government officials, was too complicated a system to be carried out satisfactorily.

***

Ready-to-Wear Is Dull.

The holidays are causing the usual dullness in the women's ready-to-wear trade. Business is not expected to pick up until after the turn of the year, but at that time many buyers are expected in the market. The vanguard will come in next week and by the middle of the month orders for a good portion of Spring production will, it is thought, be taken. Several reports come from the men on the road, depending in large measure on the local conditions encountered. Some of the salesmen have been able to get a fairly satisfactory amount of business while others have failed to cover expenses. Quite a general report is that jobbers and buyers have expressed a desire to see for themselves just what conditions exist in the wholesale market before making their purchases.

***

Say Sellers Are Stubborn.

A considerably larger business might be done by sellers of unfinished cotton goods in the local market, it is asserted, were they less stubborn in the attitude they have taken about prices. Buyers assert that there is nothing in the present situation which justifies the maintenance of present levels, and that sellers know this just as well as they do. With surplus stocks and demand as they are, and with raw cotton scraping bottom, it is charged that gray goods prices are about half a cent a yard higher than they should be. Feeling this way, buyers naturally show little disposition to take anything they do not need for immediate use.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARTIFICIAL SILK Wanted—Quantities, H. S. Meriizer, 889 5th Av., New York. Murray Hill 2899.

CANTON CREPES Wanted—Better grades only. F. S. L. Manufacturing Company, 43 West 24th.

CANTON CREPES, Taffetas Wanted—Good quality. Countess Dress, 12 East 33d St.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Quantity Duplan's or Cheney's for cash. Dicker & Ginsberg, 22 West 32d St.

COATS and SUITS and WRAPS Wanted—Prominent jobber looking at Spring samples, medium and high priced. 29 West 30thP 6th floor.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on children's and juniors'; afternoons only. 901 East Broadway.

COATS Wanted—Infants' and children's, jobber looking at Spring samples. 64 West 21st.

COATS, SPRING, Wanted — Placing orders infants' intermediates. 4th floor, 19 West 24th.

COATS, WRAPS Wanted—High-grade; placing orders, afternoon only. 115 West 27th, 3d floor.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on Spring coats. Call with samples. 10 East 33d, first floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples better grade. 8th floor, 35 West 31st.

COATS Wanted—Open to buy Spring capes of the better class. H. D. Brous, 11 East 26th.

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Misses' and junior Spring samples. 15 East 30th, 5th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at coats and wraps for Spring. 110 West 28th, 6th floor.

COATS Wanted — Stouts; jobber placing orders. 6th floor, 142 West 29th St.

COATS and WRAPS Wanted—Fourth floor, 35 West 27th.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

15 cents per word. Two business and one bank reference required from advertisers.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

TWO young men of ability will invest about $7,500 in going manufacturing or jobbing business; now employed sales manager and salesman, respectively. A 1086 Times Harlem.

WILL INVEST $3,000, with executive services, in profitable wholesale or manufacturing business, shoes preferred; must stand investigation. E 93 Times.

SHOE man with $10,000 can become partner in an established shoe factory and good paying retail store. A 749 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED.

A COMPANY controlled by a young man with good references needs $25,000 immediately to finance the introduction of a new article on the metropolitan market; the article, which retails for 25 cents, has a distinct appeal to women, is the first in its field and protected by patents; the opportunity for a man who possesses the proper qualifications will include an active role in the management of the business, 36 per cent. of the stock of the company, and complete control of the invested capital. W 63 Times.

LEADING dress manufacturer, long established; doing too large turnover for capital invested, desires inactive special partner; will make liberal arrangement with satisfactory party; investment required, $25,000 up; business running close to $1,000,000 per annum. Dress, 36 N. Y. Times, Brooklyn.

PROMINENT dry goods broker desires to cooperate with party having capital to invest in the wholesale dry goods business; can submit sound proposition. S 735 Times Downtown.

PARTNER WANTED

TO INVEST IN FUR MANUFACTURING BUSINESS, ESTABLISHED FOR TWENTY YEARS, WITH ACTIVE INTEREST. I. ALTMAN, 114 WEST 28TH ST.

WANTED to buy modern broad silk mill of 300 to 500 looms; up-to-date machinery; must be a bargain. Clark, MacMullen & Riley, 101 Park Av., New York.

PARTNERSHIP in long-standing, profitable textile business offered to man of large means, willing to make small investment immediately. Y 2429 Times Annex.

CAPITAL needed to finance turnovers of army and navy surplus merchandise; big bargain, have options. Phone Barclay 10122, Room 2511, 15 Park Row.

FORD AGENCY, fine location, Queens Borough, unusual opportunity for active man with good working capital to obtain part interest. C 136 Times.

PARTNER wanted, business man with $2,500; long established candy and pastry business; act quick. A 1000 Times Harlem.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

DISTRIBUTERS for territorial rights throughout States for newly patented automobile accessory; excellent opportunity for men able to organize Mitchell & Livingston, Mohawk Building, 160 5th Av.

MANUFACTURERS—If you manufacture a superior product and desire it properly displayed and introduced in the Far West, we have an attractive proposition to offer you. W 87 Times.

ATTENTION EXPORTERS.

New York exporter leaving for South and Central America; have you any shipments returned or proposition to offer? Leon Labe, Baxter 5126.

MEMBER of firm in Paris importing here, ready to execute commissions, sailing Jan. 6; orders taken immediately for any importations. 500 5th Av., Room 481.

MACHINE work, patterns, castings, finished machines, lowest overhead possible. E. Worthmann Co., 3 Mulberry St., New York City.

GERMAN business connections made through advertising in Germany. M. J. Klein, World Bldg.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

MANUFACTURERS, ATTENTION.

We are now open for selling agency of various lines for east and export, established twelve years, maintaining sales office and show room in New York and warehouse in Jersey City, N. J.; communicate, giving full details. Sales Manager, Room 311, 1,101 Broadway, New York City.

ESTABLISHED knit goods and hosiery broker (Christian) desires co-operation of live salesman and executive; one with thorough knowledge of line; wonderful opportunity for high-calibre man; no attention given replies that do not state experience and details; highest references required; confidential. N 210 Times.

MANUFACTURER desires to negotiate with responsible firms or individuals to market in the United States output of an article of great interest to automobile and motorcycle owners; large financial returns. Apply in person or write, Troncarb, 335 East 32d St., New York City.

A GENTLEMAN of unusual integrity, with wide acquaintance among people of influence, is offered an opportunity to utilize his time and ability to advantage in newly incorporated organization; no stock proposition. J 353 Times.

WANTED—A manufacturer's line of men's and women's leather goods for permanent representation in Chicago; large following among the jobbing and premium trade. Answer, R. B. Deal, 115 South Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

EXECUTIVE, $1, aggressive, with many years training, is open for a proposition where efficiency and effort will return proportionate dividends to himself and associates; can make small investment. Y 2446 Times Annex.

LARGE Brooklyn machine shop has surplus capacity; can quote excellent prices and give good deliveries on quantity production work of all kinds. The Duplex Engine Governor Co., Inc.

FOR SALE.

WE ARE SPECIALISTS IN GARAGES. LARGEST SELECTION. BONA FIDE PROPOSITIONS FROM $2,500 TO $75,000. MONEY ADVANCED WHEN REQUIRED. L. SCHLEIFER CO., TIMES BLDG., B'WAY AND 42D ST. 196 RIVINGTON ST., NEAR WILLIAMSBURG BRIDGE PLAZA.

A REAL OPPORTUNITY—We must sell our established, well-advertised shipping room supplies and paper business; sales over $25,000 last year; very liberal terms. Call at once, Room 433, 47 West 42d St.

CLOAK, Suit and Dress Store, also ladies' tailoring; with or without stock; cheap rent; at a sacrifice. Economy Shop, 764 Coney Island Av., near Cortelyou Road, Brooklyn.

PERMITS for bus line, route 14 miles, starting in New York City, requires $30,000 to buy seven new buses and run business; can start operations at once or in Spring. Y 2440 Times Annex.

TEN SINGER SEWING MACHINES on tables, all ready with motor; also several counters; plant is ready to run; cheap rent, in Jersey City, on one of the main streets. Box 22, 209 Cable Building.

CANDY STORE on Broadway; established; modern; attractively fitted; manufacturing facilities; profitable opportunity man and wife. A 787 Times Downtown.

GARAGE, new building, 160x100; one-story; 50 posts. 513-17 West 130th, east of Broadway. Inquire within.

BUSINESS LOANS.

MONEY advanced on notes and trade acceptances, open accounts and other good securities. V 980 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

PATENTS—Over 75 years' practice; all communications strictly confidential; handbook on patents free on request; special facilities for office consultations. Munn & Co., patent attorneys, 315 Woolworth Building, New York.

BUYERS' WANTS.

COATS and WRAPS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring ladies,' juniors' and children's all week. 9th floor, 9 East 17th.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at coats, suits; also children's coats. Call all week mornings only, 13 East 23d (4th floor).

COATS Wanted—Jobber open for Spring coats and wraps; call all week. Rosing & Cohn, Inc., 1,333 Broadway.

COATS and WRAPS Wanted—Placing orders on high-grade coats and wraps for Spring. 10 East 33d, 6th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring suits and coats of the better kind. 236 5th Av., 7th floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at infants', intermediates, children's; Spring samples. 15 East 30th, 6th floor.

COATS, SUITS and WRAPS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples all this week. 37 East 22d St. (5th floor).

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Placing Spring orders. Call mornings. M. S. Kaufman, 6 West 32d St.

COATS Wanted—Adolphia Coat Co. looking for Spring coats. Karmel & Abramson, Breslin Hotel.

COATS (Children's) Wanted—Popular and better made, from 6 to 14. Call 12 West 22th. First floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring models. 5th floor, 29 West 27th.

CORDUROY Wanted—5000 firm finish, dark colors, for cash. Stuyvesant 2459.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Devonshire, goldbug, kiddy and peggy cloth; also white and khaki three-yard jeans; cash. Lewis & Buchalter, 67 5th Av.

COTTON GOODS Wanted — Amoskeag 19000 plaids; payment 10 days; submit pattern numbers. B 350 Times.

COTTON NETS Wanted—All counts; cash if cheap. Watkins 6955.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Eagles 684, dark shades; large quantity; price must be cheap for cash. Rosner Dress House, 106 West 32d.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Three thread; also crepe satin at once, price. Arlington Underwear, 105 East 29th.

CREPE Wanted—Canton, all shades. Marinac Young, 30 West 31st.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—68 and 72 pcik; cash. Cohen-Marks, Co., 36 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing stock orders on all models taffeta, Canton crepe, crepe de chine, meteor, poiret twills, tricotines and evening dresses from popular priced to highest grade. Submit samples 9-5 daily, 28 West 23d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber will pay cash for any quantity of tricotine, serge and silk dresses. 153 West 27th, 3d floor. Chelsea 7385.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing Spring orders; call with samples. Betty Dress Co., 1,123 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring styles, better grade, from contractor only. 40 West 34th. 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber buying high-class tricotine dresses. Sample Room, 20 West 32d, 11th floor.

GEORGETTE AND CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Will buy at very low figures for cash; submit samples. Clover Garment Co., 23 West 32d.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Any color or in the greige, for spot cash. Stavisky & Greenstone, 102 East 32d St.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Also crepe de chines in gray and finished. Adams, 40 West 22d.

GINGHAMS Wanted—We are open for ginghams in Southern, Amoskeag, Bates and Andersons, in all latest patterns; also for trimming for children's dresses. Banner Mfg. Co., care of Cutler George Hotel, M. L. Dickman, Ph. Sherman.

JAPS Wanted—1¼ to 5¼ momme, in henna, for cash. Madison Square 2612. 43 East 31st, 1st floor.

JEANS Wanted—Pacific, Lonsdale or Hill's Barbara Frietchie. Middy Corp., 19 East 17th.

LININGS Wanted—Printed Japs; quantity. Rosenfeld Bros. & Rosenberg, 22 West 21st.

PLAIDS Wanted—All wool; also Dewkist and Baronette satins; at price; cash. Fabiless, 1,123 Broadway.

POIRET TWILL Wanted—Quantity better grade. Bernstein, 31 West 31st. Longacre 4134.

POIRET TWILLS Wanted—Better grades only. F. S. L. Mfg. Co., 43 West 24th.

POIRET TWILL, Gera Wanted—50236, navy only. Fitzroy 4876.

POIRET TWILL Wanted—Gera Mills 50236. Franklin 1774.

POPLIN Wanted—Susquehannas faille lustre or similar grade; must be cheap; spot cash. Rosner Dress House, 106 West 32d.

POPLIN Wanted—Max Fischel 731, black. Franklin 1774.

SATIN Wanted—Baronet, all shades; also any kind of fancy silk and linings; also white Venetians. Eagle Mills, 54 East 11th. Stuyvesant 6760.

SATINS (Wash) Wanted—Flesh; open for large quantity at a price for cash. Adelson, 387 4th Av.

SERGES Wanted—Open for a quantity at a price; 7120, 7512 and other numbers similar to these for spot cash. Weisen & Goldstein, 1,107 Broadway, 10th floor.

SERGES Wanted—54289, 54296; also plaids; must be cheap; will pay cash. Madison Square 6863.

SERGES Wanted—French, to cost from $1 to $1.25 cash. Myer Gans Co., 151 West 26th.

SERGES Wanted—1632, 104, 1464, 0936, quantity at right price. Bernstein, Longacre 4134.

SERGES Wanted—Whitman 99, navy, for cash. A. Zimmerman, 55 East 11th.

SERGES Wanted—0936, 235, 838 navy and black. Madison Square 1969.

SERGE Wanted—Walworth 3715. Franklin 1774.

SHIRTS Wanted—Open for quantity men's shirts; $7; stock goods only. Apply 9 o'clock H. E. Ullman, Room 1303, 116 West 32d St.

SILKS Wanted—Will buy for spot cash, ¾ and 5-thread crepe de chines; also crepe meteors, radiums, satins, messalines, georgettes, taffetas, crepe silks, printed georgettes; also all kinds of shirtings and all kinds of remnants in silk from 1¼ yards up. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 2073.

SILKS Wanted—Open for quantity of flowered silk linings; must be very cheap. 1 East 28th (6th floor).

SILKS Wanted—Wash satin; open to buy quantity at a price; cash. Rosenthal Bros., 136 West 31st.

SILK Wanted—Satin, 40 inch, all colors, at $1.35; 8 off cash. Madison Square 1803.

SILKS Wanted—Plain radium linings. Schwartz Bros., 150 West 22d.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Lightweight, any quantity, cash. Betty Dress Co., 1,123 Broadway.

SKIRTS Wanted—Placing orders for Spring line. Brown Cloak & Suit, 43 West 33d.

SUEDINE Wanted—13063; all colors. Sprinz 8670.

SUITS AND WRAPS Wanted—Jobber placing quantity orders on high-class suits and wraps. See our Mr. Lawrence, 12th floor, 12 West 27th St.

SUITS Wanted—Popular and better made for misses, juniors and ladies. Call 12 West 27th, 1st floor.

SUITS—Wraps wanted, jobber looking at Spring line popular prices. A Jacobs, 30 West 32d.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring coats, suits and dresses. 6-8 East 27th, 14th floor.

SUITS, WRAPS Wanted—High grade jobber placing orders. 19 Madison Av. (13th floor).

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at better grade suits. 31 West 31st, 4th floor.

SUITS Wanted—Placing orders for Spring line. Brown Cloak & Suit, 43 West 33d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Open for large quantity, brown, navy and also other colors; bring sample piece with you. Wiesen & Goldstein, 1,107 Broadway, cor. 24th, 10th floor.

TAFFETA Wanted—Will buy for cash any quantity, good quality only. 5th floor, 28 West 33d. Telephone Pennsylvania 6330, Mr. Jacobs.

TAFFETAS and CANTONS Wanted—All colors; will pay cash if price is right. Schlesinger & Wolper, 206 5th Av.

TAFFETA Wanted—U. & D. Stahl or similar; also crepe de chine, 5 thread. Elrich & Bro., 153 West 27th.

TAFFETAS AND CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Large quantity. Zeits & Levin, 2 West 33d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—For cash, 3249 and 206 or similar, all shades. Letzter, 453 4th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy and brown; any quantity, for cash. Blau & Hirsch, 143 Madison Av.

TAFFETAS, GEORGETTES, JAPS Wanted—All shades, at a price. Max Levine, 146 West 38th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Open to buy quantity, navy, Belgium and brown. Sico, 37 West 32d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy, black, brown, gray, cash. Bildmore Dress, 6 West 20th.

TAFFETAS and CREPE DE CHINES Wanted. Betty Dress Co., 1,123 Broadway.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Changeable and solids, and shades. Bu-Ti-Maid, 142 West 27th.

TAFFETA Wanted—Good quality brown taffetas. Harry Eidlinger, 30 West 27th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—All colors, all qualities. Stern, Miller Co., 22 West 32d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Quantity for cash. Kabat Bros., 30 West 25th.

TAFFETAS Wanted — All colors. Brodie-Siegel Co., 53 West 27th.

TRICOTINE and Serges Wanted—0388 and 7301. Sol Levine & Co., 12 West 27th.

TRICOTINES wanted for cash; 0888, 8178, 5782, 3954 and others. Stuyvesant 8459.

TRICOTINES Wanted — Good quality. Schwartz Bros., 150 West 22d.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Read's [illegible] navy and tan. Murray Hill 3912.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Navy, Andrews's 8788 or Deland's 817-B; open to buy 50 pieces for cash. J. Klotz & Epstein, 34 West 22d St. Gramercy 1818.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Gotfa, Gets or Whitman; 36-inch cotton yarn in colors. Phillips-born, 915 Broadway, Mr. Pike.

TRICOTINES Wanted—0388, Andrews, 0888 or [illegible] 0936 American, Black. Madison Square 2915.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Any good makes, to cost from $3 to $3.10 cash. Myer Gans Co., 151 West 26th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Open to buy 100 pieces in navy at $2. Princess Dress, 25 West 31st St.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Navy, immediate delivery, for cash. National Dress, 126 West 30th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Navy, large quantity; price $2 to $2.25. Karl Light, 129 W. 27th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—2002, 5036, 0888, 817, quantity at right price. Longacre 4134.

TWILL CORDS Wanted—F. & H. 1081 tricoline, 0388. Watkins 3841.

UNDERWEAR Wanted—J. Fox & Co., Hartford, Conn., is open for quantity bargain basement merchandise consisting of waists, knit and muslin underwear, hosiery, house dresses, aprons and petticoats. Send samples marked "Attention, Bargain Basement!"

VELOURS AND POLOS Wanted—Heavy weight, for cash. Watkins 3848.

VOILES, Organdies, Batistes Wanted—Below market. 315 4th Av. Room 1706.

WAISTS Wanted—Placing orders for Spring line. Brown Cloak & Suit, 43 West 33d.

WOOLENS Wanted—All kinds woolens at a price. Oscar Kirsch, 58 West 22d.

YARN Wanted—Artificial silk, at a price, for cash. Watkins 2487.

Contracts Wanted.

CONTRACTOR on kimonos desires connection with manufacturer or jobber. D 269 Times.

PATERSON silk manufacturer having sixty box looms, is open for commission or consignment work; Canton crepe a specialty. Apply Y 2431 Times Annex.

WANTED work on commission for 16 broad ribbon looms; also warping; reference given. K 338 Times.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARMY GOODS—Jerkins's, finest lot, immediate delivery from floor; also other merchandise bargains; bring cash. Waldon, 106 5th Av.

BRAIDS, staple and fancy; first quality goods; large quick sale before inventory. Phone Spring 8244.

CANTON CREPES—All shades, good quality; immediate delivery. Letzter, 453 4th Av.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES—Closing out gingham, serges at a price. David Harris, 38 West 34th.

COATEES—Plush, also cloth coats, jobs, fur trimmed, close out, exceptionally low prices. Korostoff, 12 West 21st st.

COATEES, Coats, Plushes, long, short, fur trimmed, plain; sacrificing prices. Singer & Son, 36 West 27th.

COATEES — Plush, best fur trimming, for cheapest price. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

COATS AND WRAPS—Immediate delivery; chamoisyna, evoras, valdyna, tasmanias, bolivia, &c.; nutria, Australian opossum and raccoon trimmed; also a large assortment of cheaper coats at a price. Stollerman, Donovan & Barkman, 1,140 Broadway.

COATS AND WRAPS—Fur trimmed and plain; wonderful variety of style; made in the season's most desirable fabrics; priced exceptionally well. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

COATS and Wraps—Fur trimmed and plain; all silk lined; wonderful variety of styles; made in the season's most desirable fabrics; very low prices. Leipzig & Rosenberg, 122 West 27th St.

COATS—Wraps, Bolivias, velours, neutria, raccon, Australian opposum collars, snappy styles, prices exceptionally low for January sales. Rothblum Goldberg, 33 West 28th.

COATS — Infants', intermediates and children's cloth and pile fabric coats to close out, $1.50 up. Rosenfeld Bros. & Rosenberg, 22 West 21st St.

COATS, WRAPS AND SUITS below cost—Silvertones, velours, Bolivias trimmed with Australian opossum, nutria and seal. Elkin, 106 West 32d.

COATS—150 assorted ladies' light woolen; only from Paris; immediate delivery. Gamble, 280 Broadway, Room 231. Worth 1789.

COATS—2,000, sacrifice, including our silk plush, fur-trimmed coatees, $9.75. Gelfond, 141 West 28th.

COATS—Wrappy styles, large fur collars, cheap; also plain and fur trimmed suits. Lee Hexter & Co., 38 West 25th.

COATS—Closing out wonderful selection of suedine and bolivia with fine fur collars; call at once. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS—225 Australian opossum-trimmed; closing out at $19.75; also others, cheap. Ulius Bros., 37 West 32d.

COATS, WRAPS—Trimmed with squirrel, opossum, beaver-rite and sealine; 300; will sacrifice. Marcus Klipper & Co., 34 W. 27th.

COATS, SUITS AND WRAPS—Spring's smart models now ready. N. Hurwitz & Son, 28 West 31st.

COATS—Desirable lot ladies' and misses' fur-trimmed, to close out at sacrifice prices. Norwalk Bros., 105 Madison Av.

COATS—In plush and cloth, to close out at sacrifice. Brown Cloak and Suit, 43 West 33d.

COATS—Children's, juniors' and ladies', for January sales. D. Kantor & Wasserman, 3 East 17th.

COATS—200 wraps and coats, better grade, fur trimmed and plain, at sacrifice prices. Rubinstein & Dochter, 140 West 22d.

COATS AND SUITS—Fur trimmed, better grades; close out at sacrifice. J. S. Waxman, 22 West 15th. Chelsea 8332.

COATS, fur trimmed; velour silvertone and swedine for January sales. Rosenberg Bros., 26 West 17th St.

COATS AND SUITS—Season's best styles, fur-trimmed, sacrifice. Cooper, Lananer & Cooper, 115 West 27th.

COATS, Suits, jobs, leading materials; raccoon and opossum trimmed; sacrifice. Ohringer, 9 West 20th.

COATS—Jobs 200 infants' and children's to close out at a sacrifice. Scharf, Hirson & Shapiro, 136 West 31st. Watkins 226.

COATS—Sacrificing stock beaver, racoon, Australian collars, $25.50. Bernstein, 31 West 31st.

COATS—Last 100 Fall coats; will accept reasonable offer. American Cloak Co., 11 West 17th.

COATS—Closing out jobs, heavy all wool velour, 5 styles with fur collars; $6.75. A. Jacobs, 30 West 32d.

COATS—Ladies' cloth coats, plush coatees; close out for January sale, $6.75 up. Frank, 48 West 22d.

COATS—Ladies', misses' and juniors' to close out very cheap. Schwartz & Zemsky, 33 East 9th.

COATS—Closing out Fall stock plain and fur-trimmed; sacrifice. Kaplan & Weinstein, 133 West 21st.

COATS—Children's, juniors', ladies', fur trimmed; close out. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d.

COATS—Sacrificing Bolivias, suedines, plain and fur-trimmed. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

COATS AND WRAPS—1,000 to close out at a price. Monarch Garment Co., 236 5th Av.

COATS — Girls' close out very cheap. Kramer, 12 West 31st. Longacre 4532.

COATS, Suits, Dresses—Closing out entire stock. Meyer Cohen, 19 Madison Av.

COATS AND WRAPS—Of the better kind, close out. 32 East 31st, tenth floor.

COATS—Children's cloth coats; sacrifice for January sale. Rolly Polly, 48 West 22d.

COATS, all lined, to close out; cheap. Blumenson & Co., 56 West 22d.

COATS—1300, at a great sacrifice. 40 West 27th, 4th floor.

COLLARS—Large quantity of men's soft and stiff collars in popular brand, staple styles, good sizes, at a sacrificing price. Canal 3388.

CORDUROYS — 9000, 813, all colors; also remnants. Stuyvesant 1404.

COTTON GOODS—Four cases of Catlin's mottled flannel hemlock, reasonable. Telephone Walker 6044.

CREPE DE CHINE—Crepe meteors and georgettes, 52 colors, and silks of every description, for spot delivery; prices far below manufacturing cost; export trade solicited. M. Marks Co., 384 4th Av. Madison Square 7300.

CREPE DE CHINE—All shades, good for manufacturing and expert trade; prices below manufacturing cost. Amin Merhige, Bowery 4887.

DRESSES—Contractor has 1,000 tricotines to be picked off the racks for half the price. Jeanne Mfg., 129 West 31st.

DRESSES—Jobbers! Jobbers! Spring line of better grade advanced models now ready. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES on the racks; closing out 800 tricotine and serges; good styles. Pomick, Nonas Co., 12 West 21st.

DRESSES—200 high-class silk velour, tricotine dresses at a sacrifice to close out. Fanchon, 41 West 32d.

DRESSES, 500 serge and tricotine, $6.75, to close out. Women's Wear Stock Exchange, 13 West 31st St.

DRESSES—1,000 tricotines, at $6.75, for January sales. F. W. R. Dress Co., 11 West 20th.

DRESSES—Tricotine, serge, charmeuse, to close out. 510 6th Av., between 36th and 31st Sts., 6th floor.

DRESSES—Jobs charmeuse, velour and serge dresses, close out very cheap. 51 West 31st St., ninth floor.

DRESSES—Closing out at sacrifice prices, satins, charmeuse, &c. L. Frank & Son, 6 West 32d.

DRESSES—All wool tricotine Spring models to close out at a price. Brill Dress Mfg., 118 West 27th.

DRESSES—4,000 stout dresses, cloth and silk, to close out at your own price; wonderful values for your special sales; also showing our Spring line of canton crepes, taffetas and crepe de chines at our well-known popular prices. Popular Price Dress Co., 18 West 27th.

DRESSES—We have about 2,000 all-jersey dresses, embroidered on waist and skirt, at the unusually low price of $5.75; also tricotines and serges at remarkably low prices; if interested, call or write. Goldblatt & Schaeffler, 130 West 25th. Chelsea 3206.

DRESSES—For buyers interested in running sales on dresses of the better kind we have to offer our surplus stock of tricotine, satin, crepe and imported de chine, in assorted lot at an average price to meet their requirements. Princess Dress House, 25 West 31st.

DRESSES—New models of Spring styles, in all materials, at very low prices for January sales; ready for immediate delivery. George Kuhn, 148 West 36th.

DRESSES—300 of better kind at sacrifice; tricotine, velvets, charmeuse and evening gowns; no reasonable offer refused. Hahn-Benjamin, 143 West 29th.

DRESSES—Spring line of better grade, advanced models in the latest materials, for immediate delivery at lowest prices. Ben Ray Dress, 510 6th Av.

DRESSES—Taffetas, canton crepes, charmeuse, Spring models; 5% gross profits; special Canton crepe dress, $14.75. Wm. Greenberg, 877 8th Av.

DRESSES — Serge and tricotine dresses; must be disposed of this week; wonderful bargains for your January sales. Rosen & Co., 23 West 20th.

DRESSES—Styles especially designed to put action into January sales; our regular $22.75 models now $10.75. M. Strachner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES—About 50 sample dresses, taffetas, poiret twills, tricotines of the better kind to close out. F. S. L. Mfg. Co., 43 West 24th.

DRESSES—Beautiful assortment of smart evening dresses to close out at exceptionally low price. Princess Dress House, 25 West 31st.

DRESSES—50, high-class, duvetyn and chiffon velvet, to close out at an exceptionally low figure. Princess Dress House, 25 West 31st.

DRESSES—5,000 tricotine, serge, velour, and velvet at sacrifice prices; also jobs in samples of taffeta and satin dresses. Pan American Dress Co., 12 West 21st St.

DRESSES—Closing out our new Spring line, consisting of taffetas, georgettes; very new and snappy styles. 303 5th Av., Suite 1904.

DRESSES—Big bargains; wool velour, $6.75; wool serges, embroidered, $6.75; satins, close out. Loeb-Nussbaum, 119 West 23d.

DRESSES — Closing out checked velour, beaded satin and beaded georgette at a sacrifice. Gold Dress, 142 West 27th.

HOSE, Underwear, Waists—Entire stock high-class merchandise to sacrifice. Diamond, 36 West 34th.

HOSIERY—20,000 dozen ladies' and men's cotton hose, all colors, first quality, 67½c to $1.10 dozen; ladies' mercerized seamed back, first quality, $2.85 dozen; sacrificing big jobs in heavy wool hose. Quinto Co., 1,123 Broadway.

HOSIERY—Women's heather stockings, $3.75, $3.50 and $4 dozen; men's, $3.50, $4.50 and $6.50 dozen. Simon-Kahn, 911 Broadway.

HOSIERY—2,500 dozen men's cashmerette, Oxford color, first quality, 176 needle; f. o. b. mill; net cash, $1. Worth 1904.

PETTICOATS, Waists, Children's Dresses, Skirts—Closing out $50,000 stock, exceptional low prices; take advantage, buy now. Greater N. Y., 244 5th Av.

PETTICOATS—Fine cotton in black and colors, assorted styles. Jacobson, 1,123 Broadway, market price. Simon-Kahn, 911 Broadway.

PETTICOATS—Sateen, 500 dozen black, to close out at $6. Stylish Petticoat, 8 West 29th.

REMNANTS—Nice lot of woolen remnants. I. Weinstein & Bro., 159 Madison Av.

SERGES and Tricotines—7614, 7512, 7120, BPNL, PPL, WFX, 54289, 4061, 5808, 0936, 838, 7008, 9056, 809, DRW; Andrews, Gera tricotines and others. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway, Spring 2715.

SERGES—780 and 994 and 3715 and 834; velour, bolivia, plain and silvertip; below market. Sipkis & Gorschen, 15 East 26th.

SERGES, Tricotines, Polos—Spring shades, 0388, 0936, 833; also plushes. Stuyvesant 8458.

SERGES—Amoskeag, 8850; black and navy; others. Warren Woolen, 41 West 25th.

SERGES, Tricotines—7301, 7120, 7614, 11433, 0936, 235, 5782; cheap. Watkins 2195.

SERGES—104, 0936, 235, 11433, 7120, 7301, 7512, 7614, 1464. Madison Square 1540.

SERGE—Fifty pieces Garfield and Gera, cheap. Longacre 2329.

SHIRTS—We will sacrifice our over $100,000 stock of dress, work and flannel shirts at 50 to 60% loss for disposal before inventory taking. Samuel Meltzer Co., 739 Broadway.

SKIRTS—3,000 all-wool plaids specially priced to put action into January sales. Hahn, 9 West 20th.

SKIRTS—Wool, plaid, pleated for January sales, at unheard of prices. Correct Skirt, 15 West 24th St.

SKIRTS—All-wool plaids, serges, to close out. 111 West 17th, 1st floor.

SKIRTS—All wool plaids, to close out. M. & L., 133 West 23d.

SUITS—Misses' Fall suits, fur trimmed and plain, to close out at low prices. Davidson & Vorck, Inc., 26 West 26th.

SUITS, fur trimmed, velour, serge and tailored oxfords, for January sales. Rosenberg Bros., 26 West 17th St.

SUITS—100 to close out at a sacrifice price. YWeiner-Hussey

Government Bonds
Investment Securities
Foreign Exchange
Letters of Credit

Correspondents of
Baring Brothers & Co., Ltd.
LONDON

A Ten-Year Call on Stock

is possible at a price considerably below the average annual quotation for the past six years, through purchase of

Cerro de Pasco Copper Corporation

Ten-Year Convertible Sinking Fund 8% Gold Bonds

which sell at a

Price to Yield 8%

Write for circular which gives full particulars.

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street, New York

THROUGH close wire connections with the principal financial centres of the United States, we are in a specially favorable position to obtain present and past quotations on stocks and bonds. This service is

To Executors And Trustees

one of particular advantage to Executors and Trustees in determining a just valuation of securities held in Estates. We also execute orders for the purchase or sale of stocks and bonds listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Spencer Trask & Co.
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange
Members Chicago Stock Exchange

Legal Investment for
New York Savings Banks
and Trustees

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes

CITY OF
Flint, Mich.
5% Bonds

DUE
March 15th and April 1st
1936 to 1949

Price 98 and Interest
Yielding about
5.20% to 5.125%

Send for Circular T-159

R. M. GRANT & CO.
31 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK
Boston St. Louis Chicago

Lower Prices

for commodities and for stocks anticipate easier money. Easier money means higher prices for well secured bonds.

WE recommend long term railroad bonds to certain classes of investors.

Roosevelt & Son.
Founded 1797
Seasoned Investments
30 Pine Street, New York

A quiet money market prevailed yesterday, with rates for all periods unchanged; a bond market in which some prices went slightly higher and others slightly lower; a foreign exchange market whose rates moved with similar lack of uniformity; a commodity market in which wheat declined and cotton went to the low price of the year and the lowest since the middle of 1916; a stock market which, in its mixture of advances and declines, was pretty much a duplicate of Monday's. The day's whole movement of values was little more than embodiment of the utter perplexity of the financial mind, tinged with the disappointment which perhaps supersedes all other considerations. A further rise in United States war bonds was the one incident in harmony with the period.

In the rather unusually long list of separate shares dealt in on the Stock Exchange, net declines were the more numerous, yet the day's net advances much more nearly balanced them than a glance at the table would suggest. Railway stocks as a group were distinctly strong; while most of the changes in price were comparatively unimportant, only two or three lost ground and several advanced a point or more. Aside from the fact, on which professional Wall Street lays much stress, that losses for income tax returns cannot be so easily "established" by selling railway shares at ruling prices as by selling industrial shares, more consideration is evidently being granted to the difference in the position of the two groups of enterprises, as compared with a year ago.

What is particularly to the point, the November earnings of the railways, now in course of publication, are making very different and far more favorable comparisons with 1919 than did those of September and October. Companies which in those months actually reported smaller net receipts than a year ago have a substantial increase to show for November. This result is obtained in most cases through much larger net earnings than in other months since the new rates were effective, and the larger net receipts are a consequence of lighter operating expenses. That is precisely what railway managers had predicted; the retroactive part of the July wage award must now have been pretty much allowed for in the monthly accounts.

The day's weakness in various speculative industrial shares occurred from the same causes and under the same kind of selling as has characterized the market for them all this month. Possibly the passing of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company's dividend, for the first time since 1896, had its effect; though the action was not unexpected and the company's stock declined only a fraction. But the accompanying statement of net profits for the present calendar year is a somewhat striking sidelight on the effect of the falling prices for commodities like copper. Even with the fourth quarterly dividend omitted, the actual deficit after dividends for the year is $4,400,000. Probably the suspension of dividends would have been noted earlier in the year but for belief in the copper trade, as in others, that prices of commodities were bound to recover in the Autumn.

The striking inference from the figures of agricultural exports for November, published yesterday by the Government, is their proof that the whole decrease in last month's export values as compared with 1919 occurred in products of the farm. This is quite contrary to the popular impression, which has been that our export trade was at present being sustained only by grain and cotton. But while November's total exports were $65,000,000 less than in the preceding year, its agricultural exports fell off $69,100,000.

From this it follows that, notwithstanding the lower prices and the financial reaction in foreign importing markets, last month's exports of non-agricultural goods were actually $4,100,000 greater in total value than in November of 1919. Probably the iron and steel trade accounts for most of this. In October, when general conditions were the same, our export of wholly or partly manufactured goods increased $59,000,000 over 1919, and the complete report on that month's trade showed that the textile industry contributed $3,000,000 to this increase, the chemical industry $2,000,000, the automobile industry $10,600,000 and the steel and iron industry $27,800,000.

MONEY.

TUESDAY, DEC. 28, 1920.

Money on call on the Stock Exchange ruled at 7 per cent. all day Tuesday. In time money the market was quoted at previously prevailing quotations, 7½ @ 7½ per cent. on mixed collateral, all dates, and 7½@7¾ per cent. on all industrials. The market is quiet, with the demand for new accommodation very light. No changes were reported in either commercial paper or bankers' acceptances. Here, too, business continues quiet and narrow.

Call Loans.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Last.	Monday's Last.
7	7	7	7	7

Time Loans

Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days.....7½@7¾
4, 5 and 6 months.....7¼@7½
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days..7¼@7¾
4, 5 and 6 months.....7¼@7¾

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months.....7¼@8
Other names, 3 to 6 months.....8 @8¼

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days 6
Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days.....6
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days..6

Open Market Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call....6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....6%@6½
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....6%@6½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....8 @7½

London Market.

Money in London market unchanged at 4½ per cent.; short bills and three months' bills unchanged at 5% per cent. Gold bullion at the London market up 9d at 116s 9d per fine ounce. Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Tuesday's exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $757,658,426; balances, $68,542,654; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $56,628,973; exchanges this day a year ago, $1,226,449,534.

Canadian Railroads.

INTERCHANGE TO RESUME

New Agreement Provides for Exchange of Equipment on Basis of $1 a Day Rate.

The Mexican Government has accepted the terms of a contract prepared by the American Railway Association covering the loss of American and Canadian rolling stock in Mexico and the interchange of equipment between Mexican railroads and those of the United States and Canada. The contract, signed by Francisco Pares, General Director of the Mexican Government Railroad Administration, was received by the American Railway Association yesterday. The following official statement covering the agreement was issued:

"Under this agreement, cars belonging to American and Canadian railroads which were delivered to Mexican railroads prior to Jan. 1, 1918, are to be considered as sold to the Mexican railroads at their cost price less depreciation, with 6 per cent. simple interest from the date of delivery of the cars. All repair bills in connection with such cars are to be cancelled. All Mexican cars upon American railroads are to be returned to Mexico as promptly as possible, and all cars delivered since Jan. 1, 1918, are to be paid for at book value less depreciation, with 6 per cent. simple interest from date of destruction. All per diem charges are to be mutually cancelled. The Mexican railways are to make an initial payment of 25 per cent. within thirty days after the execution of the contract, and to pay the balance in three equal instalments six months apart.

"The sum of 468 American freight cars are involved in this settlement, valued at approximately $2,252,000, and the estimated interest due to Jan. 1, 1921, is approximately $93,000.

"The Mexican Government has made a first payment of $130,000, and on Jan. 1, 1921, free interchange of traffic between the railways of this country and Mexico will be re-established. Before to-day's session of the Stock Exchange closed, however, the market had begun to show a recovery from the day's lows, and the closing was strong.

Report He Will Have a Part in Return of Railways to Owners.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 28.—Newspapers of this city give much publicity to the expected arrival here this week of William G. McAdoo, former United States Secretary of the Treasury, who is said to be representing stockholders of the Mexican National Railways.

Some journals assert that Mr. McAdoo will play an important part in the contemplated return of the national lines by the Government to the original owners.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

TUESDAY, DEC. 28, 1920.

Day's Sales.	Monday.	Saturday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
816,338	656,461	Holiday.	1,410,000	933,594

	Year to Date.	Same Period 1919.	Same Period 1918.	Same Period 1917.
	220,536,098½	311,041,141	143,360,989	184,596,340

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
23	25	100	Adams Express	22½	22½	22½	22½	+ ½
14½	14¾	100	Advance Rumely	14½	14½	14½	14½	+ ½
44	45½	200	Do pf	45½	45½	43½	45½	+ ½
24¾	25	1,000	Ajax Rubber	24½	25	24¾	24¾	+ ½
⅝	1	500	Alaska Gold Mines	⅞	1	⅞	⅞	+ ⅛
½	1	400	Alaska Juneau	1	1	⅞	⅞	...
43⅜	44¼	2,200	Allied C. & D. w. i.	45⅝	45⅝	43¾	44¼	- ⅝
27½	28½	2,500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	27½	28	27½	28	+1
68½	69	700	Do pf	68½	69	68½	69	+1½
54¾	55	2,400	Am. Ag. Chemical	54¾	55	54¾	55	- ¼
79	80	200	Do pf	80	80	80	80	...
37¾	38½	100	Am. Beet Sugar	37½	37¾	37¾	37¾	+ ¼
48	49	500	Am. Bosch Mag	48½	48¾	48¼	48¾	+ ¾
40	42	200	Am. Brake S. & F	42¾	42¾	41¾	41¾	+ ¾
22¾	23	2,500	American Can	22⅝	23¼	22¾	22¾	+ ¼
76	77¾	1,400	Do pf	77	78¼	77	77	+ ¾
116¾	117¾	1,900	Am. Car & Fdy	116⅝	117⅜	116⅝	117⅛	+1
16	16½	900	Am. Cotton Oil	16¾	16⅝	16	16	- ⅛
6¾	7⅛	1,800	Am. Drug. Synd	6¾	7	6¾	6¾	- ⅛
117	120	100	American Express	120	120	120	120	+6⅞
38	38½	900	Am. Hide & L. pf	38½	38½	37¾	38	+ ⅛
31½	31¾	6,500	Am. International	31¾	32⅜	31¼	31⅝	- ⅛
8½	8⅞	300	Am. La F. Fire En	9	9	8¾	8¾	- ⅛
44⅝	45¼	400	Am. Linseed	45	45	44⅝	45	...
78	78½	900	Am. Locomotive	78	78	77	77	- ½
64⅝	66½	100	Am. Radiator	65½	66½	65½	65¾	- ⅞
6¾	7⅛	4,700	Am. Safety Razor	7⅛	7⅜	6⅞	6⅞	- ⅛
8⅜	8⅞	2,900	Am. Ship & Com	8⅝	8½	8⅜	8⅜	+ ⅛
30½	31	9,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref	29¼	31	29¼	30½	+ ¾
65	65¾	2,100	Do pf	64½	66	64½	65¾	- ⅛
60	62	300	Am. Sm. Sec. pf. A	61	61½	61	61	- ⅞
90	92	100	American Snuff	91	91	91	91	+ ⅝
28½	28⅞	1,000	Am. Steel Found	28⅝	28⅞	28¾	28¾	- ⅛
89	89½	2,900	Am. Sugar Ref	88¾	89¾	88¾	89	+1
98½	99	300	Do pf	99	99	98¾	99	...
70½	71	600	Am. Sumatra Tob	70	70	70¼	70¼	- ¾
78¾	84½	100	Do pf	81	81	81	81	+1½
93¾	94½	8,600	Am. Tel. & Tel	94½	95½	93¾	94½	- ⅞
109	111	1,600	American Tobacco	105¾	109¼	105¾	109	...
106¾	107½	1,500	Do, Class B	106¾	107⅝	106¾	107¼	- ⅛
56	56¼	8,900	American Woolen	56½	58¾	55½	56	- ¼
90½	94	100	Do pf	90¼	90¾	90¼	90¼	+ ¾
28½	29½	1,400	Am. Writ. Pap. pf	29	29	25¾	28¾	+ ¾
6½	6¾	400	Am. Zinc, L. & S	6⅝	6¾	6½	6¾	+ ⅛
30⅝	31	19,700	Anaconda Copper	31½	31⅞	30¾	31	- ⅛
2¾	2¼	100	Assets Realization	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	...
20	20½	1,050	Asso. Dry Goods	18⅝	20¼	18⅝	20¼	+1⅝
38	40½	100	Do 2d pf	38¾	38¾	38¾	38¾	- ⅛
79½	80¾	7,000	At. T. & S. F	80½	80¾	78¾	79⅜	- ⅛
76½	76¾	700	Do pf	76⅝	76¾	76¼	76¼	- ¾
5¾	5½	800	Atl., Birm. & At	4¾	5¼	4¾	5¼	+ ⅛
83	90	100	Atlantic Coast Line	83	85	83	83	+ ⅝
6½	7¾	100	Atlantic Fruit	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	- ⅛
93	93½	12,000	Atl. Gulf & W. I	97	97	93¼	94¼	- ⅞
47	49	600	Do pf	50	50	48¼	48¼	- ¾
13¼	15¾	600	Atlas Tack	14¾	14¾	13¾	13¾	-1⅛
18½	18¾	1,100	Austin, Nichols	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	+ ⅛
13¼	13½	100	Do pf	50½	50½	50½	50½	-1½
45	45½	300	Auto Sales pf	10	10	40½	9½	+ ⅛
5½	7	10,100	Baldwin Loco	80¾	82¾	80¾	81¾	+ ⅞
92	93	100	Do pf	92	92	92	92	-1
32¼	32½	8,400	Baltimore & Ohio	31½	32½	31¼	32¾	+ ⅝
47¼	48	700	Do pf	47¼	47¼	47¼	47¼	-1
101	102¾	400	Barrett Ch.Ch.cord	103	103	102¾	102¾	-1
2¾	2½	1,000	Bethlehem Motors	2¾	2½	2¼	2¼	...
50	55	800	Bethlehem Steel	52½	52¾	50¾	52¾	+ ⅞
53	53¼	2,900	Beth. Steel, Class B	53¼	53¼	52¾	53¼	- ⅛
99½	100	300	Beth. Steel 8% pf	100¼	100¼	100	100	...
3½	3¾	800	Booth Fisheries	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	+ ⅛
8	8¼	900	Butte & Superior	8¼	8¾	8¼	8¼	+ ⅛
11	11¼	200	Butterick Co	12	12	12	12	+ ⅝
11¼	11¾	1,000	Caddo Cent. O. & R	11½	12	11¼	11½	+ ⅛
58	58¾	400	Cal. Packing	58¾	58¾	58	58	- ⅛
4	4½	2,800	Callahan Zinc	4¼	4¾	4	4	- ⅛
24½	25	1,600	Cal. Petroleum	25	25¾	24¾	25	- ⅛
66	67½	100	Cal. Petroleum pf	67	67	67	67	+ ¼
40¼	41	500	Calumet & Arizona	42	42	40½	40¾	-1⅛
113¾	114	1,800	Canadian Pacific	112⅜	114⅜	112⅜	113¾	...
73	75	100	Case (J. I.) Plow	5¾	5¾	5¼	5¼	- ⅛
32	32½	1,700	Central Leather Co	32½	32⅜	31¾	32	- ⅛
81¾	82½	300	Central Leather pf	83	83	82	82¼	- ⅝
24¾	25	800	Cerro de Pasco Cop	24⅜	25	24⅜	25	+ ⅝
60½	61	6,100	Chandler Motor	61¾	62½	59⅝	60½	- ⅞
57⅝	57¾	2,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	57	58	57	57¾	+1⅛
5	8	100	C. & E. Ill. eq. tr. r.	5½	5½	5½	5½	-1
4	6	400	Do pf	4¼	4¼	4	4	-1½
7	7⅝	600	Chi. Great Western	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7¼	- ⅛
17	17⅝	1,000	Chi. Gt. Western pf	17½	17¾	17	17⅜	- ⅛
23	25¾	6,700	Chi., M. & St. Paul	23¼	25¾	25	25	- ¾
39	39½	7,900	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	39¾	39¾	39	39½	...
62½	62½	8,800	Chi. & Northwest	63½	63½	62¼	62¼	-1½
97½	100	200	Chi. & Northw. pf	100	100	100	100	-1½
60	61	700	Chi. Pneu. Tool	61	61	60	60	- ⅞
24	25	3,500	Chi., R. I. & Pac	24¾	25½	24	24¼	+ ⅜
68½	69¾	1,000	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	68½	69	68½	68½	+ ⅛
59	59½	200	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	59½	59½	59½	59¼	+ ⅛
59½	60	100	C., St. P., M. & Om	59½	59½	59½	59½	+1½
8¾	9	9,400	Chile Copper	9¼	9¼	8¾	8¾	- ⅜
17¾	17¾	3,800	Chino Copper	16⅞	17¾	16⅞	17¾	+ ⅝
43	43¼	600	Cluett-Peabody	43	43¼	42	43¼	+1¼
19½	19½	1,900	Coca-Cola	19½	19¾	19	19	- ⅛
25¼	26	700	Col. Fuel & Iron	26⅜	26⅞	25¾	25¾	- ⅝
57	57½	3,200	Colum. Gas & Elec	54⅝	57½	54⅝	57	+2⅜
9	9½	3,900	Columbia Grapho	9¼	10	9¼	9¼	...
50	57	200	Colum. Grapho. pf	57½	57½	57½	57½	-1
34	36	300	Comput. Tab Rec	35	35	34½	34½	- ¼
70	72½	100	Con. Cigar pf	72½	72½	72½	72½	...
74¾	75	1,100	Con. Gas	74½	75¼	74½	75	+ ¼
20	20½	5,900	Con. Textile	16¾	20	16½	20	+ ¼
51	54	4,300	Continental Can	54⅝	55	52	52	-2¾
4	4	1,600	Continental Candy	4	4	3¾	4	...
64½	65	2,650	Corn Prod. Refin	64⅞	65¾	64½	65¼	+ ⅞
90¾	100	100	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	97⅜	+ ⅜
26½	27	1,200	Cosden & Co	26½	27	26½	26½	- ⅛
71½	72	15,400	Crucible Steel	74¼	74¼	71¼	73¾	-3⅝
82¼	84	100	Crucible Steel pf	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	+ ⅞
17⅞	18	4,400	Cuba Cane Sugar	18¼	18½	17⅞	17⅞	...
57⅝	57¾	3,100	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	57	57¼	56¼	57¼	+ ½
27	27½	1,700	Cubar Am. Sugar	26⅝	27⅛	26½	27¼	+ ⅛
19	19¾	600	De Beers Mines	18¾	19¾	18¾	19¾	+ ⅞
205	230	400	Del., Lack. & West	195	203	193	202	+7
⅞	1	500	Denver & Rio G	⅞	1	⅞	1	+ ⅛
1⅜	1⅝	2,500	Den. & Rio G. pf	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝	...
9¾	10	400	Dome Mines	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	...
6	7	200	Dul., S. S. & At. pf	7	7	6½	6½	- ½
26	28	100	Durham Hosiery	27	27	27	27	-3
16	17	400	Elk Horn Coal	15½	16	15½	16	+1
37	41	100	Elk Horn Coal pf	37	37	37	37	...
6	8	100	Emerson Brant	6	7	6	6	+ ⅛
20	50	100	Emerson Brant. pf	40	40	40	40	...
47¾	48	1,300	Endicott-Johnson	48¾	49¼	48	48	...
83	84½	500	Endicott-John. pf	84	84	84	84	- ½
12⅞	13	2,300	Erie	12¾	13½	12¾	12¾	+ ⅛
18½	18¾	900	Erie 1st pf	18½	18¾	18½	18¾	+ ⅛
13¼	13½	300	Erie 2d pf	13½	13⅝	13½	13½	+ ⅛
45	45½	2,700	Famous Play.-Las	45½	45½	44½	45	- ½
6	7	100	Federal M. & S	6	6	6	6	+ ½
20	23	200	Fed. M. & S. pf	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	- ½
80	83	100	Fisher Body	81	81	81	81	...
10⅜	10⅝	3,000	Fisk Rubber	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	+ ⅛
12	12½	1,700	Freeport-Texas	13	13	12½	12¾	- ⅜
2	2½	800	Gaston, Wm. & W	2	2½	2	2	...
50	53	100	General Am. T. C	50	50	50	50	...
53¼	53¼	3,800	General Asphalt	38¼	38½	36¾	36¾	-2¾
118	118	200	Gen. C., Ch.C. c of d	118	118	118	118	-2
53	53	300	General Cigar	52½	52½	52½	52½	- ½
117¾	117¾	2,900	General Electric	117¾	118	117¼	117¾	- ¼
13¾	13¾	10,400	General Motors	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	+ ⅛
68	68	300	General Motors pf	67¾	68	67¼	67¼	...
70½	71	400	General M. 7% deb	71	71	71	71	...
68½	69	1,200	General M. 6% deb	59¾	59¾	58¾	59	- ⅜
31½	32½	5,200	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	32½	33	31¾	32¼	+1⅜
70½	71½	400	Goodrich pf	71¾	71¾	71	71	-1
15¾	17	400	Granby Con	16	16	16	16¼	- ⅜
73¼	73¾	4,400	Great Northern pf	73¾	74	72¾	73¾	+ ¼
25¼	25½	3,800	Gt. N. ctfs. for O.P.	25	25¼	25	25¼	+ ¼
18	18½	900	Greene-Can. Cop	18½	18½	16½	18½	+1¼
11¾	11¾	600	Guantanamo Sugar	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	- ⅛
27	28	100	Gulf States Steel	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼	-1½
9	10¼	200	Gulf, Mob. & Nor	9½	9½	9½	9½	+ ½
23½	26	141	Gulf, Mob. & N. pf	23½	23½	23½	23½	...
52½	53	500	Haskell & Barker	53	53	52¾	52¾	- ½
14	14½	1,000	Hendee Mfg	14½	14¼	12½	14½	- ⅛
49½	60	200	Homestake Mining	45¾	50	49½	50	...
61	65	1,400	Houston Oil	61	61	60¾	60¾	-2½
10¼	10¾	1,800	Hupp Motor Car	10¾	10¾	10¼	10¼	- ⅛
19	21	100	Hydraulic Steel	20	20	20	20	+1
84½	85	1,500	Illinois Central	84½	85¾	84½	84½	- ⅜
28½	28¼	6,700	Inspiration Copper	28¼	28¾	28	28½	+ ⅛
3¾	4	600	Interboro Consol	4	4	3¾	3¾	- ⅛
9½	9¾	1,800	Interboro Consol. pf	9¾	9¾	9½	9½	...
11	11½	100	Inter. Agricultural	11	11	11	11	+ ⅛
44	46	100	Inter. Agri. pf	45	45	45	45	-1
91	92	2,000	Inter. Harv., new	90	91¾	90	91½	- ⅜
100	...	100	Inter. H. pf., new	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	- ¼
11	11¾	800	Inter. Mer. Marine	11½	11½	11	11	- ½
48¾	49½	3,200	Inter. Mer. M. pf	48¾	49¾	48	48½	...
31¾	33	3,600	Inter. Motor Truck	31	31¾	31	31¾	- ⅛
12	12¾	3,400	Inter. Nickel	12	12¾	12	12	...
42¾	43	1,100	Inter. Paper	43¼	43¼	43	43¼	+ ⅛
69½	70	200	Inter. P.pf.,stamp'd	69¾	69¾	69¼	69½	+ ⅛
21¾	22	1,000	Invincible Oil	21	21¾	21	21¾	+ ⅛
27¾	30	400	Iron Products	28	28	27½	27½	-1
4½	4¾	4,400	Island Oil & Trans	4⅜	4¾	4⅜	4⅞	...
3	3¾	600	Jewel Tea	3	3¾	3	3¾	+ ⅛
8	9	600	Jewel Tea, pf	8½	8¾	8	8	-2
13¾	13¾	2,100	Jones Bros. Tea	13¾	14	13¾	13¾	- ⅛
17½	18	1,800	Kan. City Southern	17¾	18½	17¾	18	...
32	33	1,900	Kelly Springf. Tire	31¾	32	31	31½	- ⅛
75	85	200	Kelly S. Tire 8% pf	75½	75½	75	75	-6

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
15	15¼	15,600	Kennecott Copper	15⅜	15⅜	15	15¼	- ⅜
7	7¼	1,300	Keystone Tire & R	7⅛	7⅛	7	7⅛	...
48¾	48⅞	800	Lack. Steel	48⅝	48⅝	48¼	48⅜	- ⅛
35	38	100	Laclede Gas	37	37	37	37	-2
12	14	200	Lake Erie & West'n	14	14	14	14	+3½
24½	26¼	100	Lake Erie & W. pf	25	25	25	25	- ½
16	16¾	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	16½	16½	16½	16½	- ½
52¾	53	2,800	Lehigh Valley	52¾	53¾	52¾	52¾	- ⅜
128¼	130¼	100	Liggett & Myers	128¾	128¾	128¾	128¾	- ⅜
97	99	100	Liggett & Myers pf	98	98	98	98	- ¾
15	15½	2,000	Lorillard (P.) Co	14½	15¾	14½	15	- ⅜
9⅝	9¾	2,000	Loft, Inc	9½	9¾	9½	9¾	...
23¾	28	1,200	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	25	25	25	25	- 2½
122½	123	900	Lorillard (P.) Co	123	123	121¾	122½	- 2½
97½	98	100	Lorillard (P.) Co pf	97¾	97¾	97¼	97¾	- 1¾
97½	98	200	Louisville & Nash	98¼	98¼	97¼	97½	- 1
57	60	100	Mackay Cos. pf	57	57	57	57	...
64	70	500	Manati Sugar	64	64	64	64	+ ⅝
42½	44	400	Manhattan El	44	44	43½	43½	- ½
...	...	100	Manhattan Shirt	16	16	16	16	...
13	14	500	Martin-Parry	13½	13½	13½	13½	+1
13½	14½	100	Mathieson Alkali	13	15	15	15	...
2½	3%	500	Maxwell Motors	2½	2½	2½	2½	- ⅛
...	...	100	Do. 1st pf. cfs. st. a.	3½	3½	3½	3½	...
66	69	900	May Dept. Stores	66½	66½	66	66	- 2½
153¼	153¾	21,400	Mexican Pet	154¼	154¼	152¼	153¼	- 1½
15	15¾	1,100	Miami Copper	15¾	15¾	14¾	15¼	...
12	12½	2,200	Middle States Oil	11¾	12¼	11¾	12¼	+ ¼
30	30¾	7,400	Midvale Steel	30¼	30¾	29¾	30	- ¼
9½	11	800	Minn. & St. L., new	10¾	11	10¾	11	+ ⅝
66	68	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	66	66	66	66	- 1½
2¾	2¾	300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾	...
4¼	5	800	Mo., Kan. & T. pf	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	+ ⅛
16¼	16½	4,000	Missouri Pacific	16¼	16½	16	16¼	+ ⅛
36½	37	1,900	Missouri Pacific pf	36½	37¾	36½	36¾	- ⅝
45	54	200	Montana Power	48¾	48¾	48	48	- ⅞
16½	17	2,700	Montgomery Ward	14¾	16½	14¾	16½	+1⅝
26½	27	1,200	Nat. Acme	27½	27½	25¾	26¼	- ⅛
45½	46	400

STANDARD OIL CO. (INDIANA)

PAR VALUE $25

BUY—SELL—QUOTE

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
25 Broad St. Phones 4866-1-2-3-4 Broad

Denver & Rio Grande Western Pacific

OF WHAT VALUE will the Denver property be to Western Pacific? Which of the securities of the respective companies will benefit through the absorption of Denver by Western Pacific?

WHAT WILL combined earning power of Western Pacific-Denver & Rio Grande amount to? What is the actual position of the Denver & Rio Grande bonds and are current low prices justified?

WITHIN RECENT WEEKS developments of vital importance in the affairs of these companies have occurred. The situation is clearly outlined in a comprehensive analysis we have prepared for our clients, a few extra copies of which are available for interested investors. Enclose 2c. postage with name and business address for Circular No. 607.

MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE
John Moody, President,
35 Nassau St., New York
Founders of Moody's Investment Ratings

American Tobacco Scrip

RIGHTS
General Electric
Southern Pacific
Tidewater Oil
Nat'l Park Bank
Corn Exchange
Home Insurance

SCRIPS
American Tobacco
Tobacco Products
Porto Rican Am. Tob.
Owens Bottle

SPECIALISTS IN RIGHTS AND SCRIPS

McDONNELL & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
120 Broadway Tel. Rector 7800
Direct Private Wire to San Francisco

The Stability
of the electric light and power industry is a feature which appeals to conservative investors. We are offering the

Twenty-Year 8% Secured Gold Notes
of the
Middle West Utilities Company

one of the most strongly fortified public utility companies in this country. Equity behind notes is more than $25,000,000.

Price 95¼ & int. to yield about 8.50%

Circular T-8 on request

Chas. Wesley & Co.
INCORPORATED
92 Cedar Street, New York
Telephone, Rector 3901

Scranton Securities

International Salt 5s
Retsof Mining Company 5s
Spring Brook Water 5s
International Textbook
Int. Educ. Pub. Com. & Pfd.
Pennsylvania Coal & Coke

Bought—Sold—Quoted

Weissenfluh & Co.
10 Wall Street, New York.
Telephone Rector 3077.
SCRANTON WILKES-BARRE

PARIS, Dec. 28.—Prices were reactionary on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 32 centimes higher at 57 francs 97 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan unchanged at 85 francs 20 centimes.

Exchange on London 16 centimes higher at 40 francs 40 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 17 francs 21 centimes, against 17 francs 9½ centimes yesterday.

revenue for the month was $1,068,260, which was an increase of $84,396 over November, 1919, but this was more than offset by an increase of $122,942 in total operating expenses to $870,586.

Gross income for the month was $139,-861, as compared with $175,778 in November of the preceding year, and total deductions were $221,191, as compared with $223,972. For the eleven months ended with November the deficit was $795,108, as compared with $183,694 in the corresponding period of 1919.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, DEC. 28, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$30,896,500	$42,965,000	$27,381,500
Year to date	3,858,982,650	3,727,582,925	2,092,329,000

GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales $1,000.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Yield.
3,200	—Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	90.10	90.10	89.50	89.60	— .60	89.54	89.60	4.03
...	—Liberty 1st 4s, 1932-47	...	...	...	...	...	85.35	86.06	...
165	—Liberty 2d 4¼s, 1927-42	84.24	84.34	84.20	84.20	+ .10	84.10	84.76	...
51	—Liberty 2d 4s, reg.	83.90	83.90	83.80	83.80	...	...	...	...
412	—Liberty 1st conv. 4½s, 1932-47	85.80	85.96	85.80	85.86	+ .46	85.60	86.00	5.20
4,210	—Liberty 2d conv. 4½s, 1927-42	84.50	84.54	84.18	84.26	+ .10	84.26	84.32	5.14
25	—Liberty 2d conv. 4½s, reg.	84.10	84.10	84.00	84.00	...	...	...	...
10	—Liberty 3d conv. 4½s, 1928-47	86.00	86.00	86.00	86.00	+2.24	97.00	...	...
3,402	—Liberty 3d conv. 4½s, 1928	87.24	87.40	87.18	87.20	— .06	87.16	87.20	6.38
16	—Liberty 3d conv. 4½s, reg.	87.10	87.14	87.10	87.10	...	...	...	...
7,076	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	84.84	84.98	84.70	84.88	+ .12	84.86	84.90	5.26
23	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg.	84.50	84.50	84.50	84.50	...	...	...	...
3,517	—Victory 4¾s, 1922-23	94.98	95.06	94.92	94.98	+ .08	94.96	95.00	7.00
10	—Victory 4¾s, reg.	94.96	94.98	94.96	94.96	+ .06	...	...	...
2,302	—Victory 3¾s, 1922-23	94.94	95.04	94.92	94.96	+ .02	94.96	95.00	6.98

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Chinese Ry 5s
2.... 39½
3.... 39¾
3.... 39⅝
City of Berne 6s, temp ctfs
5.... 85½
4.... 92¾
6.... 93
1.... 93½
2.... 93½
3.... 93
1.... 93
City of Chris'a 6s, K, L & M ctfs
1.... 94½
1.... 94½
1.... 94½
City of Lyons 6s, temp ctfs
20.... 92½
10.... 83½
5.... 83½
City of Tokio 5s
1.... 42½
1.... 42¾
1.... 42
City of Zurich 6s, receipts
1.... 94½
1.... 94¾
1.... 94½
5.... 94½
10.... 94
1.... 94½
Dom of Can'a 6s, 1921
1.... 98⅝
1.... 98¾
French Gov 5s
8.... 100
24.... 100
5.... 100
16.... 99½
20.... 99¾
68.... 99⅞
10.... 100
Gov of Switz'd 8s, temp rcts
5.... 102½
3.... 102
5.... 101⅝
3.... 102
Jap Govt 4½s, sterling loan
32.... 75⅝
2d series
25.... 75¾
4s, ster loan
5.... 55¼
1.... 55⅛
King of Belg 7½s, rects
2.... 93
18.... 95½
7.... 95
6s, 1925
1.... 85⅝
3.... 85¾
2.... 85⅝
11.... 84¾
King of Italy 6½s
5.... 79
Rep of C 4½s
10.... 80
5s, 1904
1.... 75
12.... 78½
1914
26.... 91
Un Kingdom of G B & I 5½s, 1921
15.... 97¾
3.... 97⅝
1.... 97½
2.... 97½
7.... 97½
5½s, 1922
1.... 94½
1.... 94¾
10.... 94¼
2.... 94¾
13.... 94½
5½s, 1929
5.... 86½
25.... 86¼
2.... 86¾
36.... 86½
15.... 86½
1.... 86⅜
5½s, 1937
20.... 83¼
1.... 83¼
1.... 83¾
27.... 83⅝
3.... 83⅝
1.... 83
5.... 83⅜
16.... 83
2.... 83½
2.... 83
10.... 83⅞
2.... 83¾
10.... 83⅞
1.... 83⅞
N Y C 4s, '97
1.... 91
4s, 1960
4.... 81¼
Adams Exp 4s
1.... 71
Am T & C 6s
1.... 71¾
Am S & Ref temp 1st 5s
1.... 71½
1.... 71½
19.... 72
30.... 72¼
1.... 72
1.... 71¾
3.... 71¾
1.... 71¾
2.... 72
10.... 72
Am Tel & T col 4s
38.... 72⅜
30.... 72¾
col tr 5s
22.... 74
1.... 74
1.... 74¼
12.... 74
1.... 74
conv 4½s
2.... 90
conv 5s
1.... 93¼
9.... 93⅝
3.... 93¾
11.... 93⅞
61.... 93¾
1.... 93¾
10.... 93¾
1.... 93
Am T & T con 4s
3.... 85¾
1.... 85⅝
Arm & Co 4½s
9.... 79½
1.... 79½
1.... 79½
4.... 79½
10.... 79½
1.... 79½
2.... 79½
1.... 79½
A, T & S Fe gen 4s
5.... 74
2.... 73½
24.... 74
6.... 74

Inter-Met 4½s
11.... 14
3.... 14½
3.... 14
21.... 14⅜
5.... 15
ctfs of dep
27.... 12
10.... 12¼
11.... 12
Int Rap Tran 1st & ref 5s
3.... 48
3.... 47½
2.... 47¾
5.... 47½
9.... 47½
1.... 47½
1.... 47½
10.... 47½
20.... 47½
1.... 47½
2.... 47½
2.... 47¾
2.... 47¾
10.... 47¾
2.... 47¾
1.... 47¾
19.... 48
2.... 48¼
2.... 48
1.... 47¾
15.... 47¾
Int Mer Mar 6s
5.... 70½
5.... 70¾
5.... 70¾
Int Nav 4s
2.... 52
2.... 52
Iowa Cent ref 4s
1.... 40
K, Ft S & M 4s
1.... 63¼
1.... 63¾
1.... 63¾
6.... 63½
Kan C So 5s
11.... 71
1.... 71
Kan C Term 4s
1.... 69
4.... 68¾
4.... 69
3.... 69¼
Lacka Steel 5s, 1923
1.... 90¼
1970
1.... 71½
Lac Gas Lt of St Louis 4s
5.... 70
Lg & M 5s
1.... 76
Lg & M 6s
5.... 78
Lorillard Co 7s
1.... 102
Lorillard Co 5s
12.... 75¾
Lou & J B 4s
5.... 64
L & N uni 4s
10.... 78¼
10.... 78¼
coll tr 5s
1.... 91
Lou & N 7s
1.... 104
St L Div 6s
1.... 96¾
Lou & N 5s, Mon joint 4s
10.... 68
1.... 66¾
Midvale Steel coll tr 5s
5.... 72¾
3.... 73¼
3.... 73½
3.... 73½
2.... 73¾
3.... 73½
1.... 73
4.... 73¼
1.... 73¼
1.... 73¼
2.... 73½
M & StL con 7s
13.... 98½
M K & T 1st 4s
15.... 55
10.... 54¾
a f 4½s
6.... 30¼
Mo Pac gen 4s
5.... 51¾
19.... 52
1.... 52¼
1.... 52¼
15.... 52¼
10.... 52¼
2.... 52¼
2.... 52¼
Series B
4.... 55
Series D
22.... 54
10.... 54¼
conv 6s, Ser A
2.... 54½
10.... 54½
Mob & O gen 4s
2.... 25
Series B
4.... 25
Series D
10.... 25
2.... 25
Gen 4s
21.... 25
Nat Acme 5s
1.... 67½
Nat Tube 5s
6.... 97
N O Term 4s
3.... 59
N Y Cent 7s, 1st rets
1.... 100½
deb 6s
7.... 87¾
10.... 87½
7.... 87½
3.... 87½
5.... 87½
3.... 87½
3.... 87½
2.... 87½
3.... 87½
3.... 87½
10.... 87½
1.... 87½
50.... 87½
4.... 87½
2.... 87½
1.... 87½
2.... 87½
1.... 87½
1.... 87½
2.... 87½
1.... 87½
1.... 87½
1

Cities Service "D" 7s, 1966
Continental Motors 7s, 1925
Grand Rapids Gas & Lt. 5s, 1939
Iowa Public Service 6s, 1933
Magnolia Petroleum 6s, 1937
Northern Ohio Trac. & Light 5s, 1956
Rio de Janeiro 6s, 1928-31
Second Avenue Traction 5s, 1934
United Light of Pa. 6s, 1937
Valparaiso Lighting 5s, 1925
Cleveland, Akron & Col. 5s, 1927
Central of Georgia 5s, 1955
Grand Trunk Pacific 3s, 1962
Grand Trunk Pacific B. L. 4s, 1939
Grand Trunk Western 4s, 1950
Seaboard Air Line 6s, 1945

MORTON LACHENBRUCH & Co
42 Broad Street, New York.
Private Wires to CHICAGO-PHILADELPHIA-ST. LOUIS PITTSBURGH-DETROIT-CLEVELAND-GRAND RAPIDS

Pennsylvania R. R. Sterl. 4s, '48
Grand Rap. & Ind. 2nd 4s, 1936
Western Penn. cons. 4s, 1928
Grand Trunk Western 4s, 1950
Grand Trunk Pacific 3s, 1962
Illinois Cent. R.R. Securi. 4s, '52
Penn. R. R. Real Estate 4s, 1923
Mason City & Fort D. 4s, 1955
Rio Grande Junction 1st 5s
Iowa Central 1st 5s
Kansas City, Ft. S. & M. 1st 6s
Province Buenos Aires 6s
Toronto Harbor 4½s, 1953

PYNCHON & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 970
LONDON LIVERPOOL PARIS
PRIVATE WIRES
to principal cities of United States & Canada

Established 1855

BREITUNG & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
7 & 9 Hanover St.

American Car & Foundry Co.
One of the largest Railroad Equipment Companies in the United States.
12% Dividend
The Company has set up a reserve sufficient to cover payments at 12% for a period of three years.
Returns 10.43%
At Its Present Price
Memorandum on Request

Taylor, Bates & Co.
NEW YORK
Members
New York Stock Exchange
New York Cotton Exchange
Main Office 100 Broadway Rector 1140
Uptown Office Hotel Belmont Murray Hill 5631

"The Oil Industry"
Devoted to the interest of investors in oil securities. Published monthly.
Free on request.
R.C. MEGARGEL & Co.
27 Pine Street-New York.

Interstate Commerce Commission Gives Its Assent to New Arrangement With Roads.

DIVISION OF THE PROFITS

Three Commissioners Oppose the Contract as Not in the Public Interest.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Authorization was granted by the Interstate Commerce Commission to the American Railway Express Company today to enter into contracts with the railroads over which the company operates. The contract will supplant existing contracts between the railroads and the Wells-Fargo, Adams, American and Southern Express Companies, the permanent merger of which into the American Railway Express Company was approved recently by the commission.

Under the old system of separate contracts between the carriers and the companies, the carriers received a certain amount from each company without respect to the amounts paid by other companies. The new contract, however, will provide:

"After making the deduction for expenses by groups the balance remaining is to be distributed as follows: Two and one-half per cent. to the express company and the remainder among the railroads in the group executing this form of contract in the proportion that the gross express transportation for the month earned on each railroad bears to the gross transportation on all such railroads."

The contract also will specify that should the revenues after deductions for expenses exceed 6 per cent., the excess shall be divided half and half between the company and the carrier until it reaches a 10 per cent. maximum, when it shall be divided one-fourth to the express companies and three-fourths to the carriers.

The commission stated that such a contract would not interfere with competition and was compatible with the public interests. Commissioners Eastman, Aitchison, Woolley and McChord, however, dissented from the majority opinion, saying that such a contract proposed would not be in the public interest and that it would cause the railroads to give the express companies a guarantee against loss rather than insuring the roads a fair return.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle...6		Oct. 1, '22	89	90½	...
Am. Chicle...6		Oct. 2, '25	90	95	7.15
Am. Chicle...6		Oct. 2, '21	87½	91¾	7.35
Am. Cot. Oil.6		Sep. 2, '24	82	85	10.40
Am. T. & T...6		Oct., 1922	95½	94	9.50
Am. T. & T...6		Feb., 1924	91	91¾	9.20
Am. Tob. Co.8		Dec., 1926	92½	94½	9.50
Am. Tobacco.7		Nov., 1921	100¾	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.7		Nov., 1922	99¾	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.7		Nov., 1923	99½	100	7.00
Anacon. Co ...8		Jan., 1929	89½	81½	9.20
Anacon. Co...6		Jan., 1929	87½	88¾	9.10
A.A. O., Ltd.7½		Apr., 1925	98¾	99½	7.85
Arm. & Co. c.7		July15, '30	94	95	7.75
Beth. St. Cor.7		July15, '22	94½	94⅝	9.40
Beth. St. Cor.7		July 15, '23	95½	97¾	9.00
Can. Pac. Ry.6		Mar. 2, '24	91¾	92½	8.50
Col. Graph. Co. 8%		Aug., 1925	83	89	11.00
Crosby Pack.7		July 15, '23	93	93½	9.00
Fed. Sug. R...		Nov., 1924	89	93	8.00
Cent. Arg. R.6		Feb., 1927	72	76	11.70
C., H. I. & R.6		Feb., 1922	93¼	93½	10.80
C., C. C. & St. L. Ry. Co..6		July, 1929	89½	90½	7.50
The B.F.Goodrich Co. cv..7		Apr., 1925	79¼	80¾	12.90
Gulf Oil Corp.6		July, 1921	97	98	7.30
Gulf Oil Corp.6		July, 1922	94½	96	8.90
Gulf Oil Corp.6		July, 1923	94	95½	8.00
Hocking Val..6		Mar., 1924	89	91	8.90
Int. Rap. Tr.7		Sep., 1921	86½	88	...
Kan. C. Ter..6		Nov., 1923	99	93	8.70
Kennecott C..7		Feb., 1930	87	88½	8.90
Lacledo Gas...6		Jan., 1929	82	85½	9.60
Lg. & Myers.6		Dec., 1921	97	97½	8.90
Nat.C.&S.10-yrs		1930	99	98	8.80
Penn. Co. ...4½		June15,'21	98⅝	98⅝	7.50
Phila. Co. ...6		Feb., 1922	92	92	15.70
Proc. & G....7		Mar., 1921	99⅛	100¾	6.80
Proc. & G....7		Mar., 1922	99¾	100	7.00
Pro. & G....7		Mar., 1923	99¾	100	7.00
Pun. S. Corp. of N. J. cv.7		Mar., 1922	85	87	...
R.J. Rolds. T.8		Aug.,1922	96	98¾	8.40
Sears,R.& Co.7		Oct.15,'22	93¾	94½	10.10
Sears, R.& C.7		Oct. 15, '23	93	93¾	8.50
Sears, R.& C.7		Oct. 15,'23	93	94	9.30
Sinc. C. O. C.7		May 15, '23	86¾	87½	11.30
Savoy & Co...8		Oct., 1927	93½	93¾	8.40
Southern Ry..6		Mar., 1922	92	92½	11.60
Swest B. T..7		Apr., 1925	90	92	9.20
St.R.Un.Dep. guaran. ...		Dec.15,'23	93½	93	8.25
Stand. Oil Co. (Cal.)		Jan., 1931	99¾	100	7.00
Swift & Co...6		Aug.15,'21	97¼	97¾	8.80
Swift & Co...7		Oct. 15, '23	93½	94¼	8.40
Utah Sec.Cor.6		Sep. 15,'22	78	80	...
West'n Elec. Co. conv,...6		Apr., 1925	96¾	97¾	7.70

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

Quoted on a Percentage Basis.

Name	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio.....	1920-'27	4½	8.00	7.00
Bethlehem Steel...	1920-'30	7	8.00	7.00
Buff., R. & Pitts..	1920-'33	4½@5-6	7.25	6.50
Canadian Pacific..	1920-'32	5	7.50	6.50
Ches. & Ohio.....	1924-'35	6½	6.85	6.40
Chicago & N. W..	1920-'22	4½	7.10	6.40
Chic., R. I. & P..	1920-'27	4½@5	8.00	7.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	7.37	6.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	7.12	6.50
Delaware & Hud..	1922	4½	7.50	6.87
Erie Railroad....	1920-'27	4½@5	8.25	7.25
Grace Steamship..	1920-'34	6	7.87	7.25
Illinois Central...	1920-'27	4½@5	7.10	6.40
Illinois Central...	1925-'33	7	6.85	6.40
Int. Prod. S'ship..	1920-'28	8	8.50	8.00
Louis. & Nash....	1920-'23	5	7.10	6.40
Michigan Central.	1920-'35	5 @6	7.00	6.40
Minn. & St. L....	1920-'27	5 @6	7.75	7.00
Mo., Kan. & T....	1920-'30	5	8.25	7.25
New York Cen....	1920-'32	4½@5	7.25	6.40
New York Cen....	1921-'35	7	7.12	6.40
Nort. & West....	1920-'24	4½	7.00	6.40
Northern Pacific..	1921-'30	7	7.15	6.40
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'29	4½@5-6	...	...
Pac. Fruit Exp...	1920-'33	7	6.90	6.40
Pa. Gen. Freight..	1920-'23	4 @4½	7.00	6.40
Phila. & L. Erie..	1921-'33	6½	7.00	6.40
Reading Co.....	1920-'27	4½	7.10	6.40
Seaboard Air L...	1920-'27	4½@5-6	8.25	7.25
Sinclair Refining..	1920-'21	6	8.50	7.50
Southern Pacific..	1920-'25	4½	7.10	6.40
Southern Pacific..	1924-'35	7	6.87	6.40
Southern Ry.....	1920-'28	4½@5	7.62	6.62
Union Pacific.....	1924-'35	7	6.85	6.40
Virginian Ry.....	1920-'30	6	7.50	6.75
White Oil Corp....	1920-'23	6	8.50	7.50

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.		Dividend	.02
Alpha	.60	East Divide	.02
Andes	.43	Extension	.27
Best & Belcher.	.19	Florence	.04
Caledonia	.48	Gold Reef	.04
Challenge	1.20	Grimes	.02
Confidence	1.70	Harmill	.15
Con. Virginia	2.30	Hazbrouck	.02
Gould & Curry	.07	Kernick	.06
Hale & Norcross	.28	Myra	.04
Imperial	.70	Verdi	.03
Jacket	.06	Victory	.04
Mexican	.21	Wes.	.05
Ophir	.58	Western	.02
Overman	.30	Zone	.21
Potosi	.09	GOLDFIELDS.	
Savage	.06	Booth	.02
Seg. Belcher	.10	Consolidated	.06
Scorpion	.01	Crackerjack	.04
Sierra Nev.	.11	Florence	.12
Union	.33	Fraction	.02
Utah	.03	Jumbo Ext.	.04
TONOPAH.		Kewanas	.02
Belmont	1.23	Lone Star	.09
Cash Boy	.03	Silver Pick	.05
Jim Butler	.15	Spearhead	.03
Mac. Crescent	.04	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Midway	.12	Arrowhead	.08
Monarch	.03	Black Mammoth	.05
North Star	.05	Broken Hills	.19
Rescue	.29	Bullwhacker	.25
Tonopah Ext.	1.30	Conso	.22
West End	.04	Croesus	.41
West Tonopah	.04	Holly	1.47½
DIVIDES.		Red Mountain	.15
Alto	.03	Red Mt. Ex'sion	.41
Belcher	.03	Simon	.38
Belcher Ext.	.03	Sterling	.05
Brougher	.15	White Caps	.04
Divide Tonopah	1.17½		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Creason	1½	1¾	Isabella	3	4
Doctor	1½	2½	Mary Mck.	2	3
Elkton	2¾	2¾	Portland.	35	50
El Paso	6	9	U. Gold M.	8	10½
Gold Cycle	48½	50	Vindicator	12	13
Granite	7	9	Rose Mond.	3	4½

Exchange on the various European markets moved with much irregularity yesterday. Sterling advanced 1¾ cents and closed with a net gain of ¾ cent. The rate on Denmark and Norway rose about ¼ cent per crown and Spanish exchange was firmer. But rates on France, Italy, Holland, Belgium and Germany were lower and Greek exchange fell from 7.10 to 7.05.

A decline from 48¾ cents per yen to 48¾ occurred in the Japanese exchange market and the Brazilian rate declined from 14¾ cents to 14½. The rate on Montreal advanced again, reaching 85.8 cents, as against 85.4 Monday and 83.9 at last week's low level.

TUESDAY, DEC. 28, 1920.

Ranks of Rates. Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Monday's Final.
LONDON	3.50⅝	3.49¾	3.49¾	3.49
PARIS	5.84	5.79	5.81⅝	5.84
ROME	3.55	3.35	3.34	3.36
AMSTERDAM	31.20	31.20	31.20	31.25
BERLIN	1.37	1.36	1.37	1.38
MADRID	13.13	13.03	13.05	12.98

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Type day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.			
Demand	3.49¾	3.51⅛	3.75¾
Cables	3.50⅛	3.51⅝	3.76⅛
Com., 60 days	3.43¼	3.46¼	3.70½
Com., 90 days	3.42¼	3.44½	3.68½
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	5.81⅝	5.60¾	9.19
Cables	5.82	5.91	9.20
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.34	3.41	7.58
Cables	3.35	3.42	7.54
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.12	6.22	9.21
Cables	6.13	6.23	9.22
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.37	1.39	2.06
Cables	1.38	1.39½	2.07
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.26	.26	.80
Cables	.27	.27	.87
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.16	1.16	1.95
Cables	1.17	1.17	2.00
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.53	15.15	19.10
Cables	15.60	15.20	19.30
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand	2.41	2.41	3.20
Cables	2.46	2.46	3.25
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	7.05	7.38	15.30
Cables	7.10	7.43	15.38
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	31.20	31.25	37.375
Cables	31.32	31.35	37.50
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.20	.20	...
Cables	.21	.21	...
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.13	.13	1.05
Cables	.14	.14	1.10
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.50	14.95	20.25
Cables	15.55	15.00	20.40
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	.18	.17	1.20
Cables	.18¾	.17¼	1.22

	Type day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
Cables	2.91	2.94	4.85
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	12.05	12.91	19.00
Cables	13.05	13.93	19.45
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	19.75	19.30	21.85
Cables	19.80	19.35	21.90
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	13.14	13.35	17.76
Cables	13.17	13.33	17.78

Far East.

	Type day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking			
Hongkong, demand	54.25	56.25	94.50
Hongkong, cables	54.35	56.35	95.00
Peking, cables	73.00	73.00	176.00
Shanghai, demand	72.50	72.50	164.00
Shanghai, cables	73.00	73.00	164.50
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	26.00	26.00	46.75
Cables	26.50	26.50	46.50
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS — Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.			
Demand	45.25	45.50	49.00
Cables	45.75	46.00	49.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	32.50	32.00	...
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	48.375	48.75	50.125
Cables	48.50	48.875	50.375

South America.

	Type day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
ARGENTINA—Par 42.44c per Arg. paper dol.			
Demand	33.375	34.25	43.125
Cables	33.50	34.375	43.25
BRAZIL—Par 32.46 cents per paper milreis.			
Demand	14.125	14.125	27.75
Cables	14.25	14.25	27.875

Canada.

	Type day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
MONTREAL—Par 100c per Canadian dollar.			
Demand	85.3	84.8	91.0

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par 51.40 cents per ruble:

	Bid.	Asked.
10s ruble notes, per ruble	.50	.60
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.42	.47½

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Rights Expire.	Yester-day's Bid.	Yester-day's Ask.	Mon-day's Bid.
Corn Exch. Bank	Feb. 3	42	44	42
Detroit Edison	Jan. 10	...	¼	...
General Electric	Jan. 20	3¼	3⅝	3¾
Home Insurance	Feb. 1	165	170	165
Lone Star Gas	Jan. 20	...	⅛	...
National Lead Oil	Jan. 31	8	9	8
Nat. Park Bank	Feb. 3	70	75	70
Pacific Development	Jan. 10	...	¼	...
Shaw (W. W.)	...	16	18	16
So. N. E. Tel.	Jan. 12	...	⅛	...
Southern Pacific	Mar. 1	23¾	24	23½
Swan & Finch	Mar. 1	...	¼	...
Tidewater Oil	Jan. 10	15⅜	15¾	15½
Un. Zinc Smelt. Co.	Jan. 6	...	⅛	...

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Antimony	$5.25	$5.50	$5.25	$5.50
Quicksilver	50.00	...	50.00	...
Aluminium	22.00	23.00	23.00	25.00
Iron, No. 2X Silic.	32.50	...	32.50	...

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 13¾ 90 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	*Friday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	71	0	0	72	5	0
Copper, futures	73	0	0	73	0	0
Tin, spot	200	0	0	198	0	0
Tin, futures	205	15	0	205	0	0
Spelter, spot	23	0	0	22	10	0
Spelter, futures	26	0	0	24	12	0
Lead, spot	21	10	0	21	10	0
Lead, futures	22	15	0	22	15	0

*Holiday Monday.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
City of Berne 8s	91	93½
City of Christiania 8s	92½	94½
City of Zurich 8s	94	94½
Argentine 5s	...	71¾
Belgium 6s, 1921	99⅝	...
Belgium 6s, 1925	86	91
Belgium 7½s	94½	95
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98¾	98⅞
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	98⅝	98¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	85½	86
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	88	88½
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	81½	81¾
Chinese Government 5s	52	53½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1914	76¼	77
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	...	81
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	60	61
Dominican Republic 5s	...	72½
City of Lyons 6s	...	73
City of Marseilles 6s	65	...
City of Bordeaux 6s	75	77¾
City of Copenhagen 5½s	69	73½
French Government 8s	99¾	100
City of Paris 6s	85¾	...
Government of Switzerland 8s	...	102
Japanese 4½s	75¾	77¾
Japanese 4½s, second series	70½	72¾
Japanese 4s	53½	55¾
City of Tokio 5s	42	43
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	97½	98
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	94¾	94⅞
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1929	86	86½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	82¾	83
United States of Mexico 5s	28¾	29½
United States of Mexico 4s	23¾	24¾
Italy 6½s	79	83

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, c. 1930	101	...	Pan 3s, c. 1961	...	90
4s, c. 1925	106	...	P I 4s, '34	51½	90
Pan 3s r. 1961	89	...	P I 4s, '35	51½	90

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Air Red	32½	34	Assoc Oil	86	89
A. C. & D. pf.	85	86	Atl Ref	875	900
A A Cables	10	100	Do pf	104½	106
All Realty	70	...	Auto Sales	3	4
Am S 1st pf.	94	...	B'dall, A...	35½	36
Am Bk N.	41	43	Do, B	34½	36
Do pf	41	43	Bar Leath	22	24½
Am Bt Sug	...	70	Do pf	60	65
Am B S & Fdy pf	81¼	83	Barrett Co pf ctfs	98	103
Am C. & F. pf.	106½	110	Batop Mot	⅝	⅞
Am Cot Oil pf.	...	60	B'ch Crk	29	...
Am Ex. pf.	75	85	Beth S 7% pf.	90	95
Am Ice...	28	30	Booth Fish pf.	...	28
Do pf	54	56	B'klyn Ed.	81	90
Am Lin pf.	78	85	Brown Sh.	35	70
Am Lo pf.	95¾	100	Do pf	...	80
Am R pf.	97	...	B. R & P pf.	85	105
Am Shipb.	...	60	Buff & S.	72	...
Am Sm pf.	...	80	Do pf	95	97
Am Sug pf.	75	85	Burns Bros pf.	...	105
Am Sil Fds pf.	80¾	82½	Case Plow.	3¼	6½
Am T & T	97	98	Do 2d pf.	...	50
Am Tob pf	86½	86⅝	Can So	49	...
Am Wh pf	89	90	Cent Leather	29	30
Am Z pf.	27½	29	Do 1st pf	70½	72
Ann Arbor	71¾	72	Do 2d pf	65	75
Do pf	20½	30	Chi & Alt.	7¾	7½
Asso D G 1st pf.	53	55	Do pf	15	...

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Chi. St. P. M & Om pf.	85	95	N. C & St L	99	107½
C. C. C & St L	55	46½	Nat B pf.	103½	107
Do pf	58	60	Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	7	14
Col & So.	24	28	Do 2d pf.	4½	5
Do 1st pf	48	53	N Y, C & St L	51½	55
Do 2d pf.	40	50	Do 1st pf	58	62
Con Cigar	52½	53	Do 2d pf.	57	65
Cont C pf.	98¾	100	N Y D pf.	39½	41½
Cont Ins	85	88	N Y, L & W pf.	81	88
Crex Carp	...	97	Nor So	9½	10
C-Am Sug pf.	92	95	N & W pf.	60	67
Dav Chem.	23½	28	Ohio P. S.	45	50
D & Co pf.	92	95	Orph Circ.	24	24½
Del & Hud.	95½	97½	Otis Elev.	110	125
Det Ed.	90	100	Do pf.	...	88
Det U Ry.	79	...	Otis Sti pf	70	...
Dul S Tra	...	17	Owens B pf.	...	100
D. S. S & A	...	41½	Pac Coast.	18	20
Fur H pf.	80	82	Do 1st pf	60	100
Elec S B	80	95	Do 2d pf.	45	60
E Kodak	495	505	P T & Tel.	38	40
Do pf	100	103	Penney pf.	...	86
Erie & P.	45	65	Peo & E.	10	12½
Fam Pl pf.	71	75	Pett-Mull	34½	62
Fairbanks	...	48	Do 1st pf	...	96
Fisher Bdy pf.	75	97	P. W & C pf.	75	121
Gen Ch pf ctfs	84	90	P. Ft W & C pf.	113	120
Gen Cig pf	84	85	Pitts S pf.	...	84½
Do d pf.	78	82	P S, N pf.	...	56
Gen Asp pf	76½	77	R R Sec. I	...	...
Gray & D.	8½	10	C stk ctf.	40	50
Habir Elec	10	15	Ry Sti Spr pf.	100	102½
Hartman	68	70½	R T 1st pf.	...	83
Ill C I	55	...	Do 2d pf.	...	85
Indiahoma	5⅝	6	Rens & S.	98	...
Indian Ref.	12	14	R Refs	8	10
Int Mer Tr pf.	70	72	Do 1st pf	...	60
Do 2d pf.	52	57	St L S F pf.	28	32
Int N pf.	76	80	S-R S & I pf.	...	84
Int Pa pf.	85	105	Sav pf.	...	95
Int Salt	36½	...	So P R S.	79	95
Iowa Cent.	6	10	Do pf.	80	100
K C, Ft S & M pf.	56	60	So Ry pf.	56	66⅔
Kan C So pf.	42	45¾	Stern B pf.	50	90
Kayser(J) ex div.	68	75	Stand Mill.	100	110
Do 1st pf	98	120	Do pf.	70	80
Kelly Sp T pf.	65	75	Studeb Co pf.	82½	85
Kelsey Wh	35½	36¾	Sup Stl 1st pf.	93	97½
Do pf	79	82	Temtor. A.	25	26
K & D M.	4	10	T P L Tr.	200	300
Do pf	20	...	Tide W O.	163	178
Kress(S H)	...	90	Un Bk & T.	8	10
L & M B.	120	133	W ctfs	8	10
L-W B 1st pf.	93¾	98	Do pf cfs	13	18
Do 2d pf.	96	105	T C R T pf.	...	86
Mah Coal	350	700	Und Type	125	150
M'kay Cos.	35½	57	Do pf	100	120
Mallinson	8	11	U B & P.	67	70
Do pf	45	53¼	Un Cig S.	120	150
Man Elec	½	2	Do pf	98½	105
Man El S	...	55¼	Un Drug	93	93¼
Man S pf.	...	83	U S C I P pf.	38	42
Marlin Fi.	10½	13	U S. Exp.	6	7
Mex M 1st pf.	3½	5¾	U S Sm pf	40	...
Do 2d pf.	...	3¼	Va-Car Ch	32	32¼
M Dep Sts pf.	94	...	Do pf	92½	93¾
Mex P pf.	93	97	Va, I, C & Coke	82	85
Mich Cent.	90	...	Va Ry & P	...	46
M, Sec P & S S M pf.	88	96	W Md 2d pf.	16¼	17½
Do 1st	54	56	Wat pf. B.	13	14
Mon P pf.	92	94	W Md 2d pf.	...	25
Mor & Es.	60	...	Wilson pf.	80	85
Mullins B.	19¾	20½	Woolworth	101	103
Do pf	74	...	Do pf	102	107

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Revenue receipts and expenditures at close of business Dec. 24:

	This Month.	Corresponding Month, 1919	*Fiscal Year, 1921.	*Corresponding Fiscal Yr., 1920.
Customs	$14,600,588.28	$19,189,568.55	$146,146,069.38	$137,131,635.20
Internal revenue: Income and profits tax	637,736,747.84	853,413,295.91	1,615,269,498.84	1,851,429,534.86
Miscellaneous	110,885,270.38	112,348,477.02	758,265,121.84	730,190,526.11
Miscellaneous revenue	55,012,788.53	28,840,378.76	351,380,792.43	330,317,906.39
Panama Canal tolls, &c	975,861.53	580,702.38	3,676,673.60	2,674,716.45
Total ordinary	$819,197,245.40	$1,014,372,423.22	$2,874,727,125.56	$3,151,743,919.51
Excess of ord. receipts over ord. disbursements	533,131,083.31	639,080,315.06	467,221,721.45	538,022,632.77
Excess of ord. disb. over ordinary receipts	204,066,162.09	555,292,108.16	2,407,505,404.11	3,709,766,552.28
Expenditures				

*Receipts and disbursements for June reaching Treasury in July are included.

Ford, Bacon & Davis
115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Detailed Examinations by Experts
REPORTS FOR FINANCING COVERING
Valuation Turnover

Power & Light Co.

First & Refunding Mortgage Twenty-Year 5% Gold Bonds

High grade, long term, public utility bonds are, in our opinion, unusually attractive at present prices.

We believe the above-mentioned bonds are a particularly good example of the opportunities offered to the conservative investor in this class of security, combining, as they do, security, marketability and 5%.

Price 100 & Interest.

Descriptive circular on request

H.D.Robbins&Co.
Incorporated
61 Broadway New York
Telephone Bowling Green 6727

Foreign Exchange

On Partial Payment Plan

A request to our Foreign Department will bring booklet dealing fully with this subject.

Straus & Co.
Members N.Y. Stock Exchange
55 BROADWAY
NEW YORK
Telephone — Whitehall 70
Foreign Department
Street Entrance

Cuba Cane Debentures

AVERAGE yearly earnings since organization six and one-half times interest requirements. Paying 7% annually and selling at a price, if carried to maturity, to

Yield over 10%

Full information on request

Stock market situation discussed in our Weekly Review. Write for T-28.

Lamborn & Co.
Specialists in Sugar Stocks
Seven Wall St. New York
Tel. Rector 6310
MEMBERS
N.Y. Stock Ex. N.Y. Produce Ex. N.Y. Cotton Ex. Chic. Bd. of Trade N. Y. Coffee and Sugar Ex., Inc. London Prod. Clearing House, Ltd.

WHEN IN DOUBT BUY
U. S. Government Bonds
C. F. Childs & Co. *Specialists*

Borden Co.
Bankers Trust Co.
Guaranty Trust Co.
McCLURE, JONES & REED
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway Phone 3321 Rector

H. HENTZ & CO.
Established 1856
Members of
New York Stock Exchange
New York Cotton Exchange
11 William Street New York
11 Congress Street Boston

Bond Bargains

10% Net

We recommend a Gold Bond of a National Banking System carrying profit sharing certificates. Matures in 10 years. Circular on request.

Clarence Hodson & Co.
30 Cortlandt St., New York.

J.R. Bridgeford & Co.
Investment Securities
111 Broadway New York

Bonds for Investment
Harris, Forbes & Co
Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

Hunt A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
BANK, TRUST, INSURANCE AND INDUSTRIAL STOCKS
BOUGHT AND SOLD
Telephone 1111 Broad

Lack of Export Demand, Low Prices and Reduced Output Cause the Action.

INCOME IS SHARPLY CUT

Deficit This Year Reduces Surplus From $60,479,487 to $56,077,558, Report Shows.

The Directors of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company passed yesterday the dividend of 75 a share due on the stock at this time. The action was not unexpected in the financial district, rumors that a passing of the dividend was probable having been in circulation recently. The action of the company, it was held, merely reflected the unfavorable position in which the copper industry has been placed during all of this year and which has become accentuated in the last few months by a sharp decline in the price of the metal. During the last six months demand has been meagre and operations recently have been further curtailed.

The following statement was issued in explanation of the elimination of the dividend.

"The Directors of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company have decided that, on account of the prevailing conditions in the metal market, no action should be taken on the dividend. Lack of demand for export, low market prices and reduced output, due to curtailed operations resulting in increased cost of production, are factors which combined have decreased the earning power of the company during the year just closing."

The decrease in earnings referred to in the foregoing statement is conclusively shown in an estimated income account for the current year. In this, net income after depreciation, interest and losses on the sale of Liberty bonds and foreign Government notes was $2,591,820, as compared with $5,103,641 in the preceding year. The latter item, however, was not called to bear a writing off of losses on Government securities.

It is shown by the income account that net profits were inadequate to the paying of dividends for the full period of 1920; in fact, that even the disbursement of dividends to the amount of $8,983,750 brought about a deficit of $4,401,930, and had the quarterly dividend due yesterday been declared the deficit would have amounted to $6,733,180. The deficit in the report of 1919, after payment of dividends, was $4,221,458.

In consequence of the deficit this year, surplus has been reduced from $60,479,487 to $56,077,558. The report states that the company has, after providing for current obligations, in cash and in finished metals, upon the basis of the contract price for the metals sold but not delivered, and at the cost of production for its unsold stocks, $34,610,209.

A comparison of the figures in this year's tentative report and those of last year's annual is shown in the following table:

	1920.	1919.
Net profit	$2,591,820	$5,103,641
Dividends	6,983,750	9,325,000
Surplus	56,077,558	60,479,487

The dividend rate of $4 a year was inaugurated on May 26 last year, when the quarterly disbursement was reduced from $3 to $1. During 1918 the rate was $8 a year, and in 1917 the payment was $8.50, the largest disbursement that 1916 the company paid $7 a share, and from 1908 to 1915, inclusive, $2 a share, with the exception of $2.50 in 1914, $3 in 1912 and $2.25 in 1911.

VERMONT BANKER GETS 4 YEARS' HARD LABOR

Frank G. Howland of Barre Pleads Guilty to Taking $15,480 of Bank's Funds.

BARRE, Vt., Dec. 28.—A sentence of four to seven years at hard labor in the State prison was imposed today on Frank G. Howland, 50 years old, President of the Barre Savings Bank and Trust Company, after he had pleaded guilty to embezzlement of the bank's funds. The charges on which he was arrested set his thefts at $25,980, but when Howland objected to an item of $10,500 his admission of guilt was accepted on the four other counts, aggregating $15,480.

Howland suffered a partial collapse when sentence was pronounced. He had asked that he be fined instead of imprisoned, so that he might be able to assist in straightening out the affairs of the institution, with which he had been connected for years and which was closed five weeks ago as a result of his thefts.

He said he had not profited by his manipulation of the funds, which had covered a period of four years. As tradespeople failed to meet their obligations he took funds from the bank's general account to cover losses on their loans.

RAISES "OPEN SHOP" ISSUE.

Employer Appeals to Kansas Court of Industrial Relations.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 28.—The question of the "open shop" is before the Kansas Court of Industrial Relations, it was announced today. Application of the Fort Scott Sorghum-Syrup Company of Fort Scott for abrogation of its contract with the local union of the International Brotherhood of Firemen and Oilers is the first case brought by employers under the Industrial Court act.

The Industrial Court act specifically recognises the right of labor unions to bargain collectively, but also recognizes "the right of every person to make his own choice of employment and to make and carry out fair, just and reasonable contracts of employment."

The Fort Scott company states that it desired to operate only one of its five boilers during the slack season, and to man it with the chief engineer and his assistant, but that the union insisted the company must retain its regular firemen.

JERSEY TEACHERS' CLAIMS.

Ask $1,200 Minimum and Voice in School Affairs at Conference.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Dec. 28.—Teachers in New Jersey schools will demand a voice in the establishment of school courses if the plans of the convention of the New Jersey Teachers Association are carried out. They deny that there is any move toward educational sovietism, but insist that working teachers are able to give first-class advice.

The association has favored a minimum salary of $1,200 a year for all New Jersey teachers, and efforts to have legislation passed to this effect will be made at the coming session of the Legislature. The teachers also favor the enactment of a State salary schedule of annual increases based on the length of time they have served.

Operating Revenues for November Gain $7,933,890 Over Same Month Last Year.

MAINLY DUE TO I.C.C. ORDERS

Offset in Part by Increase in Operating Expenses—Larger Earnings Shown by Other Roads.

The November earnings statement of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, as submitted to the Interstate Commerce Commission, has been received in the financial district and illustrates how much some of the coal-carrying railroads have been benefited by the priority orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission through 1920. Operating revenues of the Baltimore & Ohio last month increased $7,933,890 over those for November, 1919, and of this increase $7,365,594 was derived from the additional freight carried over the company's lines.

Against the big increase in revenues, however, there was an increase of $6,614,644 in railway operating expenses. The major portion of this increase was traceable to a $4,088,653 advance in transportation expenses (wages), and the company spent $2,252,688 more in maintenance of way and structures and equipment than it did in November, 1919. Net revenue from railway operation was $2,612,796, as compared with $1,293,599.

At the close of 1919 Baltimore & Ohio was one of the coal roads which had experienced a considerable falling off in the volume of traffic, and it was not until after the Interstate Commerce Commission had issued its emergency coal shipment orders that the big increase in the Baltimore & Ohio tonnage became marked. The bulk of hte traffic was coal.

Among other November reports which became marked. The bulk of the traffic of the Lehigh Valley and the Texas & Pacific. Lehigh Valley's gross in November increased from $5,705,823 in the same month in the preceding year to $7,582,129, while net operating income for the same period increased to $761,331 from $288,116.

In the case of Texas & Pacific, November gross revenues amounted to $3,961,422, as compared with $3,287,872 in the preceding November and net operating income for the month was $308,407, as compared with $211,992 in the year before.

OFFERS COAL SOLUTION.

Roads Could Handle Output if Uniform Through Year, Says Expert.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Dec. 28.—A. G. Guthelm, manager of the Public Relations Section of the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association, addressing the convention of the American Economic Association today on the 1920 coal situation, said: "So long as regulatory power exists to force coal production at the expense of other industries, similar power should exist to compel proper distribution of such production.

"Our railroad facilities are probably adequate today to handle our necessary annual bituminous output produced with fair uniformity of rate throughout the year, and will probably be adequate when post-war rehabilitation of the properties is completed.

"Railroad facilities are not, and without great waste of investment never can be, adequate to handle currently our necessary bituminous coal production when obtained by weekly peaks of 12,000,000 tons and valleys of 7,500,000 tons in a twelve-month period, as has been the case the las ttwo years."

Arthur J. Mason of Chicago, an engineering expert, in urging the substitution of machine loading for hand work by miners, who now shovel into cars 700,000,000 tons of coal, said that "public opinion must be roused to the splendid job of bringing to the surface about three-quarters of a million vigorous men." He urged great storage places for coal, similar to grain reservoirs.

"The primary saving which would ensue should municipalities undertake to furnish heat to citizens, as they now do water, by means of great central stations, would reach a sum measurably equal to the present total taxation in those cities," he maintained.

ROADS' COAL BILL JUMPS.

Increases $97,026,624 for Nine Months in 1920 Over 1919.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The railroads' coal bill for the first nine months of this year was $97,026,624 more than during the corresponding period last year, said a statement issued today by the Interstate Commerce Commission. A resolution asking the commission for a report as to the amounts spent by the roads for coal this year and last was adopted yesterday by the Senate.

During the first nine months of this year the roads spent $326,923,642 for coal, as against $229,897,018, the commission's statement showed. The cost of coal was greatest in the New England district, the cost being $7.72 pet net ton, as against $5.67 a ton last year. The Central Western district had the lowest coal cost, railroads paying only $3.38 a ton in 1919 they paid $2.97 a ton.

The total consumption by the roads in the nine months was 81,752,821 tons, as against 71,619,009 tons in 1919.

SENATORS TO HEAR SIMS.

Investigators Call Ex-Indianapolis Conspiracy Prosecutor.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Dan W. Sims, who resigned as a special prosecutor in the Indianapolis coal conspiracy case after differences with Attorney General Palmer over the evidence to be used, has been summoned to appear before the Senate committee investigating the coal situation.

The committee was to continue hearings tomorrow, but decided today to postpone the examination of witnesses. Chairman Calder is expected to call an executive session, and Mr. Sims will appear before it.

Further inquiry into charges that Government employes and officials engaged in profit taking on coal during the shortage last Summer has been made by agents of the committee. George H. Cushing, Managing Director of the American Wholesale Coal Association, has now furnished the committee with three names said to be those of Government officials who joined in a single coal transactions which netted $400,000 for the participants. Two of the three are still connected with the Government service, it was said by the committee representatives, though one who was employed on a dollar-a-year basis during and after the war is not now in the service.

U. S. Smelting Dividend Cut.

The board of the United States Smelting, Refining and Mining Company yesterday declared a quarterly dividend of 50 cents a share on the common stock. The company had been making quarterly disbursements of $1.50 a share on the common since September of last year. At the same time the regular quarterly dividend of 87½ cents a share on the preferred stock was announced, both payments being due Jan. 31, to stock of record Jan. 4.

OPPOSES THE DIVISION OF NEW ENGLAND LINES

Expert Tells Commerce Commission One-Group System Should Be Preserved.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—New England railroads must be kept in one group for financial reasons, W. J. Cunningham, a railroad expert, told the Interstate Commerce Commission today at resumption of the hearings into the redivision of freight rates between carriers east and west of the Hudson River.

Mr. Cunningham, who made a study of the New England situation at the request of the carriers, said under cross-examination that he could see no reason for breaking the New England group into northern and southern sections and joining them to other railroad divisions outside of that territory. He argued that the New England carriers were interlocked by historical, financial and geographical considerations and should not be broken apart.

The commission was told by Mr. Cunningham that "four out of the eight carriers in New England" showed a freight loss at present, but if the Grand Trunk in New England were considered a part of the parent line in Canada and the Central New England a part of the New York, New Haven & Hartford, to which it actually belongs, then but two roads would show a loss.

Mr. Cunningham added that if the Boston & Albany road were considered a part of the New England group, the New England carriers as a class would show a much higher freight earning capacity.

Testifying as to wage costs Mr. Cunningham said that the average local haul in New England was 7.8 miles while in trunk line territory it was 9 miles and that the wage cost was 59 cents a train mile in New England, as compared with 56 cents on trunk lines.

George M. Wood, General Freight Agent of the New York, New Haven & Hartford, traced the course of the development of the present system of freight divisions and gave the commission figures to show that a great inequality existed between New England interchanged rates and those prevailing in other divisions.

WANTS ITEMS FROM WILSON.

Gould Again Asks What He Spent from $150,000,000 War Fund.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Representative Norman J. Gould of New York today renewed his efforts to obtain a more definite accounting of the money expended by President Wilson during the war out of the $150,000,000 appropriated by Congress for the national security and defense and placed at the President's disposal. Mr. Gould said that the reports already made to Congress failed to give satisfactory details of the expenditures, which, he believes, should now be forthcoming.

Mr. Gould's resolution reads:

"Resolved, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, requested, if not incompatible with the public interests, to furnish the House of Representatives with an itemized statement showing disbursements and allocation of all sums allotted by him to the various departmental branches of the Government, to any special commission or committee, or to any individual, from the $100,000,000 appropriation authorized in the Deficiency Appropriation act approved April 15, 1917, and from the appropriation of $50,000,000 authorized in the Sundry Civil act approved July 1, 1918, which were to be expended at his discretion for the national security and defense."

ADVISES PRESIDENT TO SIGN.

Commerce Board Favors Bill Enabling Railroad Purchases.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—President Wilson was advised by the Interstate Commerce Commission today to sign the bill recently passed by Congress amending the Transportation act so as to defer until Jan. 1, 1923, operation of Section 10 of the Clayton Anti-Trust act. The recommendation by the commission, to which the President referred the bill, was understood to have been by a vote of 6 to 4.

The Anti-Trust act section which would be suspended prohibits railroads purchasing equipment and other supplies from concerns in which the roads are interested except with approval of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

W. H. Johnston, President of the International Association of Machinists, recently requested the President to veto the amendment, declaring it "simply legalizes a great steal from the American public."

ACCEPTS HARBOR COMPACT.

Leader of Pilots Says Organization Will Abide by Agreement.

The danger of a serious tie-up of harbor shipping by the threatened strike of marine workers was diminished last evening when President Allen O. Howells, President of the Masters, Mates and Pilots Association, said that his organization would abide by the agreement reached last week with the independent boat owners. The report which credited the officials of this organization with being ready to go into the strike with the Harbor Boatmen's Union was denied by Mr. Howells.

The Boat Owners Association will meet tomorrow afternoon to consider the action of the marine workers who refuse to sign the 1921 agreement and threaten to strike on the first of the year.

Immigration Officials Get Permission From Washington to Make Examinations Aboard Ship.

The 1,050 steerage passengers who have been detained on the White Star liner Olympic since last Wednesday at the cost of $1,200 per day to the company were examined on board yesterday afternoon by Public Health doctors and the Immigration Inspectors and permitted to land, in order to allow the vessel to sail at 5 o'clock P. M. for Cherbourg and Southampton with a big passenger list and the United States mails.

The delay was due chiefly to the methods of the Public Health Service in Washington, which would not permit the immigrants to be examined anywhere except at Ellis Island, although Commissioner of Immigration Frederick A. Wallis had received permission to examine the 10,000 aliens on the ships to relieve the congestion at the island.

Several passengers on their way to Australia told the doctors they had been compelled to travel third class because there was no room in the second cabin. They had no idea, they said, that they would be sent to Ellis Island to be vaccinated before being allowed to land in America.

The 1,200 steerage passengers from the White Star liner Adriatic, who arrived nearly three weeks ago, are still at Hoffman Island, under a twelve-day observation for a suspected case of typhus.

Steamship agents said yesterday they hoped nearly 10,000 other passengers also could be examined on board.

EXPORT PURCHASE JOLTS CHICAGO PIT

But 1,000,000-Bushel Deal in Wheat Does Not Brace the Market—Armours Buy Corn.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—Removal of hedges against export sales of around 1,000,000 bushels hard Winter wheat via the Gulf failed to affect the future market materially, and the close was ¾ and 3 cents lower, the latter on December. In corn, buying of December, credited to the Armour Grain Company, advanced that delivery 1⅞ cents, with the finish 2 cents under the May. Deferred deliveries were unchanged to ⅝ cents lower and oats were unchanged to ¼ cent lower. Rye was ¼ cent higher to ⅜ cent lower and barley 1¼ cent lower.

The export demand for wheat was surprisingly large for this season of the year, as usually nothing is done during the holidays. Belgium, France and Italy were reported as the buyers, part of the grain being for last half March shipment—which was regarded as very significant, in view of the recent reports that Argentine was offering 6 and 7 cents under domestic.

There was also some business in Manitobas via the seaboard, but quantity or price was not mentioned. Exporters bought 45,000 bushels dark No. 3 Northern here at equal to 3 cents over March on track; and an inquiry for 100,000 bushels dark No. 2 Northern was received after the close, with offers within ½ cent of a working basis.

Congestion is developing in December rye, spreading being short in that grain against purchases of wheat, and the difference narrowed 3¼ cents. Exporters are long on rye and await a delivery. A large export business could have been put through, had cash grain been available. It would not be surprising to see some fireworks in the December rye before the end of the month. Spreaders sold May rye and bought wheat today.

The main cause of the failure of wheat to advance in the face of the export buying is the pressure from local traders, which more than offsets the seaboard buying. Speculation is at a low ebb, and the market is regarded as needing constant support in order to prevent decline. Sentiment generally is bearish despite the strong statistical position.

Trade in corn and oats was very light, and, aside from the tightness in December corn, the markets were featureless. Houses with Eastern connections bought July and sold May corn. A local house, through an error, bid 3½c more than they should for corn from Iowa overnight and failed to buy a bushel of grain.

Several large Iowa elevator operators who were here said stocks of oats in elevators in that State were abnormally light and supplies on farms less than expected by the State.

Primary arrivals of 631,000 bushels wheat compared with 880,000 a week ago, and 910,000 last year; shipments, 503,000 bushels against 588,000 a week ago and 603,000 last year.

Receipts of corn aggregated 1,013,000 bushels against 785,000 last week and 1,003,000 last year. Shipments were 333,000 bushels against 251,000 a week ago, and 450,000 last year.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	$1.63	$1.63½	$1.63½	$1.69
March	1.63¾	1.61¼	1.62¾	1.63½
May	1.59	1.56½	1.57¾	1.59

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	71¼	69¼	71¼	70	1.42⅜
May	73⅜	73⅜	73⅜	73¼	1.32⅝
July	73⅜	73¼	73¼	73⅜	1.31

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	46	45¼	45¼	45¾	84½
May	48¾	48⅜	48⅜	48⅝	83⅝
July	48	47⅜	47⅜	47¾	76½

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.50½	1.50	1.50	1.50½	...
May	1.40	1.38¾	1.38¾	1.39½	1.83⅝

PROVISIONS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard— Jan.	12.85	12.70	12.77	12.70	22.37
May	13.35	13.15	13.15	13.25	24.62
Ribs— Jan.	11.40	11.32	11.32	12.25	19.10
May	12.05	11.92	12.02	12.05	19.85
Pork— Jan.	23.05	23.00	23.00	23.00	37.25

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 7,159 packages. High-grade fresh creamery quotations might be exceeded on technical qualities; fair interest in the medium qualities and general outlook a little brighter; Danish, moving well; rather more doing in storage creamery; ladies and packing, steady. Creamery, higher than extras, pound, 56½@57c; extras, 92 score, 56c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 48@55c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 43½@47c; seconds, 85 to 87 score, 37@42c; lower grades, 32@36c; unsalted, higher than extras, 56½@56c; extras, 58½@59c; firsts, 46@57c; seconds, 36@43c; held or storage, high scoring, 51½@52½c; extras, 50@51c; firsts, 49@50c; seconds, 32@38c; lower grades, 25@30c; Danish casks, fresh, 51@53c; State dairy tubs, finest, 53@54c; good to prime, 44@50c; common to fair, 30@42c; renovated, extras, 39@40c; ladies, current make, firsts, 26@28c; seconds, 23@25c; lower grades, 20@21½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 21½@22c; No. 2, 20c; lower grades, 15@19c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 15,975 cases. Prices show further advance of about 1c except on whites, at practically unchanged prices; storage, improved demand. Fresh-gathered, extras, dozen, 75@80c; extra firsts, 70@75c; firsts, 74@75c; seconds and poorer, 69@73c; dirties, No. 1, 53@58c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 59@62c; refrigerator, firsts, 61@63c; seconds, 56@60c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, extras, 81c; extra firsts, 82@83c; firsts, 80@81c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 80@83c; under grades, 70@78c; pullets, 63@68c; Pacific Coast, white, extras, 83c; extra firsts, 82@83c; firsts, 80@81c; under grades, 76@78c; pullets, selected, small ones, 75@76c; medium sizes, 62@68c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 70@80c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery browns, extras, 81@83c; gathered brown and mixed colors, firsts, 78@80c; firsts to extra firsts, 74@76c.

Internal Revenue Commissioner Issues Notice of Revision of Present Law.

MONTHLY REPORT REQUIRED

It Must Give Detailed Information of All Transactions in the Preceding Month.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—New regulations were issued today by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for making returns on the sales of shares of stocks. Detailed information must be furnished on the 15th day of each month of all the transactions of the preceding month. The official notice sent out to collectors of internal revenue and which revises the present law reads:

"Article 17, regulations 40, revised, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Article 17. Returns by persons making sales. (a) All persons who are wholly or partly engaged in the business of buying, selling or transferring shares of stock, whether such sales, purchases or transfers shall be made, cleared, settled or adjusted through a clearing house or otherwise, shall on or before the 15th day of each month, and at any other time designated by the Commissioner, render under oath a true return of all such sales to said Commissioner for the preceding month or for any other period designated by the Commissioner, containing in detail the following data and information:

"1. The month for which the return is made.

"2. The name and address of the person, partnership, corporation or association making the return.

"3. The number of shares sold, loaned and borrowed returned and tax paid as follows:

"(a) Par value shares through Clearing House.

"(b) Par value shares ex-clearing, curb, over the counter.

"(c) No par value shares, market value $100 or less, through Clearing House.

"(d) No par value shares, market value $100 or less, ex-Clearing House, curb, over the counter.

"(e) No par value shares, market value over $100, through Clearing House.

"(f) Market value, no par value shares, market value over $100 through Clearing House.

"(g) No par value shares, market value over $100, ex-Clearing House, curb, over the counter.

"(h) Market value, no par value shares, market value over $100, ex-Clearing House, curb, over the counter.

"(i) Transfers, calls, rights, when, as and if issued, contracts and miscellaneous.

"4. Number of shares cross trades.

"5. The amount of tax paid.

"6. The amount of stamps on hand on the first day of the month or other period.

"7. The amount of stamps purchased during the month or other period.

"8. The amount of stamps on hand on the last day of the month for which return is being made.

"(b) Provided that brokers known strictly as 'floor brokers' or 'two-dollar men' or 'traders' in lieu of the foregoing return shall render a return only as to such sales as were not 'given up' to or cleared through other brokers, including direct settlements 'pass-outs' or 'scratched sales.'

"(c) Provided, further, that in the event any broker who has not closed business shall make no sales of stock during any one month he shall file with the Commissioner a statement to that effect in lieu of a return."

BOSTON HOUSEKEEPER GETS $500,000 ESTATE

Will of Mrs. Mary Knight Names Her Old Family Servant as Residuary Legatee.

BOSTON, Dec. 28.—The domestic service of Agnes McNevin in the family of Mrs. Mary Gilbert Knight is to be rewarded with a legacy of half a million dollars. The executors of the will of Mrs. Knight filed a petition in the Probate Court today for leave to make final distribution of the property, reporting that all specific public and personal bequests, aggregating $198,300, had been paid. The estate was worth $697,932, they reported, leaving approximately half a million for the former servant, who was named residuary legatee.

The Knights lived in the Roxbury district on the border of Franklin Park and their home there has been a landmark. It is understood Miss McNevin was in their service for many years and immediately prior to the death of Mrs. Knight had acted as her housekeeper.

GERMAN BANK STATEMENT.

Large Decrease in Outstanding Note Circulation.

The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes, in marks:

Total coin and bullion	increased	9,000,000
Gold	decreased	300,000
Treasury notes	increased	633,400,000
Notes of other banks	increased	100,000
Bills discounted	increased	4,111,000,000
Advances	decreased	14,400,000
Investments	decreased	1,200,000
Other securities	decreased	62,800,000
Notes in circulation	decreased	537,500,000
Deposits	increased	4,263,300,000
Other liabilities	increased	22,500,000

Gold holdings and outstanding note circulation of the bank now compare as follows with the corresponding week in 1919 and 1918, in thousands of marks:

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Gold	1,661,500	1,089,497	2,262,450
Circulation	64,147,100	34,126,585	21,124,380

The Reichsbank's gold stood at 1,722,758,000 marks when the war broke out; its note circulation at 1,890,832,000. The highest point reached by the bank's gold reserve since the war began was 2,550,240,000 marks on Nov. 15, 1919; since when it has been steadily depleted by payment for imported foodstuffs. The highest point ever reached by the bank's outstanding notes was 64,694,616,000 marks, in the statement of Dec. 15.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the J. G. White Engineering Corporation yesterday J. Dugal White was elected a Director of the corporation.

C. B. Chapman, formerly with Hemphill, Noyes & Co., is now associated with the bond department of Moore, Leonard & Lynch.

C. F. Childs & Co. have revised to date their bond calendar on all United States territorial and insular loans, showing respective amounts outstanding, dates of issues, purposes of such issues, maturities and other information.

H. C. Nickerson, for the last few years a specialist in Canadian securities, will become associated on and after Jan. 1 with the municipal bond house of Spitzer, Rorick & Co.

United States Rubber Company 7% per cent. ten-year definitive bonds are ready for delivery upon surrender of temporary bonds at the office of United States Mortgage and Trust Company, 55 Cedar Street.

M. M. Freeman & Co. of Philadelphia have issued a list of New York and New Jersey municipals yielding from 4.30 to 5.70 per cent. of present prices.

January 1, 1921

Bartlesville Gas & Elec. Co.
1st Mortgage 6s, Due

Cities Service Company
Series B 7% Debentures, 1966

Cities Service Company
Series C 7% Debentures, 1966

City Light & Water Co.
5 year 6% Notes, 1924

Consolidated Cities Light, Power & Traction Co.
1st 5s, 1960

Deep Well Water Supply Co.
1st Mortgage 5s, 1950

Dominion Gas Company
Coll. Trust 5s, 1952

Empire Gas & Fuel Co.
Conv. 6% Notes, 1924

Hattiesburg Traction Co.
1st Mortgage 6s, 1925

Massillon Elec. & Gas Co.
1st Mortgage 5s, 1956

Massillon Elec. & Gas Co.
3 year 7% Notes, 1923

Montgomery Lt. & Wr. Pr. Co.
1st Consolidated 5s, 1949

St. Joseph Ry., Light, Heat & Power Co.
1st & Ref. 5s, 1946

Union Gas Company
1st & Coll. Trust 5s, 1935

Henry L. Doherty & Company
60 Wall Street New York

U. S. Government
Railroad & Public Utility
BONDS
for
INVESTMENT
BOLES & WESTWOOD
Members Phila. Stock Exchange
Land Title Bldg., Phila.

Mexican Eagle Oil
Stock & Rights
SUTRO BROS. & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
120 Broadway, New York
57 St. Francois St., Montreal, Canada

Bankers Trust Co.
Stock
CLINTON GILBERT
2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4848 Rector

FOR SALE
Ft. Worth & Rio Grande 1st 4s
Undisturbed in the Frisco Reorganization. Paid their interest without default for 32 years. Exchangeable at any time for Frisco Series "A" 4s. Only $1,880,000 outstanding out of $4,000,000 issue. 1st Mortgage on 225 miles outstanding at rate of $8,000 a mile.
To net investor 11%
A. S. H. JONES
24 Wall St., N.Y. Phone Hanover 986

CARPENDER, CAFFRY & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
1 Wall St. 320 Fifth Ave.
Tel. Rector 3870. Tel. Vanderbilt 9340
Weekly Market Letter sent upon request.

LISTED SECURITIES
Bought and Sold
for
Investment or on Conservative Margin
Account
B. H. & F. W. Pelzer
Members New York Stock Exchange
12 Broadway New York City
Phone Broad 5037.

Gidyear Tire & Rub. Com. & Pfd.
Northern States Power Com. & Pf.
Standard Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.
Private Wire to Chicago
111 Broadway Phone Rector 6764

H. A. MacDonald & Company
Investment Bankers
Buffalo, New York
BRANCH OFFICES
Rochester, N. Y. Montreal, Canada.
Lockport, N. Y. Ottawa, Canada.
Hartford, Conn. Toronto, Canada.

A Buyers' Market

Renewed buying of the newer investment bargains now available is gradually increasing.

Our latest market analysis carries information on a number of stocks that appear to be selling much under actual worth, and which might prove of valuable assistance to those contemplating purchases.

Copy of the pamphlet will be sent free upon request.

Address Dept. T-32

CHARLES H. CLARKSON & CO.
66 Broadway, New York.
TELEPHONES RECTOR 6060-6

WE HAVE ORDERS IN
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
Babcock & Wilcox
Chesebrough Mfg.
Wire Wheel Com. & Pfd.
Goodyear Tire & R. Com. & Pfd.
Int. Silver Pfd.
American Brass
American Surety Co.
Willys Corp. 1st Pfd.
Willys Corp. 2nd Pfd.
Safety Car Heating & Lighting
Celluloid Co. Com.

Gwynne Bros.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Tel. Broad 5270 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Tobacco Stocks
American Cigar
Amer. Mach. & Fdy.
Amer. Tob. Scrip.
British-Amer. Tob.
Conley Tin Foil
Geo. W. Helme
Imperial Tobacco
Johnston Tin Foil
MacAndrews & Forbes
Porto Rican-Amer. Tob.
R. J. Reynolds Tob.
Tobacco Prod. Scrip.
Weyman Bruton
J. S. Young
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Stone, Prosser & Doty
52 William St., N. Y. Hanover 7723

Seaboard Air Line
1st Consolidated
6s, Due 1945
To yield about 13 per cent.
Circular on request for S-78
HUGHES & DIER
Members { Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Stock Exchanges, Chicago Bd. of Trade, N. Y. Produce Exch.
42 New St., New York
Telephone Broad 5140

We Offer
Municipal Service Co.
1st Col. Trust
5s, 1942
Edwin Bancker & Co.
115 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 944-5.

Goodyear Tire & Rubber
Com. & Pref.
UNGER and COMPANY
Unlisted Securities Dept.
30 Pine St., N.Y. John 3310

T. H. KENNEY & CO.
Thomas H. Kenney Martin G. Kenney
C. P. A. (N.Y.) Counsellor at Law
Public Accounting and Tax Report Service
31 Broadway, N. Y.
Tel. Bowling Green 6484

Investor's Folder
Free investment, dividend action, income tax data, etc.
Free Upon Request for D.
HEYWOOD BROOKS & CO.
149 Broadway, New York

Gulf Oil Corp.
Magnolia Petroleum
Douglas Fenwick & Co.
Members Pittsburgh Stock Exchange
DIRECT WIRE TO PITTSBURGH
24 Wall St. 122 Fourth Ave.
New York. Pittsburgh, Pa.

Fairbanks Co. 1st & 2nd Pfd.
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Com.
Green Star S. S. 7s, Dec. 1924.
Lloyd Plate Glass Ins.
Mayflower Stores Co. Bds. & Stk.
New Orleans Ry. & Lt. 4½s, 1935
Philippine Ry. 4s, 1937
Seaboard Air Line 6s, 1945
S. O. of Indiana ($25 Par)
Toledo, Pto. & Western 4s, 1917
Warren Bros. Co. Com.

Charles E. Doyle & Co.
20 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. Broad 7100-7-8-9

Listed
and
Unlisted
Securities

M·S·WOLFE & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1904
Members New York Stock Exchange
61 BROAD ST., NEW YORK
Phone Broad. 25

K&Co.
WE WILL BUY
100 Amer. Typefounders Com.
500 American Thread Pfd.
50 Amer. Pr. & Lt. Com.
50 Consumers Power Pfd.
150 Leslie Oil
100 N.Y. & Honduras Ros. Min.
50 Stern Bros. Pfd.
50 Yukon Alaska Trust
WE WILL SELL
100 Amer. Gas & Elec. Pfd.
50 Celluloid Company
100 Eastern Steel Com.
50 Elec. Bond & Share Pfd.
100 Fisk Rubber 1st Pfd.
5M United Lt. & Ry. 5s, 1932
100 Warren Bros.
100 Woodward Iron Com.

KIELY & CO.
40 Wall Street.—New York
Phone John 6330

G'dyear T. & R. Com. & Pf.
Todd Shipyards
Nat. Park Bank Stk. & Rts.
Tidewater Oil Stk. & Rts.
General Electric Rights
Southern Pacific Rights
Home Insurance Stk. & Rts.
Corn Exch'ge Bk. Stk. & Rts.
Curtiss Aeroplane Pref.
Great American Insurance
-Specialists in all
Dividend Scrips and Rights
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Rector St., N.Y. Phone 6780 Rector

Guanajuato Power & Elec. 6s
Guanajuato Power & Elec. Pfd.
Guanajuato Power & Elec. Com.
Michoacan Power 6s
Central Mexico Lt. & Pr. 6s
Central Mexico Lt. & Pr. Pfd.
Guanajuato Reduc. & Mines 6s
Richmond Radiator Com. & Pfd.
HOTCHKIN & CO.
53 STATE ST.
Tel. Main 420 **BOSTON** Cable Textile

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Buy & Sell
American Securities S. S.
American Cyanamid Com. & Pfd.
Confidential Insurance
Del., Lack. & Western Coal
E. W. Bliss Common
Great American Insurance
Home Ins. "Exchange" & Stock
Int. Motor Com. & Pfd.
Industrial Finance Com. & Pfd.
Lackawanna Valley Coal Sales
N. Y. State Rys. Com. & Pfd.
Victor Talking Machine
Westward Ho Common
Ward Baking Com. & Pfd.
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phone 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Denver Imp. 5s 1928
Consolidation Coal 5s 1950
Consolidation Coal 6s 1934
Cleve., Akron & Columbus 6s 1987
L. & N. St. Louis Div. 2d 3s 1980
Mont. Northern 5s 1937
Kansas City Terminal 4s 1960
Cuba Levies 6s 1931
DUNHAM & Co.
Investment Securities
43 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone 0100-10 Hanover

Investment
Securities
J. W. BELL & CO.
42 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 3522

Spots Set Middlings Record at 14.50—Pressure by Southern Banks Reported.

The cotton market broke badly again yesterday and at the day's low prices contract quotations were down below anything recorded in more than four years. At the minimum the list was 25 to 50 points under the previous lows of last Wednesday. Spots equalled the low record here of 14.50 for middlings. All in all, it was a bad day for the cotton market and at the close, despite the fact that a slight rally occurred in the last hour, local trade authorities were very pessimistic.

The market started 25 to 30 points down for the near months and 15 to 20 points off for the distant options. It moved up very little and then started to break. Liverpool, which had opened sharply lower after the four-day Christmas holiday, was a seller here, and the South and Wall Street houses also sold rather freely. The Southern sellers were particularly active and it was reported round the ring that Southern banks were bringing pressure to bear on their clients with the intent of forcing them to sell their cotton and liquidate their loans.

In the decline the market moved jerkily. It would go down 15 or 20 points, hold there for a brief time and then break another 15 or 20 points. It was not the sort of market which breaks wide open, but rather a soft, dragging affair, but with no apparent bottom. In the last half hour January came back about 30 points, thanks to some shifting of short contracts into later months, but the more distant contracts rallied only 5 to 10 points from the extreme lows.

Liverpool was weak, with futures down 55 to 65 points and spots down 25 to 9.29d.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Jan.	14.10	14.25	13.70	14.05@14.05	14.45
March	13.85	13.95	13.23	13.50@13.54	14.14
May	14.00	14.06	13.50	13.62@13.63	14.22
July	14.16	14.13	13.60	13.72@13.77	14.30
Oct.	14.30	14.30	13.83	13.98	14.45

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, down 50 points to 14.50c for middling upland; sales 300 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston 13.30c, down .50; New Orleans, 13.50c, down .25; Savannah, 14.00c, down 1.75c; Augusta, 13.25c, down .25; Memphis, 14.00c, down .50; Houston, 12.50c, down 1.00c; Little Rock, 14.00c, down .50.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	46,731	51,787	41,657
Exports	44,858	30,508	....
Exports, season	2,358,542	2,245,880	2,683,676
New York stocks	24,830	25,241	62,981
Port stocks	1,427,844	1,405,062	1,584,715
N. Y. arrivals	1,281	1,124	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was dull at 9.29d for middling. Sales, 2,000 bales, of which 1,000 were American. Imports,

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 28.—Fifty-five new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $1,351,725, were chartered today. They include:

Goodman-Mandelbaum, Manhattan, women's apparel, $10,000; L. Brill, J. T. Mandelbaum, A. Goodman, 341 East 124th St.

Delmar Co., Manhattan, mail order, $15,000; G. W. Nielson, F. G. Lane, L. G. Mapes, 1,550 Silver St.

Louis, importer, Manhattan, women's tailoring, $6,000; L. and B. F. Simkin, J. Levey, 2,064 Ryer Av., Bronx.

Borough Park Produce Exchange, Brooklyn, $10,000; W. Wiser, G. C. Wycoff, I. J. Gusson, 5 Beekman St.

J. and I. Richter & Sons, Bronx, garage, $10,000; J. and M. L. and I. Richter, 371 East 8th St.

No. 552 Eighth Avenue, lunchroom, manhattan, $5,000; S. Ide, C. E. Frankel, G. Weiss, 276 5th Av.

H. and R. Cloak and Suit Co., Manhattan, $5,000; L. Hurwitz, A. Liebowitz, J. Rothman, 111 East 7th St.

Impex Trading Corp., Manhattan, commission merchants, $15,000; M. E. Levine, I. I. Hartman, M. Danziger, 305 Broadway.

Capitol District Co-operative Association, Albany, producing and manufacturing co-operative plan, $5,000; G. G. Nash, H. Lamont, J. A. Phillips, Albany.

Gomez & Martinez, Manhattan, general importing and exporting, $25,000; R. Salo, A. L. Hillyard, J. Mendoza, 510 West 172d St.

Wall 74 Tar Realty Associates, Manhattan, $50,000; B. Walker, J. J. Schauch, B. Sanders, 56 Vesey St.

Gravure Development Corp., Manhattan, printing, $500,000; E. C. Riegel, L. F. Berkfield, A. M. Hutwood, 200 5th Av.

Goodmar Brothers, Manhattan, fur garments, $50,000; I. and A. and J. Goodman, 1,430 42d St.

William Phillips Phone Parts Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; S. Abrams, H. Stern, W. Phillips, 41 Bennett St.

Aborn Garage, Brooklyn, $12,000; D. Tamerlis, S. H. Lichtenstein, A. L. Friedman, 69 East 104th St.

S. Farkouh & Bros., Manhattan, white goods and silks, $25,000; W. J. and A. J. Malhame, S. Farkouh, 17 Rector St.

Sharport Holding Corp., Manhattan, realty, $100,000; M. Schachnow, M. Rapaport, A. Gross, 261 Broadway.

Eglerton Bros. & Co., Manhattan, iron and steel, $2,100,000; A. J., E. H. and J. F. Bragg, Pelham Heights.

Neil G. Nyland Co., Albany, bookbinding and publishing, $6,000; F. E. Decker, J. J. Madigan, N. G. Nyland, Albany.

Harding Co., Binghamton, poultry and stock feed, $10,000; R. H. Brown, S. M. and G. L. Harding, Binghamton.

Rozen & Warshauer, Manhattan, women's suits, $20,000; J. Rozen, A. Suseman, S. Warshauer, 828 Caudwell Av.

Josephine Janes Co., Lynbrook, Nassau Co., decorative novelties, infants' toys, $10,000; M. A. King, C. E. and J. M. Janes, Lynbrook.

Cunard Trading Corp., Manhattan, artistic novelties, $5,000; M. Finkelstein, C. V. Donaldson, H. J. Sanders, 41 St. Nicholas Terrace.

Villare Drug Co., Carthage, $20,000; H. B. Carncross, C. H. Fix, E. Villare, Carthage.

E. Wirtschafter Co., Manhattan, furriers, $50,000; T. Saslaw, B. R. Jacobs, R. Saunders, 280 Marlborough Road, Brooklyn.

Max Gitlig, Manhattan, delicatessen, $10,000; R. A. and J. G. Abramsen, M. Gitlig, 185 East Houston St.

Merkel & Gelman, Glens Falls, department store, $75,000; D. and M. L. Merkel, C. Gelman, Glens Falls.

Kahrn Kirsch Realty Co., Brooklyn, $25,000; M. Kern, S. and A. Kirsch, 575 Hicks St., Brooklyn.

Esskay Dress Corp., Manhattan, women's apparel, $10,000; L. Krichewsky, R. and H. Sobolow, 66 Lewis Av., Brooklyn.

Sterling Mill Supply Co., Manhattan, paper, $10,000; E. Pyser, M. Krakowits, J. Lehr, 346 Dawson St., Bronx.

S. E. K. Taxi Co., Manhattan, $10,000; F. D. Sullar, S. Bellin, T. Kaughran, 522 West 161st.

Otto Riemer Co., Buffalo, bottles, $10,000; C. G. Weller, H. F. Muhl, O. Riemer, Buffalo.

Ajax Cane and Novelty Co., Manhattan, celluloids, $7,500; M. Buchbinder, S. Bauer, L. Silmel, 763 Jennings St., Bronx.

Resort Hotel and Realty Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J. Lowenstein, J. Hallheimer, J. Collatti, 557 West Broadway.

Irving Business Corp., Manhattan, realty, $10,000; A. H. and H. N. Waldan, S. B. Grubard, 145 Greene St.

Fiss & Aronson, Manhattan, delicatessen, $10,000; H. Fine, S. Weinstein, J. Aronson, 831 Madison St.

Steiner & Jacobs, Manhattan, silks, $35,000; S. and R. Steiner, J. Jacobs, 1,845 7th Av.

Merola Bros., Manhattan, realty, $5,000; A. Gastaldo, M. Scovotti, J. Merola, 312 East 124th St.

Greater New York Talking Machine Co., Manhattan, $10,000; I. Ehrlich, M. M. Alpert, L. Levin, 33 7th Av.

Trachman, Hafter & Talalinas, Manhattan, furs, $10,000; S. Trachman, J. Hefter, C. Tsistinas, 1 Charles St.

Schwenk's Eureka Market, Southampton, livestock, $20,000; W. G. Dodge, F. E. and W. Schwenk Jr., Southampton.

Service Milk Co., Buffalo, $75,000; G. C. Kauderer, F. and W. Hoopfingar, Buffalo.

National Lens Co. of Rochester, Rochester, $20,000; M. Levinson, — Scholl, J. Gessman, Rochester.

Levene Electrical Supply Co., New Rochelle, contracting, $20,000; F. E. Mulligan, S. and R. A. Levene, New Rochelle.

Hudson Valley Pants Co., Poughkeepsie, $5,000; C. B. Palmer, J. Seligman, D. Rosenberg, Poughkeepsie.

Fisk Teachers Agency, Manhattan, $10,025; B. McDowell, H. A. Straiftin, C. S. Crossman, 225 5th Av.

Federal Credit House of Ohio, Manhattan, clothing, $30,000; M. and M. Landsman, J. Stanhoff, 32 West 125th St.

Louis Kallmahowitz, Manhattan, textiles, 1,500 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,500 common, no par value; active capital, $157,500; L. M. Picker, R. and L. Kalmanowitz, 5,505 15th Av., Brooklyn.

CAPITL INCREASES.

Fremont Thread Co., Manhattan, $40,000 to $60,000.

E. G. Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $500,000.

S. C. Marx Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $20,000.

McNab & Harlin Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $500,000 to $900,000.

John R. Brenmer, Manhattan, $1,000 to $100,000.

Frank F. Boulton Corp., Manhattan, $5,000 to $300,000.

E. J. Horsman & Aetna Doll Co., Manhattan, $250,000 to $500,000.

Nathl Fisher & Co., Manhattan, $400,000 to $500,000.

Louis Ebert & Sons, Manhattan, $10,000 to $50,000.

Williamsburg Wood Heel Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Premier Garment Co., Manhattan, $20,000 to $50,000.

C. L. Poole & Co., Manhattan, $75,000 to $200,000.

Madeusa Trading Co., Manhattan, $18,000 to $100,000.

Liberty Merchandise Co., Manhattan, $12,500 to $50,000.

Finch Frigs & Co., Queensburg, $2,000,000 to $3,000,000.

Blakeslee Snyder Gardner, Buffalo, $50,000 to $150,000.

State Bank of Bolivar, Bolivar, $50,000 to $60,000.

Little River Redwood Co., Tonawanda, $96,000 to $2,000,000.

Wilson Process, Rochester, $500,000 to $500,000.

North American Process Co., Malone, $500 to $80,000.

Wall Ballon Co., Binghamton, $250,000 to $600,000.

Rockland County Driving Park, New City, $6,000 to $25,000.

CAPITAL REDUCTION.

Locke Insulator Mfg. Co., $1,000,000 to $600,000.

REORGANIZATION.

R. Sadovsky, Manhattan, carry on business with $3,312,500 and 62,500 shares common stock, no par value.

NAME CHANGES.

Edward Nash & Louis Watjen, Ltd., Manhattan, to Nash, Watjen & Bange, Ltd.

Colt, Stratton Co., Manhattan, to Stratton, Bliss Co.

Blakeslee, Snyder, Gardiner, Buffalo, to Snyder Cigar Co.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Nussbaum & Lang, Manhattan.

Lynch Brick Co., Haverstraw.

Garjeen Co., Manhattan.

Reiter Corset Co., Manhattan.

Dual Securities Co., Manhattan.

New Marathon Restaurant, Brooklyn.

Herget, Speckel & Co., Manhattan.

Ferber Lucks Dress Co., Manhattan.

Kreitman & Brick, Manhattan.

Kessler, Stevenson Corp., Manhattan.

Hendey Chemical Co., Manhattan.

Maxwell Mfg. Co., Manhattan.

Netherland Ice Cream Co., Syracuse.

Netherland Dairy Co., Syracuse.

Concrete Culvert Co., Horseheads.

Pakanship Co., Brooklyn.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Dec. 28.—New charters granted: Lythan Elec. Lamp Co., Jersey City, to make electric appliances, $150,000; Wm. J. Tompkins, John W. Aymar Jr., Waldemar F. Timme.

D. & H. Roofing Tile Co., Guttenberg, deal in roofing supplies, $125,000; Adolph G. Drapp, Gertrude Drapp, Anna Poellot, West New York.

Read Hardware Co., Camden, $125,000; Chas. C. Read, M. E. Read, Wilfred B. Wolcest, Camden.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Dec. 28.—Charters filed:

Detroit Export Finance Corp., export and import, $10,000,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, Wilmington.

Humphreys Texas Co., storing and selling oil and gas, $5,000,000; John B. Means, M. Aich, H. A. Wright, Tulsa, Okla.

Mesco Corp., stocks and bonds, $2,000,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, Wilmington.

Panuco Transportation Co., boats, $1,500,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, Wilmington.

Hoyt Corp., merchandise, $1,000,000; J. P. Ernestes, C. E. Nelson, L. L. Soule, Minneapolis.

Sarra Maguerite Co., mining, $800,000; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, Wilmington.

Lawton Pipducing and Refining Co., stocks and bonds, $500,000; C. T. Cohee, S. B. Outten, S. L. Mackey, Wilmington.

Finders Co., card indexing system, $450,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

Cinema Finance Corp., stocks and bonds, $250,000; Clarence S. Ashley, Daniel J. Dunhy, Harry J. Neuschafer, New York.

Thomas J. Robinson & Co., stock brokers, $50,000; M. M. Lacey, M. B. Reese, L. S. Forsey, Wilmington.

Industrial Cost Association, commerce, no capital; T. L. Croteau, S. E. Dill, A. M. Hooven, Wilmington.

Clinton Hotel Corp., $200,000; Wray C. Arnold, Frank W. Fry, Frank A. Cabeen Jr., Philadelphia.

Templar Tire Co., rebuilt automobiles, $50,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

W. G. McBride, St. Louis, $100,000 to $300,000.

R. Krasnow & Bons, Pittsburgh, $50,000 to $100,000.

Continental Floorspar Co., Nevada, $150,000 to $500,000.

NAME CHANGES.

Mardelbe Signalite Sales Corp. to Toor Products, Inc., New York.

Colonial Bond & Mortgage Co. of Detroit to Colonial Mortgage Co. of Detroit.

COMMODITY PRICES WEAK.

Price Change Narrow—New Low Price Reported for Spot Copper.

There were few price changes reported in yesterday's wholesale markets, the grains, for instance, closing unchanged, and in the dairy and grocery products eggs at an advance of one cent per dozen was the only change noted. Lard advanced 15 cents per hundred pounds, beef and pork unchanged. In the metals the settling price of copper, as reported by the New York Metal Exchange, showed a drop of three-quarters of one cent per pound, so a new low price for the year. Other metals were unchanged. Spot cotton likewise was weak, dropping 50 cents per hundred pounds. Printcloths were unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Tuesday, a week before and a year ago:

	Dec. 28.	Dec. 21.	Dec. 28.
FOODSTUFFS:	1920.	1920.	1919.
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.99½	$1.95½	$2.50
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.97½	.95½	1.61½
Oats, No. 2 white	.60	.63	.96½
Flour, Minn. patent	9.50	9.50	15.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.06½	.06¾	.15
Sugar, granulated	.06	.06	.10
Butter, creamery, 92 score	.56	.56	.70½
Eggs, fresh-gathered firsts, per dozen	.75	.74	.72
Lard, prime	13.50	13.60	23.25
Pork, mess	30.00	29.50	47.00
Beef, family	27.00	18.00	37.00
METALS:			
Iron, No. 1 Phila	33.00	34.00	41.10
Steel billets, Phila	43.50	43.50	44.00
Lead	4.62½	4.55	7.50
Copper	12.30	13.25	18.75
Tin	33.00	35.00	59.50
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	14.50	15.23	39.25
Printcloths	.05¾	.05¾	.14

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$2.25	Jan. 7	$1.79	Nov. 27
Corn	2.31¾	May 18	.94½	Nov. 27
Oats	1.50	May 7	.60	Nov. 23
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	9.00	Dec. 21
Coffee	.16¾	Jan. 11	.06¼	Dec. 22
Sugar	.23	July 12	.08	Dec. 17
Butter	.77	Apr. 24	.51½	Dec. 4
Eggs	.80	Dec. 10	.42½	Mar. 15
Lard	23.50	Jan. 9	13.55	Dec. 20
Pork	47.00	Jan. 2	29.50	Dec. 21
Beef	28.00	Oct. 19	20.00	May 12
Iron	53.51	Aug. 17	30.00	Dec. 23
Steel	65.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 2
Lead	9.50	Mar. 15	4.50	Dec. 22
Tin	55.25	Jan. 11	32.00	Dec. 14
Copper	18.50	Jan. 13	12.50	Dec. 22
Cotton	43.75	July 22	14.50	Dec. 22
Printcloths	.16¾	Apr. 13	.05½	Nov. 30

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London unchanged at 42d per ounce. New York prices for bar silver unchanged at 99 1/2c per ounce, the Mint price; for foreign silver ¾c higher at 65c.

Range of prices for silver bullion this month:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
London	44¾d	Dec. 3	38½d	Dec. 10
New York	70c	Dec. 3	50¼c	Dec. 10

Range for the present year to date.

	Highest.		Lowest.	
London	80½d	Feb. 11	38½d	Dec. 10
New York	70c	Dec. 3	50¼c	Dec. 10

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
445 Cities Service	237	237	237	242
980 Cities Service pf	63½	62½	63	63½
646 Cities Service pf. B	5¾	5½	5½	6
2,863 Cities Service bk. shares	30	20¼	30	30½
$21,000 Cities Service deb. B	120	115	115	120
42,500 Cities Service deb. C	88	87	87	89
21,800 Cities Service deb. D	82	82	86	89
385 Empire Gas and Fuel pf	82½	82	82	85

	Bid.	Asked.
Am Gas & Electric	98	98
Am Gas & Electric pf	32	34
Am Light & Trac	69	69
Am Light & Trac pf	84	89
Am Power & Light	38	42
Am Power & Light pf	58	62
Am W W & Electric	23	25
Am W W & Elec pf	35	38
Am W W & E partic	4	6
Appalachian Power	1	5
Appalachian Power pf	15	24
Carolina Power & Lt	27	32
Colorado Power	10	12
Colorado Power pf	75	80
Columbus Elec & Pr	58	60
Com Power, Ry & Lt	9	10½
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	27	29
Conn Lowry pf	12	17
Eastern Texas Electric	67	72
Eastern Texas Elec pf	67	72
El Paso Electric	84	87
Electric Bond & Share	77	80½
Electric Bond & Share pf	84	87
Federal Lt & Trac	42	49
Federal Lt & Trac pf	42	49
Am W W & El con Se	47	49
Appalachian 1st Se, '41	60	62
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	78	83
Col Gas & El deb 5s, '27	75	80
Col Gas & El 1st 5s, '25	80	85
Conn Power 5s, '43	73	78
Dallas Electric 6s, '22	100	...
East Tex Elec 6s, '42	73	77
Empire Gas & El 6s, '37	81	84
Midwest Utilities 6s, '25	80	84

	Bid.	Asked.
Galveston-Houst Elec pf	59	64
Galveston-Hous Elec pf 50	59	64
Miss River Power	10¾	12¾
Miss River Power pf	58	62
Northern States Power	...	80
North. States Pow pf	74	80
Northern Texas Elec	70	75
Northern Tex Elec pf	64	68
Pacific Gas & Elec pf	78	80
Puget Sound Pow & Lt	15½	17½
Puget Sd Pow & Lt pf	50	53
Republic Ry & Light	5	6
Republic Ry & Light pf	16	18
Southern Cal Edison	85½	87½
Southern Cal Edison pf	96	98
Standard Gas & Elec	10	11
Standard Gas & Elec pf	30	32
Tampa Electric	106	110
Tenn Ry, Lt & Power	1¼	2½
Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf	1½	2½
United Light & Rys	16	18½
United Light & Rys pf	46	50
Southern Power	15	19¼
Western Power pf	58	60½

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Miss River Pow 5s, '51	74	75
Nor States Pow 5s, '41	74	77
Nor States Pow 6s, '26	78	81
Seattle Electric 5s, '20	76	79
Stand Gas & E 6s, '35	65	70
Stand Gas & El 7s, '21	84	88
Stand Gas 6s, '26	80	86
Utah Securities	78	80
West States G & E 5s, 41	75	80

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd	16¼	16⅝	15⅝
Atlantic Lobos	26	32	27
Do pf	70	80	70
Borne-Scrymser	380	410	380
Buckeye Pipe Line	80	84	82
Chesebrough Mfg	170	180	175
Do pf	97	100	98
Continental Oil	103	107	104
Crescent Pipe Line	25	28	25
Cumberland P L	120	130	120
Eureka Pipe Line	77	82	80
Galena Signal Oil	43	44	44
Do pf, new	96	100	95
Do pf, old	95	100	95
Illinois Pipe Line	155	160	155
Imperial Oil, Ltd	85	90	90
Indiana Pipe Line	81	84	83
Int Pet Co, Ltd	15¼	15⅝	15½
National Transit	23	24	23
New York Transit	150	160	155
Northern Pipe Line	90	95	90
Ohio Oil	283	288	280
Penn-Mex Fuel	33	36	34
Prairie Oil & Gas	435	445	440
Prairie Pipe Line	170	175	175
Solar Refining	350	370	350
Southern Pipe Line	97	100	97
South Penn Oil	240	250	240
S W Pa Pipe Lines	56	60	58
Stand Oil of Cal	285	290	288
Stand. Oil of Ind.	...	...	...
$25 par	65	67	65
Stand Oil of Kan	540	580	540
Stand Oil of Ky	380	400	380
Stand Oil of N J	2965	2970	2965
Stand Oil of N Y	315	320	315
Stand Oil of Ohio	370	390	370
Do pf	100	102	102
Swan & Finch	...	30	40
Union Tank Car	99	102	99
Do pf	93	98	93
Vacuum Oil	230	235	230
Washington Oil	30	35	30

*Ex dividend.

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Am Brass	168	168	168
Am Chicle	22	24	22
Do pf	62	67	62
Amal Leather	8	20	...
Do pf	30	60	...
Am Light & Trac	74	77	74
Atlas Powder	118	124	118
Do pf	74	77	74
Babcock & Wilcox	103	108	103
Borden & Co	84	87	83
Do pf	80	82	79
Childs Co	77	79	78
Do pf	87	90	88
Crocker-Wheeler	90	95	90
Draper Corp	123½	126½	...
Du Pont	145	153	145
Do pf	75	78	75
E W Bliss pf	...	90	...
Gil Safety Razor	120	135	130
H J Heinz Co	95	98	...
Dec., I. 1930	94½	95	94
Hercules	190	198	190
Do 1st pf	91	96	91
Illinois Traction	10	16	10
Do pf	50	55	52
Ingersoll-Rand	155	163	155
Do pf	93	97	92
Merck	...	75	...
Merrimac Chem	76	78	76
New Jersey Zinc	125	130	125
Niles-Bem't-Pond	53	62	58
Do pf	...	90	...
Northern Securities	75	85	75
Royal Bak Powder	100	106	100
Do pf	98	100	98
Scovil Mfg	300	330	300
Singer Mfg, new	92	97	...
Do old	140	145	143
Stand Screw Co	230	246	230
Van Raalte	15	20	15
Do pf	52	57	52
Vulco Oil 1st cv pf	97	100	97

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Am Cigar	78	85	78
Do pf	78	83	78
Am Tob scrip	92	96	93
Gen W Helme	140	156	140
Do pf	87	93	87
MacA & Forbes	100	106	100
Do pf	75	78	76
J G Young	90	100	90
Do pf	85	90	85

SUGAR STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Caracas Sugar	35	45	35
Central Aguirre	46	52	46
Central Sugar	7	12	7
Do pf	30	40	35
Fajardo	75	90	75
Federal Sugar	97	108	97
Do pf	97	108	97
Godchaux	20	25	21
Do pf	77	78	80
Great Western	220	230	220
Do pf	106	112	103
Holly	29	33	29
Do pf	78	82	80
Nat Sugar Ref	110	120	110
Santa Cecelia	85	90	85
Savannah	30	40	30
Do pf	80	82	43
West India	40	50	40

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	90¾	91½	90¾
4½s June, 1965	90¾	91½	90¾
4½s May, 1963	90¾	91½	90¾
4½s May, 1957	90¾	91½	90¾
4½s Apr., 1966	85½	86½	85
4½s Mar., 1964	85½	86½	85
4½s Mar., 1962	85½	86½	85
4½s Sept., 1960	85½	86½	85
4½s Mar., 1960-30	85½	86½	85
4s May, 1959	80¾	82¾	80½
4s Nov., 1958	80¾	82¾	80½
4s May, 1957	80¾	82¾	80½
4s Nov., 1956	80	82½	80
4s Nov., 1955	80	82½	80
4s Nov., 1936	85	88	85
3½s May, 1954	73½	75½	72½

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
100 Atl Pet	3¾	3¼	3¼
5 Bank of Com	36	36	36
100 Arundel Sd	22½	22½	22½
30 Con Coal	82	82	82
630 Con Power	83	82¾	83
4,300 Celestine	...	79c	80c
1,500 Coeden pf	3¾	3¾	3¾
150 Dawson Co	26	26	26

Bonds.

$1,000 A C L c 4s	75¾	75¾	$1,000
2,000 Balt City 4s	82¾	82¾	82¾
7,000 Cons P 4½s	72	72	...

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
200 Am Zinc	6¼	6¼	6¼
405 Ahmeek	41½	40½	40½
280 Alaska	63	63	63
100 Allouez	17	17	17
50 ArcadianCon	3¼	3¼	3½
390 Anaconda	31¾	31	31¼
200 Arix Coml	6	5¾	5¾
1,595 Big Heart	5¾	5¾	5¾
10 Butte & Sup	8¼	8¼	8¼
1,380 Cal & Ariz	41¾	40½	40½
280 Cal & Hecla	211½	210	210
1,930 Carson	13¾	13	13¼
2,100 Chino	14¾	14¼	14¼
850 Cop Range	26	25	25½
310 Davis-Daly	5	4¾	4¾
840 East Butte	7¾	7¼	7¼
350 Franklin	2¾	2¼	2¼
1,125 Granby	17	17	17
74 Gr-Cananea	17	16¾	17
160 Hancock	2¾	2¾	2¾

...y, Baker and Daniels Say They Acted Under His Direct Command.

...TO WESTERN UNION

...ast Officers, in Answer to Suit, Assert Fear of Hampering Negotiations.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Admitting interference with the landing on American shores of the Western Union cable from Barbados, and stating that they acted under direct orders of President Wilson, Secretaries Colby, Baker and Daniels filed today in the District Supreme Court their answers in the suit brought by the telegraph company for an injunction restraining them from preventing the landing of the cable line. The Cabinet officers say that an injunction would inflict injury on the government and the people of the United States, and would hamper President Wilson in the conduct of negotiations with foreign countries on the subject of cable communications.

Secretary Colby argues the right of the President to deny a landing privilege for any foreign-owned cable in the equal right is given by the foreign country for the landing of American-owned cables. Asserting that the Western Telegraph Company, with which the Western Union line would connect at Barbados, has an intercoastal cable monopoly in Brazil, Mr. Colby contends that the landing of the Western Union cable would further the alleged monopoly and excludes American companies from competition with the British company.

CHARGE COLLUSION IN SALE.

Denver & Rio Grande Stockholders Seek to Stop Confirmation.

DENVER, Dec. 28.—Charging that the judgment against the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Company on which the sale of the road to a trio of New York men was based was obtained as a result of unlawful conspiracy and collusion, a number of stockholders in the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Company have begun further court proceedings to prevent confirmation of the sale, according to announcement by the clerk of the United States District Court here today.

The complainants, who claim to be owners of 255 shares of preferred stock, ask that the collection of the judgment of $28,000,000 against the railroad company in favor of the Equitable Trust Company of New York be prohibited and the sale disallowed.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York, the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Company, the Western Pacific Railway, the Western Pacific Railroad Company, the Western Pacific Railroad Corporation, the Denver & Rio Grande Western Railroad Company, John F. Lewis, John B. Marsh and Ralph M. Arkush are named as defendants. Lewis, Marsh and Arkush, all of New York, bought the road when it was sold a few weeks ago, and announced they were acting for the Western Pacific Railroad Corporation.

The complainants allege that $25,000,000 was wrongfully transferred from the treasury of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Company to the Western Pacific Railway Company in the form of a loan, and that in so doing the statutes of California were violated. Wrongful stockholding of the securities of various railroads also is charged.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the stockholders of New York Shipbuilding Corporation, a corporation of the State of New Jersey, will be held at the office of Campbell, Flaherty, Turner & Strouse, No. 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 29th day of December, 1920, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of reorganizing the corporation pursuant to Section 24 of the Stock Corporation Law, so as to permit the issuance of shares without par value to the effect that one share of outstanding common stock may be exchanged for one share of preferred stock and one and one-half shares of non par value common stock. Dated, New York, December 12th, 1920.

HARRY E. NASON, Secretary.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of International Trade and Skin Company will be held at the office of the company, Room No. 1004, No. 2 Rector Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, January 3rd, 1921, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of electing three directors for the ensuing year and two inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. The polls will open at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and will remain open for at least one hour.

F. L. CROCKER, Secretary.

New York, December 16, 1920.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Equitable Safe Deposit Company of New York will be held at its office, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, at 3 o'clock P. M. for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may regularly come before said meeting.

FRANK E. RYON, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDers of H. C. F. Koch & Co., Inc., will be held at the offices of the Company, No. 132 West 125th Street, New York City, on Thursday, Jan. 11th, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon.

W. T. KOCH, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, ss.:

THIS CERTIFICATE issued in duplicate hereby certifies that the Brazilian Tobacco Corporation, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 20th day of December, 1920, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

WITNESS my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this twentieth day of December, one thousand nine hundred and twenty.

A. B. PARKER,
Deputy Secretary of State.

The partnership heretofore existing between Max Bernstein, William Rosen and Samuel Gitlin under the name of Bernstein, Rosen & Gitlin, at 603 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, has this day been dissolved.

Mr. Gitlin has withdrawn from said firm and the business will be continued by Mr. Bernstein and Mr. Rosen under the firm name and style of the Company, who have assumed the payment of all obligations.

Dated, December 24th, 1920.

MAX BERNSTEIN,
WILLIAM ROSEN,
SAMUEL GITLIN.

Please take notice that we, the undersigned, copartners trading under the style of Superior Girl Coat Co., at 117 Prince St., have this day dissolved our copartnership, and each of us will continue business as individuals.

DANIEL LIPTZEN,
AARON LEVINE.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Interest on Thirty Year First Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of this Company, due 1941, will be paid on and after January 1st, 1921, upon presentation of Coupon No. 20 to the Bankers Trust Company, No. 16 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY, INCORPORATED

Interest on First and General Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of this Company, due 1937, will be paid on or after January 1st, 1921, upon presentation of Coupon No. 18, to the Columbia Trust Company, No. 60 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

New York, Dec. 29, 1920.

CENTRAL UNION GAS COMPANY

The Coupons of the First Mortgage 5% Bonds of this Company, due January 1, 1921, will be paid at THE NATIONAL CITY BANK, NO. 55 WALL STREET, New York City, on or after January 3, 1921.

PHILIP J. SCHNEIDER, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF METROPOLITAN BANK.

NOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders of the Metropolitan Bank that a special meeting of the stockholders of said bank will be held in the office of the bank, corner of Fourth Avenue and 23d Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York, on the 11th day of January, 1921, at 1 o'clock P. M., to consider and act upon the agreement of merger of the Hamilton Trust Company with this bank, duly signed, acknowledged and delivered by the respective officers of the said corporations pursuant to an authorization of the respective boards of directors and trustees of the said corporations, which said agreement of merger has been duly approved by the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, said merger agreement providing for the increase of the capital stock of this bank from Two Million ($2,000,000) Dollars, consisting of twenty thousand (20,000) shares of the par value of One Hundred ($100) DoHars each, to Two Million Five Hundred Thousand ($2,500,000) Dollars, consisting of twenty-five thousand (25,000) shares of the par value of One Hundred ($100) Dollars each, the object of said increase being to carry into effect the said agreement of merger by which the stockholders of the said Hamilton Trust Company may exchange their shares of stock in that company for the increase capital stock of this company, or to exercise certain options for the sale of said stock as is therein provided. The name of the Metropolitan Bank when said merger agreement shall become effective is to remain "Metropolitan Bank."

The stockholders will also be called upon to consider and act upon such other business relating to the above matter as will properly come before the meeting.

The transfer books of this Company closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on the 24th day of December, 1920; will reopen at 3 o'clock on the 12th day of January, 1921.

Dated, Borough of Brooklyn, New York City, New York, December 28th, 1920.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

WILLARD E. EDMISTER, President.
GEORGE HADDEN, Secretary.

The Forty-second Street, Manhattanville & St. Nicholas Avenue Railway Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Corporation will be held at the office of the Corporation, No. 2,296 Third Avenue, corner of 130th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on TUESDAY, JANUARY 11TH, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, appointing Inspectors of Election, considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all purchases, contracts, acts and proceedings of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee since the last Annual Meeting of the Corporation, and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

New York, December 28th, 1920.

JOHN MARONEY JR., Assist. Secretary.

The Southern Boulevard Railroad Co.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Corporation will be held at the office of the Corporation, No. 2,296 Third Avenue, corner of 130th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on MONDAY, JANUARY 10TH, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, appointing Inspectors of Election, considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all purchases, contracts, acts and proceedings of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee since the last Annual Meeting of the Corporation, and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

New York, December 28th, 1920.

JOHN MARONEY JR., Asst. Secretary.

The Yonkers Railroad Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Corporation will be held at the office of the Corporation, No. 2,296 Third Avenue, corner of 130th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on MONDAY, JANUARY 10TH, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, appointing Inspectors of Election, considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all purchases, contracts, acts and proceedings of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee since the last Annual Meeting of the Corporation, and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

New York, December 28th, 1920.

JOHN MARONEY JR., Asst. Secretary.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY OF NEW YORK
149 Broadway
SINGER BUILDING

The annual election of seven Directors and three Inspectors of Election for The Safe Deposit Company of New York for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, 149 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and one o'clock P. M. Per Order WILLIAM J. RAMSEY, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN BANK
December 29th, 1920.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this bank for the Election of Directors and Inspectors of Election will be held at the banking house, 4th Avenue and 23rd Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City and State, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1921. Polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon until 1 o'clock P. M.

A. C. CORBY, Cashier.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the MUNFLACE STEAMSHIP CORPORATION will be held at the offices of the Company, 52 Beaver Street, New York City, on January 12, 1921, 11:00 A. M., for the election of five Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated December 29, 1920.

J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the MUNSILA STEAMSHIP CORPORATION will be held at the offices of the Company, 52 Beaver Street, New York City, on January 12, 1921, 11:00 A. M., for the election of five Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated December 29, 1920.

J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the 550 PARK AVENUE CORPORATION will be held at the office of the Company, at 681 Fifth Avenue, New York City, January 10, 1921, at 12:00 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

J. E. R. CARPENTER, President.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the M. S. C. HOLDING CORPORATION will be held at the office of the Company, at 681 Fifth Avenue, New York City, January 10, 1921, at 12:00 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

E. CAPPS, Secretary.

To the Stockholders of the LINCOLN SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Lincoln Safe Deposit Company will be held at 60-12 East 42nd Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Wednesday, January 12th, 1921, at one o'clock P. M. to elect eleven Directors and two Inspectors of election for the ensuing year and to transact any other business that may properly come before the meeting.

HENRY F. FREUND, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the MUNRIO STEAMSHIP CORPORATION will be held at the offices of the Company, 52 Beaver Street, New York City, on January 12, 1921, 11:00 A. M., for the election of five Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated December 29, 1920.

J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the MUNSOMO STEAMSHIP CORPORATION will be held at the offices of the Company, 52 Beaver Street, New York City, on January 12, 1921, 11:00 A. M., for the election of five Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated December 29, 1920.

J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.

CLARKE & HUTCHESON, INC.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the above Company will be held at the office of the Company at 50 Wall Street, New York, on Monday, January 10th, at 12 o'clock noon.

M. V. JAY, Secretary.

EMIGRANT BANK SAVINGS
51 CHAMBERS STREET, NEW YORK

The Board of Trustees has declared a Semi-Annual Dividend at the rate of

Four Per Cent. Per Annum

ON ALL DEPOSITS ENTITLED THERETO, DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 10TH, 1921, WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1ST, 1921.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS FROM

$5 to $5,000

JOHN S. DALY, Comptroller. JOHN J. PULLEYN, President.

ASSETS $210,000,000

GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK
Incorporated 1833
S. E. COR. 6TH AVE. AND 16TH STREET, NEW YORK
Interest rate January 1, 1921

FOUR PER CENT.

Per annum, payable on all sums from $5 to $5,000 on and after January 17, 1921

$1 OPENS AN ACCOUNT

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 10 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JANUARY 1, 1921
CHARLES M. DUTCHER, President
Secretaries:
FRANCIS M. BACON, JR. B. OGDEN CHISOLM

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK
N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue

Dividend Jan. 1st, 1921, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT

per annum on all sums from $5 to $5,000 entitled thereto under the By-laws.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 10TH WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1ST.

WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
WALTER R. BRINCKERHOFF, Sec'y.
CLARENCE L. BLAKELOCK, Treasurer.
Open Mondays from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.
Other days from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.
Holidays excepted.

Central Savings Bank
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK
CORNER 4TH AVE. AND 14TH ST.

Interest at the rate of

FOUR (4) PER CENTUM

per annum will be credited depositors for the six months ending December 31, 1920, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-laws not exceeding five thousand ($5,000) dollars, and will be payable on and after January 21, 1921.

Deposits made on or before January 10, 1921 will draw interest from January 1, 1921.

HUBERT CILLIS, President.
A. KOPPEL, Treasurer.

Union Dime Savings Bank.
40th Street and 6th Avenue.

An Interest Dividend (123d consecutive) has been declared at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum, credited Jan. 1, 1921, and payable on and after Thursday, Jan. 20, 1921, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-Laws from $5 to $5,000.

Money deposited on or before Jan. 10, 1921, draws interest from Jan. 1, 1921.

ALEX. P. W. KINNAN, President.
FRANCIS M. LEAKE, Treasurer.
FRANK F. HAZARD, Secretary.

Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage on Brooklyn and Queens Borough Property

Send for our booklet
"BANKING BY MAIL"

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS
76 Wall Street.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT AN INTEREST DIVIDEND be paid to depositors entitled thereto for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1920.

On accounts not exceeding five thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.

Payable on and after Monday, Jan. 17th, 1921.

DANIEL BARNES, President.
WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, Secretary.
New York, Dec. 9th, 1920.

—NOTICE—

Deposits to draw interest from Jan. 1st or April 1st or July 1st or Oct. 1st must be made on or before the last day of the previous month.

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK
81 West 34th Street.

110TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND

The Board of Trustees has declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all deposits entitled thereto, payable on and after Jan. 17th, 1921.

Deposits to $5,000 made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1st.

BANKING BY MAIL.
CHARLES ROHE, President.
GEORGE T. CONNETT, Sec'y & Treas.

HARLEM SAVINGS BANK
125TH ST. AND LEXINGTON AVE.

The trustees have declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of

4% PER ANNUM

on all deposits entitled thereto, according to the by-laws from $5 up to $5,000, payable on and after Monday, Jan. 17, 1921. Money deposited on or before Jan. 10, 1921, will draw interest from Jan. 1, 1921.

WILLIAM E. TROTTER, President.
THOMAS R. EBERT, Secretary.

BROADWAY SAVINGS INSTITUTION
5 & 7 Park Place, N. Y.

138th Semi-Annual Dividend

4% PER ANNUM

payable on and after January 17th, 1921.

Deposits made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1st, 1921.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS
FROM $5 TO $5,000

H. F. Hutchinson, Pres. L. F. Ferris, Sec'y.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society



For Home-Building and Savings.
Fifteen Park Row (ground floor), New York

announces its 64th semi-annual cash dividend at the usual yearly rate of 4½% on savings share accounts of $10 to $5000 and 5% on all installment and income share accounts.

The Franklin Society, 33 years old, State supervised, prudently managed, is serving many thousands. Let it serve you. Information on request. Savings by mail.

OPEN EVERY EVENING TO 7 TILL JAN. 10.

C. O'C. HENNESSY, Pres. GILBERT LLOYD, Sec'y.

PAYS 4½ AND 5 PER CENT

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

FOR YEARS WE HAVE PAID
6% TO SAVERS
on our Systematic Savings Plan. Our 21st year. Under N. Y. State Banking supervision. Descriptive Booklet on Request.

BANKERS LOAN & INVESTMENT CO.
A Savings and Loan Association
Dept. M, 63 WALL STREET, N. Y.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF THE HAMILTON TRUST COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given to the stockholders of the Hamilton Trust Company that a special meeting of the stockholders of said Company will be held at the main offices of said Company, No. 181 Montague Street, Borough of Brooklyn, New York City, New York, on the 12th day of January, 1921, at 1 o'clock P. M., to consider and act upon an agreement of merger of this Company with the Metropolitan Bank, duly signed, acknowledged and delivered by the respective officers of the said corporations pursuant to an authorization of the Boards of Directors and Trustees of said corporations, which said agreement of merger has been duly approved by the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, said merger agreement providing for the increase of the capital stock of the said Metropolitan Bank from two million ($2,000,000) dollars, consisting of twenty thousand (20,000) shares of the par value of one hundred ($100) dollars each to two million five hundred thousand ($2,500,000) dollars, consisting of twenty-five thousand (25,000) shares of the par value of one hundred ($100) dollars each, the object of said increase being to carry into effect the said agreement of merger by which the stockholders of this Company may exchange their shares of stock in this Company for the increased capital stock of the Metropolitan Bank, share for share, or to exercise certain options for the sale of said stock as is therein provided. The name of the Metropolitan Bank when said merger agreement shall become effective is to remain "Metropolitan Bank."

The stockholders will also be called upon to consider and act upon such other business relating to the above matter as will properly come before the meeting.

The transfer books of this Company closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on the 24th day of December, 1920; will reopen at 3 o'clock on the 12th day of January, 1921.

Dated, Borough of Brooklyn, New York City, New York, December 28th, 1920.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

WILLARD E. EDMISTER, President.
GEORGE HADDEN, Secretary.

The Forty-second Street, Manhattanville & St. Nicholas Avenue Railway Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Corporation will be held at the office of the Corporation, No. 2,296 Third Avenue, corner of 130th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on TUESDAY, JANUARY 11TH, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, appointing Inspectors of Election, considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all purchases, contracts, acts and proceedings of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee since the last Annual Meeting of the Corporation, and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

New York, December 28th, 1920.

JOHN MARONEY JR., Assist. Secretary.

The Southern Boulevard Railroad Co.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Corporation will be held at the office of the Corporation, No. 2,296 Third Avenue, corner of 130th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on MONDAY, JANUARY 10TH, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, appointing Inspectors of Election, considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all purchases, contracts, acts and proceedings of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee since the last Annual Meeting of the Corporation, and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

New York, December 28th, 1920.

JOHN MARONEY JR., Asst. Secretary.

The Yonkers Railroad Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Corporation will be held at the office of the Corporation, No. 2,296 Third Avenue, corner of 130th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on MONDAY, JANUARY 10TH, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, appointing Inspectors of Election, considering and voting upon the approval and ratification of all purchases, contracts, acts and proceedings of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee since the last Annual Meeting of the Corporation, and transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

New York, December 28th, 1920.

JOHN MARONEY JR., Asst. Secretary.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY OF NEW YORK
149 Broadway
SINGER BUILDING

The annual election of seven Directors and three Inspectors of Election for The Safe Deposit Company of New York for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, 149 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, between the hours of twelve o'clock noon and one o'clock P. M. Per Order WILLIAM J. RAMSEY, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN BANK
December 29th, 1920.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this bank for the Election of Directors and Inspectors of Election will be held at the banking house, 4th Avenue and 23rd Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City and State, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1921. Polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon until 1 o'clock P. M.

A. C. CORBY, Cashier.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the MUNFLACE STEAMSHIP CORPORATION will be held at the offices of the Company, 52 Beaver Street, New York City, on January 12, 1921, 11:00 A. M., for the election of five Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated December 29, 1920.

J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the MUNSOMO STEAMSHIP CORPORATION will be held at the offices of the Company, 52 Beaver Street, New York City, on January 12, 1921, 11:00 A. M., for the election of five Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated December 29, 1920.

J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary.

CLARKE & HUTCHESON, INC.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the above Company will be held at the office of the Company at 50 Wall Street, New York, on Monday, January 10th, at 12 o'clock noon.

M. V. JAY, Secretary.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK
New York, Dec. 27, 1920

The annual meeting of the shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held in the banking rooms, at 253 Broadway, Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, the polls to be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed from 12 o'clock noon January 8th, 1921, until 10 o'clock A. M. January 12th, 1921.

PHILIP F. GRAY, Cashier.

BANK OF CUBA
IN NEW YORK

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Bank of Cuba in New York will be held at the office of the Bank, No. 34 Wall Street, January 11th, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors and Officers for the ensuing year and of considering and acting upon such other matters as may come before the meeting.

Dated, New York City, December 21, 1920.

W. A. MERCHANT, President.

ESTABLISHED 1784

The Bank of New York
National Banking Association
New York, December 11th, 1920.

The Annual Meeting of the shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at its banking house, No. 48 Wall Street, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon.

FRED'K C. METZ, JR., Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK
New York, December 9, 1920.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of directors to serve during the ensuing year will be held at its banking house, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M.

H. C. STEVENS,
Second Vice President.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.
THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of Directors to consider amending the Articles of Association so as to increase the authorized number of Directors, and to act upon any other matters which may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the banking house, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

WILLIAM F. HOLLY, Cashier.

TWENTY-THIRD WARD BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
No. 220 East 167th Street.

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders of this Bank for the election of a Board of Directors for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking Rooms on Monday, January 10th, 1921, between the hours of 8:30 and 9:30 A. M.

The Transfer Books will close on January 8th, 1921, at 3 P. M., and reopen January 10th, 1921, at 10 A. M.

HENRY J. VAN COOK, Cashier.

BROWN, WHEELOCK COMPANY, INC.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company will be held at the office of the Company, 14 Wall Street, on Wednesday, January 5th, 1921, at twelve o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such business as may properly come before the meeting. The transfer books of the Company will be closed at three P. M. December 24th, 1920, and remain closed until 10 A. M. January 6th, 1921.

C. P. DONNELLY, JR., Secretary.

THE BANK OF AMERICA.

New York City, December 24, 1920.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Bank, 44 Wall Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 11, 1921, at two o'clock P. M. The polls will remain open until two o'clock P. M.

CHARLES E. CURTIS,
Cashier.

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

45 Wall Street, December 21, 1920.

AN ELECTION for Trustees to supply the places of those whose terms of office expire, and for Inspectors of the next election ensuing thereafter, will be held at the office of the Company on the Fourth day of January next (the first Tuesday), between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

WILFRED J. WORCESTER, Secretary.

THE CONTINENTAL BANK OF NEW YORK.

New York, December 23rd, 1920.

The annual meeting of Stockholders of this Bank, for the election of Directors, etc., will be held at the banking room, No. 23 Broad Street, on Tuesday, the 11th day of January, 1921, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

F. H. HORNBY, Cashier.

U. F. C. REALTY COMPANY, INC.

Notice is hereby given that the Regular Annual Meeting of the stockholders of this company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, 220 West 39th Street, in the City of New York, on the 15th day of January, 1921, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

H. J. REDFIELD, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

THE MEXICAN EAGLE OIL COMPANY LIMITED
CIA MEXICANA DE PETROLEO "EL AGUILA" S. A.

A final dividend of 4% for the year ended June 30, 1920, and an interim dividend of 5% in respect of the current year, or a total of $2.6865 per share, have been declared and will be paid on and after December 31st, 1920, on presentation and verification of Ordinary Share Coupon No. 12, and/or Preference Share Coupon No. 22 at the American Exchange National Bank, 128 Broadway, New York.

HERBERT J. CARR,
Attorney-in-fact for
Whitehall Securities Corporation Limited
(London Financial Agents).

NATIONAL EQUITABLE INVESTMENT CO.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the National Equitable Investment Co., held at its executive offices, 170 Fifth Avenue, the regular dividend of 2% on the preferred stock for the quarter ending Dec. 31, together with the regular dividend, fifty cents (50c) per share per month on the common stock for the same period, were declared payable to stockholders of record Dec. 24. Checks will be mailed.

SUPERIOR STEEL CORPORATION
December 20, 1920.

At the regular meeting of the Directors of the Superior Steel Corporation a quarterly dividend of 1¾% was declared on the Common Stock, payable February 1, 1921, to stockholders of record January 15, 1921.

W. D. BARGE, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
OFFICE OF PENICK & FORD, LTD. Incorporated,
New Orleans, La.

The Directors of Penick & Ford, Ltd., Incorporated, have declared quarterly dividend No. 4 of one and three-quarters per cent. upon the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable January 1, 1921, to stockholders of record December 18, 1920. Transfer books will close December 18, 1920, at 2 P. M., and reopen January 1, 1921, at 10 A. M.

Checks will be mailed.

EMILE BIENVENU, Secretary.

GORHAM MANUFACTURING CO.
Preferred Dividend No. two.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-fourths per cent. (1¾%) on the 7% Preferred Cumulative Voting Stock of the Company has been declared, payable January 3, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 24, 1920, and the regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) has been declared, payable January 3, 1921, on each of the 6% Preferred Stock of this Company as has not been exchanged for the new issue of Preferred Stock.

WM. S. STONE, Secretary.
Providence, R. I., December 21, 1920.

WHEREVER THE MAIL GOES

There is

The Williamsburgh Savings Bank

175 Broadway, Brooklyn, N. Y.

DIVIDEND JAN., 1921

AT THE RATE OF

4% Per Annum

DEPOSITS RECEIVED UP TO $5,000

ASSETS EXCEED $110,000,000

Join Our Christmas Club NOW

Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage on Brooklyn and Queens Borough Property

Send for our booklet
"BANKING BY MAIL"

NEW YORK.

VALHALLA MOUNTAIN HOUSE, Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.—35 minutes to Grand Central Station; open all year round, with every convenience. Special rates for Winter commuters, also holidays and weekenders. Phone White Plains, 1165.

NEW JERSEY.

IDEAL COUNTRY HOME
Hotel Montclair
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
MOST DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED RESIDENTIAL HOTEL IN NEW YORK'S SUBURBS.
OPEN THE ENTIRE YEAR.
OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT.
FREDERICK C. HALL COMPANY

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL & COTTAGES
on the Beach. Cap. 600
CONVENIENT TO ALL AMUSEMENTS
Sea Baths DIET KITCHEN Orchestra
Family Patronage Invited
C. L. HANSTEIN, President. LYMAN J. WHITMORE, Asst. Mgr.

HOTEL
CHELSEA
Occupying entire block of ocean front in the fashionable Chelsea section.
300 bed chambers with private baths (fresh and sea water). High-class orchestra, cafe, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Auto meet trains. Booklet. Open all year. J. R. THOMPSON & CO.

The Breakers
OCEAN FRONT. FIREPROOF
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

HOTEL EMBASSY
Formerly Hotel Ambassador. Ideal location. Every appointment. Running water, private baths. Music, dancing. Hungarian cuisine. Moderate rates. Phone 881. Zsolnay, Wiener & Marten, Inc.

NEW ENGLAND.

If You Are Tired or Need a Change YOU WILL FIND THE
WELDON HOTEL
GREENFIELD, MASS.
One of the most comfortable in New England. It affords all home comforts without extravagance. Skating now being enjoyed.

MICHIGAN.

MOUNT CLEMENS MINERAL BATHS

World renowned for Rheumatism, Nervousness and that run-down condition. Open all the year. Ten miles from Detroit. Write for Booklet. Business Men's Assoc., Mt. Clemens, Mich.

SOUTHERN STATES.

THE DESPLAND DAYTONA
East Coast Fla.
Largest & most modern hotel. Open Jan. 3. Superb ocean beach. L. M. WAITE, Mgr.

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN ICE COMPANY,
15 Exchange Place,
Jersey City, N. J.
December 28, 1920.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, the following dividends were declared:

A regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) upon the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company issued and outstanding, payable on January 25, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 12, 1921.

A regular quarterly dividend of one per cent. (1%) upon the Common Capital Stock of the Company issued and outstanding, payable on January 25, 1921, to stockholders of record on January 12, 1921.

An extra dividend of one per cent. (1%) upon the Common Capital Stock of the Company issued and outstanding, payable January 25, 1921, to stockholders of record on January 12, 1921.

HENRY C. HARRISON, Secretary.

HOLLY SUGAR CORPORATION

A quarterly dividend of 1¾% covering the period from November 1, 1920, to February 1, 1921, has this day been declared on the Preferred stock of the Holly Sugar Corporation. Said dividend is payable February 15, 1921, to stockholders of record January 15, 1921. Checks will be mailed.

By order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. CARLTON, President.

December 27, 1920.

Office of
LOCKWOOD, GREENE & CO., MANAGERS.
Boston, Mass.

The quarterly dividend of 2% No. 44 upon the outstanding capital stock of the Lawton Mills Corporation, has been declared payable December 31, 1920, at the office of the Transfer Agents, The Old Colony Trust Company, Boston, Massachusetts, to stockholders of record at close of business, December 24, 1920.

THE LAWTON MILLS CORPORATION,
E. HOLCOMBE GREENE, Treasurer.

Commercial Exchange Bank
New York, December 17, 1920.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a semi-annual dividend of 5% on the capital stock of this Bank, payable January 2, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 23rd, 1920.

GEORGE KERN, Cashier.

Office of The United Gas Improvement Co.
N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Streets,
Philadelphia, December 8, 1920.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of one per cent. (50c per share) on the Common Stock of this Company, payable January 15, 1921, to holders of Common Stock of record at the close of business December 31, 1920. Checks will be mailed.

I. W. MORRIS, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF LOCKWOOD, GREENE & CO.
Boston, Mass.

THE GREENLOCK COMPANY.

The Directors of The Greenlock Company have declared a dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock, payable January 3rd, 1921, at The New England Trust Co., Trans

Astounds Her.

PLEADS FOR CLOSER BONDS

As an Englishwoman, She Says, She Sees No Reason for Ireland's Separation.

Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the English suffragist, arrived at the Hotel Pennsylvania yesterday, and announced that she was here this time not to propagate suffrage ideas but to unite Britishers wherever and whenever it appears. Incidentally, Mrs. Pankhurst said that as an Englishwoman she did not favor separating Ireland from the rest of the empire.

"I am over here," she said, "to help teach and propagate closer relations between the United States and Great Britain. I am not to speak in New York at this time, but my one desire is to aid in any manner I may the cementing of the bonds that bind our two countries.

"I am fighting what you may call Bolshevism, for lack of a better word. You would be amazed at the spread of the doctrines of jealousy and discontent in your own country. In mine we know it is ever present and must be fought to a finish if society is to retain its equipoise, if not its very existence. But I was astounded, in going about in your Southern States, to find this insidious doctrine of the destruction of society among the less educated people in those States."

On Ireland Mrs. Pankhurst has this to offer:

"No, there is no real separation, only a little bit of water hardly wider than some of your rivers. It probably was not there at one time, the land being joined by nature and separated by the same means. There were other portions of the people who objected to British rule, but in the end they found it to their own interests and submitted gracefully. As an Englishwoman, I see no reason for any separation."

Mrs. Pankhurst has finished a tour of Canada and the Southern States. She will carry her campaign next to the Middle West.

ASSAILS HOUSTON ON BONUS

Galbraith Declares Secretary's View Intended as a Scare.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Testimony by Secretary Houston of the Treasury before the Senate Finance Committee yesterday placing the cost of carrying out the pending soldier bonus bill at $2,500,000,000 was characterized by F. W. Galbraith, National Commander of the American Legion, in a statement tonight as "a cuttlefish skirmish to muddy the waters so that the principle involved can be clouded in a lot of figures that mean nothing."

Mr. Galbraith estimated the maximum amount which the bonus bill would cost Government at $1,8 8 800,000.

"Secretary Houston's whole presentation of the matter," said the legion commander, "was misleading and designed to frighten the country into a repudiation of its obligation to ex-service men. The general impression was conveyed by his testimony that the passage of the Adjusted Compensation bill would entail the immediate appropriation of billions of dollars by the Government and seriously cripple the financial condition of the Treasury at the present time.

"The facts are that appropriations necessary to carry out all features of the bill, except that of cash compensation would be negligible for this year and for several years to come, and that appropriations for cash compensation are not asked until July, 1921, and are to be spread over a period of two years."

WIFE LEAVES R. PEABODY.

Is in St. Paul on Way West—Declines to Discuss Plans.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 28.—Mrs. Rushton Peabody, whose second marriage interested society in New York and St. Paul a year ago, is in St. Paul with her three children. Friends say that her separation from Mr. Peabody is final. She refuses to confirm or deny that she will seek divorce, but admits she is on her way to California for a visit of indefinite length.

Mrs. Peabody was formerly Mrs. Chester Poor Selins of St. Paul. She inherited an estate of more than $3,000,000 on the death, in October, 1918, of her husband, son of a pioneer railroad contractor.

Mr. Peabody is well known in New York social life.

ZAIMIS DEFIES RHALLIS.

Director of Greek Banks Refuses to Resign at the Premier's Order.

ATHENS, Dec. 27.—M. Zaimis, Director of the National Banks, who was Premier when King Constantine was expelled from Greece, has declined to resign his Directorship of Banks at the behest of the Rhallis Ministry. It is said that M. Zaimis will not open the coffers of the banks for the present Government, as he did in the case of Premier Venizelos, to whom he advanced 200,000,000 drachmas.

CHIMES TO HONOR PILGRIMS.

Brooklyn New England Society Gift for Plymouth Church.

The Brooklyn New England Society will present to the First Church in Plymouth, Mass., a set of chimes costing $15,000, as a tribute to the Pilgrim Fathers, it was announced last evening by former Park Commissioner Josiah R. Kennedy of the society.

The bells, ten in number, will be given next spring. Kindred organizations and individuals descended directly from the Pilgrims also will contribute to the funds for the gift.

Christmas Dance at the Plaza.

Miss Adeline King Robinson's Christmas dance was held last night at the Plaza. Mrs. Philips E. Thompson, Mrs. N. C. Raynal, Mrs. Robert S. Brewster, Mrs. Tracy Dows, Mrs. W. de Lancey Kountze, Mrs. John T. Pratt, and Mrs. Harry H. Benkard formed the committee for the dance. The patronesses included Mrs. Joseph Choate Jr., Mrs. Irving McKeesen, Mrs. Ellsworth Eliot, Mrs. William C. Potter, Mrs. Harry T. Peters, Mrs. A. Wright Post, Mrs. Philip G. Barthet, Mrs. Dallas Bache Pratt, Mrs. Granville T. Emmet, Mrs. Eugene S. Reynal, Mrs. E. Ogden Chisolm and Mrs. William H. Barnum.

Redman Wanamaker's Car Hits Boy.

Joseph Idak, 8 years old, of 1,432 Amsterdam Avenue, was struck and slightly injured by an automobile owned by Rodman Wanamaker at 130th Street and Convent Avenue last night. The car was driven by George J. Burley of Port Willow Avenue, the Bronx. Mr. Wanamaker was not in the machine, which struck the boy's sled as he was coasting.

RIGA, Dec. 28 (Associated Press).—The peace negotiations between the Poles and the Russians were interrupted for only three days at the Christmastide. The commissioners resumed work yesterday, and all the rumors that the negotiations had been interrupted on account of conflict between the commissioners proved to be unfounded.

No trouble is expected to arise inside the peace conference, which it is believed will finish its work, as both sides are interested in reaching an agreement during the Winter.

Reports received here are to the effect that the foreign press recently has been crowded with rumors that trouble is brewing in Latvia and that the Bolsheviki already are crossing the borders of the Baltic States. There seemingly is not the least cause for any such trouble this Winter. The Stock Exchange activities are normal, there is plenty of food for the population, and no internal disturbance is expected, as the Social Democratic Congress held in Riga, Dec. 15 to Dec. 20, took a stand against the Communists and rejected adherence to the Third International by a large majority.

The relations between Soviet Russia and the Baltic States lately have been improving. Several commercial treaties are under consideration. It is said that even if Soviet Russia's assurances of loyalty proved unreliable, no trouble can be expected this Winter.

GIRL ESCAPES FROM REDS.

Miss Knigavetch, Red Cross Interpreter, Arrives at Constantinople.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—Miss Irene Knigavetch, an interpreter for the American Red Cross, who was captured by the Bolsheviki with Captain Emmet Kilpatrick of Uniontown, Pa., at Novo Alexievska on Oct. 29, when a detachment of Budenny's cavalry swept down the west coast of the Sea of Azov and surrounded the town, has arrived in Constantinople, after escaping from her captors, says a dispatch received by Red Cross Headquarters here today.

When Miss Knigavetch last saw Captain Kilpatrick he was in good health and was being taken to Moscow, the dispatch adds. The Bolshevik planned to transport him northward from Moscow for release in return for Russians whom the Bolsheviki alleged were being held by the United States Government. Kilpatrick expects to leave Russia by way of Viborg, Finland, in a few weeks.

Miss Knigavetch is a daughter of Prince Knigavetch, head of the Russian Red Cross and a cousin of the late Emperor.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The State Department announced today that it had received information from Baltic sources that a small number of American citizens and a hundred or more persons of British and other nationalities, arrived a few days ago at the Soviet Russian border on their way out of Soviet Russia, when suddenly they were taken back to Petrograd.

The department has not received information giving the names of these Americans, nor do official dispatches state why they were not allowed to leave Russia.

TWO-FARE CHARGE BLOCKED

Court Grants Stay Against Brooklyn City Railroad Company.

An order restraining the Brooklyn City Railroad Company from charging two fares on the Flatbush Avenue trolley line was obtained yesterday by Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien from Justice Alfred R. Page of the Appellate Division of the First Department. The order is returnable on Jan. 7, and thus the announced intention of the company to charge a double fare beginning Thursday is frustrated.

An attempt to make the double charge last Summer resulted in rioting. The matter was carried to the courts, which decided that the company had a right to consider that the line dividing Flatbush from Flatlands made two zones and that it might charge a five-cent fare in each zone.

COURT UPHOLDS EVICTIONS.

Striking Kentucky Miners Must Work or Lose Their Homes.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., Dec. 28.—Twenty-seven eviction cases have been decided on appeal by the Circuit Court at Pikeville, Ky., in favor of F. A. Lindsay, General Superintendent of the Auburn Coal Corporation at McCarr, Ky., according to information received here today by the Williamson Coal Operators' Association. Pike County is in the Tug River coal field, where a strike has been in progress since July 1 last.

Superintendent Lindsay notified the miners today that they would be evicted Jan. 10. Work at the Auburn mine, which has been idle since the strike was called, is available for the miners, he said, and the alternative is eviction or employment.

Re-elect 4 Election Commissioners.

On recommendation of the Democratic and Republican organizations the Board of Aldermen at its meeting yesterday re-elected as Commissioners of Election for the next two years John R. Voorhis of Manhattan and John Kane of Brooklyn, Democrats, and Charles E. Heydt of Manhattan and Jacob R. Livingston of Brooklyn, Republicans. Mr. Voorhis, it is expected, will continue Chairman of the board.

F. P. Heffelfinger of Yale to Marry.

Frank Peavey Heffelfinger, manager of the Yale football team of 1919 and a sprinter of note, and Miss Elizabeth Bradley will be married on New Year's Day in Houston, Texas. Many of the former classmates of the bridegroom are to attend the wedding.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HARRY BLOOM, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, December 29, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 58 Greene Street, and immediately thereafter at 22 West 19th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of misfit blouses, desks, chairs, trunks, typewriters, platforms, scales, fixtures, etc., at 58 Greene Street, and office furniture and fixtures at 22 West 19th Street.

MAX G. COHEN, Assignee.

ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Petitioning Creditors and Assignee, 320 Broadway, New York.

Above sale adjourned until Wednesday, January 5, 1921, at 2:00 P. M.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PHILIP P. SMITH CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, December 29, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:00 A. M., at the office of Joseph A. Sommas, 1,534 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Rollo Hayes machine.

DAVID W. KAHN, Receiver.

GREENBAUM, WOLFF & ERNST, Attorneys for Receiver, 2 Rector Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WASHINGTON PLEATING & BEADING CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, January 10, 1921, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 44 West 18th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of silks, novelties, fixtures, etc.

PERCIVAL E. JACKSON, Receiver.

FELIX H. LEVY, Attorney for Receiver, 128 Broadway, New York.

Loss of University.

PRICELESS TREASURES LOST

Library Must Be Reconstructed Before It Can Resume Its Place in Scientific World.

Six years after her soldiers sacked Belgium, Germany has begun restoring the loot taken from the library of the pillaged University of Louvain. This was announced yesterday by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, who said that one carload of books had been sent back and that a carload a month would be returned until the library had been rehabilitated.

The restitution, said Dr. Butler, was under the reparation clause of the Treaty of Versailles, but, he pointed out, many of the library's well-nigh priceless historics were gone forever. The Columbia President is Chairman of the Executive Committee of the National Committee of the United States for the Restoration of the University of Louvain. Associated in the effort to raise $500,000 to replace the university buildings destroyed by the Germans are Herbert Putnam, Librarian of Congress; Thomas W. Lamont, Alexander J. Hemphill and E. H. Outerbridge.

Dr. Butler gave out this message, written by Dr. L. Stanier of Louvain to Mr. Putnam:

"Notwithstanding the material difficulties caused by the destruction of university buildings and the abnormal conditions accruing from five years of intermission, the work done by the students, the number of whom is larger than ever, surpassed that of the very best years, and the result of the examinations during the post-war period has really been very surprising.

"However, the destruction of the library has paralyzed in part the scientific activities which heretofore gave to the university life of Louvain a very special character. Before the war Louvain directed more than thirty periodicals, of which only a small number survive, the others having disappeared through lack of documentation or reference works.

"For the same reason the work of the study circles and the redaction of theses for special doctorates such as theology, political and social science, history, philology, medicine, biology, chemistry, physics, botany, geology, &c., have been seriously hampered.

"These original studies, which heretofore gave to the university a pre-eminent place in the intellectual world and created among the students an élite of pioneer workers in the fields of science, cannot be undertaken again successfully until the library is reconstructed.

"The committee in the United States has sent a large number of reference books, which partially fill these shortcomings. The reconstruction of the building, for which the American committee is appealing to the public, will make it possible for the university to use to better advantage the publications received from abroad and to obtain once more the rank which Louvain had acquired among the first scientific institutions of the world."

Contributions to the Louvain Library Fund may be sent to Dr. Butler at Columbia, or to J. P. Morgan & Co.

Commercial Leases.

M. & L. Hess, Inc., and Albert B. Ashforth, Inc., have leased the fifth floor, containing 20,000 square feet, in the Hess Building, 354 Fourth Avenue, to B. Edmund David, Inc., silk manufacturers, for a term of years at an aggregate rental of $150,000.

Leases for executive offices have been made in the twelve-story building at 149 Madison Avenue, southeast corner of Thirty-second Street, by the St. George Woolen Mills, Faulkner Woolen Mills, MacKenzie Woolen Mills and Plainfield Woolen Mills. The Rowantree-Schley Company acted as brokers.

E. S. Willard & Co. have rented space at 404 Fourth Avenue to Amoury & Berci, importers and exporters, and at 52 William Street an entire floor to the Federal Light & Traction Company.

Tankoos, Smith & Co. have leased for a client, at the northeast corner of Cortlandt and Greenwich Streets, the second floor for a term of years at a rental aggregating $18,000 to the Amsler Blueprint Company.

The Haggarron-Callen Company has leased the store and basement at 1,978 Broadway in conjunction with Herr Warner, for a term of five years to the E. J. Edmond Company, auto ignition specialists.

Recent Buyers.

The Ray Realty Corporation is the real buyer of the property at 113 Waverley Place.

The Kemp-Gold Realty Corporation, which owns the five-story flat at 51 St. Nicholas Avenue, is the buyer of the similar building at No. 53.

Activity in Brooklyn.

The two-family house at 178 Ryerson Avenue, plot 25 by 100, between Myrtle and Willoughby Avenues, has been sold for M. Levinson, through the Bulkley & Horton Company.

The B. F. Knowles Company sold the two-story dwelling at 273 Berry Street, for M. Peterson to a Mr. Frank for occupancy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEPANTO & KLEIN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, January 4, 1921, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 33 West 38th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of woolens, trimmings, lining, fixtures, etc. ROBERT P. STEPHENSON, Receiver. STROCCK & STROCCK, Attorneys for Receiver, 141 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of VINCENT PAPORA, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, January 3, 1921, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 430 Second Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of wholesale stock of groceries, etc. MORRIS FRANK, Receiver. LEON DASHEW, Attorney for Receiver, 21 Park Row, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM KADINSKY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, December 29, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 551 Southern Boulevard, Borough of the Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dry goods, piece goods, notions, fixtures, etc.

LEWIS H. SAPER, Receiver, ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of A. GREENSTEIN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, January 11, 1921, by order of the Court, at 11:30 A. M., at 118-128 North 3d Avenue, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of machinery, tools, dyes, rays, scales, runway, etc. MAX LOWENTHAL, Receiver. LAWRENCE BERENSON, Attorney for Receiver, 66 William Street, New York.

ACQUIRES ADJOINING HOUSE

The Two Buildings Will Be Extensively Remodeled for Co-operative Art Exhibitions.

With the passing of title yesterday to the Art Centre, Inc., of the four-story dwelling at 65 East Fifty-sixth Street, that organization now practically owns the two houses at 65 and 67, giving a frontage of 40 feet on the north side of the street between Park and Madison Avenues. The residence just acquired was purchased from Emily T. Fairchild, and title to the dwelling at 67 is expected to pass within the next week or so. Plans were filed a short time ago by the architects, Lord & Hewlett, for extensive alterations to the dwellings at an estimated cost of $50,000.

One of the active leaders in the Art Centre work is Mrs. Ripley Hitchcock, and associated with her are Charles Dana Gibson, Emily V. Hammond and several others interested in the progress of the arts. The plan of the Art Centre was inaugurated last Spring at a dinner at which Cass Gilbert, the architect, presided. Bonds to the value of several thousand dollars were then subscribed, and the amount then raised has been considerably enhanced since that time. It is said that the total investment, including funds to carry on the work, will represent from $200,000 to $250,000.

The Art Centre is designed for co-operative art exhibitions. The locality is close to the centre of the new uptown art district. A year ago the well-known Lester Studio building, on the east side of Madison Avenue, between Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh Streets, was purchased by Gustavus T. Kirby of the American Art Galleries and later he added the dwelling at 57 East Fifty-sixth Street, giving him a plot fronting 200.10 feet on the avenue by 75 feet on Fifty-seventh Street and 125 feet on Fifty-sixth Street. It is expected that in the near future the property will be used by the American Art Galleries for their new home.

VACANT PLOTS SOLD.

Young Men's Hebrew Association Buys on East Ninety-ninth Street.

Several deals for vacant plots which have not been a very active factor in the realty market of late were closed yesterday.

On the upper east side Eugene H. Paul, Secretary of the Young Men's Hebrew Association at Lexington Avenue and Ninety-second Street, bought from the City Real Property Investing Company and others the vacant plot, 50 by 100.11, on the south side of Ninety-ninth Street, 250 feet east of Fifth Avenue. The property is alongside the three private garages erected by Otto H. Kahn.

On the west side Ennis & Sinnott, operators, bought from Charles L. Bailey the vacant plot, 75 by 100, at the northeast corner of Wadsworth Avenue and 178th Street.

W. J. Huston & Son sold for the Pinkney estate, Clarence H. Kelsey, administrator, to Mary Mullen the lot, 25 by 100, on the south side of 144th Street, 525 feet east of Lenox Avenue. Mrs. Mullen will erect a garage.

New Jersey Sales.

J. Spence Wilson has sold his residence at 140 Claremont Road, Ridgewood to W. L. Toy. S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman were the brokers, and they also sold for William G. Hull, the house at 116 Lincoln Avenue, to Mrs. Ellen S. Obrig, and for R. B. Treat a residential lot in Knollwood Park, Hohokus, to Mrs. J. J. Deegan.

The American Bureau of Real Estate was instrumental in bringing about an exchange of acres situated at Crescenta Canada, in Los Angeles County, Cal., owned by a client of Walter H. Raymond attorney of this city, for a large plot of ground located on Main Street, Orange, owned by E. V. Houghton of Los Angeles.

Westchester Buyers.

The residence and two acres of land at White Plains, belonging to the Konman estate has been sold by Joseph Pollatsched, as broker.

E. O. Challenger of New York, has purchased three plots, including more than two acres, at Wykagyl Park, New Rochelle, from the Wykagyl Holding Company. He will erect a residence on the property.

Mrs. Mary Bock has sold three plots on Weaver Street, Larchmont, to a client of Chauncey B. Griffen & Co.

Long Island City Lots Sold.

Three lots at the northeast corner of Vernon Avenue and Tenth Street Long Island City, have been sold by William H. Murphy for the estate of Michael Custy to H. Mathews, who will improve the plot with a four-story loft building. The same broker also sold a two-family dwelling on the east side of Second Avenue, 75 feet north of Washington Avenue, for C. Tedeschi to S. Sedita, and a lot on the east side of Purvis Street, 325 feet south of Jackson Avenue, for C. H. Haag to Welsh Brothers.

Business Property Deals.

The six-story loft structure at 116 and 118 Wooster Street, plot 50 by 100, between Spring and Prince Streets, has been sold through Henry Trenkmann to the United Brush Manufacturers for business occupancy.

Adelaide H. Pybas bought from the Eiring Realty Company the three-story building, on a lot 21.2 by 94.9, at 68 East Eleventh Street.

Owned by the Jacob Friedlander estate since 1899, the three-story building, 20.11 by 98.9, at 264 Bowery, near Houston Street, has been bought by the 264 Bowery, Inc., for $16,000.

Private Dwelling Buyers.

The four-story dwelling at 74 West Seventy-ninth Street, on a lot 18 by 102.2, has been purchased by Foot & Martin, Inc., from the Bernheim estate. The house is equipped with an elevator. Pease & Elliman were the brokers.

The Hoeland estate sold 414 West 147th Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on a lot 25 by 100.

The three-story dwelling, on a lot 20 by 102.2, at 315 West Eighty-first Street has been sold by Lewis C. Raegner, owner of the Hotel Seville, to Dorothy R. Matty.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of A. E. O'NEILL, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, December 29, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 49 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a large quantity of office furniture, desks, typewriters, adding machine, mahog. partitions, etc. Also the right, title and interest of the Receiver in a lease between the Royal Building Co. and A. E. O'Neill, Inc., for the office occupied by Bankrupt on the 12th floor at 49 William Street, New York, said lease having been made September 1, 1920, and expiring May 1, 1925, the rental of which is $6,870 per annum. Receiver makes no representation as to the validity of lease or recognition of new tenant by landlord. Lease may be inspected at the office of the undersigned attorney and property may be inspected at any time during business hours at bankrupt's office.

JOHN B. JOHNSTON, Receiver.

ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 49 Chambers Street, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM SELMAN and SOLOMON GITTELMAN, individually and as copartners trading as SELMAN & GITTELMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, January 5, 1921, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 33 West 38th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, skins, fixtures, etc.

ARTHUR Y. DALZIEL, Receiver.

SILVER & MOSKOWITZ, Attorneys for Receiver, 220 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SINGER MOTOR COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, January 11, 1921, by order of the Court, at 11:30 A. M., at 118-128 North 3d Avenue, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of automobile parts, supplies, accessories, machines, tools, dyes, rays, scales, runway, etc. MAX LOWENTHAL, Receiver. LAWRENCE BERENSON, Attorney for Receiver, 66 William Street, New York.

Sixth Street.

ACQUIRES ADJOINING HOUSE

The Two Buildings Will Be Extensively Remodeled for Co-operative Art Exhibitions.

With the passing of title yesterday to the Art Centre, Inc., of the four-story dwelling at 65 East Fifty-sixth Street, that organization now practically owns the two houses at 65 and 67, giving a frontage of 40 feet on the north side of the street between Park and Madison Avenues. The residence just acquired was purchased from Emily T. Fairchild, and title to the dwelling at 67 is expected to pass within the next week or so. Plans were filed a short time ago by the architects, Lord & Hewlett, for extensive alterations to the dwellings at an estimated cost of $50,000.

One of the active leaders in the Art Centre work is Mrs. Ripley Hitchcock, and associated with her are Charles Dana Gibson, Emily V. Hammond and several others interested in the progress of the arts. The plan of the Art Centre was inaugurated last Spring at a dinner at which Cass Gilbert, the architect, presided. Bonds to the value of several thousand dollars were then subscribed, and the amount then raised has been considerably enhanced since that time. It is said that the total investment, including funds to carry on the work, will represent from $200,000 to $250,000.

The Art Centre is designed for co-operative art exhibitions. The locality is close to the centre of the new uptown art district. A year ago the well-known Lester Studio building, on the east side of Madison Avenue, between Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh Streets, was purchased by Gustavus T. Kirby of the American Art Galleries and later he added the dwelling at 57 East Fifty-sixth Street, giving him a plot fronting 200.10 feet on the avenue by 75 feet on Fifty-seventh Street and 125 feet on Fifty-sixth Street. It is expected that in the near future the property will be used by the American Art Galleries for their new home.

The Bronx Market.

The five-story flat at 962 East 179th Street, northeast corner of Vyse Avenue, has been purchased by Harry Cahn from Herbert S. Rowland.

Claude S. Stephens bought from the American Real Estate Company the southeast corner of Hull Avenue and 204th Street, 52.3 by 88.7 by irregular.

Max Holtzman sold to Solomon Goldberg 669, Union Avenue, southwest corner of 151st Street, a three-story house, on a lot 25 by 100.

Mosca Katzenelson sold to the Marnat Construction Company (Isidor Witkind, R. E. Tinsley and S. Sackheim, directors) the five-story flat and store at 2,804 Third Avenue, on a plot 26 by 100.

M. Taylor Pyne Jr. a Seller.

The building at 10 East Sixty-first Street, recently altered into a bachelor apartment house, on a lot 25 by 100 feet, between Fifth and Madison Avenues, has been sold to an investor by Moses Taylor Pyne Jr. He purchased the property last year to protect the rear light of his residence at 8, and is resold with the rear restricted. It was held at $125,000, and is in the same block with the residence of Elbridge T. Gerry, Mrs. Arthur Julian Moulton, Mrs. Pembroke Jones, Mrs. Jabez A. Bostwick, John T. Pratt, T. Suffern Tailer and Henry L. Batterman. The broker was the firm of Worthington Whitehouse.

Plan $1,400,000 Printing Building.

Plans have been filed by William E. Austin, architect, providing for erection of a nine-story printing house, 80 by 365 feet, at the corner of Jackson Avenue and Hulst Street, Long Island City, for the Printers Realty Company. The estimated cost is $1,400,000.

The structure will be of reinforced concrete, designed for heavy loading and equipped with the best of every modern essential for the various departments of a large printing establishment. It has a private siding on the Long Island Railroad, and special attention has been paid to receiving and shipping facilities.

Sells Fifty-sixth Street Garage.

The two-story garage at 155 West Fifty-sixth Street, 25 by 100, has been sold by George S. Rush for George M. Shaffer. It was held at $60,000.

Results at Auction.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Jacob H. Mayers.

26th St, 306 to 316 e s, 150.8 n e of 2d Av, 75x100.8, three-story shop, and three-story laundry; Harris Levy against M. Bowsky Fur Dressing and Dyeing Co. et al.; Abraham Greenberg, attorney; dem, $9,702.36; taxes, &c., $1,033.44; prior mtgs, $32,000; to the plaintiff for $26,000.

By James J. Donovan.

Nelson Av, 1,014 e s, 150.8 ft n of 164th St, 23.1x88.3x25.2x87, two-story dwelling; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., trustee, against James Cordaka et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; dem, $7,020.87; taxes, &c., $784.73; to the plaintiff for $4,800.

REAL ESTATE.

STORE
and Basement
35 W. 35th St.
Will Divide Store
About $1.25 per Square Foot
Including Basement Space.
Albert A. Rosenshine Building
Size of Building 57x100
Possession February 1st
Apply Premises or Your Own Broker

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Arthur C. Sheridan, Auct
Arthur C. Sheridan, Inc., will sell at
EXECUTOR'S AUCTION
Thursday Evening,
at 8:15 at Hilsberg Hotel, Lakewood, N. J.
60 LOTS
in Ocean Av., Congress and Bruce Sts.
LAKEWOOD
NEW JERSEY
Sold in residential plots of 50x150. Property one block from Lakewood Station and sold on very
EASY TERMS
Maps from BRUCE M. LARRABEE, Esq., 15 Lexington Av., Lakewood, N. J., or Auctioneer's Offices, 132 Broadway, New York.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

ARMION

THE BUILDING FOR OFFICES AND SHOWROOMS
S. E. COR. SEVENTH AVE., & 36th ST.

Chief executives of great office organizations are daily brought face to face with the problem of securing office space with the combined advantages of economy and desirability. They can get it—*sometimes*. But space isn't all. Light, ventilation, convenience of location and particularly, high-class co-tenants—they can get *some* of these in some buildings. The Armion gives them all—in *one* building.

LEASES FROM FEBRUARY 1st

4 PASSENGER and 1 FREIGHT ELEVATORS. 100% SPRINKLERED.

Wonderfully well located for accessibility.

Loton H. Slawson Company
PROPERTY MANAGEMENT ENGINEERS

PASSAVANT BUILDING
440 4th Av., Southwest Cor. 30th St.
ENTIRE 8TH FLOOR
PLOT 90x100
$12,000
ALSO SMALLER UNITS
Possession February 1st, 1921.
North Light. Automatic Sprinklers. Complete Supervisory Service.
WALTER C. WYCKOFF, Agent
403 Madison Avenue
AT 48TH STREET PHONE VANDERBILT 3535

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Does Your Lease Expire Soon?
If So, Why Not Investigate the
JACKSON HEIGHTS
plan of Tenant-Ownership?
A good share of the rent you are now paying can be applied upon the PURCHASE of an apartment; the actual monthly outlay being no greater than the rental you now pay.
FULL INFORMATION
With Sketch of Building and Floor Plans Upon Application.
(Social and business references required)
The Queensboro Corporation
Manhattan Office
50 E. 42d St., Cor. Madison Ave.
Telephone Murray Hill 7687
Jackson Heights Office
Op. 25th St. Subway Station
Telephone Newtown 2261.
To visit Jackson Heights by most convenient route take Subway to Grand Central, transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th St. Station.
22 MINUTES FROM 42d STREET

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.
HOMES AT MOUNT VERNON
(30 minutes from Grand Central Stn.)
ANDERSON REALTY Co.
72 East 1st St. Tel. 1844-5 Mount Vernon.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.
SMALL LAKE.
Suitable for camping or fishing club; plenty of woodland; good spring; about 100 miles from New York. Price about $10,000.
G. F. ARCHER,
REAL ESTATE
10 East 43d St. Phone Vanderbilt 6994.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
To Lease from Feb. 1st
29-33 W. 38TH ST.
740 Sq. Ft. Net.....$2,500
1,600 Sq. Ft. Net.....$5,000
55 WEST 16TH ST.
9th Floor.....$3,900
J. C. & M. G. MAYER,
247 Madison Ave. Murray Hill 6062.

TO LET
5-7-9 West 37th St.
12th Floor; Top. 7500 Sq. Ft.
Excellent Light
Also SHOWROOM, 7th Floor
Possession February 1st, 1921
H. J. SACHS & CO., 38 West 21st St.

GARAGE
3-story reinforced concrete building, elevator and ramps; entrances on both 53d and 54th Street, between 10th and 11th Aves.; 21-year lease direct from owner.
George Doec Engineering Co., Inc.
42 West 39th St.
or your broker.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
Light Lofts to Rent
18-20-22 West 18th St.
(Running through to 23-25-27 West 17th St., between 5th and 6th Aves.)
FIREPROOF BUILDING, 100% SPRINKLER SYSTEM.
6th and 7th lofts, 75x200; light on all four sides. Possession, 6th of Jan. 1; 7th loft, Feb. 1, 1921.
32-34-36 West 18th St.
(Between 5th and 6th Aves.)
FIREPROOF BUILDING, 100% SPRINKLER SYSTEM.
1st and 2d lofts. Possession Feb. 1, 1921, or earlier by arrangement.
Apply on premises or
THE BEDELL COMPANY
Executive Office, 19 West 34th Street
Or your own broker.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
19-21 West 57th St.
New Building
Entire Floors
TO LEASE
Also Studio Suitable for Photographer.
Apply on premises or
THOMAS V. McLAUGHLIN
2 Rector St. Rector 1046.

153 West 15th Street
LOFT
6,000 feet, one floor, $6,500. Exceptionally light. 2 electric elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Inquire on premises or Greenstein, 206 West 29th Street. Watkins 9316.

Lofts, Offices, Showrooms
IN ALL SECTIONS OF CITY.
2,000 feet loft, $1,250.
28,000 feet, may divide, $28,000. Heavy lofts.
2,400 feet office or showroom, $4,000.
Many Others at Varying Prices.
JOHN W. PARIS, INC.,
141 West 36th St. Telephone Fitzroy 6094.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.
102 E. 52nd St. Park Ave.
2 very large and light rooms bath and kitchen
Apply to
R. C. VOTH, 375 Park Ave.

LOFT TO LET
116-118-120 East 27th ST.
From February 1, 1921
66 Feet 6 Inches Front
12th Floor; light on four sides; skylights; fireproof; 3 elevators; Fire Sprinkler equipment and all modern improvements.
For full particulars inquire of
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

PRINTING CRAFTS BUILDING
461 Eighth Ave.
Block front 33d-34th Sts.
STORES
OFFICES
FLOORS
For Rent
CROSS & BROWN COMPANY
18 East 41st St.
Murray Hill 7100
or
Your Own Broker

124-126 White Street
Loft, Excellent Light
About 2,000 sq. ft.; heavy construction. Especially suitable for lithographic business. Elevators, steam heat and electric light.
Possession Feb. 1, 1921
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY
141 Broadway

BUSINESS HESS PROPERTY

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.
FOR LEASE
200,000 Square Feet
Modern Plant
Suitable for Storage.
Water Frontage; Railroad Siding; Sprinkled Brick Buildings.
Joseph P. Day
Industrial Department
67 Liberty St. Cort. 766.

FACTORIES
Any Size Anywhere
For Sale or to Lease
NEW LISTINGS SOLICITED
Business Established 1796
GAILLARD REALTY CO.
60 WILLIAM ST. TEL. 1000 JOHN

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET
Unfurnished—West Side.
Central Park West
81st to 82d St.
Hotel Beresford
A Few Suites of
1-2-3 ROOMS
AND BATH. Several Furnished.
EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RENTALS
Excellent Restaurant. Maid Service
APPLY ON PREMISES OR
Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St.

IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY
One of the most attractive 8 room apartments on west side for rent, located in the 70's, near Riverside Drive. Forty improvement, in a new fireproof building. For full particulars apply Fred'k Zittel & Son, B'way and 79th St. Tel. 9700 Schuyler.

315 West 94th Street
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENT
NEAR RIVERSI

CITY REAL ESTATE

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

EXCEEDINGLY and charmingly furnished residence in Washington Square to be let for 4 months, $3,000; three floors; 3 bedrooms, glass enclosed sleeping porch, library, drawing and dining rooms; accommodations for 4 maids; 3 baths, 2 telephones; floors, electricity, steam heat, open fires; seen by appointment only. Telephone 8221 Worth after 11 o'clock.

BEAUTIFUL home to be disposed of with lease; six rooms, three-bath apartment, in mahogany, silver, linen, handsome quilts, custom blue china. Colonial Arms Apts. (460). Audubon 1294.

VALUABLE DYCKMAN CORNER LOT, southeast corner 211th St. and 9th Ave.; sacrifice below assessed value; terms. Inspect. 45 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

FIVE-STORY American basement dwelling, adjoining West End; side light, charming interior, 18 rooms, 5 baths, electricity, large occupancy; under $35,000; might consider exchange. Cobleigh, Cortlandt 1332.

ATTENTION! Beautiful 4-story basement residence, 20x100, 62d St., between Central Park and Columbus Av.; best block on west side. D 279 Times.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—Immediate possession, 3-story, high stoop. West 90s; electric, private; splendid condition; $34,000. Murray Hill 1984, evenings.

WEST END AV.
Dwelling, 4-story, 21 feet, very reasonable; best location. George Comfort Co., 489 5th Av. Vanderbilt 769.

EAST, EAST—Twelve rooms, 4 baths; latest improvements; 3 families. Plaza 4297.

WILL exchange or sell Floral Park lots free and clear, value $7,000, for Manhattan property. K 819 Times.

SACRIFICE for cash, 4-story dwelling, near 90th St.; electric light, parquet floors; excellent condition. Telephone Columbus 224.

$7,000 BUYS excellent dwelling, 306 or 310 West 115th St.; 3½ stories. Sharum, 170 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 7502.

GARAGE property, 50x100; complete profitable business; possession; bargain; $48,000. Feiman, 1,461 Broadway.

LEASE on West 72d St., paying $6,000 per year net; will take $15,000, part cash. Louis F. Dowdney, 217 West 72d St.

FOR RENT—Three-story dwelling, West End Av., section; electric light; good condition. Lenry Coventry, 54 West 72d.

SALE—West 55th, near 5th; possession; estate estate. K. K., 1,356 Broadway.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

ATTENTION!—2D MORTGAGE MONEY, $200,000 LOANABLE; VARIOUS AMOUNTS; CENTRALLY LOCATED PROPERTIES PREFERRED; BROKERS PROTECTED. EXCESS ESTATES 835 BROADWAY.

MORTGAGE money for suburban properties exclusively. Coleman, 1,095 Broadway. Circle 3423.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

SALE or Rent—New, up-to-date dwelling, 7 rooms, 2 tiled baths, open fireplace, sleeping porch, large enclosed sun parlor, perfect appointments. All improvements; large lot; high-class surroundings; about 30 minutes out; splendid transit, near station and schools; immediate possession; $150 per month. John A. Bailey, 425 West 42d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

I'M GOING TO SELL, and will sacrifice, absolutely, for quick results, 4a improved house, 10 rooms, sun parlor, sleeping porch, in select section Plainfield. I want offer. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row. Tel. 2596 Beekman.

FOR RENT—Home at 141 Euston Road, Garden City, Long Island; furnished or unfurnished; 6 bedrooms, two baths; garage; 6th inst. or later. Telephone Garden City 1031W.

OWNER leaving city, will sell Colonial home, seven rooms, two baths, sun parlor; 30 minutes out. H. G. Robinson, Pitrroy 8896.

THREE lots, Flushing, equity $1,800; exchange for automobile. A 998 Times Downtown.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

SANITARIUM FOR SALE.
Within 50 miles of New York, on Lackawanna; excellent location; eighty acres; beautiful new buildings; all modern improvements; fully furnished; complete in every detail; $6,500; great opportunity to the profession or high-class hotel man. L 719 Times Downtown.

SALE or Rent—Comfortable year-round bungalow in residential suburb, 30 minutes from New York; 6 rooms, bath, open fireplace, all improvements; near station, stores; immediate possession; $30 monthly. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 42d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

I'M GOING TO SELL, and will sacrifice, absolutely, for quick results, 4a improved house, 10 rooms, sun parlor, sleeping porch, in select section Plainfield. I want offer. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row. Tel. 2596 Beekman.

FOR SALE, new Colonial house at Fanwood, N. J.; 7 rooms; all modern impts.; steam heat, gas and electric; owner leaving town; price $7,500, only $2,000 cash; easy commutation to Newark or New York. P. O. Box 98, Albany, N. Y.

A DELIGHTFUL HOUSE for easy housekeeping; 7 rooms, tiled Bathroom; all improvements; hills Northern New Jersey. 45 minutes; high land, dry air; moderate price, easy terms. Asahel Chapin, 52 Broadway.

MOUNTAIN LAKES, N. J.—Residences for sale, $9,000 to $40,000; rent $75. Mrs. H. C. Mintrup, 45 John St., New York. Phone John 4579 or Boonton 491.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED to rent, furnished house in Glen Ridge or Montclair district of New Jersey from January; references furnished. L 605 Times Downtown.

ATTENTION: Am looking to purchase private residence, West Harlem, below 125th St., or Washington Heights, 4-story brownstone; must be bargain. D 278 Times.

PUBLISHERS will buy unrestricted private house for executive offices, between 34th and 42d Sts., Lexington and 5th Avs.; possession before May 1. B 850 Times.

WILL purchase private dwelling, Manhattan, if reasonable; quick possession. W 46 Times.

WANTED, residence between 3d and 5th Avs., 50th and 59th Sts., Manhattan; must be bargain. K 323 Times.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

48 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS
3 and 5-Room Complete Apartments.
Beautiful water view; 5 minutes to Wall St.
G. GIRARD, 218 Montague St.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

NO MANHATTAN AV.
Near 124th St., elevated, subway stations. Five stories, basement. All improvements. Each floor contains two apartments, seven rooms and bath each; rental $6,600.
GREATEST BARGAIN OPPORTUNITY.
SURETY REALTY CO., 235 BROADWAY.

GUARANTEED POSSESSION.
Eleven-room house on West 11th St.; steam heat, bath, 2 toilets; Winter's coal in cellar; corner. WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC., 72 Greenwich Av. Watkins 7434.

55TH, WEST (near 5th)—Private house; possession; exchange. K. C., 1,258 Broadway.

LONG TERM Broadway lease, five floors, fully tenanted; big profit. E 33 Times.

$8,000 BUYS three-family house, 20x100. Sherman, 135 West 125d St.

FOUR-STORY dwelling, lower 60s; $22,500; unusual opportunity. Murray Hill 4680.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

NEW ONE-FAMILY STUCCO
with garage; price right; terms reasonable. 2,311-2,823 Sedgwick Av., north of Kingsbridge Road.
BUILDER ON PREMISES.
Telephone Kingsbridge 1622.

BARGAIN—Residence, 2,211 Andrews Av., 50x100, university section; 2-story, 2 baths, electricity; offer considered. Cashman, Cortlandt 1282.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

NO CASH.
Now six or seven room stucco Flatbush house, with garage; may be bought no cash down; only monthly payment equal to fair rental; will decorate to suit. WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC., 72 Greenwich Av., N. Y. C. Watkins 7434.

CAN AN INVESTMENT.
Ill-health induces sale of new high-class apartment houses, Bedford section, Brooklyn; uninflated price $225,000; cash required, $45,000; annual rental, $40,000. Ruckert, owner, 45 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

THREE-STORY, NO BASEMENT—VACANT garage space, 12 rooms, bath, hot water heat, extra toilets, parquet; cheap; keys. C. R. KLETH, 248 Reid, near Halsey.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

HOUSE in Flushing, near station; five rooms, bath, electric lights, hardwood floors; porch; rent moderate; state number of people in family. P 409 Times.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

WANT business plot, residence seashore or country, or farm for equity of $40,000 to $150,000. Gross & Gross, 130 Market St., Newark, N. J.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

POULTRY FARM, electric lighted, capacity 1,200 hens; 6-room bungalow, main road, good markets. E. Bigelow, Belmar, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SUBLEASE 10,000 square feet, 39-47 West 19th St., first loft; possession on or before Feb. 1, 1921; low rent. Cross & Brown Co., 18 East 41st St. Murray Hill 7100.

TOP LOFT AND STORE,
124 West 18th St.
$2,500 each; in modern building; 25x92. DUROSS COMPANY, 155 WEST 14TH ST.

TO SUBLET for office and showroom, 606 square feet, in high-class office building; 18th St. and 4th Av.; two years' lease; rent $1,200. Telephone Stuyvesant 2180.

FOR RENT—1,000 sq. ft., or less, facing City Hall; telephone and office service if desired; will give lease from Jan. 1. Phone Therkildsen, Beekman 1982.

FLOOR SPACE, SIX TO EIGHTEEN HUNDRED FEET; FINE LIGHT; VERY LIGHT; OPPOSITE ST. PAUL'S CHURCH. EIGHTEEN VESEY ST.

TO LET—New building; 2 floors and basement, 25x100, suitable for any kind of business; steam and elevator; immediate possession. 422 West 42d St.

1,000 FEET—TIMES BUILDING.
Wonderful location; advertising novelty manufacturers; sales; service; sublet reasonable. Bryant 4000.

HALF 200-foot office, 30 Broad St.; share rent, stenographer, telephone, average $50 month on present lease; public accountants; vacant Jan. 1. E. C. Smith, 15 Park Row.

FOR RENT, on completion, Jan. 1, 1921, new one-story and basement factory, facing PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL, 52x94. Phone Owner, Longacre 2722.

TO LEASE—1,000 sq. feet of showroom space, West 32d St., 1 flight up; fine show window. Bendowitz & Caine, 1,524 Broadway. Longacre 5254.

34TH ST., 138 WEST—Second floor store, show window front; immediate possession. M. & L. Hess, Inc., 967 Broadway. Stuyvesant 4200.

LOFTS AND OFFICES.
DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.
BILTMORE REALTY CORP., TIMES BLDG. PHONE BRYANT 7738-1527.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS ALL SECTIONS. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 33 NASSAU ST. JOHN 1171, 61 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 9175.

SMALL office, fully equipped, telephones, light and furniture; concern going out of business; low rent. Apply for particulars, Barclay 638.

OFFICES at 123 Liberty St., also one floor sub-divided; immediate possession; long lease. For particulars apply The Seneca Co., World Bldg.

SUB-LEASE, 9,500 square feet, 935 Broadway, corner 22d St., third floor; immediate possession; low rent. Cross & Brown Co., 18 East 41st St. Murray Hill 7100.

LEASEHOLDS bought, buildings remodeled; will finance new buildings for responsible parties. Apply Richard Arvel, 401 West 59th St. Tel. 4332 Columbus.

TO LET—7,500 square feet in three lofts at 38 cents a foot; 428 Broome St., between Broadway and Lafayette. ROBERT BONSALL, 261 BROADWAY.

STORES, OFFICES, SHOWROOMS, READY FOR OCCUPANCY. VARIOUS SIZES AND PRICES. EARLINGTON BUILDING, 51 WEST 27TH ST. PENN 8213 CHELSEA.

DESK WITH TELEPHONE SERVICE.
Downtown; attractive offices. Room 818, 15 Park Row. Tel. Barclay 3320.

DESKROOM with telephone and stenographer service for rent from Jan. 1. 605 5th Av., ask for Mr. Simmons.

TO LET—Small, elevator; rent $2,800. Feb'ry. AMES & COMPANY, 26 WEST 31ST ST.

ABOUT 800 feet, steam heat, elevator, electric light; rent $60. Arrow Paper Products, 100 Worth St.

OFFICE SUITE, furnished; excellent location Knox Building, cor. 40th St. and 5th Av. frontage. Murray Hill 1779.

SEVERAL offices, suitable for displaying samples; reasonable rent to responsible tenants. 1,182 Broadway, Room 1207.

BROOME ST., 408—Store and basement 20x75; reasonable rent; Feb. 1. 43 6th Av. Spring 2996.

EAST 57TH ST business corner; 60 feet; 21-year net lease $16,500; principals only. Murray Hill 4639.

NEATLY furnished offices and showroom, or half; sublet; very reasonable; textiles or dry goods. Room 1308, 220 5th Av.

A PRIVATE office, desk room with service, Grand Central zone. Suite 808, 51 East 42d St.

FOR RENT, office, furnished, telephone, shipping district, about 140 feet. Address Y 2441 Times Annex.

DESIRABLE office rent, about 2,500 ft.; immediate occupation. 265 Broadway, Room 2611.

BEAUTIFUL showroom and office to let on 5th Av.; very reasonable rent. Room 809, 503 5th Av. (31st).

OFFICE and showroom, 500 or 1,000 square feet; modern building; immediate or Feb. 1. possession. H. S. Mercantile, 7 West 22d.

STORE and basement, 20th St., between 5th and 6th Avs.; about 5,000 square feet; rent reasonable. Box 791, 200 Cable Bldg.

BUSINESS PROPERTY SPECIALISTS.
STORES, FLOORS, BUILDINGS, GARAGES.
Woolley, Watkins & Jordan, Plaza 0874.

DESK ROOM in neatly furnished private office after Jan. 1. Call 12-2, Room 735, 150 Nassau St.

32D ST., 155 EAST, near subway station; store, 20x100, steam heat, just altered. Murray Hill 4960.

LOFTS, very light; immediate possession; steam; 25x104. 28 West 34, 137 Grand St. Telephone Spring and Canal 9857.

AN unfurnished corner office in Flatiron Building (Room 1018). Call today at Room 516, same building, for particulars.

SPACE for chiropodist with first-class 5th Av. beauty parlor. Robert, 600 5th Av., corner 42d St., City.

OFFICE SPACE, downtown, below Wall; typewriter desk, typewriter, telephone; Phone Hanover 740.

OFFICE, downtown; 185 feet; telephone, desks, exceptional. A 789 Times Downtown.

DESK and all conveniences; elegant building, 1,270 Broadway, 33d St. Room 816.

2,700 SQUARE FEET, third floor, $1.75 foot; will divide. Hafter, 246 West 42d.

PART of 5th Av. office to rent; telephone service. Room 1206, 516 5th Av.

DESKROOM space, phone service. Apply first floor, 77 5th Av. Stuyvesant 6285.

DESK SPACE, with or without desk, telephone. E. Wollerstein, 7 Wall St.

PART loft and showroom; reasonable rent; immediate possession. 654 Broadway, Room 1

BROADWAY CORNER OFFICE SPACE OVERLOOKING BAY. 745 SQ. FT., OR ADJOINING OFFICE 606 SQ. FT.; 10TH FLOOR. TELEPHONE L. P. SANGER, BOWLING GREEN 4236; NO AGENTS.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
The right location is half the battle; we have the finest space for high-grade executive offices; entire fourth floor in the Gorham Building, 390-396 5th Av., also 36th St. entrance; will lease for term of years; lowest price in this section; also offer in the same building, ninth floor, 2,000 square feet, beautiful studio space. Apply Duane Co., 280 Broadway, Telephone Worth 248.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
3,625 SQUARE FEET, 5 OFFICES.
POSSESSION FEB. 1.
2,000 SQUARE FEET OFFICE SPACE, including Burglar Proof Vault.
All exceptional values, executed lofts, at select Barrett Building, 171 Madison Av., corner 34th St. Apply Superintendent or phone Mr. Wilkins, Fitzroy 5980.

BROADWAY—5TH AV.—3RD ST.
About 440 square feet office space for sublet on 4th floor, Flatiron Building; large light rooms with connecting private office, partitions available for further division, if desired; immediate possession; long lease. Inquire Room 516, Flatiron Building, 5th floor, 13 East 47th.

TO RENT—234 West 55th St., near Broadway, large office, 18x34, second floor, facing street; all glass across entire front; phone booth; four extra large closets; wood paneling; seven colored drop lights; linoleum on floor; nicely decorated; steam heat, janitor's tenant only; $80 month.

BLEECKER ST.—2,000 square feet, $1,050; office and show room, 2,500 square feet, $6,000; exceptionally good light on three sides; many other lofts and office bargains, any size, all sections of the city. Department A., John W. Paris & Son, Inc., 141 West 36th. Phone Fitzroy 6804.

5,000 to 10,000 square feet to lease for automobile repairing, painting; in fireproof building, in 60s, near Broadway; unusual opportunity to rent floors in such a desirable location. G. MONTAGUE MABIE, 32 West 42d St. Tel. Vanderbilt 836.

42D ST., 511 AND 513 WEST.
Modern eight-story building, high ceilings. LOFTS and STORAGE. Apply Janitor.
Seventh Loft, $4,000. Possession Feby. 1.
Sixth Loft, $3,900. Possession May 1.
M. M. HAYWARD & CO., 2,640 Broadway.

FINANCIAL DISTRICT.
We have an unusually large number of desirable offices for rent in best downtown buildings at low rentals; practically all sizes. Chester D. Clark, Real Estate, 42 Broadway, Broad 5065.

STORE,
25x90, in good business section, near Broadway and Spring St.; possession Feb. 1; 100% sprinkler, heat. Lester J. Robinson & Co., Inc., 196 Rogers Av., Brooklyn. Prospect 9448.

IMMEDIATE possession, a beautiful office and showroom, 500 feet on 5th Av., fully equipped wonderful fixtures, furniture, also telephone suitable for dress, waist, or cloak jobber; reasonable rent. Longacre 5425, Mr. Brown.

DESIRABLE SMALL OFFICES, SEPARATE OR IN SUITES, AVAILABLE NOW AT 420 BROADWAY. BILTMORE REALTY CORPORATION, TIMES BUILDING. PHONE BRYANT 7738-1527.

SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Apply Howard C. Forbes, 66 Broadway, Rector 747.

PART OF LOFT TO SUBLET AT 906 BROADWAY, HEART OF BUSINESS SECTION, 1,400 SQUARE FEET, $2,000; NO MANUFACTURING. ENCORE, 6TH FLOOR, 906 BROADWAY.

OFFICES, SHOWROOMS, STORES AND LOFTS to rent in various locations. For particulars apply SAMUEL KRONSKY, INC., Marbridge Bldg., Broadway at 34th. Phone Fitzroy 772.

TO LET, ADJOINING 5TH AV.
Second floor space, 22x100, large show window; very light; elevator; Feb. 1; rent $3,750.

AMES & CO. 28 WEST 31ST ST.

FURNISHED DAYLIGHT OFFICES with telephone; 300 square feet; desirable rent; possession Jan. 1; 5th Av., above 42d St. Ogden & Clarkson Corporation, 605 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1124.

SUBLET one or three large furnished office rooms on the first floor of the Times Building. Inquire Schleifer & Co., Times Building, 42d St. and Broadway. Phone Bryant 1851-1852.

84 WATER ST.
Upper store or loft, suitable for office purposes; excellent lighting and heating; 20x58; reasonable rent. Apply Snow's, 120 Pearl.

LARGE, attractive basement, for office or business. 855 Lexington Av.

LIGHT, cheerful offices, sublet furnished or unfurnished, with telephone. 29 West 34th.

LARGE and small offices, elegantly furnished. Suites 1111-1116, 220 West 42d St.

OFFICE and desk room, telephone and stenographic service. Apply 503 World Building.

SMALL light office, financial district. Apply Agent, 708 Park Row Building.

EAST 57TH STREET—60 feet, shopping centre; lease $16,500. Murray Hill 4639.

47TH ST., 215 EAST—Loft; will alter to suit. J. S. Murphy.

FURNISHED office space, exchange for stenographic service. Room 608, 469 5th Av.

LOFT to let, suitable studio, light manufacturing; $600-$900. 12 West 19th.

EAGLE BUILDING, 4th Av. and 21st—Outside office, 14x40 feet. Apply office A 1207.

42D ST., 25 WEST, Room 223—Furnished office, with phone.

STORE, 21x84; steam heat, electricity. 204 East 38th. Murray Hill 9752.

PART of loft, about 400 square feet, very light. 34 Rosenthal, 31 West 28th.

LEASE—West 55th, near 5th; possession; $7,500 year. K. S., 1,358 Broadway.

PRIVATE office to let, 40th St., from May 1, furnished. Box 14, 209 Cable Bldg.

Brooklyn.

BRICK FACTORY BUILDING, about 6,700 sq. ft., Williamsburg section of Brooklyn, near all railroad freight stations; immediate possession; high ceilings with skylights; good light, concrete floors, with sewer drainage, electric; good storage cellar; office space and driveway into building. 40 PENN ST., BROOKLYN.

Long Island.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
5,000 to 100,000 square feet space; early occupancy; or will build to suit.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
Bridge Plaza. LONG ISLAND CITY.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

RESTAURANTS, ATTENTION,
WALL STREET DISTRICT.
Man, responsible, Christian, will give services as cashier in return for cigar stand privilege and meals. E. J. Dechery, Alcazar Hotel, 47 West 32d St., Room 1115.

BUILDING WANTED,
APPROXIMATELY 50,000 SQ. FT.
VICINITY 14TH ST. TO 34TH ST.
MUST BE WEST SIDE.
ADDRESS L. T., 48 TIMES.

WE have clients for buildings, lofts, offices and show rooms; let us know what you have for sale or lease; quick action. Dept. A, John W. Paris & Son, Inc., 141 West 36th. Phone Fitzroy 6804.

WANTED, large store or part of building in Harlem; to store new furniture. Bracken, 318 Lenox Av.

STORE and basement for paint shop, west side, between 66th and 80th Sts. D 297 Times.

WANTED, to rent or buy lease of large store or building near Lenox and 125th. Bracken, 318 Lenox.

LOFT or space wanted, about 1,500 sq. ft. Watkins 9473.

FACTORIES.

BROOKLYN, Queensboro, New Jersey factory properties, sale, rent and built on easy terms. Walter Baker Co., Factory Brokers, 794 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

12TH ST., 4 EAST—ENTIRE PARLOR FLOOR, OR UNFURNISHED; LEASE JAN. 1; REASONABLE; VERY SUITABLE FOR DOCTORS OR TWO GENTLEMEN; CALL AFTERNOONS ONLY.

18TH ST., 102 EAST (Union Square), Hotel Leclede—Two-room suite with bath; $21 week; hotel service.

29TH ST., 101-103 EAST (Hatfield House)—Elevator apartment hotel; desirable, 1, 2 and 3 room suites, maid and hall service; attractive rentals; furnished or unfurnished. SPOTS & STARR, INC., Times Building. Tel. Bryant 4000.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 103)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

38TH (Lexington)—Charming basement, 3 rooms, bath; fireplace. Mad. Sq. 337.

47TH, 21 EAST—Bachelor, leaving city, will rent small private apartment for short lease; $175; substantial tenant only.

57TH, OFF 6TH AV.—Charming newly furnished living room, grand piano, bedroom, kitchen, bath, silver, linens, china, &c.; $250 monthly, including gas, electricity; concessions on October lease. Plaza 3511.

Furnished—West Side.

57TH ST., EAST—Attractively furnished 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, entire floor; lease $150 monthly to Sept. 30. Carpenter.

57TH ST., 21 EAST—Two rooms, bath; restaurant; short or long lease.

60TH, 42 EAST—Furnished apartment, drawing room, dining room, bedroom, kitchen, bath; $250 per month; immediate possession. Cripps. Phone Plaza 2974 mornings until 12, afternoons 3 to 6.

60TH, 18 EAST—Sublet bargains, 1, 2, 3 room suites. Jacinto Hotel.

60TH, 18 EAST—Sublet 3 handsomely furnished rooms, 2 baths. Jacinto Hotel.

68TH ST., 20 EAST, corner Madison Av.—Three rooms and bath, beautifully furnished; maid service; $115.

82D ST. (corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; $45 per room, bath, up. Hotel Ashton.

126TH, 20 EAST—Parlor floor for doctor or dentist; private house; lease; electric light.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON,
Madison Av., southwest corner 52d St. Newly decorated, elegant room and bath, $45 up; 2 rooms, bath, $100 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 5172.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED apartments, choice localities; long, short leases; east and west sides; 4-12 rooms. CLARK REALTY COMPANY, 347 Madison Av. (45th St.) Vanderbilt 1450.

BACHELORS, ATTENTION!
Madison Av. and 34th St.—Two rooms and bath apartment; copper and closets; $75 a month. Phone Plaza 645.

DOUGLAS GIBBONS & CO.,
6 East 45th St., Vanderbilt 628.
Choice selection of apartments and houses, furnished and unfurnished; season or year. PARK AV. AND VICINITY.

FIFTH AV., Savoy Hotel—Beautiful apt., 3 large rooms, southern exposure; 2 baths, large closets; hotel service; June 1 or Oct. 1. Apt. 210, before 11 A. M., or phone Plaza 841.

GRAMERCY PARK SOUTH, 28 (Hotel Irving)—Two rooms and bath, facing beautiful Gramercy Park; all hotel service; table excellent; reasonable rates. Phone Gramercy 6364.

GRAMERCY PARK—3 beautiful rooms, bath, furnished. De Flores. Tel. Murray Hill 2690.

IRVING PLACE (near 15th St.)—Bachelor apartments, 1-3 rooms, all outside, just completed; modern, parquet floors, bath and shower; handsomely furnished; maid service; reasonable rentals. Apply at premises, Irving Place, or telephone Fitzroy 2324.

MADISON AV., 416 (near 48th)—Attractive room with daybed, bath, telephone, elevator; breakfast served; maid service. Corbiere.

MADISON AV., 275—Well furnished, two-room apartment; sublet $200. Apt. 1. Shepherd.

SELECT APARTMENTS, ten or two large, well furnished rooms. Madison Square 8671.

25% LESS THAN PRE-WAR PRICES.
5TH AV. (60'S)—12 rooms and 5 baths.
5TH AV.—(40'S)—8 rooms and 3 baths.
PARK AV. (60'S)—10 rooms and 4 baths.
MADISON AV., (50'S)—12 rooms, 4 baths; 9 rooms, 3 baths.
57TH ST.—1 rooms, 6 baths.

2 ROOMS, furnished apartment and kitchenette; rent $80. 1962 Amsterdam Av.

3 ROOMS, bath, beautifully furnished; Park Av.; piano, telephone. Phone Cliffside 2000.

Furnished—West Side.

10TH, 60 WEST—Three-room, kitchen, bath; all improvements.

11TH (just off 5th Av., Hotel Van Rensselaer)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service. Stuy. 1410.

12TH ST., 49 WEST—Two rooms, furnished, electric lights, bath; lease to Oct. 1; rent $125.

26TH ST.—Two rooms, bath; seen between 11-4. Telephone Madison Sq. 4666.

29TH—ONE, TWO, THREE ROOMS, KITCHENS, BATHS. CHELSEA 6065.

40TH ST., 104 WEST—Sublet six months, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, telephone; new elevator apartment bldg.; $175. Bryant 4453.

43D, 123 WEST—Elevator, beautiful two-room apartment; newly decorated; bath; $150.

43TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, tiled bath, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; unquestionable hygiene; highest reference essential; $65-$125 up monthly. Longacre 3580.

45TH ST., 127 WEST—Beautifully furnished with piano, 2 rooms, private bath, apartment, complete hotel service, by week or month. J. E. Kenny, Bryant 574.

47TH, 135 WEST—To sublet, two rooms, bath; special rates for the balance of season. Mr. Sanborn, Hotel Flanders.

48TH ST., 62 WEST—2-room apartment, kitchenette, bath, private phone. Call 4-6.

49TH ST., 11 WEST—Attractively furnished large studio room, bath. Apply Carlsen.

50TH ST., 29 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath. Call or write. Brennen.

51ST ST., 353 WEST—Three and four room apartments, furnished; elevator.

52D ST., 223 WEST, COR. BROADWAY.
High-class elevator apartments, newly furnished; full hotel service.
ONE ROOM AND BATH, $90 UP.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $140 UP.
REFERENCES REQUIRED.

54TH ST. (At Broadway)—Hotel Albemarle; parlor, bedroom and bath; reasonable rates.

55TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.—THE REGAL, MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED, MAID AND VALET SERVICE. 2 ROOMS AND BATH; $175.; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

55TH, 196 WEST—Two large handsome rooms, bath, pantry; bachelors preferred. Kent.

56TH, 63 WEST—Two charmingly furnished rooms, bath, kitchenette; bachelors preferred. Kent.

56TH ST. (Near 5th Av.)—Modern elevator apartment of 4 rooms and bath; beautifully furnished; rent for 2 months or longer. Telephone Circle 5385.

56TH, 208 WEST
(HOTEL THORNDYKE)—VERY ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES, WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH ST., 340 WEST.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND VALET SERVICE; TWO AND THREE ROOMS AND BATH; $25 WEEKLY AND UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

57TH, 144 WEST — Lady leaving city will lease small, sunny apartment, newly furnished; elevator, kitchenette; sun porch, telephone; references. Circle 6275 for appointment.

57TH, 859 WEST—Attractive front 2-room apartment, kitchenette, bath; $125; lease to October; call 11-8. Schultz.

57TH, 142 WEST—Sunny two rooms and bath, furnished; $95; lease. Cobb.

58TH ST., 21 WEST—3d floor, front, large sitting room with fireplace, bedroom and bath; completely furnished in mahogany; restaurant in building; maid service by arrangement; sublet to Oct. 1. Apply Superintendent on premises.

58TH, 57 WEST—A LADY GOING SOUTH WILL RENT MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED APARTMENT, 8 ROOMS, ADJOINING NEW YORK ATHLETIC CLUB; 6 MONTHS OR LONGER. APPLETON.

58TH, 152 WEST—Newly decorated apartments; rooms and private baths; all conveniences; maid and valet service. 4724 Circle.

58TH, 47 WEST—Sublet attractive two-room apartment, bath, kitchenette, charmingly furnished.

58TH, 38 WEST—Sublet bargain, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $200. Simpkins's apartment.

59TH ST. (Central)—Two large rooms, kitchenette, bath, $175. Telephone 3778 Plaza.

61ST ST., 10 WEST (The Pasadena), corner Broadway, near elevated, subway; newly decorated 2, 3, 4 rooms, bath, light, linen, maid service included; $80-$55 weekly; restaurant in building. Columbus 4400.

61ST ST.—8-room apartment for sale; rent $1,200 per year. Apply Wm. A. Taylor, Inc., 305 Columbus Av.

66TH ST., 108 WEST.
2 rooms, bath and kitchenette in high-class apartment house; immediate possession; $1,200.

SHARP & CO., 2,480 BROADWAY.

69TH, 245 WEST (the new West End)—2-3 room apartments, bath, kitchenette, $95-$130; references required.

69TH, 22 WEST—High-class 3-3 room apartment, refined surroundings; $260.

115 WEST 72D ST.
APARTMENT HOTEL.
2 ROOMS AND BATH,
furnished or unfurnished, for sale, with contents of an apartment for sale, with lease; furniture made to order by Hampton Shops; oil paintings, etchings, &c., renowned artists; rare bargains and opportunity; possession at once. L. J. Phillips & Co., 148 West 72d St.

72D, 128 WEST — Unusually large, sunny apartment, combination living and dining room, two open fireplaces, piano, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; private phone. Spencer.

72D, 312 WEST—Handsomely furnished two-room kitchenette apartment, 4th floor front, $225.

72D, 150 WEST—Well-furnished two rooms, bath, kitchenette; new building. Cardiff.

72D—Two rooms, front; kitchenette, bath; beautifully furnished; $150. Columbus 1378.

77TH ST., 238 WEST. (Corner Riverside Drive)—One, two and three large room apartments, with bath; beautifully furnished and maid service. Apply Superintendent.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

79TH, 121 WEST—Luxurious furnished apartment 10x20, bath, kitchenette; remodelled, private house; $135; also breakfast and living room, 10x24, bedroom, bath, kitchenette, southern exposure; call all week. Phone Academy 350, apartment 10. Hefner.

79TH ST.—Subway; real home, six or seven refined business adults; four chambers, extra closets, twin beds, two double beds, single beds; all outside, sunny rooms; private telephone; exclusive elevator apartment; minutes' acquaintance charge; $270 month 'till June or longer. Schuyler 4317.

79TH ST., 213 (near Broadway)—Entire floor; open fireplaces; every modern convenience.

80TH ST., 162 WEST—Furnished and unfurnished apartments, 1 and 2 rooms. Hotel Anderson.

81ST, 202 WEST (IV)—Charming two room and kitchen apartment, attractively furnished.

82D ST., 219 WEST (near Riverside Drive)—Two, three large rooms, private bath, kitchenette, newly decorated, furnished; small couple.

84TH ST. (Near Central Park West)—Leaving town, exceptional opportunity secure exclusively furnished two-room, bath and kitchenette apartment; $200 per month.

84TH, 130 WEST—Elegantly furnished 3-room apartment, newly decorated; housekeeping; telephone; immediate possession; $150. Apt. 2.

84TH, on West End Av.—5 rooms, 2 baths; all outside; new building; $300. Col. 1278.

85TH, 333 WEST—Furnished apartment and rooms, with or without board.

85TH, 330 WEST—Furnished, unfurnished, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; immediate. Apt. 4.

89TH, 322 WEST—Charming front apartment; river view; two rooms, kitchenette. Riebel.

90TH, 305 WEST—Large room, adjoining bath; kitchenette; $35; sunny basement, $75.

90S, Riverside—Sumptuous, newly furnished, artistic four-room, foyer, studio, housekeeping apartment; complete library, grand piano, Oriental rugs; suitable for refined, discriminating people; Jan. 15 to Oct. 1; $325 monthly. Riverside 630.

91ST, 11 WEST—Beautifully furnished 7-room apartment, elevator building; convenient Park, until October next only; $230 monthly.

91ST, 20 WEST—Sale or rent, beautifully furnished 2-room apartment. Lawrence.

94TH ST., 2 WEST (corner Central Park West)—Christian family offer bright, comfortably furnished front suite, living room, bedroom (twin beds) and bath, large closets; two gentlemen or business couple. Apartment 5 North, Jordan. Phone for appointment Riverside 1162.

96TH, 838 WEST—Small five-room elevator apartment, completely furnished, piano, linen; $125. Apply after noon; Apt. 46.

97TH ST., WEST (near Riverside Drive)—Beautifully furnished six rooms and bath; excellent cook, if desired; immediate possession; reference. Phone Riverside 7068.

97TH (West End Av.)—Two large rooms, kitchenette, steam heat, parquet floors, attractively furnished; $200 month. Riverside 10071.

101ST (839 West End Av.)—Attractive, sunny front apartment, living room, dining room, bedroom, kitchen, bath; couple; lease. Phone Riverside 2777.

101ST, 215 WEST—8 outside rooms, luxuriously furnished; 3 baths; period furniture. Oriental rugs; $600. Apt. 7C.

103D, 208 WEST—Three rooms, use kitchen; rent $25; married people. Telephone Snoeck, Academy 4247, before 6.

105TH, 320 WEST—High-class two-room apartment beautifully and completely furnished, for light housekeeping. Inquire Janitor.

107TH, 238 WEST—Large room with kitchenette; $60 monthly; references; private house.

109TH, 107 WEST—2 and 3 rooms; high-class; $72 up; weekly rates during holidays. Telephone Academy 1611.

110TH, 509 WEST—SUMPTUOUS HOME; SIX BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, EVERYTHING NEW; FRONT; SOUTH; $300. 5B.

111TH ST., 272 WEST (Manhattan Av.)—Six beautiful rooms, facing Morningside Park. Cathedral 3711.

112TH ST., 323 WEST—Private, high class, 4-room front apartment; artistically furnished; sublet 4 months, $185 monthly; references. Bentley. Cathedral 7528.

112TH ST., Broadway—Well-furnished four rooms, until May; $200. Cathedral 6625.

cooking, hotel service, telephone; for women executives. Hotel Bellclaire, 250 W. 54th St.—Large room, private bath; second floor.

57 EAST 57TH ST.
Double room, bath; single room; references.

59TH, 14 EAST—Rooms with board; table guests accommodated. Rhinelander 9098.

MADISON AV., 918 (near 54th)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

97TH, 146 WEST—Elegant large room, private bath; steam; table the best.

97TH ST., 225 WEST—Large, double room; suitable for three persons.

98D ST., 137 WEST—Charming, refined house; exceptional food and accommodations. Cathedral 1631.

99TH ST., (near Riverside)—Large, handsomely furnished front room, adjoining bath in Christian family; excellent home cooking; also front single room for gentleman. Columbus 2130 or Rector 9945.

99TH, 123 WEST—Large room, private bath; good home cooking; references; reasonable.

99TH, 139 WEST—Double sunny rooms; excellent table; parlor dining; table guests.

99TH, 313 WEST—Large, double room, private bath; board.

99TH, 143 WEST—Large, warm room; 2d floor; table board; homelike; references.

99D, 134 WEST (Graycourt)—Attractive, modern, steam heat; reference; table guests.

99D, 6 WEST—Newly furnished room with running water; excellent cuisine. Jay.

99TH ST., 6 WEST—Refined Hebrew family, room, bath; gentlemen, couple; excellent board; also few table guests.

100D, 220 WEST—Front parlor apartment, single; continuous hot water; home cooking; 1 or 2 doors broadway facing Marseilles Hotel.

100TH, 339 WEST—Private hotel; beautiful rooms; also suite with private bath; Austrian cuisine; only permanent guests considered.

115TH ST. CORNER (3,850 B'way)—Two connecting rooms large and airy, facing B'way; elevator service; modern improvements; with private family; references required. C. Deutsch.

120TH, 138 WEST—Double room, private bath; Jewish table. Brody, Morningside 2129.

121ST, 614 WEST—Large, warm rooms, board; near Columbia College. Apt. 2.

EVELYN LODGE—Charming all-year residence, lovely location; 20 min. to Wall St.; centrally furnished; excellent chef and service; small cabinet parlors, smoking room, comforts; weekly, $18 up, with meals; 75 guests; 19 years one management; booklet. 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Block from ferry.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

99TH, 254 WEST—Front room, two windows, well furnished, next bathroom; elevator; private family; gentleman. Apartment 9.

99TH, 254 WEST—Medium sized room, adjoining bath; references. Riverside 6095.

Hands.

99TH, 247 WEST—Furnished rooms, with and without private bath; all improvements. Riverside 6843.

104TH, 146 WEST—Comfortable front room; elevator apartment; business people; reference.

107TH, 220 WEST—Attractive, comfortable, large; refined home; gentlemen; references. Apt. 32.

111TH, ST., 610 WEST—Desirable light room; conveniences. Stern. Tel. Cathedral 2966.

111TH, 505 WEST—Attractive single room; elevator; private family; references. Apt. 31.

113TH, WEST (near B'way)—Sunny; restaurant in house; New Englanders. Cathedral 3644 J.

112TH, 72 WEST—Large, well heated, bath adjoining; private house. Schuyler 4095.

112TH (between 7th and 8th Ave.)—Delightful large double front room, beautifully furnished. Telephone Cathedral 6138.

125TH ST., 610 WEST—Room, $10; student, business woman. Apt. 63A.

118TH, 606 WEST—Sunny suite, or single; Morningside section; elevator; Apt. 32.

119TH (near Riverside)—Double and single rooms, private family. Morningside 8404.

116TH, 310 WEST—HOTEL CECIL.
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; A HOME-LIKE HOTEL SERVICE.

123D, 513 WEST—Suite of two sunny, southern rooms, front; very desirable; ladies. Telephone Morningside 5540, evenings.

123D, 515 WEST—Large rooms, two beds, adjoining bath, elevator, shower. Nichols.

123D, 509 WEST—Very large beautiful double room (rear), bath; private family. 814.

124TH, 457 WEST (Broadway)—Sunny rooms, single, en suite; kitchen privileges; piano, elevator, telephone; $9, $20. Apt. 42.

125TH, 634 WEST (Apt. 43)—Neat single and double room; reasonable rate.

126TH, 607 WEST—Clean, sunny room for gentleman; private family; $7. Thomas.

126TH, 530 WEST (Apt. 43)—Brand-new furniture; well heated; near subway.

126T (near Broadway), 87 Hamilton Place, Apt. 2B—Nice room; gentlemen.

126D, 526 WEST—Two rooms, private bath, dressing room; electricity; private family.

126TH, 540 WEST — Beautifully furnished front room, 8 windows, electric light, heat; centrally located; subway, "L"; business people.

128TH, 644 WEST—Furnished room; improvements; suitable one-two gentlemen. Silbert.

129TH, 611 WEST—Very comfortably furnished rooms for business men in private, respectable, quiet residence; plenty of air and light; references wanted.

130TH, 136 WEST (Riverside, Near Broadway Station)—Parlor and bedroom for couple or more persons; reasonable.

130TH, 545 WEST—Beautiful room, twin beds; kitchen privileges; bath. Apt. 64.

AMSTERDAM AV., 2,880—Nicely furnished heated room, bath, telephone, electricity, elevator.

BROADWAY (Near 96th St. Subway)—Attractive, sunny single rooms and suites, in elevator apartment; newly furnished to suit. Phone appointment, Jackson, Schuyler 1561, between 2 and 4 P. M., or after 8 evenings.

BROADWAY, 3,844 (161th)—Large, outside, sunny room; bachelor quarters; all improvements. Mayer.

CLAREMONT AV., 150 (Apt. 65)—Attractive rooms; heat, phone; private family; reasonable.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 84 (181st)—Attractive, large outside room; homelike. Apt. 62.

HOTEL ABERDEEN—Rooms with private bath; telephone in rooms; modern hotel service; fireproof; $17.50 weekly. 23d St., bet. 5th Av. and Broadway. Fenno, 1600.

IRVING PLACE, 26—Charmingly furnished room, superior private house; centrally located; references.

LARGE, warm, outside room; private house; American family; all conveniences; continuous hot water; $10. 264 St. Nicholas Av.

LARGE, light room; private family; Washington Heights. Write J. M., 3,332 B'way.

MANHATTAN AV., 272 (Apt. 54)—Pleasant room; elevator; improvements. Phone Cathedral 8362.

PRIVATE Christian family desire to rent large room, bath, every convenience, to gentleman; references required. Phone Riverside 4785.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Christian widow will share elegantly furnished six-room apartment with refined lady; references. Phone Morningside 6630.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 251—Artistic rooms, overlooking Hudson; suitable house, studio; every convenience.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Superb room for refined people; magnificent fireproof elevator apartment. Tel. Schuyler 244 from 10-4.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (319 W. 107th)—Elegant large room, running water, connecting bath; high class residence.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (94th)—River view; large, smaller; connecting bath; private family. Phone 9043.

RIVERSIDE, 183 (87th)—Beautiful room, dressing room; modern bath; kitchenette privilege.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583—Well furnished room; business woman; private family. Apt. 23.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 280 (95th)—Large room overlooking Hudson; private family. Apt. 52.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 321 (Apt. 56)—Neatly furnished room; elevator apartment; references.

VOCAL STUDENT wishes part time use of piano in home or lady's studio. D. Wilson, 119 East 26th St.

WEST END AV., 770—Attractively furnished parlor floor; suitable doctor or studio.

Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD—Bedroom; latest improvements; private family; references required. Phone Tremont 2390.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 1,040 — Room with kitchen privilege; young lady. Telephone 3248 Jerome.

WEST END AV., 732 (95th St.)—Comfortable room, suitable two; also suite; table guests; French spoken; references.

BOARD WANTED.

GENTLEMAN wants room with board, with strictly American family, of refinement, in apartment with elevator; electric light, telephone service; location within fifteen minutes of Grand Central Palace. State in reply terms, giving telephone number. Terms should be reasonable, as I will be out of city at least one-third of the month; references exchanged. L 710 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN, wife, and son aged 7 desire board with refined private family, preferably in Westchester Co., within easy commuting distance Grand Central Station, near school and station; permanent. S 1040 Times Annex.

GENTLEMAN desires room and board with homelike surroundings in private family; no further up than 94th St. Write P. A., 520 Presbyterian Bldg.

ROOM and board for two children, preferably suburbs; state terms and full particulars; references. Mrs. Gomez, 9 D, 601 West 156th St.

GENTLEMAN, Catholic, wishes room and board, New York or vicinity; references exchanged; state price. L 700 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS WOMAN would like board with refined American family uptown. Answer by letter, M. Louhlin, 50 West 130th.

GENTLEMAN desires room and board in good neighborhood, south of 96th St.; give full particulars. R 123 Times.

REFINED young Japanese gentleman wants room, with or without board, near Columbia University; reasonable. C 116 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

GREENWICH INN LODGE (Sound Beach, Conn.)—Sunny steam heated rooms, with or without baths; excellent menu; 80 minutes from New York; golf, saddle horses, fishing; reasonable rates.

TO desirable couple, suite, bath, garage, housekeeping or board; no other guests; accessible. Phone Rockville Centre 590.

NERVOUS AND MENTAL CONDITIONS. LYNWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

SINGLE gentleman, engaged literary work, wishes accommodation quiet, refined country home, private family; Westchester County preferred; willing to pay right kind accommodation; garage space required. Y 2413 Times.

ROOMS WANTED

Furnished.

BACHELOR desires room, upper west side, with small family, private bath or running water; permanent; references; state terms. D 271 Times.

QUIET bachelor wants one or two furnished rooms, with private bath and electricity; must be in good neighborhood and reasonable rent. K 321 Times.

BUSINESS MAN, single, refined; modern conveniences, American private family; reference; reply full particulars. L 706 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN student desires sunny room, kitchen privileges, or share apartment with congenial girl under 30. K 357 Times.

LARGE, sunny room, with bath, near "L" or subway; man and wife; state rate. L 694 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN desires furnished room in small apartment; no other roomers. D 276 Times.

147TH ST., 413 WEST—Rooms, well furnished, all modern conveniences, residential section.

NURSE, room, kitchen privileges, telephone, subway; west side; $7. D 240 Times.

Unfurnished.

AT ONCE, room or office, preferably with suitable studio and living; private entrance; reasonable. K 326 Tim s.

YOUNG COUPLE, Christian, wish 3 unfurnished rooms. C 135 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BILLING CLERK—Young lady wishes position. Sheldon, 219 West 20th, care Cox.

BOOKKEEPER—Beginner, Hebrew: I write a good hand, am quick and accurate and have been drilled in the most modern methods of accounting; satisfactory references concerning character and ability; will start at $18. Miss X., 56 West 122d St., phone Harlem 518.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced, trial balance, controlling accounts; knows cards (rush), typewriting; $14. Accurate, accurate, good penman; college education; references; reasonable. L 701 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, 5½ years' experience, seeks responsible position; excellent references; $35. L 689 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, accountancy student, knowledge controlling accounts, trial balances, financial statement; $16. K 329 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, cost accountant, knowledge stenography and typewriting, capable office manager; eight years 'experience; $35. A 783 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, competent double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance; 5 years' experience; references. A 1089 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, experienced, controlling accounts, trial balance; executive ability. D 248 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. V 740 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thorough knowledge; has taken full charge of large office; also stenography. D 190 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, 4½ years' experience, operates Underwood bookkeeping machine, wishes position. C 126 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, knowledge accountancy, controlling accounts, trial balances, etc. Auslander, 31 West 110th.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, 4 years' experience, high school graduate, knowledge of stenography; salary $30. C 126 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 7 years' thorough experience, competent; best references. A 904 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, 8 years' experience; thoroughly competent; $30. A 781 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 3 years' experience; salary $25; dress line experience. K 334 Times.

CLERK, cost and typist, thoroughly experienced in figuring costs, quick, accurate at figures; best references. C 129 Times.

COLLEGE WOMAN, knowledge languages, office and teaching experience, available part-time work. D 285 Times.

COMPANION—Widow wishes position as companion to middle-aged or elderly woman; good reader, intelligent shopper and accustomed to traveling; excellent references. Y 2423 Times Annex.

COMPANION, SEAMSTRESS, to lady going South; moderate salary. Grey, 341 West 23d St.

COMPANION to lady, secretary, by graduate nurse. D 293 Times.

COOK, good, reliable; reference. Call or write 167 East 64th St.

DOMESTIC HELPER, Japanese girl; duty morning and evening. Take, 106 West 46th. Bryant 926.

DRESSMAKER, expert, fancy tailored gowns, coats, capes, desires engagements by day; private family. Telephone 1908 Riverside.

DRESSMAKER—Smart gowns, chic remodeling; $3 day; expert fitter. Phone Lenox 7284.

DRESSMAKER, high class, expert designer, out by day; reasonable. J 341 Times.

GOVERNESS, nursery, mother's helper (39), experienced far above average; strict disciplinarian, assist household; $30-$70. C 135 Times.

GOVERNESS, refined, educated young woman, will go South or travel and care children; references exchanged. D 286 Times.

GUIDE-COMPANION—American lady, having lived years in Europe and Near East, would take position as guide-companion for ex-pupils to congenial lady wishing to spend Winter abroad. S. Howes, 93 Broadway.

HOUSEKEEPER—American Protestant woman would like position as housekeeper where girl of 20 going to business can board with her; no objection to children or out-of-town. Ellsworth, 3,617 Glenwood Road, Flatbush, Brooklyn, N. Y.

HOUSEKEEPER, practical nurse, companion, middle-aged, gentlewoman, highest references, wishes position with semi-invalid; take entire care of home for 2 or 3; absolutely no laundry of any sort. Box L. D., 10 Union Square.

HOUSEKEEPER, practical, working, respectable and refined woman, excellent cook, fond of children, capable of assuming full charge of home, position of trust wanted. Phone Morningside 4038, or K 119 Times.

HOUSEMAID — Southern lady, leaving her house, would like good place for her colored maid as housemaid to assist in fine ironing and mending; no washing, no cooking; good wages; best references. C 142 Times.

HOUSEWORKER, colored, wishes work with business lady; sleep in; reference; good cook. Audubon 1580, Apt. 64.

HOUSEWORKER, Irish girl, lately landed; private home preferred. Write Box 19, 1,983 3d Av.

HOUSEWORKER, colored woman wishes position. Call, care Hunt, 167 West 140th St.

LADY would like the entire charge of a motherless child or a small group of orphans. D 282 Times.

LAUNDRY—All-day work wanted by colored woman, take home. Call three days, Hallis, 305 West 138th St., basement.

NURSE, practical; adult or child; references; answer all week. Write L. G. Rose, 700 West 180th St.

SEAMSTRESS, French, wishes position by day; references. Margot Hayward, 603 West 134 St., New York.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, competent, rapid stenographer, 10 years' good sound business experience; can take complete charge; capable office manager, initiative, taste, executive ability; highest credentials; Christian; salary $35. Phone Tremont 1672.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, age 22, thoroughly experienced, neat and accurate; $22. Phone South 7378-W. A 709 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, college graduate; absolutely accurate and dependable; executive, advertising experience. L 718 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, nurse, companion to lady desires position with party contemplating taking a trip; capable nurse, experienced secretary. K 348 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, six years' commercial experience, entailing thorough knowledge of all office detail work. A 778 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, PRIVATE OR SOCIAL; 23; HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; $35. A. SVIGALS, 202 LENOX AV.

SECRETARY, stenographer, competent, desires responsible position; highest credentials; nine years' experience. D 111 Times.

SECRETARY, above average in ability, excellent stenographer, intelligent correspondent, college graduate; $25-$30. J 343 Times.

SECRETARIAL STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, mature; downtown; small concern. A 771 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER — Beginner, graduate of stenographic department and model office of Eastman School; one trial will demonstrate my ability and willingness to work; good references; will start at $18. Miss D., 56 West 122d St., phone Harlem 518.

STENOGRAPHER, Protestant, American, 20, high school graduate, knowledge of Spanish, neat, accurate, competent, desires position, moderate salary; best references from former employers. Phone Beekman 4684.

STENOGRAPHER — Experienced public stenographer, secretary and correspondent desires responsible position immediately. Mrs. Jennie A. Hutton, 363 Edgecombe Av.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, Christian; 7 years' experience, law and commercial. Tel. South 5814. M., 195 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, an assistant in every sense, educated, experienced, efficient, enthusiastic; $20-$25. B., 827 East 3d St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 15 years in publishing line, Christian, desires position with reliable concern; salary $35. E 117 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced, educated, ambitious. A 969 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, neat and capable; excellent references; $25. A 965 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced, Christian, legal work preferred; $35. L 690 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' experience, high school graduate; competent; $25. Tel. Prospect 10202.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years commercial and patent law; trustworthy. A 786 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, SWITCHBOARD, CAPABLE, INSURANCE EXPERIENCE. A 961 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, two years' experience, accurate, reliable; $18. Box 1, 301 East 79th St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. Christian; 5 years' experience; references; $35. A 968 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience; references; salary $20. V 823 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping, capable assuming executive duties, correspondent. L 718 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, complete knowledge office routine, capable taking charge of office; $30. A 727 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, experienced, high school graduate, efficient; $25. A 763 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, high school graduate, capable, excellent references, desires position; moderate salary. K 335 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, experienced office detail, handling correspondence without dictation. D 290 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, private secretary, high school graduate; 3 years' experience; best references; security experience. J 348 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, one year's experience, switchboard operator; reference; $16. 706 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, familiar office details, 5 years' experience; $25. A 776 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, good education; personality refined; intelligent. A 779 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, beginner; good speller; accurate. B., 202 West 116th St. University 6950.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper, experienced, accurate at figures; references. N 211 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER — Competent; two years' experience; reference; $25. 976 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, efficient, high school graduate; 4½ years' experience; $25. K 351 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, two years' experience; accurate, willing; references; $12. L 704 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience; office assistant; references; $20. L 706 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, French, English, experienced, conscientious; excellent references. J 345 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, two years' experience, ability. L 712 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 17, intelligent beginner, 2 years' high school. Telephone Lenox 7167.

STUDENT, desiring home, would render either secretarial or domestic services for same. Box 1005 Times, 3 Rector St.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, 4 years' experience; office assistant; $17. A 767 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, two years' experience; office assistant; $17. A 767 Times Downtown.

TEACHER—Young lady seeks position, French and German, experience. E 56 Times.

TEACHER of interpretative and folk dancing wants position. Write W 104 Times.

TYPIST, office assistant; three years' experience; references; $18. L 699 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, rapid stenographer, three years' experience, desires position. B 1225 Times Bronx.

TYPIST, general office work; five years' experience. T. D., 117 Times.

YOUNG GIRL, refined South American, wants position in doctor's office; had two years' experience as assistant to South American doctor. Reply, 58 West 68th St. Rodrigues.

YOUNG LADY of college education, with valuable experience as financial and social secretary and household manager of wealthy home, desires position of trust and responsibility, preferably as confidential manager of a wealthy private house; is well travelled and understands the business thereto; understands investments, banking, &c.; has excellent references and desires position of confidence and large responsibility. Y 2436 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY, stenographer, capable, efficient, initiative, experienced handling volume of detail, seeks interesting position. Marc, 1,806 Hoe Av.

YOUNG LADY, several years' experience office routine, one year's dictaphone experience; refined Christian. Nelson, 67 West 123d St.

YOUNG LADY desires position switchboard or comptometer; six years' experience; references A1. Box 468, 1,183 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY, excellent education, hard worker, executive ability, three years' publishing experience; would leave city. K 341 Times.

YOUNG LADY, refined, experienced cashier, wishes position at anything. K. M., care Mrs. F. Poe, 581 West 183d St., New York.

YOUNG LADY, bill clerk, assistant bookkeeper; salary $23. A 798 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY—Any kind office work; experienced; references. S., 409 3d Av.

YOUNG WOMAN, 20, three years' experience in notions; references. B 116 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, EXECUTIVE.
Office manager, auditor, cost accountant, public accountant; experience, expert organizer, systematizer, constructive calibre of mind, 25 years' experience, open permanent engagement in executive capacity with manufacturing or commercial corporation; salary $4,000; available proper notice. Jersey Commuter, 463 West 30th St., New York.

ACCOUNTANT, PUBLIC EXPERT.
Books opened, closed, audited, tax reports, arrangements with firms without bookkeepers; reasonable charge; references.

JAROW, 40 E. 12th. STUYVESANT 119.

ACCOUNTANTS - Systematisers — Books opened, closed, audited; financial statements, income tax reports; arrangements for firms without bookkeepers. The Stim Co., 39 Cortlandt St. Rector 4678.

ACCOUNTANT—Books systematised, closed, audited; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; tax specialist; reasonable. Stevens, 149 Hudson Terminal Building. Telephone Cortlandt 1378.

ACCOUNTANT—Books audited, closed, systematised, tax reports, arrangements firms without bookkeepers. 37 Park Row, Room 901A, 39 Broadway. Telephone 1363 Whitehall.

ACCOUNTANCY STUDENT, 22, 5 years' audit department experience, desires connection public accountant. A 770 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, credit man, highly educated, experienced, initiative, executive, selling ability, desires permanent connection. A 769 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, audited, systems, tax reports, arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly up. Goldwater, 299 Broadway. Worth 5085.

ACCOUNTANT, 26, six years' experience, passed N. Y. C. P. A. examinations, seeks part or full connection with C. P. A. firm. A 994 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, third year New York University, desires connection certified accountants; available immediately. 709 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, five years' experience, desires employment two or three days weekly; please state terms. D 282 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, four years' experience with firm of public auditors or a responsible position with a manufacturing concern. Nester, 178 E. 102d.

ACCOUNTANT, certified, several days week open, desires connection with firm of accountants. E 1222 Times Bronx.

ACCOUNTANT, student, 21, experienced desires position with accountant. K 330 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, credit, office man (25), now similarly employed; university training; seek change. A 1086 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANTS—Arrangements firms without bookkeepers; books opened and closed, statements prepared. J 349 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, desires connection with certified accountant. A 982 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, public experience; audits, income tax; well educated; references. J 344 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, one year's experience with certified public accountant. C 128 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, desires connection with certified firm; tax knowledge. A 780 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, senior Pace student, seeks accounting firm connection. A 957 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, closed, audits, tax statements. Cooper, 1 Broadway. Bowling Green 8355.

ACCOUNTANT—Monthly audits, systems installed, tax reports. Robinson, 128 Broadway. Rector 4275.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, 15 years' experience; Christian. A 960 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, American, wide experience, available immediately; unquestionable credentials. K 336 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, certified experience, university senior; audits without supervision. D 217 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 26, college graduate, C. P. A. experience, tax knowledge, desires connection certified firm. J 359 Times.

ACCOUNTANT (certified), tax specialist; books opened, closed, audited; very reasonable. Franklin 2644.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, desires position with C. P. A. J 363 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, desires position Sundays and evenings. C 141 Times.

ADVERTISING, young man, 4 years' practical experience, thorough knowledge mechanical details, seeks connection, agency or advertising department offering bright future. A 1087 Times Harlem.

ADVERTISING, publicity organizer, director of many aggressive national campaigns. J 352 Times.

ASSISTANT to executive, capable American, 4 years' practical office training, sales experience; can be really useful to busy executive; sensible talker with personality; knowledge typewriting, correspondent, speak fluent Spanish; will consider anything with future; salary secondary to opportunity; highest credentials. C 140 Times.

ASSISTANT MANAGER
import, export concern, college graduate, thoroughly familiar with exporters and foreign markets, business experience in America and abroad, highest references, desires position; available Jan. 1. A 735 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT—Young man, 28, New York University training, wants position as assistant in credit department; experienced bookkeeper, correspondent, office manager; moderate compensation. K 324 Times.

BINDERY FOREMAN, 25 years' experience; best references. C 382 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and credit man, 27, married, thoroughly experienced all office details, looking for connection with progressive concern; highest credentials. Hirschhorn, 148 Floyd St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, typist, knowledge Spanish, graduate Commercial High School, desires position where advancement will be based on merit; $25; best references. E 125 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT (23), 5 years' commercial experience, controls, payrolls, statements, capable manage office; moderate salary. J 361 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager; young man, thoroughly efficient; correspondent, systematizer; entire charge; excellent credentials. K 320 Times.

BOOKKEEPERS.
Seven years' practical experience; capable handling complete set books; also supervising office. A 998 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, unusual ability, education, integrity, general office training, correspondence; references; moderate salary. K 296 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, competent, full set; trial balance, statements, controlling accounts; 7 years' experience; references. Phone Lafayette 8880W.

BOOKKEEPER (26), executive experience; handle credits, correspondence, &c.; capable office man; credentials; $35. J 360 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 27, experienced, desires position; capable taking full charge. J 364 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Christian, 33; thorough acquaintance all office details; experienced in taking charge. Y 2448 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER—Office man, age 30, married, competent; good knowledge general office routine. L 713 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT, EXPERIENCED; MODERATE SALARY. D 206 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 32, thorough business training backed by 5 years' experience; to take full charge. K 333 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, trial balance; stenographer; accountancy student. 927 East 169th.

BOOKKEEPER, clerk, 26, conscientious, wishes position with advancement. A 765 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced accountancy student, desires position with opportunities. C 117 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ten years' experience, knowledge stenography, typewriting, desires position. D 238 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. B 923 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, college education, renders financial statements; complete charge. D 119 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 28, accountant, experienced, competent, good correspondent; reference. C 380 Times.

BUTLER, Japanese, first class, do cooking, five years' experience; one family; best references. George Ko, 224 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR, expert mechanic, 9 years' experience high-class cars, desires position with private family; 5 years last employer; best references; neat appearance; all repairs. Spencer, 15 West 108th. 2304 Academy.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, neat and clean, willing, obliging, first class mechanic; 2½ years' experience; age 40; can give all personal references; city or country; handy around gentleman's home; available Dec. 30. King, 234 West 137th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, thoroughly experienced, desires position touring South; experienced on motorboats; 13 years' references last position; would consider going anywhere; reasonable salary. Hanigan, 125 Bonner Av., Astoria. Astoria 321.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 15 years' experience, desires position private family or commercial car; Ford or other; best references. Call 1,117 Av. A.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, fifteen years' experience high-grade cars, wishes private position; best appearance, highest references. D 267 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 8 years' experience, wishes position, private; any make car; 18 months last employer; references. Tony Russo, 147 West 83d. Schuyler 1305.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 9 years' experience, all makes cars, desires position; capable, careful, obliging. Nestor Kunst, 530 West 136th St. Morningside 5200.

CHAUFFEUR, American, single, expert mechanic, 12 years' experience on foreign and domestic cars; first-class references. R. N. Blake, 242 West 58th St., City.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, young man, married, eight years' experience all makes; best references; desires position private family. Dempster. Audubon 8504.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic; Locomobile, Pierce, Packard expert, position, go anywhere. Hills. 2990 Schuyler.

CHAUFFEUR, Scotch, single, desires position, private; good mechanic; 6 years last position; best references. D 285 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced salesman; cover any territory; best of references. J 343 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, married, wishes position, private; careful driver; A1 reference. Miller, 2,147 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR—Nine years' experience; any make car; good references; city, country. Emmett, 110 East 69th.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 28, 12 years' experience, 8 years last position, Rooney, 713 Amsterdam Av. Windsor 07363.

CHAUFFEUR, married, wishes steady position, private or commercial; references. Adair. Morningside 4960.

CHAUFFEUR—Gentleman discontinuing automobile recommends exceptionally trustworthy chauffeur. Hendricks, 443 W. 57th.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, careful driver, married; on account of death in family where he was employed 7 years. Plaza 7635.

CLERK—College graduate, 27, employed during day, desires position evenings; available after 6 P. M.; highest recommendation. L 601 Times Downtown.

CLERK, shipping and receiving, 32, married, 10 years' experience, good marker; A1 references. Nicoletti, 46 Prospect St., Brooklyn.

COMPANION—Gentleman wishes position as companion to gentleman; willing to travel; 27 years old; best of references. O. Y. N. Robertson, 846 West 30th St., City.

COMPANION to men, traveled extensively North and South; available. J 354 Times.

CORRESPONDENT, collections, claims, credits; experienced; capable of handling questionable references; energetic young man; college education. D 265 Times.

CUSTOMERS' MAN wants to establish connection for his clientele. C 134 Times.

DESIGNER, structural, technical graduate, 9 years' experience, design and execute, timber structures, including industrial plants, power houses; competent to take charge of work, wishes position with reputable industrial or engineering corporation. A 750 Times Downtown.

DRAFTING, QUANTITY, ESTIMATES, maps, tracings, lettering, contract and construction drawings, civil, mechanical, building; no large or too small; speed, accuracy; competent man. V 837 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, several years' experience. S. Fazio, 36 St. Mark's Place, Manhattan.

DRAFTSMAN and machine designer desires additional work; 20 years' experience. Edward D. Roberts, 48 East 41st St.

EDITOR (Technical)—Can make magazine a power. L 714 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, high-grade, now controller of well-known industrial organization with large number of plants abroad, wishes to connect with institution requiring executive for energetic leadership on general lines, and one capable of co-ordinating production program with expenditure and expense budget; advertiser has successful record along similar lines of endeavor, and particularly in administering affairs during financial depression; minimum salary desired $15,000 per annum. Y 2415 Times Annex.

EXECUTIVE-MANAGER, Christian, married, 39 years of age, competent to take complete charge and supervise large office forces; familiar with all modern systems and appliances; thorough knowledge of bookkeeping, collecting, handling credits, billing and statistical work; highest credentials as to ability and bonds. A 762 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE ORGANIZER,
keen trader, will improve and create business in the domestic and foreign fields; college man, linguist; 12 years' experience; record of achievements, efficiency, energy; fine appearance; go anywhere. Box 1,631 24 Av.

EXECUTIVE'S ASSISTANT—Man, 27 years old, nine years' general business experience including coats, manufacturing, sales and purchasing, analytical mind, wants permanent connection with future. E 106 Times.

EXECUTIVE'S ASSISTANT, three years' practical experience, agreeable, well-bred, former college man, excellent references, seeks opening with future; salary secondary to opportunity. E 109 Times.

EXECUTIVE'S ASSISTANT, experienced meeting business men, detail, office management, wants to assist busy man. K 342 Times.

EXPORT MAN, highly educated, wide experience, executive ability, will connect with bank or export house. J 762 Times Downtown.

FARMER — Single, 30 years' experience, wishes position as manager of farm, or full charge of pure bred herd; understands care of cows, calves, horses, machinery, tractors, &c.; highest references; available Jan. 1. Address care William Oliver, Springfield Gardens, Springfield, Long Island, New York.

FINISHER, Gordon, A1; age 32; keep books to fill in time or after hours; $35-$40. D 276 Times.

FOOD PRODUCTS.
Executive, 30, 10 years experience manufacturing, packing table luxuries, source supply, purchase, sales, systematizer. A 971 Times Downtown.

JOB PRESSMAN wants permanent position with future. L 693 Times Downtown.

MAN, 22, capable managing office work, correspondence, advertising, buying, selling ability, supervise salesroom, stock, shipping and receiving departments, seeks worthy connections. C 139 Times.

MAN, automobile, desires position early mornings until noon. L 696 Times Downtown.

MAN wants position to take care of invalid gentleman; 20 years last place; handy. D 282 Times.

MAN, 28, married, seeks position produce, business office or outside. L 692 Times Downtown.

MAN, 36, wishes position; 10 years with last employer managing grocery store. George Brennan, 1,128 40th St., Brooklyn.

MAN, originator and developer of new and useful articles, desires connection with rubber company. A 786 Times Downtown.

MAN, 35, good education, knowledge salesmanship, clerical work, desires an outdoor position of similar nature. O 122 Times.

MANAGER, charge curtain factory, desires change; reliable, competent; thoroughly experienced. Harlem 9079, 6-8 evenings.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER desires connection as general manager, works manager, sales manager; fully experienced. Y 2449 Times Annex.

MESSENGER OR ATTENDANT for bank or similar institution; accustomed to responsibility; first-class references. Grants, 74 West 124th.

OFFICE MAN, technical college graduate, two years purchasing machinery for large corporation, good correspondent, knowledge of office routine and bookkeeping; can furnish references as to character and ability. E 79 Times.

PHOTOGRAPHER—Aerial photographer, still camera work, desires connection. L 707 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, Christian, 33, $10,000 type; managerial and executive experience; can successfully negotiate and close large transactions; six years with commercial and Industrial corporation; references and bond. J 357 Times.

SALESMAN—Representative lines for the city of Chicago for jobbers, cutting-up and retail trade by salesman well acquainted with the territory; on straight commission only. A. L. Brothers, 3,024 Blaine Place, Chicago, Ill.

SALESMAN with following among

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates.

Count 10 words to an Agate line. For Agate Minimum space two lines.) Line.
Situations Wanted and Nurses' Wanted..... 40c
Teachers and Board Wanted..... 40c
Help Wanted..... $1
Lost and Found (Sunday Only)..... $1
Apartments to Let and Wanted..... 60c
Country Board..... 60c
Country Board Wanted..... 40c
For Sale..... 60c
For Sale—Second-hand..... 40c
Articles Wanted..... 40c
Business Opportunities..... 60c
Employment Agencies..... 75c

Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c).. 15c
Wants and Offerings to Buyers... 15c
For insertion in the Sunday edition, advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and resorts must be received by The Times before 5 o'clock noon Saturday.
Real Estate and Financial display advertisements on Sunday.
Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. Other classified advertisements not later than 12 o'clock noon Saturday.
Advertisements for insertion in the daily issue must be received by 6 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

HELP WANTED—Female.

YOUNG LADY wanted as subscription solicitor. See Mr. Rubin, The Jewish Tribune, 141 West 23d St., at 10 o'clock.

YOUNG LADY in dental office; reference required. W 101 Times.

YOUNG LADY office assistant. Room 1023, 15 West 42d St.

YOUNG WOMEN—Sell hosiery direct to consumer from maker; earn $25 to $50 weekly; control season; no spare time. Bristol Hosiery Mills, 300 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMEN to train for nurses; small wage and maintenance furnished; also $10 a month. Apply in person, Hospital, 2,076 5th Av.

Instruction.

DON'T BE A "JOB-HUNTER." With our school back of you positions are always available. Over 5,000 graduates holding positions in which we have placed them after a brief course of instruction. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses. Call for particulars or send for catalog.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
1170 Broadway, at 28th St.
Phone Madison Square 6097.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
342-344 5th Av. (45th St.)o
The oldest and pre-eminently the most successful; prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions. Write for Catalogue 9.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN—Big demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

MORE POSITIONS open for Marinelle graduates than can be filled; learn the Marinelle method of beauty culture. Call or write, Marinelle, 586 5th Av., 4th Floor.

$20-$75 WEEK through Prof. Rohrer's Hairdress, Manicure, Face, Electric, Scalp and Beauty School. 119 West 42d St. Pamphlet.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, Inc.
W. J. SWIFT, Pres.
C. P. HASSON, Sec'y. J. J. McLAUGHLIN, Treas. and Gen'l Mgr.
U. S. Realty Bldg.,
115 BROADWAY.
We list herewith a few of our many openings.

(1)—Law Stenographer, downtown.....$35.00
(1) Stenographer, French-English dictation .....$25-$30
(1) Bookkeeper, clerical work, religious school in New Jersey.....$75 mo. and home.
(6) Stenographer, high school graduate; insurance $25
(1) Underwood Bookkeeping Machine Operator.....$90-$100 mo.
(1) Information Clerk, college graduate, 25-30 years.....$25
(8) Experienced Stenographers.....$17-$18
(20) Experienced Typists...$16-$18
(13) Experienced Clerks....$15-$19

NO ADVANCE CHARGE.

HAMILTON EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
6 CHURCH ST.
One block west of Broadway.
STENO., Italian-English, lunch, bonus and $25 month.
STENO., advertising experience; $120.
STENO., for purchasing dept.; $110 month.
STENO., assist general manager; $25.
STENOS., 10 other openings; $18-$30.
TYPISTS (2), neat, refined, girls; $20.
TYPISTS, Bill clerk; $18-$20.
TYPIST-BKPR., experienced; $25.
DICTAPHONE OPERATORS (2), $75-$100.
CLERKS (2), uptown; $18.
CLERK, $18; MESS., $12.
CLERKS, beginners; $12-$16.
FILE CLERK, experienced, downtown; $18.
NO REGISTRATION CHARGE.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY.
1 BEEKMAN ST., 34 PARK ROW
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENO.-SEC'Y, copper corporation; prefer woman over 30; $23.
STENO., detail clerk (paper concern); $25; downtown, hours 9-5; opportunity.
STENOS. (3), law positions; $25.
STENO., insurance; $20; downtown.
STENO., assistant; $20; downtown.
STENO., uptown position; $18; bright beginner considered.
STENO., position Richmond Hill; $25; numerous openings; $18.
TYPIST, biller, automobile concern; $23.
TYPISTS, numerous; $15.
COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, J. C.; $20.
BOROUGHS OPERATOR, $20.
TELEPHONE OPERATORS, $15-$18.
OFFICE ASSISTANT, $16.
BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, $35.

J. H. HARLY,
220 West 42d St.
STENOGRAPHER AND CONFIDENTIAL CLERK in private office; good personality $25
STENOGRAPHER (intelligent, refined)...$25
STENOGRAPHER (1 to 3 years' experience) .....$20-$22
TYPISTS (good type and accurate).....$20
CLERKS (good education, refinement)....$19
Uptown, Chatham firms. Highest wages.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY.
1 BEEKMAN ST., 34 PARK ROW
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENO.-SEC'Y, copper corporation; prefer woman over 30; $23.
STENO., detail clerk (paper concern); $25; downtown, hours 9-5; opportunity.
STENOS. (3), law positions; $25.
STENO., insurance; $20; downtown.
STENO., assistant; $20; downtown.
STENO., uptown position; $18; bright beginner considered.
STENO., position Richmond Hill; $25; numerous openings; $18.
TYPIST, biller, automobile concern; $23.
TYPISTS, numerous; $15.
COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, J. C.; $20.
BOROUGHS OPERATOR, $20.
TELEPHONE OPERATORS, $15-$18.
OFFICE ASSISTANT, $16.
BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, $35.

J. H. HARLY,
220 West 42d St.
STENOGRAPHER AND CONFIDENTIAL CLERK in private office; good personality $25
STENOGRAPHER (intelligent, refined)...$25
STENOGRAPHER (1 to 3 years' experience) .....$20-$22
TYPISTS (good type and accurate).....$20
CLERKS (good education, refinement)....$19
Uptown, Chatham firms. Highest wages.

BLANCHE REID EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
154 Nassau St., Beekman 3358. Desirable positions available today and tomorrow for first-class stenographers, brokerage and insurance; stenotypists, assistant bookkeeper to Telephone, $18 typists, 8 clerks (beginners considered), stencil typists; also stenographers, extra, typists living near Newark. Call at once. Free registration.

SPEAR & TREAR.
Employment Specialists, 42 Broadway.
Statistician, college grad., banking expr.; $40; Statistician, brokerage expr., $35-$40; Spanish translator, banking correspondence expr., $40; Stenos., law, $25; Stenos., $25; Bond and relief switchboard, $25; Typists, $23-$24; Typists, $20. Other openings. Registration free.

Est. 1897.
GARAGAN AGENCY, 238 Broadway.
F. M. I. King, Mgr.
Stenographers, mining, $30; export, $30-$35; various commercial, $18-$25; beginners, $15; legal, $27. Also bookkeepers, typists, switchboard operators, office assistants; good salaries.
No Advance Fee.

WEAVER EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
874 5TH AV. (47TH).
Clerks, $15-$16; Typists, $18-$20; Stenographer, $23; Secretary, $30; 3 mature women manage branch offices other cities. No registration fee.

REINHARD VOCATIONAL BUREAU, 120 Liberty. Rector 574. Stenographers, legal $25; bank, $23-$30; insurance, $23; typists, $14-$20; billing operator, $25. For Newark: Stenographers, typists, file clerks, dictaphone operators; Christian firms.

EQUITABLE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE,
158-160 West 45th at Times Square
Two hundred young women needed monthly. Stenographers, secretaries, typists, fillers, bookkeepers, general clerks, etc.
Southam Industrial Relations Service, Inc.

SWITCHBOARD EXPERIENCED IN large law office; $23 to $25.
Brown Employment Exchange,
300 Broadway, Room 208.

BRODY AGENCY, 239 Broadway.
Stenographer, brokerage, $40; mercantile, $25; Spanish-English, $30; law, $20; many others. Bookkeepers, typists, switchboard, clerks, &c., $12-$25. Free registration.

MAU AGENCY, 115 Nassau—Bookkeeper-stenographer, open; Secretary-Stenographer, $23; Bookkeepers, Typists, $20; File Clerk, Typist, Switchboard, $18; File Clerks, $16; Clerk, Typist, $15.

SECURITY EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
31 EAST 42D ST.
Clerks, Typists and Stenographers.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.

STENOS. with brokerage, insurance experience; fine, clerical. Registration. Bush Agency, 206 Broadway.

GEORGE W. GREBER, 101 West 42d St.
Bookkeepers—Stenographers—Typists.

HELP WANTED—Female.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN VOCATIONAL EXCHANGE,
1658 BROADWAY, at 52d St.
REGISTRATION FREE.
CONFIDENTIAL SECRETARY (for Protestant organization, college training and ability to report conferences), $40.
1 LEGAL (admiralty experience), $35.
1 LEGAL, $25, good advancement.
1 SECRETARIAL (export, knowledge French or German), $25.
1 SECRETARIAL (Graphite), $25.
3 INSURANCE (automobile claim or fire experience), $23-$25.
2 COMMERCIAL, $20-$22-$25.
TEMPORARY STENOGRAPHERS, $6, $7 day.
10 TYPISTS, $18-$20-$25.
TEMPORARY TYPISTS, $20-$25.
CLERICAL
SEVERAL INSURANCE (Policy, collection, fire experience), $70-$90-$100 month.
HOLLERITH PUNCH OPERATORS, $20-$25.
BEGINNERS (good penmen), $15.
J. K. GOODIN AGENCY,
253 B'way. Stenographers. Typists. Clerks.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY IS OFFERED TO EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANTS WELL VERSED IN TAX MATTERS; MUST BE CAPABLE OF ASSUMING FULL CHARGE OF IMPORTANT TAX AUDITING AND WILLING TO LEAVE TOWN ON LONG ENGAGEMENTS. APPLICATIONS SHOULD BE COMPREHENSIVE AND MADE BY LETTER ONLY.
SEIDMAN & SEIDMAN,
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS,
41 PARK ROW.

ACCOUNTANTS, seniors, wanted by large firm of certified public accountants doing important work; those preferred who have had a large and varied experience with other certified public accountants or with large corporations where they have had to do with the auditing and general accounts of the concern; good salary and permanency for the proper ones; give full particulars as to experience, salary desired, references, &c. A 751 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS—A firm of public accountants desires to increase its permanent staff by the addition of a senior, and can use several juniors for a temporary period; give full particulars in first letter, including education, experience and salary expected. Address Accountants, L 697 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, SENIORS OF PLEASING PERSONALITY AND SEVERAL YEARS' PUBLIC EXPERIENCE; KNOWLEDGE OF TAX WORK DESIRABLE BUT NOT ESSENTIAL; STATE FULL PARTICULARS, INCLUDING SALARY, &C. W 86 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT, competent, familiar with English and Spanish and cost accounting for manufacturing business, to be employed in Mexico; give full particulars. K 340 Times.

ACCOUNTANT wanted, with public accounting experience, for temporary work; position may prove permanent; state full particulars. Y 2435 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, with C. P. A. firm; good appearance, knowledge typewriting, good penman; state salary, experience and references. Y 2 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, temporary position, experienced on architect's accounts preferred; state briefly fullest particulars. V 838 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR.

Thirty per cent commission will be paid to a solicitor acquainted with hotels; big and brand new proposition. Call 10 to 4, Room 200 Annex, 120 Liberty St.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS, commission basis. THE DEBUTANTE MAGAZINE. Apply 1,834 Broadway.

AIR BRUSH operator on posters and fashions. Henry Bloch, Inc., 15 West 38th St.

ARTIST, commercial, who understands reproduction; also air brush work. Henry Bloch, Inc., 15 West 38th St.

BOND, TRADER wanted by well known stock exchange firm; state experience; replies treated confidentially. S 756 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, capable, clean-cut young man, thoroughly experienced, who understands full set, including journal and trial balance, as assistant to accountant of import and export house; must have excellent references and stand thorough investigation as to honesty, character and ability; state age, nationality, religion, experience and salary expected to start. W 83 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT; MUST BE ACQUAINTED WITH EXPORT AND IMPORT WORK. AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR YOUNG MAN BETWEEN 25 AND 30 YEARS OF AGE; STATE FULL QUALIFICATIONS AND SALARY DESIRED. S 749 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER—A nearby New Jersey newspaper wants a young man bookkeeper; experience, preferably with some knowledge of advertising and circulation accounting; must live on Jersey side. Y 2437 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, CAPABLE AND ACCURATE; ONLY THOSE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED, WITH FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES, NEED APPLY; STATE IN DETAIL EXPERIENCE, AGE, SALARY DESIRED, &C. W 90 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, wanted by Stock Exchange firm; must be good penman; state age, experience and expectations. Address M. J. Meyer, Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER (assistant to head accountant), by large export corporation; must be middle-aged man with experience; give full particulars and state lowest salary expected. A 772 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, capable taking charge of double entry set of books, control accounts, trial balances. Apply, stating age, experience, salary desired. Box N, 209 Cable Building.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, take charge of office; permanent position and good prospects for right party; state age, references and salary desired. Box P, 209 Cable Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER and general office man as assistant to office manager; good future, but moderate salary to start; Christian firm. D 289 Times.

BOYS.

Several bright boys for general office work desired by large export corporation; must be energetic and ambitious. Very best possibilities to grow and advance with the firm. E. B., 210 Times Downtown.

BOYS—Large downtown bank requires the services of several boys between the ages of 14 and 18, to act as office boys and messengers. Reply in own handwriting, stating age, education and salary desired. Address M. O., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

BOY, BRIGHT AND ENERGETIC, 17 TO 19, FOR OFFICE WORK. WITH OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. RUMANI-SEABREY CO., 15 UNION SQUARE.

BOY—Bright boy wanted to make himself generally useful in publishing office; position offers good chance of advancement. Apply between 11 and 12 Wednesday or Thursday at 25 City Hall Place, 8th floor.

BOYS, 15-16 years of age, wanted; large downtown office; only those willing to pay strict attention to business need apply. Answer, stating religion and salary. A 686 Times Downtown.

BOYS, 14-17 years, to assist in a prominent law office, be generally useful, bright, ambitious boys; experience not necessary. Apply suite 126, 49 Wall St.

BOY, 17 years of age, in wholesale dry goods commission; reference required. A 785 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted by dress house, to deliver packages and make himself generally useful. Lengel Bros., 16 West 30th.

BOY, office, Christian wholesale house; $15 weekly; good future. K 363 Times.

BUYER — Prominent wholesale dry goods jobbers desire a buyer experienced in buying and selling hosiery and underwear; good opportunity for thoroughly experienced man; give details, how many years' experience, where employed, salary expected, &c.; all correspondence held strictly confidential. "RELIABLE," 653 Times Downtown.

BUYER, experienced in printing, stationery and office supplies; large corporation located near Times Square; state experience and salary desired. T 507 Times.

CHEMIST wanted for laboratory paint and varnish factory. Y 2432 Times Annex.

CLERK, energetic and intelligent, with thorough knowledge of German and typewriting, wanted by downtown import and export house for general office work; address in own handwriting, stating experience and salary desired. L 696 Times Downtown.

CLERK, evening, wanted, male; clerical duties in large hospital; experience not absolutely necessary; state age, reference and church affiliations; hours 5-10 P. M., six weekdays, no Sunday work; salary $50 per month. "Reliable," T 599 Times.

CLERK for a large publishing concern; state age, experience and salary expected. S 1039 Times Annex.

CORRESPONDENT—One who can stand on his own feet, possesses initiative and sales instinct, to assist manufacturer of paper specialties to enlarge field of distribution by mail; this is an important position with a future; only experienced men need submit application, which must contain fullest particulars and salary required to be considered. A. D., 368 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

CREDIT CORRESPONDENT.

We want a man with actual experience in the credit department of a manufacturing or wholesaling concern handling high grade wearing apparel; the highest degree of tact and a command of the very best English essential; essential qualifications; such applicant must be prepared to undergo a rigid examination; permanent position at a good salary with a house of very fine standing; unusual chance offered to such a man; send full particulars regarding age and experience, Box 28, 200 Cable Bldg.

DESIGNER

wanted on shirt looking dresses; one who has the unquestionable right to a good, liberal salary. Apply in confidence, 1,182 Broadway, Room 907.

DESK-MAN—Competent man for news, exchanges, makeup; trade publication; steady day position; write fully, experience, references, also salary. A 742 Times Downtown.

EDITOR for trade weekly; capable executive and business writer; full particulars necessary; state salary. A 975 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICAL TESTERS.

MUST BE PUBLIC SCHOOL GRADUATES, HIGH SCHOOL PREFERRED. CAN OBTAIN PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE ON THOROUGH TRAINING IN A PROMINENT CORPORATION IN THIS CITY.
ACTIVE, NON-CONFINING WORK.
PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT. CALLING FOR VISITS TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY AND OFFERING POSITIVE ADVANCEMENT FOR THOSE WITH A LEANING TOWARD A MECHANICAL OCCUPATION.
DEFINITE COURSE OF PRACTICAL INSTRUCTION AND THEORETICAL COURSES WITH STUDY, TWO EVENINGS PLOYES OF THE COMPANY-ARE ELIGIBLE IN THE COMPANY SCHOOL, ASSURE SOUND TRAINING; SALARY TO START, $18 WEEKLY.

-APPLY BY LETTER TO
MR. E. E. HILL,
104 EAST 32D ST.

ENGINEER and fireman for heating plant in business house; must also run elevator; references required. Apply Wile, 62 8th Av.

FILE CLERK—Young lady who has had experience filing vouchers required by large steamship company; state age and salary expected. V 835 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN and samplemaker wanted, to understand and manage a general line of men's leather goods; salary and bonus or commission on sales; state references and nature of experience; splendid opportunity for the right party. S 759 Times Downtown.

FURNITURE MAN, thoroughly experienced, wanted to take full charge and buy for furniture department in department store located in a Pennsylvania city; one who was employed previously in such capacity and knowing when, where and what to buy. Apply in writing, stating previous experience, reference, &c., Y 2429 Times Annex.

GENTLEMAN wanted, of high social standing, to supervise the organization of a golf and country club at Hattituck, L. I.; the property now being in the course of development; this connection will prove very remunerative to the right party. Reply by letter only to W. B., Room 1101, 33 Nassau St., New York City.

MACHINIST WANTED.

A good all around machinist who can do accurate work, both new and repairs; a man who has had experience in refrigerating work preferred; state age, references, salary expected and experience in full to Box 186, 606 Fitzgerald Bldg.

MAN AND WIFE, white, to care for small country house and family of three; will give whole top floor, board and wages; man must be handy about house and know something about automobile, and woman to cook and do housework; must not have children. Call, write or telephone, Sadler, West Broadway, Woodmere, L. I. Telephone 3304 Woodmere.

MAN, young or middle-aged, wanted, with experience in article of wholesale drug house; must be rapid and accurate; apply in own handwriting, giving reference, experience and salary expected. Y 2411 Times Annex.

MAN TO TAKE COMPLETE CARE OF BUILDING; MUST HAVE FIRST CLASS REFERENCES. APPLY BETWEEN 10 AND 11 A. M. B. WEINSTEIN, 20 WEST 58TH.

MAN, experienced in handling orders and calling charges to entry clerk in manufacturing jewelry house; Christian firm. A 767 Times Downtown.

MANAGER, experienced, for ladies' ready-to-wear store in town of 50,000, near New York. Apply Samuel Lewis, 41 Union Square.

OFFICE ASSISTANT with some knowledge of bookkeeping. Address, stating age, references and salary expected, L 762 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, make himself generally useful; one who understands filing preferred; state age, references and salary. V 822 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, 18 years old, in bulky law office. A 773 Times Downtown.

OPERATOR, Burroughs adding machine, for large corporation in Flatbush; write stating age, salary, &c. S 762 Times Downtown.

PORTER and shipping clerk, wholesale tobacco, experienced preferred; accuracy important. 144 Water St.

PORTER, WHITE, HANDY MAN; HONEST, STEADY; GOOD SALARY. 572 6TH AV.

PURCHASING AGENT'S ASSISTANT—Young man, energetic and reliable, must be stenographer and have preferably purchasing department experience. Reply, stating age, education, experience and salary expected, Y 2434 Times Annex.

RESTAURANT MANAGER, who is looking for profitable connection, has excellent opportunity with chain organization now forming. 49 Liberty St., Room 25.

SALES ENGINEER
WANTED, TO HANDLE OUR LINE OF LIQUID MISASURING DEVICES; A MAN FAMILIAR WITH THE PLANT PROCESSES OF MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS AND OIL REFINERS WILL GIVEN PREFERENCE. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY, GIVING AGE, EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED.
PNEUMATOR COMPANY, INC.,
15 PARK ROW,
NEW YORK.

SALES ENGINEER—LARGE CORPORATION REQUIRES CHEMICALLY SALES ENGINEER TO SELL ACID-PROOF VALVES, PUMPS, &C., IN TERRITORY THAT HAS A WELL-ESTABLISHED TRADE; ATTRACTIVE SALARY TO START AND OPPORTUNITY FOR RAPID ADVANCEMENT. S 763 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN for nationally advertised overall line, high grade, proven sales record, capable of earning $7,000 a year; for a country territory, traveling in your own car; drawing account against commission. Y 2442 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted who is calling on department stores to carry manufacturing jeweler's line of novelties and jewelry on a commission basis as a side line. Write J. G. Kilkenny Co., 95 Fountain St., Providence, R. I.

SALESMEN—WANTED, BY LARGE BOSTON RAINCOAT MANUFACTURING COMPANY, THREE SALESMEN, ON COMMISSION BASIS. FOR PARTICULARS WRITE TO MR. ANDERSON, PENNSYLVANIA HOTEL, CITY.

SALESMAN WANTED CALLING ON JOBBING TRADE TO REPRESENT LIVE KNIT UNDERWEAR MANUFACTURER THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES; COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT. Y 2450 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMAN—A direct factory representative wanted for Staten Island, to handle a nationally advertised electrical appliance; one with car preferred; exceptional opportunity, with compensation on commission basis. Apply 247 Jackson Av., Jersey City.

SALESMAN, experienced hosiery and underwear, acquainted with buyers of department stores, large retailers and resident buyers; city and suburbs; state previous connections; salary and commission. S 753 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, securities, wanted, with ability to sell Dusenberg Automobile and Motors Company, on commission, 9 per cent. preferred stock; exceptional sales record established. Dusenberg Automobile and Motors Company, Inc., 5 Columbus Circle.

SALESMAN, experienced, to handle in New York City and vicinity high-grade line composition lighting fixtures and lamps, on commission; Christian firm; state experience and full particulars. W 76 Times.

SALESMAN, coal, wholesale, having some knowledge of New York and vicinity territory; commission or salary. Apply or write Tuttle-Burger Coal Co., 4108 Woolworth Bldg. Phone Barclay 5488.

SALESMEN—Those calling on department store notion buyers, to carry side line of hair nets; commission. Call or write, stating territory covered, Keystone Hair Net Imp. Corp., 224 West 34th.

SALESMEN, leather goods, who travel all Southern cities, to take extensive line of beaded and fabric bags on commission basis; already established. Write only, Metro, 65 Irving Place.

SALESMEN, to sell complete line of brushes to hospitals, schools, colleges, hotels; only those with experience need apply; give references and experience in first letter; salary or commission. W 96 Times.

SALESMAN with some experience to sell galvanized sheets in N. Y. City; good opportunity to learn business and chance for advancement for hard worker; salary and commission. S 757 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN who has a following in New England States with retailers and jobbers on crochet, embroidery and sewing threads, to represent well known brand as side line; commission basis. W 102 Times.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN,
IF YOU
have learned how to work and have energy and ambition to make a splendid income, but to establish yourself, you are the man we are looking for. Preference given to men with insurance or book selling experience, between the ages of 25 and 40. We are old-established security dealers and handle only the highest grade securities upon which a permanent clientele can be built. We educate you to make good. Good commissions. Several local territories open now in New York open. Call 10 to 4, Suite 1502, 170 Broadway. Ask for Sales Manager.

SALESMEN — HIGH-GRADE MEN ACQUAINTED WITH DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, HOUSEFURNISHINGS AND FURNITURE TRADE FOR FOLLOWING TERRITORIES:
NEW YORK STATE,
PENNSYLVANIA,
NEW ENGLAND STATES.
PROPER MEN EXPERIENCED SELLING OILCLOTH, WINDOW SHADES, FLOOR COVERING, CRETONNES, ETC. COMMISSION AND DRAWING ACCOUNT.
EDWARD KORN CO.,
594 BROADWAY.

SALESMEN.
As industry of national scope would like to hear from salesmen with cutlery experience; this experience is not essential, as men of good address, personality and character who would like to sell will be interviewed by appointment; write, stating references and experience; commission basis. Box 29, Room 301, Annex, 120 Liberty St.

SALESMEN — Wanted, experienced cloak and suit salesmen for department store located about 400 miles west of New York; must be experienced, as well as ambitious, possessing the necessary qualifications to become heads of departments. Apply in writing, stating full particulars, such as previous place of employment, in what capacity, &c., Y 2436 Times Annex.

SALESMAN,
high class, to work on CATHOLIC ENCYCLOPEDIA; leads and strongest co-operation furnished; only those capable of earning $100 or more weekly will be considered; references absolutely essential; salary based on earnings. See Charles R. Corbett, 23 East 41st St.

SALESMAN—Young man with good personality, character, aggressiveness and ability to "close," desired to represent one of the largest and fascinating growing insurance companies of its kind in the country; previous experience in the particular line not necessary; an excellent opportunity for right man; salary adjusted to the man and sales made; correspondence confidential; give full particulars about education, experience, past connections and interview will be arranged. Box T 595 Times.

SALESMEN WANTED.
If you are honest and in good standing in your community, ambitious and want an opportunity to start and grow with a large company, we will consider you and give you an opportunity of handling the territory in this city selling petroleum and its products, lubricating oil, greases, &c.; honesty and integrity more essential than experience; salary and commission. Apply by letter, Box T. R., Room 201, 120 Liberty St., N. Y.

SALESMEN—SWEATERS.
A leading sweater, bathing suit and fancy knit goods manufacturer with established following, desires representative to travel Pennsylvania and Ohio; will only consider experienced men with an established knit wear; can earn five to ten thousand yearly; drawing against commissions; line ready Jan. 1. E 102 Times.

SALESMAN, syndicate cut or advertising solicitor; experience preferred but not necessary; have opening for three salesmen capable of earning $5,000 yearly or better on commission basis; will go business merchants and bankers throughout the country; applicants must be willing to devote entire time and have sufficient funds to finance themselves until orders are verified. Call third floor, 115 West 68th St., New York.

SALESMEN—TWO HIGH-GRADE MEN TO HANDLE WELL-KNOWN LINE OF SWEATERS AND BATHING SUITS; ONE TO COVER NEW YORK, PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO, OTHER NEW JERSEY, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON; ONLY MEN WITH STRONG ESTABLISHED FOLLOWING WILL BE CONSIDERED; DRAWING ACCOUNT AGAINST COMMISSION. YALE KNITTING MILLS, 514 BROADWAY.

SALESMAN.
Security salesman who is looking for chance of lifetime in absolutely new field with tens of thousands live prospects and who can earn $10,000 per annum upwards on commission is offered opportunity to join big corporation; tell what you have done; state when available; exceptional opening. Write G. F. O., Box 172, New York.

SALESMEN TO SELL OLDSMOBILE PASSENGER CARS AND TRUCKS IN QUEENS COUNTY; EXTENSIVE EXPERIENCE IN THE AUTOMOBILE LINE NOT NECESSARY, BUT HONESTY, LOYALTY AND ABILITY ARE ESSENTIAL. COMMISSION BASIS. WALKER BROTHERS MOTOR COMPANY, INC., 436 FULTON ST., JAMAICA. TELEPHONE JAMAICA 4119.

SALESMAN.
YOUR BUSINESS IS AT A STANDSTILL.
If you have had selling experience, are a worker of good address and appearance, between 25 and 35, and would like to sell investment bonds of the highest grade for an old-established house doing a large volume business, state salary and a full description of yourself and your experience; give your telephone number. V 902 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—SPECIALTY MAN TO REPRESENT A WELL-ESTABLISHED CORPORATION SELLING GOVERNMENT-COMPILED INFORMATION; COMMISSION, BONUS AND EXPENSE; 50 MEN AVERAGING $125 WEEKLY; IF OVER 25 YEARS OF AGE AND WITH A SALES PERSONALITY AND A RECORD, APPLY TO 40 WEST 39TH ST., 2D FLOOR.

SALESMEN to represent us to the men's clothing and furnishing trade throughout the country; only high-class men with a following willing to carry our line at a highly profitable side line on straight commission; complete and exclusive line of men's fine handkerchiefs; our firm long established and well-known for service. Write Unusual Opportunity, T 593 Times.

SALESMEN—SWEATERS.
One of the largest sweater, bathing suit and fancy knit goods manufacturers, with established following, desires representative to travel Pennsylvania and Ohio; will only consider experienced men with an established knit wear; can earn five to ten thousand yearly; drawing against commissions; line ready Jan. 1. E 102 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced to handle in New York City and vicinity high-grade line composition lighting fixtures and lamps, on commission; Christian firm; state experience and full particulars. W 76 Times.

SALESMAN, coal, wholesale, having some knowledge of New York and vicinity territory; commission or salary. Apply or write Tuttle-Burger Coal Co., 4108 Woolworth Bldg. Phone Barclay 5488.

SALESMEN—Those calling on department store notion buyers, to carry side line of hair nets; commission. Call or write, stating territory covered, Keystone Hair Net Imp. Corp., 224 West 34th.

SALESMEN, leather goods, who travel all Southern cities, to take extensive line of beaded and fabric bags on commission basis; already established. Write only, Metro, 65 Irving Place.

SALESMEN, to sell complete line of brushes to hospitals, schools, colleges, hotels; only those with experience need apply; give references and experience in first letter; salary or commission. W 96 Times.

SALESMAN with some experience to sell galvanized sheets in N. Y. City; good opportunity to learn business and chance for advancement for hard worker; salary and commission. S 757 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN who has a following in New England States with retailers and jobbers on crochet, embroidery and sewing threads, to represent well known brand as side line; commission basis. W 102 Times.

SALESMEN—Manufacturer of office specialty, guaranteed by Robert H. Ingersoll of watch fame, for which there is a universal need, requires the services of intelligent, hustling salesmen, who can make big money marketing our device on a commission basis.

They will be given a thorough course of training in our selling methods and will have the constant support of an experienced management; no good man will be allowed to fail.

If you think you possess the elements of success and are determined to earn upward of $75 a week, here is your opportunity.

See MR. H. A. WOGLOM, 9th floor, 450 4th Av., after 9:30 A. M.

SALESMEN
THREE TRAVELING SALESMEN, BETWEEN 25 AND 30 YEARS OLD, WHO ARE FAMILIAR WITH THE RETAIL DRY GOODS TRADE, TO REPRESENT A WELL ESTABLISHED PAPER PATTERN COMPANY; SALARY AND EXPENSES. WRITE, GIVING EXPERIENCE, &C., W 99 TIMES.

SALESMEN—SECURITY.
We can offer to a few experienced salesmen of highest calibre an opportunity to assist in the placing of a limited amount of preferred stock, carrying an attractive common stock bonus, in a sound industrial that will bear the most rigid investigation; commission basis; give references. S 764 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.
Young man wanted by Swiss manufacturing importers to sell from New York stock embroideries, laces and white goods to making-up trade, also to department stores in New York City, on a liberal commission basis. Apply, stating experience, references and age, "Laces," W 89 Times.

SALESMAN—UP-TO-DATE BEAD NECKLACE, JEWELRY AND NOVELTY HOUSE HAS NEW YORK STATE AND MIDDLE WEST OPEN FOR PROGRESSIVE AND AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN; EXPERIENCE AND KNOWLEDGE OF TRADE NECESSARY; SALARY OR COMMISSION. D 298 TIMES.

SALESMEN — Increase your income; other lines may be dull but not ours; general insurance; liberal commission and renewal; are you instruct you; go in your own or adjoining counties; good profits increasing yearly. W. R. Collins & Co., 317 Broadway. Ask for Mr. Abramson or Mr. Raub.

SALESMEN WANTED, 3, ONE FOR COAST, ONE MIDDLE WEST AND ONE FOR SOUTH FOR MEDIUM LINE LADIES' HAND BAGS; SALARY OR COMMISSION; ONLY FIRST CLASS MEN WITH BIG RETAIL FOLLOWING NEED APPLY. BOX 28, 4628 ST. JAMES BLDG.

SALESMEN—New Ford pleasure cars and trucks; some sales ability combined with an unlimited amount of hard work will positively bring a map big earnings; commission basis; previous automobile experience not necessary. Wm. Krauss & Co., 110th St. and Central Park West.

SALESMAN, ribbon, to call on New York City trade; only thoroughly experienced need apply; liberal salary. Write H. T., 65, Room 1201, 220 West 42d.

SALESMEN wanted to carry small line of high-grade boys' pants on commission; all territories open. Endel Pfeifer Co., 3 East 14th St.

SALESMAN for Middle Western States for large manufacturers cocoa and chocolate; state experience and salary; resident of West desired. S 760 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted; well-known dress house for city offices and retailers; good opportunity for right man; commission. Write K. H., 1214 Wilson Building.

SALESMAN to travel Connecticut for Manhattan electrical supply company; state previous experience and salary desired. A 1091 Times Harlem.

SALESMEN, traveling Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, to carry side line ladies' high grade jerseys; commission basis. Box 15, 209 Cable Bldg.

SALESMAN wanted, to carry side line of hats and caps; one well acquainted with jobbers and department stores; commission. K 353 Times.

SALESMEN, traveling south and west, to carry complete line talcum powders, hydrogen of peroxide, &c.; ready seller; commission. Seligman Bros., 799 Greenwich St.

SALESMAN to sell human hair, hair nets, hair dressing accessories, who has an established trade; salary and commission. W 73 Times.

SALESMAN—Large knitting factory wants an experienced salesman for the knit goods jobbing trade, on commission only. Y 2424 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted on commission, carrying side line to hardware trade through New York State. Apply 1 Cedar St.

SALESMEN, experienced dolls and toys; commission basis. Address by mail only J. Bouton & Co., 906 Broadway.

SALESMEN — For strong side line human hair nets; all territories; liberal commissions. J 356 Times.

SALESMAN familiar with toy trade for city and nearby sections; state references and salary wholesale. N 806 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, jewelry, on commission; rare opportunity; replies treated confidential. Y 2433 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, to call on office trade and some retailers; commission basis. Lengel Bros., 106 West 30th.

SALESMAN to sell Swiss torchon laces; must know trade; commission. L 729 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY—Well-educated stenographer or dictaphonist; $25; state age, religion, education, experience. W 79 Times.

SEXTON wanted, care of church, parish house and grounds; house supplied. Phone Melrose 2430.

SILK STOCK BOY, one who knows how to measure and cut silk; immediate opening; good future. Call 9:30, George J. Quinn & Co., 12th floor, 288 4th Av.

SOLICITOR, business school; give references, experience; drawing and commission. L 256 Times.

STERLING SILVER SALESMAN.
Representative on salary for a high-grade sterling silver hollow ware line to the jewelry trade in all the large cities as far west as

dealer for
HOOD
White Rock Rubbers
Gray TIRE TREAD Soles
PRESSURE CURED
Outwear
any other color sole
in all kinds of
hard service
HOOD RUBBER PRODUCTS CO. INC.
134 DUANE STREET
(WHOLESALE ONLY)

Finis
To 1920

Closing the books this year means much more than December 31. How shall Inventories be valued? Cost or market? Must cost be taken as the basis, if it was so taken last year? How obtain tax refunds or have additional assessments removed?

Authorizeustoclose the books for you this year. We can be of inestimable help.

"Growth Through Service"

DAVID BERDON & CO.
Certified Public Accountants
AT 277 BROADWAY
Telephone, Worth 3585

Capitalization and the Income Tax.

On a net income of $39,000 a corporation whose reported invested capital is $100,000 pays a tax of $10,320, while on a capital of $150,000 the tax is $7,800.

Does your reported capital include all your assets at their true valuation?

Our booklet on the income tax illustrates the importance of an audit to establish a true capitalization.

Write for the booklet on your letterhead.

James Barr and Co.
Certified Public Accountants
Woolworth Bldg., New York
Detroit Syracuse

BUY IT BY THE CASE
WAR DEPARTMENT CANNED MEATS

TAXPAYERS—ATTENTION
RECENT IMPORTANT
Treasury Department Ruling
REGARDING
INVENTORIES
VITALLY AFFECTS YOUR 1920
INCOME TAX RETURNS
To take full advantage of this ruling your PROMPT ACTION is necessary, and all the machinery of our organization is ready to render you the essentially immediate assistance needed therefor.
Gerard Tax Service Co., Inc.
INCOME TAX SPECIALISTS
Tel. Worth 6238. Suite 1008, 299 Bway.

Diversity of Appeal

Articles having a wide variety of appeal, by authors who have made names for themselves, are published in The New York Times Book Review and Magazine. The illustrations are reproductions of portraits, etchings and specially drawn sketches.

The Rotogravure process, by which both text and illustrations are printed, gives a degree of typographical perfection which is most pleasing to the critical reader.

To the lover of books who wishes to keep informed regarding new works in all branches of literature, The Book Review and Magazine is invaluable.

The man or woman with a penchant for art will find a page devoted to the subject. Articles on political topics are frequently published; usually there is a humorous sketch and in almost every issue a contribution by a well-known historian, biographer or scientist.

The New York Times
Book Review and Magazine
Times Square New York
Subscription $1.00 a Year

OF GENERAL SESSIONS

Governor Smith Also Appoints Edward J. Glennon Bronx District Attorney.

G. W. MARTIN COUNTY JUDGE

All the Appointees Allied With Tammany Hall—Talley's Selection Not Expected.

ALBANY, Dec. 28.—Governor Smith today announced the appointment of Alfred J. Talley as a Judge of the Court of General Sessions, New York County. Mr. Talley, who is an Assistant District Attorney of New York County, was named to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Judge James T. Malone.

The Governor also made public the appointment of Supreme Court Justice Edward J. Glennon as District Attorney of Bronx County. He succeeds Francis Martin, resigned, who was elected to the Supreme Court bench in the last election.

George W. Martin was named to succeed Judge McDermott as County Judge of Kings County.

The appointment of Alfred J. Talley to the General Sessions bench was not expected, but undoubtedly will be pleasing to Tammany Hall. Mr. Talley has been active in the affairs of the Tammany organization for many years. Recently he has been talked of as a probable Tammany candidate for District Attorney to succeed Edward Swann in next year's election. His elevation to the bench may force a change in Tammany's program in this respect, for it is regarded likely now that he will be a candidate for the position he will fill by appointment for the next twelve months.

Mr. Talley has been chief assistant to District Attorney Swann since 1917. In addition to his work in the general direction of the office he has tried many of the important cases, including those of "Ricky" Harrison, George Stivers, Morris Tacchi, Betty Inch, Stewart McMullan, Jimmy Regan, Elizabeth Baksa, Frank de Raemes Storey and James Foye.

Mr. Talley was born in New York City and was educated at Public School 55, the College of St. Francis Xavier and the New York Law School. Following his admission to the bar at the age of 21 he practiced law for several years. He was appointed Civil Service Commissioner by Mayor McClellan and served from 1904 to 1908. He was counsel to the State Insurance Department under William Temple Emmet from 1912 to 1914. Following Mr. Swann's election in 1915 Mr. Talley declined appointment as Assistant District Attorney but two years later accepted the post.

For several years Mr. Talley was a lecturer for the Board of Education on "American Literature, Travel and Elementary Law." Fordham University and the College of St. Francis Xavier gave him degrees of LL.D. He was a member of the City Bar Association, the County Lawyers' Association, the State Bar Association, the Catholic Club and the New York Athletic Club.

He is married and has four children, three sons and a daughter. He lives at 260 Riverside Drive.

The appointment of Justice Glennon to succeed District Attorney Martin, elected a Justice of the Supreme Court, was not unexpected. Justice Glennon, serving under an appointment from Governor Smith, agreed not to become a candidate to succeed himself in the event that District Attorney Martin should seek the nomination. It was understood last October that in the event of Mr. Martin's election, Justice Glennon would be appointed to fill the vacancy in the public prosecutor's office in the Bronx, where Justice Glennon is affiliated with the regular Democratic organization. He was for some years an Assistant District Attorney under Mr. Martin.

George W. Martin, appointed to succeed Charles J. McDermott, who sent in his resignation as County Judge of Kings, received his appointment largely as the result of heavy organization backing. He has been an active worker in the party ranks for a score of years. He is looked upon as an able lawyer and served for five years as an Assistant District Attorney of Kings when the late John F. Clarke was prosecutor. Two years ago he was a candidate for Congress again t Reuben L. Haskell, now a County Judge, and was defeated. He is 44 years old and head of the law firm of Martin & Kesselman at 215 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

W. W. SMITH REPORTED CHOSEN BY MILLER

Governor-Elect Refuses to Affirm or Deny That He Has Appointed Secretary.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, Dec. 28.—Governor-elect Miller tonight refused to affirm or deny that he had appointed W. Ward Smith of New York his Secretary. When first asked about the designation, Mr. Miller gave the inference that the selection had been made, appearing displeased that the news should have leaked out, as he was withholding announcement of the appointment with a view to including it in a list of appointees to be given out later in the week.

Later tonight the Governor-elect announced that he would not state whether he had appointed Mr. Smith to the Secretaryship.

ALBANY, Dec. 28.—W. Ward Smith of New York was a visitor at the Capitol today and spent considerable time at the Executive chambers, where he met many of the employes, who gained the impression that Mr. Smith would be the next Secretary to the Governor.

Mr. Smith, in reply to questions, stated that any announcement would necessarily have to come from the Governor-elect.

W. Ward Smith was active in the Hoover movement prior to the Republican National Convention. He was one of the organizers of the Hoover Republican Club and traveled extensively throughout the country as a promoter of the Presidential boom started for Mr Hoover. During the war he was identified as a volunteer worker with the Food Administration as well as with various relief movements and other war activities. His family is wealthy. His father is the head of a lumber corporation with offices at 20 Broadway. Mr. Smith became well acquainted with Governor-elect Miller, who was sponsor for Mr. Hoover in the Republican National Convention during the Presidential primary campaign.

The fact that Governor-elect Miller has put off the selection of a secretary so long has been the subject of a great deal of comment in political circles. Several persons have been mentioned for the place, among others Alfred H. Kirchhofer, legislative correspondent of The Buffalo Evening News, who has the backing of the Erie County Republican organization; Charles H. Armitage, a former Albany correspondent and resident in Buffalo, and Daniel Ackerman, Secretary of the State Fair Commission, with headquarters at Syracuse.

JOHN J. LYONS INAUGURATED

New Secretary of State Honored at Ceremony Here.

Friends of John J. Lyons, Secretary of State-elect, held an inaugural ceremony for him yesterday afternoon in the rooms of the Merchants' Association. About 300 persons attended.

The incoming Secretary of State serves as master of ceremonies at the inauguration of the Governor and other elective State officers, which is held on Jan. 1 under the Constitution. It is necessary that he be sworn in before that date.

Mr. Lyons was sworn in by Benjamin N. Cardozo, former Judge of the Court of Appeals, and presented with a silver service by members of the State Controller's New York City staff.

Break Fall of Others.

Special to The New York Times.

WICHITA, Kan., Dec. 28.—Failure to remember a second stairway in the building in which they lived cost the lives of three members of the George M. Mitchell family following a fire in Garfield Hall, a Wichita landmark, and two little daughters were injured. The sixth member, a boy of 17, remembered the other stairway and escaped uninjured.

The fire started early Christmas morning while the family was asleep. The father gave his life trying to save the others. Believing all exits cut off, he leaped from a third-story window and ordered the mother to drop the three younger children on him as he lay on the sidewalk. His body broke the fall of the children, but when Mrs. Mitchell jumped from the window she struck his body and his back was broken. He died ten minutes later. Mrs. Mitchell died yesterday, and the youngest son, Rex, 10 years old, succumbed a short time later.

The life of Marjorie, 12 years old, was despaired of until today, when her condition was reported improved. She is suffering from severe burns. Another daughter, Mercedes, 14, is less severely injured.

Mitchell was conducting a skating rink in the building, which was used as a dance hall in the early days.

EXHUMING AMERICAN DEAD.

Army to Return 900 Bodies From Bony Cemetery.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—Exhumation of the bodies of American soldiers buried at Bony Cemetery, all men of the Twenty-seventh (New York National Guard) and Thirtieth (Wildcat, from Tennessee and North and South Carolina) Divisions began today. Of 1,777 bodies in the cemetery about 900 will be returned to the United States and the rest will not be disturbed. Bony is to be one of the four permanent cemeteries in France and other bodies will be moved into the cemetery, but this work will not start until the sending of bodies to America has been completed.

It is the first big battlefield cemetery to be reached by the army exhumation units. The district is so devastated that there is no shelter for the workers and a train provides quarters for them. Winter weather has set in and movable sheds have been built to shelter the men while working.

WOMAN KILLS WOMAN.

Fatal Quarrel Between Mothers Over Children's Dispute.

Mrs. Congetta Alti... 7 years old, of 13 South Street, Corona, was killed yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Vanatello Ransella, 40 years old, of the same address, in a quarrel over their children.

The children were playing in the yard adjoining the house and a fight developed. According to the story told to detectives of the Newtown precinct, Mrs. Ransella came out to separate them, when Mrs. Altieri appeared. Then the two women quarreled. Mrs. Ransella ran into the house and reappeared with a .38-calibre pistol, which she fired at Mrs. Altieri. The bullet pierced the woman's heart and she died almost instantly.

After the shooting Mrs. Ransella ran into her home and hid herself. Word was sent to the Newtown precinct. Detectives Barrett and Knapp arrested Mrs. Ransella. She will be arraigned in Flushing Police Court today.

HONOR AMERICAN SOCIETY.

Gold Medal Is Conferred on Committee for Devastated France.

President Millerand of the French Republic has awarded the Gold Medal Reconnaissance Française to the entire American Committee for Devastated France, with the following citation in the latest Official Journal:

"For having organized an important war and construction relief work in the Departments of the Aisne and the Oise which the Government declares is conducted on the most ingenious lines for the victims of the war and the economic reconstruction of the devastated regions."

This is said to be the first time this honor has been conferred on a foreign relief organization. The American Committee for Devastated France was organized in 1915 for relief work among the civilian population. Myron T. Herrick is President and Miss Anne Morgan Vice President.

BLIZZARD IN NEWFOUNDLAND

Train Service Is Disorganized and Shipping Is Stormbound.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Dec. 28.—A blizzard swept over this island colony today and left confusion among communication mediums in its wake. The damage was not extensive, but all shipping was held to ports, train service was disrupted and roads made impassable. The storm was the first of the Winter. Weather authorities predicted that it would not blow itself out for days.

The seas kicked up by the gale were so great that a section of the narrow-gauge track of the Reid-Newfoundland Railway at Conception Bay was washed away. Express trains running through the bleak interior fell far behind their schedules, and rotary snowplows were sent out to bore a way for them through the snow barrier.

COAST TO COAST AIR TRIP.

Army Lieutenant Plans 2,079-Mile Journey for 24-Hour Record.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Dec. 28.—An attempt to fly 2,079 miles from Florida to California in twenty-four hours will be made Feb. 22 by Lieutenant Alexander Pearson Jr., Major Henry C. Pratt, air officer of the Eighth Corps area, announced today. Lieutenant Pearson won the transcontinental air race last Winter.

The flight will be made in three "hops." The starting point will be Pablo Beach, Jacksonville, Fla. The first "hop" of 804 miles will be made to Ellington Field, Houston, Texas; the second from Ellington Field to El Paso, a distance of 660 miles, and the third is scheduled from El Paso to Rockwell Field, San Diego, Cal., 615 miles.

NATHAN LEVY IS DIVORCED.

Final Decree Entered Against Standard Tallow Co. Official.

A final decree of divorce was granted yesterday by Vice Chancellor Foster in Newark to Mrs. Pearl Levy from Nathan Levy, Vice President of the Standard Tallow Company of Newark. Mr. Levy is a son of Julius Levy, President of the company. Mrs. Levy charged cruelty and desertion. Alimony of $30 a week and counsel fee were granted.

Mr. Levy was said to be in San Francisco. He married Miss Bleyer in February, 1913, and was charged with having deserted her on May 30, 1918.

CARUSO RESTING EASILY.

'Fairly Comfortable and No Change,' Is Doctors' Report.

Bruno Zirato, secretary to Enrico Caruso, who is confined in his apartment in the Hotel Vanderbilt suffering from pleurisy, last night gave out the following bulletin signed by the five physicians attending him:

Mr. Caruso is resting fairly comfortably. His condition shows no essential change.
LAMBERT,
EVANS,
STELLA,
MURRAY,
HOROVICH.

William J. Guard, publicity director of the Metropolitan Opera House, said that Mrs. Caruso had told him over the telephone that her husband's condition was as satisfactory as could be expected.

KILLED BOY'S FRIEND

Victim, Who May Die, Admits He Filled Gas Pipe With Gunpowder.

SHOT ONE "TO HEAR NOISE"

Third Boy Badly Injured, but Doctors Think He Will Recover.

Sixteen-year-old Herbert Bramm, from his cot in the Swedish Hospital, Brooklyn, yesterday admitted to Police Captain Frank J. Conboy of the Grand Avenue Station, that the bomb which exploded in his home at 139 Rogers Avenue on Sunday with fatal results was of his own manufacture and had not been picked up by him, as he at first said.

According to young Bramm's original story, he found the bomb in the woods near Bergen Beach and hid it in his home, in an apartment house. On Sunday he was showing his "find" to two of his friends, John F. McKenney, 16, of 1,248 Union Street, and Paul Clandow, 17, of 805 St. John's Place, when it exploded. McKenney was killed and the other two boys were badly injured. Bramm's left hand was blown off and he also suffered a serious injury to his left eye.

The boy told Captain Conboy and Detective Owens that he had made a similar bomb some time before, which he had exploded at Bergen Beach, "to hear the noise."

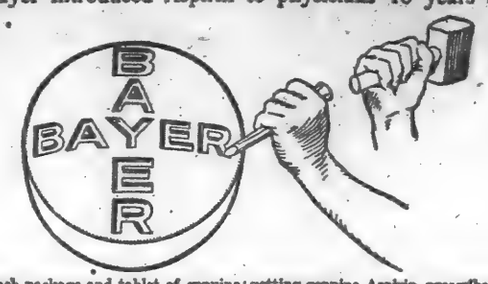
Mrs. Hilda Bramm, the boy's mother, said she did not know that Herbert had made the fatal bomb or any other such contrivance. Mrs. Bramm said that Herbert always had been of a "mechanical turn of mind" and was continuing his experiments.

The police say that the bomb was made of a piece of gas pipe ten inches long, and the boy is said to have told Captain Conboy that he filled the pipe with gunpowder and other ingredients. He had learned about such things by

At the hospital it was said that Bramm's recovery was doubtful, but it was believed that Clandow, his companion, who is a patient there, would recover.

Genuine Aspirin

Bayer introduced Aspirin to physicians 18 years ago



Each package and tablet of genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" is marked with the "Bayer Cross."
The "Bayer Cross" means you are getting genuine Aspirin, prescribed by physicians for over eighteen years.
In each "Bayer" package are proper directions.

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.
Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid



STETSON HATS

WE charge a fair price for quality because we would rather sell service, satisfaction and correct style than anything inferior.

McCUE BROS. & DRUMMOND
High Grade Hats ONLY
52 Broadway Near Exchange Pl.
1442 Broadway Bet. 40 & 41 Sts.



Copyright 1920 Hart Schaffner & Marx

Dress Clothes for New Year's
Hart Schaffner & Marx
Full Dress or Tuxedo
Special at $58

Savings up to $42 on

Hart Schaffner & Marx Fine Suits

$48

Originally priced up to $90

There was such a whole hearted response to our recent Sale announcements that quite a few lines of the choicest suits are now more or less broken.

We have replenished these choice lots with some late arrivals from Hart Schaffner & Marx that were made to sell at $90, $85 and $75.

$48

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

PACIFIC LIMITED
Chicago Milwaukee & St Paul Railway

The *Pacific Limited* recently restored to service via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway offers a combination of advantages to the transcontinental traveler.

The fast schedule affords you a daylight arrival and departure.

Leave Chicago (Union Station) 10:45 a.m.
Arrive San Francisco 8:30 (third morning)

The equipment, replete in every luxury comprises observation sleeping car, standard sleeping cars, tourist sleepers, free reclining chair cars and dining car.

You ride over a double tracked, steel highway protected by block signals. Spectacular scenery from the car window. The route is over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific Lines.

For reservations and full information apply to

G. L. Cobb, Gen. Agt. Pass. Dept., C. M. & St. P. Ry.
42 Broadway, Phone Broad 6600
NEW YORK, N. Y.
GEO. B. HAYNES, General Passenger Agent, CHICAGO

SAVE YOUR BONUS
SAVE YOUR DIVIDENDS

THE MORRIS PLAN

Make your bonus or dividends earn 5% or 6% interest for you the Morris Plan Way. At 5% your money is withdrawable at any time under reasonable regulations.

THE MORRIS PLAN

You can obtain 6% by investing $100, or more for one year in our Morris Plan Trust Notes.

Interest Starts At Once

CALL TODAY OR SEND YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS TO

The Morris Plan Co. *of* New York

Resources over $8,000,000 Under Supervision of N.Y. State Banking Department

Main Office 261 Broadway (Opposite City Hall)
Union Sq. Branch 1 Union Square
Bronx Branch 391 East 149th Street
Brooklyn Branch 29 Court Street (Opposite Borough Hall)

Business Prospects for 1921

Four important contributions to the Annual Review of The Annalist, January 3, 1921, which will show the probable trend of activities in the business world for the next year:

Wealth and income of the United States, by B. M. Anderson Jr., Chase National Bank.

Cotton as it grows and a discussion of the raw product market, by Sol Wexler of J. S. Bache & Co.

Prospects for cotton goods in 1921, by Charles Bernheimer.

The worsted and woolen industries, by Alexander Walker, Vice President of Strong, Hewat & Co.

Annual Review of The Annalist
January 3, 1921
Published by The New York Times Co.
Order in advance from your newsdealer.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today and Friday; somewhat warmer today; moderate to fresh southwest winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,986. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

FIUME SURRENDERS; AIRPLANE TO TAKE D'ANNUNZIO AWAY

Not Worth While to Die for Italy, Poet Declares in His Farewell.

CITY RECOGNIZES TREATY

Council, d'Annunzio Having Handed Over to It His Powers, Accepts Caviglia's Terms.

REBELS INFLICT BIG LOSSES

Use Machine Guns and Grenades Against Regulars, Who Spare Them as Much as Possible.

ROME, Dec. 29. D'Annunzio has issued a proclamation declaring it is not worth while dying for Italy. He said he was leaving Fiume by airplane.

This was semi-officially announced here this afternoon, together with the announcement that the Fiume agreement might be regarded as concluded.

Complete recognition of the Treaty of Rapallo has been given by d'Annunzio's representatives at the Abbazzia conference with General Ferrario. It was indicated in a report received from General Caviglia, commander of the Italian regular forces at Fiume.

A description of the last phases of the struggle in Fiume shows that the Legionaries reopened fire against the troops, who were merely holding the positions they had taken on Monday night. The fight assumed the character of guerilla warfare all along the line. The Legionaries took advantage of the natural resources of the terrain for laying ambuscades.

As the regulars were advancing across barricades they were enveloped by fire from machine guns which had been sunk to the level of the ground and cleverly camouflaged.

The houses seemed to have been abandoned, but when the troops approached the Legionaries, hidden behind windows, on chimney stacks and on balconies and roofs, suddenly opened fire. Even a boy was found working machine guns.

The gravest losses were inflicted by hand grenades, which were used so freely as to give the impression that they must have been accumulated by scores of thousands.

Regulars Spare Their Foes.

It would have been an easy matter to get the better of the legionaries by employing artillery, but the military authorities refused such recourse except against military buildings.

The legionaries ultimately tried to force the regulars to retreat in order to relieve pressure on the city, but failed owing to the stubborn resistance, especially of the carabineers and Alpine troops, who fought courageously for more than three hours. The points where the struggle was bitterest were at the railway station and inside the Jewish cemetery, which was virtually destroyed.

Colonel Maloff, head of the staff of the 45th Division, has issued an order saying: "All officers were at the head of their men without exception, even those attached to the staff."

Colonel Maloff led all his officers to the attack.

What the regulars especially resented were the insults levelled at them by the legionaries. A Calabrese soldier who had his leg broken said while being carried off on a stretcher: "The insults hurt me more than the wound."

The legionaries set fire to a powder magazine in the Recina Valley, southeast of the city, last night, according to a report from Abbazia. The explosion, which occurred toward midnight, set fire to the woods surrounding Fiume to the east, and great clouds of black smoke rolled down over the city.

An armored car advanced against the regulars at one point and inflicted heavy losses, the Alpini throwing themselves on the ground and continuing the struggle for some time. Major Dambara, in command of the Alpini, rushed toward the car, but was wounded twice and his horse was shot dead. When the fire ceased Major Dambara was able to struggle toward the car, and upon entering it found three dead legionaries and two seriously wounded commissioned officers.

The majority of the wounded were struck by machine gun bullets or splinters of hand grenades. They say the regular troops were ordered not to fire unless absolutely obliged to do so, while the legionaries have taken every advantage to inflict the heaviest possible losses upon their assailants.

An officer of d'Annunzio's legionaries arrived here from Fiume today and gave an account of events there. He said an officer of the regulars a few days ago presented himself on the bridge connecting Fiume and Sussak and asked what the legionaries would do if the regulars attempted to enter the city. The officer of the legionaries answered: "Try, and you will see."

At 11 o'clock that night there were two immense explosions, the bridges over the Eneo River being blown up. The streets around were literally covered with scraps of glass and wood. Many of the houses were wrecked.

Notwithstanding the warnings of the military authorities, several families left the bridges refused to evacuate their houses, and seven persons were injured.

D'Annunzio Abused Peacemakers.

According to the Messagero many influential persons in Fiume were badly abused or severely reprimanded by d'Annunzio.

Continued on Page Four.

Florida Limited—Train De Luxe. Pullman with Club and Observation Lv. N. Y. 6:20 P. M. daily, commencing Jan. 3. Make reservations now. 1184 B'way.—Advt.

Denmark Pays $15,600,000, Schleswig Indemnity Quota

PARIS, Dec. 29.—Denmark made a payment of 65,000,000 gold marks (about $15,600,000) to the Reparations Commission on Christmas Day in fulfillment of the conditions of the annexation of Schleswig, as enumerated by the Versailles Treaty.

This payment, according to announcement made here today, represent Schleswig's portion of the German Empire's debt at the beginning of the World War, her part of the Prussian State debt and the value of German public property taken over by Denmark.

Credit has been given to Germany for the entire sum as a part of her war indemnity.

PRINCESS ASKS FAIR PLAY FOR KING

Former Mrs. Leeds Says Venizelist Propaganda Has Blackened Constantine's Name.

SHE APPEALS TO AMERICANS

Calls Restoration Proof of Democracy—Denies That She Financed Constantine's Cause.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, Dec. 28.—The American-born member of the Greek royal family, formerly Mrs. William B. Leeds, now the wife of Prince Christopher, has given me an interview—the only one she has accorded to a newspaper man. I asked Princess Anastasia her opinion on the situation in Greece, and she said:

"During the war public opinion on both sides was controlled by propaganda. You remember how in France, for example, Europeans were able to put whatever complexion they liked on the American military effort. In the battle of the Argonne, one of the greatest battles of the war and of all time, more than a million men were under American command, and the American victory made further resistance by the Germans impossible. But that great battle was made to appear a minor effort, and by that piece of propagandism the whole political effect of the allied victory was changed. Europeans use this weapon with an effectiveness our more direct Americans find it hard to understand.

Power of Venizelist Propaganda.

"In his contest for power in Greece Venizelos had the use of the whole allied mechanism for propaganda. He kept constantly before the people of all countries a picture of a wicked and treacherous King. It was true that King Constantine had married a sister of the Kaiser. It was true that the King had tried to keep out of war until he should be compelled to enter by national duty and interest as he saw them. Out of this material, Venizelos, to whose personal ambitions the destruction of the King's influence was necessary, created a mythical character, who to the allied publics was scarcely less sinister than the Kaiser himself.

"It was far from a faithful portrait, but it served the Venizelist purpose, and it might have condemned Constantine to an ignominious page in history but for the fact that he had a friend who stuck to him through good and evil report. That friend was the Greek democracy. It was through no solicitation or scheming of his own that Constantine came back. He was out of power and in exile. From one end of the allied world to the other he had been abused and vilified. His enemies were in control of Greece. They were arrogant and relentless and were supported by the prestige of a victorious alliance. But the people of Greece wanted their King back, and they sent him a command that left no uncertainty as to their will. No other King has such a clear title. He is back in his place, and for the first time since Venizelos inaugurated his rule of violence, law, order and tranquility are restored in Greece. The people have come into their own, and the reign of terror is over.

"It was only because the King had held out of the war as long as possible and had husbanded the resources of the country that it was possible for

Continued on Page Four.

GIANT STAR EQUAL TO 27,000,000 SUNS LIKE OURS

As for Our Little Earth, Betelgeuse Is as Big as Trillions of Globes Like It.

DIAMETER 260,000,000 MILES

Michelson Measures Colossus of the Skies Whose Light Comes to Us in 150 Years.

GREAT TRIUMPH OF SCIENCE

By the Famous Physicist Whose Researches Laid the Foundation for Einstein's Theory of Relativity.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—Professor Albert A. Michelson, the noted scientist of the University of Chicago, in a paper read today before the American Physical Society, in conjunction with the annual meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, announced the perfecting of a device for measuring the diameters of stars by interference methods. This is regarded by scientists as a stupendous achievement.

Professor Michelson's paper, which bears the title of "The Application of Interference Methods to Astronomical Measurements," gave the result of the first application of the device to one of the stars in the constellation of Orion, Alpha Orionis, whose distance has already been determined by parallax methods. The common name of this star is Betelgeuse. It has been possible hitherto to determine the distances of some of the nearer stars, though the nearest is trillions of miles away, by measuring their parallax, and the masses of binary stars have been computed by other methods involving mathematical consideration of their observed period. But the method announced by Professor Michelson is most remarkable in being the first which has successfully determined the actual diametrical size of a star.

The result of the measurement of Alpha Orionis, or Betelgeuse, as accomplished by Professor Michelson's method is astounding. Betelgeuse has a diameter, it was discovered, a little more than three hundred times that of the sun, and nearly as large as that of the orbit of the planet Mars. To be explicit the diameter of Betelgeuse is 260,000,000 miles. If it were placed as near to us as the sun its brilliant surface would fill out the whole visible heavens. Compared with the sun in volume it is 27,000,000 times as great. These dimensions make the bodies in our solar system seem most minute and insignificant and present the conception of celestial bodies of magnitudes hitherto unmeasured and almost beyond comprehension. It would take trillions of globes like our little earth to equal Betelgeuse in size.

Betelgeuse is the northernmost star of the brilliant constellation Orion, lying above the giant's shoulder. This constellation is the finest spectacle of the skies and is conspicuous on any clear evening in Winter. The distance of Betelgeuse from the earth is perhaps 150 "light years," that is the light that strikes your eye when you look up at it started on its journey from the star at the rate of 186,000 miles a second 150 years ago.

Method First Applied at Mount Wilson.

The method used by Professor Michelson was first applied with the eight-foot reflecting telescope at Mount Wilson, in Southern California. The mirror of the telescope was obscured by an opaque cap with two slits adjustable in width and distance apart. When the instrument is focussed on a star, then, instead of an image of the star, there appears a series of interference bands arranged at equal distances apart and parallel to the two slits. When the slits are separated a distance between them will be attained at which the fringes disappear. A simple formula then gives the angle subtended by the star, and when this angle and the distance of the star are known the diameter of the star can be readily determined.

A still more powerful device is obtained by using two adjustable mirrors with an "interferometer" attachment, instead of the telescope and slits. It is this latter device which has been ap-

Continued on Page Two.

Operate On Caruso to Check Pleurisy; Resting Comfortably, Physicians Say

Enrico Caruso was operated on at his apartment in the Hotel Vanderbilt yesterday for an acute condition resulting from the attack of pleurisy which he suffered during the week. His physicians said the immediate difficulty was relieved and the patient was resting favorably. An earlier bulletin declared the famous singer "must be considered seriously ill," though there had been some improvement, attributable to his strong constitution.

Last evening's report of the doctors said:

"Mr. Caruso has developed suppurative pleurisy, necessitating a surgical operation. This has been successfully performed, and he is now resting comfortably."

The morning statement said:

"Mr. Caruso passed a comfortable night. His condition this morning shows a slight but distinct improvement, but he still must be considered seriously ill."

Both announcements were signed by the five attending physicians—Drs. Lambert, Evans, Stella, Murray and Horowitz.

Some alarm was caused early in the evening by a report that several cans of oxygen had been taken to Caruso's apartment and that he had become worse. It was explained that the oxygen had been given at intervals since last Saturday, not because of a crisis in his condition but merely to aid in his fight against the disease. There was no reason for alarm, it was said, and those in his apartment, including Mrs. Caruso, were not apparently worried.

STRIKE AFTER TEST OF SLIDING SCALE

Newbern Workers Quit When Pay Envelopes Contain 10 Per Cent. Less.

WANTED INCOME SHARING

And Agreed to Be Paid on Production, but Did Not Like the Effect.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBERN, N. C., Dec. 29.—Workers of the Newbern Iron Works and Supply Company, for whom a sliding scale of pay had been arranged as a means of keeping the plant in operation, went on a strike today.

The trouble began last Friday, when the men received their pay checks for the week. Their pay was to depend on a scale which would be raised or lowered by the volume of work performed.

This plan, according to E. L. Willis, manager of the company, was never put into actual effect owing to the fact that at the end of the week it was found by the management that the employes' pay, based on the sliding scale, would have been considerably under the second 10 per cent. cut that he had proposed and over which the men had made such a strenuous protest. Rather than carry through the sliding scale he informed the men of his action and paid them on the basis of the 10 per cent. reduction.

Dissatisfaction developed on the part of the men. Later developments, however, go to show that all of them do not agree in this. One member of the force said:

"I am going to stay on the job, as I am sure that times will become better and that the management will give us a fair deal and will pay us more money just as soon as they can. I have a wife and family and cannot afford to go on a strike, no matter what the rest of the men think."

Mr. Willis is of the opinion that the men will return to work soon. He wishes it to be known that the management of the company has never given up the actual supervision and running of the plant, but that he had promised to pay the men on sliding scale according to the amount of business. From now on, he states, the concern will run on a salary basis entirely.

His action in paying the men at a 10 per cent. cut in wages instead of forcing them to accept less, as would have been the case under the sliding scale, is expected to be finally accepted by them as evidence that the company has given them a fair deal. The purpose of the cut was to keep running and not merely to reduce expenses.

FRENCH AIR SCANDAL OF AMERICAN STORES

Estimated That Treasury Loses 3,000,000,000 Francs in Their Resale.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 29.—Some details of what is called here the "scandal of the American stocks" are now beginning to leak out as a consequence of a parliamentary inquiry, and some amazing cases of graft and fraud are being revealed. In all it is estimated that 3,000,000,000 francs was lost to the French Treasury by bad method and fraud in the sale of stocks which were left here by the American Army and sold at a cheap price to the French Government.

In one case the report tells how a dealer offered 65 centimes a box for 30,000 boxes of dried apples. The offer was refused by the director of the camp, and eight days later he sold the same 30,000 boxes to another dealer at 13 centimes a box.

In another case a large quantity of corned beef was sold at an absurdly low price to an English firm, which after reasonable delay resold it to the French Army authorities at a 30 per cent. profit.

The third case instanced in the report tells of the purchase by a private dealer of a shed full of food stores for 100,000 francs. The next day the dealer resold the shed with all its contents for exactly double that figure.

In most cases the disposal of the stocks at a low figure was due simply to incapacity and indolence, but in others clear cases of graft have been found, and in these proceedings are being instituted against the camp director.

Remember—Deerfoot Farm Sausage.
Be insistent when the dealer suggests something else. No other sausage than that wondrous flavor. Deerfoot means highest quality.—Advt.

CITY TRANSIT TIE-UP DELAYS A MILLION

Police Reserves Called to Handle Throngs Jammed Into Manhattan Stations.

BLOCK COMES IN RUSH HOUR

Power Plant Mishap Halts Subway and Elevated Trains for 32 Minutes.

For thirty-two minutes yesterday afternoon Manhattan's subways and elevated lines were dark and motionless. The reserves from all precincts south of Fourteenth Street were called out to handle the congestion, several women fainted in the crush and about a million workers were delayed in reaching their homes.

At 5:30 o'clock, when the big dynamos in the traction power plant in Seventy-fourth Street, near the East River, were whirring at top speed, supplying current for the transit lines running at a maximum, a cylinder head on an "exciter" engine blew off. A cloud of steam poured out and soon the mechanism in the plant was dripping from the moist steam.

According to Frank Hedley, President of the Interborough, this dampness short-circuited the whole works and cut down the supply of current. An effort was made to transfer the entire task of generating the power to the big plant at Fifty-ninth Street, but this proved unequal to the task, and a shut-down of all lines was necessary.

The suspension of traffic and lights came at a bad time. The downtown stations were crowded to capacity with the regular throngs of homegoers. There was very little confusion or disorder, however, the police reported. For the most part the passengers took the tie-up philosophically and stood around, waiting for the service to resume. Up and down the rails, that did not glisten in the gloom, were stalled trains, jammed with passengers, who, reassured by the guards, waited for the "Go-ahead" signal.

As a precautionary measure, the reserves were sent to the main traffic points. The biggest crowds were reported congregated at the Brooklyn Bridge Plaza, in Times Square, at the Grand Central transfer point and at the Canal Street station of the B. R. T. Details of policemen were stationed on the platforms in the entrances to keep the would-be riders in line.

At one time the congestion at the Brooklyn Bridge became so great that two women fainted. They were carried into a drugstore in the Pulitzer Building and revived. The crush at the Canal Street station required the ordering on duty of the special policemen to supplement the bluecoats on the job there. The stations on the Broadway and Myrtle Avenue lines of the B. R. T. running from the Municipal Building all were taxed to their capacity.

Much of the congestion at the bridge, however, was relieved when Captain Edward J. Toole, commander of the Bridge Precinct, diverted the passengers to the surface cars running over the Manhattan and Brooklyn Bridges.

Coming as it did just when the matinee crowds were running up the regular Wednesday big business record at the Times Square station, the suspension of power threatened to create a serious situation. Signs of excitement were becoming apparent in the crowds of women waiting in the big and complex station when the reserves arrived and smoothed things over.

TWO MEN ARRESTED IN EASTMAN MURDER

Assistant District Attorney Hennis Predicts Important Development After He Questions Them.

An important development in connection with the efforts of the police and John R. Hennis, Assistant District Attorney, to solve the murder last Sunday morning of Monk Eastman, old-time gang leader, was predicted early this morning. The prediction followed the arrest about 1 o'clock of two men by Detective Bottle. The detective refused to talk about his prisoners until they had been questioned by Mr. Hennis.

Mr. Hennis said he thought it best to disclose nothing about the prisoners until he had interrogated them. He added, however, that the police hunt for the gangster's slayer seemed nearer success than it had been at any time.

Ever since three men, now held as material witnesses and all employed in the Blue Bird rathskeller, 62 East Fourteenth Street, outside which Eastman was shot, were examined, the police have been looking for an ex-convict, who they believe did the killing.

Mr. Hennis questioned several men yesterday, but until the captures early this morning said no progress had been made in the case.

When you think of writing Think of WRITING.—Advt.

LABOR CHALLENGE ON IRISH REPRISALS MADE TO CABINET

Parliamentary Party Calls On It to Disprove Charges Against Crown Forces.

WANTS THEM WITHDRAWN

Immediate Election of Constituent Assembly to Settle Island's Future Also Proposed.

GREAT CAMPAIGN PLANNED

Attempt to Be Made to Arouse England in Favor of Self-Determination for Ireland.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—A movement calculated by its organizers to place the full weight of British organized labor in support of the Irish self-determination claims began with a specially convened conference of the Parliamentary Labor Party in London today, after which several members of the party's commission which investigated the situation in Ireland told of what they had observed and learned there.

A resolution was adopted unanimously challenging the Government to disprove the commission's accusations regarding reprisals and other outrages charged to the Crown forces. The conference was held as a curtain raiser for a campaign in behalf of self-determination and in opposition to the Government's alleged policy of repression to be inaugurated by the Laborites in Manchester on Jan. 17 and concluded in London on Feb. 15.

A. G. Cameron, chairman of today's conference, in opening the lengthy discussion on the inquiry commission's report, characterized it as "the most serious indictment against British methods in trying to govern Ireland ever placed before the British people." The speaker declared:

"The manner in which Sir Hamar Greenwood, Chief Secretary for Ireland, has evaded questions in the House of Commons reflects discredit upon himself and the House." Mr. Cameron added: "As a result of her handling of the Irish question, Great Britain has not a friend in the world."

Another resolution adopted by a large majority at this afternoon's session of the conference voices approval of the Parliamentary Labor Party's declaration regarding "outrages conducted in the name of the Sinn Fein and reprisals by servants of the Crown." It expresses satisfaction with the efforts of the labor inquiry commission to obtain a cessation of all violent and provocative actions with a view to opening peace negotiations between the Government and elected representatives of the Irish people.

Basis for Negotiation.

This resolution suggests the following ground as a possible basis for negotiation and settlement of the Irish difficulties:

First—Withdrawal of all armed forces; second, placing of responsibility for maintaining order in each locality in Ireland on the local authorities, and third, provision for immediate election by proportional representation of a constituent assembly charged to work out whatever constitution for Ireland the Irish people desire, subject only to two conditions, namely, protection of minorities and guarantees that the constitution shall prevent Ireland becoming a military or naval menace to Great Britain.

Brig. Gen. C. B. Thompson, who accompanied the commission, declared that the soldiers in Ireland were to a large extent merely children, and added:

"The army of occupation is masterful and criminal. The Black and Tans are violent in thought and deed. In addition to being the perpetrators of the worst outrages, they are the most provocative element in that unhappy country."

General Thompson said he thought the Prime Minister knew what was happening in Ireland, but, he declared, he "is the tool of the powerful clique who are working the Irish policy."

Tom Johnson, Secretary of the Irish Labor Party, donned a mask and said: "This is a little symbol which proves the complicity of the British Government in these murders."

J. Bromley, in moving the resolution deploring "The lamentable condition of affairs in Ireland," mentioned the Croke Park incident. There were cries of "Amritsar!" He concluded with a warning to the British Laborites that "the auxiliaries, with their class hatred, their political and racial hatreds and anti-Catholic bias, form the nucleus of a white guard."

When the discussion of the Irish question ended with the adoption of the resolution embodying a basis for negotiations for a settlement, Thomas Shaw, Labor member of Parliament for Preston, introduced an emergency resolution dealing with unemployment and proposing that the Government afford maintenance for persons for whom no work is available at the employment exchange, to the extent of not less than 40s. weekly for a householder and 25s. each for single men and women, with additional allowances for dependents.

The resolution, which was adopted, attributes the growing volume of unemployment and underemployment in a large measure to "interruption of world trading following on the war and defective peace treaties, in addition to the folly of the British and allied policy in relation to the Soviet Government of Russia," and condemns the Government

Continued on Page Three.

THE GREENBRIER shuts over Sunday and will during holiday season. Bookings Finish.—Advt.

Crime Wave Now Greatest In Secret Service Records

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Criminal activity at this time is the greatest in the history of the Secret Service, according to testimony by William H. Moran, chief of the bureau, before the House Appropriations Committee today. There were more arrests last year than in any year since 1897, he said.

"At the rate we are going now this promises to be a banner year in this respect," Mr. Moran said. "The activity in all lines of endeavor, particularly as to bank robberies, is serious.

"I think we have an incidental interest in bank robberies, because scarcely any of them is pulled off that does not involve the taking of registered bonds, unsigned bank currency, or something that we must protect. Two hundred and forty cases a month has been our average on forged checks alone."

15 INDICTED BY U. S. ON LOCKWOOD DATA

Eleven Individuals and Four Corporations Accused of Plot to Control Sand Trade.

PRICE FIXING IS CHARGED

Untermyer Denounces Eddy "Open-Competition" Plan Before Lockwood Committee.

Indictments under the Sherman anti-trust law were filed by the Federal Grand Jury yesterday against four corporations and eleven individuals affiliated with the Sand and Gravel Dealers' Board of Trade. The indictments, which are the first to be found in the Federal courts as a result of the Lockwood committee's investigation, charge a conspiracy to restrain interstate trade and commerce in the digging, production, transportation and sale of "Cow-bay" sand, which is widely used in construction work, and "to enhance the price of sand sent to the ultimate consumer."

The corporations—and individuals named in the indictments were the Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corporation, Manhattan Sand Company, Inc.; Lenox Sand and Gravel Company, Inc., and the Colonial Sand and Stone Company; also John J. Gallagher, Vice President of both the Goodwin-Gallagher and the Manhattan Sand Companies; Peter C. Gallagher, Treasurer of the Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corporation and the Lenox Sand and Gravel Company; Frank F. Gallagher, Secretary of the Goodwin-Gallagher Corporation and Assistant Treasurer of the Manhattan Sand Company; Joseph Gallagher, Secretary and Treasurer of the Manhattan Sand Company; William J. Mahoney, President of the Lenox Sand and Gravel Company; Richard A. Scanlon, Secretary of the Lenox Sand and Gravel Company; Frank Rowsey, manager of the Manhattan Sand Company; Lawrence Rukeyser, President of the Colonial Sand and Stone Company; Martin and Thomas Lanigan, partners in Lanigan Brothers, and Eugene P. Clark, manager of the Sand and Gravel Dealers' Board of Trade.

The charges against the alleged sand combine were presented to the Grand Jury by Joseph Kaufman, special assistant to United States Attorney Francis G. Caffey, who was designated to prosecute violations of the Federal laws developed by the Lockwood committee.

Trade Board Formed.

The indictments charge that for three years the sand dealers named in the indictment have dug "Cow-bay" sand on Long Island for use throughout a great part of Connecticut, New York and New Jersey. Before the alleged conspiracy was entered into, it is charged, Gallagher Brothers, the Goodwin Sand and Gravel Company, the Phoenix Sand and Gravel Company and the Crescent Sand and Gravel Company were engaged as wholesalers, in active competition with each other. The most important dealers who, it is charged, were also engaged in active competition with each other were the Manhattan Sand Company, the Lenox Sand and Gravel Company and J. L. Keating, Inc.

The absorption by the Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Company of the Goodwin Sand and Gravel Company, Gallagher Brothers, the Crescent Sand and Gravel Company and the Phoenix Sand and Gravel Company, all wholesalers, and the Lenox Sand and Gravel Company, the Manhattan Sand Company and J. L. Keating, Inc., dealers, who sold the sand to the ultimate consumers, is described in the indictments. The Keating company discontinued business.

"In or about June, 1919," the indictments continue, "the Sand and Gravel Dealers' Board of Trade was caused to be organized under the membership corporation laws of the State of New York by the Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corporation, the Manhattan Sand Company, the Lenox Sand and Gravel Company and the hereinafter indicted officers of these corporations for the purpose of having the members of the Sand and Gravel Dealers' Board of Trade agree with the Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corporation and with each other upon resale prices to be charged by all of the members for all sand purchased by them from the Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corporation and resold by them to their

Continued on Page Four.

TRAVIS, JUDSON AND WENDELL INDICTED IN STATE BOND DEALS

Controller as He Quits Office and Controller-Elect Charged With Larceny of $230,650.

BROKER ALSO ACCUSED

Grand Jury Cites Purchases of Bonds at Prices Above Market Rates.

ITS WORK NOT COMPLETED

Hands Up Presentment, Pointing Out "Extreme Laxity" in Investing Public Funds.

Indictments charging crimes involving the larceny of $230,650 from the State of New York were returned yesterday against Eugene M. Travis, whose six years' service as State Controller expires tomorrow; James A. Wendell, Deputy Controller and Controller-elect, who will take office on Saturday, and Albert L. Judson, a bond broker.

The Additional October Grand Jury in New York County accuses the three of having wrongfully taken that amount from the State through two specific purchases of municipal bonds by the Controller for the State from Judson at prices alleged to have been above the market value.

The prospect of further indictments was inferred from a presentment handed up to Judge John F. McIntyre in the General Sessions Court by the Grand Jurors, who announced that they had not completed their work. The document also called the attention of the Legislature and the Governor "to the extreme laxity of the methods by which these public funds have been invested."

Within a few minutes of the returning of the indictments, the defendants and their lawyers, warned of what was impending, were in court. They pleaded not guilty, with the usual permission to alter the plea later. All three promptly were released on the nominal bail of $5,000 each, furnished by a surety company. None of their lawyers would comment on the cases, Max D. Steuer, who represents Mr. Travis, announcing that he would make a statement today.

The comments made by the defendants themselves were as follows:

Controller Travis: "I have no statement to make at this time. All I can say is that I am innocent of the charges against me, and this innocence will be shown in due time."

Deputy Controller Wendell: "Not a word."

Albert L. Judson: "Indictments seem to be as popular nowadays as appendicitis used to be."

Heavy Penalties Involved.

If any of the defendants are convicted they can be sentenced to ten years' imprisonment on each of the grand larceny charges and to five years' imprisonment on each of the wrongful conversion charges, plus a fine of five times the amounts alleged to have been so converted, a total possible fine of $1,158,250.

The indictments against Mr. Wendell will not prevent his taking office on New Year's Day nor prevent him from discharging the duties of the office, in the opinion of Attorney General Newton, expressed in Albany last night.

The indictments are the direct outgrowth of charges made against the Controller last June by The Brooklyn Daily Times. At that time Mr. Travis, with the backing of the Kings County Republican organization, was the leading Republican aspirant for the nomination for Governor. The organization appointed a committee to investigate the allegations that Mr. Travis had been guilty of favoritism and laxity in purchasing bonds with surplus State funds, but the evidence in the hands of the Brooklyn newspaper was turned over to District Attorney Swann of New York County and the committee decided not to function. Mr. Travis meantime had renounced his candidacy, explaining that he would not remain in the field if his honor was to be attacked.

Assistant District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora was assigned by Mr. Swann to handle the case. After several weeks' quiet investigation by him, Mr. Swann decided that his assistant should present the case in open court before Presiding Justice Frederic Kernochan of the Court of Special Sessions, sitting as a Magistrate in John Doe proceedings, in order that the interests of Mr. Wendell, who had become a candidate to succeed his chief as Controller, might not be unfairly jeopardized.

Travis Fined for Contempt.

Hearings were held in October, and on Nov. 6 Justice Kernochan presented his decision, holding that the Controller had violated two State statutes relating to the audit and payment of claims against the State. At the same time he fined Mr. Travis $250 for seventeen refusals to answer questions as to his personal financial transactions, which he lumped as a single contempt of court. An appeal from the contempt conviction is pending.

Justice Kernochan admitted he was uncertain as to what action could be had in the case of Judson, and held that there had not been adduced sufficient testimony to hold Wendell. Previously the court had refused to allow Wendell's private financial transactions to be entered into in open court when Colonel William Hayward, his counsel, objected on the ground that he was a candidate for public office.

Mr. Pecora then took the evidence adduced in the proceedings, together with additional data, to the Additional October Grand Jury, with the result that it

Wilson Refuses $150,000 Offer for Article; Not Worth Such a Price, He Tells Syndicate

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29. — President Wilson has refused an offer of $150,000 for the first article to be written by him after he leaves office. This was stated at the White House today.

Details were not given, but the offer is said to have come from a newspaper syndicate which proposed to sell the article to a large number of newspapers.

In declining the offer President Wilson took the position that no article from his pen or that of any other man was worth $150,000. He contended, it is understood, that acceptance of the offer would not only be placing a false valuation on his writing, but would be taking an unfair advantage of the syndicate.

Many offers have been made to President Wilson in recent months for books and magazine articles. He is said to have accepted none, but it is well understood among his friends that he contemplates writing a history of his Administration, or that part of it covering American participation in the World War, with particular reference to the Peace Conference.

There has been a marked improvement in the President's state of health of late. He has shown much interest in his contemplated work and is said to have gathered an enormous amount of data, much of it from the official records.

Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to the President, is also being overwhelmed with offers from publishers and syndicate managers to write of his experiences during the Wilson Administration.

In view of his decision not to accept public office, but to devote himself to the practise of law in Washington, Mr. Tumulty is in a position to write his reminiscences and it is expected that he will do so.

FALL MALL Rounds—You'll like the idea—a free and easy draught.—Advt.

SIX (6) SELL-ANS in a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

FLORIDA—5 THROUGH TRAINS DAILY. Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Office, 1,346 Broadway (32d St.). Tel. Longacre 1666.—Advt.

as it is alleged the bonds in reality were not worth in excess of $865 each. Thus the State is said to have acquired from Mr. Judson bonds for its Sinking Fund at an excess over their true value of $100,000.

Another indictment for each of the two offenses concerns the payment on Jan. 14, 1919, for $.250 City of New York bonds at $986.25, whereas they were worth only $826.25, the three defendants being accused of having wrongfully converted $120,000 by the transaction.

Jurors Tell of Lax Methods.

With the four indictments there was handed up this presentment, signed by John F. Dillon, foreman of the Grand Jury:

Hon. John F. McIntyre, Judge of the Court of General Sessions in and for the City and County of New York.

Sir: The Additional Grand Jury of the County of New York for the October, 1920, term has for several weeks past been engaged in the investigation of certain acts connected with the investment and administration by the State Controller's office of the sinking and trust funds of the State of New York. This investigation, initiated by the Hon. Edward Swann, District Attorney of the County of New York, has been ably conducted before us by Assistant District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora with marked fidelity and fairness toward witnesses and the accused.

We have presented to this court several true bills, which we have found upon the evidence submitted to us in this investigation, and our labors thereon are not yet concluded. We deem it be our duty at this time, however, in view of the fact that the Legislature will soon convene, through this court to call the attention of that body and the attention of the Governor to the extreme laxity of the methods by which these public funds have been invested. These methods, in our opinion, do not properly safeguard the interests of the people. We earnestly recommend that the Legislature devote serious effort to the correction by suitable legislation of the abuses which under lax methods have characterized the investment of these public funds.

JOHN F. DILLON, Foreman.

Enters Pleas of Not Guilty.

Mr. Travis, who has been Controller since Jan. 1, 1915, and who for twenty-five years has gradually extended the sphere of his political influence from the Eleventh Assembly District in Brooklyn, where he lives, having served three terms in the State Senate before he became Controller, was the first of the defendants to appear. Nervous and seeming to have aged in appearance, he came into court accompanied by his attorney, Max D. Steuer, who entered for him a plea of not guilty.

Mr. Wendell appeared at the bar a moment later, accompanied by John B. Stanchfield of Stanchfield & Levy, his counsel, who entered a similar plea. Mr. Wendell has been in the State Controller's office nearly twenty-seven years, having risen to and maintained the position of Chief Deputy under both Republican and Democratic Administrations and having enjoyed varied political friendships. He was elected Controller last month by a plurality in excess of 500,000 votes, though he was under fire throughout the campaign. He will celebrate his forty-third birthday. He lives in Albany.

Mr. Judson, who lives in the Hotel Plaza and has an office at 30 East Forty-second Street, was the last to appear. His attorney, Walter R. Herrick, a former State Senator, entered the plea of not guilty for him.

It was on the motion of Mr. Pecora, who told the court there was no likelihood of the defendants not appearing for trial, that the court fixed low bail. Mr. Steuer, for all the counsel, moved for permission to inspect the minutes. Mr. Pecora opposed the motion, and Judge McIntyre set tomorrow as the day for considering the motion.

The two indictments for grand larceny to which the three defendants pleaded were of the usual printed form with the amount and date of the alleged felonies filled in. The two indictments under Section 1,864 also were identical, except for the dates and amounts of the transactions.

The indictment alleging the conversion of $100,650 referred to the "moral obligation sale" which was the sensation of the John Doe proceedings. William S. Fanshawe of Fanshawe & Co. testified that the bonds sold on Nov. 16, 1917, through Judson, his associate, were delivered at a compromise price representing a loss to him of $100,000, the Controller being under a "moral obligation" to pay for them at a price agreed upon one year before, though the market price meantime had declined. A decline from $895 to $845 is alleged in the indictment.

Subsequently Mr. Travis issued a statement, in which he declared this transaction was the one blot on his administration, not because the State had paid for bonds in excess of their value, but because he had "squeezed" Fanshawe and had acquired the bonds at $100,000 less than the price orally agreed upon nearly twelve months before the sale was consummated.

The testimony in the John Doe proceedings which the indictments largely were based showed that during Controller Travis's incumbency Judson cleared about $800,000 through the sale of bonds to the State. He had been able to get them from large financial institutions without putting up a single dollar or a single piece of collateral for security, and without making any advance or partial payments. Payment for the bonds was made to Wall brokers from whom Judson obtained them, usually the Fanshawe firm or Gibbons & Co., of which firm the members were Colonel William Fairservis and George B. Gibbons.

Particular interest attached to a letter offered in evidence by Mr. Pecora, signed by the Controller with a rubber stamp by Wendell's initials. The letter was on the official stationery of the State Controller's office and showed that in the purchase of $3,250,000 worth of bonds from the Metropolitan Trust Company he was authorized to act as agent of the Controller. Mr. Travis, who waived immunity, denied on the stand that he wrote the letter. Mr. Wendell also denied its authorship, but thought it might have been written by his stenographer.

The allegations at the John Doe proceedings was that Judson had made to the State during Controller Travis's administration seventeen sales aggregating $30,000,000 worth of municipal bonds on which he had made a total profit of $1,000,000. Judson testified he put no limit on his profits but got all he could from the State.

LOOK TO US TO MAKE DISARMAMENT MOVE

British Papers Continue to Discuss Proposals—Daily News Says League Should Act.

LONDON, Dec. 29 (Associated Press).—Again today almost the entire press is discussing the idea of a conference to limit naval armaments, which has been welcomed with great enthusiasm but with the general expression of the view that it is a subject on which the United States should take the initiative. It is assumed by the newspapers that the British Government would warmly welcome an international conference.

The Globe in an editorial article declares that no British Government could stand for a single day which proposed an anti-American alliance between Great Britain and Japan, and that should Japan refuse to join an Anglo-American agreement for reducing armaments, Great Britain could not remain in an alliance with Japan.

The Liverpool Post, discussing the question, thinks the situation will demonstrate to the United States the advisability, for its own sake, of joining the League of Nations.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The Daily News in an editorial article says:

"Our Lobby correspondent makes the important statement that the British Government is definitely in favor of such an international conference on disarmament as has been proposed by Mr. Daniels. The League of Nations is clearly the body predestined to deal with this question."

People of Culver, Ind., Rise and Fight Them with Any Weapons at Hand.

2 OF PURSUERS WOUNDED

Five Bandits Captured After Rifling Cash Drawers but Before Looting Safe.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—One hundred residents of Culver, Ind., armed with rifles, shotguns and revolvers, fought a running battle through the streets of the town for nearly half an hour today with five bandits who had held up the State Exchange Bank and robbed it of between $1,500 and $2,000. Two of the pursuers were wounded, one severely, in the fight, which ended in the capture of all five men and the recovery of the money.

The robbers drove to the town in two touring cars, one of which they left in a piece of woods at the edge of the town. The five entered the other car and drove up in front of the bank shortly after 1 o'clock. Inside were William Osborn, the cashier; Assistant Cashier Carl Adams, Irene Bogardus, Miss Esther Sibal, a clerk, and William O'Connor, a business man.

Two of the gunmen entered the bank and ordered Osborn and the others to hold up their hands. The bank employes and O'Connor were ordered to back into a room at the rear, where the two stood guard as a third robber entered the bank and began rifling the cash drawers. He stuffed the money into his pockets as he went along toward the safe, which stood open, allowing free access to $20,000 in notes inside.

By this time the suspicions of a number of residents had been aroused by the appearance of the car in front of the bank. A man who peered through the bank windows hurried away shouting, "It's a hold-up!"

One of the two robbers who had remained in the car leaped out with a drawn revolver. He prodded the man in the stomach with his gun, and ordered him back into a butcher shop next door to the bank, in which there were four other persons. Then he ordered all five into the refrigerator and locked the door.

By this time several other residents had taken up the cry. A telephone girl blew a fire whistle and spread the alarm by phone. By the time the robber emerged from the butcher shop bullets began to fly in the direction of the car.

The robber reached the car and both he and the driver began answering the fire, which came from doorways and windows along the street. Russell Saine, a hardware merchant, fell to the sidewalk with a bullet in his neck. Jerome Sheial, a farmer, was shot in the hip. The robber who was pocketing the loot in the bank had just reached the safe when the firing began.

"Well, let's go," said one of the others.

The three were slowly backing toward the door when the driver of the car sped away. Several farmers had opened up with shotguns and the rain of buckshot was becoming too hot for him. He had received a slight flesh wound in the hand.

The three in the bank, trapped, hesitated to rush through the buckshot barrage.

Show us another way out of this place, and be damned quick about it," said the leader to Osborn. "We won't hurt you or any of you people. We wouldn't harm a hair of your head but we've got to get out, and you had better help us."

Osborn led the way through a trap door to the cellar, and pointed to an exit at the rear.

The three leaped through it and darted down an alley. The posse, was upon at their heels and bullets sped over and around them as they ran. One robber was found under a brush pile. The other two gave themselves up.

In the meantime automobiles had taken up the pursuit of the robber car. One of the men left the machine a mile out of town, leaving the wounded driver to continue alone. The driver, Joseph Bowers, was captured an hour later at his home at Knox, Ind.

The three men captured on foot gave their names as Art Silbert, J. R. Burns and Peter Fox, and said their homes were in Chicago. Later, one of them was identified as Robert Osborn, said to be a distant relative of the cashier. A second was said to be a man named Miller and the third a resident of Over, Ind.

STEALS BOGUS NOTES.

Barefooted Burglar in Museum of Natural History Eludes Watchman.

When George Zimmerman of 48 South Eighth Avenue, Mount Vernon, a watchman in the Museum of Natural History, was making his rounds of the institution on Tuesday night he came across a barefooted man looting an exhibit case on the third floor of the building, overlooking Columbus Avenue and Seventy-seventh Street.

The man had forced the glass door of the permanent exhibit of the Health Department on a platform near one of the windows, and as Zimmerman started to creep up on him with his pistol in his hand, the intruder ran toward the stairway leading to the main entrance on the Seventy-seventh Street side.

Zimmerman fired a shot at the man as he leaped down the stairway four steps at a time, but the man ran to the cellar, and, plunging through a heavy plate glass window, climbed a six-foot wall to the lawn, and escaped into Columbus Avenue.

The watchman then hurried back to the third floor, where he found that the man had extracted four stacks of bogus notes used as a means of warning visitors of the ease with which disease germs are distributed.

Zimmerman explained to Detectives Leonard and Golding of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station that the man, who was a foreigner and of stocky build, evidently thought the value of the notes to be $400, as a sign in the exhibit case represented them to be of that value.

The man got only $4 in good money, however, a one-dollar note having been placed on each stack to give them the appearance of containing genuine money.

The burglar left his shoes in the hallway near the stairway on the second floor, and it is believed he had been prowling about the Museum for hours in quest of booty.

NEGRO CAUGHT AFTER HOLD-UP

Capture in Theatre District Follows Attack Upon Tailor.

Leonard Dewey, a negro, 18 years old, of 226 West Sixty-second Street, was captured after a chase through the theatre district last night. He was charged with assaulting and robbing Julius Margolies, a tailor of 560 Fox Street, the Bronx. Another negro escaped.

Margolies was in his shop at 218 West Fifty-third Street, when two negroes entered. One hit him with a club and took $4 and the two fled. Margolies followed them into the street, shouting for help. A policeman responded and Dewey was caught at Broadway and Fifty-second Street. He was identified by Margolies as the man who struck him.

FIFTEEN ENTER SING SING.

New Batch of New York Criminals Have Total of 111 Years to Serve.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Dec. 29.—Fifteen new arrivals, mostly burglars and robbers, sentenced to a minimum total of 111 years, were received by Warden Lewis E. Lawes at Sing Sing today to start prison sentences for crimes in New York City. Warden Lawes has accommodations for only a few more, after today's big rush. Examination of their commitment papers by Chief Clerk James W. Evers disclosed that their minimum sentences averaged seven and one-half years.

[illegible] and Towns Near Here.

Jerome B. Chaffee and Harry Bitzburger, ex-convicts, arrested Tuesday afternoon in front of the Hotel St. Andrew, Broadway and Seventy-second Street, in connection with the burglary ten days ago of the First National Bank at Milltown, N. J., were held without bail yesterday by Magistrate Mancuso in the West Side Court to await extradition. The Magistrate also held Chester J. Levine, arrested with Chaffee and Bitzburger, in $15,000 for examination next Friday on suspicion of being connected with the attempt to dispose of some of the $27,000 worth of securities stolen from the bank.

The capture of Chaffee and Bitzburger by detectives after a struggle, in which the officers drew their pistols, was brought about by Detective Fred Davis of the staff of Prosecutor Stricker of Middlesex County, N. J.

Detective Davis said yesterday that when armed civilians surrounded the bank in Milltown on the morning of Dec. 20 last they saw an automobile standing in a road near by. After "Sailor" Voorhees and Walter Watson, two of the bank robbers, were caught, Detective Davis took the number of the license. He learned that it had been issued to Chaffee, who gave his address as 238 West Seventy-third Street.

Police officials in Westchester County reported yesterday that Chaffee and Bitzburger were believed to be members of a band which has looted many homes in that country.

The police of New Rochelle were seeking Voorhees and Watson for burglaries there as a result of a confession by Arthur B. Clayton, recently sent to Sing Sing, who implicated them.

Fingerprints on a safe in Pelham Manor, robbed of Liberty bonds and jewelry valued at $5,000, were believed to be those of Chaffee and Bitzburger, it was said.

The men also are alleged to have participated in the robbery of $7,000 worth of clothing from the store of Charles Wellers at Peekskill and of $5,000 worth of liquors from the country home of Harold Stearns at Tarrytown. Several other suburban robberies are attributed to them.

Inspector Coughlin received word from Pittsburgh last night that Bitzburger's real name was Lloyd Henry Bitzburger and that he was the son of John P. Bitzburger, a wealthy plumber of Lancaster. Bitzburger appeared in Lancaster last October and soon afterward a bakery was robbed and $3,000 in Liberty bonds taken from a safe. On Nov. 11 Bitzburger was married at Harrisburg and five days later the First National Bank at Landisville, six miles from Lancaster, was entered and between $100,000 and $150,000 in negotiable securities taken. Bitzburger disappeared on the day of the robbery.

13 FREED FROM PRISON DURING CRIME WAVE

Charles Isola Among Those Released at Sing Sing—Most of Them From New York City.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, Dec. 29.—More than a dozen burglars and robbers, including Charles Isola, who served eight years for a Manhattan robbery, have been released from Sing Sing prison during the recent crime wave in New York City. Most of the offenders had been committed from New York City.

Some who have been freed in the last few days were:

For robbery—Melvin Myers of New York County; for burglary—Abraham Krauss of Manhattan, H. C. McGuiness of the Bronx, Robert Murphy of Manhattan; attempted burglary—Benjamin Masour of the Bronx; for grand larceny—Robert Carroll, Victor Sezak, Harry Gordon and Antonio Romeo of Manhattan; Robert Shannon, Gabriel Rosenthal and Charles Palma of Brooklyn.

SEEKS TO CLEAR LORESCH.

Attorney Attacks His Indictment for Police Lieutenant's Murder.

The validity of the murder indictment against Nicholas Loresch, driver of the taxicab from which the bullet was fired that killed Police Lieutenant Floyd Horton on Dec. 16, was attacked yesterday by his attorney, Bernard H. Sandler, who sought permission from Judge McIntyre in General Sessions to examine the Grand Jury minutes. Sandler told the court that undue consideration was accorded to two of the witnesses, Mrs. Lucille E. Brooks and John Cavanaugh, by taking them before the Grand Jury without asking them to sign waivers of immunity.

Assistant District Attorney E. D. Dineen, of the Homicide Bureau, who opposed Sandler's motion, submitted a copy of the Grand Jury minutes to Judge McIntyre. The Court reserved decision.

DEFY BURGLAR ALARMS.

Thieves Disappear With Valuable Furs as Police Arrive.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 29.—Furs worth about $40,000 were stolen here early this morning from under the very noses of the police and detectives of private alarm systems in two of the most daring robberies staged in this city during the present crime wave.

In the first, thieves got away with $24,000 worth of furs by smashing in the front door of the Expert Furriers, a large concern on Arch Street. The door was equipped with the most modern and powerful system of anti-burglar devices. The thieves worked calmly while alarms went off at the detective agency and in the police station near by. Five minutes after the door was smashed in a score of detectives and police arrived on the scene in time to get the number of an automobile which is believed to have carried off the furs.

The other fur robbery was carried out much the same way in West Philadelphia.

FAVORS JERSEY PISTOL LAW.

Le Brun, in Letter to Gov. Edwards, Commends the Movement.

A letter to Governor Edwards, commending the movement in New Jersey to enact a law restricting sale and possession of pistols, was made public here yesterday, by George P. Le Brun, Secretary to the Chief Medical Examiner and of the Legislative Society for the Preservation of Human Life.

"While statistics of shootings, both homicidal and suicidal, compiled by me, have shown an annual decrease," he wrote, "yet the fact that pistols are sold without any restriction in New Jersey has practically nullified the law in this State, and in the majority of the shootings resulting in death in this city investigation has revealed the pistol was purchased either in Jersey City or Newark."

Mr. Le Brun said he was also preparing proposed amendments to the Sullivan law so that permits may be issued in this city only by the Police Commissioner, and in other parts of the State by Judges of courts of record.

Assassin Sneaks From Hallway, Shoots Man and Escapes as Scores Look On.

ENRIGHT SHIFTS 129 MEN

Takes Them Off Patrol Duty to Guard Raided Houses—Few Crimes Reported.

A gambling feud is believed by the police to be responsible for the shooting and killing yesterday morning of Salvatore Mauro, 35 years old, as he was walking in front of 232 Chrystie Street.

The shooting was witnessed by fifty men and women on their way to work in neighboring industrial plants. When four witnesses attempted to intercept the slayer as he ran to the hallway at 230 Chrystie Street, he wheeled about, and, leveling his pistol at them, drove them half way down the block in the direction of East Houston Street.

Mauro was part owner of an importing business at 292 Elizabeth Street. He left his home in the tenement at 121 East Houston Street and started in a southerly direction through Chrystie Street, shortly before 9 o'clock. Several men and women who were walking behind the man when he was shot told the police he kept glancing from side to side, nervously clutching a bulky object in the right side pocket of his overcoat.

When he had passed a few feet beyond the hallway of the tenement at 232, a stockily built man, evidently an Italian, ran from the hallway and, when within two feet of Mauro, pulled a pistol and shot Mauro through the back. The bullet penetrated Mauro's heart, killing him instantly.

Slayer Evades Blows; Escapes.

Several men near the victim struck to disarm the slayer, but he evaded their blows and jumping over Mauro's body ran into the tenement house, one door south.

Policeman Smolick of the Fifth Street Station, was standing less than a block away. With the report of the pistol he ran up, and followed the slayer into the tenement at 230.

Meantime several persons telephoned to Police Headquarters, and in ten minutes reserves from the East Fifth Street Station surrounded the block. Smolick reported, however, that the slayer evidently had escaped into Allen Street through a back yard.

Captain Arthur Carey of the Homicide Bureau learned that Mauro frequently was seen in the company of men known in the vicinity as gamblers. It was reported that one of these had threatened Mauro's life. At Mauro's home detectives found considerable gambling paraphernalia.

Captain Carey said Mauro was not on the way to his place of business when shot down, and intimated that the slain man went through Chrystie Street in quest of the man who threatened him.

Nunzier Neglier, brother-in-law of Mauro and his partner in business, said he knew of no reason for the shooting. He never had heard that Mauro had any enemies among the gamblers.

129 Policemen Get "Soft Berths."

Despite the fact that Commissioner Enright several days ago told the Board of Estimate the department needed 769 additional policemen to efficiently cope with the crime situation, the bulletin of special orders yesterday revealed that 129 policemen had been withdrawn in the preceding twenty-four hours from patrol duty and assigned to guard gambling and disreputable houses raided by the police.

In addition to the precinct men assigned to those "soft berths," the Commissioner shifted thirty-one policemen from sanitary inspection work, under the Health Commissioner, to guard such places. The assignment of so large a number of men to such work caused considerable comment in the force.

Coincident with this assignment it became known that the sidecar motor cycle patrol would be started at 4 o'clock this afternoon in the Bronx, Queens and Staten Island. Thirty-nine new motor cycles, with a sergeant and a policeman in each, will be put into service. Commissioner Enright had explained to the Board of Estimate that not only would the outlying section of the city be more efficiently patrolled by this means, but it also was expected that better service would be obtained from patrolmen. Within the next week, it was said, the Commissioner expected to put forty-one more motor cycle squads on duty.

When a detective saw a youth counting a large roll of bills in front of the Pennsylvania Terminal last evening he questioned him. The boy said he was Walter Aydent, 17 years old, of 115 Castle Shannon, Pittsburgh, but refused to tell where he got the money. He was taken to the station, where the money was found to total $5,000 in small bills. The Pittsburgh Chief of Police was notified and a few hours later word was received to hold the boy, who was wanted for the theft of the money from Frank Mustach, a mine foreman. Aydent then confessed. The boy had just purchased a ticket for Arizona when arrested.

Mysterious thefts from tenants in the apartment house at 300 West Seventh Street were cleared up last night with the arrest of Joseph Novotny, 42 years old, a fireman. He is charged with stealing a suit of clothes from the apartment of John Reeda.

Detectives investigating recent thefts in the house said they saw Novotny peering through a skylight into an apartment on the top floor. They arrested him on suspicion and, according to the detectives, he admitted having committed all the thefts of the last three weeks and of having served twenty-two years in prison.

Three Held on Holdup Charge.

Magistrate Douras in the Essex Market Court held three men in $15,000 bail each for examination on a charge of holding up John Schultz in a restaurant at 22 Second Avenue on Tuesday night. Schultz, who said he resided in a lodging house on the Bowery, said that while seated at a table he began to count $180 in bills.

He told the Magistrate that Joseph Anlidkowitz, 25, of 712 East Sixth Street; John Canascho, 25, of 172 Fourth Street, Long Island City, and Charles Lapotsky, 27, of 234 Second Street, jumped on him, knocked him down and ran out of the restaurant with his money.

Judge Haskell in the Kings County Court imposed a ten-year sentence on Thomas Starr of 241 State Street, Albany, on his second conviction in the last ten years on a burglary charge. Starr, who is 28 years old, admitted he was sentenced to eight years in Sing Sing in 1911.

$500 A MONTH TO WIFE.

Woman Says Art Dealer Brought Girl Into Her Household.

Supreme Court Justice Cohalan yesterday directed Emile Rey, art dealer of New York and Paris, to pay $500 a month alimony to his wife, Mrs. Euphrosine Rey, pending suit for separation on the ground of cruelty. Mrs. Rey alleges that her husband transferred his affections to a French girl whom the plaintiff was compelled to accept as a member of her household.

Rey, who is Vice President of the General Association of Alsatians and Lorrainers in America, and was decorated with the Cross of the Legion of Honor by the French Government, superintended the transfer of the Morgan art collection from London to the Metropolitan Museum.

Continued from Page 7, Column 3.

piled with such remarkable success in measuring the diameter of Betelgeuse.

The method of Professor Michelson has also been applied by a member of the staff at the Mount Wilson Observatory to the measurement of the star Capella, which has been known from spectroscopic evidence to be really a double star, though the two stars are so near together as to appear as one through the most powerful telescopes. By means of Professor Michelson's attachment to the eight-foot telescope it was possible to measure the minute angle of .045 second subtended by the two stars and to determine their successive positions as they revolved in their orbits. The calculated and observed results agreed with astonishing precision, the maximum error being .0001 of a second. The magnitude of this exceedingly small angle can be appreciated by the fact that it is roughly equal to that which would be subtended by a pinhead at a distance of more than a thousand miles.

Michelson's Device the Work of Years.

Professor Michelson, generally recognized as the foremost authority in the world on the subject of light, has been working on the principles involved in the mechanism of this device for a number of years. He perfected the idea last Summer, but kept the matter a secret from all except his most intimate associates.

He took the plans out to the Mount Wilson observatory in California last Summer and after some preliminary instructions left his assistants to conduct the tests with the device. Yesterday Professor Michelson received a telegram from the observatory announcing the success of the contrivance in its first experiment.

"There has never before been any means of direct measurement of the stars," said Professor Forrest Moulton, the well-known astronomer of the University of Chicago, in commenting upon the invention.

"The principles of the device are so sound that the figures may be accepted as absolutely accurate. This first test introduces us to a conception of celestial bodies of magnitudes hitherto unmeasured and almost beyond comprehension. This is just another notable achievement in the life of Professor Michelson, which has been devoted to intensive research in the subject of light."

Professor Michelson is a scientist of unique distinction in America and elsewhere. He has made one of the most accurate determinations of the velocity of light and has applied the methods of light interference to numerous delicate physical measurements of lengths and angles, among which was his accurate determination of standards of lengths for the French Government. The famous Michelson-Morley light experiment gave much of the inspiration out of which has grown the Einstein theory of relativity.

A Recipient of the Nobel Prize.

Professor Michelson is one of a very small group of scientists who have been awarded the Nobel prize for their researches.

He has been considered for many years America's leading scientist. He was born at Streino, Germany, in 1852. His primary education was obtained in the public schools of San Francisco. He then sought an appointment to the United States Naval Academy. President Grant found a place for him and he was graduated a midshipman in 1873. After a service of two years at sea he became an instructor in physics and chemistry at the Naval Academy, this really being the start of his career as scientist.

He became so enamored of scientific research that he resigned from the service in 1881, studied two years abroad and then was appointed Professor of Physics in the Case School of Applied Science in Cleveland, holding that position for six years. From 1889 to 1892 he was similarly engaged at Clark University, Worcester, Mass. He was then called to the chair of the department of physics at the University of Chicago, a position which he has ever since held.

The first international recognition of Professor Michelson came to him with his calculation of the velocity of light. More than thirty years ago by a method of his own devising he demonstrated that the earth, instead of slipping through the medium which transmits light, the so-called ether, drags this medium along with it. His experiments along this line resulted in his development of the interferometer, which then was the most efficient instrument devised for analyzing the spectra of incandescent gases and vapors.

Some time later Professor Michelson applied his interference methods to astronomical and spectroscopical measurements and ascertained the diameters of the satellites of the planet Jupiter.

After subsequently specializing in the improvement of scientific instruments Professor Michelson brought out the echelon, which has a solving power many times as great as the largest diffraction grating. It was for this distinguished service rendered to science with his echelon and interferometer that the Nobel Prize for Physics was awarded to him in 1907.

Honored by England, America, Germany.

In 1907 also Professor Michelson received the Royal Society's Copley Prize, the highest scientific honor that can be bestowed in the British Empire. He has received medals and honorary degrees from the Franklin Institute of Philadelphia, the Paris Academy of Sciences, the University of Leipsic, the University of Göttingen and many others.

In 1915 the public was informed that Professor Michelson had ruled 120,000 perfectly straight and parallel lines on a piece of metal 6 inches by 3 inches in area. The metal was a diffraction grating. It split a ray of light into the greatest number of shades of color ever seen. It measured differences between the wave lengths of various colored rays down to a millionth part of a centimeter, or one three-millionth of an inch, recording colors no human eye had ever seen.

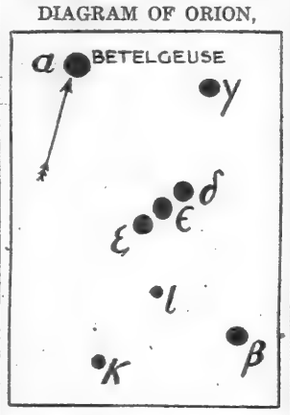
Professor Michelson's special work has been the study of light—the light that passes between planets and stars and suns.

Professor Michelson is a brother of Charles Michelson, now the Washington correspondent of The New York World, and of Miss Miriam Michelson of San Francisco, author of "In the Bishop's Carriage," "The Madigans," "A Yellow Journalist," "The Duchess of Suds" and "The Superwoman." Professor Michelson is the father of Albert Heminway Michelson, formerly in the American consular service.



The shaded portion of the diagram shows the size of Betelgeuse compared with the orbits of our planets. As will be seen, the star would nearly fill the orbit of Mars. The sun and the planets as shown here are greatly exaggerated. The sun, for example, if correctly drawn to scale, would be only 1-150th of an inch in diameter. It would take 27,000,000 suns like it to equal Betelgeuse, although the diameter of our sun is 856,000 miles.

DIAGRAM OF ORION,



Showing the colossal star Betelgeuse, whose diameter is 260,000,000 miles; one of the most brilliant stars in the sky on a clear Winter evening

PEASE AND ANDERSON AIDED.

Measurements With Michelson's Device Taken at Mt. Wilson.

By GEORGE ELLERY HALE,

Director of Mt. Wilson Observatory of the Carnegie Institution.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 29.—On Dec. 13, 1920, the diameter of the brightest red star, Betelgeuse (Arabic for "the Giant's Shoulder), in the constellation of Orion was successfully measured on Mt. Wilson. Stars are so remote that hitherto it has not been possible to measure their diameters, in spite of the fact that many stars must be much larger than the sun.

In his Presidential address last August before the British Association for the Advancement of Science, Professor A. S. Eddington, the well-known astronomer of the University of Cambridge, remarked:

"Probably the greatest need of stellar astronomy at the present day, in order to make sure that our theoretical deductions are starting on the right lines, is some means of measuring the apparent angular diameter of stars."

He then went on to predict that "the star with the greatest apparent diameter is almost certainly Betelgeuse, diameter 0.051 seconds of arc."

The result thus obtained is a remarkable verification of this prediction.

The measurement was made with the 100-inch Hooker telescope by Messrs. Pease and Anderson of the observatory staff. No telescope is powerful enough to measure directly the extremely small angle subtended by a star. This very difficult and delicate task is rendered possible by a method devised by Professor Michelson, director of the Ryerson Physical Laboratory of the University of Chicago and research associate of the Mount Wilson Observatory and California Institute of Technology.

While this method is too technical to be clearly explained in a short article, it may be said that it is based upon the phenomenon known as the interference of light. A special instrument devised by Professor Michelson for the application of the method is therefore called an interferometer, and a very large instrument of this kind, 20 feet in length, was recently built in the observatory instrument shop.

During Professor Michelson's visit to Mount Wilson last Summer, this interferometer was attached to the upper end of the tube of the 100-inch telescope and successfully adjusted and tested. After further tests and improvements, it has now been applied to the measurement of Betelgeuse.

The measured angular diameter is 0.046 second of arc, in surprisingly close agreement with Professor Eddington's calculations. While this is a preliminary value which will be improved by subsequent measures, it is probably correct within 10 per cent.

To learn the linear diameter of the star, we must know its distance from the earth. The three available measures of the distance of Betelgeuse are not in a very close agreement, but their average is probably fairly reliable. Using this value, the diameter of the star comes out 300,000,000 miles. In other words, it would fill the entire orbit of Mars.

The colossal size of Betelgeuse will be recognized when it is compared with the sun, which is less than a million miles in diameter. The sun, if it were a hollow sphere, would contain a million bodies as large as the earth, or if the earth were placed at its centre, the moon, 240,000 miles away, could move in its orbit and have much room to spare. It is when we remember that the sun, in a state of very attenuated gas, many millions of years ago must have filled the entire solar system, we recognize the possibility that stars even larger than Betelgeuse may exist.

The new result beautifully confirms the recent conclusions of Russell and Hertzsprung, another student of stellar evolution. A few years ago Russell showed that there must be two great classes of stars, the giants, huge gaseous bodies in an early stage of development, and the dwarfs, which have condensed to the stage represented by our sun and by yellow and red stars whose life histories are still more advanced. The validity of Russell's views has been borne out by the investigations of Dr. Adams and his associates on Mount Wilson through the use of Adams' remarkable method of measuring the distance and intrinsic brightness of stars with the spectroscope.

The successful measurement of the actual diameter of a stellar giant now furnishes the last link in the chain and prepares the way for a most promising extension of our investigations on the formation and development of the stars.

HOW TO FIND BETELGEUSE.

Watch for It in Orion, Which Rises at About 8 o'Clock.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Discussing the report of the achievement of Professor Michelson in determining the enormous mass of the star Betelgeuse, Rear Admiral John Adrian Hoogewerff, now serving his second detail as Superintendent of the United States Naval Observatory, said tonight:

"Perfection of instruments for making stellar measurements of one sort or another is always important, and the results reported as having been achieved by the use of Professor Michelson's device mean that the astronomical world will now have at hand a new method for more accurately measuring the diameter and consequently the volume of the more distant fixed stars.

"Orion is one of the brightest constellations in the eastern skies. The story goes that Orion, a Greek mythical hero, a strong and handsome giant, after his death was placed among the stars, where he appears with a girdle, sword, lion's skin and club. Three of the stars in the constellation are in what is known as the girdle, another of the stars is Alpha Orionis, which now appears to be an even larger giant in the heavens than was suspected."

Professor Asaph Hall, one of the astronomers at the Naval Observatory, said:

"Alpha Orionis may be seen almost any clear evening in the eastern skies. Orion rises in the east about 8 o'clock, when the three stars in the girdle of the constellation appear. The bright star north of the belt is Alpha Orionis. The parallax of that star we know well. Professor Michelson's device is intended to enable us to get the angle with greater accuracy, and with that better known and the distance of that star determined, it is a matter of formula to work out the diameter and volume of the star."

HOTEL GUARD FIRES ON AN INCENDIARY

Attempt Is Made to Burn Another Building at Star Junction, Pa.

Special to The New York Times.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Dec. 29.—An attempt was made to set fire to the Junction House, a hotel at Star Junction, and the incendiary, caught in the act, was fired upon by guards, according to a report which reached headquarters of the State police here today.

Alarmed by the presence about the hotel for several evenings of men who acted suspiciously, the proprietors of the hotel on Monday evening employed guards to keep watch over the building.

At 3 o'clock yesterday morning the guards noticed a man on the first floor of the hotel and watching him, saw him strike a match and apply it to a pile of newspapers, which he had gathered in the corner. Immediately the guards rushed the incendiary, but he eluded them and dashed to freedom in the darkness, escaping a rain of shots which were sent after him.

The incendiary attempt and the near-capture created intense excitement at Star Junction, where three weeks ago the big Star Junction school house was destroyed by an incendiary fire. Eight rooms of the school have been rebuilt and will be ready for occupancy within a few weeks, it was stated today.

Yesterday's attempt, following closely on the heels of the discovery by a railroad crew of an alleged attempt to fire the Lebanon Avenue school, Uniontown, strengthens the theory of many, including County Commissioners, that the real firebug is still at large.

Two attempts to burn the First Presbyterian Church building at Fairchance, near here, were reported late tonight. Both times the blaze was discovered before it had gained much headway.

Less than twenty minutes after the discovery of the firebug in the hotel and his escape, William Heston and Samuel Baughman hurried into Star Junction and announced that the "phantom motor car" had passed them a few minutes before, going at a high rate of speed in the direction of Brownsville.

The two men were on their way to Star Junction, when they heard the shots. Less than five minutes had elapsed after the shots died away, according to both men, when a big closed car, carrying big lights of a greenish color, dashed by them. The men also noted that the "phantom car" carried two red lights behind instead of one.

Their description of the car tallied with that given by other persons who have observed it speeding away from the neighborhood of previous fires.

Additional claims have been filed with the County Commissioners for the $5,000 reward offered for the arrest and conviction of the incendiary.

ALFRED FRIED HOMELESS.

Appeal for Nobel Prize Winner Is Made in Vienna.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 29.—The president of the Journalists' organization is publishing an appeal to the people of Vienna to help get an apartment for the famous pacifist leader, Alfred Fried, bearer of the Nobel prize, who is shelterless.

This shows the difficulty of obtaining accommodations in Vienna unless at a prohibitive rent.

Scientists Witness Demonstration of a War Device by Professor Wood.

WOULD CONCEAL SIGNALS

Convention Also Hears Rhapsodies Discussed by Bolton Hall and Insurance by E. S. Lott.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—The development of a "chemical eye" through which rays of ordinarily invisible light could be seen, and which the discoverer said would prove of great help in warfare, was explained tonight by Professor Robert W. Wood of Johns Hopkins University, in an address before the convention of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

Professor Wood demonstrated a machine of his invention which produced ultra-violet rays invisible to the naked eye. His audience then viewed the rays through a wide-angle telescope device which caused them to become visible and to take on a phosphorescent appearance.

These rays and the detecting device were the result of the war, Professor Wood said, the Government having asked a group of scientists to produce a light which would be visible to those who knew of it but would be invisible to the enemy. The discovery was made shortly after the armistice.

"Airplanes, battleships or land forces could use it for signaling," he said. "Also it could be used on aviation fields for night landing of airplanes. It would point out the landing field, but would be visible only to the planes equipped with the detector. Its uses are unlimited in war."

Bolton Hall, New York lawyer, said the economics section of that regulation and control of business would never end high prices until "monopolistic control of land or of public rights" was taken from monopolistic hands.

A plea for more freedom in organizing the Bureau of War Risk Insurance was made by R. Cholmeley Jones, its director.

Extension of American insurance to foreign countries was advocated by Edson S. Lott of New York.

MARSHALL FIELD 3D GOES INTO BANKING

Joins a Chicago Firm of Investment Dealers and Will Head the New Concern.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—Despite the wealth already acquired and eventually to be inherited from the estate of his grandfather, Marshall Field 3d is going to engage in the buying and selling of investment securities. A formal statement, issued tonight, says:

"Marshall Field announces his plans to engage in the investment banking business in Chicago.

"Mr. Field has chosen for his associates in this work the partners of the firm of Glore, Ward & Co., and with them has incorporated under the name of Marshall Field, Glore, Ward & Co.

Mr. Field is said to be ambitious to have the name of Marshall Field occup

MAY NAME 2 CABINET MEMBERS ON JAN. 1

Harding Drops Interviews for Two Days While He Confers With More Leaders.

PACKERS AGAINST WALLACE

Chicago Delegation Calls — Representative Kelley Confers on Naval Appropriations.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 29.—Announcement made today that Senator Harding would see no correspondents during the day or tomorrow, coincided with the starting of rumors that the President-elect might give out his selections for Secretary of State and Secretary of the Treasury as a New Year's bulletin.

It was assumed that Mr. Harding wished to avoid discussion of Cabinet matters between then and now. He expects to have a visit from Chairman Will Hays before Saturday, while one of tomorrow's callers will be Senator Knox, who is coming from Washington with Edward B. McLean and H. M. Daugherty. The visit of Messrs. Knox and McLean is said here to be primarily to go over the plans for inauguration, Senator Knox heading the Congressional Committee and Mr. McLean being Chairman of the general committee.

The list of volunteer Cabinet framers was increased today by "Uncle Charlie" Patton, the 79-year-old Civil War veteran who has charge of press headquarters. He has been present at virtually every interview with Mr. Harding's visitors in the press headquarters. Today he picked his Cabinet and posted the following list on the wall:

Secretary of State, Charles Evans Hughes; Secretary of the Navy, John W. Weeks; Secretary of War, A. T. Hert; Secretary of the Interior, Frank M. Lowden. Secretary of Agriculture, H. C. Wallace; Attorney General, Harry M. Daugherty; Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Theodore Roosevelt.

In the Departments of State, Justice and Agriculture, "Uncle Charlie" confirms the judgment of most of those who are discussing the Cabinet. With regard to other posts, he asserted his independence. As proof of his caution, he pointed out, he was not prepared to select a Secretary of the Treasury, and in this he is supported by others, who are unwilling to decide between the influences exerted in behalf of Weeks, Reed, Dawes and Reynolds

Live Stock Men Against Wallace.

Representatives of a variety of interests called upon the President-elect today. A committee of Chicagoans, interested in live stock marketing, came to oppose the appointment of Henry C. Wallace of Des Moines as Secretary of Agriculture and to present arguments against the Kenyon-Kendrick bill for Federal regulation of the packing industry. This bill has had the active support of Mr. Wallace, whose editorials in his agricultural paper have been read into the Senate record by Mr. Kenyon.

The delegation consisted of Everett C. Brown, President of the National Live Stock Exchange; H. Stafford, President of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange, and Kay Wood, Chairman of the Legislative Committee of the National Live Stock Exchange. After the conference Mr. Brown said:

"While we do not feel at liberty to repeat anything Senator Harding said [illegible] New Jersey [illegible] they moved to [illegible] the present tenants [illegible] knew nothing [illegible] Western beef [illegible] announcement was as [illegible] for the benefit of [illegible] that Mr. Ide Valera is [illegible] at the home of his friend, [illegible] in New Rochelle." [illegible] 16 last night that she [illegible] de Valera in several [illegible] was surprised when told [illegible] that he was the guest of [illegible] Yours truly, [illegible] Does if you wish," she said. She [illegible] her husband was out of town, but declined to say where.

Kelley for Strong Naval Reserve.

Representative Patrick A. Kelley, who is Chairman of the subcommittee of the Appropriation Committee which has charge of naval matters, spent some time with Senator Harding, discussing questions of naval policy and appropriations.

Mr. Kelley explained afterward that in his view the potential strength of the Navy, quickly and readily available in case of necessity, was more important than its actual force at a given moment.

"By that I mean," he went on, "that if the naval vessels and industrial establishments are maintained at the point of absolute readiness of operation, and if the corps of officers is at all times sufficient to handle the navy, then the actual number of men in the organization is of secondary importance. At present we have a naval reserve, numbering something like 250,000 men, who have had six months to two years' service with the forces, and under the present law can receive thirty days' actual service each year, thus keeping them in touch with the operation of the navy.

"With such a reserve, thus efficient, it would be a matter of little time to fill out the organization for active service. Because of this, it is not of the utmost importance whether the enlisted personnel of the navy is 75,000 or 150,000. But great economy can be effected if the personnel is kept down, because every 1,000 men means an expenditure of $1,500,000 a year.

"It is thus a matter of the greatest importance what policy is to be adopted. The appropriation bill will be larger or smaller, according as it shall be determined whether the organization shall be in greater or less degree maintained in expectation of drawing from the reserve.

"The House committee has not reported the Naval bill yet. The estimates on which it was based asked for $379,000,000, the current Naval Appropriation Act provides $455,000,000, and I imagine the bill as reported will be rather less than the current year's budget. But this must necessarily depend on the policy that will be adopted in dealing with the features I have suggested.

"There has been a suggestion that we should reduce our building program. We already have twice the naval power of Japan, and when our current naval program and Japan's have been completed the relations will be about the same.

"In my judgment there is only one way to start the reduction of naval armaments and that is by agreement for proportional reductions. When our present naval program is completed we will have approximately the same strength as Great Britain and twice the strength of Japan. I should think that when that time comes it would be quite feasible for us to consider an agreement covering future construction, under which the proportions should remain unchanged."

Coal and Race Track Gambling.

Daniel B. Wents of Philadelphia, President of the National Coal Association, called on Senator Harding with Fred M. Upham, Treasurer of the Republican National Committee, who is also a coal man. Mr. Wents told Senator Harding that the situation as to bituminous production could now be regarded as very satisfactory.

Albert Sidney Gregg of Cleveland, General Superintendent of the American Ethic Reform Union, called upon Senator Harding to enlist his interest in a bill for the elimination of race track gambling to be brought before the next Congress. He stated that Senator Harding had given him a sympathetic hearing.

Mr. Gregg said that his organization hoped to obtain the influence of the "drys" forces for the suppression of gambling. He predicted that the main body of these forces would support this measure rather than follow those now advocating Sunday blue laws.

Victor F. Lawson, publisher of the Chicago Daily News, and Colonel Charles D. Warren of Detroit, former National Committeeman from Chicago, were others seen by Senator Harding today.

Harding Greets Aged Supporters.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 29.—Mr. and Mrs. Martin W. Frisbie of this city, who on their fiftieth wedding anniversary, Nov. 2, cast their votes for Harding, made public today a letter of thanks from the President-elect, in which he stated his pride that his father was a Civil War veteran, as is Mr. Frisbie, who served with a Connecticut regiment. The pair went to the polls together, Mr. Frisbie on crutches. He is 80 years old and his wife 76.

Harding Picks Cavalry Escort.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Troop A of the First Ohio Cavalry has been designated as President-elect Harding's personal escort in the inaugural parade. E. B. McLean, Chairman of the Inaugural Committee, was so informed today by Senator Harding. Troop A acted as escort to McKinley at his inauguration.

MARQUIS GONZALES DEAD.

Spanish Minister to Mexico Succumbs After Brief Illness.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 29.—Marquis Joaquin Gonzalez y Gonzalez, Spanish Minister to Mexico, died last night following a short illness.

The body of the Minister was placed this afternoon in a vault in the Spanish Cemetery. It will be removed under escort to Madrid in January. One thousand soldiers participated in the ceremony at the cemetery, which was attended by the diplomatic corps.

GIFTS TO POPE'S FUND.

650,000 Lire Received for Relief of Children in Europe.

ROME, Dec. 29.—The Osservatore Romano today prints the first list of offerings received as a result of a new appeal from Pope Benedict for the relief of poor children, sufferers from the war.

The list aggregates 650,000 lire, including 38,000 received from Rio Janeiro, 40,000 from the Philippine Islands and 28,000 from Mrs. Bellamy Storer, wife of the former United States Ambassador to Austria-Hungary.

PREDICTS FALL OF JAZZ.

Chicago Prophet Also Says Music Will Take Place of Booze.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—The demise of jazz music and a renaissance of good music were predicted by delegates to the National Music Teachers' Association today.

"Music," declared R. G. McCutchan, Secretary of the association, "will give the country the emotional stimulus formerly taken by booze. A singing nation is a contented nation. Music will drown out the insidious muttering of Red agitators."

DENIES BEING HOSTESS TO EAMON DE VALERA

Mrs. Maguire Contradicts Report That He Is Resting in Family Home in New Rochelle.

A report in The Advocate, a weekly Irish newspaper, that Eamon de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," was visiting a friend, James K. Maguire, [illegible] Mayor of Syracuse, at New Rochelle was denied by Mrs. Maguire [illegible] night at her home, 321 West 106th [illegible]

[illegible] reported that the [illegible] New Rochelle [illegible] they moved to [illegible] the present tenants [illegible] knew nothing [illegible] Western beef [illegible] announcement was as [illegible] for the benefit of [illegible] that Mr. de Valera is [illegible] at the home of his friend, [illegible] in New Rochelle." [illegible] 16 last night that she [illegible] de Valera in several [illegible] was surprised when told [illegible] that he was the guest of [illegible] Yours truly, [illegible] Does if you wish," she said. She [illegible] her husband was out of town, but declined to say where.

TO AID STARVING IRELAND.

Cardinal O'Connell Authorizes Raising of Fund in Boston.

BOSTON, Dec. 29.—A fund in aid of starving Irishmen and women was authorized by Cardinal O'Connell today.

His action was in response to the appeal by Bishop MacRory of Down and Connor, who cabled that the coming Winter threatens thousands of his people with starvation, that 10,000 Belfast workers are out of employment and that the Government's customary allowance "has for some reason so worked up to the present that the Catholic victimized workers are excluded from benefits." The Bishop added:

"Fully 50,000 Catholics are now on the verge of starvation in my diocese."

BUSINESS MEN ACT TO SAVE THE IRISH

Form Non-Political and Non-Sectarian Body to Relieve Starving People.

CARDINAL GIBBONS AT HEAD

Prominent Americans Join in Appeal for Co-operation of Every Class and Creed.

A committee of prominent business men of Irish ancestry, meeting in New York yesterday, organized "The American Committee for Relief in Ireland," for the announced purpose of saving the Irish race in Ireland from virtual annihilation through starvation. Heading the list of promoters of the movement is Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore. A preliminary fund of $300,000 has been underwritten to complete the work of organization and start the relief.

The committee, it is explained, is to be non-political and non-sectarian and its work will be conducted along the lines of the American relief work in Belgium. The co-operation of the American and British Governments in the movement is to be sought. Herbert Hoover, who headed the Belgium relief work, has been consulted and his advice has been promised.

The first step the new organization took was to issue an appeal to the American public, in which it said:

"In Ireland today thousands of women and children have been driven to the pitiful refuge of the fields and open country. Balbriggan, Granard, Tralee, Templemore, Trim, Tobercurry, Lisburn, Thurles and numerous other towns and villages have been burned and are in ruins. In Cork alone acres of business buildings and homes have been wiped out by fire. And grim Winter has overtaken the homeless.

"Over forty creameries, the co-operative plants of great and small communities, built by the Irish farmers, have been razed to the ground, and the economic units they served have been paralyzed.

"Thousands of workers have been thrown out of employment by the burning of factories and creameries, and in consequence of the generally disturbed conditions in Belfast alone 30,000 shipyard workers and their families are on the verge of starvation.

"The transportation system has broken down, so that it is difficult to distribute even such supplies as are available in Ireland.

Seeks Co-operation of All.

"To meet this appalling situation and to cope with it before it reaches a point where it may menace the very existence of the Irish people, the American Committee for Relief in Ireland has been formed. This committee is a non-political and non-sectarian body, solely humanitarian in aim, which seeks the co-operation of all those in whom human suffering evokes sympathy.

"This American committee purposes to succor relief to the women and children in Ireland, without regard to political or religious distinctions, through trained relief workers, distributing foodstuffs, clothing, building materials and medical stores.

"The suffering and the helpless in Ireland seek aid from the American people, who have never yet refused an appeal from the suffering and helpless. Told here the bitter need of the Irish people, the undersigned therefore confidently appeal for aid to the humanity of America.

"There is little to add to the above save to point out that Ireland is virtually the only place in the world where the destruction of resources has been continuous. Today industry is paralyzed in Ireland and the greater part of the unlebedied male population is leading a hunted and fugitive existence. If present conditions continue unrelieved the Irish race in Ireland faces virtual annihilation. We are confident that Americans of every class and creed will respond promptly to avert the terrible fate menacing a people to whom they are so closely bound by ties of kinship and of a common heritage."

Morgan J. O'Brien, former Judge of the Court of Appeals, is Chairman of a temporary executive committee, the other members being Cardinal Gibbons, John D. Ryan, Thomas F. Ryan, Nicholas F. Brady, Edward L. Doheny of Los Angeles, Senator Thomas J. Walsh of Montana, Senator David I. Walsh of Massachusetts, Senator James D. Phelan of California, Thomas J. Maloney, John Quinn, Lawrence Godkin, Martin J. Gillen, Judge Richard Campbell and J. J. Pulleyn of New York. Judge Campbell is Secretary and Mr. Pulleyn Treasurer. The latter is President of the Emigrants Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers Street, and it is requested that all checks or money be sent to him.

Started by 36 Citizens.

Thirty-six citizens of Irish ancestry representing all sections of the country started the plan and sent out a call a few days ago for a meeting of those interested. Until further increased in numbers, this group is to constitute the National Council of the American Committee for Relief in Ireland. The executive Committee will continue the work, headquarters will be obtained in this city at once, and the committee will send food, clothing and medical supplies to Ireland as fast as money can be raised and arrangements made for transportation of workers and supplies.

The main body, which met yesterday in the office of Morgan J. O'Brien, 120 Broadway, and elected the executive committee consists of the following:

His Eminence, James Cardinal Gibbons, Baltimore.
Morgan J. O'Brien, New York.
Thomas F. Ryan, New York.
Nicholas F. Brady, New York.
John D. Ryan, New York.
Edward L. Doheny, Los Angeles.
Thomas J. Walsh, Helena, Mon.
George M. Cohan, New York.
Edward Hines, Chicago.
David I. Walsh, Boston.
E. N. Hurley, Chicago.
J. J. Pulleyn, New York.
James D. Phelan.
James J. Phelan, Boston.
Daniel Kelleher, Seattle.
John Quinn, New York.
Richard Tobin, San Francisco.
John B. McGuran, Denver.
Michael F. Dooley, Providence, R. I.
Thomas J. Maloney, New York.
Alfred W. Donovan, Rockland, Mass.
Peter A. Drury, Washington, D. C.
E. F. Carry, Chicago.
P. H. Callahan, Louisville, Ky.
Dennis F. Kelly, Chicago.
P. H. O'Neill, Los Angeles.
E. L. Doheny Jr., New York.
Martin J. Gillen, New York.
James Reeves, New York.
Joseph H. O'Neill, Boston.
John O'Keefe, New York.
J. K. Mullen, Denver.
J. Rogers Flannery, Pittsburgh.
Lawrence Godkin, New York.
George C. Dempsey, Boston.
Right Rev. Michael J. Gallagher, Bishop of Detroit.

A statement issued by the committee setting forth the aims of the organization and the need for help says the facts available show that relief on a large scale must be organized immediately and adds:

It is understood members of the American branch of the Society of Friends have already promised full co-operation with the A. C. R. I. and volunteered for actual relief work in Ireland. A cable recently received from James Douglas, a leading Quaker of Dublin, stated that money and workers for relief were urgently required. The English Friends have started to do what they can, and are being assisted by the Irish group, but their resources are limited.

"Cablegrams received from the four Archbishops of Ireland, in response to inquiries from Cardinal Gibbons, further testified to the need of immediate relief.

"It is to be noted that the Presidents of both the National Irish Societies are included in the membership of the National Council."

At the close of a meeting of the National Council of the Friends of Irish Freedom at the Hotel Biltmore last night it was announced that the National Council had appropriated $25,000 to be paid over to the American Committee for Relief in Ireland, formed yesterday. Additional contributions, it was said, would come from the many branches of the Friends throughout the country, whose representatives attended last night's meeting.

IRISH FRIENDS OPEN FIGHT ON ENGLAND

Say British Foster War Between America and Japan and Would Destroy Our Commerce.

In a resolution which contained a most bitter attack upon the British Government, the National Council of the Friends of Irish Freedom, an organization made up chiefly of American citizens, announced a declaration of policy last night following a session at the Hotel Biltmore. It was said that the entire membership of the National Council was present.

The Friends of Irish Freedom, as an organization, is opposed to the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic, of which Eamon de Valera is the head, believing that an American should dictate the policy of Irish sympathizers here.

The resolution, introduced by Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Conalan, the spokesman for the National Council, called upon the friends to uphold the fight of the "Republic of Ireland" for recognition; to aid and assist the suffering people of the devastated areas of Ireland "now at the mercy of an unscrupulous and barbarous army of occupation"; and "to expose and defeat the by British fostered opposition to repeal of the existing status of the Panama Canal Tolls act."

The resolution also urges the Friends "to expose and defeat the British attempt to control, to the disadvantage of American commerce, all foreign cable and wireless communications; to expose and defeat the British attempt diplomatically to isolate the United States among the nations of the world, and to sow, especially in the lands directly concerned, the seeds of war between America and Japan."

It is also urged that the "British world-wide propaganda and campaign to weaken and destroy our foreign commerce and our merchant marine, as well as the British propaganda now going through the United States to raise the little navy' cry in this country while England is going full speed ahead with her program of navy construction" be exposed and defeated.

The eighth item in the resolution calls for the defeat of the "British attempt to cancel its financial obligations, which, if successful, would amount to a tax on every American family of $250 and a gift to every family in England of $625."

In a preamble, responsibility for the defeat of the League of Nations at the recent election is claimed by the Friends of Irish Freedom."

PENNSYLVANIA ROAD DROPS 2,000 MORE

Burlington Lays Off Men in Nebraska—Boston & Albany to Reopen Shops.

FURTHER TEXTILE CUTS

Fall River Union Leader Declares Wage Reduction Is Unwarranted and Causes Hardship.

WILMINGTON, Del., Dec. 29.—A drastic cut in the working force of the Pennsylvania Railroad in this region is now under way, it was stated tonight by Gamble Latrobe, Superintendent of the Southern Grand Division, with headquarters here. Mr. Latrobe said his office is working out the details and was not prepared to give an estimate of the number of men to be dropped.

It is unofficially estimated that from 1,700 to 2,000 men will lose their jobs. This amounts to approximately 10 per cent. of the working force. The Southern Grand Division comprises the Delaware, Maryland, Baltimore and Norfolk Divisions, employing slightly less than 19,000 men. Maintenance of way, shop, office and transportation workers are affected.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 29.—Several hundred men employed in the car and motive power shops of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad at various places in Nebraska have been laid off, it was announced today. George Loomis, assistant general manager, said a satisfactory condition of rolling stock and business depression were responsible.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 29.—The Boston & Albany Railroad car repair shops in West Springfield, which were closed indefinitely last Monday, throwing nearly 100 men out of work, will be re-opened next Monday, according to information received here today. Eighty per cent. of the employes will be taken back. The reason for the change of policy is not announced.

WILLIMANTIC, Conn., Dec. 29.—Notices were posted in the local mills of the American Thread Company today announcing a reduction in wages of 22½ per cent., effective next Monday. The cut will affect 5,000 persons employed in the company's mills at Fall River and Holyoke, Mass; Westerly, R. I., and Willimantic and Glasgo, Conn.

The company's mills here have been operated only one day a week for the last month. Whether a longer working schedule will be put into effect next week is not known.

TROY, N. Y., Dec. 29.—Seven textile firms in Cohoes and one in Colonie today announced a 22½ per cent. reduction in wages, effective Jan. 1. In a statement it was said that the reduction will bring wages to the basis in force between July 1 and Dec. 31, 1919. The plants are closed at present.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Dec. 29.—The acceptance of the reduction of 22½ per cent. in wages by the operatives in the textile mills of Fall River should not be taken as an indication that such a reduction was warranted, said James Tansey, President of the American Federation of Textile Operatives today. His statement, which followed the announcement last night that the six unions making up the federation had voted to accept the wage cut, continued:

"On the contrary, we believe the reduction is drastic, severe and uncalled for, particularly when we take into consideration the present cost of living, and the fact that the decrease in pay is being taken from workers whose wages even at their highest rate do not compare by any means with the wages paid in many other industries.

"This reduction, coupled with the long continued loss of wages through the closing down of the mills for several months, imposes upon the operatives a burden and a hardship which, to say the least, is unfair.

"It has always been the opinion of the Textile Council that reduction in wages was not the remedy for depression in trade. We are still of that opinion and are convinced that such a drastic reduction is an injustice to the workers of the industry and is not the remedy under present conditions."

THREE RIVERS, Quebec, Dec. 29.—The plants of the Wabsno Cotton Company and the Tidewater Shipping Company closed today until Jan. 10. The Canadian Iron Foundry Company also shut down one of its departments indefinitely. Hundreds of workers are affected.

Special to The New York Times.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Dec. 29.—Within a few days the four great Lawrence plants of the American Woolen Company will close, it is unofficially announced. Officials at the mills will not discuss future conditions.

Thousands have been idle in the American Woolen Company's mills here since the shutdowns last July. Resumption in the Fall was not permanent. The company has not announced a wage cut, but officials intimate one is coming.

Announcement was made by officials of the Smith & Dove Company that their plant will be shut down at once. It is the first shutdown in the company's history.

HUGE COAL DEAL PENDING.

Steel Corporation Will Acquire Waynesburg Fields for $20,000,000

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 29.—One of the largest coal land deals in the history of America, if not in the entire world, is being handled by the United States Steel Corporation, which is buying coal land east and southeast of Waynesburg, in Greene County. It is said that the deal involves approximately 30,000 acres, all or most of which was formerly held by Josiah V. Thompson of Uniontown.

It is understood that the Piedmont Coal Company is interested in the transaction, and is one of the chief holders of the property to pass into the possession of the steel corporation. The amount involved is estimated at approximately $20,000,000.

The new coal resources will fortify the steel corporation against the approaching scarcity of fuel and will place it in a most favorable position, for almost all the mine outlets will be on the Monongahela River, which will greatly facilitate transportation.

Approximately $3,000,000 will be spent by the steel corporation for mining equipment, a fleet of barges and miners' houses.

FORD SHUTDOWN EXTENDED

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 29.—Official admission that the Ford Motor Company's Highland Park plant, which normally employs from 50,000 to 60,000 men, will remain closed until Feb. 1 was made today.

The intention was for a suspension of operations during the regular midwinter inventory period of two weeks when the plant closed Dec. 24, but after a conference of officials it was decided to shut down until Feb. 1. Although the plant has been working at full capacity for the last three months, it is known that there had been a considerable falling off in the demand for Ford cars.

"The shut-down is the result of general financial and business conditions," was the explanation offered. "The Ford Company has been operating while other concerns have been laying off men or working them on part time."

Cut Car Service on Narrow Streets.

The Public Service Commission issued an order yesterday directing the Ninth Avenue Railroad Company to cease operating its cars in Washington and Greenwich Streets, south of Canal Street, between midnight and 5 o'clock A. M. Street car traffic, it was said, interfered with the transportation of food products; that passengers were rare during the hours named, and that the narrow streets caused many collisions and other accidents. The order becomes effective on Jan. 3 and is to run for the remainder of the year.

WORKER FIRES IN AIR AS PICKETS BESET HIM

Clothing Foreman Is Arrested With Alleged Attacker, Who Charges Felonious Assault.

Morris Levy, a foreman in the cutting room of J. Friedman & Co., was attacked by a group of pickets in front of the Friedman shop in East Houston Street at 6 o'clock on Tuesday evening, and fired five shots into the air. Levy was arrested almost immediately and the police also arrested Jacob Greenblatt, a member of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, one of the pickets. Both were held in $500 bail in the Essex Market Court.

There was a rehearing of the case yesterday, when Greenblatt made a charge of felonious assault against the foreman, and Levy's bail was raised to $1,000. The case has been set for trial on Jan. 5.

"There is a striking similarity between the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' advocacy of collective bargaining and the Bolshevist advocacy of treaties with foreign countries," William Bandler, President of the Clothing Manufacturers' Association of New York, declared in a statement yesterday. "They both have the same ultimate purpose, the rule of the proletariat.

"After seven years of submission to the assaults upon their business by this revolutionary union, the manufacturers have come to realise the danger of an immediate accomplishment of the union's purpose to destroy the industry and assume control.

The union announced yesterday that a New Year's celebration would be held in halls on the east side and in Brooklyn for the children of Amalgamated members.

GOODYEAR DEFICIT $15,647,000 FOR YEAR

This Does Not Include Expected Losses on Rubber and Fabric Contracts of $19,000,000.

AKRON, Ohio, Dec. 29.—The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company today announced a deficit for the fiscal year ended Oct. 31 of $15,647,653, not including anticipated losses on contractual obligations for rubber and fabrics, which are expected to be about $19,000,000, notwithstanding that sales exceed $200,000,000, the largest in the history of the company.

The statement was announced at a stockholders' meeting, adjourned last Friday and again adjourned until Jan. 12, because the financing plans were not ready to be presented.

The company has bills payable of $23,579,81 and accounts payable $12,711,168, including estimated taxes. Rubber and fabric acceptances are listed at $4,388,680. Reserve for contingencies is $1,715,575.

Confidence was expressed at today's meeting in the ability of President Seiberling to satisfactorily put through the refinancing program within two weeks.

SEEK WORK AT LOW PAY.

Ex-Service Men Apply for Baltimore Jobs at 30 Cents an Hour.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 29.—Despite the fact that the remuneration of 30 cents an hour for hard labor is considerably lower than the wage scale that has been paid for similar work of late, more than sixty men applied to Superintendent Charles R. Jones at Druid Hill Park this morning for work in the parks and on other city jobs at that rate.

Superintendent Jones said that there would be work for all as the city has much to complete that had not been finished last year owing to a scarcity of labor.

WHEN
BUSINESS QUARTERS
ARE SOUGHT

Important executives frequently waste costly hours—sometimes days at a time—in the hunt for the just right space in the proper location at a sensible rental.

And often the very store, floor, office or building sought, remains undiscovered—until too late.

In this connection our Commercial Leasing Department is essentially a Service Department. It acts as the Right Hand Man for a business man who knows how to employ an expert's time.

The records we keep regarding removals, lease expirations, sub-rentals, neighborhood changes, new construction, etc., etc., enable us on short notice to present facts and figures that save both time and money for our clients.

Our renting men are experienced in their work and incidentally you will find their opinions and their advice to be free from bias because their remuneration is not dependent upon the "commissions" they make.

SPECIAL CANVASSING BY AN EXPERT FOR OUT-OF-THE-ORDINARY REQUIREMENTS MAY BE ARRANGED ON A PER DIEM BASIS

Loton H. Slawson Company
171 MADISON AVENUE NEW YORK
PROPERTY MANAGEMENT ENGINEERS

An English Wife in Berlin
By EVELYN PRINCESS BLÜCHER

The Boston Transcript calls it:—
"So far the most revealing and absorbing personal record."
The New York Evening Post says:—
"Informal, racy of the moment, lively in mingling of personal incident with political happening, it reflects with unconscious dramatic quality the development of the German catastrophe and the aftermath of disaster."
The Chicago Evening Post says:—
"It is in a class by itself; fairly teems with interesting details."
Price $6.00. It should be on sale at your bookstore; if not, it can be had from
E. P. DUTTON & COMPANY, 681 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

Return Fire
A Subject for the Consideration of Bankers

Armed bandits raided the Bank of Alameda County at Alverado, California, and fled in an automobile, after having shot the president of the bank and locked two other officials in the bank's vault. The letter below describes our action following this lawless attack. It typifies F & D Service:

The Bank of Alameda County
COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS

Alvarado, California,
October 15th, 1920

Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland,
Mr. Guy LeRoy Stevick, Vice President,
San Francisco Californr'

Gentlemen:-

Please accept our thanks for your check for $23,428.90, payment in full for the money taken from our Bank by hold-up and robbery on the 13th inst.

Within an hour after advising you of the robbery and the shooting of our President, Mr. May, your representatives and the detectives were on the ground assisting us and forthwith upon being advised of the amount of our loss, payment in full was made to us.

You also at once reinstated our insurance to its full amount, thus giving us complete protection.

We wish to express our appreciation for this unexcellable service.

Very truly yours,
J. T. Blacow
Cashier.

THE Bank of Alameda County was protected by an F & D Bankers' Blanket Bond. Within a few hours after the robbery, the loss was made good to the bank without jeopardizing either the bank or its directors!

F & D Bankers' Blanket Bonds should stand guard over every bank. They are "stronger than steel." They provide real protection against the unexpected.

F & D protection includes the Prompt Execution of Bonds. It also insures the Prompt Payment of Claims without refuge behind technicalities. F & D. Service.

Fidelity and Deposit Company
OF MARYLAND
120 BROADWAY
Fidelity and Surety Bonds and Burglary Insurance
Representatives Everywhere-Consult your Broker

LABOR CHALLENGE ON IRISH REPRISALS

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

Press View of Labor Action.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, Dec. 30.—Most of the speakers at the special labor conference on Ireland yesterday, who included representatives of the Irish Labor Party as well as English labor leaders, and emphasized points made in the report issued Tuesday of the Labor Commission were not trained to judicial investigation. They went to Ireland with preconceived opinions. They were most closely in touch with parties in Ireland strongly prejudiced against the Government, and they devoted too little time to cases in which the forces of the Crown had been attacked by extremists.

The Liberal Westminster Gazette concedes all these points made against the constitution of the mission, but adds:

"But when full allowance is made for these defects the report in general bears all the marks of honesty and sincerity and of painstaking efforts to ascertain within the limits it covers exactly what has happened in Ireland. The findings of the labor deputation can only be undermined in one way, and that is by evidence beyond all suspicion that they are untrue. As they stand they will be widely accepted. They constitute a most serious indictment of our policy in Ireland."

The Evening Standard, which supports the Government, points out that the Labor Commission's report announces conclusions without giving evidence on which they were arrived at, and that in suggesting a "truce" in Ireland and immediate opening of negotiations the report goes no further than the Government went weeks ago only to discover that the Sinn Fein wanted admission of the independent Irish Republic and recognition of de Valera as its President before it would begin to talk. The Standard adds:

"It does not seem much use of the Labor Conference discussing the desirability of a truce and negotiations in London. The place where labor can be useful is not in London, but in Ireland. If they would return there and really endeavor to find some ground on which the two parties can meet and persuade the Sinn Fein to negotiate on a possible basis they would be justifying themselves and conferring a benefit on the State."

In Conservative and Coalition Liberal quarters it is held that one of the mainsprings of the labor agitation over Ireland is a political manoeuvre against the Government. It is argued that the labor report itself lays stress on the growing strength of the moderate elements in Ireland, but that some proportion of Sinn Fein M. P.s at least are afraid to make any move because of "gunmen."

The Daily Chronicle says:

"The mistake of the report—and of the conference following its lead—is to look at the situation without examining how it arose. Yet even children in a nursery, when a quarrel comes to blows, know that the first question to settle is who began it. In this case there is no question that the Irish Republican Army began it. It did so by murdering in cold blood, with every aggravation of treachery and atrocity, scores and scores of people, mostly, but not all, policemen, before ever 'reprisals' were dreamed of or a single Black and Tan existed, and so far as it still has power these are its methods still.

"Be it clearly understood that we do not therefore justify 'reprisals.' We strongly condemn them. Our point only is that the trouble must be surveyed in its due proportions and relations."

Still Seeks Way to Peace.

LONDON, Thursday, Dec. 30 (Associated Press).—The Parliamentary correspondent of The London Times says that the Cabinet spent more than two hours on the Irish question Wednesday, and that it is understood the whole situation, in its domestic, imperial and international bearings, was under review.

While it is regarded that from a narrowly military standpoint the outlook undeniably has improved in the last few months, the correspondent adds, there is no inclination on the part of the members of the Cabinet to minimize the desirability of pushing for peace. It is thought probable in well-informed circles, says the writer, that the first opportunity will be taken to pursue "explorations" of avenues to a possible settlement with the representatives of the Irish people.

NO DIRECT SURRENDER OF ARMS YET MADE

Martial Law Order in Ireland Apparently Without Effect —Three Shot in Raids.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Dec. 29.—Opinion in official circles here supports the information I telegraphed on Monday with regard to peace prospects. While the movement for peace may still be described as in existence, its chances of success are looked upon as remote.

The first reports received at Dublin Castle from the counties under martial law show that the order which expired on Monday to surrender arms and ammunition has been without effect. A number of weapons have been captured, and it is considered possible that these were placed in position to be seized by the authorities in the same manner as the surreptitious disposal of arms taking place in Dublin.

Another dance was raided by the Crown forces last night. A party of police surrounded the Boleran School, near Garva, Antrim, last night, where a dance was on. On the approach of the lorries they were fired at, says the official statement, and on the fire being returned Joseph Doherty of Boleran was killed.

Ulster special police were in action last night. At Newtown Hamilton two men who were called upon to stop failed to do so, and one was shot dead, while the other was dangerously wounded.

A farmer's plucky defense against overwhelming odds is related in the official account of an incident which occurred in the Clonmel district on Monday. Three men, one of whom was armed with a revolver, raided the farm and while the armed man was making a search, presumably for arms, the farmer seizing a golf club attacked and put his two companions to flight. Then he turned upon the third man, who fired at him and wounded him in the chest.

For the first time for many months, and pursuant to a decision of the railway men to carry all traffic without distinction, armed forces traveled on the railroads today without protest, one group leaving the Kingsbridge terminus in Dublin of the Great Southern line this morning. Although this is the nearest to a return to normality so far as the railways of the country are concerned, hitches are reported on the Great Northern and Midland and Great Western systems.

It was understood after the negotiations in London that the men were to be accepted back at work automatically en bloc and without question, but the Great Northern have requested the dismissed employes to make written application for reinstatement, while the boilermakers' strike on the Midland has resulted in lack of engines, which the company explains makes it impossible for them to take back all men at the moment.

DUBLIN, Dec. 29 (Associated Press).—The military today made extensive raids and searches of residences and business establishments throughout Dublin.

In Rutland Square alone 500 soldiers made a house to house inspection, and about a score of young men were arrested.

Lockwood Committee Will Stigmatize Its Use by Corporations as Illegal.

ELECTRICAL RING BARED

Labor Costs Raised 76 Per Cent.—Terra Cotta Contractors Exchanged Bids.

Evidence before the Lockwood committee at the City Hall yesterday indicated that since the war and arising directly out of war conditions the country has been honeycombed with associations of manufacturers and dealers in every conceivable commodity, operating either under the Eddy "open competition" plan of exchanging prices or under some modification of the idea presented by the late Arthur Jerome Eddy, a lawyer, in his book, "The New Competition."

William J. Matthews, successor of Eddy as counsel for a group of associations operated under the Eddy plan, told the committee that the business men of the country at present did not know where they stood with respect to membership in trade associations. He agreed with Samuel Untermyer, counsel to the committee, that the Government had chosen a weak test case in the Southern hardwood lumber case, now before the Supreme Court, and also agreed with the cross-examiner on the necessity for Federal supervision of commodity prices and trade associations.

That the Eddy system meant a "partial elimination of competition" was admitted by Mr. Matthews reluctantly. He insisted, however, that the plan was intended to stabilize industry, but his explanation of stability was called by Mr. Untermyer "an economic impossibility." Mr. Untermyer announced that his report to the Legislature would stigmatize the Eddy plan as absolutely illegal, resulting in the stifling of competition, and that "stabilizing prices" was a cover used by business men to fix prices in disregard of the anti-trust laws.

In a short summary and defense of the Eddy plan at the end of his testimony, Matthews declared earnestly that "no court in Christendom" could reasonably infer that prices were fixed by manufacturers because they exchanged bids and statistical data. He said it might, however, indicate a prima facie case of agreement to fix prices, but this could easily be rebutted.

Another book along the same lines came under the fire of Mr. Untermyer, and its author, Fred W. Lord, head of the Lord Electrical Company, was on the stand when an adjournment was taken. The name of the book is "The Ethics of Contracting and the Stabilizing of Profits" and it is dedicated to Mr. Eddy. It is a handbook for use by electrical contractors and among other things it states that one of the aims of the open price method of competition is the discountenancing of price cutting.

Electrical Combine Shown.

By the testimony of Mr. Lord and John J. Ryan, Secretary of three electrical contractors' associations, it was revealed that the electrical contractors of the country were banded in national, State and local associations and all members received price sheets twice a month from the national association.

Mr. Untermyer closed the case of the cement manufacturers by showing through the testimony of J. S. Brown of the Alpha Portland Cement Company that cement has gone up 75 cents a barrel since January, while the cost of production has increased 10 cents. It was also disclosed that when cement manufacturers sold direct to contractors rather than through the dealer or middleman, the price was 5 to 10 cents a barrel higher. The fact that a contractor might take a big quantity made no difference. A large paving company with immense orders had to pay more for cement than any small dealer in a country town placing a small order.

Delving further into the terra cotta business Mr. Untermyer brought to light the fact that members of the Eastern Terra Cotta Association exchanged all bids on jobs. The contractors divided their bids into two classes. Class A bids were those in which 100 per cent. above the cost was exacted and Class B bids were those in which less than 100 per cent. was added to the cost.

Several officials of the Building Trades Employers Association will be examined today, among them Otto Eidlitz, one of the chief members, and Samuel B. Donnelly, Secretary.

Eddy Plan Defended.

Mr. Matthews, who occupied the stand most of the day, was in the main a willing witness and strenuously defended his point of view. His manner won him the applause of the audience when he left the witness chair. The lawyer, who said his office was at 108 La Salle Street, Chicago, said he was a specialist on the "open competition plan" with reference to the anti-trust laws. He said that the late Mr. Eddy had fifteen to eighteen associations, some of the largest in the country, on the "open competition plan," and that he, the witness, represented seven of these organizations. Clark McKercher, formerly in the anti-trust department of the Department of Justice, is handling some of the associations at present, he said.

Among Mr. Matthews's associations were the following: The Bridge Builders Structural Society, the Ring Travelers Society, the Makers of Explosives, Dynamite and Gunpowder (including in its membership the du Pont, Atlas, Aetna, King, Hercules and other giant corporations), the Bolt, Nut and Rivet Society, the Society of Bar Iron, the Manufacturers of Wire Fence, the Cold Roll Strip Steel Association and the Hot Roll Strip Association. Among the others, formerly represented by Mr. Eddy, were the Hoop Band Strip Steel Association, the Eastern Bar Iron Society, Hollow Metal Door Society, Rolling Steel Door Society and the Electrical Institute.

By "open competition" the witness meant that every bid made on contract work and every modification of every bid shall be known to every competitor for the order.

Mr. Untermyer read the following from Eddy's book:

"'In these days of uncertainty regarding the law it is not uncommon to hear men say:

"'"We have a little association, but we never talk about prices."

"'"Then why do you meet?"

"'"Oh, just to lunch and talk over things generally."

"'"You don't agree upon prices?"

"'"No, sir!"

"'"You meet for the fun of the thing?"

"'"That's about it."

"'Some of you travel a thousand miles once a month just for the pleasure of lunching together?'

"'"Um-m—, well, you might put it that way."'"

Then Eddy says: "Such childlike pretenses deceive no one, and no self-respecting lawyer would permit clients to make such futile statements to a court.

Q.—You agree to that, don't you? A.—I agree to that.

Q.—But he doesn't state what statements they should make to the court. A.—I don't know whether he goes on to say that or not.

Q. (reading): "'It is almost as common to hear men say, "We have an association, but we don't agree upon prices."

"'"What do you do?"

"'"Why, I get up and say, 'My price is so and so,' and the others get up and say their prices are so and so.'

"'"and the result is, the price of everybody is "so and so."'"

"'Naturally; but we don't agree they shall be; we just exchange views and let prices take care of themselves.'"

Matthews admitted that the foregoing showed the participants were "skating on pretty thin ice."

Mr. Untermyer read other illustrations from the book as to how manufacturers met and discussed prices. He engaged in an argument with the witness regarding the Clayton act, in the course of which Matthews declared that all bids were reported to the secretary, who sent copies to each member bidding on the job. "If a man put in a revised bid this also reached the other members in the same way. When the contract was made by the successful bidder it was also reported to the members by the secretary.

Q.—If, after each man sees each other man's bid, you understand, that results in some people lifting their bids. You wouldn't call that an aid to competition, would you? A.—I would say that he had a perfect lawful right to do that.

Q.—We are not discussing that now. You didn't understand my question. Would you call that an aid to competition or a partial elimination of competition? A.—It might be construed, Mr. Untermyer, as a partial elimination of competition, but not to the extent as would contravene in law.

After an elaborate explanation of his thesis concerning his assertion that nobody could tell whether the plan resulted in more profits Mr. Untermyer became irritated and said: "Don't cover up the subject by talk of stabilizing industry and uniformity and all that sort of thing. You know perfectly well that when you speak of stabilizing prices you mean getting prices nearer uniform."

The lawyer maintained he did not mean that, and after a series of questions he was asked: "As you do away with wide fluctuations you get nearer uniformity?" "Yes," he answered.

"As a result of the war there seems to be a tendency toward team work among corporations," said Matthews. "Team work to fleece the people?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

A Post-War "Course" Admitted.

"A lot of people interpret it that way. We do not," said the witness.

Q.—Don't you know that that is the situation with many of these combinations that they have been a result very largely of the object lesson taught them by the war and the Government? A.—I think there is force in what you say.

Q.—That is one of the curses of the war, isn't it? A.—Where the privilege is abused, it is a curse, yes.

Q.—It has led to these enormously increased prices, hasn't it, in large measure? A.—I think there has been an arbitrary enhancing of the price in a lot of instances.

Q.—Due to these combinations, to the stifling of competition which these men have been taught by the severe necessities of the war. A.—Of course, I have no positive knowledge of that, I cannot say.

In his speech, which the witness had been eager to make from the beginning, he said that the Eddy plan was based on the theory of publicity; "bringing out into the open all the things that pertain to the industry."

"We have no agreements whatsoever with relation to anything relating to future prices or otherwise," he said. "We have no penalties, we have no secret rebates; there is no secrecy; everything is brought out into the open, and there is no formulating of group opinion to govern individual action. Each man is left absolutely to himself to follow the dictates of his own independent judgment, and I have sat in these conferences with these men, and I am here to say that I am representing the most reputable men in this community, men whose consciences are as tender as they can be, and there is no understanding, expressed or implied in any instance, that amounts to a restriction of trade that would contravene the law."

Following Matthews the committee went into the electrical equipment situation. John J. Ryan of Cleveland & Ryan, electrical contractors, described the local, State and national associations in the electrical business and also the relationship of the local association with the Building Trades Employers' Association until last May.

According to an agreement with the Electrical Workers' Union, he testified, journeymen since May 1, 1920, who get $9 a day, are charged for by the contractors at the rate of $14.40, an increase of 60 per cent.; foremen, paid $10, are charged for at the rate of $17.60, or 76 per cent. increase; helpers, receiving $5.50, are hired out for $8.80, or 60 per cent. above cost.

Ryan is Secretary of the Electrical Contractors' Association, the local organization, receiving $100 a year for his services. The State Association pays him $5,500 for acting in the same capacity and the local division of the national association another $1,500.

According to a resolution adopted on Oct. 4, 1917, the local association fixed specific overhead charges on contracts. The amount of overhead varied from 15 per cent. on contracts above $15,000 to 40 per cent. on contracts below $500.

15 INDICTED BY U. S. ON LOCKWOOD DATA

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

respective customers, with intent to enhance the price of such sand so sold and resold."

As a result of this agreement, the indictments say, competition among the members of the Sand and Gravel Dealers' Board of Trade was eliminated.

Charge Control of Market.

The methods recited in the indictments whereby, it is charged, the objects of the conspiracy were accomplished were:

"(1) Securing control of firms and corporations engaged in digging and producing, transporting and selling such sand, and either merging them with or turning their business over to the said Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corporation, thereby eliminating almost all existing competition in said digging and producing, transporting and sale.

"(2) Agreeing to fix, establish and maintain the prices to be charged in the sale or resale of all said sand for the purpose of eliminating competition in the sale and resale of such sand and to enhance the price thereof.

"(3) Inducing and coercing dealers in said sand to maintain the resale prices so agreed to, fixed and established, and to handle and sell only such of said sand dug and produced, transported by and purchased from said Goodwin-Gallagher Sand and Gravel Corporation.

"(4) And by taking other action to control, dominate and direct the course of the whole of said trade and commerce in said sand."

The defendants were notified of their indictment by the United States Attorney's office. No date was set for their arraignment.

Retiring Assistant Calls Swann "Careful and Conscientious," Upholding "People's Rights."

IS PRAISED BY McINTYRE

Joab H. Banton, Who Prosecuted Election Inspectors in 1917, Is Named to Succeed Him.

Alfred J. Talley, appointed by Governor Smith to succeed the late Judge James T. Malone in General Sessions, sent his resignation as Chief Assistant to District Attorney Swann yesterday and was sworn into his judicial office by Judge John F. McIntyre.

Mr. Talley, in his letter of resignation, highly praised the administration of Mr. Swann, whom he characterized "as careful and conscientious a public official as ever held office."

"We, who have been working with you, know your sense of fairness and your firm insistence that justice be done," Mr. Talley wrote. "You are no respecter of persons, and can see no distinction between violators of the law and exploiters of the people's rights, whether they be in high places or in low. There is only one shadow cast over the natural gratification that I feel in being placed upon the bench, and that is the necessity of severing my close official relations with a man whom I respect as highly as I do you."

Before Mr. Talley was sworn in Judge McIntyre said, in part:

"From my knowledge of you, from your long and unblemished career in this community, I am led to believe that you will make a most efficient Judge. In this my associates concur. You never sought victims, and you never sought to gain personal reputation. You have manifested a disposition always to do the conscientious and righteous thing. You become a Judge in a court—the oldest in this country—operated under the charter which came from England centuries ago. This, indeed, is the greatest judicial tribunal in America. The salary of a Judge of General Sessions is $17,500.

Mr. Swann appointed Joab H. Banton to succeed Talley as chief assistant. He also was sworn in by Judge McIntyre. Mr. Banton was an Assistant District Attorney up to a year ago, and since then has been a member of the law firm of Banton, Ferguson & Moore. His salary will be $10,000 a year. Mr. Banton is an independent Democrat.

Mr. Banton's former work as assistant in the District Attorney's Office included the prosecutions of election inspectors following the Republican primaries in September, 1917, in the Mayoralty nomination campaign between Mayor Mitchel and former Senator William M. Bennett. Sixty-one election officials were convicted.

POLICEMAN ADMITS WORKING FOR BRINDELL

Birmingham Got $5,000 a Year While Still on Force—Trial to Be Continued.

Testifying yesterday at his trial in Police Headquarters before Deputy Police Commissioner John A. Leach, Policeman Stephen W. Birmingham of the Clinton Street station admitted that while he was on a six months' leave of absence, granted by Police Commissioner Enright, he acted as general manager of Robert Brindell's Building Trades Council.

He said he was employed by Brindell, who was indicted as the result of revelations in the Lockwood committee's investigation, at a salary of $5,000 a year, but he denied that he made a false statement in his application for a leave of absence when he said he desired to take his wife away from the city because of her ill health.

Brindell was not related to him, he declared, as was stated at the Lockwood committee's investigation. He had known Brindell for many years, he said, and told him of his wife's illness.

"Brindell has a soft heart," Birmingham said, and he offered him a job as general manager of his labor organization, which he accepted. Brindell only required him to be at the office four days a week, Birmingham explained, so that the policeman could care for his wife over the week-end. While he was in the employ of Brindell, he admitted, he obtained another leave of absence for 180 days.

Birmingham said he was a member of the police force twelve years, and that up to a year and a half ago he was a member of the Loft Squad of the Detective Bureau, when he was transferred to patrol duty. He exhibited a letter from Mayor Hylan commending him for arresting robbers who held up cigar stores in different parts of the city.

Captain George Busby of the Detective Bureau was the principal witness against Birmingham.

The trial will be continued in a few days to permit the accused policeman to place on the witness stand several physicians who attended his wife in her illness.

Yuan Shih Kai's Sons to Study Here

MIDDLEBURY, Vt., Dec. 29.—Four sons of the late Yuan Shih Kai, second President of China, arrived here today to become students at Middlebury College. Their ages range from 12 to 17 years. They will remain in this country eight years for the completion of their education.

FIUME SURRENDERS, D'ANNUNZIO LEAVING

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

d'Annunzio because of their efforts to induce him to abandon his seemingly irreconcilable attitude. When some of them tried to open arguments with him the poet dismissed them, calling them cowards.

The only result of these attempts to change the minds of d'Annunzio and his legionaries, says the Messagero, has been that many persons have been imprisoned or forced to flee the city, including Professor Zanella, who was accused of having plotted against the poet.

The newspaper asserts that nothing, even approximately, is known of the casualties among the legionaries.

Captain Pini, who was wounded in the head, describing recent events around Fiume, said to the Messagero:

"For five days our troops advanced, unprotected by artillery, the officers and men having no arms except muskets. The regulars approached the legionaries in a spirit of fraternal cordiality as the best means of inducing them to surrender."

Poet's Scorn for His People.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—A dispatch to The London Times from Milan quotes Gabriele d'Annunzio in a manifesto as saying:

"I am still alive and inexorable. Although I prepared myself yesterday for sacrifice and already had comforted my soul, I feel today disposed to defend my life by all means.

"I offered it hundreds of times smilingly in my war, but it is not worth while to throw it away in the service of a people who could not be distracted even for a moment from their Christmas greediness while we were assassinated by their Government."

D'Annunzio Surrenders Power to Council

FIUME, Dec. 29 (Associated Press.)—Gabriele d'Annunzio early today surrendered all his powers to the Fiume Communist Council.

A truce was arranged during the night and continued until the conclusion of the conference. Mayor Riccardo Gigante of Fiume and Captain Hoerwenturi, in whose hands d'Annunzio placed the defense of the city, were the speakers for Fiume, d'Annunzio apparently being ignored.

POET REGRETS HIS ESCAPE.

"Thus Prolonging My Shame of Being an Italian," He Writes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Dec. 29.—A manifesto of the Fiumeans to the Roman citizens, containing scathing remarks and untruths, has deeply wounded Italians. Certain passages say:

"Not only the legionaries but also the civil population of Fiume, including old men, women and boys, are armed behind the barricades to defend themselves—this, horrible to say, against Italians. What is taking place here is unheard of. Troops shoot against our ambulances and our wounded. Citizens who are surprised by troops paid by the Government of the King of Italy are chained like malefactors. Tomorrow perhaps the city will be razed to the ground. We are sure the Government will try to hide the truth, by all means, but we swear to you the situation here is awful and terrifying.

"Italian brothers, when you know the truth, not one of you, no matter to what party you belong, will be able to remain inactive."

At the bottom of the message d'Annunzio has added a few words of his own, which run as follows:

"I swear on my honor as a combatant that all the above recorded by the citizens of Fiume is true. I regret that death has once again passed me by, thus prolonging my shame of being an Italian."

D'ANNUNZIO EXPECTED TO WED

Italian Pianist With the Poet During Fiume Struggle.

VENICE, Dec. 23.—Signorina Luisella Baccara, the well-known pianist, to whom d'Annunzio has shown marked attention, went to Fiume some months ago, where they have been awaiting the conclusion of d'Annunzio's divorce proceedings against his present wife, with the expectation that this would be followed by a marriage of the poet and the pianist.

Both of them have written freely of their relations, and she is quoted as saying that she would not leave Fiume, no matter what the fate of the city might be, adding that she preferred rather to be stabbed by the enemy's swords.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

Greece to render such services as she has to her Allies. Greece would have shared the fate of Serbia but for the King. From 1917 on Venizelos was doing business with the fruits of the King's previous care for the welfare of Greece as his capital.

Thinks America Will be Fair.

"At all events, the King was recalled and has returned to Greece under circumstances that must exclude the theory that he is or ever was a bad man or traitor to his country. I feel convinced that in view of these circumstances there will be in America at least a willingness to revise the old unjust opinions. I think that common sense will say that all the people of a free country couldn't be wrong in their judgment of the personality and character of their constitutional head. Those who have been misinformed in America will begin to look about to see if the impressions spread abroad regarding the King were not manufactured by politicians who had selfish interests to serve.

"In America a campaign of slander doesn't go very far, as was shown in the recent Presidential election. But in Europe those in control of propaganda can make or mar reputations. I believe that Americans will watch the course of the King, and if they see he means to be moderate and just and to keep within the bounds of a constitutional monarchy, if the loyalty and faith shown by his people bring to him a still greater sense of responsibility instead of a desire for power, the American democracy will be moved by a sense of fair play and treat Greek affairs on their merits. Their opinions will not be poisoned by calumnies to which the Greek people have given the lie.

"The word 'King' is not a word I like, and it is really a misnomer for Constantine. When you go to England you see the British King treated with respect and admiration. The people cheer him as he passes but keep a respectful distance. Here people climb upon the King's carriage and shake hands with him and thump him on the back. The relation between King and people is like that between father and children.

"And the recall of Constantine is perhaps the most democratic act in the whole history of democracy. Wrongfully sent away to a foreign country; living there quietly without any power or resources; misunderstood and despised in the allied world, he is commanded by his people to come back and be King again. Unless self-determination means something under those circumstances it can never mean anything under any circumstances. It is the very last word in almost pure democracy."

"What will Greece do about meeting her financial obligations for the military enterprise in Asia Minor?" I asked.

"The interests of the Allies remain unaltered in Asia Minor. Greece is in a position to give the aid needed there, and the Allies will meet their obligations on joint account. It is inconceivable that they will do otherwise. Our troops are in splendid condition and spirits, and as soon as the King has opened the Chamber he will proceed to Asia Minor to assume the military command."

Denies Having Financed Restoration.

"Speaking of money," the Princess resumed, "in the gossip about the recent Greek election I have received some credit which does not belong to me. I believe the statement was published that I financed the King's campaign. Well, if financing had been necessary at all, it would have required a much larger purse than mine. The remarkable thing was that there was no financing in it, and really no organized effort. It was a great popular uprising to put the King on his throne. The people were tired of tyranny masquerading as democracy; they were tired of buncomb and slander. They loved their King; they believed in his honesty, ability and loyalty, and they simply took things into their own hands.

"And I believe the result will be here as it has often been in America—that all the people will prove wiser than some of the people. A true interpretation of the recent elections will show that the Greek people did three things: They recalled their King, expressed their disapproval of the internal government and approved the new map of Greece. Whatever war-weariness there was before has disappeared, and Greece is in a stronger position than ever, if only misunderstandings can be cleared away, to co-operate with her allies in safeguarding Christian civilization.

"I hope that Americans will remember when they read about Greece that there can be no question in this advanced democracy of putting a people under any kind of autocratic power. The whole lesson of recent events points in the opposite direction. The people of Greece will keep the mastery of their political affairs as completely as the people of America do of theirs. They won't tolerate tyrants or tyranny. And this spirit of liberalism has no more sincere upholder than King Constantine himself. The Greek wants his slice of bread and his King, but above all he wants and will keep his liberty."

Prince Christopher was present as his wife bade me good-bye. He said:

"My great ambition is to see America, and I hope to visit that country with my wife in the not too distant future."

Constantine Has a Slight Cold.

ATHENS, Dec. 28 (Associated Press).—Disorders arose today at the Church of St. Theodore during services in honor of the name day of former Premier Venizelos. It is alleged that officers in the Greek Army threatened the priest conducting the ceremonies. Two persons were arrested, but were soon released.

The newspaper Patris today printed a photograph of M. Venizelos, and devoted its entire first page to an editorial, in which the former Premier was eulogized. The newspaper declared that Greece was "enduring her Calvary," and that M. Venizelos would "surely return." The editorial closed with an apostrophe to M. Venizelos, which declared: "Thou are the heart of our eyes; our past, present and future. Thou art the atmosphere we breathe, without which we suffocate. Thou flowest in

TRAVEL IN WHEELED HOUSE.

J. C. Berrang and His Wife Start to Cross the Continent.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Dec. 29.—With his home and practically all of his belongings destroyed by fire J. C. Berrang, a farmer, of Westchester, Conn., conceived the plan of constructing a house on wheels and starting for California, where he has relatives. The novel wagon, attached to which is a pair of steers which Mr. Berrang raised on his farm, passed through here this afternoon.

It contains almost every convenience to be found in a house, having drop beds, an oil range, a refrigerator and cooking devices inside. A trailer in the rear, which carries supplies for the steers, is drawn by a third steer, which is led by the farmer's wife.

The couple left Westchester Dec. 1. They average about ten miles a day, and expect to reach California in a year and a half.

Berrang and his wife are about 60 years old. They will stop to visit their son in Long Island City.

RESISTS 'PLUCKING BOARD.'

Col. French Asks Court to Prevent His Retirement From Army.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Colonel John W. French of the Regular Army, who asserts that he was relegated to Class B under the Army Reorganization act by a classification board, or "plucking board" as it is known, appealed to the District of Columbia Supreme Court today to prevent his retirement from the army.

Colonel French enlisted in 1895, obtained a commission, and became a Colonel in May, 1918.

Killed Awaiting Brother's Body.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Dec. 29.—Awaiting the arrival of the body of his brother on an Erie train from New York City, Charles H. Gorr was struck by a locomotive at the head of an east-bound train at Callicoon Station today and sustained a fractured skull from which he died before he could be carried to a hospital. His wife witnessed the accident.

Court Rumor Links His Name With That of Olga, Niece of Constantine.

YOUTH'S CAREFUL REARING

Shielded From the World in America and Taken to Europe to Avoid Dangerous Influences.

ATHENS, Dec. 29.—William B. Leeds, son of Princess Anastasia, may marry Princess Olga, daughter of Prince Nicholas, and niece of King Constantine, it is rumored in court circles. Prince Nicholas is a brother of Prince Christopher, the husband of Princess Anastasia.

Princess Olga is the eldest of three sisters and was born at the Palace of Tatoi, near Athens, May 11, 1904, in the reign of her grandfather, King George. She was named after her grandmother, Queen Olga, who was Regent when her uncle Constantine returned to Athens a few days ago. Her mother was the Grand Duchess Helena (daughter of the late Czar's uncle Vladimir), who married Prince Nicholas at the Czar's Palace, Tsarskoye-Selo, Aug. 16, 1902.

Young William Bateman Leeds, who is about 19 years old, was said to have been in delicate health when his mother took him to Switzerland in 1915. From his father, of identical name, who died in Paris in 1908 and was one of the leaders of the tinplate industry of America, he is said to have inherited $7,000,000, while his mother, who was the daughter of the late William C. Stuart of Cleveland, inherited $14,000,000. Mother and son met the royal Greek exiles at Lucerne, in the early Winter of 1917, and photographs which were published abroad in December of that year frequently included them in the royal groups.

Before young Leeds accompanied his mother to Switzerland, he had spent three years at the Montclair Academy, Montclair, N. J. There mother and son were established in a magnificent dwelling at 208 South Mountain Avenue. The son was under the constant care of a governess and guarded by a detective. The household staff also included eighteen servants.

Young Leeds traveled in a horse-drawn coach to and from the academy and on Sundays attended services at St. Luke's Episcopal Church in company with a number of female servants. Some of the time his mother spent in Europe, when daily cable letters to her described his condition of health and his activities. When she finally took him away in 1915 she is reported to have said that "rich men in America grow dissipated" and she wished to remove him from such influences.

Are featuring in their

AFTER CHRISTMAS SALES

for New Year's Eve and other Holiday Festivities

DINNER AND EVENING GOWNS
Formerly to $350—$95—$145—$195

BEAUTIFUL EVENING WRAPS
Formerly to $550—$175—$225—$295

YOUTHFUL DANCE FROCKS
Formerly to $175—$65—$85

Fans, Combs and other accessories necessary for the correct completion of the formal costume at Greatly Reduced Prices

NOTE:
Preparations have been made to have alterations completed in time for *New Year's Eve Wear.*

BLASCO IBANEZ' latest novel is

The Enemies of Women

by the author of "The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse." $2.15. If not in your local book store, can be had from E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

TEXTILE INDUSTRY OUTLOOK.

In the Annual Review of The Annalist, Jan. 2, 1921, there will be articles on the worsted and wooden industries, by Alexander Walker, Vice President of Strong, Hewat & Co.; prospects for cotton goods in 1921, by Charles Bernheimer, and a contribution on cotton as it grows and a discussion of the raw product market, by Sol Wexler of J. S. Bache & Co. Ten cents a copy at news stands.—Advt.

Best
MADE
CLOTHES
FOR MEN

Drastic Reductions!

DOWN TO 1917 PRICES!

YOUNG MEN'S AND STUDENTS'
SUITS AND OVERCOATS

EVERY GARMENT PRODUCED IN OUR OWN SHOPS
OF PURE WOOL MATERIALS. OUR OWN MODELS

OVERCOATS
35.00 and 40.00
Originally 50.00 to 75.00
SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED CHESTERFIELDS, BOX COATS, ULSTERS AND ULSTERETTES

SUITS
30.00 35.00 40.00
Originally 50.00 to 75.00
IN A BROAD VARIETY OF COLORINGS AND PATTERNS AND SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED MODELS

A Rare Opportunity for Students Home for the Holidays

Best & Co.
Fifth Avenue at 35th Street—N. Y.
Established 1879

CHARGE PURCHASES MADE THE REMAINDER OF THIS MONTH WILL APPEAR ON BILLS RENDERED FEB. 1st

from 20 to 30 degrees cooler than your home. Unless the lettuce, endive, or celery, which is crisp in the market, is put into your refrigerator upon delivery the higher temperature of your house will wilt it and destroy its crispness.

To insure Iceland crispness for your salad greens keep them in Knickerbocker "Ice Land"—your refrigerator regularly filled with Knickerbocker Ice.

Knickerbocker ICE Company

To Exporters *and all* Merchants *trading with* Mexico

The best and most effective advertising medium in the Republic of Mexico is an attractive card placed in each of the 350 electric street cars of Mexico City. For terms apply direct to the

PUBLICITY AGENT
MEXICO TRAMWAYS COMPANY
P. O. Box 490, Mexico, D. F.
or to the
CANADIAN ENGINEERING AGENCY, INC.
115 Broadway, New York City



No.— Porcelain Lamp and Parchment Shade. Price $15.00

"To Ovington's". You will find that it is unnecessary to say anything else or to go anywhere else when gifts, prizes, favors, large or small, are in question.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of 5th Ave"
314 Fifth Ave. nr. 32d St.

ADVERTISEMENT.

A FIVE MILLION DOLLAR A WEEK APPETITE BUY WAR DEPARTMENT CANNED MEATS

Start the New Year with the "Buy a Book a Week" purpose. Begin with one by

Leonard Merrick

for New Year's Day—

Conrad in Quest of His Youth
The House of Lynch
The Actor-Manager
The Position of Peggy Harper
Cynthia
The Man Who Understood Women
The Worldlings
When Love Flies Out o' the Window
While Paris Laughed

Each $1.90

These books, if not on sale in your book store, can be had from

E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N.Y.



BACO RUBBERS
protect your health—and your pocket-book as well
They save your shoes

Veteran Jovial in Reminiscences at Celebration in His Honor.

HOUSE TO ACCEPT HIS BUST

Leaders of Both Parties Join in Paying Tribute for His Record Service.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19.—That perennially young-old member of the House, Joseph G. Cannon, of Danville, Ill., today celebrated the attainment of longer service in Congress than any other man in the nation's history. His fellow members, many of whom, according to Representative Rodenberg of Illinois, were not born and the other half were learning their three "r's" when "Uncle Joe" entered the House, cheered the veteran time and again as speaker after speaker lauded him.

Mr. Cannon sat smiling in his seat, rubbing his thin white hair and listening appreciatively to the compliments poured upon him. In a characteristically whimsical speech, he thanked his associates, and they rose in a body and applauded.

Representative Rucker of Missouri announced that "Uncle Joe's" friends wished to give a bronze bust of the old legislator to the House Office Building and asked the House to do its part by furnishing the pedestal. The House agreed by an enthusiastic vote.

Only one other man in Congress today who entered the House with Mr. Cannon. He is General Isaac Sherwood of Ohio, who remarked this afternoon on the floor that the chief difference between himself and the former Speaker was that whereas Mr. Cannon had the longest term of service General Sherwood had established a counter-record by being out of Congress for thirty-four years.

Champ Clark of Missouri, former Speaker, was in charge of the exercises, and spoke feelingly of his old associate. Other speakers were Representative Mondell, the Republican leader, and Representatives Rodenberg, Garrett of Tennessee, Towner of Iowa, and Rucker.

Cannon Calls It a Wake.

Mr. Cannon said in his speech:

"Mr. Speaker, we have had so many of these wakes that I am beginning to wonder if I am not already realizing the hopes of those who desire to return from the other shore and continue to communicate with their friends who are still participating in the ordinary affairs of this mundane sphere. But it is a compliment that I appreciate from my fellow-members of the House, and I thank my personal friend and colleague, the former Speaker, for his sentiments, which I fully reciprocate.

"I realize that it is a rather long time I have been here, but it has not seemed long, for time never drags in the House, and the realization of the years that have come and gone comes to me only when I look into the faces of my colleagues and note the changes.

"The year 1872 was a memorable one in many respects. Vesuvius had a violent eruption that year, and General Sherwood and I were elected to the House. There were other happenings—the organization of the German Empire and the French Republic, the emancipation of slaves in Porto Rico, the connection of Australia with the rest of the world by cable, the great Boston fire and the Geneva award of the Alabama claims—but these concerned the world at large, while the election of my friend and colleague, General Sherwood, and myself was personal, and I am glad he is here with us to share with me the doubtful honor of elder statesman.

"As I look into your faces I am reminded that our honored Speaker and his predecessor in that chair were approaching the polls to cast their first votes that year, Mr. Gillett no doubt voting for General Grant, who had only a few years before been considered a good Democrat, and Mr. Clark voting for Horace Greeley, who was still a stalwart Republican and protectionist, though translated for a few brief weeks to the leadership of the Democratic Party.

"Jim Mann at the age of 16 was no doubt beginning his struggle with rival ambitions to continue as a farmer or 'You'd scarce expect one of my age'; and the ambitions of Claude Kitchin and Nick Longworth at the age of 3 were centred about their first pants.

186 Members Not Born in 1872.

"But as I look over the House I find more than 180 of my colleagues who had not then been born; and as I have watched you as you took your places as leaders in committees and on the floor in debate, some of you already called veteran legislators, I feel that 1872 must have been a long way back in the history of the House and the country, for there have been new names added to the United States, with a whole great empire covering the plains and the mountains of the West now represented on the floor that were not here then. Eleven States have been admitted to the Union since I first became a member of the House, and they have often made a noise like a majority here and in the nation and the world, both in peace and in war.

"We have had great development in these years, and I am glad to have been a small part of it and to be able to continue with you in the work we here do for the peace and prosperity of the American people first and the world as far as we can by example in fraternity and charity.

"I admit that I have been here off and on more years than any of you, but I am not the veteran in continuous service, Gillett, Clark, Mann, Butler, Green of Massachusetts, Moon and Sims rank me in that line, because I had two vacations which I did not seek, and those four years were the longest years that have intervened since I first came to Washington. I thank you."

Yesterday Mr. Cannon equaled the service record of former Senator Justin Smith Morrill of Vermont, who served forty-three years, nine months and twenty-four days in the House and Senate together. Today "Uncle Joe" broke that record. He will be 85 years old May 7 next.

INDICTED AS PROFITEER.

Federal Grand Jury Holds Coal Dealer Charged Too Much.

George Johnson, a coal dealer, doing business as George Johnson & Co., was indicted yesterday by the Federal Grand Jury on the charge of violating the Lever act by profiteering in coal. It is alleged that early in October the defendant sold to the Seiler Coal Company 208 tons of stove size anthracite and 382 tons of nut size. The former cost the defendant, it is alleged, $7.85 a ton and the purchaser was charged $11.50, while the nut was sold at $11.50 a ton, netting the defendant a profit of $3.35 a ton.

The indictment states that a profit of 40 cents a ton would have been reasonable and that the prices charged were unreasonable and therefore in violation of the law. Johnson was indicted a short time ago on the charge of using for his own advantage priority orders issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission for the transportation of coal for the New York Steam Company, a public utility.

FINAL COUNT ON JUSTICES.

Figures Show Wasservogel Ran Ahead of Burr and Martin.

The complete vote for Justices of the Supreme Court in the First Department as shown by the canvass of the Board of County Canvassers was announced yesterday and shows that Justice-elect Wasservogel, Republican, who was thought at first to have been defeated by Justice McGoldrick, but who was conceded the day after the election to have won by a few votes, really ran ahead of Justice Burr and District Attorney Martin of the Bronx, Democrats.

The vote also reveals the fact that Justice McGoldrick was defeated by Mr. Martin by only 101 votes. District Attorney Swann received the lowest vote on the Tammany judicial ticket. The vote was: Giegerich, 323,985; Guy, 323,518; Ford, 319,378; Erlanger, 315,085; Platzek, 310,440; O'Malley, 262,977; Wasservogel, 196,929; Burr, 194,385; Martin, 188,871; McGoldrick, 188,770; Davis, 186,690; Swann, 183,030 and Marsh, 179,562.

Freedom of City to Mrs. MacSwiney.

Mayor Hylan will officially confer the freedom of the city upon Mrs. Muriel MacSwiney, widow of the Lord Mayor of Cork, on Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the City Hall, according to a resolution passed by the Board of Aldermen yesterday. Mrs. Morgan J. O'Brien will head a committee of women to escort Mrs. MacSwiney from the St. Regis Hotel to the City Hall.

Is Toothless Old Age Inevitable?

If some of the teeth have started to go, the rest will surely follow unless a way can be found to check the *real* cause of so much tooth destruction. In 95 in every 100 cases—according to authoritative belief—that cause is "Acid-Mouth."

PEBECO

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

TOOTH PASTE

Counteracts "Acid-Mouth"

Teeth that are sound and whole now will have an excellent chance to remain so, if their possessor will use Pebeco Tooth Paste every night and morning, and have a dentist go over them twice a year. Pebeco counteracts "Acid-Mouth" by encouraging the saliva to do its normal work of protecting the teeth, gums and entire oral cavity from acids and other harmful secretions and deposits.

Pebeco is sold by druggists everywhere

TIFFANY & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET

PEARLS JEWELRY SILVERWARE

RUSSEKS

FIFTH AVENUE
Between 54th and 55th Streets

TOMORROW & FRIDAY
Year End Clearance
HIGH-COST
FUR COLLARED
WRAPS & SUITS

A LIMITED NUMBER OF MODELS FOR IMMEDIATE CLEARANCE

Beaver or Squirrel Collared
WRAPS
OF EVORA OR BOLIVIA & RICHLY SILK LINED
$85.00 Value $150

Opossum Collared Silk Lined
WRAPS $59.50
OF SILVER TIPPED BOLIVIA Values to $135.00

Clearance of High Cost
RUSSEK-ORIGINAL
SUITS
Fur-Trimmed and Plain
$49.50

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

Cabinets

For Victrola IX

Exceptional Offer

$30.00

Mahogany and other desirable finishes

The new Records will be on sale to-morrow, Friday.

Margie / Palesteena	18717	85c
Whispering / Japanese Sandman	18690—Fox Trot	85c
That Tumble Down Shack in Athlone—	64837—McCormack	$1.25
Elegie (Massenet)—Gluck and Zimbalist	87513	$1.50
O' Solo Mio—Caruso	87243	$1.25
Avalon—Fox Trot	35701	$1.35

Record Albums Reduced!

Ten-Inch Size..... 85c
Twelve-Inch Size..... 95c

Victrola Rooms, Seventh Floor

WORTH

THIRTY-FOURTH STREET — BROADWAY—FIFTH AVENUE

WOMEN'S AND MISSES' NEW FROCKS

A GLIMPSE OF THE SPRING FASHIONS IS REVEALED IN THESE EXQUISITE AND ORIGINAL MODELS



PRESENTING PHENOMENAL VALUES

NOTHING LOVELIER CAN BE CONCEIVED THAN THESE SLENDER STRAIGHT LINE TUNIC FROCKS OF GEORGETTE CREPE, LAVISHLY BEADED IN ARTISTIC DESIGNS

20.00

A CHARMING MISSES FROCK OF TAFFETA SILK IS SHOWN WITH A FITTED BODICE INEXPRESSIBLY GRACEFUL OF CONTOUR, AND ROWS OF CORDING BELOW THE WAISTLINE THAT PRODUCE A SLIGHT BUSTLE EFFECT

35.00

47-49-51 West 42d Street

Renard

Sacrificing Our Entire Stock of DRESSES and COATS
Featuring
SMART VELOUR DRESSES



12.85

Worth to 30.00

The smart new straightline models that indicate the fashion for Spring.

Fine Quality Wool Velour in Navy, Brown, Reindeer, Taupe

Beautifully trimmed with silk and gold combination embroidery or strictly tailored.

All Sizes for Misses and Women



350 DRESSES

Tailored Tricotine—Wool Embroidered Velour Jersey—Velveteen

7.85

Values to $20.00

RENARD—West 42d St.—RENARD

WHAT HAVE YOU LOST?

Describe missing articles in the Lost and Found Column of The New York Times and reach the greatest number of probable finders. Telephone Bryant 1000.

POST OFFICE ESTIMATES UP

Bill Asks for $575,964,721, an Increase of $69,530,021 Over 1920 Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Two of the fifteen bills carrying appropriations to run the Government during the year beginning next July 1 reached the House today and received more than the usual preliminary scrutiny because of the announced intention of Republican leaders to cut Government expenditures.

The Sundry Civil bill, which contains the miscellaneous appropriations, as reported carries a total of $263,611,202. This total represents a slashing of $620,-854,193 from the estimates submitted by the Government departments and a reduction of $52,287,514 from the amount appropriated through the same bill last year.

The cut in estimates for the Post Office bill, the other appropriation measure submitted, however, was not so great, and the expenditure recommended represented a considerable increase over the year's appropriation. The measure as reported carries $575,964,721, a reduction of $31,442,181 from the amount asked by the Post Office Department, but an increase of $69,530,021 over the appropriation for the current year.

Democratic leaders were prompt to point out that the sum total carried by both bills, if passed as submitted by the Appropriations Committee, would add about $17,000,000 to the cost of running the Government next year. Republican leaders were equally prompt in declaring that there was abundant ground for retrenchment on their part, inasmuch as they had used the pruning knife on estimates of Democratic department heads without mercy.

Outside of the $233,000,000 provided for the care of the disabled service men and dependents of those killed, the Sundry Civil measure left only $160,611,292 for all other purposes, as compared with $120,000,000, the amount appropriated for 1914.

The committee reported that the increase in the Post Office appropriation was due principally to the $10,000,000 increase in the pay of city letter carriers, the $30,000,000 increase allowed the railroads for mail transportation and the $12,500,000 increase in pay of clerks and employes.

The principal Post Office reductions reported, as compared with the appropriations for the last fiscal year, were: Temporary and auxiliary clerk hire, $6,000,000; rent, light and fuel of first, second and third class post offices, $800,000; travel allowances for railway mail clerks, $89,951; airplane mail service, $2,250,000; electric car service, $217,000; mail bags, $1,359,000.

The Postmaster General and his assistants each lost the usual $1,000 allowance for traveling expenses. The expenses of the Postmaster General's office, however, were increased $488,475. The office allowances of the first, second, third and fourth assistants were reduced by approximately $11,000,000.

The largest single reduction in the Sundry Civil bill, $147,000,000, applies to the Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, the bill providing that the organization shall be supported entirely out of various sources of income.

A request from the Department of Justice for $300,000 for enforcement of the National Prohibition act was eliminated entirely. The sum of $15,000 was appropriated, however, for suppressing liquor traffic in Alaska.

Other principal slashes in the amounts asked for by the Government departments included: War risk insurance, $37,000,000; vocational education, $15,000,000; military posts, $86,942,815; national cemeteries, $19,000,000; flood control (Mississippi River), $3,330,000; nitrate plants, $10,000,000; Panama Canal, $7,187,365; Immigration Service, $3,567,580; Employment Service, $1,384,961; Reclamation Service, $5,909,000; Public Health Service, $1,467,000; armories and arsenals, $6,238,000; public buildings, $6,786,400; Bureau of Mines, $3,112,000, and Department of Justice, $1,969,304.

EX-CAPTAIN KEEPS WORD TO FACE HIS SENTENCE

Morgan, Who Pleaded Guilty of False Pretense, Returns After Leave for Visit.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Charles W. Morgan, formerly a Captain in the army, who was brought to this city from Fairbanks, Alaska, to answer a charge of false pretenses, and who was permitted to plead guilty, but explained by stating that because of his gassed condition he did not know what he was doing at the time. Morgan enlisted in the Canadian Army in February, 1915, and was assigned to the famous "Little Black Devils" regiment. He was returned to his country two years later, wounded, gassed and shell-shocked, but re-enlisted in the American Army in the Officers' Training Corps and was commissioned as a Captain. His case is being investigated by a probation officer.

BORAH'S DISARMING PROPOSAL UP MONDAY

Idaho Senator Hopes for Favorable Action by Committee—Wants Limitation to 3 Powers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—A special meeting of the Foreign Relations Committee will be held Monday, Senator Borah, Republican, of Idaho, stated today, to consider his resolution to request the President to negotiate with Great Britain and Japan for an agreement for reduction of naval armaments. Senator Borah said that he hoped for favorable action by the committee.

He conferred last night with Chairman Lodge of Massachusetts, and said that several committee members had expressed themselves favorably on his plan.

The Idaho Senator will oppose any proposal that the resolution be widened to include other powers. Disarmament results could be obtained by action by the three great naval powers—the United States, Great Britain and Japan—he said, and inclusion of other powers might cause complications by raising the question of military as well as naval disarmament. Mr. Borah would limit present action to naval construction.

NEW $10 COUNTERFEIT OUT.

Federal Reserve Bank Warns of Spurious Note.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York yesterday sent a communication to all banks, trust companies and savings banks in the Second Federal Reserve District calling attention to another new counterfeit $10 Federal Reserve note in circulation. It is on the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, check letter B, face plate No. 497, with the signatures of D. F. Houston, Secretary of the Treasury, and John Burke, Treasurer of the United States.

This counterfeit is made with photographic face and etched back, on fair quality paper, without silk threads or imitation of them. The lathe work is poor, but officials say it will deceive those not accustomed to examining their money.

MME. CARREL ARRIVES.

Wife of Famous Surgeon Has Been Aiding Him in France.

Mme. Carrel, wife of Dr. Alexis Carrel, arrived from France last night on the French liner Rochambeau and was met at the pier by her husband. Mrs. Carrel said she had been doing research work in France in co-operation with Dr. Carrel.

She went to France last May and has been living on her stock farm near Paris, where she has 5,000 acres, where she employes four men and seven war widows.

Another passenger was Arthur Ploittier, the proprietor of the Gazette Franco-Americain, published in this city, who has been three months in Paris. He said that Mr. Harding's speech created a very unfavorable impression in France and was a great surprise.

SAYS KISS BROKE TOOTH.

Clerk Accused by Stenographer Held in $2,500 Bail.

Jerome Pomeroy, 20 years old, of 1,673 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, was held in $2,500 bail by Magistrate Nolan in the Tombs Court yesterday for examination on Tuesday on a charge made by Rose Stalsny, 19 years old, of 2,078 Mohegan Avenue, the Bronx. Miss Stalsny, who is a stenographer in an office on the sixteenth floor at 20 Broad Street, told the police that Pomeroy, who is employed in a broker's office in the same building, had forcibly kissed her and that when she repulsed him he had forced her against a desk breaking one of her teeth. She pursued him from the office and caused his arrest.

Pomeroy, through his attorney, Alexander Lange, entered a plea of not guilty.

CITIZENSHIP IS INVOLVED

Result Awaited of Court Decision on Nationality of Japanese Who Served in Army.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Dec. 29.—Secretary of State Frank C. Jordan today refused to honor the first set of papers of a Japanese land corporation submitted to his office for filing since the amendment to the Anti-Alien Land act, adopted at the Nov. 2 election, became effective.

The attorney for the land corporation known as the Valley Industrial Corporation, told Mr. Jordan that its four Directors resided in Fresno, and that he had seen their naturalization papers.

Mr. Jordan said that before taking final action he would await the decision of the Third District Court of Appeal in the case of Ichizo Sato, a Japanese naturalized in Hawaii for service in the army, whose right to register as a voter was denied by the Sacramento County clerk.

While Congress authorized the naturalization of aliens who served in the United States Army in the war, State officials said that, in their opinion, there was grave doubt that the law was meant by Congress to apply to aliens ineligible to citizenship, as are the Japanese.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The California delegation in Congress met today in closed session to discuss the Japanese land legislation recently adopted in their State, but they adjourned without formulating a definite course of action. Members said they were awaiting further information from the State Department, which is discussing the California law with the Japanese Ambassador, and consulting its officials.

Chief among the matters that it was understood were to come up for discussion was the proposal recently advanced in some quarters that the California members urge the Legislature of their State to enact as a substitute for the present Anti-Alien Land law a statute which would prohibit any alien from acquiring title to real estate. The Japanese Government has contended that the present law discriminates against Japanese, and the suggestion has been made unofficially, it is understood, that the proposed substitute would eliminate the source of much of the existing friction.

JAPAN'S VIEW OF VANDERLIP.

Uchida Says His Concessions Would Be Obnoxious if Effective.

TOKIO, Dec. 29 (Associated Press).—Concessions in Kamchatka granted to Washington B. Vanderlip by the Soviet Government of Russia would be a serious disadvantage to Japan if it should develop that they had actually been given, Viscount Uchida, Japanese Foreign Minister, told a deputation of the Opposition Party which visited him today. He pointed out, however, that the United States had not recognized the contract on the ground that America had not recognized the Soviet Government.

The deputation also questioned the Ministers of War and the Navy, and both replied that if reports concerning the concessions were true the situation held a menace to Japan from the point of view of defense, but declined to express any further opinion in the absence of these reports.

NIGHT COURSE FOR DEGREES

Boston University to Start Experiment in February.

BOSTON, Dec. 29.—Evening courses in the College of Liberal Arts of Boston University, to start in February and lead up to the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science, were announced today by President Lemuel H. Murlin.

"A city university," said Dr. Murlin, "should meet the needs of all the people in the community. Many young people who are at work all day would like to take studies of college grade at night. It is in response to this need that the university is opening evening courses.

"This is purely an experiment. If the response is sufficient to warrant it, it will become a permanent feature of the university program. Otherwise it will not be continued beyond this semester."

Por Larranaga | Punch | Partagas
Fernandez Garcia | Belinda | Castaneda
Rey del Mundo | Mi Necha | Calixto Lopez

CORESE FINEST KEY WEST CIGARS
MEDAL 1ST IN ALL SIZES
JOHN COTTON'S CELEBRATED ENGLISH MIXTURES
TREBOR, LONDON MADE PIPES.

GROSVENOR NICHOLAS & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
60 BROAD ST., NEW YORK
FORMERLY BRAYER & CO. WILLIAM STS. TEL. BROAD 3196 3197—1556

BLOOMINGDALES
59TH TO 60TH ST.—LEXINGTON TO THIRD AVE.



For a Happy New Year

Your Sonora—at Bloomingdales

For a year—and many years—of beautiful music, choose the Sonora, "clear as a bell." Get your Sonora now, that you and your dear ones may know the joy of music, such perfect music as the Sonora will bring to your home.

Sonora
CLEAR AS A BELL

The choice is wide — whatever your tastes, there is a Sonora to satisfy them. And each of these wonderful phonographs is as good to look at as it is delightful in tone. Grand Opera and jazz, a lilting dance or an impassioned love song, the Sonora does full justice to them all.

Immediate Delivery
Small Payments

Come in soon and hear this supreme phonograph—arrange for its delivery before New Years Day. Our convenient plan of small payments makes it especially attractive to buy your Sonora here. And Bloomingdale service guarantees your absolute satisfaction.

Priced from $125 to $1500

Bloomingdales—Second Floor

Importers Since 1866

McGibbon & Co.
1 AND 3 WEST 37TH ST.
ONE DOOR FROM FIFTH AVENUE

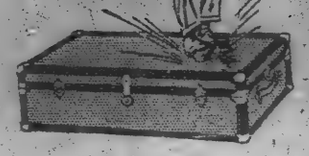
10% DISCOUNT
ON PURCHASES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

Our Inventory Sale Offers a Once-a-Year Opportunity to Secure Reliable Housekeeping Linens and Interior Furnishings at a Genuine Saving.

HOUSEKEEPING LINENS
HANDKERCHIEFS
DECORATIVE LINENS
LACE CURTAINS AND CURTAIN MATERIALS
UPHOLSTERY FABRICS
DRAPERY MATERIALS
OVERSTUFFED FURNITURE
NOVELTY FURNITURE
ORIENTAL AND DOMESTIC RUGS
BLANKETS AND COMFORTABLES
BEDS AND BEDDING
LAMPS—SHADES—MIRRORS—CLOCKS

STORE OPEN 9 A. M. TO 5:30 P. M.

McGibbon for Quality



Something New in Luggage Construction

Strength Without Weight

WE feel that we are performing a public service in offering a trunk equipped to withstand the abuse to which it may be subjected, and which weighs a third less than the average trunk.

Weight, strength, finish—in these three essentials of well-made luggage, Basswood Veneer Trunks stand unexcelled.

As strong as the heaviest, and 11 pounds lighter, made of Basswood Veneer (three thin layers of Basswood cemented together with the grain alternately crossed to prevent splitting), these trunks will stand the hardest kind of usage.

In addition to a light, strong body, our Basswood Veneer Trunks, covered and interlined with vulcanized fibre, present an example of the most careful attention to details—which include unusually light hinges with more than ordinary strength, an automatic bar lock which locks the trunk simultaneously in three places, and a fine blue and gray Oriental design cloth lining.

We Recommend Basswood Veneer Trunks to the Southbound Traveler.

Steamer Trunks

Sizes	Weight	Price
37 x 21 x 12 inches	36 lbs.	$45.50
40 x 22 x 12 inches	39 lbs.	49.50

Macy's—Fourth Floor, Centre.

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

Macy's

Men's
Heavy Winter
OVERCOATS
$29.50

Made to Sell up to $50.00

A good selection of big, roomy double-breasted ulsters and ulsterettes, made of fleecy woolens that assure warmth and comfort.

All-silk yoke lined with seams piped.

Colors: Gray, brown, green and heathers.

Sizes 35 to 42

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front.

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

Macy's

Sale of Pajamas

One Thousand Suits
Men's Domet
Flannel Pajamas

$1.49

Typical Macy Price and Macy Saving

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

Macy's

SIAMESE VISITORS.

Siamese royalties, Prince and Princess Mahidol, who arrived in New York last week for a tour of the United States, introduced in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

Hoyt's Service, Inc.
PLANNED ADVERTISING
126 West 32nd Street, N.Y.C.
BOSTON CLEVELAND SPRINGFIELD

NOW IS THE TIME TO READ
LEE WILSON DODD'S
Book of Susan
$2.00 at any good bookstore, this book can be had from L. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

Bronchial Troubles
Soothe the irritation and you relieve the distress. Do both quickly by using promptly a dependable remedy
PISO'S

Edmonds Tells the House How It Hampers Merchant Marine in Insurance Rates.

MISSISSIPPI IS CITED

Where State Is Claiming Millions in Penalties for Breach of the Law—Federal Law to Be Changed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The development of the merchant marine is menaced through application of anti-trust laws in various States to insurance companies, asserted Representative George W. Edmonds, Chairman of the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries, today. Mr. Edmonds said that his committee had already inserted in the Merchant Marine act a clause which frees insurance companies from fear of being prosecuted under Federal anti-trust laws. Now he begs some twenty-four States which have anti-trust laws to see that these are amended so they will not affect the workings of the insurance companies.

Citing the instance of what has recently happened in Mississippi through the application of the anti-trust laws to fire insurance companies doing business in that State, Mr. Edmonds said:

"Suit has been brought to subject each non-resident defendant to penalties varying from a maximum of $5,000 a day for each and every day since Jan. 1, 1908, to $25 a day. The maximum penalty would subject each company to a payment of about $23,700,000, while all of the 339 companies doing business in the State would be penalized to the extent of about $806,000,000. Even the minimum penalty of $25 a day would subject each company to the payment of over $118,000. The companies' Committee on Defense in Mississippi has recommended that it is imperative for all companies to suspend business at once in the State. But to make matters worse the State revenue agent has sued out a writ of injunction forbidding the 339 companies doing business in the State, against whom suits have been filed, from leaving the State.

"Mississippi is simply affording another illustration of the unwise action that has been pursued at fairly regular intervals by numerous other States.

"So-called anti-trust laws which forbid legitimate business co-operation between insurance companies are clearly against public policy and should be removed from the statute books with utmost dispatch.

"Not only do they retard the development of insurance in general, but are a menace to the upbuilding of a national marine insurance business so essential to the maintenance of our merchant marine and the extension of our foreign trade. In this respect they run counter to the co-operative policy pursued by our leading foreign competitors.

"While considering the formation of the American marine insurance syndicates it became clear to the committee on the merchant marine and fisheries that underwriters should be assured of the legality of associations designed to facilitate the spreading of risks to extend underwriting activities to foreign countries. Numerous underwriters expressed themselves to the committee as fearful of legal consequences that might attach to the creation of co-operative working arrangements.

"To remove the fear of legitimate co-operation constituting a violation of law, Section 29 of the Merchant Marine act, 1920, frees marine insurance and reinsurance syndicates from the possible operation of Federal anti-trust laws. But the section, it should be observed, only solves the problem as far as Federal anti-trust laws are concerned. With respect to the several States the problem still remains to be solved in numerous instances. Some twenty-four States have anti-trust laws—so-called anti-compact laws—applicable to insurance companies.

"Various insurance Commissioners have advised the committee that companies organized in their States cannot legally, owing to local anti-trust laws, become parties to arrangements similar to the recently organized American marine insurance syndicates.

"It is therefore of the greatest importance in the national interest that the several States where anti-trust laws exist enact legislation which will free syndicates, organized to transact a marine insurance and reinsurance business in the United States, from the operation of such statutes. Such legislation will accomplish in the States what Section 29 of the Merchant Marine act, 1920, does with respect to the Federal anti-trust laws.

Earthquake Shakes California Town

WILLOWS, Cal., Dec. 20.—An earthquake so severe that it aroused all the inhabitants of the town occurred here at 3:15 this morning. So far as has been reported no damage resulted.

representatives of the Association for the Advancement of Colored People that negroes are unlawfully prevented from voting in the South led to somewhat wrangling heard today at the hearing by the House Census Committee on the Congressional Reapportionment bill. Southern members of the committee took issue with the witnesses, and one of them, Representative Lankford, of Georgia, declared he was tired of States being insulted on the strength of newspaper accounts. One of the speakers insisted on getting into the discussion part of a speech recently sold also that if he did not sit down he would have to leave the room.

Declaring that there was nothing in the laws of the Southern States discriminating against negro voters, Representative Tinkham asked suggested that the spokesmen of the association take their complaints of alleged discriminations against the negroes to the courts rather than to Congress.

Walter F. White, Assistant Secretary of the association, presented what he said were affidavits from 691 negroes in Jacksonville, Fla., who alleged they were deprived of the right to vote in the November election. He also said affidavits were being gathered from 4,000 other negroes of that city who stood in line all day Election Day without getting to vote, although all were qualified.

William Pickens, a negro of New York, Field Secretary of the association, said that he had found that in Columbia, S. C., negro women were discriminated against in the matter of registration. Some, he said, stood in line from 8 A. M. to 3 P. M. and were not able to get registered.

"Do you know anything about the negro women crowding around the polls in Missouri on election day and keeping the white women from voting?" asked Representative Mulligan, Democrat, Missouri. The witness replied that he did not.

Representative Larson, Democrat, Louisiana, said 1,365 negroes were registered in his home town. Pickins said he did not know how many negroes voted in Georgia in the last election, but contended they were discriminated against there.

NIBLACK TO TAKE COMMAND.

Will Be Chief of European Fleet—Huse to Succeed Glennon Here.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Rear Admiral A. P. Niblack has been ordered to assume command of American naval forces in European waters, succeeding Vice Admiral H. McL. Huse, it was announced today at the Navy Department.

Rear Admiral Niblack will take the rank of Vice Admiral and will fly his flag on the cruiser, Pittsburgh. He has recently been Naval Attaché at London and during the war commanded American forces based on Gibraltar. Later he was chief of naval intelligence at the Navy Department. Vice Admiral Huse will revert to his permanent rank of Rear Admiral and shortly after his arrival in this country will relieve Rear Admiral James H. Glennon as commandant of the Third Naval District, with headquarters at New York. Admiral Glennon will soon retire.

Admiral Niblack's new assignment was made, it was said at the Department, in conformity with the policy of rewarding officers who served in responsible posts during the war with important commands.

EIGHT GRAND JURY WOMEN.

28 Others Drawn for Petty Jury in Atlantic County, New Jersey.

MAY'S LANDING, N. J., Dec. 20.—Eight women were drawn today to serve on the January term of the Atlantic County Grand Jury, which will be in session for three months. Twenty-eight other women were drawn for petty juries. Sheriff Malcolm B. Woodruff said this action was in keeping with the enfranchisement of women.

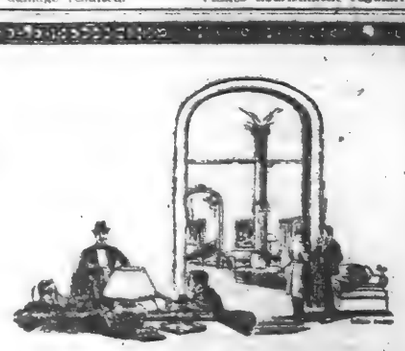
The women selected for the Grand Jury are Mrs. Mary T. Conley of Hammonton, a school teacher and for several years President of the Women's Political Union of Hammonton; Mrs. Catherine A. Ender, wife of Mayor Edward L. Ender, of Atlantic City; Mrs. Blanche Bourgeois, wife of George A. Bourgeois, Atlantic City attorney; Mrs. Frances L. Gormley, wife of John A. Gormley, undertaker of Atlantic City; Mrs. Josephine Johnson, wife of John A. Johnson, whose husband is a clerk in the United States Senate; Mrs. Ethel Shoemaker, wife of Cyrus Shoemaker, Secretary and Treasurer of the United States Deposit and Trust Company of New York and Atlantic City; Mrs. Alice L. Slater, a widow, of Ventnor City, mother of an Atlantic City attorney, and Mrs. Mary G. Westcott, wife of John S. Westcott, the solicitor of Ventnor City.

Gives Bonuses to Hotel Employes.

More than $250,000 was paid yesterday in bonuses to the employes of hotels and restaurants under the direction of L. M. Boomer. The workers number over 8,000, and each found a check enclosed with New Year's greetings. In order to encourage thrift, the management made the bonus larger where the employe had been regular in his savings.

One-Pound Baby Thrives.

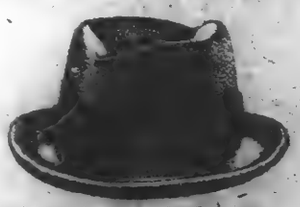
ABILENE, Texas, Dec. 20. — A one-pound baby born on Christmas night to Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Pruitt of this city displays evidence of robust health. The child is kept wrapped in cotton and takes nourishment regularly.



DOBBS

Dobbs & Co. New York's leading *HATTERS*, are showing wonderful *DOBBS VELOUR* hats in shapes especially designed for New York men — These velours are made by the Cavanagh Edge Process & are superior in every respect to those from abroad.

620 Fifth Avenue — 244 Fifth Avenue



THE DOBBS VELOUR

Exclusive Representatives in Many of the Principal Cities

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

Specialists in Apparel Hours of Business: 9 A. M. to 5.30 P. M.

Women's Fine Wraps and Coats

—in the most beautiful Mid-Season Styles—

At Substantially Reduced Prices

At 22.75

Regularly 35.00

Large collection of styles, especially suited to travel wear. Fashioned of showerproof mixtures of the most dependable quality.

At 29.50

Regularly 39.50

Stunning Wraps and Tailored Street Coats, expertly developed in duvet de laine and silvertone, some with collars of sealine or self material. Silk lined and warmly interlined.

At 38.00

Regularly 55.00

Handsome Wraps, tailored coats and sports styles, carefully fashioned of duvet de laine, silvertone and luella cloth with collars of sealine, raccoon and self material. Silk lined and warmly interlined. Also —imported tweed coats, with collars of raccoon, lined with suede velour. All wanted colors.

At 45.00

Regularly 59.00 to 75.50

Very smart street coats and dress-wraps of luella cloth, silvertone, duvet de laine and fine tweeds from overseas, many with collars of raccoon, Australian oppossum and taupe nutria.

At 68.00

Regularly 85.00 to 95.00

Beautiful Wraps and Wrap Coats, tailored with great care in bolivia, veldyne, chamoistyne, frost glow, strictly tailored or elaborated with squirrel, taupe nutria or Australian oppossum. Handsomely silk lined.

At 95.00

Regularly 135.00 to 195.00

A very select collection of smart wraps, fashioned of bolivia, veldyne, chamoistyne and Velour de Nord, with large collars of beaver, mole, squirrel, nutria or Australian oppossum. Also beautifully embroidered models. Silk lined and interlined.

FOURTH FLOOR



The Most Important Event of Its Kind

Sale of Children's Frocks

At Savings as High as 7.00 on a Single Garment

Included are the daintiest of little party frocks—also most practical dresses for school wear, fashioned of chambray, gingham, organdie, voile, serge, challis, rich taffetasand jersey cloths. Sizes 2 to 6 years.

FORMER PRICES, $1.50, $3, $5, $6.50, $7, $8.50 $16, and $20

Thursday—95c, 2.25, 2.75, 3.25, 3.95, 4.50 9.75, and 12.95

FOURTH FLOOR

The Season's Most Important Footwear Event

Women's and Misses' Boots

FORMERLY FROM 10.50 to 12.50 A PAIR

Reduced to 7.50



Reduced to 7.50

Styles for street and dress wear, each made according to the very highest standard of bootmaking, in the most fashionable leathers of the season—brown kidskin, tan Russia calfskin, patent coltskin, and gun metal leather.

Louis XV, military and Cuban heels. SECOND FLOOR

Things Decidedly New!



A Frock For Misses

Just Canton Crepe and hand embroidery—but the result is wonderful! In brown and navy, lavishly adorned with hand work in white angora and self color silk that make it more than usually distinctive. **59.50**



An Exclusive Negligee

Decidedly novel is this negligee of grey Georgette Crepe, draped over flame colored chiffon. The black tulle sash and bow attempt to subdue its vivid but tasteful coloring. **42.50**



For Sport Wear

One can doubly enjoy any sport with a skirt as striking as this—white flannel first, with bottom and pockets banded in vivid red, while the softly gathered sash is fringed in red worsted. **22.75**



An Imported French Bag

Dexterous hands have carved quaint figures and designs of wood, and mounted them to make novel hand bags. Even the handle is of long, carved wooden beads, and the lining is of heavy silk. **28.50**

Women's Sequin-Trimmed

EVENING GOWNS

Regularly 59.50

At 45.00

Glittering sequins adorn this evening frock, while graceful draperies of silk net fall over lustrous satin.

The shoulder straps are unusually graceful, and the vivid rose at the side forms an excellent contrast. In black with sapphire or black sequins; in sapphire satin with sequins of self satin.



Higher-Cost

EVENING GOWNS

SHARPLY REDUCED

The quantities are limited, making prompt selection advisable

Evening Gowns of Imported "Salome" Velvet in Dahlia and sapphire blue. Regularly 275.00.	Now 195.00
Brocaded Chiffon Velvet Evening Gowns. Regularly 225.00	Now 150.00
White and Silver Gowns. Regularly 125.00.	Now 75.00
Black Sequin Gowns. Regularly 150.00	Now 98.50
Metallic Brocade Evening Gowns. Regularly 150.00 to 175.00.	Now 98.50
Chiffon Velvet Evening Gowns. Regularly 85.00 and 89.50.	Now 69.50
Taffeta Evening Gowns. Regularly 69.50.	Now 49.50

FOURTH FLOOR

Greatly REDUCED

Odd Lots of Muslin Underwear, Boudoir Caps and Boudoir Slippers

—not many of any one style, but every item in the lot a most remarkable value

Garments formerly 1.50 . . Now 1.00
Garments formerly 2.00 . . Now 1.50

THIRD FLOOR

The Saks Shoe Dept. Is Now Featuring for Evening Wear

THE NEWEST OF EVENING SLIPPERS

For Women at 11.00

Strictly hand-made in fine quality black or white satin, with Louis XV or Dolly heels.

At 12.50—A great variety of the new strap slippers in cloth of silver or cloth of gold, and in combinations of satin with silver or gold brocade. SECOND FLOOR

Junior Girls'

PARTY FROCKS

Special 29.75



Decidedly youthful and becoming is this dainty party frock for Miss 12 to 16 years.

The skirt is of heavy Georgette Crepe over net, adorned with side ruffles of lace. The bodice is of lovely taffeta, youthfully draped, and the sleeves are edged with lace. In maize, turquoise and flesh.

Other pretty frocks in all the evening shades.

Sizes 6 to 16 years; from 12.75 to 33.75.

SECOND FLOOR

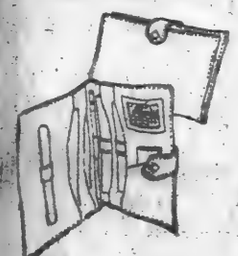
The goings on and disorders in the poor old world are due to one thing and one thing only, and that is, that of all animals man is the most difficult to govern—and "man" is supposed to embrace woman.

Cross Duretyn Bag



In black or colors. Handsomely designed shell frame, gilt handle. Attractive silk lining, fitted with attached change purse and mirror. Bag 10 inches deep. Formerly $25.00. Specially priced at..... $20.15

Cross Writing Folio



Folding design, convenient for traveling, fitted with calendar, address book, paper cutter and stationery. Pencil in loop. Tan pig goatskin case, 6x9½ inches folded..... $8.25
Initials stamped on case 35c extra.

English Kit Bag



"Shot-end" design. Folding bottom. Tan grained hide leather, checked linen lining, made with pocket on one side. Three sizes. Formerly $38.20, $42.60, $47. Specially priced at $28.50, $30.50, $32.70
Initials stamped without charge.

GLOVES

FOR MEN

English cape, handsewn; tan, brown, gray.....	$3.75
Velvet finish Raybuck; English handsewn, tan, gray.....	$5.25
Velvet finish Raybuck; machine sewn, tan, gray...	$4.50
Mocha; tan, gray, fawn.....	$5.50
Cape and Raybuck; tan, gray; lined; from.....	$5.50

FOR WOMEN

French suede, tan, beige, mode shades.....	$5.00 and $6.75
8-but., and 12 but.....	
French suede, 16-but., white, champagne, pastel, 16-button white glace.....	$7.75 $7.50
Mocha; gray, brown, beaver and mode shades..	$3.50
Gauntlet wrist, mocha, gray, brown, beaver, mode....	$7.00

Mark Cross
The World's Greatest Leather Store
NEW YORK
404 Fifth Ave. (at 41st Street) 253 Broadway (Opp. City Hall)
BOSTON 146 Tremont St. LONDON 89 Regent St.
Dealers Throughout the World

Hoover Pleads for $33,000,000 Fund for European Sufferers in Commodore Ballroom.

More than 250,000 children who are now in hunger and misery in the hard Winter of Central and Southeastern Europe were the "invisible guests" of Herbert Hoover and General Pershing in the Grand Ballroom of the Hotel Commodore last night.

The two hosts represented the European Relief Council, comprising eight relief agencies now trying to gather a fund of $33,000,000 in this country to feed 2,500,000 destitute children in Europe until the next harvest makes them independent of charity. The cost of "saving the life of a child" or of feeding one until next Summer is $10, and the 250,000 "invisible guests" represented the total of the fund already gathered in this city—$2,576,351.

After the meagre meal, confined to rations which will be served to the child war victims, pictures were shown of some of the misery prevalent among children in the European countries, and when the lights went on again tears were sparkling on the cheeks of many throughout the ballroom—on the faces of men as well as of women.

In symbol of the presence of this host of hungry children and of their gratitude for American assistance, a child's high chair was placed on the speakers' dais between Mr. Hoover and General Pershing. A lighted candle was on the tray, with plates of food sufficient to feed any South European family, ever before it was ravaged by the death and misery of war. This mahogany chair and plenty was the symbol of the beneficent aid America would like to extend to the stricken children, and was in contrast to the destitution that prevails among them.

Bidden to dine with this symbolical host of hungry children were more than 1,000 citizens of this city who had given $1,000 or more to the fund to enable the relief work to be carried on in Europe until next Summer. They came in evening clothes with rich and sparkling gems, and with laughter and good humor, but the food they sat down to was not of the usual public dinner style that runs through a score of rich and tasteful foods.

Rice, Bread, Cocoa Menu.

It was the same sort of meal that the starving children of Europe will have at the generous hand of American charity if the European Relief Fund is successful—rice, bread without butter, and cocoa. That comprises one of their two daily meals. Their other daily meal comprises condensed milk and more bread to bring their food allowance up to 1,200 calories. The hosts reminded their guests that this fare was the only barrier between life and death for the small children of the stricken districts. Lacking this, they perish, for there is no other food in the countries.

Nor did these "visible guests" sit down at the usual dinner table resplendent with fine linen, silver, cut glass and china, and on brocaded chairs. The tables were pure trestles, without even oilcloth covering. The chairs were of the roding camp variety, many of them rickety. Nor were the waiters the usual ceremonious servants. They were women volunteers in the Red Cross garb of those who actually feed the children in Europe—efficient and easy to look upon.

Four army kitchens were drawn into the ballroom to furnish atmosphere for this symbolical dinner, but the rice was carried in from the hotel kitchen, in large earthenware bowls and served in small plates, some of tin and some of heavy china. Cocoa was served out of huge pitchers into army mess cups, and the bread was doled out as if the guests were children who might be suspected of intention of hurling bits of it at a visible guest at the other end of the table.

General Pershing pointed out that the misery had been brought on by the war and that the greatest suffering had been caused, not among armies, but among the women and children.

Pershing for Cutting Armaments.

"There is another thought that forces itself upon our attention tonight," said General Pershing. "As we contemplate the causes of the World War and realize its horrors, every right thinking man and woman must feel like demanding that some steps be taken to prevent its recurrance. An important step would be to curtail expenditures for the maintenance of navies and armies. The estimates recently presented to our Congress for naval and military purposes contemplate an appropriation for the next fiscal year amounting to more than $5,000,000 for every working day in the year.

"It is a gloomy commentary upon world conditions that expenditures several times greater than ever before in peace times should be considered necessary, especially when the most rigid economy in governmental administration is essential if we would avoid national bankruptcy. But we are only one of the many nations that contemplate taking upon themselves such an enormous burden, in addition to their tremendous war debts.

"The world does not seem to learn from experience. It would appear that the lessons of the last six years should be enough to convince everybody of the danger of nations striding up and down the earth armed to the teeth. But no one nation can reduce armaments unless all do. Isn't it, then, time for an awakening among enlightened peoples to the end that the leading powers may reach some rational agreement which would not only relieve the world of this terrible financial load, but which in itself would be a long step toward the prevention of war?

"Ours is not an aggressive nation. We want no territory, and we have no designs on other people. If other nations have the same attitude, it seems unreasonable not to believe that all would be willing to prove it by consenting to limit armaments. Unless some such move be made, we may well ask ourselves whether civilization does really reach a point where it begins to destroy itself, and whether we are thus doomed to go headlong down through destructive war to darkness and barbarism."

Hoover Pleads for Relief.

Mr. Hoover said the country already had pledged $11,210,046, or over one-third of the fund of $33,000,000, and that the total contributions in this city already were $2,576,221, or sufficient to feed 257,622 children until next Summer, on the estimated cost of $10 a child. Taking a cue from General Pershing's speech on armaments, he reminded the

Partial List of Contributors.

The Relief Council yesterday gave out a partial list of persons who gave $1,000 or more to the fund and by their gifts were entitled to a seat at the dinner to the "invisible guests." This is their partial list:

Ager, John G.
Alexander, P. W.
Allen, Mr. and Mrs. E. W.
Andrus, John E.
Antiwall, Mrs. John.
Auchincloss, Mrs. R. M.
Baldwin, A. J.
Ballard, E. J.
Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. Courtlandt D.
Baruch, Emanuel D.
Bedford, E. T.
Belmont, Mrs. August.
Benson, Miss M.
Berry, Miss Florence.
Blackler, William S.
Blayer, Mrs. A.
Boynton, Dr. N.
Boughton, Miss A.
Brewster, George S.
Brewster, Mrs. W. S.
Brown, Dr. and Mrs. Arthur J.
Buge, John T.
Bulkley, Mrs. J.
Burdsall, Elwood.
Busse, Prof. A.
Byrne, James.
Barrett, Thomas F.
Barnes, R. M.
Billwiller, C. D.
Bliss Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius N.
Bliss, Mrs. E. M.
Blitzer, Max.
Brophy, Miss E. S.
Brown, Charles S.
Burrell, H. D.
Carneris, Mrs.
Central Comm. for Relief Distress in Germany and Austria.
Choate, Mrs. Jos. H.
Choate, Miss Mabel.
Chubb, Percy.
Cromwell, W. N.
Cutting, Mrs W. B.
Clark, A. W.
Clar, James
Cleveland, Miss.
Coffin, Charles A.
Colby, Mr. and Mrs. Everett.
Cohen, Miss L.
Coog, Mr. and Mrs. J. K.
Comfort, Mrs. F. T
Cravath, Paul D.
Crety, Miss Mabel.
Creighton, Mr. and Mrs. H. R.
Creighton Mr. and Mrs. John B.
Cruttenton, Julian.
Crosby, Mr. and Mrs Carl K.
Cudahee, Robert J.
Cundill, Mrs. F. A.
Cushman, Mrs. J. S.
Cutler, Geo H.
Cushing, Mrs. C. S.
Cutting, R. Fulton.
Chadwick, Florida G.
Daly, Granville F.
Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland H.
Dalton, Mr.
Darrot, Mrs. Paul G.
De Forest, Robert W.
Detmer, Julius F.
Donald, Mrs. Norman.
Dreyer, Mrs. August.
Dreyfuss, Mrs.
Dunn, Mrs.
Duval, Mr. and Mrs. Guy.
Dow r, William A.
Earle, Mrs. W. P.
Erbslob, Rudolph.
Emerson, Mrs. F. W.
Emmons, Arthur B.
Ferrand, Dr. L.
Finland, his Excellency Minister for.
Flagler, Harry H.
Flagler, John H.
Flaherty, James A.
Fosburgh, Mr. and Mrs. James B.
Francke, Mrs. Albert
Franklin, Mr. and Mrs. George.
Frost, Mr. and Mrs. John W.
Fitzgerald, Mrs. M. C.
Frish, Edward M.
Garfunkel, B. J.
Goodwin, Mrs. J. J.
Gug nheim, H. F.
Gardiner, Miss R.
Garrison, Mrs. Philip.
Gefford, James M.
Gibson, Rodney.
Gillespie, Thomas A.
Goldsmith, Sid W.
Gordon, Mrs. Gordon.
Graves, George C.
Grahram, W. S. s.
Hadden, Mr. and Mrs Gavin.
Hammerslough, Mrs.
Hammond, Paul.
Hanauer, Jeroms J.
Hadden, Mrs. J. A.
Hall, Miss A. G. P. L.
Harkness, Mr. and Mrs E. S
Harmon, William E.
Harriman, Mrs. E. H.
Hartigan, Joseph.
Hatch, Mr. and Mrs. H. A.
Hays, Will H.
Havemeyer, Horace.
Heide, Henry.
Heide, Henry Jr.
Heide, Herman L.
Heide, Julian A.
Heide, William F.
Henderson, E. C.
Hepburn, A.
Hewitt, Mrs. A. W.
Hoyt, John Sherman.
Hoyt, Archbishop.
Hunnigson, E.
Hesketh, W. F.
Hibbard, C. V.
Hine, Frank L.
Hodenpyl, Anton.
Hopkins, George W.
Hotchkiss, Mrs. C. W.
How, Frank L.
Huget, J. Perceval.
Hulman, Rev. Finis.
Isaacs, Mr.
Iselin, Arthur.
Iselin, Mrs. C. Oliver.
Jaffee, Mr. & Mrs. H.
Jennings, Percy.
Johnson, Frederick.
Jennings, Walter.
Johnson, F. Coit.
Jay, Pierre.
Kane, Miss A. C.
Knapp, Joseph P.
Knowlton, E. B.
Kahn, Mr. & Mrs. A.
Kahn, Otto H.
Kane, Mrs. John L.
Keaney, Calvin N.
Kelsey, Clarence H.
Kimbrough, Mrs.
Kingsley, Mrs. E. E.
Kraus, Dr. & Mrs. N.
L'Esprance, Maj. D.
Lapham, Mrs. L. H.
Lamb, Dr. & Mrs. L.
Lathrop, Rev. & Mrs. John H.
Levy, Mrs. T. B.
Lieber, Dr. Hugo.
Loomis, John R.
Love, Miss M. C.
Love, Miss Margaret.
Lovejoy, Mr.
Lubomirski, Prince C.
Leininger, Ralph.
Lewisohn, Samuel.
Logan, Mrs. John.
Love, Mrs. John.
Lucey, Capt. F. F.
MacMillen, Rev. W.
McClements, John A.
McConnell, D. H.
McCutcheon, C. W.
MacFarland, Rev. C. S.
McGinley, W. J.
McKee, J. M.
McLean, Mrs. E. S.
McNaughton, Miss M.
McHarg, Mr. & Mrs Henry E.
Mackay, D. M.
Mackay, J. L.
Mackay, M. S.
Matheson, W. J.
Mayan, Miss Annie.
Meis, Mr. & Mrs H. A.
Meyer Jr., Mr. & Mrs. Eugene.
Milbank, John G.
Millbank, Albert S.
Millen, Gerrish H.
Mills & Gibb.
Meek, Mrs. Hugo.
Mann, Leon
Marling, Alfred E.
Mathiesen, Mrs. H. C.
Maynard, Frank P.
Merritt, Mr. and Mrs. Walter G.
Miller, David H.
Morawetz, Victor.
Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. William F.
Morris, James Edgar.
Morrow, Robert W.
Munn, John P.
Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. Grayson M. P.
Nichols, Dr. and Mrs. William H.
Ochs, Adolph S.
O'Donohue, Miss T. R.
Osborn, Mr. and Mrs. Fred.
Osborn, Mr. and Mrs William Church.
Page, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur W.
Page, Frank C.
Perkins, Mr. and Mrs. James H.
Pratt, Fred B.
Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. John T.
Penny, J. G.
Perkins, Charles E.
Peyton, Mrs. W. C.
Pratt, Charles M.
Pratt, George D.
Pratt, Mrs. H. L.
Preston, Miss Evelyn.
Purcell, H. Irving.
Pettitt, George T.
Peters, Mr. and Mrs J. L.
Potter, Rev. James B.
Pyne, Percy R.
Pyne, Percy R. Jr.
Rand, Mr. and Mrs. Winthrop.
Rand, Mrs. Winthrop Jr.
Rand, Miss Ruth.
Rand, Miss Sally.
Rand, Miss Winthrop.
Rand, Miss Mary.
Rand, Miss Ellen.
Rand, Miss Elizabeth.
Rand, Miss Sarah.
Rand, Miss Frances.
Rand, Miss Dorothy.
Rand, Miss Alice.
Rand, Miss Eleanor.
Rand, Miss Helen.
Rand, Miss Edith.
Rand, Miss Katherine.
Rand, Miss Margaret.
Rand, Miss Virginia.
Rand, Miss Caroline.
Rand, Miss Jane.
Rand, Miss Susan.
Rand, Miss Anne



CUTICURA
FOR THE DAILY TOILET

Use Cuticura Soap daily for the toilet and have a healthy clear complexion, soft white hands and good hair. Assist when necessary by touches of Cuticura Ointment. The Cuticura Talcum is also ideal for the skin.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 13M, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Newspaper Index

The New York Times Index is the only guide to records of events published in the newspapers of the United States. It gives a concise account of every important news article, with the date, page and column in The New York Times, and can be adapted for other daily newspapers.

To men of business and students, and in every kind of professional activity where research is necessary, The New York Times Index is valuable.

Editorial Review, Chicago Daily News.

The Daily News librarian finds The New York Times Index of value in looking up dates and various kinds of information relating to past news events, as a file of The Times is kept in our library.

The editor of The Daily News Almanac also finds The Times Index of value in procuring data for that volume. Occasionally also, editorial writers of The Daily News find The Index of use in verifying facts stated.—C. F. Dennis, Managing Editor.

The New York Times Index

TIMES SQUARE, NEW YORK

$8.00 a year. Quarterly issues $2.00

cases were recommended for prosecution by the Department of Justice.

"Of that number about 10,000 arose during the last three months of that period," he said, "and I am advised by the Bureau of Internal Revenue that the ratio will increase. If it does not increase, there will be 40,000 of these prosecutions to be handled by District Attorneys during the next year."

Commodore Reynolds of the Coast Guard told the committee there was a big stock of liquor in the Bahama Islands, less than forty miles from the Florida coast, which was smuggled over in small vessels and flying boats, adding that his men had captured "a little of it." The officer said Coast Guard forces in the Great Lakes were not sufficient to stop the liquor smuggling traffic entirely.

The committee also refused to include in the bill a provision to reward citizens for giving secret information regarding liquor smuggling, advanced by George W. Ashworth, chief of the Customs Division.

WANTS AN AIRPLANE TO CARRY 'DRY' RAIDERS

Chicago Prohibition Director Says Machine Is Needed to Insure Surprise Visits.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—Frank D. Richardson, Prohibition Director for this district, said tonight that he was sending an appeal to Washington for an army airplane for use in surprise raids on towns like Hurley, Wis., in which the prohibition law had been broken. "Dry" agents who entered Hurley yesterday found the news of their coming had preceded them.

"What we need," Mr. Richardson said, "is an airplane. We have the men who can operate it. Captain Leo J. Hanna was a flying man du in the war. An airplane would also be valuable for patrolling the border and gathering information on booze runners."

ASHLAND, Wis., Dec. 29.—Bonds totaling $75,000 were deposited with United States Commissioner Cote today following arraignment of forty-seven men taken in the liquor raid at Hurley, Wis., yesterday, upon charges of having intoxicating liquor in their possession, selling intoxicating liquor, or both. All furnished bail and were released.

Thirty-seven saloon keepers and bartenders filed bonds of $1,500 each, while twenty patrons each placed $1,000 in bonds to insure their appearance later. Because of the available room elsewhere the arraignment was made in the county jail, where the men had been confined since their arrival yesterday.

In the cases of the saloon men, many signed each other's bonds. Personal property holdings in the individual cases ranged in most instances from $15,000 to $40,000.

MADISON, Wis., Dec. 29.—Water rates in Hurley, the town raided by prohibition agents yesterday, were advanced 50 per cent. today by the State Rate Commission.

Merchant-tailored—Ready-to-wear!

Clemons
MERCHANT TAILOR
Established 1898
39TH & BROADWAY

The Last Call!
HALF PRICE SALE
of all our $125
GREAT COATS
and
ULSTERS
Reduced for immediate clearance to
$62.50

All of them Imported, soft-surfaced Heathers, among which are genuine O'Briens. The most luxurious garments that money can buy! Priced $125 previous to this Sale. The original tags are still on the Coats!

It is a privilege in itself to hear these recitals, and added importance is given to the events in that they enable you to compare the exquisite interpretations of the orchestra and the soloists with their Victor Records.

Attend these concerts and note the qualities that distinguish the renditions. Then go to any Victor dealer's and hear the Victor Records by the same artists. Note how faithfully their interpretations are portrayed on the Victrola.

It is because of this absolute fidelity that they make Victor Records; that the greatest artists of all the world are Victor artists.

Victrolas in great variety of styles from $25 to $1500. New Victor Records demonstrated at all dealers on the 1st of each month.

Victrola
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.



This trademark and the trademarked word "Victrola" identify all our products. Look under the lid! Look on the label!

VICTOR TALKING MACHINE CO.
Camden, N. J.

Victor Talking Machine Co.
Camden, New Jersey

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Published Every Day in the Year by the New York Times Company.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President
B. C. Forst, Secretary.

PUBLICATION OFFICE: TELEPHONE BRYANT 5000
TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
TIMES ANNEX, 446 W., n. of Broadway
UPTOWN.....7 Beckman Street
WALL STREET.....8 Rector Street
BROOKLYN.....189 Seventh Avenue

LONDON.....8-14 Tudor Avenue
WASHINGTON BUREAU.....1,325 Broadway
CHICAGO.....Tribune Building
DETROIT.....1,001-1004 Tribune Building
ATLANTA.....615 Globe-Democrat Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Ford Building
LOS ANGELES.....742 Market Street
PARIS.....15 Rue Louis le Grand
GENEVA.....10 Salvador Moore, H. C.
ROME.....Via Nazionale, 7
BERLIN.....An Martin, 8 Boulevard Poissonnière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two cents a copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 200 miles; Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn. Two Cents Additional.

By mail, postage paid. One Year. Six Mos. One Mo.
Daily and Sunday...$12.00 $6.00 $1.00
Daily only.....10.00 5.00 .85
Sunday only.....4.00 2.25 .45
Daily only, Canada 8.00 4.25 .75
One week, 15c. (One week, 20c.

FOREIGN RATES

Daily and Sunday...$26.00 $13.00 $2.40
Daily only.....17.40 8.70 1.45
Sunday only.....9.70 4.85 .85
Sunday, Picture Section, $2.50; Magazine, $1.50.

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNALIST (Monday), per year, $3; Canada, $3.50; other countries, $4.
Binder for 52 issues, June 30, $1.25.

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $3; Canada, $3.50; other countries, $4.

THE TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursday), one year, $2; Canada, $3; other countries, $4.50.
Binder for 26 issues, $1.50.

CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $4; Canada, $4.50 (foreign $5). Per copy, 25c.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

THE NEW YORK TIMES ATLAS, Portfolio—Full Cloth, per copy, $12; per year, $8.

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes in the set—illustrated—cloth, $20; three-quarter leather, $30; full leather, $35—encyclopedic, history European War.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it, or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, DEC. 30, 1920.

CRIME IN IRELAND.

An unemployed curate recently advertised in London for a position. Among his qualifications he said that he "knew all about the Irish problem." Upon this Punch made the obvious remark that this was the very man wanted in Downing Street. Neither there nor anywhere else are we to look for a complete and infallible knowledge of conditions in Ireland. They are too complex and intricate to be fathomed by even the most expert and impartial investigators without long study. No one will expect to find the sum of the whole matter in the report of the British Labor Commission which visited Ireland. Doubtless, there is much truth in it, and to all its damaging allegations of fact the British Government should lose no time in replying. But it is clear on the face of the report that the Labor Commission brought back from Ireland a great many ideas which it took across the Irish Channel.

In the report itself we find ample evidence of the difficulties which confront any inquiry. It states that it is very hard to secure trustworthy information. The existing terrorism prevents even eyewitnesses from telling what they know. And the report frankly admits that Irish opinion is now greatly demoralized in regard to various forms of shocking crime. It [illegible] Irish [illegible] which [illegible] Grand Jury that [illegible] must call their attention to the increase in crime in every county in Ireland, "and no less Love in the northern counties than in the town," it says. We cite this judicial evidence merely to show that crime cannot be shut off in watertight compartments. If you have murder and assault winked at simply because it is called political, you are bound to have it the same time other forms of criminal violence for which that excuse cannot be offered.

In the British Labor Commission's report it is gratifying to find that it bears testimony to the proper attitude of the military authorities in Ireland and, indeed, of the officials in general. It declares, "We do not believe that "the Government directly and deliberately inspired reprisals and vindictive." Going back to the time of the Croke Park tragedy in Dublin on Nov. 21, when several civilians were killed, the report states that there is no evidence whatever to show that this was a "premeditated reprisal." In many other respects the arraignment of the police authorities and of the Government responsible for the police is severe. The circulation of these statements will undoubtedly have the effect of strongly inflaming Irish sentiment. This is one reason why the British Government should take every step open to it to meet the charges set forth with so much bitterness and scarcely concealed bias in this report.

At the end it talks of a "final solution of the Irish problem." Everybody is longing for that. "It will be found," declares the Labor report, "along the lines of conciliation and consent." But the question is whether Mr. ARTHUR HENDERSON, when in Dublin, found any such lines open to him. He has been against an independent Irish republic. He insists that a self-governing Ireland must remain within the British Empire. And it is said to be because of this attitude that Mr. HENDERSON was sent back by Sinn Fein empty-handed to London. We still read of peace negotiations going on in Dublin and also of renewed approaches to LLOYD GEORGE by representatives of Sinn Fein. It is to be hoped that both sides are now ready to lay down weapons of violence and to resort to such political compromises and adjustments as it is fully open to the Government to propose, and to Ireland to accept, under the terms of the Home Rule bill now on the statute book.

UNSPOTTED PROTECTIONISM.

Everybody who is faithful to the traditions of political comedy must applaud the delightful little scene in the Senate over the Emergency Tariff bill. That illusory measure was passed by the House in a great clutter. It was sent to the Senate in the firm hope, belief and expectation that it would die there. Senator MCCUMBER's indignation with Democratic intentions to filibuster against it was in his rôle. The bill was finally referred to the Finance Committee by which shall provide "a means of redress without resort to arms."

The recipe for this new association is simple. We must have "a full conference of responsible rulers," including both victors and vanquished, but wars are responsible rulers? For this a conclusion of responsibility is "full acceptance of international law and actual conformity to it." Since one of Dr. HILL's objections to the present League is that the nations foretaste in its councils do not have a numerical preponderance, one may suppose that Russia no less than Germany will have to be let in to this new conference of responsible States. "Full acceptance of international law and conformity to it" have not been the most distinguishing characteristics of Germany nor of Bolshevist Russia; but let us trust human nature. It may be that the Germans and LENIN will be willing to accept and conform if the military alliance of the Western Powers is broken up. However, Dr. HILL has left himself another exit. We must have a tribunal to determine what international law is, and after that "all responsible Governments" may appeal to it on terms of equality.

This is no doubt a worthy aspiration—a conference of all responsible Governments, the test of responsibility being not past nor present performances, but a promise to conform to something not yet defined. It may be argued that Germany and Russia would not be regarded as responsible until they had shown some evidence of their sincerity; but they can come into the present League whenever they do that. On the whole, the logic of this eminent jurist and statesman makes us feel that in these troublous times there is at least some ground for satisfaction in the prospect that Dr. HILL is not going to be Secretary of State.

REDUCING EXPENSES AND JOBS.

According to that oracle of truth, the Republican Campaign Text Book of 1920, "It has been estimated that "the present payroll of the Federal "Government should be reduced by "at least $300,000,000 through drastic "economies on the part of the Administration." The next Administration and the next Congress should make these drastic economies. Representative SNELL of this State, after a conference with "Republican leaders" at Washington, says that there are "50,000 too many clerks in the departments in Washington, and most "of them will have to go."

Why not all of them? According to Senator SMOOT, last Spring there were 65,000 more Government employés at Washington than before the war. Surely an extensive demobilization of the civil service army is needed. According to the last report of the Federal Civil Service Commission, one American out of every one hundred and fifty-nine was on the Government civil service payroll on July 31. Moreover, of the Americans classified by the census as engaged in "gainful occupations," one out of every sixty-work deserves liberal contributions from any one who feels that the collapse of an important part of our cultured world would bring serious injury to the whole. Contributions should be addressed to FRANKLIN K. LANE, Treasurer, 12 Broadway.

LIBERTY, LIGHTED.

Since 1913 the French Government has maintained a monopoly of the importation of oil. But that régime, it has lately been announced, is to be abandoned. There is to be "liberty" of importation. Yet it is not to be full liberty. Government monopoly is given up, but Government "control" is to be maintained. And on examination this new control looks very like the old monopoly. Who is to import oil? The Government will decide. So of the prices to be paid and asked; the methods of distribution; the entire oil trade and industry—all will be officially regulated. But for the name of the thing, the Government monopoly might as well have been left untouched.

This is the way of State interference. Once established, it is almost impossible to make it let go. It will change its outer form, but clings to the substance. The war made necessary a vast extension of Government functions. They were to be dropped when peace came, but most of them have been continued in different guise. Monopoly goes, but minute regulation remains. Private enterprise is allowed its "liberty" again, but every worker is shadowed by two Government inspectors to see that he does his job in the way officially prescribed.

1921 IN PROPHECY.

Prophecy is beyond question one of the things they order better in France. According to Mme. FRAYA, who has fallen heiress to the robes and mantles of the long famous Mme. DE THEBES, the coming year will be "transitory." That in itself is reassuring. Also, the new year will be without any "great, outstanding events." Merchants may rest assured that sugar, silk and coffee, leather, second-hand motor cars and such will, relatively speaking, stay put. All through 1920 events have "outstood" at such a rate that Father Time has seemed like a hundred-handed Briarous with a sore thumb.

Artistically, also, the prospect is flattering. Cubism and Futurism have done their worst. The year will be "undistinguished" except by "a return to pure classicism in French "art." Perhaps the year will be undistinguished in consequence of that great returning. As was remarked by the novelist son of the purely classical dramatist, CREBILLON, pure classicism is the bane of the Gallic spirit. But let it go that the year is to be sweetly and suavely undistinguished. In politics the outlook is similar. The estate of man is to be "comparatively tranquil." Yet "a new political star" is to rise and shine. Also, feminism is to wax and flourish, resulting in a spiritual re-"from the position in Lat. 57.45 N., "Long. 4.17 E." The particularity with which Admiral BEATTY in turn describes the progress and positions of squadron divisions and flotillas from hour to hour indicates a plan of operations that it is difficult to associate with a mere periodical sweep or a reconnoissance.

The Battle Cruiser Fleet under BEATTY was to be in Lat. 56.40 N., Long. 5 E., at 2 P. M.; at that time his position, attended by the Fifth Battle Squadron with destroyers, was Lat. 56.46 N., Long. 4.40 E. At 2:20 P. M. two enemy vessels, to the E. S. E. were sighted, "when Sir "DAVID BEATTY, recognizing the possibilities of the situation, immediately turned his fleet E. S. E., the "course for the Horn Reef, so as to "get between the enemy and his "base." The battle began at 3:46 P. M. It was not until almost 6:30 o'clock that JELLICOE himself got into action with his Battle Fleet. This tardiness might be cited as evidence that the meeting with the enemy was casual after all. But the British Admiral explains that the position of the enemy by latitude and longitude, as signaled to his flagship, the Iron Duke, was so undependable, "owing "to the constant manœuvring of the "Second Light Cruiser Squadron," that difficulty was "experienced in "ascertaining the correct moment at "which to deploy the Battle Fleet." The first information upon which JELLICOE "could take effective action for deployment," was signaled by BEATTY from the Lion at 6:14 P. M.

It is, of course, true that orders were always incident to a "periodical sweep," but those given on May 30, after a conference between JELLICOE and BEATTY at Scapa Flow, were in singular detail and based on the Horn Reef, as if the Admiral had a "tip" from headquarters to prepare to fight the High Seas Fleet. It would be inconsistent with the traditions of the Admiralty to disclose its means of guessing that the enemy was coming out, nor would Admiral JELLICOE tell the story in his book. It would naturally be an official and professional secret.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Disputing Over a Definition.

For reasons not particularly difficult to guess, Police Commissioner ENRIGHT persists in claiming that crimes are less, rather than more, numerous now than they were in the past under predecessors in his office who are held up to him as exemplars of efficiency. As it pleases him to do that, and as he presumably is right so far as mere number of offenses committed is concerned, that particular point can be left undisputed.

The Commissioner himself admits, however, that crimes of the sort he calls "spectacular" have increased. That constitutes exactly what others than his consider a "crime wave," meaning by that term a change in the quality of the crimes—the resort to the use of deadly weapons as a common instead of an occasional and exceptional expedient. The Commissioner and those who dispute his conclusions simply are quarreling over a definition, and that is a proceeding proverbially resulting only in waste of time.

Instead of complaining, therefore, that [illegible] York of the latter class, however, should be grateful to the Government, rather than resentful, because of the opportunities out there of this task. They now know "where they stand," as the saying is, better than they did in happier days, and that is a form of knowledge on which "getting ahead," in one measure depends.

Loafing neither be encouraged, and expert accountants nor those who are troubled and blundering amateurs about tongues—One more that gives away the pressure in the Government that can make from not income before figuring up their tax. That statement is not quite true, but most people will find it so, the only needed modification being that the right to deduct ceases when the gifts reach the point of being 15 per cent. of the income, and that no deduction at all can be made for gifts to other than regularly organized and incorporated bodies, charitable, educational and the like.

The second of these restrictions does not come into action as regards contributions to the Hundred Neediest Cases. That money all goes to and is distributed by societies that have full legal existence.

While to escape or reduce a tax is not the best of reasons for helping in this good cause or any other, still it exists and property can be remembered as one incitement to generosity.

This Critic Open to Criticism.

An up-State railway company—the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh—has sent to its servitors of every rank a circular letter informing them all that "we cannot ask our shippers and our passengers to pay the wages of any man who is loafing on the job."

The sentiment or feeling is commendable, but the distribution of its expression in this way is tactless in that it will offend all the road's employés who are not "loafing on the job," and it is to be presumed that they constitute a majority of all who receive the circular.

Whoever the official was that ordered the circular sent to everybody was himself doing exactly what he condemned—he evaded the trouble that would have been involved in doing his work properly and intelligently, with due discrimination between the loafing and non-loafing fractions of his force.

A Steerage Library.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have just landed from a steerage trip across the Atlantic, and am impressed with the need of a library in the third cabin of ocean steamers. At present only first and second cabin passengers have it. Nor can one blame the steamship companies for flinching the task of equipping a library for the polyglot mob below decks. On our boat, in the third cabin, twenty-five languages were spoken. And yet, just because of the babel and the medley, a library is needed there more than anywhere else. They have not the recreations provided for the passengers above decks. For them the voyage is a long monotony. Ten days is the average duration; offtimes lengthened when they are kept on board in port awaiting transshipment to Ellis Island.

Those ten days present a priceless opportunity to teach to these newcomers the history and literature of America, her geography, the mechanism of our Government, the life story of foreigners who came here and made good. In that moment the immigrant is in a teachable mood. The adventure into a far country has excited all the nerves of his mind. He is awake as he never was before, and as probably he never will be again. Pathetic is the immigrants' eagerness to learn about this America, theme of their long-time dreamings. To inform themselves so as to pass muster in port when examined for entrance would spur even the dullards.

To provide so many-tongued a library and reach it forth to so varied a company is a job beyond the competency of the ship's crew. It would have to be handled by men specially trained. The Carnegie Fund would doubtless provide the books. But the librarian would have to be a man of vision and leadership, such as our library schools and neighborhood houses are turning out. Which

BLAME FOR THE RUSSIAN COLLAPSE

The Country in a Fair Way to Make Important Social Progress When the Bolsheviki Got Control.

By WILLIAM STEARNS DAVIS,
Professor of History, University of Minnesota.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The apologists for the "present happy Constitution" in Russia are back upon their last trenches. Nobody pretends today that Petrograd is the Utopia. It is freely confessed that Russia is hungry, wretched, degenerating. But for this we are beginning to be told the present ruling idealists are not to blame. If there had been no Bolsheviki conditions would not be much jollier. The Soviets are merely the unlucky legatees of disastrous conditions, none of their making. Any other heir to Czardom would have been in like predicament.

Let it be granted that the old Russian régime down to its inglorious death displayed a stupidity without many parallels in western history. Some of its leaders had a superlative genius for evil. Pobedonostsev did a more ruinous work for his country than even a Torquemada in Spain. The career of Rasputin goes far to confirm mediæval belief in the personal intervention of the devil. Compared with the Romanoffs the French Bourbons went down in wholly undeserved disaster.

All this is true, but not the whole truth. For it was not by follies such as the court of Nicholas II. flaunted before an astonished world that the Muscovite Empire rose to a height that imposed on the fears of the nations. If Czardom produced its purblind tyrants it also produced Milyutin, who carried through the freeing of the serfs, and Witte, the master builder, who yoked the Baltic with the Sea of Japan by the Transsiberian Railroad. The imperial colossus of 1914 certainly had his feet of clay, as the disastrous sequel proved; but a superior fraction of his lofty frame was assuredly of iron. By no acts of fools or weaklings had Bokhara and Samarkand become Russian cities, had the boundaries of China been thrown back or had Japan been almost crowded out of Manchuria and Korea.

Nor is it true that under the Czardom there had been no growth of decent political institutions nor any uplift for the masses. Despite scaffolds, exilings, Xanadu reaction; despite nihilist plots and Stolypin's retaliatory "necktie," the great bulk of the Russian people were moving forward. If the work to be accomplished still seemed depressingly great, the political shackles galling, the ignorance of the "dark people" intolerable, one has only to contrast the Russia of 1914 with the Russia of 1814, just emerging from conditions of the Middle Ages, and with Alexander I. surrendering to all the absolutist theories of Metternich. Since 1861 the serfs had been freed and a system of semi-popular provincial government introduced by the institution of the Zemstvos; and since 1905 there had existed an imperial parliament, with national parties, elections and the ordinary paraphernalia of modern political life.

The Duma had assuredly been grievously curtailed in power and was non-representative of the bulk of the people. But it required not a social earthquake, but only a relatively simple alteration of the laws governing elections and ministerial responsibility to give Russia a Government as liberal in structure as that of the majority of European States. The peasants were grievously ignorant, the industrialists in the cities had their sore grievances, but things were not as fifty years earlier. The press was absurdly hampered, but not as under Nicholas I. By every sign by which careful students can measure human progress Russia in 1914 was advancing, painfully, but not less surely, toward a brighter day. There was much to stir one's indignation, yet there was nothing inherently rotten, nothing to destroy a reasonable hope of a great betterment.

Of course, the war, by its prolonged economic strain on a nation industrially poorly developed, was bound to react internally. War means dictatorships, and woe to any nation when its dictator has to be a Nicholas II. Nevertheless even in 1917 Russia was not on the edge of social bankruptcy. The transportation system was failing, yet not beyond very possible resuscitation with American aid. The armies were very tired, the rank and file demoralized by the desire to desert and seize the nobles' lands, but American hosts would see the war through to victory if only a fraction of the Russian forces could maintain defensive warfare until Germany had been beaten in the west. Still, pathologically speaking, in 1917 the "resistance" of the Russian people of course was low. They had suffered terribly in the war. They were in the throes of a political revolution. The peasants had lost their old loyalty and had secured no new one. Nothing in all this, however, was necessarily fatal provided the nation could be spared some outbreak of ruthless fanaticism, always latent in the Oriental genius, and subject to apocalyptic manifestation in about every people whose faces look toward the East.

That immunity was not, of course, granted. As when a human body, weakened after a run of fever, is ready to be seized upon by some new malignant microbe, so Sovietism found its chance. Its success is, of course, a standing warning to every land of how a pitiless, unscrupulous minority can impose its will on an unorganized bewildered majority; but there was nothing inevitable about Lenin's success. By every law of human prophecy, if the Kerensky régime had lasted through the Winter of 1917-18, it would have experienced an enormous relief in all its external problems from the new war power of America, and after the collapse of Germany every kind of foreign assistance from medicines to locomotives would have poured into Petrograd. The difficulties of Russia would still have been great, but not too great for major statesmanship.

Russia, in a word, did not fall dying, and then have her corpse galvanized in some pathetic endeavor by Sovietism, as our "liberals" fain would tell us. She was wounded, but not fallen, when a merciless faction took advantage of her weakened state and necessity.

Today Russia is in the power of Orientalised men who care no more for the misery of her sons and daughters, provided they can build their Communist palace of dreams, than cared the Mahdist dervishes for their own lives at Omdurman when they raced on Kitchener's machine guns intent less on victory than on paradise. Whether trade relations with these persons are safe and wise, let American and British statesmen settle. But let not our intelligence be insulted by a pretty deliberate warping of facts. Three years ago the Soviet Joab met the weary democratic Abner of Russia and took him aside to speak with him quietly"—then smote him under the fifth rib.

May those who now urge speaking to Sovietism fair take no anger if they hear their own loyalty to American democracy impeached.

WILLIAM STEARNS DAVIS.
The University of Minnesota, Minneapolis, Dec. 26, 1920.

$18,263 IS WANTED FOR 200 NEEDIEST

Total for Most Worthy Cases, $109,846.20, Is Still Short One-Fifth of Amount.

SECOND GIFTS SWELL FUND

Conscience Spurs Many When Contributors See Noble Purpose About to Fail.

TIMES CHAPEL GIVES $100

Stricken Families Get No Relief Under State Pension Law—Money Goes for Necessaries.

The Neediest Cases received $3,385 yesterday, making a total of $91,582.46 since the appeal was first printed this year. This is still $18,263.74 less than the total of $100,846.20 required to make full provision for the 200 families for whom the appeal has been made. Two hundred families was the minimum number provided for by gifts for the Neediest Cases after each appeal in the last four years.

Many more contributions, little and big, are still needed, unless the good work is to fall this year below the standards of previous years.

Taking everything into consideration, Times readers have responded to the appeal this year with splendid generosity. After four years of big drives and at a time when money was scarce, contributions were not leaping from the public purse in a golden shower. But, after a poor start, gifts for the Neediest Cases have been coming along in a handsome volume.

Less than one-fifth of the total sought needs still to be raised. Another appeal is made to generous and charitable people who would feel sorry to see a backward step taken this year.

A considerable part of yesterday's total was composed of the second gifts of early contributors who, disappointed at the slow rise of the total, took the matter in hand themselves and contributed again. Many other contributors yesterday and in the preceding days confessed in letters accompanying their gifts that they had neglected to make contributions they had intended making. Others have written that in view of their own circumstances they thought it the part of wisdom not to contribute, but that, on considering the matter again and again, they had not heart to resist the appeal.

Times Chapel Gives $100.

One of yesterday's gifts was $100 from THE NEW YORK TIMES Composing Room Chapel, which held a special meeting Tuesday night and voted to appropriate $100 of the $160 in its treasury to the Hundred Neediest Cases. Other gifts from schools, organizations and special groups recently have been on the increase. From the continuance of a generous stream of gifts in the four days since Christmas the outlook is not unpromising for arriving at the goal of $109,846.20.

The 200 families for whom the appeal is specifically made are not the only ones benefited. As provision is made for them the burdens lifted from the charitable organizations enable them to use their means to provide more adequately for thousands of others. To a greater or less extent, thousands are indirectly aided.

In nearly every case the family has been rendered destitute by the death or prolonged illness of the breadwinner. Provision for such families includes food, shelter, medical attention, clothing and other necessaries, but also personal aid, guidance and sometimes education. The personal help is furnished by the charitable organizations. Every cent contributed to the Neediest Cases goes to buy the necessaries of life. With the exception of a few cases of very old people, the goal is to help the family or orphan children to become self-supporting and independent. In the past most of the families which have been helped in this way have soon been able to make their way, and their names have been crossed off the rolls of those needing charitable aid.

The following are from letters accompanying contributions:

M. S.—It was my intention to send a check for $5 towards your very worthy fund before Xmas. As a result of my negligence, I am cheerfully charging myself a fine of 100 per cent.

Gertrude Joslyn—Persistence counts. Keep it up. A good thing, if we all resolve to keep hammering at our purpose.

H. P. Andrews—Enclosed find check for $100. Sorry that I was not able to get this off to you so as to bring good cheer to the little ones for Christmas, but their needs being taken care of a few days late will, I hope, still make them happy or at least give them the much needed relief.

Social Motive School Gives $40.

Social Motive School—The pupils of the Social Motive School are sending you $40, part of the proceeds of their Pilgrim's Festival, to be given to the fund for more personal thing that way, and also it may be that I can interest some other member of my own family in helping my own case.

Dr. Fley McIlwen.—Will you please add the enclosed to your fund for the Hundred Neediest Cases. It is pleasant and heartening to have such a paper as THE TIMES lend its columns, service and great influence to such a noble work.

No agents are employed by THE NEW YORK TIMES or any of the charitable organizations to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State pension law.

Contributions are deductible from income tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessaries, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.

Checks may be drawn to the order of the Hundred Neediest Cases and sent to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DAY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO FUND FOR NEEDIEST

Contributions for the Neediest Cases yesterday amounted to $3,385, bringing the total to $91,582.46. They were received as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES	$2,785.00
Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	555.00
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities	40.00
State Charities Aid Association	5.00
Total	$3,385.00
Previously reported	88,197.46
Total	$91,582.46

Contributions received by THE NEW YORK TIMES direct:

A. A. H.	$1	In Mem. K. W. H.	15
A. E. S.	10	In Mem. My De-	
Adams, A. E.	15	loved Dad	1
A. F. H.	10	In Mem. Mrs.	1
A Friend	10	Oliendorff	100
A Friend	5	In Mem. My Par-	
A. H. C.	2	ents	5
Alford, C. G.	10	In Mem. N. H. R.	25
Almond, E. H.	10	Jacobson, W. H.	10
An Army Nurse	10	J. B. A.	2
Anderson, Mary	200	Joslyn, G.	2
Anonymous	5	Katzerberg, H.	25
Anonymous	20	K. M. G.	10
Anonymous	20	Kreel, Margery	20
Anonymous	10	Krolick, Albert	10
Anonymous	1	Landau, Beatrice	10
Anonymous	100	Lashelle, C. P.	10
Anonymous	5	Lee, Helen	15
Anonymous	1	Leaming, T., & Co.	100
Anonymous	10	Lehrbach, H. G.	5
Anonymous	1	Lersch, Mrs. H.	10
Anonymous	5	Levine, Sam X.	5
Anonymous	5	Lindsay, E. V.	10
Anonymous	10	Lobel, N.	5
Anonymous	5	Lovejoy, Emil	3
Anonymous	5	Lovett, B.	5
Anonymous	5	Ludvigh, E. J.	10
Anonymous	5	M. A. H.	5
Anonymous	10	Mann, Abe	5
Arnold, J.	10	Marjorie, Benja-	
A Sympathizer	5	min, Ruth, Anna	5
Averill, L. D.	2	Martin, F.	5
B. A.	100	McCullough, C. A.	5
Baar, Hugo	10	McEwen, Dr. Floy	10
Baker, E. G.	5	McKibben, G. P.	5
Baker, R.	1	McLandless, H. A.	1
Baumann, C. B.	5	McPhee, Mary	10
Beam, N. J.	25	Meckley, J.	5
Beating, R. E.	10	M. E. P.	5
Bell, Augusta	5	Meserole, C. M.	5
Bissell, George B.	5	Meserole, H. C.	5
Blossom Margaret	5	M. H.	3
Blum, Gladys & R.	5	Mihills, Miss M.	10
B. R.	1	Monnell, Marie	10
Brown, Miss	10	Morgenthau, H.	100
Budd, H. M. R.	10	Morgenstein, L. I.	1
Buhl, William	10	Morrow & Barbara	5
Bunsel, Ruth	5	M. S.	10
Camp, C. E. G.	25	Nestle's Food Co.	100
Carlisle, E. J.	5	New York Times	
Charlton, Miss V.	25	Composing Room	
Christie, Mr. and		Chapel	100
Mrs. H. and		No Name	1
Grieve, Mrs. Jno.	20	No Name	1
Clarke, C.	5	No Name	1
Clinton, Ed.	5	Novak, Capt. M. P.	10
Cohan, Manuing K.	10	Orvis, Mrs. P. W.	25
Compton, J. N.	5	Palmanberg, O. W.	10
Conger, E. J.	2	Parke, E.	5
Conklin, M.	5	Pearson, Mrs. A.L.	25
Cornell, Ethel L.	5	Poel, Frank	25
Crowell, Helen P.	5	Purdy, J. H.	10
C. W., Mrs.	1	Ramsay, J. R.	5
Darley, G.	3	Reynolds, J.	20
Davidson, H. C.	25	Richard, Olds	2.50
D. H. A.	2	R. M. B.	10
Donovan, Mrs. D.	1	Roberts, Mary E.	5
Du Bois, Mrs. E.	25	Sanvaldi, C.	10
E. A. N.	2	S. C. H.	5
E. E. H.	2	Scheider, A. M. D.	5
E. E. P.	1	Schnackenberg, D.	10
Eggleston, C. T.	10	Schwartz, Max	25
Elsenbud, Julius	15	Searing, Esther	5
E. L.	2	S. F.	5
Ellinge, Albert L.	5	Sherwin, Mrs. L.F.	10
E. O. C.	5	Small Donor	10
Evans, I. C.	1	Smith, C.	1
E. S. B.	1	Smith, C. E.	25
Ex-Members of 306th		Smith, Mr. and	
Infantry	100	Speiden, C. C.	100
F. A. B.	15	Stevens, Kate	10
F. A. C.	4	Stinson, Mrs. P. N.	10
Fearenbugh, C. H.	5	Symonds, A. M.	5
F. M. H., Mrs.	10	Tanick, W. F.	10
F. M. L.	5	Taylor, J. H. L.	5
Fowls, S. C.	5	Tenenbaum, Jerome	5
Frear, E. E. H.	25	Tibbetts, Elaine G.	1
From	1	Traphagen, G. M.	5
From Bettie	5	Triest, W. G.	10
From Marion	20	Two Little Brothers	2
G. G. S.	5	Tyor, Mrs.	1
Greaver, L.	1	Underhill, F. A.	10
Greenwood, E. E.	3	Valentine, Mr. and	
Haasis, C. W.	5	Mrs. I.	5
Hahn, D.	2	Van Wagenen, Mrs.	
Harlo, Frances	2.50	Samuel	5
Harris, Mrs. W. H.	35	Walker Eng. Co.	25
H. L.	17	W. A. M.	50
Herrick, R. M.	1	Wardwell, Mrs. A.	5
Herritt, R. C.	5	Werner, J.	10
Hilard, S.	10	West, Isabel J.	5
H. P. A.	2	Whiting, C. H.	10
Hurd, Mrs. A. F.	2	Whitney, Grace S.	5
In Memoriam	5	Wood, Catherine C.	5
In Mem. C. L. C.	10	Woods, Theodore C.	20
In Mem. Lieut. A.		X.	1
E. Garney	10	Young, D. A.	25
Total			$2,785

Contributions received through the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:

Mrs. J. A. Armstrong	$5	Mrs. T. F. Pierce	$10
E. W. H.	15	John W. Ward	10
Total			$40

Contributions received through the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:

A. A.	$10	M. L. M.	$500
Alice Henry	5	Charles T. Root	25
Augustus Henry Jr.	5	Alice Wolcott	5
Mary Henry	5		
Total			$555

The State Charities Aid Association received one contribution of $5 from Miss Mary Shaw.

ENGAGEMENTS.

Mr. and Mrs. William E. Woodwell of Pittsburgh, Pa., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Woodwell, to Curtis Whittlesey McGraw of Madison, N. J. Mr. McGraw was a member of the class of '19 at Princeton, where he was Captain of the football team. He served overseas during the war as a Major.

Mrs. Emma W. Burgoyne of Monroe Avenue, Plainfield, N. J., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Eulalie Burgoyne, to Lieutenant Philip W. Allison, U. S. A., son of the late Brig. Gen. James N. Allison and Mrs. Allison. Lieutenant Allison was graduated from Cornell University with the class of '11 and served during the war as Captain

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Preston Gibson have canceled their dinner for tonight, as they will remain in Washington, D. C., until after New Year's.

Mrs. John Clinton Gray is leaving on Jan. 3 for Palm Beach to remain until April.

Miss Katherine Adams and her brother, Charles C. Adams Jr. of Cedarhurst, L. I., are the guests of their aunt, Mrs. S. A. Pickering, in Pittsburgh this week.

Mrs. M. Lentilhon Crook gave a tea dance at the Plaza yesterday afternoon for her daughter, Miss Zella L. Crook.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Vogel are entertaining a house party at their place at Chappaqua, N. Y., over New Year's, their guests including Mrs. Vogel's sister, Lady Henry of London. They will return to their apartment at the Ritz-Carlton next week.

The Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires and Mrs. Stires have been spending a few days at Atlantic City, where Dr. Stires has been recuperating from a short illness.

Captain P. Civalieri, Naval Attaché of the Italian Embassy in Washington, is at the Vanderbilt.

Mrs. Charles Addison Miller will give a dinner at the Colony Club on Friday night for her granddaughter, Miss Frances Isham, and Miss Edna S. Parish, both débutantes of the Winter. The dinner precedes the dance which Mr. and Mrs. Edward Codman Parish will give for their daughter that evening at the Colony Club.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Carstairs, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Brooks, Jr., and Mr. and Mrs. Aubrey H. Weightman have come from Philadelphia and are at the St. Regis.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Harkness Flagler will give a small reception this afternoon for Mr. and Mrs. Albert Coates and for the Directors of the Symphony Society.

Mrs. Gilliat Schroeder of 108 East Eighty-sixth Street gave a theatre party yesterday for her grandchildren.

Mrs. Roger Lewis will give a tea dance at the Plaza today for her débutante daughter, Miss Mary Barbey Lewis; Mrs. William B. Franklin is entertaining at luncheon at the Colony Club for Miss Isabella Wood; Mr. and Mrs. John Sanford are to entertain with a dinner and dance for their débutante daughter, Miss Gertrude Ellen De Puy Sanford; Bishop and Mrs. James Henry Darlington are giving a dinner at the Ritz, followed by a theatre party, for their daughter, Miss Kate Darlington, who is not yet out, and the first of the Symphony Alumnae dances will be given at the Ritz tonight.

Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Rogers and Mr. and Mrs. George Zabriskie entertained at dinner last evening at Delmonico's.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Richards may be congratulated upon the birth yesterday of a daughter. Mrs. Richards is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Mott Hartshorne of this city.

PARTIES FOR DEBUTANTES.

Misses Landstreet, Molnson, Wilbur and Barber Entertained.

The largest of yesterday's entertainments for débutantes was the dance for Miss Mary Davis Landstreet, the débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fairfax Stuart Landstreet, which Mrs. Landstreet gave at the Colony Club and which was also for Miss Jane Molnson of Paris, who is spending the Winter with Mrs. Anson Wood Burchard. Mrs. Burchard gave a large dinner for the two buds before the dance. Those dining guests besides the Misses Molnson and Landstreet were Betty Barber, Susan Coppell, Kathleen Crawford, Lela Emery, Florence Ellsworth, Kathryn Kimball, Elida Arias, Helen Trevor, Olivia Thompson, Isabel Rockefeller, Ellen Randolph, Martha Ottley, Eleanor Hoover and Miss Wooster; also Robert Thompson Jr., H. Wallace Cohu, W. B. Duncan, C. Temple Emmet Jr., William Gray, Alan Hartman, Murray Hoffman, Hugh Kelleher, Townsend Martin, Sidney Mitchell, Henry G. Trevor Jr., Cyrus Miller, Eric Blom, Eric Lundstaard and the Marquis de Targiani.

Mrs. George Gould gave a small dance for her young daughter, Miss Gloria Gould, and other girls and boys of from 14 to 18 who are having a holiday respite from their studies. There were about sixty in all and there was a seated supper.

The Junior Holiday Dance, made up of young people not yet out and managed by Mrs. William R. K. Taylor, was held at the Plaza. Mrs. F. Norton Goddard, Mrs. J. Prentice Kellogg, Mrs. Lewis R. Gawtry and Mrs. B. Ogden Chisolm are included in the patronesses.

The first of the Metropolitan Dances, for young girls who are to make their début in the Winter of 1922, was held last night at the Ritz-Carlton, the large ballroom being used for the dance and a supper after midnight being served in the main restaurant. Members of the committee in charge received. This year's committee is made up of Mrs. Reginald Rhett, Mrs. Archibald Murray, Mrs. James A. Burden, Mrs. Robert L. Stevens, Mrs. Goodhue Livingston and Mrs. John H. Prentice.

In the afternoon Mrs. William Nelson Wilbur, formerly of Philadelphia, gave a coming-out reception with dancing at the Plaza for her daughter, Miss Harriet M. Wilbur. Receiving with Mrs. Wilbur and her daughter were the Misses Katherine Speyers, Audrey Townsend Cheshman, Mary Van R. Cogswell, Georgina Wells, Carolyn Ferriday, Betty Barber, Mrs. Arthur Charrington of Warrenton, Va., and Mrs. Lawrence Hillhouse Wilbur of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Richard Manville of 125 East Seventy-second Street entertained at luncheon for Miss Betty Barber, the débutante daughter of Mrs. Donn Barber. The other girls were the Misses Louise Barber, Mary Vandam, Rosamond Pierce, Janine Fraiss, Laura Harding, Isabel Rockefeller, Lesta Ford, Clara Workum, Mary Landstreet, Emily Hammond, Katharine Keogh and Estelle Manville. Mrs. Manville is to give a masked ball for her daughter Estelle, who is only 16, on Jan. 4 at the Ritz-Carlton.

Jones-Bissell Wedding Jan. 6.

The wedding of Miss Katherine Bissell, daughter of Mrs. Joseph Bissell of the Gotham, and Lawrence Jones Jr. of Louisville, Ky., will take place at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of Jan. 6, at St. Patrick's Cathedral, the Rev. Father William Martin officiating.

Mrs. Laurence Millet is to be the matron of honor, and the other attendants will be the Misses Sheila Byrne, Betty Jackson, Marie Lamarche, Louise Jones, a sister of the bridegroom, and Miss Pierce, Adelaide Beddall, Betty Hauck, a cousin of the bride-elect, and Mrs. William M. Fleitman Jr.

Saunders Jones, a cousin of the bridegroom, will serve as best man, and the ushers will be Warner Jones and Bennett Jones, cousins of the bridegroom, Walton Scully, Frank Taylor, Shelby Elliot, Baylar Hickman, Alan Scaife and Thomas Symington.

WARBURG APPEALS TO JEWS.

Calls for Liberal Contributions to Charities to Meet Needs of 1921.

"Temporary business depression must not be permitted to affect the traditional generosity of the Jewish people of New

MISS KNEELAND WEDS ANGUS MACD. FRANTZ

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Yale Kneeland a Bride in St. George's —Swift-Van Kleeck Nuptial.

Miss Virginia Kneeland, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Yale Kneeland of 107 East Thirty-eighth Street, was married yesterday afternoon in the Centennial Chapel of St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, to Angus Macdonald Frantz, son of Mrs. Alfred J. Frantz of Princeton, N. J. The Rev. Karl Reiland officiated.

The bride was attended by her cousin, Miss Angelene Pell of Rye, N. Y., as flower girl, and by five other bridal attendants, who were Miss Elizabeth Meeker, Mrs. William Shippen Davis, Miss Gertrude Geer, Miss Sarah Morton and Miss Louise Hodges. Mr. Frantz had his brother, Samuel G. Frantz, as best man, and the ushers were Harold Hatch Gile, Boudinot B. Atterbury, John D. Russell and Yale Kneeland Jr., brother of the bride. Only relatives and intimate friends attended the ceremony, and they returned to the home of the bride's parents for a small reception.

Wolff—Boehm.

The marriage of Miss Margaret Boehm, daughter of Mrs. Charles Boehm of Washington Heights, and Charles William Wolff of this city took place at the Church of the Incarnation at high mass yesterday morning. The Rev. Father Heaney performed the ceremony, assisted by two priests.

The bride was attended by her sister, Mrs. Frederick Vagts, as matron of honor. Another sister, Miss Helen Boehm, was the bridesmaid. Frank Kemper served as best man, and the ushers were Frederick Vagts and Edward George Graeber. Following the ceremony, a wedding breakfast was served to a large party at the Hotel Marseilles in the Blue Room, which was decorated in crimson, green and white.

Upon their return from a honeymoon spent in the South, Mr. and Mrs. Wolff will reside in this city.

Dukoff—Erlanger.

Miss Sadie Erlanger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Erlanger of 790 Riverside Drive, was married to David Dukoff, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Dukoff of this city, in the Rose Room of the Hotel Astor at 6 o'clock last Tuesday evening, the Rev. Dr. Aaron Eisenman officiating.

Miss Claire Dukoff, a sister of the bridegroom, was the maid of honor, and the Misses Helen Peyser, Gertrude Brill and Dorothy Lebowich were the bridesmaids. Harry Erlanger, brother of the bride, served as best man. A dinner and dance for about a hundred guests followed the ceremony.

Mr. and Mrs. Dukoff will pass two months in California, after which they will make their home in this city.

Swift—Van Kleeck.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Dec. 29.—Miss Mary Sleight Van Kleeck, daughter of Mrs. Frank Van Kleeck, and President of the Junior League of this city, became the bride of Theodore Van Kleeck Swift of New York and Poughkeepsie, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Swift, in the old Dutch Reformed Church at 7 o'clock this evening. The ceremony was solemnized by the Rev. Dr. J. Addison Jones.

The bride, who is a graduate of Dana Hall at Wellesley College, was attended by Miss Harriette Lawson Reynolds of this city as maid of honor and by the Misses Anne L. Poucher, A. Hooker Keith of this city, Julia Parker of Hyde Park and Catherine Stark Burge of Louisville, Ky., as bridesmaids.

Mr. Swift is a graduate of the Sheffield Scientific School at Yale, and his best man and ushers were all his classmates. Rutgers Woodward of Summit, N. J., served as best man, and the ushers were Curtis Prout, Laurence Ballard Robbins, Silas Lane, Edward Alexander, Gill Wylie and Horace Ray-Paige.

Williams—de Haven.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—In the Church of the Covenant this afternoon, Mrs. Louise Robertson de Haven and Major Charles Redding Williams, U. S. A., were married by the Rev. Charles Wood, D. D. Mrs. de Haven has been for many years prominent in New York and Brooklyn society. Major Williams was for many years with the Judiciary Department of the Canal Zone, resigning when he entered the army as Judge Advocate, as which he served two years in France.

Major and Mrs. Williams left for Camp Travis, San Antonio, Texas.

Obituary Notes.

GEORGE W. ANSON, proprietor of Anson's Express in Brooklyn, died of pneumonia on Tuesday in the Methodist Hospital. Mr. Anson lived at 1,070 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 65 years old.

CHRISTIAN KILLIAN DUSEL, 54 years old, purchasing agent for the tobacco firm of P. Lorillard & Co., died on Monday at his residence, 324 Westminster Road, Flatbush. Dr. Dusel was a member of the Corporation Club, Chancellor Walworth Lodge, 271, F. and A. M., and of the Flatbush Congregational Church.

FREDERICK UNION SIMPSON, for sixteen years manager of the shoe departments in Siegel, Peet & Co., died on Tuesday at his home, 128 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn, aged 55 years. He was a member of the Crescent Athletic Club and of Beauseant Commandery, Knights Templar, of Brattleboro, Vt.

JACOB R. SCHENCK, 96 years old, retired, died yesterday at the home of his daughter, 660 Madison Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Schenck was born and spent all his lifetime in Clover Hill, N. J., until last April.

Mrs. MARY H. DESMOND CAMPBELL, wife of James Campbell, a former acting inspector of police, died on Tuesday at her home, 1,228 Union Place, Brooklyn. Her husband retired from active duty after forty years' service.

PETER S. DORING, for twenty-one years an examiner in the City Finance Department and active in Democratic politics in Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at his home, 873 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 53 years.

Mrs. ELIZABETH C. DUGAN, wife of Stephen J. Dugan, a builder of the Bath Beach section, died on Tuesday at her home, 122 Bay Twenty-second Street, Brooklyn.

Miss ELLA COFFIN BOARDMAN, for many years active in church work in Brooklyn, died in her 84th year on Tuesday at her home, 1,228 Eighty-second Street, Brooklyn.

FREDERICK R. LITTLEFIELD, 57 years old, a pressreader, formerly on The Brooklyn Daily Eagle, died from heart disease on Tuesday at his home, 234A Macon Street, Brooklyn. He was a member of Typographical Union 6.

Mrs. FRANCES W. WALKER, for many years a resident at Columbus Avenue and Seventy-sixth Street, died Tuesday in St. Luke's Hospital of old age. Bishop Burch administered the sacrament a fortnight ago. Her father was Major Harry Wilson of the staff of the Duke of Wellington. The Rev. Ralph Jervis Walker, rector of St. Simeon's Episcopal Church, is a son.

ALBERT BRYSON ELLIOTT, a member of the Stock Exchange for forty-seven years, died yesterday at his home, 1 East Seventy-seventh Street, in his seventy-fifth year. He was a member of the Union League Club, the Metropolitan Club, the Knickerbocker Club, the Riding Club and the Seventy-first Regiment Veteran Association.

Engaged.

WEINMAN—SCHOEN—Mrs. A. Schoen, 42 W. 128th St., announces the engagement of her daughter, Beatrice, to Mr. Sam Weinman, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Weinman of 240 East 123d St., N. Y. C.

Married.

FOWLER—FLINT—On the 28th, in Madison Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Mr. J. Hartley Fowler, son of Mr. and Mrs. James M. Fowler, and Miss Kristen Flint, daughter of Mrs. Henry Flint.

HEWITT—PIKE—Wednesday, Dec. 29, at the Hotel Astor, Frieda, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Israel Pike, to Ely S. Hewitt of this city.

HODGES—JONES—On Dec. 29, at Moroton, Conn., by the Rev. William Sinclair, Mrs. Carrie Brueggerhof Jones to Brig. Gen. Henry C. Hodges Jr.

RUBIN—HACKEL—Dec. 28, Maurice Rubin to Sophie Hackel.

Died.

ABBOTT—At White Plains, N. Y., Dec. 29, 1920, Mary Elizabeth, wife of U. V. Abbott. Notice of funeral hereafter. Boston papers please copy.

BARROW—On Tuesday, Dec. 28, Elizabeth Barrow, only surviving child of the late John and Elizabeth Mode Barrow of Skaneateles, N. Y., in the ninety-first year of her age. Funeral at Skaneateles Friday, Dec. 31.

BORCHERLING—At Newark, N. J., on Monday, Dec. 27, 1920, Frederick Adolph, husband of Frances Gummere Borcherling, in his 49th year. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 1,044 Broad St., Newark, on Thursday, Dec. 30, at 11 A. M. Interment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery, at the convenience of the family. Please omit flowers.

BOSTWICK—On Tuesday, at her residence, 1,229 82d St., Brooklyn, Eliza Coffin, daughter of the late James H. and Maria M. Bostwick, in her 84th year. Funeral services Thursday, 2 P. M., at St. Philip's Church, 80th St. and 11th Av.

BRAND—On Wednesday, Dec. 29, Libbie, wife of Abram Brand and mother of Belle Marks, Josephine, Louis, Harry and Herbert Brand. Funeral from her late residence, 505 West 142d St., on Friday, 10 A. M.

BUCHLER—Suddenly, Dec. 29, aged 60 years, Louis, beloved husband of Annie. Funeral from Chapel of Saul A. Rothschild, 159 West 120th St., on Thursday, Dec. 30, 3:30 P. M.

BUTT—L. Havemeyer Butt of Tuxedo Park, aged 54, beloved husband of May Frances Vogel, of tuberculosis contracted in the World War, at Riverside, Cal., Dec. 24, 1920. Funeral from St. Thomas's Church Friday, Dec. 31, at 11 o'clock. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

BUTT—Lawrence Havemeyer Butt, Holland Lodge 8, F. & A. M. Brethren: You are requested to attend the funeral services of our late Brother L. Havemeyer Butt at St. Thomas's Church, Friday, Dec. 31, at 11 o'clock.

Halibuton Fales, Master.
Harry Comer Secretary.

CALHOUN—On Tuesday, Dec. 28, Isabella, widow of William Calhoun. Funeral from her late residence, 282 Lefferts Av. (near Nostrand), Brooklyn, Friday, Dec. 31, at 2 P. M.

CHANDLER—Frank Hilton. Entered into rest on Dec. 28, 1920. Funeral services at the chapel of the Lafayette Av. Presbyterian Church, corner South Oxford St., Brooklyn, Thursday, Dec. 30, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

CHENEY—Emily L., suddenly on Dec. 28. Funeral service at 14 East 39th St., Thursday, Dec. 30, 11:15 A. M.

COOK—Amelia Frances, on Dec. 27, daughter of late Thomas and Amelia Cook, at her residence, 215 West 101st St. Services Thursday, Dec. 30, at St. Matthew's Church, 84th St., at 10 A. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

COTTON—At Newburg, Dec. 29, 1920, the Rev. John Lyman Cotton, B. A., beloved husband of May M. Jacobson, in his 39th year. Funeral services at 268 Grand St., Newburg, N. Y., on Saturday afternoon, Jan. 1, 1921, at 2 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

CROWLEY—At Jersey City, on Wednesday, Dec. 29, Jeremiah J., beloved son of Margaret and the late Timothy Crowley, at his residence, 126 Randolph Av. Funeral on Friday, Dec. 31, at 8:30 A. M.

DOLAN—On Dec. 27, 1920, James F. Dolan, aged 53 years, professionally known as Doland, husband of Lena and father of Ida Dolan, born in Zilwaukee, Mich. Funeral services at 14 East 39th St., Thursday, Dec. 30, at 1 P. M. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery.

DU BOIS—At Westfield, N. J., Dec. 29, 1920, Peter Grant Du Bois, in his 71st year. Funeral services at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Harry Woodruff, 626 Westfield Av., Westfield, N. J., Friday, Dec. 31, at 2:30 P. M. Interment Fairview Cemetery, Westfield.

DUSEL—On Monday, Dec. 27, 1920, Christian Killian Dusel, beloved husband of Emma Ludwig Dusel. Funeral services at his late home, 324 Westminster Road, Flatbush, on Thursday, Dec. 30, at 10 A.M. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery.

DYLLYN—Officers and members of New York Lodge, 1, B. P. O. Elks: You are hereby summoned to attend the funeral services of our order over the remains of our departed brother, J. Bernard Dyllyn, in the lodge room of our home, 108 to 116 West 43d St., Thursday, Dec. 30, 1920, at 8 P. M. James P. Walsh, Exalted Ruler.
Wm. T. Phillips, Secretary.

EARLEY—On Dec. 28, Cornelius J., beloved husband of Rose M. Earley, nee McDevitt. Funeral from his late residence, 58 Westminster Road, Flatbush, on Friday, Dec. 31, at 9:30 A. M. thence to the Church of the Holy Innocents, Flatbush, where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege.

EASTMAN—Joseph, husband of the late Harriet Collyer Eastman, on Dec. 28, 1920. Funeral private from his late residence, 4 East 70th St.

ELLIOT—On Dec. 28, 1920, Albert Benton, husband of Delilah D. Elliot. Funeral services will be held at the Methodist Episcopal Church, Madison, N. J., on Friday, Dec. 31, at 3:30 P. M., on arrival of Lackawanna Railroad train leaving Hoboken at 2:30 P. M. Interment at Cleveland, Ohio.

FARRELL—On Wednesday, Dec. 29, 1920, James, beloved husband of Margaret Farrell (nee McGilgan) and father of Edwin L., Gertrude A., Estelle L. and Mrs. James T. McGowan. Funeral from his late residence, 96 Macon St., Brooklyn, on Friday, Dec. 31, at 9:30 A. M. thence to Our Lady of Victory Church, Throop Av. and McDonough St. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

FELDMAN—Henry, in his 88th year, on Dec. 28, beloved husband of Caroline Feldman (nee Friedler). Funeral from his late residence, 536 West 184th St., Thursday at 2 o'clock. Relatives, friends and societies are invited to attend.

FELDMAN—Henry. With regret Sisters of Emmanuel No. 1, U. O. T. S., are informed of the death of the husband of Sister Caroline Feldman. Funeral Thursday at 2 o'clock, from the late residence, 536 West 184th St. Elsie Nathan, President; Henrietta Goldman, Financial Secretary.

FINCH—On Wednesday, Dec. 29, 1920, Mary Helen, widow of Richard L. H. Finch. Funeral services at her late residence, 144 Hamilton Av., New Brighton, Staten Island, on Friday, Dec. 31, at 7:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

FRANKENTHAL—Cathe Frankenthal, on Dec. 28, beloved wife of Herman Frankenthal. Funeral Thursday, at 10 A. M. from her late residence, 78 West 60th St. Interment Lutheran Cemetery.

FRIEDMAN—Irving, Dec. 29. Funeral from his late residence, 1,313 42d St., Brooklyn, Thursday, 2 P. M. Omit flowers.

GENTIL—On Dec. 28, Frances E. Gentil. Funeral services at the chapel of the Home, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., on Thursday, Dec. 30, at 11 A. M. Interment Woodlawn.

GILAN—On Wednesday, Dec. 29, 1920, Madeleine, beloved wife of Charles Gilan, in her 70th year. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral on Saturday, Jan. 1, 1921, at 2 P. M., from her late residence, 530 Van Vorst Place, Union Hill, N. J. Interment Grove Church Cemetery.

GOLDSMITH—Henry, of 1,486 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, beloved husband of Rose and father of Leonard Wood, Col. Theo. Roosevelt, Phillip B. Stewart, Gov. Henry J. Allen, J. S. Wannamaker, Sen. Walter E. Edge, H. F. Sinclair, Gov. R. L. Beeckman, John G. Lonsdale, Col. E. L. Stimson, Judge Elbert H. Gary, Louis A. Coolidge, J. P. Muller.

President
Russell R. Whitman
Headmaster
John Carrington

Died.

HOOK—On Monday, Dec. 27, 1920, Eliza Warren, aged 63 years, daughter of the late Sylvanus Warren and wife of the late Conrad Hook. Services on Thursday, Dec. 30, at 11 A. M., at her late residence, 246 West State St., Trenton, N. J.

ISAACS—Of 942 High St., Newark, N. J., on Dec. 28, in her 43d year, Annie (nee Kahn), beloved wife of Joseph Isaacs. Funeral from the Chapel of Saul A. Rothschild, 159 West 120th St., on Thursday, Dec. 30, at 11 A. M.

JONES—At Glen Cove, L. I., on Monday, Dec. 27, 1920, Robert M. Jones. Funeral private.

KENT—At her residence, 109 East 37th St., on Dec. 29, Mary Madeline, daughter of the late Charles and Ellen C. Kent. Mass of requiem at St. Stephen's Church, East 28th St., on Friday, Dec. 31, at 10 A. M. Interment private.

KENT—The Children of Mary of Maplehurst are requested to attend the funeral of their fellow-member, Miss Mary M. Kent, at St. Stephen's Church, East 28th St., on Friday at 10 A. M.
Miss Georgine Iselin, President.
Mrs. Emile Vatable, Secretary.

KLEIN—Suddenly, on Dec. 28, 1920, Georges, beloved husband of Barbara Klein (nee Toussaint), aged 70 years. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral services on Friday, Dec. 31, at 1 P. M., at the late residence, 3,611 Boulevard, Jersey City.

KIRBY—On Wednesday

AUSTRALIANS TWICE

Tilden Conquers Brookes and Johnston Overwhelms Patterson at Auckland Nets.

RUGGED FIGHT BY BROOKES

Gets One Set in First of Davis Cup Matches, Scores Being 10—8, 6—4, 1—6, 6—4.

JOHNSTON HAS A WALKAWAY

Patterson Can Do Little Against Him, the Sets Standing 6—3, 6—1, 6—1.

AUCKLAND, New Zealand, Dec. 30.—America took a commanding lead in the Davis Cup lawn tennis championship tournament here today when William T. Tilden 2d, defeated Norman E. Brookes of the Australasian team, 10—8, 6—4, 1—6 and 6—4, and William M. Johnston defeated Gerald L. Patterson in straight sets, 6—3, 6—1 and 6—1.

A very hot sun and a little wind and rain had left the court slow, but solid, and the showers of the last few days seemed not to have injured its playing surface.

Tilden served first from the northern end of the court, and he and Brookes each won their services until the first set stood 3 all. Brookes then won on Tilden's service and broke through with his own, and led 5 to 3. Tilden responded by winning the next two games, saving the last point with a fine service.

For a moment Tilden was off balance, and Brookes again won on the American's service but played weakly and lost his own. Each player then won twice, but Tilden managed to rally and won the set, 10 to 8.

Second Set Keenly Contested.

The second set was closely fought, but Brookes was unable to win from Tilden's service. He held his own up to 4—5, and then lost his own service. The last game indicated the weakness of Brookes and Tilden's reserve strength. The variety of Tilden's strokes was too much for the older player.

Brookes was apparently fatigued at the opening of the third set, but he recovered splendidly, while Tilden deteriorated, either from fatigue or temperament. After losing the first game, Brookes ran out the set, giving a splendid exhibition of perfect tennis. The crowd cheered uproariously, but always accorded both players due praise.

Result Anticipated.

The result of the first match in the challenge round for possession of the Davis Cup, international emblem of supremacy in lawn tennis, was in accordance with general expectation in this country. Something of a surprise had been created when Brookes, the captain of the Australasian team, nominated himself for the contests in the singles. He had been anticipated that he would save himself for he doubles match and utilize O'Hara Wood or H. W. Heath in the singles, though the Australasian captain still retains his remarkable generalship in singles, his powers of anticipation of an opponent's shots and his perfection in the execution of his own, he has no longer the powers of recuperation during a long match that were his some ten years ago. Brookes has been playing in Davis Cup and other international and national matches since 1905.

Nevertheless, it is evident from the set scores that the victory of the American champions, who also acquired the world's title in singles last Summer in the course of a long series of notable triumphs on the courts of England and in this country, was not accomplished excepting by herculean efforts and the exercise of all his remarkable resourcefulness. The scores of 10—8 and 6—4 in the opening sets indicate plainly enough just how narrow the margin was between two of the greatest exponents of tennis that the game has ever produced. Brookes must have been near the top of his form, even with the advantage of playing on home courts and before a home crowd, to keep the scores so close. Evidently the change of climate has not had any serious effect, if, indeed, any effect at all, in throwing Tilden off his game.

The winning of the third set by Brookes by the one-sided score of 6—1 was not unnatural. Tilden, with two sets stowed away safely, obviously relaxed and, when he saw the third set slipping away, probably made little effort to retrieve it. He must have concentrated his efforts upon the fourth set, counting upon his opponent's weakening if he under the strain of the competition. The result of these tactics is evident in the score, even though at 6—4 it was once more nearly as close as possible.

Johnston's One-Sided Victory.

Johnston's victory over Patterson was also expected. Johnston had the record of a victory over Patterson in 1919, though by a narrow margin. But as THE TIMES has several times mentioned, the former American champion invariably plays better against an opponent on the second or third meeting than he does the first time. He benefits more than almost any other player by his opportunity to analyse his rival's tactics. Moreover, Johnston is able to outplay Patterson at his own game as a volleyer. Patterson is a clever volleyer, but Johnston is the best the game affords in this element of the game.

Nevertheless, the decisiveness, in fact, the one-sidedness of Johnston's victory comes as a surprise. It bodes well for the return of the famous cup to American possession. Tilden and Johnston need but one more victory, whether in singles or doubles, to clinch the tie. They will oppose Brookes and Johnston in the doubles today and tomorrow, in the concluding singles matches. Tilden will meet Patterson and Johnston will play Brookes. Under the circumstances of the first day's play it will require a tremendous upheaval of form for the Australasians to be able to retain possession of the cup.

Jerome to Meet Tracey.

Frankie Jerome, Bronx featherweight and Jack Tracey, also of the Bronx, will be opponents in the feature fifteen-round bout at the holiday show which will be held at the Commonwealth Sporting Club, New Year's afternoon. Matty Brooks and Johnny (Kid) Alberts, will be the principals in a semi-final bout of ten rounds. The contests will be inaugurated with a preliminary bout scheduled for 3 o'clock.

Stein and O'Shea to Ride.

Walter Stein, former New York A. C. cyclist, who now represents the Empire City Wheelmen, and Dinny O'Shea, a clubmate, are among the latest entries received for the thirty-mile team race which will be held under the auspices of the Aaron Fox Association, at the Thirteenth Regiment

---

MADISON, Wis., Dec. 29.—After a lapse of six years, intercollegiate rowing has been reinstated at the University of Wisconsin, T. E. Jones, Director of Athletics, announced today. Faculty recognition of the sport will be given at the first meeting in January, Coach Jones said. Whether a Wisconsin crew will enter the intercollegiate regatta at Poughkeepsie in 1921 depends solely upon the quality of material developed, H. E. Vail, rowing coach, said. For years Wisconsin was the only Western university represented in the Eastern regatta, and its return to the rowing classic will be heralded with enthusiasm here. Badger crews were among the leading contenders at the Poughkeepsie regatta before they withdrew in 1914.

MOUNTAINEERS GET SPEARS AS COACH

Dartmouth's Football Mentor of Last Four Seasons Going to West Virginia.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 29.—Clarence W. Spears, head coach for four years past of the Dartmouth College elevens, will succeed "Tubby" McIntyre as head coach of the West Virginia University eleven, according to an announcement made here today by Athletic Director H. A. Stansbury of West Virginia.

Spears is generally regarded as one of the rising young coaches of the country. As a player he was in the very front rank and was a general choice of newspaper critics, as well as of Walter Camp, for All-American guard in 1915, his last year at Dartmouth. In 1916 he coached the Dartmouth freshman eleven through an unbeaten year and succeeded Frank Cavanaugh as head coach in 1917.

In his first and second seasons Spears did not show his worth at Hanover because of war conditions, but in the last two season his teams have been among the leaders, being generally rated as one of the three best in America in 1919, when Dartmouth alone, with a 7—7 tie, stood between Colgate and an undisputed championship. This year early season defeats in close games by Syracuse and Penn State prevented the highest rating, although important victories were achieved over Pennsylvania, Cornell and Washington, the latter an intersectional game played at Seattle.

Spears is expected to give new gridiron strength to West Virginia, where unusual material is said to abound, and his advent with the Mountaineers will become of the features of the 1921 football season.

BUCKEYES WORK AT NIGHT.

Ohio State Eleven Goes Through Paces by Moonlight.

PASADENA, Cal., Dec. 29.—Practice by moonlight, it developed today, has been resorted to by Dr. John Wilce, head coach of Ohio State's football squad, to get his men into condition for their game on New Year's Day with the University of California. Just where Coach Wilce took his men last night for the secret practice was not divulged, but it is believed to have been Bovard Field, at the University of Southern California, in Los Angeles.

One of the Ohio State team's coaches said today that the Buckeyes were put through two hours of "the hardest kind of signal practice."

They stopped only three times during the two hours," he added, "so don't worry about their not lasting sixty minutes in any man's climate."

PITT DEFEATS DARTMOUTH.

Closely Played Basketball Game Ends, 37 to 34, in Panthers' Favor.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 29.—The University of Pittsburgh team opened the season tonight by defeating the fast Dartmouth College team by a score of 37 to 34. The game was fast and exciting throughout and although the Panthers were always in the lead, they were never more than six points to the fore, and the Eastern boys kept the local net in constant danger during the last few minutes of play. Jordan's splendid shooting and McCracken's passing were features of the Panthers' play, while the team work of the visitors showed superiority over Pitt.

The line-up:

PITT (37).		DARTMOUTH (34).
Jordan	L.F.	Cullen
Shaner	R.F.	Heep
Clawson	C.	Moore
McLean	L.G.	Millard
McCracken	R.G.	McDermot

Field goals—Heep (2), Millard (3), Cullen (2), Moore, Brown, Jordan (3), McLean, Shaner. Goals from fouls—Cullen 13 out of 19, Brown 3 out of 4, Shane 11 out of 26. Substitutions—Dartmouth: Brown for Heep, Newell for Kellen. Pitt: Rose for Shaner. Referee—C. Haca and Jack Baird. Time of periods—Twenty minutes.

SEEK ENGLISH FOIL MATCH.

American Blade Experts Plan International Fencing Event.

Fencing devotees are now getting in their finishing practice preparatory to a season of title events which promises to afford rare sport and which, according to the schedule announced yesterday by W. Scott O'Connor, Secretary of the Amateur Fencers' League of America, will start Jan. 13 at the New York Athletic Club, and, in the various clubs which encourage the sport in this city, will continue until March 9.

In addition to the various titular events staged each year there is a possibility that the pick of American amateur foil and blade experts may meet a team of English amateurs at the conclusion of the championship events, negotiations toward that end now being under way. Also it is mentioned as a possibility that Spanish and Italian followers of the sport will be included in what would then be a most interesting international contest.

The schedule as announced follows:

Jan. 13, foils, preps; individual, at the N. Y. A. C.; Jan. 17, foils, novice, individual, N. Y. A. C.; Jan. 24, foils, junior, championship, N. Y. A. C.; Jan. 31, sabre, junior team championship, N. Y. Turn Verein.

Feb. 2, sabre, team championship, N. Y. A. C.; Feb. 7, foils, junior team championship, Fencers' Club; Feb. 11, three weapon team championship, Fencers' Club; Feb. 14, epee, junior team championship, Fencers' Club; Feb. 21, epee and sabre, junior individual championship, N. Y. Turn Verein; Feb. 28, foils, junior championship, indoors, N. Y. Turn Verein.

March 7, three weapon individual championship, N. Y. A. C.; March 14, foils, team championship, Fencers' Club; March 23, foils, women's championship, Fencers' Club.

April 2, foils, interscholastic championship, Fencers' Club; April 11, epee team championship, Fencers' Club; April 27-28, national open championship, individual, foils, epee and sabre (semi-finals), N. Y. A. C.; April 29, final national indoor championship, Hotel Astor

May 9, epee outdoor individual championship, Travers Island.

Penn State Stars to Run Here.

Pennsylvania State College will be represented by a trio of athletic stars in the annual Millrose A. A. indoor track meet at Madison Square Garden, Feb. 3. Eddie Shields, middle-distancer; John Romig, intercollegiate hill and dale champion and Harold E. Barron, former Meadowbrook Club representative, are the athletes who will sport the Penn State colors.

Referee Stops Bout Between Bantams in 11th Round, With Roy Moore the Victor.

LOCAL LAD BADLY PUNISHED

Stands Battering Gamely, Declining to Quit, but Clever Opponent Gets Knockout Verdict.

Jack Sharkey's pugilistic star set last night in the ring at Madison Square Garden, where the doughty little Italian bantamweight went down to a knockout defeat at the hands of Roy Moore, a youthful tornado from St. Paul. The end came in the eleventh round, when Sharkey, battered helpless and groggy under the punishment to which he had been subjected almost from the start, was reeling drunkenly in a neutral corner under a shower of rights and lefts rained on him by Moore. As he appeared about to slip to the floor, Referee Harry Stout stepped between the pair and waved Moore to his corner a victor. Sharkey, tears streaming from his eyes, walked unsteadily to his corner, assisting himself across the ring by grabbing the ropes.

Referee Stout's merciful intervention came after exactly one minute of boxing in the eleventh round. It put a halt to one of the most spectacular bantamweight contests seen in the Garden since the revival of boxing.

Loser Game to the End.

Sharkey, beaten beyond hope of winning except by a lucky knockout blow, stood his ground gamely and gave a crowd of about 9,000 enthusiastic fans an impressive exhibition of courage. Joe Wagner, the Italian's manager, wanted to stop the contest in the intermission between the ninth and tenth rounds, when it was apparent Sharkey was hopelessly beaten, but Sharkey fought with his manager and refused to quit as long as he still had a fighting chance.

Sharkey had been punched groggy and almost into submission on two distinct occasions before this. He was on the road to pugilistic slumber in the sixth session and again in the ninth, but he refused to admit defeat until the referee stopped the bout.

Sharkey was strictly on the defensive through the early rounds. After the first session the little west side Italian found his opponent's whirlwind style too much for him. The result was that Sharkey held continually in the clinches and confined his efforts to this almost exclusively.

There was no long-range work, for Moore forced the fighting relentlessly and battered his rival about the face and stomach in a varied attack for which Sharkey could find no defense. Frequently, when backed against the ropes, Sharkey, bending back to avoid Moore's blows, almost slipped out of the ring, causing a halt when the milling became extremely hot.

Moore pursued a tireless offensive and with a terrific body attack, interrupted at times when he shifted to the face, rack the St. Paul boxer gradually weakened his rival. Sharkey sought to return the fire, but was wild and ineffective, landing with his long-range blows on Moore's arm for the most part. The Italian's short-arm jolts and swings to the stomach dealt out by Moore weakened Sharkey and in the sixth session the Italian was on the verge of a knockout.

Looked All Over in the Sixth.

Moore's sustained attack forced Sharkey to the ropes repeatedly in the first five rounds, and in the sixth it appeared as if the contest would end with Sharkey on the floor. With his short-arm jolts to the face and jaw, deliver at close quarters, Moore bobbed Sharkey's head from side to side, and soon rendered the Italian groggy. Moore continued his battering without let up, while Sharkey tried to protect his jaw with crossed arms. As he walked to his corner at the bell Sharkey was groggy and all but out.

Through the seventh and eighth rounds Sharkey made valorous attempts to turn the tide of battle, but without avail. He opened the eighth with a hurricane rally which carried Moore backward by surprise for a spell. The Italian soon spent himself, however, and continued on the receiving end of Moore's blows.

In the ninth Sharkey showed early life, too, but again it was only a flash in the pan, and the steady battering to which he was subjected caused him to wilt. Before the end of the round Sharkey was groggy against the ropes, where Moore tried eagerly to finish his rival. The St. Paul lad, however, was unsuccessful in finishing the go at this point.

In the tenth round Sharkey was again groggy, but he stuck to his guns with admirable gameness and earned the plaudits of the crowd. A few well-directed blows to the jaw early in the eleventh sent Sharkey against the ropes in a neutral corner, and Moore was on him like a flash, raining rights and lefts to the jaw past Sharkey's protecting arms until it seemed at last that Sharkey must crumple. When it was evident he was incapable of defending himself further, Referee Stout called a halt.

Sharkey weighed 120¼ pounds and Moore 122½.

Panama Joe Gans gained permanent possession of the "colored middleweight championship belt" which was donated by Promoter Tex Rickard. In the semi-final bout of ten rounds, in which Gans engaged Sailor Darden of Charleston, S. C., it was Panama Joe's third successful defense of the gold and diamond studded buckle, and, as is provided under the terms of the deed of gift, Panama Joe can now call the emblem his very own. The negro boxer with the Zone prefix to his ring name previously defeated George Robinson and George Christian.

Darden gave Gans a margin of ten pounds in weight, and Gans gave Darden a sound thrashing in return. Of the three who questioned Gans's possession of the Richard belt Darden was the toughest. The boxer from the Southern naval base showed plenty of courage and ring grit. These, however, were his only qualifications.

Darden displayed himself in promising style in the first round, when he crowded Gans about the ring, and in head-to-head milling pummeled the latter's body. Darden, however, fought himself out in this round and thereafter did little but absorb the punishment meted out by the clever, fast, hard-hitting Gans.

In every round, up to the final, Darden just took everything that came his way, while Gans belabored him from every angle and with every known blow. The judges' verdict was rendered in favor of Gans when the gong clanged the end of the bout. Gans weighed 149½ pounds and Darden 139½.

Pilkington Gets Decision.

Charlie Pilkington, former amateur champion, outpointed Tommy Elm, the Paterson, N. J., veteran, in the first of the ten-round bouts. The lad who formerly boxed only for medals and glory displayed a brand of cleverness which offset Elm's aggressive though ineffective fighting. Elm was a difficult target to hit, his low crouch presenting a serious problem for solution early in the bout. Pilkington found a means of combating this style after the third round, and thereafter took his turn at the offensive, and was more effective with his blows, chiefly a snappy left-hand jab and a right cross which bothered Elm considerably. Harry Stout refereed this bout.

At the final bell the judges rendered their decision in favor of Pilkington, and the verdict was greeted with a spontaneous outbreak of applause. Pilkington weighed 125½ pounds and Elm half a pound more.

Packy O'Gatty, east side Italian, and fighting Dick Atkins, a bantamweight from Toronto, Canada, furnished plenty of fireworks in the opening bout of six rounds. At the final bell the judges, Joe Ruddy and Tommy Shortell, disagreed, and Referee Jack Donnelly declared the contest a draw. The decision did neither boxer injustice.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—The date of an ice skating meet to be held in New York between the public schools of New York and Chicago was announced today as Feb. 5. This is the first meet of its kind scheduled. Eighteen representatives from each city will compete in five events, which include two races of 220 yards and 440 yards and three relay events, of 440 yards, 880 yards and one mile. In the relays only three in each event may qualify for the finals. The list of entries will be composed of six skaters from the grammar schools, six from the high schools under 14 years of age and six from the high schools over 14 years.

CRESCENTS DEFEAT DEKES AT SQUASH

Brooklyn Club Scores Victory in Class B Tourney and Ties for Second Place.

METROPOLITAN LEAGUE SQUASH TENNIS STANDING, CLASS B.			
Club.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Yale	6	0	1000
Columbia	4	2	.667
Crescent	4	2	.667
Harvard	3	3	.500
Princeton	2	4	.333
D. K. E.	2	4	.333
Army and Navy	0	6	.000

In the final match of the first half of the tournament for the Class B squash tennis team championship of the Metropolitan League, the Crescent A. C. defeated the D. K. E. Club yesterday afternoon on the latter's courts by a score of 6 matches to 1. The result of the match is to send the Crescent into a tie for second place with the Columbia Club, each having won four matches and lost two. The D. K. E. team, on the other hand, retires from undisputed possession of fifth place to a tie for fifth place with the Princeton Club. Play in this tournament will be resumed on Jan. 4.

Thorne was the only winner for the D. K. E. team yesterday. This player, who is especially talented in his ability to use either his right or left hand in shooting, defeated Cypiot of Crescent handily by scores of 15—10, 15—1. Cypiot offered sturdy opposition in the opener, but weakened in the second session.

Baxter won a well-played match for Crescent from Jenkins by scores of 17—14, 11—15, 15—7. The first game between these two ran peculiarly. Baxter won the first six aces. Jenkins then countered by taking 14 straight aces, whereupon Baxter returned to the attack, the score at 14 all, and continued through for a total of 17 straight points and the game at 17—14. He dropped the second game, but closed strongly, taking the rubber with the loss of but 7 aces.

The Dingee-Taylor match also went the limit of three games, all hotly fought out. The scores were 10—15, 16—6, 16—15. McVaugh, Dangler, Torrance and Ivins won for Crescent in straight games. The summaries:

Crescent A. C. 5, D. K. E. Club 1.

Andrew Baxter Jr., Crescent, defeated Felix Jenkins, D. K. E., 17—14, 11—15, 15—7; K. F. McVaugh, Crescent, defeated G. G. Davidson, D. K. E., 15—8, 15—9; C. W. Dingee, Crescent, defeated Walter Taylor, D. K. E., 15—13, 15—9, 15—15; C. W. Dangler, Crescent, defeated K. N. Hawkes, D. K. E., 15—10, 15—8; N. F. Torrance, Crescent, defeated E. L. Ward, D. K. E., 15—6, 15—8; J. W. Ivins, Crescent, defeated P. M. Whelan, D. K. E., 15—10, 15—1; H. S. Thorne, D. K. E., defeated J. Cypiot, Crescent, 15—11, 15—12.

BRUSSELL IS CUE VICTOR.

Beats Spear in Close Game of Class C Title Tourney.

Sidney Brussell advanced a peg in the continuation of the national Class C amateur championship 18.2 balkline billiard tournament now in progress at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn last night when he defeated George Spear in a closely fought out contest, the final score of which was 150 to 140. The other game of the evening was between J. R. Johann and C. J. Steinbugler, which the former attached by a score of 150 to 138, which, like the Brussell-Spear match, was close and interesting.

In the game between Brussell and Spear the present national Class C champion had 117 to Spear's 89 in the twenty-fifth inning, but then the latter rallied and at the thirty-seventh inning was within eight points of his adversary, the score being 148 to 140. In the next inning both missed and then Brussell scored the necessary two points which ended the game.

Brussell's average was 3 33-39 and his high run was 29, while Spear's average was 3 23-39 and his high run was 22.

In the Johann-Steinbugler game the former had a lead of 48 points in the thirty-fourth inning, but then Steinbugler rallied and in the forty-second inning the score was tied, but he then missed a difficult three-cushion shot and Johann scored the needed 12 points with which to end the game. Johann's average was 3 18-44 and his high run was 25, while Steinbugler's average was 3 9-43 and his high run was 24.

Johann meets J. M. Lewis Jr. and F. A. Unger meets George Spear in the continuation of the tournament tonight. At present Brussell and Unger are tied.

OWLES WINS AT CARROMS.

Defeats La Rue in Three-Cushion Match, 25 to 13.

Fred Owles, who is generally looked upon as the probable winner of the three-cushion billiard tournament now in progress at Doyle's Academy under the auspices of the A. A. B. A., last night won his game from George La Rue without difficulty, the final score being 25 points to 13. The game lasted for 42 innings.

This is Owles's second victory and throughout he showed excellent judgment and cleverness with the cue, and those who witnessed the game expressed the belief that he had an excellent chance of leading the galaxy of eight entries when the final game is played. Owles was particularly careful until the twentieth inning, when the score stood at 8 to 4, and then, with what he considered a safe lead, he let loose and tallied some fine counts in brilliant shots, scoring twos and threes more than once during the remainder of the game.

In the continuation of the tournament tonight, Henry Fratzen is scheduled to meet Charles Adair, and another feature tonight will be the final game of the English billiard handicap match, in which Charles Addleman is to meet Jackson Wood, and a well contended cue battle is expected by the admirers of that phase of cue sport.

WILL HONOR ATHLETES.

Harvard Plans Huge Celebration for All Varsity Teams.

BOSTON, Dec. 29.—Harvard University is to celebrate a season of sports successes with a dinner and exercises in honor of its football, baseball and hockey teams and the varsity crew at the Harvard Club here on Jan. 13.

The celebration, as announced today, will be the first of its kind for Crimson athletes. In other years it has been customary to mark only the victory of the eleven in its big games.

Richards vs. Aydelotte and Pickells vs. Lang Is Schedule of Today's Matches.

The semi-final rounds in both singles and doubles of the tennis tournament at the Seventh Regiment Armory for the junior indoor championship of the United States were reached yesterday, as well as the final of the boys' singles. In the top half of the junior tournament Harry Pickells of Flushing and Jerry Lang of George Washington High School came through to the semi-finals, while in the lower half Vincent Richards of Fordham University and William Aydelotte of Horace Mann School were successful. In the boys' singles, the finalists, who will decide the title today, are William Einsmann and Herbert Bearman.

All the matches in the junior singles were decided in straight sets yesterday, and in at least three of the four matches the victories came about in accordance with form indications. Richards vanquished Parke Cummings of Harvard by scores of 6—0, 6—4. The Fordhamite played at top speed in the opening session, taking no chances and running through six straight games with much decisiveness as well as expedition. In the second set he was content to take things more easily, though he had the situation well in hand all the time. Nevertheless, Cummings found his bearings more satisfactorily in the second session, and the result was many fine rallies, in which both made good use of their service as well as volleying ability. The Fordhamite had the advantage over the Harvard man in position play as well as variety of shots.

May Extend Richards.

Bracketed with Richards in today's semifinals will be William Aydelotte, who learned his tennis in California before coming to New York, but whose experience in the East during the last year has added to his skill in court tactics while diminishing no whit the characteristically California pace of his smashing service and overhead shots. It would be a remarkable upset indeed should Aydelotte defeat the playing-through champion today, but a study of his play this week gives ample ground for the belief that he will force the Fordhamite to show the best of his wares in order to win. This should be one of the best matches of the entire tournament, which has been prolific of good tennis.

Aydelotte won his match yesterday from A. L. Hopkins, a Yale man, both sets going to the schoolboy at 6—3.

Jerry Lang, who is generally considered to have the best chance to meet Richards in the final round for the title, defeated Arthur Orth, his schoolmate from George Washington High School, yesterday by scores of 6—4, 6—1. Lang showed remarkable accuracy in shooting for the lines. Both in his strokes off the floor and on the volley, he displayed highly commendable form and judgment. The fourth match of the junior singles was won by Pickells from John J. Tucker of Horace Mann School. The first set between these two was brilliantly contested. Pickells won it at 8—6, after Tucker, who should develop into one of the future stars of the game, had fought him almost to a standstill and had come several times close to a reversal of the result. He could not maintain the pace in the second session, however, letting down considerably in his play, while Pickells instituted forcing tactics and won easily at 6—0.

In the junior doubles Richards, who won the title a year ago with Frank T. Anderson, is teamed with Paul F. McHugh, a Yale freshman, and the two have an excellent chance for the honors. They must travel a fast pace, however, to win from Aydelotte and Tucker, whom they meet in the lower half of the semifinals. In the other half, Einsmann and Acker, who played in the boys' singles event, will meet Glore and Kuhn.

Close Matches in Doubles.

Richards and McHugh won in the third round yesterday by the default of Farquhar and De Biaso, holders of the national outdoor boys' doubles championship. In the previous round Richards and McHugh had won with something to spare over Bernstein and Gittler, who are two of the cleverest of the younger players. Aydelotte and Tucker had a busy session with Osgood and Dailey and had to play through thirty-nine games in three sets in order to gain the decision. They were a weary quartet when this match was completed. Einsmann and Acker won two close sets from Blunt and Born, 7—5, 6—4, and Glore and Kuhn likewise had their troubles defeating Hurd and Cummings at 7—5, 6—3.

In the boys' singles Einsmann had to play through three spirited sets to win from Hedekin, while Bearman advanced to the final somewhat more handily. The quality of play in both matches was excellent, especially considering the youth of the players. Einsmann is a Jersey boy who showed much promise in boys' tournaments last Summer.

The summaries:

Junior Singles, Fourth Round—Harry Pickells, Flushing High, defeated John J. Tucker, Horace Mann, 8—6, 6—0; Jerry Lang, George Washington High School, defeated Arthur Orth, George Washington High, 6—4, 6—1; William Aydelotte, Horace Mann School, defeated A. L. Hopkins, Yale, 6—3, 6—3; Vincent Richards, Fordham University, defeated Parke Cummings, Harvard, 6—0, 6—4.

Junior Doubles, Second Round—Richards and McHugh defeated Bernstein and Gittler, 6—1, 6—3.

Third Round—Einsmann and Acker defeated Blunt and Born, 7—5, 6—4; Glore and Kuhn defeated Hurd and Cummings, 7—5, 6—3; Richards and McHugh won from Farquhar and De Biaso by default; Aydelotte and Tucker defeated Osgood and Dailey, 6—3, 8—10, 7—5.

Boys' Singles, Semi-final Round—William Einsmann defeated David Hedekin, 6—3, 8—6, 6—3; Herbert D. Bearman defeated Sidney J. Gittler, 6—4, 6—2.

COLUMBIA IN CHESS LEAD.

Beats Yale on Boards While Tigers Defeat Harvard.

Columbia, Harvard, Yale and Princeton contested the second round of the annual "C. H. Y. P." Chess League tournament at the Manhattan Chess Club yesterday, but required a night session in which to complete the eight games. Princeton scored another victory, this time over Harvard, by 2½ to 1½, the same score by which the Tigers worsted Yale on the opening day.

Columbia's champions, despite the tie with Harvard on Tuesday, went into the lead with a total of 5½ points by virtue of the Blue and White victory over Yale yesterday by 3½ to ½. Princeton, therefore, is in second place with 5 points, followed by Harvard with 3½ and Yale with 2. It follows that the fate of the championship depends upon the final meeting between Columbia and Princeton this afternoon.

The summaries:

Columbia vs. Yale.

Bds.	COLUMBIA.	Bds.	YALE.
1—M. A. Schapior.	½	1—T. H. Banks...	½
2—O. Frink Jr....	1	2—P. T. Paine....	0
3—P. Wolfson.....	1	3—A. Strout.....	0
4—F. Worden.....	1	4—H. C. Jackson..	0
Total.....	3½	Total.....	½

Columbia played white on the odd-numbered board. The openings: 1, Queen's gambit declined; 2, Ruy Lopez; 3, French defense; 4, Ruy Lopez.

Harvard vs. Princeton.

Bds.	HARVARD.	Bds.	PRINCETON.
1—K.S.Mott-Smith.	0	1—S. E. Hall.....	1
2—H. H. Jackson.	0	2—C. T. Smith....	1
3—A. King.....	½	3—E. Koster.....	½
4—E. A. Sharp.....	1	4—P. S. Olmstead.	0
Total.....	1½	Total.....	2½

Princeton played white on the odd-numbered board. The openings: 1, Centre counter gambit; 2, Sicilian defense; 3, centre gambit; 4, Scotch gambit.

The standing of the teams to date follows:

Colleges.	—Matches.— W.	L.	—Games.— W.	L.
Columbia	1½	½	5½	2½
Princeton	1	0	3	1
Harvard	½	1½	3½	4½
Yale	0	2	1	6

In the final round today Columbia will meet Princeton and Yale will play against Harvard. The annual breakfast of the league will be held at the Hotel Sherman Square.

Ithacans Lead Field Despite Beating by C. C. N. Y.—Name of League Is Changed.

Although defeated for the first time in the fifth and final round of the twenty-second annual tournament of the Triangular College Chess League at the Manhattan Chess Club yesterday, Cornell's chess players, thanks to the considerable advantage established in the earlier rounds, emerged victorious from the competition with a record of three matches out of four and a game total of 10-6. Yesterday the Ithacans lost to City College by 2½-1½, this being due in a measure to the absence of the player at the third board, which gave C. C., N. Y. one unearned point.

The championship was clinched by H. Garfinkel, who won his game at Board No. 2, and N. N. Gotthoffer, who drew against H. Slochower of City College. Captain Adelsberg, however, succumbed in a hard-fought game to A. Weisbord, No. 1 in the C. C. N. Y. line-up. H. Grossman, City College, also won.

City College made the second best record in point of matches won and lost, but the game total, 8-8, was half a point inferior to that of New York University, 8½-7½.

The New York University team was too much for the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and won by 3-1. L. Denonn, D. Bourgin and J. Zatulove scored on the winning side, while S. Nelson was the sole winner for Massachusetts Institute of Technology. The New Englanders, who started off famously by defeating Pennsylvania, finished with a slightly inferior match record but a better point score than the Quakers. All things considered, the newcomers did exceedingly well on their first appearance in the league.

At the annual business meeting the following officers were elected: Harold M. Phillips, New York, President; H. Garfinkel, Cornell, '22, Vice President; H. Helms, New York, Secretary; H. Cassel, New York, Tournament Director and treasurer.

By vote of the delegates it was decided to change the name of the Triangular College Chess League, and it will hereafter be known as the Intercollegiate Chess League. A new trophy being needed, a subscription list was opened. A. Martinez, former President of the Manhattan Chess Club, and Irving Keene started the ball rolling with subscriptions of $20 each.

The summary of yesterday's play follows:

Cornell vs. City College.

Bds.	CORNELL.	CITY COLLEGE.
1. H. Adelsberg	...0	A. Weisbord 1
2. H. Garfinkel	...1	H. Sternberg 0
3. L. H. Campbell	..0	H. Grossman 1
4. N. N. Gotthoffer.	½	H. Slochowar ..... ½
Total.....	1½	Total..... 2½

City College played white on the odd-numbered boards. 1, Giuoco Piano; 2, Ruy Lopez; 3, forfeited; 4, Ruy Lopez.

N. Y. University vs. M. I. T.

Bds.	N. Y. U.	M. I. T.
1. L. Denonn	1	R. F. Lyon.....0
2. A. A. Coheh	0	S. Nelson 1
3. D. Bourgin	1	C. Thumm 0
4. J. Zatujove	1	J. Brimberg 0
Total.....	3	Total..... 1

New York University played white on the odd-numbered boards. The openings: 1, four-knights declined; 2, King's Bishop's; 3, Queen's gambit declined; 4, Queen's gambit declined.

The final standing of the colleges follows:

Colleges.	Matches. W.	L.	Games. W.	L.
Cornell	3	1	10	6
City College	2½	1½	8	8
New York University	2	2	8½	7½
Pennsylvania	1½	2½	6½	9½
M. I. T.	1	3	7	9

Of the twenty-two tournaments held by the league, Pennsylvania has won eleven, Cornell eight, and City College one. In addition, Pennsylvania tied once with Cornell and once with Brown. One of the charter members of the league, but no longer a member.

George Chip to Box Bryan Downey.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 29.—Bryan Downey of Columbus and George Chip, former middleweight champion, will box ten rounds here Jan. 7. The weight will be 160 pounds at 3 o'clock.



Made by THE JOHNSON & MURPHY SHOE CO.

REDUCTIONS in Men's High Shoes DURING DECEMBER

Lasts and patterns exclusively our own designs

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY
BROADWAY AT 40TH STREET
NEW YORK
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE BUILDING



Week End for Winter Sport



Take advantage of the New Year Holiday to indulge in your favorite sport.

We are amply ready to furnish every essential equipment for

SKATING SKIING CURLING
SNOWSHOEING COASTING
HOCKEY and BASKETBALL

and the necessary adjuncts for outdoor comfort:

Sweaters, Sheep-lined Coats,
Warm Gloves, Mufflers, Heavy Hose.

Alex Taylor & Co., Inc.
QUALITY
ATHLETIC
OUTFITTERS
26 E. 42nd St.







Friday At Midnight

will begin the new 1921 marathon for business and social success—and, whether you choose to or not, you will be in it.

Get a flying start by outfitting yourself in a "G.G.G." suit and overcoat, which subtly identify you as a man of accomplishments.

The fact that more New York men choose

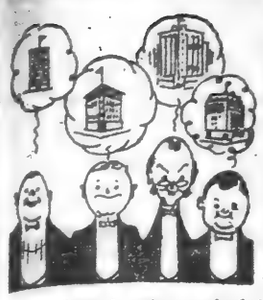
"G.G.G."-Clothes
for men-young and old

than any other brand indicates that these clothes are leaders in style, fit and price.

You will never realize how good clothes can improve a man's appearance until you have mirrored yourself in a "G.G.G." outfit.

at 68 stores, conveniently located—
their names are yours for the asking

WILLIAM P. GOLDMAN & BROS., INC., NEW YORK
MAKERS OF "G.G.G." CLOTHES FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN
"Fashioned for Fifth Avenue—Famed Everywhere"



Squaring the dress circle! Four "corners" amply stocked with every evening elegance.

Dress suits of soft, rich imported fabrics — made "to fit," not "to measure." The crack custom tailor's standard at much less than the fine tailor's fee.

Dress overcoats, dress shirts, dress vests, silk hats, *Shire collars, ties, patent leathers, canes, gloves.

For day dress — cutaways of fine imported unfinished worsteds.

Separate striped trousers.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. "Four Convenient Corners" Broadway at 34th St.

Broadway at Warren Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

ONLY 10 KEYS TO OPERATE

Totals or Sub-Totals Automatically in Red

with simply an extra handle pull, tapping total key with thumb if grand total is desired.

Sundstrand FIGURING MACHINE

operates with 10 figure keys, one for each numeral, by the rapid touch system. It is the one machine most suitable for all kinds of figuring any where and any time.

We will demonstrate its value to you in your own office.

U. S. ADDING MACHINE CO., 101 Park Ave., New York City, N. Y.

Telephone Vanderbilt 3323. (42)



ADVERTISEMENT.

THEY'RE CHEAPER BY THE CASE

WAR DEPARTMENT CANNED MEATS

See Yourself as Others See You

Other people, your friends and business associates are quick to detect the fact that you are not up to par. To be magnetic, to be up to your work and your position in life you have to be fit.

Get fit and keep fit by arranging to take a course of exercises at McGovern's Gymnasium, under the personal supervision of Professor Arthur A. McGovern, whose natural method of body building has received the endorsement of so many prominent physicians and surgeons.

ARTHUR McGOVERN'S GYMNASIUM
5 West 66th St.,
New York City.
Telephone Columbus 9100

THE NEW YEAR GIRL.

Miss Dorothy Gish, posed for a beautiful picture called "The New Year Girl," holding in her hand resolutions for 1921, as the grandfather clock chimes the midnight hour. In The Mid-Week Pictorial this week. Published by The New York Times Company. Ten cents at news stands; $5 a year by mail.—Advt.

HORNSBY DECLINED

Giants Raise Bid to $200,000 and Four Players for Star of Cardinals.

BREADON ASKS FOR FRISCH

McGraw's Refusal to Include Fordham Flash in Deal Brings an End to the Negotiations.

There's a city out in Missouri which formerly had at least as much fame as Milwaukee, and largely for the same reason. It is called St. Louis and it boasts, among other causes for pride, a citizen of the name of Samuel Breadon. Sam is President of the St. Louis Cardinals, and is also justly esteemed because of the monumental itch in his palm. It is such a stupefying and record-shattering itch that it takes more than $200,000 and four lusty ball players to scratch it. That is to say, unless the players are picked men with especially sharp nails.

John J. McGraw, who has been trying to David-Harum Mr. Breadon out of a choice young player known as Rogers Hornsby, for the last few weeks, can tell you all about this wonderful itch. John started in nonchalantly, chewing a straw and acting as if he didn't know just how he could use Hornsby if he had him, but thought he might come in handy if one of the regulars should happen to be laid up. From this stage he progressed by degrees to mild bidding, which presently became substantial and then frantic. His most recent offer, which culminated yesterday ineffectively, included his shirt and such other portions of his wardrobe as could be spared in a clement Winter.

Within the last forty-eight hours renewed dickering between the two clubs led to a proposition that Breadon should ship his able second baseman to New York and accept in exchange therefor $200,000 in cash and four players, as yet unnamed. Breadon was in favor of having them named, however, and started in to name them himself. He began by a casual mention of Frank Frisch—and stopped there in order to help revive McGraw from a swoon. It's a hard job to revive a fainting man by cable, and McGraw is in Cuba. Nevertheless, it is known that he has been revived, for additional messages have been received from him. The first one offered to throw in the club franchise and the racing plant in Havana, but this is hardly believed to have been a sincere and kindly proffer. If it was, McGraw must have reconsidered, for his next and final cable, while betraying a desire that Breadon should have a warm place to stay for the rest of the Winter, and even suggesting a possible selection of such a resort, made no mention of a wish to consummate the trade.

There remains for the Giants' manager a consolation prize in the fact that he is now on record as having made the most substantial offer for a player in all the annals of baseball.

BRESNAHAN TO SUE ROBINS.

Toledo Magnate Says He Didn't Get Purchased Players.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Dec. 29.—Roger Bresnahan, President of the Toledo club of the American Association, announced today that he is preparing some sort of action against the Brooklyn National League Club in connection with the purchase last Spring of three players, who, he says, were not delivered after a payment had been made to clinch the matter.

Bresnahan declares he purchased Hickman, outfielder; Malone, second baseman, and Douglas Baird, third baseman, for $7,000, that he paid $2,500 down on the instalment plan and received nothing in return. Malone and Hickman are said to have jumped to the Steel League, and Baird, through some pretext, was kept at Brooklyn and released this Winter to Indianapolis, according to Bresnahan.

VARDON AND RAY CHANGED.

Britons See Result of American influence on Returning Golfers.

The influence of their golf invasion of America last Summer was apparent in both Ted Ray and Harry Vardon when they came home officially to the links at Oxhey, according to a correspondent of The London Times, who saw the match that was played. The returning warriors received a warm welcome from the large crowd that came out to see the four-ball match which Vardon and Ray played with Sandy Herd and George Duncan.

"Ray and Vardon both dressed the parts of American champions," The Times reporter says, "for they wore woolly waistcoats in place of the more orthodox jackets. Both smoked pipes throughout, Vardon apparently having copied Ray in this respect. Long black cigars, after the fashion of Mr. Travis, would perhaps have been more in character, but the two pipes added a picturesque touch to the woolly waistcoats. Not to be outdone, the spectators Americanized themselves in the matter of applause. They clapped so loudly when the players came on to the tee that one-half expected Norman Boase, as referee and master of ceremonies, to introduce the players as at a boxing match. They inspired and avowed and made pyrotechnic noises at every good shot and showed an almost unflattering amazement at the precision of the play."

Ray and Vardon, incidentally, won the home-coming match, Duncan missing a chance to halve the match by falling down on a short putt. The two Scots had been behind all the way, but it was considered just as well that they did not win and spoil the first match of the American open champion and his colleague. The Times says that there was quite a number of what "the Americans call a 'birdie.'" The best ball scores were:

Out—
Ray-Vardon .... 3 5 4 3 4 3 5 4 4—35
Duncan-Herd .... 4 5 4 4 4 4 5 4 3—36

In—
Ray-Vardon .... 3 3 4 4 4 3 4 4 5—34—69
Duncan-Herd .... 4 3 5 4 3 2 4 4 5—34—70

After the match there was speech-making and many congratulations. The American championship cup was placed on view and Vardon was presented with a silver cup and Ray with a check, both presents from the members of the Oxhey Club.

Vardon, in a letter received recently by a friend in this city, sends the following message to American golfers:

"I want you to do something for me, and I think you will because I have known you so long and you were so kind to Ted and myself in the U. S. A. I want to thank American golfers for their kindness.

"I have now had a few moments' rest, and I needed it, because the nervous strain of the tour was pretty great. I was apt to get irritable at times, but this was excusable on account of our always wanting to do well. But the point I wish to get at is this: I want to thank American golfers, both amateur and professional, and also the general public for their kindness. I must say we were treated beyond our fondest expectations. Our opponents met us at all times in a very friendly way, keen though we were to win, and when we did win always congratulated us in the nicest way. We have many happy recollections of our tour. Your amateur and professional golfers are a fine body of men and fine golfers, too."

Klinestiver to Be Manager.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 29.—L. K. Klinestiver of Sheffield, Pa., has been appointed student manager of the University of Pittsburgh football team for the 1921 season. The appointment, made under a competitive system, was made public today.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—As a reward for making Grover Alexander, pitcher of the Chicago Nationals, work twelve innings before he won his game, James D. Kenney today was signed to a Cubs' contract. The game was played in France while both were in the United States Army, and Alexander's team was victorious, 1 to 0. Upon his return to the United States Alexander recommended Kenney, who is a right-hander, 22 years old and 6 feet 2 inches in height. He pitched semi-professional ball around Chicago.

RACES RUN IN MUD AT HAVANA TRACK

Heavy Going Makes for Slow Time at Cuban Meet—Blazeaway Wins From Bad Start.

HAVANA, Dec. 29.—The races at Oriental Park today were again run over a very heavy track, slow time being recorded in all the events. The sprint event at five and a half furlongs was negotiated in 1:12 2-5, while the last race at a mile and a sixteenth was run in 1:56 3-5.

There was no feature on the program, but interest chiefly centred in the running of the fourth event. It was won by the favorite, Blazeaway, although it required his best effort to score. The favorite was outrun for the first three furlongs, but in the last sixteenth he closed gamely, taking the lead, and won going away by a length over Osgood. Osgood was a nose in front of Discussion.

The first event went to Ravanna, which was at odds-on. The second race was won by Fleer. The third scramble went to Lucie May. The fifth to Bill Hunley. And the last race was won by Lariat.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Purse $700; for two-year-old maidens; claiming; six furlongs. Ravanna, 106 pounds (Wilson), 7 to 10, 1 to 5, 1 to 10, first; Kentmere, 108 (Dawson), 8 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, second; Twanorea, 103 (Penman), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 3, third. Time—1:21 3-5. Diffidence, Automatic Red and Johnny O'Connell also ran.

SECOND RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Fleer, 110 pounds (Connors), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Timothy J. Hogan, 107 (Wilson), 2 to 1, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, second; Aigrette, 107 (Lancaster), 6 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, third. Time—1:13 4-5. Jack Dawson, Okemus, Major Fiske, Rora and Far East also ran.

THIRD RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Lucie May, 107 pounds (Pickens), 3 to 1, even, 1 to 2, first; Miss Wright, 104 (Gordon), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, second; Le Balafre, 110 (Wilson), even, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, third. Time—1:14 1-5. Vim, Lady Ilfester, O'Malley, Short Change and Stiletto also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Blazeaway, 110 pounds (Hunt), 7 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Osgood, 109 (Weiner), 4 to 1, 7 to 5, 7 to 10, second; Discussion, 104 (Wilson), 3 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 4, third. Time—1:12 2-5. Chimera, Redland and Locust Leaves also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. Bill Hunley, 107 pounds (Barnes), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, first; Scarpia, 112 (Garner), 3 to 1, 6 to 5, 3 to 5, second; Pokey Jane, 107 (Hunt), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 8 to 5, third. Time—1:14. Sir Edgar, Senator James, Ed Garrison and Broncho Billy also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one and one-sixteenth miles. Lariat, 105 pounds (Hunt), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Mildred, 105 (Wilson), 3 to 1, even, 1 to 2, second; Rhymer, 103 (Barnes), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:56 3-5. Leinster, Assign, Hands Off, Semper Stalwart and Bulger also ran.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Dantzig 106 pounds, Coombe 106, Black Top 106, Kings Belle 106, Disturbance 106, Mavehona 106.

SECOND RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. Vera Twyford, 95 pounds, *John J. Riley 101, *Repton 105, Jimmie O'Brien 106, *Omeme 108, Whip Poor Will 110.

THIRD RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Waking Dreams 98 pounds, *Abbess 101, *Arrette 105, Fleer 106, *Twenty Seven 108, Say When 110.

FOURTH RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Miss Brush 105 pounds, *Lady Ione 108, *Hemlock 109, *Fickle Fancy 112, Hunter Platt 114, Action 115.

FIFTH RACE—For all ages; claiming; purse $700; five and a half furlongs. *Aunt Dede 89 pounds, *Ambassador 3d 95, *Driftwild 105, La Kross 112, Kewessa 112, Frasculo 117.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and up; claiming; purse $700; one mile and fifty yards. *Jack Healy 103 pounds, *Little Buss 105, J. Walker 110, Our Nephew 110, Sinn Feiner 113, Cadillac 113.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather cloudy; track heavy.

BUILDING BRITISH YACHTS.

Diminutive Craft to Race America on Other Side Next Summer.

British yachtsmen are preparing to meet the American contingent which is to invade England next Summer with several six-meter yachts representing the Seawanhaka Corinthian Yacht Club of Oyster Bay, L. I., and contend for a special international prize.

Already William Fife has started work on designs for a six-meter craft for Frank Robertson, a Clyde owner, and for Algernon Maudsley and Thomas Westray. In addition to these as a nucleus and several other contemplated, it is probable that this new international class will furnish some of the best sport in yachting next year.

The expense incidental to building these diminutive racers at present has prevented several who otherwise would have placed their orders from doing so, but this obstacle is being overcome by the formation of partnerships or restricted syndicates, and this is expected to result in several more yachts being built in the class.

While most of these six-meter craft probably will be built on the Clyde, still the greater part of the racing of them will take place in the waters of Southern England. The Royal Corinthian Yacht Club may also be represented in the trial races for the selection of a team to represent Great Britain, and it is claimed that the Royal Corinthian Yacht Club has plentiful Corinthian material with which to man one of the racers.

In British yachting circles the challenge from America is more welcome, for aside from all consideration of the development of international sport, it is expected to furnish that incentive which, it is hoped, may bring the sport back to its pre-war state.

The American craft which are to be sent overseas aboard some steamship are to be built at the Herreshoff yards and from designs by Nat Herreshoff. That they will be speedy is a foregone conclusion, despite the fact that they are designed and built to the international and not the American rules, with which the wizard of Bristol, R. I., is so much more familiar. The Seawanhaka Corinthian Yacht Club has among its members enough capable Corinthians to man the American craft as they should be manned.

Wrestling Tourney Scheduled.

An amateur wrestling tournament will be held at the New York A. C. Jan. 19. Bouts will be scheduled in two classes, 145 pounds and 158 pounds. The tournament will be opened to all registered A. A. U. grapplers, and it is expected that a heavy entry will be received.

AGAIN IN THE VAN

Wins the Panzarita, Feature Event of New Orleans Program, by 1½ Lengths.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 29.—Well filled fields prevailed at Jefferson Park today and, with the exception of the third race, the finishes were close enough to be interesting, but that is all. In the third, Lieutenant Perkins had the better of Hidden Jewel by but a nose at the finish. The feature event of the day was the fifth, the Panzarita, which went to J. R. Skinker's Eddie Rickenbacker, the favorite. The weather was fair and the track fast.

Last to get away in a field of six, Eddie Rickenbacker soon assumed second position with Rising Rock in the lead until the last eighth, when he edged to the fore slowly but surely and won by a length and a half from Marvin May, which, with Ponce up, had gradually edged up from fifth position. Rising Rock tired in the stretch after running out at both turns and finished fourth, Applejack I. taking the show position by a neck in the last few strides.

There were seven events on the card and three favorites won, they being Royden in the first, Eddie Rickenbacker in the fifth and Dark Hill in the sixth, although in this event Baladin opened as the favorite but gave way to the support of the eventual winner.

Ina Kay was a decided favorite in the second, being quoted at 6 to 5, and the talent received something of a setback when Rainbow Girl, away well and forced back at the first turn, came on strong and won well in hand. Scurry was a decided favorite in the third event, for three-year-olds and upward, with Hidden Jewel second choice, and while the latter managed to edge into the place, the best that the favorite could do was sixth. Another stride and Hidden Jewel would have won, and that, too, helped to deplete the purses of a fair quota of the talent.

Another case of the favorite failing to deliver was in the fourth race, a handicap event for two-year-olds, in which Parader, a 5 to 2 shot, was able to end the route in the lead of Polythia, the odds-on favorite. Parader saved much by sticking close to the rail and finished fast, edging out ahead of the favorite in the last few yards. Polythia showed fine speed, but tired rapidly in the last furlong. Madeline Lillian was first away and showed good early speed, but was unable to keep up the pace after going five furlongs.

In the last event on the program, for three-year-olds and upward, Mab was a 7 to 5 favorite in a field of eight starters, but just managed to edge in for third money, Bengali having a neck the better of it at the finish. Sandy Mac, at 13 to 5, though in trouble soon after the start, came on with a fine rush in the last quarter, overhauled Bengali and won with much in reserve. The pace was too much for Bengali when the stretch was reached and Mab was going well in the last furlong, while Colonel Lit, from a slow beginning, closed a big gap, to end fourth.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Maidens; three-year-olds and upward; purse $600; one mile. Rogdent, 110 pounds (Lyke), 4 to 5, 1 to 3, out, first; Hop Ozer, 110 (McDermott), 5 to 2, 3 to 5, 1 to 4, second; Pansy Blossom, 107 (Garvin), 15 to 1, 4 to 1, 7 to 5, third. Time—1:42. Tony, Old Rose, Ula, Eleve, Beeswax, Maiden Voter and Marie Rappold also ran.

SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $800; five and a half furlongs. Rainbow Girl, 110 pounds (Ponce), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, first; Ina Kay, 112 (Jarvis), 6 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 4, second; Vansyivia, 109 (Mooney), 7 to 1, 5 to 2, 2 to 5, third. Time—1:07 3-5. St. Just, Lonely, Lowell, Propaganda, Sabretash, Madam Byng, Caroline S., Wealthy Ann and Plain Heather also ran.

THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Lieutenant Perkins, 111 pounds (Rodrigues), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 7 to 5, first; Hidden Jewel, 122 (Lyke), 7 to 2, 7 to 5, 3 to 5, second; Murray, 112 (Heupel), 7 to 1, 2, 6 to 5, third. Time—1:14 2-5. Repeater, Anticipate, Assume, Chesty, Scurry, Financial Rooster, Link Boy and Tan II. also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Handicap; two-year-olds; purse $700; five furlongs. Parader, 106 pounds (Coltlett), 5 to 2, 1 to 2, out, first; Polythia, 112 (McTaggart), 9 to 10, 1 to 4, out, second; Madeline Lillian, 100 (Mc Atee), 8 to 1, 2 to 1, even, third. Time—1:14 1-5. Bunga Buck and Tharon also ran.

FIFTH RACE—The Panzarita; all ages; purse $1,000; five furlongs. Eddie Rickenbacker, 114 (Thurber), 1 to 2, 1 to 6, out, first; Marvin May, 114 (Ponce), 10 to 1, 3 to 1, 4 to 5, second; Applejack II., 114 (Mooney), 12 to 1, 3 to 1, 4 to 5, third. Time—1:00 3-5. George Starr, St. Quentin and Rising Rock also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and three-sixteenths. Dark Hill, 103 pounds (J. Roberts), 2 to 1, 7 to 10, 1 to 4, first; Honolulu Boy, 105½ (H. King), 6 to 2, 8 to 5, 8 to 5, second; Baladin, 106 (Jarvis), 5 to 2, 4 to 5, 1 to 3, third. Time—2:00 1-5. Kimpalong, Raider and War Club also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and one-sixteenth. Sandy Mac, 104 pounds (Coltlett), 13 to 5, 4 to 5, 1 to 3, first; Bengali, 110 (H. King), 6 to 2, 8 to 5, 1 to 10, second; Mab, 102 (J. J. Mooney), 7 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 5, third. Time—1:48. Colonel Lit, She Devil, Goldcrest Boy, Judge Price and Philistine also ran.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse, $600; for maidens, two years old; five furlongs. Philanderer 115 pounds, Chief Barthell 115, Lushmore 115, British Isles 115, Secretary 115, Zaindor 115, Domingo 115, Seaboard 115, Controit 115, Cortez 115, Rogue of Picardy 115, Sweet Petule 112, Calithump 112, Echoland 112, Elizabeth May 112. Also eligible: Home Guard 115, Almirante 112.

SECOND RACE—Purse, $600; claiming; for four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Alexander 115 pounds, Chester Field 115, Sauf Conduit 115, Tipford 115, Liberator 115, Nolawn 115, Madras Gingham 112, Dahinda, 112, *Balrose 110, *Carl Ellwanger 110, *Salute 110, Lady Longfellow 107, *Valerie West 107, *Ophelia W. 115. Also eligible: *Molly O. 107, Pigeon 115, Courting Colors 115.

THIRD RACE—Purse, $700; claiming; for two-year-olds; six furlongs. Chevalier 114 pounds, *The Moor 114, Rustler 112, Gallot 111, Sea Court 111, General Agramonte 108, Silver Springs 108, Toss Up 109, Superb 107, *Tony Sutton 106, *Old Faithful 104, Tutt 104, *Reluctant 101, *Plandon 105. Also eligible: Loch Leven 102, Montillo 108, *Dr. Howard 99.

FOURTH RACE—Purse, $700; allowances; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Hindoostan 115 pounds, Tom McTaggart 114, Captain Herschler 111, Jock Scot 105, Grayson 108, Heroism 108, Mahoney 108, Asmure 103, Panamam 108, Shilling 105, Romany 105, Dancing Spray 105, Plumey 105, Head Over Heels 102. Also eligible: Old Red 105, Ernesta 103, Sammy Kelly 108.

FIFTH RACE—Purse, $1,000; Pelican Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Sterling 120 pounds, Barry Shannon 110, Chief 109, Flibberty Gibbet 103.

SIXTH RACE—Purse, $700; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one and one-sixteenth miles. Lariat, 105 pounds (Hunt), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, 1 to 5, first; Mildred, 105 (Wilson), 3 to 1, even, 1 to 2, second; Rhymer, 103 (Barnes), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:56 3-5. Leinster, Assign, Hands Off, Semper Stalwart and Bulger also ran.

Would Boom Baseball Federation.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 29.—James F. Potts, Secretary of the National Baseball Federation, has gone on a Western trip in the hope of inducing several more cities to join the federation. He left here last night for Chicago, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, Kansas City, Omaha and St. Louis. He also plans to visit Buffalo, Bethlehem, Pa., and other Eastern cities.

Tremaine-Puryear Bout Arranged.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Dec. 29.—Carl Tremaine of Cleveland and Earl Puryear of Baltimore will meet in a 12-round bout here the night of Jan. 10, it was announced today. Both boxers, through their managers, have accepted terms. It is understood Puryear insists upon Tremaine making 119 pounds at 3 o'clock P. M. the day of the match.

IN COLLEGE SPORTS

National Intercollegiate A. A. Proposes Big Track Meet and Olympic Association.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—An annual national track meet, in which every college and university in the National Intercollegiate Athletic Association would have representatives, and the formation of an Olympic Association to take charge of and interest itself in the American Olympic Committee, were endorsed at the fifteenth annual meeting of the association today. Committee reports favoring legislation of interest to collegiate circles as well as undergraduate bodies were made, in addition to the transaction of routine business.

The suggested track meet would bring together athletes from all over the country, and would be in the nature of an annual American college Olympic. The resolution passed regarding an Olympic Association would place in it the responsibility for electing a representative committee which would use every endeavor to gather together a team of America's best athletes. A. A. Stagg, athletic director of the University of Chicago, declared the committee should be representative of the best in the country, whether college or industrial associations. He also made a plea to Eastern college men to divorce themselves from amateur athletic politics.

Palmer E. Pierce, President of the association, who presided, declared that the war had caused widespread interest in boxing. He urged some action be taken to lend support to the establishment of boxing in college curriculums. Faculties in more colleges had taken control of athletics as overseers and physical examination of the students on entering the school and on leaving, he declared. His report pointed out the development in the last year in sports, and said abuses had decreased.

Mr. Pierce declared the colleges were doing their utmost to reduce the 35 per cent. of rejected men in army examinations during the war.

A national committee on arbitration of athletic disputes was authorized. Another committee was authorized to look into the expense of conducting a national track and field meet and in raising the money for the event, so that the burden will not fall on the big intercollegiate bodies.

Reports on football and other sports were heard at the afternoon session.

New colleges admitted to membership in the association were Cornell, Iowa, Massachusetts Tech, Annapolis Naval Academy, Centre College, Miami, Depauw and Coe. The Pacific Coast Athletic Conference was also accepted to membership.

OAKS WIN AT DURLAND'S.

New Aggregation of Indoor Polo Defeats Foxhunters, 12 to 6.

The old reliable Foxhunters and the newer aggregation of Oaks played an indoor polo games at Durland's Academy last night and it proved to be a case in which the more experienced trio carried too much of a handicap to overcome, with the result that the Oaks won by a score of 12 to 6. The total handicap of the Foxhunters was fifteen goals and that of the Oaks but eight, which meant that the Foxhunters had to allow their opponents seven goals.

Seven of the twelve goals to the credit of the Oaks, at the conclusion of the game were due to that handicap, which meant that they scored five goals, and this, as against the tally of but one more by the older team proves that the Oaks played a hard and accurate game, while the Foxhunters appeared to be a bit off form. No fouls were called by Thomas A. Cawthra, who refereed the game, during which numerous brilliant and difficult strokes were recorded to several of the players, while the riding off and other fine points of the game were not what they might have been.

The line-up:

OAKS (12).	FOXHUNTERS (6).
No. 1—F. Gilman....2	No. 1—M. Phillips....2
No. 2—H. Livinski...3	No. 2—H. Winn.....6
Back—Dr. E. Behr...2	Back—A. Kinny.....1
Total goals.....8	Total goals.....15

Foxhunters allow Oaks 7 goals by handicap.

First period—Foxhunters, 3 goals; Oaks, 3 goals.

Second period—Foxhunters, 3 goals; Oaks, 2 goals.

Final score, including handicap—Oaks, 12 goals; Foxhunters, 6 goals.

Referee—T. A. Cawthra. Time—Two periods of 10 minutes each.

TO COACH SQUADRON A.

Croan, Formerly at Meadow Brook, Will Instruct in Polo.

Squadron A, New York's crack cavalry organization, has just started in on an active campaign to popularize polo among the troopers and, as the first move in this direction, has engaged Thomas Croan, assistant to James Cooley of the Meadow Brook Club to coach the men and take general charge of the sport, which is directed by a polo committee, of which Juan Caballos, who played with the squadron team on the border and also plays at Meadow Brook during the Summer months, is Chairman. He was a Captain in the Twenty-seventh Division during the big war.

Every evening between 5 and 7:30 o'clock the troopers gather at the armory for polo practice under the direction of Croan, who says that the squadron has a wealth of good material, a majority of the new recruits, now rookies, having been commissioned officers in various branches of the service before becoming identified with the squadron. The squadron has twenty polo ponies, in addition to which there are about an equal number of privately owned ones at the service of the troopers and from fifty to seventy-five men report regularly now for practice. This number far exceeds all previous records of the organization in the way of polo.

The new armory, which extends from Ninety-fifth to Ninety-sixth Streets, and from Madison to Park Avenues, and has the largest tanbark foor in this city, is rapidly nearing completion and is expected to be ready within a month. At the present time the troopers practice in the old section of the armory. The new indoor field is 180 feet wide and 300 feet long, while the seating accommodations of the new struoture are for about 2,500 persons.

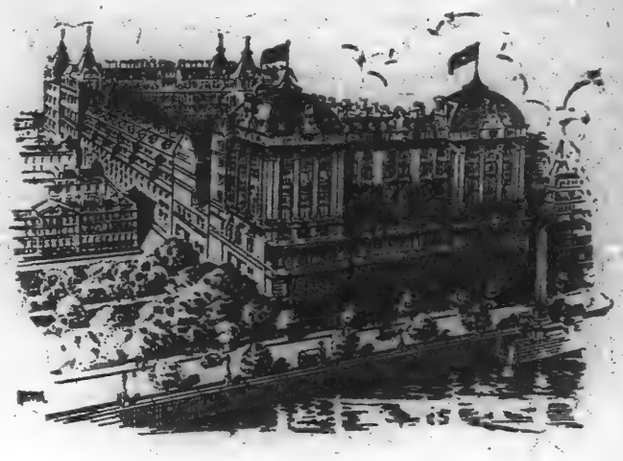
While the teams practice during the week, they also will have their regular matches which are to take place every Saturday and Sunday. The new structure has accommodations for 500 horses, and it is expected that the supply of ponies available for the game will be largely increased as soon as the armory is completed.

At the present time the work of the tyros at the game is chiefly of the kindergarten variety but, according to Instructor Croan, it will not be long before the squadron will be represented most creditably in all the indoor tournaments in this district, the squadron being one of the members of the Indoor Polo Association, which has prepared an exhaustive schedule of events that will continue until outdoor polo starts in.

The squadron officials have decided not to enter any Squadron A teams in the first tournaments of the Winter, to be held next month, but hope, by constant practice until the February tournaments start, to have suitable teams ready to enter then, with much better chances of making a good showing than might be the case were the squadron teams to take part in the earlier events.

Handball Tourney to N. Y. A. C.

Because of the interest shown in the sport among its members, the New York A. C. has arranged to conduct the annual Metropolitan A. A. U. handball championship tournament on the Mercury Foot Courts beginning Jan. 16. Titles for the local district's handball players will be decided in singles and doubles. The tournament will be conducted on two courts on the roof of the clubhouse. The courts are regarded as among the best four-wall concrete handball playgrounds in the country. Entries for the tournament will close Jan. 11.



The Management has pleasure in announcing the re-opening of the

HOTEL CECIL
LONDON

New Year's Eve

Cablegrams: "Hotel Cecil, London."

For Tariff Apply Manager.

Spend the Holidays in ATLANTIC CITY NEW JERSEY

SPECIAL HOLIDAY ENTERTAINMENTS have been arranged at the leading hotels. The Christmas-New Year holidays may be enjoyed in an entirely different atmosphere than one is accustomed to in everyday life, yet with the same appropriate celebrations.

THE WEATHER IS IDEAL and affords wonderful opportunity for "Building up" after the nervous strain of Christmas shopping. Bright sunny days, crisp salt air, pure ozone and a Boardwalk where it all can be so easily enjoyed—Rest while riding in the Rolling Chairs or partake of mild exercise and promenade with the merry throng. Golf, Horseback Riding, Motoring, Piers, Music, Dancing, Theatres, Movies, etc.

THE LEADING HOUSES
(All are American Plan, unless otherwise noted).

Marlborough-Blenheim — Amer. & Eu. Plans — Josiah White & Sons Co.
Hotel Dennis — Walter J. Buzby
Alamac Hotel — Amer. & Eu. Plans — Mack Lutz Co.
Hotel Strand — F. B. Off and H. C. Edwards
Hotel Chelsea — J. B. Thompson & Co.
The Breakers — Amer. & Eu. Plans — Joel Hillman, Prop.
The Shelburne — European Plan — J. Weikel, Mgr.
The Wiltshire — Samuel Ellis, Owner — N. J. Collins, Mgr.
Hotel St. Charles — Edward E. Grosscup Trustee
Seaside House — F. P. Cook's Sons
Gales Hall — Galen Hall Co.
The Helmhurst — A. H. Darnell.
Hotel Morton — Bell & Cope, Owners

Through Pullman service in three hours from New York via Central R. R. of N. J., Stations Liberty St. and 23rd St., or via Penna. R. R. from Penna. Station. Consult local ticket agents for further information.

The Marlborough-Blenheim

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
begs to announce that its
Reduced Winter Rates
will be continued until the end of January

Exquisite music a feature. Horseback Riding, Golf (2 Championship Courses), Rolling Chairs, Piers, Theatres, Movies, and countless other amusements.

OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY

NEW YORK.

HOTEL GRAMATAN
22 minutes from Grand Central. 60 electric trains daily. City conveniences in the country. Grill—Dancing—Daily concerts. Accommodates 400.
Henri Paschey & Son, Inc., Lessee
LaWrence Park, Bronxville, N.Y.

Gedney Farm Hotel
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.
EDWARD H. CRANDALL.
Golf, Riding, Dancing, Sun Parlor, Open Fireplaces. 23 min. elec. train service. Open All Year. Private motor bus service without charge.

VALHALLA MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.
Open all year round.
White Plains 1165.

NEW JERSEY.

Hotel Beechwood
SUMMIT, N. J.
Easy commuting distance. Misses Gillan & Edwards. Open all year.

PUDDING STONE INN
Successful Week Ends. Open all year. Folder.
G. N. VINCENT, Boonton, N. J.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

THE AMBASSADOR
Atlantic City's Newest and Most Distinctive Hotel.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL COTTAGES
on the Beach. Cap 600
CONVENIENT TO ALL AMUSEMENTS
Sea Baths. DIET KITCHEN. Orchestra.
Family Patronage Invited
C. L. HANSTEIN LYMAN J. WURTZBURG
President Sec't. & Mgr.

HOTEL CHELSEA
Occupying entire block of ocean front in the fashionable Chelsea section.
300 bed chambers with private baths (fresh and sea water). High-class orchestra, cafe, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet. Open all year. J. R. THOMPSON & CO.

The Breakers
OCEAN FRONT FIREPROOF
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

Lakewood Hotel
LAKEWOOD, N.J.
NOW OPEN—CAPACITY 900
Newly furnished and redecorated throughout. Spacious parlors and lounging rooms. Handsome ballroom. Excellent music. Rooms with baths.
H. JACOBS—E. WINKLER
Managing Directors

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAUREL-in-the-PINES
LAKEWOOD, N. J.
Situated among the Pines and overlooking Lake Carasaljo
New "Pines Grill"—18 hole Golf Course. Horseback Riding. Motoring. Picturesque Walks. Music. Private Garage.
New Electro-hydrotherapy Bath system.
FRANK P. SHUTE, Manager
Branch Office of GEO. A. HUHN & SONS. Members New York Stock Exchange.

SOUTHERN STATES.

NEW ORLEANS
"The Paris of America"
Central Ticket Offices of all Principal Railroad and Steamship Lines in the Charles Lobby. Illustrated Folder on Request.
The St. Charles
One of America's leading hotels. Accommodating over 1000 guests.
ALFRED S. AMER & CO., Ltd. Proprietors

QUI-SI-SANA SPA HOTEL
Green Cove Springs, Florida.
Fireproof hotel with modern improvements and conveniences. Hot sulpho-magnesia springs and baths, golf, bathing casino, tennis, hunting. Rates $5.00 per day and upwards with meals.
Summer connection: Hotel Dunmore, Lake Dunmore, Vt.; Hotel Marion, Lake George, N. Y. ROSCOE A. HARVEY.

HOTEL SALT AIR WEST PALM BEACH
Leading hotel, entire block lake front, overlooking Royal Poinciana; hot & cold running water & phone every room; private baths, private balconies, overlooking tropical gardens; spacious verandas; ocean bathing, golf, fishing, sailing; most delightful social life in America. STRAAT & MAAS.

Hotel Bon Air AUGUSTA —GA—
Delightful for a Winter Vacation
OPEN DECEMBER 15th
Two full 18-hole courses—in splendid condition
C. G. TRUSSELL, Manager

GOLF AT ST. AUGUSTINE
HOTEL ALCAZAR
Now Open
PONCE DE LEON
Opens January 4th
FLORIDA'S IDEAL WINTER CLIMATE

EUSTIS FLORIDA
OCKLAWAHA HOTEL. Lake Region.
A charming Winter hotel, beautifully remodeled. Good Golf, Fishing, Sailing, Hunting, Motoring. Reasonable Rates.
Lewis N. Wiggins, Owner and Manager.

The American Riviera
FLORIDA EAST COAST
Write for Booklet and Information to FLORIDA EAST COAST, 243 5th Ave., New York.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Honorable James A. Foley, a Surrogate of the County of New York, NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims against Jacob H. Schiff, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 52 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, State of New York, on or before the 1st day of May, 1921.

Dated, New York, the 18th day of October, 1920.

THERESE SCHIFF,
MORTIMER L. SCHIFF,
FELIX M. WARBURG, and
PAUL M. WARBURG,
Executors.

CRAVATH, HENDERSON, LEFFINGWELL & DE GERSDORFF,
Attorneys for Executors,
52 William Street,
Borough of Manhattan,
New York City.

LOST—A small blue fitted suitcase with black waterproof covering, marked V. M. St., Saturday, Dec. 25, on L. I., Willets Road, between Old Westbury and Albertson, Nassau County; reward for return. Communicate with M. L. Bacon, 14 Wall St. Telephone Rector 6900.

LOST—In the shopping district, small ourple silk purse containing solitaire diamond bar pin, solitaire diamond ring and ring with two diamonds and two sapphires; liberal reward and no questions asked. E 169 Times.

LOST—On 5th Av. bus, Sunday, Dec. 26, black cloth handbag with embroidery band around centre, containing papers and small amount of money; reward. Rhinelander 551.

LOST—Tan suitcase containing male apparel on Parkside Av., Brooklyn, 6 P. M. Sunday, Dec. 26th; liberal reward. Return Lacy, 1,005 42d St., Brooklyn. Sunset 4181.

LOST—Dec. 25, black velvet bag containing money, gold watch, keys; 149th St., St. Nicholas Av., 5th Av. bus. Please return Bristol, 58 West 139th St.

LOST—Old leather folder, marked "Homer 1856, left in taxi near 9th St., Wednesday; manuscript inside; reward. Flamer, 139 Washington Place.

LOST—Black silk bag containing about $135 and bank book of Laura Spinney, in vicinity of St. John's Cathedral. Tel. Cathedral 7194. Reward.

LOST—Pass book No. 10527, Mildred Pollak, of the Chatham & Phenix National Bank, 209 East 57th St., New York; payment stopped; please return book to bank.

LOST—Monday evening, subway or taxi, shell rim glasses, leather case marked Clairmont & Nichols, 16 West 45th. Reward for return to them.

LOST—Dec. 29, brown velvet bag, $10 gold, crocheting, &c.; poor working girl; reward. Park Avenue Hotel, 334, 4th Av.

LOST—Glasses; case marked Leroy Byer; reward. Finder please phone Melrose 389.

$50 REWARD. no questions for coin and bank book lost Dec. 23; sentimental value. Apt. West 115th, Dec. 23 Morningside 3864.

Jewelry.

LOST—While attending dance at Essex County Country Club, Monday evening, Dec. 27, diamond pin with nineteen (19) stones, one large stone in centre, all platinum setting. E. V. B. Brewster, 133 Prospect St., East Orange, N. J., or 30 Church St., New York. Telephone connection. Liberal reward.

LOST—Platinum bar pin, one large and a number of small diamonds, Sunday evening, between 72d St. station I. R. T. and Apt. 44, 271 Wadsworth Av.; liberal reward. Mrs. E. D. Warner, above address. Wadsworth 8258.

LOST—Blue pin seal purse, money, gold watch, initials E. W., valued as keepsake; check made out to lower, payment stopped; on 5th Av. bus at 52d and 5th Av., about 9 A. M. Tuesday; reward. 850 Park Av. Plaza 1040.

LOST—Black moire ribbon bowknot pin set with brilliants, Wednesday afternoon, on 5th Av., between 48th St. and St. Regis Hotel, 55th St. Liberal reward if returned to desk, St. Regis Hotel.

LOST—Platinum barpin, two small diamonds and aquamarine, somewhere between 30th and Madison Av. and 46th and Broadway, or in Astor Theatre; reward. Kenly, Vanderbilt 800.

LOST—On street or subway train between Utica Av. and Lenox Av. and 116th St., diamond and platinum brooch; liberal reward. Telephone Decatur 8208.

LOST—Diamond wrist watch; large reward offered for return; no questions asked. Communicate with Einstein & Ward, care of Delmonico's, 14th and 5th Av.

LOST—$50 reward and no questions asked for return of black enamelled gold vanity case with jade ornament to E. M. Gattle & Co., 630 5th Av., New York City.

LOST—Tan silk card case containing two pieces of jewelry and cards. Communicate T. S. Blum, 370 Manhattan Av. Phone Cathedral 8728. Reward.

LOST—Gold mesh bag, in front of 21 West 38th St., about 8:30 o'clock Tuesday evening. Liberal reward if returned to 21 West 38th.

LOST—Between Worth St. and Nostrand Av., Brooklyn, silver cigarette case, initialed C. W.; reward. Charles W. Weed, 1,535 Pacific St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST—Monday, gentleman's Waltham gold watch, name Carl Sandtlow, on dial; liberal reward. Apply 117 Madison Av.

LOST—Lady's silver wrist watch, initials C. B. W. on back, left in taxicab; liberal reward. Notify Whiton, 101 West 80th St.

LOST—Dec. 27, about 6:30, 125th, Broadway, gold football inscribed "Pomfret Taft"; reward. 202 West 123d. Morningside 325.

LOST—Keepsake gold bracelet, 6 small diamonds, 19 small pearls; liberal reward. Jane Barnitz, 18 Broad St. Rector 9330.

LOST—Pearl necklace, Tuesday, 8 P. M., 107th St., Manhattan Av. and 110th St., Broadway. Gately, 100 Manhattan Av.

LOST—A gold cuff button, Tuesday evening, in theatrical district; reward. A. J. Kramer, 53 Liberty St. Rector 5454.

$250 REWARD

for return of brooch with pearl in centre and large diamond at each end with small diamonds in setting; lost Dec. 17, at or between East 37th St., Cohan Theatre and Colony Club. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 46th St.

$1,000 REWARD.

LOST—Tuesday, platinum bar pin with 12 square diamonds and 6 small diamonds at each end, border of small sapphires. No questions asked if returned to Henry Blanc & Co., 19 Liberty St., Newark, N. J.

$75 REWARD

for return of gold bar pin containing 4 diamonds and 4 sapphires; lost December 20, between Wall St., N. Y. C. and St. Johns Place, Brooklyn. I. H. and B. H. Weinberg, 645 5th Av., N. Y.

$100 REWARD

for return of ring containing 1 canary and brown diamond, with small diamonds in setting; lost December 6, vicinity of West 23d St. A. R. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St.

$300 REWARD

for return of platinum and diamond bar pin, containing about 14 diamonds, lost Dec. 13 in 6th Av. shopping district. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$300 reward for return of diamond brooch, 61 diamonds, platinum open design pin, stamped J. E. C. & Co. H 6893; no questions asked. Franklin Baker Jr., 16 Church St., N. Y. C.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Black (King Bird) Paradise plume between 43d and 49th Sts. and 6th Av., or 46th and 50th Sts. and Broadway; liberal reward. W. D. Fonville. Phone Circle 2300.

LOST—Red fox scarf, Tuesday, about 6 P.M., on 7th Av. subway, Times Square or 42d St. crosstown car; reward. White, 160 83d St., Woodcliff, N. J.

LOST—Broadway and Morningside, 114th and 120th, skunk neckpiece. Reynolds, 434 West 120th, Morningside 8440. Reward.

LOST—Child's muskrat neckpiece, on or from 5th Av. to vicinity Washington Square; reward. O'Dell, 11 West 10th.

LOST—Kit fox fur neckpiece, Lexington Av. car, between 51st and 59th Sts. Keeting, 1,186 Lexington Av.; reward.

LOST—In taxi, Christmas Eve, black lynx muff; $15 reward. Lanier, 142 East 19th.

LOST—Overcoat, on Riverdale Av., between West 230th and 231st Sts. Kingsbridge 390.

Cats and Dogs.

$100 REWARD

for the return of French bull puppy, male, brindle, white spot on breast, lost Thursday; had harness blanket, collar. Ryan, 720 Riverside Drive. Audubon 7270.

Found.

FOUND—On December 24, Washington Heights, fur piece; owner may have same on identification. W 121 Times.

PERSONAL.

JULIUS STRUER, PLEASE COMMUNICATE with James F. Doran, Mills Hotel, 7th Av. and 50th St.

ADVERTISEMENT.



Chairman of Guaranty Trust Co. Board Was Afflicted With Heart Disease.

FORMER RAILROAD OFFICIAL

Financier, 64, Was Decorated by France and Belgium for His War Relief Work.

Alexander J. Hemphill, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Guaranty Trust Company, having previously held the offices of Vice President and President during his fifteen years' service with that institution, died in his sleep early yesterday morning at his home, 13 East Sixty-ninth Street. An attack of acute indigestion two weeks ago had brought on a heart affection that had kept him to his room until the day before Christmas, when he felt well enough to go to his office. On Christmas Day a relapse occurred, from which he did not recover. Mrs. Hemphill entered his bedroom about 7 o'clock yesterday morning and believed him sleeping comfortably. It was not until the physicians made their usual visit at 9 o'clock that he was found to be dead. the medical opinion being that he had probably died quite painlessly about 6 o'clock.

Alexander J. Hemphill was born in Philadelphia on Aug. 23, 1856, the son of William Kerr Hemphill and Sarah Jane McCune Hemphill. He attended the public schools, graduating from Central High School in 1875 and intending to take a college course. He had studied with private tutors for that purpose, but before the following Autumn he changed his mind and entered the accounting department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

From Railroad Official to Banker.

His tact, ability to make friends and handle other men quickly made themselves known to his superiors, and during his eight years with the Pennsylvania his promotions were rapid. He left that road to make a record by becoming the youngest railroad Secretary in the United States, with the Norfolk & Western. He did not leave the Norfolk & Western until 1905, when he retired permanently from active connection with the railroad business and accepted his first office as a banker, as Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company. He was elected to the Board of Directors three years later, and on Dec. 8, 1909, he became President of the company. He retained the Presidency until 1915, when he retired to sit at the head of the board.

The events of Mr. Hemphill's life were not of the sort that the general public hears about through the newspapers or otherwise, and it is only by a statement of the many positions held by him that an idea can be given of his power and prominence in the world of finance. To enumerate just a few of the many corporations of whose Boards of Directors he was a member: American Surety Company of New York, Fidelity and Casualty Company, Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company, Interborough Consolidated Corporation, Locomobile Company, Missouri Pacific Railroad, Richmond Light and Railroad, Southern Cotton Oil Company, Texas & Pacific Railway, United Gas and Electric, and Virginia-Carolina Chemical.

His War Relief Work.

As early as 1914 Mr. Hemphill took a leading part in the work of war relief, and until the end he was active on behalf of many relief organizations. He was Treasurer of the Commission for Relief in Belgium in 1914, and subsequently Chairman of an advisory committee, Treasurer of the Food for France Fund, the Fatherless Children of France Fund, the Inter-Racial Council, National Security League and the National Americanization Committee. The French Government made him a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor, and Belgium gave him the rank of Commander of the Order of the Crown and the Grand Cross of the Order of Leopold.

Mr. Hemphill was President of the Automobile Club of America and a member of the following clubs, among others: Century Association, Metropolitan, Rittenhouse of Philadelphia, Union League, Bankers. He was married in 1880 to Miss Jeannette Cadmus of Philadelphia, who survives with four children—Mrs. Jeannette H. Bolte of Pelham Heights, Clifford Hemphill of Hemphill, Noyes & Albert, Albert W. Hemphill of the engineering firm of Hemphill & Wells, and Meredith Hemphill, a student at Williams.

Funeral services will be held Sunday at 1 P. M. in All Souls' Church, Fourth Avenue and Twentieth Street. The interment will take place a short time later at Freehold, N. J.

Those who have been invited to act as honorary pallbearers are George F. Baker, Charles H. Sabin, Herbert Hoover, Samuel Hellner, Charles H. Sanford, General Guy E. Tripp, A. L. Gubelman, L. E. Johnson, Finley J. Shepard, Samuel Rea, Thomas F. Ryan, T. De Witt Cuyler, Sidney Z. Mitchell, Albert H. Harris, Charles A. Peabody, L. F. Loree, Edward Shearson and Charles M. Schwab.

Frank Hilton Chandler.

Frank Hilton Chandler, founder of the Chandler Piano Company and of the Chandler-Ebel Music Company of Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at his home, 46 South Oxford Street, Brooklyn. He was in his 85th year. Mr. Chandler was born in Randolph, Vt. When 17 years old he entered the employ of a church organ builder, but his career was interrupted with the outbreak of the Civil War and he enlisted in the Fourth Vermont Regiment. Mr. Chandler went to Brooklyn in 1869 and established his piano warerooms in Montague Street. In 1907 he established his piano company at 222 Livingston Street. Mr. Chandler is survived by his wife and a son, Frank Wadleigh Chandler, Dean of the College of Arts of the University of Cincinnati.

The Rev. Andrew M. Sherman.

The Rev. Andrew M. Sherman, who had held Congregational pastorates in this State, Massachusetts and New Jersey between 1878 and 1890, died Tuesday at his residence in Morristown at the age of 76. He was born in Marshfield, Mass., and served as a private during three years of the Civil War. He entered the Methodist Episcopal ministry in 1869 and held pastorates of that denomination until 1877. In the following year he was ordained as a Congregationalist. He was a prolific writer on subjects in American history, particularly the State of New Jersey.

Smith F. Pearsall.

Smith F. Pearsall, formerly for fourteen years publisher of the Nassau County Review and one of the best known men on Long Island, died on Tuesday at his home in Freeport at the age of 40 years. Mr. Pearsall was born in that town. He was a Past Master of Masapequa Lodge, F. and A. M., of Rockville Centre. He was Past High Priest of Freeport Chapter, R. A. M., and Grand Master of the First Veil, R. A. M., of the State of New York. For the last several months he had been engaged in the real estate and insurance business.

William H. Carr.

William H. Carr, Principal of the public schools of Whitestone, L. I., for twenty-one years, died yesterday at his home in Flushing, aged 56 years. He was a graduate of St. Lawrence University in 1889. He had taught at various towns in the State before going to Whitestone in 1896. His pupils will attend the services tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock at St. George's Episcopal Church in Astoria. Burial will be at Mr. Carr's old home in Parishville, N. Y.

Charles M. Mitchell, Pedestrian.

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 29.—Charles M. Mitchell, professional pedestrian of half a century ago, died here today. He was reported to have walked 1,000 consecutive miles at Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1874, and once held the ten-mile pedestrian record.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—Remarkable tributes to the late George Herbert Perris as comrade, newspaperman and lover of humanity were paid this morning at his funeral in Golder's Green Crematorium.

Sir Philip Gibbs, Lord Riddell, Chairman of the Newspaper Proprietors' Association, and George W. Mair, head of the Publicity Bureau of the League of Nations, were among the speakers. They told from personal knowledge of Perris's work as a war correspondent and at the Peace Conference, and they showed how he lived up to his love of peace and justice in all his private dealings with his journalistic colleagues.

Premier Lloyd George was represented by J. T. Davies, his confidential secretary.

Perris's remains are to be interred in the grave of his only son, who was killed in the war.

Judge Warren Miller.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Dec. 29.—Judge Warren Miller, former member of the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals, died suddenly today at his home in Ripley, W. Va., aged 75 years. Judge Miller filled many important offices in West Virginia, and in 1894 was elected to Congress, where he served two terms. His latest public service was as Chairman of the Virginia Debt Committee of the State Senate.

Mrs. Charles M. Dow.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 29.—Mrs. Charles M. Dow died at her home here this morning. She was President of the New York State Federation of Women's Clubs in 1902 and 1904, and was long identified with the New York Sorosis Society. Her husband, a prominent Jamestown banker, died three weeks ago.

M. B. Curtis, Old Comedian, Dead.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 29.—M. B. Curtis, actor, known throughout the country years ago for his characterization of the drummer in the play "Sam'l o' Posen," died today at the County Hospital. Curtis killed a policeman in San Francisco twenty-five years ago, and obtained an acquittal of the charge of murder only after spending most of the money he had acquired on the stage.

Edgar J. Gibson.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Edgar J. Gibson, former newspaper man and writer on tariff matters, died tonight at his home here at the age of 70 years. Before retiring from newspaper work he was connected with a number of newspapers, having served as managing editor of The Baltimore News, editorial writer and Washington correspondent of The New York Tribune and Philadelphia Press, editor of The Oswego (N. Y.) Times and business manager of The Wheeling (W. Va.) Standard. He was a native of Smithville, N. Y.

CITIES RECOMMEND LAWS.

Program of the Mayors' Conference Sent to Incoming Governor.

ALBANY, Dec. 29.—Recommendations for legislation which the officers and Advisory Committee of the conference of Mayors and other city officials believe will assist cities to establish more efficient and economical Government are contained in a statement of the conference legislative program made public tonight. A copy of the statement has been sent to Governor-elect Miller and members of the incoming Legislature.

Cities are opposed, it was stated, to regulation of motion pictures by State censorship and to the repeal of the existing law giving each municipality the right to regulate the motion-picture industry on Sunday.

Licensing of dealers in second-hand automobiles, proprietors of garages and all places where automobiles are stored and repaired and compelling them to make periodical report to the police were urged as an assistance to the police to apprehend automobile robbers.

Legislation which would confer upon the Public Service Commission the power to regulate rates irrespective of franchise restrictions will be opposed, it was said, while legislation will be urged empowering the Public Service Commission to suspend changes in rates for service of gas, electric and steam corporations pending a hearing.

WON'T EXAMINE SIMS.

Senate Coal Committee Excuses Him "At Present," but Calls Garfield.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Members of the special Senate committee investigating the bituminous coal situation conferred informally for several hours today with Dan W. Sims of Indiana, who resigned as special attorney in the prosecution of a number of coal operators and union miners on Federal conspiracy charges after he had disagreed with Attorney General Palmer over evidence to be submitted.

Senator Calder of New York, the Chairman of the committee, announced afterward that Mr. Sims would not be called "at present," but said arrangements had been made for Dr. Harry A. Garfield, former Federal Fuel Administrator, to meet the committee in executive session tomorrow.

Cornell Clubs Give Concert.

The Cornell University Glee, Banjo and Mandolin Clubs gave their annual concert and dance last evening in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria before an appreciative audience of about fifteen hundred. The net proceeds of the evening, as well as those from concerts to be given in nine cities of the East and Middle West, will be donated to the Cornell Endowment Fund Committee, which is engaged in a drive to raise funds to increase the salaries of the instructing staff of the university.

The Glee Club was at its best singing "A Song for Cornell," and R. H. Steel, '21, bass soloist for the club, was encored several times after his rendition of the Gipsy Love Song. The Mandolin Club, playing the 1920 Medley, arranged by Georges L. Coleman, '95, director of the club, displayed excellent technique. A novel feature of the concert was a marimbaphone trio composed of W. D. Ellis, '21; D. H. Gallagher, '21, and B. A. Reeves, '21.

Nevada Van der Veer Sings Carols.

Nevada Van der Veer, the contralto, oftener heard as a commanding figure in oratorio elsewhere, sang to a full Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon, her first formal recital in some time. Never a dramatic artist, she yet presented herself in varied mood pictures and outstanding lyric beauty. From a stage framed in green she began with 300-year-old Christmas carols and French "noels," tenderly, admirably sung. Then, with organ and piano played by Frederick Schlieder and C. A. Baker, she gave Schubert's "The Omnipotence" with opulent tone, adding later French and Russian groups, and in conclusion Tertius Noble's "Waiting," Strickland's "Morning on the Bayou" and his "Dreaming Time," newly dedicated to the singer.

Ballet at Neighborhood Playhouse.

There will be two benefit performances at the Neighborhood Playhouse, on Saturday and Sunday nights of this week, of "La Boutique Fantasque," a pantomime ballet, with music by Rossini, which was first presented at the Neighborhood last season. The performances will be in aid of the club and class work of Henry Street Settlement. Lily Larbell, who danced in the ballet last year and is now appearing in "Mecca," will return for the two performances by courtesy of Morris Gest.

A Correction.

In an account of the arrest of Frank Flanagan in connection with the hold-up in which David Saylor, a salesman, alleged that he was robbed of $80,000 worth of gems, it was said erroneously in this newspaper yesterday that Saylor was employed by the Provident Loan Society of 736 Seventh Avenue, and that they were the losers, whereas Saylor was employed by the Provident Diamond Company of 598 Seventh Avenue, to whom belonged the property of which he said he was robbed.

Do you want More Customers in New York?

Under ordinary circumstances an extensive advertising campaign would not pay a plumber or a draryman, a foundryman, a garage, a contractor or other manufacturer or tradesman whose market is purely local.

Yet they should have some form of publicity that would enable people to find them quickly and easily when they want them.

Donnelley's Red Book Classified Telephone Directory is an ideal advertising medium for these businesses. It reaches every telephone subscriber in New York. If each copy is used on an average of but three times a week, this makes its use amount to over five million times a month!

Its advertising rate is ridiculously low.

THE REUBEN H. DONNELLEY CORP.
227 Fulton St., New York City
Telephone Cortland Official 04.
Donnelley's Red Book
Classified Telephone Directory





Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits

Pre-Inventory Sale reductions enables us to offer Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits, formerly selling up to $100, at the one price of $47.50. Better dress suits than these cannot be bought at any price—they are correct in every detail and are fashioned from the finest of fabrics.

Formerly Priced Up to $100

Now $47.50

Full dress accessories---vests, shirts, ties, etc.---are here, at reductions just as great in proportion.

Moe Levy & Son

Our Only Store 119-125 Walker Street New York City

Every Subway or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station, within sight of our store.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7—SATURDAYS UNTIL 10

HOTEL THERESA
7th Ave., 125th to 126th St.
One block from "L" and Subway Sta. Trolley and bus lines at door.
A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS.
ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES
Dining Room At Top of Building
Special Table d'Hote or A La Carte Meals
Tel. 7600 Morningside.
R. P. LEUBE, Manager.

HOTEL ENDICOTT
COLUMBUS AVE., 81st to 82nd ST.
One Block From Central Park.
A Few Desirable Suites of 2 and 3 rooms on yearly lease

Hotel Hamilton
73rd St., East of Broadway
A Luxurious Residential Hotel
ROOMS AND SUITES FOR TRANSIENT AND PERMANENT OCCUPANCY
Descriptive Booklet on Request

Hotel Netherlands
5TH AVE. AT 59TH ST.
Great Northern Hotel
138 W. 57th St. and 109 to 121 W. 56th St.

And Dancing, Too
Besides a famous cuisine and an entertainment noted for its sparkle, supping at Shanley's now includes dancing on a floor of particular excellence
SUPPER—VAUDEVILLE—DANCING
UNTIL 1 A. M.
TODAY'S TABLE D'HOTE LUNCHEON
12 to 2:30—music—$1.25
Blue Point Oysters
Celery Olives
Cream of tomatoes or Consomme, printaniere
Supreme of sole, Duglere
Roast spring lamb, mint sauce
Braised beef a la mode
Entree of chicken a la King
Broiled porkchop, sauce Robert
Mousseline potatoes
Hot vanilla pudding or Parfait praline
Assorted cakes Demi-tasse
A la carte service all day.
Sunday Table d'Hote Dinner—noon and evening—$2.50
Every Evening—Vaudeville de Luxe during dinner and after.
SHANLEY'S
Broadway—43rd to 44th St.

MAKE RESERVATION FOR NEW YEAR'S EVE. NIGHT

THE EMBASSY
BROADWAY AT 70TH ST.
Subway Express at 72d St.
A New Modern Fireproof Hotel
Phone Columbus 8700
ROOMS Single and en suite of as many rooms as desired every room with a bath
RESTAURANT FRANCAIS
Cuisine Bourgeois
J. C. LA VIN President
ROBERT S. MAFFITT Vice Pres. and Treas.

FOLIES BERGERE
RESERVE TABLES FOR NEW YEAR'S EVE
PHONE CIRCLE 2330
50th St. & B'way (Over Winter Garden)

30th St. & Broadway The Famous Hofbrau Quaintest Place In America
EXQUISITE LUNCHEON—SELECT TABLE D'HOTE, $1.50
Excellent Milk-fed Chicken Dinner with Waffles
Janssen wants to see you
Finest Sea Food, Game, Milk-fed Chickens
Select Dancing—Orchestra
New Year's Eve Reservations Now Taken
BANQUET

B'way & 47th St. STRAND ROOF Phone Bryant 7891
DINNER DE LUXE $2.00 6:30 to 8 P. M.
A la Carte All Hours—After Theatre Specialties.
A Smashing Success THE ENTIRELY NEW AND ELABORATE REVUE
AT 7:30 & 11:30. SAME SHOW AT DINNER AS AFTER THEATRE—DANCING.

Fourteen East Sixtieth St.
A luxurious Residential Hotel, opposite the Metropolitan Club and Fifth Avenue Entrance to Central Park. Easy access to the theatres, clubs and shopping centres.
EAGER & BABCOCK, New York City.

Hotel Bretton Hall
Broadway, 85th to 86th St.
Subway Station at 86th Street Corner.
NEW YORK.
Largest and Most Attractive Midtown Hotel, Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.
For Transient or Permanent Residence.
Furnished or Unfurnished Suite
All the Comforts and Advantages of the Best New York City Hotels at Attractive Rates.
RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

HOTEL Manhattan Square
50 West 77th Street
A luxurious residential hotel opposite Museum of Natural History. Newly redecorated, furnished & unfurnished apartments. Transient and permanent accommodations.
Very attractive rates.

THE CAMBRIDGE
60 WEST 68TH STREET
NEW APARTMENT HOTEL
SMALL SUITES
Unfurnished Only on Yearly Lease at Exceptional Low Rentals.
Under same management Hotel Langdon, 5th Av. & 56th St.
E. H. CHATILLON.

57 West 10th St.
The Marlborough Inn
We invite you to partake of one of our delicious dinners.
"A TREAT—TO EAT"
SPECIAL NEW YEAR'S EVE DINNER
Tel. 4502 Chelsea
We serve special Sunday Dinners.

HOTEL NEWTON
2528 Broadway, bet. 94th & 95th Sts.
SUBWAY EXPRESS AT 96TH STREET
TRANSIENT ACCOMMODATIONS
Telephone 2234 Riverside.

New Year's Eve Celebration—
That's a special occasion of its own kind—just one sitting and stay late. Both floors that night. The usual fun and jollity, and such a dinner as only Wenning's serves!—and fine Music and Singing—$5.00 per plate.
Make reservations early.
On New Year's Day and Sunday
it's different. That'll be like Thanksgiving and Christmas; namely, our fine
"Dinner Bountiful"
will be served from noon to closing, both floors, at our usual $1.50. So many patrons delight in the homey cheeriness and atmosphere of our place. Take New Year's day or Sunday to come and get acquainted and enjoy an exceptional dinner.
WENNING'S
"THE QUALITY RESTAURANT"
121 W. 45th, bet. B'way & 6th Ave.
No Check Room—Good Music.

Hotel Bretton Hall
85th St.—Broadway—86th St.
Tables Now Being Reserved for New Year's Eve at $5 Per Cover.
From 11 P. M.—Dancing, Favors.
Early Reservations of Tables Suggested.

SINN FEIN BOMB PLANT.

The Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday will reproduce a picture of a Dublin cellar the contents of which were a bomb plant belonging to the Sinn Fein, with lathes, molds and complete equipment for the manufacture of deadly missiles.—Advt.

KILLS 1, HURTS 3

Blast in Dry Dock Hurls Beam Among Firemen Fighting Blaze on Another Ship.

WOMAN INJURED IN OFFICE

Building Shaken So Hard That She Is Thrown Down Stairs, Suffering Broken Leg.

TWO WORKMEN TO HOSPITAL

Each Blown Into Air, One Suffers Internal Injuries, the Other's Leg Is Fractured.

A city fireman was killed and two ship workers and a woman employe in the offices of a dry dock company were injured last evening in an explosion on the oil tanker Charles M. Everett, which was laid up for repairs in the Robins Dry Dock at the foot of Dwight Street, Brooklyn. Sparks from burners which were being used to loosen rivets in the boat are believed to have caused the explosion.

John Keupp, a fireman of Truck Company 101, which had been called to fight a small fire in a ship near by, was standing on the dock with about twenty other firemen when the explosion occurred. A metal beam, weighing about 200 pounds, was thrown into the air and fell in the midst of the group, one striking Keupp on the head, fracturing his skull. The others escaped injury. Keupp was 29 years old and lived at 178 Stockholm Street, Brooklyn.

The injured are Joseph Dawe, a riveter, who is in Brooklyn Hospital with a fractured leg; Robert Rushford, a burner, who is in Holy Family Hospital with internal injuries, and Mrs. Elizabeth Ellsworth, a scrub woman employed in the offices of the Robins Dry Dock and Repair Company, who was taken home with a fractured leg.

The firemen had been called to a blaze on the West Wind, a vessel of the United States Shipping Board, which was at an adjoining dock. This was at 6:15. Keupp and the other firemen were standing up about the dock when the first explosion came at 6:55 without warning, throwing several heavy beams which were being used in the repairing high into the air. The noise of the blast could be heard for several miles.

Dawe and Rushford were the only two workers on the deck of the vessel. They were loosening rivets on the forward deck over a gas tank. The deck over the tank was shattered, throwing Dawes and Rushford into the air in a shower of splintered metal. The interior of the forward part of the vessel was wrecked. About a score of men who were making repairs to the sides of the vessel were not injured.

Mrs. Ellsworth was working in the Robins offices, which were rocked by the explosion. She was thrown downstairs. Many windows in the building were broken.

Reserves from several police stations were sent to the Everest in the belief that many persons had been killed or injured. A fire alarm also was sent in. The firemen who were on the dock aided in clearing the wreckage and in searching for injured.

Keupp had been a member of the Fire Department since 1918. Deputy Fire Commissioner Heffernan ordered his body removed to the company's quarters on Seabring and Van Brunt Streets.

SUBWAY NEAR STOP IN BROADWAY FIRE

Two Firemen Overcome in Loft Blaze Are Saved by Their Comrades.

Fire last night swept four floors of the seven-story loft building at 414 Broadway, spreading dense smoke through the neighborhood and threatening for a time to halt the Broadway subway, jammed at 6:30 o'clock with home-going traffic. Two firemen, overcome by chemicals, were unconscious for forty-five minutes following their rescue by comrades. Damage was placed at $250,000.

The first intimation of the blaze came when a passer-by saw a window glass crash to the sidewalk. He looked up and saw smoke coming from the fourth floor, occupied by Louis Diamond, skirt manufacturer, and notified Policeman Plenken of the Elizabeth Street station.

The alarm brought a water tower, four engine companies and two hook and ladder companies, all in charge of Deputy Chief John Binns. The firemen found the flames eating their way to the fifth, sixth and seventh floors. Chief Binns ordered an unusually large number of streams turned on the blaze, and the falling water quickly made its appearance in the subway. The subway officials ordered emergency pumps into action. These were ineffective to stem the rising tide, which only diminished when the fire was under control.

The firemen overcome were members of Rescue Squad No. 1, which reached the scene immediately after Chief Binns had been joined by Lieutenant John Coffey. Firemen Paul Marron, William Hutchinson, Frank Yaeger and George Deane went up the fire escapes on the side of the building. When they reached the fourth floor the windows were blown in by a back draught and the firemen were caught in a cloud of smoke and flame. The gust enveloped them before they had a chance to slip on their smoke helmets.

Despite the danger, Coffey and Marron, leading their comrades, slipped over the window ledge and into the burning loft. The two had scarcely gotten inside before they collapsed. A chemical somewhere in the burning loft gave forth fumes which could not be withstood. Some of the fumes reached the men on the fire escape and set them coughing and sneezing, but they rushed after their comrades.

Coffey was caught up and carried to the street, protesting that his rescuers should "forget me and get Marron."

Hutchinson was groping through the smoky loft after the missing fireman, and reached him and rescued and revived him. He got to the street just as Coffey lapsed into unconsciousness. Marron and Hutchinson both became insensible.

The unconscious men were carried to a store and surgeons from Volunteer Hospital were treating them when Fire Commissioner Thomas J. Drennan reached the scene. Hutchinson had recovered, but both Coffey and Marron were like dead men. In order that the firemen might get the benefit of specially made oxygen-producing apparatus which the Fire Department surgeon has invented, Commissioner Drennan sent for Dr. Harry Archer. The latter made the run from his home at 72 East End Avenue and Eighty-second Street in eight minutes. Thirty minutes after he had brought the firemen back to consciousness.

As Minister From Sweden

STOCKHOLM, Dec. 29 (Associated Press).—The Foreign Office declined today to confirm or deny a rumor that J. Sigfrid Edstrom, President of the Swedish General Electric Company, would be appointed Swedish Minister to the United States. Mr. Edstrom's wife was Ruth Randall of Chicago.

Mr. Edstrom is head of the International Amateur Athletic Federation and was Vice President of the Swedish Olympic Committee in 1912. Last year he visited Washington to attend the International Labor Conference.

The post of Swedish Minister at Washington has been vacant since the death there last month of W. A. F. Ekengren.

SOCIALISTS IN FRANCE SPLIT OVER SOVIET

Communist Majority Votes Absolute Affiliation With Lenin's Internationale.

TOURS, France, Dec. 29 (Associated Press).—The French Socialist Party tonight by a large majority voted in favor of absolute affiliation with the Moscow Internationale. The result was to split the party into what may prove three sections.

A motion by the Left wing to join the Third Internationale absolutely received 3,208 votes, while another motion, introduced by Deputy Jean Longuet of the Centrist section, requesting the congress to state unequivocally whether it would recognize the barring of Longuet and his followers from the Internationale, received 1,022 votes. There were 397 abstentions from voting.

The three wings met separately late today in an effort to reach an understanding to prevent a split before the full session tonight.

While the Left, Centre and Right groups sought earnestly in individual meetings for a common ground for unity, it was currently stated in all sections that few expected anything except the division which has occurred.

The Communist majority, it was said, offered to inform Moscow that it considered the message sent by G. S. Zinovieff, Bolshevist Governor of Petrograd, in the name of the Moscow Executive Committee, barring the Centre wing from the Internationale, was too harsh, and that the Right and Centre sections demanded repudiation.

TAFT REACHES BERMUDA.

Officials Greet Him and Wife—They Will Stay Two Months.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, Dec. 29.—William H. Taft and Mrs. Taft arrived here today.

They were greeted on the steamer Fort Victoria by the Governor, the American Consul and a committee of Americans. Mr. and Mrs. Taft will remain in Bermuda two months.

DENIES MONOPOLY CHARGE.

United Shoe Machinery Company Files Brief in Government Suit.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Use of "tying clauses" in leases under which its machines are rented has proved a real benefit to customers rather than a hindrance, the United Shoe Machinery Company declares in a brief filed today with the Supreme Court in preparation for hearing of the suit brought against it by the Government under the Clayton act. Arguments in the case probably will be submitted on Monday.

Denying the Government's allegation that it constitutes a monopoly, the company declared that the shoe machinery market was entirely open to every manufacturer who desired to enter the business. Footwear producers who testified for the Government, it was charged, include many who "are or have been financially interested in starting a competing shoe machinery company."

TWO HOTELS LOWER RATES.

But Reductions in Kansas City Apply to Only a Few Rooms.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 29.—A room with bath may be had again for $2.50 at the Hotels Baltimore and Muehlebach. Joseph Reichl, general manager of the two hotels, said today that the $2.50 rooms with bath were few in number and were formerly $3.

"Room rates for hotels do not face immediate reduction here," Mr. Reichl explained. "The utilities here prevent a reduction that would be justified otherwise. Two years ago it cost a little more than $2,000 a month to heat each hotel. Now our heating bills amount to $7,500 a month."

Other rooms remain at the same scale as before.

SUICIDE THEORY GAINS.

McGuinness Said to Have Been Despondent Over Loss in Rank.

It was learned yesterday that some Government agents have accepted the suicide theory in the death of James F. McGuinness, squad chief on the staff of Federal Supervising Prohibition Agent Daniel J. Chapin.

As a motive, the agents who knew McGuinness intimately, say that he was disappointed because of his demotion from chief of field agents to squad leader for lower Manhattan. His salary was said to have been reduced from $3,600 to $2,600 a year.

MME. GANNA WALSKA SAILS.

Mrs. Alexander S. Cochran and Husband Leave on Olympic.

Mrs. Alexander Smith Cochran (Mme. Ganna Walska) sailed yesterday on the Olympic with her husband for London, where they will spend four days and then go to Paris and later to Pau. The singer was much annoyed because she could not take her Polish maid to London, the British Consul refusing to visé the passport. He explained that Poles are not allowed to go as visitors to England. They can go on business only, and have to produce proofs to that effect. Mrs. Cochran had to be content to send her maid on from Cherbourg to Paris, to wait her there.

Galli-Curci to Wed Jan. 15.

MINNEAPOLIS, Dec. 29.—Mme. Galli-Curci, the grand opera singer and Homer Samuels, her accompanist, will be married at the home of the latter's parents in St. Louis Park, a suburb of Minneapolis, on Jan. 15, according to announcement by C. J. Samuels, father of the bridegroom-to-be.

Premiers to Meet in London or Paris

PARIS, Dec. 29.—Because of the labor situation in England, which makes necessary the presence of Prime Minister Lloyd George in London, the next conference of the allied Premiers will take place in London or Paris and not at Nice, it is said by newspapers here today.

ABOUT THIS COUNTRY

Declares "Rotten" Conditions Here Threaten to Make Us a Laughing Stock.

RIDICULES HELP TO IRISH

Thinks Melting Pot Does Not Melt, but Adds That He Can't Help Loving Us.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—Punch dedicates the epilogue of its one hundred and fifty-ninth volume to "a candid appreciation of the United States."

The epilogue takes the form of an interview which Mr. Punch supposes himself to give to an American reporter as the liner on which he is approaching New York goes up the bay. He answers the question, "What do you think of the American Nation?" by saying:

"Well, I think a good deal about it, and it nearly always makes me smile. Of course, you won't understand why. It nearly always makes me smile because we don't see fun in the same things. You don't appreciate our humor, and therefore you say that we haven't any, and if we don't appreciate your humor that proves again that we haven't any. So you will never understand why it makes me smile, sometimes gently and sometimes rather bitterly, to think about your nation, but I'll tell you just the same.

"In the first place, what you call America is only a small fraction of the American Continent, not even as large as British North America, and in the second place what you call your nation—well, some rude person once said of it that it is not really a nation at all, but just a picnic. I won't go so far as that, but I hardly suppose you will be much better pleased if I call it a league of nations. That is a phrase that you know, because your President, Wilson, loves it.

The Sensitiveness to Outside Criticism.

"By the way, I must be very careful how I speak of your President, because you are so sensitive on that subject. You allow yourselves to advise him as the head of a political party, but if other nations so much as question his omniscience he suddenly becomes the head of a sovereign State. An English Cabinet Minister once told me how an American gave vent in conversation to the most violent language in regard to the policy of the President of the day, and when at the end the Englishman very quietly said, 'I am inclined to agree with you,' the American turned on him in fury, saying: 'Sir, I did not come here to have my country insulted.'

"However, to return to your League of Nations. In England, where I come from, they are just now reviving a play by Gerald du Maurier called 'Dear Brutus.' If it rightly, he makes out your country to be a melting pot into which every sort of fancy alien type is thrown and turned out as a pattern of the American citizen, a homogeneous united family. I could believe it. It seems to us that your German, even after passing through the melting pot, remains a German, and that your Irishman, however much he Americanizes himself for purposes of political power and graft, remains an Irishman.

"You never seem to get together as a nation except when you go to war, and even then you fall to pieces before you are not together now, although you are still at war with Germany. The rest of the time you seem to spend in having elections and placating (I think that is what you call it) the German interest or the negro interest or the Sinn Fein interest.

Sees "Pathetic" Attitude on Ireland.

"And this brings me to a point that makes me smile most of all when it does not make me weep. Isn't it a pathetic thing that a really great and strong people like you should be so weak and little as to let your press sympathise gallantly with the campaign of murder in Ireland, to suffer that campaign to be actively assisted by American gunmen, to look on while it is being financed by American money, here employed in conjunction with the resources of that very Bolshevism which you take care to treat as criminal in your own country? Isn't it pitiful that you should regard reprisals as hateful though they may be no worse than the hideous murders which provoked them, forgetting your own addiction to lynch law, forgetting, too, as some of our own people forget, that the sanctity of the law depends as much upon the good-will and assistance of the people as it does upon the police, and cannot else be maintained?

"Indeed, your memory is not very good. Your Monroe Doctrine, which insists that nobody from outside shall interfere with your affairs, but you whenever you want to interfere with other peoples. You even forget at convenient times your own civil war. Just as there was not a protest made by you against the methods and blockade of Germany for which an answer could not be found in some precedent set by you in that war of the North and the South, so now the best answer to your sympathy with the preposterous claims of the Irish Republic is to be found in those four years in which you fought so bloodily to preserve the integrity of your own Union.

"Yet you let men like de Valera go at large proclaiming the brutal tyranny of the alien Saxon and advertising his country as a sovereign State all because you have to placate the Irish interest. I should very much like to hear what you would think of us if at our elections we ran an anti-you campaign and even made an intervention plank in our platform, as one of our parties did, for the sake of placating the niggers or Cubans or Filipinos or any other sort of dago in our midst.

Fears We May Be Laughing Stock.

"Of course, we are told and, of course, I believe it, that the best American sentiment is all right. But, if so, it must be cherished by a very select few or they would never tolerate a condition of things so rotten that unless your coming President finds some cure for it you are likely to become the laughing stock of Europe. I am almost tempted to go into the melting pot myself and show you an alien who is an American citizen would ever be allowed to show you how it is to be done. Unfortunately, I am too busy elsewhere putting my own country right."

Mr. Punch concludes by hoping that "in my desire to be genial I have not been too flattering. No true friend ever flatters, and in my heart, which has some of our common blood in it, notoriously thicker than water, I cannot help loving your country, and would love it better still if only it gave me a better chance. Indeed, I belong at home to a society for the promotion of Anglo-American friendship. More than that (and here the sage was seen to probe into a voluminous and bulging breast pocket), I have brought with me a token of affection designed to stimulate mutual cordiality."

"Not a flask of whisky," exclaimed the representative of the democratic elevator, suddenly moved to animation.

"No, not that, not that, my child," said Mr. Punch, "but something far, far better for you, something that gives you, among other less serious matters, a record of the way in which we in England, with private troubles of our own no easier than yours to bear and exhausted with twice as many years of sacrifice in the war of liberty, whose colossal effigy I have just had the pleasure to remark, still try to play an honorable part in that society of nations from which you have apparently resolved for your better ease and comfort to cut yourselves off. Be good enough to accept, in the spirit of benevolence in which I offer it, this copy of my 159th volume."

Remains of Olga Reported on Way to Greece

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

MANILA, Dec. 29.—The body of the Grand Duchess Olga, one of the slain daughters of Czar Nicholas II., passed through Hongkong this week aboard the Peninsular & Oriental liner Devahna en route to Athens for burial, according to trustworthy information reaching Manila today. The body of the Grand Duchess's maid was also said to be on board the ship.

It is reported that the bodies were disinterred from a mine shaft at Ekaterinburg and smuggled from Russia to Shanghai. A passenger on the Devahna said the coffins were carried on the ship's bridge, guarded by a detachment of loyalist Russian troops and several priests of the Greek Orthodox Church.

The bodies were to be transferred from the Devahna at Colombo to the steamer Caledonia and transhipped at Port Said for Athens, the informant said.

According to the investigations conducted by officials of the Omsk Government at Ekaterinburg following the occupation of that place by the Czechs, in fear of whose coming Yurovsky and Goloshokin, the Red Commissioners, gave orders for the execution of the imperial family and their attendants, on July 17, 1918, the bodies were taken from the Ipatiev house, where the order was carried out, and buried near the railway station.

On the night of July 18 they were taken to the mine shaft mentioned in the Manila dispatch, and there probably destroyed. The investigators of the shaft found parts of limbs, burned clothing and some pieces of jewelry. Similar relics were found in the neighborhood during the succeeding weeks, some of which were identified and some of which were not. The Red flag now flies from the Ipatiev house, and recent visitors to Ekaterinburg have found no further evidence.

Coffins passing through the Far East have set going rumors similar to the story given in the Manila dispatch, but usually without its details.

FRENCH AGAIN TALK OF OCCUPYING RUHR

Say Germany Seeks to Play Reparations Against the Allied Order to Disarm.

BERLIN ANSWERS NOLLET

Couples Threat With Denial of Charge That Spa Agreement Has Not Been Fulfilled.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 29.—Once more the French are talking about occupying the Ruhr Basin. More than anything else this is probably a play for position in the discussion of reparations which reopens in Brussels on Jan. 16, and is a threat made to counteract the German threat that if the French do not treat them better they will take back all the nice promises they came near making at Brussels two weeks ago.

In the agreements made at Spa last July there were various clauses relating to disarmament setting forth that although the Germans must disband their army down to 100,000 men by Jan. 1, they would be allowed up to 150,000 as citizen police before the danger of Bolshevism, which, incidentally, looked more real at that time than it does now. All militia, national police and other military or semi-military organizations in Germany were to be down to this size by the first of January.

It was also provided at Spa and agreed to by the Germans that, in case the disarmament clauses—as well as the coal clause—were not fulfilled by the first of the year, the Allies would have the right to occupy further German territory, this meaning the Ruhr Valley.

Last week General Nollet, head of the Interallied Mission of Control in Germany, reported to the Committee of Ambassadors charged with the execution of the Versailles treaty that the Germans had not fulfilled the military clauses of the Spa arrangement, because not only was the citizen police in excess of the number provided, but that the Einwohnerwehr in Prussia, Saxony and Bavaria had not been disbanded, as the militia had been in the rest of Germany.

Before making this report General Nollet had formally notified the German Government that it had failed up to its promises. This was all that was necessary technically to entitle the Allies to occupy the Ruhr. While the Ambassadors did not send any formal note to Germany, but passed matters along to the Premiers, they did instruct Marshal Foch to draw up a report on the whole question of German disarmament.

Whenever Foch is called on by the Allies, the Germans get worried. So today the committee of Ambassadors received from the German Government a note denying General Nollet's conclusion and contending that they had lived up to the Spa agreement and had done nothing to lay themselves open to the danger of occupation of the Ruhr.

The note contained the same statements as were made verbally in Berlin yesterday by officials of the German Government to the Ambassadors of France, England and Italy, when it was intimated that if the French persisted in their attitude it would be difficult for the Germans to continue to exhibit good humor in the Brussels negotiations.

Pertinax, in the Echo de Paris, says that the situation reveals the German reparation policy.

"Germany intends to pay us only in exchange for liberties we permit her to take with the rest of the treaty, in exchange for the restoration of her military power," he says.

The Temps tonight says:

"We should understand one thing. If the Allies lend themselves to the game of these incorrigible saboteurs, who play reparations against disarmament, they will deliver Europe to ruin and war—to ruin because Europe cannot re-establish herself unless the devastated regions are repaired, and to war because if the German reactionaries once get back their power they will use it only for revenge."

The Journal de Débats says the Germans are playing a game of bluff which France ought to call.

ANDEAN SHOCKS CONTINUE.

Two More in Argentine Earthquake Area Do Little Damage.

BUENOS AIRES, Dec. 29.—The frequent recurrence of earth shocks in the Mendoza district is keeping the population much alarmed. A violent shock was felt in Mendoza City at 1:55 o'clock Tuesday morning. It lasted six seconds, and another tremor occurred at 3:56 o'clock. Little damage was caused and no casualties have been reported.

More than four hundred persons were estimated to have been killed or injured in the earthquake which occurred in the Mendoza region of Argentina on Dec. 17. Wide stretches of territory were flooded with water, which gushed from crevices opened by the earthquake shocks, and great material damage was done.

Next Monday

The Annual Review of The Annalist, January 3, 1921, will contain three important charts:

Stock Exchange averages for the last nine years—1912 to 1920.

Bond Chart, 1912 to 1920.

Chart of the food cost of living, 1914 to 1920.

This special issue will also publish the complete record of stock market transactions for 1920.

Annual Review of The Annalist

Next Monday, January 3

Published by The New York Times Co.

Order in advance from your newsdealer.

FRANCE CONFIDENT ON EVE OF NEW YEAR

Nation's Spirits Raised by Unusually Good Crops and an Abundant Coal Supply.

RUINED AREAS RECOVERING

But Many Grave Foreign Questions and Domestic Complications Still Cause Anxiety.

PARIS, Dec. 29 (Associated Press).—While the French people have their worries, yet they will begin the new year immensely more confident than they began 1920, because of extraordinarily good crops, progress in restoring the ruined departments of the north, a plentiful supply of coal and the prospect a year hence of having the period of military service reduced from three years to eighteen months.

Two foreign questions are likely to give constant concern to the Government throughout the coming year. They are the payment of reparations and the war with the Turkish Nationalists over the Syrian and Cilician mandates. Then, also, there are the large general questions of the future of the Versailles Peace Treaty, the League of Nations and the many issues growing out of the Peace Conference, in all of which France has a very deep concern in what the coming year may bring forth.

The German attitude at the Brussels conference, which will be resumed Jan. 10, gives rise to the expectation that an agreement on reparations is possible early in the Spring fixing the total sum and the manner of payment.

There will be a period of anxiety after the decision until it can be seen whether Germany will pay the instalments agreed upon. It probably will take a year or more to determine this, consequently the French army will be maintained near its present strength of 840,000, of which 700,000 are whites and the other Colonials.

France's Turkish mandates will be discussed by the French, British and Italian Prime Ministers as a part of the whole Near Eastern question at a meeting early in January. France now has about 70,000 troops in Turkey.

The advance France has made in reconstructing her wrecked areas, which reduces buying abroad by 2,000,000,000 francs, and the continued confidence of French investors, as shown by the unprecedented success of the last loan, are considered as justifying a greater optimism concerning the financial and economic situation than is held at present.

The struggle over the high cost of living receives a large share of public attention. Resistance of merchants and manufacturers to consumers' demands for lower prices has resulted in something like a deadlock. The buyers abstain from making purchases because they feel that war prices should no longer be asked. The merchants, habituated to big profits, refuse to reduce them. Consequently prices remain high and buyers are scarce. Meantime the banks are impatient under repeated demands from large holders of merchandise for renewals of their securities.

The new year opens with unemployment increasing daily. It has been causing much concern to the Government since October and now has reached a volume which officials agree calls for immediate effective remedies. Three hundred thousand workers now are idle in France, nearly a hundred thousand of whom are in Paris, according to figures announced by the Minister of Public Works.

TO RESTORE RIVER SHIPPING.

W. D. Hines, as Arbitrator, Drafts Rules for Selecting German Boats.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 29.—During the war the Germans were responsible for the destruction and loss of about 900,000 tons of river shipping, of some 30,000 horsepower, and rules for restoring this amount under the peace treaty have just been drawn up by Walker D. Hines, the arbitrator designated by the United States for the task.

The treaty provides that Germany shall cede to the Reparations Commission not exceeding 20 per cent. of her river fleet to make good the loss, but the actual amount due, mainly to France and Belgium, falls considerably short of 20 per cent. of the total German river fleet at the time of the armistice.

Mr. Hines has laid down general rules for the selection of boats and other appliances to be ceded, and provided that lists shall be prepared by his representative, acting with the advice of two representatives of the Reparations Commission, one representative each of the allied powers interested, and three from Germany.

The lists will be open to objection by the Reparations Commission and by the German Government, and upon final approval by the arbitrator the Reparations Commission will inspect the boats and arrange for their delivery.

MONTEVIDEO TAKES COLBY TO ITS ARMS

Agreement on Monroe Doctrine Theme of Speeches by Officials and Secretary.

BRUM PRAISES OUR NATION

Uruguayan Senate Accords to Secretary Honor of First Non-Member to Speak on Floor.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MONTEVIDEO, Dec. 29.—Uruguay is a second America. The people are like ours and have the same aspirations and political aims. Here is complete appreciation of America and an understanding of American aims. The President and people are sympathetic with America, consequently the party of Secretary of State Colby has had the most enthusiastic reception given at any place during the trip. The Minister of Foreign Affairs gave a dinner last night at which enthusiasm for America surpassed anything seen at any time or place since leaving America.

The Minister delivered an address which was inspired not by any desire to throw bouquets at the mission, but was meant as a true expression of admiration for America and a desire to cooperate with her in the idealist doctrines of President Wilson. Excerpts from the Minister's speech follow:

"Excellency: The American continent, new to civilization, brought with it a new civilization also. It held out the hope of gold when mankind believed gold was the only basis of the greatness of nations. It held out the hope of liberty in those days in which the inhabitants of the Old World were weary of persecution and merciless struggle and sought for a wider horizon, a more tranquil life and honest labor and endeavor. In our own days, during the great war, it was again to support right and democracy. The decisive factor in this war was America's material power. America's moral force was a more decisive factor still. There came a moment in which America became the jury whose verdict the fighting nations anxiously awaited."

Honored by Congress.

Congress held a joint session today in honor of the Secretary, the first non-member to speak on its floor, in which addresses in Spanish were made showing the warm friendship of Uruguay for America. Senator Mendivil, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, gave as his conception of the Monroe Doctrine that it did not involve any right on the part of the United States to compromise or dominate the independent sovereignty of any South American State, but that it meant that America as a body, would resent any attempt on the part of a foreign power to attack the sovereignty of any of its peoples, that this solidarity should be a mutual protection, and that this conception inspired Uruguay to break with Germany when America did. Bainbridge Colby replied that Mendivil had expressed the deep truth about the Monroe Doctrine.

Uruguay is a country of unlimited opportunity. She must perforce buy large quantities of merchandise. She prefers America. The stand for liberty of President Wilson has made a mighty impression. The visit of Mr. Colby has added to this favorable impression. If America would extend the range of the receptive attitude, it could secure the trade and everlasting friendship of the Uruguayans. South America is prepared to meet the United States more than half way in establishing amicable political and trade relations if we will show a disposition to recognize her people as equals in the international political situation. They are a proud people, and there is a tendency to resent an assumed superiority on the part of the North. This sentiment runs through every address of welcome heard. As President Brum expressed it, Uruguay believes in the Monroe Doctrine. It is a cardinal principle with her people, but she wants it to be a doctrine of protection and is willing to do her full share in enforcement of the Doctrine.

In his address at the dinner given for Secretary Colby he said:

"Mr. Secretary of State, the people and Government of Uruguay thank you immensely for the visit with which his Excellency, President Wilson, has deigned to honor us. It constitutes for us a most remarkable and flattering event, and for the eminent authority which you represent, but it is of high significance, inasmuch as it demonstrates the loving sympathy which today, yesterday and forever binds our countries. I shall forever keep in my memory the visit which I had the honor to pay to the United States and to President Wilson in 1918, which afforded me the special privilege of divining in one of the highest crises of history the sound judgment of Wilson. I can assure you, Mr. Minister, that the magnificent light which I then beheld in all the regions of your immense territory never will be surpassed. I saw all the political forces moving toward the same end, victory; all the women whose Athenian elegance of mind disguised their Spartan self-denial, placing their full love in only one ideal, victory; every man contributing his blood, his effort, will or wealth to the conquest of the same ideal, victory; every factory, institution, schoolroom, every centre, moved by the same will to be victorious.

Called Messenger of Peace.

"But I could appreciate and feel something besides, something which gives to that work a characteristic grandeur. Standing boldly out of this was a unanimous feeling that all that powerful energy was not moved for the sake of avenging a direct or personal offense, nor to obtain material advantages, nor to extend further boundaries of the homeland, but to avenge humanity of great offenses, to establish among nations the supremacy of justice for and of all, as Mr. Wilson would say, our sons and the sons of all men in the world, that they may live free and peaceful; and it is this which has raised your country to the highest degree, which has made it great because of the strength of its idealism, which has made it sacred as the bulwark of the noblest international principles, which has bound it more to its brothers of America, who, like it, have grown and breathe the same impulse for liberty and who have considered its glory as their own glory, as a reflex of the great Columbian country.

"You are not to be surprised, then, that all our America may receive your visit with extraordinary satisfaction and exert itself by amply showing its sympathy, and it can less surprise you of such a feeling and attitude in dealing with Uruguay which, even from the dawn of its independence, was well understood by you when you honored our national hero, Artigas, exalting his radiant personality amid hostile passion and legend. Uruguay which you have always treated with affectionate consideration and to whose progress and ideals you have always paid justice, lending to it very often your moral support.

"You are the messenger of peace and fraternity from the great American nation. You are the representative of President Wilson, great democrat, eminent idealist, who has instilled into the world his actual bearings toward definite work for international justice. You yourself are a strong exponent of the moral standard and of the virtue of your people. You are here, then, as the honored guest of my country. In your honor, Mr. Minister, I lift my glass."

Mr. Colby's Reply.

In reply Mr. Colby said:

"Mr. President, I am deeply touched by your generous words of welcome. My reception, from the moment my ship dropped anchor in your beautiful harbor, has been marked by a cordiality which surpasses even the expectations aroused by the great name of the Uruguayan people for a hospitality that is unique and overflowing. I come to Uruguay on a very definite mission. When, two years ago, by the happiest of inspirations, you decided to visit the United States, I question whether you quite realized how fruitful in good results and lasting and beneficent in memory your coming was to prove. Upon every one you met everywhere you went you produced a deep impression.

"Your enlightened interest in our institutions, both social and political, your penetrating, friendly observation of our commercial and industrial activities, your obvious faith in democratic principles, your robust confidence in their ultimate triumph over all problems and recessions, not only won our hearts but gave the people of the United States a quickening sense of the intelligent and sympathetic comprehension on the part of a great sister republic.

"No one was more impressed by the effects of your visit than the illustrious man who, for nearly eight years, has guided the destinies of my country as its President. He often expressed a desire to return your visit in person, so that he might show in a most signal manner his appreciation of it, but this expectation was not to be gratified. His illness, which I think it no exaggeration to say the whole world laments, compels him to have recourse to a deputy. It is in that high capacity that I have the honor to visit you.

"Your country for its virile, amiable qualities; your people for their martial history, for the modern spirit of success with which they have brought the rich resources of this highly favored land to the service of mankind, are known and admired in the United States. The preoccupations of material development and success, however, have not been permitted to absorb the energies of your nation to the exclusion or even the neglect of the higher things of life, and the fame of Uruguayan science, art, education and philanthropy is world wide.

"I come from the great republic of the North, bearing a message of congratulation upon your national success and the true greatness which your country has achieved. Right well have you vindicated the hopes of democracy and the principles of self-government to which the Western Hemisphere is dedicated. You have alluded, Mr. President, in honoring terms, to the impressions you received of my country on the occasion of your memorable visit. The great war, from the effects of which the world will not soon recover, was at its height, and the crisis my countrymen do not forget. Uruguay was quick to discern the significance of that tragic struggle and to make her full weight felt on the side of liberty. How could it be otherwise that the country of Artigas and with a people who cherish the heroic traditions of liberators?

"Not for many a day will autocracy again assail the principles of civil liberty upon which the institutions of our Western continent are founded. The solidarity of the Americas in their devotion to freedom and their hatred of aggression aimed at nations' independence will not again be unheeded. In this connection may I remark that I cannot understand how there can be any misconception, even the slightest of the far-sighted, unselfish, fraternal policy of the Monroe Doctrine, in the light of its century of useful service, not to this hemisphere alone, but to the whole world, for it must be remembered that no countries have so fully, so profitably participated in the heritage of stable government, of unmolested national independence and law-abiding liberty in South America as have the nations of Europe, to whom the declarations contained in the Monroe Doctrine were primarily intended to apply.

"I have heard this venerable doctrine strangely distorted and variously characterized. The author of that somewhat discredited German policy of 'blood and iron' was guilty of an international impertinence and a later critic has declared it to be an anachronism that it should receive universal approval.

"That was probably too much to expect. That it is universally respected is doubtless enough, and what was it, originally, and what has it ever been, but the solemn affirmation by the United States of its belief in the capacity for self-government of each of the peoples of the Western Hemisphere and an equally solemn engagement to safeguard that right to the extent of its power against interference from any quarter while forging ahead through the trials and vicissitudes which life in the pathway of every nascent State?

"With brilliance and splendor the republics of the Americas have, one by one, emerged from their earlier period of struggle and taken their sure position as self-competent powers. Their evolution has been not only rapid but sound and symmetrical. In every aspect of their rounded national life they challenge comparison with the most advanced and enlightened States of the world, and thus the old doctrine of the inviolability of republican institutions in the Western continent speaks with ever-swelling note throughout the world as nation after nation has outgrown the need of its protection and become, with full equality, a participant in its maintenance and assertion.

"But I have not come to Uruguay to expound new theories nor restate old doctrines. My mission solely is that of a friendly, admiring and deeply appreciative visitor. The histories of our respective countries present no contrasts. They are strewn with analogies. We serve the same principles. We pursue the same aims. The same truth guides our steps in paths of peace and national honor. We know each other. We are friends. May this always continue to be so, to our great mutual benefit and enduring happiness. It is in this spirit, Mr. President, that I salute you, and through you the free, progressive nation which has called you to your exalted office. Receive, pray, the assurance I bring of respect and abiding friendship which is felt by the United States of America for you and your country."

MAGYAR INVASION FAILS.

Czechs Take Strong Measures to Foil an Attack on Pressburg.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 29.—According to reports reaching here from Prague, bands of Hungarian troops intended making an attempt today to capture Pressburg, the Czechoslovakian port on the Danube. Pressburg was formerly a Hungarian city and its loss to Czechoslovakia is one of the standing grievances of Hungary against the new republic.

The attack was to be carried out by troops under command of Lieutenant Hejjas, one of the most notorious terrorist officers in Budapest; but apparently the plans were discovered in time by the Czechoslovakian Government, and preparations made. All important points guarding the city were occupied and the approaches to the city wired.

Travelers arriving here today from Czechoslovakia report that extensive military movements are taking place, according to reports in Prague.

PROPERTY LEFT TO YALE.

If That University Does Not Accept Conditions It Goes to Columbia.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Dec. 29.—Yale University will receive a large share of the estate of Robert Judson, a native of this city and for a number of years a resident of New York, according to the terms of his will which was filed in the Probate Court here today. The estate is estimated at considerably over $1,000,000. Mr. Judson died at New Canaan, last week.

In the event that Yale does not agree to conditions imposed by the will, the share of the estate designated for use in erecting college buildings, is to go to Columbia University.

DISCUSSING HUGHES AND TAFT FOR BENCH

Washington Sees Chance of Both Being Named for Supreme Court.

TWO VACANCIES EXPECTED

Gossip Is Prevalent Despite the Intimations That Hughes Will Enter Cabinet.

SENATORS PREFER D. J. HILL

Knox Wants to Stay in Senate—He Starts for Marion for an Important Conference.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Associate Justice Joseph McKenna, who has been a member of the Supreme Court since 1898 and is now 77 years old, is credited with an intention to retire soon after President-elect Harding assumes office. Chief Justice Edward Douglass White, also eligible for retirement, having served on the court since 1894 and being 75 years old, is likewise said to contemplate retiring next year.

The Chief Justice is a Democrat, appointed as Associate Justice by Cleveland while a Senator from Louisiana, and promoted to be Chief Justice by Taft. Justice McKenna, a Republican, was Attorney General in McKinley's Cabinet when nominated for the Supreme bench.

Around the expectation that these members of the Supreme Court will retire centres some speculation concerning Harding's Cabinet. There is a widespread view that Mr. Harding will offer to appoint former Justice Hughes to the first vacancy in the court with the intention of promoting him to the Chief Justiceship in the event of White's retirement. At the same time it is well understood in Washington that Mr. Hughes is under serious consideration for appointment as Secretary of State, much to the distress of some prominent Republican Senators, who fear that the harmonious relations they hope to maintain with the State Department from 1921 to 1925 will not be realized.

There has been much talk also of ex-President Taft for the Supreme bench and the post of Chief Justice. Since Mr. Taft appointed White Chief Justice there is a feeling in some circles that Mr. Harding would perform a graceful as well as a popular act if he offered the Chief Justiceship to Mr. Taft, should White retire.

Among Republican Senators the favorite for Secretary of State is Dr. David Jayne Hill of New York. He is acceptable to the "irreconcilables," while many others seem to prefer him on the ground that they would be able to maintain harmonious relations with him. Both "irreconcilables" and many of the milder type of Senators would be glad to see Senator Knox become Secretary of State, but the general understanding among his colleagues is that he has determined to remain in the Senate.

Senator Knox left today for Marion at the invitation of President-elect Harding, with whom he will confer tomorrow. This conference is expected to be important in its bearing on the selection of a Cabinet and the attitude of the Senate concerning an association of nations and the pending Knox resolution, declaring a separate peace with Germany and Austria. Mr. Knox was accompanied

Work Last Sung Here 50 Years Ago Revived by English Company at the Greenwich.

A CHARMING PRODUCTION

Songs of Time of George II. and Sardonic Cynicism of Lines and Situations Amuse.

By RICHARD ALDRICH.

THE BEGGAR'S OPERA, English ballad opera in three acts and six scenes, book by John Gay, revised for brevity by Arnold Bennett; music from songs of the period (1728), then arranged by Dr. Pepusch, now rearranged and supplemented by Frederic Austin. At the Greenwich Village Theatre.

Peachum.....Arthur Wynn
Lockit.....Charles Macgrath
Macheath.....Percy Heming
Filch.....Alfred Heather
The Beggar.....William Wells
Drawer.....C. C. Lewis
Mrs. Peachum.....Lena Maitland
Polly Peachum.....Sylvia Nells
Lucy Lockit.....Dora Rowell
Jenny Diver.....Nonny Lock
Diana Trapes.....Keith Bartlett
Highwaymen of Macheath's Gang — Charles Tobin, Edward Channell, James Welff, Walton Masafee, Mario Carboni, S. Rossmassen.
Women of the Town—Meg Mollers, Clytie Mine, Gladies Johnson, Julie Mso, Vera Hurst, Enid Lindsay.
Conductor—John Mundy.

After fifty years' absence, "The Beggar's Opera" was restored last evening to the New York stage, on which, for well over a century and a quarter, it had been one of the entertainments of the town. Th performanc at the Greenwich Village Theatre was given by the English company that for six months or so had been giving the opera in London, although there were some new singers among the principals.

The production is a charming one, and the audience began to find it so after wondering coolly through the first act at the remarkable differences it presented from comic opera as it is at present understood on Broadway. It caught up well in the second, and began to find the tunes and the dances well worth listening to and encoring, and the sardonic cynicism of the lines and the situations something that could be enjoyed. "Comic" in the modern sense it is not. The satirical intention, the ironical allusions to the manners and customs of the court of George II. are still pointed enough to be applicable to George V.'s time, and so be found amusing; though the thrusts at Sir Robert Walpole are today more elusive, and the burlesque of the Italian opera of Handel's time does not go far enough to make an impression today, even on those ready to receive one.

The story itself is one that can still hold together and move forward with a topsy-turvy consistency that some have found Gilbertian or the original source of the Gilbertian method. The erring daughter, Polly, desolates her angry father and her anguished mother by her love affair—but it is because she has married that they are married and anguished. The gallant highwayman, Macheath, amorous of the whole sex, is a little embarrassed by the constancy and devotion to which he subjected by Polly, who will have no Polly in her parents' plan to betray him and refuses to accept "the comfortable Estate of Widowhood as the only hope that keeps up a Wife's Spirits." The fool, a Mrs. Perdrum, her mother remarks, is in love in earnest—"a shame to thy very sex." In his Newgate tavern Macheath gets a little relief, calling for all the ladies "to be sent for: they are all as fond of me as Polly, and betray him promptly to the constables.

In Newgate prison Lockit the turnkey's daughter, Lucy, is quite as foolish about him as Polly and he quite debonairly speaks of himself to her as her husband—"in every respect but the form"—and finds it extremely awkward that Polly comes to comfort him in his duress, an awkwardness expressed in the most celebrated lines of his opera:

"How happy could I be with either
Were t'other dear Charmer away!"

But Macheath persuades the jealous turnkey's daughter to steal the key and let him out. His freedom is short; he is recaptured and led to execution. But the public's taste for a happy ending was as strong in 1728 as it is today and the reprieve is brought just in time.

Gay hummed the tunes he wanted used to Dr. Pepusch, who set them to the lyrics. They are scattered plentifully through the scenes without too much regard to the demands of the situation or to contrasts in their moods; but they are delightful tunes. And though the folk-song specialists may complain of their sophistication by the London townsmen, who used them, they may well point with pride to their vitality as folk tunes, for they are as fresh today as they were when they first delighted the town. It took some time for them to make their way, but when they had done so the audience wanted them repeated, and some of them twice.

They have been skilfully treated by Frederic Austin without in the least losing their characteristic or the semi-archaic touch which gives them so much of their charm. The accompaniments have been arranged for a small orchestra of strings, oboe and flute, and what the programme spoke of optimistically as a "harpsichord," but which was in reality an upright piano modified to suggest the harpsichord tone. It serves well enough but it might well have been much more in evidence than it was—for the harpsichord was an invariable member of the orchestra of the period and its fundamental basis. The bare indications of the harmony in the original have been developed with admirable taste and musicianship into a fabric of figuration that adds much to the atmosphere and the insinuating grace of the music. It would add considerably more if the orchestra did not fumble so helplessly with its part.

These lyrics are mostly solos, but there are some duets. Some of them have been skilfully transformed into choruses, as the march from Handel's opera of "Rinaldo," to which the members of Macheath's gang of highwaymen go forth singing:

"Let us take the road.
Hark, I hear the sound of coaches!"

This air was very familiar at the time and doubtless added to the spirit of parody in the minds of the first audiences. The "Cotillon" is divided between Macheath and the chorus of his affectionate friends, who dance an old-time dance to it suggestive of the minuet.

This had to be repeated, and so did the dance made of "Before the barn door crowing." But enumerations of the good times would lead far.

There are much spirit and grace in the performance, which hardly ever suggest the methods and resources of the comic opera stage. It might be said without offence that it had something of the amateurish; nor did this seem out of the spirit of the piece. There was nothing more grateful to the eye or the ear than the performance as Polly Peachum of Miss Sylvia Nells, whom Hogarth might, to his advantage, have painted, as he did the first Polly, Lavinia Fenton. Her air of wonderment and perplexity at her parents' denunciation was as plausible as it was delightful.

Her singing was of the best that the performance offered. Mr. Percy Heming's Macheath was well conceived and well sung; and there should be a word for the richly characteristic study of Mrs. Peachum presented by Miss Lena Maitland. The singing of the rest was in the main competent and sufficient, if a too high standard be not raised. The costumes, especially those of Captain Macheath's female friends, were wholly in the period and at the same time pleasing and made a glowing, even a brilliant, picture. The stage setting remains practically the same throughout the play, minor changes suggesting sufficiently the very different places in which the action takes place.

It can truly be said that the effort made to recapture the spirit of Mr. Gay's opera, of which the program made mention, was successful. Curtailment was necessary, for assistance in which acknowledgments are made on the program to Arnold Bennett. Modification of the text for twentieth century taste was also necessary. This has not been carried to an undue extent. The flavor still remains high.

A New Shylock.

THE MERCHANT OF VENICE, in Shakespearean repertoire of the Lexington Theatre.

Prince of Arragon.....John C. Hickey
Launcelot Gobbo.....John Burke
Bassanio.....Louis Leon Hall
Lieutenant.....Wallis Roberts
Lorenzo.....Joseph Singer
Salerio.....Sidney Herbert
Solanio.....Arthur Row
Shylock.....Fritz Leiber
Tubal.....H. Porterciffe
Launcelot Gobbo.....Robert W. Strauss
Old Gobbo.....John C. Hickey
Leonardo.....Waldron Smith
Balthasar.....Miss Minnie Belmont
Portia.....Miss Irby Marshall
Nerissa.....Miss Virginia Bronson
Jessica.....Miss Katherine Sayre

It was a spirited, intelligent and generally entertaining production of "The Merchant of Venice" which was made at the Lexington Theatre yesterday afternoon and repeated there last evening, with Fritz Leiber making his first New York appearance as Shylock. This personable and admirably equipped young actor has emerged from his long novitiate with Robert Mantell, unabashed by the traditions which frown down on him and unfatigued by the routine to which he has been subjected. Now, as star and producer on his own account, he has brought a good preparation and a world of vitality to the creation of a Shakespearean repertoire. He has begun with a bold succession of eleven of the plays and is minded to add others. Already he is doing these, or some of them, well enough to justify the hope and indeed the expectation that before long he will become an institution and rather a more satisfactory one than any now, or in recent years, devoted in the same way to the same project in this country.

He is an interesting, forceful and unfamiliarly youthful Shylock, a rôle that makes no use of some of his chief assets as a player. The Portia, Miss Irby Marshal, is excellent and, indeed, most of those associated with him do well, or pretty well. Mr. Leiber's production of "The Merchant" may be described as one in which the Launcelot Gobbo is actually amusing, and the considerable audience which attended it yesterday afternoon might be identified as one to which the deadly episode between the Gobbo father and son was diverting, fresh and altogether funny. This is rather an achievement, especially as this play has been somewhat worked to death in recent years to the exclusion of certain others. Indeed, Mr. Leiber's production is the third New York has witnessed in the last month.

The feasibility of an eleven-play repertoire in these costly days is brought about by a neat system of interchangeable settings, which are simple, compact and sufficiently decorative and at least give forth no aroma of the storehouse. The play in the bills for tonight is "Macbeth." Tomorrow night will see "Julius Caesar," with Mr. Leiber as Marc Antony. Saturday will be devoted to "Romeo and Juliet."

At the Winter Garden.

THE PASSING SHOW OF 1921, an extravaganza in two acts and twenty-six scenes. Dialogue and lyrics by Harold Atteridge, music by Jean Schwartz. At the Winter Garden.

Principals: Willie and Eugene Howard, Marie Dressler, Harry Watson, Tot Qualters, Cleveland Moffett, Janet Adair, Sammy White, Sambound and O'Hanlon, Frank Ridge, Grace and Berkes, J. Harold Murray, Dolly Hackett, Mollette Sisters, Cortez and Peggy, Stone and Hayes, Irene Delroy, Emily Miles, Ina Hayward, May Devereaux, Francis X. Mahoney, Harry C. Banister, Irving O'Hay, Anthony Jochim, Bob Gilbert, Jack Rice, Meis and Litles, Willard M. Pringle, Joseph Toner, Perry Askem, Joseph Schrode, Grace Keeshon, Juliet Strahl and Mildred La Gue.

The new entertainment with which the Winter Garden reopened its doors last evening is gay with light and color, and more than ever before, taste and imagination have had a hand in the making of it. Surely "The Passing Show of 1921" is the best looking of all the revues that for nine years have come and gone with the seasons at the Winter Garden.

There is pulchritude a-plenty, and such settings and costumes as constitute a scathing criticism of the gaudy stuff that used to be considered decorative in the earlier days of that now celebrated institution. With a sprightly and partially indigenous set of airs, with an orchestra conducted with more spirit than before, with a troup of pretty good comedians and with a whole stageful of restless dancers, the "Passing Show" is passing fair.

Its bright, particular star is the many-talented and uncommonly amusing Willie Howard, and, with considerable reinforcement by Marie Dressler and the agile Sammy White, he quite carries the burden of the evening on his shoulders. Throughout his deadly first scene with the ear-splitting Eugene Howard last evening, he chilled a fond audience with the glacial fear that his long tour of the provinces had exhausted him. But after that he was capital, now reproducing Frank Bacon to the life, now emerging as the little old chieftain of "Mecca," now pausing to ruin the quartet from "Rigoletto," and ever and always a genial comic with just that unfailing note which the best of them never lack.

Of course "The Passing Show" makes some survey of all the hits and misses along Broadway and it is the annual custom to compare these unfavorably with the more painstaking and more clever travesties which used to enliven the old Weber and Fields Music Hall. With that public duty attended to, it is permissible to point out that several of this year's burlesques are diverting, none the less. Naturally some of the plays can come in only for passing mention, as when the comedy at the Comedy must be dismissed by a chorus of Mexican costume warbling "You May Be a Bad Man, but You Look Good to Me." But some of the travesties are more searching than this.

Consider, for instance, the pot-shots which are taken at Mrs. Rida Johnson Young's historical research in "Little Old New York" in the scene which presents Manhattan in byrone days, showing the first meeting of Park and Tilford, the Smith Brothers when they had mere goatees, and Mr. Heinz when his varieties of pickles numbered three. And it is really a fine shaft directed at "Spanish Love" when Miss Dressler, much overexercised as Maria del Carmen, begins to confuse the players wandering up and down the aisle with one innocent playgoer, who has mislaid his brown derby, and with the queen of the ushers, who can be heard observing bitterly that she wished "those ham actors would stay on the stage where they belonged."

Wagner's "Tristan" Sung Again.

Wagner's "Tristan" in English had a third hearing at the Metropolitan last evening, an event greeted by another of the great audiences that have welcomed a return in this friendly guise of more than one master work long unsung. Mr. Bodanzky conducted the music of the great love drama, and the singers were again Mmes. Matzenauer and Jeanne Gordon, Messrs. Sembach, Blass and Whitehill. A printed slip in the program asked indulgence for Mr. Sembach, who was suffering from a cold. A twelve-minute cut was made in the last act.

MUSIC NOTES.

LeCocq's classic, "Giroflé-Girofla," in German, is announced at the Manhattan tomorrow night, continuing next week in alternation with "Where the Lark Sings," by Lehar.

Bruno Hubin will give a concert for the men's club of Roselle, N. J., on Thursday evening of next week, assisted by Martha Atwood, Mabel Ritch, Judson House and Francis Rogers.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Donald Gallaher has been engaged for the special matinees of "The Yellow Jacket," which will begin at the Cort next Tuesday.

A special box office has been opened at the New Amsterdam Theatre, where "Sally" is being played, for the sale of balcony seats.

There will be an extra performance at the Hale, Rivoli and Criterion theatres tomorrow night at 11 o'clock.

Famous Polish Prima Donna Has Mastered Her Fear of an Atlantic Crossing.

NOTABLE CAREER ABROAD

Long Favorite of the Vienna Opera-Going Public, She Owes Her Success to a Chance Discovery of Her Voice.

Selma Kurz, known throughout Europe as a leading coloratura soprano and famous particularly for her achievements at the Vienna Opera House, of which she has been the pride for many years, has arrived in this city, almost unannounced, to make a tour of the United States. Her first appearance will be on Sunday, Jan. 9, at the Hippodrome with the National Symphony Orchestra, of which Artur Bodansky is conductor. In an interview with a TIMES reporter in her suite at the St. Regis, Mme. Kurz yesterday expressed keen delight over her forthcoming opportunity to sing before the American public, which she has been informed is most cordial. She is under the management of Otokar Bartik.

Mme. Kurz's rise in the operatic world is the story of a girl in humble surroundings, whose gift of song, discovered by accident, was developed by wealthy benefactors, who had the satisfaction in return of seeing their protégé sought by the leading operatic managers of Europe. At Covent Garden, London, she won the admiration of British audiences and her success was no less when she sang in Paris. In the days of the Czar she was literally showered with gold and gems when she sang in Moscow and Petrograd.

Yet Mme. Kurz somewhat wistfully admitted yesterday, as she reclined on a couch recuperating from her voyage and from her first strenuous sight-seeing in New York, that her destiny in her girlhood days seemed to lead to nothing more hopeful than the life of a seamstress.

"My parents were poor," said Mme. Kurz, "and my needlework was necessary to help keep our family of eleven children together. My father was an umbrella mender in the little town of Bielitza, Poland. As I was skillful with the needle, I devoted most of my time to needlework. Perhaps it was that which made me want to sing to break the tedium of the work.

"In the factory where I used to work I often burst into song almost unconsciously. Sometimes I did not realize what I was doing until the forewoman would touch me on the shoulder and give me this gentle reprimand:

"'You should not sing so tempo—so slowly—because the other girls are listening, and it makes them work slowly, too. You should sing a lively melody, so that they will stitch with more speed.'

While singing as she went about her duties at home one day the girl's voice attracted the attention of two boy playmates of her brother Mano, now a resident of San Francisco. They told the cantor of the synagogue in Bielitza about the wonderful voice they had heard, and on seeking her out and hearing her sing he was equally impressed. He interceded in her behalf with a wealthy Polish family, who agreed to provide for her musical education. When she appeared in Vienna in the title rôle of Thomas's "Mignon" her success was immediate.

Mme. Kurz has a voice of great compass, her range being from low A to high F. In "Rigoletto" it is Bartik says that "Kienzl, composer of the operas 'The Evangelist' and 'Ran des Vaches,' has confirmed several times, with the watch in hand, that her trill has lasted forty seconds." Among her principal parts are Gilda, in "Rigoletto"; Lucia the Queen, in Meyerbeer's "Huguenots"; the title rôles in "Traviata," "Lakmé," and "Dinorah"; Rosina, in "The Barber of Seville"; Adina, in "Elisir"; Amina, in "Sonnambula"; Norina, in "Don Pasquale"; Marie, in "Fille du Regiment"; Queen of the Night, in Mozart's "Magic Flute"; Elvira, in "Ernani," and "Manfua." Other than coloratura parts include "Madam Butterfly," "Mignon," Eva, in "Meistersinger," and Marguerite, in "Faust."

In deference to the American public Mme. Kurz plans to sing a number of selections in English during her present tour. Among these are "Il Penseroso," by Handel, to Milton's words, and a number of familiar lyrics. She sings in French, Italian and Polish, in addition to English.

Mme. Kurz's trip to the United States has been occasioned largely by the attractive compensation given to prominent artists here. It is necessary for her to recoup her finances because, as she explained, ever since the beginning of the war she has devoted her services to the Vienna Opera House without charge, as did most of the other stars, who were willing to forego financial remuneration rather than see opera come to a standstill.

She planned to come to America when Heinrich Conried was head of the Metropolitan Opera Company. She then contracted to give ninety performances, but subsequently the agreement was not carried out because of her fear of a voyage across the Atlantic.

It should be said that her trip to America this time was marked by no untoward incident, although she admitted that she was quite seasick the first day.

FILM STARS STAGE RUNAWAY WEDDINGS

Marriage of Dorothy Gish and James Rennie Last Sunday at Greenwich Is Out.

Dorothy Gish and Constance Talmadge ran away and got married last Sunday.

Both weddings took place at Greenwich, Conn., Albert S. Meade, Justice of the Peace, officiating at each.

Miss Gish became the bride of James Rennie, the Pancho in "Spanish Love."

Miss Talmadge was married to John Pialoglou, a tobacco importer, of 1 Liberty Street, who lives at the St. Regis.

Since Sunday both brides have been living with their mothers at the Savoy Hotel, while their husbands have continued at their bachelor apartments, and although Mrs. Gish was inclined to smile and make the best of her daughter's marriage, Mrs. Talmadge was very much upset.

"Yes, we have a man in the family," was the way Lillian Gish, Dorothy's elder sister, announced the marriage.

Nobody was so surprised by the double wedding as the mothers of the two girls. Mrs. Gish said yesterday that she had not believed Dorothy for two days, not until she saw the marriage certificate and the ring. Yesterday Mrs. Rennie heard of it for the first time and went over to the Savoy to talk things over with Mrs. Gish. Last night Mrs. Rennie, her son and Miss Gish went out for dinner, and apparently everything was serene in the Gish household.

"How did it happen?" said Miss Talmadge with a laugh. "It would have happened eventually, why not now."

She said that the Justice of the Peace in Greenwich had promised to keep the wedding secret until after the first of the year, and she was upset that it had become public at this time.

Miss Gish has known Mr. Rennie for about a year and a half. She saw him first when he was playing with Ruth Chatterton in "Moonlight and Honeysuckle" last season. Constance Talmadge is the wife of Joseph Schenck, who is a producer of motion pictures. They were married in 1917.

Dorothy Gish is under contract to Famous Players-Lasky Corporation, and Rennie is under contract to Goldwyn. Miss Talmadge is under contract to First National.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following:

Harry Lee Hall, 21, of 1 Lexington Avenue, and Mary Elizabeth Hall, 21, of 1 Lexington Avenue.

Frederick Ernest

MEXICO CITY MINT TURNING OUT GOLD

Little Silver Offered, Miners Waiting for a Better Price for the Metal.

PORTS CHOKED WITH GOODS

Through Trains From United States Expected to Relieve Situation—Falling Price Problem.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 28.—The Mexican Government is coining gold, while the coinage of silver has been reduced to a minimum. At the present time the Government has 251,000,000 pesos in gold in circulation and 50,000,000 in silver. Although the ratio is five to one, the Government has practically stopped coining silver, and the mint is busy on gold coins, copper pieces and small change. Correspondents visited the Mint this morning with the Secretary of the Treasury, Señor de la Huerta, and saw the mint in full blast coining five, ten and twenty peso gold pieces. The Government is buying all the silver offered, but Señor de la Huerta stated that few offers had been made. The mining companies prefer to hold their silver, expecting a rise in value.

The Government will appoint more appraisers at the Vera Cruz Custom House. The port is choked with merchandise and the Government is interested in passing all possible customs in order to obtain revenue. Owing to the lack of mountain locomotives the Mexican Railway is congested with goods destined for Mexico City.

The situation in the customs at Laredo and Juarez is expected to be better when full freight trains pass from the United States direct to Mexico City.

Local merchants are complaining that a great amount of merchandise, purchased in the United tates when prices were high, is still tied up at the border. They expect a reduction in prices in the United States will bring a flood of goods which will compel the merchants to suffer a loss on the goods purchased in the last six months.

The local Chamber of Commerce has protested against the project of the Governor of the Federal district to establish a price-regulating board. It says prices will gradually fall, but if forced through this measure to make abrupt cuts a number of houses which have re-established their credit in the United States after many years will lose credits as they are unable to stand a loss. The chamber also states that many houses will be forced into bankruptcy. It is understood that the Federal Government has ordered the Governor of the Federal district to study conditions more fully before making the commission effective.

Ready-to-Wear Prices.

Since the price consideration is uppermost in the wholesale garment trade, considerable attention has been devoted in making quotations on Spring merchandise that buyers will find suitable. It was pointed out yesterday that the majority of small buyers have not been in the market since last July. The price comparison with the figures quoted at that time now show an opportunity of getting goods on a two-to-one basis or even better. This, it is felt, will go a long way toward convincing the retail merchants that they cannot go far wrong with purchases made now.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

THE WILSCH MACHINE & SPECIALTY CO., INC., manufacturer of automatic machinery, tools, &c., at 205 East Twelfth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $28,329 and assets of $30,804, consisting of note $2,758, machinery, $9,804, $13,847; accounts $21,000 and fixtures, &c., $1,275. Among the creditors are Charles Krieer $10,000, secured by a chattel mortgage on plant, and Morris R. Horovitz

WILLIAM SCHENKER, manufacturer of automatic machinery and President of the Wilsch Machine & Specialty Co., Inc., filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $28,329 and assets of $30,804, consisting of note $2,758, machinery, $9,804, $13,847; accounts $21,000 and fixtures, &c., $1,275. Among the creditors are Charles Krieer $10,000, secured by a chattel mortgage on plant, and Morris R. Horovitz

SAMUEL SHANFIELD, trading at 926 Southern Boulevard, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $7 and assets of $1,110, consisting of accounts, $1,100, and deposit in bank, $10. Among the creditors are Hyman Hoffman, $2,000; Joseph Cohen, $2,000; Harry Shanfield, $2,000, on promissory note made by Shanfield-Kramer, Inc., for $2,000 and certificate for 100 shares of the capital stock of this company. Title Guarant Trust Co., Boston, is also a secured creditor for $2,500.

HARRY LOVETT, 106 West Thirtieth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,028 and no assets.

MOE BROZEN, trading as Brozen Hosiery Co., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $4,028 and no assets.

MOE BROZEN, trading as Brozen Hosiery has been filed against Moe Brozen, retailer of Fora, at 3,659 Broadway, by R. Friedman, a creditor for $1,000. An assignment was also made to Frank R. Seligsberg.

I. STEINBERG & SON—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Isaac and Morris Steinberg, co-partners, trading as I. Steinberg & Son, manufacturers of umbrella supplies and jobbers in silks, at 31 East Twenty-first Street, by these creditors: Kaufman Bros., $653; J. F. Rothschild, $55, and Samuel Oldelman, $55. It is stated that the liabilities are about $75,000 and the assets are about $50,000.

STESSEL & SEIDLER—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Stessel and Louis P. Seller, copartners, trading as Stessel & Seidler, manufacturers of fur garments, at 29 West Twenty-ninth Street, by these creditors: H. Posner, $4,193; J. Sassow, $3,600, and R. Freedman, $2,890. Assets are said to be nil.

JOSEPH KLEIN, a petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Joseph Klein, jobber in diamonds and jewelry, at 320 Fifth Avenue, by these creditors: James J. Loch & Co., $872; Peter E. Siskin, $113, and William T. King, $100.

LENOX SILK MILLS—Solly Bronstein and Morris Hopmeyer, trading as Lenox Silk Mills, at 44 East Twenty-ninth Street, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $69,446, and assets of $137,930, consisting of machinery and fixtures, $3,000; security at lease, $675; stock, $25,000, and accounts, $9,381. Among the creditors are Schwarzenbach Huber Company, $7,920; W. A. Harvel & Co., $4,500; Busch & Co., $4,000, and Pacific Bank, $4,000.

ABRAHAM WEISSGOLD, dress goods, at 889 Home Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $3,151, and assets of $300.

JACOB FINKELSTEIN, trading as India Rubber Company, raincoats, at 4 East Ninth Street, has assigned to Lawrence Berenson.

SOL FRINSTEIN, retail stationery and toys, at 371 Ninth Avenue, has assigned to Alexander Heyert.

SAMUEL SEWITCH, retail shoes, at 1,316 St. Nicholas Avenue, has assigned to Alexander Bernanjik.

BROOKLYN BANKRUPTCIES—Three persons in involuntary bankruptcy were filed in Brooklyn yesterday. The petitioners were the M. & G. Knitting Mills, 50 Central Avenue, Quality Shoe Company, 430 Knickerbocker Avenue, and the Plaza Broom Company, conducted by Morris Horowitz, 9 Grand Street. A petition of voluntary bankruptcy was filed by Samuel Doone, butter and egg dealer, at 828 Coney Island Avenue. He said his liabilities are $6,479.61 and his assets $1,350.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK N. J., Dec. 29. Involuntary bankruptcy proceedings have been instituted here against the Keystone Silk Company of Paterson, Paterson, with liabilities stated at $500,000 and assets given as $150,000. The petitioning creditors, all New Yorkers, are Morimura Aral & Co. $4,409.68, Frank P. Fels $8,643, and John Dunlop & Sons $1,500.44.

The Chancellor Foster has appointed Charles W. Fairlie receiver for the Hardman Tire & Rubber Goods Co. of Belleville. The appointment was made by the Rubber Importers & Dealers Co. of New York, with a judgment claim for $3,836. The petition alleges that the company has abandoned its Belleville plant, and that its books and papers have been removed to a point office in New York

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSON, Mich., Dec. 28.—In a statement issued out tonight, creditors of Jacob H. Haber, operator of the Grand Leader store, operated in Jackson and Muskegon, are offered 10 to 15 per cent. in settlement of claims. Liabilities approximate $200,000, with assets of between $150,000 and $180,000.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 29.—E. L. Kendall, against whom a petition in involuntary bankruptcy was recently filed here, by Alexander McCabe, as receiver and trustee in liquidation of the American Indemnity Exchange, today filed his answer, in which he makes a general denial of all McCabe's charges and swears his debts total less than $1,000. McCabe had charged Kendall with having appropriated $7,800 to his own use and securities valued at $104,000, the property of the corporation and had turned out securities worth more than $20,000.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

American Union Line, Inc.—Western Union Telegraph Co.....$1,475.02
Alford, Smith & Ganford Co., Inc.—R. M. Littlejohn.....1,057.92
Bark, Madeline—N. Y. Chapman.....779.70
Brie, Isaac L.—A. Rafsky.....140.26
Burdette Motor Trucking Co.—M. La Grua.....600.00
Bogenicht, Joseph—S. Miskind.....275.72
Bandholz, Frank A. (Hudson Construction Co.)—Mount & Robertson, Inc.....351.10
Burke, Harry—C. Greenbaum.....341.41
Butler, Harry F.—B. M. Butler.....165.50
Boper, Robert F.—D. Patterson.....4,011.03
Costa, John S.—D. Arata.....1,019.33
Carl H. Schultz, Inc.—W. J. Bush & Co., Inc.....453.74
Crollus, George C.—E. C. Mathews.....115.91
Cothern, Marion—Bergdorf & Goodman Co.....260.58
Cross, Douglas S.—Madison Tire and Rubber Co.....19,418.91
Cohen, Milton H., and Holzman, Cohen & Co., Inc.—National Butchers and Drovers Bank.....6,678.18
D. G. Dery, Inc.—Geresta Corp.....65,381.73
Donovan, Francis M.—I. E. Post.....2,019.63
Douglas, Byron—H. Hockey.....374.13
Davidoub, George H.—A. Schaap et al.....468.70
Dinan, John, and Daniel Sullivan—J. A. Cuffe.....350.00
Eden, Frederick—Ah Hadenham.....346.20
Eisenstein, Adolph—Public Credit Corp.....164.00
Educational Films Corp.—Globe Indemnity Co., costs.....108.45
Eagle Trading Co.—Western Union Telegraph Co.....1,520.42
Fried Joseph—C. Levine.....1,633.62
Friedman, Jennie—Stern Corp.....401.87
Frederick Simmonds Co., Inc.—S. Minowitz.....122.44
France, Louis—F. Brandt.....350.00
Fitzhenry, William—R. Simon.....200.70
Fallstich, Philip—D. Jordan.....322.40
Garfield Dress Co., Inc.—C. Forsch et al.....2,059.87
Grandville Albert—Model Advertising Agency, Inc.....227.74
Gayle, Eula J.—J. H. Ryan.....524.92
Goldstein, Goldie, and Morris Israel, Admrs. of Joseph Goldstein—Max Emil (Emil Hass & Co.)—J. I. Greenberg.....752.20
Hulett, Harry H.—Branchall Deane Co.....242.37
Imanelli, Rono—J. W. Stokes.....364.45
Jones, Chas. A. and Nicholas H. Hemmer—H. L. Judd Co.....111.73
Koehla, Archibald C.—Smith et al.....151.19
Keegan, Christopher D.—A. Morgan.1,026.91
Kenney, Matthew F.—H. Edwards.....1,083.33
Lake, John F., and Deborah Price—T. Greenbaum.....2,907.33
Lenox Leather Goods Co.—L. Friedman.231.20
Leon Waist Co. Inc., and H. L. Heidenerdinger, Inc.—M. E. Stern.....865.30
Lovers, Catherine—B. B. Fowler Co.....120.60
McNeil, Robert H., Admr.—J. A. Shelton, costs.....370.96
Murray, William—Encyclopaedia Britannica Corp.....160.82
Neuburger Max—M. Epstein.....120.65
National Silk Waist Co., Inc.—M. Heymann.....152.39
Nucilon Co. of America—B. Parr et al.216.53
Parsons, Nathan, Abraham Liebowotz and Louis Hurwitz (H. J. Herzog & Co.)—A. Bernardik.....113.91
Polay, Adolph—H. Pischel.....469.20
Rolich, Dora—Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Md.....3,043.94
Rosher, John H.—W. J. Fallon, costs.....110.55
Sills, Howard L. and Henry J. (John S. Sills & Sons)—J. Colleton.....500.00
Same—T. Colleton.....7,654.40
Stern, Nathan M.—S. Stern.....1,587.04
Schaer, Louis—M. Spinner.....539.16
Schneid, John—U. S. Air Compressor Co.....163.38
Sturges, Preston—Kohlmann & Co.....176.52
Smith, Robert L.—Bradley Packard Auto Renting Co., Inc.....250.40
Sofield, Stephen B.—Serber Rubber Co., Inc.....31.10
Schlemkowitz, Morris—Sush & Karinsky.....166.25
Schiavone, Augustus B.—Glokner & Blue Co.....201.60
Spier, Ellen T.—Franco-American Baking Co.....183.52
Shea, Mary or Mamie E.—R. Jardine..230.77
Smith, C. Ledyard—N. Y. Life Ins. and Trust Co.....503.70
Stuart, David A.—or Smulowitz—J. A. King et al.....761.38
Schmidt, Edmund—W. C. Ortory.....388.15
Trainer, Joseph G.—D. W. Gregory Adjustment Corp.....424.72
Turner, Thomas W.—F. R. Dalgleish..120.72
Uhler and Hopper Drug Corp.—American Druggist Syndicate.....182.55
Weller, William H. Jr.—United Line Service Corp.....964.50
Westover, Frank G.—James S. Hannon, Inc.....387.14
Woodruff, Frank C. and Watson S. (S. D. Woodruff & Sons)—Olelte Corp., costs.....100.59
Weiss, Henry—S. J. Kasendorf.....330.07
Wade, Henry C.—Morewood Realty Holding Co.....808.16
Wink Skirt Co., Inc.—M. J. Lesser.....407.43
Wertz, Louis—M. Bloch.....716.35
Wells, James—Commonwealth Ins. Co..138.74

In Bronx County.

Bullock, Edmond—Maryland Casualty Co.....$433.70
French, Bernard—A. Rusch et al.....219.16
Hooks, George—Burns Bros.....227.05
Negri, Domenico—A. Cella.....789.47
Foicini, Ralph—J. Finelli.....105.00
Steuer, Yetta—M. Klang.....283.55
Tuetti, Giuseppe—S. Benvenuttio.....187.72
Yuengling, Charles F.—Elevator Supply and Repair Co.....107.27

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Steele, Daniel H.—H. P. Rae, Sept. 19, 1917.....$442.88
Meyer, William—Sulzberger & Sons Co. of America, Nov. 3, 1915.....221.94
Lowenstein, Rachel and Frank H.—M. Belda, Jan. 5, 1912.....320.32
Eisenberg, Isidore, Claire Eisenberg, Jacob Eisenberg and Samuel Vrabel—Morris Plan Co., N. Y., May 29, 1919.115.00
Turner, Francis S.—F. N. Hoffstot, Oct. 11, 1916.....229.21
Same—A. H. Post, Dec. 4, 1917.....114.04
Same—Knickerbocker Chocolate Co., June 29, 1915.....288.89
Same—P. Semken, June 24, 1919.....136.00
Schatzkin, Solomon H.—J. Jovens, Nov. 29, 1920.....4,019.87
Marcus, Harris W., Benjamin M., Mendel U., David and Leon J.—B. Sperber et al., Nov. 23, 1920.....1,047.55
Goldstein, Philip—S. Cuillier, Sept. 30, 1919.....540.65
Krockaver, Louis—R. Bookpan, Nov. 12, 1920.....509.90
Archibald, McNeil, & Sons Co—East Boston Coal Co., June 30, 1919.....10,022.63
Turner, Francis S.—S. Aldrich, Jan. 31, 1920.....568.80
Tchchman, Jennie E.—A. C. Rothstein, Feb. 18, 1916.....533.35
Rec Specialty Shop, Inc.—J. Boderman, Dec. 8, 1920.....108.70

In Bronx County.

Janofsky, Herman—Wool Novelty Co., Inc., Oct. 18, 1919.....$433.22
Oppenheimer, Barney and Frieda—A. Barrymore, Nov. 25, 1919.....218.75
Seiff, Morris—C. Deaner, Nov. 5, 1920. 61.83
Teichman, Jennie E.—A. C. Rothstein, Feb. 18, 1916.....533.35

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....5½ to 5 p. c. for the best names
Tuesday .....7½ to 8 p. c. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Gray Goods Sales Light.

The effect of the dying year was plainly visible in the local market for gray goods yesterday. Practically all of the trading was confined to nearby deliveries of printcloths, among the sales of which were 39-inch 72-76s at 6¾-7⅛, respectively, at 10 cents and 9¼ cents. Buyers paid 6⅝ cents for 38½-inch 80-48s, and they also took 38½-inch 44-40s at 5¼ cents. Important sales in sheeting, fine-yarn goods and specialties were lacking.

No New Prices Yesterday.

No price revisions in cotton goods were made in this market yesterday, and the indications are that they will not be sent to the trade before Friday night. At least one of the leading lines of bleached goods will not be re-priced until after the turn of the year. It is in the new ginghams prices that the trade is showing the most interest, not only for themselves, but because of the effect they will have on the new quotations on prints and percales. Both wholesalers and retailers seem to be anticipating freely the action to be taken by leading sellers of bleached cottons, a well-known brand of fine muslins, for instance, being offered at jobbers' sales in the Middle West as low as 15½ cents a yard. A retail store in this city is offering the same goods at 18 cents a yard in the white sale, which is 2 cents a yard below the last mill price named on the goods.

Where the Bonuses Went.

An executive of one of the relatively few concerns (compared with last year) that gave Christmas bonuses to its employes made a quiet investigation on Tuesday to see how the feminine employes used them. Not wishing to appear in the matter, he had his secretary make apparently casual inquiries of the young women. Of the twenty-six who got bonuses, most of which were quite liberal, it turned out that only two had put the money in the bank. The other twenty-four, including the secretary herself, had either "blown" the money for various kinds of wearing apparel or had spent it in other forms of self-indulgence. Now the executive wonders what querying the male employes would show.

Novel Dancer on the Market.

A novel attachment to the phonograph, in the form of an Oriental dancer, is now being offered here. It supplements the small jigging and boxing figures that for a long time have been making children laugh while they listened to dance music being reeled off. The dancer, which retails at $3.50, goes through amusing motions that seem to be across between an Oriental dance and its modern prototype popularly called the "shimmy." The face of the dancer is strongly Oriental in cast, and the same is true of her garb. The figure is about ten inches high, and in action yesterday in a Fifth Avenue show window it caused considerable amusement among passers-by.

Brisker Sale for Dress Goods.

Developments during the last week, which is ordinarily an especially dull period in the trade, have led certain dress goods factors to believe that the industry is over the roughest part of the road. In that time business has come in from unexpected quarters. Small jobbers have placed orders for goods wanted immediately and have frankly confessed the lowness of their stocks. In one instance a jobber stated he had but thirty-four yards in stock. A canvass of the cutters-up has shown an almost similar condition, principally among the smaller operators. The mills are supplying the goods wanted now from stock, and when this yardage is exhausted, and it is not credited as being large, production will be restored.

Selling Skills Now.

The condition of business in the silk trade has taken a decided turn for the better. One of the leading factors reports an active demand from buyers who visit the showroom. This concern has sent out no salesmen. In consequence of the more active inquiry, prices have stiffened somewhat, and the manufacturers are taking orders only for the goods they can readily supply. With just a little further improvement manufacturers look for a quick return to normal conditions.

British Woolens Take Cut.

The average reduction in the price of British woolens over last year was estimated yesterday by an importer at 30 per cent. He explained that it was possible to do better than this on some of the lower priced lines "on the ground," he pointed out yesterday, that the majority of small buyers have not been in the market since last July. The price comparison with the figures quoted at that time now show an opportunity of getting goods on a two-to-one basis or even better. This, it is felt, will go a long way toward convincing the retail merchants that they cannot go far wrong with purchases made now.

Drug Buyers Marking Time.

Inventories have absorbed the attention of the drug trade this week, Drug and Chemical Markets will say today, and have been largely responsible for the light trading that has taken place. Foreign products continue to flood the market, particularly botanical drugs. The volume of business in heavy chemicals was also small. Stocks of many products are low, however, and producers hold quotations firm. Users of dyes and intermediates are buying only for immediate requirements. Reductions are announced in anthracene and athraquinone, owing to lack of demand. Stocking of stock by dealers in fine chemicals shows that supplies on hand are low.

Ribbon Prices Revised.

Effective Jan. 3, the prices on staple and semi-staple ribbons are reduced from 15 to 18 per cent. This concession, together with other favorable circumstances, is expected to stimulate the sale of goods. The quantity of filling-in orders received during the present month has convinced manufacturers that retail stocks are low and were purposely held low for inventory purposes. This fact and the restricted production of goods have furnished an element of strength to the market which it did not possess before. Some salesmen are now on the road and others will leave next week with the new Spring lines. Prominently mentioned in the samples for the coming season are multi-colored effect, roman and bayadere stripes and bright contrasting plaids.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

15 cents per word. Two business and one bank reference required from advertisers.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

WANTED to purchase a department store doing an annual business of $200,000 or better cash in a town of 35,000 or greater, either in the States of New York, Pennsylvania or Ohio; all correspondence treated in strict confidence. Y 2467 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE financed for manufacturers and jobbers confidentially without disturbing their present arrangement for making collections. CREDIT DISCOUNT TRUST, 432 4th Av. Phone Madison Square 8190.

CHEF, STEWARD, 7 years with Savoy Hotel, New York, wants to invest $5,000 and services in good paying proposition. Owner, 454 East 170th St.

SHOE man with $10,000 can become partner to an established shoe factory and good paying retail store. A 749 Times Downtown.

GENTILE will invest $10,000 with services in paying business; give details. C 153 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

IMPORT and export concern, established in 1915 with $40,000 capital, would like to incorporate with American business man or firm well acquainted with the jewelry and novelty trade and possessing capital likewise to develop a wholesale import business. Y 2439 Times Annex.

PROMINENT dry goods broker desires to cooperate with party having capital to invest in the wholesale dry goods business; can submit sound proposition. S 735 Times Downtown.

PARTNER WANTED TO INVEST IN FUR MANUFACTURING BUSINESS, ESTABLISHED FOR TWENTY YEARS, WITH ACTIVE INTEREST. I. ALTMAN, 114 WEST 26TH ST.

WANTED to buy modern broad silk mill of 200 to 500 looms; up-to-date machinery; must be a bargain. Clark, MacMullen & Riley, 101 Park Av., New York.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN of unusual integrity, with wide acquaintance among people of influence, is offered an opportunity to invest time and ability to advantage in newly incorporated organization; no stock proposition. J 333 Times.

DISTRIBUTORS.

We are ready to close a few out-of-town territories to men capable of distributing high-grade bolognas, prepared meats and provisions; wonderful opportunity. D. S., 123 Times.

DISTRIBUTERS for territorial rights throughout States for newly patented automobile accessory; excellent opportunity for men able to organize. Mitchell & Livingston, Mohawk Building, 140 5th Av.

ATTENTION EXPORTERS.

New York exporter leaving for South and Central America; have you any shipments refused or proposition to offer? Leon Labe, Rector 3129.

RECEIVER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS TO PRESENT CLAIMS.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, Eastern District of New York.—MARY D. GOETTING, as Executrix under the Last Will and Testament of AUGUST H. GOETTING, Deceased, Complainant, against PHONO-MOTOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC., Defendant.

TO THE CREDITORS OF PHONO-MOTOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.:

Pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York duly made and entered herein on the 18th day of November, 1920, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all creditors of said Phono-Motor Manufacturing Company, Inc., a New York corporation having its offices at 225 Dean Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City and State of New York, to present statements in writing of their respective claims against said corporation, duly verified, to the undersigned, Henry A. Ingraham, as Receiver of said corporation, at his offices, No. 177 Montague Street, Borough of Brooklyn, City and State of New York, on or before January 15th, 1921, under penalty of having their claims not so presented disallowed.

Dated, Brooklyn, N. Y., December 2, 1920.
HENRY A. INGRAHAM, Receiver.
AUSTIN, McLANAHAN & MERRITT, Attorneys for Receiver, 135 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ABRAHAM FINKELSTEIN, ISRAEL FINKELSTEIN and NETTIE FINKELSTEIN, copartners trading as Finkelstein Bros., Alleged Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, December 30, 1920, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 3 West 19th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of $100,000 stock of laces, embroidery, piece goods, insertions, edging, office furniture, fixtures, etc.

HENRY H. KAUFMAN, Receiver.
ROBERT P. LEVIS, Attorney for Receiver, 41 Broadway, New York.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

TRUCK DISTRIBUTER WANTED.

Well-known reliable motor truck manufacturer desires to distribute for New York City territory on attractive and equitable terms. Large number of trucks now operating in district requiring service, assures immediate profitable business with excellent prospects. L 743 Times Downtown.

MANUFACTURERS, ATTENTION.

We are now open for selling agency of various lines for our established and well-located twelve years, maintaining sales office and show room in New York and warehouse in Jersey City, N. J.; communicate, giving full details. Sales Manager, Room 311, 1,161 Broadway, New York City.

A NEW New York selling organization is open to represent good infants' and children's knit goods infra.; able to finance own accounts. P. T., 520 Presbyterian Bldg.

FOR SALE.

WE ARE SPECIALISTS IN GARAGES. LARGEST SELECTION; BONA-FIDE PROPOSITIONS FROM $2,300 TO $75,000; MONEY LOANED WHEN REQUIRED. L. SCHLEIFER CO., TIMES BLD., B'WAY AND 42D ST. 156 RIVINGTON ST., NEAR WILLIAMSBURG BRIDGE PLAZA.

GARAGE LEASE for sale, four-story steel and concrete building, suitable for trucking corporation, 428 West 19th St.; 21-year lease from Feb. 1, 1921; inspection invited if interested. Apply to Petersen-Fennell, Inc., 145 West 45th St.

A REAL OPPORTUNITY—We must sell our established, well-advertised shipping room supplies and paper business; sales over $25,000 last year; very liberal terms. Call at once, Room 433, 47 West 42d St.

14 ACRES heavy deposit crystalline graphite, near Phoenixville, Pa.; vein 5 to 7 feet thick; $6,000 if sold now. Full particulars, J. M. Hartman, 636 North New St., Bethlehem, Pa.

TEN SINGER SEWING MACHINES on tables, all ready with motor; also several counters; plant is ready to run; cheap rent, in Jersey City, on one of the main streets. Box 22, 209 Cable Building.

CLOAK, Suit and Dress Store, also ladies' tailoring; with or without stock; cheap rent at a sacrifice. Economy Shop, 764 Coney Island Av., near Cortelyou Road, Brooklyn.

PERMITS for bus line, route 14 miles, starting in New York City, requires $90,000 to buy seven new buses and run business; can start operations at once or in Spring. Y 2440 Times Annex.

COMPLETE laboratory; sacrifice. 207 West 35th St. Phone Longacre 5775.

BUSINESS LOANS.

MONEY advanced on notes and trade accceptances, open accounts and other good securities. V 680 Times Downtown.

CASH ADVANCED ON OPEN ACCOUNTS, TRADE ACCEPTANCES AND NOTES PURCHASED. CAPITAL, $17 TIMES.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of MUNDIAL TRADING CO., INC., Bankrupt. Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, January 6, 1921, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 17 Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of general merchandise, roll and flat top desks, chairs, Underwood typewriters with small and large carriages, adding machines, rugs, filing cabinets, fixtures, etc. Also the receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of lease of said premises.

SAMUEL HERSHENSTEIN, Receiver.
YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of WM. ADLER, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, January 7, 1921, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 3 East 28th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dresses, piece goods, trimmings, office furniture, fixtures, etc. Also the Receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of lease of said premises.

LOUIS JERSAWIT, Receiver.
SHAINE & WEINRIB, Attorneys for Receiver, 220 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of LION WATCH CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, January 10, 1921, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 15 Maiden Lane, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of watches, crystals, jewelry, watch parts, movements, safe, fixtures, etc.

ARCHIBALD PALMER, Assignee.
MAURICE SHAINE, 220 Broadway, and GREENBAUM, WOLFF & ERNST, 15 Maiden Lane, Attorneys for Assignee.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARN Wanted—At a price, for cash. Watkins 2467.

BOLIVIAS Wanted — Navy. H. Markowitz Sons, Madison Square 6890.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Green and brown, all grades, 54 inches. Max Hyman & Co., 19 Washington Place.

CANTON CREPES, Taffetas Wanted—Good quality. Countess Dress, 12 East 33d St.

CANTON CREPE Wanted—Navy, brown and gray. Avedon & Avedon, 13 East 32d.

CANTON CREPES Wanted—All colors. Billy Posner, 44 East 32d.

COATS, Wraps and Suits Wanted—Big jobbers placing orders for Spring; looking at samples all day. Sollins, May & Saltman, 27 East 23d St.

COATS Wanted—Placing orders on children's and juniors'; afternoons only. 101 East Broadway.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at infants', intermediates, children's; Spring samples. 15 East 30th, 6th floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Placing Spring orders. Call mornings. M. S. Kaufman, 8 West 32d St.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples, better grade. 6th floor, 35 West 31st.

COATS Wanted—Wraps and suits jobber looking at better grade; all week. Cohen, 141 West 28th, first floor.

COATS Wanted—Looking at better grade Spring coats and wraps; placing orders. 152 West 25th, tenth floor.

COATS Wanted—Popular and better grade infants', intermediates' and children's; Spring samples. 16 West 21st, ninth floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobber open to place orders on snappy Spring styles. Call, with samples, 40 West 25th, 3d floor.

COATS Wanted—Infants' and intermediates; placing orders on Spring samples. 24 West 20th, 1st floor.

COATS Wanted—Children's, popular and better made, from 8-14. Call 12 West 27th, 1st floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Spring models. 5th floor, 45 West 27th.

COATS, SPRING, Wanted — Placing orders infants' intermediates. 4th floor, 19 West 24th.

COATS Wanted—Open to buy Spring capes of the better class. H. D. Brous, 11 East 26th.

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Misses' and junior Spring samples. 15 East 30th, 6th floor.

COATS AND WRAPS Wanted—Fourth floor, 45 West 27th.

COATS Wanted—Looking at Spring opossum. 138 West 28th, 7th floor.

COLLARS Wanted — Australian opossum. Cohen Bros., 34 West 27th St.

CORDUROY Wanted—9000 firm finish, dark colors, for cash. Stuyvesant 2409.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Open for quantity fancy weave gabardines, self stripe materials, suitable for skirtings and khaki; submit swatches and best prices. Y 2468 Times Annex.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—36-in. bleached white ducks or drills, gabardines; about 5,000 yards; will pay cash; submit samples, prices. Joseph Wall, 28 Kneeland, Boston.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Devonshire, goldsen, khaki and peggy cloth; also white and khaki three-yard jeans; cash. Lewis & Buchalter, 67 5th Av.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Devonshire and all yarn dyed fabrics; also khaki drill; cash. Superior Wash Suit, 54 West 17th.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—60x48, 64x60, 68x72, &c.; pay spot cash; quantity no object. Call 9-12, Silberstein Rosen, 317 Broadway.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—5-thread, high quality, grey and rust. Mendelson & Vogel, 51 West 24th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Flesh, Stewart's 2599 or similar; quantity. Samek Bros., 18 East 22d.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—League shades, for immediate delivery. J. Lieberman, 8 West 30th.

CREPE Wanted—Canton, all shades. Marinac Young, 30 West 31st.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Powdered flesh, 68, pick. 5th floor, 130 Madison Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Will buy for cash jobs any quantity tricotines, charmeuse and poret twill dresses; submit samples 9 to 5 daily, 28 West 33d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber will pay cash for any quantity of tricotine, serge and silk dresses. 153 West 27th, 3d floor. Chelsea 7385.

DRESSES, SUITS Wanted—Out-of-town jobber placing orders. Call, morning only, Room 602, 20 West 22d.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on stylish stouts and better grade. Merrymaid Garment, 164 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber buying Spring dresses, all materials. Magnet Dress, 1,103 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders in charmeuse and satin dresses. Manhattan Maid, 137 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Exclusive jobber buying dresses. 22 West 28th, 8th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobbers placing orders on dresses. 38 West 32d St., Room 1502.

FLANNEL OUTINGS Wanted—5,000 pieces colored, checked and plaids, below market price. Glenrose Textile Co., 456 Broadway.

GEORGETTES Wanted—All colors. Majestic Mfg. Co., 20 West 22d.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Good quality; must be cheap. Sunshine, 48 West 25th.

GEORGETTES Wanted—2x2; good pick; cash.. Fashion Dress, 120 West 31st.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Will buy quantity of right price. Room 703, 35 West 32d.

GEORGETTES Wanted—At a price for cash. Arrow Dress Co., 31 West 31st St.

HOMESPUNS Wanted for women's coats. 38 West 26th, 11th floor.

JERSEYS Wanted—Worsted, heather, khaki and Copen. Roth Bros., 9 West 26th.

KHAKI Wanted—Can use large quantity in khaki drill; also shorts, below market. Store, 57 Walker St.

ORLANDO Wanted—F. & H., Shades 113, 114, 115 and 123. Chelsea 590.

POLO Wanted—Tan, 100 pieces, immediate delivery. H. Drusin & Son., Watkins 3486.

PONGEES Wanted — All qualities and colors; spot cash; new York Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av. Madison Square 1803.

PONGEE Wanted—12 momme; spot delivery; quantity. Janowitz. Stuyvesant 6859.

PONGEE Wanted—12 mme.; spot cash. Style Waist. 854 Broadway.

RADIUMS Wanted—Tans, grays, good qualities. Bussman & Schwartz, Inc., 121 West 33d St.

SATEEN Wanted—64, 104, petticoat shades, M. Berzer, 1,113 Broadway. Chelsea 178.

SERGES Wanted—U. S. 235 and 838; also American 0380, black only, for cash. S. Leibowits & Co., 34 West 27th. Watkins 2975.

SERGES Wanted—Brown 628, 11433, 64236, or 54280, cheap for cash. Madison Square 4790. Wolfenson, 256 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted—Quantity of 7301, black, 20 pieces; also a few navies or similar goods. Kenilworth, 7 East 17th.

SERGES Wanted—Quantity Julliard's 5607, 5608. Nat Ginsburg, 18 West 21st. Chelsea 1458.

SERGES Wanted—1484, No. 9 or similar. Watkins 554. 138 West 25th, 7th floor.

SERGES Wanted—6936, 835, 104; must be cheap for cash. Longacre 4143.

SERGES Wanted—Whitman 99, navy, for cash. A. Zimmerman, 55 East 11th.

SERGES Wanted—7120, WFX, 54289, 9, 11; spot cash. Meirovits, Madison 5479.

SERGE Wanted—7301 navy, 50 pieces. H. Drusin & Son, Watkins 3486.

SERGES Wanted—Whitman's 121, 9, 91, 94, 2062. Franklin 1774.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Open for quantity of light and

Attractive issues offering attractive yields dominate our January Purchase Sheet.

For first of the year investment this list should prove of value.

Will be mailed upon issued upon request for AG-369

The National City Company

Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: Fifth Ave. & 41st St.

E. H. Rollins & Sons

Established 1876

43 Exchange Place, New York

Boston Philadelphia Albany
Buffalo Chicago San Francisco

The future of hydro-electric securities has never been as bright as it is today nor have such securities ever been more highly regarded.

We recommend as an investment of exceptional merit and one representative of this type of security.

Pacific Gas and Electric Co.

Twenty-Year 7% Bonds

at 99 and interest, to yield

about 7.10%

This company, one of the largest public utilities in the United States, serves a rapidly growing territory in California almost equal in size to the whole of New England.

For complete details as to the properties, earnings, &c., of the company, send for Circular T-151.

W. F. Ladd & Co.

Investment Securities

New York

European Government and Municipal Bonds

Principal and interest payable in U. S. Gold Dollars.

Yields up to 11.00%

Send for Circular D-86

Merrill, Lynch & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

120 Broadway New York

Chicago Detroit Denver

Los Angeles

$85,000

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN

Boyer Valley Ry.

1st Mtge. 3½s

Due December 1, 1923

Price on Application

Blodget & Co.

34 Pine St.

New York

Boston Chicago Philadelphia

Stocks Rise Sharply Led by Railways — Other Markets Move Similarly.

An abrupt and sudden change of form on the Stock Exchange yesterday, in which the railway shares led a vigorous and sustained recovery, appeared to reflect favorably on all other markets. It was accompanied by a very general recovery in foreign exchange rates and by a quick advance in wheat and cotton after those markets had begun the day with a decline, and after cotton in particular had fallen in the early trading to another "new low level" for 1920. The bond market as a whole could hardly be said to have participated in the movement; for although a considerable number of railway and industrial bonds gained ½ to 1¾ over Tuesday, the majority still moved uncertainly. But Liberty bonds continued their recovery; several of them reached or passed last week's highest prices, and, although there was some reaction from the best, their closing prices marked a recovery of 1 to 2 points from the low level of the recent break.

Such recovery as occurred in these various markets was more than usually inter-related, for the reason that in all the markets it reflected a change from the atmosphere of paralyzing despondency which had been prevailing to a very unwarranted extent in all of them. That the change of sentiment and the turn of prices should have come first on the Stock Exchange was natural, because the stock market has not only embodied this pessimistic spirit but has been particularly sensitive to a number of exaggerated influences peculiar to the year-end. That holders of stocks have been selling lately both to raise money for pressing needs and to make their paper loss a cash loss for purposes of the Federal tax return, every one knows. But a situation seems to have been created within the last few preceding days in which Wall Street believed itself to be confronted with heavy and urgent liquidation of that sort whenever a stock declined even under the tentative offerings of room traders.

Such a condition could not last indefinitely, especially when a good part even of the genuine liquidation for such purposes has only one more day left in which it could be effective. All that is necessary to reverse a stock market under such circumstances is either the announcement of some unexpectedly favorable news or the placing of actual buying orders to be executed without awaiting repeated concessions in price. Unexpected good news has not cut a figure, but orders appear to have been placed in yesterday's market with more courage than heretofore, and the result was immediate buying for the account of speculators who had been selling stocks, with the resultant sharp recovery.

In the railway shares, where trading was unusually active yesterday, prices advanced 2 to 6 points, several of the ordinarily more quiet stocks making noteworthy gains. The recovery in the industrial list was presumably in larger measure a reflection of "bear covering," but with those stocks also the day's net advances ranged in numerous cases from 1 to 3 points. News of some further dividend suspensions by industrial companies passed almost unnoticed, which probably means that occurrences of this character have been abundantly "discounted" already and have therefore, at least for the present, lost their influence.

Whether yesterday's recovery was likely to continue or whether, as with other recent upward reactions, it would turn out to have been merely a temporary halt in the movement of depression, Wall Street itself did not seem to be sure last night. Experience, at any rate, teaches that the actual termination of a troubled December market does not often leave precisely the same unsettling influences to prevail in the new year. Business conditions may be no better, but the stock market, which foreshadows such conditions far ahead, will always have completed its "discounting" process long before the revival of general trade is in sight.

MONEY.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 29, 1920.

Money on call on the Stock Exchange ruled at 7 per cent. all day Wednesday. In time money, 7¼@7½ per cent. still obtains for all dates on mixed collateral, and 7½@7¾ per cent. all dates on all industrial collateral. Business in bankers' acceptances and commercial paper was quiet at previously prevailing quotations.

Call Loans.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Last.	Tuesday's Last.
	7	7	7	7

Time Loans

Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days	7¼@7¾
4, 5 and 6 months	7¼@7¾
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	7¼@7¾
4, 5 and 6 months	7¼@7¾

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months	7¼@8
Other names, 3 to 6 months	8 @8½

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days	7
Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days	6
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days	6

Open Market Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call	6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	6¼@6½
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days	6¼@6½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	8 @7½

London Market.

Money in London market Wednesday was down ¼ per cent. at 4½ per cent.; short bills and three months' bills down 1-16 at 4 11-16 per cent. Gold bullion on the London market unchanged at 116s 9d per fine ounce. Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Wednesday's exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $777,128,533; balances, $67,169,201; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $61,037,758; exchanges this day of year ago, $1,198,153,689.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	$5.25	$5.50	$5.25	$5.50
Quicksilver	45.00	...	50.00	...
Aluminium	22.00	23.00	22.00	23.00
Iron, No. 2X Silic.	32.75	...	32.75	...

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 12¾, 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	70	10	0	71	0	0
Copper, futures	72	5	0	73	0	0
Tin, spot	200	0	0	200	0	0
Tin, futures	206	0	0	205	15	0
Spelter, spot	28	0	0	28	0	0
Spelter, futures	28	0	0	28	0	0
Lead, spot	22	0	0	22	10	0
Lead, futures	22	10	0	22	15	0

O. M. W. Sprague of Harvard Says the System Has Proved Superior to Former Plans.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, Dec. 29.—Conditions under which the Federal Reserve Board has worked have been so extraordinary that six years at least of trial under normal conditions will be required to determine the full possibilities and

"It is one of the inestimable advantages of the Reserve system," he said, "that the brakes were applied before the supply of credit was exhausted and before trade activity had culminated in a crisis. We are still in the midst of a period of necessary readjustment and liquidation, but the immense superiority of the Reserve system as compared with our former means of meeting similar situations is already conspicuously evident.

"There is grave danger that the quack remedy of inflation through enforced accommodation from the Reserve banks may be attempted," Mr. Sprague pointed out, after asserting that in his

"The experience of six years has disclosed no serious defects in the structure or management of the Federal Reserve system, while the expansive credit power of the system, enormously greater than that under the national banking system, presents no serious danger for the future, if suitable policies are adopted." the Harvard expert concluded.

"Much more is clearly necessary than the adjustment of discount rates to variations in the reserve position of the Reserve banks. A discount policy should be adopted which is designed to check the rapid expansion of credit in periods of trade activity. Such a policy is entirely practicable, but it cannot be adopted in the absence of general confidence in the wisdom of the policies of

been subjected to more searching scrutiny if the Reserve Board" had been less heavily freighted with Treasury officials."

sured, if the management is given the support of an intelligent public opinion."

R. C. Leffingwell, former Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and Geret Garrett of New York took part in the discussion.

More Capital for a Gates Oil Co.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, Dec. 29.—The Texas Company, oil producing, refining and marketing, and which was founded by the late John W. Gates, today filed an amendment to its charter in the Secretary of State's office here, increasing its capital stock from $130,000,000 to $143,000,000. It is the largest capitalized domestic corporation doing business in Texas.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 29, 1920.

Day's Sales.	Tuesday.	Monday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1919.	1918.	1917.
1,169,735	816,338	656,461	1,382,379	Holiday.	221,705,833½	312,423,520	143,860,989	185,716,860

Closing Bid.	Asked.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
23½	25	500	Adams Express	25	25	23	24½	+2½
13	13½	600	Advance Rumely	14½	14½	14½	14½	+ ⅝
45½	46	300	Do pf	45½	45½	43½	43½	...
25	25½	1,800	Ajax Rubber	24½	25½	24	25½	+ ⅞
⅝	¾	2,300	Alaska Gold Mines	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	— ⅛
⅞	1	1,100	Alaska Juneau	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	...
44	44½	1,700	Allied C. & D. of I	43½	44½	43½	44½	...
28½	28⅝	500	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	28½	28⅝	28½	28⅝	+ ⅝
68	72	100	Do pf	69½	69½	69½	69½	+ ¼
53⅜	54⅜	2,400	Am. Ag. Chemical	54½	54½	53⅝	54⅜	...
37¾	38	1,600	Am. Beet Sugar	38	38½	37¾	38	+ ⅛
46	49½	800	Am. Bosch Mag	46½	49½	47½	47½	+ 2½
23	23½	6,300	American Can	22⅝	23⅜	22½	23	+ ½
76¼	77	1,500	Do pf	77	77	76	76¾	— ⅜
118⅜	119½	2,800	Am. Car & Fdy	116½	119½	116¾	119	+1½
16	16⅛	1,200	Am. Cotton Oil	16⅛	16⅛	16	16⅛	+ ⅛
6½	6⅝	2,000	Am. Drug. Synd	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅛
120	122½	200	American Express	122½	122½	120	120	...
6⅝	7	1,400	Am. Hide & Leath	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅝
38½	39	600	Do pf	38½	38½	38½	38½	+ ½
40	45	400	American Ice	39	40¾	38¾	40¾	+2¾
52	54	100	Do pf	54	54	54	54	+1
32½	32½	8,600	Am. International	32	33	31½	32½	+ ½
8⅝	9	200	Am. La F. Fire En	...	...	...	8⅝	...
47	47⅜	1,800	American Linseed	44⅝	47½	44⅜	47½	+2½
80	86	100	Do pf	81	81	81	81	+1
79½	80¼	2,100	Am. Locomotive	79	80¼	78⅝	80	+3
98¾	100	100	Do pf	100	100	100	100	...
18	22½	300	Am. Smelting & Refin	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	—3¾
64½	66½	100	Am. Radiator	64⅝	64⅝	64⅝	64⅝	— ⅝
7⅛	7½	10,000	Am. Safety Razor	6⅝	7⅛	6⅝	7⅛	+ ½
8	8½	2,500	Am. Ship & Com	8½	8⅝	8	8	— ⅜
31⅝	31⅝	5,600	Am. Smelt. & Ref	30⅜	32¼	30⅜	31⅝	+ ⅞
68	68½	1,200	Do pf	68	68½	68	68½	+3
20¼	20½	5,600	Am. Steel Found	20½	20½	20½	20½	+ ⅝
89½	90¾	1,600	Am. Sugar Ref	88¾	90⅜	88¾	90⅜	+1⅝
98¾	99¾	320	Do pf	99	99½	99	99¼	+ ⅛
73⅜	74	1,800	Am. Sumatra Tob	70½	74	70½	73½	+3
94	94⅝	5,000	Am. Tel. & Tel	94½	94⅝	94	94⅜	...
111	112	530	Amer. Tobacco	108⅝	111⅛	108⅝	111⅛	+2½
107	108	900	Do, Class B	107	107⅞	107	107⅞	+ ½
86	87	900	Do pf	86⅝	86½	86⅝	86½	...
57⅝	58	8,900	Am. Woolen	56	58	56	58	+2
91	94	100	Do pf	92	92	92	92	+1¾
89	90	100	Am. Wholesale pf	89	89	89	89	+ 1
30½	32½	800	Am. Writ. P. pf	29½	30½	29½	29½	+1⅝
6	6½	1,100	Am. Zinc, L. & S	6	6⅛	6	6⅛	— ⅛
26½	31½	1,000	Do pf	29	29	28⅜	29	+ ⅛
31	31½	12,900	Anaconda Copper	30⅝	31¼	30⅝	31¼	+ ⅝
24	28	800	Asso. Dry Goods	25⅞	25	25⅛	25	+4⅞
53½	58	600	Do 1st pf	55	55½	54⅜	55½	+ ⅝
39½	41	100	Do 2d pf	39	39	39	39	+ ⅝
82	82¼	7,700	At., T. & S. F	80	82¼	80	82	+2⅝
76¼	78½	600	Do pf	76⅜	76¾	76⅜	76⅝	+ ⅛
5¼	5⅝	1,300	Atl., Birm. & At	5⅛	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜	...
85½	86	1,200	Atlantic Coast Line	84	85¾	84	85¾	+¾
8½	10	400	Atlantic Fruit	7	9	7	9	+2½
89	89½	16,800	Atl., Gulf & W. I	91	93	89	89¼	—4
46	48	300	Do pf	46½	47	46½	46½	—1½
8¼	9½	100	Austin, Nichols	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
3	4	200	Auto Sales	3	3	3	3	...
83⅞	84¼	12,000	Baldwin Loco	81⅜	85	81⅜	84	+2¾
92	93	200	Do pf	93	93	93	93	+1
35¼	35⅝	19,700	Baltimore & Ohio	32½	35½	32¾	35⅜	+3
47½	48⅝	900	Balt. & Ohio pf	47½	48⅝	47½	48⅝	+1⅛
20	22	100	Barnet Leather	22	22	22	22	...
55	70	100	Barnet Leather pf	65	65	65	65	+4¾
101⅝	104	100	Barrett C.C.C.c.of d	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	—1
2	2¼	1,300	Bethlehem Motors	2¼	2⅜	2	2	...
51	52	100	Bethlehem Steel	52	52	52	52	...
54	54½	6,600	Beth. Steel, Cl. B	53⅛	54½	53½	54½	+ ⅝
90	95	100	Beth. Steel 7% pf	92	92	92	92	+1⅝
100⅝	102	300	Beth. Steel 8% pf	100	100⅝	100	100⅝	+ ¾
3⅜	3⅝	300	Booth Fisheries	3⅜	3⅜	3½	3½	— ¼
9½	9⅝	2,000	Brooklyn Rap. Tr	9½	10	9½	9⅝	— ⅛
6¼	6⅝	1,100	B. R. T. cfs. of dep	6½	6⅝	6½	6⅝	— ⅛
49	52	100	Brooklyn Un. Gas	48½	48½	48½	48½	+ ⅛
25	34	100	Brown Shoe	35	35	35	35	—1
38	48	100	Bruns. T. & R. Sec	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝	47⅝	...
79	82	400	Burns Brothers	79½	79½	78⅝	79	+1
3⅝	4½	1,300	Butte Cop. & Zinc	3⅞	4	3⅞	4	...
8¼	8½	1,400	Butte & Superior	8½	8½	8½	8½	+ ⅝
12	12¾	100	Butterick Co	12	12	12	12	...
11⅝	12	1,700	Caddo Cent. O. & R	11¼	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	+ ⅛
59	59¼	1,500	California Packing	58½	59⅛	58½	59⅛	+1⅛
4⅛	4¼	3,200	Callahan Zinc	4	4¼	4	4¼	+ ⅛
24⅝	25	1,800	Cal. Petroleum	24⅝	25¼	24⅝	25	...
66	69	100	Cal. Petroleum pf	67½	67½	67½	67½	+ ½
38¾	40¾	400	Calumet & Arizona	50	50	50	50	— ⅛
116	116¾	8,900	Canadian Pacific	114	116¼	113⅝	116	+2½
72½	75	200	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	72⅝	73¼	72⅝	73¼	+1¼
32⅝	35	3,500	Cent. Leather Co	31⅝	33	31⅝	33	+1
82½	82⅝	100	Cent. Leath. Co. pf	82½	82½	82½	82¼	+ ¼
25	25	2,000	Zero de P. Copper	24⅞	25	24¾	25	...
61⅝	61⅝	6,300	Chandler Motor	61	62½	61	61⅝	+1½
59¼	59¾	5,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	58	59½	57⅝	59½	+1⅝
3	5	100	C. & E. Ill. eq. t. r	5	5	5	5	— ½
3	4	700	C. & E. I. pf. eq.t.r	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	— ¼
7½	7¾	300	Chi. Gt. Western	7¾	7¾	7½	7¼	— ¼
15	18¼	1,200	Chi. Gt. West. pf	17	18⅞	17	18⅞	+ ¾
27¾	28	8,800	Chi., Mil. & St. P	25¼	28	25¼	28	+3
41½	41⅝	9,900	C., M. & St. P. pf	39¼	41⅝	39¼	41⅝	+2⅝
65	65¾	11,260	Chicago & N. W	62½	63½	62⅜	63⅝	+1⅛
100	103½	1,100	Chi. & N. W. pf	99½	100	99⅝	100	...
61	64	3,800	Chi. Pneu. Tool	60½	62¾	60½	61¾	+1¼
26½	26⅝	6,950	Chi., R. I. & Pac	25	26⅝	25	26⅝	+1⅝
72	73⅝	1,000	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	69¼	74	69½	73⅝	+5⅜
60	61	1,200	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	59½	61⅜	59½	61	+1⅝
60	61½	100	C., St. P., M. & O	60½	60½	60½	60½	+1
9	9¼	7,200	Chile Copper	8⅝	9⅛	8⅝	9⅛	+ ⅛
17⅜	18¾	3,500	Chino Copper	17⅜	18¼	17½	17⅞	+ ⅛
59½	60	100	C., C., C. & St.L.pf	60	60	60	60	—1½
42⅜	43	200	Cluett-Peabody	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾	+ ½
19	19¼	11,400	Coca-Cola	19⅝	20	18⅞	19⅛	+ ⅛
25	26	1,300	Col. Fuel & Iron	25¼	25½	25	25	+ ⅛
27	28	400	Colo. & Southern	26	27	26	27	+ ⅛
57⅜	58	2,300	Colum. Gas & Elec	57½	58¼	57	58	+1
4	5	4,500	Columbia Grapho	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
57	58	100	Colum. Grapho. pf	57	57	57	57	— ⅛
86	88	100	Compat. Tab Rec	84½	84½	84½	84½	— ⅛
53	53½	100	Con. Cigar	53	53	53	53	+ ⅛
74¼	75¾	4,000	Con. Gas	74¼	75¾	74½	75⅜	+ ⅛
19½	20	2,100	Con. Textile	19½	20	18¾	20	...
51⅜	52½	4,000	Continental Can	51⅜	52½	51⅜	52½	+ ⅛
38	40	500	Continental Candy	38	38¼	38	38¼	+ ⅛
64	67	100	Continental Insur	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝	—2⅝
67	67¼	4,600	Corn Prod. Refin	65½	67⅛	65½	66⅞	+1⅝
28	28¼	4,300	Cosden & Co	26½	28¼	26¾	28½	+1⅝
72¾	73	16,600	Crucible Steel	71¾	74	70	73	+1½
83½	85	300	Crucible Steel pf	82½	83¾	82½	83¾	+ ¼
17½	18¾	4,600	Cuba Cane Sugar	17½	18¾	17½	18¾	+ ⅝
57½	58	900	Cuba Cane Sug. pf	57½	58	57¼	57⅝	+ ⅛
27¾	28	2,200	Cuban Am. Sugar	27	28¼	27	27⅞	+ ⅛
96	97	100	Del. & Hudson	97	97	97	97	+1½
1½	2	1,400	Denver & Rio G	1¾	1¾	1½	1¾	+ ⅛
13½	14	1,700	Den. & Rio G. pf	13½	14	13½	13⅝	+ ⅛
98	98½	3,100	Dome Mines	98	98½	98	98¼	+ ⅛
16½	17	500	Elk Horn Coal	16½	17	16½	17	+1
6¼	6¾	1,300	Emerson Brant	6¾	6¾	6¼	6¾	—1¼
48	49	1,400	Endicott-Johns	48¾	49	48¾	49	+ ⅛
84½	84½	500	Endicott-John. pf	84½	84½	84½	84½	+ ⅛
12	12½	5,100	Erie	12¾	13½	12¾	13⅛	+ ⅛
19	19¼	1,900	Erie 1st pf	19	19¼	19	19⅛	+1½
13½	14	500	Erie 2d pf	13½	14	13½	13⅝	+ ⅛
44	46⅞	2,700	Famous Play.-Las	44	46⅞	44	45¾	+ ½
72	76	900	Fam. Play.-L. pf	72	76	72	76	+4½
22⅜	23	400	Fed. M. & S. pf	22⅜	22⅜	21⅜	21⅜	...
80	85	100	Fisher Body	80½	80½	80½	80½	— ⅞
10¼	10¾	2,000	Fisk Rubber	10½	10¾	10½	10½	...
12¼	12⅝	1,300	Freeport-Texas	12¼	12⅝	12¼	12⅝	+ ⅜
2⅜	2⅝	3,500	Gaston, Wm. & W	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝	+ ⅛
48	50	100	General Am. T. C	50	50	50	50	+ ⅞
37½	38	3,900	General Asphalt	36¾	39½	36¾	37¾	+1½
113	120	300	Gen.Ch.,Ch.C.c of d	117	117	117	117	—1
53	53½	1,900	General Cigar	52	53	52	53	+ ½
80	85	300	General Cigar pf	84	84	84	84	—1
79½	83	400	General C. deb. pf	80	80	80	80	+1
118	118½	3,000	General Electric	117	119	117	117⅝	+ ⅝
13¾	13⅞	46,940	General Motors	13¾	13¾	13½	13⅝	+ ⅛
67	68	400	General Motors pf	67½	67½	67½	67⅝	+ ⅛
70½	71	1,300	General M. 7% deb	70½	71	70½	71	...
59	59½	1,400	General M. 9% deb	58⅝	59	58⅝	59	...
32⅜	33¼	1,900	Goodrich (B.F.) Co	32½	33⅜	32⅜	32⅜	+ ½
70	72	300	Goodrich pf	71½	71½	70⅝	70⅝	+ ⅝
16	16⅜	1,000	Granby Con	16⅜	16½	15⅞	16½	+ ⅛
76	76⅝	10,800	Great Northern pf	73	77	72⅝	76	+2⅜
25⅜	25⅞	5,400	Gt. N. ctfs. for O.P.	25⅜	25⅞	25⅜	25⅞	...
17	18	400	Greene-Can. Cop	18	18	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅜
12½	12⅝	700	Guantanamo Sugar	11⅝	12½	11⅝	12½	+1
26	28	200	Gulf States Steel	25¼	26	25¼	26	+ ⅛
23	26	200	Gulf, Mob. & N. pf	24½	24½	24½	24½	—1
52½	55	100	Haskell & Barker	53½	53½	53½	53½	+1
14	14½	200	Hendee Mfg	14	14	14	14	...
49½	50	100	Homestake Mining	50	50	50	50	...
61	62	5,400	Houston Oil	61	63½	61	62½	+1⅝
10¼	11	1,300	Hupp Motor Car	10½	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
85½	86	2,900	Illinois Central	84⅝	85¾	84⅝	85½	+ ⅞
...	...	100	Indian Refining pf	82	82	82	82	...
25½	25⅝	4,300	Inspiration Copper	25¼	26	25	26	+ ¼
3⅝	4	1,800	Interboro Con	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
9	10	1,500	Interboro Con. pf	9	10	9	10	+ ⅛
10	10½	100	Int. Agricultural	10½	10½	10½	10½	+ ⅛
46	47	300	Int. Agricul. pf	44½	46	44⅞	46	+1
1,600	Int. Harvester, new	91½	92¾	89	92¾	+1½		
1,800	Int. Mer. Marine	11½	11½	10¾	11¼	+ ⅛		
6,600	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	48½	49	47⅝	49	+ ⅛		
5,800	Int. Motor Truck	32	33	32	32	+ ⅛		
7,300	Int. Nickel	12¾	12⅝	12	12½	+ ⅛		
1,800	Int. Paper	42½	44	42¾	43¾	+ ⅞		
300	Int. Paper pf., sta	70	70	70	70	+ ⅛		
2,000	Invincible Oil	21⅝	22½	21⅝	21⅝	+ ⅛		
2,800	Iron Products	27½	28¼	27½	28	+ ⅛		
6,300	Island Oil & Trans	4¾	4¾	4¾	4½	...		
2,000	Jones Bros. Tea	13¾	13⅝	13¾	13½	— ⅛		
100	K. C., Ft. S. & M.pf	58	58	58	58	—2		
2,000	Kansas City South	18½	20⅜	18½	20¼	+2½		
300	Kansas City So. pf	43¾	45⅝	43¾	45⅝	+3½		
2,900	Kelly Springf. Tire	32½	34⅜	32½	33½	+2		
300	Kelly Sp. T. 7% pf	80	80	80	80	+5½		
800	Kelsey Wheel	35½	36	35½	36	— ⅛		
100	Kelsey Wheel pf	80	80	80	80	...		
1,000	Keystone Tire & R	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	+ ⅛		
1,100	Lackawanna Steel	48¼	49½	48½	49¼	+1¼		
100	Laclede Gas	37	37	37	37	...		
100	Lake Erie & W. pf	25¾	26½	26¼	26¼	+1¼		
2,100	Lee Rubber & Tire	16¾	16¾	16	16	— ⅛		
9,500	Lehigh Valley	53⅜	55⅝	53½	55¼	+2⅜		
2,700	Loews Incorporated	15⅞	15¾	15	15⅛	+ ⅛		
1,900	Loft Incorporated	9¾	9¾	9½	9⅝	...		
200	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	23	23	23	23	...		
600	Lorillard (P.) Co	124	130	124	130	+7⅝		
100	Lorillard (P.) Co. pf	97¾	97½	97½	97½	— ½		
1,400	Louis. & Nash	97¼	99¼	97	99⅛	+1⅝		
200	Mallinson & Co	9¼	9¼	9	9	— ¾		
200	Mallinson & Co. pf	45	48	43	46	—1		
600	Manati Sugar	65	65	65	65	+3		
800	Manhattan Elev	43½	44⅜	43½	44⅜	+1¼		
100	Manhattan Shirt	16¾	16¾	16¼	16¼	+ ⅛		
400	Marlin-Rockwell	14⅛	15⅛	14⅛	15	+ ⅞		
100	Martin-Parry	14	14	14	14	+ ⅛		
2,300	Maxwell Motors 2d pf	...	...	...	...	...		
	c of d sta. ass'd	1⅜	1⅜	1¼	1¼	— ⅛		
600	May Dept. Stores	68	67	66	66½	+ ⅞		
300	May Dept. St. pf	93½	93½	93½	93⅞	—3		
10,700	Mexican Petroleum	153½	157½	152½	155½	+2⅝		
1,900	Miami Copper	14⅞	15	14⅞	14⅝	— ⅛		
9

This company is one of the largest pulp manufacturers in the world, and has been prosperous since 1857.

We recommend these First Mortgage bonds for investment to yield

8.10%

SUTRO & KIMBLEY
Members New York Stock Exchange
66 Broadway
New York

Grain
and
Cotton

Readjustment of commodity values is of special interest at this time. Daily market letters sent upon request.

Correspondence Invited.

E. W. Wagner & Co.
Established 1857
Members { *New York Stock Exchange* / *New York Cotton Exchange* / *Chicago Board of Trade*
33 NEW STREET, NEW YORK
208 SO. LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO
Branches { *14 East 44th St. Mad. Av. & 42d St.* / *26 Court St., Brooklyn*

Nor. Pac.-Gt. Northern Joint 4%
Due July 1, 1921
(Chicago, Burlington & Quincy stock as collateral)
Selling to Yield
11%+
BOND DEPARTMENT
Hirsch, Lilienthal & Co.
Members
New York Stock Exchange
165 Broadway, New York
BRANCHES
Hotel Belleclaire, B'way & 77th St.
Hotel Bresl'n, B'way & 29th St.
3 East 44th St.

7%
Free from Federal Income Tax
$62,000
Jasper Co., Texas
7% Warrants
DUE 1921-1935
Price Par and Interest
Jasper County is located in the southeastern part of the State and has a present estimated population of 19,000.
Send for full descriptive circular.
Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

Foreign Exchange
Closing Rates—

	Cable.	Check.	Currency.	
England	$3.83	$3.82½	$3.55	Sterling
France	5.87	5.86	6.13	Francs
Belgium	6.22	6.21	6.50	Francs
Italy	3.37½	3.36½	3.42½	Lire
Germany	1.36½	1.35	1.39	Marks
Switzerland	15.23	15.21	15.50	Francs
Spain	13.12	13.10	13.50	Pesetas
Greece	7.12	7.10	8.00	Drachmas
Roumania	1.55	1.54	1.68	Lei
Czecho-S.	1.14	1.13	1.60	Kronen
Jugo-Sla.	.89	.88	....	Kronen
Austria	.26	.23	.23	Kronen
Hungary	.19	.18	.25	Kronen
Poland	.18½	17½	.36	Marks
Russia	....	....	.30	Rubles

Call, Wire or Write for Rates.
MORTON LACHENBRUCH & CO
42 Broad Street, New York
Private Wires to CHICAGO-PHILADELPHIA-ST LOUIS
PITTSBURGH-DETROIT-CLEVELAND-GRAND RAPIDS

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 29, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$35,071,400	$26,683,750	Holiday.
Year to date	3,894,054,050	3,754,267,675	2,092,329,000

GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales ($1,000s)	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.	Closing—Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
5,024	—Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	80.70	80.90	80.42	80.50	—.10	80.52	80.70	4.69
200	—Liberty 3½s, reg	80.60	80.60	80.60	80.60				
..	—Liberty 1st 4s, 1932-47	....	....	....	....	....	85.00	86.00	4.65
28	—Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42	84.40	84.40	84.20	84.33	+.13	84.10	84.80	5.18
284	—Liberty 1st (conv. 4¼s, 1932-47	85.72	86.10	85.80	85.80	—.34	85.80	86.10	5.22
17	—Liberty 1st (conv. 4¼s, reg	85.80	85.80	85.80	85.80				
4,022	—Liberty 2d (conv. 4¼s, 1927-42	84.36	84.90	84.30	84.90	+.34	84.90	84.70	5.12
2,066	—Liberty 3d (conv. 4¼s, 1928	87.30	87.40	87.12	87.20	..	87.14	87.20	5.28
3,860	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	84.80	85.30	84.80	85.20	+.34	85.20	85.30	5.22
66	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg	84.64	84.64	84.64	84.64	—.22			
2,519	—Victory 4¾s, 1922-23	95.00	95.02	94.92	94.92	—.06	94.96	94.96	7.05
5	—Victory 4¾s, reg	94.80	94.80	94.80	94.80				
1,874	—Victory 4¾s, 1923-23	95.00	95.00	94.94	94.96	..	94.94	94.96	6.00

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Chinese Ry 5s: 5.... 57½; 3.... 58; 5.... 58½; 3.... 58½; 9.... 58¾; 5.... 59; 1.... 59½; 5.... 59¾; 1.... 60; 5.... 60½; 1.... 60¾; 5.... 61; 1.... 61½; 5.... 61¾; 1.... 62; 5.... 62½; 1.... 62¾; 5.... 63; 1.... 63½; 5.... 63¾; 1.... 64; 5.... 64½; 1.... 64¾; 5.... 65; 1.... 65½; 5.... 65¾; 1.... 66; 5.... 66½; 1.... 66¾; 5.... 67; 1.... 67½; 5.... 68; 1.... 68½; 5.... 68¾; 1.... 69; 5.... 69½; 1.... 69¾; 5.... 70; 1.... 70½; 5.... 70¾; 1.... 71; 5.... 71½; 1.... 71¾; 5.... 72; 1.... 72½; 5.... 72¾; 1.... 73; 5.... 73½; 1.... 73¾; 5....

population of 450,000. Bonds are a direct first lien on property valued in excess of this issue.

Earnings over twice annual interest requirements.

Price and complete description on request.

J.G.WHITE & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
37 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

An equal amount invested in the

First Mortgages

of certain

Railroad, Industrial and Public Utility Properties and in Foreign Government Bonds

will give at present prices an average yield of

8%

Inquiries invited

Prince & Whitely
Established 1878
Members New York Stock Exchange
52 Broadway Tel. Broad 6323

Legal for New York Savings Banks

We own and offer

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Ry. Co.

Cons. 4½'s,

due May 1, 1957

Price to yield about 5.85%

Letter T describing these Bonds on request.

Eastman, Dillon & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
INVESTMENT BANKERS
71 Broadway
New York

Foreign Exchange

On Partial Payment Plan

A request to our Foreign Department will bring booklet dealing fully with this subject.

Straus & Co.
Members N.Y. Stock Exchange
55 BROADWAY
NEW YORK
Telephone — Whitehall 70
Foreign Department
Street Entrance

Verdell Brothers
Fabric Knitting Serrattes
131 Broadway, New York

Republic Railway & Light Co.
Com. & Pfd. Stocks

Tennessee Ry., Lt. & Pow. Co.
Com. & Pfd. Stocks

Phone Rector 6060-6, 6723-7, 6813-8
Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston

---

opportunity is Greatest.

In discussing the business situation yesterday, Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, said that the large volume of business hoped for could not be expected until the readjustment in progress had reached a point where there was a fair basis of selling prices so that the public would be induced to buy. Prices in many cases he held to be still extortionate, especially with reference to middlemen. He emphasized that conditions were abnormal and that the Golden Rule in business had been temporarily suspended, but predicted that this country would prosper beyond all others, "not because we are selfish or greedy, or would take any undue advantage, but because, in spite of ourselves, we have been blessed with the greatest opportunity for success."

Many of the evils which exist, the criminal outbreaks in the large cities, demoralization, greed, envy and cupidity he held to be a heritage of the World War. He contrasted capital and labor, saying of the former that the capitalist had been endeavoring unreasonably, if not unfairly, to increase his wealth and that the workmen had been trying to secure larger compensation for less service.

"It is only repeating what many are at present saying," remarked Judge Gary, "when I say that there are many things in the general atmosphere which are disquieting, and yet I am as hopeful and confident of the future as I have been at any time. The wonder is that times have not been much worse. Conditions are abnormal. The minds of men throughout the world are distorted. This, of course, is the result of the terrible war through which we have passed. There has been an orgy of extravagance and profligacy.

Sees Posterity Amazed.

"I am, of course, speaking of the inclination of the majority, recognizing that there are always large numbers of exceptions. Future generations, looking back to the present, will be amazed when contemplating how near insane large numbers of public officials and private individuals seem to have been. When not absolutely necessary, to kill people by the millions, or to steal property in small quantities, or to appropriate the property or territory of another of large value is just as bad as to murder a single individual or to steal a small amount of money or to rob another of a single horse. For Governments to waste money by the millions or billions for war purposes when unnecessary is as inexcusable as it is for individuals to waste small amounts, although not generally so considered.

"There is another side to this picture. I wish to refer particularly to the United States and to our own situation—our prospects and opportunities. I have before referred to the pecuniary resources of the United States. Others have frequently done this. The newspapers have published the facts and figures. They are startling. No one familiar with them can doubt the potentiality of our country. In addition to that we have the spirit and determination which can and will overcome all obstacles to the greatest success.

Many Prices Still Too High.

"Prices of many commodities, particularly by the middlemen or some of them, have been too high. They have been unreasonable and, in many cases, are still extortionate. While this process has been going on, of course, the general public has been withholding its custom. It has been waiting for more reasonable selling prices. Until this readjustment is completed and a fair basis established, so that the high cost of living shall rest at a point which is fair, we may not expect as large a volume of business as we might hope for. The sooner every one realizes this fact the better for all concerned.

"Those who are still taking advantage of the situation and insisting upon prices which are unfair are doing everything they can to prevent a return to good business conditions, and those who have been or shall be willing to be reasonable in respect to selling prices are doing everything they can to assist in the readjustment and the reconstruction which all thinking men have been waiting for and expecting ever since the war closed. One who gives a little, but not much, thought to the general situation is surprised that during the last few months there have been no serious failures, no real disasters, nothing approaching a panic or general demoralization, but the one who makes careful study of the situation realizes that the reason we have only less business and not panic and demoralization is because of the vast amount of wealth and the wonderful resources of this country, and the best spirit of the finest people in perhaps the greatest country of the world.

"Anyone who believes for a moment that the United States is a bad country to live in or that its inhabitants have reason to complain of present conditions, should make comparisons between the people of this country and those of any other country in the world, for then he must decide that if any of the others can survive we can prosper, not because we are selfish or greedy or would take any undue advantage, but because, in spite of ourselves, we have been blessed with the greatest opportunity for success of all the nations in the world. A real pessimist of today, if there is one, overlooks the facts and figures which make for economic success.

"The Steel Corporation is doing a large business. Its daily bookings are larger than the total capacity of its mills when the corporation was first organized, and this notwithstanding there is some, and perhaps considerable, profit resulting."

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Expire.	Yester-day's Bid.	Yester-day's Ask.	Tues-day Bid
Corn Exch. Bank	Feb. 3	43	44	43
Detroit Edison	Jan. 10	..	..	..
General Electric	Jan. 20	23⅝	24	24
Home Insurance	Feb. 1	165	170	165
Lone Star Gas	Jan. 20	..	⅛	..
Mexican Eagle Oil	Jan. 31	7⅝	10	9
Nat. Park Bank	Feb. 3	70	75	70
Pacific Development	Jan. 10	..	¼	..
Shaw (W. W.)	..	14½	17	16
So. N. E. Tel.	Jan. 12	..	¼	..
Southern Pacific	Mar. 1	25⅞	26	25⅞
Swan & Finch	Mar. 1	..	¼	..
Tidewater Oil	Jan. 19	13½	14	13½
Un. Zinc Smelt. Co.	Jan. 6	..	¼	..

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London up 1d at 33d per ounce. New York price for domestic bar silver unchanged at 69¾c per ounce, the Mint price; for "foreign" silver 1⅝c higher at 66⅝c.

Range of prices for silver bullion this month:

	—Highest.—		—Lowest.—	
London	44⅛d	Dec. 3	33¾d	Dec. 10
New York	70c	Dec. 3	69¼c	Dec. 10

Range for the present year to date.

London	48¼d	Feb. 21	33¾d	Dec. 10
New York	72c	Dec. 3	69¼c	Dec. 10

---

closed unchanged.

Exchange on Canada was notably strong yesterday, rising to 86⅛ cents, as against 85.8 on Tuesday and 81.9 at last week's lowest. Argentine exchange declined from 33.37c to 32.62c, Brazilian from 14.13c to 13.87c.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 29, 1920.

Rates of Banks, Outer Exchanges.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Tuesday's Final.
LONDON	3.51⅛	3.50⅝	3.51⅛	3.49⅝
PARIS	5.98¾	5.84¾	5.86¾	5.84¾
ROME	3.47¾	3.38¾	3.47	3.45
AMSTERDAM	31.90	31.35	31.90	31.90
BERLIN	1.36	1.34	1.37	1.37
MADRID	18.35	18.15	18.33	18.08

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchanges is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Wednesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.8665 per sovereign.			
Demand	3.51⅜	3.52⅝	3.75¼
Cables	3.53⅜	3.53⅞	3.76⅛
Com., 60 days	3.46	3.47¼	3.71
Com., 90 days	3.42¾	3.43¾	3.68
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	5.89¼	5.92¾	9.20
Cables	5.87	5.91	9.21
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.57	3.43	7.54
Cables	3.55	3.44	7.55
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.18	6.25	9.28
Cables	6.17	6.26	9.29
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.37	1.38¾	2.05
Cables	1.40	1.40	2.06
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.23	.26	.80
Cables	.24	.27	.87
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.13	1.16	1.95
Cables	1.14	1.17	2.00
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.70	15.10	19.90
Cables	15.75	15.15	19.10
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand	3.00	3.41	3.20
Cables	3.05	3.46	3.25
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	7.05	7.45	15.90
Cables	7.10	7.45	15.35
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	31.20	31.25	37.375
Cables	31.90	31.375	37.50
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.18	.20	..
Cables	.19	.21	..
YUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.70	.73	1.05
Cables	.71	.74	1.10
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.70	15.05	20.25
Cables	15.75	15.10	20.40
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	.18	.18	1.20
Cables	.19	.18¼	1.22
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Dem nd	1.25	1.22	3.20
Cables	1.26	1.23	3.23
SERBIA: Belgrade—Par 19.3 cents per franc			
Demand	2.89	2.89	4.80
Cables	2.94	2.94	4.85
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	13.33	12.98	19.40
Cables	13.35	12.98	19.45
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	19.90	19.75	21.25
Cables	19.95	19.80	21.40
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	15.19	15.22	17.79
Cables	15.22	15.25	17.86

Far East.

	Wednesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking			
Hongkong, demand	57.50	56.25	94.50
Hongkong, cables	57.60	56.35	93.00
Peking, demand	81.50	79.00	178.00
Shanghai, demand	75.00	72.50	164.00
Shanghai, cables	75.50	73.00	164.50
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	26.00	26.00	46.00
Cables	26.50	26.50	46.50
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS — Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.			
Demand	45.25	45.25	49.00
Cables	45.75	45.50	49.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	32.50	32.50	..
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	48.375	48.75	50.125
Cables	48.50	48.875	50.375

---

closed unchanged.

Exchange on Canada was notably strong yesterday, rising to 86.1 cents, as against 85.8 on Tuesday and 81.9 at last week's lowest. Argentine exchange declined from 33.37c to 32.62c, Brazilian from 14.13c to 13.87c.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 29, 1920.

Rates of Banks, Outer Exchanges.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Tuesday's Final.
LONDON	3.51⅛	3.50⅝	3.51⅛	3.49⅝
PARIS	5.98¾	5.84¾	5.86¾	5.84¾
ROME	3.47¾	3.38¾	3.47	3.45
AMSTERDAM	31.90	31.35	31.90	31.90
BERLIN	1.36	1.34	1.37	1.37
MADRID	18.35	18.15	18.33	18.08

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchanges is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Wednesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.8665 per sovereign.			
Demand	3.51⅜	3.52⅝	3.75¼
Cables	3.53⅜	3.53⅞	3.76⅛
Com., 60 days	3.46	3.47¼	3.71
Com., 90 days	3.42¾	3.43¾	3.68
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	5.89¼	5.92¾	9.20
Cables	5.87	5.91	9.21
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.57	3.43	7.54
Cables	3.55	3.44	7.55
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	6.18	6.25	9.28
Cables	6.17	6.26	9.29
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.37	1.38¾	2.05
Cables	1.40	1.40	2.06
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.23	.26	.80
Cables	.24	.27	.87
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.13	1.16	1.95
Cables	1.14	1.17	2.00
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.70	15.10	19.90
Cables	15.75	15.15	19.10
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand	3.00	3.41	3.20
Cables	3.05	3.46	3.25
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	7.05	7.45	15.90
Cables	7.10	7.45	15.35
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	31.20	31.25	37.375
Cables	31.90	31.375	37.50
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.18	.20	..
Cables	.19	.21	..
YUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.70	.73	1.05
Cables	.71	.74	1.10
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.70	15.05	20.25
Cables	15.75	15.10	20.40
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	.18	.18	1.20
Cables	.19	.18¼	1.22
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Dem nd	1.25	1.22	3.20
Cables	1.26	1.23	3.23
SERBIA: Belgrade—Par 19.3 cents per franc			
Demand	2.89	2.89	4.80
Cables	2.94	2.94	4.85
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	13.33	12.98	19.40
Cables	13.35	12.98	19.45
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	19.90	19.75	21.25
Cables	19.95	19.80	21.40
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	15.19	15.22	17.79
Cables	15.22	15.25	17.86

Far East.

	Wednesday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking			
Hongkong, demand	57.50	56.25	94.50
Hongkong, cables	57.60	56.35	93.00
Peking, demand	81.50	79.00	178.00
Shanghai, demand	75.00	72.50	164.00
Shanghai, cables	75.50	73.00	164.50
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	26.00	26.00	46.00
Cables	26.50	26.50	46.50
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS — Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.			
Demand	45.25	45.25	49.00
Cables	45.75	45.50	49.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	32.50	32.50	..
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	48.375	48.75	50.125
Cables	48.50	48.875	50.375

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
City of Berne 5s	96	98¼
City of Christiania 8s	93	93½
City of Zurich 8s	93¼	94
Argentine 5s	63	68¾
Belgium 6s, 1921	99¾	..
Belgium 6s, 1925	85¾	86
Belgium 7½s	103¾	104¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	98¾	99⅛
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	98¾	98⅞
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	86	88
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1926	87⅛	88
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	83½	86¾
Chinese Government 8s	88	88¾
Republic of Cuba, ext. 5s, 1904	73¾	76
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	..	77
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	60	62
Dominican Republic 5s	..	72¾
City of Lyons 6s	75	..
City of Marseilles 6s	75	84
City or Bordeaux 6s	76¼	77½
City of Copenhagen 5½s	71½	72¾
French Government 8s	99¾	100
City of Paris 6s	93¾	93¾
Government of Switzerland 8s	102	102¼
Japanese 4½s	73¾	74
Japanese 4½s, second series	73¾	75¾
Japanese 4s	55½	56
City of Tokio 5s	49	49
Un. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1921	97¼	97¾
Un. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1922	94¼	94⅝
Un. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1929	96¾	97
Un. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1937	82¾	83
United States of Mexico 5s	33	39¾
United States of Mexico 4s	28	28¾
Italy 6½s	78	84

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	As ed		Bid.	Asked.
2s, c, 1930	..	101	Pan 3s, c, 1961	..	80
4s, c, 1925	..	106	P I 4s, '58	89	90
Pan 3s, r, 1961	..	80	P I 4s, '58	89	90

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
A, C & D pf.	85	88
A A Cables	90	100
All Realty	7	..
Am S 1st pf.	94	..
Am Ag Ch pf.	79	80
Am Bk N	43	48
Am Br Sh pf	43	48
Am Brake	39	43
Am B S & Fdy pf	81¼	85
Am C & F pf.	107	110
Am Ch Oil pf.	89¾	..
Am R pf.	97	..
Am Shipb Dg pf.	88	90
Am Sm. A	60¾	63
Am Snuff	90	92
Am Sn pf	75	85
Am Stl Fdrs pf.	82¼	83¼
Am S Tob pf.	79¾	84¼
Am T & C	47	53
Ann Arbor	11¾	13
Do pf	20¼	25
Assets Rea	2¼	2¾
Assoc Oil	58	63
Atl Refin	939	975
Do pf	105	107
A Teck	13½	14½
Aust-N pf	57¼	61½
Auto S pf	9	15
B'dall	83¾	86
Do, B	85¼	86
Barrett Co pf stfs	98	104
Batopilis M	⅝	¾
B'ch Cr'k	20	..
Booth Fish pf.	..	36
Brklyn Edis	83	90
Brown Shoe pf.	..	80
B, R & P	60	85
Do pf	85	105
Buff & R	73	..
Do pf	..	84½
Burns Bros pf.	97	103
Bush Ter	85	88
Can Sc	38	40
Case Plow	5¼	5¼
Do 2d pf	..	80
C R & F of N J	..	186	210
C'tain-teed	80	87
Do 1st pf	79½	85
Do 2d pf	65	75
C, B & Q	310	..
Chi & Alt	7	7½
Do pf	10	15
C, St P, M & O pf	85	90
C, C, C & St L	37	46½
Col So 1st pf.	48	53
Do 2d pf.	40	50
Com Cigar pf.	71	72½
Cont C pf	96¼	100
Corn P Ref pf.	86½	101
Crex Carp	..	57
C-Am. Sug pf.	92	96
Davy Chem.	25½	28
De B M	16⅞	17
Deere & Co pf.	88	92
D, L & W	215	220
Det Ed	90	100
Det Un Ry	..	88
Dul S Trs	..	17
D, S S & A pf.	3½	4½
Do pf	6	7
Durh Hos	23	28
Do pf	86	91
Elk H Coal pf.	37	41
Emp, Brazil pf.	82	90
E Kodak	497	510
Do pf	100	108
Erie & P	95	96
Fairbanks	..	48
Fed M & S pf	5¼	7
Fisher Bdy pf.	97	107
Gen Asp pf	77	80
Gen Ch pf. stfs	84	90
Gray & D	2¾	3¼
G, M & N	9	10
Habir Elec	10	15
Hartman	69	70½
Hyd Steel	19	21
Ill Cent	1	58
Indian Ref	13	16
Indiahoma	5⅛	6
Int Har pf.	100¼	..
Int Mot Tr 1st pf	70	71½
Do 2d pf	53	57
Int N pf	85	90
Int Pap pf	85	99
Int Salt	56½	70
Iowa Cent	6	10
Do pf	24½	28
Do pf	8	8¼
K, C, M & B pf	55	..
Do 1st pf	58	120
Kelly Sp T pf.	70	75
K & D M	4	10
Do pf	20	..
Kress (S H)	90	97
L E & W	13	14¾
L & M	170	173½
L & N	120	135
Do pf	97	98
L-W B Le pf.	83¼	89
Do 2d pf	96	105
Mah Coal	320	700
M'kay Cos	53½	57
Do pf	57	60
Man B'ch pf.	⅛	¼
Man El S	..	55½
Man S pf	..	93
M'ch Alkn	13½	15
Max Mot'or pf.	2½	2¾
Do 2d pf.	..	22
Mex F pf	90	100
Mich Cent	80	..
Mex P pf	92	94
M, St P & S S M pf	90	94
Do I	54	56
Mor & En	69	..
N, C & St L	99	105
Nat A & Q pf	84	85
Nat C & S	26	29
Nat Enam	88	95
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	7	14
N Y, C & StLlst pf	56	63
Do 2d pf	57	65
N Y Dock	18	19¾
N Y D pf	38½	42
N Y, L & W pf	61	88
Nunnally	95	104½
Ohio Body	9	10½
Ohio F S	45	50
Otis Elev	110	125
Do pf	..	58
Owens B pf	..	100
Pac Coast	18	30
Do 1st pf	60	100
Do 2d pf	45	60
P T & Tel pf	33	41
Penney pf	..	86
Peo & E	10	13
Pere M pf	39	40
Petti-Mull	34½	42
Do 1st pf	..	96
P-A pf	..	98
P Jones pf	65	76
P, Y & A pf	75	121
P, Ft W & C pf	113	120
Pitts S pf	81	84½
P & W Va pf	70	76
P S Car pf	82	96
P S, N Y, pf	..	..
R x d	62	64
R R Sec, 1 C stk c	40	59
Ry Stl Spr pf	100	102½
E T 1st pf	..	83
Do 2d pf	..	83
Rens & S	98	..
Rep Truck	12	19
Ry Rels	9	10
Do 1st pf	..	60
S-S s & I pf	..	84
S P R S pf	80	100
S T & T pf	77	79
Stand Mill	100	110
Do pf	70	76
Studeb Co pf	83¼	95
Sup Steel	43	47
Do 1st pf	95	98½
T P I, Tr	200	300
T C R T pf	..	86
Und Type	124	150
Do pf	100	120
Un Cig S	170	180
Do pf	98½	105
U S Exp	6	7
U S Ind Al pf	94	96
U S Sm pf	41	..
Va I, C & Coke	63	86
Va Ry & P	..	45
Wasa pf	..	..
West Md 1st pf	55	60
Wheeling & L E pf	18¾	21
Wilson pf	81	85
Wis Cent	32	32

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Revenue receipts and expenditures at close of business Dec. 27:

	This Month	Corresponding Month, 1919	Fiscal Year, 1921	Corresponding Fiscal Yr., 1920
Customs	$15,256,982.47	$19,201,194.67	$146,799,423.56	$337,196,261.52
Internal revenue:				
Income and profits tax	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Miscellaneous	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Miscellaneous revenue	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total ordinary	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Excess of ord. receipts over ord. disbursements	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Excess of ord. disb. over ordinary receipts	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Expenditures	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

*Receipts and disbursements for June reaching Treasury in July are included.

Legal for New York Savings Banks

We own and offer

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Ry. Co.

Cons. 4½'s,

due May 1, 1957

Price to yield about 5.85%

Letter T describing these Bonds on request.

Eastman, Dillon & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
INVESTMENT BANKERS
71 Broadway
New York

---

to continuous service—engineering, construction and management.

Byllesby Electric and Gas Companies serve more than 500 cities and towns with 2,200,000 population and have approximately 20,000 home shareholders.

Ask for Booklet NT-1

H.M.Byllesby & Co.
Incorporated
111 Broadway New York
Chicago · Providence · Boston

Long Term Bonds

offer an opportunity to obtain a liberal income for many years. Well secured, seasoned and readily marketable issues are available to yield:

6.50% to 8%

Ask for
Circular T

Investment Department
LYMAN D. SMITH & Co.
Members N.Y. Stock Exchange
34 Pine St. Tel. John 4100
Branch Office
487 Fifth Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 9000

Price 87.00

To Yield 5.65%

We make an active specialty in the above bonds and are prepared at all times to buy, sell or quote.

INQUIRIES SOLICITED

BARR AND SCHMELTZER
Members New York Stock Exchange
14 WALL ST. NEW YORK

THE downward trend of commodity prices and probable readjustment of wage scales will undoubtedly have their effects on security prices and future earnings. Investors should determine the exact status of their holdings so as to be able to cope intelligently with changed values.

We solicit inquiries

Charles E. Brickley & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
61 Broadway - - New York
Telephone Bowling Green 8700

UPTOWN BRANCH:
Delmonico's 5th Ave. and 44th St.

53 State Street Widener Bldg.
BOSTON PHILADELPHIA

Direct Private Wires

---

pulp in the Dominion in 1918 amounted to 1,557,193 tons as compared with 1,296,084 tons in 1916 and 934,700 tons in 1914. The manufacture of paper increased approximately 500% from 1909 to 1919, amounting to 808,000 tons in 1919.

In addition to paper manufactured, 736,609 tons of wood pulp were made for sale, of which 463,429 tons were manufactured by chemical process suitable for high grade paper. The capital invested in Canadian mills increased nearly 80% in the last 4 years, totaling today over $240,000,000, indicating the popularity of securities issued by manufacturers supplying the growing demand for these products.

PARKINSON & BURR

Members of New York and Boston Stock Exchanges

NEW HAVEN 129 CHURCH ST. · NEW YORK 7 WALL ST. · BOSTON 53 STATE ST.

Stone & Webster
INCORPORATED

147 Milk St. BOSTON · 120 Broadway NEW YORK · 38 So. Dearborn St. CHICAGO

EXAMINATIONS AND STUDIES
of Industrial and Public Service Properties

REPORTS
on Valuation and Operating Efficiency

PIGGLY WIGGLY

Fast wire service between our Chicago and New York Offices enables us to handle all orders in stocks listed on Chicago Stock Exchange promptly and efficiently.

Quotations promptly furnished.

BABCOCK, RUSHTON & CO.
Members New York, Chicago and Boston Stock Exchanges.
7 Wall St., New York 137 S. LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.
Telephone Rector 3600.

C.L.M.

We own and offer

Electrical Utility Bonds

purchasable at prices to yield from

7.75—8.85%

The market for this type of security is daily becoming stronger.

Description of our selections on request for letter T

Charles L. Murphy & Co.
Investment Securities
115 Broadway
New York
Telephone Rector 3100

BANKING HOUSE OF
HENRY CLEWS & CO.
Members N. Y. Stock and Cotton Exchanges.
11, 13, 15, 17 and 19 Broad St., N. Y.
Interest allowed on deposit accounts subject to cheque. Stocks, Bonds and Notes Bought and Sold for Cash and carried on conservative terms. Cotton contracts handled
FOREIGN LETTERS OF CREDIT ISSUED.
DEALING IN **LIBERTY BONDS** IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
Branch Offices: 320 Fifth Ave. 25 Union Square
172 Duane St. 145 East 60th St.
15 Court St., Brooklyn.

Chase National Bank
Guaranty Trust Co.
Welch Grape Juice C. & Pfd.

McCLURE, JONES & REED
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway Phone 3331 Rector

Special Article on
NORTHERN PACIFIC
Shonnard, Mills & Co
Members N.Y. Stock Exchange
120 Broadway, N.Y.

Safe Bonds *for* Investment

HALSEY, STUART & CO. Inc.

BEFORE YOU BUY STOCKS
Get our Booklet on
INVESTMENT CHART
A copy (ghted form designed to aid the investor in determining the strong and weak points of a contemplated purchase. Ask for T.
I. D. NOLL & COMPANY
170 Broadway, New York



R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

Makers of Camel cigarettes—the largest selling brand in the world.

PREFERRED
COMMON "A"
COMMON "B"
Bought—Sold—Quoted

Specialists in all Tobacco Securities

BRISTOL & BAUER
120 BROADWAY NEW YORK
Phone Rector 4594

Famous Players

History
Properties
Earnings, Etc.

We have prepared a circular on the above issue dealing with the latest developments in the affairs of the corporation and its subsidiary companies.

Copy sent gratis on request for "B-2"

THOS. H. COWLEY & CO.
Stocks and Bonds
115 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 5150

BRITISH WAR LOANS
JAPANESE GOVT 4½s and 4s
ARGENTINE GOVT BONDS
MEXICAN BONDS
GERMAN BONDS
SARTORIUS SMITH & LOEWI
Members New York Stock Exchange
20 Broad St. Phone Rector 9286

WHEN IN DOUBT BUY
U. S. Government Bonds
C. F. Childs & Co. *

An Investment Message

Yesterday we published a message as follows:

"Perhaps never again will there be such bargains in investment securities as the market now offers, and so we say to all, and this means you, — scrape together all the money you can get without borrowing and buy investment securities—and buy them now."

We said in our letter of yesterday, "Many of the safest securities are selling at the heaviest discount. There is a reason for this, which we will explain in another letter Jan. 2." This is the explanation:

We have had a long period of abnormally high interest rates. We used to issue 5% bonds and sell them at par. Many of the bonds being issued now bear an 8% rate. Nobody is going to buy a 5% bond at par if they can get an equally safe 8% bond at par. Many investors are taking the bonds out of their safe deposit vaults that they had carefully selected over a term of years and are selling them for whatever they will bring and are putting the proceeds into tax exempt securities. The investor who comes in the highest surtax bracket of the Federal Income Tax must pay to the government 73% of his income. He gets $50.00 interest per year on his bond and the government takes $36.50 of it, leaving him with $13.50. Now, if he buys a municipal bond which is tax exempt he gets and keeps his full $50.00. Stated in another way, he can get as much income from a $1,000.00 tax exempt bond as he would get from $3,700.00 invested in corporation bonds.

The above is only one of the many reasons why we say that perhaps never again will we see such investment bargains.

Now as to safety. The public sees a bond selling at, say, 70% of its face or par value and says, "Why, it cannot be safe." Many of these bonds are not only safe but safer than when some big capitalist after careful investigation bought them at par and carried them with pride and satisfaction to his safe deposit vault. We have shown in the above example how, if he sold $3,700.00 of these bonds for $1,000.00 and bought tax exempt bonds his income would be no less. In other words, if income alone were to be considered he could sell his corporate bonds at 27% of their face value and have just as much income.

Now let us assume, simply for illustration, that one block of bonds were issued on a hydro-electric power plant built before the outbreak of the war. We will assume the plant was originally bonded for 50% of its cost and all of the bonds are still outstanding. This same plant could not now be reproduced for double its original cost, so these bonds only represent 25% of the reproduction cost of the property. As the bonds can now be bought for 70% of their face value it means that the purchase price paid now for the bonds is only 17.5% of the reproduction value. The above is only an example of one type of many safe investment bargains.

That there are rare bargains to be had cannot be questioned. However, there was never greater need for discrimination in making purchases. We are confident of being able to get you safe and profitable investments. While we solicit your confidence and patronage, nevertheless our message stands, "Buy, and buy now, upon either our advice or upon the advice of any of the many reputable houses that deal in investment securities." If you care to leave it to our judgment we will treat it as an honor transaction.

Yours cordially,

HENRY L. DOHERTY & COMPANY,
60 Wall Street,
New York.

Line Merger.

SAYS BURDEN IS ON PUBLIC

He Advises Governors to Hold Conference to Decide On Adequate Transportation Policy.

BOSTON, Dec. 20.—Consolidation of the New England railroads into one system or with trunk lines that tap this section to remedy their troubles was suggested by Governor Coolidge, Vice President-elect, tonight, in a speech at the annual banquet of the Foreign and Domestic Commerce Commission of New England.

The present condition of the railroads in this section was serious, the Governor said. He quoted a recent statement to the Interstate Commerce Commission that at the current level of rates, wages and prices the roads would show a deficit below fixed charges of $19,000,000 for the year ending June 30 next, if the business of the previous twelve months was repeated. Referring to the request for relief now pending before the Commission, Governor Coolidge added that "even if our roads receive all they are asking, it is doubtful if it would be sufficient to rehabilitate their credit."

"In the last analysis," he continued, "the New England public themselves will have to determine whether they desire an adequate transportation system, and if they do it will be necessary for them to meet the burden of supporting it.

"There are chances for some economies. Each dollar saved on a ton of coal on the basis of the consumption of last year means $5,000,000. Materials and supplies are showing some reduction in cost. Efficiency in operation is improving. The Transportation act provided that wages should be fixed by the Labor Board and any liquidation here is not like private industry, but must be made in accordance with the provisions of the act made to avoid transportation interruption."

"The Transportation act provides for consolidations seemingly for the purpose of joining together lines which comprise parts of important through routes. But before such consolidations take place the rights of each road and the amount it is to receive as the full measure of return on its value should be definitely established. The New England public, which must, after all, support the railroads, must give this subject careful attention.

"There is an opportunity for a New England system and there are opportunities for combinations giving several great trunk lines access to New England. It is not my purpose to discuss the relative desirability of any of these proposals, but rather to direct the attention of the New England public to the necessity of informing itself and the necessity of the preservation of its rights

"Although about to retire from office, it is my earnest recommendation that the joint New England conference on foreign and domestic commerce immediately at the beginning of the next political year cause to be held a conference of the Governors and interested parties for the purpose of informing themselves and the public and deciding on a policy that will provide adequate transportation for the industrial needs of the New England States."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Attorneys for the New York Central Railroad at a hearing today before the Interstate Commerce Commission on the re-division of joint freight rates between carriers East and West of the Hudson River, argued that plans suggested so far would yield an unfair return to the New England roads and would discriminate against the trunk lines.

George M. Eaton, Assistant Freight Manager of the Boston & Maine Railroad, suggested that arbitraries be established as a temporary means of dividing the rates until the commission revised the entire division plan. He suggested that the division be on a percentage basis, according to the length of haul, from New England points to the Albany gateway, and thence over trunkline territory.

New York Central attorneys, on cross-examination, tried to show that Mr. Eaton's rate exhibits, which he had submitted on a basis of proportional division, would work to the disadvantage of their road.

ROADS REPORT EARNINGS.

Four Disclose November Net Earnings Less Than October's.

Of five November earnings statements of railroads received yesterday improvement was shown over November of the preceding year, but four showed net earnings less than those reported in October. This is somewhat out of line with the results shown in the majority of the first reports received for the month.

In the case of Southern Railway there was a decrease in November gross to $12,683,620, compared with $14,189,223 in October, and the decrease in net was from $1,625,098 to $368,087. In the same period expenses decreased from $12,564,125 to $12,315,720.

Philadelphia & Reading reported November gross at $9,781,149, compared with October gross of $10,583,897, and expenses increased from $7,913,413 to $8,349,072 in the same period. This was reflected in net, in which there was a decline from $2,670,485 to $1,432,077.

The reports of the Boston & Maine and the Atlantic Coast Line also showed decreases in gross and net as compared with the October figures, and expenses were materially increased.

As a contrast the report of the Mobile & Ohio of the Southern system showed gross in November of $1,815,006, compared with $1,826,051 in October; expenses and other items of $1,664,691, compared with $1,784,545, while net increased from $41,506 to $118,917.

GUFFEY OIL EARNINGS GAIN.

Net Returns Equal $9.80 a Share on the Common Stock.

The Guffey Gillespie Oil Company reports for the year ended Aug. 31, last, net earnings, after deducting expenses, taxes and dividends on the preferred stock, of $4,581,900, equal approximately to $9.50 a share on outstanding common stock, as against $4.90 in the previous year. In the income account $1,381,773 was set aside for reserves, leaving a surplus for the year's operations of $3,980,810.

The balance sheet as of Aug. 31, last, shows current assets of $6,115,639, of which $3,131,801 represents cash, Government bonds and other securities; $982,832 inventories and $2,150,906 bills receivable. Current liabilities were $2,231,688 and the total surplus $4,082,189.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The National City Bank is concentrating its Venezuelan business at Caracas and has closed its subbranches temporarily established at Ciudad Bolivar and Maracaibo.

Sutro Brothers & Co. have received a cable from London stating that the Royal Dutch Company has declared an interim dividend of 15 per cent. payable Jan. 17, 1921.

Thomas H. Cowley & Co. have issued a circular describing the history, property, earnings, &c., of Famous Players-Lasky Corporation.

H. P. McCarroll & Co. have announced that Frank C. Abbott retired from their firm on Dec. 20 because of ill health, and that Harold J. Brown will become a partner as of Dec. 31.

The Columbia Trust Company has ready for free distribution a memorandum for use in the preparation of individual income tax returns, both Federal and State.

TO ISSUE $6,000,000 NOTES.

Atlantic Fruit Company Announces Better Outlook for Coming Year.

N. A. Macleod, President of the Atlantic Fruit Company, announced yesterday that the Executive Committee had approved the authorization and issuance of $6,000,000 five-year 8 per cent convertible notes, which have been underwritten at par by interests identified with the company. Proceeds from the sale of the notes, he said, would be used for development purposes and for the reduction of bank loans. His statement follows:

"At a meeting held on Tuesday afternoon, Dec 28, the Executive Committee of the Atlantic Fruit Company approved the authorization and issuance of $6,000,000 five-year 8 per cent. convertible notes (convertible into the stock of the company at the rate of five shares of stock against each $100 par value of bonds) to be authorized by stockholders.

"The outlook for the fruit crop of the company for 1921 is better than for the year 1920, on account of more favorable weather conditions in the tropics.

"The earnings for the year 1920, applicable to the interest charges upon the debenture bonds and the loans which the company had during the latter part of the year will amount to approximately $1,750,000. The interest upon the 7 per cent. debentures requires $700,000 and the interest on other loans for 1920 amounts to about $50,000."

NEW BOND FIRM.

Hannahs, Ballin & Lee to Do General Investment Business.

The firm of Hannahs, Ballin & Lee has been formed to transact a general business in investment bonds and will begin operations next Monday, with offices at 115 Broadway. The members of the new firm are George C. Hannahs, Douglas D. Ballin, W. Murray Lee and Frederick W. Schaumburg. William F. Hitt of Washington, D. C., will be a special partner.

All of the general partners and Pascal R. Harrower and Harvey E. Brand, who also will be associated with the new firm, have been with Harris, Forbes & Co. in various capacities from ten to more than twenty years. Mr. Hannahs has handled the purchase and sale of State and municipal bonds. Mr. Ballin has been manager of the New York City investors' department, Mr. Lee manager of the New York City dealers' department and Mr. Schaumburg in charge of trading in Government and municipal bonds.

CALL IN COMMUTERS' BOOKS

Interchangeable Coupon System Was Abused on Erie and Lackawanna.

Interchangeable commutation coupon books, which have been a convenience for commuters on both the Erie and the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad between many New Jersey towns and cities served by both systems, will be called in by both companies, beginning Jan. 1, 1921.

The books were issued during Federal control, when both concerns were being operated by the United States Railroad Administration. The interchangeable books were continued after Federal control, as an experiment, but it was found that some purchasers thereof were abusing the privilege extended. The advantage to the commuter in the interchange tickets was simply one of a more convenient schedule, as the rates on both lines are nearly parallel.

BRINKMANN & CO., NEW FIRM

New Financial House to Open in Baltimore on Saturday.

The financial firm of Brinkmann & Co. will begin business in Baltimore on Jan. 1. Walter S. Brinkmann, formerly head of the Continental Company, is to be President.

The other officers include Harry S. Middendorf, J. William Middendorf Jr., Frank D. Naylor and Emory A. Stone, Vice Presidents. These officers, together with Samuel L. Willard of the Coca Cola Company, and J. Carroll Fahey of John T. Fahey & Co., grain exporters, are the Directors.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.			
Alpha	.50	Dix. Tonopah	1.17½
Andes	.40	Dividend	.03
Best & Belcher	.17	East Divide	.02
Caledonia	.43	Extension	.38
Challenge	1.10	Florence	.10
Confidence	1.80	Gold Rest	.04
Con. Virginia	2.10	Hercules	.18
Gould & Curry	.05	Hasbrouck	.02
Hale & Norcross	.18	Kernick	.00
Jacket	.06	Myra	.02
Mexican	.19	Ravert	.03
Ophir	.46	Verdi	.03
Overman	.35	Victory	.04
Potosi	.06	West	.03
Savage	.07	Western	.02
Sec. Belcher	.10	Zone	.22
Scorpion	.08	GOLDFIELD.	
Sierra Nevada	.11	Booth	.02
Union	.39	Consolidated	.09
Utah	.03	Crackerjack	.04
TONOPAH.		Figurine	.18
Belmont	1.35	Jumbo Ex.	.04
Cash Boy	.04	Kewanna	.09
Jim Butler	.16	Lone Star	.04
Mac. Crescent	.41	Silver Pick	.05
Midway	.12	Spear Head	.03
Monarch	.06	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
North Star	.05	Arrowhead	.00
Rescue	.20	Black Mammoth	.05
Tonopah Ext.	1.35	Broken Hills	.03
Tono. 76	.04	Bullwhacker	.53
West End	.05	Greenup	.45
West Tono.	.08	Holly	.17½
DIVIDE.		Mount Mis.	.10
Alta	.04	Fairview R. M.	.43
Belcher	.05	Simon	.18
Belcher Ext.	.05	Sterling	.03
Brougher	.11	White Caps	.04

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	1½	1¾	Isabella	84	4
Doctor	1½	2½	Mary McKin	3	5
Elkton	2	3½	Portland	39	45
El Paso	7	9	Cal. Con. M.	3	10½
Golden Cycle	58	60	Vindicator	13	16
Ironclad	14	9	Rose Nicol	3	4

STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Chge.
Dec. 20	65.86	64.70	65.45	— .39
Dec. 21	65.80	64.68	65.27	— .58
Dec. 22	Holiday.			
Dec. 23	64.83	63.42	63.42	— .72
Dec. 24	68.75	64.44	68.61	+4.27
Dec. 27	68.06	62.70	64.34	+ .44

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

Dec.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	79.79	Dec. 2	62.70	Dec. 22	67.00
†1919.	89.40	Dec. 26	84.10	Dec. 12	89.00
1918.	79.54	Dec. 11	71.45	Dec. 26	72.86
1917.	66.26	Dec. 31	57.43	Dec. 20	65.35
1916.	99.26	Dec. 4	86.86	Dec. 20	88.23

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1920.	94.27	Apr. 8	62.70	Dec. 22	67.00
†1919.	99.30	Nov. 5	69.79	Jan. 21	89.00

Full Years.

1919.	99.30	Nov. 5	69.79	Jan. 21	89.00
1918.	80.18	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.30
1917.	91.60	Jan. 4	67.47	Dec. 20	88.23
1916.	101.51	Nov. 29	86.91	Aug. 29	89.22

BONDS.

TEN BONDS CLOSE.

40 issues	Net Change From	Day.	Month.	Year.
	87.38	+.32	—2.51	—4.62

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Dec. 26	67.06 — .15	Dec. 19	67.49		—.25
Dec. 27	67.21 + .36	Dec. 17	67.79		—.14
Dec. 28	Holiday.	Dec. 18	67.94		—.15
Dec. 29	66.58 + .20	Dec. 15	67.07		—.22
Dec. 23	66.63 — .09	Dec. 14	67.75		+.12
Dec. 22	66.72 — .53	Dec. 13	67.63		—.51
Dec. 21	67.10 — .10	Dec. 11	68.14		—.20
Dec. 20	67.20 — .29	Dec. 10	68.34		—.14

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	72.14	Oct. 21	66.87	May 21	67.38
†1919.	79.86	June 2	71.06	Oct. 18	72.00

Full Years.

1919	79.86	June 2	71.06	Dec. 18	72.00
1918.	82.94	Nov. 12	75.46	Sep. 27	78.78
1917.	89.48	Jan. 20	74.34	Dec. 20	78.90

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

BOSTON & MAINE for November—

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Gross	$7,738,255	$6,447,578	$6,230,576
Def. af. tax	1,946,087	*497,449	388,957
Net op. def	1,290,431	*271,780	402,909
11 mo. gr.	79,488,013	68,142,995	64,176,432
Def. af. tax	5,476,091	2,017,306	*6,380,026
Net op. def	5,741,201	*4,270,853	*3,842,224

*Income.

CANADIAN PACIFIC for November—

Gross	23,770,146	17,886,849	15,623,088
Net op. exp	8,615,010	2,340,909	3,398,479
11 mo. gr.	196,637,178	159,903,473	141,786,843
Net af. exp	80,850,997	33,250,857	31,891,476

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA for November—

Gross	1,979,765	1,801,122	1,789,054
Bal. af. tax	120,698	58,184	338,616
Net op. inc.	142,353	32,525	351,770
11 mo. gr.	23,115,476	19,501,595	18,700,848
Def. af. tax	112,627	*1,406,911	*2,485,906
Net op. def	132,602	*1,360,908	*2,418,230

*Income.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL for November—

Gross	15,705,504	12,723,080	11,740,338
Bal. af. tax	1,789,407	865,187	170,660
Net op. inc.	1,342,907	528,373	*21,718
11 mo. gr.	154,072,116	137,765,973	122,821,097
Def. af. tax	1,075,886	*6,287,962	*5,480,789
Net op. def	9,574,883	*4,455,507	*4,709,786

*Income.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN for November—

Gross	14,915,511	12,150,862	11,315,927
Bal. af. tax	162,394	928,315	1,270,577
Net op. def	58,856	*28,091	*258,027
11 mo. gr.	151,868,017	128,495,802	116,619,479
Bal. af tax	3,456,509	15,221,468	13,925,741
Net op. inc.	1,260,085	13,896,894	14,188,628

*Income.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS for November—

Gross	8,062,170	6,061,072	6,154,343
Bal. af. tax	648,979	961,414	1,412,519
Net op. inc.	815,862	304,760	1,317,210
11 mo. gr.	81,902,956	66,622,179	65,085,556
Bal. af. tax	10,761,892	13,681,683	14,826,134
Net op. def	8,840,017	13,074,760	15,804,437

KANAWHA & MICHIGAN for November—

Gross	636,913	275,826	486,525
Bal. af. tax	212,150	*77,380	*9,143
Net op. inc.	194,400	*82,039	70,242
11 mo. gr.	4,951,729	3,977,193	5,472,767
Def. af. tax	344,478	754,573	1,077,847
Net op. inc.	628,316	179,975	1,040,367

*Deficit. †Income.

MAINE CENTRAL for November—

Gross	2,219,990	1,494,711	1,447,229
Bal. af. tax	197,628	17,443	*91,538
Net op. inc.	158,091	*100,446	*10,331
11 mo. gr.	19,440,935	15,941,861	14,985,764
Def. af. tax	1,823,103	970,893	82,158
Net op. def	1,996,248	1,211,254	334,139

*Deficit. †Income.

MISSOURI PACIFIC for November—

Gross	11,777,350	8,068,351	8,340,835
Bal. af. tax	2,220,886	84,067	1,074,665
Net op. inc.	1,852,636	*140,466	1,065,114
11 mo. gr.	107,437,742	84,820,780	81,498,804
Bal. af. tax	1,032,908	6,613,961	12,351,630
Net op. def	2,442,331	†4,723,500	†11,011,967

*Deficit. †Income.

PHILADELPHIA & READING for November—

Gross	9,781,149	5,725,486	6,810,740
Bal. af. tax	1,677,661	*93,898	768,977
Net op. inc.	1,432,077	*323,392	445,961
11 mo. gr.	94,650,977	66,767,564	73,140,301
Bal. af. tax	3,466,062	6,126,573	18,178,317
Net op. inc.	406,852	2,810,054	8,509,356

*Deficit.

TOLEDO & OHIO CENTRAL for November—

Gross	1,801,634	892,701	730,403
Bal. af. tax	390,486	*180,766	*72,247
Net op. inc.	415,489	*172,672	*88,059
11 mo. gr.	13,063,176	8,402,234	9,930,776
Bal. af. tax	892,238	961,317	972,447
Net op. inc.	1,001,515	120,702	530,790

*Deficit.

Public Utility.

THIRD AVENUE RAILWAY SYSTEM for November—

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Gross	$1,060,268	$975,594	$781,248
Bal. af. tax	81,800	49,496	97,635
Def. af. chg	81,800	49,496	97,635
5 mo. gr.	5,640,564	5,090,447	4,180,930
Bal. af. tax	741,883	845,001	727,098
Def. af. chg	†265,108	163,604	311,345

†After allowing full interest on adjustment income 5 per cent. bonds.

Miscellaneous.

NEW YORK DOCK for November—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
Gross	$501,815	$447,488	$54,327
Net af. exp	107,550	124,822	38,488
Surp. after tax & chgs	105,414	74,823	30,702
11 mo. gr.	5,317,980	4,732,725	585,255
Net af. exp	1,945,984	1,780,733	165,251
Surp. after tax & chgs	915,880	803,522	112,358

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was irregular.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Change Unof.
Spot				7.03
December	No sales			
January	7.20	7.03	7.20	7.16
February	No sales			8.00
March	8.49	8.33	8.40	8.36
April	8.30	8.30	8.30	8.40
May	8.74	8.60	8.71	8.72
June	No sales			8.90
July	9.05	8.90	9.03	8.96
August	No sales			8.80

Total sales, 12,400.

COFFEE.

The coffee market was firmer, closing 3@8 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	6.23	6.17	6.22	6.29	15.32
May	6.63	6.59	6.45	6.70	
July	6.90	6.90	7.00	7.07	15.50
September	7.25	7.20	7.22	7.30	15.09

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market closed 4@5 points net higher.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.35
March	4.70	4.60	4.65	4.55
May	4.78	4.75	4.75	4.60
July	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.85

The New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange here will close at noon on Friday, Dec. 31.

Spurt for Weeks.

OPERATIONS VARY WIDELY

Steel Corporation Plants at Full Blast, While Independent Mills Average 25 Per Cent.

There is no evidence of any sharp increase in buying of iron and steel with the turn of the year, according to the weekly survey of conditions by The Iron Age. For the moment, it is contended, consumers are well supplied with necessary products. Once more the wide variance between operations by the United States Steel Corporation and the independents is called to notice, it being stated that whereas the Steel Corporation will end the year with operations in full blast, some of the independents are closed down, while others are operating at 35 per cent. This, however, is the top for the independents, the average percentage of operation being about 25.

In discussing conditions this publication says:

"In taking account of conditions as the new year comes in, the iron and steel trade sees no prospect of a buying spurt for some weeks. The flood of shipments from mills of accumulated and current output following the release of cars restricted up to that time to coal carrying has placed in large consumers' yards somewhat more material than they were able to dispose of, especially with the curtailment in general demand.

"This condition has encouraged the postponement of buying. Until a belief in the fairness and stability of the present prices is established, no return to activity appears likely. The independent makers consider they have done their part by discounting reduced manufacturing costs when they dropped to the Steel Corporation price levels.

"An unexpected development is a reduction in the demand which was expected in 1921 from the oil industry. Some curtailment in output has been decided on; less tank construction is thus likely, and one large oil company which recently took bids on tank plates has now decided not to buy. Lower than mill prices were obtainable on resale plates.

"The pig iron market continues to show weak spots whenever any business is transacted. At Chicago a purchase of 3,000 tons of foundry iron and 500 tons of malleable by a leading melter was made at fully a dollar below recent quotations, and the leading merchant furnace company in that district lowered its quotation $3 per ton, while Alabama iron was offered for delivery at Chicago on a basis of $35, Birmingham, or $2 below the usual quotation."

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

BOSTON & MAINE for November—

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Gross	$7,738,255	$6,447,578	$6,230,576
Def. af. tax	1,946,087	*497,449	388,957
Net op. def	1,290,431	*271,780	402,909
11 mo. gr.	79,488,013	68,142,995	64,176,432
Def. af. tax	5,476,091	2,017,306	*6,380,026
Net op. def	5,741,201	*4,270,853	*3,842,224

*Income.

CANADIAN PACIFIC for November—

Gross	23,770,146	17,886,849	15,623,088
Net op. exp	8,615,010	2,340,909	3,398,479
11 mo. gr.	196,637,178	159,903,473	141,786,843
Net af. exp	80,850,997	33,250,857	31,891,476

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA for November—

Gross	1,979,765	1,801,122	1,789,054
Bal. af. tax	120,698	58,184	338,616
Net op. inc.	142,353	32,525	351,770
11 mo. gr.	23,115,476	19,501,595	18,700,848
Def. af. tax	112,627	*1,406,911	*2,485,906
Net op. def	132,602	*1,360,908	*2,418,230

*Income.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL for November—

Gross	15,705,504	12,723,080	11,740,338
Bal. af. tax	1,789,407	865,187	170,660
Net op. inc.	1,342,907	528,373	*21,718
11 mo. gr.	154,072,116	137,765,973	122,821,097
Def. af. tax	1,075,886	*6,287,962	*5,480,789
Net op. def	9,574,883	*4,455,507	*4,709,786

*Income.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN for November—

Gross	14,915,511	12,150,862	11,315,927
Bal. af. tax	162,394	928,315	1,270,577
Net op. def	58,856	*28,091	*258,027
11 mo. gr.	151,868,017	128,495,802	116,619,479
Bal. af tax	3,456,509	15,221,468	13,925,741
Net op. inc.	1,260,085	13,896,894	14,188,628

*Income.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS for November—

Gross	8,062,170	6,061,072	6,154,343
Bal. af. tax	648,979	961,414	1,412,519
Net op. inc.	815,862	304,760	1,317,210
11 mo. gr.	81,902,956	66,622,179	65,085,556
Bal. af. tax	10,761,892	13,681,683	14,826,134
Net op. def	8,840,017	13,074,760	15,804,437

KANAWHA & MICHIGAN for November—

Gross	636,913	275,826	486,525
Bal. af. tax	212,150	*77,380	*9,143
Net op. inc.	194,400	*82,039	70,242
11 mo. gr.	4,951,729	3,977,193	5,472,767
Def. af. tax	344,478	754,573	1,077,847
Net op. inc.	628,316	179,975	1,040,367

*Deficit. †Income.

MAINE CENTRAL for November—

Gross	2,219,990	1,494,711	1,447,229
Bal. af. tax	197,628	17,443	*91,538
Net op. inc.	158,091	*100,446	*10,331
11 mo. gr.	19,440,935	15,941,861	14,985,764
Def. af. tax	1,823,103	970,893	82,158
Net op. def	1,996,248	1,211,254	334,139

*Deficit. †Income.

MISSOURI PACIFIC for November—

Gross	11,777,350	8,068,351	8,340,835
Bal. af. tax	2,220,886	84,067	1,074,665
Net op. inc.	1,852,636	*140,466	1,065,114
11 mo. gr.	107,437,742	84,820,780	81,498,804
Bal. af. tax	1,032,908	6,613,961	12,351,630
Net op. def	2,442,331	†4,723,500	†11,011,967

*Deficit. †Income.

PHILADELPHIA & READING for November—

Gross	9,781,149	5,725,486	6,810,740
Bal. af. tax	1,677,661	*93,898	768,977
Net op. inc.	1,432,077	*323,392	445,961
11 mo. gr.	94,650,977	66,767,564	73,140,301
Bal. af. tax	3,466,062	6,126,573	18,178,317
Net op. inc.	406,852	2,810,054	8,509,356

*Deficit.

TOLEDO & OHIO CENTRAL for November—

Gross	1,801,634	892,701	730,403
Bal. af. tax	390,486	*180,766	*72,247
Net op. inc.	415,489	*172,672	*88,059
11 mo. gr.	13,063,176	8,402,234	9,930,776
Bal. af. tax	892,238	961,317	972,447
Net op. inc.	1,001,515	120,702	530,790

*Deficit.

Public Utility.

THIRD AVENUE RAILWAY SYSTEM for November—

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Gross	$1,060,268	$975,594	$781,248
Bal. af. tax	81,800	49,496	97,635
Def. af. chg	81,800	49,496	97,635
5 mo. gr.	5,640,564	5,090,447	4,180,930
Bal. af. tax	741,883	845,001	727,098
Def. af. chg	†265,108	163,604	311,345

†After allowing full interest on adjustment income 5 per cent. bonds.

Miscellaneous.

NEW YORK DOCK for November—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
Gross	$501,815	$447,488	$54,327
Net af. exp	107,550	124,822	38,488
Surp. after tax & chgs	105,414	74,823	30,702
11 mo. gr.	5,317,980	4,732,725	585,255
Net af. exp	1,945,984	1,780,733	165,251
Surp. after tax & chgs	915,880	803,522	112,358

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was irregular.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Change Unof.
Spot				7.03
December	No sales			
January	7.20	7.03	7.20	7.16
February	No sales			8.00
March	8.49	8.33	8.40	8.36
April	8.30	8.30	8.30	8.40
May	8.74	8.60	8.71	8.72
June	No sales			8.90
July	9.05	8.90	9.03	8.96
August	No sales			8.80

Total sales, 12,400.

COFFEE.

The coffee market was firmer, closing 3@8 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	6.23	6.17	6.22	6.29	15.32
May	6.63	6.59	6.45	6.70	
July	6.90	6.90	7.00	7.07	15.50
September	7.25	7.20	7.22	7.30	15.09

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market closed 4@5 points net higher.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.35
March	4.70	4.60	4.65	4.55
May	4.78	4.75	4.75	4.60
July	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.85

The New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange here will close at noon on Friday, Dec. 31.

Argentine Govt. 6s & 8s
American Light & Traction 6s, 1925
Brazilian Traction 6s, 1925
Birmingham Ry., L. & P. 5's & 6s
Cincinnati Ry. 6s 1960
Detroit Edison 5's
Empire Gas 7's
General Gas 6's
General Gas & Electric 6s, 1935
Georgia Ry., Pr. & Ltg. 5s
Grand Trunk Pac. 5s, 1955
Grand Rapids & Ind., Ref. 6s
French Govt. 5's & 7s
Int. Tel. Sales & Eng. 6s, 1925
International Traction 5s
Japanese Govt. 4s & 4½s
Laclede Gas Lt. 5s & 7s
Mississippi River Pr. 5s
Mason City & Ft. Dodge 6s
Michigan United Ry. 5s, 1936
New Orleans Ry. & Lt. 5's & 6s
Northern States Pr. 5s & 6s
Ohio Cities Gas 5's 1941-25
Province of Buenos Ayres 6s, 1925
Republic Govt. 8s
Rabelais Portland 6s, 1925
Sears, Roebuck 5's, 1924-31
Standard Gas & Elec. Income
Swift & Co. 5s, 7s
St. Louis, Springfield & Peoria 5s 1939
Spartanburg Union & Columbia R. R. 5s,

HUDSON [illegible] ASSOCIATION
Dec. 1941
KANSAS CITY RAILWAYS
Dec. 1954
KANAWHA & MICHIGAN R.R.
2nd Mtg. 1991
OHIO STATE TELEPHONE
Dec. 1941
YADKIN RIVER POWER
Dec. 1941

FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
70 Pine St. —CHARTERED 1885— 70 Years of Conservative Investment Service
BOSTON, CHICAGO, PHILADELPHIA, PITTSBURGH

Canadian Northern 4s 1930
Cedar Rapids Mfg. 5s 1953
Gr. Tr. P. B. L. 4s 1939-42
Gr. Tr. P. L. S. B. 4s, 1955
Gr. Trunk Pacific 3s 1962
Gr. Tr. Western 4s 1950
Ga. Lt., Pr. & Ry. 5s 1941
Philadelphia Co. 5s 1922
R. de J. Tr. L. & P. 5s 1935
Shaw. Wr. & Pr. 5½s 1950

Abraham & Co.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
27 William St., N.Y. - 72 Broad 3783

Delaware & Hudson

An eminently successful railroad, strategically located and the owner of valuable coal properties.

The remarkable dividend record of this company, high earning power and enormous book value of the shares analyzed and discussed in the current issue of our Market Letter.

Copy Mailed Free, Upon Request.

Ask for No. T-420

KOHLER, BIERMER & Co.
STOCKS — BONDS
32 BROADWAY, N.Y. — HAMPTON BUILDING, ALBANY, N.Y.

WABASH RAILWAY

An analysis of what is wrong with this company — that its stocks are selling so low. In conjunction an able discussion on the central eastern rails—other features in—

Ask for a copy A-78 — MARKET OPINION

R. H. MacMASTERS & CO.
Members Consolidated Stock Exch. of N.Y.
32-34 Broad St. New York
Phone: Broad 6380 Rector Direct Wires
CHICAGO MILWAUKEE NEW HAVEN

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Buy & Sell

Amer. Chicle Com. & Pfd.
Amer. Hide & Lea. Com. & Pfd.
Amer. Sugar Ref. Co.
American Cyanamid Com. & Pfd.
Cleveland Metal Prod. Pfd.
Continental Insurance
Duluth Sup. Western Coal
Fire Association Com.
Great American Insurance
Home Ins. Fidelity & Phenix
Int. Nickel Com. & Pfd.
Industrial Finance Corp. & Pfd.
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
Middl'nd Securities
Nat'l Acme Coal Prod Pfd.
N. Y. State Rys. Com. & Pfd.
Old Dominion S. S.
Victor Talking Machine
Woolworth Dom'n Corp.
Ward Baking Corp. & Pfd.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Direct Wire to 49-51 Wall St., N. Y.

"Rights"
National Park Bank
Corn Exchange Bank
Home Insurance Co.
CLINTON GILBERT
2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4540 Rector

Our Foreign Department Purchases
Bills of Exchange drawn in dollars or in £ sterling on England.
LEVISON & COMPANY
Bankers
145 Fifth Avenue, New York
Phone Stuyvesant 5400

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 5,800 packages. Prices firm on top grades of fresh; table and steady on other qualities. Creamery, higher than extras, 1b., 56½@57c; extras, 93 scores, 57c; firsts, 90 to 91 scores, 53@56c; firsts, 88 to 89 scores, 49½@47c; seconds, 85 to 87 score, 37@43c; lower grades, 32@36c; unsalted, higher than extras, 59½@60c; extras, 57½@58c; firsts, 45@56c; seconds, 36@44c; held or storage, high scoring, 51½@53½c; extras, 50@51c; firsts, 49@49½c; seconds, 46@48c; lower grades, 35@36c; Danish cubes, fresh, 51½@53c; State dairy tubs, finest, 53@54c; good to prime, 44@50c; common to fair, 39@43c; renovated, extras, 50@ 52c; Pacific coast, current make, firsts, 52@53c; seconds and poorer, 50@51c; dirties, No. 1, 50@ 52c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 50@44c; refrigerators, firsts, 52@53c; seconds, 50@52c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, nearby whites, extras, 55c; extra firsts, 52@53c; firsts, 50@52c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 50@54c; under grades, 42@47c; pullets, 61@63c; Pacific Coast, white, extras, 53c; extra firsts, 52@54c; firsts, 50@52c; under grades, 46@47c; pullets, selected, small cut, 49@50c; usual sizes, 48@ 49c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 49@50c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, nearby browns, extras, 49@ 52c; gathered, brown and mixed colors, graded extras, 50@51c; firsts to extra firsts, 49@50c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 10,348 cases. Fresh gathered showed further advance; storage active and higher; whites but little changed. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 60@ 61c; extra firsts, 58c; firsts, 55@57c; seconds and poorer, 50@54c; dirties, No. 1, 50@ 52c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 50@44c; refrigerators, firsts, 52@53c; seconds, 50@52c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, nearby whites, extras, 55c; extra firsts, 52@53c; firsts, 50@52c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 50@54c; under grades, 42@47c; pullets, 61@63c; Pacific Coast, white, extras, 53c; extra firsts, 52@54c; firsts, 50@52c; under grades, 46@47c; pullets, selected, small cut, 49@50c; usual sizes, 48@ 49c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 49@50c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, nearby browns, extras, 49@ 52c; gathered, brown and mixed colors, graded extras, 50@51c; firsts to extra firsts, 49@50c.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Arn. Mot.	2	2½	Iron Blossom	60	65
Atl. Gulf & W.I.	17	20	Iron Cap.	1	1¼
Atls. Dip Top	6	7	La Rose	15	20
Black Hawk	13	16	Majestic	11	13
Boston Man.	32	39	Mex. Metals	35	36
Calumet	1	1½	Midway Motor	1	1½
Chief Con.	14	15	Monarch	14	15
Crown Res.	30	34	Nat. Dis. Tr.	43	44
Crystal, new	40	60	Nat. L. & S.	1	2
Dolly Varden	18	19	Nixon	1	1½
Eagle R. R.	3½	4	Oilfields	9	10
Eureka Croe.	44	47	Seven Metals	11	13
Fortuna	2	3	Silver Reef	4	4½
Gadsden	4	5	U. S. Zinc	41	42
Hancock	2	3	Utah Apex	2	2½

COMMODITY PRICES STRONG.

Majority of Staples Record Price Gains, With Few Showing No Net Change.

Cash prices for commodities in the wholesale markets yesterday were slightly better than the previous day; corn advanced ⅝ of a cent and oats ½ of a cent per bushel; wheat declined ⅛ of a cent, but flour was higher by 25 cents per barrel. In the groceries, coffee, sugar and butter were unchanged and eggs advanced 2 cents per dozen.

No changes were recorded among the provisions and for the most part this was true for the metals, with the exception of copper, which recovered ¼ of a cent per pound.

Spot cotton reflected the strong tone at the closing of the futures market and was up 50 cents per 100 pounds, with printcloths unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the who'esale market at the close of business Wednesday, a week before and a year ago:

	Dec. 29, 1920.	Dec. 22, 1920.	Dec. 29, 1919.
FOODSTUFFS:			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.80	$1.98½	$2.26
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.87½	.86¾	1.01¾
Oats, No. 2 white	.80½	.81	.9.¼
Flour, Minn. patent	9.75	9.50	15.75
Coffee, Rio	.05¼	.05¼	.13¼
Sugar, granulated	.06	.06	.09
Butter, cream, 92 score	.56	.56	.71
Eggs, fresh - gathered			
first, per dozen	.77	.78	.71
Lard, prime	18.50	18.60	28.25
Pork, mess	30.00	30.00	47.00
Beef, family	27.00	27.00	38.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2X, Phila.	33.00	34.00	41.10
Steel billets, Pitts.	43.00	43.50	48.00
Lead	4.62½	4.50	7.50
Copper	12.75	13.25	19.00
Tin	34.00	33.75	39.50
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	15.09	14.50	39.25
Printcloths	.05¾	.05¾	.14

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$2.38	Jan. 7	$1.78	Nov. 27
Corn	2.21½	May 18	.84½	Nov. 27
Oats	1.05	May 7	.80	Nov. 22
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	9.00	Dec. 1
Coffee	.19¾	Jan. 11	.05¾	Dec. 22
Sugar	.22	July 13	.06	Dec. 17
Butter	.71	Jan. 3	.53½	Dec. 4
Eggs	.78	Dec. 10	.42¼	Mar. 12
Lard	28.50	Jan. 9	18.25	Dec. 20
Pork	47.00	Jan. 3	30.00	Dec. 29
Beef	38.00	Oct. 19	20.00	May 19
Iron	53.51	Aug. 31	33.00	Dec. 28
Steel	66.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 3
Lead	7.50	July 13	4.50	Dec. 30
Tin	54.25	Jan. 11	33.00	Dec. 14
Copper	19.50	Jan. 3	12.50	Dec. 30
Cotton	43.75	July 12	14.50	Dec. 23
Printcloths	.16¾	Apr. 13	.05¾	Nov. 4

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Ajax Rubber	25	24½	24½
80	Allis-Chalm.	25¾	25¾	25¾
250	Am Agr Ch.	54½	54½	54½
60	Am Beet Sug	37½	37½	37½
240	Am Can	39¾	39¾	39¾
505	Am Car & F.	110¾	110¾	110¾
90	Am Cot Oil	16	16	16
20	Am Drug	6¾	6¾	6¾
80	Am H & L pf	39¾	39¾	39¾
1,750	Am Int Corp	33	32¾	32¾
50	Am Linseed	46¾	46¾	46¾
180	Am Locomo.	80	79	80
1,395	Am Safe Ras	6¾	6¾	7¼
190	Am Ship & C	8¾	8¾	8¾
400	Am SmaRef	83½	80¾	83
80	Am Sugar	90¼	88	90¼
390	Am Sum Tob	73¾	70¾	73¾
40	Am Tel & T	94¼	94¼	94¼
880	Am Woolen	58	55¾	58
230	Am Zinc	6	6	6
250	Anaconda	37¾	36¾	37¾
180	Atchison	82	79¾	82
1,785	A. G. & W. I.	91¼	89	89
6,180	Balt & Ohio	34¾	31¾	34¼
1,545	Balt & Ohio.	35¾	32¾	35¼
20	Do pf	49¾	48¾	48¾
880	Beth Motors.	2¾	2¾	2¾
1,140	Beth Steel B	54¾	53¾	54
180	Booth Mag.	49¾	49¾	49¾
110	Brklyn Rap Tr	9¾	9¾	9¾
150	Butte & Sup.	6¾	6¾	6¾
20	Butte Cop&Z	4	4	4
650	Cadle & Oil	11¾	11¼	11¼
190	Cal Petrol	25¾	24¾	24¾
410	Can Pac	116	114¾	116
200	Chi & W Ill.	8	8	8
190	Cent Leath.	33¾	33¼	32¾
285	Cadler Motor	62¼	61¼	61¾
275	Chile & Chile	59½	57¾	58
140	Chi Gt W.	7¾	7¾	7¾
60	Do pf	17¾	17¾	17¾
810	C. M & St P.	27	25¾	27
220	Do pf	42	40	42
170	Chi & N W.	65¾	63	65½
130	C. R I & P.	54¾	53¾	54¾
205	Chile Copper	9¾	8	9
180	Chi Pn Tool.	63	62¾	62¾
150	Coca-Cola	19¾	18¾	19¾
150	Columbia Gas	18¾	17¾	18¾
183	Col Graphoo.	10	9¾	9¾
40	Con Int'state Callahan	4	4	4
90	Con Gas	74¾	74¾	74¾
240	Con Textile	19¾	19¾	19¾
10	Cont Can	52	52	53
80	Cont Candy	5¾	5¾	5¾
1,290	Cont. Motor	6¾	6¾	6¾
1,745	Crucible Sti.	78¼	77¼	77¾
60	Cuba Cane S	18¼	17¾	18¼
140	Do pf	87¾	87¼	87¾
40	Del & Hud.	97¾	97¾	97¾
10	Dome Mines	9¾	9¾	9¾
230	Fnd Johnson	40	40	40
470	Erie	13¼	13¼	13¼
230	Do 1st pf	19¾	19¾	19¾
180	Fam Players	47¼	46¾	46¾
170	Fisk T & R.	10¾	10¾	10¾
245	Gas, W & W	9¾	9¾	9¾
200	Gen Asphalt	38¾	38¾	38¾
80	Gen Elec	116¾	116¾	116¾
1,750	Gen Motors	13¾	13¾	13¾
185	Good Rubber	32¾	32¾	32¾
190	Gt Nor pf	77	77	77½
110	Gt Nor Ore	25¾	25¼	25¼
220	Houston Oil	62¾	61¾	62¾
50	Hupp Mot C	10¾	10¾	10¾
180	Inspira Con	29¾	29¾	29¾
170	Int M M pf	48¼	47¾	48¼
280	Int Nickel	19¾	19¼	19¾
370	Int Paper	49¾	48¾	49¾
150	Interboro	17¾	17¾	17¾
130	Do pf	9¾	9¾	9¾
10	Invincible Oil	21¾	21¾	21¾
275	Island Oil	4¾	4¾	4¾
860	Kan City So	20¾	19¾	20
250	Kelly-S Tire	33¾	32¾	33¾
250	Kenne Cop.	15¾	15¼	15¾
290	Key T & R.	7¾	7	7
80	Lack Steel	48	48¾	48¾
670	Lehigh Val.	55¾	55¾	55¾
80	Loew's, Inc.	15¾	15¾	15¾
50	Lorillard (P)	124	124	124
5,370	Mex Petrol.	187	182¼	183¾
70	Miami Cop.	14¾	14¾	14¾
1,335	Midvale Steel	30¾	30¾	30¾
860	Mid Sta Oil.	12¾	11¾	11¾
110	Mo. K & T.	20	20	20
670	Mo. Pacific	17¾	17¼	17¾
155	Do pf	38¾	36¾	38¾
240	Mont Ward	17¾	16¾	17¾
40	Nat Conduit	2¾	2¾	2¾
20	Nat E & S.	48¾	46¾	48¾
800	Nat Lead	66¾	65¾	65¾
160	New-Con Cop.	8¾	8¾	8¾
1,060	N Y Central	72¾	70¾	72¾
345	N Y N H & H	25¾	25¾	25¾
75	N Y, O & W	17¾	17¾	17¾
130	Norf & West	98¾	97¾	98¼
1,000	Nor. Pacific	85	79¾	84½
210	Okla P & R.	3¾	3¾	3¾
10	Otis Steel	13¾	13¾	13¾
50	Pacific Oil	33¾	33¾	33¾
1,075	Pan Amer.	74	71¾	74
150	Pennsylvania	39¾	38¾	38¾
490	Pierce-Ar	17¾	17¾	17¾
280	Pierce Oil	10¾	9¾	10
115	People Gas	33¾	33¾	33¾
70	Phila Co	32¾	32¾	32¾
150	Phillips Pet.	28	27¾	28
50	P Marq R R	16¾	16	16
370	Pitts & W.	30¾	29¾	30¼
7,180	Reading	63¾	61¾	63¾
175	Do 2d pf	58¾	56¾	58¾
40	Pressed St C	76¾	76¼	76¾
50	Punta Alg S	44¾	44¼	44¾
315	Pure Oil	32¾	31¾	32¾
75	Remington T	25¾	25¾	25¾
50	Replogle St	32	32	32
1,710	Repub I & S	58¾	57¾	58¾
600	Royal Dutch	54¾	54¾	54¾
85	St L S W.	26	25	25
160	Superior Oil	12¾	12¾	12¾
60	Sears, Roeb.	94¼	94¼	94¼
1,475	Sinclair Oil	37¾	37	37
8,750	So Pacific	99¾	96¾	96¾
390	Do rts	2¾	2¾	2¾
610	So Railway	30¾	29¾	30¾
100	Sanb Air L.	9	9	9
10	Saxon Motor	2¾	2¾	2¾
495	Studebaker	42	41¾	41¾
150	St L & S F.	20¾	20¾	20¾
1,000	Sub Boat	8¾	8¾	8¾
140	Tenn Copper	6¾	6¾	6¾
1,160	Texas Co	47¾	41¾	42¾
480	Tex & Pac.	18¼	16¾	17¾
175	Tex Fee C O	28¾	26¾	26¾
60	Third Av.	18¾	18¾	18¾
490	Tob Products	57¾	57¾	57¾
140	Transcont O.	6¾	6¾	6¾
130	Union Oil	30¾	30	30
1,080	Union Pac.	118¾	118¾	118¾
190	Unit Fruit	185¾	182¾	185¾
110	Unit Retail	28¾	28¾	28¾
110	Unit Food P.	16¾	16	16
240	U S Ind Alc	67¾	61¾	62¾
680	U S Rubber	89¾	87¾	89
9,180	U S Steel	78¾	77¾	78¾
175	Utah Copper	48¾	47¾	48¾
10	U S Ry Inv pf	19¾	19¾	19¾
1,875	Canadian	87¾	86¾	87¾
800	Vivandou Inc	7	6¾	7
50	Va-Car Ch	81¾	81¾	81¾
570	Wabash	7¾	7¾	7¾
30	Do pf A	20¾	20¾	20¾
100	Wilson Beef	37	37	37
140	West Md	10	10	10
140	Do pf	17¾	17¾	17¾
30	West Pac	11¾	11¾	11¾
680	Willys-Over	5¾	5¾	5¾
100	White Oil	14¾	14	14
50	White Motor	53¾	53¾	53¾

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
510	Cities Service			77	78
575	Cities Service pf	63¾	62¾	63	63¾
927	Cities Service pf B	58	57¾	57¾	58
2,246	Cities Service bk. shares	29¾	29¼	29¼	29¾
618,500	Cities Service deb. B	120	115	115	120
56,600	Cities Service deb. C	87	85	85	87
39,600	Cities Service deb. D	88	82	83	86
420	Empire Gas and Fuel pf	82¾	82	83	85
Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	
Am. Gas & Electric		39	36	36	
Am Gas & Electric pf		84	84	84	
Am Light & Traction		71	70	70	
Am Light & Trac pf		69	69	69	
Am Power & Light		39	39	39	
Am Power & Light pf		81	81	81	
Am W W & Electric		2	2	2	
Am W W & Elec 1st pf		36	36	36	
Am W W & El partic		4	4	4	
Appalachian Power		5	5	5	
Appalachian Power pf		13	13	13	
Carolina Power & Lt		37	37	37	
Colorado Power		10	10	10	
Colorado Power pf		76	76	76	
Columbus Electric pf		32	32	32	
Com Power, Ry & Lt		10	10	10	
Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf		39	39	39	
Com. Power pf		73	73	73	
Eastern Texas Electric		68	68	68	
Eastern Texas Elec pf		87	87	87	
Electric Bond & Sh pf		71	69½	69½	
Federal Light & Trac		3	3	3	
Federal Lt & Trac pf		43	43	43	
Am. W W & El 6% pf		57	57	57	
Appalachian 1st 5s, '41		69	69	69	
Ohio Gas & Elec 6s, '26		78	78	78	
Ohio Gas & Fuel 6s, '26		77	77	77	
Tri Gas & El 1st 5s		88	88	88	
Ohio Power 5s, '51		73	73	73	
Ohio Power 6s, '30		85	85	85	
Dallas Electric 5s		100	100	100	
East Tex Elec 6s, '42		72	72	72	
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s, '23		94	94	94	
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s, '26		90	90	90	
Galveston-Houston Elec		39	39	39	
Galveston-Texas Elec pf		94	94	94	
Miss River Power		19¾	19¾	19¾	
Miss River Power pf		65	65	65	
Northern States Power		40	40	40	
North. St tes Pow pf		89	89	89	
Northern Texas Elec		75	75	75	
Northern Tex Elec pf		94	94	94	
Pacific Gas & Elec pf		80	80	80	
Puget Sound Pow & Lt		17	17	17	
Puget Sd Pow & Lt pf		59	59	59	
Republic Ry & Light		8	8	8	
Republic Ry & Light pf		18	18	18	
Southern Col Edison		85¾	85¾	85¾	
Southern Col Edison pf		94	94	94	
Standard Gas & Elec		10	10	11	
Standard Gas & Elec pf		30	30	32	
Tampa Electric		108	108	110	
Tenn Ry, Lt & Power		74	74	74	
Texas Ry, Lt & Pow pf		78	78	78	
United Light & Rys		78	78	78	
United Light & Rys pf		85	85	85	
Western Power pf		19	19¾	19¾	
Western Power pf		80	80	80	

GERMAN BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
20,000 ‡Berlin 4s	12¾	12¾	12¾
10,000 ‡Hamburg 4½s	13¾	13¾	13¾

†Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.			Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.
4½s	July, 1987	97¼	97⅝	3½s	Nov., 1954	74	75¼
4½s	June, 1957	91¾	92	3½s	Nov., 1956	74	75¼
4½s	Mar., 1958	91½	92		The following are quoted as o		
4½s	Nov., 1957	91½	92				
4½s	May, 1957	91¾	92	5½s	1924-1932	5.75	5.60
4½s	Apr., 1958	90	91	5½s	1931-1933	6.00	5.90
4½s	Mar., 1959	90	91	5½s	1934-1943	5.95	5.90
4½s	Mar., 1960-65	90	91	5½s	1931-1935	5.80	5.60
4½s	May, 1959	91	92	5½s	1950-1953	5.90	5.80
4½s	Nov., 1958	91	92	5½s	1924-1933	5.75	5.60
4½s	May, 1957	91	92	5½s	1934-1943	5.75	5.70
4½s	Nov., 1956	91¼	92	5½s	1921-1923	6.50	5.50
4½s	Nov., 1957	91¼	92	5½s	1930-1949	5.40	5.00
4½s	Nov., 1958	91¼	92	5½s	1926-1930	5.85	5.00
4½s	Nov., 1959	91¼	92	5½s	1928-1930	5.75	5.00
4½s	Nov., 1960	91¼	92	5½s	1931-1935	5.75	5.00
4½s	May, 1964	76	76½	7½s			

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Ask.
Am Brass	160	163	158	
Am Chicle	21	22		
Do pf	67	68		
Amal Leather	9	10		
Do pf	30	60		
Am Light & Trac	67	70	74	
Atlas Powder	117	122	118	
Do pf	97	98	98	
Babcock & Wilcox	101	106	106	
Borden & Co	86	88	84	
Do pf	93	95	94	
Chile Copper	77	78	77	
Do pf	87	90	87	
Crocker-Wheeler	90	95	90	
Draper Corp.	135¼	138½	135	
Du Pont	68	69	68	
Do pf	74	78	75	
E W Bliss pf	60			
Gil Safety Razor	130	135	130	
Int Mer Marine	37	38	37	
Do pf	90	95	90	
Lee Rubber & T	10	12	10	
Mackay Cos	47	48	47	
Do pf	41	42	41	
Mullins Body	30	40	30	
Nat Acme	30	35	30	
Nat Enam & Stamp	50	55	50	
Nat Sugar Ref	100	105	100	
Nat Surety	100	110	100	
Nat Transit	22	24	22	
North Pipe Line	90	95	90	
Ohio Cities Gas	50	55	50	
Ohio Fuel Supply	30	35	30	
Penn Mex Fuel	20	25	20	
Prairie Pipe Line	165	170	165	
Solar Refining	320	330	320	
Southern Pipe Line	97	100	97	
South Penn Oil	340	350	340	
S W Pa Pipe Lines	80	90	80	
Stand Oil of Cal	300	310	300	
Stand Oil of Ind	540	550	540	
Stand Oil of Ky	380	390	380	
Stand Oil of Neb	310	320	310	
Stand Oil of N Y	310	320	315	
Stand Oil of Ohio	370	380	370	
Swan & Finch	30	40	30	
Union Tank Car	90	100	90	
Vacuum Oil	290	295	290	
Washington Oil	30	35	30	

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Ask.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd.	18¾	18¾	18¾	
Atlantic Lobos	22	23	23	
Do pf	70	80	80	
Borne-Scrymser	390	410	390	
Buckeye Pipe Line	80	84	80	
Chesebrough	170	180	170	
Do pf	97	100	97	
Continental Oil	103	107	103	
Crescent Pipe Line	36	38	36	
Cumberland P L	130	140	130	
Eureka Pipe Line	75	80	77	
Galena Signal Oil	41	44	41	
Do pf, new	100	102	100	
Do pf, old	96	100	96	
Illinois Pipe Line	155	160	155	
Imperial Oil, Ltd.	23	24	23	
Indiana Pipe Line	81	84	81	
Int Pet Co, Ltd	15¾	16	15¾	
National Transit	23	24	23	
Northern Pipe Line	80	85	80	
New York Transit	160	165	160	
Ohio Oil Co	270	280	265	
Prairie Oil & Gas	435	445	435	
Prairie Pipe Line	165	170	170	
Solar Refining	320	330	320	
Southern Pipe Line	97	100	97	
South Penn Oil	340	350	340	
S W Pa Pipe Lines	80	90	80	
Stand Oil of Cal	300	310	300	
Stand Oil of Ind	540	550	540	
Stand Oil of Ky	380	390	380	
Stand Oil of Neb	310	320	310	
Stand Oil of N Y	310	320	315	
Stand Oil of Ohio	375	380	370	
Do pf	102	105	102	
Swan & Finch	30	40	30	
Union Tank Car	90	100	90	
Vacuum Oil	290	295	290	
Washington Oil	30	35	30	

FRED'K F. MARQUAND

Established 1900.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange, N.Y.
56-58-60 Broad St., New York
STOCKS AND BONDS

German Securities
F. B. Warren & Co.
15 Maiden Lane, New York
Tel. Cortlandt 7815.

Inve tor's Folder
For recording investments, dividend dates, income tax data, etc.
Free Upon Request for 3c.
HEYWOOD B. COOKE & CO.
149 Broadway, New York

Anglo-American Oil
Lackawanna Steel
United Verde Extension
Corn Products
Salt Creek Producers
Loew's Inc.
Merritt Oil

Sent on request for M-320.

HUGHES & DIER
Stocks — Bonds — Grain
Members Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Stock Exchanges, Chicago Bd of Trade, N. Y. Produce Exch.
42 New Street, New York
Telephone Broad 5140
528 Fifth Ave. Tel. Vanderbilt 6515
61 W. 125th St. Tel. Harlem 3451
Philadelphia Pittsburgh Cleveland

MIDDLE STATES OIL

One of the few stocks that has held up well under the steadily falling prices in the past few weeks.

The probable reasons for the strength displayed by this issue discussed in our special report.

Call, Write or Phone for Copy.

Ask for T. 113.

MOSHER & WALLACE
STOCKS — BONDS — GRAIN
53 Broadway — New York.
TELEPHONE WHITEHALL 1140-1145
Members { New York Produce Exchange / Consolidated Stock Exchange of N.Y.

Free Telephone Service to Philadelphia
Call Canal 4345

Seaboard Air Line 6s, 1945
Georgia Ry. & Pr. 5s, 1954
Lehigh Powe 6s, 1927
Lukens Steel 8s, 1940

McCown & Co.
Members Philadelphia Stock Exchange
Land Title Bldg., Philadelphia

Guanajuato Power & Elec. 6s
Guanajuato Power & Elec. Pfd.
Guanajuato Power & Elec. Com.
Michoacan Power 6s
Central Mexico Lt. & Pr. 6s
Central Mexico Lt. & Pr. Pfd.
Guanajuato Reduc. & Mines 6s
Richmond Radiator Com. & Pfd

Bond Salesman

A well-known Chicago Investment Banking Organization of the highest character which has recently established offices in New York has an opening for an experienced Bond Salesman. To a man with a clientele among investors in New York City, the position presents a real opportunity for a permanent connection with liberal salary and commissions and advancement. Applications will be considered only from men who have actually accomplished results in this line. In writing, give complete information regarding age, education, nationality, past experience and references. Replies will be held in strictest confidence. Address "M.P." P. O. Box 822, City Hall Sta., New York City.

FULLY QUALIFIED SENIOR ACCOUNTANTS WANTED

A-1 Accountant Experienced in Installation of Factory Routine and Cost Systems.

Apply by Letter Only. Stating Full Particulars. All Letters Held Confidential

FEDDE & PASLEY
Certified Public Accountants
55 LIBERTY ST., NEW YORK
MEMBERS OF
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF ACCOUNTANTS

A Well Established investment house, handling only the highest grade securities, offers openings for one or more capable executives and associates. Those who are desirous of acquiring a financial interest in a going and growing business are invited to apply. All communications received will be held in the strictest confidence.
P719 TIMES DOWNTOWN

A client of ours, successful sales director of 15 years' experience in domestic and foreign field, engaging personality and unusual acquaintance in all industrial centres, will consider connection with going business that requires development; we can tell you all about him.
L. J. Goldman, Inc.,
3 East 38th Street.

CHILE COPPER
Re situation of this great company discussed in our current issue.
Send $3 for this and the next 12 issues.
The FINANCIAL WORLD
Published Every Monday
Dept. T, 39 Broadway, New York

Read by Investors for Facts about their Holdings
Investment Information Column
New York Tribune
First to Last—the Truth.

If Stock Exchange house desires to open up own branch have option on most desirable new location and personal following insuring immediate success. If interested write
X. Y. Z.,
Care L. J. Goldman, Inc.,
3 East 38th Street.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK

New York, Dec. 27, 1920

The annual meeting of the shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held in the banking rooms, at 233 Broadway, Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, the polls to be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed from 3 o'clock noon January 8th, 1921, until 10 o'clock A. M. January 12th, 1921.

PHILIP F. GRAY, Cashier.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS, District of Columbia, December 20, 1920. Sealed proposals will be received at this office, Room 508, District Building, until 12 o'clock P. M., January 12, 1921, for foundations and Substructure for the Eastern High School, No. 17, located in square 1067, on East Capitol Street, between 17th and 18th Streets, Washington, D. C. Blank forms of proposal, specifications, plans and all other necessary information may be obtained from the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 437, District Building, Washington, D. C. A deposit of five dollars will be required to secure the return of the plans and specifications. J. Thilman Hendrick, Chas. W. Darr, Mabel T. Boardman, Commissioners.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the firm of TRIANGLE MANUFACTURING COMPANY has this day been dissolved and that the interest of Isidore Becker has been acquired by Max Brown and Murray H. Becker, who will continue doing business at 84 Morris Ave., Brooklyn, under the same name.
Dated, May Brown and Murray H. Becker.

BRITISH DEBT TO US

Treasury Official Coming From London to Discuss Giving Long-Time Bonds for Notes.

PROVIDED IN OUR LOAN ACT

Houston Favors Letting Foreign Debtors Make Exchange of Securities on Certain Conditions.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—A representative of the British Treasury will reach this country soon to continue in Washington the discussion begun abroad, concerning the exchange into long-time obligations of the demand notes of the British Government held by the United States.

The British debt at this time is $4,196,000,000. Under the Liberty bond act the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to effect the exchange at a rate of interest not less than that borne by the demand instrument.

In making the announcement concerning the coming of the British representative Secretary Houston said that the negotiations had reached the point of a general understanding, but details remain to be worked out. The questions of interest rates and form of long-time bonds which might be adopted were yet to be decided.

"The Victory Liberty Loan act," said Mr. Houston, "provides that obligations of foreign Governments acquired by virtue of the provisions of the first Liberty Bond act or through the conversion of short-time notes acquired under that act shall mature not later than June 15, 1947, and that all others shall mature not later than Oct. 15, 1938. I am of the opinion that, if they so desire, the respective foreign governments should have the benefit of the full period thus permitted. The long-time obligations should, I believe, contain a provision for a moderate sinking fund, the first payment on which should be made at a reasonably early date."

The Secretary also said that the United States should have the right to use obligations held by it in settlement of war claims against the United States.

"The obligations should contain suitable provision for their conversion into bonds of small denominations or for their payment at the option of the obligator, in lieu of such conversion," the Secretary went on. "To prevent or curtail gold exports from the United States they should contain an agreement by the debtor Government to offer demand drafts, payable in its currency at a figure to be fixed, substantially the gold export point, and to apply the proceeds to deferred interest and then to principal, payments to be adjusted accordingly. Sinking fund payments should be provided to be made in gold coin of the United States or in the currency of the debtor Government at the par of exchange, if the holder shall so request.

Actual exchange of the securities will not be made at the coming conference, the Secretary added. The documents of the agreement will probably be drawn up for presentation to the contracting Governments before transfer of the securities is made.

COST OF FUEL CONTROL.

Total Spent Was $4,824,681—Fifty-two Served for $1 a Year.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The total cost of fuel control to the Federal Government during the war was $4,824,681, according to the final report of the business manager of the Fuel Administration, made public here today. This sum represents all expenditures, national and local, by the Fuel Administration from its organization in September, 1917, to June 30, 1919, when the administration virtually was disbanded.

Appropriations made for fuel control totaled $5,813,814 and Lawrence Mitchell, assistant business manager, who prepared the report, said there was a balance of $909,137 on hand on June 30 last year.

Expenditures by the headquarters in Washington were placed at $2,706,479 and by the States at $1,948,618. By far the largest sum was spent in New York State, the total being $212,012, while in New York City $51,675 was spent. Pennsylvania was the second State in the list of expenditures with $84,023, while Illinois was third with $66,849. The New England States as a whole the cost was $99,812.

The report shows that there were fifty-two dollar-a-year men in the Fuel Administration, of these including Dr. Harry A. Garfield, the administrator; J. D. A. Morrow, Rembrandt Peale, John P. White, Timothy Healy, F. M. Whitaker, Pierrepont B. Noyes, Mark L. Requa and Alfred M. Ogle.

The highest salary on a yearly basis listed in the report is $8,600.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Prices Little Changed at London, Quiet at Paris.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—Old 3½ per cent. consols, unchanged at 44¼; British 5 per cent. war loan, ¾ point higher at 82; 4½ per cent. war loan, unchanged at 77.

Rand Mines, unchanged at 2½; De Beers Mining, ¾ higher at 13.

PARIS, Dec. 29.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 2 centimes lower at 57 francs 85 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, unchanged at 85 francs 20 centimes.

Exchange on London, 30 centimes lower at 60 francs 10 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 17 francs 13½ centimes, against 17 francs 21 centimes yesterday.

MORE ANTI-TRUST SUITS.

Palmer's Assistant Predicts an Increase of 50 Per Cent.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—A 50 per cent. increase in prosecutions under the anti-trust laws is expected by the Department of Justice during the next year, Frank Nebeker, assistant to the Attorney General, has told the House Appropriations Committee.

"There was a cessation of prosecutions under this act during the war," Mr. Nebeker said, "and a great many cases that were thought to be good ones under the act were held more or less in abeyance."

Levy Heads D. & R. G. Bond Committee

Jeffersen M. Levy, Chairman of the Denver & Rio Grande Stockholders Committee, was made Chairman of a committee of first and refunding mortgage bonds of the same railroad formed yesterday, following a meeting at 34 Nassau Street. At the meeting some $500,000 par of the bonds were represented. It was asserted that earnings of the Denver & Rio Grande are more than enough to pay the interest on the bonds which, under the proposal of Western Pacific interests, were to be sealed down and accept 50 per cent. in preferred stock of a new company.

McAdoo Going to California.

It was denied yesterday at the office of William G. McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury, that he was going to Mexico in connection with the return of Mexican railroads from Government to private operation, as reported in several Mexico City newspapers on Tuesday. It was stated that Mr. McAdoo would start today for a thirty-day vacation with his family in California.

Export Total for First Six Months of Crop Year May Reach 202,000,000 Bushels.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 29.—Prospects of a marked improvement in the milling demand for wheat, as indicated by a better call for flour reported by Indiana, Ohio, Kansas and Texas mills, combined with an oversold condition and liberal buying to remove hedges against export sales, made an active and higher market, the close being about the top, with net gains of 3½ cents. Corn was up 1½@2 cents; oats, ½@1½ cents; rye, 2½@3½ cents and barley, ½ cent.

The general run of news affecting wheat was decidedly more favorable to holders. Local house that usually act for the Royal Commission were good buyers of March wheat, and were mainly responsible for the upturn from $1.62 to $1.65, above which figure general covering by shorts developed. Export sales of 600,000 bushels hard Winters were confirmed via the Gulf, and rumors were current after the close that well over 1,000,000 bushels had been sold, although this probably included 300,000 bushels Canadian sold in the shape of flour to Greece, and 50,000 bushels low-grade Spring from Minneapolis to the Gulf. There is no great pressure of cash wheat in any of the leading markets.

The trade is more disposed to regard the prospective better flour demand as the dominating influence in wheat, rather than the export call, although the fact that the latter continues brisk during the holiday season is very significant. December at Chicago would become very tight were there any large buying, as stocks of contract in store are relatively small and can be sold on track at better than a delivery basis.

There will be big export clearances via the Gulf early in January, as thirty-one vessels have arrived at Galveston to take out over 5,000,000 bushels, and a number of vessels are due at New Orleans. All reports indicate that December clearances of wheat and flour from the United States will aggregate around 8,000,000 bushels, which would swell the total for the first six months of the crop year to 202,000,000 bushels, compared with 118,000,000 bushels last year, the total being the largest on record.

While Northwestern mills continue to buy Canadian wheat freely, about one-half of the arrivals at Minneapolis being from Canada, it was regarded as significant that the Minneapolis May should be at a premium over Chicago, although the latter is well out of line as far as drawing hard Winters from the Southwest is concerned.

There is a story around to the effect that a large New York speculator is heavily short of wheat here and may be forced to cover. He is credited with having been a big buyer of May and seller of July corn for several days. The leading cash and elevator interest sold May corn heavily all day and also bought December outright. Export sales of corn today were 64,000 bushels from St. Louis to New Orleans and 50,000 from Indianapolis to Baltimore.

So far this week primary receipts of wheat have been 3 263 000 bushels compared with 3,712,000 the past week and 3 928,000 last year. Shipments were 2,062,000 bushels against 1,851,000 last week and 1,991,000 last year.

Arrivals of corn were 3,365,000 bushels against 2,600 000 last week and 3 356,000 last year. Shipments of 1,101,000 bushels compared with 922,000 last week and 1,752 000 last year.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	$1.70	$1.64½	$1.69½	$1.65⅛
March	1.66⅜	1.61⅛	1.66⅛	1.62⅜
May	1.61⅜	1.56⅜	1.61¼	1.57⅛

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
December	74¾	70	73	71¾	1.42
May	75	73½	75	73⅛	1.32⅜
July	75¼	73⅜	75¼	73¼	1.30⅝

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
December	47⅜	46	46	45¼	85
May	49⅜	48⅝	49⅜	48⅜	88¾
July	45⅜	47⅛	47⅜	47⅛	76⅝

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
December	1.62¼	1.50½	1.59	1.50	1.43
May	1.43⅝	1.30¼	1.43	1.38⅝	1.32½

PROVISIONS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
Lard— Jan.	12.72	12.57	12.72	12.77	23.55
May	13.32	13.07	13.07	13.15	24.62
Ribs— Jan.	11.40	11.20	10.75	11.32	19.00
May	12.12	11.92	11.92	12.02	19.72
Pork— Jan.	23.20	22.75	23.20	23.00	..

CROP WEATHER WORSE.

Past Week Adverse to New Crops and to Harvests.

The Government's weekly bulletin of conditions in the crop belt was as follows:

Owing to the generally unfavorable weather for outdoor work, corn harvest, where not completed, made slow progress. This work has been completed, however, in many locations and is well along generally. Very little progress was made in gathering the unharvested cotton on account of continued wet weather in the northeastern section of the belt and temperature too low for outdoor work in the northwestern portion. Considerable low grade cotton is still in the fields in Texas.

Alternate freezing and thawing during part of the week was rather unfavorable for Winter wheat in some localities in the Ohio Valley and Middle Atlantic States, but no extensive damage was reported from this cause. At the close of the week grain fields were covered with snow in the Northern Great Plains, the Lower Missouri and Middle and Upper Mississippi Valleys and in the Great Lakes section. Wheat continued in good condition in practically all sections of the country, although the cold weather in the southern portion of the belt was unfavorable for further growth. No material damage was reported as a result of the low temperatures in the western part of the Winter wheat belt, although considerable areas were devoid of snow cover during much of the week. Winter oats continued to make fairly satisfactory progress.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.Weather forecast: N. C., S. C. and Ga.—Fair Thurs. and Fri., somewhat warmer Thurs.

Fla.—Fair Thurs. and Fri., with slowly rising temp.

Extreme N. W., Fla., Ala. and Miss.—Fair, warmer Thurs. Fri. increasing cloudiness.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair, somewhat warmer Thurs. Fri., increasing cloudiness.

Ohio. and Ind.—Partly cloudy Thurs. and Fri.; little change in temp.

Lower Mich.—Cloudy Thurs. and Fri., probably snow in n.; not much change in temp.

Upper Mich.—Cloudy Thurs. Fri., unsettled; not much change in temp.

Ill.—Fair Thurs. and probably Fri; not much change in temp.

Mo., Kan., Neb., Wis. and Iowa—Fair, Thurs. and probably Fri.; not much change in temp.

Minn.—Partly cloudy Thurs. and Fri.; not much change in temp.

N. Dak.—Unsettled Thurs. and Fri.; not much change in temp.

Mont.—Unsettled Thurs. and Fri., probably s. in w. of the Divide; colder Fri.

Wyo.—Fair Thurs. and Fri., except probably rain or snow in extreme n. w.; colder Fri. & s.

IN EXPORT MARKET

Their Stuffs for Overseas in 11 Months Show Gain in Quantity and Dollars.

WHEAT AT HEAD OF THE LIST

Less Cotton in 1920 Brought More Money Than the Larger Shipments of 1919.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce compiled statistical data which give the amount and value of American exports of cotton, breadstuffs, mineral oils and meat and dairy products for the eleven months that ended Nov. 30 last, as well as the figures for the corresponding period in 1919. The facts disclosed are of considerable interest, in view of farmer legislation pending or waiting the action of President Wilson. One of the congressional resolutions now in the hands of the President directs the Secretary of the Treasury to revive the War Finance Corporation, in the expectation that the corporation could finance increased exportations of American farm and other products.

The department's table shows that in November, 1919, there were exported 15,116,167 bushels of wheat, which sold for $35,808,444, while in November of this year there were exported 28,085,147 bushels, the price paid being $67,979,491.

In the first eleven months of 1919 there were exported 138,563,734 bushels, which sold for $333,891,716, and in the corresponding period of the present year the amount was 192,335,911 bushels, and the price paid was $535,431,098.

The amount of cotton exported in November of last year was 924,751 bales, which sold for $181,309,272, while in November of this year the number of bales exported was 683,233, and the price paid was $91,138,373.

The figures for the first eleven months of 1920 include 1,484,228 bushels of barley, sold for $2,115,415, a decrease of this year 1,452,794 bushels were exported, the price paid being $3,141,211.

In the first eleven months of 1919 37,171,941 bushels of barley were exported and the price paid was $38,-806,601, while in the corresponding period of this year 16,334,076 bushels have been exported, the price being $24,-176,201.

The exports of corn in November, 1919, amounted to 961,650 bushels and the price paid was $1,456,986, while in November of this year they amounted to 1,829,896 bushels and the price paid was $2,229,359. For the 1919 eleven months period 9,866,544 bushels, which sold for $16,238,608, were exported and in the corresponding period this year 14,726,833 bushels and $23,142,205, the price.

In November, 1919, meat and dairy products exported were valued at $40,-748,198; in November this year the value of such exports was $38,211,997.

In November, 1919, the mineral oil exports totaled 262,617,800 gallons, valued at $32,571,042, while for November of this year the totals are 246,961,661 gallons for $47,322,782. The figures for the eleven months period in 1919 are 2,-243,158,296 gallons valued at $310,446,377, the totals for the 1920 period are 2,-780,336,611 gallons, valued at $463,927,668.

The value of breadstuffs of all kinds exported in November, 1919, was $71,-771,969; in November, this year, $99,-777,094. The figures for the eleven months period were $864,525,968 in 1919 and $982,852,257 in 1920.

LAUNCH 2 TEBO YARD SHIPS.

Mrs. W. E. Ogilvie and Miss Natalie Mae Todd Name Vessels.

The oil tanker Ogilvie was launched yesterday at the Tebo Yacht Basin, South Brooklyn, for the Sinclair Navigation Company and was named by Mrs. Walter B. Ogilvie, wife of the President of the Havana Marine Railways. The launching was witnessed by 2,000 employes of the yard and the steamship company.

A few minutes later the steamboat Natalie Mae was launched and named by Miss Natalie Mae Todd, daughter of William H. Todd, the President of the Todd Shipyards Corporation. Twenty vessels have been launched at the Tebo yard since active construction work commenced there two years ago.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 29.—Fifty-nine new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $3,979,500, were chartered today. They include:

Delano Coal Co., Manhattan, 3,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $15,000; F. W. Cameron, C. Miller, C. M. Schwerin, 50 East 42d St.

Twentieth Century Clothes Shop, Manhattan, $50,000; I. Greenberg, S. Backer, M. M. Eldind, 1,819 Madison Av.

Mack Transportation Co., Brooklyn, general trucking, $10,600; S. and H. S. Zerlin, W. Rosenfeld, 527 5th St., Brooklyn.

Samson Garage, Manhattan, $12,000; J. Goodman, M. Jacobwitz, B. Green, 2174 East 7th St.

Sterling Cooper Corp., Manhattan, advertising, $150,000; G. M. Whittlesey, I. V. Macleod, J. B. Ling, 170 Madison Av.

A. E. Munyer Electrotype Co., Brooklyn, $15,000; E. and S. E. and A. E. Munyer, 527 5th St., Brooklyn.

B. and C. Corp., Manhattan, merchandise, $100,000; H. O. Pierson, V. J. Foley, M. Roob, 167 Sumner Av., Brooklyn.

L. Shafarman, Manhattan, merchandise, $50,000; A. Landon, M. F. Melchter, I. Weissberger, 2,000 Avenue L, Brooklyn.

Steinburg Housing Corp., boughkeepsie, $25,000; J. Pick, R. and A. Steinberg, Poughkeepsie.

Gurney Security Paper Co., Brooklyn, $30,000; E. L. Collier, P. S. and T. N. Gurney, 415 Clinton Av., Brooklyn.

Silverman & Schlesinger, Manhattan, women's apparel, $100,000; L. Brown, A. Silverman, S. Schlesinger, 4,507 12th Av., Brooklyn.

Welsch's Individual Wet Wash Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; F. A. J. and G. Wallach, 1,820 East 12th St., Brooklyn.

Twain Advertising Agency, Manhattan, $7,500; N. Twain and A. Goldstein, S. Zetlin, 1,042 East 14th St., Brooklyn.

Jackson Co.; Rome, $150,000; L. S. Kingsley, S. B. Stevens, H. W. McGuigan, Rome.

Baldwin Machine Co., Manhattan, export and import, 100 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 400 common, no par value; active capital, $12,000; J. T. Bush, C. E. Hoffman, C. E. Pentyman, 49 Wall St.

J. Siegel & Sons, Manhattan, tobacconists, $100,000; A. and D. and S. Siegel, 1,615 2d Av.

D niel Maschler, Manhattan, men's furnishings, $10,000; G. Feinberg, S. H. Reis, L. Kahn, 217 Havemeyer St., Brooklyn.

Dixie Excelsior Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; M. Von Wertaur, B. M. Fischer, J. F. Van Etta, 110 West 40th St.

Premier Stationery Co., Manhattan, $15,000; J. Dainoff, F. Puchol, G. Berkman, 40 Stuyvesant St.

Porto Rico Paper and Supply Co., Manhattan, $8,000; J. Villamil, F. Spiro, N. Goodman, 135 Broadway.

Patrion Corp., Utica, merchandise, $30,000; S. F. Sherman, G. E. Dunham, J. F. Day, Utica.

Henn, Vandenberg & Co., Manhattan, ship chandlers, $25,000; A. Henn, J. Gilleepie, E. C. Hindler, 558 Glenmore Sta., Brooklyn.

Burt Amy Mfg. Co., Manhattan, polishers, $50,000; T. L. Williams, U. S. Lawrence, R. R. Burt, 100 West 142d St.

Dominant Products Co., Manhattan, oils, $25,000; E. Moore, Osborne, D. D. MacLean, 609 West 178th St.

Ariston Liquidating Corp., Manhattan, stocks and bonds, $20,000; J. M. Richards, L. B. Holmes, W. C. Dubois, 340A Decatur St., Brooklyn.

Four Garage, Brooklyn, $24,000; A. Mangieri, V. Salli, A. Mastelli, 2,138 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn.

S. Wishnack, Manhattan, make women's garments, $20,000; W. and K. and S. Wishnack, 118 West 27th St.

Kennard Spitz, Manhattan, stock brokers, $10,000; E. Dashnew, A. Spitz, T. Konrad, 52 West 75th St.

American Silk Yarn Co., Manhattan, $30,000; D. Hirschfeld, P. Kent, S. Blumenthal, 1,638 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

Horn & Weissman, Manhattan, clothing, $10,000; M. Horn, J. Weissman, J. Feder, 208 Elridge St.

House Bros., Rochester, beverages, $25,000; M. and J. and M. Lewis, Rochester.

Valentine Dress Co., Manhattan, $6,000; W. K. Solomon, N. Kopf, A. H. Goodman, 1,482 Broadway.

Herman & Brokaw, Manhattan, stationers and printers, $60,000; P. and N. M. Herman, M. Brokaw, 102 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn.

Smith-Lowe Electric Corp., Buffalo, contracting, $100,000; C. A. and C. Smith, L. E. Lowe, Kenmore.

Daland & Co., Manhattan, make soaps and perfumes, $50,000; M. Hedrick, F. C. Schultz, J. A. Clark, 418 Central Park West.

Judge Milling and Baking Corp., Manhattan, $250,000; N. C. Hasan, H. Danelson, C. H. Levitt, 15 Park Row.

J. E. Haetten & Co., Manhattan, make machines, &c., $10,000; J. C. and L. J. Schmidt, J. E. Haetten, 200 Broadway.

Laundry Age Publishing Co., Manhattan, $10,000; R. Tauszine, M. L. Krulewitch, P. Booth, 61 Broadway.

E. and B. Realty Co., Manhattan, $20,000; J. Ehrlich, R. and M. Bienenstock, 113 West 102d St.

J. Greenberg & Co., Manhattan, women's cloaks, $200,000; A. and E. I. and H. Greenberg, 258 West 126th St.

Black Rock Foundry Corp., Buffalo, pattern makers, $50,000; G. A. Gage, E. Hazmair, G. Bork, Buffalo.

F. Benjamin Co., Manhattan, operate department in department stores, $10,000; B. Felsenthal, L. Cohen, V. E. Wolf, 12 West 32d St.

I. Corsons Co., Manhattan, hosiery, $75,000; I. and L. F. Corsons, C. Lohr, 86 Franklin St.

Julius Wolf & Co., Bronx, autos, $10,000; I. Adler, I. Oppenheimer, J. Weil, 839 East 169th St.

570 West 136th St. Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; J. H. Samuels, S. J. Kantor, C. Stone, 118 Madison Av.

Allan Publishing Co., Manhattan, $20,000; J. F. O'Dell, Joseph L. Hochmad, F. Rosenwaik, 233 Broadway.

Jay Cee Paper and Sample Case Co., Manhattan, $37,500; D. Aaronson, L. Epstein, M. Friedlander, 1,328 Broadway.

Adolph Kahn & Son, Brooklyn, contracting in painting and electrical work, $5,000; J. L. Kahn, 1,210 Herkimer St., Brooklyn.

Z. Z. Publishing Co., Manhattan, 250 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 2,000 common, no par value; active capital, $35,000; I. G. Deitrich, 2 E. Sanguinetta, C. F. Zittal, 1,641 Broadway.

Brownsville and East New York Cooperative Coal and Ice Assn., Brooklyn, $50,000;

Tenant Buys Buildings on Grand St.; $100,000 Lower East Side Warehouse Deal.

Trading in the realty market suffered somewhat of a slump yesterday when several important deals that have been pending for a week or more failed to materialize.

What little activity there was centred in lofts and small business properties, for which the demand continues good by both operators and investors.

In the downtown business section the estate of Eugene A. Hoffman sold to Richard Elliott, operator, the two five-story loft buildings on a plot 99 by 175.9 feet, at 120 and 122 Chambers Street, extending through to 50 and 52 Warren Street, and a five-story building at 54 Warren Street, 25 by 100.2. The estate has been asking $375,000 for the property, which one time formed part of the old Trinity Church farm. Spear & Co. negotiated the sale.

Tenant Buys on Grand Street.

Wright Barclay, Inc., sold for Fannie M. Constable 537 Grand Street, a four-story commercial building, on a lot 25 by 100 feet, and for James L. Barclay 539 Grand Street, a similar building, also on a lot 25 by 100. These properties have not been transferred for more than seventy-five years, and the present purchaser has been a tenant in 537 Grand Street for some years past and who will continue to occupy same.

Commercial Leases.

Charles E. Van Valen, Inc., has leased for the Nolan Realty Corporation the larger part of the eighth floor of 51-53 Maiden Lane to the insurance brokerage firm of Stanford Hine & Fish, Inc. The lease is for five years at an aggregate rental of $40,000. In this same building the rear of the sixth floor was leased to Earl C. Smith, Inc., insurance agency, for five years at a rental of $25,000.

M. & L. Fiers, Inc., leased the store and basement at 329-331 Fourth Avenue to Oniobe Brothers, silk merchants, for a term of years at an aggregate rental of about $60,000.

Tankoos, Smith & Co. have leased for the Grand-Allen Holding Corporation for a term of years, at a rental aggregating $20,000, the store at the northeast corner of Grand and Allen Streets to the United Cigar Stores Company.

The Hagerstrom-Callen Company has leased the store at 1,981 Broadway, northwest corner of Sixty-ninth Street, for William H. May & Co., to William J. Gannon for automobile accessories.

Trading in Tenements.

Goodwin & Goodwin, Inc., sold to an investing client the five-story store and apartment building at 1,038 Broadway, southeast corner Sixty-fifth Street. The new owner will spend $90,000 in improvements.

The Richard James Realty Corporation sold to the Olliv Realty Company the two five-story apartments at 34 and 36 St. Nicholas Place, on a plot 70 by 100. The Staples Holding Corporation sold to Cora F. Mellick the five-story apartment at 156 East Seventy-second Street, a plot 50.6 by 102.2.

Frances L. Jersey sold to Florence A. Acker the five-story flat at 329 West Forty-fourth Street, 25 by 100.5.

Harris Shidlovsky sold to James Ferguson the five-story tenement at 33 Henry Street, 23 by 87.6.

Rein & Co. sold for Twinboro Corporation of Flushing the five-story tenement, 464 East 123d Street, 33.4 by 100, to Frank A. Hower of New York City.

Two Garage Deals.

Pease & Elliman sold for the estate of John W. Sterling to James Cox Brady the two-story twenty-five-foot garage at 79 East Seventy-seventh Street adjoining the northwest corner of Park Avenue.

The two-story garage at 156 West Fifty-sixth Street, on a lot 25 by 100, has been sold by George S. Rush for George M. Shaffers. It was held at $50,000.

New Factory for Long Island City.

The Bomax-Callman Company sold for Elisabeth Graesser a plot containing 7,500 square feet on the east side of Fifty-first Avenue, adjoining the Queensboro Bridge Plaza, in Long Island City. The purchaser will immediately proceed with the construction of a two-story factory building for their own occupancy from plans already prepared.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

COLT-STRATTON COMPANY, INC.
CERTIFIED COPY OF RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS TO CHANGE THE NAME OF THE CORPORATION TO STRATTON-BLISS COMPANY, INC.

We, the undersigned President and Secretary of COLT-STRATTON COMPANY, INC., do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of a resolution, and of the whole thereof, passed by the unanimous vote of the stockholders of said corporation, at a special meeting thereof held on December 23d, 1920:

"RESOLVED, That the name of the corporation be changed from the COLT-STRATTON COMPANY, INC., to STRATTON-BLISS COMPANY, INC."

Dated, New York City, N. Y., December 31, 1920.

HARRY L. STRATTON, President.
THEODORE H. BRIDGMAN, Secretary.

State of New York, City of New York, County of New York, ss.:

HARRY L. STRATTON and THEODORE H. BRIDGMAN, being both duly sworn, respectively, each for himself, deposes and says, that he, the said HARRY L. STRATTON is the President of, and he, the said THEODORE H. BRIDGMAN, is the Secretary of the Colt-Stratton Company, Inc.; that he has read the foregoing certificate and knows the contents thereof, and that the same is true of his own knowledge.

HARRY L. STRATTON, President.
THEODORE H. BRIDGMAN, Secretary.

Sworn to before me this 31st day of December, 1920.

THERESA C. FISCHER,
Notary Public, New York County, New York County Clerk's No. 58, New York County Register's No. 2131. Certificate filed in Kings Co., Clerk's No. 87, Register's No. 2059; Bronx Co., Clerk's No. 3, Register's No. 2228. Commission expires March 30, 1922.

State of New York, City of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 23d day of December, 1920, before me personally came HARRY L. STRATTON and THEODORE H. BRIDGMAN, to me known and known to me to be, respectively, President and Secretary of COLT-STRATTON COMPANY, INC., and to be the individuals who executed the foregoing instrument, and they duly severally acknowledged that they executed the same.

THERESA C. FISCHER,
Notary Public, New York County, New York County Clerk's No. 58; New York County Register's No. 2131. Certificate filed in Kings Co., Clerk's No. 87, Register's No. 2059; Bronx Co., Clerk's No. 3, Register's No. 2228. Commission expires March 30, 1922.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ACHILLE PETTAS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shlossman, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, January 6, 1921, by order of the Court, at 2:30 P. M., at 63 Washington Street, Borough of Manhattan, stocks of the above bankrupt, consisting of gents' furnishings, hosiery, etc.

PHINEAS LEWINSON, Receiver.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 220 Broadway, New York.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
Corner Building
near Bleecker & Lafayette Streets
6 Stories
Equipped for manufacturing and meets every factory requirement
Possession Feb. 1, 1921
PRICE $85,000
Good terms
Owner might rent for $8,500 Net to one tenant
CHAS. F. NOYES CO.
118 William Street Phone John 2000

Light Manufacturing
LOFT
92x92 Feet
220 West 19th St.
4 Sides—LIGHT—*4 Sides*
Immediate Possession
E. S. WILLARD & CO.
BROKERS PROTECTED.
52 William St. Tel. 5989 Hanover

IDEAL FOR A COUPLE
or small family, cosy, artistic six-room home, just completed, at fully developed, highly restricted Colonial Heights; novel features installed to solve housekeeping problem without maid; near depot, 30 minutes to Grand Central; not much cash required. See this before deciding. L. H. Tasker, Tribune Building. Beekman 4500.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

DOUGLAS MANOR
To Lease Furnished
5 room house, steam heated, 3 baths, porches; garage; large plot $135 per month. 21 minutes to Pennsylvania Long Island station by electric trains.

220 B'way, New York City. Cort. 8289.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Just off 5th Ave.
5 E. 38th—6 E. 39th
"Craftsman Building"
Running through from Street to Street
Entire 6th Floor
About 6,000 Sq. Ft.
or Half Floor, 3,000 Sq. Ft.
Most modern 12-story fireproof structure, 2 passenger, 2 freight elevators. 100% sprinkler system, all latest improvements. Will rent $2.50 a square foot.
Immediate Possession
Or Feb. 1, 1921.
NO MANUFACTURING
FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS
DANIEL H. JACKSON
135 Broadway. Rector 3569.

OFFICE SPACE AVAILABLE NOW!
In new Marlin-Rockwell Building; 1103 sq. feet; 5 outside windows; close to Grand Central. Inspection at any time.
American Foundry Equipment Co.
Lessee,
366 Madison Ave., Room 504

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Make Your Rent Income Work!
Get that money you need by converting your rent income into my cash. Reasonable terms, no "red tape" and absolutely confidential relations. Tel. Watkins 2250.

100 Fifth Avenue, New York.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Arthur C. Sheridan, Auct
Arthur C. Sheridan, Inc., will sell at
EXECUTOR'S AUCTION TO-NIGHT
at 8:15 at Hickory Hotel, Lakewood, N. J.
60 LOTS
on Ocean Av., Congress and Bruce Sts.
LAKEWOOD
NEW JERSEY
Sold in residential plots of 60x120. Property one block from Lakewood Station and sold on very
EASY TERMS
Maps from BRICE M. LARRABEE, Esq., 15 Lexington Av., Lakewood, N. J., or Auctioneer's Offices, 138 Broadway, New York.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

TO LET
TWO LOFTS
30x107 EACH
AT
78 FIFTH AVE.
RENTS VERY REASONABLE
FREDERICK BROWN
(Or your own broker)
217 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Telephone 4923 Barclay

TO RENT
ENTIRE
FOURTH FLOOR
Beautiful
GORHAM Building
386 390
FIFTH AVE.
Southwest Corner 36th St.
Telephone Worth 248

OFFICES and SHOW-ROOMS
$60 PER MONTH AND UP
Light, Heat and Service Included
Possession Now and Feb. 1
GABAY BUILDING
30-32 East 20th St.

OFFICES FOR RENT
42D ST.—FIFTH AVE.
$35 Per Month Upwards
Large, Small, Single, Suites.
WALTER J. SALMON
17 WEST 42ND ST.
Telephone Vanderbilt 47.

Lofts, Offices, Showrooms
IN ALL SECTIONS OF CITY.
3,000 feet loft, $1,950.
28,000 feet, may divide, $25,000. Heavy Mfg.
2,500 feet office or showroom, $6,000.
Many Others at Varying Prices.
JOHN W. PARIS, INC.
141 West 36th St. Telephone Fitzroy 6604

OFFICES
Immediate Possession
Putnam Bldg. Times
N. Y. Theatre Bldg. Square
See Supt. or
THEO. C. YOUNG, Agent
16 E. 42nd St. M. H. 8500.

153 West 15th Street
LOFT
8,000 feet, one floor, $6,500. Exceptionally light, 2 electric elevators. Possession Feb. 1st. Inquire on premises or Greenstein, 206 West 29th Street. Watkins 9316.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FACTORIES
Any Size Anywhere
For Sale or to Lease
NEW LISTINGS SOLICITED
Business Established 1796
GAILLARD REALTY CO.
49 WILLIAM ST. TEL. 1998 JOHN

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET

It is cheaper to own your apartment than to pay rent. Investigate
Jackson Heights
4, 5 and 6 Rooms
New Garden Apartments
Unusual neighborhood advantages. On Co-operative Plan.
Moderate Price—Liberal Terms.
Social and Business References Required.
THE
Queensboro Corporation
50 E. 42d St., Manhattan.
Corner Madison Ave.
Send for Views and Details

TO SUBLET
1,600 to 2,900 Square Feet of OFFICE AND SHOWROOM SPACE
on the 8th floor of Spingler Building.
5-7-9 Union Square West.
Three years' lease; immediate possession; low rental.
Apply H. DANIELSON on premises, or your Broker.

STORE
With Balcony and Basement
96 FIFTH AVE. Corner 18th Street
Best location in New York for bank or wholesale business; accessible from anywhere. Low Rental. Immediate possession.
W. J. HADLEY,
15 East 40th St. Phone Murray Hill 892.

125 East 72d St.
MODERN 14-STORY APT.
6 Rooms
THE WYOMING
S.E. cor. 55th & 7th Av.
MODERN 12-STORY APT.
8 Rooms
$4,000 per annum
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
Julius Tishman & Sons, Inc.
15 East 41st St. Tel. Vanderbilt 1977

152 W. 72d St.
JUST COMPLETED
1-2-3 ROOMS & BATH
$1,050—$2,100
E. K. VAN WINKLE
Agent
On Premises Columbus 4077

1-3-4-5
Rooms, with Bath and
KITCHENS
New Elevator Apartment House Just Finished
134 West 75th Street.
Agent on Premises

THE MENTROSE
55-63 WEST 110TH STREET
High Class Elevator Building Facing Central Park
6 ROOMS; RENT $1,620.
Hardwood floors throughout, plenty of closets; all improvements; subway, buses and cars all convenient. Apply on premises.

117 West 58th St.
Hotel Sevillia
12-Story Fireproof Building
4 Fine Suites
2-3-4 ROOMS
AND BATH, JUST COMPLETED, SEVERAL FURNISHED
Exceptionally Low Rentals
Excellent Restaurant. Maid service
Apply on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS
JUST COMPLETED
The Wheeler & Van Inn
559-565 W. 188th St.
Near 191st Subway Station
5th Ave. Bus Passes Property
4 ROOMS, $100
Rental Representative on Premises.
F. J. McMAHON CO., Agents
1435 St. Nicholas Av., corner 185nd St.
Phone Wadsworth 8916

6-7 Room Apartments
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
All Outside Rooms, Unusual Closet Space; Elevator; Hall Attendants, Etc.
Rents $1,700 Up
220 West 107th St.
Near Broadway.
Superintendent on premises.

JUST COMPLETED
186 Riverside Drive
Between 90th and 91st Sts.
1 AND 2-ROOMS WITH TILE BATHS
Wonderfully large; maid service if desired; gas for light housekeeping; unobstructed view of the river; subway, buses and Broadway cars all convenient. Rents $1,650-$2,500. Representative on premises; open 10 to 4.
WOOD, DOLSON CO., 80 St. & B'way. Tel. Schuyler 1140.

110 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
CORNER 83D ST.
Immediate Possession
9 ROOMS AND 3 BATHS
Southern Exposure
E. K. VAN WINKLE, Agent.
132 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

600 WEST 161st St.
6 ROOMS AND FOYER
2 BATHS, FIREPROOF
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920
INQUIRE MELROSE 4982

Unfurnished—Bronx.

NEW BUILDING
Ready for Occupancy
APARTMENTS OF
3-4-5 Rooms
Block Front, Concourse, 171st-172d Sts.
All Modern Improvements.
2 Blocks East of 170th St.
6th and 9th Ave. L Sts.
Lexington & Jerome Ave. Subway at 170th St.
Reasonable Rentals.
Agent on Premises.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS
3 and 5-Room Complete Apartments.
Beautiful water view; 5 minutes to Wall St.
G. GIRARD, 218 Montague St.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

Belgrave Block
Madison Av., 49th to 50th St.
2 and 3 Room
APARTMENTS
Rents $900 to $1,500
(with service, if desired)
Cruikshank Company.
1st Broadway Rector 4100.
Worthington Whitehouse, Inc., on premises
446 Madison Av. Plaza 8000.

1229 PARK AVE.
SOUTHEAST CORNER 90TH ST.
High-Class Elevator Apartments.
Seven and eight rooms, two baths.
Apply to Superintendent or A. HALPERN, 135 East 116th St. Tel. Harlem 1218.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

AT REASONABLE RATES
FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES.
LARGE AND SMALL AMOUNTS.
CLAWSON & HOBBS, 132 WEST 72D ST.

FOR short terms; prefer small properties; good locations. I. Schwadron, 320 B'way.

Mortgage Loans Wanted.

WANT $4,500 first mortgage on good Woodhaven, Queens, dwelling. Sharum, 170 B'way.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

SALE or Rent—New, up-to-date dwelling, 7 rooms, 2 tiled baths, open fireplace, sleeping porch, large enclosed sun parlor, perfect appointments; all improvements; large plot; high-class surroundings; about 30 minutes' auto; splendid transit, near station and schools; immediate possession; $150 per month. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 789.

FOR SALE, new Colonial house at Fanwood, N. J.; 7 rooms; all modern impts.; steam heat, gas and electric; owner leaving town; price $7,500, only $3,000 cash; easy commutation to Newark or New York. P. O. Box 888, Albany, N. Y.

FOR RENT—Modern eight-room house, four bedrooms, foyer hall, butler's pantry, all conveniences; in beautiful section of Tenafly; large grounds; $100 a month. W 116 Times.

RIDGEFIELD PARK—Times Square 30 minutes; shingle house, built 3 years; 8 rooms, all improvements; $5,500. Bryant 9325.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

HOTEL wanted, what can you offer? Desire good proposition that can be taken over now if possible. X 361 Times.

CASH paid for property threatened with foreclosure. Details? "Quick." 977 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

100x100, VACANT; 136th St., near Riverside Drive; equity $37,500; consider city or country property. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

BLEECKER ST.—3,000 square feet; $1,050; office and show room, 2,000 square feet, $6,000; exceptionally good light on three sides; many other lofts and office bargains, any size, all sections of the city. Department A, John W. Paris & Son, Inc., 141 West 36th. Phone Fitzroy 6604.

42D ST., 511 AND 513 WEST.
Modern eight-story building, high ceilings.
LOFTS 50x100; TWO ELEVATORS.
Seventh Loft, $4,000. Possession Feby. 1.
Sixth Loft, $3,000. Possession May 1.
M. M. HAYWARD & CO., 2,040 Broadway.

OFFICE SPACE.
440 square feet; 6th floor, modern office building, corner Broadway, 26th Ave. and 22d St.; excellent light and service; immediate possession, long lease. Inquire Room 518, Flatiron Building, or 6th floor, 12 East 47th.

25TH.
25x90, in good business section near Broadway and Spring St.; possession Feb. 1; 100% sprinkler, heat. Lester J. Robinson & Co., Inc., 194 Rogers Av., Brooklyn. Prospect 9400.

52 WEST 38TH ST.
(Between 5th-6th Avs.)—Five-story store and loft building, 20x90; possession at once; alterations to suit tenants; moderate rent; long lease.
J. ARTHUR FISCHER, 699 6TH AV.

IMMEDIATE possession, a beautiful office and showroom, 500 feet on 5th Av., fully equipped wonderful fixtures, furniture, also telephone suitable for dress, waist, or cloak jobber; reasonable rent. Longacre 5420. Mr. Brown.

31 WARREN ST.
Immediate possession, four upper floors, 25x75; building completely reconstructed, elevator, &c.; will rent long term, together or separately. E. E. Ittleson, 180 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 567, or your own broker.

LOFTS, 3,000 to 7,000 square feet, 14th to 35th Sts., west side; fireproof buildings, 100% sprinkler; light all sides; 5c. and up. Henry L. Nielsen Offices, 154 Nassau St. Beekman 8116.

ELEGANT OFFICE SPACE.
ROOM 307, 5 BEEKMAN ST.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

940 Park Ave.
CORNER 81ST ST.
Modern fireproof apartments ready for occupancy. 7 rooms, 2 baths, $2,900, one left; 8 rooms, bath, $1,700, one left; 9 rooms, bath, one left, $2,600. All housekeeping apartments.
Apply for Rental on Premises.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SUBLEASE 10,000 square feet, 39-47 West 19th St., first loft; possession on or before Feb. 1, 1921; low rent. Croal & Brown Co., 18 East 41st St. Murray Hill 7168.

PART 16TH, 50x80, all light; will provide steam heat, electric light and power; suitable for manufacturing or office; 2d floor of 29-41 Walker St., between Broadway and Church St.

DESIRABLE SMALL OFFICES, SEPARATE OR IN SUITES, AVAILABLE NOW; 42D AND BROADWAY, BILTMORE REALTY CORPORATION, TIMES BUILDING. PHONE BRYANT 7788-9387.

SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard C. Forbes, 66 Broadway. Rector 747.

PART OF LOFT TO SUBLET AT 308 BROADWAY, NEARLY OPPOSITE WHITE'S SECTION, 1,400 SQUARE FEET, $2,000. NO MANUFACTURING. ENCORE, 6TH FLOOR, 906 BROADWAY.

FURNISHED DAYLIGHT OFFICES with telephone; 800 square feet; reasonable rent; possession Jan. 1; 5th Av., above 42d St. Ogden & Clarkson Corporation, 605 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1194.

OFFICE SPACE.
Various units from 34th to 50th St.; immediate possession or Feb. 1st.
AMES & CO.,
26 West 31st St. Longacre 5291.

SUBLET lease of three large furnished office rooms on the first floor of the Times Building. Inquire Schleifer & Co., Times Building, 42d St. and Broadway. Phone Bryant 1801-1802.

PART LOFT, 50x80, all light; will provide steam heat, electric light and power; suitable for manufacturing or offices. On first floor of 29-41 Walker St., between Broadway and Church St.

26 WATER ST.
Upper store or loft, suitable for office purposes; excellent lighting and heating; 20x58; reasonable rent. Apply Snow's, 120 Pearl St.

TO LET—Office for immediate occupancy in modern office building on Broadway; about 400 square feet; willing to assign lease for part; moderate rent; near Times Downtown.

24TH ST., 17 EAST—Entire second floor, 22x100, desirable location for textile house; up to date in every respect. Inquire Frank P. Peis, 17 East 24th.

TO SUBLET for office and showroom, 600 square feet, in high-class office building; 18th St. and 4th Av.; two years' lease; rent $1,200. Telephone Stuyvesant 2180.

FOR RENT—1,000 sq. ft. or less, facing City Hall; telephone for office service if desired; will give lease from Jan. 1. Phone Therkildsen, Beekman 1862.

FLOOR SPACE, SIX TO EIGHTEEN HUNDRED FEET; ONE FLIGHT UP; VERY LIGHT; OPPOSITE ST. PAUL'S CHURCH. EIGHTEEN VESEY ST.

1,000 FEET—TIMES BUILDING.
Wonderful location; advertising novelty manufacturers; sales; service; sublet reasonable. J 806 Times.

FOR RENT on completion, Jan. 1, 1921, new one-story garage, facing PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL, 31x84. Phone Owner, Longacre 8122.

34TH ST., 138 WEST—Second floor store, show window front; immediate possession. M. & L. Fiers, Inc., 507, Broadway. Stuyvesant 4200.

LOFTS AND OFFICES.
DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.
BILTMORE REALTY CORPORATION, TIMES BLDG. PHONE BRYANT 7788-9387.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS: ALL SECTIONS. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 82 NASSAU ST. JOHN 1171. 41 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 8170.

OFFICE SPACE,
Broadway corner, near 42d St., 5,000 square feet; suitable offices and showrooms; 83 square feet, English, 1,831 Broadway.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE.
Immediate occupancy; large elegantly equipped and furnished rooms; nurse in attendance. 8 East 48th St.

IDEAL FLOORS, reasonable rent; light on four sides; size 80x100; elevator and heat. 553-559 Sixth Av., near 36th St. Phone Vanderbilt 1538.

DANCING ACADEMY, studio, or private school location; parlor and library floors newly decorated; parquet; conveniences. 258 West 72d.

SMALL office, fully equipped, telephones, light and furniture; concern going out of business; low rent. Apply for particulars, Bartley 888.

OFFICES at 123 Liberty St., also one floor sub-divided; immediate possession; long lease. For particulars apply The Seneca Co., World Building.

SUB-LEASE, 9,500 square feet, 935 Broadway, corner 22d St., third floor; immediate possession; low rental. Croal & Brown Co., 18 East 41st St. Murray Hill 7168.

TO LET—7,500 square feet in three lofts at 35 cents a foot; 426 Broome St., between Broadway and Lafayette.
ROBERT BONSALL, 241 BROADWAY.

ATTRACTIVE STORE, 71r Av., at 58th St., kitchenette fully equipped, beautifully clean; large bath; scrupulous care; telephone; $250 monthly, including gas, electricity; short lease; concessions to October. Plaza 5031.

Rented office room in Vanderbilt Avenue Building, 51 East 42d. Particulars phone Murray Hill 2320.

CORNER store in 50s, on Broadway, balcony, draperies, &c., all installed; present lease five years; immediate possession. B. A., 101 Times.

ABOUT 300 feet, steam heat, elevator, electric light; rent $90. Arrow Paper Products, 100 Worth St.

SEVERAL offices, suitable for displaying sample; reasonable rent. Responsible tenants. 1,182 Broadway, Room 1207.

NEATLY furnished offices and showroom, or half; sublet; very reasonable; textiles or dry goods. Room 1306, 220 5th Av.

BEAUTIFUL showroom and office to let on 5th Av.; very reasonable rent. Room 509, 366 5th Ave. (31st).

BUSINESS PROPERTY SPECIALISTS.
STORES, FLOORS, BUILDINGS, GARAGES.
Woolley, Watkins & Jordan, Plaza 0373.

32D ST., 155 EAST, near subway station; store, 20x100, steam heat, just altered. Murray Hill 4060.

LOFTS, very light; immediate possession; steam; 22x104. 49 West 3d, 127 Grand St. Telephone Rhinelander 8837.

OFFICE SUITE, furnished; Knox Building, 46th St. and 5th Av.; frontage. Murray Hill 1170.

FOR RENT, immediate possession, very desirable office in World Building; reasonable rental. Apply Room 907 after 2 P. M.

FACTORY LOFT for rent; 50x100; power, live steam. Inquire St. Paul, 137-159 East 126th St.

46TH ST., near Broadway—Floor space in dwelling suitable for small office or studio. J. C. Forster, 224 5th Av.

OFFICE SPACE TO SUBLET, ONE OR TWO ROOMS; PLENTY LIGHT; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, ROOM 605, 110 W. 40TH ST.

PART of large store, temporarily; wonderful opportunity for wholesaler to dispose of stock. 232 East 59th.

AVENUE store, new reconstructed building; developing neighborhood; excellent opportunity. 241 7th Av.

DESK room with telephone and stenographer service for rent (Call Jan. 1. 608 5th Av. Ask for Mr. Simmons.

LOFT, daylight, with good truck yard, 75 Wilcox & Gibbs Machines; big bargain. Box 28, 209 Cable Bldg.

BROOME ST., 465—Store and basement 20x75; reasonable rent; Feb. 1. 43 4th Av. Spring 8990.

LOFTS, factories, within or beyond metropolitan district. Factory Exchange, 17 W. 44th. Vanderbilt 561. Extension 7 or 10.

ELEGANT LOFT for rent, 75x115, light all around; freight elevator, steam heat 1,182 Flushing Av., Brooklyn. Tel. 4104 Stagg.

LIGHT, cheerful offices, sublet furnished or unfurnished, 9013 Telephone, 29 West 34th.

LARGE and small offices, elegantly furnished, Knox Bldg., 5th Ave. and 46th St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SUBLEASE 10,000 square feet, 39-47 West 19th St., first loft; possession on or before Feb. 1, 1921; low rent. Croal & Brown Co., 18 East 41st St. Murray Hill 7168.

PART 16TH, 50x80, all light; will provide steam heat, electric light and power; suitable for manufacturing or offices. On first floor of 29-41 Walker St., between Broadway and Church St.

DESIRABLE SMALL OFFICES, SEPARATE OR IN SUITES, AVAILABLE NOW; 42D AND BROADWAY, BILTMORE REALTY CORPORATION, TIMES BUILDING. PHONE BRYANT 7788-9387.

SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard C. Forbes, 66 Broadway. Rector 747.

PART OF LOFT TO SUBLET AT 308 BROADWAY, NEARLY OPPOSITE WHITE'S SECTION, 1,400 SQUARE FEET, $2,000. NO MANUFACTURING. ENCORE, 6TH FLOOR, 906 BROADWAY.

FURNISHED DAYLIGHT OFFICES with telephone; 800 square feet; reasonable rent; possession Jan. 1; 5th Av., above 42d St. Ogden & Clarkson Corporation, 605 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1194.

OFFICE SPACE.
Various units from 34th to 50th St.; immediate possession or Feb. 1st.
AMES & CO.,
26 West 31st St. Longacre 5291.

SUBLET lease of three large furnished office rooms on the first floor of the Times Building. Inquire Schleifer & Co., Times Building, 42d St. and Broadway. Phone Bryant 1801-1802.

PART LOFT, 50x80, all light; will provide steam heat, electric light and power; suitable for manufacturing or offices. On first floor of 29-41 Walker St., between Broadway and Church St.

26 WATER ST.
Upper store or loft, suitable for office purposes; excellent lighting and heating; 20x58; reasonable rent. Apply Snow's, 120 Pearl St.

TO LET—Office for immediate occupancy in modern office building on Broadway; about 400 square feet; willing to assign lease for part; moderate rent; near Times Downtown.

24TH ST., 17 EAST—Entire second floor, 22x100, desirable location for textile house; up to date in every respect. Inquire Frank P. Peis, 17 East 24th.

TO SUBLET for office and showroom, 600 square feet, in high-class office building; 18th St. and 4th Av.; two years' lease; rent $1,200. Telephone Stuyvesant 2180.

FOR RENT—1,000 sq. ft. or less, facing City Hall; telephone for office service if desired; will give lease from Jan. 1. Phone Therkildsen, Beekman 1862.

FLOOR SPACE, SIX TO EIGHTEEN HUNDRED FEET; ONE FLIGHT UP; VERY LIGHT; OPPOSITE ST. PAUL'S CHURCH. EIGHTEEN VESEY ST.

1,000 FEET—TIMES BUILDING.
Wonderful location; advertising novelty manufacturers; sales; service; sublet reasonable. J 806 Times.

FOR RENT on completion, Jan. 1, 1921, new one-story garage, facing PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL, 31x84. Phone Owner, Longacre 8122.

34TH ST., 138 WEST—Second floor store, show window front; immediate possession. M. & L. Fiers, Inc., 507, Broadway. Stuyvesant 4200.

LOFTS AND OFFICES.
DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.
BILTMORE REALTY CORPORATION, TIMES BLDG. PHONE BRYANT 7788-9387.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS: ALL SECTIONS. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 82 NASSAU ST. JOHN 1171. 41 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 8170.

OFFICE SPACE,
Broadway corner, near 42d St., 5,000 square feet; suitable offices and showrooms; 83 square feet, English, 1,831 Broadway.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE.
Immediate occupancy; large elegantly equipped and furnished rooms; nurse in attendance. 8 East 48th St.

IDEAL FLOORS, reasonable rent; light on four sides; size 80x100; elevator and heat. 553-559 Sixth Av., near 36th St. Phone Vanderbilt 1538.

DANCING ACADEMY, studio, or private school location; parlor and library floors newly decorated; parquet; conveniences. 258 West 72d.

SMALL office, fully equipped, telephones, light and furniture; concern going out of business; low rent. Apply for particulars, Bartley 888.

OFFICES at 123 Liberty St., also one floor sub-divided; immediate possession; long lease. For particulars apply The Seneca Co., World Building.

SUB-LEASE, 9,500 square feet, 935 Broadway, corner 22d St., third floor; immediate possession; low rental. Croal & Brown Co., 18 East 41st St. Murray Hill 7168.

TO LET—7,500 square feet in three lofts at 35 cents a foot; 426 Broome St., between Broadway and Lafayette.
ROBERT BONSALL, 241 BROADWAY.

ATTRACTIVE STORE, 71r Av., at 58th St., kitchenette fully equipped, beautifully clean; large bath; scrupulous care; telephone; $250 monthly, including gas, electricity; short lease; concessions to October. Plaza 5031.

Rented office room in Vanderbilt Avenue Building, 51 East 42d. Particulars phone Murray Hill 2320.

CORNER store in 50s, on Broadway, balcony, draperies, &c., all installed; present lease five years; immediate possession. B. A., 101 Times.

ABOUT 300 feet, steam heat, elevator, electric light; rent $90. Arrow Paper Products, 100 Worth St.

SEVERAL offices, suitable for displaying sample; reasonable rent. Responsible tenants. 1,182 Broadway, Room 1207.

NEATLY furnished offices and showroom, or half; sublet; very reasonable; textiles or dry goods. Room 1306, 220 5th Av.

BEAUTIFUL showroom and office to let on 5th Av.; very reasonable rent. Room 509, 366 5th Ave. (31st).

BUSINESS PROPERTY SPECIALISTS.
STORES, FLOORS, BUILDINGS, GARAGES.
Woolley, Watkins & Jordan, Plaza 0373.

32D ST., 155 EAST, near subway station; store, 20x100, steam heat, just altered. Murray Hill 4060.

LOFTS, very light; immediate possession; steam; 22x104. 49 West 3d, 127 Grand St. Telephone Rhinelander 8837.

OFFICE SUITE, furnished; Knox Building, 46th St. and 5th Av.; frontage. Murray Hill 1170.

FOR RENT, immediate possession, very desirable office in World Building; reasonable rental. Apply Room 907 after 2 P. M.

FACTORY LOFT for rent; 50x100; power, live steam. Inquire St. Paul, 137-159 East 126th St.

46TH ST., near Broadway—Floor space in dwelling suitable for small office or studio. J. C. Forster, 224 5th Av.

OFFICE SPACE TO SUBLET, ONE OR TWO ROOMS; PLENTY LIGHT; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, ROOM 605, 110 W. 40TH ST.

PART of large store, temporarily; wonderful opportunity for wholesaler to dispose of stock. 232 East 59th.

AVENUE store, new reconstructed building; developing neighborhood; excellent opportunity. 241 7th Av.

DESK room with telephone and stenographer service for rent (Call Jan. 1. 608 5th Av. Ask for Mr. Simmons.

LOFT, daylight, with good truck yard, 75 Wilcox & Gibbs Machines; big bargain. Box 28, 209 Cable Bldg.

BROOME ST., 465—Store and basement 20x75; reasonable rent; Feb. 1. 43 4th Av. Spring 8990.

LOFTS, factories, within or beyond metropolitan district. Factory Exchange, 17 W. 44th. Vanderbilt 561. Extension 7 or 10.

ELEGANT LOFT for rent, 75x115, light all around; freight elevator, steam heat 1,182 Flushing Av., Brooklyn. Tel. 4104 Stagg.

LIGHT, cheerful offices, sublet furnished or unfurnished, 9013 Telephone, 29 West 34th.

LARGE and small offices, elegantly furnished, Knox Bldg., 5th Ave. and 46th St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

BROOKLYN BRICK BUILDING, about 6,700 sq. ft., Williamsburg section of Brooklyn, near all railroad freight stations; immediate possession; high ceilings with skylights; good light, concrete floors, with sewer drainage, electricity; good storage cellar; office space and driveway into building.

40 PENN ST., BROOKLYN.

LOFTS, 6,500, 13,000 and 26,000 square feet; sprinklers, fireproof; near subways, elevateds and terminals; good labor, passenger and freight elevators; light sides; new buildings, all conveniences. Henry L. Nielsen Offices, 32 Court St. Main 8254.

Long Island.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
500 to 100,000 square feet space; early occupancy; or will build to suit.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
Bridge Plaza. LONG ISLAND CITY.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

WE have clients for buildings, lofts, offices and show rooms; let us know what you have for sale or lease; quick action. Dept. A, John W. Paris & Son, Inc., 141 West 36th. Phone Fitzroy 6604.

IMMEDIATE OCCUPATION—Store wanted, between 23d and 34th Sts., 7th and 8th Avs. preferred; will remodel to suit tenant. Address Doyless, P. O. Box 38, Station H.

FACTORY representative wants light office, modern building; must have phone connection; preferred between 30th-50th Sts.; will rent or lease. 30 Union Square, Room 66.

3D ST., 30 WEST, Room 223—Furnished office with phone.

STORE, 21x44, steam heat, electricity, 28 East 28th. Murray Hill 9722.

41 WEST 21ST ST.—Lofts and showrooms $40-$150. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

331 WEST 24TH ST.—Lofts 25x100, reasonable rents. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

OFFICES, downtown, 250 feet; telephone, desks, exceptional. A 782 Times Downtown.

DESKROOM space, phone service. Apply first floor, 77 5th Av. St

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

...THAN PRE-WAR PRICES.
...AV. (167th)—12 rooms and 3 baths.
...AV. (167th)—8 rooms and 3 baths.
PARK AV. (167th)—10 rooms and 4 baths.
HARLEM AV. (150th)—12 rooms, 4 baths; 7 rooms, 2 baths.
6TH ST., CORNER PARK WEST (857th)—8 rooms, 3 baths, and 6 rooms and 2 baths.
BROADWAY (993d)—6 rooms and 2 baths.
RIVERSIDE DRIVE—9 rooms and 2 baths.
TRADING, 170 PARK AV., MUR. HILL 7994.

Furnished—West Side.

...(but off 5th Av., Hotel Van Rensselaer)—Very central location; a few beautiful suites of 2 rooms and bath on American plan; rates reasonable; all hotel service.

...ST., 425 WEST—Sublet immediately one-room apartment, bath, running water, gas; maid service. Telephone Chelsea 8955.

...ST., 436—Two rooms, bath; seen between 9 and 10 A. M. Telephone Madison Sq. 4869.

...ST., ONE, TWO, THREE ROOMS, KITCHENETTES, BATHS. CHELSEA 8095.

...ST., 329 WEST—Large front parlor, bedroom and kitchenette; electric heat and continuous hot water; $20 weekly.

...ST., 104 WEST—Sublet six months, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, telephone; new furniture; apartment bldg.; $175. Bryant 4455.

...ST., 228 WEST—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedroom and bath, $30 to $50 weekly; full hotel service.

...ST., 250 WEST—Elevator, beautiful two-room apartment; newly decorated, bath; $...

...ST., 341 WEST — New elevator building; sunshine, light, furnishings unrivaled; 2 rooms, tiled bath, showers, tiled kitchenette; unquestionable applicants; high-class references essential; $45-$125 up monthly. Longacre 3560.

...TH, 143 WEST—To sublet, two rooms, bath; special rates for the balance of season. Mr. Ranborn, Hotel Flanders.

...TH ST., 11 WEST—Attractively furnished large studio room, bath. Apply Carlsen.

...ST., 335 WEST—Three and four room apartments, furnished, elevator.

...ST., 225 WEST, COR. BROADWAY—High-class elevator apartments, newly furnished; full hotel service.
ONE ROOM AND BATH, $90 UP.
TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $140 UP.
REFERENCES EQUIRED.

...ST., 45 WEST—Attractively furnished to...; bath, kitchenette; breakfast if desired.

...TH ST. (At Broadway)—Hotel Albemarle; parlor, bedroom and bath; reasonable rates.

...TH, 206 WEST—Handsomely and completely furnished 2-room housekeeping apartment to sublet until May; $275 month; restaurant and maid service if desired. Telephone Circle 2000.

...TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.—THE REGAL, MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED AND MAID AND VALET SERVICE. 2 ROOMS AND BATH; $175; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

...TH, 200 WEST—Two rooms, kitchenette and bath, just completed and newly furnished; all modern conveniences; $150 per month.

...TH ST. (Near 5th Av.)—Modern elevator apartment of 4 rooms and bath; beautifully furnished; rent for 2 months or longer. Telephone Circle 2266.

...56TH, 208 WEST—
HOTEL THORNDYKE—VERY ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3 ROOM SUITES, WITH PRIVATE BATH. FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

...57TH, 205 WEST (corner 7th Av.)—Corner apartment of 3 rooms, 2 baths, magnificently furnished, in the Osborne; fireproof building, large rooms, high ceilings, immediate possession; $750 per month. Manager on premises. Circle 8220.

...57TH ST., 240 WEST.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND VALET SERVICE. TWO AND THREE ROOMS AND BATH; $80 WEEKLY AND UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

...57TH ST. 21 WEST—3d floor, front, large sitting room with fireplace, bedroom and bath; completely furnished; in midtown restaurant in building; rental includes lease arrangement; sublet to Oct. 1. Apply Superintendent on premises.

...57TH, 132 WEST—New, decorated apartments, 2 and 3 rooms and private baths, all conveniences, maid and valet service. 4-7-4 Circle 1000.

...57TH ST., 45 WEST—Most attractive two-room apartment with kitchenette, furnished or unfurnished.

...57TH ST., 330 WEST—Large, light, airy room, bath, kitchenette, $30; immediate possession.

...57TH ST.—Two rooms, bath; rental $75 per month. Apply Superintendent, 330 West 57th St.

...57TH ST., 104 WEST—Sublet six months, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, telephone; new furniture; apartment bldg.; $175. Bryant 4455.

...2D, 228 WEST—Luxuriously furnished bachelor apartments, consisting of parlor, bedroom and bath, $30 to $50 weekly; full hotel service.

...125TH, 257 WEST—Three beautiful rooms, complete for housekeeping; player piano; Victrola; $125; lease; references. Hansen, Cathedral 6116.

...116TH, 5 ROOMS, BATH, $183. Immediately, till June, longer. Vanderbilt 1552.

...115TH, 219 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3 ROOM APARTMENTS, WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

...119TH, 435 WEST (opposite Columbia)—2 rooms, kitchenette; 10th floor; immediate. 1063.

...121ST, 417 WEST (Columbia University)—Three well-furnished rooms; use kitchen. Broadbent.

...121H ST., 49 WEST—Two rooms, furnished, electric lights, bath; lease to Oct. 1; $125.

...121ST, 527 WEST—Four rooms, sunny front, attractively furnished; nine-month lease.

...122D, 515 WEST—Share sunny, elevator apartment with congenial couple. Apt. 22.

...124TH, 557 WEST (Broadway)—Large, handsome suite, kitchen; southern exposure; parquet floors, piano; $25; elevator, telephone. Apt. 42.

...126TH (676 Riverside Drive)—4 attractive rooms, $150; Sept. 15. Apartment 6B.

...161ST ST., 58 (Fort Washington Av.)—Attractively furnished large bedroom, dining room, kitchen; elevator apartment; rent extremely reasonable. Apt. 4.

...187TH, 700 WEST (Broadway), Apt. 3—6 well furnished rooms, elevator; reasonable.

...182D ST., 570 WEST—Three and four rooms, piano, convenient all lines; $50 and $100. Inquire janitor.

...187TH WEST—Elegant, elevator, 4 rooms, furnished; all outside rooms; references, security required; rent reasonable. Telephone Stuyvesant 4307.

AVAILABLE NOW.
Two to six room, kitchen and kitchenette apartments; elevator, non-elevator; rates $80 up; references essential. Office (open Sunday), 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY—Exclusive listings. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 129 West 72d. Col. 836.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY—Exclusive listings. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 129 West 72d. Col. 836.

BACHELOR will share with gentleman large sunny premises, separate dressing rooms and baths; solid comfort. Y 2444 Times Annex.

BROADWAY (Near Columbia University)—Comfortable three-room apartment, real home; electricity, shower. Inquire 180 Claremont Av., Apt. 31.

BROADWAY 8,544 (cor. 145th)—Four-room furnished apartment to let. Call or phone. Apt. 35. Phone Audubon 2790.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
L. Van Vleet White, 152 West 72d. Col. 1071.

EXCEPTIONALLY WELL FURNISHED 3-room and 3-bath apartment, complete in every detail; finest location on Riverside Drive; wonderful view of Hudson River; possession to Sept. 15. 1021.
Apply to Agent, manu & Co., INC.
Broadway and 80th St. Phone Schuyler 1100.

EXCLUSIVE building, 3 rooms, unusual furnishings, kitchen, $275, without grand piano $250. Nickerson, Schuyler 2270 11 to 5.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS SPECIALIST. Wickliffe Gray, 299 West 72d Columbus 3971.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT, SEASON OR LONGER.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (850a)—Married couple, one child eligible; furnished, light, airy corner apartment, will rent room with privileges of apartment; music, library; meals if desirable; home cooking, optional. Phone Harlem 867.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 87th—Young woman teacher share her handsome two-room apartment with congenial young lady. Schuyler 2062.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 116th, widow will share elegantly furnished six-room apartment with refined lady; references. Phone Morningside 9650.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, corner 119th St.—Eight rooms, two baths and extra lavatory; completely furnished. Telephone Morningside 9249.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550 (Apt. 26)—Attractively and completely furnished 4-room apt.; baby grand piano, Victrola; lease.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (at 145th St., Facing Hudson)—Five rooms, tile bath, $225. Telephone Audubon 6552, Apt. 10H.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550, (Apartment 51)—Five rooms, handsomely furnished; two bedrooms; $210.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 680—Going on trip, five rooms, front, exceptionally furnished for January, possibly February; $125. Apt. 44.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (at 138th St.)—Seven-room apartment, furnished; $200 monthly. L 735 Times Downtown.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 456—Will share studio day time; references. Morningside 9080 Mitchell.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 745—Front apartment, 3 large rooms; river view; $195. Apt. 46.

SUBLET living room, bedroom, with private bath, complete hotel service; dining room on premises. Hotel Joyce, 31 West 71st.

SUBLET parlor and bedroom, bath, January to October; southern exposure. Marie Antoinette Hotel, 67th St. and Broadway.

TWO beautiful front rooms; every convenience, housekeeping; reference; reasonable. Weyaz, Wadsworth 2707.

WEST END AV.—DELIGHTFUL APT. magnificently furnished, 5 rooms, 3 baths; piano, Orientals, period furniture, &c.; rent only $250 month to responsible 3 years of lease; furnishings alone worth $30,000; will sell complete with lease $11,500, account family changes. J. Clarence Davies, 51 East 42d. Vanderbilt 3175.

WEST END AV., 681—Completely furnished two-room, bath, kitchenette apartment; reasonable rental; sunlight all day long. Genet.

WEST END AV., 562—Furnished apartment, 3 rooms and 3 baths; immediate possession. Telephone Schuyler 3638.

WEST END, 784 (98th)—Two rooms, private bath, bachelor, business couple; moderate.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, Flatbush—Three rooms, bath; nearly furnished; excellent service; exclusive gentile neighborhood; adjacent Church Av. station, Brighton Beach subway; references required. Call Thursday, Friday afternoons, Apt. 3, 90 East 18th St., Brooklyn.

FOUR large outside rooms, ample closets, exclusive use of kitchen; in high-class apartment centrally located, Bedford section, Brooklyn. Particulars write or phone Weeks, 106 West 82d, New York. Riverside 8980.

DELIGHTFUL apartment, five large, sunny rooms; restricted; Flatbush. Call Flatbush 4068.

Furnished—Long Island.

TO desirable couple, suite, bath, garage, housekeeping or board; no other guests; accessible. Phone Rockville Centre 696.

Unfurnished—East Side.

30TH, 32 EAST (adjoining Hotel Martha Washington)—Beautiful, newly decorated apartments, high ceilings, splendid light; also 2 to 4 stores to rent. Apply to Manager Martha Washington Hotel.

54TH, 125 EAST—Attractive three rooms, bath, kitchenette; just completed; immediate possession.

63D, 38 EAST—Parlor floor and apartment above; 2 or 3 bedrooms, maid's room; large, light, airy rooms; lease to Oct. 1 or longer. J 403 Times.

GENTLEMAN will sublet his apartment, entire floor, to responsible party. Academy 3357.

MANHATTAN AV., 288—Six rooms, bath, steam heat, private hall.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 20 (Cor. 116th St.)—Seven rooms, bath, modern, apartment, elevator; opposite Morningside Park; immediate possession; $125.

NATIONAL STORAGE, 1140 West 90th St.—Storage $6 per month vanload, motor vans, moving; moderate rates. 1702 Riverside.

ONE and two room apartments; ready for occupancy, 31 Riverside Drive, northeast corner 75th St. Agent on premises.

RIVERSIDE, 151 (87th)—Magnificent floor; also one-room apartment; exceptional...

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

62D, 17 EAST (Near 5th Av.)—Attractive 3 large rooms, bath, foyer, fireplace; lease furnished or unfurnished; $130, lease; will redecorate; open for inspection. Phone Hanover 4896.

63D, 151 EAST—Two elegant rooms, bath, kitchenette, new, modern; rental; references.

EXCLUSIVE MURRAY HILL.
36TH ST., 105 EAST.
BUNGALOW ON ROOF, FIVE ROOMS AND TWO BATHS; PRIVATE ROOF GARDEN; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; $2,400; OPEN FIREPLACE; UNUSUAL APARTMENT.

HEATH AV., 2,004—Three blocks east 230th, Broadway subway station; four rooms, front; all improvements; telephone. Inquire janitor.

100TH, 107 WEST—2 and 3 rooms; high-class; $15 up; weekly rates during holidays. Telephone Academy 1811.

110TH, 509 WEST—SUMPTUOUS HOME; SIX BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, EVERYTHING NEW; FRONT; SOUTH; REASONABLE. 5th.

111TH ST. (Manhattan Av.)—6 beautiful rooms, facing Morningside Park. Cathedral 8711.

113TH, 530 WEST—5 rooms, complete housekeeping apartment; 9 windows facing south; exceptionally spacious rooms; refined clientele displayed in furnishings; most unusual home; 9 months' lease; 2-room light housekeeping apartment to sublease until Sept. Phone Resident Manager, Cathedral 7350.

113TH, 504 WEST—Exceptionally desirable 4-room apartment, sunny, warm, attractive, linen, silver, everything for housekeeping; $150; references.

115TH, 257 WEST—Three beautiful rooms, complete for housekeeping; player piano; Victrola; $125; lease; references. Hansen, Cathedral 6116.

116TH, 5 ROOMS, BATH, $183. Immediately, till June, longer. Vanderbilt 1552.

116TH, 219 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE 2 AND 3 ROOM APARTMENTS, WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

119TH, 435 WEST (opposite Columbia)—2 rooms, kitchenette; 10th floor; immediate. 1063.

121ST, 417 WEST (Columbia University)—Three well-furnished rooms; use kitchen. Broadbent.

121H ST., 49 WEST—Two rooms, furnished, electric lights, bath; lease to Oct. 1; $125.

121ST, 527 WEST—Four rooms, sunny front, attractively furnished; nine-month lease.

122D, 515 WEST—Share sunny, elevator apartment with congenial couple. Apt. 22.

124TH, 557 WEST (Broadway)—Large, handsome suite, kitchen; southern exposure; parquet floors, piano; $25; elevator, telephone. Apt. 42.

126TH (676 Riverside Drive)—4 attractive rooms, $150; Sept. 15. Apartment 6B.

161ST ST., 58 (Fort Washington Av.)—Attractively furnished large bedroom, dining room, kitchen; elevator apartment; rent extremely reasonable. Apt. 4.

187TH, 700 WEST (Broadway), Apt. 3—6 well furnished rooms, elevator; reasonable.

182D ST., 570 WEST—Three and four rooms, piano, convenient all lines; $50 and $100. Inquire janitor.

187TH WEST—Elegant, elevator, 4 rooms, furnished; all outside rooms; references, security required; rent reasonable. Telephone Stuyvesant 4307.

AVAILABLE NOW.
Two to six room, kitchen and kitchenette apartments; elevator, non-elevator; rates $80 up; references essential. Office (open Sunday), 215 Manhattan Av. Academy 1647.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY—Exclusive listings. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 129 West 72d. Col. 836.

APARTMENT HUNTING UNNECESSARY—Exclusive listings. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 129 West 72d. Col. 836.

BACHELOR will share with gentleman large sunny premises, separate dressing rooms and baths; solid comfort. Y 2444 Times Annex.

BROADWAY (Near Columbia University)—Comfortable three-room apartment, real home; electricity, shower. Inquire 180 Claremont Av., Apt. 31.

BROADWAY 8,544 (cor. 145th)—Four-room furnished apartment to let. Call or phone. Apt. 35. Phone Audubon 2790.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
L. Van Vleet White, 152 West 72d. Col. 1071.

EXCEPTIONALLY WELL FURNISHED 3-room and 3-bath apartment, complete in every detail; finest location on Riverside Drive; wonderful view of Hudson River; possession to Sept. 15. 1021.
Apply to Agent, manu & Co., INC.
Broadway and 80th St. Phone Schuyler 1100.

EXCLUSIVE building, 3 rooms, unusual furnishings, kitchen, $275, without grand piano $250. Nickerson, Schuyler 2270 11 to 5.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS SPECIALIST. Wickliffe Gray, 299 West 72d Columbus 3971.

HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS FOR RENT, SEASON OR LONGER.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (850a)—Married couple, one child eligible; furnished, light, airy corner apartment, will rent room with privileges of apartment; music, library; meals if desirable; home cooking, optional. Phone Harlem 867.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 87th—Young woman teacher share her handsome two-room apartment with congenial young lady. Schuyler 2062.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 116th, widow will share elegantly furnished six-room apartment with refined lady; references. Phone Morningside 9650.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 468, corner 119th St.—Eight rooms, two baths and extra lavatory; completely furnished. Telephone Morningside 9249.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550 (Apt. 26)—Attractively and completely furnished 4-room apt.; baby grand piano, Victrola; lease.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (at 145th St., Facing Hudson)—Five rooms, tile bath, $225. Telephone Audubon 6552, Apt. 10H.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550, (Apartment 51)—Five rooms, handsomely furnished; two bedrooms; $210.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 680—Going on trip, five rooms, front, exceptionally furnished for January, possibly February; $125. Apt. 44.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (at 138th St.)—Seven-room apartment, furnished; $200 monthly. L 735 Times Downtown.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 456—Will share studio day time; references. Morningside 9080 Mitchell.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 745—Front apartment, 3 large rooms; river view; $195. Apt. 46.

SUBLET living room, bedroom, with private bath, complete hotel service; dining room on premises. Hotel Joyce, 31 West 71st.

SUBLET parlor and bedroom, bath, January to October; southern exposure. Marie Antoinette Hotel, 67th St. and Broadway.

TWO beautiful front rooms; every convenience, housekeeping; reference; reasonable. Weyaz, Wadsworth 2707.

WEST END AV.—DELIGHTFUL APT. magnificently furnished, 5 rooms, 3 baths; piano, Orientals, period furniture, &c.; rent only $250 month to responsible 3 years of lease; furnishings alone worth $30,000; will sell complete with lease $11,500, account family changes. J. Clarence Davies, 51 East 42d. Vanderbilt 3175.

WEST END AV., 681—Completely furnished two-room, bath, kitchenette apartment; reasonable rental; sunlight all day long. Genet.

WEST END AV., 562—Furnished apartment, 3 rooms and 3 baths; immediate possession. Telephone Schuyler 3638.

WEST END, 784 (98th)—Two rooms, private bath, bachelor, business couple; moderate.

Furnished—Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN, Flatbush—Three rooms, bath; nearly furnished; excellent service; exclusive gentile neighborhood; adjacent Church Av. station, Brighton Beach subway; references required. Call Thursday, Friday afternoons, Apt. 3, 90 East 18th St., Brooklyn.

FOUR large outside rooms, ample closets, exclusive use of kitchen; in high-class apartment centrally located, Bedford section, Brooklyn. Particulars write or phone Weeks, 106 West 82d, New York. Riverside 8980.

DELIGHTFUL apartment, five large, sunny rooms; restricted; Flatbush. Call Flatbush 4068.

Furnished—Long Island.

TO desirable couple, suite, bath, garage, housekeeping or board; no other guests; accessible. Phone Rockville Centre 696.

Unfurnished—East Side.

30TH, 32 EAST (adjoining Hotel Martha Washington)—Beautiful, newly decorated apartments, high ceilings, splendid light; also 2 to 4 stores to rent. Apply to Manager Martha Washington Hotel.

54TH, 125 EAST—Attractive three rooms, bath, kitchenette; just completed; immediate possession.

63D, 38 EAST—Parlor floor and apartment above; 2 or 3 bedrooms, maid's room; large, light, airy rooms; lease to Oct. 1 or longer. J 403 Times.

56TH, 114 EAST—Attractive 2-room, bath and kitchenette apartment; $1,400 years. Apply superintendent on premises.

57TH, 205 WEST (corner 7th Av.)—Corner apartment of nine rooms and three baths in the Osborne; fireproof building; large rooms, high ceilings; immediate possession; $400 per month. Manager, on premises. Circle 2420.

MADISON AV., 1,013 (78TH)—HANDSOME REMODELED PRIVATE DWELLING; BEAUTIFUL SUITES OF ONE TO FIVE ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS, ELECTRICITY. CALL PREMISES OR PHONE HARLEM 8230.

91ST, 143 EAST—Parlor floor, basement, suitable for physician or dentist; two and three rooms, newly decorated; apartments; all latest improvements, or will sublease entire...

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 780—Sublet, eight beautiful rooms, two baths, sun lavatory; one block from subway and bus; strictly fireproof building; must seen to be appreciated; rent $3,000, yearly (now vacant). A. J. Odell, Audubon 5400.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 801—Splendid apartment in new house, consisting of five rooms and bath, to sublet for a period of one year and nine months; rental $200 per month. Telephone L. P. Genet, Plaza 4110.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 125 (AT 26TH ST.)—ELEVEN ROOMS, 3 BATHS; 10TH FLOOR; ALL OUTSIDE. LOUIS P. DOWDNEY, 247 WEST 72D ST.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 825—Four rooms, southern exposure and facing Hudson River. Apply Supt. on premises, or telephone office, Wadsworth 6335.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 664 (corner 146th St.)—Four rooms and bath, housekeeping modern apartment; $1,800; southwest exposure. Columbus 4456.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 240—Two and three all outside front rooms, fireproof apartment hotel; wonderful view; reduced prices.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (148th St.)—Fireproof building; 6-room corner apartment; possession, Cortlandt 3661. Audubon 6804.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 523 (Opp. Grant's Tomb)—Five rooms, front, elevator; every modern improvement; $115. Apply premises.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 604—5 outside rooms, exceptionally large; southern exposure; sublet.

THE MIDETTE—63 WEST 107TH ST.
Five-room apartment, $90 per month; elevator, telephone, electric light and all modern conveniences; home under personal management of the owner; only strictly private families. Apply to Superintendent.

WADSWORTH AV., 220 (184th St.)—Six rooms in Paul Jones high class elevator apartment house; immediate possession. Inquire superintendent or Harted Realty Co., 200 Broadway, Phone Worth 374.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 126—Entire floor, private house, suitable for studio, also basement with kitchen. By appointment, Spring 6516.

WEST END AV., 567 (near 87th)—Attractive two large rooms, bath, kitchenette; private entrance; entire floor; fireplace, large closets; will redecorate or unfurnished; lease; $90. Phone Hanover 6895.

WEST END AV., 326 (75th St.)—Two attractive apartments, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; moderate rental. Col. 5781.

WEST END AV., 410 (79th)—Eight rooms, four floor; elevator; new vacant.

WEST END AV., 738—Six large outside corner rooms; all improvements; $150.

Unfurnished—Westchester County.

5 ROOMS and bath, outside rooms; elevator; river view; 45 minutes to 42d St., via subway or N. Y. Central. Phone 5300, Yonkers.

VAN CORTLANDT PARK AV., 517 (Yonkers)—To lease, three rooms and sun parlor. Telephone 5017 Yonkers.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

FULTON AV., 1,203—Three-four room apartments for sale, co-operative plan; modern improvements; legislature guarantees possession; call, investigate; bargain, $300 per room. Tremont 4443.

NORTH AV., 1,067—6 rooms, latest improvement in new private dwelling with garage 174th St. and Concourse.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

FIVE-ROOM apartment, with sun parlor, garage, steam heat, in a new two-family house, 5 minutes' walk from subway station. 1,906 80th St., Brooklyn.

STERLING PLACE, 189-191—Two and three rooms; all improvements; both subways.

55TH ST., 1,526, Brooklyn—Six-room apartment. Apply Mrs. M. E. Rosenberg.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.—Tennis Place apartment, by station, 3 and 4 room suites; new; $1,380 up. Phone Boulevard 2200 or 6545. Also to sublet, one large room and kitchenette, $35.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

WANTED—Furnished apartment from Jan. 1 to June 1, containing 4 bedrooms and 2 baths; also maid's room and bath; do not require silver or linens; rent must be reasonable. Address C. W. Avery Cottage, Woodmere, L. I.

WANTED, unfurnished, living room, two master bedrooms, dining, kitchen, maid's room; six months; preferably 52d to 56th St. or to Park Av. L 788 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Two rooms and bath; give full particulars and lowest terms per month; also if restaurant. Albert H. Schroeder, P. O. Box 90, Wall Street station, N. Y.

APARTMENT RENTING AGENCY,
176 West 72d St. Columbus 1278.
EXCLUSIVE CLIENTELE WAITING.

TWO rooms, kitchen, well heated, front, telephone, electricity; near subway; moderate; adults. E. S., 50 East 42d., Room 306.

WANTED by couple, 2-room apartment, bath, telephone, from 45th to 60th Sts.; limit $80. C 157 Times.

AN EXCLUSIVE CLIENTELE.
List apartments with Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 129 W. 72d. Columbus 836.

WELL furnished 5 or 6 rooms; elevator; good location; 3 adults; immediate; $150-$175; responsible. K 368 Times.

WANT purchase furnished apt.; must be reasonable. C. A. Gardner, 1506, 24 Broad St.

FOUR-ROOM apartment to June; 3 adults. Poston, 165 Broadway, Cortlandt 4800.

TWO rooms, kitchenette, furnished with piano; central city; reasonable. E 131 Times.

SEND details of your Fur. Apts. to rent. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 W. 72d. Col. 1977.

Unfurnished.

FAMILY requires possession of unfurnished apartment Jan. 15; must contain four bedrooms and two baths, also maid's room and bath; three years lease. B 1019 Times Annex.

WANTED—8-room ground floor apartment, between 72d and 96th Sts., vicinity West End Av.; physician. L. A., 124 Times.

YOUNG COUPLE want 3 or 4 rooms, all improvements; $45 to $60. Grubel, 1,084 Franklin Av., Bronx.

THREE-FOUR ROOM modern apartment, west side; about $65. P 416 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

27TH ST. East—Cheerful room, to business man; adjoins bath; modern; two in family; $35 month. Madison Square 1128.

30TH (cor. Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; $11 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $14 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly and up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

30TH ST. (163 Lexington Av.)—Tastefully furnished, immaculately clean outside room, with separate dressing and bedroom; also single room; independent entrance and privacy.

32D, Lexington Av.—Double room, electricity; subway; gentlemen only; references. Plaza 9360.

36TH, 18 EAST—Rooms, adjoining bath, $40-$50 month; also room, bath.

65TH, 318 EAST—Beautiful room, private house; conveniences; $10 weekly. Rhinelander 5443.

80TH, 144 EAST (Lexington Av.)—Large room, electricity, gas; board optional; private house.

93D ST., 69 EAST—Small room for gentleman, $5 week. Kiesser.

93D, 69 EAST—Large bedroom, front, fireplace; $20 week; two gentlemen. Kiesser.

BRIGHT SUITE, bath, electricity, fireplaces, steam; private home. Rhinelander 8606, afternoons.

GRAMERCY PARK (145 East 21st)—Large room, with dressing room, suitable for two or three; top floor.

IRVING PLACE, 56—Charmingly furnished room, superior private house; centrally located; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 632 (54th)—Attractive front rooms, convenient; bath; $9, $10; gentlemen.

MADISON AV., 1,222 (88th St.)—Large room to couple or two young men; kitchen privileges; reasonable. Pierce.

MADISON AV., 267—Two single rooms, running water, next to bath; $35-$50 monthly; bachelor.

MADISON AV., 785 (68th)—Attractive suites, large room, adjoining bath; $10; gentlemen.

West Side.

9TH ST., 41 WEST (Vanderbilt Studios)—Lease, could furnish in week, high-class studios, private bath, $100 to $125 monthly; small studios, $40, $45 and $60 additional for furnishing; references.

16TH, 53 WEST—Artistic, old mahogany and chintz. Immaculately clean, warm, continuous hot water, restaurant; immediate possession. $1025.

24TH ST., 433 WEST—1 room, beautifully furnished, heat, electric, hardwood, telephone.

43D, 107-109 WEST—Bachelor apartments, double and all single rooms, with or without bath; modern; electric light; telephone. Durand.

47TH, 106 WEST (Raleigh Hall)—A residence for men; attractively furnished rooms, with and without baths or showers; writing, smoking, lounge, billiard rooms.

47TH, 20 WEST—Large room; kitchenette privileges. Telephone Bryant 9752.

51ST ST., 215 WEST—Modern, comfortable room. Apt. 4. Suitable for couple.

58TH ST., 37 WEST—Large, small rooms, private baths, convenient location, elevator, subway.

61ST, 28 WEST—Beautiful back parlor, business people; central; phone; subways.

64TH, 110 WEST—Two superb connecting rooms, steam heat, twin beds. Walsh.

68TH, 148 WEST—Private house, room, running water; gentleman; $10 weekly; references.

68TH, 46 WEST—Comfortably furnished large front room; electricity; references; gentlemen.

68TH, 14 WEST—Large room, suitable for two, next to bath. Superintendent.

69TH, 14 WEST—HIGH-CLASS, LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED, LARGE FRONT ROOM; PRIVATE TILE BATH; LAVATORY; ELECTRICITY; TELEPHONE; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

70TH, 225 WEST—In owner's own house, exceptionally and attractively furnished parlor floor with bath; wonderful rooms; have never been occupied; every possible comfort and convenience; light housekeeping; fine closets.

70TH, 59 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR, PRIVATE BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $18; ATTRACTIVE MEDIUM ROOM, $9.

70TH, 135 WEST—Select accommodations, second floor front, two rooms, bath; other rooms, bath; single; lavatory; electricity; cleanliness.

70TH, 28 WEST—Large, attractive room; private bath; electricity, steam; gentleman; references.

70TH, 50 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR; $15.

71ST, 62 WEST—HANDSOME DOUBLE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $18.

72D, 22 WEST—Medium sized front room, electricity, running water, near bath.

73D, 244 WEST—Attractive room for gentleman; private house; electricity.

73D, 130 WEST—Clean, large room, dressing room; gentlemen or business couple.

73D, 248 WEST—Double front room, comfortably furnished; kitchenette; one flight; $20.

73D, 106 WEST—Well-heated, nicely furnished, large rooms, adjoining bath; $14.

74TH, 159 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $14 UPWARD; ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE COMPLETE.

74TH, 3 WEST — LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, ADJOINING BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; REASONABLE.

74TH ST., 242 WEST—Large room and bath, or large suite of rooms; exceptionally well furnished; references required.

74TH, 161 WEST—Large room, bath; private family; steam heat, electricity; gentlemen.

74TH, 240 WEST—Large front, private bath, steam, electricity; couple or gentlemen.

74TH, 25 WEST—Elegantly furnished single and large rooms, private baths. Wheeler.

74TH, 150 WEST—Single, double rooms; twin beds; electricity; $8, $12, $14.

75TH, 327 WEST.
76TH, 305 WEST.
78TH, 134 WEST.
ATTRACTIVE LARGE AND SMALL ROOMS.

75TH, 146 WEST—Large or small room, adjoining bath, electricity. Columbus 7670.

75TH, 155 WEST—Attractive, sunny room, bath, electricity, steam; no housekeeping.

77TH, 327 WEST—Attractive large front room, steam heat; high-class house.

77TH, 102 WEST—Neatly furnished rooms; gentlemen preferred. Apt. 45.

76TH, 42 WEST—Large front rooms, bath, with maid service; suitable one or two; twin beds, telephone.

76TH, 237 WEST—Newly furnished, double dressing room, bath adjoining; electricity, phone.

76TH, 244 WEST—Elegant large front, private bath, electricity; suitable two-three.

77TH—Exceptionally attractive two-room front suite in apartment; gentlemen. Schuyler 6182.

78TH, 112 WEST—Large, well heated, bath adjoining; private house. Schuyler 4003.

79TH (411 West End Av.)—Attractive room, overlooking Hudson; gentlemen. 6M.

80TH, 215 WEST—Front parlor, connecting bedroom; ladies, gentlemen or couple; private telephone. Fiedler.

80TH, 116 WEST—Beautiful front parlor; grand piano; also medium room; electricity.

84TH ST., (2,332 Broadway)—Large room suitable two gentlemen; electricity, steam; phone; $15.50 weekly; references. Wilson.

86TH, 276 WEST—Sunny room, adjoining bath; kitchen privilege; also smaller room.

82D, 24 WEST—Beautiful room, private bath, twin beds, electricity; refined home.

88D, 310 WEST—Front room, twin beds, electricity; private house; references; gentlemen.

84TH, 272 WEST (near West End Av.)—In owner's own house, exceptionally attractively furnished apartments of one or more rooms; have never been occupied; every possible comfort and convenience; fine closets; reasonable rentals.

84TH, 310 WEST—Living room, bedroom; private family; steam heat, telephone; references required, couple, gentlemen. Geyer.

84TH, 15 WEST—Attractive front; electricity, telephone, maid service; another room. Palmer.

84TH—Large 2-room suite in private apartment; excellently furnished for bachelor; $20 per week. Schuyler 3821.

84TH, 15 WEST—Single, adjoining bath; gentleman; $7. Halpin, Schuyler 8185.

87TH, 104 WEST—Room to rent in apartment with small adult family; home atmosphere. Gallegher.

85TH, 66 WEST—Handsomely furnished rooms, near baths; electricity, telephone; references required.

86TH, 139 WEST—Two large, beautifully furnished connecting rooms, kitchenette privileges, private bath; complete housekeeping; telephone.

86TH, 139 WEST—Beautifully furnished rooms, single and double; all conveniences.

86TH, 172 WEST—Small room, southern exposure; also attractive basement room; kitchen privileges.

87TH, 48 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED, LARGE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, TWIN BEDS, ELECTRICITY, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, REASONABLE.

88TH, 344 WEST—Large medium room; lavatory, adjacent bath; twin beds if desired; for gentleman demanding first-class accommodations in every particular.

88TH, 132 WEST—Attractive large room, suitable 2 gentlemen; medium room; references.

89TH, 320 WEST—Large, cheerful room, with bath, kitchenette privileges.

89TH ST., 321 WEST—Large, comfortable room, running water; also studio parlor.

89TH, 322 WEST—Light, airy room, every modern convenience; reference; $7.

90TH—Newly furnished room, with convenient bath; high-class apartment; small private family; gentleman only; references. Riverside 8025.

91ST, 305 WEST—Large, clean, attractive room; private; adjoining baths; electricity; reference.

92D, 55 WEST—High-class newly decorated, telephone, electricity, running water; gentlemen.

93D ST., WEST—Three bright

DRAFTING, QUANTITY ESTIMATES, specs, tracings, lettering; contract and construction drawings, civil, mechanical, structural and architectural reproductions; nothing too large or too small; speed, accuracy; competent men. W 657 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN and machine designer; drafting additional ways; 20 years' experience. 854 ward D. Roberts, 48 East 41st St.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, 15 years' experience electrical, office buildings, &c. J 85 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced detailer and tracer, technical graduate; moderate salary. B 1236 Times Bronx.

DRUGS—Wanted by licensed pharmacist, Christian American, capable of managing a store; position with well-established concern in city or outside; vicinity, between New York and Poughkeepsie preferred. L 727 Times Downtown.

EDITOR, with additional experience as advertising manager metropolitan daily and publisher of high-grade trade journals, is open for engagement; middle-aged. 901 Times.

ELEVATOR MAN, colored, desires position; neat; smart; reserved. E 124 Times.

ENTERTAINMENT MANAGER, thirteen years' experience, seeks position about beginning January; knows European languages. F 2465 Times Annex.

ENGINEER, structural graduate, ten years' experience design, construction expert, designer, builder of forms for concrete structures; wishes position with contractors. A 902 Times Downtown.

ESTIMATOR, one accustomed to figure from excavation to decoration of buildings, willing and capable to be handy with other work; correspondence, books, drawing of details and plans; also supervising jobs; salary at start, $45 a week. F 2 Times.

ESTIMATOR, experienced in requirements of general contractor's office, drafting; also supervising of construction. J 386 Times.

EXECUTIVE'S ASSISTANT—Man, 27 years old, nine years' general business experience including selling, manufacturing, sales and purchasing, analytical mind, wants permanent connection with future. E 108 Times.

EXECUTIVE'S ASSISTANT, 35, assistant works manager, planning supervisor, cost accountant; ten years' practical experience; ex-soldier; highest references; available Jan. 1. A 1085 Times Harlem.

EXECUTIVE'S ASSISTANT, experienced meeting business men, detail, office management, wants to assist busy man. 342 Times.

FARMER — Single, 30 years' experience, wishes position as manager of farm, or full charge of pure bred herd; understands care of cows, calves, farm machinery, tractors, &c.; highest references, available Jan. 1. Address care William Oliver, Springfield Gardens, Springfield, Long Island, New York.

FEEDER, Gordon, A1; age 32; keep books to fill in time or after hours; $25. D 2775 Times.

INSTRUMENT MAKER—Electric (scientific) and optical; good experience. J 3 Times.

JOB PRESSMAN wants permanent position with future. L 693 Times Downtown.

MANAGER, charge curtain factory, desires change; reliable, competent; thoroughly experienced. Harlem 9079, 6-8 evenings. D 22 Times.

MAN wanted position to take care of invalid gentleman, 20 years last place; handy. D 893 Times.

MASSEUR, first-class, licensed, 17049, wishes to go to patient's home or travel with gentleman. Phone Murray Hill 2779 from 8 to 11, morning.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER desires connection as general manager, works manager, sales manager; fully experienced. Y 2443 Times Annex.

MECHANICAL engineering graduate, 23; marine and paper mill experience. J 374 Times.

OFFICE MAN, technical college graduate, two years purchasing machinery for large corporation, good correspondent, knowledge of office routine and bookkeeping; can furnish references as to character and ability. E 79 Times.

PRODUCTION SPECIALIST, with 25 years' practical experience, solicits interview with concerns desiring to improve their production; an interview costs nothing. Address K 309 Times.

RETAIL BUSINESS BUILDER OF PROVEN ABILITY wants a chance of a lifetime at present in charge of large instalment store in a large Eastern city, earning over $6,000; successful record of past and present accomplishments; most thorough ready-to-wear experience, buying, sales campaigns, capable executive. Will arrange an interview if you address K. S., 113 Times.

SALES EXECUTIVE—Young man, with 7 years' experience as assistant manager of sales large automobile distributor, desires new connection with a sales organization where ability will gain promotion. C 156 Times.

SALESMAN—A capable young man, with initiative and ability, who is not afraid of long hours, desires inside position, preferably commercial stationery or stationery and cigar store, but willing to adapt himself to any other line. J 401 Times.

SALESMAN—Young man, 30, whose past years' earnings were $12,500, moving permanently to New Haven, Conn., is open for a real selling opportunity in that section; broad business and selling experience warrants thorough character investigation; immediate returns immaterial. J 5 Times.

SALESMAN acquainted with wholesale and retail grocers in Hudson Valley eleven years, owning own automobile, desires to represent manufacturer of grocery or drug article; best of references; salary and expenses or drawing account against commission. Address Box 249, Kingston, N. Y.

SALESMAN leaving for Minneapolis to reside would like to make connection with reliable house; to cover Twin Cities and State; toilet goods or novelties preferred. J 44 Times.

SALESMAN—Photo-engraving salesman, having severed connection with present house, desires to connect with concern on strictly commission basis. P 419 Times.

SALESMAN, 7 years' Notaseme; sales correspondent, sales manager. A 1083 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, silks, seven years' experience, acquainted with cutting-up retail trade, desires inside, outside position. C 132 Times.

SALESMAN, ribbons, jobbing trade, like to connect with manufacturer; hard worker; references. J 10 Times.

SALESMAN, hustler, refined appearance; traveled extensively; wholesale lines preferred. J 396 Times.

SALESMAN, specialty, well acquainted Philadelphia, Maryland, New York; salary. Q 150 Times.

SHIPPING and receiving clerk, 32, married, 10 years' experience, good marker; A1 references. Nicoletti, 48 Prospect St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, well educated, experienced, desires employment with engineering or architectural concern where conscientious work and strict attention to duties merit advancement; at present employed in "blind alley" job; position in a modern, sunlit office amid congenial surroundings is desired. C 169 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 24; expert and intelligent, with six years' experience and excellent references; executive ability; great speed on typewriter; trial requested. A 783 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, 22, high school graduate, executive ability, thoroughly experienced, desires position with progressive concern. K 332 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT wishes position high-class apartment house; references. A 788 Times Downtown.

TIME STUDY and production, college man can travel; shop experience. W 105 Times.

TRAFFIC MAN, railroad and industrial experience, transportation problems, claims. K 343 Times.

TUTOR—Position wanted in private family or instructor in private school by cultured, refined man from South; age 27; university graduate; three years' experience; excellent references. Y 2468 Times Annex.

TUTOR, with long experience in preparatory and college branches. Mr. Stone, 129 West 70th St. Phone Schuyler 7725.

WRITER, graduate of newspaper managing editorship, thoroughly grounded in business, seeks position, permanent or temporary. J 390 Times.

YOUNG MAN—A capable salesman, with initiative and ability, who is not afraid of long hours, desires inside position, preferably commercial stationery or stationery and cigar store, but willing to adapt himself to any other line. J 401 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in automobiles, accessories, tires and storage batteries, nine years running own large garage and repair shop, wishes a position with a live concern in the automobile line. Y 2451 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 24, college graduate and of good business training and experience, at present employed in a very responsible capacity, desires to connect with progressive house; cause of present seeking of position due to dissolution of firm. J 394 Times.

YOUNG MAN—Ex-naval officer, 24, graduate, U. S. Naval Academy, wants position with future; salary to start secondary matter; wants a chance where hard work and ability are rewarded. Y 2417 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 21, two years' experience, would like to connect with reliable firm dealing in jewelers' or dentists' fine tools and supplies; also dental depot. John Clark, 163 Autumn Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, Spanish, 22, 3 years U. S. Naval Academy, wants position where future depends upon ability; salary at start secondary matter. E 134 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, aggressive, neat appearance, sales ability, desires connection reliable mercantile concern offering opportunity. C 158 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ARTIST — Fashion; experienced, who can create; unusual opportunity for a capable fashion designer. T 898 Times.

ASSISTANT BUYER wanted in resident buyer's office, with retail experience ladies' neckwear, vestings, dress trimmings, &c.; state experience, salary, references. K 6 Times.

BOOKKEEPER,
knowledge of stenography, experienced.
WALD ELECTRIC MFG. CORP.
248 NORTH 10TH ST., BROOKLYN,
BET. UNION AV. AND ROEBLING ST.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER — Young woman as resident bookkeeper and stenographer in physician's office. Dr. W. Paul, 76 South Lexington Av., White Plains, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, experience handling retail store account; one with executive ability preferred. S 768 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry; references. Shirtcraft Co., Inc., 718 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, several years' experience. Tel. Madison Square 1007.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER wanted. Apply in person 196 5th Av.

BUYER FOR
WAIST
DEPARTMENT.
FREDERICK LOESER & CO.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y., REQUIRE A
BUYER AND MANAGER FOR
THEIR WAIST DEPARTMENT: A
WOMAN OF ABILITY, ENERGY
AND BROAD EXPERIENCE OF
THE HIGHEST CLASS WILL
FIND THIS AN EXCELLENT
OPPORTUNITY. APPLY PERSONALLY OR BY MAIL. APPLICATIONS TREATED IN STRICT
CONFIDENCE IF DESIRED.

CASHIER'S ASSISTANT for foreign exchange bankers; one used large volume of business and willing to assume responsibility, preferably with banking house which must be able to do typewriting and work on adding machine; hours, 9 A. M. to 7 P. M., also Saturday; one hour for lunch; salary $25 per week; advancement. Only those fully qualified and having A1 references. Address S. E. B., 222 Times.

CASHIER—RETAIL STORE; FAMILIAR WITH SALES SLIP ENTRIES; UNDERSTANDING TYPEING; LADY BETWEEN 28 AND 38 PREFERRED. V 841 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CASHIERS, experienced. Call Weisbecker, 268-270 West 125th.

CHAMBERMAID - WAITRESS, experienced white woman, in private family, two adults, two children, at 47 Marwood Road, Forest Hills Gardens, Boulevard 6312-W.

CLEANERS wanted for hotel. Call with references after 11 A. M. Westover Court, 210 West 44th St.

CLERICAL WORKER.
Young woman at least 20 years of age to read and clip newspapers; publishing house; salary $45 monthly; state age, experience and education. Box 188, 906 Fitzgerald Building.

CLERK, thoroughly experienced, for general work in accounting department; must be quick, neat penman and able to figure accurately; at least 5 years' experience. Write, stating age, experience, nationality, previous employments, salary desired. J 386 Times.

COOK—Wanted, experienced cook, also waitress-chambermaid. 405 Park Av. Telephone Plaza 2080, mornings.

DESIGNER.
Well known children's and intermediate dress house desires the services of a designer on silk, also cotton dresses; to one with originality and creative abilities a splendid permanent position is offered. Box 783, 209 Cable Bldg.

DESIGNER on popular priced silk waists. Regent Waist Co., 3 East 28th.

FILING.
Young woman, experienced, competent, to assume charge of card and correspondence file. Apply U. S. Office, 37th St. entrance.
STEWART & CO.,
5th Av. at 37th St.

FILE CLERK—Young lady who has had experience filing vouchers required by large steamship company; state age and salary expected. V 885 Times Downtown.

GIRL for general housework in a doctor's home. Apply Mrs. M. Harwich, 1,247 Intervale Av., Bronx. Phone Intervale 1496.

GIRL for fancy goods shop, 2,451 Broadway, near 90th St.

GOVERNESS, kindergarten, to undertake class of six children; excellent references essential; American, English or French preferred; not over 35. Apply for appointment to Mrs. Herbert, 36 28th St., Beechhurst, L. I. Phone Flushing 3878-J.

HOUSEKEEPER — Working for bachelor apartments; no objection husband, mother or daughter. Call after 2 P. M. 150 Lexington Av.

HOUSEKEEPER for two physicians, bachelors; entire charge apartment, including laundry; give full particulars, references, terms. J 11 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, wanted, white, family of three, high wages, excellent position. Call Thursday, 10:30 to 5. Apt. 6B, 46 West 83d.

HOUSEWORKER for business couple, child 8 years; good home, plain cooking. Telephone Stuyvesant 3358.

HOUSEWORKER, general, young girl; sleep out. Apply afternoons. Patterson, 2 East 128th.

HOUSEWORKER, general, in family of five adults; no washing; $65 per month. Phone Great Neck 214.

HOUSEWORKER, general, young woman, white, two in family; reference required. Mrs. Jaqua, 150 West 118th St.

INTERIOR DECORATOR wanted; experienced person to take charge of department in store in Middle Western city. Apply by letter to Anton Hallmann, 17 East 8th St., New York City.

LADY, cultured, refined, tactful, well educated, who is resourceful and ambitious, to introduce Circle of Knowledge Student Plan for American Educational Association; guaranteed salary $1,800 with bonus. B 387 Times.

MAID, intelligent; apartment of single physician. Apply 8 P. M. or write Dr. Monaghan, 1,199 Boston Road, Bronx.

MATRON, white, take charge ladies' retiring room, railroad station; attend passengers and sell toilet articles. Call 2 West Broadway, 1 flight up.

MILLINERY DESIGNER FOR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT; ONLY THOSE WITH STH EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY. J. M. GIDDING & CO., 5TH AV. AND 46TH ST.

MILLINERY
SALESLADIES.
Only those accustomed to high class clientele need apply. Mildred Hat Shop, 2,449 Broadway, near 90th St.

MILLINERY DESIGNER
for trimmed, snappy hats; wonderful opportunity for right party; salary no object. Address Sunshine Hat Co., 37 West 29th St.

MODELS
MODELS
MODELS
ATTRACTIVE, STYLISH YOUNG LADIES, SIZE 16, FOR DRESS HOUSE; EXPERIENCED ONLY. CALL 9:30 A. M.
LEO FINKENBERG, INC.,
31 EAST 31ST ST.

MAX LACHMAN & SON,
302 5TH AV.
MODEL, SIZE 16; ATTRACTIVE, SMART YOUNG LADY FOR SHOWROOM. 9, WEBSTER, 5 WEST 50TH ST.
MODEL, SUITS, SIZE 16.
GOOD PAY; PERMANENT POSITION.
PHIL KATZ, 11 EAST 24TH.
MODEL wanted, M. Call R. Hertig & Bro., 34 West 33rd St.
MOTHER'S HELPER to assist with baby 4 months old; experienced. Phone Mrs. Fowler, Stuyvesant 4961.
MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR, expert, at once. Gregg & Co., 24 Clinton St., Newark, N. J.
NURSE—New Haven, Conn., family went experienced, capable white woman for child's nursery; must be English speaking preferred. Write, giving references to J. M. Harding, 110 Linden St., New Haven, Conn.
NURSE, white; practical nurse for infant wanted by young married couple; one who will also assist in cooking and light general housework; no washing; state nationality, salary desired and references. K 366 Times.
NURSES, graduates; good salary; general night duty. Superintendent nurses, Melrose 3285.
NURSE — Experienced graduate surgical nurse. Call in person only if prepared for immediate duty. 231 East 57th St.
OFFICE ASSISTANT; must be bright, energetic and good at figures. Apply 6th floor, 861 8th Av. (34th St.).
OFFICE CLERKS wanted; salary $15. State Employment Bureau, 310 Jay St., Brooklyn.
SALES LADY, HIGH-CLASS,
for our new millinery department; to those whose experience warrants entering to high-class patronage, exceptional opportunity for advancement and excellent salaries offered; we also have an opening for an experienced woman to take complete charge.
MARTIN'S,
Fulton, Corner Bridge St., Brooklyn.

SALESLADIES.
We require the services of thoroughly experienced saleslades in all our departments; steady positions; excellent salary.
MARTIN'S,
Fulton and Bridge Sts., Brooklyn.

SALESLADIES, experience unnecessary; extra; $3.50 day. Weisbecker, 270 West 125th St.

SALES MANAGER, capable young woman of good education to build up a small but efficient sales force with young, growing publishing firm, one who knows how others have done it and has ideas of her own and who is willing to start at a moderate salary with commission on the sales. Address, giving all particulars, Y 2460 Times Annex.

SALESWOMEN.
OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO.,
34th Street West,
require experienced
SALESLADIES
in their
GOWN DEPARTMENT.
Liberal salaries and commissions on all sales. Apply at Employment Bureau, 33 West 34th St. (4th Floor).

SALESWOMEN—SECURITY.
We have an unusual opportunity for several experienced security saleswomen; we are selling 8% preferred stock, carrying an attractive common stock bonus, in a sound industrial—a national necessity; now is the time to cash in on the reinvestment period; our proposition is strong, attractive, basically sound, and will bear the most rigid investigation; liberal commission basis. S 765 Times Downtown.

SALESWOMEN.
Splendid opportunity in high-class retail shop for women experienced in selling and fitting corsets; attractive salary, pleasant surroundings; only experienced applicants considered. Box 81, 1626 St. James Bldg.

SALESWOMAN, experienced, for toilet preparations and to learn scientific skin treatments; must be young, well educated and of good appearance. W 113 Times.

SALESWOMEN, experienced, to solicit business for growing advertising service; excellent salary. Call at 10, Coplart, 15 Park Row.

SAMPLE GIRLS; must have experience in handling laces; references required. Box 23, 1626 St. James Building.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER — Young woman wanted in advertising department of large manufacturing concern; state experience; age, nationality and salary desired. W 111 Times.

SECRETARY.
Executive of oil company desires services of a private secretary, one with oil company experience preferred, but efficient secretarial work and best of references essential; write experience and references. A 775 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY.
For President of large corporation; college graduate; must possess real executive ability and capacity for handling detail; very little stenographic work; salary to start $30-$35; state age, education, experience and religion; Christian; white. T 4 Times.

SECRETARY—Well-educated stenographer or dictaphonist; $25; state age, religion, education, experience. W 70 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant—5th Av. house, has vacancy for young lady; must have knowledge, English, accurate in filing and general office work and be refined, well educated, accurate and willing; give full particulars and salary required. D 377 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant to editor in large Christian publishing house, one who has had editorial experience preferred; excellent opportunity for bright young woman possessing initiative; state salary expected, qualifications, &c. T. L., 211 Times.

STENOGRAPHER in the editorial office of a leading medical publication as assistant to editors and take care of details; one having similar experience preferred. Address, stating qualifications, salary, &c., V 846 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, refined, educated woman by Christian advertising firm; state age, experience, habits, religion, shorthand and typing speed, salary; some dictaphone work. T 3 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Bright, energetic young woman as publisher's assistant; must be accurate and rapid; salary $20; state fully education and experience. A 784 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—We have an opening for a capable stenographer; please apply by letter, giving particulars as to qualifications, experience, if any, and salary required. A. D., 204 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 25 to 30 years old; must be able to do neat, accurate work and have sense of responsibility, advertising experience helpful; full details in letter. K 848 Times.

STENOGRAPHER — Spanish, French and English stenographer is required by large motion-picture corporation; must be able to take English dictation; state salary and experience. W 115 Times.

STENOGRAPHER who has broad knowledge of employment agency business; must know full details; with chance of interest in business; salary no object. Call between 12-1, 27 East 21st, 8th floor.

STENOGRAPHER
and assist't bookkeeper wanted by wholesale coat house; experience and accuracy essential.
CASS & ROSENTHAL,
153 WEST 27TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, also some knowledge of bookkeeping; good salary; steady employment. Apply Niagara Knitting Mills Corp., corner Henry and Radde Sts., Long Island City, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and efficient, law; must come well recommended; no others need apply; good pay; good position; hours 9:30 to 5:30; must be industrious. Room 1812, 299 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS — Prominent brokerage firm; experience and accuracy essential; $20; excellent opportunity. V 833 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, wanted in wholesale house; apply by letter, stating experience and salary expected. T. M. James & Co., 20 West 22d.

STENOGRAPHERS, $20-$22; several wanted by general office of large Christian concern; Oliver operators or willing to learn. Call 210 Broadway; ask for Miss Carlson.

STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant wanted by Christian firm; $15 to start; splendid opportunity for advancement. Apply Champlain Studio, 382 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, one with initiative; high school graduate; salary $25. State Employment Bureau, 310 Jay St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER,
in Brooklyn office; hours 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., Saturday noon. Write, stating age, experience and salary. B. T., 321 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, willing worker, neat appearance, executive capacity. Write for appointment, Corporation, 41 Union Square, Room 715.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced dictation and billing; references. Shirtcraft Co., Inc., 718 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; knowledge of German required; state qualifications in letter; salary $25 to begin. K 847 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, accurate; Christian firm; small office. B 1931 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced in handling correspondence; salary $25. Call Room 617, after 4 P. M., 19 West 44th St.

STENOGRAPHER,
experienced in dry goods line preferred. D. D., 222 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR for large wholesale house; experienced on busy board; refined young lady only; state age, experience, references and salary. S 129 Times.

TEACHERS—Summer camp for girls requires following teachers for arts and crafts, swimming, tennis, elocution and dramatics; dancing. K 365 Times.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, by an established publishing house; pleasant surroundings; must display neat, intelligent and courteous manner; $16 per week. Address Mr. Borthwick, Bureau of National Literature, 40 West 39th St., 24 floor.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR or supervisor, first class, to take charge of important, busy switchboard; state experience, qualifications, references and salary expected. S 1041 Times Annex.

TELEPHONE switchboard operator, experienced; $45 month, board and room. Jewish Hospital, Classon and St. Mark's Avs., Brooklyn.

TYPIST and dictaphone operator as general assistant in downtown sales office; accuracy more important than speed; state salary and experience. L 717 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—Girl of neat appearance and refined desired by Christian advertising agency to $50 to begin; answer small switchboard and announce callers; state age, experience, religion and salary. T 4 Times.

TYPIST—Position open in treasurer's department of large corporation for typist to assist in credit work; applicant must be well educated; salary to start $65 a month. S 767 Times Downtown.

TYPISTS, $16-$20; several wanted by general office of large Christian concern; Oliver operators or willing to learn. Call 210 Broadway; ask for Miss Carlson.

TYPISTS wanted; salary $15. State Employment Bureau, 310 Jay St., Brooklyn.

WAIST BUYER, by prominent house; state experience and salary desired. B. M., 245 Times.

WAITRESS, capable, also a chambermaid; good home and good wages. Telephone Vanderbilt 4930.

WOMAN, tactful, well educated, to present educational system in South; business experience essential; $1,800 salary first year; bonus and transportation. T 2 Times.

YOUNG GIRL, French, as companion to 11-year-old girl, afternoons. Call mornings, Mack, 66 West 77th.

YOUNG LADY,
energetic, possessing executive ability and able to take charge of garments in stockroom; must have experience and willing to take responsibility.
H. MILGRIM & BROS.,
74TH ST. AND BROADWAY.

YOUNG LADY, clerical work in filing; one with typing experience preferred; will consider bright beginner; apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary. Y 2436 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY—STOCK CLERK, FAMILIAR WITH JEWELRY LINE; ALL AROUND ASSISTANT; RETAIL STORE; STATE AGE, SALARY EXPECTED AND EXPERIENCE. V 842 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG LADY in dental office; reference required. W 101 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN with clerical or bookkeeping experience, wanted in advertising department; beginner might qualify if had high school education; state experience, age, nationality and salary desired. W 110 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, capable, wanted, experienced in demonstrating, preparing and selling food products; salary. Apply in person at Gorton Pew Fisheries Co., 98 North Moore St., New York City.

YOUNG WOMEN—Sell hosiery direct to consumer from maker; earn $25 to $50 weekly; commissions in your spare time. Bristol Hosiery Mills, 500 5th Av.

YOUNG WOMEN to train for nurses; uniforms and maintenance furnished; also $10 a month. Apply in person, Hospital, 2,076 5th Av.

Instruction.

DON'T BE A "JOB-HUNTER."
With our school back of you positions are always available. Over 5,000 graduates holding positions in which we have placed them after a brief course of instruction.
Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses.
Call for particulars or send for catalog.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
1,170 Broadway, at 28th St.
Phone Madison Square 6097.

ELLIOTT-FISHER TRAINING SCHOOLS.
16th Year—8,000 Graduates—10,000 Positions.
3 to 14 week courses in Mechanical Bookkeeping and Typewriting Classes.
Profession pays $18-$40.
FREE EMPLOYMENT SERVICE.
Write for Booklet "T," or
Call for Free Demonstration.
ROOM 415, 150 NASSAU ST., N. Y. C.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED WOMEN — Big demand for high-salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

MOON'S SECRETARIAL SCHOOLS
for 30 and 60 day courses. Stenography, 30 days; secretarial, 60 days; standing contracts with largest firms for our graduates; free trial lessons. 50 East 42d St., New York, and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

COME ANY MINUTE AFTER BUSINESS for special typewriting, English, accounting. Phone Beekman 2723. Night-Day Booklet. Drake Business School, Tribune Bldg., N. Y., or Bedford Av., at Fulton St., Brooklyn.

$25-$75 WEEK through Prof. Rohrer's Hairdress, Manicure, Face, Electric, Scalp and Beauty School. 119 West 42d St. Pamphlet.

Employment Agencies.

PERSONNEL EXCHANGE,
26 John St.

MILLINERY DESIGNER—Must know her business and have experience with high-class concern; $75 week.
STENO.—Large bank, unusual opportunity; lunches and $27.
STENO.—Handle own correspondence; do simple bookwork; $25.
STENO.—Export; uptown; $25.
STENO.—Take care of switchboard; $25.
EXPERT CALCULUS—Must have 3 years' physics; $25.
MULTIGRAPH OPR.—Expert; salary expected.
NO REGISTRATION CHARGE.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE, Inc.
W. J. SWIFT, Pres.
C. P. HASSON, Sec't. J. J. McLAUGHLIN, Treas. & Gen'l Mgr.
U. S. Realty Bldg.
115 BROADWAY.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.

ELSIE DIEHL AGENCY,
1 BEEKMAN ST. 24 PARK ROW.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.
STENO. SEC'Y—Publishing; $30.
STENO. SEC'Y—Banking; $25.
STENO. LAW—$30-$25.
STENO.—Mfg., downtown; $115.
STENO.—Harlem; $25.
STENO.—Insurance; $20.
STENO.—Beginner; $18-$20.
TYPIST.—Automobile; $23.
OFFICE ASSISTANT—Good figurer; $25; hours 8:30 to 5:30; must be industrious. Room 1812, 299 Broadway.
STENOGRAPHERS — Prominent brokerage firm; experience and accuracy essential; $20; excellent opportunity. V 833 Times Downtown.
STENOGRAPHER and office assistant, wanted in wholesale house; apply by letter, stating experience and salary expected. T. M. James & Co., 20 West 22d.
STENOGRAPHERS, $20-$22; several wanted by general office of large Christian concern; Oliver operators or willing to learn. Call 210 Broadway; ask for Miss Carlson.
STENOGRAPHER and general office assistant wanted by Christian firm; $15 to start; splendid opportunity for advancement. Apply Champlain Studio, 382 5th Av.
STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, one with initiative; high school graduate; salary $25. State Employment Bureau, 310 Jay St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER,
in Brooklyn office; hours 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., Saturday noon. Write, stating age, experience and salary. B. T., 321 Times.
STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, willing worker, neat appearance, executive capacity. Write for appointment, Corporation, 41 Union Square, Room 715.
STENOGRAPHER, experienced dictation and billing; references. Shirtcraft Co., Inc., 718 Broadway.
STENOGRAPHER, experienced; knowledge of German required; state qualifications in letter; salary $25 to begin. K 847 Times.
STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, accurate; Christian firm; small office. B 1931 Times Annex.
STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced in handling correspondence; salary $25. Call Room 617, after 4 P. M., 19 West 44th St.

STENOGRAPHER,
experienced in dry goods line preferred. D. D., 222 Times.

ROYBORNE, INC., 38 PARK ROW.
STENOGRAPHER, LEGAL EXPER.; $35.
OTHER VACANCIES. CALL IMMEDIATELY.

GEORGE W. GREGER, 101 West 42d St.
Bookkeepers—Stenographers—Typists.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS, seniors, wanted by large firm of certified public accountants doing important work; those preferred who have had a large and varied experience with other certified public accountants or with large corporations where they have had to do with the auditing and general accounts of the concern; good salary and permanency for the proper ones; give full particulars as to experience, salary desired, references, &c. A 751 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS—Several seniority exist for permanent positions in large up-town office of long established firm of certified public accountants; replying, give experience, reference and salary desired; only those having five years or more experience need apply. L 684 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, competent, familiar with English and Spanish and cost accounting for manufacturing business; to be employed in Mexico; give full particulars. K 340 Times.

ACCOUNTANT wanted, with public accounting experience, by C. P. A. for temporary work; position may prove permanent; state full particulars. A 779 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS seniors, wanted by firm of public accountants; give references, experience and salary desired. A 780 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING and business manager, for eminently successful trade journal; unsatisfactory evidence of actual achievement and commanding executive ability with publishing house only basis for consideration; present executive has retired; state age and salary requirements. business 1920, $250,000; manager must assume full responsibility. J 399 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR commission basis, - THE DEBUTANT MAGAZINE. Apply 354 Broadway, 3d floor, Williamsburgh.

ASSISTANT BUYER MEN'S SHIRTS.
Man accustomed to doing a large volume of business; only a hustler with department store experience will be considered; good salary and bonus; apply by mail or in person, Merchandise Office,
GOERKE CO., NEWARK, N. J.

BOND TRADER wanted by well known stock exchange firm; state experience; replies treated confidentially. S 750 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, thoroughly experienced in double entry bookkeeping, who is thoroughly competent and above the average in speed and knowledge of the territory in this city selling petroleum and its products, lubricating oil, greases, &c.; honesty and integrity more essential than experience; salary and commission. Apply by letter, Box T. R., Room 201, 120 Liberty St., N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER—A nearby New Jersey newspaper wants a young man bookkeeper of experience, preferably with some knowledge of advertising and circulation accounting; must live on Jersey side. Y 2437 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, living near Jamaica, to take complete charge of office, collections and correspondence, preferably typewritten; must furnish letter only, stating salary expected, &c. Y 2461 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, (assistant to head accountant), by large export corporation; must be middle-aged man with experience; give full particulars and state lowest salary expected. A 772 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, foreign exchange experience essential; downtown bank; state experience and salary required; replies regarded as confidential. S 774 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, must understand voucher register and controls thoroughly, $140 monthly and chance for advancement; state age and references. C 152 Times.

BOYS, 3,
bright boys for general office work; must be energetic and ambitious; excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply Henry Lindenmeyr & Sons, 32 Bleecker St.

BOYS.
Definite advancement is assured for bright, ambitious office boys who wish to become associated with the largest rubber company in the world. Call mornings, employment office, 14th floor, United States Rubber Co., 1,790 Broadway.

BOY, experienced mimeograph operator; one thoroughly familiar with multigraph, addressograph and mimeograph machines will find this position affords a good opportunity for the right one. James W. Elliott's Business Builders, 64 West 46th St.

BOY, 16-18 YEARS OF AGE, FOR WHOLESALE MILLINERY BUSINESS; OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT; MUST BECOME SALESMAN AND EXECUTIVE; CHRISTIAN HOUSE. L. B., 246 TIMES.

BOYS, 14-17 years, to assist in a prominent law office, be generally useful, bright, ambitious boys; experience not necessary. Apply suite 1236, 40 Wall St.

BOY, DRAFTING ROOM.
One with experience in blue printing and duplicating preferred. Sprague Electric, Grand St. and Garrison Av., Maspeth, L. I.

BOY wanted in chemical commission house; good prospects. Taylor, Suite 500, 2 Rector St.

BOYS, two good openings in downtown insurance company; advancement; write salary, age. Y 844 Times Downtown.

BUYER — Prominent wholesale dry goods jobbing house in Boston experienced in buying and selling hosiery and underwear; good opportunity for thoroughly experienced man; give details, how many years' experience, where employed, salary expected, &c.; all correspondence held strictly confidential. "RELIABLE," 853 Times Downtown.

BUYER, experienced in printing, stationery and office supplies; large corporation located near Times Square; state experience and salary desired. T 597 Times.

CANDY MAKER—Attractive position open; must be the best bar and bulk chocolate man. Apply by letter only. Le Roi Candy Co., 57 Green St., Newark, N. J.

CLERK as night auditor for large club; hours from midnight to 8 A. M.; state age, experience and salary desired. W 122 Times.

CLERK for a large publishing concern; state age, experience and salary expected. S 1039 Times Annex.

COUPLE to do all work house, garage and grounds. Leubuscher, 258 Broadway.

CREDIT CORRESPONDENT.
We want a man with actual experience in the credit department of a manufacturing or wholesaling concern of high grade wearing apparel; the highest degree of tact and a command of the very best English being essential qualifications; each applicant must be prepared to undergo a rigid examination; permanent position at a good salary with a house of over fifty years' standing is offered to such a man; send full particulars regarding age and experience, Box 38, 209 Cable Bldg.

DESIGNER.
Designer wanted on chic looking dresses, one who has the unquestionable right to a good, liberal salary. Apply, in confidence, from 1 to 5 P. M., 1,182 Broadway, Room 907.

ELECTRICAL MEN WANTED.
Technical school graduates preferred; necessary to have had electrical instrument experience.
WESTON ELECTRICAL INSTRUMENT CO.,
Frelinghuysen Av. at Wecquahic Park; Elizabeth car or jitney to door.

ENGINEER and fireman for heating plant in business house; must also run elevator; references required. Apply Wile, 62 9th Av.

EXECUTIVE for office work, good correspondent, accustomed to handling men, capacity for details essential, not afraid long hours; growing concern can give unusual opportunity to the right man, willing to start at $30 per week. L 723 Times Downtown.

FENCING INSTRUCTOR,
to give foil fencing lessons at home. S 769 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN and samplemaker wanted, to understand and manage a general line of men's leather goods; salary and bonus or commission on sales; state references and nature of experience; splendid opportunity for the right party. S 759 Times Downtown.

HEAD ATTENDIANT, white, to take charge colored porters in paid toilet, railroad station. Call at 10 A. M., 2 West Broadway, one flight up.

MEN.
One of New York's largest women's specialty apparel shops, requires the services of experienced
DEPARTMENT STORE SALESMEN
of good appearance and address; permanent positions assured. Replies confidential.
W 126 TIMES.

MACHINERY DESIGNER, draftsman; manage engineering department concern manufacturing machine tools and woodworking machinery; experience necessary; age about 40; state reference, salary. W 128 Times.

MANAGER
and window trimmer for ladies' retail cloak and suit store, out of town; only those thoroughly experienced will be considered; good opportunity for the right party. Address 1,170 Broadway, Room 310.

MANAGER GENERAL MARKET.
Unusual opportunity for man with successful past record in retail meat business; state references and salary expected. M. G. M., 115 Times.

MERCHANDISE manager desires as a part of trading interest with established concern; 15 years' experience in all branches of merchandising; turnover, analyzing merchandising statistics; position is permanent and offers opportunity for advancement in the cosmetic establishment doing over $5,000,000 per annum. Merchandise Manager, W 129 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT wanted man required, over 25 years of age and of good appearance, to receive callers in publishing house and do detail work. Write full particulars as to age, experience, salary expected to Box E 129 Times.

OFFICE BOY—Splendid opportunity for advancement open to neat, intelligent boy in executive's office of daily newspaper; state age and salary desired. S 1025 Times Annex.

OFFICE BOY who knows his way around office work; must be quick. Irving Pitt Mfg. Co., 426 Broadway.

OFFICE BOY, 16 years old, to busy law office. A 773 Times Downtown.

PURCHASING AGENT'S ASSISTANT.
Young man, energetic and reliable, must be stenographer and have preferably purchasing experience. Reply, stating age, education, experience and salary expected. Y 2414

The New York Times
Classified Advertising Rates.
Rates per word or an Agate line. Per Agate Line.
Situations under two lines.... 40c
Situations Wanted..... 40c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted.... 45c
Partners and Board Wanted..... 45c
Help Wanted, &c..... 50c
Real Estate, &c..... 50c
Live and Dressed (Sunday 60c)..... 55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted..... 55c
Country Board..... 60c
Mortgage Loans..... 65c
For Sale..... 65c
Automobiles, Exchange..... 65c
Autos Wanted..... 65c
Employment Agencies..... 75c
Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c)..... 15c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers..... 15c
For insertion in the Sunday edition, advertisements of schools, financial, hotels, resorts must be received by The Times by noon today. Real Estate and apartment display advertisements by 6 P. M. today. Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. Saturday. All other classified advertisements not later than 12 o'clock noon Saturday.
Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition must be received by 6 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Block-Hopkins billing machine, power motor; Burroughs bookkeeping and typewriter outfit; bargain. 8 750 Times Downtown.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany: desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nelson's, 453 Broadway.

GIRL'S Juvenile Princeton bicycle, brand new, valued at $57.50, will sell for $40. Bklyn. 296 9th Av., New York City. Phone Chelsea 5648.

DICTAPHONE, mimeograph and adding machines on sale. Please phone Murray Hill 870.

BRAND NEW 36-power multigraph; attachments; sell half price. Rubenstein, 320 Broadway.

RARE old violin, wonderful tone; bow and case $40. S. 213 Times.

THREE arge lofts for sale, suitable for ...; Apply 251 5th Av., 1st floor.

TYPEWRITER, Al condition; will sell at ... Times.

Cats and Dogs.

FOR SALE—Boston bull terrier, 2 months old, ... marked, pedigreed. Apt. ... West 174th. Private. Phone Wad. ...

POLICE DOGS, from champion stock, male; ... months old. Sheriff ... Westchester, N. Y.

ARGUS AT STUD is registered by Chester Buck, champion Sire and Sire. Phone Mansfield ...

Clothing.

KOLINSKY full length cape coat, first quality Leipsig dyed skins, almost new; cost $1,800, price $850. Tel. Circle 9460, or call between 11 and 1, 200 West 59th St., 7B.

GENTLEMAN'S extremely handsome raccoon fur coat; bargain. Apply superintendent, 20 East 48th.

Furniture.

SUMPTUOUS three-piece suite, heavy brown leather couch and two armchairs; suitable for office or home library; reorganization of office necessitates quick sale; very good bargain. Call Room 814, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

REED and willow furniture for all homes direct from factory; lowest prices, largest selection in single pieces or sets. Long Beach Willow Co., 136 East 41st.

BEDROOM FURNITURE, rug for sale; also grandfather's clock; $450. Riverside 1588.

Machinery.

MOTORS, 47 D. C.; second hand; sizes from 1-16th to 22 H. P.; good condition; open for inspection. C. E. Sheppard & Co., 11th St. and Van Alst Av., Long Island City.

ALL KINDS OF MACHINES FOR SALE; ALSO 3½ HORSE POWER MOTOR; S. & W. WAIST CO., 36 WEST 24TH ST.

Pianos and Organs.

WISSNER upright piano; good condition; leaving city; must sell at once; $125. Mr. Buckley, Main 9602.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
3 months, $5 up. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC., 345 Broadway, at Leonard St., 2d floor, 224 St., opposite Madison Av. Telephone 5408 Franklin.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Telephone 4738 Barclay.

Wanted to Purchase.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses, pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3783.

HIGHEST cash prices paid for furniture, rugs, pianos, paintings. Griffin, 115 University Place. Stuyvesant 2286.

BOUGHT FOR SPOT CASH.
High-Grade Household Goods & Furniture.
B. Grossman, 68 W. 45th St. Vanderbilt 2524

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
I, Mrs. Mina Zwiebel of 53 West 117th St., New York, do hereby give notice to all creditors I am not responsible for the debts of my son, Max, as he has left my home and is no longer under my supervision.
(Signed) MRS. MINA ZWIEBEL.
Dated Dec. 29, 1920.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

A market for used cars. All advertisements censored.

BUICK, 1920 roadster.
CADILLAC, 1919 touring; Victoria.
CADILLAC, 1919 limousine landaulet.
CADILLAC, 1917 limousine and touring.
HUDSON 1918 coupe.
PACKARD, 1918 suburban limousine.
PACKARD, 1916 convertible.
PACKARD, 1915 2 passenger landaulet.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE CO.,
Broadway at 58th St. Columbus 5078.

STUDEBAKER, 1920 7-passenger touring; like new; Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

PACKARD, 1920 7-passenger, perfect condition; 8 cylinders; very reasonable. Mr. Cook, 1,062 Lexington Av., 3 mornings, 9-12.

PACKARD, 1920 7-passenger touring; like new; owner has purchased limousine; will sell at sacrifice



One of 3 buildings for Alcohol Products Company, Hemmerich Junction, N. J. Taylor & Bass, Architects.

Perhaps your plant is in Albany, Syracuse, Buffalo, Hartford, Providence, or some other city some way off.

Seems like a big drawback to our building the new factory or warehouse you need, doesn't it?

But, really, you don't care where the organization comes from that saves you time and money, do you?

The proof? Our "Speed with Economy" records on C. B. Dolge Co. factory, Saugatuck, Conn., Hudson River Woolen Mills Dye House, Newburgh, N. Y., Stuyvesant Properties Inc., Buffalo, Joseph Fahys & Co., Sag Harbor, L. I., etc.—buildings finished sooner than promised or for less than estimated cost, or both.

Going to build? Phone us Bryant 2908, or write us 110 W. 40th St., New York.

Barney-Ahlers
Industrial Construction
"Speed with Economy"

A
Dual
Consideration

CLOSING the books for the year

1. Automatically determines financial results for the year

and therefore

2. Definitely establishes tax liability.

How important, then, to delegate the closing of books to Certified Public Accountants experienced in the intimate inter-relationship between accounting and taxes!

SEIDMAN & SEIDMAN
Certified Public Accountants
41 Park Row
NEW YORK
Grand Rapids Washington Newark

A Ring Of Question Marks

Business men of today are encircled with a Ring of Question Marks. Additional Tax Assessments? Tax Refunds? Inventory Valuations? Advisability Of Re-Organizing?

These and other puzzling problems dictate that you seek this long-experienced Tax and Accounting Organization.

"Growth Through Service"
DAVID BERDON & CO.
Certified Public Accountants
AT 277 BROADWAY
Telephone, Worth 3585



SOLDIERS AT SCHOOL.

Interesting photographs in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday will show men of the Fifth Division at Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C., getting clerical and vocational training at the country's expense in addition to their pay.—Advt.

Amalgamated Chief Says He Rejected New York Manufacturers' Proposal.

DENIAL FROM EMPLOYERS

President Bandler Calls the Charge "Most Damnable"—Attributes High Prices to Labor.

BOSTON, Dec. 29.—Charges that representatives of the clothing manufacturers in New York City had approached Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, a few months ago with a proposal for combinations in that industry similar to those disclosed in the building trades inquiry in New York were made by Mr. Hillman in addressing 2,500 members of the organization here today.

Mr. Hillman said the proposal called for "friendly strikes and lockouts" that would force a clothing shortage and make it possible for the manufacturers to "bleed the public to the limit."

"We rejected their plans," he said, "and later, when manufacturers in Chicago, Baltimore and Rochester refused to join them, the plans fell through."

A resolution declaring that the employes would not return to work in any shop unless the agreement of the Amalgamated with the manufacturers was in effect was unanimously adopted. The resolution charged that the Boston manufacturers in announcing recently a discontinuance of relations with the Amalgamated had joined those in New York in a conspiracy to break the organization and to retard production to such an extent that high prices would prevail, and that the workers would return to sweatshop conditions.

President Hillman told the workers that "the conditions the employers lay down as the only ones they will operate their shops under will never prevail, as the workers will never enter them." He said the workers would be cared for in any fight that might come.

"The Boston situation is only a tail to the kite to be flown by the New York manufacturers," Mr. Hillman said. "It is up to labor to see that its forces are united to meet the attack which is about to be launched. The clothing industry has been ruined by the unrestricted profiteering that took place in New York. I have confidence that individual manufacturers will see the light and come out and be willing to be honest with us, the public and themselves."

Indignant Denial by Employers.

William A. Bandler, President of the New York Clothing Manufacturers' organization, said last night:

"Mr. Hillman's statement is the most damnable I have ever heard of in my thirty years' experience in the clothing business. I defy Mr. Hillman to bring any proof of the charges he makes. Mr. Hillman and his workers are responsible for the high prices that existed during the war in the New York clothing market. Mr. Hillman and his labor leaders deliberately urged the workers to demand more pay or stop work. And they repeatedly stopped work in order to force the manufacturers, who had orders on hand which they had to fill, to pay more money in order to get the work done.

"Mr. Hillman makes it appear that the manufacturers caused lockouts to create a shortage and maintain high prices. That is absolutely untrue. The manufacturers today sent out notices that early in January they would open their Spring lines to their customers and guarantee deliveries at prices greatly under those of last season; that they would be able to make great reductions because the members of the New York Clothing Manufacturers' Association were today operating without the walking delegate, which meant that they had control over their factories and production."

Mr. Bandler said that if it were not for the labor leaders who were trying to hold their jobs fully 75 per cent. of the workers would be back at work now.

URGENT FOR RECIPROCITY.

Longworth Thinks It Will Be the Solution of Revenue Problem.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 29.—Representative Nicholas Longworth spoke at the Chamber of Commerce Forum today before 500 representative business men and bankers.

"As individuals and as a nation we must observe the strictest economy as the day of final reckoning is not coming, but is here," Mr. Longworth said. "We shall be fortunate to have an income equal to expenditures at the end of the next fiscal year."

The problem, he explained, is not to reduce income, but to lighten the taxation burdens, as the debt cannot be funded, but must be paid from revenue.

"The solution is reciprocity. This would save American markets for America, yet allow other nations to trade with advantage both to themselves and to us.

Expulsion of Students as Honor System Offenders.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMILTON, N. Y., Dec. 29.—Activities of faculty and undergraduate members of a Colgate University fraternity to prevent two of their men from being dismissed from college for violating the honor system is blamed for the so-called revolt of 200 non-fraternity students there, the resignation of the student governing body and demands for a reorganization of the methods of ruling the undergraduate body.

These students, according to the report today, were caught cheating in examinations. Unable to answer certain questions asked, they sought assistance from G. W. Joel. Declaring that he would not violate the honor system of the university established in 1906, he refused. Repeated threats, however, followed by promises of punishment, broke the will of Joel, and he gave the upper classmen the information they sought during the examination.

Joel did not tell other students that the upper classmen had forced him to break the honor system. The story leaked out later. Hauled before the Governing Board, they were tried, found guilty of violating the system after testimony had been taken and were sentenced to be expelled from Colgate by the Governing Board, made up of seniors and juniors, all fraternity men.

The fraternity of which these two men were members declared itself to be insulted. Faculty members of the organization also took up the gauntlet. They appealed to Dr. M. S. Read, President of the University. He investigated, found the Governing Board's action lawful and upheld the expulsion of the two students.

Joel, who is not a member of a fraternity, was then the victim of the wrath of the fraternity brothers of the two men who were expelled. They blamed him for "giving away" their fellow members. Other fraternities took the side of the "insulted" fraternity and conditions were serious until the climax was reached with the "paddling" of Joel.

ARRESTS IN MINGO SHOOTING

Skirmish Between Mine Employes and Strikers Is Traced.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., Dec. 29.—A skirmish between employes of the Thacker Coal and Coke Company and striking miners living in tents at Thacker, W. Va., Dec. 18, came to light today in a statement from the office of Sheriff Blankenship here that five men had been arrested in connection with the shooting. The men were released on $500 bail each for a preliminary hearing, which has been set for tomorrow.

The men arrested give their names as Corbet Estep and Elliott Hatfield, employes of the coal company, and Dewey Coppley, Lee Sipples and "Doc" Sloan, striking miners.

Statements of the men conflict as to who started the shooting. Estep and Hatfield say they were fired upon first, and the tent colonists say they were attacked before firing. The Sheriff's reports indicate that no one was wounded in the shooting.

Of the four union mines in the Williamson district three have ceased operations, it was reported at military headquarters. The exception is the Bishop Hatfield Wagon Mine, employing 22 men. The closed mines are that of the Alma Thacker Fuel Company, employing 270 men; the Superior Thacker Mine, with 75 employes, and the P. M. C. Coal Company, employing 75. It is said that lack of orders caused the shut-downs. Military headquarters tonight reported the entire Mingo strike region quiet.

CATHOLIC SCHOOL NEEDS.

Plea for More Teachers Made at Pittsburgh Convention.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 29.—An address and discussion on the subject of "Thought Development versus Memorization" featured the second day's session of the Catholic Educational Association convention here today. Sister Eustachia of the Sisters of Mercy delivered the address. She declared that it was better to develop thought than to memorize. Father Felix of Harminie led the discussion.

Father Phillips of Harrisburg made a plea for additional teachers. He said that, while there were many Catholic girls entering church organizations for charitable work, there was a scarcity of girls inclined to teaching.

WILL QUIT SHIP BOARD.

C. H. Rowell, Recently Named, Will Join California Railway Commission.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Dec. 29.—Chester H. Rowell of Fresno, Cal., recently appointed by President Wilson to be a member of the United States Shipping Board, announced today that he soon would give up his work on that body to become a member of California's State Railway Commission.

Policemen Dazed by Senator's Entrance—Mrs. Wilson Refers Him to Tumulty.

HE SPENDS HOURS ON TRAIL

Learns President Has Not Acted on Mine Extension Measure, Demanded by West.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—Pressed by his constituents for information as to the fate of the mine assessment bill sent by Congress to the President Dec. 21, Senator Ashurst, Democrat, of Arizona, spent several hours today trailing the measure through the executive offices, the Interior Department and even the White House itself and found out nothing beyond the fact that the President had not yet signed the bill.

The Senator from Arizona walked into the White House executive offices soon after 1 P. M. and found Mr. Tumulty absent. On being told that the bill was with the President, and having pressed the attachés vainly to tell the President of his desire for a conference, Senator Ashurst walked up the path to the residential section of the White House, declaring that "as an American citizen and a United States Senator" he proposed to obtain information.

At the White House door the Senator was met by an attendant, who led him to a seat within and went to seek Mrs. Wilson. The President had just finished his luncheon and had retired to his study on the second floor. Mrs. Wilson directed the attendant to tell the Senator that he would have to take up his business first with Mr. Tumulty, as the bill had not been received by the President, whereupon Senator Ashurst retired again to the executive offices in pursuit of the bill.

White House policemen, bewildered by the unconventional entrance of Senator Ashurst into the White House, sought information later from headquarters as to how far their jurisdiction extended over a United States Senator, or whether the constitutional immunity of a member of Congress from arrest would protect a Senator from being forcibly refused admittance to the residence of the President.

After waiting for Mr. Tumulty a short time Senator Ashurst left the executive offices for the Interior Department, to which bills relating to mining are generally referred by the President. He had gone only two blocks when the executive offices received word that Mr. Tumulty was returning, and a messenger was sent after the Senator.

Mr. Ashurst retraced his steps and upon Mr. Tumulty's arrival requested a "frank and manly" statement as to the status of the bill. He was informed that everything possible would be done to expedite action on the measure. Senator Ashurst thereupon set out again for the Interior Department in quest of information there.

Secretary Tumulty, during the Senator's absence and upon the return of President Wilson from his daily automobile ride, went to the White House for a conference with the President. Senator Ashurst soon after 6 o'clock visited the executive offices for the fourth time, and said after his visit that he had the promise of an answer by telephone within an hour after Mr. Tumulty had talked with Secretary Payne at Pinehurst, N. C.

Senator Ashurst had received no word stopped in. It was then that the Senator was informed that no action had yet been taken by the President on the bill.

In talking about the bill Senator Ashurst said that claim jumpers were "sitting like black birds on a fence," waiting to jump mining claims at midnight Friday night if the bill was vetoed.

The bill extends for six months the provision of the law requiring $100 worth of work on mining claims before midnight Dec. 31.

It was explained at the executive offices during one of the intervals between the Senator's visits that the President had until midnight of Jan. 4 to sign or veto the bill.

Senator Ashurst, however, declared that for the President to sign the measure after Dec. 31 would be like pardoning a man after he was hanged, since hundreds of Western mine owners would be dispossessed by the claim jumpers.

"To say the least," he added, "protracted and very extensive litigation would ensue should the President fail to sign the bill before Jan. 1."

In addition to Senator Ashurst, Senators Smoot of Utah, Nugent of Idaho, and Pittman of Nevada, and other Western Senators and Representatives called to see Mr. Tumulty during the day to press for action on the bill.

COMMUNITY PROSPERITY-

This Company is now enlarging its facilities and improving its service, based on a rate for gas that covers its costs and a reasonable return on the investment. To grow and prosper a community must have utilities that can expand with it, and a utility must be prosperous in order to obtain new capital for its expansion.

The Public Service Commission has authorized this Company to issue $2,000,000 cumulative 8% preferred stock. The proceeds are to be expended for additions, under the supervision of the Commission.

I am sending to our 40,000 consumers a letter and a booklet giving my plans concerning the Company and the communities it serves. Our interests are mutual. I am anxious to have you learn all the facts. I will be glad to answer any inquiries.

Roger W. Lewman
President.
Kings County Lighting Co.
4204 New Utrecht Avenue,
Brooklyn, N. Y.



PRICES HAVE TAKEN A TUMBLE

NOW FOR **$32**

YOUR CHOICE FROM A CHOICE LOT OF
SUITS and OVERCOATS
THAT WERE MADE TO SELL AT
$50, $55, $60 and $62

Examine them as carefully as if you were paying $50 to $62. They will stand the most severe criticism.

AND FOR **$42** YOUR CHOICE OF FINE
SUITS, OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS
ACTUAL VALUES, $90, $80, $75, $70, $65

A few real good light weight suits, broken sizes, now only $25.

Arnheim
At B'way & 9th St. & B'way & 51st St. only



TRIVERS EVENING CLOTHES

Trivers Evening Clothes have been the talk of New York since we opened our new uptown store.

We are featuring a special line of Tuxedos that are in popular favor with young men. They are tailored of the new herring bone weave materials in black, blue and grey, and are finished with silk collar, lapels and cuffs, also body and sleeves. They have all the earmarks of the 5th Avenue Tailor's production, and are priced at **$55 and $65.**

We are also showing a range of Tuxedos and Full Dress Suits made of fine black unfinished worsteds, silk lined body, facing and sleeves, at **$40**, readily recognized as $60 values, and we have the different grades in all sizes, regulars, stouts, stubs and slims.

A visit to our store will not obligate you to buy, but we will very much appreciate the pleasure of showing you these garments. You will be delighted with them

Nathan Trivers & Bro. **Maker to Wearer**

Trivers T Clothes

1600 BROADWAY
Corner 48th Street Rector's Corner

801-807 BROADWAY
Corner 11th Street

27 Branch Stores in 26 Cities



Copyright, Hart Schaffner & Marx

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Full Dress or Tuxedo

Coat and Trousers

$58

made to sell for $85 and $75

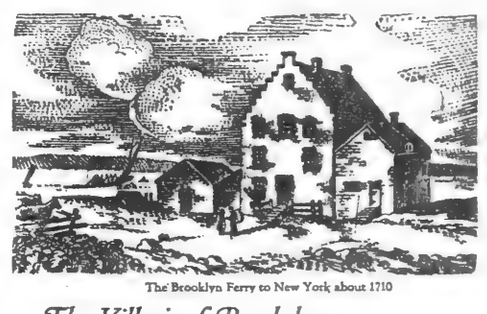
A low price for Dress Clothes is perfectly trustworthy provided you trust the merchant who announces it. Our wide reputation as a reliable place to buy Dress Clothes is based primarily on the absolute correctness of the Hart Schaffner & Marx Dress Clothes we sell.

Full Dress or Tuxedo Vests
Formerly up to $20
$15

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
240-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

IT HAPPENED IN BROOKLYN



The Brooklyn Ferry to New York about 1710

The Village of Breukelen— now Greater Brooklyn

THE boundary of the Village of Brooklyn at the beginning of the Eighteenth Century was as follows: starting at the public landing, south of Pierrepont's distillery on the East River, along the public road to Red Hook Lane, thence to the Jamaica Turnpike Road, northeastward to the Wallabout Millpond and from there to the East River along the waterfront back to the start.

It is unnecessary to describe the enormous extent of what we now know as Brooklyn—the Home Town of today. Merged with adjacent towns and forming part of the metropolis, it exceeds New York in acreage—growing steadily in population and wealth.

Not a fungous growth, but a healthy development, forming the sure foundation of our Guaranteed First Mortgages on improved properties in Brooklyn and Queens—the ideal security for man or woman seeking an absolutely safe investment, non-fluctuating as to principal and yielding 5½% interest.

We have an interesting booklet to send you

HOME TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY
Henry J. Davenport, *President*
Willoughby and Jay Streets, Brooklyn

FINANCIAL CHARTS.

The Annual Review of The Annalist, Jan. 3, 1921, will contain three important charts—Stock Exchange averages for the last nine years, a bond chart and chart of the food cost of living since 1914. Ten cents a copy at news stands. —Advt.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today and Saturday; moderate to fresh shifting winds.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,987. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

TWO WOMEN TAKEN IN $1,000,000 FRAUD LAID TO WHISKEY RING

Girl Clerk of Prohibition Director Charged With Selling Confidential Information.

REPORT $25,000 BRIBE OFFER

Alleged That Brooklyn Contractor Forged Dry Chief's Name, Releasing Liquor.

WOMAN'S LUXURY DREW RAID

Second Female Prisoner Recently Lost Job, but Lived in Style at Hotel McAlpin.

Evidence of what Government officials believe to be the most extensive conspiracy for the illegal withdrawal and sale of whisky unearthed since the Volstead act went into effect, was brought to light yesterday as a result of the arrest of four persons, two of them women, in two adjoining rooms of the Hotel McAlpin on Wednesday night.

As related by Assistant United States District Attorney David V. Cahill in presenting charges against the quartet to United States Commissioner Hitchcock, and as told by the Internal Revenue Department agent making the arrests, they unfolded an unusual tale of an arrangement on the part of a girl clerk in the employ of Charles R. O'Connor, New York State Prohibition Director, to turn over all telegrams regarding withdrawal permits to one of the men arrested, who was said to have replied to them by forging Mr. O'Connor's name. Further charges were made of the theft of blank permits and official stationery from Mr. O'Connor's office by a recently discharged woman employe, of bribes of $25,000 offered to the officers making the arrest, and of how one of the women attracted attention by wearing expensive clothing and jewelry, taking automobile rides and living at the Hotel McAlpin on a salary of $1,440 a year.

The four persons arrested and the charges against them are as follows:

Edward Donegan, a contractor, of Eighty-four Second and Twelfth Avenue, Brooklyn, charged individually with bribery and attempted bribery, and with Miss Regina Sassone with conspiracy to defraud the Government by obtaining copies of telegrams inquiring as to the genuineness of withdrawal permits and by sending forged replies.

Miss Regina Sassone, 21 years old, of Ninety-eighth Street, Brooklyn, a clerk in the office of Charles R. O'Connor, State Prohibition Director, charged with conspiracy with Donegan to defraud the Government.

Mrs. Mary C. Parkins, 38 years old, of the Hotel McAlpin, former clerk in Mr. O'Connor's office, charged with accepting a bribe of $250 from Antonio Pappano for the issuance of a withdrawal permit and with "embezzlement" in stealing from the Prohibition Director's office a number of withdrawal blanks and other forms and stationery.

Sigmund Rosenfeld, better known as "Benny" Rosenfeld, frequently mentioned in connection with gambling scandals, and now charged with attempted bribery.

Fifth Prisoner Is Held.

In addition to these four, the Internal Revenue Agents arrested George Stibbinson in the Pennsylvania Station on Wednesday night. Stibbinson was not arraigned with the others before Commissioner Hitchcock and both Assistant District Attorney Cahill and the Internal Revenue Agents refused to give any information concerning him.

Pappano, who was mentioned in connection with one of the charges against Mrs. Parkins, and whose address is 154 Bleecker Street, was arrested in Washington on Wednesday and has been held in $10,000 bail. Pappano is well known as a fencing master and was formerly fencing master at the United States Naval Academy.

The degree of importance which the Government officials attach to the arrests was indicated by the bail asked in each case. Despite objections of the attorneys for the prisoners, Commissioner Hitchcock fixed bail at the amounts asked by Mr. Cahill, $100,000 for Donegan and $50,000 each for Rosenfeld and the two women. The prisoners were released on bail furnished by a bonding company.

Although neither Mr. Cahill nor any of the arresting officers would make an exact estimate of the amount of liquor believed to have been illegally withdrawn by the operations of the band, of which Donegan is said to have been the "Secretary," if not the head, it was admitted that it would run to tens of thousands of cases of whisky and hundreds of thousands of dollars, probably well above $1,000,000.

The arrest of the four prisoners here apparently was a sequel to the arrest of Pappano in Washington, for it was not until after news had been received that Pappano was in custody that George E. Golding, Walter P. Murphy and Frank J. Seid, working under the direction of Hugh McQuillan, Chief of the Special Intelligence Unit of the United States Internal Revenue Bureau of the Treasury Department, went to the Hotel McAlpin to interview Mrs. Parkins.

The Internal Revenue agents were said to have had Mrs. Parkins under suspicion for some time. She is said to be a native of Virginia and to have worked for several years in Government departments at Washington before her transfer to Mr. O'Connor's office here about six months ago.

Mr. O'Connor said that Mrs. Parkins had not been in the employ of his office

Continued on Page Four.

Pinehurst, N. C.—Carolina Hotel Now open. Interesting events in golf and other sports. Thru Pullman, Penn., 2:05 P. M. daily.—Advt.

French Population Reduced 4,000,000 During the War

PARIS, Dec. 30.—The population of France was reduced by 4,000,000 during the war, said Louis Mourier, the new Director of Public Assistance, in discussing today measures to be taken by the Seine Departmental Council to reduce infant mortality.

The population of continental France before the war was 39,602,278. A new census will be taken next year. Meanwhile, the official estimate for the present year, not including war mortality, is 40,500,000. The reduction of the population by 4,000,000 from war causes, as stated by M. Mourier, evidently includes the latest returns from the afflicted civil population and deaths from wounds subsequent to the war. At the end of the fighting the French military loss was 1,327,000 dead, together with 435,000 prisoners unaccounted for and 3,000,000 wounded, whose deaths in five years have been averaged at 10 per cent.

POLICE AGAIN WRECK MUCH-RAIDED CLUB

Twenty Men Detached From Crime Campaign Smash Equitable Furniture.

GAMING CHARGE DISMISSED

Organization Has Sued Enright and Other Officials, Charging Persecution.

The Equitable Club, at 7 East Twelfth Street, which has damage suits for $25,000 apiece pending against Police Commissioner Enright, Deputy Commissioner Leach and Inspector Bolan for alleged persecution and unwarranted raids, was raided and wrecked late yesterday afternoon by detectives and policemen, acting under Inspector Bolan.

About twenty policemen and detectives were detached from the concentrated police campaign of recent days against murder, robbery and burglary and mobilized for the offensive against poker and pinochle. They arrested twenty-six members and two officials of the club and, according to the witnesses in Night Court, smashed most of the furniture on the second floor, the leaders exclaiming: "We'll give you something to sue about."

After hearing the case in the Night Court, Magistrate Simpson dismissed the complaint against the officers of the club, who were charged with maintaining a gambling resort, on the ground that there was no cause to believe the offense had been committed. He dismissed the members, holding that there was no ground on which a complaint could be lodged against them.

A few weeks ago the club was raided and several members were arrested and taken to Night Court. On that occasion the Magistrate discharged them, holding that no basis for a complaint had been offered.

Police Hostile for a Year.

The mysterious quarrel between Inspector Bolan and the club runs back for more than a year. The police in that time have repeatedly raided the club, detectives have been detached from the pursuit of crime for long periods to watch the place, and policemen have been stationed in front of it to warn people away. In spite of the many raids and the arrests, which now number hundreds, no member of the club has been convicted, and they protest most earnestly that they are respectable business men and that their club is as far removed from a gambling house as any club on Fifth Avenue.

In previous cases the testimony of the raiders against the club had been defective. Last night it was as perfect, complete and technically exact as the standardized testimony of a policeman against a woman arrested for violating the tenement house law.

Policeman Williamson, who first testified, said that he had raided the club before and was well known to the club members. After bursting in with several other officers late yesterday afternoon, he alleged that he went upstairs and lounged around for four or five minutes, watching poker being played. Though they knew him to be a policeman and a raider, the dealer at the poker game nevertheless made a full, frank and free confession, according to Officer Williamson.

The tale of the spontaneous and unforced confession of the trusting "poker sharp" was corroborated by Williamson's brother officer. It would have

Continued on Page Three.

BRITISH DISCUSS ACTION ON GERMAN FAILURE TO DISARM

Cabinet Confers With Chief of Imperial Staff and Ambassador to Berlin.

MAY ACT WITH FRANCE

Moved by Ally's Alarm at Berlin's Refusal to Disband Bavarian Civil Guards.

AWAIT REPORT BY FOCH

German Government Thought to Be Intimidated by Power of Militarist and Reactionary Party.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Dec. 31.—A Cabinet meeting was held yesterday morning to consider the position created by Germany's refusal to carry out certain disarmament clauses of the Peace Treaty. General Sir Henry Wilson, Chief of the Imperial General Staff, was present, as was also Lord D'Abernon, British Ambassador at Berlin, who had come to London to report on the Brussels conference.

The Daily Chronicle's political correspondent points out that the new development created by the German refusal is in some degree linked with the subject matter of the Brussels conference which was concerned with the disarmament questions as well as reparations, and which is to be resumed on Jan. 10.

"The Cabinet, I gather therefore," says the correspondent, "considered the question under two heads, first that of the dispersal of the German regular forces and, secondly, that of the irregular troops. Lord d'Abernon was able to give valuable information on both aspects of the problem, just having been in Brussels recently, but had not got all the facts as to the German refusal just announced. The Government, therefore, are at the moment waiting for further information. They are expecting shortly to receive the text of the German reply to General Nollet's note demanding disarmament of the Civil Guards in Bavaria and East Prussia.

Excuses of Germany.

Germany's reason for not dispersing the irregular forces in these districts has been that to do so would be to leave East Prussia at the mercy of the Bolshiviki and place Bavaria in danger of civil war. It is believed that, so far as East Prussia is concerned, the Germans are, to some extent at any rate, justified in their attitude, but continued entrance into Bavaria of large bodies of irregular troops is viewed with a certain amount of suspicion.

"Our latest information tends to show that the danger of a Communist rising in Bavaria is by no means serious, as the Germans assert, and it is thought the suggestion of such danger is but an excuse to account for the presence of troops there.

"With the protests made by France against these powerful 'self-defense' organizations the British Government is in sympathy, but it is still hoped that by the two countries acting in unison the disarmament question will yet be settled without resorting to drastic measures, such as the advance of the army of occupation. Naturally communications are taking place between our Government and the French and no decisions could be taken at today's Cabinet.

"So far it is an exaggeration to describe the new development as an international crisis. With regard to the disbandment of the regular forces in Germany the question whether the Germans have complied with the treaty obligations is regarded as a matter for the military experts to decide, and for that reason Sir Henry Wilson attended the Cabinet meeting. Marshal Foch is making a report on the subject to the allied Governments, but we have not received this. It is believed the Foch report will show the Germans have disbanded their regular forces in about the required proportion."

German Militarists Aggressive.

The Chronicle says editorially:

"Bavaria and East Prussia are two areas in which the German militarists rallied their discredited forces and are preparing to make another bid for leadership of the German nation. Local civic guards and 'self-protection' organizations are the armed bodies by whose aid they hope to subvert in the first place the constitutional Government at Berlin.

"The Berlin Government's refusal to disarm them must be attributed less to

Continued on Page Four.

Americans Beat Australasians in Doubles And Win Back the Davis Lawn Tennis Cup

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

AUCKLAND, New Zealand, Friday, Dec. 31.—The United States won the Davis Cup today when William T. Tilden 2d and William K. Johnston, the Yankee challengers, defeated the Australians, Norman E. Brookes and Gerald L. Patterson, in three of four sets of doubles.

Coupled with yesterday's twin victory in the singles, the achievement today gives the challengers three wins out of a possible five, two single matches remaining to be played.

In the doubles the Americans displayed the more aggressiveness, and generalship carried them to victory in the two single matches. The challengers were lightning fast, despite the fact that the courts were still a bit heavy from recent rains that twice delayed the playing of the singles.

Tilden's play was a bit more spectacular than that of Johnston. Both the defending players appeared up to their usual game, but simply could not cope with the varied tactics of the Americans.

The Davis Cup last changed hands in 1914 when the Australasian team defeated the United States team 3 to 2 at Forest Hills, N. Y. The previous year the Yankee team had gone to Wimbledon, England, and lifted the cup from the British defenders. From 1914 to 1919 no international matches were played.

In 1919 the British Isles team as challenger visited Sydney, only to be beaten by the defenders, 4 to 1.

AUCKLAND, N. Z., Dec. 31. (Associated Press).—The scores of the sets by which America won the Davis Cup, the classic championship trophy of the lawn tennis world today, were 4—6, 6—4, 6—0 and 6—4.

Deerfoot Farm Sausage.
Eaten with zest—remembered with pleasure. No other sausage has that distinctive flavor. Be sure you get the genuine. Substitutes disappoint.—Advt.

FALL MALL Resents round to shape—60 better shaves shape.—Advt.

Miners Demand That Bavaria Disarm To Remove Menace of French Invasion

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless and Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 30.—According to the Vorwaerts, a delegation of Ruhr District miners appeared at the Chancellor's Office yesterday and insisted upon the immediate disarmament of the Bavarian Einwohnerwehr, or civil guards, since the latter's continued existence, they argued, exposed the Ruhr District to sudden French invasion. The miners supported their demand by threatening to stop the coal supply for Bavaria. This action practically means that the miners are tired of the Government's dilatory way of treating the disarmament question and themselves have taken the bull by the horns.

The Foreign Office is trying to minimize the importance of this development, stating this morning that the delegates' visit was merely concerned with extra food supplies; that disarmament of the Bavarian civil guards was only mentioned incidentally; that miners had neither threatened nor demanded anything and had received no promise or reply from the Government because none was asked. But the editors of the Vorwaerts insist their information was correct, adding that the delegation was headed by the famous leader Hue, a member of the Reichstag. The Vorwaerts declared it was the Government's plain duty immediately to remove the sword of Damocles from the heads of the Ruhr District miners and prevent French occupation by disarming the reactionary elements forming the so-called Bavarian civil guards, and especially that most dangerous enemy of the German Republic, the Escherich organization.

The French Government has now to choose between despotism and the Escherich or the good-will of the Ruhr District miners who did so much during the last twelve months to make existence in Germany tolerable.

PLEDGED NOT TO AID JAPAN AGAINST US

London Paper Enlightens Americans Haunted by Misconception of Anglo-Japanese Treaty.

U. S. EXPRESSLY EXEMPTED

Says Psychology of the Empire Makes a Contrary Policy Utterly Inconceivable.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The London Times in an editorial on the subject of disarmament refers to the fears "which notoriously haunt the minds of very large numbers of well-meaning but ill-informed citizens of the United States" that Britain might combine with Japan in an attack on the United States.

"Many Americans," says The Times, "believe Great Britain is bound by treaty with Japan to support that power in any war which might break out between her and the United States. That belief, our readers are aware, is grotesquely false. The whole history of our relations with Japan demonstrates it to be false. But unfortunately this history is not familiar to the great mass of American people.

"Not only is it not true that our treaty stipulations with Japan bind us to join her in war against the United States, but we deliberately varied those stipulations in 1919 for the express purpose of excluding the possibility of incurring this liability. The provision in the subsisting treaty is explicit. It declares that should either party to the document make a treaty of general arbitration with a third power such party should not be bound by the Anglo-Japanese treaty of alliance to go to war with such third party.

"When this clause was inserted in the alliance, with the entire approval of Japan, we were on the point of signing a treaty of general arbitration with the Government of President Taft. This treaty was signed on Aug. 3, but after prolonged discussion it was finally rejected by the Senate as unconstitutional. In the following March, had it been ratified, the clause in the Anglo-Japanese alliance would have come into force automatically, as we had hoped and expected it to do. It was no action of ours, and no action of Japan's, which defeated this expectation, but the action of the Senate in its constitutional capacity as concurrent treaty making authority by American law."

The Times then proceeds to point out that, although no treaty of general arbitration has been concluded between Great Britain and America, the Peace Commission treaty of 1914 was held by this country as the equivalent of one.

"So anxious was the British Government to make its attitude in the contingency of any eventual controversy between Japan and the United States clear," says The Times, "that upon the signature of this Peace Commission treaty it proceeded immediately to notify Japan that it would regard it as a general treaty of arbitration within the meaning of the exemption clause in the Anglo-Japanese alliance.

"This fact must assuredly dispel in the minds of the most anxious the last shadow of apprehension about the entrance of England into any combination with Japan directed against the United States. The psychology of the empire makes such a policy utterly inconceivable to anybody who knows us. But here is something more tangible and easier to understand than the psychology of another nation. Here in black and white is our statement to our Japanese ally that we deem ourselves to have made a general treaty of arbitration with America which brings into operation the exemption clause in the alliance. If that does not explode all uneasiness about an Anglo-Japanese attack, the suspicion must be past the powers of reasoning."

LONDON, Dec. 30 (Associated Press).—Insistence upon the desirability of restricting naval armaments and the holding of a conference on the subject by the United States, Great Britain and Japan was renewed today by London newspapers.

Reiterating its advocacy of an agreement between the three powers, The Morning Post contended such an agreement should not infringe upon the provisions of the League of Nations, and, among other things, urged that it would be much more profitable to all concerned to agree as friends rather than compete as rivals.

"The British Government," said The Daily News, "definitely favors such an international conference on disarmament as was proposed by Josephus Daniels, United States Secretary of the Navy, and maintains it is the function of the League of Nations to call it. This would meet any possible objections here. America, while not a member of the League, participated in the Brussels Financial Conference, and thus would not be retreating from her position regarding the League."

SIX (6) SELL-ANS is a Little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

CONGRESSMEN HIT INAUGURATION COST

Senators Decry Plans for Big Expense—Joint Committee Oppose Using Pension Building.

BORAH FOR A $10,000 LIMIT

He Assails the Vagueness About Expenditures for Event and Several Colleagues Back Him.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—At the very moment that dispatches were reaching Washington from Marion saying that the inauguration of Harding as President would be "the most dazzling celebration within the memory of the present generation," members of Congress began to set the brakes against some of the contemplated plans and expenditures for the event.

Senators and Representatives on the joint Congressional committee having charge of the inauguration opposed at a meeting the use of the Pension Office Building for the inaugural ball.

Senator Nelson and Representative Cannon were especially positive in their objections because use of the building meant that Government records would be disarranged and furniture and archives moved out, at much expense. It also came out that pay to the Pension Office employes would continue, even though they might be out of the building for a month.

Suggestions were made that the Capitol might be used for the ball. Whether Congress will grant authority for this is a question.

The question of inauguration expenditures also came up in the Senate. Senator Borah made an inquiry as to the amount to be spent, and Senators Jones of Washington, Lenroot of Wisconsin and Norris of Nebraska all showed decided insurgency against extravagance when the choice of their party was inaugurated.

"I wish to learn," said Senator Borah, "by what means and methods we appropriate money for the inauguration. I am unable to find from my investigation any other practice than that of expending whatever the Inaugural Committee sees fit to spend, and then the Appropriations Committee takes care of it. Four years ago we appropriated $70,000, and I understand that this year the expense will reach $100,000."

Senator Smoot said that the newspaper reports of a probable expenditure of $100,000 referred to money collected by the people of the District, which would be expended, not around the Capitol but for other activities of inaugural day.

"I am not referring to the money the citizens are raising," replied Senator Borah. "That's a matter which don't concern me. I'm glad to see them contribute what they want in any amount. But what I'm interested in is to find out what Congress appropriates for the occasion. Is the money offered in an estimate, or does the committee simply go ahead and make the expenditures and then Congress pay the sum?"

"Always in the past the work has proceeded, and when the bills were all in the appropriation has been provided for," answered Senator Smoot.

Senator Jones thought that a joint resolution providing $35,000 had usually been passed. Senator Smoot recalled that a resolution passed ten days ago authorized the appointment of a committee to take charge of the ceremonies. Senator Borah replied:

"As I recall, neither that resolution nor any previously passed specified any amount, but merely gave blanket authority. I call attention to this because I think there should be a limit to the amount we are to spend at the beginning of this economic administration. If some one else does not take charge of the matter, who is better fitted to do so and is connected with the appropriations committee, I shall attempt early next week to put a limit to the expenditure."

Mr. Borah further remarked:

"I should like to limit the amount to be spent to $10, which would be enough to pay the President's automobile fare from the White House to the Capitol and back."

Senator Fletcher, Democrat, of Florida, remarked:

"Wouldn't it be a good idea to hark back to Jeffersonian simplicity a little at this time?"

In a colloquy between Senator Smoot and Senator Nelson it was shown that the lowest bid for building a platform on the Capitol plaza for the 1921 inauguration was 20 per cent. higher than the bid for the same work at the Wilson inauguration in 1917. Senator Nelson said that the Senate Committee was trying to get hold of unused Government

Continued on Page Two.

PRE-EMINENTLY THE FLORIDA ROUTE. Atlantic Coast Line—5 through trains daily. Office 1248 B'way. Tel. Longacre 5600.—Advt.

MASTER BUILDERS PROMISE REFORM TO UNTERMYER

Otto Eidlitz, After Five-Hour Ordeal, Says Employers Are Cleaning House.

DENIES THAT HE IS BOSS

But Admits That Association's Methods Are "Against Public Policy."

LAYS BLAME FOR BRINDELL

Holds A. F. of L. Responsible for His Power—Committee Hopes for More Power.

Otto M. Eidlitz, President of Mark Eidlitz & Son, one of the largest building concerns in the United States, was subjected to a vigorous cross-examination for five hours yesterday by Samuel Untermyer, counsel to the Lockwood committee, on the affairs of the Building Trades Employers' Association, in which Mr. Eidlitz is a moving spirit, and its relations with Robert P. Brindell's Building Trades Council. At the conclusion of the examination Mr. Eidlitz was convinced that so many of the practices of his association were illegal that he consented to "clean house" and reorganize the association along the lines suggested by Mr. Untermyer.

Mr. Untermyer attacked Mr. Eidlitz as "the worst factor in the building business" and as the moving factor and main support of Brindell, making possible the labor leader's rise to power as a "labor Czar" in the space of a year. There were bitter passages between the witness and counsel, in the course of which Eidlitz made angry denials of the accusations.

Eidlitz, with great reluctance, admitted being in favor of the movement in the Building Trades Employers' Association to sever all relations with Brindell and to treat only with accredited representatives of the American Federation of Labor.

Eidlitz Blames A. F. of L.

It was during the examination concerning the origin of the council and the way in which the employers came to recognize it that Eidlitz sprang a sensation by declaring that it was by the direct orders of the American Federation of Labor that the employers recognized Brindell. He said that the federation installed the council and Brindell as its chairman. In view of the declaration it was reported yesterday that the committee would be interested to learn what the explanation of the A. F. of L. officials would be concerning Brindell's future, as their attitude up to the present time has been shrouded in mystery, so far as the public is concerned.

Eidlitz denied being Brindell's "boss," as testified to by George Atwell, a contractor, four weeks ago. He admitted the illegality of many of the combinations, but was unable to give evidence that the employers' association had fought combinations to fix prices.

It was brought out that by means of exclusive agreements made between constituent members of the association and the unions in Brindell's council no employer could hope to do business unless he became a member of the employers' association. In addition it was shown that while agreements existed between employers and employes regarding arbitration before strikes, work was arbitrarily stopped and the employers' association, instead of calling the Brindell council to task, reprimanded its own members.

So sure were the employers of their hold on the labor market that if a member allotted work to a sub-contractor who was not a member of the employers' association the work could not continue. Even if a member concern engaged in one kind of work dipped into another line in order to finish a job, it had to become a member of the employers' association in that particular industry. Eidlitz was asked whether such exclusive agreements as to the employment of only union men who agreed to work for none but members of the association were illegal. He did not know they were illegal, but said they were "against public policy."

Committee Hopes for More Power.

At the end of the day Mr. Untermyer announced that the Lockwood committee would be reorganized by the coming Legislature and would probably be prepared to continue its work on the last phase of its investigation by the middle of January. Many combinations remain uninvestigated, he said, while proof against others will be turned over to the Grand Juries now in session.

The committee hopes to have its powers broadened, so that when it takes up the examination of banks, trust companies and insurance companies and their relation to the housing situation it will be able to obtain all the data necessary. The Brindell trial is scheduled for Jan. 5 and will probably last two weeks. It will be conducted by Mr. Untermyer, who will afterward resume the examination of witnesses at the public sessions of the Lockwood committee.

When yesterday's session opened Mr. Untermyer read into the record an announcement that the Eastern Soil Pipe Association was disbanding all its activities except the completion of an advertising campaign now under way. A communication was also read from the Metal Ceiling Association that it had changed its by-laws in accordance with what it understood was a request from Mr. Untermyer. The latter denied he made the request and termed the statement unsatisfactory, "mere words, meaning nothing."

When Mr. Eidlitz was called there was a buzz of conversation among the spectators who crowded the Aldermanic

Continued on Page Three.

Early Cold Spell Forms Ice Bridge in St. Lawrence

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Dec. 30.—The St. Lawrence River in the vicinity of Three Rivers, Quebec, today was covered with ice from shore to shore, as a result of the recent cold weather. The ice bridge, said to have formed earlier in the season than in any recent year, is expected to be strong enough to bear traffic within a few days, if the cold weather continues.

SECOND OPERATION TO RELIEVE CARUSO

Six Physicians Remove Pus From Pleural Cavity—Tenor Cheerful Under Knife.

HIS CONDITION IS SERIOUS

But Secretary at Midnight Says He Is Much Improved—Denies Alarming Rumors.

Enrico Caruso was still seriously ill with pleurisy, but much improved, last midnight, according to a statement to THE NEW YORK TIMES by Bruno Zirato, his secretary, who discussed the case just after one of the six attending physicians had examined into the tenor's condition.

An operation was performed upon the famous Metropolitan tenor at 6 o'clock last evening and, following announcement of this, alarming reports as to his condition were in circulation. Mr. Zirato, after consultation with the attending physician, discounted these reports, emphatically insisting that Caruso was in no immediate danger and asserting that those in attendance at his suite in the Hotel Vanderbilt were "neither alarmed nor excited."

A bulletin concerning the operation was signed by Drs. John F. Erdmann, Samuel Lambert, Evan M. Evans, Antonio Stella, Francis J. Murray and Philip Horowitz, and said:

"Mr. Caruso has been successfully operated upon by Dr. Erdmann for empyemia. His condition is satisfactory."

Pus Removed from Pleural Cavity.

The purpose of the operation, it was learned, was to relieve the sufferer of an accumulation of pus in the pleural cavity, the exudate having collected between the pleura (the tissue surrounding the lungs) and the lungs themselves. Similar relief was found necessary on Wednesday, but at that time it was found possible to withdraw the accumulated pus by means of an aspirating needle. A larger collection and the formation of some adhesions made the use of the knife necessary yesterday in the opinion of the six physicians, who consulted about 5 o'clock and decided upon more radical surgical measures than had been employed before.

Because of the tenor's general condition it was decided not to attempt to administer a general anaesthetic. Instead a local anaesthetic was employed, and the knife was used after the local nerve areas had been rendered comparatively insensitive. The incision was described as "only superficial."

Caruso was fully conscious during the few minutes of surgical treatment, and those who witnessed the operation afterward were full of praise for his cheerfulness. His whole bearing was regarded by them as a most encouraging exhibition of the tenor's fighting spirit, which they rely upon to bring him back to health.

One Physician at Bedside.

Only one physician remained in the Caruso apartment last night, Dr. Horowitz accepting the night tour, and Dr. Murray, the Vanderbilt house surgeon, being within call. In addition, two nurses were in attendance throughout the night, relieving the two who kept watch during the daylight hours.

Mrs. Caruso has remained constantly at her husband's side, leaving him only for brief periods of rest. His son, Rodolfo, home for the holidays from the preparatory school he attends at Cuivo, Ind., also has spent most of his time in the apartment and will not return to school until his father is well on the road to recovery.

The only formal official word which came from the bedside during the day, beside the formal announcement of the operation in the evening, was a morning announcement at the offices of the Metropolitan Opera Company that Mr. Caruso's condition was "about the same."

Mr. Zirato, when word reached him last night that the reticence of those charged with disseminating authoritative information had resulted in the circulation of reports that an alarming crisis confronted the attending physicians, asserted that there positively had been no change for the worse.

Admits Tenor Is Seriously Ill.

"There is no attempt to conceal that Mr. Caruso is seriously ill," he continued, "but the public may rest assured that everything that any of us can devise or think of is being done, and that he had the most elaborate care that can be given to him by six physicians, whom we have selected because of their undoubted ability to handle his case."

Mr. Zirato denied that it had been found necessary to remove a portion of one of the tenor's ribs, and said that at 11 o'clock the physician on duty had examined him and declared that he was "doing beautifully."

"Right now," Mr. Zirato went on, "he is sleeping quietly. The operation seems to have been exactly the right measure to relieve him and we are entirely satisfied with the results. The examination tonight shows that it was the very best thing to have done.

"The public may absolutely rest assured that six reputable physicians would not attempt to deceive them as to Mr. Caruso's condition and they can rely upon being informed immediately should any alarm be felt. We do not anticipate that. We are not alarmed now though we know he is seriously ill."

Reverting to a discussion of the operation, Mr. Zirato said it had taken but twelve minutes.

As on previous days the Vanderbilt was besieged by anxious inquirers. Cards and flowers came in abundance and to the swelling tide from local admirers were added hundreds of telephone messages, telegrams and cablegrams.

NEW HARDING PLAN WILL SCRAP LEAGUE, DECLARES KNOX

Senator, After Marion Talk, Is Sure Existing Body Won't Be Basis of "Association."

FAVORS PROMISE TO EUROPE

Suggests Addition to Peace Resolution, Saying He Will Act in Case of New Menace.

PREDICTS PLAN TO SATISFY

Hays and Daugherty Confer With the President-Elect About Cabinet Selections.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 30.—Senator Knox, who is ranked with the Senate irreconcilables on the League of Nations, came to Marion today to learn first hand from President-elect Harding whether his plan for an association of nations contemplated using the present League as a basis for it. After his conference with Mr. Harding, Senator Knox said:

"I am assured that he has no such idea in mind."

At the same time, Senator Knox, referring to his resolution for a separate peace with Germany, which he had discussed with the President-elect, said:

"This measure will be brought up once more at next Spring's special session of Congress, and it is proposed to offer an amendment to the resolution providing that, if the peace of Europe once more is threatened, the United States will cooperate in devising means for the removal of such menace."

He gave out the text of a memorandum which he had presented to Mr. Harding stating his views on the peace resolution.

Senator Knox was apparently satisfied after his conference that none of the present League of Nations machinery would be used in Harding's plan for a modified association of nations. He admitted that some of the irreconcilable Senators were disturbed by a rumor, believed to have been brought back from Marion by some of Senator Harding's pro-League visitors, that the President-elect was considering simply an amendment of the present League.

"I never credited that rumor," Senator Knox went on, "because I could not imagine Senator Harding misconstruing the mandate of the American people and back-tracking on declarations made in campaign speeches. Following my conference with him this morning, I am assured that he has no such idea in mind."

Says Plan Will Satisfy Country.

"Senator Harding is going to work out something that will be entirely satisfactory not only to the Senate but to the country. Of course, his plan is general in character now, as it very properly should be."

The Pennsylvania Senator thought that Senator Harding would keep his plan free from details even when he brought it before the leading powers for consideration.

"It is a diplomatic policy first to agree upon principles and then work out details," Mr. Knox added.

Concerning the prediction of Senator Fall, that the next peace conference would be held in Washington, Senator Knox suggested that the place of conference was of little consequence, adding, "it's what they do, not where they do it, that counts."

The fact that the Harding plan provides for an international court does not mean that his proposed association would use the machinery of the world court of the League of Nations, Senator Knox believed, he said that the world court idea, where justiciable questions alone are settled, had been approved by Congress, and referred to a bill passed in 1916, authorizing the President to call a conference of nations to consider establishing an international court. This is still on the statute books with appropriations ready to pay the expense of a conference.

Discussing other plans for international courts, Senator Knox said that he thought the one suggested by John Hay to delegates of the Hague conference would meet all the requirements of the court, contemplated in the Harding plan.

For Declaratory of Purpose.

The Senator said that his peace resolution would not be introduced at the present session, since its passage would result only in another veto by President Wilson. He went on:

"As originally introduced, the Knox resolution included as a sort of addendum a declaration that any menace to the peace of Europe would be a matter of concern to the United States and that if such a menace arose we would consult with other nations with reference to its removal. This provision was withdrawn later as it was thought that it might cause unnecessary discussion and delay. Recently there has been some discussion as to the advisability of including the provision in the peace resolution.

"I handed Senator Harding during our conference today a brief memorandum of my views on the matter. I have no objections to its being published, but it must be understood that it represents merely my suggestions to Senator Harding and does not presume to reflect what is in his mind."

The text of the memorandum was as follows:

"The Knox resolution passed by the Senate and House and vetoed by the President accomplishes the following:

"First—It terminates the state of war declared to exist by joint resolution of Congress, April 6, 1917, between the United States and Germany.

"Second—It provides for the retention by the United States of all German property in the possession of the United

all fines, seizures, &c., made by the United States of German property during the war.

"Third—Requests the President to negotiate a treaty of amity and commerce with Germany.

"Fourth—Repeals all war legislation by Congress.

"Fifth—Provides that until by treaty or acts of Congress it shall be determined otherwise, the United States does not waive its rights under the Treaty of Versailles, the armistice of Nov. 11, 1918, or any extensions or modifications thereof, stipulated for its benefit as one of the principal allied and associated powers.

What Amendment Might Do.

"Sixth—Repeals the Austrian war resolution.

"To this resolution it is proposed to offer an amendment substantially as follows:

It is the declared policy of the United States, in order to meet fully and fairly our obligations to ourselves and to the world, that the freedom and peace of Europe being again threatened by any power or combinations of powers the United States will regard such a situation with grave concern as a menace to its own peace and freedom, will commit with other powers affected with a view to devising means for the removal of such menace, and will, the necessity arising in the future, co-operate with the friends of civilization for its defense.

"The passage of this resolution, as it is proposed to be amended, would provide a simple and customary method of adjusting our relations with Germany. The declaration of a policy such as indicated, followed by a similar declaration by other nations, would constitute an association of nations bound together by a common purpose that (as I have said on another occasion) neither parchment, sealing wax, signatures nor blue ribbons could make more obligatory or effective.

"Such a declaration of policy would not interfere with the codification of international law, the creation of a court to decide international differences of a justiciable character, the appointment of commissions to investigate political questions that threaten war, for the purpose of enlightening the public opinion of the world upon the merits of the questions involved, or any other measures, including disarmament, that might be agreed upon by the nations to lessen the probability of war.

"On the other hand, it would stand in the background as a great moral force, whose tendency should be to encourage nations to agree. Such a policy does not subject this nation's judgment, conscience as to its vital interests or its war-making prerogative to the will of a foreign council. It is a mere recognition of the fact that a menace of Europe by the domination of aggressive military powers in this century is a menace also to our safety.

"If this had been the avowed and understood policy of the United States before July, 1914, it is, in my judgment, very improbable that the war would have occurred. When at length the United States perceived and acted upon this policy with mighty effect, the war entered on its last and victorious phase. America has thereby perceived and manifested its perception of the principle of this policy. It has put this policy to successful test.

"Avowed by public official declaration, it might prove worthy, I believe, to serve with the Monroe Doctrine as a fundamental doctrine of American diplomacy. It entangles us in no way, but it makes us the potential ally of the defenders of liberty, whenever a great menace shall arise."

Hoover May Take Interior Post.

Concerning Cabinet matters and other subjects, discussed with the President-elect, Senator Knox had nothing to say. Confirmation of the rumor that Senator Harding will announce early in the year the names of at least two important members of his Cabinet, such as Secretary of State and Secretary of the Treasury, was obtained from an authoritative source.

There are no signs that Senator Harding has changed his views as to naming Hughes as Secretary of State. The most conspicuous aspirant for the post of Secretary of the Treasury is still Charles G Dawes of Chicago.

Some go so far as to say that Mr. Hoover is being considered by the President-elect for the post of Secretary of the Interior only and that his selection will be acceptable even to the conflicting interests that have written their views on the subject to Senator Harding.

Senator Knox was accompanied from Washington by Edward B. McLean, Chairman of the Citizens' Committee of the District of Columbia, having in charge local arrangements for the inauguration.

Other visitors today were Chairman Hays and Harry M. Daugherty, with whom, it is said, the President-elect discussed Cabinet selections and other matters. Afterward Mr. Hays gave out this statement:

"This normal man is doing the normal thing. He is keeping his promise, made repeatedly before election, that he would immediately approach and seek the solution of the great domestic and foreign problems with a discussion with as many of the leaders as possible.

"From all sides comes the word that this splendid course is going far indeed toward aiding the situation, which might have been very difficult as we move into the New Year, for the spirit of faction to note the renewed confidence which is the actual resultant of the recognition on the part of the public that there is in the President-elect a real constructive leadership with right ideas, moving to definite ends."

Knox Pictured Danger of Faction Row.

MARION, Ohio, Dec. 30 (Associated Press).—The circumstances surrounding the visit of Senator Knox clothed it with peculiar significance. Rumblings of apprehension have been heard more than once in the camp of the Senate irreconcilables as Mr. Taft, Mr. Hoover and other friends of the present League succeeded one another at the President-elect's council table or publicly expressed confidence that the Versailles covenant would be the foundation of the new peace plan. Fresh from conference with his colleagues, Mr. Knox is understood to have pictured to the President-elect in graphic fashion the possibilities of a factional fight, should the new Administration ask the Senate to accept any sort of membership in the League. Mr. Knox said afterward:

"After talking with him I am more than ever confident that he will do no such thing."

E. B. McLean, Chairman of the Washington Inaugural Committee, and Jess W. Smith, its Secretary, laid before Mr. Harding many suggestions for the ceremony, which, it was said, would provide for an old-time celebration on a scale never exceeded in the nation's history.

WOULD RATIFY TREATY ALONE.

Senator King Is Drafting a Resolution to That Effect.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Ratification of the Treaty of Versailles by the Senate with the exception of the covenant of the League of Nations is to be proposed by Senator King, Democrat, Utah, who said today he was drafting such a resolution.

He plans to address the Senate on the subject Monday.

GOLD PRODUCERS IN SLUMP.

They Alone Have Not Gained From Higher Prices, Congressman Says.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Gold producers alone have not profited by increased prices, Representative Baker, Democrat, of California, told the House today, urging his bill to increase the price of gold $10 an ounce.

He said that gold producers were "hard up" and that hundreds of mines were closed, as the metal cost more to mine than it could be sold for.

Board Turned Over $30,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The Federal Sugar Equalization Board, in the process of its liquidation, has turned $30,000,000 into the Treasury, George A. Zabriskie, its Chairman, wrote today to Senator McNary, Republican, of Oregon, who was Chairman of a Senate committee which investigated the sugar situation at the last session of Congress.

Secretary Wilson in Letter to Martens's Counsel Arraigns the Soviet Military Dictatorship.

CONTRASTS OUR SYSTEM

Idea That This Country Could Be Bought Denounced as Brutal Materialist Conception.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—A scathing arraignment of the attitude and shortcomings of the Soviet military dictatorship in Russia is contained in a letter written by Secretary of Labor Wilson and made public today addressed to Charles Recht of New York City, counsel for Ludwig C. A. K. Martens, so-called Soviet "Ambassador" to the United States, who has been ordered deported to Russia for belonging to the communist régime at Moscow, which seeks the overthrow by force of the Government of the United States.

After stating that instructions have been given by the Department of Labor to the Acting Commissioner of Immigration to complete the arrangements for the departure of Martens and the other members of his "staff" who desire to go with him, Secretary Wilson declares that the Soviet Government's decision, following the United States Government's decision in favor of deportation of Martens, to "recall" Martens and cancel the contracts alleged to have been made by the Soviet Government with American business houses, is not only insulting to American ideals, but reflects the brutal materialistic conceptions of the dominant group in Russia."

Here is the text of Secretary Wilson's letter to Mr. Recht:

"I am in receipt of your letter of Dec. 26, 1920, relative to the return of Mr. Martens to Russia. I have authorized Mr. Hampton, Acting Commissioner General of Immigration, to complete the arrangements for the departure of Mr. Martens and the other persons he desires to go with him.

"I am glad to know that some one in Russia has at last awakened to a realization of the friendship that has existed between the American people and the Russian people. So far as the American Government and the American people are concerned, that friendship for the Russian people still continues.

"In dealing with the question of deportation of aliens the Department of Labor is not concerned with the form of government adopted by or imposed upon the people of Russia, except in so far as our sympathies go out to those who are oppressed.

Soviet Dictatorship Analyzed.

"In the evidence presented to me in the Martens case it was clearly shown that a group of men calling themselves communists had set up a military dictatorship in Russia; that they had camouflaged it under the name of a dictatorship of the proletariat, seeking to convey the impression that it was a dictatorship by the proletariat; that it had by force of arms introduced compulsory labor, in other words slavery, into Russia; that the proletariat were compelled to work at occupations selected for them at meagre wages and long hours imposed under the direction of the military masters.

"Naturally the sympathy of the administration and of the American people, including the workers, goes out to the Russian people under such circumstances, just as our sympathies go out to the oppressed of all lands, no matter who or what the oppressor may be. But these things did not bring Martens within the jurisdiction of the Department of Labor. The evidence was cumulative and conclusive that the military dictatorship of Russia, calling itself the Soviet Government, was appropriating large amounts of money to stir up insurrection by force of arms against the United States Government.

"It is a novel principle in international law, and one that is not likely to be generally accepted, that a newly established military dictatorship in one country may capitalize the traditional friendship of another country for its people by making a pretense of wanting to establish friendly relations with the Government at the same time that it is seeking to destroy it by stirring up insurrection. As long as that attitude is maintained by any group in Russia, whether it temporarily dominates that country by force of arms or not, members of its organization, residents in but not in the United States, will be subject to the deportation law as administered by the Department of Labor.

"Our Government is a people's government. Its basic law can be changed whenever the people desire it to be changed by peaceful parliamentary processes. It can be made as radical as any one may desire whenever a sufficient number of our people are convinced that radicalism is the kind of government we need, and by the same process it can respond to the needs of conservatism. Yet this is the Government that the Soviet group in Russia seek to overthrow through the fighting force of an aggressive minority which they hope to pit against a passive majority.

"I have taken pains on various occasions to point out that there is nothing in our immigration law that requires the deportation of any alien because he believes in, teaches or advocates socialism, communism, syndicalism, a Soviet form of government, a dictatorship of the proletariat, abolition of property rights, or any other change in our political or social structure, provided he seeks to bring about the change by the parliamentary process of convincing the people that his political and economic philosophy is right.

"But, having established a Government with universal suffrage, and consequently the most perfect democracy on earth, we will not permit a military despotism in Russia, reimposed upon a people but recently relieved from bondage, to stir up insurrection among our alien residents to whom we have extended hospitality and opened the doors of hope, even though their efforts in that direction are so futile that they cause us but slight annoyance.

"The insulting intimation that profitable trade with Russia is so important in the American mind that we would permit our own institutions to be undermined and destroyed and our liberties submerged if we can but have access to that trade, only reflects the brutal materialistic conceptions of the dominant group in Russia. We have given several illustrations to the world, among them our entrance into the recent war, that while we love comfort we hate oppression and have a passion for human liberty.

"For these reasons Congress has directed that every alien who is a member of an organization that proposes to use force to overthrow the United States shall be expelled. The traditional friendship between the American and Russian peoples will continue, and when a Government exists in Russia that seeks to work out Russian destiny in the Russian way and leaves us to work out our destiny in our way, there will be no desire on the part of the American Government to deport its officers and members as such."

Deported Russians Disillusioned.

Authentic advices from Moscow state that Russian emigrants who have been permitted by the American Government to return to Russia and those who have been forcibly deported by the United States are not only disillusioned upon their arrival in Russia, but that their disillusionment continues after they reach Moscow.

The condition of the returned emigrants is pictured in the Moscow Isvestia, the official organ of the All-Russian Central Committee of the Soviets, in an article signed by Alexander Stokitzky, entitled "An Appeal to the Workingmen and Communists," the text of which has just reached Washington. An official translation reads, in part:

"Upon leaving America, they were aware, of course, that they were going into a starving Russia, and they expected disillusionment was in store for them. They met them at the frontier. Together with their wives and children, they were crowded into freight cars without any sleeping accommodations, and there were neither lights nor heat. During the journey in these cars many of them became sick and many were frostbitten. Even in Moscow many of them continued to live at the station in the same cars for several days. Finally they were taken to food kitchens, already overcrowded by refugees and war prisoners.

"The conditions of living in these places are unspeakable. The filth is enormous. Contagious maladies are inevitable. Many of these people have lost all their belongings. Food is extremely scarce.

"We must answer the question: What are these tens of thousands of proletarians, in most instances skilled workmen, to do? Are they mere refugees only, returning home, or are they useful as an army of builders of a new life?"

NEXT "SOVIET ARK" READY.

Deportation of Alien Reds to Russia Set for Jan. 15.

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—Another deportation of alien radicals to Russia is planned by the Department of Labor for Jan. 15. It will include persons detained or on parole both at this port and New York.

This announcement was made in the Federal District Court today by Assistant United States Attorney Lewis Goldberg, who said Louis F. Post, Assistant Secretary of Labor, had notified him that arrangements for the further deportations had been concluded.

COMMUNISTS SPREAD REVOLT PLEA HERE

Executive Committee Pamphlet Calls on Workers to Overthrow the Government.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Under the caption "Unemployment" a direct appeal for the overthrow of the Government of the United States is being circulated by the Central Executive Committee of the Communist Party of America. "Armed insurrection and civil war" are urged as the "only way to overthrow the capitalist Government."

The pamphlet, which declares that millions of workers are idle, that a terrific industrial slump has hit the country and that the "capitalist class is deliberately using the world crisis to reduce the wages of the workers," is being distributed broadcast in industrial centers, in employment agencies and in sections where there are large numbers of the unemployed.

A tirade against the "capitalist system" sets forth that the courts, policemen, labor leaders, churches and Government are all on the side of capitalism and that the only way to bring about a change is for the workers first to destroy the present capitalist Government and establish in its place by force a worker or Soviet Government—just as did the peasant workers of Russia."

"The time has come for the workers of America to consider the necessity of establishing a Soviet Government in America," the pamphlet declares.

REVOLUTIONARY PLOT REPORTED IN NORWAY

Newspaper Asserts Labor Planned to Seize Capital After Starting a Big Fire.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 30.—The Politiken says that the Christiania Verdens Gang reveals a sensational plot for a revolution in Norway. According to the newspaper, the labor party which, it says, in 1918 joined the Moscow International, would start the uprising by setting afire enormous timber stores in Christiania, reckoning this would draw the whole attention of the capital. As soon as the fire would be raging, the newspaper states, the revolutionists would occupy the barracks, the police headquarters and the telegraph and telephone stations, arrest the Cabinet members and Generals and then would advise by telegraph the provinces of the revolution and of the successful conquest of the capital.

CABLE PARLEY TO REOPEN.

Davis to Call Session Soon—Governments Being Consulted.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Under Secretary of State Norman H. Davis, who is Chairman of the International Communications Conference, which has taken a recess subject to the call of the Chairman, will call a meeting of the conference in the near future for the purpose of attempting to reach a definitive agreement on the subject of distribution of the former German cables.

The illness of Mr. Davis and the fact that it is desirable that the former delegates to the conference shall have an opportunity of discussing with their respective Governments the cable situation as it developed at the sessions of the conference here, particularly with respect to the views of the United States Government, have tended to delay the reopening of the sittings. These will be attended by the Ambassadors of Great Britain, France and Japan and by the Italian Chargé d'Affaires, unless Signor Ricci, the new Italian Ambassador, arrives in the meantime.

The other Governments concerned are considering the questions presented at the conference here. Before the sessions are resumed it is expected that their Ambassadors will have received definite instructions.

ASSAILS CONGRESS METHODS

Prof. Rogers Says It Is Too Often "Peanuts Against Lemons."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Congress must put its own house in order if it expects to get back the power and prestige which has passed gradually into the hands of the executive departments of the Government, Professor Lindsay Rogers of the University of Virginia declared today in an address before the American Political Science Association.

Professor Rogers said that instead of being representatives of the whole people, members of Congress too often were but diplomats who came to Washington to represent their fellow-partisans in their own districts.

"Peanuts against lemons are too often the great issues in legislation," he said, "or else it is the merits of a small river in Ohio as opposed to one in Florida."

Declaring that legislative inefficiency was the prime cause of present conditions leading to charges of Presidential autocracy, Professor Rogers said President Wilson's dictatorship was not dangerous because of the power exercised, but that it had sometimes been obnoxious because of the lack of tact used.

Penal Statute on Suffrage Proposed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—A penal statute for the enforcement of the woman suffrage amendment to the Constitution is proposed in a bill introduced today by Senator Jones, Republican, Washington. All State registration and election officers who discriminated against women seeking to vote would be subject to fine and imprisonment

7:45 and 10:45 tonight—two special showings of D. W. Griffith's "WAY DOWN EAST" at 44th St. Theatre.—Advt.

Good Talk House Members Know Nothing of Business Except Their Salaries.

HE WANTS THE SHIPS SOLD

Urges Need of Economy in Defending Reduction of Sundry Civil Bill to $383,611,292.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Chairman Good of the Appropriations Committee, in defending the reductions made in the Sundry Civil bill before the House today, attacked the United States Shipping Board, denounced its members as "unfitted" for their duties and "as knowing nothing about their business except the amount of their salaries," and declared that if he could prevent it not "a single penny" would be appropriated for the board.

The bill, as reported, contains more than 1,000 items and calls for appropriations totaling $383,611,292. The committee rejected a provision to give the Shipping Board $147,000,000 to support the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

Chairman Good's attack was made during a debate on the necessity of enforcing economies in every direction. He predicted further reductions in forthcoming appropriation measures and said that the "strictest economy must be enforced until we know where we are; until we know the reconstruction policy of the United States."

Mr. Good declared that the Shipping Board had "no policy at all." He described it as wavering, and unable to determine at what prices ships should be sold. A year ago, he said, the board was willing to sell the ships for $185 a deadweight ton. "Now they are willing to sell them for $165 a ton," he added, "and I suppose that its purpose is to slide down with the market.

"But the trouble is that it has formulated no policy. We ought to have adopted the policy to sink all the wooden ships after the armistice.

Wants Some Ships Sold.

"The Committee on Appropriations feels that some ships should be sold. It feels that now is not the time to take money and lend it to any Shipping Board to build other ships, because the money is likely to be lost. The committee feels that it has got to get behind the Shipping Board and compel it to sell its plant and equipment.

"We are not going to appropriate, if I can prevent it, a single penny for this board that does not know its business, that is wasting the people's money, and if they are going to get any money they must get it out of the salvage of the plant. It was a sad spectacle to see man after man in high position on the Shipping Board testify before the committee. They showed that they knew nothing about the business in which they were engaged, except to know the amounts of their salaries.

"We want them to commence to salvage some of these plants and materials. They must get to work, and they have got to learn their business or get out."

"We ought to sell these ships," he continued, "and if necessary sell them for $100 per gross ton. But we should be careful when we sell them to see that they fly the American flag and to put the concerns buying these ships on a basis to compete with their competitors, or they are not able to compete there will be no American merchant marine. We must approach it as a business proposition, and after we have done that, and placed the ships in the hands of private capital, then it may be necessary to supplement that with a subsidy."

"Why, you cannot find out how much a single boat made or lost which sailed the seas six months ago," added Mr. Good.

Mr. Good said large deficiency estimates are being received by the committee, especially from the War Department. "I am told," he said, "that Secretary Baker expects to increase the army to 280,000 men."

Would Stop Recruiting.

"Are you going to let him do it?" Representative Blanton asked.

"If I had my way about it," Mr. Good replied, "we would provide that not a single recruit shall be paid and that he shall demobilize the men exceeding the number appropriated for.

"If Congress does its duty it will not provide for an army exceeding 165,000. I would prefer 150,000. I want to put some of these men to work."

Mr. Good attacked the Muscle Shoals nitrate plant project in explaining why the committee refused to allow appropriations requested. He said it would not hurt the appropriation to wait several months longer.

Mr. Magee of New York attacked the policy which permitted the Government to control the inland waterways, and especially attacked the wisdom of the policy which gave it supervision over the New York Barge Canal. He demanded that in peace times the New York canal "should be free from the blighting hand of Government operation." He approved the committee's action in reducing the appropriation for inland waterways from $6,924,350 to $1,550,000.

Favors Rise in Salaries.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30 (Associated Press).—Chairman Good of the Appropriations Committee today said that the salaries of "many Government officials and employes were too low, and declared that "Congress much soon pay some attention to the salary question because the low salary scale is having a demoralising effect on Government service.'

Commenting on the care and training of disabled war veterans, Mr. Good said that both the War Risk Insurance Bureau and Federal Board for Vocational Education would have unearned balances at the end of the current fiscal year, and that with these amounts available, together with appropriations carried in the bill the War Risk Insurance Bureau would have approximately $160,000,000 and the Board for Vocational Education $75,500,000, during the coming fiscal year, approximately the amounts, he said, they had estimated they would need.

"Congress will take care of the disabled soldiers," Mr. Good declared.

Representative Byrnes, Democrat, led a fight to retain an appropriation of $10,000,000 to complete a dam across the Tennessee River for the Muscle Shoals nitrate plant, for which $17,000,000 has been spent.

Mr. Good pleaded for passage of the bill as presented by the committee, declaring it was necessary to act on it without regard to personal considerations. Behind the whole measure, he said, was an urgent desire to reduce the expenses of the Government and lift part of the heavy tax burden.

WANTS MORE FOR DISABLED.

Legion Says $33,000,000 Appropriation Won't Provide Treatment.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—John Thomas Taylor of the National Legislative Committee of the American Legion issued a statement tonight in which, commenting on the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill as reported to the House yesterday, he said that the cut from $50,000,000 to $33,000,000 in the appropriation asked for giving hospital treatment to disabled veterans of the World War, "is wringing $17,000,000 in blood money from the $50,000,000 because that piece of economy represents the difference between a liberal and a miserly interpretation of the compensation law for the past fiscal year, but it was infinitely worse in the mad search for some way to achieve a pretense of economy to reduce the amount allowed for the sick and wounded who have suffered in the service during the past year by more than a third.

"This year there has been an average of less than 15,000 disabled men in hospitals and the sum of $46,000,000 was appropriated for their treatment. Next year there will be 30,000 disabled men in hospitals and the House Appropriation Committee recommends $38,000,000 for their care and treatment—twice as many men for hospital treatment and $13,000,000 less with which to give it to them.

"Congress and the Government cannot meet their responsibility to the sick and wounded of the war by farming them out to a lot of contract institutions run for profit, to be taken care of or not, as the institutions see fit, for the miserly sum of $3 a day. Certainly these men, all of whom, it is to be remembered, must prove that they are disabled and down and out as a result of service in the line of duty, deserve better of their country than this."

PENNSYLVANIA LUNATIC HOLDS OFF THE POLICE

After Attacking His Mother He Barricades Himself in Home With Collection of Firearms.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST CHESTER, Pa., Dec. 30.—After being besieged for twenty-four hours in his home, Elliott Penrose Jones, who has been eccentric several years and became violently insane Wednesday afternoon, was tonight holding off the entire police force of West Chester. He is a distant cousin of Senator Penrose.

Jones came out of the house several times during the day, carrying a heavy automatic pistol in each hand, and flourished the weapons in the sight of hundreds of people who crowded the nearby street. After each visit he returned and barricaded himself in his home.

Jones attacked his mother, Mrs. Anna Ralston Jones, Wednesday afternoon, and she had a warrant issued for his arrest on a charge of assault.

No attempt was made to rush the house today. One policeman, Michael Martin, got into the building, but failed to capture the man. Jones was standing on the porch with his brother, J. Ralston Jones, and a friend, Robert Taylor, when Martin approached the house. He was not molested and was allowed to enter. The polican tried to persuade the man to come out and "talk the matter over" with Chief Entriken. Jones agreed, and the pair left the house together by a rear entrance, but the policeman suddenly found himself deserted. Jones had darted back into the building, and Martin heard a snap as the door was locked.

The West Chester police force then adopted the policy of "watchful waiting," and the Chief issued a statement in which he said it will be best to let Jones "cave down." The man is known to have been a collector of firearms, and it is believed he has rifles and shotguns in the house, in addition to the two heavy-calibre automatics he carries on his person.

Jones held a conference late today with his mother and George B. Johnson, the family's attorney. Johnson later said he would visit the house tomorrow night with a doctor, attempt to quiet Jones, call in the Chief of Police, and carry the man away to a sanitarium in an automobile.

MAY SIGN MINE BILL.

President Now Has Measure Which Senator Ashurst Chased.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The Mine Assessment bill, which Senator Ashurst, Democrat, of Arizona, trailed yesterday from the White House to the Interior Department and back again in an unsuccessful effort to find out what President Wilson was going to do with it, got into Senate discussion today.

At the same time it came out that the bill was sent to President Wilson today from the White House executive offices. The measure had been referred to the Interior Department for a recommendation and both Secretary Payne and Assistant Secretary Vogelsang, it is understood, recommended that it be signed.

In the Senate Senator Ashurst indicated that an attempt would be made to pass the bill over the President's veto, if it should encounter that obstacle.

Bonus for Federal Bank Employes.

The extra compensation voted to employes of the New York Federal Reserve Bank was announced yesterday. The scale, which follows closely that of the previous year, calls for payments of 20 per cent. to employes receiving salaries up to and including $1,500. On the next $500 in salary the bonus amounts to 15 per cent., and on the following $500 to 10 per cent. No bonus is paid above $2,500, but employes receiving salaries up to $5,000 are eligible for the bonus on the first $2,500 of their wage.

CONGRESSMEN HIT INAUGURATION COST

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

buildings to house the military organizations coming for the parade, and he wanted a specific appropriation for that purpose, but Senator Smoot said that this had never been done.

"I should like to ask whether legislation will be required to permit the use of the Pension Office for the inaugural ball?" inquired Senator Lenroot.

"We have nothing to do with that," Senator Nelson replied. "The Committee on Rules has no more to do with that than the Emperor of China. It's wholly a private affair of the citizens of Washington."

Senator Smoot interjected that the ball would be under the jurisdiction of the District committee, which usually asked Congress for permission to use the Pension Building.

"That ball has always cost $25,000 or $30,000, hasn't it?" asked Senator Lenroot.

"I cannot say offhand just what it cost; but I know it has cost a good deal of money," Senator Smoot replied.

"It has cost much more than $25,000 or $30,000," put in Senator Norris. "The furniture of the building must be moved out and stored and then moved back. Practically everybody in the building stops work, but the pay of clerks goes on all the time that it is so used."

"Well, so far as I have been able to ascertain, there is no way of determining how much we are going to spend," said Senator Borah, closing the controversy. He said that on Monday he would offer a resolution limiting the amount to $10,000.

DROPS NEW YEAR RECEPTION.

President Will Be Unable to Give One to the Public.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—No public reception will be held at the White House on Jan. 1. There has been no setback in the President's condition, but he would not be able to stand in the receiving line several hours shaking hands. Even for a well President these receptions have been a severe ordeal.

The breakfast to members of the diplomatic corps by the Secretary of State, following their New Year call on the President, will also be abandoned this year on account of the absence of Secretary Colby in South America and the temporary illness of Acting Secretary Davis. The Secretaries of War and the Navy, however, will hold receptions.

Tonight at 7:45 and 10:45—two complete showings of the Griffith masterpiece, "Way Down East," at 44th St. Theatre. New Year's Eve celebration.—Advt.

Professor Bauer Tells Scientists Waves Enter at Poles and Leave at Equator.

EXPERIMENTS IN ECLIPSES

Dr. Moulton Likens Man to a Toad Relative to Great Development in Future.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Evidence that the world is lying in a huge magnetic field, of an origin unknown but foreign to itself, with a faculty for making excessive trouble for the mariners' compasses in certain circumstances, was submitted by Professor Louis A. Bauer, who spoke before the astronomical section of the American Association for the Advancement of Science here today.

The experiments which enabled Professor Bauer to produce this evidence covered a long period, and included observations of the magnetic effects of four solar eclipses coupled with data gathered from the different observatories of the world. The currents from this field, he asserted, entered the revolving earth in the regions of the two poles as negative waves and emanated at the equator as positive, much after the fashion of the armature of a toy magneto.

While Professor Bauer did not attempt to explain the source of this mysterious energy, he may, he thought, be one of the retardent forces upon the earth's speed revolution, and to be responsible for some of the heat which exists beneath the first mile or so of the crust of this planet.

Tells of Lateral Currents.

"I am absolutely convinced," he told his audience, "of the existence of lateral electrical currents which pass directly down into the earth, in addition to those horizontal currents which have been recognized for years. Without them, we cannot account for all the earth's magnetism. When all the horizontal electrical forces are reckoned with, we have from 2 to 3 per cent. of the earth's magnetism which is caused by these downward positive currents."

During a recent total eclipse Professor Bauer made extensive magnetic observations. As the light of the earth was cut off by the shadow on the sun, the compasses which he and his associates were watching at the different observatories varied in direction.

"Light is a conductor of electricity," he continued. "Shutting off the sun's rays shut off these lateral electric currents and disarranged the earth's magnetic fields."

His observations, he also said, indicated a certain magnetic attraction between the earth, Venus, and one or two of the other planets.

Predicts Wonders in Future Ages.

The past and future existence of the earth is 1,000,000 times 1,000,000 years, according to the most reliable scientific research, declared Professor F. K. Moulton, of the University of Chicago, in a paper which he read today before the Association for the Advancement of Science.

Professor Moulton expressed the view that the intelligence of man today compared with what it would probably be in future years was in the same ratio as that of a toad compared with the present human development. There was hardly a doubt, he said, that achievements now beyond the comprehension of the human mind would be realized.

"The duration of a star is at least 1,000,000 times 1,000,000 years," said Dr. Moulton. "Our own sun, which gives us heat and light, will continue to do so for at least thousands of millions of years. This fact is also arrived at through the study of the globular clusters."

The professor said that it was impossible to compute exactly the future life of the planet.

Forecasts New Sciences and Forces.

"It is incomprehensible, in my estimation, just how far superior to us our successors of a few million years will be," he continued. "Talk of making the airplane as safe as a street car in that time is nonsense. That is simply a matter of a few years.

"It is highly probable that greater things, newer sciences, and discoveries which will make the wonders of this age fade into simplicity will come out of the distant future. There will be things discovered, forces that will make electricity and radium pale."

Professor Moulton scouted theories that a collision between the earth and another planet could occur in the near future. He said that it was highly improbable for several thousands of millions of years.

Evidence that during thunder showers mainsprings in watches are broken was cited by those attending the meeting of the American Physical Society by Professor Williams of Oberlin College. Professor Williams said that the cause was not electrical or magnetic effect, but the shock caused by thunder upon mainsprings which are rusty.

Silence is golden, he said, as it consumes the least amount of energy by the vibration producing a tone, according to experts from the Wallace Clements Sabine Laboratory of Geneva, Ill. It was said at the convention that the amount of energy consumed by the vibration producing a tone which the ear can just de-

PENROSE IN CAPITAL FOR TARIFF FIGHT

Said to Be Determined to Block Fordney Bill, Despite Handicap of Illness.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Senator Boies Penrose of Pennsylvania arrived in Washington tonight to make a final effort to maintain, despite his illness, his position as Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Senate and leader of the Republican forces in connection with the financial problems which confront the nation.

The Senator made the trip from Atlantic City to Washington in a private car. He was unable to walk even a short distance, and was taken from the car in an automobile at the station and from the automobile to his suite of rooms at the Wardman Park Inn in a wheel chair. His legs remain somewhat swollen and, while he apparently has gained slightly in the long fight against illness, the Senator was admittedly worn by the journey.

There may be conferences tomorrow or Saturday, when Senator Penrose will meet members of the Finance Committee; but after his arrival at 8:45 o'clock tonight he had no callers and refused to make a statement.

It is understood that he will oppose the temporary tariff legislation which was put through the House by Chairman Fordney of the Ways and Means Committee and which is now before the Senate Committee on Finance. In fact, determination to back this legislation in the Senate is said to be one of the things which brought Senator Penrose here at this time. He is also anxious that a definite policy shall be put in effect and plans laid for the next session.

Senator Penrose was accompanied here by Dr. Herbert T. Carpenter of Philadelphia, a secretary and a nurse. He has a suite of fourteen rooms on the seventh floor of the Wardman Park Inn, and it is probable that for several days at least any conference in which he participates will be held there. It is the Senator's hope to go to the Capitol a little later.

Senator McCumber and other members of the Finance Committee expressed the hope today that Senator Penrose would be able soon to assume active leadership as head of the Finance Committee. Mr. McCumber said that he had received no information that Senator Penrose would fight the temporary tariff legislation. It is expected, however, that Senator Penrose will let his position be known very quickly, and that his presence here will have a decided effect upon the developments in the next week or ten days.

Declares Business Is Overtaxed.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Dec. 30.—"Business of all kinds in this country is taxed far above what it can bear, and unless something is done quickly the country will be in a very bad way," said Senator Penrose in answer to questions today as to his plans for work at Washington.

"As far as my health will permit," he also said, "I am going to try to prevent any legislation that will increase the taxation now burdening all kinds of business enterprises. The effect of the present high taxes is being felt in every nook and corner of the United States."

FAVOR BONDHOLDERS' RELIEF

House Committee Backs Rediscount Extension on Federal Issues.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The House Banking Committee agreed today to report favorably the Senate bill extending to Federal Reserve Banks until Dec. 31, 1921, the privilege of rediscounting notes of member banks to the extent of 20 per cent. instead of 10 per cent. of Government bonds and certificates accepted from borrowers as security. As amended by the House committee, the bill would apply only to securities held by original subscribers.

Governor Harding of the Federal Reserve Board urged the passage of the bill in this form for the relief of small investors who bought Government securities but because of falling prices have been unable to pay for them promptly.

He estimated the total rediscount of the Federal Reserve Banks, secured by Government bonds and certificates, at $1,150,000,000, a decrease of $850,000,000 during the last thirteen months.

GOING TO INAUGURATION.

Names of National Republican Club Committees Announced.

The National Republican Club of New York City is to be represented at the Presidential inaugural ceremonies on March 4 by a committee including many of the prominent members of the club.

President Charles D. Hilles of the club announced the personnel of the committee yesterday. Colonel M. C. Catrow is Chairman, and other members are Cornelius Vanderbilt, Charles H. Sherrill, Senator James W. Wadsworth Jr., Louis Stotesbury, Henry L. Stimson, William Hayward, Theodore Roosevelt, Ogden L. Mills, James R. Sheffield, George A. Glynn, Samuel S. Koenig, Senator William M. Calder, Benjamin B. Odell, Charles S. Whitman, R. A. C. Smith, Cornelius N. Bliss and James G. Blaine Jr.

BANS INAUGURAL BALL.

Montana's Governor-Elect Objects to the Expense.

MISSOULA, Mont., Dec. 30.—Governor-elect J. M. Dixon today called off an inaugural ball planned for Helena next week.

"I don't want to be the honor guest at a party costing $5 a ticket," he said.

Southern Congressmen Denounce Charges of Widespread Lawlessness by Whites.

TESTIMONY ON KILLINGS

J. W. Johnson, Colored, Likens Danger to Volcano—Committeemen Bar Group Picture.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Wholesale charges of willful discrimination against negroes at the polls in the Southern States were made by representatives of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People today before the House Census Committee and brought forth vigorous objections from committee members from the South. The committee was considering legislation to reapportion Congressional representation.

The first charge made by the association's representatives brought on a storm of denials and additional charges that gathered in volume as the session progressed and reached its climax at the close with the appearance of a photographer to take a group picture of the committee, including its Southern members, witnesses and spectators, of whom a number were negroes.

When Walter F. White, Assistant Secretary of the organization, declared that the majority of the white population of many Southern communities was "in league" with Southern members of the committee jumped to their feet.

"I decline to sit silent and let witnesses make wholesale charges of slander against one section of the United States," exclaimed Representative Larsen, Democrat, of Georgia. "Let them confine themselves to facts within their personal knowledge, and not rest their case upon hearsay reports."

Representative Bee, Democrat, of Texas, and Aswell, Democrat, of Louisiana, seconded their Georgia colleague in energetic fashion.

"Knowing what we have done in upbuilding the negro race," said Mr. Bee, "I cannot sit silent under a statement made by a witness from New York."

Chairman Siegel at this point interjected to say that the committee had decided to let witnesses make their statements and members question them afterward. The Chairman, however, was often forced to call members to order when they protested against letting statements of witnesses pass unchallenged.

While told the committee about the race riot following the November elections in Ocoee, Fla., and alleged that between thirty-two and thirty-five negroes were killed or burned in the shooting and the fight started by the whites.

In Quincy, Fla., he said, Dr. W. S. Stevens, a negro, was compelled to leave town because of having interested himself in negroes voting, and at Live Oak last October two brothers were beaten and warned to leave for the same reason.

Representative Brinson, Democrat, of North Carolina, said that the intelligent negroes in his district agreed with the whites that the ignorant negroes must be kept from voting for the safety of the country.

J. Weldon Johnson a negro secretary of the association, said that the question went to the very fundamentals of republican government. The negroes were qualifying for the right to vote, he declared, and Congress should meet the "practical questions." He said that the problem must be solved some time, as the country "was living on the crater of a volcano." He added that talk of "negro domination" was a "bugaboo" which would disappear when negroes received the privilege of complete suffrage.

The appearance of the photographer to "snap" the committee caused Southern members to declare they would not sit in a group the background of which was formed of negroes, a large number of whom were crowded into the room. Representative Aswell left the room. Representative Larsen informed Chairman Siegel that he did not intend to leave the room, and would "raise h—l" if the picture were made with the spectators on hand as a background.

The committee finally went into executive session, thus clearing the room and the group picture was taken.

HUGO IN SURETY COMPANY.

Is Elected Vice President of the National.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec.

MERCHANT IS BOUGHT AS EASTMAN SLAYER

Williamsburg Business Man, Host at Fatal Cafe Party, Accused of Murder.

MILITARY BURIAL FOR MONK

Two Loft Robberies Disclosed, Loot Being Worth $18,000—Several Arraignments.

Monk Eastman was shot and killed early Sunday by a man who entertained Eastman and five friends at a dinner in the Blue Bird cafe, immediately preceding the killing.

Details of the killing and events leading up to it were obtained yesterday by John R. Hennis, Assistant District Attorney, and Acting Captain William Funston through the questioning of Sylvester Hamilton, one of the Eastman party, and William J. Simermeyer, chauffeur of the automobile which carried the party to the cafe in East Fourteenth Street, near Fourth Avenue. Hamilton and Simermeyer were arrested Thursday night in Williamsburg. Although he learned the facts of the murder, Mr. Hennis was unable to discover a motive for the crime.

Hamilton, who said he was 26 years old and lived at 159 South Ninth Street, Williamsburg, and Simermeyer, who gave the same address and said his home was at 1,681 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, were held in $10,000 bail as material witnesses when arraigned before Judge McIntyre in General Sessions.

The slayer, according to Mr. Hennis, was known in the Williamsburg section as a prosperous business man, but Captain Funston said the police had learned that the man for several years was on intimate terms with many criminals who made their rendezvous in the Union Square section and in the cafés in lower Williamsburg.

Slaying Carefully Planned.

The slaying was premeditated, according to Mr. Hennis. Eastman was invited to the dinner so there would be no interference with the murderer's plans. The slayer left the city immediately after the killing, Captain Funston said, but the detectives were confident they would arrest him within a few days.

Hamilton was arrested at Havemeyer and Fourth Streets, Williamsburg, on information obtained from a man who was in the Blue Bird Café a few minutes before the killing. He was taken to the Metropolitan Street Station, and later Detective Sergeants Bottle, McGann and Knowles arrested Simermeyer in the Williamsburg Automobile Company's garage at 187 Clymer Street.

Simermeyer admitted having driven the car in which Eastman and five other men rode to the café. He said that at 11:45 on Christmas night the clerk in the garage, which is owned by William and Charles Kessler, received a telephone message from a man who had a charge account to send a limousine to the Court Café at Broadway and Driggs Avenue.

Answering the call, Simermeyer found the man, who was well known to him, standing on the sidewalk with five men. He ordered Simermeyer to drive the party to the Blue Bird Café. There, the chauffeur said, the man gave him a $3 tip, and told him to charge the automobile bill to his account. Simermeyer immediately returned to the garage.

Mr. Hennis said several incidents in connection with Hamilton's story could not be revealed at this time, but he said Hamilton insisted that not an angry word had passed up to the time the slayer began to shoot at Eastman.

The Assistant District Attorney said Eastman was shot as he reached the short flight of steps leading up to the sidewalk from the Bluebird Café, and that the former gunman staggered to the corner, where the slayer fired four more bullets into his body.

The police had not been able to confirm the report that the slayer jumped onto the running board of a taxicab which drew up to the corner within a few seconds of the shooting.

"I have the name of every man in the party at the Bluebird Café," said Mr. Hennis, "and I am confident the slayer will be arrested within a few days.

Buried With Military Honors.

"From the evidence already gathered, it is apparent that the murderer bided his time and that Eastman did not suspect the man wanted to kill him when he entered the automobile.

"We have learned that the murderer has a wife and several children, but I do not care to reveal his identity at this time. As soon as he returns to this city he will be arrested, but in the meantime the detectives will be on the lookout for the other three men in the party."

Mr. Hennis said that Hamilton would be questioned further this morning regarding the murder. He said he felt that Hamilton could reveal the motive for the crime.

Eastman's body was buried yesterday afternoon with military honors. The cortege left an undertaker's establishment at 846 Metropolitan Avenue, Brooklyn, a crowd of several thousand men, women and children had gathered about the entrance. The body, dressed in the uniform of a private of the United States Army, rested in an oaken coffin draped with an American flag.

Shortly before the coffin was borne out of the undertaker's establishment on the shoulders of veterans of the 106th Infantry, with which regiment Eastman served in the World War, the Rev. James H. Lockwood, pastor of the South Third Street Methodist Church, read the committal service for the dead.

A firing squad accompanied the body to the cemetery, and after one of the soldiers sounded "taps" three volleys were fired over Eastman's grave.

Two Lofts Robbed; Loss $18,000.

Despite the fact that detectives and police sharpshooters were assigned by Commissioner Enright last week to tour the city in automobiles in quest of criminals, it became known that loft burglars had looted establishments at 36 East Tenth Street and 15 West Twenty-eighth Street Wednesday night and had escaped with two truck loads of cloaks, suits and furs valued at $18,000. At the East Tenth Street address, the thieves entered the loft of Michaels Dosenberg, cloak and suit dealers on the third floor, and removed about $12,000 worth of stock.

At about the same time robbers entered the loft of Cohen & Samuels at the West Twenty-eighth Street address and took $8,000 worth of furs.

Mrs. Margaret McGirr of 100 East 104th Street was standing at Third Avenue and 104th Street last night when a stockily built man snatched her purse containing $150 and some jewelry. The man ran up Third Avenue with Mrs. McGirr in purspit, shouting "Stop thief!"

A detective heard the woman's cries and pursued the man, followed by 500 men, women and children. At 107th Street the detective arrested John Higko, who said he was a chef, living at 309 East 104th Street. He was charged with theft. During the chase Mrs. McGirr saw the man throw something into a cellar. There the detective recovered the purse and its contents.

Magistrate Geisinar, in the New Jersey Avenue Court, held David Herman, 29 years old, of 1,719 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, and Abraham Besmanoff, 32, of 515 Christopher Street, Brooklyn, in $10,000 bail each on charges of holding up Harry Rose, proprietor of a butcher's shop at 85 Osborne Street, and robbing him of $30. They were arrested after a three-block chase.

Four Held for Burglaries.

Through the arrest Thursday night of two young women and two men in a rooming house at 138 Essex Street, the Brooklyn police believe they have uncovered a band of burglars who have robbed many homes in that borough. The two women, Virginia De Lois of 84 West Twelfth Street and Gene Nocone of 239 Mulberry Street, were held without bail when arraigned before Magistrate Dodd in the Fifth Avenue Court on affidavits alleging they were connected with the thefts of jewelry from the home of Mrs. Mary Jordan of 479 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, on Dec. 21.

Five men arrested by Brooklyn detectives Thursday night were held in bail ranging from $15,000 to $25,000 when arraigned in the same court. Charles Fedler, 22, of 324 Christopher Avenue and Benjamin Schwartz, 20, of 361 Christopher Avenue were accused of holding up Hyman Wedman of 249 Thatford Avenue several nights ago and taking his watch and chain, valued at $150. Schwartz pleaded guilty, but Fedler denied connection with the hold-up. They were held in $25,000 each.

Isadore Kain of Christopher and Dumont Avenues, and his son, Morris, then were arraigned on a charge of criminally receiving the goods stolen from the embroidery company. They were held in $15,000 each for examination.

Five in Auto Run Down Policeman.

Five men, believed to be automobile bandits, early yesterday knocked down Policeman Herman Nicholson of the Snyder Avenue Station, Brooklyn, when he attempted to halt the automobile in which they were speeding at the rate of forty miles an hour at Bedford and Church Avenues.

The policeman ran into the street when he saw the automobile approaching, and when the chauffeur did not slacken his speed Nicholson drew his pistol. The chauffeur reduced the speed of the car when it was about ten feet from the policeman, and as Nicholson started to walk toward the machine, the chauffeur suddenly turned the automobile on him, throwing him fifteen feet to the sidewalk. The pistol was knocked from the policeman's hand and before he could recover it the automobile had disappeared.

SHERIFF DONNELLY RESIGNS

Governor Names Thomas H. O'Neill to Succeed Bronx Official.

Sheriff James F. Donnelly of the Bronx resigned yesterday and Governor Smith promptly appointed as his successor Thomas H. O'Neill, who has been Under Sheriff. He will serve until Dec. 31, 1921. Sheriff Donnelly's resignation was taken to Albany yesterday by his counsel, Senator William A. Keating.

MASTER BUILDERS PROMISE REFORM

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

Chamber. A dark man, about 52 years old, of medium build, took the stand. He spoke in a low voice most of the time, except when repeating answers for the sake of the stenographer or when he became angry.

Eidlitz Has $30,000,000 Business.

The witness said he was president of the building construction firm of Mark Eidlitz & Son, 30 East Forty-second Street, with business on hand aggregating $30,000,000. The annual business, he said, was between $12,000,000 and $15,000,000. Eidlitz said he was one of the ten members of the Executive Committee of the Building Trades Employers' Association and also a member of the Board of Governors, the latter having a membership of between seventy and ninety men.

It was after Mr. Untermyer forced Eidlitz to admit that some of the practices of the association were "against public policy" that he asked, "Now, do you propose to abandon that sort of thing?"

"We propose to give it very careful consideration," replied the witness smiling.

"So will the law," retorted Mr. Untermyer. Eidlitz's smile vanished.

Eidlitz was questioned on a plan "to clean up the situation" brought before the Mason Builders' Association, of whose Arbitration Board he was a member. The plan was adopted, he said, and forwarded to the Board of Governors.

"One of the features of this plan has been to get rid of Brindell and get back to the Federation of Labor?" he was asked.

The witness put a hand to his brow and remained silent. When Mr. Untermyer pressed for an answer, Eidlitz said he did not know. Mr. Untermyer produced the plan and placed it in evidence, after which he read it. It said:

"Inasmuch as the investigation has shown that certain officers who assumed to speak for the Building Trades Council are not of representative or responsible character, we recommend that the Building Trades Employers' Association call upon the American Federation of Labor, Building Trades Department, with the assistance of their International President, to reorganize the Building Trades Council, eliminating such officers and delegates as are guilty of extortion or other acts detrimental to the welfare of the industry, and make of the council a responsible organization."

Eidlitz remembered the plan distinctly. He changed his mind about his previously professed ignorance and corrected his answer from "No" to "Yes." He said he voted for the resolution. He was asked what officers and delegates he had in mind when he voted. "Of course, we all had certain ones in mind," he answered.

"Who were they?" "Well," said the witness, hesitatingly, "the Chairman was one of them."

"Chairman of what?" "Chairman of the Building Trades Council," said Eidlitz in an almost inaudible voice.

"Why are you afraid to name him?" asked Mr. Untermyer. "I am not afraid," Eidlitz countered. He hesitated a moment and then in a low tone, almost a whisper, he pronounced the name, "Robert Brindell."

"You seem a little weak," commented Mr. Untermyer after extorting the information from the builder.

Missing Witness at Home Ill.

Mr. Eidlitz was questioned as to the whereabouts of Charles J. Kelly, Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Building Trades Employers' Association. He said that Fred G. Webber, another member, knew, but that he never asked Webber. The mystery of Kelly's location was cleared up by Webber, the last witness, who informed the committee that Kelly, for whom process servers had been seeking for weeks, was at the Webber home, 61 East Eighty-sixth Street, under the care of Dr. L. Ouilman of 1,239 Madison Avenue. He produced a certificate from the physician which said that Kelly was suffering from Bright's disease and heart complications and that any excitement in court, "even later on," may mean death for him.

In answer to questions Eidlitz said that Kelly "might have been" a guest of Brindell at the latter's country home. He never heard that Kelly received an automobile from Brindell, nor did he know that Kelly had been the recipient of other gifts from the labor boss.

"You have been the principal stumbling block to the reorganization of the Building Trades Employers' organization?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"That is absolutely false," declared Eidlitz, shouting angrily. The examiner asked him to be more polite.

"Did you help Brindell get his bail?" inquired Mr. Untermyer.

"It is an insult to me, sir, for you to ask that question," said the witness.

He also denied that he was Brindell's "boss," after which Mr. Untermyer read from the record of George Atwell's testimony. In his testimony Atwell said that at a meeting of the employers Eidlitz "got up and made a speech and said he thought Brindell was doing wonderful work in stabilizing the business, and we must stand behind him, and I said to Fradus, 'Did you hear that?' He said, 'yes.' 'Well,' I said, 'What are you going to do now?' He said, 'I don't know.' I said, 'I'm going to get on the band wagon, and you do the same thing.'"

Eidlitz remembered the testimony, and when asked whose band wagon it was said he did not know. Atwell's answer to the same question was: "Eidlitz and Brindell's and the whole bunch of them."

Eidlitz Denies He was "Boss."

Mr. Untermyer read the testimony of George Backer, wealthy builder, indicted for perjury, who told the committee that Eidlitz was "the whole boss" of the employers' organization and the council. "It is absolutely ridiculous," said the witness.

Eidlitz was enraged when Mr. Untermyer repeatedly referred to the Employers' Association as "your association." "It is not my association," he asserted vigorously.

"We all look upon it as yours," said Mr. Untermyer.

The examination touched on Mr. Eidlitz's part in the Housing Corporation during the war, after he told Mr. Untermyer that he was not in touch with matters here because of his position in Washington.

Q.—Your activities during the war were the subject of a Congressional report, were they not? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Very scathing one, wasn't it? A.—After a fashion.

Q.—After a fashion? A.—Yes.

Q.—Have you read it? A.—Yes.

Q.—It was denunciatory, wasn't it? A.—No; it was very unfair.

Q.—It denounced your activities? A.—Have you heard the answer? We have turned back $72,000,000 out of the hundreds of millions that came to us.

Q.—Perhaps you ought to have turned back the whole thing. We are not going into it. You suggested that you were in the war; I am not going to pursue it unless you want it. A.—I don't want to pursue it.

He was examined on the affairs of the Building Trades Council and the methods by which Brindell attained power. He was unaware of the way in which Brindell named all the members of his Executive Committee and how he made the affiliated unions elect delegates to the council for three years each and pay them $75 weekly.

"He was a perfect Czar in the business?" Mr. Untermyer asked after exhausting this line of questioning. "I should say he was," Eidlitz answered heartily.

Mr. Untermyer took up the contracts made between employers' associations in the parent body and the affiliated unions of the Council under which the union men agreed to work only for the employers or to give them preference and the employers agreed to employ none but men from the Council.

"I don't know that it was illegal, but it was said that it was against public policy," declared the witness, when Mr. Untermyer inquired whether he had not heard that such exclusive arrangements had been held illegal by the New York and New Jersey courts.

Grosvenor Atterbury, an architect, in a complaint to the employers' association on Feb. 16, 1920, protested against the threat made to him by a member, who said that if he gave a contract to any one not a member he, the member, would see to it that the non-member did not get union labor. In its reply the association, while disapproving the policy, informed Mr. Atterbury that if he desired "insurance against strikes, which we are endeavoring to give, you should award your work to members of the association." Eidlitz said that this practice was "wrong," and asserted that it "did not work."

The witness refused to affirm that the by-laws "provided for such despotism."

Mr. Untermyer read into the record a rule of the association showing that members were asked to insist that prospective sub-contractors must become members of the association.

Reading from the association's records, it was shown that the Caldwell-Wingate Company, a member, had been fined $1,000 for failing to give its work to a subcontractor who was also a member of the association.

After Mr. Untermyer examined the witness on phases of the price-fixing arrangements made by various affiliated trade associations he asked whether the parent body was still harboring those price-fixing organizations, and Eidlitz said they had not been expelled.

Mr. Untermyer wanted to know if the witness was going to make it necessary to indict all the affiliated associations before the parent body expelled them, but Eidlitz would not undertake to tell the committee anything, he said.

The examination switched to the income of the employers' association, and the witness declared the dues were used "to fight labor," and that $500,000 had been spent in this aim in the last fifteen years.

Mr. Untermyer said the principal function of the employers' organization was to get precedence in labor over men not in the association and then to drive every employer into the association, after which he was compelled to fix prices.

"No, that was not so," said the witness, who added that the employers' association was formed to handle wage questions and jurisdictional disputes.

Eidlitz Predicts Reform.

Mr. Untermyer outlined the possibility of an employers' association existing without fixing prices, and one which did not try to force employers into it, and Mr. Eidlitz said there was no question that such an organization would result from the process now going on within the Building Trades Employers' Association.

"If that happens we have accomplished our purpose," said Mr. Untermyer.

Eidlitz then made the statement he had been waiting for all day. He explained that in 1919 when the employers had arranged with the Board of Business Agents to make one wage contract for all the trades, the Building Trades Council was not in being and that one day word came from the American Federation of Labor that "it had installed a building council here, of which Brindell was the head, and we made our contract with them as they represented the same people we were doing business with."

The bricklayers and housesmiths were not in the council and went on strike, and Mayor Hylan in an arbitration award gave them an increased rate of pay, higher than the scale paid the journeymen in the council. For this reason Brindell announced to the employers that he could not "hold" his men and he wanted them to get more money. This was four months later, and in spite of the fact that an agreement for two years had been signed, another agreement was substituted giving the workers in the council additional pay.

"You are not a price fixer, are you?" asked Mr. Untermyer when Mr. Eidlitz arose from the witness chair.

"No, sir," the contractor said indignantly.

"You are competing, are you not?"

"No, sir, I do not compete," he replied proudly. "I am selected."

"You are in a class by yourself?" Mr. Untermyer asked.

"I am," said Eidlitz. His answer was greeted with a great burst of applause by the Executive Committee of the Building Trades Employers' Association seated in the second row. Other subpoenaed witnesses joined in until the applause amounted almost to an ovation. The witness smiled broadly and joined his friends, who gathered around him and congratulated him.

BRINDELL TO BE TRIED HERE.

Application for Change of Venue Denied by Justice Burr.

Robert P. Brindell, indicted Chairman of the Building Trades Council must stand trial in New York County according to a decision made yesterday by Supreme Court Justice William P. Burr in defying the application of Brindell, through his counsel Martin Littleton, for a change of venue.

"In my judgment it is not necessary to send these indictments for trial to any other county to enable the defendant Brindell to enjoy his undoubted right to a fair and impartial trial," said Justice Burr in a brief decision.

Brindell's trial on charges of extortion will begin on Wednesday. Samuel Untermyer will be chief prosecutor. He will have as his staff Deputy Attorney General Samuel Berger, Assistant District Attorneys Robert Johnson, Albert B. Unger and Stanley Richter.

HETTRICK INDICTED AGAIN.

Two Walking Delegates and Master Plumber Also Accused of Conspiracy

John T. Hettrick, author of the so-called "Hettrick code of practice"; William J. Doran and William H. Chapman, walking delegates of Robert P. Brindell's Building Trades Council, and Herbert Smith of the Plumbers' Association of New York were indicted yesterday on the charge of conspiracy in restraint of trade. The indictment charges that the four men conspired to intimidate the master and employing plumbers who are not affiliated with the Hettrick group and threatened to prevent them from obtaining plumbers.

All of the four defendants pleaded not guilty to the charges yesterday before Justice John V. McAvoy, in the Criminal Term of the Supreme Court. Each of them is already under indictment, and the bonds under which they were already held were continued—Hettrick in $100,000, Doran in $10,000, Chapman in $50,000 and Smith in $5,000 bail.

The four sand corporations indicted by the Federal Grand Jury on Wednesday on a charge of violating the Sherman anti-trust law, and three of the eleven individuals named in the same indictment pleaded not guilty to the charge yesterday before Judge A. N. Hand, who allowed them until Jan. 12 to file demurrers.

Tonight, first performance at 7:15 sharp; second at 10:45 sharp. Special New Year's Eve celebration. "WAY DOWN EAST," 44th St. Theatre.—Advt.

Midnight celebration tonight, two complete performances of D. W. Griffith's "Way Down East"—7:45 and 10:45—Forty-fourth St. Theatre.—Advt.

HAILED AS HEROIC BOOT IS PLEDGED FOR BAIL

Mayor, in Letter to Judges and Prosecutors, Proposes Investigation of Indemnities.

ROSALSKY ANSWERS QUERY

Believes Amendment to Code May Aid In Recovery of Much Stolen Property.

Mayor Hylan wants to know why it is so easy for men arrested for crime to obtain bail. He addressed a letter on the subject yesterday to Judge Mulqueen of General Sessions, Chief Magistrate McAdoo, the District Attorneys of the five counties, Judge Gibbs, of the Bronx County Court, Judge Dike of the Kings County Court, County Judge Humphrey of Queens, and County Judge Tiernan of Richmond.

"I understand," the Mayor wrote, "that almost simultaneously with the arraignment of a prisoner, the representative of some bonding company appears to present security for the prisoner's release. The question that presents itself to my mind is, Why and how does this happen? Could it be that certain of the bonding companies accept collateral security in the form of stolen jewels, bonds or cash insuring to them some protection against any loss in event of the criminal bailed by them failing to appear for trial?

"I wish you would give this your personal attention, and, if possible, ascertain the reasons why persons charged with violation of the law obtain bail so readily, and what indemnification they give for the bail so obtained. Such investigations might result in locating some of the jewels and bonds that have been stolen."

Judge Otto A. Rosalsky of General Sessions, taking up the Mayor's query last night, said:

"Under the law Judges cannot inquire as to the sufficiency of the bonds offered by a surety company for the release of a criminal. It is proposed to amend this law in the amendments to the Criminal Code, now being prepared by the Judges. If it is amended we may then examine a bonding or surety company in the same way that an individual may be examined when he offers himself as a surety in a bail case. This means that we may not only examine into the integrity of the bond, but also as to the nature and amount of the security, if any, received by the bonding company from the prisoner to indemnify it in the event that bail is forfeited.

"The right of Judges to do this is beyond any legal question, and, I believe, it will have a very important part in the tracing of stolen property and the recovery of the loot. A bonding company may have no information showing that it has accepted any stolen property for bailing the very thief who took it, while the Judge and the police may suspect that the bail bond involves missing property, yet they cannot pursue that line of inquiry so far as the offering of the bail bond is concerned.

"We propose to shape the amendment to provide for a tax of $250 against bonding companies in each case of forfeited bail, to be paid as an additional penalty. The disappearance of a defendant on bail supplied by a bonding company, which in turn has been indemnified, means that the forfeiture of such a bond brings no loss to the surety. In such cases there is lacking the financial motive to produce the criminal in court."

HARBOR STRIKE CALLED OFF.

Workers and Tugboat Owners to Sign 1921 Agreement Today.

The strike of marine workers that was scheduled for tomorrow was called off last night, and today the committee from the Masters, Mates and Pilots' Association and the Harbor Boatmen's Union will meet the Towboat Owners' Association and sign the 1921 working agreement.

This action followed a day of activity on the part of Colonel Michael J. Regan and John J. Bealin, State Industrial Mediators, who conferred first with the men and then with the owners, and obtained a reopening of the whole case. The sixty-hour a week clause, the cause of the trouble, will remain in the agreement, for union opposition weakened when the men learned that it would only apply to "single crew" boats and would, therefore, affect but few of them.

Captain William A. Maher, Secretary of the Masters, Mates and Pilots' Association, said:

"The association has decided because of the small number of men affected by the sixty-hour week and since it does not apply to double crew boats, and since the vacation and holiday clause has not been interfered with and wages remain the same, and the committees being willing to conciliate and avoid a strike, they instructed to sign an agreement with the boat owners. There will be no strike on Jan. 1."

POLICE AGAIN WRECK MUCH-RAIDED CLUB

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

been a perfect case, if the Magistrate had believed it.

Story Told by Policeman.

The dialogue between the raiders and the alleged dealer, as related by the raiders, was as follows:

Raider—What is this game?
Dealer—This is a game called poker.
Raider—What are those?
Dealer—Those are chips.
Raider—What are they for?
Dealer—They represent money.
Raider—Is this game for money.
Dealer—Oh, yes, this game is for money.
Raider—Do you have a "kitty"?
Dealer—Oh, yes.
Raider—Do you take out money and put it in the "kitty"?
Dealer—Yes, we do.

After these candid and incriminating admissions there was nothing left to do but to arrest everybody, according to Policeman Williamson. While he testified, Albert Levy, who was represented to be the dealer, but insisted that he was a real estate man, kept muttering "Liar."

When he was called to take the stand he said:

"These men are perjurers. Neither one of them ever said a single word to me."

Richard J. Fell, President of the club and Superintendent of the Aetna Construction Company, denied that any gambling for money had taken place on the premises.

"We have about 200 members," he said. "It is organized and chartered for social purposes. The members meet to converse on topics of the day. We have places for magazines and card games, checkers, dominos and a gymnasium and a lunchroom, all for the sociability of the members."

President Fell said that he was talking with two or three men downstairs when the policemen rushed in. One grabbed him, he said, and shouted: "Now, you'll have cause for an injunction."

The raid was cleverly effected. A messenger boy came with a box. The negro doorkeeper opened the front door the length of the chain, but the aperture was too small to let the big box through, so he had to take the chain off. Then the raiders rushed in. They had hardly got into the place, according to Fell, when ten or twelve men climbed over a wall at the rear and broke in the back way. They combined forces and set to work upstairs as a wrecking crew, according to Fell.

When ex-Assistant District Attorney Samuel Markewich, counsel for the club, moved to dismiss the complaint, Magistrate Simpson said:

"There being no sufficient cause to believe the defendants guilty of the offense charged, I grant the motion."

The next case was the charge of disorderly conduct against the twenty-six members of the club. After hearing Policeman Williamson against them, he refused to entertain a complaint.

The club has been trying for weeks to serve papers in its suit against a number of detectives on the staff of Inspector Bolan, making them co-defendants. The policemen had evaded service successfully before last night. A big crowd of Equitable members gathered in front of the pillars of the ancient Yorkville Court after the hearing last night and waited. A big, handsome detective came through the gate.

"Are you Detective Kennelly?" asked Louis Zimmerman, one of the lawyers for the club, stepping forward with a smile.

"Yes."

"This is a present for you."

He handed a fat roll of papers to the detective, while a group of respectable business men of the Equitable Club cheered loudly and wished him a happy New Year. Policeman Sheehan and others of Inspector Bolan's staff got papers from a suit case full of documents.

One of the figures in the controversy has been Mrs. Elizabeth R. Grannis, the President of the National Association for the Promotion of Purity, who is the next door neighbor of the club. She alleged in an affidavit that attempts had been made to persuade her to commit perjury by testifying falsely against the club. She alleged that an enormous price was offered to her for her house, if she would throw in with it an affidavit filled with perjuries injurious to the club.

She asserted that fake fires and other tricks had been resorted to as a means of raiding and spying on the place.

According to President Fell, the long-drawn-out war is due to the fact that the police made a mistake in raiding the place more than a year ago, and have struggled on since then in the hope of some day getting proof which would vindicate their first attack on the club. Some of the members assert that certain policemen feel that the club has not "done the right thing." Inspector Boland and Commissioner Enright have never made any statement on the subject, beyond their charges in court that the place is a camouflaged gambling house.

CLAIMS HE HAS CLUE TO WALL ST. BOMB

Milwaukee Prisoner Incriminates Fellow-Offender Whom He Calls Anarchist.

ASSERTS HE MADE THREATS

Alleged Confession States Accused Man Also Told of Plot to Blow Up Police Stations.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Dec. 30.—The mystery of the Wall Street bomb explosion which killed over thirty persons and injured hundreds is near solution, if the story of a prisoner at the State prison at Waupun here is confirmed by investigation.

The prisoner, whose name is withheld, incriminates a former fellow-prisoner in the crime.

According to his story, he served two years with this man, a foreigner, in an Eastern prison and during that time became confidential with him. The foreigner confessed to his prison-mate many crimes, including burglary, holdups and murder. He was always cursing Wall Street, the prisoner said, "and was an avowed anarchist. He confided to me his plans to blow up police stations when he gained his freedom. This man was an expert in explosives as I learned from conversations with him.

"His first direct threat against financiers of Wall Street came one day when he told me that his mother in Europe had with difficulty saved some money for him and had sent it to him, but that it had depreciated to only a small part of its original value when he received it, because of the low exchange rate. He blamed this on the financiers, and vowed he would get even. Soon after he was released and at the time of the explosion I thought of him immediately. I walked into a Burns detective agency in Chicago with the intention of telling all I knew, but at the last moment changed my mind and asked for a job as a detective instead. I was turned down.

"A circumstance in connection with the explosion that strengthened my suspicion was the fact that a horse and wagon had apparently drawn the explosives to the scene. My friend would have used such means, as he never was able to drive an automobile.

"I believe I know where this man can be found, and am willing to give further details to the proper authorities," the prisoner added.

At the offices of the Bureau of Investigation of the United States Department of Justice, 21 Park Row, Superintendent George F. Lamb said yesterday that his office had not been informed of the developments in the Wall Street bomb mystery reported by way of Milwaukee. He said that any investigation would probably be made by operatives of the department's staff in Chicago.

TWO BOMBS WRECK PHILADELPHIA TAXIS

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 30.—Two bombs, placed in taxicabs in widely separated parts of the city, but timed to explode simultaneously, demolished the cabs tonight. One, which exploded in the heart of the theatre district, near the Bellevue Stratford Hotel, nearly caused a panic among the hotel patrons. Members of the nearby Art Club and Union League Club and theatre patrons.

The other bomb exploded near the North Philadelphia station of the Pennsylvania Railroad. No one was injured.

FROM FOOD ON SHIP

Greek Sailors Are Victims of Botuline Poisoning, Laid to Old Canned Beef.

Three sailors are dead and a fourth is in a critical condition as a result of botuline poisoning caused by eating food served at the officers' mess on Wednesday night aboard the Greek steamship Jokasti, tied up to a pier at Stapleton, S. I. The Greek freighter arrived at this port late Wednesday after a twenty-day passage from Dunkirk, Scotland.

Due to the long trip food supplies ran short, and the cook turned to the stock of tinned eatables. On Wednesday night, according to the versions obtainable yesterday following the deaths, olives, canned sardines and tinned beef were served. Which of the three courses, all of which might carry the poison botulli, produced the poisoning was unknown last night, pending the analysis being made at a Manhattan laboratory.

Those of the Jokasti's officers who sat down to dinner were Captain Stanislasso, Nicholas d'Assan, the first mate, and three cadets, Stins Focasas, Statis Anastospoulus and Filcrinus Siorsoli. Captain Stanislasso, a vegetarian, did not partake of the tinned beef, and the fact that he was the only man who failed to become violently ill two hours later gave strength to the theory that the poison germs were in the canned meat, reported as at least four months in the ship's stores.

The first man to feel the effects of the poisoning was the first mate, and immediately after aid had been summoned for him the cadets began to experience great agony. Before the arrival of a physician the first mate died. The three cadets were hurried to the Staten Island Hospital, where, shortly after their admission, Focasas and Anastospolus died. Little hope was extended for the recovery of the third cadet, Siorsoli, last night.

While the hospital staff regarded the peculiar symptoms of the men as poisoning either from diseased food or wood alcohol, positive diagnosis in the case of Siorsoli did not come until an autopsy on his shipmates revealed the botuline germ, usually found in sausage or pork products. Before this had been established, Dr. Bruno S. Howard of the Richmond Borough Health Department examined the other members of the crew for evidence of an epidemic.

What Is Back of It?

It is easy to give advice, it is hard to guarantee results.

You can get plenty of recommendation to buy things, but the Guaranteed First Mortgage or Mortgage Certificate is about the only investment you make with the risk of loss wholly borne by someone else.

Back of the Guarantee is the Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Company's expert knowledge of values, its scrupulous care in selecting the mortgages and its $12,000,000 of capital and surplus.

Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Co.
176 Broadway, New York City
175 Ramsen Street, Brooklyn

LET'S ALL GET BUSY

There is an old legend that fits the present business situation.

It was thought that if all the people in the world shouted together at one time the sound could be heard in the moon. A time was appointed to try it. But each person secretly decided to keep still and hear what a big noise was made by the others. The result was absolute silence.

Crane & Co. have been in business 119 years. They have seen good times succeed dull times over and over again. They have learned that dull times are frequently caused by each man saying, "I will let up a little and see how things are going." When everybody thinks that and does that, things go rather slow.

Let's all get busy making goods and advertising them and selling them, using a little more energy, if necessary. After all, a "sellers' market" is not an unmixed blessing.

100% selected new rag stock
119 years' experience
Bank notes of 22 countries
Paper money of 438,000,000 people
Government bonds of 18 nations

Crane's
BUSINESS PAPERS



Without Contract Bonds
there could be no great Civic or Industrial Development

The great industrial and commercial enterprises of modern times rest upon the solid foundation of corporate suretyship.

The Contract Bond is the Partner of Progress. It is behind practically every great construction enterprise, and its guaranty has contributed greatly to the upbuilding of the Nation.

This Company, with its organization embracing 40 branch offices and over 14,000 local representatives, covering this continent, and with correspondents in many cities throughout the world, has been a potent factor in contributing to the industrial expansion of the Nation.

This comprehensive service, backed by an established reputation for the prompt payment of just claims in accordance with the spirit of the bond, is offered to the contractor who recognizes the manifold advantages of the name of the American Surety Company of New York on the bond which he tenders for the faithful performance of his contract.

American Surety Company
of New York
Home Office, 100 Broadway

Wedgwood Blue—the color you see on Josiah Wedgwood's teacups—and Emerald Green will not reproduce in process colors unless every other color in the composition be subordinated to them.

Some day the way out may be found—and it would not surprise publishers if it were Sterling that did it.

It would be another of many notable "Sterling Results."

Color Process, Ben Day, Half Tone, Line or Combination.

Phone or write and have a representative call.

Sterling
Engraving Co.
New York

TWIN PLANTS
200 William Street
Telephone: Beekman 2000
10th Avenue at 36th Street
Telephone: Longacre 820



Another Year Has Passed

If you have not yet made your will, remember that continued delay may mean that you will never perform this important duty which you owe to your dependents.

We invite you to name this company as your executor.

FULTON TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
Member Federal Reserve System
149 Broadway

Deposit Before January 10th

Money deposited here in "Saving Shares" before January 10th will earn interest for you at 5% a year from the first of the month. Any one may join.

This is only one form of investment we offer. Ask us about our other safe saving plans.



The RAILROAD CO-OPERATIVE BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATION
103 Park Ave., Corner 41st St.
Established 1890



$39— Bright Sheffield Tea Set in Colonial Design $45.00

FINE linen, well-chosen china, charming crystal and sturdy Sheffield — all adjuncts of emphatic importance to a dining room table. And all, except the linen obtainable at Ovington's.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of 5th Ave"
314 Fifth Ave. nr. 32d St.



SAVE 30% ON YOUR ELECTRIC LAMPS

Compare These Prices

Watts	TUNGSTEN LAMPS Regular Price	Our Price
10 to 30	.40	.23
60	.45	.32
100	1.00	.70
	NITROGEN LAMPS	
Watts	Regular Price	Our Price
75	.75	.53
150	1.10	.77
300	2.10	1.47

OPAL LAMPS, Gen. 60c. Our Price, 50c.
All Lamps Brand New and Guaranteed.
Electrical & Engineering Corp.
716 9th Ave. (45th). Bryant 6874

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw

Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.

No payment accepted unless successful

Frederic N. Whitley, Inc.
Engineers and Contractors
217 Fulton St., Brooklyn

Charges Against Controller-Elect Wendell Throw Shadow Over New Administration.

PATRONAGE BLIGHT ALSO

Economy Rule to Force Elimination of Some Jobs Already Held by Republicans.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 30.—Clouds are gathering in the Republican sky as party leaders assemble for Saturday's inaugural ceremony, when Governor-elect Nathan L. Miller will be installed and the governmental machinery will come again under full Republican control after two years with a Democrat in the Governor's chair.

The indictments against State Controller-elect James A. Wendell and Eugene M. Travis, the outgoing Controller, on the eve of the new Republican régime are causing the party more serious embarrassment than the leaders who have arrived here are willing to admit. The situation has been rendered more perplexing through the presentment from the Grand Jury which accompanied the true bills, officially calling the attention of the incoming Governor and the new Legislature, which will convene for its opening session on Wednesday, to conditions in the Controller's office.

Governor-elect Miller arrived here this evening, but up to a late hour tonight had give no indication of what he would do when compelled to take official cognizance of the Grand Jury findings.

An informal conference of legislative leaders is scheduled for tomorrow evening. While it was called primarily to consider what course should be pursued with regard to the three newly-elected Socialist Assemblymen and the lone Socialist Senator-elect, some Republican members from up-State having manifested an unwillingness to rub elbows with them in the Legislature, it is more than likely that recent developments affecting Controller-elect Wendell and the Controller's office generally will come in for as much discussion as will the future status of the Socialists.

Wendell is here, but has made no statement on the charges against him. Presumably he will join the company of newly-elected State officials at the platform in the Assembly chamber at the inaugural ceremony on Saturday to take the oath of office in full view of the large audience that will gather there to usher in the new Administration. At least nothing has been said to indicate that he will not.

Gloom Over Patronage, Too.

The Wendell-Travis episode is not the only thing tending to dampen the enthusiasm of an occasion that should bring joy unalloyed and in brimful measure to the Republican heart. The mood of the small advance guard of leaders already here makes manifest an almost universal dread on their part that the plum tree will not this year yield anything like its customary abundance.

There is more than one reason why jobs should be fewer at the Capitol this year than they have been previously when a new administration has taken hold. Although the Governor for the last two years has been a Democrat, his power of appointment has been curtailed as a result of legislation enacted while Whitman was Governor, under which Republican heads of departments whose service originally was coterminus with the Governor's had their tenure lengthened and placed beyond the reach of the Governor, except when he had a friendly Legislature to enact "ripper" legislation through which to oust them. Both branches of the Legislature since Governor Smith has been in office have been heavily Republican. Hence most of the available jobs are already filled by Republicans.

Then there is the crying and insistent need of economy to save the State from bankruptcy, which Governor Miller has declared himself prepared to meet by cutting down ruthlessly appropriations for personal service.

No matter how reluctantly, the party must back him in the fulfillment of these pledges or face angry constituencies at the polls in the next gubernatorial election. The party leaders realize this, and this realization is not unrelated to their sober mood on the eve of the inauguration. The personal service cuts will affect chiefly the active party workers, for they have pre-empted most of the job worth holding at the Capitol. The combined party workers constitute the machine. How to cut down the long list of job holders with ruthless hand and still keep the machine militant and intact for the next campaign will be the big problem confronting Governor Miller. On how he meets it will depend his standing with the party.

Arrangements are rapidly being completed for the inauguration ceremonies. Governor-elect Miller will be escorted to the Capitol by a military parade, and will take the oath of office in the Assembly chamber at noon on Saturday. Governor Smith will then escort him to the Executive Mansion, where Mrs. Miller and two of her daughters had been since yesterday. The Governor-elect had nothing to say to newspaper correspondents who called at the mansion.

Governor Smith spent a busy day in the Executive Chamber winding up the affairs of his administration. During the afternoon he presided at a meeting of the Trustees of Public Buildings. The board is composed of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor Walker and Speaker Sweet of the Assembly, all of whom are going out of office tomorrow night. They cleared the calendar of all pending business in readiness for those who are to succeed them.

Plums for Rochester Leader.

While no confirmation could be obtained from Governor-elect Miller it was reported tonight that one of the big plums to be handed out soon after he takes office would go to George W. Aldridge, the Republican leader of Monroe County.

Charles L. Cadle, Chief Engineer of the New York Railways Association, a holding company for the urban and interurban lines running out of Rochester, is mentioned as the position of State Superintendent of Public Works.

George L. Pierce, Public Works Commissioner of the City of Rochester, another Aldridge man, has also been prominently mentioned for the position.

Governor-elect Miller made it known late tonight that he might have some announcement, presumably of appointments, to make tomorrow.

COL. RICKARDS GOES TO WAR DEPARTMENT

Pennsylvania National Guard Officer to Head the Federal Militia Bureau.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—President Wilson today appointed Colonel George C. Rickards of Oil City, Pa., a member of the Officers' Reserve Corps and of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, to be Chief of the Militia Bureau of the War Department with the rank and pay of a Major General of the regular army. This is the position to which it is understood the President was desirous of appointing Major Gen. O'Ryan of the National Guard of New York. Major Gen. O'Ryan is understood to have declined the position.

Colonel Rickards will assume his duties tomorrow, succeeding Major Gen. Jesse McI. Carter, who goes to a line command.

Colonel Rickards, a veteran of the Spanish and World Wars, is at present on active duty with the War Plans Division of the War Department General Staff, having been called to active duty and detailed as an additional member of the General Staff Corps on July 16, 1920.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 30.—Governor Henry J. Allen, when informed today that President Wilson had appointed Colonel Rickards as Chief of the Militia Bureau of the War Department, declared that the President had "ignored the law which provides that the Chief of the Militia Bureau was to be chosen upon recommendation of the Governors of the States."

"Two-thirds of the recommendations sent in by the Governors," said Governor Allen, "asked that Charles I. Scanlon, Adjutant General of Kansas, be appointed, and it is very evident that the intent of the law has been violated."

Maj. Gen. O'Ryan, commanding the Twenty-seventh New York National Guard Division, had the following comment to make regarding the statement of The Associated Press concerning the appointment of Colonel George C. Rickards as Chief of the Militia Bureau:

Colonel Rickards is an officer of the Twenty-eighth or Pennsylvania Division, in which he has served with distinction. We here in New York hoped for the appointment of Colonel Ward of our own division. However, as that was not to be, we rejoice that the Pennsylvania division has thus been honored by the appointment of one of its experienced officers to the important post of Chief of the Militia Bureau.

"Colonel Rickards should fill the position most acceptably to the War Department and to the Guard of the country."

Senate to Get Claims on Germany.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The Senate adopted today a resolution by Senator King Democrat, Utah, calling on the State Department for the records and status of all claims filed against the German Government by Americans.

His 47th Birthday and Retirement From Executive Chair Observed at Albany.

LAUDED BY BOTH PARTIES

Gov.-Elect Miller Sends Congratulatory Telegram and Ex-Gov. Glynn Makes Principal Speech.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 30.—In a dual celebration of his forty-seventh birthday and his farewell as Governor, 400 of Governor Smith's neighbors in Albany gave a banquet for him at the Hotel Ten Eyck tonight. At the close of the dinner, while a birthday cake with forty-seven gleaming candles was carried in, there was presented to the Governor a huge silver tankard, patterned after one said to have been the property of a Swedish King of the Middle Ages.

It was the first time in the history of the State Capitol that an outgoing Governor had been so feted. Cheers and tremendous applause greeted references in speeches to his possible return to the Executive Chamber after a lapse of years and to his possible elevation to the highest office in the gift of the American people—the Presidency.

It was a nonpartisan affair. Mayor James R. Watt of Albany presided. Governor Smith, as he sat at the guest table, was flanked by Republicans and Democrats, all of whom seemed equally enthusiastic in their praise of him.

The Governor expressed the hope that he had planted some seed that would blossom and grow to fruition. He expressed the conviction that some of the reforms that he had advocated would take shape under his successor, Governor-elect Miller, whom he warmly commended and to whom he promised any assistance in his power.

Ex-Governor Martin P. Glynn, who made the principal speech, praised Governor Smith as a man who in the course of his administration had "greatly benefited the poor without sacrificing the rich."

"His poetic rise from Oliver Street to the Executive Mansion," said Mr. Glynn, "has proven the fulfillment of what we teach in the schools—that this is the land of promise and opportunity—as surely as did the careers of Lincoln and other men who from poverty have been elevated into positions where they have been makers of American history. This Fall saw the first defeat of Al Smith and it found him greater than did his sixteen victories that have gone before. Truly Al Smith is a bigger man in defeat than when he came here two years ago a victor.

Governor-elect Miller sent a telegram saying:

"Please accept my sincere congratulations and felicitations on your forty-seventh birthday."

"After Governor Glynn's speech," said the Governor, "I very seriously think of canceling my room at the hotel and going back to the Executive Mansion to live."

This sally was greeted with cheers and tremendous applause. The Governor called the roll of friends and members of his official household, Democrats and Republicans alike, and paid tribute to the loyalty with which they had served him while he had been Governor.

"There never has been a moment since my election in 1918 when I have not very deeply felt the great honor the people of the State conferred upon me when they gave me the Governorship. There has never been a moment when I have not borne that in mind and given everything that it was within my power to give in fulfillment of my duties to the people. I trust and flatter myself that I have not entirely failed.

"Let us not be unmindful of the fact that Judge Miller is taking up the Governorship at the most critical time. Very much must be done in the next two years. He will need not only all the power of his great intellect but the united support of all the people of the State to perform that which will be expected of him.

"I most sincerely hope and trust that all who have been of such great help to me and who will remain in the departments at Albany, as well as all the people, will rally to his support and give him the unstinted and unselfish aid and assistance that he will require in order to carry out the exacting duties of his great office.

"I leave you with a heavy heart, for I leave behind sincere friendships. I will never forget the kindness of the people of Albany during the years I have spent here. What is of interest to you and to the State will always command my interest in the future."

The tankard bore the following inscription:

"To Alfred E. Smith, Governor of the State of New York, from three hundred citizens of Albany, as a token of their

BRITISH DISCUSS FAILURE TO DISARM

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

bad faith than to fear. They dare not take up the challenge of these bodies, which already they feel to be too strong for them.

"In such a situation it would seem obvious that the Allied powers cannot stand quietly by and see control of the German nation pass slowly but surely into the hands of the reactionary militarists, whose whole power is based upon deliberate infractions of the Treaty of Versailles on a very large scale. To do so would be to court eventual restoration of a militarist and militant Germany devoted to undoing the treaty and taking revenge against the Allies.

"Britain and France being assumed to be as one in that opinion the only question to be discussed is as to the best means of making it effective."

Britain to Back France.

Copyright, 1920, by The Chicago Tribune Co

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Following discussion this morning of the refusal of Germany to disband civil militia in Bavaria and East Prussia, the British Cabinet is said to have decided to support the French demand for immediate demobilization and any steps France might think necessary to enforce it.

Lord d'Abernon, the British Ambassador to Berlin, and Sir Henry Wilson, Chief of Staff, were present at the meeting, and later the German Minister to England was summoned into conference with Prime Minister Lloyd George.

It is understood that the Cabinet expressed itself as satisfied with Germany's efforts to disband her regular troops and surrender arms, but agrees with the French alarm over continued existence of the large civilian militia forces.

PARIS, Dec. 30 (Associated Press).—The much discussed meeting of the French, British and Italian Prime Ministers at Nice or Cannes will not be held, it was announced today, but it was said in usually well posted quarters that an early meeting of the Premiers would be provoked by the French Government in order to discuss disarmament of Germany, the situation created by the latest resistance of the Berlin Government being taken very seriously here.

GERMANY HANDS OVER BOATS.

29,432 Tons of River Shipping Are Turned In to Allies So Far.

PARIS, Dec. 30.—Germany has delivered a total of 29,433 tons of river shipping to the Allies under the terms of the Treaty of Versailles, the Reparations Commission announced today.

This constitutes one-fourth of the aggregate tonnage which Germany must hand over to the Reparations Commission for distribution among the various allied powers, the treaty providing that she must give up 20 per cent. of the total river tonnage she had on the date of the armistice.

TO SCAN COURT HOUSE SITE.

Mayor Objects to $32,000 Asked to Keep Out Water.

Mayor Hylan, who has been censured directly for the Court House limestone contract, now canceled, and indirectly for the dumping of ashes on the Court House site, said at the meeting of the Board of Estimate yesterday that he had had, so far as he was concerned, all the scandal he was going to about the Court House.

The Mayor's remark was made during a discussion of a letter received from Guy Lowell, the architect, for $32,000 additional for the construction of a reinforced concrete floor in the sub-basement to keep out water. When the item was read, the Mayor said he was going to appoint a committee of engineers to see what should be done to protect Court House foundations. "We ought to know what is needed; we want no more 'tying-in' processes," he said.

Controller Craig moved that the $32,000 be allowed, but was defeated, and the Mayor's motion to appoint a committee of engineers prevailed. Controller Craig and Henry H. Curran, Borough President of Manhattan, announced that none of their engineers would serve on the committee.

Hotels Expect a "Sane" Celebration Tonight, but Lively Despite Prohibition.

RESERVATIONS ARE LARGE

"Wets" Still Have Faint Hopes, but No Cheer Is Held Out—Watch Night Services.

Interest here in the New Year's Eve celebration is as keen as ever. In spite of prohibition and the loss of much that made the celebration merry, preparations for speeding the old year and greeting the new continue unabated. The hope of getting something spirituous still lives and there is more than a little curiosity about possible raids.

For weeks there has been much speculation as to just how rigidly the dry law will be enforced this evening. The memory of last year lingers—when at least two of the leading hotels, to the surprise and delight of the guests, distributed drinks or small flasks as souvenirs. Of course, this is one year later, and the dry agents have been active, but ingenious hotel managers have been known to do startling things, and this knowledge has given hope to many and swelled reservations.

A great deal of cheer may be had from a pocket flask, provided it can be transported, but he again there is much uncertainty. Increased activity on the part of dry agents, who have declared that no drinking from flasks or otherwise will be permitted, has caused misgiving. The hotels have given no encouragement and are positive as to their stand.

"We will do everything we can to cooperate with the agents of the law," said Walton M. Marshall, manager of the Hotel Vanderbilt. "My employes have been instructed not to handle liquor in any way and we believe that our guests will have this same spirit. People have come to see that they can enjoy themselves without making a boisterous affairs of a celebration, and in view of our already having more than 500 reservations it looks like we are going to have a wonderful, sane New Year's Eve."

Attractive Programs Arranged.

All the hotels have arranged attractive programs and everything has been done to make up for the withdrawal of John Barleycorn. Prices are somewhat lower than last year, when reservations at some of the hotels cost $15 and $20. The prevailing price this year seems to be $10.00, although the Ritz-Carlton is serving a supper de luxe for $15 a cover.

Oscar of the Waldorf-Astoria has prepared a menu at $7. He will serve more than 1,000 persons in the public dining rooms, where there will be music and dancing. In the ballroom, Louis' Gallery and Roof Garden there will be even larger numbers at private celebrations. The supper at the McAlpin will cost $6.

The Hotel St. Regis is arranging a special supper at $7.00 per cover, including many fanciful souvenirs. There will be dancing in the Palm Room.

An unusual number of out-of-town guests will celebrate at the Astor and Pennsylvania Hotels. A special list of non-alcoholic drinks has been prepared at the Hotel Biltmore, where supper will cost $7.50 per person; at the Commodore the charge will be $7.

Watch-Night Services.

Many churches will hold watch-night services this evening. Most of these services will start at 11 o'clock.

In St. Patrick's Cathedral there will be a service, beginning at 8 o'clock. At the service in Trinity Church, beginning at 11 o'clock, the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning will make an address. The chimes in the steeple will begin to play at five minutes to 12 and will continue for twenty minutes.

The service in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine will begin with an organ recital by Dr. Miles Farrow. The preacher will be the Rev. Dr. William E. Gardner.

Holy communion will be administered and an address delivered by the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires in St. Thomas's Episcopal Church.

The service at the Broadway Congregational Tabernacle will begin at 10:30 with an organ recital by Walter C. Gale.

Services, beginning at 11 o'clock, will be held at the Brick Presbyterian Church, the First Presbyterian Church and the Lutheran Church of the Advent.

A meeting will begin at 10 o'clock in the Gospel Tabernacle Church, Eighth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street.

Bishop Luther B. Wilson will deliver an address at Grace Methodist Church. The service will start at 9 o'clock.

Holy Communion will be celebrated at midnight in Calvary Episcopal Church.

The annual meeting of the congregation will be held, beginning at 8:30 o'clock, in Fort Washington Presbyterian Church, followed by watch night services.

At the Hamilton Grange Reformed Church, a social gathering will begin at 8:45 o'clock.

TO "CLAMP THE LID" TONIGHT.

"Flying Squads" of Dry Agents Are Expected to Be Busy.

Plans to "clamp the lid" on New York's New Year's Eve celebration were seemingly under way yesterday, when 100 prohibition enforcement agents, who had assembled at their headquarters, 49 West Twenty-seventh Street, were directed to go home and report at 6 o'clock in the evening. John Murphy, one of the special assistants brought here from Chicago by D. J. Chapin, the new supervising enforcement agent, issued the order. It was taken to indicate that the 100 agents will be split up into small "flying squads" for night duty to suppress the illegal sale of intoxicating beverages tonight.

Verification of this inference could not be obtained from Mr. Chapin. Contrary to his custom, Mr. Chapin refused to see reporters. Questions sent Mr. Chapin by messenger brought the following invariable reply:

"Mr. Chapin says he has nothing to say. He has nothing for newspaper men today."

Among the questions asked Mr. Chapin was one as to whether a small army of revenue agents was coming from Philadelphia, as stated in dispatches from that city, for duty in New York tonight, and whether the New York gents would go to Philadelphia on Saturday to help handle the festivities in connection with the annual New eYar's mummers' parade in that city.

NO PROTEST, JAPAN SAYS.

Await Issue of Negotiations Regarding California Land Measure.

TOKIO, Dec. 30.—The statement made in official circles that Japan has not protested the California land measure in view of the negotiations which are pending.

The declaration made on Dec. 27 by Representative Kahn of the California land law, it is believed, was due possibly to misapprehension over the speech made by Viscount Uchida, the Foreign Minister, before the Diet on Dec. 24, in which he expressed the opinion that a new Japanese-American treaty would be concluded leading to nullification of the California land law.

State Department officials at Washington have declared that Representative Kahn was mistaken in his impression that Japan had withdrawn opposition to the California anti-Japanese land law adopted in November.

Pre Inventory Sale

Our stocks must be reduced and prices must be reduced to do it. So we have made the greatest reductions in our history—from one-third to one-half—on the price of every Suit and Overcoat in our store.

Entire Stock of Suits and Overcoats reduced without reserve!

486 Suits were $35
641 Suits were $40
275 Suits were $45

Now $23.50

371 Overcoats were $35
543 Overcoats were $40
211 Overcoats were $45

564 Suits were $50
356 Suits were $55
656 Suits were $60

Now $33.50

487 Overcoats were $50
321 Overcoats were $55
593 Overcoats were $60

754 Suits were $65
533 Suits were $75
201 Suits were $85

Now $47.50

801 Overcoats were $65
457 Overcoats were $75
196 Overcoats were $85

Kid Clothes
(COPYRIGHT)
Suits—Overcoats
Mackinaws—Reefers
Values up to $16.50

Now $6.75

Other Specials Now $10.75

Other Specials Now $15.75

Moe Levy & Son
Our Only Store — New York City
119-125 Walker Street
Every Subway or "Elevated" from Brooklyn and New York transfers direct to Canal St. Station, within sight of our store
OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7—SATURDAYS UNTIL 10

23,450,000 Lines

IN 1920 The New York Times published 23,450,000 agate lines of advertising, notwithstanding the omission of millions of lines because of lack of space and because of the rigid rules of The Times regarding the character of advertisements accepted.

This represents the largest volume of censored, high-class advertising that has ever appeared in one year in any newspaper in the world.

The New York Times
"All the news that's fit to print."

TWO WOMEN TAKEN IN $1,100,000 FRAUD

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

since Dec. 15. "I do not want to give any reason," he replied, when asked why she had been dismissed. "I found I didn't want her any longer and decided to let her out."

Mrs. Parkins's room at the Hotel McAlpin was 1,723. The adjoining room, 1,725, was occupied by Donegan. Each room had a bath and there was a connecting door between. When the Internal Revenue agents went into Mrs. Parkins's room, they found Donegan and Miss Sassone there.

Realizing that they had something like a round-up, the three agents held the occupants of the room and began a search. A bundle of telegrams to "Charles R. O'Connor, New York State Prohibition Director," were said by them to have been found in Donegan's overcoat pocket. Under the bed, they said that they found a number of replies to these telegrams. They also found a number of official letter sheets and Government "penalty" envelopes, which Mrs. Parkins was charged with having stolen from Mr. O'Connor's office, and a number of withdrawal blanks.

According to the agents, Donegan became visibly excited at these discoveries and finally said:

"I'm a regular fellow; you look like regular fellows. I want to square this."

The two women and Seib, one of the agents, then went into the adjoining room, and Donegan was said to have talked more about squaring the matter, and to have said that he would give "one grand," "two grands," and finally "five grands."

"We're not local prohibition agents but we are from Washington," one of the agents said he answered. "We are not on to your New York slang. We don't know what you mean."

Donegan, it was said, then explained that a "grand" in New York sporting parlance meant $1,000. "I will make it 'six-five,'" he was said to have added.

The agents said that Donegan then pulled out a large roll of bills and counted out $6,500, which he placed on a chair between Golding and Murphy.

Rosenfeld Enters Room.

At this juncture "Beansy" Rosenfeld was said to have arrived in the adjoining room. Donegan, according to the agents, seeing that his $6,500 offer was not accepted, began to count out more money until he had increased the amount to $35,000, which, however, he kept in his hand.

The agents said that Donegan suggested that he might put $35,000 in the overcoat pocket of one of them. When told that there was "nothing doing," he was said to have called in Rosenfeld.

Rosenfeld, when searched, was found to have in his possession three withdrawal permits, not made out in his own name. He was said to have attempted to conceal a small black-covered notebook by throwing it behind a sofa. The agents recovered it, but did not make its contents public. A pistol was found in the possession of Donegan.

Rosenfeld was said to have approached the offer of a bribe much more cautiously than Donegan. "I am placed in a very embarrassing position," he was quoted as saying. "I've dealt with all sorts of officials, city, State and Federal, and I want to fix this thing up."

Rosenfeld was said to have then stated that he did not have much money with him, but could send out and get it. He refused to talk with more than one of the agents at a time, but, to them singly, said he could give each two or three years' salary, named $25,000 as what he might give, and suggested that the three agents get together and name one to make a "proposition," according to their story.

These offers were said to have been made to Seib and Golding, who refused them. Rosenfeld also was said to have offered to put the three agents into business. The discussion was said to have taken several hours, and was not completed until almost 3 o'clock yesterday morning. Half an hour later the four prisoners were locked up in the Clinton Street police station.

Rosenfeld later, through Jacob A. Segal, his attorney, denied offering any bribe. He declared that Donegan was a friend and that he had called to accompany him to the Sharkey-Moore fight in Madison Square Garden.

Although the four prisoners were "booked" early in the morning, the checking up of the evidence against them required so much time that they were not arraigned before Commissioner Hitchcock until after 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Edwin M. Shanlon, former Assistant United States District Attorney, appeared for Donegan and Miss Sassone. Joseph W. Schwartz represented Mrs. Parkins.

Man of Several Aliases.

The formal charges against Donegan, signed by George C. Golding, gave as aliases for Donegal, "Edward Joyce," "Edward Lynch" and "Edward Dovegan." In the complaint charging him with conspiracy with Miss Sassone to defraud the Government, he was charged with "having obtained from the files of the Federal Prohibition Director of the State of New York telegrams from distilleries in various parts of the country about the genuineness of withdrawal permits that had been presented to such distilleries" and with having sent forged replies to these telegrams with the name of Charles R. O'Connor, the Prohibition Director.

As a specific case, Miss Sassone was charged with having taken from the files of Mr. O'Connor's office on Dec. 24 a telegram addressed "Charles R. O'Connor, Federal Prohibition Director," and signed by the "New York & Kentucky Company, permit Ky. B six one." It was charged that Miss Sassone delivered this telegram to Donegan and that the two defendants sent a telegram to the New York & Kentucky Company, and signed the name, "Charles R. O'Connor, Federal Director."

Donegan also was charged with having attempted to offer a $25,000 bribe in the manner already related and with having actually offered a bribe of $6,500. The agents said that they held the $6,500 in bills as evidence and took from Donegan $39,000 more, when they arrested him, which they placed in the safe at the Hotel McAlpin.

Mrs. Parkins was charged with having received $250 for issuing the forged permit to Pannano and with the "embezzlement" of a number of "basic" permit blanks and applications for withdrawal permits and fifty envelopes and 100 letterheads from Mr. O'Connor's office. The alleged theft was said to have taken place on Dec. 15, the day of her discharge.

Sigmund Rosenfeld was charged with attempted bribery in offering $25,000 for the release of the prisoners and the destruction of the evidence.

After a consultation between prisoners and their counsel, it was announced that bail had been arranged. The New Amsterdam Casualty Company furnished bail for Donegan, Miss Sassone and Mrs. Parkins. The Indemnity Insurance Company of America furnished bail for Rosenfeld. All four prisoners left the Federal Building together. The hearing was set for next Thursday.

DRY LAW VIOLATORS TO JAIL.

Several Defendants Get Short Sentences in Brooklyn Court.

Thirteen persons pleaded guilty yesterday to violations of the Volstead act before Judge Chatfield of the United States District Court, Brooklyn, and paid fines of from $25 to $150. In some cases jail sentences of one and two days were imposed. The list follows:

William Car, $150 fine and two days' imprisonment; Charles Kamminski, $150 fine; Edward and John Kamminski, $25 fine; George Rassenfort, $100 fine and two days; Edward Casey, $150 fine and two days; Charles Galvano, $50 fine and two days; Mrs. Elsie Galvano, $100 fine; John Mauer, $150 fine and two days; George Monsees Jr., $150 fine and two days; Daniel McManamy, $150 fine and two days; Joseph Reynolds, $25 fine; Charles Dillis, $50 fine and two days.

CALL ARRESTS BLOW AT RING.

Washington Regards Seizure of Five as Important Step.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The arrest of a woman employe of the New York Prohibition Bureau, a Washington fencing master and three other persons is said by prohibition officials to be the key to a conspiracy whereby whiskey permits were being illegally sold to wholesale dealers to whom the Prohibition Bureau had refused these permits. According to officials here, the woman in the New York office is the only Government employe so far suspected of complicity in the "whiskey ring."

Professor Antonio Pappano, arrested here yesterday, has been a fencing master in Washington for several years. He was once fencing master at the United States Naval Academy and also at Princeton University. The direct charge against him is conspiracy to defraud the Government. The warrant charged him with conspiring to secure a permit to withdraw liquor for a firm at 2,034 Gansevoort Street, New York City. Pappano has been held in $10,000 bail.

The story that Pappano had met Mrs. Parkins, of New York, at the Ebbet House, a local hotel, on Monday, was confirmed, and also the report that Pappano and the woman had arranged their Washington meeting in New York City and had come here together. It was said that the pair had arranged to sell permits to liquor dealers here. A story that a bribe of $300 was offered to Special Agent Henry Stephenson in connection with Pappano's arrest also was said to be true.

Professor Pappano denied any criminal intent and said that he was the victim of a plot.

ATLANTIC CITY MEN SUFFER.

Twenty-nine Fined $16,050 in Clean-Up Drive by Prosecutor.

ATLANTIC CITY, Dec. 30.—Changing their pleas from not guilty to non vult, twenty-nine café and saloon men of Atlantic City and County were fined an aggregate of $16,050 in criminal court today at May's Landing by Judge Robert H. Ingersoll.

The men fined were among eighty-odd defendants indicted by the Grand Jury on evidence gathered by Prosecutor E. C. Gaskill without the knowledge of District Federal agents or the local police. A total of 277 indictments were found, as many as four and five against some individuals. When the defendants were called for trial a number changed their original pleas, a score continued their pleas of not guilty and another twenty or so were not in court. Trials will start Jan. 17. Following the new pleas Prosecutor Gaskill asked that leniency be shown.

Judge Ingersoll said that he thought fines would serve justice for the first offense, but issued a warning that jail sentences would follow second arraignment. In passing sentence Judge Ingersoll dealt out fines for the first indictment and deferred sentence on other indictments. Upon second offense he could impose penalties for the outstanding indictments.

New Year's Eve celebration tonight at 44th St. Theatre. Two complete programs—7:45 and 10:45—D. W. Griffith's sensational success, "WAY DOWN EAST."—44th.

7:45 tonight, first showing of D. W. Griffith's "WAY DOWN EAST" at 44th St. Theatre. Second showing begins at 10:45. Two complete performances. Special New Year's Eve celebration.

RADICALS TO EXPEL REDS IN WAR ON REDS

French Deputies Vote Confidence, 451 to 54, When Communist Leader Challenges.

PLAN STERN REPRESSION

Any Attempt at Uprising to Be Put Down With Every Means at Government's Command.

RADICAL SPLIT COMPLETE

Right and Centre Declare Themselves the Socialist Party as Communists Form Band Apart.

PARIS, Dec. 30 (Associated Press).—An overwhelming vote of confidence in the Government in connection with the Tours Socialist Congress was given by the Chamber of Deputies this evening. The vote, which was 451 to 54, came after the gauntlet had been thrown down to the Government by the new Communist Party of France, formed at the Tours Congress, and acceptance of the challenge on behalf of the Government had been made by Minister of the Interior Steeg.

Deputy Marcel Cachin told the Chamber that revolutionary efforts by the new Communist Party would continue, despite any action the Government might take. In reply M. Steeg warned the revolutionary party that any attempt at revolution would be suppressed with all the means in the hands of the Government.

The debate arose from an interpellation of M. Vallat, a Royalist Deputy, who asked the Government to explain why Clara Zetkin, member of the German Reichstag and of the Executive Committee of the Third Internationale, had been permitted to enter France and speak at the Tours Congress. The discussion gradually broadened into a debate on the general policy of the Government toward immigration, the permitting of undesirables to enter France and allowing revolutionary propaganda by foreigners and French members of the Communist Party to proceed undisturbed.

Cachin's Speech Disappointing.

This reference to the Tours Congress brought M. Cachin, leader of the extremists of the Socialist Party in France for years and now leader of the Communist Party, to the speakers' tribune. M. Cachin's speech, however, seemed to be disappointing to the Deputies of all shades of political opinion, as well as to the great throngs which packed the galleries, because of its mildness when compared with the speeches he had made at the Tours Congress.

It proved to be a eulogy of the ideas of the Third Internationale, of Nikolai Lenin, the Bolshevist Russian Premier, and of Clara Zetkin. The Deputy closed his address by saying:

"We shall take advantage of the Government's protective measures as long as they are extended to us. When they cease and coercion and repressive measures are adopted, we shall continue our revolutionary propaganda everywhere, and at all times."

Pandemonium then broke loose in the Chamber. Many Deputies jumped to their feet and requested Raoul Peret, President of the Chamber, to have M. Cachin expelled. Shouts of "Shame!" and "Your language is dishonorable to a Frenchman" were heard in various parts of the Chamber. Then M. Steeg arose to reply to M. Cachin.

"Deputy Cachin," said the Minister of the Interior, "has thrown down a challenge to the Government. We accept it. We shall repress any attempt at revolution with all possible means at our command. The Government's energy will be equal to the audacity of M. Cachin's party."

M. Steeg then deposited the Government's bill providing penalties varying from three to six months' imprisonment for attempts to cross the frontiers of France without passports.

The Minister made no definite announcement regarding the policy the French Government intended to adopt toward the new Communist Party, but later many Government supporters, who are close to the Ministers, told The Associated Press that the Government would await the next move of the communists.

"When they pass from words to acts it then will be time for the Government to show its hand," was the way one of the Deputies put the situation.

Several orders of the day were presented, some of them asking that there be no expression of confidence in the Government. But M. Leygues, President of the Council of Ministers, who had arrived in the Chamber toward the end of the debate, declined all of these, saying that the order of the day must include a vote of confidence. Thereupon Deputy Charles Danielou introduced the order of the day, which said:

"The Chamber, confident of the ability of the Government to take the measures necessary to end revolutionary propaganda and the entrance of undesirables into France, passes to the order of the day."

The motion was then passed.

Socialists Quit Communists.

TOURS, France, Dec. 30 (Associated Press).—The split in the Socialist Party of France took definite shape this afternoon when the Centrists, led by Jean Longuet and Paul Faure, met in joint session with the leaders constituting the majority of the Socialist members of the Chamber of Deputies. The two groups concluded that inasmuch as a majority of the Socialist Congress yesterday had voted in favor of adhesion to the Third Internationale, and thereby became the Communist Party of France, the Right and Centrist parties were now officially the Socialist Party of France.

The majority party finished its work today and adjourned. The Right and Centre factions probably will complete their labors tomorrow morning. The minority party elected M. Faure to take the place of M. Frossard as Secretary General.

In a manifesto to be issued to the world the new Socialist Party will declare itself as being "clear cut Socialists dedicated to class struggle and the realization of a Socialist commonwealth and against participation in all bourgeoise ministries."

The Socialists have decided to attend the congress in Vienna Feb. 22, which has been called by the German Independent Socialists, the Independent Labor Party of Great Britain and the Swiss Socialists. They also have decided to attend the congress of the Third International, which will be held in Moscow in July.

The decision of the Right and Centre Socialists as a movement to build "a temporary shelter until the poison gas in the old house is dissipated, finally," he added, "we hope to be one family again."

The old Executive Committee will continue to act for the Right and Centre. Vacancies caused by the split in the party will be filled from the ranks of the Socialists.

NEW BIG CORPORATIONS IN GERMAN INDUSTRY

Hirsch Copper Works Acquires Two More Companies—Big Coal Concerns Unite.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Dec. 30.—The process of turning German industries into trusts proceeds apace. Today a stir was caused in commercial circles by the announcement of some highly important combinations.

In the first case the Hirsch copper works is to buy the great iron and copper concern of Wilhelm Kayser & Co. and to acquire a misjority of the shares to the value of 12,800,000 marks of Aaron Hirsch & Co., an important iron house. The Hirsch works early in the year raised its capital from 20,000,000 to 50,000,000 marks, and in order to carry through the new transactions will now issue another 30,000,000 marks' capital as well as 50,000,000 marks' worth of 5 per cent. notes. The capital of Kayser & Co. is 8,000,000 marks. This firm does a big business in copper smelting, so that production of the Hirsch works will be greatly increased. But the union with Aaron Hirsch & Co. is even more important, since this concern controls large supplies of iron and has a highly organized and valuable home and foreign market.

The Hirsch works has been very active recently in extending its interests. Early this year it acquired the Hönningen chemical factory and later big copper works of Seidel & Co., Reinkensdorf. It also absorbed the Nuremberg cable works, two graphite companies and the Danube Smelting Works of Munich.

The company is now in an extremely powerful position to attack foreign markets. Its 100 marks shares stood at 450 on the exchange today.

Another important fusion is that of the Phoenix Coal and Iron Company, one of the largest in Westphalia, with the Zolverein Coal Mine, which works the richest mine on the right bank of the Rhine. The main seam of this is said to contain 300,000,000 tons. The Phoenix mines are stated to hold still 700,000,000 tons, while the company has unopened seams which, it is estimated, hold another 600,000,000 tons. To buy up the Zolverein mine, the Phoenix Company will raise its capital by 30,000,000 marks to 136,000,000.

TELLS OF EUROPE'S STARVING CHILDREN

Playwright, in Report to Hoover, Says They Must Have Help by Spring.

The Hoover European Relief Council is keeping the countries of Central Europe from starvation and ruin, was the report made to the council yesterday by Porter Emerson Browne, playwright and author, who made a twelve-week trip abroad at the request of Mr. Hoover.

"The children of Central Europe are starving," he writes, "and if no help comes by Spring they will die. Only America can save them."

Mr. Browne told yesterday afternoon of what he saw while traveling through Austria, Hungary, Poland and Germany. In the City of Budapest, he said, there are 500,000 refugees, and a freight car colony in the railroad yards, where those driven from Transylvania by the Rumanians make their homes in box cars and barely exist. They are forced to pick up work here and there, and make long trips into the country for food.

"Antagonism between city and country folk is the cause of the misery," said Mr. Browne. "In both Austria and Hungary most of the population is crowded into the cities. There is a distrust felt by the peasant for the city dweller. The farmer stays on his land, raises enough to feed his family, and refuses to send food to the cities."

Mr. Browne said that actors, playwrights, musicians, and journalists were especially hard hit, for there is little for them to do. He told of an actress playing in Vienna who got the equivalent of three American dollars a week. The Secretary to the Minister of Foreign Affairs in Budapest gets 3,000 crowns a month, or $5 at the present rate of exchange, according to Mr. Browne.

BRITISH LIBRARIANS TO THE GIRL'S DEFENSE

Modern Young Women Read as Their Mothers Did, They Say —Their Favorite Authors.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Cabled reports that the Congress of Librarians at Chicago has from its point of view characterized modern young women as wearers of tortoise-shell spectacles in order to appear highbrow, but devotees of jazz poetry, nevertheless, has set British librarians to thinking. On the whole, they come to the defense of the flappers. They read fiction, they say, but so did their mothers, and, after all, most people read for pleasure, not for profit. So J. H. Quinn, who presides at the Chelsea Public Library, finds girls still like Dickens and Marie Corelli and go in also for Ethel Dell, John Oxenham, Rita and Gene Stratton Porter. As for poetry, Tennyson comes first, then Browning, while Keats and Shelley are hardly asked for at all.

The air raids, Mr. Quinn believes, were a blessing for the authors. People could not go out for hours and started reading in sheer boredome. So they acquired a taste for books and continue for pleasure. The movies, too, have helped the girl. She sees a dramatized story on the screen and she wants to read the original. Charles Reade's "The Cloister and the Hearth," was featured at a picture house in Chelsea, and then there was a run on the book at the library.

As for children, they are as conservative in their reading as in everything else. Stories about schools and fairies—those are what their mothers wanted and what they devour still.

FAREWELL FOR GEN. NEVILLE

French Officer Arrives Here Today —To be Guest at Dinner Wednesday

Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Astor, Mr. and Mrs. Adrian Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Dana, Frank Munsey, Miss Anne Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. John P. Ryan, Lloyd Phoenix, Mr. and Mrs. Vernon C. Brown and Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Coffin are among those who have retained tables for the New York farewell dinner, organized by Whitney Warren, member of the Institute of France, under the auspices of the France-America Society in honor of General Robert Nivelle, at the Biltmore Hotel at 7 o'clock next Wednesday night.

The General will arrive in town today, after an extensive tour through the West, as the guest of the War Department. Myron T. Herrick, former Ambassador to France, will preside at the dinner and General John J. Pershing will be among the guests.

IRISH REBELS, FIGHT IN IRISH AMBUSHES

Three Attacks in County Cork Mark Resumption of Guerrilla Warfare.

HINT OF CORK FIRE REPORT

London Papers Say General Strickland Finds Black and Tans Started It.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Dec. 30.—One constable was killed and seven others, including a sergeant, were wounded in an ambush in the streets of Middleton, County Cork, last night. From official particulars which were received at Dublin Castle it appears that a Royal Irish Constabulary patrol of ten men were walking in the main street when they were fired upon and Constable Martin Mullen was killed. The police replied to the fire, but they were outnumbered, and five were wounded.

Six constables hurried from the barracks, 300 yards away, and helped to get the wounded to shelter. One was fired at while attending a wounded comrade.

In response to a telephone message a relief force was dispatched from Cork, but when three miles from Middleton the lorries were ambushed. Leaping out, the police lined the roadside and beat off the attack. They then resumed their journey, but their progress was impeded a little further on by a tree which had been felled across the road. Here another ambush had been prepared, but once again the attackers were dispersed and the lorries reached Middleton without further incident and took the wounded to Cork.

These were the first ambushes for ten days and may indicate a resumption of guerilla warfare against the Crown forces after what may be regarded as a Christmas truse in this particular activity of the Republicans. Recently the latter captured twelve sets of ambulance appliances lying at Limerick railway station and left behind the following note: "Material is taken by order of Irish Republican Army for war purposes."

The authorities believe that large numbers of men are hiding in the mountainous districts of the martial law areas and that requisitions for food, &c., are frequently made for their maintenance upon the local inhabitants.

A specific instance is reported today in the Clonmel district, where blankets, meal, sugar and bacon were taken from a house by armed men. At Ferbane, Kings County, near the Tipperary border, two men yesterday entered a house and demanded lodgings. Meeting with a refusal, they fired shots, one of which penetrated the door panel.

Among the places raided by the military during the last two days in Dublin have been the Marie Reparatrice Convent, in Merrion Square, and the city workhouse.

Negotiations today resulted in a settlement of points remaining in dispute in regar dto the reinstatement of railway men. The Transport Ministry agreed to full reinstatement of all the union rail men at the earliest possible moment. Tonight, after seven months' cessation, the North Wall cargo traffic of the London & Northwestern Railway was resumed.

Forecast of Cork Fire Report.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The afternoon newspapers contain a forecast of General Strickland's report on the burning of Cork, which has not yet been published. The Evening News says:

"The General has found that the icendiarism cannot be attributed to the civilian population." The Star says:

"Two or three Black and Tans, who were sufferers or close pals of the victims of either the Dillon's Cross ambush or of an earlier and similar outrage, got hold of petrol cans and started the fires. The lure of looting appealed to the small ruffian element which any big city hides in its bosom, and the icendiarism extended, and with it the prospects of more fruitful looting.

"There is evidence, too, that an anti-Sinn Fein society exists in Cork. It is composed of extreme loyalists, who foresee the possibility of Ulster successfully working the Home Rule act and of its ultimate application to the South of Ireland and the gradual and consequent withdrawal of the forces of the Crown. These loyalists are as extreme in their apprehensions as are the extreme Sinn Feiners in theirs. They imagine that they may be left at the mercy of the Sinn Fein spirits, and so they appear to be banding themselves together with designs against the Sinn Fein gunmen of similar character to the designs of the Sinn Fein ambuscaders against the Black and Tans."

Government officials stato that the report is not yet in their hands and it has not been before the Cabinct.

The Cabinet today had Irish affairs under consideration. An important element in the position is that the delivery under martial law of arms in private possession is far from complete, although the time has expired. Steps are being taken to deal with this.

Bishop Calls Resistance Unlawful.

DUBLIN, Dec. 30.—Catholics of the archdiocese of Tuam are reminded in a pastoral letter just issued by Archbishop Gilmartin that armed resistance to the crown is unlawful. He also warns against secret societies, saying:

"Under the new canon law members of secret societies that plot against the church or State are ipso facto excommunicated. Oaths taken by members of such societies have no binding force, and those who join them must leave. They will also cut their connection with societies whose members may be called upon to commit murder by shooting servants of the crown or civilians."

A third incendiary attack was made this evening on the business offices of The Freeman's Journal. Men entered the offices and exploded a bomb which filled the place with smoke. Little damage resulted.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Demands have been served by the military authorities in Dublin upon The Freeman's Journal Company for the immediate paymnt of fines amounting to £2,500 imposed by the recent court-martial of Hamilton Edwards and Martin Fitzgerald, Directors of The Journal, who are in prison, both under concurrent sentences of six and twelve months' imprisonment.

A Government order was granted for their release, but it has not been carried out, the reason, it is understood, being that Edwards and Fitzgerald say that as individual directors they cannot bind the company to pay the fines.

Irish opinion, says The London Times, is divided concerning the propriety of the sentences, but among journalists of all parties there is much sympathy with Mr. Hooper, editor of The Freeman's, who also was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment. He is highly esteemed and has been regarded always as a man of moderate views. At the time of his trial he had not completely recovered from a severe and protracted illness. There is a growing impression in Dublin that he will be released at an early date.

REPORT NO RED CROSS NEED.

British Officials Say They Are Supplying Cork's Wants.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—All necessary arrangements have been made for relief work in behalf of the victims of the recent great fire in Cork, Ireland, and no assistance from the American Red Cross is needed, Sir Arthur Stanley of the British Red Cross said today, in a cablegram to the American organization.

The message was in reply to an inquiry recommendation an appeal of Lord Mayor O'Callaghan of Cork for assistance.

"The Irish Joint Committee of the Red Cross and St. John's Ambulance reports," the message said, "that all necessary arrangements for relief work in Cork have been made after interviews with the corporation and the Roman Catholic and Protestant Bishops and other leading citizens. No need for assistance kindly offered by the American Red Cross."

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—The sum of $100,000 for relief of distress in Ireland was pledged today by the Massachusetts directorate of the "American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic." The State branch also voted to cable $10,000 immediately to Lord Mayor O'Callaghan of Cork for relief of sufferers in that city.

TRY PLAN ON IRELAND, WILSON TOLD PREMIERS

Dialogue Over Saar Valley Settlement at Paris Reported by Professor Haskins.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 30.—Speaking tonight before The Public Ledger Peace Forum, Professor Charles H. Haskins of Harvard, who was a member of the American commission of experts which went to Paris, told of a dialogue between President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George in the former's study, at which the governing commission under the League of Nations, acting for fifteen years, was proposed for the Saarre Valley.

The Prime Minister turned to the President and said:

"Mr. President, I think we have got a very good plan here."

"Well," the answer was said to have been, "why don't you apply it to Ireland?"

Asked whether the President consulted the experts in his party or ignored them, Professor Haskins said:

"The President evidenced a genuine desire to get facts and in general sought the advice of experts. But you must remember that it takes time to talk with experts, and the President was a very busy man."

The Professor charged that there was a well-defined group in Germany which has for its object a war of revenge for Germany's defeat.

He urged that we stand by our allies, saying:

"A treaty of peace between the allied and associated powers and Germany was possible only through the fundamental agreement of Great Britain, France and the United States, and it can be maintained only by continued co-operation among these powers, which is an essential basis for the world's peace."

BRITAIN'S OUTLOOK SOMBRE FOR 1921

The Unemployment and Irish Troubles at Home Vie With Problems in Foreign Fields.

LONDON, Dec. 30 (Associated Press).—Britain's outlook for 1921 is pictured in rather somber colors by the politicians, economists, financiers and labor leaders who are casting their eyes forward to the new year. At home two outstanding problems—unemployment and Ireland—have baffled the Government, while it is also besieged by many results of the war, including a vigorous newspaper campaign against so-called Government extravagance.

In the foreign field, looking eastward, there is the perplexing problem of settling the Palestine boundaries, promising some pointed exchanges of opinion with France; Mesopotamia, with its huge expense and its oil; the ever present Persian difficulties, which the last agreement has not allayed; India, which is in a greater state of unrest than for years, requiring an exceptionally large garrison; Russia, with her trade proposals, which have caused a split in the British Cabinet, and the uncertain Greek situation.

Officials here believe that within the next twelve months important dealings between Great Britain and the United States will necessitate most careful handling. Negotiations between the two countries have been almost dormant since the political conventions in the United States. There is a desire here to clear up the oil problem, which has been the subject of a long series of communications on the question as to the extent to which the United States shall participate in the world petroleum supply, much of which is under British mandate. It is believed, however, that considerable more negotiating will be necessary before an agreement is reached.

Settlement of cable control also offers many perplexities, particularly in that the United States is continually reaching further for world trade. Shipping experts and officials are of the opinion that the new mercantile marine of the United States is likely to bring up a question of adroit diplomacy and point to Secretary Daniels's announcement of a big naval program as the forerunner for shipping differences.

Officials here have not desired to push these questions to a settlement until the advent of the new American Administration, but hope to get them under way soon after March 4.

Some relief is promised in reduced cost of living, except in the price of food, which rose steadily during 1920. With industry hard hit and a million jobless, merchants who had been holding commodities for high prices are expected to continue to dump their goods at a loss. This has caused slight reductions during the latter weeks of the old year.

CURZON SEES TROUBLES GROWING IN MAGNITUDE

He Tells the Primrose League That No Swift or Easy Solutions Are Likely.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—In a New Year's message to the Primrose League, of which he is the Grand Master, Earl Curzon of Kedleston, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, declares that the past has been one of trouble and unrest at home and abroad, and expresses the belief that it will be still a long time before "we find ourselves sailing again in quiet seas."

"Although our British troubles, with one exception, seem less grave, and our recovery has been more rapid than is the case with other nations who fought and were victorious in the war," says Earl Curzon's message, "it still will be a long time before the ground swell of the great storm subsides and we find ourselves sailing again in quiet seas.

"In the coming Winter we likely will be faced by serious growing unemployment, the result of economic factors from which there is no swift or easy escape. No one can regard either the present position or the future outlook without anxiety, and no Government that is called upon to deal with it should hope to do so by waving an enchanter's wand."

COLBY GUEST OF BRUM.

Secretary of State Continues Official Visits in Montevideo.

MONTEVIDEO, Dec. 30.—President Brum entertained Bainbridge Colby, American Secretary of State; Robert E. Jeffery, United States Minister to Uruguay, and Foreign Minister Buero at a private luncheon at the Presidential residence yesterday. At the same time military and naval officers attached to Mr. Colby's mission were similarly entertained at the Ministries of War and Marine.

These functions were preceded by a drive to the suburbs of the city and a visit to the military school. Late in the afternoon Mr. Colby visited the University of Montevideo, where a reception was given for him. Mr. Colby will leave here tomorrow for Buenos Aires on board the Argentine cruiser Libertad.

D'ANNUNZIO LEAVES FIUME IN AIRPLANE

His Destination Unknown, but Ireland and South America Are Mentioned.

HE INSULTS KING AND ITALY

Poet's Last Manifesto Unprintable —Fiume Officials Ready to Sign Terms of Submission.

ROME, Dec. 30.—The Giornale d'Italia reports that d'Annunzio has left Fiume in an airplane, going first to Venice and later to Paris.

D'Annunzio's destination is unknown, but the speculation includes Ireland, for which he has always expressed sympathy.

An airplane has been flying over Fiume territory and in the district between Zara and Trieste scattering papers declaring that Italy is unworthy the sacrifice of d'Annunzio's life in her behalf.

General Caviglia in the terms which he laid down to the Fiume delegates at Abbazia stipulated that d'Annunzio leave Fiume after releasing his legionaries from their oath. Immediate abandonment by the legionaries of the islands of Arbe and Veglia was another stipulation.

The other terms were as follows: Restoration of all prisoners made by the legionaries and the surrender of all arms, ammunition and stores appropriated from the Italian Army, all warships to leave Fiume, all legionaries not natives of Fiume to leave the town within five days and all legionaries belonging to Fiume to be disarmed.

TRIESTE, Dec. 30 (Associated Press).—Gabriel d'Annunzio appears to have dropped out of sight in the official negotiations now in progress, and the agreement to be signed today for Fiume's submission to the treaty of Rapallo will be subscribed to by the Italian Government and the local authorities to whom d'Annunzio has yielded his power.

General Caviglia, commanding the Italian forces which operated against the d'Annunzio legionaries, will conclude the final agreement with Mayor Ricardo Gigante of Fiume and Captain Hostwenturi, to whom the defense of Fiume was entrusted.

Quarnero Bay was quiet yesterday morning when at 9 o'clock the Fiume plenipotentiaries' sub-chaser pulled up to the quay at Abbazia where the preliminary negotiations were held, and where the arriving delegates notified General Ferrario, who commanded the blockading force at Fiume, of their acceptance of the Rapallo Treaty. The sub-chaser bore a white flag.

Captain Hostwenturi and Mayor Gigante were driven in an automobile to division headquarters, where a long conference was held last night, lasting more than three hours. At the conclusion of the conference the Fiume delegates took the same sub-chaser back to the city with the announcement that they would return this morning to affix their signatures finally and arrange details of the agreement.

The Associated Press was told that the poet's signature was unnecessary for consummation of the agreement and that the signature of the delegates as representatives of the de facto government would suffice.

It is presumed that d'Annunzio plans to take with him Signorita Luisella Baccara, who has been in Fiume for several months and to whom he has declared he will be married as soon as he receives a divorce from his present wife. Signorita Baccara refused to leave the poet-soldier when the attack on the city was imminent, declaring she would rather be killed than quit the city.

D'Annunzio's Letter Unprintable.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Dec. 29.—D'Annunzio's resignation of power into the hands of the Regency and Town Council of Fiume is confirmed in an official message received here.

The text of the letter in which the disconsolate dictator affirms Italy unworthy of "the least pinprick" of his blood is so bespattered with insults against Italy, its King and Government that it has been found impossible to print it.

D'Annunzio is understood to have expressed a willingness to release his legionaries from their oath of allegiance and to disband them when ample guarantees for complete amnesty are delivered to him.

Should the pourparlers now going on between the regency authorities and the Italian Commander in Chief result in a satisfactory compromise, it is probable that within the next few days the world will hear of Gabriele d'Annunzio's "ascension into heaven," for the poet declares that "his only fitting exit will be to soar direct into the pure regions of skies," and apparently he will not deign to permit his airplane to touch Italian soil.

It is rumored that d'Annunzio has been offered a hospitable retreat in South America, where he would likely receive a great public welcome.

PREDICTS POLITICAL CHANGES.

D'Annunzio's Son Hears Conditions in Italy Are "Very Grave."

Captain Ugo d'Annunzio, son of Gabriele d'Annunzio said yesterday that his advices from Paris indicated the situation in Italy was "very grave" and that the Premier and other Government leaders were being closely watched.

"The people of Italy," the captain said, "are reacting against the measures taken against my father. They have recovered from the poisonous propaganda conducted by Giolitti in favor of the treaty of Rapallo. The situation in Italy is indeed dangerous and great political changes are possible and probable."

Captain d'Annunzio said he had not heard from his father directly for several days but had reason to believe the poet was still in Fiume and would continue his opposition to the Adriatic settlement. The son said he was in hearty accord with his father's acts and plans and believed they were endorsed by the mass of the Italian people.

Captain d'Annunzio, who is connected with an Italian importing firm here, said he spent several months this year with his father at Fiume and was acquainted with the Fiume situation.

EX-KAISERIN AGAIN LOW.

Prince Adalbert Watches at Her Bedside During the Night.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DOORN, Dec. 30.—Owing to many fantastic reports about the ex-Kaiserin's health, the Hofmaahallamt now gives out periodically official vague but reassuring reports. The ex-Kaiserin, however, is growing steadily weaker and had such severe attacks during the night that Prince Adalbert, now at Doorn, watched at her bedside the whole night.

BISHOP BURCH LEFT NO WILL

Widow Says Estate Consists of Not Over $10,000 Personality.

That Bishop Charles Sumner Burch left no will when he died suddenly on Dec. 20 became known yesterday as a result of the application by his widow, Mrs. Margaret Hadley Burch, for letters of administration, which were granted by Surrogate Foley.

Mrs. Burch stated that her husband left no real estate and that his personal property will not exceed $10,000. The only heirs other than herself are her son Albert of Clyde, Ohio, and her daughter, Mrs. Grace B. Marson.

REPLY TO ALLIES

Implies That Greece Will Maintain Army in Smyrna if Funds Are Supplied.

ATHENS, Dec. 29.—Premier Rhallis today replied to the joint note from Great Britain, France and Italy presented on Dec. 3. The reply, which covers two typed pages, contains but vague expressions. It voices the hope that the Allies will pass over recent events in the face of the real situation and says that Greece asserted, by the vote returning Constantine, the right of peoples to govern themselves.

M. Rhallis's note, which was approved by King Constantine, leaves the inference that Greece is ready to maintain an army in Smyrna when the funds are provided. The tenor of the note is amicable. It states that Constantine was recalled to the throne by a 98 per cent. vote, that the feelings of the Greeks toward the Allies are unchanged and that they merely wished to assert their constitutional liberty to get rid of three years of autocratic domination. It declares that the Greek people not only asserted their right to self-government, for which the war was fought, but also rendered a verdict which showed them friendly to the Allies.

The recent speech of Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain has dissipated the fears of the Greeks that England will continue unfriendly, and the struggle for power between Demetrios Gounaris, Minister of War, and Nicholas Stratos, former Minister of Marine, is intensified, with no coalition feeling apparent. It is pointed out that if Mustapha Kemal Pasha, the Turkish Nationalist leader, smashes the Greek Army the Allies will be in a worse position to deal with the situation than if the Greeks do not make an offensive.

An Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges receipt of $3 from Margaret Mitchell and $5 from F. M. W. Young for the starving Chinese. This money has been turned over to the China Famine Fund, care of The Christian Herald, 95 Bible House, New York City.

Macy's Macy's Macy's Macy's

Back Up That Resolution

with will power, with force of mind. Re-inforce it with stimulating, inspirational reading. Start the New Year right; keep it going right.

Here are some books written to help YOU along life's path, to lend a helping hand, to help you help yourself:

You—*Irving R. Allen*.....$2.64
Personal Power—*Keith J. Thomas*.....$1.54
Pep—*Col. William C. Hunter*.....$1.14
Up—*George Matthew Adams*.....89c
Think—*Col. William C. Hunter*.....$1.14

Buy One Good Book Each Week

Macy's—Main Floor Rear, 34th Street.

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

GIMBEL BROTHERS
32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY

Men! Every Suit and Overcoat HALF PRICE



Even the Men's Raincoats, the Trousers, the Winter Mackinaws—every piece of clothing (*except* Full Dress, Tuxedo and Cutaway Suits) at exactly HALF PRICE.

Society Brand Clothes and ten other nationally known brands of the best clothing for men. The labels are there—they tell their own tale. And so are the original price-tags—they tell theirs! Blue-pencilled to just one-half.

33,000 Square Ft. —105 Tables

of the choicest merchandise that the country affords. A display worth seeing—and worth choosing from.

One-Half the Original Prices
Men's Winter O'coats

Half Price: *Now* $25.00
Half Price: *Now* 37.50
Half Price: *Now* 45.00
Half Price: *Now* 50.00
Half Price: *Now* 62.50

One-Half the Original Prices
Men's Winter Suits

Half Price: *Now* $25.00
Half Price: *Now* 37.50
Half Price: *Now* 45.00
Half Price: *Now* 50.00
Half Price: *Now* 62.50

One-Half the Original Prices
Men's Raincoats

Half Price: *Now* $ 7.50
Half Price: *Now* 11.25
Half Price: *Now* 15.00
Half Price: *Now* 18.75
Half Price: *Now* 23.75
Half Price: *Now* 30.00

One-Half the Original Prices
Men's Odd Trousers

Half Price: *Now* $3.75
Half Price: *Now* 4.75
Half Price: *Now* 6.25
Half Price: *Now* 8.25
Half Price: *Now* 10.00
Half Price: *Now* 12.50

Men's Winter Mackinaws and Pea Jackets

The Famous "Patrick" Mackinaws *Half Price:* *Now* $15.00
The Famous "Schuerman" Mackinaws *Half Price:* *Now* 12.50
A Famous Make of PEA JACKETS *Half Price:* *Now* 12.50

* * *

And Our Entire Stock of Boys' Clothing At Half Price

GIMBELS MEN'S AND BOYS' SHOPS—Fourth Floor.



HOOD
White Rock Rubbers
Gray TIRE TREAD Soles
PRESSURE CURED
Outwear
any other color sole
in all kinds of
hard service
WOOD RUBBER PRODUCTS CO. INC.
134 DUANE STREET
(WHOLESALE ONLY)

POWERS

Our Mainstays—

We have grown up with many of our customers. As they have enlarged they have found us ahead of their requirements. There has been mutual helpfulness.

The Powers standard of quality and service is alike for old patrons and new every day. That's why our mainstays increase with the years.

Why not eliminate your important engraving troubles in 1921 by joining our family?

Three Separate Powers Plants
POWERS PHOTO-ENGRAVING CO.
154 Nassau Street
POWERS REPRODUCTION CORP.
127 West 37th Street
POWERS COLORITYPE CO.
115 East 23rd Street

A Salesman Will Call

EVERYTHING IN PHOTO-
ENGRAVING

BOOKS
For the
New Year
1921

A Book is a particularly expressive New Year's Gift, and we offer an unusually choice assortment from which to make your selection.

BRENTANO'S
Booksellers to the World
Fifth Ave. and 27th St.

SELL YOUR
AUTO at AUCTION
Gigantic Auto Auction to Be Held at
MADISON SQ. GARDEN
January 10, 11, 12, 13
List your car now. Entry fee $10. For full particulars inquire office, MADISON SQUARE GARDEN AUTOMOBILE AUCTION SALES CO., 11 W. 30th St.
PEISER & POTTER, Auctioneers
TELEPHONE LONGACRE 2803.

SAVING OUR FORESTS.

An interesting contribution to next Sunday's issue of The New York Times Book Review and Magazine is an interview with Colonel William B. Greeley, the new Chief of the United States Forest Bureau.—Advt.

Signor Ricci Outlines Economic Agreement He Will Seek to Carry Out Here.

OPENING IN THE NEAR EAST

American Capital and Raw Materials, With Italian Labor, Offer Profitable Opportunities, He Says.

ROME, Dec. 22 (Associated Press).—The newly appointed Italian Ambassador to Washington, Signor Rolandi Ricci, foreshadowed the establishment of a new economic agreement between the United States and Italy, in the course of his address today before the Italo-American Association. Signor Ricci is leaving shortly to take up his duties in America.

Robert Underwood Johnson, American Ambassador to Italy, commented in reply on the mutual interests of the two countries and enumerated reasons why they should increase their commercial relations.

Taking up the policies he expects to pursue at his new post, Ambassador Ricci said:

"An economic agreement between the two countries will be mutually useful and easy, as America has plenty of capital and raw materials, while Italy has plenty of willing, industrious workers. Italy can join her capital of workmen with America's capital of abundant raw materials and furnish partially worked products in accordance with the various specific exigencies of consuming countries, especially in the Eastern Mediterranean basin.

"Though Italy is lacking in raw material, she has an immense supply of water power. Why should not American bankers and manufacturers realize that it is both to their and Italy's advantage to help in the great work of efficient and complete utilization of our water power? I shall certainly make it my duty to present to American financiers and manufacturers the possibilities of such an understanding and shall help it in every possible way.

"Many Italian exportations are less flourishing than they might be because they are insufficiently cared for here and insufficiently organized in America. I shall inform Italy of all deficiencies in her exports and shall watch that no obstacles are raised in America to a trade which will be advantageous both to the Italian exporters and the American consumer.

Replying to the remarks of Signor Ricci, Ambassador Johnson said:

"Americans have much to learn of Italy's sterling qualities, her traditions of liberty which she desires not only for herself but also for all mankind, her fine sense of chivalry left over from the much abused past, her genuine democracy in which man is valued for what he is, not for his title or purse, and also her abounding kindliness of personal intercourse with strangers, to which my countrymen continually give grateful testimony. Upon such common ground of good-will to men must be built any new structure of society. Because these fundamental qualities are lacking in the Soviet scheme, it will never have the approval of Italy or America."

After enumerating reasons why Italy and America must increase their commercial relations, Ambassador Johnson added:

"Though differently, America needs Italy as much as Italy needs America. Italy felt the shock of the war more severely than did America; her sacrifices and achievements in the conflict are more appreciated as they are better known. Of Italy's great record much still remains to be recounted.

"America is no rival of Italy in trade but is, and doubtless will continue to be, a large market for Italy's greatest product—human labor. Italy's conscientious, capable and thrifty workmen everywhere are valued and respected in America as being equally in support of both countries.

"Italy's disturbing conditions are not especially different from those of other nations and I predict for her a rapid convalescence from the epidemic of world-sickness, believing Italy fundamentally one of the most conservative countries of Europe."

GAVE HER A SNAKE, WIFE SAYS

Husband's Present Labeled "Two of a Kind," She Tells Court.

A dead snake in a box, with a card bearing the words "Two of a kind," was the Christmas present sent by Albert Morris to his wife Anna, according to the latter's story when she applied for a warrant for his arrest on a charge of disorderly conduct yesterday at the Coney Island Court.

Morris followed his wife into the court, and after he had told his story Mrs. Morris, who is 20 years old and lives at 8,650 Bay Seventeenth Street, Bensonhurst, withdrew her application for the warrant, asserting that she would start a civil action instead.

Manufacturers' Association, to Employ Only Americans.

William Bandler, President of the Clothing Manufacturers' Association of New York, last night discussed conditions under which manufacturers would resume negotiations with the Amalgamated Clothing Makers of America. He said that no clothing worker could enter his factory in the future unless he was an American citizen or about to become one. He repeated the charge that the Amalgamated was attempting to "sovietize the industry," and made public a confidential report of a meeting of unionists to support his statement.

Mr. Bandler said he and other clothing manufacturers were convinced the union sought to spread its power to kindred industries and that this accounted for the recent efforts here of William Z. Foster and of Arturo Giovannitti, an I. W. W. agitator. An industrial crisis would result, Mr. Bandler asserted, unless "we take the fangs from this radical union."

"I personally am very much afraid of it," he said. "The union is drunk with power. I know of what I speak. No man can ever come into my factory to work unless he is an American. If he has been in this country long enough to take out his first papers he must have them. He must swear that he is 100 per cent. true to the Constitution of the United States. I don't believe the officials of the Amalgamated will dispute my statement that not more than 50 per cent. of the members of the union are American citizens."

Mr. Bandler then gave out a statement purporting to be a report of a secret meeting of 500 men and women members of the Amalgamated at Beethoven Hall, 210 East Fifth Street, on Tuesday.

"The chairman addressed the meeting, outlining the position of the clothing manufacturers," the report stated. "He said they were on the brink of bankruptcy and did not know how to get away from it. They are trying by every means at their command to save themselves, but the fight is all uphill and as a last resort they tried to cut wages and increase working hours, but this does not help them as the men are determined not to give in to their demands until they know that the cost of life's commodities has been reduced.

Mr. Bandler announced that one large clothing concern had permanently closed two of its factories here, removing them to another market, and that unionists were considerably exercised over this, since 400 workers had been thrown out of employment.

Magistrate McQuade in West Side Court yesterday fined seven strikers, former employes of Isadore Wolfson, manufacturer of men's ties, at 1,587 Broadway, after finding them guilty of creating a disturbance in front of the factory on Dec. 20. The fines totaled $130. Four of them, second offenders, were fined $25 each, and three others $10 each.

VIENNA CAN'T PAY SALARIES.

Civil Servants Appeal to Representatives of Foreign States.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Dec. 20.—The Municipal Council of Vienna has now openly declared its inability to pay salaries due at the end of December amounting to 75,000,000 kronen, as only part of this amount can be scraped together. The City Treasurer and his two colleagues on the Council called on the Finance Ministry with a view of raising a loan but are doubtful whether anything can be done as the Finance Ministry is almost in as bad a way as the municipality.

The Central Union of Civil Servants has taken the unusual step of sending a memorial to the Austrian section of the Reparations Commission pointing out how the Government for a long time past has been unable to pay its servants salaries adequate to the high cost of living, and that not only is any increase out of the question, but even payment of current salaries somewhat doubtful, owing to the empty state of the national coffers.

The memorial expresses the readiness of civil servants to carry on the functions of the Government as long as possible, but foreshadows impossibility if things continue as they are and deems it a duty to point out the difficulties of the position to the Representatives of those States which, in its opinion, have undertaken a certain responsibility for Austria by having dictated the Peace Treaty of St. Germain.

Such an appeal by civil servants over the head of their own Government to representatives of foreign States and such inability by the municipal authorities to pay their current salaries is ample testimony to how near Austria is to the rapids. No further taxation is possible by either State or city.

Exchange is still sinking, and the shopkeepers are shamelessly fleecing the public by raising prices immediately any further fall in exchange takes place, irrespective of whether the goods are home manufactured or imported.

You'll Know Them by Their Steel Disc Wheels

In 17 years of concentration on one thing—the perfection of our product—we have incidentally saved our customers over seventy-five million dollars ($75,000,000.) Have we not earned, as an old-line, conservative organization, a share of your business?

WALKER VEHICLE COMPANY
Grand Central Terminal
20-64

The Thompson-Starrett buildings that are financial successes for their Owners are not isolated, hot-house examples, but a forest of triumphs!

Put it up to us to put it up for you!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction



REDUCTIONS
in Men's High Shoes
DURING DECEMBER

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY
BROADWAY AT 40TH STREET
NEW YORK
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE BUILDING

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-568 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46TH and 47TH STS.

Feature Today

For New Year's Eve
and other Holiday Festivities

Dinner and Evening Gowns
Formerly to $350—$95—$145—$195

Beautiful Evening Wraps
Formerly to $450—$145—$175—$225

Youthful Dance Frocks
Formerly to $175—$65—$85

Fans, Combs and other accessories necessary for the correct completion of the formal costume at *Greatly Reduced Prices.*

NOTE:
Preparations have been made to have alterations completed in time for *New Year's Eve Wear.*

LAST DAYS OF

"An Exhibition No One Can Afford to Miss Seeing"

At The American Art Galleries
Madison Square South, New York
NOW ON FREE VIEW, 9 A. M. UNTIL 6 P. M.
and Continuing All Christmas Week, Including "New Year's"
To Be Sold at Unrestricted Public Sale
ON THE AFTERNOON OF EVERY DAY
NEXT WEEK AT 2 O'CLOCK
A Grand Collection of
Beautiful Antique Chinese Porcelains
and Other Oriental Art Treasures
Being the Entire Collection of The
ART HOUSE, INCORPORATED
CLARENCE J. DEARDEN, MANAGER
SUCCESSOR TO THOMAS B. CLARKE
ESTABLISHED IN 1891

"Not only the most important event of this season, but it will take rank among the famous occasions of the past."
—THE HERALD

"There are in it more than 1,200 objects. Not in a long time have we seen so large a mass of Orientalia in which the average was so well maintained. It is an occasion for the exacting connoisseur."

"The collection is one of the finest ever dispersed in New York."
—ROYAL CORTISSOZ, THE TRIBUNE.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE BY MR. DANA H. CARROLL, PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED, WILL BE MAILED TO APPLICANTS ON RECEIPT OF ONE DOLLAR.

The Sale Will Be Conducted by Mr. THOMAS E. KIRBY
and his assistants, MR. OTTO BERNET and MR. H. H. PARKE
AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers
Madison Sq. South. Entrance 6 East 23d Street, New York.



DIFFICULTY

ADMITTEDLY, IT WAS RATHER A DIFFICULT TASK FOR FINCHLEY TO DEVELOP OVERCOATS OF THE STANDARD PRESCRIBED BY THIS ESTABLISHMENT, WHICH COULD BE RETAILED AT SIXTY DOLLARS. HOWEVER, AN INSPECTION WILL QUICKLY DISCLOSE THE SUCCESS OF THE UNDERTAKING.

SIXTY DOLLARS

CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON

READY-TO-PUT-ON TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

FINCHLEY
5 West 46th Street
NEW YORK

You Are Buying This Clothing at Your Price—Not Ours

For our price, naturally, would include a reasonable profit. And plainly there is no profit in selling America's highest quality clothing at the reductions we're quoting. But the demand must be stimulated. This will do it.

Kuppenheimer
Overcoats
and SUITS

$80, $85 and $90 Suits

$55 at

$60, $65, $70 and $75 Overcoats, $45

A slight charge will be made for alterations.

Brill Brothers

279 Broadway
125th St. at 3d Ave.
Broadway at 49th Street
47 Cortlandt Street
44 East 14th Street

San Francisco



Gateway to the South Seas and the Orient

Reached in speed and comfort on the completely equipped trains of the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific Lines. From this cosmopolitan city steamers depart for Hawaii, the Philippines, Australia, Japan and China.

OVERLAND LIMITED
Via C. & N. W.-Union Pacific-Southern Pacific
Lv. Chicago (C. & N. W. Sta.), 7:10 p.m.
Lv. Omaha 9:00 a.m.
Ar. San Francisco, 1:30 p.m. (3rd day)
Exclusively for sleeping car passengers. Observation drawing-room compartment car, sleeping cars, buffet club car and dining car. Barber and Valet service.

PACIFIC LIMITED
Via C. M. & St. P.-Union Pacific-Southern Pacific
Lv. Chicago (Union Station) 10:45 a.m.
Lv. Omaha 1:20 a.m.
Ar. San Francisco 8:30 a.m. (3rd day)
Observation sleeping car, standard and tourist sleeping cars, reclining chair cars and dining car.

For scenery and service the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific Route is pre-eminent. Following the historic Overland Trail through the Rockies, across Great Salt Lake by rail and over the Sierra Nevada.

Double track—automatic safety signals—rock ballast—heavy rails; all making for safety and smooth riding.

For reservations, fares and information ask

J. B. DeFriest, General Agent, Union Pacific System
300 Stewart Bldg., 300 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
A. J. Poston, Gen. Agt., Pass. Dept., Southern Pacific Lines
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

UNION PACIFIC
SOUTHERN PACIFIC

For repairing China, Glassware, Furniture, Mantelpieces, Vases, Tipping Billiard Cues USE



Rubber and Leather Cement. All sizes. At dealers. MAJOR MFG. CO., N. Y. C. Established 1870.

REIS UNION SUITS
REIS
MAN'S CLOSEST FRIEND

Kensico
The Permanent Burial Park

44 Stories
Articles and Special Features



Mary a Murderess?—Impossible!

Yet—"Even before she staggered toward me out of the fog, I knew that she was suffering from blind and panic terror. . . . The back of her glove was soiled and on the tips of her fingers was a smear of blood"—At once you find yourself in a whirlpool of tragedy and mystery with no clue to lead you out of the fog except the girl in the hansom and a torn sheet of blue-gray note paper.

Contents

Cover—*Painted by W. T. Benda*
Editorials
To Save Prohibition is Your Job
The Woman Who is Always Late

FICTION

Out of the Fog
Grace Sartwell Mason
The Failure—*Hugh MacNair Kahler*
The Beach Comber—*Sophie Kerr*
The Really Horrid Relation—
Roland Pertwee
The Seven Conundrums—
E. Phillips Oppenheim
Bittersweet—*Shirley L. Seifert*
The Silver Sixpence—*Ruth Sawyer*
The Devil—*Samuel Scoville, Jr.*

SPECIAL ARTICLES

The Bored Wasters of Deauville—
Mary Brush Williams
Don't Cheat Them of Childhood—
Dr. Abraham Myerson
The Big Little Things for Women in Politics—*Elizabeth Jordan*
The Italian Woman's Drive for Freedom—*Marie Van Vorst*
What Do the Women Want Now
The Twentieth Amendment—
E. Jean Nelson Penfield
Bumbleton Folks—*Claude Callan*
The Chum Dog—
Albert Payson Terhune
Masks On the Stage and Off—
W. T. Benda
What Regular Exercise Do You Take—*John Chapman Hilder and Margaret W. Watson*

FASHIONS

Coats Grow Shorter for Spring
A Brocaded Silk for the Entire Day and a Serge for Afternoon
A Midseason Wrap and Formal Frock That are Also Good for Spring
Winter Attire That Heralds the Springtime Mode—*Harry Collins*

FASHIONS *(Continued)*

Homemade Blouses That Have the "Different" Touch
Faille SilkMakes the Midseason Hat for North or South
When a Bargain is a Bargain

HOUSEHOLD

Keeping Well and Keeping Warm—
Mary Meek Atkeson
The Home of the Newly Weds—
Ethel Davis Seal
The Uses of Marrow
A Servantless House—
William C. Heck

NEEDLEWORK

These Palm Beach Blouses Forecast a Summer Fashion—
Elsa Krawiec
Needlework Designs From the Old World—*Esther Everett Lape*
A Little Tatting Goes a Long Way in Trimming This Lingerie

ENTERTAINMENT

Community Theaters—
Henry MacMahon
Li'l' Bobby Bear and the Snowbirds' Sleigh Ride—*Harrison Cady*
A Short List of Suitable One-Act Plays—*Henry MacMahon*
An Indoor Sports Fair—
Claire Wallis

POEMS

The Hills of Youth—
Alfred Noyes
A Swimmer at Trincomalee—
Amelia Josephine Burr

ART FEATURES

The Hills of Youth—*Harvey Dunn*
Annie Arden—*W. L. Taylor*

MISCELLANEOUS

Helpful Home Journal Books
It Shames a Woman to Owe Money—
Manager of the Girls' Club
The Office Dog

What is a Real Bargain?

"Dresses were $150.00, now reduced to $59.50": The January sales are on! Can you pick the plums among the windfalls from the bargain tree? You can prepare for the big cut in prices and you will know what to make and what to buy when you turn to the eleven full pages of fashion features.



Should You Teach Baby to "Paddycake"?

Are you a sensible parent? Do you believe Baby should be *taught* to walk? With whom should he play? How do you punish him—by a good, sound spanking or by the Pollyanna method? What do you do when he bumps his nose so that it *bleeds?* Most important, what is best to do for the child's own welfare? Doctor Myerson's common-sense talk about play, punishment, education and sickness is a rare, helpful treat.



He, She and a Little Home



"Going to get married, eh? That takes courage these days of high prices," said the discouraging friend. The young couple knew it, they had investigated furniture prices. But a cozy, happy home can be furnished at small cost for newly weds, and older weds too. A little money goes a long way—with Journal plans.

When Marriage is Truly a Gamble

It is when either the man or the woman has been divorced. For with forty-eight different brands of marriage and divorce laws a person may be married in one state and a bigamist, with nameless children, in another state. The remedy? One of the ablest woman lawyers tells what women propose to do about it.



Cut-Outs and Stories for Kiddies

"Something tickled my nose," said Li'l' Bobby Bear, as he woke from his long winter sleep with a start. 'Twas a tiny snowbird come to invite Bobby to the big sleigh-ride party. The adventures of the little forest folk, as told by Harrison Cady in story and gayly colored cut-outs, will make millions of youngsters happy.



In the January

Ladies' HOME JOURNAL

178 Pages—20 Cents

Yearly subscriptions to begin with the January issue may be placed this week with your newsdealer or with any authorized subscription representative. Price $2.00 THE YEAR (Canada $2.50).

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY
Independence Square, Philadelphia

Wanted: Men or Women to earn extra money by forwarding renewals and securing the subscription orders that will be easy to get as the result of this advertising. Address 597 Independence Square, Philadelphia, Pa.



Milner-Hillard Building Co., Pittston, Pa.
A. B. Baxter, Architect.

"Turner for Concrete"

This 4-story and basement building was one of 22 buildings erected by Turner last winter, including—

Notasema Hosiery Co.
Great A. & P. Tea Co.
American Can Co.
Colgate & Co.
American Woolen Co.

15% of all Turner's work is winter-built.

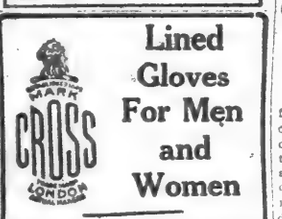
TURNER
Construction Co.



Use Cuticura Talcum To Powder and Perfume

An ideal face, skin, baby and dusting powder. Convenient and economical, it takes the place of other perfumes. A few grains sufficient.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 20M, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.



Lined Gloves For Men and Women

The World's Greatest Leather Store
494 Fifth Av., N. Y. 253 B'way.
Boston—148 Tremont Street
London—89 Regent Street

SCENES IN MEXICO.

The Mid-Week Pictorial this week contains two pages of engravings of figures and scenes in Mexico, which, under its new administration, seems to have entered an era of peace and prosperity. These pictures are worth keeping as souvenirs.—Advt.

Reported Following the Sudden Cold Wave.

REPORT REVOLT IN CHIAPAS

Madero's Slayer Is Said to Be Causing Trouble — American Ba[illegible]or Mexico.

Copyright, 1913, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 30.—Mexico City is surrounded by snowclad hills today, following the unusually cold weather of the last few days. Several charcoal burners in the foothills of the mountains near by are reported to have died of exposure, the cold wave having taken them by surprise.

General Francisco Macias, who is said to have accomplished the death of President Madero, is reported in revolt in the State of Chiapas and receiving aid from Mexican refugees in Guatemala.

The Marquis de Gonzalez, Spanish Minister to Mexico, who died of typhus recently, was buried this afternoon with full military honors.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Seven American banks are to be established soon in Mexico City, according to a statement issued today by the Mexican Embassy. An aggregate investment of a billion dollars in Latin-America was said to be contemplated by American bankers, the statement added, "preferentially" in Mexico.

The embassy also announced that a scheme for modernizing the penal, civil and commercial codes had been transmitted to the Mexican Congress.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., Dec. 30.—As long as silver is quoted on the New York Stock Exchange at 60 cents or lower no export duties will be charged on the metal passing into the United States, according to an official message received here from Mexico City today. When the market price goes above 60 cents a sliding scale will be put into effect.

A similar order revoking duties on copper exports was issued by the Mexican Government recently.

AMERICAN SOLDIERS ARRESTED IN MEXICO

Officer and Five Men Motor Over Boundary and Are Returned Under Guard.

NOGALES, Ariz., Dec. 30.—A party of five American soldiers under command of Lieutenant H. H. Luther of the topographic department of the army were taken into custody at Sasabe, Sonora, and brought to Nogales today by a party of Mexican fiscal guards when they motored across the international boundary into Mexico. The soldiers were said to be seeking water.

The prisoners were held for several hours in the municipal jail pending a conference between American Consul Francis E. Dyer, Mexican Consul Montéverde and Lieutenant Scott Israel, army intelligence officer. They were released on parole with instructions to report in the morning to Mexican immigration officers pending an answer to a wire sent to Secretary of War Calles at Mexico City.

The Red Star liner Kroonland arrived yesterday from Antwerp, three days late because of a succession of storms which followed her from the English Channel to within 300 miles of the Nantucket Lightship. She could make only slow progress against head seas, and in consequence she arrived here with only about twenty-five tons of fuel oil. Because of this, Captain Newmas asked by wireless that tugs meet him at Quarantine to tow him to the company's North River pier. Four towboats brought the Kroonland up the river.

The worst storm of the trip was encountered on Dec. 27 when the Kroonland was south of Sable Island. Terrific seas broke over her bows, and the vessel was able to log only 128 knots in twenty-four hours. During the storm it was necessary to stop one of the engines an hour to pack a piston.

The Kroonland brought gold valued at $1,650,000, consigned to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. The treasure originally came from South Africa, and was purchased in London in the open market. This shipment, it was said, brought the firm's gold imports for 1920 approximately to $90,000,000.

Among the passengers were Dr. Samuel Edye, newly appointed Norwegian Minister to Washington, and Alexander J. Uroszinski, an attaché of the Polish Legation in Washington.

Another returning traveler was Max Goldberg, 14 years old, a messenger boy of Newark, N. J., who accidentally enjoyed a round trip to Antwerp, Southampton and Cherbourg. Just before the Kroonland left New York, several weeks ago, the boy went aboard to deliver some flowers to a passenger. He was so busy inspecting the ship that she sailed and was outside Sandy Hook before the boy discovered he was bound on a free round trip across the Atlantic.

JURY IN DEADLOCK IN M'GANNON TRIAL

Unable to Agree on Verdict After Considering Case for Twenty-six Hours.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 30.—The jury considering the second-degree murder case of William H. McGannon, Chief Justice of the Municipal Court, was apparently in a hopeless deadlock tonight.

The jury reported at 10 o'clock that they were unable to reach an agreement and asked that they be allowed to retire for the night. Judge Vernon ordered that they be locked up in a hotel. At that hour the case had been in their hands almost twenty-eight hours. It is reported thirteen ballots had been taken, with the vote ten to two for conviction.

Judge Maurice Bernon returned to his chambers in the courtroom at 8 o'clock. He announced he would order the jury locked up for the night at 11 o'clock unless the verdict was returned in the meantime.

Judge McGannon spent practically the whole day near the courtroom.

TRAVIS DEFENDED BY STEUER

Charges Called 'Utterly Unfounded' in Statement for Controller.

The indictments against Controller Eugene M. Travis, Deputy Controller and Controller-elect James A. Wendell and Albert L. Judson, a bond dealer, involving a larceny of $230,650 from the State, were described as "utterly unfounded" in a statement issued yesterday by Max D. Steuer, counsel for Mr. Travis. Mr. Steuer declared that "there is no claim or pretense that Mr. Travis obtained for himself one dollar in the transaction," and set forth what the statement describes as "facts well known to the District Attorney" concerning the two transactions on which the indictments were based.

Several Feet of Water at 39th Street Blaze.

OVERCOME BY GAS FUMES

Two Occupants Escape by Sliding Down Rope Which Painter Left Tied to Roof.

Caught in a back draft at a fire yesterday afternoon in the basement of a remodeled five-story brownstone house at 40 West Thirty-ninth Street, between Fifth and Sixth Avenues, three firemen of Engine Company 54 toppled headlong into the flooded cellar. They were overcome by gas and rescued from drowning by their comrades under the direction of Battalion Chief George Brower. Four other firemen were overcome. The rapidity with which the flames mounted from floor to floor barely gave time to twenty-five young women, employed in the Bureau of National Literature on the fourth floor, to flee by the rear fire escape.

The lower floors were occupied by the Hilgert Shoe Corporation and the top floor by Lawrence Harris, an artist, who slid to the ground on a rope hanging from the roof. Abraham Isenberg, an employe of the shoe company, escaped in the same manner.

Battalion Chief Brower had just let himself down into the basement, then waist deep with water, while Lieutenant Eisler and two firemen, Andrew Meyer and Timothy Dunne, stood on the edge of the opening into the basement. They were caught in the back draft and plunged into the basement. Chief Brower stumbled upon their bodies and called for help. Fred Fritz of Engine Company 54 directed a stream of water in such a way as to fan back the fumes.

Patrick Russell and Peter Hicks of Hook and Ladder 4 entered the opening and brought out the men. Meyer and Dunne were revived within half an hour, but Lieutenant Eisler had to be removed to Bellevue Hospital.

Captain Thomas W. Smith and Fireman John Baker of Engine Company 2 and Firemen Thomas Keenan and Thomas Greene of Engine Company 26 were badly cut by falling glass.

Smoke from the fire penetrated a fifteen-story loft building and caused alarm among hundreds of employes, mostly women. The fire, which lasted two hours, caused damage estimated at $50,000.

YOUNG FIELD DEFENDS WORK

Calls It Criminal Not to Use Wealth for Helping Industry.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—"Why does a young man with enough money at his disposal to satisfy every possible whim his life may develop, go to work to earn a living?"

This question was asked of Marshall Field 3d today. Mr. Field has hitched his career to a broker's desk at 127 South La Salle Street, had his name inscribed on the door, and settled down to the great American pastime of making $2 grow where there was only one before.

"I would consider it criminal if I did not take advantage of my opportunities to assist in the developing of American industry," he answered. "Merely having money is not being creative and not doing one's share toward increasing the prosperity and stability of the nation. It is using money, becoming a part of the great exchange of ideas, investments, purchases and sales, that makes a man feel that he belongs to the life of his country."

Out to-day
New Victor Records for January

Everybody who received a Victrola for Christmas will be particularly interested in this list of new Victor music. But whether it is for that new Victrola or for the Victrola which has been the friend of your heart for years, you will find selections you will want to hear—and add to your record collection. Any Victor dealer will gladly play any numbers for you.

		Number	Size	Price
Mefistofele—L'altra notte (They Threw My Child Into the Sea)	Frances Alda	74651	12	$1.75
Turkish March (From "Ruins of Athens") Violin	Mischa Elman	64915	10	1.25
Quartet in D Minor—Ailegretto ma non troppo (Mozart)	Flonzaley Quartet	74652	12	1.75
Mignon—Polonaise, "Io son Titania" (I'm Fair Titania)	Amelita Galli-Curci	74653	12	1.75
Life	Orville Harrold	64916	10	1.25
Banjo Song	Mme. Homer and Miss Louise Homer	87572	10	1.50
Elijah—If With All Your Hearts	Edward Johnson	74654	12	1.75
Since You Went Away	John McCormack and Fritz Kreisler	87573	10	1.50
Le Coucou (The Cuckoo) Piano	Sergei Rachmaninoff	64919	10	1.25
Andrea Chenier—Nemico della patrie? (The Enemy of His Country?)	Titta Ruffo	88626	12	1.75
Stein Song	Reinald Werrenrath	64914	10	1.25
That Naughty Waltz	Olive Kline-Elsie Baker	45203	10	1.00
Alabama Moon	Olive Kline-Elsie Baker			
Alice Blue Gown—Waltz	Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra	18700	10	.85
Tripoli—Medley Waltz	Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra			
I Love You Sunday—Medley Fox Trot	The Benson Orchestra of Chicago	18701	10	.85
Oh Gee! Oh Gosh!—One Step	The Benson Orchestra of Chicago			
My Sahara Rose—Medley Fox Trot Accordion	Pietro	18702	10	.85
Step It!—One Step Accordion	Pietro			
I've Get the Blues for My Kentucky Home	Aileen Stanley	18703	10	.85
Singin' the Blues	Aileen Stanley			
Sally Green (The Village Vamp)	Billy Murray	18704	10	.85
I've Got the A-B-C-D Blues	Billy Murray-Ed. Smalle			
Forgive Me Lord	Homer Rodeheaver	18706	10	.85
Old Rugged Cross	Mrs. William Asher-Homer Rodeheaver			
Avalon (Fox Trot Song)	Charles Harrison	18707	10	.85
Rock-a-Bye Lullaby Mammy	Peerless Quartet			
Feather Your Nest	Albert Campbell-Henry Burr	18708	10	.85
Old Pal, Why Don't You Answer Me?	Henry Burr			
Grieving for You—Feather Your Nest—Fox Trot	Paul Whiteman and His Ambassador Orchestra	35703	12	1.35
My Wonder Girl—Coral Sea—Fox Trot	Paul Whiteman and His Ambassador Orchestra			

Hear these new Victor Records today at any Victor dealer's. He will give you an illustrated booklet describing their New Victor Records on sale at all dealers on the 1st of each month. Victrolas in great variety from $25 to $1500.

Victrola
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.



This trademark and the trademarked word "Victrola" identify all our products. Look under the lid! Look on the label!
VICTOR TALKING MACHINE CO.
Camden, N. J.

Victor Talking Machine Co.
Camden, New Jersey

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd, Manhattan
Court Street at Montague, Brooklyn

Continuation Of The Most Astounding

MEN'S HAT SALE

New York Has Ever Known!

Every Derby, Soft Hat And Velour In Our Stock

$4.95

Hats that were $7.50	Hats that were $14.00
Hats that were $9.00	Hats that were $15.00
Hats that were $10.00	Hats that were $20.00
Hats that were $12.00	Hats that were $24.00

NONE SENT C. O. D.—NONE DELIVERED

Even Though The Response To The First Advertisement Crowded Our Shop To The Doors And Out Upon The Sidewalk, The Assortments Are Yet Without Stint And Values Are Without A Parallel



The Newmarket—Eight Dollars

WE feature The Newmarket because of its unusual valu. An altogether good shoe at eight dollars is a refreshing rarity, these days

The Newmarket adequately presents John Ward standards of style, satisfaction and suitability. It offers so bountiful a mesure of servis that the eight dollars can truthfully be regarded as a most advantageous investment

The Newmarket, in calfskin, may be had in tan or black. At all John Ward Stores, or by mail on receit of size and check.

John Ward Shoe Servis includes: careful cobbling, custom shoe making, expert chiropody and a painstaking attention to mail orders

John Ward Men's Shoes

80-82 Nassau st 21-23 Cortlandt st 348 Fulton st
1401-1403 Broadway 131-133 West 38 st Brooklyn
Philadelphia Store: 1221-1223 Chestnut st

Entertaining Literature

The New York Times Book Review and Magazine, issued Sundays, presents the features of a high-class magazine and critical review.

The news of the book world, together with the gossip of literary coteries, is combined with essays on stirring themes, discoveries in art and science, light and humorous stories dealing with foibles of the day—all beautifully illustrated and printed by Rotogravure process. The New York Times Book Review and Magazine is an artistic and literary achievement of merit and distinction.

A valued feature of this publication is the Book Exchange, a means of intercommunication between buyers and sellers of literary antiques, old and rare books, manuscripts, autographs and ancient prints, and the many odds and ends dear to collectors.

The New York Times
Book Review and Magazine
Times Square, New York.

Mailed to any address in the United States for $1.00 a year; to Canada, $1.50.

MUSIC

By Richard Aldrich.

Mr. Albert Coates Conducts.

In the concert of the New York Symphony Orchestra in Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon Albert Coates, the English "guest" conductor, who is to direct several concerts of the orchestra, made his first appearance in this country. He comes with the reputation of being one of the ablest of the English conductors, who has made his name by the work he has done with the London Symphony Orchestra and the London Philharmonic Society, as well as in the direction of opera at Covent Garden. He is a young man of imposing figure, who has other things to think of on the conductor's stand than plastic grace of motion or statuesque pose. He disclosed immediately authority, innate musical instinct, a feeling for style and for the finer grades of musical beauty as expressed in orchestral performance. He is an interpreter and he possesses the mastery of orchestral technique that enables him to achieve interpretation. He was greeted at his appearance with a demonstration permitting no doubt that he was a welcome guest.

Mr. Coates most appropriately made his first program entirely of British music. It comprised a suite for string orchestra arranged by himself for movements out of various dramatic works of Henry Purcell, Elgar's "Enigma" variations and the "London" symphony of R. Vaughan Williams. Only Elgar's works were known to this public, but the performance of them was therefore the most immediate touchstone of Mr. Coates's ability as a conductor. It may be said truly that, though they have not been heard in New York, it is difficult to remember a performance that has given sound so beautiful, so warm and glowing; one that so persistently lucid and illumined the melodic line, as Wagner meant by the "melos," made the music "sing so variously and so expressively, or that set forth so luminously the contrasts and combinations of its orchestral colors. No wonder that this performance made a deep impression and roused the audience to an enthusiasm that seemed almost perplexing. Mr. Coates's name of Purcell is, so much more familiar than his music to this public that the suite was listened to with curiosity as well as interest. There was a statement of what the pieces were and are assembled in it; but they are famously much as filled important places in operas of the seventeenth century or they are pieces of incidental music such as Purcell wrote for many plays. They are five in number, and it is possible to disengage from their archaic characteristics a strongly individual quality which is triumphantly summed up in the brief but very splendid largo movement that forms the coda of the allegro and the climax of the whole suite.

Vaughan Williams's "London" symphony had never been attempted before in this country, somewhat strangely, for it has made an impression in England. Nor is much more of his music known here than his setting of the poem "On Wenlock Edge." The symphony is inspired by London, by its varied and vulgar life, gay, picturesque, amusing, squalid, pathetic, fierce; with an undercurrent, a groundswell of regret, by the impression of different places and quarters, and the introduction and the epilogue emerges from and return to Father Thames, flowing calm and silent.

Mr. Coates has interpreted the symphony in an elaborate geographical and ethnological analysis to which he has subjected it, and yet the music speaks eloquently for itself. The sad and even tragic note Mr. Williams writes in a musical idiom of his own, an individual utterance, free and drastic in harmonic quality, a little severe, lightened by such things as the jigging episode in the first movement, by hints of the occupation supposed to be dearer to Cockneys than to London, by the rowdy element unmistakable in the Scherzo, all declaimed so strongly by its "ostinato" figure.

In the Lento movement there is remarkable power of summoning and characterizing the mood, maintaining the atmosphere. These two, the Lento and the Scherzo, seemed the strongest movements of the symphony. In the last movement Mr. Williams has sought to deal with the cruellier aspects of London. There is no "Hunger March" of the whom the great city grinds and wastes, a commonplace theme in itself, and in its development; but is commonplace necessary for the depiction of common things?

The symphony is not, on the whole, pleasing. It is hardly beautiful, but it is arresting and deeply felt, music of no common quality. It is not always, perhaps, scored with the greatest skill, for there are many passages, including the initiative ones—the concertina, the old musician's fiddling tune, the Coster girls' dance that are singularly successful. The symphony is, moreover, long, too long. It would gain in power and in point by shortening. Mr. Williams has revised it once; he would do well to lay the blue pencil upon it again.

GRIFFES GROUP APPEARS.

Edna Thomas, Assisted by Violinist and Pianist, Delights in Songs.

The Griffes group, under which name three young artists paid their tribute to the memory of an American composer made a start of interest and promise at yesterday's Aeolian Hall matinee in the well-appointed task of singing and playing the music of predominantly native color, and always at least one number of Charles T. Griffes. This one's work yesterday was a "Scherzo" for piano, which Olga Steeb gave, while Sascha Jacobinoff added an "Old English Dance" for violin by Walter Kramer, a New Yorker.

Both the violinist and pianist associated Edna Thomas, mezzo-soprano, in a charming performance of MacDowell's "Slumber Song," C. M. Loeffler's "Dansens la Gigue" and four Creole and negro folk-songs from Miss Thomas's native Louisiana. It is rare to hear a lovelier natural voice in all the implications of sympathetic tone-color than this young singer displayed; her plantation songs should be heard again—indeed, they were yesterday, all being sung twice over before the matinee pause would let the program proceed.

Gigli Sings Mario in "Tosca."

Metropolitan tenors, however sincerely they regret Caruso's illness and absence from the stage, are having a field day with the public such as has not been known at the opera house in nearly twenty years. Beniamin Gigli last night sang Mario in "Tosca" to a sold-out house, with many standing, and won his hearers with something of golden tone and more of dramatic sense than he has before displayed here. Miss Farrar and Mr. Scotti in their famous roles were applauded after Scarpia's murder by the Italian singer, and Mr. Moranzoni conducted.

Erlanger Gets Davis Chicago Houses

A. L. Erlanger yesterday announced the completion of a deal by which he acquires all of the Chicago theatre holdings of the late Will J. Davis. Mr. Davis was interested in the ownership of four or five Chicago houses. Mr. Erlanger and his associates are now in control of the Powers, the Blackstone, the Olympic, the Illinois and the Colonial theatres, and will erect two more Chicago houses within the next six months.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The one-thousandth consecutive performance of "Lightnin'" in New York will be celebrated at the Gaiety tonight. Motion pictures will be taken of the audience entering and leaving the theatre, and the first act of the play will also be filmed.

The matinees of "Mixed Marriage" at the Times Square Theatre will begin next Tuesday, instead of Monday, as originally planned.

A special New Year's Eve tableau by Ben Hecht will be shown in the Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic tonight. Marion Wilkins, a dancer, will join the Frolic next Monday night.

Hassard Short will stage the new Wilner & Romberg musical piece, "Three Kisses."

A new motion picture house is to be erected on Manhattan Avenue, Greenpoint, by Sol Brill. It will have a seating capacity of 2,500.

Macklyn Arbuckle, now appearing in "Daddy Dumplins," will be a member of the all-star cast to be seen in "In the Night Watch," scheduled to open at the Century Jan. 24. Mr. Arbuckle will be starred in Shubert's next season in a new play.

Those who wish to observe the succession of the year in a motion picture theatre will be able to do so, as the Broadway [illegible] shows tonight, beginning at about 11 o'clock.

A Play by Thomas and His Own Farcical Comedy, Among Others.

George M. Cohan's plans for the immediate future, it was announced yesterday, include the presentation of a new serious play by Augustus Thomas, and also the production of a farcical comedy from the pen of Mr. Cohan. Mr. Thomas's play will soon be placed in rehearsal, and Mr. Cohan's comedy will be produced in February.

A farce by Jose Ruben is scheduled for Spring production, and another musical comedy by Otto Harbach and Louis A. Hirsch, authors of "Mary," is en route. One of the "Mary" companies will open at Cohan's Grand Opera House in Chicago on Jan. 31.

"Love and Learn," a comedy by Vincent Lawrence and Edgar Selwyn, which Mr. Cohan produced in Baltimore on Monday night, will come to town in a few weeks. Wallace Eddinger and Ruth Shepley head the cast.

'Miss Bobby' Besler Sings for Young

This season's first matinee of songs and stories for children introduced at the Princess Theatre yesterday a diminutive soprano. "Miss Bobby" Besler, as she chose to be known, in a Frances White make-up and Kitty Cheatham program, which from Weckerlin's "Noel" to Coolidge's "Solomon Grundy" and Burleigh's "Didn't It Rain," might have been Miss Cheatham's own. Miss Besler looked like a really little girl and sang and declaimed like a big one, for she has a serviceable voice and a confident demeanor. Adele Beatty, in a prim nurse's cap, assisted at the piano.

MUSIC NOTES.

Maurice Dambois, the 'cellist, gave a recital in Aeolian Hall last evening, including solos with his own "recorded" accompaniments on a reproducing piano.

Negro youths and children to the number of 150 took part in Carnegie Hall benefit last night for funds to build a $50,000 music school in Harlem.

Free organ recitals at the City College will be resumed on Sunday by Samuel Baldwin. There will be no Wednesday recitals, however, until February.

Alexander Bloch and Mrs. Bloch will give a recital of sonatas for violin and piano on Sunday evening at the Educational Alliance.

Giovanni Tagliapietra, a former opera tenor, will speak Wednesday evening on "Health and the Singing Voice" in the East Fifth Street public school.

THE NEIGHBORHOOD PLAYHOUSE
466 GRAND STREET.
TELEPHONE ORCHARD 1171.
TO-NIGHT
"THE MOB"
by
JOHN GALSWORTHY
Orchestra, One Dollar. Balcony, 50c.
SAT. and SUN. EVES., JAN. 1-2
Two Special Benefit Performances for the Club and Class work of Henry St. Settlement.
Twenty Unusual and Interesting Dance Numbers and
"La Boutique Fantasque"
(The Magic Shop)
A Pantomime Ballet in Three Scenes. Music by Rossini.
TICKETS—$5—$3—$2

DANCING
ALL NIGHT
NEW YEAR'S EVE
Beginning at 7:30, ending at sunrise, and if it's cloudy you can keep on dancing.
ROSELAND
Broadway at 51st St.
Sat. and Sun. Matinees.
Evenings 7:30 to 1 A. M.
Continuous Dancing all night New Year's Eve. Reservations should be made at once.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE — HARRY FRANKLIN CARROLL & CO — ARDELL & CO — Bob Hall, O'Donnell & Blair, Alexander Bros. & Evelyn, Uths. & JOE COOK
Bryant 6500. Mats. Daily, 25c-$1.
Two Separate Performances TONIGHT—NEW YEAR'S EVE AT ALL B. F. KEITH THEATRES
First, 7:30; Second, 10:30.

GOOD TIMES — MAN O' WAR'S SENSATIONAL VICTORY (A Real Race)
MATINEE EVERY DAY At the HIPPODROME
EVES. AT 8:10. MATINEES AT 2:10.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47 St. Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15
WATSON & COHAN in GIRLS DE LOOKS
Extra Midnight Performance TONIGHT 11:30.

MOTION PICTURES.
SPECIAL PERFORMANCES
NEW YEAR'S EVE. (TONIGHT)
Beginning at 11 P. M. at the
RIVOLI—RIALTO—CRITERION
No Advance in Prices.
PARAMOUNT PICTURES.
CRITERION B'way at 44th St. Noon to 11:30.
WILLIAM DE MILLE'S "Midsummer Madness"
with
Jack Holt, Conrad Nagel, Lois Wilson, Lila Lee
RIVOLI BROADWAY AT 49TH ST.
Special Holiday Week Bill
Wallace Reid, "The Charm School"
CHRISTMAS FANTASY. CHORUS.
RIVOLI CONCERT ORCHESTRA.
Special perform. for children, 10:30 Each morning.
Anniversary Bill—Next Week
RIALTO Douglas MacLean
TIMES "The Rookies Return"
SQUARE FAMOUS RIALTO ORCHESTRA.

44TH ST. THEATRE MATINEE EVERY DAY
THREE TIMES TODAY.
2:15—7:45—10:45
Midnight Celebration Tonight
The D. W. Griffith Masterpiece
WAY DOWN EAST
Orchestral & Vocal Accompaniment.
All Seats Reserved. Order in Advance.

BROADHURST 44th St., W. of B'way. Twice Daily 2:30-8:30
WILLIAM FOX Presents
OVER THE HILL
By Will Carleton. Directed by Harry Millarde.

CAPITOL — Madge Kennedy, "The Girl With the Jazz Heart." Madge Evans in "Heidi." Russian Cathedral Chair.
B'way at 51 Street — World's Largest and Most Beautiful Theatre.

MARK STRAND — CHAS. RAY, "THE CLEAN UP" — PHYLLIS HAVER
B'way & 47 St. STRAND ORCHESTRA.

PLAZA Mad. Ave. at 59th St. — DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS in "THE MOLLYCODDLE." Also "THE VEILED MYSTERY."
Plaza Orch. Organ, Comedy, Novelties.

Loew's New York Theatre and Roof
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
BEBE DANIELS, "Oh, Lady, Lady."

OPERA TICKETS — Choice seats all operas. Subscriptions bought, sold or exchanged for Metropolitan and Chicago Opera Co. Seats for TOSCANINI CONCERTS
Phone Bryant 7877 — Carnegie Hall, Jan. 8, and at Metropolitan Jan. 11 & 25. Consult, 1416 B'way (40-41 Sts.)

TOSCANINI CONCERTS
SEATS ALL LOCATIONS, $1.50 TO $3.
NORMANDIE HOTEL, Broadway & 38th St.
Jacob's Opera Ticket Office.
PHONES FITZROY—4139-4190.

Sight Seeing Royal Blue Line
Seeing New York, up town, down town, over the great bridges to Brooklyn, 10 A.M., 2 P.M. Chinatown, New York After Dark, 8 P.M. Luxurious glass roof heated automobiles. Distinctive Service. Ask at hotels for our free map and guide.
ROYAL BLUE LINE CO. OF N. Y.
Office Starting Point, Hotel McAlpin

WINTER GARDEN Thurs. & Sat.
"Play with Mr. color and humor, and best of all reverses of emotion."—Alexander Woollcott, Times.
"In every way 'The Passing Show' is a huge success."—Stephen Rathbun, Sun.
THE PASSING SHOW OF 1921
Presenting Willie & Eugene Howard
MARIE DRESSLER—HARRY WATSON
And 200 Others.
"Surpasses them all, not only in seenic beauty, but in the spirit of bubbling fun; rich in humor and spectacular effect."—Robert G. Welch, Telegram.
HOLIDAY MATINEE TOM'W

CENTURY THEATRE. 62nd & Sharp. Mats. 63d & C. P.W. Tom'w & Wed., 2
MATINEE TOMORROW, 50c TO $2.50.
F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest Present
LAST 4 WEEKS MECCA
A Musical Extravaganza of the Orient.
CO. OF 400 PEOPLE—11 SCENES.
Positively Most Beautiful and Most Stupendous Success in World's History.

CENTURY Promenade Above Century Theatre
CENTURY MIDNIGHT REVUE at 11:30
Opens at 10:30 for Dining and Dancing.

CENTRAL THEATRE, 47th & B'y. Evs. 8:30
Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30.
MATINEE TOMORROW, 50c TO $2.50.
F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest Present
The London and Paris Sensation
DELYSIA "AFGAR"
In the Musical Show
"Has taken New York by storm."—Telegram.

ASTOR THEATRE, B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:25.
Matinees Tom'w & Wed. (Popular) at 2:25.
HENRY W. SAVAGE offers
"Dramatic Sensation of Season."—Journal.
MADGE KENNEDY
HERSELF in a dual role in "CORNERED"

39TH ST. THEATRE, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30
BEN-AMI
"SAMSON AND DELILAH"
PAULINE LORD

PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way.
MATINEE TODAY Popular Prices.
REGULAR MATINEE TOMORROW.
MARY NASH
in "Thy Name Is Woman"

Wm. A. Brady's 48TH ST. Thea. E. of B'y. Evs. 8:20 Mts. Tom'w & Thrs. 2:20
"The Broken Wing"
NEW YORK'S BIGGEST THRILL!

BIJOU THEATRE, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30.
Mats. Today & Tomorrow.
MATINEE TODAY Popular Prices.
REGULAR MATINEE TOMORROW.
THE SKIN GAME
By JOHN GALSWORTHY.

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. at 8:30.
Mats. Saturday, 2:30.
The Reigning Musical Comedy Success
PITTER PATTER with CONNOLLY TRUEX
NEXT MON. EVE. SEATS NOW ON SALE
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
GRANT MITCHELL
In a New Comedy "The Champion"
by Thomas Louden and A. E. Thomas.

CARRICK 65 West 35th St. Fitzroy 1522.
Evs. 8:15. Mts. Tom'w & Thrs. 2:15
HEARTBREAK HOUSE
A Comedy by Bernard Shaw

Full subscription prices, including war tax, allowed on OPERA TICKETS The Original TYSON & CO. 1472 B'WAY. 4080 Bryant ESTABLISHED 1850 100 B'WAY. 9100 Rector

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEA.
ARTHUR HOPKINS Offers
THE BEGGAR'S OPERA
FIRST MATINEE TOMORROW.

BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:30. MATS. THIS WEEK Today & Tom'w
WILLIAM FAVERSHAM
in MARK TWAIN'S THE PRINCE AND THE PAUPER

SHUBERT Thea., 44 St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30
Matinees Tom'w & Wed. 2:30.
THE BOHEMIANS, INC., ANNOUNCE
THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920

FRAZEE West 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Phone 51 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Bryant
MISS ANGLIN in "The Woman of Bronze."

LITTLE THEATRE 44 St., W. of B'way Mats. TODAY, 2:30.
THE 1st YEAR

CASINO 39th and B'way. Evenings at 8:30.
MATINEES THIS WEEK Matinees Today & Tomorrow. TODAY at 2:20. and Tomorrow.
ZIMBALIST'S PLAY WITH MUSIC.
HONEYDEW

APOLLO West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FRANCES WHITE in "JIMMIE"
with BEN WELCH and Star Cast.

SELWYN West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FRANK TINNEY in the Minstrel Comedy TICKLE ME
SELWYN THEA.—SPECIAL MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.
Also Mon., Tues., Thurs. & Fri. Next Week
"Amazing and Unforgettable"—Alexander Woollcott, N. Y. Times.
The Provincetown Players
with CHARLES GILPIN in
"THE EMPEROR JONES"
preceded by One-Act Comedy
MANAGEMENT ADOLPH KLAUBER
PRICES 50c TO $2.00.

TIMES SQ. Thea., W. 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30.
EXTRA HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY
FLORENCE REED in THE MIRAGE

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Phone Bryant 124.
2ND YEAR—THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT
IRENE
Seats 6 Weeks Ahead. MATS. TOM'W & WED.

GREENWICH VILLAGE THEA.
ARTHUR HOPKINS Offers
THE BEGGAR'S OPERA
FIRST MATINEE TOMORROW.

BOOTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evenings 8:30. MATS. THIS WEEK Today & Tom'w
WILLIAM FAVERSHAM
in MARK TWAIN'S THE PRINCE AND THE PAUPER

SHUBERT Thea., 44 St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30
Matinees Tom'w & Wed. 2:30.
THE BOHEMIANS, INC., ANNOUNCE
THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920

FRAZEE West 42d St. Evgs. 8:30. Phone 51 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Bryant
MISS ANGLIN in "The Woman of Bronze."

LITTLE THEATRE 44 St., W. of B'way Mats. TODAY, 2:30.
THE 1st YEAR

CASINO 39th and B'way. Evenings at 8:30.
MATINEES THIS WEEK Matinees Today & Tomorrow. TODAY at 2:20. and Tomorrow.
ZIMBALIST'S PLAY WITH MUSIC.
HONEYDEW

APOLLO West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FRANCES WHITE in "JIMMIE"
with BEN WELCH and Star Cast.

SELWYN West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FRANK TINNEY in the Minstrel Comedy TICKLE ME
SELWYN THEA.—SPECIAL MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.
Also Mon., Tues., Thurs. & Fri. Next Week
"Amazing and Unforgettable"—Alexander Woollcott, N. Y. Times.
The Provincetown Players
with CHARLES GILPIN in
"THE EMPEROR JONES"
preceded by One-Act Comedy
MANAGEMENT ADOLPH KLAUBER
PRICES 50c TO $2.00.

TIMES SQ. Thea., W. 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30.
EXTRA HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY
FLORENCE REED in THE MIRAGE

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Phone Bryant 124.
2ND YEAR—THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT
IRENE
Seats 6 Weeks Ahead. MATS. TOM'W & WED.

ZONA GALE'S Miss LULU BETT
BELMONT 44 St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Sat. & Thurs., 2:30.

BROCK PEMBERTON Presents
Olida Vreeland—Norman Trevor
ENTER MADAME
FULTON W. 46th St. Evs. at 8:30. Today and All Week 2:30.

COMEDY Theatre, W. 41st. Evs. 8:30. MATINEES TOM'W & THURS.
HOLBROOK BLINN
As a lovable, laughable bandit—
THE BAD MAN

ROSA EAVES THEATRE, 44th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30.
"Surpassing Comedy."—Telegram.
3 LIVE GHOSTS
Matinees Tom'w & Wednesday, 2:30.

PLYMOUTH 45th Street, W. of B'way Mats. Today & Tom'w.
Little Old New York
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY

PRINCESS 39th n'r B'way. Beginning TUES. JAN. 4. Seats Now
Max R. Wilner and S. Romberg Offer
HELEN WARE — JOSEPH SHILDKRAUT.
REGINA WALLACE — ALICE FISCHER in
"PAGANS"
A Modern Play by Charles Anthony.

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Fun.) & Sat., 2:30
Daddy Dumplins with MACLYN ARBUCKLE

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
"LADIES' NIGHT"

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th St. Bet. B'way & 6th. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat.
6TH BIG MONTH SPANISH LOVE

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.
THE BAT "KEEPS STANDERS ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.

Lexington Th. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
51st St. & Lex. Av. Ph. Plaza 5020
FRITZ LEIBER
in the PLAYS OF SHAKESPEARE.
TODAY, JULIUS CAESAR; Tom'w Mat., Romeo and Juliet; Tom'w Eve., Richard III.; Next Mon., Othello; Tues., Macbeth; Wed. Mat., Hamlet; Wed. Eve., Merchant of Venice; Thurs., Macbeth. Regular Prices tonight and tomorrow, 50c to $1.50.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA. Evs. 8:15. 2:15 Tom'w.
CECIL LEAN in "LOOK WHO'S HERE"
With Cleo Mayfield.
Next Week.....EAST IS WEST.

ZONA GALE'S Miss LULU BETT
BELMONT 44 St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Sat. & Thurs., 2:30.

BROCK PEMBERTON Presents
Olida Vreeland—Norman Trevor
ENTER MADAME
FULTON W. 46th St. Evs. at 8:30. Today and All Week 2:30.

COMEDY Theatre, W. 41st. Evs. 8:30. MATINEES TOM'W & THURS.
HOLBROOK BLINN
As a lovable, laughable bandit—
THE BAD MAN

ROSA EAVES THEATRE, 44th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30.
"Surpassing Comedy."—Telegram.
3 LIVE GHOSTS
Matinees Tom'w & Wednesday, 2:30.

PLYMOUTH 45th Street, W. of B'way Mats. Today & Tom'w.
Little Old New York
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY

PRINCESS 39th n'r B'way. Beginning TUES. JAN. 4. Seats Now
Max R. Wilner and S. Romberg Offer
HELEN WARE — JOSEPH SHILDKRAUT.
REGINA WALLACE — ALICE FISCHER in
"PAGANS"
A Modern Play by Charles Anthony.

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Fun.) & Sat., 2:30
Daddy Dumplins with MACLYN ARBUCKLE

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30.
"LADIES' NIGHT"

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S 39th St. Bet. B'way & 6th. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat.
6TH BIG MONTH SPANISH LOVE

MOROSCO West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30.
THE BAT "KEEPS STANDERS ON TIPS OF THEIR TOES."—World.
EXTRA MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.

Lexington Th. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. 2:30
51st St. & Lex. Av. Ph. Plaza 5020
FRITZ LEIBER
in the PLAYS OF SHAKESPEARE.
TODAY, JULIUS CAESAR; Tom'w Mat., Romeo and Juliet; Tom'w Eve., Richard III.; Next Mon., Othello; Tues., Macbeth; Wed. Mat., Hamlet; Wed. Eve., Merchant of Venice; Thurs., Macbeth. Regular Prices tonight and tomorrow, 50c to $1.50.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA. Evs. 8:15. 2:15 Tom'w.
CECIL LEAN in "LOOK WHO'S HERE"
With Cleo Mayfield.
Next Week.....EAST IS WEST.

LYRIC THEA. NOW — MATINEES TODAY AND TOMORROW.
The Journal says: "'HER FAMILY TREE' is the breeziest entertainment seen hereabouts this season—will attract the tired business man." I'll add—"It will attract his womenfolks and children, too."
YOUR LOVING SON,
NORA BAYES

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:15.
"One of the plays all lovers of the theatre should see and see again."—Times.
Ruth Chatterton in "MARY ROSE" at his best."—Herald.
J. M. BARRIE'S NEW PLAY.

BELASCO WEST 44 ST. EVES. AT 8:15. MATS. TOM'W & THRS., 2:15.
LIONEL ATWILL in the New Play "DEBURAU"
By Sacha Guitry, adapted by Granville Barker.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30.
INA CLAIRE in "THE GOLD DIGGERS" By Avery Hopwood.

BRAMHALL 138 E. 27th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
Mixed Marriage by St. John Ervine

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TOM'W & THURS., 2:30.
Patricia Collinge "A Veritable Gem."—Eve. Post
JUST SUPPOSE
A. E. THOMAS' NEW PLAY.

LAST 3 TIMES
CORT West 48 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:20.
JIM JAM JEMS
The Smashing Musical Hit.
MONDAY, JAN. 3—SEATS SELLING.
Margaret Lawrence—Arthur Byron
IN THE "TRANSPLANTING JEAN"
COMEDY.
SPECIAL MATINEES—MGT. MARC KLAW, Inc.
MR. & MRS. COBURN Present
THE YELLOW JACKET

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE.
TONIGHT & TOM'W NIGHT, LECOCQ'S "GIROFLE-GIROFLA." Prices 50c to $2.50.
THIS AFT., "ARCHENBROEDEL" (Cinderella). Prices 50c to $1.50.
TOM'W AFT., LEHAR'S Operetta "WO DIE LERCHE SINGT" (Where the Lark Sings).
All Performances In German.

CLARE KUMMER presents ROLAND YOUNG in
ROLLO'S WILD OAT Punch & Judy
Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Tomorrow, 2:30.

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. MATINEE TODAY, 2:30.
JOHN GOLDEN Presents
FRANK BACON 'LIGHTNIN'
LOBE. Evs. 8:30. Extra Matinee TODAY.
FRED STONE "TIP-TOP"
"At his best" in

NEW AMSTERDAM—MATS. WED. & SAT.
POP. MAT. TOMORROW, 50c TO $2.50.
Ziegfeld Production Sally
Marilynn Miller
Leon Errol in
NEW AMSTERDAM ROOF—NEW
Ziegfeld Midnight Frolic

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evs. at 8:15. Pop. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
"BEST THAT MUSICAL COMEDY CAN PROVIDE."—N. Y. Herald.
MITZI
in "LADY BILLY" A MUSICAL COMEDY HIT.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way, 43d St. Mats. TODAY, Sat. & Wed.
GEO. M. COHAN'S PRODUCTION
THE TAVERN
GREATEST MYSTERY OF THEM ALL.
ARNOLD DALY as the Vagabond.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
HOLIDAY MATINEE TODAY.
GEO. M. COHAN'S Comedians
MARY
(ISN'T IT A GRAND OLD NAME?)

HUDSON West 44TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY, Sat. & Wed.
GEO. M. COHAN'S production of
THE MEANEST MAN IN THE WORLD
MR. COHAN in the Title Role.

TONIGHT, 50c TO $3.00.
GOOD SEATS AT BOX OFFICE.
BAB LAST WEEK with HELEN HAYES
Park Thea. Col. Cir. Evs. 8:30 Last Mat. To-m'w.
Beginning JAN. 3—8:10 Sharp
SEATS ARE NOW ON SALE.
FRANCIS DE WOLF
WILSON & HOPPER IN A NEW AND WONDERFUL ACT
"ERMINIE"

COHAN & HARRIS Th., W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15
Special Matinee Today
WELCOME STRANGER
with GEORGE SIDNEY.

AEOLIAN HALL, TOMORROW AFT. AT 3
LAMBERT MURPHY
SONG RECITAL (Mason & Hamlin)
AEOLIAN HALL, MON. AFT., JAN. 3, 3:00.
YOLANDA MERO
PIANO RECITAL (Steinway)
AEOLIAN HALL, MON. EVE., JAN. 3, at 8:15
JOSEPH FUCHS
24 Violin Recital. (Steinway Piano.)
HIPPODROME, SUN. EVE., JAN. 9.
FIRST AMERICAN APPEARANCE
SELMA KURZ
EUROPE'S FAMOUS SOPRANO SOLOIST
NATIONAL SYMPHONY
Tickets $1 to $2.50 (No War Tax). Mail Orders Now to Hippodrome. Seats at Box Off. Jan. 3. Chick'g.
HIPPODROME, THIS SUNDAY EVE.
FIRST NEW YORK RECITAL
KUBELIK
with RUSSIAN PIANIST, ALFRED MIROVITCH
Tickets $1.50 to $2.50 (No Tax) Box Office. Mgt. Hurok Bureau. Chickering.

AEOLIAN HALL
SONG RECITAL
Francisca CATALINA
Spanish Coloratura Soprano
Sat., Jan. 1st, at 8 P. M.
75c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.

Loew's American Roof 42 St., W. of B'way
At Shayne, Bryan, Gerdner & Barnes, Jeanette & Tyner, 4 others. In Thos. F. Arbuckle, The Life of a Party
Every Eve. at 8:15. All Seats Reserved

PHILHARMONIC
CARNEGIE HALL, This Afternoon at 2:30
DIRECTION OF JOSEF STRANSKY
Mahler, First Symphony; Nadieu, "Culprit Fay," conducted by the Composer; Ysaye's Cave, "Tannhauser" Overture.
Next Sunday Aft. at 3
"New World" Symphony, "Till Eulenspiegel," JOAN MANEN, Assisting Artist.
Lalo's "Symphonie Espagnol" for Violin and Orchestra. Felix F. Leifels, Manager.

AEOLIAN HALL, Friday Aft. at 3. Jan. 7
Pianoforte Recital by IGNAZ
FRIEDMAN
AMERICAN DEBUT
Seats Now at Box Office, 75c to $2.
Mgt. Metro. Musical Bureau. Steinway Piano.

CARNEGIE HALL, Wednesday Evg., at 8:15. January 5
ONLY N. Y. RECITAL—FRIEDA
HEMPEL
Seats at Box Office. Steinway Piano.

CARNEGIE HALL, Mon. Aft., Jan. 2, at 3
JOSEPH SCHWARZ
RUSSIAN BARITONE
Presented by Alex L. Fischer.
Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, TUES. AFT., JAN. 4, AT 3
SONG RECITAL
Marguerite D'Alvarez
"The Matchless D'Alvarez."—The Globe.
Management Daniel Mayer. Steinway Piano.

"ICELAND" ICE SKATING
BROADWAY-53D ST. ADMISSION 75c.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
TODAY MAT. at 1. PARSIFAL. Mattenauer, Gordon, Sundelius; Sembach, Whitehill, Bothier, Didur, Gustafson—Bodanzky.
TONIGHT at 8. MANON LESCAUT. Alda, Tokatyan; Martinelli, De Luca, Malatesta—Papi.
SAT. at 2. Double Bill. AMORE DI TRE RE. Easton; Gigli, Amato, Mardones, Bada—Merander. GARILLON MAGICO. Galli—Papi.
SAT. at 8:15 (Pop. Prices). LUCIA. Garrison; Chamlee, Danise, Martino, Dua—Papi.
SUN. EVG., GALA OPERATIC CONCERT.
NEXT MON. & ODN CARLOS. Fossella, Matzenauer, Galli; Martinelli, De Luca, Didur—Papi.
WED. at 8. CARMEN. Farrar, Sundelius, Galli; Martinelli, Amato, Rothier, Wolff.
THURS. at 8:15. OBERON. Fossella, Gordon, Sundelius; Kingston, Diaz, Dua—Bodanzky.
FRI. 7:45. TRISTAN. Matzenauer, Gordon; Sembach, Whitehill, Gustafson, Bada, Bodanzky
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

NEW YORK SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Historical Cycle at Carnegie Hall, TO-NIGHT AT 8:15.
ALBERT COATES
GUEST-CONDUCTOR
British Program, including VAUGHAN WILLIAMS'
"London Symphony"

CARNEGIE HALL, Tom'w (Sat.) Aft., at 2:30
Symphony Concert for Young People
Under Direction of
WALTER DAMROSCH
Soloist: SERGEI RACHMANINOFF

AEOLIAN HALL, NEXT SUN. AFT., AT 3
ALBERT COATES Guest Conductor
Soloist Sergei RACHMANINOFF
BRAHMS, Symphony No. 1.
TSCHAIKOWSKY, Piano Concerto.
SCRIABINE, Poeme de l'Extase.
Tickets at Box Offices. GEORGE ENGLES, Mgr.

London Charlton Announces
TOSCANINI and LA SCALA ORCHESTRA
EXTRA CONCERT
CARNEGIE HALL MON. EVE., JAN. 3 AT 8:15
Under the Auspices and for the Benefit of the Italian Welfare League.
Only a Few Upper Tier Boxes, Parquet and Dress Circle Seats Left.

Hippodrome, This Sun. Eve.
First New York Recital
KUBELIK
Tickets $1 to $2.50 NOW (Chickering).

NATIONAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
ARTUR BODANZKY CONDR.
CARNEGIE HALL SUNDAY EVE., JAN. 2, at 8:15 (Sonell's Babies' Hospital).
KREISLER
THE KNABE IS THE OFFICIAL PIANO

AEOLIAN HALL, THURS. EVG., JAN. 6, at 8:15
GERVASE ELWES
ENGLISH TENOR
Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.

BROOKLYN.
Brooklyn Academy of Music
TO-NIGHT AT 8:15.
B. F. KEITH NEW YEAR'S EVE SHOW
ONA MUNSON & CO.
PAUL DECKER & CO.
BEN BERNIE
SCANLON, DENNO BROS. & SCANLON
JED DOOLEY
WALTER MATHEY & CO.
and 2 OTHER ACTS

SUNDAY NIGHT, JAN. 2
B. F. KEITH SUNDAY NIGHT ENTERTAINMENT
MABEL TALIAFERRO
EDITH HELENA
JULIET
BERNARD & GARRY
and 2 Other Acts
followed by first showing Paramount Feature Picture
LEW WEBER in "To Please One Woman."

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
SATURDAY EVENING, JAN. 1

Published Every Day in the Year by the New York Times Company.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President
B. C. Franch, Secretary.

OFFICES: [TELEPHONE BRYANT 1000]
TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
TIMES ANNEX, 446 W., cor. of Broadway
DOWNTOWN.....7 Beekman Street
WALL STREET.....8 Rector Street
HARLEM.....2,189 Seventh Avenue

BRONX.....2,914 Third Avenue
WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.....3,925 Broadway
WASHINGTON.....Albee Building
CHICAGO.....1202-1204 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....812 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....408 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....12 Haldane Square, S. C.
PARIS.....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonière

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Two Cents a copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 200 miles; Four Cents elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn. Ten Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, postage paid.	One Year	Six Mos.	One Mo.
Daily and Sunday	$12.00	$6.00	$1.00
Daily only	10.00	5.00	.85
Sunday only	4.00	2.25	.45
Sunday only, Canada	3.00	1.75	.35

*One week, 25c. †One week, 30c.

FOREIGN RATES

Daily and Sunday	$26.00	$13.20	$2.40
Daily only	17.40	8.70	1.45
Sunday only	9.75	5.12	.86

Binder, Picture Section, $2.50; Magazine, $1.50.

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS

THE ANNALIST (Mondays): per year, $5; Canada, $6.50; other countries, $6.
Binder for 53 issues (one vol.), $1.50.

THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly): per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.

THE TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursdays), one year, $2; Canada, $2.50; other countries, $2.50
Binder for 52 issues, $1.50

TIMES CURRENT HISTORY. Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $4; Canada, $4.50 (foreign $5). Per copy, 35c.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $3; per year, $8.

THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes in the set—Illustrated—cloth, $40; three-quarter leather, $100; full leather, $150—encyclopedic history European War.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it, or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, DEC. 31, 1920.

GOVERNOR SMITH.

From the day of taking office, Governor SMITH displayed his essential qualifications—fairness, integrity, independence, a high conception of public duty and an unrivaled knowledge of the business of the State. The war had left many problems of reconstruction to be solved. He called to his aid a company of intelligent men and women who had served the Government in the war. He asked them to ponder carefully the best form and means of equal taxation; the economical production and distribution of necessaries, as also education, housing, finance, industrial relations, unemployment, and generally the protection of the public health and welfare. Unfortunately, the Republicans in the Legislature, full of jaundiced partisanship, forgot the interest of the State and the people.

The Governor did succeed in wringing from them consent to vital changes in the Workmen's Compensation law, but the measures which he proposed for the increased protection of the health and welfare of workingmen and workingwomen and to strengthen the child labor laws all failed. This does not diminish the public gratitude to him, while it remains a blot on the Republican record. The Reconstruction Commission had studied the housing situation and carefully framed clear and definite remedial plans. The Legislature would pass only temporarily palliative laws, thereby making a called session necessary.

The Legislature did comply with the Governor's earnest recommendations to improve the common schools, to provide continuation schools, to give the school teachers something like adequate pay and pensions. Among his positive achievements are the reorganization of the Public Service Commission in the First District and his labors for the operation of the Barge Canal and the completion of the canal terminal. His first Superintendent of Public Works was LEWIS NIXON, one of the most eminent of naval engineers. Mr. NIXON'S successor, Mr. EDWARD S. WALSH, was selected for the same reason of competence. He knew the canal business through and through. Indeed, Governor SMITH'S appointments have been of a high order, as a rule. He has not been swayed by Tammany nor unduly influenced by political considerations. He has done the best that a Governor with the best motives and variously and deeply conversant with State affairs could do, under the existing system, for effective, responsible, co-ordinated, economical administration.

We don't forget the $7,000,000 that he saved the State on the appropriation bills, but that is a picayune sum compared with what might be saved and must be saved when the force of public opinion and public necessity secures the adoption of the Executive Budget and the reconstruction of the State Government. There must be concentration in a few departments responsible to the Governor of the functions now dispersed among a crowd of agencies, and these in the hands of boards and commissions and persons neither appointable nor removable, in most cases, by the Governor. Of all Governor SMITH'S great services, this will be found to be the greatest—that he has burned into the consciousness of the people that their government must be simplified; that inefficiency and waste and irresponsibility are now inevitable, and that the Governor's authority must be increased or the State cannot have responsible, competent and saving administration.

The people of New York will insist that such an administration be made possible. There should have been no party question about it. The Republicans must bring themselves to accept has a Governor had such a hold upon the people as Governor SMITH has. He got last November the most extraordinary vote of confidence ever given. He combines with engaging personal qualities a remarkable capacity and zeal for the public service. For many years he has neglected his own affairs. We wish him the utmost prosperity in the business enterprise upon which he enters next week; but it is improbable that he will not be recalled some time to public life—be taken by right of eminent domain as a citizen whose services are necessary to the State.

HE MAY BE HAPPY YET.

Can it be that the hardy American farmer has been exaggerating the miseries of his lot? Possibly his volunteer spokesmen at Washington are the ones who have been putting too much bitumen into the agricultural picture. A survey of actual conditions has been made by Farm Life, a farmers' paper of large circulation published in Indiana, and the reports are not so thick with gloom as might have been expected. "You can't believe all the hard luck tales you hear," we read. Agriculture is undoubtedly "ailing," but "the attack is not fatal, whatever the quacks and professional mourners may say."

Details are not wanting to bear out this cheering view. The farmers' paper mentioned has undertaken to investigate what it callously calls "the mythical corn-burning section." The only concrete evidence it could find was one Iowa farmer who had said that if the price of corn went much lower it might be profitable to burn it. "I do not think an ear has been burned in the State," testifies a competent authority. And the cashier of a farmers' savings bank is so heartless as to say:

> Our whole trouble is that we have made money so easily in the last four years that we have spent it like drunken sailors, and now when the reaction and readjustment comes we are unprepared to accept a loss on the cost of the former years of extra prosperity. Give us a little time to adjust ourselves and we will be all right.

This will sound like treason to horny-handed sons of rhetorical toil in Congress, but to others it will seem reasonable and encouraging. Farmers are not such poor creatures as to be driven to despair by one bad year, any more than other Americans with the ordinary amount of grit.

THE PRINCESS SPEAKS.

Princess ANASTASIA, late Mrs. LEEDS, seems to have mastered the first principle of conduct in the Greek royal family—always stand up for your brother-in-law. Her defense of CONSTANTINE, given in an interview with our correspondent, Mr. GRASTY, is quite fetching. The truth of much of her argument is beyond dispute, and those who dispute some of her assertions can readily forgive the enthusiasm of a lady anxious to show how quickly even a cisatlantic barbarian may become hellenized. However, there is a good deal of historical material which she does not discuss.

Only because CONSTANTINE stayed out of the war, she says, and husbanded the resources of the country, could Greece play her part when the time came. "From 1917 on, VENIZELOS was doing business with the fruits of the King's previous care for the welfare of Greece as his capital." VENIZELOS did not do much business with Fort Rupel, or the other positions in Greek Macedonia which CONSTANTINE gave up to the Bulgars. The army that VENIZELOS gathered at Saloniki in the Winter of 1916-17 was a revolutionary army, and the officers weeded out of the regular establishment after CONSTANTINE was deported were not all dismissed merely because of their loyalty to the King. There is a celebrated conversation, probably fictitious, but none the less instructive, between two eminent Greeks of a former time, which bears on this question: "Competitors in the races who start before the signal is given," said ADEIMANTOS, "are punished." "But," observed THEMISTOKLES, "those who do not start when the signal is given do not win." CONSTANTINE showed no signs of starting—at least on the side that won.

With the Princess's interpretation of the meaning of the election we are inclined to agree. The Greek people, she said, "recalled their King, expressed their disapproval of the internal Government, and approved the new map of Greece." The second of those issues seems from this distance to have been the chief. Many Greeks certainly, in voting against VENIZELOS, intended to vote for CONSTANTINE; many more seem to have cast only a protest vote. The Greeks undoubtedly approved the new map, but there seems reason to believe that they approved it without wanting to go on paying for it. The new map of Greece did not arise out of nothing. Greece gets territory that once belonged to the Turk and the Bulgar. If the Kaiser had won, Greece would not have got it; she might have got Cyprus and Rhodes, but not Smyrna and Adrianople. She would have been lucky to keep Saloniki and Kavalla.

Greece has a new map because when the decisive blows were struck a Greek harmonized with the interest in the Near East of the anti-German alliance; because France and England were willing to put up the money, if the Greeks would do the fighting, for an enterprise that was for the advantage of all. Princess ANASTASIA says that Greece is willing to go on fighting, and that it is inconceivable that the Allies will refuse to go on paying. Reports from Anatolia, as well as the sentiment expressed in the elections, cast a certain doubt on the first of these statements. As for the attitude of the Allies, they have dealt with CONSTANTINE before; and they know his somewhat curious interpretation of the clauses of an alliance.

ECONOMIES DIFFICULT.

Two of the big appropriation bills have been reported to the House, and there are exultant cries about the wonderful bone surgery performed. The estimates have been cut and slashed and otherwise dealt with in a "drastic" way until there is an appearance of having saved more than $400,000,000. But there is no real saving at all unless the appropriations are less, not than the estimates, but than the money voted last year. And when we make this comparison we find that the two bills—the Sundry Civil and the Post Office bills—actually carry some $17,000,000 more than last year. This is mainly due to an increase of nearly $70,000,000 in the Post Office appropriation; and this, in turn, is due to the higher pay for letter carriers and clerks, and to the larger sums owing to the railroads for transporting the mails. When such advances are ordered by one session of Congress there is nothing left for the next one but to foot the bill.

Furthermore, there is always the fear that some of the items stricken from the Sundry Civil bill will have to be put back again, or else will turn up in a General Deficiency bill later. About $100,000,000, for example, has been hacked from the estimates for war risk insurance and the vocational training of ex-soldiers. Is such a deep cutting warranted? Take the Immigration Service. There is a strong and justified demand for its enlargement and improvement; but the committee lops off $2,500,000 from the appropriation.

No one would wish to discourage the most severe governmental economy. But the way of the Congressional retrencher is proverbially hard. And it is still true that policy is what causes expenditure. Adopt a more economical policy—say as respects armaments—and the outlay will tumble of itself.

NOT WORTH DYING FOR.

D'ANNUNZIO has given to the end of the tragi-comedy of Fiume a "snap" that is worthy of O. HENRY. As General CAVIGLIA'S troops fight their way into the city he surrenders authority to the Mayor and City Council, who promptly proceed to make peace. If the citizens of Fiume had had their way, peace would probably have been made long ago, but some of the most eminent of them are still in jail as a consequence of their suggestions of moderation. The embattled poet would have none of that. He would fight to the last ditch and then blow Fiume into the air and himself with it.

Fiume still stands, or most of it. The legionaries seem to have fought rather fiercely, and they had the great advantage of not caring what happened to Fiume. They were fighting for an Idea, and the fate of the city with which that idea was temporarily identified was of no particular importance. The regulars, however, had to be more careful. They were fighting for the people of Italy; it was their business to save the town if it could be done. They fought with bayonets and bullets against field guns and bombs, and seem to have suffered accordingly.

The inspired GABRIELE, however, did not suffer, except from a slight scalp wound. Some hundreds of men have died for this great if somewhat vague idea, but the man in whom the idea is incarnate does not intend to die. He is going to sail away in an airplane, accompanied by the beautiful girl who is to become his bride as soon as the preceding bride has got her divorce. He announces that he is still "alive and inexorable." He was prepared for death, he had comforted his soul, but at the last moment he changed his mind. He offered his life "hundreds of times smilingly" in the war, but he has come to the conclusion that it isn't worth while to throw it away "in the service of a people who could not be distracted even for a moment from their Christmas greediness while we were being assassinated by their Government."

This explains the battle of Fiume. Not even D'ANNUNZIO, one may hope, could have wished to kill off a considerable number of his fellow-countrymen merely as a gesture in the face of the "vile, cowardly world." His legionaries fought because he and they believed that if shots were fired against Fiume there would be revolts in all the cities of Italy, and the new poet-king would come back from Fiume like DAVID from Hebron, to seat himself on the throne of his persecutors. The revolts did not take place; Italy looked on the occupation of Fiume with impressive calm. So

GENERAL PERSHING'S PLEA.

When General PERSHING said at the dinner of the European Relief Council, in a plea for action to prevent the recurrence of great wars, that "an important step would be to curtail expenditures for the maintenance of navies and armies," there was tremendous applause. One can understand why. The longing for permanent peace does not account for all the fervor of the applause that greeted the General's declaration. He stood there as the victorious soldier who had commanded an American host in France and had thought more of humanity in the dark days of 1918 than of glory. In him 2,000,000 American fighting men were represented, and there was a feeling that peace was dearer to him than his great reputation; that, indeed, he uttered the sentiment of the American Expeditionary Force.

General PERSHING'S address was one of the strongest appeals for reducing armaments that have been heard since the armistice. There is no doubt that it will be cabled to every part of the world. It should make a profound impression in Great Britain, in France, in Japan. Germany may be added, for it is a mistake to suppose that the German people desire a war of revenge. It may lurk in the minds of survivors of the military oligarchy, and unprincipled politicians may entertain the idea, but the German people must now abhor war. A striking passage in General PERSHING'S speech was that in which he said that unless a move is made among the nations to limit armaments "we may well ask ourselves whether civilization does not really reach a point where it begins to destroy itself, and whether we are not thus doomed to go headlong down through destructive war to darkness and barbarism." The thought has been in many minds.

Two years after the armistice, which was to be the beginning of the end of war, what the world has is an armed truce. "It would appear," as General PERSHING says, "that the lessons of the past six years should be enough to convince everybody of the danger of nations striding up and down the earth armed to the teeth." That this condition is due in no small degree to the failure of the United States to ratify the Treaty of Versailles and accept the Covenant with its plans for reduction of armaments can hardly be doubted.

ALPHA OF O'RYAN.

It has often been said that the culmination of the Renaissance was due to an enlargement of the human imagination, resulting from the discovery of America. What shall result from modern discoveries as to the stellar universe? According to Professor MICHELSON, the great star Alpha of Orion would fill our entire solar system far beyond the orbit of the earth and out almost to the orbit of Mars. It would contain 27,000,000 of our suns and so many trillions of globes like ours that it was apparently not worth while to count them. Professor MICHELSON has measured Alpha, and nobody else has; so we shall have to believe him. But for the ordinary man whose daily orbit is limited by certain subway stations and whose utmost altitude is a window in an office building, such calculations do not enlarge the imagination; they rather explode it with a pop like a toy balloon.

Professor HALE of the Mount Wilson Observatory has done what he can to sustain our reason. Alpha Orionis, he tells us, is vastly inflated and is subject to the laws we have observed of late in business. It is an exceedingly gaseous sun and is getting smaller every minute. It is, in fact, a mere infant; if we treat it firmly, it will probably shrink to something less than the proportions of our own harmless, necessary luminary—which once spread far beyond the limits of the solar system as it now is. Yet reason totters still. There remains always that hypothesis as to the universe which we once took as a ghastly joke, but which every year receives new substantiation. It runs something like this: The molecules of matter—say of bread or cheese—are no nearer together, if we could see them truly, than the stars of heaven; and likewise the stars of heaven, if seen by some huge, external eye, would appear as a single mass. The Milky Way, in short, which is only the universe viewed lengthwise, is a huge cheese sandwich. As for homo sapiens, he is a sort of microbe or cheese skipper, corrupting the fair surface of this molecule earth to its final decay.

Far better the dreams of our childhood—of the childhood of the race before America was discovered! The sky is the blue-black field of heaven and the stars all twinkling jewels. They are worn, if you will, by glorious, supernal creatures—a great bear and a little one, and, more wondrous still, by the heavenly policeman, O'Ryan,

LABOR AND CAPITAL CO-OPERATING.

There are multiplying signs that labor and capital are getting together. It is announced that 9,000 employés of the Pullman Company have voluntarily offered to take less pay on account of the difficulties of the company during the period of readjustment. And there are several such incidents. As an initiative of capital, take the notice to its employés by the Brainerd & Armstrong Company of New London. They are manufacturers of silk goods. The company's announcement of resumption says that it will lose by operation, but resumes so that its employés may be given work. The National Association of Manufacturers states that manufacturers generally are doing what they can to maintain wages as well as operation.

It remains true that some wages must be reduced and that there must be some unemployment. But industrial hardships may be mitigated by meeting them in the spirit illustrated above. The Steel Corporation, with all its faults, has always been among the first to raise wages and among the last to raise prices. One of its traditions is that prices must be cut before wages. If it is compelled to reduce prices to get business, it may be that the workers must accept lower wages to get employment.

It thus appears that there is nothing novel in principle in the declaration of the Kansas Industrial Court that employers should care for their "faithful and skilled" staffs during trade reverses. That is both the interest and established practice of employers in good standing. Mr. CARNEGIE said that he valued his staff more than his plant, for he could buy a plant but not a staff. Even the overtures of the Pullman workers for wage reductions are not novel. In the '80s and '90s there were examples of right dealing in industry under tests more trying than the present. When capital and labor meet on terms fair to each neither may get all that either would like, but the wolf can be kept from the doors of both.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

He Wasted a Large Opportunity.

What The Atlantic Monthly calls "a striking little article" is contributed to the January issue of that magazine by S. MILES BOUTON, writing under the title of "What is the Reason?" There is no doubt that the article is "striking," as well as "little" in the sense of being brief, but it is so in a manner curiously different from what The Atlantic's editor evidently expects it to be.

To anybody with even a little knowledge of journalistic possibilities, the striking feature of the article is that the author—himself a journalist, by the way—had an excellent opportunity to write a good "story" and wrote one so poor and uninformative that it never would have been sent to the composing room by any newspaper copy-reader.

It seems that Mr. BOUTON not long ago—since the war—found himself on a steamer bound from New York to Norway. With him on board as third-class passengers were some 750 assorted Scandinavians, most of whom had been for years in the United States, and many of whom had been naturalized here long ago. Mr. BOUTON discovered, on talking to these people, that practically all of them were going home, never to return. Naturally surprised at this, he investigated further and learned to his still greater surprise that the great majority of these emigrants had lost all liking for America.

He tried to find out what had happened here—why they no longer wanted to live here—but his failure was next to complete. In almost every instance he heard only some such vague phrase as "I have had enough of it," or "America is all right except for the men who run it," and with only this poor result to show he left his own interesting question unanswered! That is bad journalism.

A Situation Strangely Misunderstood.

Where Mr. BOUTON made his grave mistake was in hastily crediting these deserters with being Scandinavian-Americans fully representative of the people of their own origin who have contributed so largely to the population in several parts of the United States. The things he quotes them as saying prove just the contrary—prove that they were the skimmings or the settlings of their class—that they had failed to assimilate and had not even begun to understand American institutions or to share American ideals.

One of Mr. BOUTON'S "fine specimens" complained bitterly that many of his friends had been "forced to take part in the war," and he added, "We would have fought if anybody had attacked us, but not in Europe." That was the familiar cry of the slacker, the coward and the pro-German—the cry of the man who didn't want to fight at all or who didn't want to fight Germans.

Everybody with any sense at all knows a war is more than half won when it is carried into the other man's country, and more than half lost when it is brought into one's own. To that history shows no exceptions, and only idiots want war to be at home if it must be anywhere.

And no real American of any blood thought of conscription as "forcing" him into the army; he thought of it as what it was—the one just and satisfactory way of putting a nation as a whole under arms.

The frequent harsh references by those with whom Mr. BOUTON talked to "the men who run" the American Government were also significant as to the quality of his fellow-passengers. The American Government is "run" of course, by the men whom the American people intrust with that task. Every

He Dared to Laugh at America!

Joking on facts is proverbially dangerous, and no jokes on facts are more likely to cause irritation and enmity than those dealing with national peculiarities and weaknesses when they are tossed from one side of a frontier. Therefore it probably was not wise, and certainly, from the British point of view, it was untimely, for Punch to allow one of its contributors to make in its columns what a good many Americans, not very fond of England anyhow, and not too well equipped with appreciation of the humorous, will be sure, or next to sure, to regard as a vicious attack on the Government and people of the United States.

The article was reprinted in THE TIMES yesterday and nobody could have read it without feeling that its accusations, or most of them, were easier to resent than to refute. And really it is not necessary to take anything in the satire as the product of malice; it even is possible to accept it all as the chastening of a friend, or, to change the figure, as a picture in which some of our traits were exaggerated a little, indeed, but with none of the actual distortion that constitutes slander and malice.

Correction by means of ridicule was the great comedian's announced purpose, and perhaps he did a little of it. That Mr. Punch will achieve even that much of success by jeering at our timidities in dealing with "votes" is doubtful. The answer, "You're another," will instantly suggest itself to those whom he angers, while those who are less sensitive will join him in laughing at ourselves and let it go at that.

He Forget a Fact of Moment.

A highly characteristic paragraph in the indictment of England made by the new organization calling itself "the American Committee for Relief in Ireland" was the one that read: "The transportation system has broken down, so that it is difficult to distribute even such supplies as are available in Ireland."

That is quite true, or at any rate it was quite true a few days ago, but would it not have been wise, or at least would it not have been fair, for the committee's draftsman of proclamations to have made some brief mention of the reason why Ireland's transportation system broke down? One hates to believe that he intended to give the impression that the fault was England's, but how is a fear that such was his purpose to be avoided when he says never a word about the strike that stopped the trains, or about the ease with which transportation facilities in Ireland could have been restored at any moment if the Sinn Feiners had chosen to do so?

As so often before, they were indifferent to the privations they brought upon their own people, so long as they could annoy the British Government.

Theatre Crowds.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read in your paper the other day that the Police Department had made some new rule regarding the traffic in the theatre district after the performances. Anything that would relieve the congestion is certainly worth a trial and is badly needed, but it seems to me that the greatest relief would be attained by regulating the ending of the performance. For some reason the managers arrange their shows so that they end at an almost uniform time, so that it is usual to see the audiences of four or five theatres on the street at the same time.

All plays are not the same length and do not require the same time for changes, but somehow they all let out at the same time. There may be some reason for this, but this fact is the cause of the congestion. It would seem very simple if in a street like Forty-second Street, where there are five or six theatres, one would start at 8:20, the next at 8:25 and so on and arrange their intermissions by shortening them or stretching them out and so have a few minutes their audiences let out five or ten minutes apart. This little difference would help the situation wonderfully, and no one, either the managers or the audiences, would notice the change. There may be a financial reason why one theatre does not want to raise its curtain before its neighbor, but there seems to be no reason why they should want to have them go down at the same time.

J. R. J.

New York, Dec. 9, 1920.

On the Old Bowery.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read your very interesting article on "Things to Be Seen on the Old Bowery." The article is a well-written one, and is fairly accurate of conditions on this old street. But I would like to make one correction. Under the heading of "Politicians' Row" you say, "Up to a few years ago a milestone still marked the first break in the road, but it disappeared when refreshments could no longer be obtained in the building (a tavern) which faced it." If you will send one of your young men to see me some day, I will take him across the street to the west side, very nearly opposite this mission, and he will find the first milestone still standing where it has been "since a time when the memory of man runneth not to the contrary."

A. C. BAKER,
Secretary Bowery Mission.

New York, Dec. 6, 1920.

THE LEAGUE.

Let the bells be sounded at the closing year,
Let our spirits answer to their vibrant cheer;
Let us set them pealing for those better things
That we hope are coming on the New Year's wings.

There are bells of gladness, there are bells of dole,
Bells that greet life's morning, bells that mark its goal;
And the bells that guide us in such countless ways,
Calling us to duty, thro' the passing days.

There are bells that bless us, singing in the heart,
And their tones are muted, beautiful, apart,
Celebrating kindness and all tender thought,
Sanctifying justice, praising good deeds wrought.

There are bells that save us—wondrous bells of love,
Love that Earth has brought us, love sent from above;
And it is these love-bells that should ring out clear,
As our souls pray God-ward: "Bless this coming year!"

But all bells are futile and are rung in vain,
If we prove unworthy of our waiting plain;
Let us speed the hour when all wars shall cease,
By our swift accession to the League—for Peace!

ESTELLE DOOLO.

GRAIN IN $10,000,000 Project Next Year.

Speaking of the need for a new medical school at Columbia University at the annual luncheon of the Columbia Club, 4 West Forty-third Street, yesterday, W. Barclay Parsons, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the university, said that plans had been formed for the raising of $10,000,000 to be used in erecting and endowing a new medical school which would supplement the present College of Physicians and Surgeons. Five millions dollars, Colonel Parsons said, would be used as an endowment.

The Board of Trustees of the university, Colonel Parsons said, have long projected a great medical centre in connection with Columbia University which would be the equal if not the superior of any medical school in the world. Although the increased cost of building and equipment added greatly to the difficulties of the project, he said, he was confident that within the next year substantial results would be accomplished.

Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia, said that the world at this time was sadly in need of leadership. In a critical epoch for the first time in history, he said, there was no outstanding personality to command or guide the world. In all other crises some man or men or governing idea emerged to guide mankind. But more than six years of this crisis has passed. Dr. Butler said, and the world is still stunned, perplexed, and exhausted.

The universities, however, Dr. Butler said, could do much to conquer the three great enemies of progress and happiness which were ignorance, selfishness and vanity. Most of all, Dr. Butler said, universities could combat ignorance.

Dr. Butler announced that the State of New York had awarded a medal to Colonel Parsons for distinguished service in the field as a Colonel of Engineers during the World War. Colonel Parsons, who commanded the 11th Engineers in France, has already been decorated by the United States, French and British Governments.

PARK FEAST FOR CHILDREN.

Six Hundred From Playgrounds Are Guests of Recreation Bureau.

Six hundred children of varying ages crowded tables on which a feast was spread yesterday afternoon in the East Fifty-fourth Street public gymnasium, where the Bureau of Recreation of the Department of Parks held its annual holiday festival. Each park playground was represented by a table decorated by the children, and prizes were given for the prettiest. The Five Points Playground carried off the first prize for a reindeer table; St. Gabriel's second prize for a poinsettia table and the Seward Park received third prize for a Winter table done in snow and ice. All the children wore fancy gay colored caps and ornaments.

There was a big Christmas tree with a present for each child. William J. Lee, Superintendent of the Bureau of Recreation, was Santa Claus. Park Commissioner Francis D. Gallatin made an address of welcome. Miss Mary E. McKenna and John J. McCormack of the Bureau were in charge of the feast. The judges of the tables were Mrs. J. C. Bernheim, Miss Anna E. Chaires, Miss Janet Hood and Mrs. Mary G. Schoenberg. An entertainment was followed by dancing.

FOR A BUREAU OF HOUSING.

Senator Calder Offers a Bill Intended to Lower Building Cost.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—A bill proposing the creation of a Bureau of Building Construction and Housing in the Department of Commerce was introduced today by Senator Calder of New York on recommendation of the special committee which has been considering reconstruction problems, especially the nation-wide housing situation.

"The bill," said Senator Calder, "provides for a bureau in the Department of Commerce, which will be a clearing house for all information concerning building construction matters and particularly housing. It is recommended by the leading architects and builders of the country, and it is believed that its operation will bring about a standardization of structural units and material and conservation in general building matters that will be most helpful in cheapening construction."

PLEA FOR PRIVATE CONTROL.

Statisticians Hear Argument Against Government Expenditure of Income.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Dec. 30.—"There is at least an even chance, both now and for the future, that better social use may be made of surplus earnings if they are expended by the corporations rather than by the Government," Malcolm C. Rorty of New York said today, discussing "a national money accounting as the basis for studies of income distribution," at the national convention of the American Statistical Association.

"This will be particularly true," he maintained, "where corporate policies are in the direction of moderate rates of distribution of earnings and the reinvestment of all balances in extended and improved productive plants."

PREDICTS BUYING REVIVAL.

Baltimore Manufacturer Expects Active Tading in 90 Days.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 30.—"I am convinced that within the next ninety days the country will see a great revival of business activity," said Charles I. Weiller of Thanhouser & Weiller, manufacturers of children's garments, on his return here today from a tour of the Middle West and South. "Stocks of merchandise on the shelves of retail and wholesale merchants were never so low as they are right now. This can mean but one thing for the merchant who hopes to stay in business—the placing of orders with manufacturers, which will in turn give employment to thousands who have been thrown into idleness and provide them with money to stimulate consumption."

WORLD COURT RATIFIED.

Required International Majority Has Now Been Obtained.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Twenty-two nations already have signed the protocol of the Permanent Court of International Justice constituted by the League of Nations, says the Central News today.

The protocol provides that the statutes of the court shall become effective as soon as a majority of the nations represented in the League Assembly, namely twenty-two, shall have signed and ratified it in their various Parliaments. Four nations, Portugal, Switzerland, Denmark and Salvador, also have signed the protocol for compulsory arbitration.

Elect Modern Language Officials.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Dec. 30.—William G. Howard, Professor of German at Harvard University, was elected today President of the Modern Language Association of America at the annual session held at Vassar College. Chauncey B. Tinker, Professor of English at Yale; Gordon Hall Gerould, head of the English department at Princeton, and Raymond Weeks, head of the French department at Columbia, were chosen as Vice Presidents. Professor Carleton Brown of the University of Minnesota was re-elected Secretary-Treasurer.

Names Jay Minister to Rumania.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The nomination of Peter Augustus Jay of Rhode Island to be Minister to Rumania was sent to the Senate today by President Wilson.

CLAYTON ACT DELAY

Opposes Extending Suspension of Clause Against Interlocking Directorates.

SENATE ACTION UNDECIDED

Message Is Laid on the Table, and an Effort May Be Made to Overrule the Veto.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—President Wilson today vetoed a bill which would have extended for one year permission to the railroads to purchase, without open advertisement, unlimited amounts of equipment annually from concerns in which the railroads' directors or officers are interested.

The President took the ground that the clause of the Clayton act against interlocking directorates should no longer be suspended, and should go into effect on New Year's Day, as intended. In his veto message he said there had already been several suspensions of the section, and that it had been in abeyance for six years.

The bill, with the veto message, was received in the Senate, and after an argument as to the committee to which it should be referred, was laid on the table for future consideration on motion of Senator La Follette of Wisconsin. Senators argue that the railroads are in no financial condition to comply with the strict letter of the clause, and should be granted a further breathing spell. There is a possibility that an attempt may be made to pass the bill over the President's veto.

According to the railroads, the section, as it stands, is unworkable, and it will be impossible henceforth for them to buy equipment without an immense amount of red tape. Railroad men said today that the clause would leave them "on a dead centre." It must be that the section will be entirely withdrawn and its provisions modified.

In labor circles the President's action is viewed as a victory for Senator La Follette. Labor unions have been insistent that further extension of the time should not be granted to the railroads. The bill was introduced in the House of Representative Esch of Wisconsin, and in the Senate by Senator Cummins of Iowa, Chairman of the Interstate Commerce Committees, and joint authors of the Transportation act. It was the Cummins bill that the President vetoed.

The Veto Message.

The President's veto message follows:

"I return herewith without my signature Senate bill 4536, amending Section 501 of the Transportation act, by extending the effective date of Section 10 of the Clayton act.

"The Clayton Anti-Trust act was responsive to recommendations which I made to the Congress on Dec. 2, 1913, and Jan. 20, 1914, on the subject of legislation regarding the very difficult and intricate matter of trusts and monopolies. In speaking of the changes which opinion deliberately sanctions in business we said I observed:

"'It waits with acquiescence, in the first place, for laws which will effectively prohibit and prevent such interlocking of the personnel of the directorates of great corporations—banks and railroads, industrial, commercial and public service bodies—as in effect result in making those who borrow and those who lend practically one and the same, those who sell and those who buy but the representatives of persons trading with one another under different names and in different combinations, and those who affect to compete in fact partners and masters of some whole field of business. Sufficient time should be allowed, of course, in which to effect these changes of organization without inconvenience and confusion.'

"This particular recommendation is reflected in Section 10 of the Clayton Anti-Trust act. That act became a law on Oct. 15, 1914, and it was provided that Section 10 should not become effective until two years after that date, in order that the carriers and others affected might be able to adjust their affairs so that no inconvenience or confusion might result from the enforcement of its provisions. Further extension of time, amounting in all to more than four years and two months, has since been made. These were in part due to the intervention of Federal control but ten months have now elapsed since the resumption of private operation. In the six years that have elapsed since this enactment was put upon the statute books, so that all interests concerned have had long and ample notice of the obligations it imposes.

"The Interstate Commerce Commission has adopted rules responsive to the requirements of Section 10. In deferring the effective date of Section 10, the Congress has accepted corporations organized after Jan. 12, 1918, and as to such corporations the commission's rules are now in effect. Therefore, it appears that the necessary preliminary steps have long since been taken to put Section 10 into effect, and the practical question now to be decided is whether the partial application of these rules shall be continued until Jan. 1, 1922, or whether their application shall now be made general, thus bringing under the law all common carriers engaged in commerce and at last giving full effect to this important feature of the act of Oct. 15, 1914.

Thinks Enforcement Now Needed.

"The grounds upon which further extension of time is asked, in addition to the six years and more that have now elapsed, have been stated as follows:

"'That the carrying into effect of the existing provisions of Section 10 will result in needless expenditures on the part of the carriers in many instances, in that some of its provisions are unworkable, and that the changed status of the carriers and the enactment of the Transportation act require a revision of Section 10, in order to make it consistent with the provisions of the Transportation act.'

"When it is considered that the Congress is now in session and can readily adopt suitable amendments if they shall be found to be necessary, such reasons for further delay appear to me to be inadequate. The soundness of the principle embodied in Section 10 seems generally to be admitted. The wholesome effects which its application was intended to produce should not longer be withheld from the public and from the common carriers immediately concerned, for whose protection it was particularly designed.

"WOODROW WILSON."

RED CROSS HELP AT VILNA

Will Guard Troops' Health at Request of League Council.

GENEVA, Dec. 30.—The Council of the League of Nations has requested the League of Red Cross Societies to supply the personnel and material to protect the health of the international force which will go to Vilna to supervise the plebiscite for determining the sovereignty of that district.

Accordingly, Colonel Henry A. Reid of Worcester, Mass., has been sent to Vilna to make the necessary arrangements.

Asks Federal Backing for Hoover Aid

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Under a resolution introduced today by Senator Sutherland, Republican, of West Virginia, the Government would endorse and the public would be asked to contribute to the relief movement for the children of Central Europe headed by Herbert Hoover and the European Relief council. The resolution was referred to the Foreign Relations Committee.

STILL LACK $16,320

Day's Contributions Are Only $1,941, the Smallest Since The Times Appeal Appeared.

DISTRESSED WAIT IN VAIN

Partial Failure of Worthy Relief Effort Faces Workers Unless the Generous Respond.

MANY BEAR DOUBLE BURDEN

Contributors Are Duplicating First Gift as Minimum Needed Falls Short—Every Penny Helps.

The Neediest Cases received $1,941.69 yesterday, making a total of $95,325.46 for the year. This is $16,320.74 less than is required to make full provision for the 200 families included in the Times appeal. At least 200 families have been fully cared for by the responses to each appeal for several years past. The total needed this year is $100,846.20.

Yesterday's total touched the lowest level since the appeal was made on Dec. 1. More help is necessary to prevent the responses this year from falling below old standards. Many more contributions are needed unless the good work of last year is to be pared down and curtailed.

One hundred per cent. of every contribution goes to buy food, medicine, fuel and shelter and other necessaries of life for the families in direst distress. That is the material side of it. The great benefit which is conferred by the contributions is that of enabling mothers to keep their children and enabling children to grow up knowing the love and good influence of family life.

Putting aside the heartache, misery and emptiness of life caused by the breaking-up of families and their distribution among institutions, that is the most expensive way of caring for them. The cheapest way is by helping them to their feet again and stimulating them to make their own way as a family. The great majority of those aided by appeals for the Neediest Cases in past years are today self-respecting and self-supporting people.

Only $16,320.74 More Needed.

The fund is only $16,320.74 short of the goal. Six-sevenths of the total sought has been raised. A little more help from generous and charitable readers, who have made big successes of the past appeals, will prevent taking a step backward this year. Every year the war against poverty and connected distress should be prosecuted with increased vigor. Another effort is necessary to prevent the battle from going the wrong way this time.

The first appeal for the Hundred Neediest Cases in 1912 brought a response of $3,630.89. The next year was three times as big. Each succeeding year showed a gain ranging from $7,000 to $35,000. The total last year was $108,987.14.

There has never been a year before this one which failed to show a gain over its predecessor. Money is scarcer this year, but thrift should make its mark on luxuries rather than on the doing of charity. The response this year has been unquestionably very generous, considering all the circumstances, but an appeal must still be made to the generous and sympathetic readers to save 1920 from appearing in the records as a year in which the stream of charity was on the ebb.

A gift of $10, which arrived yesterday, was sent by H. W. Selover from Ancon, in the Canal Zone. Another gift of $17 was a combination of smaller sums contributed by eleven children of Butler, N. J.

Many Send Second Gifts.

The following are from letters from contributors:

Mrs. L. Levinson—" The deficit in the sum asked for the Hundred Neediest Cases is so appealing and your pleas for more contributions so urgent that I feel it is my duty to add to what I have sent, even though the amount is a small one. I trust others will find it in their power to do likewise, so that by the end of the year you will be able to care for the second hundred cases also. It seems to me that no one can read of the crying needs of these poor unfortunates without responding, no matter how slight the contribution."

Florence G. Schwartz—" Enclosed please find my check for $5 which, though tardy, I hope will be some small help to make things easier for some children during the coming year."

C. E. B.—" I enclose post office order for $5 for the neediest cases, which please give to the one that is furthest behind. I only wish I could give much more, but I am glad to share this much, anyhow. I wish to express my heartfelt appreciation of the splendid work you are doing and to hope that you receive the entire amount you need."

M. Mary Cushman—" Please accept this contribution, which I know you can find a worthy recipient for, even though the pressure of many duties kept me from getting it off before Christmas Day."

Mary Gray—" Enclosed please find check for $2 for your needy poor. May it help to brighten the life of some poor sufferers."

Katharine M. Blanke—" This is a noble work. Every individual who freely gives service should have hearty thanks from the rest of us who need only to give money. Needless to say, I wish I could do more to make up the required amount."

No agents are employed by THE NEW YORK TIMES or any of the charitable organizations to solicit contributions for the Hundred Neediest Cases.

No aid is being received by any of the families in the Hundred Neediest Cases under the State pension law.

Contributions are deductible from income tax returns.

Every cent goes to buy food, clothing and other necessaries, no administrative or clerical expenses being paid from the contributions.

Checks may be drawn to the order of the Hundred Neediest Cases and sent to The New York TIMES.

U. S. Keenan Made Harbormaster.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 30.—Superintendent of Public Works Edward S. Walsh announced tonight that he had appointed Frank S. Keenan of Brooklyn as Chief Harbor Master of the Metropolitan District Canal Terminal. The salary is $2,400 a year. Mr. Keenan has been superintendent Walsh's private secretary.

Contributions for the Neediest Cases yesterday amounted to $1,941.69, making a total of $92,525.46. They were received as follows:

THE NEW YORK TIMES	$1,[illegible]
Brooklyn Bureau of Charities	615.00
Charity Organization Society	194.19
Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	110.00
State Charities Aid Association	5.00
Total	$1,941.69
Previously reported	91,583.77
Total	$93,525.46

Contributions received by THE NEW YORK TIMES direct:

A disabled soldier of the A. E. F.	$1	Hoffman, T. C.	$10
A. E. Smith	5	Holmberg, Freda	1
A friend	4	Horn, S. R.	5
A friend	4	Howley, John	1
A friend	1	In mem. of H. E.	5
Anonymous	5	In mem. of F. Bing	5
Anonymous	5	Jacobson, Ellen	10
Anonymous	5	J. S. V.	100
Anonymous	5	J. C.	2
Austin, J. T.	5	Joyce, M.	2
Banks, M. B.	2	J. R. A.	5
Bartol, Mr. and Mrs. H. G.	25	Julius, L. M.	5
Baum, L.	2.50	Levinson, Mrs. L.	2.50
Bennett, J.	5	L. E. W.	10
Betzig, E. C.	15	Liveright, L. E.	25
Blasil, K. W.	5	Lt. M.	5
B. J. D.	1	Lidlow, Anna	10
Blanke, Katherine M.	5	Manale Jr. and Edward	1
Blain, Clara	10	M. H.	2
Blain, Mrs. H.	5	M. E. I.	2
Blum, Jerome	10	Melville, K. G.	10
Brown, M. A.	5	Merriam, A. L.	25
Buck, William L.	5	Miller, Mrs. C. V.	10
Carnie, Margaret	10	Minchin, Mary	2
Carnie, Yoono	10	Mitchell, V. L.	5
Carus, Kate	10	Mooney, A. W.	5
Carus, Nancy	10	N. M.	5
Carus, Susan	10	No name	5
C. E. B.	5	Nay	10
Cowan, Camilla	5	Neader	25
Cushman, Mary H., and Wells, M. E.	5	Neader	25
Dahlstrom, R.	1	Ruben, G. W.	10
Daly, J. J.	1	Russell, Olive	1
Decker, Carrie	1	Saxton, P. F.	1
Donagh, Bridie	2	Schlosberg, R. C.	5
Duff, Christine A.	5	Schwartz, Florence G.	5
Dunaper, Bert	5	Shefford, E. M.	5
Ello, Hilda F.	30	Shriver, A.	5
Fairbanks, G.	5	Smith, C. C.	3
F. A. W.	5	Spinney, A.	10
Foster, H. M.	5	Stewart, C. F. S.	5
Fulton, John H.	250	Stone, Junius H.	25
Fulton, Miss	5	Street, G. W.	4
Gates, M.	5	Sullivan, Ellen	5
G. M. W.	25	Swenson, Sigma	1
Graham, Sarah J.	5	Tate, R.	10
Grau, M.	5	Trenchard, A.	3
Goldsmith, L. M.	5	Williams, Mrs.	5
Harry Meyer Hat Co.	25	Wright, J. C.	5
Hill, O. B.	5	N. Y. Z.	5
		Total	$1,017.50

Contributions received through the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities:

Anonymous	$5	Nichols, Dr. W. H.	$300
A friend	5		
Hyde, Mrs. C. M.	100	Total	$615

Contributions received through the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor:

Anonymous	$5	Littlejohn, Dorothy	$5
Blakiston, Clare	1	W.	5
Cash	2	Mackenzie, Katherine	5
Davis, L. W.	5	Mackey, Mrs.	5
Fontaine, M. E.	5	McElheny, Hugh	5
Frazier, Mrs. Harriet R. and Gertrude M.	25	O'Callaghan, M.	5
Friedman, Milton	15	Rhondes, Henrietta	10
In memory of a S. H.	1	Scharringer, Miss M. A.	10
In memory of Gertrude Littlejohn, H. W.	50	Total	$110

Contributions received through the Charity Organization Society:

Anonymous	$25	Luhrs, Adelaide	$5
B. L. H.	1.19	M. T. B.	1
Banga, E.	2		
Banks, Lenox	100	Total	$194.19
H. D. S.	150		

The State Charities Aid Association received a contribution of $5 from Miss Mary W. Joyner.

MISS SANFORD MAKES HER DEBUT AT DANCE

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Sanford Presented at Home—Miss Lewis a Debutante.

The largest of yesterday's entertainments for young people was the dance for Miss Gertrude Ellen Du Puy Sanford, the second and débutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Sanford, which Mrs. Sanford gave at the Sanford town house, 9 East Seventy-second Street. The dance, which took place in the large private ballroom, gay with Christmas decorations, was preceded by several dinners including one that Mrs. Sanford gave. Mrs. Sanford and the débutante had the latter's sister Miss Sarah Sanford receiving with them.

The dinner guests included the Misses Dorothy N. Sharp, Ellen Randolph, Nancy Yuille, Evelyn Loew, Mary Stevens, Grace Vanderbilt, Marie Bird, Marion K. Hoffman, Katherin Mackay, Muriel Vanderbilt, Adele Ryan, Geraldine Thompson, and the Misses Perkins, and Higginson and Gaston of Boston; Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler Parsons Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Warren, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Post, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon Whitehouse, Mr. and Mrs. Sumner Gerard, Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. R. T. Wilson, Coster Schermerhorn, C. V. Whitney, Brewster Jennings, Merrill Chapin, Frederick Allen, Huntington Erhart, J. Fred Clarke, Roloy King, Carroll Chester Cartwright. Other guests were the Marquis of Carisbrook and the Prince de Bourbon.

Bishop James Henry Darlington of Harrisburg and Mrs. Darlington, who are spending the holidays at the Gotham, gave a dinner and theatre party in the evening for their second daughter Miss Kate Darlington, and who is to make her début next year. The dinner was at the Ritz-Carlton and later the party went to the play and later to the holiday dance at the Plaza. The guests were young people not yet out, including the Misses Emily Pierson, Jean Douglas, Mae Parsons, Isabelle Craik, Rosemary Hollister, Eurana Ward, Isabel Sturgis and Anne Burr; also Amos Tuck French, John Nicholas Brown, Leonard Rhinelander, John Potter, John Blodgett, Ralph Brown, Henry Mali, Darwin J. Adams, Henry S. Bourne, Charles Newland and Lieut. Commander Park.

Mrs. William B. Franklin entertained at the Colony Club with a luncheon for Miss Isabella Wood, the débutante daughter of Mrs. G. E. Wood. The guests were seated at small tables decorated with baskets of holly and included the Misses Adele Hammond, Mary Wistar Morris, Katharine Francis, Margaret Davison, Susan Coppell, Clara Workum, Eleanor S. Towne, Marion Taylor, Susan and Rosamond Borland, Virginia Cox, Katherine Morris, Cynthia Bigelow, Josephine Finck, Barbara Hooker, Betsy Price, Ethel Tefft, Gertrude Ogden and Lucy Hunt.

Mrs. Roger Lewis of 320 West Seventy-eighth Street, gave a tea dance in the Rose Room of the Plaza to introduce her daughter, Miss Mary Barbey Lewis. Mrs. Lewis and Miss Lewis had the débutante's grandmother, Mrs. John Barbey, receiving with them. Others who received with the débutante were the Misses Maraquito Pennima, Eleanor Evans, Lydia Comstock, Edith Shearn, Edith Holden and Helen Norman Smith.

The first of the Robinson Alumnae dances was held last night at the Ritz-Carlton. Among those on the committee were Mrs. Goodhue Livingston, Mrs. Oliver G. Jennings, Mrs. H. Casimir de Rham, Mrs. John Henry Hammond, Mrs. Walter Phelps Bliss, Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, 2d, Mrs. Magee Ellsworth, Mrs. John H. Prentice, Mrs. Eugene S. Reynal, Mrs. Moses Taylor, Mrs. John T. Pratt, Mrs. William C. Potter, Clarence H. Mackay and Stuyvesant Pillot.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward J. Loughman of 342 Riverside Drive gave a supper dance at the Gotham last evening for their daughter, Miss Frances Edna Loughman. About a hundred guests attended and the ballroom was decorated with Christmas greens.

Catholic Historians Elect Dr. Walsh.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Dr. James J. Walsh of New York was elected President today of the American Catholic Historical Association, in annual session here.

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. de Forest will give a small dance at the Colony Club on Jan. 21 for their daughter, Miss Julia Mary de Forest.

Mr. and Mrs. Grenville Temple Emmet are giving a small dinner tonight at their home for their débutante cousin, Miss Eleanor Peabody.

Mr. and Mrs. William Pitkaply Whitehouse left the Vanderbilt yesterday for Southern California to remain until spring. Mr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Gillespie have come from Morristown and are at the Vanderbilt for a visit.

A bridge will be held at the residence of Mrs. Sumner Gerard, 7 East Seventy-second Street, on Tuesday, Jan. 11, in connection with the Serbian Child Welfare Association. Mrs. Lytleton Fox and Mrs. Frank Duff Frazer are in charge.

An old-fashioned New Year's reception will be held tomorrow by the officers and Directors of the American Committee for Devastated France, at the Anderson Galleries. The Misses Anne Morgan, Maude Wetmore, Elizabeth Perkins, May Taylor Moulton, Mary Lincoln Aldrich and Elizabeth Scarborough will receive.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Kennedy Boone, 2d, have come from Baltimore and are at the Astor.

Mrs. Charles B. Alexander will head the Reception Committee at the formal opening of New York's Town Hall on Jan. 12. Mrs. Henry A. Alexander is a member of the Committee on Arrangements, and her daughter, Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., will be one of the speakers at the formal opening.

Mrs. Horner W. Orvis of 58 West Eighty-ninth Street is at the Ambassador in Atlantic City for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. James C. Barr of 11 East Sixty-eighth Street are visiting in Boston.

Baron and Baroness Rosenkrans, who have been at the Ritz-Carlton, have sailed to pass the remainder of the Winter in the South of France. Mrs. Elisha Lyer, who has been at the hotel, has sailed for Paris.

Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James will open her house at 39 East Sixty-ninth Street on the afternoon of Jan. 20 for the third lecture-musicale under the auspices of the Schola Cantorum.

Clarence H. Mackay is giving a dinner and small dance tonight at his town house; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cadman Parish, will give a dance at the Colony Club for their daughter, Miss Elsie S. Parish, preceding which Mrs. Charles Addison Miller will entertain at dinner for Miss Frances Isham and Miss Parish; Philip Rhinelander is to give a New Year's Eve party, also Mrs. George Thomson; Mrs. J. Henry Lancashire will entertain with a dance for her daughter, Miss Lila Lancashire; Mrs. William M. Seabury is to give a tea dance for the Misses Lispenard and Ethelreda Seabury; Mrs. Ernest Greene will introduce her daughter, Miss Margaret Dorothy Greene, at a reception at the Ritz; and Adolph Lewisohn is to have a New Year's Eve celebration of vaudeville and dancing at his home.

WEDDINGS.

Gen. Henry C. Hodges Jr. Marries Mrs. Carrie Bruggerhof Jones.

Mrs. Carrie Bruggerhof Jones of Norotan, Conn., the widow of Franklin M. Jones, was married at her home yesterday to Brig. Gen. Henry C. Hodges Jr., U. S. A., retired, by the Rev. William Sinclair. The only attendant was Miss Louise Smith, niece of the bride, and only relatives attended the ceremony.

General Hodges is a graduate of West Point, class of '81, and during the war he was in command of the Thirty-ninth Division of the American Army overseas. The Thirty-ninth was a depot division stationed at Florent. He was retired from active service on Dec. 1. Mrs. Hodges is a member of the Bruggerhof family of Noroton, and she has one son, Franklin M. Jones, who lives in Cleveland.

General and Mrs. Hodges will make their home in Noroton.

Hudson—Jones.

The wedding is announced of Miss Louise Hoster Jones, daughter of Mrs. Charles E. Winterringer of Columbus, Ohio, and William Joseph Hudson of this city, which took place last Tuesday noon in the rectory of St. Joseph's Cathedral, Columbus.

The bride is a graduate of Mrs. Merrill's School in this city and attended the Columbus School for Girls. Mr. Hudson, who is the son of Mrs. Anna Carroll Hudson of Philadelphia, resided in that city prior to making his home in New York, where he will return with his bride after their honeymoon.

John W. Frothingham to Marry.

John Whipple Frothingham of 375 West End Avenue and Miss Helen Losanitch of 61 Park Avenue, daughter of Professor Simo Losanitch, obtained a marriage license yesterday at the Municipal Building. Miss Losanitch is 24 years old and was born in Belgrade, Serbia. Mr. Frothingham is 42 and is a cousin of Magistrate Frothingham. They will be married on Jan. 3, at the Church of the Saviour, Brooklyn.

Crew of the Pennsylvania Dance.

The officers and crew of the United States battleship Pennsylvania gave their annual dance last evening in the ballroom of the Hotel Commodore and the affair was attended by about two thousand guests. The officers of the Pennsylvania in charge of the event were J. Dungan, President; J. Y. Downey, Vice President, and V. V. Washam, Secretary. The Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements was Lieut. Schenley, who was assisted by H. A. Childs, F. L. Chandler, E. C. Bundy and P. M. Hewlett.

Mecca Ball and Carnival Tonight.

A Mecca Ball and Egyptian Carnival will be held tonight at the Hotel des Artistes under the auspices of the Cercle des Artistes. Thirty famous artists' models will appear in a pageant arranged by Howard Chandler Christy.

E. P. Stites, Hymn Writer, Dying.

Special to The New York Times.

CAPE MAY, N. J., Dec. 30.—Edgar Page Stites, the author of the famous hymns "Beulah Land," "Simply Trust," "At the Golden Landing," "Will Be There Some Day," "Crossing the Bar," and more than 500 other songs, is dying at his home in this city. Mr. Stites is nearly 85 years of age.

CUTS HIS OWN PAY $600.

Supervisor Barlow of Ossining Keeps Campaign Pledge.

Special to the New York Times.

OSSINING, Dec. 30. — Supervisor J. Curry Barlow of Ossining, elected as a reformer through the efforts of Mrs. Frank A. Vanderlip and a number of prominent women in Scarborough, has just astonished the taxpayers by refusing to take from $800 to $900 he is entitled to by law for his services for 1920 which end tomorrow.

When he ran for office on the Democratic ticket against Supervisor John Jenkins, Republican, Barlow said the Supervisor received too much money. If elected, he promised, he would reduce his own pay.

Pullman Company Suggests Cut.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Spokesmen for Pullman car shop employees took exception today to an announcement that the 9,000 workers had agreed to a reduction in wages without any suggestion from the company. Later officials of the company gave out a statement, saying that Vice President Weaver had called the serious industrial situation to the attention of a shop committee.

Report New Linotype Record.

SUMTER, S. C., Dec. 30.—P. Frank Haddon, linotype operator on The Sumter Item, made what is believed here to be a world's record in setting type on a linotype machine. In six hours he set 60,288 "ems" using seven-point on an eight-point slug and a thirteen "em" measure.

Presbyterian Church Again Attacked as Communistic and Anti-Christian.

Not satisfied with the answers made by the Church Extension Committee of the Presbytery of New York to his charges that the Presbyterian Labor Temple, at Second Avenue and Fourteenth Street, was a platform from which "Socialists, Communists and anarchists are spreading their un-American propaganda," Archibald E. Stevenson, a lawyer, has prepared a new attack on the Labor Temple in the form of a sixty-page pamphlet, it was learned yesterday.

Mr. Stevenson told a TIMES reporter last night that he had done this in a private capacity "as a Presbyterian and as a citizen." He will send the pamphlet as a letter within the next few days to every clergyman and every elder of the Presbytery. Mr. Stevenson was Chairman of the Committee on Aliens of the Mayor's Committee of National Defense.

The Labor Temple was established ten years ago by the Rev. Charles Stelzle. Later the Rev. Dr. Jonathan C. Day became the pastor, and it was organized as a regular Presbyterian church, but under the auspices of the Presbytery's committee. Dr. Day left to become Commissioner of Public Markets, but returned and is now the pastor of the Labor Temple.

SEAPLANES TAKE OFF FOR PANAMA FLIGHT

Twelve of the Fourteen Leaving San Diego Cover 400 Miles on First Leg.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Dec. 30.—The dozen planes of the F-5-L division of the Navy's San Diego-Panama Aerial Expedition berthed in San Bartolome Bay, 460 miles from their starting point, tonight. The roaring of their motors disturbed the seafowl at the isolated Lower California spot as the planes swooped down, the last taking the water at 2:05 P. M., just 5 hours and 45 minutes after the leader had taken off here this morning.

Radio reports flashed back to the Naval Air Station here brought word that each of the twin-motored planes had escaped mishap, but the bigger and heavier NC-5 met trouble which put it out of the flight for a time.

NC-5 was forced to put back into San Diego Harbor after having winged its way only a few miles down the coast. Its hull had been damaged in taking off. Officers and crew, with mechanics from the station staff, went to work with a vim as soon as the big seaplane had "taxied" in, and was hauled out of the water.

Lieutenant H. V. Baugh, commanding the plane, tonight planned a non-stop flight from San Diego to Magdalena Bay, to overtake the rest of the seaplanes there on New Year's Day.

For a time no word was received concerning the NC-6 and some anxiety had begun to be felt, especially after word had come that the F-5-L type planes had reached their first overnight destination, but early this morning a radio message reported that the plane had "landed" at 4:05 P. M.

The route of the seaplanes on their 3,000-mile flight to Balboa, Canal Zone, lies along the Mexican and Central American west coasts, with "hops" of the seaplane squadron scheduled from bay to bay or port to port.

SUES "THE PILLAR OF FIRE."

Denver Minister Accuses Religious Band of Taking His Wife and Money

DENVER, Col., Dec. 30.—Charging that "The Pillar of Fire," a religious organization of nationwide scope, alienated the affections of his wife and defrauded him of his property, the Rev. Thomas A. Goode, former follower of Alma White, founder of the organization, filed suit in the District Court today asking for $100,000 damages.

Mr. Goode alleges that "The Pillar of Fire" has been falsely holding itself out to the public and its followers as a religious organization devoted to "preaching the Gospel and the promulgation of education, benevolence and charity." In reality, he says, it is a "gigantic conspiracy on the part of Mrs. White to amass a fortune for herself and her family through the practice of fraud, deceit and hypnotism upon her followers." In the time the organization has been in existence the founder, Mr. Goode charges, has accumulated money and property to the value of $1,000,000.

BISHOP LLOYD TAKES OFFICE

Will Supervise Diocese Until Bishop Burch's Successor Is Elected.

Bishop Arthur S. Lloyd began his duties yesterday as Acting Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of New York. He has been released by St. Bartholomew's Church of White Plains, of which he was rector, to act in this capacity until a successor is elected to the late Bishop Charles Sumner Burch.

Bishop Lloyd saw all the visitors and in detail took up the tasks as laid down on Dec. 20 last by Bishop Burch, just before he died. The administration of the diocese, however, is in the hands of the Standing Committee and will be attended to from the office of the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, its President, who is rector of St. Thomas's Church.

DENY HILLMAN'S CHARGE.

Boston Clothing Makers Say There Is No Desire to Restrict Output.

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—The Clothing Manufacturers' Association of Boston in a statement tonight denied the truth of charges made here yesterday by Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, that the Boston manufacturers had conspired with those in New York to restrict output, thereby increasing prices.

"Any person connected with the clothing industry, from the worker in the factory to the salesman in the retail store, knows the absolute falsity of this statement," the statement said. "It is diametrically opposed to the truth and the public should be made aware of its falsity.

Horace F. Hutchinson.

Horace F. Hutchinson, President and Trustee of the Broadway Savings Institution, 3 Park Place, Brooklyn, died yesterday morning in the Peck Memorial Hospital following an operation. Mr. Hutchinson was a Director of the Fifth National Bank and of J. B. King & Co., and Treasurer of the Muralo Company. He was in his eighty-first year. His home was at 316 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn, where services will be held Sunday afternoon. Interment will be in Sleepy Hollow Cemetery, Tarrytown.

$11,741,799 ESTATE

Phelps-Dodge Co. Vice President Gives Fortune to His Wife and Three Daughters.

HAD VALUABLE PAINTINGS

$10,898,765 in Stocks and Bonds, with $1,500,000 in War Loans—Personal Effects $89,079.

The estate of James McLean, Vice President of Phelps Dodge & Co. and well known financier, who died Jan. 7 last, was appraised yesterday at $11,741,799, of which his 18,500 shares in Phelps Dodge & Co. accounted for $4,391,715. He left 3,960 shares of the stock, valued at $707,176, to each of his daughters, Helen McLean Ravenscroft and Ethel L. and Alice McLean, and gave the residue of $5,008,340 to his wife, Mrs. Sarah McLean.

Mr. McLean's personal effects in his residence at 907 Fifth Avenue were valued at $89,079. He had many well known paintings, the most important being Harpignies's "River Loire," $14,000; Constable's "English Landscape," $9,000; Harlow's "Portrait of a Boy," $8,500, and Dias's "Faggot Gatherers," $4,000.

The total value of the stocks and bonds was $10,896,765, of which $1,000,000 were in the First Liberty Loan bonds and $500,000 in the Victory loan. His largest holdings other than Phelps Dodge & Co. stock were: 5,000 American Can preferred, $557,900; 5,000 common, $287,500; 2,500 Santa Fé preferred, $197,500; 2,500 common, $211,250; 14,667 shares El Paso & Southwestern Railway, $1,100,625; 22,000 Old Dominion Company, $803,000, and 4,000 shares Willys Corporation second preferred, $349,000.

CLAIMS THE WRONG HOME.

Beggar Gives Address of Magistrate Who Hears Case.

William Hart, 35 years old, sentenced to the workhouse for four months for soliciting money at the Park Place subway, told Magistrate Nolan in the Tombs Court yesterday that his home was at 9 Madison Street.

"Where, New York or Hohokus?" asked the Magistrate.

"Right here, in this little old town," replied Hart glibly. "I was born in the neighborhood where Governor Smith came from."

"Are you sure you were born at 9 Madison Street?" insisted the Magistrate.

Hart was not sure of his birthplace, but he was quite sure he lived at 9 Madison Street.

"I live at 9 Madison Street," said Magistrate Nolan. "I've lived there many years, and do not recall seeing you there."

The police said Hart had been convicted several times of begging.

Mrs. Ferry Dies in Fifth Avenue Bus

Mrs. Virginia Green Ferry, 79 years old, widow of George J. Ferry, hat manufacturer and Mayor of Orange, died suddenly yesterday afternoon of heart disease in a Fifth Avenue bus near Forty-second Street while on the way to her residence in the Hotel Marie Antoinette.

Obituary Notes.

GEORGE HENRY CHRIST, 54 years old, a veteran of the Spanish-American War and for years in business in Brooklyn as a repairer of art china, bronzes, &c., died on Wednesday at his home, 38 Boerum Place, Brooklyn.

JOSEPH R. KREY, a real estate dealer in the Hollis and Richmond Hill sections, died at his home in Queens Village on Wednesday. He was 51 years old.

BENJAMIN H. CLARK, 64 years old, in the building loan business, died in Jamaica Hospital on Monday. His wife died six weeks ago. Mr. Clark's home was in Woodhaven, L. I.

FREDERICK TEITMAN, 72 years old, a retired stationary engineer, died at his home on Tuesday at his home, 227 Rutland Road, Flatbush.

Mrs. MAGDALENE WENZ, widow of Ferdinand Wenz, for years a leader in Democratic politics in Brooklyn, died yesterday at her home, 221 Powers Street, Brooklyn, aged 78 years.

NATHAN TOWNSEND THAYER, a retired banker and broker and for nearly twenty-five years a member of the New York Stock Exchange, died on Wednesday at his residence, 25 South Portland Avenue, Brooklyn. He was in his sixty-fifth year. Mr. Thayer was born in Buffalo, N. Y., the son of Nathan and Harriet Putnam Rogers Thayer. He was a trustee of the Dime Savings Bank of Brooklyn and a member of the New York Yacht Club, the Crescent Athletic Club and the Loyal Legion.

NEIL WILKIE, a student at Harvard College, son of John L. Wilkie, lawyer, died Wednesday in New Windsor, N. Y.

Mrs. J. H. TENNANT, wife of the managing editor of The Evening World, died yesterday in her apartment in the Hendrik Hudson, Riverside Drive and 110th Street, after a long illness. She had done a great deal of Red Cross and hospital work.

FERDINAND THUM, said to be the inventor of sticky flypaper, was found dead in his bed Wednesday at Pasadena, Cal. He was 68 years old.

ISAAC D. GABEL, twice Mayor of Bordentown, N. J., died yesterday of apoplexy at his home there, aged 76.

Robert Alden McCarty, 74 years old, one of the last survivors of Sherman's army that marched through Georgia, died Wednesday in the French Hospital. He had worked on the Chicago Inter-Ocean in the time of Bret Harte and Ik Marvel.

Mrs. SUSAN MASON PARKER, widow of James E. Parker of Hellerton, Mass., died suddenly of heart disease in Greenwich, Conn. She was born in 1833.

JOHN ALLEN GUESS, 87 years old, a retired realty operator, died Wednesday night of heart disease in Mount Vernon.

JAMES GUTHRIE SHAW, senior partner in the importing house of Thurston & Braidich, died Wednesday after an operation, aged 61. He lived at 39 Montgomery Place, Brooklyn.

JOHN W. McNICHOL, 63 years old, a blacksmith at Dobbs Ferry, who formed a childhood friendship with Theodore Roosevelt, died Wednesday.

ROBERT J. WILSON Jr. of 28 Central Park West, a civil engineer, died suddenly yesterday of acute indigestion at the home of relatives in Philadelphia. He was 40 years old.

SARAH FREEMAN, said to have been 109 years old, died yesterday in Woodstock, Ontario. She was born in Stockbridge, N. Y., in 1813.

MARSHALL LANSING EMERY of M. L. & M. G. Emery, architects, of this city and Albany, died yesterday at his home, 273 West Ninetieth Street, of complications following pneumonia, at the age of 54. He was educated in the schools of Albany and later in Paris.

JOHN WIEST, 81 years old, who was second engineer on the steamer Robert E. Lee when she won from the steamer Natchez in the famous race from New Orleans to St. Louis on the Mississippi River in 1870, died in Louisville, Ky., last night. He was the last surviving participant in the race. For forty-four years he was chief engineer at the Louisville Water Company's pumping station.

LONDON PARIS INDIA RUSSIA

Cartier

With purchasing branches in Paris and London offers to its Patrons in New York the Benefit of the low Rate of Exchange

NEW YORK

Fifth Avenue at 52nd Street

Engaged.

ADELSTEIN—GITTLER—Mr. Adolph Gittler of 926 Park Avenue, announces the engagement of his daughter, Lillian Marion, to Mr. Samuel Adelstein, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hyman Adelstein, of 237 Central Park West.

Married.

CHILD—BOWMAN—Miss Alice Bowman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis C. Bowman of Burlington, Vt., formerly of Toledo, Ohio, was united in marriage to Bradford Child, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin R. Child of New York, on Monday evening, Dec. 27, at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Bowman, Kent Hill, Dover, Va.

ELFENBEIN — WEINSTEIN—Mr. and Mrs. Isadore Weinstein announce the marriage of their daughter Mildred to Maurice Joseph Elfenbein, Dec. 28.

FRITZ—SWISHER—On Dec. 29, in New York City, by the Rev. Mari Reiland, Virginia Rassieud, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Yale Encelard, to Angus Macdonald Fraser.

HEGER—De LACROIX—Isidor Heiger to Rebecca de Lacroix, Dec. 30.

HODGES—JONES—On Dec. 28, at Newtown, Conn., by the Rev. William Sinclair, Mrs. Carrie Bruggerhof Jones to Brig. Gen. Henry C. Hodges Jr.

SPENCER—JONES—Dec. 29, 1920, Florence, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Jackson Jones, to Mr. Joseph Paul Spencer, at Willow Lake, Wantagh, L. I.

Died.

ABBOTT—Suddenly, at Paterson, N. J., on Wednesday, Dec. 29, 1920, Margaret Hennessey, eldest daughter of C. Westley and Elsa Hoxsey Abbott, aged 12 years. Funeral services on Friday, Dec. 31, at her late home, 251 Summers St., Paterson, at 2:30 P. M.

BALLANTYNE—At South Orange, N. J., on Thursday, Dec. 30, 1920, Cora Frances, widow of John L. Ballantyne. Funeral service at her late residence, 161 Compett Place, South Orange, N. J., on Sunday, Jan. 2, 1921, at 4 P. M.

BARROW—On Tuesday, Dec. 28, Elizabeth Barrow, only surviving child of the late John and Elizabeth Wade Barrow of Skaneateles, N. Y., in the ninety-first year of her age. Funeral at Skaneateles Friday, Dec. 31.

BRAND—On Wednesday, Dec. 29, Libbie, wife of Abram Brand and mother of Belle Marks, Josephine, Louis, Henry and Herbert Brand. Funeral from her late residence, 505 West 142d St., on Friday, 10 A. M.

BRANDT—Mount Nebo Sisterhood regret to announce the death of Sister Libby Brandt. Members are requested to attend funeral services at 505 West 142d St., Friday, at 10:30 A. M.

By David B. Goldstein, President.
Mrs. Jacob Sonn, Secretary.

BRODERICK—Anna, on Dec. 30, beloved wife of the late John Broderick and mother of Mrs. Joseph T. Smith, John and Nicholas Broderick. Funeral from her late residence, 34 Amsterdam Av., Monday, Jan. 3, at 10 A. M. Solemn requiem mass at Church of St. Paul the Apostle. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

BRUNEL—Letitia, Dec. 30, 1920, at the Staten Island Hospital. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Ascension, West New Brighton, N. Y., Saturday, Jan. 1, 1921, at 11 A. M. Interment in Ocean View Cemetery.

CALHOUN—On Tuesday, Dec. 28, Isabella, widow of William Calhoun. Funeral from her late residence, 292 Lefferts Av. (near Nostrand), Brooklyn, Friday, Dec. 31, at 2 P. M.

CARNET—Dec. 30, 1920, Hannah A., beloved wife of Thomas F. Carnet. Funeral Monday, 9:15 A. M., from her late residence, 1,494 University Av. Requiem mass 10 o'clock Sacred Heart Church, Shakespeare Av. and 168th St. (Highbridge). Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

COTTON—At Newburgh, Dec. 29, 1920, the Rev. John Lyman Cotton, D. A., beloved husband of May M. Jacobsen in his 59th year. Funeral services at 259 Grand St., Newburg, N. Y., on Saturday afternoon, Jan. 1, 1921, at 2 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

CREAMER—On Wednesday, Dec. 29, 1920, Ella J., beloved wife of William Henry Creamer. Funeral services will be held at her late residence, 281 Windtrop St., Brooklyn, on Friday morning, Dec. 31, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

DENKER—Lena, aged 49, beloved wife of Aaron, mother of Cecile, Herman, Jeane and Jesse, Dec. 30, 1920, at 3 A. M., 980 Prospect Av. Funeral services were held at Mount Hebron Cemetery, Long Island, on Thursday at 2 P. M.

DICKERMAN—Alfred D., on Thursday morning, Dec. 30. Funeral services at his residence, 317 West 80th St., 10 o'clock A. M., Saturday, Jan. 1. Burial from the residence of his parents in New Haven at 2 o'clock. New

Oxford-Cambridge Team Wins Hard-Fought Cross-Country Race, 26 Points to 29.

MONTAGUE SAVES THE DAY

Baton Takes Fourth Place by Plucky Running and Turns Tide —McInnes, Oxford, First.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—The Chronicle's special correspondent, describing today's cross-country race at Roehampton between Cornell and the Oxford-Cambridge team, writes:

"A superb display of sustained speed and stamina by a twenty-year-old Oxford University athlete, McInnes, and a heroic bit of grim determination by E. A. Montague, a fellow-collegian, enabled the British runners to vanquish the men of the Cornell varsity by 29 points to 29.

"Because of the sporting spirit in which the Americans came and tackled us in our own backyard at a sport we know best and because of the desperately close nature of the struggle, one of the closest in the age-long story of this ancient sport, today's affair will go down in the annals of athletics as a classic.

Coach Jack Moakley, who has been in charge of the track sport at Cornell for a quarter of a century, declared it was the great test he ever saw. W. G. George, who won the national cross-country championship as long ago as 1883 and 1885, said he never attended anything so thoroughly sporting and he never wished to see better running.

"All previous cross-country contests between Oxford and Cambridge were easily surpassed. McInnes led the whole way, evidently under orders to run the Americans off their feet. He crossed the finish line in 42 minutes 9 4-5 seconds. Considering the recent heavy rains and the slow going over plough and marsh lands, this was a great performance. The record for the course, made under far better conditions, is 41 minutes 56 seconds.

"One hundred yards behind the scudding figure in dark blue and running like a Greek god came Carter of Cornell. After a gruelling battle of wits and grit he ran down Montague at the fifth mile. McDermott of Cornell, who was third, also overhauled Montague by an electrifying sprint in the last quarter mile. As a matter of fact the Cornell captain was in acute distress during the closing chapters of the race, but he held grimly on and saved the day for Britain."

Strong Spurt by McInnes.

LONDON, Dec. 30 (Associated Press).—McInnes of Oxford, who won the individual honors in the cross-country at Roehampton today by finishing first in 42:09 2-5, made a strong spurt as he crossed the line 100 yards ahead of Carter of Cornell, the second man, who also finished in fine shape. Carter's time was 42:34. The best time ever made over the course is 41 minutes 55 seconds.

The order in which the others of the first ten finished and their respective times were as follows: McDermott, Cornell, 42:54; Montague, Oxford, 43:14; Marsh, Cambridge, 43:15; N. F. Brown, Cornell, 43:22; Seagrove, Cambridge, 43:36; R. E. Brown, Cornell, 43:41; Grace, Oxford, 43:58, and Bonsal, Cornell, 44:09 1-5.

Only the first ten men, the five first on each team, were counted in the scoring, and the times of the other runners were not recorded. The four other starters finished as follows: Sutton, Oxford; Anderson, Cambridge; Richman, Cornell, and Dickinson, Cornell.

The closeness of the contest may be judged by the fact that, although the course was heavy by reason of the rain of the day before, the last man to finish was only 2 minutes and 3-5 seconds behind McInnes at the tape.

Although McInnes led the field from the half-way point and finished 100 yards in the van, he had been so closely pressed by Carter that he was able to beat this year's Oxford-Cambridge race time by nearly one minute.

Montague Collapses.

All the Americans finished strong. Montague, the plucky Oxonian, who ran with an injured foot, was the only man who collapsed at the finish, having been passed by McDermott in the last mile. Montague finished in fourth place, ahead of Marsh, his Cambridge rival.

Over the first half mile of the run all the men were bunched. They ran this way until the two miles had been reached, when Seagrove, McInnes, Carter, Montague and McDermott began jockeying for the lead. When McInnes drew away Carter went after him, and they set a fast pace to the finish.

At the two-mile mark it seemed an American victory, but after the first water jump, followed by the plowed fields, James L. Dickinson, Captain of the Cornell harriers, weakened, evidently, as a result of his recent illness, and Cornell's expected perfect "packing" of the men for the finish was impossible.

Coming into Wimbledon Common for the mile-and-a-half finish, with McInnes and Carter leading the race and with third place being fought for by McDermott, Montague and Marsh, respectively, of Cornell, Oxford and Cambridge, exciting sport was witnessed, by the several thousands of spectators who lined the route. McDermott at the mile sprinted, leaving the Englishmen behind him, and finished 100 yards ahead of them and 50 yards behind Carter. The other runners were trailing, Americans and Englishmen alternating for half a mile.

The best of sportsmanship was displayed during the race, the Americans and Englishmen being cheered impartially as they ran to the tape.

Ithacans Dress in Old Barn.

A novelty of the day for the Ithacans was climbing to the loft of the old barn at Kings Head Inn, Roehampton, and dressing for the race in quarters established there fifty-three years ago when the first Roehampton run was staged and which has since been used by the English varsity men in preparation for their annual competition.

Today's race was considered one of the best exhibitions of distance running ever seen in England, according to English experts who have watched the Roehampton races for fifty years.

The Americans were more than pleased with their showing against the picked Oxford-Cambridge team. Coach Moakley of Cornell declared it was the best race he ever had seen, and Dickinson, the Ithacan Captain, said:

"By finishing second and third and beating out Montague and Seagrave, respectively the Oxford and Cambridge Captains, Cornell's showing was a most creditable one."

Course Seven and a Half Miles.

The race was run over the Thames Hare and Hounds Club course at Roehampton, on the outskirts of this city. The distance was roughly seven and a half miles, consisting of two miles of road running, one mile of ploughed land and the remaining distance of rough grass fields. The course included two cliffs of low elevation and two water jumps, both of which were too wide to permit clearing without a wetting. The entire stretch is considered one of the best bits of cross-country race land in England and is used for the annual Oxford-Cambridge dual race each year, in addition to a number of club and sectional races. A heavy rain yesterday soaked the course and the runners encountered heavy going over the long, tiresome journey.

Jack Moakley, Cornell's veteran coach, admitted before the race that his team lacked stars such as were entered in the race by the English universities, but he placed reliance in the "pack," believing that his team, by united effort, would be able to win the victory. The American system of scoring was adopted, the men gaining points corresponding to the order in which they finished, the team having the lowest numerical score winning the race.

Jackson Cannell, captain of the Dartmouth varsity eleven last year, succeeding Clarence Spears as coach of the Green football team was expressed by those in touch with the situation today. The announcement from Chicago last night that Spears would coach at West Virginia next Fall was not unexpected, and Cannell, who was his assistant this year, expected to move up as head coach. Cannell himself said today he had no word on the matter. Graduate Manager Horace G. Pender, who is in Chicago, is the authority with whom decision will rest, he said. The only other name mentioned is that of Larry Bankhart, a Dartmouth alumnus who resigned as coach at Colgate last year.

COLUMBIA CAPTURES CHESS TOURNAMENT

Morningside Experts Defeat Princeton and Win Championship of C. H. Y. P. League.

Columbia's chess players easily came through as winners of the twenty-eighth annual tournament of the C. H. Y. P. Chess League as the result of the games played in the third and last round at the rooms of the Manhattan Chess Club yesterday, thereby retaining the championship, won from Harvard, Yale and Princeton last year. Columbia has now won the title fifteen times.

The championship was clinched through the defeat of Princeton. The Tigers succumbed to the skill of the New Yorkers to the tune of 4—0.

The members of the winning team were M. A. Schapiro, '23; O. Frink Jr., '22; P. Wolfson, '22, and F. Worden, '20. Wolfson, with three straight, made the best individual record; Frink and Worden contributed 2½ each and Schapiro 1½.

In the contest concluded yesterday, Columbia played a 2—2 tie with Harvard and won from Yale by 3½—½ prior to the humiliation of Princeton. Princeton, on the other hand, sported the scalps of both Harvard and Yale.

In the Yale-Harvard match yesterday the verdict went to Yale by 2½—1½. This gave Princeton second place, although tied with Harvard in the game record. The Tigers, however, had much the better score in match results.

The summaries:

COLUMBIA.		PRINCETON.
Boards.		
1—M. A. Schapiro...	1	S. E. Hall.....0
2—O. Frink Jr.....	1	C. T. Smith.....0
3—P. Wolfson	1	C. E. Koetter.....0
4—F. Worden.....	1	P. S. Olmstead.....0
Total.....	4	Total.....0

Columbia played white on the odd-numbered boards. The openings: 1, three knights; 2, Queen's pawn; 3, French defense; 4, irregular.

YALE.		HARVARD.
Boards.		
1—T. H Banks....	½	K. O. Mott-Smith. ½
2—F. Paine.....	0	H. H. Jackson....1
3—A. Strout	1	A. King 0
4—H. C. Jackson..!		E. A. Sharp.....0
Total.....	2½	Total.....1½

Harvard played white on the odd-numbered boards. The openings: 1, Glucco piano; 2, French defense; 3, King's gambit declined; 4, Ruy Lopez.

The final standing of the teams follows.

College.	Matches. Won.	Lost.	Games. Won.	Lost.
Columbia	3½	½	8½	2½
Princeton	2	1	6	4
Harvard	½	2½	5	7
Yale	1	2	4½	7½

DEFER ACTION ON PROTEST.

Soccer Officials Want Further Evidence in Appeal of Erie A. A.

At a special meeting of the National Challenge Cup Committee of the United States Football Association at the Hotel Astor last night, with Lieut. Col. G. Randolph Manning presiding, the protest of the Erie Athletic Association in the game of the same name lost to Robbins Dry Dock in the fourth round last Sunday was taken up in connection with the report of George Young of Philadelphia, the referee, who was not present.

Of the several points made by the Erie in their argument only one, that of encroachment on the part of spectators, was considered vital by the committee and this, unfortunately, had not been referred to at all in the referee's report. Instead, the testimony of the two neutral linesmen, J. E. Schofield and Robert MacMahon, was taken. This was to the effect that the lines on which they were supposed to travel were not at all times clear of onlookers. The committee then voted that the reports of the linesmen be required to writing and submitted to the referee for further action at a later meeting. Douglas Stewart of Philadelphia, Vice President of the United States Football Association, was appointed a committee of one to confer with the referee. William S. Brown represented the Erie A. A. and Frederick Smith appeared for Robins Dry Dock.

Pairings for the four games of the fifth round of the annual cup competition of the association were made at the meeting. There are four teams each in the Eastern and Western Divisions and they will meet on or before Feb. 27, as follows:

Eastern Division: Fairlawn Rovers of Pawtucket, R. I., vs. Tebo Yacht Basin of Brooklyn; Fore River F. C. of Fore River, Mass., vs. Robins Dry Dock of Brooklyn or Erie A. A. of Kearny, N. J.

Western Division: Caledonia F. C. of Detroit vs. Kodak Park F. C. of Rochester or Goodrich F. C. of Akron, Ohio; Scullen Steel F. C. of St. Louis vs. Bricklayers F. C. of Chicago.

TO FORM NEW CONFERENCE.

Middle Western Colleges Plan Interstate Combination.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—The formation of a new interstate athletic conference was practically assured today, following a conference of representatives of the Middle Western colleges here. It was decided to hold a track meet at Coe College, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, in May.

Scholastic standing as well as athletic strength will be the basis upon which members will be enrolled.

Beloit, Carleton, Coe, Cornell (Iowa), Depauw, Hamlin, Knox, Lawrence and Wabash are expected to become members.

DECLINES INVITATION.

Cornell Cannot Accept Cuban Offer for Basketball Trip.

ITHACA, N. Y., Dec. 30.—Cornell is unable to accept an invitation received today from Havana to send its basketball team to Cuba next month, Graduate Manager Romeyn Berry announced tonight. Jacques Molinet, Captain of the Cornell five, comes from Chaparra, Cuba.

The invitation from the Cuban Athletic Club suggested a three-game series with its team between Jan. 15 and 20, and guaranteed expenses of eight men for the trip. Berry said he sent a cable message expressing regret that the Cornell team would be unable to make the trip, as its schedule had been definitely arranged.

Hornsby Not on the Market.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 30.—Branch Rickey, Manager of the St. Louis Nationals, today reiterated that Rogers Hornsby, star infielder, is not for sale. The announcement followed one made in New York last night that an offer by the Giants of $200,000 and four players for the local star had been turned down.

Junior Indoor Tennis Champion Will Defend Crown in Final Round of Tournament.

BOYS' TITLE FOR EINSMANN

Captures Event by Default—Richards-McHugh and Glore-Kuhn Teams Remain in Doubles.

Vincent Richards, the Fordham University tennis star, holder of the national indoor junior championship in 1918 and 1919, will defend his title today in the final round of the current tournament at the Seventh Regiment Armory against Jerry Lang, of the George Washington High School. This will be Richard's last opportunity to hold the junior indoor title as he will have passed beyond the age limit in another year. In the semi-final round yesterday, Richards defeated William Aydelotte, of Horace Mann School, in straight sets by scores of 6—1, 6—1, while Lang also took two straight sets from Harry Pickells of Flushing at 6—0, 6—3.

The tournament for the boys' national championship ended in an unfortunate contretemps, which necessitated the awarding of the honors to William Einsmann of the West Side Club by default, Einsmann's opponent in the final was to have been Herbert D. Bearman, of the Townsend Harris Hall School, but at the eleventh hour it came to the attention of the committee in charge that Bearman was a few days beyond the age limit and hence not eligible to the title.

Bearman, it appeared, had passed his fifteenth birthday anniversary a few days before March 1 last, which placed him beyond the age limit. Officials of the tournament stated that he had been misinformed with regard to the availability of his entry, having been told that four or five days would make no difference. Thus he forwarded his entry in entire misunderstanding of the situation and the strictness of the rule. As a solution of the dilemma in which the committee was thus placed yesterday, it was suggested that matches in the earlier rounds in which Bearman's play might have affected the outcome, be replayed, but this was not found feasible in view of the fact that most of the competitors had scattered to their homes and made other plans for the remainder of their holiday vacations. Thus the championship was awarded to Einsmann, who thus succeeds Cecil Donaldson, M. Bernstein and Charles Wood as the fourth holder of the boys' championship.

Richards in Good Form.

Against Aydelotte in yesterday's junior semi-final, Richards displayed the form that ought to carry him to his third winning of the title. Aydelotte sets himself a swift, hard pace in tennis, delivering his strokes with considerable severity and playing well at the net. But he could not combat Richard's superior tournament experience and greater versatility with any hope of success. The champion's service had superior force and his placements were beautifully made. He fell into few errors, while forcing Aydelotte into many. The Fordhamite employed a cut that bothered Aydelotte considerably.

Richards gained an important advantage at the very start of the match by breaking through service. Aydelotte held him off in this game until deuce had been called three times. The Fordhamite then won his own service, but dropped the next game on Aydelotte's delivery. This, the only game of the set that Aydelotte won, was twice deuced before Aydelotte captured it. The following games of the set, especially the sixth, were close, with the loser playing better than the score shows. In the sixth game, which went to deuce five times, Aydelotte flashed two remarkably pretty passing shots as the Fordhamite essayed to reach the net.

The second set was practically a repetition of the first, though Aydelotte did not win a game until Richards had piled up five. Even to the last point, however, Aydelotte hung on tenaciously, and, even though losing three games at love, made the champion work hard for every advantage.

The point scores of the match follow:

FIRST SET.

							Total Pts.	G.
Richards	7	4	4	4	4	9	4—26	6
Aydelotte	5	2	0	2	2	7	1—23	1

SECOND SET.

									Total Pts.	G.
Richards	4	6	5	4	4	1	4—	28		6
Aydelotte	2	4	3	0	0	4	0—13			1

Lang Wins Easily.

Lang had little real difficulty in capturing his semi-final with Pickells. He romped away with the first set without the loss of a game and easily kept a winning lead all through the second session. The final round and possession of the title will be decided between Lang and Richards at 11 o'clock this morning.

Richards also entered the final round of the junior doubles tournament in company with Paul F. McHugh of Yale. They defeated Aydelotte and Tucker without being greatly extended. The scores were 6—1, 6—4. In the other semi-final match of the doubles Glore and Kuhn had to battle their hardest to win from Einsmann and Acker at 8—6, 7—5, 6—3. After winning the first set and holding their rivals even up to 5—all in the second, Einsmann and Acker looked like eventual winners. But Glore and Kuhn made a fine rally just in time and maintained their heightened speed, all through the third and deciding set. The final of the doubles will be contested this afternoon at 1 o'clock.

The summaries:

Junior Indoor Singles, Semi-Finals—Vincent Richards, Fordham University, defeated William Aydelotte, Horace Mann School, 6—1, 6—1; Jerry Lang, George Washington High School, defeated Harry Pickells, Flushing, 6—0, 6—3.

Junior Indoor Doubles, Semi-Finals—Arthur K. Glore and Ernest Kuhn defeated William Einsmann and Grevel Acker, 8—6, 7—5, 6—3; Vincent Richards and Paul F. McHugh defeated William Aydelotte and John J. Tucker, 6—1, 6—4.

"BAT" NELSON A REFEREE.

Former Lightweight's Application Approved by Boxing Commission.

At the regular weekly meeting of the Boxing Commission and License Committee yesterday, Battling Nelson of this city, erstwhile lightweight champion, was granted a license as a referee, while Captain Charles Diegel, also of New York, was licensed as a timekeeper. William A. Smith was named a judge, in addition to which nine licenses were granted to managers and seventy-eight others to boxers.

Among those who received licenses were Al Reich of this city, frequent contender for the heavyweight championship; Frank Cassidy of Brooklyn and Nick Fiorlo of New York, both formerly well known in amateur ristic competition; Willie Dunfee of Long Island City, Battling Sieger of Brooklyn and Frank Mayo of Brooklyn.

DEVISES NEW BOXING PLAN.

Committee Still Hopes Sport May Be Sanctioned in the Colleges.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—The Boxing Committee of the National Collegiate Athletic Association will submit a new plan, amended so that objections which caused the association to refuse to sanction boxing in colleges and universities yesterday, may be eliminated, at next year's meeting, it was announced today.

Fear that boxing under the plan offered yesterday would get beyond the control of faculties of schools was said to be the reason for disapproval.

CHICAGO DEFEATS PRINCETON, 15-11

Westerners' Superior Speed Wins for Them in Intersectional Basketball.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—The University of Chicago defeated Princeton, 15 to 11, in the big intersectional intercollegiate basketball game at Bartlett Gymnasium tonight. Both teams showed skill in brief moments, but it was too early in the season for either quintet to show highly developed team play.

In the first half Chicago played rather ragged basketball, but even so, Stagg's men outclassed the Tigers, who did not make a single basket, although having control of the ball most of the time. The difference in type of game between the two teams was obvious. The Maroon showed a tight defense and did its scoring in fast bursts of speed, while the Princetonians played the same kind of basketball that Pennsylvania revealed here last Winter in the national championship series, using slow, carefully executed passing game and wasting most of the time in the far end of the court without having a chance to score. Both teams were off form in basket shooting and out of only seven baskets made in the entire game.

There were only eight minutes left to play in the second half when Princeton made the first of its three baskets.

Birkhoff did the better free-throw tossing, sinking seven out of twelve attempts, while Netts and Jeffries of the Tigers counted only five out of thirteen.

After the intermission Princeton, under instructions, speeded up its passing and battled the Maroons almost even, but at no time threatened to take the lead.

Opie, the Tiger guard, who played with a broken nose, wore a mask, and once had to take time out after a collision to have his protection reinforced. He was the best man in the Princeton floor game.

Three thousand spectators filled every seat in the gymnasium.

The line-up:

CHICAGO (15).		PRINCETON (11).
Stahr	R. F.	Jefferies
Birkhoff	L. F.	Nett
Halliday	C.	Dickenson
Grisler	R. G.	Opie
McGuire	L. G.	Legendre

Goals from floor—Stahr (2), Birkhoff, McGuire, Jeffries, Nett, Dickenson. Goals from foul—Birkhoff (7), Nett (3), Jeffries (2).

Referee—Young, Illinois Wesleyan. Umpire—Maloney, Notre Dame.

YALE DOWNS CARNEGIE FIVE.

Tech Team Beaten by Ells in Basketball Game, 40 to 25.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 30.—Playing an excellent passing game, the Yale basketball team defeated Carnegie Tech tonight by a score of 40 to 25 in a contest featured by the team work of the Bulldogs. The shooting of Alderman was excellent and had the crowd on its feet in enthusiasm, although his shooting of foul goals was only fair.

The Tech team seemed to lack coordination and did very little passing, each man apparently being desirous of scoring without his team's aid. With the score 22 to 6 against them at the beginning of the second half, the Tartans spurted a little and scored 12 points to Yale's 2, but the latter came in with a rush and swept the locals off their feet.

The line-up:

YALE (40).		CARNEGIE (25).
Sheldon	L. F.	Hamman
Alderman	R. F.	McCaw
Ohley	C.	Swann
Flynn	L. G.	Lynn
Cooper	R. G.	Nichol

Goals from field—Alderman (5), Bailey (4), Flynn (3), Sheldon (2), Cooper, Goodell, Gibson (3), Hammann, Dorsey, Nichol. Goals from foul—Alderman, 8 out of 14; Lynn, 10 out of 20.

Substitutions—Yale: Bailey for Sheldon, Conklin for Ohley, Goodell for Cooper, Hume for Flynn; Carnegie Tech: Dorsey for Swann, Gibson for McCaw.

Referee—Slack and Daugherty. Time of halves—20 minutes.

W. & J. DOWNS DARTMOUTH.

Opens Basketball Season With Victory Over Green, 31 to 21.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Dec. 30.—Washington and Jefferson opened its intercollegiate basketball season here tonight by defeating Dartmouth in the first athletic contest ever staged by teams representing the two institutions by 31 to 21. Dartmouth never had a chance to win, W. and J. taking an early lead and holding it throughout. The Presidents had a 10-point advantage at the end of the first half, scoring 20 points to 10 for the New Englanders. Dartmouth braced somewhat in the second half, but W. and J. played safe and finished with the same margin of superiority. W. and J. excelled in team work and also showed greater accuracy in shooting from the floor.

The line-up:

W. & J. (31).		DARTMOUTH (21).
Carroll	L. F.	Cullen
C. Conn	R. F.	Heep
Ramsey	C.	Moore
Kaiser	L. G.	Millar
K. Conn	R. G.	McDermott

Goals from field—C. Conn, Ramsey (2), K. Conn (4), Cullen, Yuill, Millar (2). Goals from fouls—Carroll 17 out of 22, Cullen 3 out of 10, Brown 5 out of 6.

Substitutions—W. and J.: Elison for C. Conn, Saunders for Ramsey, Covall for Kaiser, Black for K. Conn. Dartmouth: Brown for Cullen, Yuill for Heep, Connelly for Moore, Moore for Connelly, Heep for McDermott.

Referee—Mr. Wall. Time of halves—20 minutes.

MINNEAPOLIS WANTS TEAM.

Would Take Place Vacated by Pittsburgh in Hockey Association.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 30.—At a meeting of hockey enthusiasts here today it was decided to place a team representing Minneapolis in the United States Amateur Hockey Association's Western loop, if the rule requiring that cards attesting the amateur standing of the players be presented thirty days before the start of league competition could be waived.

The proposed Minneapolis team would replace the disbanded Pittsburgh sextet.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 30. — William S. Haddock, President of the United States Amateur Hockey Association, today received an application from Minneapolis for a team in that city to take the place of the Pittsburgh squad in Group 2 of the association. Mr. Haddock said he was desirous of having some city take the place of Pittsburgh.

The Pittsburgh team disbanded Tuesday night after an exhibition game here with the University of Toronto. Failure of the league to issue full amateur cards to certain members was given as the reason for withdrawal.

International League and American Association May Form Own Organization.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 30.—The possibility that the International League and the American Association may withdraw from the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues, composed of the minor leagues of the country, and enter the new national agreement as a separate and distinct body is indicated in correspondence between President Hickey of the American Association and Jack Dunn, President of the Baltimore Club of the Internationals.

Judge Landis, baseball High Commissioner, is quoted as saying he saw no reason why the two Class A leagues should not enter the agreement to be adopted at Chicago next month as a class by themselves along the same lines as the National and American Leagues.

The chief cause of the dissatisfaction of the two big minors is the ruling of the National Association that it be given 5 per cent. of the gross receipts of all post-season series.

President Hickey, in a recent letter to Dunn, protested against this ruling and declared he would withdraw from the national body rather than submit to it.

Manager Dunn, who agrees with Hickey in his stand, has asked President Toole of the International League to have a mail vote of the other club owners of the league taken on the situation, but thus far has not heard from Mr. Toole.

GIANT CAMP AT MOBILE.

McGrawmen Will Break Trip Northward by Stay at Southern City.

Joseph J. O'Brien, Secretary of the Giants, announced yesterday that the secondary training camp to be established in order to break the trip north for the team would be established at Mobile, Ala. McGraw and his men will march into this noted Southern city on Monday, March 28, after eighteen days of conditioning work at San Antonio and nine or ten days of play against various clubs at Dallas, Fort Worth, Houston, Galveston, Lake Charles and New Orleans on their way eastward and northward. At Mobile they will cease for a week to be tourists and become settlers, fighting off the inhabitants and other dangerous comers as best they can.

On March 28 the Giants will e the Mobile club of the Southern sociation on the latter's diamond.

The Louisville team of the American Association will encounter the New Yorkers. On March 30 the home team will again confront the invaders and on March 31 the Kentucky Colonels will bob up again to gain or grant vengeance. On April Fool's Day and on April 2 also the Athletics will be in Mobile for battles with McGraw's squad.

At this stage of the proceedings the Giants will move along to Memphis, where they are to tackle the Memphis athletes on April 3. Then they will yoke up with the Senators for the trip northward, during which the two teams will meet at several places.

This division of the training season into two camps stays and two trips is in accord with Manager McGraw's theory that the prolonged journey back home last year, with a series of hard games with the Red Sox included, made too great demands on the strength and ginger of the players. He thinks that their early season form suffered sadly as a result, and is confident that this year's arrangement will work out much better.

FRANTZEN WINS WITH CUE.

Defeats Adair Easily, 25 to 12, in Three-Cushion Tournament.

STANDING IN A. A. B. A. THREE-CUSHION BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

Player.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
F. Gorlet	2	0	1.000
H. Frisch	2	0	1.000
J. Primakow	1	0	1.000
H. Frantzen	2	1	.667
G. La Rue	1	2	.333
C. Adair	1	2	.333
R. Smith	0	2	.000
L. Bassi	0	2	.000

Henry Frantzen had things very much his own way last night in the continuation of the three-cushion billiard tournament now in progress at Doyle's Billiard Academy when he met Charles Adair and defeated him by a score of 25 to 12 points in 39 innings. It was a veritable walkover for Frantzen, who started his playing with a run of 3 points, which proved to be his high run. He followed this up with others of 2 and 2, and in the fourteenth inning the score was 14 to 2, Frantzen's average being an even 1.

Thereafter he nursed the game along, and in the thirty-ninth inning tallied the last needed point, which made his score 25 while Adair had scored but 12. L. Bassi meets J. Primakow in the continuation of the tournament tonight.

Jackson Wood, playing from scratch, defeated Charles Addleman, who received a handicap of 185 points, in the English billiard handicap tournament, which also is in progress at the same academy. Wood scored 300 to his adversary's 260, and of that 260 the loser actually tallied but 75 points. Wood's high run was 45, and the game lasted for nineteen innings.

As a result of the game last night there now exists a triangular tie—Wood, Addleman and R. Faser each having won two and lost one in the various divisions or classes of the tournament. The playoff will start tonight. The tournament started with forty entries.

UNGER TAKES CLOSE GAME.

Defeats Spear by Two Points in Class C Billiard Tournament.

By far the closest and most exciting game of the tournament now in progress at the National Recreation Academy in Brooklyn, for the National Class C amateur balkline championship, was played last night between F. A. Unger and George Spear. The former won, the final score being 150 to 148.

In the fourteenth inning Spear had the lead, the score being 76 to 53, but in the eighteenth and nineteenth innings Unger made runs of 18 and 20 and took the lead at 90 to 84. Thereafter, things went along evenly and in the thirty-second inning the two were tied at 134. In the next, Spear tallied 12, while Unger was unable to advance more than a solitary point. Then Spear made two and missed, whereupon Unger ran 12 and Spear failed to count. Unger then ran out with the required three. Unger's strong finish was warmly applauded by the large gallery of cue enthusiasts present.

Unger's average was 4 6-38 and his high run was 20, while Spear's average was 4 8-35 and his high run 20.

The other game was between J. R. Johann and J. M. Lewis, Jr. Johann won by a score of 150 to 90. Up to the thirteenth inning the game was evenly contested and in that inning the score was 30 apiece. Thereafter, Johann had things pretty much his own way and tallied some good counts. Johann's average was 4 10-35 and his high run was 30, while Lewis had an average of 2 21-34 and his high run was 18.

The next game of the tournament will be played next Monday.

Defeats Fourteen Chess Players.

PATERSON, N. J., Dec. 30.—Samuel Rzeschewsky, the child chess wizard, defeated fourteen picked chess players from this city in his exhibition here tonight. One of the fifteen he met secured a draw with him. The lucky one was Paul Walbrecht. He played entirely on the defensive. Among the men the boy defeated was M. Branson, State champion.

Favorite Finishes First in New Orleans Feature Race—Grayson Is Winner at 20 to 1.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 30.—Large fields and a couple of fairly long shots as well as two victories for favorites afforded a sufficient variety of interest to those who attended the Jefferson Park races here today. The feature proved to be the Pelican Handicap for three-year-olds at a mile and one-sixteenth, which was won by Sterling, the 3-to-5 favorite, from a field of four starters. This was the only event on the program which had a small number of starters. Sterling was well supported by the talent and justified that support by a performance that tallied with the bay colt's name. The weather was fair and the track was fast.

Grayson in the fourth race, for three-year-olds and upward, at six furlongs, was the long shot at 20 to 1 that upset the followers of form, for they had decided that Mahoney and Captain Hershler were the probable winners, and both were quoted at 3 to 1. However, Mahoney was second in the field of twelve starters.

Spectacular Girl, a 12-to-1 shot in a twelve-horse race, the seventh and last on the card, also upset calculations, as Pad, an 8-to-5 favorite, was not able to finish in better than sixth position.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For maidens two years old; purse $600. Five furlongs. Philanderer, 115 pounds (Smith), 3 to 2, even, 1 to 2, first; Secretary, 112 (Lyke), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, second; Calithump, 112 (Collins), 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 1 to 2, third. Time—1:02 2-5. Spanish Isle, Sweet Patootie, Zalnder, Controit, Seaboard, Rose of Pickardy, Lusmore, Chief Barthell and Echoland also ran.

SECOND RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600. Six furlongs. Lady Langsfelow, 107 pounds (Mooney), 7 to 1, 5 to 2, 7 to 5, first; Sam Rose, 110 (Hopkins), 6 to 5, 1 to 2, 1 to 4, second; Madras Gingham, 118 (Burke), 6 to 1, 2 to 1, 6 to 5, third. Time—1:15 1-5. Balarosa, Liberator, Nolan, Chesterfield, Gulf Scout, Ophelis, Carl Ellwanger, Alexander, Molly O., Pigeon and Courting Colors also ran.

THIRD RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $700. Six furlongs. The Moor, 118 pounds (McDermott), 7 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, first; Sea Court, 112 (Murray), 5 to 2, 4 to 5, 2 to 5, second; Silver Springs, 109 (Ponce), 7 to 2, 3 to 2, 4 to 5, third. Time—1:15. Gallot, Rustler, Superb, Tony Sutton, Chevalier, Old Faithful and General Agramonte also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $700. Six furlongs. Grayson, 108 pounds (Mooney), 20 to 1, 8 to 1, 4 to 1, first; Mosby, 108 (Lyke), 3 to 1, 7 to 5, 1 to 2, second; Jock Scot, 108 (Rodrigues), 8 to 1, 2 to 1, 7 to 5, third. Time—1:13 4-5. Tom Sparks, Captain Hershler, Heronine, Panamvin, Shilling, Dancing Spray, Head Over Heels, Old Red and Earnest A. also ran.

FIFTH RACE—The Pelican Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; $1,000. One mile and a sixteenth. Sterling, 120 pounds (Murray), 3 to 5, 1 to 5, out, first; Chief, 106 (Rodrigues), 9 to 2, 2 to 5, out, second; Barry Shannon, 110 (Roberts), 5 to 2, 1 to 2, out, third. Time—1:46 4-5. Flitbery Gibbet also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700. One mile and an eighth. Bee, 102 pounds (Mooney), 7 to 2, 6 to 5, 3 to 5, first; Golden Dawn, 102 (Roberts), 8 to 5, 7 to 10, 1 to 3, second; Plenty, 103 (Bryson), 8 to 1, 3 to 1, 2 to 5, third. Time—1:54. Capital City, Madrone, Claquer, Old McKenna, Nelle Yorke and Jack Reeves also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700. One mile and a sixteenth. Spectacular Girl, 101 pounds (Thurber), 12 to 1, 5 to 1, 5 to 2, first; Tugs, 110 (Murray), 20 to 1, 12 to 1, 6 to 1, second; Astec, 106 (Roberts), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, third. Time—2:02 2-5. Athena, Keep, Cockrosch, Illinois Lad, Pindar, Captain Hodge, Tarascon and Lady Kathren also ran.

BOTH ELEVENS ARE READY FOR CONTEST

Ohio and California Gridiron Warriors Fit for East vs. West Clash, Say Coaches.

PASADENA, Cal., Dec. 30.—The University of California and Ohio State football squads today began tapering off their practice in preparation to their game here on New Year's Day. The coaches plan just enough practice to keep their players "on edge" for the contest, and not enough to risk injuring a first line man through further service scrimmage.

Football experts continue to express the opinion that the result of the clash between the Westerners and the Middle Westerners will depend on the ability of the Bears to stop Pete Stinchcomb, all-American halfback. At the same time, they declare that unless the Buckeye line can hold its own with the California wall, Stinchcomb will not "get loose," with the regularity he has displayed in the East.

The Ohio State eleven is in condition to "go sixty minutes at top speed," Dr. John Wilce, head coach, declared tonight. Coach Smith of California contented himself with saying his men were "fit."

Frank Williaman, Ohio fullback, who had had a tendon in his knee, will be in good shape for the game, Dr. Wilce declared. Blair, Ohio halfback, and Cott, substitute, have caused some apprehension by turning their ankles, but Blair it was announced, will be ale to start the game and Cott will be ready to go in whenever needed.

The Californians came through the practice period without injury. Repeated hints of "surprise" attacks to be sprung Saturday, heard about Tournament Park, where the teams have been practicing, caused football experts today to comment upon the possibility of both teams opening up forward passing plays in the game. Ohio developed this attack with remarkable success during the Fall, and supporters of the Western team say it has something in reserve in this respect which it was not forced to show in its regular schedule.

Every effort is being made to speed up the handling of the crowd, which seems likely to be the largest ever attending a football game in Southern California. Precautions are being taken against accident and against ticket scalping. Just before the game starts, it is announced, 2,500 tickets will be put on sale at the game with orders that only one shall go to a person.

WINS AT WATER POLO.

N. Y. A. C. Team Defeats Intercollegiate Stars at Atlantic City.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Dec. 30.—The New York Athletic Club water polo team defeated a picked team of college stars in the Ambassador pool here tonight by a score of 26 to 15.

Captain Joe Ruddy of the New York Athletic Club was star of the game, scoring three goals and practically winning the match single-handed. The teamwork of the college men was sadly lacking, although they showed individual brilliancy.

Leeming Jelliffe, present captain of the polo team at Yale, captained the collegians. Two former Penn captains, Myrle ("Steamboat") Duryea and Bob Swain, were in the line-up.

The summary:

N. Y. A. C. (26).		INTERCOL. (15).
J. Ruddy	R. F.	Jelliffe
Vollmer	L. F.	Giebel
McConnell	C.	Zimmerek
Curran	G.	J. Smith
McCarthy	L. G.	Duryea
C. Carroll	G.	Swan

Goals—Joe Ruddy (3), Vollmer, G. McConnell, Jelliffe (2), Giebel. Goal from foul—Joe Ruddy.

Substitutions—Steve Ruddy for Curran, Goodwin for Steve Ruddy.

Referee—George Wallace, Ambassador Swimming Club. Time of halves—15 minutes.

BASIS FOR TAX VALUE IS COST OR MARKET

Internal Revenue Bureau Announces Option in Inventory Returns.

MAY DEDUCT PRICE FALL

Income Tax Regulation May Cause a Difference of Many Millions in Revenues.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.-Merchants and manufacturers may adopt "cost or market, whichever is lower" as a basis for valuing their inventories for 1920 income tax returns under regulations issued today by the Bureau of Internal Revenue. The regulations also provide that the difference caused by the fall of prices during the year may be deducted in arriving at the value of stock. Secretary Houston and officials of the Internal Revenue Bureau were without estimates tonight as to the difference in revenue which may result from valuation at market prices rather than cost. The belief was expressed in some quarters that the difference would run into many millions of dollars. Internal Revenue Bureau officials explained that the law permits a choice of basis, and under present conditions "market" reflects more accurately the state of business conditions. To require inventories at a cost higher than "market," it was added, would be to put a tax on investment rather than on income.

Under ordinary circumstances, "market" is defined by the regulations as "meaning the current bid price prevailing at the date of the inventory for the particular merchandise in the volume in which it is ordinarily purchased by the taxpayer." The regulations, however, further provide that where, owing to abnormal circumstances, the taxpayer has regularly sold such merchandise at prices lower than the current bid price, the inventory may be valued at such prices.

Inventories of taxpayers on whatever basis taken will be subject to investigation, the Revenue Bureau announced, and taxpayers must satisfy the bureau of the correctness of the prices adopted.

While taxpayers are permitted under the regulations to value their inventories at cost or market, whichever is lower, regardless of past practice, the change in basis will only be permitted with the consent of the bureau.

Text of Bureau Decision.

The decision rendered states that Article 1582, Regulations 45, of the Internal Revenue Bureau is amended to read as follows:

"Article 1582. Valuation of inventories. In entories must be valued at the cost or the cost or market, as defined in Article 1584, as amended, whichever is lower. (See Article 1585 for inventories by dealers in securities.) Whichever basis is adopted must be applied consistently to the entire inventory. A taxpayer may, regardless of his past practice as to goods sold at cost, mark down the inventory to market if the bona fide selling prices and/or replacement prices at the date of the inventory are lower for his stock in trade than the cost of the goods comprised therein. Where, after a change from cost to market, a taxpayer has sold goods at prices lower than the current bid prices prevailing at the date of the inventory, such prices may be used in computing the inventory if the taxpayer has been in the habit of selling such goods at prices lower than the current bid prices and the inventory is valued at such prices.

"Inventories should be recorded in a legible manner, properly computed and summarized, and should be preserved as a part of the accounting records of the taxpayer. Goods taken in the inventory which have been so intermingled that they cannot be identified with specific invoices will be deemed to be the goods most recently purchased."

Details in regard to inventories at market prices are set forth, the bureau providing that Article 1584 of Regulations 45 is amended to read as follows:

"Article 1584—Inventories at market. Under ordinary circumstances 'market' means the current bid price prevailing at the date of the inventory for the particular merchandise in the volume in which ordinarily purchased by the taxpayer. This method of valuation is applicable in the cases (a) of goods purchased and on hand, (b) of basic elements of cost (materials, labor and burden) in goods in process of manufacture, and (c) of finished goods on hand; exclusive, however, of goods on hand or in process of manufacture for delivery upon firm sales contracts at fixed prices entered into before the date of the inventory, which goods must be inventoried at cost.

Basis of Fair Market Price.

"Where no open market quotations are available the taxpayer must use such evidence of a fair market price at the date or dates nearest the inventory as may be available, such as specific transactions in reasonable volume entered into in good faith, or compensation paid for cancellation of contracts for purchase commitments. Where, owing to abnormal conditions, the taxpayer has regularly sold such merchandise at prices lower than the current bid price as above defined, the inventory may be valued at such prices, and the correctness of such prices will be determined by reference to the actual sales of the taxpayer for a reasonable period before and after the date of the inventory. Prices which vary materially from the actual prices so ascertained will not be accepted as reflecting the market price, and the penalties prescribed for filing false and fraudulent returns may be asserted.

"Goods in process of manufacture may be valued for purposes of the inventory on the lowest of the following bases: (1) The replacement or reproduction cost prevailing at the date of the inventory; or (2) the proper proportionate part of the actual finished cost; or, under abnormal conditions, (3) the proper proportionate part of the sales price of the finished product, account being taken in all cases of the proportionate part of the total cost of basic elements (materials, labor and burden) represented in such goods in process of manufacture at the stages at which they are found on the date of inventory.

"The inventories of taxpayers, on whatever basis taken, will be subject to investigation by the commissioner, and the taxpayer must satisfy the commissioner of the correctness of the prices adopted. He must be prepared to show both the cost and the market price of each article included in the inventory. It is recognized that in the latter part of 1918, by reason, among other things, of governmental control not having been relinquished, conditions were abnormal, and in many commodities there was no such scale of trading as to establish a free market. In such a case, when a market was established during the succeeding year, a claim may be filed for any loss sustained in accordance with the provisions of Section 214 (a) 12 or Section 234 (a) 14 of the statute."

AMERICANS SEEK B. C. PULP.

May Invest $10,000,000 in Provincial Timber Lands.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Dec. 30.—American engineers representing financial interests of Chicago, New York and Buffalo are investigating the pulp manufacturing possibilities in British Columbia with the object of investing from eight to ten million dollars in the pulp industry here, C. S. Battle, one of the province's leading timber men, announced today.

The investment would represent the taking over of five billion feet of the best stumpage in the province, he said.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....1¾ to 3 p. c. for the best names
Wednesday .....1¾ to 3 p. c. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Gray Goods Again Quiet.

Little activity was visible in the local market for printcloths yesterday. Some spot business was done by second hands in 38½-inch 64-60s at 7 7-8 cents, while first hands sold 39-inch 80 squares and 38-inch 72-76s at 10¼ and 10 cents, respectively. There was also business done in 38½-inch 60-48s at 8¾ cents. Almost the only thing of interest in the sheetings was the selling of 6.50s at 6½ cents.

Will They Push for Volume?

In circles where doings in the retail dry goods field are watched very carefully there is quite a little interest being shown in the merchandising policies the stores will adopt in 1921. The drop in prices, which means that more individual sales will have to be made to equal or exceed 1920 figures, is thought to presage a push for volume that augurs well for the consumer. Obtaining volume business, it was said yesterday, invariably means price cutting, and if all the stores go in for it competition is likely to reduce the cost of living sharply in certain directions.

Zone Datings to Be Adopted.

The zone dating plan, inaugurated by Robert Reis & Co., has proved so successful that the Board of Directors of the National Wholesale Men's Furnishings Association will consider its general adoption. The plan calls for dividing the country into certain zones and retailers in each zone will have a time allowance in invoice dates, depending upon how long it takes for shipments to reach their territory. This puts retailers in all parts of the country on a common basis with regard to datings and encourages the taking of discounts.

Improved Retail Business.

While Christmas gift exchanges added to the number of customers to be found in retail stores during the week, actual sales were said in several places visited yesterday to be ahead of what Christmas week usually furnishes. Reduction sales stimulated this purchasing, and the public seemed ready to spend money whenever a good value was offered. This has served to hearten those retailers who were afraid the consumers' strike would be resumed after holiday buying. Through the auspicious start thus given to the stores, it is felt that the January sale offerings will be generously patronized.

Afraid to Send Buyers.

Mindful of their past experiences when buyers were carried away in the sellers' market, some store owners are understood to be against letting their representatives visit the market at this time. The merchants see the same signs cropping up now that preceded the period of inflation, and the sales propaganda they hear from some sources tells of the many changing shortage which will be created by the closing down of mills and factories. Retailers, who fear that their buyers might purchase more than is proper, believe it is a better policy to wait until conditions in the wholesale markets become more settled before letting their people make trips.

Warn Against Showroom Thief.

The Missing Property Bureau of the Silk Association of America has sent out a warning concerning the operations of a supposed buyer. The man, who is described as about 32 years old, of dark complexion and slender build, has visited several silk houses and, after examining merchandise, has left without making a purchase. Upon replacing the goods in the rack it was invariably found that one of the pieces examined was missing from its wrapper. The investigators of the bureau report that the man is still operating in the market and desire to be notified immediately of further thefts.

Has a New Sales Idea.

One of the local stores that lately have been making quite a play for men's business has put into effect a new twist to an old sales idea which ought to prove profitable. For a long time, many stores have been offering specially priced merchandise to their charge customers before the goods were offered to the public through the advertising columns of the newspapers. The store in question, about the middle of last week, mailed, list, and to the men whose names are on this list it offers the same advantage. The twist to the idea lies in the fact that it is not necessary to be a charge customer in order to obtain a chance to buy before the rush begins. Notices are sent out a full week in advance of the general sale of the goods.

Shirt and Collar Prices.

As indicated a short time ago, the shirt manufacturers plan a revision of prices with the turn of the year. A leading company yesterday announced a reduction of 50 per cent., and competitive lines are expected to inaugurate similar concessions next week, although the percentages may not be so great. Collars are understood to be slated for reduction also, which may bring the wholesale price below $3. There are known to be large supplies of both collars and shirts returned to the manufacturers, making the greatest accumulation of such merchandise, perhaps, that producers have carried in their history. To sell this surplus a manufacturer in the Middle West has promised a sale of 500,000 shirts at exceptionally low prices.

Raw Silks More Active Here.

Buyers of raw silks in this market are showing more interest in the offerings, although apart from the specialities sales have not been numerous this week. In the business passing chief place is being taken by special sizes of Canton silks. Some of the coarser Japanese silks are also selling well. Of the foreign markets Canton is the most active for export, according to reports received by H. L. Gwalter & Co., and prices are higher there. Yokohama is dull so far as foreign trade is concerned. Shanghai is dull and lifeless, with many of the factures closed for lack of orders. Milan also is inactive and reelers are offering some concessions to stimulate buying.

Against Discouraging Trappers.

The Fur Merchants' Association of the City of New York put itself on record yesterday as opposed to any movement that has for its object the discouraging of trapping during the current season. Through J. H. Blelstein, head of the organization, this statement was issued yesterday: "The Fur Merchants' Association of the City of New York does not at all discourage trapping of furbearing animals throughout the United States. On the contrary, leading members of the raw fur group of this association are doing their utmost to induce farmers and trappers not to 'pull up their traps,' but to trap furs lawfully to be taken, because fur garments are actually not declined more than other commodities and are still much higher than in 1914, when trapping was considered profitable, and is therefore bound to be remunerative at the present time."

PONZI'S MANAGER ARRESTED

Larceny Charge Is Preferred by a Woman Customer.

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—The careless method by which Charles Ponzi handled the millions of dollars that came over his counters on his promises to pay 50 per cent. interest in forty-five days were recalled today when Lucy Mell of Revere, who was his office manager, was arrested on a charge of larceny.

Miss Florence McDonald, a Back Bay modiste, charged that she had given Miss Mell $1,000 to buy a Ponzi note for $1,500 had never received the note, and had been unable to get her money back. Miss Mell pleaded not guilty to the charge and was released without bail, pending a hearing later.

Nugent's Resignation Accepted.

BOISE, Dec. 30.—Governor D. W. Davis today formally accepted the resignation of John Nugent, junior United States Senator from Idaho. Frank R. Gooding, Senator-elect, will be appointed to fill the vacancy within a few days, officials at the Governor's office announced. Senator Nugent resigned to accept a position on the Federal Trade Commission. His resignation will take effect on Jan. 15.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The J. C. Penney Company, Inc., which operates a chain of 312 dry goods stores throughout the country, will be located on and after Jan. 5 in new quarters in the Penn Terminal Building, 370 Seventh Avenue, corner of Thirty-first Street. Four floors will be occupied there by the company's executive and buying offices and the accounting department.

Notwithstanding exchange difficulties and other factors that hamper international business at the present time, an average of thirty-five inquiries a day is received by the Franco-American Board of Commerce and Industry, 176 Fifth Avenue, according to Emile Itard, its President. Some of them come from this country and some from France.

New Concern Is Established With Dutch Aid.

HAMBURG, Dec. 30.—A new limited company called the Maize Import Company has been formed here to co-operate with a large Dutch concern for importations of grain. The capital of the company is 5,000,000 marks.

The German Sugarbeet Mill Company today increased its capital stock from 5,000,000 marks to 10,000,000 marks.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

BALTIMORE—Rombro Bros.; H. Rombro, shirtings; McAlpin.
BALTIMORE—Kramer & Sauber; L. Kramer, plain, fancy voiles; Pennsylvania.
BALTIMORE — American Wholesale Corp.; B. R. Reid, dress goods, silks; 354 4th Av.; Broxtell.
BOSTON—Conrad & Co., Miss E. Scharf, children's wear; 132 Madison Av.
BOSTON—T. D. Whitney Co.; H. A. Dunning, dry goods; Pennsylvania.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Howland D. G. Co.; G. H. Clark, housefurnishings, crockery; H. D. Johnson, boys' clothing; 404 4th Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—W. Hengerer Co.; Miss M. Pelloh, misses' wear; 1 W. 27th.
CHICAGO—Hillman's; Miss Farrell, tie on sweaters; 277 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—W. Taylor Son & Co.—Mrs. P. Keyes, misses' wear; Miss M. Schaefer, representing Mrs. J. C. Oram, women's wear; 225 5th Av.
COLUMBUS—F. R. Lazarus & Co.; Mrs. E. Wood, jewelry, stationery, leather goods, art needlework; 225 5th Av.
DALLAS, Texas—A. Harris & Co.; S. M. Rosenstein, bargain basement; 6W. 32d.
DENVER—A. T. Lewis & Son D. G. Co.; W. H. Mead, furs (only); 3 W. 29th, Room 804.
DENVER—Joslin D. G. Co.; H. F. Kramer, silks, dress goods; 23 E. 29th.
HERKIMER, N. Y.—H. G. Munger & Co.; H. G. Munger, carpets; 105 Grand; Pennsylvania.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss M. E. Sadler, coats, suits; 126 W. 32d.
LOUISVILLE—Redfern Garment Co.; J. Lewis, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d.
MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; E. C. Lauer, mdse. mgr.; Miss M. E. Mulcae, dresses; R. W. Sorgenfrei, men's goods; J. P. Willis, silks; L. J. Kenny, dress goods; B. H. Wilson, boys' clothing, hats, furnishings; 225 5th Av.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—The E. Malley Co.; A. H. McKenzie, linens; Mr. Philo, domestics; Mr. Ryan, wash goods; 105 Grand.
NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche Co., Ltd.; Mrs. E. Rashinsky, millinery; 116 W. 36th.
PHILADELPHIA—The Excelsior Cloak Co.; N. Selbst, infants', children's Spring coats; 48 W. 37th.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenburg & Co.; A. Lewis, rugs, carpets, basement; 1,281 B'way; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Mrs. G. Savidge, furs; B'way and 32d; Pennsylvania.
PHILADELPHIA—Singer Bros.; M. Singer, women's suitings; Grand.
PITTSBURGH—Lewin-Neiman Co.; Miss C. Melles, dresses; 1,281 B'way, Room 1006.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; M. Hershkowitz, curtains, upholstery; 404 4th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; J. H. Frank, jobs waists; E. H. Frank, waists; 16 W. 36th.
PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Mrs. B. Abels, millinery; W. E. Prince, boys' clothing, furnishings; 120 W. 32d.
RICHMOND—Miller & Rhodes, Inc.; C. B. Tainter, R. B. Underwood, men's furs, goods, knit underwear; 432 4th Av.; Pennsylvania.
SCRANTON, Pa.—Clarke Bros.; Miss M. Jones, Miss A. D. Thomas, millinery; Lackawanna.
SEATTLE—Miller & Rass Co.; Mrs. F. Nicholson, pattern hats; 305 5th Av., Room 1405.
SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Davidson Bros. Co.; B. Davidson, dry goods; 128 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; W. J. Cardle, notions; 56 Worth.
SYRACUSE—S. Burdick & Sons; I. Burdick, jobs satin, cloth dresses; 3 W. 29th.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—S. Shapiro Co.; S. Shapiro, boys' pants materials; 100 5th Av.
WATERBURY, Conn.—Grieve, Bisset & Holland; Miss M. F. Calhane, underwear, corsets, infants' wear; Collingwood.
WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Levy Bros.; M. T. Levy, dry goods, notions, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.
WORCESTER, Mass.—A. M. Israel & Son; J. A. Israel, hosiery, underwear, sweaters; Bristol.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARTIFICIAL SILK Wanted—Quantities. H. S. Meritzer, 339 5th Av., New York. Murray Hill 2896.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Stevens, Ormond cloth, Style 6172 and 6105; any quantity; all colors; spot cash. I. Funt, 142 West 26th. Chelsea 9513.

BOLIVIA Wanted—American, 0417, brown, 302. Watkins 9803.

CANTON CREPES, Taffetas Wanted—Good quality. Countess Dress, 12 East 33d St.

CANTON CREPES Wanted—All colors. Billy Posner, 44 East 32d.

CHAMOISTYN Wanted—Spring shades. L. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COAT Wanted—Jobber looking at infants', intermediates, children's; Spring samples. 15 East 30th, 8th floor.

COATS Wanted—Looking at better grade Spring coats and wraps; placing orders. 182 West 25th, tenth floor.

COATS Wanted—Popular and better grade infants', intermediates' and children's Spring samples. 18 West 21st, ninth floor.

COATS Wanted—Jobbers looking at infants' and children's Spring coats. 38 West 33d, third floor.

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Misses' and junior Spring samples. 15 East 30th, 5th floor.

COATS and WRAPS Wanted—Fourth floor, 45 West 27th.

CORDUROY Wanted—Juilliards, 724, drab, 50 pieces. Marathon Clothing, 556 Broadway.

CORDUROY Wanted—9000 firm finish, dark colors, for cash. Stuyvesant 2459.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Devonshire, golden, kiddy and peggy cloth; also white and khaki three-yard jeans; cash. Lewis & Buchalter, 67 5th Av.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Amoskeag plaids, 19000 range or similar; cash. Henry Sobol, 151 West 26th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Call with sample; cash. Green & Co., 28 Whitehall.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Powdered and natural in all qualities, also satins in large quantities, for cash. Goldberg, Dube & Co., 118 West 27th.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted—Three-thread silks wash satins. 20 East 21st, 9th floor, Room H.

DRAP FLEURE Wanted—American, 19000, color 5 brown. Watkins 2616.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing stock orders on late models taffeta, Canton crepe, satin, charmeuse and velvet frocks, tricotines and evening dresses from popular priced to highest grade. Submit samples 9-6 daily, 28 West 32d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Will buy for cash jobs any quantity tricotines, charmeuse and velvet dresses; submit samples 9 to 5 daily, 28 West 32d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber will pay cash for any quantity of tricotine, serge and silk dresses. 153 West 27th, 3d floor, Chelsea 7385.

DRESSES Wanted—Taffetas, canton crepe and crepe de chines, looking at samples. Feinberg Bros., 189 6th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples. Call between 10 and 12, 38 West 33d, Room 410.

DRESSES Wanted—Better grade new Spring models. Room 37, 1,193 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted — Stouts, contractors, bring samples. 137 West 25th, 7th floor.

FLANNEL WANTED—White, 27, 31 inches wide; price very low; cash. Mad. Sq. 6026.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Open to buy large quantities in all the new Spring shades. Call, with samples, in the morning, Curley Waist Mfg. Co., 145 Greene St. Spring 6720.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Any color or in the greige for spot cash. Stavisky & Greenstone, 102 East 32d St.

GEORGETTES Wanted—All grades, white, flesh and league shades. Leiberman, 5 West 30th.

MIGNONETTE Wanted—Mill equipped with spring needle machines, for contract work; steady business. W 348 Times.

GEORGETTE, CREPE DE CHINES—Good quality; must be cheap. Sunshine, 48 West 21st.

HOSIERY Wanted—Ladies' and men's cheap hosiery; first quality; any quantity. Spring 4818.

POIRET TWILL Wanted—Open to buy small or large quantity. Chelsea 1457.

PONGEE Wanted—Any quantity, for immediate delivery, for cash. Carlos Waist, 31 West 27th.

POPLINS Wanted—Quantity of Susquehanna 171, for cash. Eisenstadt & Joseph, 19 West 35th.

POPLINS Wanted—Amoskeag 8137. Stuyvesant 1648.

SATINS Wanted—Washable, will buy large quantity, flesh; spot cash. Call with sample pieces, Vogue Underwear, 23 Marcy Av., Brooklyn. Stag. 1075.

SATINS Wanted—Baronets, Duplans or other good makes; cheap; all shades. Eagle Mills, 54 East 11th. Stuyvesant 6760.

SERGES Wanted—U. S. 235 and 838; also American 6360, black only, for cash. S. Leibowitz & Co., 34 West 27th. Watkins 2971.

SERGES Wanted—Quantity Juilliards 5607, 5608. Nat Ginsburg, 18 West 21st. Chelsea 1456.

SERGES Wanted—0936, 235, 838, black only; also tricotine 4718 navy. Madison Sq. 1960.

SERGES Wanted—8BGL or similar, navy; quantity. Henry Sobol, 151 West 26th.

SERGES Wanted—Navy cotton warp; must be cheap. Fannette, 104 West 27th.

SERGES Wanted—Whitman 99, navy, for cash. A. Zimmerman, 55 East 11th.

SERGES, Wanted—Any quantity; 7120 or 5420. 129 West 27th (tenth floor).

SERGES Wanted — Amoskeag, 7301, navy. Longacre 4346.

SERGES Wanted—11432 and 54202. Spring 9990.

SILKS Wanted—Will buy for spot cash, ¾ and 5-thread crepe de chines; also crepe meteors, radiums, satins, messalines, georgettes, taffetas, sport silks, printed georgettes; also all kinds of shirtings and all kinds of remnants in silk from 1½ yards up. Store, 34 East 20th. Madison Square 3674.

SILKS Wanted—At lowest cash prices, such as pongee, crepe de chine, shirtings, georgette, tricolette and fancies of all descriptions, suitable for waists; we are interested in merchandise only at prices far below market prices for cash. Fanny Waist, 146 West 30th St., N. Y.

SILKS Wanted—3-thread crepe de chine, Arlington Underwear Co., 105 East 29th. Madison Square 2460.

SILKS Wanted—Pongee and habutais, all weights; cash for quantity. Levin, Madison Square 626.

SILK Wanted—Pongee 12 and 14; gifu, firsts; cash. Bosher, Spring 3383.

SKIRTS Wanted—Suits and dresses, looking at Spring samples. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

SUITS Wanted—Exclusive jobber will place orders on Spring suits. Call 33 West 33th, first floor.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring coats, suits and dresses. 6-8 East 27th, 14th floor.

TAFFETA Wanted—Will buy for cash any quantity, good quality only, 5th floor, 28 West 33d. Telephone Pennsylvania 6330, Mr. Jacobs.

TAFFETAS Wanted — Open to buy navy, black and brown, for cash. 153 West 27th, 3d floor. Chelsea 7385.

TAFFETAS Wanted—50 pieces navy, black and brown; only good quality, for cash. H. Shultz, 15 West 27th.

TAFFETAS, Crepe de Chine, Canton Crepe Room 37, 1,193 Broadway.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy and brown, at a price. Magnet Dress, 1,193 Broadway.

TAFFETAS Wanted—3249; also 206 or similar. H. Letzter, 433 4th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy, brown and black. Avedon & Avedon, 12 East 32d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—All colors, all qualities. Stern, Miller Co., 22 West 32d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Good quality; brown, navy; for cash. Harry Eidlinger, 26 W. 27th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Good quality; any quantity. Room 507, 1,150 Broadway.

TAFFETAS Wanted—All colors. Billy Posner, 44 East 32d.

TAFFETA Wanted—Max Levine & Co., 142 West 26th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Navy, rookie and khaki; must be cheap, for cash. Star Dress & Costume Co., 13 West 31st.

TRICOTINE Wanted — Any quantity, cash; also seconds. 153 West 27th, 3d floor. Chelsea 7385.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Navy and colors, below $1.50. Bring samples, Grace Dress, 22 East 17th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—817, 0388, S. & F. or similar, quantity at right price. Longacre 4134.

TRICOTINES Wanted—100 pieces; must be cheap. Schisler, Longacre 5830.

TRICOTINES and VELOURS Wanted—Must be cheap. Jacob Holtzman, 134 West 28th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—All makes for cash. Chelsea 1467. Nat Ginsburg & Bros.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Max Levine & Co., 142 West 26th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—0388. Call Orchard 7275.

VELOURS, BROADCLOTH Wanted—Colors, below $1.35. Bring samples, Grace Dress, 23 East 17th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Powdered and natural in all qualities, also satins in large quantities, for cash. Goldberg, Dube & Co., 118 West 27th.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted—Three-thread silks wash satins. 20 East 21st, 9th floor, Room H.

DRAP FLEURE Wanted—American, 19000, color 5 brown. Watkins 2616.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing stock orders on late models taffeta, Canton crepe, satin, charmeuse and velvet frocks, tricotines and evening dresses from popular priced to highest grade. Submit samples 9-6 daily, 28 West 32d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Will buy for cash jobs any quantity of tricotine, charmeuse and velvet dresses; submit samples 9 to 5 daily, 28 West 32d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber will pay cash for any quantity of tricotine, serge and silk dresses. 153 West 27th, 3d floor, Chelsea 7385.

DRESSES Wanted—Taffetas, canton crepe and crepe de chines, looking at samples. Feinberg Bros., 189 6th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring samples. Call between 10 and 12, 38 West 33d, Room 410.

DRESSES Wanted—Better grade new Spring models. Room 37, 1,193 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted — Stouts, contractors, bring samples. 137 West 25th, 7th floor.

FLANNEL WANTED—White, 27, 31 inches wide; price very low; cash. Mad. Sq. 6026.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Open to buy large quantities in all the new Spring shades. Call, with samples, in the morning, Curley Waist Mfg. Co., 145 Greene St. Spring 6720.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Any color or in the greige for spot cash. Stavisky & Greenstone, 102 East 32d St.

GEORGETTES Wanted—All grades, white, flesh and league shades. Leiberman, 5 West 30th.

MIGNONETTE Wanted—Mill equipped with spring needle machines, for contract work; steady business. W 348 Times.

GEORGETTE, CREPE DE CHINES—Good quality; must be cheap. Sunshine, 48 West 21st.

HOSIERY Wanted—Ladies' and men's cheap hosiery; first quality; any quantity. Spring 4818.

POIRET TWILL Wanted—Open to buy small or large quantity. Chelsea 1457.

PONGEE Wanted—Any quantity, for immediate delivery, for cash. Carlos Waist, 31 West 27th.

POPLINS Wanted—Quantity of Susquehanna 171, for cash. Eisenstadt & Joseph, 19 West 35th.

POPLINS Wanted—Amoskeag 8137. Stuyvesant 1648.

SATINS Wanted—Washable, will buy large quantity, flesh; spot cash. Call with sample pieces, Vogue Underwear, 23 Marcy Av., Brooklyn. Stag. 1075.

SATINS Wanted—Baronets, Duplans or other good makes; cheap; all shades. Eagle Mills, 54 East 11th. Stuyvesant 6760.

SERGES Wanted—U. S. 235 and 838; also American 6360, black only, for cash. S. Leibowitz & Co., 34 West 27th. Watkins 2971.

SERGES Wanted—Quantity Juilliards 5607, 5608. Nat Ginsburg, 18 West 21st. Chelsea 1456.

SERGES Wanted—0936, 235, 838, black only; also tricotine 4718 navy. Madison Sq. 1960.

SERGES Wanted—8BGL or similar, navy; quantity. Henry Sobol, 151 West 26th.

SERGES Wanted—Navy cotton warp; must be cheap. Fannette, 104 West 27th.

SERGES Wanted—Whitman 99, navy, for cash. A. Zimmerman, 55 East 11th.

SERGES, Wanted—Any quantity; 7120 or 5420. 129 West 27th (tenth floor).

SERGES Wanted — Amoskeag, 7301, navy. Longacre 4346.

SERGES Wanted—11432 and 54202. Spring 9990.

SILKS Wanted—Will buy for spot cash, ¾ and 5-thread crepe de chines; also crepe meteors, radiums, satins, messalines, georgettes, taffetas, sport silks, printed georgettes; also all kinds of shirtings and all kinds of remnants in silk from 1½ yards up. Store, 34 East 20th. Madison Square 3674.

SILKS Wanted—At lowest cash prices, such as pongee, crepe de chine, shirtings, georgette, tricolette and fancies of all descriptions, suitable for waists; we are interested in merchandise only at prices far below market prices for cash. Fanny Waist, 146 West 30th St., N. Y.

SILKS Wanted—3-thread crepe de chine, Arlington Underwear Co., 105 East 29th. Madison Square 2460.

SILKS Wanted—Pongee and habutais, all weights; cash for quantity. Levin, Madison Square 626.

SILK Wanted—Pongee 12 and 14; gifu, firsts; cash. Bosher, Spring 3383.

SKIRTS Wanted—Suits and dresses, looking at Spring samples. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

SUITS Wanted—Exclusive jobber will place orders on Spring suits. Call 33 West 33th, first floor.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Spring coats, suits and dresses. 6-8 East 27th, 14th floor.

TAFFETA Wanted—Will buy for cash any quantity, good quality only, 5th floor, 28 West 33d. Telephone Pennsylvania 6330, Mr. Jacobs.

TAFFETAS Wanted — Open to buy navy, black and brown, for cash. 153 West 27th, 3d floor. Chelsea 7385.

TAFFETAS Wanted—50 pieces navy, black and brown; only good quality, for cash. H. Shultz, 15 West 27th.

TAFFETAS, Crepe de Chine, Canton Crepe Room 37, 1,193 Broadway.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy and brown, at a price. Magnet Dress, 1,193 Broadway.

TAFFETAS Wanted—3249; also 206 or similar. H. Letzter, 433 4th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy, brown and black. Avedon & Avedon, 12 East 32d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—All colors, all qualities. Stern, Miller Co., 22 West 32d.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Good quality; brown, navy; for cash. Harry Eidlinger, 26 W. 27th.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Good quality; any quantity. Room 507, 1,150 Broadway.

TAFFETAS Wanted—All colors. Billy Posner, 44 East 32d.

TAFFETA Wanted—Max Levine & Co., 142 West 26th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Navy, rookie and khaki; must be cheap, for cash. Star Dress & Costume Co., 13 West 31st.

TRICOTINE Wanted — Any quantity, cash; also seconds. 153 West 27th, 3d floor. Chelsea 7385.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Navy and colors, below $1.50. Bring samples, Grace Dress, 22 East 17th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—817, 0388, S. & F. or similar, quantity at right price. Longacre 4134.

TRICOTINES Wanted—100 pieces; must be cheap. Schisler, Longacre 5830.

TRICOTINES and VELOURS Wanted—Must be cheap. Jacob Holtzman, 134 West 28th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—All makes for cash. Chelsea 1467. Nat Ginsburg & Bros.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Max Levine & Co., 142 West 26th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—0388. Call Orchard 7275.

VELOURS, BROADCLOTH Wanted—Colors, below $1.35. Bring samples, Grace Dress, 23 East 17th.

VELOURS Wanted—Black and white check. Gold Bros., 756 Park Av., Brooklyn.

VELOURS Wanted—American Duvet, brown, reindeer, black. Watkins 9806.

WOOLENS Wanted—From Monday, Jan. 3 for next ten days; all kinds of odds, ends, quantities, for men's and women's wear, at very low prices. Oscar Kirsch, 56 West 22d.

Contracts Wanted.

PATERSON silk manufacturer having sixty box looms, is open for commission or consignment work; Canton crepe a specialty. Apply Y 2431 Times Annex.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ARMY GOODS—Jerkins's, finest lot, immediate delivery from floor; also other merchandise bargains; bring cash. Waldeo, 108 6th Av.

CANTON CREPES—All shades, good quality; immediate delivery. Lerner, 453 6th Av.

COATEES—Plush, also cloth coats, jobs, fur trimmed, close out, exceptionally low prices. Korostoff, 13 West 21st st.

COATEES, Plush Best for trimming, for cheapest price, 7th floor, 48 West 23th.

COATS AND WRAPS — Fur trimmed and plain; wonderful variety of style; made in the season's most desirable fabrics; priced exceptionally well. Mesaritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

COATS and Wraps—Fur trimmed and plain; all silk lined; wonderful variety of styles; made in the season's most desirable fabrics; very low prices. Leipsig & Rosenberg, 132 West 27th St.

COATS—Wraps, Bolivias, velours, neutria, raccon, Australian opposum collars, snappy styles, prices exceptionally low for January sales. Rothbard Goldberg, 29 West 30th.

COATS—2,000, sacrifice, including our silk plush, fur-trimmed coatees, $9.75. Gelfond, 147 West 28th.

COATS—Closing out wonderful selection of suedine and bolivia with fine fur collars; call at once. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS—25 Australian opossum-trimmed; closing out at $19.75; also others, cheap. Ullus Bros., 37 West 32d.

COATS, SUITS AND WRAPS—Spring's smart models now ready. N. Hurwitz & Son, 64 West 21st.

COATS—Sacrificing stock beaver, racoons, Australian collars, $22.50. Bernstein, 33 West 31st.

COATS—Children's, juniors', ladies', fur trimmed; close out. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d.

COATS and WRAPS—Of the better kind, close out. 32 East 31st, 10th floor.

COATS, all lined, to close out; cheap. Blumenson & Co., 56 West 22d.

CORDUROYS — 9000, 613, all colors; also, remnants. Stuyvesant 1404.

DRESSES on the racks; closing out 500 tricotine and serges; good styles. Posnick, Nonas Co., 13 West 21st.

DRESSES—Closing out at sacrifice prices, satins, charmeuses. I. Frank & Son, 6 West 32d.

DRESSES — Closing out checked velour, beaded satin and beaded georgette at a sacrifice. Gold Peak, 142 West 25th.

DRESSES—5,000 tricotine, serge, velour and velvet at sacrifice prices; also jobs in samples of taffeta and satin dresses. Pan American Dress Co., 12 West 21st St.

DRESSES—New models of Spring styles, in all materials, at very low prices for January sales; ready for immediate delivery. George Kuhn, 148 West 24th.

DRESSES—Closing out our new Spring line, consisting of taffetas, georgettes; very new and snappy styles. 308 5th Av., Suite 1904. Longacre 5435.

DRESSES—300 of better kind at sacrifice; tricotine, velvets, charmeuse and evening gowns; no reasonable offer refused. Hahn-Benjamin, 143 West 29th.

DRESSES—Spring line of better grade, advanced models in the latest materials, for immediate delivery at owsest prices. Bon Ray Dress, 510 6th Av.

DRESSES—Styles especially designed to put action into January sales; our regular $22.75 models now $10.75. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

DRESSES—Jobbers! Jobbers! Spring line of better grade advanced models now ready. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

LEATHER LEGGINGS—500 pairs of leather leggings offered to army and navy stores at $1.75 per pair. Milrue Mfg. Co., 35 6th Av. Spring 4416.

LEGGINGS—500 pairs of leather leggings offered to army and navy stores at $1.75 per pair. Milrue Mfg. Co., 35 6th Av. Spring 4416.

PETTICOATS, Waists, Children's Dresses, Skirts—Closing out $50,000 stock, exceptional low prices; take advantage, buy now. Greater N. Y., 244 5th Av.

SERGES—Amoskeag 6120, $1.05; Pacific 8BGL, 67½c; American 0936, $1.90, cash. Pennsylvania 1679.

SERGE—Eight pieces 63.3¢ American serge, will close out at $2 cash

Attractive issues offering attractive yields dominate our January Purchase Sheet.

For first of the year investment this list should prove of value.

Will be mailed when turned upon request for AO-360

The National City Company

Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: Fifth Ave. & 43d St.

Water Power

Development on a tremendous scale of hydro-electric powers heretofore unavailable is made practical through recent passage by Congress of the Water Power Act.

Properly secured hydro-electric bonds already occupy a highly favorable investment status, but undoubtedly such securities will be increasingly in demand as the hydro-electric industry enlarges its present firmly entrenched position as one of our principal sources of energy.

Ask for our Water Power Booklet

Harris, Forbes & Co

Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

A Ten-Year Call on Stock

is possible at a price considerably below the average annual quotation for the past six years, through purchase of

Cerro de Pasco Copper Corporation

Ten-Year Convertible Sinking Fund 8% Gold Bonds

which sell at a

Price to Yield 8%

Write for circular which gives full particulars.

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street, New York

January List

OF

Municipal Bond Offerings

SENT UPON REQUEST

Ask for T-160

R. M. GRANT & Co.
31 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK
Boston St. Louis Chicago

THE extraordinary opportunities now offered the discriminating investor are clearly evidenced by the low prices at which bonds of even the highest types may be purchased today.

In our list of "January Investments" we give specific instances of what we consider to be especially attractive issues.

Write for List No. 1310

Spencer Trask & Co.
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO
Members New York Stock Exchange
Members Chicago Stock Exchange

Prices Irregular but Generally Higher on Stock Exchange—Some Recoveries in Bonds.

The Stock Exchange did not repeat yesterday the vigorous and comprehensive advance of Wednesday, but the market, after considerable downward reaction around mid-day, became strong again and closed with a large preponderance of net gains for the day, some of them of considerable extent. The recovery in foreign exchanges continued, especially in the rates on those European points which have lately shown the greatest weakness. This was undoubtedly a response to the New York money market's present and prospective condition. There was no change yesterday in that market; it was extremely inactive at the same rates as have prevailed during the last fortnight, and was in all respects as unruffled as if the long-discussed "year-end settlements" had been over and done with a week ago.

This is the one outstanding fact about the financial situation which nobody disputes and which, to the extent that circumstances admit, will be a continuing influence on next year's markets. There will doubtless be disappointments in the general trade situation on the Stock Exchange and perhaps in the money market itself, to any such people as may still be looking for complete reversal of conditions after the turn of the year. But in the mood which has got possession of the financial mind during the last five or six weeks there are left in Wall Street very few individuals with such extravagant hopes. Possibly there is for this reason all the more chance of something happening which will give opportunity for returning cheerfulness.

Railway shares, which led in Wednesday's recovery, lost ground yesterday. Few of them made more than fractional advances and one or two declined rather sharply. There was apparently a good deal of buying on the part of recent professional sellers of the industrials, in which advances of 1 to 5 points were somewhat numerous. A few net declines occurred in that department of the market, but the gains far outnumbered them. All previous records for the number of separate stocks dealt in on a single day were surpassed. Both Liberty bond and the general investment bond market moved with a good deal of irregularity and without any uniform rise of prices; but the trend of most of the Government issues was upward and there were decided advances in half a dozen railway bonds, which, at least, suggested the probable response of values to any considerable investment purchases.

Bearing more or less on the international money market and international exchange, yesterday's weekly Bank of England statement showed a further fall in the ratio of banking reserves to deposit liabilities from 7¾ per cent. to a trifle over 7¼. This is another "new low record"; the year-end percentage of 1919 was 9¾, which was then the lowest ever reported. The reserve ratio will advance next week; it rose 12¼ per cent. in the first week of last January and to 16¾ in the second, and the low end-of-December ratio in 1919 as this week, was a result of very large borrowings by the Government and the private banks. The Bank of France reported an increase of 457,000,000 francs in outstanding circulation, the first increase since the 2,200,000,000 reduction of the seven preceding weeks began. An increase in currency supplies over the January "settlement period" is an invariable incident of French finance.

MONEY.

THURSDAY, DEC. 30, 1920.

Demand funds on the Stock Exchange ruled unchanged at 7 per cent. all day Thursday. In the time money market, which continues nominal, quotations put out by money brokers were the same as on other days of the week, 7¼@7½ per cent. on mixed collateral, and ¼ of 1 per cent. higher for all industrials. No changes were reported in bankers' acceptances or commercial paper rates. Gold to the amount of $1,650,000 arrived Thursday for the account of a local banking house.

Call Loans.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Last.	Wednesday's Last.
7	7	7	7	7

Time Loans

Mixed collateral, 60 to 90 days	7¼@7½
4, 5 and 6 months	7¼@7½
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	7¼@7½
4, 5 and 6 months	7¼@7½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months	7¼@8
Other names, 3 to 6 months	8 @8½

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days	6
Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days	6
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days	6

Open Market Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call	6
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	6%@6½
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days	6½@6¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	8 @7½

London Market.

Money in London market Thursday was down ¼ per cent. at 4½ per cent.; short bills and three months' bills down unchanged at 6 11-16 per cent. Gold bullion on the London market down 5d at 116s 4d per fine ounce. Mint parity, 85s.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Thursday's exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $857,926,733; balances, $76,805,582; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $57,613,378.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London down 14d. at 41⅝d. per ounce. New York price for domestic bar silver unchanged at 90½c per ounce, the Mint price; for "foreign" silver off 1½c at 65½c.

Range of prices for silver bullion this month:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
London	44¾d	Dec. 16	38¾d	Dec. 10
New York	70c	Dec. 3	59½c	Dec. 10

Range for the present year to date.

London	89¼d	Feb. 11	38¾d	Dec. 10
New York	70c	Dec. 3	59½c	Dec. 10

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

		Rights	Yester-day's Bid.	Wednes-day's Ask.
Corn Exch. Bank	Feb. 3	43	44	45
Detroit Edison	Jan. 10	..	¼	..
General Electric	Jan. 20	3⅝	3½	3⅝
Home Insurance	Feb. 1	163	160	165
Lone Star Gas	Jan. 20	..	⅛	..
Mexican Eagle Oil	Jan. 31	8	9⅛	9⅛
Nat. Park Bank	Feb. 9	70	75	70
Pacific Development	Jan. 10	..	¼	..
Shaw (W. W.)			12	16½ 16½
So. N. E. Tel.	Jan. 12	..	½	..
Southern Pacific	Mar. 1	25½	25½	25⅝
Swan & Finch	Mar. 1	..	½	..
Tidewater Oil	Jan. 10	15⅜	16	15⅝
Un. Bag & Paper	Jan. 6	..	⅛	..

THURSDAY, DEC. 30, 1920.

Day's Sales 1,108,946 | Wednesday. 1,169,785 | Tuesday. 816,288 | A Year Ago. Holiday. | Two Years Ago. 487,949 | Year to Date 222,814,779 ¾ | Same Period 1919. 312,423,620 | 1918. 142,648,938 | 1917. 187,040,485

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
26½	27¼	100	Adams Express	26	26	25	25	+ ¼
14⅝	15¼	900	Advance Rumely	15	15	14⅝	15	+ ⅛
44	45	500	Advance Rumely pf	45	45	44	45	− ⅜
33	35	200	Air Reduction	33½	34	33½	34	..
24	30½	2,000	Ajax Rubber	30½	30½	25¾	25½	+ ⅛
⅜	⅝	1,000	Alaska Gold Mines	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	..
⅝	1	6,400	Alaska Juneau	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
44	44½	2,100	Allied Ch. & D., w.i.	44	44½	43½	44½	+ ½
85	90	300	Do pf., w. i.	89½	89½	87½	87½	..
28½	29¾	2,100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	29	29	28¾	28¾	− ⅛
70	72	200	Allis-Chalmers pf	72	72	72	72	+ ½
85	87½	2,000	Am. Ag. Chemical	84½	85	84½	85	+ ½
78½	80	300	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	79¾	79¾	79	79	− ¼
40	40¾	2,500	Am. Beet Sugar	40	41	40	40	+ ⅛
47	48	2,100	Am. Beech Nut Packg.	47½	49	48½	48¾	+ 1½
81¼	85	100	Am. Brake S. & F. pf	81½	81½	81½	81½	..
24⅝	24½	2,700	Am. Can	23½	24½	23½	24½	+ 1
77½	78	1,500	Am. Can pf	76¾	77¾	76¾	77¾	+ 1½
118½	118¾	1,700	Am. Car & Found	119½	119½	117¾	118	..
16⅞	17	1,800	Am. Cotton Oil	16⅞	16⅞	16	16¼	+ ¼
6	6¼	1,200	Am. Drug Synd	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	+ ⅛
117	120	200	Am. Express	120	120	120	120	..
6¼	6⅝	1,100	Am. Hide & Leath	6⅝	6⅝	6⅜	6⅜	− ⅛
30	32½	2,000	Am. Hide & L. pf	32½	32½	30	30	+ 1
42	45	300	Am. Ice	42½	42½	42½	42½	− 2½
54½	56	200	Am. Ice pf	57	57	57	57	+ 3
37⅝	37¾	21,100	Am. International	38	38	37⅛	38	+ 5½
47⅝	48½	1,800	Am. Linseed	48	48½	47	48	+ ⅛
81	81½	7,500	Am. Locomotive	80	81	80	81	+ 1
7⅝	8	4,900	Am. Safety Razor	7¾	8	7¾	7¾	+ ⅛
7½	8	6,100	Am. Ship & Com.	8	8	7¾	7¾	+ ⅛
32½	33½	10,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	33½	33½	32¾	33½	+ 1
70	71	400	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	69¾	70½	69¾	70½	+ ½
92	93	300	Am. Snuff	90½	92	90½	92	+ 1
78	85	100	Am. Snuff pf., new	84½	84½	84½	84½	+ 3
28¼	28¾	2,900	Am. Steel F., ex d.	29½	29½	28¾	28¾	− ¼
81½	84	200	Am. Steel F. pf.	82½	82½	82½	82½	+ 3½
89½	90	2,200	Am. Sugar Ref.	90	90	89	90	− ¼
98½	99½	1,000	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	99	99	99	99	..
73	74	1,000	Am. Sumatra Tob.	74	74	72¾	73½	..
79½	84½	100	Am. Sumatra T. pf.	81	81	81	81	..
94⅜	94⅞	3,000	Am. Tel. & Tel.	94½	94⅞	94½	94⅝	+ ⅛
111	112	700	Am. Tobacco	111	112	111	111	− ⅜
109	110	900	Am. Tob., Class B	107¾	110	107¾	110	+ 3½
86½	87	700	Am. Tobacco pf	86¾	86¾	86¾	86¾	+ ⅛
58	58¼	4,600	Am. Woolen	58	60	57¾	58	..
91¾	94	100	Am. Woolen pf.	91⅝	91⅝	91⅜	91⅝	− ¼
30⅜	32½	300	Am. Writ. Paper pf	30½	30½	30½	30½	..
6	6¼	1,100	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	6	6¼	6	6¼	+ ⅛
31½	32	12,100	Anaconda Copper	31¾	32	31¼	31½	+ ¼
2¼	2⅜	300	Assets Realization	2⅜	2⅜	2¼	2¼	..
23	25	800	Assoc. Dry Goods	22	23	22	23	− 2
91	91⅜	100	Associated Oil	90	90	90	90	+ ½
82¾	82⅞	3,400	At., Top. & S. F.	82¾	83	82	82¼	+ ¼
77½	78½	600	At., Top. & S. F. pf.	77	77½	76¾	77¾	+ ¾
5¼	6	400	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	+ ⅛
84½	86¼	1,000	Atlantic Coast Line	84½	85½	84½	85	+ ½
9	9¼	1,700	Atlantic Fruit	10	10	8¾	9¼	+ ⅛
73½	76	23,200	At., G. & W. I. & S.	82	83½	75¾	75¾	− 8¾
43	47	700	At., Gulf & W. I. pf	42½	46	42	46	− ¼
900	1000	90	Atlantic Refining	935	935	935	935	..
14½	15½	100	Atlas Tack	14½	14½	14½	14½	+ ⅛
9	4½	300	Austin-Nichols	8¾	9½	8¾	9½	+ ⅛
3	4	200	Auto Sales	3	3	3	3	..
83	83⅝	18,400	Bald. Locomotive	84½	83½	83½	83¼	− ¾
93	95	200	Bald. Locomot. pf.	93	93	93	93	..
36	33½	8,700	Baltimore & Ohio	36	36½	35½	35⅞	+ ⅛
50	50⅜	700	Balt. & Ohio pf.	51⅛	51⅝	50	50⅜	+ 1⅛
23	65	400	Barnet Leather	22	23	22	23	+ 1
66	69⅝	200	Do pf. x d.	68	66	66	66	− 2¾
102	103	400	Bar. Co., Ch.C.c.of d	102¾	102¾	102	102	+ ¼
2	2½	900	Bethlehem Motors	2¾	2¾	2	2	− ⅛
52	54	600	Bethlehem Steel	52	53	51¼	53	+ 1
6,900			Do, Class B	100¾	100¾	53¾	53¾	− ½
500			Do 8% pf.	3¼	3¾	3¾	3¾	− ½
2,300			Booth Fisheries	82	82	82	82	− ½
2,300			B'klyn Edison Elec	83	83	82	82	+ ¼
3,700			B'klyn Rapid Tran	9¾	10	9¾	10	+ ¼
800			Do ctfs. of dep.	6½	6½	6½	6½	..
900			B'klyn Union Gas	48½	50	48½	49¾	+ 1¼
50			Buff., Rich. & P.	65	65	65	65	..
500			Burns Brothers	78¾	81	78¾	81	+ 2
2,500			Butte Cop. & Zinc	4½	4¾	4	4¼	+ ⅛
2,200			Butte & Superior	8½	9½	8½	9½	+ ⅛
500			Butterick Co.	13	13	12½	13	+ 1
2,500			Caddo Cent. O. & R.	11¾	13½	11¾	13¾	+ 1½
3,700			California Packing	59¼	60	59¼	59¾	+ ⅜
1,100			Callahan Zinc	4	4¼	4	4¼	..
1,450			Cal. Petroleum	24½	25	24¼	24¾	− ⅛
200			Do pf.	67½	67½	67	67	+ ¼
700			Calumet & Arizona	40¾	41	40	40¾	+ ⅛
3,200			Canadian Pacific	116	116¾	115¾	116	− ½
200			Case (J. I.) Co. pf.	73¼	73½	73½	73½	+ ½
5,200			Central Leather Co	35	35¾	33¾	34½	+ ⅞
400			Do pf.	83	84	83	83½	+ ⅞
1,100			Cerro de Pasco Cop	24¾	25	24¾	25	..
100			Certain-Teed Prod.	36	36	35	36	+ 1
7,200			Chandler Motor	72¾	74	69	72	+ 3½
3,400			Chesapeake & Ohio	60	60¾	59½	60¾	+ 1¼
300			Chicago & Alton	7½	7½	7½	7½	..
50			Do pf.	10	10	10	10	..
200			C. & E. I. pf., Eq. Tr.	4½	4½	4	4	+ ⅛
700			Chi. Gt. Western	8¾	8¾	8½	8½	+ ⅛
2,000			Do pf.	18	18¾	18	18½	+ ¼
10,200			Chi., Mil. & St. P.	28	29¾	27¾	29¾	+ ¾
10,600			Do pf.	42	43¾	41½	42½	+ ¾
5,800			Chicago & N. W.	65½	67	64¾	67	+ 1¼
100			Do pf.	103½	103½	103¼	103½	+ 1½
1,700			Chi. Pneu. Tool	61¼	62	60	62	+ 1½
5,000			Chi. R. I. & Pac.	27	27¾	26¾	27	+ ⅝
1,000			Do 7% pf.	74	74½	73	73½	− ½
900			Do 6% pf.	61¾	62½	61¾	62¾	+ 1½
200			C., St. P. M. & O.	60	61	60	61	+ ½
8,100			Chile Copper	9¼	9¾	9	9½	+ ⅛
3,700			Chino Copper	18¾	18¾	18½	18½	+ ¼
500			C., C., C. & St. L.	36½	36¾	36½	36¾	+ 2¼
200			Do pf.	60	60	60	60	..
340			Cluett, Peabody	44	46	44	46	+ 3½
4,000			Coca-Cola	19	19½	18½	19	+ ½
500			Col. Fuel & Iron	25⅝	25⅝	25½	25¾	+ ¼
1,400			Columbia Gas & E.	58½	58½	57	58	..
8,000			Columbia Graph.	9⅝	9⅞	9⅝	9½	− ⅛
300			Columbia Graph. pf.	55¾	55¾	54	54	− 3
300			Consol. Cigar	53½	54	53¼	54	+ 1
200			Consol. Cigar pf.	71	71	70	70	− 2½
1,200			Consol. Gas	76	77	75¼	76¾	+ 1⅝
1,300			Consol. Textile	19¾	20	19¾	20	..
1,800			Continental Can	52½	55	52¾	55	+ 2½
1,100			Continental Candy	4	4	3¾	3¾	..
7,800			Corn Products Ref.	67¼	67⅜	66	66¾	..
1,600			Cosden & Co.	27½	28	27½	28	− ½
16,000			Crucible Steel	72	73¾	71½	73	..
300			Crucible Steel pf.	83¾	83¾	82¾	83¾	+ ¼
5,600			Cuba Cane Sugar	18¾	20½	18½	19¾	+ 1⅛
1,200			Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	60	63	59½	61½	+ 2¾
2,000			Cuban-Am. Sugar	29	29¼	28	28¾	+ 2¼
100			Davison Chemical	28	28	28	28	..
100			De Beers Mines	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾	..
600			Delaware & Hudson	98	99	98	99	+ 2
200			Del., Lack. & W.	225	225	225	225	+ 22
500			Den. & Rio Grande	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	− ⅛
2,300			Den. & Rio G. pf.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	− ⅛
600			Dome Mines	10	10	10	10	+ ⅛
100			Duluth, S. S. & At.	3½	3½	3½	3½	− ⅛
100			Duluth, S.S.& At. pf.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	− ⅛
497	510	5	Eastman Kodak	497	497	497	497	..
18	18½	700	Elk Horn Coal	18½	18⅝	17¾	17¾	− ¼
53⅜	53½	1,900	Endicott-Johnson	49¾	54	49¾	53½	+ 4½
80	85	400	Endicott-Johns'n pf.	84½	85	84½	85	+ ½
14	14¼	7,700	Erie	13¾	14¼	13½	14¼	+ ⅝
20	20¼	2,900	Erie 1st pf.	20½	20½	20	20¼	+ ⅛
14¼	15	800	Erie 2d pf.	14	14¾	14	14¾	+ ⅝
46¼	47	2,400	Famous Players L.	45¼	48	45¼	47¾	+ 1½
73	74	100	Famous Play. L. pf.	73	73	73	73	− ¾
20	22½	100	Fed. Min. & S. pf.	22	22	22	22	+ ½
78	80	400	Fisher Body pf.	80¾	80¾	80	80	+ ¼
97	102	100	Fisher Body pf.	98	98	98	98	− 1
10⅝	11	6,200	Fisk Rubber	10¼	11⅛	10⅛	10⅝	+ ⅛
13	13½	1,700	Freeport-Texas	12¾	13	12½	13	+ ⅛
2½	2¾	3,100	Gaston, Wm. & W.	2¾	2¾	2½	2¾	..
35¾	38¾	6,000	Gen. Asphalt	38	39¾	37¾	38¾	+ 1½
78	79¾	100	Gen. Asphalt pf.	79¼	79¾	79¼	79¾	+ ½
113	118	500	Gen. Ch.con.c.of d.	116¾	116¾	115¾	115¾	− ½
52½	53½	200	Gen. Cigar	52½	52¾	52¾	52¾	− ⅛
82	88	200	Gen. Cigar pf.	84	84	84	84	..
78	79	200	Gen. Cigar deb. pf.	80	80	79	79	− 1
119	119½	3,900	Gen. Electric	118	119¼	117¾	119¼	+ 1½
13½	13⅝	14,100	Gen. Motors	13⅜	13⅞	13½	13⅝	+ ⅛
67	75	500	Gen. Motors pf.	67½	67¾	67½	67¾	+ ½
70½	72	350	Gen. Mot. 7% deb.	70¾	71	70¾	71	..
61	62	1,800	Gen. Mot. 6% deb.	59¾	61	59¾	61	+ 2
93	95	200	Goodrich Co.	32½	33¾	32½	33⅝	+ ⅛
36	33½	8,700	Goodrich Co. pf.	70½	70½	70¼	70¼	− ⅜
50	50⅝	700	Granby Consol.	16¾	16¾	16	16¾	+ ½
23	65	400	Gray & Davis	8½	9	8½	9	− 1
76¾	77	7,100	Gt. Northern pf.	77	77¼	76½	76¾	+ ¾
27½	27⅞	5,200	Gt. Northern Ore	28⅝	28	27½	27¾	+ 2½
17	19	1,100	Greene-Cananea	16½	16¼	16	16¼	+ ⅛
..	..	1,000	Guantanamo Sugar	12¾	12¾	11¾	11¾	..
9	10	300	Gulf, Mobile & Nor.	10	10	9	9	− ⅛
23½	24	100	Gulf, Mobile & N. pf.	22	22	22	22	− 2½
26	28	600	Gulf States Steel	27¾	28	25½	26	..
54¼	55	500	Haskell & Barker	53¾	54¼	53¾	54¼	+ ¾
14	14½	500	Hendee Mfg.	14	14	14	14	..
61	63	1,600	Houston Oil	63	63	61¼	62	..
10⅝	11	2,500	Hupp Motor Car	10¾	11	10¾	11	+ ⅛
86	87	1,300	Illinois Central	85	86½	85	86½	+ 1
5⅞	6	900	Indiahoma Ref.	6	6	5¾	5¾	− ⅛
..	..	500	Indian Refining	14½	14½	14½	14½	..
25¼	28¾	4,800	Inspiration Copper	28	28¾	28	28¾	+ ¾
4	4½	3,700	Interborough Con.	4	4½	3¾	4	+ ⅛
10⅜	11½	500	Do pf.	10	11½	10	11¼	+ 1½
12	13	900	Int. Agricultural	10	13⅜	10	12	+ 2¼
49	62	1,100	Do pf.	47	51	47	48¼	+ 2¼
92½	93	2,400	Int. Harvester, new	92	93	92	92¾	..
101½	..	1,300	Do pf., new	101½	101¾	101¼	101¾	+ ⅛
10½	10¾	2,700	Int. Mer. Marine	11¼	11½	10¾	10¾	− ⅛
47½	48½	5,200	Do pf.	48	48¾	46¾	48½	+ ¾
32⅝	33	4,800	Int. Motor Truck	32¼	32¾	32¼	32¾	+ ⅛
52	56	100	Do 2d pf.	54½	54½	54½	54¾	− 2½
12¾	12⅝	8,800	Internat. Nickel	12⅝	12⅝	12¼	12¾	+ ⅛
75	80	100	Do pf.	75	75	75	75	..
43⅝	45½	2,100	Internat. Paper	44	48¾	43¾	45½	+ 1½
21⅜	22	4,100	Invincible Oil	21¾	22¼	21¾	21¾	− ¼
28	28½	5,300	Iron Products	28	28½	28	28¾	+ ¼
4⅜	4½	11,000	Island Oil & Trans.	4½	4⅝	4¼	4½	..
3	3¼	700	Jewel Tea	3	3¼	3	3	..
8	8½	500	Do pf.	8¼	8¼	8	8	+ ⅛
14½	13½	4,400	Jones Bros. Tea	13¾	14½	13¾	14½	+ 1
19½	19¾	1,800	Kan. City Southern	19½	20¾	19½	19¾	− ¼
48	48	1,600	Do pf.	46¾	48¾	46¾	48¾	+ 1½
36½	37½	4,600	Kelly-Springf. Tire	37½	37¾	36	36	+ 2¾
80½	84	400	Do 8% pf.	80	82	80	82	+ 1½
73	80	100	Do 6% pf.	73	73	73	73	..
33½	40	400	Kelsey Wheel	36	37	36	37	+ ¼
15¾	15⅝	8,100	Kennecott Copper	15¼	15⅝	15¼	15¼	+ ⅛
6	8½	6,400	Keystone Tire & R.	7	8½	6¾	8¼	+ 1⅜
..	..	100	Kresge (S. S.) Co.	125	125	125	125	..
49¼	49¾	1,100	Lackawanna Steel	49	49¾	48	48¾	− ½
47	47	100	Laclede Gas	47	47	47	47	..
13	14	300	Lake Erie & West.	14	14	14	14	..
16¾	17	600	Lee Rubber & Tire	16¾	16¾	16	16	− ¼
54	54½	6,400	Lehigh Valley	55¼	55¾	54	54	− 1½
132	135	1,810	Liggett & Myers	135	135	130	130	+ 1½
97	98	200	Do pf.	97½	97½	97½	97¾	− 1½
15	15¾	3,800	Loew's, Inc.	15¾	15⅝	15	15	− ¼
10⅝	10¾	4,200	Loft, Incorporated	9¾	10¾	9¾	10¾	+ ⅝
130	132	920	Lorillard (P.) Co.	128	130	128	130	..
96	97	600	Do pf.	97¼	97¼	97	97	− ¼
100	102	900	Louisville & Nash.	99½	100	99¼	100	+ ¼
57	58¾	900	Mackay Cos.	57	57	57	57	+ 1
8	11¼	900	Mallinson & Co.	9	9	8	8	− 1
45	50	500	Do pf.	45	48½	45	48¼	+ ⅛
65	68	1,000	Manati Sugar	70	70	65¾	68¼	− ⅝
..	2½	100	Manhattan Beach	..	..	..	3	..
47	48	1,600	Manhat. Elev. x d.	44	45	45	45	+ 3
..	..	900	Manhattan Shirt	17	18½	17	17½	+ 1½
14¼	15	200	Martin-Parry	14¼	14¾	14	14	..
13⅝	16	400	Mathieson Alkali	15	15	15	15	..
2	2¼	1,000	Maxwell Motors	2¾	2¾	2½	2½	..
..	..	700	Do 1st pf. c.of d.st.s.	4	4	4	4	..
..	2½	400	Do 2d pf.	2¾	2¾	2½	2½	..
1¼	2½	400	Do 2d pf. c.of d.st.s.	1¾	1¾	1½	1½	..
66	67	500	May. Dept. Stores	66½	67	66	66	..
154	154½	24,200	Mex. Petroleum	155½	156¾	153½	154	− ½
14½	15	3,200	Miami Copper	15	15¼	14¾	14¾	+ ⅛
11¾	12	8,800	Middle States Oil	12	12	11¾	12

January Circular

We consider sound public utility securities particularly desirable investments under existing business conditions.

Our January circular, which contains a carefully selected list of public utility bonds, notes and stocks will be mailed upon request.

Write for circular T-1

Stone & Webster
INCORPORATED
120 Broadway, New York
Telephone Rector 6020
Boston Chicago

LEE, HIGGINSON & CO.
Established 1848
NEW YORK
BOSTON CHICAGO
HIGGINSON & CO.
London

Kansas City Power & Light Co.

First & Refunding Mtge. 8% Gold Bonds, due 1940

Series "A"

Secured by a First Mortgage on a recently completed steam generating station of 60,000 kw. capacity, and by a direct mortgage on all other property of the Company. Population served by Company about 325,000.

Price 100 and interest
Yielding 8%

Circular for further information

BODELL & CO.
115 BROADWAY
Providence Boston

We accept orders to buy stocks and bonds listed on the New York Stock Exchange for cash or margin and recommend the purchase of income producing securities during the present period of depression.

McClave & Co.
Members { New York Stock Exchange / New York Cotton Exchange
67 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone 3210 Rector
UPTOWN OFFICE
Hotel Ansonia, 73d St. & B'way
Telephone 1615 Columbus

$100,000

Northern States Power Company

First Refunding 6s

Due 1941

This Company serves a population of over 1,000,000, including the cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis. Net earnings are over two and a half times bond interest. Substantial equity is provided through four issues of junior securities.

Price: 89 and interest
Yielding about 7%

GLIDDEN, DAVIDGE & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
20 Broad Street, New York — City Bk. Bldg., Syracuse, N.Y.

THURSDAY, DEC. 30, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$38,233,100	Holiday.	$11,251,000
Year to date	3,932,237,150	3,764,267,675	2,103,586,900

GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales $1,000.	Issue	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.	Closing— Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
2,515	—Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	80.00	80.04	80.44	80.34	+.04	80.10	80.56	4.05
.....	—Liberty 1st 4s, 1932-47	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	85.00	86.00	4.95
22	—Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42	84.70	84.80	84.74	84.60	+.47	84.40	84.70	5.17
5	—Liberty 2d 4s, reg	84.10	84.10	84.10	84.10	.....	.....	.....	.....
25½	—Liberty 1st conv. 4¼s, 1932-47	86.00	86.00	85.40	85.70	+.10	85.56	85.70	5.24
1,704	—Liberty 2d conv. 4¼s, 1927-42	84.50	84.60	84.00	84.52	—.08	84.52	84.60	5.14
3	—Liberty 2d conv. 4¼s, reg	85.00	85.00	85.00	85.00	.....	.....	.....	.....
3,579	—Liberty 3d conv. 4¼s, 1928	87.30	87.32	87.06	87.06	—.16	87.10	87.16	6.30
1,697	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	85.22	85.30	84.64	84.72	—.56	84.70	84.80	5.28
909	—Victory 4¾s, 1922-23	94.94	95.10	94.90	95.10	+.18	95.06	95.10	7.00
10	—Victory 4¾s, reg	94.90	94.90	94.90	94.90	.....	.....	.....	.....
5,514	—Victory 4¾s, 1922-23	94.82	95.04	94.90	95.04	+.08	95.04	95.10	5.97

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

Chinese Ry 8s, gult 4s, pr lien 3½s, 2s, 1s, 2s, 28 — City of Berne 8s, temp ctfs — City of Bord'x 8s, temp ctfs — Kr. K. L & Kr. K. L & Co ctfs — City of Cop'gn 5½s — City of Lyons 6s, temp ctfs — City of Paris 6s — City of Turin 5s — City of Zurich 8s, receipts — Dom of Can'a 5s, 1921 — 5s, 1926 — 5s, 1929 — Gov of Switz'd 8s, temp rcts — Jap Govt 4½s, sterling loan — 2d series — 5s30f. — 4s, ster loan — 5s30f. — King of Belg 7½s, receipts — 6s, 1925 — Un King of Gt Brit & Ire 5½s, 1921 — 5½s, 1922 — 5½s, 1929 — Mex 6s, 1913 — 6s, 1919 — 6s, 1920 — Un States of Mex 5s — 4s — N Y C 4s, '57 — 4s, 1960 — 4s, 1964 — Nor of Switz'd 5½s, 1929 — French Gov 5s — 5½s — Adams Exp 4s — Am S & R 1st 5s — Am Tel & Tel col 4s — col tr 5s — Atl C L 1st 4s — L & N col 4s — Atl Fruit conv 6s — Balt & Ohio pr lien 3½s — 2s — 1s — 2s — Bell Tel of Pa 8s — 1st cons 6s — 1st 6½s — ref 4s — Beth Stl ext 5s — 1st & ref 5s — pur mon 5s — Brad'n Copper s f 8s — Bway & 7th Av 1st con 6s — Brklyn R T 7s, 1921 — Bush Terml 1st 5s — Bush Terml Sta 1st rcts — Chat div 4s — Cent of N J gen 5s — Cent Leath 5s — CenPac grd 4s — Ches & Ohio con 5s — gen 4½s — conv 4½s — Chi Un Sta'n 4½s, Ser A — C & W I cons 4s — Chile Copp'r 7s — col tr 5s — Cleve Short Line 4½s — Col & So 1st 4s — ref 4s — ref&ext4½s — Colo Industl 5s — Col F&I gen 5s — Comp-Tab-Rec s f 6s — Con Gas cv 7s — Cuba Cane Sug conv 7s — Del & Hudson 1st ref 4s — Det U Ry con 4½s — D & RG cons 4s — 1st gen 4s — 1st & ref 5s — D S M & F D 1st grd 5s — Det Un Ry con 4½s — Dul, SS&A 1st 5s — Erie 1st cons 4s — 1st gen 4s — gen 4s, Ser A — conv 4s, Ser A — Series B — Series D — N O Term 4s — N O T & M income 5s — N O & N W ref&imp4½s — Erie & J 1st 5s — GeneralRy s f 6s — Ft W & Rio Gde 1st 4s — GenElec deb5s — deb 5s — deb 5s — Grd Trunk Ry 7s, int rcts — Gt Nor ref4½s — Hudson & Man 1st & ref 5s, Series A — Ill Cent 4s — 1952 — 1953 — temp 5½s — ref 4s — Ill div 3½s — St L div 3½s — Ill Steel 4½s — Ind Steel 5s — Inter-Met 4½s — Kan City Sou 3s — Kan City Term 4s — Kan & M 1st 4s — Kan Nor 7s — Kan City Sou 3s — Kan City Term 4s — Kan & M 1st 4s — Kan Nor 7s — Kan Pac 1st 4

Deposit Accounts

Investment Securities

Foreign Exchange

Letters of Credit

Winslow, Lanier & Co.

~ Bankers ~

59 Cedar Street New York

Established 1849.

Comparative Values of Bonds

Present bond prices are very low. A comparison of the prices of 40 seasoned bonds in January, 1917, with prices of the same bonds today is significant.

1917	TO-DAY
96.76	73.85

We beheve that profitable purchase of certain sound bonds may now be made. We recommend several issues which are amply secured.

Complimentary copy of List T-199 on request

Herrick & Bennett

Members New York Stock Exchange

66 Broadway, New York (Rector 9060) — 51 E. 42nd St., New York (Murray Hill 3454)

Peekskill, N. Y.

F&Co

Safe

Profitable

Investments

FRAZIER & Co.

65 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Tel. Bowling Green 6025

PHILADELPHIA WASHINGTON BALTIMORE PITTSBURG

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS

THE GLIDDEN CO.

Common and Preferred

Through our Cleveland office we are able to give prompt and satisfactory service in the execution of your orders for the sale or purchase of these stocks.

OTIS & CO.,

49 Broad St., N. Y.

Phone Broad 2120

Members N. Y. and Cleveland Stock Exchanges

High Grade Investments

John Muir & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

61 Broadway New York

City of Copenhagen 3½%

Loan of 1902

SPOT BONDS

HUTH & COMPANY

80 Pine Street, New York

Telephone John 6244.

PAYS 210 PER CENT.

Net Earnings for the Year Reach New Record Total of About $51,500,000.

28 PER CENT. PAID IN 1917

Big Profit Laid to Inflated Credit Conditions—Tax Would Reduce Returns to Normal.

During the current year the net earnings of the New York Federal Reserve Bank have amounted to approximately $51,500,000, which, on its average paid-in capital of about $24,500,000, is equal to 210 per cent. In the first half of the year the Reserve Bank had net earnings of $24,087,068, at the rate of 203 6-10 per cent. for the full year. In the second half its net earnings were roughly $27,400,000, or at the annual rate of about 223 6-10 per cent. of the paid in capital.

This is the greatest sum the New York Federal Reserve Bank ever has earned. In 1919 its earnings were the equivalent of about 130 per cent. on its paid in capital; in 1918 the earnings equaled 113 per cent., and in 1917 they were the equivalent of only about 28 per cent.

The earnings set forth in the monthly bulletin of the Federal Reserve Agent, made public today, are shown in only approximate form. In the bulletin it is stated that the bank will today pay the Government about $39,000,000, representing its earnings for the year after paying operating expenses, dividends of 6 per cent. to the stockholding banks, and making additions of about $11,000,000 to its surplus. The 6 per cent. dividend paid was about $1,500,000. The gross earnings, which have not as yet been made public, were at least $58,000,000.

The complete statement of earnings for the first half of the year, as published by the Federal Reserve Board last August, showed gross for the six months of $27,336,778, which was greater by $5,249,712 than the amount returned to net. Thus, if the operating expenses and other charges made against gross before net was computed were the same in the second half as they were in the first half, operating expenses must have been close to $6,500,000, which, added to the indicated net of $51,500,000, would give a gross of $58,000,000.

Earnings Due to Inflation.

In commenting on the institution's earnings for the full year, the Federal Reserve Agent says:

"These earnings are a direct measure of the credit expansion or inflation which our war financing necessitated. They are also a direct measure of the utility of the Federal Reserve Bank in providing such credit as business conditions necessitated. The Federal Reserve Bank is a semi-public institution organized and operated not for the purpose of making profits, but to stabilize credit and keep it elastic, and to issue such circulating notes as the business of the community requires. Its surplus earnings, which are derived from the credit-making and note-issuing power granted to it by the Government, accordingly revert to the Government.

"The reason why the Federal Reserve Bank shows such large earnings is because the Government does not tax it, but in lieu of taxes takes the major part of its earnings. A Governmental grant of note-issuing power to any institution or set of institutions, especially when such notes are of an emergency nature, is quite usually accompanied by a heavy tax.

"Under the Aldrich-Vreeland act, which prior to the Federal Reserve System provided emergency currency, the Government taxed the banks upon notes issued under the terms of the act at rates running from 5 per cent. up to 10 per cent. Under the Federal Reserve act the member banks, which borrow from the Federal Reserve Banks mainly to obtain currency, in effect pay a similar tax in the shape of the rate of discount charged upon their borrowings. This rate, or tax, does not go directly to the Government, but goes to its note-issuing agency, the Federal Reserve Bank, which after paying expenses and 6 per cent. dividends turns over to the Government in the shape of surplus earnings the discount it has received.

Tax Would Cut Profits.

"But if the Government were to adopt the policy of directly taxing the Federal Reserve Banks upon the amount of their notes in circulation, less the 40 per cent. gold cover, and were now to impose such a tax upon the Federal Reserve Bank of New York at the same rate as its discount rate, 7 per cent., the tax would amount to about $36,000,000, or about the amount of its earnings. In this case the Federal Reserve Bank would show practically no earnings above its expenses, dividends, and statutory additions to surplus.

"Federal Reserve Bank earnings when transferred to the Government may be used by it only to place additional gold behind the greenbacks or to retire Government bonds. In this way, the earnings go directly toward correcting the inflation which called the earnings into existence. Presumably, as inflation subsides the volume of Federal Reserve notes required for hand to hand currency will gradually lessen and both the discounts and the earnings of Federal Reserve Banks will lessen correspondingly."

GENERAL MOTORS DIVIDENDS

Quarterly Distribution of Fractions of Common Shares is Omitted.

Directors of the General Motors Corporation yesterday omitted the stock dividend of one-fortieth of a share of common stock which has been paid quarterly since March of this year. The elimination of this portion of the customary dividend was no surprise, since there had been rumors recently that this was to be done. The Directors declared the quarterly cash dividend of 25 cents a share on the common. The quarterly dividends of $1.50 a share on the preferred, $1.50 a share on the 6 per cent. debentures and $1.75 a share on the 7 per cent. debentures were also declared. All of the dividends are payable Feb. 1 to stockholders of record Jan. 10.

The Board of Directors was increased to thirty-one members by the election of K. W. Zimmerschied, C. F. Ketterling and F. D. Brown. Both Mr. Brown and Mr. Zimmerschied were elected Vice Presidents of the company, the first named to have charge of finances under the Chairman of the Finance Committee. L. R. Beardsley was elected an Assistant Secretary.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

M. M. Freeman & Co. of Philadelphia are offering $302,000 Borough of Highland Park, New Jersey, 6 per cent. improvement bonds, maturing Jan. 1, 1927, at 100 and interest yielding 6 per cent.

The partnership of H. L. Horton & Co. has been dissolved. The business will be continued under the same firm name by Glen H. Mears, Louis T. Watson, Russell G. Colt, Frederic W. Anness, Robert W. Wright, Thomas F. Welch and James B. Stanott.

Abraham & Co. announce that M. Brusil will retire from the firm today.

Charles Ogilby, formerly of Harris, Forbes & Co., has formed a co-partnership with Lawrence H. Austin to transact an investment business in municipal, railroad and corporation bonds under the firm name of Ogilby & Austin, with offices at 141 Broadway.

The Columbia Trust Company has published a fourth edition of "Important Information Concerning Ownership Certificates—Information at the Source—Withholding at the Source."

Numerous Advances in Rates on Europe—South American and Canadian Rates Higher.

Sterling exchange advanced 1½ cents yesterday, reacting ¾ cent afterwards from the highest. Rates on continental points moved similarly. Paris, Rome and Madrid especially closing higher. Greek exchange advanced from 7.05 to 7.35 cents; Scandinavian rates were a fraction lower.

South American exchange was generally firmer, Argentina recovering from 32⅝ cents to 33½, Brazil from 12¾ to 14. Exchange on Canada went to 86.8, against 86.7 Wednesday and 85.8 at last week's lowest.

THURSDAY, DEC. 30, 1920.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Wednesday's Final.	Final.
LONDON	3.62	3.51¾	3.52¾	3.51¾
PARIS	5.94	5.01¾	5.08	5.80¾
ROME	3.40	3.35	3.45¼	3.37
AMSTERDAM	31.30	31.25	31.30	31.20
BRUSSELS	4.32	4.27	4.27	4.27
MADRID	13.90	13.83	13.89	13.83

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Thurs-day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.8665 per sovereign.			
Demand	3.52¾	3.53⅜	3.75¾
Cables	3.53¼	3.53⅞	3.76¼
Com., 60 days	3.47	3.47¾	3.71
Com., 90 days	3.45	3.46¾	3.69
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	5.08	5.02½	9.20
Cables	5.02¾	5.02	9.21
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.			
Demand	3.45½	3.46	7.54
Cables	3.44½	3.42	7.55
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	4.23	4.23	9.28
Cables	4.24	4.23	9.29
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	1.37	1.39½	2.66
Cables	1.38	1.40	2.66
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.24	.26	.80
Cables	.25	.27	.87
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	1.15	1.16	1.95
Cables	1.16	1.17	2.00
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.65	15.30	18.90
Cables	15.70	15.35	19.10
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.			
Demand	2.90	2.41	3.20
Cables	2.93	2.48	3.23
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.			
Demand	7.25	7.25	15.30
Cables	7.30	7.30	15.38
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	31.30	31.25	37.375
Cables	31.40	31.375	37.50
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.17⅝	.20	...
Cables	.18⅛	.21	...
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.			
Demand	.69	.75	1.05
Cables	.71	.76	1.10
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	15.65	15.25	20.25
Cables	15.70	15.30	20.40
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.			
Demand	.17⅝	.17⅜	1.20
Cables	.18	.18	1.22
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.			
Demand	1.25	1.30	3.20
Cables	1.30	1.31	3.25
SERBIA: Belgrade—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	2.75	2.80	4.80
Cables	2.80	2.94	4.85
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.			
Demand	13.45	12.93	19.40
Cables	13.47	12.95	19.45
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.			
Demand	19.90	19.75	21.25
Cables	19.95	19.80	21.40
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.			
Demand	15.20	15.22	17.70
Cables	15.23	15.25	17.80

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hong-Kong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking			
Hongkong, demand	57.50	56.25	94.00
Hongkong, cables	57.60	56.35	95.00
Peking, demand	81.50	79.00	176.00
Shanghai, demand	75.00	72.50	164.00
Shanghai, cables	75.50	73.00	164.50
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.			
Demand	28.60	28.60	46.00
Cables	28.50	28.50	46.50
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: cents per silver peso.			Par 50
Demand	45.25	45.25	49.00
Cables	45.75	45.75	49.25
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.			
Demand	32.50	32.50	...
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.			
Demand	48.375	48.75	50.125
Cables	48.50	48.875	50.375

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44c per Arg. paper dol.			
Demand	33.128	34.125	43.125
Cables	33.25	34.25	43.25
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.			
Demand	14.00	14.25	28.00
Cables	14.125	14.375	28.25

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100c per Canadian dollar.			
Demand	86.8	84.6	92.6

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows. Par 51.40 cents per ruble:

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.47⅛	.52½
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.42⅞	.47⅝

REOPENS 2-CENT RATE CASE.

Court Grants Petition of the New York Central.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 30.—An order signed by Supreme Court Justice G. D. B. Hasbrouck of Kingston was filed in the office of the Albany County Clerk today, granting permission on the petition of counsel for the New York Central Railroad to reopen the rate case recently decided by the Court of Appeals, whereby the railroad was directed to return to its pre-war rate of 2 cents a mile for way passengers between Albany and Buffalo.

The right to submit new evidence dealing with proceedings before the Interstate Commerce Commission in the determination of rates within the State as they are affected by interstate rates also was granted.

The order will have the effect of restarting the entire proceedings brought by the State against the New York Central last Summer, which, on appeal, was won by the State.

FAILURES IN 1920.

Dun's Summary Shows Increase of 2,582 in Numer and $174,881,000 in Liabilities.

Preliminary returns to R. G. Dun & Co. disclose 8,831 commercial failures in the United States during 1920, as against only 6,451 in 1919, when the business mortality was exceptionally moderate. The liabilities of the year just ended also reflect a sharp increase, the $287,772,471 shown in the incomplete statistics comparing with slightly more than $113,000,000 in 1919.

While fewer insolvencies occurred in the first half of 1920 than in that period of the immediately preceding year, the indebtedness was appreciably larger, and both the number of failures and the liabilities were heavily augmented in the last two quarters of 1920.

Failures by quarterly periods in the two last years compare as follows:

	1920— No.	Liabilities.	1919— No.	Liabilities.
1st Quar.	1,627	$20,702,499	1,904	$35,821,052
2d Quar.	1,725	57,941,377	1,559	32,880,834
3d Quar.	2,031	79,833,605	1,393	20,230,722
4th Quar.	3,448	121,165,000	1,595	24,349,629
Year	8,831	$287,772,471	6,451	$113,291,237

Stock Exchange Seat, $80,000.

The New York Stock Exchange membership of Henry Feuchtwanger was sold yesterday to Edwin D. Morgan Jr. for $80,000, an increase of $2,500 over the last previous sale.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
City of Berne 8s	92¾	93½
City of Christiania 8s	93¾	94
City of Zurich 8s	94½	...
Argentina 6s	85	88⅝
Belgium 6s, 1921	90⅝	...
Belgium 6s, 1925	89⅞	91½
Belgium 7½s	95¼	95⅝
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	99	99⅜
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	98⅞	98⅜
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	85½	86⅜
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	86¾	87⅜
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	82⅝	82⅝
Chinese Government 5s	38⅝	39
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	75¾	75½
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	77⅛	77⅝
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	60¾	62
Dominican Republic 5s	...	72⅝
City of Lyons 6s	75	76
City of Marseilles 6s	74	...
City of Bordeaux 6s	76½	77⅝
City of Copenhagen 5½s	72½	72⅝
French Government 5s	99⅞	100
City of Paris 6s	83½	84
Government of Switzerland 5s	102	102½
Japanese 4½s	75⅝	75½
Japanese 4½s, second series	73¾	73½
Japanese 6s	85	86
City of Tokio 5s	42	42⅞
Un. K. of Gt. B. & I. 5½s, 1921	97½	97⅝
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	94½	94⅝
Un. K. of Gt. Br. Ir. 5½s, 1929	86¾	86⅞
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	82¾	83
United States of Mexico 5s	39⅝	39⅝
United States of Mexico 4s	28	28½
Italy 6½s	79	82

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, c, 1930	101	...
4s, c, 1925	106	...
Pan 2s r, 1961	89	...
Pan 3s, c, 1961	...	82
P I 4s, '34, 81½	90	
P I 4s, '35, 81½	90	

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
A A Cables	99	100
All Realty, 7%	...	...
Am S 1st pf	94	...
Am Bk N	44	50
Do pf	91	43½
Am Beet S pf	78	80
Am B S & Fdy	40½	42
Am C & F pf	107	110
Am Col. Oil	...	60
Am La F Fire Eng	8¾	9
Am Lin pf	81	87
Am Lo pf	99	100
Am Rad	64	66½
Do pf	97	...
Am M & G	13	...
Am Shipb	80	...
Do pf	...	90
Am Sm pf, A	60	63
Am T & C	47	55
Am Wh pf	89	92
Am Z pf	39	31½
Ann Arbor	11¾	13
Do pf	20½	28
Asso D G 1st pf	55	57½
Do 2d pf	44	50
Atl R pf	105	106
Aus N pf	56	61½
Auto S pf	10	18
B'dall, A	33½	36
Do, B	34½	35
Barrett Co pf cfs	98	104
Batop Min	⅝	⅞
B'ch Crk	29	...
Beth S 7% pf	90	95
Brown Sh	24	35
Do pf	...	80
Bruns Ter	3¾	4¾
B, R & P pf	85	105
Buff & S	72	...
Do pf	87	54½
Burns Bros pf	97	105
Bush Ter	...	85
Can So	38	40
Case Plow, 6% Do 2d pf	6⅜ 50	6½
C R R of N J	180	210
C'lain-ted 1st pf	75½	83
Do 2d pf	65	75
C, B & Q	100	...
C & E Ill ctfs	3	8
C, St P, M & O pf	85	90
Col & So	27	28
Do 1st pf	48	55
Do 2d pf	49	50
Comp T R	35	38
Cont C pf	96¾	100
Cont Ins	63½	67
Corn P Ref pf	98½	101
Crex Carp	...	57
C-Am Sug pf	92	93
Deere & Co pf	85	92
Det Ed	90	100
Det Un Ry	...	80
Dul S Tra	...	17
Durh Hos	25	28
Do pf	80	82
Elk H Coal pf	37	41
Em Brant	6½	11
Do pf	32	40
E Kod pf	100	103
Erie & P	45	55
Fairbanks	...	48
Fed M & S pf	3½	7
G A T C	48	50
Gen Ch pf cfs	84	90
Habir Elec	10	15
Hartman	68	70
Hyd Steel	19	21
Homestake	49½	50
Ill C	55	...
Int Mot Tr 1st pf	70	71½
Int Pap pf	83	86
Do pf B	70	71
Int Salt	54¾	70
Iowa Cent.	6	10
K C, Ft S & M pf	57	60
Kayser (J)	68	75
Do 1st pf	98	120
Kelsey Wh pf	70	82
K & D M	4½	10
Do pf	25	...
Kress (S H)	...	90
L E & W pf	25¾	28
L & M B	120	130
L-W Illec pf	27½	30
Do 1st pf	93½	99
Do 2d pf	98	105
Mah Coal	350	700
M'kay Cos pf	57	60
Man El S pf	...	65¾
Man S pf	...	93
Marlin R	15	16
Max M dist pf	2½	4
M Dep Sta pf	93¾	...
Mex P pf	90	100
Mich Cent	90	...
M, St P & S S M pf	90	94
Do 1st	52	57
Mon P pf	93	94
Mor & Es	86	...
Mul B pf	74	...
Nat En pf	89	95
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	6	10
N Y, C & St L 1st pf	58	68
Do 2d pf	60	65
N Y, L & W pf	81	88
Ohio P S	45	50
Otis El pf	...	88
Owens-B pf	...	100
Pac Coast	16	30
Do 1st pf	60	100
Do 2d pf	45	60
Penney pf	...	88
Pett-Mull	34½	62
Do 1st pf	...	80
P Jones	20	70
Do pf	65	75
P, L & A pf	70	121
P, Ft W & C pf	113	120
Pr Stl Car pf	95	100
R R Sec, 1 stk c	52	59
R T 1st pf	...	83
Do 2d pf	...	83
Rens & S	98	...
Rep I & S pf	85	87½
R Reis	6½	10
Do 1st pf	...	60
Sears-R pf	99	100
S-S F & I pf	...	84
So P R S	81	90
Do pf	80	500
Stern B pf	...	90
St'd M pf	70	80
Studeb Co pf	82½	95
Sup Steel	42	47
Do 1st pf	95	98½
T P L Tr	200	225
Tide W O	166	180
T, St L & W pf c	16	19
T C R T	36½	37
Do pf	...	86
Und Type	124	130
Do pf	100	120
U Clg Sts	131	170
Do pf	90	100
U S Exp	6	7
U S Ind Al pf	91	95
U S Sm pf	42	...
Va I, C & Coke	83	85
Va Ry & P	37	46
W Pac pf	67	71
West E & M 1st pf	75	80
W'wire Stl	16¾	21
Wilson pf	81	85
Woolworth	108	109
Do pf	103	107
Wor Pump pf A	72	73½

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Revenue receipts and expenditures at close of business Dec. 29:

	This Month.	Corresponding Month, 1919	*Fiscal Year, 1921.	*Corresponding Fiscal Yr., 1920.
Customs	$17,258,440.71	$21,089,783.90	$143,800,911.79	$139,611,350.75
Internal revenue:				
Income and profits tax	861,409,525.90	881,484,352.07	1,618,893,576.20	1,979,480,591.02
Miscellaneous	114,910,481.60	118,067,502.73	762,310,224.13	735,939,551.52
Miscellaneous revenue	55,593,981.25	32,273,900.31	351,950,885.13	332,751,058.14
Panama Canal tolls, &c	978,861.35	580,702.58	3,676,673.00	2,674,716.45
Total ordinary	$850,142,399.17	$1,033,496,343.59	$2,885,672,470.52	$3,190,857,737.68
Excess of ord. receipts over ord. disbursements	504,196,571.83	640,205,109.57	436,281,209.97	
Excess of ord disb. over ordinary receipts				576,500,535.28
Expenditures	345,902,818.34	413,535,139.02	3,449,981,990.26	3,767,357,878.14

*Receipts and disbursements for June resulting Treasury in July are included.

Legal for New York Savings Banks

We own and offer

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Ry. Co.

Cons. 4½'s,

due May 1, 1957

Price to yield about 5.85%

Letter T describing these Bonds on request.

Eastman, Dillon & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

INVESTMENT BANKERS

71 Broadway New York

Combining Security Yearly Maturities High Yield

As a well-secured short-time investment, we recommend the Five-Year Serial 8% Gold Notes of a well-known New England manufacturing company.

These notes are:

1. Secured by net quick assets of 2½ times, and net tangible assets of 5½ times, the amount of these notes.
2. Followed by capital stock having a current market value over 6 times this issue of notes.

Prices for various maturities to net from

9.08% to 9.42%

Ask for descriptive folder T-220

Hollister, White & Co

Investments

115 BROADWAY NEW YORK

Boston Philadelphia

Securities Tax Exempt in Pennsylvania

We are specialists in issues with the above tax exempt features and are prepared to execute orders for purchase or sale. We invite inquiries from investors and dealers as to

1. *Market.*
2. *Yield.*
3. *Detailed description of any specific issue*

May we send you a copy of "Securities Tax Exempt in Pennsylvania"?

MOORE, LEONARD & LYNCH

New York

Pittsburgh Philadelphia

Bankers Trust Co.

CLINTON GILBERT

2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4646 Rector

AMES, EMERICH & CO.

Investment Securities

111 Broadway, New York

Telephone Rector 3431

CHICAGO MILWAUKEE

Phone Rector 5000

Josephthal & Co.

120 Broadway, New York

Members New York Stock Exchange

Foreign Exchange

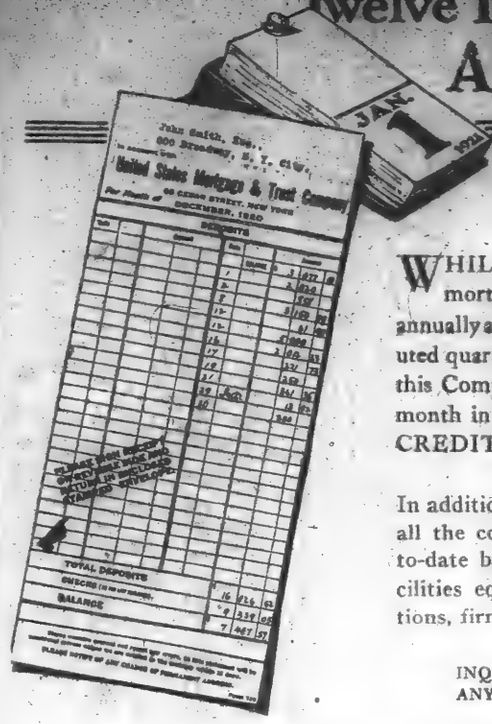
Private Wires to Principal Cities

MORRIS & SMITH

Members New York Stock Exchange

66 Broadway New York

Twelve Interest Dates A Year



WHILE the interest on bonds and mortgages is ordinarily paid semi-annually and dividends on stock distributed quarterly, a deposit account with this Company yields an income every month in the year for INTEREST IS CREDITED MONTHLY thereon.

In addition, such an account provides all the conveniences of a broad, up-to-date banking connection, with facilities equally valuable for corporations, firms and individuals.

INQUIRIES WELCOMED AT ANY OF OUR FOUR OFFICES

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY

Capital and Surplus, $6,000,000

OFFICES
55 Cedar St.
Broadway at 73rd St.
Madison Avenue at 75th St.
125th Street at Eighth Avenue

100 Years of Commercial Banking

CHATHAM & PHENIX NATIONAL BANK

Capital & Surplus $13,000,000
Resources $150,000,000
149 Broadway, Singer Bldg.
And 12 Branches.

Central Union Trust Co.

of New York

80 Broadway

BRANCHES

5th Avenue at 60th Street
Madison Avenue at 42d Street

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $30,000,000

THE DOMINION BANK

Head Office, Toronto, Canada

New York Agency, 51 Broadway

C. S. HOWARD, Agent.

Cuba Cane Debentures

AVERAGE yearly earnings since organization six and one-half times interest requirements. Paying 7% annually and selling at a price, if carried to maturity, to

Yield over 10%

Full information on request

Stock market situation discussed in our Weekly Review. Write for T-26.

Lamborn & Co.

Specialists in Sugar Stocks

Seven Wall St. New York

Tel. Rector 6310

MEMBERS

N.Y. Stock Ex. N. Y. Produce Ex. N.Y. Cotton Ex. Chic. Bd. of Trade N. Y. Coffee and Sugar Ex., Inc. London Prod. Clearing House, Ltd.

AMERICAN LIGHT & TRACTION CO.

COMMON STOCK

To Net About 11%

(Has paid quarterly dividends since 1904)

Lower operating costs should increase earnings.

Particulars on Request.

MAC QUOID & COADY

Members N. Y. Stock Exchange

14 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. Rector 5070

John B. Thayer

MUNICIPAL BONDS

111 Broadway

New York

Telephone Rector 3418

William R. Compton Co.

Investment Bonds

14 Wall Street, New York

St. Louis Chicago

Cincinnati New Orleans

$250,000

Consolidated Utilities Company

Five Year 8% Secured Gold Notes

Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, Trustee.

Earnings available are approximately Eight Times the interest requirements.

$370,000 underlying bonds secure these $250,000 notes.

Price 98 and accrued interest

To Yield 8½%

ALBERT EMANUEL COMPANY,

Public Utilities

61 Broadway New York

Telephone: Bowling Green 6720

Cities Service Common

Bought—Sold—Quoted

ALFRED A. COHEN & Co.

DEALERS

40 EXCHANGE PLACE Tel. Broad 3256

Charles E. Brickley & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

61 Broadway - - New York

UPTOWN BRANCH:

Delmonico's—5th Ave. and 44th St.

BOSTON PHILADELPHIA

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin

NOBLE & CORWIN

25 Broad St. New York

BANK, TRUST, INSURANCE AND INDUSTRIAL STOCKS

BOUGHT AND SOLD

Telephone 1111 Broad

Foreign Exchange

On Partial Payment Plan

A request to our Foreign Department will bring booklet dealing fully with this subject.

Straus & Co.

Members N.Y. Stock Exchange

55 BROADWAY NEW YORK

Telephone — Whitehall 70

Foreign Department Street Entrance

Berdell Brothers

Public Utility Securities

111 Broadway, New York

American Power & Light Co.
Common and Preferred Stocks

Republic Railway & Light Co.
Common and Preferred Stocks

Phones Rector 2400-5, 9723-7, 0073-8

Private Phones to Philadelphia & Boston

Gulf Oil Corp. Magnolia Petroleum

Douglas Fenwick & Co.

Members Pittsburgh Stock Exchange

DIRECT WIRE TO PITTSBURGH

34 Wall St., New York. 223 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

WHEN IN DOUBT BUY

U. S. Government Bonds

C. F. Childs & Co. Specialists

Shrewd buying of the many investment bargains now available is gradually increasing.

Our latest *market analysis* carries information on a number of stocks that appear to be selling much under actual worth, and which might prove of valuable assistance to those contemplating purchases.

Copy of the pamphlet will be sent free upon request.

Address Dept. T-33

CHARLES H. CLARKSON & Co.
66 Broadway, - New York.
TELEPHONES: RECTOR, 4668-4

R. M. BAUER & CO.
25 Broad Street, New York
Representatives of
Anglo-Austria Bank
Vienna

42 Branches and affiliated Banks in Austria, Czecho-Slovakia, Hungary, Jugo-slavia, Poland and Rumania.

Banque de la Seine
Paris Havre

Hardy & Co., G. H.
Berlin

Correspondence and consultation invited.

GRAIN Provisions

For the benefit of those interested in commodities we maintain a complete wire service, our offices being furnished with Chicago Board of Trade and New York Produce Exchange quotations. Information or statistics may be had upon request.

HUGHES & DIER
Stocks—Bonds—Grain
Chicago Bd. of Trade, New York Members { Produce Exchange, Phila and Pittsburgh Stock Exchanges
42 New Street, New York
Telephone Bread 5140
609 Fifth Ave. Tel. Vanderbilt 9533
67 W. 125th St. Tel. Harlem 5651
Philadelphia Pittsburgh Cleveland

We offer
S.S. Kresge Co.
7s, due Jan., 1923
To Net 10.40%
Edwin Bancker & Co.
115 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 944-5.

Standard Oil Stocks
Bought, Sold & Quoted
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Rector St., N.Y. Phone 6780 Rector

BREITUNG & CO., Inc.
7 & 9 Hanover Street
Specialists in Foreign Government Securities
Max Hesslein & Co.
60 Broadway New York
Telephone Bowling Green 4277

Investment Securities
J. W. BELL & CO.
56 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 3522

Eastman Kodak	Borden Co.
Singer Mfg. & Ltd.	American Chicle
Equitable Trust	Central Aguirre Sug.
Cora Ex. Bank Rts.	S.Porto Rico Sug.pf.

Stone, Prosser & Doty
52 William St., N. Y. Hanover 7733

of Deals, Some Declare.

OTHERS THINK 60 PER CENT.

Buying Back Reveals Change in Character of Investments—One Man Sells Seven Times.

It is generally agreed in the financial district that selling of stocks and bonds during the past month to establish losses for income tax returns has been of a greater volume than at the close of any other year. As to the actual scope of the selling, as compared to the total volume of business, however, there were some widely divergent figures yesterday. For instance, one wire house with connections in many large cities estimated that of the total transactions in the stock market recently fully 60 per cent. represented selling for tax purposes. Still another house considered that the volume of this sort of business was not greater than 40 per cent. and a third placed it at 25 per cent.

This difference arises, however, because of the lack of anything like a uniform position in the various offices. At best, only individual, rather than general characteristics can be recited. In the bond market, which also has been crowded with selling orders for tax purposes, it is estimated that from 60 to 75 per cent. of the total turnover since Dec. 15 has been for record only. In large measure the bond selling has been in seasoned old-time issues which leads to the belief that the display was prompted by the action of large individual and corporate investors.

Expect Heavy Sales Today.

Yesterday afforded what is generally considered to be the last day on which selling for tax record can be done in the regular manner. Transactions made today would not be cleared until next Monday, and hence the completion of the sale would come in the new year. It is expected therefore that there may be a heavy volume of cash transactions in the stock and bond markets today, as this would afford the only method of completing the transaction within the stipulated time. Trading yesterday in the stock market showed a heavy percentage of sales for income tax record, and with this difference, that many of the selling orders were followed by buying orders, whereas on previous days the disposition to buy back immediately was not so clearly defined.

Opinion is far from being unanimous as to what proportion of the securities sold already have been bought back. Some houses report that the rebuying of securities sold earlier in the month has been going on steadily recently, while others report a reluctance by investors to again take on their securities. In the latter particular, it is pointed out that a large part of the selling recently has been not alone for tax purposes, but has had behind it the compelling need of funds and, therefore, many are not in a position to make purchases for the moment. In this relation there are predictions that January will see a substantial reinvestment demand.

It has been one of the outstanding features that in the buying back of securities that the power to repurchase is being used to change the actual character of the investment. One house yesterday told of the case of a man who sold 1,000 shares of Central Leather for tax purposes and immediately bought in its place 1,000 shares of Wabash common, 1,000 shares of Missouri Pacific and 1,000 shares of Erie. This investment entailed the putting up of a small amount of additional money and was evidence of a desire which has been noticed on the part of some investors to swing from the industrials to the rails.

On the other hand there are those among the large investors who have sold the rail stocks to establish losses and have thus far failed to put in any buying order for the shares. Some interesting sidelights are developing in connection with certain holders of securities who have a large loss but who have failed to make any sale to establish the loss. This arises in the case of a business man who finds that on the basis of his income for the year there will not be much to pay in taxes. Hence the selling of securities on which he may have a big loss would not help him in the least. On the other hand, he looks forward to better business and higher profits in 1921, and consequently is withholding his sale to establish a loss until after the first of the year so that the loss will apply to the 1921 tax on income, where it may be of value.

Seek to Establish Losses.

Other investors have been busy endeavoring to establish all the loss possible. One man recently remarked that he had established losses for tax purposes no less than seven times during the last two months. After establishing his first loss and then buying back, he found the market going still lower and again sold and bought back, thinking that securities must be somewhere near the bottom. To his chagrin he found the market still receding and sales and repurchases were repeated seven times.

Wall Street interested in another class, the short sellers, and is wondering how many of them, because of the profits that they have rolled up on the short side, are withholding covering until after the turn of the year so that the profits will not be taxable as 1920 income. It is agreed that many have followed this course, which might make for an extensive buying movement early in 1921 and account as well for the failure of the stock market to rally during the last few weeks. Some days ago it was one of the mysteries of Wall Street as to why the stock market after a period of such long and violent decline did not have the rebound that normally should follow.

MORE RAILROAD PENSIONERS

Former President Johnson and Some Vice Presidents Go on List.

The pension lists of a number of the railroads on Jan. 1 will bear a large number of new names, among them those of a former President of one of the big roads, Vice Presidents and on down the line to switchmen and gatemen, according to information obtained in railroad quarters yesterday.

L. E. Johnson, former President of the Norfolk & Western, will be on the pension list of that road, as will four other former officials and 67 employes. The Central Railroad of New Jersey will have four or five additional names on its list, while the New York Central will begin to pay pensions to about 50 additional workers who have grown gray in its service.

Many other roads will increase their pension lists, and it has been reported that some of them have been considering the possibility of increasing the amounts to be paid.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argent. (unlisted)	5	Sept., 1945	93½	61
Belgian (Rester's)		1934	55	58
Bel. Prm. Ln., 1945		....	61¼	64½
British Victory	4	1960	257	257
British Fund	4	1960	239	249
Brit. Nat. W. L.		1920	346	356
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1927	354	344
Brit. Nat. W. L.		1929	341	351
Canada	5½	Nov., 1922	81½	83½
Canada	6	Dec., 1929	87½	94½
French Gov. Vic.	5	1931	40	52
French Loan, '17	4	1943	54¼	61¼
French Prem.	5	Loan of '20	66½	68½
French Loan	20	1931	87½	89½
Italy Treas.	5	1923	34	37
Italy Treas.	5	1925	32	34
Russia, ruble bds.	5½	Feb., 1926	4½	8
Russia		1921	9	12
Sweden	6	June, 1939	77½	78½
Switzerland	5½	1929	75	79

Shrewd buying of the many investment bargains now available is gradually increasing.

Our latest *market analysis* carries information on a number of stocks that appear to be selling much under actual worth, and which might prove of valuable assistance to those contemplating purchases.

Copy of the pamphlet will be sent free upon request.

Address Dept. T-33

CHARLES H. CLARKSON & Co.
66 Broadway, - New York.
TELEPHONES: RECTOR, 4668-4

| | | |

Cleveland Metal Prod. Pfd.
Continental Insurance
Del., Lack. & Western Coal
E. W. Bliss Common
Great American Insurance
Home Ins. "Rights" & Stock
Ingersoll-Rand Com. & Pfd.
Jas. Butler Com. & Pfd.
Industrial Finance Com. & Pfd.
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
Midland Securities
New Mexico & Arizona Land
Nat'l Ice & Coal 2nd Pfd.
N. Y. State Rys. Com. & Pfd.
Old Dominion S. S.
Singer Mfg.
Victor Talking Machine
Woodward Iron Common
Ward Baking Com. & Pfd.

J.K.Rice, Jr.&Co.
Phone 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

We Deal In
Curtiss Aero. Pfd. & Com.
Hale & Kilburn Com. & Pfd.
McCall Corp'n Pfd. & Com.
So'n Oil & Transp't Com.
Wright Aeronautical

Chas. H. Jones & Co.
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds
20 Broad Street New York
Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orionlmnt."

Western Maryland
1st Pfd.

Wm C. Orton & Co
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 7160-1-2 Broad

Seaboard Air Line
1st Consolidated
6s, Due 1945
To yield about 13 per cent.
Circular on request for S-73
HUGHES & DIER
Members { Philadelphia and Pittsburgh Exchanges. Chicago Bd. of Trade. N. Y. Produce Exch.
42 New St., New York
Telephone Broad 5140

Goodyear Tire & Rubber Com. & Pref.
UNGER and COMPANY
Unlisted Securities Dep't.
30 Pine St. N.Y. John 3210

UNLISTED SECURITIES
Blumenthal Bros. & Co.
72 Trinity Place, N.Y. Tel. Rector 8687

Boston & Maine 4½s, 1929
Evan. & Terre Haute 5s, '41
Wolff&Stanley
Tel. Rector 2920. 72 Trinity Pl.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THE MEXICAN EAGLE OIL COMPANY, LIMITED.
(CIA MEXICANA DE PETROLEO "EL AGUILA" S. A.)
NOTICE TO AMERICAN SHAREHOLDERS.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by Resolutions of the Company passed in Mexico City on the 22d December, 1920, it was resolved (a) to authorise an increase of Share Capital to 100,000,000 Pesos Mexican by the creation of 4,488,642 Ordinary Shares of Ten Pesos Mexican each, and (b) to offer to the present shareholders of the Company one of such new Ordinary Shares at par for every two Shares, either Preference or Ordinary, held by them.
To enable holders of Share Warrants to Bearer to take advantage of this issue, they must deposit at The London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd., 5 Threadneedle Street, London E. C. 2, or any of its branches: The Belfast Banking Co., Ltd., Belfast, or any of its branches: The Clydesdale Bank, Ltd., Glasgow, or any of its branches, Coupon No 16 detached from Definitive Share Warrants representing Ordinary Shares and/or Coupon No. 22 detached from Definitive Share Warrants representing Preference Shares. These Coupons must be accompanied by a remittance to pay up in full at par for one new Ordinary Share in respect of every two old Shares represented by such Coupons.
For each new Share the sum of £1 5s. 0 (being the exchange equivalent of Ten Pesos Mex. Gold) is payable at the time of lodgement of such Coupons.
Due application for the new Shares must be made to the above-mentioned Bankers not later than the 31st January, 1921, but the Board may, in any special case at its absolute discretion, extend such time for not exceeding one month.
The above-mentioned Coupons and remittances must be forwarded to London by the Shareholders' Bankers, who in turn must forward and present them through their London agents.
The new shares will rank pari passu with the existing Ordinary Shares, but will not participate in any Dividend that may be declared payable on the 31st December, 1920.
Provisional receipts will be issued in exchange for the above-mentioned Coupons and remittances, which provisional receipts will in due course be exchanged for Definitive Share Warrants to Bearer.
Fractional receipts representing one-half of a new Share will be issued against payment of 14s. 6d. each in respect of each odd Share and such fractional receipts if presented not later than 31st May, 1921, at the Office of Whitehall Securities Corporation, Ltd., London Financial Agents of the Company, 47 Parliament Street, S. W., with additional fractional receipts representing one or more complete Shares, and a letter of request signed by the holder, will be exchanged for provisional receipts for fully paid Shares. HERBERT J. CARR,
Attorney in Fact for Whitehall Securities Corporation, Limited (London Financial Agents).

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Interest on Thirty Year First Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of this Company, due 1941, will be paid on and after January 1st, 1921, upon presentation of Coupon No. 20 to the Columbia Trust Company, No. 60 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.
J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY, INCORPORATED
Interest on First and, General Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of this Company, due 1937, will be paid on or after January 1st, 1921, upon presentation of Coupon No. 18, to the Columbia Trust Company, No. 60 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

Sharp Break in Early Grain Prices Flattens Out the Market at the Close.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Profit taking and a somewhat overbought condition caused a sharp break in grain prices, after a good advance early. Local traders went short early, but covered later, advancing March wheat to $1.70 the best figure in three weeks, while May corn sold up to 76 cents, equaling the high on the present upturn. The advance weakened the technical position, and, when some of the early buyers started to sell they found support lacking. Closing trades were unchanged to 1½c. higher on wheat, the latter on December. Corn was ½@1¾c. lower, December leading; oats, ½@⅝c. lower, and rye off ⅛@2½c.

There was fair buying of wheat to remove hedges against export sales of 700,000 bushels via the Gulf, which was specified as new business. Wednesday's sales were practically all in the nature of securing the cash grain to fill previous contracts with Europe. Bids of 27 cents over March, track, Galveston or Texas City, for No. 1 hard Winter, thirty-day shipment, brought out free offerings from the country overnight, but they were quickly placed with exporters. The latter are not disposed to anticipate a heavy movement and limit the amounts they will sell abroad unless they have the cash grain on hand.

This is due to a belief that premiums will work higher if the domestic milling demand improves materially after the turn of the year. When the decline started many mills had large reserves, and, with a slow demand for flour and tight money, sold out the wheat. One of the largest of the Wichita, Kan., mills claims that if the demand continues there will be a scramble for wheat.

Emporia, Kan., sold flour to New York yesterday for the first time in sixty days, and New York mills bought 70,000 bushels cash wheat here today. Texas mills bought at Kansas City. There were also 100,000 bushels wheat sold from here during the day to exporters, in addition to 40,000 bushels rye and 175,000 corn. Part of the latter grain is at an Eastern lake port. No. 1 hard on track sold at 20 cents over December, an advance of 1 cent. Winnepeg December showed marked congestion early and advanced 6⅝ cents to 52.02⅝, reacting to $1.06 at the close. It is denied that the Royal Commission is the leading holder there. Washburn-Crosby, the Hanson Produce Company of New York and other shippers being the longs. Cash wheat at Winnepeg is selling at delivery basis.

Estimates on the Argentine export table surplus are being raised, Broomhall's agent now reporting 140,000,000 bushels, or 10,000,000 in excess of his previous guess. This compares with 193,000,00 bushels actually cleared this year and includes considerable wheat carried over from 1919. Crop reports from Europe, on the whole, are regarded as rather unfavorable, but are having no effect on the market at the present time. Sentiment, on the whole, is favorable to the buying side of wheat, but, with a limited outside trade, the market quickly gets overbought, and sharp reactions, such as were witnessed today, result. Deliveries on December contracts today were 170,000 bushels.

Buying of December and May corn by the Armour Grain Company was mainly responsible for the early advance in that grain, but the market flattened out later and the close was heavy, with No. 3 and No. 4 yellow and mixed selling at a full delivery discount under the December. Deliveries were 417,000 bushels. Country offerings increased materially as the result of the advance. Signs from points in Illinois and Indiana are that the movement is to increase considerably after the first week in January.

Primary receipts of wheat of 567,000 bushels compared with 537,000 a week ago; last year was a holiday. Shipments were 532,000 bushels, against 643,000. Last year export clearances of wheat and flour were 1,376,000 bushels. Receipts of corn of 590,000 bushels compared with 918,000 a week ago; shipments, 343,000 bushels, against 387,000 last week.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	$1.72⅛	$1.70½	$1.70⅝	$1.69½
March	1.70	1.65½	1.66¼	1.68¾
May	1.64⅜	1.60⅜	1.61	1.61¾

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	71	71	71	72	...
May	75	74¼	74½	75	...
July	76⅜	74	74⅝	75¾	1.01¾

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	47⅜	46¾	46¾	46	...
May	49⅜	49⅜	49¾	49⅜	84½
July	48⅜	48¼	48¼	47⅞	76¼

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.63⅝	1.60	1.62	1.62	...
May	1.45	1.42	1.42	1.43	1.83¾

PROVISIONS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
Jan.	12.85	12.52	12.52	12.72	28.37
May	13.50	13.15	13.27	13.07	24.42
Ribs—					
Jan.	11.40	11.25	11.30	10.75	19.05
May	12.15	11.97	11.97	11.92	19.30
Pork—					
Jan.	23.15	23.00	23.00	23.20	....

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 21,'22	91	97½	..
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 23,'25	80	95	..
Am. Chicle	6	Oct. 26,'27	80	90	..
Am. Cot. Oil	6	Sep. 2,'24	82	88	10.40
Am. T. & T.		Oct., 1922	93½	94¼	9.40
Am. T. & T.	6	Feb., 1924	91	91¾	9.20
Am. Th'd Co.	6	Dec., 1928	62¼	64½	6.90
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1921	99½	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1922	99½	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco.	7	Nov., 1923	99½	100	7.00
Anacon. Co.	6	Jan., 1929	82	83	9.00
Anacon. Co.	7	Jan., 1929	88¾	89½	8.90
A. A. O. Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	98¾	99¾	7.85
Arm. & Co.	7	July15,'30	94¾	95¾	7.70
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July15,'23	94	94½	9.50
Beth. St. Cor.	7	July 15,'22	96½	97¾	9.00
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2,'24	92¾	93¾	8.60
Col. Graph. Co. 8%		Aug., 1925	83	88	12.00
Cudahy Pack.	7	July 15,'23	93	95¾	9.05
Fed. Sug. Ref.	7	Nov., 1922	98	99	8.60
Cent. Arg. Ry.	6	Feb., 1927	72	76	11.70
C., R. I. & P.	6	Feb., 1922	93¼	95¼	10.80
C. C. C. & St. L. Ry. Co.	6	July, 1929	89½	90½	7.50
The B.F Goodrich Co. cv.	7	Apr., 1925	81¾	83	12.00
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1921	97	98	7.30
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1922	94½	96	8.80
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1923	94	95¼	8.00
Hocking Val.	6	Mar., 1924	88½	91	9.40
Int. Rap. Tr.	7	Sep., 1921	68	98	....
Kan C. Ter.	6	Nov., 1923	93	93	8.70
Kennecott C.	7	Feb., 1930	88	88	9.00
Lachede Gas.		Jan., 1929	82	83½	9.60
Ltg. & Myers.	6	Dec., 1921	97	97¼	8.90
Nat. C. & S.	10-yr		90	96	8.80
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	98¼	98¾	7.50
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	91¾	93	13.75
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1921	99¾	100¼	5.80
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1922	99¾	100	7.00
Proc. & G.	7	Mar., 1923	99½	100	7.00
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J.	7	Mar., 1922	85	87	....
R. J. Ryids. T.	8	Aug., 1922	98	98¾	8.40
Sears-Roeb.	7	Oct. 15,'21	97	97¼	9.00
Sears, R. & Co.	7	Oct. 15,'22	93¼	94	10.10
Sears, R. & C.	7	Oct. 15,'22	93	93¼	9.50
Sears, R. & Co.	7	Oct. 15,'23	93¼	93¾	9.40
Stnd. C. O. C.	7	May 15,'25	86¾	87¼	11.50
Solvay & Co.	8	Oct., 1927	98¼	98¾	8.40
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	92¼	92¾	11.50
S'west B. T. S'west Dep., St. P. Un. Dep., Guaran.	7	Apr., 1925	90	92	9.20
Stand. Oil Co. (Cal.)	5½	Dec. 15,'23	93¼	95	8.25
Swift & Co.	6	Jan., 1931	99¾	100	7.00
Swift & Co.	7	Aug. 15,'21	97¾	97¾	8.80
Swift & Co.	7	Oct. 15,'25	93½	94¼	8.40
Utah Sec Cor.	6	Sep. 15,'22	78	80	....
West'n Elec. Co. conv.	6	Apr., 1925	97¼	97¾	7.60

Holds Iowa Law Unconstitutional.

DES MOINES, Ia., Dec. 30.—Iowa's two-cent railroad passenger fare law today was held to be unconstitutional by Judge Martin J. Wade of the United States District Court. Officials were enjoined from enforcing the law on traffic entirely within the State.

to Be Paid Out of Operating Receipts.

Arrangements completed yesterday give the Interborough Rapid Transit Company a six months' extension on its 7 per cent. notes, which fall due tomorrow and which it was feared would result in receivership proceedings in the event of default.

The company expects to pay the interest due the first of the year on the 5 per cent. bonds amounting to $3,800,000 with cash accumulated through operation of its lines. Therefore the outlook was bright enough yesterday to make things comparatively cheerful in the company's office.

The following statement has been issued by Frank Hedley, President and General Manager of the Interborough:

"My attention has been called to a statement on the news ticker that the Interborough Rapid Transit Company will be saved from receivership on Jan. 1, 1921.

"The Interborough Company has been successful in securing an extension of its notes of $2,900,000 for six months, and as a result of this, and by adopting the policy of paying some of its obligations as it may be possessed with cash after Jan. 1, the company will be able from the cash on hand and which it expects shortly to receive, to meet its obligations, but the company has not been able to negotiate any loan for new cash."

Figures compiled by the company of traffic on its subway lines for the last fiscal year show that approximately 586,000,000 passengers were carried, an increase of about 124,000,000 over the preceding year. Traffic on the elevated had grown from 348,000,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1919, to 369,000,000 for the year ended twelve months later. The total growth in traffic was about 155,000,000. Since June there has been a further increase, but the precise extent of the growth has not yet been calculated.

FOREIGN BANK STATEMENTS.

Low-Record Reserve Ratio at London—Note Circulation Up at Paris.

The statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes for the last week:

Gold coin and bullion	increased £306,637
Reserve in banking department, notes and gold	increased 2,238,000
Notes in circulation	decreased 1,731,000
Loans on Government securities	increased 30,687,000
Loans on other securities	increased 7,114,000
Public deposits	increased 535,000
Other deposits	increased 39,524,000
Notes in reserve	increased 2,241,000

Proportion of the bank's reserve to deposit liabilities this week is 7.80 per cent., last week it was 7.76 per cent., two weeks ago 9.54 per cent. Highest reserve percentage of the year was 23⅛, on March 17; lowest, 7.30, yesterday, which was also the lowest of the war period. Until yesterday the lowest reserve ratios reported by the Bank of England were 7⅜ per cent. on Dec. 23, 7⅞ on Dec. 2, 8⅜ on Oct. 6 and 9¼ on Dec. 31, 1919. The ratio in the war panic week of August, 1914, was 14⅝ per cent.

The statement compares as follows with the corresponding week one year and two years ago:

	Dec. 30, 1920.	Dec. 31, 1919.	Jan. 1, 1919.
Total gold holding	£128,267,670	£91,342,155	£79,976,437
Res. in bgk. dept., gold and notes	13,948,456	18,442,165	28,236,187
Notes in circ.	132,851,055	91,349,990	70,190,250
Pub. dep.	14,304,996	19,213,209	26,306,290
Other dep.	175,554,857	180,437,913	214,894,201
Govt. sec.	107,864,700	92,468,207	124,303,744
Other sec.	86,020,016	106,777,576	106,472,930
Ratio of res.	7.80%	9.25%	11.75%

The Bank of England's official minimum discount rate was left unchanged at 7 per cent., at which it has stood since April 15. A year ago it was 6 per cent., having been advanced to that rate on Nov. 6, 1919. At this date of 1918 and 1917 it was 5 per cent., against 6 per cent. in 1916 and 5 per cent. in 1915 and 1914.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes, in francs:

Gold in hand	increased 291,000
Silver in hand	increased 565,000
Notes in circulation	increased 457,237,000
Treasury deposits	decreased 22,545,000
General deposits	decreased 8,112,000
Bills discounted	decreased 55,171,000
Advances	decreased 28,742,000

The principal items in the statement compare as follows with the same date one and two years ago, in francs:

	Dec. 30, 1920.	Jan. 1, 1920.	Jan. 2, 1919.
Gold—	5,499,235,825	5,578,950,300	5,486,091,972
Silver—	265,033,495	265,702,071	318,163,872
Circulation—	33,788,192,370	37,660,543,576	31,053,038,545

The highest point which the French Bank's outstanding note circulation has ever reached was the 39,644,392,000 francs of Nov. 8; the lowest point of the present year to date was 36,914,357,000 francs, on April 1.

NEW ENGLAND RAILS ASK AID

Want 14% More of Joint Freight Rates on Hauls to Trunk Lines.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—New England railroads need between 14 and 15 per cent. more than they now receive from divisions of joint freight rates between trunk lines east and west of the Hudson River, the Interstate Commerce Commission was told today by George S. Hobbs, Vice President of the Maine Central. He suggested that arbitrary rates be established to give carriers east of the river this additional revenue, saying he believed that this would be a fair solution of the problem.

D. S. Brigham, auditor of the Boston & Maine Railroad, testified that his company during the year ended June 30 last had paid $6.28 a ton for coal while exhibits submitted showed that the average cost per ton to the road for coal during the first eight months of this year was $7.19.

The Boston & Maine's deficit is about $3,000,000 annually, according to officials, and attorneys for the New York Central attempted to show that this situation was brought about by coal costs more than by lack of a proper division of freight rates.

Mr. Brigham said that coal charges represented a substantial part of the deficit.

Award 100 Per Cent. Stock Dividend

LEWISTON, Dec. 30.—A stock dividend of 100 per cent. was authorized by the stockholders of the Androscoggin cotto mills at a meeting here today. The action increases the capitalization to $2,000,000.

Disturbing Liverpool Reports and Increased Southern Selling Bring Drop.

There was little change in the cotton market at the outset yesterday, a slight gain being recorded on the call and a slight decline occurring shortly after. Then prices began to slip off, as a good many who had bought the day before resold when the market failed to follow up its advance of Wednesday. This selling, which was largely of local origin at the start, attracted other sales, and by midday the market was moving down fairly rapidly. Business was not especially active and there appeared to be no feature.

Liverpool had come in about as expected, with a gain of 23 to 30 points at the start, a mild dip in mid-session and then a recovery at the close, and spots at Liverpool were up 32 points to the basis of 9.02d. However, the Liverpool market was very dull and reports from there and from Manchester were not at all reassuring. In fact, some of the private advices contained hint of impending troubles at Liverpool, and the trade here was more or less worried over the situation.

This feeling tended to shake confidence in the local market and when unsatisfactory reports began to come in from the South in the afternoon, accompanied by fresh selling orders from that section, the market broke. January, which had made a fairly strong showing in the forenoon, broke about 65 points from its high, and the rest of the list followed it down to levels which showed net losses of 25 to 30 points. The closing was close to the day's low.

Weakness in the January contract was disquieting to some operators who had noted its previous relative strength. January has been helped by the switching of the short interests into later months, and this has sustained the price at times when other months were breaking badly. Thus, when January led the decline yesterday there were many who were inclined to become alarmed over the whole cotton situation.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Jan.	14.60	14.70	14.04	14.10	14.52
March	13.98	14.12	13.65	13.65@13.69	13.87
May	14.05	14.17	13.72	13.76@13.80	13.99
July	14.15	14.28	13.80	13.85@13.86	14.08
Oct.	14.20	14.28	13.83	13.90	14.14

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, down 40 to 14.00c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 13.50c, unchanged; New Orleans, 13.50c, unchanged; Savannah, 14.50c, unchanged; Augusta, 13c, unchanged; Memphis, 14c, unchanged; Houston, 12.65c, down 15; Little Rock, 14c, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	27,060	19,948	19,645
Exports	8,060	100	28,102
Exports, season	2,886,602	2,268,706	2,719,384
N. Y. stocks	25,284	23,358	60,172
Port stocks	1,466,325	1,431,592	1,591,937
N. Y. arrivals	566	1,173	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quiet at 9.02d for middling. Sales 2,000 bales, of which 1,000 were American. Imports 1,000 bales, none American. Futures opened steady, 23 to 31 points up, and closed quiet, 26 to 37 points up on the day. Prices: December, 9.32d; March, 9.49d; May, 9.67d; July, 9.81d. Manchester: Yarns and cloths were dull and irregular.

PAYS BIG STOCK DIVIDENDS.

Oppenheim, Collins & Co. Also Make First Capitalization Increase.

Large dividends in common stock, together with substantial increases in stock capitalization, were announced yesterday by Oppenheim, Collins & Co. for the five companies which they operate in New York, Brooklyn, Buffalo, Cleveland and Philadelphia. According to the announcement, this is the first large increase in capitalization since the establishment of the companies.

On the New York store's capital of $500,000 of common a stock dividend of 350 per cent. was announced. On the Brooklyn corporation's capital of $60,000 common the dividend was 1,250 per cent. In Buffalo a dividend of 500 per cent. was announced on $50,000 common, while 50 per cent. was declared in Cleveland on a capital of $225,000 and 60 per cent. on the $150,000 common of the Philadelphia enterprise. The increases in capital stock, which include the stock dividend, were: New York, $2,000,000; Brooklyn, $1,000,000; Buffalo, $500,000; Cleveland, $250,000, and Philadelphia, $150,000.

"During the twenty years since the commencement of business in New York," said the statement of the companies, "all of the companies, as they have been subsequently organized, have made it their policy to conserve a large proportion of their profits, to provide for the natural increase and expansion of the business, which necessitated larger plant and equipment and heavier stocks of merchandise, and in more recent years required payments of heavy taxes in cash.

"It is contemplated that the increase of capital stock not yet issued will be utilized for the purpose of paying stock dividends in the future as additional resources are accumulated."

ROADS ASK FINANCIAL AID.

One Wants to Renew Promissory Note, Another Loan to Buy Equipment.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company today asked the Interstate Commerce Commission for permission to renew a promissory note of $1,000,000 payable to the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company and to repledge debenture gold bonds of 1930 issue amounting to $1,200,000.

The Tennessee Central Railroad Company applied today to the Interstate Commerce Commission for a loan of $3,000,000 to be used in the purchase of track equipment.

For the purpose of refunding bonds maturing Jan. 1, the Boston & Maine Railroad Company was authorized today by the Interstate Commerce Commission to issue $609,000 of 7 per cent. mortgage bonds, bearing interest at the rate of 7 per cent. The issue will be used to retire $319,000 Boston & Lowell Railroad Corporation bonds maturing Jan. 1 and $290,000 Connecticut River Railroad Company bonds also maturing the first of the year.

Trend, Grains Steady, Others at Recessions.

There was little of a definite trend discernible in cash prices in the wholesale markets yesterday. In the grains, wheat advanced one cent, but corn dropped 1¼ cents per bushel, with oats and flour unchanged. In the groceries, coffee advanced ½ of a cent per pound, butter was up 1 cent per pound, and eggs declined 3 cents per dozen. In the provisions lard dropped 30 cents per hundred pounds, and family beef declined 1 cent per pound, with pork unchanged. No changes were noted in the metals. Spot cotton was weak, at a decline of 40 cents per hundred pounds, with printcloths unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Thursday, a week before and a year ago:

FOODSTUFFS:	Dec. 30, 1920.	Dec. 23, 1920.	Dec. 30, 1919.
Wheat, No. 2 red	$2.00	$1.96½	$2.50
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.96¾	.98¾	1.61¾
Oats, No. 2 white	.60¾	.61	.97¼
Flour, Minn. patent	9.75	9.50	15.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.06½	.06⅝	.10¼
Sugar, granulated	.08	.08	.09
Butter, cream, 92 score	.57	.56	.71
Eggs, fresh - gathered first, per dozen	.75	.73	.72
Lard, prime	13.20	13.85	23.25
Pork, mess	30.00	30.00	47.00
Beef, family	26.00	27.00	26.00
METALS:			
Iron, 2X, Phila	33.00	33.00	41.10
Steel billets, Pitts	43.50	43.50	48.00
Lead	4.62½	4.50	7.50
Copper	12.75	13.25	19.00
Tin	35.00	32.50	55.50
TEXTILES:			
Cotton, mid. uplands	14.60	15.00	38.25
Print cloths	.05¾	.05⅝	.14

Highest and lowest prices thus far in the present year:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$3.25	Jan. 7	$1.79	Nov. 27
Corn	2.31⅛	May 16	.94½	Nov. 27
Oats	1.50	May 17	.60	Nov. 23
Flour	16.25	Jan. 7	9.00	Dec. 1
Coffee	.16¼	Jan. 11	.06⅛	Dec. 22
Sugar	.23	July 12	.08	Dec. 17
Butter	.77	Apr. 24	.51½	Dec. 1
Eggs	.89	Dec. 10	.42½	Mar. 12
Lard	22.50	Jan. 9	13.55	Dec. 20
Pork	47.00	Jan. 2	29.50	Dec. 21
Beef	38.00	Oct. 19	20.00	May 13
Iron	53.51	Aug. 31	33.00	Dec. 23
Steel	65.00	July 23	43.00	Jan. 2
Lead	9.50	Mar. 15	4.50	Dec. 23
Tin	72.00	Jan. 11	32.00	Dec. 14
Copper	19.50	Jan. 5	12.50	Dec. 28
Cotton	43.75	July 22	14.50	Dec. 22
Printcloths	.16⅝	Apr. 13	.05½	Nov. 30

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was irregular.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.
Spot	....	....	....	7.81
January	8.00	7.85	7.88	7.87
February	No sales			7.90
March	8.44	8.32	8.33	8.31
April	8.44	8.44	8.44	8.32
May	8.84	8.61	8.61	8.60
June	No sales			8.60
July	8.93	8.93	8.93	8.87
August	No sales			8.90

Total sales, 21,600.

COFFEE.

The coffee market was firmer, closing 7@9 points net higher.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	6.50	6.20	6.30	6.23	15.35
May	6.75	6.62	6.74	6.65	15.58
July	7.07	6.97	7.07	7.00	15.60
September	7.28	7.25	7.28	7.22	15.03

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market was irregular.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	4.65	4.64	4.64	4.68
May	4.81	4.80	4.81	4.75
July	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.03

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 5,239 packages. High-grade fresh creamery prices advanced ½@1c, with a firm feeling throughout; secondary grade somewhat irregular; Danish strong; ladles and packing unchanged. Creamery, higher than extras, 92 score, 67c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 48@66½c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 44@47c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 37@42c; lower grades, 32@36c; unsalted, higher than extras, 60¼@61c; extras, 59½@60c; firsts, 46@50½c; seconds, 38@43c; held for storage, high scoring, 51½@52½c; extras, 50@51c; firsts, 46@48c; seconds, 42@38c; lower grades, 22@39c; Danish casks, fresh, 51½@53½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 55@55c; good to prime, 44@50c; common to fair, 30@42c; renovated, extras, 43@46c; ladles, current make, firsts, 20@22c; seconds, 20@22c; lower grades, 20@21c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 20½@22c; No. 2, 20c; lower grades, 15@19c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 10,870 cases. The advance of Wednesday in fresh gathered was lost under the influence of mild weather. Storage held firmly; white held out much change. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 78@80c; extra firsts, 76@77c; firsts, 72@75c; seconds, 68@72c; dirties, No. 1, 59@63c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 50@54c; refrigerator, firsts, 63@64c; seconds, 60@62c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, gathered whites, extras, 84@85c; extra firsts, 82@83c; firsts, 80@81c; gathered mixed, extras to extra firsts, 80@83c; undergrades, 72@78c; pullets, 66@68c; Pacific Coast white, extras, 86c; extra firsts, 81@82c; firsts, 80@81c; undergrades, 76@78c; pullets, selected small cut, 75@76c; usual sizes, 65@68c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 72@82c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, gathered brown, extra, 81@82c; gathered brown and mixed colors, extended, 78@80c; firsts to extra firsts, 74@77c.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	5.25	5.50	5.25	5.50
Quicksilver	45.00	.....	45.00	.....
Aluminium	22.00	23.00	22.00	23.00
Iron, Pig, 2X Silicon	32.75	32.35	.....	.....

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 12¾c, 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	73	0	0	70	10	0
Copper, futures	73	5	0	72	5	0
Tin, spot	207	0	0	200	0	0
Tin, futures	212	0	0	206	0	0
Spelter, spot	27	0	0	26	0	0
Spelter, futures	28	10	0	28	0	0
Lead, spot	23	10	0	22	0	0
Lead, futures	24	10	0	23	10	0

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Ariz. Ext	2	2¼	Iron Bloss	12	16
Ariz. Silver	17	20	Iron Cap	6	6¼
Ariz. Tip Top	6	7	La Rose	15	22
Black Hawk	13	15	Majestic	7	10
Boston Mon.	38	39	Mex. Metals	30	35
Calaveras	1	1⅛	Midway Moss	..	30
Chief Con	2⅛	2¾	Monarch	..	15
Crown Res	20	21	Mut. Div. Tr.	45	47
Crystal, new	31	34	Nat. L. & Z.	..	2
Denbigh	18	18	Nixon	5	5
Eagle B. E.	2	2¼	Rainier	9	10
Eureka Cro	46	47	Seven Metals	10	11
Fortuna	..	3	Silver Reef	3	5
Gadsden	21	23	U. V. Ext	22½	22¾
Hona	6	7	Yukon	75c	..

Detinning Dividend Goes Over.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Vulcan Detinning Company it was decided to conserve cash resources, and action on dividends due at this time was postponed until the next meeting.

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Wed's day. Bid.
Am Brass	160	163	160
Am Chicle	18	21	18

CHICAGO TERMINAL

New York Central Asks Authority to Take Over Chicago Junction Railway Lines.

NEEDS FREIGHT FACILITIES

Smith Says Project Would Mean Great Development and Result in Much Efficiency.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—A vast project for the development of the Chicago Freight Terminal service of the New York Central system and its affiliated lins, the Michigan Central, was presented to the Interstate Commerce Commission today, when the New York Central Railway Company filed application for authority to lease, operate and ultimately buy the Chicago Junction Railway Company's terminal properties at Chicago.

The properties at Chicago involved in the project constitute an inner belt line approximately twenty-three miles long, with side and industrial tracks measuring 108 miles, covering the thickly settled industrial district of Chicago, but, according to a statement made tonight by President A. H. Smith of the New York Central, this property is now bottled up within the community which it serves, while the outer belt line at Chicago has unlimited opportunities for development. While each of the properties lacks important facilities, he asserted, when handled together they would serve all the territory tributary to each with greater efficiency and result in greater railway expansion for Chicago.

The lease price of the Chicago Junction Railway Company is to be $2,000,000 a year. The ultimate purchase price of the properties is set at $33,333,333, of which $22,987,516 is to be paid to the Junction Railway Company and the remaining $10,345,817 to the Union Stock Yard and Transit Company, a New Jersey company, whose properties are already merged with the Junction Railway Company.

The New York Central has long needed larger freight terminal facilities at Chicago. The lines embraced in the proposed merger are the only such properties remaining unconnected with a large trunk line system, spreading over the important industrial districts of Southwestern Chicago, including the Union Stock Yards district. Included in the plan are the lesser terminal properties of the Chicago River & Indiana Railroad Company.

The Chicago Junction Terminal facilities connect directly with the New York Central's "outer belt line"—the Indiana Harbor Belt Railroad—forming a natural extension of this company's rails into the heart of the city's southwestern industrial section, and thereby assuring to such railroads an increase in efficiency and capacity which has been impracticable under independent operations.

The terminal properties also have connection with three other railroads of the New York Central system, the New York Central Railroad, the Michigan Central and the Big Four.

Smith Outlines Project.

President Smith made the following statement tonight concerning the application:

The plan proposed in the application will, of course, continue wholly tentative until the commission has investigated its merits and announced conclusions. Meanwhile it would be inappropriate for me to make other than general comment upon what we seek to accomplish by leasing the Junction terminals. The New York Central has long since been in need of an extensive amplification of its terminal facilities at Chicago. The opportunity to relieve this situation to the mutual advantage of the public, our connections and ourselves has now been discovered in a surprisingly natural way.

"In 1907, the Lake Shore road, through the medium of a switching subsidiary, acquired the outer belt line of the Chicago Junction Railway Company. This property is now operated as part of the Indiana Harbor Belt Railroad Company, which possesses, since in the latter ride-up switching district as an interchange connecting link between the trunk lines centring at Chicago. Its railroad complement is the railroad of which it was formerly a part, namely, the Chicago Junction Railway, which, with its associate property, the Chicago River & Indiana Railroad, comprises an extensive inner network of tracks spread through the heart of central manufacturing Chicago and serving a highly industrial territory.

"Railroad expansion in this thickly settled industrial district has about reached its limit. These properties are settled up, so to speak, within the community which they serve. Conversely the former outer belt line of the Chicago Junction Railway has unlimited opportunity in the development of railroad facilities but no means of reaching, except indirectly, interior Chicago.

"Each of these properties therefore lacks important facilities which the other has and which neither could secure for itself. Handled together they will serve all the industrial territory tributary to both with higher efficiency. Furthermore, to identify the Chicago Junction Railway properties with the New York Central Railroad ought to increase accordingly their value to the industrial public, and, on the other hand, such identification will enable the New York Central and its affiliated line, the Michigan Central, greatly to improve and extend their Chicago terminal service.

"Should the Interstate Commerce Commission approve our plan it would be our policy to continue the operating and traffic relationship now existing between the Chicago Junction Railway Company and other carriers operating at Chicago."

Would Serve Great Industries.

The application stated that at present the natural flow of a large amount of freight traffic over the main lines is actually impeded and delayed by circuitous routing because of the inadequacy of terminal facilities.

The territory served by the Chicago Junction terminal lines in its extremities extends from Western Boulevard on the west to Lake Michigan and from Forty-ninth Street on the south to Ogden avenue. The territory in Chicago tributary to the Chicago Junction Railway and its associated line may be described as including four natural groups:

(1) The Stock Yards and Packingtown, established in 1865, now representing an investment of from $250,000,000 to $300,000,000 and employing some 60,000 persons;

(2) The central manufacturing district, comprising 500 acres, with 180 industries, improvements valued at $50,000,000 and producing a freight tonnage of 30,000 carloads annually, within a radius of four miles containing populations exceeding 1,250,000;

(3) North to Fifteenth Street, spanning a highly developed and growing industrial section, stimulated by the establishment of the Union Junction freight station at Fifteenth Street and Western Avenue;

(4) Southwest to Central Park Avenue, a former residential section rapidly becoming industrial, largely because of railroad facilities.

The Chicago Junction Railway Company, in general includes a double-track belt line 23.94 miles long, with side and industrial tracks aggregating 108.08 miles. It owns 68 locomotives and 291 cars. The Chicago River and Indiana Railroad Company owns 15.71 miles of terminal roads, all within the City of Chicago, and has trackage rights of 9.87 miles over other roads. It owns 7 locomotives and 764 cars.

The proposed method by which the railroad property is to be acquired by the New York Central Railroad provides for the purchase of all of the capital stock of the Chicago River and Indiana Railroad Company, and the lease thereof, with right of ultimate purchase of all the properties of the Chicago Junction Railway Company.

Frohman Corporation Defendant in Friendly Suit Naming Lillian Gish.

The Frohman Amusement Corporation was placed in the hands of Louis Frankel and H. Maynard Kimberland, receivers in equity, by Judge James C. Knox in the United States District Court yesterday.

The complaint, filed by the Powers Film Products Company, which brings the suit because of a claim of $3,062, gives the liabilities as $67,075 and the assets as $240,200. William L. Sherrill, President of the Frohman corporation, said yesterday that the suit was a friendly one to conserve assets.

The bill states that the defendant "is now engaged in the production of a motion picture of which Lillian Gish is the star, upon which there has already been spent $54,000, and that the said picture is unfinished and that the said defendant is unable to continue with the production of the same because of lack of necessary cash, by reason of which said Lillian Gish threatens to cancel the contract under which she has been engaged, which would mean a total loss of the investment made in said picture."

Miss Gish said yesterday that when she started work on the picture, which was to have been called "The World Shadows," she had supposed there was sufficient money to insure finishing the production. Her contract was for three years at a total salary of $880,000. She

CANADIANS TO AID N.Y. HOUSE

Announcement was made yesterday by Charles E. Mitchell, President of the National City Company, of the formation of a Canadian Advisory Board which will act in close co-operation with the management of the National City Company, Ltd., the Canadian subsidiary, in the purchase and distribution of Canadian securities.

The Advisory Board is to have for its head the Right Hon. Lord Shaughnessy, Chairman of the Board of the Canadian Pacific Railroad. The other members will be Sir Lomer Gouin, Director of the Bank of Montreal and the Laurentide Company; Martial Chevalier, General Manager of the Credit Foncier; Lieut. Col. Herbert Molson, a Director of the Bank of Montreal and the Royal Trust Company; Sir John Aird, Vice President and General Manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce; Edson L. Pease, Managing Director of the Royal Bank of Canada; W. N. Tilley, a leading Canadian lawyer, and Sir Augustus Nanton, Vice President of the Dominion Bank.

The National City Company maintains offices in Montreal, Toronto and Quebec, and has correspondents throughout the Dominion.

The Last Year and the Causes of Its Experiences.

"The readjustment of the past year," writes Dun's Review, "did not first appear in this country, but had its beginning in the Far East. An early financial and industrial crisis in Japan, hastened by the collapse of silk speculation, was not without influence elsewhere, and gave sharp notice of other changes to follow. Yet the disturbances in Japan were merely a symptom and not the cause of the depression that later became world-wide. The inflation of the war years and afterward, the practical disregard of economy in personal expenditures and the notable rise of prices were phases that had everywhere grown familiar, and which were both abnormal and artificial.

"That there would be a reversal of this unwholesome situation, with retrenchment replacing the former overextension and extravagance, was a foregone conclusion, and all markets have felt the effects of the transformation. While a turning point now seemingly impends in certain branches of domestic business, where revival may soon come after months of inactivity, stability has not yet been attained in many instances, and improvement will probably be gradual and irregular. Increasing confidence in the outlook, however, is a conspicuous feature here as the new year opens."

SECURITIES AT AUCTION

125 Gotham Silver, Inc., $200 lot.
$100,000 Great Lakes Oil Refining first mortgage 8 per cent. sinking fund bonds, due 1923. $150 lot.
130,800 American Silver, $100 lot.
780 Rivercliff Realty, $100 lot.
36 Realty Publishing, $5 lot.
224 2-10 York Metal and Alloy common of Pennsylvania, $10 lot.
100 Liberty Potash of Utah preferred, 800
Liberty Potash of Utah common, $5 lot.
201 5-10 York Metal and Alloy common of Pennsylvania, $10 lot.
$200,000 Washington Utilities 5 per cent. collateral trust notes extended at 6 per cent. to June 1, 1919, certificates of deposit, $5,000 lot.
$80,000 Missouri Metals 6 per cent. bonds, due 1926, $1,000 lot.
500 Coeur d'Alene Mining of Boston, $5 lot.
300 Murray Development, $7 lot.
100 Independent, $20 lot.
81 Arizona Motor common, $3 lot.
12 Sphinx Motor preferred, $3 lot.
45½ Bijur Motor Appliance preferred, $50 lot.
474 Camden Woolen, $1,500 lot.
375 Penobscot Woolen, $1,000 lot.
100 Wakefield Mills preferred with collateral agreement attached, $50 lot.
1,300 Federal Telegraph, $1,400 lot.
1,000 American Malt and Grain common, $21¼.
50 Republic Iron and Steel preferred, $85.50.
200 Gulf, Mobile and Northern preferred, $20.
$10,000 Swedish Government 6 per cent. bonds, due 1939, 77½.
$5,000 Erie R. R., Pennsylvania collateral 50 year bonds, due 1951, 71¾.
200 Gulf, Mobile and Northern preferred, $23.
100 Pierce Arrow Automobile preferred, $44.50.
80 Union Oil of Delaware common, $20.
30 E. F. Goodrich preferred, $70 50-100.
100 United Retail Stores Candy common, $7.
300 Gulf States Steel common (extended V. T. C.), $25.
77 Southern Potash and Chemical, $4 lot.
2,500 Congress Oil, $26 lot.
2,500 Congress Oil, $26 lot.
200 Pope Manufacturing preferred, $7 lot.
362 Tiffin Products preferred, $70 lot.
73 Tiffin Products preferred, B, $35 lot.
100 Central Oil Development, $15 lot.
$1,000 note Edrington Company, dated July 8, 1919, without interest, $10 lot.
2,400 Dora Gold Miging, $3 lot.
1,000 Dora Construction, $10 lot.
2,800 Dora Gold Mining, $10 lot.
1,000 Dora Construction, $20 lot.
10 Lake Torpedo Boat common, $14 lot.
30 Provident Development, $12 lot.
4 Knickerbocker Brass, $110 lot.
1614 Imperial Tobacco of Great Britain and Ireland, Ltd., ordinary shares, $8.23.
25,000 marks German Government 5 per cent. bonds, issue of 1916, due December 31, 1924, $375 lot.
8,000 the Okla-Queen Oil, $5 lot.
$10,000 National Conduit and Cable, Inc., first sinking fund 6 per cent. bonds, due 1927, $40% flat.
61,500 MacKinnie Oil and Drilling, $10.
107,878 Buck Creek Oil, $20.
225,000 rubles Imperial Russian State 5½ per cent. bonds, short term war loan, issued in 1916, $5 for 1,000 bonds.
70,000 rubles Imperial Russian State 5½ per cent. bonds, short term war loan, issued in 1916, $5 for 1,000 bonds.
$10,000 Chicago City Railway first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due 1927, February, 1921, coupons and subsequent coupons attached, $367.
28,487 Rawley Mining common, $135 lot.
150 American Gun common and 150 American Gun preferred, $50 lot.
50 Incorporated Land common and 50 Incorporated Land preferred, $205 lot.
300 Huntington Fox & Fur common, $25 lot.
$10,000 New York Realty Owners 6 per cent. registered bonds, 1924, interest from June 15, 1915, $50 lot.
300 Washington Utilities, $20 lot.
250 Montana Farming preferred, $3.
7 development agreements of Producers Development for twenty units, $5 lot.
3 development agreements of Producers Development for thirty units, $15.
50 Lake Charles Rice Milling, $15.
$2,000 Acker, Merrall & Condit 6 per cent. debenture bonds, due 1923, 70.
$82,000 City of Galveston municipal bonds, 4s, 1924 to 1941, 50.
$27,000 City of Portsmouth, Va., 5 per cent. water bonds, due 1948, 86.
$4,000 Gulf and Ship Island 5 per cent. bonds, due 1952, $78.
$4,000 Hudson Navigation 5 per cent. collateral trust bonds, due 1923, $20.
$100,000 Merchants' Refrigerating first refunding 6 per cent. convertible bonds, due 1936, $40.
$45,000 New Orleans & Great Northern 5 per cent. bonds, due 1935, $26.
$29,000 Park & Tilford 6 per cent. bonds, due 1936, $58.
$1,000 Republic Iron and Steel 5 per cent. S. F. bond, due 1940, $85.
$100,000 Wisconsin Shoe Steel first mortgage 7 per cent. S. F. bonds, due 1935, $70.
$3,000 Hudson Navigation 6 per cent. mortgage bonds, due 1938, $40.
$2,000 Ward Baking first mortgage bonds, due 1937, $89.
10 Nolley Mail Order preferred, 2 Nolley Mail Order common, $35 lot.
$1,000 Colorado Springs and Cripple Creek District Railway first 5 per cent. bonds, due 1942, certificate of deposit; $6,000 Colorado Springs and Cripple Creek District Railway 5 per cent. bonds, due 1942, certificate of deposit, $105 lot.
808 Memphis Gas and Electric, $110 lot.
25 O. M. House Utilities, $10 lot.
300 Consolidated Palo Amarillo Rubber, $6 lot.
250 Nemasket Worsted, $44 lot.
312 Kinney Worsted Yarn, $40.
2,000 Pigmy Mining Company, Kentucky (the property and assets of Pigmy Mining is subject to claims by Rosiclare Lead and Fluor Spar Mining, a Delaware corporation, in a sum not exceeding $48,000 and subject also to the terms and provisions of the sale by Pigmy Mining for the sum of $3,000 to Rosiclare Lead and Fluor Spar Mining of its buildings, equipments, supplies and other personal properties, rights and assets), $50 lot.
750 Isaac Mendelson, Inc. (stock subordinated to 1,250 shares of preferred stock and together constituting the entire outstanding preferred stock issue of 2,000 shares), $20 lot.
25 Westchester Highview Realty, 27½ Tucker & Vinton preferred, 7 Tucker & Vinton common, $26 lot.
$30,000 bond of the Ganis Holding, upon which is now due the sum of $22,500, with interest from December 15, 1920, secured by second mortgage covering premises, 2 West 120th Street, New York City, subject to a first mortgage of $192,500 and collateral bond of Avisay, Matthew & Jacob Ganis, $16,100.
10,000 Norambagua Consolidated, $100 lot.
40 7-10 Aravaipa Leasing, $100 lot.
6,000 Vulcan Oil, 150 lot.
10,000 United Mines of Guanajuato, 100 lot.
87 Bon Air Realty, 6 lot.
25,000 Gold Dust Mining, 55 lot.
312 Permutit, 1 lot.
$9,000 Note of Edrington, 10 lot.
90 Edrington, 1 lot.
50 American Safety Hair Cutter, 1 lot.
20 American Oil, 1 lot.
20 Hewlett Embroidery preferred, 5 lot.
5 Hewlett Embroidery common, 2 lot.
$10,401.39 Demand Note of the Baltimore Club, dated Aug. 19, 1919, 16 lot.
200 General Steel non-cumulative preferred, 50 lot.
200 General Steel common, 35 lot.
9,550 Inspiration Miami Copper, 2,500 Inspiration Miami Extension Copper, 250 Tennessee Petroleum, 100 Gilday Calking Machine, 100 Dexteretta Mines, 25 Bellmont Willett Brown Oil, 100 lot.
$600 Akron, Canton & Youngstown first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds, due 1930, January, 1921, coupon on; $100 Shokolkish Valley first mortgage 5 per cent. bond, due 1938, January, 1914, coupon on; 1,000 General Washington Mining, 50 lot.
300 Internations Products preferred, 4 lot.
150 Internations Products common, 3 lot.
350 Internations Commercial, 1 cent.
7,200 Triplex Safety Glass, $200 lot.
$100,000 Colima Lumber first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds, certificate of deposit, $150 lot.
475 Scheuer & Brother preferred, 20 lot.
600 Scheuer & Brother common, 20 lot.
20 Hewlett Embroidery, with 5 shares common, bonus, 4 lot.
106 Smith Motor Truck common, $1 lot.
500 Hughes Petroleum, 30 lot.
1,612 Nina Mines preferred, stamped; 2,068 Nina Mines common, stamped; $52,200 Nina Mines notes, not indorsed; $6,690.40 Nina Mines evidence of debt, not indorsed, 26 lot.
150 Alsea River Lumber, $15 lot.
50,000 Ohio Copper of Utah, 11c.
50 Anglo-American preferred, 25 lot.
100 Anglo-American common, 25 lot.
100 Biograph, 1 lot.
75 Lorraine Development preferred, 5 lot.
10 Lorraine Development common, 5 lot.
210 Carbone, 5 lot.
$21,000 Trust certificates of Megargel & Co., 90 lot.
1,000 Industrial Oil & Gas, $1.
$10,000 Kansas City, Mexico & Orient 1st mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, certificate of deposit, 33 lot.
300 Hartford Home Building, $100 each, 65 lot.
52 American Standard Metals Products preferred, 5.
202 American Standard Metals Products common, 1.
200 W. E. Tillotson Manufacturing common, 5.
140,334 Petroleum Producers, 5c.
3,000 Pacific Smelting & Mining preferred, 40 lot.
1,000 Pacific Smelting & Mining common, 10 lot.
1,012 Wilton Estates, 100 lot.
1,000 The Petrogas; 1 East Coast Fisheries Products preferred; 5 East Coast Fisheries Products common, 12 lot.
486 Metropolitan Opera House of Philadelphia, 20 lot.
248 Lake Charles Rice Milling, 25.
20,000 Granville Mining Co., Ltd., ordinary shares, 10 lot.
11 International Alcohol preferred, V. T. C.; 75 International Alcohol common, 20 lot.
30 Mesaba Ry. pf.; 463 Mesaba Ry. com., $150 lot.
867 Kansas City, Clay County and St. Joseph Com., 1.
29 Carbic pf.; 87 Carbic com., 100 lot.
30 Hartford and Springfield St. Ry. pf.; 90 Hartford and Springfield St. Ry. com., 50 lot.
80 Snell & Simpson Biscuit pf., 10.
$56,000 Sierra and San Francisco Power 2d mtg. 5 per cent. series B bonds, due 1949, 40.
$4,320 Indian Service 1st & ref. 5 per cent. series A bonds, due 1950; $12,231 Indiana Service adj. mtg. bonds, due 2020; 346 Indiana Service pf., $116 scrip; 311 Indiana Service com. and $76 scrip, 3,000 lot.
Undivided 27-92 interest in 140 shares Boston Herald pf., 10 lot.
1700 Brighton Reduction, 15 lot.
150 Steel & Radiation ordinary, 350 lot.
3000 Saddle Mountain Mining, 10 lot.
12400 Milliken, 25c.
600 New York Sanitary Utilization, 500 lot.
150 Blau Gas of America Stock Trust ctf., 6 lot.
30 shares American Blau Gas of N. Y., 8 lot.
5,000 Acme Harvesting Machine, 85 lot.
3,000 Hallmark Pictures preferred, 30 lot.
205 Waldes & Co. preferred, 400 lot.
3,000 Loft, 9.50.
250 Jones & Brindisi, 15 lot.
200 S. C. R., 10 lot.
1,000 Royal Oil and Refining (not incorporated), a trust estate, 3 lot.
1,000 Bisbee Copper Mining and Development, 6 lot.
1,000 American National Oil, 36 lot.
1 Fairfield County National Bank, 80.
7 Brooklyn Academy of Music, 20 lot.
1 Woman's Hotel, 45 lot.
$25,000 Georgia & Florida first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, certificate of deposit, 5.
$75,000 Georgia & Florida first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, certificate of deposit, 5.
100 Chestnut & Smith 7 per cent. cumulative preferred, 50.
100 Chestnut & Smith 7 per cent. cumulative preferred, 60.
31,000 Nixon-Nevada Consolidated Mines, 650 lot.
$2,000 John Adams Thayer first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due March 1, 1921, 30 lot.
10,000 Bradshaw Reduction, 10 lot.
200 Revold Tire, 71 lot.
1,000 Boger Oil, 26 lot.
6,000 Boger Oil, 125 lot.
300 Baker, Murray & Imbrie common, $50.
12 Broadway and Seventh Avenue; 8 Broadway and Seventh Avenue, $6 per share.
4 Winchester; 11 Winchester; 7 Winchester, 150.
500 Brooklyn City Railroad, 13.50.
30 Dongan Hall, 1 lot.
176 American Consolidated Oil preferred, 25 lot.
176 American Consolidated Oil common, trustees' certificate, 15 lot.
500 Underwriters Producing and Refining, 50 lot.
10 Otaka Fabric, 1 lot.
670 Mutual Tire and Rubber, 20 lot.
88 Republic Acceptance preferred, 75 lot.
44 Republic Acceptance common, 50 lot.
67 Prizma 2d preferred, 30 lot.
12 Prizma common, 5 lot.
22,100 Willys common, 3,000 lot.
60 Universal Cork Extractor, 1 lot.
$28,700 bond and third mortgage made by Dyck Realty, dated January 11, 1917, covering various parcels of land on or near Sherman avenue; $20,000 bond and third mortgage made by Herbert Dongan Construction, dated June 26, 1919, covering certain premises in Long Island City; $17,925.05 bond and third mortgage made by Herbert Dongan Construction, dated June 26, 1919, covering premises in Long Island City; junior interest of $8,500 in a mortgage of $22,000, dated May 3, 1909, made by William A. Mark to Park Mortgage, covering certain premises on west side of Nagle avenue, south of Elwood street; junior interest of $10,000 in a mortgage of $40,000 made by Eighty-sixth Street and West End Avenue, dated December 20, 1912, covering premises at Flushing, L. I., 800 lot.
$25,000 Russian Government 5½ Treasury notes (denominations $1,000), dated May 1, 1917, due May 1, 1918, extended to November 1, 1919, interest paid at the rate of 5% from date of issue to May 1, 1918; from May 1, 1918, to November 1, 1918, at the rate of 6%; none since. Payable principal and interest at the National City Bank, in gold coin or its equivalent in United States currency or at the option of the holder, in rubles at the State Bank of Russia, Petrograd, at the current commercial rate on account. The total amount of this issue is $11,000,000 and the National City Bank holding as collateral $147,030,000 rubles of the Imperial Russian Government 5½% bonds, issue of 1916, 10½%.
$50,000, ditto (denominations of $1,000), 10.
$75,000, ditto (denominations of $1,000), 10.
$100,000, ditto (denominations of $1,000), 10.
$200,220, concentrating, 50.
$29,924.80 claim against P. Ruhlman & Co., in bankruptcy, 500.
$142,329.66 claim against Charles Morningstar & Co., in liquidation, secured in part by collateral, $500.
$58,787.16 claim against Parlman & Co., 52.
200 Butterworth-Judson, 2.
188 Russian American District Trade Corp. 60% paid temporary ctfs., 10 lot.
400 Auto Sales Gum & Chocolate, 10 lot.
22 Gulf, Florida & Alabama, 3 lot.
25 Pneumelectric Machine com., 1 lot.
50 Pneumelectric Machine pf., 4 lot.
250 New Almaden Quicksilver Mines, com., 1.
250 Octagon Films pf., 30 lot.
$5,000 Chicago El. 6% bonds, due 1919, 20.
$7,000 Connecticut Brass & Mfg. 6% bonds, 1919, 20.
$2,000 Kansas City Ry. 3-year 7% bonds, ctfs. of dep., $25.
$5,000 Minneapolis Gas Light 5% bonds, due 1930, 25.
1,000 Hughes Petroleum, 100 lot.
2,000 Rexall Gold Mining, 1 lot.
25 Pope Manufacturing com., 2 lot.
23 Commercial Tractor, 1 lot.
320 Luthy Storage Battery com., 250 lot.
64 Luthy Storage Battery pf., 550 lot.
715 Estates of Long Beach, 12 lot.
320 N. Y. & East River Ferry, 5 lot.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

IRVING NATIONAL BANK
WOOLWORTH BUILDING, NEW YORK

Coupons payable at this Bank, January 1st, 1921

Acme Orchard Company
Austin, Texas (City) School; Street Improvement; Sewer, Hospital; Cemetery; Refunding; School Building; Street; Bridge & Sewer; Sanitary Sewer.
Bartow, Fla., Elec. Light, Street and Sewer Bonds.
Blackshear, Ga. Water 6%, Sewer 6%, Electric 5%, Fire Dept. 5%.
Conrad, Mont. Sewer & City Hall
Fort Mills, S. C. (Town of) School District 28., 6%.
Hamblen Co. Pike Rds, Tenn.
Huntington, Ind. (County of) Court House 3½%.
Laurens, S. C., School District.
Lincoln County, Ida. Ref. 5%.
Madison County, Mont. 4½%.
Merchants Refrigerating Co. 6%, 1st and Ref.
Payette Water Works, Ida.
Pender County, N. C.
Pinckney Township, S. C.
Portland Terminal Co. 4% and 5%, 1961.
Portland Union Ry. Station Co. 4% 1st Mortgage.
Pouch Terminal Co., Inc.
Sanders Co., Mont. Funding.
Shawmut Clay Mfg. Co.
So. San Joaquin Irrigation District, Cal.
Windsor, Conn. (Town) 4%.
Zanesville (City of) Ohio.

Coupons payable January 15th, 1921

City of Albany, Ga.
Arrow Refining Co.

COUPONS DUE AND PAYABLE AT THE OFFICE OF

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY

55 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

ON AND AFTER JANUARY 1ST, 1921

Ackar, Merrall & Condit Co. Deb. (Jan. 15)....6s
Alachua, Fla., Road & Bridge....5½s
Alexandria, La., Pub. Imp....5s
Amherst Co., Va., Rfd. 4½s Rd. Imp. 5s
Asheville, N. C., Various....5s
Auburn, N. Y., Water Filtration....4½s
Baton Rouge, La....4s & 4½s
Bell Co., Ky....5s
Bergen Co., N. J., Bdg. & Rd. Imp. 4½s
Bergen Co., N. J., Bridge (Jan. 15) 4½s
Bloomfield, N. J., Fire Dept....4s
Brightwaters, N. Y., Dock....6s
Brightwaters, N. Y., Paving....6s
Broward Co., Fla., Spl. Road & Bridge Dist. No. 1....6s
Buffalo Creek R. R. Co. 1st Ref....5s
Buffalo Creek R. R. Co. 2d....5s
Cairo, Ga., Water Works & Elec. Lt. & Town Hall....5s
Camden Co., N. J., Various....4s & 4½s
Canadaigua, N. Y., U. F. S. D. No. 1 4s
Caswell Co., N. C., Road & Bridge Imp.
Cedartown, Ga., High School....5s
Cedartown, Ga., Imp....6s
Clinton, N. C., Street....6s
Currituck Co., N. C., Road....6s
Dade Co., Fla., Spl. Road & Bridge Dists. No. 1, 2, 3....6s, 5s, 6s
Dade Co., Fla., Bdg., Highway & Jail 5s
Daytona, Fla., Sewer & Drainage....5s
Detroit, Monroe & Toledo S. L. Ry. 5s
Durham, N. C....4½s & 5s
Duval Co., Fla., St. John's River Bridge....5s
Easton Trans. Co....6s
Elberton, Ga....4½s & 5s
Elyria, O., Water Works....4½s
Empire State R. R. Corp. Equip. Trust Notes, Series "A"....7s
Englewood, N. J., School....5s
Essex Co., N. J., Land (Jan. 2)....4½s
Essex Co., N. J., Park....4½s
Fairmont Coal Co....5s
Fairview, N. J., Fdg....5s
Fort Pierce, Fla., Pub. Utility....6s
Fresno City Water Co....5s
Gas. Pipe Line Co. of Cal. 1st Mtge. 6s
Glassport, Pa., School Dist....4½s
Glassport, Pa., Boro....5s
Greensboro, N. C....4s
Greenwich, Conn., Various....5s
Greenwich, Conn., Rfdg....4½s
Greenwich, Conn., School....4½s
Greenwood Co., S. C....4½s
Griffin, Ga., Sewer, Water & Lt....5s
Hastings, D. D., Fla....6s
Hawaii Territory Imp. (Jan. 2)....3½s
Henderson, N. C....5s
Hennington Produce Co. of Montana 7s
Hillsborough Co., Fla., S. D....5s & 6s
Hillsborough Co., Fla., County Road 5s
Homestead, Fla., Municipal Imp....6s
Jennings, La., School....5s
Key West, Fla., Refd....5s
Key West, Fla., Park....5s
Lawrence, N. Y., St. Imp....4.60s
Lexington, N. C., Street & School....6s
Lynchburg, Va., Pub. Imp....4½s
Leland, Miss., Con. School....5½s
Marquette & Bessemer Dock & Navigation Co. Deb....5s
Mebane, N. C., Water & Sewer
Mecklenburg Co., N. C., Bridge....5s
Memphis, Tenn., Education & Various
Miami, Fla., Imp....5s
Miami, Fla., Municipal Imp....5s
Miami Beach, Fla., Park....5s
Monticello, Ga., School, Lt. & Wat. 5s
Mt. Olive, N. C., Pub. Imp. (Jan. 12) 5½s
Mutual Life Ins. Co....5s
Natomas Co. of Cal....6s
New London, Conn., School Refd. 4½s
North Spring Lake, N. J., Water....5s
Northern Ind. Ry. Co. Consol. 1st 5s
Norwalk, Conn....4s & 4½s
Norwalk, Conn....4½s
Oskaloosa Traction & Light Co....5s
Owego, N. Y., Water (Jan. 15) 4½s
Pacific Tel. & Tel. Co. (Jan. 2)....5s
Pelham, Ga., Various....5s
Pensacola, Fla., Imp....4½s
Phen Co. Gold Roto....7s
Pinellas Co., Fla....5s
Portland Gas & Coke Co. Refdg....5s
Reading Transit & Light Co. Equip. Gold....7s
Richland, Ga., W. W. & Elec. Lt....5s
Richmond, Va., Various....4s & 4½s
Rock Hill, S. C., Sewer St. Imp. & Wat.
Rockmart, Ga., Elec. Lt. & Pow....5s
Rome, Ga....5s
St. Lucie Co., Fla., Time Warrants 6s
St. Lucie Co., Fla., Spl. R. & Br. D. No. 1....6s
School City, Ft. Wayne, Ind., Imp. (Jan. 15)....4s
Selma, N. C., Sewer....6s
Shelby Co., Tenn., School....4½s
South Orange, N. J., Var....4s, 4½s, 5s
Statesville, N. C., R. R. Aid....6s
Sullivan Co., Tenn., Road....5s
Sumter Co., S. C., Road & Br....5½s
Syracuse, N. Y....3½s, 4½s
Tampa, Fla., Refdg....5s
Tarboro, N. C., Water, Sewer & Street
Telfair Co., Ga., Court House....5s
Toledo, O., Refdg. 4s & Various others
Toledo, O., Education (Jan. 2)....4s
United Gas & Elec. Corp....7s
U. S. Mtge. & Tr. Co., Series "I"....4s
Utilities Oil & Ref. Corp....7s
Vero Bridge, D. Fla....6s
Water, Lt. & Pow. Co. of Hot Springs, S. D....5s
Water Works Co. (San Antonio)....6s
Wayne Co., N. C., Bridge....5s
Waynesboro, Ga., Water Works....5s
Wellsville, N. Y., Elec. Lt. & Wat. 4½s
Westchester Co., N. Y., 1st Fire D....6s
Westerly, R. I., Rfdg....4s
Western Wake Co., N. C., H'w'y D....6s
West Orange, N. J., Education....4s
W. & L. E. Ry. Co. Equip. Tr....4s
Wilkes-Barre, Pa., City Imp....4s
Wilmington, N. C., Rfdg....4s
Wilson, N. C....5½s
Winston-Salem, N. C.
Yosemite Valley R. R. Co....5s
Guanajuato Pow. & Elec. Co....6s
Due Oct. 1919, April, 1920

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company

16, 18, 20 and 22 WILLIAM STREET

New York City

Coupons and Dividends due in January are payable at this office on and after January 1st, 1921, as follows:

Alabama Great Southern Railroad Co.
American Water Supply Co. of Kaskakee
Army & Navy Club of Manila
Athens Railway & Electric Company
Butler Water Company
Cedar Rapids, City of, Refunding Bonds
Central Brewing Company
Chattanooga City Water Company
Chicago & North Western Railway Co., Equipment Agreement, Series "A"
Chicago & North Western Railway Co., Equipment Agreement, Series "C"
Clyde Water Supply Co., Refunding 4s
Commercial Cable Company
Constitution Publishing Company
Cowlitz Lumber Company
Dayton Union Railway Company
East Greenwich Water Supply Company, 1st Mortgage
East Greenwich Water Supply Company, 2nd Mortgage
East St. Louis & Interurban Water Co.
Ellsworth Collieries Company
El Paso & Southwestern Railroad Co.
Hampshire Southern Railroad Company
Herkimer, Mohawk, Ilion & Frankfort Electric Railway Company
Indianapolis Union Railway Company
Iowa City Water Company
Lupton, F. M., Publisher, Inc.
Mobile Light & Railroad Company
Mobile & Ohio Railroad Company, Extension 1st Mortgage
National Starch Company
New Castle & Shenango Valley Railroad Company
New York & Cuba Mail Steamship Co.
Olean, City of
Peoples Water Company of Oskaloosa
Piedmont & Northern Railway Company
Popular Science Publishing Company
Portsmouth & Suffolk Water Company
Santa Lucia Company
Sharon Railway Company
Southern Public Utilities Company
South Yuba Water Company, Consolidated Mortgage
St. Louis & Cairo Railroad Company
Simons, Ernest, Manufacturing Company
Sleepy Hollow Country Club
Third Avenue Railroad Company 5
Union Depot Company, Columbus, Ohio
Union Utilities Company
Warren Water Company (Issue of July 1, 1897)
Warren Water Company (Issue of July 1, 1908)
Wayne Cotton Mills
Washington Water Power Company
Woodward Iron Company

JANUARY 2ND, 1921.

East St. Louis & Granite City Water Co.
County of Vanderburgh, Indiana

JANUARY 15TH, 1921.

Minneapolis, Lyndale & Minnetonka Railway Company and Minneapolis Street Railway Company
St Paul City Railway Company

JANUARY 20TH, 1921.

Pekin Water Works Company

Dividends

JANUARY 3RD, 1921.

Duluth-Superior Traction Co., Preferred
Twin City Rapid Transit Co., Preferred
Twin City Rapid Transit Co, Common
Wayman-Bruton Company, Preferred
Wayman-Bruton Company, Common
F. W. Woolworth Co., Preferred
Ernest Simons Manufacturing Company, Preferred
International Petroleum Co., Ltd. (Dividend Coupon No. 1 from Bearer Share Warrants at 25c per share)

JANUARY 5TH, 1921.

Detroit, Hillsdale & South Western Railroad Company

DIVIDENDS.

THE MORTGAGE-BOND COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

Coupons due January 1, 1921, from the Five Per Cent. Gold Mortgage-Bonds, Series 2, of this Company, will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the office of Messrs. Ladenburg, Thalmann & Company, No. 25 Broad Street, New York City.

J. HENRY WESTON, Treasurer.
New York, December 31, 1920.

AMERICAN SUMATRA TOBACCO COMPANY.

New York, December 20, 1920.

A regular quarterly dividend of $2.50 on the Common Capital Stock of this Company has been declared, payable February 1, 1921, to stockholders of record at the close of business on January 14, 1921.

Transfer Books will not close.

FRANK M. ARGUIMBAU, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

UNITED STATES GAME DEPOSIT CO.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held on December 30th, 1920, a dividend was declared by them of 3½% regular and 1½% extra, payable December 31st, 1920. Transfer Books will be closed on December 20th and opened on January 10th, 1921.

JOSEPH ADAMS, Secretary.

New York, Dec. 29, 1920.

CENTRAL UNION GAS COMPANY

The coupons of the First Mortgage 5% Bonds of this Company, due January 1, 1921, will be paid at THE NATIONAL CITY BANK, NO. 55 WALL STREET, New York City, on or after January 3, 1921.

PHILIP J. SCHNEIDER, Treasurer.

GENERAL TIRE & RUBBER COMPANY

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% will be paid January 1st to preferred stockholders of record December 20th.

GREENWICH SAVINGS BANK

Incorporated 1833

S. E. COR. 6TH AVE. AND 16TH STREET, NEW YORK

Interest rate January 1, 1921

FOUR PER CENT.

Per annum, payable on all sums from $5 to $5,000 on and after January 17, 1921

$1 OPENS AN ACCOUNT

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN

How Peabody Service Increases the Value of Coal Property Investments

(One of a Series)

By placing these resources at your disposal—

Experience based on 37 years' successful management and ownership of large bituminous mines in virtually all important fields—

Facts and data on markets, methods and organization, gathered and tested by the broad scope of our own organization—

Economies of a large buying power and the facilities for distribution—and sales built upon our annual sale of millions of tons.

Our contact with the problems of Financing, Operating and Selling often enables us to indicate the means of great savings, or replace departments costly to single companies by the economies of a service maintained on a large scale basis.

Write for Booklet

PEABODY COAL COMPANY

Founded 1883

332 So. Michigan Ave. - CHICAGO

Operating 36 bituminous mines in 11 fields with annual capacity of 18,000,000 tons

What's Coming 1921?

Will prices continue to drop?

How about wages?

Business better or worse during winter, spring, summer and fall?

Babson's Reports

Special Barometer Letter off the press January 1st, outlines coming conditions for you. With this information you can see what's ahead and plan your year accordingly. It contains forecasts of vital interest to every Christmas mail.

REPORT ON REQUEST

This Letter and Booklet—"*Increasing Net Profits*," will be sent to interested executives without charge.

Clip out the Memo—now—and hand it to your secretary when you dictate the morning's mail.

Merely Ask for Bulletin 1128

The Babson Statistical Organization Wellesley Hills, 82, Boston, Mass.

The Largest Organization of Business Advisers in the World

Clip Off Here

MEMO For Your Secretary

Write The Babson Statistical Organization, Roger W. Babson, President, Wellesley Hills, Boston, Mass., as follows: Please send me a copy of Bulletin 1128 "What's Coming in 1921?" and Booklet, "Increasing Net Profits"—gratis.

S. E. HENDERSON & CO.

Constructive and Consulting

ACCOUNTANTS

Audits
Systems
Finances
Tax Service
Reorganizations

32 UNION SQ., N. Y. CITY.

Telephone Stuyvesant 2841

Branches: New Orleans, Charleston, Columbia, Spartanburg, S. C.

BOND TRADER

Experienced bond trader wanted by established brokerage house to assume entire charge of trading department. An excellent connection is offered as a special partner. Correspondence strictly confidential.

H. V. B., Room 308, 135 Broadway

INCOME TAX

A short, thorough course, covering Federal and State Laws and Procedure. Evenings. Ask for Bulletin 32.

Brooklyn Central (YMCA) Schools, 55 Hanson Place. Phone Prospect 8000.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

IRVING - NATIONAL BANK

New York, Dec. 27, 1920

The annual meeting of the shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held in the banking rooms, at 233 Broadway, Tuesday, January 11th, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon, the polls to be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed from 12 o'clock noon January 8th, 1921, until 10 o'clock A. M. January 12th, 1921.

PHILIP F. GRAY, Cashier.

GULF and SHIP ISLAND RAILROAD COMPANY

First Mortgage Refunding and Terminal Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of Section Seven of Article Two of the Mortgage securing the issue of bonds above described, the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3 P. M. on January 6, 1921, for the sale to it of such bonds for account of the Sinking Fund, at a price not exceeding 110 per cent. and accrued interest, on the amount of $86,000.00, conditioned upon the payment to the undersigned of that amount on or before January 2nd, 1921, as provided in the said Mortgage.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Formerly New York Security & Trust Company, Trustee.

By B. G. CURTS, Secretary.

December 14, 1920.

Imports the Only Pay for Exports and Debt Interest, Says Metals Bank Circular.

ASKS FOR CARE ON TARIFF

Favors Some Protection, but Says Industrial Growth Has Made Us Chief Creditor Nation.

Great care should be exercised in framing the new tariff policy of the Government, in the opinion of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank, which in its January circular, says: "The last thing we can afford to do is to attempt with a rough hand to keep out foreign goods generally." At the same time, the bank declares that the tariff is not without virtue as a revenue measure, and that we may with advantage impose higher protective measures.

Considering the tariff question in its entirety, the bank circular says:

"The whole question of a higher tariff is one which, at this time, should be entered upon with the greatest thought and care. It is premature to fear that Europe will 'flood' us with her goods, when, in the ten months ended October of this year, Europe sent us only $1,078,000,000 of goods to offset the $3,721,000,000 of goods we sent to Europe. The outside world, principally Europe, owes a net debt to us of some $15,000,000,000, which, for interest alone—when that is fully established—will call for payment of roundly $750,000,000 a year. Unless we are to extend the volume of our foreign loans (taking no repayment on the old) for the next few years, our total purchases of goods and services from abroad must exceed our total sales by that amount.

"It cannot be too often repeated that the ultimate means of payment for exports must be in imports. If we wish to maintain our export trade, our problem now is not how to put obstacles in the way of imports, but how to encourage them. By just as much as we succeed in cutting off our imports, we must, in the long run, cut off our exports.

"This is a fact not often grasped even by exporters, because, though it works surely, it works indirectly. When a higher duty is placed upon a particular import, it can be directly appreciated how much the supply of that import has been cut off. To a corresponding amount, in value, exports as a whole will be cut off; but no particular exporter will be able to know just how much his particular commodity has suffered. A general falling off in sales abroad, coming as the effect of such a policy, would probably be attributed to a falling off in foreign purchasing power, or to our inability to meet foreign competition as before.

"This does not mean that the tariff is without merit as a revenue measure, or that we may not with advantage impose higher protective duties on certain articles. A number of our young industries might with profit be protected during the next few years to give an opportunity to prove whether they can eventually compete on equal terms with foreign producers. But the last thing we can afford to do is to attempt with a rough hand to keep out foreign goods generally. That would be a direct blow at every exporter and every consumer in the country.

"The tariff was undoubtedly useful when we were still a debtor nation. It helped to make us more of an industrial nation and less of an agricultural one. It helped to diversify our output and strengthened us as an integral and self-contained nation. But we have now reached a new stage of industrial development. We are now the world's foremost creditor nation. Our exports are far outrunning our imports. The new tariff should be framed to meet the new conditions."

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA for November—

	1920	1919
Gross	$295,271	$376,868
Net after taxes	8,197	77,206
Net op inc	59,141	77,124
11 mos gr	2,836,441	2,901,762
Net after taxes	377,994	20,902
Net op inc	707,307	*166,962

*Deficit. †Income.

DETROIT & MACKINAC for November—

Gross	157,552	105,393
Net after taxes	58,054	90,718
Net op inc	74,165	90,259
11 mos gr	1,532,078	1,370,193
Net after taxes	172,382	41,643
Net op def	62,271	124,104

†Income.

GREAT NORTHERN for November—

Gross	9,118,965	10,175,811
Bal. af. tax	25,184	1,070,960
Net op inc	926,914	1,911,211
11 mo. gr	98,444,270	90,812,867
Bal. af. tax	13,561,410	11,083,161
Net op inc	13,303,221	12,463,682

MICHIGAN CENTRAL for November—

Gross	7,000,158	8,382,961
Bal. af. tax	1,330,451	1,511,673
Net op inc	1,064,184	1,449,258
11 mo. gr	71,778,252	61,971,200
Bal. af. tax	17,010,063	15,573,270
Net op inc	15,740,497	11,705,630

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS for November—

Gross	2,004,144	1,930,824	2,073,169
Bal. af. tax	170,398	*157,765	*280,080
Net op def	37,917	*202,159	*322,047
11 mo. gr.	22,479,740	18,235,553	19,884,024
Bal. af. tax	3,511,859	*860,138	*3,471,918
Net op. inc.	4,383	1,852,259	3,845,104

*Deficit.

NEW YORK CENTRAL for November—

Gross	35,703,614	27,642,731	28,014,171
Bal. af. tax	3,577,001	4,021,116	6,843,091
Net op. inc.	3,508,989	4,021,408	6,827,429
11 mo. gr.	337,340,022	283,859,373	287,308,435
Bal. af. tax	6,042,000	48,110,902	45,204,759
Net op. inc.	43,382,511	45,393,823	48,451,197

NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS for November—

Gross	2,275,790	1,684,850	2,180,445
Bal. af. tax	494,011	118,887	453,586
Net op inc	437,802	159,099	420,040
11 mo. gr.	25,653,030	21,349,019	20,151,021
Bal. af. tax	4,869,114	4,237,223	3,888,681
Net op. inc.	4,462,103	3,848,476	3,250,713

PERE MARQUETTE for November—

Gross	3,732,141	3,404,145	2,895,398
Bal. af. tax	904,508	731,415	649,180
Net op. inc.	479,954	485,519	585,545
11 mo. gr.	37,620,706	32,370,466	26,285,438
Bal. af. tax	3,741,850	7,737,502	4,237,155
Net op. inc.	1,542,840	6,587,034	3,151,109

PITTSBURG & LAKE ERIE for November—

Gross	4,301,250	1,979,770	2,802,700
Bal. af. tax	1,210,343	*128,383	763,719
Net op inc.	1,438,544	33,599	658,388
11 mo. gr.	32,022,085	25,574,290	30,229,369
Bal. af. tax	252,882	2,937,083	9,339,891
Net op. inc.	2,536,808	2,089,008	9,450,934

*Deficit.

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN for November—

Gross	946,968	773,785	766,088
Bal. af. tax	243,190	70,934	194,586
Net op. inc.	206,078	44,336	170,546
11 mo. gr.	10,350,871	7,423,814	7,568,077
Bal. af. tax	1,433,387	861,706	1,416,211
Net op. inc.	938,391	642,425	1,073,476

VIRGINIAN RAILWAY for November—

Gross	1,904,689	1,090,667	1,107,501
Bal. af. tax	548,065	166,033	162,289
Net op. inc.	603,963	213,832	126,992
11 mo. gr.	16,439,857	10,892,836	11,019,095
Bal. af. tax	4,059,151	2,362,648	2,336,983
Net op. inc.	4,648,382	2,425,433	2,066,325

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE for November—

Gross	1,838,441	800,154	1,128,869
Bal. af. tax	104,901	†63,331	61,454
Net op. def	9,211	107,720	†54,312
11 mo. gr.	16,878,357	11,643,198	12,640,717
Bal. af. tax	1,076,446	1,023,135	1,774,187
Net op. def	58,023	*907,961	*1,158,110

*Income. †Deficit.

Public Utility.

UNITED LIGHT AND RAILWAYS AND SUBSIDIARIES—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
12 mo. gr.	$11,868,576	$10,136,198	$1,732,378
Net af. tax	3,568,775	2,917,921	427,854
Sur af. chgs	1,492,919	1,127,433	365,487
Bal. af. p. d	1,490,215	1,127,433	362,783

Listed on N. Y. Stock Exchange.

The following were admitted to list on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday: General Electric Company, $1,200,000 additional capital stock; Allied Chemical and Dye Corporation, temporary certificates for $37,326,400 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock, and 2,163,455 shares of common stock upon notice of exchange for deposit certificates.

Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange, the sale realizing $4,220 for the former stockholders of the institution.

The assets consisted of stock certificates, unpaid notes and uncollected judgments, all that was left to show for loans amounting to hundreds of thousands of dollars which figured in the wrecking of the bank in 1907.

Many unpaid judgments against stockholders were in the lot. The largest of these, one for $155,771, was against David A. Sullivan, who was President of the bank when it was wrecked.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
CONSTOCKS.			Divide Ex		.05
Alpha	.06	.07	East Divide	.03	.05
Andes	.15	.16	Extension	.25	.27
Bent & Belcher	.15	.16	Florence	.02	.03
Challenge	1.00	1.05	Gold Reef	.03	.04
Concordia	.06	.07	Grimes	.01	.02
Con. Virginia	.23	.24	Hall	.15	.18
Gould & Curry	.15	.16	Hasbrouck	.½	.02
Hale & Norcross	.15	.16	Kernick	.04	.06
Jacket	.16	.17	Myers	.02	.03
Mexican	.15	.16	Reserve	.01	.02
Ophir	.48	.49	Verdi	.03	.05
Potosi	.03	.04	Victory	.03	.04
Savage	.06	.07	West	.02	.03
Seg Belcher	.16	.17	Western	.01	.02
Scorpion	.02	.03	Zone	.21	.22
Sierra Nevada	.10	.11	GOLDFIELD.		
Union	.21	.22	Booth	.02	.03
Utah	.03	.04	Consolidated	.05	.06
TONOPAH.			Crackerjack	.04	.04
Belmont	1.25	1.30	Florence	.12	.13
Cash Boy	.03	.04	Fraction	.03	.03
Jim Butler	.13	.14	Jumbo Extension	.04	.04
McNamara Cresc.	.04	.05	Lone Star	.04	.04
Midway	.12	.13	Silver Pick	.05	.06
Monarch	.04	.05	Spearhead	.03	.03
North Star	.60	.65	OTHER DISTRICTS.		
Rescue	.20	.22	Arrowhead	.06	.07
Tonopah Extension	1.25	1.30	Black Mammoth	.03	.04
Tonopah '76	.07	.08	Broken Hills	.22	.23
West End	.88	.90	Bullwhacker	.52	.53
West Tonopah	.04	.05	Como	.30	.31
DIVIDE.			Crossus	.45	.46
Alta	.04	.05	Holly	1.47½	1.48½
Apex	.02	.03	Round Mountain	.15	.16
Belcher	.03	.04	Fairview R. M.	.45	.46
Belcher Extension	.03	.04	Sumon	.03	.03
Bepsgher	.11	.12	Sterling	.03	.04
Divide Tonopah	1.15	1.16	White Caps	.05	.06

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	1½	1¾	Isabella	3¾	4
Dr. J'pot.	1½	2½	Mary McK.	3	4
Elkton	2	2½	Portland	40	42
El Paso	10	11	U. Gold M.	8	12½
Golden C.	50	58	Vindicator	1¢	20
Granite	7½	9	Rose Nicol.	3¾	4¼

Gain of 5,000 Since Previous High Record of Last September.

AVERAGE HOLDING IS 54

Public Buying as Prices Decline—Increase in Number of Preferred Holders.

A new high record as to the number of common stockholders of the United States Steel Corporation came to light with the closing of the books for the December dividend. The dividend will be distributed to 95,776 holders of the stock, this comparing with a total of 90,952 stockholders, the previous high record, which was established last September.

The average number of shares now held is less than 54. The increase in stockholders at this time is in line with the records of the Steel Corporation, which show that with the price of the shares declining in the stock market the number of shareholders has always increased and, conversely, that with rising prices for the stock the number of shareholders has declined. In the words of one official of the corporation, this indicates that the public, so far as Steel common is concerned, buys at the bottom and sells at the top.

The preferred stockholders in November numbered 80,534, as against 80,089 in August. The supply of preferred stock in brokerage hands is decidedly small as compared with that outstanding and the brokerage holdings of Steel common have likewise been decreasing steadily.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 30.—Fifty-seven new corporations, having an aggregate capitalization of $3,560,500, were chartered today. They include:

Flexible Couplings Co., Westfield, Chautauqua Co., make shaft couplings, 300 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 1,000 common, no par value; active capital, $35,000; G. H. Thomas, W. T. and C. E. Welch, Westfield.

Motter Small Trading Corp., Manhattan, machinery and railroad equipment, $30,000; A. W. Mather, L. N. Small, T. N. Motley, 32 West 40th St.

Tortora & Carrizzo Co., Brooklyn, junk, $20,000; S. and M. Tortora, J. Carrizzo, 1,860 58th St., Brooklyn.

Libmaur Holding Corp., Manhattan, realty, $200,000; A. L. Kramer, E. J. Sichel, R. F. Freimund, 211 West 122d St.

Clinton Truck Sales Corp., Manhattan, $150,000; A. J. Furth, S. Newman, H. H. Waller, 36 Vesey St.

Automotive Specialty Corp., Manhattan, make auto parts, $20,000; L. E. and A. L. and S. A. Fogel, 311 West 59th St.

C. F. Schaller & Co., Manhattan, tailors' trimmings, $50,000; A. W. Herts, R. B. and C. F. Schaller, 24 East 21st St.

De La Cruz Laboratories, Manhattan, drugs, $100,000; V. De La Cruz, L. M. Monsanto, M. B. West, 43 Cedar St.

Overland Silk Co., Manhattan, $20,000; I. Schneider, S. List, B. Potash, 558 W. 164th St.

Syracuse Linotypge Composition Co., Syracuse, $35,000. J. E. and M. E. Sullivan, E. F. Brown, Syracuse.

Perfection Art Co., Manhattan, novelties, $10,000. A. Halprin, R. Blumstein, S. J. Adler, 41 Park Row.

Good Wear Skirt Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. Avin, I. Weinstein, J. Rosenthal, 121 Bayard St.

580 West 161st St. Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; A. and R. Misrock, M. Blum, 535 W. 161st St.

Peneo Realty Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; P. E. and A. S. Meyer, H. Sparhuber, 141 Kingsland Av., Brooklyn.

206 East 56th St. Co., Manhattan, $5,000; L. Tully, F. I. Spungin, I. M Berliner, 323 Central Park West

260 to 274 Steinway Av. Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; S. C. Ashkenazy, M. W. Corcoran, S. Echelman, 1,043 57th St., Brooklyn.

French Fur Dyeing Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; E. Clotzman, J. Jaches, H. Meisel, 205 Penn St., Brooklyn.

Supreme Hat Frame Co., Manhattan, $10,000. S and G. Freed, F. Roger, 1,004 Fox St., Bronx.

Estate Equity Corp., Manhattan, 5,000 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $27,000; C. E. Diefenthaler, A. S. Birnbaum, A. M. Bohn, 400 West End Av.

S. & F. Woolen Co., Manhattan, $50,000; M. Siegel, S. and M. Flaum, 106 Essex St.

Atlantic-Pacific Bedding Co., Brooklyn, $5,000. L. and S. Reichel, L. Goldenberg, 13 McDougall St., Brooklyn.

Meade Studios, Manhattan, decorative furnishings, $75,000; M. G. Palliser, C. H. Littlefield, H. R. Meade, 4 East 40th St.

Marbridge Finance Corp., Manhattan, commission, $50,000; D. T. Lotwin, N. Frankel, L. H. Hellenberg, 1,820 Broadway.

F. H. Kelly & Co., Manhattan, Lawrence Co. agricultural machinery and warehousing, $50,000; E. G. Brush, L. E. and F. H. Kelly, Madrid.

W. R. Jones & Sons, Carthage, coal and builders' supplies, $50,000; H. L. and R. H. and E. H. Jones, Carthage.

Warnke-Leuzzi Corp., Brooklyn, real estate brokers, $14,000; N. and D. Leuzzi, W. Warnke, 8,816 3d Av., Brooklyn.

Hulsenberg & Krudener, Brooklyn, dairy products, $20,000; A. D. Smith, J. R. Krudener, H. Hulsenberg, 500 3d Av., Brooklyn.

M. Cohn & Co., Manhattan, make corsets, $300,000; M. and D. F. Wallstein, J. Schreiber, 504 West 160th St.

Jacoby & Tisch, Manhattan, cloaks and suits, $5,000; J. J. Ganz, M. Tisch, I. Jacoby, 225 West 135th St.

Morris Hindenburg, Queens, buttons and novelties, $30,000; D. and R. Heine, M. Hindenburg, 830 East 170th St., Bronx.

Gloriana Dress House, Manhattan, $50,000; Goldstein, J. L. Greenfeld, C. H. Clark, 126 East 39th St.

Merit Blouses, Manhattan, 400 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 100 common, no par value; active capital, $40,500; S. Finkelstein, A. Lautman, D. J. Simon, 41 Pinehurst Av.

Exchange Lumber Co., Rochester, $100,000; J. A. Detweiler, C. B. Ostrander, D. E. Tenney, Rochester.

D. Wroblewski & Co. of America, Manhattan, proprietary medicines, $50,000; I. Wroblewski, J. Obrentz, M. Goldkind, 75 East 110th St.

Maples Washing Machine Co., Manhattan, $1,000,000; D. R. Lehman, R. Lasker, L. Maples, 25 E. 26th Av.

E. A. Beaumont Co., Albany, shoes, $10,000. M. L. Meislik, O. C. and E. A. Beaumont, Albany.

Ellicottville Specialty Corp., Ellicottville, manufacturing and mercantile, $50,000; W. J. Weiler, F. W. Breit, W. P. Fitzpatrick, Ellicottville.

Empire State Motor Corp., Rochester, $25,000; G. B. Van Alstine, H. W. C. Reisilick, L. Perriner, Rochester.

D. Kempner & Son, Manhattan, realty and contracting, $5,000; I. H. and D. W. and S. W. Kempner, 348 West 57th St.

Marvel Electric Lamp Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; D. H. Lehman, W. H. Menaker, B. Waxenberg, 291 Broadway.

Moses Bros., Eaton, Madison Co., produce, $200,000. F. C. Fitzgibbons, J. M. and A. J. Moses, Earlville, N. Y.

Franco Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $25,000; C. D. Plante, F. Scheuer, S. K. Abrahams, 13 William St.

Pack Bros., Manhattan, furs, $30,000; B. and I. H. and H. A. Pack, 1,871 7th Av.

Allahand & Dolinsky, Brooklyn, medicines, $20,000; I. Simon, D. Polinsky, W. Allahand, 2,206 Bath Av., Brooklyn.

Boyce & Veeder Co., Queens, make fire extinguishers, $300,000; J. R. Truesdale, H. H. Boyce, P. L. Veeder, Hewlett, L. I.

Shirley & Co., Manhattan, merchandise and securities, $5,000; L. and R. Fishman, J. Levy, 5 Beekman St.

Imperial Braid Co., Manhattan, $10,000; S. J. Stember, N. Glasberg, H. Cohn, 200 5th Av.

No. 26 Warren St. Corp., Manhattan, agency, $15,000; C. I. and F. B. Silverman, M. Weintraub, 823 Fox St., Bronx.

Coxsackie Milling and Supply Corp., Coxsackie, $25,000. E. G. Palmer, J. O. Youmans, F. T. Spencer, Coxsackie.

Tarrytown Terminal Corp., Harrison, Westchester County, $5,000; D. R. Barnes, W. A. Wilding, E. Bull, Harrison.

Wannke-Leuzzi Corp., Brooklyn, real estate brokers, $14,000; N. and D. Leuzzi, W. Warnke, 8,816 3d Av., Brooklyn.

Hulsenberg & Krudener, Brooklyn, dairy products, $20,000; A. D. Smith, J. R. Krudener, H. Hulsenberg, 500 3d Av., Brooklyn.

M. Cohn & Co., Manhattan, make corsets, $300,000; M. and D. F. Wallstein, J. Schreiber, 504 West 160th St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Jacoby & Tisch, Manhattan, cloaks and suits, $5,000; J. J. Ganz, M. Tisch, I. Jacoby, 225 West 135th St.

Morris Hindenburg, Queens, buttons and novelties, $30,000; D. and R. Heine, M. Hindenburg, 830 East 170th St., Bronx.

Gloriana Dress House, Manhattan, $50,000; Goldstein, J. L. Greenfeld, C. H. Clark, 126 East 39th St.

Merit Blouses, Manhattan, 400 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 100 common, no par value; active capital, $40,500; S. Finkelstein, A. Lautman, D. J. Simon, 41 Pinehurst Av.

Exchange Lumber Co., Rochester, $100,000; J. A. Detweiler, C. B. Ostrander, D. E. Tenney, Rochester.

D. Wroblewski & Co. of America, Manhattan, proprietary medicines, $50,000; I. Wroblewski, J. Obrentz, M. Goldkind, 75 East 110th St.

Maples Washing Machine Co., Manhattan, $1,000,000; D. R. Lehman, R. Lasker, L. Maples, 25 E. 26th Av.

E. A. Beaumont Co., Albany, shoes, $10,000. M. L. Meislik, O. C. and E. A. Beaumont, Albany.

Ellicottville Specialty Corp., Ellicottville, manufacturing and mercantile, $50,000; W. J. Weiler, F. W. Breit, W. P. Fitzpatrick, Ellicottville.

Empire State Motor Corp., Rochester, $25,000; G. B. Van Alstine, H. W. C. Reisilick, L. Perriner, Rochester.

D. Kempner & Son, Manhattan, realty and contracting, $5,000; I. H. and D. W. and S. W. Kempner, 348 West 57th St.

Marvel Electric Lamp Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; D. H. Lehman, W. H. Menaker, B. Waxenberg, 291 Broadway.

Moses Bros., Eaton, Madison Co., produce, $200,000. F. C. Fitzgibbons, J. M. and A. J. Moses, Earlville, N. Y.

Franco Realty Corp., Brooklyn, $25,000; C. D. Plante, F. Scheuer, S. K. Abrahams, 13 William St.

Pack Bros., Manhattan, furs, $30,000; B. and I. H. and H. A. Pack, 1,871 7th Av.

Allahand & Dolinsky, Brooklyn, medicines, $20,000; I. Simon, D. Polinsky, W. Allahand, 2,206 Bath Av., Brooklyn.

Boyce & Veeder Co., Queens, make fire extinguishers, $300,000; J. R. Truesdale, H. H. Boyce, P. L. Veeder, Hewlett, L. I.

Shirley & Co., Manhattan, merchandise and securities, $5,000; L. and R. Fishman, J. Levy, 5 Beekman St.

Imperial Braid Co., Manhattan, $10,000; S. J. Stember, N. Glasberg, H. Cohn, 200 5th Av.

No. 26 Warren St. Corp., Manhattan, agency, $15,000; C. I. and F. B. Silverman, M. Weintraub, 823 Fox St., Bronx.

Coxsackie Milling and Supply Corp., Coxsackie, $25,000. E. G. Palmer, J. O. Youmans, F. T. Spencer, Coxsackie.

Tarrytown Terminal Corp., Harrison, Westchester County, $5,000; D. R. Barnes, W. A. Wilding, E. Bull, Harrison.

Wannke-Leuzzi Corp., Brooklyn, real estate brokers, $14,000; N. and D. Leuzzi, W. Warnke, 8,816 3d Av., Brooklyn.

Hulsenberg & Krudener, Brooklyn, dairy products, $20,000; A. D. Smith, J. R. Krudener, H. Hulsenberg, 500 3d Av., Brooklyn.

M. Cohn & Co., Manhattan, make corsets, $300,000; M. and D. F. Wallstein, J. Schreiber, 504 West 160th St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Aetna Cut Glass Works, Bridgeton, $100,000; C. A. Nixon, L. Colby, Philadelphia.

Charles D. Link, Bridgeton.

Elkay Realty Co., Newark, $125,000; Louis Koppelon, Abraham Koller, Harry Losscwics, Newark.

John A. Bedwell Co., Beverly, textiles, $100,000; John A. Bedwell, U. S. Bedwell, C. V. Firth, Beverly.

T. Edward Kinney & Co., Trenton, real estate, $50,000; T. Edward Kinney, A. L. Thomas, Charles I. Archer, Trenton.

Hudson Motor Car Co. of N. Y., Manhattan, $800,000 to $1,000,000.

Robert McBratney & Co., Manhattan, $600,000 to $1,000,000.

National Shirt Shops, Manhattan, carry on business with $1,000,000 and 7,500 shares preferred stock, $100 each, and 50,000 common stock, no par value.

Aetna Varnish Co., Brooklyn, $50,000 to $100,000.

Owens Kreiser Co., Kerhonkson, $15,000 to $65,000.

Phoenix Specialty Mfg. Co., Scarsdale, $15,000 to $50,000.

Sterling Motor Co. of N. Y., $100,000 to $150,000.

A. M. Zimrich Motor Co., Rochester, $5,000 to $25,000.

Oppenheim, Collins & Co., Brooklyn, $580,000 to $1,580,000.

Oppenheim, Collins & Co., Buffalo, $750,000 to $1,250,000

Perry Knitting Co., Albany, $100,000 to $700,000.

Niagara Rag and Paper Co., $5,000 to $250,000.

Tebo Yacht Basin Co., Brooklyn, $150,000 to $1,000,000

Central Fur Dressing Co., Brooklyn, $14,500 to $40,000.

Centre Property Corp., Buffalo, $100,000 to $200,000

Friedlander Supply Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000 to $50,000.

Argersinger Co., Gloversville, $50,000 to $100,000.

Ekridanea Co., Brooklyn, $10,000 to $20,000.

National Desk Co., Herkimer, $250,000 to $300,000.

Community Ice Co., Hobart, $100,000 to $500,000.

Angora Specialty Co., Brooklyn, $75,000 to $125,000.

Eberhart Steel Products Co., Buffalo, $25,000 to $250,000.

R. S. McManus Steel Construction Co., Buffalo, $15,000 to $25,000.

MERGER.

4 and 5 Hanover St., Manhattan, with Wall and Hanover St. Realty Co.

DESIGNATIONS

Lincoln Motor Co., Ltd., Canada, 1,000 shares preferred, $100 each; rep., L. B. Babcock, Buffalo.

Dorr Co. State Co., Del., 1,400 shares preferred, 320 second preferred and 4,280 common, all $100 each; rep., J. M. Pennington, Middle Granville.

Southfield Flower and Foliage Co., Ill., $10,000; rep., P. Hollander, 21 East Houston St.

Cleveland Storage Co., Ohio; new rep., B. B. Norton, Cambridge.

SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.

M. Cohn & Co., N. J.

NAME CHANGES.

Kamsler Advertising Co., Manhattan, to Seth Kamsler Co.

Good Luck Tire and Rubber Co., Arizona, to Climax Compression Tube Co., New York.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Coker Papaz Co., Manhattan.

Essender Co., Manhattan.

Firestone Syndicate, Manhattan.

Art Diamond Corp., Manhattan.

Automotive Specialty Corp., Manhattan.

Sawyer-Stearns-Streeter Drilling Corp., Buffalo.

Niagara Falls Land Co., Amsterdam.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Dec. 30.—Charters filed:

Constancia Petroleum Corp., $30,000; W. I. N. Lofland, Frank Jackson, Mark W. Cole, Dover.

S. and S. Real Estate Co., $3,000,000; Franklin Mettler, M. E. Mettler, P. M. Gilkey, Wilmington.

M. S. Publishing Corp., $2,080,000; T. L. Crpteau, M. A Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Great American Amusement Co., $1,000,000; James L. Payton, Fortis S. Lekas, John G. Cullas, Joplin, Mo.

Moore Natural Gas Co., drill, $1,000,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

Seymour Manufacturing Co., acquire and dispose of personal property, $800,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Premium Petroleum Corp., $750,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, A. M. Hooven, Wilmington.

T. F. Hart Investment Co., securities, $500,000; T. L. Croteau, M. A. Bruce, S. E. Dill, Wilmington.

Peckham Co., Wilmington, real estate, $400,000; M. L. Rogers, L. A. Irwin, W. G. Singer, Wilmington.

Mason Oil Corp., $500,000; Arthur W. Britton, Samuel B. Howard, Robert K. Thistle, New York.

Delaware River Towing Line, $150,000; M. Mc Lucey, V. F. Lacey, L. S. Dorsey, Wilmington.

Texas W. Nye Corp., brokerage, ,000; A. W. Britton, R. K. Thistle, S. B. Howard, New York.

West Garage, $101,000; F. B. Hansell, J. Vernon Hunn, C. M. MacFarland, Philadelphia.

Tee-Par Chemical Co., manufacture, $100,000; Louis Gersgfield, George A. Farrah, George Gosson, Philadelphia.

South American Air Line Association, conduct aerial routes, $100,000; Ernest S. Lightowler, S. Racksow, M. M. Lucey, San Francisco.

Jefferson Corp., stocks and bonds, $86,500; F. X. Hennessey, Lynn E. Reed, Wallis Ingraham, New York.

McCaulley & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., stock brokerage, $25,000; Wilber A. McCaulley, Pittsburgh; W. I. N. Lofland, Frank Jackson, Dover.

Bright Star Sales Corp., washing powder, $200,000. George B. Lougher, John MacArthur, Albert H. Trull, Philadelphia.

Standard Laundry, $10,000; C. R. Hubbard, A. L. Jackson, E. Williams, Pittsburgh.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Western Tie and Timber Co., St. Louis, Mo., $500,000, to $1,000,000.

Nesbit Ball Welding Co., Cleveland, $100,000 to $125,000.

NAME CHANGES.

Curtiss Robertson Aircraft Corp., St. Louis, to Robertson Aircraft Corp.

Barnes Johnson Co., Pittsburgh, to Johnson Co.

Talek Corp., New York, to Kalsey Textile Corp.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Dec. 30.—New charters granted:

Terrell-Slover Automatic Vender Corp., Newark, to deal in automatic machinery, $400,000; Harry H. Picking, Charles O. Geyer, Gordon Grant, East Orange.

Aetna Cut Glass Works, Bridgeton, $100,000; C. A. Nixon, L. Colby, Philadelphia.

Charles D. Link, Bridgeton.

Elkay Realty Co., Newark, $125,000; Louis Koppelon, Abraham Koller, Harry Losscwics, Newark.

John A. Bedwell Co., Beverly, textiles, $100,000; John A. Bedwell, U. S. Bedwell, C. V. Firth, Beverly.

T. Edward Kinney & Co., Trenton, real estate, $50,000; T. Edward Kinney, A. L. Thomas, Charles I. Archer, Trenton.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of H. C. F. Koch & Co., Inc., will be held at the offices of the Company, No. 123 West 125th Street, New York City, on Tuesday, Jan. 11th, 1921, at 12 o'clock noon.

W. T. KOCH, Secretary.

A New Year—New Conditions

Does Your Advertising Fit?

NOW is the time for reviewing the past, for planning for the future.

Think seriously of your advertising. Is it aimed in the right elevation at the right people? Does it impress the reader with a true understanding and appre

BUYING INTEREST SHOWN IN BRONX

Choice Fordham Road Corner Valued at $150,000 Reported Sold for Improvement.

TWO BIG APARTMENT DEALS

Builder Acquires Vacant Plot in University Heights Section—Profit From Recent Auction.

Several important deals in the Borough of the Bronx yesterday indicated a revival of interest for choice properties in that part of the city. Among the transactions were two large apartment house sales and the reported sale by a recent buyer of the large parcel at the northeast corner of Fordham Road and Morris Avenue, 167 feet on the former by 175 feet on the latter thoroughfare, occupied by several taxpayer stores erected by Mark F. Kelly, who acquired the property about eight year ago. The plot is valued at $150,000 and is one of the most desirable in that active Fordham Road section. Mr. Kelly sold the property a few days ago and the new owner is said to have disposed of it to interests who plan a substantial improvement.

Big Apartment Deals.

The two five-story apartment houses at 2,159 to 2,163 Morris Avenue, covering a plot 100 by 94 feet, near Cameron Place, have been sold by the S. L. Arends Company, in conjunction with Charles Moebus, for the Grafein Holding Corporation. Each house has accommodations for twenty families, showing an aggregate rental of about $27,000 annually. The property was held at $140,000.

Another big apartment deal, involving properties valued at approximately $150,000, was closed by Nicholas Lopard, who sold for the G. & E. Construction Company, I. Glick, President, the five-story structure at 821 and 823 Cauldwell Avenue, on a plot 50 by 130, accommodating thirty-five families. The purchaser was Mrs. Audezia Guarilardo, who gave in part payment the two-family house on the southwest corner of Cauldwell Avenue and 156th Street, on a lot 20 by 103 feet.

Builder Buys Large Plot.

An important purchase by a builder for future improvement in the New York University Heights section was made by Frank Angellilli, who bought a plot 50 by 100 on the former Mosis estate, on West 176th Street, near Grand Avenue, University Heights, from L. Hohmeyer; a 50 by 100 plot from R. Simpson and a 25 by 100 lot from J. Guttag, in all comprising a parcel 125 by 100 feet. He is having plans prepared by Architect Frank Citolo for several residences. The broker in the transaction was Frank J. McRickard. The latter also sold for E. B. Teichman the two-family dwelling at 1,850 Shakespeare Avenue.

Takes Quick Profit.

Philip Englander resold to J. Miller the plot, 125 by 100, at the northeast corner of Broadway and 218th Street. It was purchased by Mr. Englander at the auction conducted by Joseph P. Day of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company's property on May 25. Mr. Englander paid $10,150 and resold it for $20,000. The purchaser will improve it with a five-story factory building for the manufacture of automobile looking glasses.

Rasmussen & Sauter sold for S. Sahn the four-story flat at 861 Elsmere Place, on a plot 35 by 100 feet, to D. Tropper.

Building Law Amendments.

Following a series of conferences, the Board of Standards yesterday promulgated a number of proposed amendments to the rules designed, according to Captain John P. Leo, Chairman, to alleviate the housing situation.

The proposed amendments affect the plumbing rules, the building code provisions for rat-proofing and the building zone regulations.

Public hearings on the proposed amendments will be held as follows: On the proposed amendments to the plumbing rules, Jan. 13, at 2 P. M.; on the proposed rules amplifying the building code provisions for rat-proofing, on Jan. 20, at 2 P. M., and on the proposed rules defining certain uses under provisions of the building zone resolution, on Jan. 20, at 2 P. M.

All hearings will be held in the Board Room, 919, Municipal Building.

West End Avenue Purchase.

The four-story residence at 524 West End Avenue, plot 25 by 100, adjoining Eighty-sixth Street, has been sold by M. H. Gaillard & Co. for the Waldron Williams estate to the West End Chambers, Inc. The latter purchased recently 257 to 261 West Eighty-fifth Street through the same brokers, and the four houses will be altered into apartments with a large dining room on the basement floor. The West End Avenue house was held at $75,000, and the Eighty-fifth Street houses at $40,000 each.

Biscuit Company in Heights Lease.

The Duff & Brown Company has leased for the Lombardi Realty Company, Charles M. Rosenthal President, to the National Biscuit Company a plot 42 by 100 feet on the west side of Amsterdam Avenue between 177th and 178 Streets. The lease is for a long term, and a two-story building will be erected. The gross rental for the term is apparently $75,000.

$1,000,000 Pine Street Deal.

A loan of $1,000,000 has been made by the Equitable Trust Company on the fifteen-story building at 56 and 58 Pine Street, extending through to 26 and 28 Cedar Street, to the U. S. Food Products Corporation. The latter bought the building in October, 1919, from Mrs. Emily B. Hopkins.

Suburban Buying.

Hawson & Hobbs have sold for Bronson Moanell the two dwelling houses at 703 McCabe Avenue and 706 Beach Avenue, Bradley Beach, N. J.

The Robert E. Farley Organization has sold for Mrs. Marie L. Flemming her residence on Alpha Place, New Rochelle to Thomas J. Daley.

Buys Varick Street Corner.

The Waverly Building Corporation, which recently leased for twenty-one years the southeast corner of Franklin and Varick Streets, 24.5 by 91, from the Walsh estate, has bought the property for a stated consideration of $45,000. A three-story building will be erected.

Sells Oak Street Stable.

The Ruland & Whiting-Benjamin Corporation sold the four-story stable at 28 Oak Street, on a plot 28 by 177 feet, to Charles A. Nastronardi for Mrs. Hattie G. Toomey.

PRIVATE DWELLING SALES.

Murray Hill Residence Held at $100,000 Reported Sold.

Mrs. George H. Byrd is reported to have sold 69 Park Avenue, a four-story dwelling on a lot 24 by 101 feet adjoining the Barney house on the northeast corner of Thirty-eighth Street. The property was held at about $100,000.

Louis J. Pooler, has sold to an investor 26 East Fifty-fifth Street, a four-story dwelling, on a lot 20 by 80 feet, held at about $80,000.

The six-story dwelling at 43 East Fiftieth Street, on a lot 20 by 100, has been purchased by Fernando Wood from Mrs. John Clinton Gray. It was held at $100,000. The Brown Wheelock Company, in conjunction with Francis B. Roberts, were the brokers.

The four-story dwelling, 17 by 82.6, at 1,043 Lexington Avenue, has been sold by Malvina Meyers to Leopold Weiss.

James H. Cruikshank sold the three-story dwelling, 25 by 99.11, at 14 West 130th Street, recently acquired by him from the Astor estate. The new owner is Samuel A. Barnett.

Porter & Co. have sold for Julia M. Craft to James J. Maddox, the dwelling at 25 West 126th Street, on a lot 20 by 160. Ernest T. Bower represented the purchaser.

APARTMENT HOUSE TRADING

Chateaux Apartment, Held at $190,000, Purchased for Investment.

The eight-story Chateaux Apartment building at 314 and 316 West 100th Street, on plot 80 by 100.11 feet, has been purchased by James P. Donovan from Harriet Simons. The structure is between West End Avenue and Riverside Drive and has a mortgage of $190,000.

The five-story flat at 479 West 152d Street, on plot 50 by 100 feet, has been sold for Miss Mattie C. Lange by James E. Barry and Nehring Brothers as brokers.

Kossuth E. Bunnell sold to the Lansing Construction Company, M. H. Gaillard, President, the nine-story apartment house, 50 by 80.5, at 178 to 182 East Seventieth Street, held at $800,000. The buying company is a subsidiary of the M. H. Gaillard real estate firm. The M. H. Gaillard Company were the brokers.

Buys Grand Street Corner Plot.

The property occupied by buildings known as the Judd Oil Mills and warehouses on the corner of Grand and East Streets, extending through to Cherry Street, has been sold by Wm. H. Whiting & Co. for the United States Trust Company as trustee of the estate of George H. Penniman. The plot has a frontage on Grand Street of 137.2 feet, 81.10 feet on East Street and extends along Cherry Street 272 feet. On it are several four and five story buildings, covering an area of about 30,000 square feet.

The Nanes Art Furniture Company, which has occupied the premises for several years, will be required to vacate as the lease provides for its cancellation in event of sale. The purchaser was Louis Greenberg, a plumbing supply dealer, who will occupy the premises.

Tenement Investments.

The four-story house with store and a five-story tenement in the rear at 132 Ridge Street, plot 27 by 100 feet, has been sold by Horace S. Ely & Co. for the Samuel Philips estate to a client of Samuel Cowen.

Emil E. Gabler, executor, sold to Robert C. Wigand the five-story flat at 20 West 114th Street, 20 by 100.11.

Mary Buckley sold to Giuseppe Cappuccio the four-story tenement at 239 East 112th Street, 17.6 by 100.11.

William Fuge and others sold for $38,000 to August Weinrich the four-story tenement at 166 Amsterdam Avenue, 25 by 100.

$100,000 Jamaica Deal.

The property on the southwest corner of Fulton and Smith Streets, Jamaica, occupied by a store building and three dwellings, on a plot 85 by 100 feet, and an adjoining Smith Street parcel, 100 by 100 feet, occupied by four dwellings, has been purchased by A. E. Thompson of Brooklyn from the estate of William A. Warnock. The price paid was about $100,000. The broker in the deal was F. W. Scott & Co.

Deal on Cherry Street.

The two five-story buildings, on a plot 46.2 by 99.6, at 324 and 326 Cherry Street, have been sold by Frank J. Cassidy to Daniels & Kennedey, truckmen, who have acquired many parcels in that section.

Commercial Leases.

A. H. Mathews has leased the five-story building, 25 by 160 feet, at 53 Barclay Street, for a term of years to the present tenant, J. M. Thorburn & Co. The building runs through to 54 Park Place.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased the sixteenth floor at 160 Broadway to the firm of Lage Brothers, dealers in bonds and securities, for ten years. The Brown, Wheelock Company was associated.

The Haggstrom-Callen Company has leased for William N. Callahan the store at 188 Amsterdam Avenue to A. F. Beckman & Co., Inc. grocers.

Ames & Company have rented for Walsh & Ives the store 332 West Fiftieth Street to the Capital Theatrical Electrical Supply Company and for the Sheehy estate the corner store at the northwest corner of Second Avenue and Eighty-third Street to Hans Lehner for a restaurant.

The Roman-Callman Company has leased for William Klein to the Van Dern Steel Products Company of Manhattan the new brick factory on the east side of William Street, 167 feet north of Freeman Avenue, Long Island City.

The Gotham National Bank announces that during the past week office space in its new twenty-four-story building at Columbus Circle has been leased to William C. Durant, the Prudential Insurance Company of America, Slavia Transatlantic Corporation and the Polish Navigation Company.

Auction Result.

At 14 Vesey Street.
By Joseph P. Day.

163d St, 527 W, n s, 362.6 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 87.6x90.11, 6-sty flat and stores; Frida Davidson against Mary W. Lillis et al; Cohen, Gutman & Richter, attys; due, $38,239.95; taxes, &c., $395.95; to Velomen Siegel for $37,100.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SECOND FLOOR
Broadway Corner,
Times Square District
20 FT. CEILING
All Glass Front
100x100
In connection with a
Broadway Store
32 Ft. Frontage
CROSS & BROWN COMPANY
18 East 41st St., New York
Murray Hill 7100

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

ARMION BUILDING
S. E. CORNER SEVENTH AVE. & 36TH ST.
THE BUILDING FOR OFFICES AND SHOWROOMS
NO MANUFACTURING

DESIRABLE
as to:
ACCESSIBILITY, CO-TENANTRY
NATURAL LIGHTING
BUILDING SERVICE AND—
A *SENSIBLE* RENTAL SCHEDULE

LEASES FROM FEBRUARY 1st
Loton H. Slawson Company
PROPERTY MANAGEMENT ENGINEERS

FOR RENT
3 FLOORS
Size 43x100 Each
Large Electric Elevators, Steam Heat, Separate Entrance.
Apply to
AIMONE GALLERIES
(NEW BUILDING)
42-44 East 49th Street
Near Madison Ave. Or Your Own Broker.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Mortgage Money

Applications for conservative loans on centrally located business properties, apartments and dwellings, will receive prompt attention.

LOW CHARGES

Assignments accepted

Chas. F. Noyes Co.
118 William St. Phone John 2000

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Great Bargain
Over 500 feet of waterfront, with average depth of 350 feet of upland, running through to N. Y. C. R. R. on Bronx side of Harlem River near 176th Street; property all filled in to channel line; will be sold to quick buyer at bargain price to close an estate.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY,
141 Broadway, N. Y. City.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOMES AT MOUNT VERNON
(23 minutes from Grand Central Sta.)
ANDERSON REALTY Co
22 East 1st St. Tel. 1844-5 Mount Vernon.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

452 5th AVENUE [KNOX BLDG.] S.E. Cor. 40th St.
Northerly Exposure, overlooking Public Library. Three offices of 500 to 600 sq. ft. each to let from May 1st.
For rents and particulars apply to
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street

LOFT TO LET
116-118-120 East 27th ST.
From February 1, 1921
66 Feet 8 Inches Front
12th Floor; light on four sides; skylights; fireproof; 3 elevators; Fire Sprinkler equipment and all modern improvements.
For full particulars inquire of
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd Street
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

102 E. 52nd St. Park Ave.
2 very large and light rooms bath and kitchen
Apply to
R. C. VOTH, 375 Park Ave.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PATTERSON & AHLER, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, January 7, 1921, by order of the Court, at 2:00 P. M., at 527 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of showcases, desks, chairs, typewriters, safe, etc. Also the Receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of lease of said premises. JOSEPH H. FRIER, Receiver. EARLEIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 31 Chambers Street, New York.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
19-21 West 57th St.
New Building
Entire Floors
TO LEASE
Also Studio Suitable for Photographer.
Apply on premises or
THOMAS V. McLAUGHLIN
2 Rector St. Rector 1088.

Lofts, Offices, Showrooms
IN ALL SECTIONS OF CITY.
3,000 feet loft, $1,950.
23,000 feet, may divide. $25,000. Heavy Mfg.
2,500 feet office or showroom, $6,000.
Many Others at Varying Prices.
JOHN W. PARIS, INC.,
141 West 36th St. Telephone Fitzroy 6894.

LOFT TO LET.
424 to 438 W. 33rd St.,
between 9th and 10th Aves.
130x80; fireproof building, sprinkler; 5 elevators; immediate possession.
WM. H. WHITING & CO.,
41 Park Row

BUSINESS HESS PROPERTY

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—West Side.

1-3-4-5
Rooms, with Bath and
KITCHENS
New Elevator Apartment House
Just Finished
134 West 75th Street.
Agent on Premises

Central Park West
81st to 82d St.,
Hotel Beresford
A Few Suites of
1-2-3 ROOMS
AND BATH. Several Furnished.
EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RENTALS
Excellent Restaurant. Maid Service
APPLY ON PREMISES OR
Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St.

600 WEST 161st St.
6 ROOMS AND POWER
2 BATHS, FIREPROOF
ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE
POSSESSION DEC. 1, 1920
INQUIRE MELROSE 4982

92D ST. 303 WEST.
2 and 4 ROOMS.
BATH AND ITCHENETTE;
NEWLY REMODELED.
AGENT ON PREMISES
ALL DAY.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS
3 and 5-Room Complete Apartments.
Beautiful water view; 5 minutes to Wall St.
G. GIRARD, 215 Montague St.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Mortgage Loans Wanted.

WANT $2,000 first mortgage on Leonia, N. J., dwelling; conservatively appraised at $14,000. C 801 Times Downtown.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

SALE or Rent—New, up-to-date dwelling, 7 rooms, 2 tiled baths, open fireplace, sleeping porch, large enclosed sun parlor, perfect appointments, all improvements; large plot; high-class surroundings; about 20 minutes out; splendid transit; near station and schools; immediate possession; $150 per month. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 780.

GREENACRES—HARTSDALE.

Business calls owner South immediately; will sell at sacrifice modern Colonial house, 8 rooms, 3 baths; steam heat, gas, electricity; sleeping porch; two-car garage, heated; large wooded plot; high elevation; 5 minutes to station; for quick sale, $25,000, $10,000 cash. S. E. Smith, Hartsdale, Box 56. Telephone White Plains 2577.

$5,000 BELOW COST—ACT QUICK.

Larchmont Manor; eight rooms, 3 baths; gas and electric lights; 2-car garage; open fireplaces; oak floors throughout; sun parlor; on a beautiful shrubbed plot, with Sound views. Drummond, 17 West 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 7823, or 83 Boston Post Road, Tel. Larchmont 564.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

COLONIAL home, tiled kitchen and bath; plot 60x160; lawn; shrubs; garage; screens, awnings; near station and school; 35 minutes to New York; immediate possession; owner leaving for California. A. L. Engelken, 47 West 34th St. Fitzroy 6894.

CITY REAL ESTATE

25 cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

117TH ST. (near 5th Av.)—For rent $2,500 until May, newly decorated small house, antique furniture throughout; also furnished apartment, drawing room, bedroom, bath, kitchen; $125 monthly. Phone 438 Stuyvesant.

GUARANTEED POSSESSION.
Eleven-room house on West 11th St.; steam heat; bath, 3 toilets; Winter's coal in cellar; owner vacating. WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC., 72 Greenwich Av. Watkins 7434.

SUPREME bargain; 3-story American basement; all improvements; 102d St.-Riverside Drive; worth over $15,000; will be sold at big sacrifice; first reasonable offer gets it. Associated Realty Co., 118 West 40th St.

ATTENTION—Great opportunity; West 72d St.; $6,500 cash, balance 5 per cent. 5 years. Phone Columbus 4236. Alfred E. Clifford, 159 West 72d St.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—Immediate possession, 3-story, high stoop, West 90th; electric, parquet; splendid condition; $14,000. Murray Hill 1858.

BARGAIN—Corner, 232 East 52d St., 4-story tenement, 2 stores. Timoney, owner, 230 East 201st St.

FOR RENT—Three-story dwelling, West End Av. section; electric light; good condition. Leroy Coventry, 54 West 72d St.

SACRIFICE for cash, 4-story dwelling, near 86th St.; electric light, parquet floors; excellent condition. Telephone Columbus 224.

FOUR-STORY dwelling, lower 80s; $22,500; unusual opportunity. Murray Hill 4630.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

NEW ONE-FAMILY STUCCO with garage; price right; terms reasonable. 2,311 East Tremont Av., north of Kingsbridge Road.
BUILDER ON PREMISES.
Telephone Kingsbridge 1062.

TO RENT in Bensonhurst, 3 rooms and 7 rooms and bath, electric lights, gas, steam heat and hot water; $40 and $90; in up-to-date, new 2-family house; references. Box H. E., 822 Times.

ARE you paying $60 to $90 per month rent? If so, write and I will show you how to buy latest, new two-family house for $2,000 cash. Executor, Box M. L., 822 Times.

SEVEN-ROOM stucco house, Flatbush; garage; electricity, steam, gas; long, short lease. Riverside 2852.

IF you have $2,000 cash you can buy a new two-family house without further investment; Saving, Box A. B., 822 Times.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

NO CASH.
Now six or seven room, stucco Flatbush house, with garage; may be bought no cash down; only requirement is monthly payment about $40; fair rental; will decorate to suit. WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC., 72 Greenwich Av., N. Y. C. Watkins 7434.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

TO LET, one-family house; seven rooms and bath; electric lights and improvements; now vacant, at Elmhurst. Inquire A. Buckley, Sr., 97 Corona Av., near High School.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

A REAL BARGAIN.

Moving to Toledo, owner must sell immediately fine seven-room home at Bay Side, Long Island, in fine neighborhood, near shore, yacht club and bathing beach; 25 minutes to New York City by electric trains; steam heat; hardwood floors throughout, tile bath, new screens, awnings, storm windows; recently painted and decorated; brick fireplace; for quick sale will sacrifice at $10,500, worth $15,000; only a few thousand dollars cash required. Tel. D. F. Miller, Fitzroy 5250, Room 306, 1 West 34th St.

FOR RENT—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
Six-room house in Rockville Centre, L. I.; built two years ago; twelve minutes' walk from station, forty minutes from downtown New York; fine heating plant; coal in cellar; recent death in family necessitates renting this desirable, cosy home at $70 per month unfurnished, or $100 per month furnished until May 1. Call or write Matthews, 201 Raymond Av., Rockville Centre, L. I.

FOR SALE—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
Six-room, two-story house in Rockville Centre, L. I.; plot 90x150; house built two years ago; twelve minutes from station, forty minutes from New York; fine heating plant; coal in cellar; death in family necessitates sacrificing this desirable property for $8,000. Call or write, Matthews, 201 Raymond Av., Rockville Centre, L. I.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

SANITARIUM FOR SALE.
1,100 FEET ELEVATION; NO MOSQUITOES. WITHIN 50 MILES OF NEW YORK ON LACKAWANNA; EXCELLENT LOCATION; 50 ACRES; BEAUTIFUL NEW BUILDING; ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; STEAM, ELECTRICITY; SEPARATE LAVATORIES IN BEDROOMS; FULLY AND NEWLY FURNISHED; COMPLETE IN EVERY DETAIL; $65,000; GREAT OPPORTUNITY TO THE PROFESSION OR HIGH-CLASS HOTEL MAN. S. 787 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ANOTHER bargain; will cut price 20 per cent. to sell within 15 days fine home property, consisting of dainty Dutch Colonial house of 6 rooms and tiled bath, every improvement, and 1-3-acre plot, with fine lawn and grapes; easy commuting distance out in Jersey; cleanest-cut country suburban community; 5 minutes to railroad station; $3,500 cash secures title and occupancy; $5,000 can remain on first mortgage. Serious. Box T. Office Box 1,107, City Hall Station, New York City.

SALE or Rent—Comfortable year-round bungalow in residential suburb, 30 minutes from New York; 6 rooms, bath, open fireplace, all improvements; near station, schools, stores, immediate possession; $65 monthly. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone Murray Hill 780.

FOR SALE, new Colonial house at Fanwood, N. J.; 7 rooms; all modern impts.; steam heat, gas and electric; owner leaving town; price $7,500, only $3,000 cash; easy commutation to Newark or New York. P. O. Box 669, Algonac, N. Y.

RIDGEFIELD PARK—Times Square 30 minutes; shingle house, built 5 years; 6 rooms, all improvements; $5,500. Bryant 9233.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED to rent—Westchester County, (Harlem Division of Central line only); small, modern furnished house, by small family of adults; immediate occupancy to October or longer. E 170 Times.

WANTED to rent, house, 6 or 7 rooms, in suburb; convenient to downtown New York; write description, location, price. E 147 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

42D ST., 511 AND 513 WEST.
Modern eight-story building, high ceilings. LOFTS 50x100; TWO ELEVATORS. Seventh Loft, $4,000. Possession Feby. 1. Sixth Loft, $3,000. Possession May 1. M. M. HAYWARD & CO., 2,640 Broadway.

STORE,
25x90, in good business section, near Broadway and Spring St.; possession Feb. 1; 100% sprinkler, heat. Lester J. Robinson & Co., Inc., 196 Rogers Av., Brooklyn. Prospect 9448.

BUSINESS PROPERTY TO LET.
Basement stockroom, Dey St., New York; best below Canal St.; 5,300 square feet; dry; cement floor; metal ceiling; steam heat; sidewalk hoist; electric light; reasonable. S 778 Times Downtown.

BROADWAY STORE TO LET.
RENT $150 MONTH.
Near 72d St. on Broadway; 20x50; semi-basement; lease has 4½ years to run; immediate occupancy; $200 bonus. Telephone Columbus 6549.

IMMEDIATE possession, a beautiful office and showroom, 500 feet on 5th Av., fully equipped wonderful fixtures, furniture, also telephone suitable for dress, waist, or cloak jobber; reasonable rent. Longacre 5435. Mr. Brown.

DESIRABLE SMALL OFFICES, SEPARATE OR IN SUITES, AVAILABLE NOW; 42D AND BROADWAY; BILTMORE REALTY CORPORATION, TIMES BUILDING. PHONE BRYANT 7738-1527.

SEVEN-STORY modern corner loft building, near Canal St.; will lease for a long term of years, or will sell; suitable for offices or light manufacturing. Inquire Howard C. Forbes, 66 Broadway. Rector 747.

PART OF LOFT TO SUBLET AT 906 BROADWAY, HEART OF BUSINESS SECTION, 1,400 SQUARE FEET, $2,000. NO MANUFACTURING. ENCORE, 6TH FLOOR, 906 BROADWAY.

FURNISHED DAYLIGHT OFFICES with telephone; 300 square feet; reasonable rent; possession Jan. 1; 5th Av., above 42d St. Ogden & Clarkson Corporation, 605 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1124.

FOR RENT—1,000 sq. ft. or less, facing City Hall; telephone and office service if desired; will give lease from Jan. 1. Phone Therkildsen, Beekman 1082.

1,000 FEET—TIMES BUILDING.
Wonderful location; advertising novelty manufacturers; sales; service; sublet reasonable. J 859 Times.

WILL sublet part of office suite in prominent downtown office building; private telephone available; immediate possession. C 805 Times Downtown.

FOR RENT, on completion, Jan. 1, 1921, new one-story garage, facing PENNSYLVANIA TERMINAL, 52x94. Phone Owner, Longacre 2722.

34TH ST., 136 WEST—Second floor store, show window front; immediate possession. M. & L. Hess, Inc., 907 Broadway, Stuyvesant 4200.

LOFTS AND OFFICES.
DESIRABLE LOCATIONS.
BILTMORE REALTY CORP., TIMES BLDG. PHONE BRYANT 7738-1527.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS; ALL SECTIONS. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 22 NASSAU ST. JOHN 1171. 31 EAST 42D ST., VANDERBILT 9175.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE.
Immediate occupancy; three elegantly equipped and furnished rooms; nurse in attendance. 8 East 48th St.

PRIVATE OFFICE, high class building, downtown on Broadway; telephone connections; separate entrance. 220 Broadway, Room 924. Worth 5068.

DANCING ACADEMY, studio, or private school location; parlor and library floors newly decorated; parquet; conveniences. 828 West 72d.

STORES, OFFICES, SHOWROOMS, READY FOR OCCUPANCY. VARIOUS SIZES AND PRICES. EARLINGTON BUILDING, 51 WEST 28TH ST. PHONE 6213 CHELSEA.

SMALL office, fully equipped, telephone, light and furniture; concern going out of business; low rent. Apply for particulars, Barclay 638.

OFFICES at 123 Liberty St., also one floor sub-divided; immediate possession; long lease. For particulars apply The Seneca Co., World Building.

OFFICE Space to Let—About 200 sq. ft. furnished office room in Vanderbilt Avenue Building, 51 East 42d. Particulars phone Murray Hill 2320.

LIGHT, sunny offices, suitable artists, architects, contractors. 139 Lexington Av.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICE TO RENT—One or two beautiful offices; low rent until May 1; will rent or sell handsome furniture; also desk room, phone service, &c. Room 805, Trinity Bldg., 111 Broadway.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
The right location is half the battle; we have the location for your showrooms and executive offices; entire fourth floor in the Gorham Building, 386-390 5th Av., also 36th St. entrance; will lease for term of years; lowest price in this section; also offer in the same building, ninth floor, 2,000 square feet, beautiful studio space. Apply Lease Co., 296 Broadway. Telephone Worth 249.

1,500 SQUARE FEET
ON 5TH, NEAR 42D ST.
Entire 4th floor of most exclusive building on 5th Av.; satisfactory lease at $6,000 year; highest class business only; immediate occupancy. Telephone Mr. Richards, 540 Murray Hill.

OFFICES TO LET.
A few more desirable offices to let; $40 and up; newly decorated; opposite Manhattan St. subway station.
LIBBY'S HOLDING CORP.,
3,197 B'WAY.
Phone Morningside 9064.

STORE, 12 WEST 56TH ST., UNDER FASHIONABLE FRENCH DRESSMAKING ESTABLISHMENT, SUITABLE FOR MILLINERY, ANTIQUES, &C.

SEVERAL offices, suitable for displaying samples; reasonable rent to responsible tenants. 1,182 Broadway, Room 1207.

LOFTS, very light; immediate possession; steam; 25x104, 40 West 3d, 137 Grand St. Telephone Rhinelander 9837.

OFFICE SUITE, furnished; Knox Building, 40th St. and 5th Av.; frontage. Murray Hill 1779.

OFFICE SPACE TO SUBLET, ONE OR TWO ROOMS; PLENTY LIGHT; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. ROOM 604, 110 W. 40TH ST.

AVENUE store, new reconstructed building; developing neighborhood; excellent opportunity. 241 7th Av.

BROOME ST., 498—Store and basement 20x75; reasonable rent; Feb. 1. 43 6th Av. Spring 2996.

ELEGANT LOFT for rent, 75x165, light all around; freight elevator, steam heat 1,182 Flushing Av., Brooklyn. Tel. 4104 Stagg.

EAST 57TH ST business corner; 60 feet; 21-year net lease $16,500; principals only. Murray Hill 4639.

LOFT TO LET—Top floor, skylight; in the 30's, between 5th and Madison Aves. E 164 Times.

A PRIVATE office, desk room with service, Grand Central zone. Suite 908, 51 East 42d St.

DESK ROOM, desirable, in large, light private office. Apply Room 401, 305 Broadway.

27TH, 43 WEST—Large and small offices from Feb. 1, 1921; modern fireproof building. Call Room 804, Watkins 5248.

PART of desirable store in suitable location for wholesale concern; telephone service. 224 East 34th St.

FOR LEASE OR RENT,
store in Wall St., 20x29, suitable for any business. Call Rector 6062, after 11:30 A. M.

FURNISHED OFFICE, telephone installed; rent whole or part; 3 doors from 42d St. Herron, 489 5th Av.

LARGE office room for rent, City Hall section. C 807 Times Downtown.

CORNER LOFT, excellent light, heat; immediate occupancy. Apply 42 Duane, 1st floor.

OFFICE and desk room, telephone and stenographer service. Apply 503 World Building.

EAST 57TH STREET—60 feet, shopping centre; lease $16,500. Murray Hill 4639.

47TH ST., 215 EAST—Loft; will alter to suit. J. S. Murphy.

42D ST., 25 WEST, Room 223—Furnished offices, with phone.

STORE, 21x24; steam heat, electricity. 204 East 38th. Murray Hill 9752.

DESKROOM space, phone service. Apply first floor, 77 5th Av. Stuyvesant 6209.

WILL SHARE small office, telephone and steno service. 1206, 110 West 40th St.

PART of loft, about 500 square feet; very light. M. Rosenblatt, 34 West 28th.

LIGHT desk room, window, desk, phone service; $30. Engel, 30 East 23d St.

Bronx.

MANUFACTURING LOFT, fireproof, steam heat, elevator, 2,500 3d Av. Mott Haven 724.

STORE—Will fix suit tenant; also apartment 4 rooms. 830 East 147th St.

Brooklyn.

BRICK FACTORY BUILDING, about 6,700 sq. ft., Williamsburg section of Brooklyn, near all railroad freight stations; immediate possession; high ceilings with skylights; good light, concrete floors, with sewer drainage, electricity; good storage cellar; office space and driveway into building.

40 PENN ST., BROOKLYN.

Long Island.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
5,000 to 10,000 square feet space; early occupancy; or will build to suit.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
Bridge Plaza. LONG ISLAND CITY.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

RESTAURANTS, ATTENTION,
WALL STREET DISTRICT.
Man, responsible, Christian, will give services as cashier in return for cigar stand privilege and meals. E. J. D., care M. Docherty, Alcazar Hotel, 47 West 32d St., Room 1115.

WE need listings of office space, 23d to 46th St. and 5th Av., inclusive, in units of 500 sq. ft. and less; give full details; we have many calls for office space of this size. Samuel Kronsky, Inc., Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St.

WE have clients for buildings, lofts, offices and show rooms; let us know what you have for sale or lease; quick action. Dept. A, John W. Paris & Son, Inc., 141 West 36th. Phone Fitzroy 6894.

LOFT wanted for automobile shop, between 45th and 70th Sts., to hold about 25 cars. Write to S. Lapin, 502 West 136th St.

WANTED, large store or part of building in Harlem, to store new furniture. Bracken, 318 Lenox Av.

WANTED, to rent or buy lease of large store or building near Lenox and 125th. Bracken, 318 Lenox.

FACTORIES.

BROOKLYN, Queensboro, New Jersey factory properties, sale, rent and built on easy terms. Walter Baker Co. Factory Brokers, 756 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

12TH ST., 4 EAST—ENTIRE PARLOR FLOOR, OR UNFURNISHED; LEASE JAN. 1; REASONABLE; VERY SUITABLE FOR DOCTORS OR TWO GENTLEMEN; CALL AFTERNOONS ONLY.

15TH ST., 102 EAST (Union Square), Hotel Laclede—Two-room suite with bath; $21 week; hotel service.

29TH ST., 101-103 EAST (Hatfield House)—Elevator apartment hotel; desirable 1, 2 and 3 room suites, maid and hall service; attractive rentals; furnished or unfurnished. SPOTS & STARR, INC., Times Building. Tel. Bryant 6009.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 140)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

31ST ST., (near Lexington)—2 rooms, bath; large kitchenette; comfortably furnished. Call Vanderbilt 8428, 2 to 5.

38TH (Lexington)—Charming basement, 3 rooms, bath; fireplace. Mad. Sq. 437.

40TH ST., 19 EAST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; to Oct. 1. Babcock.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

50TH (Off 5th Av.)—Elegantly furnished living room, grand piano, bedroom, large kitchenette (fully equipped), bath; scrupulously clean; telephone; $200 monthly, including gas, electricity and linen; can be subleased to October. Plaza 9361.

58TH (602 Lexington)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; suitable for 1 or 2 bachelors; lease reasonable. Supt., 406 Plaza.

56TH, 1 EAST.
2 ROOMS AND BATH; SUBLET; HOTEL SERVICE; 2 MONTHS OR SEASON; REFERENCES. CALL OR PHONE PLAZA 805.

56TH (678 Madison Av.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; lease to Oct. 1st. Call 1-6, Colin.

60TH ST., EAST—High class furnished apartment; 3 rooms, kitchen, bath. Phone Plaza 2974, mornings until 11, evenings 5 to 8.

60TH, 18 EAST—Sublet bargain, 1, 2, 3 room suites, 2 rooms, 2 baths, handsomely furnished. Jacinto Hotel.

60TH, MADISON AV., 845—Attractive one room, bath; telephone, elevator, maid service.

62D ST., 40 EAST—Elegantly furnished 7-room, 3 baths apartment; season or year. Eschwege.

62D, 26 EAST—Entire floor, very large room, fireplaces. Newlin, Plaza 2300.

65TH

es, all improvements; immediate possession; $70 per month. Inquire Superintendent, 1,132 Madison Av., near 94th St.

GRAMERCY PARK, 2—Two rooms and bath, unfurnished; $12. Page.

MADISON AV., 1,013 (58TH)—BEAUTIFUL TWO AND THREE ROOM SUITES IN EXCLUSIVE REMODELED PRIVATE RESIDENCE; ELECTRICITY, PRIVATE BATH, MANAGER ON PREMISES. PHONE HASLER 8200.

MADISON AV. (COR. 68TH).
Beautiful floor, 2 large rooms, kitchen and bath, on 2d floor; reasonable.

PARK AV., 1,126—Four light rooms; steam, electricity; $70-$80. Pfeister.

Unfurnished—West Side.

107TH ST., 60-62 WEST—Four rooms and bath; elevator. Apply premises.

113TH ST., 135 WEST—Three rooms, bath, modern elevator apartment house; immediate possession; $90 monthly. J. Irving Walsh, 73 West 11th St.

116TH, 144 WEST—Large living room, bedroom, bath, pantry, utility closet; new, modern, unusually comfortable; rents reasonable; immediate possession.

27TH, 344 WEST—Attractive suites, 2 rooms, tiled baths, showers, parquet floors, electricity; residential block; refurbished; $70-$75.

91ST ST., 19-21 WEST—Strictly high-class fireproof apartment of 2 rooms and bath; maid service optional; desirable tenants; rental $1,800; also STUDIO, 18x28, 2 bedrooms, $2,500.

107TH ST., 26 WEST (Oakdale)—Two-room apartment, with bath.

46TH ST., 64 WEST.

Superior apartment, two very large rooms, tiled bath, showers, electricity, steam, hot water; open for inspection. M. L. Harris, 6670 Madison Square.

107TH, 47 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; one left; $1,080 year. Donovan.

50TH ST., WEST—Unfurnished two rooms, with bath; newly decorated; southern exposure; hardwood floors. Telephone Circle 7127.

50TH ST., WEST—Unfurnished two rooms with bath, newly decorated; southern exposure; hardwood floors. Telephone Circle 7127.

52D ST., 58 WEST—Attractive two-room and bath apartments; electric lights, hardwood floors, hot water heat and supply; ample closet room. Jas. A. Dowd, 874 6th Av. Circle 32.

54TH, 32 WEST (near 5th Av.)—Attractive 3 large rooms, bath, kitchenette; large closets; redecorate; furnished or unfurnished; fireplaces; entire floor; open for inspection; lease, $155. Phone Hanover 6806.

55TH ST., 200 WEST.

Two rooms, kitchenette and bath; three rooms, kitchenette and bath, just completed; all outside rooms; from $125 to $150 per month.

56TH, 158 W.—Attractive 7-room apartment; high-class building. Apply Superintendent.

58TH, 200 WEST — Six-room attractive apartment of highest type. Apply Supt.

68TH, 71 WEST—Unusually handsome apartments, entire floor each; tiled bath, parquet floors; reference essential; lease.

69TH ST., 106 WEST.

2 rooms, bath and kitchenette in high-class apartment house; immediate possession; $1,500.

SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

116 WEST 72D ST.
APARTMENT HOTEL.
2 ROOMS AND BATH.

Contents of an apartment for sale, with lease; furniture made to order by Hampton Shops; oil paintings, etchings, &c., re-nowned artists; rare bargains; rent opportunity of possession at once. Phillips & Co., 148 West 72d St. Columbus 1833.

72D, 323 WEST—Parlor and library floors; individually or en suite; beautiful.

72D ST., 38 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, southern exposure, all improvements; $75.

75TH, 28 WEST—Entire parlor floor, consisting of three rooms and pantry, suitable two doctors; select neighborhood; reasonable.

77TH, 110 WEST—Two warm rooms, bath, dumbwaiter, kitchenette; $120; 1 flight up.

77TH, 115 WEST—1, 2, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, every improvement; best in city; $900 to $1,650.

79TH (near Broadway)—Duplex, four rooms, kitchen, open fireplaces. Schuyler 7014.

81ST, 123 WEST—Apartment to let, furnished, unfurnished, 1 room, bath, kitchenette.

82D, 35 WEST—5 light, sunny rooms; immediate possession; rear, near Central Park and 81st St. "L."

83D, 46 WEST—Sublet 5 front rooms and bath in new high-class apartment house. Telephone Schuyler 6097.

84TH, 31 WEST—Exceptionally spacious 8-room parlor floor apartment; 3 entrances; latest improvements; bath, kitchenette; ideal doctor.

85TH, 845 WEST—Beautiful high-class eight-room elevator apartment; immediate possession.

87TH ST., 300 WEST—Two unfurnished rooms and bath on fifth floor, front, in apartment hotel; for further information call at above address or telephone Schuyler 8763.

88TH ST., 200-6 WEST—Five, six, seven and eight room apartments, with bath. Apply Superintendent on premises.

97TH, 116 WEST—Two rooms, bath, every improvement, kitchenette privilege, $75, $1,200.

98th—Five rooms, bath; furniture, $700; rent $100. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

100TH ST., 319 WEST—Private 2-room apartment, unfurnished or furnished; lease. Kiesel.

100th—Six rooms, bath; new furniture, $650; rent $75. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

100TH ST., 230 WEST—THE OVERDENE. An exceptionally attractive five-room apartment; two master's bedrooms; possession at once. Apply Superintendent, Mr. Wagner.

106TH, 312 WEST—Two beautiful apartments, large rooms, many closets, modern; $125.

114TH, 251 WEST—Monterey Apartments; facing on 3 streets and 2 parks; 8-room apartments, all outside rooms; immediate possession. Supt. on premises or apply Howard G. Forbes, Rector 747.

116TH (Riverside)—Five rooms; attractive, sunny; June 1; reasonable. Ricker, 6704 Morningside.

137TH, 612 WEST—7 rooms, high-class elevator; new decoration; rent reasonable.

140S (near Drive)—Six rooms, bath; $1,080 year. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

151ST, 448 WEST—Five all light rooms, bath, newly decorated; $70. Janitor.

156TH, 623 WEST—9 rooms, 3 baths, high-class apartment; immediate possession.

180TH ST., 716 WEST—Five rooms and bath, third floor, $90; six rooms and bath, top floor, $90; all improvements; possession Jan. 1.

APARTMENT FOR SALE
in the Pinnacle, 50 Central Park West; eight rooms and bath; twelfth floor; 2 master bedrooms, two rooms, bath and roof garden on floor above, connected by private stairway. Horace G. Knowles, 50 Central Park West.

ARTIST STUDIO.

87th, 116 West—Wonderful north light, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette privilege, $1,300.

BROADWAY, 3,647 (156th St., Southhold)—Desirable Broadway apartment, six rooms; all light; fireproof building. Ann 9797.

COLUMBUS AV., 855 (near 103d St.)—Cozy, modern 2-room and bath apartment, $70; will sell furniture.

DOCTOR'S APARTMENT of four rooms or four and three adjoining, in a new fireproof building; very central; immediate possession. Apply 240 West 75th St. Columbus 4454.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
Doctor's office, two rooms and bath. Hotel Beresford, Central Park West, 81st St.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
Doctor's office, 3 rooms; private entrance from street. Hotel Sevilla, 117 West 58th.

DOCTOR'S APARTMENT, furnished or unfurnished. Hotel Anderson, 102 West 80th St.

GENTLEMAN will sublet his apartment, entire floor, to responsible party. Academy 8337.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Exceptionally attractive two and four room apartments; electricity; every modern convenience. Inquire 51 Barrow St.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 20 (Cor. 116th St.)—Seven rooms, bath, modern, apartment, elevator; opposite Morningside Park; immediate possession; $125.

RIVERSIDE, 151 (87th)—Magnificent floor; also one-room apartment; exceptional baths; lease.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320—Sublet, eight beautiful rooms, two baths, one lavatory; one block from subway and bus; strictly fireproof building; must be seen to be appreciated; rent $3,000 yearly (now vacant). Af J. Odell, Audubon 5400.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 861—Splendid apartment in new house, consisting of five rooms and bath, to sublet for a period of one year and nine months; rental $200 per month. Telephone L. P. Genet, Plaza 4110.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 894—7 rooms, corner apartment. Apply office, Hudson View Construction Co., 900 Riverside Drive, corner 104st St. Telephone Wadsworth 6335.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 986—Four rooms, southern exposure and facing Hudson River. Apply Supt. on premises, or telephone office, Wadsworth 6333.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 684 (corner 142th St.)—Four rooms and bath, housekeeping modern apartment; $1,800; southwest exposure. Columbus 4454.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 840—Two and three all outside front rooms, fireproof apartment hotel; wonderful view; reduced prices.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (145th St.)—Fireproof building; 6-room corner apartment; possession. Cortlandt 3681. Audubon 6804.

East Side.

107TH (corner Lexington Av., 162)—Seven with meals, $18 weekly up; good home cooking, hotel service, elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

37 EAST 39TH ST.
Double room, bath; single room; reference.

53D, 64 WEST — Single and double rooms, with board; references.

57TH (Near 5th)—Splendid opportunity to own real home for young man willing to share room with gentleman; references exchanged. K 356 Times.

65TH, 14 EAST—Rooms with board; table guests accommodated. Rhinelander 8006.

MADISON AV., 213 (near 36th)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

56TH, 44 WEST—Elegant large room, private bath; steam; table de hote.

73D ST., WEST—Charming, refined home; exceptional food and accommodations. Cosgrove 1621.

79TH, 149 WEST—Single, double; ideal location; excellent table; guests accommodated.

97TH, 3 WEST—Large room, private bath; suitable two or three; refined; select boarding house; table guests. Berger.

76TH, 133 WEST—Large front room, private bath; home cooking; table guests.

76TH, 129 WEST—Large, sunny room; excellent table; parlor dining; table guests.

77TH, 114-122 WEST—Riverside, corner street; unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; steam heat.

80TH, 143 WEST—Large warm room, second floor; table board; homelike; references.

82D, 124 WEST (Graycourt) — Attractive, modern, steam heat; references; table guests.

82D, 5 WEST—Superior accommodations, newly furnished home, excellent cuisine; reference, Jay.

103D, 239 WEST—Front parlor apartment, singles; continuous hot water; home cooking; 2 doors broadway facing Marseilles Hotel.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

73D, 142 WEST—Exceptional suite 2 connecting rooms, bath, electricity; board optional.

73D, 244 WEST—Attractive room for gentleman; private house; electricity.

73D, 269 WEST—Double front room, comfortably furnished; kitchenette; one flight; $20.

74TH, 159 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $14 UPWARD; ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE COMPLETE.

74TH, 3 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM. ADJOINING BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; REASONABLE.

74TH ST., 242 WEST—Large room and bath, or large suite of rooms; exceptionally well furnished; references required.

74TH, 161 WEST—Large room, bath; private family; steam heat, electricity; gentleman.

74TH, 240 WEST—Large front room, bath, electricity, steam; couple or gentlemen.

74TH, 158 WEST—Single, double rooms; twin beds; electricity; $8, $12, $14.

75TH, 327 WEST.
76TH, 305 WEST.
78TH, 134 WEST.
ATTRACTIVE LARGE AND SMALL ROOMS.

76TH, 102 WEST—Elevator, steam heat, nicely furnished, conveniences, electricity. Apt. 65.

75TH, 327 WEST—Attractive large front room, steam heat; high-class house.

75TH, 56 WEST—Warm, sunny room, with bath, second floor; reference.

76TH, 42 WEST—Large front rooms, bath, with maid service; suitable one or two; twin beds, telephone.

76TH, 237 WEST—Newly furnished double room, bath adjoining, electricity, phone.

77TH—Exceptionally attractive two-room front suite in apartment; gentlemen. Schuyler 7014.

77TH, 113 WEST—Large room, private bath, phone, electricity; business people.

78TH, 115 WEST—Large front room, bath; beautifully furnished; electricity, phone; gentlemen.

80TH, 137 WEST—Large front parlor, adjoining bedroom, private bath, electricity, cooking privilege; also large basement.

82D ST., 15 WEST—Attractive, south front room; refined, quiet home; references.

82D, 20 WEST—Beautifully furnished double rooms, bath; refined home; references.

82D, 20 WEST—Beautiful medium, 5 rooms, running water, electricity.

82D ST. (2,322 Broadway)—Large room suitable two gentlemen; electricity, steam; phone; $12.50 weekly; references. Wilson.

84TH, 15 WEST—Attractive front, electricity, telephone, maid service; another room. Palmer.

85TH, 66 WEST—Handsomely furnished rooms, near baths; electricity, telephone; references required.

85TH, 253 WEST (Berkley Chambers)—Attractive room, private bath; first floor; reference.

87TH, 360 WEST—First-class rooms; service; location; refined; business men.

86TH, 139 WEST—Two large, beautifully furnished connecting rooms, kitchenette privileges, private bath; complete housekeeping; telephone.

86TH, 139 WEST—Beautifully furnished rooms, single and double; all conveniences; reasonable.

87TH, 172 WEST—Small room, southern exposure; attractive basement room; kitchen privilege.

87TH, 48 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED, LARGE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, TWIN BEDS; ELECTRICITY, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; REASONABLE.

88TH, 344 WEST—Large medium room; lavatory, adjacent bath; twin beds if desired; for gentleman demanding first-class accommodations in every particular.

88TH, 132 WEST—Attractive large room, suitable two gentlemen; medium room; references.

89TH ST., 321 WEST—Large, comfortable room, running water; also studio parlor.

91ST, 304 WEST—Large, clean, attractive rooms; private; adjoining baths; electricity; reference.

91ST, 51 WEST—Artistic, old mahogany and chints, immaculately clean, with continuous hot water, restaurant connected.

92D, 424 WEST—Particularly desirable modern room, Chelsea Square; all improvements. Reuberer.

94TH ST., 403 WEST—1 room, beautifully furnished, heat, electric, hardwood, telephone.

98TH, 348 WEST—Parlor, running water, electricity, $10; beautiful room, two beds, private bath, $12.

100TH ST., 66 WEST—Large room, adjoining bath; exclusive house; references.

43D, 107-109 WEST—Bachelor apartments, double and all single rooms, with or without bath; modern; electric light; telephone. Durand.

48TH ST., 242 WEST—Two large rooms, newly decorated, electricity, running water, telephone and maid service; business people only.

58TH ST., 37 WEST—Large, small rooms, private baths, convenient location, elevator, subway.

61ST, 28 WEST—Beautiful back parlor, business people; central; phone; subway.

67TH, 128 WEST—Parlor and bedroom in private apartment; steam, electricity; convenient to bath; phone; clean; references. Campeau.

68TH, 46 WEST—Comfortably furnished large front room; electricity; references; gentlemen.

69TH, 14 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED TWO-ROOM SUITE, TWIN BEDS, ELECTRICITY, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; ALSO SINGLE; $14.

69TH, 133 WEST—Newly furnished, redecorated; en suite or single; private bath.

70TH, 220 WEST—In owner's own house, exceptionally and attractively furnished parlor floor with bath; wonderful rooms; have never been occupied; every possible comfort and convenience; light housekeeping; fine closets.

70TH, WEST, near Broadway subway station; front room, adjoining bath; owner's private home; gentlemen; references. B 540 Times.

70TH, 135 WEST—Select accommodations, second floor front, two rooms, bath; other rooms, bath; single; lavatory; electricity; cleanliness.

70TH ST., 124 WEST.
COMFORTABLE FRONT ROOM, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATH; TELEPHONE.

70TH, 28 WEST—Large, attractive room; private bath; electricity, steam; gentleman; references.

70TH, 223 WEST—Large front room, all improvements.

71ST, 62 WEST—HANDSOME DOUBLE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $18.

72D, 314 WEST—Two attractive rooms, Hudson view, electricity, home comforts, telephone.

72D, 22 WEST—Medium sized front room, electricity, running water, near bath.

73D, 132 WEST—Exclusive bachelor suites, one and two large rooms, bath, high ceilings, hardwood floors, large closets, elegantly furnished, Oriental rugs, silk hangings, serv. maid, linen service, phone, breakfast.

73D (Broadway)—Several desirable rooms, furnished or unfurnished, in corner apartment; business people; references essential. J 26 Times.

73D, 156 WEST—Handsomely furnished large room, second floor; also large sunny room, one-two gentlemen; bath; reference.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (Washington Heights)—Superb room, home comforts; fireproof elevator apartment. Tel. Schuyler 844 from 10 to 4.

RIVERSIDE, 151 (87th)—Beautiful room, dressing room; modern bath; kitchenette privilege.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 547—Well furnished room, suitable two gentlemen; subway express. Reuven.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362 (100th)—Large, handsomely furnished room; piano; exclusive; gentleman.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 321—Elegant studio or home for refined people; superb view.

WEST END AV., 700 (94th St.)—Exceptionally attractive, sunny two-room suite, five windows; piano, electricity; beautifully furnished; also large room, suitable two, and single room. Phone Riverside 9845. Britten.

WEST END AV., 417 (79th)—Attractive room overlooking Hudson; gentlemen. 8 West.

WEST END AV., 290 (Near 73d)—Well-furnished, large rooms, $14-$20.

Queens.

HANDSOMELY furnished room, steam heat; one or two ladies, with or without board; American family; select neighborhood; 18 minutes out; two blocks from station; reasonable; references. Phone 3598 Richmond Hill.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

THREE rooms, modern improvements; $60 monthly; two adults. Phone Intervale 8232.

87TH ST., 137 WEST—Beautiful front room, $50; two smaller rooms, $45; references.

ROOMS WANTED

Furnished.

GENTLEMAN desires furnished room, with private family in New Jersey, within commuting distance from New York; no board desired. Write Room 307, 467 Broadway, New York.

DY quiet, well bred young business woman, comfortable room in private residence; good location, walking distance of Madison Av. and 54th St. E 160 Times.

ROOM facing Riverside, private family; gentleman; permanent, reasonable. Sherman. Phone Rector 7600, before noon.

WITH breakfast and dinner, in or near New York; college woman; Christian; state terms. W 144 Times.

GENTLEMAN wishes room, west side; state rent, dimensions; permanent. D 1192 Times Harlem.

147TH ST., 413 WEST—Rooms, well furnished, all modern conveniences, residential section.

COUPLE with baby desire furnished room with private family. E 130 Times.

Unfurnished.

TWO ROOMS and bath; gentleman; state price. E 140 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, competent, nine and half years' experience; desires entry; capable making cost statements; take complete charge; executive ability; highest credentials. R., 405 Watkins St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, thorough knowledge of all office details, able to take full charge, 12 years' experience with one concern, desirous of making change. M. W., 200 Norwood Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. V 740 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, long experience, double entry, contracting accounts, payrolls. J 20 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Christian, five years' experience; salary moderate. Phone South 3967.

COMPANION—Widow wishes position as companion to middle-aged or elderly woman; good reader, intelligent shopper and accustomed to traveling; excellent references. Y 2428 Times Annex.

DRESSMAKER, designer, remodeling, &c., out or at home. Academy 720. Apartment 48.

HOUSEKEEPER, nurse, wishes position to go South; reference. Meyers, 542 West 124th.

HOUSEMAID — Southern lady, closing her house, would like good place for her colored maid as housemaid to assist in fine ironing and mending; no washing, no cooking; good wages; best references. C 142 Times.

HOUSEWORK, colored woman, half time, cleaning or house work; excellent cook; no Sundays. B 643 Times.

LADY wishes to place her first-class waitress in private American family; available Monday, Jan. 3. Boulevard 6312W.

LADY will take care of child several hours daily. E 159 Times.

MOTHER'S HELPER—Refined girl, reserved, seeks position in good home, child 2 years or over. G 604 Times Downtown.

NURSERY GOVERNESS or Mother's Helper —Young lady, 25, experienced in care of children, seeks permanent position; highest reference. Telephones Midwood 2681.

NURSE, young graduate, wishes to travel with female patient; professional, business; social ability. Y 2478 Times Annex.

NURSE, registered, chronic case, surgical, medical, obstetric; will travel. C 160 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping, capable assuming executive duties. W 140 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, energetic, competent; 6 years' experience; salary $30. Miss Goldman, 667 Sheffield Av., Brooklyn. Phone Skidmore 2677.

STENOGRAPHER—Capable young lady, 2½ years' experience; references furnished. Tel. Wadsworth 2770. E 180 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, good education; personality; refined; intelligent. A 179 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; best references; salary $20. J 22 Times.

TEACHER, commercial school, desires to give lessons shorthand in the evenings. Box 21, 1,563 3d Av.

WOMAN, middle aged, desires janitress, housekeeper's position (or caretaker) in private family, small apartment house. C 174 Times.

YOUNG French lady would like position seamstress or lady's maid; professional people preferred; best references. P 420 Times.

YOUNG LADY playing piano and organ desires permanent engagement, theatre or music house, Jan. 1. B 541 Times.

YOUNG LADY, receptionist and assistant, doctor's office; intelligent, refined. K 344 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, audited, systems, tax reports, arrangements; firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly up. Goldwater, 299 Broadway. Worth 5068.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, desires connection with a public accountant; Saturday afternoons and evenings. G 609 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, tax reports, monthly audits, arrangement firms without bookkeepers; very reasonable. G 610 Times Downtown.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG Jewish lady desires to make her home with lady living alone, where there are no other roomers or boarders; will pay $22 a week; location not above 110th St.; references exchanged. E 143 Times.

BOARD, Room Wanted—Two Christian gentlemen would appreciate refined atmosphere of private home or high-class boarding house, upper west side; $16 per week; permanent; references exchanged; full particulars. N 216 Times.

AMERICAN gentleman desires room with evening meal and breakfast; small private family; no other roomers. West 80th St. to Riverside Drive; moderate rate. E 165 Times.

YOUNG mother, attending business, wants room and care for seven-year-old daughter and self. E 142 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

GREENWICH INN LODGE (Round Beach, Conn.)—Pump steam heated rooms, with or without baths; excellent menu; 50 minutes from New York; golf, saddle horses, fishing; reasonable rates.

BOARDERS wanted, near Charlottesville, modern conveniences in sight of Shadwell depot. Miss Sallie W. Smith, Shadwell, Virginia.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (Washington Heights)—Superb room, home comforts; fireproof elevator apartment. Tel. Schuyler 844 from 10 to 4.

RIVERSIDE, 151 (87th)—Beautiful room, dressing room; modern bath; kitchenette privilege.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 547—Well furnished room, suitable two gentlemen; subway express. Reuven.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 362 (100th)—Large, handsomely furnished room; piano; exclusive; gentleman.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 321—Elegant studio or home for refined people; superb view.

WEST END AV., 700 (94th St.)—Exceptionally attractive, sunny two-room suite, five windows; piano, electricity; beautifully furnished; also large room, suitable two, and single room. Phone Riverside 9845. Britten.

WEST END AV., 417 (79th)—Attractive room overlooking Hudson; gentlemen. 8 West.

WEST END AV., 290 (Near 72d)—Well-furnished, large rooms, $14-$20.

Queens.

HANDSOMELY furnished room, steam heat; one or two ladies, with or without board; American family; select neighborhood; 18 minutes out; two blocks from station; reasonable; references. Phone 3598 Richmond Hill.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

THREE rooms, modern improvements; $60 monthly; two adults. Phone Intervale 8232.

87TH ST., 137 WEST—Beautiful front room, $50; two smaller rooms, $45; references.

ROOMS WANTED

Furnished.

GENTLEMAN desires furnished room, with private family in New Jersey, within commuting distance from New York; no board desired. Write Room 307, 467 Broadway, New York.

DY quiet, well bred young business woman, comfortable room in private residence; good location, walking distance of Madison Av. and 54th St. E 160 Times.

ROOM facing Riverside, private family; gentleman; permanent, reasonable. Sherman. Phone Rector 7600, before noon.

WITH breakfast and dinner, in or near New York; college woman; Christian; state terms. W 144 Times.

GENTLEMAN wishes room, west side; state rent, dimensions; permanent. D 1192 Times Harlem.

147TH ST., 413 WEST—Rooms, well furnished, all modern conveniences, residential section.

COUPLE with baby desire furnished room with private family. E 130 Times.

Unfurnished.

TWO ROOMS and bath; gentleman; state price. E 140 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, competent, nine and half years' experience; desires entry; capable making cost statements; take complete charge; executive ability; highest credentials. R., 405 Watkins St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, thorough knowledge of all office details, able to take full charge, 12 years' experience with one concern, desirous of making change. M. W., 200 Norwood Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. V 740 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, long experience, double entry, contracting accounts, payrolls. J 20 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Christian, five years' experience; salary moderate. Phone South 3967.

COMPANION—Widow wishes position as companion to middle-aged or elderly woman; good reader, intelligent shopper and accustomed to traveling; excellent references. Y 2428 Times Annex.

DRESSMAKER, designer, remodeling, &c., out or at home. Academy 720. Apartment 48.

HOUSEKEEPER, nurse, wishes position to go South; reference. Meyers, 542 West 124th.

HOUSEMAID — Southern lady, closing her house, would like good place for her colored maid as housemaid to assist in fine ironing and mending; no washing, no cooking; good wages; best references. C 142 Times.

HOUSEWORK, colored woman, half time, cleaning or house work; excellent cook; no Sundays. B 643 Times.

LADY wishes to place her first-class waitress in private American family; available Monday, Jan. 3. Boulevard 6312W.

LADY will take care of child several hours daily. E 159 Times.

MOTHER'S HELPER—Refined girl, reserved, seeks position in good home, child 2 years or over. G 604 Times Downtown.

NURSERY GOVERNESS or Mother's Helper —Young lady, 25, experienced in care of children, seeks permanent position; highest reference. Telephones Midwood 2681.

NURSE, young graduate, wishes to travel with female patient; professional, business; social ability. Y 2478 Times Annex.

NURSE, registered, chronic case, surgical, medical, obstetric; will travel. C 160 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, knowledge bookkeeping, capable assuming executive duties. W 140 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, energetic, competent; 6 years' experience; salary $30. Miss Goldman, 667 Sheffield Av., Brooklyn. Phone Skidmore 2677.

STENOGRAPHER—Capable young lady, 2½ years' experience; references furnished. Tel. Wadsworth 2770. E 180 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, good education; personality; refined; intelligent. A 179 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; best references; salary $20. J 22 Times.

TEACHER, commercial school, desires to give lessons shorthand in the evenings. Box 21, 1,563 3d Av.

WOMAN, middle aged, desires janitress, housekeeper's position (or caretaker) in private family, small apartment house. C 174 Times.

YOUNG French lady would like position seamstress or lady's maid; professional people preferred; best references. P 420 Times.

YOUNG LADY playing piano and organ desires permanent engagement, theatre or music house, Jan. 1. B 541 Times.

YOUNG LADY, receptionist and assistant, doctor's office; intelligent, refined. K 344 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, audited, systems, tax reports, arrangements; firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly up. Goldwater, 299 Broadway. Worth 5068.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, desires connection with a public accountant; Saturday afternoons and evenings. G 609 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, tax reports, monthly audits, arrangement firms without bookkeepers; very reasonable. G 610 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 24, businessman, two years with C. P. A., competent; available Jan. 1. Y 2477 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, student, thoroughly experienced, desires connection with accountants. B 586 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS—Auditing firms without bookkeepers; books opened and closed, statements prepared. J 240 Times.

ACCOUNTANCY student desires position with C. P. A. Box 1009 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANCY student desires position as junior accountant. E 1237 Times Bronx.

AUDITOR, formerly in charge large corporation with offices all principal cities U. S. and Canada, have traveled extensively, familiar tax reports many States and Canada, executive ability; Christian, age 35; references and bond. C 135 Times.

BANK MAN, general experience, employed, linguist, highest references, desires connection where knowledge, energy will count. G 272 Times Annex.

BINDERY FOREMAN, 25 years' experience; best references. C 362 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Christian, 30; thorough acquaintance all office details; experienced in taking charge. Y 2448 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. 5 923 Times Downtown.

BOY, young, Japanese, wants position as schoolboy, housework or butler in good family. B 559 Times.

CHAUFFEUR—Gentleman going South in January to the latter desires to place his chauffeur; young married man, American, careful, competent driver, honest, polite and punctual; thoroughly experienced on Cadillac and other cars; a most desirable chauffeur in every respect. Address Neuburger, 64 West 23d St.

CHAUFFEUR, married, employed at present, wishes position with private family; 14 years' experience on high-grade cars, thorough mechanic; can furnish best of references from present employer, who is laying up car. R. Reister, 518 West 147th. Phone Audubon 4045.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 10 years' exp., married, wishes position; Pierce, Packard or Cadillac; best reference. Wm. Radlein, 227 Greene Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 1087.

CHAUFFEURS—We have several good men, all from 6 to 8 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Telephone Columbus 10278.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, single, speaks three languages; 10 years' experience; any car; Pierce expert; best reference. E 156 Times.

CHAUFFEUR—Young man, married, eight years' experience all makes, best references, position private family, Dempster. Audubon 8804.

CHAUFFEUR—Gentleman discontinuing automobile, recommends exceptional trustworthy chauffeur. Kalsenn, 442 West 37th.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 34, wishes position private family; experience. Lyons, 304 West 143d.

CHAUFFEUR—Lady wishes to place her excellent chauffeur, expert mechanician; single; will travel. Tel. Murray Hill 7914.

CLERK, 21, experienced, desires position with brokerage house. G 602 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE STUDENT, 20, desires work evenings, Saturdays or Sundays. B 547 Times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE seeks position drafting or business; experienced; references. E 168 Times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE seeks position drafting or business; experienced; references. E 168 Times.

CREDIT MAN, employed, banking, commercial experience, technical training, linguist. P 417 Times.

DETECTIVE — Ex-Canadian Northwest Mounted policeman wants position as house detective. B 551 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, 5 years' experience office buildings, factories, garages; knowledge building and zoning laws. C 300 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE'S ASSISTANT, experienced meeting business men, detail, office management, wants to assist busy man. K 342 Times.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT MAN, American, with thorough knowledge of German and Polish, two years' bank experience, desires position. Trown, 39 West 21st St., Bayonne, N. J.

FOREMAN—Ladies hats, blocking department, wishes to connect with reliable house; best references. G 614 Times Downtown.

IMPORT-EXPORT, experienced, 23, references. Theodore Cohen, 70 East 125th.

GARDENER, head, take charge; would like position private estate; best of references; A1; single. E 153 Times.

MAN thoroughly acquainted with European business wants take charge of such a department or be European representative. C 580 Times Downtown.

MASSEUR, first-class, licensed, 17049, wishes to go to patient's home or travel with gentleman. Phone Murray Hill 2779 from 8 to 11, morning.

SALESMEN—Two experienced and successful natives of New York City, covering Southeastern States, open for proposition; must be well liked, but efficient; reliable house offering article or line of proven merit; would consider managerial position; territory immaterial; drive own car.

John R. Towle, Asheville, N. C.

SALES EXECUTIVE—Young man, with 7 years' experience, assistant manager of sales large automobile distributer, desires new connection with a sales organization where ability will gain promotion. C 156 Times.

SALESMAN—Young man, 30, whose past year's earnings were $12,500, moving permanently to New Haven, Conn., is open for a real selling opportunity in that section; broad business and selling experience warrants handling any character commodity; immediate returns immaterial. J 5 Times.

SALESMAN, 10 years' experience, capable opening accounts and handling trade; will travel; best of reference. Y 2482 Times Annex, ability and character. K 327 Times.

SALESMAN, 28, married, 6 years' experience commercial and securities, desires connect reliable firm offering future. C 173 Times.

SALESMAN with following among food stores in city open to make new connections with house selling food products; salary and commission. E 161 Times.

SALESMAN, successful, young man, sold dresses, desires legitimate change. E 169 Times.

SALESMAN, 25, experienced, wishes position with reliable firm. A 1097 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, 35, good appearance, American, speaks French, German fluently. B 549 Times.

SALESMAN, 31, efficient creating maximum sales; protected territory. K 389 Times.

SHIPPING and receiving clerk, 32, married, 10 years' experience, good marker; A1 reference. Nicolay, 1,170 Broadway, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, 24, rapid, capable, earnest; six years' experience; $25. B 565 Times.

TRAFFIC MAN, having thorough knowledge and experience all kinds of traffic work, expediting, filing claims, &c.; married; first-class references. E 148 Times.

TRAFFIC MAN, railroad and industrial experience, transportation problems, claims. K 343 Times.

WINDOW DECORATOR and showcard writer with rich artistic ideas wishes position. C. Malseon, 462 West 23d St., City. Phone Chelsea 10396.

YOUNG MAN, 24, college graduate and of good business training and experience, at present employed in a very responsible capacity, desires to connect with progressive house; cause of present seeking of position due to dissolution of firm. J 394 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, married, capable, energetic, knowledge bookkeeping, traffic clerk, correspondence; willing to adapt himself any line; highest references. W. L., 102 Diamond St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG FILIPINO, absolutely honest, desires work of any kind; references; houseman, butler, valet, messenger and clerical position. J 395 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, ambitious, desires to obtain position with reliable firm where advancement is possible; salary no object. B 587 Times.

YOUNG MAN, export shipping; Consular invoice clerk; thorough knowledge of furniture, automobile and electrical line. E 131 Times.

YOUNG COLLEGE MAN, 26, two years' legal experience, desires business position. G 606 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, experienced, desires position with Stock Exchange house. G 608 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, refined, versatile, expert typist, filing; any office position; 823 Johnston, 526 West 174th St.

YOUNG MAN, 21, 3 years' experience assistant office manager, wishes position with reliable firm. E 151 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, evening engineering student, desires position. L 124 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, business experience, desires evening position. Frank, 21 East 119th.

YOUNG MAN, 20, clerk, typist; in store selling experience. E 162 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, thorough business experience, competent of taking full charge of office. M. Loewenstein, 178 5th Av. Gramercy 4058.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, several years' experience. Tel. Madison Square 1007.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced double entry, for wool house, with knowledge of stenography, experience in this line preferred; salary to right party. Apply W 2031 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; good references. Call today, Levey & Wasserman, 214 Washington St.

BOOKKEEPER, printing experience, capable, books and records; accurate; typewriting. Apply Premium Press, 306 West 30th

The New York Times
Classified Advertising Rates.
Classified contracts and copy from regular advertisers received up to noon will appear in the next issue. Copy received after noon will be inserted under the proper classification as space permits.
Copy must be received by noon Thursday. Real Estate and Automobile display advertisements by 5 P. M. Wednesday. Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. Saturday. All other classified advertisements not later than 2 P. M. Saturday.
Advertisements for insertion in the daily issue must be received by 5 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

Classification	Per Agate Line
Situations Wanted	25c
Help Wanted	45c
Male and Female Help Wanted	45c
Business and Industrial Opportunities	45c
Professional and Board Wanted	45c
Lost and Found	55c
Lost and Found (Sunday 60c)	55c
Articles to Let and Wanted	60c
Country Board	60c
Mortgage Loans	60c
Pet Stock, Exchange	55c
Autos Wanted	55c
Agents Wanted	70c
Professional Agencies	Per Word 15c

Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c)
Buyers Wants and Offerings to Buyers
One insertion in the Sunday edition, only.
The insertion of schools, steamships, hotels and resorts must be received in The Times Building by noon Thursday. Real Estate and Automobile display advertisements by 5 P. M. Wednesday. Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. Saturday. All other classified advertisements not later than 2 P. M. Saturday.
Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition must be received by 5 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN.
JAMES McCREERY & CO.,
have a vacancy in their
MEN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
for a thoroughly experienced
MEN'S CLOTHING SALESMAN,
familiar with handling high-class clientele.
NONE OTHERS NEED APPLY
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
8TH FLOOR, 35TH ST.,
EMPLOYES' ENTRANCE.

SALESMAN wanted to sell soda fountain supplies; must make collections; territory New York City; straight salary and expenses; state fully past experience, age and salary expected. Z 24 Times Downtown.

SALESMANAGER: man capable of distributing high grade bolognas, prepared meats and provisions to retail trade; salary and commission. S. C., 140 Times.

SALESMEN, experienced, to sell a line of ladies shoes and slippers on the road; commission. Hazelton Boot Company, Inc., 17 Bond St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN for Middle Western States for large manufacturers cocoa and chocolate; state experience and salary expected. President of West desired. S 790 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—Carpet, rug and linoleum house wants experienced man to take complete charge of retail department. Write full particulars in first letter. W 108 Times.

SALESMAN—Live wire wanted to sell a new paper fastener made on the principle of a safety pin; proposition to the right party. Z 270 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—Experienced, to sell all kinds of imported electric motor fixtures and lamps commission basis. Call between 9-11 A. M. Monday, 140 East 16th St.

SALESMEN to handle one of the greatest advertising specialties ever produced; commission basis or salary. Room 1107, 5 West 45th St. Ask for Mr. Green.

SALESMAN to sell butter, hair nets, hair dressing accessories; one who has established trade; salary and commission. W 73 Times.

SALESMAN calling on electric, power, sales and supply line; exceptional opportunity. Schoonmaker-Jacobi, 1,861 Broadway.

BUICKS.
Flack Co., 238-240 West 54th St.

CADILLAC 1920 "59" Victoria.
CADILLAC 1920 "59" suburban sedan.
CADILLAC 1919 victoria.
CADILLAC 1918 touring.
Lee Kaiko 1918 "55" Fleetwood touring.
STUTZ 1920 four-passenger sport.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOB, 1,866 B'way.

CADILLAC VICTORIA,
Type "59,"
driven less than 500 miles, two spare Royal cords, two bumpers and extras; no dealers; good reasons for disposing. Y 2464 Times Annex.

CADILLAC 1917 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
Motor and body overhauled; rubber almost new; car now in paint shop; seen by appointment; price $3,250. Telephone, Worth 92.

CADILLAC closed cars, coupes, sedans, landaulet limousine, town cars, 1917, 1918, 1919 models at reduced prices; call, make offer. 125 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC, 1920 sedan, also 1919 coupe; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

CHALMERS 1918 touring car, $550. Hudson 1 seat car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

CHEVROLET 1919 suburban sedan; slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CUNNINGHAM suburban sedan, with partition; bargain. Cook & Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

DANIELS 1919 town car, in perfect condition, for sale; price for cash very reasonable; can be seen any time by appointment; dealers need not apply. Telephone Miss Eberhardt, Dyckman 9643.

DODGE 18 SEDAN, $850.
Excellent condition, guar. 6 months; wire wheels; payments arranged. Phone Melrose 7765.

DODGE 1919 coupe, late model, mechanically perfect; early mornings and evenings. Audubon 8807.

FIAT 1919 touring, excellent condition; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

FIAT 1919 touring; excellent condition; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

FORD runabout, box tailesspan; new tires, demountable rims, fenders, windshield, completely overhauled, also panel body delivery. Bargain. Repetti, 14th St. and Ely Av., Long Island City.

FORD 1919 touring, $250.
Excellent condition; guaranteed 6 months; many extras; payments arranged. Phone Melrose 5765.

FORDS, all models, immediate delivery; time payments. Authorized Ford Agency. Wadsworth 5494.

FRANKLIN 1918 Touring car, $795. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

HAYNES sedan, six cylinder, seven passenger; like new; $1,250. 206 West 128th.

HUDSON Model M 7-passenger Speedster, with extra tonneau, overhauled and refinished; $1,350. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1920, 4-passenger coupe; splendid condition; must be sold; make an offer. 1,127 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

HUDSON, 4 passenger speedster, model 110; can be bought at great reduction. Inquire 1,127 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

HUDSON 1919 suburban sedan, 2 weeks old; will sell for $1,000 less than cost. 397 Hall-ush Av., Prospect 909.

HUDSON Model M Touring, good running order, $550. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON town car, perfect condition; $1,400. L. H. Jaccard, Circle 4807.

LANCIA 1916 limousine and town cars; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

LANCIA 1916 limousine and town cars; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

LEXINGTON sedan, only run 10,000 miles; bargain for quick buyer. Phone Worth 4222.

MARMON 34 touring car, in excellent mechanical condition and of good appearance, equipped with two extra tires, slip covers, two spot lights and motometer, at a very reasonable price. Studebaker Corp., Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

MAXWELL '18 TOURING, $175; balance $175, 6 payments, car like new; guaranteed 6 months. Melrose 5765.

OAKLAND, 1919, six-cylinder roadster; newly painted and equipped with spot light, mirrorscope and wire wheels; an excellent car for a salesman who has to carry samples. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

OAKLAND sedan, 1919, first class condition, Room 420, 1,777 Broadway. Circle 1417.

OLDSMOBILE 1918 8-cylinder touring car, good condition, newly painted, at a bargain. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

OWEN MAGNETIC Country Club Roadster; just revarnished like new; reasonable demonstrations; $1,700. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

PACKARD limousine, 1-35 model; standard Packard equipment; extra good mechanical condition; upholstery and paint almost new. O'Toole's Garage, 115 West 52d St.

PIERCE-ARROW
PIERCE-ARROW
PIERCE-ARROW
38 H. P. Coupe Runabout, with extra folding top; all in nice shape; $1,500.
48 H. P. Limousine; only run about 7,000 miles; $5,250.
48 H. P. Coupe; small mileage; splendid condition; is offered for owner's account at attractive price.
ELLIS MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
416 Central Av., Newark, N. J.
Telephone Mulberry 4000.
Pierce-Arrow Distributors in New Jersey for 14 Years.

PIERCE ARROW limousine and landaulet, $2,500. L. H. Jaccard, 888 7th Av. Circle 4807.

PIERCE-ARROW sedan,
Model C4, 38 H. P., $3,850.
Cadillac Victoria, 1919, $3,250.
Buick coupe, 1918, $1,185.
Dodge coupe, 1918, $1,075.
Cadillac limousine, 1918, $2,650.
Chevrolet sedan, 1919, $735.
Warehouse, 1,633 West 100th. Riverside 1773.

PIERCE-ARROW, beautiful 1919 touring, dual valve; can't be told from new; condition guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6274 Riverside.

PIERCE-ARROW, 1920, French brougham; also limousine. Cook-Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

PIERCE-ARROW 1919 7-passenger limousine; will sacrifice. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 48 landaulet; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

ROAMER 1919 runabout, also four-passenger bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

STEARNS KNIGHT 5 passenger touring in good shape, tires good, at an exceptionally low price. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STEARNS SEDAN, 1918.
1 cyl., 5 pass., appearance like new; price $2,250. Stearns Co., 415 West 55th. Circle 7603.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, 1915, cabriolet; good condition. Harbeck, Bowling Green 2900.

STUDEBAKER 1919 six-cylinder 5 passenger touring car, thoroughly overhauled and refinished in our Rebuilt Car Department, to be sold with our standard guarantee at a very attractive price. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER 1920 touring car in first class mechanical condition, upholstery as good as new, five wire wheels, run less than 5,000 miles; can be seen at Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER 1919 Big Six seven-passenger touring car, run less than 6,500 miles; thoroughly overhauled, special paint, at $1,385; an exceptional bargain. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUTZ 1917 Speedster, wire wheels; specially priced to move at once; $900. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

S. G. V. touring, 1912 model. Curvan Garage, 124 West 54th St.

WILLYS KNIGHT, 1920,
4 cyl., 5 pass., appearance new; 6 cord tires; a real bargain; $1,560. Stearns Co., 415 West 55th St. Phone Circle 7603.

WILLYS-KNIGHT 8-cylinder, 7-passenger limousine, latest model, just like new; gone 6,000 miles; absolutely guaranteed; no dealers. Tel. Rector 2397.

WILLYS-KNIGHT TOURING; LIKE NEW; BALANCE CATHEDRAL 3100.

Unused Cars.

PACKARD, 1920, twin six coupe; never used; stream line aluminum body, one-piece top; two-color moleskin paint; dished wheels, automatic oilers, enameled silver fittings; superfine throughout; sacrifice. Barclay 7446.

Motor Trucks.

KNOW OF CONTRACT FOR ONE YEAR'S WORK AT GOOD PAY FOR TWO-TON TRUCK. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 136 WEST 52D. CIRCLE 190.

Unused Cars.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, brand new, 1921 sedan never run; at big discount. Wayland Rupert, 223 4th Av., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Automobiles to Rent.

PACKARD twin sixes, limousine, landaulets, for rent by hour, day, week, month; reasonable rates; excellent service. Champion Garage and Auto Co., Columbus 9072.

CADILLAC Private Renting Service, 145 West 54th St. Circle 2809. First-class service at reasonable rates, monthly specialty.

CADILLAC 1919 limousine, exceptionally handsome; monthly, hourly; reasonable. Apt. 11, Sumner 3910.

PACKARD landaulet, highly appointed, for all occasions; owner drives. Bergerman, Morningside 2953.

ISOTTA FRASCHINI town car, like new, by hour, day, week. Telephone Circle 1635, Barr, 110 West 56th.

PACKARD, twin sixes, for hire; reasonable rates; monthly specialty. Muldoon, Columbus 2151.

LIMOUSINES to hire, $3 an hour; careful chauffeur. Phone Plaza 5455.

CADILLACS to rent at popular rates. Cole, 119 West 54th St. Circle 4054.

HUDSON late model super six limousine; $400 monthly. Wilbur, 55 West 93d.

ENCLOSED taxicab for hire on New Year's Eve; low rate. Melrose 5576.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOMOBILES, 1,000 WANTED
Highest prices paid; bring car or phone. 499 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

CADILLAC, limousine, late model; excellent condition; no dealers. E 173 Times.

PIERCE-ARROW limousine, late model. Waldron, 132 West 56th St. Circle 4187.

Automobile Storage.

AUTOMOBILES.
DEAD STORAGE.
$8 AND UP PER MONTH.
Cars stored in upper part of building. Free from all dust and smoke.
INSPECTION INVITED.
LEE BROTHERS, INC.,
212 EAST 125TH ST.
PHONE HARLEM 658.

AUTOMOBILE DEAD STORAGE IN FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE AND GARAGE.
JULIUS KINDERMANN & SONS,
1,360 Webster Av. (170th St.). Tel. 194 Jerome.

HIGH-CLASS dead storage for automobiles; $15 per month, including service. Phone Columbus 4068.

GARAGE space to let; rates reasonable, 324 St. Garage, 133 East 32d St. Phone 4613 Vanderbilt.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTO INSTRUCTION.
4 and 8 hour courses for
Owners, Chauffeurs, Mechanics, Salesmen.
WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A.,
5 West 57th St., New York.
Get booklet and pass. Special ladies' classes.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 225 West 50th—Superior instructors guarantee expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes.

Miscellaneous.

BUICK 1919 COUPE.
In excellent condition; a bargain; $1,350. Stearns, 415 West 55th. Circle 7603.

BUICK coupe, late model, excellent, real bargain. Dunham, Hotel Berkley, Columbus 8800.

BUICK 1921 touring, exceptional opportunity. Schoonmaker-Jacobi, 1,861 Broadway.

BUICKS.
Flack Co., 238-240 West 54th St.

CADILLAC 1920 "59" Victoria.
CADILLAC 1920 "59" suburban sedan.
CADILLAC 1919 victoria.
CADILLAC 1918 touring.
Lee Kaiko 1918 "55" Fleetwood touring.
STUTZ 1920 four-passenger sport.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOB, 1,866 B'way.

CADILLAC VICTORIA,
Type "59,"
driven less than 500 miles, two spare Royal cords, two bumpers and extras; no dealers; good reasons for disposing. Y 2464 Times Annex.

CADILLAC 1917 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
Motor and body overhauled; rubber almost new; car now in paint shop; seen by appointment; price $3,250. Telephone, Worth 92.

CADILLAC closed cars, coupes, sedans, landaulet limousine, town cars, 1917, 1918, 1919 models at reduced prices; call, make offer. 125 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC, 1920 sedan, also 1919 coupe; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

CHALMERS 1918 touring car, $550. Hudson 1 seat car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

CHEVROLET 1919 suburban sedan; slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CUNNINGHAM suburban sedan, with partition; bargain. Cook & Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

DANIELS 1919 town car, in perfect condition, for sale; price for cash very reasonable; can be seen any time by appointment; dealers need not apply. Telephone Miss Eberhardt, Dyckman 9643.

DODGE 18 SEDAN, $850.
Excellent condition, guar. 6 months; wire wheels; payments arranged. Phone Melrose 7765.

DODGE 1919 coupe, late model, mechanically perfect; early mornings and evenings. Audubon 8807.

FIAT 1919 touring, excellent condition; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

FIAT 1919 touring; excellent condition; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

FORD runabout, box tailespan; new tires, demountable rims, fenders, windshield, completely overhauled, also panel body delivery. Bargain. Repetti, 14th St. and Ely Av., Long Island City.

FORD 1919 touring, $250.
Excellent condition; guaranteed 6 months; many extras; payments arranged. Phone Melrose 5765.

FORDS, all models, immediate delivery; time payments. Authorized Ford Agency. Wadsworth 5494.

FRANKLIN 1918 Touring car, $795. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

HAYNES sedan, six cylinder, seven passenger; like new; $1,250. 206 West 128th.

HUDSON Model M 7-passenger Speedster, with extra tonneau, windshield, overhauled and refinished; $1,350. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1920, 4-passenger coupe; splendid condition; must be sold; make an offer. 1,127 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

HUDSON, 4 passenger speedster, model 110; can be bought at great reduction. Inquire 1,127 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

HUDSON 1919 suburban sedan, 2 weeks old; will sell for $1,000 less than cost. 397 Hall-ush Av., Prospect 909.

HUDSON Model M Touring, good running order, $550. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON town car, perfect condition; $1,400. L. H. Jaccard, Circle 4807.

LANCIA 1916 limousine and town cars; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

LANCIA 1916 limousine and town cars; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

LEXINGTON sedan, only run 10,000 miles; bargain for quick buyer. Phone Worth 4222.

MARMON 34 touring car, in excellent mechanical condition and of good appearance, equipped with two extra tires, slip covers, two spot lights and motometer, at a very reasonable price. Studebaker Corp., Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

MAXWELL '18 TOURING, $175; balance $175, 6 payments, car like new; guaranteed 6 months. Melrose 5765.

OAKLAND, 1919, six-cylinder roadster; newly painted and equipped with spot light, mirrorscope and wire wheels; an excellent car for a salesman who has to carry samples. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

OAKLAND sedan, 1919, first class condition, Room 420, 1,777 Broadway. Circle 1417.

OLDSMOBILE 1918 8-cylinder touring car, good condition, newly painted, at a bargain. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

OWEN MAGNETIC Country Club Roadster; just revarnished like new; reasonable demonstrations; $1,700. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

PACKARD limousine, 1-35 model; standard Packard equipment; extra good mechanical condition; upholstery and paint almost new. O'Toole's Garage, 115 West 52d St.

PIERCE-ARROW
PIERCE-ARROW
PIERCE-ARROW
38 H. P. Coupe Runabout, with extra folding top; all in nice shape; $1,500.
48 H. P. Limousine; only run about 7,000 miles; $5,250.
48 H. P. Coupe; small mileage; splendid condition; is offered for owner's account at attractive price.
ELLIS MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
416 Central Av., Newark, N. J.
Telephone Mulberry 4000.
Pierce-Arrow Distributors in New Jersey for 14 Years.

PIERCE ARROW limousine and landaulet, $2,500. L. H. Jaccard, 888 7th Av. Circle 4807.

PIERCE-ARROW sedan,
Model C4, 38 H. P., $3,850.
Cadillac Victoria, 1919, $3,250.
Buick coupe, 1918, $1,185.
Dodge coupe, 1918, $1,075.
Cadillac limousine, 1918, $2,650.
Chevrolet sedan, 1919, $735.
Warehouse, 1,633 West 100th. Riverside 1773.

PIERCE-ARROW, beautiful 1919 touring, dual valve; can't be told from new; condition guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6274 Riverside.

PIERCE-ARROW, 1920, French brougham; also limousine. Cook-Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

PIERCE-ARROW 1919 7-passenger limousine; will sacrifice. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 48 landaulet; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

ROAMER 1919 runabout, also four-passenger bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

STEARNS KNIGHT 5 passenger touring in good shape, tires good, at an exceptionally low price. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STEARNS SEDAN, 1918.
1 cyl., 5 pass., appearance like new; price $2,250. Stearns Co., 415 West 55th. Circle 7603.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, 1915, cabriolet; good condition. Harbeck, Bowling Green 2900.

STUDEBAKER 1919 six-cylinder 5 passenger touring car, thoroughly overhauled and refinished in our Rebuilt Car Department, to be sold with our standard guarantee at a very attractive price. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER 1920 touring car in first class mechanical condition, upholstery as good as new, five wire wheels, run less than 5,000 miles; can be seen at Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER 1919 Big Six seven-passenger touring car, run less than 6,500 miles; thoroughly overhauled, special paint, at $1,385; an exceptional bargain. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUTZ 1917 Speedster, wire wheels; specially priced to move at once; $900. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

S. G. V. touring, 1912 model. Curvan Garage, 124 West 54th St.

WILLAS KNIGHT, 1920,
4 cyl., 5 pass., appearance new; 6 cord tires; a real bargain; $1,560. Stearns Co., 415 West 55th St. Phone Circle 7603.

WILLYS-KNIGHT 8-cylinder, 7-passenger limousine, latest model, just like new; gone 6,000 miles; absolutely guaranteed; no dealers. Tel. Rector 2397.

WILLYS-KNIGHT TOURING; LIKE NEW; BALANCE CATHEDRAL 3100.

Unused Cars.

PACKARD, 1920, twin six coupe; never used; stream line aluminum body, one-piece top; two-color moleskin paint; dished wheels, automatic oilers, enameled silver fittings; superfine throughout; sacrifice. Barclay 7446.

Motor Trucks.

KNOW OF CONTRACT FOR ONE YEAR'S WORK AT GOOD PAY FOR TWO-TON TRUCK. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 136 WEST 52D. CIRCLE 190.

Unused Cars.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, brand new, 1921 sedan never run; at big discount. Wayland Rupert, 223 4th Av., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Automobiles to Rent.

PACKARD twin sixes, limousine, landaulets, for rent by hour, day, week, month; reasonable rates; excellent service. Champion Garage and Auto Co., Columbus 9072.

CADILLAC Private Renting Service, 145 West 54th St. Circle 2809. First-class service at reasonable rates, monthly specialty.

CADILLAC 1919 limousine, exceptionally handsome; monthly, hourly; reasonable. Apt. 11, Sumner 3910.

PACKARD landaulet, highly appointed, for all occasions; owner drives. Bergerman, Morningside 2953.

ISOTTA FRASCHINI town car, like new, by hour, day, week. Telephone Circle 1635, Barr, 110 West 56th.

PACKARD, twin sixes, for hire; reasonable rates; monthly specialty. Muldoon, Columbus 2151.

LIMOUSINES to hire, $3 an hour; careful chauffeur. Phone Plaza 5455.

CADILLACS to rent at popular rates. Cole, 119 West 54th St. Circle 4054.

HUDSON late model super six limousine; $400 monthly. Wilbur, 55 West 93d.

ENCLOSED taxicab for hire on New Year's Eve; low rate. Melrose 5576.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOMOBILES, 1,000 WANTED
Highest prices paid; bring car or phone. 499 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

CADILLAC, limousine, late model; excellent condition; no dealers. E 173 Times.

PIERCE-ARROW limousine, late model. Waldron, 132 West 56th St. Circle 4187.

Automobile Storage.

AUTOMOBILES.
DEAD STORAGE.
$8 AND UP PER MONTH.
Cars stored in upper part of building. Free from all dust and smoke.
INSPECTION INVITED.
LEE BROTHERS, INC.,
212 EAST 125TH ST.
PHONE HARLEM 658.

AUTOMOBILE DEAD STORAGE IN FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE AND GARAGE.
JULIUS KINDERMANN & SONS,
1,360 Webster Av. (170th St.). Tel. 194 Jerome.

HIGH-CLASS dead storage for automobiles; $15 per month, including service. Phone Columbus 4068.

GARAGE space to let; rates reasonable, 324 St. Garage, 133 East 32d St. Phone 4613 Vanderbilt.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTO INSTRUCTION.
4 and 8 hour courses for
Owners, Chauffeurs, Mechanics, Salesmen.
WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A.,
5 West 57th St., New York.
Get booklet and pass. Special ladies' classes.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 225 West 50th—Superior instructors guarantees expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

A market for used cars. All advertisements censored.

BUICK 1919 COUPE.
In excellent condition; a bargain; $1,350. Stearns, 415 West 55th. Circle 7603.

BUICK coupe, late model, excellent, real bargain. Dunham, Hotel Berkley, Columbus 8800.

BUICK 1921 touring, exceptional opportunity. Schoonmaker-Jacobi, 1,861 Broadway.

BUICKS.
Flack Co., 238-240 West 54th St.

CADILLAC 1920 "59" Victoria.
CADILLAC 1920 "59" suburban sedan.
CADILLAC 1919 victoria.
CADILLAC 1918 touring.
Lee Kaiko 1918 "55" Fleetwood touring.
STUTZ 1920 four-passenger sport.
SCHOONMAKER & JACOB, 1,866 B'way.

CADILLAC VICTORIA,
Type "59,"
driven less than 500 miles, two spare Royal cords, two bumpers and extras; no dealers; good reasons for disposing. Y 2464 Times Annex.

CADILLAC 1917 SUBURBAN SEDAN.
Motor and body overhauled; rubber almost new; car now in paint shop; seen by appointment; price $3,250. Telephone, Worth 92.

CADILLAC closed cars, coupes, sedans, landaulet limousine, town cars, 1917, 1918, 1919 models at reduced prices; call, make offer. 125 West 64th. Meyer.

CADILLAC, 1920 sedan, also 1919 coupe; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

CHALMERS 1918 touring car, $550. Hudson 1 seat car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

CHEVROLET 1919 suburban sedan; slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

CUNNINGHAM suburban sedan, with partition; bargain. Cook & Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

DANIELS 1919 town car, in perfect condition, for sale; price for cash very reasonable; can be seen any time by appointment; dealers need not apply. Telephone Miss Eberhardt, Dyckman 9643.

DODGE 18 SEDAN, $850.
Excellent condition, guar. 6 months; wire wheels; payments arranged. Phone Melrose 7765.

DODGE 1919 coupe, late model, mechanically perfect; early mornings and evenings. Audubon 8807.

FIAT 1919 touring, excellent condition; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

FIAT 1919 touring; excellent condition; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

FORD runabout, box tailespan; new tires, demountable rims, fenders, windshield, completely overhauled, also panel body delivery. Bargain. Repetti, 14th St. and Ely Av., Long Island City.

FORD 1919 touring, $250.
Excellent condition; guaranteed 6 months; many extras; payments arranged. Phone Melrose 5765.

FORDS, all models, immediate delivery; time payments. Authorized Ford Agency. Wadsworth 5494.

FRANKLIN 1918 Touring car, $795. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

HAYNES sedan, six cylinder, seven passenger; like new; $1,250. 206 West 128th.

HUDSON Model M 7-passenger Speedster, with extra tonneau, windshield, overhauled and refinished; $1,350. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON 1920, 4-passenger coupe; splendid condition; must be sold; make an offer. 1,127 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

HUDSON, 4 passenger speedster, model 110; can be bought at great reduction. Inquire 1,127 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

HUDSON 1919 suburban sedan, 2 weeks old; will sell for $1,000 less than cost. 397 Hall-ush Av., Prospect 909.

HUDSON Model M Touring, good running order, $550. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

HUDSON town car, perfect condition; $1,400. L. H. Jaccard, Circle 4807.

LANCIA 1916 limousine and town cars; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

LANCIA 1916 limousine and town cars; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

LEXINGTON sedan, only run 10,000 miles; bargain for quick buyer. Phone Worth 4222.

MARMON 34 touring car, in excellent mechanical condition and of good appearance, equipped with two extra tires, slip covers, two spot lights and motometer, at a very reasonable price. Studebaker Corp., Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

MAXWELL '18 TOURING, $175; balance $175, 6 payments, car like new; guaranteed 6 months. Melrose 5765.

OAKLAND, 1919, six-cylinder roadster; newly painted and equipped with spot light, mirrorscope and wire wheels; an excellent car for a salesman who has to carry samples. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

OAKLAND sedan, 1919, first class condition, Room 420, 1,777 Broadway. Circle 1417.

OLDSMOBILE 1918 8-cylinder touring car, good condition, newly painted, at a bargain. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

OWEN MAGNETIC Country Club Roadster; just revarnished like new; reasonable demonstrations; $1,700. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

PACKARD limousine, 1-35 model; standard Packard equipment; extra good mechanical condition; upholstery and paint almost new. O'Toole's Garage, 115 West 52d St.

PIERCE-ARROW
PIERCE-ARROW
PIERCE-ARROW
38 H. P. Coupe Runabout, with extra folding top; all in nice shape; $1,500.
48 H. P. Limousine; only run about 7,000 miles; $5,250.
48 H. P. Coupe; small mileage; splendid condition; is offered for owner's account at attractive price.
ELLIS MOTOR CAR COMPANY,
416 Central Av., Newark, N. J.
Telephone Mulberry 4000.
Pierce-Arrow Distributors in New Jersey for 14 Years.

PIERCE ARROW limousine and landaulet, $2,500. L. H. Jaccard, 888 7th Av. Circle 4807.

PIERCE-ARROW sedan,
Model C4, 38 H. P., $3,850.
Cadillac Victoria, 1919, $3,250.
Buick coupe, 1918, $1,185.
Dodge coupe, 1918, $1,075.
Cadillac limousine, 1918, $2,650.
Chevrolet sedan, 1919, $735.
Warehouse, 1,633 West 100th. Riverside 1773.

PIERCE-ARROW, beautiful 1919 touring, dual valve; can't be told from new; condition guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6274 Riverside.

PIERCE-ARROW, 1920, French brougham; also limousine. Cook-Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

PIERCE-ARROW 1919 7-passenger limousine; will sacrifice. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 48 landaulet; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

ROAMER 1919 runabout, also four-passenger bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

STEARNS KNIGHT 5 passenger touring in good shape, tires good, at an exceptionally low price. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STEARNS SEDAN, 1918.
1 cyl., 5 pass., appearance like new; price $2,250. Stearns Co., 415 West 55th. Circle 7603.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, 1915, cabriolet; good condition. Harbeck, Bowling Green 2900.

STUDEBAKER 1919 six-cylinder 5 passenger touring car, thoroughly overhauled and refinished in our Rebuilt Car Department, to be sold with our standard guarantee at a very attractive price. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER 1920 touring car in first class mechanical condition, upholstery as good as new, five wire wheels, run less than 5,000 miles; can be seen at Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER 1919 Big Six seven-passenger touring car, run less than 6,500 miles; thoroughly overhauled, special paint, at $1,385; an exceptional bargain. Studebaker Corporation, Bedford Av. at Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUTZ 1917 Speedster, wire wheels; specially priced to move at once; $900. Hudson Used Car Dept., 236 West 59th St.

S. G. V. touring, 1912 model. Curvan Garage, 124 West 54th St.

WILLAS KNIGHT, 1920,
4 cyl., 5 pass., appearance new; 6 cord tires; a real bargain; $1,560. Stearns Co., 415 West 55th St. Phone Circle 7603.

WILLYS-KNIGHT 8-cylinder, 7-passenger limousine, latest model, just like new; gone 6,000 miles; absolutely guaranteed; no dealers. Tel. Rector 2397.

WILLYS-KNIGHT TOURING; LIKE NEW; BALANCE CATHEDRAL 3100.

Unused Cars.

PACKARD, 1920, twin six coupe; never used; stream line aluminum body, one-piece top; two-color moleskin paint; dished wheels, automatic oilers, enameled silver fittings; superfine throughout; sacrifice. Barclay 7446.

Motor Trucks.

KNOW OF CONTRACT FOR ONE YEAR'S WORK AT GOOD PAY FOR TWO-TON TRUCK. LAWRENCE MOTOR SALES CORP., 136 WEST 52D. CIRCLE 190.

Unused Cars.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, brand new, 1921 sedan never run; at big discount. Wayland Rupert, 223 4th Av., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Automobiles to Rent.

PACKARD twin sixes, limousine, landaulets, for rent by hour, day, week, month; reasonable rates; excellent service. Champion Garage and Auto Co., Columbus 9072.

CADILLAC Private Renting Service, 145 West 54th St. Circle 2809. First-class service at reasonable rates, monthly specialty.

CADILLAC 1919 limousine, exceptionally handsome; monthly, hourly; reasonable. Apt. 11, Sumner 3910.

PACKARD landaulet, highly appointed, for all occasions; owner drives. Bergerman, Morningside 2953.

ISOTTA FRASCHINI town car, like new, by hour, day, week. Telephone Circle 1635, Barr, 110 West 56th.

PACKARD, twin sixes, for hire; reasonable rates; monthly specialty. Muldoon, Columbus 2151.

LIMOUSINES to hire, $3 an hour; careful chauffeur. Phone Plaza 5455.

CADILLACS to rent at popular rates. Cole, 119 West 54th St. Circle 4054.

HUDSON late model super six limousine; $400 monthly. Wilbur, 55 West 93d.

ENCLOSED taxicab for hire on New Year's Eve; low rate. Melrose 5576.

Automobiles Wanted.

AUTOMOBILES, 1,000 WANTED
Highest prices paid; bring car or phone. 499 East 163d. Melrose 5765.

CADILLAC, limousine, late model; excellent condition; no dealers. E 173 Times.

PIERCE-ARROW limousine, late model. Waldron, 132 West 56th St. Circle 4187.

Automobile Storage.

AUTOMOBILES.
DEAD STORAGE.
$8 AND UP PER MONTH.
Cars stored in upper part of building. Free from all dust and smoke.
INSPECTION INVITED.
LEE BROTHERS, INC.,
212 EAST 125TH ST.
PHONE HARLEM 658.

AUTOMOBILE DEAD STORAGE IN FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE AND GARAGE.
JULIUS KINDERMANN & SONS,
1,360 Webster Av. (170th St.). Tel. 194 Jerome.

HIGH-CLASS dead storage for automobiles; $15 per month, including service. Phone Columbus 4068.

GARAG

...Sutro Brothers & Co.....100
...Sutro Brothers & Co.....100
...Sutro Brothers & Co.....100
Notice is hereby given to show cause why duplicates should not be issued. H. F. Sutro & Co., 65 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

LOST—Certificate No. E-119706 for ten shares Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company common stock, registered in the name of Alexander M. Rosenblum, probably lost in or about No. 120 Broadway, New York; transfer stopped; appropriate reward. If found please notify Leonidas Dennis, 47 Cedar St., New York City.

LOST—On Dec. 28, between 7:30 and 8 P. M., a brief case, in taxicab while riding from 34th St. to Grand St.; contents $45 and book of great importance; finder is asked to kindly return book, no questions asked. K. & R., 21 West 34th St. Fitzroy 4276.

LOST—Black (King Bird) Paradise plume between 43d and 49th Sts. and 6th Av., or 45th and 50th Sts. and Broadway; liberal reward. W. D. Fenville, phone Circle 7200.

LOST—On 8th Av. bus, Sunday, Dec. 26, black cloth handbag with embroidery band around centre, containing papers and small amount of money; reward. Rhinelander 881.

LOST—At 34th St. and Lexington Av., at 9:30 P. M. Dec. 29, a small cloth handbag containing letters and money; suitable reward will be paid. Y 2485 Times Annex.

LOST—Wednesday evening, pigskin wallet, with money, Masonic cards, keys. Finder may keep money and return wallet to Philip F. Timpson, 44 East 50th St.

LOST—In taxi, Dec. 29, 8:30 P. M., beaded bag containing lorgnette, silver match case, keys; liberal reward. Plaza 4782.

LOST—Wallet containing money, cards; reward. C. E. Walton, 116 Broadway. National Surety Co.

LOST—Beaded bag, Broadway, 39th and 40th Sts.; reward. Byrne & Co., 60 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE STOLEN.
REWARD.

Chandler 1920, 7-passenger touring; number 96883; license number believed to be 221224; stolen Dec. 26, 224 East 21st St., Manhattan; initials "C. G." on each door. Communicate with E. R. Hopwood, 55 John St., New York City. Telephone Beekman 8067.

Jewelry.

LOST—Blue pin seal purse, money, gold watch, initials E. W., valued as keepsake; check made out to loser, payment stopped; on 5th Av. bus at 52d and 5th Av., about 9 A. M. Tuesday; reward. 250 Park Av. Plaza 1669.

LOST—Black moire ribbon bowknot pin set with brilliants, Wednesday afternoon, on 5th Av., between 48th St. and St. Regis Hotel, 55th St. $50 reward if returned to desk, St. Regis Hotel.

LOST—Diamond ring, between 78th St., West, and 101st St., near Broadway, large solitaire lady's diamond ring, fancy setting, 2 stones on sides; liberal reward, no questions asked. Call Fitzroy 3689.

LOST—Platinum barpin, two small diamonds and aquamarine, somewhere between 39th and Madison Av. and 46th and Broadway, or in Astor Theatre; reward. Kenly, Vanderbilt 300.

LOST—A string of 77 pearls and 3 diamonds in the clasp, in vicinity of Hotel Pennsylvania, on Dec. 30. Finder, returning to Hotel Pennsylvania cashier, will receive a liberal reward and no questions asked.

LOST—String of pink pearls, diamond clasp, between 73d and 74th, Amsterdam Av., 12 and 1 o'clock noon; reward. Hotel Berkley, Leahy Millinery, 74th St. and Amsterdam Av.

LOST—At New Amsterdam Theatre or in taxi en route, Astor Hotel to theatre, a silver chain bag containing sum of money and three keys. Finder please return to 360 West 58th St.; or call Columbus 2810, Kiefer.

LOST—$50 reward and no questions asked for return of black enameled gold vanity case with jade ornament to E. M. Gattle & Co., 620 5th Av., New York City.

LOST—Gold mesh bag, in front of 21 West 58th St., about 8:30 o'clock, Tuesday evening. Liberal reward if returned to 21 West 58th.

LOST—Crescent pin, pearls and diamonds, Jamaica Union Hall station, L. I. R. R. to Flatbush Av., Lexington subway to 59th; reward. Phone Jamaica 442.

LOST—Between Worth St. and Nostrand Av., Brooklyn, silver cigarette case, initialed C. W. Weed. Reward. Charles W. Weed, 1,535 Pacific St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LOST—Diamond wrist watch; large reward offered for return; no questions asked. Communicate with Einstein & Weird, cafe Delmonico's, 44th and 5th Av.

LOST—Tan silk card case, containing 2 pieces of jewelry and cards. Communicate T. S. Blum, 220 Manhattan Av. Phone Cathedral 8728. Reward.

LOST—December 26, gold watch and chain with key bearing name Benjamin Graham. $20 reward for return; no questions asked. G 613 Times Downtown.

LOST—Man's 3-stone ring, Christmas afternoon, between 55th and 51st Sts. H. T. Richardson, 260 5th Av.; $25 reward. Madison Square 6030.

LOST—Thursday night, Dec. 23, at Maisette or Beaux Arts, medium size gold cigarette case, initials C. W. D.; $50 reward. Tel. Plaza 8368.

LOST—Ring, topaz surrounded by diamonds, vicinity Broadway, 44th St. heirloom. Reward. Mme. Lipsovasco, 324 West End Av.

LOST—Monday, gentleman's Waltham gold watch, name Carl Bandtlow, on dial; liberal reward. Apply 117 Madison Av.

LOST—Keepsake gold bracelet, 6 small diamonds, 19 small pearls; liberal reward. Jane Barnitz, 18 Broad St. Rector 9330.

LOST—Diamond cluster earring, Wednesday, shopping district; liberal reward. Medallic Art Co., 137 East 29th. Madison Sq. 8279.

LOST—Between 101st and 86th, gold sunburst brooch, with diamond solitaire; reward. 325 West 101st. Riverside 6265.

LOST—Topaz pin, surrounded by seed pearls, antique setting, keepsake, generous reward. Eusebia Fox, 601 West 162th.

LOST—A gold cuff button, Tuesday evening in theatrical district; reward. A. J. Kramer, 55 Liberty St. Rector 5454.

LOST—Diamond set Masonic charm; reward to finder. Edward C. White, 1,425 B'way.

LOST—In Wall St. district, pearl necklace, sapphire clasp; reward. Broad 4823.

LOST—Pearl necklace, between 59th and 90th and Broadway. Phone Circle 6496.

$100 REWARD

and no questions asked for return of platinum diamond studded wrist watch, eres arrow movement No. 1453B, taken from bath locker, in Young Women's Christian Association, Thursday afternoon, December 23. Apply 24 Broad St., ninth floor.

$250 REWARD.

for return of brooch with pearl in centre and large diamond at each end with small diamonds in setting; lost Dec. 17, at or between East 57th St., Cohan Theatre and Colony Club. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 46th St.

$1,000 REWARD.

LOST—Tuesday, platinum bar pin with 12 square diamonds and 6 small diamonds at each end, border of small sapphires. No questions asked if returned to Henry Blank & Co., 19 Liberty St., Newark, N. J.

$75 REWARD.

for return of gold bar pin containing 4 diamonds and 4 sapphires, last December 20, between Wall St., N. Y. C. and St. Johns Place, Brooklyn. I. H. and B. H. Weinberg, 665 5th Av., N. Y.

$100 REWARD

for return of ring containing 1 canary and brown diamond, with small diamonds in setting; lost December 6, vicinity of West 23d St. A. R. Lee & Co., inc., 15 William St.

$250 REWARD

for return of gold and platinum striped mesh bag, lost Dec. 26, between 89th and 106th Sts. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$125 REWARD

for return of diamond and platinum brooch, containing 2 small emeralds, lost Dec. 17, between Far Rockaway, L. I., and New York City. Udall & Brilliu, 574 5th Av.

$500 reward for return of diamond brooch, 61 diamonds, platinum open design pin stamped J. E. C. & Co. H 6838; no questions asked. Franklin Baker Jr., 16 Church St., N. Y. C.

$1,000 REWARD

for return of beaded bag containing diamond lavalliere and gold watch. Return to Apt. 30, 36 West 59th St. Telephone Plaza 6180.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Off taxicab, between 57th St. and 33d St., and 4th Av., probably along Park Av., black suitcase containing brown suit clothes, brown shoes, toilet articles, letters and typewritten manuscripts. Communicate J. P. Marquand, 1 West 54th St. Telephone Circle 2160. Liberal reward.

LOST—Package containing sweater, Broadway subway, between Canal and 57th St., 5 P. M., Tuesday; reward. S 754 Times Downtown.

$50 REWARD for return of Hudson seal coat, lost or stolen from office, 10 West 33d St. Suite 400-401; no questions asked.

LOST—In taxi, Christmas Eve, black lynx muff; $15 reward. Lanier, 142 East 19th.

LOST—Overcoat, on Riverdale Av., between West 230th and 231st Sts. Kingsbridge 390.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Dog, large Pomeranian, size of chow, gray, black head, luxurious fur; is blind; reward to finder. Keesing, 1,051 East 22d, near Av. J. Phone Midwood 1822.

LOST—Brown pomeranian, name Toney; liberal reward. Return 16 Christopher St. Phone Watkins 3473, Murthut.

Found.

FOUND—Lady's ivory fan. Mr. Bryan, Lehn & Fink, 635 Greenwich St.

PERSONAL.

BROTHER AND SISTER, AGED 9 AND 11, bright and attractive Jewish children, can be placed for adoption. Apply by letter to Juvenile Aid Society, 516 North 4th St., Philadelphia.

WANTED—INFORMATION CONCERNING Mike Fiskas, who disappeared October, 1915. Wife, Address Mary Fiskas, 306 West 43d St., care Pelaretas.

McAlpin Residence in East 90th Street to Be Home of Mrs. Roswell Miller.

BORDERS 5TH AV. GARDEN

Property, Bought by Steel Man's Widow for $250,000 a Year Ago, to Be Altered.

The five-story McAlpin residence at 9 East Ninetieth Street, purchased about a year ago by Mrs. Louise W. Carnegie, widow of Andrew Carnegie, for about $250,000, is being altered for the occupancy of Mrs. Roswell Miller, Mrs. Carnegie's daughter.

The west side wall of the former McAlpin house faces the gardens surrounding the Carnegie mansion, which occupies the block in Fifth Avenue from Ninetieth to Ninety-first Street. This west wall will be pierced and an entrance built from the gardens, giving access to the Carnegie mansion.

Recently there was a rumor that Mrs. Carnegie was about to sell the Fifth Avenue house and live in Europe. This was denied by the family.

The Carnegies still hold the vacant lot at the southeast corner of Ninetieth Street, directly opposite the mansion and the new Miller home.

$1,000,000 BUILDING FOR PARNASSUS CLUB

Home for Business Women to Be Erected on Fifty-seventh Street.

The Parnassus Club, which houses 240 women students at its house, 612 to 614 West 115th Street, plans to erect a fifteen-story clubhouse for business girls, professional women and nurses at a cost of about $1,000,000.

Tentative plans have been prepared and a site 50 by 200 feet adjacent to Broadway in Fifty-seventh Street, running through the block to Fifty-eighth Street has been selected. Miss Florence McMillan, general director of the Parnassus Club, stated yesterday that an open meeting would be held at the West 115th Street clubhouse tomorrow at 4:30 o'clock, when plans for the proposed new building would be discussed and final action taken in the matter of building.

The Parnassus Club was organized in May, 1919, by a committee of women interested in the problem of suitable student housing, who bought an apartment house on the upper west side. The following Fall, after necessary alterations had been made, the building was opened as a club for young women students who were strangers in New York, and was filled immediately. In December a second apartment house was purchased and was also immediately filled.

FORD PLANT TO STAY SHUT INDEFINITELY

Gloversville and Youngstown Manufacturers Reduce Wages and Shorten Time.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 30.—Announcement was made today by the Ford Motor Company that its Highland Park plant, which closed Dec. 24 for inventory, will not reopen Jan. 3, as planned, but will remain closed indefinitely.

The statement said:

"The company has now decided not to reopen the plant next week, but will resume operations as early as possible. The assembly plants throughout the United States will continue their operations as usual."

The statement added nothing in explanation and officials of the company declined to discuss the shutdown. At the time of the closing of the plant for inventory approximately 50,000 workers were employed.

GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y., Dec. 30.—A general reduction of 12½ per cent. in the wage scale of all glove workers in Fulton County was agreed upon at meetings of the Associated Glove Manufacturers' Association of New York State and the glove workers' organization last night, to take effect immediately.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, Dec. 30.—The first reduction in puddlers' wages since the high period was announced today after the bi-monthly examination of sales sheets, on which the scale is based between the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers and the Western Bar Iron Manufacturers. The rate was reduced from $18.76 a ton to $18.52.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Dec. 30.—The Bricklayers' Union, which some time ago filed demands for a wage of $1.50 an hour beginning Jan. 1, in place of the present scale of $1.05 an hour, announced today that the demand had been withdrawn until April 1. The action was taken, it is said, in order to stimulate building activities. General contractors said that a new scale may be negotiated by April.

ANDOVER, Mass., Dec. 30.—Notices were posted by the Tyer Rubber Company today announcing that the plant will be run only two days a week until further notice. It has 500 employes. A wage cut of 15 per cent. became effective Dec. 15.

SEES TEST OF OPEN SHOP.

Manufacturers' Representative Demands Non-Union Man in Cabinet.

MICHIGAN CITY, Ind., Dec. 30.—The open shop is founded on the principle of Americanism, established more than a century ago, while the closed shop is advocated by those who are the apostles of violence and force, in the opinion of John M. Glenn, Secretary of the Illinois Manufacturers' Association, speaking here today before the Rotary Club. Elimination of labor bosses was declared to be one of the means of clearing the industrial situation, and the influence of public opinion, Mr. Glenn said, would be the ruling factor in final settlement of industrial controversy.

"Two things have much to do with the present situation," the speaker said. "One is whether Senator Harding will appoint a man for Secretary of Labor who carries a union card, and the other is whether Congress will restrict immigration. The final action will have considerable to do with the success or failure of the open shop movement. We do not believe a man who carries a union card and claims to represent two million union men will make as good a Secretary of Labor as a man who represents all the people of the United States.

Andrews Murder Suspect Held.

DALLAS, Texas, Dec. 30.—Police here today arrested a man thought to be wanted in New York in connection with the murder on Dec. 16 of Edwin M. Andrews, a wealthy jeweler. He will be held for instructions from New York officials.

Police Headquarters at 2 o'clock this morning said no report had been received of the Dallas arrest.

Employers Must Co-operate to Provide Steady Work, Says Dr. Stone, Economist.

Unemployment annually costs this country $3,000,000,000, according to Dr. N. I. Stone, economist and labor manager of the Hickey-Freeman Company, Rochester, whose estimate, based on the figures of the census, was presented yesterday to several hundred economists at a meeting of the American Association for Labor Legislation in the Hotel Astor. Other speakers said that it was obligatory for employers to join with labor and the public to adopt practical means for avoiding the evils of irregular production.

Professor Henry R. Seager, formerly Secretary of the President's Industrial Conference, who presided at the meeting, asserted that the passage of the pending Nolan bill by Congress for a national public employment service was one of the first essential steps. Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, maintained that industry should either guarantee continuous employment or provide for insurance against unemployment, for which the public eventually was compelled to pay. Otto T. Mallery, Executive Secretary of the Pennsylvania Public Works Commission and a member of the Pennsylvania State Industrial Board, said that unemployment and depression would be unnecessary during the coming year.

STRIKE AS IDLENESS GROWS.

Chicago Bricklayers Demand Minimum of $10 a Day.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—While unemployment is growing and thousands of men in Chicago, embracing almost all trades, are out of work, bricklayers and stonemasons employed by the city are asking an increase over their present pay.

The daily scale for bricklayers is set at $10. When on sewer work they want from $12 to $15 a day. The increase is said to be approximately 10 per cent.

Members of the Chicago Window Washers' Union voted today to strike Monday unless their demands are granted. Contractors offer the men a flat rate of 75 cents an hour or $33 for a 44-hour week. The men are now receiving $40 a week, and their new demands call for a minimum rate of $48 a week.

BRIDGEPORT POLICE FIGHT MOB AT TRIAL

Men and Women Faint in Crush to Attend Start of Prosecution for Nott Murder.

Special to The New York Times.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Dec. 30.—Exciting incidents, including battles, between police reserves, deputy Sheriffs and a mob of 2,000 people, marked the opening of the Nott murder trial here today. Men, as well as women and girls fainted in the crush.

Elwood B. Wade, son of a wealthy milk dealer; John E. Johnston, another milk man, and Mrs. Ethel Hutchins Nott, widow of George E. Nott, broker of this city and Chelsea, Mass., are charged with Nott's murder on Aug. 29 last. The murder was revealed when Nott's body was found in his wife's trunk, sunken in a quicksand swamp at Easton.

When court closed tonight six jurymen had been selected, and the entire murder panel of seventy-two men had been drawn.

Mrs. Elwood B. Wade, the young wife of the twenty-three-year-old milk peddler charged with murder, collapsed in a faint on the Court House floor.

Never in his recollection, Sheriff Simeon Pease said, was there such a crowd as jammed into the Court House today to attend the trial. There were women in expensive furs, men from all walks of life, girls in knee skirts and braids, and youths enjoying their Christmas week school vacations.

In the crush for the best seats in the courtroom a gray-haired matron went with her two daughters into the prisoners' pen and indignantly shoved into a corner Frank Leneve, a prisoner, waiting sentence for manslaughter.

In the alley alongside the Court House twenty or thirty boys and girls, on a vacation from the high school, clamored to be admitted to the courtroom. Many of the women brought sandwiches and remained in the court room through the lunch hour so as not to lose their places.

Whether an even amount like $1,000 or an uneven amount like $556.75

Can be invested at once in Guaranteed First Mortgages & Certificates at 5½% net.

without the loss of a day's interest.

Selections made now may be paid for after January 1st.

Send for Booklet E-180.

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President.
Capital & Surplus $5,000,000
59 Liberty St., N. Y. 161 Montague St., Bklyn.
Telephone 7955 Cort. Telephone 7956 Main.

More Power Less Coal

The conservation of coal is an important factor in reducing overhead costs. Walter Kidde and Company maintains a staff of power-plant engineers who specialize in the reconstruction of power plants which have failed to meet the requirements of economical production.

Walter Kidde & Company
Incorporated
Engineers and Constructors
140 Cedar Street, New York

Radical Reductions
Hart Schaffner & Marx
Very Fine Suits
$48
Values up to $90

If you have a preference for fine clothes, and enjoy a bargain, by all means buy now. You won't find the equals of these suits for so little as $48 next spring.

A Sale of
Finest Boys' Suits
$19.75
Originally priced up to $45

Hart Schaffner & Marx made them; they are the finest boys' suits made—priced now at much less than it cost to make them! Sizes: 8 to 19.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Ladies' Overcoats
only at Broadway, cor. 29th
$49.50
Made to retail at $85 and $75

Guaranteed to satisfy you in every particular or your money back. As finely tailored as our Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes for men.

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

Prudence Bondholders
Your Happy New Year
Is All Ready To Collect



SAVE YOUR BONUS
SAVE YOUR DIVIDENDS

THE MORRIS PLAN

Make your bonus or dividends earn 5% or 6% interest for you the Morris Plan Way. At 5% your money is withdrawable at any time under reasonable regulations.

You can obtain 6% by investing $100. or more for one year in our Morris Plan Trust Notes.

Interest Starts At Once

CALL TODAY OR SEND YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS TO

The Morris Plan Co. *of* New York
Resources over $8,000,000 Under Supervision of N.Y. State Banking Department
Main Office 341 Broadway (Opposite City Hall)
Union Sq. Branch 1 Union Square
Bronx Branch 391 East 149th Street
Brooklyn Branch 39 Court Street (Opposite Borough Hall)

OPENING NEW YEAR'S AFTERNOON

there will be on exhibition at The Anderson Galleries, Fifty-ninth Street and Park Avenue, Antique Furniture and Silver, Objects of Art, Porcelain, Textiles, Glass and Paintings, the Collection of Mr. John C. Da Silva, of Greenwich, Conn. This is a most unusual and individual exhibition and will be continued until the afternoon of sale, Saturday, January eighth, at 2:30.

¶ There will also be on exhibition a collection of 225 Japanese Prints, including a selection of Hiroshige landscapes of superfine quality, which will be sold Friday evening, January seventh, at 8:15.

NEW BATTLE CRUISER.

Photograph of the Lexington, one of the six new battle cruisers of the United States Navy of great length and speed, shown in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times next Sunday.—Advt.

Monroe Clothes
"New York Styles America" Monroe Clothes New York

Your Bonus Check Does DOUBLE DUTY Her



YOU'RE a good, common-sensed, level-headed fellow or your chief wouldn't have slipped in your envelope a tangible, spendable expression of the season's greetings—that's why we know you'll appreciate a suggestion to DOUBLE your check's value.

You'd like a new suit. Also a new overcoat. Why not get *both HERE*—for the same amount that elsewhere would buy you just *one*? Here $27 will buy you an ALL-WOOL, *silk sewn* suit with two PAIRS OF PANTS—mind you, TWO pairs of pants, not one—and $27 will buy you a wonderful all-wool overcoat—one that you can't duplicate at less than $40. Come up—see these Suits and Overcoats at

$27.
—Formerly $40 and $45

(Those prices were $10 to $20 LESS than elsewhere)
BUY MONROE CLOTHES AND THAT BONUS CHECK IS WORTH 100% MORE

Monroe Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits $40
—Well Worth $75.....NOW

MANHATTAN
42d Street, cor. Broadway
50 E. 42d St., cor. Madison
Nassau St., cor. Frankfort
5 Cortlandt St., cor. B'way
14th St., opp. Academy Music
34th St., cor. Broadway
46th Street & Broadway
59th St. at Columbus Circle
125th St., cor. 7th Ave.
181st St., cor. St. Nich's Ave.



BRONX
Bergen Ave. at 149th St.
BROOKLYN
413 Fulton Street
587 Fulton St., at Flatbush
NEWARK—151 Market Street
JERSEY CITY—Newark Av. & Bay
PATERSON—220 Main Street
YONKERS—Getty Square
PHILADELPHIA—10th & Market Sts.
ALBANY, N. Y.—Cor. N. Pearl & State
SCRANTON—309 Lackawanna Av.
BALTIMORE—Cor. Light & Balto. Sts.

Annual Review of Business

THE Annual Review of The Annalist, January 3, 1921, will present the forecasts of authorities on the trend of financial, industrial and economic developments of 1921.

Complete reports will be published of transactions of 1920 in stocks and bonds listed on the stock exchanges of New York and other leading cities and in the unlisted security markets.

This Review will be of permanent value to all bankers, brokers, manufacturers, merchants, exporters and importers, for it will present, in a convenient form, the most important financial and commercial data of the year.

Throughout the whole of next year the Annual Review of The Annalist will be in constant use for reference purposes in financial and business offices.

Reservations for advertising space should be made promptly.

Annual Review
THE ANNALIST
January 3, 1921
Times Square, New York
Order in advance from your newsdealer